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The U.S. National Income and Product Accounts: **Revised Estimates**

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Note.—This issue of the Survey went to the printer on August 14, 1989. It incorporates data from the following monthly BEA news releases:

Gross National Product (July 27), Personal Income and Outlays (July 28), and Composite Indexes of Leading, Coincident, and Lagging Indicators (Aug. 3).

the BUSINESS SITUATION

REAL GNP, a measure of U.S. production, increased at an annual rate of $1^{1/2}$ percent in the second quarter, following an increase of 31/2 percent in the first (chart 1). After allowance for the rebound from the 1988 drought, which added roughly 2 percentage points to first-quarter growth, the increase in GNP was about the same in both quarters and less than one-half as big as the increases in the second half of 1988 (table 1). Prices increased at approximately the same rate in the second quarter as in the first-about 5 percent for the GNP price index and 51/2 percent for the price index for gross domestic purchases; the increases in both price measures were somewhat larger than in the second half of last year. 1

First-quarter estimates of real GNP and other components of the national income and product accounts (NIPA's) have been revised as part of the regular annual revision presented in this issue.

Real gross domestic purchases, a measure of U.S. demand, increased $1^{1/2}$ percent in the second quarter, follow-

1. The regularly featured estimates of real GNP and GNP prices are based on 1982 weights. An alternative measure of price change that uses more current weights—the chain price index—is published in table 8.1 of the "National Income and Product Account Tables." The GNP chain price index, which increased 5 percent in the second quarter after a 4½-percent increase in the first, can be used to calculate an alternative measure of real GNP growth based on more current weights; this measure increased at annual rates of 1½ percent in the second quarter and 3 percent in the first. (See "Alternative Measures of Real GNP" in the April 1989 Survey of Current Business. Measures based on 1987 price weights will be presented in a special table in the August 1989 issue.)

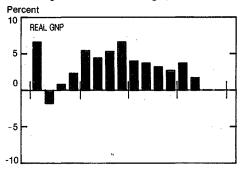
ing a 2-percent increase in the first. The milder slowdown in U.S. demand than in U.S. production reflected the fact that net exports increased much less in the second quarter than in the first. (Exports increased only a little less than in the first quarter, but imports surged after a slight decline.)

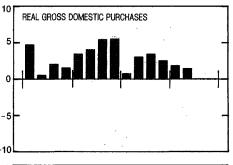
Although gross domestic purchases increased less in the second quarter than in the first, final sales to domestic purchasers increased more. These divergent movements reflected a decline in inventory investment in the second quarter after an increase in the first. The second-quarter decline was more than accounted for by farm and motor vehicle inventories; investment in other inventories increased. Changes in farm inventory investment (and in net purchases by the Commodity Credit Corporation, or CCC) reflected the pattern of the 1988 drought's impact, as explained later in the discussion of inventory investment. The drop in motor vehicle inventory investment was the consequence of flat production and an upswing in sales.

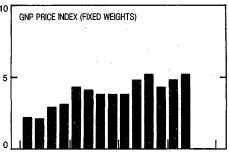
Motor vehicles.—Motor vehicle output was unchanged in the second quarter after a slight decline in the first; total real final sales (sales to domestic purchasers plus net sales to foreigners) increased \$9 billion after an \$8 billion decline.

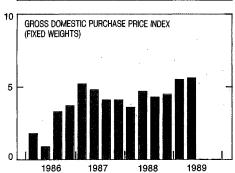
In units, domestic car production was unchanged at 7.1 million (seasonally adjusted annual rate) in the second quarter after declining 0.4 million

Selected Measures: Change From Preceding Quarter









Note.—Percent change at annual rate from preceding quarter;

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Looking Ahead...

- Annual Revisions of State Personal Income. State personal income for 1986–88 will be presented in the August Survey.
- Leading Indicators. An article exploring the role of "prime movers"—for example, monetary and fiscal policies, foreign economic developments, and new technologies—in indexes of leading indicators will appear in a forthcoming issue of the Survey.

in the first.2 After increasing production early in the second quarter, manufacturers cut it late in the quarter in response to the weakening effectiveness of enhanced sales-incentive programs introduced in early April. The programs, designed to boost sales that had fallen throughout the first quarter, covered most vehicle models and offered lower interest rates or larger rebates than those previously offered.

Car sales jumped in April but fell in May and June. For the quarter, domestic car sales increased 0.3 million units, to 7.3 million, following a decline of 0.5 million units in the first quarter. Inventories increased slightly to 1.73 million, following a larger increase; the inventory-sales ratio edged down slightly to 2.8-still well above the ratio considered desirable by the industry.

Sales of imported cars rebounded 0.2 million units, to 3.0 million, in the second quarter, following a decline in the first. The increase was due in part to incentive programs offered by some foreign manufacturers attempting to compete with domestic manufacturers' programs. Inventories of imported cars declined from the record level reached at the end of the first quarter.

Unit sales of new trucks increased slightly after a first-quarter decline. Both domestic and imported trucks contributed to the increase. Many truck models were included in the sales-incentive programs. In the second quarter, sales of domestic trucks were 4.4 million, and sales of imported trucks were 0.5 million. Truck inventories increased less in the second quarter than in the first.

Table 1.—Recent Patterns in Real GNP and Real Gross Domestic Purchases

[Billions of 1982 dollars: seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

			Level			Change	from p	receding	quarter
	1988 1989				89	19	88	19	89
	II	Ш	IV	I	II	ш	IV	1	п
Gross national product	4,010.7	4,042.7	4,069.4	4,106.8	4,123.9	32.0	26.7	37.4	17.1
Less: Exports		531.9 606.9	551.4 625.2	569.7 624.6	585.1 637.7	12.2 14.6	19.5 18.3	18.3 ~.6	15.4 13.1
Equals: Gross domestic purchases	4,083.3	4,117.6	4,143.2	4,161.8	4,176.5	34.3	25.6	18.6	14.7
Change in business inventories	-4.0	37.5 .3 7.8 29.4	18.3 -13.6 3.9 28.0	24.5 7.6 11.4 5.5	22.0 2.4 2.4 17.2	16.0 4.3 7.6 4.1	-19.2 -13.9 -3.9 -1.4	6.2 21.2 7.5 -22.5	-2.5 -5.2 -9.0 11.7
Final sales to domestic purchasers	4,061.8	4,080.1	4,124.9	4,137.3	4,154.6	18.3	44.8	12.4	17.3
government purchases Motor vehicles Other 1	-19.6 199.1 3,882.3	-20.1 192.1 3,908.1	-2.2 198.0 3,929.1	-3.3 189.9 3,950.7	1.2 195.0 3,958.4	5 -7.0 25.8	17.9 5.9 21.0	-1.1 -8.1 21.6	4.5 5.1 7.7
Addenda: Impact of 1988 drought on farm output 2 GNP excluding impact of drought	-6.7 4,017.4	-11.7 4,054.4		0 4,106.8	0 4,123.9	-5.0 37.0	-10.1 36.8	21.8 15.6	0 17.1

Note.—Motor vehicle estimates are found in tables 1.18 and 1.20—for auto and trucks, respectively—of the "National Income and Product Accounts Tables." The other estimates are found in tables 1.2, 1.6, and 3.8B.

Note.—Quarterly estimates in the national income and product accounts are expressed at seasonally adjusted annual rates, and quarterly changes in them are differences between these rates. Quarter-to-quarter percent changes are annualized. Real, or constant-dollar, estimates are expressed in 1982 dollars.

The advance GNP estimates for the second quarter are based on the following major source data, some of which are subject to revision. (The number of months for which data were available is shown in parentheses.)

Personal consumption expenditures: Sales of retail stores (3), and unit auto and truck

Nonresidential fixed investment: Unit auto and truck sales (3), construction put in place (2), manufacturers' shipments of machinery and equipment (2), and exports and imports of capital goods (2);

Residential investment: Construction put in place (2), and housing starts (3);

Change in business inventories: Manufacturing and trade inventories (2), unit auto inventories (3);

Net exports of goods and services: Merchandise exports and merchandise imports (2);

Government purchases of goods and services: Federal outlays (2), and State and local construction put in place (2);

GNP prices: Consumer Price Index (3), Producer Price Index (3), merchandise export and import price indexes (3), and unit-value indexes for exports (1), for petroleum imports (2), and for nonpetroleum imports (1).

Components of Real GNP

All major components of real GNP decelerated in the second quarter except nonresidential investment (specifically, producers' durable equipment) and government purchases (largely CCC purchases and national defense purchases). As already mentioned, inventory investment declined and net exports slowed. Personal consumption expenditures decelerated for the third consecutive quarter, and residential investment declined more in the second quarter than in the first.

Personal consumption expenditures

Real personal consumption expenditures (PCE) decelerated to a 1-percent increase in the second quarter after decelerating to a 2-percent increase in the first (table 2). The secondquarter increase was the smallest since the fourth quarter of 1987 (when PCE declined^{1/2} percent). Food purchases (in nondurables) more than accounted for the slowdown in the second quarter; energy purchases (in nondurables and services) had accounted for the slowdown in the first.

The decelerations in PCE in the first two quarters followed a slight slowing in the fourth quarter of 1988. This pattern of deceleration is difficult to reconcile with many of the factors usually considered in analyses of consumer spending. Real disposable personal income growth did slow in the second quarter, but this followed several quarters of strong growth. Consumer confidence (as measured by the Index of Consumer Sentiment prepared by the University of Michigan's Survey Research Center) declined in two of the last three quarters, but the declines

^{2.} Domestic car production includes only cars made in the United States. If imports of U.S. nameplate cars $\frac{1}{2}$ from Canada and Mexico were included-as they are in the sales and inventory estimates—production would show a modest increase in the second quarter.

^{1.} Consists of personal consumption expenditures (PCE) less PCE for motor vehicles, nonresidential and residential structures, producers' durable equipment (PDE) less PDE for motor vehicles, and government purchases less government purchases of motor vehicles and less CCC inventory change.

2. Estimates of the impact of the drought on farm output have been revised as part of the regular annual revision; previously published estimates for the second, third, and fourth quarters of 1988 had been -\$9.2 billion, -\$14.3 billion, and -\$25.0 billion, respectively. See the August 1988 "Business Situation" for a description of the procedures used by BEA to estimate the losses in output due to the drought and to allocate them on a quarterly basis. BEA has not attempted to make estimates of the impact of the drought on farm inventories, farm income, and nonfarm national income and product accounts components.

still left the index at very high levels. Nor do labor market conditions appear to have been behind the weakening of consumer spending: From its lowest level in 14 years, 5.5 percent in the second and third quarters of 1988, the civilian unemployment rate declined further, to 5.1 percent in the first quarter of 1989, before edging up to 5.2 percent in the second quarter.

Even if these developments could be interpreted as explaining the recent weakness in PCE, it is hard to see how they could be related to expenditures on energy and food, the two items in which the weakness was most apparent. This same point would apply to the argument that consumers are satiated after a long spending binge and want to augment their savings. Most analysts would probably expect consumer durables to take the brunt of such a retrenchment in spending, not energy and food.

With regards purchases of energy, it seems likely that part of the firstquarter decline reflected reduced demand for home heating during a warmer-than-usual winter. In the second quarter, purchases of energy were unchanged, despite a 311/2-percent increase in PCE energy prices.

With regards purchases of food, the second-quarter decline of \$71/2 billion was by far the largest drop for this component than at any other time in the current expansion. The decline was probably due in part to a sharp (8percent) increase in PCE food prices, but even larger price increases occurred earlier in the expansion without precipitating such a steep drop in purchases. (It should be noted, perhaps, that a drop in constant-dollar food purchases does not necessarily imply a drop in the physical quantity of food purchased and consumed. A drop in purchases may reflect a shift from higher priced foods to lower priced foods or a shift from meals purchased in restaurants to meals prepared and consumed at home.)

Finally, with regards purchases of both energy and food, it is extremely rare for purchases of these staples to exhibit weakness for more than one or two quarters; they generally rebound quickly.

PCE for durable goods and services shows no clear a pattern over the past few quarters. Durable goods declined in the first quarter and increased in the second, reflecting similar movements in motor vehicles and parts. Excluding motor vehicles and parts, PCE durables increased $5^{1/2}$ percent in both quarters.

Expenditures for services increased $3\frac{1}{2}$ percent in both the first and second quarters. Excluding energy, PCE services increased $4^{1/2}$ percent in the first quarter and 31/2 percent increase in the second.

Nonresidential fixed investment

Real nonresidential fixed investment increased $7^{1/2}$ percent in the second quarter, slightly more than in the first (table 3). Structures declined 10 percent after a 1-percent decline, but producers' durable equipment (PDE) increased $13^{1/2}$ percent after a $9^{1/2}$ percent increase. The second-quarter weakness in structures was concentrated in commercial buildings; in the first quarter, oil well drilling had more than accounted for the decline. Information processing equipment, which accounts for about one-half of PDE, accounted for about three-fourths of the increase in PDE in the second quarter; the only major category of PDE to decline was industrial equipment (after seven consecutive quarterly increases). Autos more than accounted for the increase in transportation equipment.

Factors that are typically considered in analyses of business investment present a mixed picture for future investment. On the one hand, business sales have increased slowly in recent quarters, and capacity utilization (which had been increasing steadily) slipped slightly in the first and second

Table 2.—Real Personal Consumption Expenditures

[Seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

		Billion	s of 1982	dollars		Percent		from pr	eceding
	Level			irter					
		19	88	19	89	19	88	19	89
	1989:II	ш	IV	I	п	Ш	IV	I	п
Personal consumption expenditures	2,648.2	21.3	19.6	13.3	7.2	3.3	3.0	2.0	1.1
Durables	177.2 177.9	-4.1 -4.7 1 .7	9.8 4.4 2.7 2.6	-1.2 -4.5 6.8 -3.4	4.5 1.1 3.1 .3	-3.9 -10.0 2 4.2	9,9 10.4 6.7 15.9	-1.1 -9.6 17.2 -17.6	4.4 2.5 7.3 1.8
Nondurables	458.6 165.5	11.1 2.1 7.0 .6 1.4	1.7 .2 .5 2.1 -1.2	3.0 3.9 .4 -3.2 1.9	-9.2 -7.4 .5 8 -1.5	5.0 1.8 19.1 2.0 3.5	.7 .2 1.2 7.0 -2.9	1.3 3.4 1.0 -9.9 4.8	-4.0 -6.2 1.2 -2.6 -3.6
Services	371.5 164.5 81.5 83.0 96.7	14.2 1.2 3.9 2.2 1.9 1.3 4.3 3.4	8.2 1.2 6 7 0 1.0 4.0 2.5	11.5 1.6 -2.3 -2.6 .3 .1 5.1 7.0	11.8 1.9 1.1 .8 .3 .4 3.2 5.2	4.5 1.3 10.0 11.2 9.8 5.7 6.4 3.7	2.6 1.3 -1.4 -3.3 0 4.3 5.8 2.7	3.6 1.8 -5.4 -11.9 1.5 .4 7.4 7.5	3.7 2.1 2.7 4.0 1.5 1.7 4.5 5.5

Gasoline and oil, and fuel oil and coal.
 Electricity and gas.

Table 3.—Real Gross Private Domestic Fixed Investment

[Seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

		Billions	of 1982	dollars		Percent	change qua	from pro	eceding
	Level	Chang	e from pr	eceding q	uarter	19	<u>i</u> -		89
		19	88	19	89	19	00	19	
	1989:II	Ш	ΙV	I	II	ш	IV	I	II
Gross private domestic fixed investment	698.8	4.1	-5.3	5.8	2,2	2.4	-3.0	3.4	1.3
Nonresidential Structures. Nonresidential buildings, excluding farms Public utilities. Mining exploration, shafts, and wells Other.	23.7	3.2 6 1.6 3 1	-8.3 -1.6 -1.2 1.2 -2.3	8.3 3 1.7 .3 -2.1 2	9.2 -3.1 -2.5 8 3	2.6 1.6 -3.0 33.4 -6.6 -10.9	-6.5 -5.1 -5.9 22.6 -43.5 111.5	6.9 -1.0 9.0 5.1 -45.3 -18.1	7.6 -9.9 -12.0 -12.4 -9.0 62.0
Producers' durable equipment	189.9 73.2	2.7 .9 1.9 .2 2	-6.7 -6.4 2.5 -2.0 8	8.6 8.1 2.9 -4.0 1.5	12.3 9.6 -1.7 3.3 1.3	2.9 2.0 11.7 1.2 -1.3	-6.9 -13.6 15.2 -11.5 -5.0	9.6 20.2 17.1 -22.5 10.0	13.6 23.1 -8.8 23.6 8.4
Residential Single-family structures Multifamily structures Other	91.1	.9 -1.4 .3 2.0	3.0 2.6 .1 .2	-2.5 ,4 ,3 -3.1	-7.0 -7.2 .5 4	1.9 -5.7 6.5 10.6	6.3 11.4 2.1 1.0	-5.0 1.6 6.4 -14.5	-13.6 -26.2 10.7 -2.0

Note.—Percent changes in major aggregates are found in table 8.1 of the "National Income and Product Accounts Tables." Dollar levels are found in table 5.13.

Note.—Percent changes in major aggregates are found in table 8.1 of the "National Income and Product Accounts Tables." Dollar levels are found in table 2.3.

CHART 2

quarters, and corporate profits tumbled in the first quarter. On the other hand, newly approved capital appropriations for 1,000 manufacturing corporations (and the backlog of capital appropriations) registered further substantial increases in the second quarter, and long-term interest rates declined.

Residential investment

Real residential investment declined $13^{1/2}$ percent in the second quarter, following a 5-percent decline in the first. Single-family construction more than accounted for the second-quarter decline. In multifamily construction, a fourth consecutive quarterly increase accompanied a declining rental va-cancy rate; in the "other" component (which includes additions and alterations, major replacements, mobile home sales, and brokers' commissions). a small decline reflected a drop in commissions.

In the second quarter, the drop in single-family construction reflected drops in single-family starts in the first and second quarters. Starts declined 68,000 (seasonally adjusted annual rate) in the first quarter and 76,000 in the second (chart 2). Building permits for single-family construction also declined by similar amounts. The declines in actual and prospective construction are consistent with declining sales activity. Sales of new and existing houses declined 204,000 in the second quarter after a decline of 349,000 in the first. At June sales rates, the unsold inventory of new houses amounted to 7 months supply. Higher house prices partly offset the effect of lower mortgage interest rates (chart 3).

Inventory investment

Real inventory investment—that is, the change in business inventories declined \$21/2 billion in the second quarter, as inventory accumulation slipped to \$22 billion from $$24^{1/2}$ billion in the first quarter (table 4). In contrast, inventory investment had increased \$6 billion in the first quarter. The downswing was more than accounted for by farm inventories.

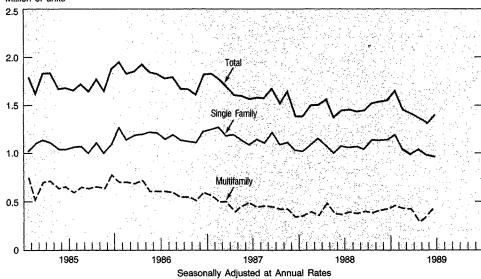
Farm inventories increased \$21/2 billion in the second quarter, following an increase of $$7^{1/2}$ billion in the first quarter and a decline of \$13¹/₂ billion in the fourth. The fourth- and first-Digguarter changes reflected BEA's allocahttion of the impact of the 1988 drought. ederal Reserve Bank of St. Louis

In the fourth quarter, farmers maintained market sales in the face of a drought-depressed level of output by drawing down inventories. With the first-quarter rebound of farm output to a level not affected by the drought, inventory liquidation gave way to modest accumulation. In the second quarter, as inventories increased further, transactions with the CCC swung from net redemptions to net placements.

increased Nonfarm inventories \$19½ billion in the second quarter, somewhat more than in the first quarter but much less than in the second half of 1988. The second-quarter pick-up was in nondurables manufacturing and durables wholesale trade inventories. Retail trade inventories increased slightly, as accumulation of nondurables more than offset liquidation of durables; auto dealers' inven-

Housing Starts

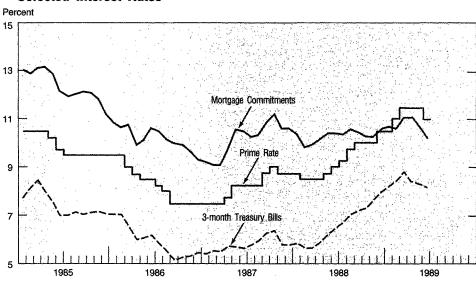
Million of units



U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

CHART 3

Selected Interest Rates



Data: FRR FLHLMC

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

car inventories.)

tories declined after three quarters of substantial increase, and other retail durables declined for the second consecutive quarter.3

The constant-dollar ratio of total inventories to total final sales was unchanged at 3.05; the ratio has been in the range of 3.05 to 3.07 since the first quarter of 1988.

Net exports

Real net exports increased \$2¹/₂ billion in the second quarter, following a \$19 billion increase in the first (table 5). All of the slowdown was in net exports of merchandise; net exports of services declined the same amount in both quarters.

Table 4.—Change in Real Business Inventories

[Billions of 1982 dollars; seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

	Level						e from pr	eceding q	uarter
		1988		19	89	19	88	19	89
	II	III	IV	I	11	Ш	īv	I	11
Change in business inventories	21.5	37.5	18.3	24.5	22.0	16.0	-19.2	6.2	-2.5
Farm	-4.0	.3	-13.6	7.6	2.4	4.3	-13.9	21,2	-5.2
Nonfarm Manufacturing Wholesale trade Retail trade Auto dealers. Other retail trade Other.	25.4 4.2 2.8 12.2 10.0 2.2 6.2	37.2 5.8 9.8 13.3 8.6 4.7 8.3	31.9 12.2 1.9 11.6 6.6 5.0 6.2	16.9 3.8 2.4 8.4 9.0 6 7.1	19.6 8.4 4.7 1.8 -1.0 2.8 4.6	11.8 1.6 7.0 1.1 -1.4 2.5 2.1	-5.3 6.4 -7.9 -1.7 -2.0 .3 -2.1	-15.0 -8.4 -4.3 -3.2 2.4 -5.6	2.7 4.6 7.1 -6.6 -10.0 3.4 -2.5
Addendum: Nonfarm less auto dealers	15.5	28.6	25.3	7.9	20.6	13.1	-3.3	-17.4	12.7

NOTE,-Dollar levels for most inventories are found in table 5.11 of the "National Income and Product Accounts Tables."

Table 5.—Real Net Exports of Goods and Services

[Seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

		Billion	s of 1982	dollars		Percent change from preceding quarter			
	Level	Change from preceding quarter					1988		
		19	88	19	89		88	15	989 T
	1989;II	ш	IV	I	II	ш	IV	I	11
Net exports of goods and services	-52.6	-2.3	1.1	18.8	2,4			•••••	ļ
Exports Merchandise Agriculture Nonagriculture Services	384.2 41.5	12.2 5.1 -2.6 7.7 7.2	19.5 14.5 0 14.4 5.0	18.3 13.9 3.9 10.1 4.4	15.4 11.7 1.4 10.2 3.7	9.7 6.2 -24.2 10.7 16.9	15.5 18.0 0 20.1 11.1	14.0 16.4 50.6 13.1 9.4	11.3 13.2 14.7 12.9 7.7
Imports Merchandise Petroleum Nonpetroleum Services	637.7 485.6 93.9 391.7 152.1	14.6 11.8 1.5 10.2 2.7	18.3 15.1 3.9 11.2 3.4	6 -6.0 -2.4 -3.6 5.3	13.1 8.2 6.0 2.2 4.9	10.2 10.7 7.3 11.4 8.2	12.6 13.5 19.3 12.3 10,2	4 -4.9 -10.2 -3.6 15.8	8.7 7.0 30.2 2.3 14.0

NOTE.—Percent changes in major aggregates are found in table 8.1 of the "National Income and Product Accounts Tables." Dollar levels are found in tables 4.2 and 4.4.

Table 6.—Real Government Purchases of Goods and Services

[Seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

		Billion	of 1982	Percent change from preceding quarter					
	Level	Chang	e from pr	eceding q	uarter	1988		1989	
	1988		19	989		00	19	0,5	
	1989:II	III	ΙV	I	II	Ш	IV	I	II
Government purchases of goods and services	807.6	-7.1	30.5	-6.7	7.9	-3.6	16.7	-3.3	4.0
Federal National defense Nondefense Commodity Credit Corporation inventory change Other	256.1 85.1 1.2	-8.1 -3.7 -4.4 5 -3.9	24.1 2.8 21.3 17.9 3.4	-8.4 -7.2 -1.2 -1.1 1	5.8 1.7 4.0 4.5 5	-9.5 -5.5 -24.3	33.7 4.4 231.3	-9.4 -10.6 -5.7 5	7.1 2.7 21.2 -2.3
State and local Structures Other		1.0 -2.1 3.1	6.4 3.3 3.0	1.7 -1.3 3.0	2.1 8 3.1	.9 -13.7 3.2	5.7 25.7 3.0	1.5 -8.5 3.0	1.8 -5.4 3.1

Note.—Percent changes in major aggregates are found in table 8.1 of the "National Income and Product Accounts Tables." Dollar levels are nd in table 3.8B.

Merchandise exports increased $$11^{1/2}$ billion (or 13 percent) in the second quarter after increasing \$14 billion (or $16^{1/2}$ percent) in the first. Agricultural exports accounted for the slowdown, reflecting a decline in wheat shipments. Nonagricultural exports increased at the same rate in both quarters; all major end-use categories increased in the second quarter except autos and "other," both of which registered very small declines.

Merchandise imports increased \$8 billion (or 7 percent) in the second quarter after declining \$6 billion (or 5 percent) in the first. Both petroleum and nonpetroleum imports contributed to the turnaround, but the contribution of petroleum imports was much larger. Within nonpetroleum imports, consumer goods registered the largest

upswing.

Exports of services increased \$31/2 billion and imports of services increased \$5 billion. In both cases, the increases were slightly less in the second quarter than in the first, and both slowdowns were more than accounted for by investment income.

Government purchases

government purchases increased \$8 billion (or 4 percent) in the second quarter, following a decline of $$6^{1/2}$ billion (or $3^{1/2}$ percent) in the first (table 6). A turnaround in Federal Government purchases reflected upswings in both defense and nondefense purchases; State and local government purchases increased slightly more in the second quarter than in the first quarter.

Federal defense purchases increased \$1 $\frac{1}{2}$ billion, following a decline of \$7 billion in the first quarter. The upswing was in all categories of defense purchases except military hardware, which declined in both quarters.

In Federal nondefense purchases, CCC inventories increased \$1 billion in the second quarter after being drawn down for eight consecutive quarters. The swing largely reflected net placements of corn and soybeans with the CCC under the commodity loan program. Federal nondefense purchases excluding CCC inventory purchases declined slightly in the second quarter after little change in the first.

In State and local government purchases, purchases other than structures continued to increase at a modest rate; structures declined again.

^{3.} The change in auto dealers' inventories (table 4) differs from the change in motor vehicle inventories (table 1). Most importantly, inventories of manufacturers and wholesalers are excluded from auto dealers' inventories but are included in motor vehicle inventories. (Wholesalers account for a substantial portion of foreign

Prices

Increases in GNP prices and in gross domestic purchases prices have been in the range of $4^{1/2}$ to $5^{1/2}$ percent for five consecutive quarters. In the first and second quarters, GNP prices were up 5 percent and gross domestic purchases prices were up 51/2 percent (table 7). The first-quarter increases in each of these price measures was boosted 0.5 percentage point by the combined effect of (1) a 4.1-percent pay raise for Federal Government employees and (2) an increase in the Federal Government's contributionsas an employer-for social insurance programs. (Such increases in employee compensation are treated in the NIPA's as an increase in the price of employee services purchased by the Federal Government.)

The higher increases in gross domestic purchases prices than in GNP prices in the first and second quarters reflected a recent upsurge in the price of imported petroleum. (Changes in import prices are reflected directly in the price index for gross domestic purchases but not in the GNP price Imported petroleum prices index.) jumped 115 percent in the first quarter and $92^{1/2}$ percent in the second, following five consecutive quarterly declines. Prices of "other" merchandise imports increased 2.6 percent in the first quarter and declined 1.3 percent in the sec-

Table 7.—Price Indexes (Fixed Weights): Change From Preceding Quarter

[Percent change at annual rates; based on seasonally adjusted index numbers (1982=100)]

	19	88	198	39
	III	ΙV	I	11
GNP	5.2	4.3	4.8	5.2
Less: Exports	9.9 .3	2.4 4.2	1.6 8.6	2.7 6.3
Equals: Gross domestic purchases	4.3	4.5	5.5	5.6
Less: Change in business inventories				
Equals: Final sales to domestic purchasers	4,3	4.5	5.5	5.5
Personal consumption expenditures Food Energy	8.5	4.9 4.6 .4	4.8 5.6 4.7	6.4 7.9 31.5
expenditures Nonresidential structures Producers' durable equipment. Residential investment. Government purchases	5.5 1.0 .3	5.4 4.5 4.8 2.6 3.5	4.6 5.3 4.4 5.8 8.0	4.1 4.4 3.1 6.9 3.5
Addenda: Merchandise imports Petroleum and products Other merchandise		2.7 -33.7 8.1	11.1 113.8 2.6	7.6 93.8 -1.3

Note.—Percent changes in major aggregates are found in table 8.1 of the "National Income and Product Accounts Tables." Most index number levels are found in tables 7.1 and 7.3.

ond, as prices of autos and of capital goods (except autos) drifted down.

PCE prices jumped 6½ percent in the second quarter, following two quarters of 5-percent increases. The stepup was more than accounted for by food and energy prices; "other" PCE prices were up a little less in the second quarter than in the first. Food prices increased 8 percent after a 5¹⁷₂-percent increase; the pickup was largely in prices of meat, eggs, and vegetables. Energy prices surged $31^{1/2}$ percent, as prices of gasoline and oil increased sharply after a small increase; prices of electricity and gas changed little after a moderate increase. "Other" PCE prices slowed slightly to a 4-percent increase; the slowdown was largely in prices of durable goods, particularly in autos and in furniture and equipment.

Among other components of final sales, prices of fixed investment slowed slightly to a 4½-percent increase in the second quarter; a deceleration in PDE prices was largely traceable to trucks and autos. Prices of government purchases slowed sharply to a 3½-percent increase; one-half of the deceleration was attributable to the effect of the first-quarter Federal pay raise and increased payments of social security taxes by the Federal Government for its employees.

Personal Income

Personal income increased $$78^{1/2}$ billion in the second quarter, following a $$132^{1/2}$ billion increase in the first (table 8). Nearly all of the major components of personal income contributed to the deceleration. Personal saving declined slightly after a substantial increase.

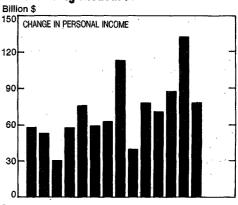
Wage and salary disbursements increased \$46 billion in the second quarter, \$9½ billion less than in the first. Government wages and salaries, which had been boosted \$4½ billion in the first quarter by a pay raise for Federal Government and Postal Service employees, accounted for almost one-half of the deceleration. In private wages and salaries, the deceleration was concentrated in manufacturing, where average weekly hours declined and employment and average hourly earnings increased less in the second quarter than in the first.

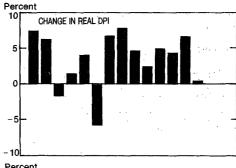
Farm proprietors' income declined \$6^{1/2} billion in the second quarter, following a \$27 billion increase in the first. Federal agricultural subsidy pay-

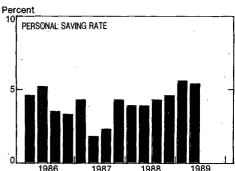
ments declined in both quarters. Farm proprietors' income excluding subsidies declined \$1 $^{1/2}$ billion after a \$28 $^{1/2}$ billion jump. The second-quarter decline was largely due to lower farm product; the first-quarter jump reflected a sharp increase in crop prices and the return of farm output to a level not affected by the drought. Nonfarm proprietors' income increased somewhat less in the second quarter than in the first, reflecting slowdowns in construction and retail trade.

Transfer payments increased \$10 billion, considerably less than in the first quarter. In the first quarter, cost-of-living increases in social security and several other Federal retirement and income support programs, as well

Selected Personal Income and Saving Measures







Based on Seasonally Adjusted Annual Rates

Note.--Changes are from preceding quarter.

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

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as retroactive payments to recent retirees, had added \$13 billion to the increase.

Among the remaining components of personal income, increases in other labor income and personal dividend income were similar to those in the first quarter. Rental income declined for the third consecutive quarter. Personal interest income increased somewhat less than in the first quarter; the slowdown reflected declines in interest rates.

Personal contributions for social insurance, which are subtracted in deriving the personal income total, increased considerably less than in the first quarter when several program changes had added \$6 billion.

Personal tax and nontax payments increased $$23^{1/2}$ billion in the second quarter, following a $$30^{1/2}$ billion increase in the first. The effects of the Tax Reform Act of 1986 boosted payments in both quarters—\$8 billion in the second quarter and \$18 billion in the first—as taxes were paid on income that had been deferred in earlier periods.

Disposable personal income (DPI) increased \$55 billion (or 6 percent) in the second quarter, compared with a \$102 billion (or 12-percent) increase in the first. Reflecting this slowdown and the pickup in PCE prices, real DPI increased $^{1/2}$ percent after a $^{61/2}$ -percent increase in the first quarter.

Personal outlays increased about the same amount in both quarters; thus, the deceleration in current-dollar DPI carried through to personal saving, dipped 0.2 percentage point to 5.4 which declined after a substantial inpercent, interrupting a three-quarter crease. The personal saving rate uptrend.

Table 8.—Personal Income and Its Disposition

[Billions of dollars; seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

	Level	(hange from p	receding quar	ter
	1000 17	19	88	19	989
	1989:II	Ш	IV	I	II
Wage and salary disbursements	733.1 549.5 183.6 610.2 789.7	46.8 10.8 8.0 2.8 10.0 19.5 6.5	52.9 13.1 10.9 2.2 9.5 23.7 6.7	55.6 11.9 8.2 3.7 11.3 21.7 10.6	45.9 6.5 3.3 3.3 11.4 21.3 6.6
Other labor income	246.0	5.2	5.4	4.8	4.7
Proprietors' income Farm Nonfarm Rental income of persons.	52.6 302.6	-4.8 -7.7 2.8 1.7	1.3 -5.7 7.0 2	31.0 27.0 4.0	-4.2 -6.4 2.3 -3.1
Personal interest income Personal interest income	111.4	3.2 16.3	2.8 22.3	3.0 30.4	2.0 26.1
Transfer payments		5.6	6.4	22.6	9.8
Less: Personal contributions for social insurance	212.9	3.0	3.2	10.4	2.9
Personal income	4,396.2	71.0	87.6	132.6	78.4
Less: Personal tax and nontax payments		-4.8 -15.6 10.8	11.9 4 12.3	30.5 18.8 11.7	23.3 9.6 13.7
Equals: Disposable personal income	3,744.5	75.8	75.7	102.1	55.0
Less: Personal outlays	3,540.9	60.2	61.9	59.8	57.1
Equals: Personal saving	203.7	15.6	13.8	42.3	-2.0
Addenda: Special factors in personal income:					
In wages and salaries: Federal Government and Postal Service pay adjustments		.3	.3	4.4	.3
In farm proprietors' income: Agricultural subsidy payments		-11.9	14.2	-1.7	-5.0
In transfer payments: Social security retroactive payments Cost-of-living increases in Federal transfer payments		6	1	1.2 11.8	3
In personal contributions for social insurance: Social security rate and base changes, the initial premiums under the medical catastrophic coverage, and an increase in the premium for supplementary medical insurance				6.1	

^{1.} Estimates of the impact of the Tax Reform Act of 1986 on Federal Government personal tax payments and indirect effects on State and local government personal tax payments.

Note.-Most dollar levels are found in table 2.1 of the "National Income and Product Accounts Tables."

The U.S. National Income and Product Accounts:

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article.

Revised Estimates

- Annual 1986-88
- Quarterly 1986:I-1989:I

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m N}$ this issue of the Survey of Current Business, the Bureau of Economic Analysis presents the revised estimates of the national income and product accounts (NIPA's) for the years 1986-88 and the quarters from the first quarter of 1986 through the first quarter of 1989. As is usual in July, source data that are more complete, more detailed, or otherwise more appropriate than the data previously available have been incorporated into the estimates, and seasonal factors have been updated. This July, methodological changes were largely confined to those made in connection with the June 1989 revision to the U.S. balance of payments accounts.

The first section of this article discusses the impact of the revisions on

Impact of the Revisions

several aspects of economic activity,

the second section provides a sum-

mary of the revisions and the major

source data underlying them, and the

third section describes the changes in

methodology made this July and sum-

marizes the source data and meth-

ods used to prepare the NIPA esti-

shows the current-dollar annual previ-

ously published estimates, revised es-

timates, and revisions for condensed

versions of the five summary accounts of the NIPA's. Appendix B shows the

revised 1988 annual estimates for the

full five summary accounts. The com-

plete set of NIPA tables follows this

Appendix A to this article

By either the previously published estimates or the revised estimates, the economy continued to grow at a moderate pace over the 3-year period covered by the revisions. Growth in production was somewhat stronger in the revised estimates: From the first quarter of 1986 to the first quarter of 1989, the growth rate (average annual rate of increase) for real GNP was revised up 0.2 percentage point-from 3.1 to 3.3 percent (table 1).1 Growth in U.S. demand was unrevised at 2.8 percent. Average annual rates of change for most major components were not much different than previously estimated. The largest differences were for imports and nonresidential structures: On the revised basis, imports was not quite as strong,

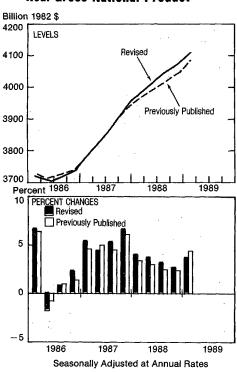
1. Comparisons in this section cover the timespan from the earliest quarter (1986:I) through the latest quarter (1989:I) for which estimates were revised. Users should be aware that, as a result of this year's July revision, a discontinuity occurs between the estimates for 1985 (and earlier), which were not revised, and the estimates for 1986 (and later), which were revised. See the box on page 21 of this article for a discussion of this discontinuity.

increasing 7.5 percent instead of 8.5 percent; nonresidential structures fell off more, dropping 5.6 percent instead of 4.6 percent.

By either set of estimates, inflation was moderate over the 3-year period. From the first quarter of 1986 to the first quarter of 1989, the average annual rates of increase in GNP prices and in gross domestic purchases prices were unrevised at 3.9 and 4.0 percent, respectively (table 2). Average annual rates of price change for the major components were not much different than previously estimated.

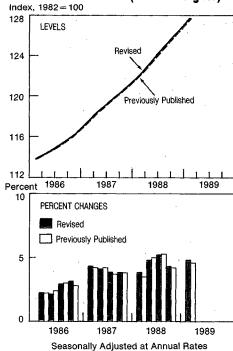
Thus, the overall picture of economic growth and inflation was not significantly different on the basis of the revised estimates. However, for the components discussed below, in which the level as well as the rate of change are

Real Gross National Product



U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

GNP Price Index (Fixed Weights)



U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.

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of interest, the revised estimates do present a different picture.

Inventory investment.—The revised estimates show considerably lower rates of inventory accumulation than had been indicated in the previously published estimates. The change in real business inventories was revised down in each quarter. By the first quarter of 1989, the revised level of real business inventories was \$896.6 billion-\$37.9 billion below the previously published level. Farm inventories were revised down \$5.3 billion, and nonfarm inventories were revised down \$32.7 billion. Almost one-half of the downward revision in nonfarm inventories was in "other"mainly the mining, construction, and services industries—inventories, but manufacturing, wholesale trade, and retail trade inventories were also revised down.

The downward revisions in inventories combined with upward revisions in final sales led to progressively larger downward revisions in the constantdollar aggregate inventory-sales ratios. By the first quarter of 1989, the ratio of total inventories to total business final sales was revised down 0.15 to 3.05. Thus, the revised ratios present an even "leaner" picture of inventories than previously indicated.

Net exports.—By 1988, net exports was revised up substantially-from -\$100.2 billion to -\$74.9 billion in constant dollars and from -\$94.6 billion to -\$73.7 billion in current dollars. A large part (one-half in current dollars) of the difference in the levels of the previously published estimates and the revised estimates stems from new or improved estimates for a range of services-business, professional, and technical services, travel and passenger fares, and students' expenditures. The introduction of these estimates for 1986-88 raised the level

Data Availability

The revised estimates, along with the estimates for 1985 and earlier years, are available on diskette and on magnetic tape. To obtain an order form indicating the technical specifications of the diskettes and tapes and their cost, write to the National Income and Wealth Division (BE-54), Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington DC 20230 or call (202) 523-0669.

of exports more than the level of imthe United States.

Saving and investment,—Although ports throughout the period. The re- the NIPA measure of gross investment mainder of the difference is mainly due was revised only modestly in 1988, its to a revised view of income on direct composition was altered. Private doinvestment in 1988—a larger increase mestic investment was \$16.2 billion in profits received on U.S. investment lower on the revised basis, largely reabroad and a smaller increase in prof- flecting the lower rate of inventory its paid to foreigners on investments in accumulation, and net foreign investment was a smaller negative amount,

Table 1.—Revisions in Real GNP and in Real Gross Domestic Purchases Over the Period 1986:I-1989:I [Billions of 1982 dollars, seasonally adjusted annual rates]

	P	reviously	published	l		Revi	sed			ion in
:			1986	e from i:I to 39:I			1986	e from 5:I to 39:I	cna	nge
	1986:I	1989:I	Dollar	Per- cent (annu- al rate)	1986:I	1989:1	Dollar	Per- cent (annu- al rate)	Dollar	Per- centage point
Gross national product	3,719.3	4,077.5	358.2	3.1	3,721.1	4,106.8	385.7	3.3	27.5	0.2
Less: Exports	374.5 490.2	540,7 626,6	166.2 136.4	13.0 8.5	392.9 502.9	569.7 624.6	176.8 121.7	13.2 7.5	10.6 -14.7	.2 -1.0
Equals: Gross domestic purchases	3,834.9	4,163.4	328.5	2.8	3,831.0	4,161.8	330.8	2.8	2.3	0
Personal consumption expenditures	2,415.1 363.3 870.4 1,181.4	2,634.9 412.3 911.5 1,311.1	219.8 49.0 41.1 129.7	2.9 4.3 1.5 3.5	2,410.9 363.7 870.1 1,177.1	2,641.0 419.3 915.0 1,306.7	230.1 55.6 44.9 129.6	3.1 4.9 1.7 3.5	10.3 6.6 3.8 1	.2 .6 .2 0
Gross private domestic investment Fixed investment Nonresidential Structures Producers' durable equipment Residential Change in business inventories Nonfarm Farm	301.7 185.5 45.7	730.2 694.8 500.5 125.9 374.6 194.3 35.5 26.2 9.2	52.2 62.4 53.7 -19.2 72.9 8.8 -10.2 -17.0 6.8	2.5 3.2 3.9 -4.6 7.5 1.6	676.1 634.2 448.5 144.0 304.5 185.7 41.9 37.4 4.5	721.1 696.6 501.0 121.1 379.9 195.6 24.5 16.9 7.6	45.0 62.4 52.5 -22.9 75.4 9.9 -17.4 -20.5 3.1	2.2 3.2 3.8 -5.6 7.7 1.7	-7.2 0 -1.2 -3.7 2.5 1.1 -7.2 -3.5 -3.7	3 0 1 -1.0 .2 .1
Government purchases of goods and services	741.8 322.7 241.1 81.6 419.1	798.2 335.8 256.6 79.1 462.4	56.4 13.1 15.5 -2.5 43.3	2.5 1.3 2.1 ~1.0 3.3	744.1 324.4 241.2 83.3 419.6	799.7 335.5 254.4 81.1 464.2	55.6 11.1 13.2 -2.2 44.6	2.4 1.1 1.8 9 3.4	8 -2.0 -2.3 .3 1.3	1 2 3 .1
Addenda: Final sales Final sales to domestic purchasers	3,673.6 3,789.3	4,042.0 4,127.9	368.4 338.6	3.2 2.9	3,679.2 3,789.1	4,082.3 4,137.3	403.1 348.2	3.5 3.0	34.7 9.6	.3 .1

Table 2.—Revisions in the GNP Price Index (Fixed Weights) and in the Gross Domestic Purchases Price Index (Fixed Weights) Over the Period 1986:I-1989:I

[Index numbers (1982=100), seasonally adjusted]

	Previ	ously pub	lished		Revised			
	1986:I	1989:I	Percent change (annual rate)	1986:I	1989:I	Percent change (annual rate)	sion in percent change, per- centage point	
Gross national product	113.8	127.6	3.9	113.8	127.7	3.9	0	
Less: Exports		114.1 108.4	3.1 4.2	103.6 95.9	113.7 109.5	3.1 4.5	0 .3	
Equals: Gross domestic purchases	113.1	127.2	4.0	113.1	127.4	4.0	0	
Personal consumption expenditures. Durable goods. Nondurable goods. Services.	105.8 108.3	129.5 114.6 120.8 139.6	4.2 2.7 3.7 4.9	114.3 105.7 108.4 120.8	129.6 114.7 121.0 139.8	4.3 2.8 3.7 5.0	.1 .1 0 .1	
Gross private domestic investment	104.7 103.3 101.3 104.6 109.7	114.0 111.8 110.6 112.5 121.8	2.9 2.7 3.0 2.5 3.5	104:7 103:3 101:5 104:5 109:7	114.1 111.8 110.5 112.7 121.8	2.9 2.7 2.9 2.6 3.5	0 0 1 .1	
Government purchases of goods and services	110.9	128.9 121.6 120.9 123.2 134.3	3.9 3.1 2.8 3.8 4.5	114.9 110.9 111.3 110.0 117.8	129.4 122.3 122.0 123.0 134.7	4.0 3.3 3.1 3.8 4.6	.1 .2 .3 0 .1	
Addenda: Final salesFinal sales to domestic purchasers	113.7 113.0	127.5 127.0	3.9 4.0	113.7 113.0	127.6 127.3	3.9 4.1	0 .1	

largely reflecting the revision in net exports. Negative net foreign investment can be thought of as foreign saving invested in the United States; on the revised basis, this saving was \$18.7 billion lower.

For domestic saving, the revised estimates indicate more private saving and more public dissaving. 1988, the Federal deficit was somewhat larger on the revised basis, and the State and local surplus was substantially smaller. For State and local governments, the fiscal position appeared stronger than previously estimated for social security funds, where the surplus was larger on the revised basis, but much weaker for "other" funds. The "other" funds deficit on the revised basis was \$8.1 billion larger in 1988. From a surplus of \$5.6 billion in 1986, State and local government "other" funds are now shown dropping to deficits of \$12.4 billion in 1987 and \$21.4 billion in 1988.

The difference between gross private saving and gross private domestic investment as a percent of GNP is an indicator of the extent to which domestic investment is financed by private domestic saving. This indicator was 0.5 percentage point higher in 1988 on the revised basis. Although the indicator is also higher on a revised basis for 1987 and 1986, the average for 1986-88 is still well below longer run averages.

Summary of the Revisions

The incorporation of newly available source data and changes in methodology leads to revisions in currentdollar estimates and in estimates of prices. In turn, these revisions lead to revisions in constant-dollar estimates. This section describes the revisions in the current-dollar, price, and constantdollar NIPA estimates for 1986, 1987, and 1988 and for the first quarter of 1986 through the first quarter of 1989.2

Annual revisions in current dollars

The level of current-dollar GNP was revised down \$8.7 billion, or 0.2 percent, in 1986; down \$2.4 billion, or 0.1 percent, in 1987; and up \$16.3 billion, or 0.3 percent, in 1988. The downward revisions in GNP for the first 2 years (1986 and 1987) this July contrasted with the upward revisions for the first 2 years in the last two July revisions; the size of the revisions for the first 2 years, however, was about in line with those in the last two July revisions. The upward revision in GNP for the most recent year (1988) was smaller than the upward revisions for the most

2. This section covers the regularly featured price and constant-dollar GNP estimates, which are based on 1982 weights. Revised estimates based on 1987 weights will appear in the August 1989 issue of the Survey.

recent year in the last two July revisions. This July, the largest dollar revisions among the major components of GNP were in personal consumption expenditures, change in business inventories, and net exports.

The level of charges against GNPthat is, gross national income—was revised down \$20.5 billion, or 0.5 percent, in 1986; down \$5.8 billion, or 0.1 percent, in 1987; and up \$11.6 billion, or 0.2 percent, in 1988. The revision in gross national income for the first year (1986) was considerably larger than the first-year revisions in the last two July revisions; the upward revision in gross national income for the most recent year (1988) was considerably smaller than the upward revisions in the last two July revisions. The largest dollar revisions among the major components of gross national income were in corporate profits.

The following is a list of the newly available major source data underlying the current-dollar NIPA revisions and the years into which these data were directly incorporated: Annual data from four Census Bureau sources-Annual Retail Trade Survey for 1987, Annual Trade Survey (wholesale trade) for 1987, Service Annual Survey for 1986-88, and surveys of State and local government finances for 1986-87; Internal Revenue Service (IRS) tabulations of tax return

Acknowledgments

Gerald F. Donahoe, Chief of the National Income and Wealth Division, supervised the preparation of the revision of the national income and product accounts of the United States. Joseph C. Wakefield, Chief of the Government Division, and Richard C. Ziemer directed major parts of the revision. Robert P. Parker, Associate Director for National Economic Accounts, provided overall supervision. Norman E. Bakka developed the major computer systems used in the revision. Shelby W. Herman assisted in the review of the estimates. Other BEA staff who made significant contributions to the revision are listed below.

The article describing the revisions was written by Douglas R. Fox. Mira A. Piplani prepared the tables in the article

Personal consumption expenditures—Clinton P. McCully, M. Greg Key, Everette P. Johnson, Moses J. Branch, Ellen B. Arroyo.

Investment—David W. Cartwright, Scott D. Smith. Structures— Brooks B. Robinson. Producers' durable equipment—Jeffrey W. Crawford. Inventories-Stephen P. Baldwin, Karen P. Spencer, Felicia V. Candella.

Net exports—Leo M. Bernstein, Phyllistine M. Barnes.

Federal Government transactions-David T. Dobbs. Receipts and expenditures-Hermione A. Anglin, Gary W. Davis, Kiran Duwadi, Charles D. Uthus. Constant-dollar estimates—Karl D. Galbraith, James E. Boucher, Pamela A. Kelly, Raymen G. La Bella, Robert T. Mangan, Tamara M. Mast, Claire G. Pitzer, Abner Sachs, Gregory

State and local government transactions—David F. Sullivan. Constant-dollar estimates and computer services—Donald L. Peters. Transfers and contributions—Richard D. Melchionno.

Measures of price change—Shelby W. Herman. Income—Eugene P. Seskin.

Farm output and income—George M. Smith.

Personal income—Arthur L. Sensenig. Wages and salaries—Pauline
M. Cypert, Kathryn A. Comins. Other labor income—James E. Rankin. Other contributors to the personal income estimates include Thae S. Park and Mary V. Pitts.

Business income—Kenneth A. Petrick. Corporate profits—Sharon P. Montgomery, Dorothy G. Collins, Jerry L. Stone. Nonfarm proprietors' income-Willie J. Abney.

Property income-Mary W. Hook. Interest-Teresa L. Weadock. Rental income of persons—Denise A. McBride.

Capital consumption allowances and adjustments-John A. Gorman, John C. Musgrave, Mary E. Gray.

Industry product-Michael F. Mohr, Sherlene K. S. Lum, Vesta C. Jones, Marilyn E. Baker, Mary Carol Barron.

Computer services-Norman E. Bakka, Phyllistine M. Barnes. Table preparation and review—Jeanette M. Honsa, Norman E. Bakka, Virginia H. Mannering, Phyllistine M. Barnes.

Secretarial-Eunice V. Blue, Gail P. Jones, Gwendolyn M. Robinson, and Dorothy A. Wilson.

data for corporations for 1986, for sole proprietors and partnerships for 1987, and for individuals for 1987; Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) tabulations of unemployment-insurance-based wage and salary data for 1986–88; and U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) farm statistics for 1986–88.

Other newly available source data that were principal contributors to the revisions for the most recent year (1988) were the following: Revised Census Bureau monthly retail sales, revised Census Bureau monthly manufacturers' shipments, revised Census Bureau monthly manufacturing and trade inventories, revised Census Bureau value of new construction put in place, and Federal agency reports of financial institutions.

The following source data from the Census Bureau were not available in time for this July revision: Annual Survey of Manufactures for 1987 (normally incorporated into the estimates of personal consumption expenditures for goods, producers' durable equipment, and change in business inventories), major parts of the American Housing Survey for 1987 (personal consumption expenditures for services and rental income of persons), and surveys of State and local government retirement funds for 1986-87 (government purchases and compensation of employees).

Table 3 provides a guide to the annual NIPA revisions by identifying the subcomponent series in which revisions were concentrated and by listing the major source data that underlie the revised estimates. It should be noted that newly available source data lead not only to a revision in the level of an estimate for the year into which they are directly incorporated, but often to revisions in levels for subsequent years. Referring to the information in table 3, the following sections discuss the major revisions in NIPA components.

Personal consumption expenditures (PCE) for goods.—PCE goods was revised down \$2.2 billion in 1986 and \$0.7 billion in 1987 and up \$9.5 billion in 1988. The downward revision in 1986 largely reflected the incorporation of newly available information into the estimates of goods other than motor vehicles and gasoline and oil. In 1987 and 1988, gasoline and oil was revised down, largely reflecting revised gasoline consumption data for 1987 from

NIPA Table Changes

- Tables 6.1 and 6.2, containing estimates of gross national product by industry, are not included in this issue. As previously announced, their release was postponed until later this year in order to revise the estimates beginning in 1977 to incorporate several improvements (see page 2 of the June 1989 Survey of Current Business).
- Tables 1.1, 1.2, 1.5, 1.6, 2.2–2.5, 4.1–4.5, and 8.1 reflect coverage beginning in 1986 associated with the incorporation of methodological changes in the balance of payments accounts. Footnotes to the tables identify these changes. For more details, see the box on page 21 and the methodological section of this article.
- Tables 4.3 and 4.4 reflect the incorporation of data to distribute "other" merchandise exports to durable and nondurable goods beginning with 1986. The footnotes identify this change. For more details, see the methodological section of this article.

the Federal Highway Administration. In 1987 and 1988, used auto purchases by consumers was revised up (largely offset by a downward revision in used auto sales by business in producers' durable equipment), as a modification in the procedure BEA uses to adjust motor vehicle registration data from R.L. Polk and Company indicated that a higher volume of used cars had been sold by business and purchased by consumers; purchases of recreational vehicles was revised down, reflecting the incorporation of data from the 1987 Annual Retail Trade Survey. In 1988, revisions in Census Bureau monthly retail sales data led to higher estimates of goods other than motor vehicles and gasoline and oil, particularly of food.

PCE services.—PCE services was revised down \$7.8 billion in 1986, \$0.6 billion in 1987, and \$2.0 billion in 1988. In all 3 years, the PCE item net foreign travel was revised down as a result of the introduction of several methodological changes made during the June 1989 revisions to the U.S. balance of payments accounts. (See the changes in methodology section of this article.)

In 1987 and 1988, upward revisions in other PCE services largely offset the downward revisions in net foreign travel; these upward revisions reflected the incorporation of newly available data from the Census Bureau Service Annual Survey and from a variety of other regular sources. The revisions were widespread; the largest were in personal business in 1987 and 1988 and in personal care and in recreation in 1988. Within personal business, the 1987 revision was largely accounted for by services furnished without payment by banks, credit agencies, and investment companies. Medical care services was revised down in all 3 years, largely reflecting newly available data from the American Hospital Association and estimates from the Health Care Financing Administration.

Nonresidential structures.—Nonresidential structures was revised up \$0.5 billion in 1986 and down \$5.7 billion in 1987 and \$2.5 billion in 1988. The downward revisions in 1987 and 1988 were concentrated in mining exploration, shafts, and wells and in public utilities. For mining exploration, shafts, and wells, newly available data from the Joint Association Survey of the Oil and Gas Producing Industry indicated a lower cost per foot drilled than previously estimated; for public utilities, newly available data from several Federal regulatory agencies and trade sources lowered expenditures for electric light and power construction. In 1988, an upward revision in "other" nonfarm structures, which was concentrated in industrial and commercial buildings, was largely due to revised Census Bureau data on construction put in place.

Nonresidential producers' durable uipment (PDE).—Nonresidential equipment PDE was revised up \$0.8 billion in 1986, \$3.2 billion in 1987, and \$1.2 billion in 1988. The upward revisions in 1987 and 1988 were largely traceable to the incorporation of newly available data on manufacturers' shipments of computers for 1987 into the estimates for office, computing, and accounting machinery. Net sales of used autos to consumers by business—a negative entry in PDE—was revised down, particularly in 1988 (more than offset by an upward revision in consumer purchases of used autos in PCE goods).

Residential investment.—Residential investment was revised up \$0.7 billion in 1986, down \$0.5 billion in 1987, and

Text continues on p. 15.

Table 3.—NIPA Revisions: Selected Component Detail and Major Source Data

	<u> </u>	Billions	of doll	ars	
NIPA component	Revi	sion in	level	Revised 1988	Major source data incorporated
	1986	1987	1988	level	
Gross national product	-8.7	-2.4	16.3	4,880.6	
Personal consumption expenditures	-10.1	-1.3	7.6	3,235.1	·
Goods		7	9.5	1,507.5	
Of which:				,	
Used autos	.9	2.3	5.5	43.0	Revised stock of autos held by consumers for 1987–88; 1987 Annual Retail Trade Survey sales and gross margin of used car dealers.
Recreational vehicles	0	-2.4	-3.1	6.0	
Gasoline and oil	.2	-1.8	-2.0	76.8	
Goods other than motor vehicles and gasoline and oil	-2.3	2.0	9.9	1,242.9	BEA correction for 1986; 1987 Annual Retail Trade Survey sales data; and revised Census Bureau monthly retail sales data for 1988.
Services	-7.8	6	-2.0	1,727.6	·
Of which: Personal care	0	.2	3.1	43.0	Revised Census Bureau Service Annual Survey (SAS) receipts data for 1987; new SAS dat
Modical com	-1.7	.26	.50	398.3	for 1988.
Medical care	1 -1.7	-2.6	-5.8	398.3	
Of wnicn: Hospitals	.3	-1.1	-2.6	182.3	American Hospital Association (AHA) expense data for FY 1987 for 1986-87; AHA
Health insurance	-2.0	-1.1	-1.0	29.8	monthly data for 1988. Health Care Financing Administration estimates for 1986–88.
Personal business		7.7	2.9	234.4	Treatur Care I maneing Administration estimates for 1200-56.
Of which:] ~	1		25	
Services furnished without payment by banks, credit agencies, and investment companies.	1.7	6.2	.1	91.1	IRS tabulations of corporate tax return data on profits of mutual financial institutions for 1986; Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation data and Federal Reserve Board flow-offunds data on private pension plans for 1986-88; National Credit Union Administration
Expense of handling life insurance	-2.1	1.3	.9	45.4	data and Federal Home Loan Bank Board data for 1988. IRS tabulations of corporate tax return data for 1986; American Council of Life Insurance expense data for 1987; BLS tabulations of unemployment-insurance-based wage and salary data for 1988.
Recreation	0	1.2	3.6	100.8	Revised Census Bureau Service Annual Survey (SAS) receipts data for 1987; new SAS da for 1988; revised data from trade sources for 1986-87 and new data for 1988.
Foreign travel, net	-5.5	-6.7	-9.5	0	Revised BEA balance of payments accounts estimates for 1986-88.
Fixed investment	2.1	-3.1	1.5	719.6	,
Nonresidential structures	5	-5.7	-2.5	140.3	
Of which: Mining exploration, shafts, and wells	. 0	-2.4	-2.6	10.5	American Petroleum Institute (API) Survey on oil and gas expenditures for exploration for 1987; Joint Association Survey of the Oil and Gas Producing Industry expenditures and footage drilled for 1987; revised API footage drilled for 1988.
Public utilities	.2	-3.8	-4.2	26.1	T
Other nonfarm structures	.4	.3	3.7	101.6	Ī
Nonresidential producers' durable equipment	8	3.2	1.2	346.8	
Of which:	İ			\	
Used autos Office, computing, and accounting machinery	1	7 2.8	-2.7 4.0	-29.9 43.9	See entry under PCE goods. Shipments from Current Industrial Report "Computers and Office Accounting Machines" for 1987; revised Census Bureau monthly manufacturers' shipments for 1986-88.
Residential investment	.7	5	2.7	232.4	101 1707, revised Census Bureau monuny manufacturers simplifients for 1700–08.
Of which: Multifamily structures	0	1.1	2.0	23.3	BEA correction for 1987; revised Census Bureau value of new construction put in place for
Additions and alterations, major replacements	7	-1.7	1.3	59.2	
Change in business inventories	-8.6	-9.9	-17.8	30.6	Survey for 1988.
Farm	.1	.2	-9.7	-3.6	USDA estimates for 1986–88.
Nonfarm	1	-10.2	-8.0	34.2	
Manufacturing	l .	-1.7	-1.5	9.1	Revised BEA estimates of cost of goods held in inventory for 1986–88; revised Census Bureau monthly inventories 1987–88.
Wholesale trade	9	-1.7	-1.1	8.9	1986 revised Census Bureau Annual Trade Survey (ATS) inventory book values; 1987 AT inventory book values; revised Census Bureau monthly inventories for 1988.
Retail trade	1	-4.5	-3.0	8.3	1987 ARTS inventory book values; revised Census Bureau monthly inventories for 1988
Other	-5.2	-2.3	-2.4	7.9	IRS tabulations of inventory book values from corporate tax returns for 1986; Census Bureau Quarterly Financial Report for mining for 1988.

Table 3.—NIPA Revisions: Selected Component Detail and Major Source Data—Continued

		Billion	of dol	ars	
NIPA component	Revi	ision in	level	Revised 1988	Major source data incorporated
	1986	1987	1988	level	
Gross national product—Continued					
Net exports	7.0	10.4	20.9	-73.7	
Exports	1	20.6	28.0	547.7	Revised BEA balance of payments accounts estimates for 1986–88.
Of which:	1	20.0	20.0	347.7	terised ber balance of payments accounts estimates for 1700-00.
Factor income	4	.5	4.8	116.7	BEA direct investment surveys for 1988.
Of which: Profits	1.2	0	3.1	58.5	
Services other than factor income	1	19.8	22.6	108.9	
Imports	1	10.1	6.9	621.3	Revised BEA balance of payments accounts estimates for 1986-88.
Of which:	l				
Factor income	.1	5	-3.6	83.4	BEA direct investment surveys for 1988.
Of which: Profits	0	5	-3.4	14.8	
Services other than factor income	1	11.2	11.2	88.9	
Government purchases	l	1.4	4.0	968.9	
Federal	l	4	3.3	381.3	
State and local	ŧ .	1.7	3.7	587.6	
Of which:	1 "	***	J.,	507.0	
Structures	.3	2.4	2.9	69.3	Electric light and power: BEA tabulation of Energy Information Administration data on
					capital expenditures and allowance for funds used during construction for 1986-87. Highways: Revised Department of Transportation (DOT) highway construction expenditure:
		ļ			for 1986; new DOT data for 1987. Other: Census Bureau value of new construction put in place for 1986–88.
					Other. Census Bureau value of new constitution put in place for 1900-06.
Charges against gross national product	-20.5	-5.8	11.6	4,890.2	
Compensation of employees	4.3	6.6	2.9	2,907.6	
Wages and salaries	.8	1.0	-7.9	2,429.0	
Of which:					<u></u>
Private wages and salaries	.8	1.8	-8.2	1,982.5	Revised BLS tabulations of unemployment-insurance-based wage and salary data for 1986–87; revised USDA estimates for 1986–87; new BLS tabulations and USDA estimates for
•					1988.
Supplements to wages and salaries	3.5	5.7	10.8	478.6	
Of which: Other labor income	3.2	4,9	10.6	228.9	
Of which:	1 "	7.7	10.0	220.7	
Group health and life insurance	1.7	4.4		142.8	Health Care Financing Administration estimates for 1986-88; U.S. Chamber of Commerce
•	ļ				data on employer contribution rates for group insurance for 1987.
Proprietors' income with IVA and CCAdj		-1.3	3.3	327.8	
Farm		-1.4	3.5	39.8	USDA estimates for 1986–88.
Nonfarm	-3.1	0	2	288.0	
Of which: Proprietors' income	-2.7	5.9	5.2	259.2	Revised BEA estimates of tax misreporting adjustments for 1986; IRS tabulations of sole
		1			proprietorship and partnership tax return data for 1987.
CCAdj	4	-5.8	-5.3	30.3	IRS tabulations of sole proprietorship and partnership tax return data for 1987; revised BEA estimates based on revised fixed investment estimates for 1986-88; revised BEA estimate
					of NIPA economic depreciation reflecting fixed investment and prices for 1986-88.
Rental income of persons with CCAdj	8	-5.0	-3.6	15.7	Revised USDA estimates for 1986-88; IRS tabulations of individual income tax return data
					on royalty income for 1987.
Corporate profits with IVA and CCAdj	-16.8	-11.7	.2	328.6	
Of which: Profits before tax	-14.8	-10.0	.2	306.8	
Of which:	14.0	-10.0	.2	300.8	
Manufacturing	-18.7	-19.4	-15.6	107.3	IRS tabulations of corporate tax return data for 1986; public financial reports data on profit
Services	3.6	4.8	5.4	. 22.2	for 1987–88. IRS tabulations of corporate tax return data for 1986; public financial reports data on profit
JOI 11000] 3.5	7.0	٠,٠٠		for 1987–88.
Rest-of-world	1.2	2.7	6.6	43.7	Revised balance of payments accounts estimates for 1986-88; BEA direct investment
	l				surveys for 1988.

Table 3.—NIPA Revisions: Selected Component Detail and Major Source Data—Continued

		Billions	of doll	ars	
NIPA component	Revi	sion in	level	Revised	Major source data incorporated
	1986	1987	1988	1988 level	
Charges against gross national product—Continued					
				202.0	
Net interest	-6.4	-1.9	1.4	392.9	
Net monetary interest		-5.9	.6	153.9	
Interest paid	1.4	.6		1,451.4	
Of which: Business	2.6	2.6	************	1,064.1	IRS tabulations of corporate tax return data on interest for 1986 and of sole proprietorship and partnership tax return data for 1987; Federal Reserve Board flow-of-funds accounts liability data, Investment Company Institute data, Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation data, Federal Home Loan Bank Board data, and Federal Reserve Board mortgage loan data for 1987-88.
Persons	0	7	-2.8	96.1	
Interest received	1.4	.6		1,451.4	
Of which:	1				
Business	6.8	7.0		906.8	IRS tabulations of corporate tax return data on interest for 1986 and of sole proprietorship and partnership tax return data for 1987; Federal Reserve Board flow-of-funds accounts liability data, Investment Company Institute data, Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation data, and Federal Home Loan Bank Board data for 1987-88.
Persons	-5.2	-7.8	-5.6	338.1	
Government	3	1.5	2.4	116.7	Census Bureau Government Finances tabulations for FY 1987 for 1986–87; FY 1988 Federal budget data for 1987–88.
Net imputed interest	7	4.2	.7	_ 246.0	Life insurance and investment companies: IRS tabulations of corporate tax return data on property income for 1986; American Council of Life Insurance data for 1987. Commercial banks: Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation data for 1986–88. Other: IRS tabulations of corporate tax return data on profits of mutual financial institutions for 1986; National Credit Union Administration data and Federal Home Loan Bank Board data for 1988; Federal Reserve Board flow-of-funds data on private pension plans for 1986–88.
National income	-24.5	-13.3	4.2	3,972.6	
Capital consumption allowances with CCAdj		6.7	7.3	513.6	Revised BEA estimates of NIPA economic depreciation reflecting revised fixed investment and prices for 1986-88.
Corporate	3.4	5.6	6.0	321.7	and prices for 1700–00.
Noncorporate	1	1.1	1.3	191.9	
Capital consumption allowances		5	1.9	526,4	
Corporate	1	4.8	7.2	368.5	IRS tabulations of corporate tax return data on depreciation for 1986.
Noncorporate		-5.3	-5.3	157.9	IRS tabulations of sole proprietorship and partnership tax return data on depreciation for
Less: CCAdj	-1.1	-7.2	-5.3	12.8	1987.
Corporate	4	8	1.2	46.8	
Noncorporate	7	-6.4	-6.5	-34.0	/
Nonfactor charges	2	.8	.2	404.0	
Of which: Indirect business tax and nontax liability	Ì	1.5	4.5	393.5	Federal: Treasury Department tax collections data for 1988. State and local: Census Bureau surveys of revenues for 1986–87; Census Bureau quarterly tax revenue data for 1988.
Current surplus of government enterprises less subsidies	2	.7	-2.6	-18.5	1
Statistical discrepancy	11.8	3.4	4.7	-9.6	
Addenda:	1				
Personal income	-4.9	-2.4	2.4	4,064.5	
Of which: Wages and salaries, other labor income, proprietors' income with IVA and CCAdj, and rental income of	-1.5	4	2.4	3,001.4	See entries under charges against GNP.
persons with CCAdj. Personal dividend income	3.0	3.4	5.9	102.2	
Personal interest income	-5,9	-3.8	-4.8	571.1	reports data on dividends for 1987–88. See entries under net interest.
Less: Personal tax and nontax payments		1.4	-3.7	586.6	
Equals: Disposable personal income	-6.3	-3.8	6.0	3,477.8	
	1 ·	1 3.3	1 3.5	2,.,,.	1
Less: Personal outlays	-9.5	-1.4	5.6	3,333.1	

CCAdj Capital consumption adjustment.
IVA Inventory valuation adjustment.
BLS Bureau of Labor Statistics.
IRS Internal Revenue Service.
USDA U.S. Department of Agriculture.

Text continues from p. 11.

up \$2.7 billion in 1988. The upward revision in 1988 was accounted for by the incorporation of revised Census Bureau data on multifamily construction put in place and of newly available information on expenditures for additions and alterations and for major replacements from BLS and Census Bureau surveys.

Change in business inventories.— The change in business inventories was revised down \$8.6 billion in 1986, \$9.9 billion in 1987, and \$17.8 billion in 1988. The downward revisions were accounted for by nonfarm inventories in 1986 and 1987 and by both nonfarm and farm inventories in In 1986, most of the downward revision was in "other" (that is, other than manufacturing and trade) inventories, reflecting the incorpora-tion of IRS tabulations of corporate tax return data for 1986. In 1987 and 1988, "other" inventories again was revised down; downward revisions in manufacturing and trade inventories, which were widespread, reflected newly available data from the Census Bureau annual surveys of inventory book values and revised Census Bureau monthly inventory data. The downward revision in farm inventories in 1988 reflected the incorporation of revised USDA estimates.

Net exports.—Net exports was revised up \$7.0 billion in 1986, \$10.4 billion in 1987, and \$20.9 billion in 1988; upward revisions in exports exceeded upward revisions in imports in all 3 years. The revisions in net exports, which were concentrated in services, largely reflected the revisions to the U.S. balance of payments accounts released in June 1989. For both exports and imports of services other than factor income, several methodological changes were introduced that substantially raised the estimates for all 3 years. (See the changes in methodology section of this article.) In 1988, profits from U.S. investment abroad (part of exports of services in the NIPA's) was revised up, and profits from foreign investment in the United States (part of imports of services in the NIPA's) was revised down; these revisions reflected the incorporation of information from BEA surveys of direct investment.

Government purchases.—Government purchases was revised up \$1.0 billion in 1986, \$1.4 billion in 1987, and \$4.0 billion in 1988; the upward revisions were mainly in State and local government purchases. Within State and local purchases, structures was revised up in 1987 and 1988, largely reflecting newly available data from the U.S. Department of Transportation on highway construction.

Compensation of employees.-Compensation of employees was revised up \$4.3 billion in 1986, \$6.6 billion in 1987, and \$2.9 billion in 1988. The upward revisions in all 3 years were concentrated in supplements to wages and salaries, primarily in other labor income. Within other labor income, most of the revisions reflected the incorporation of newly available estimates from the Health Care Financing Administration and of data from the U.S. Chamber of Commerce into the estimates of employer contributions for group health and life insurance. A downward revision in wages and salaries in 1988, which was mainly in the distributive industries, reflected the incorporation of BLS tabulations of unemployment-insurancebased wage and salary data.

Proprietors' income with inventory valuation adjustment (IVA) and capital consumption adjustment (CCAdj).— Proprietors' income was revised down \$4.7 billion in 1986 and \$1.3 billion in 1987 and up \$3.3 billion in 1988. The revisions in all 3 years partly reflected the incorporation of revised estimates from the USDA into farm proprietors' income. Nonfarm proprietors' income was revised down in 1986, reflecting revisions in the adjustment BEA makes to account for the misreporting of information on tax returns. In 1987 and 1988, nonfarm proprietors' income was revised little; upward revisions from the incorporation of newly available information from IRS tabulations of sole proprietorship and partnership tax return data for 1987 into the income estimates without the IVA and CCAdj were offset by lower BEA estimates of the CCAdj.

Rental income of persons with CCAdj.—Rental income of persons was revised down \$0.8 billion in 1986, \$5.0 billion in 1987, and \$3.6 billion in 1988. The downward revisions in 1987 and 1988 largely reflected newly available information on income from royalties

from IRS tabulations of individual income tax return data for 1987.

Corporate profits with IVA and CCAdj.—Corporate profits was revised down \$16.8 billion in 1986 and \$11.7 billion in 1987 and was revised little in 1988. The downward revisions in 1986 and 1987 largely reflected the incorporation of newly available IRS tabulations of corporate tax return data for 1986 into the estimates of profits before tax. Within profits before tax, manufacturing profits was revised down substantially in all 3 years, primarily reflecting revisions in petroleum profits: The previously published estimates, which were based on Census Bureau tabulations of quarterly financial reports, showed petroleum profits of \$4.8 billion in 1986 and \$12.9 billion in 1987; the revised estimates, based on the IRS corporate tax information, show losses of \$10.1 billion in 1986 and \$1.0 billion in 1987. The sizable downward revisions were largely traceable to differences in accounting methods used in reporting to the IRS and to the Census Bureau; BEA did not anticipate the effect of these differences for 1986. For services, profits before tax were revised up in all 3 years.

Profits from the rest of the world was revised up in all 3 years, particularly in 1988. The upward revisions reflected the incorporation of information from BEA surveys of direct investment, which raised the estimates of profits from U.S. investment abroad and lowered the estimates of profits from foreign investment in the United States.

Net interest.—Net interest was revised down \$6.4 billion in 1986 and \$1.9 billion in 1987 and up \$1.4 billion in 1988. The downward revisions in 1986 and 1987 reflected the incorporation of a variety of newly available information, particularly IRS tabulations of corporate tax return data for 1986 and sole proprietorship and partnership tax return data for 1987. (See table 7 for a brief description of the sources and methods used to prepare these estimates. For more detail, see the section on net interest in "Notes on Sources of the Revision" in the July 1986 Survey article on the revised NIPA estimates.)

The 1986 and 1987 revisions were traceable to net monetary interest; interest paid by business was revised up considerably less than interest received by business, reflecting lower es-

timates of interest paid and higher estimates of interest received by financial institutions. Largely reflecting the revised estimates of interest paid and received by business, interest received by persons was revised down considerably in all 3 years; interest paid by persons was revised down in 1988. Interest received by government was revised up in 1988.

An upward revision in net imputed interest in 1987 largely reflected a higher estimate of imputed interest paid by banks, credit agencies, and investment companies.

National income.—National income was revised down \$24.5 billion in 1986 and \$13.3 billion in 1987 and up \$4.2 billion in 1988. These revisions reflected the aforementioned revisions in compensation of employees, proprietors' income, rental income of persons, corporate profits, and net interest—particularly the downward revisions in corporate profits in 1986 and 1987.

Capital consumption allowances with CCAdj.—Capital consumption allowances with CCAdj (that is, economic depreciation) was revised up \$4.2 billion in 1986, \$6.7 billion in 1987, and \$7.3 billion in 1988. For all 3 years, the revisions reflected revised BEA estimates of fixed investment and prices.

Capital consumption allowances (that is, tax-return-based depreciation) was revised up less than the economic depreciation measure in 1986 and 1988 and was revised down slightly in 1987. For corporations, tax-return-based depreciation was revised up in all 3 years, reflecting newly available IRS tabulations of corporate income tax return data for 1986. For sole proprietorships and partnerships, tax-return-based depreciation was revised down in 1987 and 1988, reflecting IRS tabulations of tax return data for 1987.

The CCAdj (the difference between the tax-return-based and the economic measures of depreciation) was revised down in all 3 years—modestly in 1986 and considerably in 1987 and 1988. The 1987 and 1988 revisions were concentrated in the noncorporate CCAdj.

Nonfactor charges.—Nonfactor charges—indirect business tax and nontax liability, business transfer payments, and current surplus of government enterprises less subsidies—were revised little in 1986, were revised down \$0.8 billion in 1987, and were revised little in 1988. Among these charges, revisions were small, except

in 1988 (when they were larger but offsetting). In that year, indirect business taxes was revised up, largely reflecting newly available information from the Census Bureau on State and local government finances. The current surplus of government enterprises less subsidies was revised down in 1988; the revision largely reflected the incorporation of Federal budget data for fiscal year 1988, which showed larger deficits (or smaller surpluses) for the Postal Service, Federal Housing Administration, Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, and Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation than had previously been indicated.

Personal income.—The pattern of the revisions in personal incomedown \$4.9 billion in 1986 and \$2.4 billion in 1987 and up \$2.4 billion in 1988-partly reflected the previously described revisions in wages and salaries, other labor income, proprietors' income, and rental income of persons. It also reflected revisions in personal interest income and in personal dividend income. Downward revisions in personal interest income in 1986 and 1987 stemmed mostly from the revisions to the estimates of net interest; a downward revision in 1988 stemmed from the replacement of the direct estimating procedure used for the current quarterly estimates with the indirect estimating procedure used for the annual estimates. (For details about preparing these estimates, see the section on personal interest income in "Notes on Sources of the Revision" in the July 1986 SURVEY article on the revised NIPA estimates.) Upward revisions in personal dividend income in all 3 years reflected the incorporation of IRS tabulations of corporate tax return data for 1986.

Personal tax and nontax payments was revised up \$1.5 billion in 1986 and \$1.4 billion in 1987 and down \$3.7 billion in 1988. The downward revision in 1988 reflected the incorporation of Census Bureau quarterly tax revenue data, which lowered estimates of State and local taxes paid. In each of the 3 years, the direction of the revisions in personal taxes differed from that in personal income; as a result, the revisions in disposable personal income (DPI) were in the same direction as, but somewhat larger than, those in personal income.

Reflecting the revisions in PCE, personal outlays was revised down in

1986 and 1987 and up in 1988. Because the revisions in DPI and personal outlays were largely offsetting, revisions in personal saving were relatively small—up \$3.2 billion in 1986, down \$2.4 billion in 1987, and up \$0.4 billion in 1988.

Annual revisions in prices

Revisions in fixed-weighted price indexes stem from the incorporation of newly available source data and of methodological changes. Source data that affect prices consist not only of price indexes but also of current-dollar estimates or quantity data used for components for which the constant-dollar estimates are prepared by quantity extrapolation or direct valuation. (See the updated summary methodologies section in this article.)

In general, revisions in prices tend to be small, mainly because much of the source data used to derive GNP price indexes are not subject to large or frequent revisions. Specifically, the BLS Consumer Price Index does not undergo routine revision after its initial release, and the BLS Producer Price Index is typically revised only slightly; these indexes are the basic sources for price estimates of components that account for over three-fourths of GNP.

Newly available price information incorporated this July for 1986-88 included a revised BEA computer price index, revised BLS export and import price indexes, revised price indexes for foreign travel, and revised price data for national defense goods and services. Newly available currentdollar estimates affected the price estimates for services furnished without payment by banks, credit agencies, and investment companies and for brokerage charges and investment counseling. Newly available quantity data affected the price estimates for petroleum and natural gas drilling. In addition, four minor methodological changes were made in the deflation procedures. (See the changes in methodology section in this article.)

The level of the GNP price index (fixed weights) was revised down 0.1 index point in 1986 and was unrevised in 1987 and 1988. Reflecting the revisions in level, the annual percent increase in the index was revised down 0.1 percentage point to 2.7 percent in 1986 and was unrevised at 3.6 percent and 4.2 percent in 1987 and 1988, respectively. Revisions in the annual

percent changes for the components of GNP were small, except for nonresidential structures in 1987 and 1988, imports in 1988, and national defense purchases in 1988 (table 4).

The increase in prices of nonresidential structures was revised down 3.0 percentage points to 0.2 percent in 1987 and up 2.1 percentage points to 5.2 percent in 1988. Most of the revisions were traceable to the deflator for petroleum and natural gas well drilling, which was revised based on newly available information on footage drilled from the Joint Association Survey of the Oil and Gas Producing Industry. In addition, the increase in

prices for public utilities was revised down in 1987 and up in 1988, largely reflecting the replacement of previously used source data with Handy-Whitman cost indexes. (See the changes in methodology section of this article.)

The increase in prices of imports was revised up 0.6 percentage point to 5.0 percent in 1988; the revision was concentrated in imports of services, mainly in expenditures by U.S. residents for foreign travel. Current quarterly estimates of the prices of these travel-related expenditures had been made by BEA using a trade-weighted average of a small number of for-

eign countries' consumer price indexes (with exchange rate adjustment); the revised estimates were based on travel-weighted data using a larger number of countries. The upward revision in 1988 was partly due to the inclusion of Mexico, which accounted for over 10 percent of these expenditures, in the revised estimates.

The increase in the prices of national defense purchases was revised up 0.5 percentage point to 3.6 percent in 1988. The upward revision—which was concentrated in missiles, petroleum products, and travel—reflected the incorporation of newly available information from the Department of Defense.

Table 4.—Revisions in Percent Change in GNP, Real GNP, and Price Indexes (Fixed Weights)

[Percent change from preceding year]

			1986			1987			1988	
	1985	Previously published	Revised	Revision	Previously published	Revised	Revision	Previously published	Revised	Revision
					Ситтеп	dollars				
Gross national product	6.4	5.6	5.4	-0.2	6.8	6.9	0.1	7.5	7.9	0.4
Personal consumption expenditures	8.2	6.8	6.4	4	7.3	7.6	.3	7.2	7.4	.2
Gross private domestic fixed investment Nonresidential Structures Producers' durable equipment. Residential. Change in business inventories.	5.8 6.5 8.6 5.4 4.3	2.9 -2.0 -9.6 2.0 14.7	3.3 -1.7 -9.3 2.2 15.1	.4 .3 .3 .2 .4	3.6 3.0 .7 4.0 4.8	2.8 2.1 -3.7 4.8 4.2	8 9 -4.4 .8 6	6.6 9.3 2.4 12.5 1.2	7.3 9.7 4.9 11.7 2.7	.7 ,4 2.5 8 1.5
Net exports of goods and services										
Exports Imports	-3.3 1.5	2.0 7.6	6.9 10.0	4,9 2,4	13.1 14.1	13.1 13.6	0 5	21.4 11.5	22,1 10,7	.7 8
Government purchases of goods and services	11.5	6.1	6.3	.2	6.1	6.2	.1	4.3	4.6	
Federal National defense Nondefense	14,4 10.6 26.0	3.1 7.1 -7.6	3.2 7.2 -7.6	.1 .1 0	4.3 6.4 -2.3	4.1 6.1 -2.1	2 3 .2 .2	3 1.0 -4.7 7.6	1 1.1 -4.0	.3 .2 .1 .7
State and local	9.5	8.5	8.6	.1	7.5	7.7 982) dollars	.2	7.6	7.9	3
					,			T		
Gross national product	3,4	2.8	2.7	1	3.4	3.7	.3	3.9	4.4	.5
Personal consumption expenditures	4.7	4,3 0	3.9	4	2.7	2.8	.1	2.8	3.4	.6
Gross private domestic fixed investment. Nonresidential. Structures. Producers' durable equipment	5.3 6.7 4.0 8.0 2.0	-4.5 -13.5 1 11.8	1.0 -3.3 -13.0 1.4 12.2	1.0 1.2 .5 1.5	2.0 2.8 -2.9 5.2 .1	5.4 3.9 -6.0 8.1 5	3.4 1.1 -3.1 2.9 6	6.1 9.5 3 13.4 -1.7	5.8 8.4 1 11.5 4	3 -1.1 .2 -1.9 1.3
Change in business inventories					ļ					ļ
Net exports of goods and services	-1.2 3.4	3.1 9.4	8.1 11.8	5.0 2.4	13.1 7.9	13.5 7.5	.4 4	18.0 8.7	17.6 6.8	-,4 -1.9
Government purchases of goods and services	7.9 12.1 8.6 22.8 4.7	4.0 2.3 6.0 -7.7 5.4	4.2 2.5 6.3 -7.7 5.5	.2 .2 .3 0	2.6 1.7 5.4 -9.6 3.3	2.7 1.6 5.2 -9.3 3.4	.1 1 2 .3	.3 -3.0 -1.2 -9.7 2.8	.4 -3.2 -1.4 -9.4 3.2	.1 2 2 .3 .4
		<u> </u>	' <u></u>		Price indexes	(fixed weights)			1
Gross national product	3.4	2.8	2.7	1	3.6	3.6	0	4.2	4.2	0
Personal consumption expenditures	3.5	2.7	2.7	0	4.5	4.7	.2	4.3	4.3	0
Gross private domestic fixed investment	1.8 1.7 2.7	2.4 2.4 1.1	2.3 2.3 .9	1 1 2	2.9 2.3 3.2	2.0 1.2 .2	9 -1.1 -3.0	2.6 2.4 3.1	3.3 3.4 5.2 2.2	.7 1.0 2.1
Producers' durable equipment Residential	1.1 2.2	3.2 2.4	3.2 2.4	0	1.8 4.5	1.8 4.5	0	2.0	2.2 3.1	0.2
Change in business inventories										ļ
Net exports of goods and services	6 -1.8			1 .1	2.0 7.6	1.9 7.7	1 .1	5.2 4.4	5,3 5.0	.1 .6
Government purchases of goods and services	3.6 2.2 2.7	2.1 .4 .8	2.1 .2 .5	0 2 3	3.5 2.4 2.4 2.5	3.6 2.5 2.5 2.4	.1 .1 .1	4.4 3.8 3.1	4.6 4.1	.2 .3 .5
Nondefense	1.0 4.7	6 3.3	6 3.4	0 .1	2.5 4.2	2.4 4.3	1 .1	5.4 4.9	3.6 5.4 4.9	0

Annual revisions in constant dollars

In general, revisions in constant-dollar—or real—GNP and its components reflect (1) current-dollar revisions, (2) price revisions, and (3) "other" revisions, which result from redistributions of current-dollar levels within components or from deflation at a finer level of detail. The following tabulation provides a breakdown of the percent revisions in the level of real GNP and of the revisions in the annual percent change of real GNP.

		ent revi in level		Revision in annual percent change			
,	1986	1987	1988	1986	1987	1988	
Current-dollar revisions Less: Price revisions	-0.2 1 0	-0.1 0 .3	0.3 0 .4	-0.2 1 0	0.1 0 .2	0.4 0 .1	
revisions	1	.2	.7	1	.3	.5	

The level of real GNP was revised down 0.1 percent in 1986 and up 0.2 percent in 1987 and 0.7 percent in 1988. The size of the revisions was similar to those in the last two July NIPA revisions, and, as is typical, the largest revision was for the most recent year (1988). Current-dollar revisions mainly accounted for the revision in 1986, and "other" revisions mainly accounted for the revision in 1987; in 1988, both contributed to the revision.

Reflecting the revisions in level, the annual percent increase in real GNP was revised down 0.1 percentage point to 2.7 percent in 1986, up 0.3 percentage point to 3.7 percent in 1987, and up 0.5 percentage point to 4.4 percent in 1988. The downward revision in 1986 was more than accounted for by nonfarm inventory investment; the upward revision in 1987 was attributable to PDE and exports, and the upward revision in 1988 was attributable to PCE and imports.

Revisions in GNP components.—The increase in PCE was revised down in 1986, was revised little in 1987, and was revised up in 1988. In 1986, the downward revision from 4.3 percent to 3.9 percent was mostly accounted for by services; about one-half of the revision in services was due to the counterentries in the net foreign travel component. In 1988, the upward revision from 2.8 percent to 3.4 percent was mostly accounted for by goods, which reflected the revisions in current dollars. Although services were revised down in current dollars in 1988, they were revised up in constant dollars;

the difference was largely in brokerage services and in financial services furnished without payment.

The change in nonresidential fixed investment was revised up 1.2 percentage points to a 3.3-percent decrease in 1986, up 1.1 percentage points to a 3.9-percent increase in 1987, and down 1.1 percentage points to an 8.4percent increase in 1988. The revisions in all 3 years were largely traceable to PDE, in which the constant-dollar revisions in office, computing, and accounting machinery differed considerably from the current-dollar revisions. In current dollars, the change in office, computing, and accounting machinery was essentially unrevised in 1986 and was revised up moderately in 1987 and 1988; in constant dollars, the change was revised up moderately in 1986 and substantially in 1987 and was revised down in 1988. The pattern of revisions was largely attributable to computer prices; the BEA deflator for purchases of computers declined more on a revised basis in 1986 and 1987 and less in 1988 than had previously been indicated. (See "BEA's Measurement of Computer Output" in this issue for information on the procedures used to estimate these prices.) A downward revision in the decrease in structures in 1987 was concentrated in public utilities.

The change in residential investment was revised up in 1986, down in 1987, and up in 1988. In 1988, the upward revision from a 1.7-percent decrease to a 0.4-percent decrease reflected the current-dollar revisions in multifamily construction and in additions and alterations.

The change in inventory investment was revised down \$9.8 billion in 1986, was revised little in 1987, and was revised down \$3.9 billion in 1988. The downward revisions, which largely reflected the current-dollar revisions, were accounted for by nonfarm inventories in 1986 and farm inventories in 1988.

The increase in exports was revised up in 1986 and was revised little in 1987 and 1988. In 1986, the upward revision from 3.1 percent to 8.1 percent was traceable to the current-dollar revisions in "other" services that resulted in a discontinuity of these estimates, as discussed in the box on page 21. If the 1985 estimate had been revised, the increase in 1986 would have been revised to about $4^{1/2}$ percent.

The increase in imports was revised up in 1986, was revised little in 1987, and was revised down in 1988. As for exports, the upward revision from 9.4 percent to 11.8 percent in 1986 was more than accounted for by the current-dollar revisions in "other" services that resulted in a discontinuity of these estimates. If the 1985 estimate had been revised, the 1986 increase would have been unrevised at about 91/2 percent. In 1988, the downward revision from 8.7 percent to 6.8 percent was largely attributable to a combination of the current-dollar, price, and "other" revisions. Imports of merchandise, particularly computing equipment, and of services were revised down.

The increase in government purchases was revised little in all 3 years.

Quarterly revisions

July revisions in quarterly NIPA estimates come about in three major ways: (1) Adjustment of the estimates to reflect the annual revisions, (2) incorporation of new and revised source data (including the updating of seasonal factors) that are used to indicate quarterly patterns, and (3) changes in the methodology used to prepare the quarterly estimates. The quarterly revisions this July largely reflected the revisions in the annual estimates that were previously described. In general, the quarter-to-quarter patterns of changes in GNP, real GNP, and GNP prices were not markedly different on the revised basis (table 5).

For real GNP, the revisions in the 13 quarterly percent changes (annual rates) averaged 0.6 percentage point (without regard to sign), about in line with the two preceding July NIPA revisions. In only one quarter—the second quarter of 1986—was the change revised by as much as 1.0 percentage point; in that quarter, the downward revision from a 0.8-percent decrease to a 1.8-percent decrease was concentrated in farm and nonfarm inventory investment.

Reflecting the discontinuity that resulted from the revisions in services transactions, revisions in the percent changes for real exports and imports in the first quarter of 1986 were quite large—from 8.0 percent to 30.8 percent for exports and from -1.9 percent to 8.6 percent for imports. If the fourth quarter of 1985 estimates had been revised, the increases in the first quarter of 1986 would have been about $12^{1/2}$

Table 5 .-- GNP, Real GNP, and the GNP Price Index (Fixed Weights): Revisions in Percent Change From **Preceding Quarter**

[Percent change at annual rates; based on seasonally adjusted annual rates]

	GNP				Real GNP		GNP price index (fixed weights)			
	Previously published	Revised	Revision	Previously published	Revised	Revision	Previously published	Revised	Revision	
1985: IV	6.2	***************************************		3.0		***************************************	3.3			
1986: I	5.9	7.3 1.3 5.7 4.2	.1 -1.3 2 .8	6.4 8 1.0 1.4	6.6 -1.8 .8 2.3	.2 -1.0 2 .9	2.2 2.4 3.0 2.8	2.2 2.1 2.9 3.1	0 3 1	
1987: I	8.7 7.7	8.8 8.2 8.4 9.0	.4 5 .7	4.6 5.0 4.5 6.1	5.4 4.4 5.3 6.6	.8 6 .8 .5	4.2 4.2 3.7 3.8	4.3 4.1 3.8 3.8	.1 1 .1 0	
1988: I	8.7 7.3	6.5 8.6 7.5 7.5	1.1 1 .2 1	3.4 3.0 2.5 2.4	4.0 3.7 3.2 2.7	.6 .7 .7 .3	3.5 5.0 5.3 4.2	3.8 4.8 5.2 4.3	.3 2 1 .1	
1989; I	8.2	7.9	3	4.4	3.7	7	4.6	4.8	.2	

percent for exports and about 1/2 percent for imports.

For GNP prices, the revisions in the 13 quarterly percent changes (annual rates) averaged 0.1 percentage point (without regard to sign), a little less than in the two preceding July revisions. None of the quarterly changes was revised by as much as 0.4 percentage point.

Methodology

The revised NIPA estimates incorporated several methodological changes that stemmed from the June 1989 revisions in the U.S. balance of payments accounts. In addition, they incorporated several minor changes, mainly in deflation procedures. This section of the article describes these changes and updates previously published tables showing summary methodologies for current-dollar and constant-dollar estimates of GNP.

Changes in methodology

Except for a few definitional and statistical differences, BEA's balance of payments accounts provide the basis for the foreign transactions entries in the NIPA's. (For information about the relation of the NIPA's to the balance of payments accounts, see BEA Methodology Paper No. 3, Foreign Transactions, which is described on the inside back cover.) Thus, the incorporation of new source data and estimating methods in BEA's balance of payments estimates leads to revisions in the NIPA current-dollar estimates and, in turn, in the constant-dollar estimates.

The June 1989 balance of payments revision featured, as part of a major effort to improve the estimates of international transactions in services, the introduction of new estimates for three groups of services. (1) Estimates for a number of business, professional, and technical services were provided for the first time, and estimates of telecommunications services and insurance services were improved. The newly covered services include key areas such as computer and data processing services; installation, maintenance, and repair of equipment; and management and consulting services. new estimates reflected incorporation of data from BEA's benchmark and annual follow-on surveys of selected service transactions with unaffiliated foreigners. (2) Estimates of travel and passenger fare receipts and of travel and passenger fare payments were improved, reflecting the incorporation of information from a new in-flight survey administered by the U.S. Travel and Tourism Administration. (3) Estimates of foreign students' expenditures in the United States and U.S. students' expenditures abroad were introduced. BEA developed indirect estimating methods based on characteristics of the student populations to estimate expenditures for tuition and for room and board. (For information about these changes and several smaller ones that affected merchandise and factor incomes, see the technical notes in "U.S. International Transactions, First Quarter 1989" in the June 1989 Survey.) For each of the three groups of services, the resulting upward revisions were larger for exports than for imports. These improvements in the estimates of services raised the current-dollar NIPA estimates of net exports by \$6.7 billion in 1986, \$8.2 billion in 1987, and \$10.0 billion in 1988 (table 6).

Further, some of the new estimates—the consumer share of travel and passenger fares and all of students' expenditures—also affected the NIPA estimates through counterentries in PCE services. For exports of these services, the counterentry is needed to adjust the source data to the NIPA definition of PCE in terms of expenditures by U.S. residents. The source data—for example, Census Bureau retail sales also include expenditures in the United States by foreigners; that is, the source data cover expenditures made in the United States irrespective of whether the expenditure is made by a U.S. or a foreign resident. Thus, the PCE presentation includes an item "Less: Expenditures in the United States by foreigners" (see NIPA table 2.4, line 106). For imports of these services, the counterentry implements the definition of PCE. PCE includes "Foreign travel by U.S. residents" (see NIPA

Table 6.—Revisions in Exports and Imports [Billions of dollars]

	1986	1987	1988
Net exports	7.0	10.4	20.9
Methodological revisions	6.8	8.4	10.1
Other revisions	.1	2.1	10.8
Exports	18.1	20.6	28.0
Methodological revisions	16.9	18.2	20.8
Improved services 1	16.8	18.0	20.6
Business, professional, and technical			
services	4.0	4.0	4.1
Travel and passenger fares		10.2 3.8	12.4 4.1
Students' expenditures Other 2		3.8	4.1
Other revisions	1.0	2.5	7.2
Other revisions	1.0] 2.3	1.2
Imports	11.0	10.1	6.9
Methodological revisions	10.1	9.8	10.6
Improved services 3	10.1	9.8	10.6
Business, professional, and technical			
services	1.6	1.9	2.3
Travel and passenger fares		7.4	7.8
Students' expenditures		.5	.6
Other revisions		0 .4	0 -3.7
Other revisions	.9	.4	-3.7
Counterentries in personal consumption			
expenditures	-4.3 7.3	~5.8	-8.1
Foreign travel by U.S. residents (imports)	7.3	6.7	7.1
Less: Expenditures in the United States by			Ì
foreigners (exports)	11.5	12.5	15.2
Addenda-Constant dollars:			
Net exports	7.8	13.2	25.3
Exports	18.7	23.1	25.3
Imports	11.0	9.9	0
Counterentries in personal consumption expenditures	-3.7	-5.5	-9.1
ехрепанитея	-3./	-5.5	-9.1

^{1.} Reclassification of noninterest income of banks from factor income to other services led to offsetting revisions; they were \$1.6 billion in 1986, \$1.5 billion in 1987, and \$2.0 billion in 1988.

2. The revision reflects the inclusion in merchandise of fish caught by U.S. residents within territorial waters and sold to foreigners on the high seas. Reclassification of repairs and alterations of equipment from merchandise to services led to offsetting revisions; they were \$0.7 billion in 1986, \$0.7 billion in 1987, and \$0.9 billion in 1988.

3. The total includes students' wages, which were \$0.1 billion in 1986, \$0.1 billion in 1987, and \$0.2 billion in 1988.

4. Reclassification of repairs and alterations of equipment from merchandise to services led to offsetting revisions; they were \$0.3 billion in 1986, \$0.4 billion in 1987, and \$0.5 billion in 1988.

table 2.4, line 104) because PCE is defined in terms of expenditures by U.S. residents irrespective of whether the expenditure is made in the United States or abroad. (However, because goods and services purchased abroad should not be in GNP, the deduction of imports provides the appropriate measure in deriving GNP.) In current dollars, these counterentries in PCE services amounted to \$-\$4.3\$ billion in 1986, \$-\$5.8\$ billion in 1987, and \$-\$8.1\$ billion in 1988.

Because the NIPA revision this July—as usual—only covered 3 years, estimates for 1985 and earlier years were not revised. The revisions stemming from the methodological changes in the balance of payments will be carried back to earlier years for incorporation in the comprehensive NIPA revision to be completed in late 1990. Until then, a discontinuity will exist in the estimates of exports, imports, PCE, and the aggregates in which they are included. (See the box on page 21.)

In addition, changes were made in deflation procedures used for two categories of exports and for two categories of nonresidential structures. The changes for exports were made possible by the availability of detail in BEA's recently revised end-use commodity classification system for exports and imports. One change was made for a category of durable consumer goods exports consisting of coins, gems, jewelry, and collectibles. Previously the whole category was deflated with the BLS export price index for unmanufactured consumer goods. The new procedure uses that index to deflate exports of collectibles (including artwork, antiques, and stamps), the producer price indexes for jewelry and watches to deflate exports of jewelry (watches, rings, etc.), and the Engelhard index for gold bullion to deflate exports of numismatic coins. The second change was for reexports—that is, exports of foreign merchandise. Previously the whole category was deflated with the implicit price deflator for merchandise except computers and aircraft. new procedure uses BLS export price indexes and the BEA computer price index weighted to reflect the composition of reexported merchandise.

In nonresidential structures, both changes in deflation procedures were for categories of public utilities. For telephone and telegraph, the *Engineering News Record* construction cost index was replaced by a Handy-Whitman

cost index for electric utilities. For gas and petroleum pipeline, an Environmental Protection Agency index for sewers was replaced by a Handy-Whitman cost index for gas utilities.

Finally, beginning in 1986, the distribution between durable and non-durable goods in the "other" category of merchandise exports in NIPA tables 4.3 and 4.4 is based on detail newly available from the end-use commodity classification system. Previously the distribution, which is used in constructing GNP by major type of product (NIPA tables 1.3 and 1.4), was based on an assumption of equal amounts for durables and nondurables.

Updated summary methodologies

Table 7 identifies the principal source data and estimating methods used to prepare the current-dollar estimates of the income- and product-side components of GNP, and table 8 identifies the principal source data and estimating methods used to prepare constant-dollar estimates of the product-side components.

Current-dollar estimates of GNP.— The components in table 7 are as shown in the national income and product account (see appendix B, "Summary National Income and Product Accounts, 1988," account 1), starting on the income side and proceeding to the product side. The subcomponents in table 7, with their 1988 dollar values, are grouped according to the methodology used to prepare them.

The column in table 7 for annual estimates covers the several annual estimates in the estimating cycle; the major differences in methodology as the estimates move through the three annual revisions to a comprehensive revision are few enough to condense into the table. For example, for most goods in PCE (the first item on the product side), the table indicates one methodology for benchmark years and another for all other years.

The column for the quarterly estimates is a condensation in several respects. First, it refers to the advance estimate for the current quarter—that is, the estimate prepared in the first month following the end of the quarter. That one estimate, rather than all three of the current quarterly estimates, is described because more attention focuses on the "first look" at the quarter. Second, even for the advance estimate, the column does not detail

how many months of source data are available nor whether the data are subject to revision by the source agency. Thus, the benefit of condensation is at the cost of not detailing the tradeoff between the timeliness of the advance estimate and the improved quantity and quality of source data available in the 2 following months and incorporated in the final current estimates.³

Table 7 lists source data referring to a variety of different economic measures—wages and salaries, premiums, expenses, interest rates, mortgage debt, tax collections, unit sales, housing stock, employment, and average price, to name a few. For most components, the source data are "value data"; that is, they embody both the quantity and price dimensions that are required for current-dollar estimates. In these cases, the methodology indicated in table 7 is the adjustment of the value data to derive estimates consistent with NIPA definitions and coverage.

When value data are not used in preparing an estimate, the table indicates the combination of data with separate quantity and price dimensions that is used to derive the required value estimate (as well as indicating any major adjustments needed to derive estimates consistent with NIPA definitions and coverage). On the product side, a "physical quantity times price" method is used for several components. For example, the estimate for new autos is prepared as unit sales times average list price. An "employment times earnings times hours" method and variations of a "stock of assets/liabilities times an interest rate" method also are used for several components.

^{3.} The methodology for PCE illustrates the sequential introduction of source data in the current estimates. For the advance estimate, the following key data are available: 3 months of retail sales (of which 2 months are subject to revision by the source agency); 3 months of unit sales of new motor vehicles, 1 month of information with which to allocate the unit sales among consumers and other purchasers, and 2 or 3 months of average list prices (which are subject to modification as more detailed information on models of cars sold, and thus actual retail prices, becomes available); and 1 to 3 months of data for services amounting to three-fifths of total services. The estimates for most of the remainder of PCE are extrapolations based either on related indicator series or on judgmental trends. For the preliminary estimate, revised retail sales for 2 months become available. For the final estimate, information on sales of used cars and more data on several serviceselectricity, natural gas, hotels and motels, airline trans-portation, foreign travel, and insurance other than life insurance—become available

Some of the source data shown in table 7 for the annual estimate are used to interpolate and extrapolate the levels established by source data that are viewed as final, and all of the source data shown for the advance quarterly

Discontinuities in NIPA Exports and Imports

Because the NIPA revision this July—as usual—only covered 3 years, the balance of payments revisions that reflected methodological improvements in services were brought into the NIPA's at the best level for 1986. Thus, there is a discontinuity in the estimates of exports, imports, PCE (as explained in the changes in methodology section), and the aggregates in which they are included. Tables A and B provide a quantification of the discontinuity based on rough adjustments of the estimates for the year 1985 and for the fourth quarter of 1985, respectively. Table A shows that the changes from 1985 to 1986 are 2 to 4 percentage points smaller for exports and imports on the adjusted basis and that the changes for larger aggregates are affected by no more than 0.1 percentage point. For example, the change in current-dollar GNP on the adjusted basis is 0.1 percentage point smaller, and the change in constant-dollar GNP is not affected.

The revisions stemming from the methodological changes in the balance of payments will be carried back to earlier years for incorporation in the comprehensive NIPA revision to be completed in late 1990.

Table A.—1985 Estimates Adjusted to Reflect Methodological Changes in Exports and Imports of Services

Billions	οf	dollarsi

		1985			Publi change,		Adju	
		A 35		1986	19	86	change, 1985 to 1986	
	Published	Adjust- ment	Adjusted		Dollars	Per- cent	Dollars	Per- cent
Current dollars								
Gross national product	4,014.9	2.4	4,017.3	4,231.6	216.7	5.4	214.3	5.3
Less: Exports	370.9 448.9	14.5 9.1	385.4 458.0	396.5 493.8	25.6 44.9	6.9 10.0	11.1 35.8	2.9 7.8
Equals: Gross domestic purchases	4,092.8	-3.0	4,089.9	4,329.0	236.2	5.8	239.1	5.8
Of which: Personal consumption expenditures	2,629.0	-3.0	2,626.0	2,797.4	168.4	6.4	171.4	6.5
Constant (1982) dollars								
Gross national product	3,618.7	1,8	3,620.5	3,717.9	99.2	2.7	97.4	2.7
Less: Exports	367.2 471.4	12.9 9.3	380.1 480.7	397.1 526.9	29.9 55.5	8.1 11.8	17.0 46.2	4.5 9.6
Equals: Gross domestic purchases	3,723.0	-1.8	3,721.2	3,847.6	124.6	3.3	126.4	3.4
Of which: Personal consumption expenditures	2,354.8	-1.8	2,353.0	2,446.4	91.6	3.9	93.4	4.0

Table B.—1985:IV Estimates Adjusted to Reflect Methodological Changes in Exports and Imports of Services

[Billions of dollars; seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

	1985:IV			Published change, 1985:				
	Published	Adjust-	Adjusted	1986:I	to 19	1:08	to 1986:I	
	rubiisiica	ment	Adjusted		Dollars	Per- cent	Dollars	Per- cent
Current dollars								
Gross national product	4,107.9	2.6	4,110.5	4,181.3	73.4	7.3	70.8	7.1
Less: Exports	369.2 472.4	15.8 9.7	385.0 482.1	395.5 482.7	26.3 10.3	31.7 9.0	10.5 .6	11.4 .5
Equals: Gross domestic purchases	4,211.2	-3.5	4,207.7	4,268.4	57.2	5.5	60.7	5.9
Of which: Personal consumption expenditures	2,700.4	-3.5	2,696.9	2,734.3	33.9	5.1	37.4	5.7
Constant (1982) dollars								
Gross national product	3,662.4	2.3	3,664.7	3,721.1	58.7	6.6	56.4	6.3
Less: Exports	367.4 492.6	14.1 9.8	381.5 502.4	392.9 502.9	25.5 10.3	30.8 8.6	11.4 .5	12.5 .4
Equals: Gross domestic purchases	3,787.6	-2.0	3,785.6	3,831.0	43.4	4.7	45.4	4.9
Of which: Personal consumption expenditures	2,386.9	-2.0	2,384.9	2,410.9	24.0	4.1	26.0	4.4

estimate are used to extrapolate the level of the preceding quarter.⁴ In addition to using indicator series, as is the case when source data are listed in the table, extrapolation and interpolation may be based on trends, as is the case when "judgmental trend" is listed in the table.

Constant-dollar estimates of GNP.— Table 8 shows which of three methods is used to prepare constant-dollar estimates and indicates the source data with which it is implemented.⁵ The method used for by far the largest part of GNP is deflation. In fact, deflation is so widely used that the term is often used to describe the preparation of all constant-dollar estimates. In deflation, constant-dollar estimates are obtained by dividing the most detailed current-dollar components by appropriate price indexes with the base period—at present, the year 1982 equal to 100.

The other two methods, quantity extrapolation and direct base-year valuation, are similar in that they both use quantity data. For quantity extrapolation, constant-dollar estimates are obtained by extrapolating the current-dollar estimates from the base year by quantity data. For direct valuation, constant-dollar estimates are obtained by multiplying base-year prices by quantity data for each period.

The subcomponents are as shown in table 7, except where more detail is needed to highlight differences in methodology for constant-dollar estimates. For this table, the distinction between annual and quarterly methodology is far less important than it was for the current-dollar methodology, and major differences between the annual and quarterly source data are noted within the individual entries.

^{4.} Extrapolation is a method of extending estimates from one period forward (or backward) in time to other periods. In simple terms, extrapolation applies a percent change—either the percent change in the indicator series or the percent change in the trend—to the level of the preceding period. Interpolation is a method of filling in estimates between two periods. Interpolation applies a more complex mathematical formula—there are several in use—to preserve the pattern of the indicator series consistent with the level of the source data viewed as final.

^{5.} With few exceptions, BEA does not prepare constant-dollar estimates of income measures because price indexes cannot be associated with them, as they can be with product measures. Three exceptions are disposable personal income and, as presented in BEA's Business Conditions Digest, personal income and profits. In these cases, the estimates are adjusted for price change by reference to the prices of the goods and services on which the income is spent. BEA prepares constant-dollar net national product and national income by preparing constant-dollar estimates of capital consumption allowances with capital consumption allowances with capital consumption allowances romanded in the nonfactor charges and then subtracting these estimates from constant-dollar GNP.

Table 7.—Principal Source Data and Estimating Methods Used in Preparing Current-Dollar Estimates of GNP

World (\$2.284.0) (such as Dept. of Agriculture for farms and Railroad (\$2.284.0) (such as Dept. of Agriculture for farms and Railroad (\$2.284.0) (such as Dept. of Agriculture for farms and Railroad (\$2.284.0) (such as Dept. of Agriculture for farms and Railroad (\$2.284.0) (such as Dept. of Agriculture for farms and Railroad (\$2.285.0) (such as Dept. of Agriculture for farms and Railroad (\$2.285.0) (such as Dept. of Agriculture for farms and Railroad (\$2.285.0) (such as Dept. of Agriculture for farms and Railroad (\$2.285.0) (such as Dept. of Agriculture for farms and Railroad (\$2.285.0) (such as Dept. of Agriculture for farms and Railroad (\$2.285.0) (such as Dept. of Agriculture for farms and Railroad (\$2.285.0) (such as Dept. of Agriculture for farms and Railroad (\$2.285.0) (such as Dept. of Agriculture for farms and Railroad (\$2.285.0) (such as Dept. of Agriculture for farms and Railroad (\$2.285.0) (such as Dept. of Agriculture for only a few cases (such as a percentage of revenues for tips not reported as wages.) (such as Dept. of Dept. of Defense and older private, judgmental trend. (such as Dept. of Defense and other private, judgmental trend. (such as Proportion (\$2.285.0) (such as Dept. of Defense and other private, judgmental trend. (such as proportion and profit-sharing funds, employer contributions from Internal Revenue Service tabulations of business tax returns when available and judgmental trend. (such as Such as S	Component (billions of dollars)	Subcomponent (billions of dollars)	Annual estimates: Source data and methods used to determine level for benchmark and other final years or, for other years, used to prepare an extrapolator or interpolator	Advance quarterly estimates: Source data and methods used to prepare an extrapolator
covered by State unemployment insurance from the Bureau of (\$2,907.6) government, and rest of the world (\$2,284.0) Wages and salaries: Federal (\$145.0) Wages and salaries: Federal (\$145.0) Wages and salaries: Federal (\$2,284.0) Wages and salaries: Federal (\$145.0) Wages and salaries: Federal (\$145.0) Other labor income (\$2,28.9) Other labor income (\$2,29.7) Other labor income (\$2,28.9) Proprietors' income with IVA and CCAdj (\$30.3) Promincome with IVA and (CCAdj (\$30.3)) Promincome with IVA (\$47.3) Promincome with IVA (\$47.3) Farm income with IVA (\$47.3) Farm income with IVA (\$47.3) Farm CCAdj -	Inco	ne side (Charges against GNP of \$4,890.2 billion in 1988)		
for military personnel, wages from the Office of Management and Budget, Budget of the United States. Employer contributions for social insurance (\$249.7) Other labor income (\$228.9) Other labor income (\$228.9) Other labor income (\$228.9) Tyears except most recent—For private pension and profit-sharing funds, employer contributions from Internal Revenue Service tabulations of business tax returns when available and judgmental trend in other years; for group health and life insurance, mainly total premiums paid from trade sources and Health Care Financing Admin. and data on employer share from trade sources. Nost recent year—For group health insurance, total premiums paid from Health Care Financing Admin.; for others in the category, judgmental trend. Years except most recent—Income from Internal Revenue Service tabulations of business tax returns, adjusted for understatement of income with IVA and CCAdj (\$30.3) Farm income with IVA (\$47.3) Nonfarm CCAdj (\$30.3) Farm income with IVA (\$47.3) Farm CCAdj (\$47.3) Farm CCAdj (\$47.3) Farm CCAdj (\$47.3) Farm CCAdj (\$47.3) The CCAdj is described under the entry for capital consumption and onnmoney income) and subtracting production expenses, adjusted to exclude corporate income from Internal Revenue Service and nonmoney income) and subtracting production expenses, adjusted to exclude corporate income from Internal Revenue Service and the category, judgmental trends. Same as annual for most recent year.—For construction, trade, and services, indicators of activity (such as value of housing put in place); for most others, judgmental trends. The IVA is described under the entry for corporate profits with IVA and CCAdj. Based on Dept. of Agriculture projection adjusted for consistency with NIPA's.	employees	industries, State and local government, and rest of the world	covered by State unemployment insurance from the Bureau of Labor Statistics; for remainder, wages from a variety of sources (such as Dept. of Agriculture for farms and Railroad Retirement Board for railroad transportation) and indirect estimation for only a few cases (such as a percentage of	derived by industry, from Bureau of Labor Statistics monthly employment times earnings times hours; for State and local government and other
social insurance (\$249.7) Other labor income (\$228.9) Other labor income (\$228.9) Other labor income (\$228.9) Other labor income (\$228.9) Years except most recent—For private pension and profit-sharing funds, employer contributions from Internal Revenue Service tabulations of business tax returns and judgmental trend. Judgmental trend. Judgmental trend. Judgmental trend. Judgmental trend. Proprietors' income with IVA and CCAdj (\$327.8) Nonfarm income (\$259.2) Nonfarm IVA (¬51.5) Nonfarm CCAdj (\$30.3) Farm income with IVA (\$47.3) Farm CCAdj (\$47.3) Farm CCAdj (\$47.3) Social insurance programs, and Census Bureau surveys of State and local government retirement funds. Judgmental trend. Judgmental trend. Judgmental trend. Judgmental trend. Judgmental trend. Judgmental trend. Same as annual for most recent year. The IVA is described under the entry for corporate profits with IVA and CCAdj. (\$30.3) Farm income with IVA (\$47.3) Farm income with IVA (\$47.3) Farm income with IVA (\$47.3) The IVA is described under the entry for capital consumption allowances with CCAdj. Based on Dept. of Agriculture projection adjusted for construction, entry in production expenses, adjusted to exclude corporate income, obtained by deriving gross earnings (cash receipts from marketing, inventory change, government payments, other cash income, and nonmoney income) and subtracting production expenses, adjusted to exclude corporate income from Internal Revenue Service tabulations of business tax returns. The CCAdj is described under the entry for capital consumption allowances with CCAdj. The CCAdj is described under the entry for capital consumption for consistency with NIPA's.			for military personnel, wages from the Office of Management	military personnel, employment from Dept. of Defense and judgmental
funds, employer contributions from Internal Revenue Service tabulations of business tax returns when available and judgmental trend in other years; for group health and life insurance, mainly total premiums paid from trade sources and Health Care Financing Admin, and data on employer share from trade sources. Nonfarm income (\$259.2) Nonfarm income (\$259.2) Nonfarm IVA (\$327.8) Nonfarm CCAdj (\$30.3) Farm income with IVA (\$47.3) Farm CCAdj (\$47.3) The CCAdj is described under the entry for capital consumption allowances with CCAdj inventory change, government payments, other cash income, and nonmoney income) and subtracting production expenses, adjusted to exclude corporate income from Internal Revenue Service tabulations of business tax returns, adjusted for understatement of income on tax returns adjusted for understatement of expense value of housing put in place); for most others, judgmental trends. The IVA is described under the entry for capital consumption allowances with CCAdj. Based on Dept. of Agriculture data on net income, obtained by deriving gross earnings (cash receipts from marketing, inventory change, government payments, other cash income, and nonmoney income) and subtracting production expenses, adjusted to exclude corporate income from Internal Revenue Service tabulations of business tax returns. The CCAdj is described under the entry for capital consumption of a for consistency with NIPA's.		social insurance	administering social insurance programs, and Census Bureau	wages and salaries of employees covered by the programs; for State and local government programs, judgmenta
tabulations of business tax returns, adjusted for understatement of income on tax returns and for several conceptual differences. Most recent year—For construction, trade, and services, indicators of activity (such as value of housing put in place); for most others, judgmental trends. Nonfarm IVA (-\$1.5) Nonfarm CCAdj (\$30.3) Farm income with IVA (\$47.3) Based on Dept. of Agriculture data on net income, obtained by deriving gross earnings (cash receipts from marketing, inventory change, government payments, other cash income, and nonmoney income) and subtracting production expenses, adjusted to exclude corporate income from Internal Revenue Service tabulations of business tax returns. The CCAdj is described under the entry for capital consumption adjusted for consistency with NIPA's. Dept. of Agriculture projection adjusted for consistency with NIPA's. The CCAdj is described under the entry for capital consumption The CCAdj is described under the entry for capital consumption The CCAdj is described under the entry for capital consumption			funds, employer contributions from Internal Revenue Service tabulations of business tax returns when available and judgmental trend in other years; for group health and life insurance, mainly total premiums paid from trade sources and Health Care Financing Admin. and data on employer share from trade source; for workers' compensation, contributions from trade sources. Most recent year—For group health insurance, total premiums paid from Health Care Financing Admin.; for others in the	Judgmental trend.
(-\$1.5) Nonfarm CCAdj (\$30.3) Farm income with IVA (\$47.3) Based on Dept. of Agriculture data on net income, obtained by deriving gross earnings (cash receipts from marketing, inventory change, government payments, other cash income, and nonmoney income) and subtracting production expenses, adjusted to exclude corporate income from Internal Revenue Service tabulations of business tax returns. Farm CCAdj IVA and CCAdj. The CCAdj is described under the entry for capital consumption Dept. of Agriculture projection adjusted for consistency with NIPA's.	with IVA and CCAdj		tabulations of business tax returns, adjusted for understatement of income on tax returns and for several conceptual differences. Most recent year—For construction, trade, and services, indicators of activity (such as value of housing put in place); for most	Same as annual for most recent year.
(\$30.3) Farm income with IVA (\$47.3) Based on Dept. of Agriculture data on net income, obtained by deriving gross earnings (cash receipts from marketing, inventory change, government payments, other cash income, and nonmoney income) and subtracting production expenses, adjusted to exclude corporate income from Internal Revenue Service tabulations of business tax returns. Farm CCAdj The CCAdj is described under the entry for capital consumption				
deriving gross earnings (cash receipts from marketing, inventory change, government payments, other cash income, and nonmoney income) and subtracting production expenses, adjusted to exclude corporate income from Internal Revenue Service tabulations of business tax returns. Farm CCAdj The CCAdj is described under the entry for capital consumption				
			deriving gross earnings (cash receipts from marketing, inventory change, government payments, other cash income, and nonmoney income) and subtracting production expenses, adjusted to exclude corporate income from Internal Revenue	Dept. of Agriculture projection adjusted for consistency with NIPA's.
(-\$7.5) allowances with CCAdj.		Farm CCAdj (-\$7.5)	The CCAdj is described under the entry for capital consumption allowances with CCAdj.	

Table 7.—Principal Source Data and Estimating Methods Used in Preparing Current-Dollar Estimates of GNP—Continued

Component (billions of dollars)	Subcomponent (billions of dollars)	Annual estimates: Source data and methods used to determine level for benchmark and other final years or, for other years, used to prepare an extrapolator or interpolator	Advance quarterly estimates: Source data and methods used to prepare an extrapolator
	Income sid	le (Charges against GNP of \$4,890.2 billion in 1988)—Continued	
Rental income of persons with CCAdj (\$15.7)	Rent from nonfarm nonresidential properties (\$9.0)	Years except the 2 most recent—Rents paid and received by business and government, adjusted for expenses associated with property (mainly depreciation, taxes, interest, and repairs), from Internal Revenue Service tabulations of business tax returns, Census Bureau surveys, and the Budget of the United States prepared by the Office of Management and Budget. Two most recent years—Judgmental trend.	Same as annual for 2 most recent years.
	Rent from owner-occupied nonfarm housing (\$22.8)	Derived as space rent—see the entry for nonfarm housing in personal consumption expenditures—less related expenses, including maintenance and repair from Bureau of Labor Statistics quarterly consumer expenditure survey, mortgage debt from Federal Reserve Board times an interest rate, and property taxes from Census Bureau quarterly surveys of State and local tax collections.	For owner-occupied space rent, same as annual; for depreciation, interest, and taxes, based on NIPA estimates of those components; for other expenses, based on judgmental trend.
	Rent from tenant-occupied nonfarm housing (\$22.6)	Same as described under owner-occupied housing and adjusted to cover only rental income accruing to persons not primarily engaged in the real estate business.	Same as annual.
	Royalties (\$4.8)	Years except most recent—Internal Revenue Service tabulations of royalties reported on individual tax returns. Most recent year—Judgmental trend.	Same as annual for most recent year.
	Rent from farms owned by nonoperator landlords (\$6.2)	Prepared in conjunction with farm proprietors' income; see that entry.	Judgmental trend.
	CCAdj (-\$49.8)	The CCAdj is described under the entry for capital consumption allowances with CCAdj.	
Corporate profits with IVA and CCAdj (\$328.6)	Profits: Domestic, before tax (\$263.1)	Years except the 2 most recent—Receipts less deductions from Internal Revenue Service tabulations of business tax returns, adjusted to include in profits the depletion allowances on domestic minerals, income of the Federal Reserve and federally sponsored credit agencies, the excess of additions to bad debt reserves over losses actually incurred, and an estimate of the amount by which income on tax returns is understated and to exclude capital gains and losses on the sale of property and dividends received from domestic corporations. Two most recent years—Separately for about 70 industries, profits from Census Bureau quarterly survey of corporate profits, regulatory agency reports, and compilations of public company reports.	For some industries in transportation, some in finance, etc., and all in services, judgmental trend; for others in this group, same as annual for 2 most recent years. (Released at time of preliminary estimate of GNP for the first, second, and third quarters and of final estimate for the fourth quarter.)
,	Profits: Rest of the world, before and after tax (\$43.7)	Estimated as part of the balance of payments; see the entry for receipts and payments of factor income, net, under net exports of goods and services.	Judgmental trend. (Released at time of preliminary estimate of GNP for the first, second, and third quarters and of final estimate for the fourth quarter.)
	IVA ² (-\$25.0)	Obtained as the difference between the NIPA change in business inventories (that is, physical volume of inventories valued in prices of the current period) and the change in inventories reported by business. See also the entry for change in business inventories.	Same as annual.
	CCAdi	The CCAdj is described under the entry for capital consumption	

Table 7.—Principal Source Data and Estimating Methods Used in Preparing Current-Dollar Estimates of GNP—Continued

Component (billions of dollars)	Subcomponent (billions of dollars)	Annual estimates: Source data and methods used to determine level for benchmark and other final years or, for other years, used to prepare an extrapolator or interpolator	Advance quarterly estimates: Source data and methods used to prepare an extrapolator
	Income sid	e (Charges against GNP of \$4,890.2 billion in 1988)—Continued	
Net interest (\$392.9)	Net interest: Domestic monetary (\$157.3)	For farm interest paid and received, Dept. of Agriculture surveys; for residential mortgage interest, mortgage debt from Federal Reserve Board times an interest rate; for all other interest paid and received by business, Internal Revenue Service tabulations of business tax returns or, when these tabulations are not available, interest receipts and payments from regulatory agencies (such as the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation), from trade sources, or obtained by applying an interest rate to a stock of assets/liabilities from Federal Reserve Board flow of funds accounts.	Derived by combining estimates of (1) interest received by persons, (2) government interest paid and received, and (3) interest paid by consumers to business. For (1), judgmental trend; for (2), Monthly Treasury Statement for Federal and judgmental trend for State and local; for (3), consumer debt from the Federal Reserve Board times BEA estimates of interest rates. ¹
	Net interest: Rest-of-the world monetary (-\$3.4)	Estimated as part of the balance of payments; see the entry for receipts and payments of factor income, net, under net exports of goods and services.	Judgmental trend. ¹
	Net interest: Imputed—life insurance carriers and private noninsured pension plans (\$141.9)	Property income earned (and for life insurance carriers, profits) from Internal Revenue Service tabulations of business tax returns or, for the 2 most recent years, from trade sources.	Judgmental trend.
	Net interest: Imputed—banks, credit agencies, and investment companies (\$97.0)	Property income earned on investment of deposits and monetary interest paid (and for mutual depositories, profits from Internal Revenue Service tabulations of business tax returns when available) from annual reports of regulatory agencies and the Federal Reserve Board. The counterentry to the interest, financial services furnished without payment, is allocated to persons, government, and rest of the world on the basis of deposit liabilities from the same sources.	Judgmental trend.
Business transfer payments (\$29.0)		For charitable contributions and bad debts incurred by consumers, for years except the 2 most recent, Internal Revenue Service tabulations of business tax returns or, for 2 most recent years, judgmental trend; for other components (such as liability payments for personal injury), for years except the most recent, information from government agency reports and trade sources or, for most recent year, judgmental trend.	Judgmental trend.
Indirect business tax and nontax liability (\$393.5)	Federal (\$56.7)	For excise taxes, collections from the Internal Revenue Service; for customs duties, receipts from <i>Monthly Treasury Statement</i> ; and for nontaxes (such as fines), receipts from the Office of Management and Budget, <i>Budget of the United States</i> .	For customs duties, the Monthly Treasury Statement; for most excise taxes, indicators of activity (such as gasoline production for gasoline tax); for others in this group, judgmental trend.
	State and local (\$336.8)	Receipts from Census Bureau quinquennial censuses and annual and quarterly surveys.	Judgmental trend.
Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises (\$18.5)	Federal (\$36.0)	For subsidies, payments by the Commodity Credit Corporation from agency reports and outlays from <i>Monthly Treasury Statement</i> for most others; for current surplus, mainly reports of various agencies such as the Commodity Credit Corporation and Postal Service.	For subsidies, reports of various agencies and outlays from <i>Monthly Treasury Statement</i> ; for current surplus, agency report for the Commodity Credit Corporation and judgmental trend for others in this group.
	State and local (-\$17.5)	For subsidies, limited to railroad, judgmental trend; for current surplus, see entry for State and local purchases other than compensation and structures.	Judgmental trend.
Capital consumption allowances with CCAdj (\$513.6)	Capital consumption allowances (\$526.4)	For depreciation of nonfarm sole proprietorships, partnerships, and corporations, Internal Revenue Service tabulations of business tax returns; for other depreciation (including farms, nonprofit institutions, and owner-occupied houses), perpetual-inventory calculations; for accidental damage to fixed capital, losses reported to insurance companies and government agencies.	Judgmental trend.
	CCAdj (\$12.8)	Obtained in two parts: First, the part that places a historical-cost series for capital consumed on a consistent basis with regard to service lives and on a straight-line depreciation pattern is the difference between tax-return-based calculations at historical cost and the perpetual-inventory calculations; second, the part that places the historical-cost series on a current-cost basis is the difference between two perpetual-inventory calculations, one at historical cost and one at current cost.	For capital consumption allowances, judgmental trend as mentioned in preceding item; for current-cost series, perpetual-inventory calculation based on investment and on investment prices.

Table 7.—Principal Source Data and Estimating Methods Used in Preparing Current-Dollar Estimates of GNP—Continued

Component (billions of dollars)	Subcomponent (billions of dollars)	Annual estimates: Source data and methods used to determine level for benchmark and other final years or, for other years, used to prepare an extrapolator or interpolator	Advance quarterly estimates: Source data and methods used to prepare an extrapolator
		Product side (GNP of \$4,880.6 billion in 1988)	
Personal consumption expenditures (\$3,235.1) ³	Durable and nondurable goods: (\$1,507.5)		
	Most goods (goods except subcomponents listed separately) (\$1,242.5)	Benchmark years—Commodity-flow method, starting with manufacturers' shipments from Census Bureau quinquennial census and including an adjustment for exports and imports from Census Bureau merchandise trade. Other years—Retail-control method, using retail trade sales from Census Bureau annual survey or, for the most recent year, monthly survey of retail trade.	Same as annual for the most recent year.
ė.	New trucks (\$29.2)	Benchmark years—Commodity-flow method, starting with manufacturers' shipments from Census Bureau quinquennial census and including an adjustment for exports and imports from Census Bureau merchandise trade. Other years except most recent—Abbreviated commodity-flow method, starting with manufacturers' shipments from Census Bureau annual survey and including an adjustment for exports and imports from Census Bureau merchandise trade. Most recent year—Physical quantity purchased times average retail price: Unit sales and information with which to allocate sales among consumers and other purchasers from trade sources and average price based on a Bureau of Labor Statistics consumer price index.	Same as annual for the most recent year.
	New and used autos (\$144.2)	For new autos, physical quantity purchased times average retail price: Unit sales, information with which to allocate sales among consumers and other purchasers, and average list prices, all from trade sources. For used autos, change in the consumer stock of autos at least 1 year old plus dealers' margins based on unit sales times auction price, all from trade sources.	For new autos, same as annual; for used autos, same as annual except that change in consumer stock is based on judgmental trend.
	Gasoline and oil (\$76.8)	Years except most recent—Physical quantity purchased times average retail price: Gallons consumed from the Dept. of Transportation, information with which to allocate that total among consumers and other purchasers from Federal agencies and trade sources, and monthly average retail price by grade from the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Most recent year—Physical quantity purchased times average retail price: Domestic supply from Energy Information Admin. monthly surveys and price as above.	Same as annual for most recent year.
	Food furnished employees (including military) (\$9.7)	For commercial employees, number of employees of appropriate industries from Bureau of Labor Statistics tabulations times a Bureau of Labor Statistics consumer price index for food; for military personnel, outlays from the Budget of the United States prepared by the Office of Management and Budget.	For commercial employees, same as annual; for military personnel, number of persons in Armed Forces from the Dept. of Defense times a Bureau of Labor Statistics consumer price index for food.
See factnates at and	Expenditures abroad by U.S. residents (\$3.7) less personal remittances in kind to foreigners (\$0.5)	Estimated as part of the balance of payments; see the entry for receipts and payments for other services, net, under net exports of goods and services.	Judgmental trend.

Table 7.—Principal Source Data and Estimating Methods Used in Preparing Current-Dollar Estimates of GNP—Continued

Component (billions of dollars)	Subcomponent (billions of dollars)	Annual estimates: Source data and methods used to determine level for benchmark and other final years or, for other years, used to prepare an extrapolator or interpolator	Advance quarterly estimates: Source dat and methods used to prepare an extrapolator
	Pro	duct side (GNP of \$4,880.6 billion in 1988)—Continued	
Personal consumption expenditures— Continued	Services: (\$1,727.6)		
	Nonfarm housing—space rent for owner-occupied and rent for tenant-occupied (\$472.0)	Benchmark years—Based on data on housing stock and average annual rental from Census Bureau decennial census of housing and survey of residential finance. Other years—Based on data on housing stock from the Census Bureau biennial housing survey or on the number of households from Census Bureau monthly current population survey and updated average annual rental.	Same method as annual, with housing stock based on annual estimates adjusted for completions from Census Bureau survey and average rent based on annual estimates adjusted using a Bureau of Labor Statistics consumer price index for rent.
	Farm housing—rent (\$9.5)	Dept. of Agriculture survey.	Judgmental trend.
	Auto and other repair, legal and funeral services, barbershops and beauty parlors, nursing homes, laundries, employment agency fees, accountant and tax return preparation services, recreation (except video cassette rentals, cable TV, parimutuel net receipts, and lotteries), hotels and motels, and commercial education (\$292.2)	Benchmark years—Receipts from Census Bureau quinquennial census of service industries adjusted for receipts from business and governments. Other years—Receipts, for spectator sports from private organizations, for legitimate theaters and commercial education from tabulations of wages and salaries of employees covered by State unemployment insurance from the Bureau of Labor Statistics, for others in this group from Census Bureau service annual survey.	For nursing homes, commercial education, employment agency fees, and clubs and fraternal organizations, wages and salaries derived from Bureau of Labor Statistics monthly employment times earnings times hours; for legitimate theaters and motion pictures, receipts from trade sources; for others in this group, judgmental trend.
	Physicians, dentists, and other medical professional services (\$186.3)	Benchmark years—For nonprofit professional services, expenses; for others in this group, receipts, adjusted for government payments and prepayment plans, from Census Bureau quinquennial census of service industries. Other years—Receipts, adjusted for government payments and prepayment plans, from Census Bureau service annual survey.	For nonprofit professional services, wages and salaries derived from Bureau of Labor Statistics monthly employment times earnings times hours; for others in this group, judgmental trend.
	Private elementary and secondary schools, welfare activities, and trade unions and professional associations (\$76.2)	Benchmark years—For schools of religious organizations, enrollment from Dept. of Education times BEA estimate of average expenditures per pupil; for others in this group, receipts and expenses from Census Bureau quinquennial census of service industries. Other years—Tabulations of wages and salaries of employees covered by State unemployment insurance from the Bureau of Labor Statistics.	Wages and salaries derived from Bureau of Labor Statistics monthly employment times earnings times hours.
	Financial services furnished without payment by banks, credit agencies, and investment companies 4 (\$91.1)	See entry for net interest: Imputed—banks, credit agencies, and investment companies.	Judgmental trend.
	Brokerage charges and investment counseling, bank service charges, intercity transportation, and private higher education (\$80.8)	Years except most recent—For private higher education, expenses, and for others in this group, receipts, all from annual reports of government administrative agencies. Most recent year—For brokerage, charges from trade source; for intercity transportation, receipts from reports of government administrative agencies; for private higher education, enrollment from Dept. of Education.	For stock brokerage charges, stock exchange transactions from trade sources; for other brokerage charges and investment counseling and for bank service charges, judgmental tren for intercity transportation, receipts from trade sources; for private higher education, wages and salaries for the industry derived from Bureau of Labo Statistics monthly employment times earnings times hours.
	Domestic services (\$9.8)	Number of workers times weekly hours times earnings from Census Bureau monthly current population survey.	Judgmental trend.

Table 7.—Principal Source Data and Estimating Methods Used in Preparing Current-Dollar Estimates of GNP—Continued

Component (billions of dollars)	Subcomponent (billions of dollars)	Annual estimates: Source data and methods used to determine level for benchmark and other final years or, for other years, used to prepare an extrapolator or interpolator	Advance quarterly estimates: Source data and methods used to prepare an extrapolator
	Pro	duct side (GNP of \$4,880.6 billion in 1988)—Continued	
Personal consumption expenditures— Continued	Services—Continued		
	Insurance, hospitals except nursing homes, religious activities, cable TV, utilities, and local transport (\$434.8)	For life insurance, expenses from reports of private organizations or, for the most recent year, tabulations of wages and salaries of employees covered by State unemployment insurance from Bureau of Labor Statistics; for insurance other than life insurance, premiums and benefits from reports of private organizations; for hospitals except nursing homes, expenses from reports of private organizations; for religious activities, expenses based on contributions and membership from private organizations or, for the most recent year, judgmental trend; for cable TV and utilities, receipts from government agencies and trade sources; for local transport, receipts from reports of private organizations.	For life insurance and religious activities wages and salaries derived from Bureau of Labor Statistics monthly employment times earnings times hours; for hospitals, electricity, and gas, reports from private organizations for others in this group, judgmental trend. ¹
	Water and other sanitary services, and lotteries (\$30.4)	Years except 2 most recent—For water and other sanitary services, expenditures from Census Bureau quinquennial censuses and annual surveys of State and local governments, adjusted to a calendar year basis from a fiscal year basis; for lotteries, net receipts from the same source. Two most recent years—Judgmental trend.	Same as 2 most recent years.
	Foreign travel by U.S. residents (\$36.1) less expenditures in the United States by foreigners (\$36.2)	Estimated as part of the balance of payments; see the entry for receipts and payments for other services, net, under net exports of goods and services.	Same as annual.
	Other services: Video cassette rentals and parimutuel net receipts; other housing except hotels and motels; other education and research except commercial education; bridge, etc. tolls; other household operation except repairs and insurance; travel and entertainment card fees; stenographic and reproduction services; and money orders and classified advertising (\$44.5)	Various source data.	Judgmental trend.
Nonresidential structures (\$140.3) 5	Nonfarm buildings (\$97.8)	Value put in place from Census Bureau monthly construction survey.	Same as annual.
	Public utilities: Telephone and telegraph (\$7.8)	Value put in place from Census Bureau monthly construction survey.	Same as annual.
	Public utilities: Other (\$18.3)	Expenditures from Federal regulatory agencies and trade sources.	Anticipated expenditures from Census Bureau plant and equipment survey.
	Mining exploration, shafts, and wells (\$12.0)	Benchmark years—Expenditures from Census Bureau quinquennial census of mineral industries. Other years—For petroleum and natural gas, physical quantity times average price: Footage drilled and cost per foot from trade sources; for other mining, expenditures from Census Bureau plant and equipment survey.	Same as annual for years other than benchmark years.
	Other nonfarm structures (\$2.3)	Value put in place from Census Bureau monthly construction survey.	Same as annual.
	Farm buildings (\$2.1)	Expenditures for new construction from Dept. of Agriculture surveys.	Judgmental trend of value put in place from Census Bureau.

Table 7.—Principal Source Data and Estimating Methods Used in Preparing Current-Dollar Estimates of GNP—Continued

Component (billions of dollars)	Subcomponent (billions of dollars)	Annual estimates: Source data and methods used to determine level for benchmark and other final years or, for other years, used to prepare an extrapolator or interpolator	Advance quarterly estimates: Source data and methods used to prepare an extrapolator		
	Pro	duct side (GNP of \$4,880.6 billion in 1988)—Continued			
Nonresidential producers' durable equipment (\$346.8)	Equipment except autos (\$325.4)	Benchmark years—Commodity-flow method, starting with manufacturers' shipments from Census Bureau quinquennial census and including an adjustment for exports and imports from Census Bureau merchandise trade. Other years—Abbreviated commodity-flow method starting with manufacturers' shipments from the Census Bureau annual survey or, for the most recent year (except trucks), monthly survey of manufactures and including an adjustment for exports and imports from Census Bureau merchandise trade. For trucks, for the most recent year, physical quantity purchased times average retail price: Unit sales and information with which to allocate sales among business and other purchasers from trade sources and average price based on Bureau of Labor Statistics producer price indexes.	For trucks, see entry for personal consumption expenditures; for others in this group, same as annual for years other than benchmark years except with less detail.		
,	New and used autos (\$21.4)	For new autos, see entry in personal consumption expenditures; for used autos, change in business stock of autos at least 1 year old from trade source.	For new autos, same as annual; for used autos, judgmental trend.		
Residential investment (\$232.4) ⁶	Permanent-site single-family housing units (\$116.6)	Value put in place based on phased housing starts and average construction cost from Census Bureau monthly construction surveys.	Same as annual.		
	Permanent-site multifamily housing units (\$23.3)	Value put in place from Census Bureau monthly construction survey.	Same as annual.		
(\$2.3.3) Mobile homes (\$5.6)		Benchmark years—See entry for equipment except autos in nonresidential producers' durable equipment. Other years—Physical quantity shipped times price: Shipments from trade sources and average retail price from Census Bureau monthly survey.	Same as annual for years other than benchmark years.		
	Additions and alterations, and major replacements (\$59.2)	Expenditures by owner-occupants from Bureau of Labor Statistics quarterly consumer expenditure survey and by landlords from Census Bureau quarterly survey of landlords.	Judgmental trend.		
	Brokers' commissions (\$22.2)	Physical quantity times price times average commission rate: Number of one-family houses sold, mean sales price, and commission rates, from Census Bureau monthly construction survey and trade sources.	Same as annual.		
	Producers' durable equipment (\$6.4)	See entry for most goods under personal consumption expenditures.	Same as annual.		
Change in business inventories (\$30.6)	Manufacturing and trade (\$26.3)	Benchmark years—Inventories from Census Bureau quinquennial censuses revalued (in effect, by the calculation of the IVA ²) to current replacement cost using information on the commodity composition of goods held in inventory and the turnover period, both from the Census Bureau censuses/surveys of manufacturing and trade, combined with cost of goods held in inventory, largely from Bureau of Labor Statistics producer price indexes. Other years—For petroleum bulk stations, physical quantities times price: Monthly quantities from the Energy Information Admin. times a Bureau of Labor Statistics producer price index; for all other, inventories from Census Bureau annual surveys or, for the most recent year, monthly surveys, revalued as described above.	Same as annual for most recent year.		
	Other nonfarm industries (\$7.9)	Inventories revalued to current replacement cost (except when noted as physical quantity times price) using information on the proportion of inventories reported with different accounting methods (for example, first-in, first-out) and other information as described for manufacturing and trade: For years except 2 most recent, Internal Revenue Service tabulations of business tax returns; in 2 most recent years, Census Bureau quarterly survey of corporations for mining, monthly quantities from the Energy Information Admin. times Bureau of Labor Statistics producer price indexes for electric utilities, and judgmental trend for all others.	For electric utilities, same as annual for most recent year; for all others, judgmental trend.		
	Farm	Physical quantities times current prices, from Dept. of Agriculture	Judgmental projection by BEA and Dept.		

Table 7.—Principal Source Data and Estimating Methods Used in Preparing Current-Dollar Estimates of GNP—Continued

Component (billions of dollars)	Subcomponent (billions of dollars)	Annual estimates: Source data and methods used to determine level for benchmark and other final years or, for other years, used to prepare an extrapolator or interpolator	Advance quarterly estimates: Source data and methods used to prepare an extrapolator
	Pro	oduct side (GNP of \$4,880.6 billion in 1988)—Continued	
Net exports of goods and services (-\$73.7)	Merchandise exports and imports, net (-\$127.0)	Estimated as part of the balance of payments: Import and export documents compiled monthly by the Census Bureau with adjustments by BEA for coverage and valuation to put them on a balance-of-payments basis and then on a NIPA basis.	Same as annual.
	Receipts and payments of factor income, net (\$33.3)	Estimated as part of the balance of payments: For direct investment income, BEA surveys of U.S. companies with affiliates abroad and of U.S. affiliates of foreign companies; for other income, holdings or transactions from Treasury Dept. surveys times appropriate yields or interest rates and reports by U.S. Government agencies of interest receipts—all adjusted to NIPA basis.	Judgmental trend. 1
	Receipts and payments for other services, net (\$20.0)	Estimated as part of the balance of payments: For government transactions, reports by Federal agencies on their purchases and sales abroad; for most others in this group (including travel, passenger fares, other transportation, royalties and license fees, and private remittances), BEA quarterly or annual surveys (supplemented with data from other sources)—all adjusted to NIPA basis. Also includes financial services furnished without payment; see entry for net interest: imputed—banks, credit agencies, and investment companies.	Same as annual.
Government purchases of goods and services (\$968.9)	Federal national defense (\$298.0)	Within a control total established by the fiscal year analysis: For compensation, military wages from the Budget of the United States prepared by Office of Management and Budget, civilian wages and benefits from Office of Personnel Management, and employer contributions for social insurance mainly from outlays from Monthly Treasury Statement; for purchases by type, one of three methods, based mainly on data from Dept. of Defense reports: (1) Physical quantity delivered times price paid; (2) by category, the ratio of funds for purchases not estimated by method (1) to total funds times disbursements; and (3) mainly disbursements.	For components of compensation, employment from Dept. of Defense, outlays from Monthly Treasury Statement, and judgmental trend; for other, same methods as annual, with partial data for (1) and outlays from Monthly Treasury Statement and judgmental trend for (2) and (3).
	Federal nondefense (\$83.3)	Within a control total established by the fiscal year analysis: For Commodity Credit Corporation inventory change, physical quantity of acquisitions and dispositions from agency reports times average market price from Dept. of Agriculture; for financial services furnished without payment, see entry for net interest: imputed—banks, credit agencies, and investment companies; for compensation, civilian wages and benefits from Office of Personnel Management and employer contributions for social insurance mainly from outlays from Monthly Treasury Statement; for construction, value put in place from Census Bureau monthly construction survey; for all other, outlays from Monthly Treasury Statement.	For components of compensation, judgmental trend; for other, same as annual.
	State and local compensation (\$346.5)	Mainly tabulations of wages and salaries of employees covered by State unemployment insurance from Bureau of Labor Statistics and contributions from the Social Security Admin., other agencies administering social insurance programs, and Census Bureau surveys of State and local government retirement funds.	Judgmental trend.
	State and local structures (\$69.3)	For highways, for years except the most recent, expenditures from the Dept. of Transportation or, for the most recent year, construction put in place from Census Bureau survey; for other categories, value of construction put in place from Census Bureau monthly construction survey.	Value put in place from Census Bureau monthly construction survey.
	State and local other than compensation and structures (\$171.8)	Years except most recent for State and the 2 most recent for local—Total expenditures from Census Bureau quinquennial censuses and annual surveys of these governments, selectively replaced with source data that are more appropriate for the NIPA's and adjusted as follows: For coverage, for netting and grossing differences; and to a calendar year basis from a fiscal year basis and for other timing differences; to exclude interest, subsidies, net expenditures of government enterprises, and transfer payments; and to exclude compensation and structures as estimated above. Most recent year for State and 2 most recent years for local—judgmental trend.	Same as for most recent year for State and 2 most recent years for local.

^{1.} For profits and interest from the rest of the world, for parts of domestic net interest, and for insurance other than life insurance and for hotels and motels in PCE, data become available to replace the judgmental trend by the time of the final estimate in the current quarterly sequence.

2. The IVA on the income side and the IVA mentioned with the change in business inventories on the product side differ because the source data on the two sides reflect different mixes of methods (last-in, first-out, etc.) underlying reported inventories.

3. Includes \$1.9 billion for food produced and consumed on farms, standard clothing issued to military personnel and used marks.

sonnel, and used trucks.

4. Also referred to as services furnished without payment by financial intermediaries except life insurance carriers and private noninsured pension plans.

^{5.} Includes brokers' commissions on sale of structures and net purchases of used structures, which summed to \$0.1 billion.
6. Includes -\$0.8 billion for other structures (dormitories, fraternity and sorority houses, nurses' homes, etc.) and net purchases of used structures.

CCAdj Capital consumption adjustment. IVA Inventory valuation adjustment. NIPA National income and product account.

Source: 1988 estimates—SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS, July 1989.

Table 8.—Methodology Used in Preparing Constant-Dollar Estimates of GNP

		Deflation, u	sing price based on—	Using quantity for—			
Component	Subcomponent	Components of the Consumer Price Index (CPI) or the Producer Price Index (PPI)	Other	Extrapolation	Direct valuation		
Personal consumption expenditures	Most goods (goods except subcomponents listed separately). New trucks	Except as noted, CPI; military clothing, PPI. CPI	Computers, BEA price index		Used autos, in two parts:		
	Gasoline and oilFood furnished employees (including military). Expenditures abroad by U.S. residents less personal remittances in kind to	CPI CPI	Foreign consumer price indexes (exchange-rate adjusted).		(1) Margin, unit sales from trade sources with dealer margins from Census Bureau and trade sources; (2) change in stock, based on unit sales and BEA constant-dollar value, with depreciated original value in baseyear dollars.		
	foreigners. Nonfarm housing—space rent and rent.	CPI					
	Farm housing—rent	Except as noted, CPI	Nursing homes, clubs and fraternal organizations and commercial education, BEA earnings and expense index.	BEA net stock of farm dwellings based on Dept. of Agriculture data.			
	Physicians, dentists, and other medical professional services. Private elementary and secondary schools, welfare activities, and trade unions and professional associations. Financial services furnished without payment by banks, credit agencies, and investment companies 1.	CPI	BEA earnings and expense indexes.	Paid employee hours of relevant financial institutions.			

Table 8.—Methodology Used in Preparing Constant-Dollar Estimates of GNP—Continued

		Deflation, u	sing price based on—	Using quant	ity for—
Component	Subcomponent	Components of the Consumer Price Index (CPI) or the Producer Price Index (PPI)	Other	Extrapolation	Direct valuation
Personal consumption expenditures— Continued	Brokerage charges and investment counseling, bank service charges, intercity transportation, and private higher education.	Except as noted, CPI	Other brokerage charges and investment counseling, BEA stock brokerage index; airline transportation, BEA index based on revenue passenger miles from Dept. of Transportation averaged with consumer price index component; higher education, BEA earnings and expense index.	Stock brokerage charges, BEA orders derived from volume data from Securities and Exchange Commission or trade source.	
	Domestic services	CPI			
	Insurance, hospitals except nursing homes, religious activities, cable TV, utilities, and local transport.	Except as noted, CPI	Life insurance and religious activities, BEA earnings and expense index; nonprofit hospitals, input price index from Health Care Financing Admin.	Auto insurance, deflated premiums; health insurance, deflated benefits.	
	Water and other sanitary services, and lotteries.	CPI			
	Foreign travel by U.S. residents less expenditures in the United States by foreigners.	Expenditures in the United States, CPI.	Foreign travel, foreign consumer price indexes (exchange-rate adjusted).		
	Other services: Video cassette rentals and parimutuel net receipts; other housing except hotels and motels; other education and research except commercial education; bridge, etc. tolls; other household operation except repairs and insurance; travel and entertainment card fees; stenographic and reproduction services; and money orders and classified advertising.	Except as noted, CPI	Other education and research, BEA earnings and expense index; bridge, etc. tolls, BEA index based on trade source data.	Parimutuel net receipts, deflated winnings.	
Nonresidential structures	Nonfarm buildings		Cost index from trade source and price of new houses from Census Bureau.	:	
	Public utilities	Gas and petroleum pipelines, PPI.	Telephone and telegraph, cost index from trade source; other, cost indexes from government agencies and trade sources.		
	Mining exploration, shafts, and wells.	Casing, PPI	Exploration, cost index from trade source; mines, implicit price deflator for nonfarm nonresidential buildings.	Footage by type from trade source.	
	Other nonfarm structures		Cost indexes from government agencies.		
	Farm buildings		Cost index from trade source and price of new houses from Census Bureau.		

Table 8.—Methodology Used in Preparing Constant-Dollar Estimates of GNP—Continued

		Deflation, u	sing price based on—	Using quant	tity for-
Component	Subcomponent	Components of the Consumer Price Index (CPI) or the Producer Price Index (PPI)	Other	Extrapolation	Direct valuation
Nonresidential producers' durable equipment	Equipment except autos and telephone and telegraph installation.	Domestic components, except as noted, PPI.	Imported components, except computers and transportation equipment, Bureau of Labor Statistics import price indexes; ships, annually, index from Maritime Admin.; computers, BEA price index.		
	New and used autos	New autos, CPI			Used autos, in two parts: (1) Margin, unit sales from trade sources with dealer margins from Census Bureau and trade sources; (2) change in stock, based on unit sales and BEA constant-dollar value, with depreciated original value in base-
	Telephone and telegraph installation.		Cost index from trade source		year dollars.
Residential investment	Permanent-site housing units		Price of new houses from Census Bureau.		
	Additions and alterations, and major replacements.	СРІ	Price of new houses from Census Bureau.		
	Brokers' commissions		Price of new houses from Census Bureau.		
	Producers' durable equipment. Mobile homes	PPI PPI			
Change in business	Nonfarm: Purchased goods,	Except as noted, PPI			
inventories	all industries. Nonfarm: Work-in-process and finished goods, manufacturing. Farm	Except as noted, PPI; some overhead cost items, CPI.	Energy Information Admin BEA unit labor cost		. Quantities by crop with
	raili				prices, both from Dept. of Agriculture.
Net exports of goods and services ²	Merchandise exports and imports, net ³ .		export and import price indexes 4; Census Bureau monthly unit-value indexes; implicit price deflators (including, for computers, BEA price index); and gold price from trade source.		Dept. of Agriculture.
	Receipts and payments of factor income, net ³ .		Except as noted, implicit price deflator for net domestic product.	Imputed interest paid to foreigners, paid employee hours of relevant institutions.	
	Receipts and payments for other services, net ³ .	Travel receipts and foreign students' expenditures, CPI; railroad freight, PPI.	Military transfers and direct defense expenditures abroad, selected implicit price deflators for national defense purchases (see below); travel payments, students' expenditures abroad, and U.S. Government payments for miscellaneous services, foreign consumer price indexes (exchange-rate adjusted); royalties and fees, and other private services, implicit price deflator for gross domestic product.	Financial services furnished without payment ¹ , paid employee hours of relevant financial institutions; several parts of freight and port expenditures, relevant tonnage.	

Table 8.—Methodology Used in Preparing Constant-Dollar Estimates of GNP—Continued

		Deflation, u	sing price based on-	Using quant	ity for—
Component	Subcomponent	Components of the Consumer Price Index (CPI) or the Producer Price Index (PPI)	Other	Extrapolation	Direct valuation
Government purchases of goods and services	Federal national defense	Selected goods, PPI; utilities and communications, CPI and PPI.	Some goods, some services, and most military structures, BEA indexes based on Dept. of Defense prices paid; some services, BEA earnings index; computers, BEA price index; nonmilitary structures, cost indexes from trade sources and government agencies.	Military compensation, full- time equivalent employment by rank and length of service; civilian compensation, full-time equivalent employment by grade adjusted for change from base year in hours worked.	Many goods, some services, and a few military structures, quantities with prices, both from Dept. of Defense reports.
	Federal nondefense	Most goods, PPI; rent, utilities, and communications, CPI.	Structures, cost indexes from trade sources and government agencies; computers, BEA price index; most services, BEA earnings indexes.	Compensation, full-time equivalent employment by grade adjusted for change from base year in hours worked; financial services furnished without payment ¹ , paid employee hours of relevant financial institutions.	Commodity Credit Corporation inventory change, quantities by crop from agency reports with Dept. of Agriculture prices; selected petroleum transactions, quantities with prices, both from Dept. of Energy.
	State and local compensation.			For employees in education, full-time equivalent employment by education and experience times change from base year in hours worked; for other employees, full-time equivalent employment times change from base year in hours worked.	. 0
	State and local structures		Cost indexes from trade sources and government agencies.	•	
	State and local other than compensation and structures.	Services except as noted and goods used in maintenance and repair, CPI; goods except as noted and electricity, PPI.	Transportation, books, and postal services, BEA indexes based on Dept. of Defense prices paid; computers, BEA price index.	Financial services furnished without payment ¹ , paid hours of relevant financial institutions.	

Also referred to as services furnished without payment by financial intermediaries except life insurance carriers and private noninsured pension plans.
 Entries are representative; for full detail, see table 9, Survey of Current Business, November 1986, pp. 35-36.

Constant-dollar estimates of exports and imports (or receipts and payments) are prepared separately.
 The export and import price indexes, which are for the third month of the quarter, are interpolated to obtain quarterly averages.

APPENDIX A.—Revisions in National Income and Product Accounts

Account 1.-National Income and Product Account

[Billions of dollars]

			1986			1987			1988	
	1985	Previously published	Revised	Revision	Previously published	Revised	Revision	Previously published	Revised	Revision
Gross national product	4,014.9	4,240.3	4,231.6	-8.7	4,526.7	4,524.3	-2.4	4,864.3	4,880.6	16.3
Personal consumption expenditures	2,629.0 1,283.4 1,345.6	2,807.5 1,350.1 1,457.3	2,797.4 1,348.0 1,449.5	-10.1 -2.1 -7.8	3,012.1 1,419.8 1,592.3	3,010.8 1,419.1 1,591.7	-1.3 7 6	3,227.5 1,498.0 1,729.6	3,235.1 1,507.5 1,727.6	7.6 9.5 2.0
Gross private domestic fixed investment	631.8 442.9 188.8	650.4 433.9 216.6	652.5 435.2 217.3	2.1 1.3 .7	673.7 446.8 226.9	670.6 444.3 226.4	-3.1 -2.5 5	718.1 488.4 229.7	719.6 487.2 232.4	1.5 -1.2 2.7
Change in business inventories	11.3 14.6 -3.3	15.5 17.4 -1.9	6.9 8.6 -1.8	-8.6 -8.8 .1	39.2 40.7 -1.5	29,3 30,5 -1,3	~9.9 -10.2 .2	48.4 42.2 6.1	30.6 34.2 -3.6	-17.8 -8.0 -9.7
Net exports of goods and services	-78.0 370.9 448.9	-104.4 378.4 482.8	-97.4 396.5 493.8	7.0 18.1 11.0	-123.0 428.0 551.1	-112.6 448.6 561.2	10.4 20.6 10.1	-94.6 519.7 614.4	-73.7 547.7 621.3	20.9 28.0 6.9
Government purchases of goods and services	820.8 355.2 465.6	871.2 366.2 505.0	872.2 366.5 505.7	1,0 .3 .7	924.7 382.0 542.8	926.1 381.6 544.5	1.4 4 1.7	964.9 381.0 583.9	968.9 381.3 587.6	4.0 .3 3.7
Charges against gross national product	4,019.6	4,253.9	4,233.4	-20.5	4,534.8	4,529.0	-5.8	4,878.6	4,890.2	11.6
Compensation of employees	2,367.5 1,975.2 392.4	2,507.1 2,094.0 413.1	2,511.4 2,094.8 416.6	4.3 .8 3.5	2,683.4 2,248.4 435.0	2,690.0 2,249.4 440.7	6.6 1.0 5.7	2,904.7 2,436.9 467.8	2,907.6 2,429.0 478.6	2.9 -7.9 10.8
Proprietors' income with IVA and CCAdj	255.9 30.2 225.6	286.7 36.4 250.3	282.0 34.7 247.2	-4.7 -1.7 -3.1	312.9 43.0 270.0	311.6 41.6 270.0	-1.3 -1.4 0	324.5 36.3 288.2	327.8 39.8 288.0	3.3 3.5 -,2
Rental income of persons with CCAdj	9.2	12.4	11.6	8	18.4	13.4	-5.0	19.3	15.7	-3.6
Corporate profits with IVA and CCAdj	282.3	298.9	282.1	-16,8	310.4	298.7	-11.7	328.4	328.6	.2
Net, interest	319.0	331.9	325.5	-6.4	353.6	351.7	-1.9	391.5	392.9	1.4
National income	3,234.0	3,437.1	3,412.6	-24.5	3,678.7	3,665.4	-13.3	3,968.4	3,972.6	4.2
Capital consumption allowances with CCAdj	437.2 468.2 31.0	455.9 488.4 32.5	460.1 491.5 31.4	4.2 3.1 -1.1	480.0 507.6 27.6	486.7 507.1 20.4	6.7 5 -7.2	506.3 524.5 18.1	513.6 526.4 12.8	7.3 1.9 -5.3
Nonfactor charges	348.4	360.9	360.7	2	376.1	376.9	.8	403.8	404.0	.2
Statistical discrepancy	-4.8	-13.6	-1.8	11.8	-8.1	-4.7	3.4	-14.3	-9.6	4.7

CCAdj Capital consumption adjustment.

IVA Inventory valuation adjustment.

Source: Tables 1.1, 1.9, and 1.14 of the "National Income and Product Accounts Tables."

Account 2.—Personal Income and Outlay Account

[Billions of dollars]

			1986			1987		1988		
	1985	Previously published	Revised	Revision	Previously published	Revised	Revision	Previously published	Revised	Revision
Personal income	3,325.3	3,531.1	3,526.2	-4.9	3,780.0	3,777.6	-2.4	4,062.1	4,064.5	2.4
Wage and salary disbursements Other labor income Proprietors' income with IVA and CCAdj Rental income of persons with CCAdj Personal dividend income Personal interest income Transfers less personal contributions for social insurance	255.9 9.2 78.7	2,094.0 196.1 286.7 12.4 82.8 499.1 360.0	2,094.8 199.3 282.0 11.6 85.8 493.2 359.6	.8 3.2 -4.7 8 3.0 -5.9 4	2,248.4 207.9 312.9 18.4 88.6 527.0 376.8	2,249.4 212.8 311.6 13.4 92.0 523.2 375.3	1.0 4.9 -1.3 -5.0 3.4 -3.8 -1.5	2,436.9 218.3 324.5 19.3 96.3 575.9 390.9	2,429.0 228.9 327.8 15.7 102.2 571.1 389.8	-7.9 10.6 3.3 -3.6 5.9 -4.8 -1.1
Less; Personal tax and nontax payments	486.6 2,838.7	511.4 3,019.6	512.9 3,013.3	1.5 -6.3	570.3 3,209.7	571.7 3,205.9	1.4 -3.8	590.3 3,471.8	586.6 3,477.8	-3.7 6.0
Less: Personal outlays	2,713.3 125.4	2,898.0 121.7	2,888.5 124.9	-9.5 3.2	3,105.5 104.2	3,104.1 101.8	-1.4 -2.4	3,327.5 144.3	3,333.1 144.7	5.6 .4
Addendum: Personal saving rate (percent)	4.4	4,0	4.1	.1	3.2	3.2	0	4.2	4.2	0

CCAdj Capital consumption adjustment.
IVA Inventory valuation adjustment.
Source: Table 2.1 of the "National Income and Product Accounts Tables."

