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## Survey of Current Business


U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE $\oiint$ ECONOMICS AND STATISTICS ADMINISTRATION BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS


# SURVEY of Current Business 

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Tims issue of the Suryby went to the printer on June 9, i995:
It incorporates data from the following monthly Bfa news releases:
Gross Domestic Product (May 31).
Personal Income and Outlays (June 1), and
Composite Indexes of Leading, Coincident, and Lagging Indicators (June 2):

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Real GDP increased 2.7 percent in the first quarter of 1995, down from a 5.1percent increase in the fourth quarter of 1994. Corporate profits increased $\$ 8.5$ billion after increasing $\$ 4.3$ billion. The Federal Government deficit dropped to $\$ 150.3$ billion, and the State and local government surplus edged up to $\$ 29.7$ billion.

> 36 Pollution Abatement and Control Expenditures, 1993
> Real spending for pollution abatement and control (pAC) increased 4.2 percent in 1993, compared with a 4.7 -percent increase in 1992. Spending continued to increase across all sectors of the economy; the largest increases were in business capital spending ( 5.8 percent) and State and local government purchases (12.0 percent). Spending for air pac and for solid waste disposal each increased about 7 percent, but spending for water PAC decreased.

47 Gross State Product, 1991-92
In 1992, 10 States had increases in real gross state product (GSP) that were at least 2 percentage points above the U.S. average of 2.5 percent; North Dakota and Idaho had increases of over 6 percent. Three States-California, Lousiana, and Alaska-had declines in real Gsp.

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## LOOKING AHEAD

(\% Annual Revision of the U.S. International Transactions Accounts. An article presenting revised estimates of U.S. international transactions and discussing major sources of the revisions will appear in the June Survey. The revisions will extend as far back as 1983 for some series. Selected data will be available as of June 21.
6. Regional Projections of Economic Activity. An article summarizing projected trends in State personal income, employment, population, and gross state product to the year 2005 is scheduled to appear in the July Survey. The article will also briefly discuss the methodology for these State-level projections.

## CONTRACT FOR CYCLICAL INDICATORS

The U.S. Department of Commerce, Economics and Statistics Administration, Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) will be soliciting proposals for a nonexclusive contract to prepare and disseminate bea's cyclical indicators-which consist of the composite indexes of leading, coincident, and lagging indicators and their components. The contractor must have the capacity to produce the cyclical indicators on a monthly schedule using the current components and methods of calculation and to release the indicators freely and openly to the public. The contractor must have an established reputation for quality and integrity in the production of economic statistics and must be able to provide a secure environment to prevent pre-release of the indicators.

The anticipated award date for the contract is September 1, 1995. To request a copy of the solicitation, write to Michael S. Sade, Director of Acquisition Services, нснв Room 6516, U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, DC 20230; or send a facsimile to (202) 482-0546.

## THE BUSINESS SITUATION

This article was prepared by Daniel Larkins, Larry R. Moran, Ralph W. Morris, Joyce M. Northwood, and Deborah Y. Sieff.

$R$eal gross domestic product (GDP) increased 2.7 percent in the first quarter of 1995, according to the "preliminary" estimates of the national income and product accounts (NIPA's). ${ }^{1}$ The "advance" estimates of the nIPA's, reported in the April "Business Situation," showed a 2.8 -percent increase.
Although the revision to GDP growth was small, the revisions to some components of GDP were noteworthy. For example, the preliminary estimate of final sales of domestic product shows a 2.5 -percent increase, considerably more than the advance estimate of a 1.8 -percent increase. The preliminary estimate of inventory investment shows a substantially smaller increase than the advance estimate.
Real gross domestic purchases was revised little; according to the preliminary estimate, it increased 3.6 percent, only o.1 percentage point less than reported a month ago. The fixedweighted price index for gross domestic purchases increased 3.0 percent, 0.2 percentage point more than reported a month ago. (The sources of the revisions are discussed in the section "Revisions.")

1. Quarterly estimates in the NIPA's are expressed at seasonally adjusted annual rates, and quarterly changes are differences between these rates. Quarter-to-quarter percent changes are annualized.

Real, or constant-dollar, estimates are expressed in 1987 dollars and are based on 1987 weights. Estimates based on weights of more recent periods are shown in the section "Alternative measures."

Table 1.-Real Gross Domestic Product, by Major Type of Product
[Seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

|  | Billions of 1987 dollars |  |  |  |  | Percent change from preceding quarter |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Level | Change from preceding quarter |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1994 |  |  | 1995 |
|  |  | 1994 |  |  | 1995 | II | III | IV | 1 |
|  | 1995:1 | 11 | III | IV | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| Gross domestic product ............... | 5,470.0 | 53.0 | 52.9 | 66.8 | 36.2 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 5.1 | 2.7 |
| Goods ..................................... | 2,316.2 | 32.5 | 34.2 | 51.4 | 28.3 | 6.1 | 6.4 | 9.5 | 5.2 |
| Motor vehicles ........................ | 231.9 | -12.2 | 4.8 | 7.1 | -3.4 | -19.2 | 8.9 | 13.0 | -5.7 |
| Other ................................... | 2,084.3 | 44.7 | 29.4 | 44.3 | 32.7 | 9.6 | 6.1 | 9.1 | 6.5 |
| Services .................................... | 2,660.4 | 10.0 | 18.1 | 8.5 | 4.0 | 1.5 | 2.8 | 1.3 | . 6 |
| Structures .................................. | 487.4 | 10.4 | . 7 | 6.9 | 2.9 | 9.2 | . 6 | 5.9 | 2.4 |

[^0]The 2.7-percent increase in real GDP in the first quarter was markedly lower than the increases in the past few quarters (chart 1). The slowdown from the fourth quarter to the first was mostly accounted for by goods; motor vehicle output turned down, and the output of other goods increased less than in the fourth quarter (table 1 ). Output of services and of structures also slowed.

## CHART 1

Real Product:
Change from Preceding Quarter







The 3.6-percent increase in real gross domestic purchases followed an increase of 4.2 percent (table 2). The first-quarter increase reflected increases in nonresidential fixed investment and personal consumption expenditures. Inventory investment was up only a little, while residential investment and government purchases decreased.

Imports and exports account for the difference between GDP (the goods and services produced in the United States) and gross domestic purchases (the goods and services purchased by U.S. residents). In the first quarter, gross domestic
purchases increased more than GDP, as imports increased more than exports.

## Personal consumption expenditures

Real personal consumption expenditures (PCE) increased 1.8 percent in the first quarter after increasing 5.1 percent in the fourth (table 3). Expenditures on durable goods, which turned down, contributed the most to the slowdown. Expenditures on nondurable goods increased somewhat less than in the fourth quarter, and expenditures on services somewhat more.

Table 2.-Real Gross Domestic Product, Real Gross Domestic Purchases, and Real Final Sales to Domestic
Purchasers
[Seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

|  | Billions of 1987 doliars |  |  |  |  | Percent change from preceding quarter |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Level | Change from preceding quarter |  |  |  | 1994 |  |  | 1995 |
|  |  | 1994 |  |  | 1995 | II | III | IV | 1 |
|  | 1995:1 | II | III | IV | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| Gross domestic product .................................................................. | 5,470.0 | 53.0 | 52.9 | 66.8 | 36.2 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 5.1 | 2.7 |
| Less: Exports of goods and services .......................................................... | 702.2 | 24.3 | 22.6 | 31.4 | 4.3 | 16.6 | 14.8 | 20.2 | 2.5 |
| Equals: Gross domestic purchases ................................................... | 5,590.0 | 60.7 | 58.2 | 56.9 | 49.1 | 4.6 | 4.4 | 4.2 | 3.6 |
| Less: Change in business inventories .................................................. | 52.3 | 33.8 | -2.1 | -7.7 | 2.9 | ............. | $\ldots . . . . . . . . .$. | …......... | ............. |
| Equals: Final sales to domestic purchasers ....................................... | 5,537.7 | 26.9 | 60.3 | 64,6 | 46.2 | 2.0 | 4.6 | 4.8 | 3.4 |
| Personal consumption expenditures .................................................. | 3,646.1 | 11.5 | 26.9 | 44.9 | 16.5 | 1.3 | 3.1 | 5.1 | 1.8 |
| Nonresidential fixed investment ........................................................ | 742.3 | 14.3 | 22.1 | 28.2 | 34.1 | 9.2 | 14.1 | 17.6 | 20.7 |
| Residential investment .................................................................... | 230.0 | 3.9 | -3.6 | 1.3 | -1.5 | 7.0 | -6.0 | 2.3 | -2.6 |
| Government purchases ................................................................... | 919.4 | -2.8 | 14.9 | -9.8 | -2.8 | -1.2 | 6.7 | -4.1 | -1.2 |

NOTE.-Dollar levels are found in NIPA tables 1.2 and 1.6. Percent changes are found in table 8.1.

Table 3.-Real Personal Consumption Expenditures
[Seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

|  | Billions of 1987 doliars |  |  |  |  | Percent change from preceding quarter |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Level | Change from preceding quarter |  |  |  | 1994 |  |  | 1995 |
|  |  | 1994 |  |  | 1995 | II | 111 | IV | 1 |
|  | 1995:1 | II | III | IV | I |  |  |  |  |
| Personal consumption expenditures ................................................... | 3,646.1 | 11.5 | 26.9 | 44.9 | 16.5 | 1.3 | 3.1 | 5.1 | 1.8 |
| Durable goods | 549.1 | . 5 | 7.4 | 25.2 | -5.7 | . 4 | 5.8 | 20.4 | -4.0 |
| Motor vehicles and parts ........................................................... | 202.7 | -8.4 | -3.3 | 9.9 | -9.2 | -14.8 | -6.3 | 21.1 | -16.3 |
| New autos ........................................................................................................................................... | 75.7 | -1.8 | -4.9 | 5.4 | -8.6 | -8.1 | -21.4 | 30.3 | -35.0 |
| New trucks | 45.9 | -2.4 | -2.7 | 5.9 | -2.6 | -18.7 | -21.8 | 68.0 | -19.8 |
| Other ... | 81.1 | -4.2 | 4.3 | -1.4 | 2.0 | -19.3 | 24.6 | -6.8 | 10.5 |
| Furniture and household equipment ............................................... | 256.2 | 6.6 | 9.2 | 12.8 | 1.7 | 12.2 | 16.8 | 22.9 | 2.7 |
| Other ........................................................................................ | 90.1 | 2.4 | 1.6 | 2.4 | 1.7 | 12.2 | 7.8 | 11.6 | 7.9 |
| Nondurable goods ......................................................................... | 1,129.0 | 6.0 | 9.1 | 8.5 | 7.1 | 2.2 | 3.3 | 3.1 | 2.6 |
| Food ....................................................................................... | 541.2 | 4.2 | -. 4 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 3.2 | -. 3 | 2.1 | 2.0 |
| Clothing and shoes ................................................................................. | 216.9 | 1.1 | 5.3 | 6.2 | . 5 | 2.2 | 10.8 | 12.3 | . 9 |
|  | 101.9 | -1.4 | 1.6 | -. 4 | 2.6 | -5.5 | 6.7 | -1.6 | 10.9 |
| Other ..................................................................................... | 269.1 | 2.0 | 2.7 | -. 2 | 1.5 | 3.1 | 4.1 | -. 3 | 2.3 |
| Services ...................................................................................... | 1,968.0 | 5.1 | 10.4 | 11.1 | 15.1 | 1.1 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 3.1 |
| Housing .................................................................................... | 507.4 | 2.3 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 1.9 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 1.9 |
| Household operation .................................................................. | 230.1 | . 4 | -1.0 | -1.0 | 3.0 | . 7 | -1.7 | -1.7 | 5.4 |
| Energy ${ }^{2}$............................................................................... | 96.6 | -. 9 | -3.0 | -2.7 | 2.1 | -3.5 | -11.4 | -10.7 | 9.2 |
| Other household operation ...................................................... | 133.5 | 1.2 | 2.0 | 1.7 | . 9 | 3.8 | 6.4 | 5.3 | 2.7 |
| Transportation ........................................................................... | 137.1 | . 9 | . 6 | 3.3 | 1.4 | 2.8 | 1.8 | 10.3 | 4.2 |
| Medical care ................................................................................. | 486.8 | 4.2 | 3.6 | 3.4 | 2.4 | 3.6 | 3.1 | 2.9 | 2.0 |
| Other ...................................................................................... | 606.6 | -2.8 | 4.6 | 3.0 | 5.9 | -1.9 | 3.1 | 2.0 | 4.0 |
| 1. Gasoline and oil, and fuel oil and coal. <br> 2. Electricily and gas. |  |  | levels 8.6, re | found ctively. | NIPA table cent chang | 2.3. New aulo in major a | and truck egates : |  | are found 8.1. |

The below-average growth in consumer spending is not easily explained by the factors usually associated with PCE (chart 2). Real disposable personal income posted a strong increase, 4.5 percent, though not as strong as the 7.5 -percent increase in the fourth quarter. The unemployment rate edged down to 5.5 percent from 5.6 percent. The Index of Consumer Sentiment (prepared by the University of Michigan's Survey Research Center) increased for the second consecutive quarter after declining in the two preceding quarters.

Expenditures for durable goods decreased 4.0 percent-the first decrease in more than 3 yearsafter jumping 20.4 percent. The downturn was mainly accounted for by motor vehicles and parts and by furniture and household equipment. Motor vehicles and parts fell 16.3 percent after jumping 21.1 percent, reflecting a sharp drop in expenditures for new autos and trucks; net purchases of used autos and expenditures for tires, accessories, and parts increased in the first quar-

## CHART 2

## Selected Factors

Affecting Consumer Spending
Percent cianze







ter. Furniture and household equipment slowed to a 2.7 -percent increase from a 22.9 -percent increase.

Expenditures for nondurable goods increased 2.6 percent after increasing 3.1 percent. Clothing and shoes, which increased 0.9 percent after increasing 12.3 percent, accounted for the slowdown. Food increased 2.0 percent, about the same as in the fourth quarter. Energy and "other" nondurable goods increased after decreasing.

Expenditures for services increased 3.1 percent after increasing 2.3 percent. The step-up was accounted for by energy and "other" services. Energy increased 9.2 percent after decreasing 10.7 percent, primarily reflecting a sharp pickup in expenditures for electricity and gas that resulted from the return to more normal temperatures after warmer-than-normal temperatures in the fourth quarter. "Other" services increased 4.0 percent after increasing 2.0 percent, mainly reflecting an upturn in net foreign travel expenditures and a step-up in expenditures for brokerage and investment counseling. Housing increased 1.9 percent, the same as in the fourth quarter. Transportation, medical care, and "other" household operations increased less than in the fourth quarter; in transportation, the slowdown reflected a smaller increase in air travel.

## Nonresidential fixed investment

Real nonresidential fixed investment increased 20.7 percent in the first quarter after increasing 17.6 percent in the fourth (table 4). Both structures and producers' durable equipment stepped up.

Factors that affect investment spending were generally favorable in the first quarter, except for real final sales of domestic product, which increased less than half as much as in the fourth quarter. Profits posted a fourth consecutive quarterly increase, and cash flow increased for the fourth time in five quarters. The capacity utilization rate in manufacturing continued its uptrend, increasing 0.4 percentage point to 84.9 percent. Borrowing costs-as measured by the yield on new high-grade corporate bondswere unchanged after four consecutive quarterly increases.

Structures increased 14.3 percent after increasing 11.0 percent. Nonresidential buildings increased; both industrial and commercial buildings were up about as much as in the fourth quarter. Mining exploration, shafts, and wellsmainly oilwell drilling-increased after a de-
crease. Construction by utilities changed little after increasing.
Producers' durable equipment increased 22.5 percent after increasing 19.6 percent. The firstquarter increase was spread across all major categories of equipment. In information processing equipment, computers increased sharply, though not so sharply as in the fourth quarter. Most of the increase in transportation equipment was accounted for by aircraft; an increase in trucks and a decrease in autos were largely offsetting. In industrial equipment, the biggest increase was registered by special industry machinery.

## Residential investment

Real residential investment decreased 2.6 percent in the first quarter after increasing 2.3 percent in the fourth. The downturn was accounted for by "other" residential investment, which decreased after increasing. Multifamily structures increased strongly again, and single-family structures decreased slightly less in the first quarter than in the fourth.

Single-family construction decreased 8.3 percent after decreasing 8.7 percent. Single-family construction in a quarter is largely determined by single-family housing starts in that quarter and in the preceding quarter. Therefore, construction in the first quarter of 1995 reflected starts in that quarter and in the fourth quarter of 1994.

In these two quarters, single-family starts averaged 1.11 million units (seasonally adjusted annual rate), down from an average of 1.21 million units in the third and fourth quarters of 1994 (chart 3).
Multifamily construction increased 44.4 percent after increasing 55.0 percent. The firstquarter increase was the fifth in succession; since the fourth quarter of 1993 , multifamily construction has increased at a compound annual rate of


Table 4.—Real Gross Private Domestic Fixed Investment
[Seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

|  | Billions of 1987 dollars |  |  |  |  | Percent change from preceding quarter |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Level | Change from preceding quarter |  |  |  | 1994 |  |  | 1995 |
|  |  | 1994 |  |  | 1995 | II | III | IV | 1 |
|  | 1995:1 | II | iil | IV | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| Gross private domestic fixed investment ............................................. | 972.3 | 18.3 | 18.5 | 29.5 | 32.6 | 8.6 | 8.6 | 13.6 | 14.6 |
| Nonresidential .............................................................................. | 742.3 | 14.3 | 22.1 | 28.2 | 34.1 | 9.2 | 14.1 | 17.6 | 20.7 |
| Structures ................................................................................ | 160.9 | 6.9 | . 6 | 4.0 | 5.3 | 20.6 | 1.6 | 11.0 | 14.3 |
| Nonresidential buildings, including farm ........................................ | 113.8 | 6.2 | -. 3 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 27.4 | -1.1 | 17.8 | 16.7 |
| Utilities ............................................................................... | 30.8 | . 6 | .7 | 1.0 | . 1 | 8.7 | 10.0 | 14.2 | 1.3 |
| Mining exploration, shafts, and wells ............................................ | 9.4 | . 2 | -. 5 | -. 8 | . 9 | 8.6 | -18.9 | -30.2 | 49.6 |
| Other .................................................................................... | 7.0 | -. 1 | . 5 | -. 5 | . 2 | -5.7. | 32.8 | -24.7 | 12.3 |
| Producers' durable equipment ....................................................... | 581.4 | 7.5 | 21.5 | 24.2 | 28.8 | 6.1 | 18.1 | 19.6 | 22.5 |
| Information processing and related equipment .............................. | 283.6 | 9.0 | 9.0 | 18.7 | 13.7 | 16.4 | 15.7 | 33.3 | 21.9 |
| Computers and peripheral equipment ...................................... | 155.5 | 3.1 | 4.8 | 11.4 | 9.0 | 10.1 | 15.6 | 38.3 | 26.9 |
| Other .............................................................................. | 128.1 | 5.8 | 4.3 | 7.3 | 4.7 | 23.7 | 16.3 | 27.6 | 16.1 |
| Industrial equipment ............................................................... | 98.5 | 2.5 | 3.2 | 1.5 | 4.9 | 12.1 | 15.2 | 6.7 | 22.6 |
| Transportation and related equipment ........................................ | 109.4 | -6.2 | 6.8 | 4.3 | 6.0 | -22.9 | 32.9 | 18.5 | 25.3 |
| Motor vehicles .................................................................. | 93.5 | -3.9 | 5.8 | 3.1 | . 3 | -16.5 | 30.5 | 14.5 | 1.3 |
| Other .............................................................................. | 15.9 | -2.3 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 5.7 | -63.6 | 60.2 | 65.0 | 490.5 |
| Other ................................................................................... | 89.8 | 2.3 | 2.5 | -. 4 | 4.1 | 11.8 | 12.5 | -1.8 | 20.6 |
| Residential | 230.0 | 3.9 | -3.6 |  | -1.5 | 7.0 | -6.0 | 2.3 | -2.6 |
| Single-family structures | 118.4 | 2.5 | -3.8 | -2.8 | -2.6 | 8.2 | -11.4 | -8.7 | -8.3 |
| Multifamily structures ................................................................. | 14.8 | 1.3 | . 8 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 63.0 | 31.5 | 55.0 | 44.4 |
| Other ......................................................................................................... | 96.7 | . 2 | -. 6 | 2.6 | -. 3 | . 8 | -2.5 | 11.5 | -1.2 |

46.2 percent. This growth over the past five quarters occurred despite a rental vacancy rate that hovered in the relatively high (and narrow) range of 7.2 percent to 7.5 percent.
"Other" residential investment decreased 1.2 percent after increasing 11.5 percent. The decrease was more than accounted for by brokers' commissions, which dropped as a result of a reduction in house sales. Sales of new and existing residences decreased 210,000 units (seasonally adjusted annual rate). The sales decrease occurred despite a decrease-the first in five quarters-in the mortgage commitment rate; the rate on $30-$ year fixed-rate loans decreased 29 basis points to 8.81 percent (chart 4).


## Inventory investment

Real inventory investment-that is, the change in business inventories-increased $\$ 2.9$ billion in the first quarter, as inventory accumulation increased to $\$ 52.3$ billion from $\$ 49.4$ billion (table 5 ). In contrast, inventory investment decreased $\$ 7.7$ billion in the fourth quarter.

Nonfarm inventories increased $\$ 49.8$ billion in the first quarter, the fourth consecutive quarter of substantial accumulation. Most of the accumulation in the first quarter was by establishments that primarily sell durable goods. In manufacturing, the accumulation was accounted for by the electronic and industrial equipment industry. In retail trade, most of the accumulation was by auto dealers. In wholesale trade, the accumulation was more widespread; the largest accumulations were by wholesalers dealing in motor vehicles and parts, in electrical goods, and in machinery, equipment, and supplies.
Farm inventories increased $\$ 2.5$ billion after increasing $\$ 7.7$ billion. Inventories of crops increased less than in the fourth quarter, and inventories of livestock decreased slightly after an increase.
The constant-dollar ratio of nonfarm inventories to all final sales of domestic businesses moved up to 2.49 in the first quarter from 2.47 in the fourth. A ratio in which final sales are limited to goods and structures shows much the same picture; it moved up to 4.24 from 4.23. Despite these increases, both ratios remained low by historical standards.

Table 5.-Change in Real Business Inventories
[Billions of 1987 dollars; seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

|  | Level |  |  |  |  | Change from preceding quarter |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1994 |  |  |  | 1995 | 1994 |  |  | 1995 |
|  | 1 | 11 | III | IV | 1 | 11 | III | IV | 1 |
| Change in business inventories ....................................................... | 25.4 | 59.2 | 57.1 | 49.4 | 52.3 | 33.8 | -2.1 | -7.7 | 2.9 |
| Farm ... | 3.3 | 7.5 | 9.7 | 7.7 | 2.5 | 4.2 | 2.2 | -2.0 | -5.2 |
| Nonfarm ...................................................................................... | 22.1 | 51.7 | 47.4 | 41.7 | 49.8 | 29.6 | -4.3 | -5.7 | 8.1 |
| Manufacturing ............................................................................... | 9.9 | 17.7 | 4.5 | 4.1 | 14.1 | -9.2 | 3.8 | -. 4 | 10.0 |
| Wholesale trade ......................................................................... | -1.0 | 17.7 | 16.9 | 15.8 | 21.0 | 18.7 | -. 8 | -1.1 | 5.2 |
| Retail trade ............................................................................. | 2.0 | 22.3 | 19.9 | 15.6 | 9.6 | 20.3 | -2.4 | -4.3 | -6.0 |
| Automotive ............................................................................ | 2.5 | -1.9 | 7.9 | 11.8 | 8.5 | -4.4 | 9.8 | 3.9 | -3.3 |
| Other retail trade ........................................................................ | -. 5 | 24.2 | 12.0 | 3.8 | 1.1 | 24.7 | -12.2 | -8.2 | -2.7 |
| Other ...................................................................................... | 11.3 | 11.0 | 6.1 | 6.2 | 5.1 | $-.3$ | -4.9 | . 1 | -1.1 |
| Addenda: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicles ............................................................................. | -1.9 | 3.5 | 7.9 | 11.0 | 13.6 | 5.4 | 4.4 | 3.1 | 2.6 |
| Nonfarm less motor vehicles \%.......................................................... | 24.0 | 48.2 | 39.5 | 30.7 | 36.2 | 24.2 | -8.7 | -8.8 | 5.5 |

NOTE.-Doliar levels for change in real business inventories are found in NIPA table 5.11. Motor
vehicles are found in tables 8.4 (autos) and 8.6 (trucks).

## Exports and imports of goods and services

Real exports increased 2.5 percent in the first quarter after increasing 20.2 percent in the fourth. Real imports increased 8.8 percent after increasing 11.4 percent (table 6).

Exports of goods increased 4.3 percent after increasing 24.6 percent. After very strong fourthquarter increases, exports of agricultural products turned down, and exports of nonagricultural products slowed sharply. Two-thirds of the slowdown in nonagricultural exports was accounted for by exports of nonautomotive capital goods; exports of civilian aircraft turned down, and exports of computers increased much less than in the fourth quarter. Most of the rest of the slowdown in nonagricultural exports was accounted for by nonautomotive consumer goods, which decreased after an increase. Exports of services turned down.
Imports of goods increased 8.0 percent after increasing 13.2 percent. The slowdown was more than accounted for by imports of nonautomotive capital goods, mainly computers. In contrast,
auto imports increased more than in the fourth quarter, and imports of petroleum and petroleum products decreased only a little after a very large decrease. Imports of services increased sharply after little change.

## Government purchases

Real government purchases decreased 1.2 percent in the first quarter after decreasing 4.1 percent in the fourth (table 7). Federal Government purchases decreased much less than in the fourth quarter, and State and local government purchases slowed.
Federal defense purchases decreased 7.3 percent after decreasing 21.8 percent. The smaller firstquarter decrease mainly reflected an upturn in purchases of military equipment. First-quarter decreases in the purchases of nondurable goods and of services were comparable to the decreases in the fourth quarter. Within services, compensation of employees decreased for the 16th consecutive quarter. (Compensation primar-

Table 6.-Real Exports and Imports of Goods and Services
[Seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

|  | Billions of 1987 dollars |  |  |  |  | Percent change from preceding quarter |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Level | Change from preceding quarter |  |  |  | 1994 |  |  | 1995 |
|  |  | 1994 |  |  | 1995 | 1 | III | IV | 1 |
|  | 1995:1 | H | III | N | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| Exports of goods and services ...................................................... | 702.2 | 24.3 | 22.6 | 31.4 | 4.3 | 16.6 | 14.8 | 20.2 | 2.5 |
|  | 539.3 | 20.2 | 20.5 | 28.5 | 5.7 | 18.6 | 18.0 | 24.6 | 4.3 |
| Agriculural products .................................................................. | 45.7 | . 9 | 3.2 | 5.2 | -. 2 | 10.2 | 38.8 | 61.8 | -1.7 |
| Nonagricultural products .............................................................. | 493.6 | 19.3 | 17.3 | 23.2 | 6.0 | 19.3 | 16.4 | 21.5 | 5.0 |
| Senices ............................................................................ | 162.9 | 4.0 | 2.1 | 3.0 | -1.4 | 10.7 | 5.4 | 7.6 | -3.4 |
| Imports of goods and services ..... | 822.2 | 32.0 | 27.9 | 21.5 | 17.2 | 18.9 | 15.6 | 11.4 | 8.8 |
|  | 709.5 | 33.1 | 26.3 | 21.3 | 13.6 | 23.3 | 17.2 | 13.2 | 8.0 |
| Petroleum and products ............................................................ | 56.4 | 3.8 | 4.0 | -7.2 | $-.7$ | 29.7 | 29.3 | $-37.8$ | -4.8 |
| Nonpetroleum products .............................................................. | 653.1 | 29.3 | 22.4 | 28.6 | 14.2 | 22.7 | 16.1 | 20.1 | 9.2 |
| Sevices ................................................................................... | 112.7 | -1.1 | 1.5 | . 2 | 3.6 | -4.0 | 5.7 | . 7 | 13.9 |
| Addendum: Net exports of goods and services ................................... | -120.0 | -7.8 | -5.2 | 9.9 | -12.9 |  |  | ....... |  |

NoTE-Doliar levels are found in NIPA tables 4.2 and 4.4, and percent changes in major ag-
gregates are found in table 8.1.
Table 7.-Real Government Purchases
[Seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

|  | Billions of 1987 dollars |  |  |  |  | Percent change from preceding quarter |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Level | Change from preceding quartier |  |  |  | 1994 |  |  | 1995 |
|  |  | 1994 |  |  | 1995 | 11 | III | IV | 1 |
|  | 1995:1 | 11 | III | IV | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| Government purchases .......................................................................... | 919.4 | -2.8 | 14.9 | -9.8 | -2.8 | -1.2 | 6.7 | -4.1 | -1.2 |
| Federal .................................................................................................. | 326.9 | -7.0 | 8.8 | -13.1 | -3.5 | -7.9 | 10.9 | -14.4 | -4.2 |
| National defense | ${ }^{2115.0}$ | -2.4 -4.5 | 6.9 1.8 | $\begin{array}{r}-13.9 \\ \hline 8 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$ | -4.1 | -4.10 | 12.8 6.8 | -21.8 2.9 | -7.3 1.8 |
| State and local .............................................................................. | 592.5 | 4.1 | 6.1 | 3.3 | . 7 | 2.9 | 4.3 | 2.3 | . 5 |
| Stuctures .............................................................................. | 90.2 | 1.7 | 2.5 | $1: 1$ | -1.5 | 8.1 | 11.8 | 4.9 | -6.4 |
|  | 502.3 | 2.4 | 3.6 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 2.9 | 1.8 | 1.8 |

Note.-Dollar tevels are found in NIPA table 3.8B, and percent changes are found in table 8.1.
ily reflects the number of military and civilian personnel in the Department of Defense.)

Federal nondefense purchases increased 1.8 percent after increasing 2.9 percent. The slowdown was more than accounted for by purchases of structures, which decreased after a sharp increase.

State and local government purchases increased 0.5 percent after increasing 2.3 percent. The slowdown was more than accounted for by structures, which decreased after three consecutive increases; most types of structures contributed to the decrease, but a decrease in highway construction was especially large.

## Revisions

The preliminary estimate of a 2.7 -percent increase in real GDP in the first quarter is 0.1 percentage point lower than the advance estimate (table 8). Preliminary estimates of the increases in the fixed-weighted price indexes for gross domestic purchases ( 3.0 percent) and for GDP ( 3.3 percent) are 0.2 percentage point higher than the advance estimates.

The small downward revision to real GDP was mainly the result of a downward revision to inventory investment that was largely offset by upward revisions to PCE and to residential and nonresidential fixed investment. The revision to inventory investment reflected the incorporation of the following revised or newly available source data:

- Newly available data on end-of-quarter inventory prices (producer price indexes for April) from the Bureau of Labor Statistics;
- Revised data for February and newly available data for March on the book value of inventories in manufacturing and trade from the Census Bureau;
- Revised seasonal factors for December 1994 from the Census Bureau; and
- Newly available data on livestock inventories from the Department of Agriculture.

The upward revision to personal consumption expenditures reflected the incorporation of revised data on retail sales for February and March. The upward revision to residential fixed investment reflected the incorporation of revised (February) and newly available (March) data on the value of new construction put in place from the Census Bureau. The upward revision to nonresidential fixed investment was concentrated in producers' durable equipment and reflected the incorporation of Census Bureau data for March
on manufacturers' shipments of capital goods (revised) and on imports and exports of capital goods (newly available).

Net exports-a component of GDP that sometimes undergoes substantial revision-was revised little this month, as exports and imports were revised up by nearly equal amounts. For both exports and imports, the revisions mainly reflected the incorporation of newly available Census Bureau data for March on trade in goods.

## Alternative measures

The chain-type annual-weighted alternative measure of real GDP increased 1.7 percent in the first quarter, 1.0 percentage point less than the featured fixed-1987-weighted measure; the

Table 8.—Revisions to Real Gross Domestic Product and Prices, First Quarter 1995
[Seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

|  | Percent change from preceding quarter |  | Preliminany estimate minus advance estimate |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Advance estimate | Preliminary estimate | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percent- } \\ \text { age } \\ \text { points } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Billions of } \\ 1987 \\ \text { dollars } \end{gathered}$ |
| Gross domestic product .................................................. | 2.8 | 2.7 | -0.1 | -1.7 |
| Less: Exports of goods and services $\qquad$ Goods Services $\qquad$ | -.6 .6 -4.3 | 2.5 4.3 -3.4 | 3.1 3.7 .9 | 5.3 4.9 .4 |
| Plus: Imports of goods and services $\qquad$ <br> Goods <br> Services $\qquad$ | 5.9 5.0 11.5 | 8.8 8.0 13.9 | 2.9 3.0 2.4 | 5.6 5.0 .6 |
| Equals: Gross domestic purchases ................................. | 3.7 | 3.6 | -. 1 | -1.4 |
| Personal consumption expenditures ..................................... | 1.4 | 1.8 | . 4 | 4.1 |
| Durable goods ........................................................... | -4.7 | -4.0 | . 7 | . 9 |
| Nondurable goods ....................................................... | 1.5 | 2.6 | 1.1 | 3.0 |
| Services ................................................................... | 3.1 | 3.1 | 0 | . 1 |
| Fixed investment | 12.5 | 14.6 | 2.1 | 4.5 |
| Nonresidential ................................................................................... | 19.3 | 20.7 | 1.4 | 2.2 |
| Structures ...... | 14.1 | 14.3 | 2 | . 1 |
| Producers' durable equipment .................................. | 20.8 | 22.5 | 1.7 | 2.1 |
| Residential ............................................................... | -6.6 | -2.6 | 4.0 | 2.4 |
| Change in business inventories ....................................... | ............... | ................ | ............... | -10.7 |
| Nonfarm ................................................................ | ............... | ............... | ............... | -8.5 |
| Farm ...................................................................... | ......... | $\cdots$ | . | -2.2 |
| Government purchases ..................................................... | -1.6 | -1.2 | .4 | . 8 |
| Federal ..................................................................... | -4.6 | -4.2 | . 4 | . 4 |
| National defense ...................................................... | -7.1 | -7.3 | -. 2 | -. 1 |
| Nondefense ............................................................ | . 4 | 1.8 | 1.4 | . 4 |
| State and local ............................................................ | . 2 | . 5 | . 3 | . 4 |
| Addenda: |  |  |  |  |
| Final sales of domestic product ................................... | 1.8 | 2.5 | . 7 | 9.0 |
| Gross domestic purchases price index(fixed weights) ${ }^{1}$......... | 2.8 | 3.0 | . 2 |  |
| GDP price index (fixed weights) ${ }^{1}$..................................... | 3.1 | 3.3 | . 2 | .............. |

1. Based on 1987 weights.

NoTE.-Preliminary estimates for the first quarter of 1995 incorporate the following revised or additional major source data that were not available when the advance estimates were prepared a month ago.
Personal consumption expenditures: Revised retail sales for February and March, and consumers' share of new car purchases for March.
Nonresidential fixed investment: Construction put in place for January and February (revised) and March, revised manufacturers' shipments of machinery and equipment for February and March, and business' share of new car purchases for March. Residential investment: Construction put in place for January and February (revised) and March.
Change in business inventories: Marufacturing and trade inventories for February (revised) and March, and revised unit inventories of motor vehicles for March.
Net exports of goods and services: Exports and imports of goods for March
Govermment purchases: Federal outlays for March, State and local construction put in place for February (revised) and March, and State and local government employment for February and March (revised).

Wages and salaries: Revised employment, average hourly eamings, and average weekly hours for February and March.
GDP prices: Detailed merchandise export and import price indexes for January through March, values and quantities of petroleum mports for March, and housing prices for the quarter.

Table 9.-Fixed-Weighted and Alternative Quantity and Price Indexes
[Percent change at annual rates; based on seasonally adjusted index numbers (1987=100)

|  | 1994 |  |  | 1995 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | II | III | IV | 1 |
| Gross domestic product: |  |  |  |  |
| Quantity indexes: |  |  |  |  |
| Fixed 1987 weights ........................... | 4.1 | 4.0 | 5.1 | 2.7 |
| Chain-type annual weights ................... | 4.2 | 3.6 | 4.0 | 1.7 |
| Benchmark-years weights .................... | 4.1 | 3.6 | 4.1 | 1.9 |
| Price indexes: |  |  |  |  |
| Fixed 1987 weights .......................... | 2.9 | 3.0 | 2.6 | 3.3 |
| Chain-type annual weights .................. | 2.7 | 2.8 | 2.5 | 3.3 |
| Benchmark-years weights ................... | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 3.3 |
| Gross domestic purchases: |  |  |  |  |
| Price indexes: |  |  |  |  |
| Fixed 1987 weights .......................... | 3.2 | 3.5 | 2.6 | 3.0 |
| Chain-type annual weights .................. | 3.1 | 3.2 | 2.4 | 2.9 |
| Benchmark-years weights .................... | 3.1 | 3.2 | 2.5 | 2.9 | 7.1 and 7.2 .

benchmark-years-weighted alternative measure increased 1.9 percent (table 9). About 75 percent of the difference between the increases in the alternative measures and the increase in the fixedweighted measure was accounted for by a strong increase in purchases of computers, a product whose prices have decreased steadily since 1987. The alternative measures had also increased about 1 percentage point less than the fixed-weighted measure in the fourth quarter; about 60 percent of the difference was due to an increase in purchases of computers.
Both of the alternative price indexes for gross domestic purchases increased 2.9 percent in the first quarter, slightly less than the increase in the featured fixed-weighted measure. In the fourth quarter, the alternative measures had also increased slightly less than the fixed-weighted measure.
The preliminary estimate of the increase in the chain-type measure of real GDP is 0.4 percentage point less than the advance estimate published last month; the preliminary estimate of the increase in the benchmark-years measure is 0.3 percentage point less. For prices of gross domestic purchases, the chain-type measure was revised up 0.2 percentage point, and the benchmark-years measure was revised up 0.1 percentage point.

## Corporate Profits

Profits from current production increased $\$ 8.5$ billion in the first quarter of 1995 after increasing $\$ 4.3$ billion in the fourth quarter of 1994 (table 10). ${ }^{2}$

[^1]The first-quarter increase was accounted for by domestic operations of financial corporations and by profits from the rest of the world. Profits from domestic operations of nonfinancial corporations, in contrast, decreased; real product of these corporations increased, but profits per unit dipped as unit costs rose more than unit prices.

Cash flow from current production, a profitsrelated measure of internally generated funds available for investment, increased $\$ 8.1$ billion after decreasing $\$ 3.3$ billion. The ratio of cash flow to nonresidential fixed investment is an indicator of the share of current level of investment that could be financed by internally generated funds. In the first quarter, this ratio decreased to 75.2 percent; the decrease was the sixth in succession and reflected the continued strong growth of investment.
sumption adjustment (ccadj); it is shown in NIPA tables 1.14, 1.16, and 6.16C as "corporate profits with IVa and ccadj."

Table 10.-Corporate Profits
[Seasonally adjusted at annual rates]


Related measures.-Industry profits increased $\$ 9.4$ billion after increasing $\$ 2.9$ billion. ${ }^{3}$ Profits of financial industries increased $\$ 7.0$ billion after decreasing $\$ 5.4$ billion; the increase appears to have been spread across commercial banks, Federal Reserve banks, and property/casualty insurance carriers. ${ }^{4}$ Profits of nonfinancial industries decreased $\$ 5.1$ billion after increasing $\$ 9.0$ billion; decreases appear to have been widespread in manufacturing and were evident also in trade and in the transportation and public utilities group. In contrast, profits of "other" nonfinancial corporations, such as construction and services, increased. Profits from the rest of the world increased $\$ 7.5$ billion after decreasing $\$ 0.6$ billion. This component of profits measures receipts of profits from foreign affiliates of U.S. corporations less payments of profits by U.S. affiliates of foreign corporations. Receipts increased much more than payments in the first quarter.
Profits before tax increased $\$ 16.0$ billion, almost twice as much as profits from current production. The difference between the two measures mainly reflects an increase in inventory profits, which are included in profits before tax and which are recorded (with the sign reversed) in the NIPA's as the inventory valuation adjustment.

## Government Sector

The fiscal position of the government sector improved in the first quarter of 1995 , as the combined deficit of the Federal Government and of State and local governments decreased $\$ 11.7$ billion, to $\$ 120.6$ billion (table 11). This turnaround was largely the result of an improvement in the Federal Government deficit.

## Federal

The Federal Government deficit fell $\$ 10.8$ billion, to $\$ 150.3$ billion, in the first quarter after increasing $\$ 7.1$ billion in the fourth quarter and $\$ 8.9$ billion in the third. The improvement reflected both an acceleration in receipts and a deceleration in expenditures.

Receipts.-Receipts increased $\$ 28.3$ billion in the first quarter after increasing $\$ 20.0$ billion in the fourth. The acceleration was more than accounted for by personal tax and nontax receipts and by contributions for social insurance.

[^2]Personal tax and nontax receipts increased $\$ 16.4$ billion after increasing $\$ 7.3$ billion. Net nonwithheld personal income taxes increased $\$ 10.3$ billion after decreasing $\$ 0.5$ billion. This upturn was largely a result of provisions of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1993 that deferred some 1994 liabilities until 1995. These changes included the addition of a fourth tax bracket and a 10-percent surtax on high incomes. Withheld personal income taxes increased $\$ 6.3$

## Table 11.-Government Sector Receipts and Expenditures [Bilions of dollars, seasonally adiusted]

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Level } \\ & 1995: 1 \end{aligned}$ | Change from preceding quarter |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1994 |  |  |  | 1995 |
|  |  | 1 | 11 | III | IV | 1 |
| Government sector |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Receipts | 2,207.8 | 31.1 | 55.4 | 17.0 | 32.1 | 36.8 |
| Expenditures ........................................................... | 2,328.4 | -3.4 | 22.4 | 29.0 | 34.3 | 25.1 |
| Surplus or deficit (-) ............................................ | -120.6 | 34.5 | 33.0 | -12.0 | -2.2 | 11.7 |
| Social insurance funds ............................................. | 138.0 | 9.6 | 4.3 | 0 | 1.2 | 17.4 |
| Other ................................................................................. | -258.6 | 24.9 | 28.6 | - 11.9 | -3.4 | $-5.7$ |
| Federal Government |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Receipts .......................................................... | 1,437.1 | 23.9 | 43.2 | 8.1 | 20.0 | 28.3 |
| Personal tax and nontax receipts ................................ | 590.6 | 13.4 | 20.9 | -4.2 | 7.3 | 16.4 |
| Corporate profits tax accruals .................................... | 182.1 | -6.0 | 14.5 | 6.1 | 5.7 | 4.0 |
| Indirect business tax and nontax accruals .................... | 89.1 | -0.3 | 0 | 1.5 | 0 | -2.8 |
| Contributions for social insurance ................................ | 575.3 | 16.8 | 7.9 | 4.6 | 7.0 | 10.7 |
| Expenditures ................................................... | 1,587.4 | -20.0 | 12.2 | 16.9 | 27.1 | 17.5 |
| Purchases | 433.6 | -2.0 | -2.7 | 9.2 | -12.4 | 1.7 |
| National defense ................................................ | 283.8 | -7.4 | 0 | 8.8 | -15.2 | -1.5 |
| Nondefense | 149.8 | 5.4 | -2.6 | . 3 | 2.8 | 3.2 |
| Transfer payments (net) ........................................... | 705.7 | -2.6 | 4.7 | 6.8 | 16.2 | 6.5 |
| To persons ........................................................ | 685.2 | 10.1 | 3.6 | 5.0 | 6.0 | 20.7 |
| To rest of the word ............................................. | 10.5 | -12.7 | 1.1 | 1.7 | 10.3 | -14.2 |
| Grants-in-aid to State and local govemments ................ | 211.0 | -7.0 | 4.4 | 5.9 | 5.2 | 5.5 |
| Net interest paid ............................... | 210.0 | -4.2 | 9.5 | 5.6 | 9.1 | 6.5 |
| Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises | 27.1 | -4.2 | $-3.8$ | -10.4 | 8.9 | -2.7 |
| Subsidies .......................................................... | 36.2 | -3.9 | -3.1 | -8.7 | 8.3 | 2.0 |
| Of whict: Agricultural subsidies .......................... | 8.5 | -4.9 | -3.4 | -8.4 | 8.3 | $-3$ |
| Less: Current surplus of government enterprises ......... | 9.1 | . 3 | . 7 | 1.7 | -. 6 | 4.7 |
| Less: Wage accruals less disbursements ..................... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Surplus or deficit ( - ) ........................................ | -150.3 | 43.9 | 31.1 | -8.9 | -7.1 | 10.8 |
| Social insurance funds '............................................. | 72.9 | 10.0 | 4.2 | . 6 | 1.4 | 17.4 |
| Other .................................................................................. | -223.2 | 33.9 | 26.8 | -9.4 | -8.5 | $-6.6$ |
| State and local governments |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Receipts ......................................................... | 981.7 | . 3 | 16.5 | 14.7 | 17.4 | 14.0 |
| Personal tax and nontax receipts ............................... | 182.8 | 2.7 | 2.4 | 2.0 | 3.3 | 2.2 |
| Corporate profits tax accruals ................................... | 38.0 | -1.4 | 3.1 | . 8 | 1.3 | . 5 |
| Indirect business tax and nontax accruals .................... | 476.8 | 5.2 | 5.8 | 5.3 | 6.7 | 4.8 |
| Contributions for social insurance ............................... | 73.0 | . 8 | . 8 | . 8 | . 8 | . 9 |
| Federal grants-in-aid ................................................. | 211.0 | -7.0 | 4.4 | 5.9 | 5.2 | 5.5 |
| Expenditures ................................................... | 952.0 | 9.6 | 14.7 | 17.8 | 12.5 | 13.1 |
| Purchases .................... | 763.3 | 4.6 | 9.5 | 13.0 | 9.3 | 9.5 |
| Of which: Structures ............................................. | 107.7 | -5.8 | 2.3 | 4.4 | 2.6 | -. 8 |
| Transfer payments to persons .................................... | 285.5 | 5.7 | 6.4 | 6.1 | 4.5 | 4.2 |
| Net interest paid ..................................................... | -55.6 | -.5. | -. 5 | -. 5 | -. 5 | 0 |
| Less: Dividends received by government ...................... | 11.6 | . 2 | . | . 1 | . 4 | . 3 |
| Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises | -29.6 | -. 1 | -. 6 | -. 6 | -. 4 | $-.3$ |
| Subsidies ............................................................. | .4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Less: Current surplus of government enterprises ......... | 30.0 | . 2 | . 6 | . 5 | . 5 | . 3 |
| Less. Wage accruals less disbursements ...................... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Surplus or deficit ( - ) ......................................... | 29.7 | -9.3 | 1.8 | -3.1 | 4.9 | . 9 |
| Social insurance funds $\qquad$ <br> Other $\qquad$ | $\begin{array}{r} 65.1 \\ -35.4 \end{array}$ | -9 -9.0 | 0 1.8 | -2.6 | -5.2 | ${ }_{0} .9$ |

[^3]billion after increasing $\$ 8.3$ billion, as a result of a slowdown in wages and salaries and the effects of annual indexation for inflation on the 1995 withholding tables.

Contributions for social insurance increased $\$ 10.7$ billion after increasing $\$ 7.0$ billion. The step-up reflected an increase in the social security taxable wage base and an increase in monthly premiums for supplemental medical insurance, both of which were effective in January 1995.

Indirect business tax and nontax accruals decreased $\$ 2.8$ billion after no change. The downturn reflected a decline in collections of customs duties as a result of reduced tariffs under the General Agreement on Trade and Tariffs and the North American Free Trade Agreement.

Corporate profits tax accruals increased $\$ 4.0$ billion after increasing $\$ 5.7$ billion. The slowdown reflected a deceleration in domestic corporate profits.
Expenditures.-Expenditures increased $\$ 17.5$ billion in the first quarter after increasing $\$ 27.1$ in the fourth. Slowdowns in transfer payments and in net interest paid and a downturn in subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises were partly offset by a turnaround in purchases.
Transfer payments increased $\$ 6.5$ billion after increasing $\$ 16.2$ billion. A downturn in transfer payments to the rest of the world was partly offset by an acceleration in transfer payments to persons. Transfer payments to the rest of the world decreased $\$ 14.2$ billion after increasing $\$ 10.3$ billion; the increase in the fourth quarter was accounted for primarily by a $\$ 12.0$ billion (annual rate) payment to Israel to finance military purchases. Transfer payments to persons increased $\$ 20.7$ billion after increasing $\$ 6.0$ billion. Most of this step-up was accounted for by social security benefits (old-age, survivors, and disability insurance). These benefits increased $\$ 9.8$ billion after increasing $\$ 2.1$ billion, reflecting a 2.8 -percent cost-of-living adjustment that went into effect in January. In addition, transfer payments to persons were boosted $\$ 5.1$ billion in the first quarter by an expansion of eligibility and higher benefits for the earned income tax credit, which became effective in January.

Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises decreased $\$ 2.7$ billion after increasing $\$ 8.9$ billion. The downturn was attributable to both a slowdown in subsidies, which reflected a downturn in agricultural subsidies, and an upturn in the current surplus of government enterprises, which mainly reflected an increase in postal rates in January.

Net interest paid increased $\$ 6.5$ billion after increasing $\$ 9.1$ billion. The deceleration was mainly attributable to gross interest paid, which increased $\$ 5.8$ billion after increasing $\$ 9.8$ billion.

Purchases increased $\$ 1.7$ billion after decreasing $\$ 12.4$ billion. This turnaround was largely attributable to defense spending, which decreased much less in the first quarter than in the fourth. Defense purchases decreased $\$ 1.5$ billion after decreasing $\$ 15.2$ billion, as purchases of durable goods and structures turned up and as services declined less than in the fourth quarter. Most of the upswing in purchases of durable goods was attributable to military equipment, which rose $\$ 2.6$ billion after decreasing $\$ 8.1$ billion; purchases of "other" military equipment, aircraft, and ships all increased after decreasing in the fourth quarter. Purchases of defense services decreased $\$ 5.0$ billion after decreasing $\$ 6.8$ billion; compensation of employees turned up as a result of a pay raise for Federal military and civilian employees, which went into effect in January.
Nondefense purchases increased $\$ 3.2$ billion after increasing $\$ 2.8$ billion. Step-ups in purchases of services, durable goods, and nondurable goods were largely offset by a downturn in the purchases of structures. Purchases of nondefense services increased $\$ 1.9$ billion after an increase of $\$ 0.7$ billion. This acceleration was due to an increase in compensation that resulted from the pay raise for Federal employees. Purchases of durable goods increased $\$ 0.6$ billion after increasing $\$ 0.1$ billion, largely because of a slowdown in timber sales (sales except those by government enterprises for goods and services similar to those provided by the private sector are treated as deductions from government purchases). Purchases of nondurable goods increased $\$ 0.9$ billion after increasing $\$ 0.6$ billion; reduced sales by the Commodity Credit Corporation accounted for the step-up. Purchases of structures decreased $\$ 0.2$ billion after increasing $\$ 1.4$ billion.

Grants-in-aid to State and local governments increased $\$ 5.5$ billion after increasing $\$ 5.2$ billion.

## State and local

The State and local government surplus increased $\$ 0.9$ billion, to $\$ 29.7$ billion, in the first quarter after increasing $\$ 4.9$ billion in the fourth. In both quarters, receipts increased more than expenditures.

Receipts increased $\$ 14.0$ billion in the first quarter after increasing $\$ 17.4$ billion in the fourth. This slowdown was accounted for by indirect business tax and nontax accruals,

This slowdown was accounted for by indirect business tax and nontax accruals, personal tax and nontax receipts, and corporate profits tax accruals. Indirect business tax and nontax accruals increased $\$ 4.8$ billion after a $\$ 6.7$ billion increase, as sales taxes increased $\$ 1.7$ billion after an increase of $\$ 4.1$ billion. Personal tax and nontax receipts increased $\$ 2.2$ billion after an increase of $\$ 3.3$ billion; the deceleration was in income tax receipts. Corporate profits tax accruals increased $\$ 0.5$ billion after an increase of $\$ 1.3$ billion; the
slowdown reflected a deceleration in domestic corporate profits.

Expenditures increased $\$ 13.1$ billion in the first quarter after increasing $\$ 12.5$ billion in the fourth. Net interest paid was unchanged after a $\$ 0.5$ billion decrease. Purchases increased $\$ 9.5$ billion after increasing $\$ 9.3$ billion. Within purchases, structures decreased $\$ 0.8$ billion after a $\$ 2.6$ billion increase; all the other components of purchases accelerated.

# NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT ACCOUNTS 

## Selected NIPA Tables

New estimates in this issue: "Preliminary" estimates for the first quarter of 1995.
The selected set of NIPA tables shown in this section presents quarterly estimates, which are updated monthly. (In most tables, the annual estimates are also shown.) These tables are available on the day of the gross domestic product (GDP) news release on printouts and diskettes on a subscription basis or from the Commerce Department's Economic Bulletin Board. For order information, write to the National Income and Wealth Division (BE-54), Bureau of Economic Analysis, Washington, DC 20230 or call (202) 606-9700.

Tables containing the estimates for 1929-87 are available in the two-volume set National Income and Product Accounts of the United States; see inside back cover for order information. For 1988-93, the complete official time series of NIPA estimates can be found as follows:

|  | 1988 | 1989 | 1990 | 1991-93 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Most tables. | NIPA 'S, vol. 2 | July 1992 Survey | Aug. 1993 Survey | July 1994 Survey |
| Tables 1.15, 1.16 , and 7.15 . |  |  | Sept. 1993 Survey |  |
| Tables 3.15-3.20 and 9.1-9.6 | * | Sept. 1992 Survey |  | Sept. 1994 Survey |
| Tables 7.1, 7.2, 7.3, and 8.1. | Aug. 1994 Survey | Aug. 1994 Survey | Aug. 1994 Survey | Aug. 1994 Survey |
| Tables 7.4-7.12 | Apr. 1993 SURVEY | Apr. 1993 Survey | Aug. 1993 Survey | July 1994 Survey |

Summary nipa series back to 1929 are in the September 1994 issue of the SURVEY. Errata to published NIPA tables appear in the September 1992, April 1993, October 1993, March 1994, November 1994, and April 1995 issues. nipa tables are also available, most beginning with 1929, on diskettes. For more information on the presentation of the estimates, see "A Look at How bea Presents the nipa's" in the February 1995 Survey.

Note.-This section of the Survey is prepared by the National Income and Wealth Division and the Government Division.

1. National Product and Income

Table 1.1.-Gross Domestic Product
[Bililions of dollars]

|  | 1993 | 1994 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1993 | 1994 |  |  |  | 1995 |
|  |  |  | IV | 1 | 11. | III | IV | 1 |
| Gross domestic product $\qquad$ | 6,343.3 | 6,738.4 | 6,478.1 | 6,574.7 | 6,689.9 | 6,791.7 | 6,897.2 | 6,979.7 |
| Personal consumption expenditures $\qquad$ | 4,378.2 | 4,628.4 | 4,469.6 | 4,535.0 | 4,586.4 | 4,657.5 | 4,734,8 | 4,785.8 |
| Durable goods Nondurable goods $\qquad$ | 5338.0 | 1591.5 | -562.8 | \| 576.2 | 580.3 $1,381.4$ | 591.5 $1,406.1$ | 617.7 $1,420.7$ | $\begin{array}{r} 614.7 \\ 1,433.1 \end{array}$ |
| Services ......................... | 2,501.0 | 2,642.7 | 2,551.6 | 2,589.9 | 2,624.7 | 2,659.9 | 2,696.4 | 2,737.9 |
| Gross private domestic investment $\qquad$ | 882.0 | 1,032.9 | 922.5 | 966.6 | 1,034.4 | 1,055.1 | 1,075,6 | 1,110.1 |
| Fixed investment | 866.7 | 980.7 | 913.5 | 942.5 | 967.0 | 992.5 | 1,020.8 | 1,054.8 |
| Nonresidential ............... | 616.1 | 697.6 | 646.3 | 665.4 | 683.3 | 709.1 | 732.8 | 766.9 |
| Structures $\qquad$ Producers' durable | 173.4 | 182.8 | 176.7 | 172.7 | 181.8 | 184.6 | 192.0 | 200.0 |
| equipment ............. | 442.7 | 514.8 | 469.6 | 492.7 | 501.5 | 524.5 | 540.7 | 566.9 |
| Residential ................... | 250.6 | 283.0 | 267.2 | 277.1 | 283.6 | 283.4 | 288.0 | 287.9 |
| Change in business inventories $\qquad$ | 15.4 | 52.2 | 9.0 | 24.1 | 67.4 | 62.6 | 54.8 | 55.3 |
| Nonfarm ........................ | 20.1 | 45.9 | 10.7 | 22.3 | 60.4 | 53.4 | 47.4 | 54.4 |
| Farm ........................... | -4.7 | 6.4 | $-1.7$ | 1.8 | 7.0 | 9.2 | 7.4 | . 9 |
| Net exports of goods and services $\qquad$ | -65.3 | -98.2 | -71.2 | -86.7 | -97.6 | -109.6 | -98.9 | -113.1 |
| Exports $\qquad$ Imports $\qquad$ | $\begin{aligned} & 659.1 \\ & 724.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 718.7 \\ & 816.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 680.3 \\ & 751.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 674.2 \\ & 760.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 704.5 \\ & 802.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 730.5 \\ & 840.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 765.5 \\ & 864.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 775.8 \\ & 888.9 \end{aligned}$ |
| Government purchases ....... | 1,148.4 | 1,175.3 | 1,157.2 | 1,159.8 | 1,166.7 | 1,188.8 | 1,185.8 | 1,196.9 |
| Federal .......................... | 443.6 | 437.3 | 439.8 | 437.8 | 435.1 | 444.3 | 431.9 | 433.6 |
| National defense ...... | 302.7 | 292.3 | 299.1 | 291.7 | 291.7 | 300.5 | 285.3 | 283.8 |
| Nondeíense .......... | 140.9 | 145.0 | 140.7 | 146.1 | 143.5 | 143.8 | 146.6 | 149.8 |
| State and local .............. | 704.7 | 738.0 | 717.4 | 722.0 | 731.5 | 744.5 | 753.8 | 763.3 |

Digitized Nore.-Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.
Digitized Nore.-Percent changes

Table 1.2.-Gross Domestic Product in Constant Dollars [Billions of 1987 dollars]

|  | 1993 | 1994 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1993 | 1994 |  |  |  | 1995 |
|  |  |  | IV | 1 | II | III | IV | 1 |
| Gross domestic product $\qquad$ | 5,134.5 | 5,344,0 | 5,218.0 | 5,261.1 | 5,314.1 | 5,367.0 | 5,433.8 | 5,470.0 |
| Personal consumption expenditures $\qquad$ | 3,458.7 | 3,579.6 | 3,506.2 | 3,546.3 | 3,557.8 | 3,584.7 | 3,629.6 | 3,646.1 |
| Durable goods | 489.9 | 532.1 | 510.8 | 521.7 | 522.2 | 529.6 | 554.8 | 549.1 |
| Nondurable goods ............. | 1,078.5 | 1,109.5 | 1.088 .0 | 1,098.3 | 1,104.3 | 1,113.4 | 1,121.9 | 1,129.0 |
| Services ........................... | 1,890.3 | 1,938.1 | 1,907.4 | 1,926.3 | 1,931.4 | 1,941.8 | 1,952.9 | 1,968.0 |
| Gross private domestic investment $\qquad$ | 819.9 | 951.5 | 862.5 | 898.9 | 950.9 | 967.3 | 989.1 | 1,024.6 |
| Fixed investment | 804.6 | 903.8 | 851.7 | 873.4 | 891.7 | 910.2 | 939.7 | 972.3 |
| Nonresidential ................ | 591.6 | 672.4 | 627.2 | 643.6 | 657.9 | 680.0 | 708.2 | 742.3 |
| Structures $\qquad$ Producers' durable | 147.7 | 150.6 | 148.7 | 144.1 | 151.0 | 151.6 | 155.6 | 160.9 |
| equipment | 443.9 | 521.9 | 478.5 | 499.4 | 506.9 | 528.4 | 552.6 | 581.4 |
| Residential .................... | 213.0 | 231.3 | 224.5 | 229.9 | 233.8 | 230.2 | 231.5 | 230.0 |
| Change in business inventories $\qquad$ | 15.3 | 47.8 | 10.8 | 25.4 | 59.2 | 57.1 | 49.4 | 52.3 |
| Nonfarm ....................... | 18.5 | 40.7 | 10.7 | 22.1 | 51.7 | 47.4 | 41.7 | 49.8 |
| Farm ............................ | -3.2 | 7.1 | . 1 | 3.3 | 7.5 | 9.7 | 7.7 | 2.5 |
| Net exports of goods and services $\qquad$ | -73.9 | -110.0 | -82.2 | -104.0 | -111.8 | -117.0 | -107.1 | $-120.0$ |
| Exports | 602.5 | 657.0 | 625.2 | 619.6 | 643.9 | 666.5 | 697.9 | 702.2 |
| Imports ............................. | 676.3 | 766.9 | 707.4 | 723.6 | 755.6 | 783.5 | 805.0 | 822.2 |
| Government purchases ........ | 929.8 | 922.8 | 931.5 | 919.9 | 917.1 | 982.0 | 922.2 | 919.4 |
| Federal ............................ | 356.6 | 337.6 | 351.1 | 341.7 | 334.7 | 343.5 | 330.4 | 326.9 |
| National defense ........... | 243.7 | 226.7 | 238.7 | 228.5 | 226.7 | 233.0 | 219.1 | 215.C |
| Nondefense .................. | 113.0 | 110.9 | 112.4 | 113.2 | 108.7 | 110.5 | 111.3 | 111.8 |
| State and local ................. | 573.1 | 585.2 | 580.4 | 578.3 | 582.4 | 588.5 | 591.8 | 592. |

[^4]Table 1.3.-Gross Domestic Product by Major Type of Product
[Billions of dollars]

|  | 1993 | 1994 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1983 | 1994 |  |  |  | 1995 |
|  |  |  | IV | 1 | \\| | III | IV | 1 |
| Gross domestic product $\qquad$ | 6,343.3 | 6,738.4 | 6,478.1 | 6,574.7 | 6,689.9 | 6,791.7 | 6,897.2 | 6,979.7 |
| Final sales of domestic product $\qquad$ | 6,327.9 | 6,686.2 | 6,469.2 | 6,550.6 | 6,622.5 | 6,729.1 | 6,842.4 | 6,924.4 |
| Change in business inventories $\qquad$ | 15.4 | 52.2 | 9.0 | 24.1 | 67.4 | 62.6 | 54.8 | 55.3 |
| Goods ${ }^{1}$................. | 2,405.8 | 2,584.7 | 2,461.6 | 2,513.2 | 2,561.2 | 2,606.2 | 2,658.1 | 2,691.4 |
| Final sales $\qquad$ Change in business inventories $\qquad$ | $2,390.4$ 15.4 | 2,532.4 | $2,452.6$ <br> 9.0 | $2,489.1$ 24.1 | $2,493.7$ 67.4 | $2,543.6$ 62.6 | $2,603.3$ 54.8 | $2,636.1$ 55.3 |
| Durable goods ....... | 1,041.0 | 1,153.6 | 1,081.9 | 1,118.7 | 1,137.6 | 1,170.0 | 1,188.1 | 1,221.7 |
| Final sales ......................... | 1,032.4 | 1,118.8 | 1,072.9 | 1,098.2 | t,099.4 | 1,125.8 | 1,151.8 | 1,174.5 |
| Change in business inventories $\qquad$ | 8.6 | 34.8 | 9.0 | 20.6 | 38.2 | 44.1 | 36.3 | 47.2 |
| Nondurable goods ............. | 1,364.8 | 1,431.1 | 1,379.7 | 1,394.5 | 1,423.5 | 1,436.3 | 1,470.0 | 1,469.8 |
| Final sales ................... | 1,358.0 | 1,413.6 | 1,379.7 | 1,390.9 | 1,394.3 | 1,417.8 | 1,45t.5 | 1,461.6 |
| Change in business inventories $\qquad$ | 6.7 | $17.4$ | 0 | 3.5 | 29.2 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 8.2 |
| Services ${ }^{\text {! }}$............. | 3,405.5 | 3,576.2 | 3,459.3 | 3,503.8 | 3,555.4 | 3,603.6 | 3,641.9 | 3,682.9 |
| Structures ............................. | 532.0 | 577.6 | 557.2 | 557.7 | 573.4 | 581.9 | 597.3 | 605.4 |

1. Exports and imports of certain goods, primarily military equipment purchased and sold by the Federal Government, are included in services.
Note,-Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.
Table 1.5.-Relation of Gross Domestic Product, Gross Domestic Purchases, and Final Sales to Domestic Purchasers
[Billions of dollars]

| Gross domestic product ...... | 6,343.3 | 6,738.4 | 6,478.1 | 6,574.7 | 6,689.9 | 6,791.7 | 6,897.2 | 6,979.7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Less: Exports of goods and services $\qquad$ | 659.1 | 718.7 | 680.3 | 674.2 | 704.5 | 730.5 | 765.5 | 775.8 |
| Plus: Imports of goods and services $\qquad$ | 724.3 | 816.9 | 751.4 | 760.9 | 802.1 | 840.1 | 864.4 | 888.9 |
| Equals: Gross domestic purchases ${ }^{1}$ $\qquad$ | 6,408.6 | 6,836.6 | 6,549.3 | 6,661.4 | 6,787.5 | 6,901,3 | 6,996.1 | 7,092.8 |
| Less: Change in business inventories $\qquad$ | 15.4 | 52.2 | 9.0 | 24.1 | 67.4 | 62.6 | 54.8 | 55.3 |
| Equals: Final sales to domestic purchasers ${ }^{2}$ $\qquad$ | 6,393.2 | 6,784.4 | 6,540.3 | 6,637.3 | 6,720.1 | 6,838.7 | 6,941,3 | 7,037.5 |

1. Purchases by U.S. residents of goods and services wherever produced.
2. Final sales to U.S. residents of goods and services wherever produced

NOTE.-Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.
Table 1.7.-Gross Domestic Product by Sector [Bilitions of dollars]

| Gross domestic product $\qquad$ | 6,343.3 | 6,738.4 | 6,478.1 | 6,574.7 | 6,689.9 | 6,791.7 | 6,897.2 | 6,979.7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Business | 5,371.4 | 5,723.2 | 5,494.4 | 5,575.7 | 5,677.9 | 5,771.8 | 5,867,2 | 5,936.4 |
| Nonfarm | 5,293.8 | 5,669.2 | 5,431.7 | 5,524.7 | 5,618.7 | 5,710.7 | 5,822.6 | 5,909.9 |
| Nonfarm less housing | 4,771.0 | 5,118.4 | 4,899.5 | 4,975.0 | 5,075.0 | 5,159.7 | 5,264.1 | 5,344.8 |
| Housing ................... | ${ }^{5} 522.7$ | 550.7 | 532.2 | 549.6 | 543.8 | 551.0 | 558.5 | 565.1 |
| Farm | 75.3 | 84.9 | 79.2 | 87.1 | 83.2 | 82.3 | 87.0 | 87.0 |
| Statistical discrepancy ........ | 2.3 | -30.9 | -16.5 | -36.1 | -24.0 | -21.1 | -42.4 | -60.4 |
| Households and institutions | 285.3 | 302.7 | 291.0 | 295.7 | 300.1 | 304.7 | 310.1 | 313.7 |
| Private households | 10.8 | 11.4 | . 9 | 11.1 | . 3 | . 5 | 11.6 | 1.8 |
| Nonprofit institutions ........... | 274.5 | 291.3 | 280.0 | 284.5 | 288.8 | 293.2 | 298.5 | 301.9 |
| General government ............ | 686.6 | 712.6 | 692.7 | 703.3 | 711.8 | 715.2 | 719.9 | 729.6 |
| Federal | 203.6 | 206.2 | 202.5 | 206.3 | 208.4 | 205.4 | 204.7 | 207.6 |
| State and local ................. | 483.0 | 506.4 | 490.2 | 497.1 | 503.4 | 509.8 | 515.2 | 521.9 |
| Addendum: <br> Gross domestic business product less housing ...... | 4,844.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 1.4.-Gross Domestic Product by Major Type of Product in Constant Dollars
[Bililions of 1987 dollars]


1. Exports and imports of certain goods, primarily military equipment purchased and sold by the Federal Government, are included in services.

Note.-Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.
Table 1.6.-Relation of Gross Domestic Product, Gross Domestic Purchases, and Final Sales to Domestic Purchasers in Constant Dollars
[Billions of 1987 dollars]

| Gross domestic product ...... | 5,134.5 | 5,344.0 | 5,218.0 | 5,261.1 | 5,314.1 | 5,367.0 | 5,433.8 | 5,470.0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Less: Exports of goods and senvices $\qquad$ | 602.5 | 657.0 | 625.2 | 619.6 | 643.9 | 666.5 | 697.9 | 702.2 |
| Plus: Imports of goods and services $\qquad$ | 676.3 | 766.9 | 707.4 | 723.6 | 755.6 | 783.5 | 805.0 | 822.2 |
| Equals: Gross domestic purchases ${ }^{1}$ | 5,208.4 | 5,454:0 | 5,300.2 | 5,365.1 | 5,425.8 | 5,484.0 | 5,540.9 | 5,590.0 |
| Less: Change in business inventories $\qquad$ | 15.3 | 47.8 | 10.8 | 25.4 | 59.2 | 57.1 | 49.4 | 52.3 |
| Equals: Final sales to domestic purchasers ${ }^{2}$ | 5,193.1 | 5,406.2 | 5,289.4 | 5,339.7 | 5,366.6 | 5,426.9 | 5,491.5 | 5,537.7 |

1. Purchases by U.S. residents of goods and services wherever produced.
2. Final sales to U.S. residents of goods and services wherever produced.

NOTE.-Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.
Table 1.8.-Gross Domestic Product by Sector in Constant Dollars [Billions of 1987 dolalas]

| Gross domestic product $\qquad$ | 5,134.5 | 5,344,0 | 5,218.0 | 5,261.1 | 5,314.1 | 5,367.0 | 5,433.8 | 5,470.0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Business ............................ | 4,409.4 | 4,613.4 | 4,491.7 | 4,532.6 | 4,583.6 | 4,635.4 | 4,702.1 | 4,737.5 |
| Nonfarm | 4,336.4 | 4,556.1 | 4,433.2 | 4,486.1 | 4,521.3 | 4,567.9 | 4,649.2 | 4,700.7 |
| Nonfarm less housing .... | 3,925.5 | 4,137,4 | 4,017.9 | 4,070.6 | 4,103.5 | 4,148.1 | 4,227.3 | 4,276.7 |
| Housing ........................ | 410.9 | 418.8 | 415.3 | 415.5 | 417.8 | 419.8 | 421.9 | 423.9 |
| Farm | 71.0 | 82.2 | 72.0 | 75.9 | 81.6 | 84.4 | 86.9 | 85.0 |
| Statistical discrepancy ........ | 1.9 | -24.9 | -13.5 | -29.3 | -19.3 | -17.0 | -34.0 | -48.2 |
| Households and institutions | 215.6 | 223.0 | 218.1 | 220.1 | 222.5 | 223.8 | 225.6 | 226.9 |
| Private households $\qquad$ <br> Nonprofit institutions $\qquad$ | $\begin{array}{r} 9.0 \\ 206.5 \end{array}$ | 9.2 213.7 | 9.0 209.1 | 9.1 211.0 | 9.2 213.3 | 914.5 | 9.3 216.2 | 9.4 217.5 |
| General government ............ | 509.6 | 507.6 | 508.2 | 508.4 | 508.0 | 507.9 | 506.1 | 505.6 |
| Federal | 146.0 | 138.8 | 143.2 | 141.9 | 139.9 | 137.9 | 135.5 | 134.1 |
| State and local | 363.6 | 368.8 | 365.1 | 366.5 | 368.1 | 369.9 | 370.6 | 371.5 |
| Addendum: Gross domestic business product less housing ...... | 3,994.9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 1.9.-Relation of Gross Domestic Product, Gross National Product, Net National Product, National Income, and Personal income

| Bilions of dollars] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |

[^5]Table 1.10.-Relation of Gross Domestic Product, Gross National Product, Net National Product, and National Income in Constant Dollars
[Billions of 1987 dollars]

|  | 1993 | 1994 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1993 | 1994 |  |  |  | 1995 |
|  |  |  | IV | 1 | 11 | III | IV | 1 |
| Gross domestic product ...... | 5,134.5 | 5,344.0 | 5,218.0 | 5,261.1 | 5,314.1 | 5,367.0 | 5,433.8 | 5,470.0 |
| Plus: Receipts of factor income from the rest of the world ${ }^{1}$ $\qquad$ | 109.1 | 130.8 | 112.4 | 114.8 | 127.1 | 137.8 | 143.2 | 154.4 |
| Less: Payments of factor income to the rest of the world ${ }^{2}$ $\qquad$ | 103.4 | 137.5 | 111.7 | 113.2 | 130.7 | 144.9 | 161.0 | 169.1 |
| Equals: Gross national product $\qquad$ | 5,140,3 | 5,337.3 | 5,218.7 | 5,262.7 | 5,310.5 | 5,359.9 | 5,416.0 | 5,455.3 |
| Less: Consumption of fixed capital $\qquad$ | 599.5 | 628.5 | 602.0 | 648.1 | 614.8 | 621.9 | 629.4 | 637.5 |
| Equals: Net national product | 4,540,8 | 4,708.8 | 4,616.7 | 4,614.6 | 4,695.7 | 4,738.0 | 4,786.6 | 4,817,8 |
| Less: Indirect business tax and nontax liability plus business transfer payments less subsidies plus current surplus of government |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| enterprises Statistical di................. | $\begin{array}{r} 421.2 \\ 1.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 438.0 \\ -24.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 428.3 \\ -13.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 432.7 \\ -29.3 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 434.9 \\ -19.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 439.2 \\ -17.0 \end{gathered}$ | - 445.2 | $\begin{array}{r} 450.4 \\ -48.2 \end{array}$ |
| Equals: National income ...... | 4,117.7 | 4,295.7 | 4,201.8 | 4,211.3 | 4,280,2 | 4,315.8 | 4,375.4 | 4,415.7 |
| Addenda: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net domestic product ......... | 4,535.1 | 4,715.5 | 4,616.0 | 4,613.0 | 4,699.3 | 4,745.2 | 4,804.4 | 4,832.6 |
| Domestic income .............. | 4,112.0 | 4,302.4 | 4,201.1 | 4,209.7 | 4,283.8 | 4,322.9 | 4,393.2 | 4,430.4 |
| Gross national income ....... | 5,138.4 | 5,362.2 | 5,232.2 | 5,292.1 | 5,329.8 | 5,376.9 | 5,450.0 | 5,503.5 |

atfiliates of U.S. corporations.
2. Consists largely of payments to foreign residents of interest and dividends and reinvested earnings of U.S. affiliates of foreign corporations.

Table 1.11.-Command-Basis Gross National Product in Constant Dollars
[Billions of 1987 dollars]

| Gross national product . | 5,140.3 | 5,337.3 | 5,218.7 | 5,262.7 | 5,310.5 | 5,359.9 | 5,416.0 | 5,455,3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Less: Exports of goods and services and receipts of factor income from the rest of the world | 711.6 | 787.7 | 737.6 | 734.5 | 771.0 | 804.3 | 841.1 | 856.6 |
| Plus: Command-basis exports of goods and services and receipts of factor income ${ }^{1}$ | 724.4 | 804.7 | 752.2 | 756.2 | 790.6 | 818.6 | 853.8 | 870.9 |
| Equals: Command-basis gross national product .... | 5,153.1 | 5,354.3 | 5,233.3 | 5,284,5 | 5,330.1 | 5,374.2 | 5,428.7 | 5,469.6 |
| Addendum: Terms of trade ${ }^{2}$ $\qquad$ | 101.8 | 102.2 | 102.0 | 103.0 | 102.5 | 101.8 | 101.5 | 101.7 |

1. Exports of goods and services and receipts of factor income deflated by the implicit price deflator for imports of goods and services and payments of factor income.
2. Ratio of the implicit price deftator for exports of goods and services and receipts of factor income to the corresponding implicit price deflator for imports with the decimal point shilted two places to the right.

NOTE.--Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.

