SURVEY of CURRENT BUSINESS



IN THIS ISSUE . . .

Manufacturing Earnings in BEA Component

Economic Areas, 1996

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE \sim ECONOMICS AND STATISTICS ADMINISTRATION
BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS



SURVEY of CURRENT BUSINESS

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U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services (October 20), Gross Domestic Product (October 30), and Personal Income and Outlays (November 2).

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55 Manufacturing Earnings in вел Component Economic Areas, 1996

Among BEA component economic areas (CEA's), the CEA's with the highest average manufacturing earnings per job are those that have a greater proportion of manufacturing jobs, have a large, well-educated workforce, and have higher concentrations of industry clustering. The results from a regression analysis show that industry mix is the most important factor associated with average manufacturing earnings per job and that the education level of the workforce and the extent of industry clustering are also significant.

Regular features

1 Business Situation

U.S. economic activity picked up in the third quarter of 1998: Real GDP increased 3.3 percent after increasing 1.8 percent in the second quarter. The price index for gross domestic purchases increased 0.5 percent after increasing 0.4 percent.

6 Motor Vehicles, Model Year 1998

In model year 1998, sales of motor vehicles increased to 15.7 million units from 15.4 million units in model year 1997. The increase was more than accounted for by another strong increase in sales of new trucks, which reached a record 7.6 million units. Sales of new cars declined for the fourth consecutive year.

13 Comparison of BEA Estimates of Personal Income and IRS Estimates of Adjusted Gross Income: New Estimates for 1996 and Revised Estimates for 1982–95

BEA's measure of personal income and the IRS measure of adjusted gross income are reconciled through a series of adjustments for definitional differences between the two measures. This year's reconciliation reflects the recent annual revision of the NIPA's, including the redefinition of dividend payments and the incorporation of revised IRS tabulations of capital gains distributions.

- Continued on next page -

20 Gross Product by Industry, 1995–97

The estimates of gross product by industry for 1995–96 have been revised to incorporate the results of this year's annual revision of the NIPA's and newly available source data, and new estimates for 1997 have been prepared. In 1997, durable goods manufacturing and services were the largest contributors to the 3.9-percent increase in real GDP; finance, insurance, and real estate and services were the largest contributors to the 1.9-percent increase in the GDP price index.

41 Reconciliation of the U.S.-Canadian Current Account, 1996 and 1997

For both 1996 and 1997, the reconciliation of the U.S.-Canadian current account results in a U.S. current-account deficit with Canada that is larger than the deficit shown in the U.S. published accounts. The annual reconciliation shows how the current-account estimates would appear if both countries used the same definitions, methodologies, and data sources.

66 Personal Income by State and Region, Second Quarter 1998

Personal income in the Nation increased \$78.0 billion, or 1.1 percent, in the second quarter of 1998. By region, the largest increase was in the Southeast, which accounted for 22 percent of the growth. By State, the fastest growth in personal income was in Nevada, Arizona, South Carolina, Utah, and Vermont. The slowest growth was in South Dakota, Hawaii, New Jersey, and Michigan.

Reports and statistical presentations

D-1 BEA Current and Historical Data

Inside back cover: BEA Information

(A listing of recent BEA publications available from GPO)

Back cover: Schedule of Upcoming BEA News Releases

LOOKING AHEAD

- New Structures and Equipment by Using Industries. An article that presents the 1992 capital flow table for the United States will be published in the December Survey. The capital flow table, which shows the using industries for each type of new structure and equipment in gross private fixed investment, is an extension of the 1992 benchmark input-output accounts for the U.S. economy.
- * Evaluation of the GDP Estimates. An article that presents the results of a periodic evaluation of the estimates of gross domestic product (GDP) will be published in the December Survey. The article will examine the record of revisions to the annual and quarterly estimates of GDP and of national income in order to assess the reliability of these estimates.

BUSINESS SITUATION

This article was prepared by Daniel Larkins, Larry R. Moran, Ralph W. Morris, and Deborah Y. Sieff. CONOMIC GROWTH accelerated in the third quarter of 1998, according to the "advance" estimates of the national income and product accounts (NIPA's), as real gross domestic product (GDP) increased 3.3 percent after increasing 1.8 percent in the second quarter (chart 1 and table 1).¹ Prices increased at about the same rate as in the second quarter; for example, the price index for gross domestic purchases increased 0.5 percent after increasing 0.4 percent. Real dispos-

Table 1.—Real Gross Domestic Product, Real Gross Domestic Purchases, and Real Final Sales to Domestic Purchasers

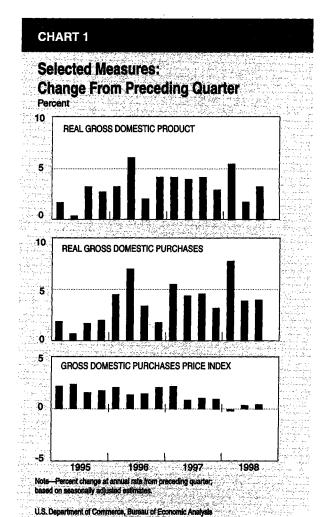
[Seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

	Billions	of cha	ined (1	oflars			nange from g quarter		
	Level	Cha		m prece	eding	1997	Coodin	1998	
	1998	1997		1998		ΙV	,	1	III.
	133	IV	ı	11	116	10	'	"	""
Gross domestic product	7,559.5	53.4	100.1	33.9	60.9	3.0	5.5	1.8	3.3
Less: Exports of goods and services	965.0 1,227.5	10.7 17.3		-19.8 26.9	-7.1 10.2	4.4 6.3	-2.8 15.7		2.9 3.4
Equals: Gross domestic purchases	7,794.5	59.0	142.8	73.7	75.9	3.2	7.8	3.9	4.0
Less: Change in business inventories	57.2 49.2 8.5	15.5 18.7 –3.6	23.2	-53.2 -56.0 3.4	19.0 19.3 2			••••••	
Equals: Final sales to domestic purchasers	7,734.1	44.1	120.1	124.2	57.7	2.4	6.6	6.7	3.0
Personal consumption expenditures Durable goods Nondurable goods Services Gross private domestic fixed investment Nonresidential fixed investment Structures Producers' durable equipment Residential investment Government consumption expenditures and gross investment Federal National defense Nondefense	5,179.3 729.4 1,549.6 2,905.4 1,267.8 958.1 179.3 314.3 1,299.4 452.1 303.4 148.1 1847.5	34.0 5.2 -1.4 29.4 10.2 4.0 5.6 3.8 5.6 -2.4 -1.5 -2.8	74.1 25.5 26.9 24.5 55.4 45.7 -2.6 52.4 10.6 -6.2 -10.4 4.6 4.2	75.1 19.1 19.7 37.5 39.2 28.5 -1.2 32.5 10.6 11.8 8.0 7.0 1.0 3.8	49.1 0 8.7 38.6 3.7 -2.3 -3.3 2.0 5.2 4.6 -2.0 3.1 -4.8 6.6	2.8 3.1 4 4.3 3.6 1.8 .9 2.2 8.2 1 -2.1 -2.0 -2.3 1.3	-4.9	5.3	3.9 0 2.3 5.5 1.2 -1.0 -6.5 1.1 6.8 1.4 -1.7 4.2 -12.1 3.2
State and local	7,499.2	38.5	77.7	83.9	42.8	2.1	4.3	4.6	2.3

NOTE.—Chained (1992) dollar series are calculated as the product of the chain-type quantity index and the 1992 current-dollar value of the corresponding series, divided by 100. Because the formula for the chain-type quantity indexes uses weights of more than one period, the corresponding chained-dollar estimates usually are not additive. Chained (1992) dollar levels and residuals, which measure the extent of nonadditivity in each table, are in NIPA tables 1.2, 1.4, and 1.6. Percent changes are calculated from unrounded data. Percent changes in major aggregates are in NIPA tables 8.1.

able personal income (DPI) increased 2.6 percent, the same as in the second quarter, and the personal saving rate (current-dollar saving as a percentage of current-dollar disposable personal income) continued its downtrend, decreasing to 0.1 percent from 0.4 percent.

The acceleration in real GDP growth from 1.8 percent to 3.3 percent was more than accounted for by inventory investment. Inventory stocks increased \$57.2 billion in the third quarter after increasing \$38.2 billion in the second; in the first quarter, stocks had increased \$91.4 billion. This pattern of inventory investment added 0.96 percentage point to the third-quarter change



^{1.} Quarterly estimates in the NIPA's are expressed at seasonally adjusted annual rates unless otherwise specified. Quarter-to-quarter dollar changes are differences between the published estimates. Quarter-to-quarter percent changes are annualized and are calculated from unrounded data. Real estimates are calculated using a chain-type Fisher formula with annual weights and are expressed both as index numbers (1992=100) and as chained (1992) dollars. Price indexes (1992=100) also are calculated using a chain-type Fisher formula.

in real GDP after subtracting 2.66 percentage points from the second-quarter change. Real final sales of domestic product—GDP less change in business inventories—decelerated to a 2.3-percent increase, following a 4.6-percent increase.

The largest contributors to the 3.3-percent third-quarter increase in real GDP were personal consumption expenditures (PCE) and inventory investment.² PCE increased 3.9 percent and con-

tributed 2.64 percentage points to GDP growth; purchases of services and of nondurable goods rose.³ The 0.96-percentage-point contribution

but the composition of GDP was affected. (The USEC performed commercial nuclear enrichment activities.) Proceeds of the sale totaled \$3.1 billion (current dollars), \$1.5 billion of which was treated as a sale of financial assets and, consequently, was excluded from GDP. The remaining \$1.6 billion (\$6.4 billion at an annual rate) was the market value of uranium inventories and machinery and equipment. The inventory portion was deducted from government consumption expenditures and added to the change in business inventories; the machinery and equipment portion was deducted from government gross investment and was added to gross private domestic fixed investment.

Third-Quarter 1998 Advance GDP Estimate: Source Data and Assumptions

The "advance" GDP estimate for the third quarter is based on preliminary and incomplete source data; as more and better data become available, the estimate will be revised. The advance estimate is based on the following major source data. (The number of months for which data were available is shown in parentheses.)

Personal consumption expenditures: Sales of retail stores (3) and unit auto and truck sales (3);

Nonresidential fixed investment: Unit auto and truck sales (3), construction put in place (2), manufacturers' shipments of machinery and equipment other than aircraft (3), aircraft shipments (2), and exports and imports of machinery and equipment (2);

Residential investment: Construction put in place (2) and single-family housing starts (3);

Change in business inventories: Manufacturing and trade inventories (2) and unit auto and truck inventories (3);

Net exports of goods and services: Exports and imports of goods and services (2);

Government consumption expenditures and gross investment: Department of Defense outlays (3), other Federal outlays (3), State and local construction put in place (2), and State and local employment (3);

GDP prices: Consumer Price Index (3), Producer Price Index (3), U.S. Import and Export Price Indexes (3), and values and quantities of petroleum imports (2).

BEA made assumptions for source data that were not available. Table A shows the assumptions for key series; a more comprehensive listing of assumptions is available on the Department of Commerce's Economic Bulletin Board or from BEA.

Table A.—Summary of Major Data Assumptions for Advance Estimates, 1998:III
[Billions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

			19	98		
	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber ¹
Fixed investment: Nonresidential structures: Buildings, utilities, and farm:						
Value of new nonresidential construction put in place Producers' durable equipment:	169.4	166.3	169.6	165.2	164.3	164.6
Manufacturers' shipments of complete civilian aircraft Residential structures: Value of new residential construction put in place:	41.0	43.1	44.4	52.4	42.0	45.8
1-unit structures 2-or-more-unit structures	182.1 24.8	181.4 22.9	185.0 23.0	188.2 23.5	188.4 22.3	190.7 22.5
Change in business inventories, nonfarm: Change in inventories for manufacturing and trade (except nonmerchant wholesalers) for industries other than motor vehicles and equipment in trade	36.6	23.9	44.3	20.4	35.2	26.9
Net exports: ² Exports of goods:	0040	050.0	657.2	645.9	044.4	200 7
U.S. exports of goods, balance-of-payments basis	664.0 660.5	656.6 652.2	652.4	643.2	644.4 637.8	668.7 662.1
U.S. imports of goods, balance-of-payments basis Excluding nonmonetary gold Net exports of goods (exports less imports) Excluding nonmonetary gold	920.0 914.8 -256.0 -254.3	927.6 922.0 –271.0 –269.8	903.6 897.9 -246.4 -245.5	898.3 893.1 -252.4 -249.9	922.8 913.6 -278.4 -275.8	928.3 920.9 -259.6 -258.8
Government consumption expenditures and gross investment: State and local: Structures:						
Value of new construction put in place	132.3	126.0	132.9	131.6	133.9	132.7

Assumed.
 Nonmonetary gold is included in balance-of-payments-basis exports and imports but is not used directly in the estimation of NIPA exports and imports.

^{2.} The level of GDP was not affected by the privatization in late July of the United States Enrichment Corporation (USEC) by the Federal Government,

^{3.} NIPA table 8.2 shows the contributions of the major components of GDP to the quarter-to-quarter percent change in real GDP.

by inventory investment largely reflected a sharp reduction in the pace of inventory liquidation in the motor vehicle industry. (Though inventory investment in the motor vehicle industry boosted third-quarter GDP, total motor vehicle output decreased, restraining GDP; inventory investment and output were both affected by a strike in the industry.) Residential investment and government spending also contributed to the third-quarter increase in real gdp. The increase in real GDP was damped by an increase in imports and by decreases in exports and in nonresidential fixed investment.

Motor vehicles.—Real motor vehicle output decreased 6.0 percent in the third quarter after decreasing 11.2 percent in the second; both decreases partly reflected the strike at a motor vehicle manufacturer from June 5 to July 29. Truck output accounted for the third-quarter decrease; auto output increased after three consecutive decreases (table 2).

Final sales of motor vehicles to domestic purchasers decreased 23.0 percent after increasing 22.9 percent.4 Purchases by consumers, by businesses, and by governments all turned down.

Consumer purchases turned down sharply even though the factors frequently considered in analyses of consumer spending were only a little less

favorable than in the second quarter. As mentioned earlier, real disposable personal income increased 2.6 percent, the same as in the second quarter. The Index of Consumer Sentiment (prepared by the University of Michigan Survey Research Center) decreased but remained high. The unemployment rate increased from 4.4 percent to 4.6 percent. In addition, motor vehicle manufacturers continued to offer attractive salesincentive programs, and interest rates on new-car loans changed little.

Exports and imports of motor vehicles both decreased substantially more than in the second quarter.

Motor vehicle inventories decreased \$3.7 billion after decreasing \$22.6 billion; in the first quarter, they had increased \$2.6 billion. For new domestic autos, the inventory-sales ratio (calculated from units data) increased to 2.3 at the end of the third quarter from 1.9 at the end of the second; the traditional industry target is 2.4.

Prices

The price index for gross domestic purchases, which measures the prices of the goods and services purchased by U.S. residents, increased 0.5 percent in the third quarter after increasing 0.4 percent in the second (table 3). The price index for gross domestic purchases less food and energy

Table 2.—Motor Vehicle Output, Sales, and Inventories [Seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

	E	Billions of o	chained (19	992) dollar	s	Perce	ent change	from pred	eding
	Level	Chan	ge from pr	eceding q	uarter	1997	- qua	1998	
	1998	1997		1998		1997		1998	Τ
	111	IV	1	II	711	IV	1	I	111
Output Autos Trucks	256.7	9.6	- 6.2	- 7.8	- 4.0	15.2	- 8.6	-11.2	- 6.0
	115.3	7	-5.7	-9.7	8.4	-2.2	-17.5	-29.2	35.2
	140.9	10.2	4	1.8	-12.4	31.9	-1.0	4.8	-28.5
Less: Exports Autos Trucks	21.0	.8	1	9	-5.1	13.1	-2.3	-12.2	-58.3
	12.8	0	.1	8	-2.1	3	.6	-17.0	-45.9
	8.2	.8	2	1	-3.0	35.2	-6.2	-5.2	-71.3
Plus: Imports Autos Trucks	79.4	-3.3	6.4	-1.1	-3.6	-15.5	37.5	-4.9	-16.4
	66.7	-2.2	6.1	.8	-4.0	-12.8	44.7	4.8	-20.7
	12.6	-1.1	.3	-1.9	.3	-26.5	7.5	-43.3	12.0
Equals: Gross domestic purchases Autos Trucks	315.0	5.5	.5	-8.1	-2.7	7.0	.6	-9.5	-3.3
	169.1	2.8	.4	-8.1	6.4	-6.5	1.0	-17.7	16.7
	145.6	8.2	.1	0	- 9.0	24.6	.1	.1	-21.5
Less: Change in business inventories	-3.7 2.6 -6.0	9.5 3.7 5.5	-7.7 -4.3 -3.4	-25.2 -12.2 -12.7	18.9 14.9 4.2				
Equals: Final sales to domestic purchasers Autos Trucks	318.7	- 4.2	8.2	17.1	-21.5	-5.1	10.8	22.9	- 23.0
	166.6	-6.4	4.6	3.8	-8.1	-14.2	11.5	9.2	-17.3
	151.8	2.3	3.5	13.3	-13.4	6.4	10.0	39.7	-28.7
Addenda: Personal consumption expenditures Producers' durable equipment Gross government investment	189.8	-1.7	3.6	9.1	-9.2	-3.5	7.9	20.5	-17.2
	122.4	6	5.4	6.3	-9.8	-1.9	19.1	21.3	-26.4
	7.6	-1.9	7	1.9	-2.9	-53.5	–24.4	121.8	-72.4

NOTE.—See note to table 1 for an explanation of chained (1992) dollars. Truck output includes new trucks only; auto output includes new cars and used cars. Chained (1992) dollar levels for

motor vehicle output, auto and truck output, and residuals, which measure the extent of nonadditivity in each table, are in NIPA tables 1.4, 8.5, and 8.7.

^{4.} For a longer term perspective on motor vehicle output and sales, see "Motor Vehicles, Model Year 1998" in this issue.

increased 0.6 percent, about the same as in the second quarter (chart 2).

PCE prices increased 1.0 percent after increasing 0.9 percent. PCE energy prices decreased 5.8 percent after decreasing 7.5 percent, as prices of gasoline and oil decreased less than in the second quarter. PCE food prices increased 2.8 percent after increasing 1.3 percent, partly reflecting step-ups in the prices of poultry and of processed dairy products. Prices of PCE less food and energy increased 1.0 percent after increasing 1.3 percent; prices of furniture and household equipment decreased more than in the second quarter, and prices of housing increased less than in the second quarter.

Prices of nonresidential fixed investment decreased 3.6 percent after decreasing 3.1 percent. Prices of structures increased 0.7 percent after increasing 3.1 percent. Prices of producers' durable equipment decreased 5.1 percent, about the same as in the second quarter; prices of computers and peripheral equipment decreased about the same as in the second quarter, prices of industrial equipment slowed, and prices of transportation equipment turned up. Prices of private residential investment increased 2.3 percent after increasing 1.7 percent.

Prices of government consumption expenditures and gross investment increased 1.1 percent

Table 3.—Price Indexes
[Percent change at annual rates; based on seasonally adjusted index numbers (1992=100)]

	1997		1998	
	IV	1	II	Ш
Gross domestic product	1.1	0.9	0.9	0.8
Less: Exports of goods and services	1.6 2.3	-3.4 -10.4	-1.8 -4.5	-2.9 -4.8
Equals: Gross domestic purchases	1.0	2	.4	.5
Less: Change in business inventories				
Equals: Final sales to domestic purchasers	1.0	1	.5	.5
Personal consumption expenditures FoodEnergy	1.1 1.2 2.3	0 1.1 –20.2	.9 1.3 –7.5	1.0 2.8 –5.8
Personal consumption expenditures less food and energy	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.0
Private nonresidential fixed investment Structures	-1.6 3.3 -3.3	-3.0 2.7 -5.0	-3.1 3.1 -5.2	-3.6 .7 -5.1
Private residential investment	2.4	0	1.7	2.3
Government consumption expenditures and gross investment Federal National defense Nondefense State and local	2.2 1.4 1.2 1.8 2.7	1.1 2.7 2.9 2.2	.8 0 .3 6 1.2	1.1 .1 .2 0 1.6
Addendum: Gross domestic purchases less food and energy	1.0	.7	.7	.6

NOTE.—Percent changes in major aggregates are in NIPA table 8.1. Index number levels are in tables 7.1, 7.2, and 7.4.

after increasing 0.8 percent. Prices paid by the Federal Government increased 0.1 percent after no change; nondefense prices were unchanged after decreasing, and national defense prices increased about as much as in the second quarter. Prices paid by State and local governments increased 1.6 percent after increasing 1.2 percent.

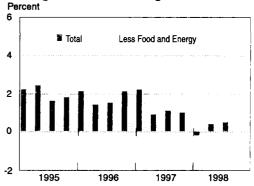
The GDP price index, which measures the prices of goods and services produced in the United States, increased 0.8 percent after increasing 0.9 percent. This index, unlike the index for gross domestic purchases, includes the prices of exports and excludes the prices of imports. Export prices decreased 2.9 percent after decreasing 1.8 percent; prices of industrial supplies and materials and prices of nonautomotive capital goods decreased more than in the second quarter. Import prices decreased 4.8 percent after decreasing 4.5 percent; prices of foods, feeds, and beverages, of industrial supplies and materials, and of autos decreased more than in the second quarter, but prices of petroleum products and of nonautomotive consumer goods decreased less than in the second quarter.

Personal income

Current-dollar DPI increased 3.6 percent after increasing 3.5 percent. The personal saving rate decreased to 0.1 percent from 0.4 percent, reflecting a larger increase in personal outlays than in DPI (chart 3). The third-quarter saving rate was the lowest since the quarterly series began in 1946. (Personal saving and the saving rate need not be greater than zero; negative personal

CHART 2

Gross Domestic Purchases Prices: Change From Preceding Quarter



Note—Percent change at annual rate from preceding quarter; based on seasonally adjusted index numbers (1992=100).

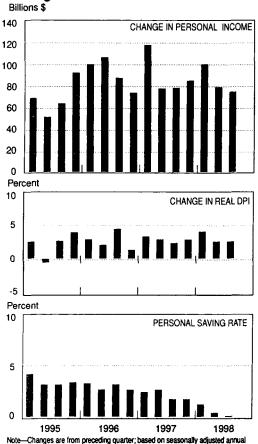
U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

saving, or dissaving, may occur when outlays are financed by borrowing, by selling investments or other assets, or by using savings from previous periods.)

Personal income increased \$73.7 billion in the third quarter after increasing \$78.0 billion in the second (table 4). In both quarters, the increase was mainly accounted for by wage and salary disbursements, which increased \$57.8 billion after increasing \$55.7 billion. Private wages and salaries increased \$51.1 billion after increasing \$49.4 billion. In both quarters, about two-thirds of the increase was accounted for by service industries, and the remaining third was accounted for by distributive industries; manufacturing decreased slightly after increasing slightly. Government

CHART 3

Selected Personal Income and Saving Measures



U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

wages and salaries increased \$6.6 billion, about the same as in the second quarter.

Transfer payments increased \$6.4 billion after increasing \$6.8 billion.

Personal interest income increased \$4.6 billion after increasing \$6.0 billion. Proprietors' income increased \$3.2 billion after increasing \$7.5 billion; most of the slowdown was accounted for by a downturn in farm proprietors' income, as crop prices decreased more than in the second quarter and livestock prices decreased after increasing.

Personal contributions for social insurance, which is subtracted in the calculation of personal income, increased \$4.3 billion, about the same as in the second quarter.

Personal tax and nontax payments increased \$20.3 billion after increasing \$26.1 billion. The slowdown was primarily accounted for by a downturn in estate and gift tax collections.

Table 4.—Personal Income and Its Disposition

[Billions of dollars; seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

		·			
	Level	Cha		m prece irter	ding
	1998	1997	т <u>.</u>	1998	
	Ш	1007		1330	Т
			-	<u> </u>	
Wage and salary disbursements Private industries Goods-producing industries Manufacturing Distributive industries Service industries Government	4,175.4 3,482.9 1,026.8 750.3 946.0 1,510.1 692.4	74.4 69.5 24.3 19.0 18.2 27.0 4.7	72.0 64.0 15.3 9.1 14.4 34.3 8.1	55.7 49.4 4.2 .4 13.3 31.9 6.3	57.8 51.1 3.6 5 13.8 33.7 6.6
Other labor income	408.3	3.4	5.8	2.9	2.6
Proprietors' income with IVA and CCAdj	574.9 24.2 550.7	1.5 -4.9 6.4	6.2 -4.0 10.2	7.5 .3 7.2	3.2 -3.5 6.7
Rental income of persons with CCAdj Personal dividend income Personal interest income	163.6 263.0 767.6	.2 .9 2.5	5 .3 4.0	2.7 .5 6.0	2.6 .9 4.6
Transfer payments to persons	1,152.2	6.5	18.5	6.8	6.4
Less: Personal contributions for social insurance	349.4	5.4	7.3	4.2	4.3
Personal income	7,155.6	84.0	99.0	78.0	73.7
Less: Personal tax and nontax payments	1,113.2	26.5	41.3	26.1	20.3
Equals: Disposable personal income	6,042.4	57.6	57.7	51.8	53.5
Less: Personal outlays	6,036.4	57.9	82.8	99.3	73.1
Equals: Personal saving	5.9	3	-25.2	-47.4	-19.7
Addenda: Special factors in personal income: In wages and salaries: Federal Government and Postal Service pay adjustments, including "buyouts" Strike in the motor vehicle industry In personal tax and nontax payments: Recent tax law changes	4.0 -2.5 -45.1	0	3.5 0 7.9	.1 -1.2 5	0 -1.3 6

NOTE.—Most dollar levels are in NIPA table 2.1. IVA Inventory valuation adjustment CCAdj Capital consumption adjustment

Motor Vehicles, Model Year 1998

By Ralph W. Morris

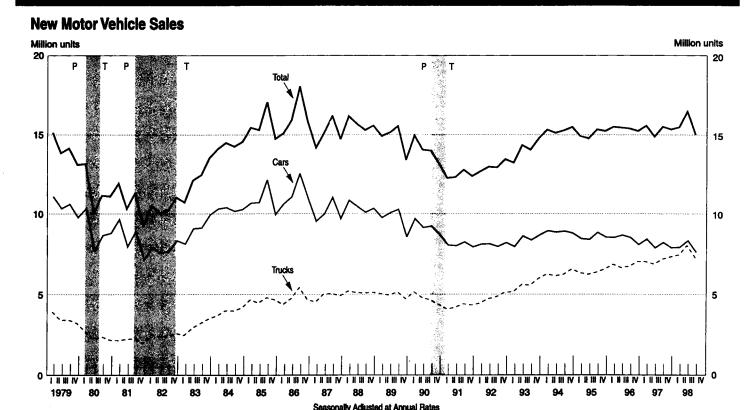
States of new motor vehicles in the United States totaled 15.7 million units in model year 1998 (chart 1). This level of sales was the highest in the current economic expansion, which began in 1991. Sales increased 2.2 percent in model

year 1998 after decreasing 0.5 percent in model year 1997. Sales of domestic trucks and sales of both imported cars and trucks increased; sales of domestic cars decreased (table 1).²

The share of total sales of new motor vehicles that is accounted for by trucks increased to 48.7 percent in 1998 from 46.2 percent in 1997. This share has increased every year since 1991, when

 The data on unit sales, inventories, and production in this article are mainly from Ward's Automotive Reports and the American Automobile

CHART 1



Note.— Peak (P) Indicates the end of business cycle expansion and the beginning of recession (shaded area). Trough (T) Indicates the end of business cycle recession and the beginning of expansion. Business cycle peaks and troughs designated by the National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc.

Data: American Automobile Manufacturers Association, Inc. and Ward's Automotive Reports, seasonally adjusted by BEA.

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

Manufacturers Association, Inc., and the data on prices are mainly from the Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA). These data underlie the estimates of auto and truck output in the national income and product accounts. The quarterly data for domestic and imported cars and light trucks are seasonally adjusted by BEA using seasonal factors from the Federal Reserve Board.

For this article, the model year is defined as beginning on October 1

For this article, the model year is defined as beginning on October 1 and ending on the following September 30. Thus, model year 1998 covers the fourth calendar quarter of 1997 and the first, second, and third calendar quarters of 1998. All years mentioned in this article are model years unless otherwise stated.

^{2.} Sales of domestic vehicles consist of the sales in the United States of domestic-nameplate vehicles and "transplant" vehicles manufactured in North America—that is, in Canada, the United States, and Mexico. Domestic-nameplate vehicles are manufactured at factories owned by U.S. companies, and transplant vehicles are manufactured at factories owned by foreign companies. Sales of imported vehicles consist of vehicles manufactured outside North America and sold in the United States.

truck sales accounted for 34.4 percent of total sales.

The relative strength of truck sales reflects the continuation of a trend in which truck purchases have been substituted for car purchases. Most of these purchases are of light truck modelssuch as sport-utility vehicles, pickup trucks, and vans—that include the additional equipment and refinements usually found in cars but that also retain many of the functional aspects of trucks, such as greater passenger, load-carrying, and towing capacity and four-wheel drive capability. The composition of truck sales has continued to shift toward upscale models that offer more power, luxury, and options than the basic models. In recent years, gasoline prices have remained relatively low and thus have not constrained the sales of trucks, most of which are fuel inefficient.

The high level of motor vehicle sales in 1998 reflected favorable developments in many of the factors that are usually considered in analyses of consumer spending. The unemployment rate decreased for the sixth consecutive year and dropped below 5 percent for the first time in more than 20 years. Real disposable personal income increased 3.0 percent. The Index of Consumer Sentiment (prepared by the University of Michigan's Survey Research Center) increased to its highest level in more than 30 years. In

stimulated in recent years by the considerable additions to consumer wealth that resulted from rising stock market prices.

Several factors that are specific to the motor vehicle industry also helped boost sales. Manufacturers offered sales-incentive programs to consumers throughout the year. Many of these programs, particularly those offered beginning in the spring, were more attractive than those offered in 1997. In addition, several programs were expanded to cover a broader selection of car and truck models. Manufacturers' incentives included rebates and below-market-rate financing. For selected models, manufacturers improved incentives by offering consumers both a rebate and low-interest financing on the same purchase. Other incentives included discounts on optional equipment, such as air conditioning, automatic transmissions, and power windows and door locks.

The consumer price index (CPI) for new cars decreased 1.1 percent in 1998, the first decrease in 25 years, after increasing 1.1 percent in 1997; the CPI for new trucks decreased 0.3 percent after increasing 2.7 percent.³ The decreases in both

addition, consumer spending may have been the geometric-mean-type cri's to deflate many of the detailed categories of Table 1.—Selected Motor Vehicle Indicators nanally adjusted at annual rate

	Model year ¹							Se	asonally a	djusted at	es		
	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	19	97		1998	
	1991	1992	1993	1334	1993	1550	1997	1990	III	١٧	l	()	III
						Thou	usands of	units					
New motor vehicle sales	12,756	12,868	13,913	15,179	15,231	15,458	15,380	15,719	15,618	15,441	15,587	16,578	15,099
New-car sales	8,373 6,276 5,137	8,160 6,195 5,048	8,428 6,595 5,348	8,936 7,173 5,707	8,736 7,167 5,518	8,654 7,361 5,428	8,259 6,924 4,964	8,071 6,704 4,665	8,323 6,928	8,001 6,627	8,027 6,646	8,440 7,065	7,716 6,378
TransplantsImport	1,140 2,097	1,146 1,966	1,247 1,833	1,466 1,763	1,649 1,570	1,933 1,293	1,960 1,335	2,039 1,367	1,396	1,374	1,381	1,375	1,338
New-truck sales Light Domestic Import Other	4,384 4,131 3,582 549 253	4,707 4,446 4,026 421 261	5,486 5,167 4,789 378 320	6,243 5,868 5,499 369 375	6,495 6,068 5,666 402 427	6,804 6,387 5,976 411 417	7,118 6,704 6,155 550 414	7,648 7,155 6,549 606 493	7,294 6,864 6,271 593 431	7,440 6,983 6,435 548 457	7,560 7,089 6,504 585 471	8,138 7,644 7,026 618 494	7,383 6,841 6,170 671 542
Domestic-car production	5,454	5,643	5,827	6,548	6,466	6,194	5,879	5,570	6,088	5,859	5,616	5,059	5,748
Domestic-car inventories ² Domestic-car inventory-sales ratio ³									1,320 2.29	1,342 2.43	1,354 2.45	1,097 1.86	1,207 2.27
							Dollars						
Average expenditure per new car 4 Domestic Import	15,892 15,499 17,067	16,893 16,281 18,861	17,526 16,595 20,998	18,431 17,406 22,598	18,751 17,591 24,038	19,275 17,943 26,852	20,273 18,520 29,412	20,787 18,632 31,313	20,578 18,789 29,455	20,535 18,490 30,396	20,928 18,767 31,326	20,855 18,652 32,171	20,828 18,618 31,359

^{1.} A model year begins on October 1 and ends on September 30. Thus, it covers the fourth quarter of one calendar year and the first three quarters of the next calendar year. Model year 1998, for example, encompasses the fourth quarter of 1997 and the first, second, and third quarters of 1998.

^{3.} The data are from the fixed-weighted indexes that presently constitute the official consumer price index (CPI), which is prepared by the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS). BLS also publishes geometric-mean-type CPI's as experimental series and plans to incorporate these indexes into the official CPI when the data for January 1999 are released. BEA currently uses

its of 1990. 2. End of quarter, not at annual rate. 3. Ratio of end-of-quarter inventories to average monthly sales for the quarter.

^{4.} BEA estimate, using average base price and adjustments for options, transportation charges, ses, discounts, and rebates for each model, weighted by that model's share of sales; not at

Source: American Automobile Manufacturers Association, Inc., and Ward's Automotive Reports; data are seasonally adjusted by BEA.

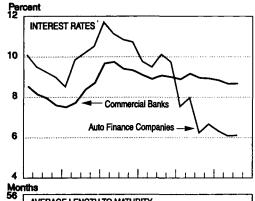
car and truck prices were partly a result of the extensive sales-incentive programs.

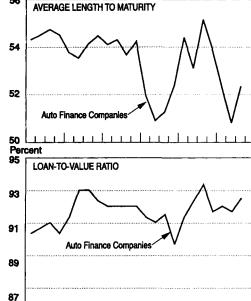
Finance terms on new-vehicle loans remained favorable in 1998. Interest rates on new-car loans decreased for the third consecutive year: Rates for new-car loans made by motor vehicle finance companies averaged 6.3 percent in 1998, down from 7.9 percent in 1997, and rates for loans made by commercial banks averaged 8.8 percent, down from 9.0 percent (chart 2). The sharper drop

personal consumption expenditures, including new autos and trucks. In addition, effective with the release of the January 1999 data, the CPI will no longer make quality adjustments for changes in vehicles that are made in response to air-pollution mandates.

CHART 2

Finance Terms on 48-Month New Car Installment Loans





1995

1996

1997

1998

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

1994

1993

85

in the finance companies' rates partly reflected the effect of the below-market rates offered by manufacturers' sales-incentive programs through their financial subsidiaries.

However, new-vehicle sales may have been constrained by developments in the used-vehicle sales market. A growing number of 2- and 3-yearold vehicles that had been leased as new vehicles became available for sale as leasing arrangements expired; this growth reflects the sharp increase in new-vehicle leasing in previous years. These used vehicles provide a particularly attractive alternative to new cars because they tend to have low mileage, to be well equipped with options, and to be well maintained. The CPI for used cars and trucks decreased 4.1 percent in 1998.

Motor vehicle sales may also have been dampened by a tendency for owners to keep their cars and trucks for longer periods; according to estimates by R.L. Polk and Company, the average age of cars on the road reached 8.7 years in calendar year 1997, compared with 7.9 years in 1991 (data for 1998 are not yet available). The average age of trucks on the road has increased less dramatically, 8.3 years in calendar year 1997, compared with 8.1 years in 1991. The smaller increase in the average age of trucks may reflect the shift to new-truck purchases from new-car purchases.

New Cars

Sales of new cars decreased 2.3 percent to 8.1 million units in 1998 after decreasing 4.6 percent in 1997. The 1998 decrease was more than accounted for by the decrease in sales of domestic cars; a decrease in the sales of domestic-nameplate cars more than offset an increase in the sales of "transplant" cars. Sales of imported cars increased.

Sales of domestic cars decreased 3.2 percent to 6.7 million units, the lowest level since 1993. Sales of domestic-nameplate cars decreased 6.0 percent after decreasing 8.5 percent. Sales of transplant cars increased 4.0 percent after increasing 1.4 percent.

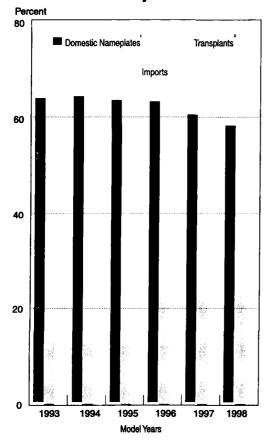
Sales of imported cars increased 2.4 percent to 1.4 million units. Sales of cars imported from Europe more than accounted for the in-Despite a strengthening of the U.S. dollar against the Japanese yen, sales of cars imported from Japan continued to decrease, as Japanese firms transfer production of some models from overseas plants to plants in North America.

The market share (the percent of total new-car sales) of sales of domestic-nameplate cars decreased to 57.8 percent in 1998 from 60.1 percent in 1997 (chart 3). The share of transplant-car sales increased to 25.3 percent from 23.7 percent, and the share of imported-car sales increased to 16.9 percent from 16.2 percent.

Sales of small cars decreased to 2.1 million units, and their market share decreased to 25.6 percent from 27.1 percent. Sales of middle-sized cars increased to 4.1 million, and their market share increased to 50.8 percent from 48.2 percent. Sales of large cars decreased to 0.6 million, and their market share decreased to 8.0 percent from 10.0 percent. Sales of luxury cars increased to 1.3 million, and their market share increased to 15.6 percent from 14.6 percent (chart 4).

CHART 3

Share of New Cars by Source



Comestic nameplates are cars manufactured in North America at factories owned by domestic companies.
 Transplants are cars manufactured in North America at factories owned by foreign companies.
 Data: Motor Vehicle Manufacturers Association, Inc. and Ward's Automotive Reports, seasonally adjusted by BEA.

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

The average expenditure per new car increased 2.5 percent to \$20,787 in 1998.⁴ The increase partly reflected the shift in the market toward imported cars, which have a larger average expenditure than domestic cars. For imported cars, the average expenditure increased 6.5 percent to \$31,313; the increase was partly attributable to a shift in the composition of imported-car sales from small cars to middle-sized cars and luxury cars. For domestic cars, the average expenditure increased 0.1 percent to \$18,632; the increase partly reflected increased sales of models equipped with optional equipment, such as air conditioning, antilock brakes, and power windows and door locks.

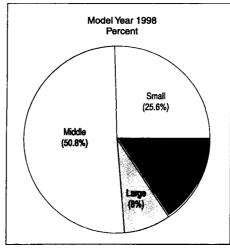
Domestic-car production—that is, cars manufactured in the United States—declined to 5.6 million units in 1998, the lowest level in 7 years. This low level at least partly reflected strikes by workers at the plants of a major motor vehicle

4. Using data mainly from the Automotive Invoice Service and BLS, BEA derives the average expenditure per new car by using average base price and adjustments for options, transportation charges, taxes, discounts, and rebates for each model, weighted by that model's share of sales. Movements in the average expenditure differ from movements in the new-car component of the CPI for at least two reasons: First, the average expenditure, unlike the CPI (which is a fixed-weighted price index), reflects changes in the mix of models and options sold and includes cars sold to businesses and to governments as well as cars sold to consumers; and second, because the CPI, unlike the average expenditure, is adjusted to remove the influence of quality change on prices.

The upcoming change in the CPI for the treatment of pollutionabatement devices will reduce the difference between these two measures (see footnote 3).

CHART 4

Share of New Car Sales by Size Class



Note—Based on data for October 1, 1997 through September 30, 1998

Data: Warn't Automotive Reports

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manufacturer; the strikes began in early June and ended in late July.

Domestic-car inventories were 1.2 million units at the end of model year 1998, slightly lower than at the end of 1997. The inventory-sales ratio was 2.3 at the end of 1998; the traditional industry target is 2.4.

By quarter, new-car sales decreased in the first quarter of the model year and changed little in the second quarter. In the third quarter, new-car sales increased sharply as a result of very attractive manufacturers' incentives, and in the fourth quarter, they decreased sharply (chart 5).

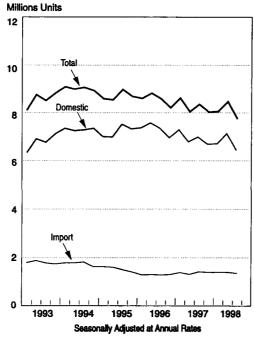
New Trucks

Sales of new trucks increased 7.4 percent to a record 7.6 million units in 1998 after increasing 4.6 percent in 1997. Sales of light domestic trucks, light imported trucks, and "other" trucks all increased.⁵

Sales of light trucks increased 6.7 percent in 1998 after increasing 5.0 percent in 1997. The

CHART 5

Retail Sales of New Cars



Data: American Automobile Manufacturers Association, Inc. and Ward's Automotive Reports, seasonally adjusted by BEA.

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

strength in sales of pickup trucks and sportutility vehicles—especially luxury sport-utility models—continued in 1998. Sales of vans contributed slightly to the increase.

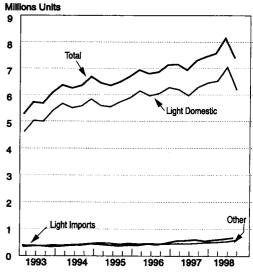
Sales of light domestic trucks increased 6.4 percent to 6.5 million units in 1998 after increasing 3.0 percent to 6.2 million units in 1997. Sales of domestic-nameplate trucks increased 5.5 percent to 6.0 million units after increasing 2.7 percent to 5.7 million units, and their share of total light-truck sales decreased to 83.6 percent. Sales of transplant trucks increased 16.4 percent to 0.6 million units, and their market share increased to 7.9 percent.

Sales of light imported trucks increased 10.2 percent to 0.6 million units, and their market share increased to 8.5 percent of light trucks. Sales of imported sport-utility vehicles increased substantially; in recent years, sales of these vehicles may have been boosted by the introduction of several new models into the small-vehicle segment of the U.S. market. Sales of imported pickups decreased, largely reflecting shifts in production by foreign manufacturers from plants overseas to plants in North America.

Sales of "other" trucks increased 19.1 percent to 0.5 million units. Nearly all of these trucks are purchased by businesses, and domestic models

CHART 6

Retail Sales of New Trucks



Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates

Nots—Retail sales of domestic trucks are classified by gross vehicle weight as light (up to 10,000 pounds) and "other" (over 10,000 pounds), imported trucks include imports by U.S. manufacturers. Data: American Automobile Manufacturers Association, Inc. and Ward's Automobile Reports, seasonally adjusted by BEA.

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^{5.} Light trucks have a gross vehicle weight of up to 10,000 pounds; these trucks include light conventional pickups, compact pickups, sport-utility vehicles, and passenger vans. "Other" trucks have a gross vehicle weight of over 10,000 pounds; these trucks range from medium-duty general delivery trucks to heavy-duty diesel tractor-trailers.

accounted for almost 95 percent of total sales. One factor contributing to the high level of demand for heavy trucks in recent years has been the growth in spending on durable goods; these trucks are used extensively to transport goods—such as computers, machine tools, motor

vehicles, and appliances—and the parts for these goods.

By quarter, new-truck sales increased in the first and second quarters of the model year, jumped in the third quarter, and then fell in the fourth quarter (chart 6).

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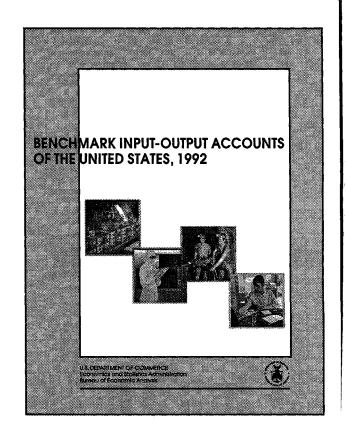
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Comparison of BEA Estimates of Personal Income and IRS Estimates of Adjusted Gross Income

- New Estimates for 1996
- Revised Estimates for 1982–95

By Thae S. Park

This article presents a comparison of the THIS ARTICLE Processes I Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) measure of personal income and the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) measure of adjusted gross income (AGI) of individuals by type of income. article explains the major definitional and statistical differences between the BEA and the IRS measures, describes the various uses of the two measures, and presents a partial reconciliation of the two measures that is prepared by converting BEA's measure of personal income by type of income to the same definitional basis as the IRS measure. It also discusses the sources of the "AGI gap"—the unexplained difference remaining between a BEA estimate of AGI and the IRS AGI, the trends in the AGI gap for 1947-96, and the sources of the revision to the AGI gap for 1982-95.¹

BEA's measure of personal income and the IRS measure of AGI are two widely used measures of household income. In general, personal income, which is prepared as an integral part of the national income and product accounts (NIPA'S), is the more comprehensive measure. Personal income is a measure of the current incomes earned by households and by nonprofit institutions serving individuals, and thus, it is often used in assessing trends in consumer spending, saving,

and investment. It includes income that is generally taxed—such as wages and salaries, income from rent, self-employment earnings, dividends, interest, and government employee retirement benefits—and income that is partly taxed, such as social security benefits. It also includes several types of income that are not taxed, such as tax-exempt interest and nontaxable transfer payments, including medicare, medicaid, and welfare benefits. Personal income includes income whether or not it is properly reported to IRS. In order to provide a comprehensive measure of personal saving, personal income also includes other types of income, such as employer contributions to employee pension plans, the investment income of these plans, and imputed income related to home ownership and to imputed financial service charges. Personal income excludes net gains from sale of assets, private pension benefits, and personal contributions for social insurance.

AGI, on the other hand, is an income concept defined by tax law, so AGI consists only of taxable sources of income net of special adjustments as reported on Form 1040. Therefore, it excludes many of the types of income that are included in the BEA measure.

Although the two series are based on different concepts and serve different purposes, they are often used in conjunction with one another. In particular, personal income, which is available much sooner than AGI, is frequently used as an extrapolator for AGI, and this article provides information that enables users to adjust the BEA measure to bring it closer in definition to AGI. In addition, the AGI gap is used as a rough indicator of the noncompliance by individuals with the Federal tax code.

The new and revised estimates in this article reflect the incorporation of the results of this year's annual revision of the NIPA's, which included a

^{1.} Annual and quarterly estimates of BEA personal income are published monthly in table 2.1 of the national income and product accounts (NIPA'S) in the section "BEA Current and Historical Data" of the Survey of Current BUSINESS (monthly estimates are shown in table B.1). Estimates of IRS AGI are published annually in Statistics of Income-Individual Income Tax Returns. The estimates of the relationship between total personal income and total AGI are presented annually in NIPA table 8.26, most recently for 1982-94 on page 146 of the August 1998 SURVEY and for 1995-96 on page 13 of the September 1998 Survey. The estimates for 1947-81, which are not revised, are published in U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, National Income and Product Accounts of the United States for 1929-94: Volume 2 (Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 1998): 354-355. All estimates are available through the Commerce Department's STAT-USA Economic Bulletin Board and Internet services; for information, call 202-482-1986, or access the STAT-USA Internet site at <www.stat-usa.gov>. The reconciliation by type of income for 1947-94 is also available in printed form on request; for information, write to the Government Division (BE-57), Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, DC 20230.

redefinition of dividend payments in personal income, and updated estimates of AGI from the *Statistics of Income Bulletin.*² As a result of the redefinition, capital gains dividends is no longer a reconciliation item in tables 1 and 2, which show the reconciliation between personal income and AGI.

BEA Estimates of AGI

The preparation of BEA estimates of AGI, "BEA-derived AGI," begins with NIPA personal income. Personal income consists of the income received by persons from all sources—that is, from participation in current production, from both government and business transfer payments, and from government interest (which is treated like a transfer payment).³ It is calculated as the sum of wage and salary disbursements, other labor income, proprietors' income with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments, rental income of persons with capital consumption adjustment,

Table 1.—Comparison of Personal Income with AGI, by Type of Income, 1995
[Billions of dollars]

Line		Personal income	Wage and salary disburse- ments	income	ietors' with IVA CCAdj Nonfarm	Rental income of persons with CCAdi	Personal dividend income	Personal interest income	Taxable pensions and annuities ¹	Taxable unemployment compensation	Taxable social security benefits 2	Other personal income ³	Income not included in personal income
	Personal income	6,072.8	3,428.5	22.4	465.6	133.7	192.8	704.9	122.2	21.9	54.5	925.4	├ ──
2	Less: Portion of personal income not included in adjusted	2,022.9	81.2	-7.7	4.1	86.2	444.0	492.1	0	0	0		
3	Transfer payments except taxable military retirement, taxable government pensions, taxable social security benefits, and unemployment	2,022.9	81.2	-1.1	4.1	80.2	111.8	492.1	U	U		1,214.1	41.1
	compensation benefits	817.3	0	o	Q	0	O.	Q	Q	Q	Q	817.3	
4 5	Other labor income except fees Imputed income in personal income 4	396.4 240.3	0 10.4	0 .4	0 5,6	0 64.8	0	0 159.1	0	0	0	396.4	0
6	Investment income of life insurance carriers and	ì .	Ì	.7			1		·	,	ľ	1 "	"
7	private noninsured pension plans 5	227.7	0	0	0	0	0	227.7	0	0	0	0	0
′	Investment income received by nonprofit institutions or retained by fiduciaries	53.1	0	0	.3	5.3	17.9	29.0	0	0	0	.4	1 0
8	Differences in accounting treatment between NIPA's and tax regulations, net	51.2	0	-8.1	-1.9	16.1	14.1	31.0	0	0	0	١،	٥
9	Other personal income exempt or excluded from adjusted gross income	237.1	70.8	0	0	0	79.8	45.4	0	0.	0	0	641.1
10	Plus: Portion of adjusted gross income not included in personal income	739.4	9.8	0	2.0	2.8	0	0	169.0	0	0	293.6	262.2
11 12 13 14 15	Personal contributions for social insurance	293.6 167.4 169.0 79.2 30.3	0 0 0 0 9.8	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 2.0	0 0 0 0 2.8	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 169.0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	293.6 0 0 0 0	0 167.4 0 79.2 15.7
16	Plus: Intercomponent reallocation	0	11.7	0	4	0	74.5	-74.5	-6.4	0	0	-4.8	0
17 18 19 20	Fees in other labor income	0 0	5.3 0 0	0 0 0	0 4 0	0 0 0	0	0 0 0	0	0 0 0	0 0 0	-5.3 .4 0	0
21	companies	0	0 6.4	0	0	0	74.5 0	-74.5 0	0 -6.4	0	0	0	0
22	Equals: BEA-derived adjusted gross income	4,788.5	3,368.8	30.2	463.1	50.3	155.6	138.2	284.8	21.9	54.5	0	221.1
23	Adjusted gross income of IRS (as reported)	4,189.4	3,201.5	-7.9	169.3	17.2	94.6	154.8	221.1	19.3	45.7	52.7	221.1
24	Plus: Intercomponent reallocation	0	0	.3	47.8	4.6	0	0	0	0	0	-52.7	0
25 26 27	Estate or trust income Partnership income Other reallocations	0	0	0 .3 0	1.5 46.3 0	4.6 0 0	0 0 0	000	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	-6.1 -46.6 0	0 0 0
28	Adjusted gross income of IRS (reallocated)	4,189.4	3,201.5	-7.6	217.1	21.8	94.6	154.8	221.1	19.3	45.7	0	221.1
29	Adjusted gross income gap	599.1	167.4	37.7	246.0	28.5	61.0	-16.6	63.7	2.6	8.8	0	0
30 31	Percent distribution of AGI gapRelative AGI gap 9	100.0 12.5	27.9 5.0	6.3 125.1	41.1 53.1	4.8 56.7	10.2 39.2	-2.8 -12.0	10.6 22.4	.4 11.7	1.5 16.2		
32	Addendum: Misreporting adjustments included in personal income	284.3	78.9		213.7	1.0		-9 .3					

See the footnotes at the end of table 2.

^{2.} As part of the 1998 annual revision, dividend payments were revised back to 1982 to exclude distributions that reflect capital gains income. In practice, the redefinition meant that the capital gains distributions of regulated investment companies—that is, mutual funds- were excluded from personal dividend income. The estimates of personal income were also revised back to 1995 to reflect the usual annual NIPA revisions. For more information, see Eugene P. Seskin, "Annual Revision of the National Income and Product Accounts," Survey 78 (August 1998): 7–32. For AGI data, see Internal Revenue Service, Statistics of Income Bulletin (Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, Summer 1998).

[&]quot;Persons" consists of individuals, nonprofit institutions that primarily serve individuals, private noninsured welfare funds, and private trust funds.

personal dividend income, personal interest income, and transfer payments to persons, less personal contributions for social insurance.

The IRS measure of AGI is defined as the sum of all the items of "gross income" less a set of specific adjustments to gross income that are authorized by legislation. Gross income includes all income that is received in the form of money, property, and services and that is not expressly exempt from taxation; it excludes, for example, interest on tax-exempt State and local government bonds, voluntary contributions to thrift savings plans, and nontaxable social security benefits. The specific adjustments to gross income include subtractions for contributions to individual retirement accounts, for alimony paid, for moving expenses, and for several items related to self-employment income.

NIPA personal income is converted to AGI by first deducting those items that are included in personal income but not in AGI. These items include nontaxable transfer payments, other labor

Table 2.—Comparison of Personal Income with AGI, by Type of Income, 1996 [Billions of dollars]

			Įι	siliions of o	Joharsj								
Line		Personal income	Wage and salary disburse-	income	ietors' with IVA CCAdj	Rental income of persons	Personal dividend income	Personal interest income	Taxable pensions and	Taxable unemployment compensation	Taxable social security	Other personal income 3	Income not included in
		}	ments	Farm	Nonfarm	with CCAdj	income	noone	annuities 1	compensation	benefits ²	HICOINE	personal income
1	Personal income	6,425.2	3,631.1	38.9	488.8	150.2	248.2	719.4	128.8	22,4	60.4	936.9	0
2	Less: Portion of personal income not included in adjusted gross income	2,092.8	87.2	8.5	-23.3	96.8	136.2	506.5	0	0	0	1,238.3	42.6
3	Transfer payments except taxable military retirement, taxable government pensions, taxable social security benefits, and unemployment compensation benefits	856.3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	856.3	0
4 5	Other labor income except fees	381.5 260.1	0 10.8	0	0 6.2	Ŏ	0	Ö	0	Ö	Ö	381.5	Ŏ
6	Imputed income in personal income 4 Investment income of life insurance carriers and			.4		75.2		167.5	·	,	,	0	0
7	private noninsured pension plans 5 Investment income received by nonprofit institutions	230.0	0	0	0	0	0	230.0	0	0	0	0	0
8	or retained by fiduciaries	51.3	0	0	.3	6.0	17.7	26.7	0	0	0	.6	0
9	and tax regulations, net	45.8	0	8.1	-29.8	15.7	15.0	36.8	0	0	0	0	0
3	adjusted gross income	267.9	76.4	0	0	0	103.5	45.4	0	0	0	0	6 42.6
10	Plus: Portion of adjusted gross income not included in personal income	873.1	12.0	0	2.5	2.8	0	0	184.6	0	0	306.3	365.0
11 12	Personal contributions for social insurance	306.3 249.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	306.3 0	0 249.5
13 14	Taxable private pensions 7 Small business corporation income	184.6 89.3	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	Ŏ	Ŏ	ŏ	184.6 0	o o	Ŏ	Ŏ	0
15	Other types of income	43.4	12.0	ŏ	2.5	2.8	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	Ö	ŏ	89.3 26.1
16	Plus: Intercomponent reallocation	0	12.2	0	6	0	81.6	-81.6	-6.7	0	0	-4.9	0
17 18	Fees in other labor incomeFiduciaries' share of partnership income 8	0	5.5 0	0	0 6	0	0	0	0	0	0	5.5 .6	0
19 20	Interest received by nonfarm proprietors	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	0.0	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	0.0	ŏ
	companies	o l	0.7	o l	o l	0	81.6	-81.6	0_	o l	0	0	0
21	Taxable disability income payments	0	6.7	0	0	0	0	0	-6.7	0	0	0	0
22	Equals: BEA-derived adjusted gross income	5,205.6	3,568.1	30.4	514.0	56.2	193.7	131.3	306.7	22.4	60.4	0	322.3
23 24	Adjusted gross income of IRS (as reported)	4,536.0 0	3,376.9 0	-7.1 .3	176.9	20.6	104.3	165.7	238.8	19.3	53.2 0	65.2	322.3
	Plus: Intercomponent reallocation	·			59.2	5.6	, t	_ `	ĭ Į	١ `	•	-65.2	0
25 26 27	Estate or trust income	0	0	0.3	2.1 57.2	5.6 0	0	0	0	0	0	-7.7 -57.5	0
	Other reallocations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
28	Adjusted gross income of IRS (reallocated)	4,536.0	3,376.9	-6.8	236.1	26.2	104.3	165.7	238.8	19.3	53.2	0	322.3
29	Adjusted gross income gap	669.6	191.2	37.2	277.9	30.0	89.4	-34.4	67.9	3.1	7.2	0	0
30 31	Percent distribution of AGI gapRelative AGI gap 9	100.0 12.9	28.6 5.4	5.6 122.3	41.5 54.1	4.5 53.3	13.4 46.2	-5.1 -26.2	10.1 22.1	.5 13.8	1.1 12.0		
32	Addendum: Misreporting adjustments included in personal income	299.5	84.0		224.4	1.0		-10.0					***********

^{1.} Consists of the taxable portion of government employee pension payments included in personal income—non-disability military retirement pay and the taxable portion of Federal Government and of State and local government employee pension payments.
2. Taxable social security benefits also include a small amount of taxable railroad retirement benefits.
3. Consists primarily of other labor income and the nontaxable portion of government and business transfer payments to persons, less personal contributions for social insurance.
4. Consists of the imputations included in personal income shown in NIPA table 8.19 (line 58), except for employer-paid health and life insurance premiums (line 115). In this table, these premiums are included in line 4.
5. Consists of imputed interest received by persons from life insurance carriers and private noninsured pension plans as shown in NIPA table 8.18 (line 51).

Statutory adjustments.
 Consists of the taxable portion of private pension payments received by individuals.
 Consists of partnership income retained by fiduciaries.
 Adjusted gross income gap (line 30) as a percentage of the BEA-derived AGI (line 23).
 AGI Adjusted gross income
 BEA Bureau of Economic Analysis
 Codd Cariel consumption adjustment.

CCAdj Capital consumption adjustment IVA Inventory valuation adjustment IRS Internal Revenue Service NIPA National income and product accounts

income, imputations, and other sources of income excluded from the IRS definition of AGI; they also include adjustments for differences between the accounting treatment used in the NIPA's and the treatment specified by Federal tax regulations (tables 1 and 2, lines 3–9). Next, those items that are excluded from personal income but that are included in AGI, such as net capital gains and personal contributions for social insurance, are added to personal income (lines 11–15). Finally, an adjustment is made to reallocate certain income components to make the BEA-derived AGI comparable with IRS AGI by type of income (lines 17–21 and 25–27).⁴

The AGI Gap

The estimates of the BEA-derived AGI differ significantly from the IRS estimates of AGI. The "AGI gap" is the difference between the total BEA-derived AGI (line 22) and total IRS AGI (line 23), and the AGI gap for each type of income (line 29) is the difference between the BEA-derived AGI for that type of income (line 22) and the reallocated IRS AGI for that type of income (line 28). The percent distribution of the AGI gap by type of income is shown in line 30, and the relative AGI gap for each type of income, which is the AGI gap for that type of income (line 29) as a percentage of the BEA-derived AGI for that type of income (line 22), is shown in line 31.

The AGI gap results from several sources. First, there are errors in the source data used to estimate those personal income components that are not based on IRS AGI data, primarily because of sampling and other statistical errors. (AGI data are used only for the estimates of nonfarm proprietors' income and royalty payments.) Second, there are errors in the reconciliation items because reliable data are unavailable to estimate some known items, such as income earned by individuals who are not required to file income tax returns; because some of the source data used to estimate known items contain errors; and because some of the differences between the definition of personal income and AGI are unknown. Third, there are errors in the IRS measure of total AGI and its components because the estimates are based on a probability sample. Fourth, the estimates of BEA-derived AGI include both explicit and implicit adjustments for tax return misreporting (noncompliance). Explicit adjustments are made for the effects of tax return misreporting on the source data used to prepare the estimates of wage and salary disbursements, nonfarm proprietors' income, royalty income, and personal interest income (line 32).⁵ Implicit adjustments are also embedded in the source data used for some components of personal income because the source data are from the payers of the income. The IRS estimates of AGI are based on unaudited tax returns that are not adjusted for misreporting. (However, the sample returns are edited for consistent statistical definitions and for incorrect or missing entries in order to make them consistent with other entries on the returns and with accompanying schedules.)

Overall, BEA believes that the explicit and implicit adjustments for misreporting account for a major part of the AGI gap. In 1996, the explicit adjustments accounted for \$299.5 billion of the \$669.6 billion gap. Thus, the AGI gap can be considered a rough indicator of noncompliance with the Federal tax code, and the relative AGI gap—the AGI gap as a percentage of the BEA-derived AGI—can be considered a rough indicator of the noncompliance rate in the reporting of income included in the IRS measure of AGI.⁷

The AGI Gap by Type of Income for 1947–96

Table 3 shows the estimates of the AGI gap for total income and for each type of income for 1947–96, and table 4 shows the relative AGI gap for total income and for each type of income for 1947–96. Over this period, the relative AGI gap for total income declined from about 13 percent in 1947 to about 9 percent in 1968, and then it increased to about 13 percent in 1993 and remained at that level through 1996. The relative AGI gap for wage and salary disbursements is the smallest

^{4.} For a detailed description of the reconciliation items, see Thae S. Park, "Relationship Between Personal Income and Adjusted Gross Income: New Estimates for 1993–94 and Revisions for 1959–92," SURVEY 76 (May 1996): 80–84. However, this article's description of the method used to prepare estimates of the reconciliation items does not reflect the redefinition of dividends payments (see footnote 2).

^{5.} The major source data for these adjustments are the 1988 Taxpayer Compliance Measurement Program and Census Bureau "exact-match" files for 1990. For additional information about the calculation of these adjustments, see Robert P. Parker, "Improved Adjustments for Misreporting of Tax Return Information Used To Estimate the National Income and Product Accounts, 1977," Survey 64 (June 1984): 17–25; "The Comprehensive Revision of the U.S. National Income and Product Accounts: A Review of Revisions and Major Statistical Changes," Survey 71 (December 1991): 39–40; and "Improved Estimates of the National Income and Product Accounts for 1959–95; Results of the Comprehensive Revision," Survey 76 (January/February 1996): 24–25.

^{6.} For detailed information about the principal source data and estimating methods used to prepare personal income and its components, see "Updated Summary NIPA Methodologies," SURVEY 78 (September 1998): 14-35 and the text on the CD-ROM State Personal Income, 1929-975 this information is also available on BEA'S Web site at <www.bea.doc.gov>.

^{7.} The AGI gap does not include adjustments for the misreporting of types of income excluded from personal income, such as net gains from the sale of assets, income from small business corporations, and alimony.

among the types of income, primarily because income tax withholding at the source is required for wage and salary disbursements. The relative AGI gap for wage and salary disbursements declined from about 3 percent in 1947 to about 1 percent in 1982 and then increased to about 5 percent in 1996. The trends in the relative AGI gaps for nonwage incomes largely offset each other (see the addenda in table 4).

For nonwage incomes subject to the requirements for filing information returns, the trend in the combined relative AGI gap is generally downward (the first addenda item in table 4).⁹ This trend is largely offset by a generally upward trend

Table 3.—The BEA and IRS Measures of AGI and the AGI Gap by Type of Income, 1947–96
[Billions of dollars]

				Wage and	Proprietor	's' income	Rental	Personal divi	idend and pers	sonal interest	Taxable	Taxable	Taxable
Year	BEA-derived AGI	IRS AGI	AGI gap	salary disbursements	Farm	Nonfarm	income of persons	Total	Personal dividend income	Personal interest income	pensions and annuities	unemployment compensation	social security benefits
1947 1948 1949 1950 1951 1952 1953 1954 1955 1956	171.0 184.3 182.1 203.3 230.0 242.4 257.0 258.2 279.9 300.9	149.7 163.5 160.6 179.1 202.3 215.3 228.7 229.2 248.5 267.7	21.3 20.8 21.6 24.1 27.7 27.1 28.3 29.0 31.4 33.1	3.9 5.2 6.1 5.4 6.0 6.5 6.7 7.1 9.0	10.5 8.5 7.8 7.9 8.8 7.6 6.2 6.7 6.3 6.3	1.2 1.3 2.1 3.8 4.8 5.6 7.0 7.0 8.2 7.3	2.1 2.2 1.6 1.9 2.2 2.3 2.3 3.0 3.2 3.3	3.3 3.4 3.7 4.8 5.1 5.7 5.0 5.8 6.1	1.3 1.3 1.9 1.7 1.8 2.0 .9	2.0 2.1 2.9 3.2 3.7 4.2 4.8 5.4	ფფფფნნ და ემ. 1.	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
1957	314.3 317.4 341.9 354.1 368.4 390.3 411.7 445.0 482.8 524.6	280.3 281.2 305.1 315.5 329.9 348.7 368.8 396.7 429.2 468.5	34.0 36.2 36.8 38.6 38.5 41.6 42.9 48.4 53.6 56.1	7.4 92 7.8 8.9 7.6 9.3 8.4 10.3 11.8 13.6	5.6 5.1 7.2 6.4 5.7 6.9 6.9 7.2	9.3 9.2 9.7 10.1 11.4 11.8 12.6 14.1 14.4 15.9	3.7 4.0 2.3 2.5 2.4 2.8 3.0 3.3	6.8 7.4 8.1 9.0 9.1 9.7 9.8 11.9 14.0	.7 .9 1.3 1.4 1.5 1.6 2.4 2.9 1.0	6.2 6.7 7.2 7.6 7.7 8.2 8.2 9.5 11.1	1.2 1.3 1.7 1.9 2.1 2.2 2.4 2.8 3.2 3.5	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
1967	558.9 612.2 667.4 703.7 749.5 829.9 931.8 1,009.3 1,051.8 1,172.4	504.8 554.4 603.5 631.7 673.6 746.0 827.1 905.5 947.8 1,053.9	54.1 57.8 63.9 72.0 75.9 104.6 103.8 104.0 118.5	11.2 13.7 12.6 13.3 13.5 11.1 16.8 9.1 13.9	5.5 5.3 8.1 9.8 8.7 11.8 18.8 18.6 13.3	16.5 16.9 18.7 20.4 23.6 28.7 32.2 38.1 42.1 53.5	3.9 3.2 3.6 4.0 4.0 4.1 3.2 2.8 2.4	13.0 14.4 15.9 18.4 18.9 19.9 24.1 25.4 21.1	1.0 1.4 1.3 1.7 2.1 2.7 4.1 2.9 1.3 4.0	12.0 13.0 14.6 16.7 16.9 17.2 20.1 22.4 19.8 21.3	4.0 4.3 5.0 6.1 7.1 8.2 8.6 9.5 10.7	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
1977 1978 1979 1980 1981 1982 1983 1984 1985	1,300.6 1,473.1 1,662.0 1,832.1 2,021.8 2,099.4 2,234.8 2,488.5 2,651.7 2,878.9	1,158.5 1,302.4 1,465.4 1,613.7 1,772.6 1,852.1 1,942.6 2,139.9 2,306.0 2,481.7	142.1 170.7 196.6 218.4 249.2 247.3 292.2 348.6 345.8 397.3	19.7 25.0 20.0 20.8 21.4 16.4 24.6 29.5 44.5 59.3	10.2 14.1 17.3 19.2 23.4 18.3 27.7 31.7 28.4 31.9	61.2 73.4 84.5 89.1 90.5 95.2 109.7 141.7 147.5 147.3	4.3 4.6 6.3 9.6 17.0 21.9 24.2 28.7 29.4 26.8	34.4 38.8 49.5 55.5 67.1 60.0 64.1 66.1 45.5 64.2	6.4 7.6 9.8 14.2 25.5 23.0 26.3 32.8 26.6 24.5	28.0 31.2 39.7 41.3 41.7 37.1 37.8 33.3 18.9 39.7	12.2 14.9 18.5 23.4 28.8 33.5 39.2 45.0 46.0 63.4	0 0 .4 .8 .9 2.0 2.6 1.3 1.4 1.2	0 0 0 0 0 0 4.6 3.2 3.1
1987	3,156.5 3,430.7 3,666.5 3,821.5 3,864.1 4,101.7 4,254.6 4,488.5 4,788.5 5,205.6	2,773.8 3,083.0 3,256.4 3,405.4 3,464.5 3,629.1 3,723.3 3,907.5 4,189.4 4,536.0	382.7 347.6 410.2 416.0 399.6 472.6 531.3 581.0 599.1 669.6	80.6 84.1 112.6 119.0 106.2 133.3 146.6 158.8 167.4 191.2	36.1 38.5 35.2 31.7 32.4 34.8 41.5 33.5 37.7 37.2	121.5 122.8 127.2 134.2 138.9 164.6 200.0 223.1 246.0 277.9	22.5 17.1 14.3 15.7 18.8 20.7 22.3 24.7 28.5 30.0	64.0 40.4 63.2 57.9 49.0 52.1 52.8 76.7 44.4 55.1	34.8 32.3 55.2 56.2 55.7 45.7 46.9 68.8 61.0 89.4	29.1 8.2 7.9 1.7 -6.7 6.3 5.9 7.9 -16.6 -34.4	52.6 40.0 52.2 51.6 47.2 54.2 54.6 52.5 63.7 67.9	2.6 2.0 2.5 2.9 3.9 8.3 7.3 3.8 2.6 3.1	2.8 2.8 3.0 3.2 4.5 6.1 8.0 8.8

AGI Adjusted gross income BEA Bureau of Economic Analysis IRS Internal Revenue Service

^{8.} Wage and salary disbursements accounts for 68.5 percent of the BEA-derived AGI, whereas the AGI gap for wage and salary disbursements accounts for 28.6 percent of total AGI gap for 1996. In contrast, nonwage incomes subject to the requirements for filing information returns account for 13.7 percent of the BEA-derived-AGI and 19.9 percent of the total AGI gap. For incomes not subject to the requirements for filing information returns, excluding capital gains and other types of income for which the AGI gaps are not estimated, the respective percentages are 11.5 percent and 51.5 percent.

^{9.} The primary examples of these incomes are personal dividend income and personal interest income. An Acı gap for personal dividend and personal interest income combined is shown in the table because of the difficulty in recent years of accurately deriving separate gaps for these incomes. The difficulty is related to the reconciliation item for distributions from regulated investment companies, which are classified as interest in personal income. Although the IRS instructs taxpayers to report these distributions as dividends rather than as interest, some taxpayers may have inadvertently reported them as interest. Because the amount of this misreporting is not known and because the entire amount of the distributions in personal income is reallocated to personal dividend income in reconciliation (tables 1 and 2, line 20), the Acı gap for personal dividend income is overstated, and the Acı gap for personal interest income is understated.

in the combined relative AGI gap for incomes not subject to the requirements for filing information returns (the second addenda item). The combined relative AGI gap for nonwage incomes subject to the filing requirements declined from about 39 percent in 1947 to about 17 percent in 1988, increased to about 23 percent in 1994, and then declined to about 19 percent in 1996.10

The combined relative AGI gap for incomes not subject to the filing requirements increased from

about 34 percent in 1947 to about 81 percent in 1984, decreased to about 50 percent in 1990, and then increased to about 58 percent in 1996.

The relative AGI gap for total income for 1996 is slightly higher than that for 1995 largely due to increases in the AGI gaps for wage and salary disbursements, nonfarm proprietors' income, and personal dividend income.

Sources of the Revision to the AGI Gap

Table 5 shows the revisions to BEA-derived AGI and to the AGI gap for 1982-95. For 1982-94, the revisions reflect the incorporation of the

Table 4.—The Relative AGI Gap by Type of Income, 1947-96 [Percent]

			Proprietor	s' income		Personal	dividend and	d interest				Adde	enda
Year	Total	Wage and salary disbursements	Farm	Nonfarm	Rental income of persons	Total	Personal dividend income	Personal interst income	Taxable pensions and annuities	Taxable unemployment compensation	Taxable social security benefits	Incomes, except wages and salaries, subject to filing requirements ¹	Incomes not subject to filing requirements ²
1947	12.5 11.3 11.8 11.9 12.0 11.2 11.0 11.2 11.2	3.3 3.9 4.7 3.9 3.3 3.5 3.4 4.0	74.0 68.1 69.8 68.6 68.9 66.9 64.7 62.3 60.4	5.6 5.9 10.1 15.5 18.1 20.5 24.5 24.0 25.4 21.7	44.7 41.0 31.2 33.0 35.8 36.0 35.1 46.3 48.9 47.9	37.9 35.1 38.1 38.5 39.6 42.1 34.6 35.6 34.8	23.2 20.7 19.4 23.1 21.8 23.7 25.7 9.7 10.7 8.0	64.1 61.9 61.0 64.6 65.1 63.4 64.4 65.2 65.2	56.1 49.8 35.1 44.2 47.4 47.0 48.5 45.8 50.2 54.4	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	38.9 36.0 35.0 38.4 39.1 40.2 42.6 35.6 37.0 36.9	34.3 29.8 30.8 32.6 34.7 34.4 34.2 36.3 36.2 33.2
1957	10.8 11.4 10.9 10.5 10.7 10.4 10.9 11.1 10.7 9.7 9.6 10.2 10.1 10.1 11.2 10.3 9.9	3.1 3.9 3.1 3.4 3.2 3.1 3.3 3.6 2.9 2.4 2.1 2.4 1.2 1.5	59.2 53.9 69.2 66.4 59.1 61.5 67.8 66.4 63.4 60.1 58.5 58.4 74.0 76.4 68.3 74.7 73.8 72.3	26.2 26.3 25.7 29.0 28.4 29.4 30.3 29.2 29.5 30.1 29.8 30.5 32.9 43.2 43.2 43.2 44.5 48.5	51.3 53.4 39.7 38.9 41.6 39.2 48.3 45.2 48.7 51.6 45.2 48.7 50.1 47.6 41.5 32.8 30.9 25.6	35.4 37.3 37.0 38.0 37.0 35.3 32.1 36.5 31.7 30.9 31.0 30.9 32.7 31.9 32.2 29.6 24.4 25.7	6.7 7.6 9.0 12.3 12.4 12.4 16.8 18.1 6.6 6.3 8.5 7.5 9.7 11.7 13.7 17.9 12.3 5.6 14.0	65.0 64.6 62.0 60.1 57.6 53.4 47.0 48.5 49.6 44.7 43.2 43.6 43.2 43.6 38.4 36.2 31.4 30.5	51.3 50.3 53.3 53.5 48.5 47.4 47.2 47.0 44.2 41.8 43.5 43.5 43.5 36.1 36.1 32.6	000000000000000000000000000000000000000		37.1 38.9 39.1 40.1 39.3 37.2 34.3 36.9 38.1 33.7 33.2 32.9 34.4 34.9 34.4 33.7 33.8 31.1 27.0 27.6	35.7 35.2 35.6 35.7 35.4 37.5 37.3 36.8 35.8 33.7 37.5 41.1 42.1 44.7 46.5 48.6 49.8
1977	10.9 11.6 11.8 11.9 12.3 11.8 13.0 13.0 13.0 12.1 10.1 11.2 10.9 10.3 11.5 12.5 12.9	2.0 2.2 1.6 1.5 1.4 1.0 1.5 2.3 2.8 3.6 3.5 4.4 4.4 3.8 5.0 5.0 5.0	90.0 74.8 85.5 106.9 148.4 215.8 150.9 182.4 180.3 132.0 101.8 100.9 96.7 96.6 104.8 103.4 107.2 126.1 125.1	49.1 51.6 54.7 52.6 64.7 64.5 68.2 66.4 64.8 51.9 44.3 43.9 44.6 46.0 50.4 51.1	39.5 38.5 48.4 59.4 75.0 86.1 97.7 113.1 121.5 149.4 122.3 78.2 69.2 69.2 69.7 56.9 55.1 56.7 53.3	29.7 29.8 31.5 28.3 27.4 22.3 24.1 21.9 21.3 17.3 15.9 20.0 26.9 16.9	19.2 20.1 22.6 26.8 35.5 30.6 35.1 32.6 40.3 40.3 41.2 41.2 37.0 45.5 39.2 46.2	33.9 33.7 35.0 28.8 24.0 19.1 19.7 15.9 9.4 19.1 14.7 4.2 3.5 7.3 3.8 4.3 5.9 12.0 -26.2	29.5 31.3 33.1 35.0 35.7 35.8 36.0 37.0 29.7 22.4 26.2 24.5 22.5 22.3 22.4 22.5	0 0 30.7 26.9 27.3 21.8 27.1 17.6 15.0 17.2 16.0 14.3 20.9 20.8 15.8 11.7	0 0 0 0 0 36.7 25.0 22.6 18.4 14.5 13.1 16.2 19.9 17.2 12.0	29.6 30.2 31.9 30.0 29.4 25.7 27.5 26.8 21.6 20.2 18.7 16.9 20.9 23.0 23.0 18.2	51.5 53.2 57.6 62.3 71.5 74.8 75.8 80.7 78.4 76.5 62.6 54.2 51.7 50.3 51.4 51.8 55.6 55.8

Consists of personal dividend income, personal interest income, taxable pensions, taxable unemployment compensation, and taxable social security benefits. These types of income have been subject to varying degrees of withholding since 1984.
 Consists of farm proprietors' income, nonfarm proprietors' income, and rental income of persons.

^{10.} Beginning in 1984, taxes have been withheld on taxable pensions unless the recipient elects not to have the tax withheld and on interest and dividends if the recipient fails to furnish a correct taxpayer identification number or has interest or dividends that were underreported on past returns.

NOTE.—The relative AGI gap is the AGI gap as a percentage of the BEA-derived AGI and is shown in line 32 of tables 1 and 2.

AGI Adjusted gross income
BEA Bureau of Economic Analysis

redefinition of dividend payments. For 1995, the revisions reflect the annual revision to the NIPA's, including the redefinition of dividend payments. In addition, for 1991–94, the revisions reflect the incorporation into personal dividend income of revised IRS tabulations of capital gains distributions from regulated investment companies, which are used by BEA to prepare the estimates of personal dividend income.

In general, revisions to the AGI gap result from three sources: Revisions to personal income that carry through to the AGI gap, revisions to the reconciliation items that are unrelated to the revisions to personal income or to AGI, and revisions to AGI that carry through to the AGI gap. For 1995, the AGI gap was revised down \$31.2 billion, reflecting a downward revision of \$45.5 billion to personal income that carried through to reduce

the AGI gap and net revisions of \$14.2 billion to the reconciliation items that are unrelated to the revisions to personal income (lines 7, 8, 13, 14, and 15), which carried through to increase the AGI gap.¹¹ There was no revision to AGI for 1995.

In general, the incorporation of the results of this year's annual NIPA revision did not change the trend in the relative AGI gaps for 1982–95. However, the level of the relative AGI gap for nonwage incomes subject to the requirements for filing information returns was revised down about 3 to 4 percentage points for 1993, 1994, and 1995.

Table 5.—Sources of Revision to the AGI Gap for 1982–95 [Billions of dollars]

	I	4000	4000	4004	4005	4000	4007	4000	4000	4000	4004	4000	4000	4004	4005
Line 1		1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995
1	Personal income	-3.1	-6.4	-4.0	-8.9	-18.8	-10.9	-5.8	4.6	-8.0	-16.0	-21.6	-38.2	~33.8	-78.7
2	Less: Portion of personal income not included in adjusted gross income	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o	0	0	0	0	0	-8.4
3	Transfer payments except taxable military retirement, taxable government pensions, and taxable social security														
	benefits	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ö	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.5 -5.2
4	Imputed income in personal income	ň	, , ,	0	ň		ň	٨	۱ ۲	0	ő	ı	ő	0	-0.2 .1
6	Investment income retained by life insurance carriers and private				Ů	Ů							·	-	
-	noninsured pension funds	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 {	0	0	0	0	1
7	Investment income received by nonprofit institutions or retained by fiduciaries	0	0	٥	0	0	0	O	l n	0	0	0	0	0	_0
8	Differences in accounting treatment	١	. '	١	. ' }	٠,	۰	U	"	١		. "	٠,	۰	5
	between NIPA's and tax regulations, net	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-3,2
9	Other personal income exempt or excluded from adjusted gross income	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-1.7
10	Plus: Portion of adjusted gross income not included in personal income	3.1	6.4	4.0	8.9	18.8	10.9	5.8	4.8	8.1	6.3	6.5	15.3	9.3	39.0
11	Personal contributions for social insurance	٥	0		o	0	0	0	0	٥	0	0	١	0	.5
12	Gains, net of losses, from sales of	ام	ا ، ،		0.0	أمما	40.0		4.0		٠	0.5	45.0		
13	property Taxable private pensions	3.1 0	6.4	4.0	8.9	18.8 0	10.9	5.8 0	4.8 0	8.1	6.3 0	6.5	15.3 0	9.3	28.5 9.4
14	Small business corporation income	χI	ň	ň	ŏl	ŏl	ŏΙ	ŏl	·	ňΙ	ŏΙ	ňΙ	ŏl	ŏi	0.4
15	Other types of income	ŏI	ŏl	ŏÌ	ŏ	ŏΙ	ŏl	ŏ	ŏl	ŏl	ŏl	ŏl	ŏĺ	ŏl	.7
16	Equals: BEA-derived adjusted gross income	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.2	.2	-9 .6	-15.0	-22.8	-24.6	-31.2
17	Adjusted gross income of IRS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18	Adjusted gross income (AGI) gap	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.2	.2	-9.6	-15.0	-22.8	-24.6	-31.2
19	Relative AGI gap	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	5	5	6

^{1.} Line numbers in this table correspond to those in table 1.

AGI Adjusted gross income BEA Bureau of Economic Analysis IRS Internal Revenue Service NIPA's National income and product accounts

^{11.} Personal income was revised down \$78.7 billion; \$33.6 billion of this downward revision was offset by revisions to reconciliation items directly affected by the personal income revisions (lines 3-6, most of line 9, line 11, and line 12), primarily by the redefinition of capital gains distributions from regulated investment companies. Thus, the revisions to personal income that carried through to reduce the AGI gap were \$45.4 billion.

Gross Product by Industry, 1995–97

By Sherlene K.S. Lum and Brian C. Moyer

This article presents new estimates of gross product, or gross product originating (GPO), by industry for 1997 and revised estimates for 1995–96; it also presents new and revised estimates of gross output and intermediate inputs by industry. The new and revised estimates incorporate the results of the annual revision of the national income and product accounts (NIPA's)

released in July 1998 and newly available source data.² In addition, this article includes the tables of GPO prices and unit costs that were first introduced in March 1998 to provide insight into the sources of change in the aggregate price level by industry and to identify the sources of GPO price change among the cost components of GPO.³

Gross Product Originating: Definition and Relationship to Gross Domestic Product

Gross product, or gross product originating (GPO), by industry is the contribution of each private industry and government to the Nation's output, or gross domestic product (GDP). An industry's GPO, often referred to as its "value added," is equal to its gross output (sales or receipts and other operating income, commodity taxes, and inventory change) minus its intermediate inputs (consumption of goods and services purchased from other industries or imported).

For the national income and product accounts (NIPA'S), GDP is measured as the sum of expenditure components. Gross domestic income (GDI) measures output as the sum of the costs incurred and the incomes earned in the production of GDP. In concept, GDP and GDI should be the same; in practice, they differ because their components are estimated using largely independent and less-than-perfect source data. BEA views GDP as the more reliable measure of output because the source data underlying the estimates of expenditures are considered to be more accurate. The difference between GDP and GDI is called the "statistical discrepancy"; it is recorded in the NIPA'S as an "income" component that reconciles GDI with GDP.

Current-dollar GPO by industry is measured as the sum of distributions by industry of the components of GDI attributable to labor and property located in the United States. Consequently, the sum of the current-dollar GPO estimates also differs from current-dollar GDP by the statistical discrepancy. In presenting the GPO estimates,

Real GDP in the NIPA's is also measured as the sum of the expenditure components. Real GPO estimates for most industries are derived using separate estimates of gross output and intermediate inputs.2 The sum of the real gpo estimates differs from real gpp by the real statistical discrepancy, which is shown as part of privateindustry GPO, and by the category entitled "not allocated by industry," which is the difference between real GDP and the sum of real GPO for the detailed industries and of the statistical discrepancy. The value of the category "not allocated by industry" reflects the lack of additivity of detailed real GPO estimates that results from the formula used to calculate real output and from differences in the source data (both current dollars and prices) used to estimate industry GPO and the expenditures measure of real GDP. As with the current-dollar measures, BEA views the source data used to estimate the components of real GDP to be more reliable. In addition, the amount of detailed expenditures data available to calculate real GDP is greater than that for the gross output and intermediate inputs available to calculate real GPO. For some industries, no source data are available to measure gross output, and the resulting real gro estimates are prepared using less reliable methodologies.

^{1.} For the previously published estimates of gross product by industry for 1995-96, see Sherlene K.S. Lum and Robert E. Yuskavage, "Gross Product by Industry, 1947-96," Survey of Current Business 77 (November 1997): 20-24.

For more information, see Eugene P. Seskin, "Annual Revision of the National Income and Product Accounts," Survey 78 (August 1998): 7-35.

^{3.} See Robert E. Yuskavage, "Gross Product by Industry Price Measures, 1977–96," SURVEY 78 (March 1998): 17–25.

the statistical discrepancy is included in the GPO of private industries because of BEA's view that most of the measurement problems with the components of GDI affect the GPO of private industries rather than the GPO of general government or government enterprises.

^{1.} For additional information on the accuracy of the two measures, see the box "The Statistical Discrepancy" in Robert P. Parker and Eugene P. Seskin, "Annual Revision of the National Income and Product Accounts," Survey of Current Business 77 (August 1997): 19.

^{2.} For information about the computation of the real gro estimates, see the box "Computation of the Chain-Type Quantity Indexes for Double-Deflated Industries" in Robert E. Yuskavage, "Improved Estimates of Gross Product by Industry, 1959–94," SURVEY 76 (August 1996): 142.

This comprehensive presentation of these integrated estimates of GPO, gross output, intermediate inputs, and GPO prices and unit costs is the latest step in the continuing efforts by the Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) to make the industry accounts data more useful. Last November, BEA presented new GPO estimates for 1996, which represented a speedup in the availability of estimates for the most recent complete year, and BEA presented and discussed annual estimates of gross output and intermediate inputs by industry for the first time. Future improvement efforts will focus on the development of measures of gross output for the industries for which the doubledeflation method is not used to prepare the GPO estimates and on integrating the GPO estimates with the benchmark input-output accounts and with other BEA industry estimates.

This article is presented in five parts. The first part discusses the relative performance of industries for 1995–97 in terms of real growth rates, contributions to real gdp growth, industry shares of current-dollar gross domestic product (gdp), and the composition of current-dollar gpo. The second part describes the revisions to the gpo estimates, and the third part discusses gross output and intermediate inputs by industry. The fourth part describes gpo prices and unit costs, and the fifth part discusses the changes to the source data and estimation methods. The new and revised estimates for 1995–97 for detailed industries are presented in tables after the text.

Industry Growth, Shares, and Composition

The relative performance of particular industries or industry groups can be assessed by comparing real GPO growth rates, contributions to real GDP growth, the shares of GDP across industries, and the composition of current-dollar GPO. Comparisons of the growth rates of real gross product indicate an industry's performance relative to other industries. Contributions to real GDP growth indicate the extent that each industry affected the growth of GDP. Changes in the share of current-dollar GDP that is accounted for by an industry's gross product indicate whether that industry's claim on the economy's resources is increasing or decreasing. Changes in the composition of an industry's current-dollar GPO indicate whether the labor and capital shares for that industry are changing.

Real growth rates

From 1992, the start of the current cyclical expansion, through 1997, the most recent year for which GDP estimates by industry are available, real GDP increased at an average annual rate of 3.1 percent; private industries increased 3.6 percent, and government increased 0.2 percent (table 1). The real gross product of all private industry groups increased; the increases ranged from 7.9 percent in durable goods manufacturing to 1.9 percent in nondurable goods manufacturing. Manufacturing as a whole increased 5.2 percent. Excluding manufacturing, the largest increases were in trade—5.6 percent in retail trade and 5.5 percent in wholesale trade—and the smallest increase was in finance, insurance, and real estate (FIRE), 2.3 percent.

In 1992–97, at the 66-industry level of detail, the changes in real GDP varied widely. Seventeen industries recorded average annual increases of 5 percent or more in real gross product. Three of these industries recorded especially large increases: Electronic and other electric equipment (21.5 percent) and industrial machinery and equipment (14.6 percent) in durable goods manufacturing and security and commodity brokers (19.5 percent) in FIRE.⁴ Nine industries recorded

Table 1.—Percent Changes in Real Gross Domestic Product by Industry Group, 1993–97

[Percent change from preceding period]

	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	Average annual rate of change, 1992–97
Gross domestic product	2.3	3.5	2.3	3.4	3.9	3.1
Private industries	2.7	4.5	2.3	3.8	4.5	3.6
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing	-9.0	16.4	-10.9	7.6	11.7	2.6
Mining	4.6	6.3	4.8	-4.2	6.7	3.6
Construction	2.0	6.6	1.8	5.6	2.2	3.6
Manufacturing Durable goods Nondurable goods	3.5 6.1 .4	8.4 10.4 6.0	6.6 8.3 4.4	5.8		5.2 7.9 1.9
Transportation and public utilities Transportation Communications Electric, gas, and sanitary services	4.4 4.3 6.6 2.5	5.8 6.6 3.0 7.9	1.4 .8 2.1 1.3	5.8 6.3 6.0 5.0		4.0 4.6 4.0 3.4
Wholesale trade	2.5	7.7	1.6	6.8	9.3	5.5
Retail trade	4.0	6.2	4.2	6.3	7.2	5.6
Finance, insurance, and real estate	2.3	1.9	.8	3.3	3.2	2.3
Services	1.9	2.7	3.9	3.4	3.7	3.1
Government	.3	.3	2	.1	.7	.2

^{4.} Annual and average annual growth rates for detailed industries are computed from the chain-type indexes that are shown in table 12. Percent changes in quantity indexes and chained dollars at all levels are the same and chained dollars are calculated from the quantity indexes. Real Gro estimates in chained (1992) dollars for detailed industries and industry groups

decreases in real growth. The largest decreases were also in durable goods manufacturing: Instruments and related products, down 7.7 percent, and "other transportation equipment," down 4.9 percent. Real growth in instruments and related products decreased each year.

In 1995, real GDP slowed to a 2.3-percent increase from a 3.5-percent increase in 1994. The growth in private-industry real GPO slowed to a 2.3-percent increase; from a 4.5-percent increase; all private industry groups except services contributed to the deceleration. Agriculture, forestry, and fishing declined 10.9 percent after increasing 16.4 percent. Services increased 3.9 percent after increasing 2.7 percent. Although manufacturing grew at a slower rate than in 1994, two of the fastest growing industry groups were durable goods manufacturing (8.3 percent) and nondurable goods manufacturing (4.4 percent).

By detailed industry, the fastest growing industries in 1995 were in manufacturing and services. In manufacturing, industrial machinery and equipment increased 23.8 percent; electronic and other electric equipment increased 22.6 percent; food and kindred products increased 18.1 percent, and petroleum and coal products increased 10.2 percent. In services, motion pictures grew 11.8 percent. Two industries decreased substantially: Farms in agriculture, forestry, and fishing, down 15.2 percent, and paper and allied products in manufacturing, down 14.8 percent.

In 1996, real GDP growth accelerated to 3.4 percent from 2.3 percent in 1995. The acceleration was mainly in agriculture, forestry, and fishing; construction; transportation and public utilities; wholesale trade; and retail trade. All industry groups except mining and nondurable goods manufacturing increased. Agriculture, forestry,

are shown in table 13. For information about the computation of the real GPO estimates, see the box "Computation of the Chain-Type Quantity Indexes for Double-Deflated Industries" in Robert E. Yuskavage, "Improved Estimates of Gross Product by Industry, 1959–94," SURVEY 76 (August 1996): 142.

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and fishing grew the fastest (7.6 percent), followed by wholesale trade (6.8 percent); mining declined 4.2 percent, and nondurable goods manufacturing declined 3.2 percent. The growth in agriculture, forestry, and fishing reflected large increases in the gross output and the gross product of farms. Transportation increased 6.3 percent after increasing 0.8 percent, and wholesale trade increased 6.8 percent after increasing 1.6 percent.

By detailed industry, the fastest growing industries in 1996 were in fire and in transportation and public utilities, and the slowest growing industries were in manufacturing. In fire, real GPO for security and commodity brokers increased 32.8 percent, and in transportation and public utilities, "pipelines, except natural gas" increased 29.0 percent. The two biggest declines in real GPO were in food and kindred products, down 16.0 percent, and in leather and leather products, down 12.9 percent.

In 1997, real GDP growth increased to 3.9 percent from 3.4 percent. The increase reflected increases in all industry groups. Agriculture, forestry, and fishing grew the fastest (11.7 percent), followed by wholesale trade (9.3 percent),

Table 2.—Contributions to Percent Change in Real Gross Domestic Product by Industry Group, 1993–97

	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	Average annual rate, 1992–97
Percent change: Gross domestic product	2.3	3.5	2.3	3.4	3.9	3.1
Percentage points: Private industries	2.3	3.8	2.0	3.3	3.9	3.1
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing	2	.3	2	.1	.2	0
Mining	.1	.1	.1	1	.1,	.1
Construction	.1	.2	.1	.2	.1	.1
Manufacturing Durable goods Nondurable goods	.6 .6 0	1.4 1.0 .5	1.2 .8 .3	.3 .6 2	.9	.9 .8 .1
Transportation and public utilities Transportation Communications Electric, gas, and sanitary services	.4 .1 .2 .1	.5 .2 .1 .2	.1 0 .1 0	.5 .2 .2 .1	.2 .2 .1	.3 .1 .1
Wholesale trade	.2	.5	.1	.5	.6	.4
Retail trade	.4	.5	.4	.6	.6	.5
Finance, insurance, and real estate	.4	.4	.1	.6	.6	.4
Services	.4	.5	.8	.7	.7	.6
Statistical discrepancy 1	.1	6	6	1	3	3
Government	0	0	0	0	.1	0
Not allocated by industry 2	0	4	.3	.1	1	1

Equals GDP measured as the sum of expenditures less gross domestic income.
 Equals GDP less the statistical discrepancy and the sum of GPO of the detailed industries.
 NOTE.—For information on the calculation of the contributions to percent change, see footnote in the text.

durable goods (9.1 percent), retail trade (7.2 percent), and mining (6.7 percent). Electric, gas, and sanitary services (0.5 percent) and nondurable goods manufacturing (1.9 percent) grew the slowest.

By detailed industry, the fastest growing industries in 1997 were in durable goods manufacturing: Electronic and other electric equipment, up 22.5 percent, and industrial machinery and equipment, up 17.5 percent. These two industries were also among the fastest growing industries in 1995 and in 1996.

Contributions to real GDP growth.— An industry's contribution to the growth of real GDP depends both on the industry's rate of growth and on the industry's relative size. (See the box "Using Chained-Dollar Estimates for Computing Contributions to Economic Growth: A Cautionary Note.") In 1992–97, durable goods manufacturing was the largest contributor, accounting for 0.8 percentage point of the 3.1-percent growth in real GDP; services was the next largest, 0.6 percentage point (table 2).5 In 1995, durable goods manufacturing and services each contributed 0.8 percentage point to the growth in

real gdp. In 1996, services contributed 0.7 percentage point, and durable goods, retail trade, and fire each contributed 0.6 percentage point. In 1997, durable goods manufacturing was again the largest contributor, 0.9 percentage point, and services was next, 0.7 percentage point.

Shares of current-dollar GDP

Shares in current dollars are a better indicator of an industry's relative size in the economy in any one period than shares in real dollars, because industry shares in real dollars—whether using weights from the period being measured (chained dollars) or weights from a single period (constant dollars)—depend on the choice of the base year and therefore are not good indicators of relative size in years other than the base year.

The share of GDP that is accounted for by private services-producing industries rose relative to that by goods-producing industries and by government. The share of private goods-producing industries increased from 24.0 percent in 1992 to 24.2 percent in 1997, and the share of private services-producing industries increased from 61.3 percent to 63.9 percent (table 3).6 The share accounted for by government fell from 14.0 percent

Table 3.—Gross Product by Industry Group in Current Dollars and As a Percentage of Gross Domestic Product, 1992–97

	Billions of dollars				Percent							
	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997
Gross domestic product	6,244.4	6,558.1	6,947.0	7,269.6	7,661.6	8,110.9	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Private industries	5,370.8	5,655.4	6,013.5	6,306.9	6,667.9	7,083.3	86.0	86.2	86.6	86.8	87.0	87.3
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing	112.4	106.1	119.2	109.5	130.4	131.7	1.8	1.6	1.7	√1.5	1.7	1.6
Mining	92.2	94.6	94.9	98.7	113.8	120.5	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5
Construction	229.7	242.4	268.7	286.4	311.9	328.8	3.7	3.7	3.9	3.9	4.1	4.1
Manufacturing Durable goods Nondurable goods	1,063.6 573.4 490.3	1,116.5 615.7 500.8	1,216.1 679.2 536.9	1,282.2 711.6 570.5	1,309.1 737.3 571.8	1,378.9 784.0 594.9	17.0 9.2 7.9	17.0 9.4 7.6	17.5 9.8 7.7	17.6 9.8 7.8	17.1 9.6 7.5	17.0 9.7 7.3
Transportation and public utilities	528.7 192.8 161.1 174.7	561.7 203.3 175.6 182.8	598.7 219.9 184.6 194.2	616.4 226.1 193.3 197.0	649.3 237.0 207.5 204.9	676.3 255.5 211.6 209.2	8.5 3.1 2.6 2.8	8.6 3.1 2.7 2.8	8.6 3.2 2.7 2.8	8.5 3.1 2.7 2.7	8.5 3.1 2.7 2.7	8.3 3.2 2.6 2.6
Wholesale trade	406.4	423.3	468.0	491.4	519.8	562.8	6.5	6.5	6.7	6.8	6.8	6.9
Retail trade	544.3	573.2	615.3	641.0	673.0	712.9	8.7	8.7	8.9	8.8	8.8	8.8
Finance, insurance, and real estate	1,147.9	1,218.1	1,267.6	1,362.3	1,448.6	1,570.3	18.4	18.6	18.2	18.7	18.9	19.4
Services	1,200.8	1,267.0	1,350.4	1,445.4	1,544.2	1,656.8	19.2	19.3	19.4	19.9	20.2	20.4
Statistical discrepancy 1	44.8	52.6	14.6	-26.5	-32.2	-55.8	.7	.8	.2	4	4	~ .7
Government	873.6	902.7	933.5	962.7	993.7	1,027.6	14.0	13.8	13.4	13.2	13.0	12.7
Addenda: Private goods-producing industries ² Private services-producing industries ³	1,497.9 3,828.1	1,559.6 4,043.2	1,698.9 4,300.0	1,776.8 4,556.6	1,865.1 4,835.0	1,959.9 5,179.1	24.0 61.3	23.8 61.7	24.5 61.9	24.4 62.7	24.3 63.1	24.2 63.9

Equals GDP measured as the sum of expenditures less gross domestic income.
 Consists of agriculture, forestry, and fishing; mining; construction; and manufacturing.

^{5.} For a description of the calculation of these contributions, see "Note on Computing Alternative Chained Dollar Indexes and Contributions to Growth" in J. Steven Landefeld and Robert P. Parker, "BEA's Chain Indexes, Time Series, and Measures of Long-Term Economic Growth," Survey 77 (May 1997): 63.

^{6.} Private-goods producing industries consist of agriculture, forestry, and fishing; mining; construction; and manufacturing. Private-services producing industries consist of transportation and public utilities; wholesale trade; retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

Consists of transportation and public utilities; wholesale trade; retail trade; finance, insurance,

to 12.7 percent; the fall was concentrated in Federal general government (table 10).⁷

The increase in the share of private services-producing industries was mostly accounted for by "services" and by fire; the share of services rose 1.2 percentage points, and that of fire rose 1.0 percentage point. In fire, the shares of security and commodity brokers and of insurance carriers both increased 0.5 percentage point. The share of wholesale trade increased from 6.5 percent to 6.9 percent. Manufacturing's share of GDP increased from 17.0 percent in 1992 to 17.6 percent in 1995, primarily reflecting durable goods, and then fell

back to 17.0 percent by 1997, primarily reflecting nondurable goods.

Composition of GPO

Current-dollar GPO is measured as the sum of costs incurred and incomes earned in production in each industry. It is equal to gross domestic income, whose components can be grouped into categories that approximate shares of labor and of capital. Differences over time and among industry groups in shares of labor and capital can be observed using these approximations. The labor share of production can be approximated using compensation of employees, which

Using Chained-Dollar Estimates for Computing Contributions to Economic Growth: A Cautionary Note

The Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) measures real output and prices using chain-type annual-weighted indexes computed with a Fisher formula. These measures, which were introduced in the most recent comprehensive revisions of the national income and product accounts and of the gross product originating by industry (GPO) estimates, allow for the effects of changes over time in relative prices and quantities. By eliminating the substitution bias inherent in the previously featured fixed-weighted measures of real output and prices, these new indexes provide significantly more

Exhibit 1.—Alternative Measures of Contributions to Real GDP Growth Based on Chained Dollars, 1977–82

[Percent]

Line		Contri- bution to change in GDP, 1992=100	Contri- bution to change in GDP, 1977=100	Percent- age points differ- ence
1	Gross domestic product	100.0	100.0	0
2	Agriculture, forestry, and fishing	4.2	7.3	-3.1
3	Mining	-1.0	-1.4	.4
4	Construction	-11.9	-11.0	9
5 6 7	Manufacturing Durable goods Nondurable goods	4.0 2.1 7.1	4.9 2.8 7.7	9 .7 6
8 9 10 11	Transportation and public utilities	9.6 .1 10.3 -1.9	10.4 .2 13.6 –1.6	8 1 -3.3 3
12	Wholesale trade	13.2	19.7	-6.5
13	Retail trade	6.8	7.5	- .7
14	Finance, insurance, and real estate	38.8	31.4	7.4
15	Services	36.5	27.6	8.9
16	Government	10.3	8.9	1.4
17	Residual ¹	-10.4	-7.1	-3.3

The residual line is the difference between the first line and the sum of the most detailed lines.
 NOTE.—Contributions to change are calculated by dividing the change in chained dollars for 1977–82 for each industry group by the change in chained dollars for GDP. This calculation is performed using chained (1992) dollars and chained (1977) dollars. This procedure differs from that used for the calculations of contributions to growth shown in NIPA table 8.2.

accurate measures of growth in real GDP and other major economic aggregates.¹

As a convenience for data users, BEA also prepares dollar-denominated real output series that are consistent with the chain-type indexes and that retain some of the computational advantages of constant-dollar series. The real chained (1992) dollar estimates for a GDP expenditure component or for a GPO industry are derived as the product of the chain-type quantity index (divided by 100) and the corresponding 1992 current-dollar value. Because the formula for the chain-type quantity indexes uses weights of more than one period, the corresponding chained-dollar estimates are usually not additive.

For many analytical purposes, these chained-dollar estimates are appropriate and informative. Growth rates and percent changes based on chained dollars are always equivalent to those derived from the quantity indexes and can be used confidently over any time period. Contributions to change computed from published chained dollars are usually appropriate for periods close to the reference year, especially for components or industries whose prices have not changed substantially relative to GDP prices.

However, if relative prices for individual GDP expenditure components or for GPO industries have changed substantially, then calculations of contributions to economic growth based on published chained-dollar estimates may be misleading and inappropriate even for short periods close to the reference year. Even for highly aggregated expenditure categories or for industry groups, the calculations will usually be misleading over long periods, because relative prices are likely to change substantially.²

The accompanying exhibit shows the contributions of industry groups to the change in real gdp for 1977–82 based on chained (1992) dollars and on chained (1977) dollars. (The period 1977–82 was chosen for illustrative purposes because it is relatively far from the

^{7.} In addition, the statistical discrepancy as a share of current-dollar gpr fell from 0.7 percent to -0.7 percent.

For more information, see J. Steven Landefeld and Robert P. Parker, "BEA'S Chain Indexes, Time Series, and Measures of Long-Term Economic Growth," Survey of Current Business 77 (May 1997): 58–68.

^{2.} Comparisons among the chained (1992) dollar estimates of components or industries may be particularly misleading for periods before 1982. For example, during the World War II era, the share of GDP accounted for by government consumption expenditures and gross investment increased substantially, and prices throughout the economy were tightly controlled and very different from postwar levels. These changes in the structure of the economy, while relatively short lived, seriously affect computations of contributions to GDP growth in this period.

consists of wage and salary accruals, employer contributions for social insurance, and other labor income. The capital share of production (property-type income) can be approximated using all the remaining components of GPO except indirect business tax and nontax liability, which is treated as a separate cost component because it is part of the pre-tax return to capital that accrues to government rather than to business. In levels, these cost components increased for all industry

groups, so the changes in shares reflect differences in growth rates among the cost components.

For the total economy, the share of GDP accounted for by compensation of employees decreased slightly, from 58.4 percent in 1992 to 57.8 percent in 1997, while the share of property-type income increased from 32.8 percent to 35.2 percent (table 11). The share of indirect business tax and nontax liability decreased from 8.1 percent to 7.7 percent. In 1992–97, the labor and capital shares of GPO and the change in these shares varied among industry groups. For manufacturing, the labor share of GPO declined 4.4 percentage points despite increases in full-time equivalent employment and compensation per

Using Chained-Dollar Estimates for Computing Contributions to Economic Growth: A Cautionary Note, Continued

reference year for published chained (1992) dollars.) Contributions to the change in real GDP were computed by dividing the change in chained dollars for an industry group by the change in chained dollars for GDP for the period. For many industry groups, the contributions are very similar using either 1977 or 1992 as the reference year, but for some industry groups, they differ substantially. As measured using chained (1992) dollars, services account for 37 percent of real GDP growth in 1977-82; as measured using chained (1977) dollarsa more appropriate (contemporaneous) reference period—services account for 28 percent. Similarly, the contribution of finance, insurance, and real estate (FIRE) is 39 percent based on chained (1992) dollars and 31 percent based on chained (1977) dollars. These differences arise because the GPO prices of services and of FIRE increased substantially relative to GDP prices from 1977 to 1992, whereas the GPO prices of most other industry groups declined relative to GDP prices. Thus, using the relative prices of 1992 for services and FIRE overstates their contribution to real economic growth in the earlier period.

The contributions to real GDP growth computed from chaineddollar estimates can be misleading not only for industry groups over long time periods, but also for detailed industries during periods of rapid changes in relative prices, even for periods that are relatively close to the chained-dollar reference year. To illustrate, the contributions of detailed industries to the change in GDP for 1997 were computed using the published chained (1992) dollars and using an alternative measure based on chained (1996) dollars. For most industries, the alternative measure yields the same or similar estimates of contributions to real GDP growth. However, for two industries for which gpo prices have increased much slower relative to gpp prices-industrial machinery and equipment (which includes computers) and electronic and other electric equipment (which includes semiconductors)—the contributions are substantially overstated using chained (1992) dollars: For industrial machinery and equipment, 11.6 percent, compared with 8.6 percent using chained (1996) dollars; and for electronic and other electric equipment, 17.5 percent, compared with 10.6 percent. Conversely, the contribution of the insurance carriers industry is somewhat understated—2.1 percent, compared with 2.7 percent—because the GPO price for this industry increased much faster than GDP prices.

For analyses of contributions to the change in real GDP, BEA strongly recommends the use of the published contribution-to-

growth tables. Table 2 in the monthly GDP news release and NIPA table 8.2, which is on page D-25 of this issue, provide accurate measures of the contributions of the major GDP expenditure components to the percent change in real GDP for all periods; these tables use exact formulas for attributing growth to the components of GDP. Table 2 in this article provides estimates of annual contributions to the percent change in real GDP for industry groups based on approximations to the exact formula. The estimates for each year are based on the prior year's current-dollar estimates, and the average annual contribution for 1992–97 is computed as the average of the annual percentage-point contributions.

For some analytical purposes, it may be desirable to compute contributions to growth for more than a single period or for aggregates other than GDP. Users can prepare close approximations of these contributions using chain-type annual-weighted indexes. In effect, users compute a chained-dollar series for a particular period using the percent changes in the chain-type annual-weighted indexes to compute chained-dollar series indexed to the current dollars of the reference period appropriate for the analysis (see footnote 1 for a reference to additional information on these calculations). Another alternative is to use the same procedure as that used for table 2 in this article. In table 2, the contributions of industry groups to real GDP growth for 1993 were computed by (1) extrapolating the 1992 estimates of current-dollar GDP and GPO by the percent changes in the corresponding GDP and GPO chain-type quantity indexes from 1992 to 1993, (2) calculating each industry group's percentage contribution to the change in real GDP for 1993 based on chained dollars, and (3) multiplying these percentages by the percent change in real GDP for 1993. The contributions for 1994 were computed by extrapolating the 1993 current-dollar estimates by the percent changes in the chain-type quantity indexes from 1993 to 1994. These estimates were then used to calculate the contribution of each industry group to the change in real GDP for 1994 based on chained (1993) dollars. As with the calculations for contributions to real GDP growth for 1993, these percentage contributions to growth for 1994 were then multiplied by the percent change in real GDP for 1994. This procedure was repeated to calculate each industry group's percentage-point contribution to real GDP growth for each year (1993, 1994, 1995, 1996, and 1997). The average annual contribution for 1992-97 was then computed for each industry group as the simple average of each year's percentage-point contribution.

^{8.} Property-type income is the sum of corporate profits, proprietors' income, rental income of persons, net interest, capital consumption allowances, business transfer payments, and the current surplus of government enterprises less subsidies. Proprietors' income is included in property-type income as a capital share of production; however, an unknown portion of proprietors' income represents a labor share of production.

full-time equivalent employee. Despite a long-term decline in labor's share of manufacturing GPO, labor's share increased 0.2 percentage point in 1997, the first increase since 1992. In 1992–97, the capital share of manufacturing GPO increased 5.0 percentage points. For durable goods manufacturing, the labor share dropped 7.0 percentage points, and the capital share increased by 7.3 percentage points.

The shifts in the labor and capital shares in mining, in agriculture, forestry, and fishing, and in wholesale trade were relatively large. In mining, the labor share decreased from 35.2 percent in 1992 to 29.9 percent in 1997, and the capital share rose from 53.2 percent to 61.1 percent. In agriculture, forestry, and fishing, the labor share increased from 27.3 percent to 32.0 percent, and the capital share decreased. In wholesale trade, the labor share decreased from 58.8 percent to 55.2 percent, and the capital share increased from 18.5 percent to 23.2 percent.

Revisions to the gpo Estimates

The revisions to current-dollar gpo and to real GPO growth rates by industry group for 1995 and 1996 are presented in table 4. The estimates reflect the revisions to the annual NIPA estimates and the incorporation of new and revised source data for gross output and prices. The revisions to the 1995 estimates were smaller than those to the 1996 estimates: GDP was revised up \$4.2 billion for 1995 and \$25.6 billion for 1996. The revisions to the 1996 current-dollar estimates reduced manufacturing's share of GDP by 0.4 percentage point; this reduction was offset by an increase in the share accounted for by the statistical discrepancy.10 The real gdp growth rate was revised up 0.3 percentage point for 1995 and up 0.6 percentage point for 1996. The revisions to real GPO growth rates for some industry groups were substantial, but the effects of these revisions on industry contributions to real GDP growth were generally small.

Current-dollar estimates

The revisions to current-dollar GPO largely reflect the annual NIPA revisions to the components of

^{10.} The share increased because the value of the statistical discrepancy was revised from -\$59.9 billion to -\$32.2 billion.

		Cui	rent-dollar	gross pro	duct		Real gross product						
		Billions of dollars						Percent change from preceding period					
		1995			1996			1995		1996			
	Pre- viously pub- lished	Revised	Revision	Pre- viously pub- lished	Revised	Revision	Pre- viously pub- lished	Revised	Revision	Pre- viously pub- lished	Revised	Revision	
Gross domestic product	7,265.4	7,269.6	4.2	7,636.0	7,661.6	25.6	2.0	2.3	0.3	2.8	3.4	0.6	
Private industries	6,301.3	6,306.9	5.6	6,639.8	6,667.9	28.1	2.7	2.3	4	2.9	3.8	.9	
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing	111.0	109.5	-1.5	129.8	130.4	.6	-6.5	-10.9	-4.4	.3	7.6	7.3	
Mining	99.8	98.7	-1.1	113.6	113.8	.2	5.7	4.8	9	-5.9	-4.2	1.7	
Construction	286.4	286.4	0	306.1	311.9	5.8	1.8	1.8	0	4.0	5.6	1.6	
Manufacturing	1,286.3 716.8 569.5	1,282.2 711.6 570.5	-4.1 -5.2 1.0	1,332.1 749.0 583.1	1,309.1 737.3 571.8	-23.0 -11.7 -11.3	6.7 8.9 4.1	6.6 8.3 4.4	1 6 .3	3.9 7.4 4	1.8 5.8 -3.2	-2.1 -1.6 -2.8	
Transportation and public utilities Transportation Communications Electric, gas, and sanitary services	622.4 228.7 191.6 202.0	616.4 226.1 193.3 197.0	-6.0 -2.6 1.7 -5.0	645.3 235.1 200.3 210.0	649.3 237.0 207.5 204.9	4.0 1.9 7.2 –5.1	1.7 .8 .9 3.4	1.4 .8 2.1 1.3	3 0 1.2 -2.1	2.5 2.2 1.8 3.7	5.8 6.3 6.0 5.0	3.3 4.1 4.2 1.3	
Wholesale trade	484.4	491.4	7.0	516.8	519.8	3.0	2.0	1.6	4	7.8	6.8	-1.0	
Retail trade	637.6	641.0	3.4	667.9	673.0	5.1	3.5	4.2	.7	4.2	6.3	2.1	
Finance, insurance, and real estate	1,361.3	1,362.3	1.0	1,448.5	1,448.6	.1	2.9	.8	-2.1	2.2	3.3	1.1	
Services	1,440.3	1,445.4	5.1	1,539.5	1,544.2	4.7	3.4	3.9	.5	3.4	3.4	0	
Statistical discrepancy 1	-28.2	-26.5	1.7	-59.9	-32.2	27.7		••••••					
Government	964.1	962.7	-1.4	996.3	993.7	-2.6	1	2	-,1	4	.1	.5	

Table 4.—Revisions to Gross Domestic Product by Industry Group, 1995-96

^{9.} For some analytical purposes, the labor and capital shares of gross output are more appropriate than the labor and capital shares of gro. For most industries, particularly for manufacturing, the labor and capital shares of gro are larger than the labor and capital shares of gross output, because gross output also includes intermediate inputs. For example, labor's share of manufacturing gross output was 22.6 percent in 1997, whereas labor's share of manufacturing gro was 63.6 percent.

^{1.} Equals GDP measured as the sum of expenditures less gross domestic income

gross domestic income and to the industry distributions of these components. Several of the income components with larger revisions mostly offset one another. The revisions to gross domestic income for 1995 include upward revisions to corporate profits before tax and corporate capital consumption allowances and downward revisions to supplements and net interest. The revisions to gross domestic income for 1996 include downward revisions of \$24.6 billion to supplements and of \$16.8 billion to net interest and smaller upward revisions to most of the other components.

For 1995, by industry group, the largest upward revisions were to wholesale trade, \$7.0 billion, and services, \$5.1 billion. The upward revision to wholesale trade mainly reflected an upward revision to indirect business tax and nontax liability, and the upward revision to services mainly reflected revisions to corporate capital consumption allowances. The largest downward revisions were to manufacturing, \$4.1 billion, and to electric, gas, and sanitary services, \$5.0 billion. The downward revision to manufacturing reflected a \$5.2 billion revision to durable goods, mainly to net interest and supplements; the revision to net interest was concentrated in electronic and other electric equipment and in motor vehicles and equipment, and the revision to supplements was concentrated in motor vehicles and equipment. The downward revision to electric, gas, and sanitary services reflected revisions to noncorporate and corporate capital consumption allowances.

For 1996, the largest upward revisions were to communications, \$7.2 billion, and to construction, \$5.8 billion. The revision to communications reflected upward revisions to net interest and to indirect business tax and nontax liability. The revision to construction reflected upward revisions to corporate profits before tax and to corporate capital consumption allowances.

The largest downward revision for 1996 was to manufacturing, down \$23.0 billion, reflecting large downward revisions to supplements and to corporate profits before tax and smaller downward revisions to noncorporate income and to business transfer payments. These revisions were partly offset by small upward revisions to noncorporate and corporate capital consumption allowances. Durable goods manufacturing was revised down \$11.7 billion, reflecting the large downward revision to supplements and smaller downward revisions to net interest, noncorporate income, and corporate profits before tax; these revisions were partly offset by upward revisions to

corporate and noncorporate capital consumption allowances. Nondurable goods manufacturing was revised down \$11.3 billion, mainly reflecting downward revisions to corporate profits before tax, noncorporate income, and business transfer payments.

In durable goods manufacturing, fabricated metal products were revised down \$5.1 billion, reflecting a downward revision to corporate profits before tax, and instruments and related products were revised up \$3.2 billion, reflecting an upward revision to corporate profits before tax. In nondurable goods manufacturing, food and kindred products were revised down \$6.6 billion and chemicals and allied products were revised down \$2.0 billion; both revisions reflected large downward revisions to corporate profits before tax.

Real growth rates

The revisions to real GPO growth rates for 1995 and 1996 primarily reflected the revisions to current-dollar GPO, and they also reflected the incorporation of new and revised source data for gross output and prices. By industry, the revisions to real GPO growth rates in both years were generally offsetting. However, the growth rate for

Data Availability

This article presents the summary estimates of gross product by industry. These estimates and more detailed estimates for 1947–97 are available on BEA'S Web site; go to <www.bea.doc.gov>, and click on Industry and Wealth data. They are also available online to subscribers to STAT-USA'S Economic Bulletin Board and Internet services (call 202–482–1986, or go to <www.stat-usa.gov>).

In addition, the estimates will be available on diskettes for \$20.00 each from BEA in late November.

- Gross Product by Industry, 1947–97—product number NDN–0219.
- Gross Output by Detailed Industry, 1977–97—product number NDN–0220.
- Manufacturing Industry Shipments, 1977–97 product number NDN–0221.
- Manufacturing Product Shipments, 1977–96 product number NDN–0222.

To order using Visa or MasterCard, call the BEA Order Desk at 1-800-704-0415 (outside the United States, call 202-606-9666). To order by mail, send a check made payable to "Bureau of Economic Analysis, BE-53," to BEA Order Desk, BE-53, Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, DC 20230.