APPENDIX A.—Revisions in National Income and Product Accounts

Account 3.—Government Receipts and Expenditures Account

[Billions of dollars]

			1986			1987		1988			
	1985	Previously published	Revised	Revision	Previously published	Revised	Revision	Previously published	Revised	Revision	
Federal: Receipts	788.7	828.3	827.9	-0.4	916.5	911.4	-5.1	975.2	972.4	-2.8	
	985.6	1,033.9	1,034.8	.9	1,074.2	1,072.8	-1.4	1,117.6	1,118.3	.7	
	–196.9	-205.6	-206.9	-1.3	-157.8	-161.4	-3.6	-142.3	-145.8	-3.5	
State and local: Receipts. Expenditures. Surplus or deficit (-), national income and product accounts. Social insurance funds. Other funds	581.8	623.0	626.3	3.3	655.7	656.1	.4	703.1	701.6	-1.5	
	516.7	561.9	563.5	1.6	602.8	604.8	2.0	647.9	651.9	4.0	
	65.1	61.2	62.8	1.6	52.9	51.3	-1.6	55.2	49.7	-5.5	
	51.3	56.2	57.2	1.0	62.1	63.7	1.6	68.5	71.1	2.6	
	13.8	5.0	5.6	.6	-9.2	-12.4	-3.2	-13.3	-21.4	-8.1	

Source: Tables 3.2 and 3.3 of the "National Income and Product Accounts Tables."

Account 4.—Foreign Transactions Account

[Billions of dollars]

			1986			1987				
	1985	Previously published	Revised	Revision	Previously published	Revised	Revision	Previously published	Revised	Revision
Net exports of goods and services	-78.0	104.4	-97.4	7.0	-123.0	-112.6	10.4	-94.6	-73.7	20.9
Merchandise, net	-120.1 220.8 340.9 40.8 89.7 48.9 1.4 60.5 59.1	-142.7 225.0 367.7 34.9 87.5 52.6 3.4 65.9 62.5	-143.4 224.4 367.8 34.4 87.1 52.7 11.5 84.9 73.4	7 6 .1 5 4 .1 8.1 19.0 10.9	-158.2 254.8 413.0 29.5 96.1 66.6 5.7 77.2 71.5	-157.3 255.1 412.4 30.5 96.6 66.1 14.3 97.0 82.7	.9 .3 ~.6 1.0 .5 ~.5 8.6 19.8 11.2	-128.1 321.6 449.7 24.9 111.9 87.0 8.6 86.3 77.7	-127.0 322.0 449.0 33.3 116.7 83.4 20.0 108.9 88.9	1.1 .4 7 8.4 4.8 -3.6 11.4 22.6 11.2
Less: Capital grants, transfer payments, and net interest paid by government to foreigners	36.4	38.0	38.5	.5	37.6	38.4	.8	41.6	43.8	2.2
Equals: Net foreign investment	114.4	-142.4	-135.8	6.6	-160.6	-150.9	9.7	-136.2	-117.5	18.7

Source: Table 4.1 of the "National Income and Product Accounts Tables."

Account 5.—Gross Saving and Investment Account

[Billions of dollars]

			1986			1987		1988				
	1985	Previously published	Revised	Revision	Previously published	Revised	Revision	Previously published	Revised	Revision		
Gross saving	533.5	537.2	525.3	-11.9	560.4	553.8	-6.6	644.6	642.4	-2.2		
Gross private saving Personal saving Undistributed corporate profits with IVA and CCAdj. Corporate capital consumption allowances with CCAdj. Noncorporate capital consumption allowances with CCAdj. Wage accruats less disbursements.	102.6 268.6 168.7	681.6 121.7 104.1 282.4 173.5	669.5 124.9 84.5 285.9 174.2	-12.1 3.2 -19.6 3.5 .7	665.3 104.2 81.1 297.5 182.5	663.8 101.8 75.3 303.1 183.6	-1.5 2.4 5.8 5.6 1.1	731.8 144.3 81.1 315.7 190.6 0	738.6 144.7 80.3 321.7 191.9	6.8 .4 8 6.0 1.3		
Government surplus or deficit (-), national income and product accounts	-131.8	-144.4	144.1	.3	-104.9	-110.1	-5.2	87.2	-96.1	-8.9		
Capital grants received by the United States (net)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Gross investment	528.7	523.6	523.6	0	552.3	549.0	~3.3	630.3	632.8	2.5		
Gross private domestic investment	643.1 -114.4	665.9 -142.4	659.4 135.8	-6.5 6.6	712.9 -160.6	699.9 - 150.9	-13.0 9.7	766.5 -136.2	750.3 117.5	-16.2 18.7		
Statistical discrepancy	-4.8	-13.6	-1.8	11.8	-8.1	-4.7	3.4	-14.3	-9.6	4.7		

CCAdj Capital consumption adjustment.
IVA Inventory valuation adjustment.
Source: Table 5.1 of the "National Income and Product Accounts Tables."

APPENDIX B.—Summary National Income and Product Accounts, 1988

Account 1.—National Income and Product Account

[Billions of dollars]

Line			Line		
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	Compensation of employees Wages and salaries	2,429.0 2,429.0 0 478.6 249.7 228.9 327.8 15.7 328.6 306.8 137.9 168.9 110.4 58.5 -25.0 46.8	27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45	Personal consumption expenditures (2-3) Durable goods Nondurable goods Services Gross private domestic investment (5-1) Fixed investment Nonresidential Structures Producers' durable equipment Residential Change in business inventories Net exports of goods and services Exports (4-1) Imports (4-3) Government purchases of goods and services (3-1) Federal National defense Nondefense	455.2 1,052.3 1,727.6 750.3 719.6 487.2 140.3 346.8 232.4 30.6 -73.7 547.7 621.3 968.9 381.3 298.0 83.3
18 19	Net interest (2-15)		43	State and local	587.6
20 21 22 23	Business transfer payments (2-20) Indirect business tax and nontax liability (3-18)	29.0 393.5 18.5 4,376.7			
24	Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment (5-9)				
25	Charges against gross national product	4,890.2			
26	Statistical discrepancy (5-12)	- 9.6		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT	4,880.6		GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT	4,880.6

Account 2.—Personal Income and Outlay Account

Line			Line		
1	Personal tax and nontax payments (3-16)	586.6	7	Wage and salary disbursements (1-3)	2,429.0
2	Personal outlays	3,333.1	8	Other labor income (1-7)	228.9
3	Personal consumption expenditures (1-27)	3,235.1	9	Proprietors' income with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments (1-8)	327.8
4	Interest paid by consumers to business (2-18)	96.1	10	Rental income of persons with capital consumption adjustment (1-9)	15.7
5 6	Personal transfer payments to foreigners (net) (4-5) Personal saving (5-3)	1.9 144.7	11 12 13	Personal dividend income	110,4
			14 15 16 17 18	Personal interest income	392.9 204.7
			19 20 21	Transfer payments to persons	29.0
			22	Less: Personal contributions for social insurance (3-21)	194.9
	PERSONAL TAXES, OUTLAYS, AND SAVING	4,064.5		PERSONAL INCOME	4,064.5

APPENDIX B.—Summary National Income and Product Accounts, 1988

Account 3.—Government Receipts and Expenditures Account

[Billions of dollars]

Line			Line		
1	Purchases of goods and services (1-41)	968.9	16	Personal tax and nontax payments (2-1)	586.6
2	Transfer payments	568.6	17	Corporate profits tax liability (1-12)	137.9
4	Transfer payments To persons (2-21)	555.7 12.9	18	Indirect business tax and nontax liability (1-21)	393.5
5 6 7 8 9	Net interest paid Interest paid To persons and business (2-16) To foreigners (4-7) Less: Interest received by government (2-17)	111.1 233.7 204.7 29.1 122.6	19 20 21	Contributions for social insurance Employer (1-6) Personal (2-22)	444.6 249.7 194.9
10	Less: Dividends received by government (2-13)	8.3			
11	Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises (1-22)	18.5			
12	Less: Wage accruals less disbursements (1-4)	0			
13 14 15	Surplus or deficit (-), national income and product accounts (5-10)	-96.1 -145.8 49.7	and described to the second		
	GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURES AND SURPLUS	1,562.7		GOVERNMENT RECEIPTS	1,562.7

Account 4.—Foreign Transactions Account

[Billions of dollars]

Line			Line		
1	Exports of goods and services (1-39)	547.7	3	Imports of goods and services (1-40)	621.3
2	Capital grants received by the United States (net) (5-11)	0	4 5 6	Transfer payments to foreigners (net) From persons (net) (2-5) From government (net) (3-4)	14.7 1.9 12.9
			7	Interest paid by government to foreigners (3-8)	29.1
			8	Net foreign investment (5-2)	-117.5
	RECEIPTS FROM FOREIGNERS	547.7		PAYMENTS TO FOREIGNERS	547.7

Account 5.—Gross Saving and Investment Account

[Billions of dollars]

Line			Line		
1	Gross private domestic investment (1-31)	750.3	3	Personal saving (2-6)	144.7
2	Net foreign investment (4-8)	-117.5	4	Wage accruals less disbursements (1-4)	0
			5 6 7 8	Undistributed corporate profits with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments Undistributed corporate profits (1-15)	80.3 58.5 -25.0 46.8
			9	Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment (1-24)	513.6
			10	Government surplus or deficit (-), national income and product accounts (3-13)	-96.1
			11	Capital grants received by the United States (net) (4-2)	0
			12	Statistical discrepancy (1-26)	-9.6
	GROSS INVESTMENT	632.8		GROSS SAVING AND STATISTICAL DISCREPANCY	632.8

Note.—Numbers in parentheses indicate accounts and items of counterentry in the accounts. For example, the counterentry for wage and salary disbursements, (2-7), is in account 2, line 7.

National Income and Product Accounts Tables

Revised estimates for 1986 through the first quarter of 1989 and advance estimates for the second quarter of 1988 are shown in the tables that follow. Estimates shown for 1985 are now revised. Estimates for 1983, 1984, and 1985 appeared in the July 1986, 1987, and 1988 issues, respectively, of the Survey of Current Business. Estimates for 1929-82 appeared in The National Income and Product Accounts of the United States, 1929-82: Statistical Tables (available from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402: Stock No.

003-010-00174-7, price \$23.00).

The tables contain annual, quarterly, and monthly estimates, indicated as follows:

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Data Availability

The revised estimates, along with the estimates for 1985 and earlier years, are available on diskette and on magnetic tape. To obtain an order form indicating the technical specifications of the diskettes and tapes and their cost, write to the National Income and Wealth Division (BE-54), Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington DC 20230 or call (202) 523–0669.

1. National Product and Income

Table 1.1.—Gross National Product

[Billions of dollars]

						Seasonally adjusted at annual rates														
	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988	1985	985 1986					19	87			19	88		1989	
						IV	I	Ц	III	IV	I	II	Ш	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II
Gross national product	1	4,014.9	4,231.6	4,524.3	4,880.6	4,107.9	4,181.3	4,194.7	4,253.3	4,297.3	4,388.8	4,475.9	4,566.6	4,665.8	4,739.8	4,838.5	4,926.9	5,017.3	5,113.1	5,194,9
Personal consumption expenditures 1	2	2,629.0	2,797.4	3,010.8	3,235.1	2,700.4	2,734.3	2,761.0	2,826.0	2,868.5	2,914.7	2,989.4	3,055.9	3,083.3	3,148.1	3,204.9	3,263.4	3,324.0	3,381.4	3,437.9
Durable goods	4	372.2 911.2 1,345.6	406.0 942.0 1,449.5	421.0 998.1 1,591.7	455.2 1,052.3 1,727.6	373.2 932.7 1,394.5	381.8 939.0 1,413.4	393.6 935.4 1,432.0	426.4 941.4 1,458.2	422.0 952.1 1,494.4	401.2 976.4 1,537.1	419.2 994.3 1,575.8	439.3 1,006.0 1,610.6	1,015.4	446.4 1,022.2 1,679.5	454.6 1,042.4 1,707.9	452.5 1,066.2 1,744.7	467.4 1,078.4 1,778.2	466.4 1,098.3 1,816.7	470.3 1,116.6 1,851.0
Gross private domestic investment	6	643.1	659.4	699.9	750.3	654.1	683.8	657.2	647.7	648.8	673.1	684.1	692.8	749.7	728.8	748.4	771.1	752.8	769.6	777.9
Fixed investment	8 9 10 11 12 13	631.8 442.9 153.2 289.7 188.8 11.3 14.6 -3.3	652.5 435.2 139.0 296.2 217.3 6.9 8.6 -1.8	670.6 444.3 133.8 310.5 226.4 29.3 30.5 -1.3	719.6 487.2 140.3 346.8 232.4 30.6 34.2 -3.6	646.8 451.3 155.9 295.5 195.5 7.2 23.7 -16.5	643.1 439.3 150.8 288.5 203.9 40.7 38.0 2.7	651.8 434.5 138.1 296.5 217.3 5.4 9.1 -3.7	654.2 431.2 133.6 297.6 223.0 -6.4 -4.6 -1.9	660.9 435.8 133.7 302.2 225.1 -12.2 -8.0 -4.2	647.7 423.9 129.4 294.5 223.8 25.4 26.0 6	665.3 437.5 129.5 308.0 227.9 18.8 20.8 -2.0	683.2 457.0 137.3 319.8 226.2 9.5 14.0 -4.5	686.3 458.6 138.9 319.7 227.7 63.3 61.3 2.1	698.7 472.7 137.1 335.6 226.1 30.0 24.2 5.8	719.1 487.1 139.9 347.2 232.1 29.3 30.4 -1.1	726.5 493.2 142.0 351.3 233.2 44.6 41.5 3.1	734.1 495.8 142.5 353.3 238.4 18.7 40.8 -22.2	742.0 503.1 144.7 358.5 238.8 27.7 19.1 8.6	745.5 511.5 142.6 368.9 234.0 32.4 25.3 7.1
Net exports of goods and services 1	15	~78.0	-97.4	-112.6	-73.7	-103.2	-87.1	-92.7	-100.8	-108.9	-106.0	-114.4	-115.3	-114.6	-82.8	-74.9	-66.2	-70.8	-54.0	-52.4
Exports 1Imports 1		370.9 448.9	396.5 493.8	448.6 561.2	547.7 621.3	369.2 472.4	395.5 482.7	390.7 483.4	397.3 498.0	402.4 511.3	416.5 522.5	437.4 551.8	458.0 573.4	482.6 597.2	521.6 604.3	532.5 607.5	556.8 623.0	579.7 650.5	605.6 659.6	625.2 677.5
Government purchases of goods and services	18	820.8	872.2	926.1	968.9	856.7	850.3	869.3	880.3	888.9	906.9	916.8	933.2	947.5	945.7	960.1	958.6	1,011.4	1,016.0	1,031.4
Federal National defense Nondefense State and local	21	355.2 259.1 96.0 465.6	366.5 277.8 88.7 505.7	381.6 294.8 86.8 544.5	381.3 298.0 83.3 587.6	376.6 268.6 108.0 480.1	358.5 266.8 91.7 491.8	368.7 277.1 91.6 500.6	369.9 286.5 83.4 510.4	368.8 280.7 88.1 520.1	375.6 288.0 87.5 531.4	378.2 294.0 84.2 538.6	384.5 300.2 84.3 548.7	388.1 296.8 91.3 559.4	374.1 297.4 76.7 571.6	377.1 298.0 79.1 583.0	367.5 296.1 71.4 591.0	406.4 300.5 105.9 604.9	399.0 298.7 100.4 617.0	403.9 302.4 101.5 627.5

See the box on page 21 of the July 1989 SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS.
 NOTE.—Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.

Table 1.2.—Gross National Product in Constant Dollars

[Billions of 1982 dollars]

					Seasonally adjusted at annual rates															
	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988	1985		19	86			19	87			19	88		19	89
						IV	I	П	ш	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	Ш	IV	ī	11
Gross national product	1	3,618.7	3,717.9	3,853.7	4,024.4	3,662.4	3,721.1	3,704.6	3,712.4	3,733.6	3,783.0	3,823.5	3,872.8	3,935.6	3,974.8	4,010.7	4,042.7	4,069.4	4,106.8	4,123.9
Personal consumption expenditures 1	2	2,354.8	2,446.4	2,513.7	2,598.4	2,386.9	2,410.9	2,432.4	2,464.4	2,477.8	2,478.3	2,507.7	2,536.5	2,532.3	2,570.8	2,586.8	2,608.1	2,627.7	2,641.0	2,648.2
Durable goods	4	355.1 847.4 1,152.3	384.4 878.1 1,183.8	389.6 890.4 1,233.7	413.6 904.5 1,280.2	356.4 858.3 1,172.2	363.7 870.1 1,177.1	374.5 879.8 1,178.0	401.9 879.1 1,183.4	397.5 883.5 1,196.8	376.1 887.7 1,214.5	389.3 889.0 1,229.5	403.8 891.8 1,240.9	389.4 892.9 1,250.0	408.4 896.6 1,265.9		410.7 910.3 1,287.0	420.5 912.0 1,295.2	419.3 915.0 1,306.7	423.8 905.8 1,318.5
Gross private domestic investment	6	637.0	639.6	674.0	715.8	648.0	676.1	642.3	625.1	615,2	646,3	656.7	671.7	721.1	707.0	713.5	733.6	709.1	721.1	720.7
Fixed investment	8 9 10 11 12 13	627.9 453.5 149.5 304.0 174.4 9.1 13.4 -4.3	634.1 438.4 130.1 308.3 195.7 5.6 8.0 -2.4	650.3 455.5 122.3 333.2 194.8 23.7 25.8 -2.1	687.9 493.8 122.2 371.6 194.1 27.9 30.7 -2.8	640.4 460.9 149.9 311.1 179.4 7.7 23.2 -15.5	634.2 448.5 144.0 304.5 185.7 41.9 37.4 4.5	635.2 438.7 128.9 309.8 196.5 7.1 10.5 -3.4	631.0 430.9 124.0 306.8 200.1 -5.9 -5.1 8	636.0 435.7 123.4 312.3 200.3 -20.8 -10.9 -9.9	628.2 430.9 120.1 310.7 197.3 18.1 20.3 -2.2	643.4 445.6 117.7 327.9 197.8 13.3 14.5 -1.2	664.9 472.8 125.5 347.3 192.1 6.8 12.9 -6.1	664.6 472.7 125.7 347.0 191.9 56.6 55.6 1.0	672.7 483.6 121.8 361.8 189.1 34.3 28.3 5.9	692.0 497.8 122.5 375.3 194.2 21.5 25.4 -4.0	696.1 501.0 123.0 378.0 195.1 37.5 37.2	690.8 492.7 121.4 371.3 198.1 18.3 31.9 -13.6	696.6 501.0 121.1 379.9 195.6 24.5 16.9 7.6	698.8 510.2 118.0 392.2 188.6 22.0 19.6 2.4
Net exports of goods and services 1	15	-104.3	-129.7	-115.7	-74.9	125.3	-110.0	-131.2	-142.3	-135.4	-118.2	-115.9	-118.9	-109.8	-78.2	-72.6	-74.9	-73.8	-55.0	-52.6
Exports ¹		367.2 471.4	397.1 526.9	450.9 566.6	530,1 605.0	367.4 492.6	392.9 502.9	389.6 520.7	399.6 541.9	406.5 541.9	418.7 536.9	439.5 555.4	461.3 580.2	484.1 593.9	517.4 595.6	519.7 592.3	531.9 606.9	551.4 625.2	569.7 624.6	585.1 637.7
Government purchases of goods and services	18	731.2	761.6	781.8	785.1	752,7	744.1	761.2	765.2	776.0	776.6	774.9	783.5	792.1	775.1	783.0	775.9	806.4	799.7	807.6
Federal National defense Nondefense State and local	19 20 21 22	326.0 237.2 88.8 405.2	334.1 252.1 82.0 427.5	339.6 265.2 74.4 442.1	328.9 261.5 67.4 456.2	340.6 241.4 99.2 412.1	324.4 241.2 83.3 419.6	335.4 251.4 84.1 425.7	334.2 260.0 74.2 430.9	86.6	338.1 259.0 79.1 438.5	334.7 264.6 70.1 440.1	340.7 270.6 70.1 442.8	344.9 266.7 78.2 447.2	323.8 263.0 60.8 451.3	327.9 262.5 65.4 455.1	319.8 258.8 61.0 456.1	343.9 261.6 82.3 462.5	335.5 254.4 81.1 464.2	341.3 256.1 85.1 466.3

See the box on page 21 of the July 1989 SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS.
 NOTE.—Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.

Table 1.3.—Gross National Product by Major Type of Product

[Billions of dollars]

											Seas	onally ac	ljusted at	annual :	rates					
	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988	1985		19	86			19	87			19	88		19	89
						IV	I	II	Ш	ΙV	I	II	Ш	IV	I	Ħ	III	IV	I	II.
Gross national product	1	4,014.9	4,231.6	4,524.3	4,880.6	4,107.9	4,181.3	4,194.7	4,253.3	4,297.3	4,388.8	4,475.9	4,566.6	4,665.8	4,739.8	4,838.5	4,926.9	5,017.3	5,113.1	5,194.9
Final salesChange in business inventories		4,003.6 11.3		4,495.0 29.3				4,189.3 5.4				4,457.1 18.8								
Goods	4	1,641.2	1,686.7	1,785.2	1,931.9	1,657.4	1,689.0	1,673.6	1,689.7	1,694.5	1,727.9	1,761.1	1,799.8	1,851.8	1,867.0	1,917.4	1,955.8	1,987.4	2,030.9	2,074.3
Final salesChange in business inventories	5 6	1,629.9 11.3	1,679.8 6.9	1,755.9 29.3	1,901.3 30.6			1,668.2 5.4	1,696.1 -6.4	1,706.6 -12.2	1,702.5 25.4	1,742.3 18.8		1,788.4 63.3			1,911.2 44.6			
Durable goods	8	706.6 700.1 6.5	721.8 720.6 1.2	774,3 752,2 22,1	859.1 834.1 25.0	706.5 697.9 8.6	717.5 693.4 24.2	712.6 712.5 .1	735.7 745.5 -9.8	731.1 740.7 -9.6	738.1 717.4 20.7	765.8 747.3 18.4	793.6 788.8 4.8	812.7 768.4 44.3	824.9 815.2 9.7	857.2 840.2 17.0	884.0 842.6 41.4	888.5 856.5 32.0	894.7 872.8 22.0	909.1 896.6 12.5
Nondurable goods Final sales Change in business inventories	11	934.6 929.8 4.9	964.9 959.2 5.7	1,010.9 1,003.7 7.2	1,072.8 1,067.2 5.6	950.9 952.3 1.4	971.5 954.9 16.5	961.0 955.7 5.3	954.0 950.6 3.4	963.3 965.9 -2.6						1,060.2 1,047.9 12.3			1,130.5	1,145.3
Services	13	1,968.3	2,119.3	2,304.5	2,499.2	2,035.7	2,070.5	2,096.9	2,135.7	2,174.2	2,233.7	2,284.3	2,328.7	2,371.4	2,434.2	2,472.3	2,520.3	2,570.0	2,620.8	2,665.1
Structures	14	405.4	425.6	434.6	449.5	414.8	421.7	424.2	427.9	428.6	427.2	430.5	438.1	442.6	438.6	448.8	450.8	459.9	461.3	455.4

NOTE.—Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.

Table 1.4.—Gross National Product by Major Type of Product in Constant Dollars

[Billions of 1982 dollars]

											Seas	onally ac	ijusted at	annual s	rates					
	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988	1985		19	86			19	87			19	88		19	89
						IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	Ш	IV	I	II
Gross national product	1	3,618.7	3,717.9	3,853.7	4,024.4	3,662.4	3,721.1	3,704.6	3,712.4	3,733.6	3,783.0	3,823.5	3,872.8	3,935.6	3,974.8	4,010.7	4,042.7	4,069.4	4,106.8	4,123.9
Final sales		3,609.6 9.1	3,712.4 5.6		3,996.5 27.9			3,697.6 7.1	3,718.3 5.9						3,940.5 34.3				4,082.3 24.5	
Goods	4	1,553.6	1,592.6	1,669.0	1,771.6	1,564.7	1,605.2	1,587.5	1,582.1	1,595.7	1,622.6	1,645.9	1,679.1	1,728.5	1,746.7	1,767.9	1,782.3	1,789.4	1,823.2	1,837.1
Final salesChange in business inventories		1,544.5 9.1	1,587.1 5.6	1,645.3 23.7	1,743.7 27.9	1,557.0 7.7	1,563.3 41.9	1,580.4 7.1	1,588.0 -5.9	1,616.5 -20.8	1,604.4 18.1	1,632.6 13.3	1,672.3 6.8	1,671.9 56.6	1,712.4 34.3	1,746.5 21.5	1,744.8 37.5		1,798.7 24.5	1,815.1 22.0
Durable goods	8	691.7 686.1 5.6	719.5 718.6 .9		883.6 860.9 22.7	695.0 687.7 7.3	712.0 689.8 22.2	708.5 709.0 4	727.7 737.0 -9.3	729.6 738.6 -9.0	741.8 723.9 17.9	776.6 760.3 16.3	810.5 806.1 4.4	831.7 791.9 39.7	850.8 840.9 9.9	882.2 866.8 15.3	900.8 863.4 37.3	900.5 872.4 28.1	902.3 884.2 18.1	915.6 905.2 10.3
Nondurable goodsFinal sales	11	861.9 858.4 3.5	873.2 868.5 4.7	878.8 874.7 4.1	888.0 882.8 5.2	869.8 869.4 .4	893.2 873.5 19.7	879.0 871.4 7.5	854.4 851.0 3.4	866.1 877.9 -11.8	880.7 880.5 .2	869.3 872.3 -3.0	868.5 866.2 2.3	896.8 880.0 16.8	895.8 871.5 24.3	885.8 879.7 6.1	881.5 881.4 .1	888.9 898.6 -9.7	920.9 914.5 6.4	921.5 909.9 11.7
Services	13	1,684.3	1,738.9	1,803.7	1,873.5	1,712.5	1,727.2	1,731.2	1,743.9	1,753.1	1,778.7	1,798.7	1,812.2	1,825.0	1,854.1	1,862.5	1,880.8	1,896.7	1,905.1	1,918.5
Structures	14	380.8	386.4	381.1	379.3	385.2	388.7	385.9	386.4	384.8	381.8	378.9	381.5	382.1	374.0	380.2	379.6	383.3	378.5	368.3

NOTE.—Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.

Table 1.5.—Relation of Gross National Product, Gross Domestic Purchases, and Final Sales to Domestic Purchasers

											Seas	onally a	ijusted a	annual 1	ates					
	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988	1985		19	86			19	87			19	88		19	989
						IV	I	11	m	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	Ш	IV	I	II
Gross national product	1	4,014.9	4,231.6	4,524.3	4,880.6	4,107.9	4,181.3	4,194.7	4,253.3	4,297.3	4,388.8	4,475.9	4,566.6	4,665.8	4,739.8	4,838.5	4,926.9	5,017.3	5,113.1	5,194.9
Less: Exports of goods and services I	2 3	370.9 448.9		448.6 561.2		369.2 472.4	395.5 482.7	390.7 483.4	397.3 498.0	402.4 511.3	416.5 522.5	437.4 551.8	458.0 573.4	482.6 597.2	521.6 604.3	532.5 607.5	556.8 623.0	579.7 650.5	605.6 659.6	625.2 677.5
Equals: Gross domestic purchases 2	4	4,092.8	4,329.0	4,636.8	4,954.3	4,211.2	4,268.4	4,287.5	4,354.1	4,406.2	4,494.8	4,590.3	4,681.9	4,780.4	4,822.5	4,913.4	4,993.1	5,088.1	5,167.1	5,247.2
Less: Change in business inventories	5	11.3	6.9	29.3	30.6	7.2	40.7	5.4	-6.4	-12.2	25.4	18.8	9.5	63.3	30.0	29.3	44.6	18.7	27.7	32.4
Equals: Final sales to domestic purchasers 3	6	4,081.5	4,322.1	4,607.6	4,923.7	4,203.9	4,227.7	4,282.1	4,360.5	4,418.3	4,469.4	4,571.5	4,672.4	4,717.1	4,792.5	4,884.1	4,948.5	5,069.5	5,139.4	5,214.8

See the box on page 21 of the July 1989 SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS.
 Purchases in the United States of goods and services wherever produced.
 Final sales in the United States of goods and services wherever produced.
 NOTE.—Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.

Table 1.6.—Relation of Gross National Product, Gross Domestic Purchases, and Final Sales to Domestic Purchasers in Constant Dollars [Billions of 1982 dollars]

											Seas	onally ac	ljusted at	annual i	ates					
	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988 1985 1986							19	87			19	88		19	89
						IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	П	111	IV	I	li
Gross national product	1	3,618.7	3,717.9	3,853.7	4,024.4	3,662.4	3,721.1	3,704.6	3,712.4	3,733.6	3,783.0	3,823.5	3,872.8	3,935.6	3,974.8	4,010.7	4,042.7	4,069.4	4,106.8	4,123.9
Less: Exports of goods and services ¹	2 3	367.2 471.4		450.9 566.6		367.4 492.6	392.9 502.9	389.6 520.7	399.6 541.9	406.5 541.9	418.7 536.9	439.5 555.4	461.3 580.2	484.1 593.9	517.4 595.6	519.7 592.3	531.9 606.9	551.4 625.2	569.7 624.6	585.1 637.7
Equals: Gross domestic purchases 2	4	3,723.0	3,847.6	3,969.4	4,099.3	3,787.6	3,831.0	3,835.8	3,854.7	3,869.0	3,901.2	3,939.3	3,991.7	4,045.5	4,052.9	4,083.3	4,117.6	4,143.2	4,161.8	4,176.5
Less: Change in business inventories	5	9.1	5.6	23.7	27.9	7.7	41.9	7.1	-5.9	-20.8	18.1	13.3	6.8	56.6	34.3	21.5	37.5	18.3	24.5	22.0
Equals: Final sales to domestic purchasers 3	6	3,713.9	3,842.1	3,945.8	4,071.4	3,779.9	3,789.1	3,828.7	3,860.6	3,889.8	3,883.1	3,926.0	3,984.9	3,988.9	4,018.7	4,061.8	4,080.1	4,124.9	4,137.3	4,154.6

- See the box on page 21 of the July 1989 SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS.
 Purchases in the United States of goods and services wherever produced.
 Final sales in the United States of goods and services wherever produced.
 Note.—Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.

Table 1.7.—Gross National Product by Sector

											Seas	onally ac	ljusted at	annual 1	rates					
	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988	1985		19	86			19	87			19	88		19	89
						ΙV	I	П	III	IV	I	II	m	IV	I	II	ш	IV	I	II
Gross national product	1	4,014.9	4,231.6	4,524.3	4,880.6	4,107.9	4,181.3	4,194.7	4,253.3	4,297.3	4,388.8	4,475.9	4,566.6	4,665.8	4,739.8	4,838.5	4,926.9	5,017.3	5,113.1	5,194.9
Gross domestic product	2	3,974.1	4,197.2	4,493.8	4,847.3	4,065.9	4,140.9	4,162.4	4,217.7	4,267.9	4,356.9	4,446.9	4,537.0	4,634.3	4,703.3	4,808.4	4,894.7	4,982.9	5,078.5	5,159.3
Business	4 5 6 7	3,342.2	3,525.9	3,779.5	4,087.1 3,685.6	3,422.4 3,095.6 326.8 76.2	3,481.0	3,492.5	3,543.1	3,587.1	3,657.4	3,734.8	3,821.8	3,903.8	3,960.6	4,121.2 4,042.5 3,645.3 397.2 78.8 1	4,119.6	4,225.5	4,280.0 3,862.7 417.2 91.3	4,348.9 3,925.4 423.5 90.5
Households and institutions	10	142.3 9.0 133.3	153.5 9.1 144.5	169.3 9.2 160.1	188.0 9.4 178.7	146.6 9.0 137.6	149.3 9.0 140.3	152.0 9.1 143.0	154.9 9.1 145.8	157.9 9.2 148.7	161.4 9.2 152.3	166.5 9.2 157.3	172.3 9.2 163.1	177.1 9.2 167.9	180.7 9.3 171.4	185.1 9.3 175.8	190.8 9,4 181.4	195.5 9.5 186.0	201.2 9.5 191.7	207.1 9.0 197.5
Government Federal State and Iocal	13	419.0 140.2 278.8	443.8 143.5 300.3		505.8 159.3 346.5	428.6 142.4 286.2	434.2 142.7 291.5	440.3 143.2 297.1	446.2 143.6 302.6	454.4 144.6 309.8	462.9 148.9 314.0	469.7 150.5 319.2	475.9 151.2 324.7	483.3 152.8 330.5	495.5 158.0 337.5	502.1 158.7 343.5	509.2 159.8 349.4	516.3 160.8 355.5	530.1 168.3 361.8	
Rest of the world	15	40.7	34.4	30.5	33.3	42.0	40.3	32.3	35.7	29.4	31.9	28.9	29.6	31.5	36.5	30.0	32.3	34.5	34.5	35.
Addendum:		l																		
Gross domestic business product less housing	16	3,088.9	3,248.9	3,472.2	3,744.3			••••••		************							••••••	•••••		

Note,-Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.

Table 1.8.—Gross National Product by Sector in Constant Dollars

[Billions of 1982 dollars]

											Seas	onally a	ljusted at	annual s	rates					
	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988	1985		19	86			19	87			19	88		19	89
						IV	I	11	Ш	IV	I	п	Ш	IV	I	п	III	IV	I	11
Gross national product	1	3,618.7	3,717.9	3,853.7	4,024.4	3,662.4	3,721.1	3,704.6	3,712.4	3,733.6	3,783.0	3,823.5	3,872.8	3,935.6	3,974.8	4,010.7	4,042.7	4,069.4	4,106.8	4,123.9
Gross domestic product	2	3,581.9	3,687.4	3,827.2	3,996.3	3,624.7	3,685.0	3,675.8	3,681.0	3,707.7	3,755.0	3,798.2	3,847.0	3,908.3	3,943.5	3,985.1	4,015.6	4,040.8	4,078.5	4,095.1
Business Nonfarm Nonfarm less housing Housing Farm Statistical discrepancy	4 5 6 7	3,028.1	3,115.7 2,843.3	3,249.6 2,967.8 281.8 83.4	3,418.2 3,127.9	3,066.2 2,797.5 268.8 82.5	3,114.0 2,844.1	3,102.6	3,108.9	3,137.2	3,176.5	3,222.7	3,346.8 3,273.0 2,989.8 283.2 82.9 -9.1	3,326.1	3,364.2	3,398.8 3,109.2	3,435.5 3,144.3	3,474.2 3,181.7 292.5	3,494.5	3.510.0
Households and institutions	10	121.3 8.8 112.4	125.7 8.8 116.9	128.6 8.8 119.9	137.3 8.8 128.4	123.2 8.8 114.4	124.3 8.7 115.6	126.0 8.8 117.2	126.1 8.8 117.3	126.3 8.8 117.5	126.4 8.8 117.6	127.5 8.8 118.7	129.7 8.8 120.9	131.1 8.8 122.3	133.5 8.8 124.7	136.0 8.8 127.2	139.0 8.9 130.2	140.5 8.9 131.6	142.7 8.9 133.8	145.2 8.9 136.3
Government	13	357.4 122.3 235.0	363.5 122.6 240.8	369.6 123.6 246.0	125.2	359.9 122.5 237.4	360.9 122.3 238.6	362.4 122.4 240.0	364.3 122.6 241.6	366.3 123.2 243.1	367.0 122.9 244.1	368.8 123.3 245.5	370.5 123.9 246.6	372.2 124.4 247.9	374.0 124.9 249.1	375.0 124.7 250.3	376.8 125.3 251.5	378.6 126.0 252.7		381.2 126.5 254.7
Rest of the world	15	36.9	30.5	26.6	28.1	37.6	36.1	28.8	31.3	25.9	28.0	25.3	25.8	27.3	31.3	25.6	27.1	28.5	28.3	28.8
Addendum:		}		ŀ														ļ		
Gross domestic business product less housing	16	2,828.4	2,916.7	3,038.0	3,183.7									••••••			•••••		•••••	

Note.—Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.

Table 1.9.—Relation of Gross National Product, Net National Product, National Income, and Personal Income

											Seas	onally a	ljusted at	annual	rates					
•	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988	1985		19	86			19	87			19	88		19	89
						IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	Ш	IV	I	11	Ш	ΙV	I	II
Gross national product	1	4,014.9	4,231.6	4,524.3	4,880.6	4,107.9	4,181.3	4,194.7	4,253.3	4,297.3	4,388.8	4,475.9	4,566.6	4,665.8	4,739.8	4,838.5	4,926.9	5,017.3	5,113.1	5,194.9
Less: Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment.	2	437.2	460.1	486.7	513.6	446.9	449.4	456.8	463.4	470.8	476.9	483.5	490.6	495.8	504.7	510.2	515.2	524.1	533.0	541.6
Capital consumption allowances without capital consumption adjustment.	3	468.2	491.5	1	526.4	482.5	486.3	490.0	493.2	496.4	500.0	504.3	509.3	514.8	520.3	525.2	528.9	531.3	532.7	533.6
Less: Capital consumption adjustment		31.0		1	12.8	35.6	36.9	33.2	29.8	25.6	23.1	20.8	18.7	18.9	15.6	15.0	13.6	7.1	3	8.0
Equals: Net national product	5	3,577.6	3,771.5	4,037.6	4,367.1	3,661.0	3,731.8	3,738.0	3,789.9	3,826.5	3,911.9	3,992.4	4,076.0	4,170.0	4,235.1	4,328.2	4,411.7	4,493.2	4,580.1	4,653.2
Less: Indirect business tax and nontax liability Business transfer payments	7	333.6 22.0 -4.8	348.9 24.6 -1.8	367.8 26.7 -4.7	393.5 29.0 9.6	338.3 23.0 -7.9	347.4 23.9 2.3	341.9 24.3 2.3	353.4 24.9 -2.1	353.1 25.5 -9.6	357.9 26.3 1.2	364.5 26.6 -2.3	372.1 26.8 -10.5	376.6 27.1 -7.4	384.3 28.0 -13.1	390.1 28.7 1	397.0 29.4 -8.6	402.7 30.1 -16.6	407.7 30.8 -24.1	413.3 31.5
Plus: Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises.	9	7.2	12.8	17.6	18.5	5.3	5.1	25.1	5.5	15.6	24.1	12.8	7.2	26.2	17.6	24.0	11.8	20.4	19.5	15.3
Equals: National income	10	3,234.0	3,412.6	3,665.4	3,972.6	3,312.8	3,363.4	3,394.5	3,419.3	3,473.1	3,550.5	3,616.4	3,694.8	3,799.9	3,853.6	3,933.6	4,005.7	4,097.4	4,185.2	
Less: Corporate profits with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments.	11	282.3	282,1	298.7	328.6	291.4	292.7	280.9	279.7	275.2	279.9	293.7	313.0	308.2	318.1	325.3	330.9	340.2	316.3	
Net interest	13	319.0 354.1 2	325.5 379.2 0	351.7 400.8 0	392.9 444.6 0	322.7 362.1 0	327.9 372.5 0	325.4 376.0 0	324.9 380.5 0	324.0 387.7 0	334.2 392.8 0	347.2 396.8 0	355.3 402.6 .2	370.0 411.0 2	376.6 434.0 0	383.0 441.1 0	396.4 448.2 0	415.7 455.2 0	436.1 469.7 0	458.0 476.1 0
Plus: Government transfer payments to persons Personal interest income Personal dividend income Business transfer payments		467.8 478.0 78.7 22.0	496.8 493.2 85.8 24.6	521.5 523.2 92.0 26.7	555.7 571.1 102.2 29.0	474.5 485.9 79.0 23.0	486.4 493.4 83.0 23.9	493.4 494.4 85.6 24.3	501.8 492.4 86.9 24.9	505.7 492.7 87.7 25.5	512.7 502.1 88.8 26.3	521.0 516.2 90.3 26.6	524.0 527.9 93.2 26.8	528.3 546.5 95.7 27.1	547.8 549.6 98.2 28.0	553.2 560.0 100.4 28.7	558.0 576.3 103.6 29,4	563.7 598.6 106.4 30.1	585.6 629.0 109.4 30.8	594.7 655.1 111.4 31.5
Equals: Personal income	19	3,325.3	3,526.2	3,777.6	4,064.5	3,399.1	3,457.0	3,509.9	3,540.2	3,597.8	3,673.6	3,732.7	3,795.5	3,908.7	3,948.5	4,026.6	4,097.6	4,185.2	4,317.8	4,396.2

Table 1.10.—Relation of Gross National Product, Net National Product, and National Income in Constant Dollars

[Billions of 1982 dollars]

											Sea	sonally a	djusted a	annual i	ates					
	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988	1985		19	86			19	87			19	88		19	189
						IV	I	11	Ш	IV	I	II	Ш	IV	I	II	Ш	IV	Ī	II
Gross national product	1	3,618.7	3,717.9	3,853.7	4,024.4	3,662.4	3,721.1	3,704.6	3,712.4	3,733.6	3,783.0	3,823.5	3,872.8	3,935.6	3,974.8	4,010.7	4,042.7	4,069.4	4,106.8	4,123.9
Less: Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment.	2	426.7	443.4	460.8	480.2	435.3	436.8	441.3	445.7	450.0	454.2	458.6	463.0	467.6	472.4	477.5	482.7	488.1	493.5	498.9
Equals: Net national product	3	3,192.0	3,274.5	3,392.9	3,544.2	3,227.0	3,284.3	3,263.3	3,266.7	3,283.6	3,328.8	3,364.9	3,409.8	3,468.0	3,502.3	3,533.2	3,559.9	3,581.2	3,613.3	3,625.0
Less: Indirect business tax and nontax liability plus business transfer payments less subsidies plus current surplus of government enterprises.	4	299.4	312.1	317.9	327.8	302.7	307.3	310.4	315.5	315.1	313.7	318.0	320.1	319.9	324.3	326.3	329.2	331.2	331.3	330.5
Statistical discrepancy	5	-4.3	-1.6	-4.1	-8.0	-7.1	2.0	2.1	-1.9	-8.5	1.1	-2.0	-9.1	-6.4	-11.2	0	-7.2	-13.7	-19.7	
Equals: National income	6	2,896.9	2,964.0	3,079.0	3,224.5	2,931.5	2,975.0	2,950.8	2,953.0	2,977.0	3,014.0	3,048.9	3,098.7	3,154.4	3,189.2	3,206.9	3,237.9	3,263.7	3,301.6	

Table 1.11.—Command-Basis Gross National Product in Constant Dollars

											Seas	onally a	ljusted a	annual i	rates	4				
	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988	1985		19	86			19	87			19	88		19	989
						IV	I	11	Ш	IV	I	11	Ш	IV	I	II	Ш	IV	ī	II
Gross national product	1	3,618.7	3,717.9	3,853.7	4,024.4	3,662.4	3,721.1	3,704.6	3,712.4	3,733.6	3,783.0	3,823.5	3,872.8	3,935.6	3,974.8	4,010.7	4,042.7	4,069.4	4,106.8	4,123.9
Less: Net exports of goods and services	3	-104.3 367.2 471.4		450.9		367.4	392.9	-131.2 389.6 520.7		406.5	418.7	-115.9 439.5 555.4	~118.9 461.3 580.2	-109.8 484.1 593.9	-78.2 517.4 595.6	-72.6 519.7 592.3	-74,9 531.9 606.9	-73.8 551.4 625.2	569.7	585.1
Equals: Gross domestic purchases	5	3,723.0	3,847.6	3,969.4	4,099.3	3,787.6	3,831.0	3,835.8	3,854.7	3,869.0	3,901.2	3,939.3	3,991.7	4,045.5	4,052.9	4,083.3	4,117.6	4,143.2	4,161.8	4,176.5
Plus: Command-basis net exports of goods and services. Command-basis exports 1	6	-81.9 389.5		-113.6 452.9	l	-107.7 385.0	-90.8 412.1					-115.1 440.2		-113.9 479.9	-81.6 514.0	-73.1 519.3	-64.5 542.4	-68.0 557.2	-51.1 573.5	-49.3 588.4
Imports		471.4	526.9	566.6	605.0	492,6	502.9	520.7	541.9	541.9	536.9	555.4	580.2	593.9	595.6	592.3	606.9	625.2		
Equals: Command-basis gross national product	9	3,641.1	3,743.7	3,855.8	4,027.5	3,680.0	3,740.3	3,735.9	3,745.0	3,753.5	3,792.3	3,824.2	3,875.0	3,931.5	3,971.4	4,010.2	4,053.1	4,075.2	4,110.7	4,127.3
Addendum:		1																	ĺ	
Terms of trade ²	10	106.1	106.5	100.5	100.6	104.8	104.9	108.1	108,2	104,9	102.3	100.1	100.5	99.1	99.3	99.9	101.9	101.1	100.7	100.7

^{1.} Exports of goods and services deflated by the implicit price deflator for imports of goods and services.

2. Ratio of the implicit price deflator for exports of goods and services to the implicit price deflator for imports of goods and services with the decimal point shifted two places to the right. NOTE.—Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.

Table 1.12.—Net National Product and National Income by Sector

Table 1.13.—Net National Product and National Income by Sector in Constant Dollars

	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988
Net national product	ı	3,577.6	3,771.5	4,037.6	4,367.1
Net domestic product	2	3,536.9	3,737.1	4,007.1	4,333.7
Business	3	2,975.6	3,139.8	3,364.8	3,639.9
Nonfarm	5 6 7	2,927.0 2,704.5 222.5 53.4 -4.8	3,087.3 2,840.7 246.6 54.3 -1.8	3,313.7 3,046.0 267.7 55.8 -4.7	3,593.8 3,303.0 290.8 55.8 -9.6
Households and institutions		142.3 419.0	153.5 443.8	169.3 473.0	188.0 505.8
Rest of the world	11	40.7	34.4	30.5	33.3
National income	12	3,234.0	3,412.6	3,665.4	3,972.6
Domestic income	13	3,193.2	3,378.2	3,634.9	3,939.3
Business	14	2,631.9	2,780.8	2,992.6	3,245.5
Nonfarm Nonfarm less housing Housing Farm	16 17	2,575.3 2,406.7 168.6 56.6	2,720.0 2,531.3 188.7 60.8	2,926.1 2,719.3 206.8 66.6	3,181.0 2,956.1 224.9 64.5
Households and institutions		142.3 419.0	153.5 443.8	169.3 473.0	188.0 505.8
Rest of the world	21	40.7	34.4	30.5	33,3

	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988
Net national product	1	3,192.0	3,274.5	3,392.9	3,544.2
Net domestic product	2	3,155.2	3,244.0	3,366.3	3,516.1
Business	3	2,676.6	2,754.8	2,868.0	3,002.7
Nonfarm Nonfarm less housing Housing Farm Statistical discrepancy	5 6 7	2,621.5 2,441.8 179.7 59.4 -4.3	2,691.2 2,506.1 185.1 65.1 -1.6	2,806.7 2,615.1 191.7 65.4 -4.1	2,955.1 2,757.8 197.3 55.6 -8.0
Households and institutions		121.3 357.4	125.7 363.5	128.6 369.6	137,3 376,1
Rest of the world	11	36.9	30.5	26.6	28.1
National income	12	2,896.9	2,964.0	3,079.0	3,224.5
Domestic income	13	2,860.0	2,933.4	3,052.5	3,196.3
Business	14	2,381.4	2,444.3	2,554.2	2,683.0
Nonfarm Nonfarm less housing Housing Farm	16 17	2,322.9 2,190.8 132.1 58.5	2,380.4 2,244.0 136.4 63.9	2,489.9 2,348.7 141.2 64.3	2,628.2 2,482.9 145.3 54.7
Households and institutions	19 20	121.3 357.4	125.7 363.5	128.6 369.6	137.3 376.1
Rest of the world	21	36.9	30.5	26.6	28.1

SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

Table 1.14.—National Income by Type of Income

											Seas	sonally a	ljusted a	t annual i	rates					
	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988	1985		19	86			19	87			19	88	•••	19	989
						IV	I	II	Ш	ΙV	I	И	III	IV	I	11	III	IV	1	ii.
National income	1	3,234.0	3,412.6	3,665.4	3,972.6	3,312.8	3,363.4	3,394.5	3,419.3	3,473.1	3,550.5	3,616.4	3,694.8	3,799.9	3,853.6	3,933.6	4,005.7	4,097.4	4,185.2	
Compensation of employees	2	2,367.5	2,511.4	2,690.0	2,907.6	2,426.7	2,463.8	2,487.2	2,523.3	2,571.2	2,615.0	2,656.6	2,709.8	2,778.7	2,819.4	2,878.9	2,935.1	2,997.2	3,061.7	3,115.7
Wages and salaries	3 4 5	1,975.2 371.8 1,603.4	2,094.8 393.7 1,701.1	2,249.4 419.2 1,830.1	2,429.0 446.5 1,982.5	2,027.4 380.3 1,647.1	2,056.9 385.5 1,671.4	2,074.8 391.0 1,683.9	2,104.3 396.5 1,707.9	2,143.1 401.9 1,741.3	2,184.4 410.2 1,774.1	2,220.6 415.7 1,804.9	2,266.6 422.2 1,844.4	2,325.9 428.8 1,897.1	2,353.4 437.0 1,916.4	2,405.4 443.1 1,962.3	2,452.2 449.6 2,002.6	2,505.1 456.3 2,048.9	2,560.7 466.9 2,093.8	
Supplements to wages and salaries Employer contributions for social insurance Other labor income	6 7 8	392.4 204.8 187.6	416.6 217.3 199,3	440.7 227.8 212.8	478.6 249.7 228.9	399.3 209.5 189.7	406.9 213.2 193.7	412.4 215.2 197.2	419.0 217.8 201.2	428.1 223.1 205.0	430.7 223.0 207.6	436.0 225.5 210.5	443.2 228.9 214.3	452.8 233.9 218.8	466.0 243.7 222.3	473.5 247.7 225.9	482.9 251.8 231.1	492.0 255.6 236.5	501.0 259.7 241.3	263.2
Proprietors' income with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments.	9	255.9	282.0	311.6	327.8	264.2	269.4	289.5	279,7	289.2	306.7	305.8	305.2	328.7	324.0	331.8	327.0	328.3	359.3	355.1
Farm Proprietors' income with inventory valuation adjustment.	10 11	30.2 38.9	34.7 43.1	41.6 49.6	39.8 47.3	29.2 37.8	26.2 34.9	44.3 52.7	31.2 39.5	37.2 45.3	44.4 52.5	39.8 47.9	33.6 41.7	48.4 56.3	44.0 51.9	45.4 53.0	37.7 45.0	32.0 39.2	59.0 66.2	52.6 59.8
	12	-8.7	-8.4	-8.0	-7.5	-8.6	-8.6	8.4	8.3	-8.1	-8.1	-8.1	-8.0	-7.9	-7.9	-7.7	-7.4	-7.2	-7.2	-7.2
	13 14 15 16	225.6 194.6 2 31.2	247.2 210.0 2 37.4	270.0 238.9 -1.0 32.2	288.0 259.2 -1.5 30.3	235.0 201.1 3 34.2	243.2 206.7 1 36.6	245.2 207.6 3 37.9	248.5 210.4 0 38.1	252.0 215.5 3 36.8	262.3 227.7 1 34.7	266.0 234.6 -1.1 32.5	271.6 241.7 -1.1 30.9	280.3 251.5 -1.7 30.5	279.9 250.9 -1.3 30.3	286.5 257.8 -1.8 30.5	289.3 260.4 1.6 30.5	296.3 267.8 1.3 29.8	300.3 274.4 -2.5 28.5	302.6 277.3 -2.0 27.3
Rental income of persons with capital consumption adjustment.	17	9.2	11.6	13.4	15.7	7.8	9.6	11.5	11.7	13.5	14.7	13.0	11.5	14.3	15.6	14.6	16.3	16.1	11.8	8.7
Rental income of persons	18 19	54.2 -45.0	56.5 45.0	61.2 -47.9	65.4 -49.8	54.5 46.7	54.0 -44.3	56.2 -44.7	56.8 -45.1	59.1 -45.6	60.9 -46.2	60.2 -47.2	60.3 -48.9	63.6 - 49.3	65.4 49.8	64.3 -49.7	65.8 -49.6	66.1 -49.9	62.9 -51.1	61.3 -52.7
Corporate profits with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments.	20	282.3	282,1	298.7	328.6	291.4	292.7	280.9	279.7	275.2	279.9	293.7	313.0	308.2	318.1	325.3	330.9	340.2	316.3	
Corporate profits with inventory valuation adjustment.	21	222.6	228.3	247.8	281.8	228.4	233.0	226.0	228.1	226.1	230.5	243.4	261.5	255.8	268.1	276.4	284.1	298.7	279.7	
Profits tax liability Profits after tax	22 23 24 25 26	224.3 96.4 127.8 83.3 44.6	221.6 106.3 115.3 91.3 24.0	266.7 124.7 142.0 98.7 43.3	306.8 137.9 168.9 110.4 58.5	235.0 99.8 135.2 84.0 51.2	216.2 103.3 112.9 88.0 24.9	215.2 103.9 111.2 91.0 20.2	220.8 105.0 115.9 92.6 23.3	234.1 113.1 121.0 93.6 27.4	246.4 115.0 131.4 95.0 36.4	263.4 124.0 139.4 96.9 42.6	281.0 132.7 148.3 100.0 48.3	276.2 127.3 148.9 102.8 46.1	288.8 129.0 159.9 105.7 54.2	305.3 138.4 166.9 108.6 58.3	314,4 141,2 173,2 112,2 61,1	318.8 143.2 175.6 115.2 60.4	318.0 144.4 173.6 118.5 55.1	
Inventory valuation adjustment	27	-1.7	6.7	-18.9	-25.0	-6.6	16.8	10.9	7.3	-8.0	-15.9	-20.0	-19.4	-20.4	-20.7	-28.8	-30.4	-20.1	-38.3	-21.0
Capital consumption adjustment	28	59.7	53.8	50.9	46.8	63.0	59.7	54.9	51.6	49.1	49.3	50.3	51.5	52.4	49.9	48.9	46.9	41.5	36.6	31.7
Net interest	29	319.0	325.5	351.7	392.9	322.7	327.9	325.4	324.9	324.0	334.2	347.2	355.3	370.0	376.6	383.0	396.4	415.7	436.1	458.0
Addenda:																				
Corporate profits after tax with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments.	30	185.9	175.8	174.0	190.7	191.5	189.4	176.9	174.7	162.1	164.9	169.8	180.3	180.9	189.1	187.0	189.7	196.9	171.9	
Net cash flow with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments. Undistributed profits with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments.	31 32	371.2 102.6	370.4 84.5	378.4 75.3	402.0 80.3	381.6 107.6	379.6 101.4	369.6 86.0	370.4 82.1	362.0 68.5	367.4 69.9	374.2 72.9	385.3 80.4	386.7 78.1	398.3 83.4	397.4 78.3	400.7 77.6	411.5 81.7	388.6 53.4	
Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment,	33 34 35	268.6 -1.7 372.9	285.9 6.7 363.7	303.1 -18.9 397.3	321.7 -25.0 427.0	274.1 6.6 388.2	278.2 16.8 362.8	283.6 10.9 358.7	288.3 7.3 363.2	293.5 -8.0 370.0	297.5 -15.9 383.2	301.3 -20.0 394.1	304.9 -19.4 404.7	308.5 -20.4 407.0	314.9 -20.7 419.0	319.0 -28.8 426.2	323.1 -30.4 431.1	329.7 -20.1 431.6	335.2 -38.3 426.9	340.3 -21.0

Table 1.15.—National Income by Sector, Legal Form of Organization, and Type of Income

	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988
National income	1	3,234.0	3,412.6	3,665.4	3,972.6
Domestic business	2	2,631.9	2,780.8	2,992.6	3,245.5
Corporate business Compensation of employees Wages and salaries Supplements to wages and salaries Corporate profits with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments Profits before tax. Inventory valuation adjustment Capital consumption adjustment Net interest	4 5 6 7 8 9	1,920,9 1,602.6 1,344.0 258.6 251.2 193.1 -1.7 59.7 67.1	2,009.6 1,696.4 1,421.9 274.5 249.0 188.5 6.7 53.8 64.2	2,156.8 1,807.8 1,520.4 287.5 259.6 227.6 -18.9 50.9 89.3	2,354.7 1,951.2 1,640.5 310.7 285.0 263.2 -25.0 46.8 118.6
Sole proprietorships and partnerships Compensation of employees. Wages and salaries. Supplements to wages and salaries. Proprietors' income with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments. Farm Proprietors' income with inventory valuation adjustment Capital consumption adjustment. Nonfarm Proprietors' income. Inventory valuation adjustment Capital consumption adjustment Capital consumption adjustment Capital consumption adjustment Compensation of employees. Wages and salaries. Supplements to wages and salaries.	12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	459.2 141.8 124.3 17.5 254.1 30.2 38.9 -8.7 223.9 192.0 -2 32.2 63.3 201.9 12.0 10.4	502.9 152.1 133.3 18.8 280.4 34.7 43.1 -8.4 245.7 207.6 -2 38.3 70.4 215.9 13.1 11.3 1.8	548.2 169.3 148.7 20.6 310.2 41.6 49.6 -8.0 268.6 236.6 -1.0 33.1 68.7 231.3 14.2 12.4	580.4 183.8 163.1 22.7 326.3 39.8 47.3 -7.5 286.5 256.8 -1.5 31.2 68.3 249.2 15.7 13.6
Proprietors' income with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments Proprietors' income with inventory valuation adjustment Capital consumption adjustment Rental income of persons with capital consumption adjustment Rental income of persons Capital consumption adjustment Net interest	. 30 . 31 . 32 . 33 . 34 . 35	1.7 2.6 9 9.2 54.2 -45.0 179.0	1.6 2.5 9 11.6 56.5 -45.0 189.6	1.4 2.3 9 13.4 61.2 -47.9 202.3	1.5 2.4 9 15.7 65.4 -49.8 216.3
Government enterprises	37 38	49.9 49.9 40.9 9.0	52.4 52.4 42.9 9.5	56.4 56.4 45.7 10.7	61.1 61.1 49.0 12.2
Households and institutions	. 41 . 42	142.3 142.3 124.7 17.6	153.5 153.5 134.5 19.0	169.3 169.3 148.7 20.6	188.0 188.0 165.3 22.7
Government. Compensation of employees. Wages and salaries. Supplements to wages and salaries.	. 45 . 46	419.0 419.0 330.9 88.1	443.8 443.8 350.8 93.0	473.0 473.0 373.6 99.4	505.8 505.8 397.5 108.2
Rest of the world Compensation of employees. Corporate profits Net interest	. 49 . 50	40.7 0 31.2 9.5	34.4 0 33.1 1.3	30.5 0 39.1 -8.6	33.3 0 43.7 -10.3

Table 1.16.—Gross Domestic Product of Corporate Business in Current Dollars and Gross Domestic Product of Nonfinancial Corporate Business in Current and Constant Dollars

	T										Seas	onally a	diusted at	annual	rates					
	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988	1985		19	86				87			19	88		19	89
						ΙV	I	II	III	IV	I	п	III	IV	I	II	Ш	IV	I	II
										Billion	s of doll:	ars								
Gross domestic product of corporate business.	1	2,421.4	2,541.2	2,719.4	2,955.0	2,475.8	2,514.4	2,517.3	2,550.8	2,582.3	2,628.8	2,684.4	2,757.5	2,807.1	2,861.4	2,927.1	2,982.8	3,048.6	3,078.6	
Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment.	2	268.6	285.9	303.1	321.7	274.1	278.2	283.6	288.3	293.5	297.5	301.3	304.9	308.5	314.9	319.0	323.1	329.7	335.2	340.3
Net domestic product	3	2,152.8 231.9	2,255.3 245.6	2,416.4 259.6	2,633.3 278.6	2,201.8 235.7	2,236.2 246.2	2,233.7 238.9	2,262.5 248.8	2,288.7 248.6	2,331.2 251.4	2,383.1 257.4	2,452.6 263.9	2,498.6 265.7	2,546.5 271.9	2,608.1 275.7	2,659.6 281.9	2,718.9 284.8	2,743.4 288.5	292.9
Domestic income	5 6 7 8 9		2,009.6 1,696.4 1,421.9 274.5 249.0	2,156.8 1,807.8 1,520.4 287.5 259.6	2,354.7 1,951.2 1,640.5 310.7 285.0	1,966.1 1,641.5 1,379.3 262.2 256.6	1,990.0 1,668.5 1,399.6 268.9 256.5	1,994.7 1,681.9 1,409.5 272.4 250.7		1,730.6	2,079.8 1,761.9 1,479.7 282.2 243.6	2,125.7 1,784.9 1,500.9 284.0 256.5	2,188.7 1,819.9 1,530.8 289.1 274.1	2,232.8 1,864.7 1,570.1 294.5 264.2	2,274.7 1,891.0 1,588.9 302.1 275.7	2,332.4 1,932.4 1,625.2 307.2 284.6	2,377.8 1,969.5 1,656.0 313.5 285.9	2,434.0 2,012.0 1,691.9 320.0 293.7	2,050.6 1,730.2	2,085.7 1,759.7 326.0
Profits before tax Profits tax liability Profits after tax Dividends Undistributed profits Inventory valuation adjustment Capital consumption adjustment	13 14 15 16	193.1 96.4 96.7 71.1 25.6 -1.7 59.7	188.5 106.3 82.1 73.7 8.5 6.7 53.8	227.6 124.7 102.9 82.8 20.1 -18.9 50.9	263.2 137.9 125.3 84.2 41.1 -25.0 46.8	200.2 99.8 100.4 71.0 29.4 -6.6 63.0	180.0 103.3 76.7 71.1 5.6 16.8 59.7	185.0 103.9 81.1 76.5 4.6 10.9 54.9	187.4 105.0 82.5 72.0 10.5 7.3 51.6	201.5 113.1 88.3 75.1 13.2 -8.0 49.1	210.1 115.0 95.2 80.0 15.1 -15.9 49.3	226.2 124.0 102.3 80.4 21.9 -20.0 50.3	242.0 132.7 109.3 82.4 26.9 -19.4 51.5 94.7	232.1 127.3 104.9 88.6 16.3 20.4 52.4	246.5 129.0 117.5 75.4 42.1 -20.7 49.9	264.6 138.4 126.2 78.1 48.2 -28.8 48.9	269.3 141.2 128.1 95.9 32.3 -30.4 46.9	272.3 143.2 129.1 87.2 41.9 -20.1 41.5	271.5 144.4 127.1 102.0 25.0 -38.3 36.6	102.8 -21.0 31.7
Net interest	17 18	67.1 154.4	64.2 174.0	89.3 198.7	118.6 223.7	68.0 166.5	65.0 172.6	62.2 175.4	62.9 174.6	66.9 1 73. 6	74.3 189.2	84.3 195.8	201.3	104.0 208.7	108.0 213.3	115.4 221.2	122.4 227. 9	128.4 232.2	134.5 235.8	142.0
Gross domestic product of nonfinancial corporate business.	19	2,267.1	2,367.1	2,520.7	2,731.3	2,309.4	2,341.8	2,341.8	2,376.1	2,408.7	2,439.5	2,488.6	2,556.2	2,598.4	2,648.1	2,705.9	2,754.9	2,816.4	2,842.7	
Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment,	20	252.6	267.4	281.7	297.1	257.4	261.1	265.6	269.4	273.6	277.1	280.3	283.3	286.2	291.7	295.1	298.1	303.6	308.4	312.8
Net domestic product	21 22	2,014.5 218.4	2,099.7 230.2	242.3	2,434.2 260.0	2,051.9 221.5	2,080.7 231.3	2,076.2 223.8	2,106.8 233.1	232.7	2,162.5 234.9	2,208.4 240.3	2,272.9 246.3	2,312.2 247.9	2,356.4 253.7	257.3	2,456.8 263.2	2,512.8 265.9	269.3	273.5
Domestic income	23 24 25 26 27		1,869.5 1,567.1 1,312.8 254.3 214.0	1,996.6 1,665.1 1,399.2 266.0 224.6	2,174.2 1,799.1 1,511.2 287.9 249.3	1,830.4 1,524.0 1,280.3 243.7 226.3	1,849.4 1,545.1 1,295.7 249.4 220.2	1,852.5 1,553.4 1,301.2 252.2 212.5	1,873.7 1,572.1 1,316.1 256.0 211.7	1,902.5 1,597.9 1,338.2 259.6 211.7	1,927.5 1,621.1 1,360.3 260.8 209.6	1,968.1 1,643.1 1,380.5 262.5 221.3	2,026.6 1,677.4 1,409.7 267.6 238.8	2,064.4 1,719.0 1,446.0 273.0 228.6	2,102.8 1,742.8 1,463.0 279.8 241.9	2,153.6 1,782.1 1,497.5 284.7 248.7	2,193.6 1,816.8 1,526.2 290.6 248.3	2,246.9 1,854.6 1,558.1 296.5 258.2	2,265.0 1,889.3 1,592.5 296.7 235.3	1,921.7 1,619.8 301.9
and capital consumption adjustments. Profits before tax	30 31 32	170.2 69.9 100.4 72.2 28.2 -1.7 56.7 81.1	156.4 75.4 81.0 74.4 6.6 6.7 50.9 88.4	197.2 93.1 104.1 81.4 22.7 -18.9 46.3 106.9	233.4 105.4 128.0 83.0 45.0 -25.0 40.9 125.8	174.2 71.6 102.6 72.3 30.3 -6.6 58.7 80.1	147.8 71.8 76.0 72.3 3.7 16.8 55.7 84.1	149.8 71.3 78.5 77.1 1.4 10.9 51.8 86.6	155.3 74.3 81.0 73.2 7.8 7.3 49.1 90.0	172.9 84.4 88.5 75.2 13.3 -8.0 46.8 93.0	179.4 83.5 95.8 79.1 16.7 -15.9 46.1 96.8	195.1 92.1 103.0 79.3 23.7 -20.0 46.1 103.7	211.8 101.1 110.7 81.0 29.7 -19.4 46.4 110.5	202.3 95.6 106.7 86.2 20.5 -20.4 46.7 116.8	218.7 98.2 120.5 75.8 44.7 -20.7 43.9 118.0	234.9 106.6 128.3 77.4 50.9 -28.8 42.7 122.7	237.7 107.4 130.3 92.6 37.7 -30.4 41.0 128.5	242.2 109.4 132.8 86.4 46.5 -20.1 36.1 134.0	242.2 110.6 131.6 98.3 33.3 -38.3 31.5 140.4	98.8 -21.0 26.7 148.2
									F	Billions o	f 1982 d	ollars								
Gross domestic product of nonfinancial corporate business.	36	2,117.4	2,173.9	2,282.6	2,419.5	2,137.7	2,171.4	2,160.9	2,164.9	2,198.5	2,218.6	2,259.2	2,309.2	2,343.3	2,381.8	2,408.9	2,434.1	2,453.2	2,459.1	
Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment. Net domestic product	37 38	249.7 1.867.6	260.4 1.913.5	269.7 2.012.9	279.3 2.140.2	254.1 1.883.7	256.7 1.914.8	259.3 1,901.6	261.7 1.903.2	264.0 1.934.5	266.3 1.952.3	268.5 1.990.7	270.8 2.038.5	273.1 2.070.2	275.5	278.0 2.130.9	280.6 2,153.6	283.2 2.1 7 0.0		288.8
Indirect business tax and nontax liability plus business transfer payments less subsidies. Domestic income	39 40	190.8	199.3	202.5	209.2	192.8	195.5	198.3	202.1	201.5	199.5	202.5	204.3	203.6	206.6	2,130.9 208.2 1,922.7	210.1	211.9	211.3	210.9

Table 1.17.—Auto Output

[Billions of dollars]

											Season	ally ad	justed a	t annual	rates					
	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988	1985		19	86			19	87			19	88		19	89
						īV	1	11	III	ΙÝ	I	II	Ш	IV	I	п	Ш	IV	I	11
Auto output	1	116.5	120.6	119.2	129.9	115.5	115.4	119.6	124.7	122.5	119.3	115.7	117.8	124.0	118.6	132.5	136.6	132.0	134.5	135.6
Final sales Personal consumption expenditures	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	111.8 122.5 87.4 35.1 17.9 44.0 -26.1 -30.0 6.1 36.1 1.4	119.0 136.2 100.3 35.8 20.5 46.1 -25.6 -39.0 6.3 45.3 1.4	131.7 93.5 38.2 19.1 45.0 –25.9	128.8 144.2 101.2 43.0 21.4 51.3 -29.9 -38.4 8.7 47.1 1.6	117.4 81.7 35.7 16.8 40.5 –23.7	111.7 125.4 89.3 36.1 19.0 43.5 -24.5 -34.3 6.5 40.9 1.6	114.3 130.2 95.5 34.7 20.2 46.5 -26.3 -37.3 6.4 43.7 1.2	130.3 149.1 113.8 35.3 22.3 50.0 -27.8 -42.3 6.1 48.5 1.3	140.0 102.8 37.2 20.5	99.1 119.5 85.5 34.0 18.2 41.5 -23.3 -40.0 6.5 46.5 1.4	-25.6	126.6 145.8 104.9 40.9 20.7 48.7 -28.0 -41.4 6.4 47.8 1.5	110.8 132.0 90.5 41.5 18.5 45.2 -26.8 -41.2 8.3 49.5 1.5	127.5 143.6 102.2 41.4 22.0 49.3 -27.4 -39.9 8.0 48.0 1.8	145.7 101.2 44.5 22.3 51.2 -28.9 -37.1	125.3 140.9 98.8 42.1 20.2 52.5 -32.3 -37.1 9.5 46.7 1.4	130.1 146.6 102.4 44.2 21.2 52.3 -31.1 -39.3 9.2 48.5 1.5	123.9 142.7 99.8 42.9 19.0 47.7 -28.7 -39.5 9.7 49.2 1.7	135.3 144.9 100.9 43.9 23.6 54.8 -31.2 -34.9 9.0 43.9 1.8
Change in business inventories of new and used autos	14	4.7 4.0 .7	1.5 1.4 .2	7.6 6.8 .8	1.1 .5 .6	13.7 16.0 -2.3	3.7 5.7 -2.0	5.3 3.9 1.3	-5.6 -9.3 3.8	2.7 5.2 -2.5	20.2 20.1 .1	5.9 3.7 2.2	-8.8 -10.3 1.5	13.2 13.7 5	-8.9 -9.5 .6	2.3 -2.1	11.3 7.7 3.7	1.9 1.5 .4	10.5 11.1 5	.3 .1 .2
Addenda: Domestic output of new autos ¹	16 17	95.9 45.7	98.1 55.4	95.3 55.1	101.6 60.8	95.5 47.8	96.4 49.2	97.0 52.9	101.3 58.7	97.7 60.7	99.4 49.6		90.5 59.9	98.1 56.8	89.7 62.3	103.0 62.0	105.9 60.2	107.6 58.5	106.9 57.2	108.6 60.0

Consists of final sales and change in business inventories of new autos assembled in the United States.
 Consists of personal consumption expenditures, producers' durable equipment, and government purchases.

Table 1.18.—Auto Output in Constant Dollars

[Billions of 1982 dollars]

											Seasor	ally ad	justed a	t annual	rates					
	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988	1985		19	86			19	87			19	88		19	89
	:					IV	1	11	Ш	IV	I	п	Ш	IV	I	п	Ш	īV	ı	II
Auto output	1	106.5	106.4	101.7	108.9	104.8	104.5	106.4	107.9	106.7	104.1	99.2	99.4	104.0	99.4	111.9	114.4	110.1	110.9	112.3
Final sales Personal consumption expenditures	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	102.7 109.3 80.4 28.9 19.3 40.5 -21.2 -27.1 5.4 32.6 1.3	106.7 118.9 88.4 30.6 18.3 40.6 -22.3 -31.9 5.4 37.3 1.3	95.6 108.8 79.5 29.3 16.2 38.3 -22.1 -30.8 6.0 36.8 1.3	108.6 117.0 84.4 32.7 18.3 42.8 -24.5 -28.1 7.1 35.2 1.4	104.1 74.3 29.8 17.0 36.8 -19.8	101.9 111.0 80.4 30.5 18.7 39.2 -20.5 -29.3 5.8 35.1 1.5	103.1 114.5 84.6 29.9 18.4 41.2 -22.8 -30.9 5.5 36.5 1.1	129.9 99.7 30.2 19.2 43.8 -24.6		87.0 101.6 73.5 28.1 15.0 35.7 -20.7 -30.8 5.5 36.3 1.2	94.8 107.3 79.5 27.9 16.3 38.2 -21.9 -30.3 6.4 36.6 1.4	107.4 119.4 88.9 30.5 17.8 41.3 -23.5 -31.1 5.3 36.5 1.3	93.3 107.1 76.3 30.8 15.7 38.1 -22.4 -30.9 6.8 37.8 1.4	107.9 117.2 86.0 31.2 18.9 41.5 -22.7 -29.8 6.6 36.4 1.6	119.1 84.8 34.4 18.9 42.9 -24.0 -27.4	105.0 113.9 82.2 31.7 17.3 43.7 -26.4 -27.4 7.8 35.2 1.2	33.4 18.1 43.2 -25.1 -27.9 7.5	103.2 113.8 81.6 32.2 16.2 39.0 -22.8 -28.3 7.8 36.1 1.4	82.3 33.3 19.7 44.7 -25.0
Change in business inventories of new and used autos		3.8 3.2 .6	3 5 .2	6.1 5.4 .7	.4 1 .5	12.1 14.0 -2.0	2.6 4.2 -1.7	3.2 2.0 1.2	-8.1 -11.5 3.4	3.1 -2.0	17.2 17.1 0	4.4 2.5 1.9	-8.0 -9.2 1.2	10.7 11.1 4	-8.5 -8.9 .4	0 1.8 -1.8	9.4 6.4 2.9	.6 .3 .3	7.7 8.2 5	.4 .3 .1
Addenda:																				
Domestic output of new autos ¹		87.7 42.0	85.3 48.8	81,1 46.8	84.5 50.7	86.8 43.5	86.6 44.4	85.2 46.9	86.0 51.5	83.6 52.4	85.8 42.6	79.6 46.1	76.2 50.7	82.7 47.9	75.1 52.4	86.2 52.0	88.1 50.1	88.6 48.3	86.9 46.7	88.4 49.0

Consists of final sales and change in business inventories of new autos assembled in the United States.
 Consists of personal consumption expenditures, producers' durable equipment, and government purchases.

Table 1.19.—Truck Output

[Billions of dollars]

											Season	ally adj	usted a	t annual	rates					
	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988	1985		19	86			19	37			19	38		19	89
						ΙV	I	II	Ш	IV	I	II	Ш	IV	I	II	Ш	IV	1	II
Truck output 1	1	56.3	55.5	59.7	66.3	58.9	54.2	57.4	55.8	54.5	58.5	58.4	57.6	64.1	64.9	65.2	63.8	71.2	70.3	68.3
Final sales Personal consumption expenditures. Producers' durable equipment. Net exports of goods and services. Exports Imports. Government purchases of goods and services. Change in business inventories.	4 5 6 7 8	56.1 23.9 33.0 -6.7 2.7 9.4 5.9	55.0 26.0 30.8 -7.1 3.0 10.1 5.3	58.3 27.7 32.6 -6.6 3.7 10.3 4.7	65.9 29.2 36.7 -5.6 3.8 9.5 5.7	56.8 23.9 34.5 -7.5 3.0 10.5 5.9 2.1	50.3 22.4 30.1 -7.5 2.9 10.4 5.3 3.9	55.3 25.6 31.3 -7.0 3.5 10.6 5.4 2.1	32.4 -7.8 2.7	54.2 25.5 29.4 -5.8 3.1 8.9 5.1	53.5 25.7 30.1 -7.1 3.7 10.8 4.8 5.0	58.4 28.7 32.9 -7.5 3.5 11.0 4.2 0	60.5 28.4 33.6 -6.4 3.4 9.8 4.8	27.7 33.9	65.8 29.0 35.7 -5.0 4.1 9.1 6.1	28.9 35.8	65.9 29.1 36.6 -5.3 3.9 9.2 5.5	-6.9 3.7 10.5 5.2	65.5 30.3 35.7 -6.3 3.9 10.2 5.8 4.8	65.7 30.2 35.8 -5.7 3.4 9.1 5.4 2.6

^{1.} Includes new trucks only.

Table 1.20.—Truck Output in Constant Dollars

											Season	ally adj	usted at	annual	rates					
	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988	1985		19	86			198	37			19	38	- 1	198	89
						IV	i	IJ	III	IV	I	п	III	ΙV	I	II	Ш	IV	I	II
Truck output 1	1	50.9	47.8	50.9	55.7	52.2	47.7	49.9	47.2	46.3	49.8	49.9	49,1	54.7	55.2	55.4	53.8	58.3	57.0	55.5
Final sales Personal consumption expenditures. Producers' durable equipment. Net exports of goods and services.	2 3 4	50.7 21.6 29.8 -6.0	26,6	49.8 23.5 27.9 -5.7	55.3 24.6 30.8 -4.7	50.3 21.3 30.5 -6.7	44.3 19.8 26.4 -6.6	48.1 22.2 27.2 -6.1	51.0 26.2 27.9 -7.6	21.8 24.9	45.6 22.0 25.7 -6.1	50.0 24.5 28.2 -6.4	51.5 24.2 28.6 -5.5	52.0 23.4 29.1 -4.7	55.8 24.5 30.4 -4.3	24.4 30.5 -4.5	55.3 24.5 30.7 -4.5	54.9 24.8 31.6 -5.7	53.3 24.8 29.0 -5.1	24.7
Exports	7	2.5 8.5 5.3	9.0	3.2 8.8 4.0	3.2 7.9 4.7	2.6 9.3 5.2	2.5 9.1 4.7	3.1 9.2 4.7	2.3 9.9 4.6	2.6 7.6 4.3	3.2 9.2 4.1	3.0 9.4 3.6	2.9 8.4 4.1	3.6 8.3 4.2	3.5 7.8 5.2	3.1 7.7 4.9	3.3 7.7 4.6	3.0 8.7 4.2	3.2 8.3 4.7	2.8 7.4 4.4
Change in business inventories	9	.2	.4	1.1	.3	1.9	3.4	1.8	-3.9	.2	4.2	0	-2,4	2,6	7	.2	-1.6	3.3	3.7	2.0

^{1.} Includes new trucks only.

Table 1.21.—Farm Sector Output, Gross Product, and National Income

	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988
Farm output	1	158.8	149.0	155.4	163.4
Cash receipts from farm marketings and net Commodity Credit Corporation loans.	2	144.9	134.4	140.1	150.5
Crops		75.1	62.8	64.3	71.6
Livestock		69.8	71.5	75.7	78.8
Gross rental value of farm housing		10.9	9.7	9.1	9.5
Farm products consumed on farms		.9	.9	.8	.8
Other farm income		5.4	5.8	6.6	
Change in farm inventories		-3.3	-1.8	-1.3	-3.6
Crops		-1.4	3	5	-3.5
Livestock	10	-1.9	-1.5	8	1
Less: Intermediate goods and services purchased 1	11	83.4	73.2	78.6	87.4
Intermediate goods and services, other than rent		72.8	64.7	70.4	78.2
Rent paid to nonoperator landlords		10.6	8.6	8.2	9.2
Equals: Gross farm product	, ,	75.4	75.8	76.8	76.1
Less: Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption	15	22.0	21.5	21.0	20.3
adjustment. Indirect business tax and nontax liability	16	3.1	3.0	3.1	3.2
Plus: Subsidies to operators		6.3	9.5	13.9	11.8
rus. Subsidies to operators	11	0.5	9.5	13.9	11.0
Equals: Farm national income	18	56.6	60.8	66.6	64.5
Compensation of employees	19	9.5	9.3	9,9	10.1
Wages and salaries		8.0	7.9	8.3	8.4
Supplements to wages and salaries		1.5	1.5	1.6	1.6
Proprietors' income and corporate profits with inventory	22	31.8	37.8	44.2	42.4
valuation and capital consumption adjustments.]	1	20		
Proprietors' income	23	30.2	34.7	41.6	39.8
Corporate profits	24	1.6	3.1	2.6	2.7
Net interest	25	15.3	13.7	12.4	12.0
	i 1				

^{1.} Equals intermediate goods and services purchased less the value of losses incurred by business lenders due to loan defaults,

Table 1.22.—Farm Sector Output, Gross Product, and National Income in **Constant Dollars**

[Billions of 1982 dollars]

	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988
Farm output	1	164.1	163.1	167.1	158.3
Cash receipts from farm marketings and net Commodity Credit Corporation loans,	2	150.7	147.8	151.5	144.2
Crops Livestock		76.7 74.0	73.7 74.2	76.1 75.4	67.7 76.5
Gross rental value of farm housing	5	11.7	11.4	11.1	10.8
Farm products consumed on farms		1.0 5.0	.9 5.4	.8 5,9	.8 5.3
Change in farm inventories		-4.3	~2.4	-2.1	-2.8
Crops	9	~1.5	3	-1.0	-2.8
Livestock	10	-2.7	-2.1	-1.1	0
Less: Intermediate goods and services purchased 1		84.7	79.0	83.8	85.5
Intermediate goods and services, other than rent		73.9 10.8	69.6 9.4	74.9 8.9	76.7 8.8
Equals: Gross farm product	14	79.4	84.1	83.4	72.7
Less: Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment.	15	20.0	19.0	18.0	17.1
Indirect business tax and nontax liability		3.4	3.6	3.6	3.1
Plus: Subsidies to operators		2.5	2.4	2.5	2.2
Equals: Farm national income	18	58.5	63.9	64.3	54.7

^{1.} Equals intermediate goods and services purchased less the value of losses incurred by business lenders due to loan defaults.

Table 1.23.—Housing Sector Output, Gross Product, and National Income [Billions of dollars]

	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988
Housing output 1	1	387.4	417.8	449.7	481.5
Nonfarm housing	2	376.4	408.0	440.6	472.0
Owner-occupied		272,7	293.7	317.1	339.3
Tenant-occupied	4	103.8			
Farm housing	5	10.9	9.7	9.1	9.5
Less: Intermediate goods and services consumed 2	6	63.4	66,8	70.4	72.2
Equals: Gross housing product	7	323.9	351.0	379.3	409.3
Nonfarm housing	8	315.3	343.1	371.8	401.5
Owner-occupied		233.2	251.7	272.5	
Tenant-occupied		82.0	91.4		108.6
Farm housing	11	8.6	7.9	7.5	7.8
Less: Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment.	12	95.7	99.5	107.2	113.8
Capital consumption allowances	13	44.5	48.1	52.5	56.9
Less: Capital consumption adjustment	14	-51.3	-51.3	-54.7	-56.9
Indirect business tax and nontax liability plus business transfer	15	63.8	68.2	72.1	77.8
payments.		l			
Plus: Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises	16	9.5	10.0	10.9	11.6
Equals: Housing national income	17	174.0	193.3	210.9	229.2
Compensation of employees	18	3.2	3.5	3.6	4.0
Proprietors' income with inventory valuation and capital	19	7.1	7.8	8.0	9.7
consumption adjustments.			'''	""	
Rental income of persons with capital consumption adjustment.	20	-15.8	-9.0	~5.5	-3.6
Corporate profits with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments.	21	3.7	3.8	4.1	4.7
Net interest	22	175,8	187.2	200.6	214.4

Table 1.24.—Housing Sector Output, Gross Product, and National Income in **Constant Dollars**

	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988
Housing output 1	1	328.8	335.2	344.9	352.1
Nonfarm housing Owner-occupied. Tenant-occupied. Farm housing.	3 4	317.0 230.8 86.3 11.7	323.8 234.5 89.4 11.4	333.8 241.4 92.4 11.1	341.3 245.7 95.6 10.8
Less: Intermediate goods and services consumed 2	6	53.9	53.6	54.0	52.9
Equals: Gross housing product	7	274.9	281.6	290.9	299.2
Nonfarm housing	9 10	265.6 197.4 68.2 9.3	272.4 201.0 71.4 9.2	281.8 207.5 74.3 9.1	290.3 212.0 78.3 8.9
Less: Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment. Indirect business tax and nontax liability plus business transfer payments.	12 13	88.6 55.2	89.9 56.6	92.8 58.6	95.6 60.3
Plus: Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises	14	7.3	7.5	7.7	7.9
Equals: Housing national income	15	138.3	142.5	147.2	151.2

Equals personal consumption expenditures for housing less expenditures for other housing as shown in table 2.4.
 Equals intermediate goods and services consumed less the value of losses incurred by lenders due to mortgage defaults.

Equals personal consumption expenditures for housing less expenditures for other housing as shown in table 2.5.
 Equals intermediate goods and services consumed less the value of losses incurred by lenders due to mortgage defaults.

2. Personal Income and Outlays

Table 2.1.—Personal Income and Its Disposition

[Billions of dollars]

							EDIIIOIIS	or dona.												
											Seas	onally a	ljusted at	annual r	ates					
	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988	1985		19	86			19	87			19	88		19	89
	,					IV	I	II	III	IV	I	п	ш	IV	I	11	ın	IV	I	П
Personal income	1	3,325.3	3,526.2	3,777.6	4,064.5	3,399.1	3,457.0	3,509.9	3,540.2	3,597.8	3,673.6	3,732.7	3,795.5	3,908.7	3,948.5	4,026.6	4,097.6	4,185.2	4,317.8	4,396.2
Wage and salary disbursements	2	1,975.4	2,094.8	2,249.4	2,429.0	2,027.4	2,056.9	2,074.8	2,104.3	2,143.1	2,184.4	2,220.6	2,266.3	2,326.2	2,353.4	2,405.4	2,452.2	2,505.1	2,560.7	2,606.6
Commodity-producing industries		608.9 460.9 473.2 521.3 372.0	625.6 473.2 498.8 576.7 393.7	649.9 490.3 531.9 648.3 419.2	696.3 524.0 571.9 714.4 446.5	619.2 468.3 484.6 543.4 380.3	623.2 471.7 490.8 557.4 385.5	621.9 470.6 493.7 568.3 391.0	624.9 473.0 501.1 581.9 396.5	632.3 477.7 509.7 599.3 401.9	637.9 482.4 517.6 618.7 410.2	641.7 483.7 526.7 636.4 415.7	652.9 492.7 537.2 654.3 422.0	667.2 502.5 546.1 683.8 429.0	678.2 511.4 554.0 684.3 437.0	690.8 519.2 568.0 703.5 443.1	701.6 527.2 578.0 723.0 449.6	714.7 538.1 587.5 746.7 456.3	726.6 546.3 598.8 768.4 466.9	733.1 549.5 610.2 789.7 473.5
Other labor income	8	187.6	199.3	212.8	228.9	189.7	193.7	197.2	201.2	205.0	207.6	210.5	214.3	218.8	222.3	225.9	231.1	236.5	241.3	246.0
Proprietors' income with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments.	9	255.9	282.0	311.6	327.8	264.2	269.4	289.5	279.7	289.2	306.7	305.8	305.2	328.7	324.0	331.8	327.0	328.3	359.3	355.1
FarmNonfarm	10 11	30.2 225.6	34.7 247.2	41.6 270.0	39.8 288.0	29.2 235.0	26.2 243.2	44.3 245.2	31.2 248.5	37.2 252.0	44.4 262.3	39.8 266.0	33.6 271.6	48.4 280.3	44.0 279.9	45.4 286.5	37.7 289.3	32.0 296.3	59.0 300.3	52.6 302.6
Rental income of persons with capital consumption adjustment.	12	9.2	11.6	13.4	15.7	7.8	9.6	11.5	11.7	13.5	14.7	13.0	11.5	14.3	15.6	14.6	16.3	16.1	11.8	8.7
Personal dividend income Personal interest income Transfer payments	13 14 15	78.7 478.0 489.8	85.8 493.2 521.5	92.0 523.2 548.2	102.2 571.1 584.7	79.0 485.9 497.5	83.0 493.4 510.3	85.6 494.4 517.7	86.9 492.4 526.7	87.7 492.7 531.2	88.8 502.1 539.0	90.3 516.2 547.6	93.2 527.9 550.8	95.7 546.5 555.5	98.2 549.6 575.8	100.4 560.0 581.8	103.6 576.3 587.4	106.4 598.6 593.8	109.4 629.0 616.4	111.4 655.1 626.2
Old-age, survivors, disability, and health insurance benefits.	16	253.4	269.2	282.9	300.5	257.0	264.3	266.8	272.2	273.3	278.3	283.1	284.3	285.7	297.2	299.2	301.4	304.0	316.9	322.5
Government unemployment insurance benefits.	17	15.7 16.7	16.3 16.7	14.5	13.0	15.2 16.5	15.5 17.0	16.3 16.9	16.9 16.7	16.7	15.5	15.0	14.3	13.2 16.5	13.5 16.9	13.1	12.9 17.0	12.5 17.0	13.5	13.9
Veterans benefits Government employees retirement benefits Other transfer payments Aid to families with dependent children Other	18 19 20 21 22	66.8 137.3 15.4 121.9	70.9 148.3 16.4 131.9	16.6 76.4 157.9 16.7 141.2	17.0 82.7 171.5 17.2 154.3	67.9 140.8 15.8 125.0	69.2 144.2 15.9 128.3	70.3 147.5 16.4 131.0	71.4 149.5 16.5 133.0	16.4 72.6 152.1 16.7 135.4	16.6 74.1 154.5 16.6 137.9	16.7 76.0 156.8 16.7 140.1	16.5 77.4 158.3 16.7 141.6	78.1 161.9 16.7 145.1	81.4 166.8 17.0 149.8	83.0 169.6 17.1 152.5	82.8 173.2 17.3 155.9	83.7 176.5 17.5 159.0	17.6 86.9 181.5 17.6 163.9	87.9 184.3 17.8 166.5
Less: Personal contributions for social insurance.	23	149.3	161.9	172.9	194.9	152.6	159.4	160.8	162.7	164.6	169.7	171.3	173.7	177.0	190.3	193.4	196.4	199.6	210.0	212.9
Less: Personal tax and nontax payments	24	486.6	512.9	571.7	586.6	499.6	497.8	503.5	515.9	534.4	530.8	594.6	572.0	589.2	572.2	590.7	585.9	597.8	628.3	651.6
Equals: Disposable personal income,	25	2,838.7	3,013.3	3,205.9	3,477.8	2,899.5	2,959.2	3,006.5	3,024.3	3,063.4	3,142.8	3,138.1	3,223.5	3,319.4	3,376.4	3,435.9	3,511.7	3,587.4	3,689.5	3,744.5
Less: Personal outlays	1	2,713.3	2,888.5	3,104.1	3,333.1	2,787.7	2,823.3	2,851.5	2,917.7	2,961.4	3,006.9	3,082.1	3,149.9	3,177.6	3,244.4	3,301.9	3,362.1	3,424.0	3,483.8	3,540.9
Personal consumption expenditures Interest paid by consumers to business Personal transfer payments to foreigners (net)	27 28 29	2,629.0 82.6 1.7	2,797.4 89.1 1.9	3,010.8 91.4 1.9	3,235.1 96.1 1.9	2,700.4 85.9 1.4		2,761.0 88.6 1.8	2,826.0 89.8 1.8	2,868.5 90.9 2.1	2,914.7 90.2 2.0	2,989.4 90.8 1.9	92.0	3,083.3 92.6 1.8	3,148.1 94.2 2.1	3,204.9 95.6 1.5	3,263.4 96.7 1.9	3,324.0 98.1 1.9	3,381.4 100.1 2.2	3,437.9 101.4 1.6
Equals: Personal saving	30	125.4	124.9	101.8	144.7	111.7	135.9	155.0	106.6	102.0	135.9	55.9	73.6	141.8	131.9	134.0	149.6	163.4	205.7	203.7
Addenda:]							l		Ì	
Disposable personal income: Total, billions of 1982 dollars Per capita: Current dollars	ĺ	2,542.8 11,861 10,625 239.3	2,635.3 12,469 10,905 241.7	2,676.6 13,140 10,970 244.0	14,116		12,290 10,837	12,458	2,637.3 12,499 10,900 242.0	2,646.2 12,629 10,909 242.6	12,928	2,632.5 12,880 10,805 243.6	13,196 10,953	13,552 11,130	13,754	2,773.3 13,966 11,273 246.0	2,806.4 14,235 11,377 246.7	ł	14,884	2,884.4 15,071 11,609 248.5
Personal saving as percentage of disposable personal income.	35	4.4	4.1	3.2	4.2	3.9	4.6	5.2	3.5	3.3	4.3	1.8	ł	4.3	3.9	3.9	4.3	4.6	5.6	5.4

Note.—Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.

Table 2.2.—Personal Consumption Expenditures by Major Type of Product

[Billions of dollars]

											Seas	onally a	ijusted a	t annual	rates					
	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988	1985		19	86			19	87			19	88		19	89
						IV	I	11	III	IV	I	II	ш	IV	I	II	Ш	IV	Ī	11
Personal consumption expenditures 1	1	2,629.0	2,797.4	3,010.8	3,235.1	2,700.4	2,734.3	2,761.0	2,826.0	2,868.5	2,914.7	2,989.4	3,055.9	3,083.3	3,148.1	3,204.9	3,263.4	3,324.0	3,381.4	3,437.9
Durable goods	2	372.2	406.0	421.0	455.2	373.2	381.8	393.6	426.4	422.0	401.2	419.2	439.3	424.5	446.4	454.6	452.5	467.4	466.4	470.3
Motor vehicles and parts	4	179.1 129.9 63.2	196.2 139.7 70.0	195.5 149.1 76.5	211.6 162.0 81.6	173.8 134.7 64.7	180.7 135.1 66.0	188.9 138.2 66.5	214.2 141.9 70.4	201.1 143.8 77.1	179.9 146.2 75.0	194.4 147.7 77.2	211.3 151.0 77.0	151.4	210.3 156.9 79.2	212.5 162.2 79.9	208.4 162.7 81.4	215.3 166.1 86.0	211.7 172.1 82.6	213.3 173.3 83.7
Nondurable goods	6	911.2	942.0	998.1	1,052.3	932.7	939.0	935.4	941.4	952.1	976.4	994.3	1,006.0	1,015.4	1,022.2	1,042.4	1,066.2	1,078.4	1,098.3	1,116.6
Food	8 9 10 11	471.6 156.4 90.6 192.6 18.5 174.1	500.0 166.8 73.5 201.7 16.6 185.1	529.2 177.2 75.2 216.6 17.6 199.0	559.7 186.8 76.8 229.0 19.5 209.5	482.5 160.6 91.0 198.5 19.7 178.8	490.6 163.0 86.8 198.6 18.0 180.7	496.3 167.1 72.5 199.6 16.4 183.1	501.4 168.2 68.6 203.2 16.2 187.0	511.9 168.7 66.0 205.5 16.0 189.5	521.3 173.4 71.7 210.0 16.4 193.6	526.8 175.7 75.5 216.3 17.6 198.7	531.7 178.9 76.8 218.6 17.7 200.9	536.8 180.6 76.7 221.3 18.8 202.5	542.5 180.8 74.3 224.5 19.3 205.2	554.5 183.6 76.9 227.5 19.4 208.1	567.8 188.9 78.3 231.2 19.6 211.6	574.1 193.9 77.6 232.8 19.7 213.1	587.3 195.0 77.9 238.1 18.7 219.4	588.6 198.5 88.7 240.9 20.2 220.7
Services 1	13	1,345.6	1,449.5	1,591.7	1,727.6	1,394.5	1,413.4	1,432.0	1,458.2	1,494.4	1,537.1	1,575.8	1,610.6	1,643.3	1,679.5	1,707.9	1,744.7	1,778.2	1,816.7	1,851.0
Housing	15 16 17 18	403.0 175.3 88.9 86.4 89.8 291.5 386.0	434.2 179.6 87.3 92.3 96.6 318.4 420.7	467.7 185.9 88.5 97.4 106.5 357.7 473.9	501.3 197.6 93.7 104.0 117.9 398.3 512.4	416.2 179.0 90.2 88.8 92.1 304.3 402.9	422.9 176.9 86.7 90.2 94.5 308.3 410.8	430.2 179.4 87.5 92.0 95.2 313.4 413.9	437.5 181.2 87.9 93.3 97.0 321.2 421.2	446.1 180.9 87.0 93.8 99.8 330.9 436.8	454.9 180.8 85.8 95.0 103.0 342.0 456.5	462.8 186.6 89.9 96.7 105.2 353.3 467.8	471.3 188.7 90.1 98.6 106.3 364.3 480.0	481.9 187.5 88.4 99.1 111.4 371.1 491.5	490.8 192.9 92.2 100.7 113.1 379.9 502.9	496.6 194.9 92.1 102.8 117.4 391.3 507.7	505.0 200.2 94.5 105.7 119.8 404.7 514.9	513.0 202.4 95.8 106.6 121.5 417.4 523.9	520.2 201.1 93.6 107.5 124.4 432.3 538.7	527.5 203.6 94.8 108.8 125.7 442.9 551.3

^{1.} See the box on page 21 of the July 1989 SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS.

Table 2.3.—Personal Consumption Expenditures by Major Type of Product in Constant Dollars

											Seas	onally ac	ijusted a	t annual	rates					
	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988	1985		19	86			19	87			19	988		19	189
						IV	I	11	Ш	IV	I	п	ш	IV	I	п	m	IV	I	II
Personal consumption expenditures 1	1	2,354.8	2,446.4	2,513.7	2,598.4	2,386.9	2,410.9	2,432.4	2,464.4	2,477.8	2,478.3	2,507.7	2,536.5	2,532.3	2,570.8	2,586.8	2,608.1	2,627.7	2,641.0	2,648.2
Durable goods	2	355.1	384.4	389.6	413.6	356.4	363.7	374.5	401.9	397.5	376.1	389.3	403.8	389.4	408.4	414.8	410.7	420.5	419.3	423.8
Motor vehicles and parts	4	164.4 131.0 59.7	176.2 142.9 65.3	168.8 152.3 68.5	179.2 164.8 69.6	158.9 136.6 61.0	164.3 137.4 62.1	170.7 141.4 62.4	191.3 145.3 65.4	178.4 147.7 71.4	158.7 149.1 68.3	168.5 151.3 69.5	181.0 154.1 68.7	167.2 154.7 67.4	179.1 160.4 68.9	180.9 165.4 68.5	176.2 165.3 69.2	180.6 168.0 71.8	174.8	177.2 177.9 68.7
Nondurable goods	6	847.4	878.1	890.4	904.5	858.3	870.1	879.8	879.1	883.5	887.7	889.0	891.8	892.9	896,6	899.2	910.3	912.0	915.0	905.8
Food Clothing and shoes	8 9 10 11	435.5 147.2 94.4 170.3 19.6 150.7	447.1 157.4 97.5 176.2 22.0 154.2	452.7 159.6 95.9 182.1 23.0 159.2	460.0 161.3 97.1 186.1 25.4 160.7	441.0 149.9 94.5 173.0 20.5 152.5	446.6 153.9 96.8 172.8 20.3 152.5	448.7 159.2 97.1 174.9 21.5 153.4	444.5 158.3 98.5 177.9 22.8 155.1	448.7 158.0 97.7 179.1 23.3 155.8	452.6 159.6 96.1 179.4 22.2 157.2	451.2 157.6 97.2 183.0 23.1 159.9	95.2	454.1 159.9 95.2 183.7 24.0 159.6	456.3 159.6 95.6 185.1 25.0 160.1	459.8 157.1 97.3 185.0 24.7 160.3	461.9 164.1 97.4 187.0 25.3 161.7	462.1 164.6 98.2 187.2 26.6 160.5	466.0 165.0 97.6 186.5 24.0 162.4	458.6 165.5 95.6 186.0 25.2 160.9
Services 1	13	1,152.3	1,183.8	1,233.7	1,280.2	1,172.2	1,177.1	1,178.0	1,183.4	1,196.8	1,214.5	1,229.5	1,240.9	1,250.0	1,265.9	1,272.8	1,287.0	1,295.2	1,306.7	1,318.5
Housing Household operation Electricity and gas Other Transportation Medical care Other ¹	15 16 17 18 19	341.7 151.6 77.5 74.1 82.1 240.9 336.0	348.2 151.9 76.5 75.4 86.2 251.5 346.0	358.4 156.7 78.8 77.9 89.6 266.8 362.3	366.1 164.1 82.8 81.3 94.5 278.2 377.4	344.4 153.9 79.1 74.8 83.8 245.2 344.9	346.3 150.2 75.2 75.1 85.0 247.7 347.9	346.8 151.5 76.2 75.3 85.4 249.6 344.7	348.6 152.6 77.0 75.5 86.9 252.4 342.9	351.0 153.3 77.6 75.7 87.4 256.5 348.6	354.7 153.2 76.6 76.7 88.0 261.0 357.6	357.5 157.5 80.0 77.5 89.3 265.6 359.6	359.6 158.6 80.1 78.5 90.1 269.1 363.5	361.7 157.5 78.7 78.8 90.8 271.6 368.3	364.0 162.1 82.1 80.0 92.5 273.3 374.0	365.6 162.4 81.8 80.5 93.9 275.6 375.4	366.8 166.3 84.0 82.4 95.2 279.9 378.8	368.0 165.7 83.3 82.4 96.2 283.9 381.3	369.6 163.4 80.7 82.7 96.3 289.0 388.3	371.5 164.5 81.5 83.0 96.7 292.2 393.5

^{1.} See the box on page 21 of the July 1989 SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS.

Table 2.4.—Personal Consumption Expenditures by Type of Expenditure

[Billions of dollars]

	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988		Line	1985	1986	1987	1988
Personal consumption expenditures 1	1	2,629.0	2,797.4	3,010.8	3,235.1	Personal business	55	169.9	192.5	223.2	234.
Food and tobacco	. 2	503.8	533.6	564.8	596.6	Brokerage charges and investment counseling (s.)	56 57	14.8 11.7	19.7 13.0	20.5 14.6	17 15
Food purchased for off-premise consumption (n.d.)	4 5 6	322,7 139,9 8.0 .9	339.1 151.6 8.5 .9	353.7 165.5 9.1 .8	372.6 176.6 9.7 .8	Services furnished without payment by financial intermediaries except life insurance carriers and private noninsured pension plans (s.). Expense of handling life insurance 18 (s.)	58	60.2	71.2	88.5 42.3	91
Tobacco products (n.d.)	8 9	32.2 415.6 35.1	33.6 440.8 36.6	35.6 468.2 37.2	36.9 497.3 37.9	Legal services (s.)	60 61	28.0 6.3 13.1	30.9 6.6 14.1	34.9 7.0 15.5	39
Other alcoholic beverages (n.d.)	10	20.9	22.7	23.8	24.4	Transportation	63	359.5	366.3	377.1	406
Clothing, accessories, and jewelry	1	193.3	207.2	220.5	234.2	User-operated transportation	64	330.1 87.4	335.9 100.3	343.4 93.5	369 101
Shoes (n.d.) Clothing and accessories except shoes ' Women's and children's (n.d.) Men's and boys' (n.d.) Standard clothing issued to military personnel (n.d) Cleaning, storage, and repair of clothing and shoes (s.) Jewelry and watches (d.) Other 4 (s.)	. 13 . 14 . 15 . 16 . 17 . 18	22.9 133.4 89.5 43.9 .1 8.8 20.5 7.6	24.3 142.4 96.0 46.3 .1 9.2 22.8 8.5	25.7 151.4 101.8 49.5 .1 9.8 24.2 9.4	26.8 160.0 107.5 52.4 .1 11.0 25.1 11.4	Net purchases of used autos (d.) Other motor vehicles (d.) Tires, tubes, accessories, and other parts (d.) Repair, greasing, washing, parking, storage, and rental (s.) Gasoline and oil (n.d.) Bridge, tunnel, ferry, and road tolls (s.) Insurance premiums less claims paid (s.) Purchased local transportation.	66	35.1 31.3 25.2 49.1 90.6 1.4 9.9 7.2	35.8 33.6 26.5 52.0 73.5 1.7 12.6 7.8	38.2 35.1 28.7 55.5 75.2 1.9 15.4 8.2	43 36 31 62 76 2 16 8
Personal care	. 20	38.8	41.4	44.4	48.5	Transit systems (s.) Taxicab (s.)	74 75	3.6 3.1	3.9 3.3	4.0	4.
Toilet articles and preparations (n.d.)		23.1 15.7	24.6 16.8	26.2 18.2	27.9 20.7	Railway (commutation) (s.) Purchased intercity transportation		.5 22.2	.6 22.6	3.5 .7 25.5 .7	
Housing	. 23	403.0	434.2	467.7	501.3	Railway (excluding commutation) (s.)	79	.6 1.2	1.1	1.4	1
Owner-occupied nonfarm dwellings—space rent ⁵ (s.)	. 25 . 26	272.7 103.8 10.9 15.7	293.7 114.3 9.7 16.4	317.1 123.5 9.1 18.0	339.3 132.7 9.5 19.8	Airline (s.)	1	18.5 1.9 185.7	18.8 2.0 201.2	21.2 2.2 224.5	23 2 246
Household operation	1	334.1	347.5	363.0	386.4	Books and maps (d.)	83 84	8.1 13.2	8.6 13.9	9.4 15.2	9 16
Furniture, including mattresses and bedsprings (d.)	. 29 . 30	28.0 23.7	30.4 25.5	31.7 26.7	33.5 28.4	Nondurable toys and sport supplies (n.d.)	85 86	21.1 26.7	23.1 29.7	26.2 33.7	28 36
China, glassware, tableware, and utensils (d.)	31	13.0 28.2 14.0	14.3 30.6 15.2	15.0 33.2 15.8	15.7 35.6 16.6	Radio and television receivers, records, and musical instruments (d.). Radio and television repair (s.)	87 88	37.0 3.2	38.8 3.3	42.5 3.7	48
Cleaning and polishing preparations, and miscellaneous household supplies and paper products (n.d.). Stationery and writing supplies (n.d.)	34 . 35 . 36 . 37	7.0 124.2 59.3 29.6	7.2 122.4 60.7	8.1 126.3 63.1	30.8 8.7 135.1 66.4	Flowers, seeds, and potted plants (n.d.)	89	5.5 9.5 3.6 3.0	5.8 10.2 3.9 3.3	6.6 11.3 4.2 4.0	6. 11. 4.
Gas (s.)	. 39 . 40 . 41 . 42	29.6 16.8 18.5 40.4 9.4 19.8	26.6 18.5 16.6 42.7 9.5 21.7	25.4 20.1 17.6 44.1 9.6 23.5	27.3 21.9 19.5 47.1 9.8 25.1	Spectator sports ²¹ (s.)	93 94 95 96 97	2.9 4.8 15.1 2.6 38.9	2.9 5.0 16.0 2.6 44.1	3.0 5.5 17.1 2.7 50.6	18. 2.
Medical care	1	327.5	357.6	i	1	Private education and research	98	43.3	46.6	51.1	58.
Drug preparations and sundries ¹² (n.d.) Ophthalmic products and orthopedic appliances (d.) Physicians (s.) Dentitist (s.) Other professional services ¹⁵ (s.) Privately controlled hospitals and sanitariums ¹⁴ (s.)	. 45 . 46 . 47 . 48 . 49	28.1 7.9 73.5 21.5 34.7 140.2	30.2 9.0 80.6 22.8 40.2 152,4	32.3 9.3	34.5 10.2 105.0 27.0 54.3	Higher education ²⁵ (s.) Elementary and secondary schools ²⁵ (s.) Other ²⁶ (s.) Religious and welfare activities ²⁷ (s.)	99 100 101 102	15.7 13.8 13.7 57.1	16.9 14.5 15.3 62.9	17.9 15.6 17.6 68.2	19 16 21
Health insurance	. 51	21.6	22.4	25.9	29.8	Foreign travel and other, net 1	103	13.1	6.5	7.0	3
Medical care and hospitalization ¹⁵ (s.)	. 52	17.7 2.3 1.7	18.5 2.5 1.5	2.6	2.7	Foreign travel by U.S. residents ²⁸ (s.)	105	22.9 4.1 13.3 .5	29.4 4.0 26.4 .5	33.2 4.2 30.0 .5	36. 3. 36.

- See footnotes 28 and 29.
 Consists of purchases (including tips) of meals and beverages from retail, service, and amusement tablishments, hotels, dining and buffet cars, schools, school fratemities, institutions, clubs, and industrial

- 2. consists of purchases (including tips) of meals and beverages from retail, service, and amusement establishments, hotels, dining and buffet cars, schools, school fraternities, institutions, clubs, and industrial lunchrooms.
 3. Includes luggage.
 4. Consists of watch, clock, and jewelry repairs, costume and dress suit rental, and miscellaneous personal services related to clothing.
 5. Consists of rent for space and for heating and plumbing facilities, water heaters, lighting fixtures, kitchen cabinets, linoleum, storm windows and doors, window screens, and screen doors, but excludes rent for appliances, furniture, fuel, and electricity:
 6. Consists of space rent (see footnote 4) and rent for appliances, furnishings, and furniture.
 7. Consists of transient hotels, motels, clubs, schools, and other group housing.
 8. Consists of refrigerators and freezers, cooking ranges, dishwashers, laundry equipment, stoves, air conditioners, sewing machines, vacuum cleaners, and other appliances.
 9. Includes such house furnishings as floor coverings, comforters, quilts, blankets, pillows, picture frames, mirrors, art products, portable lamps, and clocks. Also includes writing equipment and hand, power, and garden tools.
 10. Consists largely of textile house furnishings including piece goods allocated to house furnishing use.

- mirrors, art products, portable lamps, and clocks. Also includes writing equipment and hand, power, and garden tools.

 10. Consists largely of textile house furnishings including piece goods allocated to house furnishing use. Also includes lamp shades, brooms, and brushes.

 11. Consists of maintenance services for appliances and house furnishings, moving and warehouse expenses, postage and express charges, premiums for fire and theft insurance on personal property less claims paid, and miscellaneous household operation services.

 12. Excludes drug preparations and related products dispensed by physicians, hospitals, and other medical services.

 13. Consists of osteopathic physicians, chiropractors, private duty nurses, chiropodists, podiatrists, and others providing health and allied services, not elsewhere classified.

 14. Consists of (1) current expenditures (including capital consumption adjustment) of nonprofit hospitals, sanitariums, and nursing homes, and (2) payments by patients to proprietary hospitals, sanitariums, and nursing homes.

 15. Consists of (1) premiums, less benefits and dividends, for health, hospitalization, and accidental death and dismemberment insurance provided by commercial insurance carriers, and (2) administrative expenses (including capital consumption adjustment) of Blue Cross and Blue Shield plans and of other independent prepaid and self-insured health plans.

 16. Consists of premiums, less benefits and dividends, for income loss insurance.

 17. Consists of premiums, less benefits and dividends, for privately administered workers' compensation.

- 18. Consists of (1) operating expenses of life insurance carriers and private noninsured pension plans, and (2) premiums, less benefits and dividends, of fraternal benefit societies. Excludes expenses allocated by commercial carriers to accident and health insurance.

 19. Consists of current expenditures (including capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment) of trade unions and professional associations, employment agency fees, money order fees, spending for classified advertisements, and other personal business services.

 20. Consists of baggage charges, coastal and inland waterway fares, travel agents' fees, and airport bus fares.

- 21. Consists of admissions to professional and amateur athletic events and to racetracks including horse,
- 21. Consists of admissions to professional and amateur athletic events and to racetracks including norse, dog, and auto.

 22. Consists of dues and fees excluding insurance premiums.

 23. Consists of billiard parlors; bowling alleys; dancing, riding, shooting, skating, and swimming places; amusement devices and parks; golf courses; sightseeing buses and guides; private flying operations; and other commercial participant amusements.

 24. Consists of net receipts of lotteries and expenditures for purchases of pets and pet care services, cable TV, film processing, photographic studios, sporting and recreation camps, and recreational services, not elsewhere classified.
- 25. Equals current expenditures (including capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment) less receipts—such as those from meals, rooms, and entertainments—accounted for separately in consumer expenditures, and less expenditures for research and development financed under contracts or
- consumer expenditures, and less expenditures for research and development tinanced unuer contacts of grants.

 26. Consists of (1)fees paid to commercial, business, trade, and correspondence schools and for educational services, not elsewhere classified, and (2)current expenditures (including capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment) by research organizations and foundations for education and research.

 27. Equals current expenditures (including capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment) of religious, social welfare, foreign relief, and political organizations, museums, libraries, and foundations. The expenditures are tof receipts—such as those from meals, rooms, and entertainments—accounted for separately in consumer expenditures, and excludes relief payments within the United States and expenditures by foundations for education and research.

 28. Estimates beginning with 1986 incorporate new data on travel and passenger fares and cover U.S. students' expenditures abroad. See the box on page 21 of the July 1989 Survey of Current Business for more information about the resulting discontinuity.

 29. Estimates beginning with 1986 incorporate new data on travel and passenger fares and cover foreign students' expenditures in the United States. See the box on page 21 of the July 1989 Survey of Current Business for more information about the resulting discontinuity.

 North Consumer durable goods are designated (d.), nondurable goods (n.d.), and services (s.).

Note-Consumer durable goods are designated (d.), nondurable goods (n.d.), and services (s.).

Table 2.5.—Personal Consumption Expenditures by Type of Product in Constant Dollars

[Billions of 1982 dollars]

	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988
Personal consumption expenditures 1	1	2,354.8	2,446.4	2,513.7	2,598.4
Durable goods	2	355.1	384.4	389.6	413.6
Motor vehicles and parts		164.4 80,4	176.2 88,4	168.8 79.5	179.2 84.4
New autos (65)	5	28.9	30.6	29.3	32.7
Other motor vehicles (67)	6 7	28.4 26.8	29.1 28.2	29.8 30.2	30.3 31.9
Furniture and household equipment	8	131.0	142.9	152.3	164.8
Furniture, including mattresses and bedsprings (29). Kitchen and other household appliances (30). China, glassware, tableware, and utensils (31)	9	26.1 23.5	27.7 25.4	28.2 26.7	28.9 28.1
China, glassware, tableware, and utensils (31)		12.7	13.6	13.8	14.3
Radio and television receivers, records, and musical instruments (87) Other durable house furnishings (32)	12	42.5 26.2	48.0 28.2	53.8 29.9	62.4 31.2
Other	í	59.7	65.3	68.5	69.6
Ophthalmic products and orthopedic appliances (46)	15	7.1 25,5	7.8 28.3	7.6 31.5	8.0 33.0
Jewelry and watches (18)	17	20.3	22.3	22.0	21.3
Books and maps (83)	1	6.8	6.8	7.3	7.4
Nondurable goods	- 1	847.4	878.1	890.4	904.5
Food purchased for off-premise consumption (3)	20 21 22	435.5 304.5	447.1 311.2	452.7 310.2	460.0 314.2
Purchased meals and beverages (4)		123.0 8.1	127.8 8.1	134,2 8,2	137.4 8.4
Addenda: Food excluding alcoholic beverages(8)	1	386.1	396.5	402.1	410.1
Alcoholic beverages purchased for off-premise consumption (9)	25	32.3	32.4	32.3	32.2
Other alcoholic beverages (10)		17.8	18.2	18.3	17.7
Shoes (12)	28	147.2 22.2	157.4 23,7	159.6 24.3	161.3 24.1
Women's and children's clothing and accessories except shoes (14)	29	84.0 41.0	90.9 42.7	90.9 44.4	92.0 45.2
Gasoline and oil (70)		94.4	97.5	95.9	97.1
Fuel oil and coal (40)		19.6	22.0	23.0	25.4
Other	- 1	150.7	154.2	159.2	160.7
Tobacco products (7)	34	23,9 20,5	23.3 21.0	23.1 21.9	21.9 22.4
Toilet articles and preparations (21)	36	12.3	13.1	13.1	13.6
Cleaning and polishing preparations, and miscellaneous household supplies and paper products (34)	37	24.0 22.5	24.8 22.7	25.1 22.8	25.7 22.7
Nondurable toys and sport supplies (85)	39	21.3 6.3	23.2 6.5	25.8 7.1	26.5 7.5 2.0
Stationery and writing supplies (35) Net foreign remittances (105 less 107)	41	3.6	2.7	2.4	2.0
Other (84+89)	i i	16.4	16.9	18.0	18.1
Services 1	ł	1,152.3 341.7	1,183.8 348.2	1,233.7 358.4	1,280.2 366.1
Housing	45	230.8	234.5	241.4	245.7
Tenant-occupied nonfarm dwellings—rent (25) Rental value of farm dwellings (26)	46 47	86.3 11.7	89.4 11.4	92.4 11.1	95.6 10.8
Other (27)	48	13.0	13.0	13.5	14.0
Household operation		151.6	151.9 52.6	156.7 54.9	164.1 57.0
Gas (38)	51	52,2 25,3	23.9	23.9	25.8
Water and other sanitary services (39)	53	13.7 33.7	14.3 34.0	14.8 35.3	15.3 37.9
Domestic service (42)	54	9.2 17.5	9,2 17,9	9.2 18.5	9.3 18.8
Transportation		82,1	86.2	89.6	94,5
User-operated transportation (69+71+72)	57	54.7	56.2	57.8	61.8
Purchased local transportation	58 59	6.5 3.2	6.7 3.1	6.7	6.6 3.2
Other (75+76)	60	3.3 20.9	3.5 23.3	3.5 25.0	3.4 26,1
Purchased intercity transportation	62	.5 1,0	.5	.5 1.0	.6
Airline (80)	64	17.8	20.3	21.7	1.2 22.4
Other (81)	1	1,6	1.6	1.7	1.9
Medical care Physicians (47)		240.9 60.3	251.5 61.6	266.8 66.9	278.2 69.8
Dentists (48)	68	17.5 29.3	17.6 32.1	18.1 36.2	18.3 39.8
Privately controlled hospitals and sanitariums (50)	70	118,2	123.9	128.8	132.6
Health insurance (51)	1	15.6	16.2	17.0	17.8
Other 1Personal care	73	336.0 27.9	346.0 28.9	362.3 30.1	377.4 33.3
Cleaning, storage, and repair of clothing and shoes (17)	74	7.6 13.8	7.6 14.3	7.7 15.0	8.3 16.4
Other (19)	76	6.5 138.9	7.0	7.4	8.6
Personal business	78	15.5	146.0 20.5	151.1 20.2	154,4 20,5
Bank service charges, trust services, and safe deposit box rental (57)		8.8 47.7	9.2 49.7	9.8 51.3	9.8 51.1
pension plans (58).	1	66.9		69.8	
Other (59+60+61+62)	82	66.1	66.7 69.7	75.6	73.0 81.3
Admissions to specified spectator amusements (90)	83	7.8 58.2	8.1 61.7	8.5 67.1	8.5 72.9
Private education and research	85	38.3	40,0	42.2	45.7
Higher education (99)	87	13.3 12.3	13.6 12.6	13.9 13.0	14.3 13.4
Other (101)		12.7 52.4	13.8 56.0	15.4 58.4	18.0 62.0
Net foreign travel (104 less 106) 1	90	12.6	5,3	4.8	.6
1 C. C. Carretta 20 and 20 carrette 2 A and the barret mass 21 of the Tally 1000 Company Displaying					

^{1.} See footnotes 28 and 29 to table 2.4 and the box on page 21 of the July 1989 SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS.

NOTE.—The figures in parentheses are the line numbers of the corresponding items in table 2.4.

SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

Table 2 .-- Personal Income by Type of Income

			V	Vage and salar	y disbursemen	ts			Proprietor	s' income	Rental				Less:	
Year and	Personal		Commodit	y-producing			Govern-	Other	with inv valuation a	and capital	income of persons with	Personal	Personal	Transfer	Personal contribu-	Adden- dum: Total
month	income	All industries	Total	Manufactur-	Distributive	Service	ment and government	labor income	consur adjust		capital consumption	dividend income	interest income	payments	tions for social	nonfarm income i
			Total	ing			enterprises		Farm	Nonfarm	adjustment				insurance	
1985	3,325.3	1,975.4 2,094.8	608.9	460.9	473.2	521.3	372.0 393.7	187.6 199.3	30.2 34.7	225.6 247.2	9.2	78.7	478.0	489.8	149.3	3,271.3 3,469.4
1986 1987	3,526.2 3,777.6 4,064.5	2,094.8 2,249.4 2,429.0	625.6 649.9	473.2 490.3	498.8 531.9 571.9	576.7 648.3	419.2 446.5	212.8 228.9	34.7 41.6 39.8	247.2 270.0 288.0	11.6 13.4 15.7	85.8 92.0 102.2	493.2 523.2 571.1	521.5 548.2 584.7	161.9 172.9 194.9	3,469.4 3,714.7 4,003.7
1988 1985	4,064.5	2,429.0	696.3	524.0	3/1.9	714.4	440.3	228.9	39.8	288.0	15.7	102.2	3/1.1	384.7	194.9	4,003.7
January February	3,237.0 3,264.1	1,916.4 1,924.2	599.2 597.1	455.2 452.3	459.0 462.3	496.7 500.8	361.5 364.0	185.1 185.5	30.8 38.8	217.0 219.0	7.6 9.2	77.9 78.2	468.9 472.8	479.3 482.8	145.9 146.3	3,181.2 3,200.6
March April	3,287.9 3,307.2	1,945.0 1,946.2	609.4 602.4	463.5 455.3	465.3 465.6	504.5 507.6	365.8 370.5	185.9 186.3	34.2 50.3	219.9 220.0	10.4 10.8	78.6 78.8	476.6 476.4	484.9 485.8	147.5 147.5	3,229.2 3,232.5
May June	3,298.3 3,317.2	1,955.5 1,973.6	604.7 607.0	457.0 459.0	469.8 474.1	511.9 521.7	369.0 370.7	186.8 187.3	28.6 26.8	222.0 224.1	11.3 11.6	78.9 78.9	476.9 477.0	486.3 486.9	147.9 149.1	3,245.6 3,266.5
July August	3,323.1 3,328.9	1,973.8	607.1 610.5	459.5 461.6	473.2 475.7	521.1 526.4	372.4 374.1	187.7 188.2	23.6 19.5	225.0 226.6	12.0 12.2	78.9 78.8	476.1 475.8	495.0 491.1	149.0 149.9	3,275.8 3,285.9
September	3,343.0 3,374.2	2,001.6 2,012.9	612.0 618.0	461.8 468.0	479.9	534.1 537.0	375.6 377.1	188.7 189.1	22.2 24.1	229,4 233,0	2.5 10.6	78.7 78.8	477.2 481.3	493.5 495.9	150,8 151.6	3,297.5 3,326.9
October November	3,386.3	2,012.9 2,022.4 2,046.9	617.5 621.9	467.0 469.9	483.4 489.6	540.8 552.3	380.7 383.0	189.7 190.4	26.7 36.9	235.1 236.8	2.3 10.6	79.2 79.2	485.7 490.9	497.5 499.1	152.2 153.9	3,336.7 3,377.0
December 1986	3,436.8	2,046.9		409.9				190.4	30.9	2,50.6	!	19.2			133.9	
January February	3,441.1 3,455.9	2,046.3 2,054.3	623.0 620.4	470,6 468,9	489,0 490,5	550.8 557.8	383.6 385.5	192.6 193.7	24.6 28.2	244.5 243.2	9.8 9.4	81.6 83.1	491.9 493.6	508.3 509.6	158.4 159.2	3,393.7 3,405.0
March April	3,473.9 3,510.1	2,070.1 2,066.1	626.3 621.9	475.5 470.0	492.8 491.5	563.6 563.5	387.4 389.2	194.8 196.0	25.9 56.3	241.8 245.2	9.7 10.8	84.2 85.1	494.8 495.5	513.0 514.8	160.5 159.8	3,425.5 3,431.3
May June	3,506.8 3,513.0	2,073.7 2,084.7	622.3 621.3	471.2 470.5	493.4 496.2	567.0 574.4	i. 391.0	197.2 198.4	43.5 33.1	244.5 245.9	11.7 12.1	85.6 86.2	494.2 493.4	517.9 520.4	161.4 161.2	3,441.1 3,457.9
July	3,524.7 3,538.5	2,092.8 2,106.8	622.6 626.2	471.4 473.8	498.7 501.1	577.0 582.9	392.7 394.5 396.6	199.6 201.4	26.9 30.1	248.1 247.8	11.7 11.5	86.5 87.0	492.9 492.2	528.1 524.6	162.0 162.9	3,475.7 3,486.5
August September	3,557.4 3,573.5	2,113.4	625.9 633.0	473.8 479.7	503.6	585.6 592.0	398.3 400.1	202.6 203.8	36.6 32.4	249.5 248.6	11.9	87.3 87.4	492.0 492.2	527.3 529.3	163.2 164.1	3,499.0 3,519.4
October November	3,594.1	2,131.2 2,145.9	630.5	475.9	506.1 511.9	601.7	401.9	205.0 205.0 206.1	32.1 47.2	251.2	12.7 13.5	87.7	492.2 492.4 493.5	531.0	164.8	3,540.3
December	3,625.8	2,152.3	633.3	477.4	511.2	604.1	403.6	206.1	47.2	256.2	14.1	87.9	493.3	533.3	164.9	3,557.0
January February	3,640.8 3,680.2	2,167.0 2,185.3	634.6 636.3	479.7 481.2	513.1 519.3	611.1 619.5	408.3 410.3	207.0 207.8	38.9 48.6	259.0 263.2	14.7 14.9	88.4 88.7	497.6 501.9	537.0 539.5	168.9 169.8	3,580.2 3,609.9
March April	3,699.8 3,718.5	2,200.7 2,206.9	642.7 638.3	486.1 481.6	520.5 524.4	625.4 630.4	412.1 413.8	208.1 210.5	45.7 49.0	264.8 264.2	14.4 13.9	89.1 89.3	506.9 512.0	540.4 543.5	170.4 170.7	3,632.9 3,648.2
May	3,734.1	2,222.8 2,232.1	642.5 644.3	484.2	527.3	637.4	415.7 417.7	209.8 211.2	35.3 35.2	266.4	13.1	90.4 91.0	516.8	550.9	171.4 171.8	3,677.3
June July	3,745.4 3,770.5	2,245.7	647.0	485.3 487.7	528.5 532.5	641.5 646.4	419.8	212.9	38.6	267.5 268.7	12.1 11.5	92.1	519.7 523.2	548.3 550.1	172.5	3,688.9 3,710.6
August September	3,798.7 3,817.4	2,271.6 2,281.7	653.4 658.2	492.6 497.6	538.0 541.0	658.2 658.4	422.0 424.2	214.3 215.7	31.8 30.5	272.8 273.2	11.2 11.7	93.2 94.1	527.4 533.1	550.4 551.9	174.0 174.5	3,745.5 3,765.6
October November	3,894.3 3,886.8	2,302.6 2,319.4 2,356.5	663.4 668.5	500.1 503.1	544,2 547,1	668.7 675.0	426,3 428,7	217.3 218.8	68.1 33.3	278.9 279.8	13.2 14.5	94.9 95.7	540.6 546.9	555.0	175.6 176.6	3,805.0 3,832.2
December	3,944.9	2,356.5	669.8	504.3	547.0	707.6	432.1	220.4	43.9	282.2	15.3	96.4	552.2	556.9	178.9	3,879.8
January	3,921.9	2,338.0 2,355.1	671.6	507.1	551.3	680.3	434,9 437,0	221.4 222,3	37.2	279.1	15.7	97.2	550.4	572.1	189.3 190.5	3,863.5 3,883.8
February March	3,944.2 3,979.5	2,367.1	675.8 687.3	509.1 518.1	555.7 555.0	686.7 685.8	439.0	223.3	39.3 55.7	281.0 279.6	15.7 15.4	98.3 99.0	549.3 549.2	573.7 581.5	191.2	3,902.8
Аргіі Мау	4,007.1 4,023.3	2,393.4 2,402.7	687.4 689.2	516.2 518.6	566.4 566.6	698.6 703.6	441.0 443.1	224.5 225.7 227.5	45.0 46.4	285.6 285.9	14.8 14.4	99.8 100.4	554.8 560.3	582.0 580.8	192.7 193.2	3,941.0 3,955.9
June July	4,049.4 4,079.8	2,420.1 2,443.4	695.7 699.6	522.8 525.4	570.9 577.1	708.4 719.2	445.1 447.4	229.3	44.7 41.0	287.9 288.5	14.6 15.6	101.1 102.4	565.1 570.1	582.7 585.7	194.3 196.1	3,983.6 4,017.9
August September	4,094.2 4,118.6	2,447.7 2,465.6	700.0 705.1	526.0 530.1	577.0 580.0	721.0 728.7	. 449.7 451.8	231.1 232.9	38.6 33.4	288.5 290.9	16.5 16.7	103.9 104.7	576.0 583.0	587.9 588.7	195.9 197.2	4,034.6 4,064.1
October November	4,180.4 4,168.9	2,497.1 2,501.6	716.3 713.7	540.7 537.2	585.9 586.0	741.0 745.5	453.9	234.7 236.5	47.1 19.5	295.8 295.7	16.4 16.1	105.8 106.5	590.8 598.6	592.2 593.5	199.5 199.1	4,112.3 4,128.4
December	4,206.3	2,516.7	714.0	536.4	590.6	753.6	456.4 458.5	238.2	29,4	297,4	16.0	106.9	606.4	595.6	200.1	4,155.9
1989 January	4,273.1	2,545.4	720.6	541.4	597.3	762.8	464.6	239.7	48.0	299.6	13.8	108.4	616.5	610.7	209.0	4,204.0
February March	4,319.5 4,360.7	2,557.3 2,579.4	724.3 734.8	544.0 553.5	601.0	767.9 774.5	467.0 469.2	241.3 242.9	65.9 63.0	300.6 300.8	9.9	109.4 110.3	628.9 641.5	614.2 624.2	209.8 211.3	4,232.4 4,276.5
April May	4,386.5 4,394.7	2,601.3 2,602.3	732.5 732.4	548.6 549.0	608.7	787.5 787.7	471.2 473.6	244.4 246.0	57.5 56.1	303.4 302.0	9.3 8.6	111.0 111.4	648.4 655.2	623.9 625.7	212.6 212.6	4,307.7 4,317.2
June	4,407.3	2,616.1	734.5	550.9	612.0	793.9	475.7	247.5	44,1	302.3	8.1	111.8	661.8	629.0	213.4	4,341.8

^{1.} Equals personal income less the following farm components: wages and salaries, other labor income, proprietors' income with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments, and net interest. These farm components plus employer contributions for social insurance and farm corporate profits with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments equal farm national income shown annually in table 1.21.

SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

Table 2.7.—Personal Income and Its Disposition

				Billions o	of dollars				Dispo	sable personal in	ncome		
ļ					Less: Perso	onal outlays				Per o	capita	Danielas's	Personal saving as a
Year and month	Personal income	Less: Personal tax and nontax payments	Equals: Disposable personal income	Total	Personal consumption expenditures	Interest paid by consumers to business	Personal transfer payments to foreigners (net)	Equals: Personal saving	Total, billions of 1982 dollars	Current dollars	1982 dollars	Population (mid-period, millions)	percentage of disposable personal income
1985 1986 1987 1988	3,325.3 3,526.2 3,777.6 4,064.5	486.6 512.9 571.7 586.6	2,838.7 3,013.3 3,205.9 3,477.8	2,713.3 2,888.5 3,104.1 3,333.1	2,629.0 2,797.4 3,010.8 3,235.1	82.6 89.1 91.4 96.1	1.7 1.9 1.9 1.9	125.4 124.9 101.8 144.7	2,542.8 2,635.3 2,676.6 2,793.2	11,861 12,469 13,140 14,116	10,625 10,905 10,970 11,337	239.3 241.7 244.0 246.4	4.4 4.1 3.2 4.2
1985 January February March April May June July August September October November December	3,237.0 3,264.1 3,287.9 3,307.2 3,298.3 3,317.2 3,323.1 3,328.9 3,343.0 3,374.2 3,386.3 3,436.8	465.8 499.5 530.0 474.3 408.1 488.0 487.9 491.6 495.4 496.9 498.8 503.1	2,771.2 2,764.6 2,757.9 2,832.9 2,839.2 2,835.1 2,837.4 2,847.5 2,877.2 2,887.5 2,933.7	2,620.3 2,633.6 2,653.6 2,654.0 2,701.1 2,693.7 2,709.8 2,742.1 2,788.4 2,764.0 2,781.1 2,818.2	2,540.6 2,552.7 2,571.4 2,571.2 2,617.3 2,609.4 2,625.4 2,656.9 2,701.8 2,677.0 2,693.7 2,730.4	77.6 78.7 80.1 81.2 82.2 82.7 82.7 83.4 84.9 85.5 85.9	2.1 2.1 1.6 1.6 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.4 1.4	150.8 131.1 104.3 178.8 189.1 135.5 125.3 95.3 59.1 113.3 106.5 115.5	2,524.3 2,512.3 2,491.6 2,556.5 2,598.2 2,533.9 2,537.0 2,533.7 2,535.6 2,552.2 2,552.0 2,584.3	11,630 11,595 11,595 11,864 12,094 11,829 11,843 11,841 11,872 11,985 12,018	10,594 10,537 10,443 10,707 10,872 10,602 10,598 10,574 10,572 10,631 10,622 10,748	238.3 238.4 238.6 238.8 239.0 239.2 239.4 239.6 239.8 240.1 240.3 240.4	5.4 4.7 5.0 5.6 5.9 5.3 4.2 3.3 3.1 3.2 3.9
1986 January February March April May June July August September October November December	3,441.1 3,455.9 3,473.9 3,510.1 3,506.8 3,513.0 3,524.7 3,538.5 3,557.4 3,573.5 3,594.1 3,625.8	496.2 497.8 499.4 499.5 502.3 508.7 511.2 516.3 520.4 522.8 532.9 544.4	2,944,9 2,958.1 2,974.6 3,010.6 3,004.5 3,004.2 3,013.5 3,022.2 3,037.0 3,047.7 3,061.2 3,081.4	2,828.6 2,819.2 2,822.1 2,837.0 2,859.1 2,858.3 2,882.5 2,903.4 2,967.1 2,937.4 2,944.5 3,002.4	2,740.2 2,730.0 2,732.6 2,747.1 2,768.5 2,767.5 2,791.2 2,811.9 2,874.8 2,844.3 2,851.5 2,909.7	86.4 87.2 87.6 88.1 88.8 89.0 89.4 89.6 90.5 91.0 91.0	2.0 2.0 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.8 2.1 2.1	116.3 139.0 152.4 173.6 145.4 146.0 131.0 118.9 70.0 110.4 116.7 78.9	2,588.4 2,699.0 2,630.4 2,661.9 2,636.9 2,638.2 2,637.1 2,636.9 2,639.8 2,644.0 2,654.9	12,239 12,286 12,346 12,486 12,450 12,439 12,466 12,573 12,519 12,593	10,757 10,836 10,917 11,040 10,969 10,918 10,914 10,899 10,888 10,890 10,899	240.6 240.8 240.9 241.1 241.3 241.5 241.7 242.0 242.2 242.4 242.6 242.8	4.2 4.6 5.2 5.2 5.2 4.7 4.4 3.5 3.3 3.2 3.3
1987 January February March April May June July September October November December	3,640.8 3,680.2 3,699.8 3,718.5 3,734.1 3,745.4 3,770.5 3,798.7 3,817.4 3,894.3 3,886.8 3,944.9	529.5 527.5 535.4 665.4 557.6 560.8 565.8 577.4 582.0 586.5 599.2	3,111.3 3,152.7 3,164.4 3,053.1 3,176.5 3,184.6 3,205.0 3,225.4 3,240.0 3,312.3 3,300.3 3,303.3	2,961.3 3,024.5 3,034.9 3,064.8 3,075.9 3,105.6 3,127.2 3,164.1 3,158.5 3,162.4 3,171.8 3,198.6	2,869.1 2,932.3 2,942.7 2,972.3 2,983.3 3,012.5 3,070.2 3,064.1 3,068.2 3,077.7 3,103.9	90.1 90.1 90.2 90.6 90.7 91.2 91.7 91.9 92.4 92.4 93.0	2.0 2.0 1.9 1.9 2.0 2.0 2.0 1.8 1.8	150.0 128.2 129.4 -11.7 100.6 79.0 61.3 81.6 150.0 128.4	2,656.6 2,681.9 2,678.5 2,572.2 2,664.2 2,660.8 2,672.7 2,676.4 2,725.8 2,708.0 2,744.8	12,808 12,969 13,008 12,541 13,038 13,060 13,133 13,204 13,251 13,535 13,474 13,648	10,936 11,032 11,011 10,566 10,935 10,912 10,952 10,946 11,138 11,056 11,197	242.9 243.1 243.3 243.4 243.6 243.8 244.0 244.3 244.5 244.5 244.9 245.1	3.8 4.3 2.6 2.3 1.8 2.7 2.3 3.0 3.7 4.3 3.9
1988 January February March April May June July August September October November December	3,921.9 3,944.2 3,979.5 4,007.1 4,023.3 4,049.4 4,079.8 4,094.2 4,118.6 4,180.4 4,168.9 4,206.3	576.1 566.4 574.1 608.0 585.2 578.8 584.3 584.3 589.1 596.3 600.9	3,345.8 3,377.9 3,405.4 3,399.0 3,438.0 3,470.5 3,599.9 3,529.5 3,582.2 3,572.6 3,605.4	3,229.5 3,239.3 3,264.5 3,272.8 3,235.0 3,340.1 3,374.2 3,371.8 3,406.0 3,421.9 3,444.2	3,133.6 3,142.9 3,167.7 3,176.3 3,200.9 3,237.4 3,242.0 3,275.4 3,272.9 3,306.8 3,321.8 3,343.3	93.8 94.3 94.7 95.0 95.5 96.1 96.2 96.9 97.0 97.3 98.1 98.9	2,1 2,1 2,1 1,5 1,5 1,9 1,9 1,9 1,9	116.3 138.5 140.9 126.2 140.1 135.6 135.4 135.7 157.7 178.2 150.7	2,737.3 2,761.3 2,773.1 2,752.9 2,773.6 2,793.4 2,803.0 2,807.6 2,808.7 2,840.6 2,826.3 2,841.0	13,639 13,761 13,863 13,828 13,976 14,095 14,184 14,228 14,294 14,502 14,444	11,158 11,249 11,289 11,199 11,275 11,374 11,374 11,375 11,494 11,477	245.3 245.5 245.6 245.8 246.2 246.4 246.7 246.9 247.3 247.3	4.0 3.9 4.0 4.0 3.9 4.1 4.1 4.3 4.4 4.6 4.6
1989 January February March April May June	4,273.1 4,319.5 4,360.7 4,386.5 4,394.7 4,407.3	631.2 621.7 631.9 668.4 648.0 638.5	3,641.9 3,697.8 3,728.8 3,718.1 3,746.7 3,768.9	3,467.3 3,487.1 3,496.9 3,534.8 3,543.1 3,544.7	3,365.6 3,384.7 3,394.0 3,432.2 3,440.2 3,441.4	99.5 100.2 100.7 101.0 101.4 101.8	2.2 2.2 2.2 1.6 1.6	174.6 210.7 231.9 183.3 203.5 224.1	2,852.9 2,891.9 2,900.0 2,873.4 2,883.6 2,896.0	14,702 14,917 15,031 14,977 15,080 15,157	11,517 11,666 11,690 11,575 11,607	247.7 247.9 248.1 248.3 248.4 248.7	5.0 5.6 5.6 5.5 5.4

^{1.} Monthly estimates equal the 3-month moving average of personal saving as a percentage of the 3-month moving average of disposable personal income.

Table 2.8.—Personal Consumption Expenditures by Major Type of Product

Table 2.9.—Personal Consumption Expenditures by Major Type of Product in **Constant Dollars** [Billions of 1982 dollars]

2,449.8 2,494.4 2,490.9 2,504.1 2,502.1 2,517.0 2,529.6 2,548.7 2,531.1 2,524.9 2,525.4 2,546.4

2,563.7 2,569.2 2,579.5 2,572.5 2,582.3 2,605.8 2,599.7 2,620.0 2,604.5 2,627.9 2,634.5

2,636.5 2,647.0 2,639.6 2,652.5 2,647.8 2,644.3

365.5 381.6 381.2 389.3 384.5 393.9 398.2 410.9 402.1 383.7 387.3 397.1

408.4 408.2 408.4 409.4 412.4 422.7 408.9 414.2 409.1 412.1 417.3

432.0

423.7 417.2 417.1 430.1 421.9 419.6

877.5 897.7 888.0 888.6 888.2 890.2 891.4 893.4 890.6 889.4 891.7 897.6

891.8 896.3 901.5 894.0 899.1 904.5 906.9 914.4 909.7 911.2 918.0 907.0

915.7 918.1 911.3 906.6 904.7 906.2

1,206.8 1,215.1 1,221.7 1,226.2 1,229.4 1,232.9 1,240.0 1,244.4 1,238.4 1,251.8 1,246.5 1,251.8

1,263.5 1,264.7 1,269.5 1,269.1 1,270.8 1,278.6 1,283.9 1,291.4 1,285.6 1,297.5 1,292.6 1,295.5

1,297.1 1,311.7 1,311.2 1,315.8 1,321.2 1,318.6

[Billions of dollars]

2,869.1 2,932.3 2,942.7 2,972.3 2,983.3 3,012.5 3,033.5 3,070.2 3,064.1 3,068.2 3,077.7 3,103.9

3,133.6 3,142.9 3,167.7 3,176.3 3,200.9 3,237.4 3,242.0 3,275.4 3,272.9 3,306.8 3,321.8 3,343.3

3,365.6 3,384.7 3,394.0 3,432.2 3,440.2 3,441.4

April..... May..... June.....

1988

1989

February.... March.....

April.....
May......
June......
July

August....... September... October November ... December...

January.... February... March.....

April.... May.... June

388.3 407.3 407.8 418.0 413.5 426.1 431.4 447.7 438.8 418.1 422.3 433.0

447.3 445.5 446.4 447.7 451.8 464.2 449.0 456.9 451.6 456.9 462.8 482.4

473.1 464.2 461.8 477.3 467.7 466.0

959.5 987.1 982.8 989.6 993.1 1,000.2 1,001.5 1,008.0 1,008.5 1,010.0 1,014.5 1,021.8

1,014.8 1,019.5 1,032.2 1,032.4 1,043.0 1,051.7 1,059.1 1,068.8 1,070.8 1,076.3 1,084.3 1,074.6

1,093.8 1,098.6 1,102.5 1,113.2 1,118.1 1,118.5

Year and month	Personal consumption expenditures	Durable goods	Nondurable goods	Services	Year and month	Personal consumption expenditures	Durable goods	Nondurable goods	Services
1985 1986 1987 1988	2,629.0 2,797.4 3,010.8 3,235.1	372.2 406.0 421.0 455.2	911.2 942.0 998.1 1,052.3	1,345.6 1,449.5 1,591.7 1.727.6	1985 1986 1987	2,354.8 2,446.4 2,513.7	355.1 384.4 389.6	847.4 878.1 890.4	1,152.3 1,183.8 1,233.7 1,280,2
	3,233.1	433.2	1,032.3	1,727.0	1988	2,598.4	413.6	904.5	1,280.2
1985	0.510.6	250.6	000.0	1.007.0	1985			1	
January February March April May June July August September October November	2,656.9 2,701.8 2,677.0	359.6 353.8 370.7 355.1 381.6 364.7 367.4 381.7 412.5 371.4	883.9 891.7 897.0 904.3 907.4 905.2 910.9 916.1 920.2 926.4 934.1	1,297.2 1,307.2 1,303.7 1,311.9 1,328.3 1,339.6 1,347.1 1,359.1 1,369.2 1,379.2 1,388.7	January	2,372.6 2,405.9 2,374.6	344.2 338.5 351.6 340.0 362.6 348.2 351.1 364.1 392.2 354.5	835.0 840.9 838.5 843.1 845.2 840.9 845.3 851.1 853.7 856.7	1,135.0 1,140.4 1,133.1 1,137.4 1,145.1 1,149.8 1,153.0 1,157.4 1,160.0 1,163.3
December		377.3	937.5	1,415.6	November December	2,380.7 2,405.2	354.5 360.2	859.7 858.4	1,166.5 1,186.7
1986		Ì			1986				
January February March April May June July August September October November December	2,730.0 2,732.6 2,747.1 2,768.5 2,767.5 2,791.2 2,811.9 2,874.8 2,844.3	393.0 378.2 374.4 394.3 401.2 385.2 400.3 417.9 461.2 414.5 405.4 446.0	943.0 936.7 937.3 927.9 937.8 940.5 940.7 940.9 942.5 950.4 949.1	1,404.2 1,415.2 1,420.9 1,424.8 1,429.5 1,441.7 1,450.2 1,453.1 1,471.2 1,479.4 1,497.0 1,506.9	January	2,407.8 2,416.4 2,428.9 2,439.1 2,429.1 2,443.6 2,453.6 2,456.0 2,463.6	373.0 360.6 337.4 375.8 381.2 366.6 379.6 432.0 391.8 383.6 417.1	862.9 868.2 879.2 876.0 881.3 882.2 881.3 879.4 876.5 884.2 881.1	1,172.5 1,178.9 1,179.8 1,177.0 1,176.5 1,180.4 1,182.7 1,180.0 1,187.5 1,187.5 1,198.1 1,204.7
1987	ļ				1987		}		
January	2,932.3 2,942.7 2,972.3 2,983.3	388.3 407.3 407.8 418.0 413.5 426.1	959.5 987.1 982.8 989.6 993.1 1,000.2	1,521.4 1,537.9 1,552.1 1,564.7 1,576.6 1,586.2	January	2,449.8 2,494.4 2,490.9 2,504.1 2,502.1 2,517.0	365.5 381.6 381.2 389.3 384.5 393.9	877.5 897.7 888.0 888.6 888.2 890.2	1,206.8 1,215.1 1,221.7 1,226.2 1,229.4 1,232.9

1,521.4 1,537.9 1,552.1 1,564.7 1,576.6 1,586.2 1,600.6 1,614.6 1,616.7 1,640.2 1,640.9

1,671.5 1,677.9 1,689.1 1,696.2 1,706.1 1,721.5 1,734.0 1,749.7 1,750.4 1,773.5 1,774.7 1,786.3

1,798.7 1,821.9 1,829.6 1,841.7 1,854.4 1,856.9

January.

February.... March.....

April......
May......
June.....
July

August...... September... October..... November...

December

January..... February.... March..... April..... May..... June.....

1988

1989

3. Government Receipts and Expenditures

Table 3.1.—Government Receipts and Expenditures

[Billions of dollars]

	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988
Receipts	. 1	1,270.8	1,347.4	1,464.9	1,562.7
Personal tax and nontax receipts Corporate profits tax accruals Indirect business tax and nontax accruals Contributions for social insurance	3	486.6 96.4 333.6 354.1	512.9 106.3 348.9 379.2	571.7 124.7 367.8 400.8	586.6 137.9 393.5 444.6
Expenditures	6	1,402.6	1,491.5	1,575.0	1,658.8
Purchases of goods and services Compensation of employees Other	. 8	820.8 419.0 401.8	872.2 443.8 428.4	926.1 473.0 453.2	968.9 505.8 463.2
Transfer payments	∤11 -	481.2 467.8 13.4	510.8 496.8 13.9	533.9 521.5 12.4	568.6 555.7 12.9
Net interest paid	14 15 16	97.7 194.2 172.9 21.3 96.5	101.2 206.1 183.5 22.6 104.9	104.1 216.0 192.0 24.1 111.9	111.1 233.7 204.7 29.1 122.6
Less: Dividends received by government	18	4.5	5.5	6.7	8.3
Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises	20	7.2 22.9 15.7	12.8 27.2 14.4	17.6 31.5 14.0	18.5 29.6 11.2
Less: Wage accruals less disbursements	22	2	0	0	0
Surplus or deficit (-), national income and product accounts	23	-131.8	-144.1	-110.1	-96.1
Social insurance funds	24 25	62.3 -194.1	74.8 -218.9	90.1 -200.2	125.9 222.1

Table 3.2.—Federal Government Receipts and Expenditures

											Seas	onally ad	justed at	annual r	ates					
	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988	1985		19	86			19	87			19	88		19	189
						IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	Ш	IV	I	II	III	IV	1	II
Receipts	1	788.7	827.9	911.4	972.4	805.3	810.9	815.9	830.9	853.8	860.7	926.2	921.5	937.4	944.7	973.2	977.3	994.6	1,036.2	
Personal tax and nontax receipts	3	346.4 339.3 6.5 .7	361.4 353.5 7.1 .8	405.8 397.2 7.4 1.3	413.0 403.5 7.9 1.6	355.3 348.3 6.3 .7	351.4 344.0 6.7 .7	354.9 347.0 7.2 .7	363.3 355.1 7.5 .8	376.2 368.1 7.0 1.0	370.9 362.4 7.5 .9	424.4 415.5 7.7 1.2	408.1 398.9 7.7 1.5	420.0 411.9 6.7 1.5	402.7 393.9 7.3 1.5	417.5 407.5 8.0 1.9	411.4 401.7 8.1 1.5	420.3 410.7 8.0 1.6	446.8 437.0 8.1 1.7	464.2 452.9 9.5 1.8
Corporate profits tax accruals	7	76.3 17.8 58.5	83.8 17.8 66.0	101.0 17.7 83.3	111.4 17.4 94.1	78.8 17.3 61.5	82.0 18.7 63.2	81.9 17.9 64.0	82.5 17.3 65.2	88.9 17.2 71.6	93.2 17.4 75.8	100.4 17.7 82.7	107.4 17.9 89.5	103.1 17.9 85.2	104.2 16.6 87.5	111.6 16.7 94.9	114.0 17.5 96.5	115.8 18.6 97.3	117.0 19.5 97.5	
Indirect business tax and nontax accruals	10	55.1 34.6 12.2 8.3	50.5 30.5 13.7 6.3	53.8 31.6 15.4 6.7	56.7 34.2 16.4 6.1	53.5 34.5 12.7 6.3	50.3 31.4 12.8 6.0	49.2 30.1 13.4 5.8	51.6 30.3 14.4 6.9	50.8 30.3 14.2 6.4	52.7 31.0 14.9 6.7	54.2 31.6 15.7 6.8	53.8 31.7 15.3 6.8	54.5 32.0 15.9 6.6	55.9 33.1 16.5 6.3	55.9 34.0 16.0 6.0	57.4 34.6 16.4 6.3	57.8 35.1 16.9 5.8	58.0 35.1 17.1 5.9	ł
Contributions for social insurance	13	310.9	332.1	350.8	391.3	317.7	327.3	329.9	333.4	337.9	344.0	347.2	352.2	359.7	382.0	388.2	394.5	400.6	414.3	419.8
Expenditures	14	985.6	1,034.8	1,072.8	1,118.3	1,017.5	1,006.6	1,051.9	1,037.7	1,042.8	1,060.1	1,063.8	1,065.5	1,101.7	1,096.5	1,114.7	1,099.8	1,162.1	1,183.7	1,197.8
Purchases of goods and services	16	355.2 259.1 96.0	366.5 277.8 88.7	381.6 294.8 86.8	381.3 298.0 83.3	376.6 268.6 108.0	358.5 266.8 91.7	368.7 277.1 91.6	369.9 286.5 83.4	368.8 280.7 88.1	375.6 288.0 87.5	378.2 294.0 84.2	384.5 300.2 84.3	388.1 296.8 91.3	374.1 297.4 76.7	377.1 298.0 79.1	367.5 296.1 71.4	406.4 300.5 105.9	399.0 298.7 100.4	403,9 302,4 101.5
Transfer payments	19	380.1 366.7 13.4	399.9 386.0 13.9	414.3 401.9 12.4	438.2 425.4 12.9	385.8 370.3 15.5	389.9 379.5 10.4	398.6 383.5 15.1	405.3 389.5 15.8	405.8 391.3 14.5	407.1 396.5 10.6	413.8 402.6 11.2	414.3 403.3 11.0	421.9 405.2 16.7	433.0 421.5 11.4	434.4 424.2 10.2	438.0 426.3 11.7	447.6 429.4 18.2	460.4 448.9 11.5	467.9 455.1 12.8
Grants-in-aid to State and local governments	21	99.7	106.8	102.6	111.4	103.5	105.2	109.8	109.1	103.0	101.3	105.2	101.7	102.2	110.1	112.2	111.0	112.2	118.7	118.9
Net interest paid	22 23 24 25	130.1 152.0 130.7 21.3	135.6 158.2 135.6 22.6	141.7 162.3 138.2 24.1	151.4 173.8 144.8 29.1	132.7 155.4 133.9 21.5	134.8 158.2 135.7 22.5	136.6 159.1 136.9 22.2	135.0 158.7 136.0 22.8	136.0 156.9 134.0 22.9	137.8 158.3 134.5 23.8	139.1 159.8 136.0 23.9	142.5 163.2 139.3 23.9	147.3 167.7 143.1 24.6	144.9 171.7 145.1 26.6	149.9 171.1 142.7 28.4	153.9 174.4 144.2 30.2	157.0 178.3 147.2 31.1	167.0 187.4 154.9 32.5	
Less: Interest received by government	26	21.9	22.7	20.6	22.4	22.7	23.4	22.5	23.8	20.9	20.5	20.7	20.7	20.4	26.8	21.2	20.5	21.2	20.4	19.9
Subsidies less current surplus of government	27	20.3	26.0	32.6	36.0	19.0	18.2	38.3	18.4	29.2	38.4	27.5	22.7	41.9	34.4	41.2	29.4	38.9	38.5	35.0
enterprises. SubsidiesLess: Current surplus of government enterprises	28 29	22.2 1.9	26.5 .5	30.8 -1.8	28.9 -7.1	19.0 0	19.8 1.6	38.6 .4	22.0 3.6	25.5 -3.7	37.6 9	27.2 3	20.8 -1.9	37.7 -4.2	29.8 -4.6	32.2 -9.0	17.6 -11.8	35.9 -3.0		28.1 -6.9
Less: Wage accruals less disbursements	30	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Surplus or deficit (-), national income and product accounts.	31	-196.9	-206.9	-161.4	-145.8	-212.2	-195.6	-236.0	-206.8	-189.0	-199.4	-137.7	-143.9	-164.4	-151.8	-141.5	-122.5	-167.6	-147.5	
Social insurance funds		11.0 -207.9	17.6 - 224.5		54.8 -200.6	15.4 -227.6	17.7 -213.3	17.4 -253.4	15.7 -222.5	19.6 -208.7	21.9 -221.4	21.3 -158.9	26.8 -170.8	35.7 -200.0	45.7 -197.5	51.6 -193.2	58.2 -180.7	63.6 -231.2		64.1

SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

Table 3.3.—State and Local Government Receipts and Expenditures

											Seas	onally ad	justed at	annual r	ates					
	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988	1985		19	86			19	87			19	38		19	89
						IV	I	II	Ш	ΙV	I	II	Ш	IV	I	n	ш	ΙV	I	11
Receipts	1	581.8	626.3	656.1	701.6	598.0	615.3	619.2	633.0	637.6	637.1	658.9	659.6	668.9	684.8	699.2	706.0	716.5	732.6	
Personal tax and nontax receipts		140.2	151.5	165.8	173.7	144.3	146.4	148.6	152.6	158.2	159.9	170.2	163.9	169.2	169.5	173.3	174.5	177.5	181.5	187.4
Income taxes	3 4 5	72.2 56.2 11.8	77.6 61.2 12.7	86.3 65.8 13.8	88.5 70.3 14.8	74.2 58.1 12.1	74.8 59.4 12.3	75.5 60.6 12.5	78.0 61.8 12.8	82.2 63.0 13.0	82.5 64.1 13.4	91.4 65.2 13.7	83.8 66.3 13.9	87.6 67.5 14.1	86.5 68.6 14.4	88.8 69.8 14.7	88.6 70.9 15.0	90.3 72.0 15.1	92.9 73.2 15.3	97.5 74.3 15.6
Corporate profits tax accruals	6	20.2	22.5	23.7	26.5	21.0	21.3	22.0	22.4	24.2	21.8	23.5	25.3	24.2	24.8	26.7	27.2	27.4	27.4	
Indirect business tax and nontax accruals	7	278.5	298.5	314.0	336.8	284.8	297.1	292.7	301.7	302.3	305.3	310.3	318.2	322.1	328.3	334.1	339.7	344.9	349.7	354.8
Sales taxes	9	131.0 107.1 40.5	140.0 114.6 43.8	149.2 121.3 43.5	160.5 131.0 45.2	133.7 109.9 41.2	136.1 112.0 49.0	138.1 113.9 40.8	142.4 115.6 43.7	143.6 117.1 41.6	144.1 118.4 42.8	147.3 120.1 43.0	152.0 122.1 44.1	153.4 124.5 44.1	156.5 127.3 44.5	159.1 129.9 45.1	161.7 132.3 45.7	164.8 134.5 45.7	166.8 136.8 46.1	168.9 139.1 46.7
Contributions for social insurance	11	43.2	47.1	50.0	53.3	44.4	45.2	46.0	47.2	49.8	48.8	49.6	50.4	51.2	52.0	52.9	53.7	54.6	55.4	56.3
Federal grants-in-aid	12	99.7	106.8	102.6	111.4	103.5	105.2	109.8	109,1	103.0	101.3	105.2	101.7	102.2	110.1	112.2	111.0	112.2	118.7	118.9
Expenditures	13	516.7	563.5	604.8	651.9	531.8	546.8	557.9	569.6	579.8	590.8	598.5	609.1	620.9	634.0	646.7	656.2	670.8	683.8	695.6
Purchases of goods and services	14	465.6	505.7	544.5	587.6	480.1	491.8	500.6	510.4	520.1	531.4	538.6	548.7	559.4	571.6	583.0	591.0	604.9	617.0	627.5
Compensation of employees	15 16	278.8 186.8	300.3 205.5	322.1 222.4	346.5 241.2	286.2 194.0	291.5 200.3	297.1 203.5	302.6 207.8	309.8 210.3	314.0 217.4	319.2 219.4	324.7 224.0	330.5 228.9	337.5 234.1	343.5 239.6	349.4 241.6	355.5 249.5	361.8 255.1	367.8 259.6
Transfer payments to persons	17	101,1	110.9	119.6	130.3	104.2	106.9	109.9	112.2	114.4	116.2	118.4	120.6	123.1	126.3	129.0	131.7	134.3	136.7	139.6
Net interest paid	18	-32.4	-34.4	-37.5	-40.3	-33.9	-33.8	-34.0	-34.5	-35.2	-36.2	-37.2	-38.0	-38.8	39.5	-40.0	-40.4	-41.1	-41.7	-42.3
Interest paidLess: Interest received by government	19 20	42.2 74.6	47.9 82.3	53.8 91.3	59.9 100.2	44.1 78.0	45.6 79.4	47.2 81.2	48.7 83.2	50.1 85.3	51.5 87.7	53.0 90.2	54.5 92.5	56.1 94.8	57.6 97.2	59.2 99.1	60.7 101.1	62.2 103.3	63.7 105.4	65.1 107.5
Less: Dividends received by government	21	4.5	5.5	6.7	8.3	4.9	5.1	5.3	5.7	5.9	6.3	6.6	6.8	7.1	7.5	8.2	8.5	8.8	9.1	9.5
Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises.	22	-13.1	-13.2	-15.1	-17.5	-13,7	-13.1	-13.2	-12.9	-13.6	-14.4	-14.7	-15.5	-15.7	-16.8	-17.1	-17.6	-18.5	-19.0	-19.6
Subsidies	23 24	.7 13.8	.7 13.9	.7 15.8	.7 18.3	.7 14.4	.7 13.8	.7 13.9	.7 13.6	.7 14.3	.7 15.1	.7 15.4	.7 16.2	.7 16.5	.7 17.6	.7 17.9	.8 18.3	.8 19.3	.8 19.8	.8 20.4
Less: Wage accruals less disbursements	25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 -	0	0	0	0	0
Surplus or deficit (-), national income and product accounts.	26	65.1	62.8	51.3	49.7	66.3	68.5	61.3	63.4	57.8	46.3	60.4	50.5	48.0	50.8	52.4	49.8	45.7	48.8	
Social insurance funds	27 28	51.3 13.8	57.2 5.6	63.7 -12.4	71.1 -21.4	53.9 12.4	54.7 13.8	55.7 5.6	57.4 6.0	60.9 -3.1	60.9 -14.6	62.8 -2.5	64.5 -14.0	66.4 18.4	68.3 -17.5	70.4 -17.9	72.1 - 22.3	73.8 -28.1	75.4 -26 .6	77.2

Table 3.4.—Personal Tax and Nontax Receipts

	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988
Personal tax and nontax receipts	1	486.6	512.9	571.7	586.6
Federal	2	346.4	361.4	405.8	413.0
Income taxes	4 5	339.3 305.4 101.8 67.9	353.5 319.5 107.4 73.3	397.2 327.3 143.7 73.8	403.5 343.8 133.3 73.6
Estate and gift taxes	8	6.5	7.1 .8	7.4 1.3	7.9 1.6
State and local		140.2	151.5	165.8	173.7
Income taxes Estate and gift taxes Motor vehicle licenses Property taxes Other taxes	11 12 13	72.2 2.6 5.9 1.8 1.6	77.6 3.0 6.3 1.9 1.5	86.3 3.4 6.8 2.0 1.6	88.5 3.7 7.1 2.2 1.8
Nontaxes	16	56.2 12.4 30.6 4.9 8.3	61,2 13,4 33,0 5,5 9,3	65.8 14.3 35.2 6.1 10.2	70.3 15.2 37.4 6.7 11.1

Table 3.5.—Indirect Business Tax and Nontax Accruals

[Billions of dollars]

	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988
Indirect business tax and nontax accruals	1	333.6	348.9	367.8	393.5
Federal	2	55.1	50.5	53.8	56.7
Excise taxes	3	34.6	30.5	31.6	34.2
Liquor	4	5.3	5.5	5.7	5.6
Tobacco	5	4.6	4.5	4.6	4.5
Windfall profit tax	6	5.2	.4		
Other		19.4	20.1	21.3	24.1
Customs duties	8	12,2	13.7	15.4	16.4
Nontaxes	9	8.3	6.3	6.7	6.1
State and local	10	278.5	298.5	314.0	336.8
Sales taxes	11	131.0	140.0	149.2	160.5
State	12	109.0	116.3	124.0	133.4
General	13	72.4	77.3	82.4	89.6
Gasoline	14	13.9	15.0	16.5	17.7
Liquor	15	3.1	3.1	3.2	3.1
Tobacco		4.4	4.6	4.7	4.8
Public utilities		6.2	6.0	6.1	6.0
Insurance receipts		4.8	5.9	6.6	7.1
Other		4.3	4.5	4.5	5.1
Local	20	22.0	23.7	25,2	27.1
General		15.4	16.6	17.8	19.3
Public utilities		4.0	4.1	4.3	4.4
Other		2.6	2.9	3.2	3.5
Property taxes	24	107.1	114.6	121.3	131.0
Motor vehicle licenses		2.6	2.7	3.0	3.1
Severance taxes		7.0	5.0	4.3	4.1
Other taxes		11.7	13.5	15.0	15.6
Nontaxes	28	19.3	22.6	21.3	22.4
Rents and royalties		12.6	13.4	13.3	13.7
Special assessments	30	2.1	2.3	2.5	2.6
Fines		1.6	3.8	2.1	2.4
Other	32	2.9	3.1	3.4	3.7

Table 3.6.—Contributions for Social Insurance

	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988
Contributions for social insurance	1	354.1	379.2	400.8	444.0
Employer contributions	2	204.8	217.3	227.8	249.7
Federal social insurance funds	3	172.9	182.7	191.1	210.
Old-age, survivors, disability, and hospital insurance	5	114.3 91.5 22.7	124.2 98.1 26.0	131.6 103.9 27.7	148. 118. 29.
Unemployment insurance State tax	8 9 10	25.5 19.5 5.5 .2 .3	24.3 18.2 5.6 .2 .3	23.6 17.8 5.4 .2 .3	23.0 18.0 5.1
Federal employee retirement	13	28.9 11.4 17.6	29.7 11.8 17.9	31.2 12.8 18.4	33.: 13.: 19.:
Railroad retirement	16 17	2.3 0 1.1 .8	2.4 0 1.1 .9	2.5 0 1.2 1.1	2. 0 1. 1.
State and local social insurance funds	20 21	31.9 28.1 .1 3.7	34.7 30.1 .1 4.4	36.7 31.5 .1 5.0	39.0 33.
Personal contributions	23	149.3	161.9	172.9	194.
Federal social insurance funds Old-age, survivors, disability, and hospital insurance	25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	138.0 125.5 114.6 91.8 22.8 10.9 5.6 .3 4.8 1.1 .8	149.5 136.8 124.5 98.3 26.1 12.4 5.7 .3 4.7 1.1 .8	159.6 146.0 131.9 104.1 27.8 14.1 6.7 .3 4.7 1.1 .8	180. 164. 148. 118. 29. 15. 9.
State and local employee retirement	36	10.1	11.0 1.4	11.7	12.