Table 1.14.-National Income by Type of Income
[Bililions of dollars]

|  | 1993 | 1994 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1993 | 1994 |  |  |  | 1995 |
|  |  |  | IV | 1 | 11 | III | IV | 1 |
| National Income ............ | 5,131.4 | 5,458.4 | 5,262.0 | 5,308.7 | 5,430.7 | 5,494.9 | 5,599,4 | 5,687,8 |
| Compensation of employees | 3,780.4 | 4,004.6 | 3,845.8 | 3,920.0 | 3,979,3 | 4,023.7 | 4,095.3 | 4,158.2 |
| Wages and salaries | 3,100,8 | 3,279.0 | 3,148.4 | 3,208.3 | 3,257.2 | 3,293.9 | 3,356.4 | 3,404.2 |
| Government ......... | 583.8 | 602.8 | 587.8 | 595.7 | 601.9 | 604.4 | 609.0 | 616.4 |
| Other ........................... | 2,517.0 | 2,676.2 | 2,560.7 | 2,612.6 | 2,655.4 | 2,689.6 | 2,747.4 | 2,787.8 |
| Supplements to wages and salaries | 679.6 | 725.6 | 697.4 | 711.7 | 722.0 | 729.7 | 738.9 | 754.0 |
| Employer contributions for social insurance | 324.3 | 344.6 | 330.6 | 338.5 | 343.6 | 346.0 | 350.2 | 354.4 |
| Other labor income ....... | 355.3 | 381.0 | 366.8 | 373.2 | 378.4 | 383.7 | 388.7 | 399.6 |
| Proprietors' income with IVA and CCAdJ $\qquad$ | 441.6 | 473.7 | 462.9 | 471.0 | 471.3 | 467.0 | 485.7 | 492.6 |
| Farm | 37.3 | 39.5 | 44.4 | 47.2 | 39.3 | 29.8 | 41.7 | 43.5 |
| Proprietors' income with <br> IVA $\qquad$ | 44.5 | 46.8 | 51.5 | 54.5 | 46.6 | 37.2 | 49.0 | 50.8 |
| CCAdj | -7.2 | -7.3 | -7.0 | -7.3 | -7.3 | -7.4 | -7.3 | -7.3 |
| Nonfarm .......................... | 404.3 | 434.2 | 418.5 | 423.8 | 431.9 | 437.1 | 444.0 | 449.2 |
| Proprietors' income ........ | 390.2 | 420.1 | 403.7 | 409.3 | 417.5 | 423.1 | 430.5 | 438.4 |
| IVA ............................. | -. 8 | -1.2 | - 1.9 | -.6 | -1.1 | -1.1 | -1.7 | -1.8 |
| CCAdj .......................... | 14.9 | 15.3 | 15.7 | 15.2 | 15.5 | 15.2 | 15.1 | 14.6 |
| Rental income of persons with CCAdj $\qquad$ | 24.1 | 27.7 | 30.3 | 15.3 | 34.1 | 32.6 | 29.0 | 25.1 |
| Rental income of persons .. | 86.3 | 98.9 | 92.4 | 101.7 | 98.6 | 98.8 | 96.3 | 93.0 |
| CCAdj ............................. | -62.2 | -71.1 | -62.1 | -86.4 | -64.5 | -66.2 | -67.3 | -67.9 |
| Corporate profits with IVA and CCAdj $\qquad$ | 485.8 | 542.7 | 533.9 | 508.2 | 546.4 | 556.0 | 560.3 | 568.8 |
| Corporate profits with IVA | 456.2 | 505.0 | 495.1 | 471.2 | 509.0 | 518.5 | 521.4 | 530.8 |
| Profits before tax ........... | 462.4 | 524.5 | 501.7 | 483.5 | 523.1 | 538.1 | 553.5 | 569.5 |
| Profits tax liability ....... | 173.2 | 202.5 | 191.5 | 184.1 | 201.7 | 208.6 | 215.6 | 220.2 |
| Profits after tax ...... | 289.2 | 322.0 | 310.2 | 299.4 | 321.4 | 329.5 | 337.9 | 349.4 |
| Dividends ....... | 191.7 | 205.2 | 194.6 | 196.3 | 202.5 | 207.9 | 213.9 | 217.1 |
| Undistributed profits | 97.5 | 116.9 | 115.6 | 103.0 | 118.9 | 121.6 | 124.0 | 132.2 |
| IVA ............................ | -6.2 | -19.5 | -6.5 | -12.3 | -14.1 | -19.6 | -32.1 | -38.7 |
| CCAdj ............................. | 29.5 | 37.7 | 38.8 | 37.0 | 37.4 | 37.5 | 38.8 | 38.0 |
| Net interest ......................... | 399.5 | 409.7 | 389.1 | 394.2 | 399.7 | 415.7 | 429.2 | 443.1 |
| Addenda: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Corporate profits after tax with IVA and CCAdj $\qquad$ | 312.5 | 340.2 | 342.4 | 324.1 | 344.8 | 347.4 | 344.7 | 348.6 |
| Net cash flow with IVA and |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CCAdj .i....................... | 528.7 | 567.3 | 558.9 | 559.9 | 568.2 | 572.1 | 568.8 | 576.9 |
| Undistributed profits with |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| IVA and CCAd Consumption of fixed | 120.9 | 135.1 | 147.9 | 127.7 | 142.3 | 139.5 | 130.7 | 131.5 |
| capital ....................... | 407.8 | 432.2 | 411.1 | 432.2 | 425.9 | 432.6 | 438.0 | 445.5 |
| Less: IVA ........................ | -6.2 | -19.5 | -6.5 | -12.3 | -14.1 | -19.6 | -32.1 | -38.7 |
| Equals: Net cash flow ........ | 534.9 | 586.8 | 565.5 | 572.2 | 582.3 | 591.7 | 600.9 | 615.6 |

[^6]IVA Inventory valuation adjustment

Table 1.16.-Gross Domestic Product of Corporate Business in Current Doliars and Gross Domestic Product of Nonfinancial Corporate Business in Current and Constant Dollars

|  | 1993 | 1994 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1993 | 1994 |  |  |  | 1995 |
|  |  |  | IV | 1 | 11 | III | IV | 1 |
|  | Billions of dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross domestic product of corporate business $\qquad$ | 3,796.2 | 4,064.7 | 3,904,8 | 3,957.0 | 4,036.0 | 4,096.0 | 4,169.9 | 4,226.7 |
| Consumption of fixed capital .. | 407.8 | 432.2 | 411.1 | 432.2 | 425.9 | 432.6 | 438.0 | 445.5 |
| Net domestic product .......... | 3,388.4 | 3,632.5 | 3,493.7 | 3,524.8 | 3,610.0 | 3,663.4 | 3,731.8 | 3,781.2 |
| Indirect business tax and nontax liability plus business tranisfer payments less subsidies | 377.5 | 400.8 | 388.3 | 393.5 | 397.8 | 403.9 | 408.2 | 409.5 |
| Domestic income .............. | 3,010.9 | 3,231.7 | 3,105.4 | 3,131.3 | 3,212.2 | 3,259.6 | 3,323.6 | 3,371.7 |
| Compensation of employees |  |  |  |  |  | 2,635.4 | 2,687.7 | 2,730.2 |
| Wages and salaries ... | 2,045.6 | 2,170.7 | 2,079.6 | 2,121.1 | 2,154.2 | 2,180.8 | 2,226.8 | 2,258.2 |
| Supplements to wages and salaries $\qquad$ Corporate profits with | 426.1 | 451.9 | 434.2 | 442.9 | 449.0 | 454.6 | 460.9 | 472.0 |
| IVA and CCAdj. ... | 420.5 | 482.3 | 472.2 | 447.1 | 485.7 | 495.7 | 500.6 | 501.6 |
| Profits before tax | 397.2 | 464.1 | 440.0 | 422.4 | 462.3 | 477.8 | 493.8 | 502.4 |
| Profits tax liability .. | 173.2 | 202.5 | 191.5 | 184.1 | 201.7 | 208.6 | 215.6 | 220.2 |
| Profits after tax ..... | 223.9 | 261.6 | 248.5 | 238.3 | 260.7 | 269.1 | 278.2 | 282.2 |
| Dividends $\qquad$ Undistributed profits | 177.2 46.7 | 182.6 79.0 | 180.2 68.3 | 177.0 | 183.6 | 177.1 920 | 192.6 | 204.2 78.0 |
| IVA profits .................................. | 46.7 -6.2 | 79.0 -19.5 | 68.3 -6.5 | 61.3 -12.3 | 77.1 -14.1 | 92.0 -19.6 | 85.6 -32.1 | 78.0 -38.7 |
| CCAdi ...................... | 29.5 | 37.7 | 38.8 | 37.0 | 37.4 | 37.5 | 38.8 | 38.0 |
| Net interest ................... | 118.8 | 126.8 | 119.4 | 120.2 | 123.3 | 128.5 | 135.4 | 140.0 |
| Gross domestic product of financial corporate business. | 386.5 | 407.9 | 405.5 | 388.4 | 409.3 | 416.6 | 417.1 | 427.7 |
| Gross domestic product of nonfinancial corporate business. | 3,409.7 | 3,656.9 | 3,499.3 | 3,568.6 | 3,626.7 | 3,679.4 | 3,752.8 | 3,798.9 |
| Consumption of fixed capital .. | 361.5 | 382.2 | 363.7 | 383.7 | 376.3 | 382.0 | 386.6 | 392.7 |
| Net domestic product ............. | 3,048.2 | 3,274.7 | 3,135.6 | 3,184.8 | 3,250.3 | 3,297.5 | 3,366.2 | 3,406.2 |
| Indirect business tax and nontax liability pius business transfer payments less subsidies | 344.0 | 365.6 | 354.3 | 358.9 | 362.9 | 368.4 | 372.4 | 373.5 |
| Domestic income .............. | 2,704.2 | 2,909.1 | 2,781.3 | 2,825.9 | 2,887.5 | 2,929.0 | 2,993.9 | 3,032.7 |
| Compensation of employees $\qquad$ |  |  |  | 2,337.1 |  | 2,405.1 | 2,452.4 |  |
| Wages and salaries ... | 1,866.2 | 1,975.8 | 1,893.8 | 1,929.4 | 1,959.8 | 1,986.2 | 2,027.8 | 2,056.6 |
| Supplements to wages and salaries $\qquad$ | 393.0 | 416.1 | 400.1 | 407.7 | 413.4 | 418.9 | 424.6 | 435.3 |
| Corporate profits with |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| IVA and CCAdj ......... | 330.9 | 394.0 | 371.6 | 372.2 | 394.7 | 399.1 | 409.8 | 404.7 |
| Profits before tax ....... | 293.5 | 360.1 | 325.4 | 332.8 | 355.9 | 365.2 | 386.6 | 388.2 |
| Profits tax liability .. | 116.8 | 144.7 | 130.8 | 132.5 | 143.4 | 147.1 | 155.9 | 156.9 |
| Profits after tax ...... | 176.7 | 215.4 | 194.6 | 200.3 | 212.5 | 218.1 | 230.7 | 231.3 |
| Dividends ......... | 159.8 | 163.3 | 162.3 | 159.5 | 164.3 | 157.3 | 172.1 | 180.8 |
| Undistributed profits $\qquad$ | 16.9 | 52.1 | 32.2 | 40.8 | 48.1 | 60.8 | 58.6 | 50.5 |
| IVA ............................ | -6.2 | -19.5 | -6.5 | -12.3 | -14.1 | -19.6 | -32.1 | -38.7 |
| CCAdj ...................... | 43.6 | 53.4 | 52.7 | 51.7 | 52.9 | 53.6 | 55.3 | 55.3 |
| Net interest .................. | 114.0 | 123.2 | 115.8 | 116.6 | 119.6 | 124.8 | 131.6 | 136.1 |
|  |  |  |  | lions of 198 | 987 dolla |  |  |  |
| Gross domestic product of nonfinancial corporate business .. | 2,942.9 | 3,121.9 | 3,019.5 | 3,062.6 | 3,098.9 | 3,131.2 | 3,195.0 | 3,230.7 |
| Consumption of fixed capital Net domestic product $\qquad$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} 325.3 \\ 2,617.6 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} 339.1 \\ 2,782.9 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} 327.0 \\ 2,692.5 \end{array}\right\|$ | 2,720.2 | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} 333.9 \\ 2,765.0 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} 337.8 \\ 2,793.3 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{array}{r} 342.1 \\ 2,852.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 346.6 \\ 2,884.0 \end{array}$ |
| Indirect business tax and nontax liability plus business transfer |  | 2,782. | ${ }_{2773}$ | 2, | 282.1 | 285.8 | (1) | $2,88.0$ 294.3 |
| doaymentic income ............. | 2,345.2 | 2,498.1 | 2,415.2 | 2,439.6 | 2,482.9 | 2,507.6 | 2,562.3 | 2,589.7 |

Table 2.1.-Personal Income and Its Disposition
[Billions of dollars]


NoTE.--Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.

Table 2.2.-Personal Consumption Expenditures by Major Type of Product
[Billions of dollars]

|  | 1993 | 1994 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1993 | 1994 |  |  |  | 1995 |
|  |  |  | IV | 1 | 11 | III | IV | 1 |
| Personal consumption expenditures $\qquad$ | 4,378.2 | 4,628.4 | 4,469.6 | 4,535.0 | 4,586.4 | 4,657.5 | 4,734.8 | 4,785.8 |
| Durable goods ..................... | 538.0 | 591.5 | 562.8 | 576.2 | 580.3 | 591.5 | 617.7 | 614.7 |
| Motor vehicles and parts .... | 228.0 | 251.2 | 241.4 | 253.0 | 245.8 | 245.5 | 260.4 | 254.4 |
| Furniture and household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| equipment ..................... | $\left.\begin{aligned} & 208.9 \\ & 101.9 \end{aligned} \right\rvert\,$ | 229.7 110.6 | 217.7 103.7 | 218.1 105.1 | 225.3 109.3 | 233.7 112.3 | 241.7 115.6 | 241.8 118.6 |
| Nondurable goods ............... | 1,339.2 | 1,394.3 | 1,355.2 | 1,368.9 | 1,381.4 | 1,406.1 | 1,420.7 | 1,433.1 |
| Food | 649.7 | 679.6 | 660.8 | 667.9 | 675.5 | 683.7 | 691.2 | 697.6 |
| Clothing and shoes ........... | 235.4 | 246.5 | 240.7 | 241.9 | 243.9 | 247.8 | 252.6 | 252.8 |
| Gasoline and oil | 105.6 | 107.2 | 104.4 | 103.2 | 103.7 | 110.6 | 111.3 | 114.4 |
| Fuel oil and coal. | 14.0 | 13.7 | 13.9 | 15.5 | 13.1 | 13.4 | 12.6 | 13.1 |
| Other ................................ | 334.4 | 347.3 | 335.4 | 340.4 | 345.2 | 350.5 | 353.0 | 355.3 |
| Services ............................. | 2,501.0 | 2,642.7 | 2,551.6 | 2,589.9 | 2,624.7 | 2,659.9 | 2,696.4 | 2,737.9 |
| Housing ............................ | 629.0 | 660.0 | 638.8 | 648.2 | 655.2 | 663.9 | 672.8 | 680.7 |
| Household operation .......... | 256.3 | 264.2 | 261.3 | 281.1 | 265.9 | 265.3 | 264.5 | 269.3 |
| Electricity and gas Other household | 112.8 | 113.0 | 115.1 | 116.3 | 115.2 | 111.9 | 108.8 | 111.3 |
| operation .................. | 143.5 | 151.1 | 146.2 | 144.8 | 150.7 | 153.5 | 155.6 | 158.0 |
| Transportation ....................... | 170.6 | 179.6 | 173.6 | 175.4 | 178.5 | 180.5 | 184.0 | 187.1 |
| Medical care ........................ | 680.5 | 727.1 | 697.3 | 707.4 | 720.9 | 733.2 | 746.8 | 758.5 |
| Other .............................. | 764.7 | 811.8 | 780.7 | 797.8 | 804.3 | 817.0 | 828.3 | 842.3 |

Table 2.3.—Personal Consumption Expenditures by Major Type of Product in Constant Dollars
[Billions of 1987 dollars]

| Personal consumption expenditures ............ | 3,458.7 | 3,579.6 | 3,506.2 | 3,546.3 | 3,557.8 | 3,584.7 | 3,629.6 | 3,646.1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Durable goods | 489.9 | 532.1 | 510.8 | 521.7 | 522.2 | 529.6 | 554.8 | 549.1 |
| Motor vehicles and parts .... Furniture and household | 196.1 | 208.2 | 204.7 | 213.7 | 205.3 | 202.0 | 211.9 | 202.7 |
| equipment.. | 214.1 | 238.7 | 224.6 | 225.9 | 232.5 | 241.7 | 254.5 | 256.2 |
| Other ............................. | 79.7 | 85.2 | 81.5 | 82.0 | 84.4 | 86.0 | 88.4 | 90.1 |
| Nondurable goods | 1,078.5 | 1,109.5 | 1,088.0 | 1,098.3 | 1,104.3 | 1,113.4 | 1,121.9 | 1,129.0 |
| Food | 524.0 | 535.6 | 528.1 | 531.9 | 536.1 | 535.7 | 538.5 | 541.2 |
| Clothing and shoes | 197.8 | 208.8 | 202.4 | 203.8 | 204.9 | 210.2 | 216.4 | 216.9 |
| Gasoline and oil | 86.5 | 87.2 | 86.6 | 86.1 | 86.7 | 88.0 | 88.2 | 90.3 |
| Fuel oil and coal | 12.1 | 11.9 | 12.2 | 13.4 | 11.4 | 11.7 | 11.1 | 11.6 |
| Other ...... | 258.2 | 265.9 | 258.8 | 263.1 | 265.1 | 267.8 | 267.6 | 269.1 |
| Services | 1,890.3 | 1,938.1 | 1,907.4 | 1,926.3 | 1,931.4 | 1,941.8 | 1,952.9 | 1,968.0 |
| Housing | 492.6 | 501.3 | 495.4 | 497.7 | 500.0 | 502.6 | 505.0 | 507.4 |
| Household operation... | 225.3 | 228.3 | 226.9 | 228.7 | 229.1 | 228.1 | 227.1 | 230.1 |
| Electricity and gas $\qquad$ Other household | 98.6 | 98.2 | 99.6 | 101.1 | 100.2 | 97.2 | 94.5 | 96.6 |
| operation ...... | 126.7 | 130.0 | 127.2 | 127.7 | 128.9 | 130.9 | 132.6 | 133.5 |
| Transportation ... | 127.9 | 132.7 | 129.8 | 130.9 | 131.8 | 132.4 | 135.7 | 137.1 |
| Medical care | 466.4 | 479.0 | 470.4 | 473.2 | 477.4 | 481.0 | 484.4 | 486.8 |
| Other | 578.2 | 596.9 | 584.9 | 595.9 | 593.1 | 597.7 | 600.7 | 606.6 |

## 3. Government Receipts and Expenditures

Table 3.2.-Federal Government Receipts and Expenditures
[Billions of dollars]


Table 3.3.-State and Local Government Receipts and Expenditures
[Billions of dollars]

|  | 1993 | 1994 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1993 | 1994 |  |  |  | 1995 |
|  |  |  | IV | 1 | II | III | IV | 1 |
| Receipts ...................... | 891.0 | 943.2 | 918.8 | 919.1 | 935.6 | 950,3 | 967.8 | 981,7 |
| Personal tax and nontax |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Income taxes .................................... | 123.3 | 131.5 | 126.6 | 128.7 | 130.6 | 132.0 | 134.8 | 136.5 |
| Nontaxes ......................... | 22.7 | 23.8 | 23.2 | 23.5 | 23.7 | 23.9 | 24.1 | 24.3 |
| Other .............................. | 20.1 | 21.2 | 20.4 | 20.7 | 21.1 | 21.4 | 21.7 | 22.0 |
| Corporate profits tax accruals | 30.3 | 35.4 | 33.7 | 32.3 | 35.4 | 36.2 | 37.5 | 38.0 |
| Indirect business tax and |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| nontax accruals ........... | 440.7 | 462.9 | 449.0 | 454.2 | 460.0 | 465.3 | 472.1 | 476.8 |
| Sales taxes ...................... | 212.4 | 226.2 | 217.8 | 220.7 | 224.2 | 227.8 | 231.9 | 233.6 |
| Property taxes .................. | 184.0 | 190.8 | 186.4 | 188.0 | 189.8 | 191.6 | 193.6 | 196.4 |
| Other .............................. | 44.3 | 46.0 | 44.9 | 45.6 | 46.0 | 45.8 | 46.5 | 46.9 |
| Contributions for social <br> insurance ...................... 67.8 70.9 68.9 69.7 70.5 71.3 72.9 73.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Federal grants-in-aid. | 186.1 | 197.6 | 197.0 | 190.0 | 194.4 | 200.3 | 205.5 | 211.0 |
| Expenditures ............... | 864.7 | 917.0 | 884.3 | 893.9 | 908.6 | 926.4 | 939.0 | 952.0 |
| Purchases ............................ | 704.7 | 738.0 | 717.4 | 722.0 | 731.5 | 744.5 | 753.8 | 763.3 |
| Compensation of employees | 483.0 | 506.4 | 490.2 | 497.1 | 503.4 | 509.8 | 515.2 | 521.9 |
| Other ............................... | 221.7 | 231.6 | 227.2 | 224.9 | 228.1 | 234.7 | 238.6 | 241.4 |
| Transfer payments to persons | 250.4 | 273.3 | 258.6 | 264.3 | 270.7 | 276.8 | 281.3 | 285.5 |
| Net interest paid .................... | -53.4 | -54.8 | -53.6 | -54.1 | -54.6 | -55.1 | -55.6 | -55.6 |
| Interest paid ..................... | 65.1 | 65.5 | 65.2 | 65.3 | 65.5 | 65.6 | 65.7 | 65.9 |
| Less: Interest received by government $\qquad$ | 118.4 | 120.4 | 118.8 | 119.4 | 120.1 | 120.7 | 121.3 | 121.5 |
| Less: Dividends received by government $\qquad$ | 10.4 | 10.9 | 10.5 | 10.7 | 10.8 | 10.9 | 11.3 | 11.6 |
| Subsidies less current surpius |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| of government enterprises. | -26.7 | -28.6 | -27.6 | -27.7 | -28.3 | -28.9 | -29.3 | -29.6 |
| Subsidies ........................ | . 4 | . 4 | . 4 | . 4 | . 4 | . 4 | 4 | . 4 |
| Less: Current surplus of government enterprises .. | 27.1 | 28.9 | 27.9 | 28.1 | 28.7 | 29.2 | 29.7 | 30.0 |
| Less: Wage accruals less disbursements $\qquad$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Surplus or deficit $(-)$, national income and product accounts $\qquad$ | 26.3 | 26.2 | 34.5 | 25.2 | 27.0 | 23.9 | 28.8 | 29.7 |
| Social insurance funds ........... | 66.3 | 65.6 | 66.2 | 65.9 | 65.9 | 65.3 | 65.1 | 65.1 |
| Other .................................. | -40.0 | -39.3 | -31.7 | -40.7 | -38.9 | -41.4 | -36.4 | -35.4 |

Table 3.7B.-Government Purchases by Type
[Billions of dollars]

|  | 1993 | 1994 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1993 | 1994 |  |  |  | 1995 |
|  |  |  | N | 1 | 11 | III | IV |  |
| Government purchases | $\begin{array}{r} 1,148.4 \\ 443.6 \\ 302.7 \\ 70.6 \\ 9.5 \\ 218.1 \\ 135.8 \\ 88.3 \\ 47.5 \\ 82.4 \\ 4.5 \end{array}$ | 1,175.3 | 1,157.2 | 1,159,8 | 1,166.7 |  | 1,185,8 | 1,196,9 |
| Federal |  | 437.3 | 439.8 | 437.8 | 435.1 | 444.3 | 431.9 | 433.6 |
| National defense |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 299.1 \\ 69.6 \\ \hline 9.6 \\ 9.6 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 291.7 \\ 6.6 \\ 7.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 291.7 \\ 6.3 .1 \\ 7.2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 300.5 \\ 64.1 \\ 8.5 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 285.3 \\ 55.9 \\ 8.9 \end{array}$ | 283.859.27.5 |
| Durable goods ............. |  | $\begin{array}{r} 292.3 \\ 61.9 \\ 8.0 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nondurable goods ......... |  | 217.6 | 219.1 | 214.5 | 217.3 | 22.8 | 216.0 |  |
| Compensation of |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 21.9 |
| employees ... |  | 134.9 | 134.4 | 135.3 | 135.6 | 135.1 | 133.5 | 34.4 |
| Mititary ................ |  | ${ }^{86.5}$ | 86.448.0 | 88.2 |  |  | 84.948.6 | 85.5 |
| Civilian ................. |  |  |  |  | 88.5 | 88.8 |  | ${ }_{48.9}$ |
| Other senvices ....... |  | 82.7 | 84.6 | 79.2 | 81.7 | 87.65.2 | 82.45.0 | 76.56.1 |
| Structures .................. |  | 4.7 | 4.4 | 4.7 | 4.1 |  |  |  |
| Nondefense ...... | 140.97.27.2 | 145.0 | 140.7 | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 146.1 \\ 7.4 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | 143.5 | $\begin{array}{r}143.8 \\ 7.4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 146.6 | 149.88.28.0 |
| Durable goods |  | 7.4 | 7.3 |  | 7.2 |  | 7.6 |  |
| Nondurable goods |  | 7.1 | 7.2 | 7.5 | 7.2 | 6.5 | 7.1 |  |
| Commodity Credit Corporation inventory change ... |  |  | . 3 |  | -. 2 | -1.0 | . 6 |  |
| Other nondurables ..... | 7.6 | 118.9 | 114.3 | 7.7 | 7.4 | 7.5 | 7.7 | 121.3 |
| orvices. | 114.8 |  |  | 119.2 | 118.5 | 118.6 | 119.3 |  |
| Compensation of empioyees | 67.9 |  | $68.1$$46.2$ | 71.048.2 | 72.9 |  | 71.2 |  |
| Other services ... | 47.0 | 47.6 |  |  |  | 70.3 48.3 |  | 73.3 48.0 |
| Stuctures .......... | 11.7 | 11.6 | 11.9 | 12.0 | 10.7 | 11.2 | 12.6 | 12.4 |
| State and local .......... | 704.7 | 738.0 | 717.4 | 722.0 | 1.5 | 744.5 | 753.8 | 763.3 |
| Durable goods... | 36.9 | $\begin{array}{r} 38.5 \\ 65.7 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 38.0 \\ 64.3 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 38.4 \\ 650 \\ \hline 650 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 38.8 \\ 60.5 \end{gathered}$ | 38.9 | 39.369.5 |
| Nondurable goods ............. | 62.6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Services ....)................... | 505.7 | 530.0 |  |  | 526.7 | 533.3 | 539.4 | 546.8 |
| Compensation of employees | 483.0 | $\begin{array}{r} 506.4 \\ 23.6 \\ 103.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 490.2 \\ 12.3 \end{gathered}$ | 497.1 <br> 23.5 <br> 99.2 | $\begin{array}{r}503.4 \\ 23.3 \\ 101.5 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 509.8 <br> 30.6 <br> 105.9 | 515.2 <br> 24.2 | $\begin{gathered} 521.9 \\ 24.9 \end{gathered}$ |
| Other services .............. | 22.6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Structures .................... | 99.6 |  |  |  |  |  | 108.5 |  |

Table 3.10.-National Defense Purchases
[Billions of dollars]

| National defense purchases $\qquad$ | 302.7 | 292.3 | 299.1 | 291.7 | 291.7 | 300.5 | 285.3 | 283.8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Durable goods ..................... | 70.6 | 61.9 | 66.6 | 64.6 | 63.1 | 64.1 | 55.9 | 59.2 |
| Military equipment | 65.8 | 57.3 | 61.8 | 60.4 | 58.8 | 59.0 | 50.9 | 53.5 |
| Aircraft .. | 21.7 | 18.5 | 21.5 | 20.4 | 17.1 | 20.1 | 16.4 | 16.1 |
| Missiles | 10.5 | 8.9 | 9.8 | 9.5 | 9.6 | 8.2 | 8.3 | 7.8 |
| Ships | 10.9 | 9.7 | 10.0 | 9.3 | 10.3 | 10.5 | 8.7 | 8.9 |
| Venicles | 3.0 | 1.8 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 4.9 | 1.5 | 1.8 | 1.9 |
| Electronic equipme | 6.4 | 5.5 | 5.6 | 6.2 | 5.9 | 5.2 | 4.7 | 4.7 |
| Other ............................ | 13.4 | 12.9 | 12.8 | 13.1 | 13.9 | 13.5 | 11.0 | 14.2 |
| Other durable goods ......... | 4.8 | 4.7 | 4.8 | 4.2 | 4.3 | 5.1 | 5.0 | 5.7 |
| Nondurable goods .. | 9.5 | 8.0 | 9.2 | 7.9 | 7.2 | 8.5 | 8.5 | 7.5 |
| Petroleum products | 3.2 | 3.0 | 2.9 | 2.5 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 2.7 | 2.6 |
| Ammunition ..... | 3.5 | 2.3 | 3.7 | 3.0 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 2.8 | 1.8 |
| Other nondurable goods .... | 2.8 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 3.1 |
| Services | 218.1 | 217.6 | 219.1 | 214.5 | 217.3 | 222.8 | 216.0 | 210.9 |
| Compensation of employees | 135.8 | 134.9 | 134.4 | 135.3 | 135.6 | 135.1 | 133.5 | . 4 |
| Military ... | 88.3 | 86.3 | 86.4 | 87.1 | 87.0 | 86.3 | 84.9 | 85.5 |
| Civilian | 47.5 | 48.5 | 48.0 | 48.2 | 48.5 | 48.8 | 48.6 | 48.9 |
| Other services .................. | 82.4 | 82.7 | 84.6 | 79.2 | 81.7 | 87.6 | 82.4 | 76.5 |
| Contractual research and development | 27.4 | 25.4 | 27.6 | 24.5 | 26.6 | 26.2 | 24.3 | 22.0 |
| Installation support ${ }^{1}$....... | 25.3 | 28.1 | 25.1 | 26.8 | 28.1 | 29.1 | 28.4 | 26.9 |
| Weapons support ${ }^{2}$......... | 8.0 | 8.1 | 8.3 | 7.2 | 7.9 | 9.6 | 7.9 | 6.2 |
| Personnel support ${ }^{3}$........ | 14.7 | 16.4 | 15.5 | 15.6 | 16.3 | 17.0 | 16.8 | 15.5 |
| Transportation of material $\qquad$ | 4.6 | 4.3 | 5.3 | 4.6 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 4.2 | 4.2 |
| Travel of persons ........... | 4.4 | 3.9 | 4.1 | 3.9 | 3.4 | 4.3 | 4.1 | 4.2 |
| Other ............................ | -2.0 | -3.6 | -1.3 | -3.3 | -4.8 | -2.8 | -3.3 | -2.6 |
| Structures ............................ | 4.5 | 4.7 | 4.4 | 4.7 | 4.1 | 5.2 | 5.0 | 6.1 |
| Military facilities ................ | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 2.5 | 3.6 | 3.2 | 4.2 |
| Other ............................... | 1.3 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.9 |

1. Includes utilities, communications, rental payments, maintenance and repair, and payments to contractors to operate installations.
2. Includes depot maintenance and contractual senvices for weapons systems, other than research and development.
3. Includes compensation of foreign personnel, consulting, training, and education.

Table 3.8B.-Government Purchases by Type in Constant Dollars
[Billions of 1987 dollars]

|  | 1993 | 1994 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1993 | 1994 |  |  |  | 1995 |
|  |  |  | N | 1 | II | III | IV | 1 |
| Govemment purchases | 929.8 | 922.8 | 931.5 | 19.9 | 917.1 | 932.0 | 922.2 | 919.4 |
| Federal. | 356.6 | 337.6 | 351.1 | 34.2 | 334.7 | 343.5 | 330.4 | 326.9 |
| National delense ... | 243.7 | 226.7 | 238.7 | 228.5 | 226.1 | 233.0 | 219.1 | 215.0 |
| Durable goods ... | 64.8 | 55.4 | 61.4 | 57.9 | 55.8 | 57.8 | 50.2 | 52.6 |
| Nondurable goods.. | 8.6 | 7.4 | 8.4 | 7.4 | 6.7 | 7.9 | 7.6 | 7.3 |
| Services ............ | 166.9 | 160.5 | 165.7 | 159.8 | 160.6 | 163.6 | 157.8 | 150.8 |
| Compensation of employees ... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 87.5 |
| Militay ......... | 63.0 | 59.2 | 61.3 | 60.5 | 59.7 | 58.9 | ${ }^{87.8}$ | ${ }^{87.5}$ |
| Civilian ..... | 33.4 | 31.6 | 32.4 | 32.0 | 31.8 | 31.5 | 31.0 | 30.4 |
| Other services .... | 70.4 | 69.7 | 72.0 | 67.3 | 69.1 | 73.2 | 69.1 | 63.3 |
| Structures ......... | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.1 | 3.4 | 2.9 | 3.7 | 3.5 | 4.3 |
| Nondefense ....... | 113.0 | 110.9 | 112.4 | 113.2 | 108.7 | 110.5 | 111.3 | 11.8 |
| Durable goods | 8.0 | 8.0 | 8.5 | 7.5 | 7.5 | 8.4 | 8.7 | 9.1 |
| Nondurable goods .-...... | 6.4 | 6.0 | 6.4 | 6.5 | 6.0 | 5.3 | 6.0 | 6.9 |
| Commodity Credit Corporation inventory change ... | -3. | $-7$ | . 3 | -2 |  | $-1.3$ | -7 | 7 |
| Other nondurables ..... | 6.8 | 6.7 | 6.1 | 6.8 | 6.6 | 6.6 | 6.7 | 6.7 |
| Services ............ | 88.5 | 87.2 | 87.4 | 88.9 | 86.1 | 87.4 | 86.2 | 85.7 |
| Compensation of employees |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 46.6 |
| Other senices .... | 38.9 | 39.1 | 38.0 | 39.5 | 37.6 | 39.9 | 39.4 | 39.1 |
| Structures ....... | 10.1 | 9.7 | 10.2 | 10.2 | 9.0 | 9.4 | 10.4 | 10.1 |
| State and local ..... | 573.1 | 585.2 | 580.4 | 578.3 | 582.4 | . | 591.8 | 592.5 |
| Durable goods. | 32.1 | 32.9 | 32.4 | 32.7 | 32.8 | 33.0 | 33.2 | 33.3 |
| Nondurable goods ............. | 53.6 | 55.9 | 54.4 | 55.2 | 55.6 | 56.2 | 56.8 | 57.3 |
| Senvices ....)................. | 399.1 | 407.2 | 401.2 | 404.0 | 405.9 | 408.7 | 410.2 | 411.8 |
| Compensation of employees | 363.6 | 368.8 | 365.1 | 366.5 | 368.1 | 369.9 | 370.6 | 371.5 |
| Other services ....... | 35.5 | 38.4 | 36.2 | 37.5 | 37.8 | 38.7 | 39.6 | 40.2 |
| Structures ................ | 88.3 | 89.2 | 92.4 | 86.4 | 88.1 | 90.6 | 91.7 | 90.2 |

Table 3.11.-National Defense Purchases in Constant Dollars
[Billions of 1987 dollars]

| National defense purchases $\qquad$ | 243.7 | 226.7 | 238.7 | 228.5 | 226.1 | 233.0 | 219.1 | 215.0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Durable goods ..... | 4.8 | 55.4 | 61.4 | 57.9 | 55.8 | 57.8 | 50.2 | 2.6 |
| itary equipm | 58.9 | 49.8 | 55.3 | 53.3 | 50.9 | 51.3 | 43.8 | 45.5 |
| Aircraft | 18.4 | 15.0 | 18.0 | 16.8 | 13.7 | 16.5 | 13.3 | 13.0 |
| Missiles | 11.6 | 9.5 | 11.1 | 10.5 | 10.2 | 9.0 | 8.5 | 8.1 |
| Ships | 9.1 | 7.8 | 8.3 | 7.7 | 8.3 | 8.5 | 6.9 | 6.8 |
| Vehicles | 2.5 | 1.5 | 1.8 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.5 |
| Electronic equipr | 5.9 | 5.0 | 5.2 | 5.6 | 5.3 | 4.7 | 4.3 | 4.3 |
| Other. | 11.4 | 10.9 | 10.9 | 11.1 | 11.8 | 11.4 | 9.4 | 11.8 |
| Other durable goods ... | 5.9 | 5.6 | 6.1 | 4.6 | 4.9 | 6.4 | 6.5 | 71 |
| Nondurable goods ............... | 8.6 | 7.4 | 8.4 | 7.4 | 6.7 | 7.9 | 7.6 | 7.3 |
| Petroieum products. | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 2.4 | 2.6 |
| Ammunition .............. | 3.3 | 2.2 | 3.6 | 2.7 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 2.5 | 2.0 |
| Other nondurable goods .... | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 2.7 |
| Services .... | 166.9 | 160.5 | 165.7 | 159.8 | 160.6 | 163.6 | 157.8 | 150.8 |
| Compensation of employees |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| employees ................... | 96.5 | 90.8 | 93.7 | 92.5 | 91.5 | 90.4 | 88.7 | 7.5 |
| Military ........................ | 63.0 | 59.2 | 61.3 | 60.5 | 59.7 | 58.9 | 57.8 | 7. |
| Civilian ............ | 33.4 | 31.6 | 32.4 | 32.0 | 31.8 | 31.5 | 31.0 | 30.4 |
| Other services .................. | 70.4 | 69.7 | 72.0 | 67.3 | 69.1 | 73.2 | 69.1 | 63.3 |
| Contractual research and development $\qquad$ | 24.0 | 22.2 | 24.2 | 21.5 | 23.2 | 22.8 | 21.1 | 18.9 |
| Installation support ${ }^{1}$....... | 21.7 | 23.6 | 21.5 | 22.9 | 23.8 | 24.2 | 23.7 | 22.1 |
| Weapons support ${ }^{2}$.......... | 6.4 | 6.4 | 6.6 | 5.6 | 6.2 | 7.6 | 6.2 | 4.9 |
| Personnel support ${ }^{3}$........ | 11.0 | 12.2 | 11.4 | 11.6 | 12.2 | 12.5 | 12.3 | 11.3 |
| Transportation of material | 5.0 | 4.4 | 5.8 | 4.7 | 4.2 | 4.4 | 4.5 | 4.4 |
| Travel of persons...... | 3.7 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.3 | 2.9 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3.5 |
| Other | -1.4 | -2.5 | -1.0 | -2.3 | -3.3 | -1.9 | -2.3 | -1.8 |
| Structures ... | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.1 | 3.4 | 2.9 | . 7 | 3.5 | 4.3 |
| Military facilities | 2.4 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 1.8 | 2.6 | 2.3 | 3.0 |
| Other ................... | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1 | 1.1 | 2 | 1.3 |

1. Includes utilities, communications, rental payments, maintenance and repair, and payments to contractors to operate installations.
2. Includes depot maintenance and contractual services for weapons systems, other than research and evelopment.
3. Includes compensation of foreign personnel, consulting, training, and education.

## 4. Foreign Transactions

Table 4.1.-Foreign Transactions in the National Income and Product Accounts
[Billions of dollars]

|  | 1993 | 1994 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1993 | 1994 |  |  |  | 1995 |
|  |  |  | IV |  | 11 | 11 | IV | 1 |
| Receipts from rest of the world $\qquad$ | 795.6 | 885.8 | 821.6 | 819.6 | 866.6 | 907.2 | 949.7 | 975.4 |
| Exports of goods and services | 659.1 | 718.7 | 680.3 | 674.2 | 704.5 | 730.5 | 765.5 | 775.8 |
| Merchandise ${ }^{1}$ | 461.0 | 512.1 | 480.3 | 476.0 | 499.5 | 521.3 | 551.5 | 562.6 |
| Durable | 314.8 | 350.6 | 329.2 | 329.4 | 346.0 | 355.2 | 371.7 | 377.7 |
| Nondurable | 146.2 | 161.5 | 151.1 | 146.6 | 153.5 | 166.2 | 179.8 | 184.9 |
| Services ${ }^{1}$..... | 198.1 | 206.6 | 200.0 | 198.3 | 205.0 | 209.1 | 214.0 | 213.2 |
| Receipts of factor income ${ }^{2}$...... | 136.6 | 167.1 | 141.3 | 145.4 | 162.1 | 176.7 | 184.2 | 199.6 |
| Capital grants received by the United States (net) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Payments to rest of the world $\qquad$ | 795.6 | 885.8 | 821.6 | 819.6 | 866.6 | 907.2 | 949.7 | 975.4 |
| Imports of goods and services | 724.3 | 816.9 | 751.4 | 760.9 | 802.1 | 840.1 | 864.4 | 888.9 |
| Merchandise ${ }^{1}$.................... | 592.1 | 677.2 | 613.3 | 622.3 | 665.3 | 700.0 | 721.2 | 741.8 |
| Durable | 385.5 | 454.3 | 407.8 | 418.1 | 445.3 | 464.1 | 489.5 | 500.4 |
| Nondurable .................... | 206.6 | 223.0 | 205.6 | 204.2 | 220.0 | 235.9 | 231.8 | 241.4 |
| Services '..... | 132.2 | 139.7 | 138.1 | 138.6 | 136.8 | 140.1 | 143.2 | 147.1 |
| Payments of factor income ${ }^{3}$.... | 132.1 | 178.6 | 143.3 | 146.1 | 169.5 | 188.8 | 210.1 | 221.4 |
| Transfer payments (net) ........ | 31.5 | 33.5 | 40.1 | 29.0 | 30.1 | 31.9 | 42.8 | 28.7 |
| From persons (net) ...... | 9.9 | 10.5 | 9.8 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.3 | 10.5 | 10.7 |
| From government (net) ........ | 15.7 | 15.9 | 24.3 | 11.6 | 12.7 | 14.4 | 24.7 | 10.5 |
| From business ................... | 5.9 | 7.2 | 5.9 | 6.9 | 6.9 | 7.2 | 7.6 | 7.5 |
| Net foreign investment ............. | -92.3 | -143.2 | -113.2 | -116.4 | -135.1 | -153.6 | -167.7 | -163.6 |

1. Exports and imports of certain goods, primarily military equipment purchased and sold by the Federal Government, are included in services.
2. Consists largely of receipts by U.S. residents of interest and dividends and reinvested earnings of foreign affiliates of U.S. corporations.
3. Consists largely of payments to foreign residents of interest and dividends and reinvested earnings of U.S. affiliates of foreign corporations.

Table 4.3.-Exports and Imports of Merchandise by End-Use Category [Billions of dollars]

| Exports of merchandise... | 461.0 | 512.1 | 480.3 | 476.0 | 499.5 | 521.3 | . 5 | 562.6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ds, | 40.7 | 42.0 | 42.5 | 39.7 | 37.8 | 41.8 | 48.8 | 47.6 |
| Industrial supplies and materials | 102.7 | 115.9 | 103.4 | 104.1 | 111.8 | 120.8 | 126.8 | 138.2 |
| Durable goods | 37.6 | 41.3 | 37.5 | 37.2 | 39.6 | 43.4 | 44.3 | 48.4 |
| Nondurable goods | 65.1 | 74.6 | 65.9 | 66.2 | 72.1 | 77. |  |  |
| Capital goods, except automo | 182.2 | 205.6 | 192.4 | 194.7 | 204.3 | 207.4 | 215.0 | 216.6 |
| Civilian aircraft, engines, and parts | 32.7 | 31.6 | 34.5 | 34.2 | 34.1 | 28.6 |  | 25 |
| Computers, peripherals; and parts | 29.3 | 33.2 | 30.6 | 31.3 | 31. | 33. |  | 36.3 |
|  | 120 | 140.7 | 127.3 | 129.1 | 138 | 145 | 150.5 | 155 |
| omo | 52 | 576 | 55 |  | 55 |  |  |  |
| Consumer goods, | 54. | 60. | 56.9 | 55. | 58. | 61.4 |  | 62 |
| Durable goods | 28 | 30.6 | 29.3 | 28.6 | 30 | 30 | 32 | 32 |
| Nor |  | 29. | 27. |  | 27 |  |  |  |
| her | 28. | 31.0 | 30. | 27. | 31. | 32. |  |  |
| Durable goods | 14. | 15.5 | 15.1 | 13. | 15.7 | 16. | 16 | 17.5 |
| Nondurable goods ......... | 14.1 | 15.5 | 15.1 | 13.9 |  |  |  |  |
| Imports of merchandise | 592 | 677.2 | 613.3 | 622.3 | 665.3 | 700.0 | 721.2 | 741.8 |
| Foods, leeds, and beverages | 27.9 | 31.0 | 28.9 | 29.4 | 30.5 | 32.2 | 31.9 | 34.2 |
| sistrial supplies and ma |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| petroleum and products | 88.9 | 105.6 | 92.3 |  | 103. |  | 114.2 |  |
| burable goods | 43.0 |  |  | 4 |  |  |  | 61.3 |
| Nondurable goods | 45.9 | 51.6 | 45.7 | 48.8 | 50.2 | 52.1 | 55. |  |
| troleum and products | 51.5 | 51.2 | 47.6 | 41.6 | 51 | 60.6 | 51.2 | 5 |
| Capital goods, except automotive .-. | 152.4 | 184.7 | 163.2 | 170.5 | 179.0 | 187.9 | . | 206 |
| Civilian aircratt, engines, and parts | 11.3 | 11.3 | 12.4 | 11.3 | 12.3 | 9.8 | 11.9 | 10.6 |
| Computers, peripherals, and parts | 38. | 46.1 |  | 41.8 |  | 47. | 1.2 |  |
|  | 103.1 | 127.2 | 110 | 1177.4 | 122 | 130.9 | 138.3 | 145 |
| Automotive vehicles, engines, and parts | 102.4 | 118.7 | 105.9 | 108.1 | 116. | 123 | 126.8 |  |
| Consumer goods, except automotive ..... | 134.0 | 146.3 | 137.9 | 137 | 144 |  | 154.4 | 158.7 |
| Durable goods | 70.2 | 77.0 | 73.2 | 72.1 | 76. | 77. |  | $\stackrel{82.9}{ }$ |
| Nondurable goods | 63.8 | 69.2 | 64 | 65. | 67. | 70 | 72 | 75.8 |
|  | 35.1 | 39.8 | 37 | 37.4 |  | 20. | 41 | 39.6 |
| Durable goods | 17.5 | 19.9 | 18.0 | 18.7 | 20 | 20 | 20. | 19.8 |
| Nondurable goods .................... | 17.5 | 19.9 | 18. | 18.7 | 20. | 20.0 | 20.7 | 19.8 |
| Addenda: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exports of agriaulural products ${ }^{1}$ | 43.7 | 47.1 | 45.4 | 43.7 | 43.8 | 46.8 | 54.1 | 55.8 |
| Exports of nonagricultural products ... | 417.3 540.6 | 465.0 | 4355.0 | 432.2 | 455.7 | 474.6 | 497.4 | 506.8 |
| imports of nonpetroleum products. | 54 | 626.0 | 565.7 |  | 613.9 |  |  | 689.2 |

Table 4.2.-Exports and Imports of Goods and Services and Receipts and Payments of Factor Income in Constant Dollars
[Billions of 1987 dollars]

|  | 1993 | 1994 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\frac{1993}{\mathrm{IV}}$ | 1994 |  |  |  | $\frac{1995}{1}$ |
|  |  |  |  | 1 | II | III | N |  |
| Exports of goods and services .......... | 602.5 | 657.0 | 625.2 | 619.6 | 643.9 | 666.5 | 697.9 | 702.2 |
| Merchandise ${ }^{1}$... | 446.0 | 496.9 | 468.1 | 464.4 | 484.6 | 505.1 | 533.6 | 539.3 |
| Durable | 312.5 | 356.3 | 330.6 | 332.6 | 348.5 | 361.2 | 383.0 | 390.4 |
| Nondurable ........................... | 133.4 | 140.6 | 137.5 | 131.7 | 136.1 | 144.0 | 150.6 | 149.0 |
| Services ${ }^{1}$...................................... | 156.5 | 160.0 | 157.1 | 155.2 | 159.2 | 161.3 | 164.3 | 162.9 |
| Receipts of factor income ${ }^{2}$................ | 109.1 | 130.8 | 112.4 | 114.8 | 127.1 | 137.8 | 143.2 | 154.4 |
| Imports of goods and services ......... | 676.3 | 766.9 | 707.4 | 723.6 | 755.6 | 783.5 | 805.0 | 822.2 |
| Merchandise ${ }^{1}$............................... | 572.7 | 658.5 | 599.9 | 615.2 | 648.3 | 674.6 | 695.9 | 709.5 |
| Durable ................................... | 380.9 | 453.6 | 405.1 | 417.7 | 443.4 | 463.1 | 490.1 | 499.3 |
| Nondurable | 191.8 | 204.9 | 194.8 | 197.5 | 204.9 | 211.5 | 205.8 | 210.2 |
| Services ${ }^{1}$.................................... | 103.6 | 108.5 | 107.6 | 108.5 | 107.4 | 108.9 | 109.1 | 112.7 |
| Payments of factor income ${ }^{3}$.............. | 103.4 | 137.5 | 111.7 | 113.2 | 130.7 | 144,9 | 161.0 | 169.1 |

1. Exporis and imports of certain goods, primarily military equipment purchased and sold by the Federal Government, are included in services.
2. Consists largely of receipts by U.S. residents of interest and dividends and reinvested earnings of toreign atfiliates of U.S. corporations.
3. Consists largely of payments to foreign residents of interest and dividends and reinvested earnings of U.S. affiliates of foreign corporations.

Table 4.4.-Exports and Imports of Merchandise by End-Use Category in Constant Dollars
[Billions of 1987 dollars]

| Exports of merchandise | 446.0 | 496.9 | 468.1 | 464,4 | 484.6 | 505.1 | 533.6 | 539.3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Foods, feeds | 35.6 | 35.7 | 36.2 | 33.0 | 32.0 | 36.3 | 41.7 | 39.7 |
| Industrial supplies and materiais | 94.7 | 100.5 | 96.4 | 95.4 | 99.7 | 103.4 | 103.4 | 106.6 |
| Durable goods | 31.0 | 33.1 | 31.0 | 30.8 | 32.2 | 34.8 | 34.5 | 36.4 |
| Nondurable goods | 63.7 | 67.4 | 65.4 | 64.5 | 67.6 | 68.6 | 68.8 | 70.2 |
| Capital goods, except automotive | 197.6 | 232.5 | 211.9 | 216.7 | 226.9 | 235.1 | 251.4 | 256.4 |
| Civilian aircraft, engines, and parts ... | 25.9 | 24.4 | 27.0 | 26.8 | 26.5 | 21.9 | 22.4 | 19.1 |
| Computers, peripherals, and parts .... | 66.6 | 84.5 | 74.0 | 76.9 | 79.3 | 85.9 | 95.8 | 100.3 |
| Other | 105.1 | 123.6 | 110.9 | 113.0 | 121.0 | 127.2 | 133.2 | 137.0 |
| Automotive vehicles, engines, and parts | 46.3 | 50.4 | 48.6 | 47.7 | 49.0 | 50.7 | 54.2 | 54.4 |
| Consumer goods, except automotive ..... | 46.9 | 51.0 | 48.6 | 47.3 | 49.8 | 52.1 | 54.9 | 52.9 |
| Durable goods | 25.2 | 27.0 | 25.9 | 25.2 | 26.9 | 25.8 | 28.9 | 28.6 |
| Nondurable goods | 21.7 | 24.1 | 22.7 | 22.1 | 22.9 | 25.3 | 26.0 | 24.4 |
| Other | 24.8 | 26.7 | 26.4 | 24.2 | 27.2 | 27. | 27.9 | 29.3 |
| Durable goods | 12.4 | 13.4 | 13.2 | 12.1 | 13.6 | 13.8 | 14.0 | 14.6 |
| Nondurable goods | 12.4 | 13.4 | 13.2 | 12.1 | 13.6 | 13.8 | 14.0 | 14.6 |
| Imports of merchandise | 572.7 | 658.5 | 599.9 | 615.2 | 648.3 | 674.6 | 695.9 | 709.5 |
| Foods, feeds, and beverages $\qquad$ Industrial supplies and materials, except | 25.6 | 26. | 25.7 | 26.2 | 26.2 | 26.2 | 25. | 27.1 |
| petroleum and products | 78.2 | 90.1 | 81.1 | 85.5 | 89.6 | 91.4 | 94.0 | 96.5 |
| Durable goods | 37.1 | 45.1 | 40.0 | 41.8 | 44.8 | 46.0 | 47.6 | 48.5 |
| Nondurable goods | 41.1 | 45.1 | 41.1 | 43.8 | 44.8 | 45.3 | 46.4 | 48 |
| Petroieum and products | 56.5 | 59.5 | 58.1 | 56.5 | 60.3 | 64.3 | 57. | 56.4 |
| Capital goods, except automotive | 180.9 | 227.8 | 197.3 | 207.8 | 219.0 | 231.7 | 252.5 | 258.1 |
| Civilian aircraft, engines, and parts ... | 8.9 | 8.7 | 9.7 | 8.8 | 9.6 | 7.6 | 9.0 | 8.0 |
| Computers, peripherals, and parts.. | 83.9 | 112.7 | 94.6 | 99.7 | 106.9 | 115.4 | 128.9 | 130.0 |
| Oner | 88.0 | 106.3 | 93.0 | 99.2 | 102.6 | 108.8 | 114.5 | 120.1 |
| Automotive vehicles, engines, and parts | 87.4 | 97.9 | 88.9 | 90.3 | 96.7 | 101.7 | 103.1 | 105.7 |
| Consumer goods, except automotive | 113.9 | 123.7 | 116.7 | 116.9 | 122.2 | 125.7 | 129.8 | 133.2 |
| Durable goods | 60.4 | 66.1 | 62.8 | 61.9 | 65.7 | 66.8 | 69.9 | 70.8 |
| Nondurable goods | 53.5 | 57.6 | 53.9 | 55.0 | 56.5 | 58.9 | 59.9 | 62.4 |
| Other | 30.3 | 33.5 | 32.0 | 32.0 | 34.2 | 33.6 | 34.2 | 32.5 |
| Durable goods | 15.1 | 16.7 | 16.0 | 16.0 | 17.1 | 16.8 | 17. | 16.3 |
| Nondurable goods ......................... | 15.1 | 16.7 | 16.0 | 16.0 | 17. | 16. | 17. | 16. |
| Addenda: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exports of agricultural products ${ }^{1}$ | 38.6 | 40.2 | 39.1 | 36.6 | 37.5 | 40.7 | 45.9 | 45.7 |
| Exports of nonagricultural products. | 407.4 | 456.7 | 429.1 | 427.8 | 447.1 | 464.4 | 487.6 | 493.6 |
| Imports of nonpetroleum products ... | 516.3 | 598.9 | 541.8 | 558 | 587.9 | 610.3 | 638.9 | 653.1 |

## 5. Saving and Investment

Table 5.1.-Gross Saving and Investment
[Billions of dollars]

|  | 1993 | 1994 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1993 | 1994 |  |  |  | 1995 |
|  |  |  | N | 1 | 1 | III | N | 1 |
| Gross saving ........ | 787.5 | 920.6 | 825.8 | 886.2 | 923.3 | 922.6 | 950.3 | 1,006.9 |
| Gross private saving ......... | 1,002.5 | 1,053.5 | 1,011.4 | 1,037.3 | 1,041.4 | 1,052.7 | 1,082.7 | 1,127.5 |
| Personal saving ................ | 192.6 | 203.1 | 189.4 | 175.5 | 201.1 | 203.3 | 232.6 | 265.5 |
| Undistributed corporate profits with inventory valuation and capital |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| consumption adjustments | 120.9 | 135.1 | 147.9 | 127.7 | 142.3 | 139.5 | 130.7 | 131.5 |
| Undistributed profits ....... | 97.5 | 116.9 | 115.6 | 103.0 | 118.9 | 121.6 | 124.0 | 132.2 |
| Inventory valuation adjustment | -6.2 | -19.5 | -6.5 | -12.3 | -14.1 | -19.6 | -32.1 | -38.7 |
| Capital consumption adjustment ................. | 29.5 | 37.7 | 38.8 | 37.0 | 37.4 | 37.5 | 38.8 | 38.0 |
| Corporate consumption of fixed capital $\qquad$ | 407.8 | 432.2 | 411.1 | 432.2 | 425.9 | 432.6 | 438.0 | 445.5 |
| Noncorporate consumption of fixed capital $\qquad$ | 261.2 | 283.1 | 263.0 | 301.8 | 272.1 | 277.3 | 281.3 | 285.1 |
| Wage accruals less disbursements $\qquad$ | 20.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Government surplus or deficit ( - ), national income and product |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| accounts $\qquad$ <br> Federal | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} -255.0 \\ -241.4 \end{array}\right\|$ | -132.9 -159.1 | -185.6 | -151.1 | -118.1 | -130.1 | -132.3 -161.1 | -120.6 -150.3 |
| State and local ....................... | 26.3 | 26.2 | 34.5 | 25.2 | 27.0 | 23.9 | 28.8 | 29.7 |
| Capital grants received by the United States (net) ..... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Gross investment ......... | 789.8 | 889.7 | 809.3 | 850.2 | 899.3 | 901.5 | 907.9 | 946.5 |
| Gross private domestic investment | 882.0 | 1,032.9 | 922.5 | 966.6 | 1,034.4 | 1,055.1 | 1,075.6 | 1,110.1 |
| Net foreign investment ............ | -92.3 | -143.2 | -113.2 | -116.4 | -135.1 | -153.6 | -167.7 | -163.6 |
| Statistical discrepancy | 2.3 | -30.9 | -16.5 | -36.1 | -24.0 | -21.1 | -42.4 | -60.4 |

Table 5.4.-Fixed Investment by Type
[Bilions of dollars]

|  | 1993 | 1994 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1993 | 1994 |  |  |  | 1995 |
|  |  |  | IV | 1 | 11 | III | IV | 1 |
| Fixed investment ................. | 866.7 | 980.7 | 913.5 | 942.5 | 967.0 | 992.5 | 1,020,8 | 1,054,8 |
| Nonresidential ........................ | 616.1 | 697.6 | 646.3 | 665.4 | 683.3 | 709.1 | 732.8 | 766.9 |
| Structures | 173.4 | 182.8 | 176.7 | 172.7 | 181.8 | 184.6 | 192.0 | 200.0 |
| Nonresidential buildings, including farm $\qquad$ | 117.6 | 127.6 | 122.3 | 119.0 | 127.2 | 128.6 | 135.7 | 142.0 |
| Utilities .............................. | 34.4 | 36.3 | 34.4 | 34.7 | 35.6 | 36.7 | 38.3 | 38.6 |
| Mining exploration, shafts, and wells $\qquad$ | 12.2 | 10.7 | 11.4 | 11.1 | 11.2 | 10.7 | 10.0 | 11.1 |
| Other structures ................... | 9.2 | 8.1 | 8.6 | 7.9 | 7.9 | 8.6 | 8.0 | 8.3 |
| Producers' durable equipment | 442.7 | 514.8 | 469.6 | 492.7 | 501.5 | 524.5 | 540.7 | 566.9 |
| Information processing and related equipment $\qquad$ | 151.5 | 180.3 | 164.4 | 169.3 | 177.0 | 182.5 | 192.6 | 199.3 |
| Computers and peripheral equipment ${ }^{1}$ | 47.0 | 180.3 54.1 | 164.4 51.5 | 52.6 | 53.4 | 54.2 | 52.6 56.2 | 195.3 57.7 |
| Other .................................. | 104.5 | 126.2 | 112.9 | 116.7 | 123.5 | 128.3 | 136.4 | 141.6 |
| Industrial equipment ......... | 96.7 | 113.1 | 102.9 | 107.0 | 111.0 | 115.8 | 118.5 | 125.6 |
| Transportation and related |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| equipment ....................... | 104.2 | 119.3 | 107.9 | 118.6 | 112.9 | 121.3 | 125.2 | 132.2 |
| Other .................................. | 90.4 | 102.1 | 94.4 | 97.8 | 101.5 | 104.9 | 104.4 | 109.9 |
| Residential ................................ | 250.6 | 283.0 | 267.2 | 277.1 | 283.6 | 283.4 | 288.0 | 287.9 |
| Structures .............................. | 242.8 | 274.7 | 259.2 | 269.1 | 275.3 | 274.9 | 279.2 | 279.1 |
| Single family ........................ | 133.3 | 154.0 | 143.2 | 152.5 | 156.2 | 154.4 | 153.1 | 150.3 |
| Multifamily ........................... | 10.8 | 13.7 | 11.1 | 11.4 | 13.0 | 14.2 | 16.1 | 17.7 |
| Other structures ................... | 98.8 | 107.0 | 105.0 | 105.2 | 106.2 | 106.4 | 110.1 | 111.1 |
| Producers' durable equipment | 7.7 | 8.4 | 8.0 | 8.0 | 8.3 | 8.5 | 8.8 | 8.7 |

1. Includes new computers and peripheral equipment only.

Table 5.5.-Fixed Investment by Type in Constant Dollars
[Biliions of 1987 dollars]

|  | 1993 | 1994 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1993 | 1994 |  |  |  | 1995 |
|  |  |  | IV | 1. | 11 | III | IV | 1 |
| Fixed investment ........................ | 804.6 | 903.8 | 851.7 | 873.4 | 891.7 | 910.2 | 939.7 | 972.3 |
| Nonresidential | 591.6 | 672.4 | 627.2 | 643.6 | 657.9 | 680.0 | 708.2 | 742.3 |
| Structures | 147.7 | 150.6 | 148.7 | 144.1 | 151.0 | 151.6 | 155.6 | 160.9 |
| Nonresidential buildings, including farm | 100.0 | 104.8 | 102.7 | 99.2 | 105.4 | 105.1 | 109.5 | 113.8 |
| Utiilities ................................................... | 28.8 | 29.5 | 28.5 | 28.4 | 29.0 | 29.7 | 30.7 | 30.8 |
| Mining exploration, shafts, and wells $\qquad$ | 10.7 | 9.3 | 9.9 | 9.6 | 9.8 | 9.3 | 8.5 | 9.4 |
| Other structures ........................ | 8.2 | 7.0 | 7.6 | 6.9 | 6.8 | 7.3 | 6.8 | 7.0 |
| Producers' durable equipment | 443.9 | 521.9 | 478.5 | 499.4 | 506.9 | 528.4 | 552.6 | 581.4 |
| equipment ............................ | 200.9 | 249.1 | 225.2 | 233.2 | 242.2 | 251.2 | 269.9 | 283.6 |
| Computers and peripheral |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| equipment ${ }^{1}$........................ | 105.4 | 134.8 | 122.5 | 127.2 | 130.3 | 135.1 | 146.5 | 155.5 |
| Other ................................... | 95.5 | 114.3 | 102.7 | 106.0 | 111.8 | 116.1 | 123.4 | 128.1 |
| Industrial equipment ..................... | 79.2 | 90.3 | 83.6 | 86.4 | 88.9 | 92.1 | 93.6 | 98.5 |
| Transportation and related |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| equipment .............................. | 87.8 76.1 | 98.3 | 90.9 | 98.5 81.3 | 92.3 83.6 | 99.1 86.1 | 103.4 | 109.4 89.8 |
| Residential ...................................... | 213.0 | 231,3 | 224.5 | 229.9 | 233.8 | 230.2 | 231.5 | 230.0 |
| Structures | 205.7 | 223.5 | 216.9 | 222.4 | 226.0 | 222.3 | 223.3 | 221.9 |
| Single family ............................. | 112.1 | 124.4 | 118.3 | 125.1 | 127.6 | 123.8 | 121.0 | 118.4 |
| Multifamily ................................ | 9.6 | 11.7 | 9.7 | 10.0 | 11.3 | 12.1 | 13.5 | 14.8 |
| Other structures ........................ | 84.1 | 87.4 | 88.9 | 87.3 | 87.2 | 86.5 | 88.8 | 88.6 |
| Producers' durable equipment ....... | 7.4 | 7.8 | 7.6 | 7.5 | 7.8 | 7.9 | 8.2 | 8.1 |

[^7]Table 5.10.-Change in Business Inventories by Industry
[Billions of dollars]

|  | 1993 | 1994 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1993 | 1994 |  |  |  | 1995 |
|  |  |  | IV | 1 | II | III | IV | 1 |
| Change in business inventories | 15.4 | 52.2 | 9.0 | 24.1 | 67.4 | 62.6 | 54.8 | 55.3 |
| Farm. | -4.7 | 6.4 | -1.7 | 1.8 | 7.0 | 9.2 | 7.4 | . 9 |
| Nonfiam ..................................... | 20.1 | 45.9 | 10.7 | 22.3 | 60.4 | 53.4 | 47.4 | 54.4 |
| Change in book value ................. | 28.4 | 73.0 | 18.4 | 40.6 | 84.2 | 79.6 | 87.7 | 107.4 |
| Inventory valuation adjustment ...... | -8.3 | -27.2 | -7.7 | -18.3 | -23.8 | -26.2 | -40.3 | -52.9 |
| Manufacturing ................................ | -2.0 | 4.0 | -10.8 | 8.3 | 1.1 | 3.7 | 3.1 | 12.9 |
| Durable goods ........................ | -2.3 | 6.2 | -5.5 | 5.3 | 6.9 | 5.9 | 6.7 | 12.4 |
| Nondurable goods ..................... | 3 | -2.2 | -5.2 | 2.9 | -5.9 | -2.2 | -3.6 | . 5 |
| Wholesale trade ...................... | 4.9 | 14.0 | 1.1 | -2.0 | 20.7 | 18.8 | 18.5 | 23.8 |
| Durable goods .......................... | 2.2 | 11.8 | . 7 | -1 | 19.9 | 15.1 | 12.2 | 19.8 |
| Nondurable goods ..................... | 2.8 | 2.2 | . 4 | -2.0 | . 8 | 3.7 | 6.3 | 4.0 |
| Merchant wholesalers .............. | 5.0 | 12.5 | . 1 | -3.2 | 18.9 | 17.3 | 16.9 | 22.4 |
| Durable goods ................... | 2.1 | 10.3 | -. 2 | -2.2 | 19.8 | 12.8 | 10.7 | 18.0 |
| Nondurable goods .............. | 2.9 | 2.2 | . 3 | -1.0 | -8 | 4.4 | 6.2 | 4.4 |
| Nonnmerchant wholesalers ........ | -. 1 | 1.5 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.8 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.4 |
| Durable goods .................. |  | 1.5 | . 9 | 2.1 | 1 | 2.3 | 1.6 | 1.8 |
| Nondurable goods .............. | -. 2 | 0 | . 1 | -1.0 | 1.6 | -. 7 | 0 | -. 4 |
| Retail trade ................................. | 10.3 | 17.8 | 5.7 | 2.7 | 26.1 | 23.7 | 18.6 | 11.5 |
| Durable goods .................... | 5.3 | 12.0 | 4.6 | 6.2 | 7.2 | 18.8 | 15.7 | 10.6 |
| Automotive .......................... | - 1 | 6.2 | -5.4 | 3.0 | -2.4 | 9.6 | 14.4 | 10.5 |
| Other | 5.4 | 5.8 | 9.9 | 3.2 | 9.6 | 9.2 | 1.3 | . 1 |
| Nondurable goods ...................... | 5.1 | 5.8 | 1.1 | -3.5 | 18.9 | 4.9 | 2.9 | . 9 |
| Other .................................. | 6.9 | 10.1 | 14.7 | 13.3 | 12.6 | 7.2 | 7.2 | 6.2 |
| Durable goods | 3.5 | 4.8 | 9.2 | 9.1 | 4.2 | 4.3 | 1.7 | 4.4 |
| Nondurable goods ...................... | 3.4 | 5.3 | 5.5 | 4.2 | 8.4 | 2.9 | 5.5 | 1.8 |

Table 5.12.-Inventories and Final Sales of Domestic Business by Industry
[Billions of dollars]

|  | Seasonally adjusted quarterly totals |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 1993 \\ \hline N \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 1994 |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c} 1995 \\ \hline 1 \end{array}$ |
|  |  | 1 | 11 | III | IV |  |
| Inventories ${ }^{\text {1 }}$ | 1,138.4 | 1,145.7 | 1,163.7 | 1,185.2 | 1,221.0 | 1,251.7 |
| Farm | 97.6 | 99.1 | 93.8 | 94.0 | 98.4 | 98.6 |
| Nonfarm | 1,040,8 | 1,046.6 | 1,070.0 | 1,091.2 | 1,122.5 | 1,153.0 |
| Durable goods | 582.9 | 588.0 | 602.2 | 617.8 | 633.9 | 652.3 |
| Nondurable goods ................................ | 457.9 | 458.6 | 467.8 | 473.4 | 488.7 | 500.7 |
| Manufacturing . | 394.6 | 395.9 | 400.2 | 405.1 | 414.0 | 424.6 |
| Durable goods .................................... | 245.2 | 246.3 | 249.8 | 253.8 | 259.6 | 265.2 |
| Nondurable goods ................................ | 149.4 | 149.6 | 150.5 | 151.3 | 154.4 | 159.3 |
| Wholesale trade | 259.9 | 260.0 | 266.2 | 272.9 | 280.5 | 290.4 |
| Durable goods | 161.7 | 162.4 | 167.6 | 172.5 | 177.1 | 183.5 |
| Nondurable goods | 98.2 | 97.7 | 98.5 | 100.4 | 103.4 | 106.9 |
| Merchant wholesalers | 232.2 | 231.8 | 237.7 | 243.8 | 251.0 | 259.7 |
| Durable goods .......... | 144.1 | 144.1 | 149.5 | 153.7 | 157.7 | 163.4 |
| Nondurable goods ......................... | 88.0 | 87.8 | 88.3 | 90.1 | 93.2 | 96.2 |
| Nonmerchant wholesalers ... | 27.7 | 28.2 | 28.5 | 29.1 | 29.5 | 30.8 |
| Durable goods ...... | 17.5 | 18.3 | 18.2 | 18.8 | 19.4 | 20.1 |
| Nondurable goods ........................ | 10.2 | 9.9 | 10.3 | 10.3 | 10.2 | 10.7 |
| Retail trade | 282.0 | 283.0 | 292.2 | 299.2 | 310.1 | 316.0 |
| Durable goods ..................................... | 135.4 | 136.6 | 140.5 | 145.3 | 153.0 | 157.3 |
| Automotive .. | 66.8 | 67.5 | 68.5 | 70.9 | 76.6 | 80.3 |
| Other ....................................... | 68.6 | 69.2 | 72.0 | 74.4 | 76.4 | 76.9 |
| Nondurable goods ............................... | 146.6 | 146.4 | 151.7 | 153.9 | 157.1 | 158.7 |
| Other | 104.4 | 107.7 | 111.3 | 114.0 | 117.8 | 122.1 |
| Final sales of domestic business ${ }^{2}$ | 457.1 | 462.6 | 467.5 | 475.8 | 484.4 | 490.1 |
| Final sales of goods and structures of domestic business ${ }^{2}$ $\qquad$ | 250.8 | 253.9 | 255.6 | 260.5 | 266.7 | 270.1 |
| Ratio of inventories to final sales of domestic business |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Inventories to final sales | 2.49 | 2.48 | 2.49 | 2.49 | 2.52 | 2.55 |
| Nonfarm inventories to final sales | 2.28 | 2.26 | 2.29 | 2.29 | 2.32 | 2.35 |
| Nonfarm inventories to final sales of goods and structures $\qquad$ | 4.15 | 4.12 | 4.19 | 4.19 | 4.21 | 4.27 |

1. Inventories are as of the end of the quarter. The quarter-to-quarter change in inventories calculated from current-dollar inventories in this table is not the current-dollar change in business inventories (CBI) component of GDP. The former is the difference between wo inventory stocks, each valued at their respective end-of-quarter prices. The latter is the change in the physical volume of inventories valued at average prices of the quarter. In addition, changes calculated from this table are at quarterly rates, whereas CB is stated at annual rates.
2. Quarterly totals at monthly rates. Final sales of domestic business equals final sales of domestic product less gross product of households and institutions and general government and includes a small amount of final sales by farm.