Table 5.—Percent Changes in Chain-Type Quantity Indexes by Industry Group, 1993–97

[Percent change from preceding period]

	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	Average annual rate of change, 1992–97
Gross domestic product	2.3	3.5	2.3	3.4	3.9	3.1
Private industries 1	2.7	4.5	2.3	3.8	4.5	3.6
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing: Gross output	-2.4	8.3	-3.0	4.0	6.5	2.6
	4.0	1.2	4.8	1.0	2.0	2.6
	-9.0	16.4	-10.9	7.6	11.7	2.6
Mining: Gross output Intermediate inputs Gross product	.7	2.3	8	1.6	2.9	1.3
	-4.3	-3.5	-9.3	11.8	-3.0	-1.9
	4.6	6.3	4.8	-4.2	6.7	3.6
Construction: Gross output Intermediate inputs Gross product	2.5	4.1	.6	4.8	3.7	3.1
	3.1	1.3	8	3.8	5.6	2.6
	2.0	6.6	1.8	5.6	2.2	3.6
Manufacturing: Gross output Intermediate inputs Gross product	3.5	5.7	5.0	3.4	6.8	4.9
	3.5	4.2	4.1	4.4	7.3	4.7
	3.5	8.4	6.6	1.8	5.9	5.2
Durable goods: Gross output Intermediate inputs Gross product Nondurable goods:	5.7	8.3	7.6	6.5	9.6	7.5
	5.4	7.1	7.2	6.9	9.9	7.3
	6.1	10.4	8.3	5.8	9.1	7.9
Gross output	1.3	2.8	2.0	0	3.6	1.9
	1.7	1.2	.8	1.7	4.5	2.0
	.4	6.0	4.4	–3.2	1.9	1.9
Transportation and public utilities ¹ Transportation ¹	4.4	5.8	1.4	5.8	2.9	4.0
	4.3	6.6	.8	6.3	5.1	4.6
Gross output	5.0	4.5	6.3	9.7	8.5	6.8
	1.9	7.6	13.9	15.9	17.7	11.3
	6.6	3.0	2.1	6.0	2.6	4.0
services: Gross output Intermediate inputs Gross product	.9	-1.3	1.1	0	2	.1
	-1.9	-19.0	.6	-12.6	-2.3	-7.4
	2.5	7.9	1.3	5.0	.5	3.4
Wholesale trade: Gross output Intermediate inputs Gross product	4.8	6.0	5.9	3.1	4.4	4.8
	10.1	2.3	15.2	-3.9	-5.7	3.3
	2.5	7.7	1.6	6.8	9.3	5.5
Retail trade: Gross output Intermediate inputs Gross product	4.3	5.1	3.0	4.3	4.2	4.2
	4.8	3.2	.9	.9	9	1.8
	4.0	6.2	4.2	6.3	7.2	5.6
Finance, insurance, and real estate 1	2.3	1.9	.8	3.3	3.2	2.3
Services 1	1.9	2.7	3.9	3.4	3.7	3.1
Government 1	.3	.3	2	.1	.7	.2
Addenda: Private goods-producing industries 2:						
Gross output	2.7	5.5	3.8	3.6	6.3	4.4
	3.1	3.5	3.4	4.4	6.6	4.2
	2.0	8.5	4.2	2.4	5.7	4.5
Private services-producing industries 1.3	2.9	3.9	2.4	4.4	4.5	3.6

Gross product quantity index. Estimates for gross output and for intermediate inputs are not shown for this industry group, because data are not available. See footnote 11 in the text.
 Consists of agriculture, forestry, and fishing; mining; construction; and manufacturing.
 Consists of transportation and public utilities; wholesale trade; retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

agriculture, forestry, and fishing gpo was revised down 4.4 percentage points for 1995 and up 7.3 percentage points for 1996; and the growth rate for transportation and public utilities GPO was revised up 3.3 percentage points for 1996. For agriculture, forestry, and fishing, the 1995 revision reflected downward revisions to both farms and agricultural services, forestry, and fishing, and the 1996 revision reflected an upward revision to farms. For transportation and public utilities, the 1996 upward revision reflected upward revisions of 4.1 percentage points to transportation and of 4.2 percentage points to communications. The revision to transportation reflected an upward revision to trucking and warehousing, transportation by air, and "pipelines, except natural gas," and the revision to communications reflected an upward revision to telephone and telegraph.

Gross Output and Intermediate Inputs by Industry

This section presents new estimates of gross output and intermediate inputs by industry for 1997 and revised estimates for 1995–96. First, it presents current-dollar estimates of gross output and intermediate inputs and their relationship to current-dollar GPO. Second, it presents chaintype quantity indexes for gross output and intermediate inputs and discusses how these indexes are related to the GPO quantity indexes.

The estimates of gross output and intermediate inputs by industry, which are shown in tables 14–16, are prepared for those industries for which the double-deflation method is used to compute real GPO.¹¹ Gross output by industry measures an industry's total output (sales, receipts, and other operating income). Intermediate inputs by industry measures an industry's total use of secondary factors of production (the energy, raw materials, semifinished goods, and services that are purchased from other industries or imported).

Current-dollar GPO by industry is the difference between an industry's current-dollar gross output and its current-dollar intermediate inputs. It represents the return to an industry's primary factors of production (labor and capital), as measured by its compensation of employees, indirect business tax and nontax liability, and property-type income. Because GPO excludes intermediate inputs,

^{11.} For other industries, the source data are not adequate for preparing gross output estimates. For more information on the double-deflation method, see Yuskavage, "Improved Estimates," 142–145.

it avoids double-counting in measuring industry output.

Real growth in an industry's gross output and intermediate inputs is measured using a chaintype quantity index. Quantity indexes for gross output and intermediate inputs are computed from detailed data on sales, purchases, and prices using a Fisher chain-type quantity-index-number formula. (Percent changes in the indexes and in the chain-type quantity index for GPO are presented by industry group in table 5.) Because industry gross output is produced using both primary and secondary factors of production, the percent change in an industry's GPO quantity index depends positively on the percent change in its gross output quantity index and negatively on the percent change in its intermediate inputs quantity index. The weights of these gross output and intermediate inputs growth rates are determined by the relative levels of an industry's current-dollar gross output and intermediate inputs.12 For example, the 1992-97 average annual growth rate for telephone and telegraph GPO, 4.4 percent, lags the relatively strong growth in this industry's gross output quantity index, 8.0 percent, because its intermediate inputs quantity index increased 14.5 percent, reflecting falling prices for intermediate inputs. Similarly, the average annual decline of 7.7 percent for instruments and related products gpo results from a 3.0-percent increase in this industry's gross output quantity index that was more than offset by a 9.8-percent increase in its intermediate inputs quantity index, partly reflecting falling prices for semiconductor inputs.

GPO Prices and Unit Costs

This section presents new estimates of gpo prices and unit costs by industry for 1997 and revised estimates for 1995-96. First, it presents gpo price indexes, including a discussion of contributions to gpo price change and a discussion of the relationship among GPO, gross output, and intermediate inputs price indexes. Second, it defines and presents estimates of unit costs by industry.

GPO prices

The GPO price index for an industry represents the implicit price of its primary factors of production (labor and capital). For most industries and industry groups, the GPO price index is computed using a Fisher chain-type price-indexnumber formula. For some industries, the index is an implicit price deflator because of data lim-The GPO price index estimates are presented in table 12, and the percent changes by industry group, in table 6.

Table 6.—Percent Changes in Chain-Type Price Indexes by Industry Group, 1993–97

[Percent change from preceding period]

įr ercent change in	nii pie	Jean 19	penou.	J.		
	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	Average annual rate of change, 1992–97
Gross domestic product	2.6	2.4	2.3	1.9	1.9	2.2
Private industries 1	2.5	1.8	2.5	1.9	1.7	2.1
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing: Gross output Intermediate inputs Gross product	2.6	6	2.0	8.3	-3.6	1.7
	1.9	2.2	1.0	6.2	2.2	2.7
	3.7	-3.5	3.1	10.7	-9.6	.6
Mining: Gross output Intermediate inputs Gross product	5	-3.9	.3	16.4	2	2.2
	1.3	-1.2	1.8	10.4	.7	2.5
	-1.9	-5.7	7	20.2	7	1.9
Construction: Gross output Intermediate inputs Gross product	3.2	3.5	4.0	2.5	3.2	3.3
	3.0	3.0	3.2	1.6	3.1	2.8
	3.5	4.0	4.7	3.1	3.2	3.7
Manufacturing: Gross output Intermediate inputs Gross product	1.0	1.2	2.3	2	8	.7
	.8	1.7	4.2	5	-1.0	1.0
	1.4	.5	–1.1	.3	5	.1
Durable goods: Gross output Intermediate inputs Gross product Nondurable goods:	1.1	1.3	.1	-2.4	-1.6	3
	1.1	2.1	2.2	-2.5	-1.1	.3
	1.2	0	–3.3	-2.1	-2.5	-1.3
Gross output	.9	1.2	4.8	2.5	.1	1.9
	.5	1.2	6.5	1.9	9	1.8
	1.7	1.1	1.8	3.5	2.1	2.0
Transportation and public utilities ¹ Transportation ¹ Communications:	1.8	.7	1.6	4	1.3	1.0
	1.1	1.5	2.0	-1.3	2.5	1.1
Gross output	1.3	.6	2.2	-1.1	-2.0	.2
	5	-2.2	2.2	-4.8	-3.0	-1.7
	2.2	2.2	2.5	1.3	6	1.5
Gross output	2.6	7	7	1.4	1.7	.9
	3.7	1.0	2.9	8.3	1.9	2.3
	2.1	-1.5	.2	-1.0	1.6	.3
Wholesale trade: Gross output Intermediate inputs Gross product	1.8	2.7	3.4	.1	1	1.6
	2.3	2.6	3.6	2.2	1.9	2.5
	1.6	2.7	3.3	–.9	-1.0	1.1
Retail trade: Gross output Intermediate inputs Gross product	1.5	1.6	1.1	.1	.1	.9
	2.1	2.5	2.9	2.5	2.5	2.5
	1.2	1.1	0	–1.3	–1.1	0
Finance, insurance, and real estate 1	3.7	2.1	6.6	2.9	5.0	4.1
Services 1	3.6	3.8	3.0	3.4	3.5	3.4
Government 1	3.1	3.1	3.3	3.1	2.7	3.1
Addenda: Private goods-producing industries 2: Gross output	1.5 1.2 2.1	1.2 1.8 .4 2.4	2.4 3.9 .3	1.2 .3 2.5	5 5 6	1.1 1.3 .9
moustres	2.6	2.4	3.5	1.6	2.5	2.5

Gross product price index. Estimates for gross output and for intermediate inputs are not shown for this industry group, because data are not available. See footnote 11 in the text.
 Consists of agriculture, forestry, and fishing; mining; construction; and manufacturing.
 Consists of transportation and public utilities; wholesale trade; retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

^{12.} For the Fisher chain-type quantity index, these weights change each

For those industries for which the GPO price index is computed using a Fisher chain-type price-index-number formula, an industry's price index can be used in combination with its quantity index to separate changes in current-dollar GPO into price changes and quantity changes. For example, the 1992–97 average annual growth of 5.3 percent in current-dollar manufacturing GPO can be viewed as the product of a 0.1-percent growth in the manufacturing GPO price index (table 6) and a 5.2-percent growth in the manufacturing GPO quantity index (table 5)—that is, $1.053 = 1.001 \times 1.052$.

The chain-type price index for gross domestic product (GDP) increased at an average annual rate of 2.2 percent in 1992–97; private industries increased 2.1 percent, and government increased 3.1 percent (table 6). Among the private industry groups, the GPO price index for durable goods manufacturing declined 1.3 percent. The increases in the GPO price indexes for all industry groups except manufacturing and retail trade ranged from 0.3 percent for electric, gas, and sanitary services to 4.1 percent for FIRE.

The average annual 1992–97 GPO price change for private services-producing industries (2.5 percent) exceeded the GDP price change, and the GPO price change for private goods-producing industries (0.9 percent) was less than the GDP price change. The slower growth in the index for private goods-producing industries than in the index for private services-producing industries continues a trend that began in 1982. Exceptions to this trend were in 1989 and 1996.

In 1997, the GPO price index for private industries increased 1.7 percent, slightly less than the 1.9-percent increase in the GDP price index. The price index for manufacturing declined, as a decrease in durable goods prices was partly offset by an increase in nondurable goods prices. The price indexes for three other industry groups that are involved in the distribution of goods to customers increased less than the GDP price index or decreased: Electric, gas, and sanitary services (1.6 percent), wholesale trade (-1.0 percent), and retail trade (-1.1 percent). FIRE (5.0 percent) and services (3.5 percent) were among the industry groups for which the GPO price index increased more than the GDP price index.¹³

Contributions to change.—GPO prices can be used to assess an industry's contribution to the change in GDP prices. This contribution depends on

the industry's size relative to GDP and on the growth rate of its GPO price index.¹⁴ In 1992–97. the largest contributors to the change in the GDP price index were FIRE (0.8 percentage point) and services (0.7 percentage point), both of which were large and rapidly growing industry groups (table 7). Government contributed 0.4 percentage point.¹⁵ Manufacturing prices were unchanged, so their contribution to the GDP price change was o.o percentage point. Durable goods manufacturing contributed -0.1 percentage point; since 1995, the contribution of durable goods manufacturing to GDP price change has been negative, partly reflecting the rapid decline in prices for computers, digital telephone switching equipment, and semiconductors.

Table 7.—Contributions to Percent Change in the Chain-Type Price Index for Real Gross Domestic Product by Industry Group, 1993–97

	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	Average annual rate, 1992–97
Percent change: Gross domestic product	2.6	2.4	2.3	1.9	1.9	2.2
Percentage points: Private industries	2.2	1.5	2.2	1.6	1.4	1.8
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing	.1	1	.1	.2	2	0
Mining	0	1	0	.3	0	0
Construction	.1	.1	.2	.1	.1	.1
Manufacturing Durable goods Nondurable goods	.2 .1 .1	0 0 .1	2 3 .1	.1 2 .3	1 2 .2	0 1 .2
Transportation and public utilities Transportation Communications Electric, gas, and sanitary	.1 0 .1	.1 0 .1	.1 .1 .1	000 0	.1 .1 0	.1 0 0
services	.1					
Wholesale trade	.1	.2	.2	1	1	.1
Retail trade	.1	.1	0	1	1	0
Finance, insurance, and real estate	.7	.4	1.2	.6	1.0	.8
Services	.7	.7	.6	.7	.7	.7
Statistical discrepancy 1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Government	.4	.4	.4	.4	.3	.4
Not allocated by industry 2	0	.4	4	2	.1	1

Equals GDP measured as the sum of expenditures less gross domestic income.
 Equals GDP less the statistical discrepancy and the sum of GPO of the detailed industries.
 NOTE.—For information on the calculation of the contributions to percent change, see footnote 14 in the text.

The price indexes for FIRE and services are implicit price deflators because of data limitations.

^{14.} For a description of the calculation of these contributions, see the reference in footnote 5. The procedure described in the reference was modified to replace the chain-type quantity index with the chain-type price index.

^{15.} The GPO price index for government is an implicit price deflator computed as current-dollar GPO divided by real (chained-dollar) GPO. For general government, which includes most of government, current-dollar GPO consists of compensation of employees and the consumption of fixed capital, which measures the services of general government fixed assets. Real consumption of fixed capital is estimated by direct deflation using price indexes from the NIPA's. Real compensation of employees is estimated by extrapolating base-year current-dollar values by an indicator of labor input.

Gross output prices and intermediate inputs prices. -Price indexes for gross output and intermediate inputs, which are presented in tables 15 and 16, are computed from detailed data on sales, purchases, and prices using a Fisher chain-type price-index-number formula. Like the relationship among percent changes in the chain-type quantity indexes for GPO, gross output, and intermediate inputs, the percent change in an industry's GPO price index depends positively on the percent change in its gross output price index and negatively on the percent change in its intermediate inputs price index. The weights of these gross output and intermediate inputs growth rates are determined by the relative levels of an industry's current-dollar gross output and intermediate inputs.16 For example, the 1992-97 average annual decline of 4.0 percent in the GPO price index for "pipelines, except natural gas" is attributable to a 1.4-percent decline in this industry's gross output price index and a 2.5-percent increase in its intermediate inputs price index. Similarly, the average annual growth of 9.0 percent in the GPO price index for instruments and related products is attributable to a 0.9-percent increase in this industry's gross output price index and a 3.3-percent decline in its intermediate inputs price index, partly reflecting falling prices for semiconductor inputs.

Unit costs

The GPO chain-type price index for an industry represents the implicit price of its primary factors of production; therefore, an industry's GPO price index can be used in combination with its current-dollar GPO components to assess each component's contribution to total industry labor and capital costs.¹⁷

The GPO measures of unit costs are computed by dividing current-dollar GPO and its components by real (chained-dollar) GPO.¹⁸ The resulting quotients are the GPO chain-type price index and the part of the price index that is associated with each component. GPO unit-cost measures by private industry group are presented in table 8.¹⁹ When the percent change in the unit cost for a component is greater than the percent

change in the GPO price index, the relative importance of that component in the industry cost structure has increased. Percent changes in unit costs by private industry group are presented in table 9.

The cost per unit of GPO for private industries increased 2.1 percent in 1992–97. Compensation

Table 8.—Current-Dollar Cost Per Unit of Real Gross Product Originating by Private Industry Group, 1992–97 (Dollars)

	[Dollars	Sj				
	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997
Total	1.000	1.025	1.043	1.070	1.090	1.108
employeesIndirect business tax and	.543	.556	.559	.572	.579	.592
nontax liability	.095	.097	.099	.098	.099	.097
Property-type income	.362	.371	.386	.400	.412	.419
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing Compensation of employees Indirect business tax and nontax	1.000 .273	1.037 .321	1.001 .292	1.031 .349	1.141 .347	1.032 .329
liability	.053	.058	.054	.064	.062	.058
Property-type income	.674	.658	.655	.618	.732	.645
Mining Compensation of employees Indirect business tax and nontax	1.000	.981	.925	.919	1.105	1.097
	.353	.335	.318	.306	.327	.328
liability	.116	.110	.102	.094	.107	.099
Property-type income	.531	.536	.505	.519	.671	.670
Construction	1.000	1.035	1.076	1.126	1.162	1.198
	.691	.705	.729	.761	.778	.829
liability	.022	.023	.023	.024	.024	.024
Property-type income	.287	.307	.324	.341	.360	.345
Manufacturing Compensation of employees Indirect business tax and nontax	1.000	1.014	1.019	1.008	1.012	1.007
	.680	.684	.664	.640	.641	.641
liability	.042	.042	.040	.037	.038	.036
Property-type income	.278	.288	.316	.331	.333	.330
Durable goods	1.000	1.012	1.012	.979	.959	.935
	.766	.755	.725	.692	.666	.651
nontax liability	.026	.026	.024	.023	.023	.022
Property-type income	.208	.231	.262	.264	.270	.262
Nondurable goods Compensation of employees Indirect business tax and	1.000 .580	1.017 .597	1.029 .585	1.047 .571	1.083 .602	1.107 .618
nontax liability	.060	.062	.059	.056	.059	.058
Property-type income	.360	.359	.384	.420	.422	.431
Transportation and public utilities Compensation of employees Indirect business tax and nontax	1.000 .454	1.018 .455	1.025 .455	1.041 .467	1.037 .458	1.050 .472
liability	.101	.101	.104	.104	.099	.104
Property-type income	.445	.462	.467	.470	.480	.474
Wholesale trade Compensation of employees Indirect business tax and nontax	1.000	1.016	1.043	1.078	1.068	1.058
	.588	.588	.579	.606	.595	.584
liability	.227	.238	.248	.252	.245	.229
Property-type income	.185	.191	.216	.220	.228	.245
Retail trade Compensation of employees Indirect business tax and nontax	1.000	1.012	1.024	1.023	1.011	.999
	.610	.609	.608	.611	.600	.591
liability	.185	.188	.189	.192	.190	.184
Property-type income	.206	.215	.226	.220	.221	.224
Finance, insurance and real estate Compensation of employees Indirect business tax and nontax	1.000 .242	1.037 .256	1.059 .259	1.129 .269	1.163 .284	1.221 .299
liability	.142	.146	.148	.147	.150	.149
Property-type income	.616	.636	.651	.713	.729	.773
Services	1.000	1.036	1.075	1.107	1.145	1.185
	.716	.749	.773	.805	.832	.864
liability	.025	.027	.028	.028	.029	.029
Property-type income	.259	.260	.274	.274	.284	.292

NOTE.—Current-dollar cost per unit of real gross product originating (GPO) equals the GPO price index divided by 100.

^{16.} For the Fisher chain-type price index, these weights change each period.

^{17.} See the section "Composition of ${\tt GPO}$."

^{18.} Current-dollar cost per unit of real GPO equals the GPO price index divided by 100.

^{19.} These unit cost measures differ from the unit labor cost and unit nonlabor cost series published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) because of differences in the definition of output. See Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, BLS Handbook of Methods, Bulletin 2490 (Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, April 1997).

of employees per unit of GPO (unit labor costs) increased 1.7 percent. Unit costs for indirect business tax and nontax liability increased 0.4 percent, and unit costs for property-type income increased 3.0 percent. The larger increase in the unit costs for property-type income indicates that

Table 9.—Percent Changes in Current-Dollar Cost Per Unit of Real Gross Product Originating for Private Industry Groups, 1993–1997

	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	Average annual rate of change, 1992–97
Total	2.5 2.4	1.8 .5	2.5 2.4	1.9 1.3	1.7 2.1	2.1 1.7
nontax liability	2.1	2.1	7	.5	-1.3	.4
Property-type income	2.5	4.0	3.6	3.1	1.8	3.0
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing Compensation of employees Indirect business tax and nontax	3.7	-3.5	3.1	10.7	-9.6	.6
	17.6	-9.0	19.6	5	-5.1	3.8
liability Property-type income	9.4	6.9	18.7	-3.9	-6.5	1.8
	-2.4	5	-5.6	18.5	-12.0	9
Mining	-1.9	-5.7	7	20.2	7	1.9
	-5.1	-5.1	-4.0	6.8	.4	-1.5
liability	-5.2	-7.3	-8.0	14.3	-7.8	-3.1
	.9	-5.8	2.9	29.2	2	4.8
Construction	3.5	4.0	4.7	3.1	3.2	3.7
	2.0	3.4	4.5	2.2	6.6	3.7
liabilityProperty-type income	4.5	0	3.6	1	3.0	1.8
	7.0	5.5	5.4	5.4	-4.2	3.8
Manufacturing Compensation of employees Indirect business tax and nontax	1.4	.5	-1.1	.3	5	.1
	.6	–2.9	-3.6	.2	1	–1.2
liability Property-type income	0	-4.8	-6.0	.6	-3.4	-3.0
	3.6	9.7	4.8	.6	-1.0	3.5
Durable goods Compensation of employees Indirect business tax and nontax	1.2	0	-3.3	-2.1	-2.5	-1.3
	-1.4	-4.0	-4.6	-3.8	-2.3	-3.2
liability Property-type income Nondurable goods Compensation of employees	0	-7.7	-4.9	-1.6	-4.2	-3.3
	11.1	13.4	.7	2.4	-2.9	4.7
	1.7	1.1	1.8	3.5	2.1	2.0
	2.9	-2.0	-2.4	5.5	2.6	1.3
Indirect business tax and nontax liability	3.3	-4.8	-5.5	4.7	8	7
	3	7.0	9.2	.7	1.9	3.7
Transportation and public utilities Compensation of employees Indirect business tax and nontax	1.8	.7	1.6	4	1.3	1.0
	.2	0	2.7	-1.8	3.0	.8
liabilityProperty-type income	0	3.0	.6	-5.2	5.1	.6
	3.8	1.1	.7	2.1	-1.2	1.3
Wholesale trade	1.6	2.7	3.3	9	-1.0	1.1
	0	-1.5	4.6	-1.8	-1.8	1
liability	4.8	4.2	1.3	-2.5	-6.7	.2
Property-type income	3.2	13.1	2.3	3.3	7.4	5.8
Retail trade	1.2	1.1	0	-1.3	-1.1	0
	2	2	.5	-1.9	-1.5	6
liability Property-type income	1.6	.5	1.5	-1.2	-2.9	1
	4.4	5.1	-2.6	.4	1.4	1.7
Finance, insurance, and real estate Compensation of employees Indirect business tax and nontax	3.7 5.8	2.1 1.2	6.6 3.9	2.9 5.5	5.0 5.3	4.1 4.3
liability Property-type income	2.8	1.4	-1.0	1.9	4	1.0
	3.2	2.4	9.5	2.2	6.0	4.6
Services	3.6	3.8	3.0	3.4	3.5	3.4
	4.6	3.2	4.2	3.3	3.9	3.8
liability	8.0	3.7	1.5	3.3	.2	3.0
	.4	5.4	.1	3.5	2.6	2.4

capital costs became a larger part of GPO unit costs during the period—that is, the return to capital per unit of gross product increased.

By industry, unit labor costs declined in four private industry groups: Mining, durable goods manufacturing, wholesale trade, and retail trade. Unit labor costs increased in all the other private industry groups. In agriculture, forestry, and fishing, in fire, and in services, the increases in unit labor costs were larger than the increases in total unit costs.

The largest declines in unit labor costs were in industry groups engaged in the production and distribution of goods. In manufacturing, unit labor costs declined at an average annual rate of 1.2 percent, compared with a 0.1-percent increase in total unit costs. Unit labor costs in durable goods manufacturing declined 3.2 percent, while total unit costs declined 1.3 percent. In transportation and public utilities, the percent changes in unit labor costs were smaller than the percent changes in total unit costs; in wholesale trade, unit labor costs declined, while total unit costs increased; and in retail trade, unit labor costs declined, while total unit costs were unchanged.

In 1997, unit labor costs increased 2.1 percent in all private industries, while total unit costs increased 1.7 percent. Unit labor costs increased in all private industry groups except agriculture, forestry, and fishing; durable goods manufacturing; wholesale trade; and retail trade. Unit labor costs in manufacturing declined 0.1 percent: Durable goods manufacturing fell 2.3 percent, marking the fifth consecutive year that unit labor costs fell in this industry group, but nondurable goods manufacturing increased. The largest increases in unit labor costs were in construction, FIRE, and services. In construction, unit labor costs rose faster than total unit costs for the first time since 1992, while unit costs for propertytype income decreased (4.2 percent) for the first time since 1992.

Changes in the Methodology

This section of the article describes changes in source data and estimating methods that affect the GPO estimates.²⁰

NIPA sources

The GPO estimates incorporate several changes in methodology from the annual revision of the

^{20.} For a detailed description of the GPO methodology, see Yuskavage, "Improved Estimates," 143–149.

NIPA's released in July 1998. These changes include an improved adjustment to remove capital gains from the trading-account activity of security brokers and dealers, and new gross output price measures for several services components of personal consumption expenditures (PCE).21 The capital gains adjustment affected the estimates of current-dollar GPO and gross output of security and commodity brokers. The new PCE price measures incorporated the new geometric-meantype consumer price indexes from the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS). These new PCE deflators affected the estimates of gross output and prices. For example, the PCE price index for "auto rental, leasing, and other," which now incorporates the BLS prices at a more detailed level, was used to

derive real gross output estimates for the auto repair, services, and parking industry.

GPO sources

The GPO estimates of real gross output and real intermediate inputs incorporate BEA's price indexes for semiconductors and extend them to 1997 using producer price indexes from BLS.²² For digital telephone-switching equipment, the BEA price index was extended to 1997 using the price index developed for the NIPA's. The new price index that was developed for PCE cellular telephone services was used to separately deflate cellular telephone services in the telephone and telegraph industry.

Tables 10 through 16 follow.

^{21.} See Seskin, "Annual Revision of the National Income and Product

^{22.} Semiconductor prices also affect exports and imports in the NIPA's.

Table 10.—Gross Domestic Product by Industry in Current Dollars and As a Percentage of Gross Domestic Product, 1992–97

Line				Billions o	of dollars					Perc	ent		
rine		1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997
1	Gross domestic product	6,244.4	6,558.1	6,947.0	7,269.6	7,661.6	8,110.9	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
2	Private industries	5,370.8	5,655.4	6,013.5	6,306.9	6,667.9	7,083.3	86.0	86.2	86.6	86.8	87.0	87.3
3	Agriculture, forestry, and fishing	112.4 80.5	106.1 73.0	119.2 83.5	109.5 72.3	130.4 91.6	131.7 90.2	1.8 1.3	1.6 1.1	1.7 1.2	1.5 1.0	1.7 1.2	1.6 1.1
5	Agricultural services, forestry, and fishing	31.9	33.1	35.7	37.2	38.8	41.5	.5	.5	.5	.5	.5	.5
6	Mining Metal mining	92.2 5.5	94.6 5.0	94.9 5.9	98.7 6.7	113.8 6.1	1 20.5 5.8	1.5 .1	1.4 .1	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5 .1
8 9	Coal mining Oil and gas extraction	13.6 65.0	12.4 69.1	13.1 66.7	12.0 70.5	12.9 84.3	13.2 90.1	1.0	.2 1.1	1.0	1.0	.2 1.1	 2 1.1
10	Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	8.2	8.1	9.2	9.4	10.4	11.4	.1	[:"	.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
11	Construction	229.7	242.4	268.7	286.4	311.9	328.8	3.7	3.7	3.9	3.9	4.1	4.1
12 13	Manufacturing Durable goods	1,063.6 573.4	1,116.5 615.7	1,216.1 679.2	1,282.2 711.6	1,309.1 737.3	1,378.9 784.0	17.0	17.0 9.4	17.5 9.8	17.6 9.8	17.1 9.6	17.0 9.7
14	Lumber and wood products	32.0	34.6	38.4	40.9	39.1	42.8	9.2 .5 .3	.5	.6	.6 .3	.5	.5 .3
15 16	Furniture and fixturesStone, clay, and glass products	16.2 25.1	17.7 25.1 42.0	18.5 28.8	19.4 30.2	20.5 31.3	22.1 33.7	.41	.3	.3	.4	.3 .4	.3 .4
17 18	Primary metal industries	39.0 70.1	42.0 73.7	46.3 84.2	51.7 87.6	51.5 93.1	53.2 99.3	.6 1.1	.6 1.1	.7 1.2	i .7 I	.7	.4 .7
19	Industrial machinery and equipment	108.6	110.9	122.3	141.5	148.8	158.9	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.2 1.9	1.2 1.9	1.2 2.0
20	Electronic and other electric equipment	98.6 52.8	114.6 71.5	132.9 87.4	136.7 85.2	141.6 82.4	157.3 85.4	1.6 .8	1.7 1.1	1.9 1.3	1.9 1.2	1.8 1.1	1.9 1.1
22	Other transportation equipment	56.5	53.5	49.5	46.1	49.0	50.7	.9 .9	.8	.7	.6	.6	.6 .7
20 21 22 23 24	Instruments and related products	54.2 20.1	50.9 21.1	48.7 22.2	49.1 23.3	55.5 24.6	55.9 24.8	.9 .3	.8 .3	.7 .3	.7	.7 .3	.7 .3
25	Nondurable goods	490.3	500.8	536.9	570.5	571.8	594.9	7.9	7.6	7.7	7.8 1.7	7.5	7.3
25 26 27 28 29 30	Food and kindred products	102.1 18.4	103.2 15.2	109.6 16.3	123.2 17.3	116.0 17.0	118.5 18.4	1.6 .3	1.6 .2	1.6 .2	1.7	1.5	7.3 1.5 2 .3 .4 .7
28	Textile mill products	25.4 27.2	25.5	25.4 28.2	24.5 27.4	24.7	25.5 28.4	.4	.4	.4	.2 .3 .4	.2	.3
30	Apparel and other textile products	45.8	27.4 47.7	51.3	58.9	26.7 56.6	55.0	.4 .7	.4 .7	.4 .7	.8 .	.3 .7	
31	Printing and publishing	79.7 120.5	80.0 124.6	86.0 140.6	84.7 156.1	92.4 155.8	98.4 158.8	1.3 1.9	1.2	1.2 2.0	1.2 2.1	1.2 2.0	1.2 2.0
33	Petroleum and coal products	28.2	31.3	30.4	28.3	29.6	35.2	.5 .6	.5	.4 i	.41	.4	.4
31 32 33 34 35	Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products Leather and leather products	38.1 4.8	41.3 4.5	44.4 4.7	44.9 5.2	48.6 4.4	52.0 4.8	.6 .1	.6 .1	.6 .1	.6 .1	.6 .1	.6 .1
36	Transportation and public utilities	528.7 192.8	561.7 203.3	598.7 219.9	616.4 226.1	649.3 237.0	676.3 255.5	8.5 3.1	8.6 3.1	8.6	8.5 3.1	8.5	8.3 3.2 3.2 1.2 9.1 3.3
36 37 38 39 40	Transportation	22.1	203.3	24.2	22.9	23.4 13.0	255.5		্ ব	3.2 .3 .2	.3	3.1	3.2 .3
39	Local and interurban passenger transit Trucking and warehousing	10.9 82.2	11.2 87.0	11.4 95.0	12.2 98.0	13.0 92.9	13.8 97.9	1.2	.2	.2 1.4	.3 .2 1.3	.2	.2
	Water transportation	10.3	10.1	10.9	10.9	11.7	12.8	.4 .2 1.3 .2 .7	1.3 1.3 .2 .7	.2 .7	.1 [1.2 .2 .9	1.2
42	Transportation by air	43.0 4.9	47.8 4.8	51.7 4.6	53.9 4.9	65.2 5.2	74.4 5.6	.7	.7	.7 .1	.7	.9 .1	.9 1
44	Transportation services	19.6	20.3	22.1	23.2	25.5	26.8	.3 [.3 2.7	.3	.3 2.7	.3	.3
41 42 43 44 45 46 47	Communications	161.1 129.7	175.6 134.6	184.6 142.1	193.3 145.2	207.5 157.0	211.6 158.6	2.6 2.1	2.7	2.7 2.0	2.7 2.0 .7	2.7 2.0	2.6 2.0
47 48	Radio and television Electric, gas, and sanitary services	31.5 174.7	41.0 182.8	42.5 194.2	48.1 197.0	50.4 204.9	53.1 209.2	.5 2.8	.6 2.8	.6 2.8	.7 2.7	.7 2.7	.7 2.6
49	Wholesale trade	406.4	423.3	468.0	491.4	519.8	562.8	6.5	6.5	6.7	6.8	6.8	6.9
50	Retail trade	544.3	573.2	615.3	641.0	673.0	712.9	8.7	8.7	8.9	8.8	8.8	8.8
51	Finance, insurance, and real estate	1,147.9	1,218.1	1,267.6	1,362.3	1,448.6	1,570.3	18.4	18.6	18.2	18.7	18.9	19.4
52 53	Depository institutions	200.1 28.3	203.0 37.6	207.4 36.1	229.1 39.7	240.6 44.3	266.4 56.3	3.2	3.1	3.0	3.2	3.1	3.3 .7
54	Security and commodity brokers	49.5 83.4	63.9 106.6	78.5 108.8	73.4 118.5	96.5 122.0	106.6 146.0	.8 1.3	1.0 1.6	1.1	1.0 1.6	1.3	1.3
56	Insurance carriers	39.5	41.5	45.0	46.7	48.0	50.7	.6	.61	.6	.6	.6	1.8 .6
57 58	Real estate	734.9 553.5	759.0 568.7	802.9 607.3	843.8 643.1	892.2 675.8	935.0 712.7	11.8 8.9	11.6 8.7	11.6 8.7	11.6 8.8	11.6 8.8	11.5 8.8
52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60	Other real estate Holding and other investment offices	181.4 12.3	190.2	195.6 -11.1	200.7	216.4 5.1	222.4 9.4	2.9	2.9	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.7 .1
61	Services	1,200.8	1,267.0	1,350.4	1,445.4	1,544.2	1,656.8	19.2	19.3	19.4	19.9	20.2	20.4
62	Hotels and other lodging places	51.0 41.0	53.8 44.3	57.4 45.8	61.3 47.4	65.6 47.8	69.0 51.5	.8 .7	.8 .7	.8 .7	.8 .7	.9 .6	.9
64	Personal services	218.9	233.5	256.0	284.9	322.1	364.7	3.5	3.6	3.7	3.9	4.2	4.5
62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74	Auto repair, services, and parking	51.1 17.5	54.3 19.0	59.3 19.2	63.6 20.5	68.3 21.7	73.3 23.2	.8	.8	.9 .3 .3	.9	.9	9.65.9.3.4.8.7.3.8.6.6.
67	Motion pictures	20.0	23.4	23.0	26.3	28.4	30.5	.3 .3 .8	.4	.3	.41	.4	.4
68	Amusement and recreation services	47.9 369.1	47.8 386.6	51.4 410.2	56.6 428.9	61.3 445.5	66.7 460.1	59	.7 5.9	50	.8 5.9	.8 5.8	.8 5.7
70	Legal services	90.1	91.6	93.8	96.6	100.7	106.6	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.3
71	Educational services	46.3 36.9	48.9 39.8	52.3 43.2	55.3 46.4	58.1 49.0	61.5 52.2	1.4 .7 .6	.7 .6	1.4 .8 .6	.8 6.	.8 .6	.8 8
73	Membership organizations	38.9	42.2	45.1	47.0	49.2	50.8	.6	.6	.6	.6	.6	.6
74 75	Other services	162.2 10.1	171.1 10.7	182.6 11.0	198.8 11.8	214.6 11.9	234.6 12.0	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.9 .1
76	Statistical discrepancy 1	44.8	52.6	14.6	-26.5	-32.2	-55.8	.7	.8	.2	4	4	7
77	Government	873.6	902.7	933.5	962.7	993.7	1,027.6	14.0	13.8	13.4	13.2	13.0	12.7
78 79	Federal General government	321.4 274.4	323.4 276.9	324.9 275.2	327.7 275.4	334.8 279.2	338.1 281.3	5.1 4.4	4.9 4.2	4.7 4.0	4.5 3.8	4.4 3.6	4.2 3.5
80	Government enterprises	47.0	46.5	49.7	52.3	55.5	56.8	.8	.7	.7	.7	.7	.7
81 82	State and local General government	552.2 506.6	579.3 531.6	608.6 557.5	635.0 582.2	658.9 604.4	689.6 631.7	8.8 8.1	8.8 8.1	8.8 8.0	8.7 8.0	8.6 7.9	8.5 7.8
83	Government enterprises	45.6	47.6	51.1	52.8	54.5	57.9	.7	.7	.7	.7	7.7	

^{1.} Equals GDP measured as the sum of expenditures less gross domestic income.

Table 11.—Components of Gross Product and As a Percentage of Gross Domestic Product by Industry Group, 1992–97

		ſ	В	illions of ci	urrent dolla	ırs				Per	cent		
Line		1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997
1 2 3 4 5	Gross domestic product Compensation of employees Indirect business tax and nontax liabilities Property-type income Statistical discrepancy ¹	6,244.4 3,645.0 505.6 2,049.0 44.8	6,558.1 3,817.0 532.5 2,156.0 52.6	6,947.0 4,014.5 568.5 2,349.4 14.6	7,269.6 4,211.6 581.2 2,503.3 –26.5	7,661.6 4,411.8 606.4 2,675.6 -32.2	8,110.9 4,690.3 627.2 2,849.2 -55.8	100.0 58.4 8.1 32.8 .7	100.0 58.2 8.1 32.9 .8	100.0 57.8 8.2 33.8 .2	100.0 57.9 8.0 34.5 4	100.0 57.6 7.9 34.9 4	100.0 57.8 7.7 35.2 7
6 7 8 9 10	Private Industries Compensation of employees Indirect business tax and nontax liabilities Property-type income Statistical discrepancy ¹	5,370.8 2,893.2 505.6 1,927.2 44.8	5,655.4 3,041.2 532.5 2,029.1 52.6	6,013.5 3,213.8 568.5 2,216.6 14.6	6,306.9 3,388.0 581.2 2,364.2 -26.5	6,667.9 3,563.3 606.4 2,530.4 -32.2	7,083.3 3,812.9 627.2 2,699.0 -55.8	100.0 53.9 9.4 35.9	100.0 53.8 9.4 35.9	100.0 53.4 9.5 36.9	100.0 53.7 9.2 37.5 4	100.0 53.4 9.1 38.0 5	100.0 53.8 8.9 38.1 8
11	Agriculture, forestry, and fishing	112.4	106.1	119.2	109.5	130.4	131.7	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
12		30.7	32.9	34.8	37.1	39.7	42.1	27.3	31.0	29.2	33.9	30.4	32.0
13		6.0	5.9	6.5	6.8	7.1	7.4	5.3	5.6	5.5	6.2	5.4	5.6
14		75.7	67.3	77.9	65.6	83.6	82.2	67.4	63.4	65.3	59.9	64.2	62.4
15	Mining Compensation of employees Indirect business tax and nontax liabilities Property-type income	92.2	94.6	94.9	98.7	113.8	120.5	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
16		32.5	32.3	32.7	32.9	33.6	36.0	35.2	34.1	34.5	33.3	29.5	29.9
17		10.7	10.6	10.4	10.1	11.0	10.8	11.6	11.2	11.0	10.2	9.7	9.0
18		49.0	51.7	51.8	55.7	69.2	73.7	53.2	54.7	54.5	56.5	60.8	61.1
19	Construction Compensation of employees Indirect business tax and nontax liabilities Property-type income	229.7	242.4	268.7	286.4	311.9	328.8	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
20		158.7	165.2	182.0	193.6	208.9	227.6	69.1	68.2	67.7	67.6	67.0	69.2
21		5.0	5.3	5.7	6.0	6.3	6.6	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.0	2.0
22		66.0	71.9	81.0	86.8	96.7	94.6	28.7	29.6	30.2	30.3	31.0	28.8
23	Manufacturing Compensation of employees Indirect business tax and nontax liabilities Property-type income	1,063.6	1,116.5	1,216.1	1,282.2	1,309.1	1,378.9	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
24		723.4	753.3	792.0	813.9	829.6	877.6	68.0	67.5	65.1	63.5	63.4	63.6
25		44.6	46.0	47.4	47.5	48.6	49.7	4.2	4.1	3.9	3.7	· 3.7	3.6
26		295.6	317.2	376.7	420.8	430.9	451.6	27.8	28.4	31.0	32.8	32.9	32.8
27	Durable goods Compensation of employees Indirect business tax and nontax liabilities Property-type income	573.4	615.7	679.2	711.6	737.3	784.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
28		439.1	459.5	486.8	502.8	511.9	545.6	76.6	74.6	71.7	70.7	69.4	69.6
29		15.0	15.6	16.4	16.8	17.5	18.3	2.6	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.3
30		119.3	140.6	176.0	192.0	207.9	220.1	20.8	22.9	25.9	26.9	28.2	28.1
31	Nondurable goods Compensation of employees Indirect business tax and nontax liabilities Property-type income	490.3	500.8	536.9	570.5	571.8	594.9	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
32		284.3	293.8	305.2	311.1	317.7	332.1	58.0	58.7	56.8	54.5	55.6	55.8
33		29,6	30.4	31.0	30.6	31.1	31.4	6.0	6.1	5.8	5.4	5.4	5.3
34		176.4	176.6	200.7	228.8	223.0	231.4	36.0	35.2	37.4	40.1	39.0	38.9
35	Transportation and public utilities Compensation of employees Indirect business tax and nontax liabilities Property-type income	528.7	561.7	598.7	616.4	649.3	676.3	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
36		240.0	251.3	265.6	276.4	287.0	304.2	45.4	44.7	44.4	44.8	44.2	45.0
37		53.4	55.6	60.5	61.7	61.9	66.9	10.1	9.9	10.1	10.0	9.5	9.9
38		235.3	254.8	272.6	278.3	300.4	305.2	44.5	45.4	45.5	45.2	46.3	45.1
39	Wholesale trade Compensation of employees Indirect business tax and nontax liabilities Property-type income	406.4	423.3	468.0	491.4	519.8	562.8	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
40		239.1	244.7	259.8	276.1	289.4	310.7	58.8	57.8	55.5	56.2	55.7	55.2
41		92.1	99.0	111.4	114.7	119.4	121.7	22.7	23.4	23.8	23.3	23.0	21.6
42		75.2	79.6	96.8	100.6	111.0	130.4	18.5	18.8	20.7	20.5	21.3	23.2
43	Retail trade Compensation of employees Indirect business tax and nontax liabilities Property-type income	544.3	573.2	615.3	641.0	673.0	712.9	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
44		331.8	344.7	365.7	382.9	399.5	421.5	61.0	60.1	59.4	59.7	59.4	59.1
45		100.6	106.5	113.9	120.4	126.4	131.5	18.5	18.6	18.5	18.8	18.8	18.4
46		111.9	122.0	135.7	137.7	147.1	159.9	20.5	21.3	22.1	21.5	21.8	22.5
47	Finance, insurance, and real estate Compensation of employees Indirect business tax and nontax liabilities Property-type income	1,147.9	1,218.1	1,267.6	1,362.3	1,448.6	1,570.3	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
48		277.2	300.5	310.2	324.7	353.8	384.6	24.1	24.7	24.5	23.8	24.4	24.5
49		163.6	171.0	177.6	177.1	186.4	191.5	14.3	14.0	14.0	13.0	12.9	12.2
50		707.1	746.6	779.8	860.5	908.4	994.2	61.6	61.3	61.5	63.2	62.7	63.3
51	Services Compensation of employees Indirect business tax and nontax liabilities Property-type income	1,200.8	1,267.0	1,350.4	1,445.4	1,544.2	1,656.8	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
52		859.8	916.3	971.0	1,050.5	1,121.8	1,208.6	71.6	72.3	71.9	72.7	72.6	72.9
53		29.6	32.6	35.0	36.9	39.4	41.0	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.5
54		311.4	318.1	344.4	358.0	383.0	407.2	25.9	25.1	25.5	24.7	24.8	24.6
55	Government Compensation of employees Indirect business tax and nontax liabilities Property-type income	873.6	902.7	933.5	962.7	993.7	1,027.6	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
56		751.9	775.8	800.7	823.6	848.5	877.5	86.1	85.9	85.8	85.6	85.4	85.4
57		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
58		121.7	126.9	132.8	139.1	145.2	150.1	13.9	14.1	14.2	14.4	14.6	14.6

^{1.} Equals GDP measured as the sum of expenditures less gross domestic income.

Table 12.—Chain-Type Quantity and Price Indexes for Gross Domestic Product by Industry, 1992–97

	Table 12. Onan-Type duality and			ntity index						ce indexes	(1992=10	0)	
Line		1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997
	Gross domestic product	100.00	102.32	105.87	108.28	112.02	116.42	100.00	102.64	105.09	107.51	109.53	111.57
2	Private industries	100.00	102.73	107.31	109.79	113.95	119.07	100.00	102.50	104.34	106.96	108.95	110.76
3		100.00	91.06	106.02	94.48	101.67	113.59	100.00	103.70	100.08	103.14	114.13	103.21
4 5	Agriculture, forestry, and fishing	100.00	88.13 98.97	105.49 109.55	89.49 108.70	97.60 113.59	112.15 119.17	100.00	102.96 104.84	98.34 102.29	100.35	116.63 107.08	99.93 109.31
-	Agricultural services, forestry, and fishing												
6 7	Mining Metal mining	100.00 100.00	104.45 102.06	111.16 103.53	116.48 99.94	111.63 103.45	119.10 113.31	100.00 100.00	98.14 89.03	92.52 104.13	91.90 123.21	110.49 108.35	109.69 93.95 73.08
8 9	Coal mining Oil and gas extraction	100.00 100.00	102.07 105.50	114.13 111.07	113.33 119.02	126.89 108.53	133.30 115.92	100.00 100.00	89.57 100.76	84.72 92.33	78.38 91.12	75.10 119.47	119.49
10	Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	100.00	101.35	112.49	113.54	124.81	132.47	100.00	97.27	99.63	101.52	101.83	105.14
11	Construction	100.00	102.03	108.76	110.70	116.91	119.47	100.00	103.45	107.58	112.65	116.16	119.84
12 13	Manufacturing	100.00 100.00	103.50 106.10	112.18 117.08	119.55 126.80	121.64 134.12	128.79 146.26	100.00 100.00	101.42 101.21	101.92 101.17	100.83 97.88	101.18 95.87	100.66 93.48
14 15	Lumber and wood products	100.00	89.15 110.23	93.13 111.25	99.08 115.14	98.06 115.06	103.23 121.37	100.00	121.37 98.98	128.93 102.80	128.87 103.77	124.51 109.80	129.37 112.41
16	Furniture and fixtures	100.00	97.60	107.59	108.58	110.16	117.03	100.00	102.72	106.65	110.99	113.22	114.67
17 18	Primary metal industries	100.00	110.70 104.75	115.42 120.69	113.01 125.36	120.37 126.53	123.04 132.68	100.00 100.00	97.34 100.41	102.76 99.63	117.39 99.73	109.80 105.02	110.86 106.79
19	Fabricated metal products	100.00	105.91	121.08	149.93	168.60	198.04	100.00	96.42	92.98	86.84	81.24	73.85
20	Electronic and other electric equipment	100.00 100.00	120.00 126.17	147.85 147.61	181.28 146.95	216.22 138.57	264.94 147.20	100.00	96.83 107.27	91.18 111.98	76.47 109.72	66.40 112.48	60.21 109.75
22	Other transportation equipment	100.00 100.00	92.51 89.74	84.19 83.19	76.60 77.37	77.67 74.13	77.94 66.88	100.00 100.00	102.26 104.52	103.91 107.96	106.46 116.92	111.61 137.96	115.04 154.09
24	Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	100.00	101.83	106.84	113.34	115.45	114.59	100.00	102.83	103.04	102.13	105.57	107.62
25 26	Nondurable goods	100.00 100.00	100.46 101.62	106.47 104.24	111.18 123.12	107.66 103.47	109.65 104.48	100.00	101.70 99.46	102.86 102.91	104.67 97.93	108.34 109.73	110.67 111.01
27	Tobacco products	100.00	87.88	121.46	129.52	122.29	116.16	100.00	93.98	72.93	72.68	75.73	86.30 99.21
28 29	Textile mill products	100.00 100.00	102.13 100.14	107.52 104.23	103.92 105.08	100.51 99.24	101.20 103.66	100.00 100.00	98.15 100.75	92.92 99.65	92.88 95.84	96.77 99.13	100.78
30	Paper and allied products	100.00	109.44 94.39	113.75 97.80	96.86 96.74	101.30 95.48	106.74 96.17	100.00 100.00	95.05 106.31	98.48 110.27	132.74 109.75	121.83 121.32	112.42 128.28
32	Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products	100.00	100.12	108.93	115.89	116.43	117.23	100.00	103.35	107.16	111.82	111.10	. 112,46
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 35 35 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36	Petroleum and coal products	100.00	98.56 108.33	97.87 119.18	107.86 123.53	114.61 130.01	114.85 140.99	100.00 100.00	112.66 100.05	109.98 97.75	93.08 95.49	91.59 98.05	108.56 96.73
35	Leather and leather products	100.00	93.61	93.48	99.47	86.69	91.13	100.00	101.75	105.72	109.40	106.82	109.34
36 37	Transportation and public utilities	100.00 100.00	104.40 104.29	110.50 111.17	112.02 112.09	118.48 119.12	121.88 125.25	100.00 100.00	101.76 101.12	102.49 102.60	104.09 104.61	103.67 103.19	104.97 105.80
38	I Pailroad transportation	100.00 100.00	104.35 100.68	117.35 101.45	118.15 105.02	127.62 103.93	125.25 127.72 104.15	100.00 100.00	95.98 101.95	93.51 103.38	87.99 106.44	83.21 115.12	85.69 122.03
38 39 40 41	Trucking and warehousing	100.00	104.88	108.02	108.44	105.25	106.24	100.00	100.96	107.01	109.97	107.40	112.21
41 42	Local and interurban passenger transit Trucking and warehousing Water transportation Transportation by air Pipelines, except natural gas Transportation services	100.00 100.00	102.39 102.88	104.79 119.67	106.59 117.68	104.20 147.70	107.19 168.95	100.00 100.00	96.14 108.15	100.86 100.57	99.88 106.56	109.09 102.77	116.38 102.50
42 43 44 45	Pipelines, except natural gas	100.00	107.05	98.51	100.38	129.44	140.37	100.00	92.57	95.69	100.33	82.87	81.37
45		100.00 100.00	107.35 106.65	110.74 109.78	118.36 112.14	122.60 118.82	128.53 121.92	100.00 100.00	96.65 102.17	102.12 104.38	100.37 107.00	106.47 108.37	106.45 107.73
46 47	Telephone and telegraph Radio and television	100.00 100.00	103.01 121.20	106.36 123.45	106.88 132.83	117.49 125.69	123.88 118.63	100.00 100.00	100.78 107.44	103.06 109.43	104.76 115.21	103.08 127.51	98.70 142.20
48	Electric, gas, and sanitary services	100.00	102.45	110.49	111.91	117.48	118.04	100.00	102.11	100.57	100.77	99.79	101.42
49	Wholesale trade	100.00	102.48	110.37	112.14	119.73	130.90	100.00	101.62	104.34	107.82	106.82	105.78
50	Retail trade	100.00	104.02	110.44	115.07	122.34	131.09	100.00	101.24	102.36	102.35	101.07	99.91
51 52	Pinance, insurance, and real estate Depository institutions	100.00 100.00	102.30 99.25	104.27 98.45	105.08 96.66	108.55 95.96	112.03 95.91	100.00 100.00	103.73 102.18	105.91 105.25	112.94 118.46	116.26 125.29	122.11 138.79 143.23
53 54	Nondepository institutions	100.00 100.00	113.83 132.00	119.75 167.57	115.06 158.38	124.94 210.29	138.76 243.32	100.00	116.64 97.74	106.32 94.69	121.89 93.65	125.00 92.72	143.23 88.47
55	Insurance carriers	100.00	109.75	109.50	109.37	105.08	112.19	100.00	116.51	119.19	129.97	139.32	156.08
53 54 55 56 57 58	Insurance agents, brokers, and service	100.00 100.00	100.61 100.25	105.46 103.20	106.59 105.69	105.78 108.79	109.32 110.88	100.00	104.49 103.03	108.21 105.88	111.00 108.65	114.97 111.60	117.52 114.75
58 59	Nonfarm housing services	100.00 100.00	99.80 101.59	103.59 102.00	106.32 103.75	108.40	111.32 109.54	100.00	102.96 103.22	105.93 105.72	109.30 106.63	112.64 108.37	115.68 111.91
60	Other real estate Holding and other investment offices	100.00	104.72	105.15	102.57	101.72	99.14	100.00	51.86	-85.81	87.55	40.77	76.88
61 62	Services	100.00 100.00	101.89 101.62	104.64 106.64	108.70 110.23	112.34 112.87	116.47 111.42	100.00 100.00	103.55 103.89	107.47 105.59	110.73 109.07	114.47 113.95	118.46 121.52
63	Personal services	100.00	104.02	103.90	105.59	103.50 (107.72	100.00	103.95	107.69	109.67	112.84	116.84
64 65	Business services Auto repair, services, and parking	100.00 100.00	106.99 100.03	112.89 104.33	123.95 110.54	135.08 117.77	147.60 125.94	100.00 100.00	99.68 106.16	103.60 111.22	105.00 112.52	108.94 113.45	112.88 113.85
66	Miscellaneous repair services	100.00	97.50	95.54	96.27	86.67	84.01	100.00	111.46	114.85	121.64	142.71	157.52
68	Motion pictures	100.00	116.08 96.12	109.29 99.12	122.16 105.39	125.98 110.09	132.97 117.30	100.00 100.00	100.91	105.39	108.00 112.09	112.82 116.22	114.76 118.74
69	Health services	100.00 100.00	98.96 96.73	100.17 95.45	101.14 95.10	102.25 95.40	102.69 96.46	100.00	105.85 105.02	110.97 109.04	114.89 112.65	118.07 117.13	121.40 122.60
71	Educational services	100.00	102.75	105.84	106.01	106.74	108.89	100.00	102.88	106.83	112.70	117.65	122.17
63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74	Social services	100.00 100.00	106.05 104.76	112.92 108.11	117.77 109.35	120.98 111.35	125.55 113.39	100.00	101.81 103.49	103.69 107.09	106.94 110.46	109.78 113.46	112.84 115.14
74 75	Membership organizations Other services Private households	100.00	103.44 102.52	108.15 102.91	109.35 113.27 106.98	118.85 104.40	124.14 101.11	100.00	102.02 103.17	104.08 106.30	108.20 109.54	111.35 113.41	116.55 117.56
76	Government	100.00	102.32	100.53	100.33	100.48	101.19	100.00	103.07	106.29	109.83	113.21	116.24
77	Federal	100.00	98.03	95.50	92.35	90.31	89.26	100.00	102.64	105.87	110.42	115.35	117.85
78 79	Federal General government Government enterprises	100.00	97.58 100.80	94.18 103.40	90.44 103.90	87.71 106.00	85.80 110.40	100.00	103.41 98.21	106.49 102.31	110.99 107.12	116.02 111.48	119.48 109.51
80 81	State and local General government	100.00	101.54 101.56	103.45 103.47	104.97 105.04	106.40 106.74	108.17	100.00	103.31 103.33	106.52 106.35	109.54 109.40	112.14 111.76	115.43 114.57
82	Government enterprises	100.00	101.30	103.20	104.20	102.70	101.20	100.00	103.12	108.52	111.06	116.42	125.42

Table 13.—Real Gross Domestic Product by Industry, 1992-97

[Billions of chained (1992) dollars]

ine		1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997
1	Gross domestic product	6,244.4	6,389.6	6,610.7	6,761.7	6,994.8	7,269.
2	Private industries	5,370.8	5,517.4	5,763.6	5,896.5	6,119.9	6,395.
. 3	Agriculture, forestry, and fishing	112.4	102.3	119.1	106.2	114.2	127.
4	Agriculture, forestry, and fishing Farms	80.5	70.9	84.9	72.0	78.6	90
5	Agricultural services, forestry, and fishing		1			36.2	ŀ
6. 7	Mining	92.2 5.5			107.4	103.0 5.7	109
8	Coal mining	13.6	13.8	15.5	15.4	17.2	18
10	Oil and gas extraction	65.0 8.2			77.4 9.3	70.6 10.2	75 10
]	1	i .	ł	1	1
11	Construction	229.7	234.3	249.8	254.2	268.5	274
12.	Manufacturing Durable goods	1,063.6 573.4		1,193.2 671.3	1,271.6 727.0	1,293.8 769.0	1,369 838
14.	Lumber and wood products	32.0	28.5	29.8	31.7	31.4	. 33
15 16	Furniture and fixtures	16.2 25.1	17.9 24.5		18.7 27.2	18.6 27.6	19
17	Primary metal industries	39.0	43.2	45.0	44.1	46.9	48
18 19			73.4 115.1		87.8 162,9	88.6 183.2	93 215
20	Industrial machinery and equipment Electronic and other electric equipment	98.6	118.3	145.8	178.7	213.2	261
21	Electronic and other electric equipment Motor vehicles and equipment Other transportation equipment Instruments and related products Missellaneous manufacturing industries	52.8	66.7	78.0	77.7	73.2	77
22 23	Instruments and related products	56.5 54.2	52.3 48.7	47.6 45.1	43.3 42.0	43.9 40.2	44 36
24	micronarious manufacturing aleast to minimum minimum minimum minimum manufacturing aleast to manufactu	1	20.5	21.5	22.8	23.3	23 537
25 26	Nondurable goods Food and kindred products	490.3 102.1	492.5 103.8		545.1 125.8	527.8 105.7	106
27	Tobacco products	18.4	16.1	22.3	23.8	22.5	1 21.
28	Textile mill products	25.4 27.2	26.0 27.2		26.4 28.6	25.6 27.0	25 28 48
24 25 26 27 28 29	Paper and allied products	45.8	50.2	52.1	44.4	46.4	48
31	Printing and publishing	79.7 120.5	75.3 120.6	78.0 131.2	77.1 139.6	76.1 140.3	76 141
32 33	Petroleum and coal products	28.2	27.8	27.6	30.4	32.3	32
34 35	Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products	38.1	41.3	45.4	47.1	49.5 4.1	53.
Ì	Leather and leather products	1	4.5		4.7	ŀ	
36 37	Transportation and public utilities	528.7 192.8	551.9 201.1	584.1 214.3	592.2 216.1	626.4 229.7	644.
36 38	Transportation	l 22.1	23.0	25.9	26.1	28.2	241. 28.
39	Local and interurban passenger transit Trucking and warehousing Water transportation	10.9	11.0	11.0	11.4	11.3	11.
10 11	Water transportation	82.2 10.3	86.2 10.5	88.7 10.8	89.1 11.0	86.5 10.7	87. 11.
12 I	Transportation by air	1 43.0	44.2	51.4	50.6	63.5	72.
43 44	Pipelines, except natural gas Transportation services	4.9 19.6	5.2 21.0	4.8 21.7	4.9 23.2	6.3 24.0	6. 25.
45 I	Communications	161.1	171.8	176.9	180.7	191.5	196.
16	Telephone and telegraph	129.7 31.5	133.6 38.1	137.9 38.8	138.6 41.8	152.4 39.5	160. 37.
48	Radio and television	174.7	179.0	193.1	195.5	205.3	206.
19	Wholesale trade	406.4	416.5	448.6	455.8	486.6	532.
io	Retail trade	544.3	566.2	601.2	626.4	665.9	713.
11	Finance, insurance, and real estate	1,147.9	1,174.3	1,196.9	1,206.2	1,246.0	1,286.
2	Depository institutions	200.1 28.3	198.6 32.3	197.0 33.9	193.4 32.6	192.0 35.4	191.
4	Nondepository institutions Security and commodity brokers	49.5	65.3	83.0	78.4	104.1	120.
52 53 54 55 56 57	Insurance carriers	83.4	91.5	91.3	91.2	87.6	93.
7	Insurance agents, brokers, and service	39.5 734.9	39.7 736.7	41.6 758.3	42.1 776.6	41.7 799.5	43. 814.
8 [Nonfarm housing services	553.5	552.4	573.3	588.4	600.0	616.
9	Other real estate	181.4 12.3	184.3 12.9	185.0 12.9	188.2 12.6	199.7 12.5	198. 12.
1	Services	1,200.8	1,223.5	1,256.5	1,305.3	1,349.1	1,398.
62	Hotels and other lodging places	51.0 41.0	51.8 42.6	54.4 42.6	56.2 43.2	57.5	56.
4	Personal services	218.9	234.2	247.1	271.3	42.4 295.7	44. 323.
55	Auto repair, services, and parking	51.1	51.1	53.3	56.5	60.2	64.
7	Miscellaneous repair services	17.5 20.0	17.1 23.2	16.7 21.8	16.9 24.4	15.2 25.2	14.
8	Amusement and recreation services	47.9	46.0	47.5	50.5	25.2 52.7	56.
33 34 35 36 37 38 39 71 72 73	Health services	369.1 90.1	365.2 87.2	369.7 86.0	373.3 85.7	377.3 86.0	379.0 87.0
ĭ	Educational services	46.3	47.5	48.9	49.0	49.4	50.
2	Social services	36.9 38.9	39.1 40.8	41.6 42.1	43.4 42.6	44.6 43.3	46. 44.
4	Other services	162.2	167.8	175.4	183.7	192.8	201.3
5	Private households	10.1	10.3	10.4	10.8	10.5	10.
6	Statistical discrepancy 1	44.8	. 51.3	13.9	-23.1	-27.1	-45.
7	Government	873.6	875.8	878.3	876.5	877.8	884.
8	Federal	321.4	315.1	306.9	296.8	290.2	286.
9	General government	274.4 47.0	267.7 47.4	258.4 48.6	248.2 48.8	240.7 49.8	235.4 51.5
31	State and local	552.2	560.7	571.3	579.7	587.6	597.4
32	General government Government enterprises	506.6 45.6	514.5 46.2	524.2 47.1	532.1 47.5	540.8 46.8	551.3 46.2
- 1	·			[i		
34	Not allocated by industry 2	0	-7.8	-60.4	-53.7	-68.8	-114.3

Equals the current-dollar statistical discrepancy deflated by the implicit price deflator for gross domestic business product.
 Equals GDP less the statistical discrepancy and the sum of GPO of the detailed industries.

Note:—Chained (1992) dollar series are calculated as the product of the chain-type quantity index and the 1992 current-dollar value of the corresponding series, divided by 100. Because the formula for the chain-type quantity indexes uses weights of more than one period, the corresponding chained-dollar estimates are usually not additive.

Table 14.—Gross Output and Intermediate Inputs by Industry, 1992–97 [Billions of dollars]

	<u> </u>		Į Diilloi	ns or doll				Τ		Into-re-	iata innut-		
Line		1992	1993	1994	output 1995	1996	1997	1992	1993	intermedi 1994	ate inputs	1996	1997
	Gross domestic product				1		1						1001
2	Private industries 1												
3	Agriculture, forestry, and fishing		224.9	242.1	239.6	269.9	277.2					139.5	145.4
4 5	Farms Agricultural services, forestry, and fishing	187.7 36.8	186.5 38.4	202.9 39.2		222.1 47.8	225.3 51.9						135.1 10.3
6	Mining	160.0	160.2	157.5	156.5	185.1	190.2		65.7	62.6			69.7
7 8	Metal mining	11.4 28.9	10.6 26.0	12.0 27.8	26.8	12.4 27.2	11.8 27.6	15.4	13.6	14.7		14.3	6.0 14.4
9 10	Oil and gas extraction	105.5	109.4 14.2	102.0 15.6		128.5 17.0	132.7 18.0	40.5 5.9	40.2 6.2	35.3 6.4		44.2 6.6	42.6 6.6
11	Construction	432.1	457.4	493.1	516.2	554.3	592.7	202.5	215.0	224.4	229.8	242.4	263.9
12	Manufacturing	2,961.2	3,096.6	3,313.3	3,558.0	3,674.5	3,891.1	1,897.6	1,980.1	2,097.2		2,365.4	2,512.3
13 14	Durable goods Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures	1,510.3 84.3	1,613.6 97.4	1,770.3 106.6	1,907.5	1,983.0 109.6	2,137.3 114.7	937.0 52.3	62.8	1,091.1 68.2	1,195.9 67.7	70.5	1,353.3 71.9 38.5 55.2
15 16 17	Furniture and intures Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries Fabricated metal products Industrial machinery and equipment Electronic and other electric equipment Molor vehicles and equipment	43.2 61.5	46.2 64.4	49.7 70.0		55.2 81.3	60.6 88.8	27.0 36.5	39.3		44.9	34.7 50.0	38.5 55.2
17 18	Primary metal industries	138.0 164.9	142.8 172.7	161.1 188.8	180.4 202.5	178.6 212.0	188.1 224.2	99.1 94.8	100.7	114.9 104.5		127.1 118.9	134.9 124.9
19	Industrial machinery and equipment	251.2 210.2	272.2 228.6	305.8 261.9		371.4 313.8	399.5 344.2	142.5 111.6	161.2 114.0			222.6 172.2	240.6 186.9
21	motor remotos was equipment		265.0	312.5	325.0	326.6	343.3	182.8	193.5	225.2	239.7	244.2	257.9
23	Other transportation equipment	149.1 131.0	146.2 133.8	132.9 134.4	128.8 140.8	135.9 147.3	156.9 159.0	92.6 76.7	92.8 82.9	83.4 85.7	91.7	86.9 91.8	106.3 103.1
24 25	Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	41.3 1,450.9	44.3 1,483.0	46.6 1,543.0	49.1 1,650.5	51.3 1,691.5	58.1 1,753.9	21.1 960.6	23.2 982.2	1,006.1		26.8 1,119.6	33.2 1,159.0
26	Food and kindred products	398.3 39.9	412.8	420.6	436.6	450.9	460.4	296.2 21.6	309.5	311.0	313.5	334.9	341.9
28	Tobacco products	§ 70.5	33.6 74.0	35.3 77.7	38.3 79.4	39.5 79.7	43.7 83.6	45.1	18.4 48.6	19.0 52.3	54.9	55.0	25.3 58.1
89901202456789955333355	Apparel and other textile products	70.9 131.9	73.0 132.2	76.1 141.9	76.7 172.8	75.6 159.3	77.5 160.5	43.7 86.1	45.6 84.5		49.3 113.8	48.9 102.7	49.1 105.5
31	Printing and publishing	170.0 299.5	176.0 307.1	180.7 325.8	192.0 352.2	199.6 358.4	209.0 379.9	90.3 179.0	96.0 182.4	94.7 185.2	107.3 196.1	107.3 202.6	110.6 221.1
33	Petroleum and coal products	148.1	143.3	142.1	149.6	171.2	175.6	119.8	112.0	111.7	121.3	141.6	140.4
35	Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products Leather and leather products	112.2 9.5	121,2 9,9	133.5 9.4	143.9 9.0	148.1 9.0	154.3 9.2	74.1 4.7	79.9 5.3	89.2 4.7		99.6 4.6	102.3 4.4
36 37	Transportation and public utilities 1									<i></i>			
38	Railroad transportation	33.0	33.6	35.8	37.5	38.1	38.9	10.9	11.5	11.6	14.6	14.6	14.7
40	Local and interurban passenger transit Trucking and warehousing	15.9 167.9	16.7 178.3	17.4 196.0	18.4 204.5	19.7 218.1	20.8 238.8	5.0 85.8	5.6 91.3	6.0 101.0	6.2 106.5	6.7 125.3	7.0 140.9
36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47	Water transportation I	927	100.2	104.6	111.9	116.8	128.2	49.8	52.4	52.9	58.0	51.6	53.8
43	Pipelines, except natural gas Transportation services	8.4	8.2	8.6	9.0	8.6	8.4	3.5	52.4 3.4	4.0	4.1	3.3	53.8 2.9
45	Communications	247.0	263.3	277.0	300.8	326.1	347.1	86.5	87.7	92.3	107.5	118.7	135.4
46 47	Telephone and telegraph	188.5 59.1	196.8 66.5	207.4 69.5	225.4 75.4	242.0 84.1	258.0 89.1	58.8 27.7	62.2 25.5	65.3 27.0	80.2 27.3	85.0 33.7	99.5 36.0
48	Electric, gas, and sanitary services	264.9	274.5	269.1	270.3	274.2	278.2	90.2	91.7	75.0	73.2	69.3	69.0
49	Wholesale trade	585.8	625.2	977.9	744.6	768.4	801.5	179.4	201.9	212.1 362.6	253.2	248.6	238.7
50	Retail trade	864.8	916.1	911.9	1,017.6	1,062.3	1,108.3	320.5	342.9	302.6	376.6		395.4
51 52	Finance, insurance, and real estate ¹ Depository institutions ¹ Nondepository institutions ¹					*************							
54 54	Security and commodity prokers	96.1	118.0	128.0	144.9	182.3	219.7	46.6		49.5		85.8	113.1
55 56	Insurance agents, brokers, and service	164.5 59.6	191.2 63.0	202.6 69.1	215.5 72.6	221.6 73.8	239.7 76.2	81.1 20.1	84.7 21.5	93.8 24.0	97.0 26.0	99.6 25.8	93.8 25.6
52 53 54 55 56 57 58	Real estate ¹	615.2	639.7	677.6	713.7	748.7	789.8	61.8	70.9	70.3	70.6	73.0	77,1
59 60	Other real estate 1												
61	Services !												
62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73	Hotels and other lodging places	85.5 73.5	90.6 77.2	97.8 81.6	103.0 87.2	108.8 91.0	112.2 95.5	34.6 32.5	36.8 33.0	40.4 35.8	41.7 39.8	43.2 43.2	43.2 43.9
64	Business services I Auto repair, services, and parking	93.9	100.6	109.5	118.2	126.9	134.4	42.8	46.4	50.2	54.6	58.6	61.1
66	Miscellaneous repair services	39.9	40.8	44.3	49.2	50.5	52.8	22.4	21.8	25.1	28.7	28.9	29.6
67 (68 (Motion pictures	49.2 75.5	54.1 83.4	58.5 89.9	62.5 101.5	65.9 112.2	72.9 119.4	29.2 27.6	30.7 35.6	35.5 38.5	36.2 44.9	37.6 50.9	42.4 52.6
69	Health services	580.8 118.7	614.3 122.3	645.8 124.5	682.7 126.1	713.4 135.4	749.6 142.5	211.8 28.5	227.7 30.7	235.6 30.7	253.8 29.5	267.9 34.6	289.5 35.9
71	Educational services	84.7	89.3	95.1	101.3	107.7	115.8	38.5	40.5	42.8	46.0	49.6	54.3
72 73	Social services ¹												***************************************
74 75	Other services ¹												
76	Government ¹						i						
77									,		}	1	
78 79	Federal 1 General government 1 Government enterprises 1				······								
80		1 1			,							l	************
81	State and local 1 General government 1		***********										
82	Government enterprises 1					***************************************							

^{1.} Estimates for gross output and for intermediate inputs are not shown for this item, because data are not available. See footnote 11 in the text.

		, 											
Line		1222	T	uantity inde	,		1	ļ	_	rice indexe	, ` 	<u> </u>	T
	Cases demostic product	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997
2	Gross domestic product Private industries	1	ı										***************************************
3	Agriculture, forestry, and fishing	ł	1	1	1	l	113.69	Į.	i		i	112.69	108.62
4 5	Farms Agricultural services, forestry, and fishing	100.00 100.00		106.26	101.61 108.05	104.25	111.00 128.11	100.00	102.28	101.72		113.53	108.15
6	Mining	100.00	100.72		102.16		106.82			95.55	95.80		
7 8	Coal mining	1 100.00	98.83 94.92	103.91	99.87 103.22		102.70	100.00	94.73	92.57	116.00 89.79	88.52	87.49
9 10	Oil and gas extraction	100.00	102.35 101.57	102.18 108.81	100.80 111.78		105.14	100.00			94.15 103.86		119.62 107.86
11	Construction	100.00	102.51	106.75	107.41	112.57	116.70	100.00	103.25	106.89	111.21	113.94	117.53
12 13	Manufacturing	100.00	103.52 105.66		114.87 123.19	118.83 131.16	126.91 143.72	100.00			104.60 102.52		103.54 98.47
13 14	Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures	100.00	99.74	104.91	107.24		110.36	100.00	115.88	120.53	120.05	119.14	123.27 112.71
15 16 17	Stone, clay, and glass products	100.00	102.43	107.39	110.72	118.04	127.24	100.00	102.21	105.95	110.27	111.93	113.42
17 18	Primary metal industries	100.00	104.88	111.38	112.91 115.50	116.38 119.51	121.64 124.96	100.00	98.61	104.79	115.74	111.16 107.55	
18 19	Industrial machinery and equipment	100.00	110.56	125.68	146.47	164.81	187.82	100.00	98.01	96.85	94.46	89.71	84.67
20 21	Electronic and other electric equipment	100.00	110.56	130.22 126.28	161.76 129.90	188.72 129.67	220.89	100.00			87.30 106.18		74.13 106.06
22	Other transportation equipment	100.00	96.40 100.72	86.12 100.17	81.61 104.01	84.58	96.54 116.20	100.00			105.85 103.35		109.01 104.52
24	Other transportation equipment Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing industries		105.35	108.90	112.49	108.14 115.81	129.80	100.00	101.90	103.64	105.83	107.40	108.40
25 26	Nondurable goods	100.00	101.30 101.86		106.25 105.55	106.28	110.07 105.62	100.00		102.13 102.90	107.07 103.85	109.70 109.07	109.82
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 31 32 33 33 34 35	Tobacco products	100.00	86.23	100.74	106.22	107.74	113.84	100.00	97.61	87.72	90.34	91.81	96.15
28 29	Textile mill products	100.00	105.19 102.00	110.08	109.11 106.07	108.26 102.97	113.13 104.75	100.00	99.83		103.22 101.96	104.45 103.57	104.84 104.37
30	Paper and allied products	100.00	101.61	105.67	106.49	104.69	109.67	100.00	98.60	101.82	122.99	115.34	110.98
33	Chemicals and allied products	100.00	100.28 100.27	100.33	100.96 106.28	101.32 107.80	104.14 113.16	100.00	103.22	105.91 105.61	111.83 110.65	115.88 111.03	118.03
33	Petroleum and coal products	100.00	100.24 106.92	102.59 116.24	104.52 119.20	106.20 123.14	111.07 128.57	100.00	96.56 100.98		96.69 107.53	108.89 107.19	112.11 106.80 106.93
35	Miscellaneous manufacturing industries Nondurable goods Food and kindred products Tobacco products Textile mill products Apparel and other textile products Paper and allied products Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and coal products Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products Leather and leather products	100.00	102.22	94.96	87.52	88.72	88.75	100.00	101.93	104.71	108.56	107.22	109.30
36 37 38 39	Transportation and public utilities ¹												
38	Railroad transportation	100.00	103.74 104.20	111.85 107.11	120.97 109.43	124.77 109.99	124.80 111.17	100.00	98.15 101.30	97.03 102.76	93.96 105.89	92.46	94.38 117.98
40	Local and interurban passenger transit	100.00	105.64	111.41	113.01	119.27	129.33	100.00	100.52	104.78	107.76	113.14 108.93	109.98
41	Water transportation 1 Transportation by air	100.00	103.84	112.06	114.98	118.10	129.99	100.00	104.09	100.67	104.96	106.63	106.37
42 43 44 45 46	Pipelines, except natural gas Transportation services Communications	100.00	100.97	103.12	104.15	108.71	107.66	100.00	96.59	99.14	103.06	93.65	93.38
45	Communications	100.00	105.00	109.75	116.61	127.87	138.80	100.00	101.26	101.92	104.18	103.00	100.99
46 47	Telephone and telegraph Radio and television	100.00 100.00	104.37 106.96	109.92 109.27	117.54 113.83	131.26 118.04	147.02 116.23	100.00	100.06	100.13	101.74 112.04	97.83 120.47	93.11 129.56
48	Electric, gas, and sanitary services	100.00	100.95	99.68	100.76	100.80	100.57	100.00	102.65	101.92	101.25	102.68	104.42
49	Wholesale trade	100.00	104.81	111.07	117.57	121.20	126.54	100.00	101.82	104.53	108.11	108.22	108,12
50	Retail trade	100.00	104.31	109.59	112.84	117.67	122.58	100.00	101.55	103.19	104.28	104.39	104.55
51 52	Finance, insurance, and real estate ¹ Depository institutions ¹ Nondepository institutions ¹ Security and commodity brokers						***************************************						
54	Security and commodity brokers	100.00	123.79	136.26	154.34	194.83	239.65	100.00	99.16	97.75	97.68	97.35	95.38
52 53 54 55 56 57 58	Insurance carriers	100.00 100.00	105.48 101.77	108.98 108.11	109.23 110.64	106.65 108.84	106.90 109.94	100.00	110.22 103.87	112.99 107.20	119.94 110.18	126.34 113.73	136.33 116.38
57 58	Real estate Nonfarm housing services	100.00	101.23	104.28	106.54	108.47	111.21	100.00	102.71	105.62	108.89	112.19	115.42
59 60	Other real estate ¹ Holding and other investment offices ¹												
61	Services ¹	100.00	102.63	108.49	110.76	112.84	110.96	100.00	103.23	105.40	108.73	112.71	118.21
62 63 64	Personal services	100.00	101.86	104.36	109.02	110.81	112.75	100.00	103.23	106.45	108.91	111.79	115.24
65	Business services Land parking	100.00	102.88	108.10	114.67	121.05	126.95	100.00	104.12	107.82	109.69	111.61	112.66
65 66 67	Miscellaneous repair services	100.00 100.00	96.99 108.35	103.37 112.49	113.11 116.69	111.51 117.89	113.72 127.15	100.00 100.00	105.40 101.50	107.24 105.76	109.02 108.99	113.41 113.74	116.25 116.58
68	Amusement and recreation services	100.00	107.06	111.48	121.82 104.75	130.29	135.25	100.00	103.12	106.77	110.30	113.95	116.82
68 69 70 71	Health services	100.00 100.00	101.18 98.78	102.36 97.33	104.75 95.49	107.09 99.03	109.86 100.17	100.00 100.00	104.53 104.31	108.63 107.82	112.20 111.27	114.70 115.17	117,47 119,83
71	Educational services	100.00	102.85	106.30	108.37	111.81	116.64	100.00	102.56	105.66	110.35	113.74	117.24
72 73 74	Social services 1												***************************************
74 75	Other services T												**********
76	Government 1								***************************************				************
77	Federal ¹			l i		1							
78 79	General government Government enterprises Government Government enterprises Government Government												
		1			- 1	į							***************************************
80 81	State and local !												
82	General government ¹ Government enterprises ¹												
													

^{1.} Estimates of gross output are not shown for this item, because data are not available. See footnote 11 in the text.

Table 16.—Chain-Type Quantity and Price Indexes for Intermediate Inputs by Industry, 1992–97

													
Line			Qua	antity index	es (1992=	100)			Pr	ice indexes	(1992=10	0)	
Line		1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997
1	Gross domestic product 1												
			1	İ	1								
2	Private industries 1	ł										*************	
3	Agriculture, forestry, and fishing	100.00	103.99	105.27	110.31	111.39	113.64	100.00	101.88	104.12	105.21	111.74	114.18
4 5	Farms Agricultural services, forestry, and fishing	100.00 100.00	103.98 104.25	107.06 66.69	110.51	109.03 157.59	110.24 181.53	100.00	101.81 103.59	103.99 107.58	105.04 111.84	111.66 116.96	114.32 116.42
		l		i	ì		l					1	
6 7	Mining	100.00 100.00	95.73 96.03	92.37 99.91	83.82 100.00	93.75 98.02	90.90 93.50	100.00 100.00	101.31 99.81	100.09 103.79	101.84 109.07	112.45 108.63	113.21 109.24
8	Coal mining	100.00	88.96	95.55	94.96	91.16	91.37	100.00	99.58	100.21	101.19	102.20	102.45
9	Oil and gas extraction	100.00	97.33	88.32 103.99	73.16	92.36	88.45	100.00	102.10	98.78	100.00	118.18	119.04
10	Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	100.00	101.87	103.99	109.46	100.66	100.05	100.00	101.65	104.11	107.09	109.86	111.52
11	Construction	100.00	103.06	104.45	103.63	107.56	113.54	100.00	103.02	106.10	109.53	111.30	114.80
12	Manufacturing	100.00	103.53	107.84	112.27	117.22	125.79	100.00	100.79	102.48	106.83	106.35	105.25
13	Durable goods	100.00	105.38	112.84	121.01	129.34	142.12	100.00	101.07	103.20	105.48	102.80	101.63
14 15	Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures	100.00	106.40 101.78	112.36 107.81	112.21 111.53	116.03 114.95	114.67 126.17	100.00 100.00	112.85 103.87	116.01	115.32 111.47	116.22 111.95	119.96 112.96
16	Stone, clay, and glass products	100.00	105.76	107.24	112.18	123.50	134.33	100.00	101.88	105.48	109.81	111.10	112.61
17	Primary metal industries	100.00	102.62	109.80	112.85	114.82	121.07	100.00	99.12	105.62	115.10	111.72	112.45
18 19	Fabricated metal products	100.00 100.00	103.40 114.05	105.29 129.16	108.44 144.48	114.38 162.64	119.30 181.62	100.00	100.96 99.17	104.67	111.73 100.07	109.58 96.00	110.39 92.92
20	Electronic and other electric equipment	100.00	102.33	115.11	144.56	165.46	186.39	100.00	99.84	100.41	99.27	93.30	89.86
21	Motor vehicles and equipment	100.00	104.80	119.88	124.83	127.07	134.51	100.00	101.00	102.76	105.09	105.17	104.92
22	Instruments and related products	100.00 100.00	98.79 108.65	87.31 112.63	84.68 124.00	88.84 134.58	108.39 159.38	100.00 100.00	101.41	103.20 99.18	105.50 96.40	105.65 88.92	105.87 84.36
24	Other transportation equipment Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	100.00	108.73	110.90	111.84	116.25	144.05	100.00	101.05	104.18	109.25	109.06	109.20
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	Nondurable goodsFood and kindred products	100.00 100.00	101.72 101.94	102.94 102.05	103.72 99.78	105.51 103.86	110.22 106.00	100.00	100.51 102.52	101.75	108.39 106.07	110.47	109.46 108.91
27	Tobacco products	100.00	84.87	86.24	90.08	96.66	110.45	100.00	100.73	102.89 102.26	108.25 108.80	107.88	106.19
28	Textile mill products	100.00	106.90	111.53	111.87	112.27	119.27	100.00	100.75	103.96 102.29	108.80	108.67 106.28	108.06
30	Apparel and other textile products	100.00 100.00	103.15 97.58	106.95 101.51	106.71	105.18 106.37	105.42 111.08	100.00	101.01 100.59	102.29	105.69 118.28	112.18	106.57 110.38
31	Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products	100.00	105.63	102.50	104.67	106.49	111.41	100.00	100.65	103.67 102.29	113.53	111.56	109.97
32 33 34 35	Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and coal products	100.00 100.00	100.37 100.64	98.92 103.87	99.62 103.78	101.79 104.49	110.22 110.32	100.00 100.00	101.53 92.84	104.56 89.77	109.97 97.53	111.21 113.08	112.06 106.23
34	Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products	100.00	106.20	114.77	117.12	119.93	122.88	100.00	101.45	104.78	113.94	112.01	112.35
35	Leather and leather products	100.00	110.96	96.39	75.10	90.56	86.12	100.00	102.11	103.78	107.84	107.88	109.53
36	Transportation and public utilities !												
37	Transportation and public utilities ¹												
36 37 38 39 40	Railroad transportation Local and interurban passenger transit	100.00 100.00	102.55 111.96	101.63 119.65	125.16 119.20	120.00 123.47	119.93 126.89	100.00 100.00	102.58 99.96	104.40	106.47 104.73	111.55 109.28	112.27 110.34
40	Trucking and warehousing	100.00	106.38	114.72	117.51	132.88	151.66	100.00	100.10	102.71	105.70	109.94	108.34
41	Trucking and warehousing Water transportation 1												
42	Transportation by air	100.00 100.00	104.70	105.29 108.58	112.49 108.55	93.21 85.30	97.50 72.12	100.00	100.61 102.50	100.96 104.26	103.67 107.33	111.15 110.46	110.89 113.09
42 43 44 45	Pipelines, except natural gas Transportation services Communications												
45 46	Communications Telephone and telegraph	100.00 100.00	101.90 107.36	109.69 117.72	124.98 140.91	144.89 161.42	170.57 197.12	100.00	99.50 98.54	97.32 94.32	99.43 96.78	94.69 89.52	91.81 85.80
46 47	Radio and television Electric, gas, and sanitary services	100.00	90.34	92.71	91.53	110.04	115.38	100.00	101.92	105.34	107.69	110.56	112.70
48	Electric, gas, and sanitary services	100.00	98.07	79.40	79.85	69.81	68.20	100.00	103.71	104.72	101.68	110.12	112.23
49	Wholesale trade	100.00	110.09	112.66	129.81	124.73	117.57	100.00	102.25	104.94	108.74	111.09	113.18
50	Date!! treads	100.00	104.81	108.16	109.16	110.11	109.15	100.00	102.08	104.60	107.62	440.04	440.00
50	Retail trade	100.00	104.01	100.10	109.16	110.11	109.15	100.00	102.00	104.00	107.02	110.31	113.03
51	Finance, Insurance, and real estate I Depository institutions I Nondepository institutions I Security and commodity brokers												
52 53	Nondepository institutions ¹												
54	Security and commodity brokers	100.00	115.21	104.49	149.12	178.32	233.62	100.00	100.76	101.59	102.83	103.22	103.90
55 56	Insurance carriers	100.00 100.00	100.73 104.08	108.55 113.38	109.26 118.73	108.79 114.92	99.94 111.11	100.00 100.00	103.58 102.67	106.45 105.28	109.45 108.61	112.84 111.39	115.64 114.24
57	Real estate ¹												
52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59	Nonfarm housing services Other real estate ¹	100.00	111.22	109.10	108.15	108.99	110.47	100.00	103.26		105.65	108.35	112.94
60	Holding and other investment offices t										***************************************	***********	***************************************
61	Services ¹												
62	Hotels and other lodging places	100.00	104.14	111.23	111.56	112.80	110.25	100.00	102.27	105.11	108.21	110.89	113.32
63	Personal services	100.00	99.12	104.99	113.46	120.25	119.24	100.00	102.30	104.87	107.90	110.46	113.28
64 65	Auto repair, services, and parking	100.00	106.34	112.73	119.74	125.06	128.18	100.00	101.76	103.95	106.44	109.47	111.25
66 67	Miscellaneous repair services	100.00	96.56	110.23	128.06	134.48	142.44	100.00	100.66	101.36	100.09	95.66	92.74
67 69	Motion pictures	100.00 100.00	103.09 126.06	114.64 132.91	112.99 150.48	112.41 165.68	123.21 166.53	100.00 100.00	101.93 102.11	106.04 104.77	109.69 108.00	114.39 111.06	117.89 114.34
69	Health services	100.00	105.10	106.22	111.25	115.90	123.04	100.00	102.30	104.73	107.73	109.15	111.09
68 69 70 71 72 73	Legal services	100.00	105.34	103.35	96.56	110.98	112.39	100.00	102.16 102.18	104.17 104.26	107.15	109.36	111.84
72	Educational services	100.00	102.98	106.87	111.30	118.18	126.51	100.00	102.18	104.26	107.57	109.22	111.63
73	Membership organizations 1												
74 75	Other services ¹ Private households ¹												
			************				***************************************	************					***************************************
76	Government ¹												
77	Federal I												
78	General government Government enterprises												
79	Government enterprises 1							••••••					
80	State and local 1												
81 82	State and local 1 General government 1 Government enterprises 1									***************************************			
-02													
	ationates for intermediate insule are not about for this item because of												

^{1.} Estimates for intermediate inputs are not shown for this item, because data are not available. See footnote 11 in the text.

Reconciliation of the U.S.-Canadian Current Account, 1996 and 1997

By Anthony J. DiLullo and Hugh Henderson

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N THE reconciled basis, the U.S.-Canadian Ocurrent account shows a larger U.S. deficit, or Canadian surplus, than on the U.S.-published basis for both 1996 and 1997. Compared with the Canadian published estimates, however, the reconciled current account shows a smaller U.S. deficit, or Canadian surplus. The U.S.-published current-account balance with Canada is a U.S. deficit of \$7.0 billion for 1996 and a U.S. deficit of \$0.8 billion for 1997.1 The corresponding Canadian-published balance is a Canadian surplus (U.S. deficit) of \$13.9 billion for 1996 and a Canadian surplus of \$6.7 billion for 1997. On the reconciled basis, the U.S. deficit, or Canadian surplus, is \$12.9 billion for 1996 and \$4.4 billion for 1997 (chart 1, table 1).2

This article presents the results of the reconciliation of the bilateral current-account estimates of Canada and the United States for 1996 and

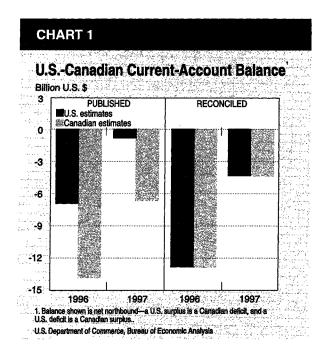
Table 1.—Major U.S.-Canadian Balances
[Billions of U.S. dollars]

•		ished nates		nciled nates
	United States	Canada	United States	Canada
1996 GoodsServices Investment income	-24.2 7.1 10.4	30.9 -5.9 -12.5	-31.7 6.6 12.6	31.7 -6.6 -12.6
Goods, services, and income	-6.6	12.5	-12.5	12.5
Unilateral transfers, net	3	1.4	4	.4
Current account	- 7.0	13.9	-12.9	12.9
1997				
Goods	-19.0 6.4 12.2	23.5 -4.5 -13.8	-25.3 5.9 15.5	25.3 -5.9 -15.5
Goods, services, and income	4	5.2	-4.0	4.0
Unitateral transfers, net	4	1.5	4	4
Current account	8	6.7	-4.4	4.4

Note.—A U.S. surplus (+) is a Canadian deficit (-), and a Canadian surplus (+) is a U.S. deficit (-). Details may not add to totals because of rounding.

1997.³ The details of the current-account reconciliation for 1996 and 1997 are presented in the tables that follow this article. Tables 2.1 and 2.2 show the major types of reconciliation adjustments—definitional, methodological, and statistical—that were made to the major current-account components. Tables 3.1 and 3.2 present the published estimates, the reconciled estimates, and the amounts of the adjustments for each major component. Tables 4–8 present the reconciliation details for each current-account component.⁴

^{4.} For reconciliation purposes, some of the details in the tables in this article differ from those in balance-of-payments tables regularly published by BEA and Statistics Canada.



^{1.} In this article, all values are expressed in U.S. dollars.

^{2.} The reconciled estimates are intended to show how the current-account estimates would appear if both countries used the same definitions, methodologies, and data sources. The reconciliation of the U.S.-Canadian current account does not necessarily result in revisions to the published accounts.

^{3.} The reconciliation of the current account has been undertaken each year since 1970. Summary results of the reconciliations were published in the United States in the following issues of the Survey of Current Business: June 1975, September 1976 and 1977, December 1979, June 1981, and December 1981 through 1991. Complete details of the reconciliations for 1990 forward were published in the following issues of the Survey: November 1992, October 1993 through 1995, and November 1996 and 1997. In Canada, the results were published in the following issues of Canada's Balance of International Payments (catalogue 67–001), a publication of Statistics Canada: Fourth Quarter 1973, Second Quarter 1976 and 1977, Third Quarter 1978 and 1979, First Quarter 1981, and Third Quarter 1981 through 1997.

Reconciled Current-Account Balances for 1996 and 1997

In the U.S. current account, the reconciliation adjustments resulted in increases of \$5.9 billion in the 1996 U.S. deficit and \$3.6 billion in the 1997 U.S. deficit. In both years, the changes reflect larger adjustments to the U.S. southbound estimates (U.S. payments) than to the northbound estimates (U.S. receipts) (tables 2.1 and 2.2).5 The largest increases in the U.S. southbound estimates result from the addition of Canadian reexports to U.S. goods imports (a definitional adjustment), from an increase for undercoverage in the U.S. inland freight adjustment to U.S. goods imports (a statistical adjustment), and from an increase for undercoverage of some services payments (a statistical adjustment). The largest increases in the U.S. northbound estimates result from upward adjustments to investment income for undercoverage of income on U.S. holdings of Canadian bonds (a statistical adjustment).

In the Canadian current account, the reconciliation adjustments resulted in decreases of \$1.0 billion in the 1996 Canadian surplus and \$2.3 billion in the 1997 Canadian surplus. In both years, the changes reflect larger downward adjustments to the Canadian southbound estimates (Canadian receipts) than to the Canadian northbound estimates (Canadian payments). The Canadian southbound estimates were adjusted downward to account for definitional differences, mainly in unilateral transfers; for methodological differences, mainly in investment income; and for statistical differences, mainly in "other" services. In the Canadian northbound estimates, downward adjustments for definitional and methodological differences, mainly in "other" investment income, were partly offset by upward adjustments for statistical differences, mainly in direct investment income.

Note on the U.S.-Canadian Current-Account Reconciliation

The U.S.-Canadian current-account reconciliation is undertaken because of the extensive economic links between the two countries and the need to explain differences in the published Canadian and U.S. estimates of the bilateral current account. In principle, the bilateral current account of one country should mirror the bilateral current account of the other country.

Differences occur in the bilateral U.S. and Canadian current accounts as published by the Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) and by Statistics Canada because of differences in the definitions, methodologies, and statistical sources used by each agency. In addition, some of the differences for 1997 are in components of the current account for which data are still preliminary and subject to revision; these differences may be eliminated when final data for these components become available. The reconciled estimates are intended to assist analysts who use both countries' statistics and to show how the current-account estimates would appear if both countries used common definitions, methodologies, and data sources.¹

The longstanding Canadian-U.S. current-account reconciliation is among the leading examples of the benefits that can be derived from international data sharing. The reconciliation process and the exchange of data have

resulted in greater accuracy of the published estimates of transactions between Canada and the United States and in increased efficiency in producing the estimates. The exchange of data between Canada and the United States for transactions such as trade in goods, travel, passenger fares, Canadian and U.S. Government transactions, and some transportation transactions cover more than 80 percent of the value of the Canadian and U.S. current account and has led to the elimination of some differences in the Canadian- and U.S.-published estimates. Wider opportunities for international data sharing may result from the 1997 yearend coordinated benchmark survey of international portfolio investment that was undertaken by more than 30 countries, including Canada and the United States, under the auspices of the International Monetary Fund.

Although the U.S.- and Canadian-published estimates are reconciled and there is extensive exchange of data between Canada and the United States, differences in the published estimates remain. Complete substitution of reconciled estimates for published estimates and complete exchange of data are not feasible for several reasons. For trade in goods, imports in the U.S. accounts would be affected because the United States attributes Canadian reexports to the country of origin rather than to Canada, the last country of shipment. For some accounts, protection of the confidentiality of source data bars the exchange of data. Finally, some requirements, such as valuation adjustments, differ when integrating the international and national (domestic) accounts in each country.

^{5.} In this article, the term "northbound" refers to U.S. receipts, or Canadian payments; the term "southbound" refers to U.S. payments, or Canadian

^{1.} A detailed article on the methodology used to reconcile the U.S.-Canadian current account was published by BEA in "Reconciliation of the U.S.-Canadian Current Account" in the November 1992 SURVEY and by Statistics Canada in Reconciliation of the Canadian-United States Current Account, 1990–91. Statistics Canada also published a shortened version in the December 1992 Canadian Economic Observer and in Canada's Balance of International Payments, Third Quarter 1992.

Effect of Annual Revisions on the Reconciliation

Once each year, BEA and Statistics Canada revise their published estimates of international transactions to incorporate methodological and statistical revisions. Some of the revisions eliminate or reduce differences in the U.S.- and Canadian-published estimates and thus have a direct impact on the reconciliation process. For example, changes in the Canadian-published estimates last year to make them conform more closely to the International Monetary Fund's Balance of Payment Manual (fifth edition) resulted in the elimination of four major reconciliation adjustments.⁶ This year, several of the revisions to the U.S.-published estimates have further reduced the number of adjustments needed for reconciliation.

First, one of the major statistical adjustments to U.S. southbound estimates of U.S. Government income payments was virtually eliminated, as a result of the incorporation of the results of the U.S. Treasury Department's 1994 benchmark survey of foreign investment in U.S. long-term securities and a new methodology for estimating interest payments on U.S. Government agency securities. Last year, this adjustment accounted for \$1.3 billion of the reconciliation adjustments for 1996; this year, the adjustment was only \$35 million for 1996 and \$4 million for 1997.

Second, in the U.S. accounts, the need for the methodological adjustment (reclassification) required to reconcile operational leasing was eliminated. More complete coverage of opera-

Acknowledgments

The reconciliations were carried out under the direction of Hugh Henderson, Chief, Current Account, in Statistics Canada's Balance of Payments and Financial Flows Division, and Anthony DiLullo, assistant chief of BEA's Balance of Payments Division. At Statistics Canada, Lucie Laliberté, Robert Théberge, Denis Caron, Rick Murat, and Linda Tassé participated in the reconciliation of the Canadian accounts; Denis Caron was responsible for the production and coordination of the reconciliation tables. At BEA, Russell Scholl, assisted by Jane Newstedt, was responsible for reconciling the U.S. portfolio income accounts; Mark New, for the accounts related to U.S. direct investment in Canada; Gregory M. Fouch, for the accounts related to Canadian direct investment in the United States; Kwok Lee, for goods; and Michael Mann, for services.

tional leasing and the reclassification of leasing of transportation equipment without crew to the "other" private services account from the "other" transportation account have brought the U.S. treatment of operational leasing closer to the current Canadian treatment.

Finally, revisions in 1997 to the Canadian methodology for compiling data on inland freight for northbound shipments of goods, which are the source data for the U.S.-published estimates, resulted in a reduction in the U.S.-published estimates. These revisions reduced the amount of statistical adjustment needed to reconcile the northbound goods account. Last year, the Canadian estimate of northbound inland freight for 1996 was adjusted upward \$1.3 billion to reconcile with the U.S. estimate. This year, the upward adjustment was \$0.4 billion for 1996 and \$0.5 billion for 1997.

Tables 2.1 through 8.2 follow.

^{6.} See Anthony J. DiLullo and Lucie Laliberté, "Reconciliation of the U.S.-Canadian Current Account; 1995 and 1996," in Survey 77 (November 1997): 87 and in Canada's Balance of International Payments, Third Quarter 1997: 22-23.

Table 2.1.—Summary of Reconciliation Adjustments, Northbound

Definitional Methodological Statistical Total										
	Defin	itional		Method	dological		Stati	stical	To	tal
	United		Reclass	sification	Gross	or net	United		United	
	States	Canada	United States	Canada	United States	Canada	States	Canada	States	Canada
1996										
Goods		-342	186				-1,864	1,065	-1,678	723
Services		-91	-186				542	-699	356	-790
Transfers under U.S., military agency sales contracts		,						146		146
Travel			554				-66	91	488	91
Passenger fares							-213		-213	
Other transportation				174			46	67	46	241
Other services		-91	-740	-174			775	-1,003	_35	-1,268
Affiliated		-41 -50	-280 -460	-174			-226 990	-1,290 271	-506 530	-1,331 47
Government							11	16	11	16
Investment income		-1,002 -279			-543	-1,667 -124	2,934 -362	906 1,792	2,391 -362	-1,763
Direct Other		-723		74	-543	-1,543	3,296	-886	2,753	1,315 -3,078
Unilateral transfers		-182			319		-50		269	-182
Total adjustments		-1,617			-224	-1,667	1,562	1,272	1,339	-2,011
1997			ĺ							
Goods		-249	138				26	190	164	-59
Services		-152	-138				234	90	96	-62
Transfers under U.S. military agency sales contracts								93		93
Travel			575				-83	84	492	84
Passenger fares							-214		-214	
Other transportation				180			57	29	57	209
Other services		-152	-713 -255	-180			474 –228	-116 -435	-239 -483	-448
AffiliatedUnaffiliated		–79 –73	-255 -458	-180			694	323	236	-514 70
Government							8	-4	8	-4
Investment income		-1,137 -358			-766	-2,534 -137	3,551 -267	2,082 2,680	2,785 267	-1,589 2,120
Other		-779		-65 65	-766	-2,397	3,818	-598	3,052	-3,709
Unilateral transfers		-223			318		46		271	-223
Total adjustments		-1,761			-448	-2,534	3,765	2,362	3,316	-1,932

Table 2.2.—Summary of Reconciliation Adjustments, Southbound

Definitional Methodological Statistical										
	Defin	itional		Method	dological		Stat	istical	To	otal
		Heitad	Reclass	sification	Gross	or net		United		I locitor d
	Canada	United States	Canada	United States	Canada	United States	Canada	States	Canada	United States
1996										
Goods	-28	4,378	307	20			1,250	1,480	1,529	5,878
Services	-143		-307	–20			-1,039	936	-1,489	916
Direct defense expenditures			32	-20			− 5		27	20
Travel				10				76		86
Passenger fares								1		1
Other transportation	-80		97				44	-164	61	-164
Other services Affiliated Unaffiliated Government	-63 -6 -57		-436 -404 -32	-10 -65 55			-1,078 -722 -324 -32	1,023 1,010 13	-1,577 728 785 64	1,013 -65 1,065 13
Investment income	-130 -46 -84				-1,667 -124 -1,543	-543 -543	-68 191 -259	689 -108 797	-1,865 21 -1,886	147 -108 254
Unilateral transfers	-1,146					319	~15		-1,161	319
Total adjustments	-1,447	4,378			-1,667	-224	128	3,105	-2,984	7,259
1997					:			İ		
Goods	625	5,004	298	40			822	1,465	1,745	6,509
Services	-142		-298	-40			-1,010	622	-1,450	581
Direct defense expenditures			41	-40			-24		17	-40
Travel				12				72		84
Passenger fares										
Other transportation	-84		100				22	-217	38	217
Other services Affiliated Unaffiliated Government	–58 –1 –57		-439 -398 -41	–12 –73 61			-1,008 -769 -228 -11	767 754 13	-1,505 -770 -683 -52	755 73 815 13
Investment income Direct Other	-1,165 -1,073 -92	***************************************			-2,534 -137 -2,397	–765 –765	502 304 198	284 -49 333	-3,197 -906 -2,291	-481 -49 -432
Unilateral transfers	-1,322					318	-4		-1,326	318
Total adjustments	-2,004	5,004			-2,534	-448	310	2,371	-4,228	6,926

Table 3.1.—U.S.-Canadian Current-Account Reconciliation, Northbound

	Pu	blished estima	ates	Rec	conciled estim	ates	Adjustm published	
	U.S. receipts	Canadian payments	Difference	U.S. receipts	Canadian payments	Remaining difference	United States	Canada
1996								
Goods and services	154,600	153,345	1,255	153,278	153,278		-1,322	-67
Goods	134,516	132,115	2,401	132,838	132,838		-1,678	723
Services	20,084 146 6,842 1,331	21,230 (¹) 7,239 1,118	-1,146 146 -397 213	20,440 146 7,330 1,118	20,440 146 7,330 1,118		356 488 –213	-790 146 91
Other transportation Royalties and license fees Other services	2,394 1,541 7,830	2,199 1,468 9,206	195 73 –1,376	2,440 (²) 9,406	2,440 (²) 9,406		46 -1,541 1,576	241 -1,468 200
Investment income Direct investment Other private assets/liabilities U.S. Government assets	18,119 9,024 9,095	22,273 7,347 14,926 (³)	-4,154 1,677 -5,831	20,510 8,662 11,848 (³)	20,510 8,662 11,848 (³)		2,391 -362 2,753	-1,763 1,315 -3,078
Unilateral transfers, net		451	<u>–451</u>	269	269		269	-182
Current account, northbound	172,719	176,069	-3,350	174,058	174,058	***************************************	1,339	-2,011
1997	į	,		,				
Goods and services	172,692	173,073	-381	172,952	172,952	***************************************	260	-121
Goods	152,047	152,270	-223	152,211	152,211		164	-59
Services Transfers under U.S. military agency sales contracts Travel Passenger fares Other transportation Royalties and license fees Other services	20,645 93 6,824 1,409 2,384 1,561 8,374	20,803 (1) 7,232 1,195 2,232 1,574 8,570	-158 93 -408 214 152 -13 -196	20,741 93 7,316 1,195 2,441 (²) 9,696	20,741 93 7,316 1,195 2,441 (²) 9,696		96 492 214 57 1,561 1,322	-62 93 84
Investment income	20,540 10,692 9,848	24,914 8,305 16,609 (³)	-4,374 2,387 -6,762	23,325 10,425 12,900 (³)	23,325 10,425 12,900 (³)		2,785 -267 3,052	-1,589 2,120 -3,709
Unilateral transfers, net		494	-494	271	271		271	-223
Current account, northbound	193,232	198,480	-5,248	196,548	196,548		3,316	-1,932

 ^{1.} In the Canadian published accounts, transactions of U.S. military agencies are not shown separately.
 2. Royalties and license fees are included in "other" services for reconciliation.

^{3.} Income on U.S. Government assets is included in income on "other" private assets in the Canadian published accounts.

Table 3.2.—U.S.-Canadian Current-Account Reconciliation, Southbound

	Pu	blished estima	ates	Re	conciled estim	ates	Adjustm published	
	Canadian receipts	U.S. payments	Difference	Canadian receipts	U.S. payments	Remaining difference	Canada	United States
1996								
Goods and services	178,365	171,611	6,754	178,405	178,405		40	6,794
Goods	163,018	158,669	4,349	164,547	164,547		1,529	5,878
Services Direct defense expenditures Travel Passenger fares	15,347 (¹) 4,756 392	12,942 47 4,670 391	2,405 -47 86 1	13,858 27 4,756 392	13,858 27 4,756 392		-1,489 27	916 -20 86 1
Other transportation	2,565 275 7,359	2,790 217 4,827	-224 58 2,532	2,626 (²) 6,057	2,626 (²) 6,057		61 275 1,302	-164 -217 1,230
Investment income	9,747 3,166 5,504 1,077	7,724 3,295 3,387 1,042	2,023 -129 2,117 35	7,882 3,187 3,636 1,059	7,870 3,187 3,624 1,059	12	-1,865 21 -1,868 -18	147 108 237 17
Unilateral transfers, net	1,827	348	-348 1,827	666	666		-1,161	-348 666
Current account, southbound	189,938	179,683	10,255	186,954	186,942	12	2,984	7,259
1997								
Goods and services	192,080	185,285	6,795	192,375	192,375		295	7,090
Goods	175,788	171,024	4,764	177,533	177,533	***************************************	1,745	6,509
Services Direct defense expenditures Travel Passenger fares	16,292 (¹) 4,985 470	14,260 57 4,901 470	2,032 -57 84	14,842 17 4,985 470	14,842 17 4,985 470		-1,450 17	581 -40 84
Other transportation	2,783 250 7,805	3,037 317 5,478	-255 -67 2,327	2,821 (²) 6,550	2,821 (²) 6,550		38 -250 -1,255	-217 -317 1,072
Investment income	11,081 4,072 5,950 1,059	8,353 3,215 4,083 1,055	2,728 857 1,867 4	7,884 3,166 3,658 1,059	7,872 3,166 3,651 1,055	12 8 4	-3,197 -906 -2,291	-481 -49 -432
Unilateral transfers, net	2,010	366	-366 2,010	684	684		-1,326	-366 684
Current account, southbound	205,172	194,003	11,169	200,944	200,932	12	-4,228	6,926

In the Canadian published accounts, transactions of U.S. military agencies are not shown separately.
 Royalties and license fees are included in "other" services for reconciliation.

Table 4.1.—Trade in Goods, Northbound

[Millions of U.S. dollars]

	U.S. receipts	Canadian payments	Type of adjustment
1996			
Balance of payments basis, published	134,516	132,115	
Reconciliation adjustments: Inland freight	4	436 342 630	Reclassification Definitional
Reconciled	132,838	132,838	
1997 Balance of payments basis, published	152.047	152,270	
	102,0	102,210	
Reconciliation adjustments: Inland freight	}	522	Statistical
Repair of equipment Other balance of payments adjustments	138 26	-249	Reclassification Definitional
Statistical adjustments		-331	Statistical
Reconciled	152,211	152,211	

Table 4.2.—Trade in Goods, Southbound

	Canadian receipts	U.S. payments	Type of adjustment
1996			
Balance of payments basis, published	163,018	158,669	
Reconciliation adjustments: Canadian reexports Inland freight Other balance of payments adjustments Statistical adjustments	978 139	4,314 1,341 223	Statistical Definitional and reclassification
Reconciled	164,547	164,547	
1997			
Balance of payments basis, published	175,788	171,024	
Reconcitiation adjustments: Canadian reexports Inland freight Other balance of payments adjustments Statistical adjustments	913 789	4,945 1,264 300	Statistical
Reconciled	177,533	177,533	

Table 5.1.—Travel, Passenger Fares, and Other Transportation, Northbound

	Put	lished estir	nates	Rec	onciled esti	imates	L	Adjust	ments to published estimates
	U.S. receipts	Canadian payments	Difference	U.S. receipts	Canadian payments	Remaining difference	United States	Canada	Type of adjustment
1996									
Travel Business and personal Education Medical	6,842 6,842	7,239 6,776 402 61	- 397 66 -402 -61	7,330 6,776 425 129	7,330 6,776 425 129		488 -66 425 129	91 23 68	Statistical Reclassification and statistical Reclassification and statistical
Passenger fares	1,331	1,118	213	1,118	1,118		-213		Statistical
Other transportation	2,394	2,199	195	2,440	2,440		46	241	
Freight	1,816 32 (^D) 1,393 (^D)	1,793 191 (^D) 1,193 (^D)	23 -159 (P) 200 (P)	1,837 139 (^D) 1,258 (^D)	1,837 139 (^D) 1,258 (^D)		21 107 (^D) -135 (^D)	44 -52 (P) 65 (P)	Statistical Statistical Statistical Statistical
Port services Vessel operators Airline operators Other	579 61 358 160	389 29 357 3	190 32 1 157	587 29 358 200	587 29 358 200		8 -32 40	198 1 197	Statistical Statistical Reclassification and statistical
Other		17	-17	17	17		17		Statistical
1997									
ravel	6,824 6,824	7,232 6,741 427 64	- 408 83 427 64	7,316 6,741 443 132	6,741 443		492 -83 443 132	84 16 68	Statistical Reclassification and statistical Reclassification and statistical
Passenger fares	1,409	1,195	214	1,195	1,195		-214		Statistical
Other transportation	2,384	2,232	152	2,441	2,441		57	209	
Freight Ocean Air Land Other	1,880 54 (^D) 1,435 (^D)	1,894 208 (^D) 1,272 (^D)	-14 -154 (P) 163 (P)	1,912 155 (P) 1,310 (P)	1,912 155 (^D) 1,310 (^D)		32 101 (^D) –125 (^D)	18 -53 (P) 38 (P)	Statistical Statistical Statistical Statistical
Port services Vessel operators Airline operators Other	504 64 287 153	320 29 287 4	184 35 0 149	511 29 287 195	511 29 287 195		7 35 42	191	Statistical Statistical Reclassification and statistical
Other		18	-18	18	18		18		Statistical

D Data suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.

Table 5.2.—Travel, Passenger Fares, and Other Transportation, Southbound

	· · ·											
	Pub	lished estin	nates	Rec	onciled esti	mates		Adjusti	ments to published estimates			
	Canadian receipts	U.S. payments	Difference	Canadian receipts	U.S. payments	Remaining difference	Canada	United States	Type of adjustment			
1996												
Travel Business and personal Education Medical Passenger fares	4,756 4,651 61 43 392	4,670 4,670	86 -19 61 43	4,756 4,651 61 43	4,756 4,651 61 43			86 -19 61 43	Statistical Reclassification and statistical Reclassification and statistical Statistical			
Other transportation	2,565	2,790	-224	2,626	2,626		61	-164	Casolica			
Freight Ocean Air Land Other Port services Vessel operators Airline operators Other	2,125 101 (P) 1,896 (P) 346 28 262 56	2,249 113 (P) 2,054 (P) 541 131 328 82	-124 -124 (P) -158 (P) -195 -103 -66 -26	2,136 113 (P) 1,896 (P) 480 65 262 153	2,136 113 (P) 1,896 (P) 480 65 262 153		11 12 (P) (P) 134 37	-113 (P) -158 (P) -61 -66 -66 71	Statistical Statistical Statistical Statistical Statistical Statistical Statistical Reclassification and statistical			
Other	95		95	11	11		-84	11	Definitional and statistical			
1997 Travel Business and personal Education Medical Passenger fares	4,985 4,883 57 44 470	4,901 4,901 470	84 -18 57 44	4,985 4,883 57 44 470	4,985 4,883 57 44 470			84 -18 57 44	Statistical Reclassification and statistical Reclassification and statistical			
Other transportation Freight Ocean Air Land Other	2,783 2,325 100 (P) 2,074 (P)	3,037 2,415 131 (^D) 2,178 (^D)	- 255 -90 -31 (£) -104 (£)	2,821 2,298 131 (^D) 2,016 (^D)	2,821 2,298 131 (^D) 2,016 (^D)		-27 31 (P) -58 (P)	-216 -117 (D) -162 (D)	Statistical Statistical Statistical Statistical			
Port services Vessel operators Airline operators Other	359 27 275 57	623 165 373 85	-264 -138 -98 -28	512 80 275 157	512 80 275 157		153 53 100	-111 -85 -98 72	Statistical Statistical Reclassification and statistical			
Other	99		99	11	11		-88	11	Definitional and statistical			

^D Data suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.

Table 6.1.—Other Services, Northbound

	Pul	olished estir	nates	Ren	onciled est	imates	Adjustments to published estimates		
								Tujusimeni	a to published estimates
	U.S. receipts	Canadian payments	Difference	U.S. receipts	payments	Remaining difference	United States	Canada	Type of adjustment
1996									
Total	9,371	10,675	-1,304	9,406	9,406		35	-1,268	
Private:						İ		İ	
Affiliated	5,371	6,196	-825	4,865	4,865		-506	-1,331	Definitional, reclassification, and statistical
Royalties and license feesOther services	1,279 4,092	1,277 4,919	-827	(1) (1)	(1) (1)		(1)	(1) (1)	
Unaffiliated	3,846	4,330	-484	4,377	4,377		531	47	
		506 519 555 19 637 1,107 788 199 25 174	153 -176 44 424 -342 202 -590 -199 -25 -174	659 408 599 18 349 1,576 768	1,576 768		-425 54 267 570	153 -111 44 -1 -288 469 -20 -199 -25 -174	Statistical Statistical Statistical Statistical Reclassification and statistical Reclassification and statistical Reclassification and statistical Reclassification and statistical Definitional Reclassification
Government: United States Canada	63 91	47 102	16 -11	63 102	63 102		11	16	Statistical Statistical
1997	9.935	10,145	-210	9.696	0.000		-239	-448	
Total	9,930	10,145	-210	9,090	9,090	••••••	-239	-440	
Private:									
Affiliated	5,647	5,678	-31	5,164	5,164	***************************************	-483	514	Definitional, reclassification, and statistical
Royalties and license fees	1,332 4,315 4,145	1,369 4,309 4,312	–37 6 –167	(1) (1) 4,382	(1) (1) 4,382		(¹) (¹) 237	(1) 70	and statistical
Commissions Railway port services		605 590 533 17 539 1,083 738 207 27 180	389 -237 38 444 -267 228 -555 -207 -27 -180	886 400 571 21 296 1,506 702	702		-108 47 -440 24 195 519	281 -190 38 4 -243 423 -36 -207 -27 -180	Statistical Statistical Statistical Statistical Reclassification and statistical Reclassification and statistical Reclassification and statistical Reclassification and statistical Definitional Reclassification
Government: United States Canada	51 92	55 100	-4 -8	51 100			_ 1	-4	Statistical Statistical

^{1.} Royalties and license fees are combined with "other" services for reconciliation.

Table 6.2.—Other Services, Southbound

	Pub	lished estin	nates	Rec	onciled esti	mates	Adjustments to published estimates		
	Canadian receipts	U.S. payments	Difference	Canadian receipts	U.S. payments	Remaining difference	Canada	United States	Type of adjustment
1996									
Total	7,634	5091	2543	6,084	6084		-1,550	993	
Private:	1	ļ :		1				1	
Affiliated	3,377	2714	663	2,649	2649		-728	-65	Definitional, reclassification,
Royalties and license feesOther services	185 3,192	128 2586	57 606	(¹) (¹)	(1) (1)		(1) (1)	(1) (1)	and statistical
Unaffiliated	4,109	2230	1879	3,293	3293		-816	1063	
Royalties, license fees, and selected services Insurance Financial services Education Communications Business services Sports and entertainment Other	690 287 316 22 737 1,270 611 176	351 459 178 31 350 735 126	339 -172 138 -9 387 535 485 176	681 400 178 22 360 1,151 501	681 400 178 22 360 1151 501		-9 113 -138 -377 -119 -110 -176	330 59 9 10 416 375	Statistical Statistical Statistical Statistical Statistical Reclassification and statistical Reclassification and statistical Statistical
Commissions	47 97 32		47 97 32				-47 -97 -32		Definitional Reclassification Reclassification
Government: Canada	13 133	148	13 15	13 128	13 128	•••••••••••	5	13 20	Statistical
1997 Total	8.055	5.852	2,203	6,567	6,567		-1,488	715	
Private:		,			,				
Affiliated	3,692	2995	697	2,922	2922		-770	–73	Definitional, reclassification,
Royalties and license fees	169 3,523	200 2795	-31 728	(1) (1)	(1) (1)	***************************************	(1) (1)	(1) (1)	and statistical
Unaffiliated	4,200	2658	1542	3,475	3475		725	817	
Royalties, license fees, and selected services Insurance Financial services Education Communications Business services Sports and entertainment Other Commissions Railway port services U.S. defense expenditures	741 309 389 24 643 1298 601 195 54 100	389 534 244 34 352 939 166	352 -225 145 -10 291 359 435 195 54 100 41	739 317 244 24 352 1,298 501	739 317 244 24 352 1298 501		-2 8 -145 -291 -100 -195 -54 -100 -41	350 -217 -10 359 335	Statistical Statistical Statistical Statistical Reclassification and statistical Reclassification and statistical Reclassification and statistical Statistical Definitional Reclassification Reclassification
Government: Canada United States	13 150	197	13 47	13 157	13 157		7	13 -40	Statistical Statistical

^{1.} Royalties and license fees are combined with "other" services for reconciliation.