^{1.} Consists of payments for medical services for dependents of active duty military personnel at nonmilitary facilities.

Table 3.7B.—Government Purchases of Goods and Services by Type

[Billions of dollars]

											Seas	onally ac	justed at	annual r	ates					
	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988	1985		19	86			19	87			198	38		19	89
						ΙV	I	II	ш	IV	I	11	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	İ	II
Government purchases of goods and services.	1	820.8	872.2	926.1	968.9	856.7	850.3	869.3	880.3	888.9	906.9	916.8	933.2	947.5	945.7	960.1	958.6	1,011.4	1,016.0	1,031.4
Federal	2	355.2	366.5	381.6	381.3	376.6	358.5	368.7	369.9	368.8	375.6	378.2	384.5	388.1	374.1	377.1	367.5	406.4	399.0	403.9
National defense	4 5 6 7 8 9	259.1 76.4 11.9 164.8 100.9 67.4 33.5 63.9 6.1	277.8 83.3 11.1 176.8 104.0 70.2 33.8 72.8 6.6	294.8 89.8 10.5 187.3 108.9 73.3 35.6 78.3 7.2	298.0 83.9 10.9 196.1 113.2 76.0 37.2 82.9 7.0	268.6 77.7 11.7 172.9 103.0 69.2 33.7 70.0 6.2	266.8 75.2 12.3 173.2 103.4 69.6 33.8 69.8 6.0	277.1 82.5 11.5 176.8 103.7 70.0 33.7 73.1 6.3	286.5 89.6 10.6 178.9 104.0 70.3 33.7 74.9 7.3	280.7 85.9 9.9 178.3 105.0 70.8 34.2 73.4 6.6	288.0 88.4 9.6 183.2 107.9 72.8 35.1 75.3 6.9	294.0 89.1 10.2 188.0 108.4 72.9 35.5 79.6 6.6	300.2 93.7 10.8 187.9 109.0 73.3 35.7 78.9 7.8	296.8 88.0 11.3 189.9 110.3 74.1 36.2 79.6 7.6	297.4 83.2 10.6 196.9 113.3 76.0 37.4 83.6 6.6	298.0 83.7 11.4 195.5 112.9 75.8 37.1 82.6 7.4	296.1 83.7 10.5 194.7 113.0 76.2 36.9 81.7 7.2	300.5 85.1 11.1 197.4 113.7 76.2 37.6 83.6 7.0	298.7 82.7 10.8 198.8 119.1 79.1 40.0 79.8 6.3	302.4 82.1 12.1 201.4 119.4 79.0 40.4 82.1 6.8
Nondefense	. 113	96.0 3.9 17.5 11.2	88.7 4.1 11.1 5.4	86.8 4.2 3.2 -3.3	83.3 4.6 -8.2 -15.6	108.0 4.3 29.1 24.2	91.7 4.2 13.6 7.7	91.6 4.2 13.8 7.7	83.4 4.2 5.5 4	88.1 3.8 11.5 6.5	87.5 4.0 7.9 1.8	84.2 4.2 .5 –6.8	84.3 4.2 1 -6.9	91.3 4.4 4.7 -1.5	76.7 4.3 -10.9 -19.0	79.1 4.9 –12.9 –21.5	71.4 4.4 -19.8 -25.9	105.9 4,9 11.0 4.1	100.4 5.2 3.8 -3.8	101.5 5.1 4.3 -3.0
change. Other nondurables Services Compensation of employees Other services. Structures	17 18 19	6.2 66.0 39.3 26.6 8.7	5.7 65.9 39.5 26.4 7.6	6.6 70.9 42.0 29.0 8.5	7.4 80.0 46.1 33.9 6.8	4.9 67.4 39.5 27.9 7.2	5.9 66.1 39.3 26.8 7.8	6.1 66.0 39.5 26.4 7.6	5.9 66.4 39.6 26.7 7.4	5.0 65.4 39.7 25.7 7.5	6.1 67.6 41.0 26.6 8.1	7.3 70.8 42.0 28.7 8.7	6.8 71.5 42.3 29.3 8.7	6.2 73.8 42.5 31.3 8.4	8.1 76.3 44.7 31.6 7.1	8.5 80.4 45.8 34.7 6.7	6.1 79.7 46.8 32.9 7.1	6.9 83.6 47.1 36.5 6.5	7.6 84.9 49.2 35.7 6.5	7.2 84.8 49.7 35.1 7.4
State and local	21	465.6	505.7	544.5	587.6	480.1	491.8	500.6	510.4	520.1	531.4	538.6	548.7	559.4	571.6	583.0	591.0	604.9	617.0	627.5
Durable goods	23 24 25 26	21.8 40.3 349.8 278.8 71.1 53.7	24.1 39.9 381.1 300.3 80.8 60.6	26.5 43.6 409.8 322.1 87.8 64.6	29.4 46.9 442.1 346.5 95.6 69.3	22.7 41.7 360.4 286.2 74.2 55.3	23.2 41.0 368.9 291.5 77.4 58.6	23.8 39.2 377.1 297.1 80.0 60.4	24.3 39.2 384.7 302.6 82.1 62.2	25.0 40.1 393.6 309.8 83.8 61.3	25.5 42.0 399.1 314.0 85.2 64.7	26.2 43.0 405.9 319.2 86.7 63.5	26.8 44.4 413.5 324.7 88.8 64.1	27.4 45.1 420.8 330.5 90.4 66.0	28.1 45.4 430.1 337.5 92.6 67.9	29.0 46.6 438.2 343.5 94.7 69.2	29.8 47.5 446.0 349.4 96.6 67.7	30.6 48.3 453.9 355.5 98.4 72.2	31.5 50.6 463.2 361.8 101.4 71.6	32.3 52.4 471.4 367.8 103.5 71.4

Table 3.8B.—Government Purchases of Goods and Services by Type in Constant Dollars

					Seasonally adjusted at annual rates															
	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988	1985		19	86			19	87			19	88		19	89
						IV	I	п	ш	IV	1	II	Ш	IV	I	П	Ш	IV	I	II
Government purchases of goods and services.	1	731.2	761.6	781.8	785.1	752.7	744.1	761.2	765.2	776.0	776.6	774.9	783.5	792.1	775.1	783.0	775.9	806.4	799.7	807.6
Federal	2	326.0	334.1	339.6	328,9	340.6	324.4	335.4	334,2	342.4	338.1	334.7	340.7	344.9	323.8	327.9	319.8	343.9	335.5	341.3
National defense	4 5 6 7 8 9	237.2 72.1 13.4 146.2 88.3 59.4 28.9 57.9 5.6	252.1 78.4 15.4 152.7 89.0 60.0 28.9 63.8 5.6	265.2 88.8 14.5 155.9 89.5 60.5 29.0 66.4 6.0	261.5 84.6 14.3 156.9 89.1 60.0 29.1 67.8 5.7	241.4 72.0 13.1 150.8 88.5 59.5 29.0 62.3 5.5	241.2 71.0 14.4 150.6 88.7 59.7 29.0 61.9 5.2	251.4 77.3 15.6 153.1 88.7 59.9 28.9 64.4 5.4	260.0 83.2 16.2 154.4 88.9 60.1 28.8 65.5 6.2	255.8 82.1 15.4 152.7 89.5 60.3 29.1 63.3 5.6	259.0 85.3 14.0 153.9 89.2 60.4 28.8 64.7 5.7	264.6 87.9 13.9 157.2 89.1 60.2 28.9 68.1 5.6	270.6 93.5 14.6 156.1 89.5 60.5 29.0 66.6 6.4	266.7 88.6 15.4 156.4 90.0 60.7 29.2 66.4 6.3	263.0 84.2 14.3 159.0 89.8 60.5 29.3 69.3 5.4	262.5 85.0 14.7 156.8 88.8 59.8 28.9 68.0 6.0	258.8 84.3 13.4 155.4 88.7 59.9 28.7 66.8 5.8	261.6 85.0 14.7 156.4 89.1 59.8 29.3 67.3 5.4	254.4 82.1 13.9 153.5 89.5 59.7 29.8 64.0 4.8	256.1 80.8 15.3 154.9 89.4 59.5 29.9 65.5 5.1
Nondefense Durable goods	. 13	88.8 4.2 18.4 12.2	82.0 4.6 13.4 7.8	74.4 5.0 2.6 -3.9	67.4 5.4 -8.7 -15.6	99.2 4.7 29.0 24.3	83.3 4.7 13.8 8.0	84.1 4.7 15.3 9.4	74.2 4.8 5.4 3	86.6 4.4 19.2 14.2	79.1 4.7 10.2 4.1	70.1 4.9 -1.8 -9.2	70.1 5.0 -2.2 -8.9	78.2 5.2 4.2 -1.7	60,8 5,1 -12,7 -20,6	65.4 5.6 -11.3 -19.6	61.0 5.2 -14.7 -20.1	82.3 5.6 3.9 –2.2	81.1 5.7 3.6 –3.3	85.1 5.6 7.7 1.2
Other nondurables Services Compensation of employees Other services Structures	. 17 . 18 . 19	6.2 58.1 34.0 24.1 8.0	5.6 57.1 33.7 23.4 6.9	6.5 59.3 34.2 25.1 7.5	6.9 64.8 36.1 28.7 5.9	4.7 59.0 34.0 25.1 6.6	5.8 57.6 33.7 23.9 7.2	5.8 57.2 33.7 23.5 6.9	5.7 57.4 33.7 23.7 6.7	4.9 56.3 33.7 22.6 6.8	6.1 57.0 33.7 23.3 7.2	7.4 59.2 34.2 25.0 7.8	6.7 59.6 34.3 25.3 7.7	5.9 61.3 34.4 26.9 7.4	8.0 62.2 35.2 27.0 6.2	8.3 65.3 35.9 29.4 5.8	5.4 64.4 36.7 27.7 6.1	6.0 67.4 36.9 30.5 5.5	6.9 66.3 36.9 29.4 5.5	6.5 65.7 37.0 28.7 6.1
State and local	. 21	405.2	427.5	442.1	456.2	412.1	419.6	425.7	430.9	433.6	438.5	440.1	442.8	447.2	451.3	455.1	456.1	462.5	464.2	466.3
Durable goods Nondurable goods Services Compensation of employees Other services Structures	23 24 25 26	20.5 40.6 295.6 235.0 60.6 48.4	22.3 44.3 307.2 240.8 66.3 53.7	24.1 46.2 315.5 246.0 69.5 56.4	26.1 48.6 323.7 250.9 72.8 57.8	21.3 41.8 299.8 237.4 62.4 49.2	21.7 43.1 302.8 238.6 64.2 52.0	22.1 44.1 305.9 240.0 65.9 53.7	22.5 44.8 308.8 241.6 67.1 54.8	22.9 45.3 311.1 243.1 68.0 54.3	23.3 45.5 312.6 244.1 68.5 57.0	23.8 45.9 314.7 245.5 69.1 55.8	24.3 46.3 316.4 246.6 69.8 55.7	24.8 46.9 318.5 247.9 70.6 56.9	25.3 47.7 320.6 249.1 71.6 57.6	25.9 48.4 322.7 250.3 72.4 58.1	26.4 49.0 324.7 251.5 73.2 56.0	26.9 49.5 326.8 252.7 74.1 59.3	27.4 50.1 328.6 253.7 75.0 58.0	27.9 50.7 330.6 254.7 75.8 57.2

Table 3.9.—National Defense Purchases of Goods and Services

[Billions of dollars]

											Season	naliy ad	justed a	t annua	rates					
	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988	1985		19	86			19	87			19	88		19	989
						IV	I	II	Ш	IV	I	П	Ш	IV	I	Ħ	Ш	IV	I	11
National defense purchases	1	259.1	277.8	294.8	298.0	268.6	266.8	277.1	286.5	280.7	288.0	294.0	300.2	296.8	297.4	298.0	296.1	300.5	298.7	302.4
Durable goods	2	76.4	83.3	89.8	83.9	77.7	75.2	82.5	89.6	85.9	88.4	89.1	93.7	88.0	83.2	83.7	83.7	85.1	82.7	82.1
Military equipment Aircraft Missiles Ships Vehicles Electronic equipment Other Other durable goods	4 5 6 7	64.5 26.6 9.6 8.4 4.8 4.9 10.1 11.9	71.1 33.0 11.4 8.5 4.7 5.1 8.4 12.2	77.5 33.9 12.7 8.5 4.8 5.8 11.7 12.3	72.9 29.3 12.4 8.4 4.2 6.0 12.5 11.0	66.2 30.0 10.3 8.6 3.9 4.8 8.5 11.5	63.4 28.4 9.7 7.9 4.2 4.7 8.5 11.8	69.9 31.0 11.7 8.9 4.4 5.1 8.7 12.6	77.5 36.1 12.5 9.1 4.6 5.2 10.0 12.2	73.5 36.5 11.6 8.1 5.5 5.4 6.4 12.4	77.2 33.8 12.3 8.4 5.2 5.8 11.7 11.2	76.6 31.7 13.4 9.2 4.9 5.9 11.5 12.5	80.3 35.6 12.7 8.4 4.4 5.9 13.3 13.4	75.9 34.6 12.3 8.2 4.6 5.6 10.5 12.1	71.7 29.8 11.2 8.3 4.5 5.8 12.0 11.5	72.5 29.1 12.5 8.0 4.2 6.0 12.6 11.2	73.0 27.9 12.7 8.1 4.3 5.8 14.2 10.7	74.3 30.5 13.3 9.3 3.7 6.5 10.9 10.7	72.9 27.7 12.9 10.2 3.7 5.9 12.5 9.8	71.0 25.5 12.4 9.8 3.9 6.7 12.8 11.0
Nondurable goods	11	11.9	11.1	10.5	10.9	11.7	12.3	11.5	10.6	9.9	9.6	10.2	10.8	11.3	10.6	11.4	10.5	11.1	10.8	12.1
Petroleum products	12 13 14	6.5 3.0 2.4	4.3 4.2 2.5	4.2 3.8 2.5	4.4 3.9 2.6	6.4 2.8 2.4	6.3 3.6 2.3	4.1 4.8 2.6	3.5 4.5 2.6	3.3 4.0 2.5	3.4 3.7 2.4	3.8 3.8 2.6	4.3 4.0 2.5	5.2 3.6 2.5	4.3 3.7 2.5	4.4 4.6 2.5	4.3 3.5 2.7	4.7 3.8 2.6	4.6 3.6 2.7	4.7 4.5 2.9
Services	15	164.8	176.8	187.3	196.1	172.9	173.2	176.8	178.9	178.3	183.2	188.0	187.9	189.9	196.9	195.5	194.7	197.4	198.8	201.4
Compensation of employees	17 18 19 20 21	100.9 67.4 33.5 63.9 25.8 16.6 7.5 7.2 3.2 3.3	104.0 70.2 33.8 72.8 28.6 19.0 7.8 10.3 3.4 3.5 .2	108.9 73.3 35.6 78.3 28.5 22.2 8.8 11.3 3.8 0	113.2 76.0 37.2 82.9 30.7 23.8 8.9 11.8 3.7 4.0	103.0 69.2 33.7 70.0 28.4 18.0 7.7 9.0 3.2 3.4 .2	103.4 69.6 33.8 69.8 26.3 18.8 7.6 9.6 3.5 3.4	103.7 70.0 33.7 73.1 28.9 19.0 7.8 10.3 3.1 3.5 .5	104.0 70.3 33.7 74.9 30.0 19.9 7.7 10.7 3.5 3.4 3	105.0 70.8 34.2 73.4 29.3 18.4 8.0 10.6 3.5 3.4	107.9 72.8 35.1 75.3 28.8 20.5 8.5 10.7 3.5 3.7 3	108.4 72.9 35.5 79.6 29.1 22.8 8.8 11.1 3.8 3.8	109.0 73.3 35.7 78.9 27.6 22.9 8.9 11.5 4.2 3.8 0	110.3 74.1 36.2 79.6 28.5 22.7 8.9 11.8 3.8 3.9	113.3 76.0 37.4 83.6 30.8 24.2 9.1 11.8 3.4 4.0	112.9 75.8 37.1 82.6 30.2 23.9 9.0 11.9 3.6 3.9	113.0 76.2 36.9 81.7 30.3 23.4 8.5 11.9 3.9 3.9 3	113.7 76.2 37.6 83.6 31.4 23.6 9.1 11.7 3.8 3.9	119.1 79.1 40.0 79.8 29.8 22.3 8.9 11.4 3.6 3.7 0	119.4 79.0 40.4 82.1 30.4 22.6 9.0 12.0 3.8 3.9
Structures	27	6.1	6.6	7.2	7.0	6.2	6.0	6.3	7.3	6.6	6.9	6.6	7.8	7.6	6.6	7.4	7.2	7.0	6.3	6.8
Military facilities	28 29	3.5 2.6	4.1 2.4	4.9 2.4	4.7 2.4	3.7 2.5	3.6 2.4	3.8 2.5	4.9 2.4	4.3 2.4	4.4 2.4	4.5 2.2	5.2 2.6	5.3 2.3	4.2 2.4	5.0 2.4	4.9 2.3	4.6 2.4	4.0 2.2	4.5 2.2

Includes utilities, communications, rental payments, maintenance and repair, and payments to contractors to operate installations.
 Includes depot maintenance and contractual services for weapons systems, other than research and development.
 Includes compensation of foreign personnel, consulting, training, and education.

Table 3.10.—National Defense Purchases of Goods and Services in Constant Dollars

											Seaso	nally ad	justed a	t annual	rates					
	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988	1985		19	86			19	87			19	88		19	89
						IV	I	II	ш	ΙV	I	II	III	ΙV	I	II	Ш	IV	Ī	II
National defense purchases	1	237.2	252.1	265.2	261.5	241.4	241.2	251.4	260.0	255.8	259.0	264.6	270.6	266.7	263.0	262.5	258.8	261.6	254.4	256.1
Durable goods	2	72.1	78.4	88.8	84.6	72.0	71.0	77.3	83.2	82,1	85.3	87.9	93.5	88.6	84.2	85.0	84.3	85.0	82.1	80.8
Military equipment Aircraft. Missiles Ships Vehicles Electronic equipment Other Other durable goods.	4 5 6 7 8	59.1 22.8 9.0 7.6 5.3 4.7 9.7 13.0	64.1 27.9 11.0 7.5 5.0 4.8 8.0 14.3	73.3 31.6 12.8 7.4 5.1 5.5 10.9 15.5	70.8 29.0 13.5 7.1 4.5 5.6 11.2 13.8	7.7 3.8 4.6 8.3	57.3 23.8 9.3 7.0 4.6 4.4 8.1 13.8	62.8 25.6 11.5 7.9 4.8 4.8 8.3 14.5	68.9 30.1 11.6 8.0 4.9 4.9 9.4 14.3	67.5 32.2 11.5 7.0 5.7 5.0 6.0 14.6	71.1 29.9 11.9 7.3 5.5 5.4 11.1 14.2	72.0 29.0 13.6 7.9 5.3 5.6 10.6 15.8	76.8 34.2 12.7 7.2 4.8 5.6 12.3 16.7	73.4 33.3 13.1 7.0 4.9 5.3 9.7 15.2	69.6 29.2 12.2 7.1 4.7 5.4 11.0 14.6	71.0 28.4 14.2 6.7 4.6 5.7 11.4 14.1	70.9 27.9 13.6 6.7 4.6 5.4 12.7 13.4	71.8 30.4 14.1 7.8 3.9 6.0 9.7 13.2	69.7 26.6 14.4 8.4 4.0 5.4 10.9 12.4	67.0 24.3 13.4 8.0 4.2 6.0 11.2 13.8
Nondurable goods	11	13.4	15.4	14.5	14.3	13.1	14.4	15.6	16.2	15.4	14.0	13.9	14.6	15.4	14.3	14.7	13.4	14.7	13.9	15.3
Petroleum products	12 13 14	8.2 2.9 2.3	8.5 4.6 2.3	8.3 3.9 2.3	7.9 4.1 2.2	8.2 2.7 2.3	8.2 4.0 2.2	8.1 5.1 2.5	8.9 4.9 2.4	8.8 4.3 2.3	8.1 3.7 2.2	7.7 3.9 2.4	8.2 4.2 2.3	9.2 4.0 2.3	8.1 4.0 2.2	7.8 4.8 2.1	7.3 3.7 2.3	8.6 4.0 2.2	7.8 3.8 2.3	8.1 4.7 2.5
Services	15	146.2	152.7	155.9	156.9	150.8	150.6	153.1	154.4	152.7	153.9	157.2	156.1	156.4	159.0	156.8	155.4	156.4	153.5	154.9
Compensation of employees Military Civilian. Other services Contractual research and development. Installation support 1 Weapons support 2 Personnel support 3 Transportation of materiel Travel of persons Other Structures	17 18 19 20 21 22 23	88.3 59.4 28.9 57.9 23.2 14.5 6.6 6.5 3.7 3.2 .2	89.0 60.0 28.9 63.8 25.2 15.9 6.8 8.4 3.8 3.4 .2	89.5 60.5 29.0 66.4 24.8 17.5 7.7 8.7 4.1 3.7 0	89.1 60.0 29.1 67.8 25.5 18.2 7.6 8.9 3.9 3.8 0	88.5 59.5 29.0 62.3 25.2 15.4 6.8 7.7 3.8 3.3 .2	88.7 59.7 29.0 61.9 23.2 16.0 6.7 8.0 4.1 3.4 4	88.7 59.9 28.9 64.4 25.6 16.0 6.9 8.5 3.5 3.5 .4	88.9 60.1 28.8 65.5 26.5 16.6 6.8 8.7 3.8 3.4 2 6.2	89.5 60.3 29.1 63.3 25.6 15.0 7.0 8.4 3.8 3.3 .1	89.2 60.4 28.8 64.7 25.3 16.5 7.5 8.4 3.7 3.6 -3	89.1 60.2 28.9 68.1 25.5 18.1 7.7 8.7 4.1 3.8 .2	89.5 60.5 29.0 66.6 23.9 17.8 7.8 9.0 4.5 3.7 0	90.0 60.7 29.2 66.4 24.4 17.7 7.6 8.8 3.9 3.8 .1	89.8 60.5 29.3 69.3 26.1 18.6 7.8 8.9 3.6 4.0 2	88.8 59.8 28.9 68.0 25.2 18.4 7.7 9.0 3.8 3.7 1	88.7 59.9 28.7 66.8 25.1 17.8 7.3 8.9 4.2 3.7 2 5.8	89.1 59.8 29.3 67.3 25.7 17.8 7.6 8.6 3.9 3.7 .1	89.5 59.7 29.8 64.0 24.4 16.8 7.4 8.3 3.6 3.4 0	89.4 59.5 29.9 65.5 24.9 16.6 7.5 8.8 3.8 3.6 .3
Military facilities	28 29	3.2 2.4	3.4 2.2	4.0 2.0	3.7 1.9	3.2 2.3	3.0 2.2	3.1 2.2	4.1 2.1	3.5 2.1	3.6 2.1	3.7 1.8	4.3 2.1	4.4 1.9	3.5 1.9	4.1 1.9	3.9 1.9	3.5 1.9	3.0 1.7	3.4 1.7

Includes utilities, communications, rental payments, maintenance and repair, and payments to contractors to operate installations.
 Includes depot maintenance and contractual services for weapons systems.
 Includes compensation of foreign personnel, consulting, training, and education.

Table 3.11.—Government Transfer Payments to Persons

	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988
Government transfer payments to persons	1	467.8	496.8	521.5	555.7
Federal	2	366.7	386.0	401.9	425.4
Benefits from social insurance funds	3	320.0	338.0	352.8	372.6
Old-age, survivors, and disability insurance		183.3	193.6	201.0	213.9
Hospital and supplementary medical insurance		70.1	75.6	81.9	86.6
Unemployment insurance		15.8	16.5	14.6	13.1
State		14.6	16.0	14.2	12.8
Railroad employees		.2	.2	.1	.1
Federal employees		.3	.3	.3	.3
Special unemployment benefits	l ío	.8			
Federal employee retirement		41.1	42.2	44.9	48.1
Civilian 1		23.5	24.4	26.5	28.6
Military 2		17.6	17.9	18.4	19.5
Railroad retirement		6.2	6.4	6.5	6.7
Veterans life insurance		1.6	1.7	1.7	1.7
Workers' compensation		1.1	1.1	1.2	1.3
Military medical insurance ³		.8	.9	1.1	1.2
Veterans benefits	18	15.0	14.9	14.8	15.1
Pension and disability		14.0	14.2	14.2	14.6
Readjustment		9.7.	7.7	.6	.5
Other 4					
Food stamp benefits	22	10.7	10.6	10.6	11.2
Black lung benefits		1.6	1.6	1.5	1.5
Supplemental security income		8.8	9.5	10.3	10.7
Direct relief					
Earned income credit	26	1.1	1.4	1.4	2.7
Other 5		9.6	10.1	10.5	11.5
State and local	28	101.1	110.9	119.6	130.3
Benefits from social insurance funds		30.3	33.9	37.3	41.0
State and local employee retirement	30	25.7	28.7	31.5	34.7
Temporary disability insurance	31	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.6
Workers' compensation		3.5	3.9	4.3	4.8
Public assistance	33	65.1	70.7	75.6	82.1
Medical care	34	41.2	45.4	49.8	55.0
Aid to families with dependent children	35	15.4	16.4	16.7	17.2
Supplemental security income	36	2.3	2.6	2.9	3.1
General assistance		2.4	2.5	2.6	2.7
Energy assistance		2.1	2.0	1.7	1.8
Other 6		1.6	1.7	1.9	2.3
Education		3.5	3.9	4.1	4.5
Employment and training		.9	1.0	.9	.9
Other 7	42	1.2	1.5	1.6	1.8

- 1. Consists of civil service, foreign service, Public Health Service officers, Tennessee Valley Authority, and several small retirement programs.
 2. Includes the Coast Guard.
 3. Consists of payments for medical services for dependents of active duty military personnel at nonmilitary facilities.
 4. Consists of mustering out pay, terminal leave pay, and adjusted compensation benefits.
 5. Consists largely of payments to nonprofit institutions, aid to students, and payments for medical services for retired military personnel and their dependents at nonmilitary facilities.
 6. Consists of emergency assistance and medical insurance premium payments paid on behalf of indigents.
 7. Consists largely of foster care, veterans benefits, Alaska dividends, and crime victim payments.

Table 3.12.—Subsidies Less Current Surplus of Government Enterprises

[Billions of dollars]

	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988
Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises	1	7.2	12.8	17.6	18.5
Federal	2	20.3	26.0	32.6	36.0
Subsidies		22.2	26.5	30.8	28.9
Agricultural		7.0	12.0	16.1	13.4
Housing		13.2	12.8	13.1	13.7
Maritime	6	.3	.3	.3	.2
Air carriers		0	0	0	0
Other 1		1.6	1.3	1.4	1.5
Less: Current surplus of government enterprises	9	1.9	.5	-1.8	-7.1
Postal Service	10	-1.4	6	-1.7	-1.3
Commodity Credit Corporation	11	-3.8	-5.6	-6.3	-9.1
Federal Housing Administration	12	.6	.8	.4	3
Tennessee Valley Authority	13	2.1	2,1	2.4	2.1
Other 2	14	4.5	3.8	3.4	1.5
State and local	15	-13.1	-13.2	-15.1	-17.5
Subsidies	16	.7	.7	.7	.7
Less: Current surplus of government enterprises	17	13.8	13.9	15.8	18.3
Water and sewerage	18	5.1	5,7	5.9	6.2
Gas and electricity		5.3	5.5	6.2	6.8
Toll facilities		1.2	1.3	1.5	1.7
Liquor stores		.4	.4	.4	.4
Air and water terminals		1.6	1.8	2.0	2.2
Housing and urban renewal	23	1.1	.2	2	2
Public transit	24	-5.0	-5.7	-5.9	-6.3
Other 3		4.0	4.7	5.7	7.5
		L			L

Table 3.13.—Social Insurance Funds Receipts and Expenditures

[Billions of dollars]

	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988
Federal					
Receipts	1	338.2	362.8	386.3	435.4
Contributions for social insurance	2	310.9	332.1	350.8	391.3
Personal contributions	3	138.0	149.5	159.6	180.6
Employer contributions	5	172.9 47.4 125.5	182.7 50.2 132.5	191.1 53.4 137.7	210.7 58.5 152.2
Interest received	7	27.3	30.7	35.6	44.1
* Expenditures	8	327.2	345.2	359.9	380.6
Administrative expenses (purchases of goods and services)		7.2 320.0	7.3 338.0	7.1 352.8	8.0 372.6
Surplus or deficit (-)	11	11.0	17.6	26.4	54.8
State and local					
Receipts	12	82.8	92,4	102.4	113.7
Contributions for social insurance	13	43.2	47.1	50.0	53.3
Personal contributions	14	11.3	12.4	13.3	14.3
Employer contributions	15 16 17	31.9 28.8 3.1	34.7 31.0 3.7	36.7 32.4 4.3	39.0 34.1 4.9
Interest and dividends received	18	39.6	45.3	52,4	60,4
Expenditures	19	31.5	35,2	38.7	42.6
Administrative expenses (purchases of goods and services)		1.1 30.3	1.3 33.9	1.4 37.3	1.5 41.0
Surplus or deficit (-)	22	51.3	57.2	63.7	71.1

Note.—In this table interest and dividends received is included in receipts; in tables 3.1, 3.3, 3.14, 3.16, 3.18, and 9.4, interest received and dividends received are netted against expenditures.

Table 3.14.—Government Expenditures by Function

	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988
Total 1	1	1,402.6	1,491.5	1,575.0	
Central executive, legislative, and judicial activities	2	43,9	46.7	51.4	
International affairs	3	14.3	14.8	13.5	
Space	4	7.4	7,1	8.0	
National defense	5	258.8	277.4	294.4	
Civilian safety	6	48.5	54.5	60.3	
Education	7	210.9	226.6	242.2	
Health and hospitals	8	59.7	64.3	69.9	
Income support, social security, and welfare	9	422.2	446.1	464.6	
Veterans benefits and services	10	29.0	29.5	30.4	
Housing and community services	11	21,2	23.6	25.8	
Recreational and cultural activities	12	10.5	11.7	12.8	
Energy	13	3.9	1.6	.3	
Agriculture	14	32.6	33.2	28.6	
Natural resources	15	9.5	9.8	10.6	
Transportation	16	62.6	67.0	72.1	
Postal service	17	2.5	1.9	3.4	
Economic development, regulation, and services	18	2.8	3.8	4.6	
Labor training and services	19	6.1	6.2	6.3	
Commercial activities	20	-4.2	-4.8	-5.9	
Net interest paid 2	21	132.8	141.0	149.8	
Other and unaliocable	22	27.2	29.3	31.6	

^{1.} Equals Federal Government expenditures less grants-in-aid to State and local governments plus State and local government expenditures. Total expenditures include employee compensation on a disbursement basis. The estimates by function include employee compensation on an accrual basis. Wage accruals less disbursements (in millions of dollars) is as follows: 1985, -230; 1986, 0; 1987, 0; and 1988, 0.

2. Excludes interest received by State and local social insurance funds, which is netted against expenditures for the appropriate functions.

Consists largely of subsidies to railroads and mass transit systems.
 Consists largely of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, and Bonneville Power Administration.
 Consists of State lotteries, off-track betting, local parking, and miscellaneous activities.

Table 3.15.—Federal Government Expenditures by Type and Function

				of dollars]							
			,	1985	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 		1	1986		
	Line	Expenditures ¹	Purchases of goods and services	Transfer payments and net interest paid	Grants-in- aid to State and local governments	Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises	Expenditures ¹	Purchases of goods and services	Transfer payments and net interest paid	Grants-in- aid to State and local governments	Subsidies less curren surplus of governmen enterprises
Total 1	1	985,579	355,176	510,204	99,678	20,291	1,034,757	366,471	535,467	106,798	26,021
Central executive, legislative, and judicial activities		14,117	13,528	-45	639	-5	15,147	13,185	108	1,861	-7
Central administration and management	4	4,679 5,457	4,175 5,457	-50	559	-5	3,796 5,720	3,615 5,720	-44	232	-7
Legislative and judicial activitiesOther	5	2,694 1,287	2,677 1,219	5	17 63		2,712 2,919	2,678 1,172	152	34 1,595	
International affairs	7	14,263	2,442	11,843		-22	14,798	2,653	12,171	.,,,,,	-26
Conduct of foreign affairs and informational activities Foreign economic assistance	8	2,453 11,810	2,393 49	60 11,783		-22	2,753 12,045	2,696 -43	57 12,114		-26
Space	1	7,520	7,365	11,705	155		7,240	7,124	12,114	116	-26
National defense	1	260,324	259,140		1,475	-291	279,535	277,764		2,113	-342
Military activities	12	259,014	257,925		1,380	-291	278,370	276,685 234		2,027	-342
Civil defense	14	330 865	235 865		93		320 700	700			
Other	- 1	115	115			·····	145	145			ł
Civilian safety	16	3,169 2,566	3,067 2,538	1 1	101 27		3,511 2,689	3,352 2,635	1	158 53	
Fire	18	45 558	45 484		74		. 41 781	41 676		105	·····
Education		16,651	1,616	6,483	8,552		17,038	1,734	6,356	8,948	
Elementary and secondary	21	6,472 7,130	334 282	185 5,793	5,953 1,055		6,499 6,932	328 285	218 5,543	5,953 1,104	
Higher General research and other		7,130 3,049	1,000	505	1,055	***************************************	3,607	1,121	5,543	1,104	•••••
Health and hospitals	24	10,519	6,516	612	3,391		11,292	7,073	680	3,539	
Income support, social security, and welfare		397,859	5,921	341,799	50,139		420,549	5,726	360,567	54,256	
Retirement	26 27	208,773 166,769	1,043 999	207,730 165,770			219,587 176,170	1,025 973	218,562 175,197		
Government employees, civilian	28	20,468 15,932		20,468 15,932	ļ		21,426 16,254	ļ	21,426 16,254	ļ	ļ
Railroad	30	5,604	44	5,560			5,737	52	5,685		
Disability insurance (social security)		26,953 19,674	373 333	25,896 18,657	684 684		27,907 20,738	365 324	26,789 19,661	753 753	
Government employees, civilian	33	3,516 1,385		3,516 1,385	ļ		3,409 1,375		3,409 1,375		
Railroad	35	693	6	687			709	6	703	}	
Other	37	1,685 18,236	34 93	1,651 15,774	2,369		1,676 19,083	35 95	1,641 16,489	2,499	
Regular	38	17,015 798	93	14,553 798	2,369		18,427 126	95	15,833 126	2,499	ļ
Other	40	423	1 970	423	22 100		530	1 012	530		ļ
Medical care	42	95,194 71,995	1,870 1,870	70,125 70,125	23,199		102,920 77,365	1,812 1,812	75,553 75,553	25,555	
Medicaid		23,199 45,344	1,894	20,070	23,199 23,380		25,555 47,285	1,813	20,634	25,555 24,838	
Other		3,359	648	2,204	507		3,767	616	2,540	611	
Veterans benefits and services		29,018 14,239	10,430	18,448 14,239	146	-6	29,570 14,382	10,704	18,707 14,382	165	6
Education	48	942	28	914			712	9	703		
Insurance	50	1,594 10,687	8,997	1,593 1,567	123		1,702 11,376	9,467	1,701 1,779	130	
Other	1	1,556	1,404	135	23	-6	1,398	1,227	142	35	6
Housing and community services	52 53	19,097 4,502	1,174 372	83 16	7,247 4,114	10,593	19,390 3,922	1,624 246	319 18	7,544 3,658	9,903
Housing Water and sewerage	54	11,662 2,933	802	67	200 2,933	10,593	12,488 2,980	1,378	301	906 2,980	9,903
Recreational and cultural activities		1,657	1,138	326	193		1,764	1,144	472	148	
Energy		6,291	8,395		898	-3,002	4,604	6,381		1,054	-2,831
Conservation and development of energy sources	58	6,890 -1,448	6,214 1,332		676 222	-3,002	4,344 -515	3,513 2,093		831 223	-2,831
Administration and regulation		849	849		ļ	J,002	775	775			2,051
Agriculture	61	30,605 24,316	16,841 13,676	33	851	12,880 10,640	31,215 25,035	10,541	35	928	19,711
Financing farm ownership and utilities	63	2,964	797	7	166	1,994	2,916	7,621 640	7	157	17,414 2,112
Conservation of agricultural resources.		923 2,402	584 1,784	26	93 592	246	847 2,417	569 1,711	28	93 678	185
Natural resources	66	6,452	5,134		1,316	2	6,200	4,812		1,386	2
Transportation		26,525	8,078	3	16,548	1,896	26,644	8,010	2	17,030	1,602
Highways Water	69	13,477 4,267	265 3,933	3	13,212 14	317	13,739 3,965	290 3,686	2	13,449	255
AirRailroad	70 71	4,417 968	3,607 222		797 32	13 714	4,727 893	3,824 166		901 21	706
Transit	72	3,396	51		2,493	852	3,320	44		2,637	639
Postal service	- 1	2,461	1,085			1,376	1,935	1,335	ļ	ļ	600
Economic development, regulation, and services	74 75	-653 1,229	1,883 595		632 630	-3,168	-109 1,154	1,867 606		550 548	-2,526
Regulation of commerce and finance	76	404	404			ļ <u>.</u>	411	411			
Other	- 1	-2,286	884	401	2 2 2 2 2	-3,172	-1,674	850	100	2	-2,526
Labor training and services Training programs	78 79	4,767 3,721	1,416 637	481 481	2,832 2,603	38	4,857 3,945	1,436 690	468 468	3,012 2,787	59
Other	80	1,046	779		229	38	912	746		225	~59
Net interest paid	81	130,137	_	130,137		ļ	135,581		135,581	ļ	
Revenue sharing	82	4,570	7		4,563	ļ	3,996	6		3,990	·····

Table 3.15.—Federal Government Expenditures by Type and Function—Continued

			įviiniois	or dollars]							
				1987					1988		
	Line	Expenditures ¹	Purchases of goods and services	Transfer payments and net interest paid	Grants-in- aid to State and local governments	Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises	Expenditures ¹	Purchases of goods and services	Transfer payments and net interest paid	Grants-in- aid to State and local governments	Subsidies less curren surplus of governmen enterprises
Total ¹	1	1,072,797	381,599	555,948	102,614	32,636	1,118,277	381,301	589,638	111,361	35,977
Central executive, legislative, and judicial activities	2	15,816	15,073	-5	759	-11	17,115	15,950	150	1,026	-11
Central administration and management	3	4,740 6,407	4,149 6,407	-28	630	-11	4,332 7,296	3,522 7,296	-29	850	-11
Legislative and judicial activities	5	3,087	3,032		55		3,359	3.271	,	88	
Other	6	1,582	1,485	23	74		2,128	1,861	179	88	}
International affairs		13,476	2,803	10,701		. –28	14,150	3,056	11,121		_27
Conduct of foreign affairs and informational activities Foreign economic assistance		2,893 10,583	2,822 -19	10,630		-28	3,190 10,960	3,116 -60	74 11,047		-27
Space	1	8,124	7,981		143		9,352	9,175		177	
National defense		296,583	294,754		2,163	-334	299,984	298,001		2,329	-346
Military activities	12	295,964	294,204		2,094	-334	298,880	296,980		2,246	-346
Civil defense		259 480	190 480	***************************************	. 69		. 319 . 768	236 768		. 83	
Other		-120	-120				. 17	17			
Civilian safety	16	4,177	3,960	1	216		5,097	4,780	1	316	
Police		3,268 35	3,181 35	1	86		3,945 51	3,807 51	1	137	
Correction		874	744		130		1,101	922		179	
Education	20	16,917	1,881	6,555	8,481		18,775	1,839	7,075	9,861	
Elementary and secondary	21	6,087 7,009	412 304	211 5,696	5,464 1,009		7,319 7,582	376 276	216 6,259	6,727	
HigherGeneral research and other		3,821	1,165	648	2,008		3,874	1,187	600	2,087	
Health and hospitals	24	12,631	8,082	717	3,832		14,127	9,060	787	4,280	
ncome support, social security, and welfare		438,825	5,990	376,119	56,716		466,731	6,468	398,185	62,078	
Retirement	26	229,211	1,137	228,074			244,260	1,160	243,100		
Old-age and survivors insurance (social security)		183,014 23,620	1,082	181,932 23,620			. 195,014 25,452	1,103	193,911 25,452		
Government employees, military	29	16,725		16,725			17,733	57	17,733		ļ
Railroad		5,852 28,658	55 487	5,797	751		6,061 29,869	57 340	6,004	797	ł
Disability insurance (social security)	32	21,433	361	20,321	751	ļ	. 22,460	368	21,295	797	
Government employees, civilian	33	3,363 1,415		3,363 1,415			3,626 1,501		. 3,626 1,501		
Railroad	35	724	7	717			749	7	742		ļ
Other		1,723 17,212	119 38	1,604 14,696	2,478		. 1,533 . 15,895	-35 45	1,568 13,237	2,613	
Regular	38	16,616	38	14,100	2,478		15,417	45	12,759	2,613	ļ
Extended		71 525		.) 71 . 525			. 9 469		. 9 469		·····
Medical care	41	111,418	1,732	81,859	27,827		. 120,295	2,214 2,214	86,600	31,481	
Hospital and supplementary medical insurance (Medicare)		83,591 27,827	1,732	81,859	27,827		. 88,814 31,481	2,214	86,600	31,481	<u> </u>
Welfare and social services	44	48,550	1,950	21,471	25,129		51,236	1,937	22,538	26,761	ļ
Other		3,776	646	2,599	531		. 5,176	772	3,978	426	ļ
Veterans benefits and services Disability and survivors compensation		30,398 14,390	11,317	18,926 14,390	161	-6	31,586 14,790	11,751	19,653 14,790	188	6
Education	48	609	38	571			. 560	39	521		
Insurance	49	1,694 12,303	10,021	1,693 2,141	141	·•	. 1,718 . 13,066	10,412	1,717 2,496	158	
Other		1,402	1,257	131	20	-6	1,452	1,299	129	30	6
Housing and community services	52	19,860	1,612	352	6,978	10,918	21,590	2,089	321	6,780	12,400
Urban renewal and community development Housing		3,579 13,567	189 1,423	330 330	3,368 896	10,918	3,729 15,469	1,965	41 280	3,564 824	12,400
Water and sewerage		2,714	1,725		2,714	10,510	2,392	1,505	200	2,392	12,400
Recreational and cultural activities	56	1,731	1,207	390	134		1,838	1,312	416	110	
Energy	57	4,704	6,840		1,013	-3,149	5,371	7,202		1,016	-2,847
Conservation and development of energy sources	58	4,851 -947	4,053 1,987		. 798 215	-3,149	. 5,276 -530	4,489 2,088	ļ	. 787 229	-2,847
Production and sale of power	60	800	800		. 213	-3,149	. 625	625		. 229	-2,047
Agriculture	61	26,361	1,257	32	908	24,164	15,564	-9,600	36	977	24,151
Stabilization of farm prices and income	62	20,387	-1,835	5		22,222	8,091	-12,747			20,838
Financing farm ownership and utilities	63	2,627 846	745 559	1	147	1,730 212	2,419 2,381	655 612		. 139 . 81	1,625 1,688
Other		2,501	1,788	27	686		. 2,673	1,880	36	7 57	
Natural resources	66	6,542	5,200		1,341	1	7,003	5,446		. 1,555	2
Fransportation		26,424	8,524	2	16,271	1,627	28,253	9,218	3	17,281	1,751
Highways		13,252 4,246	353 3,977	2	12,899	243	. 14,259 4,579	338 4,315	3	13,921	232
Air	70	4,872	4,019	ļ	. 836	17	5,276	4,401	ļ	. 848	27
Railroad Transit		715 3,339	130 45		24 2,488	561 806	776 3,363	122 42		. 18 2,465	636 856
Postal service	73	3,393	1,648			1,745	2,952	1,695			1,257
	1	297	2,004		535	-2,242		2,258		520	
Economic development, regulation, and services	75	1,164	631		. 535	-2,242	2,738 1,207	2,258 671		538 536	-58
Regulation of commerce and finance	76	426 -1,293	426 947		2	- 2 242	414	414		2	
Other	1			481	Į.	-2,242	1,117	1,173		1	-58
Labor training and services	78 79	4,773 3,868	1,463 647	471 471	2,888 2,750	-49	4,645 3,876	1,601 723	484 484	2,849 2,669	-289
Other	80	905	816	}	138	-49	769	878		. 180	-289
							i .	1			i
Net interest paid	81	141,687		. 141,687			. 151,406		. 151,406		

^{1.} Total expenditures include employee compensation on a disbursement basis. Expenditures by type and function include employee compensation on an accrual basis. Wage accruals less disbursements (in millions of dollars) is as follows: 1985, -230; 1986, 0; 1987, 0; and 1988, 0.

SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

Table 3.16.—State and Local Government Expenditures by Type and Function

		[Millions	of dollars]						
			19	85			19	86	
	Line	Expenditures ¹	Purchases of goods and services	Transfer payments and net interest paid less dividends	Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises	Expenditures ¹	Purchases of goods and services	Transfer payments and net interest paid less dividends	Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises
Total ¹	1	516,662	465,575	64,169	13,082	563,529	505,726	70,986	-13,183
Central executive, legislative, and judicial activities Administrative, legislative, and judicial activities Tax collection and financial management.	2 3 4	30,448 15,504 14,944	30,108 15,504 14,604	340 340		33,410 17,042 16,368	33,000 17,042 15,958	410 410	
Civilian safety	5 6 7 8	45,459 22,189 9,289	45,427 22,189 9,289	32		51,150 24,254 10,447	51,115 24,254 10,447	35	
Correction	8	13,981 202,822	13,949 199,278	32 3,544		16,449 218.533	16,414 214.652	35 3.881	
Elementary and secondary Higher. Libraries. Other.	10 11	142,271 49,095 2,920 8,536	142,271 49,095 2,920 4,992	3,544		153,450 52,676 3,214 9,193	153,450 52,676 3,214 5,312	3,881	
Health and hospitals	14 15	52,609 14,934 37,675	52,366 14,934 37,432	243 243		56,568 16,559 40,009	56,315 16,559 39,756	253 253	
Income support, social security, and welfare Government employees retirement and disability	17 18 19 20 21	74,522 -11,411 3,303 41,806 40,824	18,073 640 507	56,449 -12,051 2,796 41,806 23,898		79,779 -13,980 3,849 46,014 43,896	19,749 730 567 18,452	60,030 -14,710 3,282 46,014 25,444	
Veterans benefits and services	22	133	123	10		144	132	12	
Housing and community services. Housing, community development, and urban renewal. Water. Sewerage Sanitation.		9,384 232 -595 6,067 3,680	15,569 1,359 3,218 7,312 3,680		-6,185 -1,127 -3,813 -1,245	11,763 1,080 -111 6,877 3,917	17,585 1,242 4,099 8,327 3,917		-5,822 -162 -4,210 -1,450
Recreational and cultural activities	28	9,026	9,026			10,069	10,069		
Energy	29 30 31	-1,484 -286 -1,198	3,806 58 3,748		-5,290 -344 -4,946	-1,997 -286 -1,711	3,494 56 3,438		-5,491 -342 -5,149
Agriculture	32	2,829	2,829	***************************************		2,950	2,950		
Natural resources Transportation. Highways. Water	33 34 35 36 37 38	4,400 52,649 43,611 92 231 8,715	4,400 49,822 44,836 452 1,515 3,019		2,827 -1,225 -360 -1,284 5,696	5,002 57,379 46,962 80 433 9,904	5,002 54,145 48,307 471 1,858 3,509		3,234 -1,345 -391 -1,425 6,395
Economic development, regulation, and services	39	4,058	4,058			4,508	4,508		
Labor training and services	40	4,163	3,233	930		4,362	3,412	950	
Commercial activities Publicly owned liquor store systems	41 42 43 44	-4,165 -390 -4,220 445	269 36 233		-4,434 -426 -4,220 212	-4,789 -385 -4,874 470	315 48 267		-5,104 -433 -4,874 203
Net interest paid ²	45	2,621		2,621		5,415		5,415	
Other and unallocable	46	27,188	27,188			29,283	29,283		

Table 3.16.—State and Local Government Expenditures by Type and Function—Continued

		[MIIIIOIIS	of dollars]						
			19	87			19	88	
	Line	Expenditures ¹	Purchases of goods and services	Transfer payments and net interest paid less dividends	Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises	Expenditures ¹	Purchases of goods and services	Transfer payments and net interest paid less dividends	Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises
Total 1	. 1	604,810	544,514	75,361	-15,065				***************************************
Central executive, legislative, and judicial activities Administrative, legislative, and judicial activities Tax collection and financial management	. 2	36,356 18,581 17,775	35,870 18,581 17,289	486 486					
Civilian safety	5	56,325 26,428	56,285 26,428	40					
Fire Correction	7 8	11,334 18,563	11,334 18,523	40					***************************************
Education Elementary and secondary Higher.	.) 9 10 11	233,808 164,411 56,081	229,660 164,411 56,081	4,148					
Libraries Other	12 13	3,517 9,799	3,517 5,651	4,148		***************************************			
Health and hospitals	14 15 16	61,107 18,256 42,851	60,845 18,256 42,589	262 262					
Income support, social security, and welfare Government employees retirement and disability	17 18	82,534 -17,952	21,183 820	61,351 -18,772					
Workers' compensation and temporary disability insurance	19 20 21	4,290 50,430 45,766	19,758	3,685 50,430 26,008					
Veterans benefits and services	22	157	143	14					
Housing and community services	24	12,963 1,227 41 7,677	18,735 1,050 4,484 9,183		5,772 177 -4,443 -1,506				
Sanitation		4,018 11,252	4,018 11,252			***************************************			
Energy Gas utilities Gas utilities	29	-3,436 -321	2,760 41		-6,196 -362				
Electric utilities. Agriculture.	31	-3,115 3,194	2,719 3,194		-5,834				
Natural resources	1	5,412	5,412						
Transportation		61,978 51,044 179 153	58,899 52,580 583 1,750		3,079 -1,536 -404 -1,597				
Transit and railroad	38	10,602	3,986		6,616				
Economic development, regulation, and services	39	4,833	4,833 3,548	914		***************************************	·····		•••••
Labor training and services Commercial activities Publicly owned liquor store systems Government-administered lotteries and parimutuels.	41 42 43	4,462 -5,852 -393 -5,935	324 42	914	-6,176 -435 -5,935				
Other	44	476	282		. 194				
Net interest paid 2 Other and unallocable	i	8,146 31,571	31,571	. 8,146				·	

^{1.} Total expenditures include employee compensation on a disbursement basis. Expenditures by type and function include employee compensation on an accrual basis. Wage accruals less disbursements in 1985, 1986, and 1987 is zero.

2. Excludes interest received by social insurance funds, which is netted against expenditures for the appropriate functions.

Table 3.17B.—Relation of Federal Government Receipts and Expenditures in the National Income and Product Accounts to the Unified Budget, Fiscal Years [Billions of dollars]

					,						Caler	dar qua	nters no	t seasor	nally ad	justed					
	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988		19	85			19	86			19	87			19	88	
						I	II	ш	IV	I	11	Ш	ΙV	I	11	Ш	IV	I	11	III	ΙV
Receipts																					
Unified budget receipts	1	734.1	769.1	854.1	909.0	174.1	206.6	187.2	177.2	179.6	214.7	197.5	190.0	193.7	253.5	216.8	204.9	207.1	269.2	227.8	221.9
Less: Coverage differences ¹	2 3	1.2 0	1.5 0	1.6 0	1.6 0	o.4	.4 0	.3 0	.3 0	0.3	.6 0	0.3 0	.5 0	.4 0	.5 0	.3 0	0.4 0	.4 0	.5 0	o.4 0	.4 0
Plus: Netting differences: Contributions to government employee retirement funds. Other 2 Timing differences;		32.3 14.6	33.7 12.6		38.6 16.2	8.1 3.3	8.2 4.6	8.2 3.3	8.3 3.0	8.3 3.3		8.5 3.1	8.7 3.3	8.7 3.6	9.0 3.6	9.0 3.4	9.5 4.3	9.5 3.6	9.9 4.6	9.8 3.7	9.6 4.0
Corporate income tax		-2.9 0 .6	.6 .5 1.2	-2.1 -1.7 1	-2.1 7 1.1	.4 7.7 3.1	-5.6 -5.1 .4	2.7 -1.5 1	2 8 -2.1	2.5 7.8 1.5	-3.0 -4.5 .9	1,4 -1.9 .8	-,2 -1.0 -2.8	1 7.1 1.6	-1.5 -4.6 .3	4 -3.3 .8	-1.0 9 -2.9	3.1 7.6 2.4	-6.9 -4.7 .4	2.7 -2.7 1.1	-2.6 -1.0 -5.2
Excise taxes Other Miscellaneous 3	10	7 0 0	-1.4 .4 0	8 .1 0	-2.1 .3 0	.2 .1 1	1 3 .1	5 .1 0	5 .1 0	5 .1 0	2 1 0	1 .3 0	5 .3 0	3 .3 0	7 0	2 .2 0	-1.4 4 0	.6 .8 0	$\frac{0}{0}$.3	-1.3 .1 0	9 .1 0
Equals: Federal Government receipts, national income and product accounts.	12	776.8	815.2	897.3	958.6	196.5	208.3	199.1	184.8	202.3	218.8	209.3	197.5	214.2	259.4	226.2	211.6	234.2	271.7	241.0	225.5
Expenditures	1																	!			
Unified budget outlays	13	936.8	989.8	1,002.3	1,064.1	229.8	234.0	234.5	252.4	240.9	245.2	251.4	254.4	251.4	251.2	245.4	285.3	245.6	268.2	264.9	289.4
Less: Coverage differences: Geographic 4 Other 5 Financial transactions:	14 15	5.3 -8.7	5.4 -1.6	5.4 -1.3	5.5 .2	1.3 -2.8	1.3 -4.4	1.4 -2.5	1.4 .1	1.3 .1	1.3 -1.9	1.4 .1	1.4 -1.5	1.3 .1	1.4 .1	1.4 .1	1.3 0	1.4 0	1.4 .1	1.4 0	1.5 0
Net lending	. 17	28.0 0 -2.3	14.0 0 -3.2	-,6 0 2.3	3,4 0 9,6	7.4 0 -1.0	8.6 0 4	3.0 0 8	.9 0 8	3.9 0 -1.5	2.8 0 5	6.1 0 3	0 0 1.4	1.3 0 1.5	1.0 0 .1	-2.9 0 6	1.0 0 -2.4	2.1 0 3.2	2,1 0 1,9	1.8 0 6.9	-1.5 0 8.1
Outer Continental Shelf		-1.9 .2	-2.1 .2	-1.6 .2	-1.3 1.2	0 .1	~.1 0	-1.2 .1	1 0	0	-1.9 0	0 0	-1.2 .1	1 .1	1 0	2 .1	2 0	0	4 1.0	6 .1	2 0
Contributions to government employee retirement funds. Other 2		32.3 14.6	33.7 12.6		38.6 16.2	8.1 3.3	8.2 4.6	8.2 3.3	8.3 3.0	8.3 3.0		8.5 3.1	8.7 3.3	8.7 3.6	9.0 3.6	9.0 3.4	9.5 4.3	9.5 3.6	9.9 4.6	9.8 3.7	9.6 4.0
Purchases of goods and services (increase in payables net of advances).	23	5	2.8	7.9	7.2	0	0	9	6	- .1	1,0		1.1	1.7	1.1	4.1	-1.4	4.0	1.2	3.5	-4.0
Interest. Transfer payments. Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises. Miscellaneous 6	25 26	7 4 .7	-1.1 .4 3.0 6		4 6 -3.7 1.1	0 2.2 .8 .1	1 5 -1.3 0	4 .8 .6 1	7 -2.0 1.5 1	6 2.2 1.0 2	.1 1 1.1 1	.2 6 2	-1.0 -2.0 2.8 1	.8 2.2 1.5 –.1	1 .4 1.0 2	0 2.3 -2.0 1	-19.4 .2 .4	3 19.7 -1.4 .2	.3 0 6 .4	8 9 -1.9 .1	.9 4 2.0 0
Equals: Federal Government expenditures, national income and product accounts.	28	962.3	1,028.0	1,060.4	1,104.0	239.3	239.8	246.2	260.3	250.8	259.0	257.9	267.1	265.5	263.4	264.4	279.5	274.0	278.0	272.5	293.7

1. Consists largely of contributions for social insurance by residents of U.S. territories and Puerto Rico.

2. Consists largely of proprietary receipts that are netted against outlays in the unified budget, and classified as receipts in the national income and product accounts.

3. Consists largely of Treasury receipts from sales of foreign currencies to Government agencies.

4. Consists largely of ransfer payments, subsidies, and grants-in-aid to residents of U.S. territories and Puerto Rico.

5. Consists of agencies not included in the unified budget, such as the Postal Service and the Federal Financing Bank, and net purchases of silver and minor coin metal.

6. Consists largely of net expenditures of foreign currencies.

Table 3.18.—Relation of State and Local Government Receipts and Expenditures in the National Income and Product Accounts to Bureau of Census Government Finances Data, Fiscal Years

Receipts			1986	1987	1988
	[
Census total revenue 1	\rfloor_1	720.1	783.3	842.6	ļ
Less: Coverage differences:]		"		
Unemployment insurance fund contributions and earnings	l 2	17.6	18.3	18.9	<u> </u>
Certain grant programs	. 3	3.4	9.		
Financial transactions 2		2.3	12.5	16.9	
Sale of land	. 5	.8	.8	.7	
Netting and grossing differences:	ļ	ŀ		ĺ	
Enterprise current operating expenditures plus current surplus	6	74.1	79.7		ļ
Government sales		16.8	18.2		ļ
Interest received	. 8	64.9	73.7		
Employer contributions to own social insurance funds		-18.1	-18.8		
Dividends received		4.0	5.0		
	11	-5.9	-7.4	-8.2	*********
Plus: Timing differences:	l		ļ		
Property taxes	. 12	0	.4		
Corporate profits taxes		7	1.3		ļ
Other		-1.6	2.7		
Miscellaneous	15	1	- .2	.2	
Equals: State and local government receipts, national income and product accounts.	16	557.7	604.6	642.8	ļ
Expenditures			ļ		ļ
Census total expenditures 1	. 17	658.0	717.4	775.3	<u> </u>
Less: Coverage differences:			ļ		
Unemployment insurance fund benefits paid	18	15.0	14.9	152	
Purchases of land		3.4	4.1	46	
	1 ~]] ~	""	
Netting and grossing differences:	20	74.	79.7		i
Enterprise current operating expenditures plus current surplus Government sales		74.1 16.8	18.2		
Interest received		64.9	73.7		
Employer contributions to own social insurance funds		-18.1	-18.8	-200	
Dividends received		4.0	5.0		
Medical vendor payments to public hospitals		-5.9	-7.4		
Plus: Timing differences:	1) '	Ì	ĺ	1
Excess of accruals over disbursements, and other	. 26	-9.1	-9.6	-10.9	
Miscellaneous	. 27	.5	.5		
Equals: State and local government expenditures, national income and product accounts.	28	495.2	538.9	584.7	

^{1.} The Bureau of the Census measures of State and local government receipts and expenditures (lines 1 and 17) represent a combination of fiscal years. Virtually all States and many localities use July 1-June 30 fiscal years; the rest use varying fiscal years. The national income and product account measures shown in this table are for the fiscal year ending June 30. The differences that arise from restating the Census data to a year ending June 30 are included in lines 12, 13, and 14 (receipts) and line 26 (expenditures). 2. Beginning in 1985, includes capital gains, net of losses, of State and local government retirement systems of \$.7 billion in 1985, \$8.3 billion in 1986, and \$12.7 billion in 1987.

Table 3.19.—Relation of Commodity Credit Corporation Expenditures in the National Income and Product Accounts to Commodity Credit Corporation Outlays in the Unified Budget

	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988
Commodity Credit Corporation outlays in the unified budget	1	23.8	22.8	21.2	9.4
Less: Financial transactions		1.1	.2	.7	0
Netting differences	3	2	4	3	0
Timing differences		9	9	.3	2.6
Other ¹	5	1	0	0	0
Equals: Commodity Credit Corporation expenditures, national income and product accounts.	6	23.8	24.0	20.5	6.8
Purchases of goods and services	7	12.7	6.8	-1.9	-14.1
Change in inventories		11.2	5.4	-3.3	-15.€
Other purchases	9	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5
Transfer payments to foreigners		1.2	.8	.9	.7
Grants-in-aid to State and local governments		0	.1	0	.1
Net interest paid		8	-1.1	7	7
Subsidies less current surplus	13	10.6	17.4	22.2	20.8
Subsidies		6.8	11.8	15.9	11.7
Less: Current surplus	15	-3.8	-5.6	-6.3	9.1

^{1.} Consists largely of foreign currency transactions.

4. Foreign Transactions

Table 4.1.—Foreign Transactions in the National Income and Product Accounts

[Billions of dollars]

		l									Seas	onally ad	ljusted at	annual 1	rates					
	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988	1985		19	86			19	87			19	88		19	989
						IV	I	11	111	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	Ш	IV	I	II
Receipts from foreigners 1	1	370.9	396.5	448.6	547.7	369.2	395.5	390.7	397.3	402.4	416.5	437.4	458.0	482.6	521.6	532.5	556.8	579.7	605.6	625.2
Exports of goods and services 1 Merchandise 2 Durable goods 2 Nondurable goods. Services 1 Factor income 3 4 Other 5	3 4 5 6 7	370.9 220.8 135.4 85.4 150.1 89.7 60.5	396.5 224.4 140.3 84.1 172.0 87.1 84.9	448.6 255.1 158.5 96.6 193.5 96.6 97.0	547.7 322.0 202.2 119.7 225.7 116.7 108.9	369.2 217.7 133.9 83.7 151.5 90.2 61.3	395.5 221.2 138.3 82.8 174.4 91.4 83.0	390.7 221.4 142.6 78.8 169.2 87.5 81.7	397.3 224.8 143.5 81.3 172.5 85.9 86.5	402.4 230.4 146.5 84.0 172.0 83.5 88.5	416.5 234.2 148.7 85.4 182.3 89.0 93.3	437.4 245.4 154.3 91.2 192.0 94.5 97.5	458.0 261.9 164.9 97.0 196.1 98.1 98.0	482.6 278.9 179.3 99.5 203.7 104.7 99.0	521.6 305.0 196.1 108.9 216.6 112.1 104.5	532.5 314.4 201.4 113.0 218.1 111.3 106.9	556.8 327.5 208.5 119.0 229.3 118.1 111.2	579.7 341.0 221.3 119.7 238.6 125.5 113.2	605.6 358.7 231.4 127.2 246.9 131.9 115.1	625.2 370.9 238.4 132.5 254.3 136.9 117.4
Capital grants received by the United States (net)	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Payments to foreigners 6	10	370.9	396.5	448.6	547.7	369.2	395.5	390.7	397.3	402.4	416.5	437.4	458.0	482.6	521.6	532.5	556.8	579.7	605.6	625.2
mports of goods and services 6	12 13 14 15 16	448.9 340.9 204.4 136.5 108.0 48.9 59.1	493.8 367.8 238.8 129.0 126.1 52.7 73.4	561.2 412.4 264.2 148.3 148.8 66.1 82.7	621.3 449.0 294.5 154.5 172.3 83.4 88.9	472.4 361.4 214.9 146.5 111.0 48.2 62.8	482.7 357.1 223.3 133.8 125.5 51.0 74.5	483.4 359.1 236.0 123.1 124.2 55.2 69.0	498.0 373.1 245.7 127.4 124.9 50.3 74.6	511.3 381.8 250.1 131.7 129.5 54.1 75.4	522.5 386.8 250.6 136.2 135.6 57.0 78.6	551.8 403.5 259.3 144.3 148.3 65.5 82.7	573.4 422.4 265.8 156.6 150.9 68.4 82.5	597.2 436.9 281.0 156.0 160.2 73.2 87.0	604.3 439.0 284.6 154.4 165.3 75.6 89.7	607.5 439.5 286.9 152.6 168.0 81.3 86.7	623.0 448.8 294.0 154.8 174.2 85.9 88.3	650.5 468.8 312.6 156.3 181.6 91.0 90.6	659.6 469.8 309.6 160.3 189.8 97.3 92.5	677.5 479.8 307.1 172.7 197.8 101.3 96.5
From persons (net)	19	15.1 1.7 13.4	15.9 1.9 13.9	14.3 1.9 12.4	14.7 1.9 12.9	16.9 1.4 15.5	12.3 2.0 10.4	16.9 1.8 15.1	17.6 1.8 15.8	16.6 2.1 14.5	12.6 2.0 10.6	13.1 1.9 11.2	13.0 2.0 11.0	18.4 1.8 16.7	13.5 2.1 11.4	11.7 1.5 10.2	13.6 1.9 11.7	20.2 1.9 18.2	13.8 2.2 11.5	14.4 1.6 12.8
nterest paid by government to foreigners	21	21.3	22.6	24.1	29.1	21.5	22.5	22.2	22.8	22.9	23.8	23.9	23.9	24.6	26.6	28.4	30.2	31.1	32.5	34.
Net foreign investment	22	-114.4	-135.8	-150.9	-117.5	-141.6	-122.0	-131.8	-141.1	-148.5	-142,4	-151.4	-152.2	-157.6	-122.8	-115.0	-109.9	-122.0	-100.3	-100.7

1. See footnote 5 and the box on page 21 of the July 1989 SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS.

2. Estimates beginning with the first quarter of 1986 exclude repairs and alterations of equipment, which was reclassified to "other" services.

3. Line 7 less line 16 equals rest-of-the-world product as shown in table 1.7.

4. Estimates beginning with the first quarter of 1986 exclude noninterest income of banks, which was reclassified to "other" services.

5. Estimates beginning with the first quarter of 1986 cover many business, professional, and technical services and incorporate improved measurement of telecommunications services and insurance services; incorporate new source data on rravel and passenger fares; cover foreign students' expenditures in the United States; cover repairs and alterations of equipment (reclassified from line 4); and cover noninterest income of banks (reclassified from line 7).

6. See footnote 7 and the box on page 21 of the July 1989 SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS.

7. Estimates beginning with the first quarter of 1986 cover many business, professional, and technical services and incorporate improved measurement of telecommunications services and insurance services; incorporate new source data on travel and passenger fares; cover U.S. students' expenditures abroad; and cover repairs and alterations of equipment (reclassified from line 13).

Table 4.2.—Exports and Imports of Goods and Services in Constant Dollars

[Billions of 1982 dollars]

											Seas	onally ac	ljusted at	annual r	ates					
	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988	1985		19	86			19	87			198	38		19	89
						IV	1	11	III	IV	I	п	III	ΙV	I	11	Ш	IV	I	II
Exports of goods and services 1	1	367.2	397.1	450.9	530.1	367.4	392.9	389.6	399.6	406.5	418.7	439.5	461.3	484.1	517.4	519.7	531.9	551.4	569.7	585.1
Merchandise 2 Durable goods 2 Nondurable goods	3	231.6 143.7 87.9	245.9 157.6 88.3	285.7 185.8 99.8	344.3 234.0 110.4	231.9 143.8 88.2	237.6 151.1 86.5	240.0 156.2 83.8	248.9 159.4 89.4	257.2 163.8 93.3	261.4 168.0 93.5	275.0 176.7 98.3	294.5 191.1 103.4	311.7 207.6 104.1	335.6 225.4 110.2	339.0 228.2 110.8	344.1 234.2 109.9	358.6 248.0 110.5	372.5 254.0 118.5	384.2 260.4 123.8
Services ¹	6	135.6 80.0 55.6	151.2 75.6 75.6	165.2 81.1 84.1	185.8 94.7 91.1	135.4 79.5 55.9	155.3 80.4 74.9	149.5 76.4 73.2	150.8 74.1 76.7	149.3 71.6 77.7	157.3 75.7 81.6	164.5 79.6 84.9	166.8 82.0 84.8	172.3 87.1 85.3	181.8 92.7 89.1	180.6 90.8 89.8	187.8 95.3 92.5	192.8 100.0 92.8	197.2 104.0 93.2	200.9 106.6 94.3
Imports of goods and services 6	8	471.4	526.9	566.6	605.0	492.6	502.9	520.7	541.9	541.9	536.9	555.4	580.2	593.9	595.6	592.3	606.9	625.2	624.6	637.7
Merchandise 2 Durable goods 2 Nondurable goods	10	367.9 218.7 149.3	413.7 242.6 171.1	440.5 261.8 178.7	467.1 280.8 186.3	387.8 226.8 161.0	386.6 232.2 154.4	408.3 241.1 167.2	431.1 247.2 184.0	428.7 250.0 178.8	420.3 249.8 170.5	428.9 255.9 173.1	452.5 264.8 187.7	460.4 276.8 183.6	460.1 275.6 184.5	456.5 274.5 182.1	468.3 281.8 186.6	483.4 291.3 192.1	477.4 290.7 186.7	485.6 292.1 193.5
Services 6	12 13 14	103.5 43.1 60.4	113.2 45.1 68.1	126.1 54.5 71.5	137.9 66.6 71.3	104.8 41.9 62.9	116.2 44.3 72.0	112.5 47.6 64.9	110.8 42.7 68.1	113.2 45.7 67.4	116.7 47.7 68.9	126.4 54.3 72.1	127.7 56.2 71.5	133.5 59.8 73.7	135.5 61.4 74.1	135.8 65.2 70.5	138.5 68.2 70.3	141.9 71.4 70.4	147.2 75.7 71.6	152,1 77.8 74.3

1. See footnote 5 and the box on page 21 of the July 1989 Survey of Current Business.
2. Estimates beginning with the first quarter of 1986 exclude repairs and alterations of equipment, which was reclassified to "other" services.
3. Line 6 less line 13 equals rest-of-the-world product as shown in table 1.8.
4. Estimates beginning with the first quarter of 1986 exclude noninterest income of banks, which was reclassified to "other" services.
5. Estimates beginning with the first quarter of 1986 cover many business, professional, and technical services and incorporate improved measurement of telecommunications services and insurance services; incorporate new source data on travel and passenger fares; cover foreign students' expenditures in the United States; cover repairs and alterations of equipment (reclassified from line 3); and cover noninterest income of banks (reclassified from line 6).
6. See footnote 7 and the box on page 21 of the July 1989 Survey of Current Business.
7. Estimates beginning with the first quarter of 1986 cover many business, professional, and technical services and incorporate improved measurement of telecommunications services and insurance services; incorporate new source data on travel and passenger fares; cover U.S. students' expenditures abroad; and cover repairs and alterations of equipment (reclassified from line 10).

Table 4.3.—Merchandise Exports and Imports by Type of Product and by End-Use Category

			Ì								Season	nally ad	justed a	t annua	l rates					
	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988	1985		19	86			19	87			19	88		19	989
						IV	I	II	Ш	ΙV	I	II	ш	IV	I	II	Ш	IV	I	II
Merchandise exports 1	1	220.8	224.4	255.1	322.0	217.7	221.2	221.4	224.8	230.4	234.2	245.4	261.9	278.9	305.0	314.4	327.5	341.0	358.7	370.9
Foods, feeds, and beverages Industrial supplies and materials. Durable goods	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	24.1 58.5 17.2 41.4 76.5 24.7 13.1 5.1 8.0 23.7 11.9 11.9	23.3 58.4 18.1 40.3 79.3 24.9 14.6 6.0 8.6 23.9 14.3 9.5	24.8 66.3 20.3 46.0 87.7 27.5 18.3 7.7 10.6 30.5 18.5	32.9 83.0 27.9 55.1 112.4 32.5 24.2 11.0 13.2 37.0 23.1 14.0	23,2 57,8 17,0 40,7 75,7 24,3 13,4 5,2 8,2 23,2 11,6 11,6	24.8 58.4 17.9 40.5 76.4 25.1 13.7 5.4 8.3 22.9 13.6 9.3	22.4 56.7 18.1 38.6 78.9 25.7 14.2 5.7 8.5 23.6 14.2 9.4	22.7 58.5 17.8 40.7 81.5 23.7 14.8 6.1 8.7 23.6 14.4 9.2	23.2 60.1 18.5 41.6 80.6 25.2 15.8 6.9 8.9 25.4 15.2	21.7 60.7 18.3 42.5 79.5 26.6 16.7 7.0 9.7 28.9 17.2 11.6	23.6 65.2 19.6 45.6 82.5 26.7 17.8 7.3 10.5 29.7 18.1 11.5	27.3 67.8 21.1 46.8 91.7 25.8 18.9 7.9 11.0 30.4 18.4 11.9	26.4 71.4 22.4 49.0 97.2 31.0 19.8 8.6 11.2 33.0 20.2 12.9	30.2 78.5 25.1 53.4 107.5 32.8 22.1 9.9 12.2 33.9 20.8 13.1	32.2 81.7 27.8 53.9 109.3 31.1 23.2 10.3 12.8 36.9 22.9 14.0	34.8 85.2 28.6 56.6 112.9 31.9 24.9 11.5 13.4 37.8 23.6	34.6 86.4 30.2 56.3 119.7 34.3 26.6 12.2 14.4 39.5 24.9 14.5	38.6 92.6 32.5 60.1 123.4 35.5 29.9 15.1 14.8 38.7 25.0 13.7	39.0 97.0 33.0 64.0 128.4 31.6 16.4 15.2 38.9 24.6
Merchandise imports 1	14	340.9	367.8	412.4	449.0	361.4	357.1	359.1	373.1	381.8	386.8	403.5	422.4	436.9	439.0	439.5	448.8	468.8	469.8	479.8
Foods, feeds, and beverages Industrial supplies and materials, excluding petroleum Durable goods. Nondurable goods. Petroleum and products Capital goods, except autos Autos Consumer goods Durable goods. Nondurable goods. Other 1 Durable goods 1 Durable goods 1 Nondurable goods. Nondurable goods.	16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	21.9 58.9 31.6 27.3 51.3 61.4 65.1 66.3 38.3 28.1 16.0 8.0	24.3 62.3 34.5 27.8 34.4 72.1 78.1 79.2 45.4 33.8 17.3 8.7 8.7	24.8 65.9 35.0 30.8 42.9 85.1 85.2 88.8 49.0 39.8 19.7 9.8	24.9 76.4 40.9 35.6 39.3 101.8 87.9 96.4 52.8 43.6 22.3 11.2	22.5 58.6 31.3 27.3 57.4 64.7 70.7 70.7 39.8 30.9 16.8 8.4 8.4	24.3 61.8 34.3 27.4 41.6 66.9 72.1 73.3 41.5 31.8 17.1 8.5 8.5	23.9 61.4 34.0 27.4 31.4 71.5 76.5 77.5 45.5 32.0 16.9 8.5 8.5	24.4 61.1 33.6 27.5 32.1 74.4 82.5 81.3 46.6 34.7 17.3 8.6 8.6	24.7 64.9 36.0 29.0 32.5 75.8 81.4 84.7 48.1 36.6 17.9 9.0 9.0	23.9 63.1 33.6 29.5 35.5 76.5 83.3 47.6 37.7 19.3 9.6 9.6	24.7 62.5 33.3 29.3 40.4 82.7 85.0 89.1 48.7 40.3 19.1 9.6 9.6	25.3 65.8 35.0 30.8 51.0 87.6 84.3 88.8 49.1 39.7 19.7 9.9	25.4 72.2 38.4 33.8 44.9 93.7 88.1 92.1 50.5 41.6 20.5 10.3	26.0 74.6 40.0 34.6 40.3 96.2 86.5 94.2 51.3 42.9 21.3 10.6 10.6	39.3 35.0 41.0 101.0 85.3 93.0 50.7 42.3 21.2 10.6	24.8 76.3 40.1 36.2 39.1 102.7 87.0 96.5 53.0 43.5 22.5 11.2	25.1 80.6 44.1 36.5 36.9 107.1 93.0 101.8 56.1 45.6 24.4 12.2 12.2	25.1 80.2 43.5 36.6 43.4 108.7 91.3 98.4 54.7 43.7 22.7 11.4	25.2 77.4 41.4 36.0 54.7 112.0 87.2 100.4 55.0 45.4 22.8 11.4
Addenda:		1													1				Ì	
Exports of agricultural products Exports of nonagricultural products Imports of nonpetroleum products	29	29.6 191.2 289.6	27.4 197.1 333.4	29.5 225.5 369.5	38.1 283.8 409.7	28.2 189.4 304.1	28.7 192.5 315.5	26.1 195.3 327.8	26.6 198.2 341.0	202.4	26.2 208.0 351.4	28.4 217.1 363.2	32.2 229.7 371.4	31.5 247.4 392.0			39.7 287.8 409.7	39.2 301.9 432.0		

1 Estimates beginning with the first quarter of 1986 exclude repairs and alterations of equipment, which was reclassified to services other than factor income.

2. Because no data are available to distribute exports of "other" merchandise between durable and nondurable goods prior to 1986 or to distribute imports of "other" merchandise for all time periods, estimates were distributed equally.

3. Includes parts of lines 2 and 5.

NOTE.—Beginning with 1985, the definitions of the end-use categories have been changed. For a description of the new definitions, see the technical notes in "U.S. International Transactions, First Quarter 1988," SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS 68 (June 1988): 34-39 and 57.

Table 4.4.--Merchandise Exports and Imports by Type of Product and by End-Use Category in Constant Dollars [Billions of 1982 dollars]

											Seasor	nally ad	justed a	t annua	l rates					
	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988	1985		19	86			19	87			19	88		19	89
						IV	I	П	ш	IV	I	II	Ш	IV	1	11	111	IV	I	11
Merchandise exports 1	1	231.6	245.9	285.7	344.3	231.9	237.6	240.0	248.9	257.2	261.4	275.0	294.5	311.7	335.6	339.0	344.1	358.6	372.5	384,2
Foods, feeds, and beverages Industrial supplies and materials Durable goods. Nondurable goods. Capital goods, except autos Autos. Consumer goods. Durable goods. Nondurable goods. Other' Durable goods 2. Nondurable goods? Nondurable goods?	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	25.3 61.2 18.0 43.2 85.8 22.7 13.2 5.5 7.7 23.5 11.7	26.5 63.8 19.7 44.0 94.1 22.4 14.1 6.1 8.0 25.1 15.4 9.7	30.1 69.4 21.3 48.2 112.6 24.3 17.1 7.6 9.5 32.0 20.0 12.0	33.1 79.7 26.8 52.9 144.3 28.1 21.7 10.3 11.4 37.5 24.5 13.0	25.9 60.8 17.9 42.9 86.6 22.2 13.4 5.5 7.8 23.2 11.6 11.6	26.6 61.6 18.9 42.7 89.6 22.7 13.4 5.5 7.9 23.6 14.3 9.3	24.4 61.7 19.7 42.0 92.4 23.0 13.8 5.8 8.0 24.7 15.2 9.5	26.8 64.8 19.7 45.1 96.8 21.2 14.3 6.2 8.1 25.1 15.6 9.5	28.2 67.0 20.7 46.4 97.5 22.5 15.0 6.8 8.2 27.0 16.4 10.6	26.6 66.2 19.9 46.2 98.7 23.7 15.8 6.9 8.8 30.5 18.7 11.8	28.9 69.0 20.7 48.3 105.5 23.6 16.7 7.3 9.4 31.2 19.6 11.6	33.3 70.1 21.8 48.3 118.7 22.8 17.6 7.8 9.8 32.0 20.0 11.9	31.7 72.5 22.7 49.8 127.6 27.2 18.2 8.3 9.9 34.4 21.8 12.6	34,2 77.6 24.8 52.8 139.8 20.0 9.4 10.6 35.2 22.6 12.6	37.4 24.2	32.0 80.5 27.0 53.5 144.6 27.3 22.3 10.7 11.6 37.4 24.5 12.9	31.9 81.8 28.5 53.2 152.4 29.2 23.6 11.3 12.3 39.7 26.6 13.1	36.1 88.7 31.2 57.5 152.7 29.9 26.0 13.7 12.3 39.0 26.5 12.5	37.2 93.0 32.0 61.0 158.2 29.7 27.2 14.6 12.6 38.8 25.8 12.9
Merchandise imports 1	14	367.9	413.7	440.5	467.1	387.8	386.6	408.3	431.1	428.7	420.3	428.9	452.5	460.4	460.1	456.5	468.3	483.4	477.4	485.6
Foods, feeds, and beverages	16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	22.4 67.3 36.1 31.2 60.4 73.1 60.8 67.4 40.3 27.1 16.6 8.3 8.3	23.2 73.8 40.8 33.0 75.5 84.1 65.8 74.5 43.6 30.9 16.8 8.4 8.4	23.9 73.5 39.3 34.3 78.2 102.1 67.8 77.2 43.8 33.3 17.8 8.9 8.9	22.7 73.7 39.5 34.2 86.2 121.2 66.4 78.2 44.3 33.9 18.7 9.4	23.0 68.4 36.5 31.9 68.1 76.6 64.2 70.4 41.0 29.4 17.1 8.6 8.6	23.5 72.8 40.5 32.3 60.4 79.0 62.9 71.0 41.3 29.7 17.0 8.5 8.5	22.4 73.4 40.7 74.3 83.0 65.0 73.6 44.1 29.5 16.5 8.3 8.3	23.7 73.0 40.2 32.8 87.7 86.2 68.7 75.2 43.8 31.4 16.6 8.3 8.3	23.2 75.9 41.7 34.2 79.8 88.2 66.5 78.1 45.0 33.1 17.0 8.5 8.5	23.2 74.4 39.7 34.7 70.7 90.2 67.3 76.5 43.5 32.9 18.0 9.0	24.5 71.4 38.2 33.2 72.7 97.5 67.6 77.9 43.9 34.0 17.4 8.7 8.7	24.3 71.4 38.1 33.3 88.4 106.9 67.0 76.7 43.8 32.9 17.8 8.9 8.9	23.9 77.0 41.0 35.9 81.2 113.5 69.1 77.6 44.0 33.6 18.1 9.1	23.8 75.0 40.3 34.7 83.2 116.0 66.5 77.4 43.7 33.7 18.2 9.1 9.1	21.7 71.9 38.2 33.7 84.9 120.4 64.8 75.1 42.2 32.9 17.8 8.9 8.9	22.5 72.7 38.3 34.4 86.4 123.6 65.7 78.6 44.7 33.8 18.9 9.4 9.4	22.7 75.1 41.1 34.0 90.3 124.8 68.8 81.7 46.6 35.1 20.0 10.0	22.9 72.7 39.4 33.3 87.9 129.5 67.4 78.5 45.2 33.3 18.6 9.3 9.3	23.4 70.3 37.5 32.7 93.9 134.7 65.1 79.7 45.5 34.2 18.6 9.3 9.3
Addenda:		Ì																		
Exports of agricultural products 3 Exports of nonagricultural products Imports of nonpetroleum products	29	30.4 201.2 307.6	30.6 215.3 338.1	34.9 250.7 362.3	37.6 306.7 380.9	30.6 201.4 319.7	30.1 207.5 326.2	27.9 212.1 334.0	30.8 218.1 343.4	33.7 223.5 349.0	31.2 230.2 349.6	33.7 241.3 356.3	38.5 256.0 364.1	36.3 275.4 379.2	39.4 296.3 376.9	38.8 300.2 371.7	36.2 307.9 381.9	36,2 322,3 393,1	40.1 332.4 389.5	41.5 342.6 391.7

¹ Estimates beginning with the first quarter of 1986 exclude repairs and alterations of equipment, which was reclassified to services other than factor income.

2. Because no data are available to distribute exports of "other" merchandise between durable and nondurable goods prior to 1986 or to distribute imports of "other" merchandise for all time periods, estimates were distributed equally.

3. Includes parts of lines 2 and 5.

NOTE.—Beginning with 1985, the definitions of the end-use categories have been changed. For a description of the new definitions, see the technical notes in "U.S. International Transactions, First Quarter 1988," Survey of Current Business 68 (June 1988): 34-39 and 57.

Table 4.5.—Relation of Foreign Transactions in the National Income and Product Accounts (NIPA's) to the Corresponding Items in the Balance of Payments Accounts (BPA's)

	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988
Exports of goods and services, BPA's Less: Gold, BPA's 1 Capital gains net of losses in direct investment income receipts, BPA's 2 Statistical differences 3 Other items	. 2 3 4	371.2 1.7 5.3 10.6	392.0 5.6 8.6 0	446.1 2.7 16.2 0	529.8 5.9 1 0
Plus: Adjustment for U.S. territories and Puerto Rico ⁴	7	12.2 5.3	13.1 5.6	14.8 6.6	16.6 7.0
Equals: Exports of goods and services, NIPA's 5		370.9	396.5	448.6	547.7
Imports of goods and services, BPA's. Less: Payments of income on U.S. Government liabilities s. Gold, BPA's ' Capital gains net of losses in direct investment income payments, BPA's s. Statistical differences s. Other items. Plus: Gold, NIPA's ' Adjustment for U.S. territories and Puerto Rico s.	. 10 . 11 . 12 . 13 . 14	468.5 21.3 3.2 -1.5 7.8 0 4 6.3	509.4 22.6 7.9 -2.1 0 0	575.6 24.1 3.8 4 0 0 -1.1 7.6	641.7 29.1 4.9 .9 0 0 -1.8 9.2
Imputed interest paid to foreigners. Equals: Imports of goods and services, NIPA's 7	. 17	5.3 448.9	5.6 493.8	6.6 561.2	7.0 621.3
Balance on goods and services, BPA's (1-9). Less: Gold (2-11+15)	20 21 22 23 24 25	-97.3 -1.8 6.8 2.8 0 21.3 5.8 -78.0	-117.5 -1.9 10.7 0 0 22.6 6.2 -97.4	-129.5 -2.2 16.5 0 0 24.1 7.2 -112.6	-111.9 7 -1.0 0 0 29.1 7.4 -73.7
Allocations of special drawing rights, BPA's	28	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Unitateral transfers (excluding military grants of goods and services), net, BPA's Less: Statistical differences ³	31 32 33	15.4 .4 0 .1 15.1	15.8 0 0 .1 15.9	14.2 0 0 .1 14.3	14.7 0 0 .1 14.7
Payments of income on U.S. Government liabilities, BPA's	. 35	21.3 21.3	22.6 22.6	0 24.1	0 29.1
Balance on current account, BPA's (19-30)	. 38 . 39 . 40 . 41 . 42 . 43	-112.7 -1.8 6.8 2.4 0 0 5.7 -114.4	-133.2 -1.9 10.7 0 0 0 6.2 -135.8	-143.7 -2.2 16.5 0 0 7.1 -150.9	-126.5 7 -1.0 0 0 0 7.3 -117.5

^{1.} The treatment of net exports of gold in the NIPA's differs from that in the BPA's. BPA gold exports (line 2) and imports (line 11) are removed from the NIPA's. Imports of gold in the NIPA's (line 15) is the excess of the value of gold in domestic final sales plus the change in business inventories over the value of U.S. production of gold.

2. BPA capital gains and losses included in U.S. direct investment income abroad (line 3) and in foreign direct investment income in the U.S. (line 12) are removed from the NIPA's.

3. Consists of statistical revisions in the BPA's that have not yet been incorporated in NIPA's.

4. Consists of transactions between the United States and its territories and Puerto Rico. The treatment of U.S. territories and Puerto Rico in the NIPA's differs from that in the BPA's. In the NIPA's they are included in the rest of the world; in the BPA's, they are treated as part of the United States. The adjustments to exports and imports separately, line 6 includes the net of exports and imports of services by U.S. territories and Puerto Rico. The adjustment to unilateral transfers, net (line 33) consists only of transfer payments from persons because transfer payments, subsidies, and grants-in-aid from the Federal Government to residents of U.S. territories and Puerto Rico are excluded from NIPA transfer payments to foreigners.

5. Estimates beginning with 1986 cover many business, professional, and technical services and incorporate improved measurement of telecommunications services; incorporate new source data on travel and passenger fares; and cover foreign students' expenditures in the United States. See the box on page 21 in the July 1989 Survey of Current Business.

6. Represents interest paid by government to foreigners. This item is treated as an import of services in the BPA's. In the NIPA's, it is excluded from government purchases and, thus, also from imports.

7. Estimates beginning with 1986 cover many business, professional, and technical services and incorporate improved meas

5. Saving and Investment

Table 5.1.—Gross Saving and Investment

[Billions of dollars]

											Seas	onally ad	justed at	annual r	ates					
	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988	1985		19	86			19	37			19	88		19	89
						IV	I	II	Ш	ĮV	I	п	Ш	IV	I	II	Ш	IV	1	II
Gross saving	i	533.5	525.3	553.8	642.4	520.3	559.6	523.0	508.8	510.0	529.5	535.0	551.1	599.5	619.1	633.4	669.8	647.4	693.5	
Gross private saving Personal saving Undistributed corporate profits with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments.		665.3 125.4 102.6	669.5 124.9 84.5	663.8 101.8 75.3	738.6 144.7 80.3	666.3 111.7 107.6	686.8 135.9 101.4	697.7 155.0 86.0	652.2 106.6 82.1	641.2 102.0 68.5	682.7 135.9 69.9	612.3 55.9 72.9	644.5 73.6 80.4	7 15.8 141.8 78.1	720.0 131.9 83.4	722.5 134.0 78.3	742.4 149.6 77.6	769.3 163.4 81.7	792.1 205.7 53.4	203.7
Undistributed profits Inventory valuation adjustment Capital consumption adjustment. Corporate capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment	6	44.6 -1.7 59.7 268.6	24.0 6.7 53.8 285.9	43.3 -18.9 50.9 303.1	58.5 25.0 46.8 321.7	51.2 -6.6 63.0 274.1	24.9 16.8 59.7 278.2	20.2 10.9 54.9 283.6	23.3 7.3 51.6 288.3	27.4 -8.0 49.1 293.5	36.4 -15.9 49.3 297.5	42.6 -20.0 50.3 301.3	48.3 -19.4 51.5 304.9	46.1 -20.4 52.4 308.5	54.2 20.7 49.9 314.9	58.3 -28.8 48.9 319.0	61.1 -30.4 46.9 323.1	60.4 -20.1 41.5 329.7	55.1 -38.3 36.6 335.2	-21.0 31.7 340.3
Noncorporate capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment. Wage accruals less disbursements	9 10	168.7 0	174.2 0	183.6 0	191.9 0	172.9 0	171.3 0	173.2 0	175.1 0	177.2 0	179.4 0	182.2 0	185.6 0	187.3 0	189.8 0	191.2 0	192.1	194.4 0	197.8 0	201.3
Government surplus or deficit (-), national income and product accounts. Federal	11 12 13	-131.8 -196.9 65.1	-144.1 -206.9 62.8	-110.1 -161.4 51.3	-96.1 145.8 49.7	-145.9 -212.2 66.3	-127.2 -195.6 68.5	-174.7 -236.0 61.3	-143.4 -206.8 63.4	-131.3 -189.0 57.8		-77.3 -137.7 60.4	93.5 -143.9 50.5	-116.3 -164.4 48.0		-89.1 -141.5 52.4	-72.7 -122.5 49.8	-121.9 -167.6 45.7	-98.7 -147.5 48.8	
Capital grants received by the United States (net).	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gross investment	15	528.7	523.6	549.0	632.8	512.4	561.9	525.4	506.6	500.3	530.7	532.7	540.5	592.0	605.9	633.4	661.2	630.8	669.3	677.2
Gross private domestic investment		643.1 -114.4	659.4 -135.8	699.9 -150.9	750.3 -117.5	654.1 -141.6	683.8 -122.0	657.2 -131.8	647.7 -141.1	648.8 -148.5	673.1 -142.4	684.1 -151.4	692.8 -152.2	749.7 - 157.6	728.8 -122.8	748.4 -115.0	771.1 -109.9	752.8 -122.0	769.6 -100.3	777.9 -100.7
Statistical discrepancy	18	-4.8	-1.8	-4.7	-9.6	-7.9	2.3	2.3	-2.1	-9.6	1.2	-2.3	-10.5	-7.4	-13.1	~.1	-8.6	16.6	-24.1	ļ

Table 5.2.—Gross Private Domestic Investment, Capital Consumption Allowances with Capital Consumption Adjustment, and Net Private Domestic Investment by Major Type of Investment

[Billions of dollars]

	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988
Gross private domestic investment	1 2	643.1 437.2	659.4 460.1	699.9 486.7	750.3 513.6
Equals: Net private domestic investment	3	205.9	199.3	213.2	236.7
Fixed investment Less: Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment.	4 5	631.8 437.2	652.5 460.1	670.6 486.7	719.6 513.6
Equals: Net fixed investment	6	194.5	192.4	183.9	206.0
Nonresidential Less: Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment,	7 8	442.9 340.8	435.2 359.9	444.3 378.8	487.2 399.0
Equals: Net nonresidential	9	102.1	75.3	65.5	88.1
Structures	10 11	153.2 107.4	139.0 111.5	133.8 116.8	140.3 121.7
Equals: Net structures	12	45.8	27.5	17.0	18.7
Producers' durable equipment Less: Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment.	13 14	289.7 233.4	296.2 248.4	310.5 262.0	346.8 277.4
Equals: Net producers' durable equipment	15	56.3	47.8	48.5	69.5
Residential Less: Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment.	16 17	188.8 96.4	217.3 100.2	226.4 107.9	232.4 114.5
Equals: Net residential	18	92.4	117.1	118.5	117.9
Nonfarm structures Less: Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment.	19 20	181.9 90.2	210.6 93.7	218.9 101.1	225.0 107.4
Equals: Net nonfarm structures	21	91.7	116.8	117.7	117.5
Farm structures Less: Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment.	22 23	1.9 2.7	1.2 2.7	1.7 2.8	1.1 2.8
Equals: Net farm structures	24	8	-1.5	-1.1	-1.7
Producers' durable equipment	25 26	5.1 3.5	5.5 3.7	5.8 4.0	6.4 4.3
Equals: Net producers' durable equipment	1	1.6	1.8	1.9	2.1
Change in business inventories	28	11.3	6.9	29.3	30.6

Table 5.3.—Gross Private Domestic Investment, Capital Consumption Allowances With Capital Consumption Adjustment, and Net Private Domestic Investment by Major Type of Investment in Constant Dollars

				-	
	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988
Gross private domestic investment	2	637.0 426.7	639.6 443.4	674.0 460.8	715.8 480.2
Equals: Net private domestic investment	3	210.3	196.2	213.1	235.6
Fixed investment Less: Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment.	5	627.9 426.7	443.4	460.8	480.2
Equals: Net fixed investment	6	201.2	190.7	189.4	207.7
Nonresidential Less: Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment.	7 8	453.5 337.4	438.4 352.9	455.5 367.4	
Equals: Net nonresidential	9	116.1	85.6	88.1	109.8
Structures Less: Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment.	10 11	149.5 107.6		122.3 111.4	
Equals: Net structures	12	41.9	20.0	10.8	10.1
Producers' durable equipment	13 14	304.0 229.8		256.0	271.9
Equals: Net producers' durable equipment		74.2	65.6	77,2	99.8
Residential	16 17	174.4 89.3	195.7 90.6	194.8 93.4	1 94.1 96.2
Equals: Net residential	18	85.1	105.1	101.3	97.9
Nonfarm structures Less: Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment.	19 20	167.6 83.3	189.0 84.4		186.8 89.6
Equals: Net nonfarm structures	21	84.3	104.6	100.4	97.2
Farm structures Less: Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment.	22 23	1.7 2.5	1.1 2.4	1.5 2.4	.9 2.4
Equals: Net farm structures	24	7	-1.3	9	-1.4
Producers' durable equipment	25 26	5.1 3.5	5.5 3.7	5.9 4.0	6.3 4.3
Equals: Net producers' durable equipment	27	1.6	1.8	1.9	2.1
Change in business inventories	28	9.1	5.6	23.7	27.9

Table 5.4.—Purchases of Structures by Type

	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988
Purchases of structures 1	1	406.9	427.3	436,4	451.6
Private	2	337.0	350.8	354.3	366.4
Nonresidential	3	153.2	139.0	133.8	140.3
New	4	154.6	139.0	133.8	140.3
	5	96.2			
Nonresidential buildings, excluding farm	6	16.8	91.9 14.6	92.6 14.6	97.8 15.9
Commercial	7	59.8	57.0	55.7	58.3
Religious Educational	8	2,4 1.7	2.7 2.1	2.8 3.1	2.8 2.5
Hospital and institutional	10	5.6	5.4	6.0	7.2
Other 2	ii	9.9	10.1	10.5	11.0
Public utilities	12	26.9	27.6	24.6	26.1
Railroads	13	4.0	2,9	2.5	2.6
Telephone and telegraph		7.3 12.1	8.0 13.4	8.1 10.7	7.8 11.8
Electric light and power		3.1	3.0	3.0	3.5
Petroleum pipelines		.3	.3	.4	.4
Farm	18	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.1
Mining exploration, shafts, and wells	19	26.3	14.9	11.5	12.0
Petroleum and natural gas	20	24.2	13.4	10.0	10.5
Other	21 22	2.1 3.1	1.5 2.6	1.5 3.0	1.4 2.3
Brokers' commissions on sale of structures	23	.7	.7	.7	.8
Net purchases of used structures	24	-2.2	7	7	7
Residential	25	183.8	211.8	220.5	226.1
New	26	168.9	194.6	202.1	205.3
Nonfarm	27	167.1	193.3	200.4	204,2
New housing units		121.9	139.8	146.4	145.1
Permanent site		115.8	134.5	141.0	139.8
1-unit structures		86.0	102.0	114.4	116.5
2-or-more-unit structures		29.9 6.1	32.5 5.3	26.6 5.4	23.3 5.3
Additions and alterations		29.5	37.4	38.2	42.2
Major replacements		15.3	15.7	15.2	16.3
Other 4		.3	.4	.6	.6
Farm		1.9	1.2	1.7	1.1
New housing units	37	.4	.4	.4	.4
Additions and alterations	38 39	.8 .7	.4	1.1	.5 .2
Brokers' commissions on sale of structures	40	16.2	19.4	20.6	22,2
Net purchases of used structures	41	-1.3	-2.2	-2.1	-1.4
Government structures and new construction force-account compensation.	42	69.9	76.4	82.1	85.2
New	43	66.4	73.6	79.3	83.1
Buildings, excluding military		21.2	24.3	25.8	28.3
Residential		2.7	2.6	2.6	2.7
Industrial		1.9 6.7	1.5 8.4	1.3 8.8	1.3 11.0
Hospital		1.7	1.7	1.8	2.0
Other 5		8.2	10.1	11.2	11.2
Highways and streets	50	21.5	23.0	25.3	28.5
Military facilities	51	3.5	4.1	4.9	4.7
Conservation and development		4.8	4.6	5.2	4.5
Sewer and water systems		9.9	11.5	12.4	12.0
Sewer systems		7.2	8.1	8.8	8.3
Water supply facilities		2.7 5.6	3.4 6.1	3.6 5.7	3.8 5.1
Net purchases of used structures		3.5	2.8	2.8	2.1

^{1.} In this table, purchases of structures includes compensation of government employees engaged in new force-account construction. In tables 1.3, 3.1, and 3.7, this compensation is classified as a service and is included as part of government compensation of employees.

2. Consists of hotels and motels, buildings used primarily for social and recreational activities, and buildings not elsewhere classified, such as passenger terminals, greenhouses, and animal hospitals.

3. Consists of streets, dams and reservoirs, sewer and water facilities, parks, airfields, etc.

4. Consists of dormitories, fraternity and sorority houses, nurses' homes, etc.

5. Consists of general office buildings, police and fire stations, courthouses, auditoriums, garages, passenger terminals, etc.

6. Consists of electric and gas facilities, transit systems, airfields, etc.

NOTE.—Quarterly estimates for selected items are shown in table 5.12.

Table 5.5.—Purchases of Structures by Type in Constant Dollars [Billions of 1982 dollars]

	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988
P. Marian A. A. A. A. A. A. A. A. A. A. A. A. A.		202.0	207.7	202.4	200.5
Purchases of structures 1	1	382.0	387.7	382.4	380.7
Private	2	318.8	320.2	311.2	310.0
Nonresidential	3	149.5	130.1	122.3	122.2
New	4	150.8	130.1	122.3	122.1
Nonresidential buildings, excluding farm	5	85.7	79.6	77.1	78.7
Industrial	6	15.0	12.7	12.1	12.8
Commercial	7	53.3	49.4	46.4	46.9
Religious	8	2.1	2.3	2.3	2.3
Educational	9	1.5	1.8	2.6	2.0
Hospital and institutional Other ²		5.0 8.8	4.7 8.7	5.0 8.7	5.8 8.8
Public utilities	12	25.1	25.7	22.5	22.6
Railroads	13	3.7	2.6	2.2	2.3
Telephone and telegraph	14	6.9	7.4	7.3	6.7
Electric light and power	15	11.3	12.5	9.8	10.1
Gas	16	3.0	2.9	2.9	3.1
Petroleum pipelines	17	.3	.3	.4	.3
Farm		2.0	1.8	1.7	1.7
Mining exploration, shafts, and wells	19	35.2	20.7	18.2	17.2
Petroleum and natural gas	20	33.3	19.4	17.0	16.0
Other		1.9	1.3	1.2	1.1
Other ³		2.8	2.3	2.7	2.0
Brokers' commissions on sale of structures Net purchases of used structures	23 24	.7 -1.9	.6 6	.6 6	.6 6
-	25	169.3	190.2	188.9	187.8
Residential	26	155.7	174.7	173.2	170.6
Nonfarm	27 28	153.9 112.8	173.6 125.7	171.7 125.2	169.7 120.3
New housing units Permanent site	29	106.8	120.5	120.1	115.5
1-unit structures	30	79.3	91.4	97.4	96.2
2-or-more-unit structures	31	27.5	29.1	22.7	19.3
Mobile homes	32	6.0	5.2	5.1	4.8
Additions and alterations	33	27.0	33.5	32.8	35.2
Major replacements	34	13.9	14.1	13.1	13.7
Other 4	35	.3	.4	.5	.5
Farm	36	1.7	1.1	1.5	1.0
New housing units	37	.4	.4	.3	.4
Additions and alterations	38	.7	.4	.9	.4
Major replacements	39	.6	.4	.2	.1
Brokers' commissions on sale of structures	40	14.9	17.4	17.5	18.4
Net purchases of used structures	41	-1.2	-1.9	-1.8	-1.2
Government structures and new construction force-account compensation.	42	63.3	67.5	71.3	70.8
New	43	60.1	65.0	68.9	69.0
Buildings, excluding military		19.0	21.2	21.6	22.8
Residential		2.5	2.3	2.2	2.2
Industrial	46	1.7	1.3	1.1	1.1
Educational	47	6.0	7.3	7.4	8.9
Hospital	48	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.6
Other 5		7.4	8.9	9.4	9.1
Highways and streets	50	18.9	19.9	22.1	23.6
Military facilities	51	3.2	3.4	4.0	3.7
Conservation and development	l	4.6	4.4	4.8	4.1
Sewer and water systems	53	9.2	10.5	11.2	10.4
Sewer systems	54	6.7	7.4	8.0	7.2
Water supply facilities		2.5	3.1	3.3	3.3
Other 6	56	5.2	5.5	5.2	4.4
Net purchases of used structures	57	3.2	2.5	2.4	1.8

 ^{1.} In this table, purchases of structures includes compensation of government employees engaged in new force-account construction. In tables 1.4 and 3.8, this compensation is classified as a service and is included as part of government compensation of employees.
 2. Consists of hotels and motels, buildings used primarily for social and recreational activities, and buildings not elsewhere classified, such as passenger terminals, greenhouses, and animal hospitals.
 3. Consists of streets, dams and reservoirs, sewer and water facilities, parks, airfields, etc.
 4. Consists of dormitories, fraternity and sorority houses, nurses' homes, etc.
 5. Consists of general office buildings, police and fire stations, courthouses, auditoriums, garages, passenger terminals, etc.

Note.—Quarterly estimates for selected items are shown in table 5.13.

^{6.} Consists of electric and gas facilities, transit systems, airfields, etc.

Table 5.6.—Private Purchases of Producers' Durable Equipment by Type

Line 1985 1986 1987 1988 Private purchases of producers' durable equipment 294.8 301.7 316.3 353.2 289.7 310.5 346.8 94.8 36.4 35.4 12.3 10.6 96.7 34.7 37.7 13.7 10.6 104.2 38.4 39.9 15.0 10.9 114.7 43.9 43.2 16.1 11.5 Photocopy and related equipment. 69.0 7.9 1.5 68.3 8.3 1.7 15.4 13.0 17.3 12.6 81.9 8.3 1.3 18.1 21.3 19.4 13.5 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 71.1 7.4 1.3 16.3 15.6 17.9 12.5 16.1 13.8 17.9 11.7 63.8 32.6 17.9 10.3 1.5 1.5 Transportation and related equipment....
Trucks, buses, and truck trailers
Autos 67.6 32.4 19.1 12.9 1.4 1.7 15 16 17 18 19 20 67.0 30.5 20.5 13.2 1.5 1.3 76.3 36.5 21.4 14.6 1.3 2.4 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 76.8 18.6 6.4 7.6 11.2 2.8 9.9 8.7 11.7 64.7 14.8 5.4 6.4 10.0 3.4 8.3 7.3 9.2 65.1 15.5 5.2 6.0 10.5 2.3 8.4 7.4 9.7 69.9 17.0 5.7 6.8 10.2 2.4 8.9 8.1 10.6 1.7 Less: Sale of equipment scrap, excluding autos 30 1.6 2.3 2.9 Residential equipment... 31 5.1 5.5 5.8 6.4 294.8 1.7 .7 27.9 1.0 1.8 316.3 1.9 353.2 2.1 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 301.7 1.7 .7 27.4 1.2 1.6 329.4 .7 27.8 1.1 2.3 345.0 .8 32.1 1.4 2.9 386.7 323.1

n.e.c. Not elsewhere classified.

Note.—Quarterly estimates for selected items are shown in table 5.12.

Table 5.7.—Private Purchases of Producers' Durable Equipment by Type in Constant Dollars

[Billions of 1982 dollars]

	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988
Private purchases of producers' durable equipment	1	309.1	313.8	339.1	378.0
Nonresidential equipment	2	304.0	308.3	333.2	371.6
Information processing and related equipment Office, computing, and accounting machinery Communication equipment Instruments Photocopy and related equipment	5	119.3 65.0 31.5 11.6 11.2	128.7 73.1 32.5 12.5 10.7	152.9 95.5 33.4 13.3 10.7	174.2 113.7 35.4 13.9 11.2
Industrial equipment	11 12 13	64.6 8.0 1.8 14.8 12.0 16.5 11.6	62.3 7.7 1.5 14.6 11.8 16.2 10.5	61.9 7.2 1.2 14.2 12.6 15.6 11.0	68.4 7.7 1.2 15.4 16.5 16.1 11.5
Transportation and related equipment	16 17 18 19	61.5 29.5 19.3 9.9 1.4 1.4	59.9 26.4 18.3 12.6 1.4 1.2	58.9 27.7 16.2 12.1 1.3 1.6	65.7 30.6 18.3 13.5 1.2 2.2
Other equipment Furniture and fixtures	21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	60.2 13.3 5.0 5.8 9.4 3.4 7.5 7.0 8.8	58.9 13.5 4.7 5.3 9.5 2.3 7.5 7.0 9.1	61.4 14.4 4.9 5.9 8.7 2.4 7.9 7.5 9.7	64.9 14.9 5.3 6.4 9.1 2.6 8.5 7.8 10.4
Less: Sale of equipment scrap, excluding autos	30	1.6	1.5	1.8	1.6
Residential equipment	31	5.1	5.5	5.9	6.3

n.e.c. Not elsewhere classified.

NOTE.—Quarterly estimates for selected items are shown in table 5.13.

SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

Table 5.8.—Change in Business Inventories by Industry

[Billions of dollars]

											Seas	onally ac	justed at	annual r	ates					
	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988	1985		19	86			19	87			19	88		19	89
						IV	I	II	III	IV	I	п	III	IV	I	II	m	ΙV	I	II
Change in business inventories	1	11.3	6.9	29.3	30.6	7.2	40.7	5.4	-6.4	-12.2	25.4	18.8	9.5	63.3	30.0	29.3	44.6	18.7	27.7	32.4
Farm	2	-3.3	-1.8	-1.3	-3.6	-16.5	2,7	-3.7	-1.9	~4.2	6	-2.0	-4.5	2.1	5.8	-1.1	3.1	-22.2	8.6	7.1
NonfarmChange in book value	4	14.6 14.5 .2	8.6 -1.9 10.5	30.5 56.2 –25.7	34.2 70.6 -36.4	23.7 30.8 -7.1	38.0 9.5 28.5	9.1 -7.2 16.3	-4.6 -12.9 8.3	8.0 3.2 11.1	26.0 47.2 –21.1	20.8 48.0 -27.2	14.0 40.4 -26.4	61.3 89.2 –27.9	24.2 54.5 -30.3	30.4 72.3 -41.9	41.5 84.4 42.8	40.8 71.2 -30.4	19.1 76.8 -57.8	25.3 57.0 -31.7
Manufacturing	7	-9.3 -6.7 -2.7	-4.9 -4.6 3	4.4 3.3 1.2	9.1 8.7 .4	-10.5 -13.1 2.7	-5.6 -4.1 -1.5	.7 -3.4 4.1	-10.3 -5.2 -5.1	-4.5 -5.8 1.3	-3.8 -3.4 3	-2.5 9 -1.6	10.0 6.9 3.1	14.1 10.6 3.4	10.5 7.6 2.9	4.5 5.0 5	6.6 7.5 9	14.9 14.6 .3	4.5 10.2 -5.7	10.9 7.9 2.9
Wholesale trade	10	3.6 .8 2.8	6.1 3.1 3.0	5.7 3.8 1.9	8.9 7.3 1.6	4.2 1.0 3.2	12.6 6.7 5.9	5.8 4.1 1.7	13.2 8.3 4.9	-7.0 -6.5 5	2.7 3.1 3	3.7 4.2 4	-4.5 -6.7 2.2	20.7 14.5 6.2	17.2 15.3 2.0	4.2 -4.3 8.5	9.7 16.1 -6.3	4.5 2.2 2.3	-4.6 1.2 -5.9	6.6 10.0 -3.4
Merchant wholesalers	13	5.5 1.4 4.1	6.1 3.1 2.9	5.7 3.5 2.2	7.7 6.0 1.7	4.9 2.4 2.4	13.3 7.3 5.9	5.7 4.7 1.0	12.4 7.7 4.7	-7.1 -7.2 0	1.6 2.3 7	6.4 5.3 1.1	4.4 6.9 2.4	19.1 13.2 5.9	16.0 14.0 2.0	4.9 -4.1 9.1	7.4 14.1 –6.7	2.4 2 2.6	-4.1 1.7 -5.8	5.9 10.5 -4.6
Nonmerchant wholesalers Durable goods Nondurable goods	16	-1.8 6 -1.2	0.1 0.1	. 0 .3 3	1.2 1.3 1	6 -1.4 .8	7 7 0	.1 6 .8	.8 .6 .2	.2 .7 - .5	1.1 .7 .4	-2.6 -1.1 -1.5	1 .2 3	1.5 1.2 .3	1.2 1.2 0	8 2 6	2.3 1.9 .4	2.1 2.4 3	5 4 1	.7 5 1.2
Retail trade	19 20 21	12.0 8.7 6.2 2.5 3.4	2.2 .1 -1.6 1.7 2.2	16.8 13.2 9.2 4.0 3.7	8.3 6.1 3.1 3.1 2.1	19.2 16.8 15.2 1.6 2.4	24.0 18.6 13.0 5.6 5.4	-3.9 -3.1 -3.5 .4 8	-10.4 -13.9 -18.2 4.3 3.5	7 -1.3 2.1 -3.4 .5	24.3 20.8 20.4 .4 3.5	16.9 12.4 4.6 7.8 4.5	4.1 1.6 1.0 .6 2.5	22.0 17.8 10.8 7.1 4.2	-9.6 -14.5 -17.0 2.5 4.9	13.9 13.4 11.5 1.8 .6	15.1 14.2 10.0 4.2 .9	13.6 11.4 7.7 3.7 2.1	9.9 7.3 10.6 -3.3 2.6	2.2 -5.2 -1.2 -4.0 7.4
Other Durable goods Nondurable goods	23 24 25	8.3 3.7 4.6	5.2 2.6 2.5	3.6 1.8 1.8	7.9 2.9 5.0	10.7 3.9 6.8	7.0 2.9 4.0	6.4 2.5 4.0	3.0 1.0 1.9	4.3 4.0 .3	2.8 .3 2.5	2.6 2.8 1	4.5 3.0 1.5	4.5 1.4 3.2	6.1 1.3 4.8	7.7 2.9 4.9	10.1 3.6 6.4	7.9 3.8 4.1	9.3 3.3 6.0	5.6 3 5.9

^{1.} The inventory valuation adjustment (IVA) shown in this table differs from the IVA that adjusts business incomes. The IVA in this table reflects the mix of methods (first-in, first-out; last-in, first-out; etc.) underlying book value inventories derived primarily from Census Bureau statistics. This mix differs from that underlying business income derived primarily from Internal Revenue Service statistics.

Table 5.9.—Change in Business Inventories by Industry in Constant Dollars

											Seas	onally ac	ijusted at	annual r	ates					
	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988	1985		19	86			19	87			198	38		198	39
						IV	I	п	пі	IV	I	II	111	IV	I	11	111	IV	I	II
Change in business inventories	1	9.1	5.6	23.7	27.9	7.7	41.9	7.1	-5.9	-20.8	18.1	13.3	6.8	56.6	34.3	21.5	37.5	18.3	24.5	22.0
Farm	2	-4.3	-2.4	-2.1	-2.8	-15.5	4.5	-3.4	8	-9.9	-2.2	-1.2	-6.1	1.0	5.9	-4.0	.3	-13.6	7.6	2.4
Nonfarm	3	13.4	8.0	25.8	30.7	23.2	37.4	10.5	-5.1	-10.9	20.3	14.5	12.9	55.6	28.3	25.4	37.2	31.9	16.9	19.6
Manufacturing Durable goods Nondurable goods	5	-9.4 -6.6 -2.8	~5.1 ~4.7 ~.5	3.3 2.7 .7	8.5 8.2 .3	-9.5 -12.7 3.2	-4.5 -4.1 4	3.2 -3.7 6.9	-13.4 -5.4 -8.0	-5.8 -5.4 5	-5.6 -3.7 -1.9	-3.7 -1.2 -2.5	9.5 6.2 3.3	13.1 9.5 3.7	11.9 7.2 4.7	4.2 5.0 8	5.8 7.4 -1.6	12.2 13.2 -1.0	3.8 8.3 -4.5	8.4 6.4 2.0
Wholesale trade	8	3.3 .7 2.6	6.3 3.0 3.3	4.4 3.4 1.0	8.5 6.6 1.9	4.4 .9 3.5	12.8 6.3 6.5	4.5 3.7 .8	15.2 7.8 7.4	-7.4 6.0 1.4	2.0 2.9 9	1.4 3.7 -2.3	-4.3 -6.0 1.8	18.6 13.1 5.5	19.3 14.1 5.2	2.8 -3.9 6.7	9.8 14.3 -4.5	1.9 1.9 0	-2.4 1.0 -3.4	4.7 8.7 -4.0
Merchant wholesalers Durable goods Nondurable goods	11	5,4 1,3 4,1	6.1 3.0 3.2	4.7 3.2 1.5	7.5 5.4 2.1	4.8 2.3 2.5	13.9 6.9 6.9	3.8 4.4 6	13.9 7.2 6.6	-7.0 -6.7 3	.5 2.2 -1.7	4.8 4.8 .1	-3.9 -6.2 2.3	17.4 12.0 5.4	18.1 12.9 5.2	4.1 -3.7 7.8	7.4 12.5 -5.2	.4 3 .7	-2.1 1.5 -3.5	3.9 9.2 -5.3
Nonmerchant wholesalers	14	-2.1 6 -1.5	0.1 0.2	3 .3 5	1.0 1.2 3	4 -1.3 .9	-1.1 6 4	.8 6 1.4	1.3 .6 .7	~.5 .7 –1.1	1.6 .7 .8	-3.4 -1.1 -2.4	4 .2 6	1.2 1.2 0	1.2 1.2 0	-1.3 -,2 -1.1	2.5 1.8 .7	1.5 2.2 7	4 5 .1	.8 5 1.3
Retail trade	17 18 19	11.2 8.1 5.7 2.4 3.2	2.2 .1 -1.5 1.7 2.0	15.1 11.8 8.1 3.7 3.3	7.3 5.4 2.6 2.8 1.9	17.8 15.4 13.9 1.6 2.3	22.3 17.3 11.9 5.3 5.1	-3.5 -2.8 -3.2 .4 7	-9.4 -12.7 -16.7 4.1 3.2	7 -1.3 1.9 -3.2 .5	21.6 18.4 18.1 .3 3.2	15.4 11.3 4.0 7.3 4.1	3.8 1.5 .9 .6 2.3	19.7 15.9 9.4 6.5 3.8	-8.0 -12.5 -14.8 2.3 4.4	12.2 11.7 10.0 1.7	13.3 12.5 8.6 3.9 .8	11.6 9.8 6.6 3.2 1.9	8.4 6.1 9.0 -2.9 2.3	1.8 -4.5 -1.0 -3.5 6.3
Other	22	8.2 3.4 4.8	4.7 2.4 2.3	2.9 1.7 1.2	6.5 2.5 4.0	10.5 3.6 6.9	6.8 2.8 4.0	6.3 2.3 4.0	2.6 .9 1.6	3.1 3.7 6	2.2 .3 1.9	1.5 2.5 -1.1	3.8 2.7 1.1	4.2 1.2 2.9	5.2 1.2 4.0	6.2 2.5 3.7	8.3 3.1 5.2	6.2 3.2 3.0	7.1 2.7 4.4	4.6 3 4.9

Table 5.10.—Inventories and Final Sales of Business by Industry

[Billions of dollars]

							Seas	onally ad	ljusted qu	arterly to	otals					
	Line	1985		19	86			19	87			198	38		19	89
		IV	I	II	Ш	IV	I	II	Ш	IV	I	II	ш	IV	I	11
Inventories 1	1	863.5	857.2	856.8	854.6	853.3	868.4	884.9	895.2	920.2	936.6	960,8	984.0	1,002.2	1,026.6	1,034.0
Farm	2	71.5	69.8	70.2	69.2	66.3	67.5	70.0	68.1	69.2	71.0	75.0	77.6	75.7	78.2	78.2
Nonfarm Durable goods Nondurable goods	4	792.1 460.4 331.7	787.4 464.7 322.7	786.5 465.0 321.5	785.4 464.3 321.1	787.0 463.3 323.7	800.9 470.5 330.4	814.9 479.0 335.9	827.0 485.1 341.9	851.0 502.2 348.8	865.6 509.3 356.3	885.8 519.1 366.7	906.4 534.2 372.2	926.5 548.0 378.4	948.4 561.8 386.6	955.9 566.1 389.8
Manufacturing Durable goods Nondurable goods	7	333.5 221.1 112.4	324.4 218.2 106.2	323.1 217.0 106.1	321.0 216.2 104.8	321.1 214.8 106.3	322.6 214.3 108.3	325.7 215.8 109.8	332.3 220.0 112.3	340.3 226.2 114.1	346.6 230.3 116.3	353.8 235.0 118.7	359.6 239.2 120.4	367.1 245.6 121.5	376.5 253.2 123.4	378.6 254.7 123.8
Wholesale trade	10	181.0 115.3 65.7	180.8 117.1 63.7	181.7 118.4 63.3	184.7 121.1 63.6	184.1 120.0 64.2	187.0 121.5 65.5	190.5 123.5 67.0	191.5 122.9 68.5	198.0 127.7 70.3	204.9 133.0 71.8	210.0 133.2 76.8	215.6 138.5 77.1	218.4 140.6 77.8	221.6 142.9 78.7	222.3 146.0 76.3
Merchant wholesalers	13	155.3 101.2 54.1	157.0 103.2 53.8	158.3 104.8 53.5	161.1 107.3 53.9	160.4 105.9 54.5	162.4 107.2 55.2	166.1 109.4 56.7	166.7 108.6 58.1	172.8 112.9 60.0	179.1 117.7 61.4	184.0 117.7 66.3	188.9 122.4 66.5	190.9 123.7 67.2	193.1 125.8 67.4	195.4 129.0 66.3
Nonmerchant wholesalers	16	25.7 14.1 11.6	23.8 13.8 10.0	23.4 13.6 9.7	23.5 13.9 9.7	23.7 14.0 9.7	24.6 14.2 10.3	24.4 14.1 10.3	24.7 14.3 10.4	25.1 14.8 10.3	25.7 15.3 10.4	26.0 15.5 10.5	26.7 16.1 10.6	27.5 16.9 10.6	28.5 17.1 11.3	26.9 17.0 10.0
Retail trade Durable goods Automotive Other Nondurable goods	19 20 21	180.9 89.5 45.3 44.2 91.4	186.3 94.3 48.6 45.7 92.0	186.1 93.8 47.8 46.0 92.3	184.6 90.9 43.5 47.4 93.8	185.5 91.4 44.8 46.6 94.1	193.2 97.4 50.5 47.0 95.8	199.3 101.4 52.1 49.3 97.9	201.4 102.3 52.4 50.0 99.0	208.0 107.2 55.1 52.1 100.8	207.1 104.2 51.0 53.2 102.9	212.5 108.1 54.0 54.0 104.5	218.2 112.3 56.9 55.4 105.9	223.6 116.2 59.4 56.8 107.4	229.0 119.0 62.3 56.7 110.0	231.3 118.4 62.2 56.2 112.9
Other	23	96.6	95.8	95.6	95.1	96.3	98.2	99.4	101.9	104.7	107.0	109.5	113.0	117.4	121.2	123.7
Final sales ²	24 25	290.3 172.1	293.1 172.5	297.1 174.4	301.9 177.0	305.6 177.9	308.9 177.5	316.0 181.1	323.3 185.7	325.9 185.9	333.1 189.6	341.0 194.7	345.8 196.8	354.4 202.4	360.0 205.4	365.2 208.1
Ratio of inventories to final sales	ļ										Ì					
Inventories to final sales	27	2.97 2.73 4.60	2.92 2.69 4.56	2.88 2.65 4.51	2.83 2.60 4.44	2.79 2.57 4.42	2.81 2.59 4.51	2.80 2.58 4.50	2.77 2.56 4.45	2.82 2.61 4.58	2.81 2.60 4.56	2.82 2.60 4.55	2.85 2.62 4.60	2.83 2.61 4.58		2.83 2.62 4.59

^{1.} Inventories are as of the end of the quarter. The quarter-to-quarter change in inventories calculated from current-dollar inventories in this table is not the current-dollar change in business inventories (CBI) component of GNP. The former is the difference between two inventory stocks, each valued at their respective end-of-quarter prices. The latter is the change in the physical volume of inventories valued at average prices of the quarter. In addition, changes calculated from this table are at quarterly rates, whereas CBI is stated at annual rates.

2. Quarterly totals at monthly rates. Business final sales equals final sales less gross product of households and institutions, government, and rest of the world, and includes a small amount of final sales by farms.

Table 5.11.—Inventories and Final Sales of Business by Industry in Constant Dollars

							Seas	onally ac	ljusted qu	arterly to	otals					
	Line	1985		19	86			19	87			198	38		19	89
		IV	I	П	Ш	IV	1	II	III	IV	I	И	Ш	IV	I	II
Inventories 1	1	833.3	843.8	845.6	844.1	838.9	843.4	846.8	848.5	862.6	871.2	876.5	885.9	890.5	896.6	902.1
Farm	2	75.2	76.3	75.4	75.2	72.8	72.2	71.9	70.4	70.6	72.1	71.1	71.2	67.8	69.7	70.3
Nonfarm	3 4 5	758.2 433.6 324.6	767.5 439.1 328.4	770.2 439.0 331.2	768.9 436.7 332.2	766.1 434.4 331.7	771.2 438.9 332.3	774.9 443.0 331.9	778.1 444.1 334.0	792.0 454.0 338.0	799.0 456.5 342.6	805.4 460.3 345.1	814.7 469.6 345.1	822.7 476.7 346.0	826.9 481.2 345.7	831.8 483.8 348.0
Manufacturing Durable goods Nondurable goods Nondurable goods	7	320.6 209.2 111.4	319.5 208.2 111.4	320.3 207.2 113.1	317.0 205.9 111.1	315.5 204.5 111.0	314.1 203.6 110.5	313.2 203.3 109.9	315.5 204.8 110.7	318.8 207.2 111.6	321.8 209.0 112.8	322.8 210.2 112.6	324.3 212.1 112.2	327.3 215.4 111.9	328.3 217.5 110.8	330.4 219.1 111.3
Wholesale trade	10	174.3 108.8 65.5	177.5 110.4 67.2	178.7 111.3 67.4	182.5 113.3 69.2	180.6 111.7 68.9	181.1 112.5 68.6	181.5 113.4 68.1	180.4 111.9 68.5	185.0 115.2 69.9	189.9 118.7 71.2	190.6 117.7 72.8	193.0 121.3 71.7	193.5 121.8 71.7	192.9 122.0 70.9	194.1 124.2 69.9
Merchant wholesalers Durable goods Nondurable goods	13	148.7 95.5 53.2	152.2 97.3 54.9	153.1 98.4 54.8	156.6 100.2 56.4	154.8 98.5 56.3	155.0 99.1 55.9	156.2 100.2 55.9	155.2 98.7 56.5	159.5 101.7 57.9	164.1 104.9 59.2	165.1 104.0 61.1	166.9 107.1 59.8	167.0 107.0 60.0	166.5 107.4 59.1	167.5 109.7 57.8
Nonnerchant wholesalers Durable goods Nondurable goods	16	25.6 13.3 12.4	25.4 13.1 12.3	25.6 12.9 12.6	25.9 13.1 12.8	25.8 13.2 12.5	26.2 13.4 12.7	25.3 13.2 12.1	25.2 13.2 12.0	25.5 13.5 12.0	25.8 13.8 12.0	25.5 13.7 11.7	26.1 14.2 11.9	26.5 14.7 11.7	26.4 14.6 11.8	26.6 14.5 12.1
Retail trade	19 20 21	169.1 83.5 41.4 42.1 85.5	174.6 87.8 44.4 43.5 86.8	173.8 87.2 43.6 43.6 86.6	171.4 84.0 39.4 44.6 87.4	171.2 83.7 39.9 43.8 87.6	176.6 88.3 44.4 43.9 88.4	180.5 91.1 45.4 45.7 89.4	181.5 91.5 45.6 45.9 90.0	186.4 95.5 48.0 47.5 90.9	184.4 92.3 44.3 48.1 92.0	187.4 95.3 46.8 48.5 92.1	190.7 98.4 48.9 49.5 92.3	193.6 100.8 50.6 50.3 92.8	195.7 102.3 52.8 49.5 93.4	196.2 101.2 52.5 48.7 95.0
Other	23	94.1	95.8	97.4	98.1	98.8	99.4	99.7	100.7	101.7	103.0	104.6	106.7	108.2	110.0	111.2
Final sales ²	24 25	261.2 161.9	263.1 162.7	265.0 163.9	266.4 164.5	269.7 166.8	270.3 165.5	274.1 167.6	278.3 171.1	279.0 171.2	283.5 173.9	287.7 177.2	288.5 177.0	291.9 179.5	294.3 181.4	295.6 182.0
Ratio of inventories to final sales Inventories to final sales Nonfarm inventories to final sales Nonfarm inventories to final sales of goods and structures.	27	3.19 2.90 4.68	3.21 2.92 4.72	3.19 2.91 4.70	3.17 2.89 4.67	3.11 2.84 4.59	3.12 2.85 4.66	3.09 2.83 4.62	3.05 2.80 4.55	3.09 2.84 4.63	3.07 2.82 4.60	3.05 2.80 4.54	3.07 2.82 4.60	3.05 2.82 4.58	3.05 2.81 4.56	3.05 2.81 4.57

^{1.} Inventories are as of the end of the quarter. Quarter-to-quarter changes calculated from this table are at quarterly rates, whereas the constant-dollar change in business inventories component of GNP is stated at annual rates.

2. Quarterly totals at monthly rates. Business final sales equals final sales less gross product of households and institutions, government, and rest of the world, and includes a small amount of final sales by farms.

Table 5.12.—Fixed Investment by Type

[Billions of dollars]

											Seas	onally ac	ljusted at	annual r	ates					
	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988	1985		19	86			19	87			198	38		19	89
						IV	I	II	ш	IV	I	11	Ш	IV	I	II	Ш	IV	I	11
Fixed investment	1	631.8	652.5	670.6	719.6	646.8	643.1	651.8	654.2	660.9	647.7	665.3	683.2	686.3	698.7	719.1	726.5	734.1	742.0	745.5
Nonresidential	2	442.9	435.2	444.3	487.2	451.3	439.3	434.5	431.2	435.8	423.9	437.5	457.0	458.6	472.7	487.1	493.2	495.8	503.1	511.5
Structures Nonresidential buildings, excluding farm Public utilities. Mining exploration, shafts, and wells Other	4 5 6	153.2 96.2 26.9 26.3 3.9	139.0 91.9 27.6 14.9 4.7	133.8 92.6 24.6 11.5 5.1	140.3 97.8 26.1 12.0 4.5	155.9 98.8 26.9 25.0 5.1	150.8 96.4 27.7 21.2 5.5	138.1 90.9 27.9 14.7 4.5	133.6 89.6 27.4 12.2 4.4	133.7 90.6 27.3 11.4 4.4	129.4 88.5 24.1 12.4 4.5	129.5 90.5 24.1 9.7 5.2	137.3 95.1 24.8 12.1 5.3	138.9 96.4 25.5 11.7 5.3	137.1 95.6 24.5 12.3 4.7	139.9 98.9 24.6 12.2 4.2	98.7 26.8 12.3 4.1	142.5 97.9 28.6 11.0 4.9	144.7 101.3 28.8 9.7 4.8	142.6 99.3 28.3 9.6 5.4
Producers' durable equipment	8 9	289.7 94.8	296.2 96.7	310.5 104.2	346.8 114.7	295.5 95.7	288.5 93.9	296.5 95.0	297.6 96.3	302.2 101.7	294.5 99.1	308.0 102.4	319.8 108.4	319.7 106.9	335.6 110.8	347.2 116.0	351.3 116.9	353.3 115.1	358.5 117.8	368.9 123.0
Industrial equipment	11	68.3 63.8 62.9	69.0 67.0 63.5	71.1 67.6 67.6	81.9 76.3 73.9	70.0 66.2 63.5	68.8 62.7 63.2	68.1 68.9 64.4	68.9 70.3 62.1	70.1 66.2 64.1	69.4 62.3 63.7	69.4 69.7 66.4	71.7 70.0 69.7	73.8 68.3 70.7	76.2 74.5 74.1	80.5 76.7 74.0	83.0 77.4 74.0	87.8 76.7 73.7	92.2 72.2 76.3	90.7 76.7 78.5
Residential Single-family structures Multifamily structures Other	14 15	188.8 86.0 29.9 73.0	217.3 102.0 32.5 82.8	226.4 114.4 26.6 85.4	232.4 116.5 23.3 92.6	195.5 88.6 29.5 77.4	203.9 93.8 31.2 78.8	217.3 100.0 33.7 83.6	223.0 106.6 32.6 83.8	225.1 107.7 32.4 85.0	223.8 111.2 28.9 83.7	227.9 114.0 26.7 87.2	226.2 115.2 25.3 85.7	227.7 117.1 25.6 85.0	226.1 115.2 24.1 86.7	232.1 116.6 22.7 92.8	233.2 115.1 23.1 95.0	238.4 119.2 23.4 95.8	238.8 121.5 24.1 93.2	234.0 114.7 25.2 94.1

Table 5.13.—Fixed Investment by Type in Constant Dollars

					Seasonally adjusted at annual rates															
	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988	1985		19	86			19	87			19	88		19	89
						īV	I	п	III	IV	I	П	Ш	IV	I	II	Ш	IV	1	II
Fixed investment	1	627.9	634.1	650.3	687.9	640.4	634.2	635.2	631.0	636.0	628.2	643.4	664.9	664.6	672.7	692.0	696.1	690.8	696.6	698.8
Nonresidential	2	453.5	438.4	455.5	493.8	460.9	448.5	438.7	430.9	435.7	430.9	445.6	472.8	472.7	483.6	497.8	501.0	492.7	501.0	510.2
Structures Nonresidential buildings, excluding farm Public utilities Mining exploration, shafts, and wells Other	4 5 6	149.5 85.7 25.1 35.2 3.5	130.1 79.6 25.7 20.7 4.2	122.3 77.1 22.5 18.2 4.4	122.2 78.7 22.6 17.2 3.7	149,9 86.9 25.0 33.4 4.6	144.0 84.4 25.7 29.0 4.9	128.9 78.9 25.9 20.1 4.0	124.0 77.4 25.6 17.2 3.8	123.4 77.7 25.4 16.5 3.9	120.1 75.0 22.3 18.9 3.9	117.7 75.6 22.3 15.3 4.6	125.5 78.4 22.6 19.9 4.6	125.7 79.3 22.9 18.8 4.6	121.8 77.4 21.6 18.8 4.0	122.5 79.9 21.4 17.6 3.5	123.0 79.3 23.0 17.3 3.4	121.4 78.1 24.2 15.0 4.1	121.1 79.8 24.5 12.9 3.9	118.0 77.3 23.7 12.6 4.4
Producers' durable equipment	8 9	304.0 119.3	308.3 128.7	333.2 152.9	371.6 174.2	311.1 125.3	304.5 125.6	309.8 127.5	306.8 127.0	312.3 134.8	310.7 139.5	327.9 147.9	347.3 162.3	347.0 161.9	361.8 168.2	375.3 177.7	378.0 178.6	371.3 172.2	379.9 180.3	392.2 189.9
Industrial equipment	[11]	64.6 61.5 58.6	62.3 59.9 57.4	61.9 58.9 59.6	68.4 65.7 63.3	65.3 61.9 58.5	63.0 58.2 57.7	61.7 62.2 58.4	61.8 62.0 56.0	62.6 57.3 57.5	61.0 53.8 56.4	60.6 60.9 58.5	62.5 61.0 61.5	63.2 59.8 62.1	64.5 65.0 64.1	67.6 66.5 63.4	69.5 66.7 63.2	72.0 64.7 62.4	74.9 60.7 63.9	73.2 64.0 65.2
Residential Single-family structures Multifamily structures Other	14 15	174.4 79.3 27.5 67.6	195.7 91.4 29.1 75.1	194.8 97.4 22.7 74.7	194.1 96.2 19.3 78.6	179.4 81.1 27.0 71.3	185.7 85.4 28.4 71.9	196.5 89.9 30.3 76.4	200.1 95.2 29.1 75.8	200.3 95.3 28.6 76.4	197.3 97.5 25.3 74.5	197.8 98.1 23.0 76.7	192.1 96.7 21.2 74.1	191.9 97.2 21.3 73.4	189.1 95.1 19.9 74.2	194,2 96.7 18.8 78.7	195.1 95.3 19.1 80.7	198.1 97.9 19.2 80.9	195.6 98.3 19.5 77.8	188.6 91.1 20.0 77.4

6. Product, Income, and Employment by Industry

Tables 6.1 and 6.2 are not available. See the box on NIPA table changes that appears on page 11 of the July 1989 Survey of Current Business.

Table 6.3B.—National Income Without Capital Consumption Adjustment by Industry

											Seas	onally ac	ijusted at	annual 1	rates					
	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988	1985		19	86			19	87			19	88		19	89
						IV	I	II	m	ΙV	I	п	Ш	IV	I	II	ш	IV	I	II
National income without capital consumption adjustment.	1	3,196.6	3,374.7	3,638.3	3,952.8	3,270.8	3,320.2	3,354.8	3,383.0	3,441.0	3,520.8	3,588.9	3,669.3	3,774.2	3,831.0	3,911.7	3,985.2	4,083.4	4,178.4	
Domestic industries	2	3,155.9	3,340.3	3,607.8	3,919.5	3,228.8	3,279.8	3,322.5	3,347.4	3,411.6	3,488.9	3,559.9	3,639.7	3,742.7	3,794.5	3,881.7	3,953.0	4,048.9	4,143.9	
Private industries	3	2,687.0	2,844.1	3,078.5	3,352.6	2,749.5	2,794.2	2,830.2	2,848.5	2,903.7	2,971.1	3,034.4	3,107.0	3,201.3	3,239,4	3,318.9	3,382.0	3,470.1	3,549.6	
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries Mining Construction	5	77.0 40.0 169.1	81.9 31.3 185.0	90.8 30.5 197.2	90.4 34.4 211.2	75.1 37.8 174.4	73.5 40.0 178.7	91.5 31.8 182.9	78.3 29.1 187.1	84.5 24.2 191.4	92.7 26.2 193.1	88.6 29.1 196.6	83.1 31.8 197.6	98.7 34.9 201.4	95.0 34.3 204.0	96.1 34.5 210.4	88.0 34.8 213.2	82.5 33.9 217.4	35.0	
Manufacturing	8	671.2 395.8 275.4	673.6 406.6 267.0	718.7 422.9 295.8	788.6 455.0 333.6	682.1 399.0 283.0	670.3 405.2 265.1	670.0 404.8 265.1	665.9 403.8 262,2	688.3 412.7 275.6	690.7 420.8 269.9	706.9 418.6 288.3	732.7 427.8 304.9	744.6 424.6 320.0	439.6	781.1 453.6 327.5	789.9 457.4 332.6	816.1 469.2 346.9	469.9	
Transportation and public utilities	11 12	252.0 105.9 68.9 77.2	265.0 112.2 73.5 79.3	278.7 120.0 80.6 78.1	300.2 131.1 83.6 85.5	253.7 107.3 70.4 76.0	260.8 108.4 73.7 78.7	263.4 109.4 72.7 81.3	268.0 113.6 73.2 81.2	267.8 117.4 74.3 76.1	269.7 118.3 76.2 75.3	277.6 118.9 79.8 78.9	280.6 120.2 83.1 77.3	286.9 122.5 83.3 81.0	286.9 124.8 81.1 81.0	298.1 131.0 83.1 84.0	304.7 133.6 84.5 86.5	311.1 134.9 85.7 90.6	137,1 87.8	
Wholesale trade Retail trade Finance, insurance, and real estate. Services	15 16	195.4 279.6 425.9 576.8	202.8 296.8 466.3 641.4	214.9 313.3 520.0 714.4	234.5 335.6 568.8 789.0	194.3 284.2 445.3 602.7	198.0 294.4 456.7 621.7	199.3 292.5 465.3 633.6	206.0 300.5 466.6 646.9	207.6 299.6 476.6 663.6	210.0 305.7 498.4 684.4	209.5 309.8 512.9 703.5	218.0 317.6 523.1 722.4	222.2 320.0 545.4 747.2	227.4 326.4 546.2 752.2	229.2 333.1 558.1 778.2	236.5 338.5 576.4 800.0	244.9 344.2 594.5 825.5	346.6	
Government and government enterprises	ļ	468.9	496.2	529.3	566.9	479.3	485.6	492.3	498.9	507.9	517.7	525.5	532.6	541.4	555.1	562.8	571.0	578.8	594.3	
Rest of the world	19	40.7	34.4	30.5	33.3	42.0	40.3	32.3	35.7	29.4	31.9	28.9	29.6	31.5	36,5	30.0	32.3	34.5	34.5	35.5

1987 1988

Table 6.4B.—Compensation of Employees by Industry

[Millions of dollars]

Table 6.5B.—Wages and Salaries by Industry

	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988		Line	198
Compensation of employees	. 1	2,367,548	2,511,384	2,690,024	2,907,647	Wages and salaries] 1	1,975,
omestic industries		2,367,529	2,511,356	2,689,984	2,907,664	Domestic industries	. 2	1,975,
Private industries	. 3	1,898,660	2,015,162	2,160,680	2,340,749	Private industries	1	1,603,
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries	. 4	18,710	19,511	21,393	22,974	Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries	1	16,
Farms		9,508	9,345	9,930	10,061	Farms		7.
Agricultural services, forestry, and fisheries		9,202	10,166	11,463	12,913	Agricultural services, forestry, and fisheries		8
Mining	. 7	34,722	30,273	28,477	29,808	Mining	. 7	28
Metal mining		1,832	1,684	1,818	2,219	Metal mining	. 8	1
Coal mining		7,960	7,643	7,272	7,011	Coal mining		1 .6
Oil and gas extraction	10 11	21,629 3,301	17,543 3,403	15,794 3,593	16,707 3,871	Oil and gas extraction		18
• •	1			1		Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels		1
Construction		124,640	134,046	142,578	155,066	Construction		102
Manufacturing	1	563,178	579,190	599,050	640,051	Manufacturing	,	460
Durable goods	. 14	360,486	367,992	376,664	402,662	Durable goods	14	29
Lumber and wood products	15 16	15,173 9,972	16,102 10,569	17,444 11,341	18,752 12,075	Lumber and wood products		1:
Stone, clay, and glass products	17	16,975	17,632	18,185	19,379	Stone, clay, and glass products		1
Primary metal industries		29,155	28,082	28,352	31,135	Primary metal industries		2
Fabricated metal products	. 19	42,381	42,624	42,807	45,496	Fabricated metal products	. 19	3.
Machinery, except electrical		70,647	69,488	70,921	76,518	Machinery, except electrical	20	5
Electric and electronic equipment	21 22	66,146 38,320	67,302 38,899	68,562	72,197	Electric and electronic equipment		5:
Motor vehicles and equipment Other transportation equipment		41,556	45,630	38,193 48,318	40,501 50,207	Motor vehicles and equipment Other transportation equipment	. 22	25
Instruments and related products		21,944	23,130	23,474	26,438	Instruments and related products		1
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries		8,217	8,534	9,067	9,964	Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	25	
Nondurable goods	26	202,692	211,198	222,386	237,389	Nondurable goods	. 26	16
Food and kindred products	27	40,971	42,876	44,695	46,978	Food and kindred products	. 27	3
Tobacco manufactures		2,360	2,366	2,481	2,645	Tobacco manufactures		Ι.
Textile mill products	29	13,242	14,197	15,350	15,862	Textile mill products		1
Apparel and other textile products	30	16,682 21,986	17,089 23,043	17,641 24,151	18,471 25,515	Paper and allied products		1
Printing and publishing	32	35,907	38,393	41,350	45,443	Printing and publishing		3
Chemicals and allied products	. 33	39,110	40,369	42,293	46,477	Chemicals and allied products	. 33	3
Petroleum and coal products	. 34	9,622	9,339	9,225	9,540	Petroleum and coal products	. 34	1
Rubber and miscellaneous plastic products	35	20,046	20,949	22,564	23,694	Rubber and miscellaneous plastic products	. 35	1
Leather and leather products		2,766	2,577	2,636	2,764	Leather and leather products		
Transportation and public utilities		172,747	179,268	189,372	199,922	Transportation and public utilities		13
Transportation		89,039	92,523	98,764	105,966	Transportation		7
Railroad transportation		16,003	15,429	15,217	14,979	Railroad transportation		1
Local and interurban passenger transit Trucking and warehousing		4,893 35,787	5,237 37,450	5,585 40,775	6,137 44,528	Local and interurban passenger transit		2
Water transportation		5,849	5,722	5,720	5,836	Trucking and warehousing Water transportation		-
Transportation by air		19,375	21,134	23,265	25,364	Transportation by air		1
Pipelines, except natural gas	44	796	790	808	865	Pipelines, except natural gas		`
Transportation services	45	6,336	6,761	7,394	8,257	Transportation services	45	
Communication	46	48,656	49,672	51,692	53,110	Communication	. 46	3
Telephone and telegraph	47	41,795	42,430	44,268	45,322	Telephone and telegraph	47	3
Radio and television broadcasting		6,861	7,242	7,424	7,788	Radio and television broadcasting		
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	49	35,052	37,073	38,916	40,846	Electric, gas, and sanitary services	. 49	2
Wholesale trade	50	158,577	167,056	178,322	196,325	Wholesale trade	. 50	13
Retail trade	51	225,689	242,066	258,617	278,104	Retail trade	. 51	19
Finance, insurance, and real estate	52	162,480	185,182	205,736	223,446	Finance, insurance, and real estate		13
Banking		41,735	45,047	47,553	51,204	Banking		3
Credit agencies other than banks		17,630	21,066		24,490	Credit agencies other than banks		1
Security and commodity brokers, and services	55	20,082	25,876	31,257	32,530	Security and commodity brokers, and services		l i
Insurance carriers		36,502	40,879	44,725	48,611	Insurance carriers	. 56	3
Insurance agents and brokers, and services		14,382	16,316	18,494	20,839	Insurance agents and brokers, and services		1
Real estate		25,213 6,936	27,996 8,002	30,785 9,242	34,460 11,312	Real estate Holding and other investment companies	. 58 . 59	2
								1
Services		437,917	478,570	537,135	595,053	Services		38.
Hotels and other lodging places Personal services		19,293 14,076	20,949 15,042	23,079 16,272	25,584 17,829	Hotels and other lodging places Personal services		1
Business services		90,393	101,621	115,254		Business services	63	7
Auto repair, services, and garages	. 64	13,761	14,918	16,234	17,719	Auto repair, services, and garages	. 64	1
Miscellaneous repair services	. 65	7,235	7,479	7,836	8,948	Miscellaneous repair services	. 65	1
Motion pictures		5,545	5,871	6,753	7,290	Motion pictures		Ι.
Amusement and recreation services		12,570 140,725	13,602 152,495	15,001 173,535	16,648 190,319	Amusement and recreation services		12
Health servicesLegal services		24,331	28,082	33,975	38,620	Health servicesLegal services	69	1 2
Educational services		23,964	26,077	28,342	31,307	Educational services		1 2
Social services and membership organizations	. 71	37,085	40,224	43,769	48,589	Social services and membership organizations	. 71	3
Social services		15,028	16,836	18,816	21,317	Social services	72	1
Membership organizations		22,057 39,906	23,388 43,131	24,953 47,889	27,272 53,132	Membership organizations		3
Private households		9,033	9,079	9,196	9,364	Private households		'
Government and government enterprises		468,869	496,194	529,304	566,915	Government and government enterprises	. 76	37
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				1		•		1
Federal		168,999 140,223	172,845 143,539	182,665 150,869	194,170 159,313	Federal	77	12 10
Civilian		71,514	72,068	76,246	81,906	Civilian		5
Military 1		68,709	71,471	74,623		Military 1	80	4
Government enterprises	81	28,776	29,306	31,796	34,857	Government enterprises	. 81	2
State and local		299,870	323,349		372,745	State and local	. 82	24
Government		278,752	300,260	322,081	346,466	Government		22
Education		148,774 129,978	159,035 141,225	169,526 152,555	182,437 164,029	Education Other		11 10
Other		21,118	23,089		26,279	Government enterprises		10
st of the world		19	25,009	43	-16	Rest of the world	87	۱ ۱
		۱ "	"	1 *3	-10	100 of the Wildman.	1"	L
denda:	88	142,327	153,547	169,334	188,015	Includes Coast Guard.		

^{1.} Includes Coast Guard.

	Line	1963	1760	1707	1700
Wages and salaries	1	1,975,190	2,094,798	2,249,359	2,429,034
Omestic industries		1,975,171	2,094,769	2,249,339	2,429,050
Private industries		1,603,357	1,701,064	1,830,084	!
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries		16,164	16,921	18,516	19,934
Farms		7,965	7,880	8,295	8,443
Agricultural services, forestry, and fisheries		8,199	9,041	10,221	11,491
Mining	7	28,992	25,190	23,576	24,616
Metal mining	1	1,458	1,331	1,428	1,752
Coal mining		6,234	5,979	5,664	5,446
Oil and gas extraction		18,550 2,750	15,042 2,838	13,477 3,007	14,182 3,236
Construction		102,890	110,230		J.
Manufacturing		460,857		117,520	127,778
Durable goods		294,119	473,218 299,771	490,302 307,254	523,978 328,553
Lumber and wood products	15	12,460	13,151	14,277	15,309
Furniture and fixtures	16	8,314	8,802	9,487	10,080
Stone, clay, and glass products	17	13,784	14,283	14,740	15,672
Primary metal industries	18 19	22,544 34,413	21,599 34,495	21,779 34,673	23,969 36,820
Machinery, except electrical	20	58,422	57,425	58,808	63,466
Electric and electronic equipment	21	55,571	56,569	57,734	60,762
Motor vehicles and equipment	22 23	29,687	29,930	29,340	31,266
Other transportation equipment	24	33,541 18,460	36,823 19,505	38,927 19,840	40,421 22,381
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	25	6,923	7,189	7,649	8,407
Nondurable goods	26	166,738	173,447	183,048	195,425
Food and kindred products	27	33,357	34,785	36,262	38,036
Tobacco manufactures	28 29	1,756	1,761	1,886	2,019
Textile mill products	30	11,213 14,162	12,009 14,476	13,035 14,966	13,453 15,666
Paper and allied products	31	18,280	19,127	20,029	21,133
Printing and publishing	32	30,679	32,765	35,378	38,897
Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and coal products	33 34	32,105 6,525	33,093 6,247	34,798 6,156	38,304 6,388
Rubber and miscellaneous plastic products		16,350	17,040	18,345	19,230
Leather and leather products		2,311	2,144	2,193	2,299
Transportation and public utilities	37	139,275	144,153	152,491	160,421
Transportation	38	72,930	75,406	80,449	85,816
Railroad transportation	39	12,567	11,980	11,768	11,292
Local and interurban passenger transit Trucking and warehousing	40 41	4,238	4,494	4,794	5,248
Water transportation	42	29,535 5,033	30,825 4,913	33,617 4,902	36,561 4,995
Transportation by air	43	15,581	16,876	18,499	20,076
Pipelines, except natural gas		702	697	714	764
Transportation services		5,274	5,621	6,155	6,880
Communication	46 47	38,191 32,232	38,995 32,705	40,735 34,277	41,791 35,016
Radio and television broadcasting		5,959	6,290	6,458	6,775
Electric, gas, and sanitary services		28,154	29,752	31,307	32,814
Wholesale trade		137,471	144,578	154,760	170,477
Retail trade	51	196,471	210,098	224,663	240,973
Finance, insurance, and real estate		137,598	157,348	175,887	191,221
Banking		33,551	36,249	38,525	41,651
Credit agencies other than banks	54	15,196	18,276	20,609	21,289
Security and commodity brokers, and services Insurance carriers		18,196 30,538	23,543 34,305	28,543 37,716	29,676 41,048
Insurance agents and brokers, and services		12,443	14,094	16.054	18,122
Real estate	58	22,064	24,401	26,925	30,148
Holding and other investment companies		5,610	6,480	7,515	9,287
Services		383,639	419,328	472,369	523,158
Hotels and other lodging places Personal services	61 62	16,814 12,652	18,169 13,510	20,020 14,649	22,154 16,039
Business services	63	79,073	88,940	101,172	113,739
Auto repair, services, and garages	64	12,158	13,166	14,370	15,663
Miscellaneous repair services	65	6,265 4,862	6,465 5,140	6,788 5,979	7,737
Amusement and recreation services		10,977	11,844	13,082	6,445 14,532
Health services	68	120,525	130,854	149,812	164,397
Legal services		21,550	24,907	30,362	34,542
Educational services		20,804 33,520	22,681 36,307	24,689 39,604	27,297 43,896
Social services	72	13,541	15,192	16,996	19,225
Membership organizations	73	19,979	21,115	22,608	24,671
Miscellaneous professional services Private households		35,584 8,855	38,443 8,902	42,828 9,014	47,545 9,172
Government and government enterprises		371,814	393,705	419,232	446,494
Federal		129,098	131,893	138,366	144,955
Government		105,685	108,038	112,971	117,656
Civilian	79	57,754	57,997	60,745	64,385
Military 1		47,931	50,041	52,226	53,271
Government enterprises		23,413 242,716	23,855 261,812	25,395 280,866	27,299 301,539
Government	83	225,223	242,760	260,606	279,875
Education		118,678	127,212	135,592	145,680
Other		106,545 17,493	115,548 19,052	125,014 20,260	134,195 21,664
Covernment emerprises	00	17,493	19,032	20,200	_16

Table 6.6B.—Full-Time and Part-Time Employees by Industry

(Industries)					
	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988
Full-time and part-time employees	1	105,994	107.930	110,817	114.014
Domestic industries	2			110,859	
Private industries		85,739	87,376	89,891	92,802
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries	4	1,708	1,720	1,790	1,872
Farms	5	1,016	990	1,003	1,019
Agricultural services, forestry, and fisheries	6	692	730	787	853
Mining	7	925	774	716	718
Metal mining	8	45 191	41 177	44 162	50 151
Oil and gas extraction	10	578	446	398	402
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	11	111	110	112	115
Construction		4,814	4,966	5,080	5,234
Manufacturing		19,370	19,066	19,123	19,496
Durable goods Lumber and wood products		11,557 709	11,276	11,233	11,482 776
Furniture and fixtures.		496	501	517	529
Stone, clay, and glass products		591	588	588	604
Primary metal industries		808 1,477	751 1,431	1,407	772 1,432
Machinery, except electrical	20	2,194	2,053	2,025	2,085
Electric and electronic equipment		2,200	2,124	2,083	2,089
Motor vehicles and equipment Other transportation equipment		879 1,102	872 1,150	853 1,188	849 1,204
Instruments and related products		718	703	689	737
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries		383	381	388	405
Nondurable goods		7,813	7,790	7,890	8,014
Food and kindred products Tobacco manufactures		1,608 61	1,616 58	1,627 55	1,639 55
Textile mill products	29	703	710	730	733
Apparel and other textile products	30 31	1,129	1,107	1,104	1,101
Paper and allied products Printing and publishing	32	679 1,451	676 1,485	1,532	. 1,589
Chemicals and allied products		1,047	1,026	1,025	1,063
Petroleum and coal products	34 35	176 789	167 792	162 825	160 834
Leather and leather products		170	153	147	147
Transportation and public utilities	ı	5,278	5,290	5,424	5,562
Transportation	38	3,048	3,090	3,221	3,357
Railroad transportationLocal and interurban passenger transit	39 40	355 289	326 297	304 309	290 325
Trucking and warehousing	41	1,398	1,426	1,505	1,588
Water transportation		187	178	179	175
Transportation by air		519 19	556 18	603	642 18
Transportation services		281	289	303	319
Communication	46	1,324	1,288		1,278
Telephone and telegraph	47 48	1,086 238	1,050		1,042 236
Radio and television broadcasting Electric, gas, and sanitary services	l	906	912	I .	927
Wholesale trade	50	5,782	5,825	5,942	6,108
Retail trade	l	17,799	18,354		19,580
Finance, insurance, and real estate	ì	6,170	6,497		6,914
Banking	53	1,707	1,735		1,734
Credit agencies other than banks		759	840	901	907
Security and commodity brokers, and services Insurance carriers		368 1,327	408 1,400	463 1,451	462 1,484
Insurance agents and brokers, and services		571	598		663
Real estate		1,266	1,328		1,443
Holding and other investment companies		172 23,893	188 24,884	1	221 27,318
Services Hotels and other lodging places	t .	1,402	1,451	1	1,601
Personal services		1,142			1,283
Business services	63	4,527			
Auto repair, services, and garages	64	796 340	830 338		907 370
Motion pictures	66	227	233	237	246
Amusement and recreation services		862	892		940
Health services		6,430 771	6,674		7,276 949
Educational services	70	1,565	1,595	1,631	1,719
Social services and membership organizations		2,879 1,332			3,261
Social services		1,547	1,555		1,617
Miscellaneous professional services	74	1,356	1,413	1,488	1,562
Private households	1	1,596	1		1,510
Government and government enterprises		20,277		1 '	21,264
Federal		6,339 5,398			6,503 5,462
Civilian	. 79	2,174	2,155	2,177	2,188
Military 1		3,224			
Government enterprises		941 13,938			1,041
Government	. 83	13,112	13,320	13,609	13,892
Education		7,199 5,913			7,646 6,246
Government enterprises		826			
Rest of the world		-22	1		-52
	.1	1	<u> </u>		1

^{1.} Includes Coast Guard.