Table 5.11.-Change in Business Inventories by Industry in Constant Dollars
[Billions of 1987 doliars]

|  | 1993 | 1994 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1993 | 1994 |  |  |  | 1995 |
|  |  |  | IV | 1 | 11 | III | IV | 1 |
| Change in business inventories | 15.3 | 47.8 | 10.8 | 25.4 | 59.2 | 57.1 | 49.4 | 52.3 |
| Farm .......................................... | -3.2 | 7.1 | . | 3.3 | 7.5 | 9.7 | 7.7 | 2.5 |
| Nonfarm ..................................... | 18.5 | 40.7 | 10.7 | 22.1 | 51.7 | 47.4 | 41.7 | 49.8 |
| Manufacturing | -. 8 | 4.8 | -7.7 | 9.9 | 7 | 4.5 | 4.1 | 14.1 |
| Durable goods .......................... | -1.3 | 6.7 | -3.5 | 6.8 | 6.8 | 6.3 | 6.9 | 13.5 |
| Nondurable goods ....................... | . 5 | -1.9 | -4.2 | 3.1 | -6.0 | -1.8 | -2.8 | . 6 |
| Wholesale trade. | 4.3 | 12.3 | . 7 | -1.0 | 17.7 | 16.9 | 15.8 | 21.0 |
| Durable goods ........................... | 2.0 | 10.5 | 8 | . 3 | 17.3 | 13.6 | 10.8 | 17.6 |
| Nondurable goods ...................... | 2.4 | 1.8 | 0 | -1.3 | .4 | 3.2 | 5.0 | 3.4 |
| Merchant wholesalers ... | 4.4 | 10.8 | -. 4 | -2.0 | 16.0 | 15.2 | 14.1 | 19.5 |
| Durable goods ................... | 1.9 | 9.0 | -. 3 | -1.8 | 17.2 | 11.4 | 9.1 | 15.7 |
| Nondurable goods .............. | 2.5 | 1.9 | -. 1 | -. 1 | -1.2 | 3.9 | 5.0 | 3.8 |
| Nonmerchant wholesalers ......... | 0 | 1.5 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.5 |
| Durable goods .................... | . 1 | 1.5 | 1.0 | 2.2 | 0 | 2.3 | 1.7 | 1.9 |
| Nondurable goods ................ | -. 2 | - | . | -1.2 | 1.6 | -6 | 0 | -. 4 |
| Retail trade ................................... | 9.1 | 14.9 | 5.0 | 2.0 | 22.3 | 19.9 | 15.6 | 9.6 |
| Durable goods ............................ | 4.7 | 10.0 | 4.0 | 5.0 | 6.2 | 15.8 | 12.9 | 8.7 |
| Automotive ............................ | 0 | 5.1 | -4.5 | 2.5 | -1.9 | 7.9 | 11.8 | 8.5 |
| Other .................................. | 4.7 | 4.9 | 8.5 | 2.5 | 8.1 | 7.9 | 1.1 | . 2 |
| Nondurable goods ...................... | 4.4 | 5.0 | 1.7 | -3.0 | 16.1 | 4.1 | 2.7 | . 9 |
| Other | 5.9 | 8.7 | 12.7 | 11.3 | 11.0 | 6.1 | 6.2 | 5.1 |
| Durable goods ........................... | 2.9 | 4.0 | 7.7 | 7.5 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 1.4 | 3.5 |
| Nondurable goods ...................... | 3.0 | 4.7 | 5.0 | 3.7 | 7.5 | 2.6 | 4.8 | 1.6 |

Table 5.13.-Inventories and Final Sales of Domestic Business by Industry in Constant Dollars
[Bilitions of 1987 dollars]

|  | Seasonally adiusted quarterly totals |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1993 | 1994 |  |  |  | 1995 |
|  | N | 1 | 11 | III | N | 1 |
| Inventories ${ }^{1}$ | 1,003.8 | 1,010.2 | 1,025.0 | 1,039.2 | 1,051.6 | 1,064.6 |
| Farm | 85.5 | 86.3 | 88.2 | 90.6 | 92.5 | 93.2 |
| Nonfarm | 918.3 | 923.8 | 936.8 | 948.6 | 959.0 | 971.5 |
| Durable goods | 517.0 | 521.9 | 530.3 | 540.2 | 548.2 | 559.0 |
| Nondurable goods ................................ | 401.3 | 401.9 | 406.4 | 408.4 | 410.9 | 412.5 |
| Manufacturing | 359.7 | 362.1 | 362.3 | 363.4 | 364.5 | 368.0 |
| Durable goods ..................................... | 226.5 | 228.2 | 229.9 | 231.5 | 233.2 | 236.6 |
| Nondurable goods ................................ | 133.2 | 133.9 | 132.4 | 132.0 | 131.3 | 131.4 |
| Wholesale trade | 223.9 | 223.7 | 228.1 | 232.3 | 236.2 | 241.5 |
| Durable goods .................................... | 140.9 | 140.9 | 145.3 | 148.7 | 151.4 | 155.8 |
| Nondurable goods ............................... | 83.0 | 82.7 | 82.8 | 83.6 | 84.9 | 85.7 |
| Merchant wholesalers ........................ | 199.2 | 198.7 | 202.7 | 206.6 | 210.1 | 214.9 |
| Durable goods | 125.3 | 124.8 | 129.1 | 132.0 | 134.2 | 138.2 |
| Nondurable goods | 74.0 | 73.9 | 73.6 | 74.6 | 75.8 | 76.8 |
| Nonmerchant wholesalers ................... | 24.7 | 24.9 | 25.3 | 25.7 | 26.2 | 26.5 |
| Durable goods ............................: | 15.6 | 16.1 | 16.1 | 16.7 | 17.1 | 17.6 |
| Nondurable goods .......................... | 9.1 | 8.8 | 9.2 | 9.0 | 9.0 | 8.9 |
| Retail trade | 242.7 | 243.2 | 248.7 | 253.7 | 257.6 | 260.0 |
| Durable goods .................................... | 115.9 | 117.1 | 118.6 | 122.6 | 125.8 | 128.0 |
| Automotive | 57.6 | 58.3 | 57.8 | 59.7 | 62.7 | 64.8 |
| Other ............................................ | 58.2 | 58.9 | 60.9 | 62.9 | 63.1 | 63.2 |
| Nondurable goods ............................... | 126.8 | 126.1 | 130.1 | 131.1 | 131.8 | 132.0 |
| Other ................................................... | 92.1 | 94.9 | 97.7 | 99.2 | 100.7 | 102.0 |
| Final sales of domestic business ${ }^{2}$ | 373.4 | 375.6 | 377.0 | 381.5 | 387.7 | 390.4 |
| Final sales of goods and structures of domestic business ${ }^{2}$ | 216.3 | 217.5 | 218.3 | 221.3 | 226.8 | 229.3 |
| Ratio of inventories to final sales of domestic business |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Inventories to final sales | 2.69 | 2.69 | 2.72 | 2.72 | 2.71 | 2.73 |
| Nonfarm inventories to final sales. | 2.46 | 2.46 | 2.48 | 2.49 | 2.47 | 2.49 |
| Nonfarm inventories to final sales of goods and structures $\qquad$ | 4.24 | 4.25 | 4.29 | 4.29 | 4.23 | 4.24 |

1. Inventories are as of the end of the quarter. Quarter-to-quarter changes calculated from this table are at quarterly rates, whereas the constant-collar change in business inventories component of GDP is stated at annual rates.
2. Quarterly totals at monthly rates. Final sales of domestic business equals final sales of domestic product less gross product of households and institutions and general government and includes a small amount of final sales by farm.
3. Income, Employment, and Product by Industry

Table 6.1C.-National Income Without Capital Consumption Adjustment by Industry
[Bilions of dollars]

|  | 1993 | 1994 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1993 | 1994 |  |  |  | 1995 |
|  |  |  | IV | 1 | 11 | III | IV | 1 |
| National income without capital consumption adjustment $\qquad$ | 5,156.4 | 5,483.9 | 5,276.7 | 5,350.3 | 5,449.6 | 5,515,8 | 5,620.1 | 5,710.6 |
| Domestic industries ............. | 5,151.9 | 5,495.5 | 5,278.7 | 5,351.0 | 5,457.0 | 5,527,8 | 5,646.0 | 5,732.3 |
| Private industries ............. | 4,386.7 | 4,702.0 | 4,507.0 | 4,567.5 | 4,664.6 | 4,732.0 | 4,843.9 | 4,920.0 |
| Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries $\qquad$ | 95.1 | 101.9 | 103.8 | 107.9 | 101.0 | 92.8 | 105.7 | ........... |
| Mining ......................... | 40.4 | 40.2 | 40.9 | 39.7 | 38.7 | 41.5 | 40.8 | ........... |
| Construction ....................... | 215.4 | 238.3 | 222.7 | 227.9 | 238.9 | 241.5 | 244.8 | ....... |
| Manulacturing ................ | 911.9 | 979.7 | 945.5 | 967.1 | 970.3 | 979.6 | 1,001.9 |  |
| Durable goods ........... | 514.3 | 562.4 | 539.1 | 554.9 | 554.9 | 560.8 | 578.8 | ... |
| Nondurable goods ...... | 397.6 | 417.4 | 406.4 | 412.2 | 415.4 | 418.8 | 423.1 | ........... |
| Transportation and public uniitities $\qquad$ | 384.8 | 407.5 | 392.2 | 391.0 | 404.8 | 412.1 | 422.0 |  |
| Transportation ............. | 166.1 | 177.5 | 170.2 | 169.3 | 175.9 | 180.3 | 184.6 | ..... |
| Communications Electric, gas, and | 107.6 | 113.4 116.5 | 107.7 | 110.1 1116 | 112.6 | 113.0 | 118.0 | ........ |
| saniary services .... | 11.1 |  |  | 111.6 | 116.3 |  | 119.4 |  |
| Wholesale trade ............ | 288.6 | 310.2 | 294.3 | 300.2 | 312.6 | 311.7 | 316.4 | ........... |
| Retail trade .................. | 444.9 | 475.6 | 451.4 | 455.8 | 472.2 | 482.3 | 492.2 | ........... |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate $\qquad$ | 846.0 | 894.2 | 865.2 | 860.7 | 885.0 | 903.0 | 928.3 |  |
| Services ....................... | 1,159.6 | 1,254.4 | 1,190.9 | 1,217.2 | 1,241.1 | 1,267.5 | 1,291.7 | ........... |
| Government ..................... | 765.2 | 793.4 | 771.7 | 783.5 | 792.4 | 795.8 | 802.1 | 812.3 |
| Rest of the world ................. | 4.5 | -11.5 | -1.9 | -. 7 | -7.4 | -12.0 | -25.9 | -21.8 |

Table 6.16C.-Corporate Profits by Industry [Bililions of dollars]

|  | 1993 | 1994 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1993 | 1994 |  |  |  | 1995 |
|  |  |  | IV | 1 | II | III | IV | 1 |
| Corporate profits with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments $\qquad$ | 485.8 | 542.7 | 533.9 | 508.2 | 546.4 | 556.0 | 560.3 | 568.8 |
| Domestic industries | 420.5 | 482.3 | 472.2 | 447.1 | 485.7 | 495.7 | 500.6 | 501.6 |
| Financial $\qquad$ <br> Nonfinancial $\qquad$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 89.5 \\ 330.9 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{array}{r} 88.3 \\ 394.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 100.6 \\ & 371.6 \end{aligned}$ | 74.9 372.2 | 90.9 394.7 | 96.6 399.1 | $\begin{array}{r} 90.8 \\ 409.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 96.9 \\ 404.7 \end{array}$ |
| Rest of the world | 65.3 | 60.5 | 61.7 | 61.1 | 60.7 | 60.3 | 59.7 | 67.2 |
| Receipts from the rest of the world ... | 74.2 | 84.2 | 74.7 | 77.6 | 79.1 | 89.9 | 90.0 | 99.6 |
| Less: Payments to the rest of the world $\qquad$ | 8.9 | 23.7 | 13.0 | 16.6 | 18.4 | 29.6 | 30.3 | 32.4 |
| Corporate profits with inventory valuation adjustment $\qquad$ | 456.2 | 505.0 | 495.1 | 471.2 | 509.0 | 518.5 | 521.4 | 530.8 |
| Domestic Industries | 391.0 | 444.6 | 433.4 | 410.1 | 448.2 | 458.1 | 461.7 | 463.6 |
| Financial | 103.7 | 104.0 | 114.6 | 89.6 | 106:4 | 112.6 | 107.2 | 114.2 |
| Federal Reserve banks ................ | 16.0 | 17.3 | 15.8 | 16.0 | 16.9 | 18.0 | 18.2 | 19.8 |
| Other ........................................ | 87.7 | 86.7 | 98.8 | 73.6 | 89.6 | 94.6 | 89.0 | 94.5 |
| Nonfinancial ................................. | 287.3 | 340.6 | 318.8 | 320.5 | 341.8 | 345.5 | 354.5 | 349.4 |
| Manufacturing ............................, | 114.2 | 145.6 | 134.2 | 145.1 | 143.0 | 143.3 | 150.9 | ......... |
| Durable goods | 49.4 | 72.1 | 64.0 | 71.4 | 69.4 | 70.3 | 77.3 | ......... |
| Primary metal industries ...... | . 2 | . 5 | 1.8 | . 2 | . 9 | . 6 | . 2 |  |
| Fabricated metal products .... | 6.8 | 9.3 | 7.8 | 9.0 | 9.0 | 9.0 | 10.0 | ......... |
| Industrial machinery and equipment | 7.4 | 9.1 | 7.6 | 9.3 | 9.0 | 7.9 | 10.2 |  |
| Electronic and other electric |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| equipment ..................... | 11.9 | 19.8 | 14.9 | 16.6 | 17.9 | 21.4 | 23.1 |  |
| Motor vehicles and |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| equipment ......................... | 4.1 | 10.5 | 10.3 | 14.4 | 9.7 | 8.8 | 9.2 | $\ldots$ |
| Other | 19.0 | 23.0 | 21.5 | 21.8 | 22.9 | 22.6 | 24.6 |  |
| Nondurable goods .................. | 64.9 | 73.5 | 70.2 | 73.8 | 73.5 | 73.0 | 73.6 |  |
| Food and kindred products ... Chemicals and allied | 16.9 | 20.2 | 15.9 | 20.9 | 20.3 | 20.3 | 19.1 | ......... |
| products ........................ | 17.5 | 19.2 | 18.8 | 18.4 | 19.1 | 18.4 | 21.0 |  |
| Petroleum and coal products | 4.7 | 6.1 | 9.1 | 5.5 | 4.6 | 6.6 | 7.5 |  |
| Other ................................ | 25.8 | 28.1 | 26.4 | 29.0 | 29.5 | 27.8 | 26.0 |  |
| Transportation and public utilities .. | 65.0 | 72.3 | 69.7 | 63.4 | 73.2 | 74.4 | 78.2 | $\ldots$ |
| Wholesale and retail trade ............. | 61.2 | 67.6 | 63.7 | 59.0 | 72.0 | 70.1 | 69.2 |  |
| Other .......................... | 46.9 | 55.1 | 51.3 | 53.0 | 53.6 | 57.7 | 56.2 |  |
| Rest of the world ............................. | 65.3 | 60.5 | 61.7 | 61.1 | 60.7 | 60.3 | 59.7 | 67.2 |

## 7. Quantity and Price Indexes

Table 7.1.-Fixed-Weighted and Alternative Quantity and Price Indexes for Gross Domestic Product
[Index numbers, 1987=100]

|  | 1993 | 1994 | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1993 | 1994 | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 1993 \\ \hline \text { IV } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 1994 |  |  |  | 1995 |  |  |  | 1993 | 1994 |  |  |  | $\frac{1995}{1}$ |
|  |  |  |  | 1 | II | III | IV | 1 |  |  |  | IV | 1 | 11 | III | N |  |
| Gross domestic product: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Nonresident |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current dollars .............. | 139.7 | 148.4 | 142.7 | 144.8 | 147.4 | 149.6 | 151.9 | 153.7 | Current dollars ... | 123.8 | 140.2 | 129.8 | 133.7 | 137.3 | 142.5 | 147.2 | 154.1 |
| Quantity indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Quantity indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fixed 1987 weights .............. | 113.1 | 117.7 | 114.9 | 115.9 | 117.1 | 118.2 | 119.7 | 120.5 | Fixed 1987 weights | 118.8 | 135.1 | 126.0 | 129.3 | 132.2 | 136.6 | 142.3 | 149.1 |
| Chain-type annual weights .... Benchmark-years weights ..... | 112.2 | 116.1 | 113.6 113.4 | 114.5 | 115.6 | 116.7 116.5 | 1177.7 | 118.3 118.2 | Chain-type annual weights | 112.1 | 125.3 | 117.4 | 120.3 | 122.8 | 126.9 | 131.3 | 137.5 |
| Benchmark-years weights ...... Price indexes: | 112.0 | 116.0 | 113.4 | 114.3 | 11 | 16.5 | 117.7 | 118.2 | Benchmark-years weights ...... | 112.9 | 126.1 | 118.1 | 121.1 | 123.6 | 127.7 | 132.2 | 138.4 |
| Fixed 1987 weights | 125.5 | 128.9 | 126.6 | 127.5 | 128.5 | 129.4 | 130.3 | 131.3 | Price indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chain-type annual weights | 124.6 | 127.9 | 125.6 | 126.6 | 127.5 | 128.4 | 129.2 | 130.2 | Fixed 1987 weights ........... | 113.0 | 115.5 | 113.7 | 114.4 | 115.2 | 116.0 | 116.4 | 116.7 |
| Benchmark-years weights ...... | 124.8 | 128.1 | 125.8 | 126.8 | 127.7 | 128.5 | 129.4 | 130.4 | Chain-type annual weights .... | 110.4 | 112.0 | 110.7 | 111.3 | 111.9 | 112.5 | 112.5 | 112.6 |
| implicit price deflator ................ | 123.5 | 126.1 | 124.1 | 125.0 | 125.9 | 126.5 | 126.9 | 127.6 | Benchmark-years weights ...... | 109.7 | 111.4 | 109.9 | 110.5 | 111.2 | 111.8 | 111.9 | 112.0 |
| Personal consumption expenditures: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Implicit price deflator | 104.1 | 103.8 | 103.0 | 103.4 | 103.9 | 104.3 | 103.5 | 103.3 |
| Current dollars .... | 143.4 | 151.6 | 146.4 | 148.6 | 150.3 | 152.6 | 155.1 | 156.8 | Structures: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Quantity indexes: |  |  |  |  | 116.6 | 117.4 | 118.9 |  | Current dollars. | 101.2 | 106.7 | 103.1 | 100.8 | 106.1 | 107.8 | 112.1 | 116.7 |
| Fixed Chaintype annual weights | 113.3 112.5 | 116.1 | 113.9 | 115.1 | 115.5 | 116.3 | 117.5 | 118.0 | Quantity indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Benchmark-years weights | 112.5 | 116.1 | 113.8 | 115.1 | 115.5 | 116.3 | 117.6 | 118.1 | Fixed 1987 weights | 86.2 | 87.9 | 86.8 | 84.1 | 88.1 | 88.5 | 90.8 | 93.9 |
| Price indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Chain-type annual weights | 86.2 | 87.9 | 86.8 | 84.2 | 88.2 | 88.5 | 90.9 | 94.0 |
| Fixed 1987 weights | 128.1 | 131.2 | 129.1 | 129.8 | 130.7 | 131.8 | 132.6 | 133.5 | Benchmark-years weights | 86.2 | 87.9 | 86.8 | 84.2 | 88.2 | 88.5 | 90.9 | 94.0 |
| Chain-type annual weights | 127.5 | 130.7 | 128.6 | 129.2 | 130.2 | 131.3 | 132.1 | 132.9 | Price indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Benchmark-years weights | 127.5 | 130.7 | 128.6 | 129.2 | 130.2 | 131.3 | 132.1 | 132.9 | Fixed 1987 weights | 117.3 | 121.2 | 118.8 | 119.7 | 120.3 | 121.7 | 123.2 | 124.1 |
| Implicit price deflator ............ | 126.6 | 129.3 | 127.5 | 127.9 | 128.9 | 129.9 | 130.5 | 131.3 | Chain-type annual weights | 117.4 | 121.3 | 118.8 | 119.7 | 120.4 | 121.7 | 123.2 | 124.2 |
| Durable goods: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Benchmark-years weights | 117.4 | 121.3 | 118.8 | 119.7 | 120.4 | 121.7 | 123.2 | 124.2 |
| Current dollars | 133.3 | 146.5 | 139.4 | 142.7 | 143.7 | 146.5 | 153.0 | 152.3 | Implicit price deflator ............. | 117.4 | 121.4 | 118.8 | 119.8 | 120.4 | 121.8 | 123.4 | 124.3 |
| Quantity indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ducers' durab |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fixed Chain-type annual weights | 118.8 | 127.8 | 123.3 | 125.7 | 125.5 | 126.9 | 132.4 | 130.6 | equipment: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Benchmark-years weights... | 118.9 | 127.9 | 123.4 | 125.9 | 125.7 | 127.1 | 132.7 | 130.9 | Current dollars | 135.6 | 157.7 | 143.8 | 150.9 | 153.6 | 160.7 | 165.6 | 173.7 |
| Price indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Quantity indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fixed 1987 weights | 113.9 | 117.0 | 115.0 | 115.5 | 116.7 | 117.8 | 118.1 | 119.3 | Fixed 1987 weights | 136.0 | 159.9 | 146.6 | 153.0 | 155.3 | 161.9 | 169.3 | 178.1 |
| Chain-type annual weights | 112.2 | 114.9 | 113.1 | 113.6 | 114.6 | 115.6 | 115.8 | 116.9 | Chain-type annual weights | 126.5 | 146.2 | 134.4 | 140.5 | 142.1 | 148.3 | 154.0 | 161.8 |
| Benchmark-years weights ......... | 112.1 | 114.7 | 113.0 | 113.4 | 114.4 | 115.4 | 115.6 | 116.8 | Benchrnark-years weights | 127.4 | 147.2 | 135.3 | 141.4 | 143.1 | 149.3 | 155.1 | 163.0 |
| Implicit price deflator .................... | 109.8 | 111.2 | 110.2 | 110.5 | 11.1 | 11.7 | 111.3 | 112.0 | Price indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nondurable goods: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Fixed 1987 weights ........ | 110.7 | 112.5 | 111.1 | 111.7 | 112.5 | 113.0 | 112.8 | 112.9 |
| Current dollars ... | 132.4 | 137.9 | 134.0 | 135.4 | 136.6 | 139.1 | 140.5 | 141.7 | Chain-type annual weights | 107.2 | 108.0 | 107.1 | 107.5 | 108.2 | 108.5 | 107.9 | 107.7 |
| Quantity indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Benchmark-years weights | 106.5 | 107.3 | 106.3 | 106.7 | 107.5 | 107.8 | 107.3 | 107.1 |
| Fixed 1987 weights .... | 105.7 | 109.7 | 107.6 | 108.6 | 109.2 | 110.1 | 111.0 | 111.7 | Implicit price deflator ............. | 99.7 | 98.7 | 98.1 | 98.7 | 98.9 | 99.2 | 97.9 | 97.5 |
| Chain-type annual weights ........ | 106.3 | 109.3 | 107.2 | 108.2 | 108.8 | 109.7 | 110.5 | 111.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Penchmark-years weights .......... | 106.3 | 109.2 | 107.1 | 108.1 | 108.7 | 109.6 | 110.4 | 111.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Price indexes: | 125.0 | 126.6 | 125 | 12 | 125.9 | 127.3 | 127.8 | 128.1 | Current dollars | 111.2 | 125.7 | 118.6 | 123.0 | 125.9 | 125.8 | 127.9 | 127.8 |
| Chain-type annual weights ......... | 124.6 | 126.2 | 125.0 | 125.2 | 125.6 | 126.9 | 127.3 | 127.6 | Fixed 1987 weigh | 94.6 | 102.7 | 99.7 | 102.1 | 103.8 | 102.2 | 102.8 | 102.1 |
| Benchmark-years weights ......... | 124.6 | 126.3 | 125.1 | 125.2 | 125.6 | 126.9 | 127.3 | 127.6 |  | 94.6 | 102.8 | 99.7 | 102.1 | 103.9 | 102.2 | 102.8 | 102.1 |
| Implicit price deffator ................... | 124.2 | 125.7 | 124.6 | 124.6 | 125.1 | 126.3 | 126.6 | 126.9 | Benchmark-years weights | 94.7 | 102.8 | 99.8 | 102.2 | 103.9 | 102.3 | 102.8 | 102.2 |
| Services: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Price indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current dollars ... | 152.7 | 161.4 | 155.8 | 158.2 | 160.3 | 162.4 | 164.7 | 167.2 | Fixed 1987 weights | 117.4 | 122.0 | 118.8 | 120.2 | 121.0 | 122.8 | 124.2 | 124.9 |
| Quantity indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Chain-type annual weights .... | 117.6 | 122.3 | 119.0 | 120.4 | 121.3 | 123.1 | 124.4 | 125.1 |
| Fixed 1987 weights .......... | 115.4 | 118.4 | 116.5 | 117.6 | 118.0 | 118.6 | 119.3 | 120.2 | Benchmark-years weights ...... | 117.5 | 122.2 | 118.9 | 120.3 | 121.2 | 123.0 | 124.3 | 125.0 |
| Chain-type annual weights ........ | 114.8 | 117.7 | 115.8 | 116.9 | 117.3 | 118.0 | 118.6 | 119.5 | Implicit price deflator ........ | 117.6 | 122.3 | 119.0 | 120.5 | 121.3 | 123.1 | 124.4 | 125.2 |
| Benchmark-years weights $\qquad$ Price indexes: | 114.8 | 117.7 | 115.8 | 116.9 | 117.3 | 117.9 | 118.6 | 119.5 | ports of goods and servi |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fixed 1987 weights ................. | 133.5 | 137.6 | 135.0 | 135.9 | 137.0 | 138.1 | 139.2 | 140.4 | Current dollars | 181.1 | 197.5 | 186.9 | 185.3 | 193.6 | 200.7 | 210.3 | 213.2 |
| Chain-type annual weights ........ | 133.0 | 137.2 | 134.5 | 135.5 | 136.6 | 137.7 | 138.8 | 140.0 | Quantity indexes: | 18. | 107.5 | 180.9 | 18.3 | 193.6 | 20.7 | 210.3 | 21.2 |
| Benchmark-years weights .......... | 133.0 | 137.2 | 134.5 | 135.5 | 133.7 | 137.7 | 138.8 | 140.0 | Fixed 1987 weights | 165.5 | 180.5 | 171.8 | 170.2 | 178.9 | 183.1 | 191.8 | 192.9 |
| Implicit price deflator ................... | 132.3 | 136.4 | 133.8 | 134.4 | 135.9 | 137.0 | 138.1 | 139.1 |  | 159.7 | 171.5 | 164.8 | 162.4 | 168.7 | 173.9 | 180.9 | 180.9 |
| Gross private domestic investment: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Benchmark-years weights .... | 160.8 | 172.6 | 165.8 | 163.5 | 169.8 | 175.0 | 182.2 | 182.3 |
| Current dollars $\qquad$ <br> Quantity indexes: | 117.7 | 137.9 | 123.1 | 129.0 | 138.1 | 140.8 | 143.5 | 148.2 | Price indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Quanixed 1987 weights | 109.4 | 127.0 | 115.1 | 120.0 | 126.9 | 129.1 | 132.0 | 136.7 | Fixed 1987 weights ..................... | 115.3 | 118.1 | 115.6 | 116.7 | 117.5 | 118.4 | 119.9 | 121.9 |
| Chain-type annual weights | 105.4 | 120.8 | 109.6 | 114.1 | 121.3 | 123.0 | 125.0 | 128.8 | Chain-type annual weights ............ | 113.4 | 115.4 | 113.5 | 114.2 | 114.9 | 115.7 | 116.9 | 118.6 |
| Benchmark-years weights | 105.4 | 120.8 | 109.6 | 114.1 | 121.2 | 122.9 | 125.0 | 129.0 | Benchmark-years weights ............. | 112.6 | 114.7 | 112.7 | 113.5 | 114.2 | 115.0 | 116.3 | 118.0 |
| Price indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Implicit price deflator ................. | 109.4 | 109.4 | 108.8 | 108.8 | 109.4 | 109.6 | 109.7 | 110.5 |
| Fixed 1987 weights ......... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | mports of goods |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chain-type annual weights |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Current dollars .................... | 142.9 | 161.1 | 148.2 | 150.1 | 158.2 | 165.7 | 170.5 | 175.3 |
| Benchmark-years weights. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Quantity indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Implicit price deflator ............ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . | Fixed 1987 weights | 133.4 | 151.3 | 139.5 | 142.7 | 149.0 | 154.5 | 158.8 | 162.2 |
| Fixed investment: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Chain-type annual weights . | 126.7 | 141.5 | 131.7 | 134.4 | 139.9 | 144.3 | 147.3 | 150.6 |
| Current dollars $\qquad$ Quantity indexes: | 119.9 | 135.6 | 126.4 | 130.4 | 133.7 | 137.3 | 141.2 | 145.9 | Benchmark-years weights ................ | 127.9 | 142.8 | 132.9 | 135.6 | 141.2 | 145.6 | 148.7 | 152.0 |
| Fixed 1987 weights | 111.3 | 125.0 | 117.8 | 120.8 | 123.3 | 125.9 | 130.0 | 134.5 | Price indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chain-type annual weights | 106.6 | 118.2 | 111.8 | 114.6 | 116.9 | 119.1 | 122.3 | 126.2 | Fixed 1987 weights ...................... | 115.2 | 117.2 | 115.3 | 114.5 | 116.2 | 118.5 | 119.8 | 120.5 |
| Benchmark-years weights ......... | 107.2 | 118.8 | 112.4 | 115.1 | 117.4 | 119.7 | 122.9 | 126.9 | Chain-type annual weights ............ | 112.8 | 114.0 | 112.5 | 111.6 | 113.1 | 115.1 | 116.1 | 116.7 |
| Price indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Benchmark-years weights ............. | 111.7 | 112.9 | 111.4 | 110.5 | 112.1 | 114.1 | 115.1 | 115.7 |
| Fixed 1987 weights ............ | 114.4 | 117.5 | 115.3 | 116.2 | 117.0 | 118.1 | 118.8 | 119.3 | implicit price deflator ......................... | 107.1 | 106.5 | 106.2 | 105.2 | 106.1 | 107.2 | 107.4 | 108.1 |
| Chain-type annual weights ......... | 112.4 | 114.9 | 113.0 | 113.8 | 114.6 | 115.5 | 115.8 | 116.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Benchmark-years weights ......... | 111.9 | 114. | 112 | 113.3 | 14.0 | 114.9 | 115.3 | 115.6 108.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 7.1.-Fixed-Weighted and Alternative Quantity and Price Indexes for Gross Domestic Product-Continued
[Index numbers, 1987=100]

|  | 1993 | 1994 | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1993 | 1994 |  |  |  | 1995 |
|  |  |  | IV | 1 | 11 | III | IV | 1 |
| Government purchases: <br> Current dollars $\qquad$ <br> Quantity indexes: <br> Fixed 1987 weights $\qquad$ <br> Chain-type annual weights $\qquad$ <br> Benchmark-years weights $\qquad$ <br> Price indexes: <br> Fixed 1987 weights $\qquad$ <br> Chain-type annual weights $\qquad$ <br> Benchmark-years weights $\qquad$ <br> Implicit price deflator $\qquad$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 130.3 | 133.3 | 131.3 | 131.6 | 132.3 | 134.9 | 134.5 | 135.8 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 105.5 | 104.7 | 105.7 | 104.4 | 104.0 | 105.7 | 104.6 | 104.3 |
|  | 105.3 | 104.6 | 105.3 | 104.4 | 104.1 | 105.6 | 104.4 | 104.1 |
|  | 105.1 | 104.4 | 105.1 | 104.2 | 103.8 | 105.3 | 104.2 | 103.9 |
|  | 124.5 | 128.6 | 125.4 | 126.7 | 128.3 | 129.2 | 130.2 | 131.9 |
|  | 123.7 | 127.7 | 124.6 | 126.1 | 127.3 | 128.1 | 129.2 | 130.9 |
|  | 124.0 | 127.9 | 124.9 | 126.3 | 127.6 | 128.3 | 129.4 | 131.1 |
|  | 123.5 | 127.4 | 124.2 | 126.1 | 127.2 | 127.6 | 128.6 | 130.2 |
| Federal: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current dollars ... | 115.2 | 113.6 | 114.2 | 113.7 | 113.0 | 115.4 | 112.2 | 112.6 |
| Quantify indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fixed 1987 weights .- | 92.7 | 87.7 | 91.2 | 88.8 | 87.0 | 89.2 | 85.8 | 84.9 |
| Chain-type annual weights .... | 92.5 | 87.9 | 90.9 | 89.2 | 87.4 | 89.3 | 85.8 | 84.9 |
| Benchmark-years weights .... | 92.1 | 87.6 | 90.5 | 88.9 | 87.1 | 89.0 | 85.5 | 84.6 |
| Price indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fixed 1987 weights ....... | 126.1 | 131.1 129.7 | 127.0 125.7 | 128.5 | 130.9 129.6 | 131.8 130.1 | 133.2 | 135.1 133.5 |
| Benchmark-years weights ... | 125.1 | 130.1 | 126.2 | 128.0 | 130.0 | 130.5 | 131.9 | 134.0 |
| implicit price deflator .................. | 124.4 | 129.5 | 125.3 | 128.1 | 130.0 | 129.3 | 130.7 | 132.7 |
| National defense: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current dollars ...................... 103.7 100.1 102.4 99.9 99.9 102.9 97.7 97.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chain-type annual weights .... | 82.8 | 77.4 | 80.9 | 78.2 | 77.3 | 79.5 | 74.7 | 73.5 |
| Benchmark-years weights ..... <br> Price indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fixed 1987 weights ............. | 126.6 | 131.5 | 127.9 | 129.0 | 131.1 | 132.5 | 133.4 | 135.0 |
| Chain-type annual weights .... | 125.3 | 129.9 | 126.6 | 127.8 | 129.5 | 130.7 | 131.7 | 133.4 |
| Benchmark-years weights ..... | 125.3 | 129.9 | 126.7 | 127.9 | 129.5 | 130.6 | 131.6 | 133.3 |
| Implicit price deflator ................ | 124.2 | 129.0 | 125.3 | 127.7 | 129.0 | 129.0 | 130.2 | 132.0 |
| Nondefense: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current dollars ......................Quantity indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fixed 1987 weights ............. | 121.7 | 119.4 | 121.0 | 121.8 | 117.0 | 119.0 | 119.8 | 120.4 |
| Chain-type annual weights. | 123.4 | 121.4 | 122.6 | 124.4 | 119.5 | 120.8 | 121.1 | 121.4 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fixed 1987 weights | 124.3 | 130.1 | 124.4 | 127.2 | 130.5 | 130.1 | 132.4 | 135.2 |
| Chain-type annual weights .... | 122.9 | 128.8 | 123.5 | 126.5 | 129.4 | 128.5 | 130.8 | 133.5 |
| Benchmark-years weights ..... | 124.4 | 130.3 | 125.0 | 127.9 | 130.9 | 130.0 | 132.3 | 135.0 |
| Implicit price deflator ................ | 124.7 | 130.7 | 125.1 | 129.1 | 132.0 | 130.1 | 131.7 | 134.0 |
| State and local: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current doliars. | 141.9 | 148.6 | 144.5 | 145.4 | 147.3 | 149.9 | 151.8 | 153.7 |
| Quantity indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fixed 1987 weights ................ | 115.4 | 117.8 | 116.9 | 116.4 | 117.3 | 118.5 | 119.2 | 119.3 |
| Chain-type annual weights ....... | 115.1 | 117.5 | 116.5 | 116.2 | 116.9 | 118.1 | 118.8 | 118.9 |
| Benchmark-years weights .... | 115.2 | 117.5 | 116.5 | 116.2 | 117.0 | 118.1 | 118.8 | 119.0 |
| Price indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fixed 1987 weights ................ | 123.4 | 126.6 | 124.1 | 125.3 | 126.2 | 127.1 | 128.0 | 129.4 |
| Chain-type annual weights ....... | 123.3 | 126.5 | 124.0 | 125.2 | 126.0 | 126.9 | 127.8 | 129.3 |
| Benchmark-years weights ......... | 123.2 | 126.4 | 124.0 | 125.2 | 126.0 | 126.9 | 127.8 | 129.2 |
| Implicit price deflator .................... | 123.0 | 126. | 123.6 | 124.9 | 125.6 | 126.5 | 127.4 | 128.8 |

NOTE,-The quantity and price indexes in this table are calculated from weighted averages of the detailed output and prices used to prepare each aggregate and component. The fixed-weighted measures use as weights the composition of output in 1987. For the alternative indexes, the chain-type indexes with annual weights use weights for the preceding and current years, and the indexes with benchmark-years weights use weights of 1959, 1963, 1967, 1972, 1977, 1982, 1987, 1992, and the most recent year. Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8,1.

Table 7.2.-Fixed-Weighted and Alternative Quantity and Price Indexes for Gross Domestic Product, Final Sales, and Purchases
[index numbers, 1987=100]

|  | 1993 | 1994 | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1993 | 1994 |  |  |  | 1995 |
|  |  |  | IV |  | II | III | IV |  |
| Gross domestic product: <br> Current dollars $\qquad$ <br> Quantity indexes: <br> Fixed 1987 weights $\qquad$ <br> Chain-type annual weights $\qquad$ <br> Benchmark-years weights $\qquad$ <br> Price indexes: <br> Fixed 1987 weights $\qquad$ <br> Chain-type annual weights $\qquad$ <br> Benchmark-years weights $\qquad$ <br> Implicit price deflator $\qquad$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 139.7 | 148.4 | 142.7 | 144.8 | 147.4 | 149.6 | 151.9 | 153.7 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 113.1 | 117.7 | 114.9 | 115.9 | 117.1 | 118.2 | 119.7 | 120.5 |
|  | 112.2 | 116.1 | 113.6 | 114.5 | 115.6 | 116.7 | 117.8 | 118.3 |
|  | 112.0 | 116.0 | 113.4 | 114.3 | 115.5 | 116.5 | 117.7 | 118.2 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 125.5 | 128.9 | 126.6 | 127.5 | 128.5 | 129.4 | 130.3 | 131.3 |
|  | 124.6 | 127.9 | 125.6 | 126.6 | 127.5 | 128.4 | 129.2 | 130.2 |
|  | 124.8 | 128.1 | 125.8 | 126.8 | 127.7 | 128.5 | 129.4 | 130.4 |
|  | 123.5 | 126.1 | 124.1 | 125.0 | 125.9 | 126.5 | 126.9 | 127.6 |
| Final sales of domestic produci ${ }^{1}$ : <br> Current dollars $\qquad$ <br> Quantity indexes: <br> Fixed 1987 weights $\qquad$ <br> Chain-type annual weights $\qquad$ <br> Benchmark-years weights $\qquad$ <br> Price indexes: <br> Fixed 1987 weights $\qquad$ <br> Chain-type annual weights $\qquad$ <br> Benchmark-years weights $\qquad$ <br> Implicit price deflator $\qquad$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 140.2 | 148.1 | 143.3 | 145.1 | 146.7 | 149.1 | 151.6 | 153.4 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 113.4 | 117.3 | 115.4 | 116.0 | 116.4 | 117.6 | 119.3 | 120.0 |
|  | 112.4 | 115.8 | 114.0 | 114.6 | 115.0 | 116.1 | 117.4 | 117.9 |
|  | 112.3 | 115.7 | 113.9 | 114.5 | 114.9 | 116.0 | 117.4 | 117.9 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 125.6 | 129.0 | 126.7 | 127.7 | 128.6 | 129.5 | 130.4 | 131.4 |
|  | 124.7 | 128.1 | 125.8 | 126.8 | 127.6 | 128.5 | 129.3 | 130.3 |
|  | 124.8 | 128.1 | 125.9 | 126.9 | 127.7 | 128.6 | 129.4 | 130.5 |
|  | 123.6 | 126.2 | 124.2 | 125.1 | 126.0 | 126.7 | 127.1 | 127.8 |
| Gross domestic purchases ${ }^{2}$ : <br> Current dollars $\qquad$ <br> Quantity indexes: <br> Fixed 1987 weights $\qquad$ <br> Chain-type annual weights $\qquad$ <br> Benchmark-years weights $\qquad$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 136.8 | 146.0 | 139.9 | 142.2 | 144.9 | 147.4 | 149.4 | 151.5 |
|  | 111.2 | 116.5 | 113.2 | 114.6 | 115.9 | 117.1 | 118.3 | 119.4 |
|  | 110.0 | 114.5 | 111.5 | 112.8 | 114.0 | 115.1 | 116.0 | 116.8 |
|  | 110.0 | 114.5 | 111.5 | 112.8 | 114.0 | 115.1 | 116.0 | 116.9 |
| Price indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fixed 1987 weights | 125.2 | 128.5 | 126.2 | 127.0 | 128.0 | 129.1 | 129.9 | 130.9 |
| Chain-type annual weights ........... | 124.4 | 127.6 | 125.4 | 126.2 | 127.2 | 128.2 | 129.0 | 129.9 |
| Benchmark-years weights | 124.5 | 127.7 | 125.5 | 126.3 | 127.2 | 128.2 | 129.0 | 129.9 |
| Implicit price deflator ........................ | 123.0 | 125.4 | 123.6 | 124.2 | 125.1 | 125.8 | 126.3 | 126.9 |
| Final sales to domestic purchasers ${ }^{3}$ : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current dollars ................. | 137.3 | 145.7 | 140.4 | 142.5 | 144.3 | 146.9 | 149.1 | 151.1 |
| Quantity indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fixed 1987 weights ..................... | 111.5 | 116.1 | 113.6 | 114.7 | 115.2 | 116.5 | 117.9 | 118.9 |
| Chain-type annual weights | 110.2 | 114.1 | 111.9 | 112.9 | 113.4 | 114.5 | 115.6 | 116.4 |
| Benchmark-years weights ............. | 110.3 | 114.2 | -111.9 | 112.9 | 113.5 | 114.6 | 115.7 | 116.5 |
| Price indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fixed 1987 weights | 125.3 | 128.6 | 126.3 | 127.1 | 128.1 | 129.2 | 130.0 | 131.0 |
| Chain-type annual weights ........... | 124.6 | 127.8 | 125.6 | 126.4 | 127.3 | 128.3 | 129.1 | 130.0 |
| Benchmark-years weights ............. | 124.5 | 127.7 | 125.5 | 126.3 | 127.3 | 128.3 | 129.1 | 130.0 |
| Implicit price deflator | 123.1 | 125.5 | 123.6 | 124.3 | 125.2 | 126.0 | 126.4 | 127.1 |

1. Equals GDP less change in business inventories.
2. Equals GDP less net exports of goods and services or equals the sum of personal consumption expenditures, gross private domestic investment, and government purchases.
3. Equals gross domestic purchases less change in business inventories or equals the sum of personal consumption expenditures, gross private domestic fixed investment, and government purchases.

NOTE.-Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.

Table 7.3.-Fixed-Weighted and Alternative Quantity and Price Indexes for Gross National Product and Command-Basis Gross National Product

|  | 1993 | 1994 | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1993 | 1994 |  |  |  | $\frac{1995}{1}$ |
|  |  |  | IV | 1 | II | III | IV |  |
| Gross national product: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current dollars .............................. | 139.7 | 148.0 | 142.5 | 144.7 | 147.0 | 149.2 | 151.2 | 153.1 |
| Quantity indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fixed 1987 weights ..................... | 113.1 | 117.4 | 114.8 | 115.8 | 116.9 | 117.9 | 119.2 | 120.0 |
| Chain-type annual weights ........... | 112.2 | 115.9 | 113.5 | 114.4 | 115.4 | 116.4 | 117.3 | 117.9 |
| Benchmark-years weights ............. | 112:0 | 115.7 | 113.3 | 114.2 | 115.3 | 116.2 | 117.2 | 117.8 |
| Price indexes: Fixed 1987 weight | 125.4 | 128.9 | 126.5 | 127.5 | 128.4 | 129.4 | 130.2 | 131.3 |
| Chain-type annual weights | 124.5 | 127.9 | 125.6 | 126.6 | 127.4 | 128.3 | 129.1 | 130.1 |
| Benchmark-years weights . | 124.7 | 128.0 | 125.8 | 126.8 | 127.6 | 128.5 | 129.3 | 130.4 |
| Implicit price deflator ...................... | 123.5 | 126.0 | 124.1 | 124.9 | 125.8 | 126.5 | 126.9 | 127.5 |
| Less: Exports of goods and services and receipts of factor income: Current dollars $\qquad$ Quantity index, fixed 1987 weights ... | 169.6 | 188.9 | 175.2 | 174.8 | 184.8 | 193.4 | 202.5 | 208.0 |
|  | 151.7 | 168.0 | 157.3 | 156.6 | 164.4 | 171.5 | 179.3 | 182.6 |
| Plus: Command-basis exports of goods and services and receipts of factor income: <br> Current dollars $\qquad$ Quantity index, fixed 1987 weights |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 169.6 | 188.9 | 175.2 | 174.8 | 184.8 | 193.4 | 202.5 | 208.0 |
|  | 154.5 | 171.6 | 160.4 | 161.2 | 168.6 | 174.5 | 182.0 | 185.7 |
| Equals: Command-basis gross national product: <br> Current dollars $\qquad$ Quantity index, fixed 1987 weights .. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 139.7 | 148.0 | 142.5 | 144.7 | 147.0 | 149.2 | 151.2 | 153.1 |
|  | 113.4 | 117.8 | 115.2 | 116.3 | 117.3 | 118.3 | 119.5 | 120.4 |

Note.-Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.

## Table 7.4.-Price Indexes for Personal Consumption Expenditures by Major Type of Product, Fixed 1987 Weights

[Index numbers, 1987=100]

| Personal consumption expenditures $\qquad$ | 128.1 | 131.2 | 129.1 | 129.8 | 130.7 | 131.8 | 132.6 | 133.5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Durable goods | 113.9 | 117.0 | 115.0 | 115.5 | 116.7 | 117.8 | 118.1 | 119.3 |
| Motor vehicles and parts | 116.1 | 120.5 | 117.8 | 118.3 | 119.7 | 121.5 | 122.7 | 124.5 |
| Furniture and household equipment .. | 104.3 | 105.7 | 104.9 | 105.3 | 105.9 | 106.1 | 105.5 | 105.7 |
| Other .................. | 126.8 | 130.1 | 127.1 | 128.3 | 129.9 | 131.2 | 131.0 | 132.2 |
| Nondurable goods | 125.0 | 126.6 | 125.4 | 125.4 | 125.9 | 127.3 | 127.8 | 128.1 |
| Food | 124.4 | 127.3 | 125.6 | 125.9 | 126.3 | 128.0 | 128.9 | 129.4 |
| Clothing and shoes | 119.2 | 118.3 | 119.1 | 118.9 | 119.3 | 118.1 | 116.9 | 116.8 |
| Gasoline and oil | 122.1 | 122.8 | 120.5 | 119.9 | 119.5 | 125.7 | 126.2 | 126.6 |
| Fuel oil and coal | 116.0 | 114.2 | 113.6 | 115.3 | 114.4 | 114.5 | 112.9 | 112.4 |
| Other ............................................ | 131.8 | 133.1 | 131.7 | 131.6 | 132.7 | 133.5 | 134.6 | 134.7 |
| Services | 133.5 | 137.6 | 135.0 | 135.9 | 137.0 | 138.1 | 139.2 | 140.4 |
| Housing | 127.9 | 131.9 | 129.2 | 130.5 | 131.3 | 132.3 | 133.4 | 134.4 |
| Household operation | 115.4 | 117.5 | 116.7 | 117.0 | 117.4 | 117.7 | 117.9 | 118.7 |
| Electricity and gas | 114.4 | 115.0 | 115.6 | 115.0 | 115.0 | 115.1 | 115.0 | 115.1 |
| Other household operation | 116.3 | 119.7 | 117.7 | 118.8 | 119.5 | 120.0 | 120.3 | 121.8 |
| Transportation ............................... | 134.3 | 136.4 | 134.5 | 135.1 | 136.4 | 137.3 | 137.0 | 138.0 |
| Medical care | 147.3 | 153.5 | 149.8 | 151.2 | 152.7 | 154.2 | 156.1 | 157.7 |
| Other .......................................... | 134.5 | 138.3 | 135.8 | 136.5 | 137.7 | 138.8 | 140.1 | 141.3 |
| Addenda: <br> Price indexes for personal consumption expenditures: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chain-type annual weights | 127.5 | 130.7 | 128.6 | 129.2 | 130.2 | 131.3 | 132.1 | 132.9 |
| Benchmark-years weights ............. | 127.5 | 130.7 | 128.6 | 129.2 | 130.2 | 131.3 | 132.1 | 132.9 |

NOTE,-Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.

Table 7.6.-Price Indexes for Fixed Investment by Type, Fixed 1987 Weights
[lndex numbers, 1987=100]

|  | 1993 | 1994 | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1993 | 1994 |  |  |  | $\frac{1995}{1}$ |
|  |  |  | IV | 1 | II | III | IV |  |
| Fixed investment ..... | 114.4 | 117.5 | 115.3 | 116.2 | 117.0 | 118.1 | 118.8 | 119.3 |
| Nonresidential | 113.0 | 115.5 | 113.7 | 114.4 | 115.2 | 116.0 | 116.4 | 116.7 |
| Structures | 117.3 | 121.2 | 118.8 | 119.7 | 120.3 | 121.7 | 123.2 | 124.1 |
| Nonresidential buildings, including farm $\qquad$ | 117.5 | 121.8 | 119.2 | 120.0 | 120.7 |  | 124.0 |  |
| Utijities .............................................. | 118.9 | 122.9 | 120.3 | 121.7 | 122.7 | 122.4 123.1 |  | 124.9 |
| Mining exploration, shafts, and wells | 114.3 | 115.4 | 114.7 | 115.8 | 114.4 | $\begin{aligned} & 114.6 \\ & 116.7 \end{aligned}$ | 116.7 | 117.8119.0 |
| Other structures ......................... | 112.7 | 116.0 | 113.5 | 114.3 | 115.4 |  | 117.8 |  |
| Producers' durable equipment ....... Information processing and related | 110.7 | 112.5 | 111.1 | 111.7 | 112.5 | 113.0 | 112.8 | 112.9 |
| equipment ............................... | 91.7 | 91.1 | 91.2 | 91.1 | 91.3 | 91.1 | 90.7 | 90.6 |
| Computers and peripheral equipment ${ }^{1}$ | 51.5 | 46.5 | 48.5 |  |  | 46.0 |  |  |
| Other ....................................... | 109.7 | 111.1 | 110.3 | 110.6 | 111.0 | 111.2 | 111.4 | 111.5 |
| Industrial equipment | 122.3 | 125.0 | 123.2 | 123.8 | 124.6 | 125.5 | 126.3 | 127.2 |
| Transportation and related | 119.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| equipment ............................... |  | 122.5 | $\begin{aligned} & 119.6 \\ & 120.3 \end{aligned}$ | 121.2 | 122.9 | 123.8 | 122.3 | 121.6 |
| Other ....................................... | 119.4 | 122.0 |  | 120.9 | 121.9 | 122.6 | 122.8 | 123.3 |
| Residential .. | 117.4 | 122.0 | 118.8 | 120.2 | 121.0 | 122.8 | 124.2 | 124.9 |
| Structures | $\begin{aligned} & 117.7 \\ & 118.9 \end{aligned}$ | 122.4 | 119.2 | 120.5 | 121.3122 | $\begin{aligned} & 123.2 \\ & 124.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 124.6 \\ & 126.5 \end{aligned}$ | 125.3126.9 |
| Single family |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Multifamily | $\begin{aligned} & 112.8 \\ & 117.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 116.7 \\ & 122.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 114.0 \\ & 118.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 114.9 \\ & 120.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 115.3 \\ & 121.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 117.5 \\ & 122.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{\|l\|} 119.1 \\ 123.5 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | 119.5124.8 |
| Other structures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Producers' durable equipment ....... | 105.5 | 108.0 | 106.3 | 106.8 | 107.8 | 108.8 | 108.6 | 109.0 |
| Addenda: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Price indexes for fixed investment: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chain-type annual weights ........... | $\begin{aligned} & 112.4 \\ & 111.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 114.9 \\ & 114.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 113.0 \\ & 112.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} 113.8 \\ 113.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 114.6 \\ & 114.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 115.5 \\ & 114.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 115.8 \\ & 115.3 \end{aligned}$ | 116.1115.6 |
| Benchmark-years weights ............. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

1. includes new computers and peripheral equipment only.

Note.-Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.
Table 7.9.-Price Indexes for Exports and Imports of Goods and Services and for Receipts and Payments of Factor Income, Fixed 1987 Weights
[Index numbers, 1987=100]

| Exports of goods and services .......... | 115.3 | 118.1 | 115.6 | 116.7 | 117.5 | 118.4 | 119.9 | 121.8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Merchandise ${ }^{1}$ | 110.3 | 113.2 | 110.6 | 111.8 | 112.4 | 113.2 | 115.1 | 117.7 |
| Durable | 110.6 | 111.8 | 110.7 | 111.2 | 111.5 | 111.9 | 112.7 | 113.8 |
| Nondurable | 109.8 | 115.4 | 110.4 | 112.9 | 114.0 | 115.4 | 119.4 | 124.3 |
| Services ${ }^{1}$ | 127.3 | 130.1 | 127.8 | 128.4 | 129.7 | 130.9 | 131.5 | 132.2 |
| Receipts of factor income ${ }^{2}$ | 125.1 | 127.7 | 125.7 | 126.6 | 127.5 | 128.2 | 128.6 | 129.3 |
| Imports of goods and services | 115.2 | 117.2 | 115.3 | 114.5 | 116.2 | 118.5 | 119.8 | 120.5 |
| Merchandise ${ }^{1}$ | 111.8 | 114.0 | 111.7 | 110.9 | 113.0 | 115.5 | 116.4 | 117.5 |
| Durable ... | 114.0 | 116.6 | 115.1 | 115.4 | 116.1 | 116.9 | 118.3 | 118.9 |
| Nondurable | 107.9 | 109.2 | 105.6 | 103.2 | 107.7 | 112.9 | 113.1 | 115.1 |
| Services ${ }^{1}$. | 130.7 | 132.0 | 131.9 | 130.8 | 130.4 | 132.1 | 134.9 | 133.6 |
| Payments of factor income ${ }^{3}$.. | 128.0 | 130.7 | 128.7 | 129.6 | 130.5 | 131.2 | 131.6 | 132.1 |
| Addenda: <br> Price indexes for exports of goods and services: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chain-type annual weights. | 113.4 | 115.4 | 113.5 | 114.2 | 114.9 | 115.7 | 116.9 | 118.6 |
| Benchmark-years weights ............. | 112.6 | 114.7 | 112.7 | 113.5 | 114.2 | 115.0 | 116.3 | 118.0 |
| Price indexes for imports of goods and services: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chain-type annual weights ........... | 112.8 | 114.0 | 112.5 | 111.6 | 113.1 | 115.1 | 116.1 | 116.7 |
| Benchmark-years weights ............. | 111.7 | 112.9 | 111.4 | 110.5 | 112.1 | 114.1 | 115.1 | 115.7 |

1. Exports and imports of certain goods, primarily military equipment purchased and sold by the Federal Government, are included in services.
2. Consists largely of receipts by U.S. residents of interest and dividends and reinvested earnings of foreign affiliates of U.S. corporations.
3. Consists largely of payments to foreign residents of interest and dividends and reinvested earnings of U.S. affiliates of foreign corporations.
NOTE, - Percent changes from preceding period for selected liems in this table are shown in table 8.1.

Table 7.10.-Price Indexes for Exports and Imports of Merchandise by End-Use Category, Fixed 1987 Weights
[Index numbers, 1987=100]

|  | 1993 | 1994 | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1993 | 1994 |  |  |  | $1995$ <br> 1 |
|  |  |  | IV | 1 | II | III | IV |  |
| Exports of merchandise. | 110.3 | 113.2 | 110.6 | 111.8 | 112.4 | 113.2 | 115.1 | 117.7 |
| Foods, feeds, and beverages | 116.2 | 120.4 | 120.2 | 125.8 | 122.4 | 115.8 | 117.8 | 119.5 |
| Industrial supplies and materials ........... | 109.2 | 116.7 | 108.4 | 110.6 | 113.6 | 118.5 | 124.2 | 131.7 |
| Durable goods | 125.3 | 130.5 | 125.1 | 127.8 | 128.7 | 130.5 | 134.7 | 140.2 |
| Nondurable goods | 102.0 | 110.5 | 100.9 | 102.8 | 106.7 | 113.1 | 119.5 | 127.9 |
| Capital goods, except automotive | 105.7 | 106.0 | 105.8 | 105.8 | 105.9 | 106.0 | 106.1 | 106.4 |
| Civilian aircraft, engines, and parts ... | 126.0 | 129.7 | 127.6 | 127.9 | 128.6 | 130.4 | 131.8 | 132.2 |
| Computers, peripherals, and parts .... | 50.6 | 45.7 | 47.7 | 46.9 | 46.5 | 45.1 | 44.0 | 43.1 |
| Other | 117.9 | 118.9 | 118.6 | 118.8 | 118.8 | 119.0 | 119.0 | 119.8 |
| Automotive vehicles, engines, and parts | 113.2 | 114.3 | 113.3 | 113.8 | 114.0 | 114.3 | 115.0 | 115.2 |
| Consumer goods, except automotive ..... | 119.7 | 120.0 | 119.8 | 120.0 | 120.0 | 119.8 | 120.2 | 120.8 |
| Durable goods | 114.9 | 115.4 | 114.7 | 115.2 | 115.4 | 115.2 | 115.6 | 115.9 |
| Nondurable goods | 123.8 | 124.1 | 124.2 | 124.2 | 124.1 | 123.9 | 124.2 | 125.1 |
| Other | 113.8 | 116.1 | 114.1 | 114.8 | 115.4 | 116.3 | 117.8 | 119.9 |
| Durable goods | 113.8 | 116.0 | 14.1 | 114.8 | 115.3 | 116.3 | 117.8 | 119.9 |
| Nondurable goods ................. | 113.8 | 116.0 | 114.1 | 114.8 | 115.3 | 116.3 | 117.8 | 119.9 |
| Imports of merchandise ............. | 111.8 | 114.0 | 111.7 | 110.9 | 113.0 | 115.5 | 116.4 | 117.5 |
| Foods, feeds, and beverages | 108.0 | 119.7 | 110.8 | 110.8 | 115.0 | 125.6 | 127.5 | 127.0 |
| industriai supplies and materials, except |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| petroleum and products ... | 113.1 | 116.6 | 112.7 | 113.5 | 114.9 | 117.0 | 121.0 | 125.0 |
| Durable goods | 114.6 | 118.7 | 114.7 | 115.9 | 117.4 | 118.8 | 122.5 | 125.8 |
| Nondurable goods | 111.5 | 114.4 | 110.5 | 110.9 | 112.2 | 115.2 | 119.5 | 124.1 |
| Petroleum and products ..................... | 91.1 | 85.7 | 81.9 | 73.6 | 85.2 | 94.3 | 89.7 | 93.2 |
| Capital goods, except automotive ......... | 107.8 | 109.5 | 108.6 | 108.3 | 109.0 | 110.0 | 110.6 | 110.7 |
| Civilian aircraft, engines, and parts ... | 126.1 | 129.7 | 127.6 | 127.9 | 128.6 | 130.4 | 131.8 | 132.2 |
| Computers, peripherals, and parts .... | 54.3 | 49.0 | 51.1 | 50.0 | 49.6 | 48.8 | 47.6 | 46.9 |
| Other .......................................... | 118.4 | 121.5 | 120.1 | 119.9 | 120.8 | 122.1 | 123.1 | 123.4 |
| Automotive vehicles, engines, and parts | 116.9 | 120.9 | 119.0 | 119.5 | 120.3 | 121.0 | 122.8 | 122.9 |
| Consumer goods, except automotive ..... | 119.7 | 120.7 | 120.3 | 120.1 | 120.4 | 120.9 | 121.3 | 121.7 |
| Durable goods .... | 118.8 | 119.8 | 119.5 | 119.6 | 119.7 | 119.9 | 120.1 | 120.7 |
| Nondurable goods ......................... | 120.7 | 121.7 | 121.3 | 120.7 | 121.3 | 122.1 | 122.7 | 122.9 |
| Other | 115.9 | 119.0 | 117.3 | 117.2 | 118.2 | 119.4 | 121.2 | 121.9 |
| Durable goods | 115.9 | 118.9 | 117.2 | 117.1 | 118.1 | 119.4 | 121.1 | 121.8 |
| Nondurable goods .......................... | 115.9 | 118.9 | 117.2 | 117.1 | 118.1 | 119.4 | 121.1 | 121.8 |
| Addenda: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exports of agricultural products ${ }^{1}$....... | 113.3 | 119.0 | 116.7 | 122.6 | 120.0 | 115.2 | 118.2 | 121.4 |
| Exports of nonagricultural products ... | 109.9 | 112.4 | 109.8 | 110.5 | 111.4 | 112.9 | 114. | 117.2 |
| Imports of nonpetroleum products ..... | 114.2 | 117.3 | 115.2 | 115.3 | 116.3 | 118.0 | 118.5 | 120.4 |

and of nondurable consumer goods.

Table 7.11.-Price Indexes for Government Purchases by Type, Fixed 1987 Weights
[Index numbers, 1987=100]


Table 7.12.-Price Indexes for National Defense Purchases, Fixed 1987 Weights
(nndex numbers, 1987=100)

|  | 1993 | 1994 | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1993 | 1994 |  |  |  | $\frac{1995}{1}$ |
|  |  |  | IV | 1 | 11 | III | IV |  |
| National defense purchases ....... | 126.6 | 131.5 | 127.9 | 129.0 | 131.1 | 132.5 | 133.4 | 135.0 |
| Durable goods | 116.7 | 121.3 | 116.7 | 117.6 | 121.0 | 122.6 | 124.2 | 125.4 |
| Military equipment | 117.9 | 122.9 | 117.9 | 118.8 | 122.5 | 124.3 | 126.0 | 127.4 |
| Aircraft | 124.6 | 133.6 | 124.3 | 125.7 | 133.3 | 137.2 | 138.2 | 139.1 |
| Missiles. | 95.7 | 95.4 | 95.8 | 95.3 | 94.6 | 92.6 | 99.1 | 101.4 |
| Ships ... | 121.7 | 125.4 | 122.1 | 123.3 | 124.5 | 125.8 | 128.0 | 131.7 |
| Vehicles | 128.2 | 132.8 | 128.5 | 129.9 | 131.5 | 135.5 | 134.4 | 134.8 |
| Electronic equipment | 109.5 | 110.3 | 109.7 | 11.1 | 111.1 | 110.2 | 109.9 | 110.5 |
| Other | 118.4 | 119.7 | 118.7 | 118.9 | 120.0 | 119.9 | 120.1 | 121.4 |
| Other durable goods ....................... | 105.1 | 105.4 | 105.1 | 105.4 | 105.5 | 105.3 | 105.3 | 105.1 |
| Nondurable goods ........................... | 113.8 | 112.8 | 111.9 | 107.3 | 111.7 | 115.5 | 116.9 | 110.5 |
| Petroleum products | 113.1 | 109.2 | 109.5 | 95.1 | 107.1 | 116.5 | 117.9 | 101.4 |
| Ammunition | 112.6 | 114.9 | 112.1 | 113.0 | 113.7 | 115.3 | 117.4 | 115.1 |
| Other nondurable goods | 115.6 | 114.9 | 114.2 | 115.0 | 114.7 | 114.6 | 115.2 | 115.9 |
| Services. | 131.9 | 137.1 | 133.7 | 135.3 | 136.7 | 137.9 | 138.5 | 140.8 |
| Compensation of employees | 140.8 | 148.2 | 143.3 | 146.0 | 147.9 | 149.1 | 150.0 | 153.0 |
| Military | 140.3 | 145.7 | 141.2 | 143.8 | 145.7 | 146.4 | 146.9 | 149.5 |
| Civilian | 141.8 | 153.4 | 147.6 | 150.4 | 152.4 | 154.6 | 156.4 | 160.3 |
| Other services ............................. | 119.1 | 121.3 | 120.2 | 120.2 | 120.9 | 122.0 | 122.2 | 123.4 |
| Contractual research and development $\qquad$ |  |  | 114.2 | 113.3 | 113.9 | 114.3 | 114.7 | 115.9 |
| Installation support ${ }^{1}$............................ | 117.3 | 120.2 | 118.1 | 118.6 | 119.6 | 121.3 | 121.3 | 122.9 |
| Weapons support ${ }^{2}$ | 124.4 | 127.2 | 126.1 | 127.7 | 126.8 | 127.1 | 127.3 | 127.7 |
| Personnel support ${ }^{3}$ | 136.6 | 141.5 | 138.0 | 137.4 | 140.6 | 143.3 | 144.7 | 145.5 |
| Transportation of material | 105.3 | 105.3 | 105.4 | 105.3 | 105.5 | 105.1 | 105.4 | 104.6 |
| Travel of persons ...... | 116.5 | 117.4 | 118.5 | 119.5 | 117.8 | 118.1 | 114.4 | 119.9 |
| Other |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Structures | 132.4 | 139.3 | 137.2 | 138.0 | 138.7 | 139.6 | 140.9 | 141.5 |
| Military facilities ............................. | 131.0 | 139.3 | 137.8 | 138.3 | 139.3 | 139.5 | 140.2 | 140.8 |
| Other ........................................ | 135.1 | 139.3 | 136.2 | 137.3 | 137.7 | 139.9 | 142.1 | 142.7 |
| Addenda: <br> Price indexes for national defense purchases: <br> Chain-type annual weights $\qquad$ <br> Benchmark-years weights |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 125.3 | 129.9 | 126.6 | 127.8 | 129.5 | 130.7 | 1317 | 133.4 |
|  | 125.3 | 129.9 | 126.7 | 127.9 | 129.5 | 130.6 | 131.6 | 133.3 |

1. Includes utilities, communications, rental payments, maintenance and repair, and payments to contractors to operate installations.
2. Includes depot maintenance and contractual services for weapons systems, other than research and development.
3. Inciudes compensation of foreign personnel, consulting, training, and education.

Table 7.13.-Implicit Price Deflators for the Relation of Gross Domestic Product, Gross National Product, Net National Product, and National Income
[Index numbers, 1987=100]
Gross domestic product
Plus: Receipts of factor income from the rest of the world ${ }^{1}$ Less: Payments of factor income to the rest of the world ${ }^{2}$
Equals: Gross national product Less: Consumption of fixed capital
Equals: Net national product
Less: Indirect business tax and nontax liability plus business transfer
payments less subsidies plus current surpius of government enterprises ....

Statistical discrepancy
Equals: National income
Addenda:
Net domestic product $\qquad$
$\qquad$

1. Consists largely of receipts by U.S. residents of interest and dividends and reinvested earnings of foreign affiliates of U.S. corporations.
2. Consists largely of payments to foreign residents of interest and dividends and reinvested earnings of U.S. affiliates of foreign corporations.

Table 7.14.-Implicit Price Deflators for Gross Domestic Product by Sector
[Index numbers, 1987=100]

|  | 1993 | 1994 | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1993 | 1994 |  |  |  | $\frac{1995}{1}$ |
|  |  |  | IV | 1 | 11 | III | IV |  |
| Gross domestic product ............ | 123.5 | 126.1 | 124.1 | 125.0 | 125.9 | 126.5 | 126.9 | 127.6 |
| Business | 121.8 | 124.1 | 122.3 | 123.0 | 123.9 | 124.5 | 124.8 | 125.3 |
| Nonjarm | 122.1 | 124.4 | 122.5 | 123.2 | 124.3 | 125.0 | 125.2 | 125.7 |
| Nonfarm less housing ................ | 121.5 | 123.7 | 121.9 | 122.2 | 123.7 | 124.4 | 124.5 | 125.0 |
| Housing ................................. | 127.2 | 131.5 | 128.2 | 132.3 | 130.2 | 131.2 | 132.4 | 133.3 |
| Farm ........................................... | 106.1 | 103.3 | 110.1 | 114.9 | 101.9 | 97.4 | 100.1 | 102.3 |
| Statistical discrepancy ..................... | 121.8 | 124.1 | 122.3 | 123.0 | 123.9 | 124.5 | 124.8 | 125.3 |
| Households and institutions .............. | 132.3 | 135.7 | 133.4 | 134.3 | 134.9 | 136.1 | 137.5 | 138.3 |
| Private households | 119.4 | 123.1 | 121.1 | 121.8 | 122.5 | 123.5 | 124.4 | 125.6 |
| Nonprofit institutions ........................ | 132.9 | 136.3 | 133.9 | 134.9 | 135.4 | 136.7 | 138.0 | 138.8 |
| General government .......................... | 134.7 | 140.4 | 136.3 | 138.4 | 140.1 | 140.8 | 142.2 | 144.3 |
| Federal ......................................... | 139.4 | 148.5 | 141.4 | 145.4 | 148.9 | 148.9 | 151.1 | 154.8 |
| State and local ................................ | 132.9 | 137.3 | 134.3 | 135.6 | 136.8 | 137.8 | 139.0 | 140.5 |
| Addendum: <br> Gross domestic business product <br> less housing $\qquad$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 121.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  | ......... |

Table 7.15.-Current-Dollar Cost and Profit Per Unit of Constant-
Dollar Gross Domestic Product of Nontinancial Corporate Business
Table 7.15.-Current-Dollar Cost and Profit Per Unit of Constant-
Dollar Gross Domestic Product of Nontinancial Corporate Business
[Dollars]

| Current-dollar cost and profit per unit of constant-dollar gross domestic product ${ }^{1}$ | 1.159 | 1.171 | 1.159 | 1.165 | 1.170 | 1.175 | 1.175 | 1.176 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Consumption of fixed capital ........ | . 123 | . 122 | . 120 | . 125 | . 121 | . 122 | . 221 | . 122 |
| Net domestic product ................. | 1.036 | 1.049 | 1.038 | 1.040 | 1.049 | 1.053 | 1.054 | 1.054 |
| Indirect business tax and nontax liabiity plus business transfer payments less subsidies $\qquad$ | . 117 | . 117 | . 117 | . 117 | . 117 | . 118 | . 117 | . 116 |
| Domestic income ............................ | . 919 | . 932 | . 921 | . 923 | . 932 | . 935 | . 937 | . 939 |
| Compensation of employees. | . 768 | . 766 | . 760 | . 763 | . 766 | . 768 | . 768 | .771 |
| Corporate profits with inventory valuation and capital |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| consumption adjustments ...... | . 112 | . 126 | . 123 | . 122 | . 127 | . 127 | . 128 | . 125 |
| Profits tax liability .............. | . 040 | . 048 | . 043 | . 043 | . 046 | . 047 | . 049 | . 049 |
| Profits after tax with inventory valuation and capital |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| consumption adjustments ...... | . 073 | . 080 | . 080 | . 078 | . 081 | . 080 | . 079 | . 077 |
| Net interest ................................. | . 039 | . 039 | . 038 | . 038 | . 039 | . 040 | . 041 | . 042 |

1. Equals the deffator for gross domestic product of nonfinancial corporate business with the decimal point shifted two places to the left.

Table 8.1.-Percent Change From Preceding Period in Selected Series
[Percent]

|  | 1993 | 1994 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1993 | 1994 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1993 <br> IN | 1994 |  |  |  | 1995 |  |  |  | 1993 | 1994 |  |  |  | $\frac{1995}{1}$ |
|  |  |  |  | 1 | 11 | III | IV | 1 |  |  |  | N | 1 | 11 | III | N |  |
| Gross domestic product: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Structures: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current dollars | 5.4 | 6.2 | 7.7 | 6.1 | 7.2 | 6.2 | 6.4 | 4.9 | Current dollars .................... | 1.3 | 5.4 | 6.6 | -8.8 | 22.8 | 6.3 | 17.0 | 17.7 |
| Quantity indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Quantity indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fixed 1987 weights .... | 3.1 | 4.1 | 6.3 | 3.3 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 5.1 | 2.7 | Fixed 1987 weights .......... | -1.4 | 2.0 | 3.3 | -11.8 | 20.6 | 1.6 | 11.0 | 14.3 |
| Chain-type annual weights | 2.5 | 3.6 | 5.1 | 3.2 | 4.2 | 3.6 | 4.0 | 1.7 | Chain-type annual weights | -1.4 | 2.0 | 3.2 | -11.6 | 20.4 | 1.6 | 11.2 | 14.2 |
| Benchmark-years weights . Price indexes: | 2.5 | 3.6 | 5.1 | 3.2 | 4.1 | 3.6 | 4.1 | 1.9 | Benchmark-years weights . Price indexes: | -1.4 | 2.0 | 3.2 | -11.7 | 20.4 | 1.6 | 11.1 | 14.3 |
| Fixed 1987 weights .. | 3.0 | 2.7 | 2.4 | 3.1 | 2.9 | 3.0 | 2.6 | 3.3 | Fixed 1987 weights .......... | 2.8 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 2.0 | 4.6 | 5.2 | 3.0 |
| Chain-type annual weights | 2.8 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 3.2 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 2.5 | 3.3 | Chain-type annual weights | 2.8 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 2.1 | 4.5 | 5.2 | 3.1 |
| Benchmark-years weights | 2.8 | 2.7 | 2.4 | 3.2 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 3.3 | Benchmark-years weights . | 2.8 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 2.1 | 4.5 | 5.2 | 3.1 |
| Personal consumption expenditures: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Producers' durable |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current dollars $\qquad$ | 5.8 | 5.7 | 6.4 | 6.0 | 4.6 | 6.3 | 6.8 | 4.4 | equipment: <br> Current dollars | 13.4 | 16.3 | 23.9 | 21.2 | 7.3 | 19.6 | 12.9 | 20.8 |
| Quantily indexes: <br> Fixed 1987 weights | 3.3 | 3.5 | 4.0 | 4.7 | 1.3 | 3.1 | 5.1 | 1.8 | Quantity indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chain-type annual weights | 2.9 | 3.2 | 3.4 | 4.3 | 1.4 | 2.9 | 4.4 | 1.6 | Fixed 1987 weights .......... | 18.0 | 17.6 | 27.5 | 18.6 | 6.1 | 18.1 | 19.6 | 22.5 |
| Benchmark-years weights. | 2.9 | 3.2 | 3.4 | 4.3 | 1.4 | 2.9 | 4.5 | 1.7 | Chain-type annual weights | 13.7 | 15.6 | 24.7 | 19.3 | 4.8 | 18.6 | 16.1 | 22.0 |
| Price indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Benchmark-years weights . | 13.7 | 15.6 | 24.2 | 19.4 | 4.9 | 18.5 | 16.3 | 22.1 |
| Fixed 1987 weights .... | 2.8 | 2.5 | 2.8 | 1.9 | 2.8 | 3.6 | 2.5 | 2.7 | Price indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chain-type annual weights ........... | 2.8 | 2.5 | 2.8 | 2.0 | 2.9 | 3.5 | 2.4 | 2.7 | Fixed 1987 weights .......... | -. 2 | 1.6 | .7 <br> -.5 | 2.1 | 2.6 | 1.7 | -2.7 | .4 -.9 |
| Benchmark-years weights ............. | 2.8 | 2.5 | 2.8 | 2.0 | 2.9 | 3.5 | 2.4 | 2.7 | Chain-type annual weights Benchmark-years weights . | -. 2 | . 8. | -. 5 | 1.7 1.8 | 2.6 2.7 | 1.0 1.1 | -2.01 | -. 8 |
| Durable goods: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current dollars $\qquad$ Quanility indexes: | 9.2 | 9.9 | 16.3 | 9.9 | 2.9 | 7.9 | 18.9 | -1.9 | Current dollars | 12.0 | 12.9 | 32.0 | 15.7 | 9.7 | -. 3 | 6.7 | -. 1 |
| Fixed 1987 weights | 8.2 | 8.6 | 15.5 | 8.8 | . 4 | 5.8 | 20.4 | -4.0 | Quantity indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chain-type annual weights | 7.4 | 7.5 | 13.9 | 8.2 | -. 6 | 4.5 | 18.4 | $-5.5$ | Fixed 1987 weights ............. | 8.2 | 8.6 | 28.2 | 10.0 | 7.0 | -6.0 | 2.3 | -2.6 |
| Benchmark-years weights . | 7.4 | 7.5 | 13.9 | 8.1 | -. 4 | 4.5 | 18.6 | -5.4 | Chain-lype annual weights .... | 8.3 | 8.6 | 28.4 | 10.2 | 6.9 | -6.1 | 2.2 | -2.6 |
| Price indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | -5.4 | Benchmark-years weights ...... | 8.3 | 8.6 | 28.4 | 10.1 | 6.9 | $-6.1$ | 2.2 | -2.6 |
| Fixed 1987 weights | 2.1 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 1.9 | 4.1 | 3.9 | . 9 | 4.0 | rice indexes: | 3 |  | 29 |  | 7 | 63 | 4.5 | 23 |
| Chain-type annual weights ........ | 1.7 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 1.5 | 3.7 | 3.5 | 7 | 3.9 | Chain-type annual weights ...... | 3.3 | 4.0 | 2.9 | 4.5 | 2.8 | 6.31 | 4.5 | 2.4 |
| Benchmark-years weights ......... | 1.7 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 1.5 | 3.7 | 3.6 | . 7 | 3.9 | Benchmark-years weights | 3.4 3.4 | 4.0 4.0 | 2.8 | 4.8 | 2.8 2.8 | 6.15 | 4.3 | 2.4 |
| Nondurable goods: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Exports of goods and services: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current dollars .... | 3.4 | 4.1 | 4.6 | 4.1 | 3.7 | 7.3 | 4.2 | 3.5 | Current dollars ....................... | 3.3 | 9.0 | 20.7 | -3.5 | 19.2 | 15.6 | 20.6 | 5.5 |
| Quantity indexes: Fixed 1987 weights | 2.0 | 2.9 | 2.4 | 3.8 | 2.2 | 3.3 | 3.1 | 2.6 | Quantity indexes: | 3.3 | 9.0 | 21.7 | -3.5 | 16.2 | 14.8 | 20.6 | 25 |
| Chain-type annual weights. | 1.8 | 2.8 | 2.2 | 3.8 | 2.2 | 3.4 | 3.0 | 2.6 | Fixed 1987 weights .................... | 4.1 | 9.0 | 21.7 | $-3.5$ | 16.6 | 14.8 | 20.2 | 2.5 |
| Benchmark-years weights ......... | 1.8 | 2.8 | 2.2 | 3.8 | 2.2 | 3.4 | 3.0 | 2.6 | Chain-type annual weights Benchmark-years weights | 2.7 | 7.3 7.4 | 20.5 20.3 | -5.6 | 16.5 | 12.8 12.8 | 17.1 17.3 | 2 |
| Price indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Price indexes: | 2.7 | 7.4 | 20.3 | -5.5 | 1.5 | 12.8 | 17.3 | . 2 |
| Fixed 1987 weights ................. | 1.6 | 1.3 | 2.2 | . 2 | 1.5 | 4.4 | 1.6 | . 9 | Fixed 1987 weights | 1.2 | 2.5 | . 6 | 3.8 | 2.7 | 3.1 | 5.4 | 6.7 |
| Chain-type annual weights ........ | 1.5 | 1.3 | 2.3 | . 3 | 1.5 | 4.0 | 1.4 | 1.0 | Chain-type annual weights ................. | . 5 | 1.8 | . 2 | 2.6 | 2.3 | 2.8 | 4.4 | 5.8 |
| Benchmark-years weights ......... | 1.5 | 1.3 | 2.2 | . 3 | 1.5 | 4.0 | 1.4 | . 9 | Benchmark-years weights ................ | . 5 | 1.9 | . 1 | 2.8 | 2.4 | 2.9 | 4.5 | 6.0 |
| Services: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current dollars .... | 6.5 | 5.7 | 5.3 | 6.1 | 5.5 | 5.5 | 5.6 | 6.3 | Current dollars ....................... | 8.4 | 12.8 | 14.7 | 5.2 | 23.5 | 20.3 | 12.1 | 11.8 |
| Quantity indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Quantity indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fixed 1987 weights ................ | 2.8 | 2.5 | 2.0 | 4.0 | 1.1 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 3.1 | Fixed 1987 weights .................... | 10.7 | 13.4 | 16.0 | 9.5 | 18.9 | 15.6 | 11.4 | 8.8 |
| Chain-type annual weights ......... | 2.6 | 2.5 | 1.9 | 3.8 | 1.4 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.8 | Chain-type annual weights ................ | 8.9 | 11.7 | 14.9 | 8.3 | 17.4 | 13.1 | 8.7 | 9.3 |
| Benchmark-years weights .......... | 2.6 | 2.5 | 1.9 | 3.8 | 1.3 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 3.0 | Benchmark-years weights.. | 8.9 | 11.6 | 14.5 | 8.3 | 17.5 | 13.2 | 8.7 | 9.3 |
| Price indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Price indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fixed 1987 weights ................. | 3.7 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 2.9 | 3.3 | 3.1 | 3.3 | 3.4 | Fixed 1987 weights | -. 2 | 1.8 | 1.1 | -2.7 | 5.8 | 8.2 | 4.3 | 2.4 |
| Chain-type annual weights ........ | 3.7 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 2.9 | 3.4 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 3.3 | Chain-type annual weights | 7 | 1.1 | -. 3 | -3.0 | 5.5 | 7.3 | 3.3 | 2.3 |
| Benchmark-years weights ......... | 3.7 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 2.9 | 3.4 | 3.1 | 3.3 | 3.3 | Benchmark-years weights ................ | $-.7$ | 1.1 | -. 2 | $-2.9$ | 5.6 | 7.6 | 3.4 | 2.3 |
| Gross private domestic investment: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Government purchases: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current dollars ................................ | 11.9 | 17.1 | 19.6 | 20.5 | 31.1 | 8.2 | 8.0 | 13.5 | Current dollars | 2.1 | 2.3 | 1.5 | . 9 | 2.4 | 7.8 | -1.0 | 3.8 |
| Quantity indexes: Fixed 1987 weights |  |  | 21.3 |  | 25.2 | 7.1 | 9.3 | 15.1 | Quantity indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chain-type annual weights ........................ | 10.4 | 14.7 | 18.0 | 17.3 | 27.8 | 5.6 | 6.6 | 12.9 | Fixed 1387 weights ..................... | -. 8 | -8 | -. 1 | -4.9 | -1.2 | 5.7 | -4.1 | -1.2 |
| Benchmark-years weights ................ | 10.4 | 14.6 | 17.9 | 17.4 | 27.5 | 5.8 | 6.8 | 13.4 | Benchmark-years weights ............... | -. 9 | -. 6 | -. 2 | -3.4 | -1.4 | 5.9 | -4.4 | -1.2 |
| Price indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Price indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fixed 1987 weights ......... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\ldots$ | Fixed 1987 weights .................... | 3.1 | 3.3 | 1.6 | 4.3 | 4.9 | 3.0 | 3.3 | 5.1 |
| Chain-type annual weights ........... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\cdots$ | Chain-type annual weights ............. | 2.9 | 3.2 | 1.7 | 4.6 | 4.1 | 2.4 | 3.5 | 5.2 |
| Benchmark-years weights ............. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\ldots$ | Benchmark-years weights ............. | 2.9 | 3.2 | 1.8 | 4.6 | 4.1 | 2.4 | 3.5 | 5.3 |
| Fixed investment: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Federal: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current dollars ........................... | 10.4 | 13.2 | 22.5 | 13.3 | 10.8 | 11.0 | 11.9 | 14.0 | Current dollars ............................ | -1.2 | -1.4 | -2.6 | -1.8 | -2.4 | 8.7 | $-10.7$ | 1.6 |
| Quantity indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Quantity indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fixed 1987 weights ................. | 11.3 | 12.3 | 23.0 | 10.6 | 8.6 | 8.6 | 13.6 | 14.6 | Fixed 1987 weights .................. | -4.5 | -5.3 | -5.0 | -10.3 | -7.9 | 10.9 | -14.4 | -4.2 |
| Chain-type annual weights ........ | 8.8 | 10.9 | 21.2 | 10.2 | 8.1 | 7.8 | 11.2 | 13.5 | Chain-type annual weights ........ | -4.6 | -4.9 | -4.6 | $-7.0$ | -8.0 | 9.1 | -14.9 | -4.1 |
| Benchmark-years weights ......... | 8.8 | 10.9 | 20.9 | 10.3 | 8.2 | 7.9 | 11.3 | 13.6 | Benchmark-years weights .......... | -4.6 | -4.9 | -4.8 | -7.0 | $-7.9$ | 9.1 | -14.8 | -4.1 |
| Price indexes: <br> Fixed 4987 weights |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Price indexes: <br> Fixed 1987 weights |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fixed 1987 weights $\qquad$ Chain-type annual weights | 2.1 | 2.8 2.2 | 2.0 | 3.1 2.9 | 2.71 | 3.9 3.2 | 2.4 1.2 | 1.7 .9 | Fixed 1987 weights ................ | 3.7 | 4.0 | 1.7 | 4.8 | 7.7 | 3.0 | 3.9 | 5.8 |
| Chain-type annual weights <br> Benchmark-years weights | 1.4 1.4 | 2.2 | 1.2 1.2 | 2.9 | 2.6 | 3.2 3.3 | 1.2 1.5 | .9 1.0 | Chain-type annual weights ......... Benchmark-years weights ....... | 3.5 | 4.0 | 2.2 | 5.8 5.7 | 6.6 6.5 | 1.5 1.5 | 4.5 4.5 | 6.3 6.3 |
|  | 1.4 | 2.2 | 1.2 | 2.9 | 2.6 | 3.3 | 1.5 | 1.0 | Benchmark-years weights .......... | 3.5 | 4.0 | 2.3 | 5.7 | 6.5 | 1.5 | 4.5 | 6.3 |
| Nonresidential: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | National defense: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current dollars ........................ | 9.7 | 13.2 | 18.8 | 12.4 | 11.2 | 16.0 | 14.1 | 20.0 | Current dollars ....... | -3.7 | $-3.4$ | . 1 | -9.5 | 0 | 12.6 | -18.7 | -2.1 |
| Quantity indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Quantity indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fixed 1987 weights .............. | 12.5 | 13.7 | 21.1 | 10.9 | 9.2 | 14.1 | 17.6 | 20.7 | Fixed 1987 weights .............. | -6.8 | -7.0 | -3.6 | -16.0 | -4.1 | 12.8 | -21.8 | -7.3 |
| Chain-type annual weights .... | 9.0 | 11.8 | 18.4 | 10.2 | 8.6 | 13.9 | 14.9 | 20.0 | Chain-type annual weights ... | -6.9 | -6.4 | -3.0 | -12.6 | -4.4 | 11.4 | -21.7 | -6.6 |
| Benchmark-years weights ...... | 9.0 | 11.8 | 18.0 | 10.4 | 8.7 | 13.9 | 15.0 | 20.1 | Benchmark-years weights ...... | -6.9 | -6.5 | -3.4 | -12.6 | -4.3 | 11.2 | -21.7 | $-6.7$ |
| Price indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Price indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fixed 1987 weights .............. | 1.6 | 2.2 | 1.6 | 2.5 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 1.4 | 1.4 | Fixed 1987 weights .............. | 3.7 | 3.8 | 2.9 | 3.5 | 6.7 | 4.3 | 2.9 | 4.9 |
| Chain-type annual weights | . 6 | 1.5 | . 6 | 2.1 | 2.5 | 2.0 | 0 | . 2 | Chain-type annual weights .... | 3.4 | 3.7 | 3.4 | 4.0 | 5.3 | 3.6 | 3.2 | 5.2 |
| Benchmark-years weights ...... | . 6 | 1.5 | 61 | 2.2 | 2.5 | 2.1 | . 3 | . 4 | Benchmark-years weights ..... | 3.4 | 3.7 | 3.5 | 3.9 | 5.1 | 3.5 | 3.2 | 5.3 |

Table 8.1.-Percent Change From Preceding Period in Selected Series-Continued
[Percent]

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

№TE,-Except for disposable personal income, the quantity and price indexes in this table are calculated from weighted averages of the detaied output and prices used to prepare each aggregate and component. The fixedweighted measures use as weights the composition of output in 1987 . For the alternative indexes, the chain-type indexes with annual weights use weights tor the preceding and current years, and the indexes with benchmarkyears weights use weights of 1959, 1963, 1967, 1972, 1977, 1982, 1987, 1992, and the most recent year.