[Millions of U.S. dollars]

	Pul	olished estir	nates	Rec	onciled est	imates		Adjustments to published estimates				
	U.S. receipts	Canadian payments	Difference	U.S. receipts	Canadian payments	Remaining difference	United States	Canada	Type of adjustment			
1996 Direct investment income Earnings of incorporated affiliates Dividends Reinvested earnings Earnings of unincorporated affiliates Net interest	9,024 8,117 2,218 5,899 507 400	7,347 6,367 2,805 3,562 245 735	1,677 1,750 -587 2,337 262 -335	8,662 7,632 2,307 5,325 507 523	8,662 7,632 2,307 5,325 507 523		-362 -485 89 -574 	1,315 1,265 -498 1,763 262 -212	Definitional, reclassification, and statistical Statistical Definitional, reclassification, and statistical Reclassification, net to gross, and statistical			
Direct investment income Earnings of incorporated affiliates Dividends Reinvested earnings Earnings of unincorporated affiliates Net interest	10,692 9,868 4,536 5,332 521 303	8,305 7,349 3,784 3,565 263 693	2,387 2,519 752 1,767 258 –390	10,425 9,435 4,536 4,899 521 469	10,425 9,435 4,536 4,899 521 469		-267 -433 -433	2,120 2,086 752 1,334 258 –224	Definitional, reclassification, and statistical Statistical Definitional, reclassification, and statistical Reclassification, net to gross, and statistical			

Table 7.2.—Direct Investment Income, Southbound

	Pub	Published estimates			onciled esti	mates	Adjustments to published estimates			
	Canadian U.S. payments Difference		Difference	Canadian U.S. receipts payments		Remaining difference	Canada	United States	Type of adjustment	
1996		٠								
Direct investment income Earnings of incorporated affiliates Dividends	3,166 1,943 422 1,521 974 248	3,295 2,612 308 2,304 534 148	- 129 -669 114 -783 440 100	3,187 2,399 347 2,052 640 148	3,187 2,399 347 2,052 640 148		21 456 75 531 334 100	-107 -213 39 -252 106	Statistical Statistical Definitional and statistical Gross to net and statistical	
1997										
Direct investment income Earnings of incorporated affiliates Dividends Reinvested earnings Earnings of unincorporated affiliates Net interest	4,072 2,939 1,323 1,616 913 221	3,215 3,012 539 2,473 -80 283	857 -73 784 -857 993 -62	3,166 2,571 399 2,172 312 283	3,166 2,571 399 2,172 312 283		-906 -368 -924 556 -601 62	-49 -441 -140 -301 392	Statistical Statistical Definitional and statistical Gross to net and statistical	

Table 8.1.—Other Investment Income, Northbound

[Millions of U.S. dollars]

	Put	olished estir	nates	Rec	onciled esti	mates		Adju	stments to published estimates
	U.S. receipts	Canadian payments	Difference	U.S. receipts	Canadian payments	Remaining difference	United States	Canada	Type of adjustment
1996									
Other investment income	9,095	14,926	-5,831	11,848	11,848		2,753	-3,078	
Securities Dividends Interest on bonds	6,147 1,051 5,096	9,886 805 9,081	-3,739 246 -3,985	9,114 1,051 8,063	9,114 1,051 8,063		2,967 2,967	772 246 1,018	Definitional, reclassification, and statistical Definitional and statistical
U.S. claims/ Canadian liabilities U.S. bank claims Other private U.S. claims	2,948 1,213 1,735	5,039 2,690 2,349	-2,091 -1,477 -614	2,734 1,023 1,711	2,734 1,023 1,711		-214 -190 -24	-2,305 -1,667 -638	Net to gross, gross to net, and statistical Net to gross and statistical
1997		į				!			
Other investment income	9,847	16,609	-6,762	12,900	12,900		3,052	-3,709	
Securities Dividends Interest on bonds	6,115 1,222 4,893	10,554 846 9,708	-4,439 376 -4,815	9,725 1,222 8,503	9,725 1,222 8,503		3,610 3,610	-829 376 -1,205	Definitional, reclassification, and statistical Definitional and statistical
U.S. claims/ Canadian liabilities U.S. bank claims Other private U.S. claims	3,732 3,055 677	6,055 3,544 2,511	-2,323 -489 -1,834	3,175 1,255 1,920	3,175 1,255 1,920		-557 -1,800 1,243	-2,880 -2,289 -591	Net to gross, gross to net, and statistical Net to gross and statistical

Table 8.2.—Other Investment Income, Southbound

	Pub	lished estin	nates	Rec	onciled esti	mates		Adjus	tments to published estimates
	Canadian receipts	U.S. payments	Difference	Canadian receipts	U.S. payments	Remaining difference	Canada	United States	Type of adjustment
1996									
Other investment income	6,581	4,429	2,152	4,695	4,683	12	-1,886	254	
Securities	1,624 1,220 404	1,737 1,268 469	113 48 65	1,703 1,268 435	1,703 1,268 435		79 48 31	-34 34	Definitional and statistical Definitional and statistical
Canadian claims/ U.S. liabilities Canadian bank claims Other Canadian claims	3,879 3,490 389	1,650 1,428 222	2,229 2,062 167	1,933 1,716 217	1,921 1,704 217	12 12	-1,946 -1,774 -172	271 276 -5	
U.S. Government liabilities	1,077	1,042	35	1,059	1,059		-18	17	Statistical
1997				ļ					
Other investment income	7,009	5,138	1,871	4,717	4,706	11	-2,291	-432	
Securities	1,823 1,192 631	2,101 1,320 781	-278 -128 -150	2,028 1,320 708	2,028 1,320 708		205 128 77	-73 -73	Definitional and statistical Definitional and statistical
Canadian claims/ U.S. liabilities Canadian bank claims Other Canadian claims	4,127 3,712 415	1,982 1,704 278	2,145 2,008 137	1,630 1,397 233	1,623 1,390 233	7 7	-2,497 -2,315 -182	-359 -314 -45	Net to gross, gross to net, and statistical Net to gross and statistical
U.S. Government liabilities	1,059	1,055	4	1,059	1,055	4			Statistical

Manufacturing Earnings in BEA Component Economic Areas, 1996

By G. Andrew Bernat, Jr.

Conomists have long been interested in why there is so much geographical variation in wages and salaries in the United States. This article takes a new look at this question by analyzing manufacturing earnings per job among BEA component economic areas (CEA'S) in 1996, the most recent year for which data are available from BEA's regional accounts.¹

The key findings of this analysis follow:

- High-earnings CEA's—the one-fifth of CEA's with the highest average manufacturing earnings per job—have a greater proportion of manufacturing jobs than do low-earnings CEA's—the one-fifth of CEA's with the lowest average manufacturing earnings per job. High-earnings CEA's also have a higher proportion of their manufacturing jobs in industry clusters, allowing establishments in these CEA's to take advantage of benefits associated with clustering, such as economies in transportation and access to common input suppliers. These CEA's also have large, well-educated, and diverse populations from which to draw their workers.
- Results from regression analysis show that industry mix is the most important factor associated with average manufacturing earnings per job in CEA's. The results suggest that high-wage industries tend to locate in regions with clusters of similar industries and with a large, well-educated workforce. The association between average manufacturing earnings per job and the mix of

regional amenities in CEA's is weaker, though significant.²

The remainder of this introduction discusses why manufacturing was chosen as the focus of the article and why CEA's are used in the analysis. The second section discusses the geographic variation of manufacturing earnings per job and the factors associated with manufacturing earnings per job. The third section discusses the regression analysis. The three appendixes at the end of the article provide supplementary technical information.

The article focuses on manufacturing because manufacturing continues to play an important role in the economy in many areas, despite a long-run decline in manufacturing's share of the Nation's earnings and jobs. As measured by share of total earnings for 1996, manufacturing was the largest of the 11 industry groups in 105 of the 348 CEA's and the second largest in another 87 CEA's, and it accounted for at least 25 percent of total earnings in 94 CEA's.3 Manufacturing's importance to regional economies goes beyond its share of earnings because it is part of the economic base in many regions.⁴ As part of the economic base, manufacturing industries support a substantial number of jobs in nonmanufacturing industries through local spending by manufacturing workers and through local purchases by manufacturing establishments.

Also as part of the economic base, manufacturing may play a unique role in the process of regional economic growth. Other industries—such as farming, mining, and producer services—are often part of the economic base of a region,

^{1.} CEA'S are the counties or groups of counties that make up BEA'S economic areas. The CEA'S were defined during the 1995 redefinition of the BEA economic areas. The redefinition procedure consisted of three major elements. The first was the identification of "economic nodes," which are the metropolitan areas or similar areas that serve as centers of economic activity. The second was the assignment of counties to CEA'S, where a CEA consists of a single economic node and the surrounding counties that are economically related to the node; the primary criterion for determining whether counties were economically related to a node was the level of commuting between counties. The third was the aggregation of the CEA'S to the economic areas. For more information, see Kenneth Johnson, "Redefinition of the BEA Economic Areas," Survey of Current Business 75 (February 1995): 75–81.

A regional amenity is a characteristic of a region or location that people value but that is neither bought nor sold—for example, a pleasant climate.

^{3.} The other 10 industry groups are farming; agricultural services, forestry, fishing, and other; mining; construction; transportation and public utilities; finance, insurance, and real estate; wholesale trade; retail trade; services; and government and government enterprises.

^{4.} The economic base of a region consists of the industries that export their products outside the region. See Charles M. Tiebout, *The Community Economic Base Study* (New York: Committee for Economic Development, 1962) and Gordon F. Mulligan, "Multiplier Effects and Structural Change: Applying Economic Base Analysis to Small Economies," *Review of Urban and Regional Development Studies* 6 (1994): 3-21.

but manufacturing is viewed by some regional economists as having the greatest potential to lead a region's growth because many manufacturing industries have extensive interindustry linkages, exhibit increasing returns to scale, and have the ability to innovate.⁵

Because of the importance of manufacturing as an employer of local workers, as part of the economic base, and as a potential source of economic growth, manufacturing is often the focus of local economic development efforts. For this reason, identifying the factors most closely associated with regional manufacturing earnings per job is relevant to the formulation of local and regional economic development policies. However, policy prescription is beyond the scope of this article, which attempts only to provide a broad overview of some of the key factors associated with the geographic variation in manufacturing earnings per job.

Manufacturing earnings is the most widely used measure of the income generated from participation in current manufacturing production within CEA's.⁶ Because manufacturing earnings per job is correlated relatively strongly with per capita income (the correlation coefficient between manufacturing earnings per job in CEA's and per capita income is 0.60 for 1996), a better understanding of its variation among CEA's may help explain why per capita income varies among regions, a question of longstanding interest in economics.⁷

CEA's are used in this analysis because they are large enough to encompass most of the economic activity in a local area yet small enough to permit the measurement of relatively local phenomena that may be important in determining the level of earnings. Counties are inappropriate for this analysis because a significant number of workers commute across county boundaries. As a result of commuting, the correspondence between per capita income and manufacturing earnings per

job at the county level is relatively low because per capita income is measured on a place-of-residence basis, but manufacturing earnings per job is measured on a place-of-work basis. In contrast, CEA's are defined in such a way that relatively few workers commute across CEA borders, so the correspondence between per capita income and manufacturing earnings per job is relatively high.

States and BEA economic areas are inappropriate for this analysis because they often include more than one center or node of economic activity. Recent research indicates that industry clusters—groups of establishments in the same industry or in related industries located in close proximity to each other—play an important role in local economic growth and in determining the level of average wages. Using either of the large geographic units would increase the difficulty of measuring the association between industry clusters and manufacturing earnings per job.

Factors associated with the geographic variation in manufacturing earnings per job

One of the most striking aspects of the U.S. economy is the wide and persistent variation in wages and earnings per job among regions, the subject of many studies over the years.⁸ Wages and earnings per job vary substantially among regions for most major industry groupings, but for manufacturing, the variation is particularly large. As shown in chart 1, high-earnings and low-earnings CEA's are found in every BEA region. In 1996, average manufacturing earnings per job for high-earnings CEA's was \$51,600, 43.7 percent higher than the average for the middle-quintile CEA's, while the average for low-earnings CEA's was \$27,100, 24.5 percent lower than the middle-quintile average (table 1).

In theory, such a large range between high- and low-earnings CEA's would not exist, because if either capital or labor is mobile among regions, the mobile factor(s) will move from regions with low returns to regions with high returns and thereby reduce the differences in earnings per job. While there is by no means a consensus on all the factors that contribute to regional variation in earnings per job, most recent studies have identified three

^{5.} R.I.D. Harris, "The Role of Manufacturing in Regional Growth," Regional Studies 21 (1987): 301–312. For similar arguments in a national context, see Stephen S. Cohen and John Zysman, Manufacturing Matters: The Myth of the Post-Industrial Economy (New York: Basic Books, 1987).

^{6.} Manufacturing earnings is the sum of three components of personal income—wage and salary disbursements, other labor income, and proprietors' income. Each of these components is measured before the deduction of personal contributions for social insurance, which is excluded from personal income. For more information, see U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, State Personal Income, 1929–93 (Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, June 1995): M-53; and Bureau of Economic Analysis, State Personal Income, 1958–96 [CD-ROM] (Washington, DC: September 1998).

^{7.} See, for example, Daniel H. Garnick and Howard L. Friedenberg, "Accounting for Regional Differences in Per Capita Personal Income Growth, 1929–79," SURVEY 62 (September 1982): 24–34 and Daniel H. Garnick, "Accounting for Regional Differences in Per Capita Personal Income Growth: An Update and Extension," SURVEY 70 (January 1990): 29–40.

^{8.} While this study examines earnings per job, most other studies examined hourly wages. See, for example, Edward Montgomery, "Evidence on Metropolitan Wage Differences Across Industries and Over Time," *Journal of Urban Economics* 31 (1992): 69–83 and Stephen C. Farber and Robert J. Newman, "Accounting for South/Non-South Real Wage Differentials and for Changes in Those Differentials Over Time," *The Review of Economics and Statistics* 69 (May 1987): 215–223.

Farber and Newman, "Accounting for South/Non-South Real Wage Differentials and for Changes in Those Differentials Over Time," 216.

broad groups of factors: Worker characteristics, regional amenities, and various demand factors.

Over all but relatively short periods of time, the variation in regional manufacturing earnings per job is the result of a complex growth process that involves the interactions among these factors and among a host of other factors, such as technological change, economic policy, and historical circumstances. Thus, many of these factors can be said to contribute to average manufacturing earnings per job at a point in time, but over longer periods of time they will be affected by the level of average manufacturing earnings per job and by each other. Analysis of this process is beyond the scope of this article.

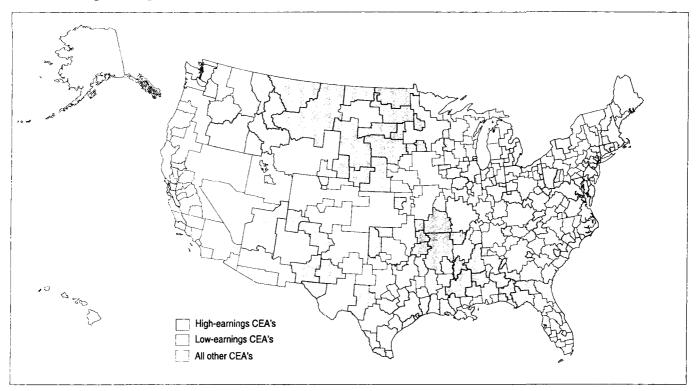
Worker characteristics.—Previous studies found that the most important factors are characteristics of individual workers, such as education, experience, gender, race, health, and occupation. Some of these characteristics—

particularly education—relate directly to a worker's productivity.¹¹ Occupation, experience, and health also have clear relationships to an individual's productivity and, therefore, to wages and earnings. Other characteristics, such as gender and race, have no direct relationship to an individual's productivity but have nevertheless been shown to be systematically related to an individual's wages and earnings.

Regional amenities.—The second group of factors is regional amenities. While many of the earliest studies of regional wage variation focused primarily on worker characteristics, most of the recent research follows a hedonic approach, first used by Sherwin Rosen, in which regional

CHART 1

Manufacturing Earnings Per Job, 1996



U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

^{10.} See, for example, Patricia Beeson, "Amenities and Regional Differences in Returns to Worker Characteristics," *Journal of Urban Economics* 30 (1991): 224–241; Jennifer Roback, "Wages, Rents, and Amenities: Differences Among Workers and Regions," *Economic Enquiry* 26 (January 1988): 23–41; Glenn C. Blomquist, John P. Hoehn, and Mark C. Berger, "New Estimates of Quality

of Life in Urban Areas," American Economic Review 78 (1988): 89–107; John P. Hoehn, Mark C. Berger, and Glenn C. Blomquist, "A Hedonic Model of Interregional Wages, Rents, and Amenity Values," Journal of Regional Science 27 (1987): 605–620; and Richard Voith, "Capitalization of Local and Regional Attributes into Wages and Rents: Differences Across Residential, Commercial, and Mixed-Use Communities," Journal of Regional Science 31 (1991): 127–145.

^{11.} There is some disagreement over whether the strong relationship between education and earnings is due to education providing skills that increase the productivity of an individual or whether the educational level is a screening device for identifying more capable individuals.

amenities play an important explanatory role.¹² Climate is perhaps the most obvious example of a regional amenity; other examples include proximity to beaches and mountains or proximity to cultural and entertainment facilities, such as museums, theaters, and shopping districts.¹³

According to Rosen's hedonic model, workers choose a location for their residence based on their preferences for the bundle of characteristics associated with each location. A worker who places a relatively high value on a particular amenity will favor locations with a high value of the amenity, even if wages are lower than at other locations. For example, a location with a warm climate will attract workers with a strong preference for warm weather. If enough workers are attracted to the location because of its warm climate, labor supply will rise relative to colder but otherwise similar locations, resulting in lower wages than at the colder locations.¹⁴ In the case

of a disamenity—for example, a high crime rate or air pollution—wages will tend to be higher in locations with high disamenities than in other locations because employers will have to offer relatively high wages to compensate workers for the presence of the disamenities.

Regional amenities contribute to regional variation in earnings per job because amenities are distributed unevenly across the country and are valued unequally by workers. Workers with a given set of characteristics who value a particular amenity will accept lower earnings per job to work in an area with high levels of that amenity, while workers who do not value the amenity will tend to work for higher earnings per job in locations with lower values of the amenity. Consequently, earnings per job are expected to be lower in high-amenity areas than in low-amenity areas, all other factors being equal.¹⁵

Demand factors.—The third group of factors is included to account for regional differences in the demand for workers that have different characteristics. One of the most important demand factors is the mix of industries in the region. Because earnings per job differ substantially among industries, regions with a high proportion of jobs in high-wage industries will have higher overall

Table 1.—Characteristics of CEA's

				Quintiles		
	Units	1 (High- earnings CEA's)	2	3	4	5 (Low- earnings CEA's)
Manufacturing earnings per job	Thousands of dollars	51.6	40.8	35.9	32.2	27.1
Worker characteristics: Percentage of workforce with college degree Percentage of workforce that did not finish high school Percentage of population that is nonwhite Percentage of the labor force that is female	Percent	21.0 22.7 16.2 45.5	17.9 24.6 15.8 45.4	16.7 26.1 13.6 45.6	16.6 27.1 14.4 45.5	15.1 29.7 16.8 45.7
Regional amenities: Cooling degree days Average January temperature Average July temperature Average precipitation Average elevation Average commuting time Crime rate	Hundreds Degrees Degrees Inches Feet Minutes Rate × 100	49.2 31.4 73.8 37.9 741.0 21.1 6.0	44.6 33.1 74.8 35.7 932.8 19.6 5.0	43.9 34.2 74.7 38.0 1,239.4 19.0 5.0	43.7 34.3 75.6 37.4 1,065.4 18.0 5.0	46.5 32.7 75.8 34.7 1,656.5 16.8 4.0
Demand factors: Industry-mix wages and salaries	Thousands of dollars Percent Rate × 100 Thousands People per square mile Percent	38.5 25.0 5.3 1,414.7 550.5 48.9	36.2 22.0 5.6 1,006.1 445.0 35.7	35.6 19.0 5.9 636.3 138.3 21.2	34.6 16.0 6.1 463.0 112.3 14.5	33.6 15.0 6.3 289.6 56.1 6.2

^{12.} Sherwin Rosen, "Wage-Based Indexes of Urban Quality of Life," in Current Issues in Urban Economics, ed. P. Meiszkowski and M. Strazheim (Baltimore, MD: Johns Hopkins University Press, 1979): 74–104.

^{13.} Economists distinguish between pure amenities, such as natural characteristics of a location that do not change, and produced amenities, such as good schools, which may change. See Joseph Gyourko and Joseph Tracy, "The Importance of Local Fiscal Conditions in Analyzing Local Labor Markets," *Journal of Political Economy* 91 (1988): 1208–1231.

^{14.} High-amenity locations may also tend to have higher land rents than low-amenity locations because the additional population attracted to a location by the amenity leads to a bidding up of land rents. There is some evidence that ignoring the effect of amenities on land rents may bias estimates of the value of the amenities downward; see Philip E. Graves and Donald M. Waldman, "Multimarket Amenity Compensation and the Behavior of the Elderly," American Economic Review 81 (1991): 1374–1381. However, this bias may only be important for smaller geographic areas such as cities and coun-

ties; for example, see J. Vernon Henderson, "Evaluating Consumer Amenities and Interregional Welfare Differences," *Journal of Urban Economics* 11 (1982): 32-59.

^{15.} The regional difference in wages for workers of similar characteristics is often used as a measure of the value of amenities.

earnings per job than will regions with a large proportion of jobs in low-earnings industries. Previous studies used highly aggregated industry groups to account for industry mix and found a significant relationship between an individual's wages and the industry in which the individual worked.¹⁶

A second demand factor is the unemployment rate. It is often assumed that a high unemployment rate in a region indicates that labor supply exceeds labor demand, implying a negative relationship between earnings per job and the unemployment rate. At any given time, however, the relationship between earnings per job and the unemployment rate may be positive because labor markets adjust slowly.¹⁷ One reason regional labor markets adjust slowly is that it takes time for workers to find new jobs or to move to another region. In addition, a region will have high average wages and a high unemployment rate if recently unemployed workers remain unemployed in the hope that a high-wage job will become available, rather than taking a low-wage job or migrating to another region, as economic theory suggests.

A third demand factor is the relative productivity of the regional labor force. One potential source of productivity differences is the quality of the regional labor force, which reflects the characteristics of the workers. Another source of productivity differences is the agglomeration of economic activity, which is defined as the geographic concentration of a large number of establishments. For example, a city is an agglomeration of establishments in a wide variety of industries. Another type of agglomeration is an industry cluster, which is defined as an agglomeration of establishments in the same or related industries. To the extent that agglomerations raise output per worker, agglomeration will affect the regional variation in earnings per job because of the positive relationship between productivity and earnings. 19

Regression analysis

This section describes the regression analysis used to measure the association between aver-

age manufacturing earnings per job in CEA's and characteristics of CEA's. The analysis largely follows earlier studies, with three major differences. First, only manufacturing is examined, rather than all industries. Second, the dependent variable in the regression is average earnings per job for each CEA rather than hourly wages for workers, as in most previous studies. Earnings per job is a more comprehensive measure of labor compensation than wages per hour because it includes proprietors as well as wage and salary workers. In addition, data on earnings per job are available for all CEA's, whereas data on hourly wages are unavailable for many sub-State regions. The disadvantages of earnings per job are that it does not account for differences in hours worked and that it includes both full-time and part-time jobs.

Third, the unit of analysis for this article is the CEA, whereas the unit of analysis in most previous studies was the individual worker. As a result, all regions of the United States can be included in the analysis. In contrast, most previous studies use data only for metropolitan areas because the survey data that must be used in order to focus on individual workers are available only for metropolitan areas and States. However, use of the CEA's means that it is not possible to match the characteristics of individual workers with their earnings. Consequently, the variables representing individual characteristics do not have as much explanatory power as in previous studies.

The remainder of this section describes the variables used in estimating the regression model.

Worker characteristics.—Four variables representing worker characteristics are used in this analysis. The first two, the proportion of the working-age population (persons 25 years or older) without a high school education and the proportion with a college degree, relate directly to the educational attainment of workers. The other two variables, the percentage of the CEA's population that is nonwhite and the percentage of the CEA's civilian workforce that is female, are included because previous studies of individual workers have shown these two variables to be significantly related to a worker's wages.

Table 1 shows that high-earnings CEA's have a slightly better educated work force than other CEA's.²⁰ The average proportion of working-age adults without a high school education ranged

^{16.} For example, Beeson, in "Amenities and Regional Differences," used three broad industries (manufacturing, government, and construction) to represent industry mix.

^{17.} For example, see the discussion in Olivier Jean Blanchard and Lawrence F. Katz, "Regional Evolutions," *Brookings Papers on Economic Activity* 1 (1992).

^{18.} This is called wait unemployment; see Blanchard and Katz, "Regional Evolutions." 30.

^{19.} See appendix A for a more detailed discussion of agglomeration and industry clustering.

^{20.} The data are from USA Counties, 1996 [CD-ROM] (Washington, DC: Bureau of the Census, May 1997).

from 22.7 percent in high-earnings CEA's to 29.7 percent in low-earnings CEA's. The proportion of working-age adults with a college education showed a relatively stronger contrast: 21.0 percent in high-earnings CEA's, compared with 15.1 percent for low-earnings CEA's. The proportion of total population that is nonwhite declines from the top quintile to the middle quintile and then increases from the middle quintile to the bottom quintile. The proportion of the workforce that is female shows little or no systematic variation among the five quintile averages.

Regional amenities.—Because economic theory gives little guidance on which amenity variables should be included in this type of study, many different amenity variables have been used in previous studies. The amenity variables included in this study, representing five pure amenities and two produced amenities, were chosen based on the availability of data for all CEA's and on the results of previous studies. The pure amenities are cooling-degree days, average January temperature, average July temperature, average annual precipitation, and average elevation. Of these variables, only average elevation exhibits a systematic relationship with the average manufacturing earnings by quintile.

The produced-amenity variables are average number of serious crimes per 10,000 population and average commuting time. The quintile with the highest average manufacturing earnings per job had the highest crime rate, and the lowest quintile had the lowest crime rate. The average length of commute declined with quintile, with the highest quintile having the longest average commuting time.

Demand factors.—The six variables representing demand factors are industry mix, manufacturing's share of total jobs, the unemployment rate, population, population density, and the share of manufacturing jobs in industry clusters. The industry-mix variable is constructed in the following way. First, average wages and salaries per job by manufacturing industry at the national level is calculated using data on employment and on wages and salaries for four-digit Standard

Industrial Classification (SIC) industries.²² The earnings-per-job estimates from BEA's regional accounts are not used, because these estimates are available only for two-digit SIC industries.

Second, for each CEA, the number of jobs in each manufacturing industry is multiplied by the national-average rate for wages and salaries per job in that industry. The results are summed to arrive at an estimate of what total manufacturing wages and salaries would have been for the CEA if the national-average rate for each industry were paid. This estimate is divided by total manufacturing jobs in the CEA to arrive at an estimate of average wages and salaries per job at national-average rates (henceforth called the industry-mix wages and salaries per job).

Table 1 shows that high-earnings CEA's have higher average industry-mix wages and salaries than low-earnings CEA's. However, the range in industry-mix wages and salaries between high-and low-earnings CEA's is much narrower than the range in earnings per job, indicating that industry mix does not explain all the regional variation in earnings per job.

Manufacturing's share of total jobs in a CEA is included to account for the industry composition of the overall CEA economy and is similar to the industry-mix variables used in previous studies. Manufacturing industries employed a larger share of the labor force in high-earnings CEA's than in low-earnings CEA's: 25 percent of total jobs in high-earnings CEA's compared with 15 percent in low-earnings CEA's.

The unemployment rate is included to account for imbalances in labor supply and demand. The average unemployment rate increases from a low of 5.3 percent in high-earnings CEA's to a high of 6.3 percent in low-earnings CEA's.

The remaining three variables are intended to measure the effects of agglomeration on manufacturing earnings per job. Following relatively standard practice, population is used to

^{21.} A cooling-degree day is a day in which the average temperature is one degree above the reference temperature of 65 degrees. Cooling degree days are commonly used in studies of regional wage variation as a broad measure of climate throughout the year, while average January and July temperatures are included to account for seasonal extremes. The data for cooling degree days, average annual rainfall, serious crimes per 10,000 people, and average commuting time are from the Bureau of the Census' USA Counties, 1996. Average January and July temperatures and average elevation were calculated from historical climate data from the U.S. Historical Climatology Network, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration.

^{22.} The data used in constructing the industry-mix variable are based on special internal tabulations of data provided by the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) for BEA's use in constructing its regional accounts. The data are summarized by county and by four-digit sic industry on form ES-202 by the State employment security agencies (ESA's). Each quarter, the ESA's send these data to BLS, which edits the data and makes the tabulations available to BEA. The summarized data are from quarterly State unemployment insurance (UI) contribution reports, which are filed with an ESA by the employers in the industries that are covered by, and subject to, that State's UI laws. Under most of these laws, wages and salaries include bonuses, tips, and the cash value of meals and lodging provided by the employer—that is, pay-in-kind. Unlike the earnings-per-job data, these data do not cover proprietors. For more information, see Bureau of Economic Analysis, State Personal Income, 1929-93, M-8—M-21; and Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA), Regional Economic Information System, 1969-96 [CD-ROM] (Washington, DC: BEA, May 1998).

account for urbanization economies.23 As expected, high-earnings CEA's were more populous than low-earnings CEA's: High-earnings CEA's had an average population of 1,414,700, compared with an average of 289,600 for low-earnings CEA's. In order to account for the wide range in both population and geographic size of CEA's, population per square mile is also included; as expected, high-earnings CEA's had substantially higher average population density than low-earnings CEA's.

Localization economies are represented by the share of CEA manufacturing employment in an industry cluster, where clusters were identified using the local Moran statistic.24 table 1 shows, high-earnings CEA's have a substantially higher proportion of manufacturing jobs in clusters than low-earnings CEA's: For high-earnings CEA's, the average is 48.9 percent; for low-earnings CEA's, it is only 6.2 percent.

The final group of variables included in the regression are dummy variables representing the location of each CEA in terms of the eight BEA regions. These variables are included to account for differences unaccounted for by the other variables but that are systematically related to the broad geographic location of each CEA.

CEA characteristics associated with manufacturing earnings per job

Table 2 summarizes the regression results, presenting only the variables that were statistically significant (for more detailed results, see appendix C). The third column shows the value of the estimated coefficient for each explanatory variable. These coefficients indicate the change in average manufacturing earnings per job in a CEA that would be associated with a one-unit change in the row variable, holding all other variables constant. For example, an increase of 1 percentage point in the proportion of the working-age population with at least a college degree is associated with an increase of \$192 in average manufacturing earnings per job. Because the dependent variables are measured in different units, the estimated coefficients do not provide a good basis for comparison.

One way to assess the relative effects of the dependent variables is to calculate elasticities from the regression coefficients. An elasticity shows the percent change in one variable that is associated with a 1-percent change in another variable. The elasticities of average manufacturing earnings per job with respect to the explanatory variables, evaluated at the average values of the explanatory variables, are presented in the fourth column. Industry mix has by far the largest elasticity: A 1-percent change in industry-mix wages and salaries is associated with a 2.3-percent change in average manufacturing earnings per job. However, even though the elasticities are in the same units (percent), comparisons may be misleading because some of the explanatory variables have a much larger range (difference between the highest and lowest value) than others. Consequently, a 1-percent change in a variable with a small range represents a much larger proportionate change than does a 1-percent change in a variable with a large range. For example, a 1-percent increase in the industry-mix wages and

Table 2.—Summary of Regression Results

		Coefficient	Elasticity	Beta coefficient
Explanatory variables	Units	Dollars	Percent	Dollars
Worker characteristics: Percentage of workforce with college degree Percentage of workforce that did not finish high school Percentage of population that is nonwhite	Percent Percent Percent	192 148 100	0.089 103 .041	1,030 -1,050 1,170
Regional amenities: Average January temperature Average elevation Crime rate	Degrees Hundreds of feet	-120 -100 329	106 029 .044	-1,540 -1,340 710
Demand factors: Industry-mix wages and salaries Manufacturing share of total jobs Population Population density Percentage of manufacturing jobs in clusters	Thousands of dollars	2,452 273 917 1 24	2.333 .141 .317 .005 .016	5,380 2,680 890 570 760

^{23.} Many researchers use population and population density in studies of agglomeration economies, though some researchers have criticized their use. For a discussion, see Ronald Moomaw, "Is Population Scale a Worthless Surrogate for Business Agglomeration Economies?" Regional Science and Urban Economics 13 (1983): 525-545.

^{24.} See appendix B for a discussion of the process of identifying clusters using the local Moran statistic.

salaries for a CEA with the all-CEA average is equal to 2.7 percent of its total range while a 1-percent change in the proportion of manufacturing jobs in clusters for a CEA with the all-CEA average is equal to only 0.3 percent of this variable's total range.

To account for these very different variances, "beta coefficients" were calculated. Beta coefficients indicate the effect that a change of 1 standard deviation in an explanatory variable has on the dependent variable, in this case manufacturing earnings per job.²⁵ The beta coefficients are presented in the fifth column, in dollars of manufacturing earnings per job.

Worker characteristics.—Both education variables were statistically significant and had the expected signs. The coefficient of 0.192 on the percent of the working-age population with a college degree indicates that an increase of 1 percentage point in this proportion is associated with a \$192 increase in average manufacturing earnings per job, while a 1-percent increase in the percent of the work-age population that did not complete high school is associated with a \$148 decrease in average manufacturing earnings per job. However, the positive association between manufacturing earnings per job and the percent of the labor force that is nonwhite is the opposite of what other studies have found.

The beta coefficients indicate relatively larger effects than the estimated coefficients. For instance, a 1-standard-deviation increase in the college proportion would be associated with a \$1,030 increase in average manufacturing earnings per job, compared with a \$1,050 decrease for a 1-standard-deviation increase in the proportion of the working-age population without a high school education.

Regional amenities.—The results on regional amenities, consistent with previous studies, indicates that warmer climates are associated with lower earnings per job. Average January temperature and average elevation are the two pure amenities that were statistically significant. A higher average January temperature is associated with lower average manufacturing earnings per job (\$120 lower for a 1-degree increase and \$1,540 for a 1-standard-deviation increase). A 100-foot increase in average elevation is associated with a

\$100 decrease in manufacturing earnings per job, while a 1-standard-deviation increase is associated with a \$1,340 decrease.

As expected, higher crime rates are associated with higher earnings per job. A 1-percentage-point increase in the crime rate is associated with a \$329 increase in average manufacturing earnings per job, and a 1-standard-deviation increase in the crime rate is associated with a \$710 increase.

Demand factors.—The results of this study, unlike those of studies of individual workers, indicate that industry mix is the factor most strongly associated with average manufacturing earnings per job. The regression coefficient on the industry-mix variable indicates that a \$1,000 increase in industry-mix wages and salaries would be associated with a \$2,452 increase in manufacturing earnings per job. The associated elasticity is 2.3, and the beta coefficient indicates that a 1-standard-deviation increase in industry-mix wages and salaries would be associated with a \$5,380 increase in manufacturing earnings per job.

The regression coefficients for all the other demand factors except the unemployment rate were also statistically significant. The population variables indicate that larger, more densely populated CEA's have higher earnings per job, even after accounting for other factors. Manufacturing earnings per job are also higher in CEA's in which manufacturing accounts for a large share of total jobs. A 1-percentage-point increase in the share of manufacturing jobs is associated with a \$273 increase in manufacturing earnings per job, while a 1-standard-deviation increase is associated with a \$2,680 increase in earnings per job. Industry clusters are also associated with higher average earnings per job; a 1-percentagepoint increase in the share is associated with a \$24 increase in earnings per job, while a 1standard-deviation increase is associated with a \$760 increase in earnings per job.

Regional effects.—None of the regional dummy variables were statistically significant, indicating that no statistically significant regional variation remains after accounting for the other variables included in the regression analysis.

Appendix A: Agglomeration and industry clusters

Agglomerations exist for a variety of reasons. Establishments may cluster near input suppliers to reduce the transportation costs associated with acquiring inputs or near customers to reduce

^{25.} The standard deviation is the most widely used statistical measure of the variation of a variable. A variable has a large standard deviation if many observations are much greater or much smaller than the average value. A variable has a small standard deviation if all observations are close to the average value. For more information about beta coefficients, see Robert Pindyck and Daniel Rubinfeld, Econometric Models and Economic Forecasts (New York: McGraw-Hill Book Company, 1976).

transportation costs related to the distribution of their products to customers. Establishments may also locate in clusters if establishments located in clusters are more productive than establishments outside of clusters. Productivity will be higher in clusters if there are external economies associated with clustering or "clustering-related externalities," which are factors that are beyond the control of the establishment but that affect the productivity of capital, labor, or both. To the extent that clustering-related externalities raise output per worker, clustering will affect the regional variation in earnings per job because of the positive relationship between productivity and earnings.

Economists distinguish two types of clusteringrelated externalities: Those associated with the size and diversity of the local economy, called urbanization economies, and those associated with the clustering of similar industries, called localization economies.

Urbanization economies raise the productivity of establishments because a large local economy will tend to have a large, diverse labor force and a wide range of services and input suppliers. The availability of a diverse labor force raises average labor productivity by increasing the likelihood that the demands for different types of labor can readily be satisfied from the local labor market. A large local market makes it possible for input suppliers to specialize, raising overall productivity.²⁶

Localization economies raise productivity in at least two ways. First, the local labor market for an industry cluster is more likely to have a pool of workers with specialized skills than would the labor market for a relatively isolated establishment. The larger pool of skilled labor increases the likelihood that an establishment in the cluster will be able to hire workers with exactly the needed skills, when the workers are needed. The better matching of workers and jobs results in higher average labor productivity, all other things being equal. In addition, recent research indicates that the higher the quality of the overall labor force, the faster workers gain skills they need.²⁷ To the extent this is true, workers in clusters will

Second, establishments located in clusters are likely to have better access to information about markets and technology than are establishments located in relative isolation because of what are called "knowledge spillovers" from nearby establishments. The term "knowledge spillover" refers to the spread from one firm or establishment to another of information about technology or markets. For example, suppose a firm develops an improved method of producing a particular product. A knowledge spillover occurs when other firms find out about the new method and use it to improve their production process. Because many knowledge spillovers occur informally-for example, when workers employed by the innovating firm take jobs at other firms—they are more likely to occur among establishments located in clusters than among isolated establishments.

When knowledge spillovers occur, innovations spread among establishments, raising the productivity of both capital and labor throughout the cluster. Commonly cited examples of this type of clustering are the computer and related establishments in the Silicon Valley of California and the Route 128 corridor in Massachusetts, the financial district in New York City, and carpet manufacturers in Dalton, Georgia.

Appendix B: Measuring clusters

The concept of an industry cluster involves the establishments' proximity to one another, while the concept of agglomeration economies involves both proximity and the extent to which establishments are affected by nearby establishments. The local Moran statistic, or "local Moran," which measures whether "neighbors" of a given spatial unit have higher or lower values than would be expected from a random distribution of values, was used to measure the proximity of establishments.²⁸ The local Moran for a given industry is calculated using the following formula:

$$LM_i = \frac{(x_i - \overline{x})}{\sum_j (x_j - \overline{x})^2} \sum_j w_{i,j} (x_j - \overline{x})$$

where LM_i is the local Moran for county i; x_i and x_j are the number of establishments in counties i and j, respectively; \overline{x} is the mean

26. See John M. Quigly, "Urban Diversity and Economic Growth," Journal

be more skilled and hence more productive than otherwise similar workers not in clusters.

of Economic Perspectives 12 (Spring 1998): 127–138 and Francisco L. Rivera-Batiz, "Increasing Returns, Monopolistic Competition, and Agglomeration Economies in Consumption and Production," Regional Science and Urban Economics 18 (1988): 125–153.

27. E.L. Glaeser and D.C. Maré, "Cities and Skills," NBER Working Paper

^{27.} E.L. Glaeser and D.C. Maré, "Cities and Skills," NBER Working Paper No. 4728 (1994) and Robert Gibbs and G. Andrew Bernat, Jr., "Rural Industry Clusters Raise Local Earnings," Rural Development Perspectives 12 (1998): 18–25.

^{28.} For more information on the local Moran statistic, see Luc Anselin, "Local Indicators of Spatial Association—LISA," Geographical Analysis 2 (1995):

number of establishments for all counties; and w is the spatial weights matrix. A spatial weights matrix has a row and a column for each county. If two counties are "neighbors," defined as having geographic centers 100 miles or less apart, the corresponding element of w is equal to one. If the counties are not neighbors, the element of w is zero. The spatial weights matrix used in calculating the local Moran is normalized so that the sum of each row is equal to one.

Table 3.—Regression Results

	Coeffi- cient	t-value	p-value
Intercept	-56.7383	-4.0292	0.0001
Worker characteristics: Percentage of workforce with college degree	.1917 1478 .0999 3162	2.8613 -2.2074 3.3221 -1.5984	.0045 .0280 .0010 .1109
Regional amenities: Cooling degree days Average January temperature Average July temperature Average precipitation Average elevation Average commuting time Crime rate	0151 1195 .0011 .0143 0010 .1366 .3287	4611 2.4387 1.5413 .1504 3.4438 1.2415 2.6279	.6450 .0153 .1242 .8806 .0006 .2153
Demand factors: Unemployment rate Population Population density Manufacturing share of total jobs Percentage of manufacturing jobs in clusters Industry-mix wages and salaries	.1922 .9169 .0007 .2728 .0242 2.4519	1.6706 3.1349 2.2330 8.7338 2.3127 18.6565	.0958 .0019 .0262 0 .0214
Regional dummy variables: New England Mideast Southeast Plains Southwest Rocky Mountain Far West	3153 1.6486 8418 8653 8136 3311 1.1051	2342 1.8048 7048 8432 6279 2109 .7611	.8149 .0720 .4815 .3998 .5305 .8331 .4472

Measuring the extent to which nearby establishments affect each other is a more difficult task because there are so many ways this can occur. Input-output accounts show which industries are closely linked in terms of input purchases, but as yet no satisfactory measure has been developed that combines this information with a measure of spatial proximity.

The cluster variable used in the regression was constructed in the following way. First, the local Moran was calculated for each county and industry. If the local Moran for a given county and industry was statistically significant, then the county was considered part of a cluster for that industry, and all jobs in the county for that industry were considered to be in the cluster. Second, the total number of jobs in clusters in all counties within a given CEA were summed. Third, this sum was divided by the number of manufacturing jobs in the CEA to yield the share of total manufacturing jobs for that CEA that are in clusters.

Appendix C: Regression results

The regression equation was estimated using ordinary least squares. The adjusted R-squared was 0.83, and the F-statistic was 71.1, which is significant at the 1-percent level. One regional dummy variable—for the Great Lakes region—is omitted, as required for regressions with dummy variables. Even though many of these variables are interrelated, standard tests indicated that the results were not significantly affected by either multicollinearity or spatial autocorrelation, two commonly encountered problems with this type of regression analysis. The results of the regression are summarized in table 3.

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Personal Income by State and Region, Second Quarter 1998

By Duke Tran

The quarterly estimates of State personal income are prepared by the Regional Economic Measurement Division.

T N THE second quarter of 1998, U.S. personal income increased \$78.0 billion, or 1.1 percent (table A). By region, the largest increase was in the Southeast, which accounted for 22 percent of the growth (chart 1). This increase was largely accounted for by Florida, Georgia, Virginia, and North Carolina. By State, California accounted for the largest share (16 percent) of the increase in U.S. personal income.

By type of income, most of the increase in U.S. personal income was accounted for by a \$62.1 billion increase in net earnings.² Dividends, interest, and rent increased \$9.1 billion, and transfer payments increased \$6.8 billion.

U.S. earnings by place of work increased \$66.3 billion (table B). Earnings increased in all the industries except manufacturing; the largest increases were in services (\$27.6 billion) and finance, insurance, and real estate (\$10.7 billion). The decline in manufacturing earnings partly reflected the effects of a strike in the motor vehicle industry.

Table 1 at the end of this article presents the quarterly estimates of personal income for each State and region, beginning with the first quarter of 1995. Table 2 presents the quarterly estimates of personal income by major source and of earnings by Standard Industrial Classification division, beginning with the first quarter of 1997.

The quarterly estimates of State personal income have been revised back to the first quarter of 1982 to incorporate the results of the annual revision of the State estimates that were presented in the October 1998 SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS.³

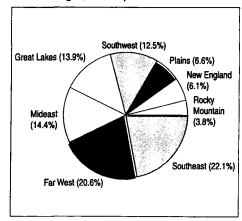
Growth rates by type of income, by industry, and by region

The second-quarter growth in personal income of 1.1 percent was smaller than the 1.4-percent growth rate in the first quarter.⁴ By type of income, growth decelerated in transfer payments (from 1.6 percent to 0.6 percent) and in net earnings (from 1.7 percent to 1.3 percent); growth accelerated in dividends, interest, and rent (from 0.3 percent to 0.8 percent). In the first quarter, transfer payments had been boosted by cost-of-living adjustments to benefits under social

CHART 1

Regional Shares of the U.S. Dollar Change in Personal Income, 1998:I-1998:II

(U.S. dollar change=\$78 billion)



U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

Net earnings is often used to analyze changes in the composition of personal income; earnings by place of work is often used to analyze changes in the industrial structure of earnings. For the definitions of the components of earnings, see U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, State Personal Income, 1929–93 (Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 1995), or go to BEA's Web site at www.bea.doc.gov/bea/mp.htm, and look under Regional programs for State Personal Income, 1929–93.

^{3.} See Bailey, "State Personal Income," 20-41.

^{4.} In this article, the percent changes are expressed at quarterly rates.

^{1.} This estimate of personal income for the Nation is derived as the sum of the State estimates; it differs from the estimate of personal income in the national income and product accounts (NIPA'S) because of differences in coverage, in the methodologies used to prepare the estimates, and in the timing of the availability of source data. For a detailed description of the differences, see the box "Relation of Personal Income in the National Income and Product Accounts (NIPA'S) and in the State Personal Income Series" in Wallace K. Bailey, "State Personal Income, Revised Estimates for 1982–97," Survey of Current Business 78 (October 1998): 21.

^{2.} Net earnings are by place of residence and are calculated as earnings by place of work less personal contributions for social insurance plus an adjustment that converts these earnings to a place-of-residence basis. Earnings by place of work is the sum of wage and salary disbursements (payrolls), other labor income, and proprietors' income.

security and other Federal retirement and income support programs.

By industry, growth in earnings by place of work decelerated in the second quarter in all the industries except farms and retail trade.

By region, the deceleration in personal income growth was widespread: Personal income grew more slowly in all the regions except New England. In all these regions, growth decelerated in transfer payments and, except in the Plains and Southeast, in net earnings. In New England, personal income grew 1.1 percent after growing 0.5 percent; growth accelerated in net earnings and in dividends, interest, and rent.

Growth rates by State

In the second quarter, the growth rates in personal income in all the States and the District of Columbia exceeded the 0.2-percent increase in the prices paid by U.S. consumers (as measured by the price index for personal consumption expenditures).

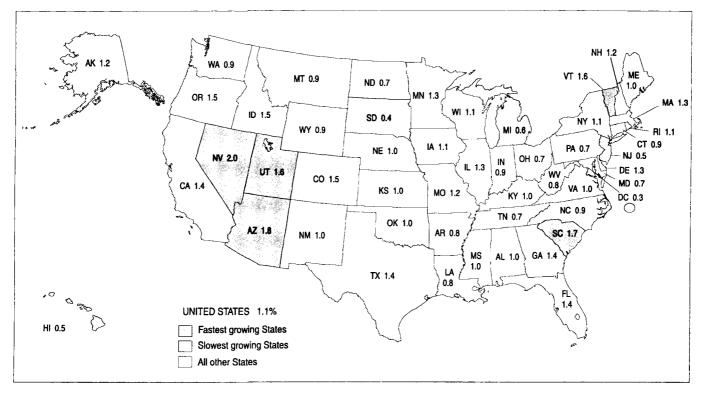
The States with the fastest rates of growth in personal income were Nevada (2.0 percent), Ari-

zona (1.8 percent), South Carolina (1.7 percent), Utah (1.6 percent), and Vermont (1.6 percent) (chart 2). By type of income, net earnings accounted for most of the personal income growth in all these States, but transfer payments and dividends, interest, and rent also contributed (table A). By industry, earnings in services was the major contributor to growth in earnings by place of work in all these States (tables C and D). In Nevada, earnings in construction, retail trade, and government also contributed substantially; the rapid growth in construction earnings reflected new construction of hotels and casinos. In Arizona, earnings in government and in finance, insurance, and real estate also contributed substantially; in South Carolina, earnings in manufacturing, retail trade, and government; and in Utah and Vermont, earnings in manufacturing and construction. In Utah, the rapid growth in construction earnings reflected new road construction.

The States with the slowest rates of growth in personal income were South Dakota (0.4 percent), Hawaii (0.5 percent), New Jersey (0.5

CHART 2

Personal Income: Percent Change, 1998:I-1998:II



U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

percent), and Michigan (0.6 percent). By industry, the growth in earnings in all these States was slowed by declines in manufacturing earnings. In South Dakota, the decline in manufacturing earnings mainly reflected a stepdown in lumpsum payments from a high level in the first quarter, and in Michigan, it mainly reflected the effects of a strike in the motor vehicle industry in the second quarter. In South Dakota, a de-

cline in earnings in farms also contributed to the slow growth in earnings. In Hawaii, declines in earnings in government, construction, and transportation and public utilities also contributed. In New Jersey, a decline in earnings in finance, insurance, and real estate, mainly reflecting a stepdown in lump-sum payments from a high level in the first quarter of 1998, also contributed.

Tables A through D and 1 and 2 follow.

Table A.—Personal Income by Component, 1998:I-1998:II

[Seasonally adjusted]

		Percent	change 1		[Contributi	on to perce	nt change		Dollar chan	ge (millions))
	Personal income	Net earn- ings by place of resi- dence ²	Dividends, interest, and rent	Transfer payments	Percent change in personal income 1		Divi- dends, interest, and rent		Personal income	Net earn- ings by place of resi- dence ²	Divi- dends, interest, and rent	Transfer payments
United States	1.1	1.3	0.8	0.6	1.1	0.9	0.1	0.1	77,986	62,053	9,137	6,796
New England Connecticut Maine Massachusetts New Hampshire Rhode Island Vermont	1.1 .9 1.0 1.3 1.2 1.1	1.4 1.0 1.4 1.6 1.4 1.5 2.1	. 8 .7 .6 .9 .7 .5	.4 .4 .5 .5 .2 .4	1.1 .9 1.3 1.2 1.1	.9 .7 .8 1.1 1.0 1.0	.1 .1 .2 .1 .1	.1 .1 .1 .1 .1 0	4,786 1,035 282 2,569 396 286 217	3,920 806 232 2,113 330 252 187	588 168 29 300 45 23 23	278 61 21 156 22 11 8
Mideast Delaware District of Columbia Maryland New Jersey New York Pennsylvania	.8 1.3 .3 .7 .5 1.1	1.0 1.6 .4 .8 .5 1.4	.6 .7 .4 .7 .6	.5 .7 .3 .6 .4 .5 .6	.8 1.3 .3 .7 .5 1.1	.6 1.1 2.5 3.9 5.5	.1 .1 .1 .1 .1	.1 .1 .1 .1 .1	11,253 278 66 1,100 1,291 6,256 2,262	8,640 230 43 784 847 5,134 1,602	1,406 28 11 179 301 568 320	1,206 20 12 138 143 555 340
Great Lakes Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin	.9 1.3 .9 .6 .7 1.1	1.1 1.6 1.1 .7 .8 1.3	.8 .8 .8 .7 .8	.4 .5 .5 .2 .5 .4	.9 1.3 .9 .6 .7	.8 1.1 .7 .5 .5	.1 .1 .1 .1	.1 .1 .1 0 .1	10,809 4,422 1,329 1,587 2,054 1,418	8,585 3,694 1,046 1,170 1,515 1,160	1,459 481 171 325 300 182	765 247 112 91 239 76
Plains	1.1 1.1 1.0 1.3 1.2 1.0 .7	1.4 1.3 1.2 1.6 1.5 1.2 1.0	.7 .5 .9 .7 .7 .4 .7	.5 .5 .3 .2 .7 .7 0	1.1 1.1 1.0 1.3 1.2 1.0 .7 .4	.9 .9 .8 1.1 1.0 .8 .6	1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	.1 .1 .1 0 .1 .1	5,159 708 640 1,655 1,600 398 98 60	4,277 598 501 1,472 1,276 325 82 23	546 62 107 143 167 32 16 20	337 48 33 40 158 40 1
Southeast Alabama Arkansas Florida Georgia Kentucky Louisiana Mississippi North Carolina South Carolina Tennessee Virginia West Virginia	1.1 1.0 .8 1.4 1.4 1.0 .8 1.0 .9 1.7 .7	1.3 1.0 .8 2.0 1.6 1.1 .9 1.1 1.0 2.1 1.1	.8 .9 .7 1.0 .8 .8 .9 1.1 .9 1.0	.7.7.6.8.6.8.6.7.7.7.7.6.4	1.1 1.0 .8 1.4 1.0 .8 1.0 .9 1.7 .7	.9 .7 .5 1.1 1.1 1.7 .6 .7 .7 .7 1.4 .5 .8	.1 .1 .2 .1 .1 .1 .2 .1 .1 .1	11 2 11 11 12 12 11 11 11 11	17,205 872 404 5,287 2,567 819 760 503 1,655 1,326 937 1,799 276	13,159 620 269 4,152 2,125 588 530 359 1,172 1,109 617 1,409 209	2,112 114 69 586 278 102 108 57 275 106 164 223 30	1,934 138 67 548 165 130 122 87 208 110 156 166 37
Southwest Arizona New Mexico Oklahoma Texas	1.4 1.8 1.0 1.0	1.6 2.2 1.1 1.2 1.6	.9 1.1 .8 .8 .8	1.0 .9 .6 .9	1.4 1.8 1.0 1.0	1.1 1.5 .7 .8 1.2	.1 .2 .1 .1	.1 .2 .2 .1	9,712 1,914 336 690 6,773	7,896 1,554 231 523 5,588	862 185 44 80 554	954 174 61 87 631
Rocky Mountain Colorado Idaho Montana Utah Wyoming	1.4 1.5 1.5 .9 1.6	1.7 1.8 1.8 1.1 1.9 1.0	1.0 1.0 1.0 .7 1.1 .8	.6 .6 .5 .7	1.4 1.5 1.5 .9 1.6	1.2 1.2 1.2 .6 1.4	.2 .2 .2 .1 .1	11111	2,978 1,650 378 157 690 102	2,457 1,371 312 115 588 72	339 191 42 23 62 19	182 88 24 19 40 11
Far West Alaska California Hawaii Nevada Oregon Washington	1.3 1.2 1.4 .5 2.0 1.5 .9	1.6 1.3 1.7 .3 2.3 1.8	.9 .8 .8 .8 1.4 1.0	.6 1.2 .6 .8 .9 .8	1.3 1.2 1.4 .5 2.0 1.5	1.1 .9 1.2 .2 1.6 1.2	.2 .1 .1 .1 .2 .2 .2	.1 2 .1 .1 .1 .1	16,083 187 12,362 144 916 1,167 1,307	13,118 136 10,286 62 750 928 957	1,825 15 1,284 41 112 140 233	1,140 36 791 41 55 100 117

Percent changes are expressed at quarterly rates and are calculated from unrounded data.
 Net earnings by place of residence is earnings by place of work—the sum of wage and salary disbursements (payrolls), other labor income, and proprietors' income—less personal contributions for social insurance plus an ad-

justment to convert earnings by place of work to a place-of-residence basis. NOTE.—Estimates may not add to totals because of rounding.

Table B.—Earnings by Place of Work: Dollar Change by Industry Group, 1998:I-1998:II

[Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted]

		Priva	te goods-pr	oducing indu	ustries		Private	services-pr	roducing inc	iustries		
	Earnings by place of work ¹	Total ²	Farms	Construc- tion	Manufac- turing	Total	Transpor- tation and pub- lic utilities	Whole- sale trade	Retail trade	Finance, insur- ance, and real estate	Services	Govern- ment
United States	66,278	6,573	995	5,321	-46	52,958	1,206	5,033	8,458	10,688	27,574	6,747
New England Connecticut Maine Massachusetts New Hampshire Rhode Island Vermont	4,074 748 246 2,333 292 251 203	341 146 24 52 7 24 87	26 8 0 14 1 1 2	98 -40 4 16 25 56 38	163 162 14 1 24 36 48	3,378 561 213 2,100 224 168 113	-318 -426 13 84 4 6	283 112 17 110 32 5 7	392 47 39 209 50 24 22	830 333 46 348 43 44 16	2,193 495 97 1,350 96 88 67	355 41 9 181 61 60 3
Mideast Delaware District of Columbia Maryland New Jersey New York Pennsylvania	9,166 289 -61 819 422 6,003 1,695	-13 59 14 78 -255 164 -73	61 6 0 16 6 12 22	491 -31 -6 -168 15 387 294	-669 82 13 215 -299 -276 -403	8,544 196 -100 675 599 5,414 1,761	-88 2 -26 9 75 -74 -75	815 1 3 27 244 368 171	1,357 17 8 92 305 517 418	1,708 92 30 201 -1,200 2,134 451	4,753 83 115 347 1,175 2,469 794	635 34 25 66 77 425 7
Great Lakes Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin	9,084 3,967 1,074 1,228 1,618 1,197	-307 770 -5 -807 -373 108	- 81 -34 -11 20 -37 -19	914 143 27 264 342 139	-1,204 632 -20 -1,109 -689 -18	8,168 2,897 891 1,767 1,704 909	94 170 -31 25 -69 0	911 299 97 207 203 104	1, 403 372 183 398 293 157	1,581 668 142 232 362 176	4,179 1,388 500 904 915 472	1,223 299 188 269 286 181
Plains lowa Kansas Minnesota Missouri Nebraska North Dakota South Dakota	4,676 654 496 1,611 1,443 355 89 27	554 70 -13 276 219 94 37 -129	-113 -93 49 -30 -23 28 2 -46	403 126 76 119 99 -55 30 7	224 25 -140 179 129 109 6 -84	3,599 519 466 1,215 939 255 63 141	86 48 22 3 10 0 1	386 62 23 116 160 10 0	659 86 113 167 201 50 8 34	757 93 70 258 213 81 13 28	1,711 231 238 672 355 115 41	523 65 44 119 284 6 -11
Southeast Alabama Arkansas Florida Georgia Kentucky Louisiana Mississippi North Carolina South Carolina Tennessee Virginia West Virginia West Virginia	14,150 641 271 4,449 2,263 643 560 384 1,243 1,206 641 1,632 217	1,297 50 158 592 579 -19 -138 51 -223 336 -163 23 50	532 72 92 70 179 14 9 15 75 -6 11 -1	1,414 128 87 301 125 92 116 32 88 132 151 170 -8	-706 -145 -30 153 241 -114 -184 7 -408 200 -337 -163	11,566 530 49 3,660 1,467 657 622 252 1,321 705 595 1,595	279 -15 27 68 74 58 67 1 -55 32 -13 51 -15	964 44 33 261 115 45 53 43 127 79 26 134	1,765 131 -243 524 272 115 105 53 201 180 197 198	2,101 106 50 697 351 78 73 40 256 123 98 213	6,457 264 182 2,110 655 360 324 116 792 291 285 999 78	1,288 61 64 197 217 5 76 81 145 166 210 14
Southwest Arizona New Mexico Oklahoma Texas	8,444 1,662 246 561 5,974	1,002 207 -24 -36 854	38 58 -29 -61 70	758 65 42 46 605	383 92 -35 4 322	6,518 1,098 229 526 4,664	642 35 21 39 547	548 81 16 22 429	901 153 60 83 605	1,1 37 243 27 66 801	3,290 586 105 315 2,283	924 357 41 71 455
Rocky Mountain Colorado Idaho Montana Utah Wyoming	2,625 1,464 336 123 626 75	692 257 182 10 217 26	85 23 26 25 5 7	60 -5 -20 -22 85	535 226 162 7 138	1,685 1,104 135 81 324 40	71 67 -9 -15 29 -1	121 103 2 5 9	345 199 50 22 62 12	293 176 38 16 56 6	855 558 54 54 167 22	248 103 19 32 84 9
Far West Alaska California Hawaii Nevada Oregon Washington	14,059 157 11,019 63 815 1,044 960	3,007 -7 1,467 -36 198 339 1,046	446 0 371 6 2 21 45	1,183 25 805 -6 141 17 201	1,229 -32 167 -38 65 286 781	9,500 143 8,349 120 518 606 -236	439 38 302 -26 20 50 55	1,006 2 766 3 12 72 151	1,635 31 1,124 14 96 122 248	2,282 20 1,808 28 87 106 234	4,137 52 4,349 100 303 256 -923	1,552 22 1,204 -21 100 98 150

Earnings by place of work is the sum of wage and salary disbursements (payrolls), other labor income, and proprietors' income.

^{2.} Also includes mining and agricultural services, forestry, and fishing. NOTE.—Estimates may not add to totals because of rounding.

Table C.—Earnings by Place of Work: Percent Change by Industry Group, 1998:I-1998:II

[Seasonally adjusted at quarterly rates]

		Privat	e goods-pr	oducing indu	ustries		Private	services-p	roducing inc	dustries		
	Earnings by place of work ¹	Total ²	Farms.	Construc- tion	Manufac- turing	Total	Transportation and public utilities	Whole- sale trade	Retail trade	Finance, insur- ance, and real estate	Services	Govern- ment
United States	1.3	0.5	2.5	1.8	0	1.8	0.4	1.6	1.9	2.5	1.9	0.9
New England Connecticut Maine Massachusetts New Hampshire Rhode Island Vermont	1.4 .9 1.4 1.6 1.3 1.5 2.1	.5 .7 .5 .2 .1 .6 3.0	5.1 6.0 .2 9.4 2.4 3.0 2.2	.7 -1.0 .4 .2 1.8 6.7 5.3	.3 1.0 .4 0 5 -1.2 2.4	1.8 1.1 2.0 2.2 1.7 1.7 2.2	-1.9 -9.0 1.2 1.1 .3 .7 .2	1.5 2.0 1.8 1.1 2.0 .7 1.4	1.5 .7 1.8 1.7 2.0 1.6 2.2	2.7 2.9 3.7 2.4 2.7 3.4 3.1	2.3 2.0 1.9 2.7 1.6 1.6 2.5	1.0 .5 .3 1.1 2.6 2.2
Mideast	1.0 1.7 -2 .9 .2 1.5	0 1.0 .8 .5 7 .2 1	8.0 3.0 3.5 3.8	1.1 -2.6 -1.4 -2.6 .2 2.5 2.5	5 1.8 1.3 2.4 - 1 .1 6 9	1.4 2.1 5 1.2 .5 1.9	1 .3 -1.8 2.5 3 5	1.4 .2 1.0 .5 1.5 1.6	1.9 1.2 .9 1.0 2.1 1.9 2.1	1.3 3.8 1.5 2.7 -6.8 2.6 2.6	1.6 2.1 8 1.1 2.1 1.9 1.2	.4 1.7 .2 .3 .3 .8
Great Lakes Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin	1.1 1.6 1.0 .7 .8 1.3	1 1.2 0 -1.1 5	-1.8 -2.2 -1.1 3.7 -2.7 -26.1	1.9 1.1 .4 2.7 3.0 2.4	5 1.3 1 -1.9 -1.3 1	1.8 1.9 1.8 1.9 1.6 2.0	.2 .9 5 .3 6 0	1.6 1.6 1.7 1.7 1.5	1.9 1.9 1.9 2.5 1.5	2.6 2.6 2.4 2.3 2.7 2.9	2.0 1.9 2.3 2.0 1.8 2.2	1.2 1.0 1.6 1.1 1.1
Plains lowa Kansas Minnesota Missouri Nebraska North Dakota South Dakota	1.4 1.4 1.1 1.6 1.5 1.2 .9	.6 .4 1 1.0 .8 1.2 1.9 -3.7	-1.5 -3.9 4.3 -3.2 -2.3 2.2 1.1 -5.9	1.9 4.3 2.7 2.0 1.6 -3.0 4.2 1.0	.3 .2 -1.6 .9 .7 2.6 .7 -5.0	1.9 2.1 1.9 2.1 1.7 1.5 1.1 2.3	.3 1.6 .6 0 .1 0 .1 .4	1.6 1.9 .7 1.5 2.5 .5 0 2.3	2.1 1.9 2.5 1.9 2.2 1.8 .9 2.7	3.0 2.7 2.6 3.1 2.9 3.8 2.5 3.8	2.0 2.2 2.2 2.6 1.4 1.5 1.6 2.1	1.1 .9 .6 1.0 2.2 .1 6
Southeast Alabama Arkansas Florida Georgia Kentucky Louisiana Mississippi North Carolina South Carolina Tennessee Virginia West Virginia	1.3 1.0 .8 2.0 1.6 1.1 .9 1.1 .9 2.2 .7 1.3 1.0	.5 .3 1.3 1.5 1.7 1 8 5 5 1.8 6	4.9 9.1 7.0 4.2 10.7 1.3 2.0 2.5 3.3 -1.5 4.1 2	2.1 3.2 4.1 2.1 1.5 2.6 2.3 1.4 1.0 3.4 2.6 2.2 6	-4 -1.1 -4 .8 1.1 -9 -2.1 -1.3 1.5 -1.7 -1.0 2.2	1.9 1.6 .3 2.4 1.7 2.2 1.8 1.5 2.0 2.6 1.1 2.1	.4 4 .9 .5 .6 1.3 0 7 1.0 2 .6 9	1.5 1.2 1.8 1.8 .9 1.4 1.5 2.5 1.6 2.7 .4 1.9	1.6 2.1 -5.7 2.0 2.1 1.9 1.7 1.5 1.6 2.9 2.0 1.8 1.4	2.9 2.8 2.8 3.3 3.3 2.7 2.3 2.6 3.1 4.0 1.7 2.3 1.9	2.2 1.7 2.4 2.7 1.8 2.7 1.9 1.4 2.6 2.4 1.1	.7 5.5 1.2 .6 1.0 .1 .7 1.2 .7 1.8 .1
Southwest Arizona New Mexico Oklahoma Texas	1.6 2.2 1.0 1.2 1.6	.7 1.2 5 3 .8	.9 10.6 7.4 7.1 2.9	2.3 1.2 2.5 2.1 2.6	.5 .9 -1.8 .1 .5	2.2 2.4 1.8 2.1 2.1	1.5 .8 1.4 1.0 1.6	1.6 1.7 1.6 1.0 1.7	1.8 1.9 2.2 1.8 1.8	3.1 3.7 2.3 2.8 3.0	2.4 2.7 1.6 2.8 2.3	1.2 3.3 .7 .8 .9
Rocky Mountain Colorado	1.7 1.8 1.9 1.1 1.9	1.8 1.4 3.1 .4 2.6 1.1	4.4 3.7 3.8 7.2 2.7 6.8	.5 1 -1.3 -2.1 3.1 3.6	2.8 2.3 5.1 .8 2.8 .3	1.8 2.1 1.4 1.2 1.6 1.2	.5 .8 7 -1.7 1.2 1	1.4 2.1 .2 .8 .5	2.2 2.5 2.6 1.5 1.7 1.5	2.6 2.6 4.1 2.4 2.3 1.9	2.0 2.3 1.3 1.7 1.8 1.6	1.0 .9 .6 1.4 1.5
Far West Alaska California Hawaii Nevada Oregon Washington	1.6 1.3 1.7 .3 2.4 1.8	1.5 3 1.0 -1.4 2.9 2.0 3.8	5.6 3.7 6.1 3.7 4.4 3.5 4.2	2.3 2.5 2.4 4 3.5 .4 2.9	.9 -5.1 .2 -4.6 3.9 2.5 4.2	1.8 2.4 2.1 .9 2.2 1.8 4	.8 2.8 .7 -1.4 1.0 1.4 .7	1.9 .6 1.9 .4 .8 1.6 2.2	2.0 2.6 2.0 .5 2.8 1.9 2.4	3.3 4.1 3.3 1.6 3.5 2.7 3.6	1.5 2.0 2.1 1.5 2.1 1.7 2.8	1.2 .6 1.3 4 2.3 1.2

^{1.} Earnings by place of work is the sum of wage and salary disbursements (payrolls), other labor income, and proprietors' income.

2. Also includes mining and agricultural services, forestry, and fishing. NOTE.—Percent changes are calculated from unrounded data.

Table D.—Earnings by Place of Work: Contribution to Percent Change by Industry Group, 1998:I-1998:II [Seasonally adjusted]

						Per	centage poi	nts				
	Percent						Private	services-pr	roducing inc	lustries		
	change in earnings by place of work 1	Privat	e goods-pro	Construc-	Manufac- turing	Total	Transpor- tation and pub- lic utilities	Whole- sale trade	Retail trade	Finance, insur- ance, and real estate	Services	Govern- ment
United States	1.3	0.1	0	0.1	0	1.1	0	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.1
New England Connecticut Maine Massachusetts New Hampshire Rhode Island Vermont	1.4 .9 1.4 1.6 1.3 1.5 2.1	.1 .2 .1 0 0 .1	000000	0 0 0 0 .1 .3 .4	.1 .2 .1 0 1 2 .5	1.2 .7 1.2 1.5 1.0 1.0	-1 -5 .1 .1 0 0	.1 .1 .1 .1 .1 0	.1 .1 .2 .1 .2 .1	. 3 .4 .3 .2 .2 .3 .2	.7 .6 .5 .9 .4 .5	.1 0 .1 .1 .3 .4
Mideast Delaware District of Columbia Maryland New Jersey New York Pennsylvania	1.0 1.7 2 .9 .2 1.5	0 .3 0 .1 1 0	000000	.1 -2 0 -2 0 .1	1 .5 0 .2 2 1 2	.9 1.1 3 .7 .3 1.3	0 0 1 0 0 0	.1 0 0 0 .1 .1	.1 .1 0 .1 .2 .1	.5 .1 .2 7 .5	.5 3 .4 .7 .6 .4	.1 .2 .1 .1 0 .1
Great Lakes Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin	1.1 1.6 1.0 .7 .8 1.3	0 .3 0 4 2 .1	0 0 0 0 0 0	.1 0 .1 .2 .2	1 .3 0 6 3	1.0 1.2 .9 .9 .8 1.0	0 .1 0 0 0	.1 .1 .1 .1	.2 .1 .2 .2 .1	.2 3 1 1 2 2	5 6 5 5 5 5 5	.1 .1 .2 .1 .1
Plains Iowa Kansas Minnesota Missouri Nebraska Norih Dakota South Dakota	1.4 1.4 1.1 1.6 1.5 1.2 .9	.2 .1 0 .3 .2 .3 .4 -1.1	0 -2 .1 0 0 .1 0 4	.1 .3 .2 .1 .1 -2 .3	.1 3 .2 .1 .4 .1 7	1.1 1.1 1.0 1.2 1.0 .9 .7	0 .1 0 0 0 0	.1 .1 .1 .2 0 0	.2 .3 .3 .2 .2 .2 .1 .3	2 99999999	.5 .5 .7 .4 .4 .4 .5	.2 .1 .1 .3 .3 0 1
Southeast Alabama Arkansas Florida Georgia Kentucky Louisiana Mississippi North Carolina South Carolina Tennessee Virginia West Virginia	1.3 1.0 8 2.0 1.6 1.1 .9 2.2 .7 1.3	.1 .4 .3 .4 0 -2 .1 -2 .6 -2 0 .2	.1 .3 .3 .1 0 .1 0	.1 2 2 .1 .1 .1 .2 .2 .1 .1 .2 .2 .1	-1 -2 -1 -1 2 -3 -3 -3 -4 -4 -1 -1 3	1.1 .8 .1 1.6 1.0 1.1 1.0 .7 1.0 1.3 .6 1.2	0 0 1 0 1 1 0 0 1 0 0	#1.1.1.1.1.1.0.1.0.1.0.1.0.1.0.1.0.1.0.1	2 2 7 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	221.321.1.1.221.21.	६ ५५७५६५७६५०० ५	.1 .1 .1 .2 .1 .1 .2 .1 .3 .2 .2
Southwest Arizona New Mexico Oklahoma Texas	1.6 2.2 1.0 1.2 1.6	.2 .3 1 1	0 1 1 0	.1 .1 .2 .1 .2	.1 .1 1 0 .1	1.3 1.5 1.0 1.1 1.3	.1 0 .1 .1	.1 .1 .1 0 .1	.2 .3 .2 .2	.2 .3 .1 .1 .2	.6 .8 .4 .7 .6	. 2 .5 .2 .2 .1
Rocky Mountain Colorado Idaho Montana Utah Wyoming	1.7 1.8 1.9 1.1 1.9 1.0	.4 .3 1.0 .1 .6	.1 0 .1 .2 0 .1	0 0 1 2 .3	.3 .3 .9 .1 .4 0	1.1 1.3 .7 .7 1.0	0 .1 1 1 .1	.1 .1 0 0 0	2 2 2 3 2 2 2 2	2 2 2 1 2 1 2 1	.6 .7 .3 .5 .5	.2 .1 .1 .3 .2 .1
Far West Alaska California Hawaii Nevada Oregon Washington	1.6 1.3 1.7 .3 2.4 1.8	3 1.2.2.6.6.9.	.1 0 .1 0 0 0	.1 .2 .1 0 .4 0	.1 3 0 2 2.5 .7	1.1 1.3 1.5 1.5 1.0 2	0 .3 0 1 .1 .1	.1 0 .1 0 0 .1	.2 .2 .2 .1 .3 .2 .2	3 235.4849	.5.4 .7.5.9 .4.	.2 .2 .2 1 .3 .2

Earnings by place of work is the sum of wage and salary disbursements (payrolls), other labor income, and proprietors' income.
 Percent changes are expressed at quarterly rates and are calculated from unrounded data.

^{2.} Also includes mining and agricultural services, forestry, and fishing. NOTE.—Estimates may not add to totals because of rounding.

Table 1.—Personal Income by State and Region [Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

		19	95			19	996			19	997		19	998	Percent	change
Area name	lr.	nr.	1117	IV r	Įr.	Ŋr.	Dir.	IV ^r	ļr	H*	mr	۱۷r	Įr.	ij₽	1997:IV- 1998:I	1998:I- 1998:II
United States	5,967,461	6,018,892	6,082,265	6,171,934	6,269,149	6,373,076	6,459,289	6,534,446	6,652,349	6,729,607	6,807,743	6,893,137	6,992,622	7,070,608	1.4	1.1
New England Connecticut Maine Massachusetts New Hampshire Rhode Island Vermont	357,442 103,187 24,297 166,446 28,365 22,905 12,243	361,896 103,982 24,588 168,846 29,039 23,166 12,275	366,184 105,285 24,670 171,309 29,136 23,380 12,404	371,417 106,653 25,027 173,963 29,665 23,517 12,591	375,401 108,076 25,357 175,454 30,109 23,602 12,801	381,684 109,850 25,742 178,711 30,502 23,935 12,945	386,940 111,408 26,130 181,154 30,954 24,168 13,126	392,636 112,865 26,516 184,185 31,373 24,530 13,167	400,057 115,568 26,860 187,604 31,770 24,886 13,368	404,197 116,716 27,117 189,401 32,264 25,235 13,465	408,687 117,801 27,250 191,843 32,863 25,404 13,527	416,018 120,173 27,718 194,783 33,536 25,939 13,869	121,364 27,662	422,811 122,398 27,944 198,083 33,904 26,334 14,148	.5 1.0 -2 .4 1 .4 .4	1.1 .9 1.0 1.3 1.2 1.1 1.6
Mideast Delaware District of Columbia Maryland New Jersey New York Pennsylvania	1,168,773 18,040 17,685 129,789 232,328 494,307 276,624	1,177,598 18,228 17,769 130,755 234,314 497,847 278,684	1,186,970 18,399 17,776 131,621 236,056 502,044 281,073	1,200,728 18,809 17,900 132,996 238,649 507,533 284,840	1,221,822 19,188 18,114 135,367 242,577 517,969 288,607	1,240,073 19,557 18,041 137,271 246,138 525,046 294,019	1,252,618 19,894 18,304 139,168 248,770 528,586 297,896	1,268,123 20,338 18,516 140,885 251,583 535,929 300,872	1,286,623 20,461 18,518 143,530 256,574 543,202 304,338	1,294,001 20,535 18,556 145,008 257,195 545,785 306,921	1,307,359 20,984 18,785 146,626 260,425 551,121 309,418	1,325,111 21,253 18,810 149,076 264,072 558,018 313,883	1,338,687 21,571 19,109 150,167 269,107 562,848 315,885	1,349,940 21,849 19,174 151,267 270,398 569,104 318,147	1.5 1.6 .7 1.9 .9	.8 1.3 .7 .5 1.1
Great Lakes Illinois Indiana Michigan Chio Wisconsin	998,966 294,780 123,304 225,155 244,240 111,487	1,002,627 296,221 123,464 224,581 246,168 112,191	1,010,742 298,855 124,202 226,291 248,230 113,164	1,024,339 303,621 125,446 229,018 251,428 114,825	1,033,924 308,925 126,961 229,192 252,533 116,312	1,050,139 313,159 129,059 233,247 256,422 118,252	1,063,992 317,533 130,819 235,191 260,150 120,299	1,072,260 320,850 131,890 236,881 261,335 121,304	1,089,826 325,755 133,922 240,721 266,513 122,915	1,102,775 330,778 135,332 242,939 269,357 124,369	1,112,544 333,773 136,081 245,346 271,661 125,683	1,128,280 338,659 138,446 248,308 275,434 127,433	1,144,562 342,221 140,370 255,184 278,952 127,836	1,155,371 346,643 141,699 256,771 281,005 129,254	1.4 1.1 1.4 2.8 1.3	.9 1.3 .9 .6 .7 1.1
Plains lowa Kansas Minnesola Misseuri Nebraska North Dakota South Dakota	392,184 57,353 54,620 107,683 113,349 33,965 11,574 13,639	395,297 57,628 54,976 108,739 114,487 34,086 11,702 13,680	399,104 58,241 55,579 109,627 115,559 34,599 11,681 13,818	405,533 59,271 56,296 111,755 116,874 35,307 11,955 14,077	416,904 61,593 57,616 114,644 118,805 36,779 12,728 14,740	424,059 62,644 58,354 116,850 120,589 37,550 12,985 15,087	430,228 63,596 59,244 118,705 122,100 37,990 13,286 15,308	434,037 63,687 59,959 119,487 123,703 38,644 13,204 15,354	439,487 65,011 60,909 120,635 126,407 38,546 12,720 15,260	445,613 65,973 62,031 122,568 127,403 39,103 12,901 15,634	450,253 66,344 62,753 124,079 128,724 39,473 13,050 15,828	454,888 67,110 63,555 125,545 130,068 39,656 13,146 15,808	460,552 67,337 64,241 128,182 131,630 39,887 13,256 16,020	465,711 68,045 64,881 129,837 133,230 40,284 13,355 16,080	1.2 .3 1.1 2.1 1.2 .6 .8	1.1 1.0 1.3 1.2 1.0 .7
Southeast Alabama Arkansas Florida Georgia Kentucky Louislana Mississippi North Carolina South Carolina Tennessee Virginia West Virginia	1,300,230 80,324 43,776 315,990 152,731 70,812 80,091 43,939 148,051 68,399 108,673 155,952 31,492	1,311,781 80,839 44,114 318,709 154,021 71,358 80,884 44,227 149,658 69,021 109,794 157,517 31,639	1,326,883 81,688 44,547 322,644 156,577 71,860 82,317 44,788 150,975 69,709 110,972 159,004 31,803	1,350,262 82,531 45,539 328,319 160,625 73,014 82,701 45,538 154,837 70,904 112,809 161,233 32,206	1,367,913 83,276 45,853 335,661 162,790 73,702 83,507 46,178 156,392 71,575 113,205 163,260 32,515	1,394,180 84,773 47,100 341,387 167,154 75,097 84,830 47,045 160,437 72,985 115,098 165,494 32,781	1,415,301 85,991 47,670 346,580 170,174 76,466 85,778 47,678 162,905 74,191 116,739 167,897 33,233	1,429,538 86,601 47,867 350,981 171,867 77,071 86,350 47,790 165,042 74,876 117,933 169,745 33,414	1,458,543 88,320 48,605 357,042 176,047 79,137 87,634 48,574 169,423 76,399 120,220 173,447 33,696	1,473,455 88,980 49,280 361,288 177,802 80,111 88,603 49,183 171,247 77,101 121,295 174,637 33,926	1,489,403 89,630 49,646 365,944 179,814 80,926 89,315 49,548 172,550 78,017 122,656 177,257 34,099	1,507,310 90,682 50,281 369,115 181,816 81,836 90,825 50,240 175,072 79,083 124,373 179,640 34,346	1,524,915 91,485 50,780 372,556 185,692 82,772 91,797 50,902 177,401 79,116 125,169 182,660 34,585	1,542,120 92,357 51,185 377,843 188,2591 92,557 51,405 179,056 80,442 126,106 184,459 34,861	1.2 .9 1.0 .9 2.1 1.1 1.3 1.3 0 .6 1.7	1.1 1.0 .8 1.4 1.0 .8 1.0 .9 1.7 .7
Southwest Arizona New Mexico Oklahoma Texas	563,435 84,131 29,882 59,845 389,576	571,717 85,251 30,109 60,369 395,988	579,757 87,244 30,525 60,839 401,149	590,088 89,193 30,916 61,820 408,160	600,186 91,126 31,338 62,584 415,138	610,071 92,654 31,706 63,506 422,205	619,471 94,329 32,014 64,167 428,961	628,078 95,380 32,251 64,978 435,469	644,274 97,701 32,771 66,605 447,197	655,280 99,266 33,242 67,061 455,712	666,804 100,940 33,449 67,492 464,924	674,515 102,821 33,724 67,052 470,919	690,059 104,457 34,018 68,288 483,296	699,771 106,370 34,353 68,978 490,069	2.3 1.6 .9 1.8 2.6	1.4 1.8 1.0 1.0 1.4
Rocky Mountain Colorado Idaho Montana Utah Wyoming	171,069 88,965 21,642 15,723 34,955 9,783	172,633 89,774 21,810 15,795 35,386 9,868	175,474 91,545 22,083 15,959 35,965 9,922	179,473 93,252 22,750 16,148 37,283 10,039	182,156 95,225 22,926 16,252 37,632 10,121	185,753 97,008 23,428 16,473 38,577 10,268	188,626 98,654 23,612 16,665 39,266 10,429	191,109 100,169 23,753 16,837 39,825 10,525	195,137 102,352 24,225 17,042 40,785 10,734	198,256 104,256 24,563 17,226 41,423 10,787	201,525 106,213 24,905 17,392 42,109 10,905	203,850 107,813 25,029 17,603 42,440 10,965	207,808 110,448 25,469 17,784 43,026 11,081	210,786 112,098 25,847 17,941 43,715 11,183	1.9 2.4 1.8 1.0 1.4 1.1	1.4 1.5 1.5 .9 1.6
Far West Alaska California Hawaii Nevada Oregon Washington	1,015,361 14,417 743,198 29,134 36,373 66,186 126,054	1,025,344 14,358 749,955 29,360 36,955 67,026 127,690	1,037,152 14,418 757,627 29,342 37,922 68,237 129,605	1,050,092 14,482 766,298 29,495 38,798 69,837 131,182	1,070,844 14,627 781,805 29,570 39,971 70,917 133,954	1,087,117 14,631 793,055 29,642 40,990 72,387 136,412	1,102,112 14,751 802,404 29,756 41,977 73,855 139,368	1,118,664 14,837 814,814 29,824 42,754 75,017 141,418	1,138,403 14,986 828,319 30,162 43,660 76,524 144,753	1,156,030 15,229 841,373 30,390 44,297 77,276 147,465	1,171,168 15,230 853,328 30,704 44,670 78,275 148,960	1,183,167 15,352 861,047 30,659 45,470 79,090 151,549	1,208,014 15,750 881,275 30,864 46,152 80,253 153,722	1,224,097 15,936 893,636 31,008 47,069 81,420 155,029	2.1 2.6 2.3 .7 1.5 1.5 1.4	1.3 1.2 1.4 .5 2.0 1.5

P Preliminary.
r Revised.

NOTE.—The personal income level shown for the United States is derived as the sum of the State estimates.

It differs from the national income and product accounts (NIPA) estimate of personal income because, by definition, it omits the earnings of Federal civilian and military personnel stationed abroad and of U.S. residents employed abroad temporarily by private U.S. firms. It can also differ from the NIPA estimate because of different data sources and revision schedules.

Table 2.—Personal Income by Major Source [Millions of dollars, seasonally

				United	States					New I	England		
Line	ltem		19	97		19	98		19	97		19	998
		lr.	ur	III.	!V"	lr.	P	12	11''	m,	IV ^r	j <i>r</i>	P
	Income by Place of Residence									,			
1 2 3	Personal income (lines 4-11) Nonfarm personal income Farm income (line 17)	6,652,349 6,606,242 46,108	6,729,607 6,682,096 47,510	6,807,743 6,761,224 46,519	6,893,137 6,850,451 42,687	6,992,622 6,953,573 39,049	7,070,608 7,030,564 40,044	400,057 399,481 575	404,197 403,586 611	408,687 408,055 632	416,018 415,444 574	418,025 417,511 514	422,811 422,271 540
	Derivation of Personal Income												
4 5 6 7 8 9 10	Earnings by place of work (lines 12-16 or 17-34) Less: Personal contributions for social insurance 2 Plus: Algustment for residence 3 Equals: Net earnings by place of residence Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent 4 Plus: Transfer payments State unemployment insurance benefits Transfers excluding State unemployment insurance benefits	4,717,528 319,056 -3,694 4,394,777 1,157,256 1,100,316 20,448 1,079,868	4,786,270 323,224 -3,776 4,459,271 1,163,612 1,106,724 19,444 1,087,280	4,855,971 327,692 -3,852 4,524,427 1,169,428 1,113,888 19,172 1,094,716	4,936,687 333,088 -3,925 4,599,673 1,173,016 1,120,448 18,944 1,101,504	5,021,193 340,434 -4,031 4,676,728 1,176,971 1,138,923 19,195 1,119,728	5,087,471 344,592 -4,098 4,738,781 1,186,108 1,145,719 19,183 1,126,536	277,890 18,097 5,541 265,333 73,912 60,812 1,494 59,318	281,354 18,313 5,515 268,556 74,197 61,444 1,398 60,046	285,001 18,538 5,656 272,119 74,469 62,098 1,377 60,721	292,076 19,012 5,731 278,796 74,643 62,580 1,336 61,243	292,911 19,102 5,792 279,602 74,892 63,531 1,373 62,158	296,986 19,353 5,889 283,522 75,480 63,809 1,309 62,500
	Earnings by Place of Work											İ	
12 13 14 15	Components of earnings: Wage and salary disbursements Other labor income Proprietors' income 5 Farm proprietors' income Nonfarm proprietors' income	3,793,352 389,432 534,744 30,648 504,096	3,850,864 391,312 544,094 32,018 512,076	3,911,348 393,340 551,283 31,051 520,232	3,985,992 396,764 553,931 27,291 526,640	4,058,597 402,519 560,077 23,262 536,815	4,114,394 405,438 567,639 23,618 544,021	225,469 23,141 29,280 221 29,059	228,512 23,131 29,710 257 29,453	231,690 23,143 30,169 280 29,889	238,107 23,496 30,473 225 30,248	238,386 23,485 31,041 156 30,884	241,887 23,666 31,432 168 31,264
	Earnings by Industry								-				
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	Farm Nonfarm Private Agricultural services, forestry, fishing, and other ⁶ Mining Construction Manufacturing Durable goods Nondurable goods Transportation and public utilities Wholesale trade Retail trade Finance, insurance, and real estate Services Government and government enterprises Federal, civilian Military State and local	46,108 4,671,420 3,963,644 28,996 41,620 268,364 835,404 511,392 324,012 321,328 297,152 432,060 400,736 1,337,984 707,776 135,264 47,832 524,680	47,510 4,738,760 4,026,308 29,920 42,232 272,492 847,236 520,296 326,940 327,072 302,776 406,528 1,362,696 712,452 134,600 47,528 530,324	46,519 4,809,452 4,091,856 30,848 42,832 275,820 859,788 529,200 330,588 334,120 307,672 411,526 1,384,268 717,596 133,684 47,652 536,260	42,687 4,894,000 4,171,680 31,208 43,748 282,400 881,272 545,140 336,132 339,984 313,892 448,384 423,048 1,407,744 722,320 133,544 47,424 47,424 541,352	39,049 4,982,144 4,251,317 32,006 44,095 290,434 891,712 551,776 339,935 343,500 319,498 455,939 435,477 1,438,657 730,827 135,582 48,081 547,164	40,044 5,047,427 4,309,853 33,012 43,391 295,755 891,666 549,561 342,105 344,706 324,531 1,466,231 737,574 136,216 47,517 553,842	575 247,315 243,895 1,499 225 13,740 52,216 35,082 17,135 14,907 17,803 24,719 28,869 89,917 33,420 5,519 1,256 26,644	611 280,743 247,080 1,537 233 13,720 52,830 35,671 17,158 15,314 18,319 24,867 28,990 91,270 33,663 5,465 1,254 26,943	632 284,369 250,449 1,595 236 13,932 53,830 36,498 17,333 15,464 18,527 22,207 29,208 92,450 33,920 5,414 1,244 1,244 27,262	574 291,502 257,280 1,617 242 14,397 155,456 37,804 17,652 15,948 19,022 26,080 29,468 95,050 34,222 5,437 1,223 27,562	514 292,397 258,529 1,703 244 14,919 54,808 37,080 17,727 16,468 19,354 25,749 30,656 94,629 33,868 5,481 1,204 27,183	540 296,445 262,222 1,757 244 15,016 54,971 37,219 17,752 16,150 19,636 26,141 31,485 96,821 34,224 5,528 1,196 27,499

				New Ha	mpshire				·····	Rhoo	le Island		-
Line	ltem		19	97		19	98		19	97		1	998
		Įr.	11"	III r	۱۷r	lr.) P	l ^r	r	IIIr	IV r	12	P
	Income by Place of Residence												
1 2 3	Personal income (lines 4-11) Nonfarm personal income Farm income (line 17)	31,770 31,727 43	32,264 32,219 45	32,863 32,817 45	33,536 33,494 42	33,508 33,468 40	33,904 33,863 41	24,886 24,854 32	25,235 25,201 34	25,404 25,370 34	25,939 25,908 30	26,047 26,021 26	26,334 26,306 27
	Derivation of Personal Income										Ì		
4 5 6 7 8 9 10	Earnings by place of work (lines 12-16 or 17-34) Less: Personal contributions for social insurance 2 Plus: Adjustment for residence 3 Equals: Net earnings by place of residence Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent 4 Plus: Transfer payments State unemployment insurance benefits Transfers excluding State unemployment insurance benefits	20,444 1,437 2,711 21,718 5,936 4,116 34 4,082	20,916 1,469 2,711 22,157 5,961 4,147 31 4,116	21,482 1,510 2,725 22,697 5,984 4,182 33 4,149	22,114 1,555 2,765 23,325 5,999 4,213 37 4,176	21,995 1,548 2,779 23,226 6,018 4,264 31 4,233	22,287 1,567 2,836 23,556 6,062 4,286 31 4,255	15,761 1,251 1,001 15,510 4,316 5,060 169 4,892	16,043 1,266 1,005 15,782 4,325 5,128 142 4,985	16,076 1,262 1,029 15,843 4,335 5,227 158 5,069	16,576 1,299 1,040 16,318 4,341 5,280 151 5,128	16,607 1,304 1,047 16,350 4,348 5,349 151 5,199	16,858 1,322 1,067 16,602 4,371 5,360 135 5,225
	Earnings by Place of Work								i				
12 13 14 15 16	Components of earnings: Wage and salary disbursements Other tabor income Proprietors' income 5 Farm proprietors' income Nonfarm proprietors' income	16,283 1,756 2,405 17 2,388	16,693 1,779 2,444 18 2,426	17,196 1,809 2,478 19 2,459	17,747 1,847 2,520 15 2,505	17,603 1,822 2,570 13 2,557	17,850 1,835 2,603 13 2,590	13,038 1,259 1,464 21 1,442	13,294 1,260 1,490 23 1,466	13,325 1,242 1,509 23 1,485	13,790 1,271 1,516 20 1,496	13,796 1,267 1,544 16 1,528	14,006 1,278 1,574 16 1,558
	Earnings by Industry										}		
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	Farm Nonfarm Private Agricultural services, forestry, fishing, and other Mining Construction Manufacturing Durable goods Nondurable goods Transportation and public utilities Wholesale trade Retail trade Finance, insurance, and real estate Services Government and government enterprises Federal, civilian Military State and local	43 20,400 18,068 111, 19 1,202 4,614 3,288 1,326 1,226 1,413 2,403 1,380 5,699 2,332 381 44 1,907	45, 20,870, 18,505, 113, 19, 1,226, 4,801, 3,442, 1,449, 2,439, 1,416, 5,794, 2,365, 376, 441, 9,46	45 21,437 19,007 19,017 19 1,230 4,967 3,596 1,371 1,262 1,564 2,480 1,449 5,918 2,430 380 44 2,006	42 22,072 19,660 21 1,288 5,197 3,790 1,407 1,310 1,557 2,574 1,542 6,051 2,413 390 44 1,979	40 21,955 19,570 134 1,354 4,966 3,533 1,433 1,568 2,563 1,551 6,084 2,385 422 398 422	41 22,246 19,800 19,800 1,379 4,942 3,518 1,424 1,336 1,600 2,613 1,593 6,180 2,446 399 422 2,005	32 15,728 13,127 100 8 3,100 1,914 1,187 806 796 1,456 1,115 4,991 2,602 533 230 1,838	34 16,009 13,327 103 9 753 3,023 1,914 1,109 830 807 1,198 5,121 2,682 231 1,916	34 16,042 13,455 108 9 768 3,022 1,927 1,927 1,925 818 818 1,183 5,208 2,586 224 1,826	30 16,546 13,903 1111 100 780 3,131 2,031 1,099 850 852 1,548 1,284 5,339 2,643 2,19	26 16,580 13,877 109 100 834 3,089 2,074 1,015 846 814 1,549 1,300 5,326 2,704 537 221 1,946	27 16,831 14,067 112 10 10 990 3,053 2,064 999 852 819 1,573 1,344 5,414 2,764 5,44 223 1,997

See footnotes at end of table.

and Earnings by Industry, 1997:I–1998:II $^{\rm 1}$ adjusted at annual rates]

		Conne	ecticut					Ма	ine					Massac	chusetts			
	19	97		19	98		19	97		19	98		19	97		19	98	Line
lr .	7	Шŗ	۱۷r	. Ir	∥P.	1"	Ν'n	101 "	IV r	1"	P	11	ll*	11) *	IV*	l ^r	110	
115,568 115,413 155	116,716 116,549 166	117,801 117,627 173	120,173 120,017 157	121,364 121,224 139	122,398 122,251 148	26,860 26,794 66	27,117 27,051 66	27,250 27,187 62	27,718 27,660 58	27,662 27,601 61	27,944 27,883 61	187,604 187,437 168	189,401 189,216 185	191,843 191,645 198	194,783 194,603 180	195,514 195,366 148	198,083 197,921 162	1 2 3
78,278 5,020 4,864 78,122 22,207 15,240 383 14,857	79,314 5,077 4,831 79,068 22,273 15,375 347 15,028	80,081 5,118 4,970 79,933 22,338 15,529 339 15,190	82,384 5,266 5,022 82,139 22,381 15,653 332 15,321	83,267 5,335 5,057 82,988 22,451 15,924 344 15,580	84,016 5,377 5,156 83,795 22,619 15,985 308 15,677	17,648 1,261 228 16,615 4,699 5,546 116 5,431	17,848 1,275 237 16,810 4,712 5,594 110 5,485	17,915 1,278 251 16,888 4,725 5,637 100 5,537	18,359 1,310 261 17,309 4,734 5,675 95 5,580	18,178 1,298 260 17,140 4,744 5,777 104 5,673	18,425 1,315 263 17,373 4,774 5,797 90 5,707	136,643 8,502 -3,339 124,801 34,073 28,730 740 27,990	138,045 8,595 -3,350 126,100 34,237 29,064 719 28,345	140,230 8,738 -3,412 128,080 34,391 29,372 701 28,671	143,079 8,924 -3,449 130,706 34,485 29,592 674 28,919	143,279 8,956 -3,440 130,883 34,618 30,013 694 29,319	145,612 9,098 -3,518 132,996 34,919 30,169 700 29,469	4 5 6 7 8 9 10
63,219 6,587 8,471 59 8,413	64,092 6,593 8,628 70 8,558	64,738 6,573 8,770 77 8,693	66,790 6,706 8,887 61 8,826	67,419 6,780 9,068 42 9,026	68,044 6,791 9,180 46 9,134	14,058 1,526 2,063 -10 2,074	14,245 1,522 2,081 -10 2,091	14,306 1,502 2,107 -13 2,120	14,708 1,524 2,127 —17 2,144	14,514 1,499 2,166 -16 2,182	14,728 1,512 2,184 -19 2,203	111,677 11,215 13,751 72 13,679	112,937 11,186 13,922 89 13,833	114,855 11,233 14,142 102 14,040	117,487 11,341 14,251 85 14,165	117,473 11,308 14,498 51 14,447	119,512 11,427 14,673 61 14,612	12 13 14 15 16
155 78,122 69,426 396 99 3,690 16,082 11,309 4,773 4,052 5,039 6,145 10,418 23,504 1,087 386 7,223	166 79,147 70,412 404 101 3,706 16,362 11,524 4,833 4,063 5,376 6,143 10,319 23,938 8,735 1,059 1,059 388 7,288	173 79,908 70,953 423 101 3,725 16,421 11,542 4,878 4,185 5,309 6,216 10,337 24,237 8,955 1,035 387 7,534	157 82,227 73,412 432 103 3,873 16,299 12,009 4,920 4,920 4,920 6,560 10,807 24,921 8,815 1,029 374 7,412	139 83,128 74,889 465 109 3,952 16,940 11,830 5,107 4,753 5,831 6,346 11,422 24,988 8,539 1,032 356 7,151	148 83,868 75,287 481 110 3,911 77,702 11,971 5,730 4,329 5,743 11,755 25,462 8,581 1,040 349 7,191	66 17,582 14,656 167 5 1,210 3,324 1,626 1,698 1,037 934 2,109 1,137 4,733 2,926 614 207 2,106	66 17,782 14,856 1,155 3,351 1,633 1,718 1,072 958 2,125 1,167 4,847 2,926 603 203 2,119	62 17,853 14,939 183 3,329 1,602 1,727 1,071 973 2,162 1,161 4,916 2,914 597 2002 2,115	58 18,301 15,339 185 1,130 3,451 1,675 1,776 1,094 1,094 1,094 1,189 5,082 2,962 601 204 2,157	61 18,118 15,221 195 6 1,160 3,298 1,701 1,743 1,257 5,010 2,203 1,257 602 2,092	61 18,364 15,458 201 6 1,164 1,699 1,156 967 2,242 1,303 5,107 5,107 2,906 605 202 2,099	168 136,475 121,028 668 71, 71 6,268 23,202 15,564 7,271 9,158 11,632 14,921 48,437 15,447 2,666 347 12,434	185 137,860 122,286 681 75 5,254 23,423 15,800 7,822 7,574 9,283 11,694 14,371 48,950 15,574 2,683 11,572	198 140,032 124,367 702 73 6,444 24,215 16,474 7,741 7,591 9,387 11,836 14,559 49,556 15,665 2,632 346 12,687	180 142,899 125,970 708 708,672 24,799 16,890 7,919 7,878 9,551 12,238 14,111 50,935 15,529 2,651 342	148 143,131 127,195 732 73 6,912 24,493 16,645 7,948 7,827 9,929 12,084 14,005 50,535 50,535 15,936 2,675 340 12,921	162 145,450 129,333 754 78 6,928 24,493 16,621 7,972 7,911 10,039 12,293 14,952 51,885 16,117 2,698 3,400 13,079	17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34

		Verr	nont					Mid	east					Dela	ware			
	19	97		19	98		19	97		19	98		199	97		19	98	Line
Įr.	ll ^r	10"	IV*]r	112	ļ ^r	r	1117	IV "	l'	[<i>P</i>	17	117	111.7	IV "	<i>r</i>]] <i>P</i>	
13,368 13,257 111	13,465 13,350 115	13,527 13,407 119	13,869 13,761 107	13,931 13,831 100	14,148 14,046 102	1,286,623 1,285,141 1,482	1,294,001 1,292,500 1,501	1,307,359 1,305,850 1,509	1,325,111 1,323,707 1,403	1,338,687 1,337,325 1,362	1,349,940 1,348,517 1,423	20,461 20,368 93	20,535 20,444 91	20,984 20,890 94	21,253 21,177 76	21,571 21,500 71	21,849 21,772 77	1 2 3
9,117 626 76 8,567 2,682 2,119 52 2,067	9,189 630 81 8,640 2,690 2,136 50 2,086	9,217 632 92 8,678 2,697 2,151 47 2,104	9,564 658 93 8,999 2,702 2,167 47 2,120	9,585 660 88 9,014 2,713 2,204 49 2,154	9,789 674 85 9,200 2,736 2,212 44 2,167	904,991 60,630 -12,744 831,617 230,661 224,345 4,992 219,353	911,119 60,924 -12,614 837,582 231,373 225,046 4,746 220,299	923,974 61,721 -12,911 849,343 232,058 225,958 4,634 221,324	941,320 62,859 -12,888 865,573 232,513 227,025 4,636 222,389	951,981 63,786 -13,107 875,088 233,099 230,500 4,572 225,929	961,147 64,317 -13,101 883,728 234,505 231,707 4,456 227,251	15,923 995 -1,240 13,688 3,873 2,900 70 2,830	15,986 1,001 -1,243 13,743 3,889 2,903 68 2,835	16,536 1,036 -1,322 14,177 3,905 2,902 60 2,843	16,834 1,056 -1,347 14,431 3,915 2,907 53 2,854	17,130 1,079 -1,380 14,671 3,927 2,973 66 2,908	17,419 1,098 -1,420 14,901 3,955 2,993 65 2,928	4 5 6 7 8 9 10
7,194 797 1,126 63 1,063	7,251 791 1,146 67 1,079	7,270 783 1,164 72 1,092	7,585 808 1,172 60 1,112	7,581 808 1,196 51 1,145	7,748 822 1,219 51 1,167	733,908 73,149 97,933 342 97,591	739,387 72,844 98,888 359 98,530	750,769 73,129 100,075 371 99,705	766,663 73,857 100,800 276 100,524	775,047 74,469 102,465 206 102,259	782,746 74,708 103,692 221 103,471	12,548 1,415 1,961 65 1,896	12,629 1,405 1,953 62 1,890	13,093 1,445 1,999 66 1,933	13,370 1,457 2,007 48 1,959	13,608 1,482 2,040 42 1,999	13,864 1,503 2,051 47 2,004	12 13 14 15
111 9,006 7,590 58 21 617 1,894 1,381 513 515 462 974 498 2,552 1,417 238 41 1,137	115 9.074 7,694 7,694 59 23 625 1,870 1,358 527 466 984 519 2,820 1,380 237 41 1,103	119 9,098 7,728 61 23 627 1,877 1,356 534 4,476 997 519 2,616 1,369 236 4 41 1,093	107 9,457 7,995 62 24 4655 1,950 1,418 535 547 1,013 535 2,723 1,461 234 481 1,187	100 9,486 8,078 68 23 707 2,021 1,498 552 1,005 522 2,706 1,408 238 41 1,128	102 9,687 8,276 69 211 745 2,069 1,531 539 565 468 2,773 1,410 243 43 1,127	1,482 903,508 764,381 3,811 2,112 41,182 129,886 65,101 64,786 58,265 54,774 282,983 139,127 34,747 4,002,14	1,501 909,618 767,611 3,839 2,166 41,162 131,034 65,596 59,470 55,596 118,344 286,183 142,007 34,764 4,184 103,060	1,509 922,465 780,983 3,971 2,288 41,291 132,110 85,566 66,574 60,954 56,574 60,954 123,224 290,238 141,497 34,750 4,194 102,553	1,403 939,916 797,202 4,136 2,258 42,278 135,930 67,952 61,818 57,481 71,951 125,494 295,859 142,714 4,188 103,803	1,362 950,619 807,333 4,173 2,226 43,761 137,267 68,449 61,715 58,324 72,263 128,323 299,281 143,286 35,175 4,240 103,871	1,423 959,724 815,803 4,287 2,216 644,252 136,598 67,312 69,286 61,628 59,138 73,620 130,030 304,030 143,921 35,222 4,194 104,505	93 15,830 13,866 64 4,316 85 3,458 697 1,340 2,007 3,620 2,533 166 1,546	91 15,896 13,940 66 91 1,090 4,189 823 3,367 710 616 1,332 2,249 3,679 1,956 248 164	94 16,442 14,462 14,462 88 91,141 4,398 923 3,476 733 6,246 1,355 2,296 3,838 1,980 246 1,572	76 16,758 14,775 70 9 1,153 4,376 968 3,408 758 649 1,375 2,446 3,940 1,983 246 160 1,576	71 17,059 15,019 72 1,218 4,476 98 3,488 785 637 1,383 2,438 4,000 250 1,629	777 17,342 15,288 75 9 1,187 4,558 991 3,567 788 638 1,400 2,530 4,083 2,074 252 159 1,664	17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34

Table 2.—Personal Income by Major Source [Millions of dollars, seasonally

				District of	Columbia					Ma	ryland	•	
Line	Item		19	97		19	98		19	97		1	998
		r	ll'	lli <i>r</i>	IV "	ļr.	P	r	r	Blr	1V r	ŀr	P
	Income by Place of Residence												
1 2 3	Personal income (lines 4-11) Nonfarm personal income Farm income (line 17)	18,518 18,518 0	18,556 18,556 0	18,785 18,785 0	18,810 18,810 0	19,109 19,109 0	19,174 19,174 0	143,530 143,297 234	145,008 144,773 235	146,626 146,388 238	149,076 148,859 216	150,167 149,964 203	151,267 151,048 219
	Derivation of Personal Income												
4 5 6 7 8 9 10	Earnings by place of work (lines 12-16 or 17-34) Less: Personal contributions for social insurance 2 Plus: Adjustment for residence 3 Equals: Net earnings by place of residence Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent 4 Plus: Transfer payments State unemployment insurance benefits Transfers excluding State unemployment insurance benefits	34,810 2,250 -21,097 11,464 3,157 3,897 69 3,828	34,600 2,235 -20,896 11,470 3,139 3,947 73 3,874	35,318 2,285 -21,355 11,678 3,125 3,982 67 3,915	35,079 2,266 -21,132 11,681 3,118 4,010 64 3,946	36,070 2,341 -21,795 11,935 3,120 4,054 64 3,990	36,009 2,332 -21,699 11,978 3,131 4,065 60 4,006	89,519 6,117 13,880 97,282 25,174 21,075 344 20,731	90,843 6,200 13,754 98,398 25,284 21,326 332 20,994	91,829 6,258 14,081 99,652 25,388 21,586 346 21,240	94,311 6,425 13,958 101,844 25,455 21,776 343 21,433	94,529 6,458 14,458 102,530 25,528 22,109 328 21,782	95,348 6,506 14,471 103,313 25,707 22,247 335 21,912
	Earnings by Place of Work												
12 13 14 15 16	Components of earnings: Wage and salary disbursements Other labor income Proprietors' income - Farm proprietors' income Nonfarm proprietors' income	29,929 2,642 2,240 0 2,240	29,734 2,601 2,265 0 2,265	30,397 2,632 2,289 0 2,289	30,192 2,582 2,304 0 2,304	31,074 2,658 2,338 0 2,338	31,008 2,639 2,362 0 2,362	74,489 7,010 8,020 119 7,901	75,667 7,036 8,140 120 8,019	76,531 7,036 8,262 123 8,138	78,784 7,178 8,349 103 8,246	78,883 7,166 8,480 87 8,393	79,592 7,199 8,557 98 8,459
	Earnings by Industry		1			1							
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 31 32 33 34	Farm Nonfarm Private Agricultural services, forestry, fishing, and other 6 Mining Construction Manufacturing Durable goods Nondurable goods Transportation and public utilities Wholesale trade Retail trade Finance, insurance, and real estate Services Government and government enterprises Federal, civilian Military State and local	0 34,810 20,762 331 17 412 953 126 827 1,357 309 883 1,971 14,530 14,049 11,476 727 1,846	0 34,600 20,492 298 13 13 1400 957 107 849 1,302 289 868 1,970 14,395 14,109 11,559 726 1,824	35,318 21,039 18 22,039 18 18 426 989 11,532 323 323 323 323 323 47,705 14,705 11,635 727 1,916	35,079 20,951 424 18 428 961 124 837 1,396 324 850 2,014 14,536 14,127 733 1,816	36,070 21,755 312 15 408 998 129 869 1,451 320 2,033 15,335 14,316 11,702 742 1,871	0 36,009 21,668 319 15 403 1,010 120 1426 323 889 2,063 15,220 14,341 11,705 739 1,897	234 89,285 70,359 500 80 6,194 8,163 4,381 3,782 5,172 5,023 8,573 7,119 29,534 18,927 7,809 1,328 9,789	235 90,608 71,339 507 82 6,219 8,240 4,430 3,810 5,237 5,126 8,557 7,309 30,061 19,270 7,897 1,357 1,357 10,016	238 91,591 72,246 80 6,206 8,376 4,544 3,832 5,230 5,230 5,230 5,413 19,345 7,932 1,357 10,056	216 94,095 74,628 823 6,343 8,934 4,970 3,964 5,330 8,897 7,936 31,111 19,468 7,948 10,165	203 94,327 74,668 544 91 6,469 9,154 5,095 4,059 5,407 5,332 7,348 31,396 19,658 8,160 1,377 10,122	219 95,129 75,405 559 90 6,301 9,369 5,265 4,104 5,416 5,359 9,019 7,549 31,742 19,724 8,145 1,353 10,226

				Great	Lakes					li li	inois	-	
Line	Item		19	97		19	98		19	97		1	998
		lr.	117	mr i	IV"	17	P	r	ll'r	llt"	IV۶	l ^p	{ <i>P</i>
1 2 3	Income by Place of Residence Personal income (lines 4-11) Nonfarm personal income Farm income (line 17)	1,089,826 1,084,513 5,313	1,102,775 1,097,258 5,517	1,112,544 1,107,270 5,274	1,128,280 1,123,201 5,079	1,144,562 1,140,079 4,483	1,155,371 1,150,969 4,402	325,755 323,903 1,852	330,778 328,873 1,905	333,773 331,896 1,877	338,659 336,957 1,701	342,221 340,644 1,577	346,643 345,100 1,543
4 5 6 7 8 9 10	Derivation of Personal Income Earnings by place of work (lines 12-16 or 17-34) Less: Personal contributions for social insurance 2 Plus: Adjustment for residence 3 Equals: Net earnings by place of residence Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent4 Plus: Transfer payments State unemployment insurance benefits Transfers excluding State unemployment insurance benefits Earnings by Place of Work	782,786 52,481 3,059 733,364 186,341 170,121 3,694 166,427	794,891 53,231 3,086 744,746 186,863 171,167 3,477 167,689	803,523 53,795 3,120 752,848 187,370 172,326 3,413 168,913	818,925 54,804 3,156 767,277 187,689 173,314 3,356 169,959	833,310 56,045 3,195 780,459 188,333 175,769 3,379 172,391	842,394 56,614 3,265 789,045 189,792 176,534 3,235 173,299	235,642 15,229 -525 219,888 59,628 46,239 1,224 45,015	240,570 15,543 590 224,437 59,894 46,447 1,154 45,293	243,224 15,716 -603 226,905 60,142 46,726 1,152 45,575	248,082 16,043 -633 231,406 60,293 46,960 1,124 45,836	250,965 16,300 -634 234,031 60,503 47,687 1,124 46,563	254,932 16,549 -657 237,725 60,984 47,934 1,100 46,834
12 13 14 15 16	Components of earnings: Wage and salary disbursements Other labor income Proprietors' income 5 Farm proprietors' income Nonfarm proprietors' income	644,713 68,512 69,560 3,461 66,099	654,841 69,434 70,617 3,668 66,948	662,547 69,932 71,044 3,422 67,622	676,402 70,957 71,565 3,213 68,352	689,136 72,036 72,138 2,570 69,569	697,208 72,323 72,863 2,411 70,452	190,418 19,976 25,248 1,524 23,724	194,669 20,245 25,656 1,576 24,080	197,099 20,284 25,841 1,546 24,295	201,656 20,547 25,880 1,370 24,510	204,113 20,656 26,195 1,237 24,958	207,549 20,894 26,488 1,189 25,299
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 30 31 32 33 34	Farm Nonfarm Private Agricultural services, forestry, fishing, and other 6 Mining Construction Manufacturing Durable goods Nondurable goods Transportation and public utilities Wholesale trade Retail trade Finance, insurance, and real estate Services Government and government enterprises Federal, civilian Military State and local	5,313 777,473 677,638 3,541 2,472 44,439 206,573 143,089 63,485 47,114 51,393 68,943 56,038 197,124 99,835 14,386 2,485 2,485	5,517 789,374 689,187 3,654 2,546 45,346 209,143 145,025 52,249 57,879 200,188 14,241 2,441 33,505	5,274 798,249 696,975 3,753 2,473 145,87 146,846 64,831 64,831 52,879 70,211 59,275 203,613 101,274 14,109 2,523 84,641	5,079 813,846 711,826 3,826 46,559 217,024 151,243 65,818 49,948 54,133 71,462 59,225 207,046 102,020 14,050 2,485 85,484	4,483 828,827 725,085 3,905 2,553 220,607 152,723 67,884 49,835 55,474 72,783 61,295 211,036 103,742 14,306 2,538 86,898	4,402 837,992 733,027 4,032 2,490 48,473 219,403 150,714 68,689 49,929 56,385 74,186 62,875 215,254 104,965 14,389 2,481 2,481 2,481	1,852 233,790 204,649 1,081 7,873 45,871 27,678 18,193 17,044 16,964 19,323 23,229 23,229 29,141 4,670 1,192 23,279	1,905 238,665 209,192 1,116 751 13,320 47,195 28,683 18,512 17,676 17,243 19,348 23,842 68,702 29,473 4,615 1,157 23,701	1,877 241,348 211,721 1,142 713 713 12,915 48,435 29,564 17,339 19,712 24,036 69,481 29,627 4,579 1,235 23,812	1,701 246,381 216,506 1,170 731 13,503 49,632 90,340 19,292 18,399 17,802 19,867 24,540 70,863 29,875 4,569 1,211 24,095	1,577 249,387 219,325 1,196 689 13,464 49,207 29,677 19,530 17,974 18,432 20,061 25,521 72,781 30,062 4,658 1,260 24,145	1,543 253,388 223,027 1,233 681 13,607 49,839 29,963 19,876 18,144 18,731 20,433 26,190 74,169 30,361 4,691 1,219 24,452

See footnotes at end of table.

and Earnings by Industry, 1997:I-1998:II 1-Continued

adjusted at annual rates]

		New .	lersey					New	York	-				Penns	ylvania			
	199	97		19	98		19	97		19	98		19	97		19	98	Line
12	ll'r	Mr.	IV "	۱۲	∥P	۱۲	Hr.	Wr	IV")r	P	l ^p	Hr.	1117	IV r	r	P	
256,574 256,369 205	257,195 256,988 207	260,425 260,217 208	264,072 263,879 194	269,107 268,923 184	270,398 270,209 189	543,202 542,848 354	545,785 545,420 365	551,121 550,755 365	558,018 557,680 338	562,848 562,516 332	569,104 568,761 343	304,338 303,741 597	306,921 306,318 603	309,418 308,814 604	313,883 313,303 580	315,885 315,312 573	318,147 317,553 595	1 2 3
169,637 11,890 14,801 172,548 49,420 34,606 1,217 33,389	169,629 11,832 14,943 172,740 49,632 34,824 1,119 33,705	172,326 11,993 15,175 175,508 49,828 35,090 1,084 34,006	175,475 12,192 15,497 178,780 49,953 35,339 1,083 34,256	180,418 12,597 15,269 183,090 50,073 35,944 1,147 34,797	180,840 12,605 15,702 183,938 50,374 36,087 1,088 34,999	390,340 25,207 -20,850 344,283 94,983 103,935 1,830 102,105	392,871 25,319 -20,879 346,672 95,305 103,808 1,740 102,068	398,649 25,659 -21,293 351,698 95,609 103,814 1,668 102,146	406,001 26,127 -21,686 358,188 95,804 104,025 1,614 102,412	409,076 26,391 -21,636 361,049 96,044 105,755 1,606 104,150	415,079 26,758 -22,138 366,183 96,612 106,310 1,511 104,799	204,761 14,170 1,762 192,352 54,053 57,933 1,462 56,470	207,190 14,338 1,708 194,560 54,124 58,238 1,415 56,823	209,316 14,490 1,804 196,630 54,204 58,583 1,410 57,174	213,619 14,792 1,822 200,649 54,267 58,967 1,479 57,488	214,757 14,921 1,977 201,813 54,407 59,665 1,361 58,303	216,452 15,019 1,982 203,415 54,727 60,005 1,397 58,608	4 5 6 7 8 9 10
139,190 13,902 16,545 63 16,482	139,201 13,720 16,708 65 16,643	141,690 13,787 16,849 66 16,783	144,619 13,892 16,964 53 16,912	148,863 14,259 17,296 40 17,257	149,173 14,182 17,484 39 17,445	314,707 29,798 45,835 -60 45,894	316,839 29,668 46,363 -48 46,411	321,710 29,838 47,101 -47 47,147	328,440 30,118 47,443 -70 47,513	330,519 30,250 48,307 -86 48,393	335,615 30,512 48,952 -91 49,043	163,046 18,382 23,332 155 23,177	165,316 18,414 23,460 160 23,300	167,349 18,391 23,576 162 23,414	171,257 18,631 23,732 142 23,590	172,101 18,652 24,004 124 23,880	173,493 18,673 24,286 128 24,158	12 13 14 15 16
205 169,432 145,457 718 227 7,747 26,226 9,469 16,756 14,707 14,858 13,536 15,812 51,627 23,975 3,377 3,377 3,377 3,375	207 168,422 145,337 731 232 7,745 26,644 9,582 17,062 14,932 15,005 13,533 14,275 52,241 24,085 3,347 509 20,228	208 172,118 148,020 752 235 7,725 26,942 9,802 17,340 15,214 15,221 13,705 15,216 20,988 3,315 516 20,268	194 175,282 150,923 760 244 7,878 27,382 9,805 17,577 15,347 15,517 13,901 15,800 54,094 24,359 3,313 516 20,530	184 180 234 155,315 784 244 8,375 28,002 9,921 18,088 15,317 15,948 14,211 17,568 24,919 3,309 518 21,092	189 180,851 155,654 810 243 8,390 27,709 9,618 18,091 15,393 14,516 16,368 56,033 24,996 3,316 510 21,170	354 389,987 335,491 1,263 335,491 13,738 47,667 22,401 22,389 22,992 25,995 79,185 122,661 54,496 6,644 895 46,954	365 392,505 336,028 1,279 327 13,871 47,883 25,173 22,711 23,153 22,701 26,264 76,597 123,953 56,477 6,568 892 49,017	365 398,284 342,637 1,309 362 14,004 48,194 25,173 23,021 22,908 26,575 80,294 125,002 55,647 6,508 898 48,242	338 405,663 348,973 1,332 35,144,474 48,344 25,142 23,202 24,233 23,267 72,776 6,892 6,492 898 49,300	332 408,744 352,575 1,407 322 15,320 50,075 26,272 23,802 24,007 23,624 27,220 81,796 128,906 6,568 912 48,689	343 414,736 358,142 1,440 3300 15,707 49,798 25,818 23,981 23,992 27,736 83,990 131,275 56,594 6,561 915 49,118	597 204,163 178,447 934 1,460 11,884 42,969 17,562 13,963 11,686 19,174 15,773 61,011 25,717 5,184 19,984	603 206,587 180,476 958 1,524 11,837 43,120 25,523 17,797 14,186 19,214 15,944 61,856 26,111 5,144 536 20,431	604 208,712 182,563 986 1,524 11,789 43,212 25,180 18,032 14,363 12,055 19,414 15,950 63,269 26,150 5,114 534 20,501	580 213,039 186,953 1,016 1,568 12,003 44,938 18,985 14,624 12,933 19,651 16,242 26,522 26,087 5,145 526 20,415	573 214,184 188,000 1,054 1,545 11,971 44,555 26,012 18,544 14,774 12,461 19,640 17,140 64,886 26,184 5,186 529 20,469	595 215,857 189,666 1,084 1,529 12,264 44,152 25,501 18,652 14,673 20,059 17,591 65,881 26,191 5,243 518 20,430	17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33

		indi	ana					Mich	igan					Ol	nio			
	19	97		19	198		19	97		19	98		19	97		19	98	Line
1"	"	1117	۱۷r	۱۲	P	P	11'	1117	10 "	Jr .	P	jr.	*	III r	IV ′	17	P	1
133,922 132,883 1,040	135,332 134,216 1,116	136,081 135,021 1,060	138,446 137,343 1,103	140,370 139,421 949	141,699 140,760 938	240,721 240,178 543	242,939 242,391 548	245,346 244,798 548	248,308 247,767 541	255,184 254,645 539	256,771 256,211 559	266,513 264,906 1,606	269,357 267,720 1,637	271,661 270,169 1,492	275,434 273,866 1,568	278,952 277,608 1,344	281,005 279,698 1,307	1 2 3
97,157 6,602 2,342 92,897 20,923 20,102 254 19,848	98,405 6,676 2,405 94,133 21,014 20,185 246 19,939	98,962 6,710 2,441 94,693 21,098 20,291 259 20,032	101,318 6,862 2,484 96,940 21,148 20,358 236 20,123	103,031 7,019 2,501 98,513 21,228 20,628 237 20,391	104,105 7,091 2,544 99,559 21,399 20,740 249 20,491	172,689 11,622 717 161,784 41,164 37,773 975 36,797	174,701 11,737 728 163,692 41,110 38,136 932 37,204	176,931 11,874 736 165,794 41,077 38,476 893 37,582	179,786 12,051 760 168,496 41,061 38,752 876 37,876	186,477 12,564 746 174,660 41,203 39,321 925 38,396	187,705 12,636 760 175,830 41,529 39,412 822 38,590	190,785 13,366 -1,404 176,016 43,026 47,471 759 46,713	193,380 13,530 -1,434 178,416 43,205 47,735 687 47,049	195,381 13,669 -1,458 180,254 43,373 48,034 658 47,376	199,058 13,907 -1,504 183,648 43,480 48,306 648 47,658	202,119 14,196 -1,533 186,390 43,609 48,953 627 48,326	203,737 14,296 -1,535 187,906 43,908 49,192 616 48,575	4 5 6 7 8 9 10
79,025 8,780 9,352 820 8,532	80,028 8,879 9,497 896 8,601	80,534 8,904 9,524 840 8,684	82,549 9,085 9,685 882 8,803	84,117 9,243 9,671 723 8,948	85,102 9,280 9,724 703 9,021	145,891 15,779 11,019 63 10,956	147,366 16,138 11,196 71 11,126	149,117 16,456 11,359 71 11,288	151,570 16,727 11,489 58 11,432	157,437 17,368 11,672 43 11,629	158,575 17,317 11,813 43 11,770	157,426 15,830 17,529 1,334 16,195	159,674 15,987 17,720 1,365 16,355	161,591 16,078 17,712 1,218 16,493	164,799 16,301 17,958 1,294 16,664	167,605 16,499 18,016 1,062 16,954	169,035 16,502 18,200 1,014 17,186	12 13 14 15 16
1,040 96,118 84,526 403 30,458 21,604 8,853 5,565 5,502 9,123 5,565 20,928 11,766 9,599	1,116 97,288 85,554 426 402 6,435 30,673 21,947 8,726 5,862 9,164 5,740 21,265 11,734 1,725 224 9,785	1,060 97,901 86,151 439 6,431 30,826 21,948 8,878 5,629 9,229 5,813 21,485 11,750 1,699 226 9,826	1,103 100,215 88,246 450 424 6,760 31,726 22,767 8,959 6,052 5,781 9,378 5,922 21,753 11,970 1,694 224 10,052	949 102,082 90,138 454 457 6,973 32,778 23,160 9,618 6,110 5,822 9,513 5,988 11,944 1,711 225 10,008	938 103,167 91,035 470 400 7,000 32,757 23,007 9,751 6,078 5,920 9,896 6,130 22,583 12,132 1,731 222 10,179	543 172,146 149,675 763 423 8,993 54,196 43,037 11,159 8,664 11,529 9,410 41,585 22,471 2,587 19,632	548 174,153 151,807 776 473 9,208 54,433 43,349 11,084 8,853 8,853 11,172 14,834 9,782 42,318 22,345 2,558 19,535	548 176,383 153,491 801 427 9,383 54,997 43,848 11,149 8,892 11,388 14,973 9,547 45,085 22,892 2,535 20,104	541 179 245 156 213 816 437 9 564 55,971 44,620 11,351 8,983 9,706 43,555 23,032 2,498 250 20,284	539 185,938 161,660 825 4778 9,936 58,762 47,163 11,599 9,089 11,982 15,945 10,152 24,278 2,622 24,278 2,622 21,406	559 187,146 162,600 856 10,200 57,653 45,719 11,934 9,114 12,159 16,343 10,384 45,426 24,547 2,628 24,92 21,669	1,606 189,179 164,125 836 70,652 51,543 35,543 15,976 10,589 12,587 47,112 25,054 4,113 628 20,313	1,637 191,743 166,744 853 853 85,1862 10,783 16,227 10,841 12,866 18,029 12,559 48,120 24,999 4,094 620 20,286	1,492 193,889 168,601 874 806 10,850 52,102 35,831 16,271 11,072 13,021 14,933 25,288 4,059 4,059 618 20,612	1,568 197,490 172,353 889 111,003 53,760 37,275 16,485 11,232 13,279 18,511 12,357 49,879 25,137 4,045 608 20,485	1,344 200,776 175,043 926 834 11,277 54,047 36,727 17,320 11,419 13,592 19,031 13,474 50,446 25,733 4,057 610 21,066	1,307 202,430 176,411 954 11,619 53,383 36,059 17,299 11,350 19,325 13,233 51,360 26,019 4,071 598 21,350	17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34