Table 6.7B.—Full-Time Equivalent Employees by Industry [Thousands]

	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988
Full-time equivalent employees 1	1	93,682	95,432	98,127	100,943
Domestic industries	2	93,704	95,462	98,169	100,995
Private industries	3	76,851	78,301	80,696	83,243
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries	4	1,458	1,476	1,559	1,646
Farms	5	870	848	859	873
Agricultural services, forestry, and fisheries	6	588	628	700	773
Mining	7	905	756	695	705
Metal mining	8	45 186	41 172	43 157	50 148
Oil and gas extraction	10	566	436	387	395
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels		108	107	108	112
Construction		4,519	4,673	4,780	4,940
Manufacturing		18,773	18,492	18,603	18,959 11,263
Durable goodsLumber and wood products	15	11,313 677	11,046 687	11,023 728	746
Furniture and fixtures	16	476	486	502	512
Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries	17 18	576 795	573 739	575 732	590 763
Fabricated metal products	19	1,439	1,398	1,377	1,402
Machinery, except electrical	20	2,153 2,164	2,015 2,094	1,992 2,053	2,047 2,060
Motor vehicles and equipment	22	871	864	843	841
Other transportation equipment	23	1,094	1,142	1,178	1,194
Instruments and related products		708 360	690 358	676 367	723 385
Nondurable goods		7,460	7,446	7,580	7,696
Food and kindred products	27	1,527	1,539	1,557	1,573
Tobacco manufactures Textile mill products		61 678	57 688	54 711	54 714
Apparel and other textile products	30	1,065	1,050	1,060	1,055
Paper and allied products	31	667	1 252	674	682 1,453
Printing and publishing	33	1,321 1,032	1,352 1,009	1,402 1,008	1,048
Petroleum and coal products	34	174	165	160	158
Rubber and miscellaneous plastic products Leather and leather products		772 163	777 145	812 142	817 142
Transportation and public utilities		4,988	5,018	5,132	5,267
Transportation		2,882	2,933	3,050	3,180
Railroad transportation	39	342	314	292	279
Local and interurban passenger transit Trucking and warehousing		268 1,325	276 1,358	287 1,430	302 1,509
Water transportation	42	177	170	170	166
Transportation by airPipelines, except natural gas	43 44	490 19	527 18	570	608 18
Transportation services	45	261	270	283	298
Communication		1,217	1,190	1,182	1,177
Telephone and telegraphRadio and television broadcasting		999 218	971 219	965 217	960 217
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	ı	889	895	900	910
Wholesale trade	1	5,496	5,537	5,674	5,822
Retail trade	51	14,444	14,869	15,403	15,915
Finance, insurance, and real estate	52	5,800	6,109	6,370	6,485
Banking		1,623	1,650	1,655	1,645
Credit agencies other than banks		726 352	804 390	862 443	866 441
Insurance carriers	56	1,276	1,347	1,395	1,424
Insurance agents and brokers, and services	57 58	541 1,117	566 1,172	595 1,220	626 1,272
Holding and other investment companies	59	165	180	200	211
Services		20,468	21,371	22,480	23,504
Hotels and other lodging places	61	1,214	1,253	1,320	1,392
Personal services		970 4,040	996 4,372	1,051 4,771	1,103 5,147
Auto repair, services, and garages	64	748	779	817	854
Miscellaneous repair services		312 177	310 181	311 185	341 192
Amusement and recreation services	67	690	707	732	744
Health services		5,810 708	6,033	6,295 830	6,425 875
Educational services	70	1,370	1,397	1,430	1,482
Social services and membership organizations	71	2,429 1,154	2,525 1,236	2,624 1,314	2,780 1,413
Membership organizations	73	1,275	1,289		1,367
Miscellaneous professional services	74	1,247	1,302	1,374	1,444
Private households		753	753	1	725 17,752
Government and government enterprises Federal		16,853 5,298	17,161 5,296	1 '	5,400
Government	78	4,438	4,440	4,482	4,492
Civilian	. 79	2,092	2,080	2,111	2,161
Military ²		2,346 860	2,360 856		2,331 908
State and local	. 82	11,555	11,865	12,109	12,352
Government	. 83 . 84	10,764 5,639	11,043		
Other		5,125	5,260		
Government enterprises	. 86	791	822	829	840
Rest of the world	. 87	-22	30	-42	-52

^{1.} Full-time equivalent employees equals the number of employees on full-time schedules plus the number of employees on part-time schedules converted to a full-time basis. The conversion is made by multiplying the number of employees on part-time schedules by the ratio of average weekly hours per employee on part-time schedules to average weekly hours per employee on full-time schedules in each industry.

2. Includes Coast Guard.

Table 6.8B.—Wages and Salaries Per Full-Time Equivalent Employee by Industry

[Dollars]

	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988
Wages and salaries per full-time equivalent employee.	1	21,084	21,951	22,923	24,063
Domestic industries		21,079	21,943	22,913	24,051
Private industries	,	20,863	21,725	22,679	23,816
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries		11,086	11,464	11,877	12,111
Farms	6	9,155 13,944	9,292 14,396	9,657 14,601	9,671 14,865
Mining	7	32,035	33,320	33,922	34,916
Metal mining	8	32,400	32,463	33,209	35,040
Coal mining	9	33,516	34,762	36,076	36,797
Oil and gas extraction		32,774 25,463	34,500 26,523	34,824 27,843	35,904 28,893
Construction	1	22,768	23,589	24,586	25,866
Manufacturing		24,549	25,590	26,356	27,637
Durable goods	14	25,998	27,138	27,874	29,171
Lumber and wood products	15	18,405	19,143	19,611	20,521
Stone, clay, and glass products	17	17,466 23,931	18,111 24,927	18,898 25,635	19,688 26,563
Primary metal industries	18	28,357	29,227	29,753	31,414
Fabricated metal products		23,915	24,675 28,499	25,180 29,522	26,262
Electric and electronic equipment	21	27,135 25,680	27,015	28,122	31,004 29,496
Motor vehicles and equipment	22	34,084	34,641	34,804	37,177
Other transportation equipment		30,659 26,073	32,244 28,268	33,045 29,349	33,853 30,956
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries		19,231	20,081	20,842	21,836
Nondurable goods		22,351	23,294	24,149	25,393
Food and kindred products	27	21,845	22,602 30,895	23,290 34,926	24,181 37,389
Textile mill products	29	28,787 16,538	17,455	18,333	18,842
Apparel and other textile products	30	13,298	13,787	14,119	14,849
Paper and allied products	31	27,406 23,224	28,806 24,234	29,717 25,234	30,987 26,770
Chemicals and allied products		31,109	32,798	34,522	36,550
Petroleum and coal products		37,500	37,861	38,475	40,430
Rubber and miscellaneous plastic products Leather and leather products	35 36	21,179 14,178	21,931 14,786	22,592 15,444	23,537 16,190
Transportation and public utilities		27,922	28,727	29,714	30,453
Transportation		25,305	25,710	26,377	26,986
Railroad transportation		36,746	38,153	40,301	40,473
Local and interurban passenger transit		15,813 22,291	16,283 22,699	16,704 23,508	17,377 24,229
Water transportation	42	28,435	28,900	28,835	30,090
Transportation by air		31,798 36,947	32,023 38,722	32,454 39,667	33,020 42,444
Transportation services		20,207	20,819	21,749	23,087
Communication		31,381	32,769	34,463	35,506
Telephone and telegraph		32,264 27,335	33,682 28,721	35,520 29,760	36,475 31,221
Electric, gas, and sanitary services		31,669	33,242	34,786	36,059
Wholesale trade		25,013	26,111	27,275	29,282
Retail trade		13,602	14,130	14,586	15,141
Finance, insurance, and real estate		23,724	25,757	27,612	29,487
Banking	53	20,672	21,969	23,278	25,320
Credit agencies other than banks		20,931	22,731	23,908	24,583
Insurance carriers		51,693 23,933	60,367 25,468	64,431 27,037	67,293 28,826
Insurance agents and brokers, and services	57	23,000	24,901	26,982	28,949
Real estate	58 59	19,753 34,000	20,820 36,000	22,070 37,575	23,701 44,014
Services		18,743	19,621	21,013	22,258
Hotels and other lodging places		13,850	14,500	15,167	15,915
Personal services	62	13,043	13,564	13,938	14,541
Business services		19,573 16,254	20,343 16,901	21,206 17,589	22,098 18,341
Miscellaneous repair services	65	20,080	20,855	21,826	22,689
Motion pictures	66	27,469 15,909	28,398 16,752	32,319 17,872	33,568 19,532
Health services	68	20,744	21,690	23,799	25,587
Legal services		30,438 15,185	32,644	36,581	39,477
Social services and membership organizations	71	13,800	16,236 14,379	17,265 15,093	18,419 15,790
Social services	72	11,734	12,291	12,935	13,606
Membership organizations		15,670 28,536	16,381 29,526	17,258 31,170	18,048 32,926
Private households		11,760	11,822	12,181	12,651
Government and government enterprises		22,062	22,942	23,993	25,152
Federal	77	24,367	24,904	25,795	26,844
Government	78 79	23,814 27,607	24,333 27,883	25,205 28,775	26,192 29,794
Military 1	80	20,431	21,204	22,027	22,853
Government enterprises	81 82	27,224 21,005	27,868 22,066	28,793 23,195	30,065 24,412
Government	83	20,924	21,983	23,193	24,312
Education	84	21,046	21,998	23,013	24,103
Other	85 86	20,789 22,115	21,967 23,178	23,202 24,439	24,542 25,790
Rest of the world	87				
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^{1.} Includes Coast Guard.

Table 6.9B.—Self-Employed Persons by Industry

[Thousands]

	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988
Self-employed persons	1	9,327	9,369	9,665	9,956
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries	3	1,495 1,214 281	1,488 1,185 303	1,477 1,142 335	1,438 1,118 320
Mining	5	20	26	27	29
Construction	6	1,312	1,370	1,386	1,429
Manufacturing	8	351 214 137	384 223 161	368 213 155	407 228 179
Transportation and public utilities	10	318	319	336	345
Wholesale trade	11	308	297	315	337
Retail trade	12	1,499	1,512	1,549	1,508
Finance, insurance, and real estate	13	563	557	598	625
Services	14	3,461	3,416	3,609	3,838

^{1.} Consists of active proprietors or partners who devote a majority of their working hours to their unincorporated businesses.

Table 6.10B.—Persons Engaged in Production by Industry [Thousands]

	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988
Persons engaged in production 1	. 1	103,009	104,801	107,792	110,89
omestic industries		103,031	104,831	107,834	110,95
Private industries	. 3	86,178	87,670	90,361	93,19
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries	. 4	2,953	2,964	3,036	3,08
Farms		2,084	2,033	2,001	1,99
Agricultural services, forestry, and fisheries		869	931	1,035	1,09
Mining		925	782	722	73
Metal mining		46	42	45	1.
Coal mining Oil and gas extraction		186 584	173 459	159 406	14 41
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels		109	108	112	i
Construction	. 12	5,831	6,043	6,166	6,30
Manufacturing	. 13	19,124	18,876	18,971	19,3
Durable goods		11,527	11,269	11,236	11,49
Lumber and wood products	. 15	731	742	792	80
Furniture and fixtures		497 593	507 588	518 591	5.
Primary metal industries	18	798	742	733	7
Fabricated metal products	. 19	1,458	1,416	1,396	1,4
Machinery, except electrical	. 20	2,190	2,057	2,028	2,0
Electric and electronic equipment	21 22	2,171 875	2,103 869	2,060 848	2,0 8
Other transportation equipment	23	1,102	1,149	1,183	1,2
Instruments and related products		714	696	680	7
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	25	398	400	407	4
Nondurable goods		7,597	7,607	7,735	7,8
Food and kindred products		1,545	1,574	1,596	1,6
Tobacco manufactures Textile mill products		61 687	57 694	54 717	7
Apparel and other textile products		1,084	1,076	1,086	1.0
Paper and allied products	31	668	666	676	6
Printing and publishing		1,400	1,431	1,471	1,5
Chemicals and allied products		1,035 174	1,012 165	1,012	1,0 1
Rubber and miscellaneous plastic products		776	783	816	8
Leather and leather products		167	149	146	ľ
Transportation and public utilities	37	5,306	5,337	5,468	5,6
Transportation		3,186	3,232	3,371	3,5
Railroad transportation	39	342	314	292	2
Local and interurban passenger transit		318	322	333	. 3
Trucking and warehousing Water transportation		1,546 184	1,576 179	1,675 178	1,7
Transportation by air		498	534	572	6
Pipelines, except natural gas		19	18	18	-
Transportation services		279	289	303	3
Communication		1,224	1,203	1,191	1,1
Telephone and telegraph		1,002	981	969	9
Radio and television broadcasting		222	222	222	2
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	1	896	902	906	9
Wholesale trade		5,804	5,834	5,989	6,1
Retail trade	1	15,943	16,381	16,952	17,4
Finance, insurance, and real estate	52	6,363	6,666	6,968	7,1
Banking		1,625	1,651	1,657	1,6
Credit agencies other than banks		734	809	867	3
Security and commodity brokers, and services Insurance carriers		1,276	451 1,347	516 1,395	1,4
Insurance agents and brokers, and services		685	719	744	77
Real estate		1,469	1,509	1,589	1,6
Holding and other investment companies		165	180	200	l?
Services		23,929	24,787	26,089	27,3
Hotels and other lodging places	61	1,571	1,598		1,7
Personal services	62	1,503 4,650	1,523	1,590 5,478	1,7
Auto repair, services, and garages	64	1,090	1,129	1,155	1,2
Miscellaneous repair services	65	555	541	542	1 5
Motion pictures		283 751	296 765		1 3
Health services	67 68	6,142	6,350	6,640	6,7
Legal services	69	921	952	1,047	1,0
Educational services	70	1,470	1,481	1,530	1,5
Social services and membership organizations		2,607 1,302	2,725	2,865 1,517	3,0
Social services		1,302	1,403 1,322		1,4
Miscellaneous professional services	74	1,633	1,671	1,744	1,8
Private households	75	753	753		
Government and government enterprises	76	16,853	17,161	17,473	17,7
Federal		5,298	5,296		
Government	78	4,438	4,440		
Civilian		2,092			
Military ²		2,346 860			
State and local	82	11,555			
Government	83	10,764	11,043	11,280	11,
		5,639	5,783	5,892	6,0
Education				5,388	5,4
EducationOther	85	5,125			
Education	85 86	5,125 791 -22	822	829	1

Equals the number of full-time equivalent employees (table 6.7) plus the number of self-employed persons (table 6.9). Unpaid family workers are not included.
 Includes Coast Guard.

Table 6.11.—Hours Worked by Full-Time and Part-Time Employees by Industry

[Millions of hours]

	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988
Hours worked by full-time and part-time employees	1	177,410	178,958	184,204	189,359
Domestic industries	2	177,456	179,020	184,291	189,467
Private industries	3	146,733	147,721	152,508	157,347
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries	5	3,101 2,028 1,073	3,103 1,981 1,122	3,201 1,991 1,210	3,377 2,058 1,319
Mining	7	1,933	1,569	1,465	1,462
Construction	8	9,277	9,368	9,546	9,861
Manufacturing Durable goods Nondurable goods	10	37,214 22,419 14,795	36,540 21,738 14,802	36,803 21,632 15,171	37,509 22,202 15,307
Transportation and public utilities	13 14	9,791 5,641 2,409 1,741	9,780 5,677 2,378 1,725	10,079 5,993 2,351 1,735	10,382 6,299 2,326 1,757
Wholesale trade	16	10,749	10,685	10,925	11,230
Retail trade	17	26,232	26,085	27,424	28,206
Finance, insurance, and real estate	18	10,803	11,228	11,745	11,882
Services	19	37,633	39,363	41,320	43,438
Government and government enterprises	21 22	30,723 27,508 3,215	31,299 27,938 3,361	31,783 28,363 3,420	32,120 28,644 3,476
Rest of the world	23	-46	-62	87	-108

Table 6.12.—Employer Contributions for Social Insurance by Industry

	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988
Employer contributions for social insurance	1	204,806	217,326	227,846	249,676
Domestic industries	2	204,806	217,326	227,846	249,676
Private industries	3	128,567	136,162	142,003	157,089
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries	4	1,540	1,540	1,766	1,851
Mining	5	2,173	1,921	1,811	1,991
Construction	6	9,636	10,351	10,718	11,813
Manufacturing Durable goods Nondurable goods	8	38,613 24,821 13,792	39,539 25,170 14,369	39,608 24,892 14,716	43,002 27,047 15,955
Transportation and public utilities	11 12	12,276 7,604 2,674 1,998	12,865 7,976 2,756 2,133	13,321 8,299 2,819 2,203	14,519 9,156 2,978 2,385
Wholesale trade	14	10,688	11,263	11,696	13,140
Retail trade	15	16,531	17,629	18,315	20,123
Finance, insurance, and real estate	16	9,960	11,315	12,199	13,667
Services	17	27,150	29,739	32,569	36,984
Government and government enterprises	18	76,239	81,164	85,843	92,587
Rest of the world	19	ļ	·····		

Table 6.13.—Other Labor Income by Industry and by Type

	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988
Other labor income	1	187,552	199,260	212,819	228,937
By industry	-	-0.,50	,	222,025	220,50.
Domestic industries	2	187,552	199,260	212,819	228,937
Private industries		166,736		188,590	201,103
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries		1.006		1,111	1,189
Mining		3,557	3,162	3,090	
Construction	-	12,114	13,465	14,340	15,475
Manufacturing		63,708	66,433	69,140	73.072
Durable goods	8	41,546	43,051	44,518	47,062
Nondurable goods	9	22,162	23,382	24,622	26,010
Transportation and public utilities		21,196	22,250	23,560	24,982
Transportation		8,505 7,791	9,141 7,921	10,016 8,138	10,994 8,341
Electric, gas, and sanitary services		4,900	5,188	5,406	5,647
Wholesale trade	14	10,418	11,215	11,866	12,708
Retail trade	15	12,687	14,338	15,636	17,007
Finance, insurance, and real estate	16	14,922	16,519	17,650	18,558
Services	17	27,128	29,503	32,197	34,911
Government and government enterprises	18	20,816	21,325	24,229	27,834
Rest of the world	19				,
By type					
Employer contributions to private pension and welfare funds.	20	184,278	195,653	208,873	224,683
Pension and profit-sharing		54,600	53,486	51,562	50,003
Group insurance	22	109,553	118,370	129,576	142,844
Group health insurance		100,837	108,956	120,083	132,824
Group life insurance	25	8,716 19,649	9,414 23,348	9,493 27,263	10,020 31,212
Supplemental unemployment		476	449	472	624
Other 1	27	3,274	3,607	3,946	4,254
Addenda:					
Benefits paid by private pension and welfare funds	28	209,610	244,991	278,110	317,526
Pension and profit-sharing		78,866	101,603	118,259	137,180
Group health insurance		105,189	115,304	128,669	145,888
Group life insurance	31 32	8,361 16,889	8,761 18,835	9,192 21,354	9,746 24,227
Supplemental unemployment		305	488	636	485
		230	.50	250	

^{1.} Consists largely of directors' fees.

Table 6.14B.—Nonfarm Proprietors' Income by Industry

	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988
Nonfarm proprietors' income	1	194,597	210,029	238,877	259,233
Agricultural services, forestry, and fisheries	2	3,566	3,542	5,460	6,104
Mining	3	4,861	-407	-859	-824
Construction	4	36,023	39,505	43,908	44,585
Manufacturing	6	2,846 1,788 1,058	3,906 2,610 1,296	4,585 3,368 1,217	4,503 3,281 1,222
Transportation and public utilities	9 10	11,233 9,963 409 1,679	11,730 11,347 -1,184 1,567	12,037 12,015 -203 225	12,418 12,325 -260 353
Wholesale trade	12	8,920	8,774	10,110	11,243
Retail trade	13	23,624	23,943	23,627	25,535
Finance, insurance, and real estate	14	-7,260	-10,203	-2,222	371
Services	16	110,784 25,516 19,027 66,241		142,231 32,074 22,309 87,848	155,298 35,358 24,857 95,083

Table 6.15B.—Noncorporate Capital Consumption Allowances by Industry
[Millions of dollars]

	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988
Noncorporate capital consumption allowances	1	139,918	151,758	153,128	157,927
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries	3	13,284 11,752 1,532	13,039 11,546 1,493	13,019 11,322 1,697	12,816 11,130 1,686
Mining	5	8,454	9,437	9,242	9,018
Construction	6	3,593	4,560	4,163	4,582
Manufacturing	8	2,966 1,902 1,064	3,095 1,640 1,455		3,138 1,869 1,269
Transportation and public utilities	11 12	6,935 3,289 1,361 2,285	8,209 3,759 1,842 2,608	3,754 2,772	9,214 3,730 2,950 2,534
Wholesale trade	14	957	876	1,008	1,054
Retail trade	15	5,627	5,007	5,342	5,586
Finance, insurance, and real estate	17 18 19	77,430 2,374 75,056 30,228 44,828	85,895 2,525 83,370 32,697 50,673	1,806 86,183 35,683	91,228 1,927 89,301 38,873 50,428
Services	21	20,672	21,640	20,158	21,291

Table 6.16B.—Inventory Valuation Adjustment to Nonfarm Incomes by Legal Form of Organization and Industry

[Millions of dollars]

Corporate business 2		Line	1985	1986	1987	1988
Mining 3 182 1,316 -502 -22 Construction 4 -151 -59 -1,423 -1,66 Manufacturing 5 -1,515 2,449 -6,940 -8,94 Durable goods 6 -1,930 -575 -3,232 -5,07 Nondurable goods 7 415 3,024 -3,708 -3,86 Transportation and public utilities 8 1,008 3,755 -1,433 -61 Transportation 9 116 406 -356 -7 Communication 10 -117 -58 -964 -70 Electric, gas, and sanitary services 11 1,009 3,407 -113 16 Wholesale trade 12 370 1,077 -4,672 -6,92 Retail trade 13 -1,376 -1,318 -3,082 -4,79 Other 14 -194 -489 -856 -1,85 Noncorporate business 15 -192	Inventory valuation adjustment to nonfarm incomes	1	-1,868	6,569	-19,903	-26,519
Construction 4 -151 -59 -1,423 -1,66 Manufacturing 5 -1,515 2,449 -6,940 -8,94 Durable goods 6 -1,930 -575 -3,232 -5,07 Nondurable goods 7 415 3,024 -3,708 -3,86 Transportation and public utilities 8 1,008 3,755 -1,433 -61 Transportation 9 116 406 -356 -7 Communication 10 -117 -58 -964 -70 Electric, gas, and sanitary services 11 1,009 3,407 -113 16 Wholesale trade 12 370 1,077 -4,672 -6,92 Retail trade 13 -1,376 -1,318 -3,082 -4,79 Other 14 -194 -489 -856 -1,85 Noncorporate business 15 -192 -162 -995 -1,50 Mining 16 8	Corporate business	2	-1,676	6,731	-18,908	-25,016
Manufacturing 5 -1,515 2,449 -6,940 -8,94 Durable goods 6 -1,930 -575 -3,232 -5,07 Nondurable goods 7 415 3,024 -3,708 -3,86 Transportation and public utilities 8 1,008 3,755 -1,433 -61 Transportation 9 116 406 -356 -7 Communication 10 -117 -58 -964 -70 Electric, gas, and sanitary services 11 1,009 3,407 -113 16 Wholesale trade 12 370 1,077 -4,672 -6,92 Retail trade 13 -1,376 -1,318 -3,082 -4,79 Other 14 -194 -489 -856 -1,85 Noncorporate business 15 -192 -162 -995 -1,50 Mining 16 8 45 -17 -17 Construction 17 -24 -1	Mining	3	182	1,316	-502	-225
Durable goods Nondurable goods 6 Noncorrporate business 1 - 1,930 / 415 -3,75 / 3,232 / -3,708 -3,60 / 3,708 -3,60 / 3,708 -3,60 / 3,708 -3,60 / 3,708 -3,60 / 3,708 -3,60 / 3,708 -3,60 / 3,708 -3,60 / 3,708 -3,60 / 3,708 -3,60 / 3,708 -3,60 / 3,708 -3,60 / 3,708 -3,60 / 3,708 -61 / 3,705 / 3,709 -1,17 / -58 / -56 / -7,70 / -4,672 -6,92 / -7,90 / -7,70 / -4,672 -6,92 / -7,92 / -4,79 -3,376 / -1,318 / -3,082 / -4,79 -4,79 / -4,672 / -6,92 / -6,92 -1,376 / -1,318 / -3,082 / -4,79 -4,79 / -4,672 / -6,92 -1,85 / -1,85 / -1,85 / -1,85 Noncorporate business 15 -192 / -162 / -995 / -1,50 -1,50 /	Construction	4	-151	-59	-1,423	-1,664
Transportation 9 116 406 -356 -7 Communication 10 10 -117 -58 -964 -70 Electric, gas, and sanitary services 11 1,009 3,407 -113 16 Wholesale trade 12 370 1,077 -4,672 -6,92 Retail trade 13 -1,376 -1,318 -3,082 -4,79 Other 14 -194 -489 -856 -1,85 Noncorporate business 15 -192 -162 -995 -1,50 Mining 16 8 45 -17 - Construction 17 -24 -10 -231 -27 Manufacturing 18 -28 -9 -109 -14 Durable goods 19 -30 -10 -72 -8 Nondurable goods 20 2 1 -37 -6 Wholesale trade 21 20 53 -130 <	Durable goods	6	-1,930	-575	-3,232	
Retail trade 13 -1,376 -1,318 -3,082 -4,79 Other 14 -194 -489 -856 -1,85 Noncorporate business 15 -192 -162 -995 -1,50 Mining 16 8 45 -17 - Construction 17 -24 -10 -231 -27 Manufacturing 18 -28 -9 -109 -14 Durable goods 19 -30 -10 -72 -8 Nondurable goods 20 2 1 -37 -6 Wholesale trade 21 20 53 -130 -15 Retail trade 22 -139 -142 -314 -47	Transportation	9 10	116 -117	406 58	-356 -964	-70
Other 14 -194 -489 -856 -1,85 Noncorporate business 15 -192 -162 -995 -1,50 Mining 16 8 45 -17 -17 -24 -10 -231 -27 Manufacturing 18 -28 -9 -109 -14 Durable goods 19 -30 -10 -72 -8 Nondurable goods 20 2 1 -37 -6 Wholesale trade 21 20 53 -130 -15 Retail trade 22 -139 -142 -314 -47	Wholesale trade	12	370	1,077	-4,672	-6,929
Noncorporate business 15 -192 -162 -995 -1,50 Mining 16 8 45 -17 -0 Construction 17 -24 -10 -231 -27 Manufacturing 18 -28 -9 -109 -14 Durable goods 19 -30 -10 -72 -8 Nondurable goods 20 2 1 -37 -6 Wholesale trade 21 20 53 -130 -15 Retail trade 22 -139 -142 -314 -47	Retail trade	13	-1,376	-1,318	-3,082	-4,795
Mining 16 8 45 -17 -17 Construction 17 -24 -10 -231 -27 Manufacturing 18 -28 -9 -109 -14 Durable goods 19 -30 -10 -72 -8 Nondurable goods 20 2 1 -37 -6 Wholesale trade 21 20 53 -130 -15 Retail trade 22 -139 -142 -314 -47	Other	14	-194	-489	-856	-1,851
Construction 17 -24 -10 -231 -27 Manufacturing 18 -28 -9 -109 -14 Durable goods 19 -30 -10 -72 -8 Nondurable goods 20 2 1 -37 -6 Wholesale trade 21 20 53 -130 -15 Retail trade 22 -139 -142 -314 -47	Noncorporate business	15	-192	-162	-995	-1,503
Manufacturing 18 -28 -9 -109 -14 Durable goods 19 -30 -10 -72 -8 Nondurable goods 20 2 1 -37 -6 Wholesale trade 21 20 53 -130 -15 Retail trade 22 -139 -142 -314 -47	Mining	16	8	45	-17	-8
Durable goods. 19 -30 -10 -72 -8 Nondurable goods. 20 2 1 -37 -6 Wholesale trade. 21 20 53 -130 -15 Retail trade. 22 -139 -142 -314 -47	Construction	17	-24	-10	-231	-272
Retail trade	Durable goods	19	-30		-72	-81
	Wholesale trade	21	20	53	-130	-197
Other	Retail trade	22	139	-142	-314	-479
	Other	23	-29	-99	-194	-406

Table 6.17B.—Net Interest by Industry

[Millions of dollars]

	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988
Net interest	1	318,976	325,528	351,703	392,902
Domestic industries	2	309,435	324,255	360,341	403,227
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries	3	15,918	14,246	13,118	12,733
Mining	4	5,205	3,928	4,272	4,811
Construction	5	2,822	3,329	3,399	3,889
Manufacturing Durable goods Nondurable goods	7	25,538 5,004 20,534	31,086 5,122 25,964	38,598 8,434 30,164	45,801 10,951 34,850
Transportation and public utilities	10 11	35,049 4,001 7,716 23,332	37,716 4,858 9,263 23,595	42,708 5,653 10,749 26,306	48,579 6,434 12,312 29,833
Wholesale trade	13	5,854	5,177	6,502	7,530
Retail trade	14	8,350	8,528	10,366	11,884
Finance, insurance, and real estate		195,660 -14,931 214,042 -3,451	204,520 -24,945 233,120 -3,655	-17,926	250,373 8,067 266,238 -7,798
Services	19	15,039	15,725	16,154	17,627
Rest of the world	20	9,541	1,273	-8,638	-10,325

Table 6.18B.—Corporate Profits by Industry

											Seaso	nally ad	justed a	t annual	rates					
	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988	1985		19	86			19	87			19	88		19	989
						IV	I	II	Ш	IV	I	II	Ш	IV	I	II	ш	IV	1	11
Corporate profits with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments.	1	282,3	282.1	298.7	328.6	291.4	292.7	280.9	279.7	275.2	279.9	293.7	313.0	308.2	318.1	325.3	330.9	340.2	316.3	
Domestic industries	2	251.2	249.0	259.6	285.0	256.6	256.5	250.7	246.3	242.6	243.6	256.5	274.1	264.2	275.7	284.6	285.9	293.7	269.7	
FinancialNonfinancial	3 4	25.9 225.3	35.0 214.0	35.0 224.6	35.7 249.3	30.3 226.3	36.2 220.2	38.2 212.5	34.6 211.7	30.9 211.7	34.0 209.6	35.3 221.3	35.3 238.8	35.6 228.6	33.7 241.9	35.9 248.7	37.5 248.3	35.5 258.2	34.4 235.3	
Rest of the world	5	31.2	33.1	39.1	43.7	34.8	36.2	30.2	33.4	32.6	36.3	37.2	38.9	44.0	42.4	40.7	45.1	46.5	46.6	
Corporate profits with inventory valuation adjustment	6	222.6	228.3	247.8	281.8	228.4	233.0	226.0	228.1	226.1	230.5	243.4	261.5	255.8	268.1	276.4	284.1	298.7	279.7	
Domestic industries	7	191.4	195.2	208.7	238.2	193.6	196.8	195.9	194.7	193.4	194.3	206.3	222.6	211.8	225.7	235.8	239.0	252.2	233.1	
Financial Federal Reserve banks Other	8 9 10	22.8 16.8 6.1	32.0 16.0 16.0	30.5 16.0 14.5	29.8 18.1 11.7	26.0 16.3 9.7	32.2 16.7 15.5	35.2 16.1 19.1	32.1 15.7 16.5	28.6 15.6 12.9	30.8 15.6 15.2	31.1 16.0 15.1	30.2 16.2 14.0	29.9 16.3 13.6	27.7 17.3 10.4	29.7 17.4 12.3	31.6 18.3 13.3	30.1 19.3 10.8	20.3	
Nonfinancial	11	168.6	163.2	178.2	208.4	167.6	164.6	160.7	162.6	164.8	163.5	175.2	192.4	181.9	198.0	206.1	207.3	222.1	203.9	
Manufacturing	12	79.7	59.5	76.6	98.4	83.8	62.4	60.2	50.5	64.8	60.8	73.7	87.3	84.5	94.6	98.2	95.1	105.5	96.5	
Durable goods Primary metal industries Fabricated metal products Machinery, except electrical Electric and electronic equipment Motor vehicles and equipment Other	14 15 16 17 18	28.5 -1.4 4.6 3.2 3.6 7.2 11.3	30.8 2.6 4.8 3.0 2.9 4.1 13.3	5.0 3.4	38.1 6.4 6.1 4.8 4.6 2.4 13.8	28.0 -1.2 4.0 4.0 2.5 7.8 10.9	29.8 1.3 4.6 2.9 3.8 5.5 11.6	31.4 3.2 5.5 4.0 3.5 4.0 11.2	28.5 2.3 4.6 2.9 1.3 3.2 14.4	33.4 3.7 4.4 2.2 3.2 3.8 16.1	37.6 4.2 3.7 4.0 3.0 4.8 17.9	36.0 2.5 3.7 3.0 5.6 5.7 15.4	37.9 3.5 6.5 4.5 5.4 1.9 16.1	26.0 4.1 5.9 1.9 4 .7 13.8	32.8 4.7 7.4 4.3 1.1 .9 14.4	41.3 6.6 6.5 6.7 4.8 1.0 15.6	38.3 6.8 4.8 6.0 5.8 3.2 11.8	39.8 7.4 5.9 2.1 6.6 4.5 13.4		
Nondurable goods	21 22 23	51.2 8.3 6.2 17.5 19.2	28.7 7.8 7.6 -7.6 20.9		60.3 15.7 17.4 3.7 23.5	55.8 8.5 3.6 25.5 18.2	32.6 8.1 6.1 7 19.1	28.8 7.1 7.1 -4.8 19.3	21.9 7.3 8.1 -13.8 20.3	31.4 8.7 9.1 -11.3 24.9	23.2 8.2 8.5 -13.1 19.6	37.8 11.3 9.4 -2.8 19.9	49.4 13.8 11.7 1.4 22.5	58.5 15.4 12.4 7.1 23.6	61.8 15.3 16.0 4.2 26.2	57.0 15.5 15.9 1.6 24.0	56.8 14.9 15.6 3.8 22.5	65.7 17.2 22.0 5.3 21.2	17.4 18.5 1.2	
Transportation and public utilities	26	33.0 44.1 11.8	36.3 44.1 23.4	34.6 41.1 25.9	39.3 40.1 30.6	30.6 38.5 14.6	45.8	36.2 41.8 22.5	39.4 47.7 25.0	35.3 41.0 23.8	33.1 43.0 26.5	35.8 37.2 28.5	33.9 43.2 28.0	35.5 41.2 20.7	33.7 42.2 27.6	39.2 37.3 31.3	40.8 39.2 32.2	43.5 41.8 31.3	41.6 34.1 31.7	
Rest of the world	28	31.2	33.1	39.1	43.7	34.8	36.2	30.2	33.4	32.6	36.3	37.2	38.9	44.0	42.4	40.7	45.1	46.5	46.6	ļ

Table 6.19B.—Corporate Profits Before Tax by Industry

	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988
Corporate profits before tax	1	224,260	221,581	266,730	306,843
Domestic industries	2	193,093	188,470	227,631	263,186
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries	3	-73	1,539	1,208	1,266
	4	-206			1,200
Farms	5	133	1,096 443		
Mining	6	-5,002	-3,891	-857	790
Metal mining	7	-829	-705		//0
Coal mining	8	103	167		
Oil and gas extraction		-4,845	-4,016		
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	10	569	663		
Construction	11	5,744	8,219	8,963	9,618
Manufacturing	12	81,200	57,012	83,543	107,306
Durable goods		30,461	31,356	37,622	43,128
Lumber and wood products		1,617 1,794	1,826		
Stone, clay, and glass products	16	2,652	3,648		
Primary metal industries		-1,164 4,723	2,749 4,619		
Machinery, except electrical		3,694	2,955		
Electric and electronic equipment		3,883	2,935		
Motor vehicles and equipment Other transportation equipment		7,301 3,991	4,062 4,174		
Instruments and related products	23	1,035	660		
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	24	935	1,280	ļ	
Nondurable goods	25	50,739	25,656	45,921	
Food and kindred products	26 27	7,909 2,721	7,663 2,605		
Textile mill products	28	1,399	2,113		
Apparel and other textile products	29	1,577	1,924		
Paper and allied products Printing and publishing		3,305 7,277	4,169 8,108		
Chemicals and allied products	32	6,250	6,952		
Petroleum and coal products	33 34	17,473 2,415	-10,081 2,006		
Leather and leather products		413			
Transportation and public utilities	36	31,983	32,509	36,018	l
Transportation	37	2,762	3,052	3,903	l '
Railroad transportation	38	851	274		
Local and interurban passenger transit	39 40	331 2,410	277 3,283		
Trucking and warehousing Water transportation	41	-766	-293		
Transportation by air	42 43	-1,132	-1,854		
Pipelines, except natural gas	44	975 93	690 675		
Communication	45	13,090	15,777	19,330	19,145
Telephone and telegraph	46	12,729	16,602		
Radio and television broadcasting	47	361	-825		
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	48	16,131	13,680	12,785	14,347
Wholesale trade	49	21,697	20,614	24,785	26,530
Retail trade	50	23,402	23,691	24,108	25,316
Finance, insurance, and real estate	51	20,705	30,562	30,371	30,219
Banking	52	27,057	26,491		·
Federal Reserve banks	53	16,755	16,030		
Commercial and mutual banks		10,302 5,182	10,461 7,677		
Security and commodity brokers, and services		1,135	3,004	l	
Insurance carriers	57 58	-15,756 922	-12,643		
Real estate	59	-2,439	-1,903		
Holding and other investment companies	60	4,604	6,148		
Services	61	13,437	18,215	19,492	22,240
Hotels and other lodging places	62	-224	-432		
Personal services Business services	63 64	663 4,737	590 7,274		
Auto repair, services, and garages	65	-291	191	ļ	
Miscellaneous repair services	66	336	484		
Motion pictures	67 68	348 -391	936 186		
Other services	69	8,259	8,986		
Health services	70 71	5,225 914	5,336 1,400		
Educational services	72	227	90		
Other ¹	73	1,893	2,160		
Rest of the world ²	74	31,167	33,111	39,099	43,657
Receipts from rest of the world	75	38,040	40,241	49,008	58,466
Less: Payments to rest of the world	76	6,873	7,130	9,909	14,809
1. Consists of social services membership organization	e and	micaella	100W PT	faccional	complete

Consists of social services, membership organizations, and miscellaneous professional services.
 Consists of receipts by all U.S. residents, including both corporations and persons, of dividends from their incorporated foreign affiliates, their share of reinvested earnings of their incorporated foreign affiliates, and earnings of unincorporated foreign affiliates, net of corresponding outflows.

Table 6.20B.—Federal, State, and Local Corporate Profits Tax Liability by Industry

Corporate profits tax liability Domestic industries	1	96,422	404.00		
			106,327	124,723	137,936
	2	96,422	106,327	124,723	137,936
rigi reditare, retesti j, and tioner resumment months		282	447	621	705
Farms		221	385		
Agricultural services, forestry, and fisheries	5	61	62		
Mining	6	200	268	836	917
Metal mining	7	-29	-6		
Coal mining Oil and gas extraction	9	21 30	118 -197		
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	10	178	353		1
Construction	11	1,869	2,424	2,729	3,580
Manufacturing	12	32,619	31,845	41,491	47,040
Durable goods		13,395	13,865		18,853
Lumber and wood products		549 774	824 894		
Stone, clay, and glass products		1,129			
Primary metal industries	17	392			
Fabricated metal products		2,140 1,944			
Machinery, except electrical Electric and electronic equipment	20	2,615			
Motor vehicles and equipment	21	1,639			
Other transportation equipment	22	957			
Instruments and related products	23	610			
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries		646			l
Nondurable goods	25	19,224	17,980		
Food and kindred products	26 27	4,622	3,864		
Tobacco manufactures	28	1,271 639	937		
Apparel and other textile products		893	837		
Paper and allied products	30	1,167	1,282		
Printing and publishing	31	3,227	4,154		
Chemicals and allied products	32 33	3,499 2,965			
Petroleum and coal products		783			
Leather and leather products		158			
Transportation and public utilities	36	11,055	13,694	15,862	18,285
Transportation	37	1,784	1,570	2,211	2,547
Railroad transportation	38	240	8		
Local and interurban passenger transit	39	45	56		
Trucking and warehousing	40	754			
Water transportation	41 42	159	1 47		
Pipelines, except natural gas		480			
Transportation services		100			
Communication	45	3,925	6,000	6,777	7,581
Telephone and telegraph	46	3,399	5,500		
Radio and television broadcasting	47	526	500	ļ	
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	48	5,346	6,124	6,874	8,157
Wholesale trade	49	8,761	8,786	10,446	11,746
Retail trade	50	8,188	9,831	11,531	12,129
Finance, insurance, and real estate	51	29,557	34,838	36,144	37,998
Banking	52	21,174	21,648		
Federal Reserve banks	53 54	17,796 3,378			
Credit agencies other than banks	55	1,319			
Security and commodity brokers, and services		843			
Insurance carriers	57	3,225	5,170		
Insurance agents and brokers, and services		501	749 1,763		
Real estate	59 60	1,458 1,037			
Services		3,891	4,194		ł
Hotels and other lodging places		244	270	1	
Personal services	63	222	229		ļ
Business services	64	1,426	1,652		
Auto repair, services, and garages		107 79			
Miscellaneous repair services	67	73	130		
Amusement and recreation services	68	172	217		
Other services	69	1,568	1,460		
Health services		1,072			
Legal services		127 55			
Educational services					
Educational services	73	314	346		

^{1.} Consists of social services, membership organizations, and miscellaneous professional services.

Table 6.21B.—Corporate Profits After Tax by Industry

1985 1986 1987 1988 Corporate profits after tax... 127,838 115,254 142,007 168,907 Domestic industries. 96,671 82,143 102,908 125,250 Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries... -355 1,092 561 -427 72 711 381 Agricultural services, forestry, and fisheries... Mining. 4,159 -5,202 -1,693 -127 Metal mining -800 -699 Coal mining -4,875 391 -3,819 310 10 3,875 5,795 11 6,234 6,038 Manufacturing ... 12 48,581 25,167 42.052 60,266 17,066 1,068 1,020 1,523 -1,556 19,845 24,275 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 1,624 932 2,267 2,230 2,360 2,583 1,750 1,268 5,662 3,034 425 289 1,440 226 2,215 3,565 24 608 7,676 3,799 1,537 1,176 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 31,515 3,287 1,450 760 684 2,138 4,050 2,751 14,508 1,632 255 22,207 35,991 1,08 2,887 3,954 2,603 10,541 36 Transportation and public utilities. 20,928 18,815 20,156 21,616 978 611 286 1,656 -772 -1,291 495 1,482 266 221 2,278 Transportation 1,692 3,862 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 Water transportation... Transportation by air... Pipelines, except natur -294 -1,901 Pipelines, except natural gas ... Transportation services 326 586 9,165 9,330 -165 45 46 47 Communication... 12,553 11,564 Telephone and telegraph......Radio and television broadcasting.. 11,102 -1,325 Electric, gas, and sanitary services 48 10.785 7,556 5,911 6,190 49 11,828 sale trade..... 12,936 14,784 50 Retail trade.... 15,214 13,860 12,577 13,187 51 -8,852 -4,276 -5,773 -7,779 Finance, insurance, and real estate 5,883 -1,041 6,924 3,863 292 -18,981 421 4,843 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 -1,774 6,617 5,327 Security and commodity brokers, and services.... Insurance agents and brokers, and services.... 1,039 -3,666 -3,897 3,567 Holding and other investment companies 61 9,546 14,021 14,429 16,704 Services . Hotels and other lodging places.... -468 441 3,311 -398 257 275 -563 6,691 4,153 787 172 1,579 -702 361 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 5,622 Motion pictures Amusement and recreation services.... -31 7,526 4,415 Other services Health services Legal services Educational services 1.245 1,814 74 31,167 33,111 39,099 43,657 Rest of the world 2,..., Receipts from rest of the world Less: Payments to rest of the world 58,466 14,809 75 76 38,040 40.241 49,008 7,130

Table 6.22B.—Net Corporate Dividend Payments by Industry

	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988
Net corporate dividends	1	83,252	91,301	98,671	110,420
omestic industries		71,062	73,686	82,848	84,156
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries		429	,	686	
• ' ''			621		738
Farms	5	377 52	462 159		
Mining		475	1,275	1,669	2,093
-	l i	! 1	•		
Metal mining	7	247 122	262 379		
Oil and gas extraction	9	-89	458		
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	10	195	176		
Construction	11	640	1,168	1,190	1,17
Manufacturing	12	25,085	25,373	27,234	25,78
Durable goods	13	12,530	10,764	12,347	12,27
Lumber and wood products	14	730	493		•••••
Furniture and fixtures	15 16	199			
Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries		1,522			
Fabricated metal products		1,114			
Machinery, except electrical	19	2,147			
Electric and electronic equipment		2,580 1,688			
Motor vehicles and equipment Other transportation equipment		324			
Instruments and related products	23	1,180	1,117		
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	24	349	449		
Nondurable goods	25	12,555	14,609	14,887	13,51
Food and kindred products	26	1,961	2,525		ļ
Tobacco manufactures		289	1,274		ļ
Apparel and other textile products	28 29	278 304	436 591		·····
Paper and allied products		1,263			
Printing and publishing	31	1,702			
Chemicals and allied products		5,004			
Petroleum and coai products		1,627 21	109		
Leather and leather products		106	-55		
Transportation and public utilities	36	26,724	26,977	29,096	31,70
Transportation	37	2,145	2,202	2,259	2,40
Railroad transportation	38	893	758		i
Local and interurban passenger transit Trucking and warehousing		54 477	31 627		
Water transportation		24	104		
Transportation by air	42	241	252		
Pipelines, except natural gas Transportation services		395 61	380		
•	1			Į.	ļ
Communication	45 46	10,246 9,647	11,070 9,897	12,000	
Telephone and telegraph	47	599	1,173		
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	l	14,333	13,705	14,837	16,3
Wholesale trade	ŀ	8,530	6,649	7,466	7,1
Retail trade	1	4,372	4,563	4,852	4,8
Finance, insurance, and real estate	ł	2,501	3,888	6,593	6,3
Banking	i	4,925	5,463		ļ
Federal Reserve banks	. 53	103	110		
Commercial and mutual banks		4,822 1,455	1 885		·····
Security and commodity brokers, and services		-6		**************	
Insurance carriers	. 57	-12,138	-11,972		.
Insurance agents and brokers, and services		342			
Real estate	. 59 . 60	3,338 4,585	3,680 3,783		
Services		2,306	3,172		ł
Hotels and other lodging places	. 62	265	338		<u> </u>
Personal services	. 63	143			
Business services		698	794		
Auto repair, services, and garages		231 76	371 61		
Motion pictures	. 67	51	335		
Amusement and recreation services	. 68	98	231	ļ	
Other services		744	942		
Health services	. 70 . 71	517 47	621 40		
	. 72	16	31		
Educational services	1 72	164	250		
Educational services	. 73		(
Educational services	. 74	12,190	17,615		26,2
Educational services	. 74 . 75	l .	17,615 24,985 7,370	23,880	35,3

Consists of social services, membership organizations, and miscellaneous professional services.
 Consists of receipts by all U.S. residents of dividends paid by their incorporated foreign affiliates and remitted earnings of their unincorporated foreign affiliates of dividends paid to foreign residents and earnings of unincorporated U.S. affiliates remitted to foreign residents.

Consists of social services, membership organizations, and miscellaneous professional services.
 Consists of receipts by all U.S. residents of dividends from their incorporated foreign affiliates, their share of reinvested earnings of their incorporated foreign affiliates, and earnings of unincorporated foreign affiliates, net of corresponding outflows.

Table 6.23B.—Undistributed Corporate Profits by Industry

	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988
Undistributed corporate profits	1	44,586	23,953	43,336	58,487
Domestic industries	2	25,609	8,457	20,060	41,094
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries		-784	471	-99	-177
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Farms	4	-804 20	249 222		
Mining	6	-5,677	-5,434	-3,362	-2,220
·			-961		
Metal mining		-1,047 -40	-330		
Oil and gas extraction	9	-4,786	-4,277		
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	1	196	134		***************************************
Construction	11	3,235	4,627	5,044	4,866
Manufacturing	12	23,496	-206	14,818	34,481
Durable goods	13	4,536	6,727	7,498	12,005
Lumber and wood products		338 821	1,131		
Stone, clay, and glass products	16	826		**************	
Primary metal industries	17	-3,078	1,727		
Fabricated metal products		1,469 -397			
Electric and electronic equipment		-1,312			
Motor vehicles and equipment		3,974			
Other transportation equipment		2,710 -755	-1.093		
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries		-60			
Nondurable goods	25	18,960	-6,933	7,320	22,476
Food and kindred products	26	1,326			
Tobacco manufactures Textile mill products	27 28	1,161 482	263 740		
Apparel and other textile products	29	380	496	[
Paper and allied products	30	875 2,348	1,818		
Printing and publishing	31 32 33	-2,253			
Petroleum and coal products	33	12,881	-12,550		
Rubber and miscellaneous plastic products Leather and leather products	34 35	1,611 149	1,040		
Transportation and public utilities	l	-5,796	-8,162	-8,940	
	1			l '	
Transportation		-1,167 -282	-720 -492	-567	1,454
Local and interurban passenger transit	39	232	190		
Trucking and warehousing	40 41	1,179 -796	1,651		
Water transportationTransportation by air	42	-1,532	-2,153	ļ	
Pipelines, except natural gas	43	100	-54		
Transportation services	l	-68		ļ	
Communication		-1,081 -317	-1,293	553	-1,445
Telephone and telegraphRadio and television broadcasting	47	-764	-2,498		
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	48	-3,548	-6,149	-8,926	-10,159
Wholesale trade	49	4,406	5,179	6,873	7,632
Retail trade	50	10,842	9,297	7,725	8,326
Finance, insurance, and real estate	51	-11,353	-8,164	-12,366	-14,101
Banking	52	958	-620	ļ	
Federal Reserve banks	53 54	-1,144 2,102	-1,884 1,264		
Credit agencies other than banks	55	2,408	3,442	***************************************	
Security and commodity brokers, and services		298	888		
Insurance carriers Insurance agents and brokers, and services	57 58	-6,843 79	403		
Real estate	59	-7,235	7,346		
Holding and other investment companies		-1,018	910	10,367	12 425
Services Hotels and other lodging places	61 62	7,240 -733	10,849 -1,040	ı	12,437
Personal services	63	298	261		
Business services	64	2,613			
Auto repair, services, and garages	65 66	-629 181			
Motion pictures	67	224	471		
Amusement and recreation services Other services		-661 5,947	-262 6,584		
Health services	70	3,636	3,794		
Legal services	71	740	1,205		
Educational services	72 73	156 1,415	21 1,564		
Rest of the world	74	18,977	15,496	23,276	17,393
Receipts from rest of the world 2	75	19,068	15,256	25,128	23,087
Less: Payments to rest of the world 3	76	91	-240	1,852	5,694
				L	

Consists of social services, membership organizations, and miscellaneous professional services.
 Consists of receipts by all U.S. residents of their share of the reinvested earnings of their incorporated foreign affiliates and reinvested earnings of their unincorporated foreign affiliates.
 Consists of payments to foreign residents of their share of the reinvested earnings of their incorporated U.S. affiliates and reinvested vested earnings of their unincorporated U.S. affiliates.

Table 6.24B.—Corporate Capital Consumption Allowances by Industry [Millions of dollars]

	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988
Corporate capital consumption allowances	. 1	328,304	339,709	353,942	368,487
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries		3,806	3,650	3,709	3,722
Farms	. 3	3,033	2,840		
Agricultural services, forestry, and fisheries	4	773	810		
Mining	. 5	9,243	7,136	6,671	6,430
Metal mining	6 7	487 1,270	330		
Coal mining		6,561	1,327 4,466		
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	9	925	1,013		
Construction	. 10	8,224	7,898	8,746	9,41
Manufacturing	. 11	135,760	139,260	140,325	143,59
Durable goods	. 12	63,996	65,321	67,016	69,80
Lumber and wood products		2,841 837	2,870 820		
Stone, clay, and glass products	. 15	3,544	3,554		
Primary metal industries		4,808 5,815			
Machinery, except electrical		10,210	9,401		
Electric and electronic equipment		13,800	12,726		
Motor vehicles and equipment		12,961			
Other transportation equipment		4,026		ļ	
Instruments and related products		3,348 1,806	3,041 1,828		
Nondurable goods	l	71,764	73,939	73,309	73,78
Food and kindred products		10,237	9,463		
Tobacco manufactures	26	1,899	3,162		
Textile mill products		1,750			
Apparel and other textile products	. 28 . 29	956 5,157	5,158		
Printing and publishing		5,595	5,999		
Chemicals and allied products		13,526	13,736		
Petroleum and coal products	. 32	30,235	31,114		
Rubber and miscellaneous plastic products		2,138	2,229		
Leather and leather products		271	222	02.204	
Transportation and public utilities		75,964	79,709	82,206	83,94
Transportation		20,173 5,333	19,798 4,518	18,570	
Local and interurban passenger transit	. 38	782	783		
Trucking and warehousing	. 39	5,293	5,439		
Water transportation		1,758 5,004			
Pipelines, except natural gas	42	466	354		
Transportation services		1,537	1,545		
Communication	. 44	28,402	29,898	31,113	31,85
Telephone and telegraph		26,953	28,363		
Radio and television broadcasting	. 46	1,449	1,535		
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	. 47	27,389	30,013	32,523	33,81
Wholesale trade	. 48	14,682	14,776	16,060	16,99
Retail trade	. 49	23,874	25,398	27,308	28,68
Finance, insurance, and real estate	. 50	27,956	31,100	36,131	40,90
Banking	. 51	11,301	12,752		
Federal Reserve banks		81	92		
Commercial and mutual banks	. 53	11,220			
Credit agencies other than banks	. 54 . 55	2,182 1,473			
Insurance carriers	56	3,928	4,242		
Insurance agents and brokers, and services	. 57	899	1,081		
Real estate		6,088 2,085			
Services	60	28,795	30,782	32,786	34,79
	1	1,998	2.237	l .	ĺ .
		1,998			
Hotels and other lodging places					
		9,891			
Hotels and other lodging places	. 63 . 64	4,701	5,022		
Hotels and other lodging places	. 63 . 64 . 65	4,701 468	5,022 461		
Hotels and other lodging places	. 63 . 64 . 65 . 66	4,701 468 1,118	5,022 461 1,597		
Hotels and other lodging places	. 63 . 64 . 65 . 66	4,701 468 1,118 2,466	5,022 461 1,597 2,237		
Hotels and other lodging places Personal services Business services Auto repair, services, and garages Miscellaneous repair services Motion pictures Amusement and recreation services Other services	. 63 . 64 . 65 . 66 . 67 . 68	4,701 468 1,118 2,466 6,979 4,669	5,022 461 1,597 2,237 7,808 5,237		
Hotels and other lodging places Personal services Business services Auto repair, services, and garages Miscellaneous repair services Motion pictures Amusement and recreation services Other services Health services Legal services	. 63 . 64 . 65 . 66 . 67 . 68 . 69 . 70	4,701 468 1,118 2,466 6,979 4,669 497	5,022 461 1,597 2,237 7,808 5,237 549		
Hotels and other lodging places Personal services Business services Auto repair, services, and garages Miscellaneous repair services Motion pictures Amusement and recreation services Other services	. 63 . 64 . 65 . 66 . 67 . 68 . 69 . 70	4,701 468 1,118 2,466 6,979 4,669	5,022 461 1,597 2,237 7,808 5,237 549 331		

^{1.} Consists of social services, membership organizations, and miscellaneous professional services.

7. Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes and Implicit Price Deflators

Table 7.1.—Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes for Gross National Product, 1982 Weights

[Index numbers, 1982=100]

						-						Seaso	nally ad	justed						
	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988	1985		19	86		1987					19	88		19	89
						IV	I	II	Ш	IV	I	11	Ш	IV	I	II	Ш	IV	ī	II
Gross national product	1	111.9	114.9	119.1	124.1	113.2	113.8	114.4	115.3	116.1	117.4	118.5	119.6	120.8	121.9	123.3	124,9	126.2	127.7	129.3
Personal consumption expenditures	2	112.2	115.3	120.7	125.9	113.8	114.3	114.4	115.6	116.7	118.5	120.2	121.4	122.8	123.6	125.1	126.6	128.1	129.6	131.6
Durable goods	4	105.2 107.9 117.2	106.5 107.8 123.1	110.3 112.6 129.4	117.2	105.4 109.1 119.5	105.7 108.4 120.8	106.0 106.8 122.2	106.9 107.7 123.8	107.5 108.3 125.4	108.7 110.4 127.0		110.9 113.3 130.2	111.6 114.3 131.9	111.9 114.7 133.2	116.6	113.2 118.1 136.2	119.4	114.7 121.0 139.8	114.8 124.5 141.2
Gross private domestic investment	6																	····		
Fixed investment Nonresidential Structures Producers' durable equipment Residential Change in business inventories	9	103.3 101.9 100.7 102.6 108.3	105.7 104.2 101.6 105.9 110.9	107.8 105.4 101.7 107.8 115.9		104.2 102.8 101.7 103.5 109.0		105.5 104.1 101.9 105.6 110.3		106.4 104.8 101.2 107.0 112.1	106.9 105.1 101.1 107.6 113.2	107.3 105.2 101.2 107.7 114.9	108.1 105.4 101.9 107.7 117.4	108.7 106.0 102.7 108.1 118.2	110.1 107.5 105.1 109.1 119.2	109.9	111.5 109.3 107.9 110.2 119.3	110.5 109.1 111.5	114.1 111.8 110.5 112.7 121.8	111.7 113.6
Net exports of goods and services	13					ļ					 									
Exports		103.7 95.7	103.6 94.0	105.6 101.2		103.4 96.8		103.5 92.5	103.3 92.9	103.5 94.7	104.2 97.9	105.1 100.4	105.8 101.9	106.5 103.3		110.0 106.1	112.6 106.2			
Government purchases of goods and services	16	113.2	115.5	119.6	125.1	114.4	114.9	115.1	115.4	116.6	118.0	119.0	120.2	121.3	123.1	124.4	125.9	126.9	129.4	130.5
Federal	17 18 19 20	110.5 110.0		113.8 112.0	117.9 117.9 118.0 130.4	111.4 110.1	110.9 111.3 110.0 117.8	110.5 110.8 109.9 118.4	110.0 110.5 109.0 119.4	111.6	112.1 112.7 110.6 122.3	113.0 113.5 111.6 123.5	114.1 112.5	114.9 113.4	116.3 116.6 115.6 128.1	117.7 116.7	118.7 118.3 119.7 131.2	120.0	122.3 122.0 123.0 134.7	123.2
Addenda:		l							l											
Final sales	22 23	111.8 108.6 103.5 114.3	91.0	118.9 117.2 91.7 125.2	122.2 92.4	109.8 103.5	99.9	111.0 91.0	115.1 113.1 87.6 119.8	116.0 114.4 85.6 121.2		118.4 117.1 91.3 124.5	117.7 93.1	118.7 92.9	121.8 119.4 91.5 128.7	121.0 92.3	124.8 123.5 92.8 131.5	124.9 92.9	127.6 126.6 94.0 134.8	129.0 100.6

Note.—Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.

Table 7.2.—Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes for Gross National Product by Major Type of Product, 1982 Weights

[Index numbers, 1982=100]

												Seaso	nally ad	justed						
	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988	1985		19	86			19	87			19	88		19	989
						IV	I	II	Ш	IV	1	II	Ш	IV	I	11	ш	IV	I	II
Gross national product	1	111.9	114.9	119.1	124.1	113.2	113.8	114.4	115.3	116.1	117.4	118.5	119.6	120.8	121.9	123.3	124.9	126.2	127.7	129.3
Final sales			114.8	}	l	ı			1	I				120.6				126.1		l .
Goods	4	107.3	108.2	111.0	115.1	107.9	107.9	107.8	108.3	108.7	109.7	110.7	111.4	112.2	112.8	114.3	116.2	117.3	118.1	120.0
Final sales	5 6	107.2	108.1	ì	I	ı			1					112.0				117.1		119.9
Durable goods	8	105.5 105.5	105.7	107.0	108.2 108.3	105.4	105.2	105.4	105.7	106.5	106.6	106.7	107.3	107.3 107.3	107.4	107.9	108.7	109.2		110.9
Nondurable goods	11	108.5	109.8	113.5	119.5	109.4	109.6	109.3	109.8	109.9	111.5	113.2	114.0	115.5 115.2	116.2	118.4	121.0	122.5	123,4	
Services	13	117.0	122.2	127.9	133.7	119.1	120.2	121.5	122.7	124.2	125.7	127.1	128.6	130.0	131.5	133.0	134.4	136.0	138.0	139.4
Structures	14	105.1	106.9	109.1	113.7	106.1	106.4	106.8	107.0	107.2	107.6	108.3	109.7	110.6	112.3	113.2	114.2	115.2	116.8	118.4

Table 7.3.—Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes for Relation of Gross National Product, Gross Domestic Purchases, and Final Sales to Domestic Purchasers, 1982 Weights

[Index numbers, 1982=100]

Line 1985 1986 1987 1988 1985 1985 1985 1986 1985 1986 1987 1986 1987 1986 1987 1986 1987 1986 1987 1986 1987 1986 1987 1986 1987 1986 1987 1987 1987 1987 1988 19					l								Seasor	nally ad	justed						
Gross national product		Line	1985	1986	1987	1988	1985		19	86			19	87			19	88		19	89
Less: Exports of goods and services		_					IV	I	II	Ш	IV	1	II	ш	IV	I	п	III	ΙV	I	11
Plus: Imports of goods and services	Gross national product	1	111.9	114.9	119.1	124.1	113.2	113.8	114.4	115.3	116.1	117.4	118.5	119.6	120.8	121.9	123.3	124,9	126.2	127.7	129.3
	Less: Exports of goods and services	2 3					103.4 96.8	103.6 95.9	103.5 92.5	103.3 92.9											
Less: Change in hydress inventories	Equals: Gross domestic purchases 1	4	111.1	114.0	118.7	123.7	112.6	113.1	113.3	114.3	115.3	116.8	118.2	119.3	120.5	121.6	123.0	124.3	125.7	127.4	129.1
Less. Change in ousiness inventories	Less: Change in business inventories	5		ļ	ļ		ļ														
Equals: Final sales to domestic purchasers 2	Equals: Final sales to domestic purchasers 2	6	111.1	113.9	118.6	123.5	112,5	113.0	113.2	114.1	115.2	116.6	118.0	119.2	120.4	121.5	122.9	124.2	125.6	127.3	129.0

Purchases in the United States of goods and services wherever produced.
 Final sales in the United States of goods and services wherever produced.

Note.—Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.

Table 7.4.—Implicit Price Deflators for Gross National Product

[Index numbers, 1982=100]

												Seaso	nally ad	justed						
	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988	1985		19	86			19	87			19	88		19	89
						IV	ī	II	III	IV	I	H	Ш	IV	I	II	III	ΙV	Ī	П
Gross national product	1	110.9	113.8	117.4	121.3	112,2	112.4	113.2	114.6	115.1	116.0	117.1	117.9	118.6	119.2	120.6	121.9	123.3	124.5	126.0
Personal consumption expenditures	2	111.6	114.3	119.8	124.5	113.1	113.4	113.5	114.7	115.8	117.6	119.2	120.5	121.8	122.5	123.9	125.1	126.5	128.0	129.8
Durable goods	3 4 5	104.8 107.5 116.8	107.3	112.1	110.1 116.3 134.9	104.7 108.7 119.0	105.0 107.9 120.1	106.3		106.2 107.8 124.9	110.0	111.8	112.8	113.7	109.3 114.0 132.7	115.9	117.1	111.2 118.2 137.3	111.2 120.0 139.0	123.3
Gross private domestic investment	6			ļ																
Fixed investment Nonresidential Structures Producers' durable equipment Residential Change in business inventories	8 9 10 11	100.6 97.7 102.5 95.3 108.3	99.3 106.9 96.1	103.1 97.5 109.4 93.2 116.2	98.7 114.9 93.3	101.0 97.9 104.0 95.0 109.0	97.9 104.7 94.8	102.6 99.0 107.1 95.7 110.6	100.1 107.7	100.0 108.3 96.8	107.7 94.8	103.4 98.2 110.0 93.9 115.2	92.1	97.0 110.5 92.1	103.9 97.7 112.6 92.7 119.5	92.5	104.4 98.4 115.4 92.9 119.6	100.6	106.5 100.4 119.5 94.4 122.1	
Net exports of goods and services	13			ļ									•							
Exports		101.0 95.2	99.8 93.7	99.5 99.0		100.5 95.9	100.7 96.0	100.3 92.8	99.4 91.9	99.0 94.4	99.5 97.3	99.5 99.4	99.3 98.8	99.7 100.6	100.8 101.5	102.5 102.6	104.7 102.7	105.1 104.0	106.3 105.6	
Government purchases of goods and services	16	112.3	114.5	118.5	123.4	113.8	114.3	114.2	115.1	114.5	116.8	118.3	119.1	119.6	122.0	122.6	123.5	125,4	127.1	127.7
Federal National defense Nondefense State and local	17 18 19 20	109.0 109.2 108.2 114.9	109.7 110.2 108.1 118.3	111.1 116.7	114.0 123.6	111.3 108.8	110.1	108.9	110.7 110.2 112.5 118.4	107.7 109.7 101.7 120.0	111.2 110.7	111.1	110.9	111.3 116.8	126.2	113.5 121.0			118.9 117.4 123.8 132.9	118.1 119.2

NOTE.—Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.

Table 7.5.—Implicit Price Deflators for Gross National Product by Major Type of Product

[Index numbers, 1982=100]

												Seaso	nally ad	justed						
	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988	1985		19	86			19	87			19	88		19	989
					<u> </u>	ΙV	1	II	Ш	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II
Gross national product	1	110.9	113.8	117.4	121.3	112,2	112.4	113.2	114.6	115.1	116.0	117.1	117.9	118.6	119.2	120.6	121.9	123.3	124.5	126.0
Final sales	2									1	i .	:			119.5			123.4		125.9
Goods	4	105.6	105.9	107.0	109.0	105.9	105.2	105.4	106.8	106.2	106.5	107.0	107.2	107.1	106.9	108.5	109.7	111.1	111.4	112.9
Final sales	5 6	105.5	105.8	106.7	109.0	106.0	105.4	105.6	106.8	105.6	106.1	106.7	107.1	107.0	107.3	108.1	109.5	111.2	111.4	112.5
Durable goods	8	102.1 102.0			96.9	101.5	100.5	100.5	101.1 101.2	100.3	99.1	98.3	97.8	97.0	97.0 96.9	96.9			99.2 98.7	
Nondurable goods	[11]	108.3	110.4	114.7	120,8 120.9	109.5	109.3	109.7	111.7	110.0	111.9	114.1	115.6	115.9	116.3 117.2	119.1	121.2	123.6 123.8		126.4 125.9
Services	13	116.9	121.9	127.8	133.4	118.9	119.9	121.1	122.5	124.0	125.6	127.0	128.5	129.9	131.3	132.7	134.0	135.5	137.6	138.9
Structures	14	106.5	110.1	114.0	118.5	107.7	108.5	109.9	110.7	111.4	111.9	113.6	114.8	115.8	117.3	118.0	118.8	120.0	121.9	123.6

Note,-Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.

Table 7.6.—Implicit Price Deflators for Gross National Product by Sector

[Index numbers, 1982=100]

												Seaso	nally ad	ljusted						
	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988	1985		19	86			19	87			19	88		19	989
				Ì	<u> </u>	IV	I	П	Ш	IV	ĭ	II	Ш	IV	I	II	Ш	IV	I	II
Gross national product	1	110.9	113.8	117.4	121.3	112,2	112.4	113.2	114.6	115.1	116.0	117.1	117.9	118.6	119.2	120.6	121.9	123.3	124.5	126.0
Gross domestic product	2	111.0	113.8	117.4	121.3	112.2	112.4	113.2	114.6	115.1	116.0	117.1	117.9	118.6	119.3	120.7	121.9	123.3	124.5	126.0
Business Nonfarm Nonfarm less housing Housing Farm Statistical discrepancy	4 5 6 7	110.0 110.4 109.6 118.7 94.9 110.0	113.2 111.9 126.0 90.1	116,3 114.8 131.9 92,1	119.6 117.8 138.3 104.6		123.2 88.7	112.0 112.6 111.3 125.3 90.9 112,0	113.3 114.0 112.7 126.8 90.4 113.3		115.1 113.8 129.6 87.9	115.9 114.5 130.9 96.4	116.8	134.7 90.9	117.2 117.7 116.0 136.1 95.8 117.2	118.9 117.2 137.2 104.6		121.3 121.6 119.9 140.8 101.8 121.3	122.3 122.5 120.7 142.0 113.0 122.3	122.1 143.3 115.7
Households and institutions Private households Nonprofit institutions	10	117.4 102.4 118.6	122.2 103.6 123.6		105.9	119.0 102.8 120.2	103.2	120.7 103.4 122.0	122.9 103.8 124.3	104.2	127.7 104.5 129.5		132.9 104.9 134.9		135.4 105.1 137.5		137.2 106.1 139.3	106.4	141.0 107.0 143.2	107.4
Government Federal State and local	13	117.2 114.6 118.6	117.0	128.0 122.0 130.9	127.2	119.1 116.3 120.5	120.3 116.6 122.2	121.5 117.0 123.8	117.1	117.4	126.1 121.2 128.6	122.0	128.5 122.1 131.7	122.9		133.9 127.2 137.2	135.1 127.5 138.9	127.7	139.5 133.1 142.6	133.7
Rest of the world	15	112.1	115.2	119.0	123.3	113.5	113.6	114.6	116.0	116.6	117.5	118.7	119.6	120.3	121.0	122.5	124.0	125.5	126.8	128.4
Addendum: Gross domestic business product less housing	16	109.2	111.4	114.3	117.6								•••••						**********	

NOTE.—Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.

Table 7.7.—Implicit Price Deflators for the Relation of Gross National Product, Net National Product, and National Income [Index numbers, 1982=100]

Seasonally adjusted Line 1985 1986 1987 1988 1985 1986 1987 IV Ш IV Ш IV Ш П 110.9 113.8 117.4 121.3 112.4 113.2 114.6 115.1 116.6 117.1 119.2 Gross national product.. 112.2 117.9 118.6 120.6 121.9 123.3 124.5 126.0 Less: Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment. 102.5 103.8 105.6 106.9 102.7 102.9 103.5 104.0 104.6 105.0 105:4 106.0 106.0 106.8 106.9 106.7 107.4 108.0 108.6 112.1 115.2 119.0 123.2 113.4 113.6 114.5 116.0 116.5 117.5 118.6 120.2 123.9 125.5 126.8 128.4 Equals: Net national product 119.5 120.9 122.5 Less: Indirect business tax and nontax liability plus business transfer payments less subsidies plus current surplus of government enterprises 116.4 115.6 118.6 123.3 117.6 119.2 109.9 118.1 115.2 114.8 118.9 122.4 118.0 121.7 120.9 125.9 124.5 126.5 129.9 111.1 111.2 112.0 113.3 113.7 114.4 115.4 116.2 116.7 117.2 121.3 122.3 Statistical discrepancy... Equals: National income. 111.6 115.1 119.0 123.2 113.0 113.1 115.0 115.8 116.7 117.8 118.6 119.2 120.5 120.8 122.7 123.7 125.5 126.8

Table 7.8.—Implicit Price Deflators for Command-Basis Gross National Product

[Index numbers, 1982=100]

					Seasonally adjusted															
	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988	1985		19	86			19	87			19	88		19	89
						IV	I	II	Ш	IV	I	II	Ш	ΙV	I	Ц	III	ΙV	ī	II
Gross national product	i	110.9	113.8	117.4	121.3	112.2	112.4	113.2	114.6	115.1	116.0	117.1	117.9	118.6	119.2	120.6	121.9	123.3	124.5	126.0
Less: Net exports of goods and services	3	101.0 95.2	99.8		103.3	100.5	100.7	100.3	99.4	99.0	99.5	99.5	99.3 98.8	99.7	100.8	102.5	104.7	105.1	106.3	106.9 106.2
Equals: Gross domestic purchases	5	109.9	112.5	116.8	120.9	111,2	111.4	111.8	113.0	113.9	115.2	116.5	117.3	118.2	119.0	120.3	121.3	122.8	124.2	125.6
Plus: Command-basis net exports of goods and services	7	95.2 95.2	93.7	99.0 99.0	102.7 102.7		96.0 96.0	92.8 92.8	91.9 91.9	94.4 94.4	97.3	99.4	98.8 98.8	100.6 100.6	101.5	102.6 102.6	102.7	104.0		106.2 106.2
Equals: Command-basis gross national product	9	110.3	113.0	117.3	121.2	111.6	111.8	112.3	113.6	114.5	115.7	117.0	117.8	118.7	119.3	120.7	121.6	123.1	124.4	125.9

NOTE.—Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.

Table 7.9.—Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes for Personal Consumption Expenditures by Major Type of Product, 1982 Weights

[Index numbers, 1982=100]

												Season	nally ad	justed						
	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988	1985		19	86			19	87			19	88		19	89
						IV	I	II	Ш	ΙV	1	II	Ш	IV	I	П	111	IV	I	II
Personal consumption expenditures	1	112.2	115.3	120.7	125.9	113.8	114.3	114.4	115.6	116.7	118.5	120.2	121.4	122.8	123.6	125.1	126.6	128.1	129.6	131.6
Durable goods	2	105.2	106.5	110.3	112.9	105.4	105.7	106.0	106.9	107.5	108.7	109.8	110.9	111.6	111.9	112.4	113,2	114.1	114.7	114.8
Motor vehicles and parts	4	108.6 100.7 106.3	100.9	102.1	103.8	109.1 100.7 106.7	109.5 100.7 107.0	100.6	111.4 101.1 108.5	101.1	101.9	116.0 101.7 112.0	102.4	102.4	118.0 102.9 116.2	103.5	118.9 104.2 118.8	104.7	120.5 104.8 121.7	120.6 104.3 123.0
Nondurable goods	6	107.9	107.8	112.6	117.2	109.1	108.4	106.8	107.7	108.3	110.4	112.4	113.3	114.3	114.7	116.6	118.1	119.4	121.0	124.5
Food Clothing and shoes. Gasoline and oil Other nondurable goods Fuel oil and coal Other	8 9 10 11	108.6 106.3 96.0 113.9 94.3 116.5	106.0 75.4 116.2 76.3	117.2 111.0 78.3 121.5 76.6 127.6	115.8 79.1 127.5 76.8	109.8 107.1 96.4 115.7 96.4 118.4	110.3 106.0 89.8 116.1 88.7 119.9	111.0 105.0 74.6 115.5 76.4 120.9	113.1 106.3 69.6 116.3 71.0 122.4	106.8 67.6 117.1 68.9	115.5 108.7 74.5 119.1 73.8 125.3	77.7	117.7 111.0 80.7 122.3 78.5 128.3	118.7 112.9 80.5 123.7 78.1 129.9	119.4 113.3 77.8 125.2 77.3 131.7	121.0 116.8 79.0 126.9 78.6 133.5	123.5 115.1 80.4 128.2 77.5 135.2	79.1 129.8 73.9	126.6 118.2 79.9 132.1 77.6 139.4	129.0 119.9 92.7 134.4 80.2 141.7
Services	13	117.2	123.1	129.4	135.5	119.5	120.8	122.2	123.8	125.4	127.0	128.5	130.2	131.9	133.2	134.7	136.2	138.1	139.8	141.2
Housing Household operation Electricity and gas Other Transportation Medical care Other	15 16 17	117.7 115.8 114.9 116.8 109.4 121.6 115.7	118.3 113.9 122.7 113.2 127.6	118.3 111.9 124.9 120.4 135.1	119.9 112.7 127.4 126.6 144.5	116.5 114.1 119.0	120.5 111.9 125.3	123.7 118.5 114.7 122.4 112.4 126.6 121.6	125.1 118.8 113.9 123.9 113.0 128.3 123.9	117.9 112.0 124.1 115.6 130.1	111.7 124.0 118.7 132.0	129.0 118.2 112.0 124.7 119.6 134.2 131.2	130.6 118.6 112.0 125.5 119.2 136.4 133.5	118.6 111.8 125.6 124.3 137.7	134.3 118.7 111.9 125.7 123.5 140.1 136.3	135.3 119.6 112.1 127.3 126.6 143.1 137.2	137.1 119.8 112.0 127.9 127.6 146.0 138.2	114.7 128.8 128.5	140.2 122.4 115.5 129.5 130.4 151.3 141.5	122.9 115.5 130.5 131.0 153.4

Table 7.10.—Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes for Personal Consumption Expenditures by Type of Product, 1982 Weights

[Index numbers, 1982=100]					
	Line	1985	1986	1987	198
Personal consumption expenditures	1	112.2	115.3	120.7	125
Durable goods	I		106.5	1	112
Motor vehicles and parts		108.6		116.5	
New autos (65)	4	108.8	113.5	117.5	119
Net purchases of used autos (66)	5	121.1 110.3		134.7 117.8	
Tires, tubes, accessories, and other parts (68)	7	94.4	94.3	95.4	98
Furniture and household equipment	8	100.7		102.1	
Furniture, including mattresses and bedsprings (29)	9 10	107.5 100.9	100.3	112.5 100.2	100
China, glassware, tableware, and utensils (31)	11	102.5 87.9	105.3 84.0	108.4 83.0	110 82
Radio and television receivers, records, and musical instruments (87) Other durable house furnishings (32)	13		109.2		
Other	14	106.3	108.0		118
Ophthalmic products and orthopedic appliances (46)	15 16	111.1 104.5	114.7	121.3 106.8	127
aircraft (86).			1		l
Jewelry and watches (18)	17 18	119.7	101.9 125.7		117 133
Nondurable goods			107.8		117
Food			112,2		ļ
Food purchased for off-premise consumption (3)	21	106.5	109.4	114.6	119
Purchased meals and beverages (4)	22 23		118.7 114.8		
and consumed on farms (5+6).					
Addenda: Food excluding alcoholic beverages(8)	24		108.6		116
Alcoholic beverages purchased for off-premise consumption (9).	25	108.6	112.8	115.0	117
Other alcoholic beverages (10)		117.1	124.9	130.1	137
Clothing and shoes	27 28		106.0 102.7	111.0	
Shoes (12)	29		105.6		
Men's and boys' clothing and accessories except shoes (15+16)	30	107.4	108.6	111.7	116
Gasoline and oil (70)	J	96.0	75.4	78.3	79
Fuel oil and coal (40)	32	94.3	76.3	76.6	76
Other	33 34	116.5		127.6	
Tobacco products (7)	35	1134.8	144.0 116.9	154.3 119.7	168 124
Semidurable house furnishings (33)	J 36	113.7	116.0 112.4	120.7 116.3	121 120
Cleaning and polishing preparations, and miscellaneous household supplies and paper products (34). Drug preparations and sundries (45)	31	1			
Drug preparations and sundries (45)	38	124.9	133.2 100.0	142.1	151
Stationery and writing supplies (35)	40	110.2	111.8	113.3	115
Net foreign remittances (105 less 107) Other (84+89)	41	114.1	129.9 118.0	122.5	126
Services		117.2	123.1	129.4	135
Housing	44	117.7	124.3 125.3	130.0	136
Owner-occupied nonfarm dwellings—space rent (24)	46	120,2	127.9	133.6	138
Rental value of farm dwellings (26)	47	93,2	85.8 126.0	82.7 133.8	141
Household operation			1	1	i
Electricity (37)	50	113.7	118.3 115.3	114.9	116
Gas (38)	51 52	122.4	111.4 128.9	135.8	143
Telephone and telegraph (41)	53	119.8	125.6	124.9	124
Domestic service (42)	55		103.7 121.1		
Transportation	56	109.4	113.2	120.4	126
User-operated transportation (69+71+72)	57	110.3	113.2 118.2 116.9 122.8	126.8	133
Transit systems (74)	59	113.3	122.8	125.9	128
Other (75+76)	60	107.6	111.6 98.9	118.2	126
Railway (excluding commutation) (78)	62	118.0	125.2	131.9	139
Bus (79)	64	126.4 103.8	92.6	97.5	104
Other (81)	65	116.5	123.4	127.7	130
		1016	127.6	135.1	144 150
Medical care		121.6		138.2	147
Physicians (47)	67	121.9 122.6	129.5		
Physicians (47)	67 68 69	121.9 122.6 118.5	129.5 125.0	128.9 129.2	136 137
Physicians (47)	67 68 69 70	121.9 122.6 118.5 118.6	129.5	129.2	137
Physicians (47) Dentists (48) Other professional services (49) Privately controlled hospitals and sanitariums (50) Health insurance (51). Other.	67 68 69 70 71	121.9 122.6 118.5 118.6 145.5	129.5 125.0 123.1 150.3 123.0	129.2 163.7 132.2	137 180
Physicians (47) Dentists (48) Other professional services (49) Privately controlled hospitals and sanitariums (50) Health insurance (51) Other Personal care	67 68 69 70 71 72 73	121.9 122.6 118.5 118.6 145.5 115.7 115.2	129.5 125.0 123.1 150.3 123.0 119.4	129.2 163.7 132.2 124.0	137 180 137 129
Physicians (47) Dentists (48) Other professional services (49) Privately controlled hospitals and sanitariums (50) Health insurance (51). Other Personal care Cleaning, storage, and repair of clothing and shoes (17). Barbershops, beauty parlors, baths, and health clubs (22).	67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75	121.9 122.6 118.5 118.6 145.5 115.7 115.2 116.4 113.9	129.5 125.0 123.1 150.3 123.0 119.4 121.2 117.5	129.2 163.7 132.2 124.0 126.6 121,4	137 180 137 129 132 126
Physicians (47) Dentists (48) Other professional services (49) Privately controlled hospitals and sanitariums (50) Health insurance (51). Other Personal care Cleaning, storage, and repair of clothing and shoes (17) Barbershops, beauty parlors, baths, and health clubs (22) Other (19) Personal business.	. 67 . 68 . 69 . 70 . 71 . 72 . 73 . 74 . 75 . 76	121.9 122.6 118.5 118.6 145.5 115.7 115.2 116.4 113.9 116.3 123.5	129.5 125.0 123.1 150.3 123.0 119.4 121.2 117.5 121.2 134.1	129.2 163.7 132.2 124.0 126.6 121,4 126.4 149.5	137 180 137 129 132 126 131 155
Physicians (47) Dentists (48) Other professional services (49) Privately controlled hospitals and sanitariums (50) Health insurance (51). Other Personal care Cleaning, storage, and repair of clothing and shoes (17) Barbershops, beauty parlors, baths, and health clubs (22) Other (19) Personal business. Brokerage charges and investment counseling (56).	. 67 . 68 . 69 . 70 . 71 . 72 . 73 . 74 . 75 . 76 . 77 . 78	121.9 122.6 118.5 118.6 145.5 115.7 115.2 116.4 113.9 116.3 123.5 95.7	129.5 125.0 123.1 150.3 123.0 119.4 121.2 117.5 121.2 134.1 96.0	129.2 163.7 132.2 124.0 126.6 121.4 126.4 149.5 101.2	137 180 137 129 132 126 131 155
Physicians (47) Dentists (48) Other professional services (49) Privately controlled hospitals and sanitariums (50) Health insurance (51). Other Personal care Cleaning, storage, and repair of clothing and shoes (17) Barbershops, beauty parlors, baths, and health clubs (22) Other (19) Personal business. Brokerage charges and investment counseling (56) Bank service charges, trust services, and safe deposit box rental (57).	67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78	121.9 122.6 118.5 118.6 145.5 115.7 115.2 116.4 113.9 116.3 123.5 95.7 132.2	129.5 125.0 123.1 150.3 123.0 119.4 121.2 117.5 121.2 134.1 96.0 141.0	129.2 163.7 132.2 124.0 126.6 121.4 126.4 149.5 101.2 149.5	137 180 137 129 132 126 131 155 85 159
Physicians (47) Dentists (48) Other professional services (49)	. 67 . 68 . 69 . 70 . 71 . 72 . 73 . 74 . 75 . 76 . 77 . 78	121.9 122.6 118.5 118.6 145.5 115.7 115.2 116.4 113.9 116.3 123.5 95.7 132.2	129.5 125.0 123.1 150.3 123.0 119.4 121.2 117.5 121.2 134.1 96.0	129.2 163.7 132.2 124.0 126.6 121.4 126.4 149.5 101.2 149.5	137 180 137 129 132 126 131 155 85 159
Physicians (47) Dentists (48) Other professional services (49)	67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79	121.9 122.6 118.5 118.6 145.5 115.7 115.2 116.4 113.9 116.3 123.5 95.7 132.2	129.5 125.0 123.1 150.3 123.0 119.4 121.2 117.5 121.2 134.1 96.0 141.0	129.2 163.7 132.2 124.0 126.6 121.4 126.4 149.5 101.2 149.5	137 180 137 129 132 126 131 155 85 159
Physicians (47) Dentists (48) Other professional services (49) Privately controlled hospitals and sanitariums (50) Health insurance (51). Other Personal care Cleaning, storage, and repair of clothing and shoes (17). Barbershops, beauty parlors, baths, and health clubs (22). Other (19) Personal business. Brokerage charges and investment counseling (56). Bank service charges, trust services, and safe deposit box rental (57). Services furnished without payment by financial intermediaries except life insurance carriers and private noninsured pension plans (58). Other (59)-60+61+62)	67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79	121.9 122.6 118.5 118.6 145.5 115.7 115.2 116.4 113.9 116.3 123.5 95.7 132.2	129.5 125.0 123.1 150.3 123.0 119.4 121.2 117.5 121.2 134.1 96.0 141.0	129.2 163.7 132.2 124.0 126.6 121.4 126.4 149.5 101.2 149.5 169.4	137 180 137 129 132 126 131 155 85 159
Physicians (47) Dentists (48) Other professional services (49)	67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80	121.9 122.6 118.5 118.6 145.5 115.7 115.2 116.4 113.9 116.3 123.5 95.7 132.2 126.1	129.5 125.0 123.1 150.3 123.0 119.4 121.2 117.5 121.2 134.1 96.0 141.0 142.3	129.2 163.7 132.2 124.0 126.6 121.4 126.4 149.5 101.2 149.5 169.4	137 180 137 129 132 126 131 155 85 159 175
Physicians (47) Dentists (48) Other professional services (49) Privately controlled hospitals and sanitariums (50) Health insurance (51). Other Personal care Cleaning, storage, and repair of clothing and shoes (17). Barbershops, beauty parlors, baths, and health clubs (22) Other (19) Personal business. Brokerage charges and investment counseling (56). Bank service charges, runst services, and safe deposit box rental (57). Services furnished without payment by financial intermediaries except life insurance carriers and private noninsured pension plans (58). Other (59+60+61+62) Recreation Admissions to specified spectator amusements (90). Other (88+94+95+96+97).	67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80	121.9 122.6 118.5 118.6 145.5 115.7 115.2 116.4 113.9 116.3 123.5 95.7 132.2 126.1	129.5 125.0 123.1 150.3 123.0 119.4 121.2 117.5 121.2 134.1 96.0 141.0 142.3	129.2 163.7 132.2 124.0 126.6 121.4 126.4 149.5 101.2 149.5 169.4	137 180 137 129 132 126 131 155 85 159 175
Physicians (47) Dentists (48) Other professional services (49) Privately controlled hospitals and sanitariums (50) Health insurance (51). Other Personal care Cleaning, storage, and repair of clothing and shoes (17). Barbershops, beauty parlors, baths, and health clubs (22) Other (19) Personal business. Brokerage charges and investment counseling (56). Bank service charges, runst services, and safe deposit box rental (57). Services furnished without payment by financial intermediaries except life insurance carriers and private noninsured pension plans (58). Other (59+60+61+62) Recreation Admissions to specified spectator amusements (90). Other (88+94+95+96+97).	67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80	121.9 122.6 118.5 118.6 145.5 115.7 115.2 116.4 113.9 116.3 123.5 95.7 132.2 126.1	129.5 125.0 123.1 150.3 123.0 119.4 121.2 117.5 121.2 134.1 96.0 141.0 142.3	129.2 163.7 132.2 124.0 126.6 121.4 126.4 149.5 101.2 149.5 169.4	137 180 137 129 132 126 131 155 85 159 175
Physicians (47) Dentists (48) Other professional services (49)	67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87	121.9 122.6 118.5 118.6 145.5 115.7 115.2 116.4 113.9 116.3 123.5 95.7 132.2 126.1	129.5 125.0 123.1 150.3 123.0 119.4 121.2 117.5 121.2 134.1 96.0 141.0 142.3	129.2 163.7 132.2 124.0 126.6 121.4 126.4 149.5 101.2 149.5 169.4	137 180 137 129 132 126 131 155 85 159 175
Physicians (47). Dentists (48). Other professional services (49)	67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 87 88 88 88	121.9 122.6 118.5 118.6 145.5 115.7 115.2 116.3 123.5 95.7 132.2 126.1 124.4 112.4 120.7 111.0 113.4 118.7 112.3 108.1	129.5 125.0 123.1 123.1 123.2 123.0 119.4 121.2 134.1 96.0 141.0 142.3 132.8 116.9 126.2 127.0 123.8 115.4 117.0 123.8 117.0 123.8 115.2 110.7 123.8 115.9	129.2 163.7 132.2 124.0 126.6 121.4 149.5 101.2 149.5 169.4 142.4 120.7 133.1 118.7 122.0 129.1 120.3 115.1	137 180 137 129 132 126 131 155 85 159 175 150 124 140 141 122 128 134 126 121 121 122 128

NOTE.—The figures in parentheses are the line numbers of the corresponding items in table 2.4.

Table 7.11.—Implicit Price Deflators for Personal Consumption Expenditures
[Index numbers, 1982=100]

	Imae	. numbers, 1982-100	j 	
Year and month	Personal consumption expenditures	Durable goods	Nondurable goods	Services
1985	111.6	104.8	107.5	116.8
1986	114.3	105.6	107.3	122.4
1987	119.8	108.1	112.1	129.0
1988	124.5	110.1	116.3	134.9
1985				
January	109.8	104.5	105.8	114.3
February	110.0	104.5	106.0	114.6
March	110.7	105.4	107.0	115.1
April	110.8	104.5	107.3	115.3
May	111.2	105.2	107.4	116.0
June	111.6	104.7	107.6	116.5
July	111.8 112.0	104.7 104.8	107.8 107.6	116.8 117.4
August September	112.0	104.8	107.8	117.4
October	112.5	103.2	107.8	118.6
November	113.1	104.6	108.7	119.0
December	113.5	104.8	109.2	119.3
1986	112.0	105.2	100.2	1100
January	113.8 113.4	105.3 104.9	109.3 107.9	119.8 120.0
March	113.4	104.9	107.9	120.0
April	113.1	104.7	105.9	121.1
May	113.5	105.2	106.4	121.5
June	113.9	105.1	106.6	122.1
July	114.2	105.5	106.7	122.6
August	114.6	106.0	107.0	123.2
September	115.2	106.7	107.5	123.9
October	115.5	105.8	107.5	124.6
November	115.8	105.7	107.7	124.9
December	116.1	106.9	108.1	125.1
1987				
January	117.1	106.2	109.3	126.1
February	117.6	106.7	110.0	126.6
March	118.1 118.7	107.0 107.4	110.7 111.4	127.0 127.6
April May	118.7	107.4	111.4	128.2
June	119.7	107.3	112.4	128.7
July	119.9	108.3	112.4	129.1
August	120.5	108.9	112.8	129.7
September	121.1	109.1	113.2	130.5
October	121.5	109.0	113.6	131.0
November	121.9	109.1	113.8	131.6
December	121.9	109,1	113.8	131.7
1988				
January	122.2	109.5	113.8	132.3
February	122.3	109.1	113.8	132.7
March	122.8	109.3	114.5	133.1
April	123.5 124.0	109.3 109.6	115.5 116.0	133.7 134.3
May June	124.0	109.8	116.3	134.6
July	124.7	109.8	116.8	135.1
August	125.0	110.3	116.9	135.5
September	125.7	110.4	117.7	136.2
October	126.2	110.9	118.1	136.7
November	126.4	110.9	118.1	137.3
December	126.9	111.7	118.5	137.9
1989				
January	127.7	111.7	119.5	138.7
February	127.9	111.3	119.7	138.9
March	128.6	110.7	121.0	139.5
April	129.4	111.0	122.8	140.0
May	129.9 130.1	110.9 111.1	123.6 123.4	140.4 140.8
June	150.1	111.1	123.4	140.8

Table 7.12.—Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes for Purchases of Structures by Type, 1982 Weights

	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988
Purchases of structures	1	105.2	107.0	109.2	113.8
Private		104.0	105.6	107.8	112.5
Nonresidential	3	100.7	101.6	101.7	107.1
	1			: I	
New	4	100.7	101.6	101.7	107.1
Nonresidential buildings, excluding farm		112.2	115.4	120.1	124.3
Industrial	6	112.2 112.2	115.4 115.4	120.2 120.1	124.4 124.3
Religious, educational, hospital and institutional, and other '.	8	112.2	115.5	120.1	124.3
Public utilities	9	107.0	107.4	109.4	115.8
Railroads	10	109.6	111.4	111.7	116.4
Telephone and telegraph		106.5	108.4	110.3	117.0
Electric light and power		107.3	107.6	109.6	116.3
Gas		104.6	101.6	104.6	110.5
Petroleum pipelines	14	104.6	101.8	104.5	110.5
Farm	15	112.0	115.4	120.2	124.4
Mining exploration, shafts, and wells		75.5	72.3	63.0	69.7
Petroleum and natural gas		72.8	69.1	58.8	65.7
Other		112.1	115.5	120.1	124.3
Other ²	19	109.1	110.7	110.9	115.5
Brokers' commissions on sale of structures		112.2	115.4	120.1	124.3
Net purchases of used structures	21	111.1	113.3	117.7	122.4
Residential	22	108.5	111.2	116.4	120.1
New	23	108.5	111.2	116.3	120.0
Nonfarm		108.5	111.2	116.4	120.0
Structures	25	108.4	111.6	117.4	121.1
Mobile homes		101.7	102.7	103.9	109.4
Additions and alterations		109.5	111.8	116.4	119.9
Major replacements		110.4	111.8	115.9	119.0
Other 3	29	108.3	111.6	117.5	121.1
Farm	30	108.3	110.4	115.1	118.5
Brokers' commissions on sale of structures	31	108.5	111.6	117.4	121.1
Net purchases of used structures	32	108.4	111.6	117.3	121.1
Government structures and new construction force-account compensation.	33	110.5	113.1	115.0	119.8
New	34	110.5	113.1	114.9	119.8
Buildings, excluding military		110.6	112.8	114.7	119.5
Residential	36	108.1	111.8	118.8	121.7
Industrial, educational, hospital and other 4	37	112.6	115.8	120.4	124.6
Highways and streets		113.7	115.6	114.7	120.9
Military facilities		108.9	120.2	121.0	125.3
Conservation and development	40	104.4	105.7	107.1	110.2
Sewer and water systems	41	107.4	109.2	110.8	115.0
Sewer systems		107.9	109.5	111.1	115.5
Water supply facilities		106.3	108.6	110.2	114.1
Other 5	44	107.9	109.5	110.9	117.0
Net purchases of used structures	45	109.3	112.0	117.3	121.2

^{1.} Consists of hotels and motels, buildings used primarily for social and recreational activities, and buildings not elsewhere classified, such as passenger terminals, greenhouses, and animal hospitals.

2. Consists of streets, dams and reservoirs, sewer and water facilities, parks, airfields, etc.

3. Consists of dormitories, fraternity and sorority houses, nurses' homes, etc.

4. Consists of general office buildings, police and fire stations, courthouses, auditoriums, garages, passenger terminals, etc.

5. Consists of electric and gas facilities, transit systems, airfields, etc.

Table 7.13.—Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes for Private Purchases of Producers' Durable Equipment by Type, 1982 Weights

	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988
Private purchases of producers' durable equipment	1	102.6	105.8	107.7	110.0
Nonresidential equipment	2	102.6	105.9	107.8	110.2
Information processing and related equipment	3	ļ			
Office, computing, and accounting machinery		65.6	59.0	54.0	52.4
Communication equipment		112.5	115.3	118.1	121.3
Instruments		111.0	114.4	117.3	120.1
Photocopy and related equipment	7	89.6	92.6	95.5	96.6
Industrial equipment	8				
Fabricated metal products		100.5	100.4	99.9	104.2
Engines and turbines		98.9	103.1	105.6	110.0
Metalworking machinery	11	106.4	111.7	115.2	119.0
Special industry machinery, n.e.c		110.2	118.7	125.1	131.0
General industrial, including materials handling, equipment	13	105.2	111.2	115.3	120.
Electrical transmission, distribution, and industrial apparatus	14	109.2	111.2	113.1	115.0
Transportation and related equipment	15				
Trucks, buses, and truck trailers		110.8	116.3	116.9	119.
Autos	17	94.2	112.0	118.8	118.
Aircraft	18	104.2	105.1	107.2	108.
Ships and boats		104.9	105.7	106.9	111.
Railroad equipment	20	105.3	106.6	105.9	108.
Other equipment					
Furniture and fixtures		111.1	114.9	118.7	125.
Tractors	23	108.9	111.9	114.3	116.
Agricultural machinery, except tractors	24	110.7	112.7	113.8	115.
Construction machinery, except tractors	25	108.9	113.1	118.5	123.
Mining and oilfield machinery	26	99.6	97.5	97.0	101.
Service industry machinery		107.4	109.6	110.7	
Electrical equipment, n.e.c.	28	105.1	105.1	107.7	109.
Other	29	108.8	111.9	115.4	119.
Less: Sale of equipment scrap, excluding autos	30	118.0	115.3	137.3	185.
Residential equipment	31	100.0	99.7	99.9	100.

n.e.c. Not elsewhere classified.

Table 7.14.—Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes for Exports and Imports of Goods and Services, 1982 Weights

-												Seaso	nally ad	justed						
	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988	1985		19	86			19	87			19	88		19	89
						IV	I	II	Ш	IV	I	II	Ш	IV	I	II	111	IV	ı	II
Exports of goods and services	1	103.7	103.6	105.6	111.2	103.4	103.6	103.5	103.3	103.5	104.2	105.1	105.8	106.5	108.1	110.0	112.6	113.3	113.7	114.5
Merchandise	3	98.6 100,0 96.8	96.3 99.4 92.2	101.0	104.3	97.5 99.6 94.5	99.3	96.8 99.2 93.8	99.2	99.7	96.1 100.4 90.4	100.9	97.8 101.2 93.3	101.6	102.6	103.9		105.5	105.8	106.3
Services	6	111.0 112.5 108.2	115.7	117.4 119.8 113.1	124.2		114.2	115.1		117.1		119.4	120.4		121.8	123.4			127.7	126.2 129.3 120.8
Imports of goods and services	8	95.7	94.0	101.2	106.3	96.8	95.9	92.5	92.9	94.7	97.9	100.4	101.9	103.3	104.5	106.1	106.2	107.3	109.5	111.2
Merchandise Durable goods. Nondurable goods.	10	92.5 94.9 90.2	87.8 102.5 72.2	109.8	118.0	93.4 96.8 89.8	99.4	86.2 101.6 70.6	103.9	105.1	107.1	109.5	110.2	112.6	98.1 115.7 80.2		99.1 117.8 80.1	99.8 120.5 78.7		
Services	13	104.9 112.1 99.3	112.0 115.2 109.5	119.1		113.5	113.6	114.6	116.0	116.6	116.8 117.5 116.3	118.7	119.6	120.3	121.0	124.9 122.5 126.7		125.5	130.3 126.8 133.0	128.4

Table 7.15.—Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes for Merchandise Exports and Imports by Type of Product and by End-Use Category, 1982 Weights
[Index numbers, 1982=100]

												Seaso	nally ad	justed						
	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988	1985		19	86			19	87			19	88		19	89
						IV	I	И	Ш	IV	I	II	Ш	IV	I	11	III	IV	I	11
Merchandise exports	1	98.6	96.3	97.4	104.1	97.5	97.7	96.8	95.4	95.3	96.1	96.9	97.8	98.6	100.7	102.8	106.2	106.3	106.1	106.4
Foods, feeds, and beverages	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	95.6 95.7 95.6 95.7 99.4 108.9 99.6 93.8 104.1 101.1 101.1	87.9 91.6 91.6 91.6 99.0 111.4 103.4 99.0 106.9 95.8 93.4 98.3	82.1 95.5 95.5 95.4 100.3 113.3 107.1 101.7 111.4 96.1 92.4 99.8	99.6 104.1 104.0 102.6 115.6 111.7 106.4 115.9 101.0 94.2 107.7	89.9 95.0 95.0 95.0 98.7 109.8 99.9 94.4 104.2 100.1 100.1	93.1 94.7 94.7 94.7 98.4 110.3 101.8 97.4 105.2 97.6 95.2 100.0	91.8 91.9 91.9 91.9 98.7 111.4 102.7 97.7 106.6 96.5 93.7 99.3	84.8 90.3 90.3 90.3 99.1 111.8 103.2 98.7 106.8 94.9 92.4 97.5	82.4 89.7 89.7 99.6 112.3 105.7 101.8 108.8 94.4 92.4 96.5	81.7 91.8 91.8 91.8 100.2 112.6 105.9 101.3 109.5 95.2 92.2 98.2	81.4 94.4 94.4 100.2 113.3 106.4 100.6 111.0 96.0 92.7 99.4	82.0 96.8 96.8 100.3 113.4 107.2 101.3 111.9 96.0 92.1 99.9	83.3 98.5 98.5 98.5 100.1 113.8 108.7 103.2 113.0 97.2 92.6 101.7	88.2 101.2 101.2 101.2 101.2 113.7 110.7 104.5 115.5 98.0 92.1 103.8	94.0 103.4 103.4 102.2 114.3 111.1 105.8 115.3 100.4 94.6 106.2	109.0 105.8 105.8 105.8 102.8 116.9 111.8 107.3 115.3 103.3 96.3 110.2	108.3 105.7 105.7 105.7 103.4 117.6 113.1 107.8 117.2 102.2 93.8 110.5	106.8 104.4 104.4 104.4 103.7 118.6 115.8 110.1 120.3 102.2 94.2 110.2	104.7 104.9 104.9 104.5 119.1 117.0 112.0 120.9 102.8 95.2 110.5
Merchandise imports	14	92.5	87.8	95.1	99.5	93.4	91.4	86.2	85.9	87.9	91.4	94.4	96.0	97.2	98.1	99.7	99.1	99.8	102.5	104.4
Foods, feeds, and beverages Industrial supplies and materials, excluding petroleum Durable goods. Nondurable goods. Petroleum and products Capital goods, except autos Autos Consumer goods Durable goods. Nondurable goods. Other Durable goods. Nondurable goods. Nondurable goods. Nondurable goods. Nondurable goods. Nondurable goods. Nondurable goods.	16 17 18 19 20 21	97.8 87.4 87.4 87.4 84.9 90.7 107.0 98.5 94.9 103.7 96.6 96.6	104.9 84.4 84.5 84.3 45.5 100.3 118.7 106.3 109.1 103.1 103.1 103.1	103.6 90.2 90.4 90.0 54.9 109.0 125.7 115.0 111.8 119.5 110.3 110.3	109.9 104.1 104.1 104.0 45.6 115.3 132.4 123.1 119.2 128.7 119.2 119.2 119.2	97.7 85.7 85.7 85.7 84.2 93.8 110.2 100.4 97.0 105.2 98.2 98.2 98.2	103.7 84.9 85.0 84.9 68.9 96.4 114.6 103.1 100.4 107.0 100.5 100.5	106.9 83.7 83.8 83.7 42.2 99.6 117.7 105.3 103.1 108.4 102.4 102.4	103.0 84.0 84.1 83.9 36.6 102.2 120.1 108.1 106.5 110.4 104.2 104.2	106.2 84.9 85.0 84.7 40.7 103.2 122.3 108.3 106.8 110.5 105.4 105.4	102.9 85.3 85.4 85.1 50.2 107.0 123.7 111.5 109.3 114.6 107.1 107.1	101.0 88.3 88.5 88.1 55.5 109.5 125.8 114.2 111.1 118.7 109.7 109.7	104.3 92.7 92.9 92.5 57.7 108.2 125.8 115.6 112.0 120.7 111.1 111.1	106.2 94.3 94.5 94.1 55.4 111.7 127.5 118.5 114.7 123.9 113.3 113.3	109.1 99.9 100.1 99.8 48.4 113.7 130.1 121.6 117.5 127.3 116.7 116.7	109.6 103.7 103.8 103.6 48.3 115.2 131.7 123.7 120.1 128.8 119.0 119.0	110.3 105.2 105.2 105.1 45.2 114.6 132.4 122.7 118.4 128.7 119.2 119.2	110.6 107.4 107.4 107.4 40.8 118.0 135.2 124.4 120.6 129.9 121.7 121.7	109.9 110.1 110.0 110.1 49.4 117.6 135.5 125.2 121.0 131.1 122.5 122.5 122.5	107.9 109.9 109.9 110.0 58.2 117.5 134.0 125.8 121.0 132.7 122.2 122.2

Table 7.16.—Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes for Government Purchases of Goods and Services by Type, 1982 Weights

				.								Seaso	nally ad	justed						
	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988	1985		19	86			19	87			19	88		19	89
						IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	m	īV	I	II	III	IV	ì	II
Government purchases of goods and services	1	113.2	115.5	119.6	125.1	114.4	114.9	115.1	115.4	116.6	118.0	119.0	120.2	121.3	123.1	124.4	125.9	126.9	129.4	130.
Federal	2	110.4	110.6	113.3	117.9	111,0	110.9	110.5	110.0	110.7	112.1	113.0	113.6	114.5	116.3	117.4	118.7	119.3	122.3	122.
National defense Durable goods Nondurable goods. Services Compensation of employees Military Civilian Other services Sructures	4 5 6 7 8 9	110.5 110.6 88.0 112.9 114.2 113.6 115.6 110.3 108.8	111.1 109.5 67.7 116.1 116.9 117.0 116.9 114.4 117.2	113.8 108.3 68.1 120.7 121.7 121.2 122.9 118.5 120.4	117.9 109.3 73.9 125.8 127.2 126.7 128.1 123.2 124.2	111.4 108.9 87.3 114.9 116.3 116.4 116.1 112.1 113.6	111.3 108.1 84.6 115.3 116.6 116.6 116.6 112.8 116.0	110.8 109.2 67.9 115.8 116.9 117.0 116.7 113.7 116.9	110.5 109.5 58.6 116.2 116.9 117.0 114.8 117.3	111.2 59.8 117.0 117.3 117.3	112.7 108.2 63.1 119.6 120.9 120.6 121.7 116.9 120.0	113.5 108.0 69.2 120.3 121.7 121.1 122.9 117.4 118.7	114.1 108.5 69.2 120.8 121.7 121.1 123.0 119.1 121.1	114,9 108,4 71,0 122,0 122,6 122,0 123,9 120,6 121,9	116.6 108.2 71.2 124.6 126.2 125.6 127.6 121.4 121.6	117.7 109.1 73.9 125.6 127.2 126.7 128.1 122.5 122.6	118.3 109.6 75.7 126.0 127.5 127.1 128.2 123.2 123.8	119.0 110.1 74.7 126.9 127.7 127.3 128.3 125.5 128.8	122.0 112.2 74.9 130.5 133.1 132.6 134.1 125.5 130.8	122. 112. 75. 130. 133. 132. 134. 126. 131.
Nondefense Durable goods Nondurable goods	. 13 . 14	110.0 99.3	109.4 99.8	112.0 99.6	118.0 101.6		110.0 99.7	109.9 99.6	109.0 99.7	100.1	110.6 99.8		112.5 99.1	113.4 99.6	115.6 100.0	116.7 101.3	119.7 101.7	120.0 103.3	123.0 104.6	
Commodity Credit Corporation inventory change	16 17 18 19	100.4 113.7 115.6 110.8 107.5	94.7 115.7 117.3 113.2 109.4	96.8 120.1 122.8 115.8 111.3	98.6 124.2 127.5 119.2 115.2	99.1 114.4 116.2 111.7 108,4	91.7 115.0 116.6 112.4 109.0	117.3 112.9	96.7 115.9 117.6 113.3 109.6	93.9 116.3 117.7 114.2 109.8	96.6 118.9 121.7 114.6 110.4		97.4 120.5 123.1 116.3 111.6		97.9 123.3 127.1 117.6 113.7	98.7 124.1 127.5 118.7 114.5	98.1 124.5 127.6 119.7 115.9	99.8 124.9 127.7 120.6 116.6	103.1 128.9 133.4 122.1 118.2	104. 129. 134. 123. 120.
State and local	21	115.3	119.2	124.3	130.4	117.0	117.8	118.4	119.4	121.0	122.3	123.5	125.1	126.4	128.1	129.6	131.2	132.6	134.7	136.
Durable goods. Nondurable goods. Services Compensation of employees. Other services Structures	23 24 25	106.4 99.2 118.4 118.6 117.4 110.8	108.4 90.4 124.1 124.5 121.9 112.9	110.6 95.0 129.9 130.6 126.6 114.5	113.4 97.3 136.7 137.8 131.6 119.6	107.1 99.7 120.3 120.6 119.1 112.4	107.3 95.3 121.9 122.2 120.6 112.7	108.1 89.4 123.4 123.8 121.5 112.6	108.5 88.2 124.7 125.2 122.4 113.3	109.7 89.2 126.7 127.5 123.4 112.9	109.9 92.8 127.9 128.7 124.5 113.4	110.4 94.3 129.3 130.0 125.7 113.8	110.8 96.2 130.9 131.7 127.4 115.0	111.1 96.5 132.5 133.4 128.3 115.9	111.8 95.8 134.5 135.6 129.7 117.6	112.9 97.1 136.2 137.3 131.2 118.7	114.0 97.7 137.8 139.0 132.3 120.4	115.0 98.4 139.5 140.8 133.4 121.3	116.2 101.8 141.5 142.7 135.8 122.9	116. 104. 143. 144. 137. 124.

Table 7.17.—Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes for National Defense Purchases of Goods and Services, 1982 Weights

												Seaso	nally ad	justed						
	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988	1985		19	86			19	87			19	88		19	89
						IV	I	II	ш	ΙV	1	II	m	IV	I	11	III	IV	I	11
National defense purchases	1	110.5	111.1	113.8	117.9	111.4	111.3	110.8	110.5	111.6	112.7	113.5	114.1	114.9	116.6	117.7	118.3	119.0	122.0	122.4
Durable goods	2	110.6	109.5	108.3	109.3	108.9	108.1	109.2	109.5	111.2	108.2	108.0	108.5	108.4	108.2	109.1	109.6	110.1	112.2	112.8
Military equipment	6 7 8	112.7 123.8 107.7 114.5 77.4 106.0 104.5 101.6	111.8 116.3 114.6 118.3 83.9 107.0 105.9 99.3	110.1 109.9 114.2 120.9 89.7 106.4 108.2 99.9	110.8 106.9 117.7 125.6 89.8 108.1 111.9 102.4	111.1 119.0 108.4 116.6 77.8 105.9 104.4 99.1	110.2 116.3 108.3 117.0 77.7 106.4 105.5 98.9	111.4 118.2 109.8 117.9 77.1 106.8 106.4 99.3	111.7 116.2 110.2 118.2 89.8 107.1 106.6 99.5	113.8 114.3 130.1 120.0 91.0 107.5 105.2 99.6	110.2 111.5 110.4 120.0 91.2 107.1 107.5 98.9	110.0 111.2 109.9 120.3 90.3 105.9 108.0 99.4	110.3 108.7 118.2 121.2 89.2 106.4 108.6 100.3	110.0 108.0 118.1 122.2 87.9 106.3 108.6 101.0	109.8 106.2 118.1 123.5 87.9 107.7 109.8 100.9	110.8 107.7 117.1 124.9 89.5 107.2 111.4 101.6	111.0 107.0 117.4 126.6 90.6 108.1 112.3 103.0	118.1	113.8 110.5 118.7 130.2 90.2 110.6 115.2 105.0	118.5 130.0 91.0
Nondurable goods	11	88.0	67.7	68.1	73.9	87.3	84.6	67.9	58.6	59.8	63.1	69.2	69.2	71.0	71.2	73.9	75.7	74.7	74.9	75.3
Petroleum products	12 13 14	79.7 104.8 105.8	52.1 94.4 107.3	51.1 98.2 109.9	58.2 98.9 115.5	79.8 100.1 106.3	77.5 93.6 106.3	52.3 94.6 107.3	39.0 92.9 107.2	39.7 96.3 108.4	43.5 101.1 107.2	52.0 101.0 110.1	52.2 99.0 110.8	56.7 91.8 111.3	54.8 98.2 114.0	58.6 98.5 114.5	60,6 99,3 115,7	58.7 99.5 117.8	58.5 101.1 118.1	59.1 101.3 118.0
Services	15	112.9	116.1	120.7	125.8	114.9	115.3	115.8	116.2	117.0	119.6	120.3	120.8	122.0	124.6	125.6	126.0	126.9	130.5	130.9
Compensation of employees Military Civilian. Other services Contractual research and development Installation support 1 Weapons support 2 Personnel support 3 Transportation of materiel Travel of persons Other	17 18 19 20 21 22 23	114.2 113.6 115.6 110.3 111.5 115.3 112.8 110.3 87.8 101.9	117.0 116.9 114.4 113.6 120.5 113.8	121.7 121.2 122.9 118.5 115.1 126.8 114.6 146.0 92.5 103.7	117.6	116.3 116.4 116.1 112.1 113.0 117.0 114.0 119.5 85.5 102.8	116.6 116.6 116.6 112.8 113.4 118.3 114.1 122.4 85.9 101.3	116.9 117.0 116.7 113.7 113.0 119.1 113.8 126.9 91.3 102.0	116.9 117.0 114.8 113.4 120.9 113.7 132.7 91.1 102.2	117.3 117.4 116.4 114.6 123.6 113.7 134.3 92.8 104.2	120.9 120.6 121.7 116.9 113.8 125.0 113.8 139.6 92.5 104.3	121.7 121.1 122.9 117.4 114.2 125.6 113.7 143.7 91.0 103.4	121.7 121.1 123.0 119.1 115.5 129.0 114.3 145.3 91.7 103.4	122.6 122.0 123.9 120.6 116.9 127.7 116.4 155.5 94.8 103.8	126.2 125.6 127.6 121.4 118.2 129.1 116.6 155.0 93.6 103.4	127.2 126.7 128.1 122.5 119.9 129.4 116.7 157.2 92.3 108.0	127.5 127.1 128.2 123.2 120.9 131.2 117.7 152.6 93.4 108.5	127.7 127.3 128.3 125.5 122.1 132.8 119.2 161.2 99.0 108.8	133.1 132.6 134.1 125.5 122.2 132.8 119.9 157.9 99.8 111.9	133.5 132.8 134.9 126.0 122.2 135.2 120.1 155.7 100.0 111.3
Structures	27	108.8	117.2	120.4	124.2	113.6	116.0	116.9	117.3	118.5	120.0	118.7	121.1	121.9	121.6	122.6	123.8	128.8	130.8	131.3
Military facilitiesOther	28 29	108.9 108.7		121.0 119.5			119.2 111.1	120.0 112.3	120.0 113.4	121.4 114.2	122.8 115.8	119.1 118.1	121.1 121.1	121.1 122.9	121.4 121.8		124.5 122.9		132.5 128.4	132.5 129.5

Includes utilities, communications, rental payments, maintenance and repair, and payments to contractors to operate installations.
 Includes depot maintenance and contractual services for weapons systems.
 Includes compensation of foreign personnel, consulting, training, and education.

Table 7.18.—Current-Dollar Cost and Profit per Unit of Constant-Dollar Gross Domestic Product of Nonfinancial Corporate Business [Dollars]

												Seaso	nally ad	justed						
	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988	1985		19	86			19	87			19	88		19	989
						IV	I	11	III	IV	I	11	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	ı	11
Current-dollar cost and profit per unit of constant-dollar gross domestic product ¹ .	1	1.071	1.089	1.104	1.129	1.080	1.078	1.084	1.098	1.096	1.100	1.102	1.107	1.109	1.112	1.123	1.132	1.148	1.156	
Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment.	2	.119	.123	.123	.123	.120	.120	.123	.124	.124	.125	.124	.123	.122	.122	.122	.122	.124	.125	
Net domestic product	3	.951	.966	.981	1.006	.960	.958	.961	.973	.971	.975	.978	.984	.987	.989	1.001	1.009	1.024	1.031	
Indirect business tax and nontax liability plus business transfer payments less subsidies.	4	.103	.106	.106	.107	.104	.106	.104	.108	.106	.106	.106	.107	.106	.106	.107	.108	.108	.110	
Domestic income		.848 .704 .106	.860 .721 .098	.875 .730 .098	.744	.856 .713 .106	.852 .712 .101	.857 .719 .098	.865 .726 .098	.865 .727 .096	.869 .731 .094	.871 .727 .098	.878 .726 .103	.881 .734 .098	.883 .732 .102	.894 .740 .103	.901 .746 .102	.916 .756 .105	.768	
acjustments. Profits tax liability Profits after tax with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments.	8 9	.033 .073	.035 .064	.041 .058	.044 .059	.033 .072	.033 .068	.033 .065	.034 .063	.038 .058	.038 .057	.041 .057	.044 .060	.041 .057	.041 .060	.044 .059	.044 .058	.045 .061	0.51	
Net interest	10	.038	.041	.047	.052	.037	.039	.040	.042	.042	.044	.046	.048	.050	.050	.051	.053	.055	.057	

^{1.} Equals the deflator for gross domestic product of nonfinancial corporate business with the decimal point shifted two places to the left.

8. Supplementary Tables

Table 8.1.—Percent Change From Preceding Period in Selected Series

[Percent]

	[Percent] Seasonally adjusted at annual rates																			
	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988	1985		19	86		Season	ally adj		t annua	rates	19:	28	-	10	189
	Line	1903	1700	1907	1700	IV	I	II	III	IV	ı	11	111	IV	I	119	III	īV	I 19	11
Gross national product: Current dollars	1 2 3 4 5	6,4 3,4 3,0 3,3 3,4	5.4 2.7 2.6 2.5 2.7	6.9 3.7 3.2 3.4 3.6	7.9 4.4 3.3 3.7 4.2	6.2 3.0 3.3 3.2 3.3	7.3 6.6 .7 1.7 2.2	1.3 -1.8 2.9 1.7 2.1	5.7 .8 5.0 3.1 2.9	4.2 2.3 1.8 2.7 3.1	8.8 5.4 3.2 4.1 4.3	8.2 4.4 3.8 3.8 4.1	8.4 5.3 2.8 3.7 3.8	9.0 6.6 2.4 3.3 3.8	6.5 4.0 2.0 3.3 3.8	8.6 3.7 4.8 4.3 4.8	7.5 3.2 4.4 4.4 5.2	7.5 2.7 4.7 4.1 4.3	7.9 3.7 4.0 4.6 4.8	6.6 1.7 4.9 5.0 5.2
Personal consumption expenditures: Current dollars ¹	6 7 8 9	8.2 4.7 3.2 3.5 3.5	6.4 3.9 2.4 2.7 2.7	7.6 2.8 4.8 4.7 4.7	7.4 3.4 3.9 4.1 4.3	6.0 1.9 4.0 4.2 4.3	5.1 4.1 1.1 1.6 1.6	4.0 3.6 .4 .6	9.8 5.4 4.3 4.4 4.2	6.2 2.2 3.9 3.9 3.9	6.6 .1 6.4 6.1 6.1	10.7 4.8 5.6 5.7 5.8	9.2 4.7 4.4 4.4 4.4	3.6 7 4.4 4.3 4.5	8.7 6.2 2.3 2.6 2.6	7.4 2.5 4.7 5.0 5.1	7.5 3.3 3.9 4.3 4.6	7.6 3.0 4.6 4.8 4.9	7.1 2.0 4.8 4.7 4.8	6.9 1.1 5.7 5.9 6.4
Durable goods: Current dollars	11 12 13 14 15	10.9 9.9 1.0 1.1 1.0	9.1 8.3 .8 1.1 1.3	3.7 1.4 2.4 3.1 3.5	8.1 6.2 1.9 2.2 2.4	-13.7 -13.1 8 1.1 1.2	9.5 8.4 1.2 .8 1.0	12.9 12.4 .4 .8 1.1	37.7 32.6 3.9 2.9 3.4	-4.1 -4.3 .4 2.1 2.2	-18.3 -19.9 1.9 4.2 4.6	19.2 14.8 3.8 3.2 4.0	20.6 15.8 4.1 3.8 4.4	-12.8 -13.5 .7 2.3 2.4	22.3 21.0 1.1 1.0 .9	7.6 6.4 1.1 1.7 1.8	-1.8 -3.9 2.2 2.8 3.1	13.8 9.9 3.7 3.1 3.2	9 -1.1 0 2.1 2.0	3.4 4.4 7 0 .4
Nondurable goods: Current dollars	16 17 18 19 20	5.1 2.6 2.4 2.5 2.5	3.4 3.6 2 0 1	6.0 1.4 4.5 4.5 4.5	5.4 1.6 3.7 4.0 4.1	7.6 4.0 3.8 3.7 3.7	2.7 5.6 -2.9 -2.4 -2.4	-1.5 4.5 -5.8 -5.8 -5.8	2.6 3 3.0 3.5 3.2	4.6 2.0 2.6 2.4 2.4	10.6 1.9 8.4 7.9 8.0	7.5 .6 6.7 7.4 7.3	4.8 1.3 3.6 3.2 3.3	3.8 .5 3.2 3.7 3.8	2.7 1.7 1.1 1.3 1.3	8.1 1.2 6.8 7.1 6.9	9.5 5.0 4.2 4.6 5.0	4.7 .7 3.8 4.5 4.5	7.6 1.3 6.2 5.5 5.5	-4.0 11.5
Services: Current dollars ¹	21 22 23 24 25	9.6 4.7 4.7 4.8 4.8	7.7 2.7 4.8 5.0 5.0	9.8 4.2 5.4 5.3 5.1	8.5 3.8 4.6 4.7 4.8	11.0 5.4 5.6 5.6 5.4	5.5 1.7 3.7 4.6 4.6	5.4 .3 5.1 4.9 4.8	7.5 1.8 5.4 5.4 5.1	10.3 4.6 5.6 5.4 5.2	11.9 6.0 5.6 5.4 5.2	10.5 5.0 5.2 5.3 5.1	9.1 3.8 5.1 5.2 5.1	8.4 3.0 5.3 5.3 5.4	9.1 5.2 3.7 3.9 3.9	6.9 2.2 4.6 4.6 4.6	8.9 4.5 4.2 4.4 4.7	7.9 2.6 5.1 5.4 5.5	8.9 3.6 5.0 5.0 4.9	4.1
Gross private domestic investment: Current dollars	26 27 28 29	-3.3 -3.3	2.5 .4	6.1 5.4	7.2 6.2	18.7 20.8	19.4 18.5	-14.7 -18.5	-5.7 -10.3	.7 -6.2	15.8 21.8	6.7 6.6	5.2 9.5	37.1 32.8	-10.7 -7.6	11.2 3.7	12.7 11.8	-9.2 -12.7	9.2 6.9	
Fixed investment: Current dollars	31 32 33 34 35	5.8 5.3 .4 1.3 1.8	3.3 1.0 2.3 2.2 2.3	2.8 2.6 .2 2.3 2.0	7.3 5.8 1.5 2.6 3.3	14.0 12.3 1.6 2.2 2.7	-2.3 -3.8 1.6 1.9 2.1	5.5 .6 4.8 3.4 3.0	1.5 -2.6 4.4 2.3 1.5	4.2 3.2 .8 2.7 1.9	-7.8 -4.8 -3.0 1.9 1.8	11.3 10.0 1.2 2.0 1.7	11.2 14.1 -2.3 3.3 2.8	1.8 2 2.0 2.1 2.4	7.4 5.0 2.3 3.9 5.1	12.2 12.0 0 1.9 3.1	4.2 2.4 1.9 1.4 2.1	4.3 -3.0 7.5 3.8 4.2	4.4 3.4 .8 4.1 5.0	1.3 .8 4.0
Nonresidential: Current dollars. 1982 dollars Inplicit price deflator	36 37 38 39 40	6.5 6.7 -,2 .9	-1.7 -3.3 1.6 2.0 2.3	2.1 3.9 -1.8 1.2 1.2	9.7 8.4 1.2 2.4 3.4	14.2 12.9 .8 1.9 2.6	-10.2 -10.3 0 1.5	-4.3 -8.5 4.6 3.7 3.2	-3.0 -6.9 4.5 1.9 1.1	4.3 4.5 -,4 2.3 1.4	-10.5 -4.3 -6.2 1.0 1.2	13.5 14.4 8 4 .3	19.1 26.7 -6.0 .3	1.4 1 1.2 1.6 2.3	12.9 9.5 2.9 4.4 5.7	12.8 12.3 .4 2.8 4.0	5.1 2.6 2.5 1.9 2.7	2.1 -6.5 9.2 4.4 4.7	6.0 6.9 8 3.2 4.7	6.8 7.6 4 2.7 3.6
Structures: Current dollars	41 42 43 44 45	8.6 4.0 4.4 2.8 2.7	-9.3 -13.0 4.3 1.2 .9	-3.7 -6.0 2.3 1.7	4.9 1 5.0 4.5 5.2	19.2 12.3 6.0 3.1 2.9	-12.5 -14.8 2.7 -,4 -1.0	-29.7 -35.8 9.5 2.1 1.6	-12.4 -14.4 2.3 7 -2.0	.3 -1.9 2.2 1.3 6	-12.3 -10.3 -2.2 2.2 4	.3 -7.8 8.8 2.4 .3	26.4 29.3 2.5 4.1 2.7	4.7 .6 4.5 2.6 3.3	-5.1 -11.8 7.8 8.2 9.5	8.4 2.3 5.8 3.4 5.5	6.1 1.6 4.3 4.2 5.5	1.4 -5.1 6.8 3.9 4.5	6.3 -1.0 7.7 4.8 5.3	-5.7 -9.9 4.8 4.8 4.4
Producers' durable equipment: Current dollars	46 47 48 49 50	5.4 8.0 2.5 0 1.1	2.2 1.4 .8 2.5 3.2	4.8 8.1 -3.0 .9 1.8	11.7 11.5 .1 1.6 2.2	11.8 13.4 -1.3 1.3 2.5	-9.1 -8.2 8 2.6 3.8	11.6 7.1 3.9 4.5 4.2	1.5 -3.8 5.5 3.1 3.0	6.3 7.4 8 2.7 2.6	-9.8 -2.0 -8.0 .6 2.2	19.6 24.1 -3.7 -1.6 .3	16.2 25.9 -7.5 -1.2 1	1 3 0 1.2 1.7	21.4 18.2 2.6 2.8 3.5	14.6 15.8 9 2.6 3.1	4.8 2.9 1.7 1.0 1.0	2.3 -6.9 10.3 4.6 4.8	6.0 9.6 -3.3 2.6 4.4	12.1 13.6 -1.3 1.9 3.1
Residential: Current dollars	51 52 53 54 55	4.3 2.0 2.2 2.2 2.2	15.1 12.2 2.6 2.5 2.4	4.2 5 4.6 4.7 4.5	2.7 4 3.0 3.1 3.1	13.5 10.4 3.0 2.8 2.7	18.3 14.8 3.0 2.8 2.8	29.0 25.4 2.9 2.8 2.4	10.9 7.5 2,9 3.0 3.0	3.8 .4 3.6 3.5 3.5	-2.3 -5.9 3.6 3.7 3.7	7.5 1.0 6.5 6.7 6.3	-3.0 -11.0 9.3 9.3 9.0	2.7 4 3.1 3.1 2.8	-2.8 -5.7 2.7 3.0 3.2	11.0 11.2 0 1	1.9 1.9 .3 .3	9.2 6.3 2.7 2.7 2.6	.7 -5.0 5.8 5.9 5.8	-7.8 -13.6 6.7 7.0 6.9
Exports of goods and services: Current dollars '	56 57 58 59 60	-3.3 -1.2 -2.1 9 6	6.9 8.1 -1.2 6 1	13.1 13.5 3 1.6 1.9	22.1 17.6 3.8 4.9 5.3	4.6 5.4 8 5 2	31.7 30.8 .8 .3 1.2	-4.8 -3.3 -1.6 6 5	6.9 10.7 -3.5 7 -1.0	5.2 7.1 -1.6 .6 .7	14.8 12.6 2.0 2.3 3.0	21.6 21.4 0 2.7 3.3	20.2 21.4 8 2.3 3.0	23.3 21.3 1.6 2.6 2.6	36.5 30.5 4.5 5.8 6.3	8.6 1.8 6.9 6.7 7.0	19.5 9.7 8.9 9.0 9.9	17.5 15.5 1.5 2.0 2.4	19.1 14.0 4.6 1.5 1.6	13.6 11.3 2.3 2.5 2.7
Imports of goods and services: Current dollars ¹	61 62 63 64 65	1.5 3.4 -2.0 -2.0 -1.8	10.0 11.8 -1.6 .3 -2.1	13.6 7.5 5.7 7.1 7.7	10.7 6.8 3.7 5.3 5.0	25.6 20.2 4.7 6.2 6.4	9.0 8.6 .4 7 -3.6	.6 14.9 -12.7 -6.7 -13.3	12.6 17.3 -3.8 2.9 1.8	11.1 0 11.3 7.5 8.0	9.1 -3.6 12.9 11.8 13.8	24.4 14.5 8.9 9.3 10.8	16.6 19.1 -2.4 4.9 6.2	17.7 9.8 7.5 5.8 5.5	4.8 1.1 3.6 5.8 4.6	2.1 -2.2 4.4 6.3 6.4	10.6 10.2 .4 .5 .3	18.9 12.6 5.2 5.0 4.2	5.7 -,4 6.3 7.2 8.6	5.1
Government purchases of goods and services: Current dollars	66 67 68 69 70	11.5 7.9 3.4 3.8 3.6	6.3 4.2 2.0 2.0 2.1	6.2 2.7 3.5 3.1 3.6	4.6 .4 4.1 3.7 4.6	8.1 1.6 6.2 4.1 3.9	-3.0 -4.5 1.8 1.2 1.6	9.2 9.5 3 .7 .6	5.2 2.1 3.2 1.4 1.2	4.0 5.8 -2.1 2.5 4.3	8.3 .3 8.3 4.7 4.6	4.4 9 5.2 2.6 3.7	7.3 4.5 2.7 3.3 4.1	6.3 4.5 1.7 2.7 3.8	8 -8.3 8.3 5.1 5.9	6.2 4.1 2.0 3.7 4.4	6 -3.6 3.0 1.9 4.7	23.9 16.7 6.3 3.8 3.5	1.8 -3.3 5.5 8.0 8.0	6.2 4.0 1.9 4.2 3.5
Federal: Current dollars	71 72 73 74 75	14,4 12,1 2,1 2,6 2,2	3.2 2.5 .6 .4	4.1 1.6 2.5 1.5 2.5	1 -3.2 3.1 2.3 4.1	9.2 4 9.6 4.2 3.6	-17.9 -17.7 4 7 3	11.9 14.3 -2.2 7 -1.4	1.3 -1.4 2.9 8 -1.8	-1.2 10.2 -10.4 -1.1 2.6	7.6 -4.9 13.2 5.3 5.0	2.8 -4.0 7.0 .7 3.2	6.8 7.4 7 .5 2.2	3.8 5.0 -1.1 .8 3.2	-13.7 -22.3 11.1 4.8 6.6	3.2 5.2 -1.7 2.1 3.8	-9.8 -9.5 3 -2.2 4.4	49.5 33.7 12.0 3.1 2.1	-7.1 -9.4 2.4 10.2 10.4	5.0 7.1 -1.7 2.9 1.2
National defense: Current dollars	76 77 78 79 80	10.6 8.6 1.9 2.3 2.7	7.2 6.3 .9 .9	6.1 5.2 .8 1.2 2.5	1.1 -1.4 2.6 2.2 3.6	4.9 -4.2 9.5 7.5 4.6	-2.7 3 -2.5 -1.2 2	16.4 18.0 -1.4 -1.2 -2.0	14.3 14.4 0 0 -1.2	-7.9 -6.3 -1.8 -1.7 4.0	10.8 5.1 5.6 5.1 4.2	8.6 8.9 4 1 2.9	8.7 9.4 7 .5 1.9	-4.5 -5.6 1.5 1.2 3.0	.8 -5,4 6.6 4.1 6.0	.8 8 1.4 2.8 3.8	-2.5 -5.5 3.2 2.1 2.0	6.1 4.4 1.8 2.8 2.5	-2.4 -10.6 9.0 9.6 10.4	2.4 2.5

Table 8.1.—Percent Change From Preceding Period in Selected Series—Continued

											Seaso	nally ad	justed a	t annua	l rates					
	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988	1985		19	86			19	87			19	88		19	89
						IV	I	11	111	IV	I	II	Ш	IV	I	II	Ш	IV	1	11
Nondefense: Current dollars	83 84	26.0 22.8 2.6 3.6 1.0	-7.6 -7.7 1 9 6	-2.1 -9.3 8.0 2.4 2.4	-4.0 -9,4 5.9 2.4 5.4	21.3 9.8 9.7 -3.9 1.2	-48.0 -50.3 4.9 .7 6	4 3.9 -4.3 .8 1	-31.3 -39.4 13.9 -3.3 -3.5	24.5 85.5 -33.2 .6 -1.0	-2.7 -30.4 40.4 6.0 7.1	-14.3 -38.3 38.1 3.4 3.9	.5 0 1.0 .5 3.0	37.6 54.9 -11.1 6 3.5	-50.2 -63.5 36.3 7.2 8.0	13.1 33.9 -15.5 8 3.8	-33.6 -24.3 -12.3 -16.7 10.6	383.9 231.3 45.9 4.2 1.2	-19.2 -5.7 -14.4 11.8 10.4	4.5 21.2 ~14.1 4.1 .4
State and local: Current dollars	87 88 89	9.5 4.7 4.5 4.7 4.7	8.6 5.5 3.0 3.2 3.4	7.7 3.4 4.1 4.2 4.3	7.9 3.2 4.5 4.7 4.9	7.2 3.2 3.9 4.0 4.1	10.1 7.5 2.4 2.6 3.0	7.4 5.9 1.4 1.7 2.1	8.1 5.0 2.7 3.2 3.3	7.8 2.5 5.5 5.2 5.5	9.0 4.6 4.1 4.3 4.3	5.5 1.5 4.0 4.0 4.0	7.7 2.5 5.0 5.3 5.3	8.0 4.0 3.9 4.0 4.2	9.0 3.7 5.2 5.3 5.5	8.2 3.4 4.5 4.9 4.9	5.6 .9 4.8 4.7 4.8	9.7 5.7 3.8 4.2 4.4	8.2 1.5 6.6 6.6 6.4	7.0 1.8 4.9 5.1 5.1
Addenda:																				l
Gross domestic purchases: 1982 dollars	. 92	3.8 3.1 3.3	3.3 2.5 2.6	3.2 4.0 4.1	3.3 3.8 4.2	4.8 3.9 4.0	4.7 1.5 1.8	.5 1.0 .9	2.0 3.4 3.3	1.5 3.4 3.7	3.4 5.2 5.2	4.0 4.5 4.8	5.4 4.0 4.1	5.5 3.6 4.1	.7 3.3 3.6	3.0 4.3 4.7	3.4 3.5 4.3	2.5 4.5 4.5	1.8 5.2 5.5	1.4 5.3 5.6
Final sales: 1982 dollars	. 95	5.0 3.4 3.4	2.8 2.5 2.7	3.2 3.5 3.6	4.3 3.7 4.2	1.6 3.3 3.3	2.7 1.7 2.1	2.0 1.8 2.1	2.3 3.1 2.9	3.9 2.7 3.0	1.1 4.1 4.2	4,9 3.8 4,1	6.0 3.7 3.8	1.4 3.3 3.8	6.5 3.3 3.8	5.0 4.3 4.8	1.6 4.3 5.2	4.7 4.1 4.3	3.1 4.6 4.8	1.9 5.0 5.2
Final sales to domestic purchasers: 1982 dollars	. 98	5.4 3,2 3.3	3.5 2.5 2.5	2.7 4.0 4.1	3.2 3.8 4.2	3.5 3.9 4.0	1.0 1.6 1.7	4.2 1.0 .9	3.4 3.4 3.2	3.1 3.4 3.7	7 5.2 5.2	4.5 4.5 4.8	6.1 4.0 4.1	.4 3.6 4.1	3.0 3.3 3.6	4.3	1.8 3.4 4.3	4.5 4.4 4.5	1.2 5.3 5.5	1.7 5.3 5.5
Command-basis gross national product: 1982 dollars		3.3 3.1	2.8 2.4	3.0 3.8	4.5 3.3	2.4 3.7	6.7 .7	5 1.8	1.0 4.7	.9 3.2	4.2 4.3	3.4 4.6	5.4 2.8	6.0 3.1	4.1 2.0	4.0 4.8	4.3 3.0	2.2 5.0	3.5 4.3	1.6 4.9
Gross domestic product: 1982 dollarsImplicit price deflator		3.6 3.1	2.9 2.5	3.8 3.2	4.4 3.3	2.7 3.3	6.8 .7	-1.0 2.9	.6 5.0	2.9 1.8	5.2 3.2	4.7 3.8	5.2 2.8	6.5 2.4	3.7 2.4	4.3 4.8	3.1 4.0	2.5 4.7	3.8 4.0	1.6 4.9
Business: 1982 dollarsImplicit price deflator		3.8 2.7	3.1 2.4	4.1 2.8	4.6 3.1		7.6 .4	-1.5 2.9	.4 4.7	3.1 1.4	5.9 2.5	5.0 3.5	5.6 2.8	7.1 1.7	3.7 1.7	4.5 4.9	3.0 4.5		3.9 3.3	1.5 4.7
Nonfarm: 1982 dollars Implicit price deflator		3.8 3.3	2.9 2.5	4.3 2.7	5.2 2.8	3.4 2.2	6.4 .7	-1.5 2.9	.8 5,1	3.7 1.1	5.1 2.8	5,9 2.8	6.4 3.1	6.6 2.1	4.7 1.0	4.2 4.1	4.4 3.4	4.6 5.8		1.8 4.7
Disposable personal income: Current dollars	. 108 . 109	6.4 3.0		6.4 1.6	8.5 4.4	8.6 4.4	8.5 7.4	6.5 6.2	2.4 -1.7	5.3 1.4	10.8 4.0	6 -5.8	11.3 6.7	12.4 7.8	7.0 4.6		9.1 4.9	8.9 4.3	11.9 6.6	6.1 .4

^{1.} Percent changes for 1986 and for the first quarter of 1986 reflect discontinuities in the series.

See the box on page 21 of the July 1989 SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS.

NOTE.—The fixed-weighted price index and the chain price index, both of which are weighted averages of the detailed prices used in the deflation of GNP, are measures of price change. In calculating changes in these indexes, the composition of GNP is held constant. Consequently these changes reflect only changes in prices. The fixed-weighted price index measures price change over any period, using as weights the composition of GNP in the first period.

The implicit price deflator is a byproduct of the deflation of GNP. It is derived as the ratio of current- to constant-dollar GNP (multiplied by 100). It it the average of the detailed prices used in the deflation of GNP, but the prices are weighted by the composition of GNP in each period. Consequently, the implicit price deflator reflects not only changes in prices but also changes in the composition of GNP, and its use as a measure of price change should be avoided.

Table 8.2.—Selected Per Capita Income and Product Series in Current and Constant Dollars and Population of the United States

				Current dollars						Constant (1	982) dollars			
Year	Gross		Disposable	Per	sonal consump	tion expenditu	res	Gross	Disposable	Per	sonal consump	tion expenditu	res	Population (mid-year,
	national product	Personal income	personal income	Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods	Services	national product	personal income	Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods	Services	millions)
1929	853	692	671	634	76	309	249	5,822	4,091	3,868	330	1,735	1,803	121.9
1930	740	613	593	568	58	276	233	5,218	3,727	3,569	259	1,648	1,662	123.2
	615	521	506	487	44	233	210	4,737	3,534	3,400	221	1,624	1,555	124.1
	468	395	384	389	29	182	178	4,075	3,043	3,081	168	1,497	1,416	124.9
	446	368	357	365	28	177	160	3,966	2,950	3,013	164	1,447	1,402	125.7
	518	420	408	406	33	211	162	4,243	3,100	3,088	185	1,521	1,381	126.5
1935	572	469	455	438	40	230	168	4,555	3,359	3,236	227	1,582	1,427	127.4
	648	531	513	484	49	256	178	5,166	3,738	3,523	280	1,750	1,493	128.2
	708	569	547	517	54	273	190	5,391	3,836	3,628	292	1,805	1,530	129.0
	657	520	499	493	44	261	188	5,111	3,557	3,517	234	1,811	1,472	130.0
	697	550	532	511	51	268	192	5,469	3,812	3,667	273	1,893	1,501	131.0
1940	760	587	568	538	59	280	199	5,850	4,017	3,804	307	1,963	1,534	132.1
	941	714	689	606	72	321	212	6,817	4,528	3,981	346	2,066	1,569	133.4
	1,179	907	863	657	51	376	230	8,010	5,138	3,912	232	2,070	1,611	134.9
	1,409	1,102	972	727	48	429	251	9,333	5,276	3,949	205	2,082	1,661	136.7
	1,527	1,188	1,052	782	48	465	269	9,975	5,414	4,026	190	2,153	1,683	138.4
1945	1,525	1,215	1,066	855	57	514	284	9,682	5,285	4,236	205	2,312	1,719	139.9
	1,502	1,256	1,124	1,018	111	585	321	7,758	5,115	4,632	338	2,435	1,860	141.4
	1,632	1,319	1,171	1,123	142	631	351	7,401	4,820	4,625	392	2,341	1,892	144.1
	1,784	1,427	1,283	1,193	156	659	378	7,561	5,000	4,650	421	2,310	1,919	146.6
	1,745	1,384	1,260	1,195	168	636	392	7,434	4,915	4,661	454	2,295	1,912	149.2
1950	1,900	1,504	1,368	1,267	203	648	416	7,935	5,220	4,834	532	2,326	1,976	151.7
	2,161	1,663	1,475	1,349	194	708	447	8,609	5,308	4,853	484	2,352	2,016	154.3
	2,240	1,745	1,528	1,396	186	731	478	8,792	5,379	4,915	465	2,399	2,051	157.0
	2,329	1,821	1,599	1,458	205	738	515	8,995	5,515	5,029	502	2,433	2,094	159.6
	2,294	1,805	1,604	1,477	198	737	542	8,721	5,505	5,066	502	2,425	2,140	162.4
1955	2,456	1,901	1,687	1,560	235	755	570	9,045	5,714	5,287	586	2,500	2,200	165.3
	2,546	2,004	1,769	1,608	227	777	604	9,069	5,881	5,349	552	2,538	2,259	168.2
	2,633	2,080	1,833	1,666	232	800	634	9,056	5,909	5,370	539	2,538	2,292	171.3
	2,623	2,108	1,865	1,692	214	814	664	8,839	5,908	5,357	499	2,526	2,332	174.1
	2,800	2,207	1,946	1,786	242	839	706	9,200	6,027	5,531	547	2,574	2,409	177.1
1960	2,851	2,265	1,986	1,829	240	847	741	9,213	6,036	5,561	542	2,563	2,456	180.8
1961	2,905	2,318	2,034	1,857	228	857	772	9,299	6,113	5,579	509	2,559	2,511	183.7
1962	3,080	2,429	2,123	1,940	252	878	810	9,644	6,271	5,729	552	2,595	2,582	186.6
1963	3,206	2,516	2,197	2,017	273	895	848	9,896	6,378	5,855	591	2,611	2,653	189.3
1964	3,386	2,659	2,352	2,133	296	936	900	10,281	6,727	6,099	630	2,696	2,773	191.9
1965	3,628	2,840	2,505	2,268	327	987	954	10,741	7,027	6,362	693	2,795	2,874	194.3
1966	3,927	3,056	2,675	2,428	348	1,060	1,019	11,233	7,280	6,607	734	2,896	2,977	196.6
1967	4,108	3,243	2,828	2,534	355	1,091	1,087	11,428	7,513	6,730	736	2,914	3,081	198.8
1968	4,447	3,523	3,037	2,752	404	1,171	1,178	11,784	7,728	7,003	805	3,001	3,197	200.7
1969	4,755	3,813	3,239	2,949	425	1,244	1,280	11,953	7,891	7,185	828	3,044	3,313	202.7
1970	4,951	4,056	3,489	3,121	418	1,318	1,385	11,781	8,134	7,275	792	3,084	3,399	205.1
1971	5,309	4,305	3,740	3,330	470	1,364	1,496	11,964	8,322	7,409	859	3,083	3,468	207.7
1972	5,777	4,676	4,000	3,609	530	1,453	1,626	12,426	8,562	7,726	955	3,170	3,601	209.9
1973	6,414	5,198	4,481	3,950	588	1,602	1,760	12,948	9,042	7,972	1,040	3,223	3,709	211.9
1974	6,886	5,657	4,855	4,285	579	1,781	1,926	12,760	8,867	7,826	958	3,114	3,754	213.9
1975	7,401	6,081	5,291	4,689	627	1,927	2,135	12,478	8,944	7,926	952	3,132	3,842	216.0
1976	8,175	6,655	5,744	5,178	740	2,072	2,366	12,961	9,175	8,272	1,065	3,250	3,956	218.1
1977	9,036	7,297	6,262	5,707	838	2,226	2,643	13,431	9,381	8,551	1,153	3,320	4,079	220.3
1978	10,105	8,141	6,968	6,304	923	2,434	2,947	13,993	9,735	8,808	1,201	3,385	4,222	222.6
1979	11,142	9,036	7,682	6,960	973	2,724	3,263	14,182	9,829	8,904	1,184	3,406	4,314	225.1
1980	11,995 13,262 13,614 14,503 15,913	9,916 10,952 11,485 12,088 13,114	8,421 9,243 9,724 10,340 11,257	7,607 8,320 8,818 9,516 10,253	963 1,042 1,086 1,231 1,416	2,992 3,217 3,315 3,478 3,659	4,807 5,179	13,994 14,114 13,614 13,964 14,771	9,722 9,769 9,725 9,930 10,419	8,783 8,794 8,818 9,139 9,489	1,080 1,089 1,086 1,206 1,363	3,348 3,321 3,315 3,408 3,484	4,355 4,384 4,416 4,526 4,642	227.8 230.2 232.5 234.8 237.1
1985	16,776	13,895	11,861	10,985	1,555	3,807	5,622	15,121	10,625	9,840	1,484	3,541	4,815	239.3
1986	17,511	14,592	12,469	11,576	1,680	3,898	5,998	15,385	10,905	10,123	1,591	3,634	4,899	241.7
1987	18,543	15,483	13,140	12,340	1,726	4,091	6,524	15,795	10,970	10,303	1,597	3,649	5,057	244.0
1988	19,810	16,497	14,116	13,131	1,848	4,271	7,012	16,334	11,337	10,546	1,679	3,671	5,196	246.4

Table 8.3.—Capital Consumption Allowances with Capital Consumption Adjustment by Legal Form of Organization

	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988
Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment.	1	437.2	460.1	486.7	513.6
Domestic corporate business	2	268.6	285.9	303.1	321.7
Financial	3	16.0	18.5	21.4	24.0
Nonfinancial	4	252.6	267.4	281.7	297.
Sole proprietorships and partnerships	5	69.7	71.5	73.5	75.2
Farm		20,4	19.9	19.3	18.7
Nonfarm	7	49.3	51.6	54.2	56.:
Other private business	8	98.9	102.7	110.1	116.
Proprietors' income	9	2.5	2.5	2,4	2.4
Rental income of persons		83.0	86.1	92.7	98.4
Buildings and equipment owned and used by nonprofit institutions serving individuals 1.	11	13.3	14.1	15.0	15.9
Addenda:	}		ł		
Nonfarm business	12	415.2	438.6	465.8	493.3
Nonfarm business less housing		322.3	342.0	361.5	382.

Fixed capital assets owned and used by these entities are considered to be business activities selling their current services to their owners. The value of these services is included in personal consumption expenditures and is equal to their current-account purchases including capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment.

Table 8.4.—Capital Consumption Adjustment by Legal Form of Organization and Type of Adjustment

[Billions of dollars]

	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988
Capital consumption adjustment 1	1	31.0	31.4	20.4	12.8
For consistent accounting at historical cost		180.8 ~149.8	179.6 -148.2	171.6	166.6
For current replacement cost	3	-149.8	-148.2	-151.3	-153.8
Domestic corporate business		59.7	53.8	50.9	46.8
For consistent accounting at historical cost	5	134.2	127.0		120.6
For current replacement cost		-74.5	-73.2	-73.1	-73.8
Financial		3.0	3.0	4.6	5.9
For consistent accounting at historical cost		4.4	4.0	5.4	6.5
For current replacement cost		-1.4	-1.0	8	6
Nonfinancial		56.7	50.9	46.3	40.9
For consistent accounting at historical cost		129.8	123.1	118.6	
For current replacement cost	12	-73.1	-72.2	-72.2	-73.2
Sole proprietorships and partnerships	13	23.5	29.9	25.0	23.7
Farm ¹		-8.7	-8.4	-8.0	-7.5
Nonfarm		32.2	38.3	33,1	31.2
For consistent accounting at historical cost	16	46.6	52.5	47.7	46.1
For current replacement cost	17	-14.5	-14.3	-14.6	-14.9
Other private business 1	18	-52.2	-52.3	-55.5	-57.6
Proprietors' income		9	9	9	9
Rental income of persons		-45.0	-45.0	-47.9	-49.8
Buildings and equipment owned and used by nonprofit institutions serving individuals ² .	21	-6.3	-6.5	-6.8	-6.9
Addendum:					
Capital consumption adjustment for national income (4+13+19+20).	22	37.3	37.9	27.1	19.8

^{1.} Except for farm proprietorships and partnerships (line 14) and other private business (line 18), the capital consumption adjustment is calculated in two parts. The adjustment for consistent accounting at historical cost converts depreciation based on the service lives and depreciation schedules employed by firms when filing their income tax returns to consistent service lives and straight-line depreciation schedules. The adjustment for current replacement cost converts the historical cost series with consistent accounting to a current replacement cost series. For farm proprietorships and partnerships and other private business, the historical cost series is based on consistent service lives and straight-line depreciation schedules so that the adjustment reflects only a conversion to current replacement cost.

2. Fixed capital assets owned and used by these entities are considered to be business activities selling their current services to their owners. The value of these services is included in personal consumption expenditures and is equal to their current-account purchases including capital consumption adjustment.

Table 8.5.—Supplements to Wages and Salaries by Type [Billions of dollars]

	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988
Supplements to wages and salaries	1	392.4	416.6	440.7	478.6
Employer contributions for social insurance (3.6;2) '		204.8 187.6	217.3 199.3	227.8 212.8	249.7 228.9
Ву Туре					
Pension, profit-sharing, and other retirement benefit plans. Old-age, survivors, and disability insurance (3.6;5). Railroad retirement (3.6;15). Federal civilian employee retirement (3.6;13). Federal military employee retirement (3.6;14). State and local employee retirement (3.6;20). Private pension and profit-sharing (6.13;21). Health insurance. Federal hospital insurance (3.6;6).	5 6 7 8 9 10	205.5 91.5 2.3 11.4 17.6 28.1 54.6	213.9 98.1 2.4 11.8 17.9 30.1 53.5	220.6 103.9 2.5 12.8 18.4 31.5 51.6 149.0 27.7	237.9 118.8 2.7 13.8 19.5 33.1 50.0 164.0 29.7
Military medical insurance (3.6;18)	13 14	.8 .1 100.8	.9 .1 109.0	1.1 .1 120.1	1.2 .2 132.8
Life insurance	17	8.7 0 8.7	9.4 0 9.4	9.5 0 9.5	10.0 0 10.0
Workers' compensation	20 21	24.5 1.1 3.7 19.6	28.9 1.1 4.4 23.3	33.5 1.2 5.0 27.3	38.2 1.3 5.7 31.2
Unemployment insurance State unemployment insurance (3.6;8)	24 25 26 27 28	26.0 19.5 5.5 .2 .3 .5	24.8 18.2 5.6 .2 .3 .4	24.1 17.8 5.4 .2 .3	24.3 18.0 5.2 .2 .3 .6
Other (6.13;27) 3	29	3.3	3.6	3.9	4.3

Table 8.6.—Rental Income of Persons by Type

	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988
Rental income of persons	1	54.2	56.5	61.2	65.4
Rental income	2	43.0	48.4	55.2	60.6
Nonfarm housing	3	28.3	35.2	41.6	45.4
Owner-occupied	4 5 6	13.2 13.3 0	17.4 16.9 .5	22.2 21.1 1.1	22.8 21.2 1.6
Tenant-occupied (permanent site)	7	15.1	17.8	19.4	22.6
Farms owned by nonoperator landlords	8	6.2	5.2	5.4	6.2
Nonfarm nonresidential properties	9	8.5	8.0	8.2	9.0
Royalties	10	11.2	8.1	6.0	4.8

The numbers in parentheses indicate the tables and line numbers from which the entries in this table are derived.
 Employer contributions to publicly administered programs are classified as employer contributions for social insurance. Employer contributions to privately administered programs are classified as other labor income. Consequently, government contributions to privately administered health and life insurance and worker's compensation plans for government employees are classified as other labor income.
 3. Consists largely of directors' fees.

Table 8.7.—Dividends Paid and Received

	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988
Dividends paid	1	144.4	154.9	161.0	187.9
Domestic corporate business !	2	125.4	129.9	137.1	152.5
Financial		21.3 104.1	22.8 107.1	25.0 112.1	27.5 125.0
Rest of the world 2	. 5	19.0	25.0	23.9	35.4
Dividends received	6	144.4	154.9	161.0	187.9
Domestic corporate business 2	7	54.3	56.2	54.2	68.4
Financial	8	22.4 32.0	23.6 32.6	23.5 30.7	26.4 42.0
Rest of the world 1	10	6.8	7.4	8.1	9.1
Government	11	4.5	5.5	6.7	8.3
Persons	12	78.7	85.8	92.0	102.2
Addenda:	1	·			
Dividends in national income (1-7-10)		83.3 71.1 12.2	91.3 73.7 17.6	98.7 82.8 15.8	110.4 84.2 26.3
Dividends in personal income (13 less 11)	. 16	78.7	85.8	92.0	102.2

^{1.} Remitted earnings to foreign residents from their unincorporated U.S. affiliates are treated as dividends paid by domestic corporate business (line 2) and as dividends received by the rest of the world (line 10).

2. Earnings of U.S. residents remitted by their unincorporated foreign affiliates are treated as dividends paid by the rest of the world (line 5) and as dividends received by domestic corporate business (line 7).

Table 8.8.—Interest Paid and Received

[Billions of dollars]

Business		Line	1985	1986	1987	1988
Corporate business	Monetary interest paid	1	1,200.3	1,235.7	1,306.1	1,451.4
Corporate business	Business	2	872.5	894.3	951.9	1.064.1
On deposits	Corporate business	3	616.2	619.9	665.0	762.1
On other liabilities 6 189.4 192.3 214.5 251 Nonfinancial 7 227.6 240.3 270.5 213.2 22.1 220.3 270.5 31.8 37.0 84.5 84.3 85.8 77.0 84.5 84.3 85.8 77.0 84.5 84.3 85.8 77.0 84.5 84.3 85.8 77.0 84.5 84.3 85.8 77.0 28.6 89.1 71.7 73.7 73.7 73.7 73.7 73.7 73.7 73.7 73.7 73.7 73.7 73.7 73.7 73.7 73.3 86.0 198.8 210.0 20.2 20.1 20.0 20.2 22.1 20.0 20.2 22.1 20.0 23.3 13.9 14.1 4.0 4.0 20.2 23.3 13.9 14.1 4.0 4.0 4.0 2.2 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0				379.6		451.1
Nonfinancial				187.3		199.8
Sole proprietorships and partnerships						251.3
Farm	Nontinancial					311.0
Nonfarm	Farm					12.3
Other private business. 11 179,4 190,0 202,6 216 Real estate 12 175,3 186,0 198,8 216 Other. 13 4.1 4.0 3.9 3 Persons (interest paid by consumers to business) 14 82.6 89.1 91.4 96 Government 15 194.2 206.1 216.0 233 737 Federal 16 152.0 182.2 162.3 173 53.8 59 Foreigners 18 51.0 46.2 46.8 74.9 53.8 59 To business 19 45.7 40.1 41.8 51.0 60.0 50.0 60.0 50.0 60.0 50.0 60.0 50.0 60.0 50.0 60.0 50.0 60.0 50.0 60.0 50.0 60.0 50.0 60.0 50.0 60.0 50.0 60.0 50.0 60.0 50.0 60.0 60.0 77.2 20.2	Nonfarm					73.0
Real estate						216.7
Other	Real estate	12	175.3			212.8
Sovernment	Other	13	4.1	4.0	3.9	3.9
Federal	Persons (interest paid by consumers to business)	14	82.6	89.1	91.4	96.1
State and local	Government	15		206.1	216.0	233.7
Foreigners						173.8
To Dusiness						59.9
To Federal Government						57.5
Monetary interest received						51.1
Business				i	1 '	1
Corporate business	-			'		l
Financial				761.7		894.7
Nonfinancial 25 121.4 125.3 135.8 156 Financial sole proprietorships and partnerships 2 26 8.9 9.4 10.9 11 11 11 11 11 11 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 13 13				636.4		738.3
Financial sole proprietorships and partnerships 26 8.9 9.4 10.9 11						156.4
Other private business 27	Financial sole proprietorships and partnerships 2	26				11.9
Government	Other private business	27	,2	.2	.2	.2
Federal	Persons ²	28	304.9	l	305.6	338.1
State and local 31 70.0 77.4 86.1 94					106.1	116.7
Forcigners						21.9
From business 33 36.2 39.3 48.8 64	State and local	31	70.0	77.4	86.1	94.8
From business	Foreigners	32	57.5	61.9	72.9	89.9
Imputed interest paid		33	36.2	39.3	48.8	60.8
Corporate business (financial) 36 218.8 238.7 268.6 286 280 28	From Federal Government	34	21.3	22.6	24.1	29.1
Banks, credit agencies, and investment companies	Imputed interest paid	35	218.8	238.7	268,6	286.3
Banks, credit agencies, and investment companies	Corporate business (financial)	36	218.8	238.7	268.6	286.3
Imputed interest received 39 218.8 238.7 268.6 288 288.7 268.6 288 288.7 268.6 288 288.7 268.6 288 288.7 268.6 288 288.7 268.6 288 288.7 268.6 288 288.7 268.6 288 288.7 268.6 288 288.7 268.6 288 288.7 268.6 288 288.7 268.6 288 288.7 268.6 288 288.7 268.6 288 288.7 268.6 288 288.7 288.5 2	Banks, credit agencies, and investment companies	37	106.0	119.7		144.3
Business	-	l	i	i	l	141.9
Corporate business	·	1	1	l	į.	286.3
Financial						40.3
Nonfinancial	Corporate business					35.1
Sole proprietorships and partnerships						6.3
Farm						28.8 5.1
Nonfarm						1.4
Other private business 47 2 2 2 Persons 48 173.0 190.1 217.6 233 From banks, credit agencies, and investment companies 49 60.2 71.2 88.5 91 From life insurance carriers and private noninsured pension 50 112.8 119.0 129.1 141 Government 51 5.1 5.4 5.8 5 State and local 53 4.6 4.8 5.2 5 State and local 53 4.6 4.8 5.2 5 Foreigners 54 5.3 5.6 6.6 7 Addenda: 7 55 319.0 325.5 351.7 392 Net interest (56+57) 55 309.4 324.3 360.3 403 Rest of the world (18-33-54) 57 9.5 1.3 8.6 1-10 Interest paid by government to persons and business (15-34) 58 172.9 183.5 192.0 204 Interest paid by consumers to business (14) 60 82.6 80.1 11.1 11.1 11.1 11.1 11.1 11.1 11.1 11.1 11.1 11.1 11.1 11.1 11.1 11.1 <td>Nonfarm</td> <td></td> <td>3.4</td> <td>3.3</td> <td></td> <td>3.7</td>	Nonfarm		3.4	3.3		3.7
From banks, credit agencies, and investment companies						.2
From life insurance carriers and private noninsured pension plans. Government 51 5.1 5.4 5.8 5 Federal 52 5.5 5.6 6 State and local 53 4.6 4.8 5.2 5 Foreigners 54 5.3 5.6 6.6 7 Addenda: Net interest (56+57) 55 319.0 325.5 351.7 392 Domestic business (2+36-22-40) 56 309.4 324.3 360.3 403 Rest of the world (18-33-54) 57 9.5 1.3 -8.6 -10 Interest paid by government to persons and business (15-34) 58 172.9 183.5 192.0 20 Interest received by government (29+51) 59 96.5 104.9 111.9 122 Interest paid by consumers to business (14-3) 60 82.6 89.1 11.9 122 Interest paid by consumers to business (14-3) 60 82.6 89.1 11.9 122						233.1
Solution State and local	From life insurance carriers and private noninsured pension					91.1 141.9
Federal	-	1		ł		}
State and local 53 4.6 4.8 5.2 5 Foreigners 54 5.3 5.6 6.6 7 Addenda: 8 5.2 5.5 3.5 5.6 6.6 7 Net interest (56+57) 55 319.0 325.5 351.7 392 Rest of the world (18-33-54) 56 309.4 324.3 360.3 403 Interest paid by government to persons and business (15-34) 58 172.9 183.5 192.0 204 Interest received by government (29+51) 59 96.5 104.9 111.9 122 Interest paid by consumers to business (14) 60 82.6 89.1 91.4 99						5.9
Foreigners						.6
Addenda: Net interest (56+57)	State and local	53	4.6	4.8	5.2	5.3
Net interest (56+57). 55 319.0 325.5 351.7 392. Domestic business (2+36-22-40). 56 309.4 324.3 360.3 403. Rest of the world (18-33-54). 57 9.5 1.3 -8.6 -10. Interest paid by government to persons and business (15-34). 58 172.9 183.5 192.0 202. Interest received by government (29+51). 59 96.5 104.9 111.9 122. Interest paid by consumers to business (14). 60 82.6 89.1 91.4 99. 99. 111.9 122. Interest paid by consumers to business (14). 60 82.6 89.1 91.4 99. 111.9 122. Interest paid by consumers to business (14). 60 82.6 89.1 91.4 99. 111.9 122. Interest paid by consumers to business (14). 60 82.6 89.1 91.4 99. 111.9 122. Interest paid by consumers to business (14). 60 82.6 89.1 91.4 99. 111.9 122. Interest paid by consumers to business (14). 60 82.6 89.1 91.4 99. 111.9 122. Interest paid by consumers to business (14). 60 82.6 89.1 91.4 99. 111.9 122. Interest paid by consumers to business (14). 60 82.6 89.1 91.4 99. 111.9 122. Interest paid by consumers to business (14). 60 82.6 89.1 91.4 99. 111.9 122. Interest paid by consumers to business (14). 60 82.6 89.1 91.4 99. 111.9 122. Interest paid by consumers to business (14). 60 82.6 89.1 91.4 99. 111.9 122. Interest paid by consumers to business (14). 60 82.6 89.1 91.4 99. 111.9 122. Interest paid by consumers to business (14). 60 82.6 89.1 91.4 99. 111.9 122. Interest paid by consumers to business (14). 60 82.6 89.1 91.4 99. 111.9 122. Interest paid by consumers to business (14). 60 82.6 89.1 91.4 99. 111.9 122. Interest paid by consumers to business (14). 60 82.6 89.1 91.4 99. 111.9 122. Interest paid by consumers to business (14). 60 82.6 89.1 91.4 99. 111.9 122. 122. 122. 122. 122. 122.		54	5.3	5.6	6.6	7.0
Domestic business (2+36-22-40)	Addenda:		l	[1	
Domestic business (2+36-22-40)	Net interest (56+57)	55	319.0	325.5	351.7	392.9
Rest of the world (18-33-54)	Domestic business (2+36-22-40)	56	309.4	324.3	360.3	403.2
Interest paid by government to persons and business (15-34)	Rest of the world (18-33-54)		9.5		-8.6	-10.3
Interest paid by consumers to business (14)	Interest paid by government to persons and business (15-34)	58				204.7
	Interest received by government (29+51)			104.9	111.9	122.6
	Personal interest income (55+58-59+60) or (28+48)	61	82.6 478.0	89.1 493.2	91.4 523.2	96.1 571.1
1 CLOSORIEL EMPORIES (137730-37700) OF (20740)	Lesonal interest income (JJTJ0-J7T0U) Of (20T40)	01	7/0.0	493.2	323.2	3/1.1

Consists of interest paid on the deposit liabilities of commercial and mutual saving banks, savings and loan associations, and credit unions.
 Interest received by nonfinancial sole proprietorships and partnerships is considered interest received by persons and is included in line 28.