Table 8.2.-Selected Per Capita Product and Income Series in Current and Constant Dollars and Population of the United States
[Dollars]

|  | 1993 | 1984 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1993 | 1994 |  |  |  | 1995 |
|  |  |  | IV | I | II | III | IV | 1 |
| Current dollars: <br> Gross domestic product $\qquad$ <br> Gross national product $\qquad$ Personal income . Disposable personal $\qquad$ <br> Personal consumption expenditures ... Durable goods Nondurable goods $\qquad$ Services .......... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 24,559 | 25,818 | 24,978 | 25,288 | 25,669 | 25,988 | 26,325 | 26,587 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 24,576 | 25,774 | 24,970 | 25,285 | 25,640 | 25,942 | 26,226 | 26,504 |
|  | 18,153 | 19,003 | 18,421 | 18,588 | 18,853 | 19,095 | 19,473 | 19,769 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 16,951 | 17,734 | 17,233 | 17,443 | 17,598 | 17,821 | 18,072 | 18,230 |
|  | 2,083 | 2,266 | 2,170 | 2,216 | 2,227 | 2,263 | 2,358 | 2,342 |
|  | 5,185 | 5,342 | 5,225 | 5,265 | 5,300 | 5,380 | 5,423 | 5,459 |
|  | 9,683 | 10,126 | 9,838 | 9,961 | 10,071 | 10,178 | 10,292 | 10.429 |
| Constant (1987) dollars: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross domestic product $\qquad$ | 19,879 | 20,476 | 20,119 | 20,235 | 20,390 | 20,537 | 20,740 | 20,836 |
| Gross national product $\qquad$ | 19,901 | 20,450 | 20,122 | 20,242 | 20,376 | 20,509 | 20,672 | 20,780 |
| Disposable |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| personal | 14,341 | 14,696 | 14,451 | 14,535 | 14,625 | 14,697 | 14,927 | 15,061 |
| Personal |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| consumption |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| expenditures ... | 13,391 | 13,716 | 13,519 | 13,640 | 13,651 | 13,717 | 13,853 | 13,888 |
| Durable goods | 1,897 | 2,039 | 1,970 | 2,007 | 2,004 | 2,026 | 2,118 | 2,091 |
| Nondurable |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| goods .......... | 4,176 | 4,251 | 4,195 | 4,224 | 4,237 | 4,260 | 4,282 | 4,300 |
| Services ......... | 7,318 | 7,426 | 7,354 | 7,409 | 7,410 | 7,430 | 7,454 | 7,497 |
| Population (mid- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| period, <br> thousands) $\qquad$ | 258,290 | 260,991 | 259,356 | 259,997 | 260,627 | 261,340 | 261,999 | 262,527 |

Table 8.3.—Auto Output
[Bilions of dollars]

|  | 1993 | 1994 | Seasonally adiusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 1993 \\ \hline \text { IV } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 1994 |  |  |  | $\frac{1995}{1}$ |
|  |  |  |  | 1 | 11 | III | IV |  |
| Auto output .............................. | 144.5 | 158.5 | 151.0 | 162.7 | 153.4 | 158.2 | 159.9 | 160.2 |
| Final sales | 142.2 | 154.3 | 148.3 | 164.2 | 150.1 | 153.1 | 149.9 | 143.9 |
| Personal consumption expenditures .. | 139.3 | 153.1 | 146.5 | 154.7 | 149.6 | 151.4 | 156.7 | 154.4 |
| New autos ............................ | 93.4 | 98.7 | 101.3 | 100.1 | 99.1 | 94.4 | 101.3 | 91.3 |
| Net purchases of used autos ........ | 45.9 | 54.4 | 45.2 | 54.6 | 50.5 | 57.1 | 55.4 | 63.2 |
| Producers' durable equipment .......... | 38.8 | 44.0 | 38.8 | 43.4 | 43.9 | 46.4 | 42.4 | 36.7 |
| New autos ............................... | 68.3 | 81.3 | 68.2 | 78.8 | 79.1 | 86.0 | 81.2 | 78.6 |
| Net purchases of used autos ........ | -29.6 | -37.3 | -29.5 | -35.4 | -35.2 | -39.6 | -38.8 | -41.9 |
| Net exports .................................. | -37.7 | -44.8 | -38.6 | -35.8 | -45.4 | -46.8 | -51.0 | -49.2 |
| Exports ..................................... | 14.5 | 16.7 | 15.2 | 16.7 | 16.3 | 18.4 | 15.4 | 18.5 |
| Imports ..................................... | 52.2 | 61.5 | 53.8 | 52.5 | 61.7 | 65.2 | 66.4 | 67.7 |
| Government purchases .................... | 1.9 | 2.0 | 1.7 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 1.8 | 1.9 |
| Change in business inventories of new and used autos | 2.2 | 4.2 | 2.7 | -1.5 | 3.3 | 5.1 | 10.0 | 16.3 |
| New ............................................. | 1.9 | 3.2 | 1.6 | . 3 | 1.3 | 4.5 | 6.5 | 15.3 |
| Used | . 3 | 1.0 | 1.1 | -1.8 | 2.0 | . 5 | 3.5 | 1.0 |
| Addenda: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Domestic outut of new autos ${ }^{1}$....... | 112.6 | 131.6 | 119.9 | 133.7 | 126.6 | 133.6 | 132.5 | 137.6 |
| Sales of imported new autos ${ }^{2}$.......... | 65.1 | 68.5 | 65.3 | 66.2 | 69.3 | 68.0 | 70.4 | 65.5 |

1. Consists of final sales and change in business inventories of new autos assembled in the United States.
2. Consists of personal consumption expenditures, producers' durable equipment, and government purchases.

Table 8.5.-Truck Output
[Bilions of dollars]

| Truck output ${ }^{1}$........ | 101.9 | 126.9 | 110.8 | 124.3 | 123.0 | 127.9 | 132.3 | 133.9 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Final sales | 102.1 | 124.0 | 112.5 | 122.7 | 120.2 | 121.8 | 131.2 | 133.2 |
| Personal consumption expenditures .. | 52.3 | 58.1 | 57.3 | 58.9 | 56.9 | 54.5 | 62.1 | 58.8 |
| Producers' durable equipment ........... | 48.7 | 63.5 | 54.7 | 62.2 | 58.4 | 63.6 | 69.7 | 74.6 |
| Net exports ............................ | -5.5 | -5.1 | -3.8 | -4.1 | -4.6 | -5.6 | -6.0 | $-5.5$ |
| Exports | 5.8 | 6.7 | 6.8 | 6.7 | 6.7 | 6.4 | 7.2 | 8.1 |
| imports .................................... | 11.2 | 11.8 | 10.6 | 10.7 | 11.3 | 12.0 | 13.2 | 13.6 |
| Government purchases ................... | 6.5 | 7.5 | 4.4 | 5.6 | 9.6 | 9.4 | 5.3 | 5.3 |
| Change in business inventories ......... | -. 2 | 2.9 | -1.7 | 1.6 | 2.8 | 6.1 | 1.1 | . 7 |

Table 8.4.-Auto Output in Constant Dollars [Bililions of 1987 dollars]

|  | 1993 | 1994 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1993 | 1994 |  |  |  | 1985 |
|  |  |  | IV | 1 | 11 | III | IV | 1 |
| Auto output | 121.6 | 130.1 | 127.2 | 135.1 | 125.9 | 128.3 | 130.8 | 127.2 |
| Final sales | 121.1 | 127.1 | 125.2 | 138.3 | 124.5 | 125.0 | 120.7 | 114.1 |
| Personal consumption expenditures .. | 119.3 | 125.5 | 123.2 | 129.8 | 123.8 | 122.9 | 125.3 | 119.5 |
| New autos ................................ | 81.3 | 83.1 | 87.2 | 85.6 | 83.8 | 78.9 | 84.3 | 75.7 |
| Net purchases of used autos ........ | 38.0 | 42.3 | 36.0 | 44.2 | 40.0 | 44.0 | 41.0 | 43.7 |
| Producers' durable equipment ........... | 34.4 | 38.5 | 34.6 | 38.0 | 38.1 | 40.4 | 37.7 | 35.1 |
| New autos ................................ | 59.5 | 68.4 | 58.7 | 67.4 | 66.9 | 71.9 | 67.6 | 65.3 |
| Net purchases of used autos ........ | -25.1 | -29.9 | -24.2 | -29.4 | -28.8 | -31.5 | -29.8 | -30.2 |
| Net exports .................................. | -34.2 | -38.5 | -34.0 | -31.0 | -39.1 | -40.0 | -43.8 | -42.1 |
| Exports .................................... | 12.8 | 14.4 | 13.3 | 14.6 | 14.0 | 15.8 | 13.2 | 15.6 |
| Imports .................................... | 47.0 | 52.9 | 47.3 | 45.6 | 53.1 | 55.8 | 57.0 | 57.7 |
| Government purchases ................... | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 1.6 |
| Change in business inventories of new and used autos $\qquad$ | . 5 | 2.9 | 2.0 | -3.2 | 1.4 | 3.3 | 10.1 | 13.1 |
| New | . 6 | 2.1 | 1.5 | -1.7 | $-.3$ | 2.9 | 7.4 | 12.4 |
| Used ............................................. | -. 1 | . 8 | . 5 | -1.5 | 1.6 | 4 | 2.7 | . 7 |
| Addenda: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Domestic output of new autos ${ }^{1}$........ | 97.6 | 110.9 | 104.3 | 112.9 | 106.4 | 111.6 | 112.7 | 114.4 |
| Sales of imported new autos ${ }^{2}$.......... | 56.7 | 57.7 | 56.2 | 56.6 | 58.7 | 56.8 | 58.6 | 54.3 |

Table 8.6.-Truck Output in Constant Dollars
[Billions of 1987 dollars]

| Truck output ${ }^{1}$. | 83.9 | 100.6 | 90.4 | 100.5 | 97.5 | 99.9 | 104.5 | 104.7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Final sales | 84.1 | 98.4 | 91.8 | 99.2 | 95.4 | 95.3 | 103.6 | 104.2 |
| Personal consumption expenditures | 43.3 | 46.0 | 46.7 | 47.7 | 45.3 | 42.6 | 48.5 | 45.9 |
| Producers' durable equipment | 39.9 | 50.4 | 44.6 | 50.2 | 46.2 | 49.7 | 55.5 | 58.4 |
| Net exports | -4.5 | -4.0 | -3.1 | -3.3 | -3.6 | -4.4 | -4.7 | -4.3 |
| Exports | 4.7 | 5.4 | 5.5 | 5.4 | 5.3 | 5.0 | 5.8 | 6.3 |
| Imports | 9.2 | 9.4 | 8.6 | 8.7 | 8.9 | 9.4 | 10.4 | 10.6 |
| Government purchases ................... | 5.4 | 5.9 | 3.6 | 4.5 | 7.6 | 7.3 | 4.3 | 4.2 |
| Change in business inventories ... | -. 1 | 2.2 | -1.4 | 1.3 | 2.1 | 4.6 | . 9 | . 5 |

104.7
104.2
45.9
58.4
-4.3
6.3
10.6
4.2
.5

1. Includes new trucks only.
nipa Charts
REAL GDP AND ITS COMPONENTS: TRENDS AND CYCLES


## SELECTED SERIES: RECENT QUARTERS



Percent change









US, Deparment or Coninerse, Eureauof Econome Rnalys

## Reconciliation and Other Special Tables

## Table 1.-Reconciliation of Changes in BEA-Derived Compensation Per Hour with BLS Average Hourly Earnings

[Percent change from preceding period]

|  | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1992 | 1993 | 1994 | 1994 |  |  | $\frac{1995}{1 p}$ |
|  |  |  |  | 11 | III | IV ${ }^{\text {r }}$ |  |
| BEA-derved compensation per hour of all persons in the nonfarm business sector (less housing) .... | 5.1 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 0.7 | 3.1 | 3.5 | 4.1 |
| Less: Contribution of supplements to wages and salaries per hour | . 5 | . 2 | . 2 | -. 1 | . 1 | -. 3 | . 5 |
| Plus: Contribution of wages and salaries per hour of persons in housing and in nonprofit institutions .............. | . 1 | -. 1 | 0 | . 1 | . 1 | 0 | . 9 |
| Less: Contribution of wages and salaries per hour of persons in government enterprises, unpaid family workers, and seli-employed | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -. 2 | -. 2 | -. 1 |
| Equals: BEA-derived wages and salaries per hour of all employees in the private nonfarm sector ........ | 4.7 | 3.0 | 2.9 | . 9 | 3.3 | 4.0 | 4.7 |
| Less: Contribution of wages and salaries per hour of nonproduction workers in manufacturing ...................... | 0 | 0 | -. 3 | -. 4 | -. 2 | -. 4 | -. 6 |
| Less: Other differences ${ }^{1}$. | 2.3 | . 4 | . 5 | -. 5 | 1.1 | . 6 | 2.8 |
| Equals: BLS average hourly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonfarm payrolls $\qquad$ | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.7 | 1.8 | 2.4 | 3.8 | 2.5 |
| Addendum: <br> BLS estimates of compensation per hour in the nonfarm business sector ${ }^{2}$ $\qquad$ | 5.1 | 3.3 | 3.1 | . 7 | 3.1 | 4.0 | 2.5 |

[^8]include compensation and hours of tenant-occupied housing. BEA estimates for the third quarter of 1994 also include statistical revisions not yet incorporated in the BLS estimates.
NOTE.-The table incorporates BLS March 1993 benchmarks and updated seasonal adjusiment actors.

Bureau of Labor Statistics

# Selected Monthly Estimates 

Table 1.-Personal Income
[Billions of dollars; montily estimates seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

|  | 1993 | 1994 | 1994 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1995 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | Feb.' | Mar. ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | Apr. $p$ |
| Personal income | 5,375.1 | 5,701.7 | 5,607.5 | 5,639.4 | 5,665.4 | 5,674,9 | 5,704.4 | 5,730.6 | 5,768.4 | 5,844.7 | 5,841.8 | 5,883.5 | 5,932.2 | 5,962.9 | 5,994,3 | 6,011.6 |
| Wage and salary disbursements | 3,080.8 | 3,279.0 | 3,220.1 | 3,241.4 | 3,263.4 | 3,267.0 | 3,282.6 | 3,289.0 | 3,310.2 | 3,351.6 | 3,349.3 | 3,368.3 | 3,393.4 | 3.406 .9 | 3,412.3 | 3,432.2 |
| Private industries .-............ | 2,497.0 | 2,676.2 | 2,623.2 | 2,642.0 | 2,669.1 | 2,666.1 | 2,679.6 | 2,684,7 | 2,704.4 | 2,744.1 | 2,740.5 | 2.757 .5 | 2,779.0 | 2,790.1. | 2.794 .2 | 2,813.7 |
| Commodity-producing industries | 773.8 | 818.2 | 805.4 | 809.3 | 810.7 | 814.9 | 817.9 | 820.8 | 826.7 | 838.0 | 835.1 | 8388.8 | 841.5 | 852.7 | 850.7 | 843.3 |
| Manulacturing -7.................... | 588.4 | 617.5 | 611.9 | 611.9 | 612.0 | 614.4 | 615.4 | 618.4 | 621.0 | 631.4 | 626.7 | 630.4 | 632.7 | 642.7 | 639.1 | 631.4 |
| Distributive industries .... | 701.9 | 748.5 | 731.4 | 737.8 | 743.6 | 746.0 | 751.0 | 752.3 | 757.1 | 768.3 | 767.9 | 772.5 | 779.4 | 777.5 | 779.5 | 790.3 |
| Service industries .......... | 1,021.4 | 1,109.5 | 1,086.3 | 1,094.9 | 1,104.7 | 1,104.1 | 1,110.7 | 1,111.6 | 1,120.6 | 1,137.8 | 1,137.5 | 1,146.1 | 1,158.1 | 1,159.9 | 1,164.0 | 1,180.1 |
|  | ${ }^{1} 883.8$ | ${ }^{6} 602.8$ | ${ }_{5} 596.9$ | 599.4 | 604.3 | 601.9 | 603.0 | 604.3 | '605.8 | 607.5 | 608.8 | 610.8 | 614.4 | 616.8 | 618.0 | '618.6 |
| Other labor income .................................... | 355.3 | 381.0 | 375.0 | 376.7 | 378.4 | 380.1 | 381.9 | 383.7 | 385.5 | 387.1 | 388.7 | 390.3 | 398.1 | 399.6 | 401.1 | 402.5 |
| Proprietors' income with IVA and CCAdj $\qquad$ <br> Farm $\qquad$ | $\begin{array}{r}441.6 \\ 37.3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}473.7 \\ 39.5 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 477.8 <br> 48.8 <br> 8 | 477.9 46.9 | $\begin{array}{r}471.0 \\ 38.8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}465.8 \\ 32.3 \\ \\ \hline 18.3\end{array}$ | 464.3 <br> 30.0 <br>  | 467.1 <br> 29.6 | $\begin{array}{r}469.4 \\ 30.0 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 490.4 49.0 | $\begin{array}{r}478.6 \\ 35.1 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 488.1 | $\begin{array}{r}483.7 \\ 35.2 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 490.6 41.2 | 509.5 54.1 | 488.2 39.3 |
|  | 404.3 | 434.2 | 429.0 | 430.2 | 432.1 | 433.5 | 434.4 | 437.6 | 439.4 | 441.4 | 443.5 | 447.0 | 448.5 | 449.5 | 449.5 | 448.9 |
| Rental income of persons with CCAdj ......... | 24.1 | 27.7 | 38.4 | 35.0 | 34.6 | 32.6 | 32.4 | 32.6 | 32.7 | 31.4 | 29.5 | 26.1 | 26.7 | 25.2 | 23.3 | 22.1 |
| Personal dividend income .......... | 181.3 | 194.3 | 187.1 | 189.9 | 191.8 | 193.4 | 195.1 | 197.0 | 198.8 | 200.8 | 202.8 | 204.4 | 204.8 | 205.4 | 206.4 | 207.5 |
| Personal interest income .............................................. | 637.9 | 664.0 | 634.4 | 642.0 | 649.3 | 656.9 | 665.1 | 674.0 | 683.6 | 692.5 | 701.2 | 709.6 | 717.7 | 725.4 | 732.8 | 740.0 |
| Transfer payments to persons. | 915.4 | 963.4 | 951.5 | 955.9 | 957.1 | 960.0 | 964.9 | 969.8 | 972.3 | 977.1 | 977.7 | 984.2 | 1,000.8 | 1,003.7 | 1,009.5 | 1,015.1 |
| Old-age, sunvivors, disability, and health insurance benefits | 444.4 | 473.5 | 466.9 | 469.5 | 470.8 | 471.8 | 474.4 | 476.4 | 478.8 | 480.7 | 481.3 | 487.2 | 493.8 | 496.2 | 500.1 | 502.5 |
| Government unemployment insurance benefits ................. | 33.9 | 23.3 | 26.3 | 25.3 | 22.7 | 22.4 | 21.7 | 21.5 | 20.9 | 20.7 | 20.6 | 20.1 | 20.5 | 20.4 | 20.1 | 19.9 |
|  | 437.1 | 466.6 | 458.3 | 461.1 | 463.5 | 465.7 | 468.8 | 471.9 | 472.5 | 475.7 | 475.8 | 476.8 | . | 487.2 | 489.3 | 492.6 |
| Less: Personal contributions for social insurance ................. | 261.3 | 281.4 | 276.9 | 278.5 | 280.2 | 280.9 | 282.0 | 282.6 | 284.1 | 286.2 | 286.1 | 287.4 | 293.0 | 294.0 | 294.5 | 296.0 |
| Addenda: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 5,316.6 \\ 58.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,639.4 \\ 62.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,536.4 \\ 71.1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,570.1 \\ 69.3 \end{array}$ | $5,604.0 \mid$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,619.9 \\ 55.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,651.6 . \\ 52.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,678.1 \\ 52.4 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,715.5 \\ 52.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,772.5 \\ 72.1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5,783.3 \\ 58.4 \end{gathered}$ | $5,818.7 \mid$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,873.3 \\ 58.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,897.9 \\ 65.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|c\|\|c\|c\|} \hline 78.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,948.2 \\ 63.4 \end{array}$ |

${ }^{P}$ Preliminary.
Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.
CCAOf Capital consumplion adiustment
IVA Invention valuation adjustment
Table 2.-The Disposition of Personal Income
[Monthly estimates seasonally adjusted at annual rates]


## ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary.

1. Disposable personal income in 1987 dollars equals the current-dollar figure divided by the implicit price deflator
for personal consumption expenditures.

Table 3.-U.S. International Transactions in Goods and Services
[Millions of dollars; monthly estimates seasonally adjusted]

|  | 1993 | 1994 | 1994 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1995 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Doc. | Jan. | Feb.r | Mar. ${ }^{p}$ | Apr. |
| Exports of goods and services .... | 641,677 | 697,877 | 58,349 | 55,920 | 56,206 | 58,301 | 56,510 | 60,291 | 60,510 | 59,880 | 61,909 | 63,611 | 60,964 | 62,251 | 65,344 |  |
| Goods | 456,866 | 502,590 | 42,007 | 40,320 | 40,218 | 41,970 | 40,101 | 44,054 | 43,485 | 43,269 | 44,814 | 46,490 | 44,299 | 48,421 | 48,202 |  |
| Foods, feeds, and beverages | 40,628 | 41,942 | 3.403 | 3,085 | 3,266 | 3,086 | 3,050 | 3,674 | 3,696 | 3,923 | 4,058 | 4,196 | 3,849 | 3,931 | 4,100 | ............ |
| Industrial supplies and materials | 111,814 | 121,309 | 10.588 | 9,609 | 9,898 | 9,804 | 10,238 | 10.723 | 10,304 | 10.588 | 10,666 | 11,230 | 11,468 | 11,766 | 12,656 |  |
| Capital goods, except automotve .... | 181,696 | 205,280 | 17,305 | 16,742 | 16,551 | 17,723 | 16,280 | 17,652 | 17,826 | 16,889 | 18,063 | 18,916 5 | 16,915 | 17,818 | 19,315 |  |
| Automotive vehicles, engines, and parts ..................... | 52,404 | 57,243 | 4,725 | 4,686 | 4,508 | 4,688 | 4,240 | 5,169 | 5,001 | 4,995 | 4,887 | 5,579 | 5,356 | 5,174 | 5,031 | ... |
| Consumer goods (nonfood), except automotive $\qquad$ Other goods $\qquad$ | 54,656 23,993 | 59,972 26,775 | 4,881 1,849 | 4,659 2,250 | 4,803 2,018 | 5,113 2,340 | 4,858 2,261 | 5,309 2,517 | 5,185 2,346 | 5,408 2,474 | 5,481 2,467 | 5,309 2,247 | 4,989 2,421 | 5,242 2,179 | 5,390 2,494 |  |
|  | -8,224 | -9,931 | -743 | -711 | -828 | 788 | -826 | -989 | -873 | -989 | -807 | -988 | -699 | -688 | -783 |  |
| Services ... | 184,811 | 195,287 | 16,343 | 15,600 | 15,988 | 16,331 | 16,409 | +6,237 | 17,025 | 16,592 | 17,095 | 17,121 | 16,865 | 16,830 | 17,142 |  |
| Travel | 57,621 | 60,001 | 5,171 | 4,729 | 4,842 | 5,043 | 5,072 | 4,811 | 5,321 | 5,037 | 5,342 | 5,384 | 5,028 | 5.040 | 5.116 |  |
| Passenger fares | 16,500 | 17,651 | 1,507 | 1,384 | 1,409 | 1,491 | 1,492 | 1,419 | 1.588 | 1,477 | 1,600 | 1,597 | 1,554 | 1,578 | 1,610 |  |
| Other transporation | 23,151 | 24,733 | 2,106 | 2,001 | 2.017 | 2,029 | 1,992 | 2,115 | 2,145 | 2,196 | 2,235 | 2,134 | 2,152 | 2,153 | 2,236 |  |
| Royaties and license fees | 20,398 | ${ }^{22,823}$ | 1,796 | 1,790 | 1,816 | 1,857. | 1.960 | 1,999 | 2.021 | 2.001 | 2.010 | 2,025 | 2,059 | 2,086 | 2,114 |  |
| Other private services .......................................... | 54,870 | 58,453 | 4,854 | 4,738 | 4,916 | 4,896 | 4,892 | 4,889 | 4,945 | 4,888 | 4,912 | 4,985 | 4,880 | 4,969 | 5,050 | ............ |
| Transfers under U.S. military agency sales contracts ${ }^{2}$... U.S. Government miscellaneous services | $\begin{array}{r} 11,413 \\ 808 \end{array}$ | $10,845$ | 841 67 | 908 50 | 940 48 | 964 49 | 939 62 | 938 67 | 934 71 | $\begin{array}{r}924 \\ 74 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 920 76 | 919 77 | $\begin{array}{r}927 \\ 65 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 938 67 | 950 66 | ..... |
| Imports of goods and services .... | 717,402 | 804,448 | 65,236 | 64,507 | 65,427 | 67,132 | 67,242 | 89,415 | 69,388 | 69,876 | 71,537 | 70,872 | 72,917 | 71,402 | 74,459 |  |
| Goods | 589,441 | 669,155 | 53,483 | 53,689 | 54,520 | 56,021 | 56,056 | 58,195 | 58,002 | 58,406 | 59,984 | 59,386 | 61,152 | 58,724 | 62,451 |  |
| Foods, feeds, and beverages | 27.867 | 30,958 | 2,542 | 2,490 | 2,530 | 2,592 | 2,623 | 2,698 | 2,713 | 2,674 | 2,638 | 2.657 | 2,854 | 2,803 | 2,885 | ............. |
| Industrial supplies and materials. | 145,606 | 161,995 | 12,642 | 12,755 | 13,139 | 13,990 | 14,358 | 14,670 | 14,288 | 13,933 | 14.519 | 14.148 | 14,545 | 14,364 | 15,485 |  |
| Capital goods, except automotive. | 152,365 | 184,550 | 14,456 | 14,716 | 14,872 | 15,118 | 15,184 | 15,293 | 16,459 | 16,571 | 16,964 | +16,791 | 17,220 | 16,856 | 17.445 |  |
| Automotive vehicles, engines, and parts | 102,420 | 118,684 | 9,549 | 9,491 | 9,481 | 10,153 | 9,911 | 11,057 | 9,870 | 10,230 | 10,743 | 10,729 | 11,070 | 10,708 | 10,781 |  |
| Consumer goods (nonfood), except automotive ....... | 134,015 | 146,293 | 11,336 | 11,846 | 12,137 | 12,139 | 12,024 | 12,480 | 12,631 | 12,788 | 12,913 | 12,892 | 13,441 | 13,073 | 13,157 |  |
| Other goods | 18,386 | 21,349 | 1,837 | 1,808 | 1,801 | 1,820 | 1,701 | 1,633 | 1,815 | 1,926 | 1,937 | 1,905 | 1,778 | 1,689 | 1,827 |  |
| Adjustments ${ }^{1}$..... | 8,783 | 5,326 | 1,120 | 582 | 560 | 209 | 254 | 364 | 226 | 283 | 271 | 263 | 244 | 231 | 871 |  |
| Services .......... | 127,961 | 135,293 | 11,753 | 10,818 | 10,907 | 11,112 | 11,186 | 11,220 | 11,387 | 11,471 | 11,553 | 11,488 | 11,785 | 11,678 | 12,008 |  |
| Travel | 40,564 | 43,059 | 3,909 | 3,324 | 3,402 | 3,356 | 3.469 | 3,438 | 3,590 | 3.718 | 3,775 | 3,809 | 3,886 | 3,838 | 3,964 | ............. |
| Passenger fares | 11,416 | 12,558 | 1,067 | 1,007 | 1,037 | 1,027 | 1,024 | 1,035 | 1,070 | 1,098 | 1,122 | 1.116 | 1,155 | 1,155 | 1,205 | $\cdots$ |
| Other transportation | 24,502 | 25.718 | 2,160 | 2,081 | 2,096 | 2,176 | 2,190 | 2,273 | 2,219 | 2,231 | 2,204 | 2,156 | 2,341 | 2,310 | 2,420 |  |
| Royaties and license fees... | 4,840 | 5,926 | 445 | 438 | 437 | 476 | 490 | 463 | 477 | 507 | 515 | 514 | 491 | 482 | 473 | ............. |
| Other private services ................ | 32,119 | 34,791 | 3,025 | 2,860 | 2,838 | 2,988 | 2,915 | 2,915 | 2,940 | 2,839 | 2,864 | 2,821 | 2,823 | 2,828 | 2,887 |  |
| Direct detense expenditures ${ }^{\text {a }}$.........i......................... | 12,176 $\mathbf{2 , 3 4 4}$ | 10,577 2,663 | ${ }_{221} 226$ | 890 219 | 877 220 | 188 221 | $\begin{array}{r}864 \\ 234 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 860 236 | 857 234 | 856 222 | +858 | 854 216 | 846 23 | 838 236 | 831 227 |  |
| Memoranda: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Balance on goods ..... | $\begin{array}{r} 132,575 \\ 56,850 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -166,665 \\ 59.994 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} -11,477 \\ 4590 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{array}{r} -13,369 \\ 4,782 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -14,303 \\ 5.082 \end{array}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} -14,050 \\ 5.219 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{array}{r} 15,956 \\ -5,223 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -\{4,140 \\ 5,017 \end{array}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} -14,517 \\ 5638 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{array}{r} -15,117 \\ 5,121 \end{array}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} -15,170 \\ 5 \\ 5.543 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} -12,895 \\ 5 \\ 5,635 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{array}{r} -16,853 \\ 4.900 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -14,303 \\ 5 \\ 5.152 \end{array}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} -14,249 \\ 5,134 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ |  |
| Balace on services ................................................... | -75,725 | -106,571 | -6,887 | -8,587 | -9,221 | -8,831 | -10,732 | -9,123 | ${ }_{-8,878}$ | -9,996 | -9,628 | -7,261 | -11,953 | -9,151 | -9,115 |  |

pr Preliminary.
${ }^{r}$ Revised.

1. Reflects acjustments necessary to bring the Census Bureau's component data in line with the concepts and
2. Contains goods that cannot be separately identified.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis and Bureau of the Census

# Pollution Abatement and Control Expenditures, 1993 

By Gary L. Rutledge and Christine R. Vogan

$R$eal spending for pollution abatement and control (PAC) increased 4.2 percent in 1993, compared with a 4.7 -percent increase in 1992. Prices of pac goods and services, as measured by the pac fixed-weighted price index, increased 2.3 percent after a 1.6 -percent increase. PAC expenditures consist of spending for goods and services that U.S. residents use to produce cleaner air and water and to manage solid waste.
In addition to the estimates for 1993, this article presents revised estimates of PaC expenditures for 1988-92. The revisions, which incorporate updated source data, are small and do not substantially alter the general picture of PAC spending throughout the economy.
The following are highlights of the PAC estimates for 1993:

- Real pollution abatement (PA) spending, which makes up over nine-tenths of paC, continued to increase at a moderate rate: It increased 4.6 percent after increasing 5.0 percent in 1992.
- The other two pac components continued to decrease as a share of total pac. Real spending for regulation and monitoring increased 2.3 percent, in contrast to a 2.2 -percent decrease in 1992. Real spending for research and development fell 12.7 percent after decreasing 2.6 percent.
- Real Pa spending continued to increase across all sectors of the economy; substantial increases were in business capital spending ( 5.8 percent) and State and local government purchases (12.0 percent).
- Real spending for air PAC and for solid waste disposal increased 7.2 percent and 7.0 percent, respectively, while water PAC decreased 1.1 percent. Each of these types had increased in 1992.
- Real pac spending as a percent of gross domestic product (GDP) inched up to 1.8 percent from 1.7 percent in 1987 . Business PAC capital spending as a percent of the fixed in-
vestment component of GDP was 2.5 percent, compared with 2.0 percent in 1987.

The first section of this article examines real pac spending and pac prices in 1993. The second section discusses patterns in PAC spending during 1987-93. The last section briefly describes the sources of the estimates.

## Recent estimates

Real pac spending in 1993.-Real pac spending increased $\$ 3.7$ billion, or 4.2 percent, to $\$ 91.8$ billion in 1993 (table 1). It had increased 4.7 percent in 1992.

Within PA, spending increased for all sectors in 1993 (chart 1). The business sector-which accounts for about two-thirds of PA spendingincreased $\$ 2.3$ billion, or 4.0 percent. Business spending on capital account increased $\$ 1.1$ billion, or 5.8 percent, compared with an 11.3-percent increase for total fixed investment in GDP. The 1993 increase primarily reflected growth in purchases of motor vehicle emission abatement devices, all for air PA, and in purchases of new plant and

## Key Terms


#### Abstract

In this article, PAC expenditures are presented by sector (personal consumption, business, and government), by type (air, water, solid waste, and other), and by function (pollution abatement, regulation and monitoring, and research and development). Over nine-tenths of all PaC spending is for pollution abatement ( PA ); the rest is for regulation and monitoring and for research and development. PA, which is the principal function, directly reduces pollutant emissions by preventing the generation of pollutants, by recycling the pollutants, by treating the pollutants prior to discharge, or by restoration (for example, site clean-up). Regulation and monitoring is a government activity that stimulates and guides action to reduce pollutant emissions. Research and development by business and government not only supports abatement, but also helps to increase the efficiency of regulation and monitoring.


equipment by electric utilities, primarily for air pA. Business spending on current account-that is, for the operation of PA capital-increased $\$ 1.2$ billion, or 3.1 percent. ${ }^{1}$ The increase was mainly in spending to operate water PA plant and equipment by nonmanufacturing establishments excluding electric utilities and in spending by residential customers for solid waste disposal. A decrease in costs recovered, which is a negative component of current-account spending, also contributed to the current-account spending increase; costs recovered is the value of reclaimed materials and energy from pollution abatement.

[^9]Table 1.-Constant-Dollar Spending for Pollution Abatement and Control in 1993: Summary by Type, by Function, and by Sector

|  | Millions of 1987 dollars |  |  | Percent change from preceding year ${ }^{p}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $1992{ }^{r}$ | 1993p | Change from preceding yearp |  |
| Pollution abatement and control ..... | 88,083 | 91,826 | 3,743 | 4.2 |
| Air | 26,078 | 27,964 | 1,887 | 7.2 |
| Water | 33,880 | 33,503 | -378 | -1.1 |
| Solid waste | 29,001 | 31,025 | 2,024 | 7.0 |
| Other and unallocated ${ }^{1}$.................... | -876 | -667 | 209 |  |
| Pollution abatement and control $\qquad$ | 88,083 | 91,826 | 3,743 | 4.2 |
| Pollution abatement .......................... | 84,817 | 88,731 | 3,915 | 4.6 |
| Personal consumption | 7,037 | 7,356 | 318 | 4.5 |
| Motor vehicle emission abatement device purchases $\qquad$ | 7,037 | 7,356 | 18 | 4.5 |
| Business. | 57,028 | 59,299 | 2,270 |  |
| On capital account .......... | 19,175 | 20,281 | 1,106 | 5.8 |
| Motor vehicle emission abatement dovices |  |  |  |  |
| a abatement devices .............. | 5,250 | 5,778 | 528 | 10.1 3 |
| Plant and equipment ................. | 12,478 | 12,909 | 432 | 3.5 |
|  | 5,837 | 6,798 | 961 | 16.5 |
| Water ................................ | 4,041 | 3,426 | -615 | -15.2 |
| Solid waste ......................... | 2,600 1 | 2,685 | ${ }_{146}^{85}$ | 3.3 |
| Other ......................................... | 1,447 | 1,593 | 146 | 10.1 |
| systems ............. | 1.444 | 1,590 | 147 | 10.1 |
| On current account ................... | 37,854 | 39,018 | 1,165 | 3.1 |
| Motor vehicle emission |  | 0 | , |  |
| Plant and equipment .................... | 23,757 | 24,141 | 384 | 1.6 |
| Air ............................. | 6,121 | 6,052 | -68 | $-1.1$ |
| Water ....................... | 5,814 | 6,133 | 319 | 5.5 |
| Solid waste ....................... | 11,822 | 11,955 | 133 | 1.1 |
| Pubic sewer systems ${ }^{2}$................. | 11,076 | 11,088 | 12 | . 1 |
| Costs recovered ....................... | -1,578 | $-1,256$ | 322 |  |
| Other .................. | 4,599 | 5,045 | 446 | 9.7 |
| Of which: Residential systems | 4,392 | 4,887 | 496 | 11.3 |
| Government | 20,751 | 22,077 | 1,326 |  |
| State and local purchases ... | 10,437 | 11,691 | 1,254 | 12.0 |
| Public sewer system fixed capital ${ }^{3}$ | 9,123 | 9,111 | -12 |  |
| Other ..................................... | 1,192 | 1,275 | 84 | 7.0 |
| Regulation and monitoring ................... | 1,619 | 1,656 | 38 | 2.3 |
| Research and development .................. | 1,648 | 1,438 | -210 | -12.7 |

## ${ }_{r} \quad$ Preliminary.

1. See fooinote 2 to table 7
2. Spending to operate public sewer systems is classified in the national income and product accounts as business spending.
3. Consists of government enterprise purchases of fixed capital (primarily for the construction
of public sewer systems), which is classified in the national income and product accounts as government spending.

NOTE.-The entries in this table are key components from tables 7 and 8 ; the "other" entries

Government PA expenditures increased $\$ 1.3$ billion, or 6.4 percent. The increase mainly reflects an increase in State and local government spending for solid waste disposal.
Personal consumption expenditures, which consists of the purchase and operation of motor vehicle emission abatement devices, increased $\$ 0.3$ billion, or 4.5 percent, in 1993. The entire increase was for purchases of devices (for example, catalytic converters), which increased along with unit sales of vehicles. ${ }^{2}$
By type, real spending increased in 1993 for air PAC and solid waste disposal, but decreased for water PAC (chart 1 and table 2, with detail in tables 7 and 8). Air PAC increased 7.2 percent

[^10]

Table 2.--Percent Change in Spending and Prices for Pollution Abatement and Control by Type, 1987-93

after increasing 6.4 percent in 1992; the 1993 increase was attributable to business and consumer spending for motor vehicle emission abatement devices and to business spending for pa plant and equipment. Real spending for solid waste disposal increased 7.0 percent after increasing 6.7 percent; the 1993 increase was mainly attributable to growth in State and local government spending. ${ }^{3}$ Real spending for water pac decreased 1.1 percent after increasing 2.4 percent; the decrease was due mainly to a decline in purchases of plant and equipment by business, both in manufacturing establishments and in nonmanufacturing establishments except for electric utilities.

PaC prices in 1993.-The fixed-weighted price index for total pac spending increased 2.3 percent in 1993, following a 1.6 -percent increase in 1992 (table 2). Price increases accelerated for air and water PAC goods and services, but decelerated for solid waste disposal.

## paC spending in 1987-93

This section discusses selected patterns in pac spending during 1987-93, with emphasis on real PAC spending and on changes in its composition. The estimates of real spending are presented by sector in tables 3 and 4 and by type in tables 5 and 6. The sectors are defined in accordance with national economic accounting conventions.

[^11]The types are defined in accordance with Federal environmental legislation. ${ }^{4}$
During 1987-93, PAC spending grew along with general economic activity, as reflected in GDP. Before adjustment for price change, pac spending and GDP grew at comparable average annual rates, 5.8 percent and 5.7 percent, respectively; however, after adjustment for price change, PAC spending grew faster than GDP- 2.8 percent, compared with 2.1 percent. As a result of this faster pac growth, real PAC spending as a percent of GDP inched up from 1.7 percent in 1987 to 1.8 percent in 1993.

Spending by sector.-Business spending as a share of total PAC spending increased from 60.0 percent in 1987 to 65.7 percent in 1993 (table 4). Within business spending, the share spent on capital account has generally increased, while that on current account has generally decreased, reflecting the higher average annual rate of growth of capital spending during 1987-93-5.9 percent, compared with 3.7 percent for spending to operate this capital (table 3). This 5.9 -percent average annual increase in business capital spending for pac is about three times the rate for the fixedinvestment component of GDP; as a result, the PAC share of business fixed investment rose from 2.0 percent in 1987 to 2.5 percent in 1993.

Government spending as a share of total PAC spending increased from 25.8 percent in 1987 to 26.3 percent in 1993. The government share was boosted by State and local government spending, which grew at an average annual rate of 11.0 percent during 1987-93, mostly for solid waste disposal. The share of government spending accounted for by public sewer system fixed capital decreased (from 50.1 percent to 37.7 percent), reflecting a decline in public sewer construction spending. Government PAC spending increased at a 3.2-percent average annual rate during 1987-93, three times faster than the government-purchases component of GDP; as a result, the PAC share of government purchases rose from 2.3 percent in 1987 to 2.6 percent in 1993.

While the government and business shares of PAC spending have generally risen since 1987 , the share accounted for by personal consumption has declined. The decline mainly reflects a dropoff in the cost of operating motor vehicle emission abatement devices, which started falling in 1987

[^12]and reached zero by 1991; this cost mainly reflects the price difference between unleaded and leaded gasoline. Since 1991, all spending by persons for pac has been for the purchase of motor vehicle emission abatement devices. Such purchases have been relatively volatile, with increases in 1988 and 1992-93 and decreases in the intervening years, primarily reflecting changes in vehicle sales. However, the overall average annual change for emission abatement device purchases was negative ( -2.9 percent) during 1987-93. Spending by persons for PAC declined at a 6.6 -percent average annual rate, in contrast to a 2.1 -percent average annual increase in personal consumption spending within GDP; such PAC spending continued to account for less than one-half percent of total personal consumption expenditures.

Spending by type.-The share of total pac spending accounted for by air pac declined from 37.2 percent in 1987 to 30.5 percent in 1993 (table 6). The share of total pac spending accounted for by water PAC fluctuated from 1987 through 1993: From 39.0 percent in 1987, it peaked at 39.6 percent in 1990 and settled at a relatively low 36.5 percent in 1993. The share accounted for by spending for solid waste disposal increased steadily from 24.6 percent in 1987 to 33.8 percent in 1993.
Within air PA, the share of spending accounted for by stationary sources generally rose in relation to that for mobile sources. Stationary source spending was boosted by industrial purchases of new plant and equipment, which increased at
an average annual rate of 11.8 percent (table 5). Despite increases in 1992 and 1993, spending for mobile sources-both in the purchase and operation of emission abatement devices-was lower in 1993 than it had been in 1987.

Within water PA, point sources continued to dominate spending, accounting for about 95 percent of the total. Spending by both point and nonpoint sources has tended to fluctuate during 1987-93; however, spending for point sources has risen, on average, outweighing the decline in nonpoint spending and resulting in a $1.7-$ percent average annual increase for total water PA spending.

Table 4.-Composition of Constant-Dollar Pollution Abatement and Control Spending by Sector, 1987-93


Table 3.-Constant-Doliar Spending for Pollution Abatement and Control by Sector, 1987-93

|  | Millions of 1987 dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  | Percent change from preceding year |  |  |  |  |  | 1987-93 <br> average annual growth rate |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1987 | 1988r | 1989 r | 1990 r | $1991{ }^{\text {r }}$ | $1992{ }^{\text {r }}$ | 1993 P | $1988{ }^{\text {r }}$ | 1989 r | $1990{ }^{\text {r }}$ | $1991{ }^{r}$ | $1992{ }^{\text {r }}$ | 1993 ${ }^{\text {P }}$ |  |
| Pollution abatement and control .................................... | 77,649 | 80,698 | 81,802 | 84,648 | 84,152 | 88,083 | 91,826 | 3.9 | 1.4 | 3.5 | -0.6 | 4.7 | 4.2 | 2.8 |
| Personal consumption ................................................ | 11,075 | 12,069 | 10,445 | 8,659 | 6,783 | 7,037 | 7,356 | 9.0 | -13.5 | -17.1 | -21.7 | 3.7 | 4.5 | -6.6 |
| Motor vehicle emission abatement devices .................. | 8,799 | 10,041 | 9,474 | 8,462 | 6,783 | 7,037 | 7,356 | 14.1 | $-5.6$ | -10.7 | -19.8 | 3.7 | 4.5 | -2.9 |
| Operation of these devices ...................................... | 2,276 | 2,028 | 971 | 197 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -10.9 | -52.1 | -79.8 | -100.0 |  |  |  |
| Business | 46,552 | 48,254 | 50,036 | 53,465 | 54,666 | 57,982 | 60,286 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 6.9 | 2.2 | 6.1 | 4.0 | 4.4 |
| On capital account ................................................. | 14,354 | 14,585 | 14,584 | 16,631 | 17,769 | 19,175 | 20,281 | 1.6 | 0 | 14.0 | 6.8 | 7.9 | 5.8 | 5.9 |
| Motor vehicle emission abatement devices ............... | 4,926 | 5,792 | 5,230 | 5,278 | 5,292 | 5,250 | 5,778 | 17.6 | -9.7 | . 9 | . 3 | -. 8 | 10.1 | 2.7 |
| Plant and equipment ............................................ | 7,312 | 7,028 | 7,636 | 9,718 | 11,151 | 12,478 | 12,909 | -3.9 | 8.6 | 27.3 | 14.8 | 11.9 | 3.5 | 9.9 |
| Other ............................................................... | 2,116 | 1,765 | 1,718 | 1,636 | 1,325 | 1,447 | 1,593 | -16.6 | -2.7 | -4.8 | -19.0 | 9.2 | 10.1 | -4.6 |
| On current account ................................................ | 32,198 | 33,669 | 35,452 | 36,834 | 36,898 | 38,807 | 40,005 | 4.6 | 5.3 | 3.9 | . 2 | 5.2 | 3.1 | 3.7 |
| Motor vehicle emission abatement devices ............... | 1,613 | 1,437 | 737 | 218 |  |  |  | -10.9 | -48.7 | -70.5 | -100.0 |  |  |  |
| Plant and equipment ............................................ | 19,861 | 21,185 | 22,519 | 23,779 | 22,830 | 23,757 | 24,141 | 6.7 | 6.3 | 5.6 | -4.0 | 4.1 | 1.6 | 3.3 |
| Public sewer systems ${ }^{1}$ $\qquad$ Other ${ }^{2}$ | 7,792 2,932 | 8,269 2,778 | 8,803 3,393 | 9,430 3,407 | 10,171 3,897 | 11,076 3,974 | 11,088 4,776 | 6.1 -5.2 | 6.5 22.1 | 7.1 .4 | 7.9 14.4 | 8.9 2.0 | 20.2 | 6.1 8.5 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Government ............................................................. | 20,022 | 20,375 | 21,321 | 22,524 | 22,703 | 23,063 | 24,184 | 1.8 | 4.6 | 5.6 | . 8 | 1.6 | 4.9 | 3.2 |
| State and local purchases ....................................... | 6,266 | 6,953 | 7,982 | 8,864 | 9,661 | 10,437 | 11,691 | 11.0 | 14.8 | 11.0 | 9.0 | 8.0 | 12.0 | 11.0 |
| Public sewer system fixed capital ${ }^{3}$............................ | 10,035 | 9,629 | 9,412 | 9,822 | 9,253 | 9,123 | 9,111 | -4.0 | -2.3 | 4.4 | -5.8 | -1.4 | -. 1 | -1.6 |
| Other ${ }^{4}$................................................................. | 3,720 | 3,793 | 3,927 | 3,839 | 3,788 | 3,504 | 3,383 | 2.0 | 3.5 | -2.2 | -1.3 | -7.5 | -3.5 | -1.6 |

[^13][^14]Within solid waste PA, both the industrial and "other" categories increased strongly-at average annual rates of 6.5 percent and 10.7 percent, respectively. The share of industrial spending fell in relation to the "other" share (mainly State and local government spending for solid waste disposal)-from 53.6 percent in 1987 to 47.9 percent in 1993.

## Sources of the estimates

The estimates of PAC components that are derived from direct sources account for about two-thirds of total pac spending. The most important of these direct data sources are the following surveys conducted by the Bureau of the Census: The Pollution Abatement Costs and Expenditures Survey (for capital and operating spending by manufac-

Table 6.-Composition of Constant-Dollar Pollution Abatement and Control Spending by Type, 1987-93

|  | 1987 | 1988 r | 1989 r | $1990{ }^{\text {r }}$ | $1991{ }^{r}$ | $1992{ }^{r}$ | 1993 ${ }^{\text {P }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Air <br> Water <br> Solid waste | Percent of total PAC spending |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 37.2 | 37.5 | 33.5 | 30.5 | 29.1 | 29.6 | 30.5 |
|  | 39.0 | 37.3 | 37.9 | 39.6 | 39.3 | 38.5 | 36.5 |
|  | 24.6 | 26.3 | 29.5 | 31.0 | 32.3 | 32.9 | 33.8 |
|  | Percent of spending within each PA type |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Air: Mobile sources ... Stationary sources ........... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 64.2 | 67.2 | 63.6 | 57.8 | 52.4 | 49.8 | 49.4 |
|  | 35.8 | 32.8 | 36.4 | 42.2 | 47.6 | 50.2 | 50.6 |
| Water: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Point sources ...... | 93.8 | 94.8 | $95: 0$ | 95.4 | 95.7 | 95.5 | 95.6 |
| Nonpoint sources | 6.2 | 5.2 | 5.0 | 4.6 | 4.3 | 4.5 | 4.4 |
| Solid waste: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industrial ............ | 53.6 | 53.6 | 53.2 | 52.0 | 50.6 | 50.5 | 47.9 |
| Other ................. | 46.4 | 46.4 | 46.8 | 48.0 | 49.4 | 49.5 | 52.1 |
| P Preliminary. <br> $r$ Revised. <br> PAC Pollution abatement and control <br> PA Pollution abatement |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 5.-Constant-Doilar Spending for Pollution Abatement and Control by Type, 1987-93

|  | Millions of 1987 dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  | Percent change from preceding year |  |  |  |  |  | 1987-93 <br> average annual growth rate |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1987 | 1988 ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | 1989 r | 1990* | $1991{ }^{\circ}$ | 1992 r | 1993P | $1988{ }^{\text {r }}$ | 1989 r | $1990{ }^{\text {r }}$ | $1991{ }^{\text {r }}$ | 1992* | $1993{ }^{\text {p }}$ |  |
| Pollution abatement and control | 77,649 | 80,698 | 81,802 | 84,648 | 84,152 | 8,083 | 91,826 | 3.9 | 1.4 | 3.5 | -0.6 | 4.7 | 4.2 | 2.8 |
| Pollution abatement | 74,349 | 77,263 | 78,266 | 81,453 | 80,806 | 84,817 | 88,731 | 3.9 | 1.3 | 4.1 | -. 8 | 5.0 | 4.6 | 3.0 |
| Air ${ }^{1}$ | 27,421 | 28,732 | 25,817 | 24,493 | 23,031 | 24,649 | 26,560 | 4.8 | -10.1 | -5.1 | -6.0 | 7.0 | 7.8 | -. 5 |
| Mobile sources ${ }^{2}$ | 17,614 | 19,297 | 16,412 | 14,154 | 12,076 | 12,288 | 13,134 | 9.6 | -15.0 | -13.8 | -14.7 | 1.8 | 6.9 | -4.8 |
| Emission abatement devices | 13,725 | 15,833 | 14,704 | 13,740 | 12,076 | 12,288 | 13,134 | 15.4 | -7.1 | -6.6 | -12.1 | 1.8 | 6.9 | -. 7 |
| Operation of these devices.. | 3,889 | 3,465 | 1,709 | 414 | 0 | , |  | -10.9 | -50.7 | -75.8 | -100.0 |  |  |  |
| Stationary sources ................... | 9,807 | 9,435 | 9,405 | 10,339 | 10,955 | 12,362 | 13,426 | -3.8 | -. 3 | 9.9 | 6.0 | 12.8 | 8.6 | 5.4 |
| Facilities ............ | 3,728 | 3,104 | 3,218 | 3,898 | 5,047 | 5,975 | 7,153 | -16.7 | 3.6 | 21.1 | 29.5 | 18.4 | 19.7 | 11.5 |
| Industrial ${ }^{3}$ | 3,482 | 2,989 | 3,008 | 3,717 | 4,885 | 5,837 | 6,798 | -14.2 | . 6 | 23.6 | 31.4 | 19.5 | 16.5 | 11.8 |
| Other ${ }^{4}$. | 246 | 115 | 210 | 180 | 162 | 138 | 354 | -53.2 | 82.5 | -14.2 | -10.0 | -14.7 | 156.4 | 6.3 |
| Operation of facilities | 6,079 | 6,331 | 6,187 | 6,442 | 5,908 | 6,387 | 6,274 | 4.1 | -2.3 | 4.1 | -8.3 | 8.1 | -1.8 | . 5 |
| Industrial ............... | 5,843 | 6,096 | 5,963 | 6,225 | 5,689 | 6,121 | 6,052 | 4.3 | -2.2 | 4.4 | -8.6 | 7.6 | -1.1 | . 6 |
| Other ${ }^{5}$.... | 236 | 234 | 224 | 217 | 220 | 266 | 221 | -. 6 | -4.2 | -3.4 | 1.4 | 21.0 | -16.9 | -1.1 |
| Water | 29,420 | 29,221 | 30,127 | 32,641 | 32,225 | 32,954 | 32,612 | -. 7 | 3.1 | 8.3 | -1.3 | 2.3 | -1.0 | 1.7 |
| Point sources ${ }^{6}$ | 27,608 | 27,704 | 28,608 | 31,147 | 30,846 | 31,478 | 31,168 | . 3 | 3.3 | 8.9 | -1.0 | 2.1 | -1.0 | 2.0 |
| Facilities | 13,835 | 13,208 | 13,470 | 14,914 | 14,286 | 14,007 | 13,450 | -4.5 | 2.0 | 10.7 | -4.2 | -2.0 | -4.0 | $-.5$ |
| Industria! ${ }^{3}$. | 2,566 | 2,483 | 2,976 | 4,060 | 4,191 | 4,041 | 3,426 | -3.2 | 19.9 | 36.4 | 3.2 | -3.6 | -15.2 | 4.9 |
| Public sewer systems | 10,035 | 9,629 | 9,412 | 9,822 | 9,253 | 9,123 | 9;111 | -4.0 | -2.3 | 4.4 | -5.8 | -1.4 | -. 1 | -1.6 |
| Other ${ }^{7}$...... | 1,233 | 1,096 | 1,082 | 1,031 | 841 | 843 | 913 | -11.2 | -1.2 | -4.7 | -18.4 | . 2 | 8.3 | -4.9 |
| Operation of facilities | 13,773 | 14,496 | 15,138 | 16,234 | 16,560 | 17,471 | 17,718 | 5.2 | 4.4 | 7.2 | 2.0 | 5.5 | 1.4 | 4.3 |
| Industrial .... | 5,257 | 5,538 | 5,649 | 6,135 | 5,719 | 5,814 | 6,133 | 5.3 | 2.0 | 8.6 | -6.8 | 1.7 | 5.5 | 2.6 |
| Public sewer systems | 7,792 | 8,269 | 8,803 | 9,430 | 10,171 | 11,076 | 11,088 | 6.1 | 6.5 | 7.1 | 7.9 | 8.9 | . 1 | 6.1 |
| Other ${ }^{5}$...................................................... | 724 | 690 | 686 | 668 | 670 | 581 | 496 | -4.8 | -. 5 | -2.6 | . 2 | -13.3 | -14.6 | -6.1 |
| Nonpoint sources ............................................... | 1,811 | 1,517 | 1,518 | 1,494 | 1,379 | 1,476 | 1,445 | -16.3 | 1 | -1.6 | -7.7 | 7.0 | -2.1 | -3.7 |
| Solid waste | 18,698 | 20,726 | 23,619 | 25,713 | 26,674 | 28,538 | 30,594 | 10.8 | 14.0 | 8.9 | 3.7 | 7.0 | 7.2 | 8.6 |
| Industrial | 10,024 | 11,107 | 12,559 | 13,359 | 13,497 | 14,422 | 14,640 | 10.8 | 13.1 | 6.4 | 1.0 | 6.9 | 1.5 | 6.5 |
| Other ${ }^{8}$ | 8,675 | 9,619 | 11,059 | 12,354 | 13,177 | 14,116 | 15,953 | 10.9 | 15.0 | 11.7 | 6.7 | 7.1 | 13.0 | 10.7 |
| Other ${ }^{9}$ | -1,190 | -1,416 | -1,297 | -1,395 | -1,123 | -1,325 | -1,035 | 19.0 | -8.4 | 7.6 | -19.5 | 18.0 | -21.9 | -2.3 |
| Regulation and monitoring ............................................ | 1,519 | 1,643 | 1,657 | 1,636 | 1,654 | 1,619 | 1,656 | 8.1 | . 9 | -1.3 | 1.1 | -2.2 | 2.3 | 1.5 |
| Air ....................................................................... | 410 | 430 | 452 | 446 | 488 | 467 | 487 | 4.9 | 5.1 | -1.2 | 9.4 | -4.3 | 4.2 | 2.9 |
| Water | 583 | 617 | 616 | 597 | 608 | 660 | 690 | 5.7 | -. 2 | -3.0 | 1.9 | 8.5 | 4.5 | 2.8 |
| Solid waste | 300 | 371 | 369 | 372 | 363 | 339 | 348 | 23.7 | -. 6 | . 9 | -2.5 | -6.6 | 2.5 | 2.5 |
| Other ${ }^{9}$... | 226 | 225 | 220 | 220 | 195 | 152 | 132 | -. 4 | -2.1 | -. 3 | -11.5 | -22.0 | -12.9 | -8.6 |
| Research and development | 1,781 | 1,792 | 1,879 | 1,560 | 1,692 | 1,648 | 1,438 | . 6 | 4.8 | -17.0 | 8.5 | -2.6 | -12.7 | -3.5 |
| Air | 1,089 | 1,103 | 1,114 | 866 | 992 | 961 | 918 | 1.3 | 1.0 | -22.3 | 14.6 | -3.2 | -4.5 | -2.8 |
| Water | 253 | 241 | 262 | 249 | 263 | 266 | 201 | -4.5 | 8.7 | -5.1 | 5.5 | 1.1 | -24.5 | -3.8 |
| Solid waste | 113 | 119 | 153 | 150 | 135 | 124 | 84 | 4.9 | 28.9 | -1.9 | -10.1 | -8.2 | -32.3 | -4.9 |
| Other ${ }^{9}$ | 326 | 329 | 350 | 295 | 302 | 298 | 236 | 1.1 | 6.2 | -15.7 | 2.5 | -1.5 | -20.6 | -5.2 |
| $P$ Preliminary. <br> $r$ Revised. <br> 1. The Clean Air Act classifies sources of pollutants as either mobile, such as passenger cars, or stationary, such as factories. <br> 2. Cars and trucks only. <br> 3. Consists of new plant and equipment for pollution abatement from the Pollution Abatement Costs and Expenditures Survey and the Structures and Equipment Survey-Supplement for Polution Abatement by the Bureau of the Census and of indirect estimation by BEA for selected nonmanufacturing industries. <br> 4. Consists of spending for fixed capital of government enterprises, such as the Tennessee Valley Authority. <br> 5. Consists of spending to operate abatement facilities by government enterprises and spending to accquire and <br> operate government facilities other than those covered in footnote 4; data on the acquisition costs of these facilities are inseparable from the data on operating costs. <br> 6. The Federal Water Polution Control Act defines point sources as faclities that discharge to a body of water through a pipe or ditch. <br> 7. Consists of spending for private connectors to pubic sewer systems, capital spending by owners of feedlots, and spending for fixed capital of government enterprises. <br> 8. Consists of Federal, State, and local government spending for the collection and disposal of solid waste and of household payments to business for the collection and disposal of solid waste. <br> 9. Consists of "other and allocated" spending-for example, for abatement of multimedia pollution (see footnote 2, table 7). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

turing establishments), the Pollution Abatement Plant and Equipment Expenditures Survey (for electric utilities capital spending and, to a lesser extent, mining and petroleum enterprises), surveys of government finances (for government spending to operate public sewer systems and for solid waste disposal), and a survey of new construction put in place (for government spending to construct sewer systems). Other relevant surveys are conducted by the Bureau of Economic Analysis (for pac by Federal agencies) and by the Energy Information Administration of the U.S. Department of Energy (for a key component of electric utility operating costs for PA ).
The estimates of the remaining one-third of pac spending are based on sources that provide more general information used in indirect methods of estimation. The most significant of these estimates are for nonmanufacturing and residential customers' spending for solid waste disposal, spending for motor vehicle emission abatement devices and their operation, and nonmanufacturing operation and maintenance spending for PA (excluding electric utilities). For more information about these indirect methods, see the

Preparation of the estimates was a divisionwide effort, supervised by Gary L. Rutledge, Chief of the Environmental Economics Division. Christine R. Vogan coordinated preparation of the article and analysis of the estimates. Christian Thieme provided computer programming support and, along with Mary L. Roy, coordinated the compilation of the estimates. Shirley D. Tisdale provided statistical services.
discussion of "other sources" at the end of the pac expenditures article in the May 1994 Survey of Current Business.

To convert current-dollar estimates to constant (1987) dollars, selected Bureau of Labor Statistics (bls) price data, together with cost and price indexes mainly derived from bls price data, are used. The basic approach is deflation with fixed-weighted indexes, which are constructed to correspond as closely as possible to a particular element of pac. After each element is converted to constant dollars, estimates are summed to obtain the PAC published totals.

Tables 7 and 8 follow.

Table 7.-Expenditures for Pollution Abatement and Control by Sector and by Type, in Current and Constant Dollars, and Selected Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes, 1987-93


[^15]Table 7.-Expenditures for Pollution Abatement and Control by Sector and by Type, in Current and Constant Doilars, and Selected Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes, 1987-93-Continued


[^16]Table 7.-Expenditures for Pollution Abatement and Control by Sector and by Type, in Current and Constant Dollars, and Selected Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes, 1987-93-Continued


[^17]Table 8.-Business and Government Expenditures for Air and Water Pollution Abatement In Current and Constant Dollars, 1987-93


## Preliminary.

$r$ Revised.

1. Consists of manufacturing companies and of privately and cooperatively owned electric utilities and other nonmanufacturing companies.
2. Consists of private septic systems and sewer connections linking household plumbing to street sewers.
3. Feediot operations only; see footnote 1 to table 7.
4. Public sewer systems consist of treatment plants, coliection sewers, interceptor sewers, pumping stations, and dry-waste disposal plants. Spending to operate public sewer systems is classilied in the national income and product accounts as business spending. Government enterprise purchases of fixed capital (primarily for construction of public sewer systems) is classsfied in the national income and product accounts as government spending.
NOTE.-Line numbers refer to those in table 7.
PA Pollution abatement

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# Gross State Product, 1991-92 

By Richard M. Beemiller

This article presents new current- and constant-dollar estimates of gross state product (Gsp) for 1992 and revised estimates for 1991 (see tables 1 and 2 , which follow the text). ${ }^{1}$ These estimates update and extend those published in the August 1994 Survey of Current Business. ${ }^{2}$

[^18]The new and revised gsp estimates are consistent with the estimates of gross product by industry for the Nation for 1991-92 that were published in the October 1994 Surver. ${ }^{3}$ The revisions to the 1991 GSP estimates largely resulted from the incorporation of the national estimates; they also reflect the incorporation of improved estimates of proprietors' income (see appendix A). ${ }^{4}$

[^19]
## CHART 1

## Gross State Product: Percent Change, 1991-92



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GSP is the market value of the goods and services produced by the labor and property located in a State. Gsp for a State is measured as the sum of gross state product originating (Gspo) in all industries in the State. As such, it is the State counterpart of the Nation's gross domestic product (GDP) measured as the sum of gross product originating (GPO) in all industries. ${ }^{5}$ An industry's gspo, referred to as its "value added," is equivalent to its gross output (sales or receipts and other operating income, plus inventory change) minus its intermediate inputs (consumption of goods and services purchased from other industries or imported).
bea prepares gspo estimates for 61 industries. For each industry, gspo is composed of four components: Compensation of employees, proprietors' income, capital charges, and indirect business taxes. Appendix B shows how these components correspond to the components of State earnings and of GDP. ${ }^{6}$

The remainder of this article summarizes the growth rates in real Gsp for selected States in 1991-92 and the share of total GSP accounted for by selected States in 1992.

[^20]
## GSP growth rates

The growth rate of real gsp for the United States can be compared with the growth rate of real GSP for a State to gauge the relative economic performance of the State. In 1992, real GSp for the United States increased 2.5 percent (table A). GSPO in goods-producing industries (agriculture, mining, construction, and manufacturing) increased 2.2 percent, GSPO in private service-type industries (trade, the finance, insurance, and real estate group, the transportation and public utilities group, and services) increased 2.9 percent, and gspo in government increased 0.4 percent.

In the following discussion, an increase in an industry's gspo in a State is "above average" ("below average") if it is more than (less than) the increase in total GSP in the State.

Fastest growing States.-In 10 States, increases in real GSP were more than 2.0 percentage points above the U.S. average of 2.5 percent (chart 1 ). In most of these States, gspo had above-average increases in agriculture, in construction, in durable goods manufacturing, and in both wholesale and retail trade. Within durable goods manufacturing, increases were above average in industrial machinery in most of the 10 States; in fabricated metal products in Kentucky, Tennessee, and North Carolina; in motor vehicles and equipment in the preceding three States and in Wisconsin;

Table A.-Percent Change in Gross State Product for Selected States and the United States, 1991-92
[Based on estimates in 1987 dollars]

| Rank |  | Total gross state product | Goods-producing industries |  |  |  |  |  | Private service-type industries |  |  |  |  |  | Government |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total | Agricul- ture | Durable goods manut facturing | Nondurable goods manu-facturing | Con-struction | Mining | Total | Trans-portation and public utilities | Wholesale trade | Retail trade | Finance, insurance, and real estate | Services |  |
|  | Fastest growing States: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | North Dakota ............. | 6.7 | 17.9 | 48.4 | 12.2 | 1.8 | 11.0 | -9.4 | 3.1 | 2.9 | 6.4 | 3.7 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 0.1 |
| 2. | Idaho ...................... | 6.3 | 6.8 | 7.1 | 8.3 | 1.1 | 15.7 | -10.0 | 6.6 | 4.3 | 7.8 | 8.1 | 8.2 | 4.6 | 4.0 |
| 3 | Nevada .................... | 5.7 | 5.6 | -8.1 | 10.7 | 4.6 | 6.7 | 5.0 | 5.8 | 6.1 | 9.0 | 5.5 | 6.6 | 5.1 | 4.6 |
| 4 | Arkansas ................. | 5.7 | 7.2 | 27.5 | 4.6 | 2.5 | 10.9 | -9.3 | 5.4 | 2.6 | 6.8 | 8.6 | 4.8 | 5.3 | 2.2 |
| 5 | South Dakota ............. | 5.2 | 9.4 | 7.2 | 15.7 | . 8 | 13.1 | 11.9 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 8.0 | 7.5 | 1.5 | 4.1 | . 3 |
| 6 | Kentucky ................... | 5.0 | 7.5 | 16.6 | 8.3 | 2.5 | 14.0 | 6.2 | 3.7 | 1.3 | 6.8 | 5.2 | 2.9 | 4.0 | 3.3 |
| 7 | Tennessee ................. | 4.9 | 7.9 | 18.9 | 9.5 | 4.7 | 9.6 | -4.2 | 5.5 | 6.7 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 4.4 | 4.8 | -5.5 |
| 8 | North Carolina ............ | 4.7 | 5.1 | 6.0 | 7.4 | 3.8 | 6.4 | -33.4 | 4.3 | 3.0 | 5.3 | 5.0 | 3.3 | 5.0 | 5.7 |
| 9 | Utah ....................... | 4.7 | 5.2 | 18.9 | 2.6 | 2.0 | 11.0 | 5.3 | 5.5 | 4.9 | 2.5 | 8.6 | 4.4 | 6.3 | . 3 |
| 10 | Wisconsin ................. | 4.6 | 5.5 | 6.9 | 6.5 | 1.7 | 10.8 | 11.8 | 4.0 | 4.2 | 7.4 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.3 | 4.1 |
|  | United States .............. | 2.5 | 2.2 | 12.1 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 3.4 | -3.6 | 2.9 | 3.2 | 5.1 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.1 | . 4 |
|  | Slowest growing States: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 41 | Oklahoma ................. | 1.5 | 1.4 | 20.7 | . 1 | 2.4 | 7.5 | -8.9 | 1.5 | -1.2 | 4.4 | 3.0 | . 3 | 2.4 | 1.7 |
| 42 | Massachusetts .......... | 1.5 | . 9 | 2.8 | . 6 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.6 | 2.2 | 3.4 | 4.9 | 1.5 | 1.8 | 1.5 | -2.1 |
| 43 | Maine ...................... | 1.1 | . 3 | 7.2 | -6.4 | 2.6 | 4.6 | -16.7 | 2.1 | 1.3 | 4.5 | 5.0 | 8 | 1.2 | -1.9 |
| 44 | Wyoming .................. | . 8 | 1.5 | 4.8 | 10.5 | -10.4 | 3.6 | 1.6 | . 3 | -2.4 | 5.8 | 4.6 | -1.7 | 3.5 | . 5 |
| 45 | Rhode Island ............. | . 6 | -. 9 | 3.6 | -1.9 | 2.2 | -3.2 | 66.7 | . 8 | 1.3 | 6.5 | 2.9 | -1.6 | . 6 | 2.9 |
| 46 | Maryland ................... | . 6 | -1.8 | 8.0 | -4.0 | -. 9 | -1.8 | -13.9 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 3.5 | 2.0 | 1.6 | 1.3 | -1.9 |
| 47 | Connecticut .............. | . 3 | -2.1 | 9.5 | -3.2 | -1.9 | -. 1 | 11.1 | 1.3 | -1.2 | 2.7 | -3.5 | 3.6 | 1.5 | -. 7 |
| 48 | California ................. | -. 1 | -2.2 | 13.9 | -5.2 | -1.7 | -3.4 | -4.7 | . 8 | 4.1 | 3.8 | . 3 | -. 7 | . 2 | -1.0 |
| 49 | Louisiana .................. | -1.2 | -3.7 | 9.6 | -2.9. | 3.8 | 7.6 | -14.1 | . 1 | -3.4 | 4.0 | 3.0 | -2.0 | 2.0 | 2.1 |
| 50 | Alaska ...................... | -1.4 | -6.4 | -13.0 | -11.5 | 2.8 | 3.0 | -7.4 | 3.1 | 8.8 | 4.5 | 4.8 | -3.7 | 3.2 | 1.8 |

in instruments and related products in Wisconsin and South Dakota; in electronic and other electric equipment in Idaho and Tennessee; and in furniture and fixtures in North Carolina. In addition, in mining, increases in gspo were above average in metal mining in South Dakota and in coal mining in Kentucky.