Table 2.—Personal Income by Major Source [Millions of dollars, seasonally

		i		Wisco	onsin					P	lains		· · · · · · · ·
Line	Item		19	97		19	98		19	97		1	998
		Jr.	ll ^r	III r	IV ^r	lr.	P	r	JJ#N.	III r	۱۷r	Įr.	P
	Income by Place of Residence												
1 2 3	Personal income (lines 4-11) Nontarm personal income Farm income (line 17)	122,915 122,643 272	124,369 124,059 310	125,683 125,386 297	127,433 127,268 165	127,836 127,762 73	129,254 129,200 54	439,487 429,875 9,611	445,613 435,812 9,802	450,253 440,715 9,538	454,888 446,495 8,393	460,552 452,878 7,674	465,711 458,150 7,561
	Derivation of Personal Income			}									
4 5 6 7 8 9 10	Earnings by place of work (lines 12-16 or 17-34) Less: Personal contributions for social insurance 2 Plus: Adjustment for residence 3 Equals: Net earnings by place of residence Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent 4 Plus: Transfer payments State unemployment insurance benefits Transfers excluding State unemployment insurance benefits	86,512 5,662 1,929 82,779 21,599 18,536 483 18,054	87,835 5,745 1,977 84,067 21,639 18,663 459 18,204	89,025 5,826 2,004 85,203 21,681 18,800 452 18,348	90,680 5,941 2,050 86,788 21,707 18,938 472 18,466	90,717 5,966 2,114 86,865 21,790 19,180 465 18,715	91,915 6,042 2,153 88,025 21,972 19,257 448 18,809	318,899 22,583 -3,688 292,628 78,050 68,809 1,067 67,742	324,291 22,965 -3,731 297,595 78,793 69,226 1,019 68,206	328,179 23,263 -3,779 301,137 79,447 69,668 1,002 68,666	332,468 23,641 -3,851 304,976 79,849 70,063 988 69,075	337,395 24,145 -3,924 309,326 80,081 71,145 1,026 70,119	342,071 24,477 -3,991 313,603 80,627 71,481 973 70,509
	Earnings by Place of Work			- 1	ļ								
12 13 14 15 16	Components of earnings: Wage and salary disbursements Other labor income Proprietors' income Farm proprietors' income Nonfarm proprietors' income	71,954 8,146 6,412 –280 6,692	73,103 8,185 6,548 -238 6,786	74,206 8,210 6,609 -253 6,861	75,828 8,297 6,554 -390 6,944	75,863 8,269 6,584 -496 7,080	76,947 8,330 6,638 -538 7,176	253,811 27,189 37,899 7,964 29,935	258,261 27,367 38,662 8,160 30,502	261,796 27,461 38,922 7,900 31,022	266,520 27,680 38,268 6,754 31,514	271,226 28,024 38,145 5,994 32,151	275,399 28,276 38,396 5,813 32,584
	Earnings by Industry			ĺ									
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	Farm Nonfarm Private Agricultural services, forestry, fishing, and other ⁶ Mining Construction Manufacturing Durable goods Nondurable goods Transportation and public utilities Wholesale trade Retail trade Finance, insurance, and real estate Services Government and government enterprises Federal, civilian Military State and local	86,240 74,663 457 124 5,525 24,505 15,202 9,303 5,053 5,323 7,866 7,866 5,828 19,982 11,577 1,250 186 10,141	310 87,525 75,890 128 5,615 24,981 15,416 9,565 5,381 7,924 5,955 20,303 11,635 1,250 1,835 1,250	297 88,728 77,011 497 128 5,608 25,168 15,655 9,513 5,244 5,503 8,007 6,226 20,630 11,717 1,238 192 10,287	165 90,515 78,509 502 133 5,729 25,973 16,242 9,731 5,281 5,630 8,167 6,097 20,996 12,006 1,245 193 10,568	73 90,644 78,919 505, 136 5,909 25,813 15,997 5,242 5,675 8,233 6,163 21,244 11,725 1,258 11,258	91,860 91,860 79,954 127 6,048 25,796 15,967 9,828 5,779 8,390 6,338 21,715 11,906 11,269 11,269 11,269	9,611 309,287 263,253 1,875 1,558 19,313 61,195 35,865 25,330 24,388 22,366 29,879 22,710 79,469 46,035 7,822 2,467 35,725	9,802 314,489 267,919 1,945 1,623 19,746 61,873 36,665 25,208 24,242 23,313 30,261 23,838 81,079 46,570 7,816 2,461 36,293	9,538 318,641 271,711 2,015 1,613 19,928 62,909 37,147 25,762 24,477 23,554 30,691 24,124 82,400 46,930 7,746 2,455 36,729	8,393 324,075 27,427 2,041 1,652 20,507 64,765 38,542 26,223 24,701 24,121 31,104 24,528 84,008 46,648 7,700 2,435 2,435 36,513	7,674 329,721 282,463 2,106 1,610 21,174 64,903 38,634 26,268 24,916 24,590 32,019 25,095 86,050 47,258 7,863 2,452 2,452 36,943	7,561 334,510 286,729 2,175 1,582 21,576 65,127 38,393 26,733 25,852 87,761 47,781 7,928 2,410 37,442

				Miss	ouri					Ne	braska		
Line	Item		19	97		19	198		19	97		1	998
]r	11"	III r	IV ^r]r	P	1º	ll'	lli r	IVr	Jr.	11 P
	Income by Place of Residence												
1 2 3	Personal income (lines 4-11) Nonfarm personal income Farm income (line 17)	126,407 125,311 1,096	127,403 126,274 1,129	128,724 127,608 1,116	130,068 129,034 1,035	131,630 130,642 988	133,230 132,265 965	38,546 36,978 1,568	39,103 37,437 1,666	39,473 37,858 1,616	39,656 38,254 1,402	39,887 38,604 1,283	40,284 38,973 1,311
	Derivation of Personal Income												ĺ
4 5 6 7 8 9 10	Earnings by place of work (lines 12-16 or 17-34) Less: Personal contributions for social insurance 2 Plus: Adjustment for residence 3 Equals: Net earnings by place of residence Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent 4 Plus: Transfer payments State unemployment insurance benefits Transfers excluding State unemployment insurance benefits	91,208 6,242 -3,411 81,554 23,182 21,671 263 21,408	91,860 6,283 -3,364 82,213 23,324 21,866 246 21,620	92,944 6,359 -3,396 83,188 23,453 22,084 262 21,822	94,178 6,446 -3,422 84,310 23,531 22,227 240 21,988	95,443 6,566 -3,459 85,418 23,610 22,601 263 22,338	96,886 6,665 -3,527 86,694 23,777 22,759 290 22,469	28,460 2,035 -534 25,890 6,906 5,749 45 5,704	28,883 2,058 -533 26,293 7,024 5,786 40 5,747	29,135 2,081 -539 26,515 7,126 5,833 45 5,788	29,244 2,105 -540 26,599 7,189 5,869 43 5,825	29,399 2,129 -542 26,728 7,200 5,959 41 5,919	29,754 2,153 -548 27,053 7,232 5,999 46 5,953
	Earnings by Place of Work				ļ								ĺ
12 13 14 15 16	Components of earnings; Wage and salary disbursements Other labor income Proprietors' income Farm proprietors' income Nonfarm proprietors' income	74,027 8,105 9,075 895 8,180	74,581 8,083 9,195 928 8,266	75,542 8,123 9,279 915 8,363	76,715 8,173 9,289 833 8,456	77,857 8,248 9,338 781 8,557	79,151 8,337 9,398 750 8,648	21,952 2,344 4,164 1,284 2,880	22,190 2,331 4,363 1,383 2,980	22,426 2,325 4,384 1,334 3,050	22,708 2,325 4,210 1,123 3,088	22,884 2,327 4,187 996 3,192	23,174 2,345 4,235 1,012 3,223
	Earnings by Industry		:		[}
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	Farm Nonfarm Private Agricultural services, forestry, fishing, and other ⁶ Mining Construction Manufacturing Durable goods Nondurable goods Transportation and public utilities Wholesale trade Retail trade Finance, insurance, and real estate Services Government and government enterprises Federal, civilian Military State and local	1,096 90,111 77,594 434 229 5,970 17,898 9,973 7,925 7,728 6,250 8,501 6,541 24,042 12,517 2,817 637 9,063	1,129 90,730 78,073 451 241 5,958 17,718 9,995 7,674 6,334 6,334 6,720 24,380 12,657 2,829 629 9,198	1,116 91,828 79,124 463 240 5,983 18,151 10,163 7,743 6,364 6,798 24,678 12,769 24,678 12,769 9,288	1,035 93,143 80,474 468 244 6,091 18,504 10,471 8,033 7,856 6,466 6,763 6,939 25,123 12,669 2,702 626 9,341	988 94,455 81,474 479 255 6,103 18,273 10,334 7,882 6,526 6,526 8,992 7,247 25,718 12,981 2,782 9,585	965 95,921 82,656 494 253 6,202 18,402 10,383 8,018 7,892 6,686 9,194 7,460 26,073 13,265 2,819 604 9,842	1,568 26,891 22,277 62 62 1,617 3,978 1,984 2,980 1,843 2,604 1,970 6,956 4,614 669 330 3,556	1,666 27,217 22,560 281 655 1,711 4,085 2,035 2,741 1,875 2,620 2,087 7,094 4,657 666 3,855 3,606	1,616 27,519 22,859 297 64 1,707 4,177 2,078 2,098 2,742 1,885 2,653 2,083 7,251 4,661 4,661 3,811	1,402 27,841 23,195 299 655 1,660 4,300 2,162 2,138 2,751 1,958 2,686 2,110 7,365 4,647 4,647 330 3,592	1,283 28,116 23,411 64 1,833 4,199 2,126 2,073 2,644 1,973 2,738 2,112 7,539 4,705 683 385 385 385 385	1,311 28,443 23,732 322 65 1,778 4,308 2,166 2,142 2,644 1,984 2,788 2,193 7,653 4,711 679 378 3,653

See footnotes at end of table.

and Earnings by Industry, 1997:I-1998:II 1--Continued

adjusted at annual rates]

[lov	va					Kar	isas					Minn	esota			
	199	97		19	98		19	97		19	98		19	97		19	998	Line
۱۳	ll ^r	m ^r	IV r	1r	<i>P</i>	l ^p	11"	HIT	۱۷r	1,	P	r	₩,	m,	IV r	Jr.	112	_
65,011 61,633 3,378	65,973 62,656 3,318	66,344 63,199 3,145	67,110 64,413 2,697	67,337 64,964 2,373	68,045 65,765 2,280	60,909 59,666 1,243	62,031 60,735 1,296	62,753 61,463 1,290	63,555 62,348 1,207	64,241 63,088 1,153	64,881 63,679 1,202	120,635 119,406 1,228	122,568 121,377 1,191	124,079 122,948 1,131	125,545 124,484 1,060	128,182 127,244 937	129,837 128,930 907	1 2 3
46,133 3,251 306 43,188 11,633 10,189 191 9,998	47,011 3,321 294 43,984 11,769 10,221 175 10,046	47,236 3,348 301 44,189 11,887 10,268 173 10,096	47,985 3,439 283 44,828 11,961 10,321 177 10,143	48,106 3,485 292 44,912 11,980 10,445 162 10,283	48,760 3,539 289 45,510 12,042 10,493 158 10,335	42,342 3,031 1,208 40,519 11,181 9,209 142 9,068	43,400 3,105 1,161 41,456 11,302 9,273 143 9,130	43,997 3,148 1,168 42,018 11,409 9,326 136 9,191	44,752 3,206 1,166 42,711 11,472 9,372 128 9,244	45,287 3,262 1,176 43,201 11,526 9,514 142 9,372	45,784 3,292 1,209 43,701 11,633 9,547 127 9,420	90,946 6,531 -803 83,613 20,146 16,876 379 16,497	92,827 6,673 -827 85,327 20,308 16,934 366 16,567	94,267 6,783 -842 86,641 20,452 16,986 343 16,643	95,664 6,881 -860 87,923 20,541 17,080 359 16,721	98,253 7,109 -910 90,235 20,598 17,348 373 16,975	99,864 7,224 -932 91,708 20,741 17,388 318 17,070	4 5 6 7 8 9 10
34,830 3,810 7,493 3,094 4,399	35,595 3,855 7,560 3,033 4,527	35,900 3,847 7,489 2,861 4,628	36,937 3,919 7,129 2,412 4,717	37,291 3,938 6,877 2,082 4,795	37,923 3,980 6,856 1,977 4,879	33,245 3,665 5,432 975 4,457	34,088 3,724 5,588 1,029 4,559	34,579 3,742 5,676 1,025 4,651	35,287 3,786 5,678 943 4,735	35,772 3,808 5,707 882 4,825	36,150 3,818 5,815 920 4,895	74,907 7,733 8,307 837 7,470	76,641 7,823 8,363 802 7,561	77,995 7,874 8,398 741 7,656	79,291 7,922 8,452 667 7,786	81,603 8,126 8,524 534 7,991	83,055 8,218 8,591 487 8,104	12 13 14 15 16
3,978 42,755 35,941 336 82 2,758 9,615 5,946 3,669 2,762 3,071 4,244 3,179 9,895 6,814 854 126 5,834	3,318 43,693 36,879 348 85,854 9,841 6,096 3,745 2,831 3,160 4,275 3,373 10,112 6,814 847 127 5,840	3,145 44,091 37,252 357 9,964 6,196 2,854 4,340 3,375 6,839 835 129 5,875	2,697 45,288 38,409 365 91 2,914 10,449 6,510 3,339 2,881 3,267 4,404 3,562 10,477 6,879 835 131 5,914	2,373 45,732 38,696 388 91 2,948 10,371 6,408 3,963 2,976 4,543 3,455 10,666 7,037 851 133 6,053	2,280 46,480 39,378 400 91 3,074 10,396 6,380 4,036 3,034 4,629 3,548 10,896 7,102 86,7 132 6,103	1,243 41,098 34,210 266 4366 2,546 7,885 5,033 2,852 3,471 3,171 4,198 2,476 9,760 6,888 1,149 687 5,072	1,296 42,104 35,084 271 454 4,637 8,171 5,242 2,929 3,411 3,201 10,041 7,040 1,142 663 5,234	1,290 42,707 35,615 281 444 44,2,658 8,345 5,398 2,947 3,423 3,256 4,356 2,633 10,218 7,092 1,150 659 5,284	1,207 43,544 36,400 287 452 4,2719 8,650 5,654 4,398 4,398 2,669 10,404 7,145 5,531	1,153 44,134 37,027 290 455 2,796 8,568 5,535 3,033 3,490 4,529 2,703 10,759 7,108 1,169 5,5264	1,202 44,582 37,431 300 447 2,872 8,429 5,361 3,068 3,517 3,453 4,643 2,773 1,189 661 5,301	1,228 89,718 75,012 387 487 19,605 11,446 8,159 5,280 7,370 23,796 11,706 1,558 196 9,952	1,191 91,636 79,757 399 462 5,305 11,736 8,031 6,011 7,281 8,346 7,823 24,362 11,879 1,555 195 10,129	1,131 93,136 81,018 415 460 5,392 19,956 11,751 8,205 6,157 7,392 8,453 7,392 12,118 1,546 10,376	1,060 94,604 82,813 422 478 5,705 20,516 12,164 8,352 6,177 7,575 8,624 7,967 25,348 11,792 1,555 194	937 97,316 85,474 445 6,042 21,001 12,501 8,500 6,380 8,973 8,973 8,973 8,973 1,578 194 10,070	907 98,957 86,996 441 6,161 21,180 12,480 8,700 6,863 7,995 9,140 8,570 11,961 1,981 1,981 10,184	17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34

		North	Dakota					South	Dakota					Sout	heast			
	19	97		19	98		19	97		19	98		19	97		19	998	Line
l'r	nr	1117	IV "	lr.) <i>P</i>	17	ll ^e	III r	۱۷r	12	P	lr.	11"	Mr.	۱۷r	l ^r	[]P	
12,720 12,504 216	12,901 12,672 229	13,050 12,786 265	13,146 12,923 223	13,256 13,095 161	13,355 13,192 163	15,260 14,378 881	15,634 14,661 974	15,828 14,853 975	15,808 15,039 768	16,020 15,240 780	16,080 15,347 734	1,458,543 1,444,754 13,789	1,473,455 1,459,251 14,204	1,489,403 1,475,788 13,615	1,507,310 1,494,950 12,359	1,524,915 1,514,034 10,880	1,542,120 1,530,708 11,412	1 2 3
8,952 713 -286 7,953 2,317 2,450 31 2,419	9,113 724 -290 8,100 2,323 2,478 35 2,443	9,254 731 -294 8,229 2,329 2,493 28 2,465	9,345 740 -299 8,306 2,332 2,507 25 2,482	9,425 754 -300 8,372 2,338 2,547 30 2,517	9,515 760 -301 8,454 2,353 2,548 18 2,530	10,858 780 -168 9,910 2,686 2,664 16 2,648	11,198 801 -174 10,223 2,743 2,668 14 2,654	11,346 812 -176 10,358 2,792 2,678 16 2,662	11,300 823 -179 10,298 2,822 2,688 15 2,672	11,482 839 -181 10,461 2,829 2,730 14 2,716	11,509 844 -181 10,484 2,849 2,747 15 2,732	1,000,669 68,995 5,851 937,524 253,228 267,790 3,067 264,723	1,012,920 69,768 5,753 948,905 254,705 269,844 2,995 266,850	1,026,162 70,688 5,914 961,388 256,051 271,965 2,998 268,966	1,042,789 71,872 5,791 976,709 256,875 273,726 2,858 270,868	1,055,401 73,116 5,992 988,276 257,859 278,780 2,964 275,816	1,069,550 73,992 5,877 1,001,435 259,971 280,715 3,050 277,665	4 5 6 7 8 9 10
7,148 676 1,129 104 1,024	7,267 682 1,164 118 1,046	7,352 680 1,221 155 1,067	7,459 683 1,204 114 1,090	7,572 692 1,162 48 1,114	7,640 695 1,180 46 1,134	7,703 856 2,299 774 1,525	7,900 868 2,430 867 1,563	8,002 869 2,475 869 1,606	8,123 872 2,305 663 1,643	8,248 885 2,349 671 1,678	8,305 883 2,321 621 1,700	815,602 85,461 99,605 10,928 88,677	825,862 85,563 101,495 11,339 90,156	837,857 85,744 102,561 10,761 91,800	853,674 86,437 102,679 9,533 93,146	865,348 87,192 102,860 7,982 94,878	877,078 87,818 104,654 8,397 96,257	12 13 14 15 16
216 8,737 6,945 64 190 588 732 449 283 840 759 945 484 2,344 1,792 345 329 1,118	229 8,885 7,069 66 202 601 616 747 458 289 837 781 942 511 2,367 1,816 345 323 1,148	265 8,989 7,191 66 200 837 762 472 290 818 976 523 2,420 1,797 346 317 1,135	223 9,122 7,330 688 686 783 486 297 811 800 982 528 2,466 1,792 343 309 1,140	161 9,264 7,441 192 703 819 512 306 822 828 899 1,824 354 311 1,159	163 9,352 7,539 76 189 733 825 510 314 823 808 1,005 543 2,537 1,813 344 303 1,166	881 9,976 8,274 121 112 646 1,482 1,025 457 727 647 1,703 431 141 1,131	974 10,224 8,516 128 114 663 1,545 1,089 456 737 680 1,204 722 2,724 1,708 431 138 1,138	975 10,371 8,653 137 1553 1,553 1,088 465 740 1,209 743 2,768 1,719 430 138 1,151	768 10,532 8,807 133 114 733 1,563 1,095 468 746 1,227 754 2,825 1,725 434 137 1,154	780 10,702 8,939 137 749 1,672 1,217 454 756 6 730 2,844 1,762 446 1,176	734 10,775 8,998 142 96 96 96 756 1,583 1,455 759 1,281 758 2,905 1,777 445 139 1,194	13,789 819,426 6,473 8,849 62,412 171,205 89,577 81,628 71,167 62,573 102,401 66,497 267,844 167,453 33,467 18,920 115,066	14,204 998,716 831,550 6,615 9,010 62,990 172,900 91,043 81,857 72,563 63,243 102,572 69,247 272,359 167,166 33,133 18,842 115,191	13,615 1,012,547 843,362 6,921 9,117 64,311 173,593 91,229 82,365 74,243 64,973 104,188 69,663 276,953 169,184 32,623 117,433	12,359 1,030,430 859,705 6,877 9,324 65,989 178,006 94,441 83,565 75,981 65,508 105,543 71,234 281,224 170,725 32,800 18,972 118,953	10,880 1,044,520 871,961 7,054 9,333 66,990 178,454 95,060 83,394 75,938 65,886 107,280 72,469 288,577 172,559 33,332 19,128 120,099	11,412 1,058,138 884,292 7,289 9,156 68,404 177,748 94,417 83,331 76,217 66,850 109,025 74,570 295,034 1173,847 33,500 18,924 121,423	17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33

Table 2.—Personal Income by Major Source [Millions of dollars, seasonally

				Alab	ama					Ark	ansas		
Line	ltem		19	97		19	98		19	97		1	998
] <i>r</i>	11/	mr.	ΙVr	l ^p	112]r	117	mr.	IV "	}r	P
	Income by Place of Residence												
1 2 3	Personal income (lines 4-11)	88,320 87,188 1,131	88,980 87,832 1,148	89,630 88,593 1,037	90,682 89,776 907	91,485 90,690 794	92,357 91,490 867	48,605 46,858 1,747	49,280 47,476 1,804	49,646 47,933 1,713	50,281 48,773 1,508	50,780 49,468 1,313	51,185 49,780 1,404
	Derivation of Personal Income												
4 5 6 7 8 9 10	Earnings by place of work (lines 12-16 or 17-34) Less: Personal contributions for social insurance 2 Plus: Adjustment for residence 3 Equals: Net earnings by place of residence Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent 4 Plus: Transfer payments State unemployment insurance benefits Transfers excluding State unemployment insurance benefits	61,577 4,499 694 57,771 12,435 18,114 208 17,906	62,040 4,530 708 58,218 12,485 18,277 200 18,077	62,505 4,573 721 58,653 12,533 18,444 201 18,242	63,444 4,650 737 59,531 12,560 18,591 207 18,384	63,891 4,707 760 59,943 12,615 18,927 210 18,717	64,531 4,743 774 60,562 12,729 19,065 224 18,841	33,869 2,317 -328 31,223 7,080 10,302 208 10,094	34,453 2,352 -337 31,764 7,136 10,381 199 10,182	34,703 2,375 -332 31,995 7,186 10,465 197 10,268	35,320 2,434 -348 32,537 7,215 10,529 187 10,342	35,678 2,486 -363 32,828 7,247 10,706 189 10,517	35,949 2,494 -358 33,096 7,315 10,773 191 10,582
12 13 14 15 16	Earnings by Place of Work Components of earnings: Wage and salary disbursements Other labor income Proprietors' income 5 Farm proprietors income Nonfarm proprietors' income	49,850 5,352 6,375 997 5,378	50,223 5,342 6,476 1,011 5,464	50,720 5,336 6,449 900 5,549	51,664 5,387 6,393 771 5,622	52,102 5,404 6,385 656 5,730	52,577 5,414 6,540 723 5,817	25,988 2,869 5,012 1,516 3,495	26,395 2,888 5,170 1,576 3,594	26,665 2,885 5,153 1,486 3,667	27,374 2,935 5,011 1,281 3,729	27,853 2,960 4,865 1,081 3,784	27,977 2,964 5,007 1,163 3,844
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 33	Earnings by Industry Farm Nonfarm Private Agricultural services, forestry, fishing, and other Mining Construction Manufacturing Durable goods Nondurable goods Transportation and public utilities Wholesale trade Retail trade Retail trade Finance, insurance, and real estate Services Government and government enterprises Federal, civilian Military State and local	1,131 60,445 49,313 338 632 3,858 13,312 7,431 5,882 4,074 3,518 5,907 3,459 14,215 2,584 846 7,701	1,148 60,892 49,775 340 638 3,891 13,432 7,511 4,951 3,575 5,956 3,535 14,356 835 7,726	1,037 61,463 50,269 351 632 3,904 13,381 7,432 5,949 4,123 3,660 6,028 3,680 14,565 6,028 14,565 14,565 7,828	907 82,538 51,779 353 .616 3,962 13,831 7,737 6,094 4,197 3,632 14,743 2,533 839 7,987	794 63,096 51,996 624 4,052 13,805 7,779 6,026 4,153 3,887 6,226 11,170 2,542 847 7,781	867 63,664 52,434 4,180 13,660 7,701 5,958 4,138 3,731 6,331 1,231 2,558 833 7,840	1,747 32,122 26,983 242 169 1,925 7,603 4,212 3,391 2,746 1,727 3,805 1,634 7,132 905 283 3,950	1,804 32,649 27,491 247 177 2,012 7,732 4,285 3,447 2,807 1,772 3,766 1,686 7,292 2,817 8,917 2,817 8,917	1,713 32,990 27,767 257 177 2,033 7,744 4,269 3,479 2,852 1,789 3,811 1,673 7,433 5,223 890 286 4,047	1,508 33,849 266 181 2,096 8,081 4,508 3,574 2,898 1,709 7,565 899 288 4,157	1,313 34,385 29,108 282 183 2,108 8,025 4,470 3,555 2,953 1,873 4,242 1,803 7,639 922 298 4,037	1,404 34,544 29,223 291 183 2,195 7,995 4,400 3,595 2,980 1,906 3,999 1,853 7,821 929 296 4,097

				Louis	siana					Mis	sissippi		
Line	ltem		19	97		19	98		19	97		1	998
		r	r	Шr	IV	įr.	IIP	lr.	ll r	lli r	tV r	Įr.]P
	Income by Place of Residence		_										
1 2 3	Personal income (lines 4-11)	87,634 87,132 501	88,603 88,098 505	89,315 88,781 535	90,825 90,360 465	91,797 91,354 443	92,557 92,105 452	48,574 47,842 732	49,183 48,446 737	49,548 48,818 730	50,240 49,602 638	50,902 50,307 595	51,405 50,795 610
	Derivation of Personal Income												
4 5 6 7 8 9 10	Earnings by place of work (fines 12-16 or 17-34) Less: Personal contributions for social insurance 2 Plus: Adjustment for residence 3 Equals: Net earnings by place of residence Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent 4 Plus: Transfer payments State unemployment insurance benefits Transfers excluding State unemployment insurance benefits	60,136 3,977 -173 55,985 12,882 18,766 145 18,621	61,086 4,036 -175 56,875 12,934 18,794 126 18,668	61,727 4,072 -172 57,483 12,982 18,851 124 18,727	63,258 4,180 -185 58,893 13,011 18,921 120 18,801	63,928 4,238 -174 59,516 13,056 19,225 116 19,109	64,489 4,270 -172 60,046 13,164 19,347 124 19,224	32,654 2,520 1,014 31,148 6,126 11,300 128 11,172	33,212 2,567 1,022 31,667 6,161 11,355 118 11,237	33,471 2,588 1,045 31,928 6,193 11,427 122 11,305	34,126 2,649 1,065 32,543 6,211 11,486 113 11,373	34,604 2,700 1,064 32,969 6,237 11,696 110	34,988 2,727 1,067 33,328 6,294 11,782 117
	Earnings by Place of Work												
12 13 14 15	Components of earnings: Wage and salary disbursements Other labor income Proprietors' income 5 Farm proprietors' income Nonfarm proprietors' income	48,133 5,304 6,698 344 6,354	48,964 5,318 6,804 349 6,455	49,498 5,307 6,922 380 6,543	50,936 5,395 6,927 310 6,617	51,457 5,428 7,044 284 6,760	51,923 5,440 7,126 287 6,839	26,024 2,854 3,776 558 3,217	26,497 2,873 3,842 565 3,277	26,706 2,866 3,899 559 3,340	27,371 2,905 3,850 468 3,382	27,795 2,934 3,875 420 3,456	28,119 2,951 3,919 428 3,491
	Earnings by industry											ļ	ļ
17 18 19 20 1 122 23 24 25 65 7 88 29 3 1 32 33 4	Farm Nontarm Private Agricultural services, forestry, fishing, and other Mining Construction Manufacturing Durable goods Nondurable goods Transportation and public utilities Wholesale trade Retail trade Finance, insurance, and real estate Services Government and government enterprises Federal, civilian Military State and local	501 59,634 49,349 293 3,109 4,347 8,340 3,381 4,960 4,663 3,352 5,683 3,138 16,424 10,286 1,576 771 7,939	505 60,581 50,219 302 3,128 4,499 8,428 3,481 4,769 3,441 5,711 3,282 16,660 10,362 1,552 773 8,037	535 61,193 50,739 3,200 3,545 4,555 5,037 4,853 3,493 3,264 16,720 10,454 1,542 8,130	465 62,793 52,274 328 3,371 4,692 8,908 3,805 5,042 3,601 5,899 3,343 17,092 10,518 1,540 783 8,195	443 63,485 52,799 326 3,558 5,024 8,845 3,763 4,934 3,629 4,934 10,686 1,576 775 8,336	452 64,036 53,274 336 3,469 5,139 8,661 3,596 5,065 5,000 3,682 6,187 3,301 17,497 10,763 1,584 753 8,426	732 31,922 25,659 214 276 1,910 7,129 4,401 2,728 2,200 1,534 3,361 1,457 7,576 6,263 1,124 677 4,462	737 32,475 26,165 211 300 1,969 7,223 4,468 2,756 2,224 1,565 3,387 1,542 7,743 6,310 1,119 669 4,522	730 32,741 26,344 300 2,068 7,201 4,447 2,754 2,284 1,587 3,436 1,514 7,739 6,397 1,104 662 4,631	638 33,488 27,089 227 317 2,149 7,472 4,675 2,797 2,319 1,648 3,506 3,506 1,548 7,905 1,105 639 1,105 656 4,639	595 34,009 27,426 241 322 2,254 7,536 4,741 2,795 2,252 1,703 3,588 1,549 7,982 6,583 1,125 694 4,765	610 34,378 27,714 249 310 2,285 7,543 4,720 2,282 1,746 3,641 1,559 8,097 6,664 1,131 695 4,839

See footnotes at end of table.

and Earnings by Industry, 1997:I-1998:II 1-Continued

		Flor	ida			1		Geo	orgia					Ken	tucky			
	199	97		19	98		19	97		19	98		19	97		19	998	الا
jr	P	KI r	IV r	l ^r	P	lr.	ll'r	III'	IV r	r	P	.	II,	n,	IV r	r	IJ₽	1
357,042 355,171 1,871	361,288 359,339 1,949	365,944 364,053 1,891	369,115 367,409 1,706	372,556 370,892 1,664	377,843 376,109 1,733	176,047 173,830 2,217	177,802 175,516 2,286	179,814 177,578 2,236	181,816 179,833 1,983	185,692 184,023 1,669	188,259 186,412 1,848	79,137 77,923 1,214	80,111 78,807 1,304	80,926 79,607 1,319	81,836 80,618 1,217	82,772 81,649 1,123	83,591 82,454 1,137	
215,380 14,618 519 201,281 87,358 68,403 687 67,717	218,713 14,847 514 204,380 87,849 69,059 691 68,368	222,560 15,122 519 207,956 88,298 69,690 687 69,003	225,099 15,295 539 210,343 88,586 70,186 635 69,551	227,120 15,483 562 212,200 88,859 71,497 643 70,854	231,569 15,774 5577 216,352 89,445 72,046 704 71,341	132,312 8,683 -264 123,365 26,638 26,044 288 25,756	133,854 8,770 -264 124,819 26,845 26,138 276 25,862	135,691 8,893 -267 126,531 27,031 26,252 268 25,984	137,600 9,027 -264 128,309 27,141 26,366 248 26,120	141,188 9,333 -331 131,525 27,278 26,890 274 26,616	143,451 9,462 -339 133,649 27,556 27,055 254 26,801	55,554 4,019 -480 51,055 11,913 16,169 222 15,947	56,281 4,058 -484 51,739 11,981 16,391 222 16,169	56,835 4,089 -483 52,264 12,043 16,619 245 16,375	57,612 4,146 -473 52,992 12,080 16,763 229 16,535	58,307 4,221 -477 53,610 12,129 17,033 217 16,816	58,951 4,264 -490 54,197 12,231 17,163 242 16,921	
177,204 18,671 19,505 949 18,557	180,104 18,698 19,910 1,018 18,892	183,549 18,772 20,239 959 19,279	185,980 18,783 20,336 784 19,551	187,562 18,885 20,674 718 19,955	191,382 19,163 21,025 750 20,275	107,613 11,103 13,596 1,982 11,614	108,837 11,099 13,917 2,049 11,869	110,482 11,135 14,074 1,999 12,075	112,378 11,180 14,042 1,747 12,295	115,752 11,455 13,981 1,427 12,553	117,531 11,573 14,347 1,597 12,750	44,900 4,930 5,724 1,019 4,705	45,442 4,973 5,865 1,110 4,755	45,874 4,991 5,970 1,127 4,843	46,643 5,047 5,922 1,028 4,895	47,304 5,089 5,914 928 4,986	47,855 5,109 5,987 935 5,052	
1,871 213,510 180,001 2,192 340 12,767 19,121 11,993 7,128 14,296 25,405 19,229 72,288 33,509 5,534 3,033 24,942	1,949 216,764 183,507 2,236 33,041 19,454 12,327 7,127 14,643 25,344 20,160 73,634 33,257 3,080 24,680	1,891 220,669 186,753 2,405 313,483 19,615 12,411 7,203 14,890 14,900 25,767 20,414 474,913 33,916 5,460 3,085 25,371	1,706 223,393 188,767 2,236 31,807 20,037 12,763 12,763 14,930 25,789 21,230 75,446 34,626 5,3112 26,059	1,664 225,456 190,602 2,270 14,094 20,234 13,054 7,180 14,281 14,281 125,987 21,028 5,865 5,307 26,214	1,733 229,836 194,785 2,336 314,396 20,387 13,095 7,293 15,041 14,542 26,511 21,725 79,497 35,051 5,051 3,031 26,446	2,217 130,095 110,373 708 348 7,404 21,967 9,853 12,114 12,352 12,419 9,462 34,264 19,721 4,263 2,231 13,227	2,286 131,588 111,787 729 376 7,566 21,881 10,023 11,858 12,647 11,469 12,461 9,950 34,708 19,781 4,217 2,209 13,355	2,236 133,455 113,433 7,51 3699 7,651 21,946 10,054 11,892 13,163 11,687 12,649 9,904 20,022 2,022 2,233 13,612	1,983 135,617 115,364 772 382 7,956 22,058 10,107 11,951 13,328 10,019 10,019 35,982 20,253 4,13,04	1,669 139,520 118,837 793 3855 8,109 22,337 10,152 12,185 13,388 13,688 13,687 10,676 37,312 20,682 4,256 2,311 14,116	1,848 141,603 120,704 824 388 8,234 10,293 12,285 13,462 17,765 11,027 37,968 20,899 4,336 2,273 14,291	1,214 54,340 45,999 358 1,301 3,378 12,102 7,321 4,781 4,078 5,689 2,768 12,468 9,241 1,116 6,578	1,304 54,977 45,915 370 1,349 13,334 12,352 7,501 4,851 4,151 3,044 5,721 2,893 12,700 9,062 1,101 6,433	1,319 55,516 46,338 386 1,309 3,429 12,423 7,525 4,282 3,090 5,779 2,882 1,129 1,523 1,119 6,536	1,217 56,394 47,218 396 1,345 3,422 12,901 7,875 5,025 4,322 3,124 5,860 2,867 12,982 9,176 1,523 1,119 6,534	1,123 57,185 47,964 402 1,315 3,509 12,874 7,880 4,894 4,894 13,384 13,384 9,221 1,131 6,570	1,137 57,814 48,588 415 1,292 3,601 12,760 7,908 4,852 4,464 3,228 6,131 2,972 13,724 9,226 1,1508 1,125 6,593	
		North Ca	rolina					South C	arolina					Tenne	essee			Γ
lr	199 [°]	7 Htr	IV r	199)8 <i>P</i>	Ir T	199	97 III <i>*</i>	iv	199	18 <i>p</i>	lr l	199 Hr	97 III.r	IV*	19:	98 II <i>P</i>	Li

		North C	arolina					South (Carolina			ļ		Tenn	essee			
	199	97		19	98		19	97		19	98		19	97	_	19	98	Line
r	*	Hr	۱۷r	r	P	l ^r	ff.	m.	IV′	lr.	P	Įr.	Hr	HI.	IV"	17	<i>P</i>	1
169,423 166,203 3,220	171,247 167,966 3,281	172,550 169,583 2,967	175,072 172,199 2,873	177,401 175,115 2,286	179,056 176,696 2,360	76,399 75,892 508	77,101 76,591 511	78,017 77,500 517	79,083 78,642 441	79,116 78,710 406	80,442 80,042 400	120,220 119,924 296	121,295 120,980 315	122,656 122,344 312	124,373 124,077 296	125,169 124,890 278	126,106 125,816 290	1 2 3
125,489 8,941 -909 115,639 25,507 28,277 368 27,909	126,979 9,031 -922 117,025 25,722 28,500 364 28,136	127,940 9,111 -920 117,909 25,915 28,727 361 28,365	130,322 9,278 -942 120,103 26,030 28,939 361 28,579	132,115 9,489 -968 121,657 26,164 29,580 410 29,170	133,358 9,564 -965 122,829 26,439 29,788 397 29,391	53,644 3,978 827 50,493 11,262 14,645 186 14,458	54,225 4,017 837 51,045 11,300 14,757 173 14,584	55,040 4,076 840 51,805 11,336 14,876 167 14,709	56,041 4,151 855 52,745 11,358 14,979 160 14,820	55,671 4,137 909 52,443 11,408 15,265 165 15,100	56,877 4,225 901 53,552 11,515 15,375 170 15,204	88,695 5,791 -957 81,947 16,599 21,674 318 21,356	89,631 5,844 -972 82,815 16,645 21,835 21,519	90,890 5,922 -999 83,969 16,691 21,996 314 21,682	92,573 6,029 1,027 85,517 16,717 22,139 309 21,830	92,893 6,070 -993 85,830 16,796 22,543 320 22,223	93,534 6,100 -987 86,447 16,960 22,699 328 22,370	4 5 6 7 8 9 10
101,502 10,472 13,515 2,850 10,665	102,724 10,469 13,785 2,912 10,873	103,797 10,448 13,695 2,602 11,093	105,951 10,553 13,818 2,514 11,304	107,963 10,703 13,448 1,917 11,531	108,976 10,719 13,663 1,977 11,686	44,635 4,692 4,318 404 3,914	45,154 4,702 4,369 406 3,964	45,879 4,717 4,445 412 4,033	46,837 4,769 4,435 336 4,099	46,505 4,712 4,454 299 4,155	47,570 4,795 4,511 288 4,223	70,793 7,608 10,294 163 10,131	71,560 7,626 10,445 183 10,263	72,619 7,652 10,619 181 10,438	74,092 7,757 10,724 166 10,558	74,319 7,739 10,835 145 10,690	74,801 7,730 11,003 151 10,852	12 13 14 15 16
3,220 122,269 102,300 715 192 8,358 30,248 14,751 15,497 7,765 7,577 12,001 7,965 27,478 19,969 2,554 19,969 2,554 14,387	3,281 123,698 103,627 730 197 8,489 30,289 14,748 15,541 7,874 7,874 21,2126 8,111 28,128 20,071 2,533 3,033 14,507	2,967 124,973 104,649 753 8,586 30,234 14,742 15,493 7,998 8,200 8,200 20,325 2,520 3,039 14,765	2,873 127,449 106,955 769 205 8,812 30,932 15,271 8,164 7,976 12,543 8,307 29,247 20,494 2,532 3,005 14,957	2,286 129,829 108,758 782 204 8,929 31,307 15,809 8,132 8,004 12,570 8,329 30,501 21,071 2,567 15,433	2,360 130,998 109,781 812 196 9,017 30,899 15,590 8,137 8,131 12,772 8,584 31,293 21,216 2,573 3,047 15,596	508 53,137 43,485 315 7,343 5,393 7,747 2,942 5,596 5,976 2,814 11,729 9,651 1,220 1,156 7,275	511 53,714 44,030 331 3,800 3,800 13,327 5,512 2,983 1,983 1,283 1,283 1,284 1	517 54,523 44,609 337 23,853 13,412 5,534 7,878 3,053 2,786 6,062 2,994 12,030 9,914 1,272 7,518	441 55,601 45,647 339 3,951 13,779 5,767 6,167 3,029 12,274 9,954 1,147 7,579	406 55,265 45,403 349 75,3,893 13,540 5,659 7,881 3,100 2,876 6,208 3,080 12,282 9,862 1,239 1,148 7,475	400 56,477 46,450 360 74 4,025 13,740 5,805 6,388 3,202 12,955 6,388 3,202 10,027 1,243 7,645	296 88,399 76,695 404 3000 5,537 11,003 8,252 6,628 5,732 9,537 5,387 5,387 11,705 2,552 271 8,881	315 89,316 77,611 415 261 5,559 19,435 11,117 8,318 6,740 5,794 9,529 5,595 24,283 11,706 2,488 287 8,953	312 99.577 79,004 433 3311 5,796 19,553 11,180 8,374 6,674 5,931 9,887 5,685 24,944 11,574 2,443 260 8,870	296 82,278 80,647 442 2699 6,033 20,025 11,492 8,533 7,195 6,096 9,778 5,799 25,011 11,631 2,393 251 8,987	278 82,815 80,832 461 3155 5,824 19,839 11,537 8,302 7,115 6,038 9,979 5,828 25,433 11,782 2,469 251 9,062	290 33,245 478 309 5,975 19,502 11,246 8,255 7,102 6,065 10,176 5,926 25,719 11,992 2,526 9,203	17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33

Table 2.—Personal Income by Major Source [Millions of dollars, seasonally

				Virg	inia					West	Virginia		
Line	ltem		19	97		19	98		19	97		19	998
		lr l	r	1117	IV ^r	ļr	<i>P</i>]r	Hr	mr	lV r	l ^r	1]P
	Income by Place of Residence					·						_ ~	
1 2 3	Personal income (lines 4-11)	173,447 173,079 368	174,637 174,261 376	177,257 176,888 369	179,640 179,298 343	182,660 182,330 330	184,459 184,130 329	33,696 33,711 16	33,926 33,937 -11	34,099 34,109 -10	34,346 34,363 –17	34,585 34,604 19	34,861 34,878 -18
	Derivation of Personal Income										i		
4 5 6 7 8 9 10	Earnings by place of work (lines 12-16 or 17-34) Less: Personal contributions for social insurance 2 Plus: Adjustment for residence 3 Equals: Net earnings by place of residence Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent 4 Plus: Transfer payments State unemployment insurance benefits Transfers excluding State unemployment insurance benefits	120,194 8,068 5,671 117,798 30,418 25,231 168 25,063	121,103 8,120 5,582 118,565 30,641 25,431 165 25,266	123,346 8,269 5,700 120,777 30,841 25,638 171 25,467	125,749 8,424 5,549 122,874 30,964 25,802 157 25,646	128,271 8,632 5,693 125,333 31,058 26,269 168 26,101	129,903 8,733 5,572 126,742 31,281 26,436 164 26,271	21,166 1,583 238 19,820 5,012 8,864 140 8,724	21,343 1,594 244 19,993 5,006 8,927 145 8,783	21,453 1,598 261 20,116 5,002 8,981 141 8,840	21,645 1,609 286 20,322 5,000 9,023 134 8,890	21,734 1,621 310 20,423 5,012 9,149 141 9,008	21,951 1,636 317 20,632 5,042 9,187 134 9,053
	Earnings by Place of Work											İ	
12 13 14 15 16	Components of earnings: Wage and salary disbursements Other labor income Proprietors' income Fam proprietors' income Nonlarm proprietors' income	101,727 9,726 8,740 188 8,552	102,550 9,691 8,862 197 8,665	104,560 9,769 9,018 191 8,826	106,755 9,860 9,135 168 8,966	108,983 10,027 9,262 151 9,111	110,423 10,094 9,386 143 9,243	17,232 1,880 2,053 -42 2,095	17,411 1,884 2,048 ~37 2,085	17,508 1,868 2,077 -36 2,113	17,693 1,866 2,086 -42 2,128	17,755 1,857 2,123 -45 2,168	17,945 1,867 2,140 -44 2,184
	Earnings by Industry											j	
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	Farm Nonfarm Private Agricultural services, forestry, fishing, and other * Mining Construction Manufacturing Durable goods Nondurable goods Transportation and public utilities Wholesale trade Retall trade Finance, insurance, and real estate Services Government and government enterprises Federal, dvilian Military State and local	368 119,826 93,039 621 638 7,643 15,763 8,058 7,795 6,596 10,537 8,355 35,091 26,787 8,704 5,410	376 120,727 94,142 631 645 7,509 15,988 8,189 7,799 8,002 6,525 10,513 8,613 35,716 26,585 8,607 5,374 12,603	369 122,978 96,057 649 661 7,599 16,159 8,242 7,917 8,424 6,633 10,712 8,631 36,589 26,921 8,477 5,351 13,093	343 125,406 98,489 667 683 7,774 16,560 8,557 8,003 8,741 6,759 10,915 8,861 37,528 26,917 5,407 13,039	330 127,941 100,654 685 614 7,799 16,750 8,602 8,147 8,766 6,882 11,038 9,407 38,713 27,288 8,601 5,426 13,260	329 129,574 102,273 708 608 7,969 16,587 8,376 8,211 8,817 7,016 11,236 9,621 39,712 27,301 8,581 5,377 13,343	-16 21,181 17,131 72 1,466 1,450 3,223 1,780 1,443 1,663 1,065 2,098 848 5,246 4,050 96 3,050	-11 21,354 17,280 72 1,505 1,320 3,358 1,876 1,482 1,675 1,059 2,091 887 5,315 4,074 919 96 3,058	-10 21,463 17,402 75 1,487 1,354 1,854 1,854 1,694 1,694 1,694 1,063 2,097 882 5,406 4,061 931 931	-17 21,662 17,608 83 1,511 1,346 3,423 1,934 1,698 1,068 2,121 889 5,469 4,054 97 3,016	-19 21,754 17,851 89 1,391 1,396 3,362 1,825 1,537 1,766 1,079 2,163 861 5,544 4,103 954 99 3,051	-18 21,969 17,814 92 1,372 1,388 3,436 1,878 1,558 1,751 1,083 2,194 877 5,622 4,155 953 97 3,105

				· Oklal	noma					Ţ	exas		
Line	ltem		19	97		19	98		19	97		1	998
		l ^r	11"	Mr	IV*	[r	∥ <i>₽</i>	lr_	ll*	III.	IV r	"	[] <i>P</i>
	income by Place of Residence						i						
1 2 3	Personal income (lines 4-11) Nonfarm personal income Farm income (line 17)	66,605 65,827 778	67,061 66,179 881	67,492 66,634 858	67,052 66,231 821	68,288 67,425 864	68,978 68,176 802	447,197 444,367 2,830	455,712 452,795 2,917	464,924 461,950 2,974	470,919 468,348 2,571	483,296 480,895 2,401	490,069 487,598 2,471
	Derivation of Personal Income												
4 5 6 7 8 9 10	Earnings by place of work (lines 12-16 or 17-34) Less: Personal contributions for social insurance 2 Plus: Adjustment for residence 3 Equals: Net earnings by place of residence Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent 4 Plus: Transfer payments State unemployment insurance benefits Transfers excluding State unemployment insurance benefits	45,449 3,235 755 42,969 10,277 13,359 107 13,252	45,744 3,242 773 43,276 10,333 13,452 99 13,353	46,035 3,260 786 43,561 10,383 13,547 94 13,453	45,393 3,202 815 43,005 10,413 13,634 92 13,542	46,424 3,289 836 43,971 10,447 13,870 101 13,770	46,985 3,333 841 44,494 10,527 13,958 103 13,855	338,761 21,327 -911 316,523 63,921 66,753 1,020 65,733	346,645 21,799 -948 323,898 64,565 67,249 979 66,270	355,337 22,335 -995 332,007 65,135 67,782 971 66,811	360,949 22,685 -1,011 337,253 65,480 68,186 880 67,307	372,723 23,589 -1,083 348,052 65,733 69,511 864 68,647	378,698 23,948 -1,110 353,640 66,286 70,143 994 69,148
	Earnings by Place of Work												ļ
12 13 14 15 16	Components of earnings: Wage and salary disbursements Other labor income	34,986 3,967 6,496 627 5,868	35,102 3,922 6,720 729 5,991	35,338 3,900 6,797 705 6,092	34,779 3,803 6,811 671 6,140	35,588 3,885 6,951 710 6,241	36,112 3,918 6,955 642 6,312	256,795 25,755 56,211 2,070 54,141	263,110 26,013 57,522 2,148 55,374	270,114 26,359 58,864 2,204 56,661	275,064. 26,512 59,372 1,814 57,558	284,964 27,416 60,343 1,624 58,719	289,730 27,712 61,256 1,663 59,594
	Earnings by Industry								1				}
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	Farm Nontarm Private Agricultural services, forestry, fishing, and other 6 Mining Construction Manufacturing Durable goods Nondurable goods Transportation and public utilities Wholesale trade Retail trade Finance, insurance, and real estate Services Government and government enterprises Federal, civilian Military State and local	778 44,671 36,072 235 2,186 2,217 7,322 4,752 2,305 2,305 2,352 2,321 11,114 8,599 2,029 944 5,625	881 44,863 36,316 237 2,211 2,221 4,750 2,572 3,693 2,331 4,569 2,464 11,286 8,546 1,990 934 5,682	858 45,177 36,536 245 2,203 2,184 7,323 4,771 2,552 3,803 2,349 4,551 2,418 11,460 8,641 1,962 9,49 9,5730	821 44,572 35,988 2,226 2,115 7,319 4,777 2,543 3,811 2,316 4,510 2,335 11,117 8,585 1,963 945 5,887	864 45,561 36,692 2,221 2,165 7,517 4,850 2,303 4,596 2,346 11,406 8,868 1,994 5,956	802 46,183 37,244 245 2,189 2,211 7,522 4,820 2,702 3,939 2,326 4,678 2,412 11,721 8,939 1,999 9,43 5,997	2,830 335,931 288,111 1,830 15,059 20,562 54,385 29,663 24,722 30,939 22,535 30,939 22,535 30,939 23,316 88,491 47,820 8,274 4,064 4	2,917 343,728 295,529 1,898 15,030 21,151 56,112 31,113 24,999 31,424 23,273 31,382 24,161 91,099 48,198 8,277 4,047 35,875	2,974 352,363 303,617 1,998 15,528 21,886 57,692 32,212 25,481 32,235 23,978 31,946 24,943 93,412 48,746 8,302 4,039 36,406	2.571 358,377 309,241 2,025 15,975 22,425 58,656 32,719 25,938 33,012 24,526 34,526 32,433 25,205 94,983 49,137 8,276 4,009 36,851	2,401 370,323 320,402 2,083 16,669 23,298 61,382 34,988 26,394 33,737 25,300 33,347 26,665 97,921 4,163 37,348	2,471 376,227 325,851 2,153 16,456 23,904 61,704 26,389 34,284 25,729 33,952 27,466 100,204 50,376 8,496 4,113 37,767

See footnotes at end of table.

and Earnings by Industry, 1997:I-1998:II 1-Continued

adjusted at annual rates]

		South	west					Ariz	ona					New I	Mexico			
	19	97		19	198		19	97		19	98		19	97		19	98	Line
Įr.	1) "	HI r	IV ′	Įr.	<i>P</i>	Įr	Hr.) r	IV*	l ^r	P	r	ll*	1117	ł۷r	lr.	P	
644,274 639,667 4,607	655,280 650,417 4,863	666,804 661,914 4,890	674,515 670,159 4,357	690,059 685,852 4,207	699,771 695,526 4,245	97,701 97,072 630	99,266 98,608 658	100,940 100,276 664	102,821 102,232 589	104,457 103,906 551	106,370 105,761 609	32,771 32,402 369	33,242 32,836 407	33,449 33,054 395	33,724 33,348 376	34,018 33,626 391	34,353 33,991 362	1 2 3
474,939 31,105 189 444,024 96,539 103,711 1,362 102,349	484,937 31,711 180 453,406 97,429 104,445 1,301 103,144	495,582 32,385 152 463,349 98,221 105,235 1,290 103,945	502,596 32,828 167 469,934 98,699 105,882 1,197 104,685	516,875 33,949 136 483,062 99,104 107,894 1,182 106,712	525,319 34,484 123 490,958 99,966 108,848 1,379 107,469	68,207 4,821 261 63,647 17,133 16,921 157 16,765	69,561 4,915 266 64,912 17,298 17,055 149 16,906	71,055 5,021 265 66,299 17,446 17,195 150 17,046	72,851 5,152 264 67,963 17,534 17,324 153 17,171	74,186 5,268 273 69,191 17,633 17,633 139 17,494	75,849 5,381 277 70,745 17,819 17,807 193 17,614	22,523 1,722 84 20,885 5,208 6,678 78 6,600	22,987 1,755 88 21,321 5,233 6,688 74 6,615	23,154 1,768 96 21,482 5,257 6,711 75 6,636	23,402 1,789 100 21,714 5,272 6,738 73 6,666	23,541 1,803 110 21,848 5,290 6,879 78 6,801	23,787 1,823 115 22,079 5,334 6,941 89 6,852	4 5 6 7 8 9 10
365,840 37,131 71,968 3,290 68,678	373,771 37,398 73,767 3,523 70,244	382,439 37,766 75,378 3,543 71,835	388,714 37,915 75,966 3,020 72,946	400,623 38,992 77,260 2,836 74,424	407,549 39,431 78,339 2,818 75,521	55,796 5,533 6,878 374 6,504	56,951 5,571 7,038 395 6,644	58,231 5,619 7,205 396 6,809	59,875 5,711 7,266 319 6,947	60,989 5,798 7,399 274 7,125	62,388 5,896 7,565 321 7,244	18,263 1,876 2,384 218 2,166	18,609 1,892 2,486 252 2,234	18,755 1,888 2,511 237 2,274	18,996 1,889 2,518 216 2,301	19,082 1,893 2,567 228 2,339	19,319 1,905 2,562 192 2,370	12 13 14 15 16
4,607 470,332 397,783 2,829 18,725 29,210 72,990 43,317 29,583 40,224 30,089 45,641 32,639 125,527 72,550 13,562 6,326 6,326 52,662	4,863 480,074 407,006 2,933 18,830 30,061 74,814 44,862 29,951 40,560 30,998 46,130 33,829 128,851 73,068 13,544 6,282 53,242	4.890 490,691 416,870 3.068 19,309 30,920 76,662 46,233 30,425 41,603 31,876 31,876 34,717 131,839 131,839 6,274 54,029	4,357 498,239 3,097 19,8117 47,147 47,147 30,970 42,497 32,594 47,645 35,161 133,667 74,161 13,464 6,231 54,447	4,207 512,669 437,237 3,178 20,331 32,619 81,377 49,783 31,594 43,421 33,327 48,715 36,819 137,449 175,431 13,641 6,641 55,337	4,245 521,074 444,719 3,287 20,046 33,377 81,760 50,121 31,639 44,063 33,876 49,616 37,956 140,739 16,325 13,221 6,325 56,209	630 67,577 57,109 610 678 4,908 9,376 7,574 4,304 4,095 4,304 1,912 7,54 1,912 7,763	658 68,903 58,328 641 763 5,056 9,557 7,581 1,876 4,094 4,429 20,133 10,576 1,939 7,838 7,848	664 70,391 59,716 662 760 5,192 9,777 7,883 4,187 4,568 7,779 6,182 20,610 10,676 1,935 7,955	78,263 61,591 664 77,777 5,363 10,224 8,228 1,955 4,307 4,707 6,412 21,104 10,672 1,940 784 7,947	7551 73,635 62,735 679 631 5,494 10,514 8,525 4,364 4,747 8,083 6,629 21,594 10,901 1,950 7955 8,156	609 75,239 63,982 704 599 5,559 10,605 8,615 1,993 4,399 4,828 8,236 6,872 22,180 11,258 2,008 781 8,469	369 22,154 16,491 155 8022 1,522 1,327 489 1,369 2,542 1,111 6,229 5,662 1,347 5,563 3,792	407 22,580 16,832 158 826 1,651 1,822 1,318 504 2,565 1,165 6,332 5,748 1,339 512 3,897	395 22,759 17,001 163 818 1,858 1,870 1,362 2,600 1,174 6,357 5,758 1,321 501 3,937	376 23,027 17,259 170 835 1,644 1,918 1,383 1,368 998 2,655 1,208 6,463 5,767 1,313 493 3,962	3911 23,150 17,408 179 809 1,662 1,965 1,420 977 2,689 1,179 6,529 5,742 1,328 499 3,915	362 23,425 17,642 185 801 1,704 1,929 2,749 1,206 6,634 5,782 1,317 489 3,976	17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34

Rocky Mountain Colorado Idaho																		
	199	97		19	98		19	197		19	198		19	97		19	98	Line
- Ir	ll*	1117	IV'	12	<i>P</i>	1º	117	IA.	IV"	ļr.	<i>P</i>	1"	Rr.	Si r	Wr	r	<i>P</i>	
195,137 193,166 1,971	198,256 196,207 2,049	201,525 199,442 2,083	203,850 201,831 2,019	207,808 205,883 1,925	210,786 208,775 2,010	102,352 101,711 641	104,256 103,576 680	106,213 105,526 687	107,813 107,152 661	110,448 109,832 616	112,098 111,460 638	24,225 23,521 705	24,563 23,836 727	24,905 24,159 746	25,029 24,307 721	25,469 24,792 677	25,847 25,144 703	1 2 3
142,861 9,668 280 133,473 33,473 28,191 453 27,738	145,660 9,844 287 136,103 33,737 28,415 422 27,993	148,653 10,047 283 138,889 33,975 28,661 418 28,243	150,742 10,182 296 140,855 34,117 28,877 418 28,459	154,248 10,457 296 144,087 34,288 29,433 452 28,981	156,874 10,625 296 146,545 34,626 29,615 439 29,176	75,589 4,924 65 70,730 18,229 13,393 173 13,219	77,311 5,028 64 72,347 18,383 13,526 153 13,373	79,103 5,145 61 74,020 18,521 13,672 153 13,520	80,600 5,240 60 75,421 18,604 13,789 148 13,641	83,059 5,424 55 77,691 18,701 14,057 156 13,901	84,523 5,516 54 79,062 18,892 14,145 147 13,998	17,142 1,226 237 16,153 4,108 3,964 108 3,856	17,436 1,247 245 16,434 4,151 3,978 104 3,874	17,746 1,273 245 16,718 4,190 3,997 103 3,895	17,816 1,280 256 16,792 4,213 4,024 107 3,917	18,174 1,315 259 17,118 4,233 4,117 122 3,995	18,511 1,339 259 17,430 4,276 4,141 117 4,024	4 5 6 7 8 9 10
113,053 11,360 18,448 1,046 17,403	115,301 11,431 18,928 1,095 17,833	117,858 11,541 19,254 1,108 18,146	119,715 11,576 19,451 1,031 18,419	122,551 11,821 19,876 913 18,963	124,720 11,968 20,186 957 19,229	60,328 5,897 9,364 358 9,006	61,730 5,941 9,640 390 9,250	63,275 6,017 9,811 391 9,420	64,602 6,064 9,934 361 9,573	66,622 6,247 10,190 308 9,881	67,855 6,328 10,340 318 10,022	12,817 1,324 3,001 379 2,622	13,017 1,328 3,091 390 2,701	13,273 1,338 3,134 401 2,734	13,359 1,328 3,129 370 2,759	13,673 1,357 3,144 317 2,827	13,949 1,379 3,183 328 2,855	12 13 14 15 16
1,971 140,890 117,571 963 3,512 10,941 18,025 12,314 5,711 12,245 8,159 14,901 9,999 38,825 22,319 5,279 1,781 16,260	2,049 143,611 120,053 1,001 3,535 11,316 18,267 12,384 8,371 15,111 10,429 39,687 23,558 5,266 1,762 16,529	2,083 146,570 122,785 1,046 3,536 11,401 18,674 12,739 5,935 12,876 8,524 15,382 10,654 40,693 23,785 5,233 1,771 16,780	2,019 148,723 124,889 1,067 3,575 11,624 18,990 12,954 6,036 13,019 8,724 15,588 10,904 41,400 23,834 5,238 1,781 16,815	1,925 152,323 128,076 1,101 3,596 12,333 19,290 13,224 6,066 13,465 8,840 15,734 11,100 42,617 24,247 5,389 1,828 17,030	2,010 154,863 130,368 1,143 3,566 12,393 19,825 13,498 6,327 13,536 8,961 16,079 11,393 43,472 24,495 5,441 1,804 17,250	641 74,948 63,482 478 1,475 5,546 6,183 2,854 7,748 5,868 21,948 21,948 11,466 2,579 1,064 7,823	680 76,631 65,084 498 1,433 5,716 9,139 6,215 2,924 7,170 7,595 6,199 22,637 11,548 2,572 1,049 7,927	687 78,416 66,770 510 1,463 5,766 9,340 6,412 2,928 4,802 7,683 6,381 23,207 11,647 2,565 8,032	661 79,939 68,231 523 1,456 5,918 9,587 6,573 3,014 7,729 4,924 7,826 6,571 11,708 2,555 1,068 8,086	616 82,443 70,509 557 1,519 6,396 9,818 6,733 3,085 8,140 7,927 6,673 24,480 11,934 2,609 1,101 8,223	638 83,885 71,848 579 1,510 6,391 10,044 6,838 3,206 8,207 5,104 8,126 6,849 25,037 12,037 2,632 1,084 8,321	705 16,437 13,613 225 1,486 3,050 2,096 954 1,154 941 1,844 837 3,900 2,825 556 176 2,093	727 16,709 13,856 230 1,553 3,064 2,081 1,774 960 1,869 860 2,854 544 178 2,132	746 16,999 14,161 252 252 1,523 3,190 2,199 991 1,208 991 1,884 876 4,074 2,838 536 179 2,123	721 17,095 14,252 248 1,516 3,141 2,148 993 1,209 991 1,928 900 4,139 2,842 533 180 2,129	677 17,497 14,554 248 1,566 3,208 2,250 958 1,253 958 1,968 924 4,213 2,944 567 1,88	703 17,808 14,845 256 1,546 3,371 2,354 1,017 1,243 962 4,268 2,963 577 184 2,202	17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34

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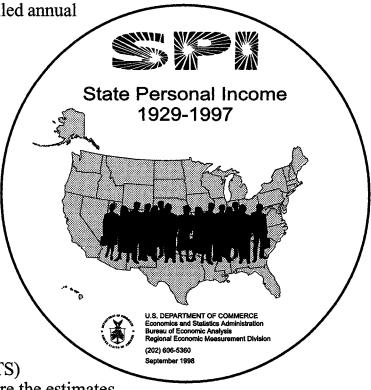
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BEA CURRENT AND HISTORICAL DATA

National, International, and Regional Estimates

This section presents an extensive selection of economic statistics prepared by the Bureau of Economic Analysis and a much briefer selection of collateral statistics prepared by other Government agencies and private organizations. Series originating in Government agencies are not copyrighted and may be reprinted freely. Series from private sources are provided through the courtesy of the compilers and are subject to their copyrights.

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The tables listed below present annual, quarterly, and monthly estimates, indicated as follows: [A] Annual estimates only; [Q] quarterly estimates only; [QA] quarterly and annual estimates; [MA] monthly and annual estimates.

National Data

shown elsewhere in the issue; see the headnote on page D-28.

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National Data

A. Selected NIPA Tables

The tables in this section include the most recent estimates of gross domestic product and its components; these estimates were released on October 30, 1998 and include the "advance" estimates for the third quarter of 1998.

The selected set of NIPA tables shown in this section presents quarterly estimates, which are updated monthly. In most tables, the annual estimates are also shown. Most of the "annual only" NIPA tables were presented in the August 1998 Survey of Current Business; table 8.26 was presented in the September 1998 Survey; and the remaining "annual only" tables—tables 3.15-3.20 and 9.1-9.6—were presented in the October 1998 SURVEY.

The news release on gross domestic product (GDP) is available at the time of release, and the "Selected NIPA Tables" are available later that day, on STAT-USA'S Economic Bulletin Board and Internet services; for information, call stat-usa on 202-482-1986. In addition, the GDP news release is available the afternoon of the day of the release, and the "Selected NIPA Tables" a day or two later, on BEA'S Web site <www.bea.doc.gov>.

The "Selected NIPA Tables" are also available on printouts or diskettes from BEA. To order NIPA subscription products using Visa or MasterCard, call the BEA Order Desk at 1-800-704-0415 (outside the United States, 202-606-9666).

1. National Product and Income

Table 1.1.—Gross Domestic Product (Billions of dollars)

			s	easonall	y adjuste	ed at an	nual rate	s
	1996	1997		1997			1998	
			11	III	١٧		II	111
Gross domestic product	7,661.6	8,110.9	8,063.4	8,170.8	8,254.5	8,384.2	8,440.6	8,526.5
Personal consumption expenditures	5,215.7	5,493.7	5,438.8	5,540.3	5,593.2	5,676.5	5,773.7	5,843.0
Durable goods Nondurable goods Services		1,600.6	659.9 1,588.2 3,190.7	1,611.3		1,633.1	1,655.2	1,670.7
Gross private domestic investment	1,131.9	1,256.0	1,259.9	1,265.7	1,292.0	1,366.6	1,345.0	1,361.8
Fixed investment	1,099.8 787.9 216.9	860.7		882.3	882.8	921.3	941.9	931.1
equipment	571.0 311.8 32.1		325.9	638.5 328.8 54.6	636.4 337.4 71.9	349.8		
Net exports of goods and services	-91.2	-93.4	86.8	-9 4.7	-9 8.8	-123.7	-159.3	-168.7
Exports Goods Services Imports Goods Services	873.8 618.3 255.5 965.0 809.0 156.0	688.3 277.1 1,058.8	682.9 278.2 1,047.9	981.7 700.2 281.5 1,076.4 902.7 173.6	708.9 279.7	973.3 694.5 278.8 1,097.1 920.9 176.2	668.8 280.8	1,104.4
Government consumption expenditures and gross investment	1,405.2	1,454.6	1,451.5	1,459.5	1,468.1	1,464.9	1,481.2	1,490.5
Federal National defense Nondefense State and local	518.4 351.0 167.4 886.8	520.2 346.0 174.3 934.4	522.9 349.1 173.8 928.6	521.0 347.1 173.9 938.5	520.1 346.5 173.6 947.9	511.6 331.6 180.0 953.3	520.7 339.8 180.9 960.4	518.7 343.5 175.2 971.8

NOTE.—Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.

Table 1.2.—Real Gross Domestic Product [Billions of chained (1992) dollars]

		Seasonally adjusted at annual rates						es
	1996	1997		1997			1998	
			II	111	١٧	-	II	Jil
Gross domestic product	6,994.8	7,269.8	7,236.5	7,311.2	7,364.6	7,464.7	7,498.6	7,559.5
Personal consumption expenditures	4,752.4	4,913.5	4,872.7	4,947.0	4,981.0	5,055.1	5,130.2	5,179.3
Durable goods Nondurable goods Services	626.1 1,450.9 2,676.7	1 486 3	653.8 1,477.1 2,743.6	1 495 7	1 494 3	1 521 2	1 540 9	1 549 6
Gross private domestic investment	1,084.1	1,206.4	1,211.3	1,215.8	1,241.9	1,321.8	1,306.5	1,330.0
Fixed investment	1,050.6 776.6 189.7	859.4		882.2	886.2	931.9	960.4	958.1
equipment	589.8 275.9 30.0	660.9 282.8 63.2	282.5	682.6 282.3 51.0		738.8 298.5 91.4		773.3 314.3 57.2
Net exports of goods and services	-111.2	-136.1	-131.6	-142.4	149.0	-198.5	-245.2	–262.5
Exports	860.0 629.4 231.8 971.2 824.7 147.3	970.0 726.5 247.0 1,106.1 945.7 161.8	719.1 247.5 1,095.2 937.4	740.6 251.1 1,130.5		247.8 1,190.4	726.3 248.8 1,217.3 1,048.8	243.3 1,227.5
Government consumption expenditures and gross investment	1,268.2	1,285.0	1,284.4	1,288.9	1,289.2	1,283.0	1,294.8	1,299.4
Federal National defense Nondefense State and local	465.6 319.1 146.2 802.7	458.0 308.9 148.6 827.1	460.4 311.7 148.2 824.2	458.9 310.2 148.2 830.1	456.5 308.7 147.3 832.9	446.1 293.3 151.9 837.1	454.1 300.3 152.9 840.9	452.1 303.4 148.1 847.5
Residual	-1.5	-7.3	-6.7	-8.9	-8.9	-14.2	-8.4	~ 5.7

Note.—Chained (1992) dollar series are calculated as the product of the chain-type quantity index and the 1992 current-dollar value of the corresponding series, divided by 100. Because the formula for the chain-type quantity indexes uses weights of more than one period, the corresponding chained-dollar estimates are usually not additive. The residual line is the difference between the first line and the sum of the most detailed lines. Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.2. Chain-type quantity indexes for the series in this table appear in table 7.1.

Table 1.3.—Gross Domestic Product by Major Type of Product

	F							
			S	easonal	ly adjust	ed at an	nual rate	s
	1996	1997		1997			1998	
			- 11	111	ΙV	1		III
Gross domestic product	7,661.6	8,110.9	8,063.4	8,170.8	8,254.5	8,384.2	8,440.6	8,526.5
Final sales of domestic product	7,629.5	8,043.5	7,979.9	8,116.2	8,182.6	8,288.7	8,401.3	8,467.8
inventories	32.1	67.4	83.5	54.6	71.9	95.5	39.2	58.7
Goods	2,812.4	2,978.5	2,967.0	2,998.9	3,020.5	3,101.3	3,064.5	3,083.1
Final sales Change in business	2,780.3	2,911.1	2,883.6	2,944.3	2,948.7	3,005.8	3,025.3	3,024.3
inventories	32.1	67.4	83.5	54.6	71.9	95.5	39.2	58.7
Durable goods					1,368.2 1,334.3			
inventories	20.8	33.6	48.8	19.9	34.0	49.9	4.5	25.9
Nondurable goods Final sales Change in business	1,562.9 1,551.6	1,634.8 1,601.0	1,624.5 1,589.9	1,641.8 1,607.2	1,652.3 1,614.4	1,674.4 1,628.8	1,679.1 1,644.4	1,691.2 1,658.4
inventories	11.4	33.8	34.6	34.7	37.9	45.6	34.7	32.8
Services	4,179.5	4,414.1	4,386.9	4,448.0	4,501.2	4,538.4	4,619.5	4,678.9
Structures	669.7	718.3	709.4	723.9	732.7	744.6	756.6	764.6
Addenda: Motor vehicle output Gross domestic product less	277.1	293.7	280.7	299.7	306.4	300.3	289.7	288.8
motor vehicle output	7,384.4	7,817.2	7,782.7	7,871.0	7,948.1	8,083.9	8,150.9	8,237.8

NOTE.—Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.

Table 1.5.—Relation of Gross Domestic Product, Gross Domestic Purchases, and Final Sales to Domestic Purchasers

[Billions of dollars]

Gross domestic product	7,661.6	8,110.9	8,063.4	8,170.8	8,254.5	8,384.2	8,440.6	8,526.5
Less: Exports of goods and services	873.8	965.4	961.1	981.7	988.6	973.3	949.6	935.7
Plus: Imports of goods and services	965.0	1,058.8	1,047.9	1,076.4	1,087.4	1,097.1	1,108.9	1,104.4
Equals: Gross domestic purchases	7,752.8	8,204.3	8,150.2	8,265.5	8,353.3	8,508.0	8,599.9	8,695.2
Less: Change in business inventories	32.1	67.4	83.5	54.6	71.9	95.5	39.2	58.7
Equals: Final sales to domestic purchasers	7,720.7	8,136.9	8,066.7	8,210.9	8,281.4	8,412.5	8,560.6	8,636.5

NOTE.—Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.

Table 1.7.—Gross Domestic Product by Sector

[Billions of dollars]

Gross domestic product	7,661.6	8,110.9	8,063.4	8,170.8	8,254.5	8,384.2	8,440.6	8,526.5
Business 1	6,432.9	6,836.5	6,792.9	6,890.9	6,967.0	7,083.1	7,126.3	7,198.6
Nonfarm 1							7,041.4	
Nonfarm less housing							6,315.0	
Housing	662.1							
Farm	91.6	90.2	92.2	91.2	87.0	83.8	84.9	82.3
Households and institutions	345.0	361.4	359.8	363.5	366.9	371.1	377.9	383.9
Private households	11.9	12.0						
Nonprofit institutions	333.1	349.4	347.8	351.5	355.0	359.2	365.9	371.7
General government 2	883.6	912.9	910.7	916.3	920.5	930.1	936.3	944.1
Federal	279.2	281.3	282.4	281.0	278.8			281.7
State and local	604.4	631.7	628.3	635.3	641.7	648.0	655.2	662.4

Gross domestic business product equals gross domestic product less gross product of households and institutions and of general government. Gross nonfarm product equals gross domestic business product less gross farm product.
 Equals compensation of general government employees plus general government consumption of fixed capital

Table 1.4.—Real Gross Domestic Product by Major Type of Product [Billions of chained (1992) dollars]

[Billions of chained (1992) dollars]												
			S	easonal	ly adjust	ed at an	nual rate	es				
	1996	1997		1997		1998						
			li	III	١٧	1	11	lit				
Gross domestic product	6,994.8	7,269.8	7,236.5	7,311.2	7,364.6	7,464.7	7,498.6	7,559.5				
Final sales of domestic product	6,961.6	7,203.7	7,155.5	7,256.3	7,294.8	7,372.5	7,456.4	7,499.2				
inventories	30.0	63.2	79.0	51.0	66.5	91.4	38.2	57.2				
Residual	3.2											
Goods	2,708.8	2,867.9	2,852.6	2,890.2	2,917.0	3,000.8	2,969.7	2,991.4				
Final sales	2,675.6	2,799.7	2,768.7	2,834.0	2,844.8	2,904.3	2,927.7	2,929.8				
Change in business						٠	٠					
inventories	30.0											
Durable goods								1,455.0				
Final sales	1,227./	1,331.9	1,311.2	1,365.8	1,3/1.4	1,420.4	[1,434.1 _]	1,429.4				
Change in business inventories	19.5	31.6	45.8	18.7	32.2	47.3	4.2	24.7				
			1,499.7									
Nondurable goods Final sales			1,463.9									
Change in business	1,401.5	1,475.1	1,400.0	1,477.1	1,402.4	1,433.2	1,505.4	1,011.3				
inventories	10.5	31.5	33.2	32.3	34.2	44.1	34.1	32.7				
Services			3,784.9									
Structures	588.5											
Residual	-4.6											
Addenda:	i	, ,,,,			10.0	20.0	10.0	17.0				
Motor vehicle output	246.3	260.8	249.6	265.1	274.7	268.5	260.7	256.7				
Gross domestic product less												
motor vehicle output	6,748.4	7,008.8	6,986.8	7,046.0	7,089.7	7,195.9	7,237.6	7,302.3				

Note.—Chained (1992) dollar series are calculated as the product of the chain-type quantity index and the 1992 current-dollar value of the corresponding series, divided by 100. Because the formula for the chain-type quantity indexes uses weights of more than one period, the corresponding chained-dollar estimates are usually not additive. The residual line following change in business inventories is the difference between gross domestic product and the sum of final sales of domestic product and of change in business inventories; the residual ine following structures is the difference between gross domestic product and the sum of the detailed lines of goods, of services, and of structures.

Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are about the sum.

Deforment changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1. Chain-type quantity indexes for the series in this table appear in table 7.17.

Table 1.6.—Relation of Real Gross Domestic Product, Real Gross Domestic Purchases, and Real Final Sales to Domestic Purchasers

[Billions of chained (1992) dollars]

Gross domestic product	6,994.8	7,269.8	7,236.5	7,311.2	7,364.6	7,464.7	7,498.6	7,559.5
Less: Exports of goods and services	860.0	970.0	963.6	988.1	998.8	991.9	972.1	965.0
Plus: Imports of goods and services	971.2	1,106.1	1,095.2	1,130.5	1,147.8	1,190.4	1,217.3	1,227.5
Equals: Gross domestic purchases	7,101.1	7,396.5	7,359.4	7,443.1	7,502.1	7,644.9	7,718.6	7,794.5
Less: Change in business inventories	30.0	63.2	79.0	51.0	66.5	91.4	38.2	57.2
Equals: Final sales to domestic purchasers	7,068.0	7,330.2	7,278.3	7,388.0	7,432.1	7,552.2	7,676.4	7,734.1

Note.—Chained (1992) dollar series are calculated as the product of the chain-type quantity index and the 1992 current-dollar value of the corresponding series, divided by 100. Because the formula for the chain-type quantity indexes uses weights of more than one period, the corresponding chained-dollar estimates are usually not additive. Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1. Chain-type quantity indexes for the series in this table appear in table 7.2.

Table 1.8.—Real Gross Domestic Product by Sector

[Billions of chained (1992) dollars]

Gross domestic product	6.994.8	7.269.8	7.236.5	7,311.2	7.364.6	7.464.7	7.498.6	7.559.5
Business 1				6,203.0				
Nonfarm 1				6,109.2				
Nonfarm less housing				5,504.4				
Housing	588.7	604.5	604.0	605.6	607.3	606.2	611.5	617.2
Farm	78.6	90.3	90.7	93.7	88.8	91.1	91.4	93.4
Households and institutions	311.8	321.5	320.2	323.1	325.1	326.7	327.7	329.4
Private households	10.5	10.2	10.3	10.2	10.0	9.8	9.9	10.0
Nonprofit institutions	301.3	311.3	310.0	313.0	315.1	316.9	317.9	319.5
General government ²	781.2	786.2	785.7	788.1	787.3	789.6	792.2	795.5
Federal	240.7	235.4	236.3	235.5	232.5	232.4	231.9	232.3
State and local	540.8	551.3	549.9	553.2	555.5	557.9	561.1	564.1
Residual	-1.8	-3.7	-3.6	-4.4	-4.2	5.5	-5.6	-6.1

^{1.} Gross domestic business product equals gross domestic product less gross product of households and institu-tions and of general government. Gross nonfarm product equals gross domestic business product less gross farm

as shown in table 3.7.

tions and of general government. Gross HUHBITH DUGGET EQUALS 2000 Semination of general government consumption of fixed capital as shown in table 3.8.

NOTE.—Chained (1992) dollar series are calculated as the product of the chain-type quantity index and the 1992 current-dollar value of the corresponding series, divided by 100. Because the formula for the chain-type quantity indexes uses weights of more than one period, the corresponding chained-dollar estimates are usually not additive. The residual line is the difference between the first line and the sum of the most detailed lines.

Chain-type quantity indexes for the series in this table appear in table 7.14.

Table 1.9.—Relation of Gross Domestic Product, Gross National Product, Net National Product, National Income, and Personal Income

			Seasonally adjusted at annual rates					
	1996	1997		1997			1998	
				311	IV	1	11	181
Gross domestic product	7,661.6	8,110.9	8,063.4	8,170.8	8,254.5	8,384.2	8,440.6	8,526.5
Plus: Receipts of factor income from the rest of the world Less: Payments of factor income	235.5	265.5	268.3	274.3	266.3	270.3	270.6	
to the rest of the world	223.1	273.5	269.4	283.0	285.9	285.1	289.3	
Equals: Gross national product	7,674.0	8,102.9	8,062.3	8,162.0	8,234.9	8,369.4	8,421.8	
Less: Consumption of fixed capitalPrivate	832.0 684.3	871.8 720.2	866.5 714.9	877.0 725.2	887.6 734.7	894.5 741.1	902.3 748.5	911.5 756.7
consumption allowances Less: Capital	719.7	760.5	754.3	765.8	778.2	790.5	803.2	818.8
consumption adjustment Government General	35.4 147.7	40.4 151.6	39.4 151.6	40.6 151.8	43.5 152.9	49.4 153.4	54.7 153.7	62.1 154.8
government Government	125.3	128.3	128.3	128.3	129.1	129.4	129.6	130.3
enterprises	22.4	23.4	23.3	23.5	23.7	24.0	24.2	24.4
Equals: Net national product	6,842.0	7,231.1	7,195.8	7,285.1	7,347.3	7,474.9	7,519.6	
Less: Indirect business tax and nontax liability	606.4	627.2	625.0	632.0	634.5	641.9	647.7	655.7
payments	33.8 -32.2	35.1 -55.8	35.0 -47.7	35.4 65.1	35.6 -67.3	35.6 54.1	36.0 -85.7	36.6
enterprises	22.0	21.9	21.0	22.0	23.4	23.5	23.9	24.5
Equals: National income	6,256.0	6,646.5	6,604.5	6,704.8	6,767.9	6,875.0	6,945.5	
Less: Corporate profits with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments Net interest Contributions for social	750.4 418.6	817.9 432.0	815.5 431.8	840.9 433.3	820.8 432.4	829.2 440.5	820.6 447.1	
insurance Wage accruals less	688.0	727.0	722.1	730.8	740,9	755.0		771.4
disbursements Plus: Personal interest income Personal dividend	9.3 719.4	3.7 747.3	3.7 745.7	3.7 750.5	3.7 753.0	4.0 757.0	763.0	4.0 767.6
income	248.2	260.3	259.9	260.4	261.3	261.6	262.1	263.0
payments to persons Business transfer	1						1,117.7	
payments to persons Equals: Personal income	26.4	27.2 6 784 0	27.1 6.743.6	27.3 6 820 9	27.5 6 904 9	27.8	28.1 7, 081.9	28.3 7.155.6
Addenda:	0,723.2	0,704.0	0,7 40.0	0,020.9	0,307.3	,,000.3	,,001.9	.,155.0
Gross domestic income Gross national income Net domestic product	7,706.2	8.158.7	8.110.0	8.227.1	8,321.8 8,302.2 7,366.9	8.423.6		7,615.1

Table 1.10.—Relation of Real Gross Domestic Product, Real Gross National Product, and Real Net National Product

[Billions of chained (1992) dollars]

	1		s	easonall	y adjust	ed at an	nual rate	s	
	1996	1997		1997		1998			
			n	111	IV	1		111	
Gross domestic product	6,994.8	7,269.8	7,236.5	7,311.2	7,364.6	7,464.7	7,498.6	7,559.5	
Plus: Receipts of factor income from the rest of the world Less: Payments of factor income to the rest of the world	214.8 200.9		}	ĺ			1		
Equals: Gross national product							7,485.9		
Less: Consumption of fixed capital	777.2 642.4 135.5 114.8 20.1	672.2 137.4 116.1	668.7 137.2 116.0	676.0 137.7 116.3	683.1 138.1 116.6	694.4 138.6 116.9	707.2 139.0 117.2	719.8 139.8 117.8	
Equals: Net national product	6,230.9	6,457.3	6,437.3	6,493.3	6,525.1	6,617.8	6,635.8		
Addenda: Gross domestic income 1 Gross national income 2 Net domestic product	7,037.7	7,316.2	7,282.1	7,365.2	7,410.8	7,503.4	7,574.8 7,562.1 6,649.0		

Table 1.11.—Command-Basis Real Gross National Product

[Billions of chained (1992) dollars]

Gross national product	7,008.4	7,266.2	7,239.3	7,307.0	7,350.7	7,455.2	7,485.9	
Less: Exports of goods and services and receipts of factor income from the rest of the								
world	1,075.2	1,208.2	1,205.2	1,234.2	1,235.8	1,232.8	1,213.7	••••
goods and services and	1,095.2	1,246.7	1,246.0	1,277.2	1,280.2	1,296.5	1,283.4	
Equals: Command-basis gross national product	7,028.3	7,304.7	7,280.1	7,350.1	7,395.1	7,518.9	7,555.6	
Addendum: Terms of trade 2	101.9	103.2	103.4	103.5	103.6	105.2	105.7	

Exports of goods and services and receipts of factor income deflated by the implicit price deflator for imports of goods and services and payments of factor income.
 Ratio of the implicit price deflator for exports of goods and services and receipts of factor income to the corresponding implicit price deflator for imports with the decimal point shifted two places to the right.

NOTE.—Chained (1992) dollar series are calculated as the product of the chain-type quantity index and the 1992 current-dollar value of the corresponding series, divided by 100. Because the formula for the chain-type quantity indexes uses weights of more than one period, the corresponding chained-dollar estimates are usually not additive. Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.

Chain-type quantity indexes for the series in this table appear in table 7.3.

Gross domestic income deflated by the implicit price deflator for gross domestic product.
 Gross national income deflated by the implicit price deflator for gross national product.
 NoTE.—Except as noted in footnotes 1 and 2, chained (1992) dollar series are calulated as the product of the chain-type quantity index and the 1992 current-dollar value of the corresponding series, divided by 100. Because the formula for the chain-type quantity indexes uses weights of more than one period, the corresponding chained-dollar estimates are usually not additive.
 Chain-type quantity indexes for the series in this table appear in table 7.3.

Table 1.14.—National Income by Type of Income

			s	easonall	y adjust	ed at annual rates			
	1996	1997		1997			1998		
			11	III	١٧		П	III	
National income	6,256.0	6,646.5	6,604.5	6,704.8	6,767.9	6,875.0	6,945.5		
Compensation of employees Wage and salary accruals Government Other	3,640.4 640.9	4,687.2 3,893.6 664.2 3,229.4	3,859.2 661.6	3,919.3 666.7	3,993.6 671.4	4,065.9 679.5	4,121.6 685.8	4,179.4 692.4	
Supplements to wages and salaries Employer contributions for	768.6	793.7	790.0	796.2	804.4	816.8	823.5	830.3	
social insurance Other labor income	381.7 387.0	400.7 392.9	398.4 391.5	402.7 393.6	407.4 397.0	414.1 402.8	417.9 405.7	422.0 408.3	
Proprietors' income with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments	527.7	551.2	549.9	556.5	558.0	564.2	571.7	574.9	
Farm Proprietors' income with inventory valuation adjustment	38.9 46.7	35.5 43.0	37.8 45.4	36.3 43.8	31.4 38.8	27.4 34.7	27.7° 35.0	24.2 31.3	
Capital consumption adjustment Nonfarm	-7.8 488.8	-7.5 515.8	-7.6 512.1	-7.5 520.2	-7.4 526.6	-7.3 536.8	-7.2 544.0	-7.1 550.7	
Proprietors' income	461.6 6	485.3 .6	481.5 1.0	489.8 .4	495.5 .5	502.9 2.4	511.6 1	516.4 .8	
Capital consumption adjustment	27.8	29.9	29.6	30.0	30.6	31.5	32.4	33.4	
Rental income of persons with capital consumption adjustment	150.2 198.4	158.2 208.6	1 58.0 208.0	158.6 209.4	158.8 210.2	1 58.3 209.5	161.0 212.2	163.6 215.2	
adjustment Corporate profits with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments	-48.1 750.4	-50.4 817.9	50.0 815.5	-50.8 840.9	-51.4 820.8	-51.2 829.2	-51.3 820.6	-51.6 	
Corporate profits with inventory valuation adjustment Profits before tax Profits tax liability Profits after tax Dividends Undistributed profits	679.0 680.2 226.1 454.1 261.9 192.3	741.2 734.4 246.1 488.3 275.1 213.2	740.1 729.8 241.9 487.8 274.7 213.2	763.7 758.9 254.2 504.7 275.1 229.5	740.7 736.4 249.3 487.1 276.4 210.6	744.3 719.1 239.9 479.2 277.3 201.8	723.5 241.6 481.8 278.1	279.0	
Inventory valuation adjustment Capital consumption	-1.2	6.9	10.3	4.8	4.3	25.3	7.8		
adjustment	71.4 418.6	76.6	75.5 431.8	77.2 433.3	80.1 432.4	84.9 440.5	89.4	96.8	
Net interest Addenda: Corporate profits after tax with inventory valuation and capital consumption		432.0							
adjustments Net cash flow with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments Undistributed profits with	524.3 714.4	571.8 774.1	573.6 772.6	586.7 792.3	571.4 782.6	589.3 804.5	700 7	••••••••••••	
inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments	262.4	296.7	299.0	311.5	295.0	312.0	l	••••••	
capital Less: Inventory valuation adjustment	452.0 -1.2	477.3 6.9	473.7 10.3	480.8	487.7	492.5 25.3	497.8 7.8	503.1	
Equals: Net cash flow	715.7	767.2	762.3	787.5	778.4	779.2	790.9		

Table 1.16.—Gross Domestic Product of Corporate Business in Current Dollars and Gross Domestic Product of Nonfinancial Corporate Business in Current and Chained Dollars

Indirect business tax and nontax liability plus business transfer payments less subsidies											
II		Seasonally adjusted at annual rates							es		
Gross domestic product of corporate business 4,607.8 4,960.9 4,911.3 5,015.5 6,090.8 5,160.6 5,210.0		1996	1997		1997			1998			
Gross domestic product of corporate business Consumption of fixed capital				II	111	IV	1	II	111		
of corporate business 4,607,8 4,960,9 4,911,3 5,015,5 5,090,8 5,160,6 5,210,0					Billions	of dollar	5	-			
Net domestic product											
Net domestic product	•		1		1	1		l	l		
Indirect business tax and nontax isolitip plus business transfer payments less subsidies — 3,705.7 4,005.7 3,963.1 4,049.9 4,114.0 4,173.0 4,213	•				1	l.		1			
less subsidiées	Indirect business tax and nontax liability plus	4,155.8	4,483.5	4,437.6	4,534.7	4,603.2	4,668.0	4,712.2			
Compensation of employees	less subsidies										
### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ##		3,705.7	4,005.7	3,963.1	4,049.9	4,114.0	4,173.0	4,213.0			
2,449.1 2,644.4 2,615.0 2,664.1 2,728.3 2,773.3 2,813.7 2,855.5	employees	2,926.5	3,139.8	3,109.1	3,160.8	3,228.8	3,283.2	3,327.8	3,373.9		
Supplements to wages and salaries — 477.4 495.5 494.1 496.7 500.5 509.9 514.1 518.3 Corporate profits with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments — 583.8 635.4 624.4 656.6 644.5 820.5 626.2 — 70 filts tark fability — 226.1 246.1 241.9 254.2 249.3 239.9 241.6 — 239.1 519.2 164.5 — 248.8 234.7 230.0 229.7 244.0 240.6 259.9 — 10.0 modistributed profits inventory valuation adjustment — 1.2 6.9 10.3 4.8 4.3 25.3 7.8 — 225.1 147.1 143.9 150.5 156.4 159.2 161.9 — 66.8 161		2,449.1	2.644.4	2,615.0	2,664.1	2,728.3	2.773.3	2.813.7	2.855.5		
Corporate profits with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments Profits take tax	Supplements to wages								l		
capital consumption adjustments	Corporate profits with	4//.4	495.5	494.1	490.7	500.5	509.9	514.1	518.3		
Profits before tax 583.8 685.4 624.4 686.6 644.5 620.5 626.5 6	capital consumption										
Profits tax liability Profits after tax 35.7 389.3 382.4 402.3 395.1 380.6 384.5 Dividends 224.8 234.7 230.0 229.7 244.0 240.6 259.9	Profits before tax							626.2			
Profits after tax 234, 234, 234, 230, 297, 244, 0 240, 0 259, 9 132, 9 154, 5 152, 4 172, 7 151, 2 140, 0 124, 6 124, 6 132, 9 154, 5 152, 4 172, 7 151, 2 140, 0 124, 6 124,	Profits tax liability	226.1	246.1	241.9	254.2	249.3	239.9	241.6			
Undistributed profits Inventory valuation adjustment	Profits after tax							384.5			
Capital consumption adjustment	Undistributed profits										
Additional corporate 125.2 147.1 143.9 150.5 156.4 159.2 161.9	adjustment	-1.2	6.9	10.3	4.8	4.3	25.3	7.8			
Gross domestic product of financial corporate business 473.4 546.4 535.6 553.6 577.7 586.4 591.2	adjustment										
A73.4 546.4 535.6 557.7 586.4 591.2	Gross domestic product	125.2	147.1	143.9	150.5	156.4	159.2	161.9			
of nonfinancial corporate business 4,134.4 4,414.5 4,375.7 4,461.9 4,513.2 4,574.2 4,618.8		473.4	546.4	535.6	553.6	577.7	586.4	591.2			
Net domestic product	of nonfinancial	4,134.4	4,414.5	4,375.7	4,461.9	4,513.2	4,574.2	4,618.8			
Indirect business tax and nontax liability plus business transfer payments less subsidies	Consumption of fixed capital	393.4	415.4	412.2	418.4	424.4	428.5	433.1	437.4		
less subsidies	Indirect business tax and nontax liability plus	3,741.0	3,999.1	3,963.5	4,043.4	4,088.8	4,145.7	4,185.7	***************************************		
Compensation of employees	less subsidies							454.2	460.7		
Wage and salary accruals	Compensation of	,	,	, i	· ·	,		., .	2 005 2		
Supplements to wages and salaries	Wage and salary		·		!				-		
and salaries		2,240.7	2,416.6	2,389.7	2,434.3	2,494.2	2,534.5	2,571.4	2,609.6		
capital consumption adjustments 548.5 594.2 586.7 615.2 599.3 599.3 593.2 Profits before tax 473.1 505.4 495.6 528.0 509.8 484.2 491.8 Profits tax liability 151.5 169.8 166.4 178.1 170.1 159.7 162.1 Profits after tax 321.5 335.6 329.2 349.9 339.6 324.5 329.6 Dividends 217.1 229.3 224.6 226.1 239.6 237.3 254.3 Undistributed profits 104.4 106.3 104.6 123.8 100.1 87.2 75.3 Inventory valuation adjustment 76.7 81.9 80.7 82.5 85.3 89.8 93.7 100.5 Net interest 101.2 96.9 99.0 96.3 91.9 93.6 95.2 Gross domestic product of nonfinancial corporate business 1	and salaries Corporate profits with	439.0	454.6	453.7	455.5	458.4	467.8	471.7	475.6		
Profits before tax	capital consumption						_ <u>.</u> .				
Profits tax liability							599.3				
Profits after tax	Profits tax liability										
Undistributed profits Inventory valuation adjustment ————————————————————————————————————	Profits after tax	321.5	335.6	329.2	349.9	339.6	324.5	329.6			
Inventory valuation adjustment	Dividends							254.3	•••••		
Adjustment		104.4	100.5	104.0	120.0	100.1	07.2	75.5			
Adjustment 101.2 36.9 99.0 82.5 85.3 89.8 93.7 100.5	adjustment			10.3	4.8	4.3	25.3	7.8			
Billions of chained (1992) dollars Gross domestic product of nonfinancial corporate business ¹ 3,914.8 4,154.4 4,117.0 4,198.5 4,247.5 4,309.2 4,352.0		-1.2	6.9								
Gross domestic product of nonfinancial corporate business ¹ 3,914.8 4,154.4 4,117.0 4,198.5 4,247.5 4,309.2 4,352.0	adjustment	76.7	81.9	80.7							
of nonfinancial corporate business ¹ 3,914.8 4,154.4 4,117.0 4,198.5 4,247.5 4,309.2 4,352.0	adjustment	76.7	81.9 96.9	80.7 99.0	96.3	91.9	93.6				
Consumption of fixed capital 2 374.3 394.6 392.2 397.2 402.1 409.3 417.7 426.6	adjustment	76.7	81.9 96.9	80.7 99.0	96.3	91.9	93.6				
Consumption of fixed capital * 3/4.3 394.6 392.2 397.2 402.1 409.3 417.7 426.6 Net domestic product 3	adjustment	76.7 101.2	81.9 96.9	80.7 99.0 Billions	96.3 of chaine	91.9 ed (1992	93.6 dollars	95.2			
	adjustment	76.7 101.2 3,914.8	81.9 96.9 4,154.4	80.7 99.0 Billions o	96.3 of chaine 4,198.5	91.9 ed (1992 4,247.5	93.6 dollars 4,309.2	95.2 4,352.0			

Chained-dollar gross domestic product of nonfinancial corporate business equals the current-dollar product deflated by the implicit price deflator for goods and structures in gross domestic product.
 Chained-dollar consumption of fixed capital of nonfinancial corporate business is calculated as the product of the chain-type quantity index and the 1992 current-dollar value of the corresponding series, divided by 100.
 3. Chained-dollar net domestic product of nonfinancial corporate business is the difference between the gross product and the consumption of fixed capital.

2. Personal Income and Outlays_

Table 2.1.—Personal Income and Its Disposition

[Billions of dollars]

			Seasonally adjusted at annual rates						
	1996	1997	<u> </u>	1997	,,	1998			
	1330	1337		1337	ΙV	<u> </u>	T 11	1111	
Personal income	6.425.2	6.784.0		-		ļ	-	7,155.6	
Wage and salary	•,•	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,,,,,,,,,		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,,,,,,,,,,	
disbursements Private industries Goods-producing	3,631.1 2,990.2	3,889.8 3,225.7	3,855.5 3,193.9	3,915.5 3,248.9	3,989.9 3,318.4	4,061.9 3,382.4	4,117.6 3,431.8	4,175.4 3,482.9	
industries Manufacturing Distributive industries	909.0 674.6 823.3	719.5 879.8	965.4 712.0 870.2	722.3	1,003.7 741.3 904.5	1,019.0 750.4 918.9	750.8	1,026.8 750.3 946.0	
Service industries Government	1,257.9 640.9			1,383.2 666.7				1,510.1 692.4	
Other labor income	387.0	392.9	391.5	393.6	397.0	402.8	405.7	408.3	
Proprietors' income with inventory valuation and capital consumption	507.7	551.2	549.9	556.5	558.0	E64 0	571.7	574.9	
adjustments Farm Nonfarm	527.7 38.9 488.8	35.5 515.8	37.8 512.1	36.3 520.2	31.4 526.6	564.2 27.4 536.8	27.7	24.2	
Rental income of persons with capital consumption adjustment	150.2	158.2	158.0	158.6	158.8	158.3	161.0	163.6	
Personal dividend income	248.2	260.3	259.9	260.4	261.3	261.6	262.1	263.0	
Personal interest income	719.4	747.3	745.7	750.5	753.0	757.0	763.0	767.6	
Transfer payments to personsOld-age, survivors,	1,068.0	1,110.4	1,106.8	1,114.0	1,120.5	1,139.0	1,145.8	1,152.2	
disability, and health insurance benefits	538.0	1	563.9	568.3	572.2	581.6		588.7	
insurance benefits Veterans benefits Government employees	21.9 21.6	19.9 22.4	19.9 22.4	19.6 22.6	19.3 22.3	19.6 23.3	19.5 23.2	19.5 23.4	
retirement benefits Other transfer payments Family assistance ¹ Other	141.3 345.0 21.6 323.5	151.4 350.8 19.7 331.1	150.7 349.9 19.9 330.0	152.2 351.3 19.5 331.8	153.8 352.9 19.1 333.8	156.8 357.6 18.7 338.9		160.0 360.7 17.1 343.6	
Less: Personal contributions for social insurance	306.3	326.2	323.7	328.2	333.6	340.9	345.1	349.4	
Less: Personal tax and nontax payments	890.5	989.0	975.8	999.0	1,025.5	1,066.8	1,092.9	1,113.2	
Equals: Disposable personal income	5,534.7	5,795.1	5,767.9	5,821.8	5,879.4	5,937.1	5,988.9	6,042.4	
Less: Personal outlays	5,376.2	5,674.1	5,616.0	5,723.3	5,781.2	5,864.0	5,963.3	6,036.4	
Personal consumption expenditures Interest paid by persons Personal transfer payments to	5,215.7 143.6	5,493.7 161.5	5,438.8 159.0	5,540.3 163.5	5,593.2 168.2	5,676.5 168.3	5,773.7 169.8	5,843.0 172.9	
the rest of the world (net)	16.9	18.9	18.2	19.5	19.8	19.2	19.9	20.5	
Equals: Personal saving	158.5	121.0	151.9	98.5	98.2	73.0	25.6	5.9	
Addenda: Disposable personal income: Total, billions of chained (1992) dollars ²	5 043 0	5 192 1	5 167 5	5,198.4	5 225 8	5 287 t	5 321 5	5 356 N	
Per capita: Current dollars Chained (1992) dollars	20,840 18,989	21,633 19,349	21,558 19,315	21,709 19,385	21,871 19,478	22,046 19,632	22,192 19,719	22,336	
Population (mid-period, millions)	265.6	267.9	267.5	268.2	268.8	269.3	269.9	270.5	
Personal saving as a percentage of disposable personal income	2.9	2.1	2.6	1.7	1.7	1.2	.4	.1	
									

Consists of aid to families with dependent children and, beginning with 1996, assistance programs operating under the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996.
 Equals disposable personal income deflated by the implicit price deflator for personal consumption expenditures.
 NOTE.—Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.

Table 2.2.—Personal Consumption Expenditures by Major Type of Product

[Billions of dollars]

		Seasonally adjusted at annual rates							
	1996	1996 1997		1997			1998		
	ĺ		11	III	IV	ı	11	111	
Personal consumption expenditures	5,215.7	5,493.7	5,438.8	5,540.3	5,593.2	5,676.5	5,773.7	5,843.0	
Durable goods	643.3	673.0	659.9	681.2	682.2	705.1	720.1	715.5	
Motor vehicles and parts Furniture and household	264.8					Į	'''	278.6	
equipment Other	256.0 122.5		269.2 130.0						
Nondurable goods	1,539.2	1,600.6	1,588.2	1,611.3	1,613.2	1,633.1	1,655.2	1,670.7	
Food	755.0 265.7 124.5 12.2 381.8	278.0 126.5 11.2	275.6 123.7 11.5	280.9 125.7 11.2	280.7 125.9 10.7	291.0 116.2 9.5	295.3 111.6 9.8	295.7 112.1 9.8	
Services	3,033.2	3,220.1	3,190.7	3,247.9	3,297.8	3,338.2	3,398.4	3,456.8	
Housing	787.4 314.5 125.5 189.0 222.3 806.8 902.3	327.3 126.2 201.1 240.3	323.6 125.4 198.1 238.4 837.7	330.4 127.0 203.4 242.2	337.0 129.2 207.8 246.3 857.9	327.6 116.8 210.9 249.5 871.5	339.2 124.1 215.1 253.2	345.3 127.5 217.8 252.7 893.1	

Table 2.3.—Real Personal Consumption Expenditures by Major Type of Product

[Billions of chained (1992) dollars]

Personal consumption expenditures	4,752.4	4,913.5	4,872.7	4,947.0	4,981.0	5,055.1	5,130.2	5,179.3
Durable goods	626.1	668.6	653.8	679.6	684.8	710.3	729.4	729.4
Motor vehicles and parts Furniture and household	235.0	239.3	230.8	244.4	242.7	247.8	258.9	248.3
equipment Other	277.5 117.1	307.7 127.7			318.1 130.8		339.3 138.6	
Nondurable goods	1,450.9	1,486.3	1,477.1	1,495.7	1,494.3	1,521.2	1,540.9	1,549.6
Food	692.6 276.1 116.0 11.2 356.7	288.4 117.9	283.3 118.3 10.4	291.9 118.4 10.7	292.3 118.1 10.1	307.4 118.5 9.2	311.4 118.4 9.7	312.0 121.5 10.0
Services	2,676.7	2,761.5	2,743.6	2,775.4	2,804.8	2,829.3	2,866.8	2,905.4
Housing Household operation Electricity and gas Other household operation Transportation Medical care Other	700.9 291.4 118.0 173.3 200.5 686.6 798.6	301.3 116.0 185.1 212.2	297.8 116.0 181.6 210.7 698.6	305.0 117.2 187.7 213.7 704.2	311.1 118.4 192.5 215.9	306.3 110.5 195.6	316.5 117.4 198.9 221.4 721.6	121.6 201.8
Residual	<i>–</i> 7.7	-13.0	-11.9	-14.3	-14.5	-19.5	-20.3	-22.3

Note.—Chained (1992) dollar series are calculated as the product of the chain-type quantity index and the 1992 current-dollar value of the corresponding series, divided by 100. Because the formula for the chain-type quantity indexes uses weights of more than one period, the corresponding chained-dollar estimates are usually not additive. The residual line is the difference between the first line and the sum of the most detailed lines. Chain-type quantity indexes for the series in this table appear in table 7.4.

3. Government Receipts, Current Expenditures, and Gross Investment

Table 3.1.—Government Receipts and Current Expenditures [Billions of dollars]

			Seasonally adjusted at annual rates					
	1996	1997		1997			1998 II 2,745.2 1,092.9 241.6 647.7 762.9 2,529.5 1,248.7 1,126.7 1,117.7 9.0 146.2 314.5 223.4 91.0 168.3 16.0 23.9 31.4 7.5 0 215.7 158.3	
			ll	III	IV	1	11	111
Receipts	2,411.0	2,589.2	2,564.9	2,616.0	2,650.3	2,703.6	2,745.2	
Personal tax and nontax receipts	890.5 226.1 606.4 688.0	246.1 627.2	241.9 625.0	254.2	249.3 634.5	239.9 641.9	241.6 647.7	655.7
Current expenditures	2,398.7	2,476.1	2,469.6	2,479.8	2,506.7	2,504.6	2,529.5	2,534.8
Consumption expenditures	1,175.5	1,219.2	1,218.8	1,222.3	1,231.6	1,227.5	1,248.7	1,251.6
Transfer payments (net)	1,057.7 1,041.5 16.2	1,083.3	1,089.6 1,079.7 9.9	1,086.7	1,093.1	1,111.2	1,117.7	1,123.9
Net interest paid	157.1 315.7 248.3 67.4 158.6		317.7 230.1	317.7 226.9 90.8	90.7	314.3 224.4 89.9	314.5 223.4 91.0	312.0
Less: Dividends received by government	13.7	14.8	14.7	14.8	15.2	15.7	16.0	16.0
Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises	22.0 34.0 12.0	33.4	33.6	22.0 33.3 11.3		31.8	31.4	31.0
Less: Wage accruals less disbursements	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Current surplus or deficit (-), national income and product accounts	12.3	113.1	95.3	136.2	143.6	199.0	215.7	
Social insurance funds Other	125.0 -112.7		135.2 -39.9	140.8 4.6				164.3

Table 3.2.—Federal Government Receipts and Current Expenditures
[Billions of dollars]

(
			s	easonall	y adjust	ed at an	nual rate	s 		
	1996	1997		1997			1998			
	Ì		l)	H	IV	1		111		
Receipts	1,584.7	1,719.9	1,703.6	1,739.6	1,765.5	1,809.1	1,838.3			
Personal tax and nontax receipts Income taxes	687.0 666.9 17.5 2.6	769.1 745.8 20.6 2.7	759.1 735.8 20.6 2.6	776.9 753.7 20.5 2.7	798.6 774.2 21.6 2.8	836.5 810.0 23.5 3.0				
Corporate profits tax accruals Federal Reserve banks Other	193.0 20.1 172.9	210.0 20.6 189.5	206.5 20.2 186.3	217.0 20.8 196.2	212.8 21.2 191.6	204.8 21.6 183.2	21.5			
Indirect business tax and nontax accruals	94.5 55.9 19.2 19.4	93.8 59.5 19.6 14.6	95.5 60.5 20.4 14.6	95.1 59.7 20.5 14.9	93.8 60.8 18.9 14.2	93.9 60.7 19.1 14.1	95.2 61.9 19.3 13.9	97.3 63.2 20.4 13.7		
Contributions for social insurance	610.2	647.0	642.4	650.6	660.3	673.9	681.2	689.0		
Current expenditures	1,695.0	1,741.0	1,738.4	1,739.9	1,763.4	1,750.3	1,763.9	1,760.2		
Consumption expenditures	450.9	460.4	464.8	460.0	460.1	450.9	464.0	458.5		
Transfer payments (net)	764.2 748.0 16.2	791.9 779.2 12.7	787.1 777.3 9.9	791.2 781.2 9.9	805.9 784.4 21.5	808.5 798.6 9.9	811.1 802.1 9.0	814.5 805.6 8.8		
Grants-in-aid to State and local governments	218.9	225.0	223.2	224.4	231.8	228.7	226.9	227.6		
Net interest paid	228.4 252.4 185.0 67.4 24.0	231.2 253.6 166.1 87.5	231.6 254.5 166.9 87.6	231.9 254.4 163.6 90.8 22.5	231.8 253.8 163.1 90.7	228.8 250.7 160.7 89.9	228.3 250.6 159.6 91.0	225.6 248.0 		
Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises	32.7 33.7	32.5 33.0 .5	31.6 33.3	32.5 32.9	33.7 32.4 -1.4	33.4 31.5 -1.9	33.5 31.0 –2.5	33.9 30.6 -3.4		
Less: Wage accruals less disbursements	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Current surplus or deficit (-), national income and product accounts	-110.3	-21.1	-34.8	3	2.2	58.8	74.4			
Social insurance fundsOther	54.6 164.9	70.3 –91.4	66.7 -101.5	72.9 -73.3	80.9 -78.7	84.5 -25.7	90.6 -16.2	96.7		

Table 3.3.—State and Local Government Receipts and Current Expenditures

[Billions of dollars]										
			S	easonall	y adjuste	ed at an	nual rate	s		
	1996	1997		1997			1998			
			11	111	IV	ı	- 11	181		
Receipts	1,045.2	1,094.3	1,084.5	1,100.8	1,116.5	1,123.3	1,133.8			
Personal tax and nontax receipts Income taxes	203.5 151.9 29.5 22.1	219.9 164.3 32.0 23.6	216.7 161.6 31.7 23.4	222.1 166.1 32.3 23.8	226.9 169.9 32.9 24.1	230.4 172.3 33.6 24.5	237.2 178.3 34.2 24.7	244.3 184.4 34.9 25.0		
Corporate profits tax accruals	33.1	36.0	35.4	37.3	36.5	35.1	35.4			
Indirect business tax and nontax accruals	511.9 252.0 202.7 57.2	533.4 261.5 209.1 62.8	529.5 259.1 208.3 62.1	536.9 261.9 209.9 65.1	540.7 265.7 211.5 63.5	548.0 268.4 213.9 65.7	552.5 270.4 216.3 65.9	558.4 271.4 218.3 68.7		
Contributions for social insurance	77.8	79.9	79.7	80.2	80.6	81.1	81.7	82.4		
Federal grants-in-aid	218.9	225.0	223.2	224.4	231.8	228.7	226.9	227.6		
Current expenditures	922.6	960.1	954.4	964.3	975.1	983.0	992.5	1,002.2		
Consumption expenditures	724.7	758.8	754.0	762.2	771.5	776.7	784.7	793.1		
Transfer payments to persons	293.5	304.1	302.5	305.5	308.6	312.6	315.6	318.2		
Net interest paid	-71.3 63.3 134.5	-77.4 63.3 140.6	-76.7 63.2 140.0	-78.2 63.3 141.5	-79.5 63.4 142.9	-80.7 63.6 144.3	-82.2 63.8 146.0	-83.7 64.0 147.7		
Less: Dividends received by government	13.7	14.8	14.7	14.8	15.2	15.7	16.0	16.0		
Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises	-10.7 .4	-10.6 .4 10.9	-10.6 .4 11.0	-10.5 .4 10.9	-10.3 .4	-9.9 .4 10.3	-9.6 .4 10.0	-9.4 .4 9.8		
Less: Wage accruals less disbursements	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Current surplus or deficit (–), national income and product accounts	122.6	134.1	130.1	136.6	141.4	140.2	141.3	*************		
Social insurance funds Other	70.4 52.2	68.1 66.0	68.5 61.6	67.9 68.7	67.6 73.8	67.5 72.7	67.7 73.6	67.6		

Table 3.7.—Government Consumption Expenditures and Gross Investment by Type

	T	<u> </u>	Seasonally adjusted at annual rates						
			<u> </u>		y aujusti	r			
	1996	1997		1997			1998		
			- 11	III	IV	1	ii	111	
Government consumption expenditures and gross investment ¹	1,405.2	1,454.6	1,451.5	1,459.5	1,468.1	1,464.9	1,481.2	1,490.5	
Federal	518.4	520.2	522.9	521.0	520.1	511.6	520.7	518.7	
National defense	351.0 304.1 21.1 7.6 275.3	346.0 306.3 20.7 7.4 278.2	349.1 310.4 21.7 7.2 281.4	347.1 306.0 19.6 7.4 279.1	346.5 304.8 20.8 7.2 276.7	331.6 293.3 20.4 6.5 266.4	339.8 303.0 20.8 6.4 275.8	343.5 303.0 22.4 6.9 273.7	
force-account construction ³ Consumption of	133.8	133.3	133.5	133.1	131.9	133.4	132.2	132.3	
general government fixed capital 4 Other services Gross investment Structures Equipment	56.8 84.7 46.9 6.7 40.2	56.3 88.6 39.7 5.7 34.0	56.7 91.2 38.7 5.6 33.2	56.0 90.0 41.1 5.7 35.4	55.7 89.1 41.7 5.7 36.1	55.3 77.7 38.3 5.4 32.9	54.8 88.9 36.8 4.9 31.9	54.4 87.0 40.5 5.4 35.0	
Nondefense Consumption expenditures Durable goods 2 Nondurable goods Commodity Credit	167.4 146.8 1.0 5.8	174.3 154.2 1.0 6.8	173.8 154.4 1.3 6.7	173.9 154.0 .9 6.7	173.6 155.3 .9 7.4	180.0 157.6 1.2 7.3	180.9 160.9 1.3 7.6	175.2 155.5 -4.8 8.2	
Corporation inventory change Other nondurables Services Compensation of general government	4 6.2 140.0	1 6.9 146.3	2 6.8 146.5	2 6.9 146.4	.1 7.3 147.0	0 7.3 149.1	.2 7.4 152.0	.8 7.3 152.1	
employees, except force-account construction ³ Consumption of	77.5	80.2	80.7	80.3	79.5	81.5	82.3	82.7	
general government fixed capital 4 Other services Gross investment Structures Equipment	11.1 51.5 20.6 10.9 9.8	11.5 54.7 20.1 10.0 10.0	11.5 54.4 19.3 10.0 9.4	11.5 54.6 19.8 10.8 9.1	11.7 55.8 18.3 8.7 9.6	11.8 55.8 22.4 10.6 11.8	11.9 57.9 20.0 10.4 9.6	12.2 57.3 19.7 11.1 8.6	
State and local Consumption expenditures Durable goods 2 Nondurable goods Services Compensation of general government	886.8 724.7 15.6 77.7 631.4	934.4 758.8 16.2 79.7 662.9	928.6 754.0 16.1 79.1 658.8	938.5 762.2 16.3 79.2 666.8	947.9 771.5 16.4 80.1 675.0	953.3 776.7 16.6 78.0 682.1	960.4 784.7 16.7 78.4 689.6	971.8 793.1 16.9 78.4 697.8	
employees, except force-account construction ³ Consumption of general government fixed	542.9	566.7	563.7	570.1	575.4	581.1	587.8	594.2	
capital 4	57.4 31.1 162.1 130.9 31.2	60.5 35.7 175.6 142.4 33.2	60.1 35.0 174.6 141.6 32.9	60.8 36.0 176.3 142.8 33.4	61.8 37.8 176.4 142.6 33.9	62.4 38.6 176.6 142.0 34.6	62.9 38.9 175.7 140.6 35.2	63.7 39.9 178.7 142.9 35.8	
Addenda: Compensation of general government employees ³ Federal State and local	758.3 211.3 547.0	784.7 213.5 571.2	782.5 214.3 568.2	788.0 213.4 574.6	791.4 211.5 579.9	800.6 215.0 585.6	806.8 214.6 592.2	813.8 215.1 598.7	

Table 3.8.—Real Government Consumption Expenditures and Real Gross Investment by Type

[Billions of chained (1992) dollars]

<u> </u>	DIIIONS O	i Giane	u (1992)	uonaisj				
			s	easonall	y adjust	ed at an	nual rate	s
	1996	1997		1997			1998	
			11	III	١V	1	li	III
Government consumption expenditures and	1 000 0			4 000 0				
gross investment 1	1,268.2	1,285.0	1,284.4	1,288.9	•	1,283.0	1,294.8	1,299.4
Federal	465.6	458.0	460.4	458.9	456.5	446.1	454.1	452.1
National defense	319.1	308.9	311.7	310.2	308.7	293.3	300.3	303.4
Consumption expenditures	276.6	272.4	276.2	272.3	270.0	257.9	266.1	265.4
Durable goods 2	20.8	20.4	21.4	19.2	20.6	20.1	20.7	22.3
Nondurable goods	7.0	7.0	6.8	7.1	6.9	6.7	6.7	7.3
Services Compensation of	248.6	244.9	247.8	245.7	242.4	231.1	238.7	236.0
general government	Į į	ĺ	1 :					
employees, except								
force-account	[
construction 3	117.2	112.9	113.2	112.9	111.4	110.6	109.5	109.6
Consumption of								
general government	51.5	50.5	50.6	50.3	50.0	49.6	49.3	49.0
fixed capital 4 Other services	80.1	81.8	84.6	82.9	81.5	70.8	80.3	77.7
Gross investment	42.6	36.5	35.4	37.9	38.7	35.4	34.1	38.1
Structures	5.5	4.5	4.4	4.5	4.5	4.3	3.8	4.3
Equipment	37.0	31.9	30.9	33.3	34.2	31.0	30.3	33.9
Nondefense	146.2	148.6	148.2	148.2	147.3	151.9	152.9	148.1
Consumption expenditures	126.1	128.7	129.0	128.5	129.0	130.0	132.9	128.3
Durable goods 2	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.3	1.3	1.5	1.7	-3.3
Nondurable goods Commodity Credit	5.2	6.1	5.9	6.0	6.6	6.6	6.9	7.6
Corporation								
inventory change	2	1	2	2	.2	0	.3	1.0
Other nondurables	5.5	6.2	6.1	6.2	6.5	6.5	6.6	6.6
Services	119.6	121.4	121.6	121.3	121.2	122.0	124.5	124.4
Compensation of				į	j		į	
general government employees, except								
force-account				j	1	ı		
construction 3	61.2	60.8	61.3	61.0	59.9	60.7	61.4	61.6
Consumption of				- 1		- 1		
general government	40.0	44.0	44.0	44.4	44.0		ابيد	
fixed capital 4 Other services	10.6 48.3	11.0 50.3	11.0 50.0	11.1 50.0	11.2 51.1	11.3 51.0	11.4 52.8	11.7 52.0
Gross investment	20.2	19.8	19.1	19.6	18.1	22.2	19.9	19.7
Structures	9.6	8.6	8.5	9.2	7.3	8.8	8.6	9.1
Equipment	10.7	11.6	10.8	10.6	11.3	14.1	11.7	10.7
State and local	802.7	827.1	824.2	830.1	832.9	837.1	840.9	847.5
Consumption expenditures	656.8	672.3	670.1	674.7	678.5	682.8	687.3	691.5
Durable goods 2	14.6	15.1	15.1	15.2	15.3	15.4	15.6	15.7
Nondurable goods	71.1 571.3	73.4 583.9	73.2 582.0	73.7 586.0	74.3 589.1	74.9 592.7	75.4 596.5	76.0 600.0
Services Compensation of general	3/1.3	300.01	302.0	300.0	303.1	332.7	330.5	0.000
government			ł		1	- 1		
employees, except	l	i	i				- 1	
force-account construction 3	484.5	492.8	491.7	494.4	400.0	400.4	500.0	500.0
Consumption of general	404.3	432.0	431./	434.4	496.2	498.1	500.9	503.3
government fixed		1	1		1	- 1	- [
capital 4 }	52.7	54.8	54.5	55.0	55.6	56.1	56.7	57.2
Other services	35.0	37.7	37.1	38.0	38.9	40.2	40.7	41.5
Gross investment	145.8 114.9	154.8 121.0	154.0 120.6	155.3 121.0	154.3 119.5	154.2 118.5	153.5	155.9
Equipment	31.1	34.3	33.9	34.8	35.5	36.7	117.0 37.7	118.4 38.8
' '		- 1	- 1					
Residual	-1.7	-2.9	-2.7	-2.6	-4.0	-3.9	-4.3	-5.0
Addenda:	-	į	- {	1				
Compensation of general government employees 3	666.5	670.2	669.8	671.9	670.8	672.8	675.1	677.0
Federal	178.7		174.9	174.3	171.7	171.8	171.5	677.9 171.9
State and local	488.1	174.2 496.7	495.5	498.3	500.0	501.9	504.6	507.0

Note.—Chained (1992) dollar series are calculated as the product of the chain-type quantity index and the 1992 current-dollar value of the corresponding series, divided by 100. Because the formula for the chain-type quantity indexes uses weights of more than one period, the corresponding chained-dollar estimates are usually not additive. The residual line is the difference between the first line and the sum of the most detailed lines, excluding the lines in the addenda. Chain-type quantity indexes for the series in this table appear in table 7.11. See footnotes to table 3.7.