NOTE.—In table 8.8, imputed interest paid (line 35) is the difference between the property income received by financial intermediaries from the investment of depositors' or beneficiaries' funds and the interest paid by them to business, persons, governments, and foreigners. In table 8.9, imputed interest (line 52)—the interest component of imputations that affect GNP—consists of the imputed interest paid by financial intermediaries other than life insurance carriers and private noninsured pension plans to persons and government, and the interest paid on owner-occupied housing and on buildings and equipment owned and used by nonprofit institutions serving individuals.

Table 8.9.—Imputations in the National Income and Product Accounts

[Billions of dollars]

	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988		Line	1985	1986	1987	1988
Gross national product	1	4,014.9	4,231.6	4,524.3	4,880.6	Personal tax and nontax payments	. 69	486.6	512.9	571.7	586.6
Gross national product	2	358.6	390.3	432.0	458.7	Imputations (-88-96-101) Excluding imputations (69-70)	. 70 . 71	-49.4 536.1	-52.7 565.6	-55.8 627.4	-60.2 646.8
112+113+114+117+119). Excluding imputations (1–2)	3	3,656.3	3,841.3	4,092.3	4,422.0	Disposable personal income	72	2.838.7	3,013.3	3,205.9	1
Personal consumption expenditures		2,629.0	2,797,4	3,010.8	3,235,1	I Imputations	73	104.8	123.9	147.7	154.5
Imputations (6+7)	. 5	174.7	174.2	205.8	217.2	(88+91+96+98+101+103+108+109+110+111+119-89). Excluding imputations (72-73)	. 74	2,733.9	2,889.5	3,058.3	3,323,3
Housing services (86+94-118) Other (99+103+108+109+110+111-120)	7	100.0 74.7	87.9 86.4	102.4 103.4	110.2 107.0	Personal outlays	75	2,713.3		3,104.1	3,333.1
Excluding imputations (4-5)	8	2,454.3	2,623.2	2,805.0	3,017.9	Imputations (87+88+91+95+96+98+100+101+103+108+109+	76	25.7	16.5	37.7	36.4
Gross private domestic investment		643.1	659.4	699.9	750.3	110+111-89-118-120), Excluding imputations (75-76)	77	2,687.6	2,872.0	3,066.4	3,296.7
Imputations (118+119+120)	10 11	159.4 483.7	190.8 468.6	199.7 500.2	213.6 536.7	Personal saving	78	125.4	124.9	101.8	144.7
Net exports of goods and services	1	-78.0	-97.4	-112.6	-73.7	Personal saving	79	79.0	107.3	110.0	118.1
Imputations (16–19)	13	0	0	0	0	Excluding imputations (78–79)	80	46.3	17.5	-8.2	l .
Excluding imputations (12–13)	1	-78.0	-97.4	-112.6	1	Gross investment, or gross saving and statistical discrepancy Imputations (118+119+120)	81 82	528.7 159.4	523.6 190.8	549.0 199.7	632.8 213.6
Exports	15 16	370.9 5.3	396.5 5.6	448.6 6.6		Excluding imputations (81–82)	83	528.7	523.6		
Excluding imputations (15-16)	16 17	365.7	390.9	442,1	540.7	Specific imputations					
Imports	18	448.9	493.8	561.2	621.3	Owner-occupied nonfarm housing:					
İmputations (105)	19	5.3 443.6	5.6 488.2	6.6 554.6	7.0 614.4	Space rent	j j	272.7	293.7	317.1	339.3
Government purchases of goods and services	l .	820.8	872.2	926.1	968.9	Less: Intermediate goods and services consumed	85 86	39.4 233.2	42.0 251.7	44.5 272.5	46.5 292.8
Imputations (104+112+113+114+117)	22	24.5	25.3	26.4	27.9	1		1 1	1		ł
Excluding imputations (21-22)	1	796,2	846.9	899.7	941.1	Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment.	87	64.3	66.6	71.9	76.7
Charges against gross national product	24 25	4,019.6 358.6	4,233.4 390.3	4,529.0 432.0		Indirect business tax and nontax liability	88 89	46.8	50.1	53.0	57.2
112+113+114+117+119).	l					Net interest	90	.3 143.3	.2 151.8	.2 161.9	.2 174.1
Excluding imputations (24-25)	26	3,661.0	3,843.1	4,097.1	ł I	Rental income of persons with capital consumption adjustment.	91	-20.9	-16.5	-14.0	-15.0
Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment.	27	437.2	460.1	486.7	513.6	Owner-occupied farm housing:		}	}		
Imputations (87+95+100)	28 29	80.4	83,4	89,8	95.5	Space rent	92	10.0	8.9	8.4	8.7
Excluding imputations (27–28)	1	356.9	376.7	396.9	1 1	Less: Intermediate goods and services consumed	93	2.1	1.7	1.5	1.6
Indirect business tax and nontax liability	30	333.6 49.4	348.9 52.7	367.8 55.8	393.5 60.2	Equals: Gross housing product	94	7.9	7.2	6.9	7.1
Excluding imputations (30-31)		284.2	296,2	312.0		Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment.	95	2.7	2.7	2.8	2.9
Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises	33	7.2	12.8	17.6		Indirect business tax and nontax liability	96	.3 .7	.3	.3	.3
Imputations (89)	34	.3 6.9	.2 12.7	.2 17.4	.2 18.3	Net interest	97 98	.7 4.2	.7 3.6	.6 3.2	.5 3,4
National income	36	3,234.0	3,412,6	3,665.4	1	consumption adjustments.	^0	7.2	5.0	J.2	3.4
Imputations (90+91+97+98+102+103+104+108+109+	37	229.1	254.3	286.6		Rental value of buildings and equipment owned and used by	99	20.6	21.8	23.2	24.7
110+111+112+113+114+117+119). Excluding imputations (36–37)	. 38	3,004.9	3,158.3	3,378.8	3,669.4	nonprofit institutions serving individuals.			ŀ		
Wages and salaries	. 39	1,975.2	2,094.8	2,249.4	2,429.0	Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment.	100	13.3	14.1	15.0	15.9
Imputations (109+110+111)	40	8.9	9.5	10.1	10.8	Indirect business tax and nontax liability	101	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.7
Excluding imputations (39–40)		1,966.3	2,085.3	2,239.3	1 1	Net interest	102	4.9	5.3	5.7	6.2
Employer contributions for social insurance	42 43	204.8 19.4	217.3 19.9	227.8 20.6	249.7 22.0	Services furnished without payment by financial intermediaries except life insurance carriers and private noninsured pension		ĺĺ	İ		
Excluding imputations (42-43)	44	185.4	197.4	207.2	227.7	plans:					
Proprietors' income with inventory valuation and capital	45	255.9	282.0	311.6	327.8	To persons	103	60.2	71.2	88.5	91.1
consumption adjustments. Imputations (98+108+119)	46	7.3	7.2	7.6		To government	104 105	5.1 5.3	5.4 5.6	5.8 6.6	5.9 7.0
Excluding imputations (45–46)	47	248.5	274.8	304.1		Farm products consumed on farms	105	.9	J	.8	
Rental income of persons with capital consumption adjustment Imputations (91)	48 49	9.2	11.6 -16.5	13.4 -14.0	15.7 -15.0				.9	.8	8
Excluding imputations (48–49)		30.1	28.1	27.4	30.7	Less: Intermediate goods and services consumed	107 108	.5 .4	.4	.4	.4 ,4
Net interest	51	319.0	325.5	351.7	392.9	Employment-related:	- 1		-]		• • •
Imputations (90+97+102+103+104)	52	214.3 104.7	234.3 91.2	262.4 89.3	277.9 115.0	Food furnished employees, including military and domestic service	109	8.8	9.3	9.9	10.6
Excluding imputations (51–52)	Į	3,325.3	3,526.2	ļ		Standard clothing issued to military personnel	110	.1	.1	.1	.1
Personal income	55	55.3	71.1		94.3	1	111	0	0	0	0
Excluding imputations (54-55)	56	3,270.0	3,455.1	3,685.7		Employer contributions for social insurance for Federal Government empoyees: 1					
Interest received by government	57 58	96.5 5.1	104.9 5.4	111.9 5.8		1	112	.8	.9	او.	1.0
Imputations (104) Excluding imputations (57–58)		91.4	99.5	106.1		Unemployment insurance	113	.1	.1	.1	.1
Interest paid by consumers to business	60	82.6	89.1	91.4	96.1	Retirement programs		17.6 17.6	18.0 17.9	18.5 18.4	19.6 19.5
Imputations (-90-97-102) Excluding imputations (60-61)	61	-148.9 231.5	-157.7 246.8	-168.1 259.5	~180.8 277.0	Other 2	116	.1	.1	.1	.1
Government transfer payments to persons	1	467.8	496.8	521.5	1 1		117	.8	.9	1.1	1.2
Imputations (-89)	. 64	3	2	-,2	-,2	Other:			}	j	
Excluding imputations (63-64)	i	468.1	497.0	521.7	i I	Net purchases of owner-occupied housing units	118 119	141.2	171.1	177.0	189.8
Personal taxes, outlays, and saving	66	3,325.3 55.3	3,526.2 71.1	3,777.6 91.9		Net purchases of buildings and equipment owned and used by	120	2.7 15.6	3.2 16.5	3.9 18.8	3.8 20.0
Excluding imputations (66–67)	68	3,325.3			4,064.5	nonprofit institutions serving individuals.	Ì		ĺ	Ì	
1. Contributions for these programs, for which a social insurance	fund i	imputed	are set	equal to	hanafits	Notes,—(1) Only national income and product items for which	there	are impu	ations a	re chown	in this

Notes.—(1) Only national income and product items for which there are imputations are shown in this table. (2) In table 8.8, imputed interest paid (line 35) is the difference between the property income received by financial intermediaries from the investment of depositors' or beneficiaries' funds and the interest paid by them to business, persons, governments, and foreigners. In table 8.9, imputed interest (1652)—the interest component of imputations that affect GNP—consists of the imputed interest paid by financial intermediaries other than life insurance carriers and private noninsured pension plans to persons and government, and the interest paid on owner-occupied housing and on buildings and equipment owned and used by nonprofit institutions serving individuals.

Contributions for these programs, for which a social insurance fund is imputed, are set equal to benefits paid. These payments are funded directly out of current budget.
 Consists largely of retirement programs for Public Health Service officers and employees of the judiciary.
 Consists of payments for medical services for dependents of active duty military personnel at nonmilitary facilities.

Table 8.10.—Relation of Capital Consumption Allowances in the National Income and Product Accounts (NIPA's) to Depreciation and Amortization as Published by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS)

	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988
Corporations					
Depreciation and amortization, IRS	1	316.8	327.3		
Less: Depreciation of assets of foreign branches Depreciation or amortization of intangible assets Depreciation of films	3	4.7 1.6	1.7		
Plus: Accidental damage to fixed capital other than repairable damage Depreciation of mining exploration, shafts, and wells Depreciation of employees' autos reimbursed by business Depreciation of railroad track charged to current expense 1 Other	5 6 7 8	1.7 14.0 2.5	1.8 15.0 2.7		**********
Equals: Capital consumption allowances, NIPA's Less: Capital consumption adjustment. Equals: Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment, NIPA's.	10 11 12	328.3 59.7 268.6	339.7 53.8 285.9	353.9 50.9 303.1	
Nonfarm sole proprietorships and partnerships					ł
Depreciation and amortization, IRS	13	85.0	94.1	90.9	
Less: Depreciation or amortization of intangible assets	15 16 17	,4 7.5 ,3 3.7	.4 8.4 .3 3.7 .5	7.9 .4 3.8	********** ********** *********
Equals: Capital consumption allowances, NIPA's	19 20 21	81.5 32.2 49.3	89.9 38.3 51.6	87.2 33.1 54.2	87.7 31.2 56.5

^{1.} Beginning in 1981, included in IRS depreciation (line 1).

Table 8.11.—Relation of Nonfarm Proprietors' Income in the National Income and Product Accounts (NIPA's) to Corresponding Totals as Published by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS)

[Billions of dollars]

	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988
Net profit (less loss) of nonfarm proprietorships and partnerships, plus payments to partners, IRS.	1	79.4	80.7	90.7	
Plus: Posttabulation amendments and revisions 1	2 3 4	104.5 1.5 -1.9	116.9 1.4 -2.5	.9	
Defaulters' gain Income received by fiduciaries Income of tax-exempt cooperatives	6	7.8 .6 2.6	10.3 .7 2.5	.8	
Equals: Nonfarm proprietors' income, NIPA's	8	194.6	210.0	238.9	259.2

Consists largely of adjustments for misreporting on income tax returns, oil well bonus payments written off, adjustments for corporate partners, interest income, and margins on owner-built homes.

Table 8.12.—Relation of Net Farm Income in the National Income and Product Accounts (NIPA's) to Net Farm Income as Published by the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA)

	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988
Net farm income, USDA	1	32.4	37.7	46.7	44.7
Plus: Depreciation and other consumption of farm capital, USDA	2 3 4	20.0 .5 22.0	18.1 .5 21.5 -3.1	16.6 .5 21.0	16.8 .5 20.3
Equals: Proprietors' income and corporate profits with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments.	6	31.8	37.8	44.2	42.4
Proprietors' income		30.2 1.6	34.7 3.1	41.6 2.6	39.8 2.7

^{1.} Consists largely of salaries of corporate officers, defaulters' gains, and statistical revisions in net farm income that have not yet been incorporated in the NIPA's.

Table 8.13.—Relation of Corporate Profits, Taxes, and Dividends in the National Income and Product Accounts (NIPA's) to Corresponding Totals as Published by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS)

	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988
Total receipts less total deductions, IRS	1	240.1	274.4		
Plus: Posttabulation amendments and revisions ¹	2 3	53.9 5.9			
Federal Reserve banks	4 5	16.8 .7			
Other 3		-11.6	-13.2	}	
Depletion on domestic minerals	8	6.4 7.2	-2.7		
State and local corporate profits tax accruals	10	20.2 -24.4	-28.5		
Adjustment to bad debt reserve		6.6 21.6			
Less: Tax-return measures of: Gains, net of losses, from sale of property	13	75.0	123.7		
Dividends received from domestic corporations	14	17.0			
Income on equities in foreign corporations and branches (to U.S. corporations).	15	45.7		**********	
Costs of trading or issuing corporate securities	1 .	6.8		·····	
Plus: Income received from equities in foreign corporations and branches by all U.S. residents, net of corresponding outflows.	17	31.2	33.1		
Equals: Profits before taxes, NIPA's		224.3		266.7	
Federal income and excess profits taxes, IRS	19	111.3	111.1		
Plus: Postrabulation amendments and revisions, including results of audit and renegotiation and carryback refunds.	20	-4.9			
Amounts paid to U.S. Treasury by Federal Reserve banks		17.8 20.2	17.8 22.5		
Less: U.S. tax credits claimed for foreign taxes paid	23 24	26.7 19.6	24.4 12.8		
Other tax credits	25	1.7	.1		
Equals: Profits tax liability, NIPA's	26	96,4	106.3	124.7	137.9
Profits after tax, NIPA's (18-26)	l '	127.8	115.3		168.9
Dividends paid in cash or assets, IRS	l 1	161.5		ļ	
Plus: Postabulation amendments and revisions	29 30	-2.6 .9	.6		
U.S. receipts of dividends from abroad, net of payments to abroad.	31	12.2			
Earnings remitted to foreign residents from their unincorporated U.S. affiliates.	32	1.1		ļ	Ì
Adjustment for interest payments of regulated investment companies.	33	-24,4	-28.5		**********
Less: Dividends received by U.S. corporations	34	50.4		ļ	
Earnings of U.S. residents remitted by their unincorporated foreign affiliates. Capital gains distributions of regulated investment companies	35 36	6.0 8.9			
Equals: Net dividend payments, NIPA's	1	83.3	91.3		110.4
Undistributed profits, NIPA's (27-37)	38	44.6	24.0	43.3	58.5

Table 8.14.—Comparison of Personal Income in the National Income and Product Accounts (NIPA's) with Adjusted Gross Income as Published by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS)

	Line	1985	1986	1987	1988
Personal income, NIPA's	1	3,325.3	3,526.2	3,777.6	4,064.5
Less: Portion of personal income not included in adjusted gross income.	2	1,021.4	1,100.6	1,090.0	
Transfer payments except taxable military retirement and taxable government pensions.	3	416.8	440.8		
Other labor income except fees	4	184.3	195.7	208.9	
Imputed income in personal income	5	55.3	71.1	91.9	94.3
Investment income of life insurance carriers and private noninsured pension plans 1.	6	112.8	119.0		
Investment income received by nonprofit institutions or retained by fiduciaries.	7	34.8	33.0		
Differences in accounting treatment between NIPA's and tax regulations, net.	8	87.3	97.7		ļ
Other personal income exempt or excluded from adjusted gross income.	9	130.2	143.3	81.5	
Plus: Portion of adjusted gross income not included in personal income.	10	299.4	397.8	452.2	
Personal contributions for social insurance	11	149.3	161.9	172.9	194.9
Net gain from sale of assets		69.8	133.6	134.2	
Taxable private pensions	13	72.9	94.1	110.0	
Small business corporation income	14	6.2	7.5		
Other types of income	15	1.2	,6		
Equals: BEA-derived adjusted gross income	16	2,603.4	2,823.4	3,139.8	
Adjusted gross income, IRS	17	2,306.0	2,481.7	2,788.0	
Adjusted gross income (AGI) gap 2 3	18	297.4	341.7	351.8	
AGI gap (line 18) as a percentage of BEA-derived AGI (line 16).	19	11.4	12.1	11.2	
AGI of IRS (line 17) as a percentage of BEA-derived AGI (line 16).	20	88.6	87.9	88.8	

Consists largely of audit profits, oil well bonus payments written off, adjustments for insurance carriers and savings and loan association and tax-exempt interest income.
 Consists of the following agencies: Federal land banks; Federal home loan banks and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation.
 Consists of private noninsured pension plans, nonprofit organizations serving business, and credit unions.

^{1.} Equals imputed interest received by persons from life insurance carriers and private noninsured pension plans as shown in table 8.8 (line 50).

2. Consists of income earned by low-income individuals who are not required to file income tax returns, unreported income that is included in the NIPA measure, and gross errors and omissions in lines 2 through 15. Also includes the net effect of errors in the IRS adjusted gross income (line 17) and NIPA personal income (line 1) measures. Such errors can arise from the sample used by IRS to estimate line 17 and from the data sources used by BEA to estimate line 1.

3. Because of the lack of data, the 1987 AGI gap does not reflect passive activity losses not allowed in the tax code. The adjustment for passive activity losses not allowed would make the AGI gap larger.

9. Seasonally Unadjusted Estimates

Table 9.1.—Gross National Product, Quarterly Totals Not Seasonally Adjusted

							Q	uarterly t	otals not	seasonal	ly adjust	ed					
	Line		19	85			19	86			19	87			19	88	
		1	П	Ш	IV	1	11	m	IV	İ	II	m	IV	I	II	tii	IV
Gross national product	1	943.9	998.9	1,013.2	1,059.0	1,012.3	1,044.8	1,064.8	1,109.8	1,064.8	1,114.8	1,140.8	1,203.8	1,156.1	1,203.2	1,229.1	1,292.2
Personal consumption expenditures	2	615.1	649.1	659.4	705.4	658.3	687.6	702.2	749.3	699.8	746.5	759.7	804.7	760.8	797.5	810.0	866.8
Durable goods	4	81.3 204.6 329.2	95.5 225.0 328.5	94.1 227.1 338.1	101.3 254.5 349.7	86.2 216.2 355.9	101.2 231.1 355.4	104.1 233.6 364.5	114.5 261.1 373.8	89.8 223.2 386.9	107.7 247.4 391.5	108.0 249.1 402.6	115.6 278.4 410.7	101.6 236.5 422.8	116.5 256.5 424.5	110.6 263.2 436.2	126.6 296.2 444.0
Gross private domestic investment	6	146.3	172.0	166.3	158.4	164.0	167.0	169.1	159.3	165.5	170.8	179.3	184.2	180.3	185.9	198.3	185.8
Fixed investment Nonresidential Structures Producers' durable equipment Residential Change in business inventories Nonfarm Farm	9 10 11	142.1 103.6 34.5 69.1 38.4 4.2 2.9 1.3	162.8 113.9 38.9 75.0 48.9 9.2 7.5 1.7	161.4 108.1 39.0 69.1 53.3 4.9 7.1 -2.2	165.5 117.3 40.8 76.6 48.2 -7.1 -2.9 -4.1	145.8 104.6 34.3 70.3 41.2 18.3 17.6	167.6 110.9 34.4 76.5 56.6 6 .3 9	170.1 106.9 35.3 71.5 63.3 -1.1 6 5	169.0 112.8 35.0 77.9 56.2 -9.7 -8.7 -1.1	145.7 100.4 28.9 71.5 45.4 19.8 19.9 1	171.7 112.1 32.7 79.4 59.6 8 3 5	177.5 113.1 35.7 77.4 64.4 1.8 3.0 -1.1	175.7 118.7 36.4 82.3 57.0 8.5 8.0 .5	158.5 112.7 31.0 81.7 45.8 21.8 20.3 1.5	185.2 124.5 35.0 89.5 60.7 .7 1.0 3	188.3 121.9 36.9 85.1 66.4 10.0 9.2 .8	187.6 128.0 37.5 90.6 59.5 -1.8 3.7 -5.5
Net exports of goods and services	15	-10.0	-19.8	-24.5	-23.7	-17.6	-24.9	-29.4	-25.5	-22.2	-29.4	-33.3	-27.7	-16.2	-19.2	-21.2	-17.0
Exports Imports		94.2 104.1	94.6 114.5	88.3 112.8	93.8 117.5	98.4 116.0	98.9 123.7	97.5 126.9	101.7 127.2	103.9 126.1	111.1 140.5	112.4 145.7	121.2 148.9	130.0 146.3	135.4 154.6	136.9 158.1	145.3 162.3
Government purchases of goods and services	18	192.4	197.7	211.9	218.8	207.6	215.0	222.9	226.7	221.6	226.8	235.0	242.6	231.2	239.1	241.9	256.7
Federal	19 20 21 22	83.9 61.8 22.1 108.5	82.0 63.1 18.9 115.7	90.6 66.7 23.9 121.3	98.7 67.5 31.1 120.1	89.1 66.1 23.0 118.5	89.5 69.5 20.0 125.5	91.3 72.3 19.1 131.5	96.6 69.9 26.7 130.1	93.5 71.7 21.8 128.1	91.7 73.4 18.3 135.1	93.7 74.9 18.8 141.3	102.7 74.7 27.9 140.0	93.5 74.0 19.5 137.7	92.8 74.1 18.7 146.3	89.6 74.2 15.4 152.3	105.4 75.7 29.7 151.3
Addenda:	ļ																
Gross domestic product	23 24	933.7 939.7		1,004.3 1,008.2											1,195.1 1,202.5		

Table 9.2.—Personal Consumption Expenditures by Major Type of Product, Quarterly Totals Not Seasonally Adjusted
[Billions of dollars]

							Q	arterly t	otals not	seasonal	y adjuste	d					
	Line		19	85			19	86			19	87			19	88	
		I	II	III	IV	I	II	Ш	IV	1	11	Ш	IV	I	11	III	IV
Personal consumption expenditures	1	615.1	649.1	659.4	705.4	658.3	687.6	702.2	749.3	699.8	746.5	759.7	804.7	760.8	797.5	810.0	866.8
Durable goods	2	81.3	95.5	94.1	101.3	86.2	101.2	104.1	114.5	89.8	107.7	108.0	115.6	101.6	116.5	110.6	126.6
Motor vehicles and parts	4	41.3 27.1 13.0	48.4 30.9 16.2	47.6 31.5 15.1	41.8 40.5 19.0	43.4 28.9 13.9	51.0 33.0 17.2	53.0 34.3 16.8	48.9 43.5 22.1	42.5 31.5 15.7	52.0 35.6 20.1	53.4 36.4 18.3	47.6 45.6 22.4	50.7 34.1 16.8	57.4 38.6 20.5	52.2 39.1 19.4	51.4 50.2 25.0
Nondurable goods	6	204.6	225.0	227.1	254.5	216.2	231.1	233.6	261.1	223.2	247.4	249.1	278.4	236.5	256.5	263.2	296.2
Food	8 9 10 11	108.4 30.6 20.6 44.9 6.1 38.8	118.6 37.2 23.6 45.7 3.5 42.2	121.1 37.0 23.6 45.4 3.3 42.2	123.6 51.5 22.8 56.6 5.6 51.0	115.4 33.2 20.4 47.2 6.1 41.1	125.3 39.5 18.7 47.7 3.2 44.5	128.1 39.7 17.8 48.0 2.9 45.1	131.2 54.4 16.6 58.9 4.5 54.4	122.2 34.6 16.9 49.4 5.6 43.8	133.7 42.4 19.3 51.9 3.5 48.4	135.9 42.0 19.8 51.4 3.1 48.2	137.3 58.1 19.2 63.8 5.4 58.5	128.5 36.8 17.7 53.5 6.8 46.7	139.5 43.3 19.6 54.1 3.8 50.3	144.7 44.1 20.2 54.2 3.4 50.7	147.0 62.6 19.3 67.3 5.5 61.8
Services	13	329.2	328.5	338.1	349.7	355.9	355.4	364.5	373.8	386.9	391.5	402.6	410.7	422.8	424.5	436.2	444.0
Household operation Electricity and gas. Other. Transportation. Medical care. Other	15 16 17	97.4 49.0 28.3 20.7 21.4 70.1 91.2	99.7 38.9 17.5 21.5 22.5 71.8 95.6	101.9 41.3 19.4 21.9 23.1 73.7 98.1	104.0 46.1 23.8 22.3 22.7 75.9 101.0	105.5 48.5 25.9 22.5 23.2 77.2 101.5	107.7 41.1 18.1 23.0 24.1 78.4 104.1	109.7 43.5 20.2 23.3 24.7 80.4 106.2	111.3 46.5 23.0 23.5 24.6 82.5 108.9	113.6 49.3 25.7 23.7 25.3 85.5 113.1	115.9 42.9 18.8 24.1 26.6 88.4 117.6	118.1 45.6 20.9 24.6 27.1 91.2 120.6	120.2 48.0 23.1 24.9 27.4 92.5 122.6	122.5 52.5 27.4 25.2 27.8 95.5 124.5	124.4 44.7 19.0 25.7 29.7 97.8 128.0	126.6 48.6 22.2 26.4 30.5 101.2 129.3	127.9 51.8 25.1 26.7 29.9 103.9 130.6

Table 9.3.—Federal Government Receipts and Expenditures, Quarterly Totals Not Seasonally Adjusted

							Qı	uarterly t	otals not	seasonal	y adjuste	d					
	Line		19	85			19	86			19	87			19	88	
		I	п	III	īV	I	п	ш	IV	1	II	111	IV	I	II	Ш	IV
Receipts	1	196.5	208.3	199.1	184.8	202.3	218.8	209.3	197.5	214.2	259.4	226.2	211.6	234.2	271.7	241.0	225.5
Personal tax and nontax receipts	3	80.8 16.9 13.3 85.4	89.6 19.7 14.5 84.5	91.5 20.8 13.9 72.9	84.5 18.9 13.3 68.0	80.7 18.8 12.3 90.6	95.3 21.7 12.4 89.5	96.5 21.8 12.9 78.1	88.9 21.6 12.9 74.0	85.6 21.5 12.6 94.4	124.2 26.4 13.9 94.9	102.4 28.2 13.9 81.7	93.6 24.9 13.3 79.8	90.4 24.3 13.8 105.7	120.0 29.2 14.7 107.8	104.0 29.9 14.0 93.1	98.6 28.1 14.2 84.6
Expenditures	6	239.3	239.8	246.2	260.3	250.8	259.0	257.9	267.1	265.5	263.4	264.4	279.5	274.0	278.0	272.5	293.7
Purchases of goods and services	8	83.9 61.8 22.1	82.0 63.1 18.9	90.6 66.7 23.9	98.7 67.5 31.1	89.1 66.1 23.0	89.5 69.5 20.0	91,3 72,3 19,1	96.6 69.9 26.7	93.5 71.7 21.8	91.7 73.4 18.3	93.7 74.9 18.8	102.7 74.7 27.9	93.5 74.0 19.5	92.8 74.1 18.7	89.6 74.2 15.4	105.4 75.7 29.7
Transfer payments	111	94.4 91.7 2.7	94.7 91.7 3.0	94.8 91.3 3.5	96.2 92.1 4.1	98.4 95.8 2.5	99.2 95.5 3.8	100.9 97.0 3.9	101.4 97.7 3.8	102.4 99.8 2.6	103.5 100.8 2.7	103.9 101.2 2.7	104.5 100.1 4.3	109.6 106.9 2.7	110.0 107.5 2.5	108.6 105.8 2.8	110.0 105.2 4.8
Grants-in-aid to State and local governments	13	23.3	24.1	24.9	27.4	25.7	26.9	27.4	26.7	24.9	25.8	25.6	26.3	27.2	27.4	27.8	29.1
Net interest paid	15 16 17	31.8 37.0 31.7 5.3 5.2	32.8 37.9 32.7 5.3 5.2	32.4 38.2 32.8 5.4 5.8	33.2 38.9 33.5 5.4 5.7	33.7 39.5 33.9 5.6 5.9	34.3 39.7 34.2 5.6 5.5	33.5 39.6 33.9 5.7 6.1	34.2 39.4 33.7 5.7 5.2	34.5 39.6 33.6 6.0 5.1	34.8 39.9 33.9 6.0 5.0	35.3 40.6 34.7 6.0 5.4	37.1 42.2 36.0 6.2 5.1	36.3 42.9 36.3 6.6 6.6	37.5 42.7 35.6 7.1 5.2	38.1 43.4 35.9 7.5 5.3	39.5 44.8 37.1 7.8 5.3
Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises	20	5.9 6.6 .6	5.9 6.7 .8	3.5 4.0 .5	4.9 4.9 0	4.0 5.0 1.0	9.1 9.9 .8	4.8 5.2 .4	8.2 6.4 1.8	10.3 9.3 9	7.5 6.7 8	6.0 5.1 9	8.9 9.7 .8	7.5 7.4 1	10.3 8.1 -2.2	8.4 4.4 -4.0	9.7 9.0 8
Less: Wage accruals less disbursements	22	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.1	1	0	0	0	0
Surplus or deficit (-), national income and product accounts	23	-42.8	-31.4	-47.1	75.6	-48.5	-40.2	-48.6	-69.6	-51.3	-4.0	-38.2	-67.8	-39.8	-6.3	-31.5	-68.2

Table 9.4.—State and Local Government Receipts and Expenditures, Quarterly Totals Not Seasonally Adjusted

							Q	uarterly t	otals not	seasonal	ly adjuste	ed					
	Line		19	85			19	86			19	87			19	88	
		I	П	Ш	IV	I	II	Ш	IV	I	П	Ш	IV	I	II	Ш	IV
Receipts	1	141.0	142.9	140.4	157.5	153,0	153.7	151.1	168.5	159.6	163.6	156.9	175.9	171.9	173.3	168.0	188.4
Personal tax and nontax receipts	3	33.5 4.5 69.3 10.4	36.9 5.2 66.0 10.7	34.4 5.5 64.6 10.9	35.4 5.1 78.6 11.1	36.2 4.8 75.0 11.3	39.0 5.9 70.4 11.5	36.8 5.9 69.1 11.8	39.4 5.9 84.0 12.5	39.7 5.0 77.8 12.2	44.9 6.2 74.3 12.4	39.6 6.7 72.5 12.6	41.6 5 8 89.5 12.8	43.0 5.7 83.0 13.0	45.0 7.0 80.8 13.2	41.9 7.2 77.7 13.4	43.8 6.6 95.3 13.6
Federal grants-in-aid	6	23.3	24.1	24.9	27.4	25.7	26.9	27.4	26.7	24.9	25.8	25.6	26.3	27.2	27.4	27.8	29.1
Expenditures	7	121.2	128.6	134.5	132.3	132.2	139.9	146.3	145.2	142.8	150.4	156.3	155.2	153.0	162.2	168.6	168.1
Purchases of goods and services	8	108.5	115.7	121.3	120.1	118.5	125.5	131.5	130.1	128.1	135.1	141.3	140.0	137.7	146.3	152.3	151.3
Transfer payments to persons	9	24.4	25.4	25.9	25.4	26.5	27.8	27.8	28.8	28.8	29.9	30.0	30.9	31.1	32.3	33.0	33.9
Net interest paid Interest paid Less: Interest received by government	11	-7.7 10.1 17.8	-8.0 10.4 18.4	8.3 10.7 19.0	-8.5 11.0 19.5	~8.4 11.4 19.9	-8.5 11.8 20.3	-8.6 12.2 20.8	-8.8 12.5 21.3	-9.1 12.9 21.9	-9.3 13.3 22.5	-9.5 13.6 23.1	-9.7 14.0 23.7	-9.9 14.4 24.3	-10.0 14.8 24.8	-10.1 15.2 25.3	-10.3 15.5 25.8
Less: Dividends received by government	13	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.2
Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises	15	-3.1 .2 3.2	-3.3 .2 3.5	-3.2 .2 3.4	-3.5 .2 3.6	-3.2 .2 3.4	-3.5 .2 3.7	-3.0 .2 3.2	-3.5 .2 3.7	-3.5 .2 3.6	-3.6 .2 3.8	-3.8 .2 4.0	-4.1 2 4.3	-4.1 .2 4.3	-4.4 .2 4.6	-4.4 .2 4.6	-4.6 .2 4.8
Less: Wage accruals less disbursements	17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Surplus or deficit (), national income and product accounts	18	19.9	14.3	5.8	25.2	20.9	13.8	4.8	23.3	16.8	13.2	.6	20.7	18.9	11.1	7	20.4

Table 9.5.—Foreign Transactions in the National Income and Product Accounts, Quarterly Totals Not Seasonally Adjusted
[Billions of dollars]

							Q	arterly t	otals not	seasonal	y adjuste	d					
	Line		19	85			19	86			198	37			19	88	
		I	11	III	ΙV	1	n	Ш	IV	I	II	ш	īV	I	11	Ш	ΙV
Receipts from foreigners	1	94.2	94.6	88.3	93.8	98.4	98.9	97.5	101.7	103.9	111.1	112.4	121.2	130.0	135.4	136.9	145.3
Exports of goods and services	3 4 5	94.2 56.6 37.6 22.5 15.1	94.6 56.9 37.8 22.6 15.1	88.3 51.9 36.4 21.2 15.2	93.8 55.5 38.3 23.4 15.0	98.4 55.4 43.0 22.7 20.2	98.9 56.6 42.3 22.1 20.2	97.5 53.7 43.7 20.8 22.9	101.7 58.7 43.0 21.4 21.6	103.9 59.0 45.0 22.1 22.9	111.1 63.0 48.0 24.0 24.0	112,4 62.8 49.6 23.6 26.0	121.2 70.3 50.9 26.8 24.1	130.0 76.8 53.2 27.8 25.4	135.4 80.6 54.8 28.5 26.4	136.9 78.8 58.1 28.4 29.7	145.3 85.8 59.5 32.1 27.5
Capital grants received by the United States (net)	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Payments to foreigners	8	94.2	94.6	88.3	93.8	98.4	98.9	97.5	101.7	103.9	111.1	112.4	121.2	130.0	135.4	136.9	145.3
Imports of goods and services Merchandise Services Factor income Other	10 11 12	104.1 79.1 25.0 12.2 12.8	114.5 86.4 28.0 12.4 15.7	112.8 84.4 28.4 12.3 16.2	117.5 91.0 26.5 12.1 14.5	116.0 86.8 29.2 12.8 16.4	123.7 91.6 32.1 13.8 18.3	126.9 92.8 34.1 12.6 21.5	127.2 96.5 30.7 13.5 17.2	126.1 94.2 31.8 14.3 17.6	140.5 102.2 38.2 16.4 21.9	145.7 105.2 40.5 17.1 23.4	148.9 110.7 38.2 18.3 19.9	146.3 107.3 38.9 18.9 20.0	154.6 111.5 43.2 20.3 22.9	158.1 111.5 46.6 21.5 25.1	162.3 118.7 43.5 22.8 20.8
Transfer payments (net)	15	3.2 .5 2.7	3.4 .4 3.0	4.0 .4 3.5	4.5 .4 4.1	3.1 .6 2.5	4.1 .4 3.8	4.4 .5 3.9	4.2 .5 3.8	3.2 .6 2.6	3.1 .4 2.7	3.2 .5 2.7	4.7 .4 4.3	3.3 .6 2.7	2.8 .3 2.5	3.3 .5 2.8	5.2 .4 4.8
Interest paid by government to foreigners	17	5.3	5.3	5.4	5.4	5.6	5.6	5.7	5.7	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.2	6.6	7.1	7.5	7.8
Net foreign investment	18	-18.5	-28.5	-33.8	-33.6	26.4	-34.6	-39.5	-35.4	-31.3	-38.5	-42.5	-38.6	-26.2	-29.1	-32.1	-30.0

Table 9.6.—Corporate Profits With Inventory Valuation Adjustment, Quarterly Totals Not Seasonally Adjusted
[Billions of dollars]

							Qı	arterly t	otals not	seasonal	y adjuste	×d					
	Line		19	85			19	86			198	87			198	38	
		I	11	111	IV	I	II	m	IV	I	11	Ш	IV	I	II	ш	ΙV
Corporate profits with inventory valuation adjustment	1	49.7	56.5	60.9	55.5	54.5	58.8	59.6	55.4	53.8	64.0	68.2	61.8	61.7	72.1	75.2	72.8
Profits before tax	2	50.4	57.3	58.8	57.8	50.1	56.9	56.9	57.7	57.4	69.3	72.2	67.9	67.7	80.1	80.8	78.2
Profits tax liability Profits after tax	3	21.4 29.0	24.8 32.4	26.3 32.5	23.9 33.9	23.6 26.5	27.6 29.3	27.7 29.2	27.5 30.3	26.5 30.8	32.6 36.7	34.8 37.4	30.8 37.1	30.0 37.7	36.2 43.9	37.1 43.7	34.7 43.5
Inventory valuation adjustment	5	7	7	2.1	-2.3	4.5	1.9	2.7	-2.3	-3.5	-5.4	-4.0	-6.1	-6.0	-8.0	-5.6	-5.4

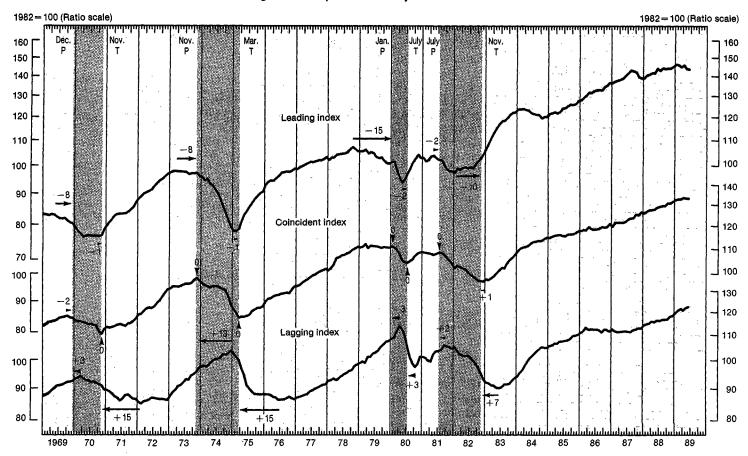
Composite Indexes of Leading, Coincident, and Lagging Indicators

Recent Data and Percent Changes

T. J.			19	88			1989					1988		1989		
Index	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr	May	June?	Ш	IV	I	II ?
		Index (1982=100)														
Leading index	142,7	144.1	143.7	143.9	144.0	145.0	146.1	145.7	144.7	[,] 145.6	, 143.7	143.5	143.5	144.3	r 145.5	144.3
Coincident index	128.9	129.3	129.3	130.6	130.6	131.4	r 132.3	² 132.6	r 132.6	133.3	, 133.0	132.9	129,2	130.9	132.5	133.1
Lagging index	115.8	116.4	116.4	116.5	117.8	118.1	r 119.3	120.5	⁷ 121.3	[,] 120.5	r 121.7	122.2	116.2	117.5	[,] 120.4	121.5
		Percent chi	ange from p	receding n	onth (quart	er)										
Leading index	8	1.0	3	.1	.1	.7	.8	,3	r7	.6	r-1.3	1	.8	.6	.8	- .8
Coincident index	.3	.3	0	1.0	0	.6	7.7	.2	, 0	7.5	2	1	1.1	1.3	1.2	.5
Lagging index	2	.5	0	.1	1.1	.3	′ 1.0	, 1.0	. 7.7	-,7	1.0	.4	.5	1.1	² 2.5	.9

Preliminary.

Long -Term Perspective: January 1969 to June 1989



Note.—Peak (P) indicates the end of business cycle expansion and the beginning of recession (shaded area). Trough (T) indicates the end of business cycle recession and the beginning of expansion. Business cycle peaks and troughs are designated by the National Bureau of Economic

Research, Inc. The numbers entered on the chart indicate the length of leads (-) and lags (+) in months from the business cycle turning dates.

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

NOTE.—Quarterly data are averages of monthly figures. Quarterly percent changes are computed from quarterly data.

BEA's Measurement of Computer Output

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m T}_{
m HIS}$ article addresses issues raised in a recent study by Edward Denison about BEA's measurement of the output of computers. 1 Denison concludes that BEA's measurement of the output of computers in the national income and product accounts (NIPA's) is incorrect. He argues that BEA did not implement the resource-cost concept of capital in measuring the output of computers when it introduced the computer price index in the comprehensive revision of the NIPA's in 1985 and that, consequently, computers are not measured in terms of the concept used for other types of capital goods. He also suggests that consideration be given to measuring capital in terms of consumption forgone rather than in terms of resource cost.

Part I of this article, "Capital Measured by Cost," introduces three issues raised by Denison concerning whether BEA's measurement of the output of computers implemented the resource-cost concept, demonstrates that the approach BEA used is consistent with the resource-cost concept, and examines some aspects—largely statistical in nature—that one needs to consider in evaluating the approach.

Part II, "Capital Measured by Consumption Forgone," considers Denison's reason for advancing the consumption-forgone concept and notes related work by other investigators.

Note.—Frank de Leeuw and Jack E. Triplett provided many helpful comments and suggestions in the preparation of this article. Other BEA staff members who provided assistance included David W. Cartwright, Michael F. Mohr, and John C. Musgrave. The following persons also provided helpful comments: Rosanne Cole, Edwin R. Dean, Edward F. Denison, Ellen R. Dulberger, Charles R. Hulten, and Martin L. Marimont. Teresa A. Williams provided secretarial assistance.

Part III, "A Summing Up," reviews why Denison's study does not present convincing reasons to change the treatment of computers in the measurement of output and suggests that the consumption-forgone concept can play a useful role in studying sources of growth but not in measuring the output of capital goods.

The overall topic of Denison's study is the estimation of productivity. In addition to considering BEA's measurement of the output of computers, Denison raises two issues pertaining to BEA that are not addressed in this article. One pertains to possible errors in the way BEA partitions growth in GNP among industries. The other pertains to whether BEA's new computer price index lessens the usefulness of measures of GNP based on a single weight year. BEA addressed the first of these two issues in an article in the July 1988 SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS.² That

article also evaluated similar points raised by Lawrence Mishel.³ An article in the April 1989 Survey considered aspects of the second issue; it described BEA's plans to develop alternative measures of real GNP that use different approaches to weighting components.⁴ Other parts of Denison's study that pertain to the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) calculation of estimates of multifactor productivity by industry and his suggestion that productivity by end product be calculated are not taken up here.⁵

I. Capital Measured By Cost

Issues Raised by Denison

This section introduces three issues raised by Denison concerning whether BEA implemented the resource-cost concept in measuring the output of computers.

In his study, Denison reviews BEA's treatment of computers in light of the methods of measuring capital that he first advanced in his seminal paper on the measurement of capital in the mid-1950's. The following descriptions of these methods are from his 1989 study; the methods are described more fully in his original paper.

Method 1: Capital measured by cost. The first method is both fruitful and practical. The value, in base period prices, of the stock of durable capital goods (before allowance for capital consumption) measures the amount it would have cost in the base period to produce the actual stock of capital goods existing in the given year (not its equivalent in ability to contribute to production). Similarly, gross additions to the capital stock and capital consumption are valued in terms of base year costs for the particular types of capital goods added or consumed. For durable capital goods not produced in the base year, one must substitute the amount it would have cost to produce them if they had been known and actually produced. But a similar modification is required in all deflation or index number problems. ...

^{1.} Edward F. Denison, Estimates of Productivity Change by Industry (Washington, DC: The Brookings Institution, 1989).

^{2. &}quot;Gross National Product by Industry: Comments on Recent Criticisms," Survey of Current Business 68 (July 1988): 132-133.

^{3.} Lawrence Mishel, Manufacturing Numbers: How Inaccurate Statistics Conceal U.S. Industrial Decline (Washington, DC: Economic Policy Institute, 1988).

^{4.} Allan H. Young, "Alternative Measures of Real GNP," Survey of Current Business 69 (April 1989): 27-

^{5.} BLS currently prepares multifactor productivity measures for three major sectors of the economy, twenty two-digit manufacturing industries, and four three-digit manufacturing industries. For the major sectors and the two-digit multifactor measures, BLS uses BEA output in the preparation of its output measures and incorporates BEA's measures of gross private domestic fixed investment in the calculation of capital services.

Method 2: Capital input proportional This method, deriving to total output. from the assumption of constant capitaloutput ratios, assumes that the capital stock moves in proportion to output. It is essential to realize that the method does not yield a measure of capital's contribution to output. For use as such a measure, its result is fatally flawed because the method takes no account of other inputs. For example, if output doubles with a new machine, the new machine is said to be twice as much capital as the old, regardless of whether its operation requires one-tenth as much labor, structures, materials, or other inputs as the old machine or ten times as much. Because it does not take account of changes in requirements for other inputs, it is a nonsense method that I have not heard advocated for many years.

The new measures of quantities and prices of computers are based on the computer's capacity to acquire, store, retrieve, process, and display information. They take no account of requirements for other inputs—labor, electricity, structures, paper, programs, and so on—and therefore appear to correspond to method 2 measures. 15 ...

Method 3: Capital measured by marginal products. This third method requires that not only the effect of a new machine on output but also the effect on requirements for other inputs be taken into account. New capital goods are equated with old ones by their marginal products. The input of a type of machine moves like its contribution to output. If the new good has a marginal product twice as large as the old, it represents twice as much capital. The ordinary capital-output ratio is free to move as it will, in contrast to method 2.6

Except for computers, Denison and BEA agree that method 1—capital measured by cost, which in this article is called the resource-cost concept—is used by BEA to measure both the output of capital in the NIPA's and the associated stocks of fixed capital. In the case of computers, BEA takes the position that its approach is consistent with method 1. Denison takes the position, however, that BEA's treatment of computers is not in accord with method 1 but with method 2. As Denison describes method 2, its key feature is that the estimator imposes proportionality

between capital and output as a way of estimating capital.⁷

Denison also evaluates BEA's approach in terms of method 1. He faults it because of "the introduction of new products (models) into the price index by comparing their prices and characteristics with older ones in the year they appear on the market." Consequently, in Denison's view, BEA's computer price index declines too rapidly, thereby overstating the growth of capital and understating the contribution to growth made by advances in knowledge.

Also in terms of method 1, Denison faults BEA's approach because it extends "the values for performance characteristics far beyond the range attained by products previously available." 9

How BEA Measures Computers

This section illustrates BEA's approach to measuring the output of computers in terms of hypothetical examples that are designed to show that the approach is consistent with the resource-cost concept.

The essence of BEA's treatment of computers may be viewed as composed of three procedures, designated A, B, and C. Procedure A measures the quantity and price of an identical machine that is produced over time with successive, improved technologies. Procedure B measures the quantity and price when a second machine, the same in type but different in size, is introduced in the base

year. Procedure C measures the price of a hypothetical machine of a specified size using data on machines of other sizes. For each procedure, the example makes clear how observed prices are used to establish the resource cost of the machine in question. (The designation of A, B, and C does not reflect the order in which the procedures are applied, but only the order chosen to facilitate their description.)

Procedure A

Procedure A measures the quantity and price of an identical machine that is produced over time with successive, improved technologies. It is illustrated in exhibit 1. The exhibit is designed (1) to highlight several characteristics of computer production that must be taken into account in measuring prices and output and (2) to set the stage for the discussion of capital measured by consumption forgone in part II. Lines 1–15 in the exhibit illustrate procedure A; lines 16–26 pertain to part II.

The basis for the example.—The example incorporates the following conditions. Suppose that an identical machine is produced each year and that every 3 years a new technology is introduced that reduces the resources required to produce the machine. Each successive technology overlaps the previous technology by 1 year. In the year in which the two technologies coexist, the price of the machine produced with the new technology is set higher than the machine's cost of production, while the price of the machine produced with the old technology is set lower than the cost of production. In the second year of a new technology, the price of the machine is set equal to the cost of production. In the third, the price is set lower, reflecting the arrival of the next generation of technology. Further, for simplicity, in the year in which two technologies overlap, the example assumes that one-half of the machines are produced by the new technology and one-half by the old and that the premium and discount are such that the machines are equal in price. In addition, suppose that the price of resources required to produce the machine increases each year irrespective of the particular technology in place. Finally, year 2—a year in which the price of the machine is equal to the cost of production—is taken as the base

Lines 1-15 in exhibit 1.—In the exhibit, the successive technologies are

^{15.} I ignore here the consideration that even believers in the constant capital-output ratio have usually applied it to the total output and capital of an industry or the whole business sector, not to the output of a particular process and a particular machine used in that process.

^{6.} Denison, Estimates, pp. 25–28; and "Theoretical Aspects of Quality Change, Capital Consumption, and Net Capital Formation," in Problems in Capital Formation, Studies in Income and Wealth, Volume 19 (Princeton, NJ: Princeton University Press for the National Bureau of Economic Research, 1957), 215–261.

^{7.} Distinctions between method 1 and method 3 are not taken up in this article. Denison has advocated method 1 for measuring both the output of capital goods and for measuring the stock of capital from which he derives capital services. Many investigators consider method 1 to be the appropriate concept for measuring the output of capital and method 3 to be the appropriate concept for capital services. Jack Triplett of BEA, among others, argues that in most practical cases method 3 and method 1 will give similar results because, for small changes and in equilibrium, an improved machine will be adopted whenever the value of its increased marginal product (over the old) exceeds the price premium charged for it and because the price differential, in equilibrium, will also approximate the ratio of marginal production costs for the two machines. See Jack E. Triplett, "Concepts of Quality in Input and Output Price Measures: A Resolution of the User Value-Resource Cost Debate," in Murray F. Foss, ed., The U.S. National Income and Product Accounts: Selected Topics, Studies in Income and Wealth, Volume 47 (Chicago: University of Chicago Press for the National Bureau of Economic Research, 1983), 296–311.

^{8.} Denison, Estimates, p. 29.

^{9.} Denison, Estimates, p. 27.

designated I, II, and III. Lines 1–3 show the number of units of the machine that are produced with each technology. For each technology, one machine is produced in the first year, two in the second year, and one in the third year, when a newer technology is also in place. Lines 4–6 show the price of the machine dropping with each successive technology, with the prices of the machines produced by two overlapping technologies being equal. Lines 7–10 show the revenue realized from sale of the machines—the number of units times the price.

Lines 11–14 show the value of the machines in terms of production costs in the base year; that is, they implement Denison's method 1 for measuring capital in terms of its resource cost. The entries are obtained by multiplying the base-year (year 2) price of the machine times the number of machines produced each year. Given that the price is equal to production costs in year 2, this method values the machines in terms of resource costs

in the base year. Line 15 shows the price index for the machine, computed by dividing the total constant-dollar value of the machines (line 14) into the current-dollar revenue (line 10).

The following points about the entries on lines 1-15 should be noted.

- (1) Given the stipulation that the machines produced over time are identical, the example presents no obstacle to the conventional methods of measuring price change, such as those BLS uses to measure producer prices, which implement the resource-cost concept.
- (2) Although the observed price of the machine does not equal the resource cost in each year, one can still measure the machines produced in terms of resource cost in the base year. To obtain the desired measure, the estimator must only either know or assume the relationship between price and resource cost in the base year. In the example, the two are taken to be equal.
- (3) The designation of the measures on lines 11-14 is chosen so as to clar-

Exhibit 1.—Identical Machines Produced With Successive Generations of Improved Technology

1.								
Line		1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1 2 3	Units produced (number): Technology I Technology II Technology III		2	1	2	1 1	2	1
4 5 6	Price (dollars): Technology I Technology II Technology III.	1.18	1.00	.85 .85	.72	.61 .61	.52	.44
7 8 9	Revenue (dollars): Technology I		2.00	.85 .85	1.44	.61 .61	1.04	.44
10	Total	1.18	2.00	1.70	1.44	1.22	1.04	.44
11 12 13 14	Resource cost in constant (year 2) dollars with base- year (year 2) technology: Technology I	1.00 1.00	2.00 2.00	1.00 1.00 2.00	2.00 2.00	1.00 1.00 2.00	2.00 2.00	1.00 1.00
15	Machine price index (year 2=1.00)	1.18	1.00	.85	.72	.61	.52	.44
16	Resource price index (year 2=1.00)	.95	1.00	1.05	1.10	1.16	1.22	1,28
17 18 19	Resource cost in current dollars: Technology I. Technology II. Technology III.		2.00	1.05 .69	1.44	.76 .49	1.04	.55
20	Total	.95	2.00	1.74	1.44	1.25	1.04	.55
21 22 23	Resource cost in constant (year 2) dollars with current-year technology: Technology I		2.00	1.00 .66	1.31	.66 .43	, .85	.43
24	Total	1.00	2.00	1.66	1.31	1.09	.85	.43
25 26	Technological change index (year 2=1.00): Line 14/line 24 Line 16/line 15	1.00	1.00 1.00	1.20	1.53 1.53	1.83	2.35 2.35	2.35

Note.—The example does not show technologies before I and after III. Entries for units produced and price in years 1 and 7 assume technological change is occurring in a similar manner before I and after III.

ify one aspect of Denison's description of method 1: That the machines produced each year are valued in terms of the real resources required to produce them in the base year with base-year technology.

Lines 16-26 in exhibit 1.—The remainder of the exhibit introduces a second measure of real resource cost, which will be discussed in part II. In this measure, real resources are stated in terms of current-year technology. This measure is obtained by deflating the current-dollar resource cost by an index of resource (input) prices. Line 16 shows the resource price index, and lines 17-20 show the current-dollar resource costs. The entries for years 2, 4, and 6, when only one technology is in use, are equal to the current-dollar revenue entries on lines 7-10. The entries for the other years are calculated according to the assumed change in resource prices shown on line 16.

Lines 21–24 show the second measure of real resource cost—the real resources required to produce the machines with current-year technology. They are obtained by dividing the resource price index (line 16) into the resource cost in current dollars (lines 17–20).

The ratio of real resource cost expressed in terms of base-year technology to that expressed in terms of current-year technology measures the technological change in the production of the machine. For years 2, 4, and 6, the ratio of the resource price index to the machine price index likewise measures technological change. These ratios are shown as indexes of technological change on lines 25 and 26. (No entries are shown on line 26 for years 1, 3, 5, and 7, because in those years the price of the machine is not equal to its cost of production.)

Procedure B

Procedure B provides the total constant-dollar resource cost when two or more machines of different sizes are produced in the base year. It is a type of procedure basic to all price index work. The procedure is illustrated in exhibit 2, where a standard size machine is produced in years 1, 2, and 3 and a large size version is produced in years 2 and 3. Year 2 is the base year, and in that year the price of each machine is equal to its cost of production. Under these conditions, the total constant-dollar resource cost in terms

Exhibit 2.—Two Machines of Different Sizes
Produced in the Base Year

		Year	
	1	2	3
Units (number): Standard size Large size	1	1 1	1 1
Price (dollars): Standard size Large size	1.2	1.0 1.5	.8 1.3
Revenue (dollars): Standard size Large size	1.2	1.0 1.5	.8 1.3
Total	1.2	2.5	2.1
Resource cost in constant (year 2) dollars with base-year (year 2) technology:			
Standard size	1.0	1.0	1.0
Large size		1.5	1.5
Total	1.0	2.5	2.5
Machine price index (year 2=1.00)	1.20	1.00	.84

of base-year technology is the sum of the cost for each machine.

Procedure C

So far, procedures have been set forth for incorporating into the price index the prices of identical machines produced with successive, improved technologies and the prices of machines of the same type, but of different size, produced in the same period. These two procedures would be sufficient for pricing computers if each size of machine were represented in the base year. Because this is not the case, it is necessary to establish for each size of machine that is not produced in the base year the price in the base year of a hypothetical machine with identical characteristics. Procedure C, which is an application of the hedonic technique, estimates this price from data on the prices and characteristics of actual machines in the base year. Once the necessary hypothetical machines are established in the base year (procedure C), each machine produced in years other than the base year can be related to either an actual or hypothetical identical machine in the base year (procedure A), and the various actual and hypothetical machines in the base year can be equated to each other (procedure B).

The application of the hedonic technique is illustrated in exhibit 3, in which the price of different sized goods is determined by only one variable. Suppose that a type of lathe is produced in several sizes, but that not all sizes are produced in any given year. Everything about the lathe—the

motor, cutting tool, etc.—is the same for each size, except for the bed and the frame required to support the bed. Over time, the price of the lathe is reduced. These price reductions are made possible by developments pertaining to the cost of the bed and frame: Stronger, lighter, less expensive materials; new methods of fabricating and assembling; and improved design that reduces use of a given material, independent of other factors. (For simplicity, the selling price is assumed to equal the resource cost in each period.) An example that incorporates these conditions is shown in the top panel of the exhibit.

In the example, year 1 is taken as the base period. In that year, lathes with beds and frames of 12", 36", and 48" are produced; in year 2, lathes of 36", 48", and 60" that reflect cost savings with respect to the bed and frame are produced; in year 3, lathes of 24", 48", and 72" that reflect further cost savings are produced. Thus, it is necessary to estimate the cost of hypothetical lathes of 24", 60", and 72" in year 1.

The costs of the hypothetical lathes are estimated by first establishing the costs of the bed and frame for the hypothetical lathes and then combining those costs with the fixed costs for the motor, cutting tool, etc. In the example, the cost of the bed and frame is linearly related to their length. The hypothetical cost of the 24" lathe in year 1, therefore, may be established in a straightforward manner. However, to infer hypothetical costs for 60" and 72" lathes, it is necessary to extend the cost relationship beyond the range of observations in year 1. The extension is based on the assumption that, if larger beds and frames had been produced in year 1, their costs would have been linearly related to their length in the same manner as in years 2 and 3. The bottom panel of the exhibit shows in parentheses the estimated hypothetical costs and sales prices.

Extending the cost relationship in the base year well beyond the range of observations is an issue raised by Denison. Several aspects of the issue need to be considered. Whether the same functional form holds across all years, as does the linear relationship in the example, is an empirical question that can be tested statistically.

Whether larger machines could have been produced in the base year at the cost predicted by the function is a technical question to which the answer may vary by type of machine and by type of technology. However, it seems reasonable to conclude that there would be few instances in which a larger size of a capital good could have been built in the base year for less than the predicted cost. The more likely case is that subsequent technological developments removed barriers existing in the base year that would have made larger machines very costly. Thus, extending the cost relationship in the base year to obtain predicted costs and sales prices for large hypothetical sizes may understate the cost of larger sizes in the base year and thereby understate the price decline from the base period to the later

Finally, if judged necessary, one may be able to minimize the need to extend the cost relationship by selecting one base year rather than another. For example, if one specified the most recent year as the base year, it would probably not be necessary to extend the function to larger machines, although it might be necessary to extend it to more smaller machines.

Exhibit 3.—Resource Cost and Price of Lathes of Different (Actual and Hypothetical) Sizes

		Year					
	1	2	3				
Actual sizes Cost of bed and frame: 12" 24" 36" 48" 60" 72" Cost of motor, cutting tool, etc., for all sizes Total resource cost (equals sales price): 12" 24"	1.00 2.00 2.50 2.00 3.00	1.20 1.50 1.80	0.75 1.25 1.75 2.00				
24" 36" 48" 60" 72" Actual and hypothetical sizes	4.00 4.50	3.20 3.50 3.80	3.25				
Cost of bed and frame: 12" 24" 36" 48" 60" 72"	1.00 (1.50) 2.00 2.50 (3.00) (3.50)	1.20 1.50 1.80	.75 1.25 1.75				
Cost of motor, cutting tool, etc., for all sizes	2.00	2.00	2.00				
Total resource cost (equals sales price): 12"	3.00 (3.50) 4.00 4.50 (5.00) (5.50)	3.20 3.50 3.80	2.75 3.25 3.75				

^{1.} Resource costs and sales prices of hypothetical sizes are shown in parentheses.

Application of the hedonic technique to computers.—In applying the hedonic technique to computers, one cannot proceed in the simple manner outlined in exhibit 3 for the following reasons.

- (1) Detailed component cost data corresponding to those in exhibit 3 are not available for computers. The only data that are available correspond to the total prices of the lathes in the exhibit.
- (2) Computers are more complex than the one variable case in the exhibit. For example, in terms of the exhibit, suppose that the horsepower of the motor was not fixed across all lathe sizes, but that a more powerful motor was available as an option, which, depending on the use of the machine, some purchasers would choose while others would not.
- (3) The sizes of computers do not necessarily remain fixed. For example, in terms of the exhibit, suppose that in year 3 the producer added 1 inch to the size of each model so that the new lathes were 25", 49", and 73".

The complexities listed above were handled in the following manner for computers.

- (1) A continuous function was fitted to actual prices to obtain hypothetical prices.
- (2) Additional explanatory variables were included to represent additional, cost-determining characteristics (such as the size of the motor), and fixed costs (such as those for the cutting tool) were included in the constant term.
- (3) The continuous function permitted information on machines of new sizes to be included.

Statistical Considerations

This section briefly examines several important, largely statistical aspects of BEA's measurement of the output of computers that one needs to consider in evaluating the approach. The note accompanying this article provides more details about the approach; the statistical and conceptual aspects of the approach are taken up more fully in the references cited in the note.

Applying the hedonic function

Selection of the function.—The mathematical function used in the hedonic technique, the log-log function, was selected based on statistical tests. Other functions that were tested included the linear and semilogarithmic functions.

In the case of computers, the estimated coefficients in the log-log function provide approximate proportionality, at any point in time, between a computer's characteristics and its price. That is, if one computer has twice the speed and memory size of another, its price will be approximately twice as high. This empirical finding might be what led Denison to describe BEA's procedure as corresponding to method 2. However, his method 2 does not pertain to proportionality between the characteristics of a computer and its price; rather, it pertains to proportionality between the stock of computers and the output of computerusing industries. BEA has in no way imposed proportionality of this latter kind. BEA did not even impose the approximate proportionality between the computer's characteristics and its price noted above; such proportionality was an empirical outcome.

Extension beyond the observed range in the base year.—The log-log function was extended beyond the range of observations in 1982 to impute hypothetical base-year prices both for large computers produced after 1982 and for small computers produced before 1982. The question of whether these extensions are appropriate statistically was examined in several tests.

One test applied when the function was initially fit to data for 1972–84 tested whether single-year regressions could be pooled into a multiyear regression. The test showed that the same function fit the data for the entire 1972–84 period, suggesting that imputing outside the range of 1982 probably involves only a small error.

Another test carried out initially involved tracking the price of a computer of given speed and memory size across the years included in the sample. It was found that the rate of price decline for a specified size of computer closely matched that for the computer price index BEA adopted as a deflator.

Later, using data through 1987, the function was examined for evidence that it had changed over time. The test showed that the parameters for 1985—

87 do not differ significantly from those for earlier years.

These tests show that the selected log-log function is stable and well behaved. They do not indicate that extension beyond the observed range in the base year overstated the price decline.¹⁰

Introduction of new models

Denison maintains that new models should not be introduced into the price index in the year they appear on the market, on the grounds that the subsequent rapid price declines that come with large-scale production will receive undue weight. This point only applies to a situation in which a price movement that is not representative of the universe receives undue weight. This can be a problem in cases where the sample of products that are priced is selected judgmentally, or where the sample is extremely small. It should not, however, be a problem in BEA's computer price index, which is based on prices for all models within the defined category of equipment. Each model represents only itself and is priced over the entire model cycle. Beginning with the year of introduction, the new model's price can then be weighted by the actual market share of the model. In this way, one achieves an exact correspondence between the price represented in the price index and the price and sales quantity represented in the transactions data.

Selection of a base year

In measuring prices and output, the selection of a base year necessarily involves judgment. For computer processors, the explicit assumption is that the price of a processor incorporating 64 kilobit technology in 1982 was equal to its production cost. Because this technology was in place for a considerable period of time both before and after 1982, this appears to be a reasonable assumption. Similar assumptions were made for the other types of com-

^{10.} The various tests and their results are described by Ellen R. Dulberger, "The Application of a Hedonic Model to a Quality-Adjusted Price Index for Computer Processors," and Jack E. Triplett, "Price and Technological Change in a Capital Good: A Survey of Research on Computers," in Dale W. Jorgenson and Ralph Landau, eds., Technology and Capital Formation, (Cambridge, MA: The MIT Press, 1989), 37–76 and 127–214; and by Jack E. Triplett, "Two Views on Computer Prices and Productivity," Bureau of Economic Analysis (Unpublished, 1989).

puter equipment. There is no apparent reason to conclude that the assumption that prices of the various types of equipment are equal to resource costs in 1982 introduced much error or that it was less appropriate for computers than for other capital goods.

Costless quality change

Costless quality change can be defined as the difference between (1) the value of a change in a good's ability to produce as a result of the addition of a new feature and (2) the cost of the new feature. Fundamentally, the difference between Denison's and BEA's

approach lies in Denison's willingness to view an increase in memory size or speed as a new feature and then to assign it a zero cost. In BEA's approach, an increase in memory size or speed represents a resource cost and, through the use of the hedonic technique, it is treated as such and counted as part of measured quality—that is, as quantity. The difference between Denison and BEA is best considered not in terms of costless quality change, but in terms of how to measure resource cost accurately.

It should be noted that BEA's treatment of computers may not have fully accounted for the resource-using type

To the extent of quality change. that computer manufacturers added features that had a cost in resources and that are not taken into account in the hedonic function, the estimated quality change falls short of the ac-For example, if in tual amount. some year computer manufacturers introduced increased reliability at a resource cost, BEA would not have counted it as an increase in resource cost. Instead, such a cost would have been (incorrectly) counted as an increase in price. Given the possibility of situations such as this, BEA's computer price index may have understated the decline in computer prices.

Note on the Application of the Hedonic Technique

The application of the hedonic technique to develop a price index for computers and its use in deflating components of GNP was described in three articles by IBM staff and BEA staff in the SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS in 1986. In addition, an update on the use of the computer price index in deflating components of GNP was provided in an article in the November 1988 issue of the SURVEY. Three topics covered in those articles will be taken up briefly: (1) The types of products for which price indexes were calculated, (2) the data on prices and characteristics, and (3) the measures of technology included in the hedonic function.

Price indexes were calculated for four types of computer equipment:

Price indexes were calculated for four types of computer equipment: Computer processors, disk drives, printers, and general purpose displays. The data on prices and characteristics were from publicly available sources and generally covered the period 1972–84. The sample for processors consisted of 67 different models from 4 manufacturers; that for disk drives, 30 devices marketed by 10 vendors; that for printers, 480 models marketed by 126 vendors; and that for displays, 772 models marketed by 115 vendors. Results obtained by the IBM staff from the processor sample were subsequently compared by BEA with results from an augmented sample containing 187 models from 17 manufacturers.

The selection of relevant characteristics was carried out by the IBM staff, drawing upon the expertise of both engineers and economists. For processors, two characteristics were selected—main memory capacity and a summary of speed at which instructions are executed. For disk drives, two characteristics were selected—capacity and speed. For printers, three characteristics were selected—speed, resolution, and on-line fonts. For displays, four characteristics were selected—screen capacity, resolution, number of colors, and number of programmable function keys.

Technology was represented explicitly in the hedonic functions estimated for processors, disk drives, and printers. For processors, the sample was stratified into eight technology classes, ranging from magnetic core in 1972 to the 64-kilobit chip during 1979–84. For disk drives, nine technology classes were distinguished, having recording densities ranging from 220 kilobits per square inch in 1972 to over 12,000 kilobits per square inch during 1981–84. Printers were sorted into two categories—impact and nonimpact—and further classified by print mechanism. The function for displays did not account for technology, as distinguished from time.

Table 1.—Four Types of Computer Equipment, Average Annual Rates of Change in Composite Price Indexes

Percei

	Processors	Disk drives	Printers	Displays
1972–77	-11	-15	-6	-4
197784	-22	-11	-19	-10
1972–84	-18	-13	-14	-7

A composite Paasche price index was constructed for each of the four types of equipment, using matched model prices wherever possible. When a model was not available in the base year (1982), an estimate of its price was made by valuing its characteristics produced with the dominant technology in 1982 using the estimated hedonic function. For processors, the dominant technology in 1982 was the 64-kilobit memory chip; for disk drives, it was recording densities of 3,071–3,084 kilobits per square inch. For printers, the estimate was made according to category and print mechanism. For displays, where technology did not appear explicitly in the function, estimates of unobserved prices were made by evaluating the function for implied prices of those characteristics in 1982.

The weights for the composite indexes for processors were estimates of the quantity of each model shipped; for disk drives, they were estimates of quantity shipped by technology class; and for printers, they were estimates of the quantity shipped by type of printer (e.g., dot matrix or laser jet). For displays, an equally weighted index was constructed. Except for processors, for which the shipments were available by model, the prices for models within a class were averaged to obtain an estimated price for the class.

The composite indexes showed substantial rates of price decline. The average annual rates of change for 1972–77, 1977–84, and 1972–84 are shown in table 1. Over the entire period 1972–84, the decline was largest for processors, at 18 percent per year; the decline was smallest for displays, at 7 percent per year. The composite indexes, along with a price index for tape drives, were combined into a deflator for computers and computing equipment using domestic shipments by type of equipment as weights. The deflator was extended back to 1969 using other information on computer prices. Prior to 1969, the deflator was held constant at the 1969 level.

The deflator was used in the deflation of components of GNP, as described in the previously referenced 1986 SURVEY articles. In July 1987, a separate index for personal computers (based on matched models) was introduced, as described in the November 1988 SURVEY article.

^{1.} Jack E. Triplett, "The Economic Interpretation of Hedonic Methods," and Rosanne Cole et al., "Quality-Adjusted Price Indexes for Computer Processors and Selected Peripheral Equipment," Survey of Current Business 66 (January 1986): 36-40 and 41-50; and David W. Cartwright, "Improved Deflation of Purchases of Computers," Survey of Current Business 66 (March 1986): 7-9.

David W. Cartwright, "Deflators for Purchases of Computers in GNP: Revised and Extended Estimates, 1983–88," Survey of Current Business 68 (November 1988): 22–23.

^{3.} See Cole et al., p. 42, for the three components of disk drive speed.

II. Capital Measured by Consumption Forgone

In his study, Denison advances a fourth method for measuring fixed capital stocks (and capital input) for the purpose of analyzing the sources of long-term growth. This method, which he designates method 4, would measure capital in terms of the consumption that is forgone in order to release resources for the production of capital goods. Denison defines net real investment in terms of consumption forgone as equal to "the quantity of consumer goods that resources devoted to increasing the capital stock would have provided if devoted instead to the production of consumer goods by the methods used in the base year."11 Apparently, Denison favors measuring the output of capital goods as well as capital input in this manner. 12

Denison advances method 4 in order to assign the contribution to growth that arises from productivity gains in the capital-goods-producing industries to the appropriate category in his growth accounting. When capital is measured by base-year resource cost and when output is measured net of depreciation, such gains are ultimately counted in capital's contribution to growth. By use of the consumptionforgone concept, Denison intends for such gains not to be counted in capital's contribution, but to be included in the residual-i.e., as gains not attributable to labor or capital-and counted as part of the contribution to growth of advances in knowledge.

Exhibit 1 illustrates a key feature of Denison's definition of capital measured in terms of consumption forgone. The phrase "resources devoted to increasing the capital stock" refers to the resources actually used in a given year in the production of capital. In terms of exhibit 1, these are the resources measured in terms of current-year technology on line 24. For example, in year 4 in the exhibit, the real resource cost (in year 2 dollars) to produce two machines is \$1.31. If these resources had been "devoted instead to the production of consumer goods by the methods used in the base year," the cost (in year 2 dollars) of the consumer goods produced in year 4 would also have

been \$1.31. Thus, the difference between capital measured by method 1 and by method 4 is reflected in the index of technological change on line 25. If technological change permits a machine to be produced over time at a lower resource cost, it is counted as a decreasing amount of capital by method 4, while it is counted as a constant amount of capital by method 1.

In the exhibit, the entries for the price of inputs and the price of output were selected to correspond roughly to those for computers. The rate of technological change as represented by the index on line 25 is about 20 percent per year. Thus, the difference between Denison's method 1 and method 4 in the case of computers is substantial. The differences for other types of capital goods would be smaller.¹³

Work by other investigators

Denison cites the work by T.K. Rymes as the basis for his suggestion that capital be measured in terms of consumption forgone. 14 In his approach to productivity measurement, Rymes treats capital input as an intermediate good-as a produced means of production—and restates it so that it reflects the increasing efficiency with which it is produced. He shows that with the most aggregated approach, a restated measure of capital could be derived from data used in a conventional multifactor productivity calculation by subtracting from the change in capital either the difference between the change in the wage rate and the change in the price of output or the difference between the change in output and the change in labor input. However, a more detailed approach by industry is preferred; such an approach requires use of an input-output table to trace the effects of a productivity change in a given industry on other industries.

Recently, René Durand and Mehrzad Salem have argued that the timing of Rymes' restatement of capital input is incorrect. ¹⁵ According to Durand and Salem, Rymes restates capital in terms of the efficiency with which new capital is being produced in the current period. They argue that the restatement should be in terms of the periods in which the stock of capital in the current period was produced.

Charles Hulten also treats capital as an intermediate good in considering sources of growth. 16 He says "part of the historically observed growth rate of capital stock is ... the result of productivity change, and must be recognized as such when assessing the importance of productivity change as a source of growth." Hulten takes into account the increasing efficiency with which capital is produced with a two-stage approach. The first stage is a conventional multifactor productivity calculation. The second stage calculates a "dynamic residual" from the residuals in the conventional multifactor productivity calculation. This "dynamic residual" takes into account the expansion of capital induced by technological

Clearly, whether capital input should be measured in terms of consumption forgone instead of in terms of resource cost is far from settled. There may not even be agreement on how to implement the consumption-forgone concept. While Denison apparently favors measuring the output of capital as consumption forgone, the other investigators who advocate treating capital as an intermediate good apparently do not take this position. In fact, a theme in the work by Rymes is that capital should be stated differently as output in the numerator than as input in the denominator of a productivity ratio: Only the denominator would be restated to reflect the efficiency with which capital is produced.

As a data producer, BEA might at some point provide measures of capital stock in terms of consumption forgone, as an alternative to those in terms of resource cost. However, for the time being it would seem to be appropriate for any such restatements of capital input to be carried out by the productivity analyst.

^{11.} Denison, Estimates, p. 30, footnote 19.

^{12.} Denison, Estimates, pp. 36-37.

^{13.} The example assumes that the industry producing the computer also produces the inputs, such as semi-conductors, that are also characterized by very rapid technological change.

technological change.

14. T.K. Rymes, "The Measurement of Capital and Total Factor Productivity in the Context of the Cambridge Theory of Capital," Review of Income and Wealth 18 (March 1972): 79-108; and "More on the Measurement of Total Factor Productivity," Review of Income and Wealth 29 (September 1983): 297-316.

^{15.} René Durand and Mehrzad Salem, "Alternative Measures of Productivity Growth in a Rectangular Input-Output Framework," Statistics Canada (Unpublished, May 1989).

^{16.} Charles Hulten, "On the Importance of Productivity Change," *American Economic Review* 69 (March 1979): 126-136.

^{17.} Ibid., 126.

III. A Summing Up

The computer represents a rate of technological change that, compared with the past, is unusual and that, more importantly, has not previously been faced fully either by the GNP estimator or by the productivity analyst. It is not surprising that BEA's introduction of the computer price index in 1985 has led to further examination of how the output of capital goods and capital input should be measured. No doubt there is more to be learned.

This article has demonstrated that BEA's approach to measuring the output of computers is consistent with the resource-cost concept of capital. BEA's approach may be viewed as consisting of three procedures, in each of which the observed prices are used to establish the resource cost of the computer

in question. Fundamental to the approach is the definition of identical machines in procedure A. In that procedure, a new computer model is taken to be identical to an earlier computer model produced with less advanced technology if the two computers are identical in terms of cost-determining characteristics such as computation speed and memory size.

Given that observed prices are used to establish resource cost, there is no basis for Denison's conclusion that BEA implemented his method 2 rather than method 1. With respect to Denison's point that new models are introduced into the price index too early, it has been argued that BEA used the correct approach given that the price index is based on all models within the

defined category, not on a judgmentally selected sample. With respect to Denison's point that it is not appropriate to extend the hedonic function beyond the observed range in the base year, statistical tests provide no evidence that the extension has overstated the price decline of computers. It has also been noted that the effect of omitting new features in the hedonic function would be to understate the price decline.

Finally, the restatement of capital input so that it reflects the increasing efficiency with which it is producedthe consumption-forgone concept favored by Denison-has appeal. Without such restatement, advances in knowledge may be assigned too small a role when considering sources of growth. Such a restatement can be carried out in the course of measuring capital input and its contribution to growth. With respect to the measurement of the output of capital goods, there appears to be little reason to replace the resource-cost concept with the consumption-forgone concept.

U.S. Affiliates of Foreign Companies: 1987 Benchmark Survey Results

NONBANK U.S. affiliates of foreign companies continued to expand in 1987, according to preliminary results of BEA's latest benchmark survey of foreign direct investment in the United States.¹ Affiliates' employment, assets, and sales increased, primarily as a result of acquisitions of U.S. companies by foreign investors.

Benchmark surveys are BEA's most comprehensive surveys—both in terms of companies covered and information gathered. The 1987 survey updates universe estimates derived from other BEA surveys and provides information not available in those surveys. The last benchmark survey covered 1980.

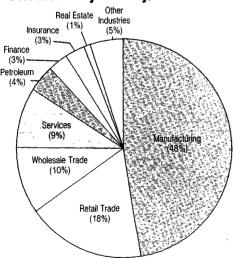
The following are highlights from the 1987 benchmark survey:

• Employment by U.S. affiliates increased 222,000 in 1987, to 3,160,000

Note.—Acknowledgment of the efforts of all those who contributed to the benchmark survey appears on page 132.

1. A U.S. affiliate is a U.S. business enterprise in which a single foreign person owns or controls, directly or indirectly, 10 percent or more of the voting securities if an incorporated business enterprise or an equivalent interest if an unincorporated business enterprise.

Affiliate Employment, Percent Distribution by Industry, 1987



U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

Data Availability

Additional detail from BEA's benchmark and annual surveys of foreign direct investment in the United States is available in separate publications and on computer diskettes. For ordering and other information, see page 140 of this issue.

(table 1). The rate of increase—8 percent—was slightly above the 6-percent average annual rate of increase for 1980–87.

- The share of all-U.S.-business employment accounted for by affiliates was 3.6 percent in 1987, up sightly from 3.5 percent in 1986. In 1980, the share was 2.7 percent.
- Manufacturing accounted for nearly one-half of affiliate employment in 1987 (chart 7). Retail trade (18 percent), wholesale trade (10 percent), and services (9 percent) accounted for the next largest shares. Although large, the share of affiliates in manufacturing was down from 1980, when it was 54 percent (chart 8). The share of affiliates in services, in contrast, doubled—from 4 percent to 8 percent. Shares also increased in retail trade and finance (except banking).
- Affiliates with ultimate beneficial owners (UBO's) in the United Kingdom and Canada accounted for the largest shares of total affiliate employment—20 percent and 19 percent, respectively (chart 9).² These shares were significantly larger than the next largest shares, which were the 12-percent share for affiliates with UBO's in West Germany and the 9-percent share for affiliates with UBO's in Japan. Since 1980, shares of affiliates with UBO's in Canada, Japan, and Australia increased, while those of affiliates with UBO's in all other individual countries shown in the chart declined (chart 10).
- Among U.S. regions, almost onehalf of total affiliate employment was

2. The UBO is that person, proceeding up a U.S. affiliate's ownership chain, beginning with and including the foreign parent, that is not owned more than 50 percent by another person. The foreign parent is the first foreign person in the affiliate's ownership chain. Unlike the foreign parent, the UBO of an affiliate may be located in the United States.

in the Southeast (789,000) and the Mideast (735,000). Among States, California had the most affiliate employees (324,000), followed by New York (300,000), Texas (208,000), and New Jersey (169,000).

- Total assets of U.S. affiliates were \$926 billion in 1987, up \$88 billion from 1986. As in earlier years, most of the increase resulted from acquisitions of U.S. companies by foreign investors. The 11-percent increase in 1987 was well below the 18-percent average annual rate of increase for 1980-87. The comparatively slow growth in 1987 partly reflected sales by several foreign owners of interests in nonbank finance affiliates that had large assets. A South African parent sold its minority interest in a particularly large affiliate. Primarily as a result of this sale, total assets of affiliates with UBO's in South Africa declined over \$70 billion.
- By industry of affiliate, the largest increases in assets in 1987 were in

CHART 8

Affiliate Employment, Percent Distribution by Industry, 1980 and 1987

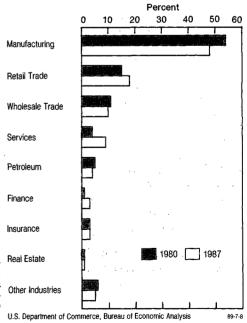


Table 1.—Selected Data of Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, 1980, 1986, and 1987

				Cha	inge	Average	Percent
	1980	1986	1987	1980–87	1986–87	annual rate of growth, 1980-87	change, 1986–87
		Thous	ands of emp	loyees			
Employment	2,033.9	2,937.9	3,159.7	1,125.8	221.8	6	8
		:					
Total assets	291,339	838,039	926,042	634,703	88,003	18	11
Gross property, plant, and equipment	127,838 49,544 28,876 49,418	320,215 n.a. n.a. n.a.	346,212 124,803 90,886 130,523	218,374 75,259 62,010 81,105	25,997 n.a. n.a. n.a.	15 14 18 15	8 n.a. n.a. n.a.
Sales	412,390 n.a. n.a. n.a.	672,004 n.a. n.a. n.a.	731,392 621,848 90,764 18,780	319,002 n.a. n.a. n.a.	59,388 n.a. n.a. n.a.	9 n.a. n.a. n.a.	9 n.a. n.a. n.a.
Net income	8,759	2,458	9,859	1,100	7,401	2	301
U.S. merchandise exports shipped by affiliates	52,199	49,560	47,929	-4,270	-1,631	-1	-3
U.S. merchandise imports shipped to affiliates	75,803	125,732	140,617	64,814	14,885	9	12
Addenda:							
		Thous	ands of emp	loyees			
Employment of all nonbank U.S. businesses	75,674	84,055	86,584				
	Percent						
U.S. affiliates as a percent of all nonbank U.S. businesses	2.7	3.5	3.6				

n.a. Not available.
1. Includes petroleum refining.

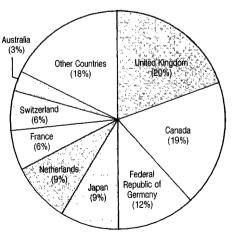
manufacturing (\$26 billion), insurance (\$20 billion), and nonbank finance (\$19 billion)(tables 2 and 3).

- By country of UBO, affiliates with UBO's in Japan had a particularly large increase in assets-\$98 billion (tables 4 and 5). As a result, total assets of these affiliates reached \$196 billion at yearend 1987 and were larger than those for any other country. Prior to 1987, Japan ranked third in terms of assets, after the United Kingdom and Canada. The sharp rise in Japaneseowned affiliates' assets in 1987 was concentrated in finance (except banking). In that industry, assets increased \$82 billion, to \$119 billion, largely because of Japanese investors' acquisitions of minority interests in two large U.S. companies.
- The gross book value of U.S. affiliates' property, plant, and equipment (PPE) increased \$26 billion, to \$346 billion. Of the total, PPE used for manufacturing accounted for \$125 billion, commercial property for \$91 billion, and all other uses for \$130 billion. Affiliates' commercial property grew at a faster average annual rate over the 1980-87 period than their total PPE-18 percent, compared with 15 percent. As a result, the share of total PPE accounted for by commercial property increased from 23 percent in 1980 to 26 percent in 1987. At the same time, the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

share of PPE used for manufacturing declined from 39 percent to 36 percent.

• Sales by U.S. affiliates increased \$59 billion, to \$731 billion. percent increase equaled the average annual growth rate for 1980-87. Of the 1987 total, sales of goods accounted for \$622 billion, sales of services for \$91 billion, and investment income for \$19 billion. By industry, sales were

CHART 9 Affiliate Employment, Percent Distribution by Country, 1987

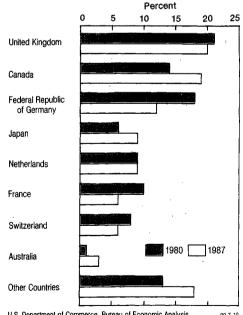


largest in wholesale trade and manufacturing. By country of UBO, affiliates with UBO's in Japan and the United Kingdom had the largest sales.

- · Net income of U.S. affiliates increased from \$2 billion in 1986 to \$10 billion in 1987. A shift from large capital losses to capital gains accounted for a substantial portion of the increase. Net income before capital gains or losses increased from \$6 billion to \$8 billion. In 1986, capital losses occurred because petroleum affiliates lowered the book value of their oil reserves and because chemicals and machinery manufacturing affiliates lowered the book value of various assets.
- U.S. merchandise exports shipped by affiliates decreased \$2 billion in 1987, to \$48 billion, and U.S. merchandise imports shipped to affiliates increased \$15 billion, to \$141 billion. Exports were \$4 billion lower than in 1980 and imports were \$65 billion higher. In 1987, affiliates in wholesale trade accounted for 61 percent of exports and 75 percent of imports. By country of destination or origin, trade with Japan accounted for over 41 percent of affiliates' exports and for nearly 50 percent of their imports.
- The benchmark survey covered 8.260 fully consolidated U.S. businesses; these businesses represented 21,895 individual U.S. companies.

Text continues on p. 122.

CHART 10 Affiliate Employment, Percent Distribution by Country, 1980 and 1987



U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

Table 2.—Selected Data of Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, by Industry of Affiliate, 1986

		Millions	of dollars			Thousands of acres			Millions of dollars				
	Total assets	Sales	Net income	Employee compensa- tion	Thousands of employees	Land owned	Mineral rights owned and leased	Gross property, plant, and equipment	Expendi- tures for new plant and equipment	U.S. merchan- dise exports shipped by affiliates	U.S. merchan- dise imports shipped to affiliates		
All industries	838,039	672,004	2,458	86,492	2,937.9	13,991	52,337	320,215	28,516	49,560	125,732		
Petroleum Petroleum and coal products manufacturing Other	76,740 51,003 25,737	66,225 31,408 34,817	-1,162 162 -1,324	5,038 3,512 1,526	117.7 78.7 39.0	875 (P) (P)	33,089 16,014 17,075	81,216 56,120 25,096	4,599 3,435 1,165	1,164 607 558	6,623 4,028 2,595		
Manufacturing	192,424	190,619	226	46,276	;	5,847	11,490	114,067	10,441	12,805	20,617		
Food and kindred products	21,022 7,588 13,434	21,666 2,981 18,685	365 282 83	3,874 566 3,308	160.2 20.7 139.5	50 21 30	ල 0 ල	7,895 1,238 6,657	778 131 647	504 31 473	1,580 477 1,103		
Chemicals and allied products	70,709	60,120	1,849	13,561	376.8	761	9	49,923	4,163	5,390	4,387		
Industrial chemicals and synthetics	47,726 9,763 11,387	41,104 9,664 7,569	1,556 149 122	9,240 2,470 1,511	253.8 66.6 47.1	699 23 (P) (P)	000	40,901 5,289 2,656	3,228 535 308	4,392 650 212	3,026 917 252		
Other	1,833 22,429	1,783 25,103	21 -271	340 5,937	9,4 158.5	(P) 500	1,586	1,077 15,508	92 1,076	136 1,443	192 3,644		
Primary metal industries Ferrous.	15,231 5,114	16,283 6,360	-68 -45	3,281 1,437	79.7	489 26	1,586	11,566 5,205	766 269	916 111	2,819 630		
Nonferrous	10,117 7,199	9,923 8,819	-23 -202	1,844 2,656	47.1	464 11	1,580 0	6,361 3,942	498 309	805 527	2,189 825		
Machinery	30,590 10,433	34,435 10,857	-2,758 -397	10,377 3,062	314.8 91.6	27	(P)	14,022 4,308	1,755 399	3,184 1,007	6,481 2,121		
Office and computing machines Other	2,084 8,350	2,074 8,783	-151 246	600 2,462	15.9	(*)) (e)	943 3,364	120 279	303 704	465 1,656		
Electric and electronic equipment	20,156 4,483	23,579 5,986	-2,362 -23	7,315 1,758	223.3 46.5	19) 0	9,714 1,862	1,356 227 733	394	4,360 1,069		
Electronic components and accessories Other	9,014 6,660	10,562 7,030	2,077 262	3,583 1,975	105.6 71.2	11 6	8	5,766 2,086	733 396	1,117 667	2,054 1,236		
Other manufacturing	47,674 2,018	49,295 2,614	1,041 73 9	12,528 676	401.3 32.9	4,509	672 0	26,719 1,198	2,668 116	2,283 63	4,524 211		
Lumber, wood, furniture, and fixtures	2,053 5,264	1,779 5,170	155	377 1,299	18.9 38.5	2,836 1,307	Ð. ⊕. ⊕.	1,193 4,534	70 188	153 224	245 162		
Printing and publishing Newspapers	11,124 n.a.	8,627 n.a.	289 n.a.	2,522 n.a.	84.0 n.a.	n.a.	(P) n.a.	3,626 n.a.	420 n.a.	115 n.a.	125 n.a.		
OtherRubber products	n.a. 432	n.a. 637	n.a. 9	n.a. 157	n.a. 5.3	n.a.	n.a. (*)	n.a. 208	n.a. 23	n.a. 7	n.a. 113		
Miscellaneous plastics productsStone, clay, and glass products	1,975 11,610	2,249 11,602	33 455		18.6 80.2	329	332	1,349 8,326	174 459	80 141	132 484		
Transportation equipment	6,897 5,402	10,034 8,371	-144 -143	2,368 1,878	62.3 46.5	6	0	3,900 3,456	951 903 47	983 697	1,966 1,796		
Other transportation equipment. Instruments and related products	1,495 4,419 1,884	1,663 4,493 2,090	-2 140 23	1,208 503	15.7 41.0 19.6	4 2	0 0 (*)	444 1,517 867	147 121	286 362 156	170 744 342		
Wholesale trade	87,899	261,954	689	10,059	308.0	425	602	20,789	2,462	33,727	94,517		
Motor vehicles and equipment	23,755 n.a. 12,880	77,067 n.a.	1,116 n.a. 71	n.a.	n.a.	12 n.a.	n,a,	6,613 n.a.	1,080 n.a.	n.a.	43,637 n.a.		
Metals and minerals, except petroleum	11,045	55,910 21,377	-251	826 1,469	50.0		්	1,809 2,046	127 401	10,630 620	12,715 12,796		
Machinery, equipment, and supplies Other durable goods Groceries and related products	n.a. n.a. 3,044	n.a. n.a. 11,849	n.a. n.a. 61	n.a. n.a. 564	n.a. n.a. 22.4	n.a.	n.a. n.a. 0	n.a. n.a. 779	n.a. n.a. 76	n.a. n.a. 930	n.a. n.a. 2,986		
Farm-product raw materials	7,800 8,902	36,452 16,662	-37 -116	571	20.3	39 296	9	2,157 3,892	88 257	16,006 1,091	5,618 5,382		
Retail trade	29,943	46,453	283	7,533	561.1	(P)	0	13,674	1,671	374	1,710		
General merchandise stores	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a. n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a. n.a.	n.a.	n.a. n.a.	n.a. n.a.		
Apparel and accessory stores	n.a. n.a.	n.a. n.a.	n.a. n.a.	n.a.	n.a. n.a.	n.a.	n.a. n.a.	n.a. n.a.	n.a. n.a.	n.a.	n.a. n.a.		
Finance, except banking	i	31,095	1,710	1	İ	1	(P)	3,982	1,312	}	(^D)		
Insurance	90,078	32,281 11,581	2,397 -644	1	1	1	Į.	3,083 52,730		1	(*)		
Real estate	18,569	11,963	-249	i		1		9,529	1,104	i .	(P) 114		
Hotels and other lodging places	2,923 5,595 733	1,751 5,014	70 -14	603 1,621	35.4 108.9	6 3	0 1	2,622 1,837	224 271	i o	3 70		
Computer and data processing services Other business services	. 4,863	615 4,399	-3 -11	1.310	101.6	il 3	0	186 1,651	233	28	(*) 70		
Motion pictures, including television tape and film Engineering, architectural, and surveying services	1,194 4,557	398 1,990	-23 -243	85 696	i) (Þ)		(P)	2,301	24	(*) 110	1 26		
Accounting, research, management, and related services	1,013 630 2,656	699 683 1,429	-75 8 29	372 358 397	21.9	1	0		25 24 480	0 (0)	1 6 6		
Other industries	25,304	19,834	-791	5,239	153.4	3,691		-,	1,468	1,086			
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing	2,804 11,676	1,106 5,627	-120 -273	186 1,178	11.2 26.0	2,800 685	91 5,335	2,345 11,041	211 584	79 924	(P) (°) 274 137		
CoalOther	. 8,202 3,474	4,051 1,577	-189 -83	346	10.0	342	3,988 1,346		134	278	137 137 120		
Construction	3,255 4,790	6,456 5,061	-112 -68 -219	1,632 1,857	' 57.0	173	0 (9) (9)	1,260 4,163	197	' 1	14		
Communication and public utilities	. 2,781	1,583	-219	386	17.0	10	(1)	2,337	323	'] 1	29		

n.a. Not available.

^D Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.

* Less than \$500,000 or 500 acres.

Table 3.—Selected Data of Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, by Industry of Affiliate, 1987

		Millions	of dollars			Thousand	s of acres			Million	s of dollars		·····
								Gross	property, pla	int, and			U.S.
	Total	Sales	Net	Employee compensa-	Thousands of employees	Land owned	Mineral rights owned and		_ 	rhich:	Expendi- tures for new plant	U.S. merchan- dise exports	merchan- dise
	assets		income	tion		5 	leased	Total	Manufac- turing 1	Commer- cial property ²	and equipment	shipped by affiliates	imports shipped to affiliates
All industries	926,042	731,392	9,859	93,652	3,159.7	13,829	42,531	346,212	124,803	90,886	31,598	47,929	140,617
Petroleum Petroleum and coal products manufacturing Other	80,129 58,352 21,778	74,494 41,641 32,853	1,314 1,758 -444	4,903 3,595 1,308	116.6 85.8 30.8	967 308 658	25,732 16,802 8,930	85,937 64,682 21,255	13,841 11,157 2,684	3,331 2,955 376	4,166 3,097 1,069	1,238 735 504	8,981 4,781 4,200
ManufacturingFood and kindred products		220,702 22,424	4,941 394	49,946 3,788	1,517.5 146.3	6,004 50	10,476 5	126,908 7,881	101,731 6,176	7,571 1,015	12,984 711	14,890	23,420 1,658
BeveragesOther	12,363 10,668	5,955 16,470	284 110	1,000 2,788	38.6 107.7	20 30	(*) 4	2,460 5,421	1,743 4,434	(P)	218 493	46 468	747 910
Chemicals and allied products	50,808 10,510 9,196	70,238 45,239 11,154 9,074	3,305 2,703 316 233	14,940 9,686 2,709 1,498	386.5 249.7 70.6 37.3	823 779 22 5	(P) 0 0	54,195 42,935 5,754 2,967	40,684 31,828 4,064 2,334	2,764 1,055 1,236 434	4,697 3,438 635 363	6,768 5,515 736 171	5,104 3,464 1,151 196
Other Primary and fabricated metals	22,795	4,770 27,138	54 172	1,047 5,689	28.9 157.2	16 251	(*) 725 725	2,540 15,288	2,457 13,448	39 354	260 1,437	346 1,475	293 3,856
Primary metal industries	14,975 6,128 8,847 7,820	18,259 8,623 9,636 8,879	578 164 414 406	3,179 1,721 1,458 2,510	82.2 41.0 41.2 75.0	237 57 179 15	725 9 716 0	11,046 6,022 5,025 4,241	10,117 5,906 4,211 3,331	(P) 79 (P) (P)	994 612 382 443	1,030 155 875 445	3,002 780 2,223 854
Machinery, except electrical Office and computing machines	32,292 12,171 4,147 8,024	38,791 13,087 4,134 8,953	-473 -41 -11 -30	10,431 3,842 1,587 2,255	321.6 104.2 35.6 68.5	25 12 1 12	5 (*) 0 (*)	14,357 5,036 1,975 3,061	12,156 3,932 1,308 2,624	808 442 (P) (P)	2,034 760 402 358	3,100 1,247 544 703	6,735 2,809 818 1,991
Electric and electronic equipment Audio, video, and communications equipment Electronic components and accessories Other	20,121 8,375 4,130	25,704 12,886 3,820 8,997	-432 67 -203 -295	6,589 2,982 1,181 2,426	217.4 93.3 41.3 82.8	12 4 3 5	(*) 5 0 5 (*)	9,321 3,718 2,738 2,865	8,224 3,252 2,633 2,339	366 192 41 133	1,274 503 324 447	1,853 714 308 832	3,926 2,218 390 1,319
Other manufacturing	64,742 2,998	62,112 2,896 1,670 6,350	1,543 129 18 343	15,098 777 287 1,450	505.9 37.0 13.6 44.7	4,855 12 2,875 1,297	(P) (*) (P) 0	35,187 1,374 1,131 4,405	29,266 1,116 422 4,175	2,630 109 10 119	4,106 171 82 253	3,032 58 111 385	6,068 251 222 218
Printing and publishing Newspapers	10,521 2,708 7,813	9,049 1,493 7,557	-366 12 354	2,540 383 2,157	82.3 16.7	6 3	(P)	3,753	3,385 571 2,813	222 1 221	400 33 367	166 (P)	114 0 114
Rubber products Miscellaneous plastics products Stone, clay, and glass products Transportation equipment Motor vehicles and equipment	2,538 3,337 15,016 7,412	2,929 3,617 12,075 8,253 5,569	-22 136 612 144	688 801 2,920 1,826 1,195	65.5 20.5 27.7 85.9 54.8 34.3	(P) (P) 363 8	(P) (P) 434 0 0	1,264 2,053 10,609 3,706 3,042	1,126 1,819 9,674 3,097 2,711	(P) 138 336 404	113 217 629 1,577 1,501	122 168 143 683 356	735 205 564 2,213 1,524
Other transportation equipment Instruments and related products Other	2,333 7,652	2,685 6,802 8,470	140 -1 549	631 2,026 1,782	20.5 63.4 76.2	1 6 5	*)	3,386 3,506	386 2,173 2,279	(P) 206 (P)	77 288 376	326 573 624	689 855 690
Wholesale trade Motor vehicles and equipment Professional and commercial equipment and supplies Metals and minerals, except petroleum Electrical goods Machinery, equipment, and supplies Other durable goods Groceries and related products Farm-product raw materials Other nondurable goods	97,382 27,692 4,834 15,330 11,411 9,043 8,480 3,582 5,978 11,031	273,887 84,984 9,046 56,858 22,769 10,373 29,759 12,927 28,721 18,450	395 652 -50 29 -68 -183 -29 54 45 -55	10,536 2,822 1,027 926 1,450 1,134 763 575 499 1,339	313.7 71.7 28.5 24.4 47.2 32.9 26.8 23.3 19.1 39.7	602 13 1 45 3 27 4 (P) 37	652 0 (*) (*) (*) 3 (*) 0 9 (*)	21,851 7,401 921 1,968 2,115 1,487 991 975 1,834 4,160	8,365 4,307 20 633 828 202 170 65 (P)	6,369 2,064 421 458 631 627 396 527 615 630	2,657 1,170 197 218 314 167 130 87 68 305	29,472 2,914 161 11,850 944 1,015 562 1,292 9,711 1,022	105,323 49,831 5,700 14,924 14,898 4,662 2,977 3,243 3,544 5,544
Retail trade	27,303 7,429 7,854 3,591 8,429	47,193 7,331 22,066 4,678 13,118	-102 -144 80 -69	7,363 1,362 2,770 901 2,330	567.4 86.6 217.7 82.2 180.9	(P) 2 (P) 1 11	() (P) 0 0 (*)	13,527 3,143 4,922 1,347 4,116	97 0 5 9	8,406 3,131 2,751 327 2,197	1,682 320 758 162 442	992 7 9 2 975	2,290 223 106 357 1,605
OtherFinance, except banking	269,641	26,465	2,657	6,833	87.0	65	12	4,827	(P)	1,645	1,010	1	35
Insurance	110,089	39,106	1,891	2,758	87.2	14	0	3,411	0	2,393	415	0	(*)
Real estate	65,008	10,538	652	802	32.0	1,891	285	53,812	(P)	48,245	4,278	(*)	7
Services Hotels and other lodging places. Business services. Computer and dara processing services. Other business services. Motion pictures, including television tape and film Engineering, architectural, and surveying services.	29,483 6,267 9,454 1,840 7,614 5,454 4,539	18,001 2,373 9,086 1,454 7,632 2,418 1,720	-592 -40 -75 41 -117 -63 -375	5,167 820 2,560 430 2,130 (P) 485	267.1 50.7 144.4 12.1 132.2 (P)	93 32 4 (*) 4 1 (^D)	(P) 0 (*) (*) (*) 0 (P)	14,019 5,023 3,325 869 2,456 1,189	15 (P) 6 1 5 0	8,111 4,412 1,300 537 763 851 319	2,291 1,047 599 211 388 116 64	199 0 71 20 52 4 93	84 1 40 1 39 3 20
Accounting, research, management, and related services. Health services. Other services.	624 664 2,481	568 743 1,092	-21 12 -30	237 386 (^D)	6.5 23.0 (P)	5 1 (P)	1 0 (^a)	302 516 (P)	1 0 (P)	229 507 494	41 26 398	6 0 24	1 6 13
Other industries	28,594 2,770 12,277 5,874 6,403 3,841 5,549 4,157	21,005 1,047 5,558 3,061 2,497 6,675 5,799 1,927	7 -78 373 -31 404 -122 -13 -152	5,344 222 1,144 648 496 1,634 1,988 356	171.3 14.1 26.0 13.0 13.0 39.6 67.9 23.7	(P) 2,546 926 280 646 33 131 (P)	4,535 2 3,915 2,268 1,647 (*)	21,921 2,226 10,240 5,513 4,726 1,426 4,679 3,350	733 (P) 499 (P) (P) (P)	4,816 1,535 173 53 120 427 1,491 1,190	2,115 149 803 364 439 348 399 416	1,136 65 972 447 525 93 5	476 24 328 178 150 79 (P)

D Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.

* Less than \$500,000 or 500 acres.

1. See footnote 1 to table 1.

2. Consists of the gross book value of all commercial buildings and associated land owned by the affiliate that is either used or operated by the affiliate or leased or rented to others. Commercial buildings include apartment buildings, office buildings, brets, motels, and buildings used for wholesale, retail, and services trades (such as shopping centers, recreational facilities, department stores, bank buildings, restaurants, public garages, and automobile service stations).

Table 4.—Selected Data of Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, by Country and Industry of Ultimate Beneficial Owner, 1986

		Millions	of dollars	,		Thousand	s of acres	Millions of dollars			
	Total assets	Sales	Net income	Employee compensa- tion	Thousands of employees	Land owned	Mineral rights owned and leased	Gross property, plant, and equipment	Expendi- tures for new plant and equipment	U.S. merchan- dise exports shipped by affiliates	U.S. merchan- dise imports shipped to affiliates
All countries, all industries	838,039	672,004	2,458	86,492	2,937.9	13,991	52,337	320,215	28,516	49,560	125,732
By country					ļ						
Canada	130,073	83,590	1,164	16,295	609.2	2,817	15,786	72,757	5,842	4,372	7,139
Europe	437,324	346,741	2,923	53,057	1,783.2	8,976	25,117	178,453	14,874	20,577	44,362
Austria Belgium	833	1,992 11,585	(*) 608	112 2,753	3.9 52.5	41 132	<u>ල</u>	270 5,101	44 489	72 101	973 909
Denmark Finland	1,359 1,340	1,938 1,141	-90	405 246	25.4 8.2	7) `ó	767 663	60 45	54 26	346 115
France	32,857	41,919	-186	6,194	177.9	1,315	2,031	18,040	1,332	9,565	4,391
Germany, Federal Republic of	50,186 2,574	62,811 3,186	-27 -35	9,455 859	312.4 25.1	667	861 55	23,391 2,340	2,920 80	2,588 11	14,359 51
Italy	4,663	4,034	-119	390	25.1 10.6	(P) 63	(P)	2,436	228	588	834
Liechtenstein Luxembourg	2,085 (P)	3,516 1,392	-49	604 220	27.7 8.0	615 16	ං ල ල	1,353 655	142 64	11 154	71 450
Netherlands	67,676 933	44,805 920	1,136	6,762	242.4	439		46,117	3,095	1,272	3,608
Norway Spain	352	440	-11 7	40	2.0	(%)	17	368 136	26 21	40 (*)	204 80
Sweden	11,086 76,656	14,413 35,886	152 396	2,215 6,035	74.0 183.0	14 982	(P) 459	3,193 13,369	325 1,131	657 2,329	3,743 3,472
United KingdomOther	137,378	115,342 1,422	1,059	16,550 73	622.9 2.9	3,435 98	7,563 0	59,684 570	4,788 85	3,042	10,119 637
Latin America and Other Western Hemisphere		21,999	-2,174	3,449	128.0	976	3,899	11,233	945	1,245	4,063
South and Central America	10,806	13,082	-97	1,721	50.0	729	193	5,421	502	636	2,706
Brazil	1,428 1,628	487 1,423	50 -48	28 134	.8 4.8	8 277	(P)	70 1.071	10 152	44 56	107 638
Panama Venezuela	3,899 2,042	4,022 5,372	-101 34	1,253 192	34.1 5.2	257 96	12í (P)	2,704 925	204 73	311 35	638 613
Other	1,810	1,779	-33	114	5.1	91	0	652	62	191	(P) (P)
Other Western Hemisphere Bahamas	8,845 839	8,916 1,052	-2,078 -71	1,728	77.9 5.0	247 24	3,706	5,812 533	443 44	609 (P)	1,357
Bermuda Netherlands Antilles	4,367 3,188	4,727 2,879	70 -2,067	439 1,027	45.1 25.0	57 130	3,700	1,279 3,714	107 267	(P) 32	(P) (P) (P) 21
United Kingdom Islands, Caribbean	420	226	-11	50	2.5	33	(*)	264	22	(P) 5	21
Other	31	33	(*)	10	.3	3	0	22	3	1 '	9
Africa	. 80,349 (P)	20,853 18,110	55 624	1,689 1,298	26.7 19.3	123 67	3,483 1,506	8,099 2,470	605 355	520 508	2,217 2,200
Other	· (P)	2,742	-569	391	7.4	56	1,977	5,629	250	12	17
Middle East	. 26,617 1,470	7,648 604	-315 -28	1,612 66	39.5 2.5	540	(%)	12,779 130	916 24	380 96	262 198 27
Kuwait	9,840 1,193	2,015 650	-172 91	367 188	11.0	383 27	(*)	6,893 658	284 35	(P) 50	27
Lebanon	12,279	3,363	-8	712	10.3	116	9	3,803	499	99	27
United Arab Emirates Other	. 787 1,047	163 853	-8 -23 7	22 257	1.0 8.5	3 9	0	799 497	33 41	(P)	7
Asia and Pacific	125,972	182,752	-84	9,640	321.7	533	2,931	35,274	5,135	22,147	67,620
Australia Hong Kong	. 15,069 7,207	7,740 2,484	-48 -105	1,934 450	65.6 18.1	237 113	2,846 (P)	7,444 2,704	509 363	185 53	379 343
Japan Malaysia	98,098 264	166,575 369	96 -3	6,855	220.8	116 17	(P) 59	22,964 134	3,925	21,260 (P)	63,802 56
New Zealand	620 378	590 125	5 -29	101	6.6	2	ŏ	260 329	70 16	5	171
PhilippinesSingapore	. 477	75	-1	5	.2	34	1 0	423	16 78	3	2
South Korea	3,075 546	4,341 408	-13 16	158 (P)	5.1 (P)	2 2	(*)	408 411	109 色 色	609 7	2,801 27
Other	. 238	45	-2	12	.6	5	0	196	ì	(P)	7
United States	. 18,054	8,421	890	751	29.7	26	(9)	1,620	199	319	69
Addenda: European Communities (12) 1	343,927	287,703	2,377	43,640	1,479.8	7,311	24,515	159,132	13,149	17,376	35,151
OPEC 2		14,527	2,377 -728	1,671	36.5	620	(4)	18,060	1,120		1,159
By industry	ŀ		}				1				
Government Individuals, estates, and trusts	. 74,907 92,684	30,007 75,689	-475 646	6,212 9,209	114.1 427.1	1,575 5,800	5,062 1,386	25,302 40,458	1,356 3,796	1,983 6,431	3,835 5,773
Petroleum	. 68,058	44,712 5,098	-75 9	4,492 168	103.8	891 867	29,350	72,341 370	4,299 26	1,101	4,776 909
Agriculture	83,993	23,499	679	2,483	6.8 54.7	596	3,179	8,278	675	916	2,917
Construction Manufacturing	.] 192,130	5,765 234,553	-82 2,357	1,171 38,279	35.6 1,199.0	2,592	(P) (P)	2,291 99,279	271 10,385	30 11,775	66,062 710
Transportation, communication, and public utilities	33,145	9,130 126,213	-448 458	2,774 4,518	87.0 258.5	172 29	658 (P)	7,639 7,802	819 1,332	19,977	36,368
Banking	39,800	23,886 50,020	221 -2,388	849 10,791	24.0 411.1	224 713	133 2,946	1,535 25,209	256 2,099	22	169 3,680
Other finance and insurance	. 147,296	29,619	1,739	3,148	87.3	61	74	7,078	1,169	58	114
Real estate		6,290 7,523	-90 -94	716 1,682	30.8 98.1	411 18	(P)	20,062 2,572	1,847 187	303	61 284

D Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.

* Less than \$500,000 (±) or 500 acres.

Less than \$500,000 (±) consists of Belgium, Denmark, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, and the United Kingdom.

2. OPEC is the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. Its members are Algeria, Ecuador, Gabon, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Nigeria, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates, and Venezuela.

Table 5.—Selected Data of Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, by Country and Industry of Ultimate Beneficial Owner, 1987

	<u> </u>	Millions	of dollars			Thousand	s of acres			Million	s of dollars			
							-	Gross	property, pla					
			31	Employee	Thousands of	Land	Mineral rights		equipment		Expendi- tures for	U.S. merchan-	U.S. merchan-	
	Total assets	Sales	Net income	compensa- tion	employees	owned	owned and leased	Total	<u> </u>	hich: Commer-	new plant and	dise exports shipped by	dise imports shipped to	
!								17	Manufac- turing ¹	cial property ²	equipment	affiliates	affiliates	
All countries, all industries	926,042	731,392	9,859	93,652	3,159.7	13,829	42,531	346,212	124,803	90,886	31,598	47,929	140,617	
By country														
Canada	140,822	89,303	2,028	16,159	590.5 1,903.7	2,090	12,574	73,241 193,091	27,699	23,190	6,335	5,034	7,869 50,445	
Austria.	467,607 771	387,010 1,951	7,128 -7	56,708 99	3.5	8,658 6	24,563 (P)	221	74,943 69	36,850 69	15,508 16	18,021 68	1,192	
Belgium Denmark	43,992 1,412	13,020 2,210	570 -108	2,594 484	62.8 27.2	104 4	711 3	5,895 782	2,059 105	1,541 335	424 60	238 71	642 695	
Finland France	1,343 33,983	1,161 43,519	(*) -85	259 6,085	8.5 183.6	1,293	(P) 2,478	617 19,692	533 11,256	52 3,566	44 1,144	5,385	131 4,284	
Germany, Federal Republic of	58,540 2,630	72,173 3,614	-186 110	11,075 876	363.3 27.6	561	865 54	26,737 1,950	15,610 1,776	4,835 102	3,124 108	3,364 84	16,903 52	
Italy Liechtenstein	6,799 2,381	5,743 3,728	78 -99	473 638	13.1 32.0	(P) 48 660	(*)	2,601 1,479	659 (P)	673 808	172 174	760 28	1,159 92	
Luxembourg	1,595 69,958	1,547 52,057	-25 1,251	260 6,895	12.3 269.5	11 316	(P) (*) 21 (P)	555 47,907	182 (P)	206 6,955	40 3,400	138 1,432	582 4,155	
Norway	1,042	1,056	7	143	4.1	4	0	393	176	167	29	39	260	
Spain Sweden	318 11,734	456 15,422	380	2,349	2.3 77.2	92 (⁰)	0 125	129 4,068	29 2,373	65 451	18 384	643	90 4,324	
Switzerland United Kingdom	73,766 156,223	37,644 130,450	726 4,548	6,262 18,092	183.4 630.1	850 3,442	415 6,236	14,188 65,344	7,787 20,058	3,791 12,786	1,265 5,070	1,928 3,683	4,194 10,950	
Other	1,120	1,260	-42	80	3.1	(P)	0	533	(P)	448	37	119	739	
Latin America and Other Western Hemisphere South and Central America	32,180 13,898	27,150 13,789	-424 -75	3,532 1,773	143.6 52.8	1,707 696	(^D)	10,394 4,949	3,096 2,115	3,544 1,450	919 447	1,637 1,291	5,262 3,887	
Brazil	(P) 1,160	500 1,629	81 -77	52 130	1.7 4.1	18 162	0	140 559	(P) 38	70 327	16 93	22 48	78 720	
Panama Venezuela	3,910 2,601	3,901 6,031	-240 162	1,136 353	30.2 12.5	300 160	* **	2,807 1,045	(P) (P)	566 181	191 92	234 48	565	
Other	(P)	1,727	2	101	4,4	56		398	5	306	56	938	(^D)	
Other Western Hemisphere	18,281 912	13,360 1,093	-349 12	1,759 108	90.7 3.1	1,011	(D) (*)	5,445 458	981 (^b)	2,094 255	472 122	347 (P)	1,375 268	
Bermuda	13,637 3,123	9,660 2,243	-58 -276	797 788	63.0 21.9	(P) 82 (P)	*) (*) (*)	1,760 2,901	(P) 56 (P) 52	697 931	198 145	41 (P)	(^D) (^D) 22	
United Kingdom Islands, Caribbean Other	572 37	334 29	-27 (*)	64	2.6 .1	(2)	0	303 23	52	191 19	(*)	7 14	22 6	
Africa	8,642	5,953	232	830	19.9	101	(^p) 448	8,048	908	343 148	487	494	823	
South AfricaOther	2,975 5,667	3,572 2,382	115 118	450 380	12.2 7.7	(P)	(P)	2,103 5,945	(P) (P)	196	153 333	432 61	756 67	
Middle East	18,024	5,772 390	823	894 59	32.5 2.2	488	(P)	12,242 82	450	8,077	742	245	174 132	
Israel	1,205 10,179	2,233 594	-37 -330 -190	397 163	15.0 5.4	(*) (P)	(P) (*)	7,414 592	16 (P) 140	4,342 201	251 33	(^D) (^D) 31	30 (P)	
Lebanon Saudi Arabia	1,347 3,783	2,135 191	-239 -32	197 21	5.2 1.2	94 1	9	2,796 1,047	9	2,310 996	424	61 4	9	
United Arab Emirates	1,069 442	230	-32 4	57	3.6	(_b)	ŏ	311	(e)	216	15 12	(P)	0	
Asia and Pacific	234,578 21,973	206,059 10,695	566 -44	14,537 2,351	434.1 90.0	735 282	1,885 1,695	46,866 8,825	16,342 1,990	18,316 1,475	7,299 874	22,353 215	75,973 485	
Hong Kong	8,007 195,773	3,033 182,327	-44 484	581 10,710	23.6 284.6	249 104	1,000	2,127 31,325	330 12,169	1,413 13,462	208 5,589	35 20,838	407 71,092	
Malaysia	333 2,968	417 2,356	92	(P) 508	(P) 23.5	8	0 (P)	152 2,334	952	95 962	13 135	5. 41	54 171	
Philippines Singapore	297 574	125 71	-21 -16	15 12	.7 .7	(P) 3 29	`ó	292 498	19 15	232 397	15 134	8	16 10	
South Korea Taiwan	3,863 582	6,278 (P)	23 (P)	209 (P)	5.9 (P)	2	(ř) (*)	720 (P)	438 (^D)	108 52	302 (P)	1,069 (P)	3,697	
Other	209	(%)	(%)	`8	`.ś	(ല്)	`ó	(%)	ί	119	(e)	(%	(P)	
United States	24,189	10,145	1,150	993	35.5	51	12	2,329	1,366	566	308	146	71	
Addenda: European Communities (12) 3	376,065	324,942	6,113	46,900	1,592.7	7,004	23,976	172,016	63,583	31,460	13,590	15,157	39,513	
OPEC 4By industry	23,003	13,404	-311	1,289	41.7	646	2,905	17,854	849	7,927	964	974	2,308	
Government	35,809	27,408	-216	3,855	102.2	1,564	4,809	25,326	5,409	7,119	1,462	1,368	4,599	
Individuals, estates, and trusts Petroleum	98,850 70,724	82,821 51,954	418 3,635	9,307 4,883	466.2 118.6	5,961 604	1,341 20,642	42,174 75,314	6,515 12,978	24,383 3,495	3,876 3,587	5,747 1,167	7,518 5,246	
Agriculture	717 14,331	2,083 10,982	48 1,107	114 1,765	6.1 50.2	95 808	17 3,431	9,323	19 4,134	268 342	33 817	252 1,042	1,728	
Construction Manufacturing	6,027 246,421	7,058 294,047	-31 3,627	1,519 46,557	40.3 1,438.7	(P) 2,994	37 (P)	3,090 122,790	715 88,571	1,269 10,865	613 13,626	61 15,164	70 85,291	
Transportation, communication, and public utilities Wholesale and retail trade	15,853 40,709	11,808 132,344	-158 89	3,519 5,737	105.7 327.9	199 202	704 444	11,309 10,208	1,693 937	4,319 5,423	1,124 1,344	486 21,632	888 32,982	
Banking Holding companies	119,481 11,890	33,337 12,091	350 (*)	3,109 2,619	29.8 90.8	189 409	122 106	1,576 5,567	21 2,273	623 1,988	265 496	5 734	69 1,451	
Other finance and insurance	219,433 29,711	47,018 5,943	1,090 -52	6,685 788	169.2 37.6	141 297	62 (P) (P)	10,394 24,010	1,150 10	6,140 22,530	853 2,803	130 0	403 6	
Services	16,083	12,497	-50	3,194	176.4	(P)	(P)	4,701	378	2,123	698	141	(D)	

D Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.
Less than \$500,000 (±) or 500 acres.
See footnote 1 to table 1.
See footnote 2 to table 3.
See footnote 1 to table 4.
See footnote 2 to table 4.

Text continues from p. 117.

The data in this article, like the estimates in earlier articles based on data from BEA's annual surveys of foreign direct investment, cover the financial structure and operations of nonbank U.S. affiliates. Data collected in the benchmark survey on banks and on transactions and positions between U.S. affiliates and their foreign parents will be available next year when final results of the benchmark survey are published.³

The concepts and definitions underlying the 1987 benchmark survey data are essentially the same as those used for BEA's annual surveys and for the 1980 benchmark survey. For most items, the 1987 benchmark survey data are comparable to estimates derived from the annual surveys for earlier years; the few differences are discussed in the technical note. Changes in the presentation of the data and in

Table 6.—Sales of Goods and Services by Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, by Industry of Affiliate and Country of Ultimate Beneficial Owner, 1987

[Millions of dollars]

			Services								
						To foreig	n persons		Invest-		
	Total	Goods	Total	To U.S. persons	Total _.	To the foreign parent group	To foreign affili- ates	To other foreign- ers	ment income 1		
All industries, all countries	731,392	621,848	90,764	87,256	3,508	1,492	229	1,787	18,780		
By industry											
Petroleum	74,494	71,558	2,930	2,418	512	209	127	176	6		
Manufacturing indired products Food and kindred products Chemicals and allied products Primary and fabricated metals Machinery Other manufacturing	27,138 38,791	216,427 22,038 69,175 26,646 37,819 60,749	4,204 383 1,063 490 964 1,303	3,950 381 1,014 454 827 1,273	254 2 49 36 137 30	194 (*) 25 30 133 6	24 2 19 0 2 2	35 (*) 5 5 3 22	72 3 0 2 7 60		
Wholesale trade Retail trade Finance, except banking Insurance Real estate	273,887 47,193 26,465 39,106 10,538	272,764 46,823 59 130 95	957 361 13,925 32,988 10,408	837 348 12,951 32,798 10,394	120 13 974 190 14	112 13 373 94 4	5 0 2 3 0	3 (*) 599 93 10	166 8 12,481 5,987 35		
Services	2,373	1,126 106 277 7 270	16,861 2,261 8,802 1,447 7,355	15,989 2,168 8,616 1,387 7,228	873 93 186 59 127	444 36 137 37 99	67 0 0 0 0	362 56 50 22 28	14 7 7 0 7		
film	2,418	(P)	(P)	(P)	30	6	0	24	0		
services	1,720	118	1,603	1,103	500	225	67	208	0		
Accounting, research, management, and related services	743	9 40 (^D)	559 703 (⁰)	531 695 (^D)	28 9 27	18 5 17	0 0 0	11 3 10	0 0 0		
Other industries. Agriculture, forestry, and fishing	1,047 5,558 6,675 5,799	12,866 1,030 5,419 6,285 48 84	8,129 17 140 389 5,751 1,832	7,571 16 139 369 5,258 1,789	559 (*) 1 21 493 43	49 (*) (*) 2 41 5	(*) 0 (*) 0 0	509 (*) (*) 19 451 38	11 (*) 0 0 0 0		
By country				}							
Canada Europe Of which:		68,018 334,228	18,382 43,814	17,864 42,107	518 1,707	107 782	144 13	266 912	2,903 8,968		
France	72,173 52,057 37,644	40,889 68,004 45,483 27,678 107,518	2,313 3,689 5,679 7,061 20,256	2,204 3,411 5,556 6,911 19,539	109 278 123 150 717	58 212 16 113 282	(*) 1 0 0 7	51 65 107 37 429	317 480 895 2,904 2,676		
Latin America and Other Western Hemisphere	5,953 5,772 206,059 10,695	22,935 5,502 2,400 186,060 6,820 167,697	3,064 426 (P) 15,776 3,779 10,984	2,952 (P) (P) 15,180 3,610 10,625	112 (P) 544 596 168 360	63 (*) (P) 265 19 201	3 0 67 2 1	47 (°) (°) 330 148 159	1,150 26 (P) 4,224 96 3,646		
United States	1	2,705	(P)	(P)	(P)	(P)	0	(P)	(P)		

D Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companie * Less than \$500,000.

the coverage and methodology of the benchmark survey are also discussed in the technical note.

The remainder of this article first analyzes information from the benchmark survey that either has not been available before or has not been available since the previous benchmark survey in 1980, then reviews changes in affiliate employment, and finally discusses the share of the U.S. economy accounted for by U.S. affiliates in 1987. More detailed results of the benchmark survey and the annual surveys for prior years are available in separate publications (see page 140).

Expansion of Information

Some data items were collected for the first time in the 1987 benchmark survey. Other items were collected in previous benchmark surveys, but not in the annual surveys for nonbenchmark years. This section discusses some of the new information—that is, affiliates' sales of goods and of services, sales of services to U.S. persons and to affiliated or unaffiliated foreigners, and manufacturing employment by State. It also discusses information that has not been available since the 1980 benchmark survey—that is, employment by industry of sales, commercial property of affiliates, and U.S. merchandise trade by destination or origin and by product.

Sales of services

The 1987 benchmark survey collected, for the first time, affiliates' sales (or gross operating revenues) disaggregated into goods, services, and investment income and sales of services further disaggregated into those to U.S. persons or to affiliated or unaffiliated foreigners.⁴ The data were col-

Information on investment income was collected primarily to ensure that, if such factor income was included in total sales (or gross operating revenues), it would not be included in sales of services. In finance and insurance, affiliates include investment income in sales because it is generated by a primary activity of the affiliate. In most other industries, affiliates consider investment income an incidental revenue source and include it in the income statement in a separate "other income" category.

^{3.} The data on financial structure and operations of U.S. affiliates cover the affiliates' overall operations. They include data on U.S. affiliates' balance sheets; income statements; external financial position; property, plant, and equipment; employment and employee compensation; U.S. merchandise trade; technology; and

U.S. land owned and leased. The data on transactions and positions between U.S. affiliates and their foreign parents are the source of the official estimates of direct investment that enter the U.S. international transactions accounts and the U.S. international investment position. These estimates cover the foreign direct investment position in the United States, direct investment capital flows between foreign parents and their U.S. affiliates, payments of income by U.S. affiliates to their foreign parents, and royalties and license fees and other services transactions between U.S. affiliates and their foreign parents.

^{1.} Includes only investment income included in sales (or gross operating revenues). See text.

^{4.} Future annual surveys will also collect this information.

For purposes of distributing sales into goods, services, and investment income, "services" are defined as activities characteristic of the following industries: The "services" division of the Standard Industrial Classification (and BEA's international surveys industry (ISI) classification) system, petroleum services, finance (except banking), insurance, real estate, agricultural services, mining services, transportation, communications, and public utilities. An affiliate need not be classified in one of these industries to have sales of services. For example, sales of services by affiliates classified in manufacturing were almost \$4 billion.

lected as part of a broader BEA dataimprovement effort for services.

In 1987, of U.S. affiliates' total sales of \$731 billion, goods accounted for \$622 billion, services for \$91 billion, and investment income for \$19 billion (table 6). Of total sales of services, \$87 billion, or 96 percent, were to U.S. persons and \$4 billion were to foreigners. Most sales of services to foreigners were either to the foreign parent group or to "other" foreigners (\$1 billion and \$2 billion, respectively); sales to foreign affiliates of U.S. affiliates were small.5

By industry, over one-third (\$33 billion) of affiliates' total sales of services were by affiliates in insurance. Affiliates in "services" and finance (except banking) also had substantial sales of services-\$17 billion and \$14 billion,

respectively. In "services," over onehalf (\$9 billion) of the total was by affiliates in business services, particularly advertising.

By country of UBO, sales of services by affiliates with UBO's in the United Kingdom, at \$20 billion, and in Canada, at \$18 billion, were largest almost twice those by affiliates with UBO's in Japan, which ranked third. For affiliates with UBO's in the United Kingdom, sales of services were largest in insurance and business services. For those with UBO's in Canada, sales of services were largest in insurance. For affiliates with UBO's in Japan, they were largest in finance (except banking).

Employment by industry of sales

In most tables by industry in this article, classification is by "industry of affiliate." On this basis, the affiliate's primary industry—that is, the industry that accounts for the largest portion of the affiliate's sales—is determined, and all data are shown in that industry even if the affiliate has activities in secondary industries. For two items-

sales and employment—data from the benchmark survey are also available by "industry of sales." On this basis, sales and the associated employment in secondary industries are shown in those industries rather than in the affiliate's primary industry.6

Table 7 compares employment by industry of sales with employment by

Employment and sales disaggregated by industry of sales were collected in the 1980 benchmark survey, but not in the annual surveys. Future annual surveys, how-

ever, will collect these data.

Affiliate employment classified by industry of sales should approximate that classified by industry of establishment (plant). This is because an affiliate that has an establishment in an industry usually also has sales in that industry. However, if one establishment of an affliate provides all of its output to another establishment of the affiliate, the affiliate will not have sales in the industry of the first establishment. For example, if an affiliate operates both a metal mine and a metal manufacturing plant and if the entire output of the mine is used by the manufacturing plant, all of the affiliate's sales will be in metal manufacturing and none in metal mining. When the mining employees are distributed by industry of sales, they would be classified in manufacturing. When the mining employees are distributed by industry of establishment, they would be in mining, not in manufacturing.

Table 7.—Employment by Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, by Industry of Sales and by Industry of Affiliate, 1987

	Thousa	nds of en	ployees			Thousa	nds of em	ployees	
	By indus- try of sales	By indus- try of affili- ate	Differ- ence	Per- cent differ- ence		By indus- try of sales	By indus- try of affili- ate	Differ- ence	Per- cent differ- ence
All industries	3,159.7	3,159.7	0	0					
Petroleum Petroleum and coal products manufacturing.	63.9	116.6 85.8 30.8	-20.5 -21.9 1.4	-18 -26 5	Wholesale trade	271.5 43.4 32.3 12.9	313.7 71.7 28.5 24.4	-42.2 -28.3 3.8 -11.5	-13 -39 13 -47
Manufacturing	1,335.3	1,517.5	-182.2	-12	Electrical goods	43.4 38.4	47.2 32.9	-3.8	-8 17
Food and kindred products	26.1 116.5	146.3 38.6 107.7	-3.6 -12.5 8.8	-2 -32 8	Machinery, equipment, and supplies Other durable goods Groceries and related products Farm-product raw materials Other nondurable goods	25.8 20.8 15.3 39.1	26.8 23.3 19.1 39.7	5.5 -1.0 -2.5 -3.8 6	-4 -11 -20 -2
Chemicals and allied products	120.2 49.6 22.9	386.5 249.7 70.6 37.3 28.9	-145.9 -129.5 -21.0 -14.4 19.0	-38 -52 -30 -39 66	Retail trade. General merchandise stores	617.2 124.3 229.8	567.4 86.6 217.7	49.8 37.7 12.1	9 44 6
Other Primary and fabricated metals Primary metal industries	144.2 87.2	157.2 82.2	-13.0 5.0	-8 6	Apparel and accessory stores	81.2 181.9	82.2 180.9	-1.0 1.0	-1 1
Ferrous	36.6	41.0 41.2 75.0	9.6 -4.6 -18.0	23 -11 -24	Finance, except banking	80.7 79.5	87.0 87.2	-6.3 -7.7	_7 _9
Machinery Machinery, except electrical	311.8	321.6 104.2	-9.8 14.1	-3 14	Real estate	31.5	32.0	5	-2
Office and computing machines	29.3 88.9	35.6 68.5	-6.3 20.4	-18 30	Services	305.2 51.9	267.1 50.7	38.1 1.2	. 14
Electric and electronic equipment	71.6	217.4 93.3 41.3	-23.9 -21.7 10.3	-11 -23 25	Business services	155.8 20.0	144.4 12.1	11.4 7.9	8 65
Other	70.3	82.8	-12.5	-15	Other business services Motion pictures, including television tape and film	135.7 12.2 15.0	132.2 (^D) 11.9	3.5 (P) 3.1	3 (⁰) 26
Other manufacturing	36.4 23.3 43.9	505.9 37.0 13.6 44.7	-9.8 6 9.7 8	-2 -2 71 -2	Accounting, research, management, and related services Health services Other services	20.9 24.1 25.2	6.5 23.0 (P)	14.4 1.1 (^D)	222 5 (P)
Printing and publishing	19.8 56.8	82.3 16.7 65.5 20.5	-5.6 3.1 -8.7 2.1	-7 19 -13 10	Other industries Agriculture, forestry, and fishing Mining	196.3 17.7 43.9	171.3 14.1 26.0	25.0 3.6 17.9	15 26 69
Miscellaneous plastics products Stone, clay, and glass products Transportation equipment	31.4 72.4 65.1	27.7 85.9 54.8	3.7 -13.5 10.3	13 -16 19	Coal Other. Construction Transportation	21.9 21.9 42.2 80.2	13.0 13.0 39.6 67.9	8.9 8.9 2.6 12.3	68 68 7 18
Motor vehicles and equipment Other transportation equipment Instruments and related products	55.1 10.1	34.3 20.5 63.4 76.2	20.8 -10.4 10.3 -25.5	61 -51 16 -33	Communication and public utilities	12.3 146.3	23.7	-11.4	-48

survey had to specify their eight largest sales categories and U.S. affiliates that filed the short form had to specify their three largest sales categories. Sales in all unspecified industries combined are shown in this line.

^{5.} The foreign parent group consists of (1) the foreign parent, (2) any foreign person, proceeding up the foreign parent's ownership chain, that owns more than 50 percent of the person below it, up to and including the UBO, and (3) any foreign person, proceeding down the ownership chain(s) of each of these members, that is owned more than 50 percent by the person above it. A foreign affiliate is a foreign business in which the U.S affiliate has a 10-percent or more ownership interest.

^{6.} Both employment and sales were required to be disaggregated by BEA's ISI classification system. In general, the detail in the ISI classification is roughly equivalent to the three-digit level in the Standard Industrial Classification system.

D Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.

 In the breakdown of sales by industry of sales, U.S. affiliates that filed the long form in the benchmark

industry of affiliate. Employment is higher by industry of sales than by industry of affiliate in retail trade, services, and "other" industries. In "other" industries, most of the difference is in mining and transportation. Employment by industry of sales is significantly lower in petroleum, manufacturing, and wholesale trade, mainly because affiliates classified in these industries have substantial employment in other industries (such as retail trade and services). Although employment was lower by industry of sales than by industry of affiliate for manufacturing as a whole, it was significantly higher in some industries within manufacturing. For example, in motor vehicle manufacturing, employment was 55,000 by industry of sales, but only 34,000 by industry of affiliate. It was higher by industry of sales because several affiliates classified in motor vehicle wholesale trade had motor vehicle manufacturing operations. These affiliates are classified in wholesale trade because most of their sales result from the wholesale distribution of imported cars rather than from sales of cars they manufactured in the United States. When classified by industry of affiliate, the manufacturing employees and the other employees of these affiliates all appear in wholesale trade. When classified by industry of sales, the manufacturing employees appear in manufacturing.

Table 8 shows employment by industry of sales cross-classified by country of UBO. For some countries, the industry distribution of employment in this table differs significantly from that in table 17, which shows employment by industry of affiliate cross-classified by country of UBO. For example, when classified by industry of sales, employment by affiliates with UBO's in the United Kingdom is significantly lower in manufacturing and significantly higher in retail trade and services. In contrast, employment by af-

filiates with UBO's in Japan is higher in manufacturing and lower in wholesale trade when classified by industry of sales.

Manufacturing employment by State

The benchmark survey, for the first time, collected a breakdown of affiliates' manufacturing employment by State. Manufacturing employees in a given State are employees on the payroll of manufacturing plants located in the State, including employees in central administrative offices and auxiliary units that primarily serve these plants.

Table 9 shows affiliates' manufacturing employment by State cross-classified by country of UBO.⁹ Total manufacturing employment was 1,233,000, of which one-third was accounted for by five States: California (120,000), Pennsylvania (82,000), New York (71,000), North Carolina (69,000), and Ohio (68,000).

By country of UBO, manufacturing employment was largest for affiliates with UBO's in the United Kingdom (282,000), Canada (193,000), and Germany (164,000). For each country, employment was concentrated in a few States. Affiliates with Japanese UBO's had the most concentrated employment—over one-half of their manufacturing employment was in five States (California, Michigan, Illinois, Ohio, and Tennessee). Affiliates with Canadian UBO's had the least concentrated employment-onethird of their manufacturing employment was in five States (North Carolina, Pennsylvania, New York, Tennessee, and California).

Commercial property

The benchmark survey indicates that the value of U.S. commercial property owned by U.S. affiliates, a measure of foreign ownership of U.S. real estate, was \$91 billion in 1987 (table 10). By State, almost 45 percent of the total was in three States—California (\$17 billion), New York (\$13 billion), and Texas (\$10 billion). Affiliates' commercial property holdings in Texas were twice as large as those in Florida (\$5 billion), which ranked next in size. 10

By country of UBO, affiliates with UBO's in Canada had by far the largest holdings of commercial property—\$23 billion. Affiliates with UBO's in Japan and the United Kingdom followed, with \$13 billion each.

Compared with other affiliates, the commercial property holdings of affiliates with UBO's in Japan were particularly concentrated; three States (California, New York, and Hawaii) accounted for over 78 percent of their holdings. By comparison, holdings of affiliates with UBO's in Canada and the United Kingdom were less concentrated; the three largest States (California, New York, and Texas, in both cases) accounted for 43 percent and 36 percent, respectively, of these affiliates' holdings.

Merchandise trade by country of destination or origin and by product

In addition to data on U.S. affiliates' merchandise trade by industry of affiliate and country of UBO, the benchmark survey collected data on such trade by country of destination or origin and by product.¹¹

In 1987, U.S. affiliates had U.S. merchandise exports of \$48 billion and U.S. merchandise imports of \$141 billion (table 11). Most imports—69 percent—were goods for resale without further processing.

^{7.} Employment by industry of sales may also be lower because not all employment had to be specified by industry of sales. Large affiliates were required to disaggregate their employment into the eight industries in which their sales were largest, and some of these affiliates had sales in more than eight industries. Similarly, small affiliates were required to disaggregate their employment into the three industries in which their sales were largest, but they may have had sales in other industries. In addition, for affiliates with sales in more than one industry, employees in central administrative offices that were not associated with particular industries of sales may have been included in the unspecified category. Unspecified employment was 146,000, or 5 percent of total employment by affiliates. Affiliates classified in manufacturing had 100,000 unspecified employees, most of whom were likely to have been in manufacturing industries other than those specified.

^{8.} In past benchmark and annual surveys, only total employment was collected by State. Future annual surveys, however, will collect both total and manufacturing employment by State.

^{9.} Total affiliate manufacturing employment in table 9 differs from total affiliate manufacturing employment when classified by industry of sales, which is shown in tables 7 and 8. In table 9, total manufacturing employment consists only of employees on the payroll of manufacturing plants, whereas in tables 7 and 8, it includes some nonmanufacturing employees (see footnote 6). Also, total manufacturing employment includes petroleum refining employees in table 9, but in tables 7 and 8, it excludes them. Affiliates' manufacturing employment in table 9 is defined to be consistent with data on total manufacturing employment by State.

Tables in other BEA publications show affiliate employment by State cross-classified by industry of affiliate. The data in table 9 give a better indication of the number of manufacturing employees in a State than the data in those tables. In table 9, the manufacturing employees shown are those actually engaged in manufacturing in the State, regardless of the industry classification of the affiliate. In the other BEA tables, all employees of a U.S. affiliate in the State are shown in the single industry in which the affiliate is classified, based on its U.S. operations as a whole, even if some of the employees are in other industries.

^{10.} Similar data on commercial property of affiliates were collected in the 1980 benchmark survey, but not in the annual surveys. However, future annual surveys will collect these data.

Commercial property is the gross book value of commercial buildings and associated land owned by the affiliate. This property may be either used or operated by the affiliate or leased or rented to others. Commercial buildings include apartment buildings, office buildings, hotels, motels, and buildings used for wholesale, retail, and services trades (such as shopping centers, recreational facilities, department stores, bank buildings, restaurants, public garages, and automobile service stations).

^{11.} Data on merchandise trade by industry of affiliate and country of UBO are also available from the annual surveys. Data on merchandise trade by destination or origin and by product are only available in benchmark surveys.

Table 8.—Employment by Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, Industry of Sales by Country of Ultimate Beneficial Owner, 1987 [Thousands of employees]

	1				Eur	оре	•	· · · ·	Latin			As	ia and Pac	ific	
	1					Of which:			Amer-				Of u	hich:	
	All coun- tries	Canada	Total	France	Germa- ny, Federal Repub- lic of	Nether- lands	Swit- zerland	United King- dom	Other West- ern Hemi- sphere	Africa	Middle East	Total	Austra- lia	Japan	United States
All industries	3,159.7	590.5	1,903.7	183.6	363.3	269.5	183.4	630.1	143.6	19.9	32.5	434.1	90.0	284.6	35.5
Petroleum Petroleum and coal products manufacturing Other	63.9	13.4 (P) (P)	64.0 51.2 12.8	6.5 1.9 4.6	.5 .2 .3	(P) (P) 1.4	.3 0 .3	28.4 23.4 5.1	11.6 (P) (P)	3.4 0 3.4	1.9 0 1.9	1.6 .2 1.4	1.0 0 1.0	. 6 .2 .4	(*) .2
Manufacturing	1,335.3	214.1	885.1	100.6	179.1	78.0	96.7	310.2	45.8	7.7	8.3	158.6	31.8	100.3	15.8
Food and kindred products		19.8	108.3 14.6	8.4	2.1 .1	(P) (P) (P)	33.8 (P)	43.6	.8	.4 0	.4 0	6.3	1.2 (P)	3.1	6.6 6.6
Other	116.5	00	93.7	(9)	1.9		(P)	7.5 36.0	.8	.4	.4	(P) (P)	(A)	.5 2.7	0
Chemicals and allied products		53.2 (Φ)	170.8 74.0	12.5 10.3	56.4 33.8	19.1 5.6	31,0 5.5	43.0 15.7	4.8 0	(P)	(P)	9.6 (^D)	.9 .5	7.2 2.4	(*)
Drugs	49.6	(P)	41.6 20.5	(P) (*) (P)	7.0 3.7	(P) (P) (P)	5.5 17.2 4.9	13.0 4.3	(P) (*)	`ó 0	(P) (*)	2.3	0.3	7.2 2.4 3.2 .2 1.4	0
Other	47.9	(Þ)	34.6		11.9		3.4	10.0	(P)	.2	0	(P) 2.5	(*)		0
Primary and fabricated metals	144.2	27.1 17.7	63.6 34.3	13.8 11.4	13.8 5.6	2.7 .5	3.7 (P)	18.5 9.4	<u>ම</u> ලල	<u>ල</u>	3.5 (P)	28.6 23.7	7.4 5.6	18.5 16.7	(P) (P) (P)
Ferrous	50.6	4.4 13.3	20.5 13.8	(P) (P) 2.4	3.1 2.5 8.2	0.5	(P) 0 (P)	2.4 7.0	(e) (*)	(^D).4	⊕ ⊕0	17.8 5.8	(P) (P)	16.0 .7	(P)
Fabricated metal products		9.4	29.3	2.4	8.2	2.2	(%)	9.1	(%)	.2	(P)	5.0	`í.7	1.8	(*)
Machinery	311.8	32.5 12,2	229.0 85.2	31.6 12.9	41.1 14.9	37.4 (P)	10.8 4.5	65.4 26.1	8.0 (P)	.9 .8	1.8 (P)	38.3 13.8	2.6	33.4 12.4	1.2
Office and computing machines	29.3	2.8 9.4	22.0 63.1	(P) (P) 18.7	1.5	4.2	0 4.5	4.5 21.6	1.5	0.8	0	3.0 10.8	0	2.3 10.0	0
OtherElectric and electronic equipment	193.5	20.3	143.9	18.7	26.2	00000	6.4	39.3	<u>ම</u>	(*) 0	(P) (*)	24.5	e) (*)	21.0	1,1
Audio, video, and communications equipment Electronic components and accessories	51.6	<u>ම</u>	45.0 36.0	(P) (P) 2.5	3.7 12.4	(0)	(P) .6	12.5 10.7	(e) .6	(*) 0	(P)	6.4 12.0	(P)	6.0 10.0	(*) 1.1
Other	1	1.3	62.8		10.1		(P)	16.1	(*)		0	6.1	.9	5.1	(*)
Other manufacturing		81.5 5.4	313.4 21.7	34.4 .5 .7	65.7 4.9	(P) .5	17.4 1.1	139.8 12.9	(P) 2.2	1.9 0	(P) 0	75.7 7.1	19.7 (*)	38.0 2.8	(P) 0
Lumber, wood, furniture, and fixtures	23.3	3.7 8.1	14.6 31.3	.7 .6	5.1 1.3	(P)	.5 .9	4.4 7.5	(P) .2	0 (*)	(P)	4.1 3.2	.3	.5 3.2	(P)
Printing and publishing	76.7	35.6	33.7	(*)	10.4	1.1	2.3	15.6	1.5	(*) 0 0	<u>ಅ</u>	9	(P) (P)	.2	.4
NewspapersOther	56.8	16.0 19.6	.8 32.9	(*)	0 10.4	0 1.1	0 2.3	.8 14.8	1.5	Ó	0	(P) (P) 2.4	2.2	(*) 1	.4
Rubber products	31.4	(P) 10.4	16.9 17.0	4.0 1.9	(P) 2.8	.2 (P)	.6 .4	1.1 8.3	0 .7	0 (*)	0	(P) 3.2	(P) .9	(^D) 1.3	0
Stone, clay, and glass products	72.4	4.1 4.2	51.2 42.0	11.5 10.0	3.8 13.9	1.2	3.8 .5	27.2 14.5	(P)	(*) (*) (*)	l n l	10.0 17.3	4.2 0	2.3 16.6	(*)
Motor vehicles and equipment	55.1	3.7	34.2	(P)	13.7	(*) 0	.4	9.9	(*)	.2 (P)	(P) 0	16.9	0	100	
Other transportation equipment Instruments and related products	73.7	(P)	7.8 50.5	(P) (P) (P)	12.1	(*)	(*) 5.3	4.6 30.0	(*) 7.2	(^D)	(^D) 1	7.6	0 (*)	(*) 4.9	(*)
Other	50.7	1.3	34.6	(P)	(P)	(P)	2.1	18.3	1.7	(*)	0	13.2	8.0	(P)	0
Wholesale trade	. 43.4	18.3	156.4 21.2	22.8 (°)	35.1 7.3 7.2 1.3	20.0	10.0 (*)	42,4 3.3	6.5	2.9	2.9 2.1	84.3 15.9	3.1 .2	76.4 15.0	0.3
Professional and commercial equipment and supplies	32.3	2.9 1.1	21.2 8.9 7.4	.3 .5 1.0	7.2	(*) (*) .7	.4	.4	(*) (*)	(P)	(*) .3	20.5 2.9	0	20.4 2.8	ŏ
Metals and minerals, except petroleum	43.4	(°)	20.7	1.0	4.0	(P)	.3	2.8 2.9	.6 .3	6. (^م)	(*)	21.1	(*) 0	20.1	0
Machinery, equipment, and supplies Other durable goods	25.8	1.3 1.9	28.1 17.2	2.5 1.2	4.5 2.2	.6	2.7 2.0	8.6 8.9	.3 .7 .3	(*).4	.3 .1	7.5 6.3	(*) (P)	7.1 3.5 1.0	0.1
Groceries and related products	20.8	4.8	13.3 12.2	.9 9.5	2.2 (P) (*) (P)	1.0	.3 1.4	5.2 .8	.4 .1	(*) (*)	(*) 0	7.5 6.3 2.2 2.7	(*) (*) (*) (*)	1.0 2.7	(*)
Other nondurable goods		(P) T	27.2	(P)	(%)	(*) 3.2	2.8	9.3	ලා ි	(o)	(*)	5.2	(9)	3.8	.1
Retail trade	617.2	179.1	394.0	12.8	98.6	110.9	13.2	99.0	9.2	.5 0	4.4	29.9	7.4	8.9	.1
General merchandise stores	229.8	(P) 26.3	72.3 193.7	(*)	(*) 85.3	(P) (P) (P)	ල) 0	(P) 31.8	(P) .6	0	(P) (*)	8.2 9.2	0 (P)	.8 2.3	0
Apparel and accessory stores		31.3 (P)	44.9 83.2	.1 9.1	(*) 13.1	(P) 22.9	(P) 1.1	(^D) 28.8	(P)	0 .5	(P) .6	2.1 10.4	(e) (e) (e)	.1 5.7	0 .1
Finance, except banking	80.7	4.4	30.4	.7	.6	.7	(P)	11.5	3.7	.9	(*)	41.1	.3	39.1	.2
Insurance	1	8.6	53.1		2.7	14.3	11.5	23.8	1.1	0	(*)	(P)			İ
	1	}		.1	l .								.2	.3	(P)
Real estate	1	16.4	6.1	.4	.9	1.2	.4	2,2	.7	(*)	1.8	6.5	1.5	4.0	(*)
Services	305.2 51.9	41.3 2.9	149.4 21.3	16.2 1.7	8.4 .3	3.6 .6	37.1 (^D)	53.8 5.7	(P) 1.9	.7 .6	(P) 4.9	(^D) 19.7	12.7 .2	31.5 14.6	(P) .6
Business services Computer and data processing services	155.8	(P) 2.2 (P) (P) 2.6	80.0 14.0	8.3 6.2 2.1	.3 ,2 ,2	2.3 .3	(P) 4.0	27.5 2.9	(P) .7	0	.9 (*)	21.3	(P)2	11.6	(P) 2.4
Other business services	135.7	9	66 1	2.1		2.0 0	(P)	24.6	(P) .2	0	9.0	20.5 2.7	Øι	.5 11.1	(P)
Motion pictures, including television tape and film Engineering, architectural, and surveying services	15.0	2.6	(P) 9.1	(*) 2.6 .7	1.7	.6	0	3.2	(*)	0	(*)	(D)	6	.1 .4 .5	(b) (*)
Accounting, research, management, and related services	. 24.1	2.4 (^D) 4.1	17.2 (P) 13.4	.7 1.3 1.7	(6)	(*)	9.8 0	4.9 2.1	.1 .1	(*)	0	.9 (*) 7.2	(*) (*)	0	0.2
Other services	25.2	4.1	13.4	1.7	.2	(*)	.4	10.3	.4	0	.3	7.2	`.3	4.3	0
Other industries	. 196.3	53.1 1.0	81.2 8.2	14.9 1.9	17.3	5.6	3.6	28.6	(P) 6.5	1.4	(P) 1	45.8	31.5	11.5	0
Mining	. 43.9	17.2	20.0	1.4	1.3 2.7	.4 2.3	.7 .2 .2	3.2 10.4	(2)	(P) (P)	.1 .5	(P) 5.2 1.5	(P)	1.6	0
Coal Other	. 21.9	10.6 6.5	9.1 10.9	(*) 1.3 8.7	9	.5 1.8 1.3 1.7	.2 (*)	5.4 5.0	(O)	.3 (^p)	.5 0	3.8	2.7	0 .3	0
Construction Transportation	. 42.2	3.3 25.6	29.0 20.2	8.7 .6	11.2 2.1	1.3	(*) 2.0 .6	4.2 9.6	(P) 1.8	(P) (P) .1	(P) 2.3	7.1 30.3	3.2 22.9	3.2 6.4	ŏ
Communication and public utilities		6.1	3.9	2.3	(*)	0	.2	1.1	0	0,1	(P)	(^p)	(P)	(*)	ő
Unspecified 1	. 146.3	42.0	84.1	8.5	20.2	(^D)	(P)	30.1	4.5	2.4	.3	12.8	.5	11.8	.3
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Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.
 Less than 50 employees.
 See footnote 1 to table 7.

Affiliates' exports to Japan were over five times as large as those to any other country and accounted for 41 percent of all affiliate exports. Affiliates' imports from Japan were over four times as large as those from any other country and accounted for almost one-half of all affiliate imports. A large portion of this trade was accounted for by Japanese-owned wholesale trade affiliates, which primarily distribute products produced by others. Thus, a significant part of these affiliates' exports consists of products of other U.S. businesses that are purchased by

the affiliate and resold abroad; similarly, a significant part of their imports consists of products for resale in the United States without further processing.

After Japan, the next most important destinations of exports were Canada (\$4 billion) and the United Kingdom (\$3 billion); for imports, the next most important countries of origin were Germany (\$16 billion) and Canada (\$8 billion). For most countries, U.S. affiliates' imports from a country significantly exceeded their exports to that country.

By product, U.S. affiliates' exports of food were \$10 billion, one-fifth of their total exports. Exports of chemicals and machinery were also large—\$8 billion and \$7 billion, respectively. For affiliates' imports, by far the largest categories were road vehicles and parts (\$48 billion) and machinery (\$34 billion).

Changes in Employment

This section discusses changes in affiliate operations in 1987 based on changes in employment. Employment

Table 9.—Manufacturing Employment by Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, State by Country of Ultimate Beneficial Owner, 1987
[Thousands of employees]

					Eur	ope			Latin			A	sia and Pacif	ic	
	All					Of which:			America and		Middle		Of w	hich:	United
	countries	Canada	Total	France	Germany, Federal Republic of	Nether- lands	Switzer- land	United Kingdom	Other Western Hemi- sphere	Africa	East	Total	Australia	Japan	States
Total	1,233.4	193.3	820.0	97.5	164.4	86.0	82.0	282.1	47.5	7.3	7.6	144.1	25.4	93.7	13.5
New England: Connecticut Maine Massachusetts New Hampshire Rhode Island Vermont	24.2 5.4 30.5 7.0 6.9	1.9 1.6 4.8 1.5 (°)	21.1 3.5 21.4 4.3 5.5 1.0	2.7 .4 (P) .2 .5 (*)	3.8 .7 3.1 2.0 1.1	(P) 1.2 1.1 .4 .3 (*)	.8 (*) 1.3 .2 .4 .5	8.6 .4 6.2 1.4 2.1	(*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*)	(*) (*) (*) (*) (*) 0	.2 0 .4 0 0	.9 .3 1.8 (P) (P) (*)	.2 .3 .6 (*) (*)	.6 (*) 1.1 (⁰) (*) (*)	0 0 0 (*)
Mideast: Delaware District of Columbia Maryland New Jersey New York Pennsylvania	6.9 .2 17.6 61.7 70.9 81.6	(P) .1 3.3 8.1 12.7 13.2	2.7 (*) 13.0 48.0 50.9 54.5	(*) (*) 3.2 5.7 3.8 9.3	.5 (*) 1.1 8.2 8.8 12.7	.2 0 2.2 7.6 5.7 3.2	.2 (*) .8 9.3 6.0 3.0	.7 (*) 4.2 11.8 18.8 19.4	(*) (*) (*) (P) 1.7 6.4	0 0 (*) (*) (*) (*)	(*) 0 (*) (*) (*) 1.1	(P) 0 1.1 3.1 5.3 3.7	0 0 .1 .7 (°)	.3 0 1.0 1.6 3.5 2.2	0 0 (*) (*) .4 2.7
Great Lakes: Illinois	64.8 39.9 50.3 68.0 25.4	8.1 3.3 5.5 8.4 5.7	43.0 33.3 29.4 42.9 16.3	1.5 7.9 5.5 2.7 1.1	5.8 7.0 7.6 7.6 3.8	6.6 6.8 .6 3.0 (^D)	8.2 1.2 .8 7.1 1.9	12.4 6.5 8.6 15.6 4.6	1.2 .2 .3 (°)	(*) (*) .3 (*) (*)	.9 (*) (*) .1 .8	9.0 2.9 14.2 9.0 2.4	.5 (*) (P) .9 .6	8.0 2.9 10.9 7.6 (^D)	2.6 .1 .6 (^b)
Plains: lowa Kansas Minnesota Missouri Nebraska North Dakota South Dakota	10.4 6.6 15.8 19.2 2.3 1.1	3.2 .6 2.8 3.5 .4 .3	6.5 5.6 11.3 14.1 1.6 .7	.2 1.3 .7 .1 (*) (*)	1.7 .6 1.8 2.5 (*) (*)	.3 .6 .7 (*) (*) 0	.8 .4 1.0 1.9 .5 (*)	1.0 1.6 4.3 4.9 1.0 .6	(*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*)	.1 0 (*) 0 0 0 (*)	(*) (*) (*) (*) 0	.5 .3 1.6 1.4 .3 (*) (*)	(*) .2 (*) .8 .2 0	.3 .1 (P) .6 (*) 0 (*)	(*) 0 0 0 (*)
Southeast: Alabama	20.6 11.1 29.5 49.5 20.2 14.8 11.2 69.2 37.5 49.2 30.4	3.9 2.2 3.1 8.9 3.9 1.4 2.0 17.6 4.9 11.3 7.4 5.0	11.1 5.8 20.1 27.9 12.0 7.6 4.5 48.0 28.2 29.3 19.0 6.2	1.9 1.1 1.6 2.00 1.7 .5 (P) 4.5 (P) 1.9 1.4	.9 .2 1.6 3.3 4.9 .9 .4 18.3 10.3 4.7 6.3	.6 .3 1.9 1.3 1.0 (P) (*) 1.2 .6 (P) 1.2 (P)	1,2 .7 1.0 2.2 .3 .6 1.2 2.8 3.6 2.1 1.1	5.0 1.8 11.4 16.3 3.3 2.1 9 16.5 6.3 10.2 7.8 1.8	.4 .7 1.8 .9 .2 5.4 1.0 .8 (P) .6 (P)	.2 (*) 9 (%) 0 (*) 0 (*) (*) 0 (*) 0 (*) 0	.5 .2 1.2 3 (*) (*) (*) (*) .7 .7 .7	4.4 2.1 2.2 8.8 3.4 3.4 2.5 1.9 6.6 (e)	© 8,9 © 4,4,3,2,2,3 (*)3	3.2 1.0 1.0 4.1 2.2 1.6 9.1.6 1.2 5.8 3.3 (*)	0 0 0 2 (e) .5 (*) .3 .2 (*) .8 (*)
Southwest: Arizona	13.7 2.8 6.0 66.0	.2 (*) 1.0 9.5	9.8 2.2 3.9 47.6	(°) (*) 9 7.0	.5 .5 .1 9.3	.3 .6 .2 6.4	.6 .1 .5 3.8	3.7 .9 1.7 17.0	(*) (*) .6 3.4	(*) 0 0 .2	(*) 0 (*) .3	3.2 (*) .5 4.8	(P) (*) .2 2.3	.9 (*) .2 1.2	.4 .5 0 .3
Rocky Mountains: Colorado Idaho Montana Utah Wyoming	. 10.8 1.3 1.2 4.6 1.1	.9 .3 .3 .7 (*)	9.4 1.0 .5 3.2 1.1	.3 (*) .2 (*)	.5 (*) 0 (*) (*)	1.3 0 0 (P) 0	,9 ,6 (*) ,7 (*)	5.8 .3 .3 .4 .3	.3 3.0 (*) (*) (*)	0 0 0 (*)	0 0 0 0	(*) .3 .2 0	.2 (*) .3 0	(*) (*) 0 (*) 0	0 0 0 .5 (*)
Far West: California Nevada Oregon Washington Alaska Hawaii. Puerto Rico. Other U.S. areas i Foreign 2.	. 2.3	9.5 2 1.0 1.1 .9 .1 .7 0	72.3 .3 5.8 7.7 (*) .1 4.3 .2	6.2 (*) .1 .1 (*) (*) (*) (*)	14.4 (*) 2.7 1.6 0 (*) .6 0	10.5 (*) (*) .5 0 .6 0	7.9 (*) .8 1.8 0 (*) 1.0 (*)	27.2 2 .7 2.9 (*) (*) 2.1 .1	5.7 (*) (*) .6 (*) .1 .4 0	(*) 0 (*) (*) 0 0 0	(*) (*) (*) 0 0	31.3 0 1.0 3.2 1.2 .5 1.6 0	2.2 0 (*) .2 (*) .3 .3 0	18.1 0 .8 2.9 1.2 2 1.3 0	1.3 0 0 (*) -2 0 0 (*) 0

Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.
 Less than 50 employees.

Consists of the Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, U.S. offshore oil and gas sites, and all other outlying U.S. areas.
 Consists of employees of U.S. affiliates working abroad.

was chosen because changes in it are not directly affected by inflation and, thus, tend to correspond more closely than other available items to changes

in real economic activity.

Employment by affiliates increased 222,000 in 1987, to 3,160,000. Increases were substantial in several industries, notably services (44,000), finance (except banking) (31,000), and, within manufacturing, in office and computing machines (20,000) and rubber products (15,000) (table 12). In each industry, the increase was largely the result of acquisitions of U.S. companies by foreign investors. Acquisitions also added significant numbers of employees in retail trade. However, the overall increase for the industry was small (6,000 employees) because the industry classification of a major affiliate changed. Prior to 1987, the affiliate, which has operations in both retail trade and tobacco manufacturing, was classified in retail trade; in 1987, it sold a substantial part of its retail trade operations and, as a result, its classification shifted to tobacco manufacturing (included in "other" under "other manufacturing" in the tables).