Slowest growing States.-In seven States, increases in real GSP were at least 1.0 percentage point below the U.S. average of 2.5 percent; in three States-California, Louisiana, and Alaska-real gsp declined. In California, Massachusetts, Maine, Rhode Island, Maryland, and Connecticut, GSPO declined or had below-average increases in durable goods manufacturing, particularly in defense-related industries, such as electronic and other electric equipment and transportation equipment excluding motor vehicles. In addition, in most of these States, gspo declined or had below-average increases in construction, in nondurable goods manufacturing, and in government.

In Oklahoma, Louisiana, and Alaska, gspo declined in mining, particularly in oil and gas extraction. In addition, in these States, gspo declined or had below-average increases in durable goods manufacturing and in the finance, insurance, and real estate group. In Wyoming, gSPO declined in oil and gas extraction, in nondurable goods manufacturing, in the transportation and public utilities group, and in the finance, insurance, and real estate group.

## GSP shares

Current-dollar GSP shares are used to measure the relative size of the various State economies at a given point in time. Chart 2 shows each State's current-dollar GSP as a share of the U.S. total in 1992. The 14 States with the largest GSP accounted for two-thirds of the U.S. total. The District of Columbia and the 20 States with the smallest GSP accounted for only one-tenth of the U.S. total.
Appendixes $A$ and $B$ and tables 1 and 2 follow.



Appendix A.-Revisions to Gross State Product, 1991 [Milifions of dollars]

|  | Previously published | Revised | Revision | Revision as a percent of previously published |  | Previously published | Revised | Revision | Revision as a percent of previously published |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States ................................... | 5,690,865 | 5,700,803 | 9,938 | 0.17 | Southeast ............................................... | 1,208,921 | 1,211,709 | 2,787 | . 23 |
| New England | 331,974 | 331,014 | -959 | -. 29 | Alabama .................................................................................................... | 73,956 40,561 | 74,347 40,748 | 392 | . 53 |
| Connecticut ................................................................ | 96,384 | 96,123 | -260 | -. 27 | Florida ................................................... | 255,129 | 255,162 | 33 | . 01 |
| Maine .. | 23,241 | 23,197 | -44 | -. 19 | Georgia ............................................... | 143,643 | 143,741 | 98 | . 07 |
| Massachusetts | 156,090 | 155,426 | -664 | -. 43 | Kentucky .............................................. | 69,839 | 70,115 | 276 | . 40 |
| New Hampshire .................................... | 24,404 | 24,276 | -129 | -. 53 | Louisiana ............................................ | 95,377 | 95,606 | 229 | . 24 |
| Rhode Island ........................................ | 20,657 | 20,772 | 116 | . 56 | Mississippi ........................................... | 41,481 | 41,704 | 223 | . 54 |
| Vermont .............................................. | 11,198 | 11,219 | 22 | . 19 | North Carolina .......................................................................... South Carolina .......... | $\begin{array}{r}147,520 \\ 66,408 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 147,847 66,658 | 328 250 | . 22 |
| Mideast | 1,114,620 | 1,113,023 | -1,596 | -. 14 |  | 100,804 | 101,335 | 531 | . 53 |
| Delaware .................................................................................... | 1, 21,274 | 1,11,023 | 562 | 2.64 | Virginia ............................................... | 145,189 | 145,320 | 130 | . 09 |
| District of Columbia ................................. | 38,160 | 38,232 | 72 | . 19 | West Virginia .......................................... | 29,014 | 29,124 | 110 | . 38 |
| Maryland ............................................. | 111,874 | 112,058 | 184 | . 16 | Southwest .................................................. | 553,604 | 554,857 | 1,252 | . 23 |
| New Jersey ......................................... | 212,822 | 212,872 | 50 | . 02 | Arizona ............................................................................. | 69,767 | 70,201 | 434 | . 62 |
| New York ............................................ | 475,961 | 473,089 | -2,872 | -. 60 | New Mexico . | 30,250 | 30,346 | 96 | . 32 |
| Pennsylvania ......................................... | 254,528 | 254,936 | 408 | . 16 | Oklahoma ... | 57,914 | 57,983 | 68 | . 12 |
|  |  |  |  |  | Texas .................................................. | 395,673 | 396,327 | 654 | . 17 |
| Great Lakes <br> Illinois $\qquad$ | $\begin{aligned} & 913,777 \\ & 279,283 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 918,191 \\ & 278,870 \end{aligned}$ | 2,413 | - 21. | Rocky Mountain .... | 156,395 | 156,886 | 491 | . 31 |
| Indiana. | 114,211 | 114,713 | 502 | . 44 | Colorado ................................................ | 76,921 | 77,007 | 86 | . 11 |
| Michigan ................................................ | 189,445 | 191,113 | 1,668 | . 88 | Idaho .................................................. | 19,047 | 19,191 | 144 | . 76 |
| Ohio ................................................... | 228,109 | 228,826 | 717 | . 31 | Montana .............................................. | 14,419 | 14,500 | 81 | . 56 |
| Wisconsin ........................................... | 102,729 | 102,669 | -61 | -. 06 | Utah ............................................... | 33,078 12,931 | 33,171 13,017 | 93 86 | . 28 |
| Plains | 379,866 | 380,455 | 590 | . 16 | Wyoming .............................................. | 12,931 |  |  |  |
|  | 56,032 | 56,024 | -8 | -. 01 | Far West .................................................. | 1,031,709 | 1,036,668 | 4,959 | . 48 |
| Kansas ................................................ | 53,281 | 53,338 | 58 | . 11 | Alaska | 26,212 | 25,959 | , 63 | -. 47 |
| Minnesota ........................................... | 103,301 | 103,448 | 146 | . 14 | Camaii ....................................... | 30302 | 767,189 | 3,613 | . 47 |
| Missouri .............................................. | 106,214 | 106,327 | 113 | . 11 | Newali | 30,022 | 31.15 | 675 | 1.02 |
| Nebraska ............................................. | 35,281 | 35,161. | -119 | -. 34 | Oregon | 58,702 | 58,902 | 104 | 2.03 |
| North Dakota ........................................ | 12,045 | 12,063 | 18 | . 15 | Washington ............................................................................. | 118,997 | 58,902 119,505 | 104 | . 43 |
| South Dakota ....................................... | 13,712 | 14,094 | 382 | 2.78 | Waungion ............................................... |  |  |  |  |

NOTE.-The revisions largely resulted from the incorporation of estimates of gross product by industry for the Nation that were published in the October 1994 SURvEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS. The revisions also reffect the incor-
of small establishments by industry from the Census Bureau's County Business Patterns (see the August 1994 SURVEY).

## Data Availability

Detailed estimates of GSP in current and constant dollars for 1977-92 for 61 industries for States, bea regions, and the United States are available electronically on the Economic Bulletin Board (ebr) and on the Internet from the Commerce Department's stat-usa. To access the ebb, use a personal computer and modem, dial (202) 482-3870, and follow the instructions. To access Internet, go to http://www. stat-usa.gov/BEN/Services/beahome.html. For prices and other information about these services, call (202) 482-1986.

The detailed estimates of GSP are also available on $31 / 2$-inch, high-density diskettes for $\$ 20$ each. (Other types of diskettes are available on request.) The diskettes include either a dos or a Windows program so that selected records from the data files can be imported into computer spreadsheets.

- GSP with dos program: One diskette, \$20, bea Accession No. 61-95-40421.
- gSP with Windows program: Two diskettes, $\$ 40$, bea Accession No. 61-95-40-423.
Send your order, along with a check or money order payable to "Bureau of Economic Analysis," to Public Information Office, Order Desk, be-53, Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, DC 20230. For further information or to order using MasterCard or visA, call (202) 606-3700.


# Appendix B.-The Relation of Gross Domestic Product to Total State Earnings by Place of Work and to Gross State Product, 1992 

[Bililions of dollars]


[^21]of Federal civilian and military personnel stationed abroad (\$5.3 billion)
6. Differs from the GDP entry because it excludes other labor income of Federal civilian personnel stationoned abroad (so.3 billifon)
7. Differs from the GDP entry because different data sources are used.
8. When incomes from current production and consumption of fixed capital are parts of the 8. When incomes from current production and consumption of tixed capital are parts of the
same aggregate, the two associated entries for the capital consumption adjustment cancel. In the same aggregate, the two associated entries for the capital consumption adjustment cancel. In the case of the consumption of fixed capital for buildings and equipment owned and used by nonprofit institutions serving individuals, no income is recorded in GDP and the capital consumption adjust ment is included in gross state product.
NOTE.-Not all line items of gross domestic product or gross state product are available by industry.

CCA Capital consumption allowances
CCAdj Capital consumption adjustment
IBT Indirect business tax
IVA inventory valuation adjustment

Table 1.-Gross State Product for States and Regions by Component, 1991-92
[Millions of dollars]


Table 1.-Gross State Product for States and Regions by Component, 1991-92-Continued [Millions of dollars]

| State and region | 1991 | 1992 | State and region | 1991 | 1992 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Arkansas: |  |  | Texas: |  |  |
| Gross state product ............................................................... | 40,748 | 43,994 | Gross state product :............................................................. | 396,327 | 416,867 |
| Compensation | 22,756 | 24,594 | Compensation | 217,808 | 232,136 |
| Proprietors' income | 4,848 | 5,736 | Proprietors' income | 45,911 | 49,666 |
| Capital charges .... | 10,438 | 10,709 | Capital charges ...................... | 91,280 | 89,933 |
| Indirect business taxes ................................................... | 2,706 | 2,954 | Indirect business taxes ... | 41,329 | 45,132 |
| Florida: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross state product ............................................................... | 255, 162 | 268,609 | Gross state product | 156,886 | 167,325 |
| Comperisation ................................................................. | 150,886 | 159,886 | Compensation .... | 90,755 | 98,027 |
| Proprietors' income ........................................................ | 23,968 | 25,328 | Proprietors' income | 18,215 | 19,259 |
| Capital charges ............................................................ | 54,329 | 55,632 | Capital charges ................................................................................................................... | 34,241 | 35,692 |
| Indirect business taxes ...................................................... | 25,978 | 27,764 | Indirect business taxes ......................................................................................................... | 13,675 | 14,347 |
| Georgia: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross state product .......................................................... | 143,741 | 153,534 | Colorado: |  |  |
| Compensation | 86,965 | 93,405 | Gross state product ................................................................ | 77,007 | 82,463 |
| Proprietors' income ........................................................... | 12,406 | 13,634 | Compensation .............................................................................. | 47,839 | 51,673 |
| Capital charges .............................................................. | 33,559 | 35,301 | Proprietors' income ..... | 7,986 | 8,455 |
| Indirect business taxes ..................................................... | 10,811 | 11,194 | Capital charges .............................................................. | 14,869 | 15,727 |
| Kentucky: |  |  | Indirect business taxes ............................................. | 6,312 | 6,608 |
| Gross state product | 70,115 | 75,561 |  |  |  |
| Compensation. | 39,002 | 42,287 | Gross state product | 19,191 | 20,860 |
| Proprietors' income. | 6,905 | 7,721 | Compensation | 10,290 | 11,259 |
| Capital charges ............................................................ | 18,072 | 19,005 | Proprietors' income | 3,502 | 3,732 |
| Indirect business taxes ................................................... | 6,137 | 6,548 | Capital charges.. | 4,054 | 4,398 |
| Louisiana: |  |  | Indirect business taxes | 1,345 | 1,471 |
| Gross state product .......................................................... | 95,606 | 96,245 |  |  |  |
| Compensation ....... | 44,264 | 46,440 | Montana: |  |  |
| Proprietors' income ........................................................ | 8,749 | 9,382 | Gross state product ........................................................... | 14,500 | 15,227 |
| Capital charges ............................................................. | 32,567 | 30,047 | Compensation .......... | 7,428 | 8,008 |
| Indirect business taxes ....................................................... | 10,027 | 10,376 | Proprietors' income ................................................................ | 2,481 | 2,450 |
| Mississippi: |  |  | Capital charges .................................................................... | 3,176 | 3,308 |
| Gross state product | 41,704 | 44,298 | Indirect business taxes... | 1,415 | 1,461 |
| Compensation | 22,349 | 23,888 | Utah: |  |  |
| Proprietors' income. | 4,197 | 4,832 | Gross state product ................................................................. | 33,171 | 35,590 |
| Capital charges .......... | 11,583 | 11,858 | Compensatlon ........................................................................................................... | 19,775 | 21,418 |
| Indirect business taxes ..................................................... | 3,576 | 3,720 | Proprietors' income .. | 2,889 | 3,213 |
| North Carolina: |  |  | Capital charges ... | 7,800 | 8,069 |
| Gross state product .......................................................... | 147,847 | 159,637 | Indirect business taxes. | 2,707 | 2,889 |
| Compensation .............................................................. | 83,401 | 90,502 |  |  |  |
| Proprietors' income .......................................................... | 13,151 | 14,172 | Wyoming: |  |  |
| Capital charges ................................................................. | 40,134 | 43,191 | Gross state product .................................................................. | 13,017 | 13,186 |
| Indirect business taxes ......................................................... | 11,164 | 11,772 |  | 5.423 | 5,670 |
| South Carolina: |  |  |  |  | 4,190 |
| Gross state product ..... | 66,658 | 69,810 | Indirect business | 895 | 1,966 |
| Compensation ........ | 40,425 | 42,579 | indirecl business | , | 1,916 |
| Proprietors' income. | 5,240 | 5,647 | Far West: |  |  |
| Capital charges ........... | 16,357 | 16,697 | Gross state product | 1,036,668 | 1,074,173 |
| Indirect business taxes ................................................... | 4,637 | 4,888 | Compensation ... | 603,056 | 627,386 |
| Tennessee: |  |  | Proprietors' Income | 119,835 | 129,727 |
| Gross state product ......................................................... | 101,335 | 108,894 | Capital charges | 231,470 | 230,056 |
| Compensation ...... | 58,898 | 63,701 | indirect business taxes... | 82,307 | 87,004 |
| Proprietors' income | 10,002 | 11,185 |  |  |  |
| Capital charges | 24,463 | 25,494 | Alaska: |  |  |
| Indirect business taxes | 7,972 | 8.514 | Gross state product ...... | 25,959 | 25,957 |
| Virginia: |  |  | Compensation | $\begin{array}{r}10,196 \\ \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 10,767 3 3 |
| Gross state product .......................................................... | 145,320 | 153,808 | Capital charges | 9,492 | 8,879 |
| Compensation ....... | 91,165 | 96,711 | Indirect business taxes | 3,387 | 3,293 |
| Proprietors' income ... | 10,892 | 11,787 |  |  |  |
| Capital charges .......... | 31,990 | 33,514 | California: |  |  |
| indirect business taxes ...................................................... | 11,273 | 11,795 | Gross state product | 767,189 | 787,896 |
| West Virginia: |  |  | Compensation | 450,514 | 463,145 |
| Gross state product | 29,124 | 30,699 | Proprietors' income ... | 89,122 | 96,235 |
| Compensation .............................................................. | 16,569 | 17,514 | Capital charges ..... | 170,715 | 168,475 |
| Proprietors' income ......................................................... | 2,704 | 2,940 | Indirect business taxes .................................................................... | 56,838 | 60,041 |
| Capital charges ........ | 7,325 | 7,579 |  |  |  |
| Indirect business taxes | 2,527 | 2,667 | Hross state produr |  |  |
| Southwest: |  |  | Compensation ..... | 18,932 | 20,230 |
| Gross state product .............................................................. | 554,857 | 582,977 | Proprietors' income.. | 3,453 | 3,696 |
| Compensation .................................................................. | 308,977 | 328,808 | Capital charges ..... | 5,922 | 6,316 |
| Proprietors' income ................................................................. | 61,855 | 66,863 | Indirect business taxes ................................................... | 2,808 | 2,961 |
| Capital charges ..... | 127,444 | 126,298 |  |  |  |
| Indirect business taxes .... | 56,581 | 61,009 | Nevada: |  |  |
| Arizona: |  |  | Gross state product ............................................................................... | 33,997 | 36,816 |
| Gross state product .......................................................... | 70,201 | 74,060 | Compensation ......... | 18,955 | 20,553 |
| Compensation ................................................................. | 42,595 | 45,231 | Proprielors income | 3,904 | 4,186 |
| Proprietors' income ........................................................ | 6,421 | 6,776 | Capital charges ........... | 8,498, | 9,156 |
| Capital charges ............................................................ | 14,239 | 14,717 | Indirect business taxes | 2,641 | 2,920 |
| Indirect business taxes... | 6,947 | 7,335 | Oregon: |  |  |
| New Mexico: |  |  | Gross state product ........................................................... | 58,902 | 62,724 |
| Gross state product .......................................................... | 30,346 | 31,863 | Compensation ..................................................................... | 34,976 | 37,340 |
| Compensation .............................................................. | 15,927 | 17,010 | Proprietors' income ............................................................. | 7,108 | 7,693 |
| Proprietors' income ......................................................... | 2,832 | 3,057 | Capital charges .................................................................... | 12,534 | 13,259 |
| Capital charges ............................................................. | 8,277 | 8,297 | Indirect business taxes ... | 4,284 | 4,432 |
| Indirect business taxes .................................................................. | 3,309 | 3,499 |  |  |  |
| Oklahoma: |  |  | Washington: |  |  |
| Gross state product | 57,983 | 60,188 | Compensation | 69,483 | 127,578 $\mathbf{7 5 , 3 5 1}$ |
| Compensation ............................................................. | 32,647 | 34,431 | Proprietors' income | 13,364 | 14,900 |
| Proprietors' income .......................................................... | 6,691 | 7,364 | Capital charges | 24,308 | 23,971 |
| Capital charges. | 13,649 | 13,350 | Indirect business taxes ............................................................................................................. | 12,350 | 13,357 |
| Indirect business taxes .................................................... | 4,996 | 5,043 |  |  | 13,357 |

NoTE-The estimates for 1991-92 are consistent with the estimates of gross product by indus-
ry for the Nation that were published in the October 1994 SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS.

Table 2.-Gross State Product for States and Regions by Industry, 1991-92
[Milions of 1987 dollars]

|  | 1991 | 1992 | 1991 | 1992 | 1991 | 1992 | 1991 | 1992 | 1991 | 1992 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | United States |  | New England |  | Connecticut |  | Maine |  | Massachusetts |  |
| Total gross state product $\qquad$ Farms $\qquad$ | $\begin{array}{\|} 4,881,756 \\ 70,691 \end{array}$ | 5,001,445 | 283,576 | 286,992 | 82,239 | 82,460 | 19,901 | 20,122 | 133,111 | 135,079 |
|  |  | 80,799 |  |  |  |  |  | 273 |  |  |
| Agricultural services, forestry, and fisheries.. | 27,750 | 88,950 |  | 1,559 <br> 204 | 33963 | 35870 | $\begin{array}{r}234 \\ 6 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 215 | 313 679 | 342 678 |
| Mining ................................................................................. | 92,279 |  |  | 904 204 |  |  |  | 5 | 62 | 63 |
| Constuction ........................................................................... | 194,845 | 201,373 | 191 9.480 |  | 63 2,763 | 700 | 848 |  |  | 4,11427,187 |
|  | 910,820 | 924,617 <br> 533,611 |  | 59,401 |  | 17,259 | 3,86711 | 3,810 | $\begin{array}{r}4,072 \\ 26,984 \\ \hline 1090\end{array}$ |  |
|  | 525,457 |  |  | 42,162 |  | 12,392 |  | 1,645 | 19,808 | 19,936 |
| Nondurable goods | 385,363 | 391,006 | 17,159 | 17,239 | 4,959 | 4,867 | 2,109 | 2,164 | 10,352 | 7,25110,708 |
| Transportation and public utilities | 479,103 | 494,510 | ${ }^{22,101}$ | 22,532 |  | 6,316 | 1,755 <br> 1,113 | 1,778 |  |  |
|  | 324,480 | 340,880 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 19,719 \\ & 27,035 \end{aligned}$ | 5,727 | 5,884 |  | 2,483 | 9,419 | 1, 9,881 1.898 |
| Retail trade | 473,187868,783 | 486,689 <br> 893,446 | 26,83059,809 |  | $\begin{array}{r}7,783 \\ 18,980 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 7,51019,662 | 1,3653,4823,31 |  | 11,75227,457 | 11,93227,956 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate ................................................ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 27,035 \\ & 61,002 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | 3,5693,368608 |  |  |
|  | 871,410 | 889,914 | 57,611 | 58,447 | 18,980 150048 | 19,662 15.267 1,26 | $\begin{aligned} & 3,329 \\ & \hline, 413 \end{aligned}$ |  | 30,2561,873 | $\begin{array}{r} 2,7005 \\ 30,705 \\ 1,664 \\ 579 \end{array}$ |
|  | 117,872 |  | 4,315 | 4,365 | 1,011 | 1,061 |  |  |  |  |
| Federal miltary ............................................................... | $\begin{gathered} 58,2,24 \\ 392,302 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 56,979 \\ 395,439 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,865 \\ 20,238 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,682 \\ 20,109 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 499 \\ 5,596 \end{array}$ | 4235,572 | 1,728 | 1,721 | 9,264 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 9,071 |
|  | New Hampshire |  | Rhode Island |  | Vermont |  | Mideast |  | Delaware |  |
| Total gross state product ............................................................. | 20,956 | 21,569 | 17,660 | 17,760 | 9,709 | 10,002 | 946,109 | 965,107 | 17,783 | 18,422 |
|  | 101 | 116 | 47 |  | 203 | 264 | 3,954 | 4,473 | 195 | 192 |
| Agricultural services, forestry, and fisheries. | 104 | 111 | 122 | 123 | 69 | 74 | 3,144 | 3,304 | 51 | 54 |
| Mining .-........................... | 27 | 29 | 6 | 10 | 27 | 26 | 2,466 | 2,511 | 7 | 6 |
| Construction | 794 | 811 | 536 | 519 | 467 | 478 | 37,050 | 36,649 | 739 | 747 |
| Manufacturing | 4,949 | 5,173 | 3,933 | 3,899 | 2,077 | 2,075 | 152,283 | 151,009 | 4,040 | 3,917 |
| Durable goods | 3,555 | 3,779 | 2,918 | 2,862 | 1,571 | 1,547 | 77,636 | 76,855 | 873 | 911 |
| Nondurable goods | 1,394 | 1,393 | 1,015 | 1,037 | 506 | 528 | 74,647 | 74,154 | 3,167 | 3,005 |
| Transporation and public utitities .... | 1,729 | 1,809 | 1,134 | 1,149 | 741 | 773 | 91,130 | 93,642 | 1,088 | 1,143 |
| Wholesale trade | 1,140 | 1,231 | 918 | 978 | 533 | 582 | 63,588 | 66,284 | 682 | 699 |
| Retail trade | 2,160 | 2,257 | 1,693 | 1,742 | 1,078 | 1,110 | 80,936 | 81,583 | 1,187 | 1,225 |
| Finance, insurance, and real esta | 4,324 | 4,356 | 3,862 | 3,802 | 1,704 | 1,718 | 203,456 | 215,766 | 6,002 | 6,648 |
| Services ...- | 3,745 | $\begin{array}{r} , 290 \\ 290 \\ 1,539 \end{array}$ | 3,486 | 3,508 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,746 \\ 202 \\ 44 \\ 819 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}1,809 \\ \hline 207 \\ 43 \\ 843 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 196,279 \\ 29,221 \\ 5,446 \\ 77,138 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 197,935 \\ 29,512 \\ 5,5169 \\ 77,268 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,237 \\ 192 \\ 1,121 \end{array}$ | 2,2562491821,103 |
| Federal civilian government $\qquad$ Federal military $\qquad$ tate and local government | $\begin{array}{r} 291 \\ 55 \\ 1,536 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 1,425 \\ 325 \\ 301 \\ 1,295 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 328 \\ 287 \\ 1,362 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| State and local government ...................................................... | District of Columbia |  | Maryland |  | New Jersey |  | New York |  | Pennsylvania |  |
| Total gross state product ......................................................... | 31.576 |  | 94,843 | 95,376 | 180,391 |  |  |  | 217412 |  |
| Farms ......................... |  |  | 574 | 620 |  |  | 1,367 | 1,475 | 1,431 |  |
| Agricultural services, forestry, and fisheries | 8 | 8 | 470 | 508 | 640 | ${ }_{6} 67$ | 1,037 | 1,059 | 938 | 1,008 |
| Mining .-................................................ | 10 | 8 | 137 | 118 | 97 | 93 | 370 | 363 | 1,844 | 1,924 |
|  | 447 <br> 998 <br> 144 <br> 855 | 387 <br> 958 <br> 120 | 9,971 | 9,712 | 31,840 | 31,601 | 14,243 | 13,611 | 8,886 | 9,287 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 59,8093344 | $\begin{aligned} & 58,923 \\ & 32,950 \end{aligned}$ | 45,62625,794 | $\begin{aligned} & 45,899 \\ & 26,040 \end{aligned}$ |
| Durable goods ..... |  | 120 | 5,455 | 5,237 | 11,90619,93319 | 11,597 |  |  |  |  |
| Nondurable goods | 8552,098 | 8382,165 | 4,5158,814 | 4,475 |  | 20,004 | 26,345 | 25,973 | 19,832 | -26,040 |
|  |  |  |  | 8,986 | 18,625 | 19,037 | 37,690 | 38,781 | 22,815 | 23,531 |
|  |  | 570 | 5,823 | 6,027 | 15,735 | 16,991 | 27,252 | 27,880 | 13,542 | 14,117 |
|  | 1,319 | 1,301 | 9,972 | 10,175 | 15,344 | 15,620 | 32,585 | 32,221 | 20,529 | 21,042 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | 4,047 | 4,063 | 17,746 | 18,037 | 36,803 | 37,788 | 99,718 | 109,140 | 39,140 | 40,090 |
| Services .-............................... | 10,438 | 10,476 | 19,987 | 20,240 | 35,966 | 36,458 | 86,062 | 86,339 | 41,590 | 42,167 |
| Federal civilian government | 9,393 | 9,858 | 6,076 | 6,068 | 2,929 | 2,909 | 5.469 | 5,404 | 5,112 | 5,024 |
| Federal military | 833 | 822 | 1,498 | 1,453 | 693 | 627 | 1,382 | 1,288 | 865 | 797 |
| State and local government ...... | 1,430 | 1,389 | 7,932 | 7,693 | 14,443 | 14,995 | 37,119 | 36,653 | 15,093 | 15,435 |
|  | Great | Lakes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total gross state product | 790,074 | 817,737 | 239,352 | 246,809 | 99,415 | 103,313 | 165,369 | 171,653 | 197,178 | 203,155 |
| Farms ..................... | 8,989 | 10,962 | 2,248 | 3,123 | 1,202 | 1,721 | 1,520 | 1,607 | 1,692 | 2,040 |
| Agricultural services, forestry, and fisheries ... | 3,256 | 3,595 | 1,010 | 1,108 | 393 | 435 | 625 | 692 | 748 | 831 |
| Mining | 4,965 | 4,942 | 1,723 | 1,741 | 753 | 772 | 1,096 | 1,051 | 1,257 | 1,226 |
| Construction | 30,637 | 32,186 | 10,010 | 10,314 | 4,213 | 4,419 | 5,717 | 5,982 | 7,210 | 7,606 |
| Manufacturing | 203,937 | 212,562 | 47,267 | 48,062 | 30,261 | 31,651 | 46,431 | 49,784 | 54,567 | 56,500 |
| Durable goods | 133,103 | 140,539 | 26,240 | 26,677 | 20,958 | 22,175 | 34,601 | 37,730 | 36,208 | 37,881 |
| Nondurable goods .................................................................... | 70,834 | 72,023 | 21,027 | 21,385 | 9,304 | 9,476 | 11,830 | 12,054 | 18,359 | 18,620 |
| Transportation and public utilities | 75,531 | 78,224 | 26,205 | 28,037 | 10,150 | 10,461 | 13,012 | 12,873 | 18,677 | 19,051 |
| Wholesale trade ... | 55,574 | 58,122 | 20,097 | 20,676 | 5,785 | 6,030 | 10,981 | 11,623 | 13,269 | 13,950 |
| Retail trade | 75,370 | 77,692 | 21,788 | 22,302 | 10,155 | 10,503 | 15,881 | 16,537 | 19,359 | 19,868 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | 128,667 | 132,104 | 43,804 | 45,081 | 13,752 | 14,195 | 26,322 | 26,806 | 30,301 | 31,022 |
| Services | 126,302 | 129,046 | 43,036 | 43,791 | 13,331 | 13,615 | 26,439 | 27,139 | 30,973 | 31,561 |
| Federal civilian government ...................................................... | 12,410 | 12,704 | 4,158 | 4,220 | 1,711 | 1,813 | 1,878 | 1,919 | 3,344 | 3,365 |
| Federal military .................................................................. | 3,370 | 3,109 | 1,344 | 1,231 | 414 | 7317 | 548 | 473 | 842 | 806 |
| State and local government ..................................................... | 61,067 | 62,490 | 16,662 | 17,123 | 7,294 | 7,317 | 14,919 | 15,168 | 14,938 | 15,330 |

See note at the end of the table.

Table 2.-Gross State Product for States and Regions by Industry, 1991-92-Continued [Millions of 1987 dollars]

|  | 1991 | 1992 | 1991 | 1992 | 1991 | 1992 | 1991 | 1992 | 1991 | 1992 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Wisconsin |  | Plains |  | Iowa |  | Kansas |  | Minnesota |  |
| Totai gross state product $\qquad$ Farms $\qquad$ | 88,760 | 92,808 | 327,637 | 339,420 | 48,324 | 50,456 | 45,822 | 47,090 | 89,117 | 92,925 |
|  | 2,326 | 2,472 | 14,462 | 17,218 | 3,146 | 3,694 | 1,788 | 2,435 | 2,631 | 2,833 |
| Agricultural services, forestry, and fisheries ........................................................................................... | 479 | 529 | 2,005 | 2,204 | 410 | 451 | 309 | 336 | 414 | 459 |
| Mining ..................................................................................... | 136 | 152 | 3,121 | 3,019 | 97 | 104 | 808 | 737 | 794 | 802 |
| Construction .............................................................................. | 3,487 | 3,865 | 11,782 | 12,889 | 1,609 | 1,786 | 1,495 | 1,662 | 3,517 | 3,808 |
|  | 25,411 | 26,565 | 64,787 | 66,528 | 11,453 | 11,885 | 8,922 | 8,887 | 19,404 | 20,277 |
| Durable goods ............................................................................................................................................... | 15,096 | 16,076 | 35,422 | 36,654 | 6,453 | 6,800 | 4,729 | 4,643 | 10,726 | 11,279 |
| Nondurable goods ...................................................................................................................................... | 10,315 | 10,488 | 29,364 | 29,874 | 5,000 | 5,085 | 4,193 | 4,244 | 8,678 | 8,998 |
| Transportation and public utilities ........................................................................................................ | 7,486 | 7,803 | 36,155 | 35,855 | 4,474 | 4,473 | 5,998 | 5,724 | 8,170 | 8,041 |
| Wholesale trade ......................................................................................................... | 5,442 | 5,842 | 24,430 | 26,005 | 3,352 | 3,587 | 3,297 | 3,502 | 7,108 | 7,584 |
| Retail trade ...................................................................................................................................... | 8,187 | 8,483 | 31,921 | 33,371 | 4,577 | 4,782 | 4,484 | 4,640 | 8,399 | 8,867 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate ............................................... | 14,488 | 15,000 | 52,020 | 53,642 | 7,471 | 7,691 | 6,619 | 6,734 | 14,962 | 15,747 |
| Services | 12,524 | 12,939 | 49,947 | 51,487 | 6,369 | 6,588 | 6,462 | 6,607 | 14,512 | 15,189 |
| Federal civilian government $\qquad$ Federal military $\qquad$ | 1,319 | 1,387 | 7,407 | 7,434 | 902 | 908 | 977 | 1,000 | 1,598 | 1,687 |
|  | 222 | 217 | 3,049 | 2,960 | 137 | 134 | 806 | 900 | 230 | 220 |
| State and local government .......................................................................................................................... | 7,253 | 7,553 | 26,550 | 26,805 | 4,326 | 4,371 | 3,857 | 3,926 | 7,380 | 7,412 |
|  | Missouri |  | Nebraska |  | North Dakota |  | South Dakota |  | Southeast |  |
|  | 91,535 | 93,597 | 30,399 | 31,589 | 10,391 | 11,089 | 12,049 | 12,673 | 1,036,024 | 1,068,054 |
|  | 1,421 | 1,794 | 2,977 | 3,376 | 929 | 1,408 | 1,569 | 1,677 | 17,892 | 19,772 |
|  | 436 | 481 | 246 | 267 | 76 | 82 | 114 | 128 | 5,946 | 6,369 |
| Mining ........................................................................................ | 371 | 377 | 72 | 65 | 752 | 681 | 227 | 254 | 25,267 | 23,664 |
| Construction $\qquad$ | 3,462 | 3,756 | 954 | 1,042 | 364 | 404 | 382 | 432 | 42,347 | 44,308 |
| Manufacturing Durable goods | 19,216 | 19,335 | 3,977 | 4,156 | 712 | 764 | 1,104 | 1,224 | 202,938 | 210,984 |
|  | 10,178 | 10,325 | 2,217 | 2,325 | 376 | 422 | 743 | 860 | 92,080 | 96,382 |
| Nondurable goods .................................................................. | 9,037 | 9,010 | 1,760 | 1,831 | 336 | 342 | 361 | 364 | 110,857 | 114,603 |
| Transportation and public utilities Wholesale trade | 11,613 | 11,521 | 3,739 | 3,860 | 1,106 | 1,138 | 1,056 | 1,099 | 110,252 | 113,934 |
|  | 6,763 | 7,180 | 2,323 | 2,452 | 839 | 893 | 748 | 808 | 66,664 | 70,470 |
| Retail trade .............................................................................. | 9,434 | 9,840 | 2,687 | 2,767 | 1,056 | 1,095 | 1,284 | 1,380 | 106,834 | 111,252 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate ................................................................ | 14,114 | 14,385 | 4,849 | 5,009 | 1,558 | 1,591 | 2,448 | 2,484 | 158,283 | 161,740 |
|  | 15,222 | 15,536 | 4,290 | 4,378 | 1,467 | 1,498 | 1,625 | 1,692 | 162,728 | 168,898 |
| Federal civilian government ...................................................................... | 2,439 | 2,339 | 795 | 789 | 325 | 332 | 370 | 378 | 30,486 | 29,961 |
|  | 676 | 665 | 575 | 490 | 366 | 334 | 259 | 217 | 21,470 | 21,851 |
| State and local government .............................................................. | 6,370 | 6,390 | 2,914 | 2,938 | 842 | 869 | 862 | 900 | 84,917 | 84,849 |
|  | Alabama |  | Arkansas |  | Florida |  | Georgia |  | Kentucky |  |
| Total gross state product ............................................................................. | 64,369 | 65,975 | 35,345 | 37,342 | 217,501 | 222,553 | 123,737 | 128,612 | 60,632 | 63,689 |
| Farms ..................................................................................... | 1,475 | 1,401 | 1,437 | 1,867 | 3,703 | 3,908 | 1,949 | 2,132 | 1,752 | 2,075 |
| Agricultural services, forestry, and fisheries $\qquad$ Mining | 343 | 376 | 255 | 290 | 2,158 | 2,309 | 556 | 601 | 293 | 309 |
|  | 1,404 | 1,333 | 366 | 332 | 735 | 684 | 631 | 668 | 2,942 | 3,125 |
| Mining ..................................................................................................................................................................... | 2,277 | 2,347 | 1,154 | 1,280 | 10,096 | 10,387. | 4,797 | 4,942 | 2,200 | 2,508 |
| Manufacturing ................................................................................... | 14,754 | 15,384 | 8,848 | 9,165 | 20,871 | 20,893 | 23,529 | 24,500 | 14,885 | 15,719 |
| Durable goods .......................................................... | 7,467 | 7,701 | 4,569 | 4,780 | 12,571 | 12,610 | 9,258 | 9,627 | 7,914 | 8,574 |
| Nondurable goods .................................................................. | 7,287 | 7,683 | 4,279 | 4,385 | 8,300 | 8,282 | 14,272 | 14,874 | 6,971 | 7,145 |
| Transportation and public utilities ....................................................... | 7,282 | 7,291 | 4,532 | 4,650 | 22,535 | 23,893 | 15,221 | 16,168 | 6,207 | 6,290 |
| Wholesale trade Retail trade | 3,773 | 4,041 | 1,957 | 2,091 | 15,025 | 16,059 | 11,465 | 12,100 | 3,186 | 3,404 |
|  | 6,067 | 6,349 | 3,812 | 4,140 | 26,208 | 26,916 | 11,797 | 12,200 | 5,857 | 6,159 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate ................................................. | 8,540 | 8,705 | 4,624 | 4,845 | 42,348 | 43,058 | 19,063 | 19,692 | 7,991 | 8,222 |
| Services .................................................................................. | 8,787 | 9,270 | 4,493 | 4,731 | 46,216 | 47,561 | 19,293 | 20,219 | 7,726 | 8,032 |
|  | 3,010 | 2,770 | 735 | 769 | 4,416 | 4,417 | 3,545 | 3,575 | 1,871 | 1,733 |
| Federal military ............................................................................................................. | 1,022 | 1,017 | 419 | 352 | 3,721 | 3,568 | 2,109 | 2,311 | 1,047 | 1,223 |
| State and local government ........................................................... | 5,632 | 5,692 | 2,713 | 2,831 | 19,468 | 18,900 | 9,782 | 9,502 | 4,676 | 4,889 |
|  | Louisiana |  | Mississippi |  | North Carolina |  | South Carolina |  | Tennessee |  |
| Total gross state product ............................................................... | 80,888 | 79,942 | 35,844 | 37,221 | 124,579 | 130,482 | 57,604 | 58,943 | 87,049 | 91,299 |
| Farms ....................................................................................... | 725 | 824 | 939 | 1,133 | 2,930 | 3,108 | 575 | 571 | 1,099 | 1,341 |
| Agricultural services, forestry, and fisheries <br> Mining | 327 | 328 | 221 | 240 | 608 | 642 | 275 | 295 | 316 | 343 |
|  | 12,638 | 10,854 | 704 | 648 | 422 | 281 | 143 | 147 | 334 | 320 |
| Construction ................................................................................ | 3,347 | 3,601 | 1,127 | 1,237 | 4,616 | 4,911 | 2,941 | 2,863 | 3,130 | 3,430 |
| Manufacturing ............................................................................ | 13,854 | 14,138 | 8,822 | 9,216 | 37,173 | 39,135 | 15,712 | 16,658 | 21,250 | 22,755 |
| Durable goods Nondurable goods | 3,561 | 3,457 | 4,797 | 4,963 | 14,873 | 15,981 | 5,713 | 6,169 | 10,692 | 11,704 |
|  | 10,293 | 10,681 | 4,025 | 4,254 | 22,300 | 23,154 | 9,998 | 10,489 | 10,558 | 11,051 |
| Transportation and public utiities ................................................... | 9,446 | 9,124 | 5,002 | 5,090 | 11,398 | 11,744 | 5,503 | 5,462 | 7,432 | 7,932 |
| Wholesale trade Retail trade | 4,200 | 4,367 | 1,859 | 1,970 | 7,939 | 8,362 | 2,766 | 2,817 | 6,241 | 6,648 |
|  | 6,678 | 6,880 | 3,678 | 3,855 | 12,395 | 13,017 | 6,233 | 6,559 | 10,087 | 10,739 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate ................................................ | 11,262 | 11,042 | 4,820 | 5,020 | 16,841 | 17,403 | 7,481 | 7,507 | 12,162 | 12,696 |
| Services ..................................................................................................................................................... | 10,528 | 10,737 | 3,986 | 4,131 | 15,472 | 16,253 | 7,196 | 7,426 | 14,370 | 15,056 |
|  | 1,116 | 1,148 | 938 | 966 | 1,952 | 2,102 | 1,372 | 1,300 | 3,801 | 3,164 |
| Federal military | 1,112 | 1,028 | 664 | 639 | 2,622 | 3,122 | 1,885 | 1,777 | 537 | 493 |
| State and local government | 5,654 | 5,871 | 3,085 | 3,077 | 10,211 | 10,403 | 5,524 | 5,563 | 6,289 | 6,382 |

[^22]Table 2.-Gross State Product for States and Regions by Industry, 1991-92-Continued
[Mililions of 1987 dollars]

|  | 1991 | 1992 | 1991 | 1992 | 1991 | 1992 | 1991 | 1992 | 1991 | 1992 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Virginia |  | West Virginia |  | Southwest |  | Arizona |  | New Mexico |  |
| Total gross state product .............................................................. | 122,522 | 125,145 | 25,954 | 26,849 | 477,104 | 490,329 | 60,697 | 62,299 | 26,585 | 27,348 |
| Farms ........................................................................................ | 1,115 | 1,187 | 195 | 226 | 7,543 | 8,035 | 944 | 900 | 551 | 644 |
| Agricultural services, forestry, and fisheries ........................................ | 519 | 552 | 73 | 82 | 2,602 | 2,826 | 457 | 488 | 117 | 129 |
| Mining ...................................................................................... | 1,163 | 1,265 | 3,784 | 4,007 | 32,363 | 31,439 | 1,303 | 1,448 | 2,696 | 2,566 |
| Construction ............................................................................. | 5,652 | 5,712 | 1,010 | 1,091 | 17,944 | 19,404 | 2,844 | 3,095 | 927 | 1,070 |
| Manufacturing | 19,315 | 19,464 | 3,924 | 3,957 | 75,343 | 76,263 | 8,838 | 8,614 | 3,690 | 3,786 |
| Durable goods | 8,735 | 8,855 | 1,930 | 1,960 | 43,239 | 43,159 | 7,174 | 6,890 | 3,068 | 3,187 |
|  | 10,581 | 10,608 | 1,994 | 1,997 | 32,104 | 33,103 | 1,664 | 1,724 | 622 | 599 |
| Transportation and public utilities | 11,983 | 12,485 | 3,711 | 3,805 | 55,233 | 57,428 | 5,223 | 5,496 | 2,892 | 2,929 |
| Wholesale trade .......................................................................... | 6,929 | 7,231 | 1,324 | 1,380 | 31,000 | 32,757 | 3,451 | 3,727 | 1,052 | 1,151 |
| Retail trade ............................................................................................................................... | 11,752 | 12,063 | 2,271 | 2,376 | 47,921 | 50,154 | 7,092 | 7,393 | 2,559 | 2,731 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | 19,721 | 20,076 | 3,431 | 3,475 | 72,942 | 74,609 | 10,587 | 10,881 | 3,582 | 3,650 |
| Services .................................... | 21,302 | 21,981 | 3,360 | 3,499 | 78,150 | 80,302 | 11,572 | 11,861 | 4,201 | 4,311 |
| Federal civilian government ............................................................... | 7,203 | 7,466 | 529 | 553 | 10,907 | 11,192 | 1,587 | 1,648 | 1,050 | 1,095 |
| Federal military ............................................................................ | 6,237 | 6,222 | 95 | 99 | 6,490 | 6,502 | 847 | 779 | 577 | 557 |
| State and local government ................................................................................................................. | 9,633 | 9,442 | 2,248 | 2,297 | 38,667 | 39,419 | 5,951 | 5,969 | 2,690 | 2,729 |
|  | Oklahoma |  | Texas |  | Rocky Mountain |  | Colorado |  | Idaho |  |
| Total gross state product ............................................................................. | 49,953 | 50,694 | 339,869 | 349,988 | 135,997 | 141,640 | 66,174 | 69,016 | 16,621 | 17,674 |
| Farms .................................................................................................................................. | 1,348 | 1,654 | 4,699 | 4,837 | 3,982 | 4,011 | 1,245 | 1,187 | 1,221 | 1,299 |
|  | 252 | 277 | 1,776 | 1,932 | 819 | 916 | 352 | 397 | 225 | 250 |
| Mining ................................................................................................................ | 3,434 | 3,129 | 24,930 | 24,296 | 7,798 | 7,759 | 1,401 | 1,289 | 209 | 188 |
| Construction .............................................................................. | 1,468 | 1,579 | 12,705 | 13,661 | 5,749 | 6,598 | 2,914 | 3,433 | 777 | 899 |
| Manufacturing | 8,092 | 8,164 | 54,723 | 55,698 | 17,780 | 18,277 | 8,807 | 9,020 | 3,034 | 3,201 |
| Durable goods. | 5,138 | 5,141 | 27,859 | 27,941 | 11,031 | 11,354 | 5,299 | 5,360 | 1,866 | 2,020 |
| Nondurable goods | 2,954 | 3,024 | 26,864 | 27,757 | 6,749 | 6,923 | 3,509 | 3,660 | 1,168 | 1,181 |
| Transportation and public utilities $\qquad$ Wholesale trade | 5,735 | 5,669 | 41,382 | 43,335 | 16,120 | 16,805 | 7,421 | 7,893 | 1,570 | 1,638 |
|  | 2,938 | 3,067 | 23,558 | 24,812 | 7,983 | 8,464 | 4,214 | 4,506 | 936 | 1,009 |
| Retail trade ................................................................................................................................................... | 5,209 | 5,367 | 33,061 | 34,664 | 13,592 | 14,501 | 6,993 | 7,396 | 1,762 | 1,904 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate ................................................ | 7,273 | 7,295 | 51,500 | 52,783 | 21,054 | 21,870 | 10,972 | 11,356 | 2,597 | 2,811 |
| Services .................................................................................. | 7,080 | 7,247 | 55,297 | 56,883 | 22,793 | 23,844 | 12,820 | 13,363 | 2,281 | 2,385 |
| Federal civilian government ........................................................... | 1,673 | 1,720 | 6,596 | 6,729 | 4,491 | 4,617 | 2,070 | 2,143 | 439 | 458 |
| Federal military ........ | 970 | 1,014 | 4,096 | 4,151 | 2,157 | 2,105 | 1,325 | 1,309 | 193 | 192 |
| State and local government ........................................................... | 4,481 | 4,513 | 25,545 | 26,209 | 11,679 | 11,872 | 5,641 | 5,725 | 1,377 | 1,441 |
|  | Montana |  | Utah |  | Wyoming |  | Far West |  | Alaska |  |
| Total gross state product ................................................................. | 12,642 | 12,956 | 28,634 | 29,968 | 11,926 | 12,025 | 885,236 | 892,166 | 23,301 | 22,969 |
| Farms ...................................................................................... | 800 | 725 | 361 | 432 | 356 | 369 | 12,702 | 14,960 | 16 | 16 |
| Agricutural services, forestry, and fisheries ........................................Mining | 106 | 116 | 73 | 83 | 64 | 70 | 8,432 | 8,734 | 509 | 440 |
|  | 999 | 958 | 1,466 | 1,544 | 3,723 | 3,781 | 16,109 | 15,412 | 8,388 | 7,764 |
|  | 492 | 559 | 1,153 | 1,280 | 413 | 428 | 39,857 | 39,770 | 778 | 801 |
| Manufacturing ............................................................................ | 957 | 982 | 4,521 | 4,629 | 460 | 444 | 134,181 | 129,592 | 895 | 884 |
| Durable goods $\qquad$ <br> Nondurable goods $\qquad$ | 555 | 564 | 3,159 | 3,240 | 153 | 169 | 90,533 | 86,506 | 260 | 230 |
|  | 402 | 418 | 1,362 | 1,389 | 308 | 276 | 43,648 | 43,086 | 636 | 654 |
| Transportation and public utilities ................................................... | 1,797 | 1,842 | 3,153 | 3,306 | 2,180 | 2,127 | 72,581 | 76,088 | 3,020 | 3,287 |
| Wholesale trade ................................................................................................................................................. | 691 | 742 | 1,813 | 1,858 | 329 | 348 | 56,391 | 59,060 | 440 | 460 |
|  | 1,265 | 1,355 | 2,712 | 2,945 | 861 | 901 | 89,782 | 91,100 | 1,198 | 1,255 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate ................................................ | 1,974 | 2,029 | 4,206 | 4,390 | 1,306 | 1,284 | 172,552 | 172,712 | 2,966 | 2,857 |
|  | 1,839 | 1,898 | 4,942 | 5,255 | 911 | 943 | 177,600 | 179,955 | 1,832 | 1,890 |
|  | 456 | 460 | 1,292 | 1,312 | 235 | 245 | 18,635 | 18,555 | 703 | 735 |
| Federal civilian government $\qquad$ $\qquad$ | 188 | 175 | 312 | 297 | 138 | 132 | 14,368 | 13,601 | 818 | 820 |
| State and local government .................................................................... | 1,079 | 1,115 | 2,630 | 2,637 | 952 | 955 | 72,046 | 72,627 | 1,737 | 1,761 |
|  | California |  | Hawaii |  | Nevada |  | Oregon |  | Washington |  |
| Total gross state product ............................................................... | 653,197 | 652,328 | 26,301 | 27,185 | 29,696 | 31,378 | 50,656 | 52,480 | 102,085 | 105,827 |
| Farms ....................................................................................... | 9,024 | 10,649 | 304 | 292 | 141 | 121 | 1,315 | 1,466 | 1,902 | 2,417 |
| Agricultural services, forestry, and fisheries ....................................... | 5,425 | 5,808 | 169 | 180 | 132 | 131 | 623 | 646 | 1,575 | 1,529 |
| Mining ............................................................................................. | 4,699 | 4,480 | 25 | 32 | 2,563 | 2,692 | 85 | 96 | 349 | 347 |
| Construction ................................................................................. | 28,486 | 27,528 | 1,745 | 1,791 | 1,608 | 1,716 | 2,158 | 2,303 | 5,082 | 5,631 |
| Manufacturing ............................................................................. | 103,153 | 98,965 | 989 | 997 | 1,050 | 1,141 | 9,867 | 9,820 | 18,226 | 17,786 |
| Durable goods $\qquad$ <br> Nondurable goods $\qquad$ | 68,760 | 65,173 | 250 | 246 | 682 | 755 | 7,165 | 7,125 | 13,418 | 12,978 |
|  | 34,393 | 33,792 | 739 | 751 | 369 | 386 | 2,703 | 2,695 | 4,809 | 4,808 |
| Transportation and public utilities ...................................................................................................... | 50,522 | 52,616 | 2,857 | 3,142 | 2,697 | 2,862 | 5,025 | 5,317 | 8,459 | 8,864 |
|  | 42,504 | 44,139 | 1,095 | 1,144 | 1,208 | 1,317 | 3,797 | 4,121 | 7,345 | 7.879 |
| Retail trade ................................................................................. | 66,288 | 66,463 | 3,479 | 3,586 | 2,796 | 2,950 | 5,092 | 5,307 | 10,928 | 11,538 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate ............................................................................................................... | 134,797 | 133,832 | 4,896 | 5,067 | 4,590 | 4,893 | 8,477 | 8,803 | 16,827 | 17,260 |
| Services $\qquad$ <br> Federal civilian government | 134,284 | 134,605 | 5,712 | 5,819 | 10,076 | 10,588 | 8,244 | 8,537 | 17,452 | 18,516 |
|  | 12,070 | 12,156 | 1,100 | 1,138 | 489 | 527 | 1,322 | 1,276 | 2,951 | 2,722 |
| Federal civilian government $\qquad$ Federal military $\qquad$ | 9,314 | 8,682 | 1,847 | 1,792 | 340 | 298 | 171 | 160 | 1,879 | 1,850 |
| State and local government | 52,630 | 52,405 | 2,084 | 2,204 | 2,006 | 2,141 | 4,480 | 4,628 | 9,109 | 9,488 |

NOTE.-The estimates for 1991-92 are consistent with the estimates of gross product by indusiry for the Nation
that were published in the October 1994 SURVEY OF CUARENT BUSINESS.

# Foreign Direct Investment in the United States 

- New Investment in 1994
- Affiliate Operations in 1993

By Mahnaz Fahim-Nader and William J. Zeile

TN 1994, new foreign direct investment in the United States (fDIUs) increased sharply for the second consecutive year from a 10 -year low in 1992 (chart 1). Most measures of the overall operations of U.S. affiliates of foreign companies in 1993, the latest year for which such measures are available, were boosted by the rise in new investments that year. ${ }^{1}$

[^23]Table 1.-Selected Data on Newly Acquired or Established U.S. Businesses and on Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, 1977-94

|  | Newly acquired or established U.S. businesses |  | All nonbank U.S. affiliates |  |  | Addendum: Employment by newly acquired or established U.S. businesses as a percent of employment by ail nonbank U.S. affiliates ${ }^{3}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Outlays (millions of dollars) | Employment (thousands of employees) | ```Employ- ment (thousands of employ- ees)``` | Gross product (millions of dollars) | U.S. affiliate share of gross product originating in private industries ${ }^{2}$ (percent) |  |
| 1977 | n.a. | n.a. | 1,218.7 | 35,222 | 2.3 | n.a. |
| 1978 ................................. | n.a. | n.a. | 1,429.9 | 42,920 | 2.5 | n.a. |
| 1979 ................................... | n.a. | n.a. | 1,753.2 | 55,424 | 2.9 | n.a. |
| 1980 .............................. | 12,172 | 292.5 | 2,033.9 | 70,906 | 3.4 | 14.4 |
| 1981 .. | 23,219 | 442.8 | 2,416.6 | 98,828 | 4.2 | 18.3 |
| 1982 .............. | 10,817 | 233.8 | 2,448.1 | 103,489 | 4.3 | 9.6 |
| 1983 | 8,091 | 108.1 | 2,546.5 | 111,490 | 4.3 | 4.2 |
| 1984 | 15,197 | 172.5 | 2,714.3 | 128,761 | 4.4 | 6.4 |
| 1985. | 23,106 | 275.5 | 2,862.2 | 134,852 | 4.3 | 9.6 |
| 1986 | 39,177 | 438.0 | 2,937.9 | 142,120 | 4.3 | 14.9 |
| 1987 | 40,310 | 394.1 | 3,224.3 | 157,869 | 4.5 | 12.2 |
| 1988 | 72,692 | 736.3 | 3,844.2 | 190,384 | 5.0 | 19.2 |
| 1989 | 71,163 | 722.0 | 4,511.5 | 223,420 | 5.6 | 16.0 |
| 1990 | 65,932 | 474.3 | 4,734.5 | 239,279 | 5.7 | 10.0 |
| 1991 ....................................... | 25,538 | 249.0 | 4,871.9 | 257,634 | 6.0 | 5.1 |
| 1992 ......................................... | 15,333 | 141.5 | $r$ r,715.4 | r266,333 | 5.9 | 3.0 |
| 1993 ....................................... | '26,229 | '289.1 | P4,722.3 | P290,427 | 6.1 | 6.1 |
| 1994 ....................................... | p47,244 | P309.8 | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. |

## P Prelminary $r$ Revised.

n.a. Not available.

1. See footnote 6 in text for more information.
2. For improved comparability with U.S. affiliate gross product, gross product originating in private industries was adjusted to exclude gross product originating in depository institutions and private households, imputed rental income from owner-occupied housing, and business transter payments and subsidies.
3. Because the data on new affiliates include bank affiliates, the percentages shown in this column are biased upward. In all years, the bias is less than 1 percentage point; in most years, it is in the range of less than 0.3 percentage point.

Outlays by foreign direct investors to acquire and establish U.S. business enterprises, either directly or through existing U.S. affiliates, increased 80 percent in 1994, to $\$ 47.2$ billion, following a 71percent increase in 1993 (table 1). Although quite large, these increases followed four consecutive years of decline, and they raised outlays to only about two-thirds the peak level of $\$ 72.7$ billion recorded in 1988. Much of the reduction in outlays that has occurred since 1988 is attributable to sharply reduced new investments from Japan.

The increase in outlays in 1994 reflected stepped-up economic activity in the United States and abroad and coincided with a sharp increase in overall merger and acquisition activity in the
affiliates are derived from BEA's annual and benchmark surveys of foreign direct investment in the United States; preliminary estimates from the most recent survey cover 1993. The operations data, unlike the new investment data, cover only nonbank affiliates. (See the appendix "Sources of Data.")

## CHART 1

Outlays for New Investment in the United States by Foreign Direct Investors, 1980-94 Billions \$



United States. As in the past, most of the new investments were for acquiring existing companies rather than for establishing new companies.

Reflecting both the increase in new investment and the expansion of existing operations, gross product originating in nonbank U.S. affiliates of foreign companies increased 9.0 percent in 1993, to $\$ 290.4$ billion. ${ }^{2}$ The share of total gross product originating in U.S. businesses that was accounted for by affiliates increased to 6.1 percent from 5.9 percent in 1992 (chart 2). The affiliate share had dropped slightly in 1992, following substantial increases in 1986-91 that were largely propelled by the high level of new investment activity in the late 1980's.

Additional highlights of the operations of U.S. affiliates in 1993 are as follows:

- Employment by affiliates edged up in 1993 after declining in 1992. Increases in employment resulting from new investments slightly exceeded decreases in employment from sales and liquidations of foreign ownership interests.

[^24]

- Most of the other measures of affiliate operations-such as total assets, sales, and expenditures for new plant and equipment-also rose in 1993.
- Merchandise imports of affiliates increased more than merchandise exports; these increases were roughly in line with those in total U.S. merchandise exports and imports. Thus, the affiliate shares of the U.S. totals23 percent of exports and 34 percent of imports-were about the same in 1993 as in 1992.
- For the fourth consecutive year, the net income of affiliates was negative; however, the losses in 1993 were substantially less than in 1992, when one-time charges against income were taken to conform to new accounting standards. Profit-type return-operating profits on an economic accounting basiswas positive in both years and was not affected by accounting changes; it increased fivefold in 1993.
- Affiliates with ultimate beneficial owners (Ubo's) in the United Kingdom, Japan, Canada, and Germany accounted for the largest shares of total affiliate gross product in 1993. ${ }^{3}$ Largely as a result of acquisitions, the share of gross product accounted for by affiliates with Canadian ubo's increased substantially, after falling in 1992.
- By industry, affiliate shares of all-U.S.business employment continued to be largest in mining and manufacturing. Reflecting new acquisitions, affiliate shares of employment increased substantially in the mining and transportation industries.
- By State, affiliate shares of business employment were largest in Hawaii, Delaware, South Carolina, and North Carolina. The affiliate share in Hawaii declined slightly to just under 12 percent; the affiliate share in Delaware decreased sharply, to less than 11 percent, following an even larger decrease in 1992.


## New Investment in 1994

Outlays for the acquisition and establishment of U.S. businesses, including both those made

[^25]directly by foreign investors and those made through their existing U.S. affiliates, increased 80 percent in 1994, to $\$ 47.2$ billion, following a $71^{-}$ percent increase in 1993 (table 2). The increase in outlays in 1994 coincided with a sharp increase in overall merger activity in the United States. ${ }^{4}$ More than 90 percent of outlays in 1994 were for the acquisition of existing U.S. companies rather than for the establishment of new U.S. companies.
The increase in outlays in 1994 reflected a number of factors that were conducive to increased foreign direct investment. Continued strong expansion in the U.S. economy increased the profitability of potential acquisition targets and made them more attractive to foreigners. Economic expansion in Western Europe, particularly in the United Kingdom, raised foreign companies' profitability and provided them with additional funds for investment. In addition, the cumulative effect of dollar depreciation against several major currencies-most notably the British pound and the Swiss franc-probably encouraged some foreign investors to invest, or to invest more, in the United States. The dollar also depreciated significantly against the Japanese yen; however, outlays by Japanese investors remained virtually constant, as new investments were constrained by slow economic recovery, reduced corporate profits, and continued liquidity problems in the banking system.
The step-up in outlays in 1994 partly reflected a sharp increase in the average size of investments. The number of investments of $\$ 1$ billion or more quadrupled to eight; four of these investments were $\$ 2$ billion or more, compared with only one in 1993 (table 3). Investments of $\$ 1$ billion or more accounted for 38 percent of total outlays in 1994, compared with 19 percent in 1993; they accounted for four-fifths of the increase in outlays in 1994.

[^26]The four countries with the largest outlays in 1994-the United Kingdom, Switzerland, Canada, and Germany-accounted for two-thirds of the total. Investments from the United Kingdom alone accounted for $\$ 19.0$ billion, or two-fifths of total outlays (table 4). Most of the increase in outlays was accounted for by investments from the United Kingdom and Switzerland. Outlays by Japanese investors decreased for the fourth consecutive year and were only about one-tenth as large as in the peak year of 1990 (chart 3).

By industry, outlays in 1994 were largely in the manufacturing and services industries. Manufacturing alone accounted for $\$ 23.9$ billion, or 51 percent of total outlays. Outlays increased in all industries except petroleum, "finance, except banking," and insurance. Increases were particularly large in manufacturing, services, and "other industries." In manufacturing, most of the increase was accounted for by "other manufacturing" (particularly paper, tobacco, and printing and publishing), food and kindred products, and chemicals and allied products (particularly drugs and toiletries). In services, most of the increase was accounted for by business services (particularly computer and information retrieval services). In "other industries," most of the increase was accounted for by communication

Table 3.-Number of Investments by Size of Outlays, 1988-94

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \& 1988 \& 1989 \& 1990 \& 1991 \& 1992 \& 1993 r \& 1994P \\
\hline Total ..................... \& \multirow[t]{12}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
1,424
5
7
98
429
885 \\
40 \\
78
\end{tabular}} \& \multirow[t]{12}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
\[
\begin{array}{r}
1,580 \\
4 \\
6 \\
110
\end{array}
\]
\[
483
\]
\[
977
\] \\
36 \\
74
\end{tabular}} \& \multirow[t]{12}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
\[
\left.\begin{array}{|r}
1,617 \\
5 \\
6 \\
74 \\
499 \\
1,033
\end{array} \right\rvert\,
\] \\
40
\[
73
\]
\end{tabular}} \& \multirow[t]{12}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
\[
\begin{array}{r}
1,091 \\
1 \\
1 \\
45 \\
273
\end{array}
\]
\[
771
\] \\
12 59
\end{tabular}} \& \multirow[t]{12}{*}{941
0
0
28
252
661

0
0} \& \multirow[t]{12}{*}{980
1
1
47
252
679

19} \& \multirow[t]{6}{*}{$$
\begin{array}{r}
1,025 \\
\because \quad 4 \\
\hdashline \quad 4 \\
72 \\
\because \quad 283 \\
\hdashline 62
\end{array}
$$} <br>

\hline \multirow[t]{5}{*}{| $\$ 2$ billion or more $\qquad$ $\$ 1$ billion- $\$ 1.9$ billion ........ $\$ 100$ million- $\$ 999$ million. $\$ 10$ million- $\$ 99$ million |
| :--- |
| Less than $\$ 10$ million $\qquad$ $\qquad$ |} \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Addenda: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Percent of total outlays \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline accounted for by: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Investrments of \$1 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline billion or more ...... \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 38 <br>
\hline Investments of $\$ 100$ \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 78 <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline $p$ Preliminay. \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

Table 2.-Investment Outlays, Investments, and Investors, 1988-94

|  | Outlays (millions of dollars) |  |  |  |  |  |  | Number |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1988 | 1989 | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 | 1993 r | 1994P | 1988 | 1989 | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 | 1993 r | 1994P |
| Investments, total ............................... | 72,692 | 71,163 | 65,932 | 25,538 | 15,333 | 26,229 | 47,244 | 1,424 | 1,580 | 1,617 | 1,091 | 941 | 980 | 1,025 |
| Acquisitions .......................................... | 64,855 | 59,708 | 55,315 | 17,806 | 10,616 | 21,761 | 43,095 | 869 | 837 | '839 | 561 | 463 | 554 | 753 |
| Establishments .............................. | 7,837 | 11,455 | 10,617 | 7,732 | 4,718 | 4,468 | 4,149 | 555 | 743 | 778 | 530 | 478 | 426 | 272 |
| Investors, total ........................................ | 72,692 | 71,163 | 65,932 | 25,538 | 15,333 | 26,229 | 47,244 | 1,542 | 1,742 | 1,768 | 1,220 | 1,019 | 1,094 | 1,194 |
| Foreign direct investors .................... | 18,569 | 22,538 | 14,026 | 8,885 | 4,058 | 6,720 | 14,640 | 566 | 727 | 670 | 438 | 350 | 368 | 360 |
| U.S. affiliates .................................. | 54,123 | 48,625 | 51,906 | 16,653 | 11,275 | 19,509 | 32,604 | 976 | 1,015 | 1,098 | 782 | 669 | 726 | 834 |

prelliminary.
" Rovised.
and public utilities (particularly telephone and telegraph communications).

The portion of outlays financed with funds from foreign parents, rather than from U.S. or other foreign sources, increased $\$ 16.8$ billion, to $\$ 28.7$ billion. This increase contributed to the sharp overall increase in net capital inflows for fDIUS recorded in the U.S. balance of payments accounts for 1994. ${ }^{5}$.

In contrast to the sharp increase in outlays, the total assets of newly acquired or established affiliates were smaller in 1994 than in 1993-\$75.9 billion in 1994 compared with $\$ 104.4$ billion in 1993 (table 5). The smaller assets mainly re-
5. In addition to outlays from foreign parents to acquire or establish new U.S. affiliates, net capital inflows for fdius in the U.S. balance of payments accounts include foreign parents' financing of their existing U.S. affiliates. In 1994, net capital inflows for fDIUs increased $\$ 38.7$ billion, to $\$ 60.1$ billion. Preliminary estimates of these inflows were published in tables 1 and 5 of "U.S. International Transactions, Fourth Quarter and Year 1994," Survey of Current Business 75 (March 1995): 80 and 87 . Revised estimates will appear in the June 1995 Survey.


Table 4.-Investment Outlays by Industry of U.S. Business Enterprise and by Country of Ultimate Beneficial Owner, 1988-94
[Millions of dollars]

|  | 1988 | 1989 | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 | $1993{ }^{\text {r }}$ | 1994P |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total ........................................................................ | 72,692 | 71,163 | 65,932 | 25,538 | 15,333 | 26,229 | 47,244 |
| By industry: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Petroleum ......................................................................... | 4,740 | 1,189 | 1,141 | 702 | 463 | 882 | 452 |
| Manufacturing .................................................................... | 36,136 | 35,958 | 23,898 | 11,461 | 6,014 | 11,090 | 23,889 |
| Food and kindred products ................................................ | 3,287 | 6,515 | 997 | 1,247 | 404 | 1,294 | 5,218 |
| Chemicals and allied products .......................................... | 2,918 | 11,584 | 7,518 | 2,897 | 1,644 | 5,035 | 7,850 |
| Primary and fabricated metals .i.......................................... | 3,394 | 3,545 | 2,447 | 797 | 1,187 | 1,297 | 1,516 |
| Machinery ..................................................................... | 7,737 | 4,346 | 3,795 | 4,929 | 1,002 | 1,778 | 2,308 |
| Other manufacturing ......................................................... | 18,800 | 9,969 | 9,141 | 1,591 | 1,778 | 1,686 | 6,996 |
| Wholesale trade. | 2,454 | 2,634 | 1,676 | 623 | 698 | 837 | 2,109 |
| Retail trade .... | 8,022 | 1,861 | 1,250 | 1,605 | 256 | 1,495 | 1,732 |
| Banking ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1,800 | 349 | 897 | 482 | 529 | 958 | 2,313 |
| Finance, except banking ${ }^{1}$..................................................... | 972 | 4,186 | 2,121 | 2,199 | 797 | 1,599 | 635 |
| Insurance ........................................................................... | 5,855 | 1,901 | 2,093 | 2,102 | 291 | 1,105 | 277 |
| Real estate ........................................................................ | 3,518 | 6,438 | 7,771 | 3,823 | 2,161 | 1,883 | 1,963 |
| Services ........................................................................... | 5,597 | 10,058 | 19,369 | 2,256 | 2,023 | 4,162 | 7,995 |
| Other industries ...................................................................... | 3,597 | 6,587 | 5,716 | 284 | 2,101 | 2,218 | 5,879 |
| By country ${ }^{2}$ : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada ............................................................................ | 11,360 | 4,403 | 3,430 | 3,454 | 1,351 | 3,797 | 3,640 |
| Europe ............................................................................. | 37,173 | 40,724 | 36,011 | 13,994 | 8,344 | 16,845 | 34,475 |
| France | 4,199 | 3,469 | 10,217 | 4,976 | 406 | 1,249 | 1,335 |
| Germany ${ }^{3}$................................................................... | 2,090 | 2,435 | 2,363 | 1,922 | 1,964 | 2,841 | 3,578 |
| Netherlands .................................................................. | 2,214 | 3,629 | 2,247 | 1,661 | 1,331 | 2,074 | 1,346 |
| Switzerland ................................................................... | 2,063 | 4,923 | 3,905 | 1,327 | 1,259 | 804 | 5,669 |
| United Kingdom .............................................................. | 22,559 | 23,047 | 13,096 | 2,169 | 2,255 | 8,238 | 18,987 |
| Other Europe ................................................................. | 4,048 | 3,221 | 4,183 | 1,939 | 1,129 | 1,639 | 3,560 |
| Latin America and Other Western Hemisphere .......................... | (D) | 1,084 | 796 | 375 | 1,438 | 874 | 1,507 |
| South and Central America ............................................... | (D) | 650 | 399 | 108 | 1,152 | 527 | 1,142 |
| Other Western Hemisphere ............................................... | 187 | 434 | 397 | 267 | 286 | 347 | 365 |
| Africa ................................................................................ | 296 | (D) | (D) | (D) | (D) | (D) | (D) |
| Middle East ....................................................................... | 1,613 | 243 | 472 | 1,006 | 238 | 1,308 | (D) |
| Asia and Pacific .................................................................. | 21,819 | 24,530 | 23,170 | 6,560 | 3,716 | 3,004 | 4,448 |
| Australia ........................................................................ | 4,556 | 4,574 | 1,412 | 251 | 164 | 129 | 1,308 |
| Japan .......................................................................... | 16,188 | 17,410 | 19,933 | 5,357 | 2,921 | 2,065 | 2,044 |
| Other Asia and Pacific ...................................................... | 1,075 | 2,546 | 1,825 | 952 | 631 | 810 | 1,096 |
|  | (D) | (D) | (D) | (P) | (D) | (P) | 76 |
| Addenda: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| European Union ${ }^{5}$............................................................... | 33,737 | 33,869 | 30,741 | 12,007 | 6,862 | 15,747 | 26,886 |
| OPEC ${ }^{6}$............................................................................ | 1,919 | 430 | 387 | 1,119 | 458 | 600 | 307 |

[^27]no effect on the data because, prior to 1991, there were no U.S. affiliates of the former GDR. 4. See footnote 3 in text for explanation.
5. Prior to 1993, the European Union was known as European Communities (12), consisting of Belgium, Denmark, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Por-
tugal, Spain, and the United Kingdom. At the beginning of 1995 , the Union was enlarged to intugal, Spain, and the United Kingdom. At the beginning of 1995, the Union was enlarged to in-
clude Austria, Finiand, and Sweden, but data for these countries are not included in this line. clude Austria, Finiand, and Sweden, but data for these countries are not included in this line. 6. OPEC, the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries, comprises Algeria, Gabon, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Nigeria, Qatar, Saud Arabia, the United Arab Emirates, and Ven-
ezuela. Before January 1,1993 , Ecuador was also a member of OPEC; its data are included ezuela. Before January, 1, 1993, Ecuador was also a member of OPEC; its data are included
in this line through 1992.
flected large acquisitions in 1993, but not in 1994, in industries-particularly "finance, except banking" and insurance-in which assets tend to be large in relation to owners' equity. U.S. affiliates that were newly acquired or established in 1994, nearly all of which were nonbank affiliates, employed 310,000 persons, up from 289,000 in 1993. Manufacturing accounted for the largest share of employment ( 37 percent); "other industries"-particularly communication and public utilities-also accounted for a large share ( 22 percent).

## Affiliate Operations in 1993

Reflecting the increase in new investment activity, the rate of growth in most measures of the operations of nonbank U.S. affiliates picked up substantially in 1993. Total assets of affiliates increased 12 percent to more than $\$ 2$ trillion (table 6). The gross product of affiliates increased 9 percent-the largest rate of increase since 1989-and sales increased 6 percent. Partly in response to improved business conditions, expenditures on new plant and equipment increased 4 percent after dropping 12 percent in 1992.

Employment by affiliates edged up in 1993, following a 3-percent decline in 1992 (chart 4), as increases due to new investments slightly exceeded decreases due to sales and liquidations of affiliates. New investments added 248,000 employees ${ }^{6}$-compared with only 102,000 employees

[^28]in 1992-whereas sales and liquidations reduced employment by 242,000 (table 7). Other sources of change had little net effect on employment by affiliates: Increases due to expansions in existing operations were roughly balanced by decreases due to cutbacks.
In 1993, U.S. merchandise exports shipped by affiliates increased 1 percent, and U.S. merchandise imports shipped to affiliates increased 8 percent. For both exports and imports, the rate of increase was slightly below that for the corresponding all-U.S. total. In 1993, affiliates accounted for 23 percent of total U.S. merchandise exports and 34 percent of total U.S. merchandise imports, about the same shares as in 1992. Most of the merchandise trade by affiliates- 53 percent of the exports and 59 percent of the importswas by wholesale trade affiliates, which typically function as distribution agents, buying and reselling the goods they export or import with little or no further processing or assembly.

## Gross product

In 1993, gross product originating in affiliates increased 9 percent to $\$ 290.4$ billion, following an increase of only 3 percent in 1992. Constantdollar estimates of affiliate gross product are not available, but a rough adjustment for the effects of inflation suggests that the increases in real terms were about 1-2 percent lower than the current-dollar increases in each year. ${ }^{7}$ With or

[^29]Table 5.-Selected Operating Data of U.S. Business Enterprises Acquired or Established, by Industry of U.S. Business Enterprise, 1993

|  | $1993{ }^{\text {r }}$ |  |  |  |  | 1994P |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Millions of dollars |  |  | Number of employees | Number of hectares of land owned ${ }^{1}$ | Millions of dollars |  |  | Number of employees | Number of hectares of land owned ${ }^{1}$ |
|  | Total assets | Sales | Net income |  |  | Total assets | Sales | Net income |  |  |
| All industries .................................................... | 104,367 | 52,882 | -1,934 | 289,057 | 121,573 | 75,937 | 59,889 | 1,241 | 309,763 | 497,443 |
| Petroleum | 1,896 | (D) | (D) | (D) | (D) | 1,253 | (D) | 4 | (D) | 278 |
| Manufacturing .............................................................. | 15,194 | 14,066 | (D) | 80,617 | 10,904 | 25,605 | 23,885 | 391 | 113,417 | (D) |
| Wholesale trade ........................................................... | 1,050 | (D) | 31 | 5,835 | 377 | 2,520 | 3,867 | (D) | 6,894 | (D) |
| Retail trade ................................................................. | ( ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | (D) | 29 | (P) | (D) | 3,188 | 8,207 | (D) | (D) | 344 |
| Banking ...................................................................... | 10,295 | 811 | -43 | (D) | (D) | 14,286 | (D) | (D) | (D) | (D) |
| Finance, except banking ................................................. | 19,674 | 1,073 | ( ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | 2,879 | (D) | 1,926 | 234 | 2 | (D) | 0 |
| Insurance .................................................................... | 11,220 | (D) | (D) | (1) | (D) | 1,303 | (D) | 5 | (D) | (D) |
| Real estate .................................................................... | (D) | 225 | 14 | 189 | 4,760 | 3,420 | (D) | 20 | (D) | 5,543 |
| Services ........................................................................ | (D) | 13,292 | 17 | 70,645 | 1,580 | 5,907 | 3,351 | -49 | 31,342 | 2,228 |
| Other industries ............................................................... | 10,171 | 9,123 | (D) | 62,466 | (P) | 16,527 | (P) | 608 | 68,831 | 49,349 |
| $p$ Preliminary. <br> ${ }^{r}$ Revised. <br> ${ }^{\text {D }}$ Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies. <br> 1. One hectare equals 2.471 acres. Thus, for all industries, the numb | acres | Id ow | in 1993 NoTE ing yea operatio | and 1994 wer <br> .-For newly <br> ar. For newly ns. | $\text { e } 300,407$ <br> acquired bus established | $1,229,181$ <br> sses, data businesses | spectively aver the mos data are | st recently rojections | completed fin or the first | ncial report- <br> ull year of |

without an adjustment, the rate of increase in 1993 was the largest since 1989.

Much of the increase in affiliate gross product represented new foreign acquisitions of existing U.S. companies rather than increased production within the borders of the United States. ${ }^{8}$ Some of the largest acquisitions (as well as some of the largest selloffs) in 1993 were of minority ownership shares. Although their share was down slightly from 1992, majority-owned affiliates continued to account for more than three-fourths of the gross product of all U.S. affiliates.

By industry.-Affiliates in manufacturing accounted for almost one-half of the gross product of affiliates in 1993 (table 8), a share much larger than manufacturing's share of total U.S. private-industry gross product. ${ }^{9}$ However, the concentration of U.S. affiliate production in man-
8. Changes in affiliate gross product may reflect either changes in the production of existing affiliates or changes in foreign ownership due to new investments or selloffs.
9. ben's most recent data on gross product by industry indicate that manufacturing accounted for about one-fifth of the gross product originating in U.S. private industries in 1993. See "Gross Product by Industry, 1993," Survey 75 (April 1995): 47.