 ^{1.} Gross government investment consists of general government and government enterprise expenditures for fixed assets; inventory investment is included in government consumption expenditures.
 2. Consumption expenditures for durable goods excludes expenditures classified as investment, except for goods transferred to foreign countries by the Federal Government.
 3. Compensation of government employees engaged in new force-account construction and related expenditures for goods and services are classified as investment in structures. The compensation of all general government employees is shown in the addenda.
 4. Consumption of fixed capital, or depreciation, is included in government consumption expenditures as a partial measure of the value of the services of general government fixed assets; use of depreciation assumes a zero net return on these assets.

Table 3.10.—National Defense Consumption Expenditures and Gross Investment

······································	1		Seasonally adjusted at annual rates						
	1996	1997		1997			1998		
			II.	111	IV	1	11	111	
National defense consumption expenditures and gross investment ¹	351.0	346.0	349.1	347.1	346.5	331.6	339.8	343.5	
Consumption expenditures	304.1	306.3	310.4	306.0	304.8	293.3	303.0	303.0	
Durable goods 2 Aircraft Missiles Ships Vehicles Electronics Other durable goods	21.1 9.0 3.0 .9 .8 2.5 4.9	20.7 9.6 2.6 .7 .9 2.6 4.3	21.7 10.3 2.6 .7 .9 2.7 4.5	19.6 8.7 2.5 .7 .9 2.7 4.1	20.8 9.7 2.7 .7 1.0 2.4 4.4	20.4 9.3 2.4 .7 1.0 2.6 4.4	20.8 10.1 2.2 .6 .9 2.5 4.6	22.4 10.4 2.8 .7 .9 2.5 5.0	
Nondurable goods	7.6	7.4	7.2	7.4	7.2	6.5	6.4	6.9	
Petroleum products Ammunition Other nondurable goods	3.4 1.3 2.9	2.9 1.5 3.0	3.1 1.5 2.7	3.1 1.2 3.2	2.5 1.7 3.1	2.0 1.4 3.1	2.0 1.2 3.1	2.0 2.0 2.9	
Services	275.3	278.2	281.4	279.1	276.7	266.4	275.8	273.7	
Compensation of general government employees, except force-account construction ³	133.8 84.3 49.5 56.8 84.7 25.9 27.2	133.3 84.2 49.1 56.3 88.6 28.9 26.3	133.5 84.1 49.4 56.7 91.2 31.3 26.8	133.1 84.1 48.9 56.0 90.0 29.3 26.9	131.9 83.7 48.2 55.7 89.1 28.6 25.7	133.4 85.0 48.4 55.3 77.7 22.0 25.1	132.2 84.4 47.8 54.8 88.9 27.5 25.8	132.3 84.4 47.9 54.4 87.0 28.6 25.1	
Weapons support Personnel support	5.7 18.8	6.4 20.1	6.3 19.7	6.9 20.4	7.0 21.0	5.6 18.6	6.4 21.5	5.8 20.2	
Transportation of material Travel of persons Other	4.9 4.0 –1.9	4.6 3.6 –1.3	4.5 3.6 –1.0	4.5 3.6 –1.5	4.7 3.6 –1.4	4.6 3.5 –1.8	4.7 3.5 –.6	4.7 3.5 8	
Gross investment	46.9	39.7	38.7	41.1	41.7	38.3	36.8	40.5	
Structures	6.7	5.7	5.6	5.7	5.7	5.4	4.9	5.4	
Equipment Aircraft Misciles Ships Vehicles Electronics Other equipment	40.2 9.2 4.3 6.8 1.1 3.5 15.3	34.0 6.0 3.0 6.1 1.5 3.6 13.9	33.2 3.7 2.9 6.7 1.5 3.8 14.7	35.4 7.1 3.1 6.4 1.5 3.6 13.6	36.1 8.3 3.1 5.8 1.4 3.2 14.3	32.9 5.1 3.2 6.3 1.3 3.4 13.6	31.9 4.3 2.7 6.0 1.8 3.6 13.5	35.0 6.1 2.7 6.5 1.5 3.4 14.9	
Addendum: Compensation of general government employees 3	133.8	133.3	133.5	133.1	131.9	133.5	132.2	132.3	

Table 3.11.—Real National Defense Consumption Expenditures and Real **Gross Investment**

[Billions of chained (1992) dollars]

		·						
			S	easonall	y adjuste	ed at anı	nual rate	s
	1996	1997		1997			1998	
			IJ	III	IV	-	==	=
National defense consumption expenditures and gross investment ¹	319.1	308.9	311.7	310.2	308.7	293.3	300.3	303.4
Consumption expenditures	276.6	272.4	276.2	272.3	270.0	257.9	266.1	265.4
Durable goods 2 Aircraft Missiles Ships Vehicles Electronics Other durable goods	20.8 8.7 3.2 .8 .7 2.6 4.7	20.4 9.4 2.7 .7 .8 2.8 4.1	21.4 10.0 2.8 .7 .8 2.9 4.2	19.2 8.5 2.6 .7 .8 2.9 3.8	20.6 9.6 2.8 .6 .8 2.6 4.2	20.1 9.1 2.5 .7 .8 2.8 4.2	20.7 9.9 2.3 .6 .7 2.7 4.4	22.3 10.3 3.0 .7 .8 2.8 4.7
Nondurable goods	7.0	7.0	6.8	7.1	6.9	6.7	6.7	7.3
Petroleum products Ammunition Other nondurable goods	3.1 1.2 2.8	2.8 1.4 2.8	3.0 1.4 2.6	3.2 1.1 3.0	2.5 1.6 2.9	2.5 1.3 2.9	2.7 1.2 2.9	2.8 1.9 2.7
Services	248.6	244.9	247.8	245.7	242.4	231.1	238.7	236.0
Compensation of general government employees, except force-account construction dilutary Civilian Consumption of general government fixed	117.2 76.9 40.4	112.9 74.8 38.3	113.2 74.7 38.6	112.9 74.9 38.2	111.4 74.3 37.3	110.6 73.8 37.0	109.5 73.1 36.7	109.6 73.1 36.7
capital 4 Other services Research and	51.5 80.1	50.5 81.8	50.6 84.6	50.3 82.9	50.0 81.5	49.6 70.8	49.3 80.3	49.0 77.7
development	26.2 24.9 5.2 17.0	28.5 23.8 5.6 17.5	31.0 24.4 5.5 17.2	28.7 24.3 6.1 17.8	27.9 23.1 6.1 18.0	21.4 22.6 4.9 15.8	26.6 23.1 5.6 18.1	27.5 22.1 5.0 16.6
material Travel of persons Other	4.9 3.8 –1.7	4.5 3.4 –1.1	4.4 3.4 9	4,3 3.3 –1.3	4.6 3.3 –1.2	4.5 3.1 –1.5	4.5 3.1 5	4.4 3.1 7
Gross investment	42.6	36.5	35.4	37.9	38.7	35.4	34.1	38.1
Structures	5.5	4.5	4.4	4.5	4.5	4.3	3.8	4.3
Equipment Aircraft Missiles Ships Vehicles Electronics Other equipment	37.0 6.9 4.6 6.1 1.0 4.4 14.4	31.9 4.9 3.1 5.4 1.3 4.9 13.0	30.9 2.9 2.9 5.9 1.4 5.2 13.7	33.3 5.9 3.3 5.6 1.4 5.1 12.7	34.2 7.0 3.2 5.1 1.3 4.6 13.4	31.0 4.2 3.2 5.6 1.2 5.0 12.7	30.3 3.5 2.8 5.4 1.6 5.4 12.6	33.9 5.4 2.8 5.8 1.4 5.3 13.9
Residual	7	-1.5	-2.0	-1.5	-1.4	9	-1.8	-2.0
Addendum: Compensation of general government employees 3	117.2	112.9	113.2	112.9	111.4	110.6	109.5	109.6

Note.—Chained (1992) dollar series are calculated as the product of the chain-type quantity index and the 1992 current-dollar value of the corresponding series, divided by 100. Because the formula for the chain-type quantity indexes uses weights of more than one period, the corresponding chained-dollar estimates are usually not additive. The residual line is the difference between the first line and the sum of the most detailed lines, excluding the line in the addendum.

Chain-type indexes for the series in the table appear in table 7.12.

See footnotes to table 3.10.

^{1.} Gross government investment consists of general government and government enterprise expenditures for fixed assets; inventory investment is included in government consumption expenditures.

2. Consumption expenditures for durable goods excludes expenditures classified as investment, except for goods transferred to foreign countries.

3. Compensation of government employees engaged in new force-account construction and related expenditures for goods and services are classified as investment in structures. The compensation of all general government employees is shown in the addendum.

4. Consumption of fixed capital, or depreciation, is included in government consumption expenditures as a partial measure of the value of the services of general government fixed assets; use of depreciation assumes a zero net return on these assets.

4. Foreign Transactions_

Table 4.1.—Foreign Transactions in the National Income and Product Accounts

[Billions of dollars]

,			S	easonal	y adjust	ed at an	nual rate	es
	1996	1997		1997			1998	
			11	Ш	IV	- 1	11	111
Receipts from the rest of the world	1,109.3	1,230.9	1,229.4	1,256.0	1,254.9	1,243.6	1,220.2	
Exports of goods and services Goods ¹ Durable Nondurable Services ¹	873.8 618.3 421.6 196.7 255.5	688.3 483.0	478.7	700.2 495.3 204.9	708.9 498.7 210.2		668.8 474.3	661.4 471.5 189.9
Receipts of factor income	235.5	265.5	268.3	274.3	266.3	270.3	270.6	
Capital grants received by the United States (net)	0	,0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Payments to the rest of the world	1,109.3	1,230.9	1,229.4	1,256.0	1,254.9	1,243.6	1,220.2	
Imports of goods and services Goods ¹ Durable Nondurable Services ¹	965.0 809.0 533.6 275.4 156.0		879.2 583.7	902.7 600.5	608.7 303.7	920.9 625.6	931.8 634.1	928.5 633.0
Payments of factor income	223.1	273.5	269.4	283.0	285.9	285.1	289.3	
Transfer payments (net) From persons (net) From government (net) From business	40.4 16.9 16.2 7.3	39.5 18.9 12.7 8.0		37.6 19.5 9.9 8.1	49.4 19.8 21.5 8.1	37.0 19.2 9.9 7.9	36.8 19.9 9.0 7.9	20.5 8.8
Net foreign investment	-119.2	-140.9	-123.9	-141.0	-167.8	-175.6	-214.8	

^{1.} Exports and imports of certain goods, primarily military equipment purchased and sold by the Federal Government, are included in services. Beginning with 1986, repairs and alterations of equipment are reclassified from goods to services.

Table 4.2.—Real Exports and Imports of Goods and Services and Receipts and Payments of Factor Income

[Billions of chained (1992) dollars]

			Seasonally adjusted at annual rates							
	1996 1997		1997			1998				
		-	11	111	ΙV	ı	l)	1111		
Exports of goods and services Goods 1 Durable Nondurable Services 1	860.0 629.4 464.1 169.3 231.8	726.5 554.5 180.8	719.1 548.6 179.2	740.6 570.4 180.4	578.1 186.3	748.5 577.9 181.1	726.3 556.2 179.3	725.5 557.1 178.0		
Receipts of factor income	214.8	238.0	241.0	245.6	237.6	241.0	241.0			
Imports of goods and services Goods 1 Durable Nondurable Services 1	971.2 824.7 571.7 253.4 147.3	667.7 280.3	937.4 659.2 280.0	966.7 681.2 287.7	981.8 696.6 288.1	297.6	1,048.8 745.5 306.7	1,060.3 753.6 310.2		
Payments of factor income	200.9	240.7	237.5	248.9	250.5	249.6	252.8			

^{1.} Exports and imports of certain goods, primarily military equipment purchased and sold by the Federal Government, are included in services. Beginning with 1986, repairs and alterations of equipment are reclassified from goods to services.

NOTE.—Chained (1992) dollar series are calculated as the product of the chain-type quantity index and the 1992 current-dollar value of the corresponding series, divided by 100. Because the formula for the chain-type quantity indexes uses weights of more than one period, the corresponding chained-dollar estimates are usually not additive. Chain-type quantity indexes for the series in this table appear in table 7.9.

Table 4.3.—Exports and Imports of Goods and Services by Type of Product

		1	Seasonally adjusted at annual rates							
			5		y aujusti	ou ata⊓i				
	1996	1997		1997			1998	· -		
			11	(II	IV	1	П	111		
Exports of goods and										
services	873.8	965.4	961.1	981.7	988.6	973.3	949.6	935.7		
Exports of goods 1	618.3	688.3	682.9	700.2	708.9	694.5	668.8	661.4		
Foods, feeds, and beverages Industrial supplies and	55.5	51.5	50.1	49.4	54.0	49.8	44.9	43.8		
materials	141.0	152.5	153.3	155.1	154.4	148.6	144.2	139.5		
Durable goods	51.0	55.1	55.6	55.7	55.8	56.4 92.1	53.6	51.8 87.7		
Nondurable goods Capital goods, except	90.1	97.5	97.7	99.4	98.6	92.1	90.5	01.1		
automotive	253.1	295.3	290.4	305.7	306.5	302.0	288.4	295.8		
Civilian aircraft, engines,	30.8	41.4	39.0	42.8	43.6	48.9	44.8	56.5		
and parts Computers, peripherals,	30.6	71.7	33.0	42.0	40.0		44.0	30.3		
and parts	43.7	49.4	49.6	51.9	49.1	45.5	44.8	45.0		
Other	178.6	204.6	201.8	211.0	213.9	207.7	198.9	194.3		
Automotive vehicles, engines, and parts	65.0	74.0	73.5	74.8	76.6	77.7	72.2	64.0		
Consumer goods, except					, i					
automotive	70.1	77.4	78.2	77.5	78.8 40.5	78.3 40.2	80.1 40.5	79.9 40.8		
Nondurable goods Nondurable goods	35.8 34.3	39.9 37.6	40.5 37.7	40.3 37.2	38.3	38.1	39.6	39.1		
Other	33.4	37.5	37.4	37.7	38.5	38.1	39.1	38.4		
Durable goods	16.7	18.8	18.7	18.9	19.2 19.2	19.1 19.1	19.6 19.6	19.2 19.2		
Nondurable goods Exports of services 1	16.7 255.5	18.8 277.1	18.7 278.2	18.9 281.5	279.7	278.8	280.8	274.3		
Transfers under U.S. military	255.5	2//.1	210.2	201.5	213.1	210.0	200.0	217.0		
agency sales contracts	14.6	17.5	19.0	18.9	15.8	17.9	15.6	15.7		
Travel	69.8	73.3	74.2	73.3	72.8	72.8	73.9	67.9		
Passenger fares Other transportation	20.4 27.0	20.9 27.9	20.8 27.9	20.8 27.7	21.5 28.3	21.4 27.2	21.8 26.9	19.5 27.7		
Royalties and license fees	32.8	33.7	33.6	34.3	33.5	33.1	33.9	34.2		
Other private services	70.8	82.2	81.0	84.7	86.0	84.4	86.4	86.7		
Other	20.0	21.6	21.7	21.7	21.8	21.9	22.2	22.5		
Imports of goods and services	965.0	1,058.8	1.047.9	1.076.4	1.087.4	1,097.1	1,108.9	1.104.4		
Imports of goods 1	809.0	888.3	879.2	902.7	912.4	920.9	931.8	928.5		
Foods, feeds, and beverages	35.7	39.7	39.9	40.5	40.3	41.7	41.8	40.6		
Industrial supplies and										
materials, except petroleum				1070				146.1		
	125.2	135.4	133.7		139 0	1413	144 4			
and products	125.2 63.1	135.4 69.3	133.7 68.9	137.8 70.4	139.0 71.8	141.3 73.4	144.4 77.2	78.5		
and products Durable goods Nondurable goods	63.1 62.1	69.3 66.2	68.9 64.8	70.4 67.4	71.8 67.2	73.4 67.9	77.2 67.2	78.5 67.6		
and products Durable goods Nondurable goods Petroleum and products	63.1	69.3	68.9	70.4	71.8	73.4	77.2	78.5		
and products	63.1 62.1	69.3 66.2	68.9 64.8	70.4 67.4	71.8 67.2	73.4 67.9	77.2 67.2	78.5 67.6		
and products	63.1 62.1 72.7 229.1	69.3 66.2 71.8 254.2	68.9 64.8 70.7 251.7	70.4 67.4 70.3 260.9	71.8 67.2 68.6 264.8	73.4 67.9 54.9 268.9	77.2 67.2 53.9 270.5	78.5 67.6 49.3 269.9		
and products	63.1 62.1 72.7	69.3 66.2 71.8	68.9 64.8 70.7	70.4 67.4 70.3	71.8 67.2 68.6	73.4 67.9 54.9	77.2 67.2 53.9	78.5 67.6 49.3 269.9		
and products	63.1 62.1 72.7 229.1 12.7 61.5	69.3 66.2 71.8 254.2 16.6 70.2	68.9 64.8 70.7 251.7 15.6 70.4	70.4 67.4 70.3 260.9 19.0	71.8 67.2 68.6 264.8 18.1 70.9	73.4 67.9 54.9 268.9 17.9 72.4	77.2 67.2 53.9 270.5 22.4 71.7	78.5 67.6 49.3 269.9 22.8 70.7		
and products Durable goods Nondurable goods Petroleum and products Capital goods, except automotive Civilian aircraft, engines, and parts Computers, peripherals, and parts Other	63.1 62.1 72.7 229.1 12.7	69.3 66.2 71.8 254.2 16.6	68.9 64.8 70.7 251.7 15.6	70.4 67.4 70.3 260.9 19.0	71.8 67.2 68.6 264.8 18.1	73.4 67.9 54.9 268.9	77.2 67.2 53.9 270.5	78.5 67.6 49.3 269.9 22.8 70.7		
and products	63.1 62.1 72.7 229.1 12.7 61.5	69.3 66.2 71.8 254.2 16.6 70.2	68.9 64.8 70.7 251.7 15.6 70.4	70.4 67.4 70.3 260.9 19.0	71.8 67.2 68.6 264.8 18.1 70.9	73.4 67.9 54.9 268.9 17.9 72.4	77.2 67.2 53.9 270.5 22.4 71.7	78.5 67.6 49.3 269.9 22.8 70.7 176.4		
and products Durable goods Nondurable goods Petroleum and products Capital goods, except automotive Civilian aircraft, engines, and parts Computers, peripherals, and parts Other Automotive vehicles, engines, and parts Consumer goods, except Consumer goods, except	63.1 62.1 72.7 229.1 12.7 61.5 154.9 128.9	69.3 66.2 71.8 254.2 16.6 70.2 167.4 140.8	68.9 64.8 70.7 251.7 15.6 70.4 165.7	70.4 67.4 70.3 260.9 19.0 72.8 169.1 141.7	71.8 67.2 68.6 264.8 18.1 70.9 175.8 141.0	73.4 67.9 54.9 268.9 17.9 72.4 178.7 148.0	77.2 67.2 53.9 270.5 22.4 71.7 176.4 146.0	78.5 67.6 49.3 269.9 22.8 70.7 176.4 141.6		
and products Durable goods Nondurable goods Petroleum and products Capital goods, except automotive Civilian aircraft, engines, and parts Computers, peripherals, and parts Other Automotive vehicles, engines, and parts Consumer goods, except automotive	63.1 62.1 72.7 229.1 12.7 61.5 154.9 128.9	69.3 66.2 71.8 254.2 16.6 70.2 167.4 140.8 193.0	68.9 64.8 70.7 251.7 15.6 70.4 165.7 139.0	70.4 67.4 70.3 260.9 19.0 72.8 169.1 141.7 196.0	71.8 67.2 68.6 264.8 18.1 70.9 175.8 141.0 202.3	73.4 67.9 54.9 268.9 17.9 72.4 178.7 148.0 209.3	77.2 67.2 53.9 270.5 22.4 71.7 176.4 146.0 217.5	78.5 67.6 49.3 269.9 22.8 70.7 176.4 141.6 218.0		
and products Durable goods Nondurable goods Petroleum and products Capital goods, except automotive Civilian aircraft, engines, and parts Computers, peripherals, and parts Other Automotive vehicles, engines, and parts Consumer goods, except automotive Durable goods	63.1 62.1 72.7 229.1 12.7 61.5 154.9 128.9	69.3 66.2 71.8 254.2 16.6 70.2 167.4 140.8	68.9 64.8 70.7 251.7 15.6 70.4 165.7	70.4 67.4 70.3 260.9 19.0 72.8 169.1 141.7	71.8 67.2 68.6 264.8 18.1 70.9 175.8 141.0 202.3	73.4 67.9 54.9 268.9 17.9 72.4 178.7 148.0 209.3	77.2 67.2 53.9 270.5 22.4 71.7 176.4 146.0 217.5	78.5 67.6 49.3 269.9 22.8 70.7 176.4 141.6		
and products Durable goods Nondurable goods Petroleum and products Capital goods, except automotive Civilian aircraft, engines, and parts Computers, peripherals, and parts Other Automotive vehicles, engines, and parts Consumer goods, except automotive Durable goods Nondurable goods Nondurable goods Other	63.1 62.1 72.7 229.1 12.7 61.5 154.9 128.9 171.1 89.4 81.7 46.3	69.3 66.2 71.8 254.2 16.6 70.2 167.4 140.8 193.0 98.5 94.5 53.4	68.9 64.8 70.7 251.7 15.6 70.4 165.7 139.0 191.7 97.9 93.8 52.5	70.4 67.4 70.3 260.9 19.0 72.8 169.1 141.7 196.0 99.6 96.3 55.5	71.8 67.2 68.6 264.8 18.1 70.9 175.8 141.0 202.3 102.9 99.4 56.5	73.4 67.9 54.9 268.9 17.9 72.4 178.7 148.0 209.3 107.0 102.3 56.7	77.2 67.2 53.9 270.5 22.4 71.7 176.4 146.0 217.5 111.6 105.9 57.7	78.5 67.6 49.3 269.9 22.8 70.7 176.4 141.6 218.0 111.5 106.5 62.9		
and products Durable goods Nondurable goods Petroleum and products Capital goods, except automotive Civilian aircraft, engines, and parts Computers, peripherals, and parts Other Automotive vehicles, engines, and parts Consumer goods, except automotive Durable goods Nondurable goods Other Durable goods Durable goods	63.1 62.1 72.7 229.1 12.7 61.5 154.9 128.9 171.1 89.4 81.7 46.3 23.1	69.3 66.2 71.8 254.2 16.6 70.2 167.4 140.8 193.0 98.5 94.5 53.4 26.7	68.9 64.8 70.7 251.7 15.6 70.4 165.7 139.0 191.7 97.9 93.8 52.5 26.2	70.4 67.4 70.3 260.9 19.0 72.8 169.1 141.7 196.0 99.6 96.3 55.5 27.8	71.8 67.2 68.6 264.8 18.1 70.9 175.8 141.0 202.3 102.9 99.4 56.5 28.2	73.4 67.9 54.9 268.9 17.9 72.4 178.7 148.0 209.3 107.0 102.3 56.7 28.4	77.2 67.2 53.9 270.5 22.4 71.7 176.4 146.0 217.5 111.6 105.9 57.7 28.9	78.5 67.6 49.3 269.9 22.8 70.7 176.4 141.6 218.0 111.5 106.5 62.9 31.5		
and products Durable goods Nondurable goods Petroleum and products Capital goods, except automotive Civilian aircraft, engines, and parts Computers, peripherals, and parts Other Automotive vehicles, engines, and parts Consumer goods, except automotive Durable goods Nondurable goods Other Durable goods Nondurable goods Nondurable goods Nondurable goods	63.1 62.1 72.7 229.1 12.7 61.5 154.9 128.9 171.1 89.4 81.7 46.3 23.1 23.1	69.3 66.2 71.8 254.2 16.6 70.2 167.4 140.8 193.0 98.5 94.5 53.4 26.7 26.7	68.9 64.8 70.7 251.7 15.6 70.4 165.7 139.0 191.7 97.9 93.8 52.5 26.2 26.2	70.4 67.4 70.3 260.9 19.0 72.8 169.1 141.7 196.0 99.6 96.3 55.5 27.8 27.8	71.8 67.2 68.6 264.8 18.1 70.9 175.8 141.0 202.3 102.9 99.4 56.5 28.2 28.2	73.4 67.9 54.9 268.9 17.9 72.4 178.7 148.0 209.3 107.0 102.3 56.7 28.4 28.4	77.2 67.2 53.9 270.5 22.4 71.7 176.4 146.0 217.5 111.6 105.9 57.7 28.9 28.9	78.5 67.6 49.3 269.9 22.8 70.7 176.4 141.6 218.0 111.5 106.5 62.9 31.5 31.5		
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and products Durable goods Nondurable goods Petroleum and products Capital goods, except automotive Civilian aircraft, engines, and parts Computers, peripherals, and parts Other Automotive vehicles, engines, and parts Consumer goods, except automotive Durable goods Nondurable goods Nondurable goods Nondurable goods Direct defense expenditures Travel Passenger fares Other transportation Royalties and license fees Other private services Other Other Addenda: Exports of agricultural goods Exports of nonagricultural goods	63.1 62.1 72.7 229.1 12.7 61.5 154.9 171.1 89.4 81.7 46.3 23.1 156.0 11.1 48.0 15.8 27.7 7.9 38.8 6.7	69.3 66.2 71.8 254.2 16.6 70.2 167.4 140.8 193.0 98.5 53.4 26.7 170.4 11.5 51.2 29.3 9.4 43.8 7.0	68.9 64.8 70.7 251.7 15.6 70.4 165.7 139.0 191.7 97.9 93.8 52.5 26.2 26.2 168.7 10.8 51.1 18.7 29.6 8.7 43.0 6.9	70.4 67.4 70.3 260.9 19.0 72.8 169.1 141.7 196.0 99.6 96.3 55.5 27.8 173.6 11.8 51.6 18.8 29.1 10.2 45.0 7.2	71.8 67.2 68.6 264.8 18.1 70.9 175.8 141.0 202.3 102.9 99.4 56.5 28.2 28.2 174.9 12.2 51.3 45.9 7.1 60.5	73.4 67.9 54.9 268.9 17.9 72.4 178.7 148.0 209.3 107.0 102.3 56.7 28.4 176.2 12.6 52.7 18.3 29.1 11.5 44.9 7.2	77.2 67.2 53.9 270.5 22.4 71.7 176.4 146.0 217.5 111.6 105.9 57.7 28.9 177.1 12.2 53.2 18.5 29.6 10.0 46.4 7.2	78.5 67.6 49.3 269.9 22.8 70.7 176.4 141.6 62.9 31.5 31.5 175.9 12.2 52.3 18.1 29.9 10.0 46.1 7.3		

Exports and imports of certain goods, primarily military equipment purchased and sold by the Federal Government, are included in services. Beginning with 1986, repairs and alterations of equipment are reclassified from goods to services.
 Includes parts of foods, feeds, and beverages; of nondurable industrial supplies and materials; and of nondurable nonautomotive consumer goods.

Table 4.4.—Real Exports and Imports of Goods and Services by Type of Product

[Billions of chained (1992) dollars]

			Granos (1992) deliaioj							
			s	easonail	y adjuste	ed at an	nual rate	es		
	1996	1997		1997			1998			
			11	111	IV	ı	- 11	RI		
Exports of goods and			\vdash							
services	860.0	970.0	963.6	988.1	998.8	991.9		965.0		
Exports of goods 1	629.4 43.9	726.5 43.9	719.1 41.9	740.6 42.3	754.9 47.4	748.5 45.6		725.5 41.4		
Foods, feeds, and beverages Industrial supplies and	40.5	43.3	41.3	42.3	47.4	40.0	41.7	41.4		
materials	121.9	132.4	133.0	134.2	134.7	132.8		129.2		
Durable goods Nondurable goods	44.8 77.1	48.8 83.6	49.1 83.9	49.1 85.1	50.2 84.6	51.4 81.5	49.2 81.6	48.2 81.1		
Capital goods, except										
automotive Civilian aircraft, engines,	310.8	388.6	381.5	404.7	408.7	405.5	389.7	403.2		
and parts	27.0	35.0	33.2	36.1	36.7	41.0	37.4	47.2		
Computers, peripherals, and parts	98.1	143.9	143.1	156.2	152.4	146.2	149.2	156.8		
Other	203.3	242.8	239.0		254.9	248.4		233.4		
Automotive vehicles, engines, and parts	62.4	70.4	69.9	71.1	72.9	73.9	68.7	60.8		
Consumer goods, except										
automotive Durable goods	67.3 34.9	73.7 38.5	74.6 39.0	73.7 38.8	74.8 39.0	74.4 38.7	76.3 39.2	76.2 39.5		
Nondurable goods	32.4	35.3	35.5	34.9	35.8	35.6	37.0	36.7		
Other Durable goods	32.3 16.1	37.2 18.6	37.0 18.5	37.5 18.7	38.3 19.2	38.3 19.2	39.5 19.8	39.2 19.6		
Nondurable goods	16.1	18.6	18.5	18.7	19.2	19.2	19.8	19.6		
Exports of services 1	231.8	247.0	247.5	251.1	248.6	247.8	248.8	243.3		
Transfers under U.S. military agency sales contracts	13.2	16.1	17.2	17.7	14.9	16.7	14.6	15.4		
Travel	62.9	64.0	64.9	64.1	62.8	62.5	62.7	57.4		
Passenger fares Other transportation	18.6 25.5	19.7 26.3	19.1 26.3	19.3 26.3	20.4 26.6	20.3 26.4	21.2 26.2	19.1 27.0		
Royalties and license fees	29.9	30.2	30.2	30.7	29.9	29.5	30.2	30.4		
Other private services Other	65.7 16.2	75.0 16.1	74.1 16.1	77.3 16.1	78.2 16.1	76.7 16.2	78.3 16.2	78.5 16.2		
Residual	-28.1	-56.8	-55.9	-65.1	-62.4	-57.1	-59.2	-63.3		
Imports of goods and	1			1						
	074.0	4 400 4	4 005 0	4 400 5	4 447 0	4 400 4		4 007 5		
services		1,106.1 945.7		1,130.5 966.7			1,217.3 1.048.8			
services Imports of goods 1 Foods, feeds, and beverages	971.2 824.7 32.3	1,106.1 945.7 35.5	1,095.2 937.4 35.3	1,130.5 966.7 36.3			1, 217.3 1, 048.8 38.3			
Imports of goods I	824.7	945.7	937.4	966.7	981.8	1,021.0	1,048.8	1,060.3		
Imports of goods ¹ Foods, feeds, and beverages Industrial supplies and materials, except petroleum and products	824.7 32.3 114.2	945.7 35.5 123.7	937.4 35.3 123.0	966.7 36.3 125.9	981.8 36.3 127.3	1,021.0 38.2 132.8	1,048.8 38.3 137.3	1,060.3 37.9 141.5		
services Imports of goods 1	824.7 32.3 114.2 57.3	945.7 35.5 123.7 61.8	937.4 35.3 123.0 61.2	966.7 36.3 125.9 62.4	981.8 36.3 127.3 64.5	1,021.0 38.2 132.8 67.2	1,048.8 38.3 137.3 71.4	1,060.3 37.9 141.5 74.1		
Imports of goods ¹ Foods, feeds, and beverages Industrial supplies and materials, except petroleum and products Durable goods Nondurable goods Petroleum and products	824.7 32.3 114.2	945.7 35.5 123.7	937.4 35.3 123.0	966.7 36.3 125.9	981.8 36.3 127.3	1,021.0 38.2 132.8	1,048.8 38.3 137.3 71.4 65.6	1,060.3 37.9 141.5		
services Imports of goods 1 Foods, feeds, and beverages Industrial supplies and materials, except petroleum and products Durable goods Nondurable goods Petroleum and products Capital goods, except	824.7 32.3 114.2 57.3 56.8 63.8	945.7 35.5 123.7 61.8 61.8 66.7	937.4 35.3 123.0 61.2 61.7 68.1	966.7 36.3 125.9 62.4 63.5 69.1	981.8 36.3 127.3 64.5 62.7 66.9	1,021.0 38.2 132.8 67.2 65.6 68.3	1,048.8 38.3 137.3 71.4 65.6 74.5	1,060.3 37.9 141.5 74.1 67.2 72.7		
Imports of goods ¹ Foods, feeds, and beverages industrial supplies and materials, except petroleum and products Durable goods Nondurable goods Petroleum and products Capital goods, except automotive Civilian aircraft, engines,	824.7 32.3 114.2 57.3 56.8 63.8 296.6	945.7 35.5 123.7 61.8 61.8 66.7 373.3	937.4 35.3 123.0 61.2 61.7 68.1 367.0	966.7 36.3 125.9 62.4 63.5 69.1 385.0	981.8 36.3 127.3 64.5 62.7 66.9 396.7	1,021.0 38.2 132.8 67.2 65.6 68.3 413.6	1,048.8 38.3 137.3 71.4 65.6 74.5 424.7	141.5 74.1 67.2 72.7 431.3		
services Imports of goods 1 Foods, feeds, and beverages industrial supplies and materials, except petroleum and products Durable goods Nondurable goods Petroleum and products Capital goods, except automotive Civilian aircraft, engines, and parts	824.7 32.3 114.2 57.3 56.8 63.8	945.7 35.5 123.7 61.8 61.8 66.7	937.4 35.3 123.0 61.2 61.7 68.1	966.7 36.3 125.9 62.4 63.5 69.1	981.8 36.3 127.3 64.5 62.7 66.9	1,021.0 38.2 132.8 67.2 65.6 68.3	1,048.8 38.3 137.3 71.4 65.6 74.5	1,060.3 37.9 141.5 74.1 67.2 72.7		
Imports of goods ¹ Foods, feeds, and beverages industrial supplies and materials, except petroleum and products Durable goods Nondurable goods Petroleum and products Capital goods, except automotive Civilian aircraft, engines, and parts Computers, peripherals, and parts	824.7 32.3 114.2 57.3 56.8 63.8 296.6 11.2 121.8	945.7 35.5 123.7 61.8 61.8 66.7 373.3 14.1 163.5	937.4 35.3 123.0 61.2 61.7 68.1 367.0 13.3 160.8	966.7 36.3 125.9 62.4 63.5 69.1 385.0 16.1 171.9	981.8 36.3 127.3 64.5 62.7 66.9 396.7 15.2 173.1	1,021.0 38.2 132.8 67.2 65.6 68.3 413.6 15.0 187.9	1,048.8 38.3 137.3 71.4 65.6 74.5 424.7 18.8 197.7	1,060.3 37.9 141.5 74.1 67.2 72.7 431.3 19.1 201.0		
services Imports of goods 1 Foods, feeds, and beverages industrial supplies and materials, except petroleum and products Durable goods Nondurable goods Petroleum and products Capital goods, except automotive Civilian aircraft, engines, and parts Computers, peripherals, and parts Other	824.7 32.3 114.2 57.3 56.8 63.8 296.6 11.2	945.7 35.5 123.7 61.8 61.8 66.7 373.3	937.4 35.3 123.0 61.2 61.7 68.1 367.0	966.7 36.3 125.9 62.4 63.5 69.1 385.0 16.1	981.8 36.3 127.3 64.5 62.7 66.9 396.7 15.2	1,021.0 38.2 132.8 67.2 65.6 68.3 413.6	1,048.8 38.3 137.3 71.4 65.6 74.5 424.7 18.8	1,060.3 37.9 141.5 74.1 67.2 72.7 431.3 19.1		
Imports of goods ¹ Foods, feeds, and beverages industrial supplies and materials, except petroleum and products Durable goods Nondurable goods Petroleum and products Capital goods, except automotive Civilian aircraft, engines, and parts Computers, peripherals, and parts Other Automotive vehicles, engines, and parts	824.7 32.3 114.2 57.3 56.8 63.8 296.6 11.2 121.8	945.7 35.5 123.7 61.8 61.8 66.7 373.3 14.1 163.5	937.4 35.3 123.0 61.2 61.7 68.1 367.0 13.3 160.8	966.7 36.3 125.9 62.4 63.5 69.1 385.0 16.1 171.9	981.8 36.3 127.3 64.5 62.7 66.9 396.7 15.2 173.1	1,021.0 38.2 132.8 67.2 65.6 68.3 413.6 15.0 187.9	1,048.8 38.3 137.3 71.4 65.6 74.5 424.7 18.8 197.7	1,060.3 37.9 141.5 74.1 67.2 72.7 431.3 19.1 201.0		
services Imports of goods 1 Foods, feeds, and beverages industrial supplies and materials, except petroleum and products Durable goods Nondurable goods Petroleum and products Capital goods, except automotive Civilian aircraft, engines, and parts Computers, peripherals, and parts Other Automotive vehicles, engines, and parts Consumer goods, except	824.7 32.3 114.2 57.3 56.8 63.8 296.6 11.2 121.8 177.5	945.7 35.5 123.7 61.8 61.8 66.7 373.3 14.1 163.5 217.6 129.4	937.4 35.3 123.0 61.2 61.7 68.1 367.0 13.3 160.8 214.8 128.2	966.7 36.3 125.9 62.4 63.5 69.1 385.0 16.1 171.9 220.2 130.2	981.8 36.3 127.3 64.5 62.7 66.9 396.7 15.2 173.1 231.1	1,021.0 38.2 132.8 67.2 65.6 68.3 413.6 15.0 187.9 238.5	1,048.8 38.3 137.3 71.4 65.6 74.5 424.7 18.8 197.7 237.2 133.9	1,060.3 37.9 141.5 74.1 67.2 72.7 431.3 19.1 201.0 240.7 130.5		
Imports of goods 1 Foods, feeds, and beverages industrial supplies and materials, except petroleum and products Durable goods Nondurable goods Petroleum and products Capital goods, except automotive Civilian aircraft, engines, and parts Computers, peripherals, and parts Other Automotive vehicles, engines, and parts Consumer goods, except automotive Durable goods	824.7 32.3 114.2 57.3 56.8 63.8 296.6 11.2 121.8 177.5 118.8 165.4 86.7	945.7 35.5 123.7 61.8 61.8 66.7 373.3 14.1 163.5 217.6 129.4 188.8 97.7	937.4 35.3 123.0 61.2 61.7 68.1 367.0 13.3 160.8 214.8 128.2 187.3 96.9	966.7 36.3 125.9 62.4 63.5 69.1 385.0 16.1 171.9 220.2 130.2 191.9	981.8 36.3 127.3 64.5 62.7 66.9 396.7 15.2 173.1 129.1 198.6 102.9	1,021.0 38.2 132.8 67.2 65.6 68.3 413.6 15.0 187.9 238.5 135.5 206.3 107.8	1,048.8 38.3 137.3 71.4 65.6 74.5 424.7 18.8 197.7 237.2 133.9 215.5 113.4	1,060.3 37.9 141.5 74.1 67.2 72.7 431.3 19.1 201.0 240.7 130.5 216.9 114.2		
services Imports of goods 1 Foods, feeds, and beverages industrial supplies and materials, except petroleum and products Durable goods Nondurable goods Petroleum and products Capital goods, except automotive Civilian aircraft, engines, and parts Computers, peripherals, and parts Other Automotive vehicles, engines, and parts Consumer goods, except automotive Durable goods Nondurable goods	824.7 32.3 114.2 57.3 56.8 63.8 296.6 11.2 121.8 177.5 118.8 165.4 86.7 78.7	945.7 35.5 123.7 61.8 61.8 66.7 373.3 14.1 163.5 217.6 129.4 188.8 97.7 91.1	937.4 35.3 123.0 61.2 61.7 68.1 367.0 13.3 160.8 214.8 128.2 187.3 96.9 90.3	966.7 36.3 125.9 62.4 63.5 69.1 385.0 16.1 171.9 220.2 130.2 191.9 99.0 92.8	981.8 36.3 127.3 64.5 62.7 66.9 396.7 15.2 173.1 129.1 198.6 102.9 95.7	1,021.0 38.2 132.8 67.2 65.6 68.3 413.6 15.0 187.9 238.5 135.5 206.3 107.8 98.5	1,048.8 38.3 137.3 71.4 65.6 74.5 424.7 18.8 197.7 237.2 133.9 215.5 113.4 102.2	1,060.3 37.9 141.5 74.1 67.2 72.7 431.3 19.1 201.0 240.7 130.5 216.9 114.2 102.8		
services Imports of goods 1 Foods, feeds, and beverages industrial supplies and materials, except petroleum and products Durable goods Nondurable goods Petroleum and products Capital goods, except automotive Civilian aircraft, engines, and parts Computers, peripherals, and parts Other Automotive vehicles, engines, and parts Consumer goods, except automotive Durable goods Nondurable goods Other Durable goods	824.7 32.3 114.2 57.3 56.8 63.8 296.6 11.2 121.8 177.5 118.8 165.4 86.7 78.7 43.0 21.5	945.7 35.5 123.7 61.8 61.8 66.7 373.3 14.1 163.5 217.6 129.4 188.8 97.7 91.1 49.9 24.9	937.4 35.3 123.0 61.2 61.7 68.1 367.0 13.3 160.8 214.8 128.2 187.3 96.9 90.3 49.0 24.5	966.7 36.3 125.9 62.4 63.5 69.1 385.0 16.1 171.9 220.2 130.2 191.9 99.0 92.8 51.9 25.9	981.8 36.3 127.3 64.5 62.7 66.9 396.7 15.2 173.1 129.1 198.6 102.9 95.7 52.8 26.4	1,021.0 38.2 132.8 67.2 65.6 68.3 413.6 15.0 187.9 238.5 107.8 98.5 53.4 26.7	1,048.8 38.3 71.4 65.6 74.5 424.7 18.8 197.7 237.2 133.9 215.5 113.4 102.2 53.9 27.0	141.5 74.1 67.2 72.7 431.3 19.1 201.0 240.7 130.5 216.9 114.2 102.8 59.1 29.6		
services Imports of goods 1 Foods, feeds, and beverages industrial supplies and materials, except petroleum and products Durable goods Nondurable goods Petroleum and products Capital goods, except automotive Civilian aircraft, engines, and parts Computers, peripherals, and parts Other Automotive vehicles, engines, and parts Consumer goods, except automotive Durable goods Nondurable goods	824.7 32.3 114.2 57.3 56.8 63.8 296.6 11.2 121.8 177.5 118.8 165.4 86.7 78.7 43.0 21.5 21.5	945.7 35.5 123.7 61.8 61.8 66.7 373.3 14.1 163.5 217.6 129.4 188.8 97.7 91.1 49.9 24.9 24.9	937.4 35.3 123.0 61.2 61.7 68.1 367.0 13.3 160.8 214.8 128.2 187.3 96.9 90.3 49.0 24.5 24.5	966.7 36.3 125.9 62.4 63.5 69.1 385.0 16.1 171.9 220.2 130.2 191.9 99.0 92.8 51.9 25.9	981.8 36.3 127.3 64.5 62.7 66.9 396.7 15.2 173.1 129.1 198.6 102.9 95.7 52.8 26.4	1,021.0 38.2 132.8 67.2 65.6 68.3 413.6 15.0 187.9 238.5 135.5 206.3 107.8 98.5 53.4 26.7 26.7	1,048.8 38.3 137.3 71.4 65.6 74.5 424.7 18.8 197.7 237.2 133.9 215.5 113.4 102.2 53.9 27.0 27.0	1,060.3 37.9 141.5 74.1 67.2 72.7 431.3 19.1 201.0 240.7 130.5 216.9 114.2 102.8 59.1 29.6		
services Imports of goods 1 Foods, feeds, and beverages industrial supplies and materials, except petroleum and products Durable goods Nondurable goods Petroleum and products Capital goods, except automotive Civilian aircraft, engines, and parts Computers, peripherals, and parts Other Automotive vehicles, engines, and parts Consumer goods, except automotive Durable goods Nondurable goods Nondurable goods Nondurable goods Imports of services 1	824.7 32.3 114.2 57.3 56.8 63.8 296.6 11.2 121.8 177.5 118.8 165.4 86.7 78.7 43.0 21.5	945.7 35.5 123.7 61.8 61.8 66.7 373.3 14.1 163.5 217.6 129.4 188.8 97.7 91.1 49.9 24.9	937.4 35.3 123.0 61.2 61.7 68.1 367.0 13.3 160.8 214.8 128.2 187.3 96.9 90.3 49.0 24.5	966.7 36.3 125.9 62.4 63.5 69.1 385.0 16.1 171.9 220.2 191.9 99.0 92.8 51.9 25.9 25.9 165.2	981.8 36.3 127.3 64.5 62.7 66.9 396.7 15.2 173.1 129.1 198.6 102.9 95.7 52.8 26.4 167.5	1,021.0 38.2 132.8 67.2 65.6 68.3 413.6 15.0 187.9 238.5 135.5 206.3 107.8 98.5 53.4 26.7 171.3	1,048.8 38.3 71.4 65.6 74.5 424.7 18.8 197.7 237.2 133.9 215.5 113.4 102.2 53.9 27.0 171.0	1,060.3 37.9 141.5 74.1 67.2 72.7 431.3 19.1 201.0 240.7 130.5 216.9 114.2 102.8 59.1 29.6 170.1		
services Imports of goods 1 Foods, feeds, and beverages industrial supplies and materials, except petroleum and products Durable goods Nondurable goods Petroleum and products Capital goods, except automotive Civilian aircraft, engines, and parts Computers, peripherals, and parts Other Automotive vehicles, engines, and parts Consumer goods, except automotive Durable goods Nondurable goods Nondurable goods Nondurable goods Imports of services 1 Direct defense expenditures Travel	824.7 32.3 114.2 57.3 56.8 63.8 296.6 11.2 121.8 177.5 118.8 165.4 86.7 78.7 43.0 21.5 21.5 10.3 10.3 13.9	945.7 35.5 123.7 61.8 66.7 373.3 14.1 163.5 217.6 129.4 188.8 97.7 91.1 49.9 24.9 161.8 11.6 47.2	937.4 35.3 123.0 61.2 61.7 68.1 367.0 13.3 160.8 214.8 128.2 187.3 96.9 90.3 49.0 24.5 24.5 159.2 10.8 46.5	966.7 36.3 125.9 62.4 63.5 69.1 385.0 16.1 171.9 220.2 130.2 191.9 99.0 92.8 51.9 25.9 25.9 25.9 25.9 47.6	981.8 36.3 127.3 64.5 62.7 66.9 396.7 15.2 173.1 129.1 198.6 102.9 95.7 52.8 26.4 26.4 167.5 12.6 48.4	1,021.0 38.2 132.8 67.2 65.6 68.3 413.6 15.0 187.9 238.5 135.5 206.3 107.8 98.5 53.4 26.7 26.7 171.3 13.7 50.6	1,048.8 38.3 137.3 71.4 65.6 74.5 424.7 18.8 197.7 237.2 133.9 215.5 113.4 102.2 53.9 27.0 27.0 171.0 13.1 150.7	1,060.3 37.9 141.5 74.1 67.2 72.7 431.3 19.1 201.0 240.7 130.5 216.9 114.2 102.8 59.1 29.6 29.6 170.1 12.7 50.8		
services Imports of goods 1 Foods, feeds, and beverages industrial supplies and materials, except petroleum and products Durable goods Nondurable goods Petroleum and products Capital goods, except automotive Civilian aircraft, engines, and parts Computers, peripherals, and parts Other Automotive vehicles, engines, and parts Consumer goods, except automotive Durable goods Nondurable goods Nondurable goods Nondurable goods Imports of services 1 Direct defense expenditures Travel Passenger fares	824.7 32.3 114.2 57.3 56.8 63.8 296.6 11.2 121.8 177.5 118.8 165.4 86.7 78.7 43.0 21.5 21.5 147.3 10.3 43.9 15.0	945.7 35.5 123.7 61.8 61.8 66.7 373.3 14.1 163.5 217.6 129.4 188.8 97.7 91.1 49.9 24.9 161.8 11.6 47.2 16.3	937.4 35.3 123.0 61.2 61.7 68.1 367.0 13.3 160.8 214.8 128.2 187.3 96.9 90.3 49.0 24.5 24.5 159.2 10.8	966.7 36.3 125.9 62.4 63.5 69.1 385.0 16.1 171.9 220.2 191.9 99.0 92.8 51.9 25.9 165.2 147.6 16.6	981.8 36.3 127.3 64.5 62.7 66.9 396.7 15.2 173.1 129.1 198.6 102.9 95.7 52.8 26.4 167.5 12.6 48.4 16.2	1,021.0 38.2 132.8 67.2 65.6 68.3 413.6 15.0 187.9 238.5 107.8 98.5 53.4 26.7 171.3 13.7 50.6 16.3	1,048.8 38.3 71.4 65.6 67.4.5 424.7 18.8 197.7 237.2 133.9 215.5 113.4 102.2 53.9 27.0 171.0 150.7 16.4	1,060.3 37.9 141.5 74.1 67.2 72.7 431.3 19.1 201.0 240.7 130.5 216.9 114.2 102.8 59.1 29.6 170.1 12.7 50.8 15.8		
services Imports of goods 1 Foods, feeds, and beverages Industrial supplies and materials, except petroleum and products Durable goods Nondurable goods Petroleum and products Capital goods, except automotive Civilian aircraft, engines, and parts Computers, peripherals, and parts Other Automotive vehicles, engines, and parts Consumer goods, except automotive Durable goods Nondurable goods Nondurable goods Imports of services 1 Direct defense expenditures Travel Passenger fares Other transportation Royalties and license fees	824.7 32.3 114.2 57.3 56.8 63.8 296.6 11.2 121.8 177.5 118.8 165.4 86.7 78.7 43.0 21.5 21.5 10.3 10.3 10.3 10.3 10.3 10.3 10.3 10.3	945.7 35.5 123.7 61.8 66.7 373.3 14.1 163.5 217.6 129.4 188.8 97.7 91.1 49.9 24.9 161.8 11.6 47.2 16.3 28.1	937.4 35.3 123.0 61.2 61.7 68.1 367.0 13.3 160.8 214.8 128.2 187.3 96.9 90.3 49.0 24.5 24.5 159.2 16.6 28.3 7.8	966.7 36.3 125.9 62.4 63.5 69.1 385.0 16.1 171.9 220.2 130.2 191.9 99.0 92.8 51.9 25.9 25.9 165.2 147.6 16.6 28.1 9.2	981.8 36.3 127.3 64.5 62.7 66.9 396.7 15.2 173.1 129.1 198.6 102.9 95.7 52.8 26.4 167.5 12.6 48.4 16.2 29.0 9.2	1,021.0 38.2 132.8 67.2 65.6 68.3 413.6 15.0 187.9 238.5 135.5 206.3 107.8 98.5 53.4 26.7 26.7 171.3 13.7 50.6 16.3 28.9 10.3	1,048.8 38.3 137.3 71.4 65.6 74.5 424.7 18.8 197.7 237.2 133.9 215.5 113.4 102.2 53.9 27.0 27.0 171.0 150.7 16.4 29.1	1,060.3 37.9 141.5 74.1 67.2 72.7 431.3 19.1 201.0 240.7 130.5 216.9 114.2 102.8 59.1 129.6 29.6 170.1 15.8 29.8 15.8 29.8		
services Imports of goods 1 Foods, feeds, and beverages industrial supplies and materials, except petroleum and products Durable goods Nondurable goods Petroleum and products Capital goods, except automotive Civilian aircraft, engines, and parts Computers, peripherals, and parts Other Automotive vehicles, engines, and parts Consumer goods, except automotive Durable goods Nondurable goods Other Durable goods Nondurable goods Imports of services 1 Direct defense expenditures Travel Passenger fares Other transportation Royalties and license fees Other private services	114.2 57.3 56.8 63.8 296.6 11.2 121.8 177.5 118.8 165.4 86.7 78.7 43.0 21.5 21.5 147.3 10.3 43.9 15.0 26.1 7.2 39.0	945.7 35.5 123.7 61.8 66.7 373.3 14.1 163.5 217.6 129.4 188.8 97.7 91.1 49.9 24.9 161.8 11.6 47.2 16.3 28.1 8.1 8.4 44.1	937.4 35.3 123.0 61.2 61.7 68.1 367.0 13.3 160.8 214.8 128.2 187.3 96.9 90.3 49.0 24.5 24.5 159.2 10.8 46.6 28.3 7.8 43.2	966.7 36.3 125.9 62.4 63.5 69.1 385.0 16.1 171.9 220.2 130.2 191.9 92.8 51.9 25.9 165.2 147.6 16.6 28.1 92.4 45.4	981.8 36.3 64.57 66.9 396.7 15.2 173.1.1 129.1 198.6 102.9 95.7 526.4 26.4 167.5 12.6 48.4 16.2 29.0 9.5 9.5 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10	1,021.0 38.2 132.8 67.2 65.6 68.3 413.6 15.0 187.9 238.5 135.5 206.3 107.8 98.5 53.4 26.7 717.3 13.7 50.6 16.3 28.9 10.3 28.9 10.3 45.3	1,048.8 38.3 137.3 71.4 65.6 74.5 424.7 18.8 197.7 237.2 133.9 215.5 113.4 102.2 53.9 27.0 171.0 150.7 16.4 29.1 8.9 46.7	1,060.3 37.9 141.5 74.1 67.2 72.7 431.3 19.1 201.0 240.7 130.5 216.9 114.2 102.8 59.1 29.6 170.1 127.7 50.8 15.8 29.1 8.9 46.6		
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Imports of goods 1 Foods, feeds, and beverages industrial supplies and materials, except petroleum and products Durable goods Nondurable goods Petroleum and products Capital goods, except automotive Civilian aircraft, engines, and parts Computers, peripherals, and parts Other Automotive vehicles, engines, and parts Consumer goods, except automotive Durable goods Nondurable goods Nondurable goods Nondurable goods Imports of services 1 Direct defense expenditures Travel Passenger fares Other transportation Royalties and license fees Other private services Other Residual Addenda:	824.7 32.3 114.2 57.3 56.8 63.8 296.6 11.2 121.8 177.5 118.8 165.4 86.7 78.7 43.0 21.5 21.5 147.3 10.3 10.3 10.3 10.3 10.3 10.3 10.3 10	945.7 35.5 123.7 61.8 66.7 373.3 14.1 163.5 217.6 129.4 188.8 97.7 91.1 49.9 24.9 161.8 11.6 47.2 16.3 28.1 8.4 44.1 6.3 44.9	937.4 35.3 123.0 61.2 61.7 68.1 367.0 13.3 160.8 214.8 128.2 187.3 96.9 90.3 49.0 24.5 24.5 159.2 10.8 46.5 16.6 28.3 7.8 43.2 6.2 43.8	966.7 36.3 125.9 62.4 63.5 69.1 385.0 16.1 171.9 220.2 130.2 191.9 99.0 92.8 51.9 25.9 25.9 165.2 147.6 16.6 28.1 9.2 45.4 6.5 48.4	981.8 36.3 127.3 64.5 62.7 66.9 396.7 15.2 173.1 129.1 198.6 102.9 95.7 52.8 26.4 167.5 12.6 48.4 16.2 29.0 9.2 46.1 6.4 -50.4	1,021.0 38.2 132.8 67.2 65.6 68.3 413.6 15.0 187.9 238.5 135.5 206.3 107.8 98.5 53.4 26.7 26.7 171.3 13.7 50.6 16.3 28.9 10.3 45.3 6.5 -57.1	1,048.8 38.3 137.3 71.4 65.6 74.5 424.7 18.8 197.7 237.2 133.9 215.5 113.4 102.2 53.9 27.0 27.0 171.0 150.7 16.4 29.1 8.9 46.7 6.5 -61.1	1,060.3 37.9 141.5 74.1 67.2 72.7 431.3 19.1 201.0 240.7 130.5 216.9 114.2 102.8 59.1 12.7 50.8 15.8 29.6 6.6 6.6 6.6		
services Imports of goods 1 Foods, feeds, and beverages industrial supplies and materials, except petroleum and products Durable goods Nondurable goods Petroleum and products Capital goods, except automotive Civilian aircraft, engines, and parts Computers, peripherals, and parts Other Automotive vehicles, engines, and parts Durable goods Nondurable goods Nondurable goods Nondurable goods Nondurable goods Imports of services 1 Direct defense expenditures Travel Passenger fares Other transportation Royalties and license fees Other Residual Addenda: Exports of agricultural goods 2	824.7 32.3 114.2 57.3 56.8 63.8 296.6 11.2 121.8 177.5 118.8 165.4 86.7 78.7 78.7 743.0 21.5 21.5 21.5 21.5 21.5 21.5 21.5 21.5	945.7 35.5 123.7 61.8 66.7 373.3 14.1 163.5 217.6 129.4 188.8 97.7 91.1 49.9 24.9 24.9 24.9 24.9 24.9 24.9 24.9	937.4 35.3 123.0 61.2 61.7 68.1 367.0 13.3 160.8 214.8 128.2 187.3 96.9 90.3 49.0 24.5 24.5 24.5 10.8 46.5 11.8 11.8 11.8 11.8 11.8 11.8 11.8 11	966.7 36.3 125.9 62.4 63.5 69.1 385.0 16.1 171.9 220.2 130.2 191.9 92.8 51.9 25.9 25.9 25.9 25.9 25.9 25.9 25.9 25	981.8 36.3 127.3 64.5 62.7 66.9 396.7 15.2 173.1 129.1 198.6 102.9 95.7 52.8 26.4 26.4 26.4 167.5 12.6 48.4 16.6 16.4	1,021.0 38.2 132.8 67.2 65.6 68.3 413.6 15.0 187.9 238.5 107.8 98.5 53.4 26.7 26.7 771.3 13.7 50.6 163.9 10.3 45.3 45.5 6.5	1,048.8 38.3 71.4 65.6 74.5 424.7 18.8 197.7 237.2 133.9 215.5 113.4 102.2 53.9 27.0 27.0 27.0 171.0 150.7 16.5 46.7 6.5	1,060.3 37.9 141.5 74.1 67.2 72.7 431.3 19.1 201.0 240.7 130.5 216.9 114.2 102.8 59.1 29.6 29.6 29.6 170.1 12.7 50.8 15.8 15.8 15.8 19.1 8.9 46.6 6.6		
Imports of goods 1 Foods, feeds, and beverages industrial supplies and materials, except petroleum and products Durable goods Nondurable goods Petroleum and products Capital goods, except automotive Civilian aircraft, engines, and parts Computers, peripherals, and parts Other Automotive vehicles, engines, and parts Consumer goods, except automotive Durable goods Nondurable goods Nondurable goods Nondurable goods Imports of services 1 Direct defense expenditures Travel Passenger fares Other transportation Royalties and license fees Other private services Other Residual Addenda: Exports of agricultural goods 2 Exports of nonagricultural	824.7 32.3 114.2 57.3 56.8 63.8 296.6 11.2 121.8 177.5 118.8 165.4 86.7 78.7 43.0 21.5 21.5 147.3 10.3 10.3 10.3 10.3 10.3 10.3 10.3 10	945.7 35.5 123.7 61.8 66.7 373.3 14.1 163.5 217.6 129.4 188.8 97.7 91.1 49.9 24.9 161.8 11.6 47.2 16.3 28.1 8.4 44.1 6.3 44.9	937.4 35.3 123.0 61.2 61.7 68.1 367.0 13.3 160.8 214.8 128.2 187.3 96.9 90.3 49.0 24.5 24.5 159.2 10.8 46.5 16.6 28.3 7.8 43.2 6.2 43.8	966.7 36.3 125.9 62.4 63.5 69.1 385.0 16.1 171.9 220.2 130.2 191.9 99.0 92.8 51.9 25.9 25.9 165.2 147.6 16.6 28.1 9.2 45.4 6.5 48.4	981.8 36.3 127.3 64.5 62.7 66.9 396.7 15.2 173.1 129.1 198.6 102.9 95.7 52.8 26.4 167.5 12.6 48.4 16.2 29.0 9.2 46.1 6.4 -50.4	1,021.0 38.2 132.8 67.2 65.6 68.3 413.6 15.0 187.9 238.5 135.5 206.3 107.8 98.5 53.4 26.7 26.7 171.3 13.7 50.6 16.3 28.9 10.3 45.3 6.5 -57.1	1,048.8 38.3 137.3 71.4 65.6 74.5 424.7 18.8 197.7 237.2 133.9 215.5 113.4 102.2 53.9 27.0 27.0 171.0 150.7 16.4 29.1 8.9 46.7 6.5 -61.1	1,060.3 37.9 141.5 74.1 67.2 72.7 431.3 19.1 201.0 240.7 130.5 216.9 114.2 102.8 59.1 12.7 50.8 15.8 29.6 6.6 6.6 6.6		
Imports of goods 1 Foods, feeds, and beverages industrial supplies and materials, except petroleum and products. Durable goods Nondurable goods Petroleum and products Capital goods, except automotive Civilian aircraft, engines, and parts Computers, peripherals, and parts Other Automotive vehicles, engines, and parts Consumer goods, except automotive Unrable goods Nondurable goods Imports of services 1 Direct defense expenditures Travel Passenger fares Other transportation Royalties and license fees Other Private services Other Residual Addenda: Exports of agricultural goods 2 Exports of nonagricultural	824.7 32.3 114.2 57.3 56.8 63.8 296.6 11.2 121.8 177.5 118.8 165.4 86.7 78.7 43.0 21.5 21.5 21.5 21.5 21.5 21.5 21.5 21.5	945.7 35.5 123.7 61.8 66.7 373.3 14.1 163.5 217.6 129.4 188.8 97.7 91.1 49.9 24.9 24.9 16.8 11.6 47.2 163.3 28.1 6.3 44.3 49.3	937.4 35.3 123.0 61.2 61.7 68.1 367.0 13.3 160.8 214.8 128.2 187.3 96.9 90.3 49.0 24.5 24.5 10.8 46.5 110.8 46.5 46.5 46.5 46.5 46.5 46.5 46.5 46.5	966.7 36.3 125.9 62.4 63.5 69.1 385.0 16.1 171.9 220.2 130.2 191.9 99.0 92.8 16.5 12.2 47.6 12.2 47.6 12.2 45.4 6.5 48.4	981.8 36.3 64.5 62.7 66.9 396.7 15.2 173.1 129.1 198.6 102.9 95.7 126.4 167.5 12.6 48.4 162.9 9.2 46.1 6.4 16.4 16.4 16.4 16.4 16.5 16.4 16.4 16.4 16.4 16.4 16.4 16.4 16.4	1,021.0 38.2 67.2 65.6 68.3 413.6 15.0 187.9 238.5 135.5 206.3 107.8 98.5 53.4 26.7 26.7 26.7 26.7 26.7 50.6 16.3 45.3 6.5 -57.1 50.9	1,048.8 38.3 71.4 65.6 74.5 424.7 18.8 197.7 237.2 133.9 215.5 113.4 102.2 53.9 27.0 27.0 171.0 150.7 16.4 29.1 8.9 46.7 6.5 -61.1	1,060.3 37.9 141.5 74.1 67.2 72.7 431.3 19.1 201.0 240.7 130.5 216.9 114.2 102.8 59.1 12.7 50.8 150.8 150.8 150.8 150.8 150.8 150.8 160.6 66.6 66.6		

Note.—Chained (1992) dollar series are calculated as the product of the chain-type quantity index and the 1992 current-dollar value of the corresponding series, divided by 100. Because the formula for the chain-type quantity indexes uses weights of more than one period, the corresponding chained-dollar estimates are usually not additive. The residual line following the detail for exports of goods and services" and the sum of the detailed lines for exports of goods and export of services. The residual line following the detail for imports is the difference between the aggregate "imports of goods and services" and the detailed lines for imports of goods and imports of services. Chain-type quantity indexes for the series in this table appear in table 7.10. See footnotes to table 4.3.

5. Saving and Investment_____

Table 5.1.—Gross Saving and Investment [Billions of dollars]

			5	Seasonal	ly adjust	ed at an	nual rate	es
	1996	1997		1997			1998	
			11	III	IV	I	ii	111
Gross saving	1,274.5	1,406.3	1,416.3	1,427.0	1,428.0	1,482.5	1,448.5	Ī
Gross private saving Personal saving Undistributed corporate profits with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments Undistributed profits Inventory valuation adjustment Capital consumption adjustment Corporate consumption of fixed capital Noncorporate consumption of fixed capital Wage accruals less disbursements	1,114.5 158.5 262.4 192.3 -1.2 71.4 452.0 232.3 9.3	121.0 296.7 213.2 6.9 76.6 477.3 242.8	151.9 299.0 213.2 10.3 75.5 473.7	98.5 311.5 229.5 4.8 77.2 480.8	98.2 295.0	201.8 25.3 84.9 492.5	25.6 300.9 203.7 7.8 89.4 497.8 250.7	96.8 503. 253.6
Gross government saving Federal Consumption of fixed capital Current surplus or deficit (—), national income and product accounts State and local Consumption of fixed capital Current surplus or deficit (—), national income and product accounts	160.0 -39.6 70.6 -110.3 199.6 77.1 122.6	264.7 49.5 70.6 –21.1 215.2 81.1 134.1	246.9 36.1 70.9 -34.8 210.7 80.6 130.1	288.0 70.0 70.3 -3 218.0 81.4 136.6	2.2 224.1 82.7	128.7	74.4 225.6 84.3	69.6
Capital grants received by the United States (net)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gross investment	1,242.3	1,350.5	1,368.6	1,361.9	1,360.7	1,428.4	1,362.7	
Gross private domestic investment	1,131.9 229.7 -119.2	235.4	1,259.9 232.6 -123.9	237.3	236.5		232.5	238.9
Statistical discrepancy	-32.2	-55.8	-47.7	-65.1	-67.3	-54.1	-85.7	
Addendum: Gross saving as a percentage of gross national product	16.6	17.4	17.6	17.5	17.3	17.7	17.2	

Table 5.4.—Private Fixed Investment by Type [Billions of dollars]

		1	Seasonally adjusted at annual rates						
	1996	1997		1997			1998		
			11	(11	IV	-	11	HI	
Private fixed investment	1,099.8	1,188.6	1,176.4	1,211.1	1,220.1	1,271.1	1,305.8	1,303.0	
Nonresidential	787.9	860.7	850.5	882.3	882.8	921.3	941.9	931.1	
Structures	216.9	240.2	234.3	243.8	246.4	245.0	245.4	241.7	
Nonresidential buildings, including farm Utilities Mining exploration, shafts,	160.9 31.7		172.9 33.4	180.0 34.1	178.9 34.1	180.6 34.2	181.8 34.7	178.7 35.1	
and wellsOther structures	18.1 6.2	22.7 6.7	22.2 5.8		24.3 9.2	23.5 6.6	22.4 6.5	21.5 6.4	
Producers' durable equipment Information processing and	571.0	620.5	616.2	638.5	636.4	676.3	696.6	689.4	
related equipment Computers and	189.4	206.6	202.6	213.0	213.6	226.5	231.6	233.5	
peripheral equipment ¹ Other	74.4 114.9 131.7	81.1 125.5 138.6	79.9 122.7 138.9	84.0 129.0 140.7	83.7 129.9 142.1	91.8 134.7 145.4	94.8 136.8 146.8	94.0 139.5 148.1	
equipment	137.2 112.7	152.0 123.3	151.9 122.8	158.8 126.0	155.9 124.8	172.4 132.0	181.2 137.0	168.9 138.9	
Residential	311.8	327.9	325.9	328.8	337.4	349.8	363.8	372.0	
Structures Single family Multifamily Other structures	304.3 159.1 20.3 124.8	319.9 164.4 22.6 132.8	317.9 163.5 22.7 131.8	320.8 164.0 22.0 134.7	329.4 168.7 23.8 136.8	341.5 175.8 25.1 140.6	355.4 183.8 23.5 148.1	363.4 190.0 22.7 150.7	
Producers' durable equipment	7.6	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.3	8.5	8.5	

^{1.} Includes new computers and peripheral equipment only.

Table 5.5.—Real Private Fixed Investment by Type [Billions of chained (1992) dollars]

			s	easonal	y adjust	ed at an	ed at annual rates		
	1996	1997		1997			1998		
			ļ!	111	IV	Ι	11	101	
Private fixed investment	1,050.6	1,138.0	1,127.0	1,159.3	1,169.5	1,224.9	1,264.1	1,267.8	
Nonresidential	776.6	859.4	848.2	882.2	886.2	931.9	960.4	958.1	
Structures	189.7	203.2	199.3	205.2	205.7	203.1	201.9	198.6	
including farm Utilities	141.0 27.8	150.5 28.7	147.8 28.6		149.5 29.2		149.8 29.5		
Mining exploration, shafts, and wells Other structures	15.3 5.5	17.9 5.8	17.6 5.1	18.6 5.2	18.9 7.8				
Producers' durable equipment	589.8	660.9	653.8	682.6	686.4	738.8	771.3	773.3	
related equipment Computers and	245.4	298.0	288.1	311.5	320.7	353.4	376.8	396.2	
peripheral equipment 1 OtherIndustrial equipment	151.3 115.4 120.5	214.8 126.6 125.9	203.9 123.7 126.4	229.9 130.0 127.7	242.9 131.5 128.6	136.7	331.5 139.7 132.5		
Transportation and related equipmentOther	127.6 104.2	140.3 113.0	140.5 112.4	145.9 115.6	143.8 114.1	159.6 120.2	167.9 124.6	156.4 125.9	
Residential	275.9	282.8	282.5	282.3	287.9	298.5	309.1	314.3	
Structures Single family Multifamily Other structures	268.6 136.6 18.7 113.8	275.1 137.2 20.2 118.5	274.9 137.2 20.3 118.0	274.5 136.1 19.5 119.7	280.1 139.0 21.0 120.9	290.5 145.2 22.1 123.8	300.9 151.3 20.7 129.6	306.1 155.5 19.9 131.2	
Producers' durable equipment	7.3	7.7	7.6	7.8	7.8	8.0	8.2	8.2	
Residual	-34.4	-69.1	-62.1	-77.8	-85.5	-117.2	-143.7	166.9	

Includes new computers and peripheral equipment only.
 NOTE.—Chained (1992) dollar series are calculated as the product of the chain-type quantity index and the 1992 current-dollar value of the corresponding series, divided by 100. Because the formula for the chain-type quantity indexes uses weights of more than one period, the corresponding chained-dollar estimates are usually not additive. The residual line is the difference between the first line and the sum of the most detailed lines. Chain-type quantity indexes for the series in this table appear in table 7.6.

Table 5.10.—Change in Business Inventories by Industry Group (Billions of dollars)

			Sea	sonally	adjuste	ed at a	nnual ra	ates
	1996	1997		1997			1998	
		,	#	Ш	IV	1	IJ	ţII
Change in business inventories	32.1	67.4	83.5	54.6	71.9	95.5	39.2	58.7
Farm	7.6	4.3	6.2	7.3	4.9	5.0	7.7	7.0
Nonfarm	24.5		77.2	47.3		90.5	31.5	51.7
Change in book value ¹ Inventory valuation adjustment ²	28.7 -4.2	52.1 11.0	63.2 14.0	41.8 5.5	61.1 5.9	56.3 34.3	21.2 10.3	34.2 17.5
Manufacturing Durable goods	12.8 9.9		28.4 19.2	16.9 8.8	18.7 8.4	31.8 21.9		22.9 13.1
Nondurable goods	2.9	8.9	9.2	8.0	10.4	9.9	5.3	9.8
Wholesale trade	3.7	23.3	29.9	17.5	21.5	28.1	7.9	20.1
Durable goodsNondurable goods	4.3 6	13.8 9.5	25.7 4.1	4.6 12.9	8.9 12.6	25.8 2.3	1.6 6.2	10.9 9.2
Merchant wholesalers	2.7 3.4	19.6 11.4	23.0 20.7	15.6 3.7	19.0 7.3	26.0 23.3	4.8	18.7 9.6
Durable goods	7	8.2	2.3	11.9		23.3	−.1 5.0	9.1
Nondurable goods Nonmerchant wholesalers	1.1	3.8	6.9	1.9	2.5	2.0	3.0	1.4
Durable goods	1.0	2.4	5.1	.9	1.6	2.4	1.8	1.3
Nondurable goods	.1	1.4	1.8	1.0	.9	4	1.2	.1
Retail trade	6.3	7.3	6.5	5.5	17.8	18.3		4.6
Durable goods Motor vehicle dealers ³	4.4 2.2	5.1 1.3	1.6 -3.8	3.7 .8	15.3 11.7	1.8 -4.1	-17.8 -15.3	2.1 -3.5
Other 3	2.2	3.9	5.5	2.9	3.5	5.9	-2.5	5.6
Nondurable goods	1.9	2.2	4.9	1.7	2.5	16.5		2.5
Other	1.6	11.0	12.4	7.4	8.9	12.3	11.2	4.1
Durable goods Nondurable goods	2.1 5	2.2 8.8	2.2 10.2	2.7 4.7	1.4 7.5	.4 11.9	.8 10.4	1 4.2

Table 5.11.—Real Change in Business Inventories by Industry Group [Billions of chained (1992) dollars]

			Sea	sonally	adjuste	ed at a	nual ra	ates
	1996	1997		1997			1998	
			11	m	ΙV	1	11	111
Change in business inventories	30.0	63.2	79.0	51.0	66.5	91.4	38.2	57.2
Farm	7.1	4.3	6.8	7.3	3.7	5.3	8.7	8.5
Nonfarm	23.2	58.8	72.1	44.0	62.7	85.9	29.9	49.2
Manufacturing Durable goods Nondurable goods	12.0 9.5 2.6		26.7 18.4 8.4	15.8 8.4 7.4	17.7 8.1 9.5	30.2 21.0 9.2	23.9 19.1 4.9	21.9 12.7 9.2
Wholesale trade Durable goods Nondurable goods	4.1 4.2 .1	22.0 13.3 8.7	28.3 24.9 3.9	16.7 4.5 11.8	20.2 8.6 11.4	27.0 25.1 2.3	7.6 1.6 5.9	
Merchant wholesalers	3.1 3.2 0 1.0 .9	18.5 11.0 7.5 3.6 2.3 1.2	21.8 20.0 2.2 6.6 4.9 1.7	14.9 3.6 10.9 1.8 .9	17.8 7.0 10.5 2.4 1.5	24.8 22.6 2.6 2.1 2.4 3	4.7 -,2 4.7 3.0 1.8 1.2	
Retail trade Durable goods Motor vehicle dealers Other Nondurable goods	5.9 4.0 1.9 2.1 1.8	6.8 4.7 1.1 3.6 2.1	6.0 1.4 -3.5 5.1 4.7	5.0 3.4 .7 2.7 1.6	16.9 14.1 10.5 3.3 2.5	17.3 1.6 -3.7 5.5 16.1	-11.9	4.3 1.9
Other	1.3 1.8 6 4	9.9 1.9 8.1 0	11.1 1.9 9.3 –.9	6.5 2.3 4.2 .1	8.1 1.2 6.9 .9	11.5 .4 11.5 –1.2	10.4 .7 10.0 –1.5	3.8 1 4.1 1.0

NOTE.—Chained (1992) dollar series for real change in business inventories are calculated as the period-to-period change in chained-dollar end-of-period inventories. Quarterly changes in end-of-period inventories are stated at annual rates. Because the formula for the chain-type quantity indexes uses weights of more than one period, the corresponding chained-dollar estimates are usually not additive. The residual line is the difference between the first line and the sum of the most detailed lines.

^{1.} Beginning with 1982, this series is derived from the Census Bureau series "current cost inventories." For earlier periods, it is derived from the Census Bureau "book value inventories" series. The series differ in the treatment of inventories reported on a last-in, first-out (LIFO) basis: The series prior to 1982 is a mix of LIFO and non-LIFO inventories; the series beginning with 1982 is entirely on a non-LIFO basis.

2. Beginning with 1973; the inventory valuation adjustment (IVA) shown in this table differs from the IVA that adjusts business incomes. The IVA in this table reflects the mix of methods (first-in, first-out, last-in, first-out; etc.) underlying inventories derived primarily from Census Bureau statistics (see footnote 1). This mix differs from that underlying business income derived primarily from Internal Revenue Service statistics. Prior to 1973, the two IVA's are the same because information required for separate estimates is not available.

3. Prior to 1981, inventories of auto and home supply stores are included in motor vehicle dealers. Beginning with 1981, these inventories are included in "other durable goods."

Table 5.12.—Inventories and Domestic Final Sales of Business by **Industry Group**

	Seasonally adjusted quarterly totals						
		1997			1998		
		18	IV	1		111	
Inventories 1			1,348.4	1,363.6			
Farm	109.2	110.5	109.1	110.8	108.9	102.5	
Nonfarm	1,214.1	1,229.4	1,239.3		1,257.6	1,265.9	
Durable goods	700.6		711.0	721.5			
Nondurable goods	513.5						
Manufacturing	454.1	458.6			469.1	471.9	
Durable goods	284.2 169.9	286.0 172.7	287.9 174.1	292.1 174.0	295.4 173.7	297.0 174.9	
Nondurable goods							
Wholesale trade	311.9 198.3	317.8 199.1	321.0 200.5	324.8 206.2	326.0 205.6	329.2 207.5	
Durable goodsNondurable goods	113.6	118.8	120.5	118.6	120.4		
Merchant wholesalers	267.7	272.9	276.0		280.7	283.8	
Durable goods	171.8	172.4	173.6	178.7	177.9	179.5	
Nondurable goods	95.8	100.4	102.5	101.4	102.8	104.3	
Nonmerchant wholesalers	44.2	45.0	44.9	44.6	45.2	45.4	
Durable goods	26.4	26.6	26.9	27.4	27.7	27.9	
Nondurable goods	17.8	18.4	18.0	17.2	17.5	17.4	
Retail trade	316.3	318.1	321.4	325.3	323.6	325.2	
Durable goods	171.5	172.1	175.3	175.8	171.3	172.2	
Motor vehicle dealers	85.4	85.6 86.5	88.0 87.4	86.9 88.8	83.2 88.1	82.7 89.5	
Other Nondurable goods	86.0 144.9	146.0	146.0	149.5	152.3	153.0	
	131.9	134.8	135.0	136.6	138.9	139.6	
Other Durable goods	46.7	47.1	47.3	47.4	47.6	47.7	
Nondurable goods	85.2	87.8	87.7	89.2	91.3	92.0	
Final sales of domestic business 2	559.1	569.7	574.6	582.3	590.6	595.0	
Final sales of goods and structures of				002.0	000.0		
domestic business 2	299.4	305.7	306.8	312.5	315.2	315.7	
Ratio of inventories to final sales of domestic business							
Inventories to final sales	2.37	2.35	2.35	2.34	2.31	2.30	
Nonfarm inventories to final sales	2.17	2.16	2.16	2.15	2.13	2.13	
Nonfarm inventories to final sales of goods and structures	4.05	4.02	4.04	4.01	3.99	4.01	

I. Inventories are as of the end of the quarter. The quarter-to-quarter change in inventories calculated from current-dollar inventories in this table is not the current-dollar change in business inventories (CBI) component of GDP. The former is the difference between two inventory stocks, each valued at their respective end-of-quarter prices. The latter is the change in the physical volume of inventories valued at average prices of the quarter in addition, changes calculated from this table are at quarterly rates; whereas, CBI is stated at annual rates.

2. Quarterly totals at monthly rates. Final sales of domestic business equals final sales of domestic product less gross product of households and institutions and of general government and includes a small amount of final sales by farm.

Table 5.13.—Real Inventories and Real Domestic Final Sales of Business by Industry Group

[Billions of chained (1992) dollars]

		Seasonal	ly adjust	ed quart	erly total	ls
		1997			1998	
	II	111	IV	ı	11	111
Inventories 1	1,248.1		1,277.5	1,300.3	1,309.9	1,324.2
Farm	106.8	108.6	109.6	110.9	113.1	115.2
Nonfarm	1,140.7	1,151.7			1,196.4	
Durable goods	659.7	664.4	672.4	684.2	685.3	
Nondurable goods	481.0	487.3	494.9			
Manufacturing	426.8	430.8	435.2	442.8		454.2
Durable goodsNondurable goods	271.7 155.3	273.8 157.1	275.8 159.5	281.1 161.8	285.9 163.0	289.1 165.3
J	295.6	299.8	304.9	311.6	313.5	318.3
Wholesale trade	191.2	192.4	194.5	200.8	201.2	203.8
Nondurable goods	104.8	107.7	110.6	111.2	112.6	114.8
Merchant wholesalers	253.1	256.8	261.3	267.5	268.7	273.1
Durable goods	165.3	166.2	168.0	173.6	173.6	175.9
Nondurable goods	88.2	90.9	93.5	94.1	95.3	97.4
Nonmerchant wholesalers	42.5	43.0	43.6	44.1	44.8	45.2
Durable goodsNondurable goods	25.9 16.6	26.2 16.9	26.5 17.1	27.1 17.0	27.6 17.3	27.9 17.3
•	297.5	298.7	302.9	307.3	304.3	305.3
Retail trade	156.8	157.6	161.2	161.6	157.5	157.9
Motor vehicle dealers	76.8	77.0	79.6	78.7	75.3	74.5
Other	80.0	80.7	81.5	82.9	82.3	83.7
Nondurable goods	140.3	140.7	141.3	145.3	146.6	147.2
Other	120.8	122.4	124.4	127.3	129.9	130.8
Durable goods	40.1	40.7	41.0	41.0	41.2	41.2
Nondurable goods	80.7	81.8	83.5	86.4	88.9	89.9
Residual	.4	.2	.6	.4	2	4
Final sales of domestic business 2	504.3	512.3	515.5	521.6	528.4	531.5
Final sales of goods and structures of domestic business ²	281.3	287.3	288.4	294.0	296.5	297.1
Ratio of inventories to final sales of domestic business						
Inventories to final sales	2.47	2.46	2.48	2.49	2.48	2.49
Nonfarm inventories to final sales	2.26	2.25	2.26	2.28	2.26	2.27
Nonfarm inventories to final sales of goods and structures	4.05	4.01	4.05	4.04	4.03	4.07

^{1.} Inventories are as of the end of the quarter. Quarter-to-quarter changes calculated from this table are at quarterly rates, whereas, the change in the business inventories component of GDP is stated at annual rates.

2. Quarterly totals at monthly rates. Final sales of domestic business equals final sales of domestic product less gross product of households and institutions and of general government and includes a small amount of final sales by farm.

NOTE.—Chained (1992) dollar inventory series are calculated as the product of the chain-type quantity index and the average of the end-of-year fixed-weighted inventories for 1991 and 1992, divided by 100. Chained (1992) dollar final sales series are calculated as the product of the chain-type quantity indexes see weights of more corresponding series, divided by 100. Because the formula for the chain-type quantity indexes we weights of more than one period, the corresponding chained-dollar estimates are usually not additive. The residual line is the difference between the first line and the sum of the most detailed lines for inventories.

6. Income and Employment by Industry_____

Table 6.1C.—National Income Without Capital Consumption Adjustment by Industry Group

[Billions of dollars]

			S	easonall	y adjuste	ed at an	nual rate	s	
	1996	1997		1997	·		1998		
			JI.	111	IV	ı	Ш	HI	
National income without capital consumption adjustment	6,212.7	6,598.0	6,557.0	6,655.8	6,716.0	6,817.1	6,882.3		
Domestic industries	6,200.3	6,606.0	6,558.1	6,664.5	6,735.4	6,832.2	6,901.3		
Private industries	5,351.8	5,728.5	5,683.5	5,783.9	5,849.7	5,937.2	5,999.1		
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing	106.4 47.9 289.2	52.5	52.3	52.8	103.0 53.8 312.5	54.9	51.2		
Manufacturing Durable goods Nondurable goods	1,085.9 617.9 468.0	659.4		674.1	1,175.1 680.0 495.1	1,170.9 678.8 492.1	680.2		
Transportation and public utilities	464.7 195.0 137.0 132.7	208.0	205.3 136.5	210.6	142.0	213.7 148.5	214.9 147.3		
Wholesale trade	350.9 509.6 1,089.2 1,407.9	543.2 1,192.0		546.6 1,201.9	390.3 552.8 1,223.0 1,549.8	567.0 1,245.4	576.5 1,264.4		
Government	848.5	877.5	874.6	880.6	885.7	895.0	902.2		
Rest of the world	12.4	-8.0	-1.1	-8.7	-19.6	-14.8	-18.8		

NOTE.—Estimates in this table are based on the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC).

Table 6.16C.—Corporate Profits by Industry Group
[Billions of dollars]

	T		Sea	sonally	adjuste	ed at a	nnual r	ates
	1996	1997		1997		-	1998	
			II	111	IV	1	H	151
Corporate profits with inventory								
valuation and capital consumption adjustments	750.4	817.9	815.5	840.9	820.8	829.2	820.6	
Domestic industries	654.0	718.9	710.2	738.6	728.8	730.6	723.3	ļ
FinancialNonfinancial	105.5 548.5	124.7 594.2	123.5 586.7	123.3 615.2	129.5 599.3	131.3 599.3	130.1 593.2	
Rest of the world	96.4	99.0	105.4	102.3	92.0	98.6	97.3	
Receipts from the rest of the world Less: Payments to the rest of the world	134.5 38.1	149.5 50.4	153.3 47.9	157.2 54.8	142.5 50.6	146.1 47.5	146.0 48.7	
Corporate profits with inventory valuation adjustment	679.0	741.2	740.1	763.7	740.7	744.3	731.3	
Domestic industries	582.6 110.7	642.2 130.0	634.7 128.7	661.4 128.6	648.7 134.7	645.8 136.3	633.9	
FinancialFederal Reserve banks	21.8	23.3	23.0	23.6	24.1	24.5	24.4	
Other	88.9		105.8	105.0	110.6			
Nonfinancial	471.8 195.6	512.3	506.0 215.5	532.8	514.0	509.4	499.5	[
Manufacturing Durable goods	97.2	214.4 107.3	105.7	228.9 120.0	212.3 107.5	197.1 100.8		
Primary metal industries	5.4	5.6	5.5	6.6	5.8	6.3	5.7	
Fabricated metal products	14.2	15.5	14.9	17.3	15.7	12.6	15.5	
Industrial machinery and	26.1	27.6	26.6	31.5	30.1	23.2	28.5	
equipment Electronic and other electric	20.1	27.0	20.0	31.5	30.1	23.2	20.5	*********
equipment	20.1	24.8	24.4	27.6	24.0	21.9		
equipment	2.4	3.8	2.6	6.0	2.1	6.2	4.9	
Other	29.0	30.0	31.7	31.0	29.8	30.7		
Nondurable goods	98.5 22.0	107.1	109.8 21.4	109.0 22.2	104.8	96.2	90.2	*******
Food and kindred products Chemicals and allied products	28.8	22.7 28.1	27.2	28.9	25.9 28.4	20.6 27.0	21.4 18.9	
Petroleum and coal products	10.9	18.0	20.7	18.2	14.9	10.9		
Other	36.7	38.3	40.5	39.7	35.7	37.8		
Transportation and public utilities	92.7	88.4	87.0	88.3	88.6	91.7		
Transportation	14.8	17.6	18.3	18.0	17.0	17.3	17.5	
Communications	35.8	31.2	28.9	32.3	31.3	34.1		
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	42.1	39.7	39.8	38.0	40.3	40.3		
Wholesale trade	37.9	49.8	50.5	52.7 62.7	47.6	51.5		
Retail trade	51.8 93.8	61.2 98.5	59.1 93.8	100.1	62.2 103.4	67.4 101.8		
	1							
Rest of the world	96.4	99.0	105.4	102.3	92.0	98.6	97.3	

NOTE.— Estimates in this table are based on the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification.

7. Quantity and Price Indexes_____

Table 7.1.—Quantity and Price Indexes for Gross Domestic Product [Index numbers, 1992-100]

	<u> </u>			S	easonall	y adjuste	ed						S	easonail	y adjust	ed	
	1996	1997		1997			1998			1996	1997		1997			1998	
			11	III	IV	I	II ,	III				R	111	IV		11	111
Gross domestic product: Current dollars	112.02 109.54	129.89 116.42 111.57 111.57	115.89 111.45	130.85 117.08 111.77 111.76	117.94 112.09	119.54 112.33	120.09 112.57	136.55 121.06 112.80 112.79	Exports of goods and services: Current dollars	136.65 134.50 101.60 101.60	99.53	150.70 99.76	153.52 154.53 99.36 99.35	156.21 98.97	152.22 155.12 98.13 98.13	152.03 97.68	96.96
expenditures: Current dollars Chain-type quantity index Chain-type price index Implicit price deflator	112.62 109.75	116.44 111.81	115.47 111.63	131.29 117.23 112.00 111.99	118.04 112.30	119.79 112.30	121.58 112.55	122.74 112.82	Exports of goods: Current dollars	137.81 140.28 98.23 98.23	153.42 161.92 94.75 94.75	160.28 94.98	156.05 165.07 94.54 94.54	157.99 168.25 93.89 93.90	166.82 92.78	161.87 92.07	161.70 91.15
Durable goods: Current dollars Chain-type quantity index Chain-type price index Implicit price deflator	131.68 128.16 102.75 102.75	136.86 100.66	133.82 100.96	139.43 139.12 100.23 100.23	139.64 140.17 99.62 99.63	145.39 99.27	149.30 98.72	149.31 98.08	Exports of services: Current dollars Chain-type quantity index Chain-type price index Implicit price deflator	110.24	129.48 112.18	129.77 112.41	131.64 112.11	130.32 112.53	129.91 112.52		127.57 112.72
Nondurable goods: Current dollars	116.44 109.77 106.08 106.08	112 44	111 75	121.90 113.16 107.72 107.72	113 05	115 09	116.57 107.41	117.24	Imports of goods and services: Current dollars Chain-type quantity index Chain-type price index Implicit price deflator	144.25 145.19 99.36 99.36	165.35 95.72	156.65 163.72 95.66 95.68			177.95 92.05	181.97 90.98	183.49
Current dollars	1 113.32	116.611	116.30	134.80 115.19 117.04 117.03	117.59	118.00	1118.55	143.47 120.58 118.99 118.98	Imports of goods: Current dollars Chain-type quantity index Chain-type price index Implicit price deflator	148.48 151.36 98.10 98.10	163.04 173.56 93.94 93.94	161.35 172.05 93.76 93.79	165.68 177.43 93.32 93.38	180.19 92.81		88.72	194.61 87.45
investment: Current dollars Chain-type quantity index Implicit price deflator	137.15 104.46	158.90 152.62 104.10 104.11	153.24 104.08	160.13 153.82 104.12 104.10	157.12 103.99	167.22 103.39	165.29	168.26 102.36	Imports of services: Current dollars Chain-type quantity index Chain-type price index Implicit price deflator	125.69 118.65 105.93 105.93	137.34 130.39 105.33 105.33	135.97 128.32 105.95 105.97	133.11 105.10	135.01 104.40	138.03 102.85	142.70 137.82 103.52 103.54	137.06 103.37
Fixed investment: Current dollars	134.10 104.68	145.25 104.45	143.85 104.40	154.59 147.98 104.50 104.47	149.28 104.37	156.36 103.81	161.36 103.33	161.83 102.82	Government consumption expenditures and gross investment collars	100.35	101.68	101.63	101.99	102.01	101.53	117.20 102.45	102.82
Nonresidential: Current dollars Chain-type quantity index Chain-type price index Implicit price deflator	141.24 139.21 101.46 101.46	154.04 100.15	152.46 152.04 100.28 100.28	158.13 100.04	158.24 158.86 99.64 99.61	165.14 167.04 98.90 98.86	168.85 172.15 98.12 98.08	171.74 97.22	Chain-type price index	110.80 98.19	98.53	99.03	98.68	113.87 98.51	96.90	98.63	114.70 98.24
Structures: Current dollars	128.23	141.97	138.51	144.13	145.64	144.79	145.02	142.87	Chain-type quantity index Chain-type price index Implicit price deflator	88.19 111.35 111.34	86.75 113.58 113.58	87.20 113.57 113.57		86.46 113.91 113.93	84.50 114.66 114.67	86.00 114.66 114.68	85.63 114.69 114.72
Chain-type quantity index	114.33	118.22	117.59	121.29 118.83 118.83	121.56 119.79 119.81	120.06 120.58 120.60	119.36 121.49 121.51	117.37 121.70 121.72	National defense: Current dollars Chain-type quantity index Chain-type price index		92.07 82.20 112.00			92.21 82.15 112.23	88.24 78.06 113.04	90.43 79.93 113.12	91.41 80.75 113.17
Producers' durable equipment: Current dollars Chain-type quantity index Chain-type price index	151.75 96.80	170.04 93.88	158.53 168.20 94.23	175.62 93.54	163.72 176.58 92.75	190.08 91.57	198.43 90.35	198.96 89.18	Implicit price deflator Nondefense: Current dollars Chain-type quantity index Chain-type price index	110.01 96.03 114.57	114.50 97.64 117.27	114.16 97.39 117.21	97.36 117.32	114.07 96.79 117.83	99.83 118.46	113.14 118.87 100.48 118.30	113.21 115.09 97.28 118.30
Implicit price deflator Residential: Current dollars		125.36 115.96	125.26 115.35	93.53 145.77 125.14 116.50 116.49	127.64 117.20	132.34 117.21	137.05 117.71	118.37	State and local: Current dollars Chain-type quantity index Chain-type price index	120.52 109.09 110.48	112.42 112.96	126.21 112.01 112.68	127.55 112.82 113.07		129.56 113.77 113.89	130.54 114.28	118.30 132.08 115.18 114.68 114.67

Note.— Chain-type quantity and price indexes are calculated from weighted averages of the detailed output and prices used to prepare each aggregate and component. Implicit price deflators are weighted averages of the detailed price indexes used to prepare each aggregate and component and are calculated as the ratio of current- to chained-

dollar output multiplied by 100. Percent changes from preceding period for items in this table are shown in table 8.1. (Contributions to the percent change in real gross domestic product are shown in table 8.2).

Table 7.2.—Quantity and Price Indexes for Gross Domestic Product, Final Sales, and Purchases

[Index numbers, 1992=100]

			Seasonally adjusted									
	1996	1997		1997		1998						
			U	til	IV	1	И	III				
Gross domestic product: Current dollars Chain-type price index Implicit price deflator	122.69 112.02 109.54 109.53	111.57	115.89	111.77	117.94 112.09	119.54	120.09 112.57	121.06				
Final sales of domestic product: Current dollars	111.61 109.59	115.49	114.72 111.53	111.87	116.95	132.89 118.20 112.45 112.43	119.54 112.69	120.23 112.94				
Gross domestic purchases: Current dollars Chain-type price index Implicit price deflator		130.77 117.89 110.92 110.92	117.30	111.06								
Final sales to domestic purchasers: Current dollars	123.20 112.78 109.24 109.23	116.97	116.14 110.84	111.15	132.14 118.59 111.44 111.43	120.51 111.40	122.49	123.41				
Addenda: Chain-type price indexes for gross domestic purchases: Food	108.82 106.94	107.69	106.24	106.54	107.09	100.84	112.50 98.80	113.18 97.17				
less food and energy	109.35	111.05	110.98	111.23	111.49	111.69	111.88	112.04				

NOTE.—Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.

Table 7.3.—Quantity and Price Indexes for Gross National Product and Command-Basis Gross National Product

[Index numbers, 1992=100]

Gross national product: Current dollars Chain-type price index Implicit price deflator	112.04	116.16 111.51	115.73 111.39	130.48 116.81 111.72 111.70	117.51 112.04	119.18	119.67 112.51	
Less: Exports of goods and services and receipts of factor income: Chain-type quantity index	138.32	155.43	155.05	158.77	158.99	158.60	156.14	
Plus: Command-basis exports of goods and services and receipts of factor income: Chain-type quantity index	140.87	160.36	160.28	164.29	164.67	166.77	165.08	
Equals: Command-basis gross national product: Chain-type quantity index	112.35	116.77	116.38	117.50	118.22	120.19	120.78	

NOTE.—Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.

Table 7.4.—Chain-Type Quantity and Price Indexes for Personal Consumption Expenditures by Major Type of Product

[Index numbers, 1992=100]

				S	easonally	y adjúste	ed .	
	1996	1997		1997			1998	
			=	111	IV	-	11	151
Chain-type quantity indexes								
Personal consumption expenditures	112.62	116.44	115.47	117.23	118.04	119.79	121.58	122.74
Durable goods	128.16	136.86	133.82	139.12	140.17	145.39	149.30	149.31
Motor vehicles and parts	113.58	115.66	111.56	118.15	117.33	119.77	125.13	120.05
Furniture and household equipment Other	146.55 126.88	162.50 138.41	160.39 136.37	165.15 139.26	168.01 141.74	177.34 146.43	179.20	185.63
Nondurable goods	109.77	112.44	111.75	113.16	113.05	115.09	150.12 116.57	151.75 117.24
Food	104.94	105.96	105.66	106.15	106.06	107.10	108.54	108.79
Clothing and shoes	122.43	127.87	125.62	129.44	129.62	136.29	138.07	138.33
Gasoline and oil Fuel oil and coal	108.80 102.90	110.59 93.96	110.97 95.72	111.08	110.79 92.27	111.18	111.10	114.00
Other	111.88	116.99	116.01	97.69 118.25	118.17	84.48 120.30	89.08 122.06	91.63 123.17
Services	111.09	114.61	113.87	115.19	116.41	117.42	118.98	120.58
Housing	108.36	110.92	110.56	111.24	111.93	112.67	113.28	113.95
Household operation Electricity and gas	117.40 110.73	121.36 108.85	119.96 108.89	122.87 109.94	125.31 111.09	123.38 103.67	127.48 110.13	130.33
Other household operation	122.35	130.63	128.16	132.46	135.87	138.04	140.42	142.42
Transportation	126.86	134.28	133.30	135.22	136.61	137.85	140.09	140.15
Medical care Other	106.17 112.52	108.52 117.02	108.03 115.97	108.90 117.63	109.70 119.29	110.55 121.58	111.60 123.53	112.18 126.85
Chain-type price indexes	112.02	117.02	110.57	117.00	113.23	121.00	123,33	120.00
Personal consumption								
expenditures	109.75	111.81	111.63	112.00	112.30	112.30	112.55	112.82
Durable goods	102.75	100.66	100.96	100.23	99.62	99.27	98.72	98.08
Motor vehicles and parts Furniture and household	112.72	112.65	112.96	112.31	111.88	111.79	111.55	112.18
equipment Other	92.25 104.60	88.20 103.41	88.66 103.24	87.57 103.34	86.75 102.92	85.92 103.29	85.14 102.74	83.56 102.21
Nondurable goods	106.08	107.69	107.52	107.72	107,95	107.35	107.41	107.80
Food	109.02	111.67	111.25	112.10	112.45	112.74	113.10	113.88
Clothing and shoes	96.21 107.34	96.39 107.33	97.28 104.61	96.20 106.11	96.00 106.60	94.68 98.05	94.84 94.17	94.79 92.19
Fuel oil and coal	108.61	109.60	109.61	105.38	106.02	103.44	101.20	98.32
Other	107.04	108.30	108.57	108.26	108.52	109.36	110.06	
Services	113.32	116.61	116.30	117.04	117.59	118.00	118.55	118.99
Housing Household operation	112.34 107.91	115.66 108.65	115.23 108.65	116.11 108.31	117.00 108.33	117.90 106.96	119.00 107.19	119.92 106.73
Electricity and gas	106.34	108.79	108.10	108.38	109.12	105.69	105.76	104.86
Other household operation	109.04	108.68	109.11	108.38	107.95	107.80	108.12	107.92
TransportationMedical care	110.85 117.51	113.23 120.18	113.16 119.91	113.32 120.52	114.06 120.95	114.51 121.92	114.35 122.54	114.09 123.13
Other	112.99	117.91	117.52	118.77	119.28	119.45	119.78	120.20
Addenda:							`	
Price indexes for personal								
consumption expenditures: Food	109.02	111.67	111.25	112.10	112.45	112.74	113.10	113.88
Energy I	106.92	108.13	106.50	107.17	107.79	101.89	99.93	98.44
Personal consumption expenditures less food				1		ļ		
and energy	110.09	112.10	112.05	112.32	112.59	112.89	113.25	113.55

^{1.} Consists of prices for gasoline and oil, fuel oil and coal, and electricity and gas.

Table 7.6.—Chain-Type Quantity and Price Indexes for Private Fixed Investment by Type

[Index numbers, 1992=100]

				S	easonall	y adjuste	ed .	
	1996	1997	 	1997			1998	
				111	ΙV	ı	11]]]
Chain-type quantity indexes				 				
Private fixed								
investment	1	145.25	,					161.83
Nonresidential	139.21	154.04		l	i	l	l	
Structures	112.16	120.09	117.81	121.29	121.56	120.06	119.36 	117.37
including farm	124.58		130.56					129.25
Utilities	80.67	[82.91	84.35	84.59	84.77	85.64	86.42
and wellsOther structures	114.88 67.12	134.77 70.12	132.50 61.85				127.70 67.01	127.50 65.75
Producers' durable	07.12	70.12	01.00	00.70	00.04	00.04	07.01	00.70
equipment	151.75	170.04	168.20	175.62	176.58	190.08	198.43	198.96
Information processing and related equipment	182.88	222.13	214.73	232.17	239.04	263.41	280.84	295.25
Computers and peripheral equipment 1	344.37	488.82	463.97	523.22	552.78	664.79	754.21	825.09
Other	127.94	140.28	137.09	144.09	145.72	151.52	154.79	158.35
Industrial equipment Transportation and related	134.93	140.93	141.48	143.00	144.03	147.28	148.36	149.60
equipment Other	148.11 131.86	162.83 142.95	163.01 142.26	169.27 146.25	166.94 144.39	185.27 152.09	194.89 157.63	181.46 159.28
Residential	122.32	125.36	125.26	125.14	127.64	132.34	137.05	139.33
Structures	122.37	125.33	125.24	125.07	127.62	132.34	137.10	139.43
Single family Multifamily	117.24 142.79	117.72 154.04	117.77 155.40	116.78 149.30	119.34 160.01	124.67 169.09	129.88 158.07	133.51 151.85
Other structures	126.61	131.79	131.29	133.12	134.47	137.71	144.15	145.92
Producers' durable equipment	120.47	126.88	126.48	128.14	128.56	132.40	135.23	135.43
Chain-type price indexes								
Private fixed investment	104.68	104.45	104.40	104.50	104 37	103.81	103.33	102.82
Nonresidential	101.46	100.15	100.28	100.04	99.64	98.90	98.12	97.22
Structures	114.33	118.22		118.83	119.79	120.58	121,49	121.70
Nonresidential buildings,								
including farm Utilities	114.14 114.03	117.79 116.62	117.02 116.72	118.41 117.05	119.57 116.73	120.29 117.13	121.38 117.36	122.13 117.91
Mining exploration, shafts, and wells	118.62	126.85	126.26	127.82	128.91	131.00	131.83	126:67
Other structures	111.73	115.51	115.11	115.87	117.39	117.66	117.60	118.09
Producers' durable	00.00	00.00	04.00	00.54	00.75	04.57	00.05	00.40
equipment Information processing and	96.80	93.88	94.23	93.54	92.75	91.57	90.35	89.18
related equipment	77.17	69.31	70.19	68.31	66.63	64.12	61.49	58.96
peripheral equipment 1	49.18	37.75	38.86 99.19	36.25 99.24	34.25	31.23 98.58	28.40	25.74 97.71
OtherIndustrial equipment	99.56 109.26	99.14 110.12	109.95	110.17	98.84 110.46		98.04 110.77	110.82
Transportation and related equipment	107 53	108.35	108 15	108 87	108.37	107 99	107 91	108 04
Other	108.17	109.15	109.19	109.01	109.34	109.84	109.97	110.34
Residential	113.03	115.96	115.35	116.50	117.20	117,21	117.71	118.37
StructuresSingle family	113.27 116.50	116.29 119.90	115.66 119.14	116.85 120.52	11 7.58 121.36	117.58 121.04	118.10 121.45	1 18.76 122.18
Multifamily	108.70	112.20	111.53	112.79	113.49	113.25	113.62	114.31
Other structures	109.64	112.11	111.63	112.59	113.19	113.59	114.27	114.85
Producers' durable equipment	103.97	104.03	104.12	103.54	103.18	103.92	103.41	103.92

^{1.} Includes new computers and peripheral equipment only.

Table 7.9.—Chain-Type Quantity and Price Indexes for Exports and Imports of Goods and Services and for Receipts and Payments of Factor Income

[Index numbers, 1992=100]

				s	easonali	y adjuste	ed	
	1996	1997		1997			1998	
			J)	III.	IV	ŀ	11	111
Chain-type quantity indexes		ł		1	}		Ì	
Exports of goods and services Goods ¹ Durable Nondurable Services ¹	134.50 140.28 154.24 114.58 121.50	151.70 161.92 184.30 122.31 129.48	160.28	189.57	168.25 192.15	166.82 192.06 122.56	161.87 184.87	161.70 185.15 120.42
Receipts of factor income	155.75	172.59	174.78	178.10	172.29	174.77	174.79	ļ
Imports of goods and services Goods Durable Nondurable Services Services	145.19 151.36 165.01 127.72 118.65	165.35 173.56 192.73 141.26 130.39	163.72 172.05 190.29 141.14 128.32	169.00 177.43 196.63 144.99 133.11		177.95 187.38 209.81 149.97 138.03		183.49 194.61 217.53 156.32 137.06
Payments of factor income	158.39	189.82	187.25	196.25	197.50	196.82	199.34	
Chain-type price indexes								
Exports of goods and services Goods ¹ Durable Nondurable Services ¹	101.60 98.23 90.86 116.14 110.24	99.53 94.75 87.10 113.58 112.18	99.76 94.98 87.30 113.90 112.41	99.36 94.54 86.84 113.58 112.11	98.97 93.89 86.23 112.85 112.53	98.13 92.78 85.69 109.99 112.52	92.07 85.23 108.54	96.96 91.15 84.61 106.74 112.72
Receipts of factor income	109.65	111.56	111.34	111.70	112.09	112.16	112.27	
Imports of goods and services Goods ¹ Durable Nondurable Services ¹	99.36 98.10 93.34 108.67 105.93	95.72 93.94 88.29 106.63 105.33	95.66 93.76 88.55 105.41 105.95	95.16 93.32 88.14 104.91 105.10	94.62 92.81 87.33 105.15 104.40	92.05 90.07 86.02 98.99 102.85	90.98 88.72 85.01 96.82 103.52	89.86 87.45 83.94 95.05 103.37
Payments of factor income	111.06	113.61	113.47	113.74	114.15	114.23	114.46	

^{1.} Exports and imports of certain goods, primarily military equipment purchased and sold by the Federal Government, are included in services. Beginning with 1986, repairs and alterations of equipment are reclassified from goods to services.

Table 7.10.—Chain-Type Quantity and Price Indexes for Exports and Imports of Goods and Services by Type of Product [Index numbers, 1992=100]

[Index numbers, 1992=100]																	
				S	easonally	adjuste	ed						S	easonally	ly adjusted		
	1996	1997		1997			1998			1996	1997		1997			1998	
			II.	181	IV	1	13	III				11	lit	IV	1	11	III
Chain-type quantity indexes									Chain-type price indexes								
Exports of goods and services	134 50	151 70	150.70	154.53	156 21	155.12	152 03	150.92	Exports of goods and services	101.60	99.53	99.76	99.36	98.97	98.13	97.68	96,96
Exports of goods 1	140.28	1		i i	168.25	166.82	1	I	Exports of goods 1	98.23		94.98	94.54	93.89	92.78	1	91.15
Foods, feeds, and beverages	108.86	108.86	103.88	104.84	117.42	112.93	103.30	102.52	Foods, feeds, and beverages	126.48	117.30	119.30	116.76	114.31	109.56	107.87	106.16
Industrial supplies and materials		126.02	126.59	127.73	128.26	126.37	124.42	122.99	Industrial supplies and materials	115.71	115.23	115.29	115.59				
Durable goods Nondurable goods	121.61	132.60 122.56	133.30 123.05	133.37 124.76	136.26 124.05	139.53 119.48	133.62 119.62	130.90	Durable goods Nondurable goods		112.74 116.60				109.79 113.02		
Capital goods, except automotive	176.54	220.70	216.65	229.84	232.10	230.31	221.33	228.98	Capital goods, except automotive	81.44	75.99	76.16	75.52	74.93	74.40	73.93	73.28
Civilian aircraft, engines, and parts	71.57	92.90	1		97.25	108.63	l	125.23	Civilian aircraft, engines, and parts		118.02		118.43	118.73	119.11		ļ
Computers, peripherals, and	1	1	l				Į.	545.25	Computers, peripherals, and	44.57	34.31	34.50	33.04	32.01	30.94	29.83	28.51
parts Other	341.06 185.56		497.43 218.13		529.93 232.61			213.00	parts Other	87.85			84.19	83.85	83.57	83.41	83.20
Automotive vehicles, engines, and parts	132.62	149.78	148.64	151.26	154.96	157.10	146.00	129.31	Automotive vehicles, engines, and parts	104.25	105.10	105.14	105.18	105.17	105.17	105.16	105.22
Consumer goods, except automotive	130.80	143.37	145.02	143.24	145.41	144.58	148.30	148.16	Consumer goods, except automotive	104.27	105.05	104.87	105.18	105.32	105.35	104.98	104.86
Durable goods Nondurable goods	131.20	144.74	146.94	146.08 140.26	146.71	145.75	147.63	148.68	Durable goods Nondurable goods	102.72	103.71 106.48	103.76	103.77	103.91	103.79	103.22	103.17
Other	112.14	129.34	128.64	130.34	133.18	133.29	137.45	136.34	Other	103.62	100.84 100.84	101.03	100.65	100.50	99.46 99.43	99.01 98.99	97.97
Durable goods Nondurable goods	112.15 112.14			130.34 130.33	133.18	133.29	137.45		Durable goods Nondurable goods	103.62		101.04		100.48	99.43	98.99	
Exports of services 1	121.50	129.48	129.77	131.64	130.32	129.91	130.46	127.57	Exports of services 1	110.24	112.18	112.41	112.11	112.53	112.52	112.84	112.72
Transfers under U.S. military agency sales contracts	120.86	148.15	158.28	162.54	137.13	153.02	133.79	141.33	Transfers under U.S. military agency sales contracts		108.28					107.67	102.46
Travel	114.83	116.82 118.43	118.57 114.82	117.01 116.43	114.80 122.84	114.23 122.28	114.53 127.59	104.88 114.96	Travel Passenger fares		114.57 106.17	114.27 108.78	114.43 107.75			117.86 102.80	
Other transportation Royalties and license fees	107.65 149.47	111.02	111.08	111.13 153.42	112.39	111.43	110.38	114.96 114.00	Other transportation	105.87	106.20	106.10	105.34 111.76	106.11	102.90	102.85	102.61
Other private services	131.69	150.52	148.60	155.06	156.81	153.83	157.10	157.40 108.45	Other private services	107.89 124.01		109.39 135.32	109.58	110.05	110.12 135.46	110.35	110.46
OtherImports of goods and	108.25	107.75	107.60	108.04	106.17	100.33	100.42	100.40	OtherImports of goods and	124.01	134.30	100.02	104.00	100.04	100.40	137.30	130.00
services	145.19	1	ŀ	169.00				1	services	99.36	95.72	95.66	95.16	94.62	92.05	90.98	
Imports of goods 1 Foods, feeds, and beverages	151.36 116.82	173.56 128.72	1 72.05 127.80			187.38 138.43	1 92.49 138.70		imports of goods 1 Foods, feeds, and beverages	98.10 110.73	93.94 111.70	93.76 112.96	93.32 111.82	92.81 110.85	90.07 109.24	88.72 109.13	87.45 107.31
Industrial supplies and materials, except petroleum	110.02								Industrial supplies and materials, except petroleum	,							
and products Durable goods	138.73 146.44	150.31 157.94	149.41 156.40	152.87 159.28	154.60 164.62	161.33 171.48	166.75 182.43	171.92 189.23	and products Durable goods		109.45 112.02		109.39 112.91		106.32		103.17 105.97
Nondurable goods Petroleum and products	131.61	143.27 129.39	142.97	147.00	145.31 129.65	151.91	152.05	155.66	Nondurable goods Petroleum and products	109.23	106.97 107.54	104.88	105.95	106.99	103.40 80.40	102.12 72.43	100.44
Capital goods, except	1	278.05		i i			316.31		Capital goods, except automotive	77.23	68.09	68.54	67.72	66.63	64.90	63.58	62.46
automotive Civilian aircraft, engines,		111.94		i l	121.20		l	151.64	Civilian aircraft, engines, and parts		117.86	117.43		118.78		119.73	
and parts Computers, peripherals, and				542.54			ĺ	634.35	Computers, peripherals, and	50.52	42.92	43.71	42.24	40.78	38.37	36.12	35.03
parts Other	197.28	241.80	238.66	244.71	256.88	265.09	263.60	267.47	parts	87.24		77.14	76.79	75.96	74.81	74.27	73.20
Automotive vehicles, engines, and parts	129.38	140.97	139.63	141.80	140.64	147.58	145.91	142.18	Automotive vehicles, engines, and parts	108.57	108.80	108.44	108.87	109.25	109.24	109.01	108.53
Consumer goods, except automotive	134.86	153.94	152.68	156.43	161.90	168.17	175.70	176.86	Consumer goods, except automotive		102.24	102.36	102.12			100.92	
Durable goods Nondurable goods	135.69	152.86 155.06	151.63 153.78	154.92 158.01	160.95 162.89	168.64 167.69	177.35 173.98	178.64 175.02 170.69	Durable goods Nondurable goods	103.06 103.87	103.76	101.00 103.85	103.80	99.99 103.88			
Other Durable goods	124.04	143.99 143.99	141.54 141.54	149.71 149.71	152.39 152.39	154.04 154.04	155.65 155.65	170.69 170.69	Other Durable goods	107.71 107.71		107.01 107.01		106.90 106.90		107.03 107.03	
Nondurable goods	124.04	143.99	141.54	149.71	152.39	154.04	155.65	170.69	Nondurable goods	107.71	107.14	107.01	107.05	106.90	106.26	107.03	106.41
Imports of services 1	118.65 74.40		128.32		1 35.01 91.30	138.03 98.95	137.82 94.55		Direct defense expenditures	105.93 107.65	105.33 98.67	1 05.95 99.65	105.10 96.36	104.40 96.66	102.85 91.97	103.52 93.35	103.37 95.90
Travel	113.87	122.50	78.23 120.58	123.34	125.49	131.26	131.60	131.82	Travel	109.45	108.45	109.83	108.49	106.03	104.17	104.80	102.99
Passenger fares Other transportation	102.33	154.42 110.19	111.30	157.21 110.41	153.25 113.78	113.68	114.09	149.93 114.26	Passenger fares Other transportation	105.59 106.46	104.30	104.39	113.43 103.47	103.10	100.30	101.87	102.65
Royalties and license fees Other private services				180.51 181.45				175.01 186.07	Royalties and license fees Other private services	99.56	111.64 99.33	99,60	99.03	99,48	99.14	99.33	98.93
Other	107.70	112.75	110.81	115.18	114.22	116.08	116.05	186.07 117.42	Other	110.59	111.47	111.92	111.32	110.86	109.98	110.87	110.31
Addenda: Exports of agricultural							100 -		Addenda: Exports of agricultural			400					
goods 2 Exports of nonagricultural	110.09	111.85	108.13	110.41	118.52	115.46	108.01	107.42	goods 2 Exports of nonagricultural		118.59	- 1	i	ì	111.07	109.55	107.34
goodsImports of nonpetroleum	143.96	168.32	166.97	172.10	174.59	173.38	168.77	168.66	goodsImports of nonpetroleum	95.59	92.49	92.63	92.34	91.77	90.94	90.30	89.47
goods	153.95	178.06	176.07	181.83	185.39	193.04	197.57	200.15	goods	96.95	92.97	93.08	92.79	92.21	90.88	90.02	89.00

NOTE.—See footnotes to table 4.3.