A number of other industries had significant shifts in employment because of changes in industry classification. Some of the changes resulted from restructuring of affiliates' operations. In some cases, the affiliates sold or discontinued businesses in industries that had accounted for the major part of their overall operations; in others, they acquired or expanded businesses in industries that had previously accounted for only a minor part of their operations. In a few cases, an affiliate both sold and acquired major businesses. Additional changes

Table 10.—Commercial Property of Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, State by Country of Ultimate Beneficial Owner, 1987 [Millions of dollars]

					Eur	ope	,	,	Latin			A	sia and Pacif	ic	
	4.11					Of which:			America and		NO 481-		Of w	hich:	United
	All countries	Canada	Total	France	Germany, Federal Republic of	Nether- lands	Switzer- land	United Kingdom	Other Western Hemi- sphere	Africa	Middle East	Total	Australia	Japan	States
Total	90,886	23,190	36,850	3,566	4,835	6,955	3,791	12,786	3,544	343	8,077	18,316	1,475	13,462	566
New England: Connecticut	1,130 361 2,379 250 113 68	306 143 658 52 8 11	737 162 846 106 100 43	31 (P) 21 (P) 10	(P) (*) 31 4 2 3	118 4 270 13 7 (*)	10 1 14 6 2	194 (P) 437 (P) 78 2	9 (P) 41 2 4 (P)	0 (*) (*) 0	45 (b) 422 3 0	33 (P) 350 (P) 2 (*)	3 (*) 12 2 (*) (*)	28 1 301 18 2 (*)	(*) 1 62 (°) (*) (°)
Mideast: Delaware District of Columbia Maryland New Jersey New York Pennsylvania	(P) 1,348 1,298 3,265 13,198 2,034	238 298 658 408 3,637 467	102 649 535 1,882 4,051 1,199	4 123 34 165 283 122	9 2 71 236 518 174	4 157 136 327 511 293	9 1 61 569 993 34	37 333 83 298 1,084 470	54 64 32 71 (P) 43	0 (*) (*) (^D) 8	7 200 8 247 1,227 69	24 137 63 615 3,561 248	3 6 5 (^b) 167 72	20 105 30 366 3,118 59	(P) (*) 2 (D) (D) (D) 3
Great Lakes: Illinois	3,353 472 931 1,989 474	906 102 246 180 135	1,909 307 519 1,533 310	161 (^p) 170 98 26	286 46 115 180 24	351 112 77 141 52	312 2 8 117 (^D)	635 76 124 915 108	158 4 33 6 11	8 (P) 5 8 3	113 (P) 7 27 1	253 24 122 234 14	7 1 26 64 3	229 21 92 87 3	7 4 1 1 (*)
Plains: Iowa Kansas. Minnesota Missouri Nebraska North Dakota South Dakota.	268 249 1,312 884 127 64 49	54 39 644 214 54 28 5	151 160 508 538 52 31 40	8 (P) 39 36 14 (P) 6	34 21 130 133 1 (*)	39 71 70 191 6 1 (*)	6 (P) 34 8 8 (*) 13	51 9 180 154 23 4 19	38 22 (P) 3 1	(P) 1 (P) 1 5 4	(*) (P) (P) 7 0 (*)	(P) 8 (P) 43 6 (*)	(*) 4 (*) 17 0 (*) 0	13 2 2 19 (*) (*) (*)	(*) 3 0 (*) 0 (*) 1
Southeast: Alabama. Arkansas Florida. Georgia. Kentucky. Louisiana Mississippi. North Carolina. South Carolina. Tennessee Virginia West Virginia	210 344 5,377 3,341 658 1,368 223 1,633 765 810 1,988 73	54 90 1,786 645 68 345 64 171 47 141 231	119 244 2,139 1,966 394 561 109 1,233 611 590 1,296 66	12 11 87 48 70 170 11 13 79 101 76	17 29 244 314 27 25 41 93 42 57 147	23 164 557 561 16 94 5 306 233 242 242	9 22 237 150 83 22 27 85 46 12 64	39 10 620 674 180 131 13 338 108 137 440 36	4 590 34 (P) 23 4 6 13 55	1 4 19 4 (*) 2 1 4 3 3 1 32 0	2 0 492 432 128 201 3 145 66 23 164	31 2 330 253 20 (P) 22 75 32 41 210 (*)	8 (*) 74 129 (*) 1 (*) 12 (*) 21 149 (*)	(P) 1 101 104 16 (P) 7 57 11 13 48 (*)	(*) 0 21 1 13 1 (*) (*) (*) (*) 1 1 1 (*)
Southwest: Arizona New Mexico Oklahoma Texas	1,527 225 704 10,316	616 88 288 2,698	496 93 369 4,308	(P) 10 (P) 675	26 13 84 539	84 39 106 827	33 8 3 311	222 22 71 1,191	35 37 9 670	(*) (*) (*)	329 1 6 1,719	51 6 30 810	18 1 (°) 87	5 5 11 514	(*) 0 1 (°)
Rocky Mountains: Colorado Idaho Montana. Utah Wyoming	2,260 39 67 151 39	1,302 28 25 105 9	647 10 39 26 28	72 1 (P) 4 (P)	63 1 (*) 2 (*)	50 1 (*) 8 3	26 1 9 (*) 6	418 (*) 3 3 3	32 0 (*) (*)	(*) (*) (*) 0 (*)	180 1 (*) 9	97 1 3 10	(P) (*) (*) (*) (*)	32 (*) 3 1 (*)	2 0 0 (*) (*)
Far West: California Nevada Oregon Washington	17,060 456 586 1,267	3,742 73 175 765	4,174 80 166 213	300 3 2 35	629 10 32 33	336 17 5 14	219 (*) 10 27	2,284 46 115 42	665 5 (*) 10	126 (*) (*) (*)	1,418 22 21 (^D)	6,880 277 224 184	383 54 (*) 5	4,890 (^b) 202 80	55 0 0 6
Alaska Hawaii Puerto Rico Other U.S. areas ¹ Foreign ²	(P) 2,744 36 206 106	69 31 2 34 8	144 68 17 74 96	2 2 (*) (P) 26	(*) 2 3 2 (*)	(P) 4 (*) 0 5	(b) (*) 6 0 52	(P) 60 7 32 4	(P) 7 5 19 1	(*) 2 0 0	1 1 0 2 0	2,636 6 76 2	(*) 60 0 0 (*)	40 2,467 6 57 2	0 (*) 6 1 0

D Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies. * Less than \$500,000.

See footnote 1 to table 9.
 Consists of foreign assets carried directly on the U.S. affiliates' books.

Table 11.—U.S. Merchandise Trade of Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, by Country of Destination or Origin, by Product, and by Intended Use, 1987

[Millions of dollars]

[Millions of dollars]		
	U.S. mer- chandise exports shipped by affiliates	U.S. mer- chandise imports shipped to affiliates
All countries, all products	47,929	140,617
Canada	3,890	7,513
Europe	10,510	37,259
Austria	42	250
Belgium	256	1,682
Denmark	66 82	468 166
Finland	763	3,077
Germany, Federal Republic of	2,050	16,206
Ireland	71	192
Italy Liechtenstein	935	1,548
Luxembourg	0	0
Netherlands	1,068	1,007
Norway Spain	59 344	390 371
Sweden	232	3,370
Switzerland	624 2,668	2,304 4,944
Other	1,247	1,285
Latin America and Other Western Hemisphere	2,898	8,286
South and Central America	2,544	7,665
Brazil	507	1,403
Mexico Panama	844 81	2,148 (^D)
Venezuela	376	2,761
Other	736	(P)
Other Western Hemisphere	355 59	621 56
Bermuda	(D)	(^D)
Netherlands Antilles	(P) 63	(P) 8
Other	151	184
Africa	782	3,306
South Africa	94 688	418 2,888
Middle East	601	632
Israel	219	135
KuwaitLebanon	47 12	(*)
Saudi Arabia	155	138
United Arab Emirates Other	19 148	141 215
Asia and Pacific	ĺ	
Australia	25,645 451	78,581 827
Hong Kong	520 19,539	1,010 68,360
Malaysia	136	95
New Zealand Philippines	85 191	232 166
Singapore	258	407
South Korea	1,809 1,024	4,928 1,444
Other	1,632	1,112
Unallocated 1	3,603	5,040
Addenda: European Communities (12) 2	8,360	29,575
OPEC ³ By product	1,065	5,956
Food	9,853	6,910
Beverages and tobacco	854	1,467
Crude materials, inedible, except fuels Petroleum and products	5,498 2,211	3,886 10,289
Coal and coke	1,307	10
Chemicals Machinery	7,780 7,068	6,758 34,417
Road vehicles and parts	722	47,511
Other transportation equipment	745 5,567	1,069
Other	6,324	16,032
By intended use	l	
Goods for resale without further manufacture	ļ	96,987
Other	<u> </u>	43,630

Table 12.—Employment by Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, by Industry of Affiliate and Country of Ultimate Beneficial Owner, 1985-87

	Thousa	nds of em	ployees		Cha	nge	
				Thousa	inds of	Pero	ent
	1985	1986	1987	1986	1987	1986	1987
All industries, all countries	2,862.2	2,937.9	3,159.7	75.7	221.8	3	8
By industry	2,002.2	2,757.7	5,105.7	75,7	22,10		•
Petroleum	124.8	117.7	116.6	-7.1	-1.1	6	-1
Petroleum and coal products manufacturing Other	89.7 35.1	78.7 39.0	85.8 30.8	-11.0 3.9	7.1 -8.2	-12 11	-21
Manufacturing	1	1,411.6	1,517.5	-43.6	105.9	-3	7
Food and kindred products	150.7 20.1	160.2 20.7	146.3 38.6	9.5 .6	-13.9 17.9	6	-9 87
Other		139.5	107.7	8.9	-31.9 9.7	7	-23 3
Chemicals and allied products	230.3	376.8 253.8 66.6	386.5 249.7 70.6	-52.8 23.4 15.6	-4.1 4.0	-12 10 31	-2 6
Drugs	30.7	47.1 9.4	37.3 28.9	16.3 -108.2	-9.7 19.5	53 92	-21 209
Primary and fabricated metals	167.6	158.5	157.2	-9.1	-1.3	-5	-1
Primary metal industries Ferrous.	37.5	79.7 32.6	82,2 41,0	-23.5 -4.9	2.5 8.4	-23 -13	3 26
NonferrousFabricated metal products		47.1 78.8	41.2 75.0	-18.7 14.5	-5.8 -3.8	-28 22	-12 -5
Machinery		314.8 91.6	321.6 104.2	4.3 -24.8	6.8 12.6	-21	2 14
Office and computing machines	90.2	15.9 75.7	35.6 68.5	-10.7 -14.4	19.8 -7.2	-40 -16	125 -9
Electric and electronic equipment	38.5	223.3 46.5	217.4 93.3	29.2 8.0	-5.8 46.7	15 21	100
Electronic components and accessories Other		105.6 71.2	41.3 82.8	2.8 18.3	-64.2 11.6	3 35	-61 16
Other manufacturing		401.3 32.9	505.9 37.0	4.5 - 4.9	104.6 4.1	-13	26 12
Lumber, wood, furniture, and fixtures	12.9 44.3	18.9 38.5	13.6 44.7	6.0 -5.9	-5.3 6.2	46 -13	-28 16
Printing and publishing Newspapers	n.a.	84.0 n.a.	82.3 16.7	11.1 n.a.	-1.8 n.a.	15 n.a.	-2 n.a.
Other	5.8	n.a. 5.3	65.5 20.5	n.a. 5	n.a. 15.2	n.a. -8	n.a. 286
Miscellaneous plastics products	. 80.4	18.6 80.2 62.3	27.7 85.9 54.8	5.1 3 -2.1	9.1 5.7 -7.5	38 (*) -3	49 7 -12
Motor vehicles and equipment Other transportation equipment	. 56.8	46.5 15.7	34.3 20.5	-10.3 8.1	-12.2 4.7	-18 107	-26 30
Instruments and related products	. 29.7	41.0 19.6	63.4 76.2	11.4 -15.4	22.4 56.6	38 -44	55 288
Wholesale trade		308.0	313.7	13.4	5.7	5	2
Motor vehicles and equipment	. n.a.	71.1 n.a. 23.5	71.7 28.5 24.4	2.6 n.a. 3.0	.6 n.a. .9	n.a.	n.a.
Metals and minerals, except petroleum. Electrical goods Machinery, equipment, and supplies.	. 46.1	50.0 n.a.	47.2 32.9	4.0 n.a.	-2.8 n.a.	15 9 n.a.	4 -6 n.a.
Other durable goods. Groceries and related products	. n.a.	n.a. 22.4	26.8 23.3	n.a. -1,6	n.a. ,9	n.a. -7	n.a.
Farm-product raw materials Other nondurable goods	. 20.6	20.3 35.1	19.1 39.7	3 -15.3	-1.2 4.5	-1 -30	-6 13
Retail trade	. 481.5	561.1	567.4	79.6	6.3	17	1
General merchandise stores	. n.a.	n.a. n.a.	86.6 217.7	n.a. n.a.	n.a. n.a.	n.a. n.a.	n.a. n.a.
Apparel and accessory stores		n.a. n.a.	82.2 180.9	n.a. n.a.	n.a. n.a.	n.a. n.a.	n.a. n.a.
Finance, except banking	. 47.4	56.4	87.0	9.0	30.7	19	54
Insurance	69.0	74.0	87.2	5.0	13.2	7	18
Real estate	1	32.1	32.0	1.4	2	4	-1
Services	. 37.6	223.5 35.4	267.1 50.7	4.0 -2.2	43.6 15.3	-6	20 43 33
Business services Computer and data processing services	. 4.8	108.9 7.3 101.6	144.4 12.1 132.2	2.8 2.5 .3	35.4 4.8 30.6	51 (*)	66 30
Other business services Motion pictures, including television tape and film Engineering, architectural, and surveying services	. 8.1	10.6 17.0	17.6 11.9	2.5 3	7.0 -5.1	(*) 30 -1	66
Accounting, research, management, and related services Health services	. (P)	11.3	6.5	(P) -1.8	-4.7 1.0	(P) -7	-30 -42 5
Construction Transportation	. 41.2	42.1 57.0	39.6 67.9	9.0	-2.5	19	-6 19
Communication and public utilities		17.0	23.7	6.8	6.7	67	39
By country Canada	527.5	609.2	590.5	81.7	-18,7	15	-3
Europe			1,903.7	-22.8	120.5	-1	7
France Germany, Federal Republic of Germany, Federal Republic of Germany	. 408.1	177.9 312.4	183.6 363.3	12.8 -95.7	5.8 51.0	-23	3 16
Netherlands	. 185.0	183.0	269.5 183.4	29.4 -2.0	.4	14 -1	(*) 1
United Kingdom	i	Ì	630.1	-16.5	7.2	-3 -	l
Latin America and Other Western Hemisphere	. . (P)	128.0 26.7	143.0 9.9 32.5	5.9 (P) -13.5	15.6 -16.8 -7.0	5 (P) -26	-63 -18
Middle East		39.5 321.7	32.5 343.1	(P)	-7.0 112.4	-20 (P)	-18 35
United States	. 41.1	29.7	35.5	-11.4	5.8	-28	20
n.a. Not available.				'		'	

D Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.

* Less than \$500,000.

1. A U.S. affiliate was required to disaggregate its U.S. exports and imports by country of destination or origin only for those countries to which its exports, or from which its imports, were \$500,000 or more. Its exports to, or imports from, all other countries were reported as a single item and were classified in "unallocated." Also, for estimated reports, most exports to, and imports from, unaffiliated foreigners are included in this category.

2. See footnote 1 to table 4.

3. See footnote 2 to table 4.

n.a. Not available.

^D Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.

* Less than 0.5 percent or 50 employees (±).

in industry classification resulted from BEA's review of the detailed information collected in the benchmark survey on the activities of affiliates.

Within manufacturing, the effects of changes in industry classification were particularly significant. For example, within food manufacturing, the increase in beverages (18,000) and the decrease in "other" (32,000) occurred largely because an affiliate's classification shifted from grain mill products (included in "other" food manufacturing in the tables) to beverages. (The changes for the two industries were not completely offsetting because total employment of the affiliate dropped substantially between 1986 and 1987.) Similarly, within electrical machinery manufacturing, the increase in audio, video, and communications equipment and the decrease in electronic components largely reflected a change in classification of a major affiliate. The decrease in electronic components also reflected another affiliate's sale of a major subsidiary that resulted in the affiliate's industry classification changing to instruments. Finally, within chemicals, the increase in "other" and the decrease in industrial chemicals partly reflected a shift in classification of a large chemicals affiliate that restructured its operations.

By country of UBO, increases in employment were largest for affiliates with UBO's in Japan (64,000), Germany (51,000), and the Netherlands (27,000).Employment by affiliates with Japanese UBO's increased mainly in finance (except banking), services, and manufacturing. For affiliates with UBO's in Germany, increases were mainly in manufacturing and retail trade. For affiliates with UBO's in the Netherlands, the increase was more than accounted for by an increase in retail trade.

Among U.S. regions, the largest increase in affiliate employment was in the Mideast (68,000) (table 13). Among States, by far the largest increases were in California and New York-35,000 and 32,000, respectivelyfollowed by Massachusetts and Pennsylvania, with 16,000 each.

Share of the U.S. Economy

This section uses two measuresemployment and total assets-to discuss the share of the U.S. economy accounted for by U.S. affiliates. First,

the size of U.S. affiliates relative to the U.S. economy, in total and by industry, is discussed in terms of employment. The industry comparisons use data on affiliate employment classified by industry of sales. Industry of sales, rather than industry of affiliate, is used because it corresponds more closely to the by-industryof-establishment classification that is used for the all-U.S.-business employment data. (Classification by industry of sales, however, is not identical to classification by industry of establishment. See footnote 6.) Second, affiliates' shares in manufacturing are discussed in terms of total assets. Assets are classified by industry of enterprise for both U.S. affiliates and all U.S. businesses.

In 1987, U.S. affiliate employment accounted for 3.6 percent of the 86,584,000 employees of all nonbank U.S. businesses (table 14). The affiliate share was up slightly from 1986, when it was 3.5 percent. The increase reflected the strong growth in affiliate employment in 1987, which, as discussed earlier, largely reflected acqui-

Table 13.—Employment by Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, by State, 1985-87

	Thous	ands of empl	oyees		Cha	nge	
	1985	1986	1987	Thousa empl		Perc	ent
:	1700	.,,,,	720.	1986	1987	1986	1987
Total	2,862.2	2,937.9	3,159.7	75.7	221.8	3	8
New England	170.5	178.6	200.7	8.1	22.1	5 12	12 13
Connecticut	43.5 21.1	48.9 20.3	55.3 19.1	5.4 9	6.4 -1.2	-4	-6
Massachusetts	71.5	74.4	90.8	2.8	16.5	4	22
New HampshireRhode Island	16.5 11.3	17.1 11.1	18.5 11.0	.6 2	1.4 1	3 -2	8
Vermont	6.6	7.0	6.0	.4	-1.0	6	-14
Mideast	636.9	667.1	735.2	30.3	68.0	5	10
District of Columbia	34.8 5.7	33.6 7.1	36.9 7.1	-1.2 1.4	3.3	-3 24	10
Maryland	49.5	49.9	53.3	.4	3.4	1	(*)
New Jersey	154.8	155.8	169.3	1.1	13.4	1	9
New York	241.9	268.2	300.1	26.2	31.9	11	12
Pennsylvania	150.2	152.6	168.5	2.4	15.9	2	10
Great Lakes	481.4 143.9	487.6 153.7	512.0 166.1	6.2 9.8	24.5 12.4	1 7	5 8
Indiana	54.1	57.7	65.8	3.6	8.1	7	14
Michigan	81.8	89.5	94.5	7.6	5.0	9	6
Ohio	138.1 63.4	129.3 57.4	132.2 53.4	-8.8 -6.1	2.9 -4.0	-6 -10	6 2 -7
Plains	127.1	132.6	139.6	5.6	7.0	4	
Iowa	18.5	19.5	20.5	1.0	1.0	5	5 5
Kansas	14.6	16.2	17.8	1.5	1.6	10	10
Minnesota	35.7 46.2	39.1 47.9	41.0 48.5	3.3 1.7	1.9 .6	9	5 1
Nebraska	7.5	6.2	7.2	-1.3	1.1	-18	17
North Dakota	2.8	2.4	2.7	4	.3	-15	13
South Dakota	1.8	1.5	1.9	3	.4	-18	29
Southeast	710.3	739.1	788.9	28.9	49.8	4	7
AlabamaArkansas	31.5 18.4	34.7 18.2	35.1 20.3	3.2	2.1	10	1 12
Florida	94.8	104.6	116.8	9.7	12.3	10	12
Georgia	107.4	107.7	117.7	.3	10.0	(*)	12 9 6
KentuckyLouisiana	37.2 51.0	35.2 49.1	37.4 50.8	-2.0 -1.9	2.2 1.7] _3	3
Mississippi	15.9	20.0	17.6	4.1	-2.5	26	-12
North Carolina	116.0	123.3	132.9	7.3	9.6	6	8
South Carolina Tennessee	66.6 69.6	64.7 77.4	74.8 80.7	-1.9 7.8	10.1 3.3	-3 11	16 4
Virginia	69.4	76.0	79.7	6.7	3.7	10	5
West Virginia	32.4	28.1	24.9	-4.3	-3.2	-13	-11
Southwest	284.3	286.6	290.5	2.3	3.9	1	1
Arizona New Mexico	34.5 11.2	35.7 10.4	42.4 14.0	1.2 8	6.7 3.6	3	19
Oklahoma	26.9	25.9	26.5	-1.0	3.0	_2	34 3 -3
Texas	211.7	214.7	207.6	3.0	-7.1	i	-3
Rocky Mountains	49.7	54.9	53.1	5.2	-1.8	11	-3
Colorado	31.0	32.8	29.5	1.9	-3.4	6	-10
Idaho	2.8 2.9	3.3 3.2	4.0 3.5	.6 .3	.7 .4	20	20 12
Utah	9.9	12.0	12.0	2.1	i	22	-1
Wyoming	3.1	3.6	4.1	.4	.6	14	17
Far West	360.3	350.6	393.8	-9.6	43.2	-3 -3 23	12
California	298.8	289.2 9.0	324.2 10.7	-9.6 1.7	35.0 1.7	-3 22	12 19
Oregon	7.4 18.6	17.4	20.5	-1.2	3.0	-6	17
Washington	35.5	35.0	38.4	5	3.4	-ĭ	íó
Alaska	7.1	6.4	7.2	7	.8	-10	12
Hawaii	18.7	18.4	22.4	3	4.0	-2	22
Puerto Rico Other U.S. areas '	10.0 3.7	10.9 3.2	11.0 3.6	.8 6	.1 .5	8 -16	1 15
Foreign 2	3./ 2.2	3.2 1.9	3.0 1.7	-3		-10 -14	-8
			/			1	•

^{*} Less than 0.5 percent or 50 employees (±).

1. See footnote 1 to table 9.

2. See footnote 2 to table 9.

sitions of U.S. companies by foreign investors. 12

By industry, affiliate shares of U.S. employment were highest in mining (8.4 percent) and manufacturing (7.3 percent) and lowest in communication and public utilities and in construction (less than 1 percent in each). Within manufacturing, affiliate shares were highest in petroleum and coal products (39.5 percent) and chemicals (23.5 percent) and lowest in textile products and transportation equipment (3.2 percent in each). 13 Within transportation equipment, the affiliate share was 6.5 percent in motor vehicles and less than percent in "other."

In petroleum and coal products, the affiliate share of the all-U.S.-business total is significantly overstated because of the different industry classifications used for the affiliate and all-U.S.-business employment data. filiate employment in this industry is largely accounted for by integrated petroleum companies that are involved in all phases of the petroleum industry, including the extraction and refining of crude oil and the marketing of gasoline and other petroleum products. In the direct investment data, when classified by industry of sales, all of the sales and employment of the integrated companies in any of these activities are included under petroleum and coal products manufacturing. In contrast, in the all-U.S.-business data, which are classified by industry of establishment, the employment of integrated companies is distributed among the activities of the company's individual establishments;

12. The data on employment by all nonbank U.S. businesses are from table 6.6B of the national income and product account tables in this issue. The total used here is equal to employment in private industries less thus, only employees in the companies' manufacturing establishments are included in petroleum and coal products manufacturing.

A rough adjustment can be made to exclude affiliates' nonmanufacturing employees from this industry using data reported in the benchmark survey. After this adjustment, the affiliate share of all-U.S.-business employment in petroleum and coal products was about 19 percent.14

For manufacturing as a whole, U.S. affiliates' share of total assets was substantially higher than their share for employment-13.2 percent, compared

Table 14.—Employment by Nonbank U.S. Affiliates and All Nonbank U.S. Businesses, 1987

•	Thousa emple	ands of oyees	U.S. affili- ates as
	U.S. affili- ates ¹	All U.S. busi- nesses ²	a per- centage of all U.S. busi- nesses
All industries	3,160	86,584	3.6
Manufacturing	1,399	19,123	7.3
Petroleum and coal products	64	162	39.5
Chemicals and allied products		1,025	23.5
Stone, clay, and glass products	72	588	12.3
Primary metal industries		741	11.8
Instruments and related products	74 194	689	10.7
Electric and electronic equipment		2,083	9.3 8.8
Food and kindred products		1,627 825	6.5
Rubber and plastics products Paper and allied products		683	6.4
Machinery, except electrical	118	2,025	5.8
Printing and publishing		1,532	5.0
Fabricated metal products	- 57	1,407	4.1
Textile products		730	3.2
Transportation equipment		2,041	3.2
Motor vehicles and equipment	55	853	6.5
Other	10	1.188	.8
Other	87	2,965	2.9
Wholesale trade	279	5,942	4.7
Retail trade	622	18,972	3.3
Finance, except banking	81	1,573	5.1
Insurance	80	2,080	3.8
Real estate		1,383	2.3
Services 3	305	24,501	1.2
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing	18	1,790	1.0
Mining	60	716	8.4
Construction	42	5,080	.8
Transportation		3,221	2.6
Communication and public utilities	12	2,203	.6
Unspecified 4	146	n.a.	n.a.

^{1.} In this table, unlike most other tables on direct investment published here and elsewhere, petroleum is not shown as a separate major industry. Instead, in order to be consistent with the industry classification of the all-U.S. business data, affiliate employment in the various petroleum subindustries is distributed among the other major industries. Thus, manufacturing includes petroleum and coal products, wholesale trade includes petroleum wholesale trade, retail trade includes gasoline service stations, and so on.

2. The data on employment of all nonbank U.S. businesses are from table 6.6B of the national income and product account tables in this issue. The total is equal to employment in private industries less the employment of banks and private households.

3. Excludes private households.

4. See footnote 1 to table 7.

with 7.3 percent (table 15).15 Their share of assets was higher for two First, affiliates are main reasons. more concentrated than all U.S. businesses in industries, such as chemicals and petroleum and coal products, that have relatively low employmentto-assets ratios. Second, differences in valuation may cause affiliate shares based on total assets to be overstated. When a company is acquired—whether by foreign or U.S. buyers—its assets are often revalued to reflect the new, generally higher, value implicit in the acquisition price. Because much of the growth in foreign direct investment in recent years has been through acquisitions, the portion of affiliates' assets that has been recently revalued is probably higher than that for all U.S. businesses.1

Within manufacturing, the ranking of industries based on the size of the affiliates' shares of total assets was similar, but not identical, to that based on employment. four industries with the largest affiliate shares based on total assetsstone, clay, and glass; chemicals; primary metals; and petroleum and coal products—were also the top four based on employment; however, the order of the four industries was different for the two measures. Also, the two industries with the smallest affiliate shares based on total assets-textile products and transportation equipment-were also the industries with the smallest shares based on employment.

For petroleum and coal products manufacturing, the share based on total assets was significantly lower than

the employment of banks and private households.

The estimates of affiliate employment, like those of total assets, sales, and other measures of U.S. affiliate operations, are not adjusted to reflect the percent of foreign ownership. Thus, for example, the employment estimates include all employees of each affiliate, even though foreigners may own less than 100 percent of the affiliate. Although data limitations preclude pre-cise adjustment of the U.S. affiliate estimates for ownership percentage, information reported in BEA's direct investment surveys indicates that, with a few important exceptions, most U.S. affiliates are 100-percent foreign owned or have a high percent of foreign ownership. Rough calculations suggest that affiliate employment would be about 20 percent lower at the allindustries level if it were adjusted for the percent of foreign ownership.

^{13.} In table 14, unlike in other tables on direct investment published here and elsewhere, petroleum is not shown as a separate major industry. Instead, in order to be consistent with the industry classification of the all-U.S.-business data, affiliate employment in the various petroleum subindustries are distributed among the other major industries. Thus, in table 14, manufacturing includes petroleum and coal products, wholesale trade includes petroleum wholesale trade, retail trade includes gasoline service stations, and so on.

^{14.} This adjustment also slightly reduces the affiliate share of employment for manufacturing as a whole—to 7.1 percent. As part of this adjustment, the employees subtracted from petroleum and coal products should be added to other petroleum-related subindustries. Although it is likely that most of the employees would be added to retail trade (gasoline service stations) or mining (oil and gas extraction), information on the ex-act number of employees that should be added to each subindustry is not available.

^{15.} The comparisons based on total assets cover only manufacturing because comparable data on total assets of all U.S. businesses in other industries are not available. Comparisons based on sales are also shown in table 15, but are not discussed. All-U.S. businesses' total assets and sales are from the Census Bureau's Quarterly Financial Report for Manufacturing, Mining, and Trade Corporations (QFR). Comparisons for mining and trade are not appropriate because the QFR data for these industries cover only corporations with assets over \$25 million. The exclusion of unincorporated businesses from the QFR mining and trade data means that a significant portion of the all-U.S.-business activity in these industries is missing.

^{16.} A comparison of affiliates' share of sales with their share of assets may indicate the importance of differences in valuation. Comparisons based on sales, unlike those based on assets, are not distorted by differences in valuation because sales are generally valued at current

For manufacturing as a whole, U.S. affiliates' share of all-U.S.-business sales was 11.0 percent—lower than their 13.0-percent share of total assets, but higher than their 7.3-percent share of employment. These percentages indicate that part, but not all, of the difference between the asset- and employment-based shares may be due to differences in asset valuation. As noted in the text, some of the difference may be attributable to the heavier concentration of affiliates in industries with low employment-to-asset ratios

that based on employment. As noted earlier, differences in industry classification caused the affiliate share of employment to be overstated. However, after the adjustment of the employment data discussed earlier, the share based on assets and the share based on employment are very close—19 percent and 17 percent, respectively.

In several industries—particularly stone, clay, and glass; chemicals; primary metals; rubber and plastics products; printing and publishing; and fabricated metal products-the affiliate shares based on total assets were significantly higher than those based on employment. Asset shares were higher partly because of the differences in the valuation discussed earlier. Also, in some of these industries such as stone, clay, and glassaffiliates may be more diversified than other U.S. businesses. In such industries, an enterprise-based classification, like that used for the total assets comparisons, would result in higher affiliate shares than an activitybased classification, like the industryof-sales and industry-of-establishment classifications used for the employment comparisons.

For manufacturing as a whole, the affiliates' share of the total assets of

all U.S. businesses was higher in 1987 than in 1986-13.2 percent, compared with 12.5 percent. The increase reflected a sharp jump in the affiliate share in rubber and plastics products, a jump that, in turn, reflected the acquisition of a U.S. tire manufacturer by foreign investors. Affiliate shares also increased substantially in stone, clay, and glass products; food; instruments; and "other" manufacturing.

Technical Note

The 1987 benchmark survey covered all U.S. affiliates of foreign direct investors (U.S. companies owned 10 percent or more by a foreign person) that had assets, sales, or net income of more than \$1 million. For similar items, the benchmark survey data in this article are comparable to universe estimates for earlier years, which were derived from data reported in BEA's annual survey of foreign direct investment in the United States. The benchmark survey data indicate that, in general, the totals estimated for earlier years are not significantly overstated or understated.

Table 15.—Total Assets and Sales of U.S. Affiliates and All U.S. Businesses in Manufacturing, 1986 and

		Millions o	of dollars		U.S. affilia	
:	U.S. aff	iliates	All U.S. b	usinesses	percentage of busine	
	1986	1987	1986	1987	1986	1987
Total assets			-			
Manufacturing	238,668	270,600	1,907,932	2,051,419	12.5	13.2
Stone, clay, and glass products Chemicals and atlied products Primary metal industries Petroleum and coal products. Rubber and plastics products Food and kindred products 2. Electric and electronic equipment Printing and publishing Instruments and related products Fabricated metal products Paper and allied products Machinery, except electrical Textile products Transportation equipment	11,610 70,709 15,231 51,003 2,406 21,029 20,156 11,124 4,419 7,199 5,264 10,433 1,188 6,897	15,016 75,552 14,975 58,352 5,875 20,121 10,521 7,652 7,820 6,027 12,171 1,417 7,412	46,784 217,166 73,942 334,952 41,329 219,791 173,262 94,154 62,943 84,491 69,082 211,901 26,729 251,406	48,057 244,446 78,678 338,384 43,956 235,690 190,363 99,617 78,988 86,746 85,279 213,658 30,817 276,740	24.8 32.6 20.6 15.2 5.8 9.6 11.6 7.0 8.5 7.6 4.9 4.4	31.2 30.9 19.0 17.2 13.4 11.7 10.6 9.7 9.7 7.1 5.7
Other	4,761	6,164	86,187	83,847	5.5	7.
Manufacturing	217,141	256,474	2,073,922	2,224,954	10.5	11.5
Stone, clay, and glass products Chemicals and allied products Primary metal industries. Petroleum and coal products Rubber and plastics products Prod and kindred products ² Electric and electronic equipment Printing and publishing. Instruments and related products Fabricated metal products. Paper and allied products. Transportation equipment Textile products Transportation equipment Other.	11,602 60,120 16,283 31,408 2,885 21,676 23,579 8,627 4,493 8,819 5,170 10,857 1,588 10,034 4,884	12,075 70,238 18,259 41,641 6,546 27,751 25,704 9,049 6,802 8,879 6,350 13,087 1,840 8,253 5,869	52,901 205,778 85,523 226,519 60,596 317,523 193,892 107,552 63,152 115,694 74,844 201,284 46,226 322,438 147,009	54,338 225,200 33,627 248,324 63,293 340,135 210,870 116,587 74,171 123,994 95,576 206,438 48,284 324,117 153,258	21.9 29.2 19.0 13.9 4.8 6.8 12.2 8.0 7.1 7.6 6.9 5.4 3.4 3.1	22.2 31.2 19.5 16.8 10.2 7.8 9.2 7.2 6.6 6.3 3.8

^{1.} In this table, unlike most other tables on direct investment published here and elsewhere, petroleum and coal products is included in manufacturing in order to be consistent with the industry classification of the all-U.S. business data.

2. Includes tobacco manufacturing.

NOTE.—Total assets and sales of all U.S. businesses cover U.S. corporations and are from the first-quarter 1987 and first-quarter 1988 issues of Quarterly Financial Report for Manufacturing, Mining, and Trade Corporations, published by the Census Bureau.

The consistency of the annual survey estimates and the benchmark survey data reflects improvements in BEA's data collection system and estimation procedures. In particular, a mandatory BEA survey of new investments provides each year the information, especially on smaller investments, needed to update the U.S. affiliate universe.

Except as noted, the concepts and definitions underlying the 1987 data are essentially the same as those underlying BEA's 1980 benchmark survey, as described in Foreign Direct Investment in the United States, 1980. A full methodology of the 1987 survey will accompany the revised data to be published next year.

The preliminary benchmark survey results in this article include estimates of data for reports not received or processed in time for publication and for which BEA had a report for a prior year that could serve as a basis for estimation. The degree of estimation varies from item to item—for example, 9 percent of total assets, but 15 percent of employment, was estimated. Most of the estimation was for small affiliates. The estimation of missing data, which is a departure from the practice in previous benchmark surveys, permitted results to be published in 13 months, about one-half the time required for the last benchmark survey. The final results to be published next year will incorporate data from reports received or processed after publication of these preliminary results. Revisions are expected to be small overall; however, they could be sizable for some individual countries, industries, States, or for merchandise exports and imports by product. Revisions are most likely to be sizable in cells in which small affiliates predominate.

The number of U.S. affiliates included in the data for 1987 is significantly smaller than the number included in the estimates for the past few years. The benchmark survey indicated that a significant number of companies that were below the exemption level of BEA's annual survey, and for which BEA had been making estimates since the 1980 benchmark survey, have been sold, liquidated, or merged or consolidated with another U.S. affiliate since 1980. Thus, they have been eliminated from the number count. Most of these companies were small real estate affiliates. Although the number of U.S. affiliates for 1987 will probably remain smaller than estimated for earlier years, it will be revised up somewhat when final survey results are published. The revision will reflect the addition of companies whose reports were received or processed too late and could not be estimated for these preliminary results.

The industry detail shown in this article differs from that in the articles presenting the annual survey results for earlier years, both because greater detail is provided and because the industry coding system for direct investment surveys has been changed to align it with the 1987 revised Standard Industrial Classification system. The added detail is mainly in services industries.

The country detail shown has been reorganized along geographic lines; economic or political groupings, such as the European Communities, are no longer shown in the body of the tables (they are shown as addenda in some tables). Also, in this article, unlike in the articles for earlier years, the industry classification of a U.S. affiliate's UBO, if a business enterprise, reflects the UBO's worldwide consolidated activities rather than just the activities in the UBO's country of classification or the activity of the UBO itself.

In the 1987 benchmark survey, a long form, requesting information in considerable detail, was filed by affiliates with assets, sales, or net income greater than \$20 million. To minimize the burden on survey respondents, a less detailed short form was introduced for filing by smaller affiliates. For these affiliates, BEA has estimated the

items that appear only on the long presented in the same detail for all form so that the published results are affiliates.

Acknowledgments

BEA extends thanks to the staffs of U.S. companies that responded to the 1987 benchmark survey for their efforts in completing and filing reports and for their cooperation with BEA during processing and review of the data.

As a result of the efforts of the BEA staff listed below, the benchmark survey results were published in about one-half the time required for the last benchmark survey.

Jack J. Bame, Associate Director for International Economics, BEA, provided general guidance for the benchmark survey. George R. Kruer, Chief, succeeded by Betty L. Barker, and R. David Belli, Assistant Chief, International Investment Division (IID), directed the design of the report forms, the conduct of the survey, and the analysis and publication of the results.

The Foreign Direct Investment in the United States (FDIUS) Branch of IID, under the direction of James L. Bomkamp, had primary responsibility for conducting the survey. Past and present Branch members directly involved were Juris E. Abolins, James R. Barker, Jr., Chester C. Braham, Constance T. Deve, Diann L. Dronko, Beverly A. Feeser, Earl F. Holmes, Lonnie Hunter, Lester Koransky, Carol L. Lefkowitz, Tracy K. Leigh, Stephanie A. Lewis, Edna A. Ludden, Gregory L. McCormick, Carmella M. Moore, Ronald L. Ross, Clarence D. Smith, Marie P. Smith, Robert N. Smith, Ethel J. Wheeler, and Dorrett E. Williams.

Beverly Feeser was project leader for editing and processing the forms. She also designed the computer edit checks and the forms and processing control systems.

Juris Abolins coordinated the forms design and the FDIUS Branch's final review of the survey results to ensure consistency and accuracy. He was assisted in the final review by Gregory McCormick, Lonnie Hunter, Diann Dronko, and Constance Deve.

The Research Branch of IID, under the direction of Obie G. Whichard, assisted the FDIUS Branch in reviewing the results for consistency and accuracy. The reviewers were Ned G. Howenstine, Jeffrey H. Lowe, Alicia M. Quijano, and Ellen M. Herr. Arnold Gilbert, of the Data Retrieval and Analysis Branch (DRAB) of IID, also assisted in the review.

James T. Spalding, Chief, Programming and Analysis Branch of the Computer Systems and Services Division, coordinated the data programming, conversion, and processing activities, which were performed by Douglas J. Klear, Betty G. McNiel, Stephen P. Holliday, Elizabeth L. Shumate, John A. Sondheimer, and Marguerite E. Ellis.

D. Richard Mauery, with assistance from Kim Joseph Zappa, designed the computer programs for the control systems. He also designed the programs for data estimation and, with Arnold Gilbert, programs for final review of the data. Arnold Gilbert designed the programs to suppress the data for confidentiality reasons and to generate the tables for publication. They were under the supervision of Smith W. Allnutt III, Chief of DRAB.

Ned G. Howenstine, with assistance from Alicia M. Quijano, designed the data publication that will present more detailed data from the survey. Raymond J. Mataloni, Jr., of the Research Branch, assisted in the analysis of the data and the preparation of the tables for this article.

Table 16.—Employment by Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, Industry of Affiliate by Country of Ultimate Beneficial Owner, 1986 [Thousands of employees]

					employees	rope					Γ	Δ.	ia and Pac	ific	
					Eur	Of which:		·	Latin Amer-					hich:	1
	All coun- tries	Canada	Total	France	Germa- ny, Federal Repub- lic of	Nether- lands	Swit- zerland	United King- dom	ica and Other West- ern Hemi- sphere	Africa	Middle East	Total	Austra- lia	Japan	United States
All industries	2,937.9	609.2	1,783.2	177.9	312.4	242.4	183.0	622.9	128.0	26.7	39.5	321.7	65.6	220.8	29.7
Petroleum Petroleum and coal products manufacturing Other	117.7 78.7 39.0	4.0 (P) (P)	94.3 77.3 17.0	9.2 (P) (P)	1.2 (P) (P)	(P) (P) 2.1	.3 .1 .2	43.0 (P) (P)	10.9 0 10.9	ტ ტ	1.4 (P) (P)	.6 .2 .4	0 .2	.4 .2 .3	(P)
Manufacturing Food and kindred products Beverages Other Chemicals and allied products Industrial chemicals and synthetics Drugs Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods Other Primary and fabricated metals Primary metal industries Ferrous Nonferrous Fabricated metal products Machinery Machinery Machinery Machinery Machinery Machinery Electric and electronic equipment Audio, video, and communications equipment Electronic components and accessories Other Other manufacturing Textile products and apparel Lumber, wood, furniture, and fixtures Paper and allied products Printing and publishing Newspapers Other Rubber products Miscellaneous plastics products Stone, clay, and glass products Transportation equipment Motor vehicles and equipment Other transportation equipment Listruments and related products Transportation equipment Listruments and related products Other	1,411.6 160.2 20.7 139.5 376.8 253.8 66.6 66.6 47.1 9.4 158.5 79.7 32.6 47.1 78.8 314.8 91.6 15.9 75.7 223.3 46.5 105.6 71.2 401.3 32.9 18.9 18.9 18.6 80.2 62.3 46.5 15.7 41.0 19.6	275.4 (P) 12.8 (P) 12.8 (P) 14.5 14.5 14.5 14.5 9.2 41.1 (P) (P) 8 89.8 51.1 1.6 9.8 1.6 1.6 1.7 1.8 1.9 1.9 1.9 1.9 1.9 1.9 1.9 1.9 1.9 1.9	935.6 124.1 3.0 121.1 1249.9 141.2 57.2 44.2 7.4 65.0 19.5 8.0 19.5 37.5 51.3 162.8 20.3 75.0 67.5 12.3 28.5 275.1 23.5 16.3 16.8 6.0 1.3 1.6 1.6 1.3 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6	99.5 5.0 9 4.1 10.0 8.9 (P) (*) (P) (*) (P) (P) (P) (P) (P) (P) (P) (P	162.4 9 1.1 8 60.8 47.7 3.6 6.3 1.3 1.8 2.6 3.3 12.4 4.1 3.1.2 1.1 9) (P) (P) 38.1 4.1 4.7 4.7 4.7 4.7 4.7 4.7 4.7 4.7 4.7 4.7	102.7 4.2 5.5 3.7 6.7 (*) 9 9 9 9 1.4 9 9 1.4 9 9 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.7 9 1.7	109.5 (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*)	349.4 73.9 1.3 72.5 89.1 72.3 13.8 1.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 11.4 1.2 10.2 15.2 50.5 17.4 2.6 8.6 11.8 109.3 15.1 6.1 1.9 10.2 11.2 11.2 11.2 11.2 11.2 11.2 11.2	56.0 1 6.1 (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*)	7.4 (P) 0 0 (P) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	9.7 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	117.2 6.4 2.3 4.1 5.6 (P) (P) 29.6 24.1 (P) 29.6 16.2 (P) 13.4 2.8 7.9 2.7 46.6 1.7 5.0 3.0 (P) n.a. n.a. (P) (P) 9 9 9 9 9 1.7 5.0 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	31.9 1.2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	70.8 4.2 (P) 5.0 (P) 15.4 15.1 3.2 2.5 24.2 2.7 19.6 1.6 (P) 3.0 2.0 1.1 1.0 3.7 (P) (P) 2.2 2.2 2.7 2.7 2.6 2.2 2.7 2.7 2.6 2.2 2.7 2.7 2.6 2.2 2.7 2.7 2.7 2.7 2.7 2.7 2.7 2.7 2.7	10.3 10.3
Wholesale trade	308.0 71.1 n.a. 23.5 50.0 n.a. n.a. 22.4 20.3 35.1	22.6 (°) n.a. (°) .1 n.a. n.a. 3.6 .2 10.3	164.3 41.7 n.a. 11.6 8.2 n.a. 16.6 15.5 18.5	27.5 (b) n.a. (b) (b) n.a. n.a. 110.6 3.2	48.2 19.0 n.a. 2.7 .7 n.a. n.a. (°)	(*) n.a. (^D) (^D) n.a. n.a. .4 .1	9.7 .2 n.a. (P) .3 n.a. n.a. 8 3.4 .7	44.4 7.5 n.a. 3.5 (P) n.a. n.a. 4.8 1.0 8.0	3.2 .2 n.a. .7 .1 n.a. n.a. .5 (°)	4.9 ©) n.a. .7 ©) n.a. n.a. ©)	3.6 (P) n.a. (P) (P) n.a. n.a. (P) (*)	109.1 26.8 n.a. 7.2 41.6 n.a. n.a. 1.6 4.4 2.8	.9 .7 n.a. .1 0 n.a. 0 0 (*)	102.0 25.4 n.a. 7.0 40.5 n.a. n.a. 1.0 4.4	0 n.a 0 0 n.a 0 n.a (*)
Retail trade General merchandise stores. Food stores. Apparel and accessory stores. Other	561.1 n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a.	202.0 n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a.	315.1 n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a.	13.7 n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a.	66,8 n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a.	73.2 n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a.	18.5 n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a.	92.8 n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a.	9.1 n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a.	.8 n.a. n.a. n.a.	(^D) n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a.	28.4 n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a.	(^D) n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a.	15.0 n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a.	(P) n.a n.a n.a n.a
Finance, except banking	56.4	6.6	28.4	.6	.6	(P)	(ዋ)	11.4	(P)	(P)	(P)	6.8	(P)	6.2	(P)
Insurance	74.0 32.1	9.6 16.7	49.8 8.2	(P) (P)	2.9 1.0	15.8 1.2	7.7 (°)	22.5 4.0	(P) 1.0	0 .1	0 2.1	.5 4.0	.2	(P) 2.3	(P) (*)
Services	223.5 35.4 108.9 7.3 101.6 (P) (P) 11.3 21.9 18.4 11.2 26.0 16.0 16.0 17.0	34.3 3.7 2.5 (P) (P) 1.7 0 (P) 2.6 38.0 2.2 3.8 3.2 17.0 9.4	110.7 15.5 57.7 4.3 53.4 7.9 10.6 (P) 76.7 6.4 14.2 11.1 32.9 15.8 7.4	12.1 3.8 2.8 (P) 0 1.7 .7 (P) 9 (P) 2.8 (P) 9.8 (P) 9.8 (P)	8.7 	2.8.5.1.4 EEO 9.00 6000000000000000000000000000000000	46. (0000-3000 4. 0	35.6 3.9 16.3 1.0 15.4 3.6 1.3 2.1 8.0 19.8 2.4 3.6 2.9 7 4.1 5.5 4.1	42.8 1.7 (P) 0 (P) 1 (P) 0 2 3.4 1.9 1.1 0 1.1 (P) 0 0	(P) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	9.26 3.5 0 .5 0 ලාල ලෙන ක්ලාලා ලෙල	23.9 10.6 8.1 .1 8.0 .5 .1 .2 0 4.5 31.2 (P) (P) (P) 1.0 5.3 20.5 0	© © ⊕ ⊕ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	13.0 9.1 1.5 .1 1.5 .3 .1 .1 0 1.8 (P) 1.7 (P) 0 (P) 2.7 6.2 0	€ 1000€0000 000000000000000000000000000

D Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.
 Less than 50 employees.
 n.a. Not available.

Table 17.—Employment by Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, Industry of Affiliate by Country of Ultimate Beneficial Owner, 1987 [Thousands of employees]

					Eur	rope						As	ia and Pac	ific	Γ
						Of which:			Latin Amer- ica and				· · · · · · ·	hich:	1
	All coun- tries	Canada	Total	France	Germa- ny, Federal Repub- lic of	Nether- lands	Swit- zerland	United King- dom	Other West- ern Hemi- sphere	Africa	Middle East	Total	Austra- lia	Japan	United States
All industries	3,159.7	590.5	1,903.7	183.6	363.3	269.5	183.4	630.1	143.6	19.9	32,5	434.1	90.0	284.6	35.5
Petroleum and coal products manufacturing	116.6 85.8 30.8	3.4 .5 2.9	96.5 84.4 12.0	9.7 (P) (P)	1.2 .2 1.0	(P) (P) 1.5	0.2 0.2	44.7 (P) (P)	10.5 (P) (P)	5.0 0 5.0	0 3	.7 (P) (P)	0.4 0.4	.4 .2 .2	(*) .2
Manufacturing Food and kindred products Beverages Other Chemicals and allied products Industrial chemicals and synthetics Drugs Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods Other Primary and fabricated metals Primary metal industries Ferrous Nonferrous Fabricated metal products Machinery Machinery Machinery Machinery Electric and electronic equipment Audio, video, and communications equipment Electronic components and accessories Other Other Other manufacturing Textile products and apparel Lumber, wood, furniture, and fixtures Paper and allied products Printing and publishing Newspapers Other Rubber products	146.3 38.6 107.7 386.5 249.7 70.6 37.3 28.9 157.2 41.0 41.2 75.0 321.6 68.5 217.4 93.3 41.3 82.8 505.9 37.0 13.6 64.7 93.3 14.7 93.3 93.6 93.7 93.7 93.7 93.7 93.7 93.7 93.7 93.7	272.3 20.5 20.5 20.5 20.5 20.6 20.6 20.6 20.6 20.6 20.6 20.6 20.6	1,016.9 111.0 24.4 86.6 (P) (P) (S) 61.3 34.7 25.9 25.1 10.8 14.2 31.8 249.3 75.4 48.8 173.9 66.6 28.6 78.8 (P) 22.2 7.9 9.3 2.8 39.6 39.6 39.0 113.5	107.8 7.5 (P) 11.6 (P) 11.6 (P) 4.3 1.7 (P) 6 2.5.8 (P) 2.2 7.6 6.2 2.7.6 6.1 0	195.5 1.1 2 1.0 75.2 59.9 4.1 8.5 2.7 18.2 6.4 3.1 1.7 1.0 11.6 35.4 0 (P) (P) 3.9 3.9 1.3.0 0 13.0 0 3.8	93.5 © © © © © © 1.8 5.5 0 1.4 5.2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	113.8 37.1 (*) 37.0 47.2 4 41.4 4.9 5.5 5.3 (*) 0 (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*)	380.0 53.4 20.6 32.8 88.8 54.1 13.1 (P) (P) 17.5 8.0 16.3 9.5 51.0 16.3 3.44 12.9 15.2 (P) 15.2 (P) 18.8 18.8	54.7 .8 .7 .7 .7 .7 .7 .7 .9 .9 .9 .9 .9 .9 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2	7.6 .4 .0 .4 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .1 .1 .0 .1 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0	10.3 4 6 4 3 6 3 8 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	139.7 6.6 (P) 8.9 3.3 3.2.5 1.9 225.1 (P) (B) 11.0 15.1 2.6 6.8 7.8 11.0 15.1 2.9 7.1 4.1 3.4 4.1 3.2 4.1 4.1 4.1 4.1 4.1 4.1 4.1 4.1 4.1 4.1	30.0 1.2 0.0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	81.6 3.4 .5 2.9 7.4 3.3 3.2 2.2 .7 17.6 16.0 15.3 3.7 1.6 28.1 17.8 (°) (°) 10.3 2.0 2.7 5.4 2.7 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2	(*) 1.2 1.1 0 1.1 (*) 1.1 (*) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Miscellaneous plastics products. Stone, clay, and glass products. Transportation equipment. Motor vehicles and equipment. Other transportation equipment. Instruments and related products. Other. Wholesale trade. Motor vehicles and equipment and supplies. Metals and minerals, except petroleum Electrical goods. Machinery, equipment, and supplies. Other durable goods. Groccries and related products. Farm-product raw materials. Other nondurable goods.	54.8 34.3 20.5 63.4 76.2 313.7 71.7 28.5 24.4 47.2 32.9 26.8 23.3 19.1	9,2 (P) 3,5 (P) 7 (P) 19,0 4,2,8 (P) 2,2 1,4,8 2,1 2,2 (P)	14.6 66.5 39.7 20.8 18.9 43.3 (°) 165.6 38.8 7.6 11.2 7.6 23.3 18.4 18.6 16.1 24.1	1.0 19.9 20.2 (P) (P) (P) (P) 27.3 (P) 3.1.6 1.0 1.9 2.1.6 1.0 1.9 1.0 1.9 1.0 1.0 1.9 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0	3.8 4.3 2.8 2.6 .2 7.3 (°) 47.2 18.4 .4 .4 .3 2.6 (°) 1.2 2.2	.8 (P) (*) 0 (*) .2 (*) 6.8 .1 (*) .9 .1 .6 .2 .2 .1	2.3 2.2 4.4.2 5.5 4.4 1.1 3.2 1.9 9.6 (*) 3.2 2.9 (*) 1.1 (*)	7.2 32.8 14.4 7.7 6.7 29.8 (P) 46.3 (P) 9.3 1.5 2 7.7 11.8	(*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*)	10000000000000000000000000000000000000	0 0 0 (P) 0 (P) 1 0 2.7 2.1 0 .4 (*) .1 0	3.4 9.0 9.9 9.9 0 6.1 (P) 116.7 28.2 18.1 8.8 39.3 7.5 2.0 2.7 3.2	.6 3.9 0 0 (*) 8.0 3.9 (°) 0 .1 0 (*) (°) (°) (°)	1.2 1.7 7.3 0 3.4 (P) 108.3 27.3 18.0 8.7 38.0 6.8 8.3 9 1.0 2.6	(*) 0 (*) 0 0 0 0 0 (*)
Retail trade	567.4 86.6 217.7	186.1 (P) 31.5 32.9 (P)	345.8 (P) 176.4 45.2 (P)	12.4 .1 3.5 .1 8.8	91.6 0 (P) (*) (P)	110.4 (P) (P) (P) 22.9	13.0 (°) 0 (°) 1.1	58.6 0 18.8 (^b)	7.1 (*) 0 (P) (P)	.5 0 0 0 .5	2.6 0 (*) (*) (P) (P)	25.2 8.0 9.9 .1 7.3	(P) (P) (P)	7.0 .6 2.9 .1 3.4	0 0 0 0
Finance, except banking	87.0	5.6	30.0	.5	.6	.5	(P)	11.6	4.4	.9	.1	45.7	.4	43.8	1
Insurance	87.2 32.0	11.4 17.9	57.1 7.1	.1	2.8	15.1	14.3	23.9 3.2	.9 .6	(*)	1.8	(P) 4.5	.2 1.5	.3 2.0	(P) (*)
Services	267.1 50.7 144.4 12.1 132.2 (P) 11.9 6.5 23.0 (P) 171.3 14.1 26.0 13.0 13.0 39.6 67.9	32.4 2.8 1.8 1.0 8 9 1.0 2.8 42.5 2 7.6 9 9 2.5 9	111.1 16.9 69.3 8.1 61.2 2 5.8 5.3 8.2 5.3 73.7 6.1 12.5 5.5 30.5 19.6	12.3 4.0 3.0 2.1 1.8 .7 1.3 1.6 .3 (*) .3 .3 .3 .8,3 .6	7.0 -2 (*) 0 (*) 0 .5 1.2 (P) 16.8 1.3	2.66 (2) 1.77 .2 1.55 0 .6 (*) 0 .1 1 .5 5.5 0 (C) 2.4	21.8 .6 20.2 (P) (P) 0 (*) .7 0 .7 .7 .7 .2 .2	37.8 (P) 23.2 1.5 21.7 2.1 2.3 2.1 (P) 23.9 2.7 5.6 (P)	(*) 1.8 (*) 3.3 (*) 2.2 (*) 1.1 3.3 (*) 6.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0	.6 .6 .6 .6 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0	(a) 1.0 (b) 1.0 (c) 1.	55.7 23.0 9.3 9.9 9.6 9.1.4 9.0 9.0 23.9	18.0 2 (P) 2 (P) 0 0 (*) 2 (P) 0 3.3 (P) (P) (P) 0 2 (P) 2 (P) 2 (P) 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	39.0 18.0 9.8 .1 9.7 .1 .3 .5 0 1.4 11.3 1.4 .2 .2 .2 .3 .3 .6 .6 .6 .6	(P) (P) 2.4 2.2 0 0 (**) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

^D Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies. * Less than 50 employees.

Table 18.—Total Assets of Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, Industry of Affiliate by Country of Ultimate Beneficial Owner, 1986 [Millions of dollars]

		ica ar				,									
					Eur	ope			Latin			As	a and Pac	ific	
		1				Of which:		,	Amer-]		Of n	hich:	
	All coun- tries	Canada	Total	France	Ger- many, Feder- al	Neth- erlands	Swit- zerland	United King-	Other West- ern Hemi-	Africa	Middle East	Total	Aus- tralia	Japan	United States
					Repub- lic of	<u> </u>		dom	sphere						
All industries	838,039	130,073	437,324	32,857	50,186	67,676	76,656	137,378	19,651	80,349	26,617	125,972	15,069	98,098	18,054
Petroleum	76,740 51,003 25,737	3,976 (P) (P)	62,740 50,352 12,388	(P) (P) (P)	980 ල ල	(P) (P) 963	362 18 344	22,668 (P) (P)	2,899 0 2,899	(P) (P)	773 (P) (P)	1,215 80 1,136	274 0 274	921 80 841	(P) (P) 289
Manufacturing	192,424	46,482	116,864	13,835	21,633	15,279	14,207	39,068	5,246	1,315	1,200	20,483	6,995	11,433	833
Food and kindred products	21,022 7,588	(P) (P) (P)	12,997 1,050	619 (円) (円)	106 35 71	362 93 270	(P) 8	6,509 644	24	99	(P)	869 325 545	97 (P) (P)	529 50	(P)
Other	13,434	(P)	11,946 44,401	(P) 3,202	10,151		(^D) 5,616	5,864 12,710	24 525	99 (P)	(P)	545 734	(^D)	479 704	0
Industrial chemicals and synthetics	47,726 9,763	(P) (P) (P) 331	(4,40)	90 90	7,831 474	(P) 1,088	64 4,982	9,335	525 2	0	(P) 0	320 307	0	320 307	ő
Drugs Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods	11,387	(6)	11,236	(P) 20	1,445	(P)	529	135 240	9	0	(P)	99	(A)	26 50	0
Other Primary and fabricated metals	1,833	3.942	1,330 8,915		400 2,345	147	41 (P)	4,069	(P) (P) 27	(P) (P)	(P) 321	5,153		2,534	0 (P)
Primary metal industries	15,231 5,114	3,133 446	5,781 1,511	525 (P) (P)	987 618	(P) (P) 2	ළා ල	3,157 208	27 (P)	(P) (P) 38	321 321	4,713 (P)	(P)	2,261 2,206	(P) (P) (P)
Nonferrous Fabricated metal products	10,117 7,199	2,686 809	4,270 3,134	(i)	369 1,358	(P)	(P) 235	2,949 912	(P)	(P) 13	0 (P)	(Þ)	00000	55) Ó
Machinery	30,590	4,512	20,182	1,377	5,127		1,173	4,860	(P)	(P)	132	3,703		3,361	18
Machinery, except electrical	10,433 2,084	(P) 32 (P) (P) 825 37	6,083 716	472 330	1,431 74	03000°	632 12	2,013 257	341 (P)	(P) 0	(P)	2,297 (P)	-33-33	2,278 (P)	3
Other	8,350 20,156	8	5,367 14,099	141 905	1,356 3,696	8	12 621 541	1,756 2,847	99	(P) 6	9999	(P) 1,405	(P) (P)	1,083	1 15
Audio, video, and communications equipment Electronic components and accessories	4,483 9,014	(P) 825	1,934 5,924	905 512 (P) (P)	1 2	(P)	3 (P)	1,417	(P)	0	(9)	377 670	ල ල	275 453	1 0
Other	6,660		6,241		(9)	(9)		557 873	(P) 11	0	-	358		355	14
Other manufacturing	47,674 2,018	6,567 290	30,370 1,489	8,114	3,905 319	637 (P)	1,846 94	10,920 842	375 120	10 0	181 0	10,024 119	4,415 0	4,305 117	147 0
Lumber, wood, furniture, and fixtures	2,053 5,264	134 871	1,602 3,529	(P) (P) 11	272 210	174	94 (P) (P)	930 77	0 26	0	14 (P) (*)	302 730	(P) 0	(P) 730	0 (9) (9)
Printing and publishing	11,124 n.a.	3,902 n.a.	3,223 n.a.	11 n.a.	859 n.a.	174 n.a.	(^D) n.a.	1,415 n.a.	157 n,a.	n.a.	(*) n.a.	(^D)	(^D) n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
OtherRubber products	n.a. 432	n.a. (^D) (^D)	n.a. 111	n.a. (^D)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a. 11	n.a. 42	n,a. 0	n.a. 0	n.a.	n,a, (^D)	n.a. O	n.a. (^D)	n.a. O
Miscellaneous plastics productsStone, clay, and glass products	1,975	892	1,184 9,806	120 3,512	451 678	(P)	9 912	457 4,243 747	18 (P) 0	0	0 9	9	116 298	137 111	0
Transportation equipment	6,897 5,402	166 147 19	5,072 3,748	3,815 (D)	317 161	\ 6	0	747 487	Ó	(P) 0	(P) 0	1,584 1,507	0	1,426	0
Other transportation equipment	1,495 4,419	19 83	1,324 3,144	(P) (P) 93	156 682	6	0 315	260 1,958	24	(P)	(P) (P) 2	1,143	0 68	(P) (P)	0
Other	1,884	(9)	1,208	272	117	(P) 7	144	209	(P)	(P)	`ź	479	153	326	(P) 0
Wholesale trade	87,899 23,755	4,310 (*)	37,954 10,625	5,369 (^D)	10,328 5,930	778	2,371 (P)	11,960 1,201	1,042 24	1,188 (^D)	968 (^D)	42,181 12,936	90 37	39,050 12,137	255 0
Professional and commercial equipment and supplies Metals and minerals, except petroleum	n.a. 12,880	n.a. 632	n.a. 2,676	n.a. 568	n.a. 506	n.a. (^D) 189	n.a.	n.a. 545	n.a. 248	n.a. 298	n.a. 596	n.a. 8,431	n.a. 37	n.a. 8,225	n.a.
Electrical goods	11,045	4	1,061	75	68		39	324	15	(P)	(P)	9,949	0	9,172	Ō
Machinery, equipment, and supplies	n.a. n.a. 3,044	n.a.	n.a. n.a. 1.844	n.a. n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a. n.a.	n.a.	n.a. n.a.	n.a.	n.a. n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Groceries and related products Farm-product raw materials	7,800 8,902	489 57 2,254	4,806 4,373	52 (P) 489	(P) 49 339	52 25 87	(P) 1,041	1,008	327 (P) 65	(P) (P) (P)	(b)	333 2,839	0	245 2,839	12
Other nondurable goods	1		1				110	2,400	Į		6	1,361	4	485	(P)
Retail trade General merchandise stores	29,943 n.a.	11,069 n.a.	16,073 n.a.	532 n.a.	3,078 n.a.	2,826 n.a.	760 n.a.	6,751 n.a.	1,302 n.a.	(P) n.a.	(^D) n.a.	1,176 n.a.	(^D) n.a.	567 n.a.	43 n.a.
Food stores	n.a. n.a.	n.a. n.a.	n.a. n.a.	n.a. n.a.	n.a. n.a.	n.a. n.a.	n.a. n.a.	n.a. n.a.	n.a.	n.a. n.a.	n.a. n.a.	n.a. n.a.	n.a. n.a.	n.a. n.a.	n.a. n.a.
Other	n.a.	n.a. 8,278	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n,a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
	90,078		110,127	4,491	2,578	1,304	(P)	21,275	(P)	(P)	8,878	42,384	1,929	30,550	(6)
Insurance	1	27,738	43,315	305	4,727	10,853	(^D)	17,263	(P)	0	(^D)	753	68	(D)	(^D)
Real estate	66,727 18,569	20,003	23,719 8,409	1 000	3,027	4,016	2,112	11,301	3,527	127	9,235	9,909	922	6,425	207
Services	2,923	1,961 233 444	1,026	1,099 277	1,569 22	274 13	871 113	4,024 425	940 161	15 7	(P) 288	2,298 1,208	197 0	1,636 975	(P) 1
Business services Computer and data processing services	5,595 733	44 (0) (0) (45)	3,885 499 3,386	510 82 428	138 (P) (P)	184 7 177	453 (P) (P)	2,380 76	570 0	0	(b) 0	523 19	107 2 104	408 16	(P)
Other business services	4,863 1,194	(9)	94	0	0	0	(4)	2,304 82	570 0	0	(P) 0	505 136	104 64 0	391 67	(P) 0
Engineering, architectural, and surveying services	4,557 1,013	45	574 (P) (P)	137 (円)	100 (P)	68 10	6 (P) 0	153 64	(A)	8	(e) (e)	5 26	ඉ	5 21	(P) 0
Health servicesOther services	630 2,656	(^D) 136	2,078	(P) (P) 55	999	0	(P)	19 901	(P)	0	(P)	399	(A)	0 161	0
Other industries	25,304	6,255	12,122	(P)	2,267	(P) 43	1,014	3,068	775	44	505	5,573			30
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing	2,804 11,676	87 2,860	1,711 5,104	195 (P)	436 916	43 (^D)	347 149	408 1,219	652 17	37	163	149	(P) 34 (P)	(P) 82 (P)	5
Coal Other	8,202 3,474	668	4,176 928	(^D) 297 (^D)	867	(A)	(P) (P) 167	1,084	ල ල 10	ŏ	(A)	(P) (P) 325	(A)	0	(P) (P)
Construction Transportation	3,255 4,790	2,191 256 1,926	2,440 1,471	(P) 720 140	50 772 142	149 198	167	362	10 97	7	77	465	781 781	(P) 337	(e) 0
Communication and public utilities	2,781	1,125	1,397	667	0	170	ල ල	638 441	0	ō	(0)	1,208 (P)	781	(P) (P)	(P) 0
											L				

 $^{^{\}rm D}$ Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies. * Less than \$500,000, n.a. Not available.

Table 19.—Total Assets of Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, Industry of Affiliate by Country of Ultimate Beneficial Owner, 1987 [Millions of dollars]

			[Million	of dollar	S}										
					Eur	оре			Latin			Asi	a and Pac	ific	
						Of which:			Amer-				Of w	hich:	
	All coun- tries	Canada	Total	France	Ger- many, Feder- al Repub- lic of	Neth- erlands	Swit- zerland	United King- dom	Other West- ern Hemi- sphere	Africa	Middle East	Total	Aus- tralia	Japan	United States
All industries	926,042	140,822	467,607	33,983	58,540	69,958	73,766	156,223	32,180	8,642	18,024	234,578	21,973	195,773	24,189
Petroleum Petroleum and coal products manufacturing	80,129 58,352 21,778	3,407 (P) (P)	66,878 57,850 9,027	4,465 (°)	1,193 21 1,171	(P) (P) 755	447 0 447	25,618 (P) (P)	2,909 (P) (P)	5,074 0 5,074	191 0 191	1,490 80 1,411	535 0 535	953 80 873	180 28 152
Manufacturing	218,413	50,228	135,654	16,361	28,404	13,078	14,822	47,835	5,842	1,396	1,037	22,567	4,407	14,697	1,690
Food and kindred products	23,031	6,798 (P)	14,740 5,972	1,003 (P)	133 (P)	(%)	(P) 16	7,757 5,267	98 5	(P)	(P)	864 (D)	130 (P)	554 59	395 395
Other	10,668	(0)	8,768	(P) (P)	(P) (P)	(P)	(P)	2,490	92	(_b)	(p)	(P) (P)	(9)	496	0
Chemicals and allied products	75,552 50,808	(P)	(0)	3,636 (°) 81	14,143	(P) (P) 2	6,131 64	12,706 6,043	568 0	0	(P) 0	1,596 1,065	(0)	1,473 1,065	2 2
Drugs	10,510 9,196	139 (P) (P)	9,510 9,042	81 (P) (P)	1,725	(P)	5,469 551	3,006 (^D)	(0)	0	(P) (P) 0	303 37	(P)	303 26	0
Other	5,038	(P) 4,749	4,567 7,283		2,308	152	47	(P) 2,412	(P)	0		190 5,735	3	78 2.719	0
Primary and fabricated metals	14,975	3,107	4,322	568 348	1,035	19	757 (P) 0	1,715	(P) 2	(P)	(e) (e) (e) (e)	5,251	(P) (P) 37	2,362	(P) (P) (O)
FerrousNonferrous	6,128 8,847	(P)	1,737 2,584	(D)	626 409	19 0	(D)	208 1,507	0 2	(P) 13	(8)	(P)	(P) 60	2,268 93	
Fabricated metal products	7,820	1,642 3,210	2,961 23,469	22ó 3,502	1,273	133 4,134	(Þ) 804	697 4,854	(P) 348	83	(P) 122	484		357 4,350	216
Machinery, except electrical Office and computing machines	12,171	696 29	7,893 2,337	1.950	(P) 73	(P) 165	473	1,834	336	78	73	3,087	(P)	2,920 (P)	8 0
Other	8,024	667 2,514	5,556 15,576	(P) (P) 1,552 (P) (P)	3990	(A)	473 332	1,612	(P) (P) 12	78 6	73 49 2 47	(P) 1,758	(P)	1,429	208
Audio, video, and communications equipment	8,375 4,130	2,314 (P)	5,595	1,332	0	(A)	5 31	1,446	0 12	0 6	2	1,750	i (P)	352 627	1 193
Electronic components and accessories Other	7,616	141	7,012	159	(0)	0	295	1,056	0	ő	1 6	450	0	450	14
Other manufacturing	64,742	(P) 1,134	(°) 1,413	7,652	6,089 266	(P) 82	(P) 63	20,105	(P) 84	(P)	(9)	9,528 366	(b) (c) 12	5,601 150	(P)
Lumber, wood, furniture, and fixtures	1,625 6,027	135 1,030	1,225 4,060	230 28	173 221) 0	108 67	(P)	0	0	1 1	260 797	12	74 797	1 0
Printing and publishing	10,521	4,324 2,570	5,444 137	7	2,019	®®®®84®1	233	2,273 134	133	ŏ	(*)	(P)	(P)	7	(P) 0
Other	7,813	1,754	5,307 1,182	7	2,019	စ္ကို	233	2,140	133	ŏ) ó	(P)	(P) (P) 93 463	6	(e)
Miscellaneous plastics products	3,337	0000	1,351 12,548	27 97 4,098	(P) 491 660	84	(P) 30 1,184	452 5,860	23 (P)	ဗို	Ö	788 1,419	93	184 244	ŏ
Stone, clay, and glass products	15,016 7,412	8	4,478	2,665	469		28	1,128	1	0	ြုံ	2,451	(0	2,248	4
Motor vehicles and equipment	5,079 2,333	386 (P)	2,245 2,233	(0)	(P)	0	(P) (P) 306	423 706	0	0	(%)	2,448	0	2,245	0 4
Instruments and related products	7,652 7,616	386 (P) 73 (P)	4,632 (P)	112 371	625 (P)	12 5	306 169	3,533 (P)	(P) (P)	(P) 1	0	1,377	3 329	1,183 (^D)	0
Wholesale trade	97,382	4,156	40,537	5,433	10,672	1,100	2,288	13,243	1,303	1,191	630	49,185	340	45,460	381
Motor vehicles and equipment	27,692 4,834	19 186	10,969 849	(P) 11	6,390 666	7 (P)	(P) 49	1,014	202 (P)	21	148 (P) 452	16,333 3,782	(P)	15,588 3,778	0
Metals and minerals, except petroleum	15,330	1,035 (P)	2,796 932	533 62	556 64	(P) (P) 94	15 41	417 (P)	284	245 (^D)	452 (*)	10,518	34	10,428 8,905	0
Machinery, equipment, and supplies Other durable goods	9,043 8,480	1 640	4,680 6,175	252	1,289 531	116	561 326	1,319 4,660	170	(P) (P) (P) 32	(*) (P) 0	3,235 2,156	(P) (P)	2,936 1,836	(0)
Groceries and related products Farm-product raw materials	3,582 5,978	(P) 375 43	2,319 4,559	(°) 87 2,457	(P)	(P) 36 26	326 (P) 759	635 970	(P) 293 91	32 8	3 0	551	(*)	280 1,169	10
Other nondurable goods	11,031	1,727	7,258	548	(%)	26 393	19	(P)	200	(P)	ŏ	913	1	539	(%)
Retail trade	. 27,303 7,429	9,547	14,873	450	3,947	4,141	799	3,224	1,199	11 0	137	1,533 528	(P) 0	572 127	4 0
Food stores	. 7,854	1,217	6,126	128	2,797	(P) (P) (860	6	736 244	(*)	0	l i	510	(P)	273 10	0
Apparel and accessory storesOther	3,591 8,429	1,699 (P)	1,453 (P)	304	1,147	860	(P) 203	2,243	(0)	11	(P)	14 481	(%)	161	0 4
Finance, except banking	269,641	10,831	114,297	3,478	2,394	1,426	(P)	27,351	12,910	(P)	1,224	129,644	5,580	118,935	(P)
Insurance	110,089	33,961	51,935	315	5,266	14,330	9,614	20,211	(P)	0	0	1,096	(^D)	731	(P)
Real estate	65,008	20,234	20,365	467	2,659	4,047	1,672	8,968	2,767	141	8,889	12,520	1,238	8,670	91
Services	29,483	1,859 141	10,613 1,201	1,149 279	1,900 15	187	1,676 134	5,123 577	2,224 173	(P) (P) 0	(P) 636	9,222	(P)	4,143	(P) (P) 134
Hotels and other lodging places Business services	. 6,267 . 9,454	425 119	6,149	514	6 0	1118	1.434	3.920	(P) 5	0	(P) 6	3,850 369 30	119 (P) (P) 0	3,383 248	134
Computer and data processing services	. 1,840 . 7,614	1 306	1,546 4,602	411	6 4	8	6	139 3,781	👸	0	(P)	339		19 230	134
Motion pictures, including television tape and film	5,454 4,539	e	54 572	147	82 82	118 (P) (P) 0 52 (P)	(P) (P) 1 49	21 177	(e) (e) (e) (e)	0	ල ල	(P) 220	(%)	73 220	178
Accounting, research, management, and related services	. 664	(P) (P) 30 (P) 163	572 355 (P) (P)	97 59	82 53 (P) (P)	(%)	1 0	19	4	0	1 0	122	0	99 0	Ó
Other services	. 2,481	1		50)	I	(P)	295	9	0	10	(P)	(P)	121	0
Other industries	. 28,594 2,770	6,599 80	12,455 1,454	1,866 94	2,105 367	(P) 30	(P) 370	4,650 349	933	51 43	() () () () () () () () () () () () () (7,321 (P)	5,065	1,612 (^D)	1 1
Mining	. 5,874	2,584 286	5,473 2,185	(%)	824 745	83 83 0	2 2 0	3.112	(P)	2 2	(P) (P)	3,982 (P)	3,482 (D)	31	0
Other Construction	. 6,403 3,841	2,299 167	3,289 2,344	(P) 542	80 781	0	121	(P) (P) 339	(9)	2 2 0 4	(P)	(P) (P) 1,175	(P) (P) 118	1,001	ŏ
Transportation	5,549	1,717 2,051	1,701	116	131	373	(P) (P)	742 108	(P) (P) (P) (P) (P) (P) (P) (P) (P) (P)	2 0	(0)	1,881 (^D)	1,464	338 (P)	0
Constanteation and profic unities	7,13/	4,00,1	1,403	(-)	{ '		(-)	108		<u> </u>	(-)	(*)	<u> </u>	(-)	

^p Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies. * Less than \$500,000.

Table 20.—Employment and Property, Plant, and Equipment of Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, by State, 1986 and 1987

		19	86						1987	7				
		Millions	Thousand	s of acres	Thousands	of employees			Millions o	f dollars			Thousand	s of acres
:		of dollars						Gross	property, pla	nt and equip	ment			
	Thousands of	Gross	Land	Mineral rights		Manufac-			Com	mercial prop	erty 3		Land	Mineral rights
	employees	property, plant and equipment	owned	owned and leased	d lotat	turing ¹	Total	Manufac- turing ²	Total	Used or operated by affiliate	Leased or rented to others	Other	owned	owned and leased
Total	2,937.9	320,215	13,991	52,337	3,159.7	1,233.4	346,212	124,803	90,886	40,503	50,383	130,523	13,829	42,531
New England: Connecticut	48.9 20.3 74.4 17.1 11.1 7.0	2,333 1,425 4,079 787 491 454	7 1,664 37 113 3 46	6 65 (*) 1 (*) (*)	55.3 19.1 90.8 18.5 11.0 6.0	24.2 5.4 30.5 7.0 6.9 1.8	2,910 1,299 4,967 862 588 377	1,251 491 1,498 320 333 205	1,130 361 2,379 250 113 68	398 267 986 236 39 59	732 94 1,393 14 73	529 447 1,090 292 142 104	7 (P) 38 (P) 4 42	2 (P) (*) 1 (P) (P)
Mideast: Delaware District of Columbia Maryland New Jersey New York. Pennsylvania	33.6 7.1 49.9 155.8 268.2 152.6	2,897 1,402 2,935 10,507 18,022 9,507	13 (*) 56 45 437 315	1 1 1 6 105 1,231	36.9 7.1 53.3 169.3 300.1 168.5	6.9 .2 17.6 61.7 70.9 81.6	3,400 1,503 3,112 11,168 22,546 10,712	(°) 2 1,268 6,005 3,863 5,818	(P) 1,348 1,298 3,265 13,198 2,034	(P) 142 446 2,337 4,572 1,188	150 1,206 852 928 8,626 846	(P) 152 547 1,898 5,485 2,861	11 (*) 50 49 436 327	(*) 1 (*) 6 56 1,022
Great Lakes: Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin	153.7 57.7 89.5 129.3 57.4	11,184 3,158 7,261 9,952 3,218	181 45 265 160 95	444 179 2,389 804 (^D)	166.1 65.8 94.5 132.2 53.4	64.8 39.9 50.3 68.0 25.4	12,657 3,764 7,561 10,408 2,613	6,426 2,524 3,984 6,449 1,450	3,353 472 931 1,989 474	1,773 365 739 1,562 380	1,581 107 192 427 94	2,878 768 2,646 1,969 688	192 60 260 236 66	510 181 2,899 769 (^D)
Plains: Iowa Kansas Minnesota Missouri Nebraska North Dakota South Dakota	19.5 16.2 39.1 47.9 6.2 2.4 1.5	1,565 2,155 4,297 3,482 408 1,356 399	55 68 305 94 70 39 30	(*) 1,571 45 117 687 939 96	20.5 17.8 41.0 48.5 7.2 2.7 1.9	10.4 6.6 15.8 19.2 2.3 1.1	1,671 2,308 4,291 4,147 477 1,289 383	957 670 1,321 2,063 199 138 (°)	268 249 1,312 884 127 64 49	164 212 336 465 94 63 33	104 37 976 419 33 1	447 1,390 1,658 1,200 151 1,087 (P)	38 64 294 70 67 34 21	(*) 926 49 111 271 901 139
Southeast: Alabama. Arkansas Florida. Georgia Kentucky. Louisiana Mississippi North Carolina. South Carolina Tennessee Virginia West Virginia West Virginia	34.7 18.2 104.6 107.7 35.2 49.1 20.0 123.3 64.7 77.4 76.0 28.1	3,565 1,137 9,420 8,733 4,019 13,571 2,403 8,501 5,512 5,211 5,591 5,446	653 103 859 755 122 723 384 203 199 148 139 243	526 435 1,135 97 654 944 893 31 (P) 376 189	35.1 20.3 116.8 117.7 37.4 50.8 17.6 132.9 74.8 80.7 79.7 79.7	20.6 11.1 29.5 49.5 20.2 14.8 11.2 69.2 37.5 49.2 30.4 11.7	3,883 1,256 9,484 8,879 4,377 14,289 2,387 9,515 6,012 5,553 6,632 4,987	3,092 679 2,141 4,249 2,198 6,634 751 7,007 4,740 4,045 3,235 2,513	210 344 5,377 3,341 658 1,368 223 1,633 765 810 1,988 73	169 191 2,161 1,307 320 817 110 1,026 632 449 1,121 61	42 153 3,217 2,033 337 551 113 607 133 361 867 12	581 232 1,966 1,290 1,522 6,287 1,413 876 507 699 1,409 2,401	625 111 893 709 129 720 369 188 186 108 138 201	405 235 737 70 533 889 593 (°) 23 98 (°) 1,546
Southwest: Arizona	35.7 10.4 25.9 214.7	3,982 2,092 5,167 40,709	220 497 36 1,012	677 2,864 1,787 5,161	42.4 14.0 26.5 207.6	13.7 2.8 6.0 66.0	4,015 2,739 4,992 41,375	1,042 287 887 15,239	1,527 225 704 10,316	751 63 526 3,897	776 162 178 6,419	1,446 2,227 3,400 15,820	179 650 26 907	524 2,841 1,516 4,596
Rocky Mountains: Colorado Idaho Montana Utah Wyoming	32.8 3.3 3.2 12.0 3.6	4,824 386 1,593 2,635 3,017	436 25 375 79 141	2,285 394 2,793 1,659 2,402	29.5 4.0 3.5 12.0 4.1	10.8 1.3 1.2 4.6 1.1	4,485 391 1,611 2,483 2,903	793 73 240 391 322	2,260 39 67 151 39	299 33 37 62 26	1,961 7 29 89 13	1,432 279 1,305 1,941 2,543	380 34 308 94 133	1,445 197 1,857 1,107 2,002
Far West: California	289.2 9.0 17.4 35.0	38,321 1,294 1,637 3,301	803 332 914 378	814 1,963 780 2,041	324.2 10.7 20.5 38.4	120.2 .5 8.0 12.6	42,607 1,590 1,785 3,577	10,983 38 608 1,494	17,060 456 586 1,267	5,783 247 297 621	11,276 210 289 646	14,565 1,095 591 816	926 322 908 389	762 1,897 530 2,074
Alaska Hawaii Puerto Rico. Other U.S. areas 4 Foreign 5	6.4 18.4 10.9 3.2 1.9	15,140 2,013 545 15,041 2,136	13 52 1 1 0	1,203 (*) (*) 9,417 1	7.2 22.4 11.0 3.6 1.7	2.3 .8 7.0 .2 .3	18,390 3,203 507 15,159 2,134	(P) 92 347 (P) 155	(P) 2,744 36 206 106	1,913 29 163 70	75 831 7 43 36	(P) 366 124 (P) 1,874	21 57 1 2 0	660 1 (*) 6,853 0

^D Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies. * Less than 500 acres.

Less than 500 acres.
 Consists of all employees on the payroll of manufacturing plants located in the State. Employees on the payroll of petroleum refineries are included. Also included are employees in central administrative offices and auxiliary units if these units primarily serve manufacturing plants.
 See footnote 1 to table 1.

^{3.} See footnote 2 to table 3.4. See footnote 1 to table 9.

^{5.} For employment, consists of employees of U.S. affiliates working abroad. For assets, consists primarily of movable fixed assets temporarily located outside the United States and of any foreign assets, including mineral rights carried on the U.S. affiliates' books,

Table 21.—Employment by Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, State by Country of Ultimate Beneficial Owner, 1986

[Thousands of employees]

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					Eur	ope			T and a			A	sia and Pacif	ic	
	İ İ					Of which:			Latin America and				Of w	hich:	
	All countries	Canada	Total	France	Germany, Federal Republic of	Nether- lands	Switzer- land	United Kingdom	Other Western Hemi- sphere	Africa	Middle East	Total	Australia	Japan	United States
Total	2,937.9	609.2	1,783.2	177.9	312.4	242.4	183.0	622.9	128.0	26.7	39.5	321.7	65.6	220.8	29.7
New England: Connecticut Maine Massachusetts New Hampshire Rhode Island Vermont	48.9 20.3 74.4 17.1 11.1 7.0	6.3 9.8 17.5 4.6 1.6 2.1	37.4 8.1 43.4 8.1 9.1 4.4	3.4 .5 1.7 .4 1.4 .2	7.6 .6 8.4 1.1 1.4	6.3 1.6 3.4 .8 (P) (*)	1.9 .1 4.5 .5 .4 1.0	12.7 4.5 19.8 4.5 3.1 (P)	© © 2.7 © 0 2.7	000°	.4 (*) 1.5 (*) 0	2.5 .1 5.6 (P) .2 .1	.6 (P) 1.4 (P) (P) (P)	1.8 .1 3.5 (°) .1	2.7 (P) 2.7 (P) (P)
Mideast: Delaware District of Columbia Maryland New Jersey New York Pennsylvania	33.6 7.1 49.9 155.8 268.2 152.6	(P) 2.4 13.6 18.1 41.5 32.5	6.5 3.4 32.7 111.0 165.5 100.9	.2 .1 5.9 9.3 10.3 14.2	1.3 .2 5.0 23.7 20.7 21.4	.2 .1 7.5 12.2 13.1 8.5	(P) .3 2.0 21.4 22.9 6.4	4.0 .8 7.9 27.4 66.4 40.1	(°) .4 .9 4.2 14.3 10.0	0 (*) 6.0 .4	(P) .1 .2 .6 5.8 1.2	.3 .5 2.4 18.9 29.3 6.6	0 (*) .5 1.6 8.4 2.4	.1 .2 1.8 15.4 17.9 3.7	(P) (P) .1 (P) 5.8 .8
Great Lakes: Illinois. Indiana. Michigan. Ohio. Wisconsin	153.7 57.7 89.5 129.3 57.4	27.7 15.5 19.6 17.3 13.4	96.8 37.7 54.0 85.1 39.5	7,0 2,2 11.5 10.5 7.1	14.9 8.8 14.2 10.1 7.4	10.7 11.5 2.0 5.7 3.9	12.2 1.9 2.2 10.0 6.8	39.1 10.3 16.6 36.5 10.1	2.5 .2 3.0 6.5 .1	9999	2.1 .1 .1 .7 1.1	20.2 3.6 11.7 17.7 3.3	3.6 .4 1.0 2.6 .9	15.6 3.2 10.6 9.8 2.3	3.6 (P) (P) (P) (P)
Piains: Iowa Kansas. Minnesota Missouri Nebraska North Dakota. South Dakota.	19.5 16.2 39.1 47.9 6.2 2.4 1.5	7.3 2.3 12.7 14.5 .7 1.0	10.7 12.3 24.2 28.6 4.8 1.0	.7 1.9 1.5 1.0 .7 .1 (*)	2.6 1.8 3.0 4.6 .7 (P)	1.6 3.1 2.4 7.3 .3 .1 (^D)	1.2 1.0 2.6 3.5 1.0 .1 (*)	2.4 2.9 9.7 . 8.6 1.9 .3	.1 .4 .4 .8 .1 .1	ලලලල ⁴	**************************************	.9 .3 1.5 2.7 .4 (*)	(*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*)	.4 .2 1.0 1.1 .1 (°)	(P) (P) (P) (P)
Southeast: Alabama. Arkansas Florida. Georgia Kentucky. Louisiana Mississippi North Carolina. South Carolina. Tennessee Virginia West Virginia	. 104.6 107.7 35.2 49.1 20.0 123.3 64.7 77.4 76.0	6.8 3.8 26.3 21.3 8.5 9.9 3.5 26.8 7.6 18.1 24.0	20.4 11.3 60.5 64.5 20.9 27.5 11.2 86.4 49.9 45.6 42.0 13.9	3.9 1.6 4.4 5.1 3.8 1.3 2.6 5.6 7.7 7.0 2.4 (P)	2.4 .7 8.3 9.3 3.9 5.5 1.7 21.2 12.5 5.9 10.7	1.3 3.9 7.6 9.6 3.8 8.3 .5 5.1 10.5 8.3 3.3 3.3	2.1 .3 6.9 4.5 .7 1.6 1.6 4.9 4.7 3.1 2.4	8.4 2.8 22.1 24.2 7.4 7.7 3.8 29.3 9.1 14.0 14.7 3.9	1.6 .5 8.0 5.9 .6 9.1 1.7 2.5 2.7 1.9 5.2	3 0 00 0 000€	(P) .3 2.5 2.2 .6 1.1 .2 .7 1.5 1.0 2.0	4.8 2.1 6.2 10.3 3.7 .8 3.0 6.3 2.8 9.6 2.3	9 11 1.9 1.7 1.4 2 2 1 1 2.0 .6 8 8 .5	3.5 1.9 3.3 8.1 2.1 2 (0) 3.6 2.1 8.1 1.5	(e) (e) (e) (e) (e) (e) (e) (e) (e) (e)
Southwest: Arizona New Mexico Oklahoma Texas	35.7 10.4 25.9 214.7	9.6 .9 8.9 43.0	20.5 7.9 12.6 131.9	2.6 .3 1.3 14.6	1.0 (P) 2.1 23.9	4.1 1.7 3.8 31.1	1.1 .2 .7 10.8	10.9 2.0 3.8 39.9	.7 .5 1.9 13.2	(P) (P) (P) 2.8	.2 .1 .7 5.6	3.0 (P) 1.3 16.9	2.1 (P) .7 7.1	.7 .1 .6 7.4	(º) (*) (°) 1.2
Rocky Mountains: Colorado daho Montana Utah Wyoming	32.8 3.3 3.2 12.0 3.6	7.5 .9 1.4 2.1 .7	21.0 1.8 1.0 7.8 1.7	1.6 .2 (*) .4 .6	1.9 .1 (*) .6 (*)	1.0 .3 ල ල ල	3.0 (P) .1 .4 .1	11.6 .4 .6 3.7 .8	1.0 (°) (*) .2 .2	.5 () () () ()	.2 0 0 (⁽²⁾)	2.4 .6 (P) 1.0 (P)	.9 (P) (P)	1.2 (*) (*) .1	.3 (P) (*) (P) (*)
Far West: California Nevada Oregon Washington	. 9.0 17.4	34.8 2.1 4.2 12.2	153.8 6.0 10.4 15.0	15.0 1.0 .4 .8	24.1 .7 4.3 2.8	24.9 1.0 .7 1.4	22.7 .2 1.1 2.7	53.5 2.7 2.8 5.6	12.4 .1 .2 (P)	1.2 (b) (*) (c)	4.3 (P) (P) (P)	80.9 .7 2.4 6.5	12.0 .1 .4 2.1	61.0 (P) 1.8 4.1	1.7 (P) (P) (P)
Alaska	6.4 18.4 10.9 3.2 1.9	.9 .7 1.5 (P) .1	2.1 1.8 6.0 .6 1.2	(P) .1 .5 (P) .1	(*) (*) .6 0	ළා ල 0 ල	(P) .2 .9 (P) .3	(P) 1.3 2.9 .3 .4	.6 2.1 (°) .8 0	(P) 0 0 (P) 0	(P) 0 .4 (P) (P)	2.8 13.7 1.9 1.5 .3	.5 1.1 (P) 0 (P)	2.3 10.9 1.9 1.0 .3	(P) .1 (P) (P) (P)

P Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.
* Less than 50 employees.
1. See footnote 1 to table 9.
2. See footnote 2 to table 9.

SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

Table 22.—Employment by Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, State by Country of Ultimate Beneficial Owner, 1987

[Thousands of employees]

					Eur	оре			Latin			A	sia and Pacit	ie .	
	All					Of which:			America and		Middle		Of w	hich:	United
	countries	Canada	Total	France	Germany, Federal Republic of	Nether- lands	Switzer- land	United Kingdom	Other Western Hemi- sphere	Africa	East	Total	Australia	Japan	States
Total	3,159.7	590.5	1,903.7	183.6	363.3	269.5	183.4	630.1	143.6	19.9	32.5	434.1	90.0	284.6	35.5
New England: Connecticut Maine Massachusetts New Hampshire Rhode Island Vermont	55.3 19.1 90.8 18.5 11.0 6.0	6.8 9.7 17.7 4.7 2.3 (P)	42.5 8.2 52.3 10.2 8.0 3.6	4.2 .8 6.7 .4 .6 (P)	10.2 .8 10.4 2.4 1.6 (°)	5.9 1.6 3.0 1.6 .4 (*)	1.5 .1 2.9 .5 .6	15.5 4.1 22.0 4.8 2.9	(P) .4 5.4 (P) .2 (P)	.1 (*) .9 .1 .1 (*)	(P) 0 1.6 (*) (*) 0	3.6 .6 10.3 1.8 .4 .2	.9 .5 2.1 (*) (*) (*)	2.4 .2 7.8 1.8 .3	.1 .1 2.6 (P) .1
Mideast: Delaware District of Columbia Maryland. New Jersey New York Pennsylvania.	36.9 7.1 53.3 169.3 300.1 168.5	(P) 2.0 14.5 19.3 39.0 34.7	8.4 3.6 33.1 119.8 191.3 109.8	.1 .1 4.4 9.9 10.3 14.5	1.6 .2 6.5 27.1 39.4 23.0	.2 .2 6.9 14.2 15.8 12.3	.3 .3 2.1 22.6 24.8 6.0	4.5 1.1 8.9 27.4 66.2 42.4	(P) .3 1.5 4.8 12.7 9.9	° E & O & .	.1 .1 .7 .1 1.6 1.3	.7 .8 3.4 22.2 48.6 8.6	(*) .2 .6 3.4 10.9 3.1	.4 .3 2.6 16.1 35.5 5.0	(P) .2 .1 (P) (P) 3.7
Great Lakes: Illinois	166.1 65.8 94.5 132.2 53.4	25.3 14.3 18.7 19.4 12.7	106.8 46.0 52.6 81.9 36.0	6.9 8.6 8.0 5.2 2.1	16.9 9.9 14.3 10.1 8.7	11.3 10.1 2.9 6.3 4.4	16.6 1.7 1.9 10.3 6.3	40.1 10.6 16.4 38.1 10.3	3.9 .7 3.2 8.2 .3	.6 .4 .4 .2 .1	1.5 .1 .1 .7 1.0	24.4 4.2 18.5 20.2 3.4	3.0 .6 4.2 3.1 1.1	20.4 3.7 13.6 11.6 1.8	3.6 .2 .9 1.6 (*)
Plains: Iowa Kansas Minnesota Missouri Nebraska North Dakota South Dakota	20.5 17.8 41.0 48.5 7.2 2.7 1.9	6.9 2.3 9.9 15.1 1.3 1.0	12.0 12.6 26.9 27.8 4.9 1.3	.8 1.9 2.2 1.1 .8 .1 (*)	2.5 1.6 3.2 4.1 .8 (*)	2.0 3.3 4.4 6.8 .4 .2 .2	1.2 1.3 2.5 2.9 1.0	2.5 2.8 9.5 9.0 1.8 .8	.1 1.3 .7 1.4 .3 .1 (*)	.5 .8 .1 (P) .1 .1 (*)	33°9333	1.0 .7 3.4 2.7 .6 .1	.1 .4 .2 1.2 3 (*) (*)	.6 .4 2.3 1.4 .3 (*)	.1 .1 (*) (*) (*) (*)
Southeast: Alabama. Arkansas Florida. Georgia Kentucky. Louistana Mississippi North Carolina. South Carolina. Tennessee Virginia West Virginia West Virginia West Virginia South Carolina. South Carolina. South Carolina. South Carolina. South Carolina Tennessee Virginia West Virginia West Virginia South Carolina	35.1 20.3 116.8 117.7 37.4 50.8 17.6 132.9 74.8 80.7 79.7	6.7 3.7 27.1 22.4 9.1 10.2 3.0 29.2 8.4 16.1 20.9 12.9	20.1 12.5 61.4 66.9 21.6 27.4 8.3 92.7 57.0 50.0 49.1 11.2	4.6 2.3 5.1 5.3 4.5 1.5 2.0 5.6 9.0 7.3 2.7	2.2 .60 6.0 10.1 6.0 4.4 1.3 25.8 14.8 6.6 14.6	1.2 4.0 9.0 11.2 2.5 8.4 .6 62 12.1 8.9 3.4	2.1 1.0 4.0 4.8 8 1.7 1.6 4.8 4.6 3.1 2.4	7.6 2.6 24.9 24.7 6.7 8.2 2.0 27.9 9.6 15.4 14.4 3.4	1.6 1.1 15.8 5.3 7.4 1.8 2.7 2.3 2.5 5.1	.3 1.0 (P) .3 .4 .1 .2 .4 .1 .2 .4 .1	.8 2.4 (e) .8 .9 1.1 1.1 2.9 1.0 1.3	5.6 2.7 8.6 16.6 4.2 4.1 3.8 6.7 3.7 10.1 3.0	(P) 2.0 2.2 1.4 3.5 1.8 1.8 1.4 6.4	4.0 1.5 5.4 10.2 2.6 .5 1.3 4.1 2.3 7.9 2.1	.1 (*) .7 1.2 .7 .4 .5 .3 .1 .9 .1 (*)
Southwest: Arizona New Mexico Oklahoma Texas	42,4 14.0 26.5 207.6	9.1 .9 8.2 30.1	20.1 10.7 13.4 134.0	5.4 .4 2.1 12.9	1.2 (P) 2.1 27.8	4.5 1.9 4.1 34.9	1.0 .2 .9 10.5	6.0 2.1 3.3 36.5	1,0 .6 2.5 15.8	(P) (*) .3 1.8	(P) .1 .4 5.0	10.0 1.1 1.6 19.3	7.3 (P) .8 7.9	1.7 (*) .7 8.6	.5 .7 .1 1.5
Rocky Mountains: Colorado Idaho Montana Utah Wyoming	29.5 4.0 3.5 12.0 4.1	6.3 1.2 1.4 1.9	18.7 2.1 1.3 8.3 2.4	1.7 .2 .3 .2 1.1	1.4 .1 (*) .2 .1	2.7 .4 .3 2.1 .3	1.7 .7 .2 .8 .1	9.3 .6 .4 4.2 .8	.8 (*) (*) .1 .3	.3 (*) .1 .1 (*)	.2 (*) (*) (*) (*)	2.9 .7 .8 1.0	1.2 .5 .7 .2 .7	1.3 .1 .1 .2 (*)	.3 (*) (*) .6 (*)
Far West: California Nevada Oregon Washington	324.2 10.7 20.5 38.4	32.5 2.7 4.1 11.8	169.9 4.7 11.7 16.2	15.8 .1 .4 .9	25.7 .5 4.3 3.2	28.5 1.1 .9 2.4	21.9 .3 1.1 2.4	59.9 2.4 3.1 5.8	12.6 .2 .3 1.1	1.5 .1 (*)	1.7 (*) .1 (*)	103.4 2.9 4.2 8.9	13.7 .7 1.2 2.1	68.5 (P) 2.8 6.2	2.6 (*) (*)
Alaska Hawaii Puerto Rico Other U.S. areas ¹ Foreign ²	7.2 22.4 11.0 3.6 1.7	1.8 .7 .9 .1 .2	2.2 1.0 6.3 .9 1.0	(*) .1 .3 (*) .1	(*) .7 0 .1	.5 .1 .7 0 .2	.2 2 1.1 .2 .2	1.5 .4 3.0 .7 .5	(P) ,9 .9 0	(*) 0 0 (*) 0	(*) 0 0 .1 (*)	2.6 19.2 2.4 1.6 .5	.5 1.4 .3 0 0	2.0 15.8 2.1 1.3 .5	.2 (°) .4 (*) 0

P Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.
Less than 50 employees.
1. See footnote 1 to table 9.
2. See footnote 2 to table 9.

Publications and Diskettes on Foreign Direct Investment in the United States

Additional detail from the 1987 and 1980 benchmark surveys and the 1977-79 and 1981-86 annual surveys--including data on U.S. affiliates' balance sheets and income statements; external financial position; property, plant, and equipment; employment and employee compensation; U.S. merchandise trade; research and development expenditures; and U.S. land owned and leased--are available in the publications below. The estimates for all years, 1977-87 are also available on computer diskette.

The 1977-85 publications, and the diskettes for all years, may be obtained from Economic and Statistical Analysis/BEA, U.S Department of Commerce, Citizens and Southern National Bank, 222 Mitchell Street, P.O. Box 100606, Atlanta, GA 30384. Make checks or money orders payable to "Economic and Statistical Analysis/BEA." Include the return address with the order. The titles, accession numbers, and prices of the publications and the years, accession numbers, and prices of the diskettes, which should be quoted when ordering, are as follows:

	Publicatio	n		Diskette				
Year	Title	Accession Number	Price	Accession Number	Price			
1977 1978 1979 1980	Foreign Direct Investment in the United States: Operations of U.S. Affiliates, 1977-80	BEA IID 85-150	\$7.00	BEA IID 87-403 BEA IID 87-404 BEA IID 87-405 BEA IID 87-406	\$20.00 20.00 20.00 20.00			
1981	Foreign Direct Investment in the United States: Annual Survey Results, Revised 1981 Estimates Foreign Direct Investment in the United States: Operations	BEA IID 84-101	5.00	BEA IID 87-407	20.00			
1982	of U.S. Affiliates of Foreign Companies: Revised 1982 Estimates	BEA IID 85-101	5.00	BEA IID 87-408	20.00			
1983	Revised 1982 Estimates Revised 1983 Estimates	BEA IID 86-101	5.00	BEA IID 86-401	20.00			
1984	Revised 1984 Estimates	BEA IID 87-101	5.00	BEA IID 87-401	20.00			
1985	Revised 1985 Estimates	BEA IID 88-101	5.00	BEA IID 88-401	20.00			
1986	Revised 1986 Estimates	ī	1	BEA IID 89-401	20.00			
1987	Foreign Direct Investment in the United States: 1987 Bench- mark Survey, Preliminary Results	t	1	BEA IID 89-402	20.00			

^{1.} Not available from BEA. To be ordered from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office. See text.

The following two publications must be ordered from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office (GPO), Washington, DC 20402: Foreign Direct Investment in the United States: Operations of U.S. Affiliates of Foreign Companies, Revised 1986 Estimates (GPO Stock No. 003-010-00190-9) and Foreign Direct Investment in the United States: Benchmark Survey, Preliminary Results (GPO Stock No. 003-010-00188-7). Prices for these publications may be obtained from GPO by calling (202) 783-3238.

The publication Foreign Direct Investment in the United States, 1980, which contains detailed results of the 1980 benchmark survey and a methodology for foreign direct investment in the United States, may be obtained from Economic and Statistical Analysis/BEA, Accession No. 83-101, price \$10.00. Note however, that some 1980 data in that publication have been superseded by those in Foreign Direct Investment in the United States: Operations of U.S. Affiliates, 1977-80 and in the diskette for 1980 listed above.

BEA can prepare additional tabulations or perform regressions or other statistical analyses of the data at cost, within the limits of available resources and subject to legal requirements to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies. Requests should be directed to International Investment Division (BE-50), Data Retrieval and Analysis Branch, Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, DC 20230

State Personal Income, Summary Estimates for First Quarter 1989

Table 1.—Total Personal Income, States and Regions

[Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

State and region United States ¹ New England Connecticut Maine Massachusetts New Hampshire Rhode Island Vermont	229,325	II 3,722,315	ш	IV	ı	п	ш,	IV,	1"	1988:IV-	1988:I-
New England Connecticut Maine Massachusetts New Hampshire Rhode Island	229,325	3,722,315					1		1	1989:I	1989:1
Connecticut Maine Massachusetts New Hampshire Rhode Island			3,786,079	3,902,016	3,922,767	3,994,017	4,075,042	4,198,095	4,297,169	2.4	9.5
Maine	£5.400 f	234,559	241,135	248,562	251,554	255,695	261,849	269,841	275,678	2.2	9.6
Massachusetts	. 03,402	67,060	68,682	71,058	71,809	72,552	74,388	77,772	79,022	1.6	10.0
New Hampshire	. 15,929	16,333	16,790	17,282	17,449	17,792	18,258	18,735	19,147	2.2	9.7
Rhode Island	. 107,453	109,737	112,926	116,146	117,867	119,930	122,545	125,721	128,715	2.4	9.2
	18,046	18,510	19,185	19,922	20,106	20,502	21,090	21,669	22,126 17,606	2.1	10.1
	. 14,883	15,179	15,609	16,014	16,130	16,535	16,911	17,194	17,606	2.4 3.6	9.1 10.6
. ATTIATISH	. 7,532	7,740	7,943	8,139	8,193	8,385	8,658	8,750	9,061	3.0	10.0
Mideast	739,925	754,224	769,859	792,526	801,785	810,117	831,024	858,354	873,247	1.7	8.9
Delaware	10,181	10,475	10,782	11,088	11,213	11,486	11,915	12,127	12,440	2.6	10.9
District of Columbia	12,006	12,292	12,579	13,022	12,845	13,236	13,619	14,093	14,371	2.0	11.9
Maryland	79,597	81,340	83,053	85,672	86,959	87,846	90,756	92,571	94,737	2.0 2.3	8.9
New Jersey	151,095	153,305	157,101	162,137	164,516	165,545	170,455	177,373	179,799	1.4	9.3
New York		317,355	323,452	332,672	337,092	340,797	347,705	361,222	366,797	1.5	8.8
Pennsylvania		179,456	182,891	187,936	189,159	191,207	196,574	200,968	205,104	2.1	8.4
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Great Lakes	. 623,858	628,279	638,472	659,305	664,052	671,381	685,443	702,724	723,825	3.0	9.0
Illinois	. 186,142	186,949	190,015	197,705	199,986	200,668	204,026	210,569	217,824	3.4	8.9
Indiana	75,317	75,849	77,074	80,074	80,955	81,162	82,905	83,401	87,550	5.0	8.1
Michigan	139,451	140,365	142,151	145,766	147,290	148,873	153,440	157,530	160,621	2.0	9.1
Ohio.	. 154,009	155,397	158,159	162,424	162,676	166,449	169,761	173,568	177,420	2.2 3.5	9.1
Wisconsin	. 68,939	69,719	71,073	73,336	73,145	74,229	75,311	77,655	80,411	3.5	9.9
Hains	256,998	256,020	256,682	272,674	271,867	274,594	272,409	279,235	294,782	5.6	21
Pains	40,257	38,859	38,606	43,593	42,726	41,782	41,412	41,576	46,113	10.9	8.4 7.9
Kansas	36,823	37,325	37,132	38,724	38,632	39,867	39,334	40,893	41,675	1.9	7.9
Minnesota		66,260	67,228	70,377	71,039	71,395	71,578	73,279	77,519	5.8	9.1
Missouri		73,929	74,925	77,117	77,241	78,940	79,973	81,782	84,229	3.0	9.0
Nebraska.	22,575	22,151	21,895	24,562	24,004	24,900	23,921	24,347	25,937	6.5	8.1
North Dakota	8,965	8,693	8,250	8,930	8,985	8,645	7,711	8,389	9,494	13.2	5.7
South Dakota	8,785	8,802	8,644	9,371	9,240	9,066	8,480	8,969	9,816	9.4	6.2
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Southeast	. 758,804	773,389	789,496	811,460	814,078	835,376	853,257	875,813	899,435	2.7	10.5
Alabama	, 47,431	48,176	49,148	50,369	50,192	51,762	52,554	53,802	54,946	2.1 7.9	9.5
Arkansas	27,289	27,384	27,545	28,002	28,280	29,890	29,636	30,047	32,428	7.9	14.7
Florida	. 179,830	184,547	189,329	195,804	195,798	201,343	207,821	214,963	219,783	2.2 2.0	12.2
Georgia	. 85,966	87,924	89,966	92,535	92,421	94,859	96,832	99,623	101,643	2.0	10.0
Kentucky	. 43,215	44,204	45,156	46,271	46,460	47,220	48,008	48,602	50,278	3.4	8.2
Louisiana,	50,713	50,614	51,129	52,422	52,326	53,688	54,250	55,996	57,372	2.5	9.6
Mississippi	26,698	26,710	27,197	27,548	27,882	28,837	29,109	29,519	30,780	4.3	10.4
North Carolina	. 82,483	84,488	86,258	88,431	89,236	90,964	93,213	95,394	97,845	2.6 2.6	9.6
South Carolina	. 39,845	40,743	41,509	42,721	42,948	44,217	45,008	46,104	47,301	2.6	10.1
Tennessee	60,651	61,615	62,846	64,977	64,946	66,436	67,872	69,718	71,361	2.4 2.9	9.9
Virginia	94,177	96,261	98,526	101,059	102,065	104,396	106,919	109,608	112,820	2.9	10.5
West Virginia	20,506	20,723	20,887	21,322	21,524	21,765	22,036	22,436	22,878	2.0	6.3
	224 225	225 152	241 524	240.50	240.204	250.004	200 150	252 (20	250 205		
iouthwest	334,227	337,153	341,534	348,765	348,386	358,094	362,176	373,629	379,205	1.5	8.8
Arizona	46,873	47,926	48,616 17,895	50,284	50,135	51,639	53,058	54,549 19,415	55,395 20,008	1.6	10.5
New Mexico	17,298	17,700	41,250	18,294 41,680	18,160	18,774	18,879			3.1 1.2	10.2
Oklahoma	40,649	40,787			42,443	43,048	43,528	44,510	45,057	1.4	6.2
Texas	229,408	230,740	233,773	238,507	237,649	244,633	246,711	255,156	258,746	1,4	8.9
łocky Mountain	96,584	98,194	98,805	100,652	100,379	102,989	103,935	107,484	108,822	1.2	8.4
Rocky Mountain	50,270	51,071	51,483	52,766	52,398	53,707	54,318	55,924	56,709	1.4	8.2
Idaho	11,569	11,852	12,007	11,996	12,215	12,531	12,722	13,064	13,378	2.4	9.5
Montana	10,009	9,939	9,871	9,967	9,971	10,155	9,919	10,772	10,786	. i	8.2
Utah	18,629	19,044	19,208	19,636	19,535	20,071	20,518	21,220	21,331	.5	9.2
Wyoming	6,108	6,288	6,235	6,287	6,261	6,526	6,457	6,504	6,618	1.8	9.2 5.7
											1
Far West	598,755	614,136	623,344	640,706	643,019	657,561	676,247	701,329	711,951	1.5	10.7
California	476,768	489,569	496,781	511,066	511,380	523,019	539,338	560,192	567,058	1.2	10.9
Nevada	15,829	16,248	16,729	17,253	17,496	18,089	18,746	19,584	20,119	2.7	15.0
Oregon	37,038	37,893	38,498	39,298	39,885	40,748	41,303	42,762	43,490	1.7	9.0
Washington	69,120	70,426	71,336	73,088	74,260	75,706	76,860	78,790	81,284	3.2	9.5
Mada		0.000	امرر	0.700	امعدا	اممما	10.050	,,,,,,	10.45-	2.0	1
\laska 1 ^{2:}	9,512	9,638	9,642	9,703	9,754	9,954	10,050	10,161	10,456	2.9 1.2	7.2
ławaii	16,386	16,723	17,110	17,662	17,893	18,256	18,652	19,525	19,768	1.2	10.5
	 							<u></u>			
					•	Census Region:	3				
	1	1					1				
Vew England	229,325	234,559	241,135	248,562	251,554	255,695	261,849	269,841	275,678	2.2	9.6
Middle Atlantic	638,141	650,116	663,444	682,745	690,767	697,549	714,734	739,563	751,700	1.6	8.8
last North Central	623,858	628,279	638,472	659,305	664,052	671,381	685,443	702,724	723,825 i	3.0	9.0
vest north Central	256,998	256,020	256,682	272,674	271,867	274,594	272,409	279,235	294,782	5.6	8.4
outh Atlantic	604,592	618,795	632,891	651.653	655,009	670,111	688,119	706,920	723,817	2.4	10.5
last South Central	177,995	180,705	184,346	189,165	189,480	194,255	197,543	201,641	207,365	2.8	9.4
Vest South Central	348,058	349,525	353,696	360,611	360,698	371,259	374.124	385,709	393,602	2.0	9.1
Aountain	176,583	180,068	182,046	186,483	186,168	191,491	194,618	201,031	204,343	1.6	9.8
acific,	608,824	624,249	633,367	650,817	653,171	667,682	686,203	711,431	722,057	1.5	10.5
	L									,	4

Revised. Preliminary.

Notes:

Data Availability

Quarterly estimates for the years 1969–86 are available from the Regional Economic Information System, BE-55, Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, DC 20230; or call (202) 523–0966.

^{1.} The personal income level shown for the United States differs from that in the national income and product accounts primarily because it omits the earnings of Federal civilian and military personnel stationed abroad and of U.S. residents who are employed abroad temporarily by private U.S. firms.

NOTES:

—The estimates for 1986 through the first quarter of 1989 do not reflect the July 1989 revisions to the national income and product accounts; those revisions will be incorporated in the quarterly estimates of State personal income that will be published in the October 1989 SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS.

—The quarterly estimates of State personal income were prepared by Isabelle B. Whiston and James P. Stehle, under the supervision of Robert L. Brown.

SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

Table 2.—Nonfarm Personal Income, States and Regions

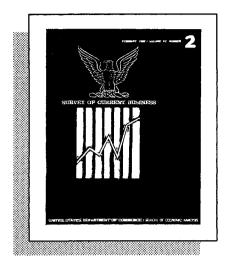
[Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

		/ 198	87			19	88	1989	Percent change		
State and region	1	11	Ш	īV	I	П,	III '	IV '	I*	1988:IV- 1989:I	1988:I- 1989:I
United States	3,611,231	3,672,585	3,743,588	3,848,135	3,869,406	3,941,984	4,038,463	4,164,747	4,232,578	1.6	9,4
New England	228,660	233,760	240,348 68,500	247,902 70,904	250,951 71,666	255,072 72,397	261,187 74,225	269,283 77,638	274,934 78,848	2.1 1.6	9.6 10.0
Connecticut	65,325 15,785	66,872 16,170	16,626	17.138	17,353	17,698	18,154	18,633	19,030	2,1	9.7
Massachusetts	107,280	109,528	112,727	115,980	117,681	119,740	122,345	125,560	128,472	2.3	9.2
New Hampshire	18,013	18,472	19,144	19,888	20,069	20,464	21,049 16,864	21,636	22,084 17,555	2.1 2.3	10.0 9.1
Rhode Island	14,843 7,413	15,127 7,590	15,558 7,793	15,973 8,019	16,089 8,093	16,491 8,282	8,550	17,157 8,660	8,946	3.3	10.5
Mideast	737,530	751,320	767,142	789,996	799,423	807,781	828,743	856,354	870,323	1.6	8.9
Delaware	10,042	10,313	10,635	10,951	11,037	11,292	11,699	11,937	12,176	2.0	10.3
District of Columbia	12,006 79,242	12,292 80,930	12,579 82,689	13,022 85,297	12,845 86,570	13,236 87,432	13,619 90,358	14,093 92,216	14,371 94,239	2.0 2.2	11.9
New Jersey	150,827	152,975	156,794	161,866	164,249	165,274	170,192	177,145	179,456	1.3	8.9 9.3 8.8
New York	310,548	316,587	322,704	331,948	336,504	340,264	347,207	360,745	366,186	1.5	8.8
Pennsylvania	174,866	178,224	181,741	186,912	188,218	190,283	195,668	200,218	203,896	1.8	8.3
Great Lakes	617,236	623,166	634,781 189,680	650,024 194,420	655,866 197,022	666,521 199,057	684,258 204,335	703,120 211,236	715,106 214,957	1.7 1.8	9.0 9.1
Illinois	184,212 74,032	185,891 75,028	76,672	78,747	79,034	80,427	82,785	84,554	85,837	1.5	8,6
Michigan	138,725	139,792	141,616	144,615	146,535	148,288	153,189	157,136	159,779	1.7	9.0
Ohio	153,064	154,481	157,515	161,077	161,517	165,667	169,427	173,564	176,281	1.6	9.1
Wisconsin	67,204	67,974	69,299	71,164	71,759	73,082	74,522	76,630	78,251	2.1	9.0
Plains	243,591 36,445	246,655 37,121	250,329 37,637	256,187 38,740	257,588 38,687	262,969 39,513	267,443 40,343	274,335 41,449	280,249 42,252	2.2 1.9	8.8 9.2 8.9
IowaKansas	34,942	35,515	36,001	36,758	36,738	37,662	38,159	39,130	40,011	23	1 86
Minnesota	63,978	64,683	65,726	67,359	68,268	69,640	70,716	72,966	74,573	2.2 2.3	9,2 8,9
Missouri	72,339	73,135	74,217	75,856	76,064	77,779	79,393	80,997	82,847	2.3	8.9
Nebraska	20,306	20,474	20,816	21,240	21,508	21,749	22,071	22,625	23,103	2.1	7.4
North Dakota	7,820 7,762	7,888 7,837	7,982 7,951	8,087 8,148	8,159 8,163	8,241 8,384	8,341 8,420	8,493 8,675	8,683 8,779	2.2 1.2	6.4 7.5
	747,324		778,467	802,076	802,373	821,873	841,632	865,475	882,139	1.9	9.9
Southeast	46,563	761,519 47,290	48,283	49.671	49,221	50,763	51,598	52,955	53,682	1.4	9.1
Arkansas	25,657	26,100	26,509	27,198	27,150	27,771	28,243	28,896	29,479	2.0	8.6
Florida	177,559	181,743	186,666	193,682	192,698	198,255	204,931	212,559	216,046	1.6	12.1
Georgia	84,779	86,587	88,743	91,446 45,330	91,248	93,700	95,695	98,540 47,944	100,214	1.7	9.8 7.7
Louisiana	42,508 49,855	43,182 50,202	44,129 50,762	52,110	45,582 51,785	46,251 52,883	47,162 53,745	55,406	49,113 56,081	2.4 1.2	8.3
Mississippi	25,583	25,889	26,416	27,047	27,013	27,795	28,324	28,809	29,271	1.6	8.4
North Carolina	81,066	82,815	84,687	86,993	87,866	89,407	91,694	94,069	96,023	2.1 2.5	9.3
South Carolina	39,531	40,396	41,205	42,400	42,662	43,889	44,786	45,826	46,957		10.1
Tennessee	60,009 93,737	60,927 95,699	62,197 98,017	64,365 100,539	64,224 101,449	65,682 103,765	67,189 106,274	69,003	70,337	1.9 2.8	9.5 10.5
Virginia West Virginia	20,477	20,689	20,852	21,296	21,476	21,711	21,988	22,386	22,821	1.9	6.3
Southwest	327,318	330,946	336,300	344,185	343,218	351,441	358,015	368,758	372,581	1.0	8.6
Arizona	46,113	47,154	47,944	49,742	49,438	50,767	52,433	54,036	54,596	1.0	10.4
New Mexico	16,997	17,319	17,604	18,030	17,931	18,483	18,594	19,086	19,619	2.8	9.4
Oklahoma	39,376 224,832	39,753 226,720	40,375 230,378	40,950 235,463	40,954 234,896	41,829 240,362	42,430 244,558	43,413 252,223	43,768 254,597	.8	6.9 8.4
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Rocky MountainColorado	94,325 49,566	95,567 50,152	96,649 50,803	98,719 51,915	98,512 51,671	100,761 52,679	102,490 53,631	105,238 55,039	106,563 55,733	1.3 1.3	8.2 7.9 8.7 8.5
Idaho	10,887	11,034	11,191	11,449	11,520	11,820	12,055	12,344	12,528	1.5	8.7
Montana	9,365	9,435	9,486	9,689	9,733	9,972	10,025	10,377	10,560	1.8	8.5
Utah Wyoming	18,466 6,041	18,806 6,140	19,007 6,163	19,459 6,207	19,402 6,185	19,910 6,380	20,388 6,391	21,071 6,408	21,202 6,540	.6 2.1	9.3 5.7
		1				1]				1
Far West	589,639 470,060	603,626 481,950	613,162 489,178	631,979 504,406	634,154 504,777	647,687 515,581	666,343 531,884	692,807 553,949	700,827 558,623	1.2 .8	10.5 10.7
Nevada	15,780	16,180	16,665	17,202	17,445	18,027	18,687	19,528	20,056	2.7	15.0
Oregon	36,196	36,810	37,528	38,513	38,997	39,811	40,335	41,919	42,476	1.3	8.9
Washington	67,602	68,687	69,790	71,858	72,935	74,268	75,436	77,411	79,673	2.9	9.2
Alaska	9,500 16,107	9,624 16,402	9,620 16,791	9,691 17,374	9,744 17,579	9,943 17,934	10,037 18,316	10,147 19,229	10,445 19,412	2.9 1.0	7.2 10.4
Hawaii	10,107	10,402	10,791	17,374	17,579	17,934	10,510	19,229	19,412	1.0	10.4
						Census Region	ıs				
New England	228,660	233,760	240,348	247,902	250,951	255,072	261,187	269,283	274,934	2.1	9.6
Middle Atlantic	636,240	647,785	661,240	680,727	688,971	695,821	713,067	738,109	749,537	1.5	8.8
East North Central	617,236	623,166	634,781	650,024	655,866	666,521	684,258	703,120	715,106	1.7	9.0
West North Central	243,591	246,655	250,329	256,187	257,588	262,969	267,443	274,335	280,249	2.2	8.8
South Atlantic East South Central	598,440 174,664	611,463 177,288	626,073 181,025	645,624 186,413	647,850 186,039	662,687 190,492	681,045 194,274	700,708 198,711	714,963	2.0 1.9	10.4
	339,720	342,776	348,023	355,722	354,784	362,845	368,976	379,938	383,925	1.0	8.8 8.2
west south central			,		1	1 200,000	1 22,510		1 200,024		1 2.5
West South Central Mountain Pacific	173,214 599,466	176,221 613,472	178,861 622,907	183,693 641,842	183,326 644,032	188,039 657,537	192,204 676,008	197,888 702,655	200,834 710,628	1.5 1.1	9.6 10.3

Note.—Nonfarm personal income is total personal income less farm earnings.

^r Revised. ^p Preliminary.

Comprehensive Information on the Economy



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INDEX

of Items Appearing in

The National Incor	me
<u>_and</u> Product Accounts	Tables
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The NIPA index is a valuable reference aid for users of the national income and product accounts (NIPA's). Designed to help you easily locate specific time series on the wide range of economic activities presented in the 130 NIPA tables, the NIPA index is extensively cross-indexed and contains references for both general subject areas and detailed line items. For example, the NIPA index will help you find all NIPA tables containing information on medical care, life insurance, or any of many other subject areas.

Here are some sample entries:

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The NIPA index uses the same table numbering system used for all BEA publications presenting NIPA estimates. The current numbering system has been used for all NIPA presentations since the comprehensive revisions released in December 1985.

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The statistics here update series published in Business Statistics: 1986, a statistical supplement to the Survey of Current Business. That volume (available from the Superintendent of Documents for \$16.00, stock no. 003-010-00181-0) provides a description of each series, references to sources of earlier figures, and historical data as follows: For all series, monthly or quarterly, 1983 through 1986, annually, 1961-86; for selected series, monthly or quarterly, 1961-86 (where available).

The sources of the series are given in Business Statistics: 1986; they appear in the main methodological note for each series, and are also listed alphabetically on pages 145-146. Series originating in Government agencies are not copyrighted and may be reprinted freely. Series from private sources are provided through the courtesy of the compilers, and are subject to their copyrights.

PRESONAL INCOME NY SOURCES Security Sequences 1985 1986	Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below,	Anz	ual				19	88						19	89		
PRESONAL INCOME BY SOURCE	data through 1986 and methodological notes are as shown in BUSINESS STATISTICS: Units	1987	1988	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
Second part of the property incomes 1.8 4,777 4,645 4,023 4,044 4,079 4,694 4,186 4,189 4,189 4,285 4,295 4,295 4,295 4,296			`	GE	NERAI	BUSI	NESS I	NDICA	TORS								
Second part of the property incomes 1.8 4,777 4,645 4,023 4,044 4,079 4,694 4,186 4,189 4,189 4,285 4,295 4,295 4,295 4,296	PERSONAL INCOME BY SOURCE †																
Wage and salary disbursements,	Seasonally adjusted, at annual rates:	73,777.6	74.064.5	r4.023.3	r4.049.4	r4.079.8	r4.094 2	*4.118.6	r4.180 4	⁷ 4 168 9	r4 206 3	4 273 1	r4 319 5	r4 360 7	r4 386 5	74.394 7	4.407.3
Commondity-producting indicatives, do Manufacturing, do 46,00 1960, 1960	Wage and salary disbursements,]	· 1						, i		ĺ	,			ĺ	,	•
Manufacturing das 4903 5904 5186 5289 5259 5259 5259 5259 5259 5259 5259	Commodity-producing industries,	1 1	,	· '							,		i ' j				•
Service industries —	Manufacturingdo	490.3	*524.0	7518.6	522.8	7525.4	r526.0	7530.1	7540.7	r537.2	r536.4	7541.4	7544.0	r553.5	⁷ 548.6	7549.0	550.9
Other labor income — 6.0 - 722.5 728.7 729.3 721.1 729.5 729.3 721.1 729.5 729.3 721.1 729.5 724.6 727.6 729.6 724	Service industriesdodo	7648.3	^r 714.4		708.4	⁷ 719.2	721.0					r762.8	r767.9		1	7787.7	793.9
Fram.	Other labor incomedo		7446.5 7228.9	r443.1 r225.7	r445.1 r227.5	*447.4 *229.3	^r 449.7 ^r 231.1		7453.9 7234.7	r456.4 r236.5	⁷ 458.5 ⁷ 238.2	7464.6 7239.7	7467.0 7241.3	7469.2 7242.9	7471.2 7244.4	7473.6 7246.0	
Consumption edjustment bil \$ 134 715,7 7144 716 7166 7165 7164 7161 7160 7183 711,8 799 793 786 81 Dividends 792 7102 7104 7101 7102 7103 7104 7101 7102 7103 7104 7101 7102 7103 7104 7101 7102 7103 7104 7101 7102 7103 7104 7101 7102 7103 7104 7101 7102 7103 7104 7101 7102 7103 7104 7104 7105	Farmdo	⁷ 41.6 270.0	739.8 7288.0														
Dividends—— 40 - 920 70.22 710.4 710.1 710.4 710.8 710.5	Rental income of persons with capital consumption adjustmentbil. \$	⁷ 13.4	′15.7	⁷ 14.4	^r 14.6	⁷ 15.6	⁷ 16.5	r16.7	⁷ 16.4	716.1	′16.0.	⁷ 13.8	r11.8	r9.9	r9.3	⁷ 8.6	8.1
Transfer payments — do — 564.2 584.7 580.8 582.7 585.2 58.7 58.9 58.7 592.2 583.0 596.6 51.07 51.2 52.8 52.8 52.8 52.0 52.8 52.0 52.8 52.0 52.8 52.0 52.8 52.0 52.8 52.0 52.0 52.0 52.0 52.0 52.0 52.0 52.0	Dividendsdo	^r 92.0 ^r 523.2	⁷ 102.2	r100.4	r101.1	⁷ 102.4	'103.9	104.7	7105.8	7106.5	r106.9	r108.4	⁷ 109.4		7111.0		111.8
Total nonfarm income do DISPOSITION OF PERSONAL INCOME 1	Transfer paymentsdo Less: Personal contributions for	r548.2	r584.7		⁷ 582.7	7585.7	7587.9	r588.7	7592.2	7593.5		⁷ 610.7			623.9	7625.7	629.0
Seasonally adjusted, at annual rates: Total personal income bil. 3. 77.76	social insurancedo Total nonfarm incomedo									^r 199.1 ^r 4,128.4							
Total personal income bill 8.				'													
payments	Total personal income	r3,777.6	⁷ 4,064.5	r4,023.3	⁷ 4,049.4	⁷ 4,079.8	r4,094.2	⁷ 4,118.6	⁷ 4,180.4	⁷ 4,168.9	⁷ 4,206.3	4,273.1	^r 4,319.5	r4,360.7	r4,386.5	r4,394.7	4,407.3
Less: Fersonal outlays — special pressure of the constant of	paymentsdo Equals: Disposable personal incomedo	r3,205.9	73,477.8	r3,438.0	73,470.5	73,495.5	r3,509.9	r3 529 5	73,584.2	73,572.6	73,605.4	r3,641.9	r3,697.8	r3,728.8	73,718.1	73,746.7	3,768.9
Durable goods	Personal consumption expendituresdo	3,010.8	3,235.1	73,297.9 73,200.9	r3,335.0 r3,237.4	73,340.1 73,242.0	r3,374.2 r3,275.4	r3,371.8 r3,272.9	73,406.0 73,306.8	73,421.9 73,321.8	73,343.3	73,365.6	73,384.7	73,394.0	73,432.2	73,440.2	3,441.4
Interest paid by consumers to business	Nondurable goodsdo	r998.1	71,052.3	71,043.0	1,051.7	71,059.1	r1.068.8	'1,070.8	1,076.3	71,084.3	1,074.6	1,093.8	7464.2 71,098.6	71,102.5	71,113.2	r1,118.1	1,118.5
Personal transfer payments to foreigners (net)	Interest paid by consumers to	1 ']				·]	<i>'</i>		· 1				,-
Equals: personal saving as percentage of disposable Personal saving as percentage of disposable Personal since in constant (1982)	Personal transfer payments to									· .						J	
personal income s. percent. 3.2 4.2 73.9 74.1 74.1 74.3 74.8 74.4 74.6 74.6 74.6 75.0 75.6 75.6 75.6 75.5 54	Equals: personal savingdo	'101.8							1			^r 174.6		⁷ 231.9			
Gollars Sil Sil C,2793.2 C,2773.6 C,2793.4 C,2803.0 C,2803.0 C,2808.7 C,2808.0 C,2808.7 C,2808.0	personal income §percent	3.2	4.2	⁷ 3.9	74.1	74.1	^r 4.3	*4.4	⁷ 4.6	*4.6	*4.5	75.0	r5.6	r5.6	75.5	5.4	
Constant (1962) dollar's do '2513.7 '2598.4 '25823 '2593.7 '2605.8 '2593.7 '2620.8 '2605.5 '2620.8 '2605.7 '2605.5 '2620.8 '2605.7 '2630.5 '2647.0 '2630.6 '2662.5 '2647.0 '419.4 '419.4 '419.0 '419.4 '419.0 '419.0 '419.4 '419.0 '419.0 '419.4 '419.0 '419.0 '419.4 '419.0 '419.0 '419.4 '419.0 '	dollarsbil. \$	⁷ 2,676.6	r2,793.2	⁷ 2,773.6	r2,793.4	⁷ 2,803.0	⁷ 2,807.6	² ,808.7	r2,840.6	^r 2,826.3	⁷ 2,841.0	r2,852.9	72,891.9	⁷ 2,900.0	r2,873.4	r2,883.6	2,896.0
Nondurable goods	constant (1982) dollarsdo	72,513.7		r2,582.3	⁷ 2,605.8	⁷ 2,599.7	72,620.0	72,604.5	72,620.8	72,627.9	72,634.5	⁷ 2,636.5	r2,647.0	72,639.6	72,652.5	r2,647.8	
Implicit price deflator for personal consumption expenditures	Nondurable goodsdo	7890.4	r904.5	7899.1	r904.5	r906.9	7914.4	7909.7	7911.21	r918.0	r907.0	7915.7	r918.1	r911.3	r906.6	r904.7	906.2
Federal Reserve Board Index of Quantity Output Not Seasonally Adjusted Not Seasonally Adjusted 129.8 137.2 135.0 139.3 136.3 141.7 143.0 142.2 139.3 136.4 137.1 140.1 139.5 140.5 140.0 144.0 140.8 140.7 140.0 144.0 140.8 140.7 140.0 144.0 140.8 140.7 140.0 144.0 140.1 140.0 1	Implicit price deflator for personal consumption	1	′			· '			ı ' 1					, i		·	,
Not Seasonally Adjusted Total index	•																
Total index																	
By industry groupings: Mining and utilities. do. 104.3 107.5 101.3 106.5 108.3 112.6 107.9 105.1 106.6 109.4 110.2 111.1 106.6 '104.6 '103.1 '106.7	Not Seasonally Adjusted Total index1977 = 100	129.8	137.2	135.0	139.3	136.3	141.7	143.0	142.2	139.3	136.4	137.1	140.1	r139.5	'140.5	₽140.0	¢144.0
Manufacturing do 134.7 142.7 141.3 145.5 141.5 147.2 149.6 149.1 145.4 141.4 142.2 145.6 145.6 147.2 141.6 145.0 145.6 147.2 141.6 145.0 145.6 147.2 141.6 145.0 145.6 147.2 141.6 145.0 145.6 147.2 141.6 145.0 145.6 147.2 145.6 147.2 145.6 147.2 145.6 147.5 153.5 153.5 144.0 145.0 1	By industry groupings:	1	1									1					
Durable manufactures do 133.1 141.9 141.6 144.8 138.9 144.0 147.8 147.6 145.0 141.6 142.7 146.0 145.9 146.0 145.9 146.4 149.4 149.4 140.8 140.5 140.7 141.6 142.7 146.0 145.9 147.4 141.1	Manufacturingdo	134.7	142.7	141.3	145.5	141.5	147.2	149.6	149.1	145.4	141.4	142.2	145.6	^r 145.8	r147.3	P146.9	1 51.1
Total index do 129.8 137.2 136.1 136.5 138.0 138.5 138.6 139.4 139.9 140.4 140.8 140.5 140.7 141.6 141.1 By market groupings: Products, total do 138.3 145.9 145.0 145.3 146.5 147.3 147.4 148.1 148.4 149.4 150.1 150.0 150.5 151.5 151.4 151.2 Final products do 136.8 144.3 143.5 144.0 145.0 145.8 145.8 145.8 146.4 146.8 147.7 148.2 148.6 148.9 150.0 148.9 150.0 149.7 Consumer goods do 127.8 133.9 132.7 133.0 134.2 135.0 134.8 136.4 136.8 138.2 138.5 138.7 138.4 139.2 138.7 138.8	Durable manufacturesdo	136.8 133.1				145.1 138.9							145.0 146.0				
By market groupings: Products, total About 138.3 145.9 145.0 145.3 146.5 147.3 147.4 148.1 148.4 149.4 150.1 150.0 150.0 150.5 151.5 151.4 151.2 150.0 150.0 150.5 151.5 151.4 151.2 150.0 150	* *	1000	107.0	1001	100 =	100 0	100 -	100.0	100	100.0	140.4	140.0	110-	F1 40 F	F141 A	2144	0145 -
Products, total do 138.3 145.9 145.0 145.3 146.5 147.3 147.4 148.1 148.4 149.4 150.1 150.0 r150.5 r151.5 r151.4 r151.2 Final products do 136.8 144.3 143.5 144.0 145.0 145.8 145.8 146.4 146.8 147.7 148.2 148.6 r148.9 r150.0 r149.7 Consumer goods do 127.8 133.9 132.7 133.0 134.2 135.0 134.8 136.4 136.8 138.2 138.5 138.7 r138.4 r139.2 r138.7	Total indexdo By market groupings:			136.1	136.5			138.6	139.4			140.8				·	*141.1
Consumer goodsdo 127.8 133.9 132.7 133.0 134.2 135.0 134.8 136.4 136.8 138.2 138.5 138.7 7138.4 7139.2 7138.7 138.3	Products, total	136.8	144.3	143.5		145.0			148.1 146.4	148.4 146.8	149.4 147.7				r150.0	P149.9	
See Sectionary at and of tables	Consumer goodsdo																

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes	Ann	ıal				198	8						198	39		
below, data through 1986 and methodological notes are as shown in Business Statistics, 1986	1987	1988	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
	-	G	ENERA	L BUS	INESS	INDICA	ATORS	—Conti	nued							
INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION &—Continued		1	Ì	Ì	Ì	Ì			į		Ì				Ì	
Seasonally Adjusted—Continued		į	ĺ	ĺ	-		ļ	Ì		ļ		1				
By market groupings—Continued Final products—Continued		ļ		ļ			-				ļ				ļ	
Durable consumer goods 1977 = 100	120.2	125.3	125.6	125.3	125.3	125.7	126.3	129.3	129.2	131.9	131.5	131.6	130.1	131.8	p130.9 p128.1	*129.8 *125.5
Automotive productsdo Autos and trucks, consumerdo	118.5 115.1	124.9 122.7	127.1 126.9	127.1 125.3	124.4 120.8	124.2 123.1	126.4 124.8	128.9 128.3	129.5 129.5	134.5 138.0	132.5 135.6	131.6 133.1	128.9 128.3	131.2 131.7	p127.4	°123.6
Autos, consumer do Trucks, consumer do	90.7 160.5	93.4 177.0	98.9 178.9	99.0 174.1	93.8 170.8	$93.0 \\ 179.0$	97.7 175.3	101.3 178.4	101.0 182.4	105.1 199.1	99.6 202.3	$ \begin{array}{c} 96.0 \\ 201.9 \end{array} $	95.0 190.0	98.8 192.8	₽96.0 ₽185.5	*91.4 *183.3
Home goodsdo	121.6	125.6	124.4	123.9	125.9	126.8	126.2	129.7	128.9	130.0	130.7	131.6	131.1	7132.2	^p 133.0	133.2
Nondurable consumer goodsdo Consumer staplesdo	130.6 137.4	137.1 144.9	135.4 143.1	135.8 143.5	137.5 145.3	$138.5 \\ 146.6$	138.0 145.8	$139.0 \\ 147.0$	139.7 147.9	$140.5 \\ 148.9$	141.1 149.4	141.4 149.7	7141.4 7149.9	7141.9 7150.4	P141.6	*141.5 *149.9
Consumer foods and tobaccodo	136.3	140.9	139.2	139.3	141.1	141.3	141.1	142.4	143.7	144.5	144.8	144.3	⁷ 143.3	⁷ 144.2	P144.9	
Nonfood staplesdo Equipmentdo	138.5 148.9	149.1 158.2	147.0 157.7	147.9 158.5	149.6 159.4	152.1 160.1	150.7 160.4	151.8 159.7	152.2 159.9	153.6 160.4	154.2 161.1	155.4 161.6	7156.9 7162.8	7156.9 7164.3	P155.5	°155.1 °164.7
Business and defense						J				l l			168.9	7170.2	p170.8	170.5
equipmentdo Business equipmentdo	153.6 144.5	163.3 157.6	162.7 156.9	163.5 158.1	164.6 159.3	165.2 160.2	165.6 160.8	165.1 160.2	165.5 161.2	166.2 162.6	167.1 163.8	167.9 165.0	r166.3	7167.7	P168.4	168.0
Construction, mining, and farmdo	62.2	71.9	71.8	72.4	73.6	73.1	74.3	74.2	74.5	74.6	74.3	75.6	776.9	777.1	^p 76.6	°76.8
Manufacturingdo Powerdo	117.9 82.6	131.3 89.4	128.3 87.4	130.3 88.3	132.4 89.8	134.0 90.9	135.8 92.2	136.2 91.5	136.2 92.1	137.0 91.8	136.3 92.8	137.8 92.7	7138.6 793.0	r139.7	P140.4	*140.9 *92.5
Commercial do Transit do	226.5 108.4	245.2 115.1	245.7 115.3	247.1 115.7	248.2 115.9	249.8 115.2	248.7 116.8	245.4 120.3	247.0 122.3	248.9 124.9	252.4 125.7	254.3 125.2	r257.6 123.9	7260.1 7124.8	^p 262.1 ^p 124.0	°262.3 °120.8
Defense and space equipmentdo	188.9	185.8	185.5	184.6	184.9	184.9	184.5	184.0	182.2	180.5	180.0	179.3	r178.7	⁷ 179.9	p180.1	°180.4
Intermediate productsdo Construction suppliesdo	143.4 131.5	151.5 138.6	150.4 138.8	150.0 137.6	151.6 138.4	152.3 138.1	152.9 138.4	154.0 140.0	154.2 140.7	155.0 141.4	156.6 142.3	155.1 139.5	^r 156.1 ^r 139.3	7156.6 7139.7	^p 156.6 ^p 139.9	°156.6 °139.9
Business suppliesdo	153.5 118.2	162.5 125.2	160.3 123.9	160.6 124.5	162.8 126.4	164.4 126.5	165.2 126.5	165.9 127.5	165.7 128.3	166.7 128.3	168.8 128.1	168.4 127.4	7170.4 127.3	7171.0 7128.1	p170.8	°127.3
Materialsdododo	125.0	135.4	134.8	134.9	136.8	136.6	137.8	138.9	139.8	139.0	139.4	138.6	r137.9	⁷ 138.6	P138.2	°137.9
Nondurable goods materialsdo Energy materialsdo	125.9 99.8	132.0 101.5	130.1 99.5	$130.1 \\ 101.3$	132.8 102.7	$133.1 \\ 103.2$	132.6 101.5	134.7 101.3	135.1 102.3	136.3 102.6	137.1 100.5	135.9 100.5	7136.0 7101.0	′137.1 ′102.0	°137.2 °101.5	*137.3 *100.0
By industry groupings: Mining and utilitiesdo	104.3	107.5	106.0	106.8	108.1	109.0	107.2	107.2	108.1	108.9	107.2	106.8	⁷ 107.5	108.2	p107.9	106.6
Mining do do Metal mining do do do do do do do do do do do do do	100.7 77.6	103.4 93.2	102.6 86.0	103.0 82.2	104.3 94.0	103.8 96.6	103.7 99.1	103.1 101.6	104.7 104.6	104.9 111.9	103.0 106.9	100.9 98.6	'101.5 98.1	7102.6 95.6	^p 102.3	°101.2
Coaldo	131.8 92.7	137.9 92.9	127.8 94.6	126.9 95.8	141.5 93.3	137.2 93.2	142.2 92.0	138.5 91.5	149.7 90.8	155.1 88.9	144.7 88.9	134.7 89.5	137.7 789.6	145.5 '89.5	₽137.1 ₽90.8	*128.5 *91.0
Oil and gas extraction #do Crude oildodo	100.3	98.5	99.4	100.5	98.3	97.7	97.1	95.9	96.9	95.8	95.6	94.9	r92.9	r92.8	₽93.5 ₽87.7	
Natural gasdo Stone and earth mineralsdo	85.51 128.2	86.6 139.9	87.2 140.1	87.7 137.4	84.9 140.2	86.0 141.3	84.1 139.7	87.4 142.8	89.2 144.0	87.01 149.4	84.8 150.8	89.0 142.5	88.6 143.5	85.8 7144.5	P145.2	
Utilitiesdo Electricdo	110.3 126.6	114.3 132.0	111.6 129.7	113.2 132.1	114.4 134.6	117.8 138.8	$113.0 \\ 132.2$	113.9 132.8	113.7 131.6	$115.4 \\ 132.9$	114.0 131.0	116.5 135.3	7117.5 7137.0	7117.4 7137.4	P117.1 P137.0	°115.7
Manufacturingdo	134,7	142.7	141.8	142.1	143.6	144.0	144.4	145.3	145.8	146.3	147.2	146.8	r147.0	⁷ 147.8	P147.7	°147.7
Nondurable manufacturesdo Foodsdo	136.8 137.8	143.9 142.7	142.1 141.0	142.6 141.3	144.6 143.3	145.1 143.3	$145.3 \\ 143.2$	146.3 144.0	146.7 145.7	147.1 145.8	148.5 146.6	148.1 146.3	^r 148.6 ^r 145.4	7149.2 7146.4	^p 149.2 ^p 147.4	°149.3
Tobacco products	103.5 115.9	$105.2 \\ 116.2$	107.2 114.6	104.5 114.3	100.6 117.1	105.1 116.4	$105.0 \\ 116.2$	105.4 117.0	$102.4 \\ 117.2$	$107.0 \\ 117.9$	$105.0 \\ 120.2$	104.7 119.4	101.5 7119.7	100.0 122.3	P123.4	
Apparel products do Paper and products do do Paper and products do do do do do do do do do do do do do	107.4 144.4	109.1 150.3	108.6 149.5	109.3 148.6	109.4 152.3	108.9 151.0	109.9 150.9	109.5 151.8	110.1 150.7	108.8 151.7	110.2 153.8	110.2 151.7	r109.9 r151.7	110.6 150.7	p150.3	
Printing and publishingdodo	172.1	184.2	180.7	182.3	184.9	186.7	188.0	188.1	188.5	188.0	193.0	194.6	⁷ 198.5	r200.0	p199.6	*200.9
Chemicals and productsdo Petroleum productsdo	140.2 93.5	151.9 96.0	149.1 95.2	150.5 94.1	153.4 95.0	154.8 96.0	155.3 93.7	156.7 96.3	157.5 95.0	158.1 98.0	159.0 98.0	158.5 96.3	7159.2 797.0	7159.3 797.3	^p 158.5 ^p 95.4	°97.3
Rubber and plastics productsdo Leather and productsdo	163.6 60.0	174.4 59.5	173.4 57.1	174.4 58.9	175.4 59.1	$175.3 \\ 59.4$	175.3 59.9	176.9 61.0	177.5 61.5	$177.5 \\ 60.2$	175.9 62.9	175.0 62.9	'176.4 '61.2	'176.2 '61.4	P176.9 P59.6	
Durable manufacturesdo	133.1 130.3	141.9	141.5	141.7	142.9	143.2	143.8	144.6	145.2	145.7	146.2 139.9	145.9 132.8	r145.8 r133.4	7146.9 7134.8	P146.7	°146.5
Lumber and productsdo Furniture and fixturesdo	152.8	137.3 162.1	139.8 160.5	136.4 161.2	136.6 162.9	133.8 164.9	133.5 164.9	137.5 164.5	139.4 165.4	143.0 165.4	166.3	164.8	165.8	⁷ 168.0	p169.0	
Clay, glass, and stone productsdo Primary metalsdo	119.1 81.3	122.6 89.2	121.5 89.2	123.4 87.5	122.2 91.5	$\frac{122.6}{90.8}$	122.6 93.1	123.3 94.2	124.7 92.7	$\frac{125.1}{90.0}$	126.6 93.2	125.4 91.1	r125.5 88.4	7124.7 790.1	*125.3 *87.7	*88.2
Iron and steeldo Nonferrous metalsdo	70.6 101.6	78.1 110.2	78.6 109.1	74.2 112.7	80.2 112.7	$78.9 \\ 113.3$	81.4 115.1	83.1 115.0	80.8 115.2	77.6 113.4	82.2 113.9	79.1 113.7	75.9 112.0	777.0 7114.7	P73.5 P114.5	l
Fabricated metal products do Nonelectrical machinery do	111.0 152.7	120.9 170.8	119.8 170.3	$\frac{120.4}{171.2}$	121.7 173.1	122.1 174.1	122.5 174.8	122.6 173.8	124.6 175.4	125.1 177.8	124.5 178.7	124.5 180.8		⁷ 123.1 ⁷ 184.7	^p 123.8 ^p 185.6	*123.4 *186.1
Electrical machinerydo	172.3	180.1	179.1	179.5	181.5	182.2	181.8	183.0	182.2	180.9	180.9	181.7	⁷ 181.6	r182.1	p181.0	*181.5 *133.4
Transportation equipmentdo Motor vehicles and partsdo	129.2 111.8	132.1 117.2	133.1 119.6	132.8 119.1	131.9 116.6	131.8 117.5	132.7 118.5	134.8 121.7	135.2 122.9	136.8 125.5	136.7 124.9	136.4 123.4	7134.8 120.4	r122.0	P119.1	°116.1
Instrumentsdo BUSINESS SALES	143.9	154.3	151.3	153.0	156.4	156.8	157.8	159.9	160.4	159.1	161.0	161.3	r161.8	′163.0	P164.8	165.0
Mfg. and trade sales (unadj.), total ‡mil. \$	5,394.437	5,829,069	485,694	509,034	461,882	495,783	504,380	506,774	501,375	533,442	466,290	475,439	527,377	⁷ 510,744	530,473	
Mfg. and trade sales (seas. adj.),	1							\			` '	1	1	1517 745		1
total #dodododododododododododo		5,829,069 2,611,589	478,467 215,777	486,359 218,881	486,193 216,698	492,491 221,715	492,478 221,395	498,846 222,917	501,400 224,632	506,186 230,827	511,881 231,485	507,328 228,353	507,555 228,048	r234,042	233,513	
Durable goods industriesdo Nondurable goods industriesdo	1,263,492 1,126,553	1,388,211	114,751 101,026	116,522 102,359	113,122 103,576	117,866 103,849	118,030 103,365	118,439	119,874	124,175 106,652	123,578 107,907	120,924 107,429	120,432		122,985	
Retail trade, totaldo	1,521,417	1,629,150	r134,003	135,161	135,662	136,050	135,751	137,842	139,529	139,189	140,040	139,428	139,516	r141,413	141,295	
Durable goods storesdo Nondurable goods storesdo	572,489 948,928	628,543 1,000,607	'51,885 '82,118	⁷ 52,397 ⁷ 82,764	52,284 83,378	51,931 84,119	51,427 84,324	52,725 85,117	53,930 85,599	54,154 85,035	53,815 86,225	53,071 86,357	52,886 86,630	753,901 787,512	53,649 87,646	
Merchant wholesalers, totaldo Durable goods establishmentsdo	1,482,975 725,683	1,588,330 782,744	′128,687 ′64,159	132,317 64,715	133,833 65,559	134,726 65,501	135,332 66,295	138,087 67,581	137,239 68,543	136,170 68,427	140,356 70,302	139,547 69,343	139,991 68,796	⁷ 142,290 ⁷ 69,345		
Nondurable goods establishmentsdo	757,292	805,586	'64,528	67,602	68,274	69,225	69,037	70,506	68,696	67,743	70,054	70,204	71,195	772,945	72,300	
Mfg. and trade sales in constant (1982) dollars (seas. adj.), total \\$bil. \\$.		 	454.4	457.8	455.4	459.1	456.9	462.0	463.1	466.2	468.1	463.2		465.2		
Manufacturing do			205.7 122.6	207.7 123.1	204.8 123.3	208.5 123.3	207.8 122.2	208.7 123.8		213.9 124.8	213.1 124.9		123.4	122.5		
Merchant wholesalersdo	·}	ļ	126.1	127.0	127.3	127.2	126.9	129.5		127.4	130.1	129.3	128.6	130.5	ļ	ļ

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes	Ann	wal				19:	38						19	89		,
below, data through 1986 and methodological notes are as shown in BUSINESS STATISTICS: 1986	1987	1988	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
		G	ENERA	L BUS	INESS	INDIC	ATORS	—Cont	inued							
BUSINESS INVENTORIES Mfg. and trade inventories, book value (non-LIFO basis), end of period, (unadjusted), total ‡mil. \$	690,458	743,191	720,318	723,242	725,243	729,557	738,881	753,958	759,019	743,191	753,035	763,793	770,121	777,354	779,116	
Mfg. and trade inventories, book value (non-LIFO basis), end of period, (seas. adj.), total ‡mil. \$	700,761	753,718	718,506	724,966	729,903	737,562	744,054	743,544	746,756	753,718	759,803	763,051	765,504	7771,340	776,907	
Manufacturing, total	331,132 216,598 114,534	354,163 233,666 120,497	340,074 222,948 117,126	341,963 224,000 117,963	343,788 225,467 118,321	345,798 226,600 119,198	347,785 228,214 119,571	349,412 229,735 119,677	351,603 231,766 119,837	354,163 233,666 120,497	357,458 236,810 120,648	359,056 238,165 120,891		7363,458 7240,486 7122,972	$365,475 \\ 241,900 \\ 123,575$	
Retail trade, total	206,981 106,271 100,710	221,242 114,994 106,248	7208,346 7105,757 7102,589	210,824 107,064 103,760	211,534 107,443 104,091	215,396 110,146 105,250	219,297 114,303 104,994	216,724 111,689 105,035	218,093 112,904 105,189	221,242 114,994 106,248	222,584 115,704 106,880	224,185 116,169 108,016	224,693 115,993 108,700	7226,656 7117,093 7109,563	228,778 117,735 111,043	
Merchant wholesalers, totaldo Durable goods establishmentsdo Nondurable goods establishmentsdo	162,648 106,482 56,166	178,313 115,743 62,570	7170,086 7110,823 759,263	172,179 110,574 61,605	174,581 112,702 61,879	176,368 113,727 62,641	176,972 114,875 62,097	177,408 115,225 62,183	177,060 114,975 62,085	178,313 115,743 62,570	179,761 117,255 62,506	179,810 117,932 61,878	179,681 117,424 62,257	7181,226 7119,069 762,157	182,654 120,880 61,774	
Mfg. and trade inventories in constant (1982) dollars, end of period(seas. adj.),total \$\frac{1}{2}\text{.bil.}\frac{1}{2}\text{.} Manufacturing do do do Retail trade do Merchant wholesalers do			688.0 327.2 193.9 166.9	689.7 327.7 195.1 166.9	689.4 327.8 194.1 167.6	693.3 328.6 196.4 168.4	696.1 329.1 198.1 168.9	698.1 329.5 199.1 169.5	700.5 330.4 201.2 168.9	702.7 332.0 201.3 169.5	706.5 333.8 202.6 170.1	706.6 333.5 203.5 169.7	706.9 333.6 204.0 169.3			
BUSINESS INVENTORY-SALES RATIOS							}									
Manufacturing and trade, total ‡ ratio Manufacturing, total do Durable goods industries do Materials and supplies do Work in process do Finished goods do Nondurable goods industries do	1.50 1.61 2.00 .57 .91 .51	1.50 1.57 1.94 .55 .90 .49	1.50 1.58 1.94 .55 .90 .49	1.49 1.56 1.92 .55 .89 .48 1.15	1.50 1.59 1.99 .57 .92 .50	1.50 1.56 1.92 .55 .88 .49 1.15	1.51 1.57 1.93 .55 .88 .50	1.49 1.57 1.94 .55 .89 .50	1.49 1.57 1.93 .54 .89 .50	1.49 1.53 1.88 .53 .87 .48 1.13	1.48 1.54 1.92 .54 .88 .50	1.50 1.57 1.97 .55 .91 .51	1.51 1.58 1.99 .56 .93 .50	1.49 71.55 71.95 .54 .92 .49		
Materials and supplies do Work in process do Finished goods do Retail trade, total do Durable goods stores do	.46 .19 .53 1.57 2.09	.45 .19 .51 1.58 2.07	.45 .19 .52 -71.55 2.04	.45 .19 .51 1.56	.45 .19 .51 1.56 2.05	.45 .18 .51 1.58 2.12	.46 .18 .51 1.62 2.22	.46 .18 .51 1.57 2.12	.45 .18 .51 1.56 2.09	.44 .18 .51 1.59 2.12	1.14 .18 .50 1.59 2.15	.44 .18 .51 1.61 2.19	.44 .19 .51 1.61 2.19	.42 .19 .50 *1.60 *2.17	.42 .18 .51	
Nondurable goods storesdo Merchant wholesalers, totaldo Durable goods establishmentsdo Nondurable goods establishmentsdo	1.25 1.27 1.70 .85	1.27 1.30 1.72 .89	1.25 1.32 1.73 7.92	1.25 1.30 1.71 .91	1.25 1.30 1.72 .91	1.25 1.31 1.74 .90	1.25 1.31 1.73 .90	1.28 1.70 .88	1.23 1.29 1.68 .90	1.25 1.31 1.69 .92	1.24 1.28 1.67 .89	1.25 1.29 1.70 .88	1.25 1.28 1.71 .87	71.25 1.27 71.72 7.85	1.27 1.28 1.71	
Manufacturing and trade in constant (1982) dollars, total \$ do			1.51 1.59 1.58 1.32	1.51 1.58 1.59 1.31	1.51 1.60 1.57 1.32	1.51 1.58 1.59 1.32	1.52 1.58 1.62 1.33	1.51 1.58 1.61 1.31	1.51 1.58 1.60 1.31	1.51 1.55 1.61 1.33	1.51 1.57 1.62 1.31	1.53 1.59 1.64 1.31	1.54 1.60 1.65 1.32	1.52 1.58 1.67 1.29		
MANUFACTURERS' SHIPMENTS, INVENTORIES, AND ORDERS †								ļ	Ì							
Shipments (not seas. adj.), total	2,390,045 1,263,492 62,142 117,092 50,812 135,005 210,695 323,026 197,049	2,611,589 1,388,211 64,044 142,196 60,950 144,064 247,152 227,136 351,927 219,257	216,450 116,049 5,505 11,970 5,256 12,338 20,147 18,309 30,383 19,646 5,894	232,773 126,159 5,767 12,922 5,577 13,338 23,727 20,102 31,388 19,733 6,590	199,670 101,393 4,999 10,728 4,641 10,832 18,553 16,961 22,550 12,605 5,895	217,031 112,493 5,653 11,930 4,978 11,845 19,565 18,845 27,100 16,616 5,900	234,386 125,058 5,852 12,614 5,193 12,696 23,111 21,239 30,570 19,156 6,545	229,541 122,606 5,745 12,614 5,187 12,736 20,841 19,222 32,582 21,348 6,150	222,837 118,636 5,507 12,308 4,945 12,234 20,124 19,640 31,334 20,049 5,901	226,032 122,482 4,815 11,796 4,836 11,732 23,686 20,728 31,993 18,020 6,523	212,037 110,887 4,849 12,181 5,068 11,771 18,612 17,642 29,190 20,158 5,830	229,134 121,870 5,064 12,905 5,198 13,210 21,421 19,078 32,477 21,778 6,138	238,698 128,704 5,221 13,075 5,365 14,012 24,125 20,808 32,811 20,518	7235,253 7125,254 75,709 712,940 75,391 713,591 722,010 719,558 732,854 721,739 6,085	21,769 19,356 32,582 21,256 6,353	
Nondurable goods industries, total	1,126,553 324,996 19,935 57,481 110,252 212,705 124,528	1,223,378 356,804 22,240 59,774 124,187 240,476 124,218	100,401 29,130 2,244 4,888 10,201 19,838 10,556	106,614 31,036 2,192 5,419 10,859 20,887 10,867	98,277 29,479 1,275 4,256 10,076 18,748 10,977	104,538 29,913 1,771 5,186 10,639 20,342 10,966	109,328 32,455 2,353 5,599 10,782 21,051 10,365	106,935 31,839 1,696 5,243 10,727 20,269 10,430	104,201 30,582 2,253 5,221 10,373 20,104 10,120	103,550 30,719 2,455 5,118 10,528 20,397 10,363	101,150 29,650 1,218 4,742 10,822 20,853 10,044	107,264 31,572 1,574 5,397 11,036 21,483 10,162	109,994 32,928 2,392 5,615 11,098 21,960 10,611	7109,999 731,613 71,733 75,236 711,001 722,413 712,094	11,899	
Rubber and plastics productsdo Shipments (seas. adj.), totaldo By industry group: Durable goods industries, total #do Stone, clay, and glass productsdo	80,510	91,089	7,662 215,777 114,751 5,311	8,066 218,881 116,522 5,305	6,935 216,698 113,122 5,115	7,707 221,715 117,866 5,435	8,159 221,395 118,030 5,399	8,335 222,917 118,439 5,442	7,724 224,632 119,874 5,588	7,518 230,827 124,175 5,549	7,885 231,485 123,578 5,575	8,200 228,353 120,924 5,356	8,162 228,048 120,432 5,150	78,466 7234,042 7123,331 75,451	8,425 233,513 122,985 5,412	
Primary metals			11,576 5,061 12,082 20,346 18,888 29,160 18,363	12,201 5,160 12,398 21,003 18,742 29,264 18,368	11,667 5,032 11,519 20,749 19,019 27,252 16,380	11,990 5,091 11,870 21,488 19,131 30,683 19,349	12,334 5,211 12,049 21,224 19,354 29,960 18,700	12,369 5,151 12,123 20,970 18,931 30,924 19,585	12,709 5,206 12,597 20,894 19,099 30,960 19,671	12,861 5,201 12,865 21,642 19,953 32,521 20,948	12,869 5,222 13,198 21,491 19,794 31,834 20,850	12,553 5,080 13,044 21,939 19,225 30,698 19,700	12,377 5,103 13,135 21,948 19,541 30,298 18,941	712,486 75,128 713,269 722,054 720,299 731,489 720,146	12,311 5,097 13,358 22,044 19,998 31,355	
productsdo Nondurable goods industries, total #do Food and kindred productsdo			5,951 101,026 29,143 2,096 4,910 10,280 19,614 10,631 7,511	6,075 102,359 30,061 1,647 4,999 10,356 19,893 10,712 7,476	6,293 103,576 30,484 1,663 4,919 10,485 20,478 10,787 7,468	6,048 103,849 30,265 1,846 4,956 10,575 20,680 10,546 7,894	6,147 103,365 30,339 2,021 5,047 10,550 20,144 10,256 7,855	6,057 104,478 30,564 1,911 4,890 10,669 20,948 10,238 7,893	5,960 104,758 30,607 2,109 5,269 10,779 21,352 9,940 7,835	6,342 106,652 30,995 1,957 5,397 10,956 21,110 10,237 8,318	6,403 107,907 31,720 1,878 5,520 10,938 21,327 10,384 8,568	6,259 107,429 31,842 1,819 5,458 10,802 21,021 10,786 7,986	6,200 107,616 32,364 2,003 5,333 10,896 20,862 11,090 7,875	76,308 7110,711 732,283 72,104 75,337 710,927 721,497 712,306 78,174	110,528 32,571 2,129 5,438 10,922 21,552	