Table 6.-Selected Data of Nonbank U.S. Affiliates of Foreign Direct Investors, 1977-93

|  | Millions of dollars |  |  |  | Thousands of employees | Millions of dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gross product | Sales | Net income | Employee compensation |  | Total assets | Gross property, plant, and equipment | Expenditures for new plant and equipment | Research and de-velopment ex-penditures | U.S. merchandise exports shipped by affiliates |  | U.S. merchandise imports shipped to affiliates |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total | Of which: To the foreign parent group | Total | Of which: From the foreign parent group |
| 1977 | 35,222 | 193,991 | 3,966 | 18,781 | 1,218.7 | 143,488 | 66,785 | 7,558 | 933 | 24,858 | 11,691 | 43,896 | 30,878 |
| 1978 | 42,920 | 241,543 | 4,843 | 24,225 | 1,429.9 | 181,187 | 80,683 | 9,318 | 1,230 | 32,169 | 16,570 | 56,567 | 39,466 |
| 1979 | 55,424 | 327,870 | 7,301 | 31,886 | 1,753.2 | 228,556 | 101,209 | 11,150 | 1,584 | 44,341 | 22,073 | 63,039 | 45,295 |
| 1980 | 70,906 | 412,390 | 8,759 | 40,047 | 2,033.9 | 291,339 | 127,838 | 16,891 | 1,946 | 52,199 | 20,983 | 75,803 | 47,010 |
| 1981 | 98,828 | 510,218 | 11,234 | 54,798 | 2,416.6 | 406,985 | 187,956 | 26,716 | 3,110 | 64,066 | 26,911 | 82,259 | 52,196 |
| 1882 | 103,489 | 518,087 | 3,830 | 61,487 | 2,448.1 | 476,439 | 225,235 | 28,068 | 3,744 | 60,236 | 25,024 | 84,290 | 51,915 |
| 1983 | 111,490 | 536,640 | 5,584 | 66,807 | 2,546.5 | 531,738 | 244,012 | 23,179 | 4,164 | 53,854 | 22,577 | 81,464 | 54,802 |
| 1984 | 128,761 | 593,571 | 9,605 | 73,155 | 2,714.3 | 602,522 | 269,462 | 25,225 | 4,738 | 58,186 | 27,072 | 100,489 | 70,451 |
| 1985 ............................. | 134,852 | 632,983 | 5,398 | 79,933 | 2,862.2 | 741,077 | 295,181 | 28,919 | 5,240 | 56,401 | 25,900 | 113,331 | 81,740 |
| 1986 ............................ | 142,120 | 672,004 | 2,458 | 86,492 | 2,937.9 | 838,039 | 320,215 | 28,516 | 5,804 | 49,560 | 21,873 | 125,732 | 93,418 |
| 1987 | 157,869 | 744,617 | 7,820 | 96,009 | 3,224.3 | 943,654 | 353,278 | 33,035 | 6,521 | 48,091 | 19,109 | 143,537 | 108,201 |
| 1988 | 190,384 | 886,407 | 12,049 | 119,588 | 3,844.2 | 1,200,823 | 418,069 | 44,322 | 7,834 | 69,541 | 26,425 | 155,533 | 118,362 |
| 1989 | 223,420 | 1,056,645 | 9,286 | 144,158 | 4,511.5 | 1,431,315 | 489,461 | 55,164 | 9,465 | 86,316 | 34,276 | 171,847 | 129,926 |
| 1990 ............................. | 239,279 | 1,175,857 | -4,535 | 163,592 | 4,734.5 | 1,550,238 | 578,355 | 69,580 | 11,522 | 92,308 | 37,764 | 182,936 | 137,458 |
| 1991 ............................. | 257,634 | 1,185,858 | -11,078 | 175,969 | 4,871.9 | 1,752,628 | 640,140 | 69,816 | 11,872 | 96,933 | 42,222 | 178,702 | 132,166 |
| 1992 r | 266,333 | 1,231,972 | -21,331 | 182,079 | 4,715.4 | 1,825,219 | 660,826 | 61,366 | 13,695 | 103,925 | 48,767 | 184,464 | 137,799 |
| 1993P ........................... | 290,427 | 1,302,131 | -9,862 | 190,304 | 4,722.3 | 2,049,263 | 703,972 | 63,721 | 14,618 | 105,088 | 47,166 | 198,469 | 148,540 |
| Percent change from preceding year: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1984 ......................... | 15.5 | 10.6 | 72.0 | 9.5 | 6.6 | 13.3 | 10.4 | 8.8 | 13.8 | 8.0 | 19.9 | 23.4 | 28.6 |
| 1985 .......................... | 4.7 | 6.6 | -43.8 | 9.3 | 5.4 | 23.0 | 9.5 | 14.6 | 10.6 | -3.1 | -4.3 | 12.8 | 16.0 |
| 1986 .......................... | 5.4 | 6.2 | -54.5 | 8.2 | 2.6 | 13.1 | 8.5 | -1.4 | 10.8 | -12.1 | -15.5 | 10.9 | 14.3 |
| 1987 .......................... | 11.1 | 10.8 | 218.1 | 11.0 | 9.7 | 12.6 | 10.3 | 15.8 | 12.4 | -3.0 | -12.6 | 14.2 | 15.8 |
| 1988 .......................... | 20.6 | 19.0 | 54.1 | 24.6 | 19.2 | 27.3 | 18.3 | 34.2 | 20.1 | 44.6 | 38.3 | 8.4 | 9.4 |
| 1989 .......................... | 17.4 | 19.2 | -22.9 | 20.5 | 17.4 | 19.2 | 17.1 | 24.5 | 20.8 | 24.1 | 29.7 | 10.5 | 9.8 |
| 1990 .......................... | 7.1 | 11.3 | n.m | 13.5 | 4.9 | 8.3 | 18.2 | 26.1 | 21.7 | 6.9 | 10.2 | 6.5 | 5.8 |
| 1991 .......................... | 7.7 | . 9 | n.m | 7.6 | 2.9 | 13.1 | 10.7 | . 3 | 3.0 | 5.0 | 11.8 | -2.3 | -3.8 |
| 1992 .......................... | 3.4 | 3.9 | n.m | 3.5 | -3.2 | 4.1 | 3.2 | -12.1 | 15.4 | 7.2 | 15.5 | 3.2 | 4.3 |
| 1993 .......................... | 9.0 | 5.7 | n.m | 4.5 | . 1 | 12.3 | 6.5 | 3.8 | 6.7 | 1.1 | -3.3 | 7.6 | 7.8 |

p Preliminary.
$r$ Revised.
n.m. Not meaningful.
ufacturing is consistent with the industry distribution of gross product by the foreign affiliates of U.S. multinational companies: In 1992, manufacturing accounted for slightly more than one-half of the gross product of foreign affiliates of U.S. companies. ${ }^{10}$ Direct investment in general may be more concentrated in manufacturing than in services or other industries due to a greater presence in manufacturing of scale economies and of production processes that can be standardized across national boundaries. In addition, foreign direct investment in some service industries (such as legal services) may be constrained because a high degree of knowledge of the local language, culture, and business environment typically is required to compete effectively with domestically owned businesses.
Manufacturing's share of U.S. affiliate gross product dipped slightly in 1993. Within manufacturing, the food industry's share of affiliate gross product decreased substantially, and the shares of printing and publishing and of motor vehicles and equipment increased.
10. The figure for foreign affiliates covers only those affiliates that are majority- owned by U.S. direct investors. See "U.S. Multinational Companies: Operations in 1992," SURVEY 74 (June 1994): 62.

Outside manufacturing, the transportation and service industries' shares of affiliate gross product increased. The transportation industry's share

Table 7.-Sources of Change in Nonbank U.S. Affiliate Employment, 1989-93
[Number of employees]

| Line |  | 1989 | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 | 1993 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Change in total affiliate employment ............ | 667,269 | 222,991 | 137,464 | -156,548 | 6,896 |
|  | Change in employment of large affliliates resulting from: |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | New investments ................................. | 596,638 | 481,574 | 291,070 | 101,739 | 247,954 |
| 3 | Expansions of existing operations ............... | 125,066 | 107,892 | 107,364 | 141,100 | 90,014 |
| 4 | Sales or liquidations of businesses .............. | -123,217 | -354,130 | -152,217 | $-316,200$ | -241,756 |
| 5 | Cutbacks in existing operations .................. | -68,608 | -126,502 | -136,407 | -132,229 | -91,450 |
| 6 | Combinations of new investments and sales or liquidations of businesses $\qquad$ | 76,719 | -16,924 | -9,620 | -18,041 | -11,299 |
| 7 | Change not accounted for in lines 2-6......... | 60,671 | 131,081 | 37,274 | 67,083 | 13,433 |

NOTE.-Lines $2-6$ cover large affiliates-that is, affiliates with more than 500 employees. Coverage is limited to large affiliates because a substantial number of small affiliates changed their organizational structures and in such cases it is particularly dificult determine the reasons for the changes.
All of the change in an affiliate's employment is shown on one line, even if the change was not entirely attributable to that ractor, because it was impossible to disaggregate the change in an affiliate's employment by source of change.
Employment of new affiliates was classified in "new investments," and employment of affiliates that were liquidated or sold was classified in "sales and liquidations." For all other affiliates, classification depended on (1) whether the affiliate's employment increased or decreased, (2) whether the affiliate acquired another business during the year, or (3) whether the affiliate sold a business or business segment during the year.
Line 2 equals the yearend employment of affiliates that were acquired or established during the year pius the change in employment of existing affiliates that had an increase in employment and had acquired another U.S. business during the year.
Line 3 equals the change in employment of affiliates that did not acquire another U.S. business but had an increase in employment.
Line 4 equals the employment at the end of the prior year of affliates that were liquidated or sold during the year plus the change in employment of affiliates that had a decine in employment and sold a business or business segment during the year.
Line 5 equals the change in employment of affiliates that did not sell a business or business segment but had a dedine in employment.
Line 6 equals the change in employment of affiliates that both acquired and sold a business or business segment during the year.
Line 7 equals the change in employment of large atfiliates not accounted for in lines $2-6$ plus all changes in employment for affiliates with tewer than 500 employees. It includes changes resulting from the addition to the survey universe of affilates that were required to report in earlier years but did not.

Table 8.-Gross Product of Nonbank U.S. Affiliates by Industry of Affiliate, 1988-93

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \& \multicolumn{6}{|c|}{Millions of dollars} \& \multicolumn{6}{|c|}{Percent of all-industries total} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Addendum: Percent change
in affiliate gross 1992-93} \\
\hline \& 1988 \& 1989 \& 1990 \& 1991 \& 1992 \& 1993 \& 1988 \& 1989 \& 1990 \& 1991 \& 1992 \& 1993 \& \\
\hline All Industries ....................................................................................... \& 190,384 \& 223,420 \& 239,279 \& 257,634 \& 266,333 \& 290,427 \& 100.0 \& 100.0 \& 100.0 \& 100.0 \& 100.0 \& 100.0 \& 9.0 \\
\hline Petroleum ............................................................................................ \& 21,448 \& 24,216 \& 26,678 \& 24,705 \& 25,553 \& 26,092 \& 11.3 \& 10.8 \& 11.1 \& 9.6 \& 9.6 \& 9.0 \& 2.1 \\
\hline Manufacturing ...................................................................................... \& 90,877 \& 109,198 \& 119,849 \& 125,934 \& 134,127 \& 143,587 \& 47.7 \& 48.9 \& 50.1 \& 48.9 \& 50.4 \& 49.4 \& 7.1 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Food and kindred products \(\qquad\) \\
Chemicals and allied products \(\qquad\)
\end{tabular} \& 7,991

28,215 \& 9,917
32,354 \& 11,243
37,217 \& 12,260
38,996 \& 12,283
41,940 \& 11,673
44,310 \& 4.2
14.8 \& 4.4
14.5 \& 4.7
15.6 \& $\begin{array}{r}4.8 \\ 15.1 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& $\begin{array}{r}4.6 \\ 15.7 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& $\begin{array}{r}4.0 \\ 15.3 \\ \hline 1.3\end{array}$ \& -5.0
5.7 <br>
\hline  \& 5,149 \& 6,998 \& 8,436 \& 8,568 \& 8,710 \& 9,717 \& 2.7 \& 3.1 \& 3.5 \& 3.3 \& 3.3 \& 3.3 \& 11.6 <br>
\hline Fabricated metal products ......................................................................... \& 5,248 \& 8,653 \& 6,186 \& 6,305 \& 6,310 \& 6,897 \& 2.8 \& 3.9 \& 2.6 \& 2.4 \& 2.4 \& 2.4 \& 9.3 <br>
\hline Machinery, except electrical \& 7,642 \& 10,937 \& 10,257 \& 10,455 \& 10,160 \& 11,161 \& 4.0 \& 4.9 \& 4.3 \& 4.1 \& 3.8 \& 3.8 \& 9.8 <br>
\hline Electric and electronic equipment ............................................................... \& 10.450 \& 10,887 \& 13,091 \& 14,370 \& 15,694 \& 16,314 \& 5.5 \& 4.9 \& 5.5 \& 5.6 \& 5.9 \& 5.6 \& 3.9 <br>
\hline Paper and allied products ... \& 2,921 \& 2,994 \& 3,240 \& 3,627 \& 3,513 \& 3,767 \& 1.5 \& 1.3 \& 1.4 \& 1.4 \& 1.3 \& 1.3 \& 7.2 <br>
\hline Printing and publishing ................................................................................ \& 3,730 \& 4,236 \& 5,631 \& 5,528 \& 6,054 \& 7,448 \& 2.0 \& 1.9 \& 2.4 \& 2.1 \& 2.3 \& 2.6 \& 23.0 <br>
\hline Rubber and plastics products \& 3,350 \& 3,810 \& 5,149 \& 4,296 \& 5,459 \& 5,943 \& 1.8 \& 1.7 \& 2.2 \& 1.7 \& 2.0 \& 2.0 \& 8.9 <br>
\hline Stone, clay, and glass products ................................................................... \& 5,281 \& 5,918 \& 5,757 \& 5,691 \& 6,215 \& 6,394 \& 2.8 \& 2.6 \& 2.4 \& 2.2 \& 2.3 \& 2.2 \& 2.9 <br>
\hline Motor vehicles and equipment ....................................................................... \& 1,227 \& 1,669 \& 2.616 \& 3,191 \& 2,659 \& 3,721 \& . 6 \& 7 \& 1.1 \& 1.2 \& 1.0 \& 1.3 \& 39.9 <br>
\hline Instruments and related products .......................... \& 2,729 \& 3,211 \& 4,234 \& 5,498 \& 6,100 \& 6,708 \& 1.4 \& 1.4 \& 1.8 \& 2.1 \& 2.3 \& 2.3 \& 10.0 <br>
\hline Other manufacturing ...................................................................................... \& 6,944 \& 7,612 \& 6.792 \& 7,148 \& 9,029 \& 9,534 \& 3.6 \& 3.4 \& 2.8 \& 2.8 \& 3.4 \& 3.3 \& 5.6 <br>
\hline Wholosale trade ...................................................................................... \& 21,527 \& 23,455 \& 24,516 \& 28,451 \& 31,000 \& 33,096 \& 11.3 \& 10.5 \& 10.2 \& 11.0 \& 11.6 \& 11.4 \& 6.8 <br>
\hline Motor vehicles and equipment ........................................................................... \& 6,110 \& 6,125 \& 6,507 \& 8,157 \& 7,866 \& 8,929 \& 3.2 \& 2.7 \& 2.7 \& 3.2 \& 3.0 \& 3.1 \& 13.5 <br>
\hline  \& 15,417 \& 17,330 \& 18,009 \& 20,294 \& 23,134 \& 24,167 \& 8.1 \& 7.8 \& 7.5 \& 7.9 \& 8.7 \& 8.3 \& 4.5 <br>
\hline Retall trade ............................................................................................... \& 13,889 \& 16,273 \& 17,078 \& 21,441 \& 19,896 \& 21,879 \& 7.3 \& 7.3 \& 7.1 \& 8.3 \& 7.5 \& 7.5 \& 10.0 <br>
\hline Finance, except banking ${ }^{1}$............................................................................ \& 9,252 \& 10,816 \& 3,442 \& 4,034 \& 3,222 \& 2,370 \& 4.9 \& 4.8 \& 1.4 \& 1.6 \& 1.2 \& . 8 \& -26.5 <br>
\hline Insurance ........................................................................................................... \& 5,304 \& 3,959 \& 5,835 \& 6,789 \& 5,666 \& 7,196 \& 2.8 \& 1.8 \& 2.4 \& 2.6 \& 2.1 \& 2.5 \& 27.0 <br>
\hline Real estate ........................................................................................................ \& 5,209 \& 6,530 \& 6,763 \& 7,039 \& 6,390 \& 6,794 \& 2.7 \& 2.9 \& 2.8 \& 2.7 \& 2.4 \& 2.3 \& 6.3 <br>
\hline Services .................................................................................................... \& 11,153 \& 13,275 \& 17,533 \& 18,362 \& 20,260 \& 23,549 \& 5.9 \& 5.9 \& 7.3 \& 7.1 \& 7.6 \& 8.1 \& 16.2 <br>
\hline Hotels and other lodging places ..................................................................... \& 1,558 \& 1,930 \& 2,737 \& 3,276 \& 3,383 \& 3,716 \& . 8 \& 9 \& 1.1 \& 1.3 \& 1.3 \& 1.3 \& 9.8 <br>
\hline Business services ............................................................................... \& 5,367 \& 6,131 \& 7,489 \& 7,756 \& 8,953 \& 7,950 \& 2.8 \& 2.7 \& 3.1 \& 3.0 \& 3.4 \& 2.7 \& - 11.2 <br>
\hline Motion pictures, including television tape and fimm ... \& 567 \& 830 \& 2,163 \& 1,559 \& 1,995 \& 4,286 \& . 3 \& . 4 \& . 9 \& . 6 \& . 7 \& 1.5 \& 114.8 <br>
\hline Other ............................................................................................. \& 3.661 \& 4,384 \& 5,144 \& 5,771 \& 5,928 \& 7,598 \& 1.9 \& 2.0 \& 2.1 \& 2.2 \& 2.2 \& 2.6 \& 28.2 <br>
\hline Mining .................................................................................................. \& 2,534 \& 3,255 \& 3,495 \& 4,848 \& 5,527 \& 4,876 \& 1.3 \& 1.5 \& 1.5 \& 1.9 \& 2.1 \& 1.7 \& -11.8 <br>
\hline Constructlon ................................................................................................. \& 2,094 \& 3,014 \& 4,014 \& 3,999. \& 3,230 \& 3,970 \& 1.1 \& 1.3 \& 1.7 \& 1.6 \& 1.2 \& 1.4 \& 22.9 <br>
\hline Transportation ....................................... \& 5,582 \& 7,566 \& 7,361 \& 8,182 \& 7,609 \& 12,606 \& 2.9 \& 3.4 \& 3.1 \& 3.6 \& 2.9 \& 4.3 \& 65.7 <br>
\hline Other Industries .............................................................................................. \& 1,515 \& 1,862 \& 2,716 \& 2,849 \& 3,854 \& 4,414 \& . 8 \& . 8 \& 1.1 \& 1.1 \& 1.4 \& 1.5 \& 14.5 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

1. Affiliate data for 1988-91 include, but data for 1992-93 exclude, savings institutions and credit unions.
of affiliate gross product increased sharply to 4.3 percent after declining in 1992. The increase was mainly due to acquisitions in the airline industry. In accordance with the legal restrictions on foreign ownership in the domestic air transport industry, the acquisitions were of ownership shares of no more than 25 percent.

The share of affiliate gross product in services increased to 8.1 percent, continuing an uptrend. The increase mainly reflected new investment in the motion picture industry.

By country.-In 1993, affiliates with ubo's in the largest four investing countries-the United Kingdom, Japan, Canada, and Germanycontinued to account for more than 60 percent of the gross product of all affiliates (table 9).

The share of Canadian-owned affiliates increased substantially, to 14.2 percent, after declining in 1992. Much of the increase was accounted for by acquisitions of minority-ownership interests in companies in the airline, motion picture, and publishing industries. The share of German-
owned affiliates also increased, to 11.3 percent, continuing an uptrend.

In contrast, the share of British-owned affiliates dropped slightly, to 20.9 percent. By country of ubo, British-owned affiliates have accounted for the largest share of affiliate gross product since at least 1977, the first year for which annual data on U.S. affiliate operations were collected.

The gross product share of Japanese-owned affiliates also dipped slightly, to 15.8 percent. Despite the falloff since 1990 in new direct investment from Japan, the share accounted for by Japanese-owned affiliates was larger in 1993 than in any year before 1992, reflecting expanded production by existing affiliates.

## Share of the economy

In 1993, affiliates accounted for 6.1 percent of the total U.S. gross product originating in private industries, up from 5.9 percent in 1992 (table 1 ). Except for a slight dip in 1992, the affiliate share has increased every year since 1985. In contrast,

Table 9.-Gross Product of Nonbank U.S. Affiliates by Country of Ultimate Beneficial Owner, 1988-93

|  | Millions of dollars |  |  |  |  |  | Percent of all-countries total |  |  |  |  |  | Addendum: Percent changein attiliate gross 1992-93 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1988 | 1989 | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 | 1993 | 1988 | 1989 | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 | 1993 |  |
| All countries .................................................................................... | 190,384 | 223,420 | 239,279 | 257,634 | 266,333 | 290,427 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 9.0 |
| Canada ............................................................................................... | 35,384 | 35,984 | 38,304 | 39,289 | 33,479 | 41,307 | 18.6 | 16.1 | 16.0 | 15.3 | 12.6 | 14.2 | 23.4 |
|  | 111,522 | 129,952 | 139,824 | 149,305 | 161,226 | 170,635 | 58.6 | 58.2 | 58.4 | 58.0 | 60.5 | 58.8 | 5.8 |
| Belgium | 3,542 | 3,502 | 3,108 | 2,879 | 3,725 | 3,737 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 1.4 | 1.3 | . 3 |
| Denmark ................................................................................................ | 685 | 892 | 1,014 | 1,155 | 1,143 | 1,606 | . 4 | . 4 | . 4 | . 4 | . 4 | . 6 | 40.5 |
| Finland ................................................................................................. | 370 | 431 | 940 | 17,071 | 1,262 | 1,632 | . 2 | . 2 | . 4 | . 4 | . 5 | . 6 | 29.4 |
| France ..................................................................................................... | 10,828 | 13,226 | 14,934 | 17,132 | 18,899 | 20,090 | 5.7 | 5.9 | 6.2 | 6.6 | 7.1 | 6.9 | 6.3 |
|  | 17,905 | 20,844 | 24,133 | 25,733 | 28,716 | 32,885 | 9.4 | 9.3 | 10.1 | 10.0 | 10.8 | 11.3 | 14.5 |
| Ireland ........................................................................................................ | 1,552 | 1,792 | 1,702 | 1,695 | 1.852 | 1,664 | 8 | 8 | 76 |  | 7 | . 6 | -10.2 |
| Italy <br> Netherlands | 1,574 17,517 | 1,172 19,120 | -1,404 | $\begin{array}{r}2,081 \\ \hline 18,607\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 2, } \\ \text { 19,658 } \\ \hline 18\end{array}$ | 2,665 20,506 | 98888 | 8.5 | 7.6 | 7.8 | 7.9 7.4 | 7.9 | 15.0 4.3 |
| Sweden ...................................................................................................................... | 4,561 | 4,823 | 4,861 | 6,787 | 7,053 | 5,976 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.1 | -15.3 |
|  | 10,589 | 14,441 | 14,604 | 15,290 | 17,117 | 16,201 | 5.6 | 6.5 | 6.1 | 5.9 | 6.4 | 5.6 | -5.3 |
| United Kingdom ................................................................................................. | 40,048 | 47,249 | 53,259 | 55,017 | 57,412 | 60,708 | 21.0 | 21.1 | 22.3 | 21.4 | 21.6 | 20.9 | 5.7 |
| Other .................................................................................................... | 2,351 | 2,460 | 1,610 | 1,857 | 2,072 | 2,963 | 1.2 | 1.1 | . 7 | . 7 | . 8 | 1.0 | 43.0 |
| Latin America and Other Western Hemisphere ................................................ | 7,119 | 8,584 | 8,639 | 9,137 | 8,739 | 10,122 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.3 | 3.5 | 15.8 |
| Mexico .................................................................................................... | 122 | 509 | 723 | 776 | 1,109 | 1,308 | . 1 | . 2 | . 3 | . 3 | . 4 | . 5 | 18.0 |
| Panama ................. | 1,476 | 3,036 | 1,356 | 1,489 | 1,638 | 1,576 | 8 | 1.4 | . 6 | . 6 | . 6 | . 5 | -3.8 |
| Venezuela ....................................................................................... | 1,609 | 1,725 | 2,283 | 2,669 | 3,124 | 3,712 | . 8 | . 8 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 18.8 |
| Bermuda ................................................................................................ | 1,072 | 1,042 | 1,385 | 1,398 | 1,153 | 1,218 | . 6 | . 5 | . 6 | . 5 | . 4 | . 4 | 5.6 |
| Netherlands Antilles ......................................................................................... | 1,025 | 1,033 | 1,285 | 1,368 | 1,071 | 1,320 | . 5 | . 5 | . 5 | . 5 | . 4 | . 5 | 23.3 |
| Other .................................................................................................... | 1,815 | 1,247 | 1,606 | 1,437 | 645 | 987 | 1.0 | . 6 | . 7 | . 6 | . 2 | . 3 | 53.0 |
| Aitrica .................................................................................................... | 1,289 | 1,195 | 1,260 | 1,241 | 1,267 | 1,349 | . 7 | . 5 | . 5 | . 5 | . 5 | . 5 | 6.4 |
| Middle East ............................................................................................................. | 2,608 | 4,225 | 3,142 | 3,919 | 3,460 | 4,588 | 1.4 | 1.9 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.6 | 32.6 |
| Saudi Arabia .......................................................................................... | 1,274 | 2,881 | 2,009 | 2.493 | 2,117 | 2,988 | . 7 | 1.3 | 8 | 1.0 | . 8 | 1.0 | 41.1 |
| Other ...................................................................................................... | 1,334 | 1,344 | 1,133 | 1,426 | 1,343 | 1,600 | . 7 | . 6 | . 5 | . 6 | . 5 | . 6 | 19.2 |
| Asla and Pacific ................................................................................. | 30,423 | 41,655 | 46,269 | 52,551 | 54,318 | 58,090 | 16.0 | 18.6 | 19.3 | 20.4 | 20.4 | 20.0 | 6.9 |
| Australia ........................................................................................................... | 4,127 | 7,399 | 8,096 | 8,809 | 8,101 | 8,145 | 2.2 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.0 | 2.8 | . 5 |
| Hong Kong ....................................................................................................... |  |  |  |  | 1,056 | 1,205 | . $2^{4}{ }^{6}$ | ${ }^{13} 9$ | . 3 | . 4.5 | . 4 | . 4 | 14.1 |
|  | 24,014 1,494 | 31,498 2,419 | 34,484 2,890 | 40,56 2 | 42,501 | 4, 2,880 | 12.6 | 13.1 | 14.4 | 15.5 | 16.0 .9 | 15.8 1.0 | 15.2 |
| United States ...................................................................................................... | 2,041 | 1,825 | 1,842 | 2,191 | 3,843 | 4,336 | 1.1 | . 8 | . 8 | . 9 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 12.8 |

[^30]the share of U.S. private-industry employment accounted for by affiliates decreased from 5.3 percent in 1991 to 5.1 percent in 1992 and to 5.0 percent in 1993. The continued dip in the affiliate share of employment partly reflects the concentration of affiliate activity in manufacturing, where employment growth at the all-U.S. level has been much lower than in service and other industries.

The employment data for affiliates and U.S. private industries can be used to examine affiliate shares of the U.S. economy by industry and State. Unlike the data on gross product, the data on U.S. affiliate employment are available by industry of sales as well as by industry of affiliate (see the box "Data by Industry of Affiliate and by Industry of Sales"). Because the data on affiliate employment classified by industry of sales are roughly comparable with the data on U.S. private-industry employment classified by industry of establishment (or plant), they can be used to calculate affiliate shares of the U.S. economy at a greater level of industry detail than is appropriate for the gross product data, which are available only by primary industry of the enterprise as a whole. ${ }^{11}$ Data on affiliate employment, unlike

[^31]the data on gross product, are also available by State; thus, affiliates' share of private-industry employment in each State can be computed.

By industry.-In 1993, as in most previous years, the shares of total U.S. employment accounted for by affiliates were largest in mining and manufacturing (table 10). Excluding petroleum refining, the affiliate shares within manufacturing were largest in chemicals, in stone, clay, and glass products, and in electrical machinery. ${ }^{12}$
The affiliate shares of U.S. employment rose the most rapidly in mining and transportation. In mining, the affiliate share increased to 14.6 percent from 12.4 percent, mainly reflecting foreign acquisitions of chemical companies with secondary operations in mining. In transportation, the affiliate share increased to 6.7 percent from 5.6 percent, largely reflecting acquisitions in the airline industry.
In "finance, except banking," the affiliate share decreased substantially to 5.2 percent. The decrease was more than accounted for by the liquidation of foreign minority-ownership interests in security brokerage firms.
The affiliate share in manufacturing dipped slightly to 11.6 percent. Excluding petroleum refining, the largest decrease in the affiliate share of employment within manufacturing was in food products; the decrease reflected both selloffs and

[^32]
## Data by Industry of Affiliate and by Industry of Sales

Most data from bea's annual and benchmark surveys of pdius are classified by industry of affiliate. For this classification, an affiliate's primary industry is based on a breakdown of the affiliate's sales by three-digit International Surveys Industry Classification code. ${ }^{1}$ All of the data for the affiliate are assigned to a single industrythe industry in which it has the largest sales-even if the affiliate has activities in secondary industries.

Sales and employment are also classified by industry of sales. For this classification, an affiliate's sales and employment are distributed among all the industries in which it reported sales. Employment classified by industry of sales should generally approximate that classified by industry of establishment (plant), because an affiliate that has an establishment in an industry usually also has sales in that industry. ${ }^{2}$ Data classified by industry of

[^33]sales are preferable for analyses of the various activities in which diversified enterprises are engaged. The pattern of change in employment by industry of sales may differ from the pattern by industry of affiliate because the changes in employment in affiliates' secondary industries may not parallel those in their primary industries. A change in an affiliate's industry of classification may also cause these patterns to differ; when employment is classified by industry of affiliate, all employees are shifted from the old industry to the new one, but when it is classified by industry of sales, changes in employment for an industry reflect only actual changes in employment in that industry.

[^34]reductions in the operations of food-processing affiliates. The largest increases were in apparel and other textile products, printing and publishing, and motor vehicles and equipment. The increases in the apparel and printing industries were mainly accounted for by new foreign acquisitions, whereas the increase in motor vehicles was mainly due to expansions by existing affiliates.

By State.-In 1993, the share of private-industry employment accounted for by affiliates was highest in Hawaii, followed by Delaware, South Carolina, and North Carolina (table 11). Before 1992, Delaware had the highest share among States.

In Hawaii, the affiliate share was 11.8 percent in 1993, down slightly from that in 1992; more than two-thirds of the affiliate employment was by Japanese-owned affiliates, mainly those in the hotel industry. In Delaware, the affiliate share declined for the third consecutive year, to 10.7 percent. The affiliate share also declined in South Carolina, to 8.1 percent. In North Carolina, the
affiliate share increased to 7.5 percent; the share has increased every year since 1978, when it was 2.5 percent.

## Profitability

Affiliates reported losses on net income in both 1992 and 1993: In 1993, affiliate net income was - $\$ 9.9$ billion, less than one-half the losses in 1992. ${ }^{13}$ In contrast, affiliates' "profit-type return" was positive in both years: In 1993, affiliate profittype return was $\$ 15.7$ billion, more than five times larger than in 1992 (table 12). ${ }^{14}$

The large losses reported for 1992 on a netincome basis partly reflected one-time adjustments to earnings made by many affiliates to conform with new accounting standards for post-

[^35]Table 10.-Employment by Nonbank U.S. Aftiliates, by Industry of Sales, 1988-93 ${ }^{1}$

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \& \multicolumn{6}{|c|}{Thousands of employees} \& \multicolumn{6}{|l|}{As a percentage of total U.S. employment in nonbank private industries ${ }^{2}$} <br>
\hline \& 1988 \& 1989 \& 1990 \& 1991 \& 1992 \& 1993 \& 1988 \& 1989 \& 1990 \& 1991 \& 1992 \& 1993 <br>
\hline All industries ${ }^{3}$ \& 3,844 \& 4,511 \& 4,734 \& 4,872 \& 4,715 \& 4,722 \& 4.3 \& 4.9 \& 5.1 \& 5.3 \& 5.1 \& 5.0 <br>
\hline Manufacturing ......................................................................................... \& 1,732 \& 1,993 \& 2,114 \& 2,159 \& 2,129 \& 2,118 \& 8.9 \& 10.2 \& 11.0 \& 11.6 \& 11.7 \& 11.6 <br>
\hline Chemicals and allied products ............ \& 289 \& 318 \& 332 \& 341 \& 348 \& 350 \& 27.2 \& 29.4 \& 30.4 \& 31.4 \& 32.2 \& 32.5 <br>
\hline  \& 82
90 \& $\begin{array}{r}86 \\ 107 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ \& 90
110
10 \& 91

102 \& 78
107 \& $\begin{array}{r}61 \\ 107 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& ( ${ }^{(4)}$ \& (4) ${ }^{(4)}$ \& 19
19 \& 19, ${ }^{(4)}$ \& 20.8 \& (4) ${ }^{(4)}$ <br>
\hline  \& 243 \& 275 \& 271 \& 102
276 \& 107 \& 107 \& +3.6 \& 15.7 \& 19.2 \& 17.3 \& 17.2 \& 17.0 <br>
\hline Primary metal industries ........................................................................ \& 81 \& 97 \& 112 \& 111 \& 110 \& 110 \& 10.6 \& 12.6 \& 14.8 \& 15.4 \& 15.9 \& 16.2 <br>
\hline Rubber and plastics products ................................................................... \& 93 \& 101 \& 129 \& 126 \& 130 \& 130 \& 10.7 \& 11.3 \& 14.5 \& 14.5 \& 14.8 \& 14.3 <br>
\hline Instruments and related products .............................................................. \& 85 \& 101 \& 112 \& 118 \& 111 \& 109 \& 8.2 \& 9.9 \& 11.2 \& 12.2 \& 11.9 \& 12.2 <br>
\hline Motor vehicles and equipment ..................................................................... \& 63 \& 76 \& 90 \& 96 \& 90 \& 96 \& 7.4 \& 8.9 \& 11.2 \& 12.2 \& 11.0 \& 11.5 <br>
\hline Machinery, except electrical ....................................................................... \& 160 \& 213 \& 218 \& 220 \& 217 \& 216 \& 7.5 \& 9.9 \& 10.3 \& 10.9 \& 11.2 \& 11.1 <br>
\hline Food and kindred producls ........................................................................... \& 177 \& 203 \& 207 \& 211 \& 198 \& 182 \& 10.8 \& 12.3 \& 12.4 \& 12.6 \& 12.0 \& 10.9 <br>
\hline Fabricated metal products ....................................................................... \& 85 \& 100 \& 101 \& 109 \& 110 \& 116 \& 5.9 \& 6.9 \& 7.1 \& 8.0 \& 8.3 \& 8.6 <br>
\hline Paper and allied products ............................................................................ \& 47 \& 48 \& 50 \& 52 \& 52 \& 53 \& 6.8 \& 6.8 \& 7.1 \& 7.6 \& 7.5 \& 7.6 <br>
\hline Printing and publishing .................................................................................. \& 95 \& 108 \& 109 \& 103 \& 101 \& 112 \& 6.0 \& 6.6 \& 6.8 \& 6.6 \& 6.6 \& 7.2 <br>
\hline Textile mill products ............................................................................ \& 34 \& 33 \& 37 \& 40 \& 45 \& 44 \& 4.6 \& 4.6 \& 5.4 \& 5.9 \& 6.7 \& 6.5 <br>
\hline Apparel and other textie products .............................................................. \& 16 \& 26 \& 28 \& 29 \& 32 \& 44 \& 1.5 \& 2.4 \& 2.7 \& 2.9 \& 3.2 \& 4.4 <br>
\hline Other transportation equipment .................................................................. \& 27 \& 33 \& 41 \& 50 \& 50 \& 40 \& 2.3 \& 2.8 \& 3.5 \& 4.5 \& 4.9 \& 4.4 <br>
\hline Lumber, wood, furniture, and fixtures ........................................................... \& 29 \& 24 \& 28 \& 32 \& 31 \& 33 \& 2.2 \& 1.9 \& 2.2 \& 2.7 \& 2.6 \& 2.7 <br>
\hline Other ............................................................................................... \& 38 \& 45 \& 49 \& 52 \& 56 \& 54 \& 6.2 \& 7.5 \& 8.3 \& 9.2 \& 10.0 \& 9.5 <br>
\hline  \& 73 \& 81 \& 93 \& 88 \& 79 \& 89 \& 10.2 \& 11.7 \& 13.0 \& 12.7 \& 12.4 \& 14.6 <br>
\hline Transportation ........................................................................................... \& 124 \& 174 \& 221 \& 218 \& 198 \& 247 \& 3.7 \& 5.0 \& 6.1 \& 6.1 \& 5.6 \& 6.7 <br>
\hline Insurance ........................................................................................... \& 111 \& 122 \& 127 \& 144 \& 143 \& 138 \& 5.0 \& 5.6 \& 5.8 \& 6.5 \& 6.5 \& 8.2 <br>
\hline  \& 294 \& 322 \& 355 \& 344 \& 346 \& 350 \& 4.8 \& 5.1 \& 5.7 \& 5.6 \& 5.6 \& 5.8 <br>
\hline Finance, except banking ${ }^{\text {a }}$.................................................................................. \& 96 \& 92 \& 54 \& 65 \& 70 \& 62 \& 9.2 \& 9.0 \& 5.3 \& 6.2 \& 6.4 \& 5.2 <br>
\hline Retail trade ..................................................................................................... \& 772 \& 948 \& 848 \& 890 \& 798 \& 858 \& 3.9 \& 4.7 \& 4.2 \& 4.5 \& 4.0 \& 4.2 <br>
\hline Real estate .............................................................................................. \& 31 \& 31 \& 34 \& 33 \& 32 \& 31 \& 2.3 \& 2.1 \& 2.3 \& 2.3 \& 2.2 \& 2.1 <br>
\hline Services ${ }^{6}$.......................................................................................... \& 426 \& 529 \& 660 \& 719 \& 702 \& 619 \& 1.6 \& 1.9 \& 2.3 \& 2.5 \& 2.4 \& 2.0 <br>
\hline Communication and public utitities ................................................................. \& 14 \& 23 \& 29 \& 29 \& 33 \& 37 \& . 6 \& 1.0 \& 1.3 \& 1.3 \& 1.5 \& 1.7 <br>
\hline Agriculture, forestry, and fishing ................................................................... \& 20 \& 33 \& 33 \& 44 \& 32 \& 31 \& 1.1 \& 1.8 \& 1.8 \& 2.4 \& 1.8 \& 1.6 <br>
\hline Construction ................................................................................................. \& 63 \& 72 \& 80 \& 73 \& 68 \& 63 \& 1.2 \& 1.3 \& 1.5 \& 1.5 \& 1.5 \& 1.3 <br>
\hline  \& 81 \& 85 \& 78 \& 61 \& 87 \& 80 \& n.a. \& n.a. \& n.a. \& n.a. \& n.a. \& n.a. <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

n.a. Not applicable.

1. In this table, petroleum is not shown as a separate major industry. Instead, in order to be consistent with the all-U.S. data on employment by industry, affiliate employment in the various petroleum subindustries is distributed among the other major industries. Thus, manufacturing includes petroleum and coal products, wholesale trade includes petroleum wholesale trade, retail trade includes gasoline service stations, and so on.
2. The data on U.S. employment in private industries that were used in calculating these percentages are classifled by industry of establishment. They are from table 6.4C of the "National Income and Product Accounts (NIPA) Tables" in the January 1992, August 1993, and July 1994 issues of the SURVEY of CURRENT BuSINESS. The total or U.S. employment in nonbank private industries is equal to employment in private industries less the employment of depository institutions and private households. The U.S. private-industry employment totals used to calculate the affiliate shares in "all industries" in this table differ from the U.S. employment totals used to calculate affiliate shares in table 11; the data used for table 11 are from BEA's Regional Economic Information System and are derived as the sum of the state estimates. The estimates used for table 11, unlike those used for this table, do not exclude They may also differ from the NIPA estimates used for this table because of different definitions and revision sched-
ules.
3. For consistency with the coverage of the data on U.S. employment in private industries, U.S. affiliate employment in Puerto Rico, in "other U.S. areas," and in the "foreign" category was excluded from the U,S.affiliate employment total when the percentage shares on this line were computed.
4. The affiliate and all-U.S. employment data in petroleum and coal products are not comparable and hence are not shown here, because affiliate employment in this industry includes a substantial number of nonmanufacturing employees. Separate data on the manufacturing establishments of U.S, affiliates, from a joint project of BEA and the Bureau of the Census, indicate that the affiliate share of employment in petroleum and coal products was 18.8
percent in 1988, 20.7 percent in 1989, 22.9 percent in 1990, and 22.5 percent in 1991 .
5. Excludes savings institutions and credit unions, as well as commercial banks.
6. Excludes private households.
7. In the breakdown of employment by industry of sales, U.S. affiliates that filed long forms in the annual surveys had to specity their eight largest sales categories, and U.S. affiliates that filed short forms had to specify their three largest sales categories. Employment in all unspecified industries combined is shown on this line.
employment and post-retirement benefits and for deferred income taxes. Although the adjustments reduced net income substantially, they had no effect on the profit-type-return measure, which excludes nonoperating income and is before deduction of income taxes.

By major industry, affiliate net income in 1993 was negative in every industry except petroleum, "finance, except banking," insurance, and "other industries"; in 1992, it was negative in every
industry except "finance, except banking" and insurance. In manufacturing and wholesale trade, affiliates had negative net income in both years despite having positive profit-type return.

In 1993, the profit-type return of affiliates in every major industry increased. The increases were especially large in manufacturing and "other industries." Within "other industries," the profittype return of affiliates in transportation turned

Table 11.-Employment by Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, by State, 1988-93

|  | Thousands of employees |  |  |  |  |  | As a percentage of toial private industry employment in the State ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1988 | 1989 | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 | 1993 | 1988 | 1989 | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 | 1993 |
| Total ${ }^{2}$................................................................................................. | 3,844.2 | 4,511.5 | 4,734.5 | 4,871.9 | 4,715.4 | 4,722,3 | 4.2 | 4.8 | 5.0 | 5.2 | 5.0 | 4.9 |
| New England ......................................................................................................... | 249.5 | 290.3 | 280.6 | 286.1 | 269.2 | 270.7 | 4.2 | 4.9 | 5.0 | 5.4 | 5.1 | 5.0 |
| Connecticut .................................................................................................... | 72.3 | 87.6 | 75.9 | 81.3 | 82.5 | 77.4 | 4.8 | 5.8 | 5.2 | 5.9 | 6.1 | 5.7 |
| Maine ....................................................................................................... | 24.4 | 27.1 | 26.6 | 26.6 | 24.1 | 24.4 | 5.4 | 5.9 | 5.9 | 6.2 | 5.6 | 5.6 |
| Massachusetts .............................................................................................. | 110.3 | 129.1 | 131.2 | 128.6 | 114.3 | 116.7 | 3.9 | 4.6 | 4.9 | 5.1 | 4.6 | 4.6 |
|  | 22.4 | 25.1 | 25.9 | 28.4 | 27.9 | 31.2 | 4.7. | 5.3 | 5.8 | 6.7 | 6.5 | 7.1 |
| Rhode island | 12.2 | 13.1 | 13.3 | 14.0 | 12.9 | 13.9 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 3.3 | 3.7 | 3.4 | 3.6 |
| Vermont ................................................................................................... | 7.9 | 8.3 | 7.7 | 7.2 | 7.5 | 7.1 | 3.6 | 3.7 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.2 |
| Mideast ... | 838.4 | 928.1 | 930.2 | 956.9 | 892.2 | 916.1 | 4.9 | 5.3 | 5.4 | 5.8 | 5.4 | 5.5 |
| Delaware | 41.8 | 41.9 | 43.1 | 41.5 | 35.8 | 32.9 | 14.2 | 13.7 | 13.9 | 13.7 | 11.8 | 10.7 |
| District of Columbia ....................................................................................... | 8.8 | 10.5 | 11.4 | 11.1 | 9.9 | 9.9 | 2.1 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 2.4 | 2.4 |
| Maryland ................................................................................................... | 62.1 | 71.7 | 79.6 | 77.1 | 73.5 | 74.4 | 3.5 | 3.9 | 4.4 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 4.3 |
| New Jersey ................................................................................................ | 203.9 | 222.8 | 227.0 | 229.6 | 216.3 | 213.0 | 6.4 | 6.9 | 7.2 | 7.7 | 7.3 | 7.1 |
| New York .................................................................................................. | 342.8 | 376.9 | 347.5 | 371.8 | 340.8 | 350.0 | 4.9 | 5.4 | 5.0 | 5.6 | 5.2 | 5.3 |
| Pennsylvania ........................................................................................... | 179.0 | 204.3 | 221.6 | 225.8 | 215.9 | 235.9 | 4.0 | 4.5 | 4.8 | 5.0 | 4.8 | 5.2 |
| Great Lakes ................................................................................................ | 655.0 | 772.5 | 812.8 | 818.9 | 811.8 | 788.9 | 4.1 | 4.7 | 4.9 | 5.0 | 4.9 | 4.7 |
| illinois ....................................................................................................... | 214.1 | 244.8 | 245.8 | 250.4 | 247.2 | 235.8 | 4.8 | 5.3 | 5.3 | 5.5 | 5.4 | 5.0 |
| Indiana ...................................................................................................... | 83.4 | 98.1 | 126.9 | 124.8 | 127.2 | 122.6 | 4.0 | 4.5 | 5.8 | 5.7 | 5.7 | 5.3 |
| Michigan ................................................................................................... | 116.2 | 142.8 | 139.6 | 138.9 | 143.8 | 148.6 | 3.5 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.2 | 4.3 |
| Ohio ........................................................................................................ | 170.2 | 207.9 | 219.1 | 220.8 | 211.4 | 205.6 | 4.1 | 4.9 | 5.1 | 5.3 | 5.0 | 4.8 |
| Wisconsin ................................................................................................... | 71.1 | 78.9 | 81.4 | 84.0 | 82.2 | 76.3 | 3.8 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.2 | 4.0 | 3.6 |
| Plalns ............................................................................................................... | 185.1 | 235.4 | 248.4 | 266.7 | 256.9 | 244.3 | 28 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 3.9 | 3.7 | 3.4 |
| lowa ........................................................................................................ | 28.6 | 30.9 | 32.8 | 33.7 | 33.3 | 30.9 | 3.0 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 2.8 |
| Kansas .................................................................................................... | 27.6 | 30.7 | 29.6 | 35.0 | 27.2 | 28.4 | 3.2 | 3.5 | 3.3 | 3.8 | 2.9 | 3.0 |
| Minnes0ta .................................................................................................. | 51.4 | 81.9 | 89.8 | 94.5 | 92.3 | 84.9 | 2.9 | 4.5 | 4.9 | 5.1 | 4.9 | 4.4 |
| Missouri ..................................................................................................... | 59.0 | 72.1 | 73.7 | 77.6 | 77.6 | 74.7 | 3.0 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.9 | 3.8 | 3.6 |
| Nebraska | 12.7 | 13.7 | 14.9 | 16.8 | 16.3 | 16.0 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 2.5 |
| North Dakota ....................................................................................... | 2.7 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 4.2 | 4.6 | 4.6 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 2.0 |
| South Dakota .............................................................................................. | 2.9 | 3.2 | 4.5 | 4.9 | 5.6 | 4.8 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.9 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 1.9 |
| Southeast ..................................................................................................... | 949.6 | 1,105.5 | 1,153.1 | 1,191.6 | 1,185.6 | 1,210.1 | 4.6 | 5.3 | 5.4 | 5.6 | 5.5 | 5.4 |
| Alabama | 42.0 | 64.7 | 55.7 | 65.0 | 61.7 | 60.3 | 3.3 | 4.9 | 4.1 | 4.8 | 4.5 | 4.3 |
| Arkansas | 25.7 | 32.2 | 29.2 | 30.4 | 30.8 | 29.9 | 3.5 | 4.2 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.5 |
| Florida | 154.1 | 178.3 | 205.7 | 211.2 | 196.0 | 201.5 | 3.4 | 3.8 | 4.4 | 4.6 | 4.2 | 4.1 |
| Georgia .................................................................................................... | 143.7 | 157.2 | 161.0 | 162.6 | 156.4 | 163.5 | 5.9 | 6.3 | 6.4 | 6.6 | 6.2 | 6.2 |
| Kentucky ................................................................................................... | 47.7 | 56.0 | 65.7. | 71.3 | 71.2 | 74.4 | 4.1 | 4.7 | 5.3 | 5.8 | 5.6 | 5.7 |
| Louisiana ................................................................................................. | 56.2 | 65.2 | 61.4 | 62.2 | 62.1 | 59.3 | 4.6 | 5.2 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 4.4 |
| Mississippi ................................................................................................ | 20.2 | 24.1 | 23.6 | 23.6 | 23.4 | 23.8 | 2.8 | 3.3 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 2.9 |
| North Carolina ........................................................................................... | 157.4 | 176.7 | 181.0 | 181.0 | 191.4 | 209.0 | 6.1 | 6.6 | 6.7 | 6.9 | 7.1 | 7.5 |
| South Carolina ........................................................................................... | 85.1 | 101.4 | 104.7 | 110.1 | 111.7 | 105.1 | 7.0 | 8.1 | 8.1 | 8.7 | 8.8 | 8.1 |
| Tennessee ............................................................................................... | 98.2 | 114.1 | 116.9 | 120.4 | 124.2 | 123.6 | 5.4 | 6.1 | 6.2 | 6.4 | 6.4 | 6.1 |
| Virginia ................................................................................................... | 92.7 | 106.2 | 113.3 | 119.1 | 122.1 | 124.9 | 4.0 | 4.5 | 4.8 | 5.2 | 5.3 | 5.2 |
| West Virginia ............................................................................................. | 26.6 | 29.4 | 34.9 | 34.7 | 34.6 | 34.8 | 5.5 | 6.0 | 6.9 | 6.9 | 6.8 | 6.7 |
| Southwest .................................................................................................... | 337.9 | 381.4 | 417.6 | 428.4 | 424.5 | 415.1 | 4.1 | 4.5 | 4.8 | 4.9 | 4.8 | 4.6 |
| Arizona ......................................................................................................... | 48.0 | 54.4 | 57.1 | 56.7 | 52.7 | 51.2 | 3.9 | 4.3 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.1 | 3.8 |
| New Mexico ............................................................................................... | 15.1 | 15.8 | 17.4 | 14.8 | 13.6 | 16.1 | 3.6 | 3.7 | 3.9 | 3.3 | 2.9 | 3.3 |
| Oklahoma ................................................................................................. | 38.4 | 41.5 | 43.6 | 44.0 | 42.9 | 38.9 | 4.2 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.4 | 3.9 |
| Texas ....................................................................................................... | 236.4 | 269.7 | 299.5 | 312.9 | 315.3 | 308.9 | 4.2 | 4.7 | 5.0 | 5.2 | 5.2 | 4.9 |
| Rocky Mountain ............................................................................................. | 62.9 | 74.1 | 99.9 | 110.0 | 108.8 | 105.4 | 2.6 | 3.0 | 3.9 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 3.7 |
| Colorado .................................................................................................... | 34.2 | 42.0 | 56.3 | 62.0 | 61.5 | 59.8 | 2.8 | 3.3 | 4.4 | 4.7. | 4.5 | 4.2 |
| ddaho .............................................................................................................. | 5.6 | 8.0 | 11.7 | 12.9 | 13.7 | 11.2 | 2.0 | 2.6 | 3.7 | 3.9 | 4.0 | 3.1 |
| Montana ................................................................................................... | 3.8 | 4.1 | 5.1 | 5.5 | 5.1 | 5.2 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.0 | 2.0 |
| Utah ........................................................................................................ | 15.4 | 15.8 | 21.0 | 24.0 | 22.9 | 23.1 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 3.5 | 3.9 | 3.6 | 3.4 |
| Wyoming .................................................................................................. | 3.9 | 4.2 | 5.8 | 5.6 | 5.6 | 6.1 | 2.8 | 2.9 | 3.9 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3.9 |
| Far West ........................................................................................................ | 544.0 | 690.7 | 761.4 | 779.6 | 731.6 | 730.8 | 3.8 | 4.6 | 4.9 | 5.2 | 4.9 | 5.0 |
| Alaska ...................................................................................................... | 7.6 | 10.6 | 13.2 | 13.4 | 9.8 | 9.3 | 5.0 | 6.5 | 7.7 | 7.6 | 5.5 | 5.1 |
| Calitornia ..................................................................................................... | 407.0 | 514.9 | 555.9 | 561.1 | 522.7 | 529.1 | 3.8 | 4.6 | 4.9 | 5.2 | 4.9 | 5.0 |
| Hawaii ...................................................................................................... | 34.8 | 45.0 | 53.0 | 56.0 | 53.8 | 52.6 | 8.8 | 10.7 | 12.0 | 12.4 | 11.9 | 11.8 |
| Nevada ..................................................................................................... | 13.7 | 19.5 | 22.7 | 25.1 | 23.2 | 21.3 | 2.8 | 3.7 | 4.0 | 4.4 | 4.0 | 3.5 |
| Oregon ........................................................................................................ | 25.1 | 30.8 | 39.1 | 41.9 | 41.9 | 42.1 | 2.6 | 3.0 | 3.7 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 3.8 |
| Washington ............................................................................................... | 55.8 | 69.9 | 77.5 | 82.1 | 80.2 | 76.4 | 3.4 | 4.0 | 4.2 | 4.5 | 4.3 | 4.0 |
| Puerto Rico ....................................................................................................... | 14.7 | 19.0 | 16.1 | 19.3 | 19.8 | 27.2 | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. |
| Other U.S. areas ${ }^{3}$......................................................................................... | 4.6 | 8.6 | 9.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.5 | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. |
| Foreign ${ }^{4}$....................................................................................................... | 2.6 | 5.9 | 5.0 | 4.3 | 4.7 | 2.9 | п.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. |

n.a. Not available.

1. The data on employment in private industries used to calculate the shares shown in this table are from BEA's Regional Economic Information System. The totals are equal to employment in private industries less employment of private housenolds. The U.S. employment totals used to calculate amiliate shares in this table differ significantly from those used for table 10, which are from table 6.4C of the "National Income and Product Accounts (NIPA Tables" in the January 1992, August 1993, and July 1994 issues of the SURVEY OF CURRENT BuSINESS. The allU.S. employment data used for this table are derived as the sum of the State estimates. They differ from the NIPA estimates of employment because they include depository institutions and, by definition, they exclude U.S. residents
temporarily employed abroad by U.S. businesses. They also may differ from the NIPA estimates because of different definitions and revision schedules.
2. For consistency with the coverage of the private-industry employment data, U.S. affiliate employment in Puerto Rico, in "other U.S. areas," and in "foreign" was excluded from the U.S. affiliate employment total when the percentage shares on this line were computed.
3. Consists of the U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, U.S. offshore oil and gas sites, and all other outlying U.S. areas.
4. Consists of employees of U.S. affiliates working abroad.
around sharply, partly reflecting the addition of new affiliates in the airline industry.

In some industries, affiliates have continued to incur negative profit-type return (that is, losses from current operations). In recent years, operating losses have been particularly large for affiliates in real estate. Within manufacturing, operating losses have been large in machinery; within services, they have been large in hotels.

## Appendix: Sources of Data

Foreign direct investment in U.S. business enterprises, including all ownership of real estate other than for personal use, is reported to bea under the International Investment and Trade in Services Survey Act. The data are collected in a number of surveys.

This article presents two types of data from bea's surveys of fdius: (1) Data on new investments from the survey of new fDIUS, and (2) data on the overall operations of both new and existing U.S. affiliates of foreign companies from the annual and benchmark surveys of FDIUS.

## New investment survey

The new investment survey covers (a) existing U.S. business enterprises in which foreign direct investors acquired, directly or through their U.S. affiliates, at least a 10 -percent ownership interest and (b) new U.S. business enterprises established by foreign direct investors during the
year. The new investment survey provides data on investment outlays, the number and type of investments and investors, the portion of outlays financed with foreign-source funds, and selected operating items-total assets, sales, net income, employment, and U.S. land owned-for the new U.S. affiliate. The data on outlays and on the number and types of investments and investors are on a calendar year basis. (See the next section of this appendix for a discussion of the basis used for the operating data items from the new investment survey.)

The new investment data are limited to all U.S. business enterprises (including banks) that have total assets of over \$1 million or that own at least 200 acres of U.S. land in the year they are acquired or established. U.S. enterprises that do not meet these criteria are required to file partial reports, primarily for identification purposes, but the data from these reports are not included in the accompanying tables. For 1994, total assets of the U.S. enterprises that filed partial reports were only $\$ 182.0$ million, or about 0.2 percent of the total assets of $\$ 75.9$ billion of the U.S. enterprises that filed complete reports.

Each year, preliminary estimates for the previous year are revised to incorporate data received after the publication of the preliminary results and any corrections to reported data or to the country or industry classification of affiliates. The preliminary estimates include bias adjustments for late reports.

Table 12.-Net Income and Profit-Type Return of Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, by Industry of Affiliate, 1988-93 [Millions of dollars]

|  | Net income |  |  |  |  |  | Profit-type return ${ }^{\text {I }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1988 | 1989 | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 | 1993 | 1988 | 1989 | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 | 1993 |
| All Industries ........................................................................................ | 12,049 | 9,286 | -4,535 | -11,018 | $-21,331$ | $-9,862$ | 14,167 | 10,949 | 770 | -1,689 | 2,914 | 15,760 |
| Petroleum ........................................................................................................ | 1,947 | 2,722 | 2,811 | 508 | -485 | 284 | 4,243 | 5,042 | 6,041 | 2,962 | 3,044 | 3,249 |
| Manufacturing ............................................................................................... | 7,542 | 5,698 | -31 | -3,265 | -0,171 | -9,497 | 7,681 | 6,769 | 852 | 169 | 1,680 | 5,900 |
| Food and kindred products ........................................................................... | 831 | 444 | 89 | 210 | 238 | -1,995 | -90 | -534 | -366 | 236 | 384 | 361 |
| Chemicals and allied products ..................................................................... | 4,368 | 4,894 | 4,923 | 3,886 | -1,281 | 3,080 | 5.468 | 6,229 | 5,031 | 4,386 | 4,602 | 6,267 |
| Primary and fabricated metals ...................................................................... | 1,088 | 791 | 363 | -1,072 | -2,029 | -2,182 | 1,013 | 1,162 | 369 | -572 | -483 | 82 |
| Machinery ................................................................................................. | -181 | -394 | -3,659 | -3,105 | -2,749 | -5,151 | -195 | -517 | -2,834 | -1,992 | -2,049 | -1,195 |
| Other manufacturing .................................................................................... | 1,436 | -36 | -1,746 | -3,186 | -3,350 | -3,249 | 1,484 | 430 | -1,348 | $-1,890$ | -774 | 385 |
| Wholesale trade ............................................................................................. | 1,456 | 728 | -1,189 | -1,284 | -335 | -2,725 | 991 | 1,029 | -193 | 6 | 770 | 1,573 |
| Retail trade ........................................................................................................ | 257 | -1,371 | -964 | -614 | -2,086 | -1,071 | 36 | -1,280 | -751 | 125 | 14 | 725 |
| Finance, except banking ${ }^{2}$............................................................................... | 419 | 1,289 | -1,425 | -839 | 551 | 1,133 | 651 | 1,058 | -670 | 75 | 547 | 1,093 |
| Insurance .................................................................................................... | 1,851 | 2,203 | 2,284 | 2,602 | 2,318 | 4,764 | 1,532 | 1,049 | 2,297 | 1,498 | 1,966 | 2,751 |
| Real estate ....................................................................................................... | -829 | $-353$ | -2,055 | -3,370 | -4,672 | -3,381 | -887 | -857 | -1,922 | -2,291 | -2,706 | -2,057 |
| Services $\qquad$ Of which: | -744 | -1,193 | -2,042 | -3,737 | -3,125 | -2,237 | -673 | -1,375 | -2,138 | -3,295 | -2,310 | -242 |
| Hotels and other lodging places ................................................................. | -155 | -347 | -977 | -1,458 | -1,603 | -1,447 | -279 | -620 | -1,018 | -1,504 | -1,541 | -1,096 |
| Motion pictures, including television tape and film ........................................................................................... | -237 | -346 | -501 | -1,365 | -1,200 | -251 | -324 | -578 | -962 | -1,220 | -682 | -247 |
| Other Industries ............................................................................................. | 149 | -436 | -1,924 | -1,019 | -4,326 | 2,869 | 544 | -487 | $-2,746$ | -919 | -91 | 2,768 |
| Of which: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Transportation .................................................................................................................................................... Communication and | -17 -164 | -17 -371 | $\begin{array}{r} -2,948 \\ 596 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -1,046 \\ -274 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -1,355 \\ & -2,346 \end{aligned}$ | 2,956 -170 | 424 -210 | -329 -411 | $-3,221$ -297 | $-1,252$ -492 | $\begin{array}{r} -1,178 \\ -20 \end{array}$ | 846 414 |

[^36]
## Annual and benchmark surveys

The annual survey of fDius collects information on the overall operations of nonbank U.S. affiliates, such as their balance sheets and income statements, and data on their employment and employee compensation, property, plant, and equipment, merchandise trade, sources of external financing, and selected data by State. ${ }^{15}$ The survey covers nonbank affiliates that have assets, sales, or net income greater than $\$ 10$ million. Estimates covering the universe of nonbank U.S. affiliates of foreign companies are derived by combining data reported by a sample of affiliates in the annual survey with bea estimates of data for affiliates not in the sample. Estimates for nonsample affiliates that existed before 1993 are derived by extrapolating forward the data they reported in BEA's 1992 benchmark survey. Estimates for new nonsample affiliates are derived from data they reported in bea's survey of new investment.
The annual survey data are on a fiscal year basis. Thus, for example, for 1993, an individual affiliate's fiscal year is its financial reporting year that ended in calendar year 1993.
The benchmark survey (or census), which is now normally conducted every 5 years, is bea's most comprehensive survey of fDIUs in terms of both subject matter and numbers of companies covered. The 1980, 1987, and 1992 estimates of the overall operations of foreign-owned U.S. companies are based on universe data from bea's benchmark survey of filius. The benchmark survey collects both financial and operating data (which are presented in this article) and data on the foreign direct investment position and on balance of payments transactions between U.S. affiliates and their foreign parent groups. For financial and operating data, it obtains all of the items collected in the annual survey as well as a number of items that are collected only in benchmark years. (The annual survey is not conducted in years in which a benchmark survey is conducted.) Very small companies-those with less than $\$ 1$ million of assets, sales, or net incomeare exempt from the benchmark survey. These companies are required to file partial reports, primarily for identification purposes, but the data from these reports are not included in the accompanying tables. For 1992, total assets of nonbank companies that filed partial reports were only $\$ 1.5$

[^37]billion, or about o.1 percent of the total assets of $\$ 1.8$ trillion of the nonbank companies that filed complete reports. Like the annual survey data, the benchmark survey data are on a fiscal year basis.
Unlike the new investment data, the operations data from the annual and benchmark surveys cover existing, as well as newly acquired or established, U.S. affiliates, and they reflect changes due to liquidations and sales of affiliates. In addition, the data for newly acquired or established affiliates differ in the two data sets.
One difference is in timing. For example, in the annual survey for 1993, the data for new affiliates are for (or as of the end of) fiscal year 1993. In the new investment survey, the operations data for U.S. businesses acquired in 1993 are for (or as of the end of) the most recent fiscal year preceding the acquisition (generally 1992), and the

## Data Availability

New investment data
Only summary data are published in this article. A set of supplementary tables containing detail on the number of investments and investors for 1992-93 and on investment outlays and selected operating data for the newly acquired or established businesses for 1992-94 will be available in June for $\$ 10.00$ from the Public Information Office, Order Desk, be-53, Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, DC 20230. Visa or MasterCard orders may be placed by telephone at (202) 606-9827. When ordering, refer to the "be-13 Supplementary Tables for the May 1995 Survey Article." Comparable table sets for 1987-91 and $1980-86$ are also available for $\$ 18.00$ each. For order information on the tables, call (202) 6069828. The data are also available on computer diskettes; the price is $\$ 20.00$ each for the 1992-94, 1987-91, and 1980-86 series. For order information on the diskettes, call (202) 606-9841.

Annual and benchmark survey data
Publications and computer diskettes presenting revised estimates of U.S. affiliate operations for 1992 from the benchmark survey and preliminary estimates for 1993 from the annual survey will be available later this year; their availability will be announced on the inside back cover of the Survey. These estimates will be comparable with those in this article, but they will be presented in greater detail.
More detailed estimates of U.S. affiliate operations in 1977-91 are available on computer diskettes; for order information, call (202) 606-9841. The estimates for 1977-91 are also available in a series of annual publications; for order information, call (202) 606-9893.

The International Investment Division's Direct Investment in the U.S. Branch, under the direction of James L. Bomkamp, conducted the surveys from which the data in this article were drawn. Joseph F. Cherry, iII, coordinated the editing and processing of the reports from the survey of new investment. David Galler, with the assistance of Juris E. Abolins, coordinated the editing and processing of the reports from the annual and benchmark surveys from which the estimates of the overall operations of U.S. affiliates were obtained. Arnold Gilbert and Angela Roberts, with assistance from Robert Price, designed the computer programs to generate the tables.
operations data for newly established businesses are projected for (or as of the end of) the first full year of operation. These timing differences reflect differences in the due dates for the two surveys. For example, the due date for the 1993 annual survey was May 31, 1994. The due date for the new investment survey is 45 days after the transaction takes place. Thus, for many acqui-
sitions or establishments that occurred in 1993, reports were required before yearend, so that it was impossible for reporters to supply data for 1993.

In addition, data for a newly acquired or established business may be classified in different industries in the two surveys. In the annual survey, data for a business newly acquired or established by an existing U.S. affiliate are included in the consolidated report of the existing affiliate if that affiliate owned more than 50 percent of the business. Therefore, data for that business appear in the industry in which the consolidated entity is classified. In the new investment survey, data for a newly acquired or established business are reported separately and are classified in the industry of the business.

Finally, data for banks are collected in the new investment survey but are excluded from the data on the operations of U.S. affiliates in this article.

Tables 13 through 18.2 follow.

Table 13.-Investment Outlays by Type of Investment and Investor, by Industry of U.S. Business Enterprise, 1993-94 [Millions of dollars]

${ }^{P}$ Preliminary.

- Revised.

D Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.

Table 14.1.-Investment Outlays, Country of Ultimate Beneficial Owner by Industry of U.S. Business Enterprise, 1993
[Millions of dollars]

|  |  |  |  |  | Manufa | cturing |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { industries } \end{gathered}$ | Petroleum | Total |  | Chemicals and allied products | Primary and fabricated metals | Machinery | Other manutacturing | Wholesale trade | Retail trade | Bank- <br> ing ${ }^{1}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Finance, } \\ & \text { except } \\ & \text { bank- } \\ & \text { ing } 1 \end{aligned}$ | insurance | Real estate | Services | Other industries |
| All countries. | 26,229 | 882 | 11,090 | 1,294 | 5,035 | 1,297 | 1,778 | 1,886 | 837 | 1,495 | 958 | 1,599 | 1,105 | 1,883 | 4,162 | 2,218 |
| Canada .................... | 3,797 | (P) | 1,341 | (P) | (D) | 920 | 20 | 330 | (D) | (P) | 0 | 5 | 0 | 155 | 1,951 | 276 |
| Europe .... | 16,845 | 340 | 8,808 | 1,216 | 4,883 | 349 | 1,318 | 1,042 | 500 | 750 | 931 | 1,117 | 1,101 | 895 | 603 | 1,802 |
| Austria ....................................................................... |  | 0 |  |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1.0 |  | 4 | * |  |
| Belgium. | (2) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | D | 0 |
| Denmark | (0) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (D) | 0 |
| Finland ... | 82 | 0 | 71 |  |  | 0 | (D) | (D) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (D) | (D) |
| France | 1,249 | (D) | 384 | (D) | (D) | (P) | 94 |  | 19 | (D) | (D) | 17 | (D) | (D) | 6 | 38 |
| Germany ..... | 2,841 | (D) | 1,886 |  | (P) | (P) | (P) | 224 | 35 | 143 | 0 | (P) | 0 | 182 | 190 | 94 |
| Ireland ............................................................................... | (8) | 0 | ${ }^{(1)}$ | 0 | O | 0 | 0 | (D) | (D) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | 375 3 | 0 |  | (P) | 0 | (8) | (P) | $\mathrm{O}_{0}$ | (P) | 0 | 0 | (P) | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $(\mathrm{P})$ | 0 | 9 |
|  | 340 | 0 | 149 | (P) | 0 |  |  | (0) | (D) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (P) | 0 | (P) |
| Netherlands .............................................................. | 2,074 | 0 | 478 | (P) | 5 | (P) | (P) | (D) | (D) | (P) | 0 | 792 | (D) | 274 | 120 | 6 |
| Norway ................................................................... | 37 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | (P) | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | (P) | 0 |
|  | (P) | 0 | ${ }_{34}^{2}$ |  | 4 | 0 | $2{ }_{2}^{2}$ | 0 5 | (0) | 0 | (D) | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | (D) | 0 3 | (D) |
|  | 804 | 0 | (D) | (P) | (D) | 0 | ${ }^{20} 6$ | 8 | (D) | 0 | 0 | (D) | (D) | 41 | 5 | 13 |
| United Kingdom ............................................................ | 8,238 | (D) | 5,397 | 659 | (P) | 220 | 83 | (P) | 113 | 377 | (D) | 52 | (P) | 157 | 227 | 1,438 |
| Other ............................................................................... | (P) |  |  | 0 | , | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (P) |
| Latin America and Other Western Hemisphere .................... | 874 | (P) | 51 | (P) | 4 | (D) | (D) | (P) | 138 | (D) | (D) | (D) | 5 | 147 | 65 | 29 |
| South and Central America ............................................ | 527 | (D) |  | (P) | 4 | (D) | (*) | (P) |  | (P) |  | P) |  |  |  |  |
| Brazil $\qquad$ <br> Mexico | -34 |  | 5 | (P) |  | 0 | (*) | (2) | 27 | 3 | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | (P) | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ | Bi | (D) | 0 |
| Panama ..................................................................................... | (1) | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (P) | 0 | 0 |
| Venezuela ................................................................................ | 378 | (P) | 5 | (P) | 4 | (8) | 0 | 0 | 0 | (P) | 0 | 0 | 0 | (D) | 0 | (P) |
| Other ....................................................................... | ( ${ }^{\text {( }}$ | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | (P) | 0 |  |
| Other Western Hemisphere ............................................ | 347 |  | 40 | (P) | 0 | 0 | (D) | (P) | 111 | (P) | (D) |  | 0 | (1) |  |  |
|  | ${ }_{6}(8)$ | (0) | (1) | (P) | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | (1) |  | (D) | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | PD | 0 | 5 |
| Bermuda <br> Netherlands Antilles $\qquad$ | 68 54 | 0 | (0) | P | 0 | 0 | (D) | 0 | $\mathrm{Ci}_{2}$ | 0 | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | 0 | (8) | (P) |
|  | 83 | (P) | (D) | (P) |  | 0 | (D) | 1 | 0 | (P) | 0 | 0 | 0 | (1) | O | 0 |
| Other ......................................................................... | (P) |  | (D) | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | (P) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (P) | 0 |
| Africa | (D) |  |  | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | (D) | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | (D) |  |  |
| South Aftica <br> Other $\qquad$ | (D) | (P) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (P) | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | ( ${ }^{(8)}$ | 0 | (P) |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| israel ........................ | 364 | (D) | 332 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (D) | (D) | 0 | (D) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (P) |  |
| Kuwait ........................................................................ | d |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | (D) | 0 |  |
| Lebanon ................................................................. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Saudi Arabia ................................................................. | 106 | 0 | 0 | 0 | , | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 76 | (P) | (D) |
| United Arab Emirates $\qquad$ | (D) | (2) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (D) ${ }^{0}$ | 0 | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | (P) | 0 | 0 |
| Asla and Pacifle ...... | 3,004 | 19 | 534 | (P) | 100 | (1) | 103 | 297 | 110 | (1) | (D) | 262 | 0 |  |  |  |
| Australia ......... | 129 | 0 | (P) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (P) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (1) |  | 0 |
|  | 13 | 0 |  | 0 | , | 0 | 0 | 1 | ${ }^{0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (D) | 0 | (P) |
| Hong Kong ................................................................. | ${ }_{26}^{263}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ${ }^{0}$ | (P) | 0 | 0 | ${ }^{6}$ | 0 | 136 | ${ }^{\text {P }}$ ( | 0 |
| Indonesia ..................................................................... | 2,065 | (1) | 338 | (D) | 90 | (D) |  | 149 | 13 |  | 3 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | 306 | 1,076 | ${ }^{0}$ |
| Korea, Republic of | 2,42 | 0 | 7 | 0 | (P) | 0 | (0) | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (D) | (P) | 0 |
|  | 55 | (P) | (D) | 0 | 0 | 0 | (D) | 0 | (D) | (D) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | - |
| New Zealand ............................................................. |  | 0 | (*) | $\left({ }^{*}\right.$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (') | (\%) |
| Philippines ..................................................................... |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| Singapore Taiwan ........................................................................................................................................ | 108 60 | 0 | 88 | 0 | (D) | 0 |  | $\stackrel{(2)}{(*)}$ | (P) | 0 | ${ }^{0}$ | 1 | 0 |  | ${ }_{31}^{4}$ | ${ }_{0}$ |
| Other ........................................................................................... | 239 | 0 | (D) | 0 | 0 | (D) | 0 | 0 | 0 | , | O | 0 | 0 | 3 | (D) | (D) |
| United States ${ }^{2}$....... | ( ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | 0 | 24 | (D) | (D) | 0. | 0 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 0 | (D) | 0 | (D) | 45 | (P) |
| Addenda: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| European Union ${ }^{3}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 15,747 \\ 600 \end{array}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 340 \\ 90 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{array}{r} 8,403 \\ 19 \end{array}$ | 1,137 | 4,676 4 | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 349 \\ 2 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,260 \\ 0 \end{array}$ | $\left.\begin{gathered} 980 \\ 14 \end{gathered} \right\rvert\,$ | 414 0 | $\begin{gathered} 750 \\ 294 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 931 \\ 0 \end{array}$ | $1,088$ | $\begin{array}{r} 698 \\ 0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 772 \\ & 147 \end{aligned}$ | 577 14 | 1,775 36 |

D Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.
"Less than $\$ 500,000$.
. See footnote 1, table 4
See footnote 3 in text for explanation.
3. The European Union comprises Belgium, Denmark, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, and the United Kingdom. Prior to 1993, the European Union was known as the European

Communities (12).
4. OPEC is the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. As of yearend 1993, its members were Algeria, Gabon, Indonesia, Iran, rraq, Kuwait, Libya, Nigeria, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates, and Venezuela. (Prior to 1993, Ecuador was also a member of OPEC.)
NoTE.-Data for 1993 are revised. For investments in which more than one investor participated, each investor and each investor's outlays are classified by the country of each individual ultimate beneficial owner.

Table 14.2.-Investment Outlays, Country of Ultimate Beneficial Owner by Industry of U.S. Business Enterprise, 1994
[Millions of dollars]

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { industries } \end{gathered}$ | Petroleum | Manufacturing |  |  |  |  |  | Wholesale trade | Retail trade | Banking ${ }^{1}$ | Finance, except banking ${ }^{1}$ | Insur- | Real estate | Services | Other industries |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total | Food and kindred products products | Chemicals and allied products | Primary and fabricated metals | Machinery | Other manufacturing |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All countries <br> Canada | $\begin{array}{r} 47,244 \\ 3,640 \end{array}$ | 452 | 23,889 | 5,218 | 7,850 | 1,516 | 2,308 | 8,996 | 2,109 | 1,732 | 2,313 | 635 | 277 | 1,963 | 7,995 | 5,879 |
|  |  | 261 | (P) | (D) | (D) | 52 | 30 | 767 | 51 | (D) | (P) | (*) | (D) | 112 | 1,318 | (P) |
| Europe .................................................................... | 34,475 | (P) | 17,225 | (P) | 6,752 | 476 |  | 3,260 | 1,836 | 1,224 | (P) | 182 | (P) | 629 | 5,934 | 5,201 |
| Austria ....................................................................... |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | $\bigcirc$ | 0 |  | , 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | (*) | 0 |
| Belgium | (D) | 0 | (D) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (P) | (P) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 |  |
| Denmark. |  | 0 | (D) | 0 | 0 | 0 | (P) | (D) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (D) |
| Finland ...... |  | 0 | (D) | 0 | P) | 0 | (D) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| France . | 35 |  | 936 | 0 | (D) | 0 | 6 | (D) | (D) | (P) | (D) | (P) | 0 | 27 | 59 | (D) |
| Germany <br> Ireland $\qquad$ $\qquad$ | 3,578 | (P) | 2,994 | 0 | P1 | 0 | (P) | 614 ( $)$ | (D) | (P) | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 \\ (\mathrm{D}) \end{gathered}$ | 294 | (0) | (8) |
| traly ............... | 436 | 0 |  | 0 | (P) | 0 | 232 | P) | (1) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 | , |
| Liechtenstein .............................................................................. |  | 0 |  | 0 | O | (1) |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ${ }^{0}$ | (D) | (D) |
|  | 1,346 | 0 | 521 | (D) | 0 | 1 | (D) |  | (D) | 0 | (P) | 14 | (P) | 143 | P) | 5 |
| Nonway ..................................................................... | (D) | (P) | (P) | 0 | (P) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
|  | (D) |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 5 | 0 |  | 8 | 0 |
| Sweden. Switzerland $\qquad$ $\qquad$ | 5,669 | 0 | ${ }_{1} 11$ | (0) | 2 | (0) | (D) | (D) | (0) | 0 2 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 72 | ${ }^{2}$ | (P) |
|  | 18,987 | (P) | 6,575 | (D) | (P) | (D) | 561 | 1,796 | 110 | 1,174 | (P) | 64 | 0 | 49 | 5,300 | (D) |
| Other ............................................................................ |  | 2 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Latin America and Other Western Hemisphers ...... | 1,507 | (P) | 689 | (D) | (P) | 36 | 2 | (P) | (D) | (D) | 4 | 0 | 89 | (D) | (P) 12 |  |
| South and Central America ............................................ | 1,142 | 0 | 685 | (D) | (P) | 36 | 2 | (P) | 1 | 0 | 4 | 7 | 0 | 86 | (D) | (P) |
|  |  | 0 | ${ }^{(P)}$ | 0 | 0 | (D) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 8 | B | (1) |
|  | 1,040 | 0 | 59 | \% | 0 | 0 | ${ }^{2}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 83 | 9 | 9 |
|  | D |  | (1) | 0 | (P) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | , | 0 | (*) |
| Other Western Hemisphere ............................................ | 365 | (P) | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | (P) | (P) | 0 | 4 | 0 | 3 |  |  |
| Bahamas .................................................................. | (D) | (1) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Bermuda $\qquad$ <br> Netherlands Antilles | $\bigcirc$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| U. K. Islands, Caribbean $\qquad$ | (D) | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | (D) | (P) | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other | O | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | , | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| Africa .......................................................................................... | (D) |  |  | 0 |  |  |  | (D) | (D) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| South Africa ..................................................................... | (D) | 0 | (P) | 0 | (P) | (D) | 0 | (P) | (1) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other .......................................................................................... |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| Middie East ...... | (D) | 0 | 158 | 0 | (P) | 0 |  | ${ }^{(1)}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | (P) |  |  |  |  |
|  | 168 | 0 | P | 0 | ( ${ }^{0}$ | 0 |  | (B) | 0 | 0 | 0 | (0) | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lebanon |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (*) | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| Saudi Arabia ..................................................................... | 207 | 0 | (P) | 0 | 0 | 0 | (P) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (P) | (P) | 85 | 0 |
| United Arab Emirates Other | (D) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | (D) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Asla and Pacilic..... | 4,448 |  | 2,120 |  |  |  |  |  | 179 | 14 | 0 | (1) |  |  |  |  |
| Australia ........... | 1,308 | (D) | 2,910 | (D) | (P) | (P) | 0 | (P) | 0 | (*) | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 58 | 3 |
| China ..................................................................... | 42 | 0 | c) | 0 | 0 | 0 | (*) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (D) | (P) | (P) |
|  | ${ }^{295}$ | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (P) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | (D) | (0) | 0 |
|  | 2,044 | 1 | 777 | (D) | (P) | 213 | 122 | 402 | 149 | 14 | 0 | (1) | 0 |  | (D) | 4 |
|  | (D) | 0 | (1) | 1 | 0 | 0 | (1) | 0 | (D) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Malaysia ............................................................................ | 188 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | (D) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (P) | (P) |
| New Zealand ............................................................... |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |
| Philippines | 302 | 0 | (0) | 0 | 0 | 0 | (D) | O | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (0) | (8) | 0 |
| Taiwan ...................................................................... | ${ }^{68}$ | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | (P) | ( D) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 36 | 0 | 0 |
| Other ......................................................................... |  |  |  | 0 | (*) | 0 | 0 | 0 | (*) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| United States ${ }^{2}$.............................................................. | 76 | 0 | (P) | (D) | 3 | (D) | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (D) | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 |
| Addenda: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| European Union ${ }^{3}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 26,886 \\ 307 \end{array}$ | (P) | 11,588 | 312 | 6,302 | 412 | $1,330$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|c\|} 3,232 \\ 0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 467 \\ 0 \end{array}$ |  | $2,039$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 169 \\ 3 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} D_{0} \\ D_{1} \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{aligned} & 557 \\ & 112 \end{aligned}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 5,507 \\ 90 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | 5,165 |

D Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.
Less than \$500,00.
. See footnote 1 , table 4.
2. See footnote 3 in text for explanation
3. The European Union comprises Belgium, Denmark, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, and the United Kingdom. Prior to 1994, the European Union was known as the European

Communities (12).
4. OPEC is the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. As of yearend 1994, its members were Algeria, Gabon, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Nigeria, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates, and Venezuela. (Prior to 1993, Ecuador was also a member of OPEC.)
NoTE.-Data for 1994 are preliminary. For investments in which more than one investor participated, each investor and each investor's outlays are classified by the country of each individual ultimate beneficial owner.

Table 15.1.-Selected Data of Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, by Industry of Affiliate, 1992

|  | Mililions of dollars |  |  |  | Thousands of empioyoes | Mililions of dollars |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gross product | Sales | $\begin{gathered} \text { Net } \\ \text { income } \end{gathered}$ | Employee compensation |  | Total assets | Gross property, plant, and equipment |  | Expenditures for new plant and equipment | U.S. merchandise exports shipped by affiliates | U.S. merchandise imports shipped to aftliates |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total | Of which: |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Commercial propeity |  |  |  |
| All industries | 266,333 | 1,231,972 | -21,331 | 182,079 | 4,715.4 | 1,825,219 | 680,826 | 172,613 | 61,366 | 103,025 | 184,464 |
| Petroleum $\qquad$ <br> Petroleum and coal products manufacturing $\qquad$ | $\begin{gathered} 25,553 \\ 18,967 \\ 6,586 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 112,661 \\ 62,457 \\ 50,204 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -488 \\ -1,003 \\ -517 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6,494 \\ & 4,684 \\ & 1,810 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 121.0 \\ 86.3 \\ 34.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 95,887 \\ & 66,648 \\ & 28,989 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 98,771 \\ & 76,032 \\ & 22,739 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{5 , 7 4 7} \\ & 4,238 \\ & 1,510 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{8 , 4 9 9} \\ & 3,949 \\ & 1,540 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,424 \\ & 1,275 \\ & 2,149 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 17,198 \\ 8,423 \\ 8,775 \end{array}$ |
| Manufacturing ........................................................................................... | 134,127 | 431,223 | -9,171 | 97,614 | 2,252.0 | 474,878 | 268,018 | 0,795 | 24,505 | 40,269 | 53,341 |
| Food and kindred products $\qquad$ Beverages $\qquad$ | $\begin{array}{r}12,283 \\ 2.637 \\ \hline 0.75\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}47,029 \\ 66,618 \\ \hline 10,41\end{array}$ | 238 457 | 7,482 <br> 1,191 | 242.3 <br> 25.0 <br> 17 | $\begin{aligned} & 48,682 \\ & 13,365 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 18,987 \\ 2,942 \end{array}$ | 1.627 <br> 101 | 1,748 1311 1,196 | $\begin{array}{r}2,044 \\ \hline 200\end{array}$ | 3,010 7777 |
| Other ....................................................................................................................... | 9,745 | 40,411 | -219 | 6,290 | 217.2 | 35,328 | 16,045 | 1,326 | 1,436 | 1,844 | 2,273 |
| Chemicals and allied products. .......... Industrial chemicals and syntetics | 41,940 23,242 2, | 123,539 67,657 | $-1,281$ $-3,818$ | 26,949 15,188 | 515.6 281.8 | 161,161 99,173 | 107,490 78,760 | 3,213 2,090 | 1,439 <br> 5,821 | $\begin{array}{r}12,512 \\ 9,598 \\ \hline 18\end{array}$ | 11,850 7,066 |
| Industria chemicals and synnineics | 11,358 | 27,939 <br> 27 | $-3,818$ 2,291 | $\begin{array}{r}15,188 \\ 6,816 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 127.9 | 32,533 | 15,077 | 2,01 | 2,022 | 1,334 | 2,860 |
| Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods ............ | 4,002 | 15,698 | 244 | 2,674 | 56.6 | 15,018 | 6,243 | 295 | 723 | 453 | 379 |
| Other .................................................................................................... | 3,338 | 12,046 | 1 | 2,271 | 49.3 | 14,436 | 7,410 | (P) | 873 | 1,127 | 1,546 |
| Primary and fabricated metals.. | 15,020 | 53,988 | -2,029 | 11,643 | 266.0 | 52,525 | 37.714 | 720 | 2.897 | 3,476 | 5,961 |
| Primary metal industries ....... | 8,710 | 32,760 | -2,014 | 6,808 | 139.5 | 33,092 | 27.333 | 125 | 1,934. | 2,146 | 4,283 |
| Ferrous ......................... | 5.183 | 18,146 | -1,588 | 4,292 | 82.9 | 19,782 | 17,463 | 86 | 1,068 | 522 | 1,647 |
| Nonferrous .a......................................................................................... | 3.527 | 14,614 | -426 | 2,516 | 56.6 | 13,309 | 9,870 | 39 | 866 | 1,623 | 2,641 |
| Fabricated metal products ...................................................................... | 6,310 | 21,227 | -15 | 4,835 | 126.5 | 19,433 | 10,381 | 595 | 963 | 1,330 | 1,679 |
| Machinery ............................................................................................................ | 25,855 | 88,449 | -2,749 | 22,388 | 503.0 | 84,561 | 33,564 | 1,134 | 3,903 | 12,325 | 19,818 |
| Machinery, except electrical .................................................................. | 10,160 | 36,360 | -1,638 | 9.019 | 210.5 | 34,648 | 13,670 | 604 | 1,565 | 5.124 | 7.857 |
| Computer and office equipment ................................................................ | 2,209 | 8,568 | -803 | 2,153 | 42.0 | 8,243 | 3,196 | 272 | 595 | 1,498 | 2,568 |
| Other ................................ | 7,951 | 27,801 | -835 | 6,867 | 168.5 | 26,405 | 10,474 | 331 | 970 | 3,627 | 5,289 |
| Electric and electronic equipment ........................ | $\begin{array}{r}15,694 \\ 6,003 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 52,089 21,318 | $-1,12$ -354 | 13,369 4.973 | 292.5 96.9 | 49,913 | 19,894 6,775 | 530 159 | $\begin{array}{r}2,338 \\ \hline 690\end{array}$ | 7,201 2,446 | 11,961 |
| Eiectronic components and accessories | 2,452 | 7,960 | -85 | 2,017 | 50.8 | 8 8,549 | 4,616 | 252 | 699 | 1,506 | 2.131 |
| Other ............................................................................................... | 7,239 | 22,811 | -672 | 6,380 | 144.8 | 23,951 | 8,503 | 119 | 1,010 | 3,249 | 2,625 |
| Other manufacturing .............................................................................. | 39,030 | 118,217 | -3,350 | 29,152 | 725.2 | 127,950 | 70,262 | 3,100 | 6,518 | 9,912 | 12,703 |
| Textile products and apparel ................................................................ | 2,917 | 8,262 |  | 2,019 | 76.3 | 7,864 | 5,078 | 462 | 476 | 462 | 666 |
| Lumber, wood, furniture, and fixtures | 899 | 3,657 | 85 | 641 | 23.1 | 2,871 | 1,477 | 47 | 184 | 332 | 445 |
| Paper and allied products ..................................................................... | 3,513 | 10,849 | -269 | 2,394 | 54.8 | 11,393 | 10,165 | 173 | 602 | 962 | 743 |
| Printing and publishing ..... | 6,054 | 16,507 | -1,038 | 4,616 | 109.0 | 21,437 | 6,240 | 498 | 614 | 532 | 228 |
| Newspapers ......... | 128 | 291 | -1030 | 104 | 3.7 | 400 | 118 | 1 | 11 | $5{ }^{6}$ | 3 |
| Other .i.j..... | 5,927 3978 | 16,216 | -1,030 | 4,512 | 105.3 | 21,037 | $\begin{array}{r}6,123 \\ \hline 7944\end{array}$ | 496 | 602 666 | 526 | - 2225 |
| Rubber products ......................... | 1,481 | 51,348 | -234 | 1,036 | 29.9 | re, 5 5,701 | 3,830 | 58 | 611 | 203 | 529 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products ............................................................ | 6,215 | 17,616 | -1,005 | 4,710 | 114.0 | 27,723 | 17,995 | 662 | 1,064 | 659 | 933 |
| Transportation equipment ...................................................................... | 4,840 | 22,858 | -920 | 4,333 | 101.5 | 18,038 | 9,261 | 248 | 1,502 | 2,343 | 5,471 |
| Motor vehicles and equipment .............. | 2,659 | 16,592 | -487 | 2,412 | 57.7 | 10,720 | 7,047 | 213 | 1,312 | 1,196 | 4,834 <br> 637 |
|  | 6,100 | 15,238 | -466 | 4,498 | 108.8 | 16,226 | 5,816 | 359 | 520 | 2,025 | 1,138 |
| Other .................................... | 3,033 | 6,777 | 221 | 1,188 | 31.2 | 4,503 | 2,456 | 122 | 279 | 1,429 | 767 |
| Wholesale trade ........ | 31,000 | 375,400 | -335 | 10,343 | 438.2 | 488,128 | 53,917 | 9,719 | 9,795 | 55,679 | 109,691 |
| Motor vehicles and equipment. | 7,866 | 97,245 | 7 | 3,834 | 70.9 | 57,203 | 23,248 | 3,101 | 5,897 | 6,581 | 34,463 |
| Protessional and commercial equipment and supplies .... | 3,236 | 22,706 | -247 | 2,407 | 52.4 | 13,775 | 3.716 | 513 | 648 | 1,250 | 11,649 |
| Metals and minerals, except petroleum ............................................................ | 1,680 | 37,134 | -85 | 1,080 | 23.1 | 15,522 | 3,534 | 476 | 334 | 11,457 | 10,686 |
| Electrical goods .............................. | 5,624 | 42,387 | 74 | 3,870 | 80.4 | 30,968 | 7.475 | 1,975 | 1,359 | 2,616 | 21,325 |
| Machinery, equipment, and supplies | 2,172 | 38,602 | -158 | 1,607 | 34.7 | 18,454 | 2,374 | 566 | 278 | 12,127 | 11,076 |
|  | 1,940 | 19,688 | 110 | 1,181. | 43.7 | 7,457 | 1,900 |  | 175 | +2,947 | 2,532 |
| Farm-product raw materials | 1,044 | 35,746 | 13 | 1,605 | 19.1 | 9,058 | 2,512 | 500 | 259 | 13,070 | 1,701 |
|  | 4,325 | 29,813 | -247 | 2,731 | 62.4 | 19,718 | 5,332 | 712 | 506 | 3,669 | 8,909 |
| Retall trade | 19,896 | 82,081 | -2,088 |  | 710.9 | 41,663 | 23,851 | 14,314 | 2,537 | 1,280 | 2,877 |
| General merchandise stores. | 556 | 2,376 | -696 | 424 | 29.6 | 1,970 | 933 | 548 | 63 | 6 | 177 |
| Food stores ............................................................................... | 11,491 | 48,443 | -201 | 6,736 | 355.0 | 17,459 | 13,089 | 8,606 | 1,494 | 4 | 328 |
| Apparel and accessory stores | 1,867 5,982 | 7,839 23,402 | $-1,104$ -184 | 1,542 4,105 | 84.1 242.2 | 5,808 16,426 | 3,418 6,410 | 1,840 3,320 | 310 669 | 7 1,243 | 615 1,758 |
| FInance, except banking ............................................................................. | 3,222 | 30,765 | 551 | 5,810 | 56.6 | 392,316 | 6,951 | 2,852 | 953 | 12 | 11 |
| Insurance | 5,666 | 75,887 | 2,318 | 7,303 | 153.1 | 343,298 | 19,805 | 9,618 | 2,721 | 0 | 1 |
| Real estate | 6,390 | 15,021 | -4,672 | 1,234 | 38.0 | 109,262 | 94,175 | 86,367 | 4,088 | 12 | 3 |
| Services .............................................................................................. | 20,260 | 46,522 | -3,125 | 16,441 | 593.2 | 99,645 | 47,539 | 28,397 | 6,740 | 533 | 367 |
| Hotels and other lodging places ....................................................................... | 3,383 | 6,554 | -1,603 | 2,431 | 129.0 | 31,425 | 23,985 | 21,192 | 1.403 | (') | 2 |
| Business services ....................................................................................... | 8,953 | 15,613 | 136 | 7,601 | 276.8 | 20,771 | 8,043 | 855 | 1,091 | 266 | 154 |
| Computer and data processing services .................................................. | 2,590 | 4,726 | 172 | 2,033 | 34.4 | 6,617 | 2,611 | 75 | 397 | 233 | 72 |
| Other business services ................................................................... | 6,363 | 10,887 | -36 | 5,568 | 242.4 | 14,155 | 5,432 | 780 | 694 | 33 | 82 |
| Motion pictures, including television tape and film ............................................ | 1,995 | 10,499 | -1,200 | 1,632 | 43.8 | 25,935 | 4,563 | 1,604 | 288 | 67 | 101 |
| Engineering, architectural, and surveying services .......................................... | 1,978 | 5,572 | -76 | 1,891 | 38.1 | 4,544 | 1,505 | 416 | 288 | 168 | 48 |
| Accounting, research, management, and related services ..................................................... | 819 | 1,805 | -69 | 721 | 12.2 | 2,607 | 773 | 274 | 89 | 11 | 19 |
| Health services ....................................................................................... | 793 | 1,430 | 7 | 697 | 32.0 | 1,372 | 902 | 85 | 60 | 0 | 0 |
| Other services ...................................................................................... | 2,338 | 5,050 | -320 | 1,468 | 61.3 | 12,992 | 7,768 | 3,971 | 3,520 | 22 | 42 |
| Other industries | 20,219 | 62,434 | -4,326 | 15,031 | 352.4 | 80,191 | 47,800 | 5,814 | 4,538 | 2,736 | 1,035 |
| Agriculture, forestry, and fishing .................................................................. | 659 | 2,193 | -133 | 455 | 18.9 | 4,468 | 3,606 | 471 | 240 | 547 | 71 |
| Mining ............................................................................................. | 5,527 | 11,164 | -80 | 2,505 | 48.1 | 22,694 | 21,215 | 104 | 1,176 | 2,067 | 216 |
|  | 2,174 | 3,922 | -574 | 1,109 | 18.4 | 6,616 | 7,296 | (*) | 231 | 585 | 2 |
| Other .................................................................................................. | 3,353 | 7,242 | 494 | 1,396 | 29.7 | 16,078 | 13,919 | 104 | 945 | 1,482 | 214 |
| Construction ......................................................................................... | 3,230 | 15,848 | -413 | 3,010 | 69.1 | 10,199 | 4,567 | 2,490 | 625 | 39 | (P) |
| Transportation ......................................................................................... | 7,609 | 26,135 | -1,355 | 7,347 | 174.5 | 21,328 | 8,077 | 2,185 | 1,018 | 51 | (D) |
| Communication and public utitities ................................................................. | 3,195 | 7,094 | -2,346 | 1,715 | 51.7 | 21,503 | 10,335 | 563 | 1,478 | 32 | 106 |

D Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.
*Less than $\$ 500,000$ ( $\mathbf{~}$ ).
NOTE,-Estimates for 1992 are revised.

Table 15.2.-Selected Data of Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, by Industry of Affiliate, 1993


D Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.
Less than $\$ 500,000$ ( $\pm$ )
NoTE.-Estimates for 1993 are preliminary.

Table 16.1.-Selected Data of Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, by Country of Ultimate Beneficial Owner, 1992


[^38]Estimates for 1992 are revised

1. The European Communities (12) consists of Belgium, Denmark, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, and the United Kingdom.
2. OPEC is the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. As of yearend 1992, its members were Algeria, Ecuador, Gabon, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Llibya, Nigeria, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates, and Venezuela.

Table 16.2.-Selected Data of Nonbank U.S. Affillates, by Country of Ultimate Beneficial Owner, 1993

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{4}{*}{} \& \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{Milions of dollars} \& \multirow{4}{*}{Thou-
sands of employees} \& \multicolumn{6}{|c|}{Millions of dollars} \\
\hline \& \multirow{3}{*}{Gross product} \& \multirow{3}{*}{Sales} \& \multirow{3}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
\& \text { Net } \\
\& \text { income }
\end{aligned}
\]} \& \multirow{3}{*}{Employee com-pensa-
tion tion} \& \& \multirow{3}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
\& \text { Total } \\
\& \text { assets }
\end{aligned}
\]} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Gross property, plant, and equipment} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{Expenditures for new plant equipment} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{} \\
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Total} \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& \text { Of } \\
\& \text { which: }
\end{aligned}
\] \& \& \& \\
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& Commercial property \& \& \& \\
\hline All countries \& 290,427 \& 1,302,131 \& \[
-9,862
\] \& 190,304 \& 4,722.3 \& 2,049,263 \& 703,972 \& 172,492 \& 63,721 \& 105,088 \& 198,469 \\
\hline Canada \& 41,307 \& 135,898 \& 1,302 \& 25,377 \& 663.0 \& 260,111 \& 103,151 \& 21,712 \& 5,904 \& 7,030 \& 12,159 \\
\hline  \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{170,635
500} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{678,796} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
\& -2,903 \\
\& -79
\end{aligned}
\]} \& \[
\begin{array}{r}
115,584 \\
\hline 290
\end{array}
\] \& \[
2,869.6
\] \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
\& 1,069,957 \\
\& 2,978
\end{aligned}
\]} \& \[
\begin{array}{r}
367,488 \\
\hline 599
\end{array}
\] \& 69,917 \& \[
32,944
\] \& 44,858 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{66,764
564} \\
\hline  \& \& \& \& 2,087 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{6.8
101.9} \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\({ }_{9,911}^{599}\)} \& 1,82
1849 \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{358} \& \\
\hline  \& 3,737
1,606 \& 17,170 \& 35
-23 \& 2,087
1,247 \& \& \({ }^{212,041}\) \& \& 1,849
142 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
\& 225 \\
\& 363
\end{aligned}
\]} \& \& 1,280
541 \\
\hline Finland .... \& 1,632 \& \% 6,9388 \& -23
-211 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
1,247 \\
1.224 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& \[
\begin{array}{r}
62.1 \\
28.0
\end{array}
\] \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 3,760 \\
\& 6,421
\end{aligned}
\] \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 1,610 \\
\& 2,941
\end{aligned}
\] \& \(\begin{array}{r}142 \\ 175 \\ \hline 15\end{array}\) \& \& 346
567 \& 641
989 \\
\hline France .................................................... \& 20,090 \& 101,615 \& -1,549 \& 14,965 \& 361.1 \& 213,688 \& 48,552 \& 15,594 \& 3.951 \& 12,254 \& 9,067 \\
\hline Germany \& 32,885 \& \multirow[t]{6}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
135,002 \\
6,26 \\
14,154 \\
488 \\
3,148 \\
78,432
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{6}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
-348 \\
-398 \\
-797 \\
-82 \\
-41 \\
153
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{6}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
23,337 \\
1,38 \\
2,192 \\
144 \\
599 \\
11,129
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{6}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
565.7 \\
32.6 \\
47.3 \\
3.4 \\
16.1 \\
295.2
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{6}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
148,380 \\
71,706 \\
21,408 \\
722 \\
2,468 \\
126,294
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{6}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
62,526 \\
4,770 \\
6,334 \\
650 \\
1,333 \\
64,232
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{6}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
9,982 \\
426 \\
611 \\
387 \\
633 \\
13,668
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{6}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
7,692 \\
354 \\
509 \\
30 \\
91 \\
4,217
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{6}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
8,253 \\
238 \\
1,839 \\
30 \\
261 \\
3,741
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{6}{*}{20,149
254
2,785
105
555
8,678} \\
\hline Ireland. \& \multirow[t]{5}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
2,003 \\
1,664 \\
2,665 \\
159 \\
1,106 \\
20,506
\end{array}
\]} \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Leechtenstein \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Netherlands .................................................................................................................................................... \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Norway \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{709
311
5976} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\(\begin{array}{r}2,883 \\ 1,304 \\ \hline\end{array}\)} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
\& -75 \\
\& -61
\end{aligned}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{467
203
4727} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
10.4 \\
6.4
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{3,137
3,979} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\(\begin{array}{r}1,671 \\ \hline 793 \\ \hline 1062\end{array}\)} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{196
222} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{157
42
42} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\(\begin{array}{r}327 \\ 33 \\ \hline\end{array}\)} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{307
177} \\
\hline  \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Sweden \& 5,976 \& 26,936 \& -633 \& 4,727 \& 106.9 \& 333798 \& \& 1,511 \& 4,399 \& 2.413 \& 4,508 \\
\hline Switzerland \& 16,201 \& 75,869 \& -17 \& 13,148 \& 245.0 \& 159,305 \& 26,231 \& 3,616 \& 2.486 \& 5,543 \& 5,912 \\
\hline United Kingdom \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{60,708
179} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
201,508 \\
1,067
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1,210
-69} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{38,454
117} \& 977.2 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{322,947
925} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
124,68,685 \\
1208
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{20,548
265} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{7,701
15} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{8,406} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{12,322} \\
\hline Other ............... \& \& \& \& \& 3.5 \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Latin America and Other Western Hermisphere ...... \& 10,122 \& 38,532 \& 170 \& 5,430 \& 143.5 \& 45,276 \& 21,771 \& 5,295 \& 1,903 \& 3,316 \& 8,029 \\
\hline South and Central America ............................................................................................................ \& \multirow[t]{6}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
\& 7,329 \\
\& 426 \\
\& 1,308 \\
\& 1,576 \\
\& 3,712 \\
\& 306
\end{aligned}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{6}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
29,500 \\
2,647 \\
5,43 \\
4,518 \\
14,857 \\
2,063
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{6}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
530 \\
709 \\
-308 \\
-201 \\
290 \\
40
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{6}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
\& 3,536 \\
\& 160 \\
\& 1,013 \\
\& 1,314 \\
\& 880 \\
\& 173
\end{aligned}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\(\begin{array}{r}87.3 \\ 27.8 \\ \hline\end{array}\)} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{33,296
9,639} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{14,377} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{2,258} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1,178

39} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{2,695
343} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{6,664
1,003} <br>
\hline Brazil \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Mexico . \& \& \& \& \& 27.6 \& 7,770 \& 3,159 \& 1,084 \& 249 \& 418 \& 1,068 <br>
\hline Panama. \& \& \& \& \& 24.4 \& 4,500 \& 3,180 \& 420 \& 211 \& 619 \& 153 <br>
\hline Venezuela \& \& \& \& \& 26.1 \& 10,088 \& 6,949 \& 363 \& 647 \& 226 \& 3,644 <br>
\hline Other ................................. \& \& \& \& \& 6.5 \& 1,299 \& 484 \& 216 \& 32 \& 1,089 \& 796 <br>

\hline Other Western Hemisphere .. \& \multirow[t]{5}{*}{$$
\begin{array}{r}
2,793 \\
64 \\
1,218 \\
1,320 \\
167 \\
24
\end{array}
$$} \& \multirow[t]{5}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 9,033 \\
& 484 \\
& 4,546 \\
& 2,735 \\
& 1,142 \\
& 125
\end{aligned}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{5}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
-360 \\
-122 \\
-25 \\
-57 \\
-147 \\
-18
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{5}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
1,894 \\
53 \\
807 \\
843 \\
172 \\
20
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{5}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
56.2 \\
2.1 \\
31.5 \\
16.6 \\
5.3 \\
5.7
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{5}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{gathered}
11,980 \\
1,312 \\
5,140 \\
3,958 \\
1,938 \\
1,232
\end{gathered}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{5}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
7,393 \\
744 \\
2,679 \\
2,600 \\
1,248 \\
122
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{5}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
3,037 \\
376 \\
1,085 \\
825 \\
675 \\
75
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{5}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 725 \\
& 56 \\
& 565 \\
& 265 \\
& 2727 \\
& \hline 127
\end{aligned}
$$
\]} \& \multirow[t]{5}{*}{621

88
97
310
79
53} \& \multirow[t]{5}{*}{1,365
152
564
277
368
4} <br>
\hline Bahamas \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Bermuda \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Netherlands Antilles ... \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline United Kingdom Islands, Caribbean \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline Aftrea \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{$$
\begin{array}{r}
1,349 \\
876 \\
472
\end{array}
$$} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
5,155 \\
4,308 \\
447
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
-467 \\
-503 \\
36
\end{array}
$$
\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{722

596
126} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{16.0
13.3

2.7} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{$$
\begin{array}{r}
\left(\begin{array}{c}
\mathcal{P}) \\
3,127 \\
(\mathcal{P})
\end{array}\right)
\end{array}
$$} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 5,960 \\
& 2,048 \\
& 3,912
\end{aligned}
$$
\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{(P)

55

(P)} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{| (1) |
| :--- |
| (19) |
| 1 |} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 477 \\
& \text { D } \\
& \text { (D) }
\end{aligned}
$$
\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{829

677
145} <br>
\hline South Africa \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Other . .............................................................................................. \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline Middle Esst .... \& \multirow[t]{7}{*}{$$
\begin{gathered}
4,588 \\
1,082 \\
1,031 \\
5,98 \\
2,968 \\
688 \\
60
\end{gathered}
$$} \& \multirow[t]{7}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
16,568 \\
1,49 \\
2,168 \\
5151 \\
11,817 \\
421 \\
139
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{7}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{gathered}
91 \\
-86 \\
54 \\
-69 \\
308 \\
-78 \\
-38
\end{gathered}
$$
\]} \& \multirow[t]{7}{*}{1,436

254
202
82
766
98
32} \& \& 25,447. \& 19,844 \& (D) \& 903 \& 454 \& 3,655 <br>

\hline |srael .................................................................................................................................................... \& \& \& \& \& $$
4.9
$$ \& 2,110 \& 469 \& 218 \& 44 \& 140 \& (D) <br>

\hline Kuwait \& \& \& \& \& 9.2 \& 9,202 \& 9,103 \& 7,234 \& 253 \& P) \& 35 <br>
\hline Lebanon ....... \& \& \& \& \& 2.7 \& 610 \& 526 \& 93 \& 39 \& 16 \& 2 <br>
\hline Saudi Arabia \& \& \& \& \& 20.6 \& 11,126 \& 7,203 \& 3,863 \& 436 \& (1) \& (D) <br>

\hline United Arab Emirates ... \& \& \& \& \& $$
5.8
$$ \& 1,728 \& 1,741 \& 1,390 \& 107 \& 18 \& 37 <br>

\hline Other ............................................................................................................................ \& \& \& \& \& \& 671 \& 602 \& (P) \& 23 \& 1 \& (') <br>
\hline Asla and Paclic \& 58,090 \& 411,194 \& -10,087 \& 40,051 \& 947.3 \& 568,179 \& 173,134 \& 60,633 \& 18,958 \& 48,365 \& 104,527 <br>
\hline Australia .......... \& 8,145 \& 31,925 \& -949 \& 6,203 \& 137.9 \& 47,965 \& 14,843 \& 1,899 \& 1,809 \& 715 \& 1,408 <br>
\hline China \& 221 \& 1,813 \& -4 \& 49 \& 1.2 \& 880 \& 533 \& 30 \& 51 \& 735 \& (P) <br>
\hline Hong Kong . \& 1,205 \& 5,013 \& -339 \& 864 \& 28.0 \& 10,093 \& 4,319 \& 3,420 \& 241 \& 157 \& 1,118 <br>
\hline Indonesia ......................................................................................................................................... \& \& 600 \& -38 \& 62 \& 4.3 \& . 553 \& 264 \& 174 \& 16 \& 25 \& 34 <br>
\hline Japan ............................................................................................................................................... \& 45,859 \& 362,196 \& -7,982 \& 31,086 \& 723.9 \& 487,197 \& 142,695 \& 52,046 \& 15,631 \& 43,045 \& 93,437 <br>
\hline Korea, Republic of ................................................................................................................................... \& 722 \& 11,219 \& -247 \& 481 \& 10.5 \& 7,891 \& 2,067 \& 663 \& 214 \& 2,901 \& 6,048 <br>
\hline Mayaysia \& 209 \& 264 \& -9 \& 89 \& 3.0 \& 551 \& 395 \& 288 \& 14 \& 14 \& 17 <br>
\hline Pw \& 550 \& 2,044 \& -51 \& 224 \& 8.9 \& 1,247 \& 819 \& 58 \& 19 \& \& 530 <br>
\hline Philippines \& 247 \& 827 \& -29 \& 204 \& 6.7 \& 527 \& 381 \& 178 \& 33 \& 10 \& <br>
\hline Singapore \& 181 \& 820 \& $-163$ \& 117 \& 3.8 \& 2,002 \& 1,326 \& 1,011 \& 116 \& 111 \& 155 <br>
\hline  \& 794 \& 3,744 \& -169 \& 528 \& 14.9 \& 8,167 \& 4,920 \& 469 \& 750 \& 546 \& ${ }^{866}$ <br>
\hline  \& 62 \& 729 \& -108 \& 95 \& 4.2 \& 1,105 \& 582 \& 396 \& 64 \& 93 \& 366 <br>
\hline Unlted States ................................................................................................................................. \& 4,336 \& 15,988 \& 2,031 \& 1,704 \& 38.7 \& (P) \& 12,825 \& (D) \& (P) \& 587 \& 512 <br>
\hline Addenda: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline EupEC ${ }^{2}$................................................................................................................................................................................................................................ \& \[
$$
\begin{array}{r}
145,297 \\
8,438
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{gathered}
562,496 \\
30,342
\end{gathered}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
-1,775 \\
-653
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{gathered}
95,491 \\
2,103
\end{gathered}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
2,466.3 \\
67.1
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
863,037 \\
34,768
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
324,643 \\
28,413
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 63,914 \\
& 13,061
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
25,423 \\
1,641
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
35,728 \\
551
\end{array}
$$
\] \& 55,813

6,858 <br>

\hline | D Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies. |
| :--- |
| - Less than $\$ 500,000( \pm)$. | \& \& s, Portugat, unilies (12). \& Spain, \& the Unite \& Kingdo \& Prior to 19 \& , the E \& jean Ut \& was \& wn as the \& European <br>


\hline | NOTE,-Estimates for 1993 are preliminary. |
| :--- |
| 1. The European Union comprises Belgium, Denmark, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Luxembourg, the Ne | \& \& OPEC is the to 1993, Ec \& Organiza ador was \& ion of Pe Kuwait, also a me \& roleum ber of O \& orting Count C.) \& ies. As of di Arabia, \& yearend \& 993, its

Arab Em \& ember wer ates, and \& Algeria, enezuela. <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

Table 17.1.-Gross Product of Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, Industry of Affiliate by Country of Ulitimate Beneficial Owner, 1992
[Millions of doliars]

|  | All countries | Canada | Europe |  |  |  |  |  | Latin America and Other Western Hemisphere | Arica | Middle East | Asia and Pacific |  |  | United States |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total | Of which: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total | Of which: |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | France | Germany | Netherlands | Switzerland | United Kingdom |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Austra- } \\ & \text { sia- } \end{aligned}$ | Japan |  |
| All industries .... | 266,333 | 33,479 | 181,226 | 18,899 | 28,716 | 19,657 | 17,117 | 57,412 | 8,739 | 1,267 | 3,480 | 54,348 | 8,101 | 42,659 | 3,843 |
| Petroleum $\qquad$ Petroleum and coal products manufacturing <br> Other $\qquad$ $\qquad$ | $\begin{array}{r} 25,853 \\ \begin{array}{r} 18,967 \\ 6,586 \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,727 \\ (\mathcal{P}) \\ (\mathrm{D}) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16,925 \\ & 15,863 \\ & 1,063 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} (\mathbb{D}) \\ (\mathrm{D}) \\ 1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 148 \\ 27 \\ 27 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} (P) \\ (D) \\ 245 \\ 24 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 97 \\ & 12 \\ & 85 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { DD } \\ \text { DD } \\ 204 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3,621 \\ \text { (D) } \\ \text { (D) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{P}) \\ & \mathrm{O} \\ & \mathrm{P}) \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 521 \\ & 501 \\ & (D) \\ & (D) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} (\mathrm{D}) \\ (\mathrm{D}) \\ 82 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 98 \\ & 17 \\ & 81 \end{aligned}$ | 411 0 411 |
| Manufacturing. | 134,127 | 20,357 | 88,781 | 11,640 | 16,358 | 6,805 | 12,253 | 32,050 | 2,917 | 542 | 231 | 21,196 | 2,939 | 16,905 | 102 |
| Food and kindred products $\qquad$ <br> Beverages $\qquad$ Other | 12,283 2,537 9,745 | 1,876 | 8,918 11,045 7,873 | $\begin{aligned} & 496 \\ & 112 \\ & 384 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 117 \\ 13 \\ 104 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 765 \\ 7 \\ 765 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,266 \\ (\mathrm{P}) \\ (\mathrm{P}) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4,636 \\ \left(\mathrm{P}_{1}\right) \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{D} \\ \mathrm{D} \\ \mathrm{D}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 49 \\ 0 \\ 49 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 45 \\ 0 \\ 45 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,306 \\ 255 \\ 1,051 \end{array}$ | 78 (D) (D) | 790 210 580 | (D) |
| Other ......................................................................... | 9,745 | (D) |  |  | 104 |  | (D) | (D) | (D) |  | 45 |  | (D) | 580 | ( ${ }^{\text {( }}$ |
| Chemicals and allied products $\qquad$ Industrial chemicals and synthetics $\qquad$ | 41,940 23,242 | (D) | 30,631 <br> 13,629 | 2,888 1,858 | 7,638 5,591 | 3,086 | 5,196 110 | 10,598 4,442 4 | (P) | -5 -5 | 39 | 1,780 | 56 | $\begin{array}{r}1,431 \\ \hline 852 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 0 |
| Drugs .......................................................................... | 11,358 | (D) | 10,305 | (1) | ${ }^{293}$ | 20 | 4,748 | 4,103 | (D) | 0 | 39 | 278 | 37 | 241 | 0 |
| Soap, cleaners, and to........................ | 4,002 | (P) | 3,708 | 27 | 1,103 | (1) | ( P) | (1) | 2 | 0 | 0 | (D) | 8 | 147 | 0 |
| Other .................................................................... | 3,338 | 114 | 2,989 | (P) | 651 | 55 | (P) | (9) | 1 | 0 | (*) | 234 | 10 | 191 | 0 |
| Primary and tabricated metals.. | 15,020 | 2,211 | 6,053 | 1,701 | 1,566 | 171 | 572 | 1,210 | (D) | (2) | 11 | 5,274 | 1,583 | 3,513 | 3 |
| Primary metal industries ............................................. | 8,710 | 1,402 | 2,246 | (1) | 359 | -2 | 454 | 473 | (D) | (D) | 0 | 4,512 | (0) | 3,004 | 3 |
|  | 5,183 <br> 3,527 | 478 924 | -802 | 383 | 74 | -2 | 449 | 46 426 | (D) | (D) | 0 | 3,807 | (D) | 2,876 | 0 |
| Fabricated metal products ......................................................................................... | 6,310 | 809 | 3,807 | (D) | 1,207 | 174 | 117 | 737 | (D) | (D) | 11 | 762 | (D) | 509 | 0 |
| Machinery | 25,855 | 2,757 | 17,127 | 2,418 | 3,559 | 2,222 | 2,800 | 3,236 | 43 | (D) | (1) | 5,826 | 361 | 5,297 |  |
| Machinery, except electrical ....................................... | 10,160 | 287 | 6,738 | 493 | 1,454 | (D) | (D) | 1,823 | 46 | (D) | (P) | 2,993 | (P) | 2,803 | 8 |
| Computer and office equipment ................................... | 2,209 | ( ${ }^{\text {D }}$ ) | ${ }^{1,041}$ | (0) | ${ }^{\mathcal{P}}{ }^{\text {D }}$ | ${ }^{(8)}$ | 34 | 1108 | $\begin{array}{r}7 \\ \hline 5\end{array}$ | O | 0 | 1,140 | 0 | 1,045 | (D) |
|  | 15,994 | 2.470 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 5,697 } \\ 10,389 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,926 | 2.104 | ${ }^{66}$ | (0) | 1,715 1,413 | ${ }_{-4}^{53}$ | P | 5 | 1,852 | P | 1,769 | P |
| Audio, video, and communications equipment ..................................... | 6,003 | 2, ${ }^{(1)}$ | 3,268 | 1,016 | 2, (D) | (D) | (D) | ${ }^{1} 331$ | 1 | 0 | 4 | 2,03) | ${ }_{4}$ | 2,594 | 0 |
| Electronic components and accessories ...................... | 2,452 | 85 | 1,255 | 141 | 392 | 142 | 15 | 425 | -5 | 0 | 1 | 1,116 | 2 | 1,089 | 0 |
| Other .................................................................... | 7,239 | (D) | 5,866 | 769 | (P) | 40 | (P) | 657 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (P) | (D) | 811 | 1 |
| Other manufacturing. | 39,030 | (D) | 26,052 | 4,136 | 3,478 | 560 | 1,420 | 12,370 | (P) |  |  | 7,010 | 861 | 5,874 |  |
| Textile products and apparel ..................................... | 2,917 | 538 | 1,613 | (1) | 270 | 50 | 113 | 734 | 162 | (D) | (D) | 511 | 0 | 465 | (D) |
| Lumber, wood, furniture, and fixtures ............................. | 899 | 91 | 706 | 18 | 177 | 1 | 44 | (P) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 102 | 2 | 92 | 0 |
| Paper and alied products ......................................... | 3,513 | 360 | 2,677 | 6 | 106 | (D) | 56 | 874 | 13 | 0 | 24 | 419 | 119 | 182 | 19 |
| Printing and publishing .................................................. | 6,054 | 2,719 | 2,853 | (P) | (P) | (D) | (P) | 1,680 | 14 | 0 | 7 | 425 | (P) | (P) | 37 |
| Newspapers | $\begin{array}{r}128 \\ 5,927 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | (D) | (1) | (0) | (1) | (0) | (1) | 1,688 | 13 | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 7 \end{aligned}$ | $4{ }^{6}$ | (1) | (1) | ${ }^{0}$ |
|  | 3,978 | 15 | 2,169 | (1) | (D) | 8 | 5 | 1,095 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1,793 | 0 | 1,793 | 0 |
| Miscellaneous plastics products .... | 1,481 | 187 | 872 | 106 | 274 | 67 | 13 | 184 | 114 | 0 | (") | 309 | 10 | 283 | 0 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products .................................. | 6,215 | 120 | 4,039 | 1,251 | 556 | 0 | 269 | 1,371 | 731 | 0 | 0 | 1,324 | 484 | 822 | 0 |
| Transporation equipment ........................................ | 4,840 | 497 | 2,609 | 449 | 237 | (1) | 6 | 1,403 | 0 | 0 |  | 1,733 | $-1$ | 1,687 | 0 |
| Motor vehicles and equipment ..... | 2,659 | 218 | 828 | (0) | 130 | (1) | 0 | 196 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,614 | -1 | 1,611 | 0 |
| Other transportation equipment ................................. | 2.180 | 280 | 1,781 | (1) | 107 | 17 | 6 | 1,208 | 0 | 0 |  | 120 | 0 | 76 | 0 |
| Instruments and related products .................................. | 6,100 | 12 | 5,823 | 376 | 674 | 12 |  | 3,751 |  | 0 | 0 | 264 | 0 | 265 | 0 |
| Other ......................................................................... | 3,033 | (P) | 2,690 | 257 | 101 | 9 | (D) | (P) | (D) | 0 | 0 | 130 | (P) | (P) | 0 |
| Wholesale trade ....................... | 31,000 | 1,074 | 12,326 | 1,446 | 4,185 | 785 | 1,172 | 2,992. | 578 | 325 | 65 | 16,137 | 592 | 14,818 | 497 |
| Motor veticles and equipment ......................................... | 7,866 | 10 | 2,399 | 4 | 2,262 | 3 | 2 | ${ }^{23}$ |  | 0 | 13 | 5,493 | 6 | 5,467 | -55 |
| Professional and commercial equipment and supplies ........... | 3,236 | 51 | 1,020 | (1) | 251 | (P) | 325 | (P) | 3 | 0 |  | 2,155 | 0 | 2,104 |  |
| Metals and minerals, except petroleum ............................... | 1,680 | 265 | 681 | (P) | 280 | 43 | -2 | (D) | 13 | 28 | 0 | 692 | 40 | 582 | 0 |
| Electrical goods ........................................................... | 5,624 | 95 | 834 | 114 | 44 | 40 | 27 | 264 | 14 | 23 | 7 | 4,629 |  | 4,452 | 22 |
| Machinery, equipment, and supplies ........................................................................... | 2,172 | 52 | 972 | 62 | 319 | 12 | 205 | 218 | ${ }^{128}$ | (1) | 30 | 926 | 0 | 867 | (D) |
| Other durable goods ..................................................... | 3,113 | 248 | 1,867 | 157 | 100 | 168 | 119 | 940 | 220 | 7 | 2 | 767 | 56 | 652 | 2 |
| Groceries and related products ....................................... | 1,940 | 138 | 1,268 | 194 | (D) | 63 | 22 | 246 | 57 | (1) | 1 | 124 | 0 | 117 | (D) |
| Farm-roduct raw materials ........................................... | 1,044 | 2 | ${ }^{882}$ | (1) | (P) | 14 | 263 | ${ }^{63}$ | 11 | (1) | ${ }_{7}$ | ${ }^{148}$ | 48 | 135 | (D) |
| Other nondurable goods ................................................ | 4,325 | 213 | 2,403 | 288 | (D) | (D) | 211 | 883 | 123 | (P) | 7 | 1,201 | 487 | 442 | (D) |
| Retail trade | 19,896 | 2,427 | 13,488 | 1,013 | 5,184 | 2,303 |  | 2,227 | 348 |  | (D) | 3,450 | 4 | 3,314 | (D) |
| General merchandise stores ........................ | ${ }^{11.491}$ | (P) | 477 |  | (D) | ${ }^{3}$ | (0) | ${ }^{103}$ | ( ${ }^{\text {D }}$ | 0 | (\%) | 43 | -1 | (10 | (') |
|  | 1,867 | 345 | 1,230 1,290 | 404 72 | 61 | (P) | -1 | 562 | (0) | (D) | 0 | (D) | 2 | (P) | 0 |
| Other .................................................... | 5,982 | (P) | 3,585 | 537 | (P) | 561 | 14 | (P) | ( $)^{\text {a }}$ | (*) | (D) | 895 | 4 | 762 | (D) |
| Finance, except banking ......... | 3,222 | (P) | 1,957 | 71 | 7 | -48 | 878 | 1,125 | -105 | 2 | -166 | 1,401 | -64 | 1,476 | (D) |
| Insurance ....... | 5,666 | (1) | 2,786 | (D) | (D) | 492 | -114 | 1,875 | 35 | 0 | 0 | 50 | (P) | 2 | (D) |
| Real estate . | 6,390 | 1,801 | 1,872 | 288 | 273 | 472 | 140 | 569 | 204 | 6 | 912 | 1,560 | 40 | 1,284 | 36 |
| Services ................................................................... | 20,259 | 1,330 | 12,013 | 1,838 | 701 | 432 | 1,883 | 5,102 | 736 |  | (P) | 4,981 | 1,082 | 3,324 | (D) |
| Hotels and other lodging places ...................................... | 3,383 | 53 | 1,123 | 476 | 19 | 17 | 16 | 573 | 58 | (D) | 144 | 1,979 | 1 | 1,518 | (D) |
| Business services ...................................................... | 8,953 | 348 | 6,398 | 703 | 67 | 309 | 1,665 | 3,059 | (P) | (D) | 44 | 596 | (D) | 412 | (D) |
| Computer and data processing sevices ......................... | 2,590 | 177 | 2,083 | 311 | 53 | 282 | (P) | 619 | 24 | 0 | 39 | 187 | 31 | 153 | 80 |
| Other business services ......................................... | 6,363 | 172 | 4,316 | 392 | 13 | 26 |  | 2,440 | ${ }^{(1)}$ | (P) | 5 | 409 | (8) | 259 | (P) |
| Motion pictures, inclucing television tape and film ................. | 1,995 | (1) | , 242 | -43 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 260 | (D) | 0 | 0 | 1,636 | (P) | (D) | 0 |
| Engineering, architectural, and surveying senices ............... | 1,978 | 114 | 1,741 | 476 | 358 | 46 | 160 | (D) | 0 | 5 | 10 | 109 | 0 | 109 | 0 |
| Accounting, research, management, and related services ...... | 819 | 14 | 539 | ( ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | (1) | 7 | 22 | 308 | 12 | 0 | 2 | 250 | 9 | 247 | 0 |
| Health services $\qquad$ Other services | 793 2,338 | (D) | (D) | (8) | (D) | 0 49 | $\begin{array}{r}7 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | (1) | (1) | 0 | (8) | 117 294 | 8 | 117 | 11 |
| Other industries ................................................................................ | 20,219 |  | 11,077 |  | (D) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 659 | (1) | 1,364 | , 50 | 87 | 58 | 46 | 63 | (D) | (2) | 8 | -80 | 3 | 60 | (\%) |
| Mining ...................................................................................... | 5,527 | 1,122 | 4,169 | 107 | (1) | (1) | 104 | 1,699 | 19 | (1) | (D) | 206 | 13 | 194 | (*) |
| Coal ....................................................................... | 2,174 | (D) | 2,164 | 0 | (P) | (D) | 102 | (P) | () | 0 | (D) | -15 | (*) | -15 | 0 |
| Other .................................................................. | 3,353 | (D) | 2,005 | 107 | 6 | (D) | 2 | (D) | 19 | (P) | O | 221 | 13 | 209 | (\%) |
| Construction .................................................................... | 3,230 | 115 | 1,913 | 488 | 515 | 25 | (2) | 436 | (D) | 0 | 19 | ${ }^{803}$ | 23 | 495 | (0) |
| Transportation .......................................................... | 7,609 | 853 | 2,801 | 124 | 168 | 111 | (D) | 535 | (D) | 0 | 43 | 3,758 | (D) | 554 | (0) |
| Communication and public utilities ..................................... | 3,195 | (P) | 1,830 | 386 | 0 | 0 | 67 | ( ${ }^{\text {( }}$ | (D) | 3 | 0 | 175 | (D) | 134 |  |

- Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.
* Less than $\$ 500,000( \pm)$.

NOTE-Estimates or 1992 are revised.

Table 17.2.-Gross Product of Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, Industry of Affiliate by Country of Ultimate Beneficial Owner, 1993
[Millions of dollars]

|  | All countries | Canada | Europe |  |  |  |  |  |  | Atrica | Middle East | Asia and Pacific |  |  | United States |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total | Of which: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total | Of which: |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | France | Germany | Netherlands | Switzer- | United Kingdom |  |  |  |  | Austra- <br> lia Japan |  |  |
| All industries. | 290,427 | 41,307 | 170,635 | 20,090 | 32,885 | 20,506 | 16,201 | 60,708 | 10,122 | 1,349 | 4,588 | 58,090 | 8,145 | 45,859 | 4,336 |
| Petroleum <br> Petroleum and coal products manufacturing $\qquad$ <br> Other $\qquad$ | $\begin{gathered} 26,092 \\ 19,0067 \\ 7,025 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,813 \\ 485 \\ 1,328 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16,744 \\ 16,023 \\ 721 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & (\mathrm{D} \\ & (\mathrm{D}) \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 26 \\ 20 \\ 6 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 8 \\ 11 \\ -3 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} (D) \\ (D) \\ \text { (D) } \\ \hline 86 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4,189 \\ (\mathrm{P}) \\ (\mathrm{P}) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & (\mathrm{P}) \\ & 0 \\ & (\mathbb{P}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (D) } \\ & \text { (D) } \\ & \text { (P) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 37 \\ & (P) \\ & (P) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} (\mathrm{D}) \\ (\mathrm{D}) \\ \mathrm{D}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 50 \\ & 32 \\ & 18 \end{aligned}$ | 424 0 424 |
| Manufacturing ............................................................. | 143,587 | 23,512 | 91,819 | 11,757 | 19,173 | 6,260 | 11,855 | 32,081 | 3,004 | 522 | 684 | 23,984 | 2,876 | 19,536 | 62 |
| Food and kindred products $\qquad$ Beverages Other $\qquad$ $\qquad$ | $\begin{gathered} 11,673 \\ 2,696 \\ 9,276 \end{gathered}$ | 1,559 (P) (P) | 8,618 1,164 7,454 | 617 124 493 | 115 12 103 | $\begin{aligned} & 254 \\ & c_{0}^{4} \\ & 254 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,235 \\ (\mathcal{P}) \\ (\mathbf{D}) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4,468 \\ \left(\mathcal{P}_{1}\right) \\ (\mathrm{D}) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & (\mathrm{D}) \\ & (\mathrm{D} \\ & (\mathrm{D}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} (\mathrm{D}) \\ (\mathbb{D}) \end{gathered}$ | 44 0 44 | 1,312 1,299 1,013 | 70 0 70 | 804 236 568 | 17 ${ }^{4}$ ( 17 |
| Chemicals and allied products $\qquad$ <br> industrial chemicals and synthetics $\qquad$ <br> Drugs $\qquad$ <br> Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods $\qquad$ <br> Other $\qquad$ | 44,310 25,282 12,168 4,260 2,600 |  | 31,243 14,099 11,181 3 3,881 2,082 | $\begin{array}{r}2,919 \\ 1.976 \\ 765 \\ 22 \\ 156 \\ \\ \hline 1 .\end{array}$ | 7,867 5,866 281 1,170 550 | 3,102 P1 18 P) 47 47 | 5,082 104 4,550 ( ${ }^{\text {P) }}$ (P) | 10,992 4,414 5,196 (1) (D) | $\begin{aligned} & (D) \\ & (8) \\ & (P) \\ & (P) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} -9 \\ -9 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 37 \\ 0 \\ 38 \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{array}$ | 1,995 (P) 280 (D) P) | 48 0 31 8 8 | 1,533 838 249 221 246 246 | 0 0 0 0 0 |
| Primary and fabricated metals | 16,614 | 2,386 | 6,520 | 1,633 | 1,913 | 181 | 571 | 1,328 | (D) | (D) | 10 | 6,270 | 1,587 | 4,503 | 3 |
| Primary metal industries ................................................. | 9,717 | 1,374 | 2,441 | ¢52 | 421 | -3 | 432 | 492 | (0) | (D) | 0 | 5,368 | 1,434 | 3,813 | 3 |
| Ferrous $\qquad$ Nonferrous | 6,242 3,475 | 525 850 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { ¢ } \\ \hline 1.484 \\ \hline, 04\end{array}$ | 489 63 | 70 351 | -3 | 4 43 | 52 440 | (1) | ${ }^{-4}$ | 0 | $\begin{array}{r}4,674 \\ \hline 694\end{array}$ | (P) | $\begin{array}{r}3,597 \\ \hline 216\end{array}$ | O |
| Fabricated metal products ...................................................................................... | 6,897 | 1,012 | 4,079 | 1,080 | 1,492 | 184 | 139 | 837 | 895 | , | 10 | 902 | 153 | 690 | 0 |
| Machinery | 27,475 | 2,605 | 18,290 | 2,494 | 4,952 | 2,143 | 2,437 | 3,153 | 103 | 62 | 118 | 6,289 | 312 | 5.709 | 7 |
| Machinery, except electrical ........................................ | 11,161 | 339 | 7,400 | 409 | 2,015 | 282 |  | 1,775 | 72 |  | 116 | 3.165 | (P) | 3,023 | 6 |
| Computer and office equipment Other | 1,892 9,269 | 285 | re, 6,774 | (D) | (D) | (D) | 31 | 74 1.700 1 | 20 52 | 62 | 98 18 | 1,087 <br> 2,078 | (0) | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 2,088 } \\ 2 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 5 1 |
|  | 16,314 | 2,265 | 10,890 | 2,085 | 2,937 | 1,861 | (D) | 1,379 | 31 | 0 | 3 | 3,124 | (D) | 2,686 | 1 |
| Audio, video, and communications equipment $\qquad$ <br> Electronic components and accessories $\qquad$ | 5,698 2,873 | (P) | 3,320 <br> 3,368 | 1,104 169 | 110 421 | (17) | (D) <br> 51 <br> 1 | 263 437 | 31 -6 | 0 | 2 | (P) 1,396 | 3 <br> 2 | 1,298 $\mathbf{1}, 296$ | 0 |
| Other ................................................................. | 7.742 | (P) | 6,202 | 813 | 2,407 | (D) | (P) | 679 | 6 | 0 | 0 | (P) | (9) | 892 | 1 |
| Other manufacturing .................................................. | 43,515 | (D) | 27,148 | 4,095 | 4,326 | 580 | 1,530 | 12,139 | (1) | () | 475 | 8.119 | 859 | 6,987 | 35 |
| Textile products and apparel ...................................... | 3.462 | 686 | 1,501 | 218 | 221 | 69 | 106 | 725 | 200 | *) | 435 | 639 | 0 | 583 | 1 |
| Lumber, wood, turniture, and fixtures .............................. | 1,401 | 182 | 1.124 | 78 | 246 | 1 | 41 | (D) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 96 | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | 90 | 0 |
| Paper and allied producis ........................................... | 3,767 | 437 | 2.881 | - | 102 | 118 | 59 | 1,005 <br> 1598 | 13 12 | 0 | 29 | 406 | ${ }^{(1)}$ | 206 | 33 |
| Newspapers | $\begin{array}{r}7,448 \\ 134 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 4,187 | $\begin{array}{r}2,766 \\ \hline 27\end{array}$ | 10 | 1 1 | $\begin{array}{r}173 \\ 0 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 0 | ${ }^{1,598}$ | 12 | 0 | 0 | 442 14 | 1 | 0 | 3 |
| Other ............................................................... | 7,313 | 4,094 | 2,739 | 110 | 577 | 173 | (D) | 1,572 | 11 | 0 | 7 | ${ }^{428}$ | (P) | (1) | 33 |
| Rubber products ....................................................... | 4,261 | 14 | 2,150 | (1) | (1) | 21 | 5 | 85 | 0 | 0 | (*) | 2,097 | 0 | 2,093 | 0 |
| Miscellaneous plastics products ...................................... | 1,682 | 295 | ${ }^{869}$ | 66 | 306 | 64 | 11 | +180 | 108 | 0 | c) | 4, 410 | 502 | 397 | 0 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products .................................... | 5,764 | 626 | 4,287 | 1, 575 | 79 | 9 | 327 | 1.430 | 10 | 0 |  | , 089 | -1 | 2051 | 0 |
|  | 3,721 | 322 | 1,414 | 57 | 495 | ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | 8 | 1,255 | 0 | 0 | 0 | +,985 | -1 | 1,982 | 0 |
| Other transportation equipment ................................................................ | 2.041 | 304 | 1,624 | (D) | 136 | (D) | 5 | 1,026 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 104 | 0 | , 69 | 0 |
| Instruments and related products ................................. | 6,708 | 12 | 6,329 | 499 | 799 | 11 | 564 | 3,891 | 5 | 0 | 4 | 358 | 0 | 364 | 0 |
| Other ..................................................................... | 2,629 | (D) | 2,207 | (P) | (2) | 28 | (D) | (D) | (D) | 0 | 0 | 230 | (P) | (P) | 0 |
| Wholesale trade | 33,096 | 930 | 13,507 | 1,561 | 5,165 | 943 | 1,049 | 2,883 | 577 | 333 | 86 | 17,020 | 519 | 15,655 | 642 |
| Motor vehicles and equipment ......................................... | 8,929 | 20 | 2,676 | 2 | 2,538 | , |  | 62 | -1 | 0 | 11 | 6,222 | 4 | 6.144 | (*) |
| Protessional and commercial equipment and supplies ........... | 3,387 | 46 | 1,122 | 1 | 374 | 139 | 297 | 185 | -1 | 0 | 5 | 2,214 | , | 2,149 | (*) |
| Metals and minerals, except petroleum .............................. | 1,602 | 251 | 782 | (P) | 560 | 51 | -7 | 49 | 5 | 16 | 0 | 547 | -2 | 506 | 0 |
| Electrical goods ........................................................... | 5,491 | 48 | 699 | 138 | 80 | 28 | 23 | 65 | 47 | 23 |  | 4,661 |  | 4,509 | 10 |
| Machinery, equipment, and supplies ... | 2,587 | 65 | 7,164 | 83 | 397 | -24 | 239 | 184 | 99 | (P) | 64 | 1,118 |  | 1,060 | (P) |
| Other durable goods | 3.072 |  | , 1217 | 145 | 185 | 247 | 108 | 1,105 | 199 | (D) | ( | 650 | 4 | 126 |  |
| Groceries and related products $\qquad$ Farm-product raw materials | 2,074 902 | 144 | 1,217 | (P) | ${ }^{(1)}$ | 77 10 | 211 | -88 | $\stackrel{63}{3}$ | (1) | 0 | 20 | 15 | -4 | P |
| Other nondurable goods .............. | 4,552 | 100 | 2,697 | 384 | (D) | 313 | 166 | 1,091 | 163 | (D) | 1 | 1,150 | 458 | 427 | (P) |
| Retall trade | 21,879 | 2,426 | 15,240 | 1,183 | 5,434 | 2,682 |  | 3,403 | 554 | (P) | (D) | 3,403 | 3 | 3,224 |  |
| General merchandise stores ............................................. | 577 |  | 519 |  |  | 2 | (1) | 107 | 9 | 0 | (*) | 29 | -2 | 27 | (*) |
|  | $\begin{array}{r}11,790 \\ 1,850 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | (P) | 8,603 1,063 | $\begin{array}{r}365 \\ 79 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 4,661 70 | (D) | 10 -2 | (9) 315 | (D) | (2) | 0 | (P) 208 | 1 | ${ }_{211}$ | 5 |
| Other | 7,661 | (D) | 5,054 | 739 | 647 | 689 | 14 | (0) | (D) | (\%) | (D) | (D) | , | (P) | 24 |
| Finance, except banking ............................................... | 2,370 | (D) | 1,959 | 121 | 17 | 47 | 734 | 1,054 | 185 | 2 | -118 | 23 | -74 | 151 | (D) |
| Insurance ...... | 7,196 | (D) | 2,932 | (P) | (D) | 93 | 76 | 2,005 | 41 | 0 | 0 | 133 | 18 | 33 | (D) |
| Real estate .................................................................... | 6,794 | 1,882 | 2,037 | 269 | 314 | 552 | 163 | 617 | 217 | 1 | 965 | 1,647 | 35 | 1,370 | 46 |
| Services .................................................................. | 23,549 | 3,570 | 12,791 | 1,915 | 1,147 | 741 | 1,473 | 4,781 | 849 | 24 | 208 | 5,704 | 1,170 | 3,918 | 403 |
| Hotels and other lodging places ....................................... | 3,716 | 182 | 1,148 | 481 | 23 | 17 | 19 | , 587 | ${ }^{64}$ | (D) | 141 | 2,153 | ${ }^{6}$ | 1,696 | (P) |
| Business services .......................................................... | 7,950 | 316 | 5,961 | 685 | 85 | 391 | 1,211 | 2.702 | $(\mathrm{P})$ |  | ${ }_{53}$ | 695 | 190 | 442 | 250 |
| Computer and data processing services ............................. | 2,964 4,986 | 177 139 | 2,344 3,616 | 250 434 | 81 15 | 296 94 | (D) | 674 2.028 | (D) | (0) | 53 | 216 479 | $\begin{array}{r}33 \\ 157 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 164 278 | (D) |
|  | 4,986 4,286 | 139 | 3,616 307 | $\begin{array}{r}434 \\ -108 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 15 2 | 94 4 | (1) | $\begin{array}{r}2,028 \\ \hline 396\end{array}$ | P | (1) | \% | $\begin{array}{r}1,779 \\ \hline 1.763\end{array}$ | 157 | 278 | (8) |
| Motion pictures, including television tape and film Engineering, architectural, and surveying services $\qquad$ | 4,286 2,69 | 115 | 2,369 | -708 | 727 | 99 | 200 | (1) | 0 | 6 | 10 | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | 158 | 0 |
| Accounting, research, management, and related services ...... | 1,218 | 15 | 859 | (P) | 80 | 180 | 24 | 317 | 14 | 0 | 3 | 326 | 1 | 323 |  |
| Health services .......................................................... | 1,015 | (D) | 217 | 0 | 212 | 0 | 6 | -1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 198 | 0 | 198 | (D) |
| Other services ........................................................ | 2,686 | 312 | 1,910 | (P) | 7 | 50 | 14 | (D) | (D) | 0 | 1 | 410 | (D) | (P) | (D) |
| Other industries ........................................................... | 25,865 | 4,939 | 13,607 | 1,471 | (D) | (D) | (D) | (P) | 505 | (D) | (D) | 6,138 | (D) | 1,921 | 507 |
| Agricuture, forestry, and fishing ........................................... | 650 | 46 | 357 | 51 | 122 | 17 | 40 | +60 | 160 | 8 | ${ }^{4}$ | 82 | 3 | 64 | (\%) |
| Mining ......................................................................... | 4,876 | (0) | 3,404 | 120 | d | D | 55 | 1,355 | 19 | (D) | (D) | 191 | ${ }^{26}$ | 166 | 22 |
|  | 1,671 | (D) | 1,618 | 120 | (D) | (D) | 51 | $\begin{array}{r}212 \\ 1.143 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | (') | (D) | (D) | -17 | ${ }^{*}{ }^{*}$ | -17 | 0 |
| Other ......................................................................... | 3,205 | (D) | 1,785 2 2 | 120 487 | 14 | (D) | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | 1,143 | 19 | (P) | ${ }^{1}$ | 208 | 26 | 183 | 22 |
| Construction | 3,970 12,606 | 2,464 | 1,431 5,178 | 283 | 14 236 | 220 | (1) | 608 3,633 | (0) | 0 | 81 | 4,739 | (D) | 648 | (D) |
| Communication and pubic utilites ................................................................................... | 3,764 | (D) | 2,238 | 530 | (') |  | 13 | (D) | (0) | 3 |  | 4, 156 | (D) | 78 | 0 |

- Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.
- Less than $\$ 500,000( \pm)$.

NoTE.-Estimates for 1993 are preliminary.

Table 18.1.-Employment by Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, State by Country of Ultimate Beneficial Owner, 1992
[Thousands of employees]


Less than 50 employees.

1. See footnote 3 to table 11.

NOTES:
size ranges are given in employment cells that are suppressed, The size ranges are: $A-1$ to $499 ; F-500$ to to 99,$999 ; \mathrm{M}-100,000$ or more. Estimates for 1992 are revised

Table 18.2.-Employment by Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, State by Country of Ultimate Beneficial Owner, 1993
[Thousands of employees]

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{} \& \multirow{3}{*}{All
countries} \& \multirow{3}{*}{Canada} \& \multicolumn{6}{|c|}{Europe} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{Latin America and Other Western Hemisphere} \& \multirow{3}{*}{Africa} \& \multirow{3}{*}{Midole East} \& \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Asia and Pacific} \& \multirow{3}{*}{United States} \\
\hline \& \& \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Total} \& \multicolumn{5}{|c|}{Of which:} \& \& \& \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Total} \& \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{Of which:} \& \\
\hline \& \& \& \& France \& Germany \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& \text { Nether- } \\
\& \text { lands }
\end{aligned}
\] \& Switzerland \& United Kingoom \& \& \& \& \& Australia \& Japan \& \\
\hline Total \& 4,722.3 \& 663.0 \& 2,869.6 \& 36.1 \& 565.7 \& 295.2 \& 245.0 \& 977.2 \& 143.5 \& 16.0 \& 44.2 \& 947.3 \& 137.9 \& 723.9 \& 38.7 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{6}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Now England: \\
Connecticut \(\qquad\) \\
Maine \(\qquad\) \\
Massachusetts \\
New Hampshire \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\) \\
Vermont \(\qquad\)
\end{tabular}} \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline \& 77.4
24.4 \& 71.1
11.1 \& 61.3
11.0 \& 8.8
.8
8 \& 13.2
1.4 \& \(\begin{array}{r}11.3 \\ 1.3 \\ \hline 1.2\end{array}\) \& 7.0
.6 \& \(\begin{array}{r}14.8 \\ 5.0 \\ \hline 8\end{array}\) \& \begin{tabular}{l}
1.6 \\
1.2 \\
\\
\hline 1
\end{tabular} \& \({ }^{(*)}\) \& (*) \({ }^{3}\) \& 6.7
1.0 \& \(\begin{array}{r}1.3 \\ .2 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& \(\begin{array}{r}5.2 \\ .8 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& . 4 \\
\hline \& 116.7 \& 15.5 \& 78.9 \& 9.8 \& 12.4 \& 4.2 \& 5.2 \& 38.9 \& 1.7 \& (*) \& 3.1 \& 16.5 \& 3.2 \& 12.5 \& 1.1 \\
\hline \& 31.2 \& 5.7 \& 20.4 \& 1.3 \& 5.1 \& 1.4 \& 1.2 \& 9.5 \& 1.5 \& 0 \& . 2 \& 2.9 \& . 8 \& 1.9 \& . 4 \\
\hline \& 13.9 \& 1.8 \& 10.4 \& . 3 \& 2.4 \& 1.2 \& . 6 \& 4.6 \& (1) \({ }^{-1}\) \& . 1 \& (*) \& 1.0 \& (4) \({ }^{3}\) \& 7 \& (4) \({ }^{4}\) \\
\hline \& 7.1 \& 2.4 \& 3.5 \& . 5 \& . 6 \& . 2 \& 1.0 \& . 8 \& (*) \& 0 \& (*) \& 1.2 \& (*) \& 1.0 \& (*) \\
\hline Mideast: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Delaware .................................................................................... \& 32.9 \& \(J\) \& 8.7 \& . 4 \& 1.3 \& 7 \& . 5 \& 4.8 \& 2. \& (\%) \& 9 \& 1.0 \& (*) \({ }^{\text {a }}\) \& . 9 \& F \\
\hline  \& 9.9
74.4 \& 11.6 \& 5.3
50.9 \& 6.7 \& \(\begin{array}{r}3 \\ 7 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& 7.5 \& 4.2 \& 2.6
16.7 \& 2.1 \& 0 \& . 3 \& 3.0
8.9 \& 1.3 \& 2.6
7.1 \& \({ }^{* *}{ }^{4} 4\) \\
\hline New Jersey ................................................................. \& 243.0 \& 29.5 \& 139.3 \& 15.2 \& 30.3 \& 12.8 \& 26.4 \& 39.2 \& 4.5 \& G \& F \& 35.5 \& 1.7 \& 28.8 \& 2.2 \\
\hline New York .................................................................... \& 350.0 \& 50.9 \& 225.7 \& 27.7 \& 38.6 \& 37.6 \& 19.3 \& 74.5 \& 4.9 \& 2 \& 5.2 \& 54.6 \& 4.2 \& 44.2 \& 8.5 \\
\hline Pennsylvania ................................................................... \& 235.9 \& 28.5 \& 176.6 \& 21.1 \& 34.8 \& 20.7 \& 6.6 \& 75.5 \& 5.1 \& . 5 \& 2.3 \& 21.8 \& 5.3 \& 16.0 \& 1.2 \\
\hline Great Lakes: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Ilinoin .......................................................................... \& 235.8 \& 27.4 \& 143.6 \& 13.1 \& 26.6 \& 12.8 \& 22.8 \& 49.4 \& 4.7 \& 3 \& 2.7 \& 55.3 \& 6.6 \& 45.0 \& 1.8 \\
\hline Indiana ..................................................................... \& 122.6 \& 14.9 \& 67.3 \& 15.6 \& 14.6 \& 5.7 \& 4.2 \& 19.3 \& 2.0 \& . 8 \& G \& 36.2 \& 1.5 \& 33.9 \& F \\
\hline  \& 148.6
205.6 \& 20.9
20.1 \& 83.0
127.2 \& 10.5
14.9 \& 28.7
17.5 \& 3.5

13.5 \& 3.1
12.9 \& 26.9
50.3 \& 2.2
6.5 \& 1.8 \& . 2 \& 41.4
48.8 \& 9.9
1.5 \& 30.8
46.4 \& 1.1 <br>
\hline  \& 76.3 \& 14.1 \& 54.5 \& 4.3 \& 14.7 \& 6.1 \& 7.5 \& 14.1 \& . 9 \& . 2 \& . 1 \& 6.5 \& 1.7 \& 4.1 \& (*) <br>
\hline Plains: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline lowa ........................................................................ \& 30.9 \& 6.3 \& 20.1 \& 3.1 \& 3.6 \& 2.0 \& 1.6 \& 6.9 \& A \& F \& (*) \& 3.7 \& . 1 \& 3.2 \& A <br>
\hline Kansas ......................................................................... \& 28.4 \& 7.4 \& 16.5 \& 3.0 \& 2.9 \& 1.4 \& 1.9 \& 5.6 \& . 3 \& . 2 \& (*) \& 3.9 \& . 5 \& 2.6 \& . 1 <br>
\hline Minnesota ....................................................................... \& 84.9 \& 10.2 \& 48.2 \& 3.8 \& 12.8 \& 3.9 \& 5.0 \& 17.2 \& 7 \& .1 \& . 2 \& 25.0 \& $J$ \& 4.3 \& . 3 <br>
\hline Missouri ........................................................................ \& 74.7
160 \& 17.2 \& 43.9 \& 6.6 \& 7.2 \& 4.3 \& 4.8 \& 14.0 \& 1.2 \& .1 \& 2.1 \& 9.6 \& 1.2 \& 6.7 \& .$^{6}$ <br>
\hline Nebraska ................................................................... \& 16.0 \& 1.6 \& 11.8 \& 1.9 \& 3.0 \& ${ }^{4}$ \& 1.2 \& 4.1 \& ${ }^{3}$ \& 2 \& (\%) \& 2.1 \& .$_{4}$ \& 1.5 \& <br>
\hline North Dakota \& 4.6
4.8 \& 1.7
1.5 \& 2.6

2.7 \& . 8 \& | .7 |
| :--- | \& . 2 \& . 2 \& 1.0

1.3 \& (*) \& (\%) ${ }^{2}$ \& 0 \& .2
. \& \& . 1 \& 0 <br>
\hline Southeast: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Alabama ......................................................................... \& 60.3 \& 8.5 \& 37.1 \& 11.5 \& 3.8 \& 1.5 \& 3.5 \& 9.3 \& 1.8 \& . 5 \& 1.3 \& 10.9 \& 1.8 \& 8.2 \& 3 <br>
\hline Arkansas ............................................................. \& 29.9 \& 5.7 \& 16.0 \& 2.8 \& 2.0 \& 1.4 \& 1.5 \& 4.0 \& ${ }^{8}$ \& 4 \& . 4 \& 6.6 \& 1.2 \& 5.2 \& 1 <br>
\hline Florida .......... \& 201.5 \& 25.7 \& 128.0 \& 19.1 \& 19.7 \& 9.7 \& 5.5 \& 47.0 \& 13.5 \& 2 \& 2.4 \& 30.8 \& 5.3 \& 21.1 \& 1.0 <br>
\hline Georgia ............................................................................ \& 163.5 \& 21.0 \& 102.3 \& 12.3 \& 13.9 \& 17.0 \& 7.2 \& 35.5 \& 3.3 \& 2.2 \& 3.6 \& 30.1 \& 5.7 \& 22.0 \& . 9 <br>
\hline Kentucky ......................................................................... \& 74.4 \& 11.1 \& 36.2 \& 4.9 \& 9.6 \& 2.5 \& 1.4 \& 12.8 \& 1.3 \& . 2 \& 2.6 \& 22.9 \& 1.3 \& 19.3 \& . 2 <br>
\hline Louisiana ........................................................................ \& 59.3 \& 8.7 \& 35.7 \& 3.5 \& 7.4 \& 7.0 \& 2.3 \& 11.3 \& 8.8 \& 1 \& (4) ${ }^{7}$ \& 5.1 \& 1.0 \& 2.6 \& . 3 <br>
\hline  \& 23.8 \& 4.8 \& 14.0 \& 2.6 \& 2.1 \& . 7 \& 2.3 \& 4.3 \& 1.7 \& 3 \& ( $)$ \& 2.9 \& . 9 \& 1.7 \& 1.4 <br>
\hline North Carolina .............................................................. \& 209.0 \& 30.6 \& 157.1 \& 14.2 \& 33.5 \& 9.9 \& 9.7 \& 54.0 \& 1.1 \& . 2 \& 1.4 \& 17.2 \& 1.8 \& 14.2 \& 1.4 <br>
\hline South Caroina .. \& 105.1
123.6 \& 8.5
19.5 \& 79.8 \& 14.4
10.2 \& $\begin{array}{r}18.4 \\ 7.3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& $\begin{array}{r}13.4 \\ 6.4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 5.0
5.6 \& 13.4
27.3 \& 2.1
1.4 \& . 5 \& . 7 \& 13.5
28.9 \& 4.5 \& 12.0
23.4 \& ${ }^{*}$ <br>
\hline  \& 124.9 \& 15.4 \& 86.5 \& 10.7 \& 15.1 \& 5.1 \& 4.5 \& 26.6 \& 3.9 \& $0^{2}$ \& . 9 \& 17.5 \& . 7 \& 16.0 \& . 7 <br>
\hline West Virginia .......................................................... \& 34.8 \& 6.6 \& 25.2 \& 2.5 \& 7.3 \& 3.1 \& 3.1 \& 7.2 \& 1.1 \& () \& (*) \& 2.0 \& . 1 \& 1.9 \& 0 <br>
\hline Southwest: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Arizona ............................................................................... \& 51.2 \& 7.2 \& 22.7 \& 3.3 \& 3.8 \& 1.7 \& 1.5 \& 9.3 \& 1.2 \& A \& G \& 18.4 \& 10.5 \& 6.6 \& . 2 <br>
\hline New Mexico ................................................................. \& 16.1 \& 1.3 \& \& 1.1 \& 5.8 \& 1.5 \& . 8 \& 2.0 \& ${ }^{.6}$ \& (*) \& (*) \& ${ }_{4} 3.1$ \& 1.4 \& 1.7 \& <br>
\hline  \& 38.9
308.9 \& 7.4
54.6 \& 23.5
177.1 \& 5.2
22.5 \& 4.0
37.9 \& 1.5
21.6 \& $\begin{array}{r}14.1 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$ \& 6.8
52.4 \& 2.6
19.4 \& 1.2 \& 5.15 \& 4.6
49.2 \& 8.7 \& 3.9
33.1 \& . 2.5 <br>
\hline Rocky Mountains: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Colorado ........................................................................ \& 59.8 \& 13.4 \& 32.4 \& 4.0 \& 5.3 \& 3.1 \& 3.7 \& 11.3 \& . 9 \& .$^{3}$ \& . 3 \& 11.1 \& 2.0 \& 7.8 \& 1.3 <br>
\hline Idaho ............................................................................. \& 11.2 \& 1.4 \& 9.2 \& . 4 \& H \& . 2 \& . 9 \& 2.8 \& (*) \& (*) \& (\%) \& . 5 \& (*) 5 \& . 2 \& (*) <br>
\hline Montana ........................................................................... \& 5.2 \& 1.9 \& 2.4 \& . 5 \& . 6 \& . 2 \& .2 \& . 9 \& \& \& 0 \& ${ }^{7}$ \& . 5 \& . ${ }^{8}$ \& ** <br>

\hline | Utah $\qquad$ |
| :--- |
| Wyoming |
|  | \& 23.1

6.1 \& 3.2
.9 \& 16.5
5.0 \& 1.8 \& 1.8 \& . 8 \& ${ }^{(0)}{ }^{1.4}$ \& 6.4
1.9 \& . 2 \& ()$^{2}$ \& (\%) \& (\%) \& ()$^{3}$ \& (\%) ${ }^{1.8}$ \& (") <br>
\hline Far West: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Alaska ............................................................................................. \& 9.3 \& 1.9 \& 278 \& . 2 \& . 2 \& 4 \& 2 \& 1.8 \& 2 \& 0 \& \& 3.7 \& 4 \& 2.8 \& . 6 <br>
\hline California .......................................................................... \& 529.1 \& 50.4 \& 267.6 \& 35.6 \& 50.7 \& 23.9 \& 22.1 \& 100.1 \& 18.6 \& 1.0 \& 1.5 \& 185.2 \& 17.8 \& 143.5 \& 4.8 <br>
\hline Hawaii ............................................................................. \& 52.6 \& 1.5 \& 3.7 \& . 6 \& . 5 \& . 7 \& . 3 \& 1.1 \& 4.1 \& (*) \& 0 \& 43.1 \& 3.2 \& 37.5 \& . 2 <br>
\hline Nevada ....................................................................... \& 21.3 \& 5.1 \& 11.4 \& . 8 \& 3.2 \& 2.9 \& . 2 \& 3.4 \& 2 \& (4) ${ }^{\text {a }}$ \& \& 3.6 \& 1.9 \& 1.5 \& .2 <br>
\hline  \& 42.1 \& 3.5
9 \& 23.4
42.1 \& 1.3
2.9 \& 9.4
11.7 \& 3.9 \& 1.3
5.1 \& 6.3
14.1 \& 9 \& ${ }^{(7)} 8$ \& . 1 \& 14.0
21.9 \& 1.3
3.4 \& 12.0
16.8 \& 1.3 <br>
\hline Washington ................................................................. \& 76.4 \& 9.3 \& 42.1 \& 2.9 \& 11.7 \& 3.0 \& 5.1 \& 14.1 \& . 9 \& . 8 \& . 1 \& 21.9 \& 3.4 \& 16.8 \& 1.3 <br>
\hline Pueto Rico ................................................................ \& 27.2 \& 1.1 \& 12.8 \& 4 \& 1.1 \& . 9 \& 2.9 \& 5.7 \& \& \& \& 3.2 \& A \& 1.5 \& <br>
\hline Other U.S. areas ${ }^{1}$..................................................................... \& 10.5
29 \& G \& 1.0 \& 1 \& 1 \& .1 \& . 5 \& . 3 \& 1.7 \& 0.1 \& *) \& 6.1 \& (*) \& 4.0 \& A <br>
\hline Foreign ${ }^{2}$.......................................................................... \& 2.9 \& 1.6 \& 1.0 \& . 1 \& .1 \& . 2 \& \& \& . 1 \& 0 \& 0 \& 2 \& () \& . 2 \& () <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

Less than 50 employees.
. See tootnote 3 to table 11 .
2. See footnote 4 to table 11.

Notes:
Size ranges are given in employment cells that are suppressed. The size ranges are: A-1 to 499; $F-500$ to 999; G-1,000 to 2,499; H-2,500 to 4,999; $1-5,000$ to 9,$999 ; J-10,000$ to 24,$999 ; K-25,000$ to 49,$999 ; L-50,000$ to 99,$999 ;$ M- 100,000 or more. Estimates for 1993 are preliminary.

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Note.-This section of the Survey is prepared by the Business Cycle Indicators Branch.

| Series | Series title and timing classification | Year | 1994 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1995 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| no. |  | 1994 | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. |

1. COMPOSITE INDEXES


$$
\begin{array}{r} 
\\
102.3 \\
0 . \\
2.0 \\
42.0 \\
321 \\
120.15 \\
62.1 \\
46.53 \\
r 90.0 \\
-.49 \\
2.37 \\
466.96 \\
2749.8 \\
83.5 \\
\\
\hline 10 . \\
71.4 \\
16.6
\end{array}
$$

$$
\begin{array}{l|l}
\hline & \\
102.2 & 102 .
\end{array}
$$


3. OUTPUT, PRODUCTION, AND CAPACITY UTILIZATION

|  | Output: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 55 * | Gross domestic product, bil. 1987\$, AR (C,C,C) .............. Percent change from previous quater AR | $\begin{array}{r} 5,344.0 \\ 4.1 \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 5,314.1 \\ 4.1 \end{array}$ | .............. | ........ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,367.0 \\ 4.0 \end{array}$ | .... |  | 5,433.8 | ............... | ${ }^{\text {.................. }}$ | $\begin{array}{r} { }^{5} 5,470.0 \\ r_{2} .7 \end{array}$ | ............. |  |
| 50 | Gross national product, bil. 1987\$, AR (C,C,C) .............. | 5,337.3 | ……..... | ............. | 5,310.5 | . | ................. | 5,359.9 | ................ | ............... | 5,416.0 | ............... | $\ldots$ | P 5,455.3 | ............... | ......... |
| 49 | Value of domestic goods output, bill. 1987S, AR (C,C,C) | 2,223:1 |  |  | 2,201.3 |  |  | 2,235.5 |  |  | 2,286.9 | .............. |  | '2,316.2 |  |  |
|  | Industrial production indexes, 1987=100: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 47* | Total ( $C, C, C)$................................................. | 118.1 | 116.6 | 116.7 | 117.4 | 118.0 | 118.2 | 119.1 | 119.0 | 119.5 | 120.3 | 121.7 | ${ }^{1} 122.0$ | r 122.0 | 121.6 | ${ }^{p} 121.1$ |
| 73. | Durable manufactures ( $\mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}$ ) ................................ | 125.5 | 122.9 | 123.7 | 124.0 | 124.6 | 125.2 | 127.0 | 127.2 | 128.0 | 129.1 | 131.2 | '131.6 | '131.5 | r131.4 | ${ }^{p} 130.3$ |
| 74 * | Nondurable manufaciures (C,L,L) ............................... | 113.3 | 112.5 | 112.4 | 113.4 | 113.4 | 113.6 | 114.0 | 113.7 | 114.2 | 115.4 | 116.4 | r116.5 | r116.1 | r115.8 | P115.6 |
| 75 * | Consumer goods (C,L,C) .................................................................. | 113.2 | 112.9 | 112.3 | 112.8 | 113.5 | 113.3 | 113.8 | 113.0 | 113.0 | 113.9 | 115.5 | r115.7 | -115.7 | r114.7 | P114.1 |
|  | Capacity utilization rates (percent): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 124 \\ & 82 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 84.0 \\ & 83.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 83.7 \\ & 82.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 83.6 \\ 83.0 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 83.8 \\ & 83.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 84.1 \\ & 83.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 84.1 \\ 83.3 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 84.5 \\ 83.8 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 84.2 \\ & 83.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 84.4 \\ & 83.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 84.8 \\ & 84.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 85.5 \\ & 85.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & r 85.5 \\ & r 85.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { r8.2.2 } \\ & \hline 84.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { r } 84.7 \\ & r 84.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & p 84.1 \\ & p 83.5 \end{aligned}$ |

4. SALES, ORDERS, AND DELIVERIES

|  | Sales: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 59* | Manufacturing and trade sales, mil. $1987 \$(\mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C})$......... Sales of retail stores, mil. $1987 \$(U, L, U)$....................... | $\begin{aligned} & 6,688,333 \\ & 1,863,553 \end{aligned}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} r \\ r \\ r 154,9263 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{aligned} & { }^{2} 549,612 \\ & \hline 153,807 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 550,033 \\ & 153,172 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 553,990 \\ 154,527 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 549,988 \\ & 153,886 \end{aligned}$ | $\left.\begin{aligned} & 565,578 \\ & 156,031 \end{aligned} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{aligned} & 564,681 \\ & 156,971 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 566,945 \\ & 159,047 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 572,659 \\ & 159,568 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 578,177 \\ & 599,661 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} r \\ 577,946 \\ 159,883 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & r_{577,563} \\ & r_{18,569} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & P 575,624 \\ & r \\ & \hline 159,647 \end{aligned}$ | P 158,629 |
|  | Orders and deliveries: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7. | Mirs.' new orders, durable goods, bil. 1987\$ (L,L,L) ...... | 1,539.32 | 125.35 | 125.61 | 126.94 | 128.04 | 122.78 | 130.42 | 130.73 | 129.43 | 133.21 | 135.37 | 136.52 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 134.99$ | ${ }^{\text {r }} 134.76$ | ${ }^{p} 129.16$ |
| 8. | Mirs.' new orders, consumer goods and materials, bil. $1987 \$$ (L,L,L). | 1,430.51 | 118.25 | 117.64 | 118.72 | 117.72 | 115.36 | 122.00 | 120.15 | 120.80 | 123.24 | ${ }^{1} 124.93$ | 125.46 | -122.64 | r121.48 | $p 118.61$ |
|  | Mirs.' unfilled orders, durabie goods, mill $1987 \$ 0 . . . . . . . . .$. | 362,137 | 361,459 | 361,811 | 362,272 | 362,987 | 360,716 | 358,695 | 359,004 | 359,415 | 360,214 | 362,137 | 363,489 | r364,358 | r363,768 | P 360,848 |
|  | Change from previous month, bil. 19874.................. | -. 02 | -1.96 | . 35 | . 46 | . 72 | -2.27 | -2.02 | . 31 | . 41 | . 80 | 1.92 | 1.35 | $\stackrel{5}{5}$ | $-59$ | ${ }^{P}$-2.92 |
| 92 。 | Change from previous month, bil. 1987\$, smoothed (L,L,L) $\dagger$. | -. 71 | -1.40 |  | -.54 |  | -. 16 | -. 43 | -. 49 | -. 41 | -. 19 | . 21 | .61 | r. 87 | $r .83$ | P. 30 |
| 32 * | Vendor performance, slower deliveries diffusion index, percent (L,L,LL)*. | 60.1 | 55.1 | 57.2 | 59.8 | 59.7 | 57.2 | 61.4 | 62.1 | 64.7 | 65.2 | 65.7 | 62.6 | 62.5 | 56.7 | 56.1 |

## 5. FIXED CAPITAL INVESTMENT



NoTE.-The following current high value was reached before March 1994: July 1991-BCl-92 change (6.72).
See page C-6 for other footnotes.

| Series no． | Series title and timing classification | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Year } \\ & \hline 1994 \end{aligned}$ | 1994 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1995 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Mar． | Apr． | May | June | July | Aug． | Sept | Oct． | Nov． | Dec． | Jan． | Feb． | Mar． | Apr． |
| 5．FIXED CAPITAL NVESTMENT－Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 86 \\ & 87 \\ & 88 \end{aligned}$ | Business investment expenditures－Continued： <br> Gross private nonresidential fixed investment，bill．1987\＄， AR： <br> Total（C，Lg，C） $\qquad$ <br> Structures（ $\mathrm{Lg}, \mathrm{Lg}, \mathrm{Lg}$ ） $\qquad$ <br> Residential construction and investment： | $\begin{aligned} & 672.4 \\ & 150.6 \\ & 521.9 \end{aligned}$ | ．．． | …．．．．．．．．．．． | $\begin{aligned} & 657.9 \\ & 151.0 \\ & 506.9 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }^{-\cdots-1 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~}$ | $\cdots$ | $\begin{aligned} & 680.0 \\ & 151.6 \\ & 528.4 \end{aligned}$ | …．．．．．．．．．．． | $\cdots$ | $\begin{aligned} & 708.2 \\ & 155.6 \\ & 552.6 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }^{\text {c．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．}}$ | ${ }^{\text {and．．．．．．．．．．．．．}}$ |  | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．．．．．．．． |
| ${ }_{29}^{28}$ | New private housing units started，thous．，AR（L，L，L）．．．．． Index of new private housing units authorized by local buiding permits 1987＝100 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,457 \\ 86.4 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,499 \\ & \hline 84,3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,463 \\ & r 86.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,489 \\ 86.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,370 \\ & 185.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,440 \\ & r 85.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,463 \\ & r 87.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,511 \\ & r 90.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,451 \\ & r 88.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,536 \\ & r 85.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,545 \\ & 8.89 .6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,366 \\ r 81.6 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,319 \\ 80.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} r 1,231 \\ 77.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} P 1,236 \\ 78.4 \end{array}$ |
| 89 ＊ | Gross private residential fixed investment，bill．1987\＄，AR （ $\mathrm{L}, \mathrm{L}, \mathrm{L}$ ） ． | 231.3 |  |  | 233.8 |  | $\cdots$ | 230.2 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 231.5 | ……… | $\cdots$ | r230．0 | ．．． | ．．．．．．．．．．．． |

6．INVENTORIES AND INVENTORY INVESTMENT

| 7077 | Inventories on hand： |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Mig．and trade inventories，bil． $1987 \$(\mathrm{Lg}, \mathrm{Lg}, \mathrm{Lg}) \bigcirc$ |
|  | Ratio，mfg．and trade inventories to sales in $1987 \$$ （Lg，Lg，Lg）． |
|  | Inventory investment： |
| $\begin{aligned} & 30 \\ & 31 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| $31$ | Change in mig．and trade inventories，bil．S，AR（L，L，L）．． |


| 832.14 | 804.03 | 805.40 | 811.95 | 813.79 | 819.53 | 822.38 | 823.70 | 828.83 | 831.48 | 832.14 | ＇836．55 | ${ }^{8} 899.45$ | p842．93 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 9.2 |  |  | 57.1 |  |  |  |  |  | 52.3 |  |  |
| 55.6 | $r-10.5$ | r 54.7 | 116.9 | 52.5 | 54.2 | 100.5 | 52.0 | 77.4 | 63.2 | 32.6 | 145.5 | r89．0 | ${ }^{2} 79.8$ | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |

7．PRICES

|  | Sensitive commodity prices： |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Index of sensitive materials prices，1987＝100 |
|  | Percent change from previous month ．．．．．．．．． |
| 99 | Percent change from previous month，smoothed （L，L，L，） |
| 98 | Index of producer prices for sensitive crude and |
|  | intermediate materiais，1982＝100（L，Lا，L）． |
|  | Cattle hides ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |
|  | Lumber and wood products ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |
|  | Wastepaper，news ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |
|  | Wastepaper，mixed，NSA ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |
|  | Wastepaper，corrugated ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |
|  | Iron and steel scrap ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |
|  | Copper base scrap $\qquad$ Aluminum base scrap $\qquad$ |
|  | Other nonferrous scrap，n．e．c．，NSA |
|  | Sand，gravel，and crushed stone |
|  | Saw，gravel，and crushed stone |
|  | Domestic apparel wool ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |
| 23. | Index of spot market prices，raw industrial materials， $1967=100$, NSA $(\mathrm{U}, \mathrm{L}, \mathrm{L}) \mathrm{C}^{1 *}$ ． |
|  | Copper scrap，\＄per lb．© ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |
|  | Lead scrap．\＄per lb．© ．．．． |
|  | Steel scrap，\＄per ton © |
|  | Tin，\＄per ib．，NSA © |
|  | Zinc，\＄per lb．，NSA © |
|  | Buriap，\＄per yd．，NSA |
|  | Cotion，\＄per lb．© ．．． |
|  | Print cloth，\＄per yd．，NSA © ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |
|  | Wool tops，\＄per ib．，NSA © ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |
|  | Hides，\＄per lb．，NSAC |
|  | Rosin，\＄per 100 lo ．© ． |
|  | Rubber，\＄per lb．© ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |
|  | Tallow，\＄per lb．© ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |
| 336 | Producer Price Indexes： |
|  | Finished goods，1982＝100． |
|  | Percent change over 1 －month span |
| － | Percent change over 6 －month span，AR |
| 337 | Finished goods less foods and energy，1982＝100 |
|  | Percent change over 1－month span ．．．．．．．． |
|  | Percent change over 6 －month span，AR |
| 334 | Finished consumer goods，1982＝100 |
|  | Percent change over 1 －month span |
| － | Percent change over 6 －month span，AR |
| 333 | Capital equipment，1982＝100 |
|  | Percent change over 1 －month span．．．．．． |
|  | Percent change over 6－month span，AR |
| 332 | Intermediate materials，supplies，and components， |
|  | 1982＝100． |
|  | Percent change over 1－month span ．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |
|  | Percent change over 6 －month span，AR ．．．．．．． |
| 331 | Crude materials for further processing，1982＝100 |
|  | Percent change over 1－month span ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |
|  | Percent change over 6－month span，AR ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |
| 311 | Fixed－weighted price index，gross domestic business |
|  | product， $1987=100$. |
|  | Percent change from previous quarter，AR ．．．．．．．．．． |
| 320 | Consumer Price Indexes for all urban consumers： |
|  | All items，1982－84＝100，NSA |
|  | Percent change over 1 －month span ．．．．．．．．．．． |
| 323 | Percent change over 6－month span，AR |
|  | All items less food and energy，1982－84＊100 |
|  | Percent change over 1－month span ．．．．．．．． |
|  | Percent change over 6 －month span，AR |
| － | Services， $1982-84=100$ |
|  | Percent change from previous month，AR |
| 120 ＊ | Percent change from previous month，AR，smoothed （Lg，Lg，Lg）$\dagger$ ． |


| 忽궁․․ | 产 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ¢ | $\stackrel{\text { \％}}{\text { ¢ }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 荷菅荷 | $\stackrel{\text { ¢ }}{\text { ¢ }}$ |  | No্To |  | No아 |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Bonc } \\ & \text { Non } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N్ } \\ & \stackrel{\circ}{\circ} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | $\stackrel{\sim}{\sim}$ |  |

111．68 ${ }^{116.03}$

$\stackrel{ }{-}$

| Series no. | Series title and timing classification | Year | 1994 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1985 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1994 | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept | Oct | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. |

8. PROFITS AND CASH FLOW

|  | Profits and profit margins: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 16 18 | Corporate profits atter tax, bil.\$, AR (L,L,L) ................... | 322.0 |  | ............... | 321.4 | .............. | ............... | 329.5 |  | .............. | 337.9 | .............. |  | P 349.4 | .............. |  |
| 22. | Corporate profits atter tax, bil. 1987 P , AR (L,L,L) ........... Ratio, corporate domestic profits after tax to corporate | 271.2 |  | .............. | 271.5 |  |  | 276.6 8.3 |  |  | 88.4 |  |  | ${ }_{P} 8.4$ |  |  |
|  | domestic income, percent (L,L,L). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 81 | Ratio, corporate domestic profits after tax with IVA and CCAdj to corporate domestic income, percent(U,L,L). | 8.6 |  |  | 8.8 | .............. | .............. | 8.8 | ............... |  | 8.6 | ............... |  | P8.3 | - | .............." |
| 26 | Ratio, implicit price deflator to unit labor cost, all persons, nonfarm business sector, $1982=100(\mathrm{~L}, \mathrm{~L}, \mathrm{~L})$. | 104.7 |  |  | 104.5 |  |  | 105.0 |  |  | r 105.3 |  |  | P104.9 | - |  |
| 35 | Corporate net cash flow, bil. 1987\$, AR (L,L,L) ................. | 539.3 |  |  | 535.0 | ............... | ............... | 542.6 |  |  | 552.7 |  | ............... | P 566.4 | ...i............ | "............". |

## 9. WAGES, LABOR COSTS, AND PRODUCTIVITY



## 12. MONEY, CREDIT, INTEREST RATES, AND STOCK PRICES

| 85 | Money: | 14 | 36 | 15 | . 06 | 31 | 45 | -. 12 | 02 | -. 25 | -. 05 | 03 | . 09 | -. 15 | r. 07 | p. 16 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 102 | Percent change in money supoly M2 (L,C,U). | . 07 | r. 31 | 22 | . 09 | -. 09 | $\cdots$ | -. 06 | -. 02 | -. 12 | r. 04 | r. 13 | 33 | -. 12 | r. 21 | ${ }_{p} .35$ |
| 105 | Money supply M1, bil. $1987 \$(L, L, L$ L ........................... | 878.0 | 881.8 | 881.8 | 881.0 | 881.0 | 888.2 | 877.8 | 876.0 | 872.4 | 871.3 | 869.5 | 867.7 | 863.8 | 862.4 | p860.6 |
| 106 | Money supply M2, bil. $1987 \$$ (L,L,L,L) ............................... | 2,764,6 | 2,780.1 | 2,781.9 | 2,780.0 | ${ }^{\text {r } 2,769.0}$ | -2,768.9 | 2,756.8 | 2,749.8 | r2,742.4 | '2,741.3 | '2,738.7 | ${ }^{2}$ 2,739.4 | r2,727.9 | r2,727.5 | ${ }^{p} 2,726.7$ |
|  | Velocity of money: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 107 | Ratio, gross domestic product to money suppy M1 (C,C,C). | 5.884 |  |  | 5.846 |  |  | 5.899 |  |  | 6.009 |  |  | 6.080 |  |  |
| 108 | Ratio, personal income to money supply M2 ( $\mathrm{C}, \mathrm{Lg}, \mathrm{C}$ ) | 1.581 | 1.559 | 1.564 | 1.570 | 1.574 | 1.577 | 1.586 | 1.596 | ${ }^{1} 1.619$ | 1.618 | ${ }^{1} 1.627$ | 1.636 | ${ }^{1} 1.646$ | 1.651 | ${ }^{P} 1.650$ |
|  | Bank reserves: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 93 \\ & 94 \end{aligned}$ | Free reserves, mil.S, NSA $(L, U, U) \ddagger$ $\qquad$ Member bank borrowings from the Federal Reserve, | $\begin{aligned} & 814 \\ & 259 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r}912 \\ 56 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,027 \\ 124 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 715 \\ & 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 772 \\ & 333 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 649 \\ & 458 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 535 \\ & 469 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 573 \\ & 487 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 424 \\ & 380 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 759 \\ & 249 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 959 \\ & 209 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,207 \\ 136 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 887 \\ 59 \end{array}$ | 7 795 69 | $\begin{aligned} & p 642 \\ & p+11 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | mil. $\$$, NSA (L.Lg, U). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Credit flows: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 112 * |  | 44.13 | - -3.29 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 34.93$ | ${ }^{2} 49.38$ | r 54.77 | ${ }^{64.28}$ | '55.31 | 287.54 | $r 88.38$ | r31.28 157.85 | 880.95 | ${ }^{2} 100.65$ | $\text { r } 102.16$ | $\begin{array}{r} r 77.50 \\ 0 \end{array}$ | ${ }^{2} 155.58$ |
| 113 * | Net change in consumer installment credit, bil. $\$$, AR (L,L,L). | 117.01 | 132,36 | 115.10 | 163.13 | 129.35 | 81.04 | 181.91 | 124.00 | 139.70 | 157.85 | 78.65 | ${ }^{\text {r } 108.32 ~}$ | rg2.06 | $p_{165.67}$ |  |
| 110. | Funds raised by private nonfinancial borrowers in creciit markets, mil. $\$, A R(L, L, L)$. | 451,540 |  |  | 417,576 | ......... |  | 489,928 |  | $\ldots$ | P518,436 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Credit difficulties: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14 | Current liabilities of business failures, mil.S, NSA (L,L,L) | 31,215.7 |  | P1,688.7 | P2,565.0 | P2,328.6 | P2,111.7 | P 2.459 .5 | P3,533.5 | P3,674.4 | P2,576.9 | ${ }^{P} 3,108.0$ | ${ }^{P}$ 2,240,2 | P1,302.1 | P1,769.5 |  |
| 39 | Percent of consumer installiment loans delinquent 30 days and over $(L L L L) \oplus^{2} \diamond \ddagger$. | 1.72 | 1.74 | 1.78 | 1.72 | 1.71 | 1.82 | 1.68 | 1.66 | . 73 | 1.70 | 1.72 |  |  |  |  |

[^39]| Series | Series title and timing classification | Year | 1994 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1995 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| no. |  | 1994 | Mar, | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. |

12. MONEY, CREDIT, INTEREST RATES, AND STOCK PRICES-Continued

|  | Outstanding debt: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 66 | Consumer installment credit outstanding, mil. $\$$ ( $\mathrm{Lg}, \mathrm{Lg}, \mathrm{Lg}$ ) O . | 911,311 | 813,750 | 823,342 | 836,936 | 847,715 | 854,469 | 869,628 | 879,961 | 891,603 | 904,757 | 911,311 | -920,338 | r928,010 | $p 941,815$ | ............. |
| 72 | Commercial and industrial loans outstanding, mil.\$, ( $\mathrm{Lg} \mathrm{Lg}, \mathrm{Lg}$ ) 8. | 450,153 | r 432,417 | - 435,278 | '439,393 | r 443,957 | -449,314 | r 453,923 | $r 461,218$ | r 468,583 | -471,190 | r 477,936 | r 486,990 | r 495,503 | r 501,961 | ${ }^{p} 514,926$ |
| 101 * | Commercial and industrial toans outstanding, mil. $1987 \$$ ( $\mathrm{Lg}, \mathrm{Lg}, \mathrm{Lg}$ ) §. | 384,184 | r371,492 | - 373,950 | '376,838 | '378,803 | '382,721 | r 385,007 | -391,859 | r398,455 | '398,638 | r 402,981 | r 408,206 | -412,575 | ${ }^{\text {r 417,258 }}$ | P424,856 |
| 95 * | Ratio, consumer installment credit outstanding to personal income, percent (Lg,Lg,Lg). | 14.95 | 14.51 | 14.60 | 14.77 | 14.94 | 14.98 | 15.18 | 15.25 | 15.25 | 15.49 | 15.49 | 15.51 | ${ }^{15} 5.56$ | ${ }^{P} 15.71$ |  |
| 119. | Interest rates (percent, NSA): Federal funds rate ( $\mathrm{L}, \mathrm{Lg}, \mathrm{Lg}$ ) ${ }^{*}$ | 4.20 | 3.34 | 3.56 | 4.01 | 4.25 | 4.26 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 114 * | Discount rate on new 91-day Treasury bills (C,L.L............. | 4.27 | 3.52 | 3.74 | 4.19 | 4.18 | 4.39 | 4.50 | 4.64 | 4.96 | 5.25 | 5.64 | 5.81 | 5.80 | 5.73 | 5.67 |
| 116 * | Yield on new high-grade corporate bonds (Lg,Lg,Lg)t .... | 8.14 | 7.64 | 7.95 | 8.17 | 8.16 | 8.30 | 8.25 | 8.48 | 8.76 | 8.89 | 8.66 | 8.59 | 8.39 | 8.23 | 8.10 |
| 115 * | Yield on long-term Treasury bonds (C,Lg, Lge ${ }^{\text {², }}$............ | 7.41 | 6.90 | 7.32 | 7.47 | 7.43 | 7.61 | 7.55 | 7.81 | 8.02 | 8.16 | 7.97 | 7.93 | 7.69 | 7.52 | 7.41 |
| 117 | Yield on municipal bonds, 20 -bond average (U,Lg,LL) ${ }^{*}$.... | 6.16 | 5.91 | 6.23 | 6.19 | 6.11 | 6.23 | 6.21 | 6.28 | 6.52 | 6.97 | 6.80 | ${ }^{6.53}$ | 6.22 | 6.10 | 6.02 |
| 118 | Secondary market yields on FHA mortgages (Lg,Lg,Lg) . | 8.68 | 8.57 | 8.63 | 8.63 | 9.03 | 8.65 | 8.66 | 9.10 | 9.23 | 9.53 | 9.54 | 9.10 | 9.05 | 8.60 | 8.56 |
| 109 * | Average prime rate charged by banks (Lg,Lg,Lg)* | 7.14 | 6.06 | 6.45 | 6.99 | 7.25 | 7.25 | 7.51 | 7.75 | 7.75 | 8.15 | 8.50 | 8.50 | 9.00 | 9.00 | 9.00 |
| 19. | Index of stock prices, 500 common stocks, $1941-43=10$, NSA (L,L,L) ${ }^{*}$. | 460.33 | 463.81 | 447.23 | 450.90 | 454.83 | 451.40 | 464.24 | 466.96 | 463.81 | 461.01 | 455.19 | 465.25 | 481.92 | 493.15 | 507.91 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 13. NA | IONAL | DEFENS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 525 | Defense Department prime contract awards, mil.S, NSA .... |  | 12,821 | 8,045 | 7,500 | 11,330 | 7,943 | 11,636 | 28,654 |  |  |  | 10,001 | 10,670 | $p$ 12,021 |  |
| 548 | Manufacturers' new orders, defense products, mil.\$ ........... | 78,517 | 4,902 | 6,280 | 7.180 | 7.050 | 5,546 | 6,147 | 6,939 | 5,811 | 5,567 | 9,221 | 6,174 | '6,865 | 7,170 | ${ }^{\text {P 5,404 }}$ |
| 557 | Index of industrial production, defense and space equipment, 1987=100. | 71.0 | 73.7 |  | 72.4 |  |  | 69.2 | 68.8 | 68.7 | 69.0 | 68.7 | 68.6 | $r 68.0$ | r68.0 | P67.9 |
| 570 | Employment, defense products industries, thous. | $\begin{array}{r} 876 \\ 2093 \end{array}$ | 891 | 886 | $882$ | 877 | 871 | $87$ | 862 | 862 | $861$ | 858 | 852 | $\begin{gathered} 850 \\ \hline 828 \end{gathered}$ | $p 84$ | .............. |

14. EXPORTS AND IMPORTS

| 602 | Exports, excluding military aid shipments, | 512,521 | 42,750 | 41,031 | 41,045 | 42,753 | 40,927 | 45,043 | 44,358 | 44,277 | 45,621 | 47,478 | 44,998 | - 46,109 | 48,985 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 604 | Exports of domestic agricultural products, mil. \$ | 44,927 | 3,446 | 3,363 | 3,620 | 3,692 | 3,491 | 4,003 | 3,878 | 4,014 | 4,102 | 4,626 | 4,259 | 4,349 | 4,455 |  |
| 606 | Exports of nonelectrical machinery, mil. $\$$ | 112,244 | 9,047 | 9,000 | 9,235 | 9,311 | 9,400 | 9,847 | 9,693 | 9,257 | 10,040 | 10,288 | 10,070 | 10,342 | 10,251 |  |
| 612 | General imports, mil.\$ .... | 663,829 | 52,363 | 53, 107 | 53,960 | 55,811 | 55,802 | 67,831 | 57,776 | 58,122 | 59,713 | 59,122 | 60,908 | ${ }^{2} 59,493$ | 61,580 |  |
| 614 | imports of petroleum and petroleum products, mil. \$ ............ | 49,680 | 4,087 | 3,900 | 3,867 | 4,432 | 4,698 | 4,795 | 4,389 | 3,618 | 4,454 | 4,315 | 3,958 | 4,659 | 5,057 |  |
| 616 | Imports of automobiles and parts, mil. $\$$....................... | 91,043 | 7,067 | 7,428 | 7,381 | 7,759 | 7,688 | 8,696 | 7,378 | 7,921 | 8,185 $p+134$ | 8,500 | 8,178 | 8,487 | 8,187 |  |
| 618 | Merchandise exports, adjusted, excluding military, mil. ${ }^{1}$ ²... | 502,729 |  |  | 122,510 |  |  | 127,632 |  |  | $p$ 134,739 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 620 | Merchandise imports, adjusted, exciuding military, mil. ${ }^{1}$ ²... | 669,093 |  |  | 164,231 |  |  | 172,247 |  |  | $p$ 177,715 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 622 | Balance on merchandise trade, mil.\$ ${ }^{1}$.............................. | -166,364 |  |  | -41,721 |  |  | -44,615 |  |  | P-42,976 |  |  |  |  |  |

15. INTERNATIONAL COMPARISONS

| 47 * | Industrial production indexes (1987*100): United States $\qquad$ | 118.1 | 116.6 | 116.7 | 117.4 | 118.0 | 118.2 | 119.1 | 119.0 | 119.5 | 120.3 | 121.7 | $r 122.0$ | $r 122.0$ | $r 121.6$ | p 121.1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 721 . | OECD, European countries ${ }^{2}$ | 111 | 108 | 110 | 111 | 111 | 113 | 113 | 112 | 193 | 113 | 115 |  |  |  |  |
| 728 * | Japan | 112.9 | 113.7 | 111.2 | 110.1 | 113.0 | 111.9 | 116.4 | 114.2 | 113.2 | 116.4 | 116.0 | 114.7 | 117.0 | P119.4 | .............. |
| 725 . | Federal Republic of Germany ......................................................................... | 110 | 108 | 110 | 109 | 111 | 113 | 110 | 111 | 112 | 112 | 115 |  |  | ............... |  |
| 726 * | France | 111 | 108 | $r 111$ | 111 | $r 11$ | 113. | 113 | 112 | 112 | 112 | 113 | $p 114$ |  | .............. | .............. |
| 722 * | United Kingdom ...................................................... | 110 | 107 | 110 | 110 | 110 | 111 | 111 | 112 | 113 | 111 | 112 | $r 112$ | 2112 | .............. | .............. |
| 727 * | Italy ...................................................................... | 110.8 | 105.5 | 109.8 | 109.8 | 110.7 | 114.2 | 115.2 | 110.9 | 112.4 | 112.7 | 118.2 | $r 111.5$ | $P 114.1$ |  |  |
| 723 * | Canada | 109.7 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 106.5$ | *107.7 | -108.7 | r109.8 | 110.4 | r111.7 | 111.6 | 112.0 | $r 113.7$ | r114.3 | r115.0 | r114.3 | P113.5 |  |
|  | Consumer price indexes (1982-84=100): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 320 | United States, NSA ........................ | 148.2 | 147.2 | 147.4 | 147.5 | 148.0 | 148.4 | 149.0 | 149.4 | 149.5 | 149.7 | 149.7 | 150.3 | 150.9 | 151.4 | 151.9 |
| + | Percent change over 6-month span, AR ................... | 2.8 | 2.5 | 2.9 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 3.1 |  |  |  |
| 738 | Japan, NSA $\qquad$ <br> Percent change over 6 -month span, AR $\qquad$ | 119.3 | 119.3 | 119.5 | 119.6 | 119.2 -.3 | 118.6 .8 | 119.2 | 119.5 .8 | 120.0 1.2 | 19.7 <br> .2 <br>  | 119.4 -.5 | 119.4 | 118.9 | 118.8 | ................ |
| 735 | Federal Republic of Germany, NSA ............................. | 129.4 | 128.7 | 129.0 | 129.3 | 129.5 | 129.6 | 129.7 | 129.8 | 129.9 | 130.1 | 130.4 | 131.0 | 131.5 | $r 131.6$ | 131.9 |
| - | Percent change over 6 -month span, AR | 2.6 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 2.5 | 2.8 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 1.7 | 2.2 | $r 1.7$ | 2.0 |  |  |  |
| 736 | France, NSA ........................................................... | 145.8 | 145.2 | 145.6 | 145.9 | 145.9 | 145.9 | 145.9 | 146.3 | 146.7 | 146.7 | 146.5 | 146.9 | 147.5 | 147.9 | 148.0 |
|  | Percent change over 6-month span, AR .................... | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 2.1 | 1.5 |  |  |  |
| 732 | United Kingdom, NSA .............................................. | 169.4 | 167.4 | 169.4 | 170.0 | 170.0 | 169.2 | 170.0 | 170.4 | 170.6 | 170.7 | 171.5 | 171.5 | 172.6 | 173.3 | 175.1 |
|  | Percent change over 6-month span, AR ................... | 3.0 | 2.7 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.0 | 2.3 | 3.1 | 4.4 | 4.5 | 4.9 1972 | 4.6 197 |  |  |  |
| 737 | Italy, NSA .............................................................. | 193.7 | 191.7 | 192.2 | 192.9 | 193.3 | 193.6 | 194.2 | 194.7 | 19.5 .8 | 196.5 | 197.2 | 197.9 | 199.5 | 201.2 |  |
| - | Percent change over 6-month span, AR .................. | 4.1 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.9 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.6 | 4.3 | 4.1 | 4.7 | 6.1 |  |  |  |  |
| 733 | Canada, NSA .......................................................... | 148.2 | 147.6 | 147.6 | 147.3 | 147.6 | 148.2 | 148.3 | 148.4 | 148.2 | 149.0 | 149.2 | 149.8 | 150.5 | 150.8 | 151.2 |
| - | Percent change over 6-month span, AR ................... | 7 | -2.0 | -. | 1.0 | 1.4 | 1.1 | 1.9 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 3.9 |  | .............. |  |
|  | Stock price indexes (1967=100, NSA): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19 | United States* ......................................................... | 500.8 | 504.5 | 486.5 | 490.5 | 494.8 | 491.0 | 505.0 | 508.0 | 504.5 | 501.5 | 495.2 | 506.1 | 524.2 | 536.4 | 552.5 |
| 748 * | Japan* ................................................................... | 1,449.6 | 1,466.9 | 1,457.0 | 1,488.6 | 1,526.2 | 1,498.5 | 1,494.6 | 1,441.2 | 1,433.3 | 1,383.9 | 1,383.9 | 1,344.3 | 1,277. | $r 1,190.1$ | 1,182.2 |
| 745 | Federal Republic of Germany* ................................... | 376.8 | 380.2 | 396.9 | 399.8 | 373.1 | 372.0 | 389.4 | 379.8 | 361.7 | 362.4 | 359.2 | 361.7 | 366.0 | r 343.6 | 338.9 |
| 746 | France* ................................................................ | 1,034.4 | P1,095.8 | P1,072.1 | P1,075.8 | p987. ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | P998.2 | P 1,030.6 | P975,9 | p943.0 | P970.1 | P977.3 | p 925.2 | $p 921.2$ | p902.1 | P954,6 |
| 742 * | United Kingdom*: ...................................................... | 1,478.3 | 1,520.6 | 1,488.3 | 1,472.6 | 1,409.9 | 1,430.8 | 1,503.9 | 1,463.2 | 1,427.7 | 1,441.3 | 1,413.1 | 1,420.4 | 1,420.4 | r 1,420.4 | P1,471.3 |
| 747 . | Italy* ..................................................................... | 717.2 | 699.9 | 815.6 | 823.9 | 757.1 | 738.5 | 721.2 | 710.2 | 688.9 | 668.9 | 651.7 | 691.6 | r697.8 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 6437.4$ | $p 644.7$ |
| 743 * | Canada* ................................................................ | 484.0 | 489.2 | 482.2 | 488.9 | 454.8 | 472,2 | 491.5 | 492.0 | 484.9 | 462.5 | 474.9 | 454.0 | 466.1 | 487.4 | 483.6 |
| 750 | Exchange rates: <br> Exchange value of U.S. dollar, index: March 1973=100, $N_{S A}{ }^{3 *}$. <br> Foreign currency per U.S. dollar (NSA): | 91.32 | 94.35 | 94.39 | 92.79 | 91.60 | 89.06 | 89.26 | 88.08 | 86.66 | 87.71 | 89.64 | 88.30 | 87.29 | 83.69 | 81.81 |
| 758 | Japan (yen)**..................................................... | 102.18 | 105.10 | 103.48 | 103.75 | 102.53 | 98.45 | 99.94 | 98.77 | 98.35 | 98.04 | 100.18 | 99.77 | 98.24 | 90.52 | 83.69 |
| 755 | Federal Republic of Germany (d. mark)* ................... | 1.6216 | 1.6909 | 1.6984 | 1.6565 | 1.6271 | 1.5674 | 1.5646 | 1.5494 | 1.5195 | 1,5396 | 1.5716 | 1.5302 | 1.5022 | 1.4061 | 1.3812 |
| 756 | France (franc)* .................................................... | 5.5459 | 5.7647 | 5.8170 | 5.6728 | 5.5597 | 5.3702 | 5.3602 | 5.2975 | 5.2025 | 5.2867 | 5.4132 | 5.2912 | 5.2252 | 4.9756 | 4.8503 |
| 752 * | United Kingdom (pound)* ....................................... | . 6531 | . 6703 | . 6746 | . 6648 | . 6552 | . 6465 | . 6484 | . 6385 | . 6225 | . 6292 | . 6416 | . 6351 | . 6361 | . 6249 | . 6222 |
| 757 * | Italy (lira) ${ }^{\text { }}$............................................................ | 1,611.49 | 1,666.63 | 1,626.07 | 1,594.56 | 1,592.22 | 1,562.31 | 1,582.15 | 1,565.79 | 1,548:29 | 1,583.81 | 1,633.71 | 1,611.53 | 1,620.58 | 1,688.99 | 1,710.89 |
| 753 * | Canada (dollar)* .................................................... | 1.3664 | 1.3644 | 1.3830 | 1.3808 | 1.3836 | 1.3826 | 1.3783 | 1.3540 | 1.3503 | 1.3647 | 1.3893 | 1.4132 | 1.4005 | 1.4077 | 1.3762 |

16. ALTERNATIVE COMPOSITE INDEXES

| $990 \text {. }$ | CIBCR long-leading composite index, 1967:1004 $\qquad$ CIBCR short-leading composite index, 1967=1004 $\qquad$ | $\begin{aligned} & 264.6 \\ & 241.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 261.7 \\ & 239.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 262.3 \\ & 238.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 263.5 \\ & 239.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} r 263.7 \\ 241.3 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 265.1 \\ & 239.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { r} 267.7 \\ 244.1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 266.9 \\ 246.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{r} 264.4 \\ 246.1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 266.8 \\ r 248.6 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { r} 270.6 \\ & { }^{2} 247.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & r_{269.4} \\ & r 247.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & r_{267.4} \\ & r_{2} 248.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { r268.5 } \\ & r 248.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & p 271.9 \\ & { }_{p} 244.8 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

See footnotes on page C -6.

# FOOTNOTES FOR PAGES C-1 THROUGH C-5 

| a | Anticipated. |
| :--- | :--- |
| AR | Annual rate. |
| c | Corrected. |
| © | Copyrighted. |
| e | Estimated. |
| $*$ | Later data listed in notes. |


| NSA | Not seasonally adjusted. |
| :--- | :--- |
| $p$ | Preliminary. |
| $r$ | Revised. |
| $\$$ | Graph included for this series. |
| $\$$ | Major revision-see notes. |
| $\diamond$ | End of period. |

L,C,Lg,U Cyclical indicator series are classified as L (leading), C (coincident), Lg (lagging), or $U$ (unciassified) at reference cycle peaks, troughs, and overall. Series classifications are shown in parentheses following the series titles.
$\ddagger$ Cyclical indicator series denoted by $\ddagger$ are inverted (i.e., the sign is reversed) for cyclical analysis calculations, including classifications, contributions to composite indexes, and current high values.
$\dagger$ Cyclical indicator series denoted by $\dagger$ are smoothed by an autoregressive-moving-average filter developed by Statistics Canada.
For information on composite indexes and other concepts used in this section, see "Business Cycle Indicators: Upcoming Revision of the Composite Indexes" in the October 1993 Survey of Current Business and "The Composite Index of Coincident Indicators and Alternative Coincident Indexes" in the June 1992 Survey.

References to series in this section use the prefix " BCl " followed by the series number. Uniess otherwise noted, series are seasonally adjusted.
Percent change data are centered within the spans: 1 -month changes are placed in the ending month, 3 -month changes are placed in the $3 d$ month, 6 -month changes are placed in the 4th month, 1 -quarter changes are placed in the ending quarter, and 4 -quarter changes are placed in the 3d quarter.

Diffusion indexes are defined as the percent of components rising plus one-half of the percent of components unchanged. Diffusion index data are centered within the spans: 1 -month indexes are placed in the ending month and 6 -month indexes are placed in the 4 th month.
High values reached by cyclical indicators in the expansion following the last reference cycle trough (March 1991) are shown in boldface type; high values reached prior to the period shown in the tabie are listed at the bottom of each page. For inverted series, low values are indicated as highs.

Sources for series in this section are shown on pages C-30 through C-32 in the April 1995 Survey

## Page C-1

Note.-Major data revisions:
The series on new private housing units authorized by local building permits ( $\mathrm{BCl}-29$ ) has been revised from 1993 forward to reflect revised source data. In addition, data from 1954 forward have been recomputed to incorporate a new conversion factor based on the revised data. For further information, contact the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Manufacturing and Construction Division, Washington, DC 20233 and Bureau of Economic Analysis, Business Outlook Division, Washington, DC 20230.

Commercial and industrial loans outstanding in 1987 dollars ( $\mathrm{BCl}-101$ )-see note for page $\mathrm{C}-4$.
*Preliminary May 1995 values: $\mathrm{BCl}-32=52.9, \mathrm{BCl}-19=523.81$, and $\mathrm{BCl}-109=9.00$.

1. Data exclude Puerto Rico, which is included in figures published by the source agency. From August 1992 through April 1994, data include initial claims made under the July 1992 Emergency Unemployment Compensation amendments.
2. Copyrighted. This series may not be reproduced without written permission from the University of Michigan, Survey Research Center, P.O. Box 1248, Ann Arbor, MI 48106-1248.
3. Excludes $\mathrm{BCl}-57$, for which data are not available.
4. Excludes $\mathrm{BCl}-77$ and $\mathrm{BCl}-95$, for which data are not available.

## Page C-2

*Preliminary May 1995 value: $\mathrm{BCl}-32=52.9$.

1. Data exclude Puerto Rico, which is included in figures published by the source agency. From August 1992 through April 1994, data include initial claims made under the July 1992 Emergency Unemployment Compensation amendments.
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## Page C-3

NoTE.-Major data revision: Index of new private housing units authorized by local building permits (BCl-29)-see note for page C-1.

* Preliminary May 1995 value: $\mathrm{BCl}-23=352.4$.

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## Page C-4

NoTE.-Major data revisions: Series that include data on commercial and industrial loans outstanding (BCI-72, -101, and -112) have been revised from 1993 forward to reflect the incorporation of updated data. For further information, contact the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, Division of Research and Statistics, Banking Section, Washington, DC 20551.

* Preliminary May 1995 values: $\mathrm{BCl}-122=101.6, \mathrm{BCl}-123=93.2$, and $\mathrm{BCl}-85=-0.24$.

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## Page C-5

Nore.-Major data revisions: Commercial and industrial loans outstanding in current and 1987 dollars ( $\mathrm{BCl}-72$ and $\mathrm{BCl}-101$ )-see note for page $\mathrm{C}-4$.

* Preliminary May 1995 values: $\mathrm{BCl}-119=6.02, \mathrm{BCl}-114=5.70, \mathrm{BCl}-116=7.70, \mathrm{BCl}-115=7.02$, $\mathrm{BCl}-117=5.95, \mathrm{BCl}-109=9.00, \mathrm{BCl}-19(1941-43=10)=523.81, \mathrm{BCl}-19(1967=100)=569.8, \mathrm{BCl}-748$ $=1,178.1, \mathrm{BCl}-745=354.0, \mathrm{BCl}-746=988.9, \mathrm{BCl}-742=1,506.3, \mathrm{BCl}-747=682.3, \mathrm{BCl}-743=502.7$, $\mathrm{BCl}-750=82.73, \mathrm{BCl}-758=85.11, \mathrm{BCl}-755=1.4096, \mathrm{BCl}-756=4.9869, \mathrm{BCl}-752=0.6300, \mathrm{BCl}-757$ $=1,652.78$, and $\mathrm{BC} \mid-753=1.3609$.

1. Balance of payments basis: Excludes transfers under military grants and Department of Defense sales contracts (exports) and Department of Defense purchases (imports).
2. Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development.
3. This index is the weighted-average exchange value of the U.S. dollar against the currencies of the other G-10 countries plus Switzerland. Each country is weighted by its 1972-76 global trade. For a description of this index, see the August 1978 Federal Reserve Bulletin (p. 700).
4. This index is compiled by the Center for International Business Cycle Research (CIBCR), Graduate School of Business, Columbia University, New York, NY 10027.

## Notes for Pages C-7 Through C-27

The following notes explain general features of the charts that appear in this section:

- Business cycle peaks ( P ) and troughs ( T ), as designated by the National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc., are indicated at the top of each chart. The shaded areas represent recessions.
- For each series classified as a cyclical indicator, the timing classifications at peaks, at troughs, and overall are shown in a box adjacent to the title. ( $L=$ leading, $C=$ coincident, $L g=$ lagging, $U=$ unclassified.) A complete list of series titles and sources is shown on pages $\mathrm{C}-30$ through C-32 in the April 1995 Survey of Current Business.
- Arithmetic scales are designated "Scale A." On the same arithmetic scaie, equai vertical distances represent equal differences in data. (For example, the vertical distance from 10 to 15 is the same as the distance from 100 to 105.)
- Logarithmic (log) scales are designated L-1, L-2, or L-3 to indicate their relative size. On $\log$ scales of the same size, equal vertical distances represent equal percentage changes. (For
example, the vertical distance from 10 to 15 is the same as the distance from 100 to 150 .) Compared with an L-1 scale, the same percentage change covers half the distance on an L-2 scale and one-third the distance on an L-3 scale.
- Data are monthly unless otherwise indicated. Quarterly data are indicated by a "Q" following the series title.
- Some series include a centered moving average, which is shown as a heavy line superimposed on the actual monthly data.
- Paraliel lines across a plotted series indicate a missing data value, change in definition, or other significant break in continuity.
- The box near the end of each plotted series indicates the latest data month (Arabic numeral) or quarter (Roman numeral) shown or, for series computed over a span of time (diffusion indexes and rates of change), the latest data period used in computing the series.


## Composite Indexes



Nore.- The numbers and arrows indicate length of leads $(-)$ and lags $(t)$ in months from business cycle tuming dates. Current data for these series are shown on page $\mathrm{C}-1$.

## CYCLICAL INDICATORS

Composite Indexes: Rates of Change


## CYCLICAL INDICATORS

Composite Indexes: Leading Index Components


## CYCLICAL INDICATORS

## Composite Indexes: Leading Index Components-Continued



## CYCLICAL INDICATORS

## Composite Indexes: Coincident Index Components



## CYCLICAL INDICATORS

Composite Indexes: Lagging Index Components



## CYCLICAL INDICATORS

Employment and Unemployment


## CYCLICAL INDICATORS

Output, Production, and Capacity Utilization


## CYCLICAL INDICATORS

## Sales and Orders



CYCLICAL INDICATORS
Fixed Capital Investment


## CYCLICAL INDICATORS

## Fixed Capital Investment-Continued



## CYCLICAL INDICATORS

## Fixed Capital Investment-Continued



Inventories and Inventory Investment


## CYCLICAL INDICATORS

## Prices and Profits



## CYCLICAL INDICATORS

## Money, Credit, and Interest Rates



## CYCLICAL INDICATORS

Money, Credit, and Interest Rates-Continued


## OTHER IMPORTANT ECONOMIC MEASURES

## Prices



## OTHER IMPORTANT ECONOMIC MEASURES

Other Measures


## OTHER IMPORTANT ECONOMIC MEASURES

## International Industrial Production



## OTHER IMPORTANT ECONOMIC MEASURES

International Consumer Prices


OTHER IMPORTANT ECONOMIC MEASURES

## International Stock Prices



## OTHER IMPORTANT ECONOMIC MEASURES

International Exchange Rates


# Index to Historical Data for Selected Series 

Some issues of the SURVEY provide historical data for selected Business Cycle Indicators series. The series for which historical data have been shown are listed below by subject, by series number, and by issue. Historical data for additional series will be shown, as space allows, in future issues.

| Subject | Series number | Issue | Page | Subject | Series number | issue | Page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bank reserves: |  |  |  | Interest rates-Continued: |  |  |  |
| Free reserves .............................................................. | 93 | 1/95 | C-34 | Federal funds rate ............................................................... | 119 | 11/94 | C-42 |
| Member bank borrowings from the Federal Reserve ............... | 94 | 1/95 | C-34 | Mortgage yield, secondary market | 118 | 11/94 | C-41 |
| Business formation: |  |  |  | Municipal bond yield ........ | 117 | 11/94 | C-41 |
| Current liabilities of business failures .................................... | 14 | 11/94 | C-30 | Treasury bill rate | 114 | 11/94 | C-39 |
| Index of net business formation ........................................... | 12 | 11/94 | C-29 | Treasury bond yield | 115 | 11/94 | C-40 |
| New business incorporations ................................................ | 13 | 11/94 | C-29 | International comparisons: |  |  |  |
| Business loans: |  |  |  | Consumer price indexes: |  |  |  |
| Commercial and industrial loans, current dollars .................... | 72 | 11/94 | C-36 | Canada (and changes) | 733 | 1/95 | C-39 |
| Commercial and industrial ioans, 1987 dollars ....................... | 101 | 10/94 | C-48 | Federal Republic of Germany (and changes) ............................................................... | 735 | 1/95 | C-40 |
| Net change in business loans ............................................. | 112 | 11/94 | C-38 | France (and changes) ....................................................................... | 736 | 1/95 | C-41 |
| Capacity utilization rates: |  |  |  | Italy (and changes) ....................................................... | 737 | 1/95 | C-42 |
| Manufacturing | 82 | $12 / 94$ | C-33 | Japan (and changes) | 738 | 1/95 | C-43 |
| Total industry ....................................................................... | 124 | $12 / 94$ | C-33 | United Kingdom (and changes) | 732 | 1/95 | C-38 |
| Capital investment: |  |  |  | Exchange rates: |  |  |  |
| Contracts and orders for plant and equipment, 1987 dollars ... | 20 | 10/94 | C-38 | Canada ........ | 753 | 12/94 | C-42 |
| Machinery and equipment sales and business construction expenditures. | 69 | 1/95 | C-33 | Federal Republic of Germany | 755 756 | 12/94 | C-43 C-43 |
| Composite indexes: |  |  |  | Italy | 757 | 12/94 | C-44 |
| Coincident indicators (and changes) .................................... | 920 | 10/94 | C-30-31 | dapan | 758 | 12/94 | C-44 |
| Lagging indicators (and changes) ........................................ | 930 | $10 / 94$ | C-33-34 | United Kingdom | 752 | 12/94 | C-42 |
| Leading indicators (and changes) ........................................ | 910 | 10/94 | C-28-29 | Weighted-average exchange value of U.S. doilar ............................................................. | 750 | 12/94 | C-41 |
| Ratio, coincident index to lagging index | 940 | 10/94 | C-35 | Industrial production indexes: |  |  |  |
| Consumer attitudes: |  |  |  | Canada .......................... | 723 | 12/94 | C-35 |
| Index of consumer confidence .............................................. | 122 | 11/94 | C-42 $\mathrm{C}-43$ | Federal Republic of Germany | 725 | 12/94 | C-36 |
| Index of consumer expectations ${ }^{1}$........................................ | 123 | 11/94 | C-43 | France ................................ | 726 | 12/94 | C-36 |
| Index of consumer expectations ${ }^{2}$......................................... | 83 | $10 / 94$ | C-43 | Italy | 727 | 12/94 | C-37 |
| Index of consumer sentiment .............................................. | 58 | 11/94 | C-34 | Japan | 728 | 12/94 | C-37 |
| Consumer installment credit: |  |  |  | OECD, European countries | 721 | 12/94 | C-34 |
| Delinquency rate | 113 | $11 / 94$ | C-31 C-39 | United Kingdom | 722 | $12 / 94$ | C-35 |
| Net change ...................................................................... | 113 | 11/94 | C-39 | Stock price indexes: |  |  |  |
| Ratio, credit to personal income .......................................... | 95 | 10/94 | C-46 | Canada .............. | 743 | 12/94 | C-39 |
| Total outstanding ................................................................... | 66 | $11 / 94$ | C-35 | Federal Republic of Germany | 745 | 12/94 | C-39 |
| Diffusion indexes: |  |  |  | France ....... | 746 | 12/94 | C-40 |
| Coincident indicator components .......................................... | 951 | $10 / 94$ | C-32 | Italy .... | 747 | 12/94 | C-40 |
| Lagging indicator components .............................................. | 952 | $10 / 94$ | C-34-35 | Japan | 748 | 12/94 | C-41 |
| Leading indicator components | 950 | 10/94 | C-29-30 | United Kingdom | 742 | 12/94 | $\mathrm{C}-38$ |
| Employment: |  |  |  | United States (1967=100) | 19 | 12/94 | C-38 |
| Average weokly hours, manuiacturing ................................. | 1 | $10 / 94$ | C-36 | Inventories: |  |  |  |
| Average weekly overtime hours, manufacturing ..................... | 21 | 1/95 | C-29 | Manufacturing and trade, change | 31 | 1/95 | C-29 |
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| Civilian labor force ............................................................. | 441 | 1/95 | C-35 | Ratio, manufacturing and trade inventories to sales, 1987 | 77 | 10/94 | C-43 |
| Diffusion index of employees on private nonagricultural payrols. | 963 | 1/95 | C-44 | dollars. <br> Labor cost per unit of output, manufacturing, index (and | 62 | 12/94 | C-29-30 |
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| Employees in goods-producing industries ............................. | 40 | 1/95 | C-30 | Money supply: |  |  |  |
| Employees on nonagricultural payrolis ................................... | 41 | 10/94 | C-39 | Change in money supply M1 ............................................... | 85 | 11/94 | C-36 |
| Index of help-wanted advertising ......................................... | 46 453 | 11/94 | C-32 | Change in money supply M2 ................................................ | 102 | 11/94 | C-37 |
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| Participation rate, males 20 years and over ........................... | 451 | 1/95 | C-36 | New orders, consumer goods and materials, 1987 doliars .......... | 8 | 10/94 | C-37 |
| Persons engaged in nonagricultural activities ......................... | 42 | $1 / 95$ | C-31 $C-33$ | Prices: |  |  |  |
| Ratio, civilian employment to population ............................... | 90 | 1/95 | C-33 | Consumer Price Index, all items (and changes) ..................... | 320 | 11/94 | C-43-44 |
| Housing: <br> Index of new private housing units authorized by local |  |  |  | Consumer Price Index for services (and changes) .................. | 120 | 10/94 | C-49-50. |
| Index of new private housing units authorized by local building permits. | 29 | 10/94 | C-38 c-31 | Index of producer prices for sensitive crude and intermediate materials. | 98 | 11/94 | $\mathrm{C}-37$ |
| New private housing units started $\qquad$ income: | 28 | 11/94 | C-31 | Index of sensitive materials prices (and changes) .................. | 99 | 10/94 | C-46-47 |
| income: Personal income less transfer pay | 51 | 10/94 | C-40 | Index of spot market prices, raw industrial materials .............. | 23 | 11/94 | C-30 |
| Personal income, 1987 dollars ............................................... | 52 | 11/94 | C-33 | Sales: |  |  |  |
| Ratio, personal income to money supply ................................. | 108 | 1/95 | C-35 | Manuiacturing and trade, 1987 dolars ................................ Retail stores, 1987 dollars ............................................ | 59 | $10 / 94$ $11 / 94$ | C-41 $C-34$ |
| Wages and salaries in mining, manufacturing, and construction, 1987 dollars. | 53 | 11/94 | C-33 | Stock price index, 500 common stocks Unemployment: | 19 | 10/94 | C-37 |
| Industrial production indexes: |  |  |  | Average duration in weeks ................... | 91 | $10 / 94$ | C-44 |
| Business equipment ................................................................ | 76 | 12/94 | C-32 | Average weekly initial claims for unemployment insurance ..... | 5 | 10/94 | C-36 |
| Consumer goods ................................................................. | 75 557 | $12 / 94$ | C-32 | Civilian unemployment rate .................................................. | 43 | 11/94 | C-32 |
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| Durable manuiactures ......................................................... | 73 | 12/94 | C-31 | Ratio, help-wanted advertising to number unemployed ........... | 60 | 1/95 | C-32 |
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| Total ................................................................................. | 47 | $12 / 94$ | C-29 | Unfilled orders, durable goods, 1987 dolliars (and changes) ....... | 92 | 10/94 | C-44-45 |
| Average prime rate charged by banks | 109 | 10/94 | C-49 | Vendor performance, slower deliveries diffusion index ................ | 32 | 10/94 | C-39 |
| Corporate bond yield ......................................................... | 116 | 11/94 | C-40 |  |  |  |  |

## BEA INFORMATION

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ture and operations of U.S. affiliates of foreign direct investors, including data for items-such as employment covered by collective bargaining agreements and merchandise trade by product and country of destina: tion or origin-that are collected only in benchmark survey years. Data are classified by industry of U.S. affiliate, by country of ultimate beneficial owner and, for selected data, by State, 124 Pp . $\mathbf{8 7 5 0}$ (Gpo sfock so. 003-010-00248-4).

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Foreign Direct Investment in the United States: Establishment Data for Manufacturing. 1991. (1994) A jont effort by bet and the Bureau of the Census this is the latest in a series of publications that present new. data for foreign-owned U.S. manufacturing establishments (plants), including data on their number, value added, shipments, employment, total employee compensation, employee benefts, hourly wage rates of production workers, cost of materials and energy used, inventories by stage of fabrication, and expenditires for new plant and equipment: The data are disaggregated by detalled industry (up to 459 industries) by State; and by country of investor:. 220 pp . S14.00 (apo stock no: o03-010-oo250-6). Also avallable in this series are pullicalions presenting data for: 1990, 216 pp: S14.00 (GPO stock no: 003-010-00242-5): 1989 , 204 pp . \$13.00 (cpo stock No. 003 -010-00243-3), and 1988, 204 pp . $\$ 13$.00 (GP0 stock no:003:010-00244-1.
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## Schedule of Upcoming bea News Releases

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[^40]
[^0]:    NOTE.-Most series are found
    tables 8.4 and 8.6 , respectively).

[^1]:    2. Profits from current production is estimated as the sum of profits before tax, the inventory valuation adjustment (IvA), and the capital con-
[^2]:    3. Industry profits are estimated as the sum of profits before tax and the inventory valuation adjustment (iva); it is shown in NIPA table 6.16 C as "corporate profits with Iva." Estimates of the capital consumption adjustment by industry do not exist.
    4. The income of Federal Reserve banks is treated as corporate profits in the nipa's.
[^3]:    NOTE.-Doliar levels are found in NIPA tables 3.2 and 3.3 .

[^4]:    NOTE.-Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.

[^5]:    1. Consists largely of receipts by U.S. residents of interest and dividends and reinvested earnings of toreign ffiliates of U.S. corporations.
    2. Consisis largely of payments to toreign residents of interest and dividends and reinvested earnings of U.S. ariiliates of foreign corporations.
[^6]:    CCAdi Capital consumption adjustmen

[^7]:    1. Includes new computers and peripheral equipment only:
[^8]:    $r$ Revised.
    p Preliminar

    1. Includes BEA use of non-BLS data and differences in detailed weighing. Annual estimates
    also include differences in BEA and BLS benchmarking procedures; quarterly estimates also in-
    clude differences in seasonal adjustment procedures.
    2. These estimates differ from the BEA-derived estimates (first line) because the BLS estimates
[^9]:    1. Operation of PA capital refers to operation, maintenance, and minor repairs of pa capital.
[^10]:    2. Operating costs of these devices-which consist mainly of the additional cost of using unleaded, rather than leaded, gasoline in vehicles with catalytic converters-have not been discernable since 1990, reflecting a market for leaded gasoline that has so diminished that any price difference between unleaded and leaded gasoline is not measurable. For more information, see the box discussing the operating costs of emission abatement devices on motor vehicles in "Pollution Abatement and Control Expenditures, 1972-90," Survey of Current Business 72 (June 1992): 33.
[^11]:    3. Throughout this article, solid waste management-which includes the collection and disposal of solid waste and the alteration of production processes to generate less solid waste-is referred to in the tables as solid waste pac and in the text as solid waste disposal.
[^12]:    4. For air PA, the Clean Air Act classifies the sources of pollutants as mobile (for example, automobiles) or stationary (for example, factories). For water PA, the Federal Water Pollution Control Act classifies the sources of pollutants as point (for example, factories) or nonpoint (for example, highway construction projects).
[^13]:    ${ }^{P}$ Preliminary

    1. Spending to operate public sewer systems is classified in the national income and product accounts as busi
    ess spending.
    2. For this table, private purchases for research and development are included with business pollution abatement
[^14]:    spending on current account.
    3. Consists of government enterprise purchases of fixed capital (primarily for the construction of public sewer systems), which are classitied in the national income and product accounts as government spending.
    4. For this table, government regulation and monitoring and government research and development are included with "other" government pollution abatement spending.

[^15]:    See footnotes at end of table.

[^16]:    See tooinotes at end of table.

[^17]:    $p$ Preliminary.
    r Revised.
    Less than $\$ 500,000$

    1. Includes spending for air and water pollution abatement and control and expenditures for solid waste collection and disposal by means acceptable to Federal, State, and local governments. Excludes agricultural production excep feediot operations.
    2. "Other" includes spending for abatement and control of noise, radiation, and pesticide pollution: "unallocated"
[^18]:    1. The constant-dollar estimates are derived by deflating new and revised current-dollar estimates for 61 industries with implicit price deflators computed from the estimates of national gross product originating. For a discussion of issues related to the measurement of constant-dollar gross product by industry for the Nation, see Robert P. Parker, "Gross Product by Industry, 1977-90," SURVEY 73 (May 1993): 36-37. Detailed estimates of GSP in current and constant dollars for $1977-92$ for 61 industries are available electronically and on diskette (see the box "Data Availability" on page 50).
    2. Richard M. Beemiller and Ann E. Dunbar, "Gross State Product, 197791," SURVEY 74 (August 1994): 80-97.
[^19]:    3. See Robert E. Yuskavage, "Gross Product by Industry, 1991-92," Survey 74 (October 1994): 30-34.
    4. Improved estimates of proprietors' income have also been incorporated into the GSP estimates for $1982-90$; for those years, the average revision to GSP amounted to only -0.01 percent.
[^20]:    5. For differences between GDP and total GSP, see appendix B.
    6. For earnings by industry and earnings by component for States, regions, and the United States, see "State Personal Income, Revised Estimates for 1991-93," SURVEY 74 (August 1994): 64-79.
[^21]:    1. For definitions of the line items shown in this table, see U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of Economic Analysis, National Income and Product Accounts of the United States, Vo: ume 2: 1959-88 (Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 1992).
    2 Earnings is the sum of wage and salary distursements, other labor income and proprietors income.
    2. Differs from the gross domestic product (GDP) entry because it excludes the wages and salaries of Federal civilan and military personnel stationed abroad ( $\$ 118$ billion) includes othe salaries of Federal civilian and military personnel stationed abroad ( $\$ 11.8$ bilion), includes other statistical revisions not yet incorporated into GDP ( $\$ 0.8$ bilion), includes wages and saiaries paid ates in the United States ( $\$ 0.5$ billion), and includes bonus payments earned in 1992 that normally would have been paid in early 1993 but instead were paid in late 1992 ( $\$ 20.0$ billion), For GDP and gross state product, bonus payments are recorded when the payments are earned; for state earnings, bonus payments are recorded when they are paid.
    3. Differs from the GDP entry because it excludes the wages and saiaries of Federal civilian and military personnel stationed abroad (\$11,8 billion).
    4. Differs from the GDP entry because it excludes employer contributions for social insurance
[^22]:    See note at the end of the table

[^23]:    1. This article combines two annual articles that used to appear separately-one on the acquisition and establishment of U.S. businesses by foreign direct investors in the past year and another on the overall operations of U.S. affiliates of foreign companies in the year before that.

    Estimates of new investment are derived from BEA's survey of new foreign direct investment in the United States; preliminary estimates from the most recent survey cover 1994. Estimates of the overall operations of U.S.

[^24]:    2. A U.S. affiliate is a U.S. business enterprise in which there is foreign direct investment-that is, in which a single foreign person owns or controls, directly or indirectly, 10 percent or more of the voting securities of an incorporated U.S. business enterprise or an equivalent interest in an unincorporated U.S. business enterprise. An affiliate is called a "U.S. affiliate" to denote that it is located in the United States; in this article, "affiliate" and "U.S. affiliate" are used interchangeably. "Person" is broadly defined to include any individual, corporation, branch, partnership, associated group, association, estate, trust, or other organization and any government (including any corporation, institution, or other entity or instrumentality of a government). A "foreign" person is any person resident outside the United States-that is, outside the 50 States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, all U.S. territories and possessions, and U.S. offshore oil and gas sites.
[^25]:    3. The ubo is that person, proceeding up a U.S. affiliate's ownership chain, beginning with and including the foreign parent, that is not owned more than 50 percent by another person. The foreign parent is the first foreign person in the affiliate's ownership chain. Unlike the foreign parent, the Ubo of an affiliate may be located in the United States. The ubo of each U.S. affiliate is identified to ascertain the person that ultimately owns or controls and that, therefore, ultimately derives the benefits from owning or controlling the U.S. affiliate.
[^26]:    4. In a news release dated December 30, 1994, the Securities Data Company reported a 43 -percent increase in overall merger and acquisition activity in the United States in 1994.
[^27]:    - Preliminary.
    ${ }^{r}$ Revised.
    - Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.

    1. Prior to 1992, "banking" excludes, and "finance, except banking" includes, savings institutions and credit unions. Beginning with 1992, savings institutions and credit unions have been reclassified from "finance, except banking" to "banking."
    2. For investments in which more than one investor participated, each investor and each inves-
    tor's outiays are classified by country of each ultimate beneficial owner.
    3. Prior to 1990 , this line includes data only for the Federal Republic of Germany. Beginning in 1990, this line also includes the former German Democratic Republic (GDR). This change has
[^28]:    6. This increase in employment is smaller than the number of employees of newly acquired or established U.S. businesses in 1993 shown in table 1. The difference partly reflects differences in coverage and timing and the existence of some changes in nonbank affiliate employment that could not be categorized. For more information, see the note to table 7 and the appendix "Sources of Data."
[^29]:    7. The data used to estimate affiliate gross product are reported to BEA in current dollars. Price indexes specifically designed for deflating affiliates' gross product are unavailable; however, rough estimates of real changes in affiliate gross product can be constructed by applying industry-level implicit price deflators for all U.S. businesses derived from BEA's estimates of currentand constant-dollar gross product by industry, weighted to account for the industry mix of affiliate production.
[^30]:    1. For the years prior to 1990 , includes data only for the Federal Republic of Germany. Beginning with 1990 ,
    also inciudes the former German Democratic Republic (GDR). This change has no effect on the data because there
    were no U.S. atililiates of the former GDR prior to 1990 .
[^31]:    11. Establishment-level data from a joint project of bea and the Bureau of the Census can be used to calculate affiliate shares of U.S. economic activity at an even greater level of detail. These data show each four-digit manufacturing industry in the Standard Industrial Classification; they are currently available for 1987-91. The data for 1990 are discussed in "Characteristics of ForeignOwned U.S. Manufacturing Establishments," Survey 74 (January 1994): 3459.
[^32]:    12. The precise share for petroleum refining cannot be calculated from the affiliate data. See footnote 4 to table 10.
[^33]:    1. These codes are adapted from the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987, the comprehensive industry classification system used for Federal economic statistics.
    2. However, if one establishment of an affiliate provides all of its output to another establishment of the affiliate, the affiliate will not have
[^34]:    sales in the industry of the first establishment. For example, if an affiliate operates both a metal mine and a metal-manufacturing plant and if the entire output of the mine is used by the manufacturing plant, all of the affiliate's sales will be in metal manufacturing, and none in metal mining. When the mining employees are distributed by industry of sales, they are classified in manufacturing even though the industry of the establishment is mining.

[^35]:    13. Net income of affiliates is after-tax profits on a financial accounting basis, as shown in affiliates' income statements; it includes capital gains and losses, income from investments, and other nonoperating income.
    14. Affliates' profit-type return is an economic-accounting measure of the profits generated from production; it is before deduction of income taxes or depletion charges, excludes nonoperating income, and includes an inventory valuation adjustment. For a more complete description of this measure and for a comparison between it and the corresponding measure used in the U.S. national income and product accounts, see "Gross Product of U.S. Affiliates of Foreign Companies," Survey 70 (June 1990): 53.
[^36]:    1. This measure of operating profits is a component of gross product originating in U.S. afiliates. It is before
    income taxes; excludes capital gains, income from investments, and other nonoperating income; is before deduction
    of depletion charges; and includes an inventory valuation adjustment.
    2. Data for 1988-91 include, but data for 1992-93 exclude, savings institutions and credit unions.
[^37]:    15. Data on affiliate gross product are not collected directly, but are estimated by bea. Gross product is calculated as the sum of employee compensation, profit-type return, net interest paid, indirect business taxes, and capital consumption allowances.
[^38]:    D Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.
    ${ }^{*}$ Less than $\$ 500,000( \pm)$.
    Notes:

    Size ranges are given in employment calls that are suppressed. The size ranges are: A-1 to $499 ; F-500$ to
    $999 \cdot G-1,000$ to $2499 ; H-2,500$ to 4,$999 ;-5,000$ to 9,$999 ;-10,000$ to 24,$999 ; K-25,000$ to 49,$999 ; L-50,000$ to 99,999; M-100,000 or more.

[^39]:    NoTE.-The following current high values were reached before March 1994: June 1991-BCI-106 (2,868.4); July
    1991-BCl-93 (345); August 1991-BC1-94 (764); December 1991-BCL-62 index (112.1); December 1992-BCl-53
    ( 664.2 ), $\mathrm{BCl}-83$ ( 89.5 ), and $\mathrm{BCl}-123$ (103.9); May 1993-BCl-85 (1.86) and $\mathrm{BCl}-102$ (0.65); 3d Q 1993-BCl-110

[^40]:    * Joint release by the Bureau of the Census and bea.