Table 7.11.—Chain-Type Quantity and Price Indexes for Government Consumption Expenditures and Gross Investment by Type [Index numbers, 1992=100]

***				S	easonall	y adjuste	ed ·					·	S	easonali	y adjuste	ed	
	1996	1997		1997			1998			1996	1997		1997			1998	
			- 11	- 111	IV	ı	11					ll l	111	١٧	1	Н	111
Chain-type quantity indexes									Chain-type price indexes								
Government consumption expenditures and gross investment ¹	100.35	101.68	101.63	101.99	102.01	101.53	102.45	102.82	Government consumption expenditures and gross investment ¹	110.80	113.20	113.01	113.24	113.87	114.17	114.39	114.70
Federal	88.19	86.75	1	ĺ	86.46	84.50	86.00	1	Federal	I	113.58	ľ	l	i .	ı	114.66	1
National defense Consumption expenditures Durable goods 2 Nondurable goods Services Compensation of general government employees, except	84.93 86.52 69.11 74.08 88.76	85.20 67.69 73.78	86.40 71.11	85.20 63.92 75.60	82.15 84.48 68.51 73.04 86.55	78.06 80.68 66.85 70.67 82.50	79.93 83.25 68.76 70.54 85.21	83.01 74.07 77.76	National defense Consumption expenditures Durable goods ² Nondurable goods Services Compensation of general government employees, except force-account	109.95 101.43 108.83	112.45 101.39 106.50	112.38 101.41 105.60	112.38 101.64 103.41	112.86 101.05 104.81	113.74 101.27 97.81		114.18 100.45 93.73
force-account construction ³ Consumption of general government	81.87	78.91	79.08	78.87	77.81	77.29	76.52	76.60	construction 3 Consumption of general government	114.17	118.01	117.99	117.88	118.43	120.65	120.72	120.71
fixed capital 4 Other services Gross investment Structures Equipment	95.00 96.76 75.98 105.23 72.72	98.89	93.31 102.16 63.11 84.72 60.72	92.78 100.20 67.53 86.11 65.51	92.18 98.45 68.89 85.60 67.11	91.52 85.52 63.03 81.96 60.95	90.92 96.98 60.76 73.21 59.47	93.87 67.97 81.34	fixed capital 4 Other services Gross investment Structures Equipment	105.81 110.08 121.69	108.31 108.78	107.92 109.39 125.93	108.55 108.41 126.85	109.41 107.72 126.60	109.72 108.04 126.74	111.06 110.72 107.59 127.27 105.08	111.91 105.91 128.09
Nondefense Consumption expenditures Durable goods ²	96.03 95.94		97.39 98.21	97.36 97.82	96.79 98.17	99.83 98.96	100.48 101.14		Nondefense Consumption expenditures Durable goods 2 Nondurable goods	116.47	117.27 119.76	119.68	119.84	117.83 120.42	121.20	11 8.30 121.12	118.30 121.22
Nondurable goods Commodity Credit Corporation inventory change Other nondurables Services Compensation of general government employees, except force-account construction 3 Consumption of general government fixed capital 4 Other services Gross investment Structures Equipment State and local Consumption expenditures Durable goods 2 Nondurable goods	101.32 96.78 93.56 101.09 109.09 108.82 117.92 116.69	105.56 95.18 83.49 110.14 112.42 111.38 122.03 120.55	118.13 105.02 91.52 83.11 102.23 112.01 111.01 121.62 120.13	94.22 89.17 100.36 112.82 111.78 122.60 120.95	107.23 86.82 71.25 107.12 113.19 112.41 123.36 122.00	106.99 106.68 85.90 133.92 113.77 113.12 124.47 122.94	110.76 95.76 83.93 110.55 114.28 113.86 125.59 123.88	91.01 126.31 109.16 94.74 88.48 101.45 115.18 114.57 126.71 124.83	Commodity Credit Corporation inventory change Other nondurables Services Compensation of general government employees, except force-account construction 3 Consumption of general government ixed capital 4 Other services Gross investment Structures Equipment State and local Consumption expenditures Durable goods 2 Nondurable goods	112.67 117.06 126.58 104.30 106.59 102.45 113.01 91.73 110.48 110.33 106.40 109.37	112.06 120.57 131.80 104.37 108.69 101.35 116.95 86.56 112.96 112.86 106.77 108.52	131.59 104.49 108.69 101.45 116.40 87.16 112.68 112.54 106.49 108.18	112.55 120.63 131.65 104.13 109.08 101.18 117.46 85.82 113.07 112.98 106.91 107.49	112.30 121.24 132.70 104.62 109.16 101.29 118.82 84.99 113.83 113.71 107.29 107.73	122.14 134.30 104.48 109.44 120.10 83.67 113.89 113.76 107.40 104.14	120.56 82.23 114.23 114.18 107.43 103.87	122.34 134.23 104.05 110.10 99.61 121.32 80.41 114.68 114.69 107.71 103.07
Services Compensation of general government employees, except force-account construction ³ Consumption of general government fixed capital ⁴ Other services Gross investment Structures Equipment Addenda: Compensation of general	107.72 106.09 113.04 129.70 110.31 106.31	110.11 107.91 117.41 139.74 117.11 111.88	109.74 107.66 116.83 137.55 116.55 111.52	110.50	111.08 108.65 119.13 144.16 116.72 110.52	109.07 120.31 149.08 116.71 109.60	112.48 109.68 121.50 151.07 116.15 108.20	110.20 122.70 153.76 117.95 109.52	Services	110.53	113.53 114.99 110.45 94.83 113.46 117.75	113.21 114.66 110.34 94.30 113.35	113.80 115.30 110.47 94.78 113.53	114.60 115.97 111.19 97.37 114.37	115.10	115.63	116.30 118.07 111.27 96.31 114.66
government employees 3 Federal State and local	99.35 84.75 106.12	99.90 82.61 107.98	82.97	100.16 82.68 108.33	81.42	81.48	81.33	81.51	government employees 3 Federal	113.78 118.25 112.06	122.57	122.48	122.43	123.15	125.15	125.10	125.16

Gross government investment consists of general government and government enterprise expenditures for fixed assets; inventory investment is included in government consumption expenditures.
 Consumption expenditures for durable goods excludes expenditures classified as investment, except for goods transferred to foreign countries by the Federal Government.
 Compensation of government employees engaged in new force-account construction and related expenditures

for goods and services are classified as investment in structures. The compensation of all general government employees is shown in the addenda.

4. Consumption of fixed capital, or depreciation, is included in government consumption expenditures as a partial measure of the value of the services of general government fixed assets; use of depreciation assumes a zero net return on these assets.

Table 7.14.—Chain-Type Quantity and Price Indexes for Gross Domestic Product by Sector

[Index numbers, 1992=100]

				S	easonally	y adjuste	d	
	1996	1997		1997			1998	
			11	111	IV	ı	П	151
Chain-type quantity indexes								
Gross domestic product	112.02	116.42	115.89	117.08	117.94	119.54	120.09	121.06
Business !	113.87	118.91	118.30	119.65	120.66	122.53	123.11	124.20
Nonfarm ¹	114.12 114.81 108.38 97.50	119.95 111.29	119.26 111.20	120.70 111.50	121.90	122.66 124.02 111.60 113.12	123.25 124.56 112.58 113.40	
Households and institutions	111.72	115.20	114.74	115.79	116.49	117.06	117.43	118.02
Private households Nonprofit institutions	104.40 112.00	101.12 115.74	101.81 115.23	100.63 116.38	99.38 117.15	97.46 117.82	98.19 118.17	98.78 118.77
General government ²	100.02	100.66	100.60	100.91	100.81	101.10	101.44	101.86
FederalState and local	87.71 106.75	85.80 108.83	86.11 108.55	85.82 109.20	84.75 109.64	84.71 110.12	84.51 110.76	84.65 111.34
Chain-type price indexes								
Gross domestic product	109.54	111.57	111.45	111.77	112.09	112.33	112.57	112.80
Business 1	108.98	110.89	110.78	111.11	111.38	111.52	111.66	111.81
Nonfarm ¹	108.89 108.48 112.46 116.63	111.06 110.54 115.66 99.93	110.91 110.42 115.26 102.08	111.32 110.78 116.07 97.13	111.60 111.01 116.81 96.93	111.83 111.16 117.76 91.17	111.19	112.18 111.33 119.76 87.31
Households and institutions	110.67	112.42	112.37	112.50	112.88	113.59	115.33	116.55
Private households Nonprofit institutions	113.41 110.57	117.56 112.24	116.77 112.22	118.17 112.30	119.63 112.64		121.10 115.13	122.21 116.35
General government ²	113.12	116.12	115.92	116.28	116.92	117.80	118.19	118.68
FederalState and local	116.04 111.76		119.51 114.26	119.33 114.85				121.31 117.43

Gross domestic business product equals gross domestic product less gross product of households and institutions and of general government. Gross nonfarm product equals gross domestic business product less gross farm product.

Table 7.15.—Current-Dollar Cost and Profit Per Unit of Real Gross Domestic Product of Nonfinancial Corporate Business

[Dollars]

Current-dollar cost and profit per unit of real gross domestic product 1	1.056	1.063	1.063	1.063	1.063	1.061	1.061	
Consumption of fixed capital	.100	.100	.100	.100	.100	.099	.100	
Net domestic product	.956	.963	.963	.963	.963	.962	.962	
Indirect business tax and nontax liability plus business transfer payments less subsidies	.105 .850	.105 .857	.106 .857	.105 .858	.105 .858	.105 .858		
Compensation of employees	.685	.691	.691	.688	.695	.697	.699	
Corporate profits with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments	.140 .039	.143 .041	.143 .040		.141 .040	.139 .037		
adjustments Net interest	.101 .026	.102 .023	.102 .024	.104 .023	.101 .022	.102 .022	.099 .022	

Equals the deflator for gross domestic product of nonfinancial corporate business with the decimal point shifted two places to the left.

Table 7.16.—Implicit Price Deflators for Inventories of Business by Industry Group

[Index numbers, 1992=100]

		S	easonally	adjuste	d	
		1997			1998	
	11	HI	IV	ı	II.	III
Inventories 1	106.02	106.27	105.55	104.86	104.33	103.34
Farm	102.21	101.73	99.58	99.90	96.34	89.01
Nonfarm	106.43 106.20 106.75	105.99	105.74	105.45	105.06	
Manufacturing	106.37 104.57 109.40			105.28 103.93 107.53		102.76
Wholesale	105.49 103.68 108.41	106.02 103.48 110.25	105.29 103.07 108.97	104.23 102.68 106.70		103.41 101.78 106.06
Merchant wholesalers Durable goods Nondurable goods Nonmerchant wholesalers Durable goods Nondurable goods	105.74 103.94 108.69 103.99 101.97 106.93	103.74 110.49 104.68 101.77	103.33 109.57	107.74	102.47 107.88 100.89	102.03 107.05 100.41 100.13
Retail trade	106.34 109.36 111.20 107.50 103.25	109.15 111.11 107.18	108.80 110.44 107.16	108.79 110.42	110.62	111.08
Other Durable goods Nondurable goods	109.19 116.50 105.50		115.40		106.97 115.50 102.72	106.72 115.70 102.27

^{1.} Implicit price deflators are as of the end of the quarter and are consistent with the inventory stocks shown in tables 5.12 and 5.13.

product.

2. Equals compensation of general government employees plus general government consumption of fixed capital.

Table 7.17.—Chain-Type Quantity Indexes for Gross Domestic Product by Major Type of Product

[Index numbers, 1992=100]

				s	easonali	y adjuste	ed	
	1996	1997		1997			1998	
	112.02 111.61 116.71 115.63 130.65 127.09 107.19 107.67 108.52 114.88		11	III	IV	ı	11	III
Gross domestic product	112.02	116.42	115.89	117.08	117.94	119.54	120.09	121.06
Final sales of domestic product	111.61	115.49	114.72	116.33	116.95	118.20	119.54	120.23
Goods	116.71	123.56	122.90	124.52	125.68	129.29	127.95	128.88
Final sales Change in business inventories	115.63	120.99	119.65	122.47	122.94	125.51	126.52	126.61
Durable goods Final sales Change in business inventories								152.35 147.98
Nondurable goods							112.86 111.67	
Services	108.52	111.36	110.96	111.88	112.61	113.01	114.55	115.57
Structures	114.88	119.55	118.65	119.96	120.47	122.03	123.37	124.15
Addenda: Motor vehicle output Gross domestic product less	120.00			129.15				
motor vehicle output	111.74	116.06	115.69	116.67	117.40	119.15	119.85	120.92

Table 7.18.—Chain-Type Quantity Indexes for Auto Output [Index numbers, 1992=100]

				S	easonall	y adjuste	ed	
	1996	1997		1997			1998	
			Ħ	Ш	IV	í	11	111
Auto output	98.56	98.92	95.56	101.19	100.64	95.91	87.97	94.86
Final sales Personal consumption	101.86	98.12	95.09	100.34	96.83	95.55	97.46	92.41
expenditures New autos Net purchases of used	103.35 95.26				104.46 96.21	106.90 97.93		
autos Producers' durable equipment New autos Net purchases of used	126.64	124.47 125.32 127.54	124.93	126.61	120.99 118.10 121.98	124.86 123.90 126.51	127.06	124.24 114.37 115.99
Net exports Exports Imports Gross government investment		128.69 110.27 139.33 89.31	114.88	109.64 140.27	109.57 135.54	109.74 148.67	104.74 150.41	89.84 141.92 78.17
11		***************************************		· ••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••				
Addenda: Domestic output of new autos ¹ Sales of imported new autos ²	110.84 98.05				110.46 106.69			

Consists of final sales and change in business inventories of new autos assembled in the United States.
 Consists of personal consumption expenditures, producers' durable equipment, and gross government investment.

Table 7.19.—Chain-Type Quantity Indexes for Truck Output [Index numbers, 1992=100]

Truck output 1	150.72	167.41	158.99	169.26	181.39	180.93	183.04	168.32
Final sales	153.94	166.62	159.20	171.77	176.79	180.63	198.82	178.60
expenditures	127.21 187.13	130.57 209.96	122.66 203.84	134.74 213.92	138.92 220.36	140.51 229.67	155.09 243.87	142.66 229.07
Exports	156.23 116.46 102.20	134.35	170.05 131.35 124.99	140.97	130.51	132.89	115.33	118.64
Change in business inventories						, ,		************

^{1.} Includes new trucks only.

8. Supplementary Tables_____

Table 8.1.—Percent Change From Preceding Period in Selected Series

	Seasonally adjusted at annual rates		<u> </u>			Sea	sonally	adjuste	ed at a	nnual ra							
	1996	1997		1997			1998			1996	1997		1997			1998	
			II	III	١٧	ı	Ħ	Ш		;		II	311	IJ	_	11	111
Gross domestic product: Current dollars Chain-type quantity index Chain-type price index Implicit price deflator Personal consumption expenditures:	5.4 3.4 1.9 1.9	3.9 1.9	5.6 4.0 1.7 1.6	5.4 4.2 1.2	4.2 3.0 1.1 1.2	.9	2.7 1.8 .9	4.1 3.3 .8 .8	Implicit price deflator Imports of goods and services: Current dollars Chain-type quantity index Chain-type price index	2.7 6.8 9.2 -2.2 -2.2	9.7 13.9 -3.7	9.9 17.9 –7.1	11.3 13.5 -2.1	1.5 4.1 6.3 -2.3	3.6	9.3	-4.8
Current dollars	5.3 3.2 2.0 2.0	5.3 3.4 1.9 1.9	2.7 1.6 1.1 1.1	7.7 6.2 1.3 1.4	3.9 2.8 1.1 1.1	6.1 6.1 0 0	7.0 6.1 .9	4.9 3.9 1.0 1.0	Implicit price deflator Imports of goods: Current dollars Chain-type quantity index Chain-type price index	6.8 10.0 -2.9	9.8 14.7 -4.2	-6.8 9.7 19.4 -8.5	11.2 13.1 -1.9	4.4 6.4 –2.2	3.8 17.0 11.3	4.8 11.4 -5.9	-1.4 4.5
Durable goods: Current dollars Chain-type quantity index Implicit price index	6.3 9	4.6 6.8 –2.0 –2.0	-5.2 -1.5 -3.4 -3.8	13.5 16.8 –2.8 –2.8	.6 3.1 –2.4 –2.4	14.1 15.8 -1.4 -1.4	11.2 -2.2	-2.5 0 -2.5 -2.5	Implicit price deflator Imports of services: Current dollars Chain-type quantity index	-2.9 7.1 5.4	-4.2 -4.2 9.3 9.9 6	10.9 10.6	12.1 15.8	-1.9 3.0 5.8	-11.3 2.9 9.3	2.0 6	-5.6 -2.7 -2.2
Nondurable goods: Current dollars Chain-type quantity index Chain-type price index Implicit price deflator	2.4 2.0	2.4	4 2 2 2	5.9 5.1 .8	.5 4 .9	5.0 7.4 –2.2 –2.2	5.3	3.8 2.3 1.5 1.5	Chain-type price index	1.6 1.6 3.6	6	.3 .3 3.4 2.1	-3.2	-2.6		2.7	6 6
Services: Current dollars	5.7 3.0 2.7	6.2 3.2 2.9 2.9	6.1 3.2 2.8	7.4 4.7 2.5	6.3 4.3 1.9 1.9	5.0 3.5 1.4	7.4 5.4 1.9	7.1 5.5 1.5	Chain-type quantity index Chain-type price index Implicit price deflator Federal: Current dollars	1.1 2.5 2.5 1.8	3.5 1.3 2.2 2.2	2.1 1.2 1.2 4.6	.8 8.	2.4 .1 2.2 2.3	1.1	.8 .8	1.1
Implicit price deflator Gross private domestic investment: Current dollars Chain-type quantity index Chain-type price index	8.5 8.8	11.0 11.3	19.0 20.3 —.5	1.9	8.6 8.9 5	ĺ	-6.2 -4.5 -1.8	5.1 7.4 -2.2	Chain-type quantity index	-1.1 2.9 2.9	.3 -1.6 2.0 2.0	3.6 .9 1.0	2 2	1.4 1.5	-6.4 -8.8 2.7 2.6	7.3 7.3 0 0	-1.6 -1.7 .1 .1
Implicit price deflator Fixed investment: Current dollars Chain-type quantity index Chain-type price index	8.6 8.8	8.1 8.3	-1.1 10.8 11.8	12.3 12.0	3.0 3.6	17.8 20.4	11.4	8 1.2	Current dollars Chain-type quantity index Chain-type price index Implicit price deflator Nondefense:	1.9 -1.3 3.3 3.3	-1.4 -3.2 1.8 1.8	9.7 9.1 .5 .6	-2.2 -1.8 4 4	1.2	-16.1 -18.5 2.9 2.9	.31	4.4 4.2 .2 .2
Implicit price deflator	1 8.3 9.3	2 2 9.2 10.7	11.8 14.0	15.8 17.0	5 5 .2 1.8		-1.8 9.3	-2.0	Current dollars Chain-type quantity index Chain-type price index Implicit price deflator State and local:	1.7 5 2.2 2.2	4.1 1.7 2.4 2.4	-4.7 -6.4 1.7 1.8	.2 1 .4 .3	5 -2.3 1.8 1.8	15.5 13.1 2.2 2.1	2.1 2.6 6 5	-12.1 -12.1 0 0
Chain-type price index	7.8 5.0	10.7	-1.5 -1.9 -3.1 -6.2	-1.0 17.2 12.4	-1.6 4.3	-2.3 -4.9 2.7	-3.1 .7	-3.6 -3.6 -5.8 -6.5	Current dollars Chain-type quantity index Chain-type price index Implicit price deflator	4.7 2.4 2.2 2.2	5.4 3.1 2.2 2.2	2.7 1.3 1.4 1.4	4.3 2.9 1.4 1.4	4.1 1.3 2.7 2.7	2.3 2.1 .2 .2	3.0 1.8 1.2 1.2	4.8 3.2 1.6 1.6
Chain-type price index	2.6 2.6 8.5 10.9	3.4 8.7	3.3 3.4 18.2	4.3 4.3 15.3	3.3 3.3 –1.3	2.7 27.6	3.1 12.5	.7 .7 -4.1 1.1	Addenda: Final sales of domestic product: Current dollars Chain-type quantity index Chain-type price index	5.4 3.4 1.9	5.4 3.5 1.9	4.4 2.7 1.8 1.6	7.0 5.8 1.2	3.3 2.1 1.2 1.1	5.3 4.3 .9	5.5 4.6 .9	3.2 2.3 .9 .9
Chain-type quantity index Chain-type price index Implicit price deflator Residential: Current dollars	-2.2 -2.2 9.5	-3.0 -3.0	8.2	-2.9 -3.0	-3.3 -3.5 10.9	-5.0 -5.0 15.6	5.2 5.3	9.2	Implicit price deflator Gross domestic purchases: Current dollars Chain-type quantity index Chain-type gries index	3.6	1.9 5.8 4.2		1.2 5.8 4.6 1.1		7.6	4.4	.9 4.5 4.0 .5
Chain-type quantity index	7.4 1.9 1.9	5.2 2.5 2.6 2.6	6.1 1.9 1.9	4 4.0 4.0	8.2 2.4 2.4	15.6 0 0	1.7 1.7	6.8 2.3 2.3	Chain-type price index Implicit price deflator Final sales to domestic purchasers: Current dollars Chain-type quantity index	1.8 1.8 5.4 3.6	4.2 1.6 1.6 5.4 3.7 1.6	- 1	7.3 6.2 1.1	1.1	7.8 2 2 6.5 6.6		.5 .5 3.6 3.0
Current dollars	6.6 8.5 -1.7 -1.7	10.5 12.8 -2.0 -2.0	13.9 15.5 -1.0 -1.4	8.8 10.6 -1.6 -1.6	-1.6	-6.0 -2.8 -3.4 -3.4	-1.8	-5.7 -2.9 -2.9 -2.9	Chain-type price index Implicit price deflator Gross national product: Current dollars	1.8 1.8 5.3	1.6	4.0 3.1 .9 .8	1.1	3.5 2.4 1.0 1.0	1 1 6.7	7.2 6.7 .5 .5	.5 .5
Exports of goods: Current dollars Chain-type quantity index Chain-type price index Implicit price deflator	5.9 9.7 -3.5 -3.5	11.3 15.4 -3.5 -3.5	13.6 17.1 -2.5 -2.9	10.5 12.5 -1.8 -1.8	5.1 7.9 -2.7 -2.7	-7.9 -3.4 -4.7 -4.7	-14.0 -11.3 -3.0 -3.0	4	Chain-type quantity index	3.4 1.9 1.9	5.6 3.7 1.8 1.8	5.6 4.1 1.7 1.5	5.0 3.8 1.2 1.2	3.6 2.4 1.1 1.2	5.8 .9 .8	.8 .9	
Exports of services: Current dollars	8.4 5.6 2.7	8.4 6.6 1.8	14.7 11.8 2.7	4.8 5.9 –1.0	-2.5 -4.0 1.5	-1.3 -1.2 0	2.9 1.7 1.1	-9.0 -8.6 5	Chain-type quantity index Disposable personal income: Current dollars Chained (1992) dollars	3.5 4.9 2.8	3.9 4.7 2.8	4.9 4.0 2.9	3.9 3.8 2.4	2.5 4.0 2.9	6.9 4.0 4.0	3.5	3.6 2.6

NOTE.— Contributions to the percent change in real gross domestic product are shown in table 8.2.

Table 8.2.—Contributions to Percent Change in Real Gross Domestic Product

	,							
			Sea	sonally	adjust	ed at a	nnual ra	ates
	1996	1997		1997			1998	
			il	111	IV	Ī	31	R
Percent change at annual rate:								
Gross domestic product	3.4	3.9	4.0	4.2	3.0	5.5	1.8	3.3
Percentage points at annual rates:						1		
Personal consumption expenditures	2.17	2.31	1.08	4.19	1.88	4.09	4.09	2.64
Durable goods Nondurable goods Services	.52 .48 1.18			1.30 1.00 1.85	.26 08 1.70	1.23 1.41 1.40	.91 1.01 2.14	.00 .45 2.19
Gross private domestic investment	1.26	1.65	2.92	.23	1.34	4.07	75	1.15
Fixed investment	1.21 .92 .14 .78 .29	1.18 1.08 .20 .88 .10 .47	1.63 1.39 19 1.58 .24 1.27	1.66 1.67 .35 1.32 02 -1.41	.48 .16 .03 .13 .32 .85	2.82 2.21 15 2.36 .60 1.22	1.95 1.35 07 1.42 .60 2.66	.18 11 19 .09 .29
Net exports of goods and services	19	27	45	47	~.30	-2.24	-2.08	76
Exports Goods Services Imports Goods Services	.95 .76 .18 -1.13 -1.02 11	1.43 1.21 .22 -1.71 -1.51 20	1.76 1.37 .38 -2.21 -1.99 21	1.22 1.02 .20 -1.69 -1.38 31	.53 .67 14 83 71 12	33 29 04 -1.94 -1.75 19	-,92 -,98 .06 -1.18 -1.19	33 03 29 44 48 .05
Government consumption expenditures and gross investment	.20	.24	.38	.25	.02	34	.64	.25
Federal	08 06 01 .28	11 15 .04 .35	.23 .38 –.15 .15	08 08 .00 .33	14 09 05 .15	57 84 .26 .24	.44 .38 .06 .20	11 .17 27 .36

Table 8.3.—Selected Per Capita Product and Income Series in Current and Chained Dollars

(Dollars)

			{Dollars	5] 				
				Seasona	ally adjust	ed at ann	ual rates	
	1996	1997		1997			1998	
			11	111	IV	ı	11	181
Current dollars:								
Gross domestic product	28,849	30,278	30,138	30,468	30,707	31,132	31,277	31,519
product Personal income Disposable personal	28,895 24,193	30,248 25,325						
income Personal consumption	20,840	21,633	21,558	21,709	21,871	22,046	22,192	22,336
expenditures Durable goods Nondurable	19,639 2,422			20,660 2,540				
goods Services	5,795 11,421	5,975 12,021		6,008 12,111		6,064 12,396		
Chained (1992) dollars:								
Gross domestic product	26,338	27,138	27,048	<i>'</i>	'	27,718	27,786	27,944
product Disposable personal	26,389	27,125	27,058	27,248	27,345	27,683	27,739	
income Personal consumption	18,989	19,349	19,315	19,385	19,478	19,632	19,719	19,799
expenditures Durable goods Nondurable	17,894 2,358		18,213 2,444	18,447 2,534	18,529 2,547	18,770 2,637		19,145 2,696
goods Services	5,463 10,079	5,548 10,309		5,578 10,349		5,649 10,506		5,728 10,740
Population (mid-period, thousands)	265,579	267,880	267,545	268,171	268,815	269,309	269,867	270,524

Table 8.4.—Auto Output

[Billions of dollars]

			Sea	Seasonally adjusted at annual rates						
	1996	1997		1997			1998			
			31	Ш	ΙV	1	- 11	III		
Auto output	134.5	134.7	129.6	138.8	135.2	130.4	118.1	130.6		
Final sales Personal consumption expenditures New autos Net purchases of used autos Producers' durable equipment New autos Net purchases of used autos Net exports Exports Imports Gross government investment	139.8 141.6 85.8 55.8 44.8 78.8 -34.0 -48.9 17.0 65.9 2.3	86.2 57.3 45.7 79.9 -34.2 -56.4 16.8	139.9 81.5 58.4 45.2 79.9 -34.7 -55.6 17.5 73.1	145.7 89.0 56.6 46.9 80.4 -33.5 -57.2	141.0 86.3 54.7 43.7 76.1 -32.4 -55.0 16.7	144.2 87.7 56.5 45.8 78.8 -33.0 -61.7 16.7	93.3 53.6 46.7 80.7 -34.0 -63.3 16.0	143.9 86.8 57.1 42.0 72.3 -30.4 -60.8 13.7		
Change in business inventories of new and used autos	-5.2 -5.5 .2	-1 2 -3	-1.8 9 9	1.3 1.4 1	3.4 3.0 .4		-17.4	3.6 7.7 -4.1		
Addenda: Domestic output of new autos ¹	120.6 58.0		116.4 61.3		119.3 62.9		104.8 71.4			

Consists of final sales and change in business inventories of new autos assembled in the United States.
 Consists of personal consumption expenditures, producers' durable equipment, and gross government investment.

Table 8.6.—Truck Output

[Billions of dollars]

Truck output 1	142.6	158.9	151.1	161.0	171.3	169.9	171.5	158.2
Final sales	143.3	155.6	148.8	160.6	164.3	166.9	183.3	165.1
Personal consumption expenditures	66.5	69.2	65.0	71.4				
Producers' durable equipment	73.8	82.3	80.0	83.9	85.7	88.8	94.2	88.7
Net exports	-4.7	-4.9	-5.4	-5.2	-3.1	-3.6	-1.7	-5.4
Exports	9.0	10.9				12.2	12.0	8.8
Imports	13.7	15.8	15.4	16.6			13.8	14.2
Gross government investment	7.6	9.0	9.2	10.4	8.2	7.7	9.4	6.7
Change in business inventories	7	3.3	2.3	.4	7.0	3.0	-11.7	-6.9

^{1.} Includes new trucks only.

Table 8.5.—Real Auto Output

[Billions of chained (1992) dollars]

			Sea	sonally	adjuste	ed at a	nnual ra	ates
	1996	1997		1997			1998	
			11	181	IV	1	11	III
Auto output	119.8	120.2	116.1	123.0	122.3	116.6	106.9	115.3
Final sales Personal consumption expenditures New autos Net purchases of used autos Producers' durable equipment New autos Net purchases of used autos Net exports Exports Imports Gross government investment	124.3 121.5 78.2 42.4 44.7 71.8 -26.9 -43.6 16.0 59.6 2.1	123.7 78.5 44.1 44.2 72.8 -28.1 -49.8 15.7	120.0 74.1 44.5 44.0 72.7 -28.1 -49.3 16.4	81.1 44.3 44.6 73.2 –28.1 –50.3 15.6	122.8 79.0 42.9 41.6 69.7 -27.4 -48.1 15.6	125.7 80.4 44.3 43.7 72.2 -28.0 -54.3 15.7	128.1 85.7 41.9 44.8 74.1 -28.8 -55.8 14.9 70.7	124.6 79.5 44.0 40.3 66.2 -25.4 -53.9 12.8
Change in business inventories of new and used autos	-4.7 -5.1 .2	.4 .7 2	0 .9 8	.5 .6 –.1	4.2 4.0 .3	-1.2	2.6	6.7 -3.4
Residual	-/	.4	.5	.5	.1	.2	1.0	0
Addenda: Domestic output of new autos ¹ Sales of imported new autos ²	110.8 52.9	110.3 57.5		113.3 58.6			97.3 65.6	

Consists of final sales and change in business inventories of new autos assembled in the United States.
 Consists of personal consumption expenditures, producers' durable equipment, and gross government invest-

Table 8.7.—Real Truck Output

[Billions of chained (1992) dollars]

Truck output 1	126.2	140.2	133.1	141.7	151.9	151.5	153.3	140.9
Final sales	126.9	137.3	131.2	141.6	145.7	148.9	163.9	147.2
Personal consumption expenditures	58.3	59.8	56.2	61.7	63.6	64.4	71.1	
Producers' durable equipment	65.7	73.7	71.5	75.1	77.4	80.6	85.6	80.4
Net exports	-3.7	-4.0	-4.5		-2.4			
Exports	8.7	10.3		10.7	11.5	11.3		8.2
Imports	12.4	14.3	14.0			14.2	12.3	
Gross government investment	6.7	8.1	8.2	9.3	7.4	7.0	8.6	6.0
Change in business inventories	6	2.8	1.9	.4	5.9	2.5	-10.2	-6.0
Residual	2	2	2	5	0	1	7	5

^{2.} Consists of personal consumption expenditures, producers' durable equipment, and gross government investment.
NOTE.—Chained (1992) dollar series are calculated as the product of the chain-type quantity index and the 1992 current-dollar value of the corresponding series, divided by 100. Because the formula for the chain-type quantity indexes uses weights of more than one period, the corresponding chained-dollar estimates are usually not additive. The residual line is the difference between the first line and the sum of the most detailed lines, excluding the fines in the addenda.
Chain-type quantity indexes for the series in this table appear in table 7.18.

^{1.} Includes new trucks only.

NOTE—Chained (1992) dollar series are calculated as the product of the chain-type quantity index and the 1992 current-dollar value of the corresponding series, divided by 100. Because the formula for the chain-type quantity indexes uses weights of more than one period, the corresponding chained-dollar estimates are usually not additive. The residual line is the difference between the first line and the sum of the most detailed lines.

Chain-type quantity indexes for the series in this table appear in table 7.19.

B. Other NIPA and NIPA-Related Tables

Monthly Estimates:

Tables B.1 and B.2 include the most recent estimates of personal income and its components; these estimates were released on November 2, 1998 and include "preliminary" estimates for September 1998 and "revised" estimates for July and August 1998.

Table B.1.—Personal Income [Billions of dollars; monthly estimates seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

	1996	1997			1997							1998				
	1990	1997	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug. r	Sept. P
Personal income	6,425.2	6,784.0	6,826.7	6,850.1	6,875.5	6,910.9	6,928.3	6,970.5	7,007.3	7,033.9	7,055.3	7,085.9	7,104.4	7,131.8	7,161.4	7,173.5
Wage and salary disbursements Private industries Goods-producing industries Manufacturing Distributive industries Service industries Government	3,631.1 2,990.2 909.0 674.6 823.3 1,257.9 640.9	3,889.8 3,225.7 975.0 719.5 879.8 1,370.8 664.2	3,922.7 3,255.9 980.9 723.7 889.1 1,386.0 666.8	3,937.1 3,268.8 985.3 726.6 892.7 1,390.7 668.3	3,964.0 3,294.0 995.2 735.1 898.7 1,400.2 670.0	3,998.0 3,326.3 1,004.0 741.8 908.7 1,413.7 671.6	4,007.7 3,335.0 1,012.1 746.8 906.3 1,416.7 672.7	4,040.0 3,362.9 1,016.7 748.7 915.3 1,430.8 677.2	4,066.4 3,386.5 1,020.2 750.8 920.8 1,445.5 680.0	4,079.3 3,397.9 1,020.1 751.8 920.5 1,457.3 681.4	4,097.6 3,414.0 1,022.8 750.8 926.4 1,464.7 683.6	4,124.3 3,438.6 1,025.5 753.2 935.6 1,477.5 685.7	4,131.0 3,442.8 1,021.3 748.3 934.4 1,487.1 688.1	4,153.5 3,463.4 1,020.8 743.7 941.5 1,501.0 690.1	4,183.7 3,491.1 1,030.7 752.5 946.4 1,514.0 692.7	4,189.0 3,494.4 1,029.1 754.7 950.0 1,515.4 694.6
Other labor income	387.0	392.9	393.5	395.3	394.4	396.9	399.7	401.7	402.8	403.8	404.7	405.7	406.6	407.5	408.3	409.2
Proprietors' income with IVA and CCAdj	527.7 38.9 488.8	551.2 35.5 515.8	555.6 36.4 519.2	559.7 35.1 524.5	558.9 33.5 525.4	557.7 31.5 526.2	557.5 29.1 528.4	559.8 28.2 531.6	563.9 27.3 536.6	568.8 26.6 542.2	570.2 27.2 543.0	570.2 27.7 542.5	574.8 28.2 546.6	576.3 26.2 550.2	573.8 24.3 549.6	574.5 22.3 552.3
Rental income of persons with CCAdj	150.2	158.2	158.6	158.7	158.7	158.8	158.9	158.3	158.4	158.3	159.4	160.9	162.6	163.1	163.5	164.1
Personal dividend income	248.2	260.3	260.3	260.7	261.0	261.3	261.4	261.5	261.6	261.8	262.0	262.1	262.3	262.4	262.8	263.7
Personal interest income	719.4	747.3	750.6	751.7	752.5	753.0	753.3	754.7	757.0	759.3	761.2	762.8	765.0	766.5	767.5	768.7
Transfer payments to persons Old-age, survivors, disability, and health insurance benefits Government unemployment insurance benefits Other	1,068.0 538.0 21.9 508.0	1,110.4 565.9 19.9 524.6	1,114.1 569.2 19.3 525.6	1,116.8 569.2 19.9 527.7	1,117.5 570.8 18.3 528.4	1,119.3 570.7 19.8 528.9	1,124.7 575.1 19.9 529.7	1,133.8 579.3 19.6 534.9	1,138.4 581.2 19.5 537.7	1,144.7 584.4 19.7 540.6	1,143.8 583.7 19.6 540.5	1,145.3 585.1 19.4 540.8	1,148.3 586.2 19.6 542.5	1,150.2 588.0 19.5 542.7	1,151.7 588.7 19.3 543.8	1,154.7 589.6 19.6 545.6
Less: Personal contributions for social insurance	306.3	326.2	328.6	329.7	331.7	334.1	334.9	339.3	341.2	342.2	343.6	345.5	346.2	347.7	350.0	350.5

P Preliminary.

Revised.
CCAdj Capital consumption adjustment

IVA Inventory valuation adjustment Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.

Table B.2.—The Disposition of Personal Income

[Monthly estimates seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

					1997							1998				
	1996	1997	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July "	Aug."	Sept.P
						E	Billions of d	ioliars, unic	ess otherwi	se indicate	d					
Personal income,	6,425.2	6,784.0	6,826.7	6,850.1	6,875.5	6,910.9	6,928.3	6,970.5	7,007.3	7,033.9	7,055.3	7,085.9	7,104.4	7,131.8	7,161.4	7,173.5
Less: Personal tax and nontax payments	890.5	989.0	1,000.3	1,006.7	1,015.5	1,026.9	1,034.1	1,058.7	1,069.4	1,072.4	1,083.3	1,094.9	1,100.5	1,105.3	1,116.0	1,118.3
Equals: Disposable personal income	5,534.7	5,795.1	5,826.4	5,843.4	5,860.0	5,884.0	5,894.2	5,911.8	5,937.9	5,961.5	5,972.0	5,990.9	6,004.0	6,026.5	6,045.5	6,055.2
Less: Personal outlays	5,376.2	5,674.1	5,720.5	5,739.6	5,752.7	5,783.4	5,807.4	5,837.3	5,870.0	5,884.7	5,914.4	5,970.4	6,005.2	6,007.6	6,034.5	6,067.2
Personal consumption expenditures	5,215.7 643.3 1,539.2 3,033.2	5,493.7 673.0 1,600.6 3,220.1	5,537.7 683.5 1,610.8 3,243.5	5,554.0 677.1 1,614.4 3,262.5	5,565.8 671.7 1,614.6 3,279.5	5,596.4 684.8 1,614.8 3,296.7	5,617.4 690.1 1,610.2 3,317.1	5,649.3 709.6 1,623.8 3,315.9	5,682.7 708.2 1,636.7 3,337.8	5,697.5 697.6 1,638.8 3,361.0	5,723.9 698.6 1,646.8 3,378.5	5,782.1 724.3 1,657.9 3,399.9	5,815.0 737.3 1,661.0 3,416.7	5,815.4 705.6 1,669.9 3,440.0	5,840.8 713.4 1,670.3 3,457.1	5,872.7 727.5 1,671.8 3,473.4
Interest paid by persons	143.6 16.9	161.5 18.9	163.3 19.5	166.0 19.5	167.2 19.8	167.2 19.8	170.2 19.8	168.8 19.2	168.1 19.2	168.0 19.2	170.6 19.9	168.4 19.9	170.4 19.9	171.6 20.5	173.2 20.5	174.0 20.5
Equals: Personal saving	158.5	121.0	105.8	103.8	107.2	100.6	86.8	74.5	67.9	76.8	57.6	20.5	~1.2	18.9	11.0	-12.0
Addenda: Disposable personal income:		į														
Billions of chained (1992) dollars ¹	5,043.0 20,840 18,989 265,579	5,183.1 21,633 19,349 267,880	5,203.2 21,726 19,403 268,171	5,210.7 21,772 19,415 268,391	5,221.4 21,814 19,437 268,633	5,239.7 21,888 19,491 268,823	5,246.5 21,912 19,504 268,989	5,264.9 21,965 19,562 269,143	5,287.0 22,049 19,632 269,302	5,309.5 22,122 19,703 269,482	5,311.7 22,145 19,697 269,669	5,318.8 22,200 19,709 269,862	5,334.0 22,231 19,751 270,069	5,345.3 22,296 19,776 270,289	5,356.1 22,347 19,799 270,524	5,366.6 22,364 19,820 270,761
Personal consumption expenditures: Billions of chained (1992) dollars Durable goods Nondurable goods Services Implicit price dellator, 1992–100	4,752.4 626.1 1,450.9 2,676.7 109.75	4,913.5 668.6 1,486.3 2,761.5 111.81	4,945.4 682.6 1,495.4 2,771.7	4,952.6 676.9 1,494.6 2,784.1 112.14	4,959.3 673.0 1,494.4 2,794.0 112.23	4,983.6 687.9 1,495.7 2,803.3 112.30	5,000.1 693.3 1,492.6 2,817.3 112.35	5,031.1 713.8 1,508.6 2,814.9 112.29	5,059.7 713.1 1,523.7 2,829.0 112.31	5,074.3 703.8 1,531.4 2,843.8 112.28	5,091.1 704.2 1,536.8 2,854.3 112.43	5,133.4 734.0 1,540.7 2,866.1 112.64	5,166.1 749.8 1,545.2 2,880.0 112.56	5,158.1 716.6 1,551.2 2,894.5 112.74	5,174.8 727.0 1,547.4 2,905.2 112.87	5,204.9 744.6 1,550.3 2,916.5 112.83
Personal saving as percentage of disposable personal income 2	2.9	2.1	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.5	1.3	1.1	1.3	1.0	.3	0	.3	.2	2
					Perce	ent change	from prece	eding perio	d, monthly	changes a	at monthly	rates				
Personal income, current dollars	5.8	5.6	0.6	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.3	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.2
Disposable personal income: Current dollars Chained (1992) dollars	4.9 2.8	4.7 2.8	.5 .4	.3 .1	.3 .2	.4 .4	.2 .1	.3 .4	.4 .4	.4 .4	o ²	.3 .1	.2 .3	.4 .2	.3 .2	.2
Personal consumption expenditures: Current dollars	5.3 3.2	5.3 3.4	.2 .1	.3 .1	.2 .1	.5 .5	.4 .3	.6 .6	.6 .6	.3 .3	.5 .3	1.0	.6 .6	0 2	.4 .3	.5 .6

P Preliminary.
Revised.
1. Disposable personal income in chained (1992) dollars equals the current-dollar figure divided by the implicit price deflator for personal consumption expenditures.

Monthly estimates equal personal saving for the month as a percentage of disposable personal income for that month.Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.

Annual Estimates:

Except as noted, these tables are derived from the NIPA tables published in the August 1998 SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS; they are consistent with the most recent comprehensive and annual revisions.

Table B.3 is not included in "Other NIPA and NIPA-Related Tables" this month. The data in table B.3 are presented in more detail in "Gross Product by Industry, 1995–97" elsewhere in this issue.

Table B.4.—Personal Consumption Expenditures by Type of Expenditure

	т .	ions of do		Billio	ns of cha	ined	Experiences by Type of Experience	Bill	ions of do	llars.		ons of cha	
	1995	1996	1997	1995	992) dolla 1996	1997		1995	1996	1997	1995	992) dolla 1996	1997
Personal consumption expenditures	4,953.9	5,215.7	5,493.7	4,605.6	4,752.4	4,913.5	Personal business Brokerage charges and investment counseling (s.)	388.8 39.1	416.2 46.6	459.1 54.4	354.3 42.1	364.6 51.1	377.2 61.2
Food and tobacco Food purchased for off-premise consumption (n.d.) Purchased meals and beverages ¹ (n.d.) Food furnished to employees (including military) (n.d.)	780.4 461.9 261.0 8.5	805.2 477.0 268.8 8.8	832.3 494.2 277.2 9.1	736.8 434.9 246.1 8.0	740.0 436.6 247.4 8.1	745.7 442.3 248.4 8.2	Bank service charges, trust services, and safe deposit box rental (s.) Services furnished without payment by financial intermediaries except life insurance carriers and private	33.9		41.5	27.9	29.0	30.8
Food produced and consumed on farms (n.d.)	.5 48.6 649.1	.4 50.2 669.0	51.4 692.4	.4 47.4 609.4	.4 47.5 611.4	46.4 617.5	noninsured pension plans (s.) Expense of handling life insurance ¹⁷ (s.) Legal services (s.) Funeral and burial expenses (s.)	159.1 75.7 49.4 12.2	167.5 77.4 53.0 13.3	190.9 80.2 55.9 13.8	68.8 44.4 10.5	66.2 46.1 10.9	148.1 65.2 46.7 10.7
consumption (n.d.)	54.8 27.9	57.1 28.9	58.6 30.0	54.4 25.7	55.4 25.8	56.1 25.9	Other 18 (s.) Transportation User-operated transportation	19.4 574.1	611.6	22.4 636.4	17.3 531.5	18.3 551.7	18.9 569.7
Clothing, accessories, and jewelry Shoes (n.d.) Clothing and accessories except shoes ² Women's and children's (n.d.) Men's and boys' (n.d.) Standard clothing issued to military personnel (n.d)	321.8 36.9 216.8 140.5 76.4 .3 12.2	338.0 38.5 226.9 146.5 80.4	353.3 39.8 237.9 152.9 85.0	324.2 37.2 222.7 145.4 77.2 .3	345.7 39.0 236.9 155.7 81.2 .3	361.8 40.4 247.7 162.5 85.3 .3	New autos (d.) Net purchases of used autos (d.) Other motor vehicles (d.) Tires, tubes, accessories, and other parts (d.) Repair, greasing, washing, parking, storage, rental, and	531.9 86.6 53.0 79.7 36.2	567.3 85.8 55.8 84.7 38.5	588.3 86.2 57.3 87.2 38.8	491.1 80.2 41.4 72.0 36.7	509.0 78.2 42.4 75.0 39.1	525.3 78.5 44.1 76.5 39.7
Cleaning, storage, and repair of clothing and shoes (s.) Jewelry and watches (d.)	12.2 39.4 16.1 71.8	12.7 41.4 18.2 75.0	13.1 43.1 19.2 79.4	11.4 37.7 15.0 68.1	11.7 41.2 16.7 70.1	11.7 44.5 17.2 73.0	leasing (s.) Gasoline and oil (n.d.) Bridge, tunnel, ferry, and road tolls (s.) Insurance ¹² (s.) Purchased local transportation	128.7 115.6 2.8 29.4 9.1	143.6 124.5 2.8 31.5 10.0	154.9 126.5 3.0 34.4 10.4	117.5 114.3 2.5 26.0 8.5	128.6 116.0 2.5 26.7 8.4	137.0 117.9 2.5 28.3 8.6
Toilet articles and preparations (n.d.)	47.2 24.6	49.7 25.3	52.6 26.8	45.3 22.8	47.4 22.7	49.8 23.3	Mass transit systems (s.) Taxicab (s.) Purchased intercity transportation	6.0 3.2 33.0	6.5 3.5 34.3	6.8 3.6 37.7	5.5 3.0 31.9	5.5 3.0 34,4	5.7 3.0 35.9
Housing Owner-occupied nonfarm, dwellingsspace rent. ⁴ (s.) Tenant-occupied nonfarm dwellingsrent. ⁵ (s.) Rental value of farm dwellings (s.) Other ⁶ (s.)	750.4 532.4 184.8 5.9 27.3	787.4 559.1 193.2 6.1 29.1	829.8 590.3 203.2 6.3 30.0	688.6 487.4 171.4 5.2 24.7	700.9 496.0 174.7 5.1 25.2	717.4 508.9 178.7 5.0 24.9	Railway (s.) Bus (s.) Airline (s.) Other ²⁰ (s.)	.8 1.1 27.9 3.3	.8 1.1 28.5 3.9	.8 1.2 31.5 4.1	7 1.2 27.2 2.8	.7 1.2 29.2 3.3	1.2 30.4 3.4
Household operation Furniture, including mattresses and bedsprings (d.)	559.4 47.7 27.2 25.2 54.6 28.7	592.8 50.6 28.5 27.0 57.9 30.7	620.7 54.8 29.7 28.6 61.8 32.8	533.0 44.3 26.7 25.2 53.7 26.8	555.6 46.4 27.9 27.3 56.8 28.7	578.4 50.4 29.3 29.1 60.4 30.6	Recreation Books and maps (d.) Magazines, newspapers, and sheet music (n.d.) Nondurable toys and sport supplies (n.d.) Wheel goods, sports and photographic equipment, boats, and pleasure aircraft (d.) Video and audio products, computing equipment, and	404.2 22.4 25.7 42.3 39.3	432.3 24.2 27.6 45.1 42.3	462.9 25.2 29.1 47.8 48.1	399.1 21.0 23.1 41.9 38.0	429.9 21.8 23.9 44.5 40.9	466.9 22.5 25.0 47.6 46.8
Cleaning and polishing preparations, and miscellaneous household supplies and paper products (n.d)	52.3 15.8 168.0 87.9 31.3	54.6 16.8 176.6 90.3 35.2	56.5 18.0 178.5 90.2 36.0	50.3 14.4 159.0 84.3 30.5	51.2 14.7 161.9 85.1 32.9	52.5 15.0 160.1 84.6 31.5	musical instruments (d.) Radio and television repair (s.) Flowers, seeds, and potted plants (n.d.) Admissions to specified spectator amusements Motion picture theaters (s.) Legitimate theaters and opera, and entertainments of	86.4 4.9 13.8 20.1 5.8	92.0 5.0 14.8 21.9 6.2	96.5 5.4 15.9 23.3 6.6	103.6 4.4 13.3 18.2 5.3	123.8 4.4 14.8 18.9 5.3	146.8 4.6 16.5 19.6 5.6
Water and other sanitary services (s.) Fuel oil and coal (n.d.) Telephone and telegraph (s.) Domestic service (s.) Other ¹⁰ (s.)	37.9 10.9 87.7 12.8 39.3	38.9 12.2 97.1 12.5 40.4	41.1 11.2 104.2 13.2 42.7	33.1 11.2 85.5 11.7 35.8	32.8 11.2 94.7 11.0 35.5	33.8 10.3 105.0 11.2 36.4	nonprofit institutions (except athletics) (s.) Spectator sports ²¹ (s.) Clubs and fraternal organizations ²² (s.) Commercial participant amusements ²³ (s.) Pari-mutuel net receipts (s.) Other ²⁴ (s.)	8.7 5.5 12.7 41.3 3.3 92.1	9.3 6.4 13.0 44.7 3.4 98.3	10.0 6.7 13.8 49.1 3.5 105.1	7.9 5.0 11.5 37.9 3.0 85.9	8.0 5.6 11.6 40.0 2.9 88.6	8.4 5.6 12.1 42.9 2.9 91.4
Medical care Drug preparations and sundries ¹¹ (n.d.) Ophthalmic products and orthopedic appliances (d.) Physicians (s.) Dentits (s.) Other professional services ¹² (s.) Hospitals and nursing homes ¹³ Hospitals	875.0 85.5 13.3 191.5 47.6 104.9	912.4 91.1 14.6 198.2 49.5 111.9	957.3 98.1 15.7 205.2 52.6 119.4	766.9 79.6 12.3 166.2 41.1 95.9	782.6 83.0 13.3 170.8 40.8 100.5	803.6 88.2 14.1 174.5 41.5 103.3	Education and research Higher education ²⁵ (s.) Nursery, elementary, and secondary schools ²⁶ (s.) Other ²⁷ (s.)	112.0 62.4 22.9 26.7	119.7 65.7 23.5 30.4	129.4 69.6 25.7 34.1	98.7 53.7 20.7 24.4	102.0 54.0 20.9 27.3	106.8 54.8 22.4 30.0
Hospitals and nursing homes 13 Hospitals Nonprofit (s.) Proprietary (s.) Government (s.) Nursing homes (s.)	374.3 310.8 206.4 34.7 69.8	389.8 321.7 212.9 36.6 72.2	408.1 334.3 220.0 40.7 73.5	336.9 280.4 188.5 30.5 61.4	341.1 283.3 189.7 31.4 62.0	350.2 289.6 192.2 34.6 62.6	Religious and welfare activities ²⁸ (s.) Foreign travel and other, net Foreign travel by U.S. residents ²⁹ (s.) Expenditures abroad by U.S. residents (n.d.) Less: Expenditures in the United States by	-22.7 51.2 2.7	151.1 -26.1 54.7 2.5	157.6 -24.4 59.9 3.0	127.8 -20.1 48.3 2.4	137.0 -21.4 50.5 2.3	140.4 -17.7 54.5 3.1
Nursing homes (s.) Health insurance Medical care and hospitalization ¹⁴ (s.) Income loss ¹³ (s.) Workers' compensation ¹⁶ (s.)	63.5 57.9 45.6 2.3 10.0	68.1 57.4 45.0 2.6 9.8	73.5 73.9 58.0 46.1 2.8 9.2	56.4 37.1 34.8 2.5	57.9 36.2 34.0 2.7	60.5 35.8 33.6 2.9	nonresidents 30 (s.)	75.2 1.4	82.0 1.3	86.0 1.3	69.6 1.3	73.0 1.2	74.1 1.2
workers compensation ** (s.)	₹0.0	9.8	9.2	1.8	1./	1.6	Residual				-11.1	-20.7	-33.5

- Consists of purchases (including tips) of meals and beverages from retail, service, and amusement establishments, hotels, dining and buffet cars, schools, school fraternities, institutions, clubs, and industrial lunchrooms. Includes meals and beverages consumed both on- and off-premise.
- 2. Includes luggage.
 3. Consists of watch, clock, and jewelry repairs, costume and dress suit rental, and miscellaneous personal serv-

- 3. Consists of watch, clock, and jewelry repairs, costume and dress suit rental, and miscellaneous personal services.

 4. Consists of rent for space and for heating and plumbing facilities, water heaters, lighting fixtures, kitchen cabinets, linoleum, storm windows and doors, window screens, and screen doors, but excludes rent for appliances and furniture and purchases of fuel and electricity.

 5. Consists of space rent (see footnote 4) and rent for appliances, furnishings, and furniture.

 6. Consists of frigerators and freezers, cooking ranges, dishwashers, laundry equipment, stoves, room air conditioners, sewing machines, vacuum cleaners, and other appliances.

 8. Includes such house furnishings as floor coverings, comforters, quilts, blankets, pillows, picture frames, mirrors, art products, portable lamps, and clocks. Also includes writing equipment and hand, power, and garden tools.

 9. Consists largely of textile house furnishings, including piece goods allocated to house furnishing use. Also includes lamp shades, brooms, and brushes.

 10. Consists of maintenance services for appliances and house furnishings, moving and warehouse expenses, postage and express charges, premiums for fire and theft insurance on personal property less benefits and dividends, and miscellaneous household operation services.

 11. Excludes drug preparations and related products dispensed by physicians, hospitals, and other medical services.

- ices.

 12. Consists of osteopathic physicians, chiropractors, private duty nurses, chiropodists, podiatrists, and others providing health and allied services, not elsewhere classified.

 13. Consists of (1) current expenditures (including consumption of fixed capital) of nonprofit hospitals and nursing homes, and (2) payments by patients to proprietary and government hospitals and nursing homes.

 14. Consists of (1) remitums, less benefits and dividends, for health, hospitalization, and accidental death and dismemberment insurance provided by commercial insurance carriers, and (2) administrative expenses (including consumption of fixed capital) of nonprofit and self-insured health plans.

 15. Consists of premiums, less benefits and dividends, for income loss insurance.

 16. Consists of premiums, less benefits and dividends, for privately administered workers' compensation.

 17. Consists of (1) operating expenses of life insurance carriers and private noninsured pension plans, and (2) premiums, less benefits and dividends, of fraternal benefit societies. Excludes expenses allocated by commercial carriers to accident and health insurance.

 18. Consists of current expenditures (including consumption of fixed capital) of trade unions and professional associations, employment agency fees, money order fees, spending for classified advertisements, tax return preparation services, and other personal business services.

- Consists of premiums, less benefits and dividends, for motor vehicle insurance.

- Lonsists of premiums, less peneits and dividends, for motor vehicle insurance.
 Consists of baggage charges, coastal and inland waterway fares, travel agents' fees, and airport bus fares.
 Consists of admissions to professional and amateur athletic events and to racetracks.
 Consists of dues and fees excluding insurance premiums.
 Consists of billiard parlors; bowling alleys; dancing, riding, shooting, skating, and swimming places; amusement devices and parks; golf courses; sightseeing buses and guides; private lilying operations; casino gambling; and other commercial participant amusements.
 Consists of net receipts of lotteries and expenditures for purchases of pets and pet care services, cable TV, film processing, photographic studios, sporting and recreation camps, video cassette rentals, and recreational services, not elsewhere classified.
 For private institutions equals current expenditures (including consumption of fixed capital) less receives.
- 25. For private institutions, equals current expenditures (including consumption of fixed capital) less receipts—such as those from meals, rooms, and entertainments—accounted for separately in consumer expenditures, and less expenditures for research and development financed under contracts or grants. For government institutions, equals student payments of tuition.
- equais student payments or union.

 26. For private institutions, equals current expenditures (including consumption of fixed capital) less receipts—
 such as those from meals, rooms, and entertainments—accounted for separately in consumer expenditures. For government institutions, equals student payments of tuition. Excludes child day care services, which are included in
 religious and welfare activities.

 27. Consists of (1) fees paid to commercial, business, trade, and correspondence schools and for educational
 services, not elsewhere classified, and (2) current expenditures (including consumption of fixed capital) by research
 organizations and foundations for education and research.

 28. Exprended in the constructions equals current expenditures (including consumption of fixed capital) of religious ex-
- organizations and roundations for education and research.

 28. For nonprofit institutions, equals current expenditures (including consumption of fixed capital) of religious, so-cial welfare, foreign relief, and political organizations, museums, libraries, and foundations. The expenditures are net of receipts—such as those from meals, rooms, and entertainments—accounted for separately in consumer ex-penditures, and excludes relief payments within the United States and expenditures by foundations for education and research. For proprietary and government institutions, equals receipts from users.

 29. Beginning with 1981, includes U.S. students' expenditures abroad; these expenditures were \$0.3 billion in 1981.
- 30. Beginning with 1981, includes nonresidents' student and medical care expenditures in the United States; stu-ent expenditures were \$2.2 billion and medical expenditures were \$0.4 billion in 1981.
- NoTE.—Consumer durable goods are designated (d.), nondurable goods (n.d.), and services (s.).

 Chained (1992) dollar series are calculated as the product of the chain-type quantity index and the 1992 current-dollar value of the corresponding series, divided by 100. Because the formula for the chain-type quantity indexes uses weights of more than one period, the corresponding chained-dollar estimates are usually not additive. The residual line is the difference between the first line and the sum of the most detailed lines.

Table B.5.—Private Purchases of Structures by Type

	Billi	ons of do	llars		ns of cha	
	1995	1996	1997	1995	1996	1997
Private purchases of structures	478.8	521.2	560.1	430.5	458.4	478.4
Nonresidential	201.3	216.9	240.2	180.7	189.7	203.2
New	200.9	216.6	238.9	180.3	189.4	202.0
Nonresidential buildings, excluding farm Industrial	140.8 32.5 70.8 29.8 41.0 4.2 6.2 12.5 14.5	157.1 32.7 78.8 32.4 46.3 4.4 7.7 13.1 20.5	173.3 31.4 87.0 38.2 48.8 5.7 9.5 15.3 24.4	126.1 29.1 63.4 26.7 36.7 3.8 5.6 11.2 13.0	137.7 28.6 69.0 28.4 40.5 3.9 6.7 11.5 18.0	147.2 26.7 73.8 32.4 41.4 4.9 8.1 13.0 20.7
Utilities Railroads Telecommunications Electric light and power Gas Petroleum pipelines	33.9 3.5 11.0 12.3 6.2 .9	31.7 4.4 11.7 9.8 4.8 1.0	33.5 5.1 11.5 11.1 4.8 1.0	30.6 3.1 10.1 11.0 5.6 .8	27.8 3.7 10.2 8.7 4.3	28.7 4.1 9.9 9.7 4.2 .8
Farm Mining exploration, shafts, and wells Petroleum and natural gas Other Other 4	3.0 16.3 14.8 1.5 6.9	3.8 18.1 16.5 1.6 5.8	4.0 22.7 20.8 1.9 5.4	2.7 14.4 13.1 1.3 6.3	3.3 15.3 13.8 1.4 5.1	3.4 17.9 16.3 1.6 4.6
Brokers' commissions on sale of structures	1.6	1.8	2.0	1.5	1.7	1.8
Net purchases of used structures	-1.3	-1.5	7	-1.1	-1.3	6
Residential	277.5	304.3	319.9	249.8	268.6	275.1
New	246.7	269.7	282.7	220.6	236.0	240.4
New housing units Permanent site Single-family structures Multifamily structures Mobile homes Improvements Other 5	174.2 162.9 145.0 17.9 11.3 72.0	192.1 179.4 159.1 20.3 12.6 77.0	200.4 187.1 164.4 22.6 13.3 81.5	152.9 143.4 126.8 16.9 9.5 67.3	165.3 154.9 136.6 18.7 10.3 70.2	167.7 156.9 137.2 20.2 10.7 72.0
Brokers' commissions on sale of structures	32.1 -1.3	36.4 -1.8	39.7 -2.5	30.3 -1.1	34.2 -1.5	37.1 -2.0
Residual				1	0	5

Table B.6.—Private Purchases of Producers' Durable Equipment by Type

	Billi	ons of do	illars		ns of cha 992) dolla	
	1995	1996	1997	1995	1996	1997
Private purchases of producers' durable equipment	533.7	578.6	628.5	538.7	597.1	668.5
Nonresidential equipment	526.4	571.0	620.5	531.7	589.8	660.9
Information processing and related equipment	173.0 73.4	189.4 83.0	206.6 90.3	201.5	245.4 154.1	298.0 212.7
Computers and peripheral equipment ¹ Other Communication equipment Instruments Photocopy and related equipment	64.9 8.5 59.1 22.8 17.7	74.4 8.6 64.1 24.5 17.7	81.1 9.2 71.1 26.1 19.1	100.8 8.2 61.9 21.6 16.8	151.3 8.4 68.5 22.8 16.4	214.8 9.0 76.5 24.3 17.6
Industrial equipment	123.8 11.8 4.2 28.3 32.5	131.7 12.9 4.7 29.7 33.5	138.6 13.4 3.8 32.7 34.0	115.4 11.1 4.0 26.0 30.2	120.5 11.8 4.3 26.8 30.5	125.9 12.0 3.4 29.3 30.7
handling, equipment	26.0	28.6	30.3	24.2	26.2	27.4
industrial apparatus	20.9	22.2	24.4	19.9	20.9	23.0
Transportation and related equipment Trucks, buses, and truck trailers Autos Aircraft Ships and boats Railroad equipment	126.2 63.6 41.6 13.4 1.8 5.8	137.2 71.3 44.8 13.0 2.3 5.8	152.0 79.9 45.7 17.9 2.4 6.1	119.4 56.9 42.7 12.2 1.7 5.2	127.6 63.4 44.7 11.5 2.1 5.1	140.3 71.5 44.2 15.6 2.2 5.4
Other equipment Furniture and fixtures Tractors Agricultural machinery, except tractors Construction machinery, except tractors Mining and oilfield machinery Service industry machinery Electrical equipment, n.e.c. Other	108.2 28.2 10.4 10.8 13.4 1.9 14.0 11.7	117.1 29.7 10.8 11.5 15.8 1.9 14.9 12.9 19.6	128.3 33.7 11.7 12.3 17.6 2.3 15.1 14.0 21.7	101.4 26.2 9.8 10.0 12.4 1.7 13.1 11.3 16.7	107.8 27.0 10.1 10.4 14.2 1.8 13.7 12.5 18.1	116.9 30.1 10.8 11.0 15.6 2.0 13.7 13.8 19.9
Less: Sale of equipment scrap, excluding autos	4.7	4.4	5.0	3.5	3.6	4.0
Residential equipment	7.3	7.6	8.0	7.0	7.3	7.7
Residual				-9.4	-29.1	-59.0
Addenda: Private purchases of producers' durable equipment	533.7 6.1	578.6 6.6				
government Plus: Net sales of used equipment Net exports of used equipment Sale of equipment scrap	1.0 37.8 .5 4.8	1.2 39.5 .4 4.5	1,2 39,9 .6 5,1			
Equals: Private purchases of new equipment	569.8	615.2	666.0			

^{1.} Consists of office buildings, except those constructed at industrial sites and those constructed by utilities for their own use.
2. Consists of stores, restaurants, garages, service stations, warehouses, mobile structures, and other buildings used for commercial purposes.
3. Consists of hotels and motels, buildings used primarily for social and recreational activities, and buildings not elsewhere classified, such as passenger terminals, greenhouses, and animal hospitals.
4. Consists primarily of streets, dams and reservoirs, sewer and water facilities, parks, and airfields.
5. Consists primarily of dormitories and fraternity and sorority houses.
NOTE.—Chained (1992) dollar series are calculated as the product of the chain-type quantity index and the 1992 current-dollar value of the corresponding series, divided by 100. Because the formula for the chain-type quantity indexes uses weights of more than one period, the corresponding chained-dollar estimates are usually not additive. The residual line is the difference between the first line and the sum of the most detailed lines.

Includes new computers and peripheral equipment only.

NOTE.—Chained (1992) dollar series are calculated as the product of the chain-type quantity index and the 1992 current-dollar value of the corresponding series, divided by 100. Because the formula for the chain-type quantity indexes uses weights of more than one period, the corresponding chained-dollar estimates are usually not additive. The residual line is the difference between the first line and the sum of the most detailed lines.

n.e.c. Not elsewhere classified.

Table B.7.—Compensation and Wage and Salary Accruals by Industry [Millions of dollars]

						Į minorio	or donars						
	(Compensatio	ภา	Wage a	and salary a	ocruals			Compensatio	วก	Wage a	and salary a	ccruals
	1995	1996	1997	1995	1996	1997		1995	1996	1997	1995	1996	1997
Total	4,208,870	4,409,048	4,687,227	3,441,903	3,640,421	3,893,552	Communications Telephone and telegraph	71,435 53,990	74,923 55,989	81,661 61,698	59,282 44,650	62,430 46,500	68,416 51,605
Domestic industries	4,211,572	4,411,780	4,690,309	3,444,605	3,643,153	3,896,634	Radio and television Electric, gas, and sanitary services	17,445 54,600	18,934 54,601	19,963 55,966	14,632 43,704	15,930 43,982	16,811 45,185
Private Industries	3,387,953	3,563,288	3,812,807	2,821,887	3,002,276	3,232,458	Wholesale trade	276.103	289.402	1	234,475	246,964	266,289
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing	36,988 15,627	39,623 16,457	42,006 16,849	31,941 13,336	34,535 14,203	36,611 14,408	Retail trade	382,895	399,459	421,469	329,863	346,009	366,696
Agricultural services forestry, and fishing	21,361	23,166	25,157	18,605	20,332	22,203	Finance, insurance, and real estate	324,678	353,791	384,579	273,048	300,194	327,555
Mining	32,857	33.639	36.046	26.809	27.658	29,935	Depository institutions Nondepository institutions	80,121 21,684	84,098 25,075	88,915 29,586	65,613 18,319	69,512 21,307	73,794 25.387
Metal mining	3,148	3,352	3.321	2,515	2,705	2.684	Security and commodity brokers	59,440	72,090	81,931	51.922	63,625	72,330
Coal mining Oil and gas extraction	6,138 18,932	5,965 19,544	5,939 21,742	4,847 15,635	4,739 16,257	4,750 18.292	Insurance carriers Insurance agents, brokers, and	72,682	75,941	79,931	60,182	63,383	66,907
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	4,639	4,778	5,044	3,812	3,957	4,209	service	30,988 42,175	32,787 44,988	35,180 48,891	26,363 35,423	28,025 37,990	30,184 41,486
Construction	193,550	208,925	227,550	157,729	172,253	189,068	Real estate Holding and other investment offices	17,588	18,812	20,145	15,226	16,352	17,467
Manufacturing	813,922	829,590	877,630	651,191	676,711	720,554	Services	1,050,535	1,121,835	1,208,628	894,790	965,621	1,048,260
Durable goods Lumber and wood products	502,834 23,790	511,897 24,811	545,567 26,227	397,941 19,399	417,035 20,458	447,678 21,756	Hotels and other lodging places Personal services	35,640 23.836	37,432 24,872	39,606 26.058	30,319 20,757	32,135 21,831	34,275 23,021
Furniture and fixtures	15,441	15,756	16,788	12,583	12,986	13,921	Business services	193,807	221,435	256,237	165,266	190,945	223,291
Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries	22,040 37,102	22,871 37,598	23,959 38,722	17,650 27,962	18,560 28,845	19,575 29,866	Auto repair, services, and parking Miscellaneous repair services	27,784	30,242 12,059	32,184 12,493	23,798 9.646	26,180 10.445	28,054 10,875
Fabricated metal products	58,501	59,883	63,405	46,796	48,517	51,797	Motion pictures	16,864	18,613	20,060	14,412	16,030	17,444
Industrial machinery and equipment	100,778	105,029	114,334	82,178	86,683	95,263	Amusement and recreation services	34,578	37,277	40,646	29.223	31,843	34,980
Electronic and other electric equipment	77,006	80,699	87,277	62,580	66,392	72,555	Health services Legal services	344,286 58,219	357,093 60,101	372,635 63,231	289,645 49,738	303,770 51.862	319,192 54.852
Motor vehicles and equipment	63,604	57,115	59,791	44,871	46,678	48,708	Educational services	51,938	54,476	57,683	44,001	46,704	49,737
Other transportation equipment Instruments and related products	46,080 45,513	46,843 47,940	50,630 50,404	36,125 36,963	37,255 39,428	40,635 41,746	Social services and membership organizations	91.106	95,523	100.368	78.026	82,766	87.633
Miscellaneous manufacturing	40,010	47,040	30,707	00,300	00,420	41,740	Social services	45,464	47,864	51,087	37,970	40,468	43,581
industries	12,979	13,352	14,030	10,834	11,233	11,856	Membership organizations	45,642	47,659	49,281	40,056	42,298	44,052
Nondurable goods Food and kindred products	311,088 60,983	317,693 62,316	332,063 64,563	253,250 49,508	259,676 50,745	272,876 52,843	Other services ¹	149,417 11,821	160,769 11,943	175,437 11,990	128,396 11,563	139,425 11,685	153,175 11,731
Tobacco products	2.932	2,993	3,030	2,209	2 281	2,316	ł		}				
Textile mill products	18,924 20,960	18,787 20,350	19,457 20,308	15,691 17,290	15,629 16,800	16,196 16,817	Government	823,619 258,024	848,492 263,137	877,502 266.971	622,718 174,778	640,877 175,633	664,176 177,508
Paper and allied products	32.886	33,561	34,808	27,039	27,649	28,797	General government	207,395	211,310	213,508	140,441	140,449	141,405
Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products	60,325 65,201	62,415 67,460	65,957	50,084 52,485	51,995	55,218 58.427	Civilian Military ²	124,063 83,332	125,217 86,093	127,483 86,024	84,825 55,616	85,622 54.827	86,375
Petroleum and coal products	10,744	10,669	71,577 11,026	7,804	54,617 7,861	8,165	Government enterprises	50,629	51,827	53,464	34,337	35,184	55,030 36,103
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics			• •		1		State and local	565,595	585,355	610,531	447,940	465,244	486,668
products Leather and leather products	35,262 2,871	36,423 2,719	38,620 2,717	28,771 2,369	29,852 2,247	31,845 2,252	General government Education	527,777 278,320	546,998 290,385	571,175 304,733	417,438 218,026	434,225 228,386	454,783 240,476
·			j				Other	249,457	256,613	266,442	199,412	205,839	214,307
Transportation and public utilities	276,425 150,390	287,024 157,500	304,209 1 166,582	222,041 119,055	232,331 125,919	247,490 133,889	Government enterprises	37,818	38,357	39,356	30,502	31,019	31,885
Transportation	15,335	15,677	15,974	11,286	11,568	11,815	Rest of the world	-2,702	-2,732	-3,082	-2,702	-2,732	~3.082
Local and interurban passenger			· •		· ·	, i	Receipts from the rest of the world	1,284	1,298	1,252	1.284	1,298	1.252
transit Trucking and warehousing	9,303 66,708	10,002 59,865	10,559 63,109	7,662 52,526	8,287 47,032	8,794 50.493	Less: Payments to the rest of the world 3	3,986	4,030	4,334	3,986	4,030	4,334
Water transportation	7,831	7,961	8,541	6,324	6,485	6,939	Addenda:						
Transportation by air	35,720	48,000	51,066	28,408	39,214	41,309	Households and institutions	331,370	345,034	361,412			
Pipelines, except natural gas	1,050 14,443	1,000 14,995	1,012) 16,321	868 11,981	828 12.505	847 13.692	Nonfarm business	3,129,403	, ১,2৬1, ৬ 61	3,527,365			***************************************
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Consists of museums, botanical and zoological gardens; engineering and management services; and services, not elsewhere classified.
 Includes Coast Guard.
 Beginning with 1993, includes estimates of foreign professional workers and undocumented Mexican migratory.

workers employed temporarily in the United States.

NOTE.—Estimates in this table are based on the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC).
Compensation equals wage and salary accruals plus supplements to wages and salaries. "Supplements" are listed in table 8.15 of the August 1998 SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS.

Table B.8.—Employment by Industry [Thousands]

		me and pa employmen			ons engagoroduction				ne and pa employmen			ons engage roduction ¹	
	1995	1996	1997	1995	1996	1997		1995	1996	1997	1995	1996	1997
Total	124,576	127,015	129,980	121,660	123,917	126,751	Pipelines, except natural gas	15 423	14 431	14 453	15 419	14 434	14 455
Domestic industries	125,146	127,567	130,567	122,148	124,390	127,254	Transportation services	1,309	1,349	1,422	1,221	1.260	1,325 939
Private industries	103,188	105,606	108,498	103,795	106,057	108,851	Telephone and telegraph Radio and television Electric, gas, and sanitary services	916 393 906	937 412 882	1,004 418 870	1,221 852 369 909	874 386 878	939 386 865
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing	2,004 868	2,079 870	2,133 876	3,403 2,000	3,360 1,859	3,345 1.846	Wholesale trade	6,476	6,561	6,740	6,563	6,595	6,735
Agricultural services, forestry, and fishing	1,136	1,209	1,257	1,403	1,501	1,499	Retail trade	21,867	22,255	22,620	19,487	19,877	20,272
Mining	587 52	583	600	590	586	603 53					' '	· 1	<u>'</u>
Metal miningCoal mining	106	54 99	53 97	52 103	54 97	95	Finance, insurance, and real estate Depository institutions	6,929 2,023	7,052 2,018	7,243 2,028 573	7,218	7,316 1,923	7,420 1,922
Oil and gas extraction	321 108	321 109	340 110	327 108	327 108	346 109	Nondepository institutions Security and commodity brokers	463 553	513 581	573 630	466 621	506 647	562 680
. ,	"						Insurance carriers	1,500	1,505	1,522 767	1,451	1,449	1,459
Construction	5,386	5,671	5,951	6,657	6,956	7,247	Insurance agents, brokers, and service	732	746 1,442	1,481	856 1,648	873 1,681	877 1,689
Manufacturing	18,591 10,722	18,575 10,835	18,758 11.054	18,636 10,822	18,583 10,915	18,773 11,134	Holding and other investment offices	248	247	242	239	237	231
Durable goods Lumber and wood products	790	801	819	866	859 521	865	Services	35,172	36,536	37,991	35,063	36,464	37,987
Furniture and fixtures	512	506	513	525	521	530	Hotels and other lodging places	1,757	1,794	1,828	1,594	1,631	1,873
Stone, clay, and glass products	541 707	546 709	555 710	549 700	564 707	565 706	Personal services	1,300 6,935	1,317	1,323 8,161	1,783 7,116	1,812	1,802 8,293
Primary metal industries Fabricated metal products	1,444	1,452	1,485	1,442	1,446	1,481	Business services	1,132	7,484 1,205	1,245	1,362	7,671 1,480	1,507
Industrial machinery and equipment	2.070	2,116	2,173	2.084	2.095	2 171	Miscellaneous repair services	374	389	389	593	575	588
Electronic and other electric equipment	1,625	1.659	1,690	1,615	1.654	1.680	Motion pictures	507	539	563	544	572	594
Motor vehicles and equipment	970	967	983	963	960	976	Amusement and recreation services	1.517	1.591	1.668	1.327	1.422	1,513
Other transportation equipment	817	821 855	858 864	816	820	855	Health services	9,572	9,813	10,033	8,909	9,174	9,404
Instruments and related products	842	855	864	835 427	850	859	Legal services	1,056	1,063	1,083	1,173	1,147	1,203
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	404	403	404		439	446	Educational services	2,073	2,134	2,196	1,913	1,980	2,017
Nondurable goods	7,869 1,688	7,740 1,697	7,704 1,694	7,814 1,659	7,668 1,664	7,639 1,676	Social services and membership organizations	4,618	4,759	4,925	4,490	4,624	4,802
Food and kindred products	1,000	1,097	1,094	41	40	1,070	Social services	2,435	2,515	2,622	2,675	2,758	2.887
Textile mill products	664	630	616	661	632	618	Membership organizations	2,183	2.244	2,303	1,815	1,866	1,915
Apparel and other textile products	945	874	829	951	881	831	Other services 2	3,050	3,202	3,344	3,440	3,580	3,803
Paper and allied products	692	682	685	686	677	677	Private households	1,281	1,246	1,233	819	796	788
Printing and publishing	1,570	1,565 1,032	1,577	1,560	1,536	1,560	1	04.000	04.004	00.000	40.000	40.000	40.400
Chemicals and allied products	1,039	1,032	1,036 137	1,036 142	1,027 138	1,026 135	Federal	21,958 5,552	21,961 5,386	22,069 5,263	18,353 4,564	18,333 4,415	18,403 4,307
Petroleum and coal products	143	139	137	142	136	133	General government	4,570	4,398	4,282	3,764	3,614	3,513
products	978	981	997	967	971	987	Civilian	2.026	1.952	1,899	2,026	1,952	1,899
Leather and leather products	109	99	92	111	102	89	Military 3	2.544	2.446	2.383	1,738	1,662	1,614
•				!		!	Government enterprises	982	988	981	800	801	794
Transportation and public utilities	6,176	6,294	6,462	6,178	6,320	6,469	State and local	16,406	16,575	16,806	13,789	13,918	14,096
Transportation	3,961	4,063 224	4,170 220	4,048 220	4,182 212	4,279 208	General government	15,482 8,383	15,662 8.536	15,905 8,751	12,903 6,765	13,042 6,880	13,230 7,044
Railroad transportation Local and interurban passenger transit	232 420	440	457	431	444	480	Other	7,099	7,126	7,154	6,138	6,162	6,186
Trucking and warehousing	1,912	1,658	1,704	2,051	1,854	1,877	Government enterprises	924	913	901	886	876	866
Water transportation	178	177	183	178	174	179							
Transportation by air	781	1,119	1,139	734	1,050	1,066	Rest of the world 4	-570	-552	-587	-488	-473	-503

Equals the number of full-time equivalent employees plus the number of self-employed persons. Unpaid family
workers are not included.
 Consists of museums, botanical and zoological gardens; engineering and management services; and services,
not elsewhere classified.

Includes Coast Guard.
 Beginning with 1993, includes estimates of foreign professional workers and undocumented Mexican migratory workers employed temporarily in the United States.
 NOTE.—Estimates in this table are based on the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC).

Table B.9.—Wage and Salary Accruals Per Full-Time Equivalent Employee and Full-Time Equivalent Employees by Industry

		and salar			ime equiva				and salar			time equiva	
	1011-1	Dollars	ueilt		Thousands			1011-1	Dollars	AIG/IL		Thousands	
	1995	1996	1997	1995	1996	1997		1995	1996	1997	1995	1996	1997
Total 1	31,014	32,143	33,557	110,980	113,256	116,029	Pipelines, except natural gas Transportation services	57,867 30,879	59,143 31,578	60,500 32,913	15 388	14 396	14 416
Domestic industries	30,902	32,034	33,438	111,468	113,729	116,532	Communications Telephone and telegraph	49,525 53,282	50,756 54,386	52,872 56,461	1,197 838	1,230 855	1,294 914
Private industries	30,305	31,472	32,941	93,115	95,396	98,129	Radio and television Electric, gas, and sanitary services	40,758 48,831	42,480 50,438	44,239 52,663	359 895	375 872	380 858
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing	18,200 17,925	19,017 19,039	19,951 19,185	1,755 744	1,816 746	1,835 751	Wholesale trade	37,812	39,319	41,272	6,201	6,281	6,452
Agricultural services, forestry, and fishing	18,403	19,002	20,482	1,011	1,070	1,084	Retail trade	18,296	18,823	19,562	18,029	18,382	18,745
Mining Metal mining Coal mining Oil and gas extraction Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	46,624 48,365 47,058 49,635 36,305	48,353 50,093 48,856 51,610 37,330	50,910 50,642 50,000 54,931 39,336	575 52 103 315 105	572 54 97 315 106	588 53 95 333 107	Finance, insurance, and real estate Depository institutions Nondepository institutions Security and commodity brokers Insurance carriers	41,674 33,909 41,074 97,598 41,476	45,237 36,185 43,395 114,228 43,743	48,283 38,414 46,496 120,349 45,858	6,552 1,935 446 532 1,451	6,636 1,921 491 557 1,449	6,784 1,921 546 601 1,459
Manufacturing	30,444 35,803	31,641 37,256	32,944 39,291 41,170	5,181 18,188 10,560	5,444 18,164 10,661	5,739 18,339 10,874	Insurance agents, brokers, and services Real estate Holding and other investment offices	37,824 28,293 63,707	39,639 29,819 68,996	41,691 31,863 75,615	1,252 239	707 1,274 237	724 1,302 231
Durable goods Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries Fabricated metal products Industrial machinery and equipment Electronic and other electric equipment Motor vehicles and equipment Other transportation equipment Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing industries Nondurable goods Food and kindred products Tobacco products Textile mill products Apparel and other textile products Paper and allied products Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and coal products Petroleum and coal products Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products Leather and leather products	37,684 25,126 33,302 40,118 32,932 40,696 46,692 44,695 28,214 44,695 28,214 30,151 53,892 18,814 39,551 105 54,952 29,907 22,140	39,118 26,161 34,887 40,973 41,815 40,973 41,815 45,721 28,951 30,680 57,025 40,901 30,680 57,025 35,983 53,546 56,983 53,553 39,479	41,170 27,470 27,786 35,983 42,363 44,584 43,420 50,008 47,806 49,113 30,636 49,113 30,636 49,113 30,636 49,113 30,636 32,007 57,900 20,551 20,943 47,434 57,384 32,462 25,303 41,030	10,560 772 502 530 697 1,421 2,051 1,606 961 1,606 809 827 384 7,628 41 1,642 41 1,450 1,027 142 962 107	10,661 782 497 532 2,073 1,644 958 815 843 388 7,503 1,654 40 624 646 646 1,445 1,020 138 965 955	10,874 792 501 544 7705 1,461 2,139 850 850 337 7,465 1,651 40 610 803 6743 1,469 135 89 1,019	Services Hotels and other lodging places Personal services Business services Auto repair, services, and parking Miscellaneous repair services Motion pictures Amusement and recreation services Health services Legal services Educational services Social services and membership organizations Social services Membership organizations Other services? Private households Government Federal General government Civilian Military 3 Government enterprises	29,003 19,920 18,224 25,936 22,430 28,122 36,579 23,778 34,092 24,459 19,839 17,927 22,089 45,725 14,118 33,930 38,295 37,312 41,888 32,000 42,921 32,485	29,973 20,586 18,787 27,777 23,046 29,176 24,589 34,606 54,939 25,083 20,361 18,403 34,608 47,055 14,688 47,055 14,688 47,055 14,849 39,781 38,862 43,864 43,864 43,864 43,868	31,184 21,435 19,863 29,622 23,795 30,286 25,664 35,529 26,013 20,771 18,915 23,004 49,252 14,887 36,091 41,214 40,252 45,484 45,484 45,484 45,484 45,484 45,484 45,484 45,484 45,484 45,484 45,484 45,484 45,484 45,484 45,484 45,484 45,484 45,484 45,484 46	30,852 1,522 1,139 6,372 1,061 343 394 1,229 8,496 937 1,799 3,933 2,118 1,815 2,808 811 18,353 4,564 4,3764 2,026 1,738 800 13,789	32,216 1,561 1,162 6,875 1,136 358 421 1,295 8,778 944 1,862 2,199 1,866 2,963 796 18,333 4,415 3,614 1,962 1,662	33,615 1,599 1,159 7,538 1,179 360 442 1,383 8,984 962 1,912 4,219 2,304 1,915 3,110 788 18,403 4,307 3,513 1,894 1,814 1,914 1,916
Transportation and public utilities Transportation Railroad transportation Local and interurban passenger transit Trucking and warehousing Water transportation	38,402 32,264 51,300 19,953 29,377 37,868	39,479 33,285 54,566 20,614 30,343 39,066	34,507 56,803 21,038 31,717 40,579	5,782 3,690 220 384 1,788 167	5,885 3,783 212 402 1,550 166	6,032 3,880 208 418 1,592 171	State and local General government Education Other Government enterprises	32,485 32,352 32,229 32,488 34,427	33,428 33,294 33,196 33,405 35,410	34,525 34,375 34,139 34,644 36,819	12,903 6,765 6,138 886	13,042 6,880 6,162 876	14,096 13,230 7,044 6,186 866
Transportation by air	39,022	37,597	38,934	728	1,043	1,061	Rest of the world 4				-488	-4 73	-503

Full-time equivalent employees equals the number of employees on full-time schedules plus the number of employees on part-time schedules converted to a full-time basis. The number of full-time equivalent employees in each industry is the product of the total number of employees and the ratio of average weekly hours per employee to rall employees to average weekly hours per employee on full-time schedules.
 Consists of museums, botanical and zoological gardens; engineering and management services; and services,

NOTE.—Estimates in this table are based on the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC).

not elsewhere classified.

3. Includes Coast Guard.

4. Beginning with 1993, includes estimates of foreign professional workers and undocumented Mexican migratory workers employed temporarily in the United States.

Table B.10.—Farm Sector Output, Gross Product, and National Income

	Billio	ons of do	llars		ns of cha	
	1995	1996	1997	1995	1996	1997
Farm output	196.7	222.1	225.3	190.7	195.7	208.3
Cash receipts from farm marketings	194.1 107.2 87.0 5.9 .5 -9.3 -9.6	201.7 108.7 93.0 6.1 .4 6.3 7.6 8.8 -1.1	207.2 110.6 96.5 6.3 .5 7.1 4.3 5.1 7	188.8 97.1 91.3 5.2 .5 5.0 –11.0 –9.2	177.3 87.1 90.6 5.1 .4 5.3 7.1 6.5 -1.3	191.0 96.0 95.1 5.0 .4 6.2 4.3 4.2 8
Less: Intermediate goods and services purchased	124.4 109.9 14.5	130.5 113.5 17.0	135.1 119.6 15.5	118.5 104.0 14.5	116.9 100.7 16.4	118.2 103.6 14.6
Equals: Gross farm product	72.3	91.6	90.2	72.0	78.6	90.3
Less: Consumption of fixed capital	24.8	25.8	26.6	22.8	23.2	23.7
Equals: Net farm product	47.5	65.9	63.6	49.0	55.2	66.6
Less: Indirect business tax and nontax liability	5.1 6.1	5.1 6.1	5.5 6.2		••••••	
Equals: Farm national income Compensation of employees Wage and salary accruals Supplements to wages and salaries Proprietors' income and corporate profits with IVA and CCAdj Proprietors' income Corporate profits Net interest	48.4 15.7 13.3 2.4 23.3 22.4 .8 9.5	66.9 16.5 14.2 2.3 40.6 38.9 1.7 9.8	64.4 16.9 14.4 2.5 37.3 35.5 1.8 10.2			

Note.—Chained (1992) dollar series are calculated as the product of the chain-type quantity index and the 1992 current-dollar value of the corresponding series, divided by 100. Because the formula for the chain-type quantity indexes uses weights of more than one period, the corresponding chained-dollar estimates are usually not additive. CCAdj Capital consumption adjustment IVA Inventory valuation adjustment

Table B.11.—Housing Sector Output, Gross Product, and National Income

	Billio	ons of do	llars		ns of cha	
	1995	1996	1997	1995	1996	1997
Housing output 1	723.1	758.4	799.8	663.9	675.8	692.6
Nonfarm housing Owner-occupied Tenant-occupied Farm housing	717.2 532.4 184.8 5.9	752.3 559.1 193.2 6.1	793.5 590.3 203.2 6.3	658.7 487.4 171.4 5.2	670.7 496.0 174.7 5.1	687.6 508.9 178.7 5.0
Less: Intermediate goods and services consumed	88.5	91.1	95.3	82.1	82.7	83.8
Equals: Gross housing product Nonfarm housing Owner-occupied Tenant-occupied Farm housing	634.6 629.6 463.0 166.5 5.0	667.2 662.1 486.4 175.6 5.2	704.5 699.1 513.4 185.8 5.3	581.8 577.4 423.3 154.2 4.4	593.0 588.7 430.5 158.3 4.4	608.7 604.5 441.9 162.6 4.2
Less: Consumption of fixed capital	115.9 59.7 –56.2	119.6 63.0 56.5	126.2 67.1 -59.1	103.7	104.6	107.2
Equals: Net housing product	518.7	547.7	578.3	478.3	488.7	501.7
Less: Indirect business tax and nontax liability plus business transfer payments	116.0	119.9	123.5	··········	•••••	
Plus: Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises	20.8	21.9	22.3			
Equals: Housing national income	423.5	449.6	477.1			
Compensation of employees	8.1 25.0 105.2 5.0 280.1	8.5 26.5 119.7 5.2 289.7	9.1 27.9 127.7 5.5 306.9			

^{1.} Equals personal consumption expenditures for housing less expenditures for other housing as shown in table 2.4.

NOTE.—Chained (1992) dollar series are calculated as the product of the chain-type quantity index and the 1992 current-dollar value of the corresponding series, divided by 100. Because the formula for the chain-type quantity indexes uses weights of more than one period, the corresponding chained-dollar estimates are usually not additive. CCAd Capital consumption adjustment IVA inventory valuation adjustment

Table B.12.—Net Stock of Fixed Private Capital, by Type

[Yearend estimates]

		Current-c	ost valuation	on (billions o	of dollars)			Chain-type	e quantity	indexes (1	992=100)	
	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997
Fixed private capital	13,484.1	14,198.8	15,064.5	15,736.1	16,496.7	17,316.3	100.00	101.94	104.15	106.66	109.50	112.54
Private producers' durable equipment	2,642.7	2,742.1	2,881.7	3,040.9	3,180.1	3,322.9	100.00	102.74	106.62	111.65	117.49	124.22
Nonresidential equipment	2,590.0	2,686.7	2,823.1	2,980.2	3,116.5	3,257.8	100.00	102.72	106.61	111.67	117.55	124.32
Information processing and related equipment	629.0 120.7	650.4 128.3	673.8 138.5	691.7 149.3	724.0 159.1	768.3 170.9	100.00	106.40 120.18	113.96 144.51	124.85 187.01	139.04 253.74	155.94 345.30
Computers and peripheral equipment	101.0	107.9	118.0 20.6	128.4 20.9	138.2 20.9	149.4 21.5	100.00	124.20 101.27	154.49 101.08	208.02 103.44	295.81 104.23	419.64 107.17
Communication equipment	330.8 109.9	333.0 117.9	335.3 124.1	332.2 130.5	346.8 135.8	372.7 140.8	100.00	102.41 105.34	106.50 109.32	112.65 112.62	120.48 116.24	129.70 120.90
Photocopy and related equipment	67.5	71.2	75.8	79.7	82.4	83.9	100.00	104.27	109.02	112.48	114.89	118.15
Industrial equipment	916.8 86.7	945.7 87.0	991.4 90.3	1,052.5 96.1	1,090.1 99.1	1,127.0 102.9	100.00	101.38 100.07	103.55 100.95	106.41 102.07	109.17 103.43	112.33 104.89
Engines and turbines	51.8	53.2 48.2	56.8	58.3	59.7	60.3	100.00	102.12	104.56	105.22	105.88	105.19
Steam engines Internal combustion engines	47.1 4.7	40.∠ 5.0	51.5 5.4	52.5 5.7	53.7 6.0	54.1 6.2	100.00	102.13 102.06	104.33 106.76	104.65 110.74	104.99 114.51	103.91 117.60
Metalworking machinery	168.8 199.4	174.4 207.5	183.0 218.2	196.9 232.9	205.6 243.2	214.6 251.2	100.00	100.48 101.85	102.74 104.03	106.22 107.82	109.57 110.85	113.95 113.94
General industrial, including materials handling, equipment	189.0	194.9	202.5	211.8	220.5	228.6	100.00	100.70	102.25	104.43	107.17	110.34
Electrical transmission, distribution, and industrial apparatus Transportation and related equipment	221.0 510.0	228.7 538.9	240.5 581.2	256.5 626.6	262.1 661.8	269.4 692.3	100.00	102.57	105.65 106.91	108.97 111.71	112.09 117.10	115.96 123.22
Trucks, buses, and truck trailers	169.1 107.6	185.5 111.7	210.1 124.6	236.2 130.5	260.6 137.0	282.3 138.8	100.00 100.00	105.33 100.93	115.39 109.20	126.93 112.47	140.35 116.34	154.34 118.77
Aircraft	121.2	127.1	129.2	136.3	140.1	146.2	100.00	102.25	100.57	101.75	102.22	106.08
Ships and boats	45.1 67.1	45.6 69.0	44.7 72.7	44.8 78.7	45.3 78.7	45.5 79.4	100.00	98.25 99.65	95.33 100.79	92.92 102.33	91.48 103.55	90.14 105.16
Other equipment	534.2 146.1	551.8 153.8	576.6 163.0	609.4 175.7	640.6 186.5	670.2 196.7	100.00	101.19 103.04	103.29 105.84	106.40 110.44	110.23 115.22	114.82 120.87
Household furniture	9.1	9.4	9.7	10.2	10.6	11.0	100.00	100.43	101.74	104.11	107.37	110.86
Other furniture	137.0 54.1	144.4 55.1	153.3 57.2	165.5 59.2	175.9 60.7	185.7 62.6	100.00	103.21 99.71	106.12 101.34	110.86 103.29	115.73 105.24	121.53 108.10
Farm tractors	42.4 11.7	43.2 11.9	45.1 12.1	47.2 12.0	48.4 12.4	49.8 12.8	100.00	100.28 97.68	102.61 96.85	105.77 94.52	108.05 95.31	111.31 96.82
Agricultural machinery, except tractors	64.9	65.6	67.1	70.4	72.7	74.9	100.00	98.79	99.07	100.63	102.46	104.81
Construction machinery, except tractors	66.0 15.3	66.8 14.6	69.6 14.0	73.0 13.8	77.3 13.5	82.2 13.5	100.00	99.09 93.67	100.51 87.79	102.97 83.98	106.75 80.12	111.41 79.64
Service industry machinery Electrical equipment, n.e.c	60.3 44.6	61.0 47.2	64.5 48.9	69.1 50.8	73.5 52.6	77.0 55.0	100.00	99.38 104.87	103.02 107.43	107.23 110.80	112.34 116.00	116.49 122.92
Household appliances	4.6	4.7	4.9	5.2	5.4	5.6	100.00	101.98	104.43	108.68	113.47	118.62
OtherOther nonresidential equipment	40.1 83.0	42.5 87.7	44.0 92.4	45.6 97.5	47.2 103.8	49.5 108.2	100.00 100.00	105.20 103.18	107.77 106.40	111.04 109.67	116.28 114.50	123.41 120.05
Residential equipment	52.6	55.4	58.6	60.6	63.6	65.1	100.00	103.36	107.18	111.08	115.01	119.30
Private structures	10,841.4	11,456.7	12,182.8	12,695.2	13,316.6	13,993.3	100.00	101.75	103.57	105.50	107.67	109.92
Nonresidential structures Nonresidential buildings, excluding farm	4,302.7 2,686.1	4,528.9 2,834.9	4,775.6 3,011.3	4,976.9 3,145.6	5,194.7 3,306.1	5,467.5 3,512.9	100.00	101.16	102.20 102.97	103.64 105.07	105.29 107.51	107.09 110.20
Industrial buildings	613.0	636.2 670.1	673.6 707.8	700.9	730.0 768.9	763.0	100.00	100.17 101.51	101.44 102.54	103.06	104.48 105.99	105.37
Office buildings 1	625.4 678.7	717.2	765.0	735.3 803.6	851.2	816.0 909.1	100.00	101.96	103.93	104.07 106.60	109.91	108.47 113.27
Mobile structures Other commercial ²	6.6 672.1	7.2 710.1	7.9 757.1	8.3 795.3	8.7 842.5	9.1 900.1	100.00	101.54 101.97	103.27 103.94	105.22 106.62	107.71 109.94	110.77 113.30
Religious buildings Educational buildings	123.5 108.0	129.4 114.7	136.6 123.5	141.4 130.2	147.0 138.9	155.3 150.9	100.00 100.00	101.10 102.47	102.06 105.40	103.23 108.63	104.46 112.85	106.47 118.26
Hospital and institutional buildings	259.8	276.7	297.9	314.6	330.5	351.8	100.00	102.72	105.71	109.12	111.58	114.56
Other Hotels and motels	277.6 139.2	290.6 145.9	307.0 153.7	319.5 161.0	339.7 173.4	366.8 189.5	100.00 100.00	100.79 101.03	101.88 101.79	103.73 104.22	107.33 109.23	111.81 115.14
Amusement and recreational buildings Other nonfarm buildings ³	70.2 68.2	73.7 71.0	78.6 74.7	83.2 75.3	89.3 77.0	97.7 79.6	100.00 100.00	101.25 99.84	103.20 100.73	106.80 99.59	111.56 99.09	117.76 98.86
Utilities	1,062.0 272.4	1,120.2 290.1	1,159.7 294.0	1,204.1 300.3	1,235.7 312.4	1,269.3 315.5	100.00 100.00	100.59 99.08	100.76 98.22	101.39 97.40	101.98 96.83	102.25 96.42
Telecommunications	185.3	194.0	204.8	221.6	233.1	239.2	100.00	101.66	103.71	105.97	108.19	110.18
Electric light and power	423.8 143.1	443.4 153.0	459.6 160.0	476.8 163.8	482.3 166.1	496.5 174.2	100.00	100.86 101.42	100.77 101.99	101.42 103.47	102.12 104.02	102.14 104.18
Petroleum pipelines	37.5	39.6	41.2	41.6	41.9	43.8	100.00	100.18	100.25	100.10	100.13	100.00
Farm related buildings and structures Mining exploration, shafts, and wells	183.5 259.0	194.3 260.1	201.6 274.5	204.6 284.2	209.2 299.0	215.8 316.3	100.00	102.10 99.14	101.29 98.31	100.41 97.06	99.99 96.20	99.50 96.38
Petroleum and natural gas	229.3	229.2	241.6	250.6	264.4	280.1	100.00	98.97 100.48	97.82	96.42	95.44	95.55
Other mining Other nonfarm structures ⁴	29.7 112.1	31.0 119.4	32.9 128.4	33.7 138.4	34.6 144.7	36.2 153.3	100.00	104.32	101.99 107.95	101.90 111.12	102.08 113.15	102.87 115.61
Residential structures	6,538.7	6,927.8	7,407.2	7,718.3	8,121.9	8,525.9	100.00	102.14	104.47	106.72	109.25	111.79
Housing units	5,327.0 5,226.1	5,667.3 5,557.9	6,078.4 5,956.2	6,320.3 6,187.9	6,641.2 6,499.9	6,965.1 6,815.5	100.00	102.00 102.00	104.20 104.17	106.34 106.27	108.79 108.66	111.29 111.10
1-to-4-unit	4,465.3	4,796.1	5,182.3	5,395.1	5,673.3	5,960.2	100.00	102.37	105.01	107.35	110.00	112.69
5-or-more-unit	760.7 100.9	761.9 109.4	773.8 122.2	792.8 132.4	826.6 141.3	855.3 149.6 1	100.00	99.78 102.02	99.05 105.56	99.61 110.08	100.39 115.22	101.31 120.49
Improvements Other residential ⁵	1,185.1 26.6	1,232.6 27.8	1,299.8 29.0	1,368.8 29.3	1,450.8 29.9	1,529.9 30.8	100.00	102.83 99.67	105.87 98.53	108.67 97.93	111.64 97.58	114.46 97.88
Outer residential	20.0	21.0	29.0	25.0	25.5	30.0	100.00	33.07	30.55	37.33	31.30	37.00

Note:—The data in this table are from "Fixed Reproducible Tangible Wealth in the United States: Revised Estimates for 1995–97 and Summary Estimates for 1925–97" in the September 1998 SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS. n.e.c. Not elsewhere classified.

Consists of office buildings, except those occupied by electric and gas utility companies.
 Consists primarily of stores, restaurants, garages, service stations, warehouses, and other buildings used for commercial purposes.
 Consists of buildings not elsewhere classified, such as passenger terminals, greenhouses, and animal hospitals.
 Consists primarily of streets, dams, reservoirs, sewer and water facilities, parks, and airfields.
 Consists primarily of dormitories and fraternity and sorority houses.

C. Historical Tables___

The tables in this section are derived from the "Summary National Income and Product Series" tables that were published in the August 1998 issue of the Survey of Current Business and from the "Selected NIPA Tables" that are published in this issue. (Changes in prices are calculated from indexes expressed to three decimal places.)

Table C.1.—Historical Measures of Real Gross Domestic Product, Real Gross National Product, and Real Gross Domestic Purchases
[Quarterly estimates are seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

	Billions o	of chained (1992) dollars	Percent change	from preceding	Chain-type	orice indexes	Implicit pric	e deflators	Pe	ercent change from	n preceding perior	j
Year and quarter	Gross domestic	Final sales of	Gross national	Gross domestic	Final sales of	Gross domestic	Gross domestic	Gross domestic	Gross national	Chain-type	,	Implicit price	
•	product	domestic product	product	product	domestic product	product	purchases	product	product	Gross domestic product	Gross domestic purchases	Gross domestic product	Gross national product
1959	2,210.2	2,206.9	2,222.0	7.4	6.5	22.95	22.44	22.95	22.96	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
1960 1961 1962	2,262.9 2,314.3 2,454.8	2,264.2 2,318.0 2,445.4	2,276.0 2,329.1 2,471.5	2.4 2.3 6.1	2.6 2.4 5.5	23.27 23.54 23.84	22.75 23.00 23.28	23.27 23.54 23.84	23.28 23.55 23.85	1.4 1.2 1.3	1.4 1.1 1.2	1.4 1.2 1.3 1.2	1.4 1.2 1.3
1963 1964	2,559.4 2,708.4	2,552.4 2,705.1	2,577.3 2,727.8	4.3 5.8	4.4 6.0	24.12 24.48	23.58 23.94	24.12 24.48	24.13 24.49	1.2 1.5	1.3 1.6	1.2 1.5	1.2 1.3 1.2 1.5
1965 1966	2,881.1 3,069.2	2,860.4 3,033.5	2,901.4 3,087.8	6.4 6.5	5.7 6.1	24.95 25.66	24.39 25.07	24.96 25.67	24.97 25.68	1.9 2.8 3.2	1.9 2.8	2.0 2.8 3.2	
1967 1968 1969	3,147.2 3,293.9 3,393.6	3,125.1 3,278.0 3,377.2	3,166.4 3,314.5 3,413.3	2.5 4.7 3.0	3.0 4.9 3.0	26.48 27.64 28.94	25.83 26.95 28.21	26.49 27.64 28.94	26.50 27.66 28.96	3.2 4.4 4.7	3.0 4.3 4.7	3.2 4.4 4.7	2.0 2.8 3.2 4.4 4.7
1970 1971	3,397.6 3,510.0	3,406.5 3,499.8	3,417.1 3,532.1	.1	.9 2.7	30.48	29.73 31.32	30.48 32.06	30.50 32.08	5.3	5.4 5.3	5.3 5.2 4.2	
1972 1973	3,702.3 3,916.3	3,689.5 3,883.9	3,726.3 3,950.1	3.3 5.5 5.8	5.4 5.3	32.05 33.42 35.30	32.71 34.64	33.42 35.30	33.44 35.32	5.2 4.2 5.6	4.5 5.9	5.6	5.3 5.2 4.2 5.6 8.9
1974	3,891.2 3,873.9	3,873.4 3,906.4	3,930.2 3,903.3	6 4	3 .9	38.46 42.09	38.17 41.72	38.47 42.09	38.49 42.11	8.9 9.4	10.2 9.3	9.0 9.4	
1976 1977 1978	4,082.9 4,273.6 4,503.0	4,061.7 4,240.8 4,464.4	4,118.8 4,314.5 4,543.7	5.4 4.7 5.4	4.0 4.4 5.3	42.09 44.55 47.42 50.88	44.15 47.18	44.55 47.43 50.89	44.58 47.46 50.92	5.8 6.5 7.3	5.8 6.9 7.4	5.8 6.5 7.3 8.5	9.4 5.9 6.5 7.3 8.5
1979	4,630.6 4,615.0	4,614.4 4,641.9	4,687.4 4,670.8	2.8 3	3.4	50.88 55.22 60.34	50.65 55.22 61.10	55.23 60.33	50.92 55.26 60.36	8.5 9.3	9.0 10.7	8.5 9.2	
1981	4,720.7 4,620.3	4,691.6 4,651.2 4,821.2	4,769.9 4,662.0	2.3 2.1 4.0	1.1 9	66.01 70.18	66.72 70.64	66.01 70.17	66.05 70.21	9.4 6.3	9.2 5.9	94	9.2 9.4 6.3 4.3 3.8
1983	4,803.7 5,140.1	5,061.6	4,844.8 5,178.0	7.0	3.7 5.0	73.16 75.92	73.31 75.90	73.16 75.92	73.20 75.97	4.3 3.8	3.8 3.5	6.3 4.3 3.8	
1985 1986 1987	5,323.5 5,487.7 5,649.5	5,296.9 5,480.9 5,626.0	5,346.7 5,501.2 5,658.2	3.6 3.1 2.9	4.6 3.5 2.6	78.53 80.58 83.06	78.34 80.40 83.11	78.53 80.58 83.06	78.57 80.62 83.09	3.4 2.6 3.1	3.2 2.6 3.4	3.4 2.6 3.1	3.4 2.6 3.1 3.7 4.2
1988 1989	5,865.2 6,062.0	5,855.1 6,028.7	5,878.5 6,075.7	2.9 3.8 3.4	4.1 3.0	86.10 89.72	86.13 89.78	86.09 89.72	86.12 89.75	3.7 4.2	3.6 4.2	3.7 4.2	
1990 1991	6,136.3 6,079.4	6,126.7 6,082.6	6,157.0 6,094.9	1.2 9	1.6 7	93.64 97.32	93.83 97.30	93.60 97.32	93.63 97.33	4.4 3.9	4.5 3.7	4.3 4.0	4.3 4.0 2.7 2.6 2.4
1992 1993 1994	6,244.4 6,389.6 6,610.7	6,237.4 6,368.9 6,551.2	6,255.5 6,408.0 6,619.1	2.7 2.3 3.5	2.5 2.1 2.9	100.00 102.64 105.09	100.00 102.48 104.85	100.00 102.64 105.09	100.00 102.63 105.08	2.8 2.6 2.4	2.8 2.5 2.3	2.8 2.6 2.4	2.7 2.6 2.4
1995 1996 1997	6,761.7 6,994.8 7,269.8	6,731.7 6,961.6 7,203.7	6,779.5 7,008.4 7,266.2	2.3 3.4 3.9	2.8 3.4 3.5	107.51 109.54 111.57	107.28 109.18 110.92	107.51 109.53 111.57	107.49 109.50 111.52	2.3 1.9 1.9	2.3 1.8 1.6	2.3 1.9 1.9	2.3 1.9 1.8
1959: I	2,165.0 2,223.3	2,165.5 2,204.2	2,176.2 2,234.5	8.6 11.2	9.2 7.3	22.86 22.92	22.35 22.41	22.92 22.91	22.93 22.91	.8 1.1	1.1 1.1	.8 3	.8 3 .6 1.6
N	2,221.4 2,231.0	2,232.6 2,225.3	2,233.5 2,243.9	3 1.7	5.3 -1.3	22.96 23.05	22.45 22.53	22.94 23.03	22.95 23.04	.7 1.5	.7 1.5	.6 1.6	
1960: [2,279.2 2,265.5 2,268.3 2,238.6	2,248.5 2,268.4 2,265.1	2,291.6 2,278.2 2,281.6 2,252.7	8.9 -2.4 .5	4.2 3.6	23.10 23.21 23.32	22.57 22.69 22.80	23.13 23.22 23.32	23.14 23.23 23.33	.9 2.0 2.0	.8 2.1 2.0 2.1	1.8 1.5 1.7	1.9 1.5 1.7
iv 1961: <u>!</u>	2,238.6	2,274.7 2,277.7	2,252.7 2,266.8	-5.1 2.4	6 1.7 .5	23.44	22.92 22.96	23.40	23.41 23.46	2.1	2.1	1.4	1.4
IJ	2,251.7 2,292.0 2,332.6	2,301.1 2,320.4	2,306.3 2,347.1	7.4 7.3	4.2 3.4	23.51 23.55	22.97 23.01	23.51 23.56	23.52 23.57	.5 .7	.2 .7	1.0 .8	.9 1.0 .8 1.2
1962: J	2,381.0 2,422.6	2,372.8 2,400.3	2,395.9 2,437.4	8.6 7.2	9.3 } 4.7	23.61 23.73	23.06 23.17	23.63 23.75	23.64 23.76	1.1 2.0	.9 1.9	1.2 2.0	1.2 2.0 1.0
 V	2,448.0 2,471.9 2,476.7	2,440.7 2,462.0 2,478.7	2,464.4 2,488.4 2,495.9	4.3 4.0 .8	6.9 3.5 2.7	23.80 23.86 23.96	23.24 23.31 23.41	23.81 23.87 23.94	23.81 23.87 23.95	1.1 1.1 1.7	1.4 1.1 1.8	1.0 1.0 1.2	1.0 1.0 1.2
1963: 1	2,508.7 2,538.1	2,492.4 2,533.8	2,526.9 2,555.5	5.3 4.8	2.2 6.8	24.03 24.07	23.48 23.53	24.00 24.07	24.01 24.08	1.2	1.3	1.1 1.1	1.1
iii IV	2,586.3 2,604.6	2,578.0 2,605.3	2,604.0 2,622.9	7.8 2.9	7.2 4.3	24.11 24.26	23.58 23.72	24.12 24.29	24.13 24.30	.7 2.4	.9 2.5	.8 3.0	.8 3.0
1964: I	2,666.7 2,697.5	2,663.1 2,695.0	2,686.8 2,716.8	9.9 4.7	9.2 4.9	24.33 24.41	23.80 23.89	24.35 24.41	24.36 24.42	1.2 1.3	1.3 1.5	.9 .9	.9 .9
IV	2,729.6 2,739.7	2,727.6 2,734.5	2,749.5 2,758.1	4.8 1.5	4.9 1.0	24.53 24.64	23.99 24.09	24.52 24.64	24.53 24.65	1.9 1.8	1.8 1.6	1.8 2.1	1.8 2.1
1965: 	2,808.9 2,846.3 2,898.8	2,777.2 2,826.7 2,879.8	2,830.0 2,868.2 2,918.9	10.5 5.4 7.6	6.4 7.3 7.7	24.76 24.88 25.01	24.19 24.31 24.44	24.77 24.88 25.01	24.78 24.89 25.02	2.0 2.0 2.1	1.6 2.0 2.2	2.0 1.9 2.1	2.0 1.9 2.1 2.6
1966: 1	2,970.5 3,042.4	2,957.8 3,008.8	2,988.6 3,061.1	10.3 10.0	11.3 7.1	25.16 25.30	24.61 24.73	25.17 25.32	25.18 25.34	2.5 2.2	2.8 1.9	2.6 2.5 3.2	
)) 	3,055.5 3,076.5 3,102.4	3,023.1 3,047.2 3,054.8	3,074.2 3,094.7 3,121.4	1.7 2.8 3.4	1.9 3.2 1.0	25.50 25.82 26.03	24.93 25.22 25.41	25.53 25.79 26.02	25.54 25.81 26.03	3.2 5.1 3.4	3.2 4.8 3.1	3.2 4.2 3.5	2.5 3.3 4.2 3.5
1967: 1	3,127.2 3,129.5	3,085.6 3,119.0	3,145.9 3,147.7	3.2 .3 3.2 3.1	4.1 4.4	26.16 26.32	25.52 25.67	26.14 26.31	26.15 26.32	2.0 2.5	1.6 2.5 3.9	1.9 2.5	2.0 2.5 4.5 4.6
III IV	3,154.2 3,178.0	3,134.2 3,161.5	3,174.4 3,197.5	3.2 3.1	2.0 3.5	26.57 26.87	25.92 26.21	26.60 26.90	26.61 26.91	3.9 4.6	3.9 4.5	2.5 4.5 4.6	4.5 4.6

Table C.1.—Historical Measures of Real Gross Domestic Product, Real Gross National Product, and Real Gross Domestic Purchases—Continued [Quarterly estimates are seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

	Billions	f chained (1992) dollars	Percent change			orice indexes	at annual rates		Pe	ercent change from	n preceding period	
Year and		Final sales of	<u> </u>	per	iod			 	[price index	Implicit price	
quarter	Gross domestic product	domestic product	Gross national product	Gross domestic product	Final sales of domestic product	Gross domestic product	Gross domestic purchases	Gross domestic product	Gross national product	Gross domestic product	Gross domestic purchases	Gross domestic product	Gross national product
1968: 1 II III IV	3,236.2 3,292.1 3,316.1 3,331.2	3,225.3 3,258.0 3,303.9 3,325.1	3,256.2 3,312.5 3,337.3 3,352.2	7.5 7.1 3.0 1.8	8.3 4.1 5.8 2.6	27.19 27.50 27.75 28.12	26.52 26.80 27.06 27.43	27.21 27.49 27.75 28.12	27.22 27.50 27.76 28.13	4.8 4.5 3.7 5.5	4.9 4.2 4.0 5.5	4.7 4.1 3.8 5.5	4.8 4.1 3.8 5.5
1969: I II III IV	3,381.9 3,390.2 3,409.7 3,392.6	3,357.5 3,373.0 3,389.6 3,388.9	3,402.8 3,410.3 3,428.5 3,411.4	6.2 1.0 2.3 -2.0	4.0 1.9 2.0 —.1	28.38 28.74 29.14 29.51	27.66 28.02 28.40 28.77	28.39 28.73 29.14 29.51	28.40 28.75 29.16 29.52	3.7 5.2 5.7 5.2	3.5 5.3 5.6 5.2	3.8 5.0 5.8 5.1	3.9 5.0 5.8 5.1
1970: I II III IV	3,386.5 3,391.6 3,423.0 3,389.4	3,397.6 3,391.9 3,421.9 3,414.8	3,406.0 3,411.9 3,442.9 3,407.4	7 .6 3.7 -3.9	1.0 7 3.6 8	29.92 30.36 30.60 31.02	29.18 29.59 29.87 30.29	29.94 30.36 30.61 31.02	29.95 30.37 30.63 31.03	5.7 6.0 3.2 5.6	5.9 5.8 3.8 5.7	6.0 5.7 3.4 5.4	6.0 5.7 3.4 5.4
1971: / 11 11 11	3,481.4 3,500.9 3,523.8 3,533.8	3,458.9 3,481.2 3,509.4 3,549.5	3,503.3 3,524.3 3,544.7 3,556.0	11.3 2.3 2.6 1.1	5.3 2.6 3.3 4.7	31.50 31.93 32.25 32.53	30.75 31.18 31.52 31.81	31.50 31.93 32.27 32.54	31.52 31.94 32.29 32.55	6.3 5.7 4.1 3.5	6.2 5.7 4.5 3.7	6.4 5.5 4.4 3.3	6.4 5.5 4.4 3.3
1972: 1 II III IV	3,604.7 3,687.9 3,726.2 3,790.4	3,608.0 3,665.7 3,700.0 3,784.3	3,627.9 3,710.7 3,751.2 3,815.3	8.3 9.6 4.2 7.1	6.8 6.5 3.8 9.4	33.01 33.23 33.50 33.93	32.28 32.53 32.82 33.23	33.02 33.20 33.49 33.95	33.03 33.22 33.51 33.97	6.0 2.6 3.3 5.2	6.0 3.1 3.6 5.1	6.0 2.2 3.5 5.6	6.1 2.2 3.5 5.6
1973: /	3,892.2 3,919.0 3,907.1	3,867.0 3,884.5 3,890.9 3,893.1	3,921.5 3,950.4 3,944.1 3,984.4	11.2 2.8 -1.2 4.2	9.0 1.8 .7 .2	34.38 34.96 35.63 36.24	33.69 34.33 34.95 35.60	34.36 34.94 35.61 36.29	34.38 34.96 35.63 36.31	5.5 6.9 7.8 7.0	5.6 7.8 7.5 7.6	5.0 6.9 7.9	5.0 6.9 7.9 7.8
1974: I	3,947.1 3,908.1 3,922.6 3,880.0	3,889.1 3,899.7 3,882.5 3,822.2	3,952.4 3,964.3 3,917.6	-3.9 1.5 -4.3	4 1.1 -1.8	36.98 37.79 38.93	36.55 37.59 38.71	37.01 37.79 38.96	37.03 37.81 38.98	8.4 9.0 12.7	7.5 11.1 11.9 12.5 12.2	7.8 8.2 8.7 12.9	8.2 8.7 12.9
1975: (}}	3,854.1 3,800.9 3,835.2 3,907.0	3,848.3 3,887.9 3,922.7	3,886.1 3,827.3 3,861.8 3,936.1	-2.6 -5.4 3.7 7.7 4.7	-6.1 2.8 4.2 3.6	40.14 41.67 42.44	39.84 40.69 41.34 42.05	40.13 41.05 41.66 42.41	40.15 41.07 41.68 42.44	13.0 9.2 6.3 7.6	8.8 6.5 7.0 7.2	12.6 9.5 6.1 7.4	12.5 9.5 6.1 7.4 7.6
IV 1976: I II III	3,952.5 4,044.6 4,072.2 4,088.5	3,966.7 4,027.0 4,039.1 4,061.7	3,987.9 4,078.8 4,107.9 4,124.8	9.7 2.8 1.6	4.6 6.2 1.2 2.3 5.8	43.21 43.68 44.17 44.78	42.79 43.26 43.76 44.42	43.19 43.69 44.15 44.77	43.22 43.72 44.18 44.80	7.4 4.4 4.6 5.7	4.5 4.7 6.1	7.6 4.7 4.2 5.7	7.6 4.7 4.2 5.7 7.3
1977: 	4,126.4 4,176.3 4,260.1 4,329.5	4,119.0 4,161.4 4,228.4 4,270.0	4,163.7 4,219.4 4,302.2 4,371.2	3.8 4.9 8.3 6.7	4.2 6.6 4.0	45.56 46.31 47.08 47.74	45.16 45.99 46.81 47.55	45.57 46.32 47.07 47.66	45.60 46.34 47.10 47.69	7.2 6.7 6.8 5.7	6.9 7.6 7.3 6.4	7.3 6.8 6.6 5.1	7.3 6.7 6.7 5.1
IV 1978: I II	4,328.3 4,345.5 4,510.7	4,303.3 4,306.0 4,474.6 4,511.6	4,365.0 4,388.6 4,546.1 4,591.1	1 1.6 16.1 3.7	3.2 .3 16.6 3.4	48.55 49.39 50.43 51.32	47.55 48.36 49.19 50.22 51.11	48.63 49.42 50.41 51.27	48.66 49.45 50.44 51.30	7.0 7.1 8.6 7.3	7.1 7.0 8.6	8.4 6.7 8.2 7.0	8.4 6.7 8.2 7.1 8.7
IV	4,552.1 4,603.7 4,605.7 4,615.6 4,644.9	4,565.4 4,579.0 4,577.0 4,639.2	4,649.0 4,652.6 4,668.7 4,708.8	3.7 4.6 .2 .9 2.6	4.9 1.2 -2	52.37 53.46 54.70 55.82	52.08 53.21 54.52 55.89	52.35 53.51 54.65 55.82	52.39 53.54 54.68 55.85	8.4 8.6 9.6 8.5	7.3 7.9 9.0 10.2 10.4	8.7 9.1 8.8 8.9	8.7 9.1 8.8 8.9 8.1
1980: 1	4,656.2 4,679.0 4,566.6 4,562.3	4,662.5 4,675.3 4,579.0	4,743.0 4,625.6 4,617.8	1.0 2.0 -9.3 4	5.5 2.0 1.1 -8.0 5.2	56.92 58.25 59.59 60.93	57.25 58.89 60.41 61.77	56.92 58.18 59.55 61.01	56.95 58.22 59.58 61.05	9.7 9.6 9.3	10.2 12.0 10.7 9.3	8.1 9.2 9.7	9.2 9.7
III IV 1981: I	4,651.9 4,739.2 4,696.8	4,637.1 4,676.1 4,692.9 4,699.0	4,696.6 4,787.7 4,742.6	8.1 7.7 ~3.5 4.9 ~4.9	3.4 1.4 .5 .3	62.57 64.19 65.35	63.33 64.96 66.15	62.59 64.15 65.37	62.64 64.20 65.42	11.2 10.7 7.4	10.5 10.7 7.5 7.0	10.2 10.8 10.3 7.8	10.2 10.8 10.4 7.8
III IV 1982: I	4,753.0 4,693.8 4,615.9 4,634.9	4,702.5 4,672.0 4,655.4 4,651.2	4,801.4 4,747.9 4,658.5 4,682.9	-6.5 1.7	-2.6 -1.4 -4	66.65 67.85 68.85 69.71	67.27 68.48 69.42 70.17	66.65 67.87 68.86 69.72	66.69 67.91 68.91 69.77	8.2 7.4 6.0 5.1	7.3 5.6 4.4	8.0 7.5 6.0 5.1	8.0 7.5 6.0 5.1
1983; 1	4,612.1 4,618.3 4,663.0 4,763.6 4,849.0	4,616.9 4,681.3 4,719.4 4,785.3	4,651.1 4,655.6 4,700.1 4,804.4	-2.0 .5 3.9 8.9	-2.9 5.7 3.3 5.7	70.69 71.46 72.12 72.84	71.10 71.85 72.33 73.03	70.66 71.44 72.08 72.83 73.48	70.70 71.47 72.12 72.87	5.7 4.5 3.7 4.1	5.4 4.3 2.7 3.9 3.4 3.2	5.5 4.4 3.7 4.2	5.1 5.5 4.4 3.7 4.2
III IV 1984: I	4,849.0 4,939.2 5,053.6 5,132.9	4,860.7 4,919.5 4,961.0 5,050.0	4,891.3 4,983.5 5,092.6 5,172.4	7.4 7.7 9.6 6.4	6.4 4.9 3.4 7.4	73.50 74.19 75.00 75.62	73.65 74.24 75.04 75.65	73.48 74.19 75.02 75.58	73.52 74.24 75.06 75.63	3.7 3.8 4.4 3.3	3.4 3.2 4.4 3.3	3.7 3.9 4.5 3.1	4.2 3.7 3.9 4.5 3.1
III IV 1985: J	5,170.3 5,203.7 5,257.3	5,085.6 5,149.9 5,231.7	5,209.5 5,237.5 5,280.3	3.0 2.6 4.2	2.9 5.2 6.5	76.25 76.82 77.64	76.19 76.71 77.38	76.25 76.81 77.63	76.29 76.85 77.67	3.4 3.0 4.3	2.9 2.7 3.6	3.5 3.0 4.4	3.6 2.9
III IV 1986: I	5,283.7 5,359.6 5,393.6 5,460.8	5,261.0 5,336.9 5,358.0 5,410.5	5,310.8 5,378.4 5,417.5 5,481.1	2.0 5.9 2.6 5.1	2.3 5.9 1.6 4.0	78.25 78.80 79.44 79.81	78.02 78.58 79.37 79.77	78.25 78.76 79.45 79.81	78.29 78.80 79.49 79.85	3.2 2.8 3.3 1.9	3.3 2.9 4.1 2.0	3.3 2.6 3.5	4.3 3.2 2.6 3.5 1.8
II	5,466.9 5,496.3 5,526.8 5,561.8	5,448.4 5,518.2 5,546.6 5,535.8	5,480.1 5,510.4 5,533.1 5,568.7	.4 2.2 2.2 2.6	2.8 5.2 2.1	80.26 80.81 81.44 82.11	79.97 80.60 81.25 82.07	80.22 80.84 81.45 82.09	80.26 80.88 81.49 82.12	2.2 2.8 3.2 3.3	1.0 3.2 3.3 4.1	2.1 3.1 3.1 3.2	2.1 3.1 3.0 3.2
II	5,618.0 5,667.4 5,750.6	5,608.4 5,671.5 5,688.3	5,628.7 5,676.0 5,759.6	4.1 3.6 6.0	5.4 4.6 1.2	82.68 83.35 84.08	82.74 83.44 84.19	82.68 83.33 84.09	82.71 83.36 84.12	2.8 3.3 3.6	3.3 3.4 3.6	2.9 3.2 3.7	2.9 3.2 3.7
1988: I	5,785.3 5,844.0 5,878.7 5,952.8	5,774.2 5,840.1 5,869.2 5,937.0	5,802.3 5,857.5 5,889.4 5,964.9	2.4 4.1 2.4 5.1	6.2 4.6 2.0 4.7	84.69 85.56 86.67 87.46	84.81 85.68 86.58 87.44	84.67 85.56 86.66 87.44	84.69 85.59 86.69 87.47	2.9 4.2 5.3 3.7	3.0 4.2 4.3 4.0	2.7 4.3 5.2 3.7	2.8 4.3 5.2 3.7

Table C.1.—Historical Measures of Real Gross Domestic Product, Real Gross National Product, and Real Gross Domestic Purchases—Continued [Quarterly estimates are seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

	Billions o	f chained (1992) dollars	Percent change	from preceding	Chain-type	orice indexes	Implicit pric	e deflators	Pe	ercent change from	n preceding perior	<u> </u>
Year and quarter	Gross domestic	Final sales of	Gross national	per	Final sales of	Gross domestic	Gross domestic	Gross domestic	Gross national	Chain-type	price index	Implicit price	e deflators
- quarter	product	domestic product	product	Gross domestic product	domestic product	product	purchases	product	product	Gross domestic product	Gross domestic purchases	Gross domestic product	Gross national product
1989: 	6,011.0 6,055.6 6,088.0 6,093.5	5,970.0 6,010.9 6,063.1 6,070.8	6,023.1 6,065.5 6,101.8 6,112.3	4.0 3.0 2.2 .4	2.2 2.8 3.5 .5	88.44 89.40 90.13 90.91	88.47 89.52 90.14 90.98	88.45 89.39 90.13 90.88	88.48 89.42 90.16 90.91	4.5 4.4 3.3 3.5	4.8 4.8 2.8 3.8	4.7 4.3 3.3 3.4	4.7 4.3 3.3 3.4
1990: 	6,152.6 6,171.6 6,142.1 6,079.0	6,144.6 6,127.5 6,126.6 6,108.1	6,172.8 6,188.0 6,155.7 6,111.3	3.9 1.2 -1.9 -4.0	5.0 -1.1 1 -1.2	92.01 93.20 94.19 95.14	92.17 93.14 94.32 95.68	92.00 93.18 94.14 95.11	92.04 93.21 94.17 95.13	4.9 5.2 4.3 4.1	5.4 4.2 5.2 5.9	5.0 5.2 4.2 4.2	5.1 5.2 4.2 4.2
1991: 	6,047.5 6,074.7 6,090.1 6,105.3	6,065.4 6,095.9 6,085.4 6,083.8	6,074.3 6,086.4 6,099.2 6,119.5	-2.1 1.8 1.0 1.0	-2.8 2.0 7 1	96.26 97.02 97.70 98.30	96.42 96.95 97.58 98.27	96.27 97.00 97.70 98.31	96.29 97.01 97.71 98.32	4.8 3.2 2.8 2.5	3.1 2.2 2.6 2.9	5.0 3.1 2.9 2.5	4.9 3.1 2.9 2.5
1992: I II IV	6,175.7 6,214.2 6,260.7 6,327.1	6,175.8 6,203.8 6,249.5 6,320.7	6,192.0 6,225.2 6,270.3 6,334.6	4.7 2.5 3.0 4.3	6.2 1.8 3.0 4.6	99.14 99.81 100.17 100.88	99.04 99.76 100.28 100.92	99.13 99.79 100.17 100.88	99,13 99,79 100,17 100,88	3.4 2.8 1.4 2.8	3.2 2.9 2.1 2.6	3.4 2.7 1.5 2.9	3.4 2.7 1.5 2.9
1993: 1 II IV	6,327.9 6,359.9 6,393.5 6,476.9	6,297.3 6,344.9 6,379.3 6,453.8	6,351.3 6,375.9 6,415.3 6,489.7	.1 2.0 2.1 5.3	-1.5 3.1 2.2 4.8	101.85 102.38 102.83 103.52	101.71 102.28 102.64 103.28	101.84 102.35 102.83 103.51	101.84 102.34 102.83 103.50	3.9 2.1 1.8 2.7	3.2 2.3 1.4 2.5	3.9 2.0 1.9 2.7	3.8 2.0 1.9 2.6
1994: I II IV	6,524.5 6,600.3 6,629.5 6,688.6	6,473.0 6,526.7 6,580.4 6,624.8	6,540.5 6,609.3 6,635.6 6,691.2	3.0 4.7 1.8 3.6	1.2 3.4 3.3 2.7	104.16 104.74 105.39 106.07	103.80 104.46 105.24 105.88	104.13 104.71 105.39 106.09	104.14 104.71 105.38 106.06	2.5 2.2 2.5 2.6	2.0 2.6 3.0 2.5	2.4 2.2 2.6 2.7	2.5 2.2 2.6 2.6
1995: i II III	6,717.5 6,724.2 6,779.5 6,825.8	6,661.8 6,700.0 6,761.7 6,803.3	6,735.9 6,746.3 6,788.9 6,846.8	1.7 .4 3.3 2.8	2.2 2.3 3.7 2.5	106.74 107.26 107.76 108.30	106.47 107.11 107.52 107.99	106.75 107.24 107.75 108.29	106.73 107.22 107.72 108.26	2.5 2.0 1.9 2.0	2.2 2.4 1.6 1.8	2.5 1.8 1.9 2.0	2.6 1.8 1.9 2.0
1996: I II IV	6,882.0 6,983.9 7,020.0 7,093.1	6,863.6 6,954.7 6,970.3 7,057.9	6,902.1 6,999.0 7,027.1 7,105.3	3.3 6.1 2.1 4.2	3.6 5.4 .9 5.1	108.90 109.28 109.77 110.21	108.56 108.94 109.34 109.90	108.91 109.24 109.74 110.23	108.88 109.21 109.70 110.19	2.2 1.4 1.8 1.6	2.1 1.4 1.5 2.1	2.3 1.2 1.8 1.8	2.3 1.2 1.8 1.8
1997: V	7,166.7 7,236.5 7,311.2 7,364.6	7,108.1 7,155.5 7,256.3 7,294.8	7,167.8 7,239.3 7,307.0 7,350.7	4.2 4.0 4.2 3.0	2.9 2.7 5.8 2.1	110.97 111.45 111.77 112.09	110.51 110.76 111.06 111.34	111.00 111.43 111.76 112.08	110.95 111.37 111.70 112.03	2.8 1.7 1.2 1.1	2.2 .9 1.1 1.0	2.8 1.6 1.2 1.2	2.8 1.5 1.2 1.2
1998: I II	7,464.7 7,498.6 7,559.5	7,372.5 7,456.4 7,499.2	7,455.2 7,485.9	5.5 1.8 3.3	4.3 4.6 2.3	112.33 112.57 112.80	111.29 111.42 111.55	112.32 112.56 112.79	112.26 112.50	.9 .9 .8	-2 .4 .5	,8 ,9 ,8	.8 .9

Table C.2.—Real Gross Domestic Product

[Average annual percent change, based on chain-type quantity indexes (1992=100)]

Tarminal year													Initial	year												
Terminal year	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
1997 1996 1995 1994 1993 1992 1991 1990 1989 1988 1987 1988 1983 1983 1983 1983 1984 1987 1987 1977 1976	28 28 28 28 28 30 31 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30	2777 66 66 89 99 99 88 4 2 2 7 8 2 3 3 9 5 5 5 8 8 2 2 2 5 5 5 8 8 2 2 2 5 5 5 8 8 2 2 2 5 5 5 8 8 2 2 5 5 5 8 8 2 2 5 5 5 8 8 2 2 5 5 5 8 8 2 2 5 5 5 8 8 2 2 5 5 5 5	665555557877666519448824456 2252222222222222222222222222222222	287 277 267 277 299 309 299 288 2289 337 244 289 377 244	99989889-3000000000000000000000000000000	28 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 31 30 30 29 21 29 34.3 50 4.7	2.6 6.6 2.5 6.5 6.5 8.0 9.9 8.8 8.7 0.6 5.6 2.5 6.5 6.5 6.5 6.5 6.5 6.5 6.5 6.5 6.5 6	2.5.4.4.4.4.2.3.6.7.7.6.5.4.2.2.3.6.6.2.8.1.2.8	2.55 2.44 2.33 2.67 2.55 2.41 2.51 2.51 2.51 2.51 2.51 2.51 2.51 2.5	27666656565910999773113	2.7 2.6 2.6 2.6 2.6 3.0 3.1 3.0 3.1 2.9 -2.1	3.1 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.1 3.6 4.1 4.1 4.8 5.5 4.0	3.99 2.99 2.99 3.06 4.1 4.53 7.0	3.4 3.2	26544332293339 222233339 335 355	2.55 2.34 2.22 2.1.84 2.22 2.34 2.9	2.6 2.4 2.3 2.1 2.0 1.9 2.8 3.8 3.8	2.4 2.2 2.1 2.0 1.7 1.6 1.2 2.3 3.4	2.3 2.1 1.8 1.7 1.3 1.0 1.2	252 20 1.9 1.4 9.9	3.0 2.8 2.7 2.8 2.5 2.7	3.1 2.9 2.7 2.9 2.3	331 3.9 3.5	3.2 2.9 2.3	3.7	3.9

Table C.3.—Price Index for Gross Domestic Product

[Average annual percent change, based on chain-type price indexes (1992=100)]

Taminal													Initial	year										-		
Terminal year	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
1997 1996 1995 1994 1993 1993 1990 1990 1989 1988 1988 1988 1988 1985 1985 1985	4.9 5.23 5.46 5.7.8.9 6.3 6.66 6.7.7.5.3 6.7.7.0 6.7.7.0 6.7.9 6.7.9 6.7.9 6.7.9 6.9 6.9 6.9 6.9 6.9 6.9 6.9 6.9 6.9 6	4.9 5.1 5.3 5.5 5.8 5.9 6.0 6.3 6.5 6.5 7.1 7.4 7.7 7.9 7.7 7.7 7.3 5.6	4.9 5.23 5.5.5 5.5.6 6.9 6.9 7.6 7.7 8.0 7.7 8.0 7.7 8.9 8.9	4.7 4.9 5.22 5.5.6 5.7 5.5.6 6.4 7.4 7.8 7.7 7.4 7.6 7.6 7.6 7.6 7.6 7.6 7.6 7.6 7.6 7.6	4.5 4.7 4.9 5.2 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 7.6 6.8 7.6 7.5 6.1 8.2 6.1 7.5 6.1 8.2 7.5 6.1 8.5 7.5 6.1 8.5 7.5 8.5 8.5 8.5 8.5 8.5 8.5 8.5 8.5 8.5 8	4.5 4.6 4.9 5.2 5.5 5.5 5.8 6.5 7.9 7.9 7.9 7.9 6.5 6.5	4.4 4.5 4.8 4.9 5.3 5.5 6.1 5.8 6.1 7.5 8.4 7.3	4.4.5.6.9.4.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.6.9.5.4.1.9.5.5.5.8.8.8.8.8.8.8.8.8.8.8.8.8.8.8.8	4.0 4.1 4.4 4.5 4.8 4.9 5.1 5.5 6.6 7.3 9.3 9.3	3.8 3.9 4.2 4.5 4.5 4.7 4.5 5.9 6.8 7 9.4	334 356 3780 4099 44833 44833 6	3.34.5.66.7.7.66.5.4.5.80 3.3.4.5.66.7.7.63.5.4.5.80 3.4.5.80 4.30 4.30 4.30 4.30 4.30 4.30 4.30 4.3	1.433.45.665.323.68 333.35.665.323.68	3.1 3.3 3.4 3.6 3.4 3.6 3.0 3.0 3.4 3.6 3.6 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7	3.0 3.1 3.3 3.4 3.6 3.6 3.1 2.8 2.6	3.0 3.34 3.5 3.7 3.8 3.6 3.6 3.1	3.0 3.1 3.4 3.6 3.6 4.0 4.1 3.9 3.7	29 31 334 36 382 432 432	2.8 2.9 3.1 3.2 3.4 3.7 4.1 4.4	25.66 26.89 27.39 3.9	2.3 2.4 2.5 2.6 2.7 2.8	2.2 2.4 2.5 2.6	2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4	2.0 2.1 2.3	1.9 1.9	1.9

Table C.4.—Real Gross Domestic Purchases

[Average annual percent change, based on chain-type quantity indexes (1992=100)]

Torminal was													Initial	year												
Terminal year	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
1997 1998 1994 1995 1994 1993 1992 1991 1990 1999 1999 1998 1988 1987 1986 1985 1984 1985 1985 1986 1987 1988 1987 1988 1989 1989 1989 1989	888777779900010005337735078990700000000000000000000000000000000	2.66.66.55.7.99.99.88.3.9.4.3.9.1.7.0.6.6.8 2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.3.3.2.2.2.3.3.2.2.4.3.9.3.3.9.4.3.9.3.3.9.3.3.9.3.3.9.3.3.9.3.3.9.3.3.9.3.3.3.3.3.	2.6 2.5 2.5 2.4 2.6 2.7 2.7 2.7 2.7 2.6 2.1 2.0 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1	2.87 2.77 2.77 2.66 2.99 3.1 3.1 3.1 2.06 2.65 3.9 3.45 2.73	3.99 2.99 2.29 3.44 3.55 3.59 5.59 4.57 5.64	2.8 2.7 2.7 2.7 2.7 2.6 3.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 2.1 2.6 3.3 2.1 4.3 5.4 5.4	2.766.66.66.25.5.5.8.9.0.0.9.9.2.8.9.1.9.8.7.3.5.5.5.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3	2544333267777764 2244333267777764 224222222222222222222222222222	654433216888887550420 2222222222211 2	9.87 9.87 9.87 9.87 9.87 9.87 9.87 9.87	2.8 2.8 2.7 2.7 3.5 3.6 3.6 4.0 1.8 -1.6	3.2 3.1 3.2 3.1 3.1 3.7 4.2 4.4 4.7 5.9 6.9 5.3	9.09.99.99.5.0.2.6.2.2.5 2.2.2.2.3.4.4.5.6.8	2654432177123369 2244333369	2.5 2.4 2.3 2.1 1.8 2.5 2.9 3.0 3.3	2.5 2.3 2.1 1.9 1.5 2.3 2.8 2.7	2.4 2.2 2.1 1.8 1.5 2.1 2.9 2.9	2.4 2.2 2.9 1.5 1.8 2.7	23 2.1 1.8 1.2 7,7 -4 8	2.6 2.3 2.0 2.0 1.4 .66 -1.6	3.3 3.1 3.0 3.2 2.9 2.8	3.3 3.0 3.4 2.9	3.4 3.2 3.9 3.9	3.3 2.9 2.1	3.9	4.2

Table C.5.—Price Index for Gross Domestic Purchases

[Average annual percent change, based on chain-type price indexes (1992=100)]

Terminal year													Initial	year												
Tellilinal year	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
1997 1996 1995 1995 1994 1993 1992 1991 1999 1988 1988 1988 1988 1988	5.0 5.1 5.3 5.5 5.5 5.7 5.9 6.0 6.8 7.0 7.7 7.7 7.1 7.1 6.8 5.5 6.8 7.0 7.7 7.7 7.1 7.1 6.8 5.5 6.8	5.0 5.2 5.4 5.6 5.7 5.9 6.1 6.2 6.6 6.9 7.6 8.0 7.8 7.8 7.8 7.8 7.8 7.8 8.0 5.9	5.1 5.3 5.4 5.7 5.9 6.1 6.3 6.7 7.0 8.2 8.4 7.8 8.4 7.8 8.4 7.8 8.4 7.9 8.4 7.9 8.4 7.9 8.4 7.9 8.4 7.9 8.4 8.4 7.9 8.4 8.4 8.4 8.4 8.4 8.4 8.4 8.4 8.4 8.4	5.9 6.0 6.2 6.4	4.7.8.0.1.5.5.5.4.6.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.6.6.9.3.8.1.9.3.7.3.8.5.6.6.6.9.3.8.1.9.3.7.3.8.5.6.6.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5	4.6 4.8 4.9 5.2 5.5 5.5 5.7 5.2 6.6 7.5 7.7 7.6 8.5 7.7 7.6	4.4 4.7 4.8 5.1 5.3 5.5 5.6 6.5 7.6 8.4 9.0 8.2 7.4	4.4 4.5 4.7 4.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.7 9.0 9.0	4.1.2.4.4.4.4.4.7.4.8.9.5.5.2.5.0.6.3.6.9.7.8.9.9.7	3.6 3.7 3.8 3.9 4.2 4.3 4.4 4.4 4.7 5.6 7.5 9.2	3.2 3.3 3.5 3.5 3.6 3.7 3.8 3.7 3.8 4.1 4.8 5.9	3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5 3.6 3.5 3.4 3.3 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5	30.1.2.33.4.5.6.6.6.4.3.2.1.4.4.5.5.3.2.1.4.4.5.5.3.2.1.4.4.5.5.3.2.1.4.4.5.5.3.2.1.4.4.5.5.3.2.1.4.4.5.5.3.2.1.4.4.5.5.3.2.1.4.4.5.5.3.2.1.4.4.5.5.3.2.1.4.4.5.5.3.2.1.4.4.5.5.3.2.1.4.4.5.5.4.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2	31-233-4-56-6-4-21-9-2 334-56-6-4-21-9-2 33-3-3-3-3-2-3 33-3-3-3-2-3	2.9 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5 3.7 3.5 3.2 3.0 2.6	3.0 3.1 3.3 3.4 3.5 3.7 3.9 3.7 3.5 3.4	2.9 3.1 3.2 3.4 3.6 3.8 4.0 4.1 3.9 3.6	2.9 3.0 3.2 3.3 3.5 3.8 4.1 4.2	2.7 2.8 3.0 3.2 3.4 3.7 4.1 4.5	2.4 2.6 2.7 2.8 3.2 3.7	2.2 2.3 2.5 2.5 2.8	2.1 2.2 2.4 2.4 2.5	2.0 2.1 2.3 2.3	1.9 2.0 2.3	1.7 1.8	1.6

Table C.6.—Real Final Sales of Domestic Product

[Average annual percent change, based on chain-type quantity indexes (1992=100)]

Terminal year													Initial	year												
reminar year	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
1997	8888888911100097660255308434 22888888953333333222355308434	7766667799999887537992284953 2022222222222222222222222222222222222	665555578887764400469805533 2222222222222222222222222222222222	77777779909999753381666149 22022233333333333333333333333333333333	888888801211197551533620 22888883333334440	887777777011100008533993399343444	7.66666690099862961733	2.6 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.7 2.6 2.5 1.5 1.0 1.7 2.3 3.4	5.4.4.4.3.3.3.6.7.7.5.5.3.9.1.3.8.6.	665555589988723-1-1 222222222221-1-1	277 266 266 266 266 267 277 277 277 277	3.99 2.99 3.00 3.58 3.99 4.44 3.7	99988899958094480 2222233445	27.6.6.6.6.7.2.6.7.6.1.6 22.6.6.6.7.2.6.7.6.1.6 4.6	2.54 2.44 2.33 2.43 2.30 3.34 3.1 3.5	254 233 222 221 222 233 26	2.54 2.32 2.1 2.0 2.9 3.5 4.1	2.32 2.20 1.99 1.76 1.33 2.33 3.0	2.3 2.1 1.9 1.7 1.4 1.1 4 1.6	232 219,73 11,73 1,97	977 957 959 959 959 959 959 959 959 959	2.9 2.8 2.5 2.1	3.1 3.0 2.8 2.9	3.2 3.1 2.8	3.4	3.5

Table C.7.—Real Disposable Personal Income [Average annual percent change, based on chained (1992) dollar estimates]

Taminal													Initial	year												
Terminal year	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
1997 1996 1995 1994 1993 1992 1991 1989 1988 1988 1987 1986 1985 1984 1983 1982 1981 1980 1979 1979 1979	2.7 2.7 2.7 2.7 2.8 2.8 2.0 3.1 3.1 3.1 2.8 2.8 3.0 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1	2.7 2.7 2.6 2.7 2.7 2.7 2.9 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0	2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.7 2.7 2.7 2.7 2.7 2.7 2.7 2.7 2.7 2.7	2.6 2.6 2.6 2.7 2.7 2.9 2.9 3.0 3.0 2.5 2.8 2.5 2.8 3.5 3.0 2.7	2.7 2.7 2.7 2.8 2.8 2.9 3.0 3.1 3.2 2.7 2.7 2.7 3.0 3.1 3.2 3.1 3.6 3.9	2.6 2.6 2.6 2.7 2.7 2.9 3.0 3.1 3.1 2.5 2.8 2.7 4.2 3.2	2.6 2.5 2.6 2.6 2.9 2.9 2.9 3.0 2.3 2.7 2.8 3.7 2.8 3.5 2.8 3.5 3.7 2.8 3.7 2.8 3.7 2.8 3.7 2.8 3.7 2.8 3.7 2.8 3.8 3.8 3.8 3.8 3.8 3.8 3.8 3.8 3.8 3	2.4 2.4 2.4 2.5 2.7 2.8 2.7 2.8 2.7 2.8 2.7 2.7 2.8 1.9 1.7 2.7	2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.7 2.8 2.7 2.8 2.7 1.6	25555669010123395153 26223331553	2555556691213467.8 22223333331	2.7 2.7 2.6 2.7 2.8 2.2 3.4 3.5 4.3 5.7	2.7 2.7 2.6 2.7 2.8 2.3 3.8 3.8 4.1 7.4	23222232680 22222222222222222222222222222222222	2.3 2.2 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.5 2.7 3.0 2.4 2.9	2.2 2.1 2.0 1.9 2.9 2.9 2.9 1.9	2.2 2.2 2.0 2.0 2.1 1.9 2.6 3.0 4.1	2.0 1.9 1.8 1.7 1.5 1.6 1.2 1.9 2.0	2.0 1.9 1.8 1.6 1.4 1.4 1.8 1.8	2.1 2.0 1.5 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3	2.4 2.4 2.1 2.0 2.7	2.4 2.3 2.1 1.8 1.3	2.7 2.6 2.5 2.3	2.8 2.8 2.8	2.8	2.8

D. Domestic Perspectives_____

This table presents data collected from other government agencies and private organizations, as noted. Quarterly data are shown in the middle month of the quarter.

Table D.1.—Domestic Perspectives

		1			1997		·	Γ				1998				
	1996	1997	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.
		l	Aug.	оері.	J 001.				1	L	L	Ividy	Julie	July	Aug.	осрі.
	<u> </u>	,		,		Consum	er and pro	oducer pri	ices, (sea:	sonally ad	justed) 1					,
Consumer price index for all urban consumers, 1982–84=100: All items	156.9 165.6 174.1		160.9 170.1 180.0	161.3 170.4 180.4	170.8	171.0	171.4	161.9 171.7 181.9	172.2	162.0 172.4 182.7	162.4 172.9 183.4	173.3	173.5		174.2	174.5
Producer price index, 1982=100: Finished goods Less food and energy Finished consumer goods Capital equipment Intermediate materials Crude materials	131.3 142.0 129.5 138.3 125.7 113.8	130.2	131.3 142.2 129.5 138.1 125.3 106.8	131.8 142.7 130.1 138.4 125.5 108.2	125.4	130.0 137.9 125.6	125.3		142.5 128.6 137.6 124.1		130.6 143.4 128.9 137.6 123.7 100.5	143.4 129.0 137.4 123.6	137.4	143.6 129.0 137.5 123.1	128.4 137.1 122.7	
						ı	Money, int	erest rate	es, and sto	ock prices						
Money stock (seasonally adjusted): ² Percent change: M1			0.51 .82	-0.71 .55	-0.16 .50		0.63 .56	-0.22 .62		0.42 .70	-0.04 .80	-0.28 .24	-0.30 .44		-0.30 .69	
Ratio: Gross domestic product to M1 Personal income to M2	6.925 1.715	7.580	7.660 1.725	1.721	1.719	7.722	1.712	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	7.784	1.702	1.693	7.833 1.696	1.693	[7.966 1.688	1.671
Interest rates (percent, not seasonally adjusted): Federal funds rate Discount rate on new 91-day Treasury bills Yield on new high-grade corporate bonds 10-Year U.S. Treasury bonds Yield on municipal bonds, 20-bond average Mortgage commitment rate Average prime rate charged by banks	5.30 5.02 7.62 6.44 5.76 7.80 8.27	5.46 5.07 7.40 6.35 5.52 7.60 8.44	5.54 5.13 7.30 6.30 5.41 7.48 8.50	5.54 4.97 7.04 6.21 5.39 7.43 8.50	5.50 4.95 6.90 6.03 5.38 7.29 8.50	5.52 5.15 6.79 5.88 5.33 7.21 8.50	5.50 5.16 6.68 5.81 5.19 7.10 8.50	5.56 5.09 6.62 5.54 5.06 6.99 8.50	5.11 6.66 5.57 5.10 7.04	5.49 5.03 6.63 5.65 5.21 7.13 8.50	5.45 5.00 6.59 5.64 5.23 7.14 8.50	5.49 5.03 6.63 5.65 5.20 7.14 8.50	5.56 4.99 6.43 5.50 5.12 7.00 8.50	5.54 4.96 6.35 5.46 5.14 6.95 8.50	5.55 4.94 6.34 5.34 5.10 6.92 8.50	5.51 4.74 6.27 4.81 4.99 6.72 8.49
Index of stock prices (not seasonally adjusted): 3 500 common stocks, 1941–43=10	670.83	872.72	927.74	937.02	951.16	938.92	962.37	963.36	1,023.74	1,076.83	1,112.20	1,108.42	1,108.39	1,156.58	1,074.62	1,020.64
					Labor ma	arkets (the	ousands, s	seasonally	/ adjusted	, unless o	therwise	noted) 1				
Civilian labor force	133,943	136,297	136,404	136,439	136,406	136,864	137,169	137,493	137,557	137,523	137,242	137,364	137,447	137,296	137,415	138,075
Labor force participation rates (percent): Males 20 and over Females 20 and over 16–19 years of age Civilian employment	76.8 59.9 52.3 126,708	77.0 60.5 51.6 129,558	76.9 60.6 51.0 129,747	76.8 60.6 51.0 129,761	50.9	77.0 60.4 51.8 130,575	77.0 60.7 51.6 130,777	77.1 60.6 53.1 131,083	53.3	76.7 60.7 53.5 130,994	76.9 60.3 51.8 131,383	76.8 60.4 52.3 131,453	76.7 60.4 53.0 131,209	51.9	76.5 60.4 52.4 131,168	76.7 60.4 53.8 131,765
Ratio, civilian employment to working-age population (percent) Persons engaged in nonagricultural activities	63.2 123,264 119,608 24,493 95,115 41.6	63.8 126,159 122,690 24,934 97,756 42.0	63.8 126,368 122,894 24,972 97,922 41.9	63.7 126,339 123,280 24,993 98,287 41.9	63.8 126,583 123,568 25,032 98,536 42.0 4.8	64.0 127,191 123,944 25,099 98,845 42.1 4.9	64.1 127,392 124,289 25,193 99,096 42.2	64.2 127,764 124,640 25,297 99,343 42.1	64.2 127,829 124,832 25,314 99,518 42.0	64.0 127,862 124,914 25,276 99,638 41.8	64.2 128,033 125,234 25,339 99,895 41.4 4.5	64.2 128,118 125,562 25,301 100,261 41.8 4.6	64.0 127,867 125,751 25,304 100,447 41.8	125.869	63.8 127,640 126,178 25,255 100,923 41.7	64.1 128,247 126,247 25,219 101,028 41.7
Number of persons unemployed	7,236	6,739	6,657	6,678	6,496	6,289	6,392	6,409	6,393	6,529	5,859	5,910	6,237	6,230	6,247	6,310
Unemployment rates (percent): Total 15 weeks and over Average duration of unemployment (weeks)	5.4 1.7 16.7	4.9 1.5 15.8	4.9 1.5 15.8	4.9 1.5 15.9	4.8 1.5 16.3	4.6 1.4 15.6	4.7 1.4 16.3	4.7 1.3 15.6	4.6 1.3 15.6	4.7 1.3 14.3	4.3 1.0 14.3	4.3 1.1 14.6	4.5 1.2 13.8	4.5 1.2 14.3	4.5 1.2 13.5	4.6 1.2 14.3
Nonfarm business sector, 1992=100: Output per hour of all persons Unit labor costs Hourly compensation	103.7 106.5 110.4	105.1 109.0 114.5	105.6 108.8 114.9			105.9 109.9 116.3					[111.2			}	

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table D.1.—Domestic Perspectives—Continued

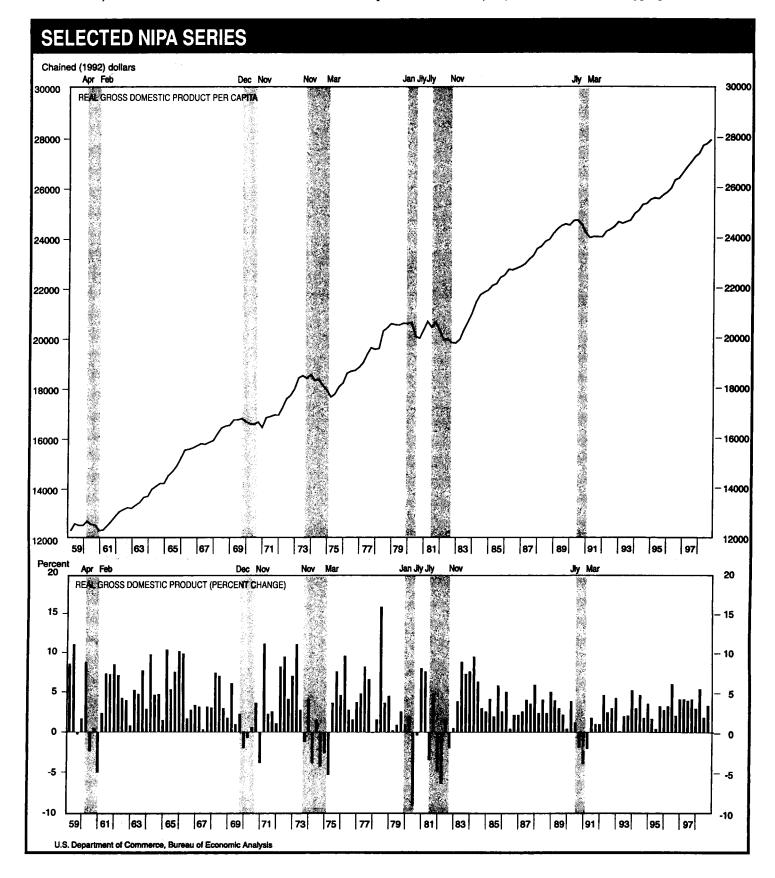
	,	,					·									
	1996	1997			1997							1998			,	
	1000	1307	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.
						Constr	uction (sea	isonally ad	justed at a	nnual rates)4					
Total new private construction put in place (billions of dollars)	446.3 256.5 150.4		475.5 263.5 170.0	475.9 266.1 167.3	477.5 268.6 166.4	475.3 268.9 164.8	478.4 273.0 164.9	487.8 279.0 167.6	490.9 282.5 167.0	286.0	500.1 289.7 169.4	496.5 288.0 166.3	503.6 291.9 169.6	510.6 299.2 169.1	299.5	511.7 302.7 166.0
Housing starts (thousands of units): Total 1-unit structures	1,477 1,161	1,474 1,134	1,383 1,076	1,501 1,174	1,529 1,124	1,523 1,167	1,540 1,130	1,545 1,225	1,616 1,263	1,585 1,239	1,546 1,237	1,538 1,224	1,620 1,269	1,704 1,300	1,616 1,253	
New 1-family houses sold (thousands of units)	757	804	799	809	805	875	805	853	878	836	892	892	919	873	830	822
				Mar	nufacturing	and trade,	inventories	and sales	(millions	of dollars, s	easonally	adjusted) 4				
Inventories: Total manufacturing and trade Manufacturing Merchant wholesalers Retail trade	1,009,647 436,729 256,442 316,476	273,298	1,035,510 451,737 264,516 319,257	1,043,131 452,224 268,772 322,135	455,553 269,182	1,050,183 457,766 270,955 321,462	1,053,078 456,133, 273,298 323,647	1,055,034 458,197 272,130 324,707	1,062,460 461,178 275,750 325,532	461,948 277,624	1,070,555 464,668 275,933 329,954	1,070,022 465,729 277,699 326,594	1,070,515 466,701 277,518 326,296	1,070,875 467,636 277,466 325,773		
Manufacturing Merchant wholesalers	8,578,039 3,715,460 2,401,383 2,461,196	3,929,419 2,500,109	751,509 328,250 206,868 216,391	759,616 333,422 210,706 215,488	332,321	755,731 331,404 208,413 215,914	763,107 336,424 209,816 216,867	761,165 331,937 210,224 219,004	768,061 335,883 211,312 220,866	773,877 338,991 213,781 221,105	772,160 335,553 213,900 222,707	772,405 333,622 213,413 225,370	774,639 335,110 213,904 225,625	773,762 335,380 214,229 224,153	772,524 336,692 211,585 224,247	
					Industrial p	production i	ndexes an	d capacity	utilization i	rates (seas	onally adju	sted) ²				
Industrial production indexes, 1992=100: Total	118.5	124.5	125.2	125.6	126.5	127.5	127.9	127.8	127.3	128.0	128.4	128.8	127.5	127.0	129.0	128.7
By industry: Durable manufactures Nondurable manufactures By market category: Consumer goods	131.7 108.0 111.8	1	144.3 111.0 114.6	144.4 111.3 114.5	145.5 112.2 115.9	147.7 112.6 116.7	148.6 112.9 115.9	148.3 113.6 116.6	147.8 113.0	148.6 112.6 116.0	149.7 113.2 116.5	150.2 112.9 116.7	147.6 112.0 115.3	146.3 112.2 114.4	111.6	151.1 111.3 116.1
Capacity utilization rates (percent): Total industry Manufacturing	82.4 81.4	82.7 81.7	82.8 81.8	82.7 81.6	83.0 81.9	83.3 82.3	83.3 82.3	82.9 82.1	82.2 81.4	82.4 81.2	82.4 81.4	82.4 81.1	81.2 79.7	80.6 79.1	81.6 80.3	81.1
					Credit marl	ket borrowi	ng (billions	of dollars,	seasonally	adjusted a	at annual r	ates) ²				
All sectors, by instrument: Total Open market paper U.S. government securities Municipal securities Corporate and foreign bonds Bank loans, n.e.c.	1,358.9 102.6 376.5 2.6 308.0 92.1	184.1 235.9 71.4 345.5 129.7	171.7 191.3 88.9 416.6 62.2			257.7 338.9 103.2 452.6 186.4			116.7 487.5 80.4			116.6 343.8 86.1 627.4 185.3				
Other loans and advances Mortgages Consumer credit	62.5 325.9 88.8	101.8 348.8 52.5	113.3 422.0			195.3 413.1			106.4 442.3 51.7			106.1 495.8			••••••	

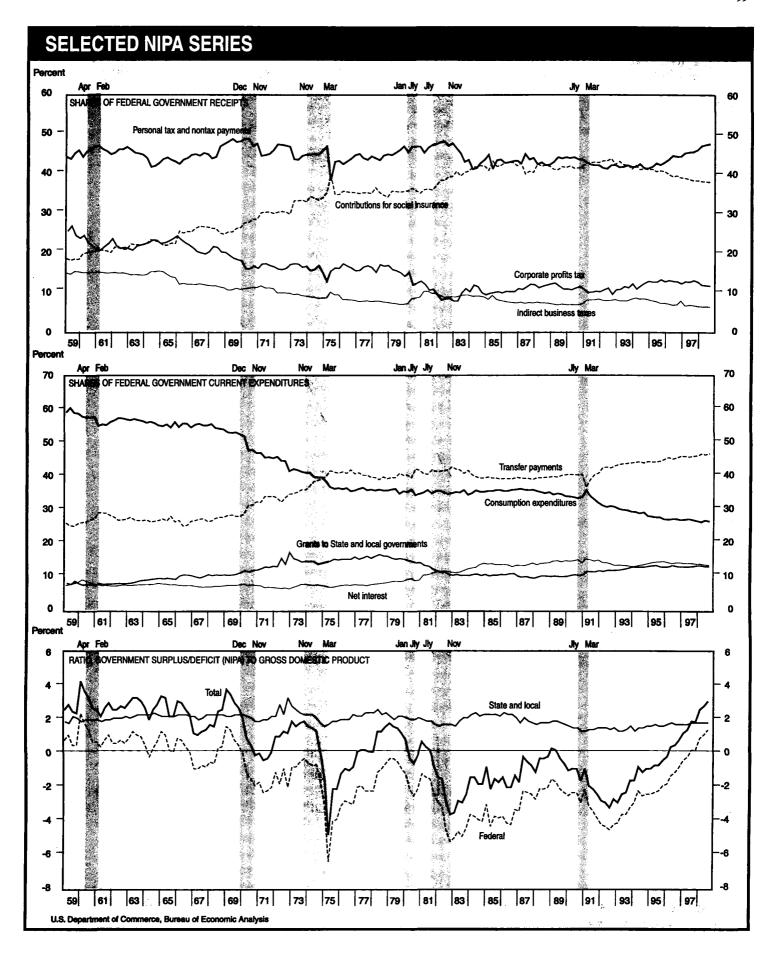
Sources: 1. Bureau of Labor Statistics 2. Federal Reserve Board

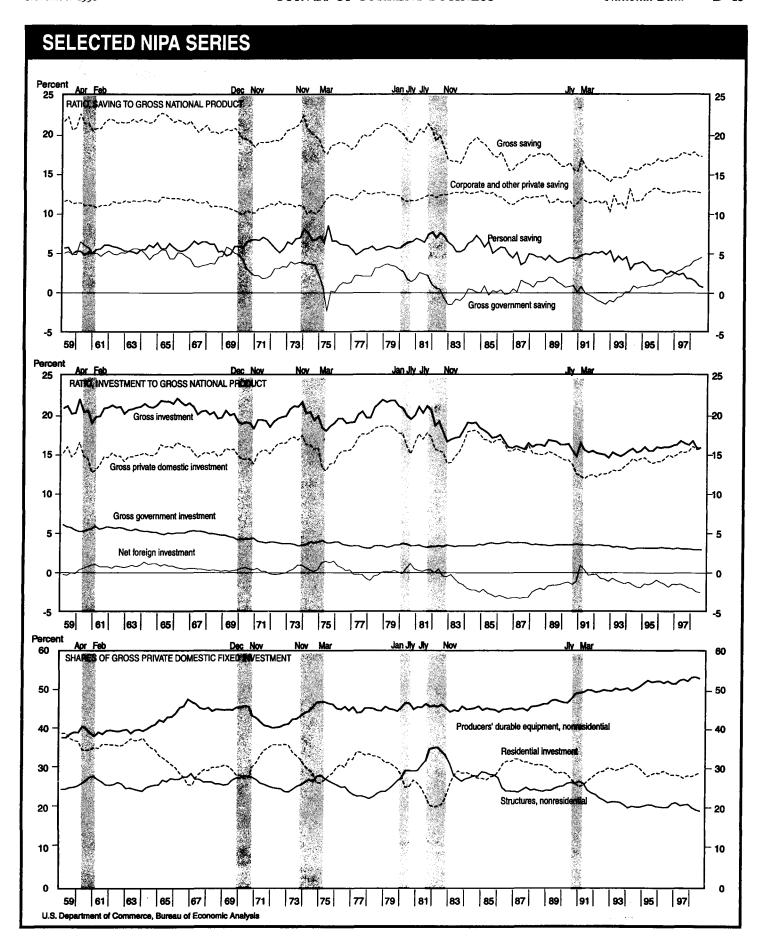
Standard and Poor's, Inc.
 Bureau of the Census
 n.e.c. Not elsewhere classified

E. Charts.

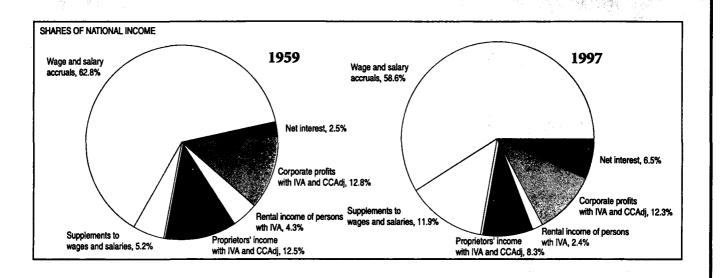
Percent changes shown in this section are based on quarter-to-quarter changes and are expressed at seasonally adjusted annual rates; likewise, levels of series are expressed at seasonally adjusted annual rates as appropriate.

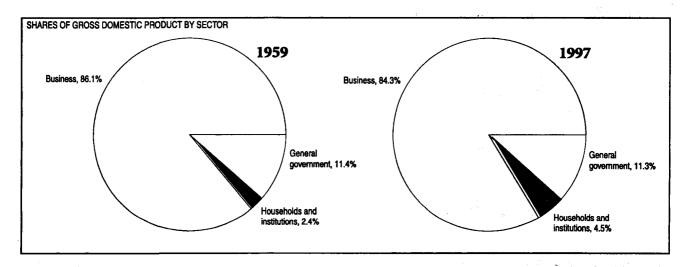


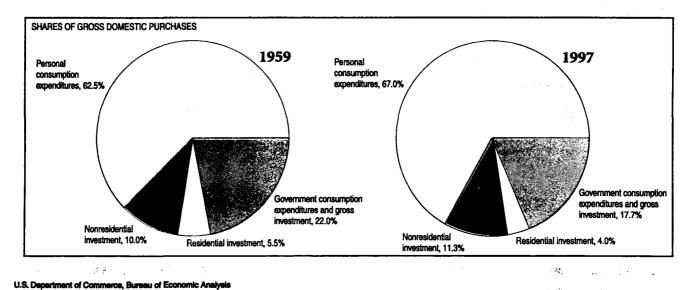


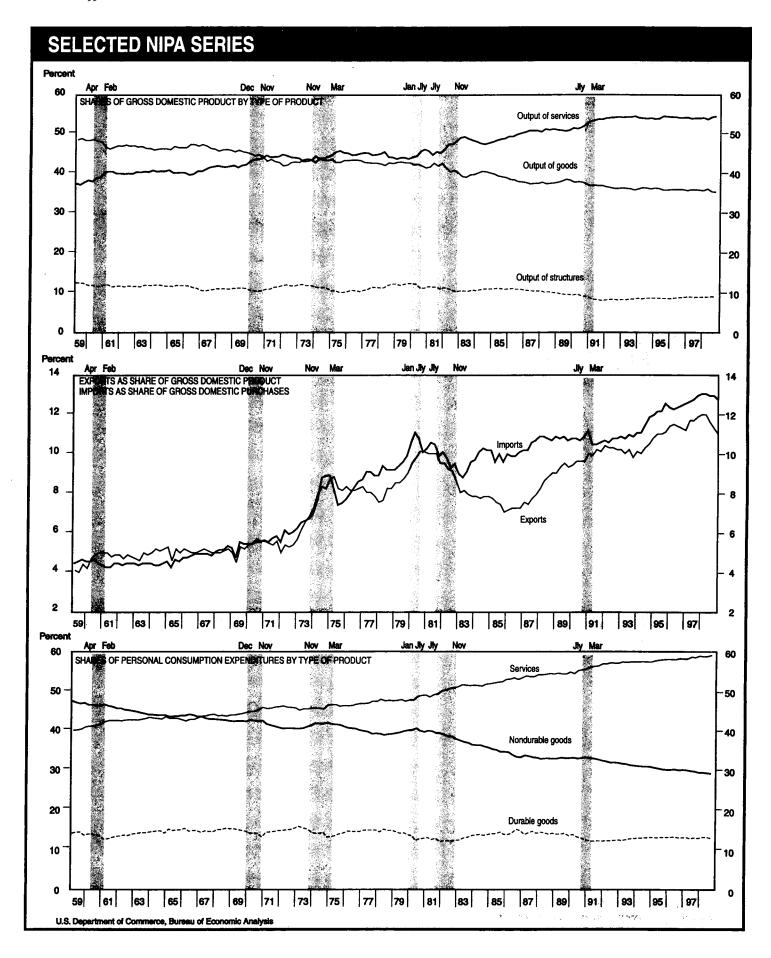


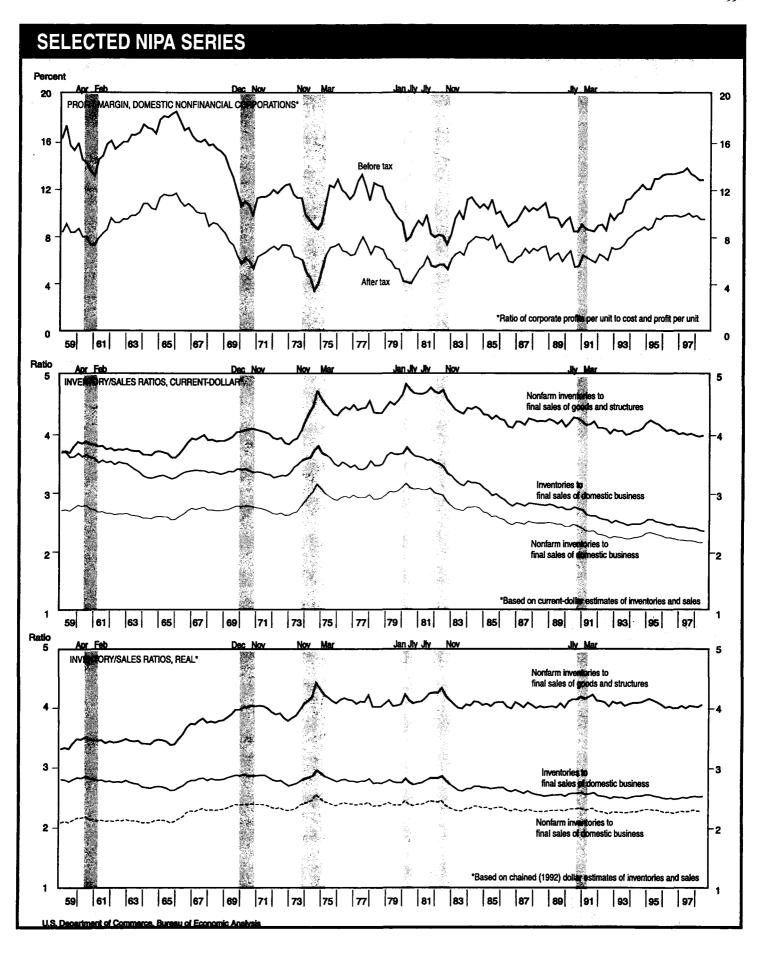
SELECTED NIPA SERIES

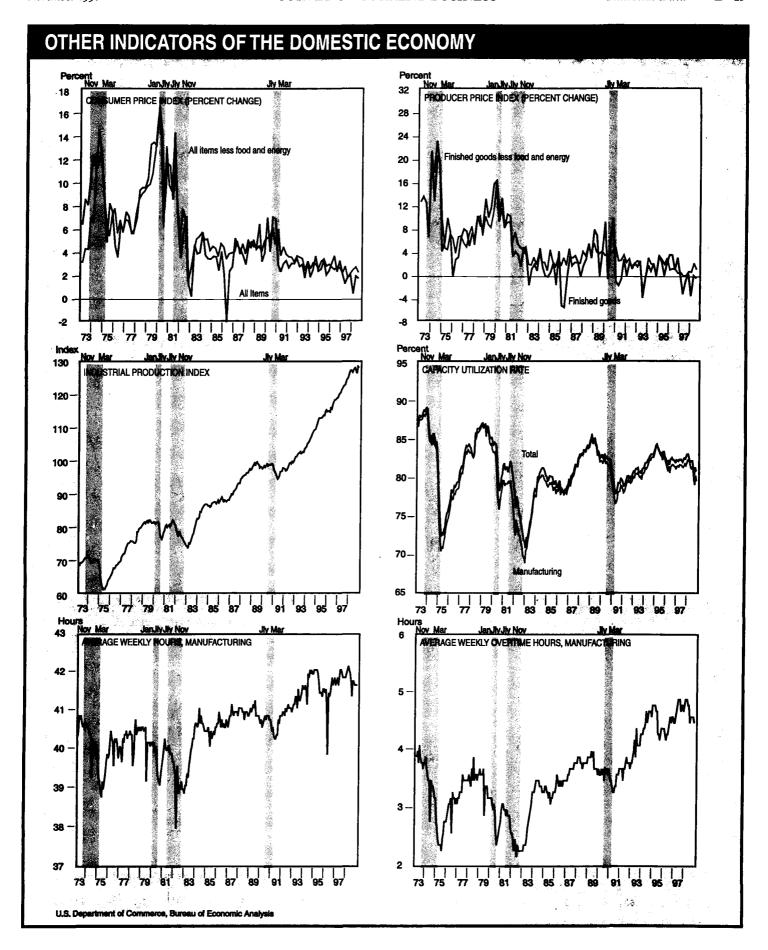


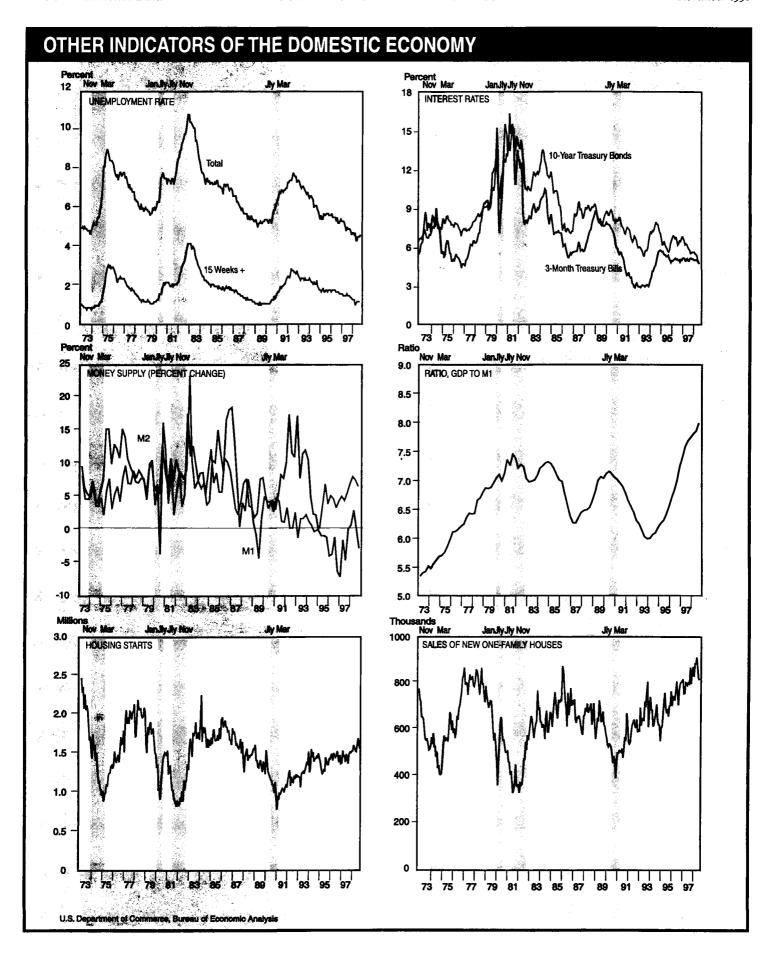












International Data

F. Transactions Tables

Table F.1 includes the most recent estimates of U.S. international trade in goods and services; the estimates were released on October 20, 1998 and include "preliminary" estimates for August 1998 and "revised" estimates for July. The sources for the other tables in this section are as noted.

Table F.1.—U.S. International Transactions in Goods and Services

[Millions of dollars; monthly estimates seasonally adjusted]

	1996	1997		1997						1998						
	1996	1997	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July "	Aug.P
Exports of goods and services	850,775	937,593	79,099	79,126	79,705	80,589	79,088	79,784	79,668	77,813	79,058	77,515	76,399	76,375	75,101	74,839
Goods Foods, feeds, and beverages Industrial supplies and materials Capital goods, except automotive Automotive vehicles, engines, and parts Consumer goods (nonfood), except automotive Other goods Adjustments I	147,652	679,325 51,507 158,226 294,470 74,029 77,446 33,505 -9,858	57,455 3,907 13,103 25,692 6,307 6,426 3,061 -1,041	57,100 4,164 13,391 24,898 6,216 6,504 2,973 -1,047	57,747 4,275 13,136 25,409 6,180 6,437 3,049 -739	58,467 4,503 13,304 25,614 6,448 6,752 2,896 -1,050	57,482 4,533 13,064 24,883 6,576 6,521 2,575 -670	58,336 4,476 13,087 25,755 6,138 6,416 2,978 -513	57,902 4,238 13,040 25,459 6,497 6,609 2,695 -636	56,350 4,220 12,553 24,807 6,350 6,425 2,802 -807	57,217 3,995 12,861 24,881 6,578 6,550 3,233 -882	55,335 3,758 12,471 23,790 6,468 6,590 2,913 ~655	54,719 3,664 12,562 23,799 5,983 6,562 2,905 -756	54,767 3,794 12,052 24,369 5,601 6,864 2,985 -898	53,825 3,716 11,864 24,843 4,732 6,658 2,977 -965	53,698 3,571 12,086 23,913 5,550 6,665 3,225 -1,312
Services Travel Passenger fares Other transportation Royalties and license fees Other private services Transfers under U.S. military agency sales contracts 2 U.S. Government miscellaneous services	238,792 69,751 20,413 26,074 32,823 73,073 15,765 893	258,268 73,268 20,895 26,911 33,676 84,465 18,269 784	21,644 5,927 1,698 2,216 2,860 7,210 1,666 67	22,026 6,078 1,717 2,246 2,865 7,294 1,759 67	21,958 6,320 1,797 2,216 2,855 7,246 1,458 66	22,122 6,162 1,812 2,337 2,812 7,420 1,513 66	21,606 6,083 1,799 2,226 2,793 7,348 1,294 63	21,448 5,959 1,753 2,246 2,776 7,302 1,351 61	21,766 6,253 1,803 2,237 2,863 7,217 1,328 65	21,463 5,994 1,737 2,120 2,893 7,263 1,391 65	21,841 5,720 1,658 2,103 2,919 7,423 1,953 65	22,180 6,404 1,823 2,149 2,943 7,458 1,338 65	21,680 5,965 1,745 2,117 2,960 7,413 1,414 66	21,608 5,866 1,719 2,126 2,969 7,528 1,334 66	21,276 5,550 1,559 2,194 2,975 7,519 1,414 65	21,141 5,546 1,583 2,203 2,984 7,451 1,308 66
Imports of goods and services	959,349	1,047,799	87,697	88,401	88,940	89,240	88,688	89,989	89,565	89,427	92,555	91,663	92,176	90,014	89,648	91,614
Goods Foods, feeds, and beverages Industrial supplies and materials Capital goods, except automotive Automotive vehicles, engines, and parts Consumer goods (nonfood), except automotive Other goods Adjustments ¹	803,320 35,710 204,482 229,050 128,938 171,007 26,102 8,031	877,279 39,694 213,767 254,175 140,779 192,918 29,338 6,609	73,318 3,406 17,480 21,639 11,923 16,171 2,470 228	74,009 3,370 18,137 21,779 11,735 16,222 2,522 245	74,271 3,357 17,990 21,812 11,769 16,566 2,511 266	74,738 3,306 18,191 22,207 11,594 16,472 2,713 255	74,087 3,263 18,088 21,543 11,738 16,778 2,435 242	75,298 3,493 17,198 22,438 11,929 17,269 2,548 423	74,977 3,375 17,277 21,898 11,834 17,200 2,815 578	74,470 3,511 16,829 22,236 12,188 16,871 2,609 226	77,720 3,546 16,733 23,090 12,974 18,213 2,657 508	76,670 3,398 17,294 22,307 12,183 18,274 2,892 322	77,297 3,455 17,448 23,132 12,542 17,893 2,539 288	75,297 3,590 16,610 22,179 11,774 18,174 2,615 355	74,854 3,436 16,629 22,284 10,677 18,267 3,204 358	76,900 3,337 16,863 22,327 12,332 18,042 3,297 702
Services Travel Passenger fares Other transportation Royalties and license fees Other private services Direct defense expenditures ² U.S. Government miscellaneous services	156,029 48,048 15,818 27,403 7,854 43,138 11,081 2,687	170,520 51,220 18,235 28,949 9,411 48,421 11,488 2,796	14,379 4,271 1,561 2,368 848 4,129 960 242	14,392 4,287 1,556 2,354 848 4,121 981 245	14,669 4,339 1,587 2,480 863 4,160 997 243	14,502 4,173 1,482 2,499 861 4,230 1,020 237	14,601 4,337 1,541 2,369 860 4,250 1,011 233	14,691 4,313 1,534 2,530 857 4,202 1,024 231	14,588 4,452 1,545 2,355 832 4,123 1,047 234	14,957 4,449 1,563 2,346 1,199 4,114 1,051 235	14,835 4,408 1,542 2,550 819 4,234 1,047 235	14,993 4,605 1,613 2,417 820 4,279 1,023 236	14,879 4,460 1,564 2,492 818 4,295 1,015 235	14,717 4,357 1,532 2,480 829 4,272 1,012 235	14,794 4,399 1,550 2,471 857 4,269 1,012 236	14,714 4,377 1,525 2,500 807 4,255 1,015 235
Memoranda: Balance on goods	-191,337 82,763 108,574	-197,955 87,748 -110,207	15,864 7,265 8,599	-16,909 7,634 -9,275	-16,524 7,289 -9,235	-16,270 7,620 -8,650	-16,605 7,005 -9,600	-16,962 6,757 -10,205	-17,076 7,178 -9,898	-18,120 6,506 -11,614	-20,504 7,006 -13,498	21,335 7,187 14,148	-22,578 6,801 -15,777	-20,530 6,891 -13,639	-21,029 6,482 -14,547	-23,201 6,427 -16,774

P Preliminary.

definitions used to prepare BEA's international and national accounts.

2. Contains goods that cannot be separately identified.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis and Bureau of the Census.

r Revised.

1. Reflects adjustments necessary to bring the Census Bureau's component data in line with the concepts and

Table F.2.—U.S. International Transactions [Millions of dollars]

[Millions of dollars]																
					Not seasona	ally adjusted			Seasonally adjusted							
Line	(Credits +; debits -) 1	1997		19	97	1998			1997				19	98		
			i	II	ŧŧŧ	١٧	Įr.	P	i	11	i ii	IV	1"	P		
1	Exports of goods, services, and income	1,179,380	281,972	296,689	298,106	302,613	296,986	294,171	283,765	295,287	300,481	299,843	299,061	292,591		
2	Goods, adjusted, excluding military 2	679,325	162,695	172,420	166,214	177,996	170,589	168,175	163,499	169,240	172,302	174,284	171,469	164,666		
3	Services ³	258,268 18,269	61,009 4,338	62,807 4,890	69,984 4,883	64,468 4,158	63,344 4,672	63,359 4,086	62,685 4,338	64,776 4,890	65,628 4,883	65,175 4,158	65,070 4,672	65,467 4,086		
5	Travel	73,268	16,072	18,157	21,890	17,149	15,817	17,825	18,197	18,542	18,325	18,204	17,967	18,235		
6 7	Passenger fares	20,895 26,911	4,808 6,574	5,027 6,719	5,988 6,721	5,072 6,897	4,877 6,290	5,114 6,379	5,130 6,698	5,189 6,724	5,212 6,678	5,364 6,809	5,198 6,460	5,287 6,392		
.8	Royalties and license fees 5	33,676	8,086 20,928	8,158 19,665	8,483 21,819	8,949	8,443 23,050	8,572 21,186	8,306 19,813	8,407 20,833	8,580 21,750	8,381 22,069	8,675 21,903	8,872 22,398		
10	Other private services 5 U.S. Government miscellaneous services	84,465 784	20,320	191	21,019	22,053 190	195	197	203	191	200	190	195	197		
11 12	Income receipts on U.S. assets abroad	241,787 109,407	58,268 27,293	61,462 28,671	61,908 28,157	60,149 25,286	63,053 26,828	62,637 26,881	57,581 26,716	61,271 28,286	62,551 28,935	60,384 25,470	62,522 26,391	62,458 26,525		
13 14	Other private receipts U.S. Government receipts	109,407 128,845 3,535	30,018 957	32,041 750	32,717 1,034	34,069 794	26,828 35,302 923	35,001 755	30,018 847	32,041 944	32,717 899	34,069 845	35,302 829	26,525 35,001 932		
15	Imports of goods, services, and income		-300,949	-321,456	-336,982	-335,517	-324,587	-339,535	-311,881	-321,342	-329,130	-332,549	-336,316	-339,782		
16	Goods, adjusted, excluding military ²		-205,351	-217,227	-225,472	-229,229	-218,744	-228,038	-213,222	-218,336	-221,598	-224,123	-227,167	-229,497		
17 18	Services 3	-170,520 -11,488	-38,372 -2,796	-43,026 2,699	-46,952 2,938	-42,170 -3,055	-41,417 -3,145	-45,410 -3,050	-41,092 -2,796	-42,195 -2,699	-43,437 -2,938	-43,795 -3,055	-44,379 -3,145	-44,589 -3,050		
19	Travel	-51,220	-10,868	-13,601	-15,667	-11,084	-11,290	-14,271	-12,736	-12,764	-12,897	-12,823	-13,309	-13,422		
20 21	Passenger faresOther transportation	-18,235 -28,949	-3,953 -6,894	-4,975 -7,288	-5,304 -7,330	-4,003 -7,437	-4,260 -7,066	-5,027 -7,351	-4,311 -7,034	-4,663 -7,317	-4,704 -7,200	-4,557 -7,397	-4,650 -7,250	-4,709 -7,389		
22 23	Royalties and license fees 5	-0 ,411 -48,421	-2,086 -11,089	-2,045 -11,739	-2,573 -12,410	-2,707 -13,183	-2,835 -12,117	-2,330 -12,675	-2,106 -11,423	-2,168 -11,905	-2,559 -12,409	-2,578 -12,684	-2,850 -12,471	-2,467 -12,846		
23 24	U.S. Government miscellaneous services	-2,796	686	-679	-730	-701	-704	-706	-11,423 -686	-679	-730	-701	-704	-12,846 -706		
25 26 27	Income payments on foreign assets in the United States Direct investment payments Other private payments	-45,674	-57,226 -10,323	-61,203 -11,279	-64,558 -13,011	-64,118 -11,061	-64,426 -10,458	-66,087 -11,661	-57,567 -10,664	-60,811 -10,887	-64,095 -12,548	-64,631 -11,574	-64,770 -10,802	-65,696 -11,270		
27 28	Other private payments	-113,959 -87,472	-26,705 -20,198	-28,023 -21,901	-28,849 -22,698	-30,382 -22,675	-31,285 -22,683	-31,466 -22,960	-26,705 20,198	-28,023 -21,901	-28,849 -22,698	-30,382 -22,675	-31,285 -22,683	-31,466 -22,960		
29	Unilateral transfers, net	-39,691	-9 ,151	-8,626	-9,346	-12,568	-9 ,617	-8,911	-8,874	-9 ,035	- 9 ,445	12,337	-9,480	-9 ,334		
30 31	U.S. Government grants ⁴ U.S. Government pensions and other transfers Private remittances and other transfers ⁶	-12,090 -4,193	-2,241 -1,067	-2,274 -836	-2,362 -931	-5,213 -1,359	-2,266 -1,019	-2,060 -902	-2,241 -1,013	-2,274 -1,055	-2,362 -1,056	-5,213 -1,069	-2,266 -1,126	-2,060 -1,130		
32	1	-23,408	-5,843	-5,516	-6,053	-5,996	-6,332	-5,949	-5,620	-5,706	-6,027	-6,055	-6,088	-6,144		
33 34	U.S. official reserve assets, net ⁷	-478,502 -1,010	-147,756 4,480	-88,005 -236	124,276 730	-118,465 -4,524	-48,591 -444	-98,696 -1,945	-145,139 4,480	-86,606 -236	-123,317 -730	-123,441 -4,524	-45,648 -444	-97,490 -1,945		
35 36	Gold	-350	72	-133	-139	-150	-182	72	72	-133	-139	-150	-182	72		
37 38	Special drawing rights Reserve position in the International Monetary Fund Foreign currencies	-3,575 2,915	1,055 3,353	54 -157	-463 -128	-4,221 -153	-85 -177	-1,031 -986	1,055 3,353	54 157	-463 -128	-4,221 -153	-85 -177	-1,031 -986		
39	U.S. Government assets, other than official reserve assets, net	174	-22	-269	436	29	-388	-496	-22	-269	436	29	-388	-496		
40 41	U.S. credits and other long-term assets Repayments on U.S. credits and other long-term assets * U.S. foreign currency holdings and U.S. short-term assets, net	-5,302 5,504	-1,168 1,171	-1,616 1,358	-1,421 1,878	-1,097 1,097	-1,189 1,177	-1,159 721	-1,168 1,171	-1,616 1,358	-1,421 1,878	-1,097 1,097	-1,189 1,177	-1,159 721		
42 43	U.S. foreign currency holdings and U.S. short-term assets, net	-28 -477,666	-25 -152,214	11 87,500	-21 -123,982	29 -113,970	-376 -47,759	-58 -96,255	-25 -149,597	-11 -86,101	-21 123,023	29 118,946	-376 -44,816	-58 -95,049		
44 45	Direct investment Foreign securities	-121,843 -87,981	-35,115 -15,521	-27,787 -23,263	-28,447 -41,167	-30,494 -8,030	-37,264 -6,973	-41,467 -23,446	-32,498 -15,521	-26,388 -23,263	-27,488 -41,167	-35,470 -8,030	-34,321 -6,973	-40,261 -23,446		
46	U.S. claims on unaffiliated foreigners reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns	-120,403	-37,880	-9.825	-24,791	-47,907	-6.596	-6,363	-37,880	-9,825	-24,791	~47.907	-6.596	-6,363		
47	U.S. claims reported by U.S. banks, not included elsewhere	-147,439	-63,698	-26,625	-29,577	-27,539	3,074	-24,979	-63,698	-26,625	-29,577	-27,539	3,074	-24,979		
48 49	Foreign assets in the United States, net (Increase/capital Inflow (+)) Foreign official assets in the United States, net	733,441 15,817	1 81,302 26,949	150,160 -5,411	182,507	219,472 -26,979	95,172	163,943 10,483	181,735 26,949	149,773 -5,411	181,438 21 258	220,491 -26,979	95,529 11,324	163,425 -10,483		
50 51	U.S. Government securities U.S. Treasury securities	-2,936 -7,270	23,065 22,311	-10,862 -11,689	21,258 9,353 6,686	-24,492 -24,578	11,324 13,946 11,336	-20,063 -20,317	23,065 22,311	-10,862 -11,689	21,258 9,353 6,686	-24,492 -24,578	13,946 11,336	-20,063 -20,317		
52	Other 10 Other U.S. Government liabilities 11	4,334 -2,521	754 -587	827 -523	2,667 -1,167	86 -244	2,610 -1,059	254 -422	754 -587	827 -523	2,667 -1,167	86 244	2,610 -1,059	254 -422		
53 54 55	U.S. liabilities reported by U.S. banks, not included elsewhere Other foreign official assets 12	21,928 -654	7,696 -3,225	5,043 931	12,439 633	-3,250 1,007	-607 -956	9,170 832	7,696 -3,225	5,043 931	12,439 633	-3,250 1,007	-607 -956	9,170 832		
	Other foreign assets in the United States, net	717.624	154,353	155,571	161,249	246,451	83,848	174,426	154,786	155,184	160,180	247,470	84,205	173,908		
56 57 58 59 60	Direct investment	93,449 146,710	25,446 33,363	20,536 42,614	20,033 35,432	27,434 35,301	25,574 -1,701	22,554 25,715	25,879 33,363	20,149 42,614	18,964 35,432	28,453 35,301	25,931 -1,701	22,036 25,715 2,349		
59 60	U.S. currency	24,782 196,845	3,484 45,477	4,822 54,258	6,576 60,327	9,900 36,783	746 77,019	2,349 69,531	3,484 45,477	42,614 4,822 54,258	6,576 60,327	9,900 36,783	746 77,019	2,349 69,531		
61	concerns	107,779	28,840	5,274	26,275	47,390	32,707	13,389	28,840	5,274	26,275	47,390	32,707	13,389		
62 63	U.S. liabilities reported by U.S. banks, not included elsewhere	148,059	17,743	28,067	12,606	89,643	-50,497	40,888	17,743	28,067	12,606	89,643	-50,497	40,888		
64	Statistical discrepancy (sum of above Items with sign reversed)	-99,724	-5,418	-28,762	-10,009	-55,535	-9,363	-10,972	394	-28,077	-20,027	-52,007	-3,146	-9 ,410		
64a	Of which seasonal adjustment discrepancy								5,812	685	-10,018	3,528	6,217	1,562		
65	Memoranda: Balance on goods (lines 2 and 16)	-197,954	-42,656 22,637	-44,807	-59,258	-51,233 22,298	-48,155	-59,863	-49,723	-49,096	-49,296	-49,839	-55,698	-64,831		
66 67	Balance on goods (lines 2 and 16) Balance on services (lines 3 and 17) Balance on goods and services (lines 65 and 66) Balance on goods and services (lines 65 and 66) Balance on goods, services, and income (lines 1 and 25)	87,748 -110,206	-20,019	19,781 -25,026	23,032 -36,226	-28,935	21,927 26,228	17,949 -41,914	21,593 -28,130	22,581 -26,515	22,191 -27,105	21,380 -28,459	20,691 -35,007	20,878 43,953		
68 69	Balance on investment income (lines 11 and 25) Balance on goods, services, and income (lines 1 and 15 or lines 67 and	-5,318	1,042	259	-2,650	-3,969	-1,373	-3,450 45.264	14	460	-1,544	-4,247	-2,248	-3,238		
70	Unilateral transfers, net (line 29)	-115,524 -39,691	-18,977 -9,151	-24,767 -8,626	-38,876 -9,346	-32,904 -12,568	-27,601 -9,617	-45,364 -8,911	-28,116 -8,874	-26,055 -9,035	-28,649 -9,445	-32,706 -12,337	-37,255 -9,480	-47,191 -9,334		
	Balance on current account (lines 1, 15, and 29 or lines 69 and 70) 13	-155,215	-28,128	-33,393	-48,222	-45,472	-37,218	-54,275	-36,990	-35,090	-38,094	-45,043	-46,735	-56,525		

See footnotes to table F.3.

Table F.3.—U.S. International Transactions, by Area

[Millions of dollars]

		T w	/estern Euro	nne	,	uropean Unior	14	1 1	United Kingdo	om	European Union (6) 15			
Line	(Credits +; debits -) 1	1997	997 1998		1997	19	 	1997		998	1997		1998	
	, ,	IV	Ir	P	IV.	15	<i>p</i>	ΙV	[r	P	١٧	l ^r	IIP	
1	Exports of goods, services, and income	88,202	91,028	90,255	79,996	83,138	81,787	25,152	26,341	26,509	42,105	43,343	42,428	
2	Goods, adjusted, excluding military 2	39,160	41,590	39,606	36,283	38,711	36,491	8,888	10,070	9,848	21,714	22,473	21,125	
3	Services ³	22,695 1,108	21,582 1,066	22,763 1,099	20,251 699	19,257 675	20,386 696	6,508 88	6,129 89	6,756 91	9,940 165	9,325 160	9,629 165	
5	Travel	5,491	4,883	5,655	5,051	4,502	5,159 1,742	1,858	1,655 585	2,091 682	2,298 814	1,999 713	2,157	
6 7	Passenger fares	4	1,541 1,873	1,796 1,914	1,555 1,652	1,489 1,619	1,637	532 431	405	418	785	784	830 790	
8 9 10	Royalties and license fees ⁵	4,388 8,086 40	4,252 7,927 40	4,345 7,914 40	4,134 7,125 35	4,002 6,935 35	4,108 7,009 35	933 2,653 13	809 2,573 13	2,606 13	2,455 3,406 17	2,315 3,337 17	2,345 3,325 17	
11 12	Income receipts on U.S. assets abroad	26,347 11,945	27,856 12,970	27,886 13,685	23,462 10,141	25,170 11,385	24,910 11,851	9,756 3,033	10,142 3,234	9,905 3,144	10,451 5,677	11,545 6,669	11,674 7,171	
12 13 14	Other private receipts U.S. Government receipts	14,209 193	14,606 280	14,022 179	13,151 170	13,549 236	12,900	6,697 26	6,908	6,761	4,645 129	4,731 145	7,171 4,360 143	
15	Imports of goods, services, and income	-94,544	-93,117	-99,807	-85,848	-84,530	-90,573	-31,562	-30,897	-32,098	-42,798	-42,504	-45,571	
16	Goods, adjusted, excluding military 2	-46,610	-44,938	-48,201	-42,304	-40,618	-43,997	-8,838	-8,111	-8,667	-26,430	-25,671	-27,714	
17 18	Services ³	-16,047 1,731	-15,721 1,734	-18,894 -1,670	-14,113 -1,355	-14,067 -1,436	-16,579 -1,320	-5,412 -135	-5,348 -131	-6,002 -130	-6,760 -1,106	-6,850 -1,218	-8,190 -1,100	
19	Travel Passenger fares	-3,199 -1,721	-3,267 -1,904	-5,282 -2,645	-2,912 -1,568	-3,002 -1,728	-4,584 -2,402	-1,055 -602	-1,006 -736	-1,391 -960	-1,444 -673	~1,496 -689	-2,368 -1,026	
20 21	Other transportation	-2,620	-2,517	-2,680	-2,121	-2,090	-2,187	-575	564	-573	-1,089	-1,063	-1,103	
22 23 24	Royalties and license fees 5	-1,661 -4,821 -294	-1,572 -4,433 -294	-1,561 -4,760 -296	-1,397 -4,508 -252	-1,364 -4,195 -252	-1,329 -4,503 -254	-514 -2,507 -24	-541 -2,346 -24	-481 -2,441 -26	-660 -1,601 -187	-690 -1,507 -187	-686 -1,720 -187	
25 26 27 28	Income payments on foreign assets in the United States	I -7.394	-32,458 -7,606	-32,712 -7,369	-29,431 -6,836	-29,845 -6,868	29,997 6,617	-17,312 -2,786	-17,438 -2,322	-17,429 -2,239	-9,608 -3,489	-9,983 -3,979	-9,667 -3,402	
27 28	Other private payments	-14,990 -9,503	-15,120 -9,732	-15,451 -9,892	-13,813 -8,782	-13,938 -9,039	-14,261 -9,119	-9,585 -4,941	-9,882 -5,234	-10,036 -5,154	-3,501 -2,618	-3,405 -2,599	-3,537 -2,728	
29	Unilateral transfers, net	-83	-41	-84	133	171	226	279	346	373	59	30	60	
30 31 32	U.S. Government grants ⁴ U.S. Government pensions and other transfers Private remittances and other transfers ⁶	-58 -387 362	-70 -333 362	-196 -328 440	-1 -299 433	289 460	-4 -293 523	-49 328	-50 396	-48 421	-172 231	-159 189	-166 226	
33	U.S. assets abroad, net (increase/capital outflow (-))	-43,492	-42,410	-56,773	-42,199	-38,517	-52,270	-40,838	-7,058	-42,288	-597	-14,637	-4,574	
34 35	U.S. official reserve assets, net 7	-134	-151	-148	-1,351	-420	-135				-1,351	-420	-135	
35 36 37	Special drawing rights					***************************************	***************************************							
38 39	Foreign currencies	-134 205	-151 187	-148 -12	-1,351 119	-420 136	-135 -18	134			-1,351 -2	-420 9	-135 -16	
40 41 42	U.S. Government assets, other than official reserve assets, net U.S. credits and other long-term assets Repayments on U.S. credits and other long-term assets 8 U.S. foreign currency holdings and U.S. short-term assets, net	-63 259	-93 273 7	-59 130 -83	-45 160	-77 204 9	-38 37 -17	127			-2		~16	
I	U.S. private assets, net	-43,563	-42,446	-56,613	-40,967	-38,233	-52,117	-40,972	-7,058	-42,288	756	-14,226	-4,423	
43 44 45	Direct investment	-17,346 7,475	-22,106 -1,060	-26,632 -9,975	-16,742 -7,656	-20,009 -948	-24,383 -12,096	-9,667 -7,597	-9,247 -569	-14,352 6,935	~5,593 1,171	-7,151 296	-8,532 -658	
46	U.S. claims on unaffiliated foreigners reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns	-22,553	-5,201		-21,132	-4,128		-16,246	-3,670		-3,828	4,272		
47 48	U.S. claims reported by U.S. banks, not included elsewhere	3,811 146,863	-14,079 78,157	-20,006 94,169	4,563 128,072	-13,148 75,869	-15,638 84,710	-7,462 71,247	6,428 61,970	-21,001 43,593	9,006 47,541	-11,643 10,785	4,767 35,779	
49	Foreign official assets in the United States net	-5.517	-3,511	5.378	(18)	(18)	(18)	(18)	(18)	(18)	(18)	(18)	(18)	
50 51	U.S. Government securities	(17) (17) (17)	(17) (17)	(17) (17) (17)	(18)	(18)	(18) (18)	(18) (18) (18)	(18)	(18) (18)	(18)	(18) (18)	(18) (18)	
52 53	Other U.S. Government liabilities 11	106	(17) -97	25 1	155	(18)	(18) 168	`45 i	(18)	(18) 46	(18) 94	(18) 37	139	
54 55	U.S. liabilities reported by U.S. banks, not included elsewhere	(17) (17)	(17) (17)	(17) (17)	(18) (18)	(18) (18)	(18)	(18) (18)	(18)	(18)	(18)	(18) (18)	(18) (18)	
56 57 58 59 60 61	Other foreign assets in the United States, net Direct investment U.S. Treasury securities	152,380 18,819 (17)	81,668 20,441 (¹⁷)	88,791 14,818 (¹⁷)	(18) 14,513 (18)	(18) 16,661 (¹⁸)	(18) 13,341 (¹⁸)	(18) 734 (18)	(18) 8,302 (18)	6,160 (18)	10,015 (18)	6,404 (18)	5,938 (18)	
59 60	U.S. currency U.S. securities other than U.S. Treasury securities U.S. liabilities to unaffiliated foreigners reported by U.S. nonbanking	26,768	51,675	55,397	21,649	47,178	48,767	11,599	30,946	30,198	7,930	13,261	16,103	
62	U.S. liabilities to unaffiliated foreigners reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns U.S. liabilities reported by U.S. banks, not included elsewhere	34,465 (17)	23,367 (¹⁷)	(¹⁷)	28,359 18 63,396	28,307 18-16,287	18 22,434	9,167 18 49,702	25,486 18-2,777		18,303 18 11,199	1,718 18-10,635	¹⁸ 13,599	
63	Allocations of special drawing rights	()		(**)			22,434	19,702				-10,635	13,599	
64	Statistical discrepancy, and transfers of funds between foreign areas, net (sum of above items with sign reversed)	-96,946	-33,617	-27,760	-80,154	-36,131	-23,880	-24,278	-50,702	3,911	-46,310	2,983	-28,122	
65	Memoranda: Balance on goods (lines 2 and 16)	7,450	-3,348	-8,595	-6,021	-1,907	-7,506	50	1,959	1,181	-4,716	-3,198	-6,589	
66 67	Balance on goods (lines 2 and 16) Balance on services (lines 3 and 17) Balance on goods and services (lines 65 and 66)	6,648 802	5,861 2,513	3,869 -4,726	6,138 117	5,190 3,283	3,807 -3,699	1,096 1,146	781 2,740	754 1,935	3,180 -1,536	2,475	1,439 -5,150 2,007	
68 69	Balance on investment income (lines 11 and 25)	-5,540 -6,342	-4,602 -2,089	-4,826 -9,552	-5,969 -5,852	-4,675 -1,392	-5,087 -8,786	-7,556 -6,410 279	-7,296 -4,556	-7,524 -5,589	843 -693	1,562 839 30	-3,143	
70 71	Unilateral transfers, net (line 29)	-83 -6,425	-41 -2,130	-84 -9,636	133 -5,719	171 -1,221	226 -8,560	279 -6,131	346 -4,210	373 -5,216	59 -634	30 869	60 -3,083	
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Revised.

1. Credits, * Exports of goods, services, and income; unilateral transfers to United States; capital inflows (increase in foreign assets (U.S. liabilities) or decrease in U.S. assets); decrease in U.S. official reserve assets; increase in foreign official assets in the United States.

Debits, -: Imports of goods, services, and income; unilateral transfers to foreigners; capital outflows (decrease in foreign assets (U.S. liabilities) or increase in U.S. assets); increase in U.S. official reserve assets; decrease in foreign official assets in the United States.

2. Excludes exports of goods under U.S. military agency sales contracts identified in Census export documents, excludes imports of goods under direct defense expenditures identified in Census import documents, and reflects various other adjustments (for valuation, coverage, and timing) of Census statistics to balance of payments basis; see table 2 in "U.S. International Transactions, Second Quarter 1998" in the October 1993 Survey.

^{3.} Includes some goods: Mainly military equipment in line 4; major equipment, other materials, supplies, and petrofeum products purchased abroad by U.S. military agencies in line 18; and fuels purchased by airline and steamship
operators in lines 7 and 21.

4. Includes transfers of goods and services under U.S. military grant programs.
5. Beginning in 1982, these lines are presented on a gross basis. The definition of exports is revised to exclude
U.S. parents' payments to foreign affiliates and to include U.S. affiliates' receipts from foreign parents. The definition
of imports is revised to include U.S. parents' payments to foreign affiliates and to exclude U.S. affiliates' receipts
from foreign parents.

6. Beginning in 1982, the "other transfers" component includes taxes paid by U.S. private residents to foreign
governments and taxes paid by private nonresidents to the U.S. Government.

7. For all areas, amounts outstanding June 30, 1998, were as follows in millions of dollars: Line 34, 71,162;
line 35, 11,047; line 36, 10,001; line 37, 18,946; line 38, 31,169. Data are preliminary.

Table F.3.—U.S. International Transactions, by Area—Continued [Millions of dollars]

		Eastern Europe			lonars ₁	Canada		Latin Ame	erica and Othe	er Western	Japan			
Line	(Credits +; debits) ¹	1997	19	98	1997	19	998		Hemisphere		1997	19	98	
Ciric	(Orders 1, debits –)	IV	1r	il _P	IV	Įr.		1997	19 Jr	98	IV	lr.	P	
	Exports of goods, services, and income	3,344	3,448	3,609	49,326	49,825	50,583	63,967	61,402	62,209	26,059	25,947	24,294	
2	Goods, adjusted, excluding military 2	2,090	2,008	2,308	39,643	39,575	40,679	37,500	35,281	35,691	15,859	14,782	14,084	
3	Services ³	969 112	950	971	4,840 24	5,258 23	5,070	11,415	10,583	10,564	8,266	8,456 638	8,019	
5	Travel	282	89 254	67 379	1,282	1,823	1,780	156 4,779	158 4,309	4,223	112 2,467	2,085	109 2.580	
6 7	Passenger fares	36 112	254 39 79	45 73	345 605	444 580	354 588	1,262 1,022	1,200 836	1,312 829	1,233 790	1,159 717	2,580 1,083 760	
8	Royalties and license fees ⁵ Other private services ⁵	61 356	61 418	65 332	390 2,190	343 2,041	365 1,955	584 3,574	535 3,507	570 3,418	1,766 1,887	1,614 2,232	1,540 1,936	
10	U.S. Government miscellaneous services	10	10	10	4	4	1,555	38	38	38	11	11	11	
11 12 13	Income receipts on U.S. assets abroad	285 53 199	490 231 173	330 107	4,843 2,417	4,992 2,493	4,834 2,329	15,052 4,628	15,538 4,651	15,954 4,532	1,934 344	2,709 740	2,191 581	
13 14	Other private receipts	199 33	173 86	180 43	2,426	2,499	2,505	10,317 107	10,818 69	11,326 96	1,566 24	1,940 29	1,600 10	
15	Imports of goods, services, and income	i i	-3,273	-3,933	-49,298	-48,896	-51,227	-57,019	-55,814	-58,185	-45,014	-42,280	-42,290	
16 17	Goods, adjusted, excluding military 2		-2,418 -493	-2,848 -669	-44,210 -3,375	-43,891 -3,127	-44,922 -4,135	-36,480 -8,525	-34,847 -8,357	-36,767 -8,440	-31,428 -4,252	-30,353 -3,764	-30,000 -3,699	
18	Services ³	1	-41	-50	-12	-12	-15	93	-9 3	-82	-295	-362	-350	
19 20	TravelPassenger fares	-106 -63	-137 -51	-262 -99	-833 -109	-772 -99	-1,593 -143	-3,777 -648	-3,802 -772	-3,815 -631	-707 -198	-625 -181	-713 -207	
21	Other transportation	-44 4	-67 -5	60 4	800 91	-726 -105	-750 -94	-599 -50	-571 -51	-603 -49	-1,097 -666	-990 -502	-1,012 -397	
22 23 24	Other private services 5 U.S. Government miscellaneous services	-171	-177 15	-179 -15	-1,494 -36	-1,377 -36	-1,504 -36	-3,247 -111	-2,957 -111	-3,149 -111	-1,255 -34	-1,070 -34	-397 -986 -34	
	Income payments on foreign assets in the United States		-362	-416	-1,713	-1,878	-2,170	-12,014	-12,610	-12,978	-9,334	-8,163	-8,591	
25 26 27 28	Other private payments	-3 -142 -259	-1 -120 -241	-2 -129 -285	-467 -1,006	-618 -997 -263	-954 -993 -223	-474 8,720	-684 -9,080 -2,846	-694 -9,349 -2,935	-1,702 -2,158 -5,474	-639 -2,354 -5,170	-1,633 -1,985	
29	U.S. Government payments	-259 -641	-241 -671	-200 -810	-240 - 84	-203 -132	-111	2,820 2,932	-2,046 -2,953	-2,935 -2,903	-3,474 -19	0,170 75	-4,973 -21	
30	U.S. Government grants ⁴	-292	-296	-454 -9				-357 -174	-315	-243 -149				
31 32	U.S. Government pensions and other transfers	-10 -339	-10 -365	-347	-102 18	-120 -12	-125 14	-2,401	160 2,478	-2,511	-23 4	-24 -51	<i>–</i> 22 1	
33 34	U.S. assets abroad, net (increase/capital outflow (-))		-165	-1,450	6,103	~4,664	-5,593	-65,653	-16,386	-48,422	3,375 19	14,884 26	21,344 -838	
35 36 37	U.S. official reserve assets, net ⁷ Gold Special drawing rights		*************							***************************************	-19	-20		
37 38	Reserve position in the International Monetary Fund								***************************************		- 19	-26	-838	
39	U.S. Government assets, other than official reserve assets, net	-7	-27 -174	35 -10	12	1		94 -250	102 -245	178 -132	2	10		
40 41 42	U.S. credits and other long-term assets Repayments on U.S. credits and other long-term assets ^s U.S. foreign currency holdings and U.S. short-term assets, net	-56 47 2	147	10 10 35		1		354 10	347 (*)	311 -1	2	10	***************************************	
43	U.S. private assets, net	2,209	-138	-1,485	-6,115	-4,665	5.593	-65,747	-16,488	-48,600	3,392	14,900	22,182	
44 45	Direct investment	382 -107	-703 4	-511 -428	-1,910 857	-3,440 46	-2,268 -816	-6,770 -3,200	-5,300 1,927	-2,670 -10,446	458 5,964	-494 -3,972	-1,822 4,059	
46	U.S. claims on unaffiliated foreigners reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns	-114	136		-2,237 -2,825	-662 -609	-2,509	-21,400	1,247	-9,700 -25,784	~746	-1,572	40.045	
47 48	U.S. claims reported by U.S. banks, not included elsewhere	2,048 -7,451	425 -1,303	-546 -1,398	-2,823 -114	458	4,535	-34,377 49,519	-14,362 10,925	76,296	-2,284 16,769	20,938 - 20,119	19,945 17,877	
49	Foreign official assets in the United States, net	/18\	(18) (18)	(18) (18)	-2,476	1,531	-879 (17)	(18) (18)	(18) (18)	(18) (18)	(18) (18)	(18)	(18) (18)	
50 51 52	U.S. Government securities U.S. Treasury securities Other 19	(18) (18) (18)	(18)	18	(17) (17) (17)	(17) (17) (17)	(17)	(18)	(18)	(18)	(18)	(18)	(18)	
53 54	Other ¹⁰ Other U.S. Government liabilities ¹¹ U.S. liabilities reported by U.S. banks, not included elsewhere	25 (18) (18)	72 (18) (18)	-44 (18)	(17)	(17)	, 5 (17)	-54 (18) (18)	-64 (18)	-69 (18)	-136 (18)	-625 (18)	489 (¹⁸) (¹⁸)	
55	Other foreign official assets 12			(18)	(17)	(17) (17)	(17)	(18)	(18)	(18)	(18)	(18)		
56 57 58 59 60 61	Other foreign assets in the United States, net Direct investment	(18) 35 (18)	(18) 32 (18)	(¹⁸) 7 (¹⁸)	2,362 2,029 (17)	-1,073 791 (¹⁷)	5,414 2,278	1,951	(18) 571	1,911	2,537	3,569	2,000	
59 60	U.S. Treasury securities U.S. currency U.S. securities other than U.S. Treasury securities	41	64	199	913	1,703	(1 ⁷) -537	(¹⁸) 8,805	(18)	10.299	(18)	(18) 2,583	(18) 3,637	
61	U.S. liabilities to unaffiliated foreigners reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns	-63	38					11,665	9,729		1,912	-1,855	3,037	
62	U.S. tiabilities reported by U.S. banks, not included elsewhere	18-7,439	18-1,509	¹⁸ -1,560	583 (¹⁷)	-33 (¹⁷)	(17)	18 27,152	18-22,153	5,200 18 58,955	18 12,438	18-18,625	18-24,003	
63 64	Allocations of special drawing rights	*************	***************************************		************	***************************************		***************************************		***************************************	*************			
٠,	net (sum of above items with sign reversed)	5,684	1,964	3,982	6,273	3,409	1,813	12,118	2,826	-28,995	-1,170	21,643	14,550	
65	Memoranda: Balance on goods (lines 2 and 16)	-157	-410	-540	-4,567	-4,316	-4,243	1,020	434	-1,076	-15,569	-15,571	-15,916	
66 67	Balance on goods (lines 2 and 16) Balance on services (lines 3 and 17) Balance on goods and services (lines 65 and 66) Balance on investment income (lines 11 and 25) Balance on goods, services, and income (lines 1 and 15 or lines 67 and	482 325	457 47	302 238 86	1,465 -3,102	2,131 -2,185	935 -3,308	2,890 3,910	2,226 2,660 2,928	2,124 1,048	4,014 -11,555	4,692 -10,879	4,320 -11,596	
68 69	Balance on processment income (mies 11 and 25) Balance on goods, services, and income (lines 1 and 15 or lines 67 and 69 13	-119 206	128 175	-324	3,130 28	3,114 929	2,664 -644	3,038 6,948	2,928 5.588	2,976 4,024	-7,400 -18,955	-5,454 -16,333	-6,400 -17,996	
70 71	68) ¹³ Unilateral transfers, net (line 29) Balance on current account (lines 1, 15, and 29 or lines 69 and 70) ¹³	-641	-671	-810	-84 -56	-132 797	111	-2,932	-2,953 2,635	-2,903	-19	75	-17,996 -21 -18,017	
70 71	Unilateral transfers, net (line 29) Balance on current account (lines 1, 15, and 29 or lines 69 and 70) ¹³				-84 -56	-132 797			-2,953 2,635				-2	

^{8.} Includes sales of foreign obligations to foreigners.
9. Consists of bills, certificates, marketable bonds and notes, and nonmarketable convertible and nonconvertible bonds and notes.
10. Consists of U.S. Treasury and Export-Import Bank obligations, not included elsewhere, and of debt securities of U.S. Government corporations and agencies.
11. Includes, primarily, U.S. Government liabilities associated with military agency sales contracts and other transactions arranged with or through foreign official agencies; see table 4 in "U.S. International Transactions, Second Quarter 1998" in the October 1998 Survey.
12. Consists of investments in U.S. corporate stocks and in debt securities of private corporations and State and local governments.

^{13.} Conceptually, the sum of lines 71 and 63 is equal to "net foreign investment" in the national income and product accounts (NIPA's). However, the foreign transactions account in the NIPA's (a) includes adjustments to the international transactions accounts for the treatment of gold, (b) includes adjustments for the different geographical treatment of transactions with U.S. territories and Puerto Rico, and (c) includes services turnished without payment by financial pension plans except life insurance carriers and private noninsured pension plans. A reconciliation of the balance on goods and services from the international accounts and the NIPA net exports appears in the "Re-onciliation and Other Special Tables" section in this issue of the Survey or Current Russess. A reconciliation of the other foreign transactions in the two sets of accounts appears in table 4.5 of the full set of NIPA tables (published annually in the August issue of the Survey).

Table F.3.—U.S. International Transactions, by Area—Continued

[Millions of dollars]

			Australia		Other co	untries in Asia	and Africa	International organizations and unallocated 16			
Line	(Credits +; debits) ¹	1997 1998			1997	19	998	1997 unallocate		1998	
		١٧	Įr.	P	IV	Įr.	112	IV	Ir	P	
1	Exports of goods, services, and income	5,734	5,698	5,550	60,062	53,789	51,664	5,919	5,849	6,007	
2	Goods, adjusted, excluding military 2	2,899	3,109	2,863	40,845	34,244	32,944				
3	Services ³	1,523 221	1,306 212	1,367 219	13,304 2,425	13,706 2,486	13,119 2,394	1,456	1,503	1,486	
5	Travel	443	337	361	2,405	2,126	2,847				
6 7	Passenger faresOther transportation	161 87	117 76	123 78	419 2,191	377 1,999	401 1,990	124	130	147	
8 9	Royalties and license fees 5	182 425	158 402	174 406	1,119 4,662	1,046 5,584	1,071 4,328	459 873	434 939	442 897	
10	Other private services ⁵ U.S. Government miscellaneous services	2	4	6	83	88	88			***************************************	
11 12 13	Income receipts on U.S. assets abroad	604	1,283 508	1,320 556 764	5,913 2,840	5,839 2,916	5,601 2,627	4,463 2,455	4,346 2,319	4,521 2,464	
13 14	Other private receipts	708	775	764	2,786 287	2,646 277	2,742 232	1,858 150	1,845 182	1,862 195	
15	Imports of goods, services, and income	-2,455	-2,441	-2,434	-81,694	-76,018	-79,195	-2,355	-2,748	-2,464	
16	Goods, adjusted, excluding military 2	-1,261	-1,262	-1,430	-66,993	-61,035	-63,870				
17 18	Services ³	-719 -12	-722 -11	-573 -12	-8,096 -828	-8,179 -892	-8,347 -871	-669	-1,054	-653	
19 20	Travel Passenger fares	-251 -148	-260 -150	-158 -112	-2,211 -1,116	-2,427 -1,103	-2,448 -1,190			***************************************	
20 21	Other transportation	-63	-67	-42	-1,942	-1,796	-1,842	-272	-332	-362	
22 23 24	Royalties and license fees ⁵ Other private services U.S. Government miscellaneous services	-9 -224	-17 -205	-11 -226	-42 -1,758	-38 -1,721	-41 -1,753	-184 -213	-545 -177	-173 -118	
	U.S. Government miscellaneous services	-12 -475	12 457	-12 -431	-199 -6,605	-202 -6,804	-202 -6,978	-1,686	-1,694	-1,811	
25 26 27	Direct investment payments Other private payments	-215 -148	-190 -172	-194 -161	121 2,460	182 2,653	148 -2,563	-927 -758	-902 -789	-9 63 -835	
28	U.S. Government payments	-112	-9 5	-76	-4,266	-4,333	-4,563	-1	-3	-13	
29 30	Unilateral transfers, net	24	-40	-32	-6,173 -4,369	-3,433 -1,338	-2,772 -928	-2,612 -137	-2,272 -247	-2,178 -230	
31 32	U.S. Government grants ⁴ U.S. Government pensions and other transfers Private remittances and other transfers ⁶	_9 _15	-9 -31	-9 -23	-122 -1,682	-122 -1,973	-122 -1,722	-532 -1,943	-241 -1,784	-239 -138 -1,801	
33	U.S. assets abroad, net (increase/capital outflow (-))	i 1	-1,431	-6,206	-375	4,618	-1,463	-6,453	-3,037	–133	
34	U.S. official reserve assets, net 7			***************************************		***************************************		-4,371	-267	-959	
34 35 36 37	Special drawing rights Reserve position in the International Monetary Fund		***************************************		***************************************			-150 -4,221	-182 -85	72 -1,031	
38	Foreign currencies					***************************************					
39 40	U.S. Government assets, other than official reserve assets, net	1	-1	3	24 474	-374 -391	-383 -641	-254 -254	-286 -286	-317 -317	
41 42	Repayments on U.S. credits and other long-term assets 8	1	-1	3	437 13	410 (-393	270 12			***************************************	
43 44	U.S. private assets, net Direct investment	1,967 542	-1,430 -1,316	-6,209 -3,630	-351 -2.375	4,992 -2,178	-1,080 -1,608	-1,828 -2,391	-2,484 -1,727	1,143 -2,326	
44 45 46	Foreign securities U.S. claims on unaffiliated foreigners reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns	-566 -687	-15 128	-1,251	-4,439 -155	-3,778 -690	-4,747	936 -15	-125 18	-2,326 158 3,337	
47	U.S. claims reported by U.S. banks, not included elsewhere	-172	-227	-1,328	6,618	11,638	5,275	-358	-650	-26	
48 49	Foreign assets in the United States, net (increase/capital inflow (+))	1,275	-674	1,121	2,565	19,974	-1,570 (18)	10,046	7,754	8,667	
50 51	U.S. Government securities U.S. Treasury securities	(18) (18)	18	81)	(18)	(18) (18)	(18)			***************************************	
52 53	Other U.S. Government liabilities 11	-160	(18) -178	(18) 179	(18) 17	(18) -167	(18) 649				
54 55	U.S. liabilities reported by U.S. banks, not included elsewhere	(18) (18)	(18) (18)	(18) (18)	(18) (18)	(18) (18)	(18) (18)				
56 57	Other foreign assets in the United States, net	(¹⁸) 304	(18) 1,475	(¹⁸) 497	(18) 988	(18) -2,116	(¹⁸) 205	10,046 771	7,754 811	8,667	
58 59	Direct investment	(18)	(18)	(18)	(18)	(18)	(¹⁸)	9,900	(¹⁸) 746	838 (18) 2,349 215	
60 61	U.S. currency U.S. securities other than U.S. Treasury securities U.S. liabilities to unaffiliated foreigners reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns	-173 -88	175 -159	-326	373 -1,103	3,217 1,563	647	38	-74 57	215 8,189	
62	U.S. liabilities reported by U.S. banks, not included elsewhere	18 1,392	18-1,987	18 1,129	18 2,290	18 17,477	18-1,773	18-682	¹⁸ 6,214	18-2,924	
63 64	Allocations of special drawing rights			***************************************						***************************************	
-	above items with sign reversed)	-2,564	-1,112	2,001	25,615	1,070	33,336	-4,545	-5,546	-9,899	
65	Memoranda: Balance on goods (lines 2 and 16)	1,638	1,847	1,433	-26,148	-26,791	-30,926				
66 67	Balance on services (lines 3 and 17) Balance on goods and services (lines 65 and 66) Balance on investment income (lines 11 and 25)	804 2,442	584 2,431	794 2,227	5,208 20,940	5,527 -21,264	4,772 -26,154	787 787	449 449	833 833	
68 69 70	Balance on goods, services, and income (lines 1 and 15 or lines 67 and 68) 13	837 3,279 –24	826 3,257 -40	889 3,116 -32	-692 -21,632	-965 -22,229	-1,377 -27,531 -2,772	2,777 3,564	2,652 3,101	2,710 3,543	
71	Unilateral transfers, net (line 29) Balance on current account (lines 1, 15, and 29 or lines 69 and 70) 13	3,255	3,217	3,084	-6,173 -27,805	-3,433 -25,662	-30,303	-2,612 952	-2,272 829	-2,178 1,365	

^{14.} The "European Union" includes the "European Union (6)," United Kingdom, Denmark, Ireland, Greece, Spain, and Portugal. Beginning with the first quarter of 1995, the "European Union" also includes Austria, Finland, and Sweden.

15. The "European Union (6)" includes Belgium, France, Germany (includes the former German Democratic Republic (East Germany) beginning in the fourth quarter of 1990), Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, European Atomic Energy Community, European Coal and Steel Community, and European Investment Bank.

16. Includes, as part of international and unallocated, the estimated direct investment in foreign affiliates engaged in international shipping, in operating oil and gas drilling equipment internationally, and in petroleum trading. Also

includes taxes withheld; current-cost adjustments associated with U.S. and foreign direct investment; small trans-actions in business services that are not reported by country; and net U.S. currency flows, for which geographic source data are not available.

17. Details not shown separately; see totals in lines 49 and 56.

18. Details not shown separately are included in line 62.

NOTE.—The data in tables F.2 and F.3 are from tables 1 and 10 in "U.S. International Transactions, Second Quarter 1998" in the October 1998 issue of the SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS, which presents the most recent estimates from the balance of payments accounts.

Table F.4.—Private Service Transactions

[Millions of dollars]

				Seasonally adjusted								
Line		1996	1997		19	97		199	98			
				ı	11	111	IV .	jr	P			
1	Exports of private services	222,134	239,215	58,144	59,695	60,545	60,827	60,203	61,184			
2	Travel (table F.2, line 5) Passenger fares (table F.2, line 6) Other transportation (table F.2, line 7) Freight Port services	69,751	73,268	18,197	18,542	18,325	18,204	17,967	18,235			
3		20,413	20,895	5,130	5,189	5,212	5,364	5,198	5,287			
4		26,074	26,911	6,698	6,724	6,678	6,809	6,460	6,392			
5		11,146	11,773	2,913	2,910	2,919	3,031	2,901	2,754			
6		14,929	15,137	3,785	3,814	3,759	3,778	3,559	3,638			
7	Royalties and license fees (table F.2, line 8) Affiliated U.S. parents' receipts U.S. affiliates' receipts Unaffiliated Industrial processes 1 Other 2	32,823	33,676	8,306	8,407	8,580	8,381	8,675	8,872			
8		24,710	25,515	6,267	6,373	6,543	6,330	6,600	6,767			
9		22,781	23,457	5,905	5,897	5,929	5,724	5,905	6,103			
10		1,929	2,058	362	476	614	606	695	664			
11		8,113	8,161	2,039	2,034	2,037	2,051	2,075	2,105			
12		3,488	3,272	832	819	812	809	811	815			
13		4,625	4,889	1,207	1,215	1,225	1,242	1,264	1,290			
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	Other private services (table F.2, line 9) Affiliated services U.S. parents' receipts U.S. affiliates' receipts Unaffiliated services Education Financial services Insurance, net Premiums received Losses paid Telecommunications Business, professional, and technical services Other unaffiliated services 3	73,073 23,779 14,772 9,007 49,295 7,888 8,382 1,971 5,978 4,007 3,270 17,599 10,185	84,465 26,336 16,164 10,172 58,128 8,278 11,064 2,391 5,952 3,561 3,771 21,304 11,321	19,813 6,250 3,794 2,456 13,563 2,395 578 1,494 916 889 4,946 2,742	20,833 6,579 4,045 2,534 14,252 2,052 2,598 592 1,485 892 938 5,293 2,780	21,750 6,791 4,128 2,663 14,959 2,108 2,914 605 1,483 879 956 5,500 2,876	22,069 6,717 4,198 2,519 15,352 2,105 3,157 616 1,491 875 987 5,564 2,923	21,903 6,644 4,101 2,543 15,259 2,100 2,891 629 1,508 880 969 5,669 3,001	22,398 6,867 4,097 2,770 15,531 2,096 3,170 642 1,531 890 895 5,756 2,973			
27	Imports of private services	142,261	156,236	37,610	38,817	39,769	40,039	40,530	40,833			
28	Travel (table F.2, line 19) Passenger fares (table F.2, line 20) Other transportation (table F.2, line 21) Freight Port services	48,048	51,220	12,736	12,764	12,897	12,823	13,309	13,422			
29		15,818	18,235	4,311	4,663	4,704	4,557	4,650	4,709			
30		27,403	28,949	7,034	7,317	7,200	7,397	7,250	7,389			
31		16,539	17,644	4,201	4,581	4,408	4,454	4,461	4,674			
32		10,864	11,305	2,833	2,736	2,792	2,943	2,789	2,715			
33	Royalties and license fees (table F.2, line 22) Affiliated U.S. parents' payments U.S. affiliates' payments Unaffiliated Industrial processes ¹ Other ²	7,854	9,411	2,106	2,168	2,559	2,578	2,850	2,467			
34		5,506	7,087	1,566	1,600	1,941	1,980	1,877	1,862			
35		766	955	217	220	235	284	247	260			
36		4,740	6,132	1,349	1,380	1,706	1,696	1,630	1,602			
37		2,347	2,324	540	568	618	598	973	605			
38		1,233	1,265	320	315	313	317	324	335			
39		1,115	1,060	221	253	305	282	649	270			
40	Other private services (table F.2, line 23) Affiliated services U.S. parents' payments U.S. affiliates' payments U.S. affiliates' payments Unaffiliated services Education Financial services Insurance, net Premiums paid Losses recovered Telecommunications Business, professional, and technical services Other unaffiliated services ³	43,138	48,421	11,423	11,905	12,409	12,684	12,471	12,846			
41		16,668	18,324	4,414	4,473	4,635	4,801	4,419	4,788			
42		8,089	9,407	2,179	2,355	2,427	2,445	2,324	2,472			
43		8,579	8,917	2,235	2,118	2,208	2,356	2,095	2,316			
44		26,469	30,098	7,009	7,432	7,774	7,883	8,052	8,058			
45		1,247	1,347	318	333	346	349	348	364			
46		2,995	3,906	846	1,002	1,993	965	999	989			
47		3,773	5,208	1,115	1,261	1,381	1,452	1,477	1,471			
48		14,652	15,036	3,683	3,735	3,787	3,832	3,869	3,900			
49		10,879	9,828	2,568	2,474	2,406	2,380	2,392	2,429			
50		8,304	8,113	2,006	1,999	2,028	2,080	2,121	2,049			
51		5,550	6,571	1,543	1,615	1,676	1,737	1,832	1,905			
52		4,600	4,952	1,181	1,221	1,251	1,299	1,275	1,280			
53	Memoranda: Balance on goods (table F.2, line 65) Balance on private services (line 1 minus line 27) Balance on goods and private services (lines 53 and 54)	-191,337	-197,954	-49,723	-49,096	-49,296	-49,839	-55,698	-64,831			
54		79,873	82,979	20,534	20,878	20,776	20,788	19,673	20,351			
55		-111,464	-114,975	-29,189	-28,218	-28,520	-29,051	-36,025	-44,480			

ments and international organizations in the United States. Payments (imports) include mainly wages of foreign residents temporarily employed in the United States and Canadian and Mexican commuters in U.S. border areas.

^{*} Preliminary.

* Revised.

1. Patented techniques, processes, and formulas and other intangible property rights that are used in goods production.

2. Copyrights, trademarks, franchises, rights to broadcast live events, and other intangible property rights.

3. Other unaffiliated services receipts (exports) include mainly expenditures of foreign govern-

Note.—The data in table F4 are from table 3 in "U.S. International Transactions, Second Quarter 1998" in the October 1998 issue of the Survey of CURRENT BUSINESS, which presents the most recent estimates from the balance of payments accounts.

G. Investment Tables_

Table G.1.--International Investment Position of the United States at Yearend, 1996 and 1997 [Millions of dollars]

	·							
			Cha	anges in pos	ition in 199	7 (decrease	())	
				Attributa	ble to:			1
Line	Type of investment	Position		Valua	tion adjustr	nents		Position 1997 P
	"	1990	Capital		<u> </u>	1	Total	1997
		1	flows	Price	Exchange rate) Outer		1
				changes	changes 1	changes 2		
			(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(a+b+c+d)	j
		 			\-'-		(
	Net international investment position of the United States:	767 076	054.000	51.000	407.705	-22,159	456 400	1 000 500
1 2	With direct investment positions at current cost (line 3 less line 24) With direct investment positions at market value (line 4 less line 25)	-767,076 -743,656	-254,939 -254,939	-51,669 -116,094	-127,725 -197,805	-22,159 -9,961	-456,492 -578,799	
	U.S. assets abroad:							
3	With direct investment positions at current cost (lines 5+10+15)	3,767,018	478,502	175,135	-155,352	-27,992	470,293	4,237,311
4	With direct investment positions at market value (lines 5+10+16)	1	478,502	416,045	-224,102	-10,474	659,971	5,007,119
5 6	U.S. official reserve assets	160,739 96,698	1,010	-20,762 3-20,762	-6,144	-7 4-7	-25,903 -20,769	134,836 75,929
7	GoldSpecial drawing rights		350	-20,762	-635		-20,769 -285	10,027
8	Special drawing rights Reserve position in the International Monetary Fund	15,435	3,575		-939		2,636	18,071
9	Foreign currencies	1			1		-7,485	30,809
10	U.S. Government assets, other than official reserve assets U.S. credits and other long-term assets 5	81,677 79,786				-3 -3	-194 - 212	81,483
11 12	Repayable in dollars	79,700	-202 -168		-0		-213 -172	79,573 78,942
13	Other 6U.S. foreign currency holdings and U.S. short-term assets	672	-34		-8	1	-41	631
14	U.S. foreign currency notatings and U.S. short-term assets	1,891	28		-9		19	1,910
45	U.S. private assets:	3.524.602	477 000	405 007	440 404	07.000	400,000	4 000 000
15 16	With direct investment at current cost (lines 17+19+22+23)	4,104,732	477,666 477,666	195,897 436,807	-149,191 -217,941	-27,982 -10,464	496,390 686,068	4,020,992 4,790,800
	Direct investment abroad:		,	,	,.			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
17	At current cost	936,954	121,843	9,325	-28,998	-15,252	86,918	1,023,872
18	At market value		121,843	250,235	-97,748	2,266	276,596	1,793,680
19 20	Foreign securities	1,280,159 403,373	87,981 46,723	186,572 8,671	-108,411 -13,718		166,142 41,676	1,446,301 445,049
21	Corporate stocks	876,786	41,258	177,901	-94,693		124,466	1,001,252
22	U.S. claims on unaffiliated foreigners reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns	449,978	120,403		-7,724	-261	112,418	562,396
23	U.S. claims reported by U.S. banks, not included elsewhere	857,511	147,439		-4,058	-12,469	130,912	988,423
	Foreign assets in the United States:	{						
24	With direct investment at current cost (lines 26+33)	4,534,094	733,441	226,804	-27,627	5,833	926,785	5,460,879
25	With direct investment at market value (lines 26+34)	5,090,804	733,441	532,139	26,297	-513	1,238,770	6,329,574
26 27 28	Foreign official assets in the United States	801,062 612,656	15,817 -2,936	16,968			32,839	833,901 614,390
28	U.S. Government securities	592,891	-7,270				1,734 -3,041	589,850
29 30	Other	19 765	4,334	441			4,775	24,540
30	Other U.S. Government liabilities? U.S. liabilities reported by U.S. banks, not included elsewhere	23,099 113,098	-2,521 21,928				-2,522 21,928	20,577 135,026
32	Other foreign official assets	52,209	-654	12,353			11,699	63,908
	Other foreign assets:			1	ł		ĺ	
33 34	With direct investment at current cost (lines 35+37+38+39+42+43)	3,733,032	717,624	209,836	-27,627	-5,887	893,946	4,626,978
34	With direct investment at market value (lines 36+37+38+39+42+43)	4,289,742	717,624	515,171	-26,297	-567	1,205,931	5,495,673
25	Direct investment in the United States:	666,962	93,449	-2,680	-1,330	-4,556	84 883	751 0 <i>15</i>
35 36 37 38 39 40	At current cost	1,223,672	93,449	302,655	-1,000	764	84,883 396,868	751,845 1,620,540
37	U.S. Treasury securities	504,792 186,843	146,710	10,459			157,169	661,961
39	U.S. securities other than U.S. Treasury securities	1,199,460	24,782 196,845	202,057	-20,378		24,782 378,524	211,625 1,577,984
40	Corporate and other bonds	588,043	130,879	19,532	-20,378		130,033	718,076
41 42	U.S. liabilities to unaffiliated foreigners reported by U.S. nonbanking	611,417	65,966	182,525			248,491	859,908
	concerns	346,727	107,779		380	-1,331	106,828	453,555
43	U.S. liabilities reported by U.S. banks, not included elsewhere	828,248	148,059		-6,299		141,760	970,008
# Drail	iminary	E Alea inch	dee sold in ear	nital subscriptio	na ta internat	ional financial	inclitutions on	

<sup>P Preliminary.
Revised.
Represents gains or losses on foreign-currency-denominated assets due to their revaluation at current exchange rates.
Includes changes in coverage, statistical discrepancies, and other adjustments to the value of assets.
Reflects changes in the value of the official gold stock due to fluctuations in the market price of gold.
Reflects changes in gold stock from U.S. Treasury sales of gold medallions and commemorative and buillion coins; also reflects replenishment through open market purchases. These demonetizations/monetizations are not included in international transactions capital flows.</sup>

^{5.} Also includes paid-in capital subscriptions to international financial institutions and outstanding amounts of miscellaneous claims that have been settled through international agreements to be payable to the U.S. Government over periods in excess of 1 year. Excludes World War I debts that are not being serviced.

6. Includes indebtedness that the borrower may contractually, or at its option, repay with its currency, with a third country's currency, or by delivery of materials or transfer of services.

7. Primarily U.S. Government liabilities associated with military sales contracts and other transactions arranged with or through foreign official agencies.

NOTE.—The data in this table are from table 1 in "International Investment Position of the United States in 1997" in the July 1998 issue of the SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS.

Table G.2.—U.S. Direct Investment Abroad: Selected Items, by Country and by Industry of Foreign Affiliate, 1995–97
[Millions of dollars]

		estment pos orical-cost ba		Capital	outflows (infl	ows (-))		Income	
	1995	1996	1997	1995	1996	1997	1995	1996	1997
All countries, all industries	699,015	777,203	860,723	92,074	74,833	114,537	87,346	92,105	100,703
By country									
Canada	83,498	91,301	99,859	8,602	7,260	10,734	8,799	9,024	10,692
Europe	344,596	382,366	420,934	52,275	35,992	60,558	40,853	43,179	47,869
France Germany Netherlands United Kingdom	33,358 44,242 42,113 106,332	33,746 44,651 54,437 122,692	34,615 43,931 64,648 138,765	5,196 3,349 9,386 13,830	4,750 1,467 6,914 12,080	3,166 3,002 14,329 22,435	2,707 4,215 7,456 10,921	3,389 3,842 8,667 12,016	2,637 4,117 10,240 12,898
Latin America and Other Western Hemisphere	131,377	147,535	172,481	16,040	16,081	23,784	16,210	17,810	19,992
Of which: Brazil	25,002 16,873	28,699 19,900	35,727 25,395	6,954 2,983	3,812 2,713	6,545 5,933	3,759 1,585	4,104 2,862	4,551 3,969
Africa	6,017	6,832	10,253	352	739	3,790	1,797	1,797	1,887
Middle East	7,198	7,793	8,959	879	538	1,111	1,373	1,411	1,562
Asia and Pacific	122,711	136,481	142,704	14,342	12,190	13,815	18,146	18,562	18,325
Australia Japan	24,328 37,309	28,409 35,684	26,125 35,569	5,537 2,336	3,071 -326	1,101 781	2,769 4,091	2,846 3,414	3,288 3,198
International	3,618	4,896	5,533	-416	2,034	746	167	322	376
By industry									ı
Petroleum	68,639	74,499	85,726	675	5,058	11,455	9,036	11,692	12,114
Manufacturing Food and kindred products Chemicals and allied products Primary and fabricated metals Industrial machinery and equipment Electronic and other electric equipment Transportation equipment Other manufacturing	243,954 28,896 61,374 11,555 29,626 27,514 34,076 50,913	272,244 32,998 72,209 14,178 31,597 31,623 33,839 55,801	288,290 38,380 73,487 14,732 33,563 33,833 36,439 57,855	44,472 3,718 16,924 1,570 4,408 7,060 5,888 4,903	25,149 2,700 5,657 5,283 2,565 3,883 561 4,500	32,280 6,325 8,026 1,054 4,529 3,930 3,846 4,570	34,325 4,480 8,614 1,380 4,251 4,466 3,709 7,425	34,365 4,826 9,525 1,353 4,555 4,217 3,182 6,707	37,532 5,116 9,415 1,535 5,083 4,861 4,842 6,679
Wholesale trade	68,102	69,638	69,080	8,880	5,701	3,403	9,118	8,488	9,041
Depository institutions	29,181	33,673	34,359	1,032	1,488	2,935	3,242	3,083	2,953
Finance (except depository institutions), insurance, and real estate	218,313	240,972	280,920	22,001	23,035	45,410	24,589	27,817	29,815
Services	29,721	35,793	40,874	4,014	3,343	5,464	4,136	3,588	5,258
Other industries	41,105	50,384	61,475	11,000	11,061	13,591	2,902	3,072	3,991

NOTE.—In this table, unlike in the international transactions accounts, income and capital outflows are shown without a current-cost adjustment, and income is shown net of withholding taxes. In addition, unlike in the international investment position, the direct investment position is valued at historical cost.

The data in this table are from tables 17 and 18 in "U.S. Direct Investment Abroad: Detail for Historical-Cost Position and Related Capital and Income Flows, 1997" in the October 1998 issue of the Survey OF CURRENT BUSINESS.

Table G.3.—Selected Financial and Operating Data for Nonbank Foreign Affiliates of U.S. Companies, by Country and by Industry of Affiliate, 1996

	Number of		Millions of dollars		Thousands of
	affiliates	Total assets	Sales	Net income	employees
All countries, all Industries	21,901	3,075,516	2,227,014	135,108	7,616.5
By country				}	
Canada	2,027	276,622	253,783	10,866	921.8
Europe	10,745	1,751,550	1,178,077	68,478	3,194.2
Of which: France	1,257	141,315	134.816	4.549	451.5
Germany	1,374	222,802	244,658	7,766	607.9
Italy	761	60,524	72,170	2,049	186.1
Netherlands	1,051	161,889	122,760	13,823	160.8
Switzerland	520	81,964	61,964	7,336	52.4
United Kingdom	2,447	813,742	310,685	14,998	976.4
Latin America and Other Western Hemisphere	3,366	370,529	223,869	24,112	1,529.2
Brazil	417	60,037	56,026	4,101	318.2
Mexico	847	67,437	71,739	7,021	733.9
Africa	522	28,979	23,170	2,475	122.0
Middle East	346	34,991	23,667	3,309	79.1
Asia and Pacific	4,791	592,420	517,020	24,869	1,756.9
Of which:	070	04.457	70.000	0.000	075.4
Australia	878	94,457	70,036	3,322	275.1
Japan	1,005	248,312	204,364	5,684	405.4
International	104	20,424	7,427	999	13.2
By industry					
Petroleum	1,575	295,592	380,364	18,166	236.0
Manufacturing	8,162	846,555	1,041,357	54,026	4,477.9
Food and kindred products	778	111,189	121,167	6.973	557.1
Chemicals and allied products	1.990	204,573	199.326	16,417	611.1
Primary and fabricated metals	733	42,238	43,005	1,594	244.7
Industrial machinery and equipment	1,012	110,215	167,313	6.782	527.2
Electronic and other electric equipment	859	77,154	99,884	5.841	838.5
Transportation equipment	526	133,225	233,763	4,970	707.5
Other manufacturing	2,264	167,960	176,900	11,449	991.9
Wholesale trade	4,976	210,485	393,052	14,229	563.3
Finance (except depository institutions), insurance, and real estate	2,940	1,333,484	117,435	35,223	196.2
Services	2,676	131,702	115,569	4,950	829.1
Other industries	1,572	257,698	179,235	8,514	1,314,0

NOTE.—The data in this table are from "U.S. Multinational Companies: Operations in 1996" in the September 1998 issue of the SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS.

Table G.4.—Foreign Direct Investment in the United States: Selected Items, by Country of Foreign Parent and by Industry of Affiliate, 1995–97

[Millions of dollars]

		estment pos		Capital i	inflows (outfl	ows (-))	T	Income	·
	1995	orical-cost b 1996	asis 1997	1995	1996	1997	1995	1996	1997
All countries, all industries	535,553	594,088	681,651	58,772	76,453	90,748	30,931	31,970	42,502
By country									
Canada	45,618	54,799	64,022	4,824	8,235	9,411	3,658	3,295	3,215
Europe	332,374	368,322	425,220	39,686	51,672	60,021	21,745	24,759	31,245
France	36,167 46,017 65,116 116,272	41,132 59,863 74,320 121,288	47,088 69,701 84,862 129,551	2,725 7,908 -1,526 16,255	5,983 18,995 11,487 11,000	8,728 10,712 10,274 8,582	1,729 1,642 5,003 10,630	2,570 2,283 6,592 9,593	3,037 3,003 7,175 11,700
Latin America and Other Western Hemisphere	27,873	29,180	35,701	2,886	3,266	5,921	1,206	1,566	2,003
Of which: Brazil Mexico	750 1,850	689 1,436	698 1,723	116 263	-60 38	48 145	91 23	48 28	44 180
Africa	1,113	645	1,608	-117	-460	942	31	-118	-105
Middle East	5,801	5,977	6,882	-360	538	866	140	166	607
Asia and Pacific	122,774	135,166	148,218	11,854	13,202	13,587	4,152	2,303	5,537
Of which: Australia Japan	10,356 104,997	13,877 114,534	16,229 123,514	2,003 8,118	3,739 10,214	2,557 9,430	435 3,611	362 3,159	6,363
By industry									
Petroleum	34,907	43,770	47,679	3,863	8,842	4,462	3,274	4,369	4,721
Manufacturing Food and kindred products Chemicals and allied products Primary and fabricated metals Machinery Other manufacturing	214,504 27,032 72,125 14,193 37,098 64,056	242,320 27,897 76,708 17,364 39,114 81,238	267,070 27,473 88,767 20,454 46,027 84,349	28,739 5,652 11,771 403 3,516 7,398	34,500 1,829 6,692 4,968 2,429 18,583	36,228 -133 14,494 2,235 7,400 12,233	15,431 1,736 5,806 1,245 2,209 4,435	16,220 1,983 5,159 1,046 1,207 6,824	19,172 1,838 6,125 1,487 2,836 6,886
Wholesale trade	66,871	75,115	87,564	6,556	8,247	11,275	3,847	2,448	3,617
Retail trade	12,533	13,733	16,093	1,336	2,506	1,320	538	513	669
Depository institutions	33,883	32,161	37,099	6,879	555	5,840	4,578	2,883	3,489
Finance, except depository institutions	34,803	37,658	42,526	4,009	4,443	5,078	472	1,182	2,108
Insurance	50,647	54,715	69,092	3,807	7,409	11,090	1,837	2,794	5,050
Real estate	30,170	33,179	34,118	-639	541	658	-609	69	511
Services	32,058	32,358	45,604	1,551	3,838	7,164	-132	404	974
Other industries	25,176	29,080	34,806	2,672	5,572	7,632	1,695	1,225	2,191

Note.—In this table, unlike in the international transactions accounts, income and capital inflows are shown without a current-cost adjustment, and income is shown net of withholding taxes. In addition, unlike in the international investment position, the direct investment position is valued at historical cost.

The data in this table are from tables 16 and 17 in "Foreign Direct Investment in the United States: Detail for Historical-Cost Position and Related Capital and Income Flows, 1997" in the September 1998 issue of the Survey of Current Business.

Table G.5.—Selected Financial and Operating Data of Nonbank U.S. Affiliates of Foreign Companies, by Country of Ultimate Beneficial Owner and by Industry of Affiliate, 1996

			Millions	of dollars			Millions	of dollars
	Number of affiliates	Total assets	Sales	Net income	Gross product	Thousands of employees	U.S. exports of goods shipped by affiliates	U.S. imports of goods shipped to affiliates
All countries, all industries	12,626	2,613,985	1,596,022	21,110	339,485	4,977.5	136,588	252,990
By country								
Canada	1,289	263,862	121,650	5,035	30,026	618.6	5,658	14,123
Europe	5,411	1,507,678	881,931	15,885	218,174	3,103.9	63,104	86,533
France Germany Netherlands Switzerland United Kingdom	667 1,328 397 623 1,203	274,775 249,891 180,292 275,890 413,966	127,434 168,151 111,395 96,026 277,026	3,120 3,096 2,785 310 5,890	32,584 40,467 29,299 19,461 73,960	411.8 610.2 378.8 306.2 972.6	18,386 13,493 4,468 6,457 12,354	12,888 28,304 8,969 7,550 13,267
Latin America and Other Western Hemisphere	1,088	57,482	53,767	147	12,699	155.4	5,725	10,621
Of which: Brazil Mexico	78 275	10,652 8,454	4,462 7,982	160 -643	283 1,439	4.5 35.8	1,192 688	1,241 2,248
Africa	74	11,708	10,605	733	2,555	22.7	522	560
Middle East	430	26,501	21,024	-258	5,292	61.8	607	5,481
Asia and Pacific	4,249	635,683	487,580	-3,370	65,469	972.9	60,077	134,416
Of which: Australia Japan	171 3,240	44,617 549,408	23,013 418,320	243 2,271	5,539 54,560	77.4 776.4	1,268 52,555	1,375 117,433
United States	85	111,071	19,466	2,938	5,270	42.2	894	1,255
By industry								
Petroleum	236	114,735	152,832	5,586	32,733	111.8	9,984	21,080
Manufacturing Food and kindred products Chemicals and allied products Primary and fabricated metals Machinery Other manufacturing	2,950 257 338 407 736 1,212	578,886 58,624 180,996 60,804 95,234 183,228	552,023 49,562 134,451 62,902 124,066 181,042	7,153 3,591 549 1,010 -737 2,738	156,354 11,783 42,095 16,079 31,863 54,534	2,213.6 205.4 409.8 233.3 536.8 828.4	58,821 2,848 15,656 4,066 20,575 15,677	78,531 3,379 14,254 7,390 28,733 24,776
Wholesale trade	2,230	233,829	466,700	2,839	41,973	488.6	62,792	147,958
Retail trade	352	50,063	94,028	377	24,544	821.0	1,507	3,408
Finance, except depository institutions	907	705,181	58,230	64	6,001	49.3	15	21
Insurance	161	575,947	89,625	5,306	10,658	152.0	0	0
Real estate	3,507	100,549	13,903	-1,718	4,984	27.1	7	1
Services	1,283	105,297	56,247	-3,402	21,840	633.8	738	1,173
Other industries	1,000	149,497	112,434	4,907	40,398	480.3	2,725	818

^D Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.

NOTE.—The data in this table are from "Foreign Direct Investment in the United States: New Investment in 1997 and Affiliate Operations in 1996" in the June 1998 issue of the SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS.

H. International Perspectives

Quarterly data in this table are shown in the middle month of the quarter.

Table H.1.—International Perspectives

-				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	19	97						199	98			
	1996	1997	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
						Exchanç	ge rates p	er U.S. do	lar (not se	asonally a	djusted)					
Canada (Can.\$/US\$) France (FFr/US\$) Germany (DM/US\$) Italy (L/US¢) Japan (¥/US¢) Mexico (Peso/US\$) United Kingdom (US\$/£)	1.3638 5.1158 1.5049 15.4276 1.0878 7.6004 1.5607	1.3849 5.8393 1.7348 17.0381 1.2106 7.9177 1.6376	1.3775 6.0511 1.7939 17.4591 1.1538 7.8679 1.6694	1.3872 6.2010 1.8400 17.9712 1.1793 7.7818 1.6035	1.3872 6.0031 1.7862 17.4322 1.2089 7.7809 1.6013	1.3869 5.8954 1.7575 17.2109 1.2106 7.8708 1.6330	1.4128 5.8001 1.7323 16.9708 1.2538 8.2716 1.6889	1.4271 5.9542 1.7788 17.4386 1.2973 8.1271 1.6597	1.4409 6.0832 1.8165 17.8787 1.2955 8.2272 1.6350	1.4334 6.0744 1.8123 17.8828 1.2585 8.5021 1.6408	1.4166 6.1257 1.8272 17.9907 1.2908 8.5681 1.6619	1.4298 6.0782 1.8132 17.9124 1.3175 8.5017 1.6723	1.4452 5.9528 1.7753 17.5079 1.3490 8.5848 1.6382	1.4655 6.0118 1.7928 17.6632 1.4033 8.9200 1.6504	1.4869 6.0280 1.7976 17.7242 1.4079 8.8990 1.6437	1.5346 5.9912 1.7869 17.6301 1.4468 9.3712 1.6342
Addendum: Exchange value of the U.S. dollar ¹	87.34	96.38	97.48	99.96	98.29	97.07	96.37	98.82	100.52	99.93	100.47	100.30	99.61	100.90	101.38	101.80
						Unen	nployment	rates (per	cent, sease	onally adju	isted)		,			
Canada France Germany Italy	9.7 12.3 10.4 12.1 3.4	9.2 12.5 11.5 12.3 3.4	9.0 12.6 11.6 	9.0 12.5 11.7 12.1 3.4	9.0 12.5 11.7 	9.1 12.5 11.8 	9.0 12.4 11.8 12.2 3.5	8.6 12.3 11.8	8.9 12.2 11.5	8.6 12.1 11.5 12.0 3.6	8.5 12.0 11.5 	8.4 11.9 11.3 4.1	8.4 11.9 11.2 12.4 4.1	8.4 11.8 11.0	8.4 11.8 10.9	8.3 11.8 10.9
Mexico United Kingdom	5.5 7.3	3.7 5.5	3.8 5.4	3.5 5.3	3.3 5.2	3.3 5.1	3.4 5.0	3.4 4.9	3.5 4.9	3.5 4.8	3.4 4.8	3.3 4.8	3.2 4.8	3.3 4.8	3.0 4.7	4.6
Addendum: United States	5.4	5.4 4.9 4.9 4.9 4.9 4.8 4.6 4.7 4.7 4.6 4.7 4.3 4.3 4.5													4.5	4.5
						Cons	umer pric	es (seasor	ally adjust	ed, 1990=	100)					
Canada France Germany (1991=100) Italy Japan Mexico United Kingdom	113.5 113.8 116.5 133.2 107.1 301.7 121.1	115.3 115.2 118.6 136.0 109.0 364.0 124.9	115.5 115.0 119.2 136.0 109.3 365.3 124.9	115.7 115.3 119.3 136.1 109.5 368.6 125.7	115.6 115.5 119.0 136.2 109.7 373.2 126.3	115.7 115.5 118.9 136.6 109.9 376.2 126.5	115.5 115.7 118.9 137.1 109.7 380.4 126.5	115.4 115.7 119.1 137.1 109.6 385.7 126.9	116.0 115.3 119.1 137.5 109.6 394.1 126.5	116.1 115.7 119.4 137.9 109.7 401.0 127.1	116.2 115.9 119.2 138.3 109.9 405.7 127.5	116.1 116.2 119.5 138.4 109.6 409.5 128.9	116.5 116.3 119.9 138.6 109.6 412.7 129.6	116.7 116.4 120.0 138.8 109.5 417.6 129.6	116.7 115.9 120.3 138.8 109.2 421.7 129.2	116.7 116.1 120.2 138.9 109.1 425.6 129.8
Addendum: United States	120.0	122.9	122.9	123.1	123.5	123.7	123.8	123.9	123.9	124.0	124.0	124.3	124.7	124.8	125.0	125.2
			Re	al gross c	lomestic p	roduct (per	cent chan	ge from pr	eceding qu	uarter, sea	sonally ad	justed at a	nnual rate	s)		
Canada France Germany Italy Japan Mexico United Kingdom	1.2 1.5 1.3 .7 3.9 5.2 2.6	3.7 2.3 2.3 1.5 .9 7.0 3.5		4.3 3.8 2.3 2.3 3.2 4.9 4.0			2.8 3.1 1.2 1.1 -1.5 -1.7 2.9			3.4 2.5 5.9 6 -5.2 6.2 3.1			1.8 2.8 .4 2.0 -3.3 7.8 1.9			
Addendum: United States	3.4	3.9		4.2			3.0		<u></u>	5.5			1.8			3.3

See footnotes at the end of the table.

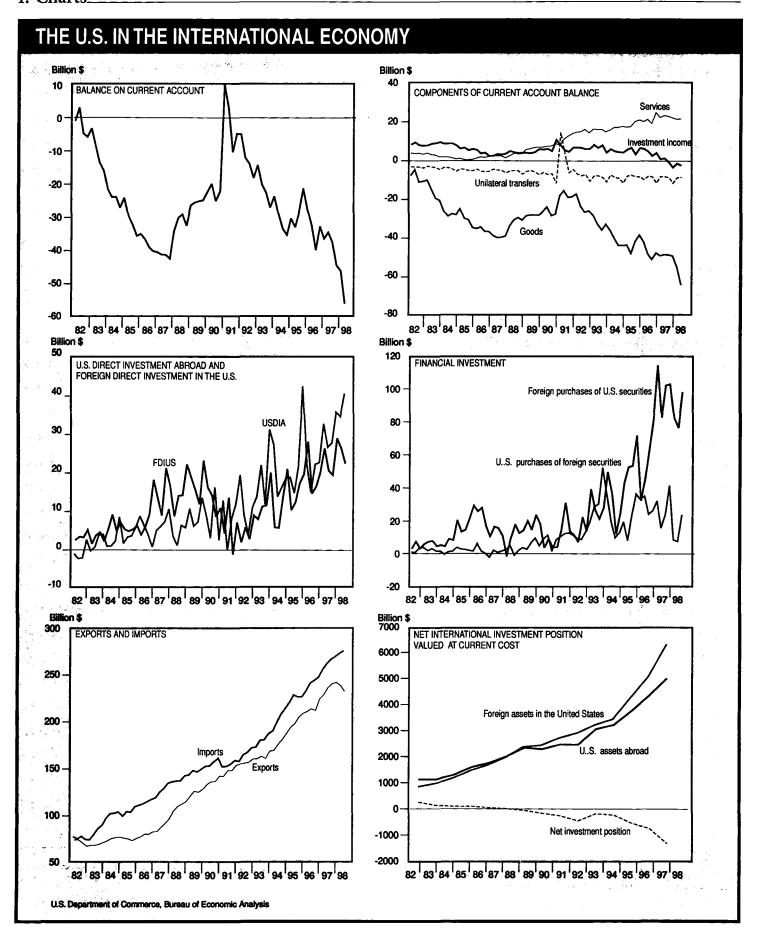
Table H.1.—International Perspectives—Continued

	1996	1997			19	97						19	98			
	1330	1997	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
					Short-te	erm, 3-mo	onth, inter	est rates	(percent,	not seas	sonally a	djusted)				
Canada France Germany Italy Japan Mexico United Kingdom	4.43 3.94 3.31 8.82 .59 32.91 6.02	3.53 3.46 3.33 6.88 .60 21.26 6.83	3.51 3.39 3.14 6.89 .67 19.40 6.95	3.63 3.43 3.26 6.87 .59 20.15 7.15	3.60 3.41 3.31 6.67 .56 20.51 7.20	3.76 3.59 3.58 6.65 .53 19.91 7.25	3.99 3.69 3.74 6.49 .55 22.01 7.54	4.58 3.69 3.74 6.08 .89 19.88 7.62	4.62 3.62 3.57 6.09 .95 19.37 7.48	4.96 3.57 3.51 6.13 1.10 19.63 7.45	4.85 3.57 3.52 5.62 .81 20.76 7.48	4.88 3.63 3.63 5.23 .70 19.47 7.44	5.00 3.61 3.63 5.11 .59 18.85 7.41	5.00 3.57 3.56 5.12 .58 20.99 7.62	5.02 3.56 3.54 4.88 .74 21.82 7.70	
Addendum: United States	5.02	5.07	5.07	5.13	4.97	4.95	5.15	5.16	5.09	5.11	5.03	5.00	5.03	4.99	4.96	4.94
				Long-	term inter	est rates	, governn	nent bond	i yields (į	percent, r	not seaso	nally adju	usted)			
Canada France Germany Italy Japan Mexico United Kingdom	7.54 6.51 6.20 9.40 3.10 	6.47 5.67 5.70 6.86 2.37	6.30 5.50 5.60 6.52 2.51	6.30 5.65 5.70 6.66 2.35 7.08	6.19 5.55 5.60 6.36 2.21	5.94 5.80 5.60 6.20 1.99	5.76 5.66 5.60 6.13 1.94	5.85 5.45 5.30 5.74 1.94	5.58 5.26 5.10 5.43 1.95	5.60 5.11 5.00 5.38 2.00	5.64 5.04 4.90 5.20 1.86	5.50 5.12 4.90 5.15 1.87	5.52 5.05 5.00 5.21 1.66	5.45 4.95 4.80 5.08 1.54 	5.46 4.91 4.70 4.97 1.68	5.65 4.61 4.40 4.79 1.10
Addendum: United States	6.44	6.35	6.22	6.30	6.21	6.03	5.88	5.81	5.54	5.57	5.65	5.64	5.65	5.50	5.46	5.34
					S	hare pric	e indices	(not sea	sonally a	fjusted, 1	990=100)				
Canada France Germany Italy Japan Mexico United Kingdom	154 118 116 96 74 555 167	189 152 158 131 64 779 189	201 161 175 138 70 889 190	193 161 176 139 68 815 194	206 160 170 145 65 933 198	200 159 171 149 62 815 203	190 151 161 145 57 873 194	196 157 171 154 55 917 200	196 163 177 175 56 801 205	207 175 188 189 58 839 216	221 195 201 214 58 880 226	224 208 214 238 56 894 232	222 216 219 232 56 795 237	215 223 227 225 55 751 236	203 228 237 239 58 745 238	162 211 215 224 54
Addendum: United States	195	249	262	262	267	272	268	275	275	290	306	315	313	311	320	294

^{1.} Index of weighted average exchange value of U.S. dollar against currencies of other G-10 countries. March 1973-100. Weights are 1972-76 global trade of each of the 10 countries. Series revised as of August 1978. For description and back data, see: "Index of the weighted-average exchange value of the U.S. dollar: Revision" on page 700 of the August 1978 Federal Reserve Bulletin.

NOTE.—All exchange rates are from the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. U.S. interest rates, unemployment rates, and GDP growth rates are from the Federal Reserve, the Bureau of Labor Statistics, and BEA, respectively. All other data (including U.S. consumer prices and U.S. share prices, both of which have been rebased to 1990 to facilitate comparison) are © OECD, October 1998, OECD Main Economic Indicators and are reproduced with permission of the OECD.

I. Charts.



Regional Data

J. State and Regional Tables

The tables in this section include the most recent estimates of State personal income and gross state product. The sources of these estimates are noted.

The quarterly and annual State personal income estimates and the gross state product estimates are available on diskettes or CD-ROM. For information on personal income, E-mail reis.remd@bea.doc.gov; write to the Regional Economic Information System, BE-55, Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, DC 20230; or call 202-606-5360. For information on gross state product, E-mail gspread@bea.doc.gov; write to the Regional Economic Analysis Division, BE-61, Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, DC 20230; or call 202-606-5340.

Table J.1.—Quarterly Personal Income for States and Regions [Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

		15	995		<u> </u>	19	996		Γ	19	997		19	998		Percent	change	
Area name		II	,,,,	IV	1	ji	HI	IV	ı	it	111	١٧	1	11	1997:II- 1997:III	1997:III- 1997:IV	1997:IV- 1998:I	1998:I- 1998:II
United States	5,967,461	6,018,892	6,082,265	6,171,934	6,269,149	6,373,076	6,459,289	6,534,446	6,652,349	6,729,607	6,807,743	6,893,137	6,992,622	7,070,608	1.2	1.3	1,4	1,1
New England Connecticut Maine Massachusetts New Hampshire Rhode Island Vermont	357,442 103,187 24,297 166,446 28,365 22,905 12,243	361,896 103,982 24,588 168,846 29,039 23,166 12,275	366,184 105,285 24,670 171,309 29,136 23,380 12,404	371,417 106,653 25,027 173,963 29,665 23,517 12,591	375,401 108,076 25,357 175,454 30,109 23,602 12,801	381,684 109,850 25,742 178,711 30,502 23,935 12,945	386,940 111,408 26,130 181,154 30,954 24,168 13,126	392,636 112,865 26,516 184,185 31,373 24,530 13,167	400,057 115,568 26,860 187,604 31,770 24,886 13,368	404,197 116,716 27,117 189,401 32,264 25,235 13,465	408,687 117,801 27,250 191,843 32,863 25,404 13,527	416,018 120,173 27,718 194,783 33,536 25,939 13,869	418,025 121,364 27,662 195,514 33,508 26,047 13,931	422,811 122,398 27,944 198,083 33,904 26,334 14,148	1.1 .9 .5 1.3 1.9 .7	1.8 2.0 1.7 1.5 2.1 2.1 2.5	.5 1.0 -2 .4 1 .4	1.1 .9 1.0 1.3 1.2 1.1
Mideast Delaware District of Columbia Maryland New Jersey New York Pennsylvania	1,168,773 18,040 17,685 129,789 232,328 494,307 276,624	1,177,598 18,228 17,769 130,755 234,314 497,847 278,684	1,186,970 18,399 17,776 131,621 236,056 502,044 281,073	1,200,728 18,809 17,900 132,996 238,649 507,533 284,840	1,221,822 19,188 18,114 135,367 242,577 517,969 288,607	1,240,073 19,557 18,041 137,271 246,138 525,046 294,019	1,252,618 19,894 18,304 139,168 248,770 528,586 297,896	1,268,123 20,338 18,516 140,885 251,583 535,929 300,872	1,286,623 20,461 18,518 143,530 256,574 543,202 304,338	1,294,001 20,535 18,556 145,008 257,195 545,785 306,921	1,307,359 20,984 18,785 146,626 260,425 551,121 309,418	1,325,111 21,253 18,810 149,076 264,072 558,018 313,883	1,338,687 21,571 19,109 150,167 269,107 562,848 315,885	1,349,940 21,849 19,174 151,267 270,398 569,104 318,147	1.0 2.2 1.2 1.1 1.3 1.0	1.4 1.3 .1 1.7 1.4 1.3 1.4	1.0 1.5 1.6 .7 1.9 .9	.8 1.3 .3 .7 .5 1.1
Great Lakes Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin	998,966 294,780 123,304 225,155 244,240 111,487	1,002,627 296,221 123,464 224,581 246,168 112,191	1,010,742 298,855 124,202 226,291 248,230 113,164	1,024,339 303,621 125,446 229,018 251,428 114,825	1,033,924 308,925 126,961 229,192 252,533 116,312	1,050,139 313,159 129,059 233,247 256,422 118,252	1,063,992 317,533 130,819 235,191 260,150 120,299	1,072,260 320,850 131,890 236,881 261,335 121,304	1,089,826 325,755 133,922 240,721 266,513 122,915	1,102,775 330,778 135,332 242,939 269,357 124,369	1,112,544 333,773 136,081 245,346 271,661 125,683	1,128,280 338,659 138,446 248,308 275,434 127,433	1,144,562 342,221 140,370 255,184 278,952 127,836	1,155,371 346,643 141,699 256,771 281,005 129,254	.9 .6 1.0 .9	1.4 1.5 1.7 1.2 1.4 1.4	1.4 1.1 1.4 2.8 1.3	.9 1.3 .9 .6 .7 1.1
Plains lowa Kansas Minnesota Missouri Nebraska North Dakota South Dakota South Dakota	392,184 57,353 54,620 107,683 113,349 33,965 11,574 13,639	395,297 57,628 54,976 108,739 114,487 34,086 11,702 13,680	399,104 58,241 55,579 109,627 115,559 34,599 11,681 13,818	405,533 59,271 56,296 111,755 116,874 35,307 11,955 14,077	416,904 61,593 57,616 114,644 118,805 36,779 12,728 14,740	424,059 62,644 58,354 116,850 120,589 37,550 12,985 15,087	430,228 63,596 59,244 118,705 122,100 37,990 13,286 15,308	434,037 63,687 59,959 119,487 123,703 38,644 13,204 15,354	439,487 65,011 60,909 120,635 126,407 38,546 12,720 15,260	445,613 65,973 62,031 122,568 127,403 39,103 12,901 15,634	450,253 66,344 62,753 124,079 128,724 39,473 13,050 15,828	454,888 67,110 63,555 125,545 130,068 39,656 13,146 15,808	460,552 67,337 64,241 128,182 131,630 39,887 13,256 16,020	465,711 68,045 64,881 129,837 133,230 40,284 13,355 16,080	1.0 .6 1.2 1.0 .9 1.2 1.2	1.0 1.2 1.3 1.2 1.0 5 .7 1	1.2 .3 1.1 2.1 1.2 .6 .8 1.3	1.1 1.0 1.3 1.2 1.0 .7
Southeast Alabama Arkansas Florida Georgia Kentucky Louisiana Mississipol North Carolina South Carolina Tennessee Virginia West Virginia	1,300,230 80,324 43,776 315,990 152,731 70,812 80,091 43,939 148,051 68,339 108,673 155,952 31,492	1,311,781 80,839 44,114 318,709 154,021 71,358 80,884 44,227 149,658 69,021 109,794 157,517 31,639	1,326,883 81,688 44,547 322,644 156,577 71,860 82,317 44,788 150,975 69,709 110,972 159,004 31,803	1,350,262 82,531 45,539 328,319 160,632 73,014 82,701 45,538 154,837 70,904 112,809 161,233 32,206	1,367,913 83,276 45,853 335,661 162,790 73,702 83,507 46,178 156,392 71,575 113,205 163,260 32,515	1,394,180 84,773 47,100 341,387 167,154 75,097 84,830 47,045 160,437 72,985 115,098 165,494 32,781	1,415,301 85,991 47,670 346,580 170,174 76,466 85,778 47,678 162,905 74,191 116,739 167,897 33,233	1,429,538 86,601 47,867 350,981 171,867 77,071 86,350 47,790 165,042 74,876 117,933 169,745 33,414	1,458,543 88,320 48,605 357,042 176,047 79,137 87,634 48,574 169,423 76,339 120,220 173,447 33,696	1,473,455 88,980 49,280 361,288 177,801 88,603 49,183 171,247 77,101 121,295 174,637 33,926	1,489,403 89,630 49,646 365,944 179,814 80,926 89,315 49,548 172,550 78,017 122,656 177,257 34,099	1,507,310 90,682 50,281 369,115 181,816 81,836 90,825 50,240 175,072 79,083 124,373 179,640 34,346	1,524,915 91,485 50,780 372,556 185,692 82,772 91,797 50,902 177,401 79,116 125,169 182,660 34,585	1,542,120 92,357 51,185 377,843 188,259 83,591 92,557 51,405 179,056 80,442 126,106 184,459 34,861	1.1 .7 .7 1.3 1.1 1.0 .8 .7 .8 1.2 1.1 1.5	1.2 1.3 .9 1.1 1.7 1.4 1.5 1.4 1.3	1.2 .9 1.0 .9 2.1 1.1 1.3 1.3 0 .6 1.7	1.1 1.0 .8 1.4 1.4 1.0 .8 1.0 .9 1.7 7.7 1.0
Southwest	563,435 84,131 29,882 59,845 389,576	571,717 85,251 30,109 60,369 395,988	579,757 87,244 30,525 60,839 401,149	590,088 89,193 30,916 61,820 408,160	600,186 91,126 31,338 62,584 415,138	610,071 92,654 31,706 63,506 422,205	619,471 94,329 32,014 64,167 428,961	628,078 95,380 32,251 64,978 435,469	644,274 97,701 32,771 66,605 447,197	655,280 99,266 33,242 67,061 455,712	666,804 100,940 33,449 67,492 464,924	674,515 102,821 33,724 67,052 470,919	690,059 104,457 34,018 68,288 483,296	699,771 106,370 34,353 68,978 490,069	1.8 1.7 .6 .6 2.0	1.2 1.9 .8 7 1.3	2.3 1.6 .9 1.8 2.6	1.4 1.8 1.0 1.0 1.4
Rocky Mountain Colorado Idaho Montana Utah Wyoming	171,069 88,965 21,642 15,723 34,955 9,783	172,633 89,774 21,810 15,795 35,386 9,868	175,474 91,545 22,083 15,959 35,965 9,922	179,473 93,252 22,750 16,148 37,283 10,039	182,156 95,225 22,926 16,252 37,632 10,121	185,753 97,008 23,428 16,473 38,577 10,268	188,626 98,654 23,612 16,665 39,266 10,429	191,109 100,169 23,753 16,837 39,825 10,525	195,137 102,352 24,225 17,042 40,785 10,734	198,256 104,256 24,563 17,226 41,423 10,787	201,525 106,213 24,905 17,392 42,109 10,905	203,850 107,813 25,029 17,603 42,440 10,965	207,808 110,448 25,469 17,784 43,026 11,081	210,786 112,098 25,847 17,941 43,715 11,183	1.6 1.9 1.4 1.0 1.7	1.2 1.5 5 1.2 8 5	1.9 2.4 1.8 1.0 1.4	1.4 1.5 1.5 .9 1.6
Far West Alaska California Hawaii Nevada Oregon Washington	1,015,361 14,417 743,198 29,134 36,373 66,186 126,054	1,025,344 14,358 749,955 29,360 36,955 67,026 127,690	1,037,152 14,418 757,627 29,342 37,922 68,237 129,605	1,050,092 14,482 766,298 29,495 38,798 69,837 131,182	1,070,844 14,627 781,805 29,570 39,971 70,917 133,954	1,087,117 14,631 793,055 29,642 40,990 72,387 136,412	1,102,112 14,751 802,404 29,756 41,977 73,855 139,368	1,118,664 14,837 814,814 29,824 42,754 75,017 141,418	1,138,403 14,986 828,319 30,162 43,660 76,524 144,753	1,156,030 15,229 841,373 30,390 44,297 77,276 147,465	1,171,168 15,230 853,328 30,704 44,670 78,275 148,960	1,183,167 15,352 861,047 30,659 45,470 79,090 151,549	1,208,014 15,750 881,275 30,864 46,152 80,253 153,722	1,224,097 15,936 893,636 31,008 47,069 81,420 155,029	1.3 0 1.4 1.0 .8 1.3 1.0	1.0 .8 .9 1 1.8 1.0 1.7	2.1 2.6 2.3 .7 1.5 1.5	1.3 1.2 1.4 .5 2.0 1.5

NOTE.—The personal income level shown for the United States is derived as the sum of the State estimates. It differs from the national income and product accounts (NIPA) estimate of personal income because, by definition, it omits the earnings of Federal civilian and military personnel stationed abroad and of U.S. residents employed abroad temporarily by private U.S. tirms. It can also differ from the NIPA estimate because of different data sources

and revision schedules.

Source: Table 1 in "Personal Income by State and Region, Second Quarter 1998" in the November 1998 SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS.

Table J.2.—Annual Personal Income and Disposable Personal Income for States and Regions

United States		1	F	Personal incon	ne			Disposa	ble personal	income	
United States	Area name	М	lillions of doll	ars	Percent	change 1	М	illions of dolla	ars	Percent of	change ¹
New England 384,225 384,165 407,240 5.5 6.0 310,142 312,654 388,807 4.1		1995	1996	1997	1995–96	1996–97	1995	1996	1997	1995–96	199 6-9 7
Connecticut	United States	6,060,138	6,408,990	6,770,709	5.8	5.6	5,266,018	5,519,456	5,782,771	4.8	4.8
Marie		364,235			5.5			322,864	338,807		4.9
Massachusets		104,777	110,550	117,564	5.5		87,710	91,150	95,844		5.2 3.9 5.1 5.1
New Hampshire					5.2			22,775	23,664		3.9
Princip Prin	Massachusetts	170,141		190,908	5.7		143,513	149,655	157,289		5.1
Vermort	New Hampshire	29,051	30,734	32,608	5.8		25,780	26,933	28,316	4.5	5.1
Michael	Vermont		24,059 13,010	25,366 13,557	3.5 5.1		20,444 10,928	21,014 11,338		2.8 3.7	4.5 3.4
Deleware		1.183.517	1.245.659	1.303.273	53	46	1.014.319	1.058.161	1.096.276	43	3.6
District of Columbia	Delaware		19,744		7.5						4.4
Maryland	District of Columbia	17 783	18 244	18 667	26	2.3	15 274	15,403			1.3
New York	Maryland	131 290	138 173	146,060	5.2		112 283	117 199			4.4
Pennsylvaria	New Jersey		247,267				201 584				4.1
Pennsylvaria	New York	500,433	526,883		5.3		425 229			41	3.3
Illinois 298,369 315,117 32,241 5.6 5.4 256,666 288,591 380,555 4.6 Incidiana 124,104 125,602 135,545 4.5 4.8 107,409 111,768 116,268 4.0 Michigan 228,265 233,628 244,229 3.3 4.8 195,048 199,685 230,083 2.4 247,577 275,760 270,741 4.1 5.1 274,200 221,489 231,071 3.4 230,000	Pennsylvania		295,349				244,187	255,898	264,826		3.5
Illinois 298,369 315,177 32,241 5.6 5.4 256,666 288,591 380,555 4.6 Indiana 212,104 129,862 125,562 243,263 233,628 244,229 3.3 4.6 195,048 199,685 230,683 2.4 247,571 257,570 270,741 4.1 5.1 274,200 221,486 231,071 3.4 247,571 275,760 270,741 4.1 5.1 274,200 221,486 231,071 3.4 247,571 247,571 275,760 270,741 4.1 5.1 274,200 221,486 231,071 3.4 3.4					4.5	5.0	870,278	902,634		3.7	4,1
Indian	Illinois	298,369	315,117		5.6		256,666	268,591	280,555	4.6	4.5 4.0
Chio	Indiana		129,682	135,945			107,496	111,768	116,286		4.0
Chio		226,261	233,628	244,329	3.3	4.6	195,048	199,665			3.6
Plains	Ohio	247,517	257,610	270,741			214,290				3.6 4.3
September Sept	Wisconsin	112,917	119,042	125,100	5.4	5.1	96,779	101,113	105,263	4.5	4.1
Karasas 55,368 58,783 62,312 6.2 6.0 48,213 50,806 55,487 5.4 Minnesota 109,451 117,421 123,207 7.3 4.9 92,684 97,033 101,664 5.6 Missouri 115,067 121,239 128,151 5.4 5.6 100,814 10,563 110,683 4.7 Noth Dakota 11,728 13,051 12,994 11,3 -7 10,454 11,687 11,458 11,88 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>6.3</td> <td>4.1</td>										6.3	4.1
Minsouri		58,123	62,880	66,110	8.2			54,944			4.4
Missouri		55,368		62,312	6.2						5.2 3.8
Nebraska										5.6	3.8
North Dakota						5.6		105,563			4.8
Southeast	Nebraska									9.5	2.7
Southeast				12,954		7					2.0 2.7
Alabama	South Dakota	13,803	15,122	15,632	9.6	3.4	12,462	13,695	14,065	9.9	2.7
Arkansas	Southeast		1,401,733			5.7	1,163,967	1,225,611		5.3	. 5.0
Florida		81,346	85,160	89,403			72,328	75,505		4.4	4.4
Georgia	Arkansas				5.9					5.6	4.5
Kentucky	Florida				6.9	5.7				5.6	4.8
Louisiaria 81,498 85,117 88,094 4,4 7,7 73,270 76,078 78,930 3.8 Mississippi 44,623 47,173 49,386 5.7 4.7 40,617 42,850 44,646 5.5 North Carolina 150,880 161,194 172,073 6.8 6.7 131,204 139,887 148,185 6.6 South Carolina 69,508 73,407 77,650 5.6 5.8 61,397 64,517 67,823 5.1 Tennessee 1110,562 115,744 122,136 4.7 5.5 99,137 103,038 107,991 3.9 Virginia 158,426 166,599 176,245 5.2 5.8 136,427 142,556 149,438 4.5 West Virginia 31,785 32,986 34,017 3.8 3.1 28,441 29,486 30,250 3.7 Southwest 158,426 166,599 176,245 5.2 5.8 136,427 142,556 149,438 4.5 West Virginia 31,785 32,986 34,017 3.8 3.1 28,441 29,486 30,250 3.7 Southwest 158,426 166,599 176,245 5.2 5.8 136,427 142,556 149,438 4.5 West Virginia 31,785 32,986 34,017 3.8 3.1 28,441 29,486 30,250 3.7 Southwest 158,426 146,451 660,218 6.6 7.4 513,740 543,549 580,867 5.8 Arizona 84,455 93,372 100,182 8.0 7.3 75,760 81,002 86,140 6.9 New Mexico 30,358 31,827 33,297 4.8 4.6 27,095 28,250 29,335 4.3 Okiahoma 60,718 63,809 67,052 5.1 5.1 55,722 56,117 58,582 4.5 Texas 38,718 425,443 459,688 6.7 8.0 357,162 378,160 406,809 5.9 Rocky Mountain 174,662 186,911 199,692 7.0 6.8 151,139 160,589 170,127 6.3 Colorado 90,884 97,764 105,168 7.6 7.6 78,112 83,279 88,701 6.6 Idaho 222,071 23,430 24,681 6.2 5.3 19,280 20,432 21,377 6.0 Montana 51,590 16,557 17,316 4.1 4.6 14,052 14,557 15,103 3.6 Utah 35,897 38,825 41,689 8.2 7.4 30,947 33,403 35,665 7.9 Wyoming 9,903 10,336 10,848 4.4 5.0 8,748 8,917 9,281 1.9 Far West 1,031,987 1,094,684 4.4 5.0 8,748 8,917 9,281 1.9	Georgia				7.7			145,240		6.9	4.5 4.8 5.7 5.9 3.7 4.2
Mississipol 44,623 47,173 49,386 5.7 4.7 40,617 42,850 44,646 5.5 North Carolina 150,880 161,194 172,073 6.8 6.7 131,204 139,887 148,185 6.8 South Carolina 69,508 73,407 77,650 5.6 5.8 61,397 64,517 67,823 5.1 Tennessee 1110,562 115,744 122,136 4.7 5.5 99,137 103,038 107,991 3.9 Virginia 158,426 166,599 176,245 5.2 5.8 136,427 142,556 149,438 4.5 West Virginia 31,785 32,986 34,017 3.8 3.1 28,441 29,486 30,250 3.7 Southwest 576,249 614,451 660,218 6.6 7.4 513,740 543,549 580,867 5.8 Arizona 38,455 93,372 100,182 8.0 7.3 75,760 81,022 361,40 6	Kentucky						62,812]	65,909)		4.9	5.9
North Carolina	Louisiana						73,270	76,078		3.8	3.7
South Carolina 69,508 73,407 77,650 5,6 5,8 61,397 64,517 67,823 5,1 Tennessee 110,562 115,744 122,136 4,7 5,5 99,137 103,038 107,991 3,9 Virginia 158,426 166,599 176,245 5,2 5,8 136,427 142,556 149,438 4,5 West Virginia 31,785 32,986 34,017 3,8 3,1 28,441 29,486 30,250 3,7 Southwest 576,249 614,451 660,218 6,6 7,4 513,740 543,549 580,867 5,8 Arizona 38,455 93,372 100,182 8,0 7,3 75,760 81,022 86,140 6,9 New Mexico 30,338 31,827 33,297 4,8 4,6 27,095 28,250 29,335 4,3 Oklahoma 60,718 63,809 67,052 5,1 5,1 53,722 56,117 58,582 4,5 Texas 398,718 425,443 459,688 6,7 8,0 357,162 378,160 406,809 5,9 Rocky Mountain 174,662 186,911 199,692 7,0 6,8 151,139 160,589 170,127 6,3 Colorado 90,884 97,764 105,156 7,6 7,6 78,112 83,279 88,701 6,6 Idaho 22,071 23,430 24,681 62 5,3 19,280 20,432 21,377 6,0 Montana 15,906 16,557 17,316 4,1 4,6 44,052 14,557 15,103 3,6 Utah 35,897 38,825 41,689 8,2 7,4 30,947 33,403 35,665 7,9 Wyoming 9,903 10,336 10,848 4,4 5,0 8,748 8,917 9,281 1,9 Far West 1,031,967 1,094,684 1,161,192 6,1 6,2 896,754 938,457 987,813 4,7 Alaska 1,4419 14,711 15,199 2,0 3,3 12,346 12,566 12,903 1,8										5.5	4.2
Tennessee	North Carolina			172,073			131,204				6.0
Virginia 158,426 166,599 176,245 5.2 5.8 136,427 142,556 149,438 4.5 West Virginia 31,785 32,986 34,017 3.8 3.1 28,441 29,486 30,250 3.7 Southwest 576,249 614,451 660,218 6.6 7.4 513,740 543,549 580,867 5.8 Arizona 86,455 93,372 100,182 8.0 7.3 75,760 81,022 86,140 6.9 New Mexico 30,358 31,827 33,297 4.8 4.6 27,095 28,250 29,335 4.3 Oklahoma 60,718 63,809 67,052 5.1 5.1 53,722 56,117 58,882 4.5 Texas 388,718 425,443 459,688 6.7 8.0 357,162 378,160 406,809 5.9 Rocky Mountain 174,662 186,911 199,692 7.0 6.8 151,139 160,589 170,127 6.3	South Carolina	69,508		77,650		5.8		64,517			5.1
West Virginia 31,785 32,986 34,017 3.8 3.1 28,441 29,486 30,250 3.7 Southwest 576,249 614,451 660,218 6.6 7.4 513,740 543,549 580,867 5.8 Airzona 86,455 93,372 100,182 8.0 7.3 75,760 81,022 86,140 6.9 New Mexico 30,388 31,227 33,297 4.8 4.6 27,095 28,250 29,335 4.3 Oklahoma 60,718 63,809 67,052 5.1 5.1 53,722 56,117 58,582 4.5 Texas 398,718 425,443 459,688 6.7 8.0 357,162 378,160 406,809 5.9 Bocky Mountain 174,662 90,884 97,764 105,155 7.6 7.6 78,112 83,279 88,701 6.6 Idaho 22,071 23,430 24,681 6.2 5.3 19,280 20,432 21,377 6		110,562					99,137	103,038			4.8
Southwest 576,249 614,451 660,218 6.6 7.4 513,740 543,549 580,867 5.8 Arizona 86,455 93,372 100,182 8.0 7.3 75,760 81,022 86,140 6.9 New Mexico 30,388 31,827 33,297 4.8 4.6 27,095 28,250 29,335 4,3 Oklahoma 60,718 63,809 67,052 5.1 5.1 55,722 56,117 58,582 4.5 Texas 398,718 425,443 459,688 6.7 8.0 357,162 378,160 406,809 5.9 Rocky Mountain 174,662 186,911 199,692 7.0 6.8 151,139 160,589 170,127 6.3 Colorado 90,884 97,764 105,158 7.6 7.6 78,112 83,279 88,701 6.6 Idaho 22,071 23,430 24,681 6.2 5.3 19,280 20,432 21,377 6.0 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>136,427 28,441</td><td>142,556 29,486 </td><td></td><td>4.5 3.7</td><td>4.8 2.6</td></t<>							136,427 28,441	142,556 29,486		4.5 3.7	4.8 2.6
Arizona 86,455 93,372 100,182 8.0 7.3 75,760 61,022 86,140 6.9 New Mexico 30,385 31,827 33,297 4.8 4.6 27,995 28,250 29,335 4.3 Oklahoma 60,718 63,809 67,052 5.1 5.1 5.7,722 56,117 58,582 4.5 Texas 388,718 425,443 459,688 6.7 8.0 357,162 378,160 406,809 5.9 PRocky Mountain 174,662 186,911 199,692 7.0 6.8 151,139 160,589 170,127 6.3 Colorado 90,884 97,764 105,155 7.6 7.6 76,112 83,279 88,701 6.6 Idaho 22,071 23,430 24,681 6.2 5.3 19,280 20,432 21,377 6.0 Montana 15,506 16,557 17,316 4.1 4.6 14,052 14,557 15,103 3.6 Utah 35,887 38,825 41,689 8.2 7.4 30,947 33,403 35,685 7.9 Wyoming 9,903 10,336 10,848 4.4 5.0 8,748 8,917 9,281 1.9 Far West 1,031,967 1,094,684 1,162,192 6.1 6.2 896,754 938,457 987,813 4.7 Alaska 14,419 14,711 15,199 2.0 3.3 12,346 12,566 12,903 1.8		576 249	614 451	660 218	66	74	513 740	542 540	590 967	ا ا	60
New Mexico 33,388 31,827 33,297 4.8 4.6 27,095 28,250 29,335 4.3 Oklahoma 60,718 63,809 67,052 5.1 5.1 53,722 56,117 58,582 4.5 Texas 388,718 425,443 459,688 6.7 8.0 357,162 378,160 406,809 5.9 Rocky Mountain 174,662 186,911 199,692 7.0 6.8 151,139 160,589 170,127 6.3 Colorado 90,884 97,764 105,158 7.6 7.6 78,112 83,279 88,701 6.8 Idaho 22,071 23,430 24,681 6.2 5.3 19,280 20,432 21,377 6.0 Mortaria 15,906 16,557 17,316 4.1 4.6 44,052 14,557 15,103 3.6 Utah 35,897 38,825 41,689 8.2 7.4 30,947 33,403 35,665 7.9	Arizona			100 182							6.9 6.3 3.8
Oklahoma 60,718 63,809 67,052 5.1 5.1 53,722 56,117 58,582 4.5 Texas 398,718 425,443 459,688 6.7 8.0 357,162 378,160 406,809 5.9 Rocky Mountain 174,682 186,911 199,692 7.0 6.8 151,139 160,589 170,127 6.3 Colorado 90,884 97,764 105,158 7.6 7.6 76,112 83,279 88,701 6.6 Idaho 22,071 23,430 24,681 6.2 5.3 19,280 20,432 21,377 6.0 Montana 15,906 16,557 17,316 4.1 4.6 14,652 14,557 15,103 3.6 Utah 35,897 38,225 41,689 8.2 7.4 30,947 33,403 35,665 7.9 Wyoming 9,903 10,338 10,848 4.4 5.0 8,748 8,917 9,281 1.9 Alas	New Mexico	30,352	31 827	33 207			27,005	28 250	20 226		0.3
Texas 398,718 425,443 459,688 6.7 8.0 357,162 378,160 406,809 5.9 Rocky Mountain 174,662 186,911 199,692 7.0 6.8 151,139 160,589 170,127 6.3 Colorado 90,884 97,764 105,158 7.6 7.6 7.6 7.8,112 83,279 88,701 6.6 Idaho 22,071 23,490 24,681 6.2 5.3 19,280 20,432 21,377 6.0 Montara 15,906 16,557 17,316 4.1 4.6 14,052 14,557 15,103 3.6 Utah 35,897 38,825 41,689 8.2 7.4 30,947 33,403 35,665 7.9 Wyoming 9,903 10,336 10,848 4.4 5.0 8,748 8,917 92,811 1.9 Far West 1,031,987 1,094,684 1,162,192 6.1 6.2 896,754 938,457 987,813 4,7	Oklahoma	60.718		67,052			53 722		58 582		3.0 4.4
Colorado 90.884 97.764 105,158 7.6 7.6 7.6 7.6 7.8,112 83,279 88,701 6.8 Idaho 22,071 23,430 24,681 6.2 5.3 19,280 20,432 21,377 6.0 Montana 15,906 16,557 17,316 4.1 4.6 14,052 14,557 15,103 3.6 Utah 35,897 38,285 41,689 8.2 7.4 30,947 33,403 35,665 7.9 Wyoming 9,903 10,336 10,848 4.4 5.0 8,748 8,917 9,281 1.9 Far West 1,031,987 1,094,684 1,162,192 6.1 6.2 896,754 938,457 987,813 4.7 Alaska 14,419 14,711 15,199 2.0 3.3 12,346 12,566 12,903 1.8	Texas					8.0	357,162			5.9	7.6
Colorado 90.884 97.764 105,158 7.6 7.6 7.6 7.6 7.8,112 83,279 88,701 6.8 Idaho 22,071 23,430 24,681 6.2 5.3 19,280 20,432 21,377 6.0 Montana 15,906 16,557 17,316 4.1 4.6 14,557 15,103 3.6 Ulah 35,897 38,825 41,689 8.2 7.4 30,947 33,403 35,665 7.9 Wyoming 9,903 10,336 10,848 4.4 5.0 8,748 8,917 9,281 1.9 Far West 1,031,987 1,094,684 1,162,192 6.1 6.2 896,754 938,457 987,813 4.7 Alaska 14,419 14,711 15,199 2.0 3.3 12,346 12,566 12,903 1.8	Rocky Mountain	174,662	186,911	199,692	7.0	6.8	151,139	160,589	170,127	6.3	5.9
Idaho 22,071 23,430 24,681 6.2 5.3 19,280 20,432 21,377 6.0 Montana 15,906 16,557 17,316 4.1 4.6 14,052 14,557 15,103 3.6 Utah 35,897 38,825 41,689 8.2 7.4 30,947 33,403 35,665 7.9 Wyoming 9,903 10,336 10,848 4.4 5.0 8,748 8,917 9,281 1.9	Colorado	90,884						83,279			6.5
Montana 15,906 16,557 17,316 4.1 4.6 14,052 14,557 15,103 3.6 Utah 35,897 38,825 41,689 8.2 7.4 30,947 33,403 35,665 7.9 Wyoming 9,903 10,336 10,848 4.4 5.0 8,748 8,917 9,281 1.9 Far West 1,031,987 1,046,684 1,162,192 6.1 6.2 896,754 938,457 987,813 4.7 Alaska 14,419 14,711 15,199 2.0 3.3 12,346 12,566 12,903 1.8		22,071	23,430		6.2	5.3	19,280	20,432	21,377		4.6
Wyoming 9,903 10,336 10,848 4.4 5.0 8,748 8,917 9,281 1.9 Far West 1,031,987 1,094,684 1,162,192 6.1 6.2 896,754 938,457 987,813 4.7 Alaska 14,419 14,711 15,199 2.0 3.3 12,348 12,566 12,903 1.8			16.557			4.6		14,557			3.8
Far West	Utah	35,897	38,825	41.689	8.2	7.4	30,947	33,403	35,665	7.9	6.8 4.1
Alaska		1 1	1	1		- 1	· 1	. 1	· 1	i	
California 754,269 798,020 846,017 5.8 6.0 654,979 682,407 717,166 4.2	Far west	14,419		1,1 52,192 15,199							5.3 2.7
The second secon	California	754,269	798,020	846.017			654,979				2.7 5.1
Hawaii	Hawaii	29,333	29,698	30,479	1.2	2.6	25,652	25,826	26,363		2.1
Nevada 37,512 41,423 44,524 10.4 7.5 32,371 35,352 37,669 9.2	Nevada	37,512	41,423				32.371	35.352	37.669	ارُو	6.6
Oregon 67.822 73.044 77.791 7.7 6.5 57.945 62.094 65.389 7.2		67,822								7.2	5.3
Washington 128,633 137,788 148,182 7.1 7.5 113,460 120,213 128,322 6.0		128,633				7.5					5.3 6.7

stationed abroad and of U.S. residents employed abroad temporarily by private U.S. firms. It can also differ from the NIPA estimate because of different data sources and revision schedules. Source: Tables 1 and 3 in "State Personal Income, Revised Estimates for 1982-97" in the October 1998 issue of the SURVEY.

Percent changes are calculated from unrounded data.
 NoTE.—The personal income level shown for the United States is derived as the sum of the State estimates. It differs from the national income and product accounts (NIPA) estimate of personal income because, by definition, it omits the earnings of Federal civilian and military personnel.

Table J.3.—Per Capita Personal Income and Per Capita Disposable Personal Income for States and Regions

		Per capita per	rsonal income I		Per	capita disposabl	e personal incor	ne ¹
Area name		Dollars		Rank in U.S.		Dollars		Rank in U.S.
	1995	1996	1997	1997	1995	1996	1997	1997
United States	23,063	24,169	25,298		20,041	20,814	21,607	
New England	27,426	28,828	30,440		23,353	24,228	25,325	
Connecticut	32,073	33,835	35,954		26,849	27,898	29,311	
Maine	19,970	20,941	21,928	36	17,638	18,388	19,053	3
Massachusetts	28,073	29,559	31,207	3	23,680	24,593	25,711	1
New Hampshire	25,341	26,490 24,344	27,806	.8	22,487	23,214 21,263	24,146 22,248	ا ا
Rhode Island	23,480 21,237	24,344	25,689 23,018	15 32	20,653 18,750	19.333	19,908	1: 3:
•••	i .	1		-	· ·	00.770	·	}
Mideast Delaware	26,630 25,666	27,993 27,291	29,245 28,443	6	22,823 22,024	23,779 23,246	24,600 24,005	
District of Columbia	32,197	33,830	35,290	٧.	27,655	28,563	29,490	l
Maryland	26,115	27,305	28,671	5	22,334	23,161	24,028	
New Jersey	29,581	30,901	32,233	2	25,338	26,254	27,160	:
New York	27,578	29,055	30,299	4	23,434	24,416	25,206	
Pennsylvania	23,270	24,530	25,678	17	20,271	21,254	22,033	11
Great Lakes	23,208	24,136	25,253	<i>,,,,,</i> ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	20,014	20,649	21,418	
Illinois	25,297	26,603	27,929	7	21,761	22,675	23.584	
Indiana	21,442	22,251	23,183	29	18,573	19,178	19,830	j 3:
Michigan	23,434	24,009	24,998	18	20,201	20,519	21,165	20
Ohio	22,233	23,078	24,203	21 22	19,249	19,842	20,657	33 20 21 21
Wisconsin	22,084	23,132	24,199	22	18,927	19,648	20,362	27
Plains	21,686	23,083	24,100		18,834	19,904	20,599	
lowa	20,462	22,078	23,177	30	17,925	19,292	20,113	30
Kansas	21,547	22,796	24,014	23 12	18,763	19,699	20,594	23
Minnesota	23,759	25,260	26,295	12	20,119	21,061	21,697	17
Missouri	21,610	22,615	23,723	26 27	18,933	19,681	20,485	23 17 25 26
Nebraska	21,078	22,891	23,656	2/	18,417	20,011	20,452	25
North Dakota	18,287 18,782	20,308 20,503	20,213 21,183	45 37	16,300 16,956	18,187 18,567	17,878 19,060	41 35
	20.817	21,800	22,776		18.324	19,061	19,766	
Southeast Alabama	19,086	19,864	20,699	38	16,971	17,612	18,259	30
Arkansas	17,935	18,802	19,602	47	15,949	16,677	17.321	45
Florida	22,665	23,833	24,795	36	19,949	20,721	21,370	13
Georgia	21,689	22,906	23,893	20 25 40	18,892	19,803	20,504	24
Kentucky	18,609	19,470	20,599	40	16,288	16,978	17.864	42
Louisiana	18,828	19,608	20,473	41	16,927	17,526	18,138	39
Mississippi	16,585	17,402	18,087	50	15,096	15,807	16,351	50
North Carolina	20,994	22,054	23,174	31	18,256	19,135	19,957	38 45 18 24 42 39 50 31 40 29
South Carolina	18,871	19,751	20,651	39	16,669	17,359	18,037	40
Tennessee	21,118	21,808	22,752	33	18,936	19,414	20,117	25
Virginia	24,000 17,446	24,992 18,120	26,172 18,734	14 49	20,667 15,610	21,385 16,198	22,192 16,660	15
	·	· ·				·		
Southwest	20,578 20,068	21,535 21,057	22,734 (21,994 (35	18,346 17,585	19,050 18,271	20,002	
Arizona	18.003	18,599	19,249	33 48	16,068	16.508	18,911 16,959	37 48
New MexicoOklahoma	18,560	19.363	20,214	44	16,422	17,029	17,661	44
Texas	21,279	22,285	23,647	28	19,061	19,808	20,927	21
		00 240	00 400		10 200	10 100	10,000	
Rocky Mountain	21,227 24,290	22,310 25,618	23,436 27,015		18,369 20,877	19,168 21,823	19,967 22,787	10
Idaho	18,947	19,729	20,393	42	16,551	17,205	17.663	
Montana	18,310	18,886	19,704	46	16,175	16,605	17,186	47
Utah	18,182	19,244	20,246	43	15,675	16,556	17,320	43 47 46 34
Wyoming	20,695	21,532	22,611	34	18,281	18,577	19,347	34
Far West	23,753	24,901	26,061		20,640	21,347	22,151	
Alaska	23,965	24,318	24,945	19	20,520	20,771	21,177	19
California	23,901	25,050	26,218	13	20,755	21,421	22,225	13
Hawaii	24,883	25,105	25,686	16	21,761	21,832	22,217	14
Nevada	24,525	25,876	26,553	10	21,164	22,084	22,465	11
Oregon	21,579	22,852	23,984	24 .	18,436	19,427	20,160	28
Washington	23,664	24.964	26,412	11 (20.872	21,780	22,872	0

stationed abroad and of U.S. residents employed abroad temporarily by private U.S. firms. It can also differ from the NIPA estimate because of different data sources and revision schedules. Source: Tables 2 and 4 in "State Personal Income, Revised Estimates for 1982-97" in the October 1998 issue of the SURVEY.

^{1.} Per capita personal income and per capita disposable personal income were computed using midyear population estimates from the Bureau of the Census. NOTE.—The personal income level shown for the United States is derived as the sum of the State estimates. It differs from the national income and product accounts (NIPA) estimate of personal income because, by definition, it omits the earnings of Federal civilian and military personnel

Table J.4.—Gross State Product for States and Regions by Industry, 1996

[Millions of dollars]

State and region	Rank of total gross state product	Total gross state product	Agri- culture, forestry, and fishing	Mining	Construc- tion	Manufac- turing	Transpor- tation and public utilities	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Services	Govern- ment
United States 1		7,631,022	129,842	113,631	306,052	1,332,093	648,280	516,777	667,903	1,445,535	1,539,525	931,384
New England Connecticut Maine Massachusetts New Hampshire Rhode Island Vermont	21 41 11 40 44 50	435,880 124,046 28,894 208,591 34,108 25,629 14,611	3,409 893 513 1,212 252 208 332	292 52 15 130 31 19 46	14,686 4,055 1,297 6,606 1,198 895 635	72,794 20,712 5,333 32,265 7,557 4,282 2,645	28,636 7,698 2,151 13,128 2,590 1,835 1,234	29,226 8,229 1,723 14,845 2,113 1,426 890	35,538 9,211 3,197 16,373 3,098 2,242 1,416	107,237 35,041 5,340 50,880 7,566 5,802 2,607	101,792 27,029 5,410 53,879 6,617 5,814 3,043	42,271 11,126 3,915 19,273 3,088 3,106 1,762
Mideast Delaware District of Columbia Maryland New Jersey New York Pennsylvania	42 17 8 2 6	1,440,922 28,331 51,197 143,190 276,377 613,287 328,540	9,244 290 14 1,338 1,524 2,780 3,298	2,464 6 12 100 128 471 1,748	48,440 970 442 7,216 9,675 17,629 12,509	197,808 5,993 1,285 12,317 37,985 72,154 68,074	121,614 1,509 2,769 11,307 27,540 49,518 28,971	92,909 1,124 580 9,046 25,132 37,741 19,286	106,168 1,698 1,369 12,514 20,221 42,056 28,310	358,390 10,026 8,863 30,573 64,187 182,389 62,352	324,047 4,042 16,684 33,229 60,211 140,228 69,654	179,839 2,673 19,180 25,552 29,773 68,323 34,338
Great Lakes Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin	4 15 9 7 20	1,233,424 370,778 155,797 263,336 304,353 139,160	16,660 5,052 2,735 2,526 3,331 3,016	4,670 1,282 715 1,173 1,134 365	50,574 15,476 7,228 10,131 11,753 5,986	313,739 71,444 49,338 71,683 82,669 38,605	97,437 34,029 12,578 17,509 23,506 9,816	87,053 28,507 9,382 18,874 21,535 8,756	107,524 29,877 14,212 23,420 27,984 12,030	201,866 71,023 20,426 41,538 46,511 22,367	226,610 76,832 23,893 48,791 53,989 23,105	127,292 37,257 15,289 27,691 31,941 15,114
Plains	29 31 18 16 36 49 46	514,201 76,315 68,014 141,573 145,123 47,187 15,701 20,289	23,553 5,771 2,986 4,174 2,621 4,330 1,668 2,003	3,406 177 983 877 522 114 482 251	22,473 3,138 2,838 6,195 6,697 2,097 764 745	99,777 18,292 12,451 27,115 31,122 6,662 1,184 2,951	47,400 6,123 7,340 10,876 14,920 4,853 1,695 1,591	39,066 5,213 5,311 11,776 10,659 3,495 1,377 1,236	45,461 6,296 6,540 12,275 13,223 3,906 1,427 1,795	79,404 10,915 8,608 25,352 21,345 7,007 1,989 4,188	92,293 11,655 11,360 27,558 27,768 8,055 2,741 3,156	61,367 8,735 9,597 15,374 16,246 6,669 2,374 2,373
Southeast Alabama Arkansas Florida Georgia Kentucky Louislana Mississippi North Carolina South Carolina Tennessee Virginia West Virginia	25 32 5 10 26 22 33 12 27 19 13	1,674,519 99,190 56,417 360,496 216,033 95,410 121,143 56,406 204,229 89,476 140,750 197,809 37,160	30,754 2,016 2,886 6,520 3,801 2,438 1,488 1,798 4,757 1,208 1,651 1,952 240	29,524 1,474 570 787 906 2,448 17,973 507 259 223 399 997 2,980	71,440 4,144 2,240 17,031 8,356 3,752 5,086 2,192 8,563 4,195 5,527 8,635 1,720	315,211 22,131 13,898 29,286 39,079 26,833 22,989 13,208 55,075 23,768 32,244 29,986 6,716	152,763 9,301 6,163 32,296 24,166 7,933 10,690 6,003 16,135 7,107 11,076 17,021 4,873	111,941 6,259 3,469 26,417 18,940 5,565 6,451 3,150 13,094 5,172 10,396 11,068 1,960	161,015 9,781 5,729 40,362 19,333 8,472 9,502 5,630 18,242 9,180 15,368 16,168 3,248	265,718 12,694 6,453 78,695 35,515 10,733 14,709 6,474 29,719 11,861 19,450 35,268 4,147	308,111 15,996 8,344 84,406 38,919 14,293 19,054 9,032 31,418 13,505 27,633 39,364 6,147	228,041 15,395 6,664 44,696 27,019 12,944 13,201 8,410 26,968 13,258 17,005 37,351 5,129
Southwest Arizona New Mexico Oklahoma Texas	24 37 30 3	778,815 111,520 42,698 72,767 551,830	11,565 1,899 808 1,531 7,327	49,688 1,480 3,050 3,879 41,278	34,892 6,442 1,979 2,332 24,138	125,482 16,143 7,027 12,587 89,725	77,631 8,644 3,262 7,289 58,436	53,480 6,997 1,823 4,421 40,239	70,763 11,743 3,800 7,267 47,953	115,141 21,120 5,937 9,064 79,020	141,929 22,546 7,468 12,634 99,282	98,243 14,505 7,545 11,762 64,431
Rocky Mountain Colorado	23 43 47 35 48	229,833 116,227 27,898 18,509 50,352 16,847	5,684 2,053 1,744 943 583 361	9,956 1,936 174 903 1,620 5,323	12,246 6,219 1,653 893 2,858 622	29,427 14,226 5,754 1,430 7,051 967	24,530 12,957 2,442 2,331 4,400 2,400	13,873 7,355 1,689 1,192 3,094 543	22,154 11,274 2,774 1,839 5,167 1,101	35,767 19,815 3,431 2,473 8,304 1,744	44,767 25,161 4,548 3,557 9,892 1,610	31,430 15,231 3,691 2,948 7,383 2,177
Far West Alaska California Hawaii Nevada Oregon Washington	45 1 39 34 28 14	1,323,429 24,161 962,696 36,317 53,687 86,967 159,602	28,973 355 20,564 445 406 2,590 4,612	13,631 5,424 5,776 28 1,969 104 332	51,301 983 31,656 1,753 4,495 4,731 7,683	177,855 1,161 134,179 1,123 2,589 17,868 20,934	98,269 3,770 67,135 3,732 4,146 6,711 12,775	89,229 710 65,857 1,446 2,478 6,937 11,802	119,281 1,576 85,443 4,192 5,053 7,586 15,432	282,013 2,584 218,439 7,768 9,877 14,140 29,205	299,977 2,871 222,748 8,077 17,336 15,939 33,006	162,901 4,728 110,900 7,752 5,339 10,361 23,823

^{1.} The GSP estimates for transportation and public utilities and for finance, insurance, and real estate differ from BEA's November 1997 estimates of gross product originating (GPO) for the Nation for these industries because of the incorporation of source data that were not available when the GPO estimates were published.

NOTE.—Totals shown for the United States differ from the national income and product account estimates of gross domestic product (GDP) because GSP is derived from gross domestic income, which differs from GDP by the statistical discrepancy. In addition, GSP excludes and GDP includes the compensation of Federal civilian and military

personnel stationed abroad and government consumption of fixed capital for military structures located abroad and for military equipment, except office equipment. Also, GSP and GDP have different revision schedules. Source: Tables 6 and 7 in "Gross State Product by Industry, 1977–96" in the June 1998 issue of the SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS.

K. Local Area Table_____

Table K.1.—Personal Income and Per Capita Personal Income by Metropolitan Area, 1994–96

	Tal	ble K.1	.—Pers	onal In	come	and	Per (Capita I	Personal Income by Metrop	olitan	Area, 1	994 – 96 ––––					
		Persona	il income		Perc	apita pe	rsonal ir	,			Persona	l income		Perc	apita per	rsonal in	come 3
Area name		llions of do		Percent change 2		Dollars		Rank in U.S.	Area name		ions of dol		Percent change 2		Dollars		Rank in U.S.
United States 1		1995 6,137,878		1995–96 5.6	1994		1996 24,436	1996	Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria, OH*	1994 53,474	1995 56,730	1996 59,150	1995–96 4.3	1994 23,971	1995 25,434	1996 26,529	1996 46
Metropolitan portion Nonmetropolitan portion	4,883,837 891,038	5,201,691 936,187	5,490,338 989,693	5.5 5.7	23,494 16,999	24,794 17,675	25,926 18,530		Colorado Springs, CO Columbia, MO	9,005 2,457	9,812 2,655	10,544 2,824	7.5 6.4	19,872 20,286	21,509	22,320 22,424	144
Consolidated Metropolitan Statistical Areas									Columbia, SC	9,846 4,827 32,316	10,556 5,098	11,212 5,398	6.2 5.9 4.9	20,332 17,665	18 777	19 890	243
Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI Cincinnati-Hamilton, OH-KY-IN Cieveland-Akron, OH	222,978 42,644	45,357	250,787 47,786	5.3 5.4	26,242 22,511	27,866 23,787	29,195 24,901		Columbus, GA-AL Columbus, OH Corpus Christi, TX Cumberland, MD-WV	6,526 1,680	34,293 6,866 1,739	35,966 7,285 1,807	6.1 3.9	17,387 16,637	23,910 18,127 17,249	19,034 18,052	277 292
Cleveland-Akron, OH Dalias-Fort Worth, TX Denver-Boulder-Greeley, CO	68,194 106,085 56,092	72,543 114,316 60,771	75,712 122,834 65,084	4.4 7.5 7.1	26,242 22,511 23,485 24,294 25,657	24,957 25,663 27,262	26,025 26,906 28,650	1	Danville, VA	74,328 1,862	80,498 1,947	86,785 2,005	7.8 3.0	25,596	27,145 17,806	28,513	29
Detroit-Ann Arbor-Flint, MI	132,287 98,543	141,283	147,044 112,597	4.1 6.4	I 24.0UZI	26,264 25,424	1 21.113		Davenport-Moline-Rock Island, IA- IL Dayton-Springfield, OH	7,332 20,870	7,729 22,184	8,122 23,017	5.1 3.8	20,543 21,885	21,635 23,292	22,746 24,239	132 93
Los Angeles-Riverside-Orange County, CA Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL	341,769 75,283	360,329 80,181	378,298 84,660	5.0 5.6	22,417 22,150	23,533 23,294	24,522 24,341	,	Daytona Beach, FL Decatur, AL	7,903 2,626	8,460 2,788	8,959 2,911	5.9 4.4	17,892 18 998	18,783 19,984	19,565	255 210
Milwaukee-Racine, Wi	39,656			4.6	24,268	25,768	26,923		Decatur, IL	2,438 46,819	2,546 50,815	2,719 54,449	6.8 7.2	20,902 26,119	21,905 27,810	23,582 29,234	116 24
land, NY-NJ-CT-PA Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic	590,202		659,399	5.2					Des Moines, IA Detroit, MI* Dothan, AL	10,016 109,265 2,364	10,669 116,667 2,508	11,339 121,458 2,579	6.3 4.1 2.8	23,996 24,897 17,669	25,246 26,373 18,707	26,557 27,250 19,334	45 36 268
City, PA-NJ-DE-MD Portland-Salem, OR-WA Sacramento-Yolo, CA	152,556 44,697 35,322	161,128 48,636 37,783	169,717 52,531 39,619	5.3 8.0 4.9	25,587 22,508 22,283	24,000	28,413 25,343 24,288		Dover, DE	2,162 1,770	2,318 1.866	2,481 1,952	7.0 4.6	18,123 20,088	19 1551	20.374	223 156
San Francisco-Oakland-San Jose, CA	188,817	203,046	217,884	7.3 7.3	28,990	30.989	32.933		Duluth-Superior, MN-WI Dutchess County, NY*	4,539 6,133	4,775 6,479	5,024 6,823	5.2 5.3	18,863 23,519	20,068	21,141	191 55
Seattle-Tacoma-Bremerton, WA Washington-Baltimore, DC-MD-VA- WV	81,292 195,280	87,159 205,681	93,546 215,836	7.3 4.9	25,287 27,766		28,269 30,204		Eau Claire, WI EI Paso, TX Elkhart-Goshen, IN	2,587 9,004 3,632	2,768 9,491 3,823	2,921 9,919 3,958	5.3 5.5 4.5 3.5	18,271 13,536 22,170	19,468 14,026 22,948	20,452 14,480 23,449	219 312 118
Metropolitan Statistical Areas 4									Elmira, NY	1,769 1,071	1,848 1,110	3,958 1,933 1,161	4.6 4.6	18,749 18,897	19,630 19,419	20,651	212 220
Abilene, TX Akron, OH* Albany, GA	2,161 14,721 2,066	2,333 15,812 2,187	2,452 16,562 2,305	5.1 4.7 5.4	17,824 21,873 17,768	19,057 23,386 18,790	20,198 24,371	228 90 247	Erie, PA Eugene-Springfield, OR Evansville-Henderson, IN-KY	5,541 5,782 6,146	5,758 6,217 6,384	5,989 6,601 6,748	4.0 6.2 5.7	19,775 19,351 21,478	20,552 20,520 22,247	21.534	176 172 119
Albany-Schenectady-Troy, NY	20,327 13,132 2,303	21,010 14,255 2,413	2,305 21,708 14,943	3.3 4.8	23,069	23,850	24,695	146	Fargo-Moornead, ND-MN	3,179 4,892	3,373 5,251	3,680 5,549	9.1 5.7	19,654 17,261	20,622	22,335 19,556	147 256
Alexandria, LA Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, PA Altoona, PA	1 13.8281	2,413 14,551 2,488	2,477 15,228 2,616	2.7 4.7 5.1	18,294 22,649 18,079	23,804	24,866	249 77 239	Fayetteville, NC	4,711 1,829	5 194	5,449 2,105	6.3	19,346	20,217	20,856	202 294
Amarillo, TXAnchorage, AK	2,391 3,930 6,907	4,211 7,057	4,377 7,209	4.0	19,776 27,471	20,610	21,215	187 28	Flint, MI* Florence, AL Florence, SC Fort Collins-Loveland, CO	9,461 2,401 2,194	1,965 9,929 2,567 2,303	10,121 2,668 2,441	6.3 7.1 1.9 3.9 6.0	21,892 17,744 18 136	22,875 18,884 18,808	23,240 19,508	123 259 245
Ann Arbor, MI* Anniston, AL Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah, WI	13,561 1,921	14,687 2,034	15,464 2,107	5.3 3.6	26,441 16,553	28,165 17,439	29,137 18,082	25 290	Fort Lauderdale, FL"	4,449 34,500	4,855 36,990	2,441 5,280 39,081	8.8 1	20.9591	22.3781	23 8411	103
Ashens GA	7,201 4,119 2,424	7,730 4,430 2,623	8,158 4,706 2,802	6.2 6.8	20,205 18,187	19,487	22,454 20,463	290 98 142 218	Fort Myers-Cape Coral, FL	8,340 6,428	8,966 6,868	9,578 7,321					
Atlanta, GA Atlanta, GA Atlantic-Cape May, NJ* Augusta-Aiken, GA-SC Austin-San Marcos, TX	81,442 8,582 8,442	89,020 9,060 8,868	96,193 9,413 9,134	8.1 3.9	24,451	25,938 27,360	27,241 28,266	37 31 230	Fort Smith, AR-OK	3,249 3,071 10,391	3,449 3,211 11,017	3,599 3,514 11,513	0.4 [17,576 19,109 22,205	10.0001	18,841 21,218 24,281	281 186 92
Austin-San Marcos, TX	20,642 10,255	22,704 10,671	24,632 11,073	8.5	21,350 16,790	22,615	23,669	109 295	Fort Wayne, IN	31,757 14,666	33,817 15,260	36,048 16,097	6.6 5.5	21,710 17,526	23,400 22,711 18,043 17,978 20,131	23,690 18,727	106 284
Baltimore, MD* Bangor, ME (NECMA)	59,932 2,615	62,952 2,706	65,994 2,805	4.8 3.7	24,429 17,909	25,558 18,728	26,731 19,495	44 261	Fresno, CA	1,743 3,681 4,759	1,834 3,936 5,046	1,867 4,140 5,322	1.8 5.2 5.5	17,096 19,039 20,270	17,978 20,131 21,256	18,248 20,968 22,154	289 200 155
Barnstable-Yarmouth, MA (NECMA)	5,115 11,251	5,515 11,880	5,870 12,404	6.4	26,188 20,176	27,700	29,009	26 164	Gary, IN*	12,795 2,242	13,435 2,347	5,322 14,151 2,436	5.3 3.8	20,725 18,418	21,676	22,783 19,902	130 242
Baton Rouge, LA Beaumont-Port Arthur, TX Bellingham, WA	6,996 2,760	7,354 2,956	7,598 3,170	3.3 7.2	18,729 18,938	19,621 19,828	20,292 20,827	225 203	Goldsboro, NC	1,751 1,793	1,881 1,880	1,990 2,026 2,145	5.8 7.8	17,206	18,081	17,798 19,583	296 254
Benton Harbor, MI Bergen-Passaic, NJ* Billings, MT	3,234 42,747 2,510	3,422 44,777 2,674	3,523 46,943 2,791	3.0 4.8 4.4	20,063 32,518 20,468 17,259	21,168 33,920 21,482	21,861 35,371 22,235	166 5 153	Grand Junction, CO Grand Rapids-Muskegon-Holland,	1,889 21,577	2,016 23,213	ŀ	6.4 5.6	1	18,999	- 1	246 95
Biloxi-Gulfport-Pascagoula, MŞ Binghamton, NY	5,814 5,152	6,061 5,255	6,291 5,403	20	10.000	20 402	21 274	287 180	MI	1,524 2,568	1,627 2,739	24,508 1,701 2,931 5,234	7.0]	17,776	23,158 20,120 18,475	19,328	195 269
Birmingham, AL Bismarck, ND	19,172 1,710	20,521 1,816	21,659 1,914	5.5 5.4	21,787 19,440	23,101 20,386	24,227 21,227	94 185	Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High	4,645 24,599	4,984 26,488	28,025	1		23,706	1	83 84
Bloomington, IN Bloomington-Normal, IL Boise City, ID	2,037 3,067 7,804	2,154 3,226 8,555	2,277 3,420 8,983	5.7 6.0 5.0	21,787 19,440 17,933 22,483 22,408	23,271 23,693	24,504 24,096	251 85 97	Point, NC	2,165 16,753	2,342 18,099	2,478 19,030	5.8	18,671	19,877	20,800	205
Boston-Worcester-Lawrence-Lowell- Brockton, MA-NH (NECMA)	154,929 6,705	166,492 7,217	175,769 7,705			28,925 28,448	1	16 19	Hagerstown MD*	2 303	2,427 6,917	2,535 7,321	4.5 5.8	18,255	19,119	19,917	182 240
Boulder-Longmont, CO* Brazoria, TX* Bremerton, WA*	3,990 4,330	4,235 4,560	4,498 4,812	6.2 5.5	18,798 20,024	19,631 20,193	20,405 20,815	221 204	Hamilton-Middletown, OH* Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle, PA Hartford, CT (NECMA) Hattlesburg, MS	6,454 13,782 31,062	14,551 32,492	15,343 33,713	5.4 3.8	22,635 27,916	23,816 29,322	25,002 30,473	134 74 15
Brownsville-Harlingen-San Benito,	3,505	3,684 2,083	3,911			- 1	- 1	313	Hattiesburg, MS Hickory-Morganton-Lenoir, NC Honolulu, HI	1,646 5,988 22,372 2,952	1,775 6,291 23,200	1,876 6,598 23,507 3,310	5.7 4.9 1.3	15,912 19,574 25,768	19,119 21,652 23,816 29,322 16,763 20,280 26,693 16,541 26,028 17,385	17,386 20,988 27,040	300 197 41
Bryan-College Station, TX Buffalo-Niagara Falls, NY Burlington, VT (NECMA)	1,986 25,457 4,035	2,083 26,750 4,369	2,202 27,677 4,632	5.7 3.5 6.0	15,207 21,464 21,673	15,862 22,659 23,279	16,748 23,588 24,445	306 114 88	Houma, LA Houston, TX*	89,/94	3,110 96,557 5,499	102,778]	6.4 6.4	15,781 24,593	16,541 26,028	17,476 27,195	299 39
Canton-Massillon, OH Casper, WY Cedar Rapids, IA	4,035 8,083 1,468	8,558 1,578	8,890 1,620	3.9 2.6	20,133	21,278 24,733	22,077 25,454	157 62	Huntington-Ashland, WV-KY-OH	5,330 6,799	7,172	5,663 7,456	3.0 4.0	16,852 20,769	17,385 21,884	17,922 22,595	293 135
Cedar Rapids, IA	4,105 3,238 9,195	4,354 3,405 9,501	4,592 3,580 9,889	5.5 5.1 4.1	11,734 15,207 21,464 21,673 20,133 23,008 23,237 19,495 17,709 21,513	24,323 20,400 18,643	25,521 21,312 19,678	61 178 248	Indianapolis, INlowa City, IA	34,870 2,200 2,890	36,666 2,278 3,073	38,557 2,406 3,188	5.2 5.6 3.8	23,915 21,903 18 987	24,884 22,495 20,025	25,898 23,687 20,644	56 107 213
Charleston, WV	5,465	5,653	5,889					124		8,000 1,841	8,655 1,979	9,105 2,068	5.2 4.5	19,440 19,191	21,884 24,884 22,495 20,025 20,831 20,355 22,828 15,118 18,175	21,592	169 196
SC	28,714 3,354	31,350 3,607	33,556 3,826	7.0 6.1	22,819 23,926	24,350 25,338	25,446 26,461	63 49	Jackson, MS Jackson, TN Jacksonville, FL Jacksonville, NC Jamestown	20,826 2,027 2,494	22,486 2,152 2,568	24,041 2,313 2,652	6.9 7.4 3.3	21,452 14,194 17,598	22,828 2 15,118 18 175	23,679 16,184	108 308 282
Chattanooga, TN-GA	8,926 1,604 205,523	9,538 1,685 219,619	10,009 1,729 231,378	4.9 2.6 5.4	22,819 23,926 20,357 20,588 26,897	21,571 21,518 28,587	22,517 21,974	138 159 18	Janesville-Beloit, WI	3,038	3,288	3,402	0.0	20,000	22,184 2 23,465 2	22,000	133 87
Charanogog, TN-GA Cheyenne, WY Chicago, IL* Chico-Paradise, CA Cincinnati, OH-KY-IN*	3,349 36,190	3,482 38,440	3,682 40,465	J.8 I	17,453 22,925 15,486	10.0401	19.0041	276 65	Jersey City, NJ*	7,943	8,499	8,902	4.7	17,671	18,742	19,482	264
Clarksville-Hopkinsville, TN-KY	2,851	3,091	3,287	6.3	15,486	16,465	16,933	304	Johnstown, PA	4,211	4,394	4,569	4.0	17,511	18,291	19,105	274

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table K.1.—Personal Income and Per Capita Personal Income by Metropolitan Area, 1994-96—Continued

	Personal income				Per capita personal income ³					<u> </u>	Per capita personal income ³						
Area name	Millions of dollars Percent change 2				Dollars Rank in U.S.			Rank in U.S.	Area name	Millions of dollars			Percent change 2	Dollars			Rank in U.S.
	1994	1995	1996	1995–96	1994	1995	1996	1996	-	1994	1995	1996	1995–96	1994	1995	1996	1996
Jonesboro, AR	1,219 2,554 9,241	1,337 2,754 9,771 2,040	1,415 2,942 10,204 2,159	5.8 6.8 4.4 5.8	16,638 18,024 20,967 18,783	17,891 19,182 22,078	18,590 20,195 22,962 21,261	286 229 128 183 54	Raleigh-Durham-Chapel Hill, NC Rapid City, SD	22,796 1,630 8,085	24,901 1,734 8,481	26,843 1,805 8,890	7.8 4.1 4.8	23,643 18,848 23,198	25,061 19,917 24,209	26,255 20,770 25,248	69
Kankakee, IL* Kansas City, MO-KS Kenosha, Mi* Killeen-Temple, TX Knoxville, TN	1,898 38,562 2,761 4,555	41,353 2,964 4,875 13,906	43,810 3,098 5,114 14,420	5.9 4.5 4.9 3.7	23,281 20,102 15,816	24,738 21,268 16,744	25,949 21,913 17,117	162 301	Redding, CA	3,053 7,495 3,581 22,776	3,137 8,178 3,709 23,991	3,262 8,819 3,808 25,213	4.0 7.8 2.7 5.1	26 468	28 126	20,144 29,528 21,120 26,974 19,090	21
Kokomo, IN La Crosse, WI-MN Lafavette, LA	12,954 2,223 2,448 6,143 3,201	2,418 2,554 6,481 3,343	2,512 2,705 6,916 3,531	3.9 5.9 6.7 5.6	20,395 17.042	17.779	22,320 18.785	152 72 148 283 214	Roanoke, VA Rochester, MN Rochester, NY	52,445 5,192 2,652 25,426	54,696 5,566 2,792 26,696	57,446 5,804 2,996 27,751	5.0 4.3 7.3 4.0	22,730 23,486 23,399	24,382 24,834 24,588	25,387 26,478 25,543	275 64 48 60
Lafayette, IN Lake Charles, LA Lakeland-Winter Haven, FL Lancaster, PA Lansing-East Lansing, MI	3,184 7,756 9,804 9,213	3,390 8,278 10,287 9,697	3,577 8,797 10,870 10,092	5.5 6.3 5.7 4.1	18,061 22,147 20,747	19,690 19,287 18,977 22,997 21,784	19,905 24,138 22,587	234 241 96 136	Rockford, IL	7,421 2,472 32,231 8,497	7,931 2,635 34,506 9,014	8,293 2,801 36,201 9,426	4.6 6.3 4.9 4.6	21,479 17,606 22,397 21,101	18,510 23,661 22,394	19,474 24,444 23,390	265 89 120
Laredo, IX	1,930 2,136 23,990 1,511	2,007 2,295 26,739 1,627	2,160 2,383 29,588 1,717	7.6 3.9 10.7 5.6	13,627 22,244 17,350	11,675 14,378 23,481 18,431	14,529 24,706 19,147	311 81 272	St. Cloud, MN St. Joseph, MO St. Louis, MO-IL Salem, OR* Salinas, CA	2,765 1,800 60,119 5,663 8,021	2,921 1,881 64,142 6,132 8,477	3,132 1,971 67,118 6,534 8,761	4.6 7.2 4.8 4.6 6.6 3.4	23.304	24.580	20,298 26,337 20,480 25,032	50 217
Lawton, OK Lewiston-Auburn, ME (NECMA) Lexington, KY Lima, OH Lincoln, NE Little Rock-North Little Rock, AR	1,814 1,931 9,063 2,993 4,817	1,904 1,992 9,805 3,122 5,136 11,850	1,965 2,071 10,522 3,222 5,451	3.2 6.1	18,718 21,061 19,200 21,305	16,525 19,416 22,579 20,069 22,413	20,385 23,929 20,727 23,591	222 101 209 113	Salt Lake City-Ogden, UT San Angelo, TX San Antonio, TX San Diego, CA San Francisco, CA*	22,195 1,843 27,806 58,191	24,130 1,947 29,887 61,380	26,085 2,040 31,553 65,008	8.1 4.8 5.6 5.9	18,731 18,276 19,457 22,111	20,015 19,193 20,499 23,201	21,271 19,996 21,237 24,282	181 237 184 91
Longview-Marshall, TX Los Angeles-Long Beach, CA* Louisville, KY-IN	11,025 3,668 204,873 21,942	3,886 216,269 23,298	12,531 4,114 226,592 24,487	5.7 5.9 4.8 5.1	18,234 22,584 22,418	21,878 19,086 23,885 23,666	19,950 24,945 24,764	238 75 79	San Francisco, CA* San Jose, CA* San Luis Obispo-Atascadero-Paso Robles, CA Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-	57,102 46,175 4,397	61,301 51,238 4,652	65,512 56,218 4,941	6.9 9.7 6.2	1		39,746 35,395 21,483	1
Lubbock, TX Lynchburg, VA Macon, GA Madison, WI Mansfield, OH McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, TX	4,373 3,942 5,755 9,797 3,214	4,586 4,133 6,127 10,510 3,379	4,874 4,309 6,487 11,080 3,517	6.3 4.3 5.9 5.4 4.1	19,435 18,771 25,161	19,824 20,256 19,853 26,798 19,275	20,962 20,791 28,087	193 201 206 32 236 315	Lompoc, CA	9,415 5,835 3,113 10,196	9,874 6,207 3,421 10,761	10,395 6,631 3,535 11,524	5.3 6.8 3.3 7.1	24,589 24,846 23,714 24,813	26,288 25,255 25,860	27,896 25,774 27,353	42 33 58 35
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, TX Medford-Ashland, OR Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay, FL Memphis, TN-AR-MS	4,954 3,150 8,961 23,677	5,303 3,392 9,412 25,603	5,680 3,605 9,836 26,826	7.1 6.3 4.5 4.8	10,680 19,447 20,245 22,492	11,032 20,502 20,922 24,048	11,478 21,410 21,640 24,945	175 168 75	Sarasota-Bradenton, FL	14,472 5,596 12,364 60,298	15,575 5,952 12,924 64,801	16,443 6,320 13,398	5.6 6.2 3.7	27,937 20,299 19,470	20.462	21.363	14 141 177 13
Merced, CA Miami, FL* Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon, NJ* Milwaukee-Waukesha, WI*	3,068 40,783 33,091 35,578	2,999 43,190 35,459 37,815	3,294 45,579 37,473 39,526	9.8 5.5 5.7 4.5	15,641 20,268 31,051	15,505 21,292 32,928 26,040	17,064 22,370 34,366	7	Sharon, PA Sheboygan, WI Sherman-Denison, TX Shreveport-Bossier City, LA	2,156 2,331 1,751 7,310	2,267 2,478 1,880 7,630	69,844 2,370 2,581 2,014 7,865 2,659	7.8 4.5 4.2 7.1 3.1	27,736 17,695 21,729 17,998 19,395	22,811 19,159 20,156	23,583 20,080 20,756	115 235 208
Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI Mobile, AL Modesto, CA Monmouth-Ocean, NJ*	70,644 9,038 7,149 28,071	75,469 9,608 7,404 29,758	80,878 10,156 7,884 31,199	7.2 5.7 6.5 4.8	26,246 17,664 17,602 27,162	27,682 18,627 18,037 28,359	29,299 19,508 18,953 29,343	23 259 279 22	Sioux City, IA-NE	2,325 3,500 5,472 7,803	2,492 3,719 5,782 8,303	4,018 5,943 8,701	6.7 8.0 2.8 4.8	19,475 22,632 21,468 19,712	23,724 22,543 20,691	25,246 23,095 21,555	159 70 126 170
Monroe, LA Montgomery, AL Muncie, IN Myrtle Beach, SC	2,537 6,217 2,311 2,800	2,728 6,620 2,411 3,092	2,881 6,956 2,491 3,318	5.6 5.1 3.3 7.3	19,989 19,435 18,407	18,619 21,088 20,304 19,626	21,973 21,063 20,271	194 226	Springfield, IL Springfield, MO Springfield, MA (NECMA) State College, PA Steubenville-Weirton, OH-WV	4,403 5,704 12,639 2,389 2,441	4,579 6,139 13,451 2,538 2,531	4,819 6,444 13,949 2,662 2,615	5.3 5.0 3.7 4.9 3.3	21,779 19,766 21,240 18,435 17,445	22,687 19,460	23,601 20,135	110 167 112 232 280
Naples, FL. Nashville, TN Nassau-Sulfolk, NY' New Haven-Bridgeport-Stamford- Darbury-Waterbury, CT' New London-Norwich, CT	5,820 25,676 82,459 55,291	6,073 27,852 85,472 59,964	6,577 29,266 89,919 63,249	8.3 5.1 5.2 5.5	1	33,204 25,507 32,237 36,964	1	10	Stockton-Lodi, CA	9,456 1,552 15,479 12,680	9,885 1,638 16,133 13,544	10,410 1,743 16,581 14,353	5.3 6.4 2.8 6.0	18,274 14,616 20,622 19,895	18,845 15,357 21,552 20,928 20,069	16,298 22,253	258 307 151 162
New Orleans, LA	6,289 26,769 253,351	6,643 28,209 270,487	6,927 29,021 285,207	4.3 2.9 5.4		26,228 21,527 31,474		154 11	Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL	4,813 46,279 2,686 2,082	5,169 49,670 2,805 2,198	5,450 52,738 2,872 2,306	5.4 6.2 2.4 4.9	- 1	22,817 18,772	23,984 19,226	199 99 271 285
Newark, NJ* Newburgh, NY-PA* Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News, VA-NC Oakland, CA*	59,212 7,383 29,902 59,219		65,787 8,069 32,726 66,728			32,401 21,583 20,507 28,405		1	Toledo, OH Topeka, KS Trenton, NJ* Tucson, AZ	13,336 3,561 10,220 13,838	14,094 3,770 10,891 14,828	14,628 3,936 11,296 15,766	3.8 4.4 3.7 6.3	21,804 21,620 31,114 18,840	23,066 22,883 33,078 19,647	23,955 23,888 34,292 20,535	100 102 8 216
Ocala, FL Ocala, FL Odessa-Midland, TX Oklahoma City, OK Olympia, WA* Omaha, NE-IA Orange County, CA*	3,830 4,840 19,537 3,984 14,997	4,114 5,121 20,515 4,253 16,094	4,392 5,392 21,620 4,538 17,206	I 68 I	17,460 20,520 19,429 21,279	18,217 21,607 20,244 22,114 24,021	I 18 975	278 140 190	Tulsa, OK Tuscaloosa, AL Tyler, TX Ulica-Rome, NY Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa, CA*	15,668 2,850 3,242 5,849 10,291	16,525 3,011 3,469 6,006 10,666	17,456 3,159 3,706 6,101 11,271	4.9 6.8	21,182 18,277 20,316 18,573	19,003 21,457	19,887 22,506	125 244 139 227 122
Orlando, FL	67,828 27,897 1,671 2,488	71,734 29,832 1,747 2,563	75,793 31,987 1,824 2,819	5.7 7.2 4.4 10.0	26,534 20,455 18,552 17,832	27,735 21,437 19,301 18,060	28,936 22,425 20,104		Ventura, CA* Victoria, TX Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton, NJ* Visalia-Tulare-Porterville, CA	16,624 1,605 2,785 5,417	17,630 1,696 2,882 5,569	18,467 1,801 2,964 5,918	4.7 6.2 2.8 6.3	21,419 23,714 20,066 19,672 15,712	24,937 21,048 20,409 16,035	25,839 22,065 20,987 16,905	57 158 198 305
Panama City, Fl. Parkersburg-Marietta, WV-OH Pensacola, FL Peoria-Pekin, It. Philadelphia, PA-NJ'	2,867 6,521 7,451 126,715	2,992 6,913 7,776 133,692	3,114 7,409 8,207 140,791	4.1 7.2 5.6 5.3	18,925 17,568 21,670 25,588	19,740 18,282 22,486 26,993	20,581 19,146 23,701 28,447	215 273 105 30	Waco, TX	3,535 133,045 2,401 2,366	3,793 140,302 2,522 2,519	3,960 147,306 2,624	4.4 5.0 4.0 5.4	18,267 29,874 19,419 19,700	19,099 31,192 20,565 20,864	19,655 32,376 21,463 21,865	250 12 174 165
Phoenix-Mesa, AZ Pine Bluff, AR Pittsburgh, PA Pittsfield, MA (NECMA)	53,320 1,327 54,830 3,146	58,994 1,397 57,665 3,329	64,359 1,456 60,194 3,470	9.1 4.3 4.4 4.2	20,911 15,763 22,880 23,203	22,166 16,732 24,167 24,635	23,377 17,567 25,359 25,759	121 298 65 59	West Palm Beach-Boca Haton, FL Wheeling, WV-OH Wichita, KS Wichita Falls, TX	32,694 2,835 10,952 2,507	35,409 2,917 11,630 2,716	2,656 37,933 3,023 12,430 2,849	7.1 3.6 6.9 4.9	34,066 17,991 21,317 18,961	36,213 18,657 22,470 20,081	38,081 19,483 23,753 20,706	263 104 210
Pocatello, ID Portland, ME (NECMA) Portland-Vancouver, OR-WA* Providence-Warwick-Pawtucket, RI	1,186 5,945 39,034	1,261 6,291 42,504	1,326 6,614 45,997	5.1 5.1 8.2	16,476 24,059 23,252	17,269 25,391 24,809	18,073 26,479 26,228	291 47 53	Williamsport, PA Wilmington-Newark, DE-MD* Wilmington, NC Yalma, WA	2,169 14,474 3,774 3,718	2,239 15,494 4,083 3,885	2,325 16,548 4,388 4,204	3.8 6.8 7.5 8.2	26,844 19,518 17,751	18,689 28,429 20,389 18,216	30,103 21,187 19,454	257 17 189 266
(NECMA) Provo-Orem, UT Pueblo, CO Punta Gorda, FL Racine, WI*	20,364 4,305 2,209 2,456 4,077	21,480 4,772 2,416 2,645 4,341	22,173 5,156 2,520 2,827 4,561	6.9	14,260 17,320 19,518	23,668 15,352 18,674 20,469 23,617	16,099 19,235 21,535	86 309 270 171 80	Yolo, CA* York, PA Youngstown-Warren, OH Yuba City, CA Yuma, AZ	3,090 7,838 11,660 2,249 1,726	3,278 8,301 12,306 2,344 2,025	3,418 8,686 12,670 2,446 1,946	3.0	19,351 16,695	20,515 17,196	22,747 23,610 21,192 17,739 15,520	188 297

The personal income level shown for the United States is derived as the sum of the county estimates; it differs from the national income and product accounts (NIPA) estimate of personal income because, by definition, it omits the earnings of Federal civilian and military personnel stationed abroad and of U.S. residents employed abroad temporarily by private U.S. firms. It can also differ from the NIPA estimate because of different data sources and revision schedules.

2. Percent change was calculated from unrounded data.

3. Per capita personal income was computed using Census Bureau midyear population estimates. Estimates for 1994-96 reflect county population estimates available as of March 1998.

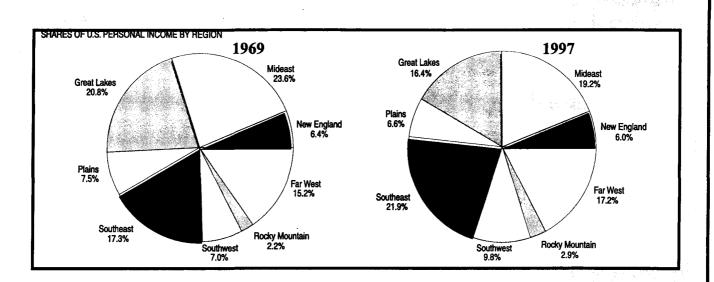
4. Includes Metropolitan Statistical Areas, Primary Metropolitan Statistical Areas (PMSA's designated by *), and

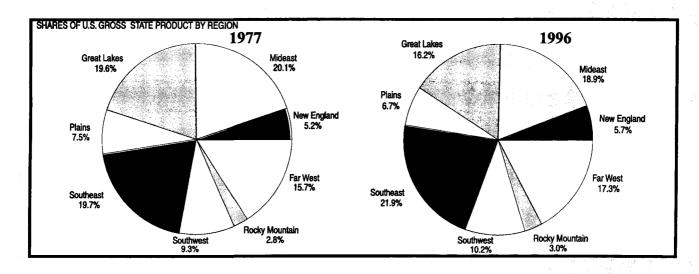
New England County Metropolitan Areas (NECMA's). The New Haven-Bridgeport-Stamford-Danbury-Waterbury, CT NECMA is presented as a PMSA (part of the New York CMSA).

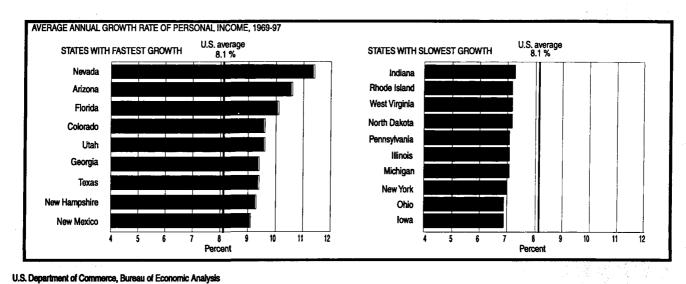
Source: Table 1 in "Local Area Personal Income, 1969–96" in the May 1998 issue of the SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS.

L. Charts.

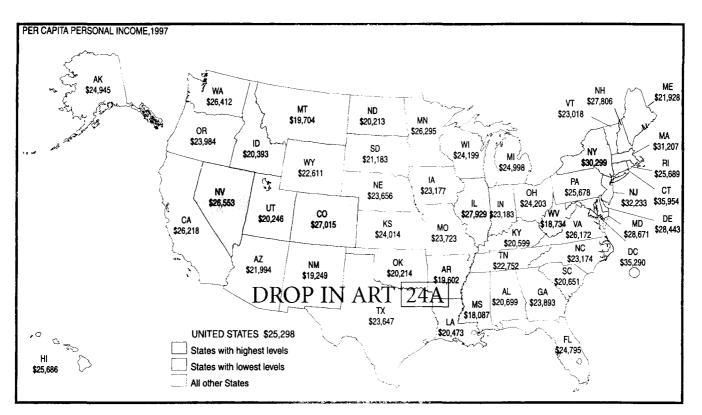


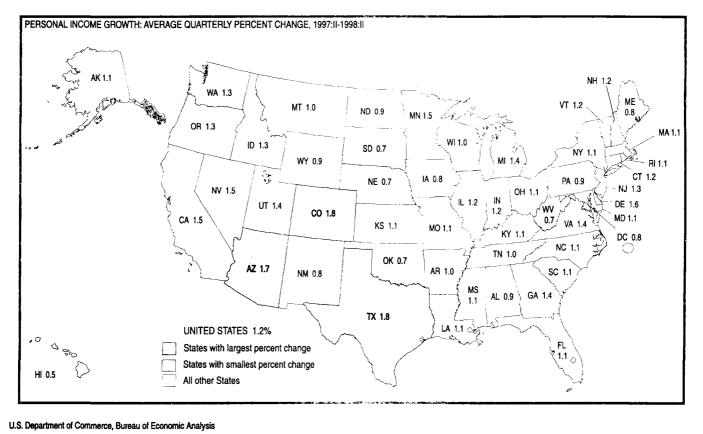






SELECTED REGIONAL ESTIMATES





Appendix A

Additional Information About BEA's NIPA Estimates

Statistical Conventions

Changes in current-dollar GDP measure changes in the market value of goods and services produced in the economy in a particular period. For many purposes, it is necessary to decompose these changes into quantity and price components. To compute the quantity indexes, changes in the quantities of individual goods and services are weighted by their prices. (Quantity changes for GDP are often referred to as changes in "real GDP.") For the price indexes, changes in the prices for individual goods and services are weighted by quantities produced. (In practice, the current-dollar value and price indexes for most gdp components are determined largely using data from Federal Government surveys, and the real values of these components are calculated by deflation at the most detailed level for which all the required data are available.)

The annual changes in quantities and prices are calculated using a Fisher formula that incorporates weights from 2 adjacent years. (Similar formulas are used to calculate the quarterly indexes for the most recent quarters, called the "tail" period, and for the indexes for the other quarters, called the "historical period.") For example, the 1996-97 annual percent change in real GDP uses prices for 1996 and 1997 as weights, and the 1996-97 annual percent change in price uses quantities for 1996 and 1997 as weights. These annual changes are "chained" (multiplied) together to form time series of quantity and price. Because the Fisher formula allows for the effects of changes in relative prices and in the compostion of output over time, the resulting quantity or price changes are not affected by the substitution bias that is associated with changes in quantities and prices calculated using a fixed-weighted formula. The Fisher formula also produces changes in quantites and prices that are not affected by the choice of base periods. In addition, because the changes in quantities and prices calculated in this way are symmetric, the product of a quantity index and the corresponding price index is generally equal to the current-dollar index.

In addition, BEA prepares measures of real GDP and its components in a dollar-denominated form, designated "chained (1992) dollar estimates." These estimates are computed by multiplying the 1992 current-dollar value of GDP, or of a GDP component, by the corresponding quantity index number. For example, if a current-dollar GDP component equaled \$100 in 1992 and if real output for this component increased by 10 percent in 1993, then the "chained (1992) dollar" value of this component in 1993 would be \$110 (\$100 × 1.10). Note that percentage changes in the chained

(1992) dollar estimates and the percentage changes calculated from the quantity indexes are identical, except for small differences due to rounding.

Because of the formula used for calculating real gdp, the chained (1992) dollar estimates for detailed gdp components do not add to the chained-dollar value of gdp or to any intermediate aggregates. A "residual" line is shown as the difference between gdp and the sum of the most detailed components shown in each table. The residual generally is small close to the base period but tends to become larger as one moves further from it. NIPA table 8.2 provides accurate measures of the contributions of the major components to the percentage change in real gdp for all periods.

BEA also publishes the "implicit price deflator (IPD)," which is calculated as the ratio of current-dollar value to the corresponding chained-dollar value, multiplied by 100; the values of the IPD and of the corresponding "chain-type" price index are very close.

For quarters and months, the estimates are presented at annual rates, which show the value that would be registered if the rate of activity measured for a quarter or a month were maintained for a full year. Annual rates are used so that time periods of different lengths—for example, quarters and years—may be compared easily. These annual rates are determined simply by multiplying the estimated rate of activity by 4 (for quarterly data) or 12 (for monthly data).

Percent changes in the estimates are also expressed at annual rates. Calculating these changes requires a variant of the compound interest formula:

$$r = \left[\left(\frac{X_t}{X_o} \right)^{m/n} - 1 \right] \times 100,$$

where r is the percent change at an annual rate;

 X_t is the level of activity in the later period; X_o is the level of activity in the earlier period; m is the yearly periodicity of the data (for example, 1 for annual data, 4 for quarterly, or 12 for monthly); and

n is the number of periods between the earlier and later periods (that is, t - o).

Quarterly and monthly NIPA estimates are seasonally adjusted, if necessary. Seasonal adjustment removes from the time series the average impact of variations that normally occur at about the same time and in about the same magnitude each year—for example, weather, holidays, and tax payment dates. After seasonal adjustment, cyclical and other short-term changes in the economy stand out more clearly.

Reconciliation Tables

Table 1.—Reconciliation of Changes in BEA-Derived Compensation Per Hour with BLS Average Hourly Earnings [Percent change from preceding period]

	1995		1997	Seasonally adjusted at annual rates					
		1996		19	97	1998			
				10	IV	1	11	P	
BEA-derived compensation per hour of all persons in the nonfarm business sector (less housing)	2.3	3.5	3.7	3.9	5.0	4.6	4.0	4.4	
Less: Contribution of supplements to wages and salaries per hour	7	-1.1	6	5	8	1	4	4	
Plus: Contribution of wages and salaries per hour of persons in housing and in nonprofit institutions	1	1	- .2	6	6	− .2	2	.1	
Less: Contribution of wages and salaries per hour of persons in government enterprises, unpaid family workers, and self-employed	0	.1	.2	.3	.1	.1	2	.3	
Equals: BEA-derived wages and salaries per hour of all employees in the private nonfarm sector	2.9	4.4	3.9	3.5	5.2	4.5	4.4	4.6	
Less: Contribution of wages and salaries per hour of nonproduction workers in manufacturing	.1	2	.2	.6	.5	.1	1	3	
Less: Other differences ¹	0	1.2	1	-1.1	0	.5	1	1.6	
Equals: BLS average hourly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonfarm payrolls	2.8	3.4	3.9	4.0	4.6	3.9	4.6	3.3	
Addendum: BLS estimates of compensation per hour in the nonfarm business sector ²	2.4	3.5	3.7	3.9	4.9	4.6	4.0		

Table 2.—Relation of Net Exports of Goods and Services and Net Receipts of Factor Income in the NIPA's to Balance on Goods, Services, and Income in the BPA's

[Billions of dollars]

				Seasonally adjusted at annual rates						
	Line	1996	1997		19	97		19	98	
			ļ	ŀ	li li	111	IV	I	1)	
Exports of goods, services, and income, BPA's	1	1,064.0	1,179.4	1,135.1	1,181.1	1,201.9	1,199.4	1,196.2	1,170.4	
Less: Gold, BPA's	2 3 4	6.9 0 1.1	5.7 0 .8	6.7 0 1.1	9.3 0 .6	3.4 0 .6	3.4 0 .9	5.3 4.8 .8	4.2 4.1 .7	
Plus: Adjustment for grossing of parent/affiliate interest payments	5 6	3.4 34.4	3.9 37.0	3.3 36.0	3.6 37.4	4.2 36.8	4.6 37.9	3.9 37.0	4.2 37.2	
insurance carriers and private noninsured pension plans	7	15.5	17.1	16.8	17.2	17.1	17.3	17.3	17.6	
Equals: Exports of goods and services and receipts of factor income, NIPA's	8	1,109.3	1,230.9	1,183.3	1,229.4	1,256.0	1,254.9	1,243.6	1,220.2	
Imports of goods, services, and income, BPA's	9	1,158.3	1,294.9	1,247.5	1,285.4	1,316.5	1,330.2	1,345.3	1,359.1	
Less: Gold, BPA's	10 11 12	7.7 0 0	6.6 0 0	8.7 0 0	11.0 0 0	3.0 0 0	3.8 0 0	6.7 1.8 0	5.5 2.7 0	
Plus: Gold, NIPA's Adjustment for grossing of parent/affiliate interest payments Adjustment for U.S. territories and Puerto Rico Imputed interest paid to rest of world	13 14 15 16	-3.8 3.4 22.4 15.5	-3.5 3.9 26.5 17.1	-3.5 3.3 23.7 16.8	-3.8 3.6 25.8 17.2	-3.4 4.2 28.0 17.1	-3.3 4.6 28.3 17.3	-3.2 3.9 27.4 17.3	-3.0 4.2 28.5 17.6	
Equals: Imports of goods and services and payments of factor income, NIPA's	17	1,188.1	1,332.3	1,279.1	1,317.3	1,359.4	1,373.3	1,382.2	1,398.2	
Balance on goods, services, and income, BPA's (1-9)	18	-94.3	-115.5	-112.4	-104.3	-114.6	-130.8	-149.1	-188.7	
Less: Gold (2–10+13) Statistical differences (3–11) ¹ Other items (4–12)	19 20 21	-4.6 0 1.1	-4.4 0 .8	-5.5 0 1.1	-5.5 0 .6	-3.0 0 .6	-3.7 0 .9	-4.6 3.0 .8	-4.3 1.4 .7	
Plus: Adjustment for U.S. territories and Puerto Rico (6-15)	22	12.0	10.5	12.3	11.6	8.8	9.6	9.6	8.7	
Equals: Net exports of goods and services and net receipts of factor income, NIPA's (8-17)	23	-78.8	-101.4	-9 5.8	-87.9	-103.4	-118.4	-138.6	-178.0	

Consists of statistical revisions in the NIPA's that have not yet been incorporated into the BPA's (1998:II) and statistical revisions in the BPA's that have not yet been incorporated in the NIPA's (1998:I-1998:II).

BPA's Balance of payments accounts NIPA's National income and product accounts

NIPA's National income and product accounts

P Preliminary.

 Includes BEA use of non-BLS data and differences in detailed weighting. Annual estimates
also include differences in BEA and BLS benchmark procedures; quarterly estimates also include
differences in seasonal adjustment procedures.

^{2.} These estimates differ from the BEA-derived estimates (first line) because the BLS estimates include compensation and hours of tenant-occupied housing.

BEA Bureau of Economic Analysis
BLS Bureau of Labor Statistics

Appendix B Suggested Reading

Mid-Decade Strategic Plan

BEA has published the following articles in the Survey of Current Business on the development and implementation of its strategic plan for improving the accuracy, reliability, and relevance of the national, regional, and international accounts.

"Mid-Decade Strategic Review of BEA's Economic Accounts: Maintaining and Improving Their Performance" (February 1995)

"Mid-Decade Strategic Review of BEA's Economic Accounts: An Update" (April 1995)

"BEA'S Mid-Decade Strategic Plan: A Progress Report" (June 1996)

Mid-Decade Strategic Review of BEA's Economic Accounts: Background Papers (1995) presents seven background papers that evaluate the state of the U.S. economic accounts and that identify the problems and the prospects for improving the accounts.

Methodology

BEA has published a wealth of information about the methodology used to prepare its national, regional, and international estimates.

National

National income and product accounts (NIPA's)

NIPA Methodology Papers: This series documents the conceptual framework of the NIPA's and the methodology used to prepare the estimates.

An Introduction to National Economic Accounting (NIPA Methodology Paper No. 1, 1985) [Also appeared in the March 1985 issue of the SURVEY] Corporate Profits: Profits Before Tax, Profits Tax Liability, and Dividends (NIPA Methodology Paper No. 2, 1985)

Foreign Transactions (NIPA Methodology Paper No. 3, 1987) [Revised version forthcoming]

GNP: An Overview of Source Data and Estimating Methods (NIPA Methodology Paper No. 4, 1987) [Largely superseded by "A Guide to the NIPA's" (March 1998 SURVEY)]

Government Transactions (NIPA Methodology Paper No. 5, 1988)

Personal Consumption Expenditures (NIPA Methodology Paper No. 6, 1990)

The methodologies described in these papers are subject to periodic improvements that are typically introduced as part of the annual and comprehensive revisions of the NIPA's; these improvements are

described in the SURVEY articles that cover these revisions.

"Annual Revision of the U.S. National Income and Product Accounts": This series of Survey articles, the latest of which was published in the August 1998 issue, describes the annual NIPA revisions and the improvements in methodology.

"Completion of the Comprehensive Revision of the National Income and Product Accounts, 1929–96" (May 1997) is the last in a series of Survey articles that describe the most recent comprehensive revision of the NIPA's.

"A Guide to the NIPA'S" (March 1998 SURVEY) provides the definitions of the major NIPA aggregates and components; discusses the measures of real output and prices; explains how production is classified and how the NIPA's are presented; describes the statistical conventions that are used; and lists the principal source data and methods used to prepare the estimates of gross domestic product (GDP).

Information on the sources and methods used to prepare the national estimates of personal income, which provide the basis for the State estimates of personal income, can be found in *State Personal Income*, 1929–93 (1995).

"Gross Domestic Product as a Measure of U.S. Production" (August 1991 SURVEY) briefly explains the difference between GDP and gross national product.

"BEA'S Chain Indexes, Time Series, and Measures of Long-Term Economic Growth" (May 1997) is the most recent in a series of Survey articles that describe the conceptual basis for the chain-type measures of real output and prices used in the NIPA'S.

"Reliability and Accuracy of the Quarterly Estimates of GDP" (October 1993 SURVEY) evaluates GDP estimates by examining the record of revisions in the quarterly estimates.

Availability

Most of the items listed here are available on BEA's Web site at <www.bea.doc.gov>. In addition, see the inside back cover of this issue for the availability of some of the publications.

The Catalog of BEA Products is available on BEA's Web site; a printed copy can be obtained by writing to the Public Information Office, BE-53, Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, DC 20230, or by calling 202-606-9900.

Wealth and related estimates

"Improved Estimates of Fixed Reproducible Tangible Wealth, 1929–95" (May 1997 SURVEY) describes the most recent comprehensive revision of the estimates of fixed reproducible tangible wealth.

Gross product by industry

"Improved Estimates of Gross Product by Industry, 1959–94" (August 1996 SURVEY) describes the most recent comprehensive revision of the estimates of gross product by industry.

"Gross Product by Industry, 1947–96" (November 1997 SURVEY) and "Gross Product by Industry, 1995–97" (November 1998 SURVEY) present the most recent revisions to the estimates of gross product by industry and briefly describe changes in methodology.

Input-output accounts

"Benchmark Input-Output Accounts for the U.S. Economy, 1992" (November 1997 SURVEY) describes the preparation of the 1992 input-output accounts and the concepts and methods underlying the U.S. input-output accounts.

Satellite accounts

Satellite accounts that extend the analytical capacity of the national accounts by focusing on a particular aspect of activity are presented in the following Survey articles.

"Integrated Economic and Environmental Satellite Accounts" and "Accounting for Mineral Resources: Issues and BEA's Initial Estimates" (April 1994)

"A Satellite Account for Research and Development" (November 1994)

"U.S. Transportation Satellite Accounts for 1992" (April 1998)

"U.S. Travel and Tourism Satellite Accounts for 1992" (July 1998)

International

Balance of payments accounts (BPA's)

The Balance of Payments of the United States: Concepts, Data Sources, and Estimating Procedures (1990) describes the methodologies used in preparing the estimates in the BPA's and of the international investment position of the United States. These methodologies are subject to periodic improvements that are typically introduced as part of the annual revisions of the BPA's.

"U.S. International Transactions, Revised Estimates": This series of SURVEY articles, the latest of which was published in the July 1998 issue, describes

the annual BPA revisions and the improvements in methodology.

Direct investment

The coverage, concepts, definitions, and classifications used in the benchmark surveys of U.S. direct investment abroad and of foreign direct investment in the United States are presented in the publications of the final results of the following benchmark surveys.

U.S. Direct Investment Abroad: 1994 Benchmark Survey, Final Results (1998)

Foreign Direct Investment in the United States: 1992 Benchmark Survey, Final Results (1995)

The types of data on direct investment that are collected and published by BEA and the clarifications of the differences between the data sets are presented in the following Survey articles.

"A Guide to BEA Statistics on U.S. Multinational Companies" (March 1995)

"A Guide to BEA Statistics on Foreign Direct Investment in the United States" (February 1990)

Surveys of international services

U.S. International Transactions in Private Services: A Guide to the Surveys Conducted by the Bureau of Economic Analysis (1998) provides information on the 11 surveys that BEA conducts on these transactions—including classifications, definitions, release schedules, and methods used to prepare the estimates—and samples of the survey forms.

Regional

Personal income

State Personal Income, 1929–93 (1995) includes a description of the methodology used to prepare the estimates of State personal income. [Also available on the CD-ROM State Personal Income, 1929–97]

Local Area Personal Income, 1969–92 (1994) includes a description of the methodology used to prepare the estimates of local area personal income. [Also available on the CD-ROM Regional Economic Information System, 1969–96]

Gross state product

"Comprehensive Revision of Gross State Product by Industry, 1977–94" (June 1997 SURVEY) summarizes the sources and methods for BEA's estimates of gross state product.

"Gross State Product by Industry, 1977–96" (June 1998 Survey) presents the most recent revision to the estimates of gross state product by industry and briefly describes changes in methodology.

BEA INFORMATION

The economic information prepared by the Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) is available in news releases, in publications, on diskettes, on CD-ROM's, and on the Internet. For a description of these products in the free *Catalog of Products*, write to the Public Information Office, BE-53, Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, DC 20230, or call 202-606-9900. The catalog and other information are also available on BEA's Web site at <www.bea.doc.gov>.

The free publication U.S. International Transactions in Private Services: A Guide to the Surveys Conducted by the Bureau of Economic Analysis provides information about 11 surveys. For each survey, it details the frequency of the survey, the transactions covered, and the methods used to prepare the estimates that are derived from the survey data; it includes a sample of each survey. To receive your copy, write to Sylvia Bargas, BE-50, Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, DC 20230, or call 202-606-9804.

In addition, the following publications are available from the Superintendent of Documents of the Government Printing Office (GPO). To order, write to Superintendent of Documents, P.O. Box 371954, Pittsburgh, PA 15250-7954, call 202-512-1800 or fax 202-512-2250. Pay by check to the Superintendent of Documents or charge to a GPO deposit account, to Visa, or to MasterCard.

National Income and Product Accounts of the United States, 1929–94. (1998) This two-volume set presents the estimates of the national income and product accounts (NIPA's) that reflect the most recent comprehensive revision and the 1997 annual revision. The text describes the definitions and classifications that underlie the NIPA's and the statistical conventions used in the NIPA's; an appendix lists the principal source data and methods that are used in preparing the estimates. \$58.00, stock no. 003–010–00272–7.

Benchmark Input-Output Accounts of the United States, 1992. (1998) This publication presents the summary and detailed make and use tables for industries and commodities and the total output multipliers for 1992 for the U.S. economy. It includes a discussion of the concepts and classifications underlying the accounts, the methods used to prepare the accounts, and the uses of the accounts. It also includes appendixes that present the measures of output and of the commodity composition of personal consumption expenditures by type and of purchases of producers' durable equipment by type in the national income and product accounts. \$40.00, stock no. 003-010-00275-1.

Regional Multipliers: A User Handbook for the Regional Input-Output Modeling System (RIMS II), Third Edition. (1997) This handbook describes the five types of RIMS II multipliers that are available for nearly 500 industries and for any county or for any group of counties. It details the information that the users need in order to effectively use the RIMS II multipliers to analyze the economic and industrial impact of public and private projects and programs on State and local areas. The handbook also includes case studies that illustrate the uses of the RIMS II multipliers and a description of the methodology that the Bureau of Economic Analysis uses to estimate the multipliers. \$6.00, stock no. 003–010–00264–6.

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Foreign Direct Investment in the United States: Establishment Data for 1992. (1997) This publication, which presents the results of a project by BEA and the Bureau of the Census, provides the most recently available data on the number, employment, payroll, and shipments or sales of foreign-owned U.S. establishments in more than 800 industries at the Standard Industrial Classification four-digit level and by State and by country of owner. Presents additional information—such as data on value added, employee benefits, hourly wage rates of production workers, and expenditures for plant and equipment—for manufacturing establishments. \$28.00, stock no. 003–010–00265–4.

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