### Designation Structures 1987 1988 May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan. Sept. Nov. Dec. Jan. Nov. Nov. Dec. Jan. Nov. Nov. Dec. Jan. Nov. Nov. Dec. Jan. Nov. Nov. Dec. Jan. Nov. Nov. Dec. Jan. Nov. Nov. Nov. Dec. Jan. Nov. Nov. Nov. Dec. Jan. Nov.	Unless otherwise stated in footnotes	Ann	ual				198	8						198	9		
INVESTORING AND PROPERTY Concessor of Property C		1987	1988	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
INVESTORING AND PROPERTY Concessor of Property C		·····		ENERA	L BUS	INESS	INDIC	ATORS	Conti	inned	· · · · ·						
Properties	MANUEL COMPANIES COMPANIES			DI VE	<u>D</u>	INDS	111111111	11010	Conti				Т				
Part Part	INVENTORIES, AND ORDERS †—Continued							ł	ļ	}				Í		-	
The property of the property	· ·							1	}	}			}	1	}		
Personnel and Alleman products 19,000 19,0	Home goods and apparelmil. \$				14,297	14,270	14,073	14,328	14,386	14,454	15,317			14,608	r14,894		
Company Comp	Equipment and defense products.		· ·		· 1	Į		· [. (1					
Commercial properties Comm	Automotive equipmentdo	¹ 223,069		20,755	20,793	18,685	21,888	21,188	22,076	22,243	23,527		22,154				
France Property	intermediate productsdo	192,664	¹ 204,769	16,958	17,125	16,646	16,963	17,045	17,113	17,529	18,102	18,390	17,400	17,251	17,473	17,248	
Household densher	intermediate productsdo	1957,237	¹ 1,052,710	86,981	88,842	88,775	89,461	89,334	89,978	90,616	92,048	92,999	92,293	92,067	795,089		
March Color of Co	Capital goods industriesdo	1445,633	1486,607		40,543	40,675	41,449	41,353	41,026	41,172	42,772	42,060	41.858	42,528	43,232	43,161	
Dook whether mode ATTO Dentition 1	Nondefensedodo			31,668 8,377	31,822 8,721	32,012 8,663	32,414 9,035	32,523 8,830	32,595 8,431	32,512 8,660	32,675 10,097	33,330 8,730	33,455 8,403	34,079 8,449		34,469 8,692	
Company Comp	Inventories, end of year or month: Book value (non-LIFO basis)				1							,					
Dock better and Art Property and Art P	(unadjusted), totaldo	325,695 212,265	348,465 229,040	343,446 225,646	342,678 225,046	344,304 226,096	346,830 227,521	346,388 227,815	348,699 229,283	350,223 230,625	348,465 229,040		360,741 238,967				
Decided misses Decided	Nondurable goods industries, totaldo	113,430					119,309			119,598	119,425		121,774				
Purple P	(seasonally adjusted), total do	331,132	354,163	340,074	341,963	343,788	345,798	347,785	349,412	351,603	354,163	357,458	359,056	361,130	r363,458	365,475	
Sense, clay, and glase products. do. 1, 2016 1, 500 1, 100	Durable goods industries,	216 500	222 666	999 048	224 000	995 467	226 600	998 914	220 725	991 766	222 666	996 810	938 165	230 330	r240 486	241 900	
Black formaces, and entitles — do. \$500 M.110 July 9070 9020 9020 9020 9020 9020 9020 9020	Stone, clay, and glass productsdo	7,216	7,505	7,297	7,198	7,276	7,293	7,389	7,551	7,464	7,505	7,561	7,609	7,630	77,704	7,765	
Mechanistry except electrical do 1380 64.729 65.079 62.000	Blast furnaces, steel millsdo	8,590	10,119	9,067	9,029	9,206	9,351	9,551	9,677 23,430	9,763 23,478	10,119	10,222	10,353 23,771	10,537	10,563	10,542 $23,982$	
Transportation eggifreeness.	Machinery, except electricaldo	41,935	46,729	43,497	43,942	44,391	45,123	45,797	45,992	46,172	46,729	47,407	47,532	47,730	747,660 741,553	47,809	
Part Part	Transportation equipmentdo	57,203	63,229	59,997	60,932	61,206	60,621		61,578	62,305	63,229	64,660	65,368	65,996	⁷ 66,681	67,509	
By stage of fishircitation:	Instruments and related	l ' (1		ì		ŕ			
Work in process	By stage of fabrication:	l i															
Nonderwale goods industries 1.04,554 19.45 19.	Work in processdo	99,952	108,392	103,678	104,112	104,257	103,927	104,440	65,324 105,239	106,884	108,392	109,309	110,118	111,555	113,381	114,428	
total #	_	55,391	60,022	56,165	56,366	57,072	57,675	58,521	59,172	59,584	60,022	61,228	61,195	60,497	760,218	60,497	
Toberco products do 5.666 5.672 7.040 5.700 5.700 5.800 5.30	total #do		120,497 26,361	117,126 25,140			25,688	$^{119,571}_{25,742}$	25,791	26,003		26,266	26,245	26,301	726,588	26,426	[
Paper and allied products. do. 11,242 12,665 1.389 1.1896 1.1891 1.1895 1.1995 12,093 11.941 1.1905 11.945 1.1895 1.1895 1.1995 1.1945 1.1945 1.1895 1.1895 1.1945 1.1945 1.1945 1.1895 1.1945 1.1945 1.1895	Tobacco productsdo Textile mill productsdo	5,586 7,458	7,605	7,588	5.703	5,784	5,848	5,763 7,545	5,810 7,620	5,710 7,648	5,609	5,349 7,636	5,432 7,606	5,372 7,495	75,403 77,648	5,415 7,798	
Petroleum and cala Polystees and plastics do 9,951 8,79 10,15 10,029 9,839 9,518 0,305 0,002 8,757 8,879 9,376 9,578 10,087 10,085 10,095 10,0	Paper and allied productsdo Chemicals and allied		12,065		11,436	11,530	11,647	11,775		'			11,941			ŕ	
Robber and plastics By stage of fabrications Os. 3,112 10,326 9,388 9,528 9,688 9,847 10,089 10,289 10,394 10,405 10,405 10,405 10,670 10,670 Materials and supplies do 4,4564 47,294 47,294 47,294 12,907 10,910 10	Petroleum and coal		1		·		· .			1 1					· ·		
By stage of fabrication: Materials and applies do 18,752 19,371 19,575 19,500 19,751 19,575 19,500 19,751 19,575 19,500 19,751 19,575 19,500 19,751 19,575 19,500 19,751 19,575 19,500 19,751 19,575 19,500 19,751 19,575 19,500 19,751 19,575 19,500 19,751 19,575 19,500 19,751 19,575 19,500 19,751 19,575 19,500 19,751 19,575 19,500 19,751 19,575 19,500 19,751 19,575 19,500 19,751 19,751 19,575 19,570 19,751	Rubber and plastics		1		·					} ' {		1			'		
Work in process do do 18,782 19,291 19,075 19,060 19,218 10,163 19,110 19,172 19,091 19,973 19,502 19,502 19,500 50,000 50,000 50,000 19,000 1	By stage of fabrication:		1	1		ĺ] ']							
By market category Home goods and apparel do 26,772 25,813 26,566 26,465 26,562 26,575 26,587 24,457 44,257 44,455 44,907 44,266 44,779 44,464 44,977 44,465 44,907 44,266 44,779 44,464 44,977 44,465 44,907 44,266 44,779 44,464 44,977 44,465 44,907 44,4	Work in processdo	18,752	19,291	19,075	19,050	19,218	19,163	19,110	19,172	19,071	19,291	19,532	19,522	20,075	720,493	20,368	
Consumer staples	By market category:		,	1		1				} `	, i				1	,	
exc. auto	Consumer staplesdo		26,313 44,900	26,696 43,010		26,544 43,793		26,478 44,282	26,328 44,367	26,459 44,485	26,313 44,900		26,058 44,279			26,367 44,949	
Construction materials supplies, and intermediate products. do 127,722 137,802 131,861 132,02 133,119 134,316 136,555 136,06 137,319 137,802 140,482 141,092 142,59 142,913 143,904 Household durables. do 12,843 12,772 137,802 12,650	exc. autodo	96,004	105,287		100,817	100,716	101,110		102,586	103,320	105,287	106,390	107,528	108,309			
Other materials, supplies, and intermediate products do intermediate pr	Construction materials, supplies, and	l		l			1			1 1							ì
Supplementary series Household durables	Other materials, supplies, and	1		1		1				'							-
Capital goods industries. do	Supplementary series: Household durablesdo		ł	l	1	J								13,046	'13,110	13,104	
New orders, net (unadi), total	Capital goods industriesdo Nondefensedo	77,139	85,691	80,143	80,684	81,444	82,582	82,781	83,119	84,167	85,691	87,167	88,241	88,326	'89,051	89,739	
Durable goods industries, total do 1,293,236 1,435,665 11,413 132,393 104,877 11,410 125,584 125,170 121,294 132,230 129,966 128,116 135,749 130,020 121,489 104,807 10			1														
New orders, net (seas. adj.), total	Durable goods industries, total do	1,293,236	1,435,605	114,133	132,393	104,377	114,410	125,584	125,170	121,294	132,230	120,986	128,116	135,749	r130,202	121,489	
Durable goods industries, total do. '1,293,236 '1,485,605 115,369 125,442 116,112 122,806 119,381 122,791 123,035 182,149 123,471 124,071 125,3771 129,372 123,656 12,696 119,381 124,491 124,298 124,298 124,407 125,3771 129,372 123,656 12,696 119,381 124,491 124,298 124,491 124,491 124,298 124,491 124,991 1	New orders, net (seas. adj.), total do	1	J		ŧ	1	t.		1				1			233,948	
Nonferrous and other primary metals	Durable goods industries, totaldo	1,293,236	1,435,605	115,369 12,348	125,442 12,271	116,112 12,103		119,321 12,496	122,791 12,428	123,035	132,149 13,210		124,107 12,602	125,377 11.885	'129,372	123,566 12,696	
mary metals	Blast furnaces, steel millsdo Nonferrous and other pri-	. ¹ 53,724	¹ 60,273	5,654	5,210	5,085	4,788	5,301	4,730	4,950	5,350	5,840	5,112	4,635	74,741	5,075	
Machinery, except electrical do '221,041 '253,788 20,969 22,018 21,861 21,483 21,170 22,384 21,921 22,255 22,731 21,991 Electrical machinery .do '212,442 '227,404 18,865 18,461 19,093 19,025 18,629 19,628 18,629 18,629 18,629 18,629 <td< td=""><td>mary metalsdo Fabricated metal productsdo</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>6,568 13,377</td><td>12,910</td><td></td><td>12,789</td><td></td></td<>	mary metalsdo Fabricated metal productsdo												6,568 13,377	12,910		12,789	
Transportation equipment. do	Machinery, except electricaldo	. ¹ 221,041 ¹ 212,442	¹ 253,798 ¹ 227,440	20,969 18,865	22,018 18,461	21,408	22,851 19,025	21,459 18,629	21,181	21,443	21,710	22,384	21,921	22,255 18,272	r22,731	21,991 18,738	
Industries with unfilled orders 1.	Transportation equipment do Aircraft, missiles, and partsdo	1337,585 1116,403	¹ 388,832 ¹ 136,560	28,313 8,555	37,735 12,831	29,239 10,987	34,707 12,638	31,618 11,504	34,898 12,005	32,401 10,763		36,133 13,350	33,381 10,730			33,520 11,603	
orders i do '291,418 '311,623 25,781 25,998 26,152 26,589 26,112 26,134 27,001 27,018 26,660 26,994 26,701 727,305 27,249 Industries without unfilled orders ⟨		. 1,130,361			102,648	103,765	104,203	103,348	104,304	105,118		107,596	107,199	107,634	′110,535		
orders \(\) \(\) \(\)	orders ‡do	1			1	26,152	26,589	1]	1	27,018	26,660	26,994	26,701		Į.	ļ
Home goods and apparel do '166,091 170,374 13,655 14,347 14,007 14,170 14,502 14,264 14,481 15,504 15,467 14,646 14,473 14,977 14,498 Consumer staples do '1466,095 550,1477 14,450 14,552 41,895 42,871 42,456 42,938 43,268 43,491 44,417 44,525 44,945 44,683 49,989 Equip. and defense prod., exc. auto. do '140,548 466,606 34,615 44,262 39,153 39,283 36,343 39,164 40,391 46,534 40,472 40,503 41,711 43,728 39,695 Automotive equipment. do '1223,543 247,655 20,778 20,656 18,681 21,725 21,200 22,063 22,311 23,633 23,295 22,141 21,342 22,120 Construction materials, supplies, and intermediate products do '192,464 205,319 16,970 17,284 16,606 17,022 17,001 17,190 17,547 18,098 18,163 17,180 17,180 17,180 Current equipment assurplies, and intermediate products do '1970,999 1,066,503 89,020 90,009 89,535 91,938 91,167 91,478 90,155 91,626 94,271 92,311 93,434 79,809 94,466 Current equipment	orders ♦do	1838,943	1912,297	75,248	76,650	77,613	77,614	77,236	78,170	78,117	79,719	80,936	80,205	80,933	r83,230	83,133	ļ
Equip. and defense prod., exc. autodo. '409,548 '466,606 34,615 44,262 39,153 39,283 36,343 39,164 40,391 46,534 40,472 40,503 41,711 '43,728 39,695	Home goods and appareldo		1170,374	13,565	14,347	14,007		14,502 42,456	14,264	14,481	15,504	15,457	14,646	14,473	714,977 745,689	45.989	I
Construction materials, supplies, and intermediate products. do '192,464 '205,319 16,970 17,284 16,606 17,022 17,001 17,190 17,547 18,098 18,163 17,180 17,106 17,180 Other materials, supplies, and intermediate products. do '970,999 1,066,503 89,020 90,009 89,585 91,938 91,167 91,478 90,155 91,626 94,271 92,311 93,434 '95,809 94,466 Supplementary series: Household durables do '466,264 '528,817 39,737 49,287 43,208 46,845 42,330 45,318 44,216 49,839 47,167 45,348 48,598 47,167 46,606 Other materials, supplies, and intermediate products. do '466,264 '528,817 39,737 49,287 43,208 46,845 42,330 45,318 44,216 49,839 47,167 45,348 48,598 47,940 44,600 Other materials, supplies, and intermediate products. do '466,264 '528,817 39,737 49,287 43,208 46,845 42,330 45,318 44,216 49,839 47,167 45,348 48,598 47,940 44,600 Other materials, supplies, and intermediate products. do '466,264 '528,817 39,737 49,287 43,208 46,845 42,330 45,318 44,216 49,839 47,167 45,348 48,598 47,940 44,600 Other materials, supplies, and intermediate products. do '466,264 '528,817 39,737 49,287 43,208 46,845 42,330 45,318 44,216 49,839 47,167 45,348 48,598 47,940 44,600 Other materials, supplies, and intermediate products. do '466,264 '528,817 39,737 49,287 43,208 46,845 42,330 45,318 44,216 49,839 47,167 45,348 48,598 47,940 44,600 Other materials, supplies, and intermediate products. do '466,264 '528,817 39,737 49,287 49,287 43,208 46,845 42,330 45,318 44,216 49,839 47,167 45,348 48,598 47,940 44,600 Other materials, supplies, and intermediate products. do '466,264 '528,817 39,737 49,287 43,208 48,458 34,623 35,825 39,432 40,352 37,189 38,137 40,389 36,929 Other materials, supplies, and intermediate products. do '466,264 '528,817 39,737 49,287 43,208 48,458 34,623 35,825 39,432 40,352 37,189 38,137 40,389 36,929 Other materials, supplies, and intermediate products. do '466,264 '528,817 39,737 49,287 43,208 48,458 34,623 35,825 39,432 40,352 37,189 38,137 40,389 36,929 Other materials, supplies, and supplies, and supplies, and supplies, and suppl	Equip. and defense prod., exc. autodo	. 409,548	1466,606	34,615	44,262	39,153	39,283	36,343 21 200	39,164	40,391	46,534	40,472	40,503	41,711	43,728	39,695	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Construction materials, supplies, and	1					1		ĺ			l					1
	Other materials, supplies, and	1 '	1	1	,	(1		l '			1	1	
Capital goods industries do 466,264 528,817 39,737 49,287 43,208 46,845 42,330 45,318 44,216 49,839 47,167 45,348 48,598 748,940 44,600 10,000	Supplementary series:	l .	1	1	1	1	ĺ		1]	' '	· '	,	77,119	6.696	
Defensedodo	Capital goods industriesdo Nondefensedo	. 1466,264 1356,478	4528,817 419,559	39,737 31,522	49,287	43,208	46,845 38,808	42,330	45,318	44,216	49,839 39,432	47,167	45,348	48,598	⁷ 48,940	44,600 36,929	
	Defensedo	1109,786	1109,258	8,215							10,407					7,671	

July 1989			SUR	VEY (F CU	RREN	IT BU	SINE	SS							S-5
Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1986 and Units	Anı	ual				198	38						19	89		
methodological notes are as shown in Business Statistics: 1986	1987	1988	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
		G	ENERA	L BUS	INESS	INDIC	ATORS	Cont	inued							
MANUFACTURERS' SHIPMENTS,											Í					
INVENTORIES, AND ORDERS ††—Continued Unfilled orders, end of period (unadjusted),									}							
totalmil. \$ Durable goods industries, totaldo	415,998 396,563	463,934 443,957	437,663 417,326	443,916 423,560	447,616 426,544	449,445 428,461	449,816 428,987	451,858 431,551	454,256 434,209	463,934 443,957	474,304 454,056	480,632 460,302	488,259 467,347	7493,060 7472,295	490,054 469,611	
Nondurable goods industries with unfilled orders ::do	19,435	19,977	20,337	20,356	21,072	20,984	20,829	20,307	20,047	19,977	20,248	20,330	20,912	^r 20,765	20,443	
Unfilled orders, end of period (seasonally adjusted) totalmil. \$	421,243	468,860	434,148	443,357	446,536	451,830	453,103	457,281	460,802	468,860	473,450	476,403	481,366	7487,231	487,666	
By industry group: Durable goods industries, total #do	400,720	447,868	414,242	423,162	426,152	431,092	432,382	436,734	439,895	447,868	452,769	455,952	460,897	⁷ 466,938		
Primary metalsdodo Blast furnaces, steel millsdo Nonferrous and other pri-	23,896 11,637	25,737 10,903	24,942 11,541	25,012 11,591	25,448 11,644	25,252 11,341	25,414 11,431	25,473 11,010	25,388 10,754	25,737 10,903	25,947 11,521	25,996 11,553	25,504 11,085	⁷ 25,883 ⁷ 10,698	10,676	
mary metalsdo	10,265	12,591	11,293	11,295	11,626	11,707	11,757	12,219	12,428	12,591	12,121	12,106	12,075			
Fabricated metal productsdo Machinery, except electricaldo Electrical machinerydo	29,970 52,702 93,696	28,406 59,963 93,498	29,399 55,864 93,564	28,959 56,879 93,283	28,911 57,538	28,679 58,901 93,197	28,637 59,136	28,540 59,347	28,354 59,896	28,406 59,963	28,191 60,856 93,267	28,524 60,838 93,615	28,299 61,145 92,346	r28,037 r61,822 r91,937	27,468 61,769 90,677	
Transportation equipmentdo Aircraft, missiles, and	173,733	212,120	183,537	192,008	93,303 193,995	198,019	92,472 199,676	92,518 203,650	93,529 205,091	93,498 212,120	216,419	219,102	225,854	⁷ 231,427	233,592	
partsdo	144,343	174,722	153,459	157,516	159,569	162,950	165,376	168,121	169,763	174,722	179,176	181,110	187,793	r193,939	196,348	
Nondurable goods industries with unfilled orders ‡do	20,523	20,992	19,906	20,195	20,384	20,738	20,721	20,547	20,907	20,992	20,681	20,451	20,469	r20,293	20,147	
By market category: Home goods and appareldodo	9,075	8,387	8,237	8,287 705	8,024	8,121	8,295	8,173	8,200	8,387	8,736	8,585	8,450	78,533 7687	8,249	
Consumer staplesdododo	675 252,751	836 286,731	711 259,242	267,218	835 269,814	883 272,590	881 271,890	848 274,659	863 278,513	836 286,731	786 290,025	755 293,375	731 297,284	7302,675		
Automotive equipmentdo Construction materials, supplies, and	9,239	8,888	9,019	8,882	8,878	8,715	8,727	8,714	8,782	8,888	8,840	8,827	8,818	78,640		************
intermediate productsdo Other materials, supplies, and	15,060	15,541	15,316	15,475	15,435	15,494	15,450	15,527	15,545	15,541	15,314	15,094	14,949			
intermediate productsdo Supplementary series:	134,443	148,477	141,623	142,790	143,550	146,027	147,860	149,360	148,899	148,477	149,749	149,767	151,134	7151,854		***************************************
Household durables	6,480 301,674 139,814	6,122 345,037 179,640	5,856 312,986 150,977	5,886 321,730 154,613	5,720 324,263 158,814	5,817 329,659 165,208	5,965 330,635 167,543	5,884 334,927 169,571	5,898 337,971 172,884	6,122 345,037 179,640	6,395 350,144 186,662	6,253 353,634 190,396	6,092 359,704 194,454	76,234 7365,412 7200,244	5,960 366,851 202,704	
Defensedo	161,860		162,009	167,117	165,449	164,451	163,092	165,356	165,087	165,397	163,482	163,238	165,250		164,147	
BUSINESS INCORPORATIONS @ New incorporations (50 States and Dist. Col.):																
Unadjusteddodo	685,572	684,109	759,729 758,046	58,806 54,908	53,439 57,277	60,186 59,649	53,993 56,126	54,521 56,557	49,186 53,638	58,165 58,516	58,031 58,499	55,905 58,724	r68,311 r60,133	55,411 55,245	62,281 57,775	
INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL						,					,	,	,			
FAILURES @ Failures, totalnumber	61,235		4,957	4,702	4,511	4,984	4,599	4,146	4,262							
Commercial servicedododo	24,029 6,724		1,969 570	1,847 574	1,763 560	2,077 556	1,958 563	1,798 479	1,531 597						·····	
Manufacturing and miningdo Retail tradedo Wholesale tradedo	4,939 12,185 4,304		415 1,008 369	424 929 390	362 908 401	436 983 394	383 905 317	320 801 297	888							
Liabilities (current), totalmil. \$	33,024.5		2,316.5	2,453.4	4,565.0	2,248.1	3,533.0	1,825.5	2,047.5		,			}		
Commercial servicedo	8,088.7 2,278.6 4,746.4		612.6 113.6 295.6	702.1 238.9	504.6 140.8 176.6	624.5 201.1 499.6	500.0 107.7	385.2 118.3 228.9	343.1 109.5 355.4							
Retail trade do do Wholesale trade do do	3,713.7 1,336.8		197.9 110.9	354.9 177.9 285.1	1,637.3 148.6	178.0 104.7	183.8 151.5 87.3	245.4 80.7								
Failure annual rateNo. per 10,000 concerns	1 .															
				CC	оммог	ITY P	RICES								-	
PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS †																
Prices received, all farm products1910-14=100.	578	⁷ 631	r616	r633	r649	r660	r660	⁷ 653	657	663	682	677	679	672	⁷ 680	668
Crops #dododododododododododododododododododo	458 7719	7544 7707	7510 7580	⁷ 560 7599	r591 r624	7590 7761	r585 r728	577 7650	588 731	590 725	604 891	595 833	590 744	604 851	7611 7760	
Cottondododo	503 268	7484 378	492 329	524 7401	502 7448	7455 7436	7438 432	7457 7429	477 421	*468 *424	455 432	447 431	475 436	497 438	7497 7436 7440	499 409 418
Fruit do Tobacco do	282 669 1,255	378 669 71,286	343 730 1,229	382 697 71,229	396 718 71,225	404 673 *1,271	414 691 71,379	423 698 71,378	7427 717 71,398	432 712 71,400	439 656 1,411	441 653 1,389	445 585 1,389	442 613 1,395		
Livestock and products #do	703	7721 7746	726 697	7708 691		r732	737 759	7731	728 820	739	762 820	762 801	773 777	742 752	7752	748
Meat animals do Poultry and eggs do	921 244	949 269	994 	947	917	722 7951 7315	944 7316	795 7932 7296	918 7293	826 939 288	983 294	992 292	991 343	957 316	7966	96'
Prices paid: Production itemsdo	. 849	908			922		010	936		200	943			953		
All commodities and services, interest, taxes, and wage rates (parity index)1910-14=100.	1,110	r1,167		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	71,181			1,193	1		1,207			1		
Parity ratio §do	52		58	55		56	56	55	55	56	57			55		
CONSUMER PRICES ♦ (U.S. Department of Labor Indexes)														1		
Not Seasonally Adjusted					'											{
ALL ITEMS, WAGE EARNERS AND CLERICAL WORKERS (CPI-W)1982-84=100.	. 112.5	117.0	116.2	116.7	117.2	117.7	118.5	118.9	119.0	119.2	119.7	120.2	120.8	121.8	122.5	122.
ALL ITEMS, ALL URBAN CONSUMERS (CPI-U)1982-84=100.	. 113.6	118.3	117.5	118.0	118.5	119.0	119.8	120.2	120.3	120.5	121.1	121.6	122.3	123.1	123.8	124.1
Special group indexes: All items less shelterdodododo	. 111.6 113.6					116.5 118.9	117.5 119.7	117.9 120.2		118.1 120.4	118.7 120.8	119.2 121.3	119.9 122.0	121.0 122.9	121.7 123.5	122.0 123.9
All items less medical caredo						117.8	118.6	118.9			119.7	120.1	120.8	121.7	122.3	
See footnotes at end of tables.																

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes	Annı	ıal				198	18					•	198	39		
below, data through 1986 and units methodological notes are as shown in Business Statistics: 1986	1987	1988	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
			CC	OMMOI	DITY P	RICES	—Conti	inued					_			
CONSUMER PRICES †—Continued																
(U.S. Department of Labor Indexes)—Continued					Ì				}					}		
Not Seasonally Adjusted All items (CPI-U)—Continued				1	1						.			i		
Commodities1982-84=100	107.7	111.5	111.1	111.1	111.5 111.9	111.9	113.0	113.5	113.5	113.5 113.9	113.9 114.3	114.3 114.9	115.2 116.2	116.7 118.4	117.5 119.3	$\frac{117.2}{119.0}$
Nondurablesdo Nondurables less fooddo	107.5 101.8	111.8 105.8	111.4 106.0	111.4 105.5	105.4	112.4 105.9	113.7 107.7	114.2 108.3	114.1 108.2	107.5	107.1	107.6	109.4	112.8	113.9	113.1
Durablesdo Commodities less fooddo	108.2 104.3	110.4 107.7	109.9 107.6	110.2 107.4	110.3 107.4	110.3 107.7	110.6 108.9	111.1 109.5	111.8 109.7	112.2 109.4	112.5 109.2	112.4 109.5	111.9 110.5	111.8 112.5	111.9 113.2	112.1 112.8
Servicesdo Food #do	120.2 113.5	125.7 118.2	124.6 117.0	125.5 117.6	126.1 118.8	126.7 119.4	127.3 120.2	127.6 120.3	127.8 120.2	128.1 120.7	128.9 122.2	129.4 122.9	130.0 123.5	130.2 124.2	130.8 124.9	131.6 125.0
Food #dododo	111.9	116.6	115.1	115.8	117.3	118.1	119.0	119.0	118.7	119.1	121.2	122.0	122.7	123.5	124.4	124.3
Housing do Shelter #do	114.2 121.3	$118.5 \\ 127.1$	117.7 126.2	118.6 126.6	119.1 127.4	119.5 128.2	119.9 128.4	119.9 128.8	119.9 129.1	120.2 129.3	120.7 129.8	121.1 130.3	121.5 131.2	121.6 131.2	122.1 131.8	$122.9 \\ 132.3$
Rent, residentialdo Homeowners' cost12/82=100	123.1 124.8	127.8 131.1	126.9 129.9	127.3 130.4	127.8 131.0	128.4 131.8	129.1 132.6	129.4 133.1	129.8 133.8	130.1 134.0	130.5 134.4	130.9 134.7	131.1 135.0	131.4 135.4	131.7 136.2	$132.3 \\ 136.5$
Fuel and utilities #	103.0	104.4	103.5	105.9	106.0	106.1	106.4	105.4	104.3	105.0	106.0	105.9	105.9	106.2	107.0	109.2
gasdodo Gas (piped) and electricitydo	77.9 103.8	78.1 104.6	80.0 102.6	79.1 107.8	76.9 108.1	76.3 108.3	75.9 108.5	74.6 105.8	75.0 103.7	76.8 104.1	80.5 105.1	81.4 104.9	81.5 104.8	82.5 105.0	81.5 106.1	$80.2 \\ 110.5$
Household furnishings and op-	107.1	109.4	109.3	109.6	109.8	109.7	110.1	110.3	110.6	110.6	110.9	110.9	110.5	110.7	110.8	111.1
Apparel and upkeepdo	110.6	115.4	116.3	114.6	112.7	112.6	117.8	120.7	119.9	118.0	115.3	115.3	119.3	120.9	120.4	117.8
Transportationdo Privatedo	105.4 104.2	108.7 107.6	108.1 107.0	108.5 107.4	108.9 107.8	109.6 108.6	109.7 108.6	110.0 109.0	110.7 109.6	110.8 109.6	111.1 109.8	111.61 110.3	111.9 110.7	114.6 113.6	116.0 115.0	115.9 114.9
New carsdododo	114.6 113.1	116.9 118.0	116.3 117.0	116.5 117.6	116.5 117.9	116.3 119.2	116.8 119.4	117.7 119.9	118.7 119.7	$119.1 \\ 120.2$	$119.5 \\ 120.5$	$119.6 \\ 120.5$	119.6 120.5	119.4 120.7	$119.5 \\ 121.0$	$119.1 \\ 121.3$
Publicdodododo	121.1 130.1	123.3 138.6	122.4 137.5	123.2 138.2	123.7 139.3	123.7 139.9	124.0 140.4	$124.2 \\ 141.2$	125.3 141.8	126.5 142.3	127.5 143.8	128.1 145.2	128.2 146.1	128.4 146.8	128.9 147.5	$129.6 \\ 148.5$
Seasonally Adjusted ‡	100.1	100.0	10.00	200.2		-										
All items, percent change from			ار ا	2	أد	3		4	3	3	6	. 4	.5	.7	.6	.2
previous month		······	111.0 107.7	111.3 107.7	111.8 108.0	112.1 108.1	112.7 108.6	113.0 109.0	113.2 109.1	113.4 109.2	114.2 109.9	114.6 110.2	115.3 110.8	116.5 112.4	117.4 113.3	117.4 113.1
Commodities less food			117.1	117.8 115.9	118.9 117.2	119.5 118.0	120.3 119.0	120.6 119.2	120.8 119.3	121.2 119.8	122.1 120.9	122.6 121.4	123.6 122.6	124.2 123.3	125.0 124.3	125.3 124.5
Food at homedo Apparel and upkeepdo			115.0 116.3	115.9	115.7	113.9	116.0	117.4	117.4	117.7	117.7	117.5	119.1	119.4	120.4	119.1
Transportationdo			108.2	108.4	108.7 107.7	109.6	109.7	110.1	110.4 109.3	110.4 109.3	111.2 110.0	111.9 110.8	112.6 111.5	115.0 114.1	116.1 115.2	115.9 115.0
Privatedo New carsdo			107.2 116.5	107.4 116.6	116.7	108.6 117.0	108.7 117.7	109.1 117.8	117.9	118.1	118.9	119.3	119.7	119.8	119.6	119.3
Servicesdo	ļ		125.0	125.4	125.8	126.4	126.8	127.4	128.0	128.6	129.1	129.7	130.3	130.6	131.2	131.6
PRODUCER PRICES \$ (U.S. Department of Labor Indexes)	!								}					l		
Not Seasonally Adjusted									} }				1			
All commodities	102.8	106.9	106.5	107.2	107.9	108.0	108.1	108.2	108.3	109.0	110.5	110.8	111.5	112.3	113.1	112.8
Crude materials for further processingdo	93.7	96.0	97.2	97.9	97.3	96.9	96.7	95.9	94.5	97.3	101.4	r101.2	103.1	104.1	106.3	103.9
Intermediate materials, sup- plies, etcdodo	101.5	107.1	106.3	107.4	108.2	108.4	108.7	108.6	1	109.4	ì	7111.0	111.6	ì .	112.7	112.6
Finished goods #	105.4 103.6	108.0 106.2	107.5 105.7	107.7 105.9	108.6 107.0	108.7 107.1	108.6 107.0		109.8	110.0 108.2	111.1	111.7 7110.1	112.2 110.7	113.0	114.2 113.3	114.1 113.0
Capital equipmentdodo	111.7	114.3	113.8	113.9	114.2	114.5	114.3	116.0		116.4		7117.5	117.5		117.9	118.6
Durable goodsdododo	109.9 97.5	114.7 101.1	114.1 100.8	114.4 101.8	114.8 102.6	115.1 102.6	115.2 102.7	116.4 102.2		117.2 102.8		7118.3 105.2	118.7 106.1	118.6 107.4	118.8 108.7	118.8 108.1
Total manufacturesdo	104.4 109.6	109.1	108.6	109.0	109.8 114.1	110.0		110.5	111.0	111.4 116.4	112.5	r112.9 r117.4	113.5	114.4	114.9 118.0	114.8 118.1
Durable manufacturesdo Nondurable manufacturesdo	99.2	114.1 104.1		113.7 104.3	105.4	114.4 105.6	105.6	105.4	106.1	106.4		108.3	109.2		111.6	111.2
Farm products, processed foods and feedsdo	103.7	110.0		111.2	112.9	112.7	114.0			112.9					116.9	115.2
Farm productsdo Foods and feeds, processeddo	95.5 107.9	104.9 112.7	102.2 111.2	106.8 113.5	109.1 115.0	109.3 114.5				108.9 115.0			113.4 117.8			111.4 117.3
Industrial commoditiesdo	102.6	1		106.4	106.8	107.0		1	1	108.1		l		l .	112.4	112.3
Chemicals and allied productsdo Fuels and related prod., and	106.4		i .	115.3	117,4	118.2		ì	1 i	121.7	1	1	ì	1	125.0	
powerdo Furniture and household durablesdo	. 70.2 109.9	113.1	112.8	68.6 112.7	68.0 113.1	67.6 113.4	113.7	64.5 113.9	114.3	65.6 114.5	115.0	768.9 7115.3	115.5	116.0	76.1 116.5	75.7 116.7
Hides, skins, and leather productsdo Lumber and wood productsdo	120.4 112.8	118.9	119.1	131.2 119.3	130.1 120.0	131.6 118.8	118.9	118.7	118.8	130.1 119.0	120.1	122.0	123.1	124.9	126.4	127.3
Machinery and equipmentdo Metals and metal productsdo	110.4 107.1	113.2 118.7	112.9 117.4	112.9 118.0	113.2 119.2	113.6 119.8	113.9 120.2	114.2 121.4	114.5 122.8	114.8 124.0			116.3 126.2		116.9 124.9	117.3 123.7
Nonmetallic mineral productsdo Pulp, paper, and allied productsdo	. 110.0 121.8	111.2 130.4	111.2 129.6	111.3 130.0	111.1 131.0	111.1 131.3				111.7 133.5		7111.8 136.3	112.0 137.0		112.7 137.9	112.8 138.0
Rubber and plastics products do	. 103.0	109.3	108.8	109.1	109.8	110.6 109.6	111.0	111.1	111.2	111.3 110.5	111.9	r112.2	112.7 111.3	112.9	113.0	112.8
Textile products and appareldo Transportation equip. #dodo	. 105.1 . 112.5		113.7	114.0	113.9	114.0	113.2	116.6	116.3	116.3	116.8	r117.1	116.8	116.4	116.8	117.5
Motor vehicles and equipdo Seasonally Adjusted ‡	. 111.7	113.1	112.3	112.4	112.6	112.8	110.9	116.9	116.1	116.0	110.2	110.0	115.1	114.0	110.0	110.0
Finished goods, percent change from previous			1 .	,						١.		}		١,		,
month		·	3	.2	.6	.8	.6	.1	.3	.4	1.1	.9	.4	.4	9.	1
Crude materials for further processing1982=100			96.0		96.6											
Intermediate materials, supplies, etcdo Finished goods #dodo			106.3	107.6	108.2	108.5	109.1	109.2	109.5	109.9	111.1	112.1	. 112.6	113.1	114.1	114.0
Finished consumer goodsdo Foodsdo			111.2	112.1	112.9	113.6	114.6	114.7	115.1	115.2	116.7	117.8	118.9	118.2	119.2	118.2
Finished goods, exc. foodsdodododo		.}	102.9 113.2 97.2	102.7	113.9	114.5	115.1	. 115.0	104.1 115.0		116.3	116.9) 117.2	2 116.3	117.2	117.4
Nondurabledododododododododododo			97.2 113.7	96.8 114.0	97.6	97.6	97.6 115.7	97.8 115.6	98.3 115.8	98.9 116.2	100.4 116.9		102.2 117.5	2 104.5 117.4	105.8 117.9	105.6 118.7
PURCHASING POWER OF THE DOLLAR	1	1		1			}				1					
As measured by: Producer prices1982=\$1.00		.92	.930	.929	.921	.920	921	.914	.911	.909	900.	202	.891	.885	.876	.876
Consumer prices	880		851	.847	.844	.840	.921 .835	.832	.831	.830			.818		.808	
See footnotes at end of tables																

	,							~								
Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1986 and methodological notes are as shown in Business Statistics: 1986	1987	1988	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
	! —. — —	L	CO	NSTRU	CTION	AND R	EAL E	STATE		3						h
			Γ					j								
CONSTRUCTION PUT IN PLACE @ New construction (unadjusted), totalmil. \$	r907 790	r 100 cco	r05 114	-05 45 4	-00 000	r00 400	*00 00H	ren 150	rac 007	*00.400	*00.050	ton 000	roo 907	rno 400	96 905	
Private, total #dodo	7320,106	7409,662 7328,739	r35,114 r28,172	r37,474	r38,083 r29,986	r39,423	r38,907	738,170 730,434	r36,087	r32,469 r26,476	r28,272 r23,124	r27,037	730,297 725,193	732,468 726,442	36,305	
Residentialdo New housing unitsdo	194,656		717,125 711,832	718,336 712,602	718,873 712,997	719,296 713,155	718,726 713,065	'18,684 '12,920	717,674 712,450	r14,994 r10,554	713,289 79,831	712,607 79,217	714,573 710,544	716,015 11,167	17,430 11,831	
Nonresidential buildings, except farm and public utilities, total #	91,994	797,102	r8,272	r8,476	ro 979	r8,751	⁷ 8,680	r8,637	r8,395	r8,291	⁷ 7,481	r7,207	77,953	7,657	8,399	
Industrialdo	13,707	r14,930	1,255	71,311	78,272 71,235	71,306	71,329	1,435	1,367	⁷ 1,345	1,177	71,098	1,214	1,232	1,354	
Commercialdo Public utilities:	55,445	r58,103	74,993	75,052	75,049	75,398	r5,313	r5,125	r4,949	r4,878	*4,372	74,219	74,706	r4,462	4,941	ļ
Telecommunications *do	79,194	⁷ 8,867	7730	7748	r729	⁷ 859	r826	⁷ 780	r829	⁷ 810	7540	r556	r642	591		
Public, total #do	777,614	r80,924	r6,941	77,788	r8,096	r8,367	r8,572	77,736	r6,965	r5,993	75,148	^r 4,836	⁷ 5,104	r6,026		
Buildings (excl. military) #dodo	25,158 1,519	r27,455 r1,499	72,336 7122	'2,523 '131	⁷ 2,470 ⁷ 131	⁷ 2,685	2,685 7137	r2,352 r126	r2,304 r148	⁷ 2,187	r2,032 r122	⁷ 2,088 ⁷ 136	⁷ 2,100 ⁷ 122	⁷ 2,363 7137	2,469 146	
Industrialdo	1,457	71,413	7107	r126	'115	7130	r169	115	115	103	59	94	126	106	119	
Military facilitiesdo	4,324	r3,579	⁷ 260	7358	r322	r295	7364	⁷ 218	r285	7325	287	286	312	'279	286	
Highways and streetsdodo	r25,340	^r 28,523	r2,509	⁷ 3,060	r3,391	r3,368	⁷ 3,181	r3,230	⁷ 2,476	1,785	r1,350	⁷ 1,048	r1,233	r1,757	2,020	
annual rates), totalbil. \$			r408.0	²408.7	^r 410.7	r408.1	⁷ 411.5	7411.1	r415.4	425.0	⁷ 424.8	r418.5	⁷ 419.2	⁷ 415.9	421.3	
Private, total #do		ļ	r327.6	r328.0	r328.1	r329.2	⁷ 329.8	⁷ 331.4	⁷ 332.8	r336.3	⁷ 339.5	⁷ 335.0	r340.4	r335.1	335.1	
Residentialdo New housing unitsdo		ł	7197.0 7138.3	7196.2 7137.5	7196.8 7137.0	7197.6 7137.0	7198.3 7138.0	⁷ 200.8 ⁷ 139.8	^r 202.0 ^r 141.9	⁷ 202.5 ⁷ 143.3	r204.7 r145.6	⁷ 202.3 ⁷ 145.3	^r 204.5 ^r 143.2	r203.9	200.7 138.6	
Nonresidential buildings, except farm and public utilities, total # bil. \$	1		798.1	r99.3	798.1	797.9	Į.	796.5	r96.1					r96.2		
Industrialdo			715.0	'15.5	⁷ 14.8	r15.0	r97.4 r14.9	'15.5	r15.4	798.3 715.0	′100.5 ′15.9	798.6 715.1	'101.8 '15.7	r16.2	98.7 16.1	
Commercialdo Public utilities:	ł		r59.2	r59.0	r59.7	r59.3	r58.8	⁷ 57.3	r56.7	r58.7	759.4	758.7	r60.7	⁷ 55.7	57.7	
Telecommunications *do			r8.5	r8.4	*8.8	r9.1	79.2	78.8	r9.2	r9.8	r8.2	r8.0	77.8	7.8		
Public, total #do			r80.4	780.8	r82.5	778.9	r81.7	779.7	r82.6	788.8	⁷ 85.3	⁷ 83.4	778.7	⁷ 80.8	86.2	l
Buildings (excl. military) #do Housing and redevelopmentdo			⁷ 28.0	28.1 1.6	^r 27.3 ^r 1.6	28.3 1.4	⁷ 28.9 ⁷ 1.6	726.9 71.5	728.0 1.8	⁷ 28.5 ⁷ 1.6	27.8	⁷ 29.9 1.6	'27.8 1.5	r29.3 r1.6	29.5	
Industrialdo			1.3	1.5	1.4	1.6	72.0	1.4	1.4	1.2	1.5 .7	1.1	1.5	1.3	1.4	
Military facilitiesdo Highways and streetsdo			r3.1 r27.6	⁷ 4.3 ⁷ 27.9	r3.9 r31.0	r3.5 r26.2	⁷ 4.4 ⁷ 26.3	⁷ 2.6 ⁷ 28.7	r3.4 r29.0	*3.9 *33.7	3.4 *30.8	3.4 727.9	3.7 *26.1	^r 3.4 ^r 27.9	$\frac{3.4}{27.4}$	
CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS			(}			
Construction contracts in 50 States (F.W. Dodge			[1			
Division, McGraw-Hill): Valuation, totalmil. \$	258,090	253,147	24,138	⁷ 26,940	21,379	23,142	21,174	20,313	18,601	18,027	15,776	15,086	21,080	21,725	23,796	24,650
Index (mo. data seas. adj.)1982=100	1164	¹ 161	166	169	160	162	157	164	158	163	155	148	150	163	159	157
Public ownership mil. \$ Private ownership do	66,318 191,772	66,077 187,070	6,665 17,472	77,956 718,984	5,592 15,788	5,496 17,645	5,659 15,515	5,370 14,943	4,257 14,345	4,468 13,558	3,723 12,053	3,998 11,089	6,011 15,068	6,042 15,684	$6,754 \\ 17,042$	6,859 17,792
By type of building:			<u>!</u>	j	·											
Nonresidential do Residential do	91,041 121,128	86,794 120,867	7,254 11,686	79,176 712,430	7,595 $9,912$	8,391 11,119	7,524 10,117	6,939 9,996	6,592 9,450	5,888 8,897	6,081 7,515	5,183 7,137	6,600 10,118	6,510 10,999	7,959 11,389	8,496 11,568
Non-building constructiondo	45,921	45,486	5,197	75,335	3,872	3,632	3,533	3,378	2,560	3,242	2,181	2,766	4,361	4,216	4,448	4,586
(Engineering News-Record) §do	267,823	283,448	23,321	20,096	19,566	21,883	20,405	23,176	25,114	20,652	23,659	22,688	25,083	23,972		
HOUSING STARTS AND PERMITS New housing units started:					4		İ	,	,							
Unadjusted: Total (private and public)thous	1,622.7		140.3	150.3	137.2	136.8	131.4	135.2	113.2		}					
Privately owneddo	1,620.5	1,488.1	140.2	150.2	137.0	136.8	131.1.	135.1	113.0	94.2	100.1	85.8	117.8	7129.4	⁷ 132.6	144.0
One-family structuresdo Seasonally adjusted at annual rates: (>	1,146.4	1,081.3	104.0	113.6	100.3	101.4	91.7	97.7	81.2	65.7	69.9	59.3	83.5	7100.4	r101.9	101.7
Total privately owned			1,392	1,463	1,478	1,459	1,463	1,532	1,567	1,577	1,678	1,465	1,409	71,343	r1,309	1,400
New private housing units authorized by building		r	1,001	1,088	1,067	1,076	1,039	1,136	1,138	1,141	1,199	1,029	981	71,029	r977	975
permits (17,000 permit-issuing places):												1		ĺ		[
Monthly data are seas. adj. at annual rates: Totalthous	1,535	1,456	1,448	1,485	1,425	1,466	1,432	1,526	1,508	1,518	1,486	1,403	1,230	1,334	1,347	1,300
One-family structuresdo	1,024	994	982	997	976	1,007	980	1,029	1,027	1,058	1,052	989	870	954	² 905	871
Manufacturers' shipments of mobile homes: Unadjustedthous	232.8	218.3	20.0	21.7	16.7	21.9	20.6	19.8	17.6	14.2	15.3	14.6	18.2	17.1	19.1	
Seasonally adjusted at annual ratesdo		220.0	221	227	207	223			- 7	225	232	1	207	198	205	
			221	221	. 201	223	224	216	227	220	202	212	201	130	203	
CONSTRUCTION COST INDEXES Dept. of Commerce composite ‡1982=100	r114.4	⁷ 116.2	r31E F	7115	r116 4	r110 4	7110.0	11100	r116.0	r1177 1	r110.0	7110 C	r190 4	7190 #	100.0	191 0
Boeckh indexes: Average, 20 cities:	114.4	110.2	r115.5	7115.5	⁷ 116.4	r116.4	⁷ 116.6	r116.9	r116.9	^r 117.1	r118.6	7119.8	⁷ 120.4	7120.5	120.8	121.0
Apartments, hotels, office	1,70	100.0	100.0		100.4	.	101		101 =	ì	100.0		104.0		104.0	
buildings	117.3 115.1	120.2 118.3	120.0 118.3		120.6 118.9		121.1 119.0		121.5 119.6		123.9 121.1	······	124.0 121.5		124.2 123.5	
Residencesdo	119.7	122.3	122.3		122.9		123.1		123.7		125.6		126.3		126.7	.,.,.
Engineering News-Record: Building	375.6	384.6	383.6	384.0	384.6	386.5	386.6	386.6	387.2	387.3	387.7	386.8	387.3	387.7	388.0	2388.7
Constructiondo	409.8	420.7	418.3	421.3	421.9	422.8	422.2	424.1	425.2	425.2	425.8	425.2	425.2	425.5	425.7	
Federal Highway Adm.—Highway construction: Composite (avg. for year or qtr.)1977=100	172.0	184.7		167.4			193.5			184.1			191.7			
See footnotes at end of tables.	1	ı	ı	ı İ		I	. 1		1	- 1	1		ı	l	1	I

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes	Ann	ual				198	38			П			198	39	-	
below, data through 1986 and methodological notes are as shown in Business Statistics: 1986	1987	1988	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June
		cc	NSTRU	CTION	AND	REAL I	ESTATI	E—Con	tinued							
REAL ESTATE ♦				Ì	-		l									
Mortgage applications for new home construction: FHA applicationsthous. units Seasonally adjusted annual ratesdo	165.3	104.9	10.5 112	9.5 109	8.1 104	9.4 102	8.3 96	8.5 120	7.3 104	7.2 104	6.4 86	7.3 91	9.9 92	8.3 92	12.4 132	12.2 138
Requests for VA appraisalsdodo Seasonally adjusted annual ratesdo	193.4	149.8	19.9 216	15.2 162	13.7 167	14.5 153	9.4 116	8.3 109	9.1 201	7.7 190	8.0 120	9.6 116	13.7 135	9.1 101	9.5 103	10.4 110
Home mortgages insured or guaranteed by: Fed. Hous. Adm.: Face amountmil. \$ Vet. Adm.: Face amount §dodo	81,880.51 33 322.54	42,577.16	3,545.40 1,163.94	3,006.04 1,209.49	4,383.24 1,287.15	4,069.62 1,451.05	3,654.99 1,504.53	4,642.41 1,388.99	2,535.11 1,334.34	3,501.38 1,368.01	4,628.42 1,239.99	3,508.80 1,222.92	3,189.10 1,363.51	3,064.37 1,127.15	3,166.56 1,164.14	3,773.70 1,071.66
Federal Home Loan Banks, outstanding advances to member institutions, end of periodil. \$	133,054	152,777	132,118	134,832	135,759	137,953		142,260	145,771	152,777	154,014	158,267	163,779	165,630	164,268	161,870
New mortgage loans of FSLIC-insured institutions, estimated total @mil. \$	253,407	^r 240,303	21,236	25,567	21,674	24,655	23,325	19,647	⁷ 18,319	21,683	r15,412	13,837	⁷ 19,089	^r 16,464	16,071	
By purpose of loan: Home constructiondododo	28,411 190,749	⁷ 29,555 ⁷ 176,409	2,613 15,935	2,893 18,984	2,464 16,466	2,833 18,810	2,867 17,133	r2,432 r14,750	2,256 13,634	2,705 15,279	1,972 11,448	1,805 710,396	2,515 14,261	r2,287 r12,422	2,355 11,880	
All other purposesdo	34,247	34,333	2,688	3,689	2,743	3,013	3,325	2,464	13,634 2,429	3,700	71,992	1,637	72,311	71,755		
				D	OMES	TIC TR	ADE									
ADVERTISING Magazine advertising (Leading National Advertisers): Cost, total							••••••)			
Beer, wine, liquorsdoHoushold equip., supplies, fur- nishingsdo Industrial materialsdo Soaps, cleansers, etcdo.	<u> </u>					i 										
Smoking materials do All other do																
Newspaper advertising expenditures (Newspaper Advertising Bureau, Inc.): †† Total	29,412 10,691 3,494 15,227	31,197 11,771 3,586 15,840	7,982 3,168 920 3,895			7,623 3,014 867 3,741			8,520 2,844 920 4,756			7,317 2,810 895 3,612				
WHOLESALE TRADE †															i I	
Merchant wholesalers sales (unadj.), total	1,482,975 725,683 757,292		131,689 65,312 66,377	137,210 68,466 68,744	126,841 62,555 64,286	138,551 67,904 70,647	136,994 68,511 68,483	141,335 70,825 70,510	138,289 68,957 69,332	136,599 67,261 69,338	131,786 63,265 68,521	127,414 62,003 65,411	148,920 72,946 75,974	68,014	149,432 73,550 75,882	
Merchant wholesalers inventories, book value (non-LIFO basis), end of period (unadj.), totalmil. \$	162,964		168,419	171,341	172,497	172,736		178,969	178,197	178,884	181,054	181,481	181.246	r182,305	181,181	
Durable goods establishmentsdo Nondurable goods establishmentsdo	105,145 57,819	114,176	111,410 57,009	111,500 59,841	113,366 59,131	118,470 59,266	115,469	115,561	114,648 63,549	114,176 64,708	115,885 65,169	117,512	117,890 63,356	r120,185	121,572 59,609	
RETAIL TRADE ‡ All retail stores:	. 501 415	1 000 150	105 555	100.051	107.051	140.001	100.000	105 000	140.040	150.011	100 405	110 001	100.770	r197 094	r1 40 000	¹ 145,009
Estimated sales (unadj.), total mil. \$. Durable goods stores #do Building materials, hardware, garden	572,489		137,555 55,300	139,051 57,196	135,371 53,020	140,201 55,153		135,898 51,113	140,249 51,683	170,811 59,847	122,467 46,036	118,891 45,146	139,759 53,784		r58,554	¹ 57,401
supply, and mobile home dealersmil. \$. Automotive dealersdo	81,549 334,429		8,678 33,327	8,476 34,712	7,814 31,845	8,150 32,963		7,876 29,660	7,318 28,766	7,255 28,613	5,880 27,233	5,491 27,201	6,774 33,262	77,865 732,491	'8,915 '34,960	18,612 133,967
Furniture, home furnishings, and equipmentdo	84,562		7,312	7,725	7,490	!	7,543	7,713	8,643	11,130	7,505	7,054	7,840	77,596	78,159	18,192
Nondurable goods storesdo General merch. group storesdo Food storesdo	948,928 176,023 314,605	1,000,607 183,783 331,892	82,255 14,714 27,695	81,855 14,343 27,941	82,351 13,309 29,015	85,048 14,791 28,482	13,972	84,785 15,357 27,927	88,566 18,800 27,764	110,964 29,944 30,888	76,431 10,954 27,204	73,745 11,025 26,125	85,975 14,537 29,459	14,657	788,412 715,377 729,962	187,608 115,182 129,805
Gasoline service stationsdo Apparel and accessory storesdo	98,680 77,998	101,916 82,028	8,746 6,397	8,789 6,181	8,955 6,080	9,222 7,031	8,594 6,735	8,724 7,018	8,365 7,780	8,499 12,026	7,985 5,480	7,649 5,103	8,599 6,992	79,113 76,774	r9,755 r7,009	16,876
Eating and drinking placesdododododododododododododo	. 147,717 54,958 19,458	58,729	13,308 4,856 1,593	13,597 4,801 1,624	14,128 4,659 1,684	4,831	4,707	4,796	12,955 4,884 1,574	13,792 6,498 2,303	12,497 4,898 1,425	11,885 4,778 1,335	13,567 5,223 1,499	713,648 74,814 71,509	⁷ 14,051 ⁷ 5,186 1,644	15,093
Estimated sales (seas. adj.), totaldo		10,140	⁷ 134,003	′135,161	135,662	136,050	185,751	137,842	139,529	139,189	140,040	139,428	139,516	141,413	r141,295	1140,777
Durable goods stores #do Bldg. materials, hardware, garden supply, and mobile home dealers #mil. \$.			751,885 77,440	r52,397	52,284 7,247	51,981 7,857	51,427 7,386	52,725 7,424		54,154 7,822	53,815 7,742	53,071 7,483	52,886 7,228		r53,649 r7,505	
Building materials and supply storesdo			75,302	5,270	5,168	5,216	5,270	5,279	5,508	5,639	5,678	5,409	5,190	75,351	5,324	ļ
Hardware storesdo Automotive dealersdo Motor vehicle and miscellaneous	 		1,159 730,378	71,170 730,668	1,172 30,790	1	1	1		1,190 31,803		1,149 30,643	1,117 30,787		1,216 r30,841	
auto dealersdo Auto and home supply storesdo	1		r27,873	1	28,295 2,495		1	1	1	29,350 2,453	1	28,174 2,469	28,273 2,514		r28,288 2,553	
Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment #do	ļ		r7,702]	7,687			,		7,947	8,264	8,287	8,195		r8,418	ļ
Furniture, home furnish- ings storesdo Household appliance, radio, and			r3,778	1	1		1	i		3,986			3,929	1	· ·	
TV storesdo See footnotes at end of tables.	}	·	r3,387	r3,475	3,345	3,406	3,404	3,361	3,488	3,391	3,555	3,665	3,697	73,768	3,902	

July 1000	,		DOIL	V 1.7.1 (71 00	1010131	11 100	DIITE								
Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1986 and methodological notes are as shown in BUSINESS STATISTICS. 1986	1987	1988	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
]	DOMES	STIC TI	RADE-	-Contin	ued								
RETAIL TRADE ‡—Continued																
All retail stores—Continued Estimated sales (seas. adj.)—Continued								}			ļ					
Nondurable goods storesmil. \$	ļ		⁷ 82,118	r82,764	83,378	84,119	84,324	85,117	85,599	85,035	86,225	86,357	86,630	r87,512	⁷ 87,646	187,830
General merch. group storesdo Department stores excluding			r14,960	15,108	15,149	15,095	15,251	85,117 15,573	15,728	15,754	15,985	15,755	15,746	⁷ 15,878	^r 15,622	¹ 15,949
leased departmentsdo Variety storesdo			°12,509	⁷ 12,642 ⁷ 664	12,692 697	12,628 682	12,816 676	13,095 700	13,204 704	13,238 695	13,353 683	13,238 654	13,246 643	^r 13,400 623	713,180 635	¹ 13,459
Food storesdo			r27,442	727,512	27,733	28,106	28,014	28,204	28,410	28,026	28,730	29,016	29,046	r29,243	29,297	129,084
Grocery storesdo Gasoline service stationsdo			25,665 r8,450	r25,714 r8,500	25,897 8,456	26,326 8,659	26,233 8,534	26,437 8,629	26,619 8,484	26,263 8,457	26,928 8,477	27,193 8,633	27,156 8,847	r27,445 r9,186	727,481 79,371	¹ 27,292 ¹ 9,323
Apparel and accessory stores #do Men's and boys' clothing and			r6,631	r6,702	6,817	6,837	6,971	7,059	7,026	7,101	7,189	6,978	6,977	7,248	r7,227	17,362
furnishings stores			^r 756	766	778	763	785	792	742	774	808	776	772	⁷ 781	772	
and furriersdo Shoe storesdo	ļ		^r 2,602 ^r 1,176	72,633 71,180	2,628 1,232	2,626 1,224	2,670 1,226	2,698 1,224	2,761 1,223	2,750 1,275	2,812 1,280	2,707 1,209	2,723 1,216	2,799 71,314	2,788 1,325	
Eating and drinking places do	<u> </u>		712,821	12,974	13,118	13 276	13,408	13,519	13,666	13,696	13,778	13,677	13,581	r13,567	13,537	113,506
Drug and proprietary storesdododo			4,871 1,616	74,864 71,613	4,853 1,592	4,915 1,574	4,960 1,559	4,955 1,547	5,020 1,571	4,875 1,590	5,129 1,623	5,199 1,614	5,151 1,619	75,057 71,633	75,145 1,651	15,129
Estimated inventories, end of period: Book value (non-LIFO basis),	ł		· ·					1								
(unadjusted), totalmil. \$	201,799 105,716		208,453	209,223	208,442	209,991	216,706	226,290	230,599	215,842	215,551	221,571	r226,793	229,201		***************************************
Durable goods stores #do Bldg. materials, hardware, garden sup-	1	,	107,824	108,434	106,236	104,564	107,559	111,742	115,396	114,461	114,898	117,591	r119,414	· ')	}	
ply, and mobile home dealersdo Automotive dealersdo	14,126 56,596	14,861 60,719	15,345 55,274	15,282 56,040	15,063 53,585	14,983 50,738	14,800 52,460	14,674 54,915	14,728 57,727	14,861 60,719	14,971 61,450	15,647 63,816	716,187 764,733	65,456		
Furniture, home furnishings, and equipmentdo	16,231	18,030	17,047	17,141	16,998	17,568	18,468	19,127	19,337	18,030	17,679	17,527	17,799	17,499		
Nondurable goods stores #do General merch. group storesdo	96,083 33,478		100,629 36,659	100,789 36,311	102,206 36,746	105,427 38,214	109,147 40,278	114,548 43,637	115,203 44,025	101,381 35,222	100,653 34,682	103,980 36,823	r107,379 r38,828			
Department stores excluding leased departments do	26,510	28,293	29,188	28,701	28,763	30,039	31,735	34,723	35,361	28,293	27,726	29,492	731,170	32.062		
Food storesdo Apparel and accessory	20,521	21,852	20,735	21,023	21,072	21,241	21,384	22,002	22,157	21,852	21,715	21,658	21,915			
storesdo	15,728	16,173	16,856	16,578	17,446	18,305	18,907	19,772	19,651	16,173	15,965	17,323	r17,922	17,939		
Book value (non-LIFO basis), (seas. adj.), totaldo	206,981	221,242	208,575	210,824	211,534	215,396	219,297	216,724	218,093	221,242	222,584	224,185	r224,693	226,548		
Bldg. materials, hardware, garden sup-	106,271	114,994	105,860	107,064	107,443	110,146	114,303	111,689	112,904	114,994	115,704	116,169	r115,993	117,148		
ply, and mobile home dealersdo Automotive dealersdo	14,823 55,500	15,610 59,421	14,826 53,435	14,982 54,285	14,914 54,333	14,908 56,404	14,919 60,078	14,897 57,660	15,137 58,183	15,610 59,421	15,514 60,123	15,694 60,631	715,685 760,656	15,670 62,315		
Furniture, home furn., and equipdo	16,280	18,084	17,237	17,314	17,398	17,728	18,213	18,027	18,106	18,084	18,151	18,182	18,162	17,712		
Nondurable goods stores # do	100,710	106,248	102,715	103,760	104,091	105,250	104,994	105,035	105,189	106,248	106,880	108,016	108,700	109,400		
General merch. group storesdo Department stores excluding	36,856	38,766	37,445	37,885	37,741	37,976	37,997	38,231	38,405	38,766	38,578	39,049	r39,459			
leased departmentsdo Food storesdo	29,036 20,362	30,989 21,706	29,663 20,949	$29,991 \\ 21,080$	29,806 21,310	30,039 21,700	30,109 21,475	30,459 21,475	30,669 21,228	30,989 21,706	30,875 21,845	31,275 21,910	731,645 721,949	31,651 22,175		
Apparel and accessory storesdo	17,022	17,522	17,235	17,341	17,640	17,789	17,803	17,813	17,656	17,522	17,759	18,177	r18,067	18,120		
Firms with 11 or more stores: Estimated sales (unadj.), totalmil. \$	567,503	598,623	48,686	48,474	47,757	49,716	48,067	50,208	54,671	74,881	43,742	42,223	150,597	49 719		
Durable goods storesdo	67,830	74,492	6,094	6,221	6,022	6,126	5,960	6,149	6,743	10,383	5,206	4,854	75,790	6,024		
Auto and home supply storesdo Nondurable goods stores #do	7,274 499,673	7,624 524,131	663 42,592	682 42,253	664 41,735	690 43,590	645 42,107	682 44,059	652 47,928	634 64,498	538 38,536	503 37,369	⁷ 641 744,807	658 48 695		
General merchandise group	162,306	170,529	13,606	13,298	12,271	13,741	12,986	14,270	17,565	27,994	10,123	10,218	13,487	13,569	1	,
Food storesdo	179,202 176,420	187,687	15,474	15,689	16,175	15,745	15,569	15,694	15,595	17,627	15.636	14,813	r16,649	15.854		***************************************
Apparel and accessory storesdododododododododododododododo	41,866 37,793	43,888	15,248 3,429	15,465 3,309 3,333	15,951 3,220 3,497	15,520 3,814	15,354 3,585	15,479 3,708	15,363 4,263 3,224	17,233 6,678	15,423 2,734	14,587 2,625 2,986	716,384 73,785 73,502	3,646		
Drug stores and proprietary	32,255	39,302 34,515	3,298 2,846	2.793	2,690	3,517	3,314	3,411	1	3,386	3,147 2,924	2,846	73,110	-		
storesdo Estimated sales(sea. adj.), total #do			49,004	49,525	49,705	2,798 49,814	2,714 50,151	2,748 50,842	2,860 50,997	4,146 50,802	52,494	51,858	751,584			
Auto and home supply stores do Department stores excluding			636	645	635	642	635	641	618	622	645	647	ŕ650			
leased departments			12,043 504	12,268 523	12,271 556	12,220 557	12,401 551	12,688 566	12,793 557	12,834 547	12,952 548	12,791 514	712,790 7513	12,928 492		
Grocery storesdodododo			15,279	15,373	15,426	15,582	15,478	15,667	15,645	15,400	16,099	16,083	r15,953	16,120		
Women's clothing, specialty stores,	1 .		3,597	3,609	3,679	3,626	3,712	3,773	3,778	3,716	3,884	3,779	73,721	3,933		***************************************
and furriersdo Shoe storesdo			1,397 756	1,415 749	1,412 787	1,398 766	1,421 781	1,453 771	1,483 761	1,480 760	1,545 782	1,472 751	71,474 7744	1,544 833		
Drug stores and proprietary storesdo		·····	2,881	2,859	2,841	2,876	2,893	2,902	2,948	2,846	3,071	3,159	r3,049	3,025		
		LA	BOR F	ORCE,	EMPL	OYME	NT, ANI	D EARN	NINGS							
LABOR FORCE AND POPULATION				į.												
Not Seasonally Adjusted]										٠				ļ	į
Noninstitutional population, persons 16 years of age and overthous	184,490	186,322	186,088	186,247	186,402	186,522	186,666	186,801	186,949	187,098	187,340	187,461	187,581	187,708	187,854	187,995
Labor force @	121,602 1,737	123,378 1,709	122,489 1,714	124,713 1,685	125,561 1,673	125,088 1,692	123,546 1,704	124,119 1,687	124,344 1,705	123,816 1,696	123,791 1,696	123,590 1,684	123,907 1,684	124,260 1,684	124,869 1,673	127,235 1,666
Civilian noninstitutional populationdo	182,753	184,613	184,374	184,562	184.729	184,830	184,962	185,114	185,244	185,402	185,644	185,777	185,897	186,024	186,181	186,329
Civilian labor force, totaldododo	119,865 112,440	114,968	120,775 114,222	116,209	117,066	123,396 116,737	121,842 115,474	122,432 116,250	122,639 116,314	122,120 115,978	122,095 114,786	121,906 115,023	115.844	122,576 116,347	123,196 117,039	125,569 118,719
Unemployeddo	7,425	6,701	6,553	6,819	6,823	6,659	6,368	6,182	6,325	6,142	7,309	6,883	6,378	6,229	6,156	6,850
Seasonally Adjusted \Diamond Civilian labor force, totaldo	}	}	121,203	121,524	121,658	122,000	121,984	122,091	122,510	122,563	123,428	123,181	123,264	123,659	123,610	124,102
Participation rate †	65.6	65.9	65.7 114,403	65.8 115,001	65.9 115,034	66.0 115,203	66.0 115,370	66.0 115,573	66.1 115,947	66.1 116,009	66.5 116,711	66.3 116,853	66.3	66.5 117,113	66.4	66.6 117,541
Employment-population ratio †percent	61.5		62.0	62.3	62.3	62.3	62.4	62.4	62.6	62.6	62.9	62.9	63.0	63.0	63.0	63.1
Agriculturethousdodo	3,208 109,232	3,169 111,800	3,110 111,293	3,121 111,880	i I	3,142 112,061	3,176 112,194	3,238 112,335	3,238 112,709	3,193 112,816	3,300 113,411	3,223 113,630	3,206 113,930	3,104 114,009	3,112 114,102	
Unemployed, totaldodo Long term, 15 weeks and	ļ	ļ	6,800	6,523	6,624	6,797	6,614	6,518	6,563	6,554	6,716	6,328	6,128	6,546	6,395	6,561
overdo	1,983	1,610	1,614	1,543	1,619	1,636	1,568	1,554	1,502	1,495	1,512	1,304	1,310	1,426	1,313	1,258
See footnotes at end of tables.																

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1986 and	Ann	ual				198	8						198	9		
methodological notes are as shown in Business Statistics: 1986	1987	1988	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
	 Т.	ARORI	FORCE	EMPI	OYME	NT AN	D EAR	NINGS	Conti	inued		, , ,				
	111	ABOR	ORCE	, ENIT I	OIME	111, A11	DEAR	MINUS	-conti	T						
LABOR FORCE—Continued						.	1			ļ	ì	ļ	1		1	
Seasonally Adjusted ♦ Civilian labor force—Continued					Í					1	ļ			,		
Unemployed—Continued Rates(unemployed in each group as percent			}		}	1			ŀ	1	l			į	ĺ	
of civilian labor force in the group): All civilian workers	6.2	5.5	5.6	5.4	5.4	5.6	5.4	5.3	5.4	5.3	5.4	5.1	5.0	5.3	5.2	5.3
Men, 20 years and over	5.4	5.5 4.8 4.9	4.9	5.4 4.6	5.4 4.5	4.9	4.6 4.8	4.6 4.7	5.4 4.8 4.7	4.7	4.6	4.5	4.2	4.6	4.3 4.8	5.3 4.3 4.9
Women, 20 years and over Both sexes, 16-19 years	5.4 16.9	4.9 15.3	4.9 15.6	4.9 14.1	5.0 15.1	4.8 15.4	4.8 15.5	15.0	14.1	4.7 14.8	4.7 16.4	4.5 14.8	4.6 13.7	4.7 14.4	15.2	15.6
WhiteBlack	5.3 13.0	4.7 11.7	4.7 12.1	4.6	4.7 11.5	4.9 11.4	4.7 10.9	4.6	$\frac{4.6}{11.2}$	4.6 11.6	$\frac{4.6}{12.0}$	4.3 11.9	4.2 10.9	4.6 10.8	4.4 11.0	$\frac{4.5}{11.9}$
Hispanic origin	8.8	8.2	8.8	11.7 8.7	8.1	8.4	7.5 3.1	11.2 7.8	8.0	7.6	8.4	6.8	6.5	8.3	7.9	8.1 2.8
Married men, spouse present	3.9 4.3	3.3 3.9	3.3 3.9	3.2 3.9	3.1 4.0	3.4 4.0	3.8	3.1 3.7	3.3 3.8 7.7	3.1 3.7	3.1 3.6 8.0	3.1 3.4	6.5 2.9 3.5 7.9	3.2 4.0	7.9 2.9 3.8 8.3	3.8 7.9
Women who maintain families Industry of last job:	9.2	8.1	8.4	7.9	8.5	7.5	8.1	7.9	7.7	8.2	8.0	8.0	7.9	7.6	8.3	7.9
Private nonagricultural wage and salary workers	6.2	5.5	5.6	5.4	5.4	5.6	5.4	5.4	5.5	5.4	5.6	5.1	5.0	5.4	5.2	5.3
Construction	11.6 6.0	10,6 5.3	10.5 5.3	10.3 4.9	10.4 5.2	10.7 5.5	9.6 5.4	10.0 5.3	10.6 5.1	10.4 5.2 5.0	10.4 5.3	$10.0 \\ 4.9$	9.4 4.8	9.7 4.9	9.3 4.9	10.0 5.2 4.6
Durable goods	5.8 10.5	5.3 5.0 10.6	5.3 4.9 12.4	4.5 10.0	4.9 11.0	5.5 5.0 11.0	5.2 10.8	5.0 10.2	4.9 9.3	5.0 8.8	5.0 9.5	4.4 8.9	4.7 8.9	4.7 10.5	4.5 10.3	4.6 11.0
Not Seasonally Adjusted	10.0	10.0	12.1	2010	11.0	22.0	20,0					***		,		
Occupation: Managerial and professional specialty	2.3	1.9	1.7	2.0	2.3	2.6	2.1	1.9	1.6	1.7	2.1	2.0	1.8	1.8	1.9	2.0
Technical, sales, and administrative support	4.3	4.0	4.1	4.0		4.1	4.2	3.9	3.8	3.5	4.3	4.0	3.8	3.6	3.9	3.8 6.9
Service occupations	7.7 6.1	6.9 5.4	6.8 5.1	7.0 4.8	4.1 7.0 4.6	6.6 4.2	6.5 4.3	6.8 5.0	6.8 5.2	6.21	7.0 6.7	6.3 6.8	5.9 6.1	7.0 5.6	6.6	6.9 4.9
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	9.4	8.4 7.2	8.3 6.1	7.2 5.0	7.3 6.0	7.6 6.1	7.7 6.7	7.0 6.3	7.8 7.5	5.3 8.2 7.5	10.0	9.2 8.5	8.3 7.9	7.8 6.3	6.9 5.4	7.6
Farming, forestry, and fishing	7.1	1.2	0.1	5.0	8.0	0.1	0.7	0.5	1.5	1.0	3.2	0.0	1.0	0.5	0.4	
EMPLOYMENT § Employees on payrolls of nonagricultural estab.:					ł		ļ	1	1	j						İ
Total, not adjusted for seas. variationthous Private sector (excl. government)do	102,200 85,190	105,584 88,212	105,533 87,861	106,459 89,033	105,560 89,120	105,729 89,431	106,601 89,416	107,279 89,571	107,736 89,827	107,917 90,098	105,915 88,380	106,342 88,463	107,017 89,052	7107,944 789,975		°109,418 °°91,634
Seasonally Adjusted	00,130	00,212	01,001	00,000	00,120	00,101	00,110	00,011	00,021	00,000	00,000	00,100	50,002	00,010	1	
Total employees, nonagricultural			-05.00	405 501	105 500	105.054	* 0.0.000	100 155	100.004	105.005	107.440	105.511	107 000	r100 101	'108,308	P108,488
payrollsdo Private sector (excl. government)do	102,200 85,190	105,584 88,212	105,091 87,756	105,561 88,199	105,768 88,418	105,954 88,578	106,207 88,736	106,475 88,991	106,824 89,299	107,097 89,574	107,442 89,897	107,711 90,124	107,888 90,291	'108,101 '90,475	90,625	P90,773
Nonmanufacturing industriesdo Goods-producingdo	66,166 24,708	68,809 25,249	68,402 25,179	68,799 25,265	68,970 25,323 725	69,153 25,303	69,305 25,313 719	69,486 25,384 717	69,742 25,460	69,985 25,513 711	70,249 25,626	70,476 25,629	70,611 25,646	70,803 725,671	^r 25,661	P71,143
Miningdo Constructiondo	717 4,967	721 5,125	725 5,100	726 5,139	725 5,150	725 5,153	$\frac{719}{5,163}$	717 5,162	712 5,191	711 5,213	711 5,267	711 5,270	714 5,252	720 75,279	7722 75,278	P710 P5,270
Manufacturingdo	19,024	19,403	19,354	19,400	19,448	19,425	19,431	19,505	19,557	19,589	19,648	19,648	19,680	r19,672	r19,661	p19,630
Durable goodsdo Lumber and wood productsdo	11,194 741	11,437 765	11,399 762	11,431 762	11,475 762	11,462 761	11,464 763	11,509 770	11,545 775	11,565 780	11,605 784	11,594 778	11,604 777	711,600 772	7770	P11,561
Furniture and fixturesdo Stone, clay and glass productsdo	516 586	530 600	529 599	529 600	531 602	529 600	530 600	531 603	532 605	532 607	532 607	534 608	535 607	r537 r606	7534 604	^p 532 ^p 607
Primary metal industriesdo Fabricated metal productsdo	747 1,401	774 1,431	769 1,426	773 1.432	780 1,438	776 1.435	779 $1,436$	783 1.442	784 1.445	785. 1,449	786 1,458	786 1,458	788 1,457	788 1,454	7787 71,452	^p 788
Machinery, except electricaldo Electric and electronic equipdo	2,008 2,069	2,082 2,070	2,067 2,066	1,432 2,077 2,072	2,092 2,072	1,435 2,094 2,073	2,098 2,072	2,110 2,073	1,445 2,120 2,075	2,126 2,067	2,134 2,065	2,138 2,062	2,143 2,060	72,144 72,058	2.051	^p 2,151 ^p 2,043
Transportation equipmentdodo	2,051	2,051	2,054	2,053	2,058	2,052	2,044	2,055	2,060	2,063	2,079	2,067	2,071	r2,073	2,074	°2,058
products do do Miscellaneous manufacturing do do do do do do do do do do do do do	706 371	749 386	743 384	748 385	751 389	755 387	756 386	758 384	762 387	767 389	770 390	772 391	776 390	777 391	7779 7392	₽778 ₽391
Nondurable goodsdo	7,830	7,967	7,955	7,969	7,973	7.963	7,967	7,996	8,012	8,024	8,043	8,054	8,076	78,072	78,070	p8,069
Food and kindred productsdo Tobacco manufacturesdo	1,620 55	1,636	1,632	1,633 56	1,628 55	1,629 55	1,627 55	1,644 55	1,648 56	1,646 56	1,650 56	1,650 56	1,655 56 729	1,657 54 728	1,655 58 7727	^p 1,655
Textile mill productsdo	726	729	55 732	731	730	723	726	726	725	724	728	728	729	728	7727	P728
productsdo Paper and allied productsdo	1,099 680	1,092 693	1,095 692	1,093 694	1,091 695	1,085 694	1,085 693	1,083 695	1,088 695	1,090 696	1,092 696	1,096 696	1,101 697	'1,098 696	r697	^p 1,092
Printing and publishingdodo Chemicals and allied productsdo	1,506 1,026	1,561	1,555 1,061		1,564	1,568 1,071	1,573 1,072	1,577 1,074	1,581 1,075	1,588 1,079	1,595 1,084			71,601 1,090		P1,608
Petroleum and coal productsdo Rubber and plastics prod-	1,020	1,065		162	1,068	162	162	162		162	160		161	162		P163
ucts, necdodo Leather and leather productsdo	811 143	829		830 144	836 144	832 144	830 144	836 144	839 143	840 143	839 143	843 144	845 144	843 143		P839
Service-producingdo	77,492		•	1		80,651	80,894	81,091	81,364	81,584	81,816	82,082	82,242	82,430	r82,647	₽82,878
Transportation and public utilitiesdo Wnolesale tradedo	5,372 5,844	5,548 6,029	5,522	5,542 6,027	5,557 6,038	5,572 6,051	5,581 6,071	5,596 6,086	5,616 6,104	5,634 6,125	5,654 6,146	5,667 6,171	5,666 6,197	5,682 6,206	r6,222	p6,229
Retail tradedo Finance, insurance, and real	18,483	19,110	19,036	19,096	19,139	19,182	19,188	19,229	19,282	19,328	19,407	19,460	19,488	719,489	719,524	p19,525
estatedo Servicesdo	. 6,547 24,236	6,676 25,600		6,672 25,597	6,678 25,683	6,686 25,784	6,695 25,888	6,710 25,986		6,744 26,230	6,746 26,318	6,763 26,434	6,774 26,520	76,776 726,651		^p 6,801 ^p 26,887
Government do do Government do do do do do do do do do do do do do	. 17,010 2,943	17,372 2,971	17,335 2,962	17.362	17,350	17,376 2,967	17,471 2,985	17,484 2,986	17,525	17,523 2,981	17,545 2,978	17,587	17,597 2,982	717,626 72,982	717,683	^p 17,715
State do do do do	3,967	4,063	4,059	4,062	4,071	4,079 10,330	4,088 10,398	4,081 10,417	4,085	4,085 10,457	4,084 10,483	4,095	4,102 10,513	4,111	74,117	p4,134
Production or nonsupervisory workers on private	1		ľ					}					1		1	
nonagric payrolls, not seas. adjustedthous. Manufacturingdo	. 68,976 12,970	71,413 13,254		72,161 13,336	72,201 13,179	72,498 13,320	72,456 13,413	72,596 13,433	72,810 13,460		71,336 13,312		71,923 13,348	772,751 1713,362		
Seasonally Adjusted	[1	1	,	,		1	'				1	1		
Production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonagricultural payrollsthous.	68,976	71,418	71,027	71,408	71,593	71,723	71,825	72,021	72,273	72,494	, 72,774	72,949	73,101	r73,204	73,314	P73,446
Goods-producingdo	17,358	17,775	17,725	17,791		17,815 522	17,813	17,865	17,929	17,963 510	18,065	18,048	18,052	r18,053	18,057	P18,005
Miningdo Constructiondo	. 3,877	4,002	3,981		4,026	4,023 13,270	518 4,032	515 4,026	4.053	4,068	510 4,132 13,423	4,112	4,096	r4,104	r4,108	P4,096
Manufacturingdo Durable goodsdo	12,970	7.635	7,610	7,630	7,672	7,658	7,653	7,690	7,717	13,385 7,730	7,758	7,749	7,749	77,744	77,738	P7,716
Lumber and wood productsdo Furniture and fixturesdo	. 620 418	637	637	635		634 422		641 425	645	647	652 426	648 427	646 428	642	? '640	
Stone, clay, and glass productsdo	. 458	466	465	467	1	468	466	469	470	472	473	474	472	471		
Primary metal industriesdo Fabricated metal productsdo	. 563	592	589	593	599		597	600	601	602	603 1.089	1.087	603	603	r601	P602
Machinery, except electricaldo Electric and electronic equipdo	. 1,191	1,252	1.248	1.247	1.261	1,260 1,227	1.261	1.270	1,279 1,233	1,285 1,224	1,292 1,222	1,298 1,218	1.298	1.298	71,304	P1,306 P1,205
Transportation equipmentdodo Instruments and related				1,281		1,284	1,227 1,276	1,283	1,283	1,285	1,294	1,286	1,214 1,292	1,297	1,295	°1,281
productsdo	384	412	409		414	416	417		421	425		425		7428		
Miscellaneous manufacturingdo	270	281	281	281	283	282	281	279	280	282	283	284	283	284	7284	- 484
See footnotes at end of tables.																

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Unless otherwise stated in footnotes	Ann	nal .				198	8			—т			198	9		
below, data through 1986 and methodological notes are as shown in Business Statistics: 1986	1987	1988	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
	L	ABOR	FORCE	, EMPI	OYME	NT, AN	D EAR	NINGS	-Conti	nued						
EMPLOYMENT 8—Continued									-							
Seasonally Adjusted						j		i			1		i			
Production or nonsupervisory workers—Contin- ued					1	ĺ			į				l			
Nondurable goodsthousthous	5,531 1,148	5,619	5,611 1,160	5,620 1,161	5,623	5,612 1,158	5,610 1,156	5,634 1,169	5,648 1,173	5,655 1,172	5,665 1,175	5,677 1,177	5,693 1,182	75,686 1,184	75,691 71,185	°5,685
Food and kindred productsdo Tobacco manufacturesdo	42	1,163 42	42	42	1,157 41	41	40	41	42	42	41	41	41 630	40 630	38 630	° 938 ° 630
Textile mill productsdo Apparel and other textile	630	632	634	633	634	626	629	629	628	628	630	630		7927	924	P922
productsdo Paper and allied productsdo	923 516	919 524	921 523 870	919 525	917 526 874	912 525	912 523	912 524	916 525	919 525 886	922 524	926 524 888	930 525 891	524 7889	525 891	p525 p894
Printing and publishingdo Chemicals and allied productsdo	841 575	874 596	594 105	873 597	598	877 600	878 600	881 602	525 883 602	604	887 607	608	610 105	609	7614 7106	₽612 ₽107
Petroleum and coal productsdo Rubber and plastics prod-	107	105		105	106	106	106	106	106	105	104 656	105 659	660	660	660	P656
ucts, necdo Leather and leather productsdo	629 120	646 119	642 120	646 119	651 119	649 118	647 119	652 118	655 118	656 118	119	119	119	118	r118	P118
Service-producingdo Transportation and public utilitiesdo	51,618 4,455	53,637 4,610	53,302 4,585	53,617 4,604	53,749 4,618	53,908 4,631	54,012 4,635	54,156 4,653	54,344 4,671	54,531 4,691	54,709 4,704	54,901 4,718	55,049 4,718	755,151 4,735	r55,257 r4,752	^p 55,441 ^p 4,765
Wholesale trade	4,682 16,431	4,854 16,936	4,832 16,871	4,857 16,925	4,867 16,959	4,876 17,001	4,890 16,997	4,903 17,017	4,917 17,066	4,931 17,106	4,948 17,171	4,970 17,215	4,990 17,244	74,996 717,235	75,006 717,268	°5,016 °17,273
Finance, insurance, and real	4,808	4,849	4,835	4,845	4,850	4,856	4,858	4,866	4,873	4,879	4,886	4,893	4,900	r4,902	r4,917	P4,927
Servicesdo	21,242	22,389	22,179	22,386	22,455	22,544	22,632	22,717	22,817	22,924	23,000	23,105	23,197	⁷ 23,283	⁷ 23,314	^p 23,460
AVERAGE HOURS PER WEEK §									}			1	- 1		ľ	
Seasonally Adjusted Avg. weekly hours per worker on private nonag.	<u>l</u>					j		Ì					- 1			
payrolls: Not seasonally adjustedhours	34.8	34.7	34.6	34.9	35.1	35.0	34.8	34.9	34.7	34.9	34.5	34.3	34.4	34.8	34.5	°34.7
Seasonally adjusteddo Mining ‡do	42.4	42.3	34.7 42.2	34.7 42.5	34.8 42.4	34.6 42.0	34.7 42.2	34.8 42.6	34.7 41.9	34.7 42.8	34.8 42.2	34.6 41.7	34.7 42.0	34.9 742.8	34.6 42.1	^p 34.6 ^p 42.3
Construction ‡do Manufacturing:	37.8	37.9	38.3	38.7	38.6	38.6	38.4	39.1	37.8	37.3	36.5	36.2	37.4	37.9	37.7	₽37.9
Not seasonally adjusteddo Seasonally adjusteddo	41.0	41.1	41.0 41.1	$41.2 \\ 41.1$	40.7 41.1	40.9 41.0	41.3 41.1	41.3 41.2	41.5 41.2	41.7 41.0	41.0 41.1	40.8 41.1	41.0 41.0	41.0 741.3	40.9 41.0	^p 41.0 ^p 40.9
Overtime hoursdodo	3.7 41.5	3.9 41.8	3.9 41.8	3.91 41.8	3.9 41.8	3.9 41.7	3.9 41.9	4.0 41.9	3.9 41.9	3.9 41.7	3.9 41.8	3.9 41.8	4.0 41.7	73.9 741.9	3.8 41.5	°3.8 °41.5
Overtime hoursdododododo	3.8 40.6	4.1 40.3	4.2 40.1	4.1 40.2	4.1 40.4	4.1 40.1	4.1 40.1	4.2	4.2 40.3	4.1 40.3	4.1 40.3	4.1 39.6	4.1	4.1	3.9 39.7	*3.9 *39.9
Furniture and fixturesdo	40.0 42.3	39.4 42.3	39.6 42.3	39.4 42.4	39.6 42.2	39.2 42.2	39.6 42.3	39.4 42.5	39.5 42.6	39.4 42.4	39.8 42.5	39.7 42.2	39.8 42.2	39.9 742.5	739.4 741.9	p39.4 p41.9
Stone, clay, and glass productsdo Primary metal industriesdo	43.1 41.6	43.6	43.7 42.0	43.6 42.0	43.5 41.9	43.5	43.9 42.0	43.7 41.9	43.7	43.5	43.6 41.9	43.4 41.9	43.5 41.8	743.3 741.9	r43.2	^p 43.1 ^p 41.4
Fabricated metal productsdo Machinery, except electricaldo Electric and electronic	42.2	41.9 42.6	42.6 42.6	42.6	42.8	41.8 42.5	42.7	42.7	42.1 42.5	41.8 42.5	42.5	42.6	42.5	42.7	42.5	P42.4
Electric and electronic equipdo Transportation equipmentdo	40.9 42.0	$\frac{41.0}{42.7}$	41.0 42.8	41.0 42.9	41.0 42.7	40.9 42.7	40.9 43.0	41.0 43.1	41.0 43.1	40.8 42.8	40.9 42.8	40.9 43.1	40.6 43.1	41.0 42.8	740.7 742.5	P40.6 P42.5
Instruments and related productsdo	41.4	41.5	41.5	41.4	41.7	41.5	41.6	41.8	41.6	41.1	41.5	41.5	41.1	41.5	41.2	P41.1
Miscellaneous manufacturingdo	39.4	39.2	39.3	39.4	39.3	39.3	39.2	39.1	39.3	39.0	39.4	39.5	39.5	39.8	r39.5	p39.1
Nondurable goodsdododo	40.2 3.6	40.1 3.7	40.0 3.6	40.1 3.6	40.2 3.7	40.1 3.6	40.2 3.7	40.2 3.7	40.2 3.6	40.0 3.6	40.1 3.6	40.2 3.7	40.1 3.8	40.4 3.8	40.2 3.7	₽3.7
Food and kindred products do Tobacco manufactures ‡ do	40.2 39.0	40.3 39.8	40.1 39.4	40.3 39.8	40.4 39.3	40.3 40.1	40.3 41.2	40.4 41.3	40.6 40.3	40.2 39.9	40.1 38.0	40.3 37.8	40.4 36.3	40.7 738.1	40.6 739.5	P40.7 P38.7
Textile mill productsdo Apparel and other textile	41.8	41.1	40.9	40.8	41.0	41.0	41.0	41.0	41.0	40.5	40.9	40.8	41.1	41.7	r41.4	P41.4 P37.0
productsdo Paper and allied products do	37.0 43.4	37.0 43.2	36.9 43.3	37.0 43.2	37.0 43.2	36.9 43.2	37.1 43.2	36.9 43.2	37.0 43.1	36.8 43.2	37.0 43.1	37.1 43.2	36.9 43.3	37.6 743.4	743.3	P43.2
Printing and publishingdo Chemicals and allied productsdo	38.0 42.3	38.0 42.3		38.0 42.4	38.0 42.3	38.0 42.2	38.1 42.3	38.0 42.5	37.9 42.3	37.8 42.3	38.0 42.3	38.0 42.3	37.9 42.3	37.9 42.6	737.7 742.2	°37.9 °42.3
Petroleum and coal products :do Rubber and plastics prod-	44.0	44.4	44.1	45.1	45.3	44.6	44.8	44.7	44.2	44.3	43.5	44.0	43.2	⁷ 44.3	r43.7	P43.3
ucts, necdo Leather and leather productsdo	41.6 38.2	41.7 37.5	41.8 37.4	41.7 37.1	41.7 37.2	41.6 37.5	41.7 37.5	41.6 37.8	41.7 37.3	41.4 37.7	41.7 38.0	41.7 38.6	41.6 38.0	741.6 738.3	741.5 737.4	P41.5 P37.9
Transportation and public utilitiesdododo	39.2 38.1	39.3 38.1	39.3 38.0		39.4 38.1	39.3 37.9	39.4 38.1	39.4 38.1	39.3 38.0	39.4 38.1	39.6 38.1	39.4 38.1	39.4 38.1	740.1 38.3	r39.6 r37.9	p39.6 p38.0
Retail tradedododo	29.2	29.1	29.0		29.3	29.0	29.1	29.2	29.0	29.1	29.1	28.9	28.9	29.1	28.9	P28.9
estate ‡dododo	36.3 32.5	35.9 32.6	35.8 32.5	35.8 32.5	36.1 32.7	35.7 32.5	35.8 32.6	36.0 32.7	35.7 32.5	35.8 32.7	36.1 32.7	35.8 32.5	35.8 32.6	36.3 32.8	35.6 32.5	₽35.8 ₽32.4
AGGREGATE EMPLOYEE-HOURS \$																
Seasonally Adjusted		,				į										
Employee-hours, wage & salary workers in non- agric. establish, for 1 week in the month,									j							-000.00
seas adj. at annual ratebil. hours Total private sectordo	189.93 156.32	196.51 161.73	195.44 160.54	196.43 161.65	197.24 162.63	196.77 161.88	$^{197.53}_{162.42}$	198.76 163.58	198.14 163.57	199.16 164.08	200.31 164.99	200.32 164.72	200.33 165.01	7202.10 7166.62	7200.86 7165.19	P165.57
Miningdo Constructiondo	1.58 9.76	1.58 10.10	1.59 10.01	1.61 10.21	1.59 10.13	1.58 10.12	1.58 10.10	1.58 10.26	1.55 10.38	$\frac{1.56}{10.27}$	1.56 10.29	1.55 10.32	1.57 10.34	1.61 710.41	71.57 710.20	P1.56 P10.27
Manufacturingdo Transportation and public utilitiesdo	40.53 10.96	41.42 11.36	41.28 11.30	41.45 11.37	41.54 11.45	41.43 11.41	41.52 11.43	41.72 11.49	41.84 11.51	41.72 11.56	41.93 11.64	41.95 11.63	41.91 11.62	742.08 711.81	741.87 711.74	p41.81 p11.82
Wholesale tradedodododo	11.60 28.07	11.95 28.92		11.90 28.85	11.99 29.16	11.92 28.93	12.01 29.00	12.05 29.16	12.05 29.09	12.11 29.30	12.16 29.44	12.23 29.24	12.28 29.29	712.37 29.47	712.24 729.32	^p 12.30 ^p 29.31
Finance, insurance, and real estatedo	12.37	12.50			12.59	12.43	12.48	12.59	12.51	12.58	12.69	12.61	12.62 45.38	712.79 746.09	712.61 745.63	^p 12.68 ^p 45.82
Servicesdo Governmentdo	41.45 33.61	43.90 34.78	43.44 34.90	43.81 34.78	44.19 34.61	44.06 34.89	44.31 35.11	44.73 35.18	44.65 34.57	44.97 35.08	45.28 35.32	45.20 35.60	35.32	r35.49	r35.67	p35.39
Indexes of employee-hours (aggregate weekly): \Diamond Private nonagric. payrolls, total1977 = 100.	120.7	124.9			125.6	125.1	125.6	126.3	126.3	126.8	127.4	127.2	127.6	128.7	127.6	^p 127.8
Goods-producingdododo	98.9 80.8	101.5 81.8	101.1 82.5	101.8 83.0	102.0 83.5	101.5 81.6	101.8 81.1	102.4 81.2	102.8 80.0	102.3 80.2	103.0 79.9	102.9 80.1	102.9 81.1	'103.5 '83.4	7102.4 781.8	P102.2
Constructiondododo	132.7 93.2	137.5 95.5	136.0 95.2	138.7 95.5	137.9 95.9	137.8 95.5	138.1 95.7	139.4 96.2	141.1 96.5	139.4 96.2	141.2 96.7	140.5 96.7	140.3 96.7	7141.0 97.2	7138.1 96.5	P138.5 P96.2
Durable goods	90.7 96.9	93.6 98.3	93.4 97.8	93.7 98.2	94.2 98.4	93.7 98.0	94.1 98.2	94.6 98.6	94.9 98.8	94.6 98.4	95.2 98.9	95.0 99.3	94.9 99.5	95.2 100.1	94.4 799.6	₽93.9 ₽99.5
Service-producingdo Transportation and public	132.8	137.8	136.6	137.6	138.7	138.1	138.8	139.6	139.2	140.3	140.9	140.6	141.2	142.6	r141.5	P141.9
utilitiesdo Wholesale tradedo	. 109.0 118.7	113.2 122.8	122.0	122.7	113.7 123.3	113.7 122.8 125.5	114.1 123.8	114.6 124.2	114.7 124.2	115.5 124.9	116.4 125.3	116.2 125.9	116.2 126.4	7118.6 127.2	7117.6 7126.1	P117.9 P126.7
Retail tradedo Finance, insurance, and real	122.4	125.5	124.6	125.4	126.5	l i	125.9	126.5	126.0	126.7	127.2	126.7	126.9	127.7	7127.1	P127.1
estatedo Servicesdo	140.9 152.8	140.9 161.5			141.5 162.4	140.1 162.1	140.9 163.2	141.6 164.3	140.6 164.0	$\frac{141.2}{165.8}$	142.1 166.4	140.8 166.1	141.8 167.3	7143.8 168.9	141.9 167.6	P142.5 P168.1
	1			t	r	, ,			,		,		. ,		•	

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes	Annu	al				1988							1989	,		
below, data through 1986 and units methodological notes are as shown in BUSINESS STATISTICS: 1986	1987	1988	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
	LA	BOR	ORCE.	EMPL	OYME	NT. ANI	D EARI	NINGS-	Conti	nued						
HOURLY AND WEEKLY EARNINGS \$								T		T	T					
Average hourly earnings per worker: ◊	1		ļ	1	1			.		ļ	1	}		}		
Not seasonally adjusted: Private nonagric. payrollsdollars.	8.98	9.29	9.26	9.23	9.24	9.24	9.40	9.45	9.46	9.46	9.54	9.55	9.56	79.62	r9.59	p9.58
Mining do Construction do	12.54 12.71	$12.75 \\ 13.01$	$12.60 \\ 12.91$	12.61 12.89	12.72 12.96	12.69 12.99	12.82 13.16	12.79 13.17	12.89 13.08	13.03 13.19	13.20 13.26	$\frac{13.22}{13.21}$	13.15 13.26	713.19 13.30	713.14 713.29	p13.10 p13.27
Manufacturingdo	. 9.91	10.18	10.14	10.16	10.17	10.13	10.25	10.25	10.31	10.37	10.37	10.38	10.41	10.41	r10.42	p10.44
Excluding overtimedo Durable goodsdo	9.48	$\frac{9.72}{10.71}$	9.70 10.68	9.70 10.70	9.73 10.67	9.67 10.65	9.75 10.78	9.76 10.79	9.82 10.85	9.88 10.90	9.91 10.90	$\frac{9.92}{10.91}$	9.94 10.93	9.95 10.93	79.98 710.94	p10.97
Excluding overtimedo Lumber and wood productsdo	9.98 8.40	$10.21 \\ 8.61$	10.19 8.54	10.19 8.60	10.21 8.66	10.16 8.58	10.25 8.69	10.26 8.77	10.32 8.69	10.36 8.76	10.40 8.71	10.41 8.69	10.43 8.68	10.44 8.76	r10.47 r8.78	p10.48
Furniture and fixturesdostone, clay, and glass productsdo	7.67	7.94	7.89 10.44	7.93 10.47	7.99	8.02 10.45	8.09 10.55	8.06 10.57	8.02 10.60	8.06 10.57	8.10 10.59	8.08 10.62	8.13 10.62	78.12 710.71	8.15 10.70	*8.21 *10.73
Primary metal industries do	. 11.94	12.15	12.12	12.14	12.22	12.10	12.24	12.19	12.22	12.26	12.27	12.27	12.27	$r_{12.26}$	r12.25	p12.27
Fabricated metal productsdo Machinery, except electricaldo	. 10.00 10.72	$10.26 \\ 11.01$	10.25 10.94	$10.29 \\ 10.97$	10.20 10.98	10.21 10.97	10.34 11.09	$10.34 \\ 11.11$	10.36 11.22	$10.44 \\ 11.24$	10.45 11.21	10.46 11.23	10.47 11.25	$10.48 \\ 11.26$	710.50 711.28	P10.49 P11.34
Electric and electronic equipdo	9.88	10.13	10.12	10.15	10.13	10.15	10.19	10.16	10.24	10.29	10.27	10.26	10.30	710.31	r10.33	^p 10.35
Transportation equipmentdo Instruments and related	. 12.94	13.31	13.26	13.30	13.19	13.21	13.44	13.45	13.56	13.59	13.58	13.59	13.65	13.60	′13.57	₽13.67
productsdo Miscellaneous manufactur-	. 9.72	9.98	9.90	9.90	9.96	9.94	9.99	10.08	10.07	10.13	10.12	10.14	10.17	710.17	r10.17	^p 10.20
ingdo	7.76	8.01	7.97	7.96	7.98	7.95	8.01	8.10	8.12	8.20	8.22	8.23	8.23	r8.21	r8.26	P8.27
Nondurable goodsdodo	9.18 8.78	9.43 9.02	9.38 9.00	9.40 9.00	9.46 9.05	9.41	9.50 9.05	9.49 9.05	9.54 9.11	$9.61 \\ 9.18$	9.62 9.22	9.62 9.22	9.66 9.24	9.65 r9.25	9.68	₽9.70 ₽9.28
Excluding overtimedo Food and kindred productsdo	8.93	9.10	9.14	9.11	9.12	8.98 9.02	9.11	9.03	9.15	9.25	9.27	9.26	9.33	79.32	79.34	P9.38
Tobacco manufacturesdo Textile mill productsdo	14.07 7.17	14.68 7.37	15.38 7.31	15.92 7.33	15.78 7.31	14.97 7.37	14.09 7.43	$\frac{14.01}{7.45}$	14.56 7.47	14.31 7.52	14.39 7.60	14.75 7.59	15.34 7.59	715.87 77.60	716.13 77.62	^p 16.63 ^p 7.64
Apparel and other textile productsdo	5.94	6.12	6.07	6.10	6.03	6.09	6.21	6.22	6.25	6.29	6.32	6.32	6.34	r6.32	·	P6.35
Paper and allied productsdo Printing and publishingdo	11.43	11.65 10.52	11.66 10.43	11.66 10.43	11.72 10.48	11.65 10.54	11.72 10.70	11.68 10.68	11.74 10.67	11.81 10.70	11.78 10.73	11.80 10.74	11.84 10.79	711.83 10.73	711.89 710.76	P11.93 P10.72
Chemicals and allied productsdo	12.37	12.67	12.58	12.60	12.70	12.62	12.75	12.78	12.86	12.90	12.85	12.88	12.91	r12.92	r12.99 r15.36	P13.06
Petroleum and coal productsdo Rubber and plastics prod-	14.58	14.98	14.86	14.96	14.93	14.84	15.01	15.14	15.18	15.21	15.24	15.45	15.46	715.50		
ucts, necdodo Leather and leather productsdo	8.92 6.08	9.14 6.27	9.07 6.26	9.10 6.26	9.15 6.19	$\frac{9.17}{6.22}$	9.22 6.30	9.23 6.33	9.26 6.41	9.31 6.44	9.32 6.48	9.31 6.49	9.33 6.54	^r 9.35 6.55	79.40 76.57	^p 9.41 ^p 6.53
Transportation and public utilitiesdo Wholesale tradedodo	12.03	12.32 9.94	12.28 9.90	12.27 9.88	12.32 9.95	12.35 9.91	12.40 10.04	12.42 10.10	12.46 10.07	$\frac{12.42}{10.14}$	12.47 10.23	12.50 10.23	12.46 10.21	12.51 710.36	712.50 710.27	^p 12.48 ^p 10.28
Retail tradedo Finance, insurance, and real	6.12	6.31	6.28	6.27	6.28	6.26	6.38	6.39	6.43	6.43	6.48	6.47	6.48	76.52	r6.49	^p 6.49
estate do Services do do	8.73 8.49	9.09 8.91	9.08 8.85	8.97 8.79	9.03 8.80	9.03 8.81	9.14 9.00	9.29 9.09	9.27 9.11	$9.32 \\ 9.16$	9.46 9.25	9.47 9.28	9.43 9.29	9.59 79.34	79.47 9.31	P9.44 P9.25
Seasonally adjusted:	0.49	0.91	0.00	0.19	0.00	0.01	3.00	5.05	5.11	3.10	9.20	9.20	0.20	3.64	0.01	5.20
Private nonagricultural payrollsdollars Miningdo	8.98 12.54	9.29 12.75	9.26	9.27	9.31	9.32	9.37	9.43	9.42	9.45	9.49	9.52	9.54 (1)	79.61	9.61	^p 9.62
Constructiondo	12.71	13.01	12.94	12.97	13.05	13.03	13.07	13.08	13.10	13.15	13.18	13.22	13.26	13.33	r13.33 r10.42	p13.35
Manufacturingdodododo	9.91	10.18 12.32	10.14 12.34	10.18 12.32	10.18 12.35	$10.21 \\ 12.37$	$10.25 \\ 12.37$	$10.29 \\ 12.41$	10.30 12.39	10.31 12.36	10.33 12.45	10.37 12.48	10.40 12.50	10.40 12.52	⁷ 12.55	P10.45 P12.54
Wholesale tradedododo	9.60 6.12	9.94 6.31	9.90 6.28	9.90 6.30	9.98 6.32	9.95 6.33	10.03 6.36	10.14 6.38	10.06 6.40	$10.11 \\ 6.43$	10.19 6.44	10.18 6.45	10.21 6.47	710.36 76.51	710.27 76.49	^p 10.30 ^p 6.52
Finance, insurance, and real	8.73	9.09	9.06	9.01	9.11	9.09	9.18	9.35	9.26	9.35	9.40	9.35	9.36	9.54	⁷ 9.44	p9.49
Servicesdo .	8.49	8.91	8.88	8.87	8.93	8.95	9.00	9.07	9.05	9.10	9.15	9.19	9.24	79.32	9.34	₽9.33
Indexes of avg. hourly earnings, seas. adj.: (Private nonfarm economy:	·]					ĺ									ļ	
Current dollars1977 = 100 1977 dollars ‡do	173.5 94.0	179.0 93.3	178.7 93.6	178.6 93.2	179.3 93.2	179.5 92.9	180.3 93.0	181.5 93.1	181.4 92.9	181.7 92.7	(2) (2)					
Mining ‡‡do	182.2	185.5	184.2	184.6	185.8	185.6	186.6	186.5	187.1	187.3 159.9	(2) (2)					
Constructiondo	174.9	158.3 178.8	157.5 178.4	157.8 178.8		158.6 179.3	159.3 180.0	159.2 180.5	159.3 180.7	180.9	(2)					
Transportation and public utilitiesdo. Wholesale trade ‡‡do.	176.1 [181.1 182.7	181.6 182.2	181.0 181.7		181.9 182.1	182.0 184.5	183.1 186.0	182.9 185.1	182.8 186.6	(2) (2)	·····		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
Retail tradedo. Finance, insurance, and real	160.9	165.9	165.4	165.7	166.8	166.7	167.1	168.4	168.9	168.2	(2)					
estate ‡‡dododododododo	187.5 181.1	195.7 189.8	195.9 189.9	194.0 189.4	194.8 190.8	195.2 190.9	197.0 191.9	200.2 194.0	199.5 193.3	200.2 193.9	(2) (2)					
Hourly wages, not seasonally adjusted: Construction wages, 20 cities (ENR): §§	101.1	100.0	100.0	100.4	100.0	100.0	101.0	101.0	100.0	20010	} `´					
Common labor\$ per hr	16.86	17.33	17.20	17.36	17.40	17.41	17.42	17.55 22.89	17.60 22.94	17.62 22.99	17.63 22.99	17.64 23.02	17.64 23.05	17.64 23.05	17.64 23.05	17.74 23.12
Skilled labordodododo		22.67 15.00	22.58 15.11	22.54 15.06	22.61 15.04	22.71 14.87	22.80 15.03	14.91	15.11	15.28	j	1	15.25	'15.33	15.35	I
Avg. weekly earnings per worker,				}										,	i	1
private nonfarm: ♦ Current dollars, seasonally adjusted	312.50	322.36	321.32	321.67	323.99	322.47	325.14	328.16	326.87	327.92	330.25	329.39	331.04	7335.39	332.51	p332.85
1977 dollars, seasonally adjusted ‡	169.28	167.81	168.23	167.89	168.39	166.82	167.68	168.55	167.28	167.39	167.55	166.44	166.44	r167.53	165.18	P165.10
Current dollars, not seasonally adjusted: Private nonfarm, totaldollars	312.50	322.36		322.13		323.40	327.12	329.81	328.26	330.15	329.13		328.86	7334.78		p332.43 p554.13
Miningdodododo	480.44	539.33 493.08	494.45	498.84	500.26	501.41	541.00 505.34	544.85 514.95	494.42	557.68 491.99	557.04 483.99	478.20	552.30 495.92	7564.53 504.07	r501.03	p502.93
Manufacturingdo Durable goodsdo	406.31	418.40 447.68	415.74 445.36	418.59 449.40		414.32 439.85	423.33 452.76	423.33 453.18	427.87 457.87	432.43 463.25	425.17 455.62	423.50 452.77	426.81 455.78	426.81 455.78	7426.18 7454.01	p428.04
Nondurable goodsdo Transportation and public	369.04	378.1	374.26	376.94	377.45	378.28	384.75	382.45	386.37	389.21	383.84	382.88	385.43	386.97	r388.17	
utilities do Wholesale trade do	471.58	484.18 378.7	480.15 376.20	484.67 376.48		490.30 376.58	489.80 382.52	490.59 385.82	489.68 382.66	490.59 387.35	490.07 387.72	488.75 386.69	488.43 386.96	r497.90 r395.75		
Retail tradedo	365.76 178.70	183.6	181.49				185.66	185.95		190.33	184.03	183.10	184.68	188.43	186.91	
Finance, insurance, and real estatedo	316.90	326.3					327.21	334.44	330.94	333.66	341.51	339.03	337.59	348.12	r337.13	
Servicesdo	275.93	290.4	286.74	287.48	290.40	288.97	292.50	297.24	296.08	298.62	301.55	300.67	301.00	r306.35	301.64	P301.55
EMPLOYMENT COST INDEX Civilian workers †	ا			142.1	}		144.0			1/15 5			1/17 9			148.9
Workers, by occupational group	ł	1	1	1	_	1	147.9	}	1	149.7		1	151.9	ì		153.4
White-collar workersdo Blue-collar workersdo				. 145. . 136.	2 J		137.2			138.2	: <u>}</u>		139.6			. 141.3
Service workersdo Workers, by industry division	ì		·}	ĺ	3	1	1				ļ		ì		1	151.2
Manufacturingdo Nonmanufacturingdo				. 143.			146.1			147.7			149.7			143.5 151.2
Servicesdo Public administrationdo				153.8 151.5	3		157.7			159.7 154.4	·		161.8			163.1 157.9
HELP-WANTED ADVERTISING		[101	-[[104.0	[101.1	[
Seasonally adjusted index) 153	15	8 160	150	6 159	160	153	161	158	161	156	155	151	r159	154	148
See features at and of tables	1	ŧ	1	1	1	1	I	1	1	F	1	i	I	I .	1	1

No. No.	Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1986 and	Ann	ual				198	38						198	39		
WORK STOPPAGE **Rectard of strongers** **Best of strongers** **Be	methodological notes are as shown in	1987	1988	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
West entropy in articles in year		L	ABOR I	FORCE,	, EMPL	OYME	NT, AN	D EAR	NINGS	-Cont	inued						
Section Company Comp									Í								
Part Part	Number of stoppages:																
Line Commonwealth	Workers involved in stoppages:	l i		- 1	7	4	7	2	3	1	0	3	0	2	3	7	0
Section Column	Days idle during month or year thous							510	293	78	52	153					938
Part																	
Belley Perfect Perfe	Initial claimsthous	17,054	15,904	1,085	1,200	1,465	1,189	1,031	1,107	1,277	1,633	1,856	⁷ 1,319	r1,363	1,117		
The language and provided and p	ploymentdo	2,286				1,890										1 Q	1 0
Proposed excelled personal Proposed Section P	Total benefits paidmil. \$							876	784	943	1,085						1.3
Federal circles angulyones controlled angu	pensatedthous					6,738 141.75	7,731 143.35		5,710 144.26				78,722 7148.28				
Indicate classes Control of the	Federal civilian employees unemployment					}		,									
Week of unserflowers to the property of the pr	Initial claimsthous	118.5	120.6	8.6	11.3	12.5	11.0	8.9	10.9	9.5	9.5	11.9	78.0	7.9	8.1		
Weeke all complytoments come:	ploymentdo Total benefits paidmil. \$										22.5 13.1						
Velocing Name Name Name Name Name (UKX) thousand 11.13 11.12 11.63 12.11 10.13 5.77 5.58 5.8 5.6 5.9 11.65 7.9 10.65 7.0 10.65 10.	Weeks of unemployment com- pensatedthous		1,047.6	70.6			99.8		86.1								
Initial claimer. Shousal 14.13 31.12 16.8 33.1 10.3 5.7 8.5 8.5 8.5 9.4 39 71.08 71.08 70.00 When the proper control one mile 8 1221 1248 11.9 12.5 12.5 12.1 12.5	_	130.97	136.93	139.96	134.64	137.19	135.22	133.07	133.95	137.35	137.94	r141.78	7145.55	7146.96	144.23	.,	
Professor Property Professor Profe	Initial claimsthous Average weekly insured unem-	(i		-	ì						}			***************************************
Property Part Property Prop	Total benefits paid mil \$			22.6 11.9													
## PINANCE Banking	pensatedthous		792.9													·····	
BANKING Open market paper outstanding, end of periods 70,565 166,778 63,871 64,575 63,246 64,575 63,246 64,575 62,256 64,676 62,255 65,641 66,531 62,212 62,415 64,707 62,708 64,708 64,707 62,708 64,70	Average weekly benefitdollars	151.97	100.03	156.69	198.90			155.64	190.88	159.26	158.52	157.69	198.44	198.99	159.00		
Department comparison Compa						FIN	ANCE										
Bentler scorptanes							}			!						,	
Paper Column Co	Bankers' acceptancesmil. \$	70,565	166,678	63,381	64,359	63,240	64,036	63,452	62,253	65,961	66,631	62,212	62,812	62,458	64,357	62,396	
Design placed 60	paper, totaldo	2287.274	7451,762 7354,127	415,492 324,985	415,125 324,953	419,003 327,959	422,090 331,754	425,104 332,630	429,549 332,513	442,396 344,544	7451,762 7354,127	7362,469	5 377,749			378,388	
Total and of period mode Februs mil s 52,498 0.1428 S\$.110 \$52,688 \$51,428 \$1	Dealer placeddo Directly placeddo	2115,034 2172,240	7161,535 192,592	139,339 185,646	143,026 181,927	143,725 184,234	145,427 186,327	151,039 181,591	147,759 184,754	151,581 192,963	7161,535 192,592	7163,718 198,751	5174,807 5202,942	203,630	207,070	208,266	
Pederal Land banks and Federal Angelera Land banks and Federal Angelera Angele		286,312	^r 97,635	90,507		91,044	90,336	92,474	97,036	97,852	797,635	⁷ 106,258	°109,258	109,689	118,959	123,201	***************************************
Federal Interrmediate credit banks and a profusions—6 to \$25.00 9.50	Total, end of periodmil. \$ Federal land banks and Federal							· 1							••••••		
Bearls for cooperatives — do. S.25 9.90 9.938 9.938 9.944 9.990 9.744 275.408 275.506 29.8574 28.858 279.313 25.638 29.8674 29.8575 29.8585 29.8574 28.8585 29	Federal intermediate credit banks and	1 1			,												
Assets, total # mil \$ 75,66	Banks for cooperativesdo	8,225		••••••								• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Londs # — do	Federal Reserve banks, condition, end of period: Assets, total #mil. \$	275,566	293,674	269,989	277,442	275,408	274,592	285,185	279,331	285,638	293,674	286,771	284,582	281,635	303,807	286,551	295,816
Liabilities, total #	ing, total #do						233,882		238,370				230,795	238,435		234,286	
Label Number Labe	U.S. Government securities do	222,551	238,422	223,192	227,636	224,450	222,795	229,181	225,638	232,702	238,422	232,933	229,499	228,643	232,150	223,535	231,767
Member-bank reserve balances		,											l .				
Federal Reserve notes in circu- Islation Section	Deposits, totaldo Member-bank reserve balancesdo				46,176 35,681		42,881 37,868										
Averages of daily figures: Reserves held, total mil. s. 262,123 263,739 60,681 61,991 62,756 61,965 61,181 60,853 61,287 62,699 62,223 59,589 59,556 60,511 67,881 58,682 Borrowings from Federal Reserve d. o. 2777 1,716 2,578 3,083 3,440 3,241 2,839 2,299 2,861 1,716 1,662 1,487 1,143 357 776 1,091 905 Free reserves f. d. o. 2777 1,716 2,578 3,083 3,440 3,241 2,839 2,299 2,861 1,716 1,662 1,487 1,813 2,289 1,720 1,490 Free reserves f. mil. s. 247,359 247,292 215,417 23,070 226,623 229,814 216,611 240,926 247,292 219,344 228,937 217,181 220,021 244,260 19,584 Ridividuals, partnerships, and corporations. d. o. 6,744 6,933 6,223 6,239 6,770 5,888 5,575 6,456 6,933 6,770 5,888 5,590 6,770 5,888 5,590 6,770 5,888 5,590 6,747 1,708 182,936 1,738 1	Federal Reserve notes in circu-	1	!	1		'										Į.	230,848
Required	averages of daily figures:	1															
Borrowings from Federal Reserve banks	Requireddo	361,094	3 62,699	59,641	61,103	61,749	61,012	61,181	60,853	61,287	62,699	62,323	59,539	59,255	60,511	757,881	58,682
Free reserves	Borrowings from Federal Reserve	1		1 1		' !						ĺ					
Reserve System, last Wed. of mo.: ‡ Deposits: Demand, total #	Free reserves †do		3568			105	365	192					717		194	7508	332
Demand, total # mil \$ 247,359 247,252 215,417 233,070 226,623 229,814 221,621 215,612 240,926 247,292 219,344 228,937 217,181 220,021 244,260 219,534 1ndividuals, partnerships, and corporations	Reserve System, last Wed. of mo.: ‡																
Corporations	Demand, total #mil. \$	247,359	247,292	215,417	233,070	226,623	229,814	221,621	215,612	240,926	247,292	219,344	228,937	217,181	220,021	244,260	219,534
U.S. Government do Bepository institutions in U.S. do 27,448 24,194 21,035 22,360 22,710 21,829 20,696 20,272 22,105 24,194 19,438 23,360 18,566 25,996 20,429 20,429 20,696 20,272 22,105 24,194 19,438 23,360 18,566 25,996 20,429 20,4	corporationsdo States and political subdivisionsdo		6,993	5,629	5,979	6,156							5,868		6.247	5,892	6,078
Adaptividuals partnerships and corporations Adaptive and partnerships and partnerships and corporations Adaptive and partnerships and partnerships and corporations Adaptive and partnerships and corporations Adaptive and partnerships and corporations Adaptive and partnerships and corporations Adaptive and partnerships and partnerships and partnerships and partnerships and partnerships and partnerships and partnerships and partnerships and partnerships and partnerships and partnerships and partnerships and partnerships and partnerships and partnerships and partnerships and partnerships and partnerships and partnerships and partners	U.S. Governmentdo Depository institutions in U.Sdo	3,258 27,448	2,706 24,194	2,121 21,035	3,008 22,360	2,899 22,710			2,610 20,272		2,706 24,194	2,531 19,438	1,709		4,649 18,566	2,678 25,996	2,526 20,429
Nontransaction balances, total ## do 565,046 624,122 594,842 599,611 603,936 609,987 611,896 616,569 622,679 624,122 651,078 667,457 667,647 667,325 673,101 674,682 Individuals, partnerships, and corporationsdo 524,423 585,340 553,766 559,581 564,529 569,683 572,104 576,524 583,032 585,840 609,532 615,019 625,488 626,052 631,781 634,527 Commercial and industrialdo 287,232 302,544 299,004 300,160 299,456 296,817 296,542 297,205 301,245 302,544 305,191 310,049 311,341 314,405 317,944 314,094 For purchasing and carrying securitiesdo 12,490 13,930 11,704 13,712 11,994 13,667 12,530 12,651 15,271 13,930 12,455 13,480 15,134 14,102 15,668 169,987 618,098 619,987 618,098 619,987 618,098 619,987 618,098 619,987 618,098 619,987 618,098 619,987 618,098 618,098 619,987 619,987 618,098 619,987 618,098 619,987 618,098 619,987 619,987 618,098 619,987 618,098 619,987 618,098 619,987 618,098 619,987 618,098 619,987 618,098 619,987 618,098 619,987 618,098 619,998 61,998 619,998 619,998 619,998 61	deposits ##dodo	67,094	75,369	70,507	70,702			70,240		73,593	75,369		75,988			74,221	71,824
Loans and leases(adjusted), total \$	Nontransaction balances, total ‡‡do Individuals, partnerships, and	l	624,122	ļ.		603,936	ĺ	611,896		622,679	624,122	i	ſ	1	1		ļ
Commercial and industrial do 287,232 302,544 299,004 300,160 299,456 296,817 296,542 297,205 301,245 302,544 305,191 310,049 811,841 314,405 317,944 314,094 For purchasing and carrying securities do 12,490 13,930 11,704 13,712 11,994 13,667 12,530 12,651 15,271 13,930 12,455 13,480 15,134 14,102 15,608 16,998 To nonbank depository and other financial do 23,925 22,685 22,350 22,177 23,302 22,479 22,188 21,195 21,953 22,685 21,472 20,728 19,728 20,090 21,390 21,699 Real estate loans do 260,308 299,180 30,759 30,352 30,363 29,754 29,351 28,873 28,608 32,204 28,999 27,913 27,790 27,523 325,930 264,966 Other loans do 23,044 251,795 21,603 244,865 244,122 246,878 242,736 243,701 248,192 251,795 252,937 257,112 257,253 249,893 255,763 254,176 Investments, total do 196,268 200,900 205,643 203,455 203,860 203,363 20	Loans and leases(adjusted),total §do	846,807	918,742	882,613	893,086	891,898	898,166	894,711	897,345	911,557	918,742	930,811	942,133	948,923	948,203	963,908	963,995
To nonbank depository and other financial	Commercial and industrialdo For purchasing and carrying	. 287,232	302,544	299,004	300,160	299,456	296,817	296,542	297,205	301,245	302,544	305,191	310,049	311,341	314,405	317,944	314,094
Real estate loans do 260,308 299,180 276,559 289,873 283,672 288,289 299,911 293,242 296,023 299,180 310,552 312,665 317,554 321,923 325,623 330,052 70 States and political subdivisions. do 230,404 251,795 241,603 244,865 244,122 246,878 242,736 243,701 248,192 251,795 252,937 257,112 257,253 249,893 255,763 254,176 [Investments, total do 196,268 200,900 205,463 203,455 203,860 203,630 203,339 207,287 209,162 200,900 208,049 206,933 209,095 205,873 209,879 212,395 U.S. Treasury and Govt. agency securities, do 111,858 142,255 117,084 113,455 113,340 113,982 114,183 114,283 116,035 114,255 118,240 119,751 120,495 121,255 124,006 128,578 Other securities do 73,366 72,274 72,711 73,144 73,006 72,816 72,626 72,777 73,310 72,474 72,688 72,311 71,954 71,713 72,656 71,649	To nonbank depository and other	1		1			1	,		,							
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Real estate loansdo	. 260,308	299,180	276,959	280,873	283,672	288,289	290,991	293,242	296,023	299,180	310,552	312,665	317,554	321,923	325,623	330,032
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Other loansdo	230,404	251,795	241,603	244,865	244,122	246,878	242,736	243,701	248,192	251,795	252,937	257,112	257,253	249,893	255,763	254,176
Investment accountdo 111,858 114,255 117,084 113,455 113,340 118,982 114,183 114,283 116,085 114,255 118,240 119,751 120,495 121,255 124,006 128,578 Other securities	U.S. Treasury and Govt. agency securities,	1		1			1	1							1		1
	Investment accountdo	J 111.858	114,255	117,084	113,455	113,340	113,982	114,183	114,283	116,035	114,255	118,240	119,751	120,495	121,255	124,006	128,578
		1 ,0,000	1	1 '2,'11	10,144	10,000	12,010	12,020	12,111	10,010	12,214	1 12,000	} ,2,011	11,554	1,,,,,,	1 .2,000	,1,045

S-14			SURV	EYC	FCU.	KKEN	L RO	SINE	55						Jul	y 1989
Unless otherwise stated in footnotes	Ann	ual				198	8						198	39		
below, data through 1986 and methodological notes are as shown in BUSINESS STATISTICS: 1986	1987	1988	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
				FU	NANCE	-Cont	inued									
	1		1	7	I		T				1					
BANKING—Continued				1	}					- 1	ĺ		}	{		
Commercial bank credit, seas. adj.: § Total loans and securities bil. \$.	2,237.4	2,408.0	2,325.5	2,343.5	2,358.5	2,371.4	2,373.5	2,392.6	2,400.6	2,408.0	2,412.8	2,441.8	2,454.9	72,460.9	2,476.9	
U.S. Government securitiesdo Other securitiesdo	335.5 195.2	362.4 192.9	346.4 196.4	348.8 196.7	349.3 196.9	350.9 196.7	353.2 195.4	356.0 196.6	358.5 195.3	362.4 192.9	361.8 188.0	363.4 188.5	370.3 7187.7	372.2 185.3	184.7	
Total loans and leases do	1,706.8	1,852.7	1,782.7	1,797.9	1,812.3	1,823.8	1,825.0	1,839.9	1,846.8	1,852.7	1,863.0	1,889.9	1,896.8	r1,903.4	1,917.0	
Money and interest rates: Prime rate charged by banks on				1	{	İ				- 1	j	ļ		}		
short-term business loanspercent.	8.22	9.32	8.84	9.00	9.29	9.84	10.00	10.00	10.05	10.50	10.50	10.93	11.50	11.50	11.50	11.07
Discount rate (New York Federal Reserve Bank) @ @do	5.66	6.20	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.37	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.59	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00
Federal intermediate credit bank loansdo	8.54	(3)			ł		{	Į				į				
Home mortgage rates (conventional 1st	0.04	(')		,,,,,,,,,,,			1	{								
mortgages): New home purchase (U.S. avg.)percent.	28.94	8.83	8.59	8.90	8.80	8.68	8.90	8.77	9.05	9.04	9.20	9.46	9.63	9.88	9.82	10.09
Existing home purchase(U.S. avg.)do	. ² 8.94	9.01	8.90	8.98	8.98	9.00	8.98	9.11	9.16	9.31	9.31	9.44	9.62	9.76	'10.13	10.27
Open market rates, New York City: Bankers' acceptances, 90 daysdo	6.75	7.56	7.12 7.31	7.38	7.77	8.19	8.06	8.15	8.55	8.96	8.93	9.27	9.83	9.68	9.35	8.97
Commercial paper, 6-month ‡do Finance co. paper placed di-	1 {	7.68		7.53	7.90	8.36	8.23	8.24	8.55	8.97	9.02	9.35	9.97	9.78	9.29	8.80
rectly, 6-modo Yield on U.S. Gov. securities (taxable):	6.37	7.14	6.75	7.01	7.19	7.57	7.71	7.80	7.94	8.24	8.44	8.65	9.17	9.29	8.97	8.2
8-month bills (rate on new issue)percent.	5.820	6.690	6.270	6.500	6.730	7.020	7.230	7.340	7.680	8.090	8.290	8.480	8.830	8.700	8.400	8.22
CONSUMER INSTALLMENT CREDIT †																
Not seasonally adjusted	4.0.0	a#1 000	202.052	204 511	405 000	0.5555	251 550	050 050	050 100	271 020	004.054	200.054	reco 174	rcom 09.4	CO1 909	
Total outstanding (end of period) #mil. \$. By major holder:	618,191	671,362	626,876	634,511	637,992	647,753	651,759	653,059	659,193	671,362	684,674	682,274	7682,154		691,393	
Commercial banksdo Finance companiesdo	. 287,154 141,120	323,931 146,212	295,400 143,063	299,889 144,386	301,993 144,856 83,719	308,114 145,769	312,195 146,258	312,945 146,490	317,589) 146,039 86,823	323,931 146,212	318,287 141,194	316,898 141,292	7314,743 140,207	7318,603 141,730	320,769 143,265	•••••
Credit unionsdo Retailersdo	. 81,007 45,080	87,110 47,863	82,171 41,013	83,116 41,160	41,002	85,295 41,304	85,908 41,296	86,463 41,723	43,042	87,110 47,863	86,980 42,804	86,865 41,071	787,346 40,762	40,591	88,721 40,829	•••••
Savings institutionsdo	60,226	62,572	61,625	62,300	62,582	63,303	62,291	61,712	62,091	62,572	62,792	62,674	r62,007	r61,808	61,767	
Seasonally adjusted Total outstanding (end of period) #do			632,431	637,836	639,207	644,666	646,556	649,132	654,413	659,507	r682,020	687,397	r691,162	⁷ 693,654	697,256	
By major holder: Commercial banksdodo			297,521	301,104	302,283	307,355	310,132	312,588	316,683	318,925	316,797	318,423	r318,242		323,078	
Finance companies do Credit unions do			145,310	145,517	144,774 83,886	143,992 84,647	143,019 84,900	143,012 85,338	143,488 85,740	145,180 86,118	7141,795 87,093	143,419 87,813	143,070	144,378	145,523	
Retailersdo			83,086 41,515	83,648 41,851	42,023	42,121	42,349	42,614	42,910	43,498	40,986	41,052	41,300	41,301	41,323 61,429	
Savings institutionsdo By major credit type:		•••••	61,270	62,004	62,537	62,843	62,502	61,926	61,922	62,099	62,867	63,109	⁷ 62,735	. 61,919	61,429	
Automobiledo Revolvingdo			276,458 162,105	278,058 164,408	277,659 165,343	279,585 167,125	279,243 168,273	278,902 170,131	279,926 173,030	281,174 174,792	286,382 176,716	r288,767 178,570	r288,850 r182,831	^r 289,531 ^r 184,486	290,547 186,428	
Mobile homedo			26,249	26,174	26,213	26,277	26,185	26,033	26,005	25,744	26,036	25,992	r24,168	r23,993		
Total net change (during period) #do By major holder:	Į.		3,846	5,405	1,371	5,459	1,890	2,576	5,281	5,094	r22,513	75,377	'3,765	r2,492	3,602	
Commercial banksdodododododo			2,746 169	3,583 207	1,179 -743	5,072 782	2,777 973	2,456 -7	4,095 476	2,242 1,692	-2,128 -3,385	1,626 1,624	7-181 -349	72,216 1,308		
Credit unionsdodododo			557 102	562 336	238 172	761 98	253 228	438 265	402 296	378 588	975 -2,512	720 66	248	7558 1	663 22	
Savings institutionsdo By major credit type:			491	734	533	306	-341	-576	-4	177	768	242	r-374	r_816	-490	
Automobiledododododo			1,169	1,600	-399 935	1,926 1,782	-342	341 1,858	1,024 2,899	1,248 1,762	5,208 1,924	r2,385 1,854	⁷ 83 74,261	′681 ′1,655	1,016 1,942	
Mobile homedo			1,474 -31	2,303 -75	39	64	1,148 -92	152	-28	-261	292	-44	r-1,824	r-175	-15	
FEDERAL GOVERNMENT FINANCE																
Budget receipts and outlays: Receipts (net)mil. \$ Outlays (net)do	1854,143	1908,953	59,711	99,205	60,690	69,479	97,803	63,646	64,408	93,795	89,369	61,978	68,276	128,952	71,115	108,31
Outlays (net)dododododo	1,003,804 4 – 149,661	⁷² 1,064,105 ⁷¹ 155,151	82,295 -22,583	90,071 9,134	83,608 -22,918	92,558 23,079	87,630 10,173	90,655 -27,009	93,542 $-29,134$	105,237 $-11,442$	86,563 2,806	$89,850 \\ -27,871$	104,055 -35,779	88,381 40,572		100,52 7,78
Budget financing, totaldo Borrowing from the publicdo	1149,661	⁷¹ 155,151 ¹ 166,183	22,583 7,680	-9,134 11,699	22,918 3,639	23,079 23,367	-10,173 $14,706$	27,009 10,285		11,442 11,910	-2,806 $7,359$	27,871 17,190	35,779 13,405	-40,572 $-1,291$	25,466 10,214	-7,78 $1,09$
Reduction in cash balancesdo	1 -2,056	$r_1 = 11,032$	14,903	-20,883	19,279	-288	-24,879	16,724	-2,502	-468	-10,165	10,681	22,374	-39,281	15,252	-8,88
Gross amount of debt outstandingdo Held by the publicdodo	12,355,206 1,897,761	2,614,581 2,063,900	2,526,492 2,010,706	2,555,086 2,022,232	2,560,795 2,025,897	2,586,091 2,049,267	2,614,581 2,063,900	2,636,657 2,074,217	2,672,211 2,105,852	2,707,284 2,117,766	2,720,742 2,125,125	2,745,577 2,142,315	2,763,562 2,155,684		2,800,128 2,164,607	
Budget receipts by source and outlays by											ŀ		į			
agency: Receipts (net), totalmil. \$	1854,143	1908,958	59,711	99,205 46,092	60,690	69,479	97,803	63,646	64,408 29,822	93,795 39,673	89,369	61,978	68,276		71,115	108,31 49,87
Individual income taxes (net)do Corporation income taxes (net)do	483,926	¹ 401,181 ¹ 94,195	17,958 1,613	18,347	25,791 1,499	31,942 1,461	41,784 20,668	31,287 1,794	1,442	22,160	48,627 3,181	23,427 907	17,769 12,501	14,689	25,336 1,926	20,57
Social insurance taxes and contributions (net)mil. \$	1303,318	1334,335	33,396	27,967	26,915	28,373	28,694	23,848	25,075	24,698	31,652	32,086	30,268		35,349	31,27
Otherdododododododo	274,342	¹ 79,241 ¹ 1,064,105	6,745 82,295	6,800 90,071	6,485 83,608	7,703 92,558	6,657 87,630	6,717 90,655	(7,265 105,237	5,909 86,563	5,559 89,850	7,739 104,055	6,234 88,381	8,504 96,581	6,59 100,52
Agriculture Departmentdo. Defense Department, militarydo.	49,593	44,003	3,642 20,273	2,552	2,300	2,221	2,764 21,036	5,769 25,189	5,318	4,917 28,201	4,610 19,281	4,153 22,546	3,832	4,589	3,677	3,20 28,37
Health and Human Services Departmentmil. \$	1		30,025	35,005	İ	32,162	32,271	29,138	31,956	33,491	31,487	32,227	35,553	31,650	34,363	38,81
Treasury Departmentdo National Aeronautics and	180,345		16,681	30,071	13,291	14,901	13,045	13,838		34,643	15,555	16,554	16,451	16,504		35,72
Space Admdodo Veterans Affairs Departmentdo	¹ 7,591	19,092 129,244	777 1,432	863 2,130	805 2,355	717 2,261	530 3,091	998 1,854	993 2,705	884 3,531	822 1,182	709 2,278	1,043 3,758		966 2,805	
GOLD AND SILVER:	20,552	25,244	1,432	2,130	4,000	2,201	0,031	1,004	4,100	0,001	1,102	2,218	9,138	1,240	2,000	3,00
Gold:	-															
Monetary stock, U.S. (end of period) @mil. \$			11,063	11,063	11,063	11,061	11,062			11,060		11,061	11,061		971 010	907.50
Price at New York ‡‡dol. per troy oz Silver:	446.504	436.931	450.840	451.332	437.633	431.313	412.790	406.781	420.068	418.488 	404.014	387.776	390.143	384.400	371.316	367.59
Price at New York ‡‡dol. per troy oz	7.009	6.535	6.543	7.037	7.146	6.708	6.365	6.285	6.275	6.108	5.972	5,891	5.930	5.791	5.447	5.28
See footnotes at end of tables.	•								•		•					

July 1363			5010	V 131 (<u> </u>		AT DO	DINE								5-10
Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1986 and Units methodological notes are as shown in Business Statistics: 1986	1987	1988	May	June	July	Aug.	88 Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
			·	FI	INANCI	E—Con	tinued				·					
MONETARY STATISTICS																
Currency in circulation (end of period)bil. \$	230,2	247.7		235.4			235.5		,	247.7					ļ	
Money stock measures and components (averages of daily figures): †	:]	1	} .							,						
Measures (not seasonally adjusted): M1bil. \$	744.2	776.0	764.6	779.9	786.9	782.3	781.0	782.1	788.3	804.4	793.0	772.3	775.1	r791.4	7767.2	774.3
M2dododo	2,863.2	3,009.4	2,990.1 r3,785.4	3,015.6 73,816.7	3,031.5 73,840.7		3,028.5 '3,858.6	3,038.4 r3,874.9	3,057.9 73,902.3	3,077.1 73,924.0	73,076.0 73,926.2	73,056.7 73,916.1	73,072.1 73,944.8	r3,092.9 r3,963.6	3,063.4	3,092.7 3,975.6
L (M3 plus other liquid assets)do	4,246.0	74,532.3	⁷ 4,492.1	r4,521.6	r4,557.1	r4,578.4	74,586.8	74,608.4	74,646.1	4,688.5	r4,694.9	4,687.6	r4,720.6	r4,741.9	4,728.0	
Components (not seasonally adjusted): Currencydo	188.8		203.6	205.7	208.0	207.9	208.0	209.0	211.3	214.9	211.8	211.9	213.9	215.1	216.6	218.5
Demand depositsdo. Other checkable deposits ‡‡do. Overnight RP's and Eurodol-	294.3 254.3	289.0 274.4	283.1 270.8	291.3 275.3		289.0 277.2	287.4 277.8	288.7 276.9	290.0 279.9	298.8 283.7	290.5 283.7	275.7 277.6	275.8 278.3	283.3 286.0	r273.4 r270.2	276.5 271.7
lars \(\)do General purpose and broker/dealer	79.2	78.1	80.4	80.9	77.6	79.9	77.3	76.0	75.6	78.3	81.6	78.8	77.2	r73.9	⁷ 72.6	74.7
money market fundsdo Money market deposit accountsdo	213.8 552.2		231.8 520.5	228.9 523.2	229.6 522.0	230.8 517.7	231.0 511.4	231.3 507.5	237.4 506.7	239.4 502.7	^r 241.7 495.2	⁷ 247.2 485.3	⁷ 256.0 480.3	260.2 471.3	259.9 7457.0	266.2 456.9
Savings deposits	408.1	426.4	427.7 965.1	432.3 970.5	436.0	433.7 986.0	430.9 996.9	430.9 1,010.6	430.4 1,019.5	425.9 1,026.5	422.8 1,041.6	418.7 1,054.4	7418.4 1,065.0	414.1 1,082.1	7407.4 1,099.2	406.9 1,113.7
Large time deposits @do	461.8		500.5	504.8			529.1	535.4	537.3	539.6	545.2	552.4	560.2	564.1	569.7	569.8
Measures (seasonally adjusted): M1dodo			771.1	776.5	782.5	782.4	783.7	785.4	786.6	790.3	786.3	787.4	786.3	783.2	7773.4	770.7
M2			2,999.8 r3,795.6	3,013.1 *3,816.4	3,023.9 r3,839.1	3,029.7 73,851.1	3,035.0 r3,860.5	3,042.2 r3,877.2	3,059.3 r3,897.2	3,069.4 73,914.2	r3,065.7 r3,918.7	73,069.2 73,928.1	73,078.7 73,950.0	73,081.3 73,958.1	3,072.8 73,954.4	3,089.9 3,975.0
L (M3 plus other liquid assets)do Components (seasonally adjusted):	1		r4,504.2	r4,521.1	⁷ 4,565.1	⁷ 4,583.6	*4,591.7	r4,612.5	r4,638.4	'4,674.9	⁷ 4,678.3	r4,690.6	r4,724.1	r4,740.2	4,739.3	***************************************
Currency	. . L	l	203.4 288.1	204.7 289.8	206.4 290.4	207.0 289.9	208.6 288.8	209.7 288.9	210.5 287.7	211.8 288.6	213.4 284.0	214.3 284.8	215.6 284.3	215.9 281.5	216.4 r278.3	217.4 275.2
Savings depositsdodo		}	272.2 425.2	274.7 427.6	278.5 429.7	278.3 430.9	279.0 430.5	279.4 429.2	281.0 431.8	282.3 431.3	281.3 427.8	280.9 424.6	279.1 420.8	$278.5 \\ 412.9$	7404.9	271.0 402.3
Small time deposits @dodododo			971.0 502.4	975.7 507.8	981.0 514.0	988.3 519.4	998.7 526.7	1,009.7 532.0	1,017.8 534.4	1,025.2 537.7	1,035.7 544.4	1,048.3 551.6	1,061.0 558.8	1,083.2 567.7	71,106.1 572.0	1,119.9 573.2
PROFITS AND DIVIDENDS (QTRLY.)	1		1						·			}				
Manufacturing corps. (Bureau of the Census): Net profit after taxes, all manu-	}		i						,							
facturingmil. \$ Food and kindred productsdo	115,627	20,671		41,641 6,051			38,569 5,400			37,632 4,751			37,885 3,668			
Textile mill productsdo Paper and allied productsdo	1,891 25,520	1,560 8,081		479 2,198			310 2,227			377 1,911			387 1,979		ļ L	
Chemicals and allied productsdo Petroleum and coal productsdo	116,559	23,748 21,409		6,148 4,225			5,457 5,987		ļ	5,659 6,147			6,882 5,240		ļ	
Stone, clay, and glass products do Primary nonferrous metal do do	12,911	2,453 4,256		997 1,172			804 1,104			556 1,116			-8 1,234			
Primary iron and steel	11,356	993 5,335		802 1,794	l		-693 1,332			515 642		••••••	476 2,116			
Machinery (except electrical) do	10,203	13,817		3,071			3,992			3,632		••••••	2,666			
Electrical and electronic equipmentdo Transportation equipment (except motor	19,570	11,143		3,050		•••••	2,932			2,762	•••••		2,396			
vehicles and equipment) mil. \$ Motor vehicles and equipmentdo	¹ 4,677	5,019 12,474		1,204 3,839		·····	1,566 2,069			1,022 3,272			1,338 3,867	<u>)</u>		
All other manufacturing in- dustriesdo	120,234	23,943		6,611	(6,082			5,270			5,644			
Dividends paid (cash), all manu- facturingdo	49,512	57,075		13 745			14,525			16,526			16,521			
SECURITIES ISSUED	10,012	01,010		20,140			11,010			10,020			10,021			
Securities and Exchange Commission: Estimated gross proceeds, total	275,418	228,387	10.000	90.015	10.000	15.055	17.700	10.001	10.400	10 401	(2)					
By type of security: Bonds and notes, corporatedo		'	19,636 14,513	30,615 26,114	19,282 11,767	15,977 11,905	15,728 11,443	12,991 9,355	16,436 12,891	10,421 7,627	(2) (2)					***************************************
Common stockdo	65,835	45,485	3,998	3,700	6,474	3,396	3,795	2,886	3,008	2,088	(2)					
Preferred stockdo By type of issuer:	11,735	6,506	400	501	741	501	291	575	527	475	(2)					••••••
Corporate, total #mil. \$ Manufacturingdo	268,909 46,172		18,911 2,286	30,315 4,045	18,982 3,025	15,802 2,510	15,529 3,917	12,816 2,388	16,426 3,136	10,221 1,066	(2) (2)					
Extractivedo Public utilitydodo	. 8,229 . 19,943	4,742	221 1,535	928 1,946	1,150 245	642 647	125 824	30 1,683	244 478	1 185	(2) (2)					
Transportation do Communication do do	6,698 7,326		365 78	631 906	0 1,307	72	88 457	258 132	64 298	0 59	(2) (2)					
Financial and real estatedo State and municipal issues (Bond Buyer): §	151,049		13,608	19,579	11,103	10,045	8,923	7,785	9,454	8,454	(2)					
Long-term do Short-term do	105,523 20,271	117,011 22,602	8,746 1,009	15,075 3,391	11,206 1,372	7,591 5,942	10,743 675	11,200 1,109	9,036 1,765	11,496 1,419	77,087 71,341	78,492 71,308	79,548 71,410	78,068 74,982	77,477 7876	12,068 4,222
SECURITY MARKETS	20,211	22,002	1,000	0,001	1,012	0,342	010	1,103	1,100	1,415	1,041	1,000	1,410	3,302	310	1,442
Stock Market Customer Financing										,						
Margin credit at broker-dealers, end of year or monthmil. \$	31,990	32,740	33,070	32,300	31,770	31,930	32,770	33,410	33,640	32,740	32,530	31,480	32,130	32,610	33,140	34,730
Free credit balances at brokers, end of year or month:				•									·			·
Margin-accountdo Cash-accountdo	4,750 15,640		4,380 14,150	$^{4,580}_{14,460}$	4,485 14,340	4,655 14,045	4,725 14,175	5,065 14,880	4,920 15,185	5,660 16,595	5,790 15,705	5,605 16,195	5,345 16,045	5,450 16,125	5,250 15,965	6,900 19,080
Bonds																
Prices: Standard & Poor's Corporation, domestic	20.5	000					00.5	20.5	20.5	00.5	ا		00.5	a	00.5	40.5
municipal (15 bonds)dol. per \$100 bond Sales:		62.0	60.4	61.4	61.4	61.4	62.5	63.8	62.6	62.9	65.0	64.3	63.2	64.2	66.0	68.2
New York Stock Exchange, exclusive of some stopped sales, face value, total		7,701.39	675.06	7703.57	542.87	642.88	581.89	596.74	610.58	640.57	632.13	558.88	591.39	553.49	734.37	878.24
Confortuation at and of tables	ı	1 1	ا ا		1	1		1	1	٠ ا		J	ı		1	

-10 Unless otherwise stated in footnotes	Ann	T	BUIL	VEI C	T CU	198		DIIII	<u> </u>				19:			ly 19
below, data through 1986 and nethodological notes are as shown in BUSINESS STATISTICS: 1986	1987	1988	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
				FI	NANCE	Cont	inued									
Bonds—Continued																
elds: Domestic corporate (Moody's)percent	9.91	10.18	10.37	10.36	10.47	10.58	10.28	9.90	9.91	10.03	10.05	10.05	10.18	10.14	9.95	9
By rating:do	9.38	9.71	9.90	9.86	9.96	10.11	9.82	9.51	9.45	9.57	9.62	9.64	9.80	9.79	9.57	9
Aadododo	9.68 9.99	9.94 10.24	10.10 10.41	10.13 10.42	10.26 10.55	10.37 10.63	10.06 10.34	9.71 9.99	9.72 9.99	9.81 10.11	9.81 10.10	9.83 10.13	9.98 10.26	9.94 10.20	9.75 10.00	
Baado By group:	10.58	10.83	11.04	11.00	11.11	11.21	10.90	10.41	10.48	10.65	10.65	10.61	10.67	10.61	10.46	1
Industrialsdo Public utilitiesdo	9.83 9.98	9,91 10,45	9.97 10.75	9.99 10.71	9.98 10.96	10.07 11.09	10.00 10.56	9.88 9.92	9.93 9.89	10.04 10.02	10.08 10.02	10.08 10.02	10.19 10.16	10.13 10.14	9.97 9.92	
Railroadsdo	9.63	10.03	10.03	10.04	10.06	10.10	10.12	10.03	10.00	10.06	10.04	10.05	10.19	10.27	10.31	
Domestic municipal: Bond Buyer (20 bonds)do Standard & Poor's Corp. (15	7.69	7.66	7.87	7.74	7.76	7.76	7.64	7.33	7.66	7.50	7.29	7.56	7.64	7.40	7.15	
bonds)do	7.73	7.74	8.01	7.86	7.87	7.86	7.71	7.54	7.58	7.66	7.41	7.47	7.61	7.49	7.25	!
J.S. Treasury bonds, taxable ‡ do	8.64	8.98	9.24	9.04	9.20	9.33	9.06	8.89	9.07	9.13	9.07	9.16	9.33	9.18	8.95	
Stocks ces:																
Oow Jones averages (65 stocks) Industrial (30 stocks)	849.46 2,275.99	772.17 2,060.82	739.31 1,988.91	784.20 2,104.94	785.26 2,104.22	767.55 2,051.29	780.41 2,080.06	808.29 2,144.31	796.20 2,099.04	817.30 2,148.58	851.45 2,234.68	880.52 2,304.30	866.99 2,283.11	897.32 2,348.91	932.47 2,439.55	2,49
Public utility (15 stocks)	201.70 929.19	179.74 863.83	169.30 820.24	180.02 873.11	178.71 881.17	178.56 856.14	179.85 879.45	185.01 923.12	184.12 916.21	185.15 955.39	188.88 1,009.31	186.64 1,073.18	182.81 1,046.32	187.98 1,098.04	196.29 1,139.83	
Standard & Poor's Corporation: § Combined index (500 Stocks)1941-43=10	286.83	265.79	256.12	270.68	269.05	263.73	267.97	277.40	271.02	276.51	285.41	294.01	292.71	302.25	313,93	3
Industrial, total (400 Stocks) #do Capital goodsdo	330.90 288.23	306.68 252.83	297.39 246.32	312.78 265.21	310.87 262.93	303.12 247.69	307.40 247.60	319.05 253.19	311.84 247.36	319.07 253.87	330.17 262.80	339.70 273.90	337.74 262.31	348.47 265.71	360.88 274.71	3
Consumer goodsdo	323,77	305.95	286.71	305.51	302.22	301.27	313.68	327.18	324.78	331.12	339.49	353.53	352.18	368.61	386.24	3
Utilities (40 Stocks)do Transportation (20 Stocks) 1982=100	112.70 228.91	108.74 . 209.02	103.11 197.57	109.86 211.33	108.49 210.37	107.89 203.10	109.67 209.71	113.00 219.89	111.70 216.97 164.74	113.02 225.63	114.37 237.65	116.88 251.42	116.65 245.69	119.91 250.63	127.74 262.59	2
Railroads1941-43=10 Financial (40 Stocks)	166.90 28.15	158.73 24.09	148.23 22.28	160.44 24.46	157.72 24.55	152.79 25.00	158.59 25.75	164.78 26.05	164.74 24.85	171.25 24.79	178.57 25.51	187.76 26.68	185.35 26.96	182.19 28.31	194.13 29.10	
Money center banks1941-43=10 Major regional banksdodo	112.03 109.54	92.05 103.22	84.24 99.23	97.54 107.94	97.37 108.85	97.85 110.97	102.18 112.82	99.61 111.78	98.23 107.34	98.74 103.82	99.73 104.72	104.23 109.91	104.67 109.29	113.23 113.96	114.86 121.88	1
Property-Casualty Insurancedo	311.50	271.62	256.05	274.56	270.45	270.64	276.57	280.22	268.26	266.65	274.49	288.70	295.79	307.82	301.76	3
V.Y. Stock Exchange common stock indexes: Composite	161.70	149.91	144.94	152.72	152.12	149.25	151.47	156.36	152.67	155.35	160.40	165.08	164.60	169.38	175.30	Į
Industrialdo Transportationdo	195.81 140.39	180.95 184.12	176.02 127.68	184.92 136.02	184.09 136.49	179.72 132.53	182.18 136.27	188.58 141.93	183.79 138.60	187.75 144.07	194.62 153.09	200.00 162.66	199.20 160.14	164.32	211.51 *168.89	1
Utilitydo Financedo	74.30 146.48	71.77 127.26	68.65 120.35	72.25 129.04	71.50 130.00	70.67 130.77	71.83 133.15	74.19 134.66	73.83 129.61	74.81 128.83	75.87 132.26	77.84 137.19	77.66 137.91	143.26	84.07 146.59	1
NASDAQ over-the-counter price indexes: Composite2/5/71 $=$ 100	402.74	874.43	371.88	386.44	391.40	379.61	382.16	385.01	372.89	375.78	389.32	404.08	403.99	417.13	435.99	4
Industrialdo Insurancedo	422.72 425.25	379.49 408.17	382.72 392.32		405.62 398.52	385.38 412.14	384.00 429.93	382.49 432.45	365.82 426.82	371.11 425.34	385.71 441.91	399.80 461.07	396.74 469.40	409.76 480.35	431.81 483.04	
Bankdo NASDAQ/NMS composite7/10/84=100	464.95 172.49	444.14 161.95	441.27 160.65	450.95 167.16	456.96 169.21	457.12 164.06	452.91 165.30	450.81 166.78	440.91 161.60	436.45 163.15	446.01 169.07	458.87 175.62	457.58 175.67	457.31 181.71	460.50 190.19	1
Industrialdo elds (Standard & Poor's Corp.):	161.06	146.78	148.02	155.29	156.97	148.94	148.48	148.10	141.76	144.24	149.98	155.66	154.51	159.95	168.95	1
Composite (500 stocks)percentpercentdo	3.08 2.62	3.64 3.14	3.80 3.26	3.58 3.08	3.65 3.14	3.75 3.25	3.69 3.21	3.61 3.13	3.70 3.22	3.68 3.19	3.64 3.14	3.59 3.10	3.68 3.18	3.59 3.10	3.52 3.06	
Utilities (40 stocks) do Transportation (20 stocks) do do do do do do do do do do do do do	6.52 2.20	7.08 2.48	7.44 2.64	6.96 2.43	7.16 2.45	7.20 2.64	7.09 2.55	7.01 2.44	7.04 2.43	6.98 2.34	6.99 2.41	6.92 2.17	7.06 2.24	6.95 2.21	6.62 2.09	2
Financial (40 stocks)dodo	3.60 8.37	4.34	4.70	4.24	4.24	4.12	3.96	3.96	4.16	4.26	4.15	4.03	4.07 9.43	3.90 9.50	3.85 9.32	i
Preferred stocks, 10 high-gradedo les:	0.01	9.24	9.25	9.32	9.33	9.39	9.28	9.23	9.36	9.38	9.31	9.31	7.40	9.50	9.52	1
Total on all registered exchanges (SEC): Market valuenil. \$	2,284,166	1,584,106	⁷ 114,402		134,368	128,481		138,281	120,360	117,060	122,524	143,957	148,021	136,598	157,088	
Shares soldmillions On New York Stock Exchange:	63,771	52,474	r3,892	i '	4,521	4,465	4,014	4,247	3,805	3,922	4,049	4,675	r4,530		4,722	i
Market valuemil. \$ Shares sold (cleared or set- tled)millions	1,983,311										!			1	133,978 3,887	1
New York Stock Exchange: Exclusive of odd-lot stock sales	53,038	44,018	3,291	4,150	3,819	3,759	3,352	3,528	3,162	5,222	3,264	3,909	3,694	3,330	0,001	
(sales effected)millions.	47,801	40,850	3,232	4,307	3,338	3,327	3,060	3,415	2,823	2,845	3,532	3,217	3,503	3,238	3,749	1
Market valuemil. \$. Shares soldmillions.	498,301 37,890	347,089 31,070	25,292 2,468	33,296 3,115	29,054 2,614	29,585 2,601	26,524 2,348	28,698 2,522	25,017 2,287	25,761 2,488	33,475 2,716	30,227 2,532	33,452 2,883	32,232 2,666	40,870 3,080	
ares listed, NYSE, end of period: Market value, all listed sharesbil. \$.	2,216.31				Ì	1		Ì			İ					
Number of shares listedmillions.	71,802	2,457.46 76,093	74,360		2,439.65 75,267	2,353.78 75,320	2,440.00 75,498	2,489.44 75,891	2,443.44 76,160		76,603		77,521	77,767	78,381	
			FORE	IGN TR	ADE O	F THE	UNITE	D STA	res							
VALUE OF EXPORTS																
ports (mdse.), incl. reexports,	254 191 0	7222 A26 A	799 109 7	196 909 5	F95 196 A	r96 590 0	197 066 6	r99 544 1	107 ESE 9	r90 000 1	97 994 6	27 062 5	99 190 9	r31,367.2	31,293.7	,
total @mil. \$. Seasonally adjusted †dodo		7322,426.4	^r 27,446.9	726,706.0	726,612.9	727,477.9	727,578.1	l '	727,538.0	r28,863.8	27,294.6 r28,980.1	728,839.1	r30,064.5	730,759.1	30,472.5	5
Western Europe *do European Economic Community *do	. 69,717.7 60,575.0	75,926.0	7,640.8 6,506.7	6,328.6	5,630.5	6,706.2 5,740.2	6,332.2			8,302.8 7,068.6	7,330.7 6,417.6		9,606.4 8,223.3	8,620.9 7,372.8	7,322.3	3
Belgium and Luxembourg *do Francedo	. 6,189.4 7,943.2	7,405.0 10,085.5	646.3 782.3	599.1 823.2	586.9 721.4	574.5 759.3	630.8 897.8	686.0 875.4	626.7 898.7	648.9 900.0	660.9 927.8	616.9 846.5	761.8 1,051.0	759.8 987.7	834.0 1,015.4)
Federal Republic of Germanydo Italydo	11,747.7 5,529.7	14,331.3 6,781.9	1,229.9 573.4	1,262.6 591.7	474.8	1,035.7 519.2	1,178.5 551.8	1,284.3 630.5	1,123.6 536.5	1,305.5 648.9	1,185.7 578.1	1,415.1 574.5	1,529.2 680.0	1,373.1 628.5	1,555.3 598.2	3
Netherlands *do United Kingdomdo	. 8,216.7 14,113.9	10,094.5	825.5	779.4	762.6	714.1	849.1	897.9	911.7	1,024.5	839.2	848.4	1,123.2	918.1	946.8	3
Eastern Europe *do Union of Soviet Socialist Re-	2,199.5		408.6	1	1	187.7			314.7	369.0	1 '	523.5	1	1	1	
publicsdo	1,479.8	2,767.6	313.1	151.0	63.2	127.5	115.9	215.0	263.8	275.6	373.9	461.9	623.0	459.8	442.0)

July 1969			SUL	VEI	JF CC	ILLEI	AT DC	DIME	00							3-1
Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1986 and methodological notes are as shown in Business Statistics: 1986	1987	1988	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
DUSINESS STATISTICS. 1900		FORI	EIGN T	RADE)F THE	l		TES	Continu	red	!	L	L	l		l
		10101					D DIA			icu	1	1		<u> </u>		T
VALUE OF EXPORTS—Continued		1		ļ	ł	ļ		1			1	ĺ				1
Exports (mdse.), incl. reexports—Continued Western Hemisphere:	1		j		ŀ	1										
Canada 🔷 mil Brazil d	\$ 59,814.3 5 4,039.9	70,861.9	6,520.8 510.7	6,373.4	4,717.4 387.9	5,905.2 334.3	6,162.9		6,328.7	5,517.8 408.0	6,086.0 386.1	6,484.8 334.8	7,248.8 333.4	7,006.6 348.0	7,399.5	
Mexicod	14,582.2	20,643.4	1,789.1		1,645.3	1,859.8	330.8 1,935.6			1,940.9	1,843.5	2,052.1	2,175.2	2,058.8	2,091.7	
Venezuelad Asia:	3,586.0	4,610.8	350.6	353.0	403.9	408.4	469.4	411.8	409.5	472.5	384.0	368.2	287.7	247.9	222.4	
China *	3,497.5		322.2	487.7	486.2	449.0	419.6		432.7	556.3		499.2	581.8 589.0	404.4 602.0	471.0 510.4	
Japand	28.248.6	37,732.1	448.1 2,932.1	482.9 3,416.8	612.6 3,228.7	493.8 3,267.2	534.7 3,244.5	3,206.1	438.0 3,199.6	527.6 3,383.7	2,939.2	494.2 3,292.1	4,167.5	3,636.9	3,602.9	
Republic of Korea *d Saudi Arabia *d	o 3,373.4	1 3,799.2	860.2 341.8	925.3 259.7	911.1 275.9	1,155.0 287.6	377.5	314.7	864.3 336.5	1,183.0 335.4	342.5	998.9 294.5	1,186.4 334.7	1,009.0 302.6	290.5	
Singapore *d Taiwan *d	o 4,052.7 o 7,412.7		462.6 1,192.9	472.8 1,075.9	441.4 1,021.1	590.2 865.5	496.4 898.3		519.4 820.0	565.4 940.0	453.6 705.5	507.5 833.9	795.6 919.0	557.3 1,023.3	566.8 1,004.9	
Africa: Nigeria *d		356.2	90.0	90.9	00.4	27.0	200	32.4	90.0	97.0		49.5	91.7	19.4	40.7	{
Republic of South Africad	295.1 5 1,281.2		26.6 148.9	29.3 142.3	22.4 139.0	37.9 164.9	38.9 152.5		28.9 171.5	27.0 134.4		43.5 105.7	31.7 175.9	157.5	138.2	
Australia *d		1 .	544.1	559.3	570.0	640.3			1	826.5		608.8	689.2	616.9		
OPEC *d Exports of U.S. merchandise, total @d			1	1,053.0		1,157.6	1 '	1	1,221.8	1,367.6			1,124.5	1,103.8	1,101.4	1 .
By commodity groups and principal	0 245,115.0	309,441.2	26,979.5	25,756.0	24,161.5	25,547.4	26,132.2	27,548.9	26,839.8	27,614.8	26,320.5	26,881.7	31,688.5	r30,224.8	30,132.5	
commodities: Agricultural products, totald	28,636.2	37,015.2	2,970.6	2,675.8	2,622.7	2,876.4	3,179.5	3,302.0	3,350.0	3,624.3	3,357.0	3,469.7	4,040.2	3,421.1	3,314.1	
Nonagricultural products, total	215.222.7	7 270,998.3	23,134.7 2,201.5	23.626.2	21,491.7	22,720.5	23,157.0	24,098.9	23,108.3	24,401.9	22.058.6	23.641.3	28,126.3	26,435.7	26,818.4	
Beverages and tobaccod	\$ 19,178.8 5 3,666.7		2,201.5 389.8	1,954.6 359.9	2,295.6 361.9	2,384.0 343.6	2,554.1 377.0	2,487.8 374.3	2,326.3 417.0	2,432.8 434.7	2,240.0 383.9	2,413.1 469.6	2,918.2 491.4	2,497.1 398.7	2,579.4 433.0	
Crude materials, inedible, exc.	20,416.8		2,021.9	2,128.0	1,842.5	1,984.8	1,922.3	1,993.0	2,154.5	2,506.3		2,272.1	2,621.4	2,262.3	2,233.5	
Mineral fuels, lubricants, etc. #d Oils and fats, animal and vege-	7,713.1	8,185.8	728.6	753.3	659.8	727.2	711.4	656.3	653.8	863.9	678.2	673.0	783.0	813.9	871.0	
tabled		'	106.5	156.1	121.8	85.9	158.2	4	106.6	102.0	99.6	115.0	127.8	105.7	105.1	
Chemicalsd Manufactured goods classified chiefly	1	1	2,645.7	1	2,616.8	2,805.4	3,119.1	{	2,584.8	2,829.7	2,561.0	2,860.9	3,231.2	3,328.0	3,406.5	
by materialmil Miscellaneous manufactured	\$ 17,136.1	22,844.8	1,949.1	1,969.0	1,746.9	1,981.4	2,180.6	1,938.5	1,928.3	2,237.0	1,769.6	2,106.4	2,595.8	2,266.1	2,354.2	
articles *d Machinery and transport equipment,	19,409.6	24,518.9	2,051.8	2,123.8	1,976.4	2,150.1	2,123.2	2,142.4	2,022.8	2,284.8	12,172.2	2,423.3	2,965.9	2,650.5	2,672.3	
totalmil Machinery, total #d	\$ 108,596.0 69,637.0		11,814.7 7,330.9	11,327.0 7,353.1	10,112.2 6,952.3	11,136.8 7,430.2	11,275.4 7,567.1	12,011.7 7,923.6	11,513.4 7,473.0	12,468.9 8,381.4	10,102.1	11,231.6	13,788.9	12,839.1	12,583.6	
Transport equipment, totald	ol 38.959.0	46,702.8	4,483.8	3,973.9	3,159.9	3,706.6	3,708.2	4,088.0	4,040.4	4,087.5						
Motor vehicles and partsd	20,878.8	25,178.0	2,345.2	2,133.7	1,463.2	1,817.0	2,275.1	2,148.1	2,297.8	2,084.8	21,744.0	2,049.2	2,260.2	2,143.3	2,124.2	
VALUE OF IMPORTS General imports, total @d	406 241 (440,952.3	786 107 5	⁷ 38,540.8	r95 997 9	737,545.4	126 202 6	r38,795.2	738,389.3	r39,383.9	36,032.1	36,687.1	40,146.8	r38,185.1	41,074.2	
Seasonally adjusted Td	····•	140,002.0		737,303.8	r35,073.5		736,750.4			r39,668.4	787,877.3	r38,220.3	739,549.0	r39,044.7	40,709.8	
Western Europe *d European Economic Community *d	. I 81188 <i>1</i>		8,465.1 7,146.3	8,839.5 7,540.1	8,378.8 7,017.1	7,733.4 6,675.1	7,749.5 6,511.4		8,862.3 7,422.7	9,508.0 8,051.9		8,313.1 6,772.5	9,209.7 7,721.1	8,389.4 6,935.3	8,667.3 7.212.9	ļ
Belgium and Luxembourg *	0 4,170.9	4,517.5	392.5 1,149.1	434.4 1,281.8	379.2 1,056.1	258.9 922.0	360.5 943.6	394.7	383.4 973.5	363.7 1,104.3	307.3 927.4	379.3 1,053.3	436.4 1,128.0	404.1 1,162.0	394.1	
Federal Republic of Germanyd	o 27,069.8	26,502.8	2,158.8 893.7	2,212.5 1,033.1	2,067.1	1,942.6	2,132.4	2,124.8	2,302.0	2,641.8	1,902.1	1,958.3	2,334.5 1,142.9	2,091.6	2,086.1	
Netherlands *d	3.963.6	4,587.1	387.0	394.4	1,089.9 399.8	1,058.6 393.0	717.2 384.9	410.8	421.1	1,032.5 412.7	763.2 356.0	826.1 401.2	439.3	925.3 346.9	370.9	(
United Kingdomd Eastern Europe *d		1	1,549.7 211.6	1,551.5 229.8	1,401.2 144.9	1,449.0 188.9	1,381.0 148.9	1,509.1 136.0	1,638.7 177.5	1,747.6 225.7	1,211.7 208.3	1,520.2 159.6	1,586.4 204.2	1,397.8 153.3		
Union of Soviet Socialist Republicsd		i i	39.2	28.3	i			((97.6		42.4	80.9	64,4		ł
Western Hemisphere:	424.1	310.0	39.2	20,0	24.9	54.5	38.9	34.8	65.3		1	42.4	80.9	04.4	40.6	ļ
Canadamil Brazild			7,241.8 746.9	7,470.1 754.4	5,790.6 743.2	6,301.0 934.0	7,017.4 857.0	7,332.6 779.8	7,145.6 740.4	6,503.0 743.9	7,891.3 672.7	7,295.8 731.2	7,636.2 674.7	7,483.2 713.4		
Mexicod Venezuelad	20,270.8	23,276.9	1,978.8 549.1	2,116.6 429.5	1,699.9 405.8		1,951.6 437.7			1,932.9 430.3		2,141.5 404.5	2,278.8 546.4	2,377.0 553.5	2,543.7 632.1	
Asia:			040.1	420.0	405.0	431.2	401.1	405.1	919.1	400.0	919.0	404.5	540.4	333.3		ļ
China *d Hong Kong *d			618.0 774.0	722.5 882.5	763.5 924.5	812,9 1,009.8	792.4 959.1	831.8 995.0	793.4 930.0	803.9 905.6		823.3 695.7	668.6 622.5	727.7 634.9	932.6 743.3	
Japand Republic of Korea *d	84,575.0	89,802.1	6,785.6 1,611.9	7,537.6	7,405.5 1,781.2		7,078.4 1,854.0	8,417.2	8,186.7	8,456.0 1,945.6	6,472.6	7,942.1 1,488.5	8,390.8 1,613.3	7,530.2 1,553.6	7,884.2	
Saudi Arabia *	4.433.1	5,593.7	418.4 638.2	427.3 680.6	492.8 660.4	502.3 752.0	361.7 679.1	433.8 736.6	361.6	568.1 774.5	562.6 619.7	563.4 598.3	512.5 709.7	623.7 686.6	587.6	
Taiwan *d	24,621.8		2,026.9	2,181.7	2,079.0	2,411.8	2,194.0	2,072.5	1,943.4	2,104.8	1,831.3	1,822.7	1,708.9	1,863.7	2,092.0	
Africa: Nigeria *d	3,578.4		341.2	387.8	301.9	279.4	254.2	264.6	179.0	270.6	359.3	313.3	323.2	404.7	523.4	
Republic of South Africad	1,345.5	1,529.6	128.9	126.0	132.7	136.6	121.0	152.9	136.9	123.0	121.5	145.5	123.6	129.0	140.2	***********
Australia *d OPEC *d			287.8 2,072,1		248.1 1,895.8	302.1 2,132.2	244.7 1,861.4	266.2 1,838.4		268.9 1,987.8		271.6 1,997.6	307.8 2,216.4	309.4 2,458.0		
By commodity groups and principal	20,000.1] _,,,,,,,,	2,010.0	2,000.0		1,001.4	2,000.4	1,004.2	1,001.0	2,200.0	1,001.0	a,210.4	2,400.0	<u></u>	
commodities: Petroleum and products *mil Nonpetroleum products *d	\$ 42,285.4		3,682.1	3,340.3	3,175.0		3,065.9	2,916.0		3,314.9	3,558.0	3,281.3	3,737.7	4,135.8	4,806.6	
Nonpetroleum products *d Food and live animals #d		402,086.1	32,771.3	35,106.0	32,407.5	34,267.6	33,388.3	35,768.9	35,370.0	35,414.1	32,339.2	34,278.9	36,174.3	34,088.0	36,267.6	
Beverages and tobaccod	20,547.1 20 4,104.9		1,633.4 323.9	1,530.8 340.7	1,519.1 322.2	1,752.3 353.2	1,548.0 361.9		1,648.6 412.1	1,695.5 350.6	1,924.0 301.2	1,771.6 324.5	1,792.4 358.5	1,689.4 321.1	1,810.5 371.1	
Crude materials, inedible, exc. fuels #d	11,525.7	13,397.5	1,150.3	1,165.6	1,070.1	1,186.8	1,110.8	1,170.7	1,142.5	1,076.1	1,325.0	1,207.1	1,405.7	1,283.5		
Mineral fuels, lubricants, etcd			3,864.6		3,338.8		1 .		3,101.3	3,582.5	3,816.0	3,567.3	4,024.4	4,392.2		
Oils and fats, animal and vege- tabled	568.1		51.5	60.0	64.8	98.4	81.8	89.2	94.5	83.6	44.7	62.2	69.0	38.3	62.4	
Chemicalsd Manufactured goods classified chiefly	16,213.4	19,875.6	1,647.4	1,716.6	1,540.0	1,747.1	1,541.9	1,695.5	1,630.0	1,669.5	1,819.6	1,723.2	1,923.2	1,704.2	1,738.0	
by materialmil	\$ 53,356.8	61,636.0	5,257.5	5,388.3	5,138.8	5,344.9	5,116.6	5,354.6	5,445.4	4,826.9	5,275.5	5,078.4	5,294.4	5,130.3	5,365.2	
Miscellaneous manufactured articles *d	65,183.1	70,465.3	5,433.0	6,270.9	6,320.8	6,773.0	6,147.9	6,408.6	6,055.4	5,919.4	5,409.0	5,616.5	5,675.0	5,375.6	6,081.4	
Machinery and transport equipmentd			16,107.3	17,391.0	15,211.4	15,719.9			17,549.0	18,345.8		17,077.4	18,288.0	17,195.9	18,021.1	
Machinery, total #d Transport equipmentd	99,432.9 78,375.8	117,281.0	9,169.2 6,938.1		9,526.6	10,010.1	9,904.8 6,345.2	10,571.4	10,370.8	10,807.4 7,538.4					•••••	
Motor vehicles and partsd	70,763.8						5,655.0			6,751.5	² 5,472.5	6,218.4	6,510.0	6,031.9	6,123.8	************
See footnotes at end of tables.	•		•	,	•	*		,	'	'	• '	'	' '	'		,

S-18			SURV	VEY C)F CU	RREN	IT BU	SINE	SS						Jul	y 1989
Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1986 and pathodesical Units	Ann	ual		-		19	88						19	89		
methodological notes are as shown in Business Statistics: 1986	1987	1988	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
	, ₇	FORE	IGN TE	RADE C	F THE	UNITI	ED STA	TES-	Continu	ed						
Indexes																
Exports (U.S. mdse., excl. military grant-aid): Unit value @	158.6 127.0 201.4	169.6 149.8 254.1	169.6 153.1 259.7	169.6 151.9 257.7	173.7 136.7 237.4	174.6 145.9 254.6	176.9 148.6 262.9	175.8 149.8 263.4	175.8 145.1 255.0	176.3 159.0 280.4	174.0 144.6 251.7	172.5 155.7 268.5	175.5 181.5 318.6	169.4	175.6 169.9 298.4	
General imports: Unit value @	164.6 169.2 278.5	172.9 175.1 302.7	176.3 170.3 300.2	176.9 179.0 316.6	177.1 165.4 293.0	174.0 178.5 310.5	172.5 174.0 300.2	171.8 185.4 318.6	172.3 183.0 315.2	174.4 182.9 318.9	176.2 168.4 296.7	177.5 174.2 309.3	179.7 182.8 328.7	173.4	182.3 185.6 338.2	
Shipping Weight and Value	210.0	302.1	300.2	310.0	230.0	310.0	300.2	313.0	313.2	916.5	250.1	300.0	920.1	014.0	000.2	***************************************
Waterborne trade: Exports (incl. reexports): Shipping weightthous. met. tons Valuemil. \$	324,125 99,011	361,222 125,775	31,835 10,374	30,694 10,396	28,408 10,178	29,342 10,422	31,565 11,497	29,024 10,555	29,230 10,690	34,266 11,995	29,117 10,672					***************************************
General imports: Shipping weightthous. met. tons Valuemil. \$	427,913 245,030	465,082	40,609 20,718	38,180 21,677	37,811 21,247	40,851 22,468	38,948 20,519	40,426 22,041	39,856 21,453	43,501 23,213	38,364 19,959					
			TRANS	PORT	ATION	AND C	OMMU	NICAT	ION							
TRANSPORTATION																
Air Carriers									1							
Certificated route carriers: Passenger-miles (revenue)	404.47 62.3 50,469	423.30 62.5 53,800	35.35 62.5 4,449	38.24 66.6 4,780	40.88 68.2 5,058	43.00 70.9 5,261	33.82 60.3 4,364	35.45 61.9 4,605	32.53 59.8 4,295	33.48 58.3 4,413	32.18 56.2 4,099	29.37 56.9 3,834	36.03 65.0 4,670	62.0		***************************************
Operating revenues (quarterly) # §mil. \$ Passenger revenuesdo	⁷¹ 56,787 744,918	¹ 63,633 ¹ 50,296		16,088 12,850			16,985 13,579	·······		16,030 12,474				ļ		
Cargo revenues do Mail revenues do Operating expenses (quarterly) § do Net income after taxes (quarterly) § do	⁷² 6,434 924 ⁷¹ 54,339 ⁷ 465	¹ 7,478 ¹ 972 ¹ 60,136 ¹ 1,785		1,834 235 14,865 600			1,885 220 15,483 1,077			2,017 269 15,495 240						
Domestic operations: Passenger-miles (revenue) bil Cargo ton-miles mil Mail ton-miles do	324.69 4,340 1,313	329.31 4,843 1,367	27.69 394 105	29.05 415 106	30.50 407 103	32.21 416 105	25.22 417 106	27.32 437 111	25.85 426 113	26.22 413 169	24.85 363 112	23.28 368 107	28.45 431 125	411		
Operating revenues (quarterly) §mil. \$ Operating expenses (quarterly) §do Net income after taxes (quarterly) §do	⁷¹ 45,658 ⁷¹ 43,925 ⁷¹ 66	¹ 50,052 ¹ 47,562 ¹ 1,027		12,725 11,767 463			12,898 11,972 621			12,744 12,243 162		1				
International operations: Passenger-miles (revenue) bil. Cargo ton-miles. mil. Mail ton-miles do	79.83 13,921 443	93.99 4,789 470	7.66 379 36	9.18 399 36	10.38 424 36	10.80 403 36	8.60 423 35	8.12 473 39	457	7.26 423 61	7.33 371 36	5.99 389 35	470	451	Ĺ	
Operating revenues (quarterly) §mil. \$ Operating expenses (quarterly) §do Net income after taxes (quarterly) §do	710,925 710,226 71307	113,332 112,361 1720	•	3,293 3,046 127			4,024 3,456 435			3,233 3,201 77						
Urban Transit Systems Passengers carried, total *mil' Motor Carriers	18,766	18,867	750	758	695	753	740	772	750	727	734	691	797			
Carriers of property, large, class I, qtrly.: Number of reporting carriers	100	100		100			100			100						
Operating revenues, totalmil. \$ Net income, after extraordinary and prior	¹ 18,398			ł			4,998			4,964					1	······
period charges and creditsil. \$ Tonnage hauled (revenue), common and contract carrier serviceil. tons	1181	1464 1170	l	108	,		179			127 45						
Freight carried—volume indexes, class I and II intercity truck tonnage (ATA): Common carriers of general freight, seas. adj	163.8	177.2	179.6	184.7	172.7	178.6	178.5	178.3	178.1	178.3	177.6	r169.2	r166.7	172.1	P173.8	
Class I Railroads ‡	100.0	111.2	110.0	104.1	112.1	110.0	110.0	110.0	110.1	110.0	1,,,,,	100.2	100.	112.1	11000	
Financial operations, quarterly (AAR), excluding Amtrak: Operating revenues, total #mil. \$ Freightdododo	26,623 25,798	127,135		7,009 6,804			6,984 6,767			7,107 6,886			6,996			
Passenger, excl. Amtrak	95 23,881 1,752 1,989	85 ¹ 24,883 ¹ 1,961 ¹ 2,319		6,649 225 347			5,879 691 740			6,281 490 715			6,265			
Traffic: Revenue ton-miles, qtrly. (AAR) bil. Price index for railroad freight12/84=100.	943.7 100.1	r996.2		r250.9 104.9		105.4	. r249.5 105.4		105.4	⁷ 254.4 105.4	105.8	105.9	r249.2	2	106.1	253.6 106.4
Travel Lodging industry:	1															
Restaurant sales indexsame month 1967=100. Hotels: Average room sale \(\)	. 223 82.58 68 47.79	85.12 66 45.88	276 84.97 70 44.48	82.70 70 45.58		80.49 72 46.61	83.65 66 43.01	72 44.25	88.54 66 43.62	241 85.40 52 43.33	192 88.78 58 44.17	48.15	89.48 70 49.22	} } !		
Rooms occupied	. 62 . 32.87 . 64	1	53.52 66	50.19 74	50.44 80	36.18	34.30	33.42	33.32	48 35.03 49	54 35.31 53	39.15	39.32	2		
Foreign travel: U.S. citizens: Arrivals (quarterly)thous. Departures (quarterly)do	117,005 116,425	17,209		4,340 4,529			5,286 5,021	² 1,420 ² 1,302	21,174	² 1,169 ² 1,448	²1,538 ²1,227	² 1,166 ² 1,118				
Aliens: Arrivals (quarterly)	111,639 10,239 4,872 55,782	12,211 4,061	408	1	335	l .	1	² 1,098 235	² 900 233	² 1,130 ² 920 223 1,304	21,042 283	² 801 323	424	1	1	1
See footnotes at end of tables	1	1	•	1	1	1	t	1	1	1	•	1	1	1	1	ı

July 1989			SUR	VEY ()F CU	RREN	T BU	SINE	SS							S-19
Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1986 and	Ant	ıual				19	88						19	89		
methodological notes are as shown in Business Statistics: 1986	1987	1988	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June
		TRAN	SPORT	ATION	AND (сомми	INICAT	ION—	Continu	ıed						
COMMUNICATION		,														
Telephone carriers: \$\triangle Operating revenues #mil. \$	74,657													ļ		
Station revenuesdo	31,669	ļ		ļ								······································				
Tolls, messagedo Operating expenses (excluding taxes)do	50,384												ļ			
Net operating income (after taxes)do Access linesmil																
			СНЕ	EMICAI	LS AND	ALLI	ED PRO	DUCT	s							
CHEMICALS																
Inorganic Chemicals								,								
Production: Aluminum sulfate, commercial (17% Al ₂ O ₃) ‡	Ì								,							
thous. sh. tons Chlorine gas (100% Cl ₂) ‡do	1,264 11,019	1,274 11,329	108 910	118 904	110 922	121 951	108 960	96 987	98 966	105 (3)	91 974	89 946	109 955	797 7972	103 949	
Hydrochloric acid (100% HCl) ‡dododododo	2,869 344	2,568 352	187 30	183 30	922 181 28	232 27	232 29	205 29	221	233 30	227 30	222 26	238 31	221 29	231 31	
Sodium hydroxide (100% NaOH) ±dodo	11,486	11,983	851	845	872	999 71	1,033	1,038	1	(8)	1,039	997 88	1,028	71,023	1,008	
Sodium silicate, anhydrous ‡do Sodium sulfate, anhydrous ‡do	952 813	748 789	57 70	74 68	65 60	71 68	76 67	70 63	66	(3) 65	64 71	88 64	68 68	74 66	70 67	
Sodium tripolyphosphate _(100% Na ₅ P ₃ O ₁₀) ‡dodo	586	551	47	49	39	41	36	51	47	45	49	46	1	46	1	
Titanium dioxide (composite and pure) ‡do	968	1,026	92	84	85	84	88	78	į l	91	93	92	(96	92	į.
Sulfur, native (Frasch) and recovered:		1,020	92	04	09	04	00	10	. 80	91	90	92	01	90	92	
Productionthous. met. tons Stocks (producers') end of perioddo	19,363 2,316	19,450 1,112	779 1,750	773 1,580	769 1,536	805 1,490	762 1,368	836 1,324	816 1,210	$931 \\ 1,112$	935 1,101	794 1,122	925 1,159	7902 1,252	909 1,310	
Inorganic Fertilizer Materials]	-,	-,		,,,,,,	-,	2,000	2,022	}	-,			1,			
Production: Ammonia, synthetic anhydrous ‡																}
thous. sh. tons	16,095	16,937	1,513	1,395	1,443	1,388	1,289	1,346	1,400	1,520	1,529	1,342	1,494	1,471	1,504	
Ammonium nitrate, original so- lution ‡dodo	6,547	7,186	635	560	574	565	515	587	621	658	687	612	675	⁷ 673	684	
Ammonium sulfate ‡do Nitric acid (100% HNO ₃) ‡do	2,189 7,225	2,337 7,887	210 690	172 623	188 631	190 630	188 570	213 627	207 654	210 708	201 726	188 660	199 715	207 7701	206 714	
Nitrogen solutions (100% N) ‡	2,385 10,685	3,119 11,729	281 972	227 902	246 958	251 971	240 945	272 1,004	278 961	304 1,066	263 1,007	243 936	258 1,045	261 966	269 965	
Sulfuric acid (100% H ₂ SO ₄) ‡do	39,235	42,775	3,590	3,376	3,510	3,549	3,441	3,673	3,675	3,922	3,790	3,496	3,821	73,659	3,643	
Superphosphate and other phosphatic fertilizers (gross weight):																-
Production thous sh. tons Stocks, end of period do	15,674 704	16,858 879	1,277 780	1,223 690	1,339 726	$\frac{1,436}{728}$	1,378 570	1,588 602	1,515 749	1,604 879	1,592 860	1,400 989	1,640 970	1,640 913	1,594 874	
Potash, sales (K ₂ O)do	6,204	5,703	536	392	280	467	347	438	447	548	579	344	401	731	637	
Imports: Ammonium nitratethous. met. tons	279	267	19	17	17	16	14	16	16	44	440	46	37	46	38	
Ammonium sulfate do Potassium chloride do do	259 6,613	337 6,796	22 534	8 345	- 29 303	14 512	24 462	13 543	40 586	32 558	423 4710	6 396	53 541	48 659	30 427	
Sodium nitratedo	93	131	17	9	6	15	15	5	(2)	8	111	14	14	11	21	}
Industrial Gases ‡ Production:	1						i		ļ							
Acetylenemil. cu. ft Hydrogen (high and low purity)dodo	5,284 149,217	⁷ 4,948 143,819	339 13,215	324 12,724	354 12,389	7378 11,738	*467 11,077	7488 11,022	7446 11,849	7484 11,209	7444 10,498	7425 10,955	7480 711,554	450		
Nitrogen (high and low purity)dododo	675,843	719,371	60,681	57,286	62,210	60,754	58,901	60,566	58.607	61.382	61,071	57,539	r63,163	61,005		
Organic Chemicals \$	402,644	448,695	38,863	36,002	37,856	38,156	36,676	37,603	38,022	39,353	38,522	36,668	⁷ 39,735	31,721		
Production:	}						ļ						[}
Acetylsalicylic acid (aspirin)thous. met. tons Ethyl acetatedo	1 297.1	¹ 123.5		2.9 21.8		·······	2.2 39.6			2.0 32.5			52.4 534.0			
Formaldehyde (37% HCHO)do	12,600.5	13,052.6		748.4			756.7			786.3			5764.7			
Glycerin, refined, all grades mil. lb Methanol, syntheticthous. met. tons	276.4 13,418.2		24.8	22.0 762.5	25.5	20.8	21.9 818.5	24.8	26.0	19.4 950.4	27.7	20.9	24.9 5752.1	*24.0	27.2	}
Phthalic anhydridedo	469.6	517.7		129.0			133.6	***************************************		132.4		••••••	⁵ 130.0	ļ 		
ALCOHOL Ethyl alcohol and spirits:						ļ										
Production mil. tax gal Stocks, end of perioddodo	730.3 43.4	776.9 39.7	69.8 34.7	61.2 31.3	65.9 40.5	62.8 38.6	61.2 28.4	69.7 35.9	69.7 36.3	67.8 39.7	82.2 45.0	69.8 48.1	68.9 46.2			
Denatured alcohol:					}								}			
Productionmil. wine gal Consumption (withdrawals)do	442.5 460.8	468.7	43.5 41.6	40.1 42.2	33.4 35.4	38.5 38.6	36.2 38.7	36.1 38.5	38.2 36.9	42.2 39.7	38.1 37.8	38.9 38.0	43.4 42.1			
For fuel use	208.3 9.7	215.7 9.2	21.0 11.1	20.3	17.8	17.3 10.9	19.0 8.7	18.2 7.5	18.1	17.2 9.2	17.0 9.1	13.3 8.8	12.8			
See footnotes at end of tables.	ı	I	'	1	ı (. 1	- 1	1 -{	_	-			I	l	1

-20			SUL	VEIC	Tr CU.	LLLIN	1 DU	211/15/	DD							1y 190
Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1986 and methodological notes are as shown in BUSINESS STATISTICS: 1986	Ann 1987	ual 1988	May	June	July	198 Aug.	8 Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	89 Apr.	May	June
	L	CHI	EMICA	LS ANI	D ALLI	ED PRO	DDUCT	S-Con	 itinued	t						
						1										1
PLASTICS AND RESIN MATERIALS	[i	į	Į		}				l		1			}	
oduction: Phenolic resinsthous. met. tons	² 769.8															
Polyethylene and copolymersdo	¹ 7,881.0 ¹ 3,164.8			2,066.3 773.2			2,006.0 840.6	}.		2,156.1 764.8			42,004.6 4757.3		ļ	
Polypropylenedo Polystyrene and copolymersdo	23,757.0															
olyvinyl chloride and copolymersdo	13,782.0	4,065.3		976.8			1,054.2			1,058.5			1,093.2		}	
PAINTS, VARNISH, AND LACQUER ‡	1				1	Ì	ŀ			\$					{	
tal shipmentsmil. \$	10,058.4	11,073.6	1,034.0	1,067.0	937.5	1,000.0	963.3	940.2	850.2	779.4	851.3	873.6	985.3			
Architectural coatings	4,215.8 3,858.8	4,384.1 4,457.2	421.0 395.8	457.6 392.2	401.4 334.2	427.6 367.5	383.0 383.7	355.8 398.4	301.4 378.2	282.0 345.2	310.3 378.0	318.5 394.2	388.4 405.1		465.7 419.1	
pecial purpose coatingsdo	1,983.8	2,232.3	217.1	217.2	202.0	205.0	196.7	186.0	170.7	152.2	163.0	160.9	191.8	^r 209.4	221.4	<u> </u>
	Ţ			ELEC	TRIC P	OWER	AND G	AS						•		
ELECTRIC POWER				}				}								
oduction: Electric utilities, totalmil. kwhr	9 579 197	2 701 494	900 190	232,507	257,235	267,408	220,023	910 977	209,394	232,550	231,343	219,066	996 496			ļ
By fuelsdo	2,572,127 2,322,432	2,701,624 2,478,686	208,180 186,942	213,674	240,331	250,961	203,753	210,377 195,265	190,928	212,637	211.378	200,447	203,794			
By waterpowerdo	249,695	222,938	21,238	18,833	16,904	16,447	16,270	15,112	18,466	19,913	19,965	18,620	22,642		ļ	
les to ultimate customers, total (Edison Electric Institute) \(\rightarrow\)mil. kwhr	2,431,192	2,545,621		591,912			705,136	ļ		613,302			648,311			}
Commercial §do	656,708	695,139		165,289			197,196			167,135			169,383	ļ		
Industrial §do	842,680	877,752		218,376			228,555			220,144			217,772		·····	
Railways and railroadsdo Residential or domesticdo	4,878 845,069	5,098 883,210	•••••	1,183 187,087			1,274 $256,101$	***************************************		1,299 203,249			1,358 238,476			
Street and highway lightingdo	14,542	14,744		3,469			3,570			3,930			3,758		{	
Other public authoritiesdo	62,819	65,491		15,526			17,327			16,352			16,573			
Interdepartmentaldo	4,495	4,187		982	······		1,113			1,194		·	990			·
evenue from sales to ultimate customers (Edison Electric Institute) \(\)mil. \(\\$	155,523	162,268		37,353			47,539			38,564			40,087	·····		
GAS ♦	ł			!									1			
tal utility gas, quarterly					}]			-							
(American Gas Association): Customers, end of period, total @thous.	51,802	53,096		52,431			52,093	į	Ì	53,096	,	l				
Residentialdo	47,579	48,756	 	48,139			47.871	***************************************		48,756			(}	·	
Commercialdo	. 3,990	4,108		4,058			3,992			4,108			[
Industrial @dodododododododododododo	. 179 . 54			179			177			179 54			ļ	·····		
Sales to customers, totaltril. Btu.	10,543	54 10,691		54 1,961			53 1,628			2,855		••••••				
Residentialdo	4,385	14,747	•••••	791			373			1,353				·	1	
Commercialdo	. 2,156	12,306		398			260			639						
Industrialdo Electric generationdo	. 2,541 1,306	¹ 2,251 ¹ 1,229		480 264			471 502			581 235			ļ	·		
Otherdo	1,500			28			22			47						
Revenue from sales to custom-	İ		,		}		1	}			['	ĺ				
ers, totalmil. \$.	45,492	¹ 46,362		8,353	1 :		6,307			12,858	ļ			·}	·}	
Residential do Commercial do	. 23,622 10,271	¹ 25,158 ¹ 10,783		4,390 1,857			2,489 1,185			$7,278 \\ 3.014$	}	ļ			· 	
Industrialdo	. 7,500	16,739		1,362			1,284			1,793				ļ	1	
Electric generationdo Otherdo	. 3,569 530	¹ 3,141 ¹ 541		645 97			1,291 58			608 166		}	ļ	.}		
Outer	.] 550	·		ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	·					100	<u> </u>				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	τ]	FOOD A	AND KI	INDRE	D PROI	OUCTS:	TOBA	CCO		г		1	,		I
ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES eer:	1										ļ				ļ	
Productionmil. bbl	195.42	197.69	18.31	18.58	18.17	17.72	15.45	15.61	14.02	13.32		15.29	17.57	17.30	·	
Taxable withdrawalsdo Stocks, end of perioddo	. 177.85	178.05 13.23	16.48 15.25		16.41 14.88	16.22 14.32	14.12 13.68	14.09 14.15	13.21 13.47	12.23 13.23	14.09 13.38	13.20 13.84	15.41 14.24		}	
stilled spirits (total):	12.03	10.20	10.20	14.55	14.00	14.02	10.00	14.10	10.4	10.20	10.00	10.01	11.5	11.00		1
Productionmil. tax gal	76.51	94.37	9.16	7.10	5.70	5.14	9.82	12.96	9.75	8.13	9.17	9.41	11.42	: L		
Consumption, apparent, for beverage purposes †mil. wine gal	388.22	378.08	30.16	32.77	28.09	29.44	30.08	31.28	38.64	44.88	25.03	26.51	29.88			
Stocks, end of periodmil. tax gal	455.00	420.92	395.06	440.21	435.39	431.54	427.33	426.38	423.98	420.92	389.37	423.94	427.12	2		
Importsmil. proof liters	404.60	363.20	28.70	25.80	24.50	29.50	33.50	44.50	42.10	26.50	³24.14	28.23	38.89	26.66	49.88	8
Whisky: Productionmil. tax gal	1 0000	47.91	4.68	3.45	3.00	2.82	3.91	5.61	6.04	5.56	6.21	6.75	9.13		<u> </u>	
Stocks, end of perioddo			334.27	379.87	377.28	373.78	369.90	367.40	364.88	364.56	333.10	367.47	371.45	ś		
	38.33 393.72	004.00		16.20	14.00	19.20	21.20	30.80	27.60	16.50	³ 15.61	17.15	14.45	15.80	' ^{19.38}	5}
Importsmil. proof liters	393.72	231.90	18.40	1 10.20				r	1	í	I	1	i	1		
Importsmil. proof liters ines and distilling materials:	393.72	231.90	18.40	10.20						!	1			ł	1	
Importsmil. proof liters ines and distilling materials: Effervescent wines: Productionmil. wine gal	393.72 268.50	30.72	1.36	3.45	2.71		3.04	3.65	3.02	2.62	2.77	2.02	2.14			
Importsmil. proof liters ines and distilling materials: Effervescent wines: Productionmil. wine gal Taxable withdrawalsdodo	393.72 268.50 27.89 30.04	231.90 30.72 29.24	1.36 1.91	3.45 1.96	1.70	1.75	3.48	3.87	4.69	3.54	1.21	1.25	1.38	3		
Importsmil. proof liters ines and distilling materials: Effervescent wines: Productionmil. wine gal	393.72 268.50 27.89 30.04 14.99	30.72 29.24 18.65	1.36 1.91 17.57	3.45 1.96 7 17.67	1.70 18.45	1.75 19.00		3.87 17.95	4.69 15.48	3.54 18.65	1.21 16.53	1.25 17.28	1.33 18.32	3		
Imports	393.72 268.50 27.89 30.04 14.99	30.72 29.24 18.65	1.36 1.91 17.57	3.45 1.96 7 17.67	1.70 18.45	1.75 19.00	3.48 18.27	3.87	4.69 15.48	3.54 18.65	1.21 16.53	1.25 17.28	1.33 18.32	3		
Imports	393.72 268.50 27.89 30.04 14.99 52.50 442.83	30.72 29.24 18.65 49.30 470.73	1.36 1.91 17.57 3.30	3.45 1.96 7 17.67 3.00	1.70 18.45 3.30 6.72	1.75 19.00 4.10 26.50	3.48 18.27 4.00 192.53	3.87 17.95 7.50 117.01	4.69 15.48 8.00 53.30	3.54 18.65 4.90 45.03	1.21 16.53 31.91	1.25 17.28 2.10 5.63	1.38 18.32 2.74	2.38	3.2	7
Imports	393.72 268.50 27.89 30.04 14.99 52.50 442.83	231.90 30.72 29.24 18.65 49.30 470.73 444.98	1.36 1.91 17.57 3.30 4.88 41.65 470.22	3.45 1.96 7 17.67 3.00 3.50 47.22 454.47	1.70 18.45 3.30 6.72 38.98	1.75 19.00 4.10 26.50 36.40	3.48 18.27 4.00 192.53 33.09	3.87 17.95 7.50 117.01 32.46	4.69 15.48 8.00 53.30 34.33	3.54 18.65 4.90 45.03 34.35	1.21 16.58 31.91 10.34 29.75	1.25 17.28 2.10 5.63 29.40	1.38 18.32 2.74 4.12 32.46	2.38	3.2	7
Imports	393.72 268.50 27.85 30.04 14.95 52.50 442.85 451.80	231.90 30.72 29.24 18.65 49.30 444.98 586.77	1.36 1.91 17.57 3.30 4.88 41.65 470.22	3.45 1.96 7 17.67 3.00 3.50 47.22 454.47	1.70 18.45 3.30 6.72 38.98 387.52	1.75 19.00 4.10 26.50 36.40 371.93	3.48 18.27 4.00 192.53	3.87 17.95 7.50	4.69 15.48 8.00 53.30 34.33 587.32	3.54 18.65 4.90 45.03 34.35 586.77	1.21 16.53 31.91 10.34 29.75 579.30	1.25 17.28 2.10 5.63 29.40 544.93	1.33 18.32 2.74 4.12 32.46 538.48	2.38	3 3.2	7
Imports. mil. proof liters ines and distilling materials: Effervescent wines: Production mil. wine gal Taxable withdrawals do. Stocks, end of period do. Imports. mil. liters Still wines: Production mil. wine gal Taxable withdrawals do. Stocks, end of period do. Still wines: Production mil. wine gal Taxable withdrawals do. Stocks, end of period do.	393.72 268.56 27.85 30.04 14.95 52.56 442.85 451.86 602.97 312.00	231.90 30.72 29.24 18.65 49.30 444.98 586.77 257.40	1.36 1.91 17.57 3.30 4.88 41.65 470.22 21.50	3.45 1 1.96 7 17.67 3.00 3 3.50 47.22 454.47 21.50	1.70 18.45 3.30 6.72 38.98 387.52 20.90	1.75 19.00 4.10 26.50 36.40 371.93 20.20	3.48 18.27 4.00 192.53 33.09 569.32 19.80	3.87 17.95 7.50 117.01 32.46 548.27 27.00	4.69 15.48 8.00 53.30 34.33 587.32 26.50	3.54 18.65 4.90 45.03 34.35 586.77 19.60	1.21 16.53 31.91 10.84 29.75 579.30 314.98	1.25 17.28 2.10 5.63 29.40 544.93 13.55	1.33 18.32 2.74 4.12 32.46 538.45 21.02	2.38	3.2	7

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1986 and	Ann	ual				198	38						198	39		
methodological notes are as shown in BUSINESS STATISTICS: 1986	1987	1988	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
		FOOD	AND K	INDRE	D PRO	DUCTS	; TOBA	CCO-	Contin	ued						
DAIRY PRODUCTS																
Butter: Production (factory)mil. lb	1,104.1	1,207.5	108.0	90.8	76.3	74.1	83.3	92.3	95.6	112.0	129.0	124.7	135.7	124.7	122.5	
Stocks, cold storage, end of perioddo Producer Price Index	143.2 95.3	214.7 890.8	280.5 88.8	293.4 91.4	295.8 92.1	294.4 92.6	253.4 92.6	237.3 92.2	226.2 92.1	214.7 92.1	246.6 89.1	314.4 88.6	341.9 88.5	r379.1 88.5	438.3 88.5	463.6 88.5
Cheese: Production (factory), totalmil. lb American, whole milkdo	5,344.2 2,716.7	5,571.6 2,756.6	488.2 253.1	476.7 241.2	454.9 232.5	442.0 208.8	451.9 208.5	470.0 220.9	458.9 214.5	486.5 235.0	456.6 225.6	419.5 208.7	488.4 231.9	472.6 236.2	494.9 247.0	
Stocks, cold storage, end of perioddo American, whole milkdo	457.1 367.4	388.1 283.4	460.1 366.7	480.9 381.9	496.1 388.4	460.8 351.1	421.3 314.8	400.7 293.2	366.7 260.8	388.1 283.4	395.3 283.8	402.3 290.9	394.7 283.8	7405.1 7288.1	423.1 307.3	431.9 312.1
Importsthous. met. tons Price, wholesale, cheddar, single daisies (Chicago)\$ per lb	120.2	114.6	7.6	9.1	10.8	11.0	8.8	10.6	12.6	12.2	117.4	6.9	8.7	8.0	8.2	
Condensed and evaporated milk: Production, case goodsmil. lb	579.7	588.7	55.0	57.4	50.2	49.5	49.0	42.8	42.2	45.6	44.5	41.5	49.0	47.7	47.0	
Stocks, manufacturers', case goods, end of perioddo	31.8	44.1	85.1	94.3	103.5	105.3	92.3	89.4	51.5	44.1	59.4	75.1	785.2	90.5	102.6	
Exportsthous met tons	2.4	3.5	.4	.3	.3	.2	.6	.1	1.0	.1	11.2	2.5	1.9	3.1	1.2	
Fluid milk: Production on farms †mil. lb	121,294	123,896	11,064	10,562	10,514	10,282	9,967	10,125	9,790	10,251	⁷ 10,476	r9,839	⁷ 10,860	10,770	⁷ 11,095	10,511
Utilization in manufactured dairy productsdo	84,720	r85,072	77,762	7,598	7,067	6,890	6,678	6,633	6,425	6,948	7.189	6,878	7,866	7,654	8,075	
Price, wholesale, U.S. average \$ per 100 lb Dry milk:	12.53	12.22	11.40	11.30	11.40	11.80	12.40	13.00	13.40	13.50	13.40	13.10	12.70	12.30	12.20	P12.10
Production: Dry whole milkmil. lb	145.9	172.3	17.2	14.1	15.8	14.0	14.7	14.2	12.9	14.2	15.3	13.9	13.5	14.3	14.1	
Nonfat dry milk (human food)do	1,056.8	978.5	106.6	104.3	80.1	68.1	59.2	56.8	54.3	75.8	87.1	85.6	95.7	99.8		
Stocks, manufacturers', end of period: Dry whole milkdodo	8.0	12.8	9.3	10.6	11.4	11.4	11.2	10.6	10.8	12.8	12.9	10.9	10.1	11.7	10.1	
Nonfat dry milk (human food)do Exports, whole and nonfat	65.1	45.1	74.1	67.7	71.3	53.3	44.4	49.9	39.1	45.1	60.4	79.8	84.6	97.9	98.4	
(human food)thous. met. tons Price, manufacturers' average selling, nonfat	175.9	153.1	13.4	18.2	14.8	15.8	16.0	12.0	13.3	14.6	22 6.0	8.0	16.2	17.9	17.5	
dry milk (human food)\$ per lb	.793	.773	.735	.740	.753	.770	.807	.826	.841	.849	.853	.841	.816	.828	.834	
GRAIN AND GRAIN PRODUCTS Exports (barley, corn, oats, rve.												1				
wheat)mil. bu	2,920.4	3,448.3	332.8	274.1	250.2	266.7	289.2	273.4	246.6	295.4	(12)					
Barley: Production (crop estimate)mil. met. tons	² 11.529	² 6.325														149.682
Stocks (domestic), end of period, totaldo On farmsdodo	67.307 64.222	78.109 73.980	4.204			59.813 55.209			78.109 3.980			13 2.687			44.285 41.842	
Off farmsdo Exports, including malt §thous. met. tons	*3.085 3,114.5	⁷⁷ 4.129 2,244.4	⁴2.789 108.4	269.4	255.8	⁷⁵ 4.604 54.1	192.2	48.5	74,129 68.4	336.1	¹¹ 6.4	713 3.426 6.9	47.9	308,6	42.443 223.8	
Producer Price Index, No. 2 feed, Minneapolis	1085.7	⁸ 110.4	102.4	125.4	122.8	104.5	138.7	120.2	117.5	110.2	114.9	118.6	130.1	132.2	130.6	106.6
Corn: Production (crop estimate, grain																
only)mil. met. tons Stocks (domestic), end of period, totaldo	² 179.44 ⁷ 248.20	² 125.01 ⁷ 179.63	³ 148.23	•••••		¹ 108.19			179.63			^{r13} 132.19			³86.85	
On farms do Off farms do Off	7154.95 793.25	7108.72 7770.90	382.33 365.90			¹ 50.87 ¹ 57.31			108.72 770.90			1376.74 1355.45			³ 51.36 ³ 35.49	
Exports, including meal and flourdo Producer Price Index, No. 2, Chi-	40.81	46.32	4.56	3.38	3.11	3.86	3.90	4.42	3.79	4.38	114.46	3.94	5.17	4.51	5.38	109.1
cago	67.7	897.1	81.3	102.4	115.5	113.4	112.8	114.4	104.2	106.4	113.0	108.7	111.6	106.9	111.1	103.1
Production (crop estimate)mil. met. tons Stocks (domestic), end of period,	² 5.429	r23.175													6. 400	¹⁴ 5.626
total do On farms do	*1.926 *1.499	61.626 61.116	*1.626	••••••											61.427 6.870	
Off farmsdo Exports, including oatmealmetric tons	6.427 30,213	76.510 29,989	76.510 4,261	5,443	1,818	3,439	2,057	1,119	2,420	994	113,212	2,676	14,769	4,402	6,557 6,436	
Producer Price Index, No. 2, Minneapolis $1982=100$	1092.5	⁸ 135.4	116.0	162.5	159.8	165.6	163.8	156.1	143.2	142.6	155.3	133.4	131.8	118.1	117.0	104.9
Rice: Production (crop estimate)mil. met. tons	²5.879	² 7.235														
Southern States mills (Ark., La., Tenn., Tex.): Receipts, rough, from producersmil. lb.	9,533	8,985	258	277	163	457	2,567	2,063	640	614	784	957	997	1,037	631	
Shipments from mills, milled	7,791	6,722	525	465	428	476	700	677	633	775	609	656	855	705	749	ļ
Stocks, domestic, rough and cleaned (cleaned basis), end of periodmil. lb	2,689	2,011	1,826	1,577	1,283	1,108	1,870	2,529	2,397	2,011	2,059	2,056	1,884	1,915	1,618	
Exportsthous. met. tons Producer Price Index, medium grain,	2,380	2,199	220	126	169	114	163	235	238	274	11 231	212	308	206	345	
milled	83.3	*112.6	120.6	117.5	114.9	114.6	111.9	106.7	104.4	103.9	103.9	,103.9	104.0	105.9	109.0	110.2
Rye: Production (crop estimate)mil. met. tons	².500	².380														
Producer Price Index, No. 2, Minneapolis1982=100	54.7	⁸ 69.1	53.5	93.8	82,1	78.4	81.3	71.8	77.9	82.8	79.1	79.1	76.2	79.1	77.7	55.7
Wheat: Production (crop estimate), total																,,==
Spring wheatdodo	² 57.37 ² 14.75	² 49.29 ² 6.81												•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	457.62 417.84
Winter wheatdo Distribution, quarterly @do	² 42.59 ² 62.70	² 42.48 ^{r13} 71.39	18.13			22.51			14.97			13.43		••••••	17.12	I
Stocks (domestic), end of period, totaldo On farmsdoddo	768.06 726.29	746.54 716.71	⁴34.31 ⁴14.29			61.33 21.72	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		46.54 16.71			¹³ 33.25			418.88 47.70	
Off farmsdodo Exports, total, including flourdo	741.77 31.79	729.83	420.03 4.03	3.49	3.15	⁷ 39.61 3.05	9 4 4	2.63	29.83 2.56	2.91	113.23	713 20.81 3.59	3.99	3.28	411.17 2.66	
Wheat onlymil. bu	1,106.7		4.03 146.1			106.5	3.44 124.8			99.8		3.09		3.28	2.66	
See footnotes at end of tables.	-	-		-							. '					

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes	Annı	ıal				198	8						198	9		
below, data through 1986 and methodological notes are as shown in Business Statistics: 1986	1987	1988	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oet.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
		FOOD .	AND K	INDRE	D PRO	DUCTS	; TOBA	.cco_	Continu	ted						
GRAIN AND GRAIN PRODUCTS—Continued						}		}			1					
Wheat—Continued Producer Price Indexes: Hard red winter, No. 1, ord. protein (K.C.)	}	1	Ì	Ì	Ì	1		}			(
1982=100 Hard red spring, No. 1, ord. protein (Minn.)	70.6	² 90.8	76.8	93.6	93.9	93.3	101.7	105.3	103.6	105.2	110.1	108.0	114.6	108.3	115.0	111.2
1982 = 100 Wheat flour:	68.8	² 93.1	81.6	104.0	97.9	102.6	104.0	106.2	102.7	103.3	111.5	108.9	113.4	109.4	114.6	107.5
Production: Flourthous, sacks (100 lb.). Millfeedthous, sh. tons	338,484 6,135	339,453 6,130	28,944 515	28,173 500	28,251 502	31,167 556	29,133 530	31,058 552	30,853 561	27,916 552	28,538 516	26,600 477	26,457 478	r26,676 481	28,071 502	
Grindings of wheatthous. bu Stocks held by mills, end of period	760,459	759,833	64,858	62,961	63,002	69,182	65,226	69,172	68,846	62,209	63,338	59,242	58,851	759,116	63,138	
thous. sacks (100 lb.) Exportsthous. met. tons Producer Price Index	5,858 1,196.00 89.7	5,137 960.80 102.0	37.70 93.9	5,205 133.40 107.0	112.90 107.0	108.20 107.7	5,640 31.30 110.0	109.40 110.5	65.60 109.0	5,137 135.70 109.1	681.70 110.7	129.32 '110.0	4,734 134.88 112.0	128.48 109.6	103.44 111.8	112.4
POULTRY AND EGGS Poultry:	}	- 1			}			ļ			, i					
Slaughtermil. lb Stocks, cold storage (frozen), end of period,	19,886	20,520	1,759	1,831	1,600	1,847	1,792	1,750	1,672	1,607	1,694	1,574	1,830	r1,653	1,940	
totalmil. lb Turkeysdo	501 282	451 250	631 410	668 457	712 496	785 552	761 573	781 583	510 304	451 250	462 263	455 263	458 269	7488 299	552 356	655 453
Price, in Georgia producing area, live broilers\$ per lb Eggs:	.265	.315	.320	.355	.400	.420	.390	.335	.330	.335	.340	.330	.330	.375	.440	.410
Production on farmsmil. cases § Stocks, cold storage, end of period:	193.2	193.0	16.2	15.5	15.9	16.0	15.5	16.2	15.8	16.2	15.9	14.4	16.0	15.4	15.8 26	28
Shellthous. cases § Frozenmil. lb Price, wholesale, large (delivered; Chicago)	43 17	20	21 20	30 25	28 23	25 25	23 22	24 20	26 18	20	12 20	19	16 15	18 15	16	15
\$ per doz	.579	.583	.471	.528	.698	.654	.714	.631	.622	.661	.678	.666	.910	.716	.698	.720
LIVESTOCK Cattle and calves:					{	ļ										
Slaughter (federally inspected): Calvesthous animals Cattledo	2,679 34,468	2,411 34,048	171 2,830	204 2,983	207 2,898	227 3,120	207 2,927	197 2,871	202 2,698	203 2,685	196 2,711	$^{175}_{2,500}$	194 2,744	152 2,576	157 2,947	161 2,951
Prices, wholesale: Beef steers (Omaha)\$ per 100 lb Steers, stocker and feeder	64.60	69.58	75.15	70.58	65.96	67.08	67.71	69.13	70.07	71.21	72.35	72.92	75.81	75.31	74.52	71.71
(Kansas City)dododododododododododollars ‡dollars ‡dollars ‡dollars	71.32 78.92	80.50 4227.67	78.99 97.66	70.77 100.88	74.14 77.50	79.45 87.50	79.89 1202.44	82.99 213.75	81.31 230.88	80.99 225.63	82,02 230.25	82.91 225.06	80.98 257.50	78.58 266.25	78.25 260.05	79.08 258.44
Hogs: Slaughter (federally inspected)thous. animals Prices: Wholesale, average, all weights (Sioux City)	78,913	85,516	6,713	6,715	6,199	7,101	7,534	7,887	7,908	7,703	7,116	6,619	7,569	7,199	7,277	6,881
\$ per 100 lb Hog-corn price ratio (bu. of corn equal in	47.11	43.25	47.75	48.26	45.60	45.98	41.28	38.92	36.52	40.58	41.64	41.11	39.88	37.22	42.40	46.24
value to 100 lb. live hog)	33.6	19.9	23.9	19.5	16.2	16.9	15.7	15.0	14.4	15.7	15.7	15.7	15.2	14.4	⁷ 16.1	18.0
Slaughter (federally inspected)thous. animals Price, wholesale, lambs, average (Omaha) \$ per 100 lb	5,042 75.77	5,122 60.71	414 75,17	413 58.80	387 57.55	442 54.90	452 58.35	437 60.44	418 61.90	447 64.75	418 66.25	415 66.83	505 69.50	393 74.50	435 73.75	423 68.56
MEATS			, , ,	7-1			*****									•
Total meats (excluding lard): Productionmil. lb.	38,442	39,763	3,206	3,318	3,171	3,507	3,462	3,511	3,399	3,358	3,265	3,003	3,326	3,130 7767	3,396 735	3,342 686
Stocks, cold storage, end of perioddo Exports (meats and meat preparations) thous. met. tons .	623	716 1,081	721 87	671 90	671 93	634 105	644 99	664 102	701 103	716 105	745 684	762 91	749 108	105	110	
Imports (meats and meat preparations)do	1,250	1,263	104	125	99	114	91	88	89	74	6114	86	96	91	98	
Beef and veal: Production, totalmil. lb.	23,821	23,811	1,948	2,059	2,013	2,197	2,074	2,041	1,909	1,904	1,928	1,772	1,920 305	1,784 '280	2,027 251	2,051 246
Stocks, cold storage, end of perioddo Exportsthous. met. tons. Importsdo	293 394 725	323 443 753	280 33 61	253 34 81	274 37 58	298 45 72	311 44 53	300 45 48	305 46 50	323 40 34	322 *36 *72	321 37 50	49 56	45 53	47	240
Price, wholesale, beef, fresh steer carcasses, choice (600-700 lbs.) (Central U.S.)	972	1.031	1.117	1.064	.971	1.010	1.032		1.047	1.062		1.080	1.124	1.138	1.126	
Lamb and mutton: Production, totalmil. lb. Stocks, cold storage, end of perioddo	310	329 6	27 8	27 9	24 9	28 7	28 7	28 6	27 6	29 6	27 7	27 6	33 7	26 76	28 7	26 7
Pork (excluding lard): Production, totaldo	14,312	15,623	1,231	1,233 363	1,133	1,282	1,360	1,443	1,463	1,425	1,310	1,204	1,373	1,321	1,341	1,266 385
Stocks, cold storage, end of perioddo Exportsthous. met. tons. Importsdo Prices:	. 285 70 . 461	358 147 439	389 12 37	363 17 39	15	287 17 37	288 12 33	321 15 34		358 14 34	381 611 636	397 10 31	394 11 34	7438 12 33	431 13 33	
Producer Price Index, Hams, smoked 1982=100.	104.2	296.2	91.8	92.0	91.4	92.4	94.5	98.4	99.1	100.2	(5)					
Fresh loins, 8-14 lb. average, wholesale (N.Y.)\$ per lb.	. 1.265	1.188	1.298	1.315	1.259	1.277	1.215	1.071	.996	1.132	(5)					
MISCELLANEOUS FOOD PRODUCTS			1				}				}					
Cocoa (cacao) beans, imports (including shells)thous. met. tons.	. 262.6	236.7	14.9	21.3	14.6	19.8	8.9	8.7	13.7	31.0	644.2	24.0	30.4	28.9	24.6	
Coffee: Imports, total	1,194,360 235,680 81.6	920,040 252,780 91.0	13,980		22,500	97,260 30,720		76,320 38,520	71,700 12,180	61,620 14,400 90.1	624,616	77,714 20,282	82,072 24,413 89.5	83,874 31,128	77,223 12,053	86.5
Fish: Stocks, cold storage, end of periodmil. lb.	. '411	r394	r350	7371	r364	7396	r397	r407	7393	r394	392	353	330	330	357	₽375

July 1989			SUR	VEY	JF CU	RREI	AL BO	PIME	22							5-23
Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1986 and	Anı	ıual		·		19	88						198	39		
methodological notes are as shown in Business Statistics: 1986	1987	1988	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
	1	FOC	D AND	KIND	RED PI	RODUC	TS: TO	BACCO	—Cont	 t.						
MISCELL ANEQUS BOOD BRODUCTS CO.	[T								
MISCELLANEOUS FOOD PRODUCTS—Cont. Sugar:	{	1					,		ĺ					1		
Exports, raw and refined	560,592	877,365	8,957	41,624	35,989	28,278	23,016	38,223	16,816	615,552	524,230	36,168	27,170	27,337	22,806	
Imports, raw and refinedthous. met. tons	1,157	1,213	96	62	112	144	99	164	90	134	⁵ 104	112	152	84	126	
Producer Price Indexes:	ŀ				1			[1			1		
Raw (cane)1982=100	110.3	1111.9	111.8	112.7	118.0	111.8	111.6	110.7	110.2	112.0	111.0	111.9	112.3	112.3	113.8	115.4
Refineddo	106.4	⁴108.9	106.6	106.9	108.2	110.0	109.9	112.3	112.2	113.7	115.8	r115.8	116.1	116.1	117.0	116.9
Tea, imports	77,390	90,143	8,435	8,793	7,987	7,873	5,860	5,642	6,792	7,959	⁵ 6,610	5,966	8,290	7,170	7,193	
TOBACCO							ĺ		Ì			-	1	1	ł	
Leaf: Production (crop estimate)mil. lb	1,191	11,371			j			1					1			
Stocks, dealers' and manufacturers',	1			0.500			0.005			4 000			3,825			
end of perioddo Exports, incl. scrap and stems "metric tons	4,471 193,178	4,020 216,481	15,845	3,792 10,332	11,805	11,181	3,925 14,279	14,806	20,886	4,020 20,588	⁵ 25,916	25,393	22,177	19,356	14,701	
Imports, incl. scrap and stems do	222,197	196,429	18,199	18,762	19,665	19,297	20,404	16,088	12,218	5,248	5 14,603	11,507	12,411	19,382	16,202	
Manufactured products:	222,101	100,120	10,100	10,102	10,000	20,201	20,101	10,000	12,010	0,240	11,000	11,001	22,111	10,002	10,202	
Consumption (withdrawals):	ļ							}	j			ŀ	1		1	
Cigarettes (small):		100.050	10.014	10 500	0.704		11.000	11 000	15 505	10.150	10.045	11.500	11 110	0.500		
Tax-exemptmillions Taxabledo	111,199 577,008	132,953 543,378	10,316 51,609	12,526 52,699	9,164 31,416	11,664 34,373	11,682 51,941	11,338 46,871	15,585 56,264	12,158 39,548	10,947 46,915	11,702 41,936	11,419 51,723	9,502 . 44,351 .		
Cigars (large), taxabledo	2,676	2,430	216	251	173	224	237	208	200	189	164	164	209	174		
Exports, cigarettesdo	100,246	118,499	10,110	10,271	10,167	9,914	10,557	10,501	10,214	11,146	58,661	2,187	1,731	9,129	1,248	
				LEAT	HER A	ND PR	ODUC'	rs								
LEATHER																
Exports:														}		
Ûpper and lining leatherthous. sq. ft	194,152	· '	19,273	17,623	15,023	13,967 168.2	21,022	22,556	15,835	22,519	100.0	r100 A	170 0	1000	166.7	165.6
Producer Price Index, leather	140.9	⁴167.5	176.4	165.0	165.7	108.2	168.8	170.7	166.0	164.9	166.6	'169.4	170.2	169.2	100.1	100.0
LEATHER MANUFACTURES Footwear:	1							1				ļ	j		1	
Production, total \(\)thous. pairs	225,888	217,636	18,630	18,263	13,887	19,531	19,451	19,403	19,611	15,778	18,070	18,455	19,590	16,797		
Shoes, sandals, and play shoes, except athleticthous. pairs	162,323		(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(8)	11,421	12,428	(3)	(3)	(3)		
Slippers do Athletic do	55,548 8,017	57,781	5,283	5,436	4,055	5,348 (3)	4,909	5,181	6,156	3,429 928	4,752 885	5,241	5,783 (3)	4,403		
Other footweardo	2,360	2,464	(3) 208	(³) 189	(³) 117	313	(3) 306	204	(³) 210	165	253	260	281	271		
Exportsdo	14,713	18,394	1,369	1,443	1,661	1,432	1,635	1,483	1,652	1,438						
Producer Price Indexes: Men's leather upper, dress and casual									}			j	Ì	1		
1982=100	111.4	1 121.3	120.1	120.1	121.9	122.8	123.2	123.1	123.5	124.6	125.2	125.8	126.0	126.8	125.0	125.0
Women's leather upperdo Women's plastic upperdo	107.2 104.9	*112.5 *107.5	111.5 107.3	$111.9 \\ 107.2$	113.0 107.2	113.6 107.3	113.3 107.7	113.5 105.9	114.0 108.4	114.0 109.4	114.2 109.5	7114.9 110.0	$116.0 \\ 110.1$	115.1 110.0	115.1 109.9	115.1 110.3
women o piesote apper	104.0	101.0	101.5		BER A				100.4	103.4	100.0	110.0	,110.1	110.0	100.0	110.0
	I			LUM	DER A	ND.FR	ODUCI	. 5					 -T		T	
LUMBER—ALL TYPES # National Forest Products Association:	1								Į				!	1	j	
Production, totalmil. bd. ft	² 49,395	²48,350	4,245	4,137	3,671	4,056	4,180	4,040	3,715	3,641	3,849	73,311	73,758	3,646		
Hardwoodsdodo	² 11,160 ² 38,235	² 11,446 ² 36,904	1,030 3,215	1,099 3,038	958 2,713	1,158 2,898	1,003 3,177	$\frac{778}{3,262}$	747) 2,968	690 2,951	768 3,081	713 72,598	687 73,071	714. 2,932.		
Shipments, totaldo	² 49,761	247.962	4,261	4,309	3,688	3,929	4,038	3,871	3,656	3,649	3,914	r3,417	73,877	3,712		
Hardwoodsdododo	² 11,460 ² 38,301	² 11,163 ² 36,799	1,001 3,260	$\frac{1,037}{3,272}$	898 2,790	1,117 2,812	921 3,117	737 3,134	716 2,940	665 2,984	781 3,133	743 2,674	826 r3,051	753 2,959		
Stocks (gross), mill, end of			3,231			-,	5,22,	-,	_,	-,:	1,550	_,,	-,	, ,		
period, totaldo Hardwoodsdo	6,183 1,412		6,257 1,363				}									
Softwoodsdo	4,771		4,894	4,685	4,677	4,765	4,823	4,951	4,979	4,945	4,896	4,818	4,837	4,810		
Exports, total sawmill products do	35,912	33,547	2,971	3,318	2,884	2,799	2,846	2,872	2,695	2,190	⁵ 6,026	5,036				
SOFTWOODS			2,012	0,020	,,,,,,	-,	_,	3,012	_,,,,,	-,	3,2	-,				
Douglas fir:	10 995	0.419	917	944	599	791	one	705	eri	207	869	569	823	692	694	
Orders, newdodo	10,325 548	9,412 636	817 619	844 626	541	721 553	896 622	795 611	651 553	897 636	691	619	659	629	597	············
Productiondo	10,354	9,390	834	734	668	751	840	840	732	783	781	581	746	711	741	
Shipmentsdo Stocks (gross), mill, end of perioddo	10,445 790	9,324 856	818 894	837 791	684 775	709 817	827 830	806 864	709 887	814 856	814 823	641 763	783 726	722 715	726 730	······
Exports, total sawmill productsthous. m3	1,614	°2,202	182	179	215	205	198	196	¢180	°201	5206	196				
Sawed timberdo Boards, planks, scantlings, etcdo	326 1,289	°342 1,860	28 153	$\frac{26}{153}$	33 179	31 177	24 175	170	14 64	°24 75	⁵ 50 ⁵ 156	23 173	t			
Producer Price Index, Douglas fir, dressed	105.	·	100.0	j		100.0			100 =		105.0		1400	15.4.6	100.0	1010
1982=100	125.1	135.7	132.0	135.7	140.6	138.6	142.7	140.5	138.7	133.6	135.9	r140.7	142.6	154.3	160.3	164.2
See footnotes at end of tables.																

5-24			SUR	VEIC	of CU	RREIN	Udi	DIME	<u> </u>						Ju	y 1989
Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1986 and methodological notes are as shown in Units	Ann		1	— _[i	198	T						198		—т	
Business Statistics: 1986	1987	1988	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
			LUM	ABER A	ND PR	ODUC	rsCo	ntinued	l							
SOFTWOODS—Continued																
Southern pine: Orders, newmil. bd. ft	12,614	¹ 12,552	1,155	1,116	867	1,042	1,109	1,133	1,151	913	1,067	7869	r974	1,094		
Orders, unfilled, end of perioddo	837	836	832	799	658	694	717	772	852	836	756	756	733	775		
Production do Shipments do	12,473 12,487	¹ 12,622 ¹ 12,553	1,081 1,101	1,127 1,149	1,033 1,012	1,042 999	1,056 1,087	1,089 1,078	1,028 1,069	971 933	1,067 1,099	7945 7917	71,047 7995	$\frac{1,052}{1,052}$		
Stocks (gross), mill and concentration yards, end of periodmil. bd. ft	1,996	2,065	2,049	2,024	2,045	2,086	2,057	2,068	2,028	2,065	2,036	2,062	2,113	2,114		
Exports, total sawmill productscu. meters		1,237,638	88,380	90,858	75,716	105,112	123,175	124,101	161,903	171,664	108,674	109,939				
Producer Price Index, southern pine, dressed	114.1	112.4	115.7	115.2	114.9	106.3	101.6	102.9	108.5	109.5	110.0	109.7	107.9	106.1	104.6	108.6
Western pine:	1	1		1							1	1			869	
Orders, newmil. bd. ft Orders, unfilled, end of perioddo	11,427 524	10,976 537	1,032 598	901 564	705 500	790 504	897 507	925 521	819 487	955 537	987 624	724 533	994 589	814 542	546	
Productiondo Shipmentsdo	11,407 11,354	10,898 10,963	968 1,011	839 935	714 769	787 786	940 894	982 911	887 853	885 905	885 900	779 815	950 938	845 861	876 865	
Stocks (gross), mill, end of perioddo	1,365	1,300	1,318	1,222	1,167	1,168	1,214	1,285	1,319	1,300	1,285	1,249	1,261	1,245	1,256	
Producer Price Index, other softwood, dressed	119.0	120.1	121.3	124.2	126.4	123.1	119.9	118.0	117.3	116.5	118.4	⁷ 122.2	124.1	128.1	130.7	131.4
HARDWOOD FLOORING																
Oak: Orders, unfilled, end of periodmil. bd. ft	11.0	8.9	11.8	10.2	10.1	8.6	8.6	10.3	10.2	8.9	9.6	12.2	14.1	15.0	15.1	15.6
Shipments do Stocks (gross), mill, end of period do do do do do do do do do do do do d	173.8 8.7	193.0 10.9	16.9 10.0	19.2	13.0 10.4	16.8 10.5	16.4 10.5	16.3 10.9	14.9 11.3	15.3 10.9	16.1 10.6	14.5 12.0	21.0 10.4	16.8 9.8	17.5	18.9
	.												1			
			<u>1</u>	METAL	S AND	MANU	FACIU	RES								
IRON AND STEEL									İ							
Exports: Steel mill productsthous. sh. tons	1,129	2,069	124	126	128 815	139 799	207	244	243	437	257	237	606	334	355	
Scrapdo Pig irondo	10,367 50	10,098 71	1,006 10	1,288 (3)	815	199	935 17	579 2	806 1	964 1	1,887	768 (³)	1,106 (³)	785 1	1,126	
Imports: Steel mill productsdo	20,414	¹ 20,891	1,936	1,979	1,614	1,783	1,648	1,553	1,846	1,420	1,784	1,336	1,216	1,341	1,472	
Scrap do Pig iron do	843 355	1,038 700	39 67	65 84	$\frac{66}{12}$	90 45	136 25	94 99	124 74	77 16	129 18	91 36	78 11	138 93	101 55	
Iron and Steel Scrap	1															1
Productionthous. sh. tons Receipts, netdo	24,730 46,105	149,946	2,328 4,431	2,219 4,169	2,177 3,987	2,252 4,254	2,296 4,256	2,353 4,390	2,294 4,085	2,221 3,743	2,310 4,047	2,186 4,178		······		
Consumptiondo Stocks, end of perioddo	69,615 4,821	¹ 76,904 4,552	6,627 4,708	6,277 4,691	6,102 4,549	6,379 4,657	6,553 4,640	6,606 4,779	6,336 4,828	6,044 4,552	6,617 4,634	6,144 4,714				
Composite price, No. 1 heavy melting scrap: American Metal Market *	85.76	108.98	104.63	102.52	111.67	113.26	110.67	110.81	109.17	107.28	113.90	116.07	112.52	112.20	ļ 	
Ore]	100.00	101.00	102.02	111.01	110.20	110.07	110.01	100,11	101120	110,00					
Iron ore (operations in all U.S. districts): Mine productionthous. met. tons	47,644	¹ 57,347	5,020	4,341	5,095	5,152	4,821	4,910	4,705	4,793	⁵ 4,890	4,228	4,841	4.426		
Shipments from mines do do Imports do do do do do do do do do do do do do	48,013 16,867	56,694	5,919 1,613	5,814	6,430 2,341	5,795 1,866	5,527 2,587	5,550 1,431	4,890 1,441	5,658 1,810	*2,155 *814	1,158 1,384	1,817 1,249	5,418		
U.S. and foreign ores and ore agglomerates:		,				_,,,,,,	2,201	-,-52				_,_	-/- **			
Receipts at iron and steel plants thous, met. tons Consumption at iron and steel	59,534	173,216	6,780	6,784	7,228	7,243	6,906	6,673	6,348	7,165	54,162	3,295	3,903	5,996	7,331	
plants	61,048 6,219		6,216 368	5,731 687	6,094 684	5,637 429	5,820 363	6,009 573	5,695 483	5,965 797	*6,687 *344	5,981	6,662	6,677	6,230	
Stocks, total, end of perioddo	21,279	23,490	20,428	19,966	20,475	21,473	22,928	22,855	23,211	23,490	*23.189	23,252	22,685	21,145		
At minesdododod.	. 2,658 . 16,565	18,004	9,092 10,298	11,297	6,825 12,461	5,682 14,064	5,372 15,454	16,174	4,170 16,886	3,296 18,003	56,029 515,435	9,099 12,749	12,128 9,991	11,131 9,310	10,396	
At U.S. docksdo Manganese (manganese content),				,	·	1,726			{			1,404	571	704	1,001	
general importsdo Pig Iron and Iron Products	. 814	1,128	64	119	96	75	83	78	111	118	(5)			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
Pig iron:			}					}							}	
Production (including production of ferroalloys)thous. sh. tons.	. 148,410	155,745	4,932		4,762	4,584	4,612	4,646		4,712	4,964	4,654	5,112	4,990		4,707
Consumptiondo Stocks, end of perioddo	49,875 281		4,996 222	4,712 236	4,884 229	4,687 247	4,759 241	4,766 242		4,874 206	5,203 268	4,880 281		•••••		
Castings, gray and ductile iron: Shipments, totalthous. sh. tons.	8,606	8,514	788		605	748	744	805		605	682	623	7714	694		
For saledo Castings, malleable iron:	6,002	5,717	543			533	504	516	500		448	437	r452	487		
Shipments, totaldodododo	. 318 168		32 17		21 10	27 15	31 16			28 14	28 13	25 13	30 14	24 11		
See footnotes at end of tables.	1	102	ł *'	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1 10	10	1	1	[(

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Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1986 and units methodological notes are as shown in BUSINESS STATISTICS 1986	1987	1988	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
			METAI	LS AND	MANU	FACTU	JRES-	Contin	ued							
Steel, Raw and Semifinished												{				
Steel (raw): Productionthous. sh. tons Rate of capability utilizationpercent	¹ 89,151 79.5	¹ 99,924 89.2	8,832 93.1	8,031 87.4	8,313 88.0	8,181 86.6	8,237 90.1	8,332 87.7	7,883 85.8	7,954 83.8	8,729 88.2	8,022 89.8	8,997 90.9	8,738 92.2	8,633 88.1	8,171 86.2
Steel castings: Shipments, totalthous. sh. tons For sale, totaldo	830 797	1,013 997	85 83	82 81	77 76	92 90	99 98	94 93	92 91	95 94	94 93	87 86	7112 7110	99 98		
Steel Mill Products Steel products, net shipments:																
Total (all grades)thous, sh. tons By product: Semifinished productsdo	76,654 15,456	¹ 83,840 ¹ 5,975	7,187 502	7,422 497	6,325 441	7,035 521	6,922 486	6,912 490	6,712 453	6,738 468	7,278 550	6,832 507	7,824 535	7,164 520	7,446	
Structural shapes (heavy), steel pilingdo	5,120	15,209	475	433	381	432	458	422	411	508	504	451	494	470	474	
Platesdo Rails and accessoriesdo	4,048 515	¹ 7,328 ¹ 615	632 45	43	600 41	625 47	627 45	577 39	543 42	367 36	601 44	570 49	661 60	629 53	59	
Bars and tool steel, totaldo Bars: Hot rolled (including light shapes)do	¹ 13,575 7,238	¹ 14,489	1,235 691	1,248 711	1,143 616	1,304 745	1,167 637	1,203 657	1,185 664	1,121 593	1,326 736	1,177 626	1,294	1,205 667	678	·
Bars: Reinforcingdo Bars: Cold finisheddo	¹ 4,918 1,361	¹ 5,092 1,499	418 120	410 121	418 104	432 122	411 113	424 116	404 111	418 105	443 142	421 125	461 137	407 125	425 127	
Pipe and tubingdo Wire and wire productsdo Tin mill productsdo Sheets and strip (including electrical),	3,570 1,105 3,988	4,443 1,073 4,069	411 93 342	417 109 376	350 94 321	336 92 355	319 87 322	321 92 323	291 83 321	302 67 489	302 87 288	280 86 278	362 97 356	322 97 323	354 95 363	
sheets and strip theritating electrical, totaldo Sheets: Hot rolleddo Sheets: Cold rolleddo	39,279 13,048 13,859	40,639 12,589 13,871	3,452 1,065 1,190	3,614 1,110 1,243	2,955 947 1,013	3,322 983 1,117	3,416 1,044 1,149	3,445 1,032 1,159	3,384 1,042 1,129	3,360 1,099 1,072	3,577 1,025 1,217	3,433 1,087 1,137	3,965 1,265 1,326	3,544 1,090 1,192	1,096	
By market (quarterly): Service centers and distributors	118,629	18,980	•••••	5,080			4,537			4,197 1,398			4,720 1,595	² 1,627 ² 551	² 1,624	
Construction, incl. maintenancedo Contractors' productsdo Automotivedo	5,619 2,701 111,135	6,014 2,815 12,078	·····	1,559 714 3,193			691 2,901			681 3.046			673 3,235	² 227 ² 1,015	21.064	
Rail transportation	734 2,096	1,116 2,587	•••••	346 648			176 598	•••••		270 601	••••••		296 617	² 97 ² 200	2109	
Containers, packaging, ship. materialsdo Otherdo	4,371 131,337	4,423 36,011		1,146 9,003			1,121 8,790			1,168 8,944			1,016 9,810	² 349 ² 3,098	² 386 ² 3,215	
Producing steel mills, inventory, end of period: Totalmil. sh. tons	11.8	13.1	12.7	12.1	12.9	12.7	12.9	13.0	13.1	13.1	13.1	13.1	13.0	13.4		,,,,,
Steel in process	6.7 4.6	7.9 5.2	7.5 5.2	7.2 4.9	7.7 5.2	7.6 5.1	7.7 5.2	7.8 5.2	7.8 5.3	7.9 5.2	7.9 5.2	7.8 5.3	7.7 5.8	7.9 5.5		
of periodmil. sh. tons NONFERROUS METALS AND PRODUCTS	6.4	6.5	7.0	7.1	7.1	7.2	6.9	6.7	6.6	6.5	6.6	6.7	6.8	6.9		
Aluminum: Production, primary (dom. and foreign ores)				:												
thous. met. tons Recovery from scrap †do	3,343 11,986	3,946 1,953	336 157	323 158	334 160	333 170	327 167	339 177	332 163	344 156	346 167	312 157	347 182	334 174		
Imports: Metal and alloys, crudedo Plates, sheets, bars, etcdo	41,250.1 410.3	⊶1,030.6 ⊶388.5	≈92.0 ≈29.8	°⁴80.5 °⁴32.5	°⁴79.5 °⁴40.6	≈80.0 ≈28.4	≈92.3 ≈29.8	⁴81.9 ⁴29.6	≈82.0 ≈28.4	°⁴54.9 °⁴26.8	³99.4 ³35.6	78.6 24.4	83.3 31.6	·		
Exports: Metal and alloys, crudedo Plates, sheets, bars, etcdo	≈ 281.1 ≈ 258.1	° 400.1 ° 342.5	°434.4 °433.3	⊶43.3 ⊶29.0	°⁴41.6 °⁴24.6	⊶44.2 ⊶32.3	≈39.0 ≈32.0	≈25.6 ≈31.0	^{c4} 47.5 ^{c4} 24.0	≈51.3 ≈31.4	³34.8 ³20.7	41.8 35.8	40.2 43.1			
Price, U.S. market, 99.7% purity, monthly average	.7230	1.1009	1.1448	1.2627	1.2225	1.2439	1.1138	1.0472	1.0735	1.1000	1.0772	.9958	.9578	9638	.9780	.8766
Aluminum products: Shipments:									-4 000				*1 050	1 050		
Ingot and mill prod. (net ship.)mil. lb Mill products, totaldodo Sheet and platedodo	15,584 12,234 7,379	715,453 712,273 77,384	71,331 71,064 7646	71,416 71,108 7665	71,214 7994 7617	*1,357 *1,089 *672	71,334 71,061 7636	71,293 71,029 7604	71,322 7979 7577	71,155 7911 7566	1,273 1,003 681	1,242 1,006 630	71,358 71,199 7774	1,258 1,059 657	Ĺ	
Castingsdo Inventories, total (ingot, mill products, and scrap), end of periodmil. lb	2,282 4,175	2,429 '4,151	221 *4,844	225 74,215	146 *4,235	198 74,175	209 r4,175	221 *4,134	220 r4,119	186 4,151	231 4,189	219 4,163	235 74,160	214 4,255		
Copper: Production:	Ì														:	
Mine, recoverable copperthous. met. tons Refined from primary materialsdo Electrolytically refined:	1,255.9 1,146.1	1,437.1 1,448.2	121.2 120.6		116.5 121.3	129.1 123.9	121.6 113.8	125.5 120.9	123.8 128.4	130.2 128.6	126.9 122.9	121.1 118.9	ì			
From domestic ores @do	988.1	1,220.2	102.0	ļ	102.9	103.8	93.5	99.5 21.4	107.4 21.0	106.8 21.7	101.4 21.5	99.2	107.6			
Electrowon	158.0 414.7	228.0 442.3	18.6 37.2	18.3 36.9	18.4 29.7	20.1 37.1	39.3	36.0	36.8	40.0	36.5	19.7 39.7				
Refined, unrefined, scrap (copper cont.)dodo	657.3 515.6	626.1 390.4	48.0 25.9		33.4 22.3	46.4 27.7	42.4 25.7	62.1 44.2	59.4 39.2	44.0 20.2	³40.8 ³32.7	33.0 24.8				
Exports: Refined and scrapdododo	454.8 17.9	707.7 66.5	67.1 7.7	77.6 9.5		54.1 4.4	111.3 14.3	48.6 2.3	56.1 4.0	54.5 4.5	³32.5 ³6.2	41.0 4.8				
Consumption, refined (reported by mills, etc.)	2,152	2,264	195		153	199	192	201	196	184	188	183	189			i
Stocks, refined, end of period \(\int \)	113	98	115	92	105	102	91	1.3805	1.5232	98 1.6127	1.5777	103	105			
φ per io	.0249	1.2001	1.0407	1.1420	1.1400	2.0140	1.1012	1.0000	1.0202	1.0121	*.0111	1,4041	1.4040		7	1

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Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1986 and units methodological notes are as shown in Business Statistics: 1986	1987	ual 1988	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	9 Apr.	May	June
			METAI	LS AND	MANU	JFACT	URES—	Contin	ued		,					
NONFERROUS METALS AND																
PRODUCTS—Continued Copper-base mill and foundry products, shipments (quarterly total):																
Brass mill productsmil. lb Copper wire mill products (copper content)do Brass and bronze foundry productsdo	2,624 1,922 528															
Lead: Production: Mine, recoverable leadthous. met. tons. Recovered from scrap (lead cont.)do	311.3 ¹ 710.2	384.6 697.9	30.3 52.2	32.5 59.4	30.4 55.3	36.3 56.3	33.1 60.7	34.4 61.8	31.1 61.6	31.8 59.7	33.3 62.1	31.0 58.6	34.4 767.5	64.1		
Imports, ore (lead content)dodo	240.3 1,230.4	256.6 ^{r1} 1,230.7	20.8 104.3	8.7 103.1	25.3 91.6	21.7 100.9	23.3 101.7	21.3 109.3	$\frac{23.5}{103.0}$	19.1 94.6	³17.2 104.7	8.6 98.3	7.3 7101.2	6.5 98.7		
Stocks, end of period: Producers', ore, base bullion, and in process (lead content), ABMSthous. met. tons. Refiners' (primary), refined and antimonial	59.2	66.9	57.8	60.8	58.9	73.0	79.9	70.8	68.7	66.9	60.1	55.2	57.8	54.9	63.6	67.3
(lead content)thous. met. tons Consumers' (lead content) ♦do	21.6 88.6	15.4 65.2	24.1 55.6	15.0 59.4	14.7 63.3	6.0 58.6	4.6 62.2	10.6 59.4	11.9 60.7	15.4 67.6	26.0 68.4	33.0 68.1	39.1 72.1	37.5 68.2		
Scrap (lead-base, purchased), all smelters (gross weight)thous. met. tons Price, common grade, delivered @@\$ per lb Tin:	24.0 .3594	21.4 .3714	16.2 .3457	16.3 .3630	16.4 .3650	19.9 .3652	23.7 .3841	21.8 .8915	19.6 .4138	19.9 .4202	17.7 .4017	16.8 .3701	17.3 .3507	15.3 .3502		·····
Imports (for consumption): Ore (tin content)metric tons Metal, unwrought, unalloyeddo Recovery from scrap, total (tin cont.)do	2,967 41,151 15,793	2,837 43,493 17,053	3,419 919	4,042 984	4,379 771	4,602 693	1,105 3,249 712	443 4,372 821	4,328 703	130 3,695 561	(3) 33,614 598	149 2,114 649	2,839 7686	629		
As metal .do Consumption, total .do Primary .do Exports (metal) do	11,151 153,100 39,800 1,701	11,174 61,100 48,400 1,573	96 5,300 4,200 108	98 5,600 4,500	5,300 4,200 89	96 5,300 4,200 204	96 5,500 4,400	96 5,600 4,500	96 4,900 3,800 94	4,900 3,800 45	4,800 3,700 362	47, 4,700 3,700 162	74,300 73,300 204	47 4,600 3,500		
Stocks, pig (industrial), end of perioddo Price, Straits quality (delivered)\$ per lb.	4,428 4.1878	5,480 4.4142	6,128	6,456 4,3984	5,665 4.4611	4,350 4.5770	4,171	4,371 4.5462	4,781 4.5767	4,943 4.6029	4,242 4.6435	3,894 4.9165	74,320 5.4309	3,865		
Zinc: Mine prod., recoverable zincthous. met. tons. Imports: Ores (zinc content)dodo. Metal (slab, blocks)dodo.	¹ 217.0 425.5 705.9	242.1 405.7 740.8	22.0 37.9 84.5	22.4 24.6 57.3	18.8 48.9 55.8	21.5 35.2 4.6	19.9 35.1 61.2	19.9 30.8 63.9	19.9 32.3 64.2	19.3 27.9 47.4	22.2 3.3 374.7	20.8 1.1 52.6	23.0			
Consumption (recoverable zinc content): Oresdo Scrap, all typesdo	¹ 2.5 ¹ 303.5	2.4 270.6	.2 22.0	.2 22.0	.2 22.0	.2 22.0	.2 22.0	.2 22.0	.2 22.0	.2 22.0	.2 22.0	.2 22.0	.2 22.0			
Slab zinc: @ Production, total ‡thous. met. tons. Consumption, fabricatorsdo Exportsdo	220.5 11,052.0 1.1	194.4 1,104.0 .5	16.3 110.7 (2)	16.3 84.6 (²)	16.8 73.9 (2)	16.6 111.8	15.1 86.9	15.9 97.5	17.6 87.2 (2)	14.7 88.1 (2)	17.8 90.0 3.2	16.3 81.4	17.6 95.0	16.8	[,] 17.7	16.1
Stocks, end of period: Producers', at smelter (ABMS)	7.0 57.1 .4192	5.6 49.0	4.3 41.8 .5604	4.5 46.3 .6255	6.0 53.2 .6564	7.5 48.4	9.4 49.4	6.3 47.0 .6945	5.4 48.8 .7125	5.6 49.0 .7344	5.0 50.5 .7927	4.0 54.2 .8770	3.3 50.2 .9371	3.8 .8852	r4.1	3.6
MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT Heating, combustion, atmosphere equipment, new	10000	200.0								40.0			21.0			
orders (domestic), net, qtrly # mil. \$. Electric processing heating equipmentdo Fuel-fired processing heating equipdo	¹ 226.0 54.9 ¹ 171.1	228.2 62.7 165.5		50.5 15.7 34.8	······································		73.1 14.2 58.9			60.8 14.6 46.2					······································	
Materials handling equipment, dollar value bookings index *1982=100. Industrial supplies, machinery and equipment:	207.1	213.4	203.1	243.7	210.6	188.2	211.3	273.6	237.8	252.6						
New orders index, seas. adjusted1977=100. Industrial suppliers distribution: Sales index, seas. adjusted1977=100. Inflation index, not seas. adj. (tools, material	. 128.7 . 149.1	138.2 164.0	•	133.4 159.1	133.5 162.4	ŀ	134.9 179.7	141.0 170.1	142.7 166.7	146.5 167.6	177.2	176.2	160.0	⁷ 180.3	173.4	164.0
handling equip, valves, fittings, abrasives, fasteners, metal products, etc.)1977=100. Fluid power products shipments indexes: Hydraulic products §1985=100. Pneumatic products §	. 166.6 107 105	129	127	172.1 137 122	172.8 116 112	134	132	174.2 134 125	125	176.0 132 114	177.6 140 130	178.3 141 128	179.5 158 150	180.1 151 7129	181.0 150 148	148
Machine tools: Metal cutting type tools: Orders, new (net), total mil. \$ Domestic do Shipments, total do Domestic do	. 1,451.45 . 1,294.45 . 1,676.50 . 1,498.85	2,707.90 2,315.75 1,574.55 1,400.10	242.85 205.65 111.25 - 100.25	238.35 210.65 132.80 116.00	187.00 167.55 137.70 126.15	261.50 179.30 105.40 93.00	266.50 252.95 151.20 133.50	215.40 199.25 145.90 123.35	188.35 164.60 170.80 156.70	246.40 191.50 209.35 186.40	167.00 145.40 102.85 89.50	214.95 191.30 151.25 133.90	220.60 200.20 227.45 207.25	152.80 138.50 184.05 168.35	147.90 138.10 158.40 145.40	
Order backlog, end of period do Metal forming type tools: do Orders, new (net), total do Domestic do Shipments, total do Domestic do	672.2 667.35 536.05 647.15 537.90	1,805.5 882.95 749.35 824.55 702.20	1,252.2 81.85 73.25 68.45 57.35	1,357.8 144.45 134.60 81.25 69.25	1,410.0 67.95 53.80 53.00 43.75	78.00 73.50 48.55	1,681.4 61.70 51.65 76.35	1,751.0 46.85 40.00 66.25	90.65 66.25 86.75 80.15	70.05 60.20 83.20 64.30	1,869.7 63.85 56.60 49.35 42.20	1,933.4 67.00 57.05 77.55 66.40	1,926.6 69.90 58.20 79.20 67.00		1,884.8 57.35 49.85 82.35 74.10	
Order backlog, end of perioddo See footnotes at end of tables.	327.3		321.4	384.6	399.6					385.7	400.2			404.6	379.6	

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes	·Anr	ıual	i -			19	88						199	89		
below, data through 1986 and methodological notes are as shown in Business Statistics: 1986	1987	1988	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
			METAI	LS ANI) MANI	JFACT	URES	-Contin	ued							
MACHINERY AND																1
EQUIPMENT—Continued Tractors used in construction, shipments, qtrly:	į		ì l							ļ						į
Tracklaying (ex. shovel loaders) unitsmil. \$	9,668 973.8	12,240 1,178.9		3,150 323.1			2,835 282.6		•	3,446 289.6					 	
Wheel (contractors' off-highway)units	5,482	5,134		1,320			1,376			1,196						
mil. \$ Shovel loaders ‡units	415.5 62.825	418.1 63,733		106.5 17.060	1	•••••	115.2 14.944	•••••		97.5 16.339						
mil. \$	1,819.5	2,113.4		554.3			503.1			547.1						
ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT]				ļ					}	(
Batteries (autotype replacement), shipmentsthous	59,878	63,487	4,122	4,988	4,733	5,783	6,757	6,463	6,041	6,245	4,674	4,203	4,754	4,172	4,656	
Radio sets, production, total market ‡‡thous Television sets (incl. combination models), production, total market ‡‡thous	² 28,110 23,497	23,623 20,170	1,572 1,582	2,124 1,931	2,075 1,485	2,120 1,853	2,493 2,567	2,670 1,953	2,834 1,838	1,940 2,329	1,688 1,649	1,518 1,846	1,752 2,254	1,927	1,985	
Household major appliances (electrical), factory shipments (domestic and export) #thous	49,981	³ 47,070	4 016	⁷ 4,512	3,824	3,150	3,963	3,975	3,933	3,679	3,947	3,916	4,444	3 868	4,326	4,389
Air conditioners (room)dodododododododododo	3,798 4,032	34,637 3,907	4,016 708 326	835 330	405 312	198 349	111 335	129 336	126 355	215 318	352 326	546 293	846 324	3,868 718 275	748 292	718
Disposers (food waste)	4,438 12,610	4,233 10,988	324 697	. 336 789	345 746	364 770	369 1,031	387	381	343 1,161	391 1,054	380 963	414 906	335 824	336 907	324 331 788
Ranges do Refrigerators do	3,346 6,972	33,202 37,227	⁷ 251 616	7310 753	252 778	364 770 287 781	270 686	1,123 302 625	1,224 287 537	262 467	245 466	225 460	273 564	226 536	263 686	263 785
Freezers do Washers do	1,260 5,998	³1,349 ³6,190	112 515	126 546	156 460	152 589	128 584	110 533	99 508	94 440	93 553	94 510	90 539	93 457	111 533	116 572
Dryers (incl. gas)dodo Vacuum cleaners (qtrly.)do	4,637 10,417	4,601 10,652	353	r382 2,487	328	429	437 2,882	413	401	363 2,550	436	394	385 2,952	323	374	389
GAS EQUIPMENT (RESIDENTIAL)	10,411	10,002		2,401		••••••	2,002	••••••		2,000			2,002			
Furnaces, warm air, shipments thous	2,073	2,092	118	138	164	201	254	252	223	177	178	148	135	132		
Ranges, total, shipmentsdo Water heaters (storage), automatic,	2,143	32,167	168	176		193	182	203	203	191	158	156	194	163	904	
shipmentsdo	3,951	3,956	317	333	L	290	321	381	307	383	337	328	375	354	324	
	ı 1		PET	ROLE	UM, CO	AL, AN	D PRO	DUCTS	S	- 1		-				
COAL							1					}				
Anthracite: Production †thous. sh. tons	3,560	3,458	296	282	246	360	315	377	302	253	⁷ 281	7282	r337	270	276	253
Exportsthous met tons Producer Price Index1982=100	1,071 100.1	817 101.2	49) 100.2	$\frac{47}{100.1}$	71 100.3	88 100.3	177 100.8	94 100.9	50 102.3	87 103.2	459 103.3	11 103.3	50 103.5	103.1	82 103.0	103.0
Bituminous: Production †thous. sh. tons	915,202	946,304	73,981	76,443	69,176	88,175	83,196	80,799	82,925	80,260	⁷ 81,969	775,040	r88,981	77,213	82,503	78,551
Consumption, total †dodo	834,337	880,242	66,159	74,740	81,637	85,107	71,221	70,009	69,742	77,792					C 2, 000	
Electric power utilitiesdo Industrial, totaldo	716,922 111,696	756,459 117,730	56,258 9,586	65,093 9,261	71,500 9,533	75,165 9,356	61,460 9,416	59,446 10,207	59,192 10,076	66,775 10,255	66,355	62,538	61,830			
Coke plants (oven and beehive)do Residential and commercialdo	36,920 5,719	41,866 6,054	3,682 314	3,350 386	3,601 604	3,414 586	3,457 345	3,545 356	3,399 474	3,564 762						
Stocks, end of period, total †do	178,485	151,446	171,849	166,487	153,434	146,435	147,691	151,931	154,919	151,446	105 100	190.041	100 444			
Electric power utilitiesdodododododododododo	163,857 14,628 3,879	139,583 11,863 3,125	159,596 12,253	154,429 12,058	141,575 11,859	134,774 11,660	136,229 11,462	140,336 11,595	143,190 11,729	139,583 11,863	135,168	130,641	132,444			
Exportsthous. met. tons	70,438	85,282	3,855 7,091	3,757 7,256	3,460 7,461	3,164 8,367	2,868 8,948	2,953 8,072	3,039 7,476	3,125 8,089	45,659	6,106	7,542	8,186	8,701	
Producer Price Index1982=100	97.1	195.3	95.1	95.1	95.6	95.0	95.4	95.5	94.6	94.6	94.1	⁷ 93.5	93.6	94.1	94.7	94.8
COKE Production:											Í					
Beehive and oven (byproduct)thous. sh. tons Petroleum coke §do	28,037 37,380	32,405 39,766	3,357	8,112 3,274	3,326	3,343	8,195 3,179	3,276	3,338	8,251 3,471	3,505	2,931	3,201	3,200		
Stocks, end of period: Oven-coke plants, totaldo	1,064	1,583		1,140			1,271			1,583		i				
At furnace plants do At merchant plants do do do do do do do do do do do do do	846 218	1,420 163		942 198		••••••	1,107 164		······	1,420 163						
Petroleum coke ††do	1,350	1,558	1,497	1,636	1,694	1,512	1,427	1,612	1,660	1,558	1,588	1,669	1,655	1,931		
Exportsthous. met. tons PETROLEUM AND PRODUCTS	590	1,011	217	69	56	60	84	41	131	167	452	30	76	60	115	
Crude petroleum:										1						
Producer Price Index	55.5	146.2	51.5	50.6		45.0	42.6	39.3	39.2	44.3	49.7	750.3	53.6	58.6	59.8	58.4
units ††mil. bbl Refinery operating ratio ††% of capacity	4,746.1 83	4,920.6 84	422.5 86	411.1 86	427.9 86	432.2 87	400.7 84	412.8 84	400.2 84	420.2 85	418.8 86	364.3 83	407.9 84	393.9 84	•••••	
All oils, supply, demand, and stocks: †† New supply, total mil. bbl	6,089.6	6,214.6	530.0	501.0	518.3	524.8	504.1	538.4	517.5	538.1	547.7	486.4	517.6	524.8		
Production: Crude petroleumdo	3,047.4	2,975.0	254.3	244.7	249.8	250.0	237.0	247.3	239.6	247.2	245.3	219.2	235.9	232.4		
Natural gas plant liquidsdo Imports:	605.6	615.4	52.0	49.7	51.8	52.5	50.6	53.6	51.8	52.9	53.5	45.9	52.7	51.5		
Crude and unfinished oilsdo Refined productsdo	1,837.3 599.4	1,995.9 628.3	177.2 46.5	$165.5 \\ 41.0$	169.9 46.9	168.0 54.3	166.6 50.0	183.6 54.0	165.0 61.2	171.9 66.1	182.8 66.1	161.1 60.2	165.7 63.9	186.7 54.2	•••••	
Change in stocks, all oilsdo	14.9	~7.9	33.8	-1.0	1 1	-5.9	6.7	2.7	4.2	-34.8	19.9	-17.9	-32.1			
Product demand, totaldo Exports:	6,360.8	6,583.1	524.9	539.8	538.9	563.9	524.7	564.7	544.3	602.6	556.8	521.7	581.6			
Crude petroleumdo Refined productsdo	55.0 223.0	$\frac{58.1}{241.0}$	4.4 20.9	$\frac{4.2}{23.9}$	5.9 19.8	4.8 20.4	3.7 16.5	5.3 17.5	4.5 17.0	$\frac{4.1}{27.2}$	4.2 19.0	5.8 18.5	4.8 21.6	$\frac{4.2}{20.0}$		
See footnotes at end of tables.	,		. '		1	1						1	ı	l		

S-28				SURV	EY C	F CU	KKEN	LRO	SINE	55						Ju	ly 1989
Unless otherwise stated in footnotes		Annu	ıal				198	38						19:	39		
below, data through 1986 and methodological notes are as shown in Business Statistics: 1986	nits	1987	1988	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June
			PE	role	UM, CO	AL, Al	ND PRO	DUCT	S—Con	tinued							
PETROLEUM AND PRODUCTS †-Conti	inued					}				ļ		ì		į	Ì		
All oils, supply, demand, and stocks-Con	tinued														400.0		1
Domestic product demand, total #m Gasoline	do	6,082.7 2,639.1	6,284.1 2,686.6	499.6 226.4	511.6 236.1	513.2 232.7	538.6 233.7	504.5 221.3	541.9 226.7	522.8 221.7	571.3 228.3	533.6 209.4	497.4 199.1	555.1 230.8	496.8 215.4		
Kerosene	1	34.5	35.0	1.9	1.51 84.6	1.8 82.1	1.8 88.6	2.4 84.2	2.7 99.3	3.3 94.6	4.8 110.3	4.4 102.2	3.6 95.5	2.6 106.3	2.0 89.2		
Distillate fuel oil	do	1,086.4 461.5	1,136.0 486.4	85.5 29.3	33.0	36.5	39.0	33.4	39.1	43.6	54.4	49.5	47.1	47.6	42.6		
Jet fuel Lubricants	1	505.5 58.7	529.3 57.1	42.2 5.5	43.0 4.6	43.4	44.6 5.0	42.7 4.9	46.0 4.8	43.1 4.8	48.2 3.6	46.2 4.3	42.8 4.3	45.8 5.7	41.2	1	
Asphalt	do	170.3 588.3	170.8 609.9	17.0 41.9	21.6 40.3	21.0 43.9	25.0 47.0	21.1 51.1	17.9 55.4	11.7 52.6	7.0 62.9	4.3 63.6	5.6 57.1	7.1 56.2	10.8 45.2		
Stocks, end of period, total		1,607.5	1,599.6	1,611.6	1,610.6	1,626,7	1,620.7	1,627.4	1,630.1	1,634.4	1,599.6	1,619.5	1,601.6	1,569.5	1,595.9	Ĺ	
Crude petroleumStrategic petroleum reserve	do	889.6 540.6	890.8 559.5	905.7 547.9	909.1 550.1	900.7 551.3	885.3 552.1	883.1 554.7	895.6 556.0	895.7 558.7	890.8 559.5	894.8 561.5	896.6 563.9	892.5 566.2	907.4 568.0	<u> </u>	
Unfinished oils, natural gaso- line, etc	. 1	138.3	145.9	158.6	160.1	159.8	157.7	158.5	156.4	158.5	145.9	151.8	154.8	156.2		i	
Refined products	do	579.5	562.9	547.4	541.4	566.2	577.7	585.8	578.2	580.2	562.9	572.9	550.1	520.7	530.5		
Refined petroleum products: Gasoline (incl. aviation):	1																
Production	do	2,506.2 191.1	2,554.4 191.8	213.2 190.4	210.3 175.6	222.9 179.7	224.3 184.3	209.3 183.8	214.0 182.0	212.3 185.7	227.2 191.8	215.6 207.8	186.7 205.7	205.7 191.1	205.2 190.6		
Prices regular grade (excl. aviation)		~o ~	*50.0	40.0	co.7	coo	C4.4	FO 1	500	59.6	55.1	55.3	r57.4	60.6	74.5	80.1	78.0
Producer Price Index	2=100	59.5	258.2	60.9	60.7	63.2	64.4	58.1	56.6	()	55.1				l		
Leaded\$ p Unleaded	per gai	.897 .948	.900 .946	.911 .955	.910 .955	.923 .967	.945 .987	.933 .974	.910 .957	.904 .949	.885 .930	.876 .918		.907 .940	1.047 1.065		
Aviation gasoline: Productionn	nil. bbl	9.1	9.2	.9	.8	1.0	1.0	.8	.8	.6	.8	.6	.6	7	.6	}	
Stocks, end of period Kerosene:	do	2.3	2.1	2.0	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.9		i	2.1	2.0	1	1			
ProductionStocks, end of period	do	28.7 8.4	28.7 7.3	1.5 5.6	1.6 6.0	2.0 6.2	2.5 7.1	2.3 7.5	2.5 8.0	3.0 8.1	$\frac{3.1}{7.3}$	3.4 7.3	2.0 5.9		2.0 5.8		
Producer Price Index (light distillate)198		54.1	²51.6	53.7	53.0	51.0	50.0	49.2	ļ		50.4	l .		55.6	58.3	58.3	55.4
Distillate fuel oil: Productionn	1	996.6	1,046.9	90.9	86.8	86.3	88.2	1	87.7	87.1	95.1	92.2	1	Į.	83.6	1	
Imports	do	93.2	103.2	7.1	6.3 110.7	6.4	8.4 125.2	8.7	10.1	9.2		10.2	9.0	13.6	9.0		
Stocks, end of period Producer Price Index (middle	- 1	134.5	123.5	104.5	(119.4			(1	S	}	!		i	1
distillate)	1	55.5	²49.5	54.3	50.6	46.9	46.8			1	l					l	
Productionn Imports	do	323.2 206.1	339.6 217.0	26.8 13.1	26.4 10.5	28.3 13.5	26.8 16.0	17.0	16.2	22.9	33.1 29.2	29.4 27.2	24.2	21.8	20.4	ı İ	
Stocks, end of period	do	47.4 53.1	44.5 241.1	45.7 42.6	42.1 43.7	41.1 40.4	37.8 39.6	44.2 40.4		45.1	44.5 40.0	47.0 42.1					4 51.2
Jet fuel:					Ì]			40.0		45.0	46.6	39.4	43.8	38.1	.]	}
Productionn Stocks, end of period	nıl. bbl do	490.1 49.9	501.3 43.7	39.9 46.8	40.2 45.7	42.3 47.0	41.7 46.8	41.3 46.8									
Lubricants: Production	do	60.9	62.5	5.6	5.5	5.2	5.3	4.3	5.2	5.0	5.0	5.4	4.6	5.2	4.6		
Stocks, end of period	do	13.3		13.8			13.6										
Asphalt: Production	do	158.4	162.1	15.3	17.5	18.6	20.1		15.7		8.5	8.4			10.5	5	
Stocks, end of period	do	18.8	20.8	30.1	27.0	25.6	21.9	19.6	18.6	18.7	20.8	25.6	3 29.1	32.6	33.1	+	
Liquefied petroleum gases: Production, total	do	638.2	662.4	56.1	54.1	56.7	57.3	55.1	57.9	54.9	56.1	58.2	50.2	58.9	58.5		
At gas processing plants (L.P.G.)	do	474.5	481.2	40.9			40.4										
At refineries (L.R.G.)Stocks (at plants and refineries)	dol	163.7 97.1	181.2 98.9	15.2 90.0		16.6 111.9	16.9 120.6								3 17.9 83.8		
		•		PUL	P, PAF	ER, AN	D PAP	ER PR	ODUC'	rs							
PULPWOOD			1	[1				
Receiptsthous. cords (12)	8 cu.ft.)	194,312		7,611								8,440	7,748	8,03	7,858		
Consumption	do do	193,946 5,096		7,650 4,420		7,901 4,232	7,951 4,325	7,956	7,908 4,726	3 7,887 3 4,790	8,198 4,888	8,358 4,861	7,837 1 4,701	8,169 1 4,490			
WASTE PAPER			}	'-		'				1			}				
Consumptionthous	sh. tons	¹ 17,993	r ¹ 18,860	1,611	1,565	1,525	1,626	1,55	1,597		71,520	71,572		71,61	1,550	<u></u>	
Inventories, end of period	do	902	71,029	897	908	905	971	1,05	7 1,022	2 1,058	71,029	71,008	90.	1,01	1,02	,	
WOODPULP Production:				Į.		1					}	1		}		}	Í
Total thous s		¹ 59,552 1,312		5,004 113	4,949		5,265 119	5,00	7 5,079 5 99			2 5,466 7 127		75,30° 2 14	7 5,193 2 100	3 6	
Paper grades chemical pulp Groundwood and thermo-	do	48,293				4,241	4,272	4,04	4,100						4,209	á	
mechanical	do	5,702							3 513 4 36				0 43 7 34		2 513	2 6	
Semi-chemical	0 <i>a.</i>	4,246	4,358	373	549	308	31.	45	1 56	, 308			İ				
Producers' own-use Producers' market		170 224							8 16 27						9 19 9 30	0 5	
Consumers' purchased	do	. 529	7622	51:	3 53	1 548	63	4 62	8 58	3 591	1 62	2 596	60	8 759	2 59	Ğ	
Exports, all grades, totalthous. m Dissolving and special alpha	do	4,579 627	7∖ 78€	5.	5 9:	2 51	5	7 7	3 6	7 60	8	1 350	0 6	3			
All other	do	. 14,100	1 '	1	ł	1	1				,						
Imports, all grades, total Dissolving and special alpha	do	. 4,512	7 124	1	6 1	2(2	2 1	5 1	0	4 1	5 1	6 32	3 1	4			
All other	ob	. 4,444	1 4,38	37	0 36	5 376	3 40	3 33	39	2 37:	1 26	9 349	4 34	٠,			

			BUIL	A TO I			11 DO	DILLER	<u> </u>							5-20
Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1986 and methodological notes are as shown in Business Statistics: 1986	Ann 1987	ual 1988	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
		PUI	LP, PAI	PER, Al	ND PAF	PER PR	ODUCI	rs—Co	ntinued							
PAPER AND PAPER PRODUCTS																
Paper and board:	ļ															
Production (API): thous. sh. tons. Total	7174,440 736,995 37,445	776,557 738,450 38,107	6,440 3,176 3,264	6,317 3,165 3,152	6,271 3,090 3,181	6,607 3,323 3,284	6,346 3,219 3,127	6,466 3,264 3,203	6,222 3,165 3,056	6,296 3,140 3,155	76,582 73,297 3,285	75,985 72,989 72,996	76,651 73,361 73,289	76,200 73,050 73,150	6,421 3,155 3,265	
Producer Price Indexes: Paperboard	118.1 111.2	133.2 113.3	133.4 113.4	134.0 114.2	134.3 113.9	134.5 112.7	136.2 112.5	136.4 112.5	136.5 112.7	136.5 113.3	137.7 112.9	138.7 113.8	141.6 114.2	143.8 115.1	143.5 115.5	
Selected types of paper (API): Groundwood paper, uncoated:	•							ļ								
Orders, newthous. sh. tons. Orders, unfilled, end of perioddo Shipmentsdo	"1,542 "166 "1,498	^{r1} 1,654 ^r 210 ^{r1} 1,624	152 179 135	122 188 120	131 177 134	136 171 147	143 173 141	145 168 147	113 145 130	177 ⁷ 210 125	140 182 148	'127 '180 '133	7163 7204 7147	7134 7182 7149	146 189 142	
Coated paper: Orders, new	¹ 7,066 708 6,860	^{r1} 7,404 ^r 721 ^r 7,359	620 678 601	612 688 617	662 746 594	641 756 648	584 729 606	666 749 625	575 729 606	570 722 573	588 678 633	7561 696 7550	r599 r701 r604	r505 r647 r544	608 676 577	
Uncoated free sheet papers: Orders, newdo Shipmentsdo	^{r1} 11,173 ^{r1} 11,206	^{r1} 11,314 ^{r1} 11,494	921 941	965 953	909 920	953 1,001	927 973	937 965	880 943	989 948	⁷ 931 7976	⁷ 884 ⁷ 912	71,015 71,021	⁷ 866 ⁷ 919	863 954	
Unbleached kraft packaging and industrial converting papers: Shipmentsthous. sh. tons	13,081	¹ 3,038	236	244	240	250	261	248	254	258	^r 272	⁷ 235	⁷ 264	^r 218	229	I
Tissue paper, productiondo Newsprint:	¹ 5,301	15,476	461	454	452	471	458	476	445	450	466	437	7503	⁷ 451	474	
Canada: Productionthous. metric tons. Shipments from millsdodo Inventory, end of perioddo	9,669 9,757 189	9,969 9,867 291	860 856 363	799 851 311	827 794 343	846 847 342	790 830 301	865 803 364	837 845 356	809 874 291	850 763 378	777 731 425	806 814 418	814 785 446	838 851 434	
United States: Productiondodo	5,300 5,310	5,427 5,415	466 463	445 449	436 431	461 459	446 447	461 461	448 456	464 475	460 437	404 412	469 462	449 442	458 462	
Inventory, end of perioddo Estimated consumption, all	36	48	63	59	65	67	67	67	59	48	71	64	70	78	73	
users \(\)do Publishers' stocks, end of period # thous metric tons	12,322	12,336	1,058	997	968	995	1,047	1,135	1,094	1,037	963	935	⁷ 1,054	r1,056	1,043	
thous. mente tons	900 8,142	932 7,794	952 695	990 649	973 660	1,007 663	1,004 673	936 638	898 641	933 489	936 31,351	925 568	889	850	838	•
Importsdo Producer Price Index, standard newsprint	112.3	127.6	127.9	127.9	127.8	127.7	127.8	127.7	127.5	126.6	126.5	r126.0	128.3	128.2	124.1	123.4
Paper products:	112.0	121.0	141.5	121,5	121.0	121.1	141.0	121.1	121.0	120.0	120.5	120.0	120.0	120.2	124.1	125.4
Shipping containers, corrugated and solid fiber shipmentsmil. sq. ft. surf. area	297,827	307,457	⁷ 25,036	r25,920	24,470	26,878	26,059	27,797	24,876	23,467	26,444	24,086	26,755	26,367	26,734	26,391
			RU	BBER	AND R	UBBEI	R PROI	OUCTS							1	
RUBBER				!								,				}
Natural rubber: Consumptionthous. metric tons	775.82	r858.28	r68.70	⁷ 66.20	r53.54	r80.57	r64.60	^r 74.53	775.39	775.22	88.81	50.26	90.61			ļ
Stocks, end of perioddododododo	72.46 757.60	61.74 853.82	72.94 67.24	71.56 64.85		71.18 83.25	63.93 59.12	57.92 69.31	58.43 77.43	61.74 74.73	71.11 344.34	67.51 23.29	77.03	 		
U.S. Import Price Index †	115.7	147.7		175.8			149.9			132.7	ļ		135.1			106.0
Synthetic rubber: Productionthous. metric tons	2,184.12	2,324.86	205.40	197.36	187.36	200.36	189.61	193.15	201.86	188.76	205.06	178.15	204.08	ļ		
Consumptiondo	2,017.31 229.72	2,009.64 276.62	172.08 246.18	166.30 249.56	160.91	171.10 259.87	162.45 258.61	170.58 259.03	180.53 *258.20	150.50 276.62	187.65 286.41	181.62 284.46	201.96 291.43			
Exports (Bu. of Census)do	429.40	459.98	40.43	41.12		1	38.62	37.18	36.25	32.12	³18.93	20.38	251.40			
TIRES AND TUBES																
Preductionthousthous	¹ 202,978	¹ 211,351	17,403	17,941	15,022	18,058	18,115	19,138	17,258	16,102	18,944	18,102	19,670	19,224	<u> </u>	
Shipments, totaldo	255,220	264,811	22,539	24,764	20,101	24,002	23,738	24,312	22,622	20,635	21,466	19,613	22,166	22,375		
Original equipmentdo Replacement equipmentdo Exportsdo	60,758 186,406	62,932 189,212	6,010 15,559 970	5,718 18,055	3,526 15,783	4,844 18,042	5,556 17,118	5,672 17,476	5,529 16,103 989	4,934 14,708	5,485 14,576	5,348 12,886	5,569 15,008	5,770 15,221		
Exportsdo Stocks, end of perioddo	8,056 34,338	12,666 33,191	970 40,159	992 37,976	793 37,355	1,116 36,064	1,064 34,771	1,163 34,074	989 33,434	993 33,191	1,405 35,186	1,377 37,884	1,588 40,552	1,384 42,791	1	
Exports (Bu. of Census)do	9,580	16,149	1,380	1,157	995	1,348	1,420	1,400	1,322	1,314	³1,903	1,373				
Inner tubes: Exports (Bu. of Census)do	1,518	1,712	161	113	162	130	149	182	144	132	³243	122				

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes		Anr	nual			JF CU	198							198	9		ıy 190
below, data through 1986 and methodological notes are as shown in Business Statistics: 1986	Units	1987	1988	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
				STO	NE, CL	AY, AN	D GLA	SS PRO	DUCT	<u> </u>				···········			
PORTLAND CEMENT																	
Shipments, finished cement	.thous. bbl	¹ 480,410	1480,314	45,356	50,117	43,803	49,564	47,580	47,250	39,750	32,505	27,176	23,133	33,782	39,261	44,585	
CLAY CONSTRUCTION PRODU	CTS		, i				.										
Shipments:								1		}							
Brick, unglazed (common and face) mil. stand	dard brick	7,600.5	7,807.8	716.8	777.1	682.1	751.0	714.1	752.6	617.3	516.0	500.4	429.9	605.3	569.2	635.9	
Structural tile, except facingthou	ıs. sh. tons	(2)	58.1	5.1	5.3	5.3	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	(2)	(2) 25 0	
Sewer pipe and fittings, vitrified Floor and wall tile and accessories, gl	azed	316.9	316.3	27.5	34.1	31.2	36.6	27.7	26.2	22.2	15.6	18.4	14.3	19.1	24.8	25.8	
and unglazed Producer Price Index, brick and structu	•	478.9	488.2	41.3	44.3	36.8	42.2	42.0	41.3	40.5	40.0	39.3	42.4	47.9	41.5	46.2	
clay tile	12/84=100	108.2	110.9	110.9	111.1	111.1	111.1	111.1	111.0	111.2	111.2	111.6	⁷ 111.6	111.7	111.9	111.7	11
GLASS AND GLASS PRODUC	TS																
"lat glass, mfrs.' shipments	thous. \$	1,457,587	1,484,949		369,275			380,269			383,612			439,968			
Hass containers: Production †tl	hous ornes	285,030	280,102	25,027	24,789	25,475	25,225	22,586	25,457	20,993	17,009	22,237	22,352	25,482	23,837	25,388	
Shipments, total †		281,636		24,834	25,764	24,387	25,598	23,196	22,882	20,344	19,431	21,944	20,936	24,178	24,831	25,467	
Narrow-neck containers: Food †	do	27,252	25,137	2,532	2,367	2,167	2,828	2,349	1,748	1,511	1,327	1,605	1,668	1,852	71,939	2.010	
Beverage	do	62,434 85,357	61,325 86,299	5,617 8,142	6,342 7,546	5,896	5,968 7,482	5,129 6,943	4,775 7,332	4,216 6,602	4,306 6,403	4,528 7,390	4,304 6,767	5,201 7,767	76,114 7,940	6,254 7,917	
Liquor and wine †		28,382		2,518	2,718	7,741 2,533	2,338	1,846	1,960	1,798	1,715	1,959	1,883	2,113	2,154	2,379	
Wide-mouth containers: Food and dairy products	do	62,673	65,885	5,091	5,874	5,324	6,121	6,013	6,153	5,294	4,828	5,635	5,402	6,351	5,810	5,948	
Narrow-neck and wide-mouth conta		02,010	00,000	0,051	0,014	0,024	0,121	0,018	0,135	0,204	4,020	5,005	0,402	0,001	0,010	0,040	
Medicinal and toilet		14,167	9,772	879	850	674	786	825	829	814	753	727	796	768	752	879	
dustrial		1,371	1,013	55	67	52	75	91	85	109	99	100	116	126	122	80	Į.
Stocks, end of period †	do	41,926	42,426	44,970	43,614	44,466	43,544	42,466	44,835	45,150	42,426	42,807	44,078	49,628	44,423	45,124	
GYPSUM AND PRODUCTS																l	
Production: Crude gypsum (exc. byproduct)thou	ıs. sh. tons	115,612	15,100	1,231	1,291	1,203	1,059	1,521	1,429	1,279	1,460	1,090	1,160	1,130	1,100		
Calcined		117,592	1 ' 1	1,327	1,277	1,340	1,458	1,444	1,760	1,385	1,330	1,400	1,300	1,570	1,450		
Imports, crude gypsum Sales of gypsum products:	do	9,717	9,680	685	878	804	775	760	850	915	875			758		 	
Uncalcined	do	¹ 6,324	5,313	415	632	444	417	462	533	460	564	365	380	418	413		
Calcined: Industrial plasters	do	¹ 496	150	11	. 11	12	10	11	13	12	13	(4)					
Building plasters, total (incl. Keene's cement)		1280		20	19	19	221	19	19	18	16	431	29	731	(2)		
Board products, total		120,507		1,667	1,683	1,698	1,914	1,766	1,897	1,699	1,641	1,700	1,644		1,698	i	
Lath	do	23	20	2	2	1	2	1	2	2	1	1	2	2	2		
Veneer base	do do	¹ 479 ¹ 313		40 25	39 26	37 23	44 26	40 24	40 26	40 18	37 30	40 20	39 18	42 22	43 22		
Regular gypsum board	do	113,920		998	992	1,027	1,143	1,057	1,139	1,043	1,005	1,027	1,010	1,134	997		
Type X gypsum board		¹ 4,489 ¹ 128		462 9	474 11	479 10	549 11	499 10	541 9	468 10	453 10	484 10	460	542 10	500 9		
5/16 mobile home board	do	¹ 598	828	77	74	69	79 60	79	80	65	53 53	61	51	62	67 58		
water/moisture resistant board	ao	1557	009	53	66			56	59	55	55	56	55	01	36		1
					TI	EXTILE	PROL	octs					_				Г
FABRIC				}	}								i			İ	
Woven fabric, finishing plants: Production (finished fabric)mi	l. linear yd	ļ		ļ			,,,,,,,						ļ				
Cotton	do							l								L	
Inventories held at end of period	do																
Cotton	do									ļ						<u> </u>	
Backlog of finishing orders	do																
Cotton	do do																
COTTON AND MANUFACTUR				\]
Cotton (excluding linters):				ļ						-						ĺ	
Production: Ginnings &thous. run	ning hales	14,359	14,986	l		136	804	2,277	6,888	11,698	14,276]	Ì			L	<u> </u>
Crop estimatethous. net wei	ight bales §	14,760				100	14,934	14,709	14,714	14,837	15,197					ļ	
Consumptionthous. rur Stocks in the United States, total, en	nning bales.	7,446	7,294	551	³662	433	563	³ 676	454	509	³ 554	554	570	3734	611	631	3
period #thous. rui	nning bales.	13,722 13,722	16,062	7,707	6,567	5,723	18,973	18,122	17,755		16,062	14,809	13,705	12,349	10,683	9,951	
Domestic cotton, total	do	2,525	1,957	7,707 968	6,567	5,723 300	18,973 13,974	18,122 12,487	17,755 8,975	4.838	16,062 1,957	14,809 1,081	13,705 1,026	993		1,076	
Public storage and compresses Consuming establishments	do	10,555 642	13,524	5,987 752	5,073	4,714	4,348	5,027 608	8,210	11.722	13,524	13,141 587	12,048 631	10,734	9,353	8,229	
See footnotes at end of tables.		1 042	1 561	I 192	100	'09	1 001	000	310	555	551	l ⁵⁶¹	001	022	020	040	1

	,		~~~				11 100	~				<u> </u>				
Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1986 and methodological notes are as shown in Business Statistics: 1986	Anr 1987	1988	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
			т	EXTIL	E PROI	DUCTS	Conti	nued								
COTTON AND MANUFACTURES—Cont.							_									
Cotton (excluding linters)—Continued Exportsthous. running bales	5,683	5,649	488	523	303	249	249	224	379	632	6448	684	619	610	672	
Importsthous. net-weight bales § Price(farm), American upland ◊cents per lb	0,000 2 13 63.7	1 1 54.8	58.3	62.0	59.5	753.9	(1) 751.9	(1) 754,1	56.5	(1) 755.4	53.9	(1) 52.9	56.3	58.9	r58.8	P59.1
Price, Strict Low Middling, Grade 41, staple 34 (11/18"), average 10 marketscents per lb	352.6	64.4	61.6	62.9		55.2	51.3	52.2	53.4	54.8	55.6	55.4	57.6	61.4	63.7	64.1
Spindle activity (cotton system spindles): Active spindles, last working																
day, totalmil Consuming 100 percent cottondodo	11.6 4.6	11.5 4.4	15.7 4.6	11.7 4.6	11.7 4.6	11.6 4.6	11.5 4.4	11.5 4.3	11.4 4.3	11.5 4.4	11.3 4.3	11.2 4.2	11.1 4.3	11.1 4.3	4.4	4.3
Spindle hours operated, all fibers totalbil	82.9	78.1	6.5	47.8	5.0	6.0	47.5	6.0	6.0	46.3	5.8	5.9	47.2	5.8		
Average per working day dododo		.302 28.9	.324 2.4	.313 42.9	.252 1.8	.299 2.2	.301 12.7	.299 2.1	.300 2.2	.251 42.2	.288 2.1	.293 2.2	.289 12.6	$\begin{array}{c} .291 \\ 2.2 \end{array}$	2.3	12.8
Cotton cloth: Cotton broadwoven goods over 12" in width:																
Production (qtrly.)mil. sq. yd Orders, unfilled, end of period, compared	4,772	r4,518		1,208			1,048			r1,029			1,143			
with average weekly production no. weeks' prod. Inventories, end of period, compared with											L					
avg. weekly productionno. weeks' prod Ratio of stocks to unfilled orders (at cotton																
mills), end of period Exports, raw cotton equivalent				•••••												
thous, net-weight bales § Imports, raw cotton equivalentdo	. 260.0 1,617.2	250.4 1,146.8	19.3 90.4	20.4 87.3	16.8 86.0	19.3 91.6	25.0 87.2	20.5 92.9	22.8 94.5	$25.4 \\ 109.4$						
Producer Price Index, gray cotton broadwovens1982=100	105.2	⁵ 114.4	116.2	116.1	115.9	115.6	114.8	111.9	112.5	112.3	112.4	r111.3	110.7	111.0	110.8	110.0
MANMADE FIBERS AND MANUFACTURES																
Fiber production, qtrly: Acetate filament yarnnil. lb	191.1	213.9		54.4			54.9			55.5			52.7			
Rayon staple, including towdo Noncellulosic, except textile glass:	. 413.8	399.8		101.2			99.4			92.6	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		100.8		•••••	
Yarn and monofilaments do Staple, incl. tow do do do do do do do do do do do do do	4,009.7 4,306.2	4,160.4 4,345.6		1,062.4 1,100.8						1,055.1 1,124.5			1,058.0 1,103.6			
Textile glass fiberdo Fiber stocks, producers', end of period:	•					••••		•••••								
Acetate filament yarn mil. lb. Rayon staple, including tow do do	14.2	11.4 14.0		12.4 13.4			11.5 13.3			11.4 14.0			11.3 11.7			
Noncellulosic fiber, except textile glass: Yarn and monofilamentsdo Staple, incl. towdo	. 298.4 319.6	284.4 298.4	••••	313.1			317.0			284.4 298.4			299.2 311.2			
Textile glass fiberdo	. 515.0	296.4		344.9			329.0			298.4						
Manmade fiber and silk broadwoven fabrics: Production (qtrly.), totalmil. sq. yd Filament yarn (100%) fabricsdodo																
Chiefly rayon and/or acetate fabricsdodo		·····		••••••			***************************************	***************************************							***************************************	
Chiefly nylon fabricsdo Spun yarn (100%) fabricsdo	.1			·····												
Rayon and/or acetate fab- rics, blendsdo																
Polyester blends with cottondo Acetate filament and spun yarn fabricsdodo	1							***************************************								
Producer Price Index, gray synthetic																
broadwovens1982=100 Manmade fiber textile trade:	. 105.6	⁵ 112.7	112.2	113.0		113.8	113.0	113.5	113.9	114.6	114.3	7112.0	112.1	112.3	112.1	113.1
Exports, manmade fiber equivalentmil. lbs. Yarn, tops, thread, clothdodo	. 260.31	684.75 282.19	64.49 22.09	56.85 23.10		57.52 23.77	59.97 23.95	56.74 22.20	56.77 23.63	59.98 27.32						
Cloth, wovendodododo	. 152.65	169.31 402.56	13.48	12.89	!	14.25	14.86	14.22	14.88	15.64 32.66					,	***************************************
Imports, manmade fiber equivalentdo	1,805,44	1,735.70	148.77	33.75 171.32	169.91	33.75 174.37	36.02 146.03	34.54 144.23	33.14 132.03	123.37						
Yarn, tops, thread, clothdodo Cloth, wovendo Manufactured products, apparel,	280.00 182.52	258.18 179.23	23.40 16.54	24.73 17.95	23.00 15.98	22.66 16.43	18.73 12.64	22.20 15.66	20.44 13.64	18.60 12.47						
furnishingsdodododododododododododo	. 1,525.44 1,033.22	1,477.52 991.03	125.36 83.24	146.58 103.25	146.90 104.81	151.71 106.93	127.30 87.26	122.03 81.86	$\frac{111.59}{71.62}$	104.77 65.71						
Knit appareldo	485.36	443.03	38.50	50.58	52.37	53.64	43.30	40.44	32.72	26.73						
WOOL AND MANUFACTURES Wool consumption, mill (clean basis):																
Apparel class mil lb Carpet class do	. 13.1	'117.1 '15.6	78.7 1.3	*12.1 *1.2	79.1 1.1	78.8 71.6	~9.5 11.7	79.2 1.0	78.3 1.0	*11.2 *1.0	10.6 .8 8.7	11.1	*13.7 *1.6	'10.4 1.6	9.3 1.4	
Wool imports, clean yielddododododo	. 31.1	96.7 24.4	8.6 1.9	7.4 2.4	7.7 2.3	5.0 1.9	3.3 1.9	6.7 2.2	8.6 2.0	6.7 1.3	2.1	11.3 2.9	9.0 3.8	13.1 3.2	10.3 3.1	
Wool prices, raw, shorn, clean basis, delivered to U.S. mills: Domestic—Graded territory, 64's, staple 234"		٠,				Ì						}				
and updollars per lb Australian, 64's, Type 62, duty-paiddo.	2.65 3.24	4.38 4.87	4.63 5.64	4.60 5.13		4.50 4.67	4.50 4.61	4.63 4.88	4.75 4.72	4.50 4.75	4.50 5.11	4.38 4.84	4.10 4.54	3.75 4.29	3.75 4.14	3.65 4.03
Wool broadwoven goods, exc. felts: Production (qtrly.)mil. sq. yd	168.9	7191.2	0.01	53.0		4.01	43.0	4.00	4.12	744.7	0.11		46.6			
FLOOR COVERINGS																
Carpet, rugs, carpeting (woven, tufted, other), shipments, quarterly #mil. sq. yds	. 1,263.2	1,273.3	ļ	339.0			329.1			304.3			310.0			
APPAREL													}			
Women's, misses', juniors' apparel cuttings: † Coatsthous. units	23,982	18,845	 	5,188			5,273			4,663						ļ
Dressesdo Suits (incl. pant suits, jumpsuits)do Skirtsdo	174,982 7,458 111,162	161,116 8,977		42,582 2,488 26,064	ļ		36,124 2,489			37,138 2,081						
Slacks, jeans, dungarees, and jean-cut casual slacksdo	294,791	96,379 278,567		71,065			72,112			20,697 71,291						
Blousesthous. dozen	30,595		ļ	9,010			7,770			7,799						
See footnotes at end of tables.																

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes	Ann	ual l				198				· I			198			
below, data through 1986 and methodological notes are as shown in Business Statistics: 1986	1987	1988	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oet.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
			T	EXTIL	E PROI	OUCTS-	–Conti	nued								
APPAREL—Continued					İ											_
Men's apparel cuttings: ‡‡	-40.000	10.000		0.400	ļ			ł		0.505	1	Ì	-			
Suits	'12,296 '18,323	13,392 17,392		3,182 4,144			3,463 . 4,473 .			3,537 4,148						
Trousers, slacks, jeans, pants, etcdo Shirts, dress and sportthous. doz	7481,667 783,756	430,448 85,328		114,658 22,927			109,746 19,421			96,469 21,652						
Hosiery, shipmentsthous. doz. pairs	308,982	322,124	24,886	27,084	29,404	27,557	27,006	32,948	27,475	25,120	29,503	29,183	29,277			
			T	RANSP	ORTA	TION E	QUIPM	ENT								
AEROSPACE VEHICLES		i						}						ļ		
Orders, new (net), qtrly, totalmil. \$	³119,098															
U.S. Government	³ 64,892 ³ 115,298															
ales (net), receipts, or billings, quarterly, totaldo	³ 109.053															***********
U.S. Governmentdo	367,680															
acklog of orders, end of period #do U.S. Governmentdo	3 157,250 3 91,436															••••••••••••
Aircraft (complete) and partsdo	³64,494 ³15,521															•••••
Missiles, space vehicle systems, engines.					• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •											
propulsion units, and parts mil. \$ Other related operations (conversions, modi-								***************************************							•	
fications), products, services mil. \$	³ 16,527		·····													
ircraft (complete): Shipmentsdo	^r 12,491.7		r1,643.1			71,046.7	r1,314.9	⁷ 1,539.2	71,258.7	⁷ 1,476.2	774.1	1,016.2	1,597.2	r1,364.5	1,394.3	
Exports, commercialdo	7,380	9,971	1,063	956	725	811	517	949	814	829	4620	810	1,320	1,241	1,104	
MOTOR VEHICLES (NEW) assenger cars:	Ì							}								
Factory sales (from U.S. plants):	57,085	7 105	690	726	996	494	610	655	648	E0.4	616	606	654	651	672	(2)
Totalthous Domesticdo	56,487	7,105 6,437	626	668	386 347	484 442	618 556	589	591	584 533	570	545	654 585	584	618	
Retail sales, total, not seas. adj dodo	10,278	10,639	974	1,010	863	886	830	838	796	882	721	754	887	912	973 710	e89
Domestics §	7,081 3,197	7,539 3,099	702 272	722 287	605 258	603 283	579 251	592 246	554 243	617 265	512 209	554 201	642 246	667 245	262	64 *25
Total, seas. adj. at annual ratemil Domestics §do			710.6 77.5	79 10.9 17.8	r10.6 r7.7	710.5 7.4	710.2 77.2	79.9 76.9	710.1 7.2	711.4 8.4	79.9 77.1	9.9 77.0	79.7 76.8	10.8 77.6	710.3 77.5	
Imports §do			73.1	r93.2	3.0	73.1	73.0	3.0	7.2 2.9	3.1	72.8	2.8	2.9	73.2	72.9	e92.
Retail inventories, domestics, end of period: § Not seasonally adjustedthous	1,680	1,601	1,595	1.663	1,431	1,326	1,409	1,504	1,631	1,601	1,736	1,810	1,838	1.836	1,844	1,84
Seasonally adjusteddo	71,701	71,619	71,513	⁷⁹ 1,549	71,448	⁷ 1,492	71,566	71,646	r1,663	r1,619	71,649	1,667	71,690	r1,702	$r_{1,703}$	91,73
Inventory-retail sales ratio, domestics §	2.9	2.6	72.4	92.4	^r 2.3	2.4	^r 2.6	2.9	⁷ 2.8	2.3	2.8	2.8	r3.0	r2.7	r2.7	*3.
Exports (BuCensus), total	627.65 561.88	765.12 616.18	74.91 64.12	67.33 52.51	43.93 32.61	46.11 39.44	76.56 65.92	65.11 50.11	68.50 48.98	58.24 40.61	455.68 440.14	71.74 55.02	82.94 65.69	80.16 58.73	71.37 52.26	
Imports (ITC), complete unitsdododo	4,589.0 926.9	4,450.2 1,191.4	378.9 114.9	357.9 121.3	304.7 58.9	336.0 74.2	348.8 100.5	400.1 101.5	409.2 101.0	415.7 88.9	4324.8 486.0	372.6 112.4	374.7 99.9	356.4 102.1		
Registrations (), total new vehiclesdo	110,166	110,480	r883	981	883	901	937	807	764	896	733	722	833	843	885	
Imports, including domestically sponsoreddo	13,654	13,710	7295	333	303	329	360	297	278	317	258	252	283	282	293	
rucks and buses:	,,,,,	,				,										
Factory sales (from U.S. plants): Totaldo	63,821	4,121	366	372	240	337	349	375	351	327	365	373	401	365	389	(2)
Domesticdo	¢3,509	3,795	333	343	223	318	324	340	323	303	338	343	366	334	361	
Retail sales, domestics: Total, not seasonally adjusteddo	4,088.4	4,544.5	426.0	426.9	385.5	371.1	346.4	371.0	355.0	359.2	326.8	337.7	405.2	398.9	421.8	389.
0-10,000 lbs. GVW	3,786.1 302.3	4,195.1 348.7	395.8 30.2	395.8 31.1	356.5 29.1	343.7 27.4	317.3 29.0	339.7 31.4	328.0 27.0	329.0 30.1	300.1 26.7	313.1 24.6	375.6 29.5	368.6 30.3	$\frac{391.2}{30.7}$	359. 30.
Total sessonally adjusted do	302.0	320.1	r386.6	r368.2	⁷ 391.9	r389.0	r367.3	r384.5	r376.6	⁷ 372.1	r381.6	r365.2	r349.2	r397.0	r362.6	⁹ 351.
0-10,000 lbs. GVW			r357.3 r29.2	7340.3 727.9	r363.0	r361.2 r27.9	r338.5 r28.7	r353.9 r30.6	r346.1	r342.6 r29.4	r349.3 r32.2	r336.6 r28.6	r322.7 r26.5	r369.2 r27.8	r334.0 r28.6	9324. 927.
Retail inventories, domestics, end of period: †					ļ							İ				1.050
Not seasonally adjustedthousdo	967.9 1,015.4	999.3 1,041.6	992.9 941.6	987.6 949.6	924.1	854.6 924.7	838.4 895.2	945.0 972.3	1,003.5	999.3 1,041.6	1,093.7 1,072.5	1,170.5 1,109.9	1,197.1 1,130.0	1,208.9 1,135.8	1,225.2 1,160.3	1,203.
Exports (BuCensus)do Imports (BuCensus), including separate	229.27	246.92	24.18		14.37	17.20	21.53	21.80		17.91	19.23	21.60	23.35	18.73	17.69	
chassis and bodiesdo	1,378.19	1,155.66	90.81	102.25	78.99	75.16	72.90	109.83	97.20	107.89	⁴ 103.34	101.92	103.61	76.34	89.64	
Registrations \Diamond , new vehicles, excluding buses not produced on truck chassis thous.	4,964	¹ 5,211	r437	487	442	444	470	410	398	445	371	374	428	427	446	
ruck trailers and chassis, complete (excludes	1	i i	ł		1	ĺ			1		1	ì				
detachables), shipmentsnumberdo	180,142 135,380	176,158 127,534	14,619 10,226		12,694 8,714	15,347 11,412	15,845 11,990	15,580 11,494	14,500 10,888	14,441 10,573	14,141 10,137	14,223 10,559	16,247 11,746	716,395 711,854		
railer bodies (detachable), sold separatelydo	438	4,931	462	619		670	922	310	483	526	(11)	1				
railer chassis (detachable), sold			1	Į						[` ′	1 957	2,180	⁷ 2,183	3,459	
separatelydo	23,014	32,086	2,163	2,620	2,668	3,478	3,599	3,209	3,001	1,999	1,789	1,857	2,180	2,100	3,409	
RAILROAD EQUIPMENT	İ		ľ		1									į		
reight cars (new), for domestic use; all railroads and private car lines (excludes	1		1		1]				
rebuilt cars and cars for export): Shipmentsnumber.	13,645	22,524	<u> </u>	4,598		<u></u>	5,605		[7,864	<u> </u>	<u></u>	7,286			7,88
Equipment manufacturersdodododo	13,645 18,504	22,524 28,871		4,598 9,131			5,605 4,487		ļ	7,864 8,044	 	ļ	7,286 11,040			7,8 5,6
Equipment manufacturersdo	. 18,504	28,871		9,131	ļ		4,487			8,044		ļ	11,040			5,64
Unfilled orders, end of perioddo Equipment manufacturersdo	6,736 6,736	15,953 15,953		17,225 17,225			16,107 16,107		!	15,953 15,953	ļ		19,707 19,707			16,39 16,39
Freight cars (revenue), class I railroads(AAR): ‡											[
Number owned, end of period thous Capacity (carrying), total, end of month	749	725	i				726	724	Į	725	723		721	715	714	ļ
Average per car mil. tonstons.	. 63.63 85.01	62.46 86.17	63.10 85.48				62.24 85.78	62.15 85.88		62.46 86.17	62.34 86.16		62.26 86.34	61.81 86.48	61.77 86.52	
	35.31	L		1	}		1 220	1 20.00	1	1 30.21	1 55.20	1 30.24	1	1 20.20		

FOOTNOTES FOR PAGES S-1 THROUGH S-32

General Notes for all Pages:

- r Revised.
- p Preliminary. e Estimated.
- c Corrected.

Page S-1

- † Revised series. See Tables 2.6 2.9 in the July 1989 SURVEY for revised estimates for
- † Includes inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments.

 § Monthly estimates equal the centered three-month average of personal saving as a percentage of the centered three-month moving average of disposable personal income.

 ♦ See note "♦" for p. S-2.

Page S-2

- Based on data not seasonally adjusted.
 Effective Oct. 1987 SURVEY, the industrial production index has been revised back to Jan. 1985. These revisions are available upon request.
- # Includes data not shown separately.

 † Effective Sent 1988 SURVEY data
- † Histories and Notice Sept. 1988 SURVEY, data have been revised back to January 1982. Revised data appear in the report "Manufacturing and Trade Inventories and Sales" CB-88-146, available from the Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.
- § Revised series. Data have been revised back to 1985. Revisions are available upon

Page S-3

- # Includes data for items not shown separately.

 † Revised series. Data have been revised back to 1982. A detailed description of the changes appear in the report "Manufacturers' Shipments, Inventories, and Orders: 1982-88" M3-1(88), available from the Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.
 - ‡ See note "‡" for p. S-2. § See note "§" for p. S-2.

Page S-4

- 1. Based on data not seasonally adjusted.
- Includes data for items not shown separately.

 Includes textile mill products, leather and products, paper and allied products, and printing and publishing industries; unfilled orders for other nondurable goods industries
- ♦ For these industries (food and kindred products, tobacco, apparel and other textile products, petroleum and coal, chemicals and allied products, and rubber and plastics products) sales are considered equal to new orders.

 † See note "†" for p. S-3.

Page S-5

- @ Compiled by Dun & Bradstreet, Inc.
 # Includes data for items not shown separately. Ratio of prices received to prices paid (parity index).
- See note "‡" for p. S-4.

 In the Feb. and July issues of the SURVEY each year, data for the most recent six to eight years are subject to revise and are available upon request.

 See note "†" for p. S-6.

 † See note "†" for p. S-3.

Page S-6

- § Effective with the release of the January 1988 index, all producer price indexes previously expressed on a base of 1967=100, or any other base through December 1981, have been rebased to 1982=100. Historical data on the new base are available upon request. For producer price indexes of individual commodities, see respective commodities in the Industry section beginning p. S-19. All indexes subject to revision four months after original publication.
- # Includes data for items not shown separately.

 † Effective with the release of the January 1988 index, all consumer price indexes previously expressed on a base of 1967=100, or any other base through December 1981, have been rebased to 1982-84=100. Historical data on the new base are available upon request. Beginning with January 1987, data are calculated using 1982-84 expenditure patterns and updated population weights. Additional information regarding these changes is available from the Bureau of Labor Statistics, Washington, DC 20212.

 ‡ Effective with the Feb. 1989 SURVEY, data have been revised back to 1984 and are
- available upon request.

Page S-7

- 1. Computed from cumulative valuation total.
- 2. Index as of July 1, 1989: building, 389.4; construction, 428.0.
- # Includes data for items not shown separately.

 § Data for June, Sept., and Dec. 1988, and Mar. 1989 are for five weeks; other months
- ♦ Effective Feb. 1989 SURVEY, data for seasonally adjusted housing starts have been revised back to 1986. Effective Feb. 1988 SURVEY, data for seasonally adjusted housing starts have been revised back to 1985. These revisions are available upon request.

 † Effective May 1989 SURVEY, data for seasonally adjusted building permits have been
- revised back to 1987. Effective May 1988 SURVEY, data for seasonally adjusted building

Address requests for data to:

Business Statistics Branch Current Business Analysis Division Bureau of Economic Analysis U.S. Department of Commerce Washington, D.C. 20230

permits have been revised back to Jan. 1986. These revisions are available upon request.

- @ Effective July 1989 SURVEY, data have been revised back to 1985. In addition to the normal revisions to the unadjusted and seasonally adjusted data, some total components have been revised back to 1975 due to revised data for the "Telecommunications" category. See note "*" for this page. Effective July 1988 SURVEY, the "Improvements" component of private residential buildings has been revised back to 1982 to adjust for a change in estimation of the monthly data. Revised data are available from the Construction Statistics Division at the Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.
- ‡ Effective July 1989 SURVEY, data have been revised back to 1975 and are available
- upon request.

 * The Telephone and telegraph" category has been renamed "Telecommunications" and now includes estimates for television cable construction. Data were revised back to

Page S-8

- 1. Advance estimate.

 ♦ Home mortgage rates (conventional first mortgages) are under money and interest
- Data include guaranteed direct loans sold
- Includes data for items not shown separately.
- @ Effective Oct. 1987 SURVEY, data are for mortgage loans closed as FSLIC-insured institutions. Historical data back to 1976 are available upon request.
- † Effective April 1989 SURVEY, wholesale trade data have been revised back to Jan. 1983. Revised data and a summary of changes appear in the report. Revised Monthly Wholesale Trade Sales and Inventories BW-13-88S, available from the Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.
- ‡ Effective April 1989 SURVEY, retail trade data have been revised. Estimates of retail sales and inventories have been revised back to January 1983. A revision in 1988 revised some series back to 1978. Revised data and a summary of changes appear in the report Revised Monthly Retail Sales and Inventories BR88-R, available from the Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.
- †† Beginning with data for 1988, data will be reported on a quarterly basis only

Page S-9

- 1. Advance estimate.
- # Includes data for items not shown separately.

 © Effective with the January 1989 SURVEY, the seasonally adjusted labor force series have been revised back to January 1984. The January 1989 issue of Employment and Earnings contains the new seasonal adjustment factors, a description of the current methodology, and revised data for the most recent 13 months or calendar quarters. Revised monthly data for the entire 1984-88 revision period are in the February 1989 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

 † The participation rate is the percent of the civilian noninstitutional population in the
- in participation rate is the percent of the civilian noninstitutional population in the civilian labor force. The employment-population ratio is civilian employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional population, 16 years and over.

 @ Data include resident armed forces.

 ‡ See note "‡" for p. S-8.

Page S-10

- ♦ See note "♦" for p. S-9. § Effective with the June 1988 and 1989 issues of the SURVEY, data have been revised, respectively, back thru April 1987 and 1988 (not seasonally adjusted) and January 1984 and 1985 (seasonally adjusted) to reflect new benchmarks and seasonally adjustments factors. The June issue of *Employment and Earnings* (for both years) contains a detailed discussion of the effects of these revisions.

Page S-11

- ‡ This series is not seasonally adjusted because the seasonal component is small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular components and consequently cannot be separated with sufficient precision.
 - Production and nonsupervisory workers.
 See note "§" for p. S-10.

Page S-12

- 1. This series is not seasonally adjusted because the seasonal component is small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular components and consequently cannot be separated with sufficient precision. Use the corresponding unadjusted series.

 2. The hourly earnings index has been discontinued.

 § See note "§" for p. S-10.

 Production and nonsupervisory workers.
- ‡ Earnings in 1977 dollars reflect changes in purchasing power since 1977 by dividing by Consumer Price Index. Effective Feb. 1988 SURVEY, this series has been revised back to 1983 to reflect new seasonal factors for the CPL-W. Revised data are available upon request. §§ Wages as of July 1, 1989: Common, \$17.74; Skilled, \$23.12.
- Excludes farm, household, and Federal workers.
- ‡‡ See note "‡" for p. S-11.

Page S-13

- 1. Beginning with Jan. 1988 data, the number of respondents in the bankers acceptance survey was reduced from 155 to 111 institutions—those with \$100 million or more in total acceptances. The new reporting group accounts for over 90 percent of total acceptances
- 2. Effective December 31, 1987, eight brokers and dealers in commercial paper were added to the reporting panel resulting in a series break. End of month figures on the old basis are as follows: All issuers, 352,915; financial companies, 275,907; dealer placed, 103,667; directly placed, 172,240; and nonfinancial companies, 77,008.
 - 3. Average for Dec.
- 4. Pursuant to the 1987 Agricultural Credit Act, the FICBs merged with the FLBs on July 6, 1988. Third and fourth quarter loans for the combined FLBs, FLBAs, FICBs, and
- 5019 o, 1988. In the data fourth quarter loans for the combined FLBS, FLBAS, FLBAS, and PCAs are \$42,849 million and \$41,438 million respectively.

 5. Effective Feb. 28, 1989, there was a break in the series due to the enlargement of the panel of reporting dealers to 17 and of reporting direct issuers to 36. End of month figures on the old basis are as follows: All issuers, 481,734; financial companies, 373,717; dealer placed, 172,330; directly placed, 201,387; and nonfinancial companies, 108,017.
- † Effective Aug. 1988 SURVEY, free reserves have been restated to correspond with the Federal Reserve's computation, which is as follows: excess reserves, minus borrowings, plus extended credit. Historical data back to 1961 are available upon request.
- ‡ Effective Jan. 1988, series revised due to changes in the panel of reporting banks. The new reporting panel of 168 banks accounts for about 52 percent of total assets in U.S. offices of domestically-chartered banks. Back data have been estimated for the years 1984-87.
 - # Includes data for items not shown separately.
- "Transaction balances other than demand deposits" consists of ATS, NOW, super NOW, and telephone transfer accounts.
- § Excludes loans and federal funds transactions with domestic commercial banks and includes valuation reserves (individual loan items are shown gross; i.e., before deduction of valuation reserves).
- * New series. Source: The Employment and Training Administration. Covers 50 States
- and the District of Columbia. Only regular benefits are included.

 @ Average weekly insured unemployment for 12-month period divided by average monthly covered employment (lagging 4 full quarters for annual figure and 2 full quarters for monthly
- figure).

 ** Effective Aug. 1987 SURVEY, data are provided by the Farm Credit Corporation of America on a quarterly basis. Quarterly data are available back to first quarter 1985, with annual data available back to 1961.

Page S-14

- 1. Data are for fiscal years ending Sept. 30 and include revisions not distributed to the months.
- 2. Weighted by number of loans.
- 3. Beginning Feb. 1988, data temporarily suspended by the Farm Credit Administra-
- tion, which is revising the information it collects and amending the reports it distributes.

 § Effective Apr. 1989 SURVEY, data have been revised to reflect new benchmark and seasonal adjustments. These revisions are available upon request.

 † Effective with May 1989 SURVEY, the consumer installment credit series have been
- revised from 1986 through 1988 to reflect more complete data for most lender groups and new seasonal factors. Effective Apr. 1988 SURVEY, the consumer installment credit series have been revised back to Jan. 1980 to reflect newly available historical information and to incorporate new seasonal factors. These revisions are available upon request # Includes data for items not shown separately.
- Adjusted to exclude domestic commercial interbank loans and federal funds sold to domestic commercial banks.
- ‡ Rates on the commercial paper placed for firms whose bond rating is Aa or the equivalent.
- ‡‡ Courtesy of Metals Week.
- @@ Average effective rate @ Revised for periods betw
- Revised for periods between October 1986 and February 1987. During this interval, outstanding gold certificates were inadvertently in excess of the gold stock.

 Page S-15

- 1. Beginning in the first quarter 1987, the universe of manufacturing corporations was redefined to exclude corporations with less than \$250,000 in assets at the time of sample
- 2. Beginning Jan. 1989, the primary public offering statistics have been discontinued by the Securities and Exchange Commission.

 † Effective Feb. 1989 SURVEY, the money stock measures and components have been
- revised and are available from the Banking Section of the Division of Research and Statistics at the Federal Reserve Board, Washington, D.C. 20551.

 ‡‡ Includes ATS and NOW balances at all depository institutions, credit union share draft balances, and demand deposits at thrift institutions.

 ♦ Overnight (and continuing contract) RP's are those issued by commercial banks to
- the nonbank public, and overnight Eurodollars are those issued by Caribbean branches of member banks to U.S. nonbank customers.
- @ Small time deposits are those issued in amounts of less than \$100,000. Large time deposits are those issued in amounts of \$100,000 or more and are net of the holdings of domestic banks, thrift institutions, the U.S. Government, money market mutual funds, and foreign banks and official institutions.
 - # Includes data for items not shown separately.
- ** Effective with the Mar. 1989 SURVEY, data have been revised back to 1986 and are available upon request. Effective Apr. 1988 SURVEY, 1987 data have been revised. Revisions for Jan. 1987: long-term, 7,486; short-term, 372.

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@ See note "4" for p. S-19 regarding the new commodity classification systems introduced Jan. 1989. Effective with the July 1989 SURVEY, data have been revised back to Jan. 1987 for seas. adj. total exports and imports, and back to Jan. 1988 for unadj. totals. Revised data for principal SITC commodity groupings and selected countries will be available later. Effective with the June 1988 SURVEY, total exports and imports have been revised back to Jan. 1986. These revisions are available upon request. Data may not equal the sum of the geographic regions, or commodity groups and principal commodities, because the revisions to the totals are not reflected in the component items.

- † Effective with the June 1988 SURVEY, seasonal adjustment of exports and imports was reintroduced. The monthly data were last adjusted for December 1985. Historical data from Jan. 1986 forward are available upon request
- § Number of issues represents number currently used; the change in number does not affect the continuity of the series.
- ‡ For bonds due or callable in 10 years or more.
- Includes data for items not shown separately. Series added to the S-pages in May 1989.

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- 1. Beginning with Jan. 1989 data, undocumented exports to Canada are now included, resulting in a break with Dec. 1988 data.
- 2. Beginning Jan. 1989, buses are excluded from "Motor vehicles and parts" and included in "Other manufactured goods," resulting in a break with Dec. 1988 data.
- @ See note "@" for p. S-16.

 † See note "†" for p. S-16.

 # Includes data not shown separately.
- ♦ Data include undocumented exports to Canada, which are based on official Canadian import totals.

 * Series added to the S-pages in May 1989.

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- 1. Reported annual total; quarterly or monthly revisions are not available.
- 2. For month shown
- Includes data for items not shown separately.
- § Total revenues, expenses, and income for all groups of carriers also reflect nonscheduled
- * Data have been revised back to 1981. They now include commuter railroads and small transit systems. Revised data are available upon request.

 † The threshold for Class I railroad status is adjusted annually by the Interstate Com-
- merce Commission to compensate for inflation.
- Average daily rent per room occupied, not scheduled rates.
 ## Data represent entries to a national park for recreational use of the park, its services, conveniences, and/or facilities.
- † Before extraordinary and prior period items.
- @ Changes in these unit value indexes may reflect changes in quality or product mix as well as price changes.

Page S-19

- 1. Reported annual total; monthly or quarterly revisions are not available. 2. Less than 500 metric tons.
- 3. Figure is being suppressed because of not meeting Bureau of Census' publication standards.
- 4. Effective with the Apr. and May 1989 issues of the SURVEY, most foreign trade series in the "S-Pages" have been converted to metric units. Also, beginning with 1989 data, merchandise trade data are based upon two new commodity classification systems; the International Harmonized System and, Revision 3 of the Standard International Trade Classification and, as a result, data may not be directly comparable to 1988 and earlier years.
 5. Effective with the July 1989 SURVEY, data are shown in metric tons.

- Includes data for items not shown separately.

 § Data are reported on the basis of 100 percent content of the specified material unless
- † Data for 1985-86 (and 1984, for inorganic chemical production items) have been revised. Effective with the Jan. 1989 SURVEY, series for industrial gases have been revised for 1986 and 1987. Effective with the Feb. 1989 SURVEY, series for inorganic chemicals and fertilizer materials have been revised for 1986 and 1987. These revisions are available upon
- ♦ Beginning January, 1986, data are not directly comparable to earlier periods because the data represent only companies that have annual revenues over \$100 million.

Page S-20

- 1. Reported annual total; monthly or quarterly revisions are not available.

- Quarterly data are no longer available. See also note 4 for this page. See note 4 for p. S-19.

 Effective with the July 1989 SURVEY, data are shown in metric tons
- § Data are not wholly comparable from year to year because of changes from one classi-
- ♦ Effective with the Jan. 1989 SURVEY, data for 1986 and 1987 have been revised and are available upon request.
- @ Includes less than 500 electric generation customers not shown separately
- Effective with the May 1988 SURVEY, data have been revised back to 1985 and are available upon request.
- ‡ Effective with the Apr. 1989 SURVEY, data have been revised back to 1983 and are available upon request.

Page S-21

- Previous year's crop. New crop is not reported until Sept. (crop year: Sept. 1-Aug. 31).
 Crop estimate for the year. See also note 13 for this page.
- Stocks as of June 1.
- 4. Stocks as of June 1 and represents previous year's crop; new crop not reported until June (beginning of new crop year).
- 5. Beginning with Sept. 1, 1988 data, quarterly stock estimates have been reinstated.
- 6. Stock estimates are available once a year as June 1 stocks and shown here in the May column and (as previous year's crop) in the annual column. See also note 13 for this page.
 7. Stocks as of Dec. 1.
- 8. See note "§" for p. S-6 regarding a change to a new reference base in 1988.

- 9. Prices are no longer available.
- 10. Based on quotations for fewer than 12 months.
- 11. See note 4 for p. S-19.
- 12. Series has been discontinued.13. Effective with the May 1989 SURVEY, data have been converted to metric units.
- 14. July 1 estimate of the 1989 crop. See also note 13 for this page
- § Excludes pearl barley.
- Quarterly data represent the 3-month periods Dec.-Feb., Mar.-May, June-Aug., and Sept.-Nov. Annual data represent Dec.-Nov.
 † Coverage for 21 selected States, representing approximately 85 percent of U.S. production.

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- Monthly quotation not available.
 See note "\$" for p. S-6 regarding a change to a new reference base in 1988.
 See note """ for this page.
- See note "‡" for this page
- Series has been discontinued by the source.
- See note 4 for p. S-19.
- 6. See note 4 for p. S-19.

 ‡ Beginning with Sept. 1988 and annual 1988 data, price represents dollars per head and is not comparable with earlier prices, which represent dollars per 100 pounds.

 † Effective with the release of 1st Qtr. 1988 data, the import price index for coffee has been discontinued by BLS and replaced in the SURVEY with the import price index for coffee and coffee substitutes. The weighting structure used for the import price index reflects U.S. foreign trade flows based on 1985 data. Indexes, beginning with 2nd Qtr. 1975, are available upon request. available upon request.

Page S-23

- 1. Crop estimate for the year.
- 2. Reported annual total: revisions not distributed to the months.
- Data suppressed because they did not meet publication standards of the Bureau of
 - 4. See note "\$" for p. S-6 regarding a change to a new reference base in 1988.
 5. See note 4 for p. S-19.
- # Totals include data for items not shown separately.
- ** Totals include data to holds like its shown separately.

 † Effective Oct. 1988 SURVEY, the footwear production series have been revised for 1986 and 1987. These revisions are available upon request.

Page S-24

- 1. Reported annual total; monthly revisions are not available.
- See note "\$" for p. S-6 regarding a change to a new reference base in 1988.
 Less than 500 tons.

- See note 4 for p. S-19.

 Effective with the July 1989 SURVEY, data have been converted to metric tons.
- * New series from the American Metal Market. The composite scrap price represents the average of consumers' buying prices, delivered, at the following markets: Chicago, Pittsburgh, and Philadelphia. Annual and monthly composite price data are available back to January 1982.

Page S-25

- 1. Reported annual total; monthly revisions are not available.
- 2. For month shown.
- 3. Effective with Jan. 1989, import data are for consumption; earlier periods of data are general imports. See also note 4 for p. S-19 regarding the introduction of new classification
- 4. Prior to the July 1989 SURVEY, annual and monthly data for 1984-88 for aluminum imports and exports were shown incorrectly in thousands of short tons. Beginning with the July 1989 SURVEY, data for those periods have been converted to thousands of metric tons.

 @ Beginning 1987, includes foreign ores.
- † Beginning January 1982, data represent metallic (mostly aluminum) content. Data for 1981 and prior years represent aluminum content only.
 - The source for these series is now the Bureau of Mines.
- § Source: Metals Week.

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- 1. Reported annual total; monthly revisions are not available.
- Less than 50 tons.
 See note 3 for p. S-25.
- Includes secondary smelters' lead stocks in refinery shapes and in copper-base scrap.
 All data (except annual production figures) reflect GSA remelted zinc and zinc purchased
- for direct shipment.
- ‡ Source for monthly data: American Bureau of Metal Statistics. Source for annual data: Bureau of Mines.
- Includes data not shown separately.
- § Beginning with the Aug. 1985 SURVEY, unadjusted fluid power shipments indexes are shown. Seasonally adjusted indexes are no longer available.

 * New series from The Material Handling Institute, Inc. and Cahners Economics. Includes
- bookings (new orders) for automatic guided vehicles, automated storage and retrieval systems, below hook lifters, cranes, hoists, monorails, racks, shelving, casters and floor trucks, and conveyors. Annual and quarterly historical data back to 1972 are available upon request.

 @@ Beginning Oct. 1986, the Lead price represents North American Mean.

Page S-27

- See note "%" for p. S-6 regarding a change to a new reference base in 1988.
 Beginning January 1986, data have been restated because a new methodology has been adopted. Annual total for 1987 contains revisions not allocated to the months.
 - 3. Annual total includes revisions not distributed to the months.
 - See note 4 for p. S-19.

- # Includes data for items not shown separately.

 § Includes nonmarketable catalyst coke. See also note "††" for this page.

 ♦ Includes small amounts of "other hydrocarbons and alcohol new supply (field production)," not shown separately.
- Effective with the Oct. 1987 SURVEY, coal production data for 1986 have been revised. Effective with the May 1988 SURVEY, coal consumption and stocks back through 1986

- have been revised. Effective with the Oct. 1988 SURVEY, coal production data for 1987 have been revised. These revisions are available upon request.
- @ Includes U.S. produced and imported microwave ovens and combination microwave oven/ranges
- t "Tractor shovel loaders" includes some front engine mount wheel tractors that had previously been included in "Tractors, wheel, farm, and nonfarm."

 †† Effective with the June 1988 SURVEY, data for 1987 have been revised and are avail-
- ‡‡ March, June, September and December are five-week months. All others consist of four weeks.

Page S-28

- 1. Reported annual total; revisions not allocated to the months.
- See note "\$" for p. S-6 regarding a change to a new reference base in 1988.
 See note 4 for p. S-19.

- # Includes data for items not shown separately.
 † Except for price data, see note "††" for p. S-27.

Page S-29

- Reported annual total; revisions not allocated to the months.
 See note "\$" for p. S-6 regarding a change to a new reference base in 1988.
 See note 4 for p. S-19.
- ♦ Source: American Paper Institute. Total U.S. estimated consumption by all newspaper
- # Compiled by the American Newspaper Publishers Association.
 † Effective with the April 1988 SURVEY, the import price index for natural rubber has been revised. The index is now expressed on a base of 1985=100. Also new weights based on 1985 trade flows have been applied to all data from 1985 onward. Revised data are available back to 4th qtr. 1983.

Page S-30

- 1. Reported annual total; revisions not allocated to the months.
- Data are being withheld to avoid disclosing data from individual firms
- Data cover five weeks; other months, four weeks.
- 4. Beginning Jan. 1989, sales of industrial plasters are included with those of building plasters.
 - # Includes data for items not shown separately.
 - Cumulative ginnings to the end of month indicated. Bales of 480 lbs.

 - Data for 1987 have been revised and are available upon request.

Page S-31

- 1. Less than 500 bales.
- Annual total includes revisions not distributed to the months.
- Average for crop year; Aug. 1-Jul. 31.

- 4. For five weeks; other months four weeks.
 5. See note "\$" for p. S-6 regarding a change to a new reference base in 1988.
 6. See note 4 for p. S-19.
 ♦ Based on 480-lb. bales, preliminary price reflects sales as of the 15th; revised price reflects total quantity purchased and dollars paid for the entire month (revised price includes discounts and control of the control of discounts and premiums)
- # Beginning 1st Qtr. 1986; quarterly data are estimated by the American Textile Manufacturers Institute based on annual data collected by the Bureau of Cens
- § Bales of 480 lbs..
 † Beginning 1st Qtr. 1987, data are not comparable with earlier periods. Girls apparel are now included with women's, misses' and juniors' and boys' apparel are now included with men's. Also, some classification changes were made.

Page S-32

- Annual total includes revisions not distributed to the months.
- Production of new vehicles (thous. of units) for June 1989: passenger cars, 612; trucks
- 3. Data are reported on an annual basis only.
- See note 4 for p. S-19.
- Beginning with January 1987, data include Honda, Nissan, and Toyota passenger cars produced in U.S. plants.
- Beginning with January 1987, data include Nissan trucks produced in U.S. plants.
 Beginning with 1st qtr. 1987, jeans, jean-cut casual and dungarees are included with

- See note "†" for this page.
 Effective with the July 1988 and 1989 issues of the SURVEY, data have been revised back thru 1985 and 1986, respectively, and are available upon request.

 10. Data for jumpers are included with dresses to avoid disclosing information for indi-
- 11. Beginning Jan. 1989, shipments of trailer bodies are included with trailer chassis to avoid disclosure of data from individual firms.
- # Total includes backlog for nonrelated products and services and basic research.

 § Domestics comprise all cars assembled in the U.S. and cars assembled in Canada and imported to the U.S. under the provisions of the Automotive Products Trade Act of 1965. Imports comprise all other cars.
- Courtesy of R.L. Polk & Co.; republication prohibited. Because data for some states
- are not available, month-to-month comparisons are not strictly valid.

 ‡ Excludes railroad-owned private refrigerator cars and private line cars.

 † Effective with the Mar. 1988 SURVEY, retail inventories for trucks and buses have been restated to exclude captive imports (vehicles manufactured overseas by U.S. affiliates). These data are available back through 1966.

 ‡‡ See note "†" for page S-31.

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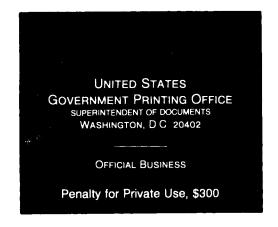
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Gross National Product, 1st quarter 1989 (preliminary)		25	Gross National Product, 3d quarter 1989 (preliminary)		29
Corporate Profits, 1st quarter 1989		25	Corporate Profits, 3d quarter 1989		29
Merchandise Trade (balance of payments basis), 1st quarter 1989		26	Personal Income and Outlays, October 1989	Nov.	30
Personal Income and Outlays, April 1989		26	Comments To I am of Too No. Colonial and Tourism To No.	D.	
Composite Indexes of Leading, Coincident, and Lagging Indicators, April 1989.	May	31	Composite Indexes of Leading, Coincident, and Lagging Indicators, October 1989.		1
A	_		Summary of International Transactions, 3d quarter 1989		13
Summary of International Transactions, 1st quarter 1989		13	Gross National Product, 3d quarter 1989 (final)		20
Gross National Product, 1st quarter 1989 (final)		22	Corporate Profits, 3d quarter 1989 (revised)		20
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Composite Indexes of Leading, Coincident, and Lagging Indicators, May 1989.	June	28	tors, November 1989.		

^{*} These are target dates and are subject to revision.

For information, call (202) 523-0777, Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce.