## SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS



U.S. Department of Commerce

Robert A. Mosbacher'/ Secretary Michael R. Darby 1 Under Secretary for Economic Affairs.

Bureau of Economic Analysis
Allan Hi Young t Director
Corols. Carson / Deputy Director
Editor-in-Chief: CarolS. Carson Managing Editor: Leland L. Scott

Staff Contributors to This Issue: Robert L. Brown, Douglas R. Fox, Linnea Hazen, Ned B Howenstine, Daniel J. Larkins, Larry R. Moran Ralph W Morris, National Trcome and Wealth Division, Charles $S$. Robinson, James $P$ Stehle, Tsabelle B. Whiston, Allan H Young:

Sunver or Curment Busness.
Published ronthiy by the Bureau of Economic Analysis of the US Department of Commerce Editorial correspondence should be addressed to the Editor-inChef, Survey of Curbent Businss, BureauofEco nomic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, DC 20230 .
Annual subseription: s1800 ato Second-lass mait $\$ 43.00$. Single cony- 86.50 don Mals subseription orders and address changes to the Saperintendent of Documents, U.S. Goverament Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402. Make checks payable to the Superintendent of Documents:
Second-class postage paid at Washington, DC and at additional mailing offices: (USPS 337-790). The Secretary afCommerce has deternined that the publication of this periodical is necessary in the transaction of the public business required by law of this Department.

1 Business Situation
1 Components of Real GNP
6 Prices
6 Personal Income
8 The U.S. National Income and Product Accounts: Revised Estimates
8 Impact of the Revisions
10. Summary of the Revisions

19 Methodology
38 National Income and Product Accounts Tables

107 Composite Indexes of Leading, Coincident, and Lagging Indicators

108 BEA's Measurement of Computer Output
116 U.S. Affiliates of Foreign Companies: 1987 Benchmark Survey Results

141 State Personal Income, Summary Estimates for First Quarter 1989

## Blue pages: Current Business Statistics

(See page S-36 for subject index to Current Business Statistics)
Inside back cover: BEA Information

## Gross National Product (July 27),

Personal Income and Outlays (July 28), and
Composite Indexes of Leading, Coincident, and Lagging
Indicators (Aug. 3).

## the BUSINESS SITUATION

$\mathrm{R}^{2}$duction, increased at an annual rate of $1^{1 / 2}$ percent in the second quarter, following an increase of $3^{1 / 2}$ percent in the first (chart 1). After allowance for the rebound from the 1988 drought, which added roughly 2 percentage points to first-quarter growth, the increase in GNP was about the same in both quarters and less than one-half as big as the increases in the second half of 1988 (table 1). Prices increased at approximately the same rate in the second quarter as in the first-about 5 percent for the GNP price index and $5^{1 / 2}$ percent for the price index for gross domestic purchases; the increases in both price measures were somewhat larger than in the second half of last year. ${ }^{1}$

First-quarter estimates of real GNP and other components of the national income and product accounts (NIPA's) have been revised as part of the regular annual revision presented in this issue.
Real gross domestic purchases, a measure of U.S. demand, increased $1^{1 / 2}$ percent in the second quarter, follow-

[^0]ing a 2-percent increase in the first. The milder slowdown in U.S. demand than in U.S. production reflected the fact that net exports increased much less in the second quarter than in the first. (Exports increased only a little less than in the first quarter, but imports surged after a slight decline.)
Although gross domestic purchases increased less in the second quarter than in the first, final sales to domestic purchasers increased more. These divergent movements reflected a decline in inventory investment in the second quarter after an increase in the first. The second-quarter decline was more than accounted for by farm and motor vehicle inventories; investment in other inventories increased. Changes in farm inventory investment (and in net purchases by the Commodity Credit Corporation, or CCC) reflected the pattern of the 1988 drought's impact, as explained later in the discussion of inventory investment. The drop in motor vehicle inventory investment was the consequence of flat production and an upswing in sales.
Motor vehicles.-Motor vehicle output was unchanged in the second quarter after a slight decline in the first; total real final sales (sales to domestic purchasers plus net sales to foreigners) increased $\$ 9$ billion after an $\$ 8$ billion decline.
In units, domestic car production was unchanged at 7.1 million (seasonally adjusted annual rate) in the second quarter after declining 0.4 million

## Looking Ahead...

- Annual Revisions of State Personal Income. State personal income for 1986-88 will be presented in the August Survey.
- Leading Indicators. An article exploring the role of "prime movers"-for example, monetary and fiscal policies, foreign economic developments, and new technologies-in indexes of leading indicators will appear in a forthcoming issue of the Survey.



Note.-Percent change al annual rate from preceding quarler;
based on seasonally adjusted estimates.
U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis
in the first. ${ }^{2}$ After increasing production early in the second quarter, manufacturers cut it late in the quarter in response to the weakening effectiveness of enhanced sales-incentive programs introduced in early April. The programs, designed to boost sales that had fallen throughout the first quarter, covered most vehicle models and offered lower interest rates or larger rebates than those previously offered.
2. Domestic car production includes only cars made in the United States. If imports of U.S. nameplate cars from Canada and Mexico were included-as they are in the sales and inventory estimates-production would show a modest increase in the second quarter.

Car sales jumped in April but fell in May and June. For the quarter, domestic car sales increased 0.3 million units, to 7.3 million, following a decline of 0.5 million units in the first quarter. Inventories increased slightly to 1.73 million, following a larger increase; the inventory-sales ratio edged down slightly to 2.8 -still well above the ratio considered desirable by the industry.
Sales of imported cars rebounded 0.2 million units, to 3.0 million, in the second quarter, following a decline in the first. The increase was due in part to incentive programs offered by some for-

Table 1.-Recent Patterns in Real GNP and Real Gross Domestic Purchases [Billions of 1982 dollars; seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

|  | Level |  |  |  |  | Change from preceding quarter |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1988 |  |  | 1989 |  | 1988 |  | 1989 |  |
|  | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II |
| Gross national product ... | 4,010.7 | 4,042.7 | 4,069.4 | 4,106.8 | 4,123.9 | 32.0 | 26.7 | 37.4 | 17.1 |
| Less: Exports.. | 519.7 | 531.9 | 551.4 | 569.7 | 585.1 | 12.2 | 19.5 | 18.3 | 15.4 |
| Plus: Imports ....................................................................... | 592.3 | 606.9 | 625.2 | 624.6 | 637.7 | 14.6 | 18.3 | -. 6 | 13.1 |
| Equals: Gross domestic purchases ........................................... | 4,083.3 | 4,117.6 | 4,143.2 | 4,161.8 | 4,176.5 | 34.3 | 25.6 | 18.6 | 14.7 |
| Change in business inventories.... | 21.5 | 37.5 | 18.3 | 24.5 | 22.0 | 16.0 | -19.2 | 6.2 | -2.5 |
| Farm ... | -4.0 | . 3 | -13.6 | 7.6 | 2.4 | 4.3 | -13.9 | 21.2 | -5.2 |
| Motor vehicles.... | . 2 | 7.8 | 3.9 | 11.4 | 2.4 | 7.6 | -3.9 | 7.5 | -9.0 |
| Other.............................................................................. | 25.3 | 29.4 | 28.0 | 5.5 | 17.2 | 4.1 | -1.4 | -22.5 | 11.7 |
| Final sales to domestic purchasers ........................................... | 4,061,8 | 4,080.1 | 4,124.9 | 4,137.3 | 4,154.6 | 18.3 | 44.8 | 12.4 | 17.3 |
| Commodity Credit Corporation inventory change in government purchases | -19.6 | -20.1 | -2.2 | -3.3 | 1.2 | -. 5 | 17.9 | -1.1 | 4.5 |
| Motor vehicles ................................................................. | 199.1 | 192.1 | 198.0 | 189.9 | 195.0 | -7.0 | 5.9 | -8.1 | 5.1 |
| Other ${ }^{\text {2 } . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~}$ | 3,882.3 | 3,908.1 | 3,929.1 | 3,950.7 | 3,958.4 | 25.8 | 21.0 | 21.6 | 7.7 |
| Addenda: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Impact of 1988 drought on farm output ${ }^{2}$.................................. | 4017.4 | -11.7 | -21.8 | - 0 | 4123.9 | $-5.0$ | -10.1 | 21.8 | ${ }^{0}$ |
| GNP excluding impact of drought ........................................ |  | 4,054.4 | 4,091.2 | 4,106.8 | 4,123.9 | 37.0 | 36.8 | 15.6 | 17.1 |

1. Consists of personal consumption expenditures (PCE) less PCE for motor vehicles, nonresidential and residential structures, producers' durable equipme
2. Estimates of the impact of the drought on farm output have been revised as part of the regular annual revision; previously published estimates for the second, third, and fourth quarters of 1988 had been - $\$ 9.2$ billion, $-\$ 14.3$ billion, and $-\$ 25.0$ billion, respectively. See the August 1988 "Business Situation" for a description of the procedures used by BEA to estimate the losses in oupput due to the drought and to allocate them on a quarterly basis. BEA has not attempted to make estimates of the impact of the drought on farm inventories, farm income, and nonfarm national

Note,-Motor vehicle estimates are
Nore,-Motor vehicle estimates are found in tables 1.18 and 1.20 -for auto and trucks, respectively-of the "National Income and Product
Accounts Tables." The other estimates are found in tables $1.2,1.6$, and 3.8 B .

Note.-Quarterly estimates in the national income and product accounts are expressed at seasonally adjusted annual rates, and quarterly changes in them are differences between these rates. Quarter-to-quarter percent changes are annualized. Real, or constant-dollar, estimates are expressed in 1982 dollars.

The advance GNP estimates for the second quarter are based on the following major source data, some of which are subject to revision. (The number of months for which data were available is shown in parentheses.)

Personal consumption expenditures: Sales of retail stores (3), and unit auto and truck sales (3);

Nonresidential fixed investment: Unit auto and truck sales (3), construction put in place (2), manufacturers' shipments of machinery and equipment (2), and exports and imports of capital goods (2);

Residential investment: Construction put in place (2), and housing starts (3);
Change in business inventories: Manufacturing and trade inventories (2), unit auto inventories (3);

Net exports of goods and services: Merchandise exports and merchandise imports (2);
Government purchases of goods and services: Federal outlays (2), and State and local construction put in place (2);

GNP prices: Consumer Price Index (3), Producer Price Index (3), merchandise export and import price indexes (3), and unit-value indexes for exports (1), for petroleum imports (2), and for nonpetroleum imports (1).
eign manufacturers attempting to compete with domestic manufacturers' programs. Inventories of imported cars declined from the record level reached at the end of the first quarter.
Unit sales of new trucks increased slightly after a first-quarter decline. Both domestic and imported trucks contributed to the increase. Many truck models were included in the sales-incentive programs. In the second quarter, sales of domestic trucks were 4.4 million, and sales of imported trucks were 0.5 million. Truck inventories increased less in the second quarter than in the first.

## Components of Real GNP

All major components of real GNP decelerated in the second quarter except nonresidential investment (specifically, producers' durable equipment) and government purchases (largely CCC purchases and national defense purchases). As already mentioned, inventory investment declined and net exports slowed. Personal consumption expenditures decelerated for the third consecutive quarter, and residential investment declined more in the second quarter than in the first.

## Personal consumption expenditures

Real personal consumption expenditures (PCE) decelerated to a 1-percent increase in the second quarter after decelerating to a 2 -percent increase in the first (table 2). The secondquarter increase was the smallest since the fourth quarter of 1987 (when PCE declined ${ }^{1 / 2}$ percent). Food purchases (in nondurables) more than accounted for the slowdown in the second quarter; energy purchases (in nondurables and services) had accounted for the slowdown in the first.

The decelerations in PCE in the first two quarters followed a slight slowing in the fourth quarter of 1988. This pattern of deceleration is difficult to reconcile with many of the factors usually considered in analyses of consumer spending. Real disposable personal income growth did slow in the second quarter, but this followed several quarters of strong growth. Consumer confidence (as measured by the Index of Consumer Sentiment prepared by the University of Michigan's Survey Research Center) declined in two of the last three quarters, but the declines
still left the index at very high levels. Nor do labor market conditions appear to have been behind the weakening of consumer spending: From its lowest level in 14 years, 5.5 percent in the second and third quarters of 1988, the civilian unemployment rate declined further, to 5.1 percent in the first quarter of 1989, before edging up to 5.2 percent in the second quarter.
Even if these developments could be interpreted as explaining the recent weakness in PCE, it is hard to see how they could be related to expenditures on energy and food, the two items in which the weakness was most apparent. This same point would apply to the argument that consumers are satiated after a long spending binge and want to augment their savings. Most analysts would probably expect consumer durables to take the brunt of such a retrenchment in spending, not energy and food.

With regards purchases of energy, it seems likely that part of the firstquarter decline reflected reduced demand for home heating during a warmer-than-usual winter. In the second quarter, purchases of energy were unchanged, despite a $31^{1 / 2}$-percent increase in PCE energy prices.

With regards purchases of food, the second-quarter decline of $\$ 7^{1 / 2}$ billion was by far the largest drop for this component than at any other time in the current expansion. The decline was probably due in part to a sharp (8percent) increase in PCE food prices, but even larger price increases occurred earlier in the expansion without precipitating such a steep drop in purchases. (It should be noted, perhaps, that a drop in constant-dollar food purchases does not necessarily imply a drop in the physical quantity of food purchased and consumed. A drop in purchases may reflect a shift from higher priced foods to lower priced foods or a shift from meals purchased in restaurants to meals prepared and consumed at home.)

Finally, with regards purchases of both energy and food, it is extremely rare for purchases of these staples to exhibit weakness for more than one or two quarters; they generally rebound quickly.

PCE for durable goods and services shows no clear a pattern over the past few quarters. Durable goods declined in the first quarter and increased in the second, reflecting similar movements in motor vehicles and parts. Excluding motor vehicles and parts, PCE
durables increased $5^{1 / 2}$ percent in both quarters.
Expenditures for services increased $3^{1 / 2}$ percent in both the first and second quarters. Excluding energy, PCE services increased $4^{1 / 2}$ percent in the first quarter and $3^{1 / 2}$ percent increase in the second.

## Nonresidential fixed investment

Real nonresidential fixed investment increased $7^{1 / 2}$ percent in the second quarter, slightly more than in the first (table 3). Structures declined 10 percent after a 1-percent decline, but producers' durable equipment (PDE) increased $13^{1 / 2}$ percent after a $9^{1 / 2-}$ percent increase. The second-quarter weakness in structures was concen-
trated in commercial buildings; in the first quarter, oil well drilling had more than accounted for the decline. Information processing equipment, which accounts for about one-half of PDE, accounted for about three-fourths of the increase in PDE in the second quarter; the only major category of PDE to decline was industrial equipment (after seven consecutive quarterly increases). Autos more than accounted for the increase in transportation equipment.

Factors that are typically considered in analyses of business investment present a mixed picture for future investment. On the one hand, business sales have increased slowly in recent quarters, and capacity utilization (which had been increasing steadily) slipped slightly in the first and second

Table 2.-Real Personal Consumption Expenditures

|  | Billions of 1982 dollars |  |  |  |  | Percent change from preceding quarter |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Level | Change from preceding quarter |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1989:II | 1988 |  | 1989 |  | 1988 |  | 1989 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | III | IV | I | II |
|  |  | III | IV | I | II |  |  |  |  |
| Personal consumption expenditures.......................................... | 2,648.2 | 21.3 | 19.6 | 13.3 | 7.2 | 3.3 | 3.0 | 2.0 | 1.1 |
| Durables ... | 423.8 | -4.1 | 9.8 | -1.2 | 4.5 | -3.9 | 9.9 | -1.1 | 4.4 |
| Motor vehicles and parts............................................................. | 177.2 | -4.7 | 4.4 | -4.5 | 1.1 | -10.0 | 10.4 | -9.6 | 2.5 |
| Furniture and household equipment ........................................... | 177.9 68.7 | -. 7 | 2.7 | 6.8 -3.4 | 3.1 | $-.2$ | 6.7 | 17.2 | 7.3 |
| Other durables............................................................................... | 68.7 | . 7 | 2.6 | -3.4 | .3 | 4.2 | 15.9 | -17.6 | 1.8 |
| Nondurables ...................................................................... | 905.8 | 11.1 | 1.7 | 3.0 | -9.2 | 5.0 | .7 | 1.3 | $-4.0$ |
| Food............................................................................. | 458.6 | 2.1 | 2 | 3.9 | -7.4 | 1.8 | . 2 | 3.4 | -6.2 |
| Clothing and shoes ........................................................... | 165.5 | 7.0 | . 5 | . 4 | . 5 | 19.1 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 1.2 |
| Energy ${ }^{1}$........................................................................... | 120.8 | . 6 | 2.1 | -3.2 | -.8 | 2.0 | 7.0 | -9.9 | -2.6 |
| Other nondurables............................................................................ | 160.9 | 1.4 | -1.2 | 1.9 | -1.5 | 3.5 | -2.9 | 4.8 | -3.6 |
| Services .............................................................................. | 1,318.5 | 14.2 | 8.2 | 11.5 | 11.8 | 4.5 | 2.6 | 3.6 | 3.7 |
| Housing ................................ | 371.5 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.6 | 1.9 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.8 | 2.1 |
| Household operation......................................................... | 164.5 | 3.9 | -. 6 | -2.3 | 1.1 | 10.0 | -1.4 | -5.4 | 2.7 |
| Energy ${ }^{2}$....................................................................... | 81.5 | 2.2 | -. 7 | -2.6 | . 8 | 11.2 | -3.3 | -11.9 | 4.0 |
| Other................... | 83.0 | 1.9 | 0 | . 3 | . 3 | 9.8 | 0 | 1.5 | 1.5 |
| Transportation .................................................................. | 96.7 | 1.3 | 1.0 | . 1 | .4 | 5.7 | 4.3 | . 4 | 1.7 |
| Medical care .................................................................. | 292.2 | 4.3 | 4.0 | 5.1 | 3.2 | 6.4 | 5.8 | 7.4 | 4.5 |
| Other services ................................................................................. | 393.5 | 3.4 | 2.5 | 7.0 | 5.2 | 3.7 | 2.7 | 7.5 | 5.5 |

1. Gasoline and oil, and fuel oil and coal.
Electricity and gas.
2. Electricity and gas.

Nore.-Percent changes in major aggregates are found in table 8.1 of the "National Income and Product Accounts Tables." Dollar levels are
ound in table 2.3.

Table 3.-Real Gross Private Domestic Fixed Investment [Seasonally adjusted at annual rates]


Note.--Percent changes in major aggregates are found in table 8.1 of the "National Income and Product Accounts Tables." Dollar levels are found in table 5.13 .
quarters, and corporate profits tumbled in the first quarter. On the other hand, newly approved capital appropriations for 1,000 manufacturing corporations (and the backlog of capital appropriations) registered further substantial increases in the second quarter, and long-term interest rates declined.

## Residential investment

Real residential investment declined $13^{1 / 2}$ percent in the second quarter, following a 5 -percent decline in the first. Single-family construction more than accounted for the second-quarter decline. In multifamily construction, a fourth consecutive quarterly increase accompanied a declining rental vacancy rate; in the "other" component (which includes additions and alterations, major replacements, mobile home sales, and brokers' commissions), a small decline reflected a drop in commissions.

In the second quarter, the drop in single-family construction reflected drops in single-family starts in the first and second quarters. Starts declined 68,000 (seasonally adjusted annual rate) in the first quarter and 76,000 in the second (chart 2). Building permits for single-family construction also declined by similar amounts. The declines in actual and prospective construction are consistent with declining sales activity. Sales of new and existing houses declined 204,000 in the second quarter after a decline of 349,000 in the first. At June sales rates, the unsold inventory of new houses amounted to 7 months supply. Higher house prices partly offset the effect of lower mortgage interest rates (chart 3 ).

## Inventory investment

Real inventory investment-that is, the change in business inventoriesdeclined $\$ 2^{1 / 2}$ billion in the second quarter, as inventory accumulation slipped to $\$ 22$ billion from $\$ 24^{1 / 2}$ billion in the first quarter (table 4). In contrast, inventory investment had increased $\$ 6$ billion in the first quarter. The downswing was more than accounted for by farm inventories.

Farm inventories increased $\$ 2^{1 / 2}$ billion in the second quarter, following an increase of $\$ 7^{1 / 2}$ billion in the first quarter and a decline of $\$ 13^{1 / 2}$ billion in the fourth. The fourth- and firstDigquarterchanges reflected BEA's allocahtt|tition of the implact/of the 1988 drought. Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis

In the fourth quarter, farmers maintained market sales in the face of a drought-depressed level of output by drawing down inventories. With the first-quarter rebound of farm output to a level not affected by the drought, inventory liquidation gave way to modest accumulation. In the second quarter, as inventories increased further, transactions with the CCC swung from net redemptions to net placements.

Nonfarm inventories increased $\$ 19^{1 / 2}$ billion in the second quarter, somewhat more than in the first quarter but much less than in the second half of 1988. The second-quarter pick-up was in nondurables manufacturing and durables wholesale trade inventories. Retail trade inventories increased slightly, as accumulation of nondurables more than offset liquidation of durables; auto dealers' inven-

CHART 2

Housing Starts

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis
89.7 .2

CHART 3

## Selected Interest Rates



Data: FRB, FLHLMC.
U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis
tories declined after three quarters of substantial increase, and other retail durables declined for the second consecutive quarter. ${ }^{3}$

The constant-dollar ratio of total inventories to total final sales was un-
3. The change in auto dealers' inventories (table 4) differs from the change in motor vehicle inventories (table 1). Most importantly, inventories of manufacturers and wholesalers are excluded from auto dealers' inventories but are included in motor vehicle inventories. (Wholesalers account for a substantial portion of foreign car inventories.)
changed at 3.05 ; the ratio has been in the range of 3.05 to 3.07 since the first quarter of 1988.

## Net exports

Real net exports increased $\$ 2^{1 / 2}$ billion in the second quarter, following a $\$ 19$ billion increase in the first (table 5). All of the slowdown was in net exports of merchandise; net exports of services declined the same amount in both quarters.

Table 4.-Change in Real Business Inventories
[Billions of 1982 dollars; seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

|  | Level |  |  |  |  | Change from preceding quarter |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1988 |  |  | 1989 |  | 1988 |  | 1989 |  |
|  | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II |
| Change in business inventories..... | 21.5 | 37.5 | 18.3 | 24.5 | 22.0 | 16.0 | -19.2 | 6.2 | -2.5 |
| Farm.......................................................................... | -4.0 | . 3 | -13.6 | 7.6 | 2.4 | 4.3 | -13.9 | 21.2 | -5.2 |
| Nonfarm...................................................................... | 25.4 | 37.2 | 31.9 | 16.9 | 19.6 | 11.8 | -5.3 | -15.0 | 2.7 |
| Manufacturing............................................................. | 4.2 | 5.8 | 12.2 | 3.8 | 8.4 | 1.6 | 6.4 | -8.4 | 4.6 |
| Wholesale trade ...................................................................... | 2.8 | 9.8 | 1.9 | -2.4 | 4.7 | 7.0 | -7.9 | $-4.3$ | 7.1 |
| Retail trade. | 12.2 | 13.3 | 11.6 | 8.4 | 1.8 | 1.1 | -1.7 | -3.2 | $-6.6$ |
| Auto dealers | 10.0 2.2 | 8.6 4.7 | 6.6 5.0 | 9.0 -6 | -1.0 2.8 | -1.4 2.5 2 | -2.0 | 2.4 -5.6 | -10.0 3 |
| Other retail trade | 2.2 | 4.7 8.3 | 5.0 6.2 | 7.1 | 2.8 4.6 | 2.5 | -2.1 | -5.6 .9 | 3.4 -2.5 |
| Other....................................................................... | 6.2 | 8.3 | 6.2 | 7.1 | 4.6 | 2.1 | -2.1 | . 9 | -2.5 |
| Addendum: <br> Nonfarm less auto dealers $\qquad$ | 15.5 | 28.6 | 25.3 | 7.9 | 20.6 | 13.1 | -3.3 | -17.4 | 12.7 |

Note.-Dollar levels for most inventories are found in table 5.11 of the "National Income and Product Accounts Tables."

Table 5.-Real Net Exports of Goods and Services [Seasonally adjusted at annual rates]


Table 6.-Real Government Purchases of Goods and Services
[Seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

|  | Billions of 1982 dollars |  |  |  |  | Percent change from preceding quarter |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Level | Change from preceding quarter |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1989:II | 1988 |  | 1989 |  | 1988 |  | 1989 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | III | IV | I | II |
|  |  | III | IV | 1 | II |  |  |  |  |
| Government purchases of goods and services............................ | 807.6 | -7.1 | 30.5 | -6.7 | 7.9 | -3.6 | 16.7 | -3.3 | 4.0 |
| Federal... | 341.3 | -8.1 | 24.1 | -8.4 | 5.8 | -9.5 | 33.7 | -9.4 | 7.1 |
| National defense | 256.1 | -3.7 | 2.8 | -7.2 | 1.7 | -5.5 | 4.4 | -10.6 | 2.7 |
| Nondefense. | 85.1 | -4.4 | 21.3 | -1.2 | 4.0 | -24.3 | 231.3 | -5.7 | 21.2 |
| Commodity Credit Corporation inventory change................... | 1.2 839 | -3.5 | 17.9 3.4 | -1.1 | 4.5 |  |  |  |  |
| Other. $\qquad$ | 83.9 | -3.9 | 3.4 | -. 1 | -. 5 | -17.1 | 17.9 | -. 5 | -2.3 |
| State and local.................................................................... | 466.3 | 1.0 | 6.4 | 1.7 | 2.1 | . 9 | 5.7 | 1.5 | 1.8 |
| Structures....................................................................... | 57.2 | -2.1 | 3.3 | -1.3 | -. 8 | -13.7 | 25.7 | -8.5 | -5.4 |
| Other............................................................................... | 409.2 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.1 |

[^1]Merchandise exports increased $\$ 11^{1 / 2}$ billion (or 13 percent) in the second quarter after increasing $\$ 14$ billion (or $16^{1 / 2}$ percent) in the first. Agricultural exports accounted for the slowdown, reflecting a decline in wheat shipments. Nonagricultural exports increased at the same rate in both quarters; all major end-use categories increased in the second quarter except autos and "other," both of which registered very small declines.
Merchandise imports increased $\$ 8$ billion (or 7 percent) in the second quarter after declining $\$ 6$ billion (or 5 percent) in the first. Both petroleum and nonpetroleum imports contributed to the turnaround, but the contribution of petroleum imports was much larger. Within nonpetroleum imports, consumer goods registered the largest upswing.

Exports of services increased $\$ 3^{1 / 2}$ billion and imports of services increased $\$ 5$ billion. In both cases, the increases were slightly less in the second quarter than in the first, and both slowdowns were more than accounted for by investment income.

## Government purchases

Real government purchases increased $\$ 8$ billion (or 4 percent) in the second quarter, following a decline of $\$ 6^{1 / 2}$ billion (or $3^{1 / 2}$ percent) in the first (table 6). A turnaround in Federal Government purchases reflected upswings in both defense and nondefense purchases; State and local government purchases increased slightly more in the second quarter than in the first quarter.

Federal defense purchases increased $\$ 11 / 2$ billion, following a decline of $\$ 7$ billion in the first quarter. The upswing was in all categories of defense purchases except military hardware, which declined in both quarters.
In Federal nondefense purchases, CCC inventories increased $\$ 1$ billion in the second quarter after being drawn down for eight consecutive quarters. The swing largely reflected net placements of corn and soybeans with the CCC under the commodity loan program. Federal nondefense purchases excluding CCC inventory purchases declined slightly in the second quarter after little change in the first.
In State and local government purchases, purchases other than structures continued to increase at a modest rate; structures declined again.

## Prices

Increases in GNP prices and in gross domestic purchases prices have been in the range of $4^{1 / 2}$ to $5^{1 / 2}$ percent for five consecutive quarters. In the first and second quarters, GNP prices were up 5 percent and gross domestic purchases prices were up $5^{1 / 2}$ percent (table 7). The first-quarter increases in each of these price measures was boosted 0.5 percentage point by the combined effect of (1) a 4.1-percent pay raise for Federal Government employees and (2) an increase in the Federal Government's contributionsas an employer-for social insurance programs. (Such increases in employee compensation are treated in the NIPA's as an increase in the price of employee services purchased by the Federal Government.)

The higher increases in gross domestic purchases prices than in GNP prices in the first and second quarters reflected a recent upsurge in the price of imported petroleum. (Changes in import prices are reflected directly in the price index for gross domestic purchases but not in the GNP price index.) Imported petroleum prices jumped 115 percent in the first quarter and $92^{1 / 2}$ percent in the second, following five consecutive quarterly declines. Prices of "other" merchandise imports increased 2.6 percent in the first quarter and declined 1.3 percent in the sec-

Table 7.—Price Indexes (Fixed Weights): Change From Preceding Quarter

| [Percent change at annual rates; based on seasonally adjusted index <br> numbers $(1982=100)]$ |
| :--- |

Note-Percent changes in major aggregates are found in table 8.1 of the "National Income and Product Accounts Tables." Most index
number levels are found in tables 7.1 and 7.3 .
ond, as prices of autos and of capital goods (except autos) drifted down.

PCE prices jumped $6^{1 / 2}$ percent in the second quarter, following two quarters of 5 -percent increases. The stepup was more than accounted for by food and energy prices; "other" PCE prices were up a little less in the second quarter than in the first. Food prices increased 8 percent after a $5^{1 / 2}$-percent increase; the pickup was largely in prices of meat, eggs, and vegetables. Energy prices surged $31^{1 / 2}$ percent, as prices of gasoline and oil increased sharply after a small increase; prices of electricity and gas changed little after a moderate increase. "Other" PCE prices slowed slightly to a 4 -percent increase; the slowdown was largely in prices of durable goods, particularly in autos and in furniture and equipment.
Among other components of final sales, prices of fixed investment slowed slightly to a $4^{1 / 2}$-percent increase in the second quarter; a deceleration in PDE prices was largely traceable to trucks and autos. Prices of government purchases slowed sharply to a $3^{1 / 2}$-percent increase; one-half of the deceleration was attributable to the effect of the first-quarter Federal pay raise and increased payments of social security taxes by the Federal Government for its employees.

## Personal Income

Personal income increased $\$ 78^{1 / 2}$ billion in the second quarter, following a $\$ 132^{1 / 2}$ billion increase in the first (table 8). Nearly all of the major components of personal income contributed to the deceleration. Personal saving declined slightly after a substantial increase.
Wage and salary disbursements increased $\$ 46$ billion in the second quarter, $\$ 9{ }^{1 / 2}$ billion less than in the first. Government wages and salaries, which had been boosted $\$ 4^{1 / 2}$ billion in the first quarter by a pay raise for Federal Government and Postal Service employees, accounted for almost one-half of the deceleration. In private wages and salaries, the deceleration was concentrated in manufacturing, where average weekly hours declined and employment and average hourly earnings increased less in the second quarter than in the first.
Farm proprietors' income declined $\$ 6^{3 / 2}$ billion in the second quarter, following a $\$ 27$ billion increase in the first. Federal agricultural subsidy pay-
ments declined in both quarters. Farm proprietors' income excluding subsidies declined $\$ 1^{1 / 2}$ billion after a $\$ 28^{1 / 2}$ billion jump. The second-quarter decline was largely due to lower farm product; the first-quarter jump reflected a sharp increase in crop prices and the return of farm output to a level not affected by the drought. Nonfarm proprietors' income increased somewhat less in the second quarter than in the first, reflecting slowdowns in construction and retail trade.

Transfer payments increased $\$ 10$ billion, considerably less than in the first quarter. In the first quarter, cost-of-living increases in social security and several other Federal retirement and income support programs, as well

## $\longrightarrow$ CHART 4 <br> Selected Personal Income

 and Saving Measures


Percent

as retroactive payments to recent retirees, had added $\$ 13$ billion to the increase.
Among the remaining components of personal income, increases in other labor income and personal dividend income were similar to those in the first quarter. Rental income declined for the third consecutive quarter. Personal interest income increased somewhat less than in the first quarter; the slowdown reflected declines in interest rates.
Personal contributions for social insurance, which are subtracted in deriving the personal income total, increased considerably less than in the first quarter when several program changes had added $\$ 6$ billion.

Personal tax and nontax payments increased $\$ 23^{1 / 2}$ billion in the second quarter, following a $\$ 30^{1 / 2}$ billion increase in the first. The effects of the Tax Reform Act of 1986 boosted payments in both quarters- $\$ 8$ billion in the second quarter and $\$ 18$ billion in the first-as taxes were paid on income that had been deferred in earlier periods.
Disposable personal income (DPI) increased $\$ 55$ billion (or 6 percent) in the second quarter, compared with a $\$ 102$ billion (or 12-percent) increase in the first. Reflecting this slowdown and the pickup in PCE prices, real DPI increased $1 / 2$ percent after a $6^{1 / 2}$-percent increase in the first quarter.
Personal outlays increased about the same amount in both quarters; thus, the deceleration in current-dollar DPI
carried through to personal saving, dipped 0.2 percentage point to 5.4 which declined after a substantial in- percent, interrupting a three-quarter crease. The personal saving rate uptrend.

Table 8.-Personal Income and Its Disposition
[Billions of dollars; seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

|  | Level <br> 1989:II | Change from preceding quarter |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1988 |  | 1989 |  |
|  |  | III | IV | I | II |
| Wage and salary disbursements................................................................. | 2,606.6 | 46.8 | 52.9 | 55.6 | 45.9 |
| Commodity-producing industries............................................................. | 733.15 | 10.8 | 13.1 | 11.9 | 6.5 |
| Manufacturing.................................................................... | 549.5 | 8.0 | 10.9 | 8.2 | 3.3 |
| Other............................................................................... | 183.6 | 2.8 | 2.2 | 3.7 | 3.3 |
| Distributive industries........................................................................... | 610.2 | 10.0 | 9.5 | 11.3 | 11.4 |
| Service industries............................................................... | 789.7 | 19.5 | 23.7 | 21.7 | 21.3 |
| Government and government enterprises .................................................. | 473.5 | 6.5 | 6.7 | 10.6 | 6.6 |
| Other labor income................................................................................ | 246.0 | 5.2 | 5.4 | 4.8 | 4.7 |
| Proprietors' income ................................................................................ | 355.1 | -4.8 | 1.3 | 31.0 | -4.2 |
| Farm ......................................................................................................... | 52.6 | -7.7 | -5.7 | 27.0 | -6.4 |
| Nonfarm ............................................................................................. | 302.6 | 2.8 | 7.0 | 4.0 | 2.3 |
| Rental income of persons......................................................................... | 8.7 | 1.7 | -. 2 | -4.3 | -3.1 |
| Personal dividend income ...................................................... | 111.4 | 3.2 | 2.8 | 3.0 | 2.0 |
| Personal interest income ..................................................................................... | 655.1 | 16.3 | 22.3 | 30.4 | 26.1 |
| Transfer payments ................................................... | 626.2 | 5.6 | 6.4 | 22.6 | 9.8 |
| Less: Personal concributions for social insurance...... | 212.9 | 3.0 | 3.2 | 10.4 | 2.9 |
| Personal income .......................................... | 4,396.2 | 71.0 | 87.6 | 132.6 | 78.4 |
| Less: Personal tax and nontax payments ................................................ | 651.6 | -4.8 | 11.9 | 30.5 | 23.3 |
| Impact of the Tax Reform Act of $1986{ }^{1}$................................................... |  | -15.6 | -. 4 | 18.8 | 9.6 |
| Other........................................................................................... |  | 10.8 | 12.3 | 11.7 | 13.7 |
| Equats: Disposable personal income ................................................. | 3,744.5 | 75.8 | 75.7 | 102.1 | 55.0 |
| Less: Personal outlays................................................................. | 3,540.9 | 60.2 | 61.9 | 59.8 | 57.1 |
| Equals: Personal saving ......................................................................... | 203.7 | 15.6 | 13.8 | 42.3 | -2.0 |
| Addenda: Speciai factors in personal income: |  |  |  |  |  |
| In wages and salaries: <br> Federal Govemment and Postal Service pay adjustments |  | . 3 | . 3 | 4.4 | . 3 |
| In farm proprietors' income: <br> Agricultural subsidy payments $\qquad$ | .............. | -11.9 | 14.2 | -1.7 | -5.0 |
| In transfer payments: <br> Social security retroactive payments $\qquad$ |  | -. 6 | -. 1 | 1.2 | -. 3 |
| Cost-of-living increases in Federal transfer payments................................................................... |  |  |  | 11.8 | ......... |
| In personal contributions for social insurance: Social security rate and base changes, the initial premiums under the medical catastrophic coverage, and an increase in the premium for supplementary medical insurance. $\qquad$ |  |  |  | 6.1 | $\ldots . . . . . .$. |

1. Estimates of the impact of the Tax Reform Act of 1986 on Federal Government personal tax payments and indirect effects on State and local government personal tax payments.

Note.-Most dollar levels are found in table 2.1 of the "National Income and Product Accounts Tables."

# The U.S. National Income and Product Accounts: <br> Revised Estimates 

- Annual 1986-88
- Quarterly 1986:I-1989:I

InIn this issue of the Survey of Current Business, the Bureau of Economic Analysis presents the revised estimates of the national income and product accounts (NIPA's) for the years 1986-88 and the quarters from the first quarter of 1986 through the first quarter of 1989. As is usual in July, source data that are more complete, more detailed, or otherwise more appropriate than the data previously available have been incorporated into the estimates, and seasonal factors have been updated. This July, methodological changes were largely confined to those made in connection with the June 1989 revision to the U.S. balance of payments accounts.
The first section of this article discusses the impact of the revisions on

## CHART 5

Real Gross National Product

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis
89.7 .5
several aspects of economic activity, the second section provides a summary of the revisions and the major source data underlying them, and the third section describes the changes in methodology made this July and summarizes the source data and methods used to prepare the NIPA estimates. Appendix A to this article shows the current-dollar annual previously published estimates, revised estimates, and revisions for condensed versions of the five summary accounts of the NIPA's. Appendix B shows the revised 1988 annual estimates for the full five summary accounts. The complete set of NIPA tables follows this article.

## Impact of the Revisions

By either the previously published estimates or the revised estimates, the economy continued to grow at a moderate pace over the 3 -year period covered by the revisions. Growth in production was somewhat stronger in the revised estimates: From the first quarter of 1986 to the first quarter of 1989, the growth rate (average annual rate of increase) for real GNP was revised up 0.2 percentage point-from 3.1 to 3.3 percent (table 1). ${ }^{1}$ Growth in U.S. demand was unrevised at 2.8 percent. Average annual rates of change for most major components were not much different than previously estimated. The largest differences were for imports and nonresidential structures: On the revised basis, imports was not quite as strong,

1. Comparisons in this section cover the timespan from the earliest quarter (1986:I) through the latest quarter (1989:I) for which estimates were revised. Users should be aware that, as a result of this year's July revision, a discontinuity occurs between the estimates for 1985 (and earlier), which were not revised, and the estimates for 1986 (and later), which were revised. See the box on page 21 of this article for a discussion of this discontinuity.
increasing 7.5 percent instead of 8.5 percent; nonresidential structures fell off more, dropping 5.6 percent instead of 4.6 percent.
By either set of estimates, inflation was moderate over the 3 -year period. From the first quarter of 1986 to the first quarter of 1989, the average annual rates of increase in GNP prices and in gross domestic purchases prices were unrevised at 3.9 and 4.0 percent, respectively (table 2). Average annual rates of price change for the major components were not much different than previously estimated.
Thus, the overall picture of economic growth and inflation was not significantly different on the basis of the revised estimates. However, for the components discussed below, in which the level as well as the rate of change are

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis. 89-7-6
of interest, the revised estimates do present a different picture.
Inventory investment.-The revised estimates show considerably lower rates of inventory accumulation than had been indicated in the previously published estimates. The change in real business inventories was revised down in each quarter. By the first quarter of 1989, the revised level of real business inventories was $\$ 896.6$ billion- $\$ 37.9$ billion below the previously published level. Farm inventories were revised down $\$ 5.3$ billion, and nonfarm inventories were revised down $\$ 32.7$ billion. Almost one-half of the downward revision in nonfarm inventories was in "other"mainly the mining, construction, and services industries-inventories, but manufacturing, wholesale trade, and retail trade inventories were also revised down.
The downward revisions in inventories combined with upward revisions in final sales led to progressively larger downward revisions in the constantdollar aggregate inventory-sales ratios. By the first quarter of 1989, the ratio of total inventories to total business final sales was revised down 0.15 to 3.05. Thus, the revised ratios present an even "leaner" picture of inventories than previously indicated.
Net exports.-By 1988, net exports was revised up substantially-from $-\$ 100.2$ billion to $-\$ 74.9$ billion in constant dollars and from $-\$ 94.6$ billion to $-\$ 73.7$ billion in current dollars. A large part (one-half in current dollars) of the difference in the levels of the previously published estimates and the revised estimates stems from new or improved estimates for a range of services-business, professional, and technical services, travel and passenger fares, and students' expenditures. The introduction of these estimates for 1986-88 raised the level

## Data Availability

The revised estimates, along with the estimates for 1985 and earlier years, are available on diskette and on magnetic tape. To obtain an order form indicating the technical specifications of the diskettes and tapes and their cost, write to the National Income and Wealth Division (BE-54), Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington DC 20230 or call (202) 523-0669.
of exports more than the level of imports throughout the period. The re- the NIPA and investment.-Although poind mainly due was ind mainder of the difference is mainly due was revised only modestly in 1988, its to a revised view of income on direct composition was altered. Private doinvestment in 1988-a larger increase mestic investment was $\$ 16.2$ billion in profits received on U.S. investment lower on the revised basis, largely reabroad and a smaller increase in prof- flecting the lower rate of inventory its paid to foreigners on investments in accumulation, and net foreign investthe United States.
ment was a smaller negative amount,

Table 1.-Revisions in Real GNP and in Real Gross Domestic Purchases Over the Period 1986:I-1989:I [Billions of 1982 dollars, seasonally adjusted annual rates]

|  | Previously published |  |  |  | Revised |  |  |  | Revision in change |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1986:I | 1989:I | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Change from } \\ & \text { 1986:I to } \\ & \text { 1989:I } \end{aligned}$ |  | 1986:I | 1989:I | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Change from } \\ & \text { 1986:I to } \\ & \text { 1989:I } \end{aligned}$ |  | Dollar | Percentage point |
|  |  |  | Dollar | Percent (annual rate) |  |  | Dollar | $\begin{gathered} \text { Per- } \\ \text { cent } \\ \text { (annu- } \\ \text { al rate) } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| Gross national product........ | 3,719.3 | 4,077.5 | 358.2 | 3.1 | 3,721.1 | 4,106.8 | 385.7 | 3.3 | 27.5 | 0.2 |
| Less: Exports.. | 374.5 | 540.7 | 166.2 | 13.0 | 392.9 | 569.7 | 176.8 | 13.2 | 10.6 | . 2 |
| Plus: Imports...................................................... | 490.2 | 626.6 | 136.4 | 8.5 | 502.9 | 624.6 | 121.7 | 7.5 | -14.7 | -1.0 |
| Equals: Gross domestic purchases.......................... | 3,834.9 | 4,163.4 | 328.5 | 2.8 | 3,831.0 | 4,161.8 | 330.8 | 2.8 | 2.3 | 0 |
| Personal consumption expenditures... | 2,415.1 | 2,634.9 | 219.8 | 2.9 | 2,410.9 | 2,641.0 | 230.1 | 3.1 | 10.3 | . 2 |
| Durable goods....................... | 363.3 | 412.3 | 49.0 | 4.3 | 363.7 | 419.3 | 55.6 | 4.9 | 6.6 | . 6 |
| Nondurable goods...................... | 870.4 | 911.5 | 41.1 | 1.5 | 870.1 | 915.0 | 44.9 | 1.7 | 3.8 | . 2 |
| Services..................................................... | 1,181.4 | 1,311.1 | 129.7 | 3.5 | 1,177.1 | 1,306.7 | 129.6 | 3.5 | -. 1 | 0 |
| Gross private domestic investment......................... | 678.0 | 730.2 | 52.2 | 2.5 | 676.1 | 721.1 | 45.0 | 2.2 | -7.2 | -. 3 |
| Fixed investment... | 632.4 | 694.8 | 62.4 | 3.2 | 634.2 | 696.6 | 62.4 | 3.2 | 0 | 0 |
| Nonresidential.......................................... | 446.8 | 500.5 | 53.7 | 3.9 | 448.5 | 501.0 | 52.5 | 3.8 | -1.2 | -. 1 |
| Structures.... | 145.1 | 125.9 | -19.2 | -4.6 | 144.0 | 121.1 | -22.9 | -5.6 | -3.7 | -1.0 |
| Producers' durable equipment.................. | 301.7 | 374.6 | 72.9 | 7.5 | 304.5 | 379.9 | 75.4 | 7.7 | 2.5 | . 2 |
| Residential ........................................... | 185.5 | 194.3 | 8.8 | 1.6 | 185.7 | 195.6 | 9.9 | 1.7 | 1.1 | . 1 |
| Change in business inventories ......................... | 45.7 | 35.5 | -10.2 |  | 41.9 | 24.5 | -17.4 |  | -7.2 |  |
| Nonfarm.................................................. | 43.2 | 26.2 | -17.0 | .... | 37.4 | 16.9 | -20.5 | $\ldots$ | -3.5 | $\ldots$ |
| Farm......................................................... | 2.4 | 9.2 | 6.8 |  | 4.5 | 7.6 | 3.1 |  | -3.7 | ........ |
| Govermment purchases of goods and services........... | 741.8 | 798.2 | 56.4 | 2.5 | 744.1 | 799.7 | 55.6 | 2.4 | -. 8 | -. 1 |
| Federal ..................................................... | 322.7 | 335.8 | 13.1 | 1.3 | 324.4 | 335.5 | 11.1 | 1.1 | -2.0 | -. 2 |
| National defense..... | 241.1 | 256.6 | 15.5 | 2.1 | 241.2 | 254.4 | 13.2 | 1.8 | -2.3 | -. 3 |
| Nondefense ............ | 81.6 | 79.1 | -2.5 | -1.0 | 83.3 | 81.1 | -2.2 | -. 9 | . 3 | . 1 |
| State and local.................................................. | 419.1 | 462.4 | 43.3 | 3.3 | 419.6 | 464.2 | 44.6 | 3.4 | 1.3 | . 1 |
| Addenda: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Final sales......................................................... | 3,673.6 | 4,042.0 | 368.4 | 3.2 | 3,679.2 | 4,082.3 | 403.1 | 3.5 | 34.7 | . 3 |
| Final sales to domestic purchasers........................... | 3,789.3 | 4,127.9 | 338.6 | 2.9 | 3,789.1 | 4,137.3 | 348.2 | 3.0 | 9.6 | . |

Table 2.—Revisions in the GNP Price Index (Fixed Weights) and in the Gross Domestic Purchases Price Index (Fixed Weights) Over the Period 1986:1-1989:I
[Index numbers (1982=100), seasonally adjusted]

largely reflecting the revision in net exports. Negative net foreign investment can be thought of as foreign saving invested in the United States; on the revised basis, this saving was $\$ 18.7$ billion lower.

For domestic saving, the revised estimates indicate more private saving and more public dissaving. In 1988, the Federal deficit was somewhat larger on the revised basis, and the State and local surplus was substantially smaller. For State and local governments, the fiscal position appeared stronger than previously estimated for social security funds, where the surplus was larger on the revised basis, but much weaker for "other" funds. The "other" funds deficit on the revised basis was $\$ 8.1$ billion larger in 1988. From a surplus of $\$ 5.6$ billion in 1986, State and local government "other" funds are now shown dropping to deficits of $\$ 12.4$ billion in 1987 and $\$ 21.4$ billion in 1988.
The difference between gross private saving and gross private domestic investment as a percent of GNP is an indicator of the extent to which domestic investment is financed by private do. mestic saving. This indicator was 0.5 percentage point higher in 1988 on the revised basis. Although the indicator is also higher on a revised basis for 1987 and 1986, the average for $1986-88$ is still well below longer run averages.

## Summary of the Revisions

The incorporation of newly available source data and changes in methodology leads to revisions in currentdollar estimates and in estimates of prices. In turn, these revisions lead to revisions in constant-dollar estimates. This section describes the revisions in the current-dollar, price, and constantdollar NIPA estimates for 1986, 1987, and 1988 and for the first quarter of 1986 through the first quarter of $1989 .^{2}$

## Annual revisions in current dollars

The level of current-dollar GNP was revised down $\$ 8.7$ billion, or 0.2 percent, in 1986; down $\$ 2.4$ billion, or 0.1 percent, in 1987; and up $\$ 16.3$ billion, or 0.3 percent, in 1988. The downward revisions in GNP for the first 2 years (1986 and 1987) this July contrasted with the upward revisions for the first 2 years in the last two July revisions; the size of the revisions for the first 2 years, however, was about in line with those in the last two July revisions. The upward revision in GNP for the most recent year (1988) was smaller than the upward revisions for the most
2. This section covers the regularly featured price and constant-dollar GNP estimates, which are based on 1982 weights. Revised estimates based on 1987 weights will appear in the August 1989 issue of the Surver.
recent year in the last two July revisions. This July, the largest dollar revisions among the major components of GNP were in personal consumption expenditures, change in business inventories, and net exports.

The level of charges against GNPthat is, gross national income-was revised down $\$ 20.5$ billion, or 0.5 percent, in 1986; down $\$ 5.8$ billion, or 0.1 percent, in 1987; and up $\$ 11.6$ billion, or 0.2 percent, in 1988. The revision in gross national income for the first year (1986) was considerably larger than the first-year revisions in the last two July revisions; the upward revision in gross national income for the most recent year (1988) was considerably smaller than the upward revisions in the last two July revisions. The largest dollar revisions among the major components of gross national income were in corporate profits.

The following is a list of the newly available major source data underlying the current-dollar NIPA revisions and the years into which these data were directly incorporated: Annual data from four Census Bureau sources-Annual Retail Trade Survey for 1987, Annual Trade Survey (wholesale trade) for 1987, Service Annual Survey for 1986-88, and surveys of State and local government finances for 1986-87; Internal Revenue Service (IRS) tabulations of tax return

## Acknowledgments

Gerald F. Donahoe, Chief of the National Income and Wealth Division, supervised the preparation of the revision of the national income and product accounts of the United States. Joseph C. Wakefield, Chief of the Government Division, and Richard C. Ziemer directed major parts of the revision. Robert P. Parker, Associate Director for National Economic Accounts, provided overall supervision. Norman E. Bakka developed the major computer systems used in the revision. Shelby W. Herman assisted in the review of the estimates. Other BEA staff who made significant contributions to the revision are listed below.
The article describing the revisions was written by Douglas R. Fox. Mira A. Piplani prepared the tables in the article.
Personal consumption expenditures-Clinton P. McCully, M. Greg Key, Everette P. Johnson, Moses J. Branch, Ellen B. Arroyo.
Investment-David W. Cartwright, Scott D. Smith. StructuresBrooks B. Robinson. Producers' durable equipment-Jeffrey W. Crawford. Inventories-Stephen P. Baldwin, Karen P. Spencer, Felicia V. Candella.
Net exports-Leo M. Bernstein, Phyllistine M. Barnes.
Federal Government transactions-Daivid T. Dobbs. Receipts and expenditures-Hermione A. Anglin, Gary W. Davis, Kiran Duwadi, Charles D. Uthus. Constant-dollar estimates-Karl D. Galbraith, James E. Boucher, Pamela A. Kelly, Raymen G. La Bella, Robert T. Mangan, Tamara M. Mast, Claire G. Pitzer, Abner Sachs, Gregory Y. Won.

State and local government transactions-David F. Sullivan. Constant-dollar estimates and computer services-Donald L. Peters. Transfers and contributions-Richard D. Melchionno.
Measures of price change-Shelby W. Herman.
Income-Eugene P. Seskin.
Farm output and income-George M. Smith.
Personal income-Arthur L. Sensenig. Wages and salaries-Pauline M. Cypert, Kathryn A. Comins. Other labor income-James E. Rankin. Other contributors to the personal income estimates include Thae S. Park and Mary V. Pitts.
Business income-Kenneth A. Petrick. Corporate profits-Sharon P. Montgomery, Dorothy G. Collins, Jerry L. Stone. Nonfarm proprietors' income-Willie J. Abney.
Property income-Mary W. Hook. Interest-Teresa L. Weadock. Rental income of persons-Denise A. McBride.
Capital consumption allowances and adjustments-John A. Gorman, John C. Musgrave, Mary E. Gray.
Industry product-Michael F. Mohr, Sherlene K. S. Lum, Vesta C. Jones, Marilyn E. Baker, Mary Carol Barron.
Computer services-Norman E. Bakka, Phyllistine M. Barnes.
Table preparation and review-Jeanette M. Honsa, Norman E. Bakka, Virginia H. Mannering, Phyllistine M. Barnes.
Secretarial-Eunice V. Blue, Gail P. Jones, Gwendolyn M. Robinson, and Dorothy A. Wilson.
data for corporations for 1986, for sole proprietors and partnerships for 1987, and for individuals for 1987; Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) tabulations of unemployment-insurancebased wage and salary data for 198688; and U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) farm statistics for 1986-88.

Other newly available source data that were principal contributors to the revisions for the most recent year (1988) were the following: Revised Census Bureau monthly retail sales, revised Census Bureau monthly manufacturers' shipments, revised Census Bureau monthly manufacturing and trade inventories, revised Census, Bureau value of new construction put in place, and Federal agency reports of financial institutions.

The following source data from the Census Bureau were not available in time for this July revision: Annual Survey of Manufactures for 1987 (normally incorporated into the estimates of personal consumption expenditures for goods, producers' durable equipment, and change in business inventories), major parts of the American Housing Survey for 1987 (personal consumption expenditures for services and rental income of persons), and surveys of State and local government retirement funds for 1986-87 (government purchases and compensation of employees).

Table 3 provides a guide to the annual NIPA revisions by identifying the subcomponent series in which revisions were concentrated and by listing the major source data that underlie the revised estimates. It should be noted that newly available source data lead not only to a revision in the level of an estimate for the year into which they are directly incorporated, but often to revisions in levels for subsequent years. Referring to the information in table 3, the following sections discuss the major revisions in NIPA components.

Personal consumption expenditures (PCE) for goods.-PCE goods was revised down $\$ 2.2$ billion in 1986 and $\$ 0.7$ billion in 1987 and up $\$ 9.5$ billion in 1988. The downward revision in 1986 largely reflected the incorporation of newly available information into the estimates of goods other than motor vehicles and gasoline and oil. In 1987 and 1988, gasoline and oil was revised down, largely reflecting revised gasoline consumption data for 1987 from

## NIPA Table Changes

- Tables 6.1 and 6.2, containing estimates of gross national product by industry, are not included in this issue. As previously announced, their release was postponed until later this year in order to revise the estimates beginning in 1977 to incorporate several improvements (see page 2 of the June 1989 SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS).
- Tables 1.1, 1.2, 1.5, 1.6, 2.2-2.5, 4.1-4.5, and 8.1 refiect coverage beginning in 1986 associated with the incorporation of methodological changes in the balance of payments accounts. Footnotes to the tables identify these changes. For more details, see the box on page 21 and the methodological section of this article.
- Tables 4.3 and 4.4 reflect the incorporation of data to distribute "other" merchandise exports to durable and nondurable goods beginning with 1986. The footnotes identify this change. For more details, see the methodological section of this article.
the Federal Highway Administration. In 1987 and 1988, used auto purchases by consumers was revised up (largely offset by a downward revision in used auto sales by business in producers' durable equipment), as a modification in the procedure BEA uses to adjust motor vehicle registration data from R.L. Polk and Company indicated that a higher volume of used cars had been sold by business and purchased by consumers; purchases of recreational vehicles was revised down, reflecting the incorporation of data from the 1987 Annual Retail Trade Survey. In 1988, revisions in Census Bureau monthly retail sales data led to higher estimates of goods other than motor vehicles and gasoline and oil, particularly of food.
$P C E$ services.-PCE services was revised down $\$ 7.8$ billion in 1986, $\$ 0.6$ billion in 1987, and $\$ 2.0$ billion in 1988. In all 3 years, the PCE item net foreign travel was revised down as a result of the introduction of several methodological changes made during the June 1989 revisions to the U.S. balance of payments accounts. (See the changes in methodology section of this article.)

In 1987 and 1988, upward revisions in other PCE services largely offset the downward revisions in net foreign travel; these upward revisions reflected the incorporation of newly available data from the Census Bureau Service Annual Survey and from a variety of other regular sources. The revisions were widespread; the largest were in personal business in 1987 and 1988 and in personal care and in recreation in 1988. Within personal business; the 1987 revision was largely accounted for by services furnished without payment by banks, credit agencies, and investment companies. Medical care services was revised down in all 3 years, largely reflecting newly available data from the American Hospital Association and esti-
mates from the Health Care Financing Administration.
Nonresidential structures.-Nonresidential structures was revised up $\$ 0.5$ billion in 1986 and down $\$ 5.7$ billion in 1987 and $\$ 2.5$ billion in 1988. The downward revisions in 1987 and 1988 were concentrated in mining exploration, shafts, and wells and in public utilities. For mining exploration, shafts, and wells, newly available data from the Joint Association Survey of the Oil and Gas Producing Industry indicated a lower cost per foot drilled than previously estimated; for public utilities, newly available data from several Federal regulatory agencies and trade sources lowered expenditures for electric light and power construction. In 1988, an upward revision in "other" nonfarm structures, which was concentrated in industrial and commercial buildings, was largely due to revised Census Bureau data on construction put in place.

Nonresidential producers' durable equipment (PDE).-Nonresidential PDE was revised up $\$ 0.8$ billion in $1986, \$ 3.2$ billion in 1987 , and $\$ 1.2$ billion in 1988. The upward revisions in 1987 and 1988 were largely traceable to the incorporation of newly available data on manufacturers' shipments of computers for 1987 into the estimates for office, computing, and accounting machinery. Net sales of used autos to consumers by business-a negative entry in PDE-was revised down, particularly in 1988 (more than offset by an upward revision in consumer purchases of used autos in PCE goods).

Residential investment.-Residential investment was revised up $\$ 0.7$ billion in 1986 , down $\$ 0.5$ billion in 1987 , and

## Table 3.-NIPA Revisions: Selected Component Detail and Major Source Data

| NIPA component | Billions of dollars |  |  |  | Major source data incorporated |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Revision in level |  |  | Revised 1988 level |  |
|  | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 |  |  |
| Gross national product............................................ | -8.7 | -2.4 | 16.3 | 4,880.6 |  |
| Personal consumption expenditures... | -10.1 | -1.3 | 7.6 | 3,235.1 |  |
| Goods.. | -2.2 | -. 7 | 9.5 | 1,507.5 |  |
| Of which: <br> Used autos | . 9 | 2.3 | 5.5 | 43.0 | Revised stock of autos held by consumers for 1987-88; 1987 Annual Retail Trade Survey sales and gross margin of used car dealers. |
| Recreational vehicles................................................. | 0 | -2.4 | -3.1 | 6.0 | Revised Census Bureau retail sales for 1986-88; 1987 Annual Retail Trade Survey sales data. |
| Gasoline and oil ...... | . 2 | -1.8 | -2.0 | 76.8 | Revised Federal Highway Administration gasoline consumption data for 1986-87; Energy Information Administration data on motor gasoline supplied for 1988. |
| Goods other than motor vehicles and gasoline and oil....... | $-2.3$ | 2.0 | 9.9 | 1,242.9 | BEA correction for 1986; 1987 Annual Retail Trade Survey sales data; and revised Census Bureau monthly retail sales data for 1988 . |
| Services..... | $-7.8$ | -. 6 | $-2.0$ | 1,727.6 |  |
| Of which: <br> Personal care $\qquad$ | 0 | . 2 | 3.1 | 43.0 | Revised Census Bureau Service Annual Survey (SAS) receipts data for 1987; new SAS data for 1988. |
| Medical care .......................................................... | -1.7 | -2.6 | -5.8 | 398.3 |  |
| Of which: <br> Hospitals. $\qquad$ | . 3 | -1.1 | -2.6 | 182.3 | American Hospital Association (AHA) expense data for FY 1987 for 1986-87; AHA |
| Health insurance... | -2.0 | -1.1 | -1.0 | 29.8 | Health Care Financing Administration estimates for 1986-88. |
| Personal business.............................. | -. 2 | 7.7 | 2.9 | 234.4 |  |
| Of which: <br> Services furnished without payment by banks, credit agencies, and investment companies. | 1.7 | 6.2 | . 1 | 91.1 | IRS tabulations of corporate tax return data on profits of mutual financial institutions for 1986; Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation data and Federal Reserve Board flow-offunds data on private pension plans for 1986-88; National Credit Union Administration data and Federal Home Loan Bank Board data for 1988. |
| Expense of handling life insurance......................... | -2.1 | 1.3 | . 9 | 45.4 | IRS tabulations of corporate tax return data for 1986; American Council of Life Insurance expense data for 1987; BLS tabulations of unemployment-insurance-based wage and salary data for 1988. |
| Recreation...... | 0 | 1.2 | 3.6 | 100.8 | Revised Census Bureau Service Annual Survey (SAS) receipts data for 1987; new SAS data for 1988; revised data from trade sources for 1986-87 and new data for 1988. |
| Foreign travel, net...... | -5.5 | -6.7 | -9.5 | 0 | Revised BEA balance of payments accounts estimates for 1986-88. |
| Fixed investment.... | 2.1 | -3.1 | 1.5 | 719.6 |  |
| Nonresidential structures.......... | 5 | -5.7 | $-2.5$ | 140.3 |  |
| Of which: <br> Mining exploration, shafts, and wells | 0 | -2.4 | -2.6 | 10.5 | American Petroleum Institute (API) Survey on oil and gas expenditures for exploration for 1987; Joint Association Survey of the Oil and Gas Producing Industry expenditures and footage drilled for 1987; revised API footage drilled for 1988. |
| Public utilities........... | . 2 | -3.8 | -4.2 | 26.1 | Electric light and power: Energy Information Administration end-of-year fixed assets data, capital expenditures, and allowance for funds used during construction and BEA tabulation of plant put in service by type of plant for 1986-87; Rural Electrification Administration data on utility plant and interest charged during construction for 1986-87; Census Bureau Plant and Equipment Expenditures Survey estimates for 1988. Gas: American Gas Association capital expenditures data for 1987. |
| Other nonfarm structures ............................ | . 4 | . 3 | 3.7 | 101.6 | Revised Census Bureau value of new construction put in place for 1986-88. |
| Nonresidential producers' durable equipment..... | . 8 | 3.2 | 1.2 | 346.8 |  |
| Of which: <br> Used autos $\qquad$ | -. 9 | -. 7 | -2.7 | -29.9 | See entry under PCE goods. |
| Office, computing, and accounting machinery..... | . 1 | 2.8 | 4.0 | 43.9 | Shipments from Current Industrial Report "Computers and Office Accounting Machines" for 1987; revised Census Bureau monthly manufacturers' shipments for 1986-88. |
| Residential investment........ | 7 | -. 5 | 2.7 | 232.4 |  |
| Of which: <br> Multifamily structures $\qquad$ | 0 | 1.1 | 2.0 | 23.3 | BEA correction for 1987; revised Census Bureau value of new construction put in place for 1988 . |
| Additions and alterations, major replacements...... | .7 | -1.7 | 1.3 | 59.2 | BEA correction for 1987; BLS Consumer Expenditure Survey and Census Bureau Landiord Survey for 1988. |
| Change in business inventories........ | -8.6 | -9.9 | -17.8 | 30.6 |  |
| Farm....... | . 1 | . 2 | -9.7 | -3.6 | USDA estimates for 1986-88. |
| Nonfarm. | -8.8 | -10.2 | -8.0 | 34.2 |  |
| Manufacturing..... | -1.6 | -1.7 | -1.5 | 9.1 | Revised BEA estimates of cost of goods held in inventory for 1986-88; revised Census Bureau monthly inventories 1987-88. |
| Wholesale trade ........................... | -. 9 | -1.7 | -1.1 | 8.9 | 1986 revised Census Bureau Annual Trade Survey (ATS) inventory book values; 1987 ATS inventory book values; revised Census Bureau monthly inventories for 1988. |
| Retail trade ......... | -1.1 | -4.5 | -3.0 | 8.3 | 1986 revised Census Bureau Annual Retail Trade Survey (ARTS) inventory book values; 1987 ARTS inventory book values; revised Census Bureau monthly inventories for 1988. |
| Other ...................................................................... | -5.2 | -2.3 | -2.4 | 7.9 | IRS tabulations of inventory book values from corporate tax returns for 1986; Census Bureau Quarterly Financial Report for mining for 1988. |

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 3.-NIPA Revisions: Selected Component Detail and Major Source Data-Continued

| NIPA component | Billions of dollars |  |  |  | Major source data incorporated |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Revision in level |  |  | Revised 1988 level |  |
|  | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 |  |  |
| Gross national product-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net exports ............. | 7.0 | 10.4 | 20.9 | -73.7 |  |
| Exports ......................................................................... | 18.1 | 20.6 | 28.0 | 547.7 | Revised BEA balance of payments accounts estimates for 1986-88. |
| Of which: <br> Factor income | -. 4 | . 5 | 4.8 | 116.7 | BEA direct investment surveys for 1988. |
| Of which: <br> Profits. | 1.2 | 0 | 3.1 | 58.5 |  |
| Services other than factor income................................. | 19.0 | 19.8 | 22.6 | 108.9 |  |
| Imports ....................................................................... | 11.0 | 10.1 | 6.9 | 621.3 | Revised BEA balance of payments accounts estimates for 1986-88. |
| Of which: <br> Factor income $\qquad$ | . 1 | -. 5 | -3.6 | 83.4 | BEA direct investment surveys for 1988. |
| Of which: <br> Profits. | 0 | -. 5 | -3.4 | 14.8 |  |
| Services other than factor income................................ | 10.9 | 11.2 | 11.2 | 88.9 |  |
| Government purchases .................................................... | 1.0 | 1.4 | 4.0 | 968.9 |  |
| Federal ..... | . 3 | -. 4 | 3 | 381.3 |  |
| State and local.............................................................. | . 7 | 1.7 | 3.7 | 587.6 |  |
| Of which: <br> Structures | . 3 | 2.4 | 2.9 | 69.3 | Electric light and power: BEA tabulation of Energy Information Administration data on capital expenditures and allowance for funds used during construction for 1986-87. <br> Highways: Revised Department of Transportation (DOT) highway construction expenditures for 1986; new DOT data for 1987. <br> Other: Census Bureau value of new construction put in place for 1986-88. |
| Charges against gross national product...................... | -20.5 | -5.8 | 11.6 | 4,890.2 |  |
| Compensation of employees ............................................... | 4.3 | 6.6 | 2.9 | 2,907.6 |  |
| Wages and salaries ....................................................... | . 8 | 1.0 | -7.9 | 2,429.0 |  |
| Of which: <br> Private wages and salaries $\qquad$ | . 8 | 1.8 | -8.2 | 1,982.5 | Revised BLS tabulations of unemployment-insurance-based wage and salary data for 198687; revised USDA estimates for $1986-87$; new BLS tabulations and USDA estimates for 1988. |
| Supplements to wages and salaries ...................................... | 3.5 | 5.7 | 10.8 | 478.6 |  |
| Of which: <br> Other labor income $\qquad$ | 3.2 | 4.9 | 10.6 | 228.9 |  |
| Of which: <br> Group health and life insurance $\qquad$ | 1.7 | 4.4 | $\ldots$ | 142.8 | Health Care Financing Administration estimates for 1986-88; U.S. Chamber of Commerce data on employer contribution rates for group insurance for 1987. |
| Proprietors' income with IVA and CCAdj .......................... | -4.7 | -1.3 | 3.3 | 327.8 |  |
| Farm................................................................................. | -1.7 | -1.4 | 3.5 | 39.8 | USDA estimates for 1986-88. |
| Nonfarm..................................................................... | -3.1 | 0 | -. 2 | 288.0 |  |
| Of which: <br> Proprietors' income $\qquad$ | -2.7 | 5.9 | 5.2 | 259.2 | Revised BEA estimates of tax misreporting adjustments for 1986; IRS tabulations of sole proprietorship and partnership tax return data for 1987. |
| CCAdj ................................................................. | -. 4 | -5.8 | -5.3 | 30.3 | IRS tabulations of sole proprietorship and partnership tax return data for 1987; revised BEA estimates based on revised fixed investment estimates for 1986-88; revised BEA estimates of NIPA economic depreciation reflecting fixed investment and prices for 1986-88. |
| Rental income of persons with CCAdj................................ | -. 8 | -5.0 | $-3.6$ | 15.7 | Revised USDA estimates for 1986-88; IRS tabulations of individual income tax return data on royalty income for 1987. |
| Corporate profits with IVA and CCAdj .............................. | -16.8 | -11.7 | . 2 | 328.6 |  |
| Of which: <br> Profits before tax $\qquad$ | -14.8 | -10.0 | . 2 | 306.8 |  |
| Of which: <br> Manufacturing $\qquad$ | -18.7 | -19.4 | -15.6 | 107.3 | IRS tabulations of corporate tax return data for 1986; public financial reports data on profits for 1987-88. |
| Services.............................................................. | 3.6 | 4.8 | 5.4 | 22.2 | IRS tabulations of corporate tax return data for 1986; public financial reports data on profits for 1987-88. |
| Rest-of-world....................................................... | 1.2 | 2.7 | 6.6 | 43.7 | Revised balance of payments accounts estimates for 1986-88; BEA direct investment surveys for 1988. |

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 3.-NIPA Revisions: Selected Component Detail and Major Source Data-Continued

| NIPA component | Billions of dollars |  |  |  | Major source data incorporated |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Revision in level |  |  | Revised 1988 level |  |
|  | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 |  |  |
| Charges against gross national product-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net interest ..................................................................... | -6.4 | -1.9 | 1.4 | 392.9 |  |
| Net monetary interest.... | -5.8 | -5.9 | . 6 | 153.9 |  |
| Interest paid... | 1.4 | . 6 |  | 1,451.4 |  |
| Of which: <br> Business | 2.6 | 2.6 |  | 1,064.1 | IRS tabulations of corporate tax return data on interest for 1986 and of sole proprietorship and partnership tax retum data for 1987; Federal Reserve Board flow-of-funds accounts liability data, Investment Company Institute data, Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation data, Federal Home Loan Bank Board data, and Federal Reserve Board mortgage loan data for 1987-88. |
| Persons............................................................ | 0 | -. 7 | -2.8 | 96.1 | Federal Reserve Board consumer installment credit for 1986-88. |
| Interest received ................................................................. | 1.4 | . 6 |  | 1,451.4 |  |
| Of which: <br> Business $\qquad$ | 6.8 | 7.0 | ....... | 906.8 | IRS tabulations of corporate tax return data on interest for 1986 and of sole proprietorship and partnership tax return data for 1987; Federal Reserve Board flow-of-funds accounts liability data, Investment Company Institute data, Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation data, and Federal Home Loan Bank Board data for 1987-88. |
| Persons............................................................. | -5.2 | -7.8 | -5.6 | 338.1 |  |
| Govermment ....................................................... | -. 3 | 1.5 | 2.4 | 116.7 | Census Bureau Government Finances tabulations for FY 1987 for 1986-87; FY 1988 Federal budget data for 1987-88. |
| Net imputed interest....................................................... | -. 7 | 4.2 | 7 | 246.0 | Life insurance and investment companies: IRS tabulations of corporate tax return data on property income for 1986; American Council of Life Insurance data for 1987. Commercial banks: Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation data for 1986-88. Other: $\mathbb{R S S}$ tabulations of corporate tax return data on profits of mutual financial instiutions for 1986; National Credit Union Administration data and Federal Home Loan Bank Board data for 1988; Federal Reserve Board flow-of-funds data on private pension plans for 1986-88. |
| National income ....................................................... | -24.5 | -13.3 | 4.2 | 3,972.6 |  |
| Capital consumption allowances with CCAdj ....................... | 4.2 | 6.7 | 7.3 | 513.6 | Revised BEA estimates of NIPA economic depreciation reflecting revised fixed investment and prices for 1986-88. |
| Corporate ............................................................ | 3.4 | 5.6 | 6.0 | 321.7 |  |
| Noncorporate .... | . 8 | 1.1 | 1.3 | 191.9 |  |
| Capital consumption allowances ....... | 3.1 | -. 5 | 1.9 | 526.4 |  |
| Corporate ............................................................. | 3.1 | 4.8 | 7.2 | 368.5 | IRS tabulations of corporate tax return data on depreciation for 1986. |
| Noncorporate ............................................................... | 0 | -5.3 | -5.3 | 157.9 | IRS tabulations of sole proprietorship and partnership tax return data on depreciation for 1987. |
| Less: CCAdj .............................................................................. | -1.1 | -7.2 | -5.3 | 12.8 |  |
| Corporate .... | -. 4 | -. 8 | 1.2 | 46.8 |  |
| Noncorporate ....................................................... | -. 7 | -6.4 | -6.5 | -34.0 | , |
| Nonfactor charges.......................................................... | -. 2 | . 8 | . 2 | 404.0 |  |
| Of which: <br> Indirect business tax and nontax liability | . 5 | 1.5 | 4.5 | 393.5 | Federal: Treasury Department tax collections data for 1988. <br> State and local: Census Bureau surveys of revenues for 1986-87; Census Bureau quarterly tax revenue data for 1988. |
| Current surplus of government enterprises less subsidies ..... | -. 2 | . 7 | -2.6 | -18.5 | Federal: USDA data on the Commodity Credit Corporation and budget data for other government agencies for 1987-88. <br> State and local: Census Bureau surveys of expenditures for 1986-87. |
| Statistical discrepancy ............................................ | 11.8 | 3.4 | 4.7 | -9.6 |  |
| Addenda: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Personal income .......................................................... | -4.9 | -2.4 | 2.4 | 4,064.5 |  |
| Of which: <br> Wages and salaries, other labor income, proprietors' income with IVA and CCAdj, and rental income of persons with CCAdj. | -1.5 | -. 4 | 2.4 | 3,001.4 | See entries under charges against GNP. |
| Personal dividend income.......................................... | 3.0 | 3.4 | 5.9 | 102.2 | IRS tabulations of corporate tax return data for 1986; regulatory agency and public financial reports data on dividends for 1987-88. |
| Personal interest income .......................................... | -5.9 | -3.8 | -4.8 | 571.1 | See entries under net interest. |
| Less: Personal tax and nontax payments .............................. | 1.5 | 1.4 | -3.7 | 586.6 | Federal: Social Security Administration data on contributions for 1987-88; Treasury Department tax collections data for 1988. <br> State and local: Census Bureau Government Finances tabulations for 1986-87; Census Bureau quarterly tax revenue data for 1988. |
| Equals: Disposable personal income .................................. | -6.3 | -3.8 | 6.0 | 3,477.8 |  |
| Less: Personal outlays..................................................... | -9.5 | -1.4 | 5.6 | 3,333.1 |  |
| Equals: Personal saving................................................................ | 3.2 | -2.4 | . 4 | 144.7 |  |
| CCAdj Capital consumption adjustment. IVA Inventory valuation adjustment. BLS Bureau of Labor Statistics. IRS Internal Revenue Service. USDA U.S. Department of Agriculture. |  |  |  |  |  |

up $\$ 2.7$ billion in 1988 . The upward revision in 1988 was accounted for by the incorporation of revised Census Bureau data on multifamily construction put in place and of newly available information on expenditures for additions and alterations and for major replacements from BLS and Census Bureau surveys.

Change in business inventories.The change in business inventories was revised down $\$ 8.6$ billion in 1986 , $\$ 9.9$ billion in 1987 , and $\$ 17.8$ billion in 1988. The downward revisions were accounted for by nonfarm inventories in 1986 and 1987 and by both nonfarm and farm inventories in 1988. In 1986, most of the downward revision was in "other" (that is, other than manufacturing and trade) inventories, reflecting the incorporation of IRS tabulations of corporate tax return data for 1986. In 1987 and 1988, "other" inventories again was revised down; downward revisions in manufacturing and trade inventories, which were widespread, reflected newly available data from the Census Bureau annual surveys of inventory book values and revised Census Bureau monthly inventory data. The downward revision in farm inventories in 1988 reflected the incorporation of revised USDA estimates.

Net exports.-Net exports was revised up $\$ 7.0$ billion in 1986, $\$ 10.4$ billion in 1987, and $\$ 20.9$ billion in 1988; upward revisions in exports exceeded upward revisions in imports in all 3 years. The revisions in net exports, which were concentrated in services, largely reflected the revisions to the U.S. balance of payments accounts released in June 1989. For both exports and imports of services other than factor income, several methodological changes were introduced that substantially raised the estimates for all 3 years. (See the changes in methodology section of this article.) In 1988, profits from U.S. investment abroad (part of exports of services in the NIPA's) was revised up, and profits from foreign investment in the United States (part of imports of services in the NIPA's) was revised down; these revisions reflected the incorporation of information from BEA surveys of direct investment.

Government purchases.-Government purchases was revised up $\$ 1.0$ billion in 1986, $\$ 1.4$ billion in 1987 , and $\$ 4.0$ billion in 1988; the upward revisions were mainly in State and local government purchases. Within State and local purchases, structures was revised up in 1987 and 1988, largely reflecting newly available data from the U.S. Department of Transportation on highway construction.

Compensation of employees.Compensation of employees was revised up $\$ 4.3$ billion in 1986, $\$ 6.6$ billion in 1987, and $\$ 2.9$ billion in 1988. The upward revisions in all 3 years were concentrated in supplements to wages and salaries, primarily in other labor income. Within other labor income, most of the revisions reflected the incorporation of newly available estimates from the Health Care Financing Administration and of data from the U.S. Chamber of Commerce into the estimates of employer contributions for group health and life insurance. A downward revision in wages and salaries in 1988, which was mainly in the distributive industries, reflected the incorporation of BLS tabulations of unemployment-insurancebased wage and salary data.

Proprietors' income with inventory valuation adjustment (IVA) and capital consumption adjustment (CCAdj).Proprietors' income was revised down $\$ 4.7$ billion in 1986 and $\$ 1.3$ billion in 1987 and up $\$ 3.3$ billion in 1988. The revisions in all 3 years partly reflected the incorporation of revised estimates from the USDA into farm proprietors' income. Nonfarm proprietors' income was revised down in 1986, reflecting revisions in the adjustment BEA makes to account for the misreporting of information on tax returns. In 1987 and 1988, nonfarm proprietors' income was revised little; upward revisions from the incorporation of newly available information from IRS tabulations of sole proprietorship and partnership tax return data for 1987 into the income estimates without the IVA and CCAdj were offset by lower BEA estimates of the CCAdj.

Rental income of persons with CCAdj.-Rental income of persons was revised down $\$ 0.8$ billion in 1986, $\$ 5.0$ billion in 1987 , and $\$ 3.6$ billion in 1988. The downward revisions in 1987 and 1988 largely reflected newly available information on income from royalties
from IRS tabulations of individual income tax return data for 1987.
Corporate profits with IVA and CCAdj.-Corporate profits was revised down $\$ 16.8$ billion in 1986 and $\$ 11.7$ billion in 1987 and was revised little in 1988. The downward revisions in 1986 and 1987 largely reflected the incorporation of newly available IRS tabulations of corporate tax return data for 1986 into the estimates of profits before tax. Within profits before tax, manufacturing profits was revised down substantially in all 3 years, primarily reflecting revisions in petroleum profits: The previously published estimates, which were based on Census Bureau tabulations of quarterly financial reports, showed petroleum profits of $\$ 4.8$ billion in 1986 and $\$ 12.9$ billion in 1987; the revised estimates, based on the IRS corporate tax information, show losses of $\$ 10.1$ billion in 1986 and $\$ 1.0$ billion in 1987. The sizable downward revisions were largely traceable to differences in accounting methods used in reporting to the IRS and to the Census Bureau; BEA did not anticipate the effect of these differences for 1986. For services, profits before tax were revised up in all 3 years.
Profits from the rest of the world was revised up in all 3 years, particularly in 1988. The upward revisions reflected the incorporation of information from BEA surveys of direct investment, which raised the estimates of profits from U.S. investment abroad and lowered the estimates of profits from foreign investment in the United States.

Net interest.-Net interest was revised down $\$ 6.4$ billion in 1986 and $\$ 1.9$ billion in 1987 and up $\$ 1.4$ billion in 1988. The downward revisions in 1986 and 1987 reflected the incorporation of a variety of newly available information, particularly IRS tabulations of corporate tax return data for 1986 and sole proprietorship and partnership tax return data for 1987. (See table 7 for a brief description of the sources and methods used to prepare these estimates. For more detail, see the section on net interest in "Notes on Sources of the Revision" in the July 1986 Survey article on the revised NIPA estimates.)

The 1986 and 1987 revisions were traceable to net monetary interest; interest paid by business was revised up considerably less than interest received by business, reflecting lower es-
timates of interest paid and higher estimates of interest received by financial institutions. Largely reflecting the revised estimates of interest paid and received by business, interest received by persons was revised down considerably in all 3 years; interest paid by persons was revised down in 1988. Interest received by government was revised up in 1988.

An upward revision in net imputed interest in 1987 largely reflected a higher estimate of imputed interest paid by banks, credit agencies, and investment companies.
National income.-National income was revised down $\$ 24.5$ billion in 1986 and $\$ 13.3$ billion in 1987 and up $\$ 4.2$ billion in 1988. These revisions reflected the aforementioned revisions in compensation of employees, proprietors' income, rental income of persons, corporate profits, and net interestparticularly the downward revisions in corporate profits in 1986 and 1987.

Capital consumption allowances with CCAdj.-Capital consumption allowances with CCAdj (that is, economic depreciation) was revised up $\$ 4.2$ billion in 1986, $\$ 6.7$ billion in 1987, and $\$ 7.3$ billion in 1988 . For all 3 years, the revisions reflected revised BEA estimates of fixed investment and prices.

Capital consumption allowances (that is, tax-return-based depreciation) was revised up less than the economic depreciation measure in 1986 and 1988 and was revised down slightly in 1987. For corporations, tax-return-based depreciation was revised up in all 3 years, reflecting newly available IRS tabulations of corporate income tax return data for 1986. For sole proprietorships and partnerships, tax-return-based depreciation was revised down in 1987 and 1988, reflecting IRS tabulations of tax return data for 1987.

The CCAdj (the difference between the tax-return-based and the economic measures of depreciation) was revised down in all 3 years-modestly in 1986 and considerably in 1987 and 1988. The 1987 and 1988 revisions were concentrated in the noncorporate CCAdj.

Nonfactor charges.-Nonfactor charges-indirect business tax and nontax liability, business transfer payments, and current surplus of government enterprises less subsidies-were revised little in 1986, were revised down $\$ 0.8$ billion in 1987, and were revised little in 1988. Among these charges, revisions were small, except
in 1988 (when they were larger but offsetting). In that year, indirect business taxes was revised up, largely reflecting newly available information from the Census Bureau on State and local government finances. The current surplus of government enterprises less subsidies was revised down in 1988; the revision largely reflected the incorporation of Federal budget data for fiscal year 1988, which showed larger deficits (or smaller surpluses) for the Postal Service, Federal Housing Administration, Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, and Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation than had previously been indicated.

Personal income.-The pattern of the revisions in personal incomedown $\$ 4.9$ billion in 1986 and $\$ 2.4$ billion in 1987 and up $\$ 2.4$ billion in 1988-partly reflected the previously described revisions in wages and salaries, other labor income, proprietors' income, and rental income of persons. It also reflected revisions in personal interest income and in personal dividend income. Downward revisions in personal interest income in 1986 and 1987 stemmed mostly from the revisions to the estimates of net interest; a downward revision in 1988 stemmed from the replacement of the direct estimating procedure used for the current quarterly estimates with the indirect estimating procedure used for the annual estimates. (For details about preparing these estimates, see the section on personal interest income in "Notes on Sources of the Revision" in the July 1986 Survey article on the revised NIPA estimates.) Upward revisions in personal dividend income in all 3 years reflected the incorporation of IRS tabulations of corporate tax return data for 1986.

Personal tax and nontax payments was revised up $\$ 1.5$ billion in 1986 and $\$ 1.4$ billion in 1987 and down $\$ 3.7$ billion in 1988. The downward revision in 1988 reflected the incorporation of Census Bureau quarterly tax revenue data, which lowered estimates of State and local taxes paid. In each of the 3 years, the direction of the revisions in personal taxes differed from that in personal income; as a result, the revisions in disposable personal income (DPI) were in the same direction as, but somewhat larger than, those in personal income.

Reflecting the revisions in PCE, personal outlays was revised down in

1986 and 1987 and up in 1988. Because the revisions in DPI and personal outlays were largely offsetting, revisions in personal saving were relatively small-up $\$ 3.2$ billion in 1986, down $\$ 2.4$ billion in 1987 , and up $\$ 0.4$ billion in 1988.

## Annual revisions in prices

Revisions in fixed-weighted price indexes stem from the incorporation of newly available source data and of methodological changes. Source data that affect prices consist not only of price indexes but also of current-dollar estimates or quantity data used for components for which the constantdollar estimates are prepared by quantity extrapolation or direct valuation. (See the updated summary methodologies section in this article.)

In general, revisions in prices tend to be small, mainly because much of the source data used to derive GNP price indexes are not subject to large or frequent revisions. Specifically, the BLS Consumer Price Index does not undergo routine revision after its initial release, and the BLS Producer Price Index is typically revised only slightly; these indexes are the basic sources for price estimates of components that account for over three-fourths of GNP.
Newly available price information incorporated this July for 1986-88 included a revised BEA computer price index, revised BLS export and import price indexes, revised price indexes for foreign travel, and revised price data for national defense goods and services. Newly available currentdollar estimates affected the price estimates for services furnished without payment by banks, credit agencies, and investment companies and for brokerage charges and investment counseling. Newly available quantity data affected the price estimates for petroleum and natural gas drilling. In addition, four minor methodological changes were made in the deflation procedures. (See the changes in methodology section in this article.)

The level of the GNP price index (fixed weights) was revised down 0.1 index point in 1986 and was unrevised in 1987 and 1988. Reflecting the revisions in level, the annual percent increase in the index was revised down 0.1 percentage point to 2.7 percent in 1986 and was unrevised at 3.6 percent and 4.2 percent in 1987 and 1988, respectively. Revisions in the annual
percent changes for the components of GNP were small, except for nonresidential structures in 1987 and 1988, imports in 1988, and national defense purchases in 1988 (table 4).
The increase in prices of nonresidential structures was revised down 3.0 percentage points to 0.2 percent in 1987 and up 2.1 percentage points to 5.2 percent in 1988. Most of the revisions were traceable to the deflator for petroleum and natural gas well drilling, which was revised based on newly available information on footage drilled from the Joint Association Survey of the Oil and Gas Producing Industry. In addition, the increase in
prices for public utilities was revised down in 1987 and up in 1988, largely reflecting the replacement of previously used source data with HandyWhitman cost indexes. (See the changes in methodology section of this article.)

The increase in prices of imports was revised up 0.6 percentage point to 5.0 percent in 1988; the revision was concentrated in imports of services, mainly in expenditures by U.S. residents for foreign travel. Current quarterly estimates of the prices of these travel-related expenditures had been made by BEA using a trade-weighted average of a small number of for-
eign countries' consumer price indexes (with exchange rate adjustment); the revised estimates were based on travelweighted data using a larger number of countries. The upward revision in 1988 was partly due to the inclusion of Mexico, which accounted for over 10 percent of these expenditures, in the revised estimates.

The increase in the prices of national defense purchases was revised up 0.5 percentage point to 3.6 percent in 1988. The upward revision-which was concentrated in missiles, petroleum products, and travel-reflected the incorporation of newly available information from the Department of Defense.

Table 4.-Revisions in Percent Change in GNP, Real GNP, and Price Indexes (Fixed Weights)
[Percent change from preceding year]


## Annual revisions in constant dollars

In general, revisions in constant-dollar-or real-GNP and its components reflect (1) current-dollar revisions, (2) price revisions, and (3) "other" revisions, which result from redistributions of current-dollar levels within components or from deflation at a finer level of detail. The following tabulation provides a breakdown of the percent revisions in the level of real GNP and of the revisions in the annual percent change of real GNP.

|  | Percent revision in level |  |  | Revision in annual percent change |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 |
| Current-dollar revisions | -0.2 | -0.1 | 0.3 | -0.2 | 0.1 | 0.4 |
| Less: Price revisions. | -. 1 | 0 | 0 | -. 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Plus: Other revisions. | 0 | . 3 | . 4 | 0 | . 2 | . 1 |
| Equals: Constant-dollar revisions | -. 1 | . 2 | 7 | -. 1 | . 3 | . 5 |

The level of real GNP was revised down 0.1 percent in 1986 and up 0.2 percent in 1987 and 0.7 percent in 1988. The size of the revisions was similar to those in the last two July NIPA revisions, and, as is typical, the largest revision was for the most recent year (1988). Current-dollar revisions mainly accounted for the revision in 1986, and "other" revisions mainly accounted for the revision in 1987; in 1988, both contributed to the revision.

Reflecting the revisions in level, the annual percent increase in real GNP was revised down 0.1 percentage point to 2.7 percent in 1986, up 0.3 percentage point to 3.7 percent in 1987, and up 0.5 percentage point to 4.4 percent in 1988. The downward revision in 1986 was more than accounted for by nonfarm inventory investment; the upward revision in 1987 was attributable to PDE and exports, and the upward revision in 1988 was attributable to PCE and imports.

Revisions in GNP components.-The increase in PCE was revised down in 1986, was revised little in 1987, and was revised up in 1988. In 1986, the downward revision from 4.3 percent to 3.9 percent was mostly accounted for by services; about one-half of the revision in services was due to the counterentries in the net foreign travel component. In 1988, the upward revision from 2.8 percent to 3.4 percent was mostly accounted for by goods, which reflected the revisions in current dollars. Although services were revised down in current dollars in 1988, they were revised up in constant dollars;
the difference was largely in brokerage services and in financial services furnished without payment.
The change in nonresidential fixed investment was revised up 1.2 percentage points to a 3.3 -percent decrease in 1986 , up 1.1 percentage points to a 3.9 -percent increase in 1987, and down 1.1 percentage points to an 8.4percent increase in 1988. The revisions in all 3 years were largely traceable to PDE, in which the constant-dollar revisions in office, computing, and accounting machinery differed considerably from the current-dollar revisions. In current dollars, the change in office, computing, and accounting machinery was essentially unrevised in 1986 and was revised up moderately in 1987 and 1988; in constant dollars, the change was revised up moderately in 1986 and substantially in 1987 and was revised down in 1988. The pattern of revisions was largely attributable to computer prices; the BEA deflator for purchases of computers declined more on a revised basis in 1986 and 1987 and less in 1988 than had previously been indicated. (See "BEA's Measurement of Computer Output" in this issue for information on the procedures used to estimate these prices.) A downward revision in the decrease in structures in 1987 was concentrated in public utilities.

The change in residential investment was revised up in 1986, down in 1987, and up in 1988. In 1988, the upward revision from a 1.7-percent decrease to a 0.4 -percent decrease reflected the current-dollar revisions in multifamily construction and in additions and alterations.

The change in inventory investment was revised down $\$ 9.8$ billion in 1986, was revised little in 1987, and was revised down $\$ 3.9$ billion in 1988. The downward revisions, which largely reflected the current-dollar revisions, were accounted for by nonfarm inventories in 1986 and farm inventories in 1988.

The increase in exports was revised up in 1986 and was revised little in 1987 and 1988. In 1986, the upward revision from 3.1 percent to 8.1 percent was traceable to the current-dollar revisions in "other" services that resulted in a discontinuity of these estimates, as discussed in the box on page 21. If the 1985 estimate had been revised, the increase in 1986 would have been revised to about $4^{1 / 2}$ percent.

The increase in imports was revised up in 1986, was revised little in 1987, and was revised down in 1988. As for exports, the upward revision from 9.4 percent to 11.8 percent in 1986 was more than accounted for by the current-dollar revisions in "other" services that resulted in a discontinuity of these estimates. If the 1985 estimate had been revised, the 1986 increase would have been unrevised at about $9^{1 / 2}$ percent. In 1988, the downward revision from 8.7 percent to 6.8 percent was largely attributable to a combination of the current-dollar, price, and "other" revisions. Imports of merchandise, particularly computing equipment, and of services were revised down.
The increase in government purchases was revised little in all 3 years.

## Quarterly revisions

July revisions in quarterly NIPA estimates come about in three major ways: (1) Adjustment of the estimates to reflect the annual revisions, (2) incorporation of new and revised source data (including the updating of seasonal factors) that are used to indicate quarterly patterns, and (3) changes in the methodology used to prepare the quarterly estimates. The quarterly revisions this July largely reflected the revisions in the annual estimates that were previously described. In general, the quarter-to-quarter patterns of changes in GNP, real GNP, and GNP prices were not markedly different on the revised basis (table 5).

For real GNP, the revisions in the 13 quarterly percent changes (annual rates) averaged 0.6 percentage point (without regard to sign), about in line with the two preceding July NIPA revisions. In only one quarter-the second quarter of 1986-was the change revised by as much as 1.0 percentage point; in that quarter, the downward revision from a 0.8 -percent decrease to a 1.8 -percent decrease was concentrated in farm and nonfarm inventory investment.

Reflecting the discontinuity that resulted from the revisions in services transactions, revisions in the percent changes for real exports and imports in the first quarter of 1986 were quite large-from 8.0 percent to 30.8 percent for exports and from -1.9 percent to 8.6 percent for imports. If the fourth quarter of 1985 estimates had been revised, the increases in the first quarter of 1986 would have been about $12^{1 / 2}$

Table 5.-GNP, Real GNP, and the GNP Price Index (Fixed Weights): Revisions in Percent Change From Preceding Quarter

|  | GNP |  |  | Real GNP |  |  | GNP price index (fixed weights) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Previously published | Revised | Revision | Previously published | Revised | Revision | Previously published | Revised | Revision |
| 1985: IV .............................. | 6.2 |  |  | 3.0 |  |  | 3.3 |  |  |
| 1986: 1........................... | 7.2 | 7.3 | . 1 | 6.4 | 6.6 | . 2 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 0 |
| II............................ | 2.6 | 1.3 | -1.3 | -. 8 | -1.8 | -1.0 | 2.4 | 2.1 | -. 3 |
| III............................ | 5.9 | 5.7 | -. 2 | 1.0 | . 8 | -. 2 | 3.0 | 2.9 | -. 1 |
| IV............................ | 3.4 | 4.2 | . 8 | 1.4 | 2.3 | . 9 | 2.8 | 3.1 | . 3 |
| 1987: I............................... | 8.4 | 8.8 | . 4 | 4.6 | 5.4 | . 8 | 4.2 | 4.3 | . 1 |
| II............................. | 8.7 | 8.2 | -. 5 | 5.0 | 4.4 | -. 6 | 4.2 | 4.1 | -. 1 |
| III............................ | 7.7 | 8.4 | . 7 | 4.5 | 5.3 | . 8 | 3.7 | 3.8 | . 1 |
| IV............................ | 8.6 | 9.0 | . 4 | 6.1 | 6.6 | . 5 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 0 |
|  | 5.4 | 6.5 | 1.1 | 3.4 | 4.0 | . 6 | 3.5 | 3.8 | . 3 |
| II............................. | 8.7 | 8.6 | -. 1 | 3.0 | 3.7 | .7 | 5.0 | 4.8 | -. 2 |
| III...................................... | 7.3 | 7.5 | . 2 | 2.5 | 3.2 | . 7 | 5.3 | 5.2 | -. 1 |
| IV............................. | 7.6 | 7.5 | -. 1 | 2.4 | 2.7 | . 3 | 4.2 | 4.3 | . 1 |
| 1989: I............................... | 8.2 | 7.9 | -. 3 | 4.4 | 3.7 | -. 7 | 4.6 | 4.8 | . 2 |

percent for exports and about ${ }^{1 / 2}$ percent for imports.

For GNP prices, the revisions in the 13 quarterly percent changes (annual rates) averaged 0.1 percentage point (without regard to sign), a little less than in the two preceding July revisions. None of the quarterly changes was revised by as much as 0.4 percentage point.

## Methodology

The revised NIPA estimates incorporated several methodological changes that stemmed from the June 1989 revisions in the U.S. balance of payments accounts. In addition, they incorporated several minor changes, mainly in deflation procedures. This section of the article describes these changes and updates previously published tables showing summary methodologies for current-dollar and constant-dollar estimates of GNP.

## Changes in methodology

Except for a few definitional and statistical differences, BEA's balance of payments accounts provide the basis for the foreign transactions entries in the NIPA's. (For information about the relation of the NIPA's to the balance of payments accounts, see BEA Methodology Paper No. 3, Foreign Transactions, which is described on the inside back cover.) Thus, the incorporation of new source data and estimating methods in BEA's balance of payments estimates leads to revisions in the NIPA current-dollar estimates and, in turn, in the constant-dollar estimates.

The June 1989 balance of payments revision featured, as part of a major effort to improve the estimates of international transactions in services, the introduction of new estimates for three groups of services. (1) Estimates for a number of business, professional, and technical services were provided for the first time, and estimates of telecommunications services and insurance services were improved. The newly covered services include key areas such as computer and data processing services; installation, maintenance, and repair of equipment; and management and consulting services. The new estimates reflected incorporation of data from BEA's benchmark and annual follow-on surveys of selected service transactions with unaffiliated foreigners. (2) Estimates of travel and passenger fare receipts and of travel and passenger fare payments were improved, reflecting the incorporation of information from a new in-flight survey administered by the U.S. Travel and Tourism Administration. (3) Estimates of foreign students' expenditures in the United States and U.S. students' expenditures abroad were introduced. BEA developed indirect estimating methods based on characteristics of the student populations to estimate expenditures for tuition and for room and board. (For information about these changes and several smaller ones that affected merchandise and factor incomes, see the technical notes in "U.S. International Transactions, First Quarter 1989" in the June 1989 Survey.) For each of the three groups of services, the resulting upward revisions were larger for exports than for imports. These improvements
in the estimates of services raised the current-dollar NIPA estimates of net exports by $\$ 6.7$ billion in 1986, $\$ 8.2$ billion in 1987, and $\$ 10.0$ billion in 1988 (table 6).
Further, some of the new esti-mates-the consumer share of travel and passenger fares and all of students' expenditures-also affected the NIPA estimates through counterentries in PCE services. For exports of these services, the counterentry is needed to adjust the source data to the NIPA definition of PCE in terms of expenditures by U.S. residents. The source data-for example, Census Bureau retail salesalso include expenditures in the United States by foreigners; that is, the source data cover expenditures made in the United States irrespective of whether the expenditure is made by a U.S. or a foreign resident. Thus, the PCE presentation includes an item "Less: Expenditures in the United States by foreigners" (see NIPA table 2.4, line 106). For imports of these services, the counterentry implements the definition of PCE. PCE includes "Foreign travel by U.S. residents" (see NIPA

|  | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net exports. | 7.0 | 10.4 | 20.9 |
| Methodological revisions.. | 6.8 | 8.4 | 10.1 |
| Other revisions ... | . 1 | 2.1 | 10.8 |
| Exports.. | 18.1 | 20.6 | 28.0 |
| Methodological revisions.. | 16.9 | 18.2 | 20.8 |
| Improved services ${ }^{1}$...... | 16.8 | 18.0 | 20.6 |
| Business, professional, and technical services $\qquad$ | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.1 |
| Travel and passenger fares.. | 9.4 | 10.2 | 12.4 |
| Students' expenditures. | 3.5 | 3.8 | 4.1 |
| Other ${ }^{2}$. | 1 | . 2 | . 2 |
| Other revisions.. | 1.0 | 2.5 | 7.2 |
| Imports.. | 11.0 | 10.1 | 6.9 |
| Methodological revisions. | 10.1 | 9.8 | 10.6 |
| Improved services ${ }^{3}$......... | 10.1 | 9.8 | 10.6 |
| Business, professional, and technical services | 1.6 | 1.9 | 2.3 |
| Travel and passenger fares.. | 8.1 | 7.4 | 7.8 |
| Students' expenditures..... | . 5 | . 5 | . 6 |
| Other ${ }^{4} \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~$ | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other revisions. | . 9 | . 4 | -3.7 |
| Counterentries in personal consumption | -4.3 | -5.8 | -8.1 |
| Eorenditures........................... | 7.3 | 6.7 | -8.1 |
| Less: Expenditures in the United States by foreigners (exports) | 11.5 | 12.5 | 15.2 |
| Addenda-Constant dollars: |  |  |  |
| Net exports... | 7.8 | 13.2 | 25.3 |
| Exports... | 18.7 | 23.1 | 25.3 |
| Imports... | 11.0 | 9.9 | 0 |
| Counterentries in personal consumption expenditures. | -3.7 | -5.5 | -9.1 |
| 1. Reclassification of noninterest income of banks from factor income to other services led to offsetting revisions; they were $\$ 1.6$ |  |  |  |
| billion in 1986, $\$ 1.5$ billion in 1987, and $\$ 2.0$ billion in 1988. |  |  |  |
| by U.S. residents within territorial waters and sold to foreigners on the high seas. Reclassification of repairs and alterations of equipment from merchandise to services led to offsetting revisions; they were $\$ 0.7$ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| billion in 1986, \$0.7 billion in 1987, and \$0.9 billion in 1988. |  |  |  |
| 3. The total includes students' wages, which were $\$ 0.1$ billion in 1986, $\$ 0.1$ billion in 1987, and $\$ 0.2$ billion in 1988. |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| 4. Reclassification of repairs and alterations of equipment from merchandise to services led to offsetting revisions; they were $\$ 0.3$ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| billion in 1986, \$0.4 billion in 1987, and \$0.5 billion in 1988. |  |  |  |

table 2.4, line 104) because PCE is defined in terms of expenditures by U.S. residents irrespective of whether the expenditure is made in the United States or abroad. (However, because goods and services purchased abroad should not be in GNP, the deduction of imports provides the appropriate measure in deriving GNP.) In current dollars, these counterentries in PCE services amounted to $-\$ 4.3$ billion in 1986, $-\$ 5.8$ billion in 1987, and $-\$ 8.1$ billion in 1988.

Because the NIPA revision this July-as usual-only covered 3 years, estimates for 1985 and earlier years were not revised. The revisions stemming from the methodological changes in the balance of payments will be carried back to earlier years for incorporation in the comprehensive NIPA revision to be completed in late 1990. Until then, a discontinuity will exist in the estimates of exports, imports, PCE, and the aggregates in which they are included. (See the box on page 21.)
In addition, changes were made in deflation procedures used for two categories of exports and for two categories of nonresidential structures. The changes for exports were made possible by the availability of detail in BEA's recently revised end-use commodity classification system for exports and imports. One change was made for a category of durable consumer goods exports consisting of coins, gems, jewelry, and collectibles. Previously the whole category was deflated with the BLS export price index for unmanufactured consumer goods. The new procedure uses that index to deflate exports of collectibles (including artwork, antiques, and stamps), the producer price indexes for jewelry and watches to deflate exports of jewelry (watches, rings, etc.), and the Engelhard index for gold bullion to deflate exports of numismatic coins. The second change was for reexports-that is, exports of foreign merchandise. Previously the whole category was deflated with the implicit price deflator for merchandise except computers and aircraft. The new procedure uses BLS export price indexes and the BEA computer price index weighted to reflect the composition of reexported merchandise.

In nonresidential structures, both changes in defiation procedures were for categories of public utilities. For telephone and telegraph, the Engineering News Record construction cost index was replaced by a Handy-Whitman
cost index for electric utilities. For gas and petroleum pipeline, an Environmental Protection Agency index for sewers was replaced by a HandyWhitman cost index for gas utilities.

Finally, beginning in 1986, the distribution between durable and nondurable goods in the "other" category of merchandise exports in NIPA tables 4.3 and 4.4 is based on detail newly available from the end-use commodity classification system. Previously the distribution, which is used in constructing GNP by major type of product (NIPA tables 1.3 and 1.4), was based on an assumption of equal amounts for durables and nondurables.

## Updated summary methodologies

Table 7 identifies the principal source data and estimating methods used to prepare the current-dollar estimates of the income- and productside components of GNP, and table 8 identifies the principal source data and estimating methods used to prepare constant-dollar estimates of the product-side components.

Current-dollar estimates of GNP.The components in table 7 are as shown in the national income and product account (see appendix B, "Summary National Income and Product Accounts, 1988," account 1), starting on the income side and proceeding to the product side. The subcomponents in table 7, with their 1988 dollar values, are grouped according to the methodology used to prepare them.

The column in table 7 for annual estimates covers the several annual estimates in the estimating cycle; the major differences in methodology as the estimates move through the three annual revisions to a comprehensive revision are few enough to condense into the table. For example, for most goods in PCE (the first item on the product side), the table indicates one methodology for benchmark years and another for all other years.

The column for the quarterly estimates is a condensation in several respects. First, it refers to the advance estimate for the current quarter--that is, the estimate prepared in the first month following the end of the quarter. That one estimate, rather than all three of the current quarterly estimates, is described because more attention focuses on the "first look" at the quarter. Second, even for the advance estimate, the column does not detail
how many months of source data are available nor whether the data are subject to revision by the source agency. Thus, the benefit of condensation is at the cost of not detailing the tradeoff between the timeliness of the advance estimate and the improved quantity and quality of source data available in the 2 following months and incorporated in the final current estimates. ${ }^{3}$
Table 7 lists source data referring to a variety of different economic measures-wages and salaries, premiums, expenses, interest rates, mortgage debt, tax collections, unit sales, housing stock, employment, and average price, to name a few. For most components, the source data are "value data"; that is, they embody both the quantity and price dimensions that are required for current-dollar estimates. In these cases, the methodology indicated in table 7 is the adjustment of the value data to derive estimates consistent with NIPA definitions and coverage.

When value data are not used in preparing an estimate, the table indicates the combination of data with separate quantity and price dimensions that is used to derive the required value estimate (as well as indicating any major adjustments needed to derive estimates consistent with NIPA definitions and coverage). On the product side, a "physical quantity times price" method is used for several components. For example, the estimate for new autos is prepared as unit sales times average list price. An "employment times earnings times hours" method and variations of a "stock of assets/liabilities times an interest rate" method also are used for several components.
3. The methodology for PCE illustrates the sequential introduction of source data in the current estimates. For the advance estimate, the following key data are available: 3 months of retail sales (of which 2 months are subject to revision by the source agency); 3 months of unit sales of new motor vehicles, 1 month of information with which to allocate the unit sales among consumers and other purchasers, and 2 or 3 months of avsumers and other purchasers, and 2 or 3 months of av-
erage list prices (which are subject to modification as erage list prices (which are subject to modification as
more detailed information on models of cars sold, and thus actual retail prices, becomes available); and 1 to 3 months of data for services amounting to three-fifths of total services. The estimates for most of the remainder of PCE are extrapolations based either on related indicator series or on judgmental trends. For the preliminary estimate, revised retail sales for 2 months become available. For the final estimate, information on sales of used cars and more data on several services-hospitals, electricity, natural gas, hotels and motels, airline transportation, foreign travel, and insurance other than life insurance-become available.

Some of the source data shown in table 7 for the annual estimate are used to interpolate and extrapolate the lev-
els established by source data that are viewed as final, and all of the source data shown for the advance quarterly

## Discontinuities in NIPA Exports and Imports

Because the NIPA revision this July-as usual-only covered 3 years, the balance of payments revisions that reflected methodological improvements in services were brought into the NIPA's at the best level for 1986. Thus, there is a discontinuity in the estimates of exports, imports, PCE (as explained in the changes in methodology section), and the aggregates in which they are included. Tables A and B provide a quantification of the discontinuity based on rough adjustments of the estimates for the year 1985 and for the fourth quarter of 1985, respectively. Table A shows that the changes from 1985 to 1986 are 2 to 4 percentage points smaller for exports and imports on the adjusted basis and that the changes for larger aggregates are affected by no more than 0.1 percentage point. For example, the change in current-dollar GNP on the adjusted basis is 0.1 percentage point smaller, and the change in constant-dollar GNP is not affected.
The revisions stemming from the methodological changes in the balance of payments will be carried back to earlier years for incorporation in the comprehensive NIPA revision to be completed in late 1990.

Table A.-1985 Estimates Adjusted to Reflect Methodological Changes in Exports and Imports of Services

| [Billions of dollars] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1985 |  | 1986 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Published } \\ \text { change, } 1985 \text { to } \\ 1986 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Adjusted } \\ \text { change, } 1985 \text { to } \\ 1986 \end{gathered}$ |  |
|  | Published | Adjustment | Adjusted |  | Dollars | Percent | Dollars | Percent |
| Current dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross national product.................................................... | 4,014.9 | 2.4 | 4,017.3 | 4,231.6 | 216.7 | 5.4 | 214.3 | 5.3 |
| Less: Exports <br> Plus: Imports, | $\begin{aligned} & 370.9 \\ & 448.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 14.5 \\ 9.1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 385.4 \\ & 458.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 396.5 \\ & 493.8 \end{aligned}$ | 25.6 44.9 | 6.9 10.0 | 11.1 35.8 | 2.9 |
| Equals: Gross domestic purchases .................................. | 4,092.8 | -3.0 | 4,089.9 | 4,329.0 | 236.2 | 5.8 | 239.1 | 5.8 |
| Of which: <br> Personal consumption expenditures | 2,629.0 | -3.0 | 2,626.0 | 2,797.4 | 168.4 | 6.4 | 171.4 | 6.5 |
| Constant (1982) dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross national product............................................. | 3,618.7 | 1.8 | 3,620.5 | 3,717.9 | 99.2 | 2.7 | 97.4 | 2.7 |
| Less: Exports <br> Plus: Imports. | $\begin{aligned} & 367.2 \\ & 471.4 \end{aligned}$ | 12.9 9.3 | 380.1 480.7 | 397.1 526.9 | 29.9 55.5 | $\begin{array}{r}8.1 \\ 11.8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 17.0 46.2 | 4.5 9.6 |
| Equals: Gross domestic purchases ................................. | 3,723.0 | -1.8 | 3,721.2 | 3,847.6 | 124.6 | 3.3 | 126.4 | 3.4 |
| Of which: <br> Personal consumption expenditures | 2,354.8 | -1.8 | 2,353.0 | 2,446.4 | 91.6 | 3.9 | 93.4 | 4.0 |

Table B.-1985:IV Estimates Adjusted to Reflect Methodological Changes in Exports and Imports of Services

estimate are used to extrapolate the level of the preceding quarter. ${ }^{4}$ In addition to using indicator series, as is the case when source data are listed in the table, extrapolation and interpolation may be based on trends, as is the case when "judgmental trend" is listed in the table.

Constant-dollar estimates of GNP.Table 8 shows which of three methods is used to prepare constant-dollar estimates and indicates the source data with which it is implemented. ${ }^{5}$ The method used for by far the largest part of GNP is deflation. In fact, deflation is so widely used that the term is often used to describe the preparation of all constant-dollar estimates. In deflation, constant-dollar estimates are obtained by dividing the most detailed current-dollar components by appropriate price indexes with the base period-at present, the year 1982equal to 100 .

The other two methods, quantity extrapolation and direct base-year valuation, are similar in that they both use quantity data. For quantity extrapolation, constant-dollar estimates are obtained by extrapolating the currentdollar estimates from the base year by quantity data. For direct valuation, constant-dollar estimates are obtained by multiplying base-year prices by quantity data for each period.

The subcomponents are as shown in table 7, except where more detail is needed to highlight differences in methodology for constant-dollar estimates. For this table, the distinction between annual and quarterly methodology is far less important than it was for the current-dollar methodology, and major differences between the annual and quarterly source data are noted within the individual entries.

[^2]Table 7.-Principal Source Data and Estimating Methods Used in Preparing Current-Dollar Estimates of GNP

| Component (billions of dollars) | Subcomponent (billions of dollars) | Annual estimates: Source data and methods used to determine level for benchmark and other final years or, for other years, used to prepare an extrapolator or interpolator | Advance quarterly estimates: Source data and methods used to prepare an extrapolator |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Income side (Charges against GNP of \$4,890.2 billion in 1988) |  |  |  |
| Compensation of employees (\$2,907.6) | Wages and salaries: Private industries, State and local government, and rest of the world <br> (\$2,284.0) | For most, annual tabulations of wages and salaries of employees covered by State unemployment insurance from the Bureau of Labor Statistics; for remainder, wages from a variety of sources (such as Dept. of Agriculture for farms and Railroad Retirement Board for railroad transportation) and indirect estimation for only a few cases (such as a percentage of revenues for tips not reported as wages). | For most private, wages and salaries derived. by industry, from Bureau of Labor Statistics monthly employment times earnings times hours; for State and local government and other private, judgmental trend. |
|  | Wages and salaries: Federal (\$145.0) | For civilians, wages from the Office of Personnel Management; for military personnel, wages from the Office of Management and Budget, Budget of the United States. | For civilians, judgmental trend; for military personnel, employment from Dept. of Defense and judgmental extrapolation. |
|  | Employer contributions for social insurance (\$249.7) | Contributions from the Social Security Admin., other agencies administering social insurance programs, and Census Bureau surveys of State and local government retirement funds. | For Federal programs, BEA-derived wages and salaries of employees covered by the programs; for State and local government programs, judgmental trend. |
|  | Other labor income (\$228.9) | Years except most recent-For private pension and profit-sharing funds, employer contributions from Internal Revenue Service tabulations of business tax returns when available and judgmental trend in other years; for group health and life insurance, mainly total premiums paid from trade sources and Health Care Financing Admin. and data on employer share from trade source; for workers' compensation, contributions from trade sources. <br> Most recent year-For group health insurance, total premiums paid from Health Care Financing Admin.; for others in the category, judgmental trend. | Judgmental trend. |
| Proprietors' income with IVA and CCAdj (\$327.8) | Nonfarm income (\$259.2) | Years except most recent-Income from Internal Revenue Service tabulations of business tax returns, adjusted for understatement of income on tax returns and for several conceptual differences. Most recent year-For construction, trade, and services, indicators of activity (such as value of housing put in place); for most others, judgmental trends. | Same as annual for most recent year. |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nonfarm IVA } \\ & (-\$ 1.5) \\ & \text { Nonfarm CCAdj } \\ & (\$ 30.3) \end{aligned}$ | The IVA is described under the entry for corporate profits with IVA and CCAdj. <br> The CCAdj is described under the entry for capital consumption allowances with CCAdj. |  |
|  | Farm income with IVA (\$47.3) | Based on Dept. of Agriculture data on net income, obtained by deriving gross earnings (cash receipts from marketing, inventory change, government payments, other cash income, and nonmoney income) and subtracting production expenses, adjusted to exclude corporate income from Internal Revenue Service tabulations of business tax returns. | Dept. of Agriculture projection adjusted for consistency with NIPA's. |
|  | Farm CCAdj $(-\$ 7.5)$ | The CCAdj is described under the entry for capital consumption allowances with CCAdj. |  |

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7.—Principal Source Data and Estimating Methods Used in Preparing Current-Dollar Estimates of GNP—Continued

| Component (billions of <br> dollars) | Subcomponent (billions of <br> dollars) | Annual estimates: Source data and methods used to determine <br> level for benchmark and other final years or, for other years, used <br> to prepare an extrapolator or interpolator | Advance quarterly estimates: Source data <br> and methods used to prepare an <br> extrapolator |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

Income side (Charges against GNP of $\$ 4,890.2$ billion in 1988)-Continued

| Rental income of persons with CCAdj (\$15.7) | Rent from nonfarm nonresidential properties (\$9.0) | Years except the 2 most recent-Rents paid and received by business and government, adjusted for expenses associated with property (mainly depreciation, taxes, interest, and repairs), from Internal Revenue Service tabulations of business tax retums, Census Bureau surveys, and the Budget of the United States prepared by the Office of Management and Budget. <br> Two most recent years-Judgmental trend. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rent from owner-occupied nonfarm housing (\$22.8) | Derived as space rent-see the entry for nonfarm housing in personal consumption expenditures-less related expenses, including maintenance and repair from Bureau of Labor Statistics quarterly consumer expenditure survey, mortgage debt from Federal Reserve Board times an interest rate, and property taxes from Census Bureau quarterly surveys of State and local tax collections. |
|  | Rent from tenant-occupied nonfarm housing (\$22.6) | Same as described under owner-occupied housing and adjusted to cover only rental income accruing to persons not primarily engaged in the real estate business. |
|  | Royalties (\$4.8) | Years except most recent-Internal Revenue Service tabulations of royalties reported on individual tax returns. Most recent year-Judgmental trend. |
|  | Rent from farms owned by nonoperator landlords (\$6.2) | Prepared in conjunction with farm proprietors' income; see that entry. |
|  | $\underset{(-\$ 49.8)}{\text { CCAdj }}$ | The CCAdj is described under the entry for capital consumption allowances with CCAdj. |
| Corporate profits with IVA and CCAdj (\$328.6) | Profits: Domestic, before tax (\$263.1) | Years except the 2 most recent-Receipts less deductions from Internal Revenue Service tabulations of business tax returns, adjusted to include in profits the depletion allowances on domestic minerals, income of the Federal Reserve and federally sponsored credit agencies, the excess of additions to bad debt reserves over losses actually incurred, and an estimate of the amount by which income on tax returns is understated and to exclude capital gains and losses on the sale of property and dividends received from domestic corporations. <br> Two most recent years-Separately for about 70 industries, profits from Census Bureau quarterly survey of corporate profits, regulatory agency reports, and compilations of public company reports. |
|  | Profits: Rest of the world, before and after tax (\$43.7) | Estimated as part of the balance of payments; see the entry for receipts and payments of factor income, net, under net exports of goods and services. |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { IVA }^{2} \\ & (-\$ 25.0) \end{aligned}$ | Obtained as the difference between the NIPA change in business inventories (that is, physical volume of inventories valued in prices of the current period) and the change in inventories reported by business. See also the entry for change in business inventories. |
|  | $\underset{(\$ 46.8)}{\text { CCAdj }}$ | The CCAdj is described under the entry for capital consumption allowances with CCAdj. |

Same as annual for 2 most recent years.

For owner-occupied space rent, same as annual; for depreciation, interest, and taxes, based on NIPA estimates of those components; for other expenses, based on judgmental trend.

Same as annual.

Same as annual for most recent year.

Judgmental trend.

For some industries in transportation, some in finance, etc., and all in services, judgmental trend; for others in this group, same as annual for 2 most recent years. (Released at time of preliminary estimate of GNP for the first, second, and third quarters and of final estimate for the fourth quarter.)

Judgmental trend. ${ }^{1}$ (Released at time of preliminary estimate of GNP for the first, second, and third quarters and of final estimate for the fourth quarter.)
Same as annual.

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7.-Principal Source Data and Estimating Methods Used in Preparing Current-Dollar Estimates of GNP—Continued

| Component (billions of dollars) | Subcomponent (billions of dollars) | Annual estimates: Source data and methods used to determine level for benchmark and other final years or, for other years, used to prepare an extrapolator or interpolator | Advance quarterly estimates: Source data and methods used to prepare an extrapolator |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Income side (Charges against GNP of \$4,890.2 billion in 1988)-Continued |  |  |  |
| Net interest (\$392.9) | Net interest: Domestic monetary (\$157.3) | For farm interest paid and received, Dept. of Agriculture surveys; for residential mortgage interest, mortgage debt from Federal Reserve Board times an interest rate; for all other interest paid and received by business, Internal Revenue Service tabulations of business tax returns or, when these tabulations are not available, interest receipts and payments from regulatory agencies (such as the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation), from trade sources, or obtained by applying an interest rate to a stock of assets/liabilities from Federal Reserve Board flow of funds accounts. | Derived by combining estimates of (1) interest received by persons, (2) government interest paid and received, and (3) interest paid by consumers to business. For (1), judgmental trend; for (2), Monthly Treasury Statement for Federal and judgmental trend for State and local; for (3), consumer debt from the Federal Reserve Board times BEA estimates of interest rates. ${ }^{1}$ |
|  | Net interest: Rest-of-the world $\underset{(-\$ 3.4)}{ }$ $(-\$ 3.4)$ | Estimated as part of the balance of payments; see the entry for receipts and payments of factor income, net, under net exports of goods and services. | Judgmental trend. ${ }^{1}$ |
|  | Net interest: Imputed-life insurance carriers and private noninsured pension plans (\$141.9) | Property income earned (and for life insurance carriers, profits) from Internal Revenue Service tabulations of business tax returns or, for the 2 most recent years, from trade sources. | Judgmental trend. |
|  | Net interest: Imputed-banks, credit agencies, and investment companies (\$97.0) | Property income earned on investment of deposits and monetary interest paid (and for mutual depositories, profits from Internal Revenue Service tabulations of business tax returns when available) from annual reports of regulatory agencies and the Federal Reserve Board. The counterentry to the interest, financial services furnished without payment, is allocated to persons, government, and rest of the world on the basis of deposit liabilities from the same sources. | Judgmental trend. |
| Business transfer payments (\$29.0) |  | For charitable contributions and bad debts incurred by consumers, for years except the 2 most recent, Internal Revenue Service tabulations of business tax returns or, for 2 most recent years, judgmental trend; for other components (such as liability payments for personal injury), for years except the most recent, information from government agency reports and trade sources or, for most recent year, judgmental trend. | Judgmental trend. |
| Indirect business tax and nontax liability (\$393.5) | Federal $(\$ 56.7)$ | For excise taxes, collections from the Internal Revenue Service; for customs duties, receipts from Monthly Treasury Statement; and for nontaxes (such as fines), receipts from the Office of Management and Budget, Budget of the United States. | For customs duties, the Monthly Treasury Statement; for most excise taxes, indicators of activity (such as gasoline production for gasoline tax); for others in this group, judgmental trend. |
|  | State and local (\$336.8) | Receipts from Census Bureau quinquennial censuses and annual and quarterly surveys. | Judgmental trend. |
| Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises (\$18.5) | Federal (\$36.0) | For subsidies, payments by the Commodity Credit Corporation from agency reports and outlays from Monthly Treasury Statement for most others; for current surplus, mainly reports of various agencies such as the Commodity Credit Corporation and Postal Service. | For subsidies, reports of various agencies and outlays from Monthly Treasury Statement; for current surplus, agency report for the Commodity Credit Corporation and judgmental trend for others in this group. |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { State and local } \\ & (-\$ 17.5) \end{aligned}$ | For subsidies, limited to railroad, judgmental trend; for current surplus, see entry for State and local purchases other than compensation and structures. | Judgmental trend. |
| Capital consumption allowances with CCAdj (\$513.6) | Capital consumption allowances (\$526.4) <br> CCAdj <br> (\$12.8) | For depreciation of nonfarm sole proprietorships, partnerships, and corporations, Internal Revenue Service tabulations of business tax returns; for other depreciation (including farms, nonprofit institutions, and owner-occupied houses), perpetualinventory calculations; for accidental damage to fixed capital, losses reported to insurance companies and government agencies. <br> Obtained in two parts: First, the part that places a historical-cost series for capital consumed on a consistent basis with regard to service lives and on a straight-line depreciation pattern is the difference between tax-return-based calculations at historical cost and the perpetual-inventory calculations; second, the part that places the historical-cost series on a current-cost basis is the difference between two perpetual-inventory calculations, one at historical cost and one at current cost. | Judgmental trend. |
|  |  |  | For capital consumption allowances, judgmental trend as mentioned in preceding item; for current-cost series, perpetual-inventory calculation based on investment and on investment prices. |

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7.-Principal Source Data and Estimating Methods Used in Preparing Current-Dollar Estimates of GNP—Continued

| Component (billions of dollars) | Subcomponent (billions of dollars) | Annual estimates: Source data and methods used to determine level for benchmark and other final years or, for other years, used to prepare an extrapolator or interpolator | Advance quarterly estimates: Source data and methods used to prepare an extrapolator |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Product side (GNP of $\$ 4,880.6$ billion in 1988) |  |  |  |
| Personal consumption expenditures $(\$ 3,235.1)^{3}$ | Durable and nondurable goods: (\$1,507.5) |  |  |
|  | Most goods (goods except subcomponents listed separately) ( $\$ 1,242.5$ ) | Benchmark years-Commodity-flow method, starting with manufacturers' shipments from Census Bureau quinquennial census and including an adjustment for exports and imports from Census Bureau merchandise trade. <br> Other years-Retail-control method, using retail trade sales from Census Bureau annual survey or, for the most recent year, monthly survey of retail trade. | Same as annual for the most recent year. |
|  | New trucks (\$29.2) | Benchmark years-Commodity-flow method, starting with manufacturers' shipments from Census Bureau quinquennial census and including an adjustment for exports and imports from Census Bureau merchandise trade. <br> Other years except most recent-Abbreviated commodity-flow method, starting with manufacturers' shipments from Census Bureau annual survey and including an adjustment for exports and imports from Census Bureau merchandise trade. <br> Most recent year-Physical quantity purchased times average retail price: Unit sales and information with which to allocate sales among consumers and other purchasers from trade sources and average price based on a Bureau of Labor Statistics consumer price index. | Same as annual for the most recent year. |
|  | New and used autos (\$144.2) | For new autos, physical quantity purchased times average retail price: Unit sales, information with which to allocate sales among consumers and other purchasers, and average list prices, all from trade sources. For used autos, change in the consumer stock of autos at least 1 year old plus dealers' margins based on unit sales times auction price, all from trade sources. | For new autos, same as annual; for used autos, same as annual except that change in consumer stock is based on judgmental trend. |
|  | Gasoline and oil (\$76.8) | Years except most recent-Physical quantity purchased times average retail price: Gallons consumed from the Dept. of Transportation, information with which to allocate that total among consumers and other purchasers from Federal agencies and trade sources, and monthly average retail price by grade from the Bureau of Labor Statistics. <br> Most recent year--Physical quantity purchased times average retail price: Domestic supply from Energy Information Admin. monthly surveys and price as above. | Same as annual for most recent year. |
|  | Food furnished employees (including military) (\$9.7) | For commercial employees, number of employees of appropriate industries from Bureau of Labor Statistics tabulations times a Bureau of Labor Statistics consumer price index for food; for military personnel, outlays from theBudget of the United States prepared by the Office of Management and Budget. | For commercial employees, same as annual; for military personnel, number of persons in Armed Forces from the Dept. of Defense times a Bureau of Labor Statistics consumer price index for food. |
|  | Expenditures abroad by U.S. residents (\$3.7) less personal remittances in kind to foreigners (\$0.5) | Estimated as part of the balance of payments; see the entry for receipts and payments for other services, net, under net exports of goods and services. | Judgmental trend. |

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7.-Principal Source Data and Estimating Methods Used in Preparing Current-Dollar Estimates of GNP—Continued

| Component (billions of <br> dollars) | Subcomponent (billions of <br> dollars) | Annual estimates: Source data and methods used to determine <br> level for benchmark and other final years or, for other years, used <br> to prepare an extrapolator or interpolator | Advance quarterly estimates: Source data <br> and methods used to prepare an <br> extrapolator |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

Product side (GNP of $\$ 4,880.6$ billion in 1988)-Continued

| Personal consumption <br> expenditures- <br> Continued | Services: <br> (\$1,727.6) | Nonfarm housing-space rent <br> for owner-occupied and rent <br> for tenant-occupied <br> (\$472.0) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | | Benchmark years-Based on data on housing stock and average |
| :--- |
| annual rental from Census Bureau decennial census of housing |
| and survey of residential finance. |
| Other years-Based on data on housing stock from the Census |
| Bureau biennial housing survey or on the number of |
| households from Census Bureau monthly current population |
| survey and updated average annual rental. |

Farm housing-rent
(\$9.5)
Auto and other repair, legal and funeral services, barbershops and beauty parlors, nursing homes, laundries, employment agency fees, accountant and tax return preparation tervices, recreation (except video cassette rentals, cable TV, parimutuel net receipts, and lotteries), hotels and motels, and commercial education (\$292.2)
Physicians, dentists, and other medical professional services (\$186.3)

Private elementary and secondary schools, welfare activities, and trade unions and professional associations (\$76.2)

Financial services furnished without payment by banks, credit agencies, and investment companies ${ }^{4}$ (\$91.1)
Brokerage charges and investment counseling, bank service charges, intercity transportation, and private higher education (\$80.8)
Domestic services
(\$9.8)

Benchmark years-Based on data on housing stock and average and survey of residential finance.
Other years-Based on data on housing stock from the Census Bureau biennial housing survey or on the number of survey and updated average annual rental.
Dept. of Agriculture survey.
Benchmark years-Receipts from Census Bureau quinquennial census of service industries adjusted for receipts from business and governments.
Other years-Receipts, for spectator sports from private organizations, for legitimate theaters and commercial education from tabulations of wages and salaries of employees covered by State unemployment insurance from the Bureau of Labor Statistics, for others in this group from Census Bureau service annual survey.

Benchmark years-For nonprofit professional services, expenses; for others in this group, receipts, adjusted for government payments and prepayment plans, from Census Bureau quinquennial census of service industries.
Other years-Receipts, adjusted for government payments and prepayment plans, from Census Bureau service annual survey.
Benchmark years-For schools of religious organizations, enrollment from Dept. of Education times BEA estimate of average expenditures per pupil; for others in this group, receipts and expenses from Census Bureau quinquennial census of service industries.
Other years-Tabulations of wages and salaries of employees covered by State unemployment insurance from the Bureau of Labor Statistics.
See entry for net interest: Imputed-banks, credit agencies, and investment companies.

Years except most recent-For private higher education, expenses, and for others in this group, receipts, all from annual reports of government administrative agencies.
Most recent year-For brokerage, charges from trade source; for intercity transportation, receipts from reports of government administrative agencies; for private higher education, enrollment from Dept. of Education.

Number of workers times weekly hours times earnings from Census Bureau monthly current population survey.

Same method as annual, with housing stock based on annual estimates adjusted for completions from Census Bureau survey and average rent based on annual estimates adjusted using a Bureau of Labor Statistics consumer price index for rent.

## Judgmental trend.

For nursing homes, commercial education, employment agency fees, and clubs and fraternal organizations, wages and salaries derived from Bureau of Labor Statistics monthly employment times earnings times hours; for legitimate theaters and motion pictures, receipts from trade sources; for others in this group, judgmental trend.

For nonprofit professional services, wages and salaries derived from Bureau of Labor Statistics monthly employment times earnings times hours; for others in this group, judgmental trend.
Wages and salaries derived from Bureau of Labor Statistics monthly employment times earnings times hours.

Judgmental trend.

For stock brokerage charges, stock exchange transactions from trade sources; for other brokerage charges and investment counseling and for bank service charges, judgmental trend; for intercity transportation, receipts from trade sources; for private higher education, wages and salaries for the industry derived from Bureau of Labor Statistics monthly employment times earnings times hours.
Judgmental trend.

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7.-Principal Source Data and Estimating Methods Used in Preparing Current-Dollar Estimates of GNP—Continued

| Component (billions of dollars) | Subcomponent (billions of dollars) | Annual estimates: Source data and methods used to determine level for benchmark and other final years or, for other years, used to prepare an extrapolator or interpolator | Advance quarterly estimates: Source data and methods used to prepare an extrapolator |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Product side (GNP of $\$ 4,880.6$ billion in 1988)-Continued |  |  |  |
| Personal consumption expendituresContinued | Services-Continued |  |  |
|  | Insurance, hospitals except nursing homes, religious activities, cable TV, utilities, and local transport (\$434.8) | For life insurance, expenses from reports of private organizations or, for the most recent year, tabulations of wages and salaries of employees covered by State unemployment insurance from Bureau of Labor Statistics; for insurance other than life insurance, premiums and benefits from reports of private organizations; for hospitals except nursing homes, expenses from reports of private organizations; for religious activities, expenses based on contributions and membership from private organizations or, for the most recent year, judgmental trend; for cable TV and utilities, receipts from government agencies and trade sources; for local transport, receipts from reports of private organizations. | For life insurance and religious activities, wages and salaries derived from Bureau of Labor Statistics monthly employment times earnings times hours; for hospitals, electricity, and gas, reports from private organizations; for others in this group, judgmental trend. ${ }^{1}$ |
|  | Water and other sanitary services, and lotteries (\$30.4) | Years except 2 most recent-For water and other sanitary services, expenditures from Census Bureau quinquennial censuses and annual surveys of State and local governments, adjusted to a calendar year basis from a fiscal year basis; for lotteries, net receipts from the same source. <br> Two most recent years-Judgmental trend. | Same as 2 most recent years. |
|  | Foreign travel by U.S. residents (\$36.1) less expenditures in the United States by foreigners ( $\$ 36.2$ ) | Estimated as part of the balance of payments; see the entry for receipts and payments for other services, net, under net exports of goods and services. | Same as annual. |
|  | Other services: Video cassette rentals and parimutuel net receipts; other housing except hotels and motels; other education and research except commercial education; bridge, etc. tolls; other household operation except repairs and insurance; travel and entertainment card fees; stenographic and reproduction services; and money orders and classified advertising (\$44.5) | Various source data. | Judgmental trend. |
| Nonresidential structures $(\$ 140.3)^{5}$ | Nonfarm buildings (\$97.8) | Value put in place from Census Bureau monthly construction survey. | Same as annual. |
|  | Public utilities: Telephone and telegraph (\$7.8) | Value put in place from Census Bureau monthly construction survey. | Same as annual. |
|  | Public utilities: Other (\$18.3) | Expenditures from Federal regulatory agencies and trade sources. | Anticipated expenditures from Census Bureau plant and equipment survey. |
|  | Mining exploration, shafts, and wells (\$12.0) | Benchmark years-Expenditures from Census Bureau quinquennial census of mineral industries. <br> Other years--For petroleum and natural gas, physical quantity times average price: Footage drilled and cost per foot from trade sources; for other mining, expenditures from Census Bureau plant and equipment survey. | Same as annual for years other than benchmark years. |
|  | Other nonfarm structures (\$2.3) | Value put in place from Census Bureau monthly construction survey. | Same as annual. |
|  | $\underset{(\$ 2.1)}{\text { Farm buildings }}$ | Expenditures for new construction from Dept. of Agriculture surveys. | Judgmental trend of value put in place from Census Bureau. |

Table 7.—Principal Source Data and Estimating Methods Used in Preparing Current-Dollar Estimates of GNP—Continued

| Component (billions of <br> dollars) | Subcomponent (billions of <br> dollars) | Annual estimates: Source data and methods used to determine <br> level for benchmark and other final years or, for other years, used <br> to prepare an extrapolator or interpolator | Advance quarterly estimates: Source data <br> and methods used to prepare an <br> extrapolator |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| Product side (GNP of \$4,880.6 billion in 1988)-Continued |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nonresidential producers' durable equipment (\$346.8) | Equipment except autos $(\$ 325.4)$ | Benchmark years-Commodity-flow method, starting with manufacturers' shipments from Census Bureau quinquennial census and including an adjustment for exports and imports from Census Bureau merchandise trade. <br> Other years-Abbreviated commodity-flow method starting with manufacturers' shipments from the Census Bureau annual survey or, for the most recent year (except trucks), monthly survey of manufactures and including an adjustment for exports and imports from Census Bureau merchandise trade. For trucks, for the most recent year, physical quantity purchased times average retail price: Unit sales and information with which to allocate sales among business and other purchasers from trade sources and average price based on Bureau of Labor Statistics producer price indexes. | For trucks, see entry for personal consumption expenditures; for others in this group, same as annual for years other than benchmark years except with less detail. |
|  | New and used autos (\$21.4) | For new autos, see entry in personal consumption expenditures; for used autos, change in business stock of autos at least 1 year old from trade source. | For new autos, same as annual; for used autos, judgmental trend. |
| Residential investment (\$232.4) ${ }^{6}$ | Permanent-site single-family housing units (\$116.6) | Value put in place based on phased housing starts and average construction cost from Census Bureau monthly construction surveys. | Same as annual. |
|  | Permanent-site multifamily housing units (\$23.3) | Value put in place from Census Bureau monthly construction survey. | Same as annual. |
|  | Mobile homes (\$5.6) | Benchmark years-See entry for equipment except autos in nonresidential producers' durable equipment. <br> Other years-Physical quantity shipped times price: Shipments from trade sources and average retail price from Census Bureau monthly survey. | Same as annual for years other than benchmark years. |
|  | Additions and alterations, and major replacements (\$59.2) | Expenditures by owner-occupants from Bureau of Labor Statistics quarterly consumer expenditure survey and by landlords from Census Bureau quarterly survey of landlords. | Judgmental trend. |
|  | Brokers' commissions (\$22.2) | Physical quantity times price times average commission rate: Number of one-family houses sold, mean sales price, and commission rates, from Census Bureau monthly construction survey and trade sources. | Same as annual. |
|  | Producers' durable equipment (\$6.4) | See entry for most goods under personal consumption expenditures. | Same as annual. |
| Change in business inventories (\$30.6) | Manufacturing and trade (\$26.3) | Benchmark years-Inventories from Census Bureau quinquennial censuses revalued (in effect, by the calculation of the IVA ${ }^{2}$ ) to current replacement cost using information on the commodity composition of goods held in inventory and the turnover period, both from the Census Bureau censuses/surveys of manufacturing and trade, combined with cost of goods held in inventory, largely from Bureau of Labor Statistics producer price indexes. <br> Other years-For petroleum bulk stations, physical quantities times price: Monthly quantities from the Energy Information Admin. times a Bureau of Labor Statistics producer price index; for all other, inventories from Census Bureau annual surveys or, for the most recent year, monthly surveys, revalued as described above. | Same as annual for most recent year. |
|  | Other nonfarm industries $(\$ 7.9)$ | Inventories revalued to current replacement cost (except when noted as physical quantity times price) using information on the proportion of inventories reported with different accounting methods (for example, first-in, first-out) and other information as described for manufacturing and trade: For years except 2 most recent, Internal Revenue Service tabulations of business tax returns; in 2 most recent years, Census Bureau quarterly survey of corporations for mining, monthly quantities from the Energy Information Admin. times Bureau of Labor Statistics producer price indexes for electric utilities, and judgmental trend for all others. | For electric utilities, same as annual for most recent year; for all others, judgmental trend. |
|  | Farm $(-\$ 3.6)$ | Physical quantities times current prices, from Dept. of Agriculture surveys. | Judgmental projection by BEA and Dept. of Agriculture. |

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7.-Principal Source Data and Estimating Methods Used in Preparing Current-Dollar Estimates of GNP-Continued

| Component (billions of <br> dollars) | Subcomponent (billions of <br> dollars) | Annual estimates: Source data and methods used to determine <br> level for benchmark and other final years or, for other years, used <br> to prepare an extrapolator or interpolator | Advance quarterly estimates: Source data <br> and methods used to prepare an <br> extrapolator |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| Product side (GNP of \$4,880.6 billion in 1988)-Continued |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net exports of goods and services (-\$73.7) | Merchandise exports and imports, net (-\$127.0) | Estimated as part of the balance of payments: Import and export documents compiled monthly by the Census Bureau with adjustments by BEA for coverage and valuation to put them on a balance-of-payments basis and then on a NIPA basis. | Same as annual. |
|  | Receipts and payments of factor income, net (\$33.3) | Estimated as part of the balance of payments: For direct investment income, BEA surveys of U.S. companies with affiliates abroad and of U.S. affiliates of foreign companies; for other income, holdings or transactions from Treasury Dept. surveys times appropriate yields or interest rates and reports by U.S. Government agencies of interest receipts-all adjusted to NIPA basis. | Judgmental trend. ${ }^{1}$ |
|  | Receipts and payments for other services, net (\$20.0) | Estimated as part of the balance of payments: For government transactions, reports by Federal agencies on their purchases and sales abroad; for most others in this group (including travel, passenger fares, other transportation, royalties and license fees, and private remittances), BEA quarterly or annual surveys (supplemented with data from other sources)-all adjusted to NIPA basis. Also includes financial services furnished without payment; see entry for net interest: imputed-banks, credit agencies, and investment companies. | Same as annual. |
| Government purchases of goods and services (\$968.9) | Federal national defense (\$298.0) | Within a control total established by the fiscal year analysis: For compensation, military wages from the Budget of the United States prepared by Office of Management and Budget, civilian wages and benefits from Office of Personnel Management, and employer contributions for social insurance mainly from outlays from Monthly Treasury Statement; for purchases by type, one of three methods, based mainly on data from Dept. of Defense reports: (1) Physical quantity delivered times price paid; (2) by category, the ratio of funds for purchases not estimated by method (1) to total funds times disbursements; and (3) mainly disbursements. | For components of compensation, employment from Dept. of Defense, outlays from Monthly Treasury Statement, and judgmental trend; for other, same methods as annual, with partial data for (1) and outlays from Monthly Treasury Statement and judgmental trend for (2) and (3). |
|  | Federal nondefense (\$83.3) | Within a control total established by the fiscal year analysis: For Commodity Credit Corporation inventory change, physical quantity of acquisitions and dispositions from agency reports times average market price from Dept. of Agriculture; for financial services furnished without payment, see entry for net interest: imputed-banks, credit agencies, and investment companies; for compensation, civilian wages and benefits from Office of Personnel Management and employer contributions for social insurance mainly from outlays from Monthly Treasury Statement; for construction, value put in place from Census Bureau monthly construction survey; for all other, outlays from Monthly Treasury Statement. | For components of compensation, judgmental trend; for other, same as annual. |
|  | State and local compensation (\$346.5) | Mainly tabulations of wages and salaries of employees covered by State unemployment insurance from Bureau of Labor Statistics and contributions from the Social Security Admin., other agencies administering social insurance programs, and Census Bureau surveys of State and local government retirement funds. | Judgmental trend. |
|  | State and local structures (\$69.3) | For highways, for years except the most recent, expenditures from the Dept. of Transportation or, for the most recent year, construction put in place from Census Bureau survey; for other categories, value of construction put in place from Census Bureau monthly construction survey. | Value put in place from Census Bureau monthly construction survey. |
|  | State and local other than compensation and structures (\$171.8) | Years except most recent for State and the 2 most recent for local-Total expenditures from Census Bureau quinquennial censuses and annual surveys of these governments, selectively replaced with source data that are more appropriate for the NIPA's and adjusted as follows: For coverage, for netting and grossing differences; and to a calendar year basis from a fiscal year basis and for other timing differences; to exclude interest, subsidies, net expenditures of government enterprises, and transfer payments; and to exclude compensation and structures as estimated above. <br> Most recent year for State and 2 most recent years for localjudgmental trend. | Same as for most recent year for State and 2 most recent years for local. |

1. For profits and interest from the rest of the world, for parts of domestic net interest, and for insurance other than life insurance and for hotels and motels in PCE, data become available to replace the judgmental
trend by the time of the final estimate in the current quarterly sequence.
2. The IVA on the income side and the IVA mentioned with the change in business inventories on the product side differ because the source data on the two sides reflect different mixes of methods (last-in, first out, etc.) underlying reported inventories.
food produced and consumed on farms, standard clothing issued to military per inl, and used trucks.
and payment by financial intermediaries except life insurance carriers and private noninsured pension plans.
3. Includes brokers' commissions on sale of structures and net purchases of used structures, which summed to $\$ 0.1$ billion.
4. Includes $\mathbf{-} \$ 0.8$ billion for other structures (dormitories, fraternity and sorority houses, nurses' homes, etc.) and net purchases of used structures.
CCAdj Capital consumption adjustment.
valuation adjustment.
NIPA National income and product account.
Source: 1988 estimates-Survey of CURRENT Business, July 1989.

Table 8.-Methodology Used in Preparing Constant-Dollar Estimates of GNP

| Component | Subcomponent | Deflation, using price based on- |  | Using quantity for- |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Components of the Consumer Price Index (CPI) or the Producer Price Index (PPI) | Other | Extrapolation | Direct valuation |
| Personal consumption expenditures | Most goods (goods except subcomponents listed separately). <br> New trucks. $\qquad$ <br> New and used autos. $\qquad$ | Except as noted, CPI; military clothing, PPI. <br> CPI <br> New autos, CPI $\qquad$ $\qquad$ | Computers, BEA price index |  | Used autos, in two parts: |
|  | Gasoline and oil............. |  |  |  |  |
|  | Food furnished employees (including military). |  |  |  |  |
|  | Expenditures abroad by U.S. residents less personal remittances in kind to foreigners. |  | Foreign consumer price indexes (exchange-rate adjusted). |  |  |
|  | Nonfarm housing-space rent and rent. | CPI |  |  |  |
|  | Farm housing-rent............... |  | .... | BEA net stock of farm dwellings based on Dept. of Agriculture data. |  |
|  | Auto and other repair, legal and funeral services, barbershops and beauty parlors, nursing homes, laundries, employment agency fees, accountant and tax return preparation services, recreation (except video cassette rentals, cable TV, parimutuel net receipts, and lotteries), hotels and motels, and commercial education. | Except as noted, CPI | Nursing homes, clubs and fraternal organizations and commercial education, BEA earnings and expense index. |  |  |
|  | Physicians, dentists, and other medical professional services. | CPI |  |  |  |
|  | Private elementary and secondary schools, welfare activities, and trade unions and professional associations. | ................................. | BEA earnings and expense indexes. |  |  |
|  | Financial services furnished without payment by banks, credit agencies, and investment companies ${ }^{1}$. | ................................. |  | Paid employee hours of relevant financial institutions. |  |

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 8.-Methodology Used in Preparing Constant-Dollar Estimates of GNP-Continued

| Component | Subcomponent | Deflation, using price based on- |  | Using quantity for- |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Components of the Consumer Price Index (CPI) or the Producer Price Index (PPI) | Other | Extrapolation | Direct valuation |
| Personal consumption expendituresContinued | Brokerage charges and investment counseling, bank service charges, intercity transportation, and private higher education. | Except as noted, CPI ... | Other brokerage charges and investment counseling, BEA stock brokerage index; airline transportation, BEA index based on revenue passenger miles from Dept. of Transportation averaged with consumer price index component; higher education, BEA earnings and expense index. | Stock brokerage charges, BEA orders derived from volume data from Securities and Exchange Commission or trade source. |  |
|  | Domestic services.. | CPI |  |  |  |
|  | Insurance, hospitals except nursing homes, religious activities, cable TV, utilities, and local transport. | Except as noted, CPI ... | Life insurance and religious activities, BEA earnings and expense index; nonprofit hospitals, input price index from Health Care Financing Admin. | Auto insurance, deflated premiums; health insurance, deflated benefits. |  |
|  | Water and other sanitary services, and lotteries. | $\mathrm{CPI}$ |  |  |  |
|  | Foreign travel by U.S. residents less expenditures in the United States by foreigners. | Expenditures in the United States, CPI. | Foreign travel, foreign consumer price indexes (exchange-rate adjusted). |  |  |
|  | Other services: Video cassette rentals and parimutuel net receipts; other housing except hotels and motels; other education and research except commercial education; bridge, etc. tolls; other household operation except repairs and insurance; travel and entertainment card fees; stenographic and reproduction services; and money orders and classified advertising. | Except as noted, CPI... | Other education and research, BEA earnings and expense index; bridge, etc. tolls, BEA index based on trade source data. | Parimutuel net receipts, deflated winnings. |  |
| Nonresidential structures | Nonfarm buildings | $\qquad$ | Cost index from trade source and price of new houses from Census Bureau. |  |  |
|  | Public utilities | Gas and petroleum pipelines, PPI. | Telephone and telegraph, cost index from trade source; other, cost indexes from government agencies and trade sources. |  |  |
|  | Mining exploration, shafts, and wells. | Casing, PPI ................. | Exploration, cost index from trade source; mines, implicit price deflator for nonfarm nonresidential buildings. | Footage by type from trade source. |  |
|  | Other nonfarm structures....... | .................... | Cost indexes from government agencies. |  |  |
|  | Farm buildings..................... | .............. | Cost index from trade source and price of new houses from Census Bureau. |  |  |

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 8.-Methodology Used in Preparing Constant-Dollar Estimates of GNP—Continued


See footnotes at end of table

Table 8.-Methodology Used in Preparing Constant-Dollar Estimates of GNP—Continued

| Component | Subcomponent | Deflation, using price based on- |  | Using quantity for- |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Components of the Consumer Price Index (CPI) or the Producer Price Index (PPI) | Other | Extrapolation | Direct valuation |
| Government purchases of goods and services | Federal national defense......... | Selected goods, PPI; utilities and communications, CPI and PPI. | Some goods, some services, and most military structures, BEA indexes based on Dept. of Defense prices paid; some services, BEA earnings index; computers, BEA price index; nonmilitary structures, cost indexes from trade sources and government agencies. | Military compensation, fulltime equivalent employment by rank and length of service; civilian compensation, full-time equivalent employment by grade adjusted for change from base year in hours worked. | Many goods, some services, and a few military structures, quantities with prices, both from Dept. of Defense reports. |
|  | Federal nondefense ................ | Most goods, PPI; rent, utilities, and communications, CPI. | Structures, cost indexes from trade sources and government agencies; computers, BEA price index; most services, BEA earnings indexes. | Compensation, full-time equivalent employment by grade adjusted for change from base year in hours worked; financial services furnished without payment ${ }^{1}$, paid employee hours of relevant financial institutions. | Commodity Credit Corporation inventory change, quantities by crop from agency reports with Dept. of Agriculture prices; selected petroleum transactions, quantities with prices, both from Dept. of Energy. |
|  | State and local compensation. |  |  | For employees in education, full-time equivalent employment by education and experience times change from base year in hours worked; for other employees, full-time equivalent employment times change from base year in hours worked. |  |
|  | State and local structures........ | $\ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~$ | Cost indexes from trade sources and government agencies. |  |  |
|  | State and local other than compensation and structures. | Services except as noted and goods used in maintenance and repair, CPI; goods except as noted and electricity, PPI. | Transportation, books, and postal services, BEA indexes based on Dept. of Defense prices paid; computers, BEA price index. | Financial services furnished without payment ${ }^{1}$, paid hours of relevant financial institutions. |  |

1. Also referred to as services furnished without payment by financial intermediaries except life insurance carriers and private noninsured pension plans.
25- Entries are representative; for full detail, see table 9, Survey of Current Business, November 1986, pp. 35-36.
2. Constant-dollar estimates of exports and imports (or receipts and payments) are prepared separately.
3. The export and import price indexes, which are for the third month of the quarter, are interpolated to
btain quarterly averages. obtain quarterly averages.

## APPENDIX A.-Revisions in National Income and Product Accounts

Account 1.-National Income and Product Account
[Billions of dollars]

|  | 1985 | 1986 |  |  | 1987 |  |  | 1988 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Previously published | Revised | Revision | Previously published | Revised | Revision | Previously published published | Revised | Revision |
| Gross national product. | 4,014,9 | 4,240.3 | 4,231.6 | -8.7 | 4,526.7 | 4,524.3 | -2.4 | 4,864.3 | 4,880.6 | 16.3 |
|  | $2,629.0$$1,283.4$$1,34.6$ | $2,807.5$$1,350.1$1,250 | $2,797.4$ <br> $1,348.0$ | -10.1-2.1 | $3,012.1$ <br> $1,419.8$ | ${ }_{\text {3, }}^{1,010.8}$ | -1.3-.7 | $3,227.5$$1,498.0$ | $3,235.1$$1,507.5$ | 7.69.5 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 1,457.3 | 1,449.5 | -7.8 | 1,592.3 | 1,591.7 | -. 6 | 1,729.6 | 1,727.6 | $-2.0$ |
| Gross private domestic fixed investment <br> Nonresidential | 631.8442.9 | 650.443.9416.9 | 652.5435.2 | 2.11.3.7 | 673.7 <br> 446.8 <br> 26.9 | 674.644.3 | -3.1-2.5 | 718.1488.4 | 719.6487.2 | 1.5-1.22.7 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Residential............................................................................................... | 188.8 |  | 217.3 |  | 226.9 | 226.4 | -. 5 | 229.7 | 232.4 |  |
|  | 11.3 <br> 14.6 | 15.517.4-1.9 | 6.98.6-1.8 | $\begin{array}{r}-8.6 \\ -8.8 \\ .1 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 39.240.7-1.5 | $\begin{aligned} & 29.3 \\ & 30.5 \end{aligned}$ | -9.9-10.2.2 | 42.442.1 | 34.2-3 | -17.8-8.0-9.7 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Farm ....................................................................................... | -3.3 |  |  |  |  | -1.3 |  |  | -3.6 |  |
| Net exports of goods and services. Exports | -78.0370.9448.9 | $\begin{array}{r}-104.4 \\ 378.4 \\ 482.8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -97.4 \\ & 396.5 \\ & 493.8 \end{aligned}$ | 7.018.111.0 | -123.0428.0551.1 | -112.6448.6 | 10.420.610.1 | -94.6 | -73.7547.7 | 20.928.0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Imports ............................................................................................. |  |  |  |  |  | 561.2 | 10.1 | 614.4 | 621.3 | 6.9 |
| Govermment purchases of goods and services $\qquad$ Federal | $\begin{aligned} & 820.8 \\ & 355.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 871.2 \\ & 366.2 \\ & 505.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 872.2 \\ & 366.5 \\ & 505.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1.0 \\ .3 \\ .7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 924.7 \\ & 382.0 \\ & 542.8 \end{aligned}$ | 926.1 <br> 381.6 <br> 544.5 | 1.4 <br> -4 <br> 1.4 | 964.9388.0583.9 | 968.9388.3587.6 | 4.0.33.7 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| State and local .................................................................................. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Charges against gross national product. | 4,019.6 | 4,253.9 | 4,233.4 | -20.5 | 4,534.8 | 4,529.0 | -5.8 | 4,878.6 | 4,890.2 | 11.6 |
| employe <br> Wages and salaries <br> Supplements to wages and salaries.. $\qquad$ | $2,367.5$$1,975.2$392.4 | $2,507.1$2,094.0413.1 | $\begin{gathered} 2,511.4 \\ 2,094.8 \\ 416.6 \end{gathered}$ | 4.33.83.5 | ${ }_{2,248.4}^{2,683.4}$ | $2,690.0$$2,499.4$ | 1.65.7 | 2,436.9 | $2,907.6$$2,429.0$ | 2.9-7.910.8 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 435.0 | 440.7 |  | 467.8 | 478.6 |  |
| Proprietors' income with IVA and CCAdj <br> Farm <br> Nonfarm $\qquad$ | 255.930.2 | $\begin{gathered} 286.7 \\ 36.4 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 282.0 \\ 34.7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -4.7 \\ -1.7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 312.9 \\ 43.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}311.6 \\ 41.6 \\ \hline 270 .\end{array}$ | -1.3-1.4 | 324.5 <br> 36.3 <br> 288.2 | 327.839.82888 | 3.33.5-.2 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 225.6 | 250.3 | 247.2 | -3.1 | 270.0 | 270.0 | 0 | 288.2 | 288.0 |  |
| Rental income of persons with CCAdj.................................................................. | 9.2 | 12.4 | 11.6 | -. 8 | 18.4 | 13.4 | -5.0 | 19.3 | 15.7 | -3.6 |
| Corporate profits with IVA and CCAdj.... | $\begin{aligned} & 282.3 \\ & 319.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 298.9 \\ & 331.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 282.1 \\ & 325.5 \end{aligned}$ | -16.8 | $\begin{aligned} & 310.4 \\ & 353.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 298.7 \\ & 351.7 \end{aligned}$ | -11.7 | $\begin{aligned} & 328.4 \\ & 391.5 \end{aligned}$ | 328.6392.9 |  |
| Net, interest.... |  |  |  | -6.4 |  |  | -1.9 |  |  | 1.4 |
| National income. | 3,234.0 | 3,437.1 | 3,412.6 | -24.5 | 3,678.7 | 3,665.4 | -13.3 | 3,968.4 | 3,972.6 | 4.2 |
| Capital consumption allowances with CCAdj. | $\begin{gathered} 437.2 \\ 468.2 \\ 31.0 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 455.9 \\ 488.4 \\ 32.5 \end{gathered}$ | 460.149.531.4 | 4.23.1-1.1 | $\begin{array}{r} 480.0 \\ 507.6 \\ 27.6 \end{array}$ | 486.7507.120.4 | 6.7-7.5-7.2 | $\begin{gathered} 524.5 \\ 18.1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r}526.4 \\ 12.8 \\ \hline 18.0\end{array}$ | 7.31.9-5.3 |
| Capital consumption allowances................ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less: CCAdj...................................................................... |  |  |  |  |  | 20.4 |  |  |  |  |
| Nonfactor charges.... | $\begin{array}{r} 348.4 \\ -4.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 360.9 \\ -13.6 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 360.7 \\ \mathbf{- 1 . 8} \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} -.2 \\ 11.8 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 376.1 \\ -8.1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 376.9 \\ -4.7 \end{array}$ | .83.4 | $\begin{gathered} 403.8 \\ -14.3 \end{gathered}$ | 404.0-9.6 | $\begin{array}{r}.2 \\ 4.7 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| Statistical discrepancy ............................................................................ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

CCAdj Capital consumption adjustment.
IVA Inventory valuation adjustment.
Source: Tables 1.1, 1.9, and 1.14 of the "National Income and Product Accounts Tables."

Account 2.-Personal Income and Outlay Account
[Billions of dollars]

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{1985} \& \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{1986} \& \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{1987} \& \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{1988} <br>
\hline \& \& Previously published \& Revised \& Revision \& Previously published \& Revised \& Revision \& Previously published \& Revised \& Revision <br>
\hline Personal income ......... \& 3,325.3 \& 3,531.1 \& 3.5262 \& -4.9 \& 3,780.0 \& 3,777,6 \& -2.4 \& 4,062.1 \& 4,064.5 \& 2.4 <br>
\hline Wage and salary disbursements.... \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$\begin{array}{r}1,975.4 \\ 187 \\ \hline 185 \\ \hline 5.6 \\ \hline\end{array}$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$\begin{array}{r}2,094.0 \\ \hline 186.1 \\ \hline 20.1\end{array}$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$\begin{array}{r}2,094.8 \\ 199.3 \\ \hline\end{array}$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{3.8
-4.7
-4.7} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$2,248.4$

2079
3072} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$\begin{array}{r}2,249.4 \\ 212.8 \\ \hline\end{array}$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1.0
4.9} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$2,436.9$
218.3} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$2,429.0$
228.9} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{-7.9
10.6} <br>
\hline Other labor income.......................... \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 255.9

9.2 \& | 286.7 |
| :---: |
| 12.4 |
| 2.4 | \& \& -4.7 \& 312.9 \& 311.6 \& -1.3 \& 324.5 \& 327.8 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$\begin{array}{r}\text {-3.6 } \\ \hline 5.9\end{array}$} <br>

\hline Personal dividend income .................................................................... \& 78.7 \& 82.8 \& 85.8 \& 3.0 \& 88.6 \& 92.0 \& 3.4 \& 96.3 \& 102.2 \& <br>
\hline Personal interest income ................................................................... \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{478.0
340.5} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{499.1
360.0} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{493.2
359.6} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{-5.9
-.4} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{527.0
376.8} \& 523.2 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{-3.8
-1.5} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{575.9
390.9} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{389.8} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{-4.8} <br>
\hline Transfers less personal contributions for social insurance..................... \& \& \& \& \& \& 375.3 \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline | Less: Personal tax and nontax payments |
| :--- |
| Equals: Disposable personal income $\qquad$ $\qquad$ | \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
486.6 \\
2,838.7
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
511.4 \\
3,019.6
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
512.9 \\
3,013.3
\end{array}
$$
\] \& 1.5

-6.3 \& $$
\begin{array}{r}
570.3 \\
\mathbf{3}, 209.7
\end{array}
$$ \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
571.7 \\
\mathbf{3 , 2 0 5 . 9}
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{gathered}
1.4 \\
-3.8
\end{gathered}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
590.3 \\
\mathbf{3 , 4 7 1 . 8}
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
586.6 \\
\mathbf{3 , 4 7 7 . 8}
\end{array}
$$
\] \& -3.7

6.0 <br>

\hline | Less: Personal outlays |
| :--- |
| Equals: Personal saving $\qquad$ | \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
2,713.3 \\
125.4
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
2,898.0 \\
\mathbf{1 2 1 . 7}
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
2,888.5 \\
\mathbf{1 2 4 . 9}
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
-9.5 \\
-9.5
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
3,105.5 \\
104.2
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
3,104.1 \\
\mathbf{1 0 1 . 8}
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& -1.4 \\
& -2.4
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
3,327.5 \\
144.3
\end{array}
$$
\] \& $3,333.1$

$\mathbf{1 4 4 . 7}$ \& $\begin{array}{r}5.6 \\ \hline\end{array}$ <br>

\hline | Addendum: |
| :--- |
| Personal saving rate (percent) | \& 4.4 \& 4.0 \& 4.1 \& . 1 \& 3.2 \& 3.2 \& 0 \& 4.2 \& 4.2 \& 0 <br>

\hline
\end{tabular}

CCAdj Capital consumption adjustment.
IVA Inventory valuation adjustment.
Source: Table 2.1 of the "National Income and Product Accounts Tables."

## APPENDIX A.-Revisions in National Income and Product Accounts

Account 3.-Government Receipts and Expenditures Account
[Billions of dollars]

|  | 1985 | 1986 |  |  | 1987 |  |  | 1988 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Previously published | Revised | Revision | Previously published | Revised | Revision | Previously published | Revised | Revision |
| Federal: | $\begin{array}{r} 788.7 \\ 985.6 \\ -196.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 828.3 \\ 1,033.9 \\ -205.6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 827.9 \\ 1,034.8 \\ -206.9 \end{array}$ | -0.4-.9-1.3 | $\begin{array}{r} 916.5 \\ 1,074.2 \\ -157.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 911.4 \\ 1,072.8 \\ -161.4 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Receipts................................................................................................................ |  |  |  |  |  |  | -5.1-1.4-3.6 | $\begin{array}{r} 975.2 \\ 1,117.6 \\ -142.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 972.4 \\ \mathrm{i}, 118.3 \\ -145.8 \end{array}$ | -2.8-7-3.5 |
| Expenditures.......................................................................................................................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Surplus or deficit ( - ), national income product and accounts......................................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| State and focal: | 581.8516.7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Receipts... |  | 623.0561.9 | 626.3563.5 | 3.31.6 | 655.7602.8 | 656.1604.8 | 2.4 | 703.1647.9 | 701.665.9 | -1.54.0 |
| Expenditures.................................................................................................................. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Suplus or deficit ( - ), national income and product accounts............................................... | 65.151.3 | 61.256.2 | 57.2 | 1.0 | 52.962.1 | 51.363.7 | -1.61.6 | 55.268.5 | 49.771.1 | -5.52.6 |
| Social insurance funds................................................................................................. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other funds .......................................................................................................... | 13.8 | 5.0 | 5.6 | . 6 | -9.2 | -12.4 | -3.2 | -13.3 | -21.4 | -8.1 |

Source: Tables 3.2 and 3.3 of the "National Income and Product Accounts Tables."

| Account 4.-Foreign Transactions Account <br> [Billions of dollars] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1985 | 1986 |  |  | 1987 |  |  | 1988 |  |  |
|  |  | Previously published | Revised | Revision | Previously published | Revised | Revision | Previously published | Revised | Revision |
| Net exports of goods and services... | -78.0 | -104.4 | -97.4 | 7.0 | -123.0 | -112.6 | 10.4 | -94.6 | -73.7 | 20.9 |
| Merchandise, net........ | -120.1 | -142.7 | -143.4 | -. 7 | -158.2 | -157.3 | . 9 | -128.1 | -127.0 | 1.1 |
| Exports | 220.8 340.9 | 225.0 3677 | 224.4 | -6 | 254.8 | 255.1 | . 3 | 321.6 | 322.0 | .$^{4}$ |
|  | 40.8 | 34.9 | 34.4 | -. 5 | 29.5 | 33.5 | 1.0 | 24.9 | 439.0 33.3 | $\stackrel{-7}{8.4}$ |
| Receipts.............................................................................................. | 89.7 | 87.5 | 87.1 | -. 4 | 96.1 | 96.6 | . 5 | 111.9 | 116.7 | 4.8 |
|  | $\begin{array}{r}48.9 \\ 1.4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}52.6 \\ 3.4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 52.7 11.5 | $\stackrel{.1}{8.1}$ | 66.6 5.7 | 66.1 14.3 | -8.6 | 87.0 8.6 | 83.4 20.0 | -3.6 11.4 |
|  | 60.5 | 65.9 | 84.9 | 19.0 | 77.2 | 97.0 <br> 8.0 | 19.8 | 86.3 | 108.9 | 22.6 |
| Payments................................................................................................. | 59.1 | 62.5 | 73.4 | 10.9 | 71.5 | 82.7 | 11.2 | 77.7 | 88.9 | 11.2 |
| Less: Capital grants, rransfer paymens, and net interest paid by govermment to foreigners..... | 36.4 | 38.0 | 38.5 | . 5 | 37.6 | 38.4 | . 8 | 41.6 | 43.8 | 2.2 |
| Equals: Net foreign investment. | -114.4 | -142.4 | -135.8 | 6.6 | -160.6 | -150.9 | 9.7 | -136.2 | -117.5 | 18.7 |

Source: Table 4.1 of the "National Income and Product Accounts Tables."

| Account 5.-Gross Saving and Investment Account [Billions of dollars] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1985 | 1986 |  |  | 1987 |  |  | 1988 |  |  |
|  |  | Previously published | Revised | Revision | Previously published | Revised | Revision | Previously published | Revised | Revision |
| Gross saving .... | 533.5 | 537.2 | 525.3 | -11.9 | 560.4 | 553.8 | -6.6 | 644.6 | 642.4 | -2.2 |
| Gross private saving..... | 665.3 | 681.6 | 669.5 | -12.1 | 665.3 | 663.8 | -1.5 | 731.8 | 738.6 | 6.8 |
|  | 125.4 | 121.7 | 124.9 | 3.2 | 104.2 | ${ }^{101.8}$ | $-2.4$ | 14.3 | 148.7 | . 4 |
|  | 102.6 | 104.1 | 18.5 <br> 88.5 <br> 859 | -19.6 | 88.1 | 75.3 | -5.8 | 18.1 315 315 | 88.3 | -88 |
|  | 268.6 168.7 | 282.4 173.5 | 285.9 174.2 | 3.5 .7 | 297.5 182.5 | 303.1 183.6 | ${ }_{1.1}^{5.6}$ | 315.7 190.6 | 321.7 191.9 | 6.0 1.3 |
| Wage accruals less disbursements...................................................................... |  | 0 | , | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Govermment surplus or deficit ( - ), national income and product accounts......... | -131.8 | -144.4 | -144.1 | 3 | -1049 | -110.1 | -5.2 | $-87.2$ | -96.1 | -8.9 |
| Capital grants received by the United States (net).................................... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Gross investment.... | 528.7 | 523.6 | 523.6 | 0 | 552.3 | 549.0 | -3.3 | 630.3 | 632.8 | 2.5 |
| Gross private domestic investment. <br> Net foreign investment | 643.1 -114.4 | 665.9 -142.4 | 659.4 -135.8 | -6.5 6.6 | 712.9 -160.6 | 699.9 -150.9 | -13.0 9.7 | 766.5 -136.2 | 750.3 -117.5 | -16.2 18.7 |
|  | -4.8 | -13.6 | -1.8 | 11.8 | -8.1 | -4.7 | 3.4 | -14.3 | -9.6 | 4.7 |

[^3]IVA inventory valuation adjustment.
Source: Table 5.1 of the "National Income and Product Accounts Tables."

## APPENDIX B.-Summary National Income and Product Accounts, 1988

Account 1.-National Income and Product Account


Account 2.-Personal Income and Outlay Account
[Billions of dollars]

| Line |  | Line |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Personal tax and nontax payments (3-16),................................................................. 58.6 .6 | 7 | Wage and salary disbursements (1-3).. | 2,429.0 |
| 2 | Personal outlays.........................................................................................................333.1 | 8 | Other labor income (1-7)... | 228.9 |
| 3 | Personal consumption expendiures (1-27) ............................................................. 3,235.1 | 9 | Proprietors' income with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments (1-8).......... | 327.8 |
| 4 | Interest paid by consumers to business (2-18) ......................................................... 96.1 | 10 | Rental income of persons with capital consumption adjustment (1-9)..................................... | 15.7 |
| 5 | Personal transfer payments to foreigners (net) (4-5) ................................................ 1.9 | 11 | Personal dividend income ........................................................................................... | 102.2 |
|  | Personal saving (5-3) ....................................................................................... 144.7 |  | Dividends (1-14) <br> Less: Dividends received by government (3-10) | 110.4 8.3 |
|  |  | 14 15 15 17 18 | Personal interest income $\qquad$ Net interest (1-18) $\qquad$ <br> Interest paid by government to persons and business (3-7) $\qquad$ <br> Less: Interest received by government (3-9) $\qquad$ | 571.1 39.9 20.9 12.7 96.1 96.1 |
|  |  | 19 20 21 | Transfer payments to persons. <br> From business ( $1-20$ ) <br> From government (3-3). | 584.7 29.0 555.7 |
|  |  | 22 | Less: Personal contributions for social insurance (3-21).............................................. | 194.9 |
|  | PERSONAL TAXES, OUTLAYS, AND SAVING .............................................................. $4,064.5$ |  | PERSONAL INCOME. | 4,064.5 |

## APPENDIX B.-Summary National Income and Product Accounts, 1988

Account 3.-Government Receipts and Expenditures Account
[Bilions of dollars]

| Account 4.——Foreign Transactions Account |
| :--- |
| [Billions of dollars] |
| Line |
| 1 |

Account 5.-Gross Saving and Investment Account [Billions of dollars]

| Line |  | Line |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Gross private domestic investment (1-31) ......................................................................... 750.3 | 3 | Personal saving (2-6) ............................ | 144.7 |
| 2 | Net foreign investment (4-8)..................................................................................... ${ }^{\prime}$-117.5 | 4 | Wage accruals less disbursements (1-4)... | 0 |
|  |  | 5 6 7 8 | Undistributed corporate profits with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments. <br> Undistributed corporate profits (1-15).. <br> Inventory valuation adjustment (1-16) <br> Capital consumption adjustment (1-17) $\qquad$ | $\begin{array}{r} 80.3 \\ 58.5 \\ -250 \\ -46.8 \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  | Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment (1-24).......................... | 513.6 |
|  |  | 10 | Government surplus or deficit ( - ), national income and product accounts (3-13)..................... | -96.1 |
|  |  | 11 | Capital grants received by the United States (net) (4-2)..................... | 0 |
|  |  | 12 | Statistical discrepancy (1-26).................. | $-9.6$ |
|  | GROSS INVESTMENT ......................................................................................... 632.8 |  | GROSS SAVING AND STATISTICAL DISCREPANCY................................................ | 632.8 |

Note.-Numbers in parentheses indicate accounts and items of counterentry in the accounts. For example, the counterentry for wage and salary disbursements, (2-7), is in account 2 , line 7 .

## National Income and Product Accounts Tables

Revised estimates for 1986 through the first quarter of 1989 and advance estimates for the second quarter of 1988 are shown in the tables that follow. Estimates shown for 1985 are now revised. Estimates for 1983, 1984, and 1985 appeared in the July 1986, 1987, and 1988 issues, respectively, of the Survey of Current Business. Estimates for 1929-82 appeared in The National Income and Product Accounts of the United States, 1929-82: Statistical Tables (available from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402: Stock No. 003-010-00174-7, price $\$ 23.00$ ).

1. National Product and Income Page1.1Gross National Product: QA
Gross National Product in Constant Dollars: QA ..... 40
Gross National Product by Major Type of Product: QA ..... 41
Gross National Product by Major Type of Product in Constant ..... 41Dollars: QA
on G ..... 41Final Sales to Domestic Purchasers: QA
Relation of Gross National Product, Gross Domestic Purchases, and ..... 42
Final Sales to Domestic Purchasers in Constant Dollars: QAGross National Product by Sector: QA
42
Gross National Product by Sector in Constant Dollars: QA ..... 42
Relation of Gross National Product, Net National Product, National ..... 43Income, and Personal Income: QA
ation of Gross National Product, Net National Product, and ..... 43National Income in Constant Dollars: QA
Command-Basis Gross National Product in Constant Dollars: QA ..... 43
Net National Product and National Income by Sector: A ..... 44
Net National Product and National Income by Sector in Constant ..... 44Dollars: A
National Income by Type of Income: QA
National Income by Sector, Legal Form of Organization, and Type of ..... 4645Income: AGross Domestic Product of Corporate Business in Current Dollars47
and Gross Domestic Product of Nonfinancial Corporate Businessin Current and Constant Dollars: QA
1.17 Auto Output: QA ..... 48
1.18 Auto Output in Constant Dollars: QA ..... 48
1.19 Truck Output: QA ..... 48
1.20 Truck Output in Constant Dollars: QA ..... 48
Farm Sector Output, Gross Product, and National Income: A ..... 49
Farm Sector Output, Gross Product, and National Income in ConstantDollars: A
Housing Sector Output, Gross Product, and National Income: A ..... 49
1.23 ..... 1.24
Housing Sector Output, Gross Product, and National Income in ..... 49Constant Dollars: A

## 2. Personal Income and Outlays

Personal Income and Its Disposition: QA50Personal Consumption Expenditures by Major Type of Product: QA ..... 51
Personal Consumption Expenditures by Major Type of Product in ..... 51Constant Dollars: QAPersonal Consumption Expenditures by Type of Expenditure: A52
Personal Consumption Expenditures by Type of Product in Constant ..... 53Dollars: A
Personal Income by Type of Income: MA ..... 54
Personal Income and Its Disposition: MA ..... 55
Personal Consumption Expenditures by Major Type of Product: MA ..... 56
Personal Consumption Expenditures by Major Type of Product in ..... 56

The tables contain annual, quarterly, and monthly estimates, indicated as follows:

| A | Only annual estimates |
| :--- | :--- |
| Q | Only quarterly estimates |
| QA | Quarterly and annual estimates |
| MA | Monthly and annual estimates |

An index of items appearing in the national income and product accounts tables is available from the Government Printing Office. For order information, see the inside back cover.
3. Government Receipts and Expenditures Page
3.1 Government Receipts and Expenditures: A. ..... 57
3.2 Federal Government Receipts and Expenditures: QA ..... 57
State and Local Government Receipts and Expenditures: QA ..... 58
Personal Tax and Nontax Receipts: A ..... 59
3.5 Indirect Business Tax and Nontax Accruals: A ..... 59
59
3.6 Contributions for Social Insurance: A ..... 59
3.7B Government Purchases of Goods and Services by Type: QA ..... 60
Dollars: QA ..... 60
National Defense Purchases: QA
61
61
$\begin{array}{ll}3.9 & \text { National Defense Purchases: QA ........................... } \\ \text { National Defense Purchases in Constant Dollars: QA. }\end{array}$ ..... 61
3.11 Government Transfer Payments to Persons: A ..... 62
3.12 Subsidies Less Current Surplus of Government Enterprises: A ..... 623.13 Social Insurance Funds Receipts and Expenditures: A
623.14 Government Expenditures by Function: A62
unction: A
3.15 Federal Government Expenditures by Type and Function: A ..... 63
Sate and Local Government Expenditures by Type and Function: A ..... 65
3.17B Relation of Federal Government Receipts and Expenditures in theNational Income and Product Accounts to the Unified Budget,Fiscal Years: QA, Quarterly Totals Not Seasonally Adjusted
3.18 Relation of State and Local Government Receipts and Expendituresin the National Income and Product Accounts to Bureau ofCensus Government Finances Data, Fiscal Years: A
3.19 Relation of Commodity Credit Corporation Expenditures in theNational Income and Product Accounts to Commodity CreditCorporation Outlays in the Unified Budget, Fiscal Years: A
4. Foreign Transactions
4.1 Foreign Transactions in the National Income and Product ..... 69Accounts: QA
4.2 Exports and Imports of Goods and Services in Constant Dollars: QA ..... 69
4.3 Merchandise Exports and Imports by Type of Product and by ..... 70End-Use Category: QA
4.4 Merchandise Exports and Imports by Type of Product and by ..... 70End-Use Category in Constant Dollars: QA
4.5
Relation of Foreign Transactions in the National Income and ProductAccounts (NIPA's) to the Corresponding Items in the Balance ofPayments Accounts (BPA's): A

## 5. Saving and Investment

5.1 Gross Saving and Investment: QA ..... 72
5.2 Gross Private Domestic Investment, Capital Consumption ..... 72Allowances with Capital Consumption Adjustment, and NetPrivate Domestic Investment by Major Type of Investment: A5.3 Gross Private Domestic Investment, Capital Consumption72

Allowances With Capital Consumption Adjustment, and Net
Private Domestic Investment by Major Type of Investment in Constant Dollars: A

|  |  | Page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5.4 | Purchases of Structures by Type: A | 73 |
| 5.5 | Purchases of Structures by Type in Constant Dollars: A | 73 |
| 5.6 | Private Purchases of Producers' Durable Equipment by Type: A | 74 |
| 5.7 | Private Purchases of Producers' Durable Equipment by Type in Constant Dollars: A | 74 |
| 5.8 | Change in Business Inventories by Industry: QA. | 75 |
| 5.9 | Change in Business Inventories by Industry in Constant Dollars: QA | 75 |
| 5.10 | Inventories and Final Sales of Business by Industry: Seasonally Adjusted Quarterly Totals: Q | 76 |
| 5.11 | Inventories and Final Sales of Business by Industry in Constant Dollars: Seasonally Adjusted Quarterly Totals: Q | 76 |
| 5.12 | Fixed Investment by Type: QA | 77 |
| 5.13 | Fixed Investment by Type in Constant Dollars: QA | 77 |

## 6. Product, Income, and Employment by Industry

6.1 Gross National Product by Industry: A ............................ *
$\begin{array}{llcc}\text { 6.2 } & \text { Gross National Product by Industry in Constant Dollars: A } & * \\ \text { 6.3B } & \text { National Income Without Capital Consumption Adjustment by } & 78\end{array}$ Industry: QA
6.4B Compensation of Employees by Industry: A......................... . . . 79
6.5B Wages and Salaries by Industry: A.................................... 79
6.6B Full-Time and Part-Time Employees by Industry: A................ . 80
6.7B Full-Time Equivalent Employees By Industry: A................... . 80
6.8B Wages and Salaries per Full-Time Equivalent Employee by 81 Industry: A
6.9B Self-Employed Persons by Industry: A............................. . 81
6.10B Persons Engaged in Production by Industry: A.................... . . 82
6.11 Hours Worked by Full-Time and Part-Time Employees by 82

Industry: A
6.12 Employer Contributions for Social Insurance by Industry: A...... 82
6.13 Other Labor Income by Industry and by Type: A.................. 83
6.14B Nonfarm Proprietors' Income by Industry: A....................... 83
6.15B Noncorporate Capital Consumption Allowances by Industry: A 83
6.16B Inventory Valuation Adjustment to Nonfarm Incomes by Legal Form 84 of Organization and Industry: A
6.17B Net Interest by Industry: A

84
6.18B Corporate Profits by Industry: QA ..................................... . . 84
6.19B Corporate Profits Before Tax by Industry: A...................... . . 85
6.20B Federal, State, and Local Corporate Profits Tax Liability by 85 Industry: A
6.21B Corporate Profits After Tax by Industry: A.......................... . . 86
6.22B Net Corporate Dividend Payments by Industry: A................. . . 86
6.23B Undistributed Corporate Profits by Industry: A..................... . 87
6.24B Corporate Capital Consumption Allowances by Industry: A....... 87

* Tables 6.1 and 6.2 are not available. See the box on NIPA table changes on page 11.


## 7. Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes and Implicit Price Deflators

| 7.1 | Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes for Gross National Product, 1982 Weights: QA | 88 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7.2 | Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes for Gross National Product by Major Type of Product, 1982 Weights: QA | 88 |
| 7.3 | Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes for Relation of Gross National Product, Gross Domestic Purchases, and Final Sales to Domestic Purchasers, 1982 Weights: QA | 88 |
| 7.4 | Implicit Price Deflators for Gross National Product: QA | 89 |
| 7.5 | Implicit Price Deflators for Gross National Product by Major Type of Product: QA | 89 |
| 7.6 | Implicit Price Deflators for Gross National Product by Sector: QA | 89 |
| 7.7 | Implicit Price Deflators for the Relation of Gross National Product, Net National Product, and National Income: QA | 90 |
| 7.8 | Implicit Price Deflators for Command-Basis Gross National Product: QA | 90 |

7.9 Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes for Personal Consumption Pag Expenditures by Major Type of Product, 1982 Weights: QA
7.10 Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes for Personal Consumption Expenditures by Type of Product, 1982 Weights: A
7.11 Implicit Price Deflators for Personal Consumption Expenditures: MA
7.12 Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes for Purchases of Structures by Type, 92 1982 Weights: A
7.13 Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes for Private Purchases of Producers' 92 Durable Equipment by Type, 1982 Weights: A
7.14 Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes for Exports and Imports of Goods and 93 Services, 1982 Weights: QA
7.15 Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes for Merchandise Exports and 93 Imports by Type of Product and by End-Use Category, 1982 Weights: QA
7.16 Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes for Government Purchases of Goods 94 and Services by Type, 1982 Weights: QA
7.17 Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes for National Defense Purchases of 94 Goods and Services, 1982 Weights: QA
7.18 Current-Dollar Cost and Profit Per Unit of Constant-Dollar Gross Domestic Product of Nonfinancial Corporate Business: QA

## 8. Supplementary Tables

8.1 Percent Change From Preceding Period in Selected Series: QA 96
8.2 Selected Per Capita Income and Product Series in Current and 98 Constant Dollars and Population of the United States: A
8.3 Capital Consumption Allowances with Capital Consumption 99 Adjustment by Legal Form of Organization: A
8.4 Capital Consumption Adjustment by Legal Form of Organization and 99 Type of Adjustment: A
8.5 Supplements to Wages and Salaries by Type: A ..................... 99
8.6 Rental Income of Persons by Type: A................................ 99
8.7 Dividends Paid and Received: A. ..................................... . . . . 100
8.8 Interest Paid and Received: A........................................... . 100
8.9 Imputations in the National Income and Product Accounts: A 101
8.10 Relation of Capital Consumption Allowances in the National Income 102 and Product Accounts (NIPA's) to Depreciation and Amortization as Published by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS): A
8.11 Relation of Nonfarm Proprietors' Income in the National Income and 102 Product Accounts (NIPA's) to Corresponding Totals as Published by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS): A
8.12 Relation of Net Farm Income in the National Income and Product 102 Accounts (NIPA's) to Farm Operators' Income as Published by the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA): A
8.13 Relation of Corporate Profits, Taxes, and Dividends in the National 103 Income and Product Accounts (NIPA's) to Corresponding Totals as Published by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS): A
8.14 Comparison of Personal Income in the National Income and Product 103 Accounts (NIPA's) with Adjusted Gross Income as Published by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS): A

## 9. Seasonally Unadjusted Estimates

9.1 Gross National Product, Quarterly Totals Not Seasonally Adjusted: Q 104
9.2 Personal Consumption Expenditures by Major Type of Product, 104 Quarterly Totals Not Seasonally Adjusted: Q
9.3 Federal Government Receipts and Expenditures, Quarterly Totals Not 105 Seasonally Adjusted: Q
9.4 State and Local Government Receipts and Expenditures, Quarterly 105 Totals Not Seasonally Adjusted: Q
9.5 Foreign Transactions in the National Income and Product Accounts, 106 Quarterly Totals Not Seasonally Adjusted: Q
9.6 Corporate Profits With Inventory Valuation Adjustment, Quarterly 106 Totals Not Seasonally Adjusted: Q

## Data Availability

The revised estimates, along with the estimates for 1985 and earlier years, are available on diskette and on magnetic tape. To obtain an order form indicating the technical specifications of the diskettes and tapes and their cost, write to the National Income and Wealth Division (BE-54), Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington DC 20230 or call (202) 523-0669.

## 1. National Product and Income

Table 1.1.-Gross National Product
[Billions of dollars]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1985 | 1986 |  |  |  | 1987 |  |  |  | 198 |  |  |  | 198 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Iv | I | II | III | Iv | I | II | III | Iv | 1 | II | III | Iv | 1 | 11 |
| Gross national product.. | 1 | $4,014.9$$2,629.0$ | $4,231.6$ | $\|4,524.3\|$ | $4,880.6 \mid$$\|3,235.1\|$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} 4,107.9 \\ 2,700.4 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} 4,181.3 \\ 2,734.3 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} 4,194.7 \\ 2,761.0 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} 4,253.3 \\ 2,826.0 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{array}{\|} 4,297.3 \\ 2,868.5 \end{array}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} 4,388.8 \\ 2,914.7 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} 4,475.9 \\ 2,989.4 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} 4,566.6 \\ 3,055.9 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} 4,665.8 \\ 3,083.3 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} 4,739.8 \\ 3,148.1 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} 4,838.5 \\ 3,204.9 \end{array}\right\|$ | 4,926.9 | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} 5,017.3 \\ 3,324.0 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} 5,113.1 \\ 3,381.4 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 5,194.9 \\ 3,437.9 \end{array}$ |
| Personal consumption expenditures ${ }^{1}$. | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Durable goods Nondurable goods. | 3 | 372.2 911.2 19 | 406.0 942.0 | 421.0 998.1 | 455.2 | $\begin{aligned} & 373.2 \\ & 932.7 \end{aligned}$ | 381.8 939.0 | $\begin{aligned} & 393.6 \\ & 935.4 \end{aligned}$ | 426.4 <br> 941.4 | $\begin{array}{r} 422.0 \\ 952.1 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 401.2 976.4 | $419.2$ $994.3$ | 439.3 <br> $1,006.0$ <br> 1 | $\begin{array}{r} 424.5 \\ 1,015.4 \end{array}$ | + $\begin{array}{r}446.4 \\ 1,0272\end{array}$ | $\xrightarrow{454.6}$ | 452.5 <br> $1,066.2$ <br> 1 | $\begin{array}{r}467.4 \\ 1,078.4 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 466.4 \\ 1,098.3 \end{array}$ | 470.3 1,1656 |
| Services ${ }^{1 . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~}$ | 5 | 1,345.6 | 1,449.5 | 1,591.7 | 1,727.6 | 1,394.5 | 1,413.4 | 1,432.0 | 1,458.2 | 1,494.4 | 1,537.1 | 1,575.8 | 1,610.6 | 1,643.3 | 1,679.5 | 1,707.9 | 1,744.7 | 1,778.2 | 1,816.7 | 1,851.0 |
| Gross private domestic investment. | 6 | 643.1 | 659.4 | 699.9 | 750.3 | 654.1 | 683.8 | 657.2 | 647.7 | 648.8 | 673.1 | 684.1 | 692.8 | 749.7 | 728.8 | 748.4 | 771.1 | 752.8 | 769.6 | 777.9 |
| Fixed investment. | 7 | 631.8 | 652.5 | 670.6 | 719.6 | 646.8 | 643.1 | 651.8 | 654.2 | 660.9 | 647.7 | 665.3 | 683.2 | 686.3 | 698.7 | 719.1 | 726.5 | 734.1 | 742.0 | 745.5 |
| Nonresidential. | 8 | 442.9 | 435.2 | 444.3 | 487.2 | 451.3 | 439.3 | 434.5 | 431.2 | 435.8 | 423.9 | 437.5 | 457.0 | 458.6 | 472.7 | 487.1 | 493.2 | 495.8 | 503.1 | 511.5 |
| Structures... | 9 | 153.2 | 139.0 | 133.8 | 140.3 | 155.9 | 150.8 | 138.1 | 133.6 | 133.7 | 129.4 | 129.5 | 137.3 | 138.9 | 137.1 | 1399 | 142.0 | 142.5 | 144.7 | 142.6 |
| Producers' durable equipment | 10 | 289.7 | 296.2 | 310.5 | 346.8 | 295.5 | 288.5 | 296.5 | 297.6 | 302.2 | 294.5 | 308.0 | 319.8 | 319.7 | 335.6 | 347.2 | 351.3 | 353.3 | 358.5 | 368.9 |
| Residential | 11 | 188.8 | 217.3 | 226.4 | 232.4 | 195.5 | 203.9 | 217.3 | 223.0 | 225.1 | 223.8 | 227.9 | 226.2 | 227.7 | 226.1 | 232.1 | 233.2 | 238.4 | 238.8 | 234.0 |
| Change in business inventories | 12 | 11.3 | 6.9 8.6 | 29.3 30.5 | 30.6 34.2 | 7.2 23.7 | 40.7 38.0 | 5.4 9.1 | -6.4 | -12.2 -8.0 | 25.4 | 18.8 20.8 | 9.5 14.0 | 63.3 61.3 | 30.0 24.2 | 29.3 30.4 | ${ }_{41.5}^{44.6}$ | 18.7 40.8 | 27.7 19.1 | 32.4 25.3 |
| Farm.............................................. | 14 | -3.3 | -1.8 | -1.3 | -3.6 | -16.5 | 2.7 | -3.7 | -1.9 | -4.2 | -6 | -2.0 | -4.5 | 2.1 | 5.8 | -1.1 | 3.1 | -22.2 | 8.6 | 7.1 |
| Net exports of goods and services '. | 15 | -78.0 | -97.4 | -112.6 | -73.7 | -103.2 | -87.1 | -92.7 | -100.8 | -108.9 | -106.0 | -114.4 | -115.3 | -114.6 | -82.8 | -74.9 | -66.2 | -70.8 | -54.0 | -52.4 |
| Expors ${ }^{\text {'.... }}$ | 16 | 370.9 | 396.5 | 448.6 | 547.7 | 369.2 | 395.5 | 390.7 | 397.3 | 402.4 | 416.5 | 437.4 | 458.0 | 482.6 | 521.6 | 532.5 | 556.8 | 579.7 | 605.6 | 625.2 |
|  | 17 | 448.9 | 493 | 561.2 | 62 | 472.4 | 482 | 483.4 | 498.0 | 51 | 522.5 | 551.8 | 573 | 597.2 | . 3 | 607.5 | 623.0 | 20.5 | 65 | 677.5 |
| Government purchases of goods and services ..... | 18 | 820.8 | 872.2 | 926.1 | 968.9 | 856.7 | 850.3 | 869.3 | 880.3 | 888.9 | 906.9 | 916.8 | 933.2 | 947.5 | 945.7 | 960.1 | 958.6 | 1,011.4 | 1,016.0 | 1,031.4 |
| Federal ... | 19 | 355.2 | 366.5 | 381.6 | 381.3 | 376.6 | 358.5 | 368.7 | 369.9 | 368.8 | 375.6 | 378.2 | 384.5 | 388.1 | 374.1 | 377.1 | 367.5 | 406.4 | 399.0 | 403.9 |
| National defense... | 20 | 259.1 | 277.8 | 294.8 | 298.0 | 268.6 | 266.8 | 277.1 | 286.5 | 280.7 | 288.0 | 294.0 | 300.2 | 296.8 | 297.4 | 298.0 | 296.1 | 300.5 | 298.7 | 302.4 |
| Nondefense | 21 | 96.0 | 88.7 | 86.8 | 83.3 | 108.0 | 91.7 | 91.6 | 83.4 | 88.1 | 87.5 | 84.2 | 84.3 | 91.3 | 76.7 | 79.1 | 71.4 | 105.9 | 100.4 | 101.5 |
| State and local... | 22 | 465.6 | 505.7 | 544.5 | 587.6 | 480.1 | 491.8 | 500.6 | 510.4 | 520.1 | 531.4 | 538.6 | 548.7 | 559.4 | 571.6 | 583.0 | 591.0 | 604.9 | 617.0 | 627.5 |

1. See the box on page 21 of the July 1989 Survey or Current Business.
Note.-Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.

Table 1.2.-Gross National Product in Constant Dollars
[Billions of 1982 dollars]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1985 | 1986 |  |  |  | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  | 1989 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | IV | I | I | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | 11 |
| Gross national product. | 1 | 3,618.7 | 3,717.9 | 3,853.7 | 4,024,4 | 3,662.4 | 3,721,1 | 3,704.6 | 3,712.4 | 3,733,6 | 3,783.0 | 3,823.5 | 3,872.8 | 3,935.6 | 3,974.8 | 4,010.7 | 4,042.7 | 4,069.4 | 4,106.8 | 4,123.9 |
| Personal consumption expenditures '.. | 2 | 2,354,8 | 2,446.4 | 2,513.7 | 2,598.4 | 2,3869 | 2,410.9 | 2,432.4 | 2,464.4 | 2,477.8 | 2,478.3 | 2,507.7 | 2,536.5 | 2,532.3 | 2,570.8 | 2,586.8 | 2,608.1 | 2,627.7 | 2,641.0 | 2,648.2 |
| Durable goods. <br> Nondurable goods. | 3 | $\begin{aligned} & 355.1 \\ & 8474 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 384.4 \\ & 878.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 389.6 \\ 890.4 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 413.6 \\ & 904.5 \\ & 1080 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 356.4 858.3 | $\begin{aligned} & 363.7 \\ & 870.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 374.5 \\ & 879.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 401.9 \\ & 879.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 397.5 \\ & 883.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 376.1 \\ & 887.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 389.3 \\ 889.0 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 403.8 \\ & 891.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 389.4 \\ & 892.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 408.4 \\ & 896.6 \end{aligned}$ | $414.8$ $899.2$ | $\begin{aligned} & 410.7 \\ & 910.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 420.5 \\ & 912.0 \\ & \hline 920.0 \end{aligned}$ | 419.3 915.0 | $\begin{aligned} & 423.8 \\ & 905.8 \end{aligned}$ |
| Services ${ }^{\text {a }}$................................................ | 5 | 1,152.3 | 1,183.8 | 1,233.7 | 1,280.2 | 1,172.2 | 1,177.1 | 1,178.0 | 1,183.4 | 1,196.8 | 1,214.5 | 1,229.5 | 1,240.9 | 1,250.0 | 1,265.9 | 1,272.8 | 1,287.0 | 1,295.2 | 1,306.7 | 1,318.5 |
| Gross private domestic investment... | 6 | 637.0 | 639.6 | 674.0 | 715.8 | 648.0 | 676.1 | 642.3 | 625.1 | 615.2 | 646.3 | 656.7 | 671.7 | 721.1 | 707.0 | 713.5 | 733.6 | 09. | 721.1 | 720.7 |
| Fixed invesment | 7 | 627.9 | 634.1 | 650.3 | 687.9 | 640.4 | 634.2 | 635.2 | 631.0 | 636.0 | 628.2 | 643.4 | 664.9 | 664.6 | 672.7 | 692.0 | 696.1 | 690.8 | 696.6 | 698.8 |
| Nonresidential. | 8 | 453.5 | 438.4 | 455.5 | 493.8 | 460.9 | 448.5 | 4388.7 | 430.9 | 435.7 | 430.9 | 445.6 | 472.8 | 472.7 | 483.6 | 497.8 | 501.0 | 492.7 | 501.0 | 510.2 |
| Structures.. | 9 | 149.5 | 130.1 | 1223 | 127.2 | 149.9 | 144.0 | 128.9 | 124.0 | 123.4 | 120.1 | 117.7 | 125.5 | 125.7 | 121.8 | 122.5 | 123.0 | 121.4 | 121.1 | 118.0 |
| Producers' durable equipment. | 10 | 304.0 | 308.3 | 333.2 | 371.6 | 311.1 | 304.5 | 309.8 | 306.8 | 312.3 | 310.7 | 327.9 | 347.3 | 347.0 | 361.8 | 375.3 | 378.0 | 371.3 | 379.9 | 392.2 |
| Residential . | 11 | 174.4 | 195.7 | 194.8 | 194.1 | 179.4 | 185.7 | 196.5 | 200.1 | 200.3 | 197.3 | 197.8 | 192.1 | 191.9 | 189.1 | 194.2 | 195.1 | 198.1 | 195.6 | 188.6 |
| Change in business inventories. | 12 | 9.1 | 5.6 | ${ }_{25}^{23.7}$ | 27.9 | 7.7 | 41.9 | 7.1 | -5.9 | -20.8 | 18.1 | 13.3 | 6.8 | 56.6 | 34.3 | 21.5 | 37.5 | 18.3 | 24.5 | 22.0 |
| Nonfarm. | 13 | 13.4 | 8.0 | 25.8 | 30.7 | 23.2 | 37.4 | 10.5 | -5.1 | -10.9 | 20.3 | 14.5 | 12.9 | 55.6 | 28.3 | 25.4 | 37.2 | 31.9 | 16.9 | 19.6 |
| Farm... | 14 | -4.3 | -2.4 | -2.1 | -2.8 | -15.5 | 4.5 | -3.4 | -. 8 | -9.9 | -2.2 | -1.2 | -6.1 | 1.0 | 5.9 | -4.0 | . 3 | -13.6 | 7.6 | 2.4 |
| Net exports of goods and services ${ }^{\text {1 }}$. | 15 | -104.3 | -129.7 | -115.7 | -74.9 | -125.3 | -110.0 | -131.2 | -142.3 | -135.4 | -118.2 | -115.9 | -118.9 | -109.8 | -78.2 | -72.6 | -74.9 | -73.8 | -55.0 | -52.6 |
| Expors ${ }^{1}$ Imports : | $\begin{aligned} & 16 \\ & 17 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 367.2 \\ & 471.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 397.1 \\ & 526.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 450.9 \\ & 566.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 530.1 \\ & 605.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 367.4 \\ & 492.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 392.9 \\ & 502.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 389.6 \\ & 520.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 399.6 \\ & 541.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} 406.5 \\ 54.19 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 418.7 \\ & 53.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 439.5 \\ & 555.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 461.3 \\ & 5802 \end{aligned}$ | 484.1 593.9 | $517.4$ | $\begin{aligned} & 519.7 \\ & 59.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 531.9 \\ & 606.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 551.4 \\ & 625.2 \end{aligned}$ | $569.7$ | 585.1 637.7 |
| Government purchases of goods and services ...... | 18 | 731.2 | 761.6 | 781.8 | 785.1 | 752.7 | 744.1 | 761.2 | 765.2 | 776.0 | 776.6 | 774.9 | 783.5 | 792.1 | 775.1 | 783.0 | 775.9 | 6.4 | 799.7 | 807.6 |
| Federal. | 19 | 326.0 | 334.1 | 339.6 | 328.9 | 340.6 | 324.4 | 335.4 | 334.2 | 342.4 | 338.1 | 334.7 | 340.7 | 344.9 | 323.8 | 327.9 | 319.8 | 343.9 | 335.5 | 341.3 |
| National defense. | 20 | 237.2 | 252.1 | 265.2 | 261.5 | 241.4 | 241.2 | 251.4 | 260.0 | 255.8 | 259.0 | 264.6 | 270.6 | 266.7 | 263.0 | 262.5 | 258.8 | 261.6 | 254.4 | 256.1 |
| Nondefense. | ${ }^{21}$ | 88.8 | 82.0 | 74.4 | 67.4 | 99.2 | 83.3 | 84.1 | 74.2 | 86.6 | 79.1 | 70.1 | 70.1 | 78.2 | 60.8 | 65.4 | 61.0 | 82.3 | 81.1 | 85.1 |
| State and local............................................ | 22 | 405.2 | 427.5 | 442.1 | 456.2 | 412.1 | 419.6 | 425.7 | 430.9 | 433.6 | 438.5 | 440.1 | 442.8 | 447.2 | 451.3 | 455.1 | 456.1 | 462.5 | 464.2 | 466.3 |

1. See the box on page 21 of the Juiy 1989 Survey of Current Business.

Note.-Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.

Table 1.3.-Gross National Product by Major Type of Product
[Billions of dollars]


Note.-Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.
Table 1.4.-Gross National Product by Major Type of Product in Constant Dollars
[Billions of 1982 dollars]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1985 | 1986 |  |  |  | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  | 1989 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | IV | 1 | II | III | IV | 1 | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II |
| Gross national product. | 1 | 3,618.7 | 3,717.9 | 3,853.7 | 4,024.4 | 3,662.4 | 3,721.1 | 3,704.6 | 3,712,4 | 3,733.6 | 3,783.0 | 3,823.5 | 3,872.8 | 3,935.6 | 3,974.8 | 4,010.7 | 4,042.7 | 4,069,4 | 4,100.8 | 4,123.9 |
| Final sales $\qquad$ Change in business inventories $\qquad$ | 2 | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} 3,609.6 \\ 9.1 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} 3,712.4 \\ 5.6 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 3,830.0 \\ 23.7 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,996.5 \\ 27.9 \end{array}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 3,654.7 \\ 7.7 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 3,679.2 \\ 41.9 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} 3,697.6 \\ 7.1 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} 3,718.3 \\ -5.9 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} 3,754.4 \\ -20.8 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} 3,764.9 \\ 18.1 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 3,810.1 \\ 13.3 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 3,866.0 \\ 6.8 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} 3,879.0 \\ 56.6 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 3,940.5 \\ 34.3 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 3,989.2 \\ 21.5 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4,005.2 \\ 37.5 \end{array}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} 4,051.0 \\ 18.3 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} 4,082.3 \\ 24.5 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4,101.9 \\ 22.0 \end{array}$ |
| Goods. | 4 | 1,553.6 | 1,592.6 | 1,669.0 | 1,771.6 | 1,564.7 | 1,605.2 | 1,587.5 | 1,582.1 | 1,595.7 | 1,622.6 | 1,645.9 | 1,679.1 | 1,728.5 | 1,746.7 | 1,767.9 | 1,782.3 | 1,789.4 | 1,823.2 | 1,837.1 |
| Final sales $\qquad$ Change in business inventories .... | 6 | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 1,544.5 \\ 9.1 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{array}{\|r\|} 1,587.1 \\ 5.6 \end{array}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 1,645.3 \\ 23.7 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 1,743.7 \\ 27.9 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 1,557.0 \\ 7.7 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,563.3 \\ 41.9 \end{array}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 1,580.4 \\ 7.1 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} 1,588.0 \\ -5.9 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} 1,616.5 \\ -20.8 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,604.4 \\ 18.1 \end{array}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 1,632.6 \\ 13.3 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $1,672.3$ <br> 6.8 <br> 8 | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 1,671.9 \\ 56.6 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | 1,712.4 | $1,746.5$ 21.5 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,744.8 \\ 37.5 \end{array}$ |  <br> 18.3 | $\begin{array}{r}1,798.7 \\ \hline 24.5 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,815.1 |
| Durable goods. | 7 | 691.7 | 719.5 | 790.2 | 883.6 | 695.0 | 712.0 | 708.5 | 727.7 | 729.6 | 741.8 | 776.6 | 810.5 | 831.7 | 850.8 | 882.2 | 900.8 | 900.5 | 902.3 | 915.6 |
| Final sales... | 8 | 686.1 | 718.6 | 770.6 | 860.9 | 687.7 | 689.8 | 709.0 | 737.0 | 738.6 | 723.9 | 760.3 | 806.1 | 791.9 | 840.9 | 866.8 | 863.4 | 872.4 | 884.2 | 905.2 |
| Change in business inventories.... | 9 | 5.6 | . 9 | 19.6 | 22.7 | 7.3 | 22.2 | -. 4 | -9.3 | -9.0 | 17.9 | 16.3 | 4.4 | 39.7 | 9.9 | 15.3 | 37.3 | 28.1 | 18.1 | 10.3 |
| Nondurable goods... | 10 | 861.9 | 873.2 | 878.8 | 888.0 | 869.8 | 893.2 | 879.0 | 854.4 | 866.1 | 880.7 | 869.3 | 868.5 | 896.8 | 895.8 | 885.8 | 881.5 | 888.9 | 920.9 | 921.5 |
| Final sales......... | 11 | 858.4 | 868.5 | 874.7 | 882.8 | 869.4 | 873.5 | 871.4 | 851.0 | 877.9 | 880.5 | 872.3 | 866.2 | 880.0 | 871.5 | 879.7 | 881.4 | 898.6 | 914.5 | 909.9 |
| Change in business inventories ...................... | 12 | 3.5 | 4.7 | 4. | 5.2 | .4 | 19.7 | 7.5 | 3.4 | -11.8 | . 2 | -3.0 | 2.3 | 16.8 | 24.3 | 6.1 | . 1 | -9.7 | 6.4 | 11.7 |
| Services. | 13 | 1,684.3 | 1,738.9 | 1,803.7 | 1,873.5 | 1,712.5 | 1,727.2 | 1,731.2 | 1,743.9 | 1,753.1 | 1,778.7 | 1,798.7 | 1,812.2 | 1,825.0 | 1,854.1 | 1,862.5 | 1,880.8 | 1,896.7 | 1,905.1 | 1,918.5 |
| Structures. | 14 | 380.8 | 386.4 | 381.1 | 379.3 | 385.2 | 388.7 | 385.9 | 386.4 | 384.8 | 381.8 | 378.9 | 381.5 | 382.1 | 374.0 | 380.2 | 379.6 | 383.3 | 378.5 | 368.3 |

Note.-Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.
Table 1.5.-Relation of Gross National Product, Gross Domestic Purchases, and Final Sales to Domestic Purchasers [Billions of dollars]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1985 | 1986 |  |  |  | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  | 1989 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | IV | 1 | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | 1 | II | III | IV | I | II |
| Gross national product.................................... | 1 | 4,014.9 | 4,231.6 | 4,524.3 | 4,880.6 | 4,107.9 | 4,181.3 | 4,194.7 | 4,253.3 | 4,297.3 | 4,388.8 | 4,475.9 | 4,566.6 | 4,665.8 | 4,739.8 | 4,838.5 | 4,926.9 | 5,017.3 | 5,113.1 | 5,194.9 |
| Less: Exports of goods and services ' $\qquad$ Plus: Imports of goods and services ${ }^{1}$ $\qquad$ | 2 | $\begin{aligned} & 370.9 \\ & 448.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 396.5 \\ & 493.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 448.6 \\ & 561.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 547.7 \\ & 621.3 \end{aligned}$ | 369.2 472.4 | 395.5 482.7 | 390.7 483.4 | 397.3 498.0 | 402.4 511.3 | 416.5 522.5 | 437.4 551.8 | 458.0 573.4 | 482.6 597.2 | 521.6 604.3 | 532.5 607.5 | 556.8 623.0 | 579.7 650.5 | 605.6 659.6 | 625.2 677.5 |
| Equals: Gross domestic purchases ${ }^{2}$.................... | 4 | 4,092.8 | 4,329.0 | 4,636.8 | 4,954.3 | 4,211.2 | 4,268.4 | 4,287.5 | 4,354.1 | 4,406.2 | 4,494.8 | 4,590.3 | 4,681.9 | 4,780.4 | 4,822.5 | 4,913.4 | 4,993.1 | 5,088.1 | 5,167.1 | 5,247,2 |
| Less: Change in business inventories ..................... | 5 | 11.3 |  | 29.3 | 30.6 | 7.2 | 40.7 |  | -6.4 | -12.2 | 25.4 | 18.8 | 9.5 | 63.3 | 30.0 | 29.3 | 44.6 | 18.7 | 27.7 | 32.4 |
| Equals: Final sales to domestic purchasers ${ }^{3}$........ | 6 | 4,081.5 | 4,322.1 | 4,607,6 | 4,923.7 | 4,203.9 | 4,227.7 | 4,282.1 | 4,360.5 | 4,418.3 | 4,469.4 | 4,571.5 | 4,672.4 | 4,717.1 | 4,792.5 | 4,884.1 | 4,948.5 | 5,069.5 | 5,139.4 | 5,214.8 |

1. See the box on page 21 of the July 1989 Survey of Current Business.
2. Purchases in the United States of goods and services wherever produced.

Nore.-Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.

Table 1.6.-Relation of Gross National Product, Gross Domestic Purchases, and Final Sales to Domestic Purchasers in Constant Dollars
[Billions of 1982 dollars]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1985 | 1986 |  |  |  | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  | 1989 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | IV | I | II | III | IV | 1 | II | III | Iv | I | II | III | IV | I | 11 |
| Gross national product. | 1 | 3,618.7 | 3,717.9 | 3,853.7 | 4,024.4 | 3,662.4 | 3,721.1 | 3,704,6 | 3,712.4 | 3,733.6 | 3,783.0 | 3,823.5 | 3,872.8 | 3,935.6 | 3,974.8 | 4,010.7 | 4,042.7 | 4,069.4 | 4,106.8 | 4,123.9 |
| Less: Exports of goods and services ${ }^{1}$ $\qquad$ Plus: Imports of goods and services $\qquad$ | ${ }_{3}^{2}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 367.2 \\ & 471.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 397.1 \\ & 526.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 450.9 \\ & 566.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 530.1 \\ & 605.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 367.4 \\ & 492.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 392.9 \\ & 502.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 389.6 \\ & 520.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 399.6 \\ & 541.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 406.5 \\ & 541.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 418.7 \\ & 536.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 439.5 \\ & 555.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 461.3 \\ & 580.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 484.1 \\ 593.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 517.4 \\ & 595.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 519.7 \\ & 592.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 531.9 \\ & 606.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 551.4 \\ & 625.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 569.7 \\ & 624.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 585.1 \\ & 637.7 \end{aligned}$ |
| Equals: Gross domestic purchases ${ }^{2}$...... | 4 | 3,723.0 | 3,847.6 | 3,969.4 | 4,099.3 | 3,787.6 | 3,831.0 | 3,835.8 | 3,854.7 | 3,869.0 | 3,901.2 | 3,939.3 | 3,991.7 | 4,045.5 | 4,052.9 | 4,083.3 | 4,117,6 | 4,143.2 | 4,161.8 | 4,176.5 |
| Less: Change in business inventories ........ | 5 |  |  | 23.7 |  |  | 41.9 |  | -5.9 | -20.8 | 18.1 | 13.3 |  | 56.6 | 34.3 | 21.5 | 37.5 | 18.3 | 24.5 | 22.0 |
| Equals: Final sales to domestic purchasers ${ }^{3}$... | 6 | 3,713.9 | 3,842.1 | 3,945.8 | 4,071.4 | 3,779.9 | 3,789.1 | 3,828.7 | 3,860.6 | 3,889.8 | 3,883.1 | 3,926.0 | 3,984,9 | 3,988.9 | 4,018.7 | 4,061.8 | 4,080.1 | 4,124.9 | 4,137.3 | 4,154.6 |

1. See the box on page 21 of the July 1989 Survey of Current Business.
2. Purchases in the United States of goods and services wherever produced.

Fore.-Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.
Table 1.7.-Gross National Product by Sector
[Billions of dollars]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1985 | 1986 |  |  |  | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  | 1989 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | IV | 1 | II | III | IV | 1 | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | 1 | II |
| Gross national product., | 1 | 4,014.9 | 4,231.6 | 4,524.3 | 4,880,6 | 4,107.9 | 4,181.3 | 4,194.7 | 4,253.3 | 4,297.3 | 4,388.8 | 4,475.9 | 4,566.6 | 4,665.8 | 4,739.8 | 4,838.5 | 4,926.9 | 5,017.3 | 5,113.1 | 5,194.9 |
| Gross domestic product. | 2 | 3,974.1 | 4,197.2 | 4,493.8 | 4,847.3 | 4,065.9 | 4,140.9 | 4,162.4 | 4,217.7 | 4,267.9 | 4,356.9 | 4,446.9 | 4,537.0 | 4,634.3 | 4,703.3 | 4,808.4 | 4,894.7 | 4,982.9 | 5,078.5 | 5,159.3 |
| Business ........................................................ | 3 | 3,412.8 | 3,599.9 | 3,851.5 | 4,153.5 | 3,490.7 | 3,557.4 | 3,570.1 | 3,616.5 | 3,655.6 | 3,732.6 | 3,810,8 | 3,888.7 | 3,973.9 | 4,027.0 | 4,121.2 | 4,194.7 | 4,271.1 | 4,347.2 | 4,415.3 |
| - Nonfarm...................................................... | 4 | 3,342.2 | 3,525.9 | 3,779.5 | 4,087.1 | 3,422.4 | 3,481.0 | 3,492.5 | 3,543.1 | 3,587.1 | 3,657.4 | 3,734.8 | 3,821.8 | 3,903.8 | 3,960.6 | 4,042.5 | 4,119.6 | 4,225.5 | 4,280.0 | 4,348.9 |
| Nonfarm less housing ................................ | 5 | 3,026.9 | 3,182.8 | 3,407.6 | 3,685,6 | 3,095.6 | 3,148.3 | 3,152.8 | 3,196.7 | 3,233.3 | 3,296.9 | 3,367.5 | 3,446.6 | 3,519.5 | 3,568.8 | 3,645.3 | 3,714.7 | 3,813.5 | 3,862.7 | 3,925.4 |
| Housing $\qquad$ Farm | 7 | 715.4 | 753.1 | $\begin{array}{r}371.8 \\ 76.8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 401.5 | 326.8 76.2 | 332.6 74.1 | 339.7 75.2 | 346.3 75.6 | 353.8 78.1 | 360.5 73.9 | 367.4 78.2 | 375.1 77.5 | 384.3 77.6 | $\begin{array}{r} \\ 791.5 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 397.2 78.8 | 404.9 83.7 | 412.0 62.3 | 417.2 91.3 | 423.5 90.5 |
| Statistical discrepanc...................................................................... | 8 | -4.8 | -1.8 | -4.7 | -9.6 | -7.9 | 2.3 | $\begin{array}{r}75.3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | -2.1 | -9.6 | 7.9 1.2 | -2.3 | -10.5 | -7.4 | -13.1 | $\begin{array}{r}78.8 \\ -.1 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | -8.6 | -16.6 | -24.1 | -24.1 |
| Households and institutions............................... | 9 | 142.3 | 153.5 | 169.3 | 188.0 | 146.6 | 149.3 | 152.0 | 154.9 | 157.9 | 161.4 | 166.5 | 172.3 | 177.1 | 180.7 | 185.1 | 190.8 | 195.5 | 201.2 | 207.1 |
| Private households....................................... | 10 | 9.0 | 9.1 | 9.2 | 9.4 | 9.0 | 9.0 | 9.1 | 9.1 | 9.2 | 9.2 | 9.2 | 9.2 | 9.2 | 9.3 | 9.3 | 9.4 | 9.5 | 9.5 | 9.6 |
| Nonprofit institutions ..................................... | 11 | 133.3 | 144.5 | 160.1 | 178.7 | 137.6 | 140.3 | 143.0 | 145.8 | 148.7 | 152.3 | 157.3 | 163.1 | 167.9 | 171.4 | 175.8 | 181.4 | 186.0 | 191.7 | 197.5 |
| Goverument. | 12 | 419.0 | 443.8 | 473.0 | 505.8 | 428.6 | 434.2 | 440.3 | 446.2 | 454.4 | 462.9 | 469.7 | 475.9 | 483.3 | 495.5 | 502.1 | 509.2 | 516.3 | 530.1 | 536.9 |
| Federal ..................................................... | 13 | 140.2 | 143.5 | 150.9 | 159.3 | 142.4 | 142.7 | 143.2 | 143.6 | 144.6 | 148.9 | 150.5 | 151.2 | 152.8 | 158.0 | 158.7 | 159.8 | 160.8 | 168.3 | 169.1 |
| State and locai................................................. | 14 | 278.8 | 300.3 | 322.1 | 346.5 | 286.2 | 291.5 | 297.1 | 302.6 | 309.8 | 314.0 | 319.2 | 324.7 | 330.5 | 337.5 | 343.5 | 349.4 | 355.5 | 361.8 | 367.8 |
| Rest of the world............................................ | 15 | 40.7 | 34.4 | 30.5 | 33.3 | 42.0 | 40.3 | 32.3 | 35.7 | 29.4 | 31.9 | 28.9 | 29.6 | 31.5 | 36.5 | 30.0 | 32.3 | 34.5 | 34.5 | 35.5 |
| Addendum: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross domestic business product less housing...... | 16 | 3,088.9 | 3,248.9 | 3,472.2 | 3,744.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Nore.-Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.
Table 1.8.-Gross National Product by Sector in Constant Dollars
[Billions of 1982 dollars]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1985 | 1986 |  |  |  | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  | 1989 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | IV | I | II | HI | IV | 1 | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II |
| Gross national product. | 1 | 3,618.7 | 3,717.9 | 3,853.7 | 4,024,4 | 3,662.4 | 3,721,1 | 3,704,6 | 3,712.4 | 3,733.6 | 3,783.0 | 3,823.5 | 3,872,8 | 3,935.6 | 3,974.8 | 4,010.7 | 4,042.7 | 4,069.4 | 4,106.8 | 4,123.9 |
| Gross domestic product... | 2 | 3,581.9 | 3,687.4 | 3,827.2 | 3,996.3 | 3,624.7 | 3,685.0 | 3,675.8 | 3,681.0 | 3,707.7 | 3,755.0 | 3,798.2 | 3,847.0 | 3,908.3 | 3,943.5 | 3,985.1 | 4,015.6 | 4,040.8 | 4,078.5 | 4,095.1 |
| Business.... | 34567 | 3,103.3 | 3,198.2 | 3,328.9 | 3,482.9 | 3,141.7 | 3,199.7 | 3,187.4 | 3,190.7 | 3,215.1 | 3,261.6 | 3,301.9 | 3.346 .8 | 3,405.0 | 3,436.0 | 3,474.1 | 3,499.7 | 3,521.7 | 3,555.7 |  |
| Nonfarm.....].a. Nonfarm less housing |  | $3,028.1$ $2,762.5$ | 2,1154.7 | 2, 2,2497 | 3,4187.9 | 3,066.2 | 2,844.1 | 2,102.6 | 3,1089 ${ }_{2}$ | ${ }_{2,861.7}^{3,137.2}$ | 3, 3 2, 178.5 | 3,222.7 | ${ }_{\text {3, }}^{3,2739.8}$ | $3,326.1$ $3,040.8$ | - $\begin{aligned} & 3,364.2 \\ & 3,076.3\end{aligned}$ | 3,398.8 | ${ }^{3,435.5}$ | 3,474.2 | 3,494.5 | ${ }^{3,5114.0}$ |
| Housing................... |  | 265.6 | 272.4 | 281.8 | 290.3 | 268.8 | 269.9 | 271.1 | 273.0 | 275.5 | 278.1 | 280.7 | 283.2 | 285.2 | 287.8 | 289.6 | 291.2 | 292.5 | 293.8 | 295.5 |
| Farm. |  | 79.4 | 84.1 | 83.4 | 72.7 | 82.5 | 83.6 | 82.7 | 83.6 | 86.4 | 84.1 | 81.1 | 82.9 | 85.3 | 83.0 | 75.3 | 71.4 | 61.2 | 30.8 | 78.2 |
| Statistical discrepancy.... | 8 | -4.3 | -1.6 | -4.1 | -8.0 | 7.1 | 2.0 | 2.1 | -1.9 | -8.5 | 1.1 | -2.0 | -9.1 | -6.4 | -11.2 | 0 | -7.2 | -13.7 | -19.7 | -19.5 |
| Households and instituions.. | $\begin{aligned} & 9 \\ & 10 \\ & 11 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{1}^{121.3}$ | 125.7 | 128.6 | 137.3 | 123.2 | 124.3 | 126.0 | 126.1 | 126.3 | 126.4 | 127.5 | 129.7 | 131.1 | 133.5 | 136.0 | 139.0 | 140.5 | 42.7 | 14.2 |
| Privare households........ Nonprofit institutions... |  | 8.8 112.4 | 8.8 116.9 | 8.8 119.9 | 8.8 128.4 | 814.4 |  | 8.8 | 8.8 | 8.8 | 8.8 | 8.8 | 8.8 | 8.8 | 8.8 | 8.8 | 8.9 | 8.9 | 8.9 | 8.9 |
| Nonprofit instiutions. |  |  |  | 119.9 | 128.4 | 114.4 | 115.6 | 117.2 | 117.3 | 117.5 | 117.6 | 118.7 | 120.9 | 122.3 | 124.7 | 127.2 | 130.2 | 131.6 | 133.8 | 136.3 |
| Govermment ... | 121314 | 357.4 | 363.5 | 369.6 | 376.1 | 359.9 | 360.9 | 362.4 | 364.3 | 366.3 | 367.0 | 368.8 | 370.5 | 372.2 | 374.0 | 375.0 | 376.8 | 378.6 | 380.1 | 381.2 |
| Federal .... |  | 122.3 | 122.6 | 123.6 | 125.2 | 122.5 | 122.3 | 122.4 | 122.6 | 123.2 | 122.9 | 123.3 | 123.9 | 124.4 | 124.9 | 124.7 | 125.3 | 126.0 | 126.4 | 126.5 |
| State and local... |  | 235.0 | 240.8 | 246.0 | 250.9 | 237.4 | 238.6 | 240.0 | 241.6 | 243.1 | 244.1 | 245.5 | 246.6 | 247.9 | 249.1 | 250.3 | 251.5 | 252.7 | 253.7 | 254.7 |
| Rest of the world... | 15 | 36.9 | 30.5 | 26.6 | 28.1 | 37.6 | 36.1 | 28.8 | 31.3 | 25.9 | 28.0 | 25.3 | 25.8 | 27.3 | 31.3 | 25.6 | 27.1 | 28.5 | 28.3 | 28.8 |
| Addendum: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross domestic business product less housing...... | 16 | 2,828.4 | 2,916.7 | 3,038.0 | 3,183.7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Note.-Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.

Table 1.9.-Relation of Gross National Product, Net National Product, National Income, and Personal Income
[Billions of dollars]


Table 1.10.-Relation of Gross National Product, Net National Product, and National Income in Constant Dollars
[Billions of 1982 dollars]

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Seas | sonally ad | djusted at | annal | rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1985 |  |  | 986 |  |  | 19 | 87 |  |  | 19 | 88 |  |  | 89 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | v | I | II |
| Gross national product... | 1 | 3,618.7 | 3,717.9 | 3,853.7 | 4,024,4 | 3,662,4 | 3,721.1 | 3,704,6 | 3,712.4 | 3,733.6 | 3,783.0 | 3,823.5 | 3,872.8 | 3,935.6 | 3,974,8 | 4,010.7 | 4,042.7 | 4,069.4 | 4,106.8 | 4,123.9 |
| Less: Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment. | 2 | 426.7 | 443.4 | 460.8 | 480.2 | 435.3 | 436.8 | 441.3 | 445.7 | 450.0 | 454.2 | 458.6 | 463.0 | 467.6 | 472.4 | 477.5 | 482.7 | 488.1 | 493.5 | 498.9 |
| Equals: Net national product.. | 3 | 3,192.0 | 3,274,5 | 3,392.9 | 3,544.2 | 3,227.0 | 3,284,3 | 3,263,3 | 3,266.7 | 3,283.6 | 3,328.8 | 3,364,9 | 3,409.8 | 3,468.0 | 3,502.3 | 3,533.2 | 3,559,9 | 3,581.2 | 3,613.3 | 3,625.0 |
| Less: Indirect business tax and nontax liability plus business ransfer payments less subsidies plus current surplus of government enterprises. | 4 | 299.4 | 312.1 | 317.9 | 327.8 | 302.7 | 307.3 | 310.4 | 315.5 | 315.1 | 313.7 | 318.0 | 320.1 | 319.9 | 324.3 | 326.3 | 329.2 | 331.2 | 331.3 | 330.5 |
| Statistical discrepancy .............................. | 5 | -4.3 |  | -4.1 | -8.0 | -7.1 |  |  | -1.9 | -8.5 | 1.1 | -2.0 | -9.1 | -6.4 | -11.2 | 0 | -7.2 | -13.7 | -19.7 | $\ldots$ |
| Equals: National income ......... | 6 | 2,896.9 | 2,964.0 | 3,079.0 | 3,224.5 | 2,931.5 | 2,975.0 | 2,950.8 | 2,953.0 | 2,977.0 | 3,014.0 | 3,048.9 | 3,098.7 | 3,154.4 | 3,189.2 | 3,206.9 | 3,237.9 | 3,263.7 | 3,301.6 |  |

Table 1.11.-Command-Basis Gross National Product in Constant Dollars
[Billions of 1982 dollars]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1985 | 1986 |  |  |  | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  | 1989 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | rv | 1 | II | III | Iv | I | 11 | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II |
| Gross national product.... | 1 | 3,618.7 | 3,7179 | 3,853.7 | 4,024,4 | 3,662.4 | 3,721.1 | 3,704,6 | 3,712.4 | 3,733.6 | 3,783.0 | 3,823.5 | 3,872,8 | 3,935.6 | 3,974,8 | 4,010.7 | 4,042.7 | 4,069,4 | 4,106.8 | 4,123.9 |
| Less: Net exports of goods and services $\qquad$ <br> Exports. <br> Imports. $\qquad$ $\qquad$ | 2 3 4 | $\begin{array}{r} -104.3 \\ 367.2 \\ 471.4 \end{array}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} -1299.7 \\ 397.1 \\ 526.9 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} -115.7 \\ 450.9 \\ 566.6 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{aligned} & -74.9 \\ & 53.1 \\ & 605.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -125.3 \\ 367.4 \\ 492.6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -110.0 \\ 392.9 \\ 502.9 \end{array}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{r} -131.2 \\ 389.6 \\ 520.7 \end{array}\right.$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} -142.3 \\ 399.6 \\ 541.9 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} -135.4 \\ 446.5 \\ 541.9 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} -118.2 \\ 488.7 \\ 536.9 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} -115.9 \\ 439.5 \\ 555.4 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} -118.9 \\ 461.3 \\ 580.2 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{array}{r} -109.9 \\ 484.1 \\ 593.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -78.2 \\ & 51.4 .4 \\ & 595.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -72.6 \\ & 519.7 \\ & 592.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -74.9 \\ & 53.9 \\ & 606.9 \end{aligned}$ | -73.8 531.4 625.2 | -55.0 569.7 624.6 | $\begin{aligned} & -52.6 \\ & 585.1 \\ & 637.7 \end{aligned}$ |
| Equals: Gross domestic purchases.... | 5 | 3,723.0 | 3,847.6 | 3,969.4 | 4,099.3 | 3,787.6 | 3,831.0 | 3,835.8 | 3,854.7 | 3,869.0 | 3,901.2 | 3,939.3 | 3,991.7 | 4,045.5 | 4,052.9 | 4,083.3 | 4,117.6 | 4,143.2 | 4,161.8 | 4,176.5 |
| Plus: Command-basis net exports of goods and services. | 6 | -81.9 | -103.9 | -113.6 | -71.7 | -107.7 | -90.8 | --99.9 | -109.6 | -115.4 | -108.9 | -115.1 | -116.7 | -113.9 | -81.6 | -73.1 | -64.5 | -68.0 | -51.1 | -49.3 |
| Command-basis exports $\qquad$ <br> Imports. $\qquad$ | 7 | $\begin{aligned} & 389.5 \\ & 471.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 423.0 \\ & 526.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 452.9 \\ & 566.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 533.3 \\ & 605.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 385.0 \\ & 492.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 412.1 \\ & 502.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 420.8 \\ & 520.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 432.3 \\ & 541.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 426.5 \\ & 541.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 428.0 \\ & 536.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 440.2 \\ & 555.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 463.5 \\ & 580.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 479.9 \\ & 593.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 514.0 \\ & 595.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 519.3 \\ & 592.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 542.4 \\ & 606.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 557.2 \\ & 625.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 573.5 \\ & 624.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 588.4 \\ & 637.7 \end{aligned}$ |
| Equals: Command-basis gross national product. | 9 | 3,641.1 | 3,743.7 | 3,855.8 | 4,027.5 | 3,680.0 | 3,740.3 | 3,735.9 | 3,745.0 | 3,753.5 | 3,792.3 | 3,824,2 | 3,875.0 | 3,931.5 | 3,971.4 | 4,010.2 | 4,053.1 | 4,075.2 | 4,110.7 | 4,127.3 |
| Addendum: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Terms of trade ${ }^{2}$.... | 10 | 106.1 | 106.5 | 100.5 | 100.6 | 104.8 | 104.9 | 108.1 | 108.2 | 104.9 | 102.3 | 100.1 | 100.5 | 99.1 | 99.3 | 99.9 | 101.9 | 101.1 | 100.7 | 100.7 |

1. Expors of goods and services deflated by the implicit price deflator for imports of goods and services.

Nort.--Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.

Table 1.12.-Net National Product and National Income by Sector

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net national product... | 1 | 3,577.6 | 3,771.5 | 4,037.6 | 4,367.1 |
| Net domestic product. | 2 | 3,536.9 | 3,737.1 | 4,007.1 | 4,333.7 |
| Business.. | 3 | 2,975.6 | 3,139.8 | 3,364.8 | 3,639.9 |
| Nonfarm... | 4 | 2,927.0 | 3,087.3 | 3,313.7 | 3,593.8 |
| Nonfarm less housing.. | 5 | 2,704.5 | 2,840.7 | 3,046.0 | 3,303.0 |
| Housing................................................................... | 6 | 222.5 | 246.6 | 267.7 | 290.8 |
| Farm......................... | 7 | 53.4 | 54.3 | 55.8 | 55.8 |
| Statistical discrepancy... | 8 | -4.8 | -1.8 | -4.7 | -9.6 |
| Households and institutions. | 9 | 142.3 | 153.5 | 169.3 | 188.0 |
| Government.. | 10 | 419.0 | 443.8 | 473.0 | 505.8 |
| Rest of the world.. | 11 | 40.7 | 34.4 | 30.5 | 33.3 |
| National income. | 12 | 3,234.0 | 3,412.6 | 3,665.4 | 3,972.6 |
| Domestic income. | 13 | 3,193.2 | 3,378.2 | 3,634.9 | 3,939,3 |
| Business.. | 14 | 2,631.9 | 2,780.8 | 2,992.6 | 3,245.5 |
| Nonfarm... | 15 | 2,575.3 | 2,720.0 | 2,926.1 | 3,181.0 |
| Nonfarm less housing ................................................. | 16 | 2,406.7 | 2,531.3 | 2,719.3 | 2,956.1 |
| Housing................................................................. | 17 | 168.6 | 188.7 | 206.8 | 224.9 |
| Farm......................................................................... | 18 | 56.6 | 60.8 | 66.6 | 64.5 |
| Households and institutions .............................................. | 19 | 142.3 | 153.5 | 169.3 | 188.0 |
| Govemment .................................................................. | 20 | 419.0 | 443.8 | 473.0 | 505.8 |
| Rest of the world.............................................................. | 21 | 40.7 | 34.4 | 30.5 | 33.3 |

Table 1.13.-Net National Product and National Income by Sector in Constant Dollars


Table 1.14.-National Income by Type of Income
[Billions of dollars]


Table 1.15.-National Income by Sector, Legal Form of Organization, and Type of Income
[Billions of dollars]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| National income................................................................................................................ | 1 | 3,234.0 | 3,412.6 | 3,665,4 | 3,972.6 |
|  | 2 | 2,631.9 | 2,780.8 | 2,992.6 | 3,245.5 |
|  | , | 1,920.9 | 2,009.6 | 2,156.8 | 2.354 .7 |
|  |  | 1,602.6 | 1,696.4 | 1,807.8 | 1,951.2 |
| Wages and salaries................................................................................................................ | 5 | 1,344.0 | 1,421.9 | 1,520.4 | 1,640.5 |
| Supplements to wages and salaries.................................................................................................................. | 6 | 258.6 | 274.5 | 287.5 | 310.7 |
|  | 8 | 251.2 | 249.0 188.5 | 259.6 227.6 | 285.0 263.2 |
| Profits before tax $\qquad$ inventory valuation adjustment | 8 9 | 193.1 -1.7 | 188.5 6.7 | 227.6 | $\underline{263.2}$ |
| Capital consumption adjustment...................................................................................................................................................................................... | 10 | 59.7 | 53.8 | 50.9 | 46.8 |
| Net interest ............................................................................................................................................... | 11 | 67.1 | 64.2 | 89.3 | 118.6 |
| Sole proprietorships and partnerships.. | 12 | 459.2 | 502.9 | 548.2 | 580.4 |
| Compensation of employees............ | 13 | 141.8 | 152.1 | 169.3 | 185.8 |
| Wages and salaries.............. | 14 | 124.3 | 133.3 | 148.7 | 163.1 |
| Supplements to wages and salaries... | 15 | 17.5 | 18.8 | 20.6 | 22.7 |
| Proprietors' income with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments ........................................ | 16 | 254.1 | 280.4 | 310.2 | 326.3 |
| Farm..................................................................................................................................... | 17 | 30.2 | 34.7 | 41.6 | 39.8 |
| Proprietors' income with inventory valuation adjustment............................................................... | 18 | 38.9 | 43.1 | 49.6 | 47.3 |
| Capital consumption adjustment................................................................................................................. | 19 | -8.7 | -8.4 | -8.0 | $-7.5$ |
|  | 20 | 223.9 192.0 | 245.7 | 2368.6 | 286.5 |
| Inventory valuation adjustment.................... | 22 | -. 2 | -. 2 | -1.0 | -1.5 |
| Capital consumption adjustment........ | 23 | 32.2 | 38.3 | 33.1 | 31.2 |
| Net interest ............................................................................................................................................. | 24 | 63.3 | 70.4 | 68.7 | 68.3 |
| Other private business... | 25 | 201.9 | 215.9 | 231.3 | 249.2 |
| Compensation of employees. | 26 | 12.0 | 13.1 | 14.2 | 15.7 |
| Wages and salaries.... | 27 | 10.4 | 11.3 | 12.4 | 13.6 |
| Supplements to wages and salaries.. | 28 | 1.6 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 2.1 |
| Proprietors' income with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments.. | 29 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.5 |
| Proprietors' income with inventory valuation adjustment........................................ Capital | 30 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 2.4 |
| Capital consumption adjustment.......................................... Rental income of persons with capital consumption adjustment. | 31 32 | -9.9 | -11.6 | $\underline{-9.9}$ | - 15.7 |
| Rental income of persons ............................................. | 33 | 54.2 | 56.5 | 61.2 | 65.4 |
| Capital consumption adjustment.......... | 34 | -45.0 | -45.0 | -47.9 | -49.8 |
| Net interest .............................................................................................................................. | 35 | 179.0 | 189.6 | 202.3 | 216.3 |
| Government enterprises,.................................................................................................................... | 36 | 49.9 | 52.4 | 56.4 | 61.1 |
| Compensation of employees....................................................................................................................... | 37 | 49.9 | 52.4 | 56.4 | 61.1 |
| Wages and salaries............ | 33 | 40.9 | 42.9 | 45.7 | 49.0 |
| Supplements to wages and salaries........................................................................................... | 39 | 9.0 | 9.5 | 10.7 | 12.2 |
| Househoids and institutions.............. | 40 | 142.3 | 153.5 | 169.3 | 188.0 |
| Compensation of employees............................................................................................................................................................. | 41 | 142.3 | 153.5 | 169.3 | 188.0 |
|  | 42 | 124.7 | 134.5 | 148.7 20.6 | 165.3 |
| Supplements to wages and salaries........................................................................................................................ | 43 | 17.6 | 19.0 | 20.6 | 22.7 |
| Government. | 44 | 419.0 | 443.8 | 473.0 | 505.8 |
| Compensation of employees... | 45 | 419.0 | 443.8 | 473.0 | 505.8 |
| Wages and salaries........... | 46 | 330.9 | 350.8 | 373.6 | 397.5 |
| Supplements to wages and salaries................................................................................................... | 47 | 88.1 | 93.0 | 99.4 | 108.2 |
| Rest of the world. | 48 | 40.7 | 34.4 | 30.5 | 33.3 |
| Compensation of employees. | 49 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Corporate profits ............................................................................................................................. | 50 | 31.2 | 33.1 | 39.1 | 43.7 |
|  | 51 | 9.5 | 1.3 | -8.6 | -10.3 |

Table 1.16.-Gross Domestic Product of Corporate Business in Current Dollars and Gross Domestic Product of Nonfinancial Corporate Business in Current and Constant Dollars

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1985 | 1986 |  |  |  | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  | 1989 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | IV | I | II | III | IV | 1 | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | 1 | 11 |
|  | 1 | Billions of dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross domestic product of corporate business. |  | 2,421.4 | 2,541.2 | 2,719.4 | 2,955.0 | 2,475.8 | 2,514.4 | 2,517,3 | 2,550.8 | 2,582.3 | 2,628.8 | 2,684.4 | 2,757.5 | 2,807.1 | 2,861.4 | 2,927,1 | 2,982.8 | 3,048.6 | 3,078.6 |  |
| Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustruent. | 2 | 268.6 | 285.9 | 303.1 | 321.7 | 274.1 | 278.2 | 283.6 | 288.3 | 293.5 | 297.5 | 301.3 | 304.9 | 308.5 | 314.9 | 319.0 | 323.1 | 329.7 |  |  |
| Net domestic product. | 34 | 2,152.8 | 2,255.3 | 2,416.4 | 2,633.3 | 2,201.8 | 2,236.2 | 2,233.7 | 2,262.5 | 2,288.7 | 2,331.2 | 2,383.1 | 2,452.6 | 2,498.6 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 2,608.1 \\ 275.7 \end{array}$ |  | 2,718.9 | $2,743.4$288.5 |  |
| Indirect business tax and nontax li..................................... business transfer payments less subsidies. |  | 231.9 | \| 2,009.6 | 2,156.8 | 2,354.7 | 1,966.1 | 246.2 | 238.9 | 248.8 | 248.6 | 251.4 | 257.4 | 263.9 | 265.7 | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 2,546.5 \\ 271.9 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 2,659.6 \\ 281.9 \end{array}$ | 284.8 2 |  | 292.9 |
| Domestic income.................................... | 5 | 1,920.9 |  | 1,807.8 |  |  | 1,990.0 | 1,994.7 | 2,013.7 | 2,040.1 | 2,079.8 | 2,125.7 | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} 2,188.7 \\ 1,819.9 \end{array}\right\|$ | 2,232.8 | $: \begin{gathered} 2,274,7 \\ 1,891.0 \\ 1 \end{gathered}$ | 2,332.4 | 2,377.8 | 2,434.0 | 2,454.9 |  |
| Compensation of employees | 6 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,602.6 \\ & 1,344.0 \end{aligned}$ | 1,696.4 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{2 , 3 5 4 . 7} \\ & 1,951.2 \end{aligned}$ | 1,641.5 |  | 1,681.9 | 1,704.6 | 1,730.6 | 1,761.9 | 1,784.9 |  | 1,864.7 |  | 1,932.4 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,699.5 \\ & 1,656.0 \end{aligned}$ | 2,012.0 | $\begin{aligned} & 2,050.6 \\ & 1,730.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,085.7 \\ 1,759.7 \\ 326.0 \end{array}$ |
| Wages and saaries.................. Supplements to wages and salaries. | 8 |  | 1, 274.5 | 287.5 | 1, 310.7 | 262.2 | 268.9 | 272.4 | + 276.7 | - 280.2 | 282.2 | 284.0 | 289.1 | 294.5 | 302.1 | 1,627.2 | 313.5 | 1,320.0 | $\begin{aligned} & 320.4 \\ & 269.7 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Corporate profits with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments. | 9 | 251.2 | 249.0 | 259.6 | 285.0 | 256.6 | 256.5180.0 | 250.7 | 246.3 | 242.6 | 243.6 | 256.5 | 274.1 | 264.2 | 275.7246.5 | 284.6264.6 | 285.9 | 293.7 |  |  |
| Profits before tax ............................... | 10 | 193.1 | 188.5 |  | 263.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 271.5 |  |
| Profits tax liability |  | 96.4 | 106.3 | 227.6 | 137.9 | $\begin{array}{r} 200.2 \\ 99.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 180.0 \\ & 103.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 185.0 \\ & 103.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 187.4 \\ & 105.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 201.5 \\ & 113.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 210.1 \\ & 115.0 \end{aligned}$ | 124.0 | $\begin{aligned} & 242.0 \\ & 132.7 \end{aligned}$ | 127.3 1049 | $\begin{aligned} & 246.5 \\ & 129.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 264.6 \\ & 138.4 \end{aligned}$ | 128.1 | $\begin{aligned} & 143.2 \\ & 129.1 \end{aligned}$ | 144.4 127.1 | ........... |
| Profits after tax. Dividends...... | 12 | $\begin{aligned} & 96.7 \\ & 71.1 \end{aligned}$ | 82.1 73.7 | $\begin{array}{r} 102.9 \\ 82.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 125.3 \\ 84.2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 100.4 \\ 71.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7.7 \\ & 71.1 \end{aligned}$ | $81.1$ | $\begin{aligned} & 82.5 \\ & 72.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8.3 .1 \\ & 7.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 95.2 \\ & 80.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 102.3 \\ 80.4 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 109.3 \\ 82.4 \end{array}$ | 104.9 88.6 | $\begin{array}{r} 117.5 \\ 75.4 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 126.2 \\ 78.1 \end{gathered}$ |  | 129.1 87.2 | 127.1 102.0 | $\ldots$ |
| Undistributed profits | 14 | 25.6 | 8.5 | 20.1 | 41.1 | 29.4 | 5.6 | 4.6 | 10.5 | 13.2 | 15.1 | 21.9 | 26.9 | 16.3 | 42.1 | 48.2 | 32.3 | 41.9 | 25.0 |  |
| Inventory valuation adjustmen | 1617 | $\begin{array}{r} -1.7 \\ 59.7 \\ 67.1 \end{array}$ | 6.753.864.2 | -18.9 | -25.0 | -6.6 | 16.8 | 10.9 | 7.3 | -8.0 | -15.9 | -20.0 | -19.4 | -20.4 | -20.7 | -28.8 | -30.4 | -20.1 | -38.3 | -21.0 |
| Capital consumption adjustment |  |  |  | 50.9 | 46.8 | 63.0 | 59.7 | 54.9 | 51.6 | 49.1 | 49.3 | 50.3 | 51.5 | 52.4 | 49.9 | 48.9 | 46.9 | 41.5 | 36.6 | 31.7 |
| Net interest. |  |  | 64.2 | 89.3 | 118.6 | 68.0 | 65.0 | 62.2 | 62.9 | 66.9 | 74.3 | 84.3 | 94.7 | 104.0 | 108.0 | 115.4 | 122.4 | 128.4 | 134.5 | 142.0 |
| Gross domestic product of financial corporate business. | 18 | 154.4 | 174.0 | 198.7 | 223.7 | 166.5 | 172.6 | 175.4 | 174.6 | 173.6 | 189.2 | 195.8 | 201.3 | 208.7 | 213.3 | 221.2 | 227.9 | 232.2 | 235.8 |  |
| Gross domestic product of nonfinancial corporate business. | 19 | 2,267.1 | 2,367.1 | 2,520.7 | 2,731.3 | 2,309.4 | 2,341.8 | 2,341.8 | 2,376.1 | 2,408.7 | 2,439.5 | 2,488.6 | 2,556.2 | 2,598.4 | 2,648.1 | 2,705.9 | 2,754.9 | 2,816.4 | 2,842.7 |  |
| Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment. | 20 | 252.5 | 267.4 | 281.7 | 297.1 | 257.4 | 261.1 | 265.6 | 269.4 | 273.6 | 277.1 | 280.3 | 283.3 | 286.2 | 291.7 | 295.1 | 298.1 | 303.6 | 308.4 | 312.8 |
| Net domestic product. | 21 | 2,014.5 | 2,099.7 | 2,239.0 | 2,434.2 | 2,051.9 | 2,080.7 | 2,076.2 | 2,106.8 | 2,135.2 | 2,162.5 | 2,208.4 | 2,272.9 | 2,312.2 | 2,356.4 | 2,410.9 | 2,456.8 | 2,512.8 | 2,534.4 |  |
| Indirect business tax and nontax liability plus business transfer payments less subsidies. | 22 | 218.4 | 230.2 1869.5 | 242.3 | 260.0 | 221.5 | 231.3 | 223.8 | 233.1 | 232.7 1905 | 234.9 | 240.3 | 246.3 | 247.9 2064 | 253.7 | 257.3 2153.6 | 263.2 2193.6 | 265.9 | 269.3 22650 | 273.5 |
| Domestic income..................................... | 23 | 1,796.1 | 1,869.5 | 1,996.6 | 2,174.2 | 1,830.4 | 1,849.4 | 1,852.5 | 1,873.7 | 1,902.5 | 1,927.5 | 1,968.1 | 2,026.6 | 2,064.4 | 2,102.8 | $\left\|\begin{array}{\|c\|c\|c\|} 2,153.6 \\ 1,70 \end{array}\right\|$ | 2,193.6 | 2,246.9 | 2,265.0 |  |
| Compensation of employees | 24 | 1,489.8 | 1,567.1 | 1,665.1 | 1,799.1 | 1,524.0 | 1,545.1 | 1,553.4 | 1,572.1 | 1,597.9 | 1,621.1 | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} 1,643.1 \\ 1,380.5 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} 1,677.4 \\ 1,409.7 \end{array}\right\|$ | 1,719.0 | 1,742.8 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,782.1 \\ & 1,497.5 \end{aligned}$ | 1,816.8 | 1,854.6 | 1,889.3 | $1,921.7$ $1,619.8$ |
| Wages and salaries....................... | 25 | 1,249.4 | 1,312.8 | 1,399.2 | $1,511.2$ 2879 | 1,280.3 | $1,295.7$ 249.4 | 1,301.2 | 1,316.1 | 1,338.2 | $1,360.3$ <br> 260.8 <br> 20.6 | $1,380.5$ <br> 262.5 <br> 221 | $1,409.7$ 267.6 2 | $1,446.0$ 273.0 | $1,463.0$ <br> 279.8 | 1,497.5 | $1,526.2$ 29.6 20.6 | $1,558.1$ 296.5 | 1,592.5 | $1,619.8$ <br> 3019 |
| Supplements to wages and salaries........ Corporate profits with inventory valuation | 26 | 240.4 | 254.3 214.0 | 266.0 224.6 | 2879 2493 | 243.7 2263 | 249.4 22.2 | 252.2 212.5 | 256.0 211.7 | 259.6 211.7 | 260.8 209.6 | 262.5 221.3 | 267.6 238.8 | 273.0 228.6 | 279.8 241.9 | 284.7 248.7 | 290.6 248.3 | 296.5 258.2 | 296.7 235.3 | 301.9 |
| Corporate profits with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments. Profiss before tax | 27 28 | 225.3 170.2 | 214.0 156.4 | 224.6 | 249.3 | 226.3 174.2 | 220.2 147.8 | 212.5 149.8 | 211.7 155.3 | 211.7 172.9 | 209.6 | 221.3 | 238.8 211.8 | 228.6 | 241.9 218.7 | 248.7 234.9 | 248.3 237.7 | 258.2 242.2 | 235.3 |  |
|  | 28 | 170.2 69.9 | 156.4 | 197.2 93.1 | 233.4 | $\begin{array}{r}174.2 \\ 71.6 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 147.8 | 149.8 71.3 | 155.3 74.3 | 172.9 84.4 | $\begin{array}{r}179.4 \\ 83.5 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 195.1 | 211.8 101.1 | 202.3 | 218.7 98.2 | 234.9 106.6 | 237.7 107.4 | 242.2 109.4 | 242.2 110.6 |  |
| Profits after tax... | 30 | 100.4 | 81.0 | 104.1 | 128.0 | 102.6 | 76.0 | 78.5 | 81.0 | 88.5 | 95.8 | 103.0 | 110.7 | 106.7 | 120.5 | 128.3 | 130.3 | 132.8 | 131.6 |  |
| Dividends.. | 31 | 72.2 | 74.4 | 81.4 | 83.0 | 72.3 | 72.3 | 77.1 | 73.2 | 75.2 | 79.1 | 79.3 | 81.0 | 86.2 | 75.8 | 77.4 | 92.6 | 86.4 | 98.3 | 98.8 |
| Undistributed profits. | 32 | 28.2 | 6.6 | 22.7 | 45.0 | 30.3 | 3.7 | 1.4 | 7.8 | 13.3 | 16.7 | 23.7 | 29.7 | 20.5 | 44.7 | 50.9 | 37.7 | 46.5 | 33.3 |  |
| Inventory valuation adjustment | 33 | -1.7 | 6.7 | -18.9 | -25.0 | -6.6 | 16.8 | 10.9 | 7.3 | -8.0 | -15.9 | -20.0 | -19.4 | -20.4 | -20.7 | -28.8 | -30.4 | -20.1 | -38.3 | -21.0 |
| Capital consumption adjustment. | 34 | 56.7 | 50.9 | 46.3 | -40.9 | 58.7 | 55.7 | 51.8 | 49.1 | 46.8 | 46.1 | 46.1 | 46.4 | 46.7 | 43.9 | 42.7 | 41.0 | 36.1 | 31.5 | 26.7 |
| Net interest .................................. | 35 | 81.1 | 88.4 | 106.9 | 125.8 | 80.1 | 84.1 | 86.6 | 90.0 | 93.0 | 96.8 | 103.7 | 110.5 | 116.8 | 118.0 | 122.7 | 128.5 | 134.0 | 140.4 | 148.2 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | illions | 1982 | ars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross domestic product of nonfinancial corporate business. | 36 | 2,117.4 | 2,173.9 | 2,282.6 | 2,419.5 | 2,137.7 | 2,171.4 | 2,160.9 | 2,164.9 | 2,198.5 | 2,218.6 | 2,259.2 | 2,309.2 | 2,343.3 | 2,381.8 | 2,408.9 | 2,434.1 | 2,453.2 | 2,459.1 |  |
| Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment. | 37 | 249.7 | 260.4 | 269.7 | 279.3 | 254.1 | 256.7 | 259.3 | 261.7 | 264.0 | 266.3 | 268.5 | 270.8 | 273.1 | 275.5 | 278.0 | 280.6 | 283.2 | 285.9 | 288.8 |
| Net domestic product.. | 38 | 1,867.6 | 1,913.5 | 2,012.9 | 2,140.2 | 1,883.7 | 1,914.8 | 1,901.6 | 1,903.2 | 1,934.5 | 1,952.3 | 1,990.7 | 2,038.5 | 2,070.2 | 2,106.3 | 2,130.9 | 2,153.6 | 2,170.0 | 2,173.2 |  |
| Indirect business tax and nontax liability plus business transfer payments less subsidies. | 39 | 190.8 | 199.3 | 202.5 | 209.2 | 192.8 | 195.5 | 198.3 | 202.1 | 201.5 | 199.5 | 202.5 | 204.3 | 203.6 | 206.6 | 208.2 | 210.1 | 211.9 | 211.3 | 210.9 |
| Domestic income........................................ | 40 | 1,676.8 | 1,714.2 | 1,810.4 | 1,931.0 | 1,690.8 | 1,719.3 | 1,703.3 | 1,701.1 | 1,733.0 | 1,752.8 | 1,788.2 | 1,834.1 | 1,866.6 | 1,899.8 | 1,922.7 | 1,943.5 | 1,958.1 | 1,961.9 | .......... |

Table 1.17.-Auto Output
[Billions of dollars]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1985 | 1986 |  |  |  | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  | 1989 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | 1 | II |
| Auto output .-. | 1 | 116.5 | 120.6 | 119.2 | 129.9 | 115.5 | 115.4 | 119.6 | 124.7 | 122.5 | 119.3 | 115.7 | 117.8 | 124.0 | 118.6 | 132.5 | 136.6 | 132.0 | 134.5 | 135.6 |
| Final sales. | $\frac{2}{3}$ | 111.8 | 119.0 | 111.6 | 128.8 | 101.8 | 111.7 | 114.3 | 130.3 | 119.8 | 99.1 | 109.8 | 126.6 | 110.8 | 127.5 | 132.3 | 125.3 | 130.1 | 123.9 | 135.3 |
| Personal consumption expenditures................................................... |  |  | 136.2 | 131.7 | 144.2 | 117.4 | 125.4 | 130.2 | 149.1 | 140.0 | 119.5 | 129.3 | 145.8 | 132.0 | 143.6 | 145.7 | 140.9 | 146.6 | 142.7 | 144.9 |
| New autos.............................................................................. | 4 | 87.4 | 100.3 | 93.5 | 101.2 | 81.7 | 89.3 | 95.5 | 113.8 | 102.8 | 85.5 | 93.1 | 104.9 | 90.5 | 102.2 | 101.2 | 98.8 | 102.4 | 99.8 | 100.9 |
| Net purchases of used autos.. |  | $\begin{aligned} & 35.1 \\ & 170 \end{aligned}$ | 35.8 | 38.2 | 43.0 | 35.7 | 36.1 | 34.7 | 35.3 | 37.2 | 34.0 | 36.2 | 40.9 | 41.5 | 41.4 | 44.5 | 42.1 | 44.2 | 42.9 | 43.9 |
| Producers' durable equipment... | 5 |  | 20.5 | 19.1 | 21.4 | 16.8 | 19.0 | 20.2 | 22.3 | 20.5 | 18.2 | 19.1 | 20.7 | 18.5 | 22.0 | 22.3 | 20.2 | 21.2 | 19.0 | 23.6 |
| New autos........................ | 6 | $\begin{aligned} & 17.9 \\ & 44.0 \end{aligned}$ | 46.1 | 45.0 | 51.3 | 40.5 | 43.5 | 46.5 | 50.0 | 44.4 | 41.5 | 44.7 | 48.7 | 45.2 | 49.3 | 51.2 | 52.5 | 52.3 | 47.7 | 54.8 |
| Net purchases of used autos. | 8 | -26.1 | -25.6 | -25.9 | -29.9 | -23.7 | -24.5 | -26.3 | -27.8 | -23.9 | -23.3 | -25.6 | -28.0 | -26.8 | -27.4 | -28.9 | -32.3 | -31.1 | -28.7 | -31.2 |
| Net exports of goods and services..... | $\begin{aligned} & 9 \\ & 10 \end{aligned}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} -30.0 \\ 6.1 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | -39.0 | -40.7 | -38.4 | -33.7 | -34.3 | -37.3 | -42.3 | -42.2 | -40.0 | -40.3 | -41.4 | -41.2 | -39.9 | -37.1 | -37.1 | -39.3 | -39.5 | -34.9 |
| Exports $\qquad$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 6.1 \\ 36.1 \\ 1.4 \end{array}$ | 6.3 45.3 | 7.2 47.9 | 8.7 47.1 | 6.2 39.9 | 6.5 40.9 | 6.4 43.7 | 6.1 48.5 | 6.0 48.2 | 6.5.5 | 7.6 47.9 | 6.4 47.8 | 8.3 49.5 | 8.0 48.0 | 75.9 45 | 9.5 46.7 | 9.2 48.5 | 9.7 49.2 | 9.0 43.9 |
| Govemment purchases of goods and services....................................................... | 10 11 12 |  | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.8 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1.8 |
| Change in business inventories of new and used autos....................... | 131415 | $\begin{array}{r} 4.7 \\ 4.0 \\ .7 \end{array}$ | 1.5 | 7.6 | 1.1 | 13.7 | 3.7 | 5.3 | -5.6 | 2.7 | 20.2 | 5.9 | -8.8 | 13.2 | -8.9 | . 1 | 11.3 | 1.9 | 10.5 | . 3 |
| New......................................................................................... |  |  | 1.4 | 6.8 | . 5 | 16.0 | 5.7 | 3.9 | $-9.3$ | 5.2 | 20.1 | 3.7 | -10.3 | 13.7 | -9.5 | 2.3 | 7.7 | 1.5 | 11.1 | . 1 |
| Used ..................................................................................... |  |  | 2 | . 8 | . 6 | -2.3 | -2.0 | 1.3 | 3.8 | -2.5 | . | 2.2 | 1.5 | -. 5 | .6 | -2.1 | 3.7 | . 4 | -. 5 | . 2 |
| Addenda: | 15 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Domestic output of new autos ${ }^{1}$ | 16 | 95.945.7 | 98.1 | 95.3 | 101.6 | 95.5 | 96.4 | 97.0 | 101.3 | 97.7 | 99.4 | 93.3 | 90.5 | 98.1 | 89.7 | 103.0 | 105.9 | 107.6 | 106.9 | 108.6 |
| Sales of imported new autos ${ }^{2}$............................................................. |  |  | 55.4 | 55.1 | 60.8 | 47.8 | 49.2 | 52.9 | 58.7 | 60.7 | 49.6 | 54.0 | 59.9 | 56.8 | 62.3 | 62.0 | 60.2 | 58.5 | 57.2 | 60.0 |

1. Consists of final sales and change in business inventories of new autos assembled in the United States.
2. Consists of personal consumption expenditures, producers' durable equipment, and government purchases.

Table 1.18.-Auto Output in Constant Doliars
[Billions of 1982 dollars]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1985 | 1986 |  |  |  | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  | 1989 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | IV | 1 | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | 1 | II |
| Auto output. | 1 | 106.5 | 106.4 | 101.7 | 108.9 | 104.8 | 104.5 | 106.4 | 107.9 | 106.7 | 104.1 | 99.2 | 99.4 | 104.0 | 99.4 | 111.9 | 114.4 | 110.1 | $\begin{aligned} & 110.9 \\ & 103.2 \end{aligned}$ | $112.3$$111.9$ |
| Final sales. | 2 | 102.7 | 106.7 | 95.6 | 108.6 | 92.7 | 101.9 | 103.1 | 116.0 | 105.6 | 87.0 | 94.8 | 107.4 | 93.3 | 107.9 | 1119.9 | $\begin{aligned} & 105.0 \\ & 113.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\left.\begin{aligned} & 109.5 \\ & 117.9 \end{aligned} \right\rvert\,$ |  |  |
| Personal consumption expenditures. |  | 102.7 1093 | 118.9 | 108.8 |  | 104.1 |  |  |  | $\left.\begin{array}{\|} 1050.3 \\ 120.3 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | 101.673.5 | $\begin{array}{r} 94.8 \\ 107.3 \\ 795 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 107.4 \\ & 119.4 \\ & 889 \end{aligned}$ |  | 117.2 |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{1 0 3 . 2} \\ & 113.8 \end{aligned}$ | 115.682.3 |
| New autos............................ | 5 | 80.428.9 | 88.430.6 | 79.529.3 |  | 74.329.8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 86.0 \\ & 31.2 \end{aligned}$ | 84.834.4 | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 8.7 \\ 31.7 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | 84.6 | 81.6 |  |
| Net purchases of used autos... |  |  |  |  | 84.4 32.7 |  | 30.5 | 29.9 | 30.2 | 31.6 | 28.1 | $\begin{array}{r} 79.5 \\ 27.9 \\ \hline 1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 68.9 .5 \\ & 30.5 \end{aligned}$ | 30.8 |  |  |  | 33.4 | 32.2 | 82.3 33.3 |
| Producers' durable equipment.... | 6 | 19.3 | 18.3 | 38.3 | 42.8 | 17.0 | 39.2 | $\begin{array}{r} 18.4 \\ 41.2 \\ -22.8 \end{array}$ |  |  | 15.0 | 16.3 | $\begin{aligned} & 17.8 \\ & 41.3 \end{aligned}$ | 15.738.1 | 18.941.5 | $\begin{aligned} & 18.9 \\ & 42.9 \end{aligned}$ | 17.3 | 18.1 | 16.239.0 | 19.744.7 |
| New autos......................... | 8 | $\begin{array}{r} 40.5 \\ -21.2 \end{array}$ | 40.6 |  |  | 36.8 |  |  | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 43.8 \\ -24.6 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 38.3 \\ -21.3 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{array}{r} 35.7 \\ -20.7 \end{array}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 38.2 \\ -21.9 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ |  |  |  |  |  | -26.4 $-25.1-22.8$ |  |  |  |
| Net purchases of used autos....... Net exports of goods and services. |  | -21.2 | -22.3 -31.9 | $-22.1$ | -24.5 | -19.8 -29.7 | -20.5 -29.3 | -22.8 | -24.6 | -21.3 | -20.7 -30.8 | -21.9 -30.3 | -23.5 | -22.4 | -22.7 | -24.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exports................................ | 101112 | $\begin{array}{r} 5.4 \\ 32.6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5.4 \\ 37.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -30.0 \\ 66.8 \\ 36.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -20.1 \\ 75.1 \\ 35.2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -29.5 \\ 55.5 \\ 3.2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -29.3 \\ 55.1 \\ 35.1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -50.9 \\ 5.5 \\ 36.5 \\ 1.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -4.5 \\ 59.5 \\ 39.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 35.0 \\ 58.0 \\ 38 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -30.0 \\ 56.5 \\ 36.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6.4 \\ 36.6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5.1 \\ 56.5 \\ 36 . \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6.8 \\ 37.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 67.0 \\ 66.4 \end{array}$ | 6.5 | 7.835.2 | $\begin{array}{r} -67.9 \\ 75.5 \\ 35.4 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 7.8 \\ 36.1 \end{array}$ | 32.2 |
| Impors.. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Government purchases of goods and services. |  | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.5 |
| Change in business inventories of new and used autos... | $\begin{aligned} & 13 \\ & 14 \\ & 15 \end{aligned}$ | 3.83.2 | $\begin{array}{r} -.3 \\ -.5 \\ .2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6.1 \\ 5.4 \\ .7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} .4 \\ -.1 \\ .5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{1 2 . 1} \\ & 14.0 \\ & -2.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2.6 \\ 4.2 \\ -1.7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.2 \\ & 2.0 \\ & 1.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -8.1 \\ -11.5 \\ 3.4 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1.1 \\ 3.1 \\ -2.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 17.2 \\ 17.1 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.4 \\ & 2.5 \\ & 1.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -8.0 \\ -9.2 \\ 1.2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 10.7 \\ 11.1 \\ -.4 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -8.5 \\ -8.9 \\ .4 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 \\ 1.8 \\ -1.8 \end{gathered}$ | 9.4 | .6.3.3 | 7.78.2-.5 | .4.3.1 |
| New............................................................. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6.42.42.9 |  |  |  |
| Used. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Addenda: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Domestic ourput of new autos ${ }^{1}$.................................................... | $\begin{aligned} & 16 \\ & 17 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 87.7 \\ & 42.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 85.3 \\ & 48.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 81.1 \\ & 46.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 84.5 \\ & 50.7 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 85.246.9 | 51.5 | 83.6 | 85.842.6 | 46.1 | 50.7 | 47.9 | 75.152.4 | 52.0 | 50.1 | 48.3 | 86.9 | 88.4 |
| Sales of imported new autos ${ }^{2}$...................................... |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ou.0.0 } \\ & 43.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 86.6 \\ & 44.4 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 52.4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 46.7 49.0 |  |

1. Consists of final sales and change in business inventories of new autos assembled in the United States.
2. Consists of personal consumption expenditures, producers' durable equipment, and govemment purchases.

Table 1.19.-Truck Output
[Billions of dollars]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1985 | 1986 |  |  |  | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  | 1989 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | IV | 1 | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | 1 | II | III | IV | I | II |
| Truck output ${ }^{1 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~}$ | 1 | 56.3 | 55.5 | 59.7 | 66.3 | 58.9 | 54.2 | 57.4 | 55.8 | 54.5 | 58.5 | 58.4 | 57.6 | 64.1 | 64.9 | 65.2 | 63.8 | 71.2 | 70.3 | 68.3* |
| Final sales ........................................................................................ | 2 | 56.1 | 55.0 | 58.3 | 65.9 | 56.8 | 50.3 | 55.3 | 60.3 | 54.2 | 53.5 | 58.4 | 60.5 | 61.0 | 65.8 | 65.1 | 65.9 | 67.0 | 65.5 | 65.7 |
| Personal consumption expenditures.................................................. | 3 | 23.9 | 26.0 | 27.7 | 29.2 | 23.9 | 22.4 | 25.6 | 30.5 | 25.5 | 25.7 | 28.7 | 28.4 | 27.7 | 29.0 | 28.9 | 29.1 | 29.8 | 30.3 | 30.2 |
| Producers' durable equipment........................................................ | 4 | 33.0 | 30.8 | 32.6 | 36.7 | 34.5 | 30.1 | 31.3 | 32.4 | 29.4 | 30.1 | 32.9 | 33.6 | 33.9 | 35.7 | 35.8 | 36.6 | 38.9 | 35.7 | 35.8 |
| Net exports of goods and services.................................................. | 5 | -6.7 | -7.1 | -6.6 | -5.6 | -7.5 | $-7.5$ | -7.0 | -7.8 | -5.8 | -7.1 | -7.5 | -6.4 | -5.5 | -5.0 | -5.3 | -5.3 | -6.9 | -6.3 | -5.7 |
| Exports ....................................................................................-- | 6 | 2.7 9.4 | 3.0 10.1 | 3.7 10.3 | 3.8 | 3.0 10.5 | 2.9 10.4 | 3.5 10.6 | 2.7 10.5 | 3.1 8.9 | 3.7 10.8 | 3.5 11.0 | 3.4 <br> 9.8 | 4.2 | 4.1 9.1 | 3.7 9.0 | 3.9 | 3.7 | 3.9 | 3.4 |
|  | 7 | 9.4 5.9 | 10.1 5.3 | 10.3 4.7 | 9.5 5.7 | 10.5 5.9 | $\begin{array}{r}10.4 \\ 5 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 10.6 5.4 | 10.5 5.3 | 8.9 5.1 | 10.8 4.8 | 11.0 4.2 | 9.8 4.8 | 9.7 4.9 | 9.1 | 9.0 5.7 | 9.2 | 10.5 5.2 | 10.2 5.8 | 9.1 5.4 |
| Change in business inventories... | 9 | 2 | . 5 | 1.3 | 4 | 2.1 | 3.9 | 2.1 | -4.5 | . 3 | 5.0 | 0 | -2.8 | 3.2 | -. 8 | . 1 | -2.1 | 4.2 | 4.8 | 2.6 |

1. Includes new trucks only.

Table 1.20.-Truck Output in Constant Dollars
[Billions of 1982 dollars]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1985 | 1986 |  |  |  | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  | 1989 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Iv | 1 | II | III | Iv | I | 1 | III | IV | 1 | II | HI | IV | 1 | 11 |
| Truck output ${ }^{1 . . . . . .}$ | 1 | 50.9 | 47.8 | 50.9 | 55.7 | 52.2 | 47.7 | 49.9 | 47.2 | 46.3 | 49.8 | 49.9 | 49.1 | 54.7 | 55.2 | 55.4 | 53.8 | 58.3 | 57.0 | 55.5 |
| Final sales................... | 2 | 50.7 | 47.4 | 49.8 | 55.3 | 50.3 | 44.3 | 48.1 | 51.0 | 46.0 | 45.6 | 50.0 | 51.5 | 52.0 | 55.8 | 55.3 | 55.3 | 54.9 | 53.3 | 53.5 |
| Personal conssumption expend................. | 3 4 4 | 21.6 29.6 | 22.5 | 23.5 | 24.6 | 21.3 305 | 19.8 | 22.2 | 26.2 | ${ }_{21}^{21.8}$ | ${ }_{22}^{22.0}$ | 24.5 | 24.2 | 23.4 | 24.5 304 | 24.4 | 24.5 | 24.8 3 | 24.8 | 24.7 |
|  | 4 | ${ }_{-6.0}^{29.8}$ | ${ }_{-6.3}^{26.6}$ | ${ }_{-5.7}^{27 .}$ | -4.7 | ${ }_{-6.7}^{30.5}$ | ${ }_{-6.6}^{26.4}$ | ${ }_{-6.1}^{27.2}$ | ${ }_{-7.6}^{27.9}$ | ${ }_{-5.0}^{24.9}$ | ${ }_{-6.1}^{25.7}$ | ${ }_{-6.4}^{28.2}$ | ${ }_{-5.5}^{28.6}$ | ${ }_{-4.7}^{29.1}$ | 30.4 -4.3 | 30.5 -4.5 | - 30.7 | - 31.6 | ${ }_{-5.1}^{29.0}$ | ${ }_{-4.6}$ |
|  | 6 | 2.5 | 2.6 |  | 3.2 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 3.1 | 2.3 | 2.6 | 3.2 | 3.0 | 2.9 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.1 | 3.3 | 3.0 | 3.2 | 2.8 |
| Impors............................................................................................................... | 7 | 8.5 | 9.0 | 8.8 | 7.9 | 9.3 | 9.1 | 9.2 | 9.9 | 7.6 | 9.2 | 9.4 | 8.4 | 8.3 | 7.8 | 7.7 | 7.7 | 8.7 | 8.3 | 7.4 |
|  | 8 | 5.3 | 4.6 | 4.0 | 4.7 | 5.2 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 4.6 | 4.3 | 4.1 | 3.6 | 4.1 | 4.2 | 5.2 | 4.9 | 4.6 | 4.2 | 4.7 | 4.4 |
| Change in business inventories.. | 9 | . 2 | . 4 | 1.1 | . 3 | 1.9 | 3.4 | 1.8 | -3.9 | . 2 | 4.2 | 0 | -2.4 | 2.6 | -. 7 | . 2 | -1.6 | 3.3 | 3.7 | 2.0 |

I. Includes new trucks only.

Table 1.21.-Farm Sector Output, Gross Product, and National Income

| [Billions of dollars] |
| :--- |
|  |

Table 1.22.-Farm Sector Output, Gross Product, and National Income in Constant Dollars

| Constant Dollars |
| :--- |
| [Billions of 1982 dollars] |

Table 1.23.-Housing Sector Output, Gross Product, and National Income

| [Billions of dollars] |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 |
| Housing output ${ }^{1}$. | 1 | 387.4 | 417.8 | 449.7 | 481.5 |
| Nonfarm housing. | 2 | 376.4 | 408.0 | 440.6 | 472.0 |
| Owner-occupied. | 3 | 272.7 | 293.7 | 317.1 | 339.3 |
| Tenant-occupied... | 4 | 103.8 | 114.3 | 123.5 | 132.7 |
| Farm housing.......... | 5 | 10.9 | 9.7 | 9.1 | 9.5 |
| Less: Intermediate goods and services consumed ${ }^{2}$..... | 6 | 63.4 | 66.8 | 70.4 | 72.2 |
| Equals: Gross housing product | 7 | 323.9 | 351.0 | 379.3 | 409.3 |
| Nonfarm housing. | 8 | 315.3 | 343.1 | 371.8 | 401.5 |
| Owner-occupied., | 9 | 233.2 | 251.7 | 272.5 | 292.8 |
| Tenant-occupied.... | 10 | 82.0 | 91.4 | 99.3 | 108.6 |
| Farm housing......... | 11 | 8.6 | 7.9 | 7.5 | 7.8 |
| Less: Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment. | 12 | 95.7 | 99.5 | 107.2 | 113.8 |
| Capital consumption allowances. | 13 | 44.5 | 48.1 | 52.5 | 56.9 |
| Less: Capital consumption adjustment. | 14 | -51.3 | -51.3 | -54.7 | -56.9 |
| Indirect business tax and nontax liability plus business transfer payments. | 15 | 63.8 | 68.2 | 72.1 | 77.8 |
| Plus: Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises................ | 16 | 9.5 | 10.0 | 10.9 | 11.6 |
| Equals: Housing national income. | 17 | 174.0 | 193.3 | 210.9 | 229.2 |
| Compensation of employees.. | 18 | 3.2 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 4.0 |
| Proprietors' income with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjusments. | 19 | 7.1 | 7.8 | 8.0 | 9.7 |
| Rental income of persons with capital consumption adjustment. | 20 | -15.8 | $-9.0$ | -5.5 | -3.6 |
| Corporate profits with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments. | 21 | 3.7 175.8 | 3.8 1872 | 4.1 200.6 | 4.7 214.4 |

1. Equals personal consumption expenditures for housing less expenditures for other housing as shown in 2. Equals intermediate goods and services consumed less the value of losses incurted by lenders due to mortgage defaults.

Table 1.24.-Housing Sector Output, Gross Product, and National Income in Constant Dollars
[Billions of 1982 dollars]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Housing output ${ }^{1}$. | 1 | 328.8 | 335.2 | 344.9 | 352.1 |
| Nonfarm housing. | 2 | 317.0 | 323.8 | 333.8 | 341.3 |
| Owner-occupied. | 3 | 230.8 | 234.5 | 241.4 | 245.7 |
| Tenant-occupied. | 4 | 86.3 | 89.4 | 92.4 | 95.6 |
| Farm housing............... | 5 | 11.7 | 11.4 | 11.1 | 10.8 |
| Less: Intermediate goods and services consumed ${ }^{2}$... | 6 | 53.9 | 53.6 | 54.0 | 52.9 |
| Equals: Gross housing product. | 7 | 274.9 | 281.6 | 290.9 | 299.2 |
| Nonfarm housing.. | 8 | 265.6 | 272.4 | 281.8 | 290.3 |
| Owner-occupied... | 9 | 197.4 | 201.0 | 207.5 | 212.0 |
| Tenant-occupied.. | 10 | 68.2 | 71.4 | 74.3 | 78.3 |
| Farm housing......................................................... | 11 | 9.3 | 9.2 | 9.1 | 8.9 |
| Less: Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment. | 12 | 88.6 | 89.9 | 92.8 | 95.6 |
| Indirect business tax and nontax liability plus business transfer payments. | 13 | 55.2 | 56.6 | 58.6 | 60.3 |
| Plus: Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises............... | 14 | 7.3 | 7.5 | 7.7 | 7.9 |
| Equals: Howsing national income. | 15 | 138.3 | 142.5 | 147.2 | 151.2 |

1. Equals personal consumption expenditures for housing less expenditures for other housing as shown in
tabie 2.5 . 2. Equals intermediate goods and services consumed less the value of losses incurred by lenders due to mortgage defaults.

## 2. Personal Income and Outlays

Table 2.1.-Personal Income and Its Disposition
[Billions of dollars]


Note.-Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.

Table 2.2.-Personal Consumption Expenditures by Major Type of Product
[Billions of dollars]


1. See the box on page 21 of the July 1989 Survey of Current Business.

Table 2.3.-Personal Consumption Expenditures by Major Type of Product in Constant Dollars
[Billions of 1982 dollars]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1985 \\ \hline \text { IV } \end{gathered}$ | 1986 |  |  |  | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  | 1989 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | I | II | III | Iv | 1 | II | III | IV | I | II | III | Iv | 1 | II |
| Personal consumption expenditures ${ }^{\text {- }}$... | 12345 | $\|2,354,8\|$ | 2,446.4 | 2,513.7 | 2,598.4 | 2,386.9 | 2,410.9 | 2,432.4 | 2,464.4 | 2,477.8 | 2,478.3 | 2,507.7 |  | 2,532.3 | 2,570.8 | 2,586.8 | 2,608.1 | 2,627.7 | $\begin{array}{\|r\|} 2,641.0 \\ 410.3 \end{array}$ | 2,648.2 |
| Durable goods.. |  |  | 384.4 | 389.6 | 413.6 | 356.4 | 363.7 | 374.5 | 401.9 | 397.5 | 376.1 | 389.3 | 403.8 | 389.4 | 408.4 | 414.8 | 410.7 | 420.5 |  | 423.8 |
| Motor vehicles and parts $\qquad$ Furniture and household equipment |  | 164.4 131.0 | 176.2 142.9 | 168.8 152.3 | 179.2 164.8 | 158.9 136.6 | 164.3 137.4 | 170.7 | 191.3 | 1787.4 | 1498.1 | 168.5 151.3 | 181.0 154.1 | 167.2 154.7 | 179.1 160.4 | 180.9 165.4 | 176.2 165.3 |  | 176.1 174.8 | 177.2 177.9 |
| Other .......................................................... |  | 59.7 | 65.3 | 68.5 | 69.6 | 61.0 | 62.1 | 62.4 | 65.4 | 71.4 | 68.3 | 69.5 | 68.7 | 67.4 | 68.9 | 68.5 | 69.2 | 71.8 | 68.4 | 68.7 |
| Nondurable goods... | 6 | 847.4 | 878.1 | 890.4 | 904.5 | 858.3 | 870.1 | 879.8 | 879.1 | 883.5 | 887.7 | 889.0 | 891.8 | 892.9 | 896.6 | 899.2 | 910.3 | 912.0 | 915.0 | 905.8 |
| Food... | 7 | 435.5 | 447.1 | 452.7 | 460.0 | 441.0 | 446.6 | 448.7 | 444.5 | 448.7 | 452.6 | 451.2 | 452.8 | 454.1 | 456.3 | 459.8 | 461.9 | 462.1 | 466.0 | 458.6 |
| Clothing and shoes. | 8 | 147.2 | 157.4 | 159.6 | 161.3 | 149.9 | 153.9 | 159.2 | 158.3 | 158.0 | 159.6 | 157.6 | 161.2 | 159.9 | 159.6 | 157.1 | 164.1 | 164.6 | 165.0 | 16.5 |
|  | ${ }^{9}$ | 94.4 170.3 | 97.5 | 195.9 18 | ${ }_{186.1}^{97.1}$ | ${ }^{94.5}$ | 96.8 172.8 | 174.1 | 1779.5 | 97.7 179.1 | 96.1 179.4 | 97.2 <br> 183.0 | 95.2 1826 | 195.2 | 195.6 | 97.3 <br> 1850 | 187.4 <br> 187 | 98.2 187.2 | 197.6 | 195.6 |
| Other nondurable goods. | 11 | 19.6 | 22.0 | 23.0 | 25.4 | 20.5 | 20.3 | 21.5 | 22.8 | 23.3 | 22.2 | 23.1 | 22.6 | 24,0 | ${ }^{15.0}$ | 24.7 | 185.3 | 26.6 | 24.0 | 186.0 25.2 |
| Other........... | 12 | 150.7 | 154.2 | 159.2 | 160.7 | 152.5 | 152.5 | 153.4 | 155,1 | 155.8 | 157.2 | 159.9 | 160.0 | 159,6 | 160.1 | 160.3 | 161.7 | 160.5 | 162.4 | 160.9 |
| Services ${ }^{1}$.. | 13 | 1,152.3 | 1,183.8 | 1,233.7 | 1,280.2 | 1,172.2 | 1,177.1 | 1,178.0 | 1,183.4 | 1,196.8 | 1,214.5 | 1,229.5 | 1,240.9 | 1,250.0 | 1,265.9 | 1,272.8 | 1,287.0 | 1,295.2 | 1,306.7 | 1,318.5 |
| Housing. | 14 | 341.7 | 348.2 | 358.4 | 366.1 | 344.4 | 346.3 | 346.8 | 348.6 | 351.0 | 354.7 | 357.5 | 359.6 | 361.7 | 364.0 | 365.6 | 366.8 | 368.0 | 369.6 | 371.5 |
| Household operation. | 15 | 151.6 | 151.9 | 156.7 | 164.1 | 153.9 | 150.2 | 151.5 | 152.6 | 153.3 | 153.2 | 157.5 | 158.6 | 157.5 | 162.1 | 162.4 | 166.3 | 165.7 | 163.4 | 164.5 |
| Electricity and gas.... | ${ }_{17}^{16}$ | 77.5 | 76.5 | 78.8 | 82.8 81.3 | 79.1 <br> 74.8 | 75.2 | 76.2 | 77.0 | 77.6 | 76.6 | 87.0 775 | 80.1 78.5 | 78.7 | 888 | 88.8 | 84.0 | 83.3 | 80.7 | 88.5 |
| Transporation... | 18 | 82.1 | 86.2 | 89.6 | 94.5 | 83.8 | 85.0 | 85.4 | 86.9 | 87.4 | 88.0 | 89.3 | 90.1 | 90.8 | 92.5 | 93.9 | 95.2 | 96.2 | 96.3 | 96.7 |
| Medical care... | 19 | 240.9 | 251.5 | 266.8 | 278.2 | 245.2 | 247.7 | 249.6 | 252.4 | 256.5 | 261.0 | 265.6 | 269.1 | 271.6 | 273.3 | 275.6 | 279.9 | 283.9 | 289.0 | 292.2 |
| Other ${ }^{\text {... }}$ | 20 | 336.0 | 346.0 | 362.3 | 377.4 | 344.9 | 347.9 | 344.7 | 342.9 | 348.6 | 357.6 | 359.6 | 363.5 | 368.3 | 374.0 | 375.4 | 378.8 | 381.3 | 388.3 | 393.5 |

1. See the box on page 21 of the July 1989 Survey of Current Business.

Table 2.4.-Personal Consumption Expenditures by Type of Expenditure
[Billions of dollars]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 |  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Personal consumption expenditures ${ }^{1}$. | 1 | 2,629,0 | 2,797.4 | 3,010.8 | 3,235.1 | Personal business................................................................... | 55 | 169.9 | 192.5 | 223.2 | 234.4 |
| Food and tobacco ............................................................. | 2 | 503.8 | 533.6 | 564.8 | 596.6 | Brokerage charges and investment counseling (s) | 56 | 14.8 | 19.7 130 | 20.5 | 17.6 |
| Food purchased for off-premise consumption (n.d) | 3 | 322,7 | 339.1 | 353.7 | 372.6 | (s.). |  |  |  |  |  |
| Purchased meals and beverages ${ }^{2}$ (n,d.). | 4 | 139.9 | 151.6 | 165.5 | 176.6 | Services furnished without payment by financial intermediaries | 58 | 60.2 | 71.2 | 88.5 | 91.1 |
| Food furnished employees (including military) (n.d.) | 5 | 8.0 | 8.5 | 9.1 | 9.7 | except life insurance carriers and private noninsured pension |  |  |  |  |  |
| Food produced and consumed on farms (n.d.).... | 6 | 9 | . 9 | 8 | . 8 | plans (s.). |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tobacco products (n.d.) .............................. | 7 | 32.2 | 33.6 | 35.6 | 36.9 | Expense of handling life insurance ${ }^{18}$ | 59 | 35.8 28.0 | 37.0 30.9 | 42.3 34.9 | 35.4 |
| Addenda: Food excluding alcoholic beverages (n.d.) .................... | 8 | 415.6 | 440.8 | 468.2 | 497.3 | Funeral and burial expenses (s.) | 61 | 6.3 | 6.6 | 7.0 | 7.6 |
| Alcoholic beverages purchased for off-premise | 9 | 35.1 | 36.6 | 37.2 | 37.9 | Other ${ }^{19}$ (s.) ............ | 62 | 13.1 | 14.1 | 15.5 | 17.6 |
| Other alcoholic beverages ( n . d ). | 10 | 20.9 | 22.7 | 23.8 | 24.4 | Transportation | 63 | 359.5 | 366.3 | 377.1 | 406.4 |
| Clothing, accessories, and jewelry................................................. | 11 | 193.3 | 207.2 | 220.5 | 234.2 | User-operated transportation | 64 | 330.1 | 335.9 | 343.4 | 369.7 |
| Shoes (n.d.)................................................................................. | 12 | 22.9 | 24.3 | 25.7 | 26.8 | New autos (d.) Net purchases o | 65 | 87.4 35.1 | $\begin{array}{r}100.3 \\ 35.8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 93.5 38.2 | 101.2 43.0 |
| Clothing and accessories except shoes ${ }^{3}$ |  | 133.4 | 142.4 | 151.4 | 160.0 | Other motor vehicles (d.) | 67 | 31.3 | 33.6 | 35.1 | 36.1 |
| Women's and children's (n.d.). | 13 | 89.5 | 96.0 | 101.8 | 107.5 | Tires, tubes, accessories, and other parts (d.) | 68 | 25.2 | 26.5 | 28.7 | 31.3 |
| Men's and boys' (n.d.) | 15 | 43.9 | 46.3 | 49.5 | 52.4 | Repair, greasing, washing, parking, storage, and rental (s.) | 69 | 49.1 | 52.0 | 55.5 | 62.5 |
| Standard clothing issued to military personnel (n.d) | . 17 |  | . 1 | . 1 | . 1 | Gasoline and oil (n.d.) ........................................... | 70 | 90.6 | 73.5 | 75.2 | 76.8 |
| Cleaning, storage, and repair of clothing and shoes (s.) |  | 8.8 | 9.2 | 9.8 | 11.0 | Bridge, tunnel, ferry, and road tolls (s.). | 71 | 1.4 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 2.0 |
| Jewelry and watches (d.). | 171819 | 20.5 | 22.8 | 24.2 | 25.1 | Insurance premiums less claims paid (s.). | 72 | 9.9 | 12.6 | 15.4 | 16.8 |
| Other ${ }^{4}$ (s.) ...................... |  | 7.6 | 8.5 | 9.4 | 11.4 | Purchased local transportation. | 73 | 7.2 | 7.8 | 8.2 | 8.4 |
| Personal care | 20 | 38.8 | 41.4 | 44.4 | 48.5 | Transit systems (s.). | 74 | 3.6 | 3.9 | 4.0 | 4.1 3.8 |
| Toilet articles and preparations (n.d.) $\qquad$ Barbershops, beaury parlors, baths, and health ciubs (s.). $\qquad$ | $\begin{aligned} & 21 \\ & 22 \end{aligned}$ | 23.1 | 24.6 | 26.2 | 27.9 | Railway (commutation) (s.) | 76 | 5 | . 6 | . | . 5 |
|  |  | 15.7 | 16.8 | 18.2 | 20.7 | Purchased intercity transportation | 77 | 22.2 | 22.6 | 25.5 | 28.2 |
| Housing ................................................................................ | 23 | 403.0 | 434.2 | 467.7 | 501.3 | Railway (excluding commutation) Bus (s.).............................. | 78 79 | 1.2 | .7 1.1 | 1.7 | . 8 |
| Owner-occupied nonfarn dwellings-space rent ${ }^{s}$ (s.) Tenant-occupied nonfarm dwellings--rent ${ }^{6}$ (s.) | $24$ | 272.7 | 293.7 | 317.1 | 339.3 | Airline (s.) | 80 | 18.5 | 18.8 | 21.2 | 23.3 |
|  | 25 | 103.8 | 114.3 | 123.5 | 132.7 | Other ${ }^{20}$ (s.) | 81 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 2.5 |
| Rental value of farm dweilings (s.) | 2627 | 10.9 | 9.7 | 9.1 | 9.5 | Recreation. | 82 | 185.7 | 201.2 | 224.5 | 246.8 |
| Other ${ }^{7}$ (s.) |  | 5.7 | 16.4 | 18.0 | 19.8 | s and maps | 83 | 8.1 | 8.6 | 9.4 | 98 |
| Household operation ............................................................... | 28 | 334.1 | 347.5 | 363.0 | 386.4 | Magazines, newspapers, and sheet music (n.d.) | 84 | 13.2 | 13.9 | 15.2 | 16.0 |
| Furniture, including matresses and bedsprings (d.). | 2930 | 28.0 | 30.4 | 31.7 | 33.5 | Nondurable toys and sport supplies (n.d.).................... | 85 | 21.1 | 23.1 | 26.2 | 28.1 |
| Kitchen and other household appliances ${ }^{\text {² }}$ (d.). |  | 23.7 | 25.5 | 26.7 | 28.4 | Wheel goods, durable toys, sports equipment, boats, and pleasure aircraft (d) | 86 | 26.7 | 29.7 | 33.7 | 36.5 |
| China, glassware, tableware, and utensils (d.) | $\begin{aligned} & 30 \\ & 31 \end{aligned}$ | 13.0 | 14.3 | 15.0 | 15.7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other durable house furnishings ${ }^{9}$ (d.) ... | 32 | 28.2 | 30.6 | 33.2 | 35.6 | Radio and television receivers, records, and musical instruments <br> (d.). | 87 | 37.0 | 38.8 | 42.5 | 48.8 |
| Semidurable house furnishings ${ }^{19}$ ( n . $\mathrm{d}_{\text {, }}$ ) | 3334 | 14.0 | 15.2 | 15.8 | 16.6 | Radio and television repair ( $\mathrm{s}_{\text {r }}$ ). | 88 | 3.2 | 3.3 | 3.7 | 3.9 |
| Cleaning and polishing preparations, and miscellaneous household supplies and paper products (n.d). |  | 26.4 | 27.8 | 29.1 | 30.8 | Flowers, seeds, and potted plants (n.d.) | 89 | 5.5 | 5.8 | 6.6 | 6.8 |
|  | 34 |  |  |  |  | Admissions to specified spectator amusements.. | 90 | 9.5 | 10.2 | 11.3 | 11.9 |
| Stationery and writing supplies (n.d.). <br> Household utilities. | 35 | $\begin{array}{r}7.0 \\ \hline 124\end{array}$ | 7.2 1224 | 8.1 1263 | 8.7 | Motion picture theaters (s.) ..................... | 91 | 3.6 | 3.9 | 4.2 | 4.2 |
|  |  | 124.2 | 122.4 | 126.3 | 135.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Electricity (s.) .................................................................... | . 37 | 59.3 | 60.7 | 63.1 | 66.4 | heaters and opera, and entertainments of nonprofit institutions (except athletics) (s.). | 92 | 3.0 | 3.3 | 4.0 | 4.4 |
| Gas (s.).................................. | 38 | 29.6 16.8 | 26.6 | 25.4 20.1 | 27.3 21.9 | Spectator sports ${ }^{21}$ (s.) ................................................................. | 93 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 3.0 | 3.2 |
| Water and other sanitary services (s.) Fuel oil and coal (n.d.).............. | $\begin{aligned} & 39 \\ & 40 \end{aligned}$ | 16.8 18.5 | 18.5 | 17.6 | $\underline{19.5}$ | Clubs and fraternal organizations except insurance ${ }^{22}$ (s.......................... | 94 | 4.8 | 5.0 | 5.5 | 5.9 |
| Fuel oil and coal (n.d.) | $\begin{aligned} & 40 \\ & 41 \end{aligned}$ | 40.4 | 16.7 | 44.1 | 47.1 | Commercial participant amusements ${ }^{23}$ (s.) ..... | 95 | 15.1 | 16.0 | 17.1 | 18.9 |
| Telephone and telegraph | 41 | 9.4 | 9.5 | 9.6 | 9.8 | Parimutuel net receipts (s.). | 96 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 2.8 |
| Other ${ }^{1}$ (s.)...... | 43 | 19.8 | 21.7 | 23.5 | 25.1 | Other ${ }^{24}$ (s.) ...................... | 97 | 38.9 | 44.1 | 50.6 | 57.5 |
| Medical care.......................................................................... | 44 | 327.5 | 357.6 | 399.3 | 443.0 | Private education and research | 98 | 43.3 | 46.6 | 51.1 | 58.0 |
| Drug preparations and sundries ${ }^{12}$ (n.d.) $\qquad$ <br> Ophthaimic products and orthopedic appliances (d.). $\qquad$ | 45 | 28.1 | 30.2 | 32.3 | 34.5 | Higher education ${ }^{25}$ (s.). | 99 | 15.7 | 16.9 | 17.9 | 19.3 |
|  |  | 7.9 | 9.0 | 9.3 | 10.2 | Elementary and secondary schools ${ }^{25}$ (s.) ... | 100 | 13.8 | 14.5 | 15.6 | 16.9 |
| Ophthaimic products and orthopedic appliances (d.) <br> Physicians (s.) | 47 | 73.5 | 80.6 | 93.8 | 105.0 | Other ${ }^{26}$ (s.) ................. | 101 | 13.7 | 15.3 | 17.6 | 21.8 |
|  | 48 | 21.5 | 22.8 | 25.0 | 27.0 54.3 |  | 102 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 49 | 34.7 1402 | 40.2 | 46.6 | 54.3 | Religious and |  | 57.1 | 62.9 | 68.2 | 76.1 |
| Privately controlled hospitals and sanitariums ${ }^{14}$ (s.) ..................... | 51 | 21.6 | 22.4 | 25.9 | 129.8 | Foreign travel and other, net ${ }^{1}$ | 103 | 13.1 | 6.5 | 7.0 | 3.2 |
| Medical care and hospitalization ${ }^{15}$ (s.) <br> Income loss ${ }^{16}$ (s.). <br> Workers' compensation ${ }^{17}$ (s.) | $\begin{array}{\|l} 52 \\ 53 \\ 54 \end{array}$ | 17.7 | 18.5 | 20.6 | 24.3 | Foreign travel by U.S. residents ${ }^{28}$ (s.) | 104 | 22.9 | 29.4 | 33.2 | 36.1 |
|  |  | 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 2.7 | Expenditures abroad by U.S. residents (n.d.). | 105 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 4.2 | 3.7 |
|  |  | 1.7 | 1.5 | 2.7 | 2.7 | Less: Expenditures in the United States by foreigners ${ }^{29}$ (s.) | 106 | 13.3 | 26.4 | 30.0 | 33.7 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Less: Personal remittances in kind to forcigners (n.d.). | 107 | . | . 5 | . | . 5 |

1. See footnotes 28 and 29 ,
2. Consists of purchases (in
3. Consists of purchases (including tips) of meals and beverages from retail, service, and amusement establishments, hotels, dining and buffet cars, schools, school fraternities, institutions, clubs, and industrial lunchrooms.
4. Consists of watch, clock, and jeweiry repairs, costume and dress suit rental, and miscellaneous personal services related to clothing.
5. Consists of rent for space and for heating and plumbing facilities, water heaters, lighting fixures, kitchen cabinets, linoleum, storm windows and doors, window screens, and screen doors, but excludes rent for appliances, fumiture, fuel, and electricity:
6. Consists of
7. Consists of refrigerators and freezers, cooking ranges, dishwashers, laundry equipment, stoves, air conditioners, sewing machines, vacuum cleaners, and orther appliances.
9 . Includes such house furnishings as floor coverings, comforters,
8. Includes such house furnishings as floor coverings, comforters, quilts, blankets, pillows, picture frames,
mirrors, art products, portable lamps, and clocks. Also includes writing equipment and hand, power, and garden tools.
9. Consists largely of textile house furnishings including piece goods allocated to house furnishing use. Also includes lamp shades, brooms, and brushes.
expenses, postage and express charges, premiums for fire and house fumishings, moving and warehouse expenses, postage and express charges, premiums for
10. Excludes drug preparations and related products dispensed by physicians, hospitals, and other medical
services.
services.
11. Consists of osteopathic physicians, chiropractors, private duty nurses, chiropodists, podiarrists, and others providing health and allied services, not elsewhere classified.
12. Consists of (1) current expenditures (including capital consumption allowances with capital consump-
tion adjustment) of nonprofit hospitals, sanitariums, and nursing homes, and (2) payments by patients to proprietary hospitals, sanitariums, and nursing homes.
13. Consists of (1) premiums, less benefits and dividends, for health, hospitalization, and accidental death and dismemberment insurance provided by commercial insurance carriers, and (2) administrative expenses including capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adju
Shield plans and of other independent prepaid and self-insured health plans
14. Consists of premiums, less benefits and dividends, for income loss insurance.
15. Consists of premiums, less benefits and dividends, for privately administered workers' compensation.
16. Consists of (1) operating expenses of life insurance carriers and private noninsured pension plans, and
(2) premiums, less benefits and dividends, of fraternal benefit societies. Excludes expenses allocated by (2) premiums, less benefits and dividends, of frat
17. Consists of current expenditures (including capital consumption allowances with capital consumption
adjustment) of trade unions and professional associations, employment agency fees, money order fees, adjustment) of trade unions and professional associations, employment
spending for classified advertisements, and other personal business services.
18. Consists of baggage charges, coastal and inland waterway fares, travel agents' fees, and airport bus
fares.
19. 
20. Consists of admissions to professional and amateur athletic events and to racetracks including horse, dog, and auto.
21. Consists of dues and fees excluding insurance premiums.
22. Consists of billiard pariors; bowling alleys; dancing, riding, shooting, skating, and swimming places; amusement devices and parks', goff courses; sightseeing buses and guides; private flying operations; and other commercial participant amusements.
23. Consists of net receipts of lotteries and expenditures for purchases of pets and pet care services, cable
TV, film processing, photographic studios, sporting and recreation camps, and recreational services, not TV, film processing, photographic studios, sporting and recreation camps, and recreational services, not
elsewhere classified. elsewhere classified.
24. Equals curre
25. Equals current expenditures (including capital consumption allowances with capital consumption
adjustment) less receipts-such as those from meals, rooms, and entertainments-accounted for separately in adjustment) less receipts-such as those from meals, rooms, and entertainments-accounted for separately in
consumer expenditures, and less expenditures for research and development financed under contracts or consums.
grants.
26. 
27. Consists of (1)fees paid to commercial, business, trade, and correspondence schools and for educational services, not elsewhere classified, and (2)current expenditures (including capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment) by research organizations and foundations for education and research. 27. Equals current expenditures (including capital consumption ailowances with capital consumption
adjustment) of religious, social welfare, foreign relief, and political organizations, museums, libraries, and adjustment) of religious, social welfare, foreign relief, and political organizations, museums, hararies, and
foundations. The expenditures are net of receipts-such as those from meals, rooms, and entertainmentsaccounted for separately in consumer expenditures, and excludes relief payments within the United States and expenditures by foundations for education and research.
28. Estimates beginning with 1986 incorporate new data on travel and passenger fares and cover U.S.
students' expenditures abroad. See the box on page 21 of the July 1989 SURVEY OF CCrRENT Business for sudents' expenditures abroad. See the box on page 21 of the July 1989 SURVEY or CURRENT BuSNINESS for more information about the resulting discontinuity.
29. Estimates beginning with 1986 incorporate new data on travel and passenger fares and cover foreign
students' expenditures in the United States. See the box on page 21 of the July 1989 SURVEY OF CURRENT students expenditures in the United States. See the box on pa
Business for more information about the resulting discontinuity.
Note-Consumer durable goods are designated (d.), nondurable goods (n.d.), and services (s.).

Table 2.5.-Personal Consumption Expenditures by Type of Product in Constant Dollars
[Billions of 1982 dollars]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Personal consumption expenditures '. | 1 | 2,354.8 | 2,446.4 | 2,513.7 | 2,598.4 |
| Durable goods. | 2 | 355.1 | 384.4 | 389.6 | 413.6 |
| Motor vehicles and parts. | 3 | 164.4 | 176.2 | 168.8 | 179.2 |
|  | 4 | 80.4 | 88.4 | 79.5 | 84.4 |
| Net purchases of used autos (66)........................................................................................................................ | 5 | 28.9 | 30.6 | 29.3 | 32.7 |
|  | 7 | 28.4 26.8 | 29.1 28.2 | 29.8 30.2 | 30.3 31.9 |
| Furniure and household equipment.. | 8 | 131.0 | 142.9 | 152.3 | 164.8 |
| Furniture, including matresses and bedsprings (29).................................. | 9 | 26.1 | 27.7 | 28.2 | 28.9 |
| Kitchen and other household appliances (30).... | 10 | 23.5 | 25.4 | 26.7 | 28.1 |
| China, glassware, tableware, and urensils (31)... | 11 | 12.7 | 13.6 | 13.8 | 14.3 |
| Radio and teleevision receivers, records, and musical instuments (87).................................................................. | 12 | 42.5 | 48.0 | 53.8 | 62.4 |
| Other durable house furnishings (32) ................................................................................................................ | 13 | 26.2 | 28.2 | 29.9 | 31.2 |
| Other. | 14 | 59.7 | 65.3 | 68.5 | 69.6 |
| Ophthalmic products and orthopedic appliances (46)... | 15 | 7.1 | 7.8 | 7.6 | 8.0 |
| Wheel goods, durable toys, sports equipment, boats, and pleasure aircraft (86)..... | 17 | 25.5 | ${ }_{22.3}^{28.3}$ | 31.5 22.0 | 33.0 21.3 |
|  | 18 | ${ }_{6}^{20.8}$ | 6.8 | ${ }^{22.3}$ | 7.4 |
| Nondurable goods...... | 19 | 847.4 | 878.1 | 890.4 | 904.5 |
| Food.... | 20 | 435.5 | 447.1 | 452.7 | 460.0 |
| Food purchased for off-premise consumption (3)..... | 21 | 304.5 | 311.2 | 310.2 | 314.2 |
|  | ${ }_{23}^{22}$ | 123.0 8.1 | 127.8 8.1 | 134.2 8.2 | 137.4 8.4 |
| Addenda: Food excluding alcoholic beverages(8) | 24 | 386.1 | 396.5 | 402.1 | 410.1 |
|  | 25 | ${ }^{32.3}$ | 32.4 | 32.3 | 32.2 |
| Other alcoholic beverages (10)................................................................................................ | 26 | 17.8 | 18.2 | 18.3 |  |
| Clothing and shoes | 27 | 147.2 | 157.4 | 159.6 | 161.3 |
| Shoes (12)... | 28 | 22.2 | 23.7 | 24.3 | 24.1 |
| Women's and chidren's clothing and accessories except shoes (14). Men's and boys' clothing and accesories except shoes (15+16) | 29 30 | 84.0 41.0 | 90.9 42.7 | 90.9 44.4 | 92.0 |
| Mern's and boys 'clothing and accessories except shoes ( $(5+16) . .$. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gasoline and oil (70)...... | 31 | 94.4 | 97.5 | 95.9 | 97.1 |
| Fuel oil and coal (40)................ | 32 | 19.6 | 22.0 | 23.0 | 25.4 |
| Other. | 33 | 150.7 | 154.2 | 159.2 | 160.7 |
| Tobacco products (7). | 34 | 23.9 | 23.3 | 23.1 |  |
| Toilet arricles and preparaions (21). | 35 | 20.5 | ${ }^{21.0}$ | ${ }^{21.9}$ | 22.4 |
| Semidurable house furnishings (33)... | 37 | 12.3 | 13.1 | 13.1 | 13.6 |
| Cleaning and polishing preparations, and miscellaneous household supplies and paper products (34) | 37 | 24.0 | 24.8 | 25.1 | 25.7 |
| Drug preparations and sundries (45) | 38 <br> 39 | 22.5 21.3 | 22.7 | ${ }_{25.8}^{22.8}$ | 22.7 |
| Nondurable toys and sport supplies (85) | ${ }^{39}$ | ${ }_{6}^{21.3}$ | 23.2 6.5 |  | ${ }_{7.5}^{26.5}$ |
| Net foreign remitances (105 less 107). | 41 | 3.6 | 2.7 | 2.4 | 2.0 |
|  | 42 | 16.4 | 16.9 | 18.0 | 18.1 |
| Services ${ }^{\text {1.... }}$ | 43 | 1,152.3 | 1,183.8 | 1,233.7 | 1,280.2 |
| Housing.. | 44 | 341.7 | 348.2 | 358.4 | 366.1 |
| Owner-occupied nonfarm dwellings-space rent (24)... | 45 | 230.8 | 234.5 | 241.4 | 245.7 |
| Tenant-occupied noofarm dwellings-rent (25).. | 46 | 86.3 | 89.4 | 92.4 | ${ }^{95.6}$ |
|  | 48 | 11.7 13.0 | 11.4 13.0 | 11.1 | 10.8 |
| Household | 49 |  |  |  | 164 |
| Household Electricity Opration (37)...... | 50 | 52.2 | 52.6 | 156.7 54.9 | ${ }_{57.0}^{16.1}$ |
| Gas (38)....... | 51 | 25.3 | 23.9 | 23.9 | 25.8 |
| Water and other sanitary services (39). | 52 | 13.7 | 14.3 | 14.8 | 15.3 |
| Telephone and telegraph (41)............. | 5 | 33.7 | 34.0 | 35.3 | 37.9 |
| Domestic service (42) | 54 <br> 54 | 17.5 | 99.2 17.9 | 9.2 18.5 | 9.3 18.8 |
| Transportation. | 56 | 82.1 | 86.2 | 89.6 | 94.5 |
| User-operated ransporation (69+71+72) | 57 | 54.7 | 56.2 | 57.8 | 61.8 |
| Purchased local ransportation..... | 58 | 6.5 | 6.7 | 6.7 | 6.6 |
| Transit systems (74)............ | 59 | 3.2 | 3.1 3.5 | 3.2 | 3.2 |
| Other (75+76)....................... | 60 6 |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}35.0 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |
|  | 62 | 20.5 | 23.3 .5 | 25.0 | 26.6 |
| Bus (79) $\times$............................ | 63 | 1.0 | .$^{8}$ | 1.0 | 1.2 |
|  | ${ }^{64} 65$ | 17.8 1.6 | 20.3 1.6 | 21.7 1.7 | 22.4 1.9 |
| Medical care. | 66 | 240.9 | 251.5 | 266.8 | 278.2 |
| Physicians (47)......................................... | 67 | 60.3 | 61.6 | 66.9 | 69.8 |
| Dentists (48)., | ${ }_{68}^{68}$ | 17.5 | ${ }_{321}^{17.6}$ | 18.1 | 18.3 |
| Other professional services (49)......anaw......... | 69 70 | 29.3 118.2 | 32.1 123.9 | $\begin{array}{r}36.2 \\ 128.8 \\ \hline 18 .\end{array}$ | 39.8 132.6 |
|  | 71 | ${ }_{15,6}$ | 16.2 | 17.0 | 17.8 |
| Other ${ }^{1}$.. | 72 | 336.0 | 346.0 | 362.3 | 377.4 |
| Personal care. | 73 | 27.9 | 28.9 | 30.1 | 33.3 |
| Cleaning, storage, and repair of clothing and shoes (17)... | 74 | 7.6 | 7.6 | 7.7 | 8.3 |
| Barbershops, beauty pariors, baths, and health clubs (22)..... | 75 | 13.8 | 14.3 | 15.0 | 16.4 |
| Other (19)............. | 76 | 16.5 1389 | 7.0 1460 | 7.4 | 8.6 |
| Brokerage charges and investment counseling (56). | 78 | 15.5 | 20.5 | 20.2 | 20.5 |
| Bank service charges, trust services, and safe deposii box rental ( 57 )..... | 79 | 8.8 | 9.2 | 9.8 | 9.8 |
| Services fumished without payment by financial intermediaries except life insurance carriers and private noninsured pension plans (58). | 80 | 47.7 | 49.7 | 51.3 | 51.1 |
| Other ( $59+60+61+62$ ) ..................................... | 81 | 66.9 | 66.7 | 69.8 | 73.0 |
|  | ${ }_{8}^{82}$ | $\stackrel{66.1}{7}$ | 88.7 | 75.6 8.5 | 81.3 8.5 |
| Other ( $88+94+95+96+97$ )................ | 84 | 58.2 | 61.7 | 67.1 | 72.9 |
| Private education and research.............................. | 85 | 38.3 | 40.0 | 42.2 | 45.7 |
| Higher education (99)............ | ${ }_{87}^{86}$ | 13.3 | 13.6 | 13.9 | 14.3 |
|  | 87 <br> 88 | 12.3 12.7 | 12.6 <br> 13.8 <br> 1 | 13.0 15.4 | 13.4 18.0 |
|  | 89 | 52.4 | 56.0 | 58.4 | 62.0 |
| Net foreign travel (104 less 106) ${ }^{\text {a }}$........................................................................ | 90 | 12.6 | 5.3 | 4.8 | . 6 |

1. See footnotes 28 and 29 to table 2.4 and the box on page 21 of the July 1989 Survey of CUrRent Business.

Nore.-The figures in parentheses are the line numbers of the corresponding items in table 2.4 .

Table 2.-Personal Income by Type of Income
[Billions of dollars]

| Year and month | Personal income | Wage and salary disbursements |  |  |  |  |  | Other labor income | Proprietors' income with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments |  | Rental income of persons with capital consumption adjustment | Personal dividend income | Personal interest income | Transfer payments | Less: <br> Personal contributions for social insurance | Addendum: Total nonfarm income ${ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { industries } \end{gathered}$ | Commodity-producing |  | Distributive | Service | Government and government enterprises |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Total | Manufacturing |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Farm | Nonfarm |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1985... | 3,325.3 | 1,975.4 | 608.9 | 460.9 | 473.2 | 521.3 | 372.0 | 187.6 | 30.2 | 225.6 | 9.2 | 78.7 | 478.0 | 489.8 | 149.3 | 3,271.3 |
| 1986..... | 3,526.2 | 2,094.8 | 625.6 | 473.2 | 498.8 | 576.7 | 393.7 | 199.3 | 34.7 | 247.2 | 11.6 | 85.8 | 493.2 | 521.5 | 161.9 | 3,469.4 |
| 1987......... | 3,777.6 | 2,249.4 | 649.9 | 524.0 | 531.9 | 648.3 | 419.2 | 212.8 | 41.6 | 270.0 | 13.4 | 92.0 | 523.2 | 548.2 | 172.9 | $3,714.7$$4,003.7$ |
| 1988............ | 4,064.5 | 2,429.0 | 696.3 |  | 571.9 | 714.4 | 446.5 | 228.9 | 39.8 | 288.0 | 15.7 | 102.2 | 571.1 | 584.7 | 194.9 |  |
| 1985 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January ............. | 3,237.0 | 1,916.4 | 599.2 | 455.2 | 459.0 | 496.7 | 361.5 | 185.1 | 30.8 | 217.0 | 7.6 | 77.9 | 468.9 | 479.3 | 145.9 | 3,181.2 |
| February ............. | 3,264,1 | 1,924.2 | 597.1 | 4563.3 | 462.3 | 500.8 | 364.0 3658 | 185.5 | 38.8 | 219.0 | 9.2 | 78.2 | 472.8 476.6 | 482.8 | 146.3 | 3,200.6 |
| April .......... | 3,307.2 | 1,946.2 | 602.4 | 455.3 | 465.6 | 507.6 | 370.5 | 186.3 | 50.3 | 220.0 | 10.8 | 78.8 | 476.4 | 485.8 | 147.5 | 3,232.5 |
| May .......... | 3,298.3 | 1,955.5 | 604.7 | 457.0 | 469.8 | 511.9 | 369.0 | 186.8 | 28.6 | 222.0 | 11.3 | 78.9 | 476.9 | 486.3 | 147.9 | 3,245.6 |
| June ........ | 3,317.2 | 1,973.6 | 607.0 | 459.0 | 474.1 | 521.7 | 370.7 | 187.3 | 26.8 | 224.1 | 11.6 | 78.9 | 477.0 | 486.9 | 149.1 | 3,266.5 |
| July........ | 3,323.1 | 1,973.8 | 607.1 | 459.5 | 473.2 | 521.1 | 372.4 | 187.7 | 23.6 | 225.0 | 12.0 | 78.9 | 476.1 | 495.0 | 149.0 | 3,275.8 |
| August....... | 3,328.9 | 1,986.7 | 610.5 | 461.6 | 475.7 | 526.4 | 374.1 | 188.2 | 19.5 | 226.6 | 12.2 | 78.8 | 475.8 | 491.1 | 149.9 | 3,285.9 |
| Seprember...... | 3,343.0 | 2,001.6 | 612.0 | 461.8 | 479.9 | 534.1 | 375.6 | 188.7 | 22.2 | 229.4 | 2.5 | 78.7 | 477.2 | 493.5 | 150.8 | 3,297.5 |
| October.......... | 3,374.2 | $2,012.9$ | 618.0 | 468.0 | 480.8 | 537.0 | 377.1 | 189.1 | 24.1 | 233.0 | 10.6 | 78.8 | 481.3 | 495.9 | 151.6 | 3,326.9 |
| November.......... | 3,436.8 | 2,022.4 | 617.5 | 467.0 | 483.4 | 540.8 | 380.7 | 189.7 | 26.7 | 235.1 | 2.3 | 79.2 | 485.7 | 497.5 | 155.2 | 3,377.0 |
| December.......... |  | 2,046.9 | 621.9 | 469.9 | 489.6 | 552.3 | 383.0 | 190.4 | 36.9 | 236.8 | 10.6 | 79.2 | 490.9 | 499.1 | 153.9 |  |
| 1986 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January .............. | 3,441.1 | 2,046.3 | 623.0 | 470.6 | 489.0 | 550.8 | 383.6 | 192.6 | 24.6 | 244.5 | 9.8 | 81.6 | 491.9 | 508.3 | 158.4 | 3,393.7 |
| February .......... | 3,455.9 | 2,054.3 | 620.4 | 468.9 | 490.5 | 557.8 | 387.4 | 193.8 | 25.9 | 244.8 | 9.4 | 84.1 | 494.8 | 509.6 513.0 | 160.5 | 3,405.0 |
| April ............ | 3,510.1 | 2,066,1 | 621.9 | 470.0 | 491.5 | 563.5 | 389.2 | 196.0 | 56.3 | 245.2 | 10.8 | 85.1 | 495.5 | 514.8 | 159.8 | 3,431.3 |
| May .................. | 3,506.8 | 2,073.7 | 622.3 | 471.2 | 493.4 | 567.0 | 391.0 | 197.2 | 43.5 | 244.5 | 11.7 | 85.6 | 494.2 | 517.9 | 161.4 | 3,441.1 |
| June .................. | 3,513.0 | 2,084.7 | 621.3 | 470.5 | 496.2 | 574.4 | 392.7 | 198.4 | 33.1 | 245.9 | 12.1 | 86.2 | 493.4 | 520.4 | 161.2 | 3,457.9 |
| July ................... | 3,524.7 | 2,092.8 | 622.6 | 471.4 | 498.7 | 577.0 | 394.5 | 199.6 | 26.9 | 248.1 | 11.7 | 86.5 | 492.9 | 528.1 | 162.0 | 3,475.7 |
| August....... | 3,538.5 | 2,106.8 | 626.2 | 473.8 | 501.1 | 582.9 | 396.6 | 201.4 | 30.1 | 247.8 | 11.5 | 87.0 | 492.2 | 524.6 | 162.9 | 3,486.5 |
| September.... | 3,557.4 | 2,113.4 | 625.9 | 473.8 | 503.6 | 585.6 | 398.3 | 202.6 | 36.6 | 249.5 | 11.9 | 87.3 | 492.0 | 527.3 | 163.2 | 3,499.0 |
| October........... | 3,573.5 | 2,131.2 | 633.0 | 479.7 | 506.1 | 592.0 | 400.1 | 203.8 | 32.4 | 248.6 | 12.7 | 87.4 | 492.2 | 529.3 | 164.1 | 3,519.4 |
| November.......... | 3,594.1 | 2,145.9 | 630.5 | 475.9 | 511.9 | 601.7 | 401.9 | 205.0 | 32.1 | 251.2 | 13.5 | 87.7 | 492.4 | 531.0 | 164.8 | 3,540.3 |
| December ........... | 3,625.8 | 2,152,3 | 633.3 | 477.4 | 511.2 | 604.1 | 403.6 | 206.1 | 47.2 | 256.2 | 14.1 | 87.9 | 493.5 | 533.3 | 164.9 | 3,557.0 |
| 1987 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January ...... | 3,640.8 | 2,167.0 | 634.6 | 479.7 | 513.1 | 611.1 | 408.3 | 207.0 | 38.9 | 259.0 | 14.7 | 88.4 | 497.6 | 537.0 | 168.9 | 3,580.2 |
| February ............ | 3,680.2 | 2,185.3 | 636.3 | 481.2 | 519.3 | 619.5 | 410.3 | 207.8 | 48.6 | 263.2 | 14.9 | 88.7 | 501.9 | 539.5 | 169.8 | 3,609.9 |
| March ........ | 3,699.8 | 2,200.7 | 642.7 | 486.1 | 520.5 | 625.4 | 412.1 | 208.1 | 45.7 | 264.8 | 14.4 | 89.1 | 506.9 | 540.4 | 170.4 | 3,632.9 |
| April .................. | 3,718.5 | 2,206.9 | 638.3 | 481.6 | 524.4 | 630.4 | 413.8 | 210.5 | 49.0 | 264.2 | 13.9 | 89.3 | 512.0 | 543.5 | 170.7 | 3,648.2 |
| May .......... | 3,734.1 | 2,222.8 | 642.5 | 484.2 | 527.3 | 637.4 | 415.7 | 209.8 | 35.3 | 266.4 | 13.1 | 90.4 | 516.8 | 550.9 | 171.4 | 3,677.3 |
| June .......... | 3,745.4 | 2,232.1 | 644.3 | 485.3 | 528.5 | 641.5 | 417.7 | 211.2 | 35.2 | 267.5 | 12.1 | 91.0 | 519.7 | 548.3 | 171.8 | 3,688.9 |
| July ................... | 3,770.5 | 2,245.7 | 647.0 | 487.7 | 532.5 | 646.4 | 419.8 | 212.9 | 38.6 | 268.7 | 11.5 | 92.1 | 523.2 | 550.1 | 172.5 | 3,710.6 |
| August...... | 3,798.7 | 2,271.6 | 653.4 | 492.6 | 538.0 | 658.2 | 422.0 | 214.3 | 31.8 | 272.8 | 11.2 | 93.2 | 527.4 | 550.4 | 174.0 | 3,745.5 |
| September........ | 3,817.4 | 2,281.7 | 658.2 | 497.6 | 541.0 | 658.4 | 424.2 | 215.7 | 30.5 | 273.2 | 11.7 | 94.1 | 533.1 | 551.9 | 174.5 | 3,765.6 |
| October............ | 3,894.3 | 2,302.6 | 663.4 | 500.1 | 544.2 | 668.7 | 426.3 | 217.3 | 68.1 | 278.9 | 13.2 | 94.9 | 540.6 | 554.5 | 175.6 | 3,805.0 |
| November.......... | 3,886.8 | 2,319.4 | 668.5 | 503.1 | 547.1 | 675.0 | 428.7 | 218.8 | 33.3 | 279.8 | 14.5 | 95.7 | 546.9 | 555.0 | 176.6 | 3,879.8 |
| December ........... | 3,944.9 | 2,356.5 | 669.8 | 504.3 | 547.0 | 707.6 | 432.1 | 220.4 | 43.9 | 282.2 | 15.3 | 96.4 | 552.2 | 556.9 | 178.9 |  |
| 1988 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January .............. | 3,921.9 | 2,338.0 | 671.6 | 507.1 | 551.3 | 680.3 | 434.9 | 221.4 | 37.2 | 279.1 | 15.7 | 97.2 | 550.4 | 572.1 | 189.3 | 3,863.5 |
| February ............ | 3,944.2 | 2,355.1 | 675.8 | 509.1 | 555.7 | 686.7 | 437.0 | 222.3 | 39.3 | 281.0 | 15.7 | 98.3 | 549.3 | 573.7 | 190.5 | 3,883.8 |
| March ................ | 3,979.5 | 2,367.1 | 687.3 | 518.1 | 555.0 | 685.8 | 439.0 | 223.3 | 55.7 | 279.6 | 15.4 | 99.0 | 549.2 | 581.5 | 191.2 | 3,902.8 |
| April ........ | 4,007.1 | 2,393.4 | 687.4 | 516.2 | 566.4 | 698.6 | 441.0 | 224.5 | 45.0 | 285.6 | 14.8 | 99.8 | 554.8 | 582.0 | 192.7 | 3,941.0 |
| May .................. | 4,023.3 | 2,402.7 | 689.2 | 518.6 | 566.6 | 703.6 | 443.1 | 225.7 | 46.4 | 285.9 | 14.4 | 100.4 | 560.3 | 580.8 | 193.2 | 3,955.9 |
| June ................. | 4,049.4 | 2,420.1 | 695.7 | 522.8 | 570.9 | 708.4 | 445.1 | 227.5 | 44.7 | 287.9 | 14.6 | 101.1 | 565.1 | 582.7 | 194.3 | 3,983.6 |
| July .................. | 4,079.8 | 2,443.4 | 699.6 | 525.4 | 577.1 | 719.2 | 447.4 | 229.3 | 41.0 | 288.5 | 15.6 | 102.4 | 570.1 | 585.7 | 196.1 | 4,017.9 |
| August.............. | 4,094.2 | $2,447.7$ | 700.0 | 526.0 | 577.0 | 721.0 | 449.7 | 231.1 | 38.6 | 288.5 | 16.5 | 103.9 | 576.0 | 587.9 | 195.9 | 4,034.6 |
| September.......... | 4,118.6 | 2,465.6 | 705.1 | 530.1 | 580.0 | 728.7 | 451.8 | 232.9 | 33.4 | 290.9 | 16.7 | 104.7 | 583.0 | 588.7 | 197.2 | 4,064.1 |
| October.......... | 4,180.4 | 2,497.1 | 716.3 | 540.7 | 585.9 | 741.0 | 453.9 | 234.7 | 47.1 | 295.8 | 16.4 | 105.8 | 590.8 | 592.2 | 199.5 | 4,112.3 |
| November.......... | $4,206.3$ | 2,516.7 | 714.0 | 537.2 | 586.0 | 745.5 | 456.4 | 236.5 | 19.5 | 295.7 | 16.1 | 106.5 | 598.6 | 593.5 | 199.1 | 4,128.4 |
| December ........... |  |  |  | 536.4 | 590.6 | 753.6 | 458.5 | 238.2 | 29.4 | 297.4 | 16.0 | 106.9 | 606.4 | 595.6 | 200.1 | 4,155.9 |
| 1989 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January ............. | 4,273.1 | 2,545.4 | 720.6 | 541.4 | 597.3 | 762.8 | 464.6 | 239.7 | 48.0 | 299.6 | 13.8 | 108.4 | 616.5 | 610.7 | 209.0 | 4,204.0 |
| February ............ | 4,319.5 | 2,557.3 | 724.3 | 544.0 | 598.1 | 767.9 | 467.0 | 241.3 | 65.9 | 300.6 | 11.8 | 109.4 | 628.9 | 614.2 | 209.8 | 4,232.4 |
| March ................ | 4,360.7 | 2,579.4 | 734.8 | 553.5 | 601.0 | 774.5 | 469.2 | 242.9 | $\stackrel{63.0}{575}$ | 300.8 3034 | 9.9 | 110.3 | 641.5 | 624.2 | 211.3 | 4,276.5 |
| April ................ | 4,386.5 | 2,601.3 | 732.5 | 548.6 549.0 |  |  | 473.6 | 246.0 | 57.5 | 302.4 | 9.3 8.6 | 111.0 111.4 |  |  |  |  |
| May ........................ | 4,407.3 | 2,616.1 | 734.5 | 550.9 | 612.0 | 793.9 | 475.7 | 247.5 | 44.1 | 302.3 | 8.1 | 111.8 | 661.8 | 629.0 | 213.4 | 4,341.8 |

1. Equals personal income less the following farm componentss wages and salaries, other labor income, proprietors' income with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments, and net interest. These farm
mpone

Table 2.7.-Personal Income and Its Disposition

| Year andmonth | Billions of dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Disposable personal income |  |  | Population (mid-period, millions) | Personal saving as apercentage of disposable personal income ${ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Personal income | $\begin{gathered} \text { Less: Personal } \\ \text { tax and } \\ \text { nontax } \\ \text { payments } \end{gathered}$ | Equals: Disposable income | Less: Personal outlays |  |  |  | Equals: Personalsaving | Total, billionsof 1982dollars | Per capita |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Total | Personal consumption expenditures expenditure | Interest paid by consumers to business | Personal transfer payments to foreigners (net) |  |  | Current dollars | 1982 dollars |  |  |
| $1985 . .$. | 3,325.3 | 486.6 | 2,838.7 | $2,713.3$ | 2,629.0 | 82.6 | 1.7 | 125.4 | 2,542.8 | 11,861 | 10,625 | 239.3 | 4.4 |
| 1986................ | 3,526.2 | 512.9 | 3,013.3 | 2,888.5 | 2,797.4 | 89.1 | 1.9 | 124.9 | 2,635.3 | 12,469 | 10,905 | 241.7 | 4.1 |
| 1987................ | 3,777.6 | 571.7 | 3,205.9 | 3,104.1 | 3,010.8 | 91.4 | 1.9 | 101.8 | 2,676.6 | ${ }^{13,140}$ | 10,970 | 244.0 | $\frac{3.2}{4.2}$ |
| 1988.................. | 4,064.5 | 586.6 | 3,477.8 | 3,333.1 | 3,235.1 | 96.1 | 1.9 | 144.7 | 2,793.2 | 14,116 | 11,337 | 246.4 | 4.2 |
| 1985 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January...... | 3.237 .0 | 465.8 | 2,771.2 | 2,620.3 | 2.540 .6 | 77.6 | 2.1 | 150.8 | 2.524 .3 | 11,630 | 10,594 | 238.3 | 5.4 |
| ${ }_{\text {February }}$............ | 3.264 .1 <br> $3,287.9$ | 499.5 530.0 | $2,764.6$ $2,557.9$ | $2,633.6$ <br> 2,633 | 2,552.7 | 78.7 80.1 | 2.1 2.1 | 131.1 104.3 | - $2,5191.3$ | 111,559 | 10,537 10,443 | 238.4 <br> 238.6 | 4.7 5.0 |
| April .................. | 3,307.2 | 474.3 | 2,832.9 | 2,654.0 | 2,571.2 | 81.2 | 1.6 | 178.8 | 2,556.5 | 11,864 | 10,707 | 238.8 | 5.6 |
| May ................. | 3,298.3 | 408.1 | 2,890.2 | 2,701.1 | 2,617.3 | 82.2 | 1.6 | 189.1 | 2,598.2 | 12,094 | 10,872 | 239.0 | 5.9 |
| ${ }_{\text {Sune.................. }}$ | $3,317.2$ <br> $3,323.1$ | 4887.9 | ${ }_{2}^{2,8895.2}$ | 2,693.7 | $2,609.4$ $2,625.4$ | 82.7 <br> 82.7 | 1.6 | 135.5 125.3 | $2,535.9$ $2,537.0$ | 11,829 <br> 11,843 | 10,602 <br> 10,598 <br> 1 | 239.2 239.4 | 5.3 |
| Jugust.................. | $3,323.9$ $3,26.9$ | 491.6 | 2,837.4 | 2,742.1 | 2,656.9 | 883.4 | 1.8 | ${ }_{95,3}^{129.3}$ | ${ }_{2,533.7}$ | 11,841 | 10,574 | 239.6 239.6 | 3.2 |
| September.......... | 3,343.0 | 495.4 | 2,847.5 | 2,788.4 | 2,701.8 | 84.9 | 1.8 | 59.1 | 2,535.6 | 11,872 | 10,572 | 239.8 | 3.1 |
| October............. | $3,374.2$ <br> $3,386.3$ | 496.9 498.8 | $2,877.2$ $2,887.5$ | $2,764.0$ $2,781.1$ | $2,677.0$ 2,693 | ${ }_{85.9}^{85.5}$ | 1.4 | 113.3 106.5 | $2,552.2$ $2,552.0$ 2,5 | 11,985 12,018 12, | 10,631 <br> 10,622 | 240.1 240.3 | 3.2 3 |
| December ........... | 3,436.8 | 503.1 | 2,933.7 | 2,818.2 | 2,730.4 | 86.4 | 1.4 | 115.5 | 2,584.3 | 12,201 | 10,748 | 240.4 | 3.8 |
| 1986 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January ............. | 3,441.1 | 496.2 | ${ }_{2}^{2,944.9}$ | $2,828.6$ | 2,740.2 | 86.4 | 2.0 | 116.3 | $2,588.4$ | 12,239 | 10,757 | 240.6 | 4.2 |
| March .................. | 3,473.9 | 499.4 | 2,974.6 | ${ }_{2,822.1}$ | 2,732.6 | 87.6 | 2.0 | 155.4 | 2,630.4 | ${ }_{12,346}$ | 10,917 | 240.9 | 5.2 |
| Aprit .................. | 3,510.1 | 499.5 | 3,010.6 | 2,837.0 | $2,777.1$ | 88.1 | 1.8 | 173.6 | 2,661.9 | 12,486 | 11,040 | 24.1 | 5.2 |
| June.................. | $3,513.0$ | 508.7 | 3,004.2 | ${ }_{2,858.3}$ | 2,767.5 | 89.0 | 1.8 | 146.0 | 2,636.9 | 12,439 | 10,918 | 241.5 | 4.7 |
| July .................. | 3,524.7 | 511.2 | 3,013.5 | 2,882.5 | 2.791 .2 | 89.4 | 1.8 | 131.0 | 2,638.2 | 12,466 | 10,914 | 241.7 | 4.4 |
| August......... | 3,538.5 | 516.3 | 3,022.2 | 2,903.4 | $2,811.9$ | 89.6 | 1.8 | 18.9 | 2,637.1 | 12,491 | 10,899 | 242.0 | 3.5 |
| September.... | 3,557.4 | 520.4 | 3,037.0 | 2,967.1 | 2,874.8 | 90.5 | 1.8 | 70.0 | 2,636.9 | 12,540 | 10,888 | 242.2 | 3.3 |
| October............. | 3,573.5 | 525.8 532.9 | 3,0477 3.061 .2 | $2,937.4$ <br> $2,944.5$ | ${ }_{2}^{2,844.3}$ | ${ }_{91.0}^{91.0}$ | 2.1 2.1 | 110.4 116.7 | 2,639.8 | 12,573 12.619 | 10,890 10899 | ${ }_{242.6}^{242.4}$ | 3.2 3.3 |
| December ............ | 3,625.8 | 544.4 | 3,081.4 | 3,002.4 | 2,909.7 | 90.6 | 2.1 | 78.9 | 2,654,9 | 12,693 | 10,937 | 242.8 | 3.7 |
| 1987 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January .............. | 3,640,8 | 529.5 | 3,111.3 | 2,961.3 | 2,869.1 | 90.1 | 2.0 | 150.0 | 2,656.6 | 12,808 | 10,936 | 242.9 | 3.8 |
| February ............. | 3.680 .2 3,6998 | 527.5 535.4 | $3,152.7$ <br> $3,164.4$ | 3,024.9 | 2,932.3 | 90.2 | 2.0 | 1129.2 | 2,681.9 | ${ }^{112,009}$ | 11,032 | 243.1 | 4.3 |
| Aprii ............... | 3,718.5 | 665.4 | 3,053.1 | 3,064.8 | 2,972.3 | 90.6 | 1.9 | -11.7 | $2,572.2$ | 12,541 | 10,566 | 243.4 | 2.3 |
| May .................. | 3,734.1 | 557.6 | 3,176.5 | 3,075.9 | 2,983, | 90.7 | 1.9 | 100.6 | 2,664.2 | 13,038 | 10,935 | 243.6 | 1.8 |
| ${ }^{\text {June.................. }}$ | 3,770.5 | 5565.4 | 3,205.0 | ${ }_{3,127,2}$ | 3,033.5 | 91.7 | 2.0 | 77.9 | 2,672.7 | 13,133 | 10,952 | 244.0 | 2.7 |
| August......... | 3,798.7 | 573.2 | 3,225.4 | 3,164.1 | 3,070.2 | 91.9 | 2.0 | 61.3 | 2,677.6 | 13,204 | 10,962 | 244.3 | 2.3 |
| September... | 3,817.4 | 577.4 | 3,240.0 | 3,158.5 | 3,064.1 | 92.4 | 2.0 | 81.6 | 2,676.4 | 13,251 | 10,946 | 244.5 | 3.0 |
| October............. | $3,894.3$ <br> $3,886.8$ | 582.0 586.5 | $3,312.3$ <br> $3,300.3$ | $3,162.4$ <br> $3,171.8$ | $3,068.2$ <br> $3,077.7$ | 92.4 | 1.8 <br> 1.8 | 150.0 128.4 | $2,725.8$ $2,708.0$ 2 | 13,535 <br> 13,474 <br> 13,4 | 11,138 <br> 11.056 <br> 1 | 244.7 244.9 | 3.7 4.3 |
| December ............ | 3,944.9 | 599.2 | 3,345.7 | 3,198.6 | 3,103.9 | 93.0 | 1.8 | 147.1 | 2,744.8 | 13,648 | 11,197 | 245.1 | 3.9 |
| 1988 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January ............. | 3,921.9 | 576.1 | 3,345.8 | 3,229.5 | 3,133.6 | 93.8 | 2.1 | 116.3 | 2,737.3 | 13,639 | 11,158 | 245.3 | 4.0 |
| March .-.............. | 3,979.5 | 574.1 | 3,405.4 | 3,264.5 | 3,167.7 | 94.7 | 2.1 | 140.9 | 2,773.1 | 13,863 | 11,289 | 245.6 | 4.0 |
| Aprii ................ | 4,007.1 | 608.0 | 3,399.0 | 3,272.8 | 3,176.3 | 95.0 | 1.5 | 126.2 | 2,752.9 | 13,828 | 11,199 | 245.8 | 4.0 |
| May .................. | 4,023.3 | 585.2 | 3,438.0 | 3,297.9 | 3,200.9 | 95.5 | 1.5 | 140.1 | 2,773.6 | 13,976 | 11,275 | 246.0 | 3.9 |
| June.................. | 4,049,4 | 578.8 | 3,470.5 | 3,335.0 | 3,237.4 | 96.1 | 1.5 | 135.6 | 2,793.4 | 14,095 | 11,345 | 246.2 | 4.1 |
| ${ }_{\text {July }}^{\text {Jugust............... }}$ | 4,079.8 | 584.3 <br> 584.3 | $3,495.5$ $3,509.9$ | $3,340.1$ <br> $3,374.2$ | $3,242.0$ <br> $3,275.4$ | ${ }_{96.9}^{96.2}$ | 1.9 |  | 2,803 <br> $2,807.6$ | 14,184 <br> 14.228 | 11,374 11,381 | 246.4 | 4.1 |
| August.............. | $4,094.2$ <br> $4,118.6$ <br> 4 | 584.3 589.1 | $3,5099.9$ $3,529.5$ | $3,374.2$ <br> $3,371.8$ | $3,275.4$ <br> $3,72.9$ | 96.9 97.0 | 1.9 | 135.7 157.7 | $2,807.6$ <br> $2,808.7$ | 14,228 <br> 14,294 | 11,381 11,375 | 246.7 246.9 | 4.4 |
| October............. | 4,180.4 | 596.2 | 3,554.2 | 3,406.0 | 3,306.8 | 97.3 | 1.9 | 178.2 | 2,840.6 | 14.502 | 11,494 | 247.1 | 4.6 |
| November........... | ${ }_{4,206.3}^{4,168.9}$ | 596.3 600.9 | $3,572.6$ $3,605.4$ | $3,421.9$ 3.444 .2 | $3,321.8$ $3,343,3$ | 98.1 98.9 | 1.9 | 150.7 161.2 | $2,826.3$ $2,841.0$ | 14,444 14,565 | 11,427 11,47 | 247.3 247.5 | 4.6 |
| 1989 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January..... | 4,273,1 | 631.2 | 3,641.9 | 3,467.3 | 3,365.6 | 99.5 | 2.2 | 174.6 | 2,852.9 | 14,702 | 11,517 | 247.7 | 5.0 |
| February ............ | 4.319 .5 | ${ }_{6}^{621.7}$ | $3,697.8$ <br> 3,728 | 3,487.1 | $3,384.7$ <br> 1394 | 100.2 | 2.2 | 210.7 | 2,891.9 | 14,917 | ${ }^{11,666}$ | 247.9 | 5.6 |
|  | 4,386.5 | ${ }_{6}^{638.4}$ | 3,7718.1 | 3,434.8 | 3,3432.2 | 100.7 101.0 | 2.2 <br> 1.6 | 231.9 183.3 | $2,9800.0$ $2,873.4$ | 15,031 14,977 | 11,690 <br> 11,575 | 248.1 248.3 | ${ }_{5}^{5.6}$ |
| May ..................... | 4,394.7 | 648.0 | 3,746.7 | 3,543.1 | 3,440.2 | 101.4 | 1.6 | 203.5 | 2,883.6 | 15,080 | 11,607 | 248.4 | 5.4 |
| June.................... | 4,407.3 | 638.5 | 3,768.9 | 3,544.7 | 3,441.4 | 101.8 | 1.6 | 224.1 | 2,896.0 | 15,157 | 11,646 | 248.7 |  |

1. Monthly estimates equal the 3 -month moving average of personal saving as a percentage of the 3 -month moving average of disposable personal income.

Table 2.8.-Personal Consumption Expenditures by Major Type of Product

| [Billions of dollars] |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year and month | Personal consumption expenditures | Durable goods | Nondurable goods | Services |
| 1985 ............................ | 2,629.0 | 372.2 | 911.2 | 1,345.6 |
| 1986 ............................. | 2,797.4 | 406.0 | 942.0 | 1,449.5 |
| 1987 ........................... | 3,010.8 | 421.0 | 998.1 | 1,591.7 |
| 1988 ............................ | 3,235.1 | 455.2 | 1,052.3 | 1,727.6 |
| 1985 |  |  |  |  |
| January........................ | 2,540.6 | 359.6 | 883.9 | 1,297.2 |
| February....................... | 2,552.7 | 353.8 | 891.7 | 1,307.2 |
| March........................... | 2,571.4 | 370.7 | 897.0 | 1,303.7 |
| April............................ | 2,571.2 | 355.1 | 904.3 | 1,31.9 |
| May ............................ | 2,617.3 | 381.6 | 907.4 | 1,328.3 |
| June............................ | 2,609.4 | 364.7 | 905.2 | 1,339.6 |
| July .............................. | 2.625 .4 | 367.4 | 910.9 | 1,347.1 |
| August........................... | $2,656.9$ | 381.7 | 916.1 | 1,359.1 |
| September ..................... | $2,701.8$ | 412.5 | 920.2 | 1,369.2 |
| October ....................... | 2,677.0 | 371.4 | 926.4 | 1,379.2 |
| November ...................... | $2,693.7$ | 370.9 | 934.1 | 1,388.7 |
| December...................... | 2,730.4 | 377.3 | 937.5 | 1,415.6 |
| 1986 |  |  |  |  |
| January........................ | 2,740.2 | 393.0 | 943.0 | 1,404.2 |
| February....................... | $2,730.0$ | 378.2 | 936.7 | 1,415.2 |
| March........................... | $2,732.6$ | 374.4 | 937.3 | 1,420.9 |
| April............................ | $2,747.1$ | 394.3 | 927.9 | 1,424.8 |
| May.............................. | $2,768.5$ | 401.2 | 937.8 | 1,429.5 |
| June............................ | $2,767.5$ | 385.2 | 940.5 | 1,441.7 |
| July .............................. | $2,791.2$ | 400.3 | 940.7 | 1,450.2 |
| August.......................... | 2,811.9 | 417.9 | 940.9 | 1,453.1 |
| September..................... | 2,874.8 | 461.2 | 942.5 | 1,471.2 |
| October ........................ | 2,844.3 | 414.5 | 950.4 | 1,479.4 |
| November ..................... | 2,851.5 | 405.4 | 949.1 | 1,497.0 |
| December.................... | 2,909.7 | 446.0 | 956.8 | 1,506.9 |
| 1987 |  |  |  |  |
| January........................ | 2,869.1 | 388.3 | 959.5 | 1,521.4 |
| February....................... | 2,932.3 | 407.3 | 987.1 | 1,537.9 |
| March.......................... | 2,942.7 | 407.8 | 982.8 | 1,552.1 |
| April........................... | 2,972.3 | 418.0 | 989.6 | 1,564.7 |
| May ............................ | 2,983.3 | 413.5 | 993.1 | 1,576.6 |
| June............................... | 3,012.5 | 426.1 | 1,000.2 | 1,586.2 |
| July .............................. | 3,033.5 | 431.4 | 1,001.5 | 1,600.6 |
| Angust.......................... | 3,070.2 | 447.7 | 1,008.0 | 1,614.6 |
| September.................... | 3,064.1 | 438.8 | 1,008.5 | 1,616.7 |
| October ........................ | 3,068.2 | 418.1 | 1,010.0 | 1,640.2 |
| November ..................... | 3,077.7 | 422.3 | 1,014.5 | 1,640.9 |
| December...................... | 3,103.9 | 433.0 | 1,021.8 | 1,649.0 |
| 1988 |  |  |  |  |
| January......................... | 3,133.6 | 447.3 | 1,014.8 | 1,671.5 |
| February.......................... | 3,142.9 | 445.5 | 1,019.5 | 1,677.9 |
| March.......................... | 3,167.7 | 446.4 | 1,032.2 | 1,689,1 |
| April........................... | 3,176.3 | 447.7 | 1,032.4 | 1,696.2 |
| May.............................. | 3,200.9 | 451.8 | 1,043.0 | 1,706.1 |
| June............................... | 3,237.4 | 464.2 | 1,051.7 | 1,721.5 |
| July ............................. | 3,242.0 | 449.0 | 1,059.1 | 1,734.0 |
| August......................... | 3,275.4 | 456.9 | 1,068.8 | 1,749.7 |
| September...................... | 3,272.9 | 451.6 | 1,070.8 | 1,750.4 |
| October .......................... | 3,306.8 | 456.9 | 1,076.3 | 1,773.5 |
| November ....................... | 3,321.8 | 462.8 | $1,084.3$ | 1,774.7 |
| December....................... | 3,343.3 | 482.4 | 1,074.6 | 1,786.3 |
| 1989 |  |  |  |  |
| January......................... | 3,365.6 | 473.1 | 1,093.8 | 1,798.7 |
| February ........................ | 3,384.7 | 464.2 | $1,098.6$ | 1,821.9 |
| March.......................... | 3,394.0 | 461.8 | 1,102.5 | 1,829.6 |
| April........................... | 3,432.2 | 477.3 | 1,113.2 | 1,841.7 |
| May............................. | 3,440.2 | 467.7 | 1,118.1 | 1,854.4 |
| June.............................. | 3,441.4 | 466.0 | 1,118.5 | 1,856.9 |

Table 2.9.-Personal Consumption Expenditures by Major Type of Product in Constant Dollars

| [Billions of 1982 dollars] |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year and month | Personal consumption expenditures | Durable goods | Nondurable goods | Services |
|  | 2,354.8 | 355.1 | 847.4 | 1,152.3 |
| 1986........................... | 2,446.4 | 384.4 | 878.1 | 1,183.8 |
| 1987........................... | 2,513.7 | 389.6 | 890.4 | 1,233.7 |
| 1988 ........................... | 2,598.4 | 413.6 | 904.5 | 1,280.2 |
| 1985 |  |  |  |  |
| January........................ | 2,314.3 | 344.2 | 835.0 | 1,135.0 |
| February....................... | 2,319.7 | 338.5 | 840.9 | 1,140.4 |
| March........................... | 2,323.1 | 351.6 | 838.5 | 1,133.1 |
| April............................ | 2,320.4 | 340.0 | 843.1 | 1,137.4 |
| May........................... | 2,352.8 | 362.6 | 845.2 | 1,145.1 |
| June............................ | 2,338.9 | 348.2 | 840.9 | 1,149.8 |
| July ............................ | 2,349.3 | 351.1 | 845.3 | 1,153.0 |
| August........................ | 2,372.6 | 364.1 | 851.1 | 1,157.4 |
| September ..................... | 2,405.9 | 392.2 | 853.7 | 1,160.0 |
| October ....................... | 2,374.6 | 354.5 | 856.7 | 1,163.3 |
| November .................... | 2,380.7 | 354.5 | 859.7 | 1,166.5 |
| December...................... | 2,405.2 | 360.2 | 858.4 | 1,186.7 |
| 1986 |  |  |  |  |
| January........................ | 2,408.5 | 373.0 | 862.9 | 1,172.5 |
| February....................... | 2,407.8 | 360.6 | 868.2 | 1,178.9 |
| March.......................... | 2,416.4 | 357.4 | 879.2 | 1,179.8 |
| April........................... | 2,428.9 | 375.8 | 876.0 | 1,177.0 |
| May............................. | 2,439.1 | 381.2 | 881.3 | 1,176.5 |
| June............................ | 2,429.1 | 366.6 | 882.2 | 1,180.4 |
| July ............................ | 2,443.6 | 379.6 | 881.3 | 1,182.7 |
| August......................... | 2,453.6 | 394.2 | 879.4 | 1,180.0 |
| September..................... | 2,496.0 | 432.0 | 876.5 | 1,187.5 |
| October........................ | 2,463,6 | 391.8 | 884.2 | 1,187.5 |
| November ..................... | 2,462.8 | 383.6 | 881.1 | 1,198.1 |
| December....................... | 2,507.0 | 417.1 | 885.2 | 1,204.7 |
| 1987 |  |  |  |  |
| January........................ | 2,449.8 | 365.5 | 877.5 | 1,206.8 |
| February....................... | 2,494.4 | 381.6 | 897.7 | 1,215.1 |
| March....................... | 2,490.9 | 381.2 | 888.0 | 1,221.7 |
| April............................ | 2,504.1 | 389.3 | 888.6 | 1,226.2 |
| May............................. | 2,502.1 | 384.5 | 888.2 | 1,229.4 |
| June............................ | 2,517.0 | 393.9 | 890.2 | 1,232.9 |
| July .............................. | 2.529 .6 | 398.2 | 891.4 | 1,240.0 |
| August....................... | 2,548.7 | 410.9 | 893.4 | 1,244.4 |
| September...................... | 2,531.1 | 402.1 | 890.6 | 1,238.4 |
| October ...................... | 2,524.9 | 383.7 | 889.4 | 1,251.8 |
| November .................. | 2,525.4 | 387.3 | 891.7 | 1,246.5 |
| December...................... | 2,546.4 | 397.1 | 897.6 | 1,251.8 |
| 1988 |  |  |  |  |
| January........................ | 2,563.7 | 408.4 | 891.8 | 1,263.5 |
| February....................... | 2,569.2 | 408.2 | 896.3 | 1,264.7 |
| March......................... | 2,579.5 | 408.4 | 901.5 | 1,269.5 |
| April............................ | 2,572.5 | 409.4 | 894.0 | 1,269.1 |
| May.............................. | 2,582.3 | 412.4 | 899.1 | 1,270.8 |
| June............................ | 2,605.8 | 422.7 | 904.5 | 1,278.6 |
| July ............................. | 2,599.7 | 408.9 | 906.9 | 1,283.9 |
| August........................ | 2,620.0 | 414.2 | 914.4 | 1,291.4 |
| September.................... | 2,604.5 | 409.1 | 909.7 | 1,285.6 |
| October........................ | 2,620.8 | 412.1 | 911.2 | 1,297.5 |
| November ..................... | 2,627.9 | 417.3 | 918.0 | 1,292.6 |
| December...................... | 2,634.5 | 432.0 | 907.0 | 1,295.5 |
| 1989 |  |  |  |  |
| January........................ | 2,636.5 | 423.7 | 915.7 | 1,297.1 |
| February....................... | 2,647.0 | 417.2 | 918.1 | 1,311.7 |
| March......................... | 2,639.6 | 417.1 | 911.3 | 1,311,2 |
| April............................. | $2,652.5$ | 430.1 | 906.6 | 1,315.8 |
| May ............................ | 2,647.8 | 421.9 | 904.7 | 1,321.2 |
| June.............................. | 2,644.3 | 419.6 | 906.2 | 1,318.6 |

## 3. Government Receipts and Expenditures

Table 3.1.-Government Receipts and Expenditures
[Billions of dollars]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Receipts............................................................................................................................... | 1 | 1,270.8 | 1,347.4 | 1,464.9 | 1,562.7 |
| Personal tax and nontax receipts............................................................................................................ | 2 | 486.6 | 512.9 | 571.7 | 586.6 |
| Corporate profits tax accruals......................................................................................................................................................................... |  | 96.4 | 106.3 | 124.7 | 137.9 |
| Indirect business tax and nontax accruals ............................................... | 4 | 333.6 | 348.9 | 367.8 | 393.5 |
| Contributions for social insurance............................................................................................................................... | 5 | 354.1 | 379.2 | 400.8 | 444.6 |
| Expenditures......................... | 6 | 1,402.6 | 1,491.5 | 1,575.0 | 1,658.8 |
| Purchases of goods and services............................................................................................................................ | 7 | 820.8 | 872.2 | 926.1 | 968.9 |
| Compensation of employees............................................................................................................... | 8 | 419.0 | 443.8 | 473.0 | 505.8 |
| Other ............................................................................................................................................ | 9 | 401.8 | 428.4 | 453.2 | 463.2 |
| Transfer payments ............................................................................................................................... | 10 | 481.2 | 510.8 | 533.9 | 568.6 |
| To persons ...................................................................................................................................................................... | 11 | 467.8 | 496.8 | 521.5 | 555.7 |
| To foreigners ............................................................................................................................................................ | 12 | 13.4 | 13.9 | 12.4 | 12.9 |
| Net interest paid.................................................................................................................................. | 13 | 97.7 | 101.2 | 104.1 | 111.1 |
| Interest paid.................................................................................................................................... | 14 | 194.2 | 206.1 | 216.0 | 233.7 |
| To persons and business ................................................................................................................... | 15 | 172.9 | 183.5 | 192.0 | 204.7 |
| To foreigners ................................................................ | 16 | 21.3 | 22.6 | 24.1 | 29.1 |
| Less: Interest received by govemment .............................................................................................. | 17 | 96.5 | 104.9 | 111.9 | 122.6 |
| Less: Dividends received by government.................................................................................................. | 18 | 4.5 | 5.5 | 6.7 | 8.3 |
| Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises .............................................................................. | 19 | 7.2 | 12.8 | 17.6 | 18.5 |
| Subsidies.......................................................... | 20 | 22.9 | 27.2 | 31.5 | 29.6 |
| Less: Current surplus of government enterprises............... | 21 | 15.7 | 14.4 | 14.0 | 11.2 |
| Less: Wage accruals less disbursements................................................................................................... | 22 | -. 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Surplus or deficit ( - ), national income and product accounts.... | 23 | -131.8 | -144.1 | -110.1 | -96.1 |
| Social insurance funds .......................................................................................................................... | 24 | 62.3 | 74.8 | 90.1 | 125.9 |
| Other ......................................................................................................................................................................... | 25 | -194.1 | -218.9 | -200.2 | -222.1 |

Table 3.2.-Federal Government Receipts and Expenditures
[Billions of dollars]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1985 | 1986 |  |  |  | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  | 1989 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | IV | I | II | III | IV | 1 | II | III | IV | I | II | III | Iv | 1 | II |
| Receipts | 1 | 788.7 | 827.9 | 911.4 | 972.4 | 805.3 | 810.9 | 815.9 | . 9 | 853.8 | 860.7 | 6.2 | 921.5 | 937.4 | 944.7 | 973.2 | 977.3 | 994.6 | 1,036.2 |  |
| Personal tax and nontax receipts... | 2 | 346.4 | 361.4 | 403.8 | 413.0 | 355.3 | 351.4 | 354.9 | 363.3 | 376.2 | 370.9 | 424.4 | 408.1 | 420.0 | 402.7 | 417.5 | 411.4 | 420.3 | 444.8 | 464.2 4529 |
| Income taxes...................... | 3 | 339.3 | 353.5 | ${ }^{397.2}$ | 403.5 | 348.3 | 344.0 | 347.0 | ${ }_{7}^{355.1}$ | $\underset{7}{368.1}$ | 362.4 <br> 7 | ${ }^{415.5}$ | 398.9 | ${ }_{4}^{411.9}$ | $\begin{array}{r}393.9 \\ 7 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }^{407.5}$ | ${ }^{401.7} 8$ | 410.7 <br> 8.0 <br> 1 |  |  |
| Estate and gift laxes...... | 5 | ${ }^{6.5}$ | 7.8 | 1.3 | 1.6 | 7.7 | 6.7 | 7.2 | ${ }^{7} .8$ | 1.0 | $\stackrel{.}{9}$ | 1.2 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.9 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.8 |
| Corporate profis tax accruals. | 6 | 76.3 | 83.8 | 101.0 | 111.4 | 78.8 | 82.0 | 81.9 | 82.5 | 88.9 | 93.2 | 100.4 | 107.4 | 103.1 | 104.2 | 111.6 | 114.0 | 115.8 | 117.0 |  |
| Federal Reserve banks. | 7 | 17.8 58 | ${ }^{17.8}$ | 17.7 | 17.4 | 17.3 | 18.7 | 17.9 | 17.3 | 77.2 | ${ }_{75}^{17.4}$ | $1 \begin{aligned} & 17.7 \\ & 827\end{aligned}$ | 17.9 <br> 89 |  |  | 16.7 949 |  |  |  |  |
| Other........................ | 8 | 58.5 | 66.0 | 83.3 | 94.1 | 61.5 | 63.2 | 64.0 | 65.2 | 71.6 | 75.8 | 82.7 | 89.5 | 85.2 | 87.5 | 94.9 | 96.5 | 97.3 | 97.5 |  |
| Indirect business cax and nontax accruals | 9 | 55.1 | 50.5 | 53.8 | 56.7 | 53.5 | 50.3 | 49.2 | 51.6 | 50.8 | 52.7 | 54.2 | 53.8 | 54.5 | 55.9 | 55.9 | 57.4 | 57.8 | 58.0 | 58.5 |
| Excise taxes. | 10 | 34.6 | 30.5 13 1 | ${ }_{31}^{31.6}$ | 34.2 164 16.1 | 34.5 | ${ }_{3}^{31.4}$ | 30.1. | 14.3. | ${ }_{14 .} 30$ | 31.0 14.9 | ${ }_{15}^{31.6}$ | ${ }_{15}^{31.7}$ | 32.0 15 | 33.1 16.5 | 34.0 16.0 | 34.6 <br> 16.4 | ${ }_{1}^{35.1} 1$ | 35.1 | 33.1 17.4 |
| Customs duties | 12 | ${ }_{8}^{12.3}$ | 13.7 6.3 | 15.7 | ${ }_{6} 6.1$ | 12.3 | 6.0 | ${ }_{5}^{13.8}$ | $\underline{6.9}$ | ${ }^{14.4}$ | 14.7 | 6.8 | 6.8 | 6.6 | 6.3 | 6.0 | ${ }_{6} 6.4$ | 5.8 | 5.9 | 5.9 |
| Contributions for social insurance | 13 | 310.9 | 332.1 | 350.8 | 391.3 | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 317.7 \\ 1,017.5 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{array}{r} 327.3 \\ 1,006.6 \end{array}$ | 329.9 | 333.4 | 337.9 | 344.0 | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 347.2 \\ \mathbf{1 , 0 6 3 . 8} \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{array}{r} 352.2 \\ 1,065.5 \end{array}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{\|r\|} \hline 359.7 \\ 1,101.7 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{array}{r} 382.0 \\ \mathbf{1 , 0 9 6 . 5} \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 388.2 \\ 1,114.7 \end{array}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 394.5 \\ 1,099.8 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | 4,162.6 | 414.3 | 1,197.8 |
| Expenditures.... |  | 985.6 | 1,034.8 | 1,072.8 | 1,118.3 |  |  | 1,051.9 | 1,037.7 | 1,042.s | 1,060.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Purchases of goods and services | 15 | 355.2 | 366.5 | 381.6 | 381.3 | 376.6 |  | 368.7 | 369.9 | 368.8 | 375.6 | 378.2 | 384.5 |  | 374.1 |  | 367.5 | 406.4 | 399.0 | 403.9 |
| National defense Vondefense.... | $\begin{gathered} 16 \\ 17 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 259.1 \\ 96.0 \end{gathered}$ | $\left.\begin{gathered} 277.8 \\ 88.7 \end{gathered} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{gathered} 2994.8 \\ 86.8 \end{gathered}$ | ${ }_{83,3}^{298.0}$ | 268.6 | 266.8 ${ }_{\text {91,7 }}$ | ${ }_{9}^{27.6}$ | 286.5 83.4 | ${ }_{88.1}^{28.7}$ | ${ }^{288.0}$ | ${ }_{84.2}^{294.0}$ | 300.2 84.3 | ${ }_{9}^{296.8}$ | ${ }^{297.4}$ | 298.0 79.1 | ${ }_{71.4}^{296.1}$ | 300.5 105.9 | 298.7 100.4 | 101.5 |
| Nondefense | 18 |  | 399.9 | 414.3 | 438.2 | 385.8 | 389.9 | 398.6 | 405.3 | 405.8 | 407.1 | 413.8 |  | 421.9 | 433.0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Transfer payment | 19 | 366.7 | 386.0 | 401.9 | 425.4 | 370.3 | 379.5 | 383.5 | 389.5 | 391.3 | 396.5 |  | 403.3 | 405.2 | 421.5 | 424.2 | 426.3 | 429.4 | 448.9 | 455.1 |
| To foreigners..... | 20 | 13.4 | 13.9 | 12.4 | 12.9 | 15.5 | 0.4 | 15.1 | 15.8 | 14.5 | 10.6 | 11.2 | 11.0 | 16.7 | 11.4 | 10.2 | 11.7 | 18.2 | 11.5 | 12.8 |
| Grans-in-aid to State and local government | 21 | 99.7 | 106.8 | 102.6 | 111.4 | 103.5 | 105.2 | 109.8 | 109.1 | 103.0 | 1.3 | 105.2 | 101.7 | 102.2 | 110.1 | 112.2 | 111.0 | 112.2 | 118.7 | 118.9 |
| Net interest paid | 22 | 130.1 | 135.6 | 141.7 | 151.4 | 132.7 | 134.8 | 136.6 | 135.0 | 136.0 | 137.8 | 139.1 | 142.5 | 147.3 | 144.9 | 149.9 | 153.9 | 157.0 | 167.0 | 172.1 |
| Interest paid | 23 | 152.0 | 158.2 | 162.3 | 173.8 | 155.4 | 158.2 | 159.1 | 158.7 | 156.9 | 158.3 | 159.8 | 163.2 | 167.7 | 171.7 | 171.1 | 174.4 | 178.3 | 187.4 | 192.1 |
| To persons and busine | 24 | ${ }^{130.7}$ | 135.6 | 138.2 | 144.8 | ${ }^{133.9}$ | ${ }^{135.7}$ | ${ }^{136.9}$ |  | 134.0 | 134.5 | 136.0 | ${ }^{139.3}$ | 143.1 | 145.1 | 142.7 <br> 28.4 | 144.2 | 147.2 | ${ }_{5}^{154.9}$ | 158.1 34.0 |
| To foreigners ................ | 25 | 21.3 | 22.6 | 24.1 | 29.1 | 21.5 | 22.5 | 22.2 | 22.8 | 22.9 | 23.8 | 23.9 | 23.9 | 24.6 | 26.6 | 28.4 | 30.2 | 31.1 | 32.5 | 34.0 |
| Less: Interest received by govermment.. | 26 | 21.9 | 22.7 | 20.6 | 22.4 | 22.7 | 23.4 | 22.5 | 23.8 | 20.9 | 20.5 | 20.7 | 20.7 | 20.4 | 26.8 | 21.2 | 20.5 | 21.2 | 20. | 19.9 |
| Subsidies less | 27 | 20.3 | 26.0 | 32.6 | 36.0 | 19.0 | 8.2 | 38.3 | 18.4 | 29.2 | 38.4 | 27.5 | 22.7 | 41.9 | 34.4 | 41.2 | 29.4 | 38.9 | 38.5 | 35.0 |
| enterprises. | 28 | 22.2 | 26.5 |  | 28.9 | 19.0 |  |  | 22.0 |  | 37.6 | 27.2 | 20.8 | 37.7 | 29.8 | 32.2 | 17.6 | 35.9 | 34.2 |  |
| Less: Current surplus of government enterprises.. | 29 | 1.9 |  | -1.8 | -7. | 0 | . 6 |  | 3.6 | -3.7 | -9 | -3 | . 9 | -4.2 | . 6 | -9.0 | -11.8 | -3.0 | -4.3 | -6.9 |
| Less: Wage accruals less disbursements... | 30 | -. 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 2 | -. 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Surplus or deficit ( - ), national income and product accounts. | 31 | -196.9 | -206.9 | -161.4 | -145.8 | -212.2 | -195.6 | -236.0 | -206.8 | -189.0 | -199.4 | -137.7 | -143.9 | -164.4 | -151.8 | -141.5 | -122.5 | -167.6 | -147.5 |  |
| Social insurance funds.... | 32 |  |  |  |  | 15.4 |  | 17.4 | 15.7 | 19.6 | 21.9 | 21.3 | 26.8 | 35.7 | 45.7 | 51.6 | 58.2 | 63.6 | 62.7 | 64.1 |
|  | 33 | -207.9 | -224.5 | -187.8 | -200.6 | -227.6 | -213.3 | -253.4 | -222.5 | -208.7 | -221.4 | -158.9 | -170.8 | -200.0 | -197.5 | -193.2 | -180.7 | -231.2 | -210.1 |  |

Table 3.3.-State and Local Government Receipts and Expenditures
[Billions of dollars]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1985 | 1986 |  |  |  | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  | 1989 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Iv | 1 | II | III | IV | 1 | II | III | IV | 1 | II | III | IV | 1 | II |
| Receipts. | 1 | 581.8 | 626.3 | 656.1 | 701.6 | 598.0 | 615.3 | 619.2 | 633.0 | 637.6 | 637.1 | 658.9 | 659.6 | 668.9 | 684.8 | 699.2 | 706.0 | 716.5 | 732.6 |  |
| Personal tax and nontax receipts.... | 2 | 140.2 | 151.5 | 165.8 | 173.7 | 144.3 | 146.4 | 148.6 | 152.6 | 158.2 | 159.9 | 170.2 | 163.9 | 169.2 | 169.5 | 173.3 | 174.5 | 177.5 | 181.5 | 187.4 |
| Income taxes <br> Nontaxes $\qquad$ | 3445 | 72.2 56.2 | 77.6 61.2 | 86.3 65.8 | 88.5 70.3 | 74.2 <br> 58.1 | 74.8 <br> 59.4 | 75.5 60.6 | 78.0 61.8 6 | 82.2 63.0 | 82.5 64.1 | 91.4 | 83.8 66.3 | 87.6 67.5 | 86.5 <br> 68.6 | 88.8 <br> 69.8 | 88.6 70.9 | 90.3 <br> 72.0 | 92.9 <br> 73.2 | 97.5 74.3 |
|  |  | 11.8 | 12.7 | 13.8 | 14.8 | 12.1 | 12.3 | 12.5 | 12.8 | 13.0 | 13.4 | 13.7 | 13.9 | 14.1 | 14.4 | 14.7 | 15.0 | 15.1 | 15.3 | 15.6 |
| Corporate profits tax accruals........... | 6 | 20.2 | 22.5 | 23.7 | 26.5 | 21.0 | 21.3 | 22.0 | 22.4 | 24.2 | 21.8 | 23.5 | 25.3 | 24.2 | 24.8 | 26.7 | 27.2 | 27.4 | 27.4 | ... |
| Indirect business tax and nontax accruals. | 7 | 278.5 | 298.5 | 314.0 | 336.8 | 284.8 | 297.1 | 292.7 | 301.7 | 302.3 | 305.3 | 310.3 | 318.2 | 322.1 | 328.3 | 334.1 | 339.7 | 344.9 | 349.7 | 354.8 |
| Sales taxes ..... | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 9 \\ & 10 \end{aligned}$ | 131.0 | 140.0 | 149.2 | 160.5 | 133.7 | 136.1 | 138.1 | 142.4 | 143.6 | 144.1 | 147.3 |  | 153.4 |  | 159.1 |  | 164.8 | 166.8 |  |
| Property taxes. Other. |  | $\begin{array}{r} 107.1 \\ 40.5 \end{array}$ | 114.6 43.8 | 121.3 43.5 | 131.0 45.2 | 109.9 41.2 | 112.0 49.0 | 113.9 40.8 | 115.6 43.7 | 117.1 41.6 | ${ }^{118.4} 4$ | 120.1 43.0 | 122.1 44.1 | $\begin{gathered} 124.5 \\ 44.1 \end{gathered}$ | 127.3 44.5 | $\begin{gathered} 129.9 \\ 45.1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 132.3 \\ 45.7 \end{array}$ | 134.5 45.7 | 136.8 46.1 | 139.1 46.7 |
| Connributions for social insurance. | 11 | 43.2 | 47.1 | 50.0 | 53.3 | 44.4 | 45.2 | 46.0 | 47.2 | 49.8 | 48.8 | 49.6 | 50.4 | 51.2 | 52.0 | 52.9 | 53.7 | 54.6 | 55.4 | 56.3 |
| Federal grants-in-aid ... | 1213 | 99.7 | 106.8 | 102.6 | 111.4 | 103.5 | 105.2 | 109.8 | 109.1 | 103.0 | 101.3 | 105.2 | 101.7 | 102.2 | 110.1 | 112.2 | 111.0 | 112.2 | 118.7 | 118.9 |
| Expenditures.. |  | 516.7 | 563.5 | 604.8 | 651.9 | 531.8 | 546.8 | 5579 | 569.6 | 579.8 | 590.8 | 598.5 | 609.1 | 620.9 | 634.0 | 646.7 | 656.2 | 670.8 | 683.8 | 695.6 |
| Purchases of goods and services. | 13 14 | 465.6 | 505.7 | 544.5 | 587.6 | 480.1 | 491.8 | 500.6 | 510.4 | 520.1 | 531.4 | 538.6 | 548.7 | 559.4 | 571.6 | 583.0 | 591.0 | 604.9 | 617.0 | 627.5 |
| Compensation of employees.............................. | $\begin{array}{l\|l} 15 \\ . . .16 \end{array}$ | 278.8 | 300.3 | 322.1 | 346.5 | 286.2 | 291.5 | 297.1 | 3027 | 309.8 | 314.0 | 319.2 | 324.7 | 330.5 | 337.5 | 343.5 | 349.4 | 355.5 | ${ }^{3651.8}$ | 367.8 |
| Other ............................................................. |  | 186.8 | 205.5 | 222.4 | 241.2 | 194.0 | 200.3 | 203.5 | 207.8 | 210.3 | 217.4 | 219.4 | 224.0 | 228.9 | 234.1 | 239.6 | 241.6 | 249.5 | 255.1 | 259.6 |
| Transfer payments to persons... | 17 | 101.1 | 110.9 | 119.6 | 130.3 | 104.2 | 106.9 | 109.9 | 112.2 | 114.4 | 116.2 | 118.4 | 120.6 | 123.1 | 126.3 | 129.0 | 131.7 | 134.3 | 136.7 | 139.6 |
| Net interest paid.. | 18 | -32.4 | -34.4 | -37.5 | -40.3 | -33.9 | -33.8 | -34.0 | -34.5 | -35.2 | -36.2 | -37.2 | -38.0 | -38.8 | -39.5 | -40.0 | -40.4 | -41.1 | -41.7 | -42.3 |
| Interest paid $\qquad$ Less: Interest received by government.... | $\begin{array}{r\|l\|l\|} 19 \\ \cdots . . . \\ 20 \end{array}$ | 74.2 | $\begin{aligned} & 47.9 \\ & 82.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 53.8 \\ & 91.3 \end{aligned}$ | 59.9 100.2 | $\begin{gathered} 44.1 \\ 78.0 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 45.6 \\ & 79.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 47.2 \\ & 81.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 48.7 \\ & 83.2 \\ & \hline 1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 50.1 \\ & 85.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 51.5 \\ 87.7 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 53.0 \\ 90.2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 54.5 \\ & 9.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 56.1 \\ & 94.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 57.6 \\ 97.2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 59.2 \\ 99.2 \end{gathered}$ | $\left.\begin{gathered} 60.7 \\ 101.1 \end{gathered} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{array}{r} 62.2 \\ 103.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 63.7 \\ 105.4 \end{array}$ | ${ }^{65.1}$ |
| Less: Dividends received by government................ | 21 | 4.5 | 5.5 | 6.7 | 8.3 | 4.9 | 5.1 | 5.3 | 5.7 | 5.9 | 6.3 | 6.6 | 6.8 | 7.1 | 7.5 | 8.2 | 8.5 | 8.8 | 9.1 | 9.5 |
| Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises. | 22 | -13.1 | -13.2 | -15.1 | -17.5 | -13.7 | -13.1 | -13.2 | -12.9 | -13.6 | -14.4 | -14.7 | -15.5 | -15.7 | -16.8 | -17.1 | -17.6 | -18.5 | -19.0 | -19.6 |
| Subsidies. <br> Less: Current surplus of government enterprises | $\begin{array}{l\|l\|} \ldots . . . \\ \cdots & 23 \\ 24 \end{array}$ | $13.81$ | 13.9 | 15.7 | ${ }^{18.3}$ | 14.4.4 | $\begin{array}{r} .7 \\ 13.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} .7 \\ 13.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|} .7 \\ 13.6 \end{array}$ | 14.3 ${ }^{.}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 15.7 \\ 15.1 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | 15.7 | $\begin{array}{r} .7 \\ 16.2 \end{array}$ | . 16.5 | $17.76$ | $\begin{array}{r} 17.7 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $18.8$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} .8 \\ 19.3 \end{array}\right\}$ | 19.8 | 20.4 |
| Less: Wage accruals less disbursements............... | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Surplus or deficit $(-)$, national income and product accounts. | 26 | 65.1 | 62.8 | 51.3 | 49.7 | 66.3 | 68.5 | 61.3 | 63.4 | 57.8 | 46.3 | 60.4 | 50.5 | 48.0 | 50.8 | 52.4 | 49.8 | 45.7 | 48.8 |  |
| Social insurance funds........................................ | $\ldots . . . . .$ | 51.3 138 | 57.2 |  | 71.1 | 53.9 | 54.7 | 55.7 | 57.4 | 60.9 | 60.9 | 62.8 | 64.5 | 66.4 | 68.3 | 70.4 | 72.1 | 73.8 | 75.4 | 77.2 |
| Other |  | 13.8 | 5.6 | -12.4 | -21.4 | 12.4 | 13.8 | 5.6 | 6.0 | -3.1 | -14.6 | -2.5 | -14.0 | -18.4 | -17.5 | -17.9 | -22.3 | -28.1 | -26.6 |  |

Table 3.4.-Personal Tax and Nontax Receipts
[Billions of dollars]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Personal tax and nontax receipts...................................... | 1 | 486.6 | 512.9 | 571.7 | 586.6 |
| Federal. | 2 | 346.4 | 361.4 | 405.8 | 413.0 |
| Income taxes.. | 3 | 339.3 | 353.5 | 397.2 | 403.5 |
| Withheld.... | 4 | 305.4 | 319.5 | 327.3 | 343.8 |
| Declarations and settements ..................................................................... | 5 | 101.8 | 107.4 | 143.7 | 133.3 |
| Less: Refunds .................................................................. | 6 | 67.9 | 73.3 | 73.8 | 73.6 |
| Estate and gift taxes... | 7 | 6.5 | 7.1 | 7.4 | 7.9 |
| Nontaxes .......................................................................... | 8 | . 7 | . 8 | 1.3 | 1.6 |
| State and local. | 9 | 140.2 | 151.5 | 165.8 | 173.7 |
| Income taxes............................................................................. | 10 | 72.2 | 77.6 | 86.3 | 88.5 |
| Estate and gift taxes............................................................ | 11 | 2.6 | 3.0 | 3.4 | 3.7 |
|  | 12 | 5.9 | 6.3 | 6.8 | 7.1 |
| Property taxes..................................................................... | 13 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.2 |
| Other taxes........................................................................ | 14 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.8 |
| Nontaxes ............................................................................ | 15 | 56.2 | 61.2 | 65.8 | 70.3 |
| Tuition and related educational charges .................................. | 16 | 12.4 | 13.4 | 14.3 | 15.2 |
| Hospital and health charges.................................................. | 17 | 30.6 | 33.0 | 35.2 | 37.4 |
| Fines........................................................................................ | 18 | 4.9 | 5.5 | 6.1 | 6.7 |
| Other ...................................................................................... | 19 | 8.3 | 9.3 | 10.2 | 11.1 |

Table 3.5.-Indirect Business Tax and Nontax Accruals [Billions of dollars]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Indirect business tax and nontax accruals | 1 | 333.6 | 348.9 | 3678 | 393.5 |
| Federal ................................................................. | 2 | 55.1 | 50.5 | 53.8 | 56.7 |
| Excise taxes. | 3 | 34.6 | 30.5 | 31.6 | 34.2 |
| Liquor. | 456 | 5.3 | 5.5 | 5.7 | 5.6 |
| Tobacco. |  | 4.6 | 4.5 | 4.6 | 4.5 |
| Windfall profit tax. | ${ }_{7}$ | 5.2 |  |  |  |
| Other .................... | 7 | 19.4 | 20.1 | 21.3 | 24.1 |
| Customs duties... | ${ }_{9}^{8}$ | 12.2 | 13.7 | 15.4 | 16.4 |
| Nontaxes.. |  | 8.3 | 6.3 | 6.7 | 6.1 |
| State and local ....................... | 10 | 278.5 | 298.5 | 314.0 | 336.8 |
| Sales taxes | $\because{ }_{12}^{11}$ | 131.0 | 140.0 | 149.2 | 160.5 |
|  |  | 109.0 | 116.3 | 124.0 | 133.4 |
| General.. | 13 | 72.4 | 77.3 | 82.4 | 89.6 |
| Gasoline |  | 13.9 | 15.0 | 16.5 | 17.7 |
| Liquor... | 15 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 3.1 |
| Tobacco. | 16 | 4.4 | 4.6 | 4.7 | 4.8 |
| Public utilities. |  | 6.2 | 6.0 | 6.1 | 6.0 |
| Insurance receipts. | 17 | 4.8 | 5.9 | 6.6 | 7.1 |
| Other ................. | 18 19 | 4.3 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 5.1 |
| Local. |  | 22.0 | 23.7 | 25.2 | 27.1 |
| General. | 20 | 15.4 | 16.6 | 17.8 | 19.3 |
| Public utilities... | ${ }_{22}^{21}$ | 4.0 | 4.1 | 4.3 | 4.4 |
| Other. | 23 | 2.6 | 2.9 | 3.2 | 3.5 |
| Property taxes... | 24 | 107.1 | 114.6 | 121.3 | 131.0 |
| Motor vehicle licenses. |  | 2.6 | 2.7 | 3.0 | 3.1 |
| Severance taxes..... | 26 | 7.0 | 5.0 | 4.3 | 4.1 |
| Other taxes. $\qquad$ <br> Nontaxes $\qquad$ |  | 1.7 | 13.5 | 15.0 | 5.6 |
|  | 2829 | 19.3 | 22.6 | 21.3 | 22.4 |
|  |  | 12.6 | 13.4 | ${ }^{13.3}$ | 13.7 |
|  | 29 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.6 |
| $\stackrel{\text { Onther. }}{ }$ | 32 | 1.9 | 3.1 | 3.4 | 3.7 |

Table 3.6.-Contributions for Social Insurance
[Billions of dollars]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Contributions for social insurance.. | 1 | 354.1 | 379.2 | 400.8 | 444.6 |
| Employer contributions... | 2 | 204.8 | 217.3 | 227.8 | 249.7 |
| Federal social insurance funds ..... | 3 | 172.9 | 182.7 | 191.1 | 210.7 |
| Old-age, survivors, disability, and hospital insurance.... | 4 | 114.3 | 124.2 | 131.6 | 148.6 |
| Old-age, survivors, and disability insurance.. | S | 91.5 | 98.1 | 103.9 | 118.8 |
| Hospital insurance ................................... | 6 | 22.7 | 26.0 | 27.7 | 29.7 |
| Unemployment insurance.. | 7 | 25.5 | 24.3 | 23.6 | 23.6 |
| State tax .... | 8 | 19.5 | 18.2 | 17.8 | 18.0 |
| Federal tax.. | 9 | 5.5 | 5.6 | 5.4 | 5.2 |
| Railroad employees. | 10 | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 |
| Federal employees...... | 11 | . 3 | . 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Federal employee retirement . | 12 | 28.9 | 29.7 | 31.2 | 33.3 |
| Civilian.. | 13 | 11.4 | 11.8 | 12.8 | 13.8 |
| Military ....................... | 14 | 17.6 | 17.9 | 18.4 | 19.5 |
| Railroad retirement | 15 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.7 |
| Veterans life' insurance. | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Workers' compensation.... | 17 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.3 |
| Military medical insurance ${ }^{\text {'..... }}$ | 18 | . 8 | . 9 | 1.1 | 1.2 |
| State and local social insurance funds. | 19 | 31.9 | 34.7 | 36.7 | 39.0 |
| State and local employee retirement. | 20 | 28.1 | 30.1 | 31.5 | 33.1 |
| Temporary disability insurance .... | 21 | . 1 | 1 | . 1 | . 2 |
| Workers' compensation..................................................... | 22 | 3.7 | 4.4 | 5.0 | 5.7 |
| Personal contributions .... | 23 | 149.3 | 161.9 | 172.9 | 194.9 |
| Federal social insurance funds | 24 | 138.0 | 149.5 | 159.6 | 180.6 |
| Old-age, survivors, disability, and hospital insurance.. | 25 | 125.5 | 136.8 | 146.0 | 164.4 |
| Employees.................... | 26 | 114.6 | 124.5 | 131.9 | 148.6 |
| Old-age, survivors, and disability insurance. | 27 | 91.8 | 98.3 | 104.1 | 118.8 |
| Hospital insurance... | 28 | 22.8 | 26.1 | 27.8 | 29.8 |
| Self-employed.... | 29 | 10.9 | 12.4 | 14.1 | 15.7 |
| Supplementary medical insurance ... | 30 | 5.6 | 5.7 | 6.7 | 9.4 |
| State unemployment insurance..... | 31 | 3 | . 3 | . 3 | . 4 |
| Federal civilian employee retirement. | 32 | 4.8 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 4.5 |
| Railroad retirement... | 33 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.2 |
| Veterans life insurance. | 34 | . 8 | . 8 | . 8 | . 8 |
| State and local social insurance funds. | 35 | 11.3 | 12.4 | 13.3 | 14.3 |
| State and local employee retirement.. | 36 | 10.1 | 11.0 | 11.7 | 12.4 |
| Temporary disability insurance ................................................. | 37 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 1.9 |

Table 3.7B.-Government Purchases of Goods and Services by Type
[Billions of dollars]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1985 | 1986 |  |  |  | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  | 1989 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | IV | I | II | III | IV | 1 | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | 1 | II |
| Government purchases of goods and services. | 1 | 820.8 | 872.2 | 926. | 968.9 | 856.7 | 850.3 | 869.3 | 880.3 | 888.9 | 906.9 | 916.8 | 933.2 | 947.5 | 945.7 | 960.1 | 958.6 | 1,011.4 | 1,016.0 | 1,031.4 |
| Federal. | 2 | 355.2 | 366.5 | 381.6 | 381.3 | 376.6 | 358.5 | 368.7 | 369.9 | 36888 | 375.6 | 378.2 | 384.5 | 388.1 | 374.1 | 377.1 | 367.5 | 406.4 | 399.0 | 403.9 |
| National defense. | 3 | 259.1 | 277.8 | 294.8 | 298.0 | 268.6 | 266.8 | 277.1 | 286.5 | 280.7 | 288.0 | 294.0 | 300.2 | 296.8 | 297.4 | 298.0 | 296.1 | 300.5 | 298.7 | 302.4 |
| Durable gods..... | 4 | 76.4 11.9 | 83.3 11.1 | 89.8 10.5 | 83.9 10.9 | 777.7 | 75.2 12.3 | 82.5 | 89.6 10.6 | 85.9 9.9 | 38.4 9.6 | 89.1 10.2 | 93.7 10.8 | 88.0 11.3 | 83.2 10.6 | ${ }^{83.7}$ | 83.7 10.5 | 85.1 | 82.7 10.8 | ${ }_{12.1}^{82.1}$ |
| Services... | 6 | 164.8 | 176.8 | 187.3 | 196.1 | 172.9 | 173.2 | 176.8 | 178.9 | 178.3 | 183.2 | 188.0 | 187.9 | 189.9 | 196.9 | 195.5 | 194.7 | 197.4 | 198.8 | 201.4 |
| Compensation of employees | 7 | 100.9 | 104.0 | 108.9 | 113.2 | 103.0 | 103.4 | 103.7 | 104.0 | 105.0 | 107.9 | 108.4 | 109.0 | 110.3 | 113.3 | 112.9 | 113.0 | 113.7 | 119.1 | 119.4 |
| Military | ${ }_{9}^{8}$ | ${ }_{335}^{67.4}$ | 70.2 338 | 73.3 35 | 76.0 | 63.2 39 | ${ }_{33.8}^{69.8}$ | 70.0 33 | 70.3 33 | 70.8 34.2 | 72.8 35.1 | 72.9 | 73.3 35.7 | 74.1 | 76.0 <br> 37.4 | 75.8 37.1 | 76.2 36.9 | 76.2 37.6 | 79.1 | 79.0 40.4 |
| Other services. | ${ }_{10}$ | 63.9 | 72.8 | 78.3 | 82.9 | 70.0 | 69.8 | 73.1 | 74.9 | 73.4 | 75.3 | 79.6 | 78.9 | 79.6 | 83.6 | 82.6 | 81.7 | 83.6 | 79.8 | ${ }_{8}^{40.4}$ |
| Structures.......... | 11 | 6.1 | 6.6 | 7.2 | 7.0 | 6.2 | 6.0 | 6.3 | 7.3 | 6.6 | 6.9 | 6.6 | 7.8 | 7.6 | 6.6 | 7.4 | 7.2 | 7.0 | 6.3 | 6.8 |
| Nondefense... | 12 | 96.0 | 88.7 | 86.8 | 83.3 | 108.0 | 91.7 | 91.6 | 83.4 | 88.1 | 87.5 | 84.2 | 84.3 | 91.3 | 76.7 | 79.1 | 71.4 | 105.9 | 100.4 | 101.5 |
| Durable good | 13 | 3.9 | 4.1 | 4.2 | 4.6 | 4.3 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.5 | 3.8 | 4.0 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 4.9 | 4.4 | 4.9 | 5.2 | 5.1 |
| Nondurable goods. |  | 17.5 | 11.1 | 3.2 | -8.2 | 29.1 | 13.6 | 13.8 | 5.5 | 11.5 | 7.9 | . 5 |  | 4.7 |  |  |  | 11.0 | 3.8 | 4.3 |
| Commodity Credit Corporation inventory change. | 15 | 11.2 | 5.4 | -3.3 | -15.6 | 24.2 | 7.7 | 7.7 | -.4 | 6.5 | 1.8 | -6.8 | -6.9 | -1.5 | -19.0 | -21.5 | -25.9 | 4.1 | -3.8 | -3.0 |
| Other nondurables .................................. | 16 | 6.2 | $\begin{array}{r}5.7 \\ 56.9 \\ \hline 8.9\end{array}$ | 7.6 | 7.4 80 | 4.9 | 5.9 | 66.1 | 56.9 | 5.0 65.4 | 67.6 | 7.3 | 715 | ${ }_{73.8}^{6.8}$ | 8.1 76.3 | $\begin{array}{r}8.5 \\ 80.4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 69.1. | ${ }^{6} \mathbf{6}$ | 7.6 84.9 | 7.2 84.8 |
| Services....................... | 17 | ${ }^{66.0}$ | 39.5 | 42.0 | 86.1 | 39.5 | ${ }_{39.3} 6$ | 39.5 | 39.6 | 39.7 | ${ }_{41.0}$ | 42.0 | 42.3 | 42.5 | 44.7 | 45.8 | 46.8 | 47.1 | 49.2 | 49, <br> 9 |
| Other services.. |  | 26.6 | 26.4 | 29.0 | 33.9 | 27.9 | 26.8 | 26.4 | 26.7 | 25.7 | 26.6 | 28.7 | 29.3 | 31.3 | 31.6 | 34.7 | 32.9 | 36.5 | 35.7 | 35.1 |
| Structures.............. | 20 | 8.7 | 7.6 | 8.5 | 6.8 | 7.2 | 7.8 | 7.6 | 7.4 | 7.5 | 8.1 | 8.7 | 8.7 | 8.4 | 7.1 | 6.7 | 7.1 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 7.4 |
| State and local ..... | 21 | 465.6 | 55.7 | 544.5 | 587.6 | 480.1 | 491.8 | 500.6 | 4 | 520.1 | 531.4 | 538.6 | 548.7 | 59.4 | 571.6 | 583.0 | 591.0 | 604.9 | 617.0 | 627.5 |
| Durable goods... | 22 | 21.8 | 24.1 | 26.5 | 29.4 | 22.7 | 23.2 | 23.8 | 24.3 | 25.0 | 25.5 | 26.2 | 26.8 | 27.4 | 28.1 | 29.0 | 29.8 | 30.6 | 31.5 | 32.3 |
| Nondurable goods. | 24 | $\stackrel{40.3}{ }$ | 38.9 | $\stackrel{43.6}{ }$ | $\stackrel{46.9}{4}$ | 21.7 360.4 | $\stackrel{41.0}{368.9}$ | 377.2 | 39.2 | ${ }_{3036}$ | $\stackrel{4}{29.0}$ | 43.0 | 44.4 | 45.1 | 45.4 | 43.6 | 47.5 | 48.3 | 50.6 | 52.4 |
| Compensation of employees | 25 | 278.8 | 300.3 | 322.1 | 346.5 | 286.2 | 291.5 | 297.1 | 302.6 | 309.8 | 314.0 | 319.2 | 324.7 | 330.5 | 337.5 | 343.5 | 349.4 | 355.5 | 361.8 | 367.8 |
| Other services... |  | 71.1 | 80.8 | 87.8 | 95.6 | 74.2 | 77.4 | 80.0 | 82.1 | 83.8 | 85.2 | 86.7 | 88.8 | 90.4 | 92.6 | 94.7 | 96.6 | 98.4 | 101.4 | 103.5 |
| Structures......................... | 27 | 53.7 | 60.6 | 64.6 | 69.3 | 55.3 | 58.6 | 60.4 | 62.2 | 61.3 | 64.7 | 63.5 | 64.1 | 66.0 | 67.9 | 69.2 | 67.7 | 72.2 | 71.6 | 71.4 |

Table 3.8B.-Government Purchases of Goods and Services by Type in Constant Dollars
[Billions of 1982 dollars]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1985 | 1986 |  |  |  | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  | 1989 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Iv | 1 | II | III | Iv | I | II | III | IV | I | 1 | III | IV | 1 | II |
| Government purchases of goods and services. | 1 | 731.2 | 761.6 | 781.8 | 785.1 | 752.7 | 744.1 | 761.2 | 765.2 | 776.0 | 776.6 | 774.9 | 783.5 | 792.1 | 775.1 | 783.0 | 775.9 | 806.4 | 799.7 | 8076 |
| Federal. | 2 | 326.0 | 334,1 | 339.6 | 328,9 | 340.6 | 324.4 | 335.4 | 334.2 | 342.4 | 338.1 | 334.7 | 340.7 | 344,9 | 323.8 | 3279 | 319.8 | 343.9 | 335.5 | 341.3 |
| National defense. | 3 | 237.2 | 252.1 | 265.2 | 261.5 | 241.4 | 241.2 | 251.4 | 260.0 | 255.8 | 259.0 | 264.6 | 270.6 | 266.7 | 263.0 | 262.5 | 258.8 | 261.6 | 254.4 | 256.1 |
| Durable goods.. | 4 | 72.1 13 | ${ }^{78.4}$ | 88.8 | 84.6 | 72.0 | 71.0 | 77.3 | 83.2 | 82.1 | 85.3 | 87.9 | 91.5 | 88.6 | ${ }^{34.2}$ | 85.0 | 84.3 | 85.0 | 81.1 | ${ }_{80.8}^{80.8}$ |
| Services........... | 6 | 146.2 | 15.4 | 155.9 | 156.9 | 150.8 | 150.6 | 153.1 | 154.4 | 152.7 | 153.9 | 157.2 | 156.1 | 156.4 | 159.0 | 156.8 | 155.4 | 156.4 | 133.9 | 15.9 |
| Compensation of employees.. | 7 | 88.3 | 89.0 | 89.5 | 89.1 | 88.5 | 88.7 | 88.7 | 88.9 | 89.5 | 89.2 | 89.1 | ${ }_{89} 8.5$ | 90.0 | 89.8 | 88.8 | 88.7 | 89.1 | 89.5 | 89.4 |
|  |  | 38.9 28.9 | 60.9 28.9 | 60.5 | ${ }_{29.1}^{60.0}$ | 59.5 29.0 | 59.7 29.0 | 58.9 28.9 | 60.1 28.8 | ${ }_{29.1}^{60.3}$ | 60.4 28.8 | ${ }_{28.9}^{60.9}$ | 60.5 29.0 | 60.7 29.2 | ${ }_{29.3}^{60.5}$ | 59.8 28.9 | 59.9 28.7 | 59.8 29.3 | 59.7 29.8 | 59.5 29.9 |
| Other services.. | 10 | 57.9 | 63.8 | 66.4 | 67.8 | 62.3 | 61.9 | 64.4 | 65.5 | 63.3 | 64.7 | 68.1 | 66.6 | 66.4 | 69.3 | 68.0 | ${ }^{66.8}$ | 67.3 | 64.0 | 65.5 |
| Stuctures.......... | 11 | 5.6 | 5.6 | 6.0 | 5.7 | 5.5 | 5.2 | 5.4 | 6.2 | 5.6 | 5.7 | 5.6 | 6.4 | 6.3 | 5.4 | 6.0 | 5.8 | 5.4 | 4.8 | 5.1 |
| Nondefense....... | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} 12 \\ 13 \\ 14 \\ 14 \end{array}\right.$ | 88.8 | 82.0 | 74.4 | 67.4 | 99.2 | 83.3 | 84.1 | $\begin{array}{r}74.2 \\ 4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 86.6 | 79.1 | 70.1 | 70.7 | 78.2 | ${ }_{50}^{60.8}$ | 65.4 | ${ }_{51.0}^{6}$ | 82.3 | 81.1 | 85.1 |
| Durable goods.....s. |  | 18.4 | 13.4 | 2.6 | -8.7 | 29.0 | 13.8 | 15.3 | 5.4 | 19.2 | 10.2 | -1.8 | -2.2 | 4.2 | -12.7 | -11.3 | -14.7 | 3.9 | 3.6 | 7.7 |
| Commodity Cedit Corporation inventor................................. change. | 15 | 12.2 | 7.8 | -3.9 | -15.6 | 24.3 | 8.0 | 9.4 | -. 3 | 14.2 | 4.1 | -9.2 | -8.9 | -1.7 | -20.6 | -19.6 | -20.1 | -2.2 | -3.3 | 1.2 |
| Other nondurables.. |  | 6.2 | 5.6 | 6.5 | 6.9 | 4.7 | 5.8 | 5.8 | 5.7 | 4.9 | 6.1 | 7.4 | 6.7 | 5.9 | 8.0 | 8.3 | 5.4 | 6.0 | 6.9 | 6.5 |
|  |  | 38.1 34.0 | 57.1 33.7 | 59.2 34.2 | ${ }_{36.1}^{64.8}$ | 34.0 | 57.6 | 57.2 33.7 | 57.4 33.7 | 56.7 33.7 | 57.0 33 | 59.2 34.2 | 54.6 34 |  | ${ }_{35.2} 62$ | 65.3 35.9 | 64.4 36.7 | 67.4 36.9 | 66.3 36.9 | 65.7 37.0 |
| Other services............... | 1617181919 | 24.1 | 23.4 | 25.1 | 28.7 | 25.1 | 23.9 | 23.5 | 23.7 | 22.6 | 23.3 | 25.0 | 25.3 | 26.9 | 27.0 | 29.4 | 27.7 | 30.5 | 29.4 | 28.7 |
| Structures... |  | 8.0 | 6.9 | 7.5 | 5.9 | 6.6 | 7.2 | 6.9 | 6.7 | 6.8 | 7.2 | 7.8 | 7.7 | 7.4 | 6.2 | 5.8 | 6.1 | 5.5 | 5.5 | 6.1 |
| State and tocal .... | 21 | 405.2 | 427.5 | 442.1 | 456.2 | 412.1 | 419.6 | 425.7 | 430.9 | 433.6 | 438.5 | 440.1 | 442.8 | 447.2 | 451.3 | 455.1 | 456.1 | 462.5 | 464.2 | 466.3 |
| Durable goods.... | 24 | 20.5 | 22.3 | 24.1 | 26.1 | 21.3 | 21.7 | 22.1 | 22.5 | 22.9 | 23.3 | 23.8 | 24.3 | 24.8 | 25.3 | 25.9 | 26.4 | 26.9 | 27.4 | 27.9 |
| Nondurable goods... |  | ${ }_{2956}^{40.6}$ | - 307.2 | ${ }^{46.5}$ | 323.7 | - 29.8 | ${ }_{302.8}^{4.1}$ | 34.1 | 34.8 | 31.1 | 312.6 | - 314.9 | $\stackrel{46.3}{316.4}$ | ${ }^{46.9}$ | 47.7 | 48.4 | 499.0 | 49.5 | 50.1 | 50.7 |
| Compensation of employees. | $\begin{array}{r}23 \\ 24 \\ 25 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 235.0 | 240.8 | 246.0 | 250.9 | 237.4 | 238.6 | 240.0 | 241.6 | 243.1 | 244.1 | 245.5 | 246.6 | 247.9 | 249.1 | 250.3 | 251.5 | 252.7 | 253.7 | 254.7 |
| Other services.. | $\begin{aligned} & 24 \\ & 26 \\ & 26 \\ & 27 \end{aligned}$ |  | 66.3 | 69.5 | 72.8 | 62.4 | 64.2 | 65.9 | 67.1 | 68.0 | 68.5 | 69.1 | 69.8 | 70.6 | 71.6 | 72.4 | 73.2 | 74.1 | 75.0 | 75.8 |
| Structures... |  | 48.4 | 53.7 | 56.4 | 57.8 | 49.2 | 52.0 | 53.7 | 54.8 | 54.3 | 57.0 | 55.8 | 55.7 | 56.9 | 57.6 | 58.1 | 56.0 | 59.3 | 58.0 | 57.2 |

Table 3.9.-National Defense Purchases of Goods and Services
[Billions of dollars]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1985 | 1986 |  |  |  | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  | 1989 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | IV | 1 | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | 1 | II | III | IV | 1 | 11 |
| National defense purchases.. | 1 | 259.1 | 277.8 | 294.8 | 298.0 | 268.6 | 266.8 | 277.1 | 286.5 | 280.7 | 288.0 | 294.0 | 300.2 | 296.8 | 297.4 | 298.0 | 296.1 | 300.5 | 298.7 | 302.4 |
| Durable goods. |  | 76.4 | 83.3 | 89.8 | 83.9 | 77.7 | 75.2 | 82.5 | 89.6 | 85.9 | 88.4 | 89.1 | 93.7 | 88.0 | 83.2 | 83.7 | 83.7 | 85.1 | 82.7 | 82.1 |
| Military equipment. | 3 | 64.5 | 71.1 | 77.5 | 72.9 | 66.2 | 63.4 | 69.9 | 77.5 | 73.5 | 77.2 | 76.6 | 80.3 | 75.9 | 71.7 | 72.5 | 73.0 | 74.3 | 72.9 | 71.0 |
| Aircraft.............. | 4 | 26.6 | 33.0 | 33.9 | 29.3 | 30.0 | 28.4 | 31.0 | 36.1 | 36.5 | 33.8 | 31.7 | 35.6 | 34.6 | 29.8 | 29.1 | 27.9 | 30.5 | 27.7 | 25.5 |
| Missiles. | 5 | 9.6 | 11.4 | 12.7 | 12.4 | 10.3 | 9.7 | 11.7 | 12.5 | 11.6 | 12.3 | 13.4 | 12.7 | 12.3 | 11.2 | 12.5 | 12.7 | 13.3 | 12.9 | 12.4 |
| Ships..... | 6 | 8.4 | 8.5 | 8.5 | 8.4 | 8.6 | 7.9 | 8.9 | 9.1 | 8.1 | 8.4 | 9.2 | 8.4 | 8.2 | 8.3 | 8.0 | 8.1 | 9.3 | 10.2 | 9.8 |
| Vehicles. | 7 | 4.8 | 4.7 | 4.8 | 4.2 | 3.9 | 4.2 | 4.4 | 4.6 | 5.5 | 5.2 | 4.9 | 4.4 | 4.6 | 4.5 | 4.2 | 4.3 | 3.7 | 5.7 | 3.9 |
| Electronic equipment...................................................................-- | 8 9 | 4.9 10.1 | 5.1 8.4 | 5.8 11.7 | 6.0 12.5 | 8.8 | 4.7 8.5 | 5.1 8.7 | 5.2 10.0 | 5.4 6.4 | 11.7 | 5.9 11.5 | 5.9 13.3 | 5.6 <br> 10.5 | 5.8 12.0 | 6.0 12.6 | 5.8 14.2 | 6.5 10.9 | 5.9 12.5 | 6.7 12.8 |
|  | ${ }_{10}^{9}$ | 10.9 | $\underline{12.2}$ | 12.3 | 11.0 | 11.5 | 11.8 | 12.6 | 12.2 | 12.4 | 11.2 | 12.5 | 13.4 | 12.1 | 11.5 | 11.2 | 10.7 | 10.7 | 9.8 | 11.0 |
| Nondurable goods........ | 11 | 11.9 | 11.1 | 10.5 | 10.9 | 11.7 | 12.3 | 11.5 | 10.6 | 9.9 | 9.6 | 10.2 | 10.8 | 11.3 | 10.6 | 11.4 | 10.5 | 11.1 | 10.8 | 12.1 |
| Petroleum products. | 12 | 6.5 | 4.3 | 4.2 | 4.4 | 6.4 | 6.3 | 4.1 | 3.5 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 3.8 | 4.3 | 5.2 | 4.3 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 4.7 | 4.6 | 4.7 |
| Ammunition. | 13 | 3.0 | 4.2 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 2.8 | 3.6 | 4.8 | 4.5 | 4.0 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 4.0 | 3.6 | 3.7 | 4.6 | 3.5 | 3.8 | 3.6 | 4.5 |
| Other nondurable goods...... | 14 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 2.9 |
| Services.. | 15 | 164.8 | 176.8 | 187.3 | 196.1 | 172.9 | 173.2 | 176.8 | 178.9 | 178.3 | 183.2 | 188.0 | 187.9 | 189.9 | 196.9 | 195.5 | 194.7 | 197.4 | 198.8 | 201.4 |
| Compensation of employees. | 16 | 100.9 | 104.0 | 108.9 | 113.2 | 103.0 | 103.4 | 103.7 | 104.0 | 105.0 | 107.9 | 108.4 | 109.0 | 110.3 | 113.3 | 112.9 | 113.0 | 113.7 | 119.1 | 119.4 |
| Military ..................... | 17 | 67.4 | 70.2 | 73.3 | 76.0 | 69.2 | 69.6 | 70.0 | 70.3 | 70.8 | 72.8 | 72.9 | 73.3 | 74.1 | 76.0 | 75.8 | 76.2 | 76.2 | 79.1 | 79.0 |
| Civilian..... | 18 | 33.5 | 33.8 | 35.6 | 37.2 | 33.7 | 33.8 | 33.7 | 33.7 | 34.2 | 35.1 | 35.5 | 35.7 | 36.2 | 37.4 | 37.1 | 36.9 | 37.6 | 40.0 | 40.4 |
| Other services.......... | 19 | 63.9 | 72.8 | 78.3 | 82.9 | 70.0 | 69.8 | 73.1 | 74.9 | 73.4 | 75.3 | 79.6 | 78.9 | 79.6 | 83.6 | 82.6 | 81.7 | 83.6 | 79.8 | 82.1 |
| - Contractual research and de......................... | 20 | 25.8 | 28.6 | 28.5 | 30.7 | 28.4 | 26.3 | 28.9 | 30.0 | 29.3 | 28.8 | 29.1 | 27.6 | 28.5 | 30.8 | 30.2 | 30.3 | 31.4 | 29.8 | 30.4 |
| Installation support ${ }^{\text {2 }}$........................ | 21 | 16.6 | 19.0 | 22.2 | 23.8 | 18.0 | 18.8 | 19.0 | 19.9 | 18.4 | 20.5 | 22.8 | 22.9 | 22.7 | 24.2 | 23.9 | 23.4 | 23.6 | 22.3 | 22.6 |
| Weapons support ${ }^{2}$ | 22 | 7.5 | 7.8 | 8.8 | 8.9 | 7.7 | 7.6 | 7.8 | 7.7 | 8.0 | 8.5 | 8.8 | 8.9 | 8.9 | 9.1 | 9.0 | 8.5 | 9.1 | 8.9 | 9.0 |
| Personnel support ${ }^{3}$.. | 23 | 7.2 | 10.3 | 11.3 | 11.8 | 9.0 | 9.6 | 10.3 | 10.7 | 10.6 | 10.7 | 11.1 | 11.5 | 11.8 | 11.8 | 11.9 | 11.9 | 11.7 | 11.4 | 12.0 |
| Transportation of materiel . | 24 | 3.2 | 3.4 | 3.8 | 3.7 | 3.2 | 3.5 | 3.1 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.8 | 4.2 | 3.8 | 3.4 | 3.6 | 3.9 | 3.8 | 3.6 | 3.8 |
| Travel of persons .......... | 25 | 3.3 | 3.5 | 3.8 | 4.0 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.7 | 3.9 |
| Other ................................................ | 26 | . 2 | . 2 | 0 | 0 | . 2 | . 5 | . 5 | -. 3 | 2 | -. 3 | 2 | 0 | . 1 | . 3 | 1 | -. 3 | 1 | 0 | . 3 |
| Structures ........... | 27 | 6.1 | 6.6 | 7.2 | 7.0 | 6.2 | 6.0 | 6.3 | 7.3 | 6.6 | 6.9 | 6.6 | 7.8 | 7.6 | 6.6 | 7.4 | 7.2 | 7.0 | 6.3 | 6.8 |
| Military facilities... | 28 | 3.5 | 4.1 | 4.9 | 4.7 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3.8 | 4.9 | 4.3 | 4.4 | 4.5 | 5.2 | 5.3 | 4.2 | 5.0 | 4.9 | 4.6 | 4.0 | 4.5 |
| Other.......................................................................................... | 29 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 2.6 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 2.2 |

1. Includes utilities, communications, rental payments, maintenance and repair, and payments to contractors to operate instaliations.
2. Includes depot maintenance and contractual services for weapons systems, other than research and development.

Table 3.10.-National Defense Purchases of Goods and Services in Constant Dollars
[Billions of 1982 dollars]


1. Includes utilities, communications, rental payments, maintenance and repair, and payments to contractors to operate installations.
. Includes compensation of foreign personnel, consulting training, and education

Table 3.11.-Government Transfer Payments to Persons
[Billions of dollars]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Government transfer payments to persons ... | 1 | 467.8 | 496.8 | 521.5 | 555.7 |
| Federal. | 2 | 366.7 | 386.0 | 401.9 | 425.4 |
| Benefits from social insurance funds. | 344 | $320.0$ | 338.0 | 352.8 |  |
| Old-age, survivors, and disability insurance. |  |  | 193.6 | 201.0 |  |
| Hospital and supplementary medical insurance. | 5 | 70.1 | 16.5 | 81.914.6 | 213.9 86.6 |
| Unemployment insurance.... | 6 | 15.8 |  |  | 13.1 |
| State ....... | 7 | 14.6 | 16.0 | 14.2 | 12.8.1 |
| Railroad employees.. | 8 | $\begin{array}{r}.2 \\ .3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | . 2 | . 1 |  |
| Federal employees.................. |  |  |  |  | . 3 |
| Special unemployment benefits.. | 10 | . 8 |  | 44.9 |  |
| Federal employee retirement ...... | 11 | 41.1 | 42.2 |  |  |
| Civilian ${ }^{1}$. | 12 | 23.5 | 24.4 | 26.5 | 48.1 28.6 |
| Military ${ }^{2}$. |  | 17.6 | 17.9 | 18.4 | 19.5 |
| Railroad retirement. | 13 | 6.2 | 6.41.7 | 6.5 | 6.7 |
| Veterans life insurance. | 15 |  |  | 1.7 | 1.71.3 |
| Workers' compensation... | 16 | 1.1.8 | 1.1 | 1.2 |  |
| Military medical insurance ${ }^{3}$. | 17 |  | . 9 |  | 1.3 1.2 |
| Veterans benefits. | 1819 | $15.0$ | 14.9 | $\begin{aligned} & 14.8 \\ & 14.2 \end{aligned}$ | 15.114.6.5 |
| Pension and disability ... |  |  | 14.2 |  |  |
| Readjustment ... | 20 | . 9 | $\begin{array}{r}14.2 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 14.2 \\ .6 \end{array}$ |  |
| Other ${ }^{4}$.. | 21 |  |  |  |  |
| Food stamp benefits.. | 22 | 10.7 | 10.6 | 10.6 | 11.2 |
| Black lung benefits. |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1.6 \\ & 8.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.6 \\ & 9.5 \end{aligned}$ |  | 10.7 |
| Supplemental security income. | 23 24 25 |  |  |  |  |
| Direct relief. | 25 |  |  |  |  |
| Earned income credit. |  | 1.1 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 2.7 |
| Other ${ }^{5}$. | 27 | 9.6 | 10.1 | 10.5 | 11.5 |
| State and local . | 28 | 101.1 | 110.9 | 119.6 | 130.3 |
| Benefits from social insurance funds. | 29 | $\begin{aligned} & 30.3 \\ & 25.7 \end{aligned}$ | 33.9 | 37.3 | 41.0 |
| State and local employee retirement...................................... |  |  | 28.71.3 | 31.51.4 | 34.71.6 |
| Temporary disability insurance ...... | 31 | 1.1 |  |  |  |
| Workers' compensation. | 32 | 3.5 | 3.9 | 4.3 | 4.8 |
| Public assistance. | 33 | 41.2 | 70.7 | 75.6 | 82.1 <br> 17.0 |
| Medical care.. | 34 |  | 45.4 | 49.8 |  |
| Aid to families with dependent children... | 3536 | 15.4 | 16.4 | 16.7 | 17.23.1 |
| Supplemental security income.............................................. |  | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.9 |  |
| General assistance ............................................................. | 3738 |  |  | 2.6 | 3.12.71.8 |
| Energy assistance .. |  | 2.1 | 2.01.7 | 1.71.9 |  |
| Other ${ }^{6}$................ | 3940 | 1.6 |  |  | 2.3 |
| Education. |  | $\begin{array}{r}3.5 \\ .9 \\ \hline 1.2\end{array}$ | 3.91.01.5 | 4.1.9 | .91.8 |
| Employment and training... | $. \begin{aligned} & 40 \\ & 41 \\ & 42 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Other ${ }^{7}$......................... |  | 1.2 | 1.5 | 1.6 |  |

1. Consists of civil service, foreign service, Public Health Service officers, Tennessee Valley Authority, and everal small retirement program
2. Consists of payments for medical services for dependents of active duty military personnel at nonmilitary facilities.
3. Consists of mustering out pay, terminal leave pay, and adjusted compensation benefits.
4. Consists largely of payments to nonprofit institutions, aid to students, and payments for medical services for retired military personnel and their dependents at nonmilitary facilities.
5. Consists of emergency assistance and medical insurance premium payments paid on behalf of indigents.

Table 3.12.-Subsidies Less Current Surplus of Government Enterprises [Billions of dollars]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises .. | 1 | 7.2 | 12.8 | 17.6 | 18.5 |
| Federal. | 2 | 20.3 | 26.0 | 32.6 | 36.0 |
| Subsidies... | 3 | 22.2 | 26.5 | 30.8 | 28.9 |
| AgriculturaL.. | 4 | 7.0 | 12.0 | 16.1 | 13.4 |
| Housing... | 5 | 13.2 | 12.8 | 13.1 | 13.7 |
| Maritime | 6 | . 3 | . 3 | . 3 | . 2 |
| Air carriers... | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other ${ }^{1}$.,. | 8 | 1.6 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.5 |
| Less: Current surplus of government enterprises.. | 9 | 1.9 | . 5 | -1.8 | -7.1 |
| Postal Service.... | 10 | -1.4 | -. 6 | -1.7 | -1.3 |
| Commodity Credit Comporation.... | 11 | -3.8 | -5.6 | -6.3 | -9.1 |
| Federal Housing Administration.. | 12 | . 6 | . 8 | . 4 | -. 3 |
| Tennessee Valley Authority... | 13 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.4 | 2.1 |
| Other ${ }^{2}$. | 14 | 4.5 | 3.8 | 3.4 | 1.5 |
| State and local. | 15 | -13.1 | -13.2 | -15.1 | -17.5 |
| Subsidies... | 16 | . 7 | . 7 | . 7 | . 7 |
| Less: Current surplus of government enterprises. | 17 | 13.8 | 13.9 | 15.8 | 18.3 |
| Water and sewerage... | 18 | 5.1 | 5.7 | 5.9 | 6.2 |
| Gas and electricity ....... | 19 | 5.3 | 5.5 | 6.2 | 6.8 |
| Toll facilities. | 20 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.7 |
| Liquor stores... | 21 | . 4 | . 4 | . 4 | . 4 |
| Air and water terminals. | 22 | 1.6 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 2.2 |
| Housing and urban renewal... | 23 | 1.1 | . 2 | -. 2 | -. 2 |
| Public transit.. | 24 | -5.0 | -5.7 | -5.9 | -6.3 |
| Other ${ }^{3}$....................................................... | 25 | 4.0 | 4.7 | 5.7 | 7.5 |

1. Consists largely of subsidies to railroads and mass transit systems.
2. Consists largely of subsidies to railroads and mass transit systems.
3. Consists largely of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, and Bonneville Power Administration.
4. Consists of State lotteries, off-track betting, local parking, and miscellaneous activities.

Table 3.13.-Social Insurance Funds Receipts and Expenditures
[Billions of dollars]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Federal | 1 | 338.2 | 362.8 | 386.3 |  |
| Receipts... |  |  |  |  | 435.4 |
| Contributions for social insurance... | 2 | 310.9 | 332.1 | 350.8 | 391.3 |
| Personal contributions.. | 3 | 138.0 | 149.5 | 159.6 | 180.6 |
| Employer contributions. | 4 | $\begin{array}{r} 172.9 \\ 47.4 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 182.7 \\ 50.2 \end{array}$ | 191.1 | 210.758.5 |
| Government and government enterprises.. |  |  |  | 53.4 |  |
| Other. | 6 | 125.5 | 132.5 | 137.7 | 152.2 |
| Interest received. | 7 | 27.3 | 30.7 | 35.6 | 44.1 |
| Expenditures. | 8 | 327.2 | 345.2 | 359.9 | 380.6 |
| Administrative expenses (purchases of goods and services). | $10$ | $\begin{array}{r} 7.2 \\ 320.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 7.3 \\ 338.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 7.1 \\ 352.8 \end{array}$ | 8.0372.6 |
| Transfer payments to persons.... |  |  |  |  |  |
| Surplus or deficit (-) | 11 | 11.0 | 17.6 | 26.4 | 54.8 |
| State and local |  |  |  |  |  |
| Receipts. | 12 | 82.8 | 92.4 | 102.4 | 113.7 |
| Contributions for social insurance.. | 13 | 43.2 | 47.1 | 50.0 | 53.3 |
| Personal contributions.. | 14 | 11.3 | 12.4 | 13.3 | 14.3 |
| Employer contributions... | 151617 | $\begin{aligned} & 31.9 \\ & 28.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 34.7 \\ & 31.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 36.7 \\ & 32.4 \end{aligned}$ | 39.034.1 |
| Government and government enterprises. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other. |  | 3.1 | 3.7 | 4.3 | 4.9 |
| Interest and dividends received. | 18 | 39.6 | 45.3 | 52.4 | 60.4 |
| Expenditures........................ | 19 | 31.5 | 35.2 | 38.7 | 42.6 |
| Administrative expenses (purchases of goods and services) Transfer payments to persons. | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \\ & 21 \end{aligned}$ | 1.1 30.3 | 1.3 33.9 | 1.4 37.3 | 1.5 41.0 |
| Surplus or defficit ( - ) | 22 | 51.3 | 57.2 | 63.7 | 71.1 |
| Note.-In this rable interest and dividends received is included 3.18, and 9.4, interest received and dividends received are netted ag | $\begin{aligned} & \text { n re } \\ & \text { inst } \end{aligned}$ | $5 ; \text { in }$ | $\text { es } 3.1 \text {, }$ |  | 3.16, |

Table 3.14.-Government Expenditures by Function
[Billions of dollars]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total '... | 1 | 1,402.6 | 1,491.5 | 1,575.0 |  |
| Central executive, legislative, and judicial activities. | 2 | 43.9 | 46.7 | 51.4 |  |
| International affairs. | 3 | 14.3 | 14.8 | 13.5 |  |
| Space.... | 4 | 7.4 | 7.1 | 8.0 |  |
| National defense... | 5 | 258.8 | 277.4 | 294.4 |  |
| Civilian safety ........................................................................ | 6 | 48.5 | 54.5 | 60.3 |  |
| Education.......... | 7 | 210.9 | 226.6 | 242.2 |  |
| Health and hospitals... | 8 | 59.7 | 64.3 | 69.9 |  |
| Income support, social security, and welfare | 9 | 422.2 | 446.1 | 464.6 |  |
| Veterans benefits and services. | 10 | 29.0 | 29.5 | 30.4 |  |
| Housing and community services..... | 11 | 21.2 | 23.6 | 25.8 |  |
| Recreational and cultural activities ...... | 12 | 10.5 | 11.7 | 12.8 |  |
| Energy....... | 13 | 3.9 | 1.6 | . 3 |  |
| Agriculture.. | 14 | 32.6 | 33.2 | 28.6 |  |
| Natural resources.. | 15 | 9.5 | 9.8 | 10.6 |  |
| Transportation.. | 16 | 62.6 | 67.0 | 72.1 |  |
| Postal service...... | 17 | 2.5 | 1.9 | 3.4 |  |
| Economic development, regulation, and services............................ | 18 | 2.8 | 3.8 | 4.6 |  |
| Labor training and services....................................................... | 19 | 6.1 | 6.2 | 6.3 |  |
| Commercial activities.. | 20 | -4.2 | -4.8 | -5.9 |  |
| Net interest paid ${ }^{2}$... | 21 | 132.8 | 141.0 | 149.8 |  |
| Other and unallocable... | 22 | 27.2 | 29.3 | 31.6 |  |

1. Equals Federal Government expenditures less grants-in-aid to State and local governments plus State and
local government expenditures. Total expenditures include employee compensation on a disbursement basis. local government expenditures. Total expenditures include employee compensation on a disbursement basis.
The estimates by function include employee compensation on an accrual basis. Wage accruals less The estimates by function include employee compensation on an accrual basis. Wage accruals less
disbursements (in millions of dollars) is as follows: 1985, $-230 ; 1986,0 ; 1987,0 ;$ and 1988,0 . disbursements (in milions of dollars) is as follows: 1985, $-230 ; 1986,0 ; 1987,0 ;$ and $1988,0$.
2. Excludes interest received by State and local social insurance funds, which is netred against expenditures
for the appropriate functions.

Table 3.15.-Federal Government Expenditures by Type and Function
[Millions of dollars]

|  | Line | 1985 |  |  |  |  | 1986 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Expenditures' | Purchases of goods and services | $\left.\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { Transfer } \\ \text { payments } \\ \text { and nel } \\ \text { interest paid } \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | Grants-in- sid to State and local governments | Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises | Expenditures ${ }^{1}$ | Purchases of goods and services | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Transfer } \\ \text { payments } \\ \text { and net } \\ \text { interest paid } \end{gathered}\right.$ | Grants-in- aid to State aid to State governments | Subsidies surplus of enterprises |
| Total ${ }^{\text {, }}$ | 1 | 985,579 | 355,176 | 510,204 | 99,678 | 20,291 | 1,034,757 | 366,471 | 535,467 | 106,798 | 26,021 |
| Central executive, legislative, and judicial activities |  | 14,117 | 13,528 | -45 | 639 | -5 | 15,147 | 13,185 | 108 | 1,861 | $-7$ |
|  | 3 | 4,679 | 4,175 | -50 | 559 | -5 | 3,796 | 3,615 | $-44$ | 232 | -7 |
|  | 4 5 5 | 5,457 | S,457 <br> 2 <br> 1677 |  |  |  | 5,720 2 2 | 5,720 <br> 2 |  | 34 |  |
| Other................................ | 6 | 1,287 | 1,219 | 5 | 63 |  | 2,919 | 1,172 | 152 | 1,595 | ......... |
|  | 7 | 14,263 | 2,442 | 11,843 |  | -22 | 14,798 | 2,653 | 12,171 |  | -26 |
| Conduct of foreign affairs and informational activities.. | ${ }_{8}^{8}$ | 2,453 | 2,393 | 60 |  |  | 2,753 | 2,696 | 57 | .-..... |  |
| Foreign economic assistance ................................... | 9 | 11,810 | 49 | 11,783 |  | -22 | 12,045 | -43 | 12,114 |  | -26 |
| Space. | 10 | 7,520 | 7,365 |  | 155 |  | 7,240 | 7,124 | .... | 116 |  |
| National defense. | 11 | 260,324 | 259,140 |  | 1,475 | -291 | 279,535 | 277,764 |  | 2,113 | $-342$ |
| Military activities ...... | 12 | 259,014 | 257,925 |  | 1,380 | -291 | 278,370 | 276,685 | ............. | 2,027 | $-342$ |
| Civil defense........ass.a.a. Foreign military assistace | 13 14 14 | 330 865 | ${ }_{865}^{235}$ |  |  |  | 320 700 | 234 700 |  | 86 | - |
|  | 15 | 115 | 115 |  |  |  | 145 | 145 | .... |  | $\cdots$ |
| Civilian safety............................................................................... | 16 | 3,169 | 3,067 | 1 | 101 | ............. | 3,511 | 3,352 | 1 | 158 | $\cdots$ |
| Police. | 17 | 2,566 | 2,538 |  |  | - | 2,689 | 2,635 |  |  |  |
| Correction | 19 | 558 | 484 |  | 74 | $\cdots$ | 781 | 676 |  | 105 | $\ldots$ |
| Education...... | 20 | 16,651 | 1,616 | 6,483 | 8,552 | $\cdots$ | 17,038 | 1,734 | 6,356 | 8,948 | ................ |
| Elementary and secondary.. | 21 |  | 334 | . 183 | 5,953 |  | 6,499 | 328 | 218 | 5,953 | ......... |
| Higher .......................... | 22 <br> 23 | 7,130 3,049 | - 1,000 | 5,793 505 | 1,055 1,544 |  | 6,932 3,607 | r $\begin{array}{r}285 \\ 1,121\end{array}$ | 5,543 59 | $\xrightarrow{1,104}$ | $\cdots$ |
| Health and hospitals... | 24 | 10,519 | 6,516 | 612 | 3,391 |  | 11,292 | 7,073 | 680 | 3,539 |  |
| Income support, social security, and welfare... | 25 | 397,859 | 5,921 | 341,799 | 50,139 | ................. | 420,549 | 5,726 | 360,567 | 54,256 | ..... |
| Reirement... | 26 | 208,773 | 1,043 | 207,730 |  |  | 219,587 | 1,025 | 218,562 |  |  |
| Old-age and survivors insurance (social sectur | 27 | ${ }^{166,769}$ | 999 | 165,770 |  |  | 176,170 | 973 | 175,197 |  |  |
| Government employees, civilian. | 28 | 20,468 |  | 20,468 |  | ..... | 21,426 |  | 21,426 |  |  |
|  | 30 | 5,604 | 44 | 5.560 |  |  | 5,737 | 52 | 5.685 |  | . |
| Disability. | 31 | 26,953 | 373 | 25,896 | 684 |  | 27,907 | 365 | 26,789 | 753 |  |
| Disability insurance (social security) | 32 | 19,674 | 333 | 18,657 | 684 | ....... | 20,738 | 324 | 19,661 | 753 | . |
| Goverrment employees, civilian, | 33 | 3,516 |  | 3,516 |  |  |  |  | 3,409 |  | ..... |
| Government employees, military. | 34 | 1,385 |  | 1,385 |  |  | 1,375 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 36 | 1.685 | 34 | 1,651 |  | Lume | 1.676 | ${ }^{6}$ |  |  |  |
| Unemployment insurance | 37 | 18,236 | 93 | 15,774 | 2,369 |  | 19,083 | 95 | 16,489 |  |  |
| Regular... | ${ }^{38}$ | 17,015 | 93 | 14,553 | 2,369 | …............ | 18,427 | 95 | 15,833 | 2,499 | ................. |
| Extended | 39 | 798 |  | 798 |  |  | 126 |  | 126 |  |  |
| Other.... | 4 | 95194 | 1,870 | 70,125 | 23,199 | ..... | 102.920 | 1,812 | 75,553 | 25,555 | . |
| Hospital and supplementary medical insurance (Medicare) | 42 | 71,995 | 1,870 | 70,125 |  |  | 77,365 | 1,812 | 75,553 |  |  |
| Medicaid. |  | 23,199 |  |  | 23,199 |  | 25,355 |  |  | 25,555 | .... |
| Weliare and social servic | 4 | 45,344 | 1,894 648 | $\xrightarrow{20,204}$ | 23,380 507 |  | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 4T, } 285 \\ \hline 3\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,813 \\ 616 \end{array}$ | 20,634 2,540 | 24,838 |  |
| Veterans benefits and services. | 46 | 29,018 | 10,430 | 18,448 | 146 | -6 | 29,570 | 10,704 | 18,707 | 165 | -6 |
| Disability and survivors compensation | 47 | 14,239 |  | $\begin{array}{r}14,239 \\ \hline 914\end{array}$ |  |  | 14,382 |  | 14,382 |  |  |
| Education ....... |  | 1,942 |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{1702}^{712}$ |  | 703 |  |  |
| Insurance..................... | 50 | ${ }_{10}^{1,589}$ | 8,997 | ${ }_{1,567}$ | 123 |  | 11,376 | 9,467 | 1,701 1,779 |  |  |
| Other ........................ | 51 | 1,556 | 1,404 | ${ }_{135}$ | 23 | -6 | 1,398 | 1,227 | 142 | 35 | -6 |
| Housing and community services. | 52 | 19,097 | 1,174 |  | 7,247 | 10,593 | 19,390 | 1,624 |  |  | 9,903 |
| Urban renewal and community development <br> Housing. | 54 | 4,502 11,662 | 372 802 | 16 67 | 4,114 200 | 10,593 | 3,922 12,488 | 1,346 | 18 301 | $\begin{array}{r}3,658 \\ \hline 906\end{array}$ | 9,903 |
| Water and sewerage............................ | 55 | 2,933 |  |  | 2,933 |  | 2,980 |  |  | 2,980 |  |
| Recreational and cultural activities.... | 56 | 1,657 | 1,138 | 326 | 193 | , | 1,764 | 1,144 | 472 | 148 |  |
| Energy. | 57 | 6,291 | 8,395 |  | 898 | -3,002 | 4,604 | 6,381 |  | 1,054 | -2,831 |
| Conservation and development of energy | - 58 | -1,448 | 6,214 1,332 | $\ldots$ | 676 222 | -3,002 | - 4.344 | 2, ${ }_{2}^{3,013}$ |  |  |  |
| Administration and regulation...................... | 60 | ${ }_{-1,49}$ | -849 |  |  |  | -775 | ${ }_{7} 775$ |  |  | -2,831 |
| Agriculture. | 61 | 30,605 | 16,841 | 33 | 851 | 12,880 | 31,215 | 10,541 | 35 | 928 | 19,711 |
| Stabilization of farm prices and income | 62 | 24,316 | 13,676 | 7 |  | 10,640 | 25,035 | ,621 |  |  | 17,414 |
| Financing farm ownerstip and utiintes... | 64 | 2.964 <br> 923 | 784 <br> 88 | ${ }^{7}$ | ${ }_{93} 16$ | 1,946 | 2,916 | ${ }_{569} 640$ | 7 | 157 93 | 2,112 |
| Other ... | 65 | 2.402 | 1,784 | 26 | 592 |  | 2,417 | 1,711 | 28 | 678 |  |
| Natural resources. | 66 | 6,452 | 5,134 | $\cdots$ | 1,316 | 2 | 6,200 | 4,812 | $\ldots$ | 1,386 | 2 |
| Transportation .................. | 67 | 26,525 | 8,078 | 3 |  | 1,896 |  | 8,010 | 2 | 17,030 | 1,602 |
| Water | 69 | 13,4267 | 3,933 | 3 | 13,214 |  | 33.965 | 3,686 | 2 | 13,449 |  |
| Air....... | 70 | 4,417 | 3,607 |  | 797 | 13 | 4,727 | 3,824 |  | 901 | 2 |
| Railroad. | 71 | 968 | 222 |  | 32 | 714 | 893 |  |  | 21 | 706 |
| Transit............................ | 72 | 3,396 | 51 |  | 2.493 | 852 | 3,320 | 44 |  | 2,637 | 639 |
| Postal service........................................................................ | 73 | 2,461 | 1,085 |  |  | 1,376 | 1,935 | 1,335 | - |  | 600 |
| Economic development, regulation, and services ...... | 74 | -653 | 1,883 |  | 632 | -3,168 | -109 |  |  | 550 | -2,526 |
| Economic development assistance.................... | 75 | 1,229 | 595 |  | 630 |  | 1,154 | 606 | $\ldots$ | 548 |  |
| Other | 77 | -2,286 | 884 |  | 2 | -3,172 | -1,674 | 850 |  | 2 | -2,526 |
| Labor training and services. | 78 | 4,767 | 1,416 | 481 | 2,832 | 38 | 4,857 | 1,436 | 468 | 3,012 | -59 |
| Training programs | 79 80 | 3,721 1,046 | 637 779 | 481 | 2,603 229 | 38 | 3,945 912 | ${ }_{746} 69$ | 468 | 2,787 225 | -59 |
| Net interest paid.... | 81 | 130,137 |  | 130,137 |  |  | 135,581 |  | 135,581 |  |  |
| Revenue sharing | 82 | 4,570 | 7 |  | 4,563 |  | 3,996 | 6 |  | 3,990 | ${ }^{\text {a }}$. ${ }^{\text {ana........ }}$ |

Table 3.15.-Federal Government Expenditures by Type and Function-Continued
[Millions of dollars]


1. Total expenditures include employee compensation on a di
dollars) is as follows: $1985,-230 ; 1986,0 ; 1987,0 ;$ and 1988,0 .

Table 3.16.-State and Local Government Expenditures by Type and Function
[Millions of dollars]


Table 3.16.-State and Local Government Expenditures by Type and Function-Continued
[Millions of dollars]


Table 3.17B.-Relation of Federal Government Receipts and Expenditures in the National Income and Product Accounts to the Unified Budget, Fiscal Years [Bilions of dollars]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | Calendar quarters not seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1985 |  |  |  | 1986 |  |  |  | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | I | II | III | IV | 1 | II | III | IV | I | 11 | III | IV | 1 | 11 | III | IV |
| Receipts | 1 | 734.1 | 769.1 | 854.1 | 909.0 | 174.1 | 206.6 | $\begin{array}{r} 187.2 \\ 0^{.3} \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 177.2 \\ .3 \\ 0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 179.6 \\ .3 \\ 0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 214.7 \\ .6 \\ 0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 197.5 \\ 0^{.3} \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 190.0 \\ .5 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 193.7 \\ .4 \\ 0^{4} \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 253.5 \\ 0.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 216.8 \\ 0^{.3} \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 204.9 \\ .4 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ |  | $269.2$ |  |  |
| Unified budget receipts... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less: Coverage differences ' $\qquad$ <br> Financial transactions $\qquad$ | $\frac{2}{3}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.2 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.5 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{0}^{1.6}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.6 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $0^{.4}$ | $0^{.4}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $0^{.5}$ | 0.4 | $0^{.4}$ |
| Plus: Neting differences: <br> Contributions to government employee retirement funds.. | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 8.3 |  | 8.5 | 8.7 | 8.7 | 9.0 | 9.0 | 9.5 | 9.5 | 9.9 | 9.8 | 9.6 |
| Contributions to government employee retire.................................................... | 5 | 32.3 | 33.7 12.6 | 35.4 13.9 | 38.6 16.2 | 8.1 3.3 | 8.2 | 8.2 3.3 | 8.3 3.0 | 8.3 | 8.5 3.2 | 3.1 | 3.3 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.4 | 4.3 | 3.6 | 4.6 | 3.7 | 4.0 |
| Timing differences: |  | -29 |  | -21 | -21 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Corporate income tax .................................... | 7 | -2.9 0 | .5 | -2.1 | -2.1 -.7 | 7.4 | -5.6 -5.1 | 2.7 -1.5 | -. -8 | 2.5 | -3.0 -4.5 | -1.4 | -1.0 | 7.1 | -1.5 | -3.3 | -1.0 -.9 | 3.1 <br> 7.6 | -6.9 -4.7 | -2.7 | -2.6 -1.0 |
| Withheld personal income tax and social security contributions. | 8 | . 6 | 1.2 | -. 1 | 1.1 | 3.1 | . 4 | -. 1 | -2.1 | 1.5 | . 9 | . 8 | $-2.8$ | 1.6 | . 3 | . 8 | -2.9 | 2.4 | . 4 | 1.1 | -5.2 |
| Excise taxes ................................................... | 10 | -.700 | -1.4 | -. 8 | $-2.1$ | . 2 | -.1-.3.1 | -.50 | -.5.10 | -.50 | -.2-.10 | -.100 | -.50 | -.30 | .8-7 | -. 2 | -1.4-.40 | .60 | $\stackrel{0}{-9}$ | $\left[\begin{array}{c} -1.3 \\ .1 \\ 0 \end{array}\right.$ | -. 9 |
| Other............... |  |  | $\begin{gathered} -1.4 \\ 0.4 \end{gathered}$ | 0 | ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0. |
| Miscellaneous ${ }^{3}$.... | 11 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Equals: Federal Government receipts, national income and | 12 | 776.8 | 815.2 | 897.3 | 958.6 | 196.5 | 208.3 | 199.1 | 184.8 | 202.3 | 218.8 | 209.3 | 197.5 | 214.2 | 259.4 | 226.2 | 211.6 | 234.2 | 271.7 | 241.0 | 225.5 |
| Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unified budget outlays......... | 13 | 936.8 | 989.8 | 1,002.31,064.1 |  | 229.8 | 234.0 | 234.5 | 252.4 | 240.9 | 245.2 | 251.4 | 254.4 | 251.4 | 251.2 | 245.4 | 285.3 | 245.6 | 268.2 | 264.9 | 289.4 |
| Less: Coverage differences: Geographic ${ }^{4}$ | 14 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 5.4 \\ -1.6 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|r\|r\|} \hline 5.5 \\ . & 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 1.4 \\ -2.5 \end{array}$ | 1.4 |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 1.4 \\ .1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1.4 \\ -1.5 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{0}^{1.5}$ |
| Other ${ }^{5}$...................................................................................................... |  | $\begin{array}{r} 5.3 \\ -8.7 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 5.4 \\ -1.3 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 1.3 \\ -2.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1.3 \\ -4.4 \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 1.3 \\ .1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1.3 \\ -1.9 \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 1.3 \\ .1 \end{array}$ | 1.4 .1 | 1.4 .1 | $\begin{aligned} & 1.3 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.4 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | 1.4 .1 | $\begin{aligned} & 1.4 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Financial transactions: | $\begin{aligned} & 16 \\ & 17 \\ & 18 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | -1.8 |  |
| Net lending............ |  | $\begin{gathered} 28.0 \\ 0 \\ -2.3 \end{gathered}$ | 14.00-3.2 | $\begin{aligned} & -.6 \\ & 0 \\ & 2.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.4 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7.4 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | 8.60-8 | $\begin{aligned} & 3.0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | .90-8 | 3.9 | $\begin{aligned} & 2.8 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6.1 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 1.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.3 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} -2.9 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.1 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.1 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  | -1.508.1 |
| Net purchases of foreign currency.. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |  |
| Oet purchases of.............. |  |  | -3.2 |  | 9.6 | -1.0 | -. 4 | -. 8 | -. 8 | -1.5 | -. 5 | -. 3 |  | 1.5 | . 1 | -. 6 | -2.4 | 3.2 | 1.9 | 6.9 |  |
| Outer Continental Shelf.... | $\begin{aligned} & 19 \\ & 20 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -1.9 \\ .2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -2.1 \\ .2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -1.6 \\ .2 \end{array}$ | -1.31.2 | ${ }^{0} .1$ | 0 | -1.2.1 | $-.1$ | 0 | $\begin{gathered} -1.9 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | 0 | $\begin{array}{r} -1.2 \\ .1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -.1 \\ .1 \end{array}$ | ${ }_{0}^{-1}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -.2 \\ .1 \end{array}$ | $\frac{-.2}{0}$ | 0 | $\begin{array}{r} -.4 \\ 1.0 \end{array}$ | - $\begin{array}{r}-6 \\ .1\end{array}$ | ${ }^{-.2}$ |
| Other..................................................................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Plus: Netting differences: Contributions to government employee retirement funds.. |  | 32.3 | 33.7 | 35.4 | 38.6 | 8.1 | 8.2 | 8.2 | 8.3 | 8.3 | 8.5 | 8.5 | 8.7 | 8.7 | 9.0 | 9.0 | 9.5 | 9.5 | 9.9 | 9.8 | 9.6 |
| Other ${ }^{2}$................................................................. | 22 | 14.6 | 12.6 | 13.9 | 16.2 | 3.3 | 4.6 | 3.3 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 3.3 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.4 | 4.3 | 3.6 | 4.6 | 3.7 | 4.0 |
| Timing differences: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Purchases of goods and services (increase in payables net of advances). | 23 | -. 5 | 2.8 | 7.9 | 7.2 | 0 | 0 | -. 9 | -. 6 | -. 1 | 1.0 | 2.5 | 1.1 | 1.7 | 1.1 | 4.1 | -1.4 | 4.0 | 1.2 | 3.5 | -4.0 |
| Interest................................................................... | 24 | -. 7 | -1.1 | -. 3 | -. 4 | 0 | -. 1 | -. 4 | -. 7 | -. 6 | . 1 | 2 | -1.0 | . 8 | -. 1 | 0 | 4 | -. 3 | . 3 | -. 8 | . 9 |
| Transfer payments .................................................... | 25 | $-.4$ | . 4 | 2.8 | -. 6 | 2.2 | $-.5$ | . 8 | -2.0 | 2.2 | -1 | 2 | -2.0 | 2.2 | . 4 | 2.3 | -19.4 | 19.7 | 0 | -. 9 | -. 4 |
| Subsidies less current surplus of govermment enterprises.. | 27 | 7 | 3.0 -6 | 3.4 | -3.7 |  | -1.3 | - 6 | 1.5 | 1.0 | 1.1 | -. 6 | 2.8 | 1.5 | 1.0 | -2.0 | . 2 | -1.4 | $-6$ | -1.9 | 2.0 |
| Misceilaneous ${ }^{6}$ $\qquad$ | 27 | . 1 | -. 6 | -. 5 | 1.1 | 1 | 0 | - 1 | -. 1 | -. 2 | -. 1 | -. 2 | -. 1 | -. 1 | -. 2 | -. 1 | . 4 | 2 | . 4 | 1 | 0 |
| Equals: Federal Government expenditures, national income and product accounts. | 28 | 962.3 | 1,028.01 | 1,060.4 | 1,104.0 | 239.3 | 239.8 | 246.2 | 260.3 | 250.8 | 259.0 | 257.9 | 267.1 | 265.5 | 263.4 | 264.4 | 279.5 | 274.0 | 278.0 | 272.5 | 293.7 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Consists largely of contributions for sociar are netted again <br> 3. Consists largely of Treasury receipts from sales of foreign <br> 4. Consists largely of transfer payments, subsidies, and grants- <br> 5. Consists of agencies not included in the unified budget, such <br> 6. Consists largely of net expenditures of foreign currencies. |  |  |  | d budge <br> ent agen <br> U.S. terri and the | uerto Ric cies. itories a Federa | lassified <br> nd Puer Financ | as rece <br> to Rico. cing Ban | eipts in <br> and | the nati <br> net pur | onal inc <br> chases | come and <br> of silver | d produc <br> and mi | acco <br> nor coin | ms. <br> metal. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 3.18.-Relation of State and Local Government Receipts and Expenditures in the National Income and Product Accounts to Bureau of Census Government Finances Data, Fiscal Years

| [Billions of dollars] |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 |
| Receipts |  |  |  |  |  |
| Census total revenue ' | 1 | 720.1 | 783.3 | 842.6 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unemployment insurance fund contributions and earnings.......... | 2 | 17.6 | 18.3 | 18.9 |  |
| Certain grant programs | 3 | 3.4 | . 9 | 3.7 |  |
| Financial transactions ${ }^{2}$ | 4 | 2.3 | 12.5 | 16.9 |  |
| Sale of land | 5 | . 8 | . 8 | 7 |  |
| Neting and grossing differences: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Enterprise current operating expenditures plus current surplus.... | 6 | 74.1 | 79.7 | 83.4 |  |
| Government sales ......................................................... | 7 | 16.8 | 18.2 | 19.7 |  |
| Interest received. | 8 | 64.9 | 73.7 | 79.4 |  |
| Employer contributions to own social insurance funds. | 9 | -18.1 | -18.8 | -20.0 |  |
| Dividends received.. | 10 | 4.0 | 5.0 | 6.1 |  |
| Medical vendor payments to public hospitals.... | 11 | -5.9 | -7.4 | -8.2 |  |
| Plus: Timing differences: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Property taxes... | 12 | 0 | .4 | -1.4 |  |
| Corporate profits taxes. | 13 | -. 7 | 1.3 | . 3 |  |
| Other............ | 14 | -1.6 | 2.7 | 1.8 |  |
| Miscellaneous. | 15 | -. 1 | -. 2 | . 2 |  |
| Equals: State and local government receipts, national income and <br> product accounts. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |
| Census total expenditures ' ............................................................ | 17 | 658.0 | 717.4 | 775.3 |  |
| Less: Coverage differences: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unemployment insurance fund benefits paid. | 18 | 15.0 | 14.9 | 15.2 |  |
| Purchases of land. | 19 | 3.4 | 4.1 | 4.6 |  |
| Netting and grossing differences: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Enterprise current operating expenditures plus current surplus.... | 20 | 74.1 | 79.7 | 83.4 |  |
| Government sales | 21 | 16.8 | 18.2 | 19.7 |  |
| Interest received. | 22 | 64.9 | 73.7 | 79.4 |  |
| Employer contributions to own social insurance funds | 23 | -18.1 | -18.8 | -20.0 |  |
| Dividends received... | 24 | 4.0 | 5.0 | 6.1 |  |
| Medical vendor payments to public hospitals. | 25 | -5.9 | -7.4 | -8.2 |  |
| $\left.$Plus: Timing differences: <br> $\quad$ Excess of accruals over disbursements, and other...................... 26$\|-9.1\|-9.6 \right\rvert\,-10.9$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Miscellaneous ............................................................................ | 27 | 5 | . 5 | . 5 |  |
| Equals: State and local government expendifures, national income and product accounts. | 28 | 495.2 | 538.9 | 584.7 |  |
| 1. The Bureau of the Census measures of State and local government receipts and expenditures (lines 1 and |  |  |  |  |  |
| represent a combination of fiscal years. Virtually all States and many localities use July 1-June 30 fiscal |  |  |  |  |  |
| years; the rest use varying fiscal years. The national income and product account measures shown in this |  |  |  |  |  |
| year ending June 30 are included in lines 12, 13, and 14 (receipts) and line 26 (expenditures). |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 3.19.-Relation of Commodity Credit Corporation Expenditures in the National Income and Product Accounts to Commodity Credit Corporation Outlays in the Unified Budget
[Billions of dollars]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Commodity Credit Corporation outlays in the unified budget ............ | 1 | 23.8 | 22.8 | 21.2 | 9.4 |
| Less: Financial transactions.. | 2 | 1.1 | . 2 | . 7 | 0 |
| Netting differences. | 3 | -. 2 | -. 4 | -. 3 | 0 |
| Timing differences. | 4 | -. 9 | -. 9 | . 3 | 2.6 |
| Other ${ }^{1}$. | 5 | -. 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Equals: Commodity Credit Corporation expenditures, national income and product accounts. | 6 | 23.8 | 24.0 | 20.5 | 6.8 |
| Purchases of goods and services....................................... | 7 | 12.7 | 6.8 | -1.9 | -14.1 |
| Change in inventories .................................................. | 8 | 11.2 | 5.4 | -3.3 | -15.6 |
| Other purchases ........................................................... | 9 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.5 |
| Transfer payments to foreigners........................................ | 10 | 1.2 | . 8 | . 9 | . 7 |
| Grants-in-aid to State and local governments ....................... | 11 | 0 | . 1 | 0 | .1 |
| Net interest paid........................................................... | 12 | -. 8 | -1.1 | -7 7 | -. 7 |
| Subsidies less current surplus..... | 13 | 10.6 | 17.4 | 22.2 | 20.8 |
| Subsidies... | 14 | 6.8 | 11.8 | 15.9 | 11.7 |
| Less: Current surplus ................................................. | 15 | -3.8 | -5.6 | -6.3 | -9.1 |

1. Consists largely of foreign currency transactions.

## 4. Foreign Transactions

Table 4.1.-Foreign Transactions in the National Income and Product Accounts
[Billions of dollars]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1985 | 1986 |  |  |  | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  | 1989 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II |
| Receipts from foreigners ${ }^{1}$. | 1 | 370.9 | 396.5 | 448.6 | 547.7 | 369.2 | 395.5 | 390.7 | 397.3 | 402.4 | 416.5 | 437.4 | 458.0 | 482.6 | 521.6 | 532.5 | 556.8 | 579.7 | 605.6 | 625.2 |
| Exports of goods and services '........................... | 234 | 370.9 | 396.5 | 448.6 | 547.7 | 369.2 | 395.5 | 390.7 | 397.3 | 402.4 | 416.5 | 437.4 | 458.0 | 482.6 | 521.6 | 532.5 | 556.8 | 579.7 | 605.6 | 625.2 |
|  |  | 220.8 | 224.4 | 255.1 | 322.0 | 217.7 | 221.2 | 221.4 | 224.8 | 230.4 | 234.2 | 245.4 | 261.9 | 278.9 | 305.0 | 314.4 | 327.5 | 341.0 | 358.7 | 370.9 |
| Durable goods ${ }^{2}$ |  | 135.4 | 140.3 | 158.5 | 202.2 | 133.9 | 138.3 | 142.6 | 143.5 | 146.5 | 148.7 | 154.3 | 164.9 | 179.3 | 196.1 | 201.4 | 208.5 | 221.3 | 231.4 | 238.4 |
| Nondurable goods.. | 5 | 85.4 | 84.1 | 96.6 | 119.7 | 83.7 | 82.8 | 78.8 | 81.3 | 84.0 | 85.4 | 91.2 | 97.0 | 99.5 | 108.9 | 113.0 | 119.0 | 119.7 | 127.2 | 132.5 |
| Services '..................................................... |  | 150.1 | 172.0 | 193.5 | 225.7 | 151.5 | 174.4 | 169.2 | 172.5 | 172.0 | 182.3 | 192.0 | 196.1 | 203.7 | 216.6 | 218.1 | 229.3 | 238.6 | 246.9 | 254.3 |
| Factor income ${ }^{34}$. | 678 | 89.7 | 87.1 | 96.6 | 116.7 | 90.2 | 91.4 | 87.5 | 85.9 | 83.5 | 89.0 | 94.5 | 98.1 | 104.7 | 112.1 | 111.3 | 118.1 | 125.5 | 131.9 | 136.9 |
| Other ${ }^{5}$................ |  | 60.5 | 84.9 | 97.0 | 108.9 | 61.3 | 83.0 | 81.7 | 86.5 | 88.5 | 93.3 | 97.5 | 98.0 | 99.0 | 104.5 | 106.9 | 111.2 | 113.2 | 115.1 | 117.4 |
| Capital grants received by the United States (net)... | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Payments to foreigners ${ }^{6}$... | 10 | 370.9 | 396.5 | 448.6 | 547.7 | 369.2 | 395.5 | 390.7 | 397.3 | 402.4 | 416.5 | 437.4 | 458.0 | 482.6 | 521.6 | 532.5 | 556.8 | 579.7 | 605.6 | 625.2 |
| Imports of goods and services ${ }^{6}$. | 11 | 448.9 | 493.8 | 561.2 | 621.3 | 472.4 | 482.7 | 483.4 | 498.0 | 511.3 | 522.5 | 551.8 | 573.4 | 597.2 | 604.3 | 607.5 | 623.0 | 650.5 | 659.6 | 677.5 |
| Merchandise ${ }^{2}$......... | 12 | 340.9 | 367.8 | 412.4 | 449.0 | 361.4 | 357.1 | 359.1 | 373.1 | 381.8 | 386.8 | 403.5 | 422.4 | 436.9 | 439.0 | 439.5 | 448.8 | 468.8 | 469.8 | 479.8 |
| Durable goods ${ }^{2}$. |  | 204.4 | 238.8 | 264.2 | 294.5 | 214.9 | 223.3 | 236.0 | 245.7 | 250.1 | 250.6 | 259.3 | 265.8 | 281.0 | 284.6 | 286.9 | 294.0 | 312.6 | 309.6 | 307.1 |
| Nondurable goods.. | $\begin{aligned} & 13 \\ & 14 \end{aligned}$ | 136.5 | 129.0 | 148.3 | 154.5 | 146.5 | 133.8 | 123.1 | 127.4 | 131.7 | 136.2 | 144.3 | 156.6 | 156.0 | 154.4 | 152.6 | 154.8 | 156.3 | 160.3 | 172.7 |
|  | 14 15 | 108.0 | 126.1 | 148.8 | 172.3 | 111.0 | 125.5 | 124.2 | 124.9 | 129.5 | 135.6 | 148.3 | 150.9 | 160.2 | 165.3 | 168.0 | 174.2 | 181.6 | 189.8 | 197.8 |
| Factor income ${ }^{3}$. | 15 16 | 48.9 | 52.7 | 66.1 | 83.4 | 48.2 | 51.0 | 55.2 | 50.3 | 54.1 | 57.0 | 65.5 | 68.4 | 73.2 | 75.6 | 81.3 | 85.9 | 91.0 | 97.3 | 101.3 |
| Other ${ }^{7}$............. | $16$ | 59.1 | 73.4 | 82.7 | 88.9 | 62.8 | 74.5 | 69.0 | 74.6 | 75.4 | 78.6 | 82.7 | 82.5 | 87.0 | 89.7 | 86.7 | 88.3 | 90.6 | 92.5 | 96.5 |
| Transfer payments (net) $\qquad$ From persons (net) | 181920 | 15.1 | 15.9 | 14.3 | 14.7 | 16.9 | 12.3 | 16.9 | 17.6 | 16.6 | 12.6 | 13.1 | 13.0 | 18.4 | 13.5 | 11.7 | 13.6 | 20.2 | 13.8 | 14.4 |
|  |  | 1.7 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.4 | 2.0 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 1.8 | 2.1 | 1.5 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 2.2 | 1.6 |
| From government (net) .................................... |  | 13.4 | 13.9 | 12.4 | 12.9 | 15.5 | 10.4 | 15.1 | 15.8 | 14.5 | 10.6 | 11.2 | 11.0 | 16.7 | 11.4 | 10.2 | 11.7 | 18.2 | 11.5 | 12.8 |
| Interest paid by government to foreigners............... | 21 | 21.3 | 22.6 | 24.1 | 29.1 | 21.5 | 22.5 | 22.2 | 22.8 | 22.9 | 23.8 | 23.9 | 23.9 | 24.6 | 26.6 | 28.4 | 30.2 | 31.1 | 32.5 | 34.0 |
| Net foreign investment........................................ | 22 | -114.4 | -135.8 | -150.9 | -117.5 | -141.6 | -122.0 | -131.8 | -141.1 | -148.5 | -142.4 | -151.4 | -152.2 | -157.6 | -122.8 | -115.0 | -109.9 | -122.0 | -100.3 | -100.7 |

1. See footnote 5 and the box on page 21 of the July 1989 Survey of Current Business.
2. Eee footnote 5 and the box on page 21 of the July exclude repairs and alterations of equipment, which was reclassified to "other" services.
. Line 7 less line 16 equals rest-of-the-world product as shown in table 1.7 .
3. Estimates beginning with the first quarter of 1986 exclude noninterest income of banks, which was reclassified to "other" services.
4. Estimates beginning with the first quarter of 1986 cover many business, professional, and technical services and incorporate improved measurement of telecommunications services and insurance services; incorporate new source data on travel and passenger fares; cover foreign students' expenditures in the United States; cover repairs and alterations of equipment (reclassified from line 4); and cover noninterest income of banks (reclassified from line 7).
5. Estimates beginning with the firse 21 of the July 1989 SURVEY of CURRENT BUSINESS. new source data on travel and passenger fares; cover U.S. students' expenditures abroad; and cover repairs and alterations of equipment (reclassified from line 13).

Table 4.2.-Exports and Imports of Goods and Services in Constant Dollars
[Billions of 1982 dollars]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1985 | 1986 |  |  |  | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  | 1989 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | IV | 1 | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II |
| Exports of goods and services ${ }^{\mathbf{1}}$... | 1 | 367.2 | 397.1 | 450.9 | 530.1 | 367.4 | 392.9 | 389.6 | 399.6 | 406.5 | 418.7 | 439.5 | 461.3 | 484.1 | 517.4 | 519.7 | 531.9 | 551.4 | 569.7 | 585.1 |
| Merchandise ${ }^{2}$................................................. | 234 | 231.6 | 245.9 | 285.7 | 344.3 | 231.9 | 237.6 | 240.0 | 248.9 | 257.2 | 261.4 | 275.0 | 294.5 | 311.7 | 335.6 | 339.0 | 344.1 | 358.6 | 372.5 | 384.2 |
| Durable goods ${ }^{2}$....................................................... |  | 143.7 | 157.6 | 185.8 | 234.0 | 143.8 | 151.1 | 156.2 | 159.4 | 163.8 | 168.0 | 176.7 | 191.1 | 207.6 | 225.4 | 228.2 | 234.2 | 248.0 | 254.0 | 260.4 |
| Nondurable goods......................................... |  | 87.9 | 88.3 | 99.8 | 110.4 | 88.2 | 86.5 | 83.8 | 89.4 | 93.3 | 93.5 | 98.3 | 103.4 | 104.1 | 110.2 | 110.8 | 109.9 | 110.5 | 118.5 | 123.8 |
| Services '....................................................... | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \\ & 6 \\ & 7 \end{aligned}$ | 135.6 | 151.2 | 165.2 | 185.8 | 135.4 | 155.3 | 149.5 | 150.8 | 149.3 | 157.3 | 164.5 | 166.8 | 172.3 | 181.8 | 180.6 | 187.8 | 192.8 | 197.2 | 200.9 |
| Factor income ${ }^{34}$............................................ |  | ${ }_{550.6}$ | 75.6 | 81.1 | 94.7 | 79.5 | 80.4 | 76.4 | 74.1 | 71.6 | 75.7 | 79.6 | 82.0 | 87.1 | 92.7 | 90.8 | 95.3 | 100.0 | 104.0 | 106.6 |
| Other ${ }^{5}$............................................................... |  | 55.6 | 75.6 | 84.1 | 91.1 | 55.9 | 74.9 | 73.2 | 76.7 | 77.7 | 81.6 | 84.9 | 84.8 | 85.3 | 89.1 | 89.8 | 92.5 | 92.8 | 93.2 | 94.3 |
| Imports of goods and services ${ }^{6}$......................... | 8 | 471.4 | 526.9 | 566.6 | 605.0 | 492.6 | 502.9 | 520.7 | 541.9 | 541.9 | 536.9 | 555.4 | 580.2 | 593.9 | 595.6 | 592.3 | 606.9 | 625.2 | 624.6 | 637.7 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 9 \\ & 10 \\ & 11 \end{aligned}$ | 367.9 | 413.7 | 440.5 | 467.1 | 387.8 | 386.6 | 408.3 | 431.1 | 428.7 | 420.3 | 428.9 | 452.5 | 460.4 | 460.1 | 456.5 | 468.3 | 483.4 | 477.4 | 485.6 |
| Durable goods ${ }^{2}$.......................................... |  | 218.7 | 242.6 | 261.8 | 280.8 | 226.8 | 232.2 | 241.1 | 247.2 | 250.0 | 249.8 | 255.9 | 264.8 | 276.8 | 275.6 | 274.5 | 281.8 | 291.3 | 290.7 | 292.1 |
| Nondurable goods............................................. |  | 149.3 | 171.1 | 178.7 | 186.3 | 161.0 | 154.4 | 167.2 | 184.0 | 178.8 | 170.5 | 173.1 | 187.7 | 183.6 | 184.5 | 182.1 | 186.6 | 192.1 | 186.7 | 193.5 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \\ & 13 \\ & 14 \end{aligned}$ | 103.5 | 113.2 | 126.1 | 137.9 | 104.8 | 116.2 | 112.5 | 110.8 | 113.2 | 116.7 | 126.4 | 127.7 | 133.5 | 135.5 | 135.8 | 138.5 | 141.9 | 147.2 | 152.1 |
| Factor income ${ }^{3}$........................................... |  | 43.1 | 45.1 | 54.5 | 66.6 | 41.9 | 44.3 | 47.6 | 42.7 | 45.7 | 47.7 | 54.3 | 56.2 | 59.8 | 61.4 | 65.2 | 68.2 | 71.4 | 75.7 | 77.8 |
| Other ${ }^{7}$........................................................ |  | 60.4 | 68.1 | 71.5 | 71.3 | 62.9 | 72.0 | 64.9 | 68.1 | 67.4 | 68.9 | 72.1 | 71.5 | 73.7 | 74.1 | 70.5 | 70.3 | 70.4 | 71.6 | 74.3 |

1. See footnote 5 and the box on page 21 of the July 1989 SURVEY of CURRENT Business.
2. Estimates beginning with the first quarter of 1986 exclude repairs and alter
3. Estimates beginning with the first quarter of 1986 exclude noninterest income of banks, which was reclassified to "other" services.
4. Estimates beginning with the first quarter of 1986 cover many business, professional, and technical services and incorporate improved measurement of telecommunications services and insurance services; incorporate new source data on travel and passenger fares; cover foreign students' expenditures in the United States; cover repairs and alterations of equipment (reclassified from line 3); and cover noninterest income of banks (reclassified from line 6).
5. See foomote 7 and the box on page 21 of the July 1989 Survey of Current Business.
new source data on travel and passenger fares; cover U.S. students' expenditures abroad and cover technical services and incorporate improved measurement of telecommunications services and insurance services; incorporate
new source data on travel and passenger fares; cover U.S. students' expenditures abroad; and cover repairs and alterations of equipment (reclassified from line 10 ).

Table 4.3.-Merchandise Exports and Imports by Type of Product and by End-Use Category
[Bilions of dollars]


1 Estimates beginning with the first quarter of 1986 exclude repairs and alterations of equipment, which was reclassified to services other than factor income. "other" merchandise for all time periods, estimates were distributed equally.
. Includes parts of lines 2 and 5.
Note. - Beginning with 1985 , the definitions of the end-use categories have been changed. For a description of the new definitions, see the technical notes in "U.S. International Transactions, First Quarter 1988,"
SURveY of Current Business 68 (June 1988): $34-39$ and 57 .
Table 4.4.-Merchandise Exports and Imports by Type of Product and by End-Use Category in Constant Dollars [Billions of 1982 dollars]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1985 | 1986 |  |  |  | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  | 1989 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | IV | 1 | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | 1 | II | III | IV | I | II |
| Merchandise exports ${ }^{1}$. | 1 | 231.6 | 245.9 | 285.7 | 344.3 | 231.9 | 237.6 | 240.0 | 248.9 | 257.2 | 261.4 | 275.0 | 294.5 | 311.7 | 335.6 | 339.0 | 344.1 | 358.6 | 372.5 | 384.2 |
| Foods, feeds, and beverages | 2 | 61.2 | 26.5 | 30.1 | 33.1 | 25.9 | 26.6 | 24.4 | 26.8 | 28.2 | 26.6 | 28.9 | 33.3 | 31.7 | 34.2 | 34.3 | 32.0 | 31.9 | 36.1 | 37.2 |
| Industrial supplies and materi |  |  | 63.8 | 69.4 | 79.7 | 60.8 | 61.6 | 61.7 | 64.8 | 67.0 | 66.2 | 69.0 | 70.1 | 72.5 | 77.6 | 79.0 | 80.5 | 81.8 | 88.7 | 93.0 |
| Durable goods. | 4 | 18.0 | 19.7 | 21.3 | 26.8 | 17.9 | 18.9 | 19.7 | 19.7 | 20.7 | 19.9 | 20.7 | 21.8 | 22.7 | 24.8 | 26.8 | 27.0 | 28.5 | 31.2 | 32.0 |
| Nondurable goods. | 5 | 43.2 | 44.0 | 48.2 | 52.9 | 42.9 | 42.7 | 42.0 | 45.1 | 46.4 | 46.2 | 48.3 | 48.3 | 49.8 | 52.8 | 52.2 | 53.5 | 53.2 | 57.5 | 61.0 |
| Capital goods, except autos | 5 | 85.8 | 94.1 | 112.6 | 144.3 | 86.6 | 89.6 | 92.4 | 96.8 | 97.5 | 98.7 | 105.5 | 118.7 | 127.6 | 139.8 | 140.2 | 144.6 | 152.4 | 152.7 | 158.2 |
| Autos... |  | 22.7 | 22.4 | 24.3 | 28.1 | 22.2 | 22.7 | 23.0 | 21.2 | 22.5 | 23.7 | 23.6 | 22.8 | 27.2 | 28.8 | 27.2 | 27.3 | 29.2 | 29.9 | 29.7 |
| Consumer goods. | 8 | 13.2 | 14.1 | 17.1 | 21.7 | 13.4 | 13.4 | 13.8 | 14.3 | 15.0 | 15.8 | 16.7 | 17.6 | 18.2 | 20.0 | 20.9 | 22.3 | 23.6 | 26.0 | 27.2 |
| Dutable goods., | 9 | 5.5 | 6.1 | 7.6 | 10.3 | 5.5 | 5.5 | 5.8 | 6.2 | 6.8 | 6.9 | 7.3 | 7.8 | 8.3 | 9.4 | 9.8 | 10.7 | 11.3 | 13.7 | 14.6 |
| Nondurable goods. | ${ }_{10}^{9}$ |  | 8.0 | 9.5 | 11.4 | 7.8 | 7.9 | 8.0 | 8.1 | 8.2 | 8.8 | 9.4 | 9.8 | 9.9 | 10.6 | 11.1 | 11.6 | 12.3 | 12.3 | 12.6 |
| Other ${ }^{1}$ | 111213 | $\begin{aligned} & 23.5 \\ & 11.7 \end{aligned}$ | 25.1 | 32.0 | 37.5 | 23.2 | 23.6 | 24.7 | 25.1 | 27.0 | 30.5 | 31.2 | 32.0 | 34.4 | 35.2 | 37.4 | 37.4 | 39.7 | 39.0 | 38.8 |
| Durable goods ${ }^{12}$. |  |  | 15.4 | 20.0 | 24.5 | 11.6 | 14.3 | 15.2 | 15.6 | 16.4 | 18.7 | 19.6 | 20.0 | 21.8 | 22.6 | 24.2 | 24.5 | 26.6 | 26.5 | 25.8 |
| Nondurable goods ${ }^{2}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 11.7 \\ & 11.7 \end{aligned}$ | 9.7 | 12.0 | 13.0 | 11.6 | 9.3 | 9.5 | 9.5 | 10.6 | 11.8 | 11.6 | 11.9 | 12.6 | 12.6 | 13.2 | 12.9 | 13.1 | 12.5 | 12.9 |
| Merchandise imports ${ }^{1}$ | 14 | 367.9 | 413.7 | 440.5 | 467.1 | 387.8 | 386.6 | 408.3 | 431.1 | 428.7 | 420.3 | 428.9 | 452.5 | 460.4 | 460.1 | 456.5 | 468.3 | 483.4 | 477.4 | 485.6 |
| Foods, feeds, and beverages. | 15 | 22.4 | 23.2 | 23.9 | 22.7 | 23.0 | 23.5 | 22.4 | 23.7 | 23.2 | 23.2 | 24.5 | 24.3 | 23.9 | 23.8 | 21.7 | 22.5 | 22.7 | 22.9 | 23.4 |
| Industrial supplies and materials, excluding petroleum | 16 | 67.336.1 | 73.8 | 73.5 | 73.7 | 68.4 | 72.8 | 73.4 | 73.0 | 75.9 | 74.4 | 71.4 | 71.4 | 77.0 | 75.0 | 71.9 | 72.7 | 75.1 | 72.7 | 70.3 |
| Durable goods. | $\begin{aligned} & 17 \\ & 18 \end{aligned}$ |  | 40.8 | 39.3 | 39.5 | 36.5 | 40.5 | 40.7 | 40.2 | 41.7 | 39.7 | 38.2 | 38.1 | 41.0 | 40.3 | 38.2 | 38.3 | 41.1 | 39.4 | 37.5 |
| Nondurable goods.. |  | 36.260.4 | 33.0 | 34.3 | 34.2 | 31.9 | 32.3 | 32.7 | 32.8 | 34.2 | 34.7 | 33.2 | 33.3 | 35.9 | 34.7 | 33.7 | 34.4 | 34.0 | 33.3 | 32.7 |
| Petroleum and products. | $\begin{aligned} & 18 \\ & 19 \end{aligned}$ |  | 75.5 | 78.2 | 86.2 | 68.1 | 60.4 | 74.3 | 87.7 | 79.8 | 70.7 | 72.7 | 88.4 | 81.2 | 83.2 | 84.9 | 86.4 | 90.3 | 87.9 | 93.9 |
| Capital goods, except autos | 20 | 60.4 73.1 | 84.1 | 102.1 | 121.2 | 76.6 | 79.0 | 83.0 | 86.2 | 88.2 | 90.2 | 97.5 | 106.9 | 113.5 | 116.0 | 120.4 | 123.6 | 124.8 | 129.5 | 134.7 |
| Autos... | 21 | 60.8 | 65.8 | 67.8 | 66.4 | 64.2 | 62.9 | 65.0 | 68.7 | 66.5 | 67.3 | 67.6 | 67.0 | 69.1 | 66.5 | 64.8 | 65.7 | 68.8 | 67.4 | 65.1 |
| Consumer goods. | 22 | $\begin{aligned} & 67.4 \\ & 40.3 \end{aligned}$ | 74.5 | 77.2 | 78.2 | 70.4 | 71.0 | 73.6 | 75.2 | 78.1 | 76.5 | 77.9 | 76.7 | 77.6 | 77.4 | 75.1 | 78.6 | 81.7 | 78.5 | 79.7 |
| Durable goods. |  |  | 43.6 | 43.8 | 44.3 | 41.0 | 41.3 | 44.1 | 43.8 | 45.0 | 43.5 | 43.9 | 43.8 | 44.0 | 43.7 | 42.2 | 44.7 | 46.6 | 45.2 | 45.5 |
| Nondurable goods. | 242526 | 27.1 | 30.9 | 33.3 | 33.9 | 29.4 | 29.7 | 29.5 | 31.4 | 33.1 | 32.9 | 34.0 | 32.9 | 33.6 | 33.7 | 32.9 | 33.8 | 35.1 | 33.3 | 34.2 |
| Other ${ }^{1}$.................. |  | $\begin{array}{r} 16.6 \\ 8.3 \end{array}$ | 16.8 | 17.8 | 18.7 | 17.1 | 17.0 | 16.5 | 16.6 | 17.0 | 18.0 | 17.4 | 17.8 | 18.1 | 18.2 | 17.8 | 18.9 | 20.0 | 18.6 | 18.6 |
| Durable goods ${ }^{12}$ |  |  | 8.4 | 8.9 | 9.4 | 8.6 | 8.5 | 8.3 | 8.3 | 8.5 | 9.0 | 8.7 | 8.9 | 9.1 | 9.1 | 8.9 | 9.4 | 10.0 | 9.3 | 9.3 |
| Nondurable goods ${ }^{2}$. | 27 | 8.3 | 8.4 | 8.9 | 9.4 | 8.6 | 8.5 | 8.3 | 8.3 | 8.5 | 9.0 | 8.7 | 8.9 | 9.1 | 9.1 | 8.9 | 9.4 | 10.0 | 9.3 | 9.3 |
| Addenda: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exports of agricultural products ${ }^{3}$.. | 282930 | $\begin{gathered} 30.4 \\ 201.2 \\ 307.6 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 30.6 \\ 215.3 \\ 338.1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 34.9 \\ 250.7 \\ 362.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 37.6 \\ 306.7 \\ 380.9 \end{array}$ | 30.6 | 30.1 | 27.9 | 30.8 | 33.7 | 31.2 | 33.7 | 38.5 | 36.3 | 39.4 | 38.8 | 36.2 | 36.2 | 40.1 | 41.5 |
| Exports of nonagricultural products... |  |  |  |  |  | 201.4 | 207.5 | 212.1 | 218.1 | 223.5 | 230.2 | 241.3 | 256.0 | 275.4 | 296.3 | 300.2 | 307.9 | 322.3 | 332.4 | 342.6 |
| Imports of nonpetroleum products ........ |  |  |  |  |  | 319.7 | 326.2 | 334.0 | 343.4 | 349.0 | 349.6 | 356.3 | 364.1 | 379.2 | 376.9 | 371.7 | 381.9 | 393.1 | 389.5 | 391.7 |
| 1 Estimates beginning with the first quarter of 1986 exclude repairs and alterations of equipment, which was reclassified to services other than factor income. <br> 2. Because no data are available to distribute exports of "other" merchandise between durable and nondurable goods prior to 1986 or to distribute imports of "other" merchandise for all time periods, estimates were distributed equally. <br> 3. Includes parts of lines 2 and 5. <br> Note.-Beginning with 1985, the definitions of the end-use categories have been changed. For a description of the new definitions, see the technical notes in "U.S. International Transactions, First Quarter 1988," Survey of Current Business 68 (June 1988): 34-39 and 57. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 4.5.-Relation of Foreign Transactions in the National Income and Product Accounts (NIPA's) to the Corresponding Items in the Balance of Payments Accounts (BPA's)

| [Billions of dollars] |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 |
| Exports of goods and services, BPA's... | 1 | 371.2 | 392.0 | 446.1 | 529.8 |
|  | 2 | 1.7 | 5.6 | 2.7 | 5.9 |
| Capital gains net of losses in direct investment income receipts, BPA's ${ }^{2}$. | 3 | 5.3 | 8.6 | 16.2 | -. 1 |
| Statistical differences ${ }^{3}$..................................................................... | 4 | 10.6 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other items ........... | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Plus: Adjustment for U.S. territories and Puerto Rico ${ }^{4}$ | 6 | 12.2 | 13.1 | 14.8 | 16.6 |
| Services furnished without payment by financial intermediaries except life insurance carriers and private noninsured pension plans. | 7 | 5.3 | 5.6 | 6.6 | 7.0 |
| Equals: Exports of goods and services, NIPA's ${ }^{5}$..................................................................................... | 8 | 370.9 | 396.5 | 448.6 | 547.7 |
| Imports of goods and services, BPA's. | 9 | 468.5 | 509.4 | 575.6 | 641.7 |
| Less: Payments of income on U.S. Government liabilities ${ }^{5}$. | 10 | 21.3 | 22.6 | 24.1 | 29.1 |
| Gold, BPA's '.. | 11 | 3.2 | 7.9 | 3.8 | 4.9 |
| Capital gains net of losses in direct investment income payments, BPA's ${ }^{2}$.. | 12 | -1.5 | -2.1 | -. 4 | . 9 |
| Statistical differences ${ }^{3}$....................................................................... | 13 | 7.8 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other items.............. | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Plus: Gold, NIPA's ${ }^{1}$.............................................. | 15 | -. 4 | . 3 | -1.1 | -1.8 |
| Adjustment for U.S. territories and Puerto Rico ${ }^{4}$. | 16 | 6.3 | ${ }^{6.9}$ | 7.6 | 9.2 |
| Imputed interest paid to foreigners........... | 17 | 5.3 | 5.6 | 6.6 | 7.0 |
|  | 18 | 448.9 | 493.8 | 561.2 | 621.3 |
| Balance on goods and services, BPA's (1-9).... | 19 | -97.3 | -117.5 | -129.5 | -111.9 |
| Less: Gold ( $2-11+15$ )... | 20 | -1.8 | -1.9 | -2.2 | -. 7 |
| Capital gains net of losses in direct investment income, BPA's (3-12)................................................. | 21 | 6.8 | 10.7 | 16.5 | $-1.0$ |
| Statistical differences (4-13)......................................................... | 22 | 2.8 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other items (5-14) ........................................................................ | 23 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Plus: Payments of income on U.S. Government liabilities (10) .................. | 24 | 21.3 | 22.6 | 24.1 | 29.1 |
| Ader Adjustment for U.S. territories and Puerto Rico(6-16)....................................................................................................................... | 25 | 5.8 | 6.2 | 7.2 | 7.4 |
| Equals: Net exports of goods and services, NIPA's (8-18) ................................................................................... | 26 | -78.0 | -97.4 | -112.6 | -73.7 |
| Allocations of special drawing rights, BPA's.. | 27 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Plus: Other items............................. | 28 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Equals: Capital grants received by the United States, net, NPA's. | 29 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Unilateral transfers (exeluding military grants of goods and services), net, BPA's..................................... | 30 | 15.4 | 15.8 | 14.2 | 14.7 |
| Less: Statistical differences ${ }^{3}$.................................................................................................................................. | 31 | ${ }_{0} .4$ | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other items .............. | 32 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Plus: Adjustment for U.S. territories and Puerto Rico ${ }^{4}$........................................................................................ | 33 | . 1 | 1.1 | . 1 | . 1 |
| Equals: Transfer payments to foreigners, net, NIPA's....................................................................................... | 34 | 15.1 | 15.9 | 14.3 | 14.7 |
| Payments of income on U.S. Government liabilities, BPA's.. | 35 | 21.3 | 22.6 |  |  |
| Equals: Interest paid by government to foreigners, NIPA's ..................................................................... | 36 | 21.3 | 22.6 | 24.1 | 29.1 |
| Balance on current account, BPA's (19-30) .............................................................................................. | 37 | -112.7 | -133.2 | -143.7 | -126.5 |
| Less: Gold (20) ................................. | 38 | -1.8 | -1.9 | -2.2 | -. 7 |
| Capital gains net of losses in direct investment income, BPA's (21)... | 39 | 6.8 | 10.7 | 16.5 | -1.0 |
| Statistical differences (22-31).................................................... | 40 | 2.4 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other items (23-32)................................................................................................................ | 41 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Plus: Capital grants received by the United States, net, NIPA's (29) <br> Adjustment for U.S. territories and Puerto Rico (25-33) |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{0} 7.3$ |
|  | 43 44 | 5.7 -114.4 | -135.8 | 7.1 -150.9 | -117.5 |

1. The treatment of net exports of gold in the NIPA's differs from that in the BPA's. BPA gold exports (line 2) and imports (line 11) are removed from the NIPA's. Imports of gold in the NIPA's (line 15) is the excess of the value of gold in domestic final sates pius the change in business inventories over the value of U.S. production of gold.
2. BPA capital gains and losses included in U.S. direct investment income abroad (line 3) and in foreign direct investment income in the U.S. (line 12) are removed from the NIPA's.
3. Consists of statistical revisions in the BPA's that have not yet been incorporated in the NIPA's.
4. Consists of transactions between the United States and its territories and Puerto Rico. The treatment of U.S. territories and Puerto Rico in the NIPA's differs from that in the BPA's. In the NIPA's they are included in the rest of the world; in the BPA's, they are treated as part of the United States. The adjustments to exports and imports of goods and services are shown in lines 6 and 16 respectively; however, because data are not available to adjust service exports and imports separately, line 6 includes the net of exports and imports of services by U.S. territories and Puerto Rico. The adjustment to unilateral transfers, net (line 33 ) consists only of ransfer payments from persons because transfer payments, subsidies, and grants-in-ical services and incorporate improved measurement of telecommunications services and insurance services, incorporate new source data on ravel and passenger fares; and cover foreign students' expenditures in the United States. See the box on page 21 in the July 1989 Survey of Current Business.
5. Represents interest paid by government to foreigners. This item is treated as an import of services in the BPA's. In the NPA's, it is excluded from government purchases and, thus, also from imports 7. Estmates begining with travel and passenger fares; and cover U.S. students' expenditures abroad. See the box on page 21 in the July 1989 SURVEY of CURRENT Business.

## 5. Saving and Investment

Table 5.1.-Gross Saving and Investment
[Billions of dollars]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1985 | 1986 |  |  |  | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  | 1989 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | IV | 1 | 1 | III | Iv | 1 | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | 1 | II |
| Gross saving. | 1 | 533.5 | 525.3 | 553.8 | 642.4 | 520.3 | 559.6 | 523.0 | 508.8 | 510.0 | 529.5 | 535.0 | 551.1 | 599.5 | 619.1 | 633.4 | 669.8 | 647.4 | 693.5 |  |
| Gross private saving. | 2 | 665.3 | 669.5 | 663.8 | 738.6 | 666.3 | 686.8 | 697.7 | 652.2 | 641.2 | 682.7 | 612.3 | 644.5 | 715.8 | 720.0 | 722.5 | 742.4 | 769.3 | 792.1 |  |
| Personal saving... | 3 | 125.4 | 124.9 | 101.8 | 144.7 | 111.7 | 135.9 | 155.0 | 106.6 | 102.0 | 135.9 | 55.9 | 73.6 | 141.8 | 131.9 | 134.0 | 149.6 | 163.4 | 205.7 | 203.7 |
| Undistributed corporate profits with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments. | 4 | 102.6 | 84.5 | 75.3 | 80.3 | 107.6 | 101.4 | 86.0 | 82.1 | 68.5 | 69.9 | 72.9 | 80.4 | 78.1 | 83.4 | 78.3 | 77.6 | 81.7 | 53.4 | $\cdots$ |
| Undistributed profirs. | 5 | 44.6 | 24.0 | 43.3 | 58.5 | 51.2 | 24.9 | 20.2 | 23.3 | 27.4 | 36.4 | 42.6 | 48.3 | 46.1 | 54.2 | 58.3 | 61.1 | 60.4 | 55.1 |  |
| Inventory valuation adjustment.... | 6 | -1.7 | 6.7 | -18.9 | -25.0 | -6.6 | 16.8 | 5 | 7.3 | -8.0 | -15.9 | -20.0 | -19.4 | -20.4 | -20.7 | -28.8 | -30.4 | -20.1 | -38.3 | ${ }^{-21.0}$ |
| Capital consumption adjustment.................. | 7 | 59.7 268.6 | 53.8 285.9 | 50.9 303.1 | ${ }_{321.7}^{46.8}$ | 274.1 | 278.2 | 283.6 | 288.3 | 293.5 | 297.5 | 301.3 | 304.9 | 308.5 | 314.9 | 319.0 | 323.1 | 329.7 | 335.2 | 340.3 |
| capital consumption adjustment. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Noncorporate capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjusment. | 9 | 168.7 | 174.2 | 183.6 | 19.9 | 172.9 | 171.3 | 173.2 | 175.1 | 177.2 | 179.4 | 182.2 | 185.6 | 187.3 | 189.8 | 191.2 | 192.1 | 194.4 | 197.8 | 201.3 |
| Wage accruals less disbursements.................. | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Government surplus or deficit ( - ), national | 11 | -131.8 | -144.1 | -110.1 | -96.1 | -145.9 | -127.2 | -174.7 | -143.4 | -131.3 | -153.2 | -77.3 | -93.5 | -116.3 | -101.0 | -89.1 | -72.7 | -121.9 | -98.7 |  |
|  | 12 | -196.9 | -206.9 | -161.4 | -145.8 | -212.2 | -195.6 | -236.0 | -206.8 | -189.0 | -199.4 | -137.7 | -143.9 | -164.4 | -151.8 | -141.5 | -122.5 | -167.6 | -147.5 |  |
| State and local....... | 13 | 65.1 | 62.8 | 51.3 | 49.7 | 66.3 | 68.5 | 61.3 | 63.4 | 57.8 | 46.3 | 60.4 | 50.5 | 48.0 | 50.8 | 52.4 | 49.8 | 45.7 | 48.8 |  |
| Capital grants received by the United States (net). | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Gross investment.. | 15 | 528.7 | 523.6 | 549.0 | 632.8 | 512.4 | 561.9 | 525.4 | 506.6 | 500.3 | 530.7 | 532.7 | 540.5 | 592.0 | 605.9 | 633.4 | 661.2 | 630.8 | 669.3 | 677.2 |
| Gross private domestic investment. Net foreign investment $\qquad$ | $1{ }_{1}^{16}$ | 643.1 -114.4 | 659.4 <br> -135.8 | 699.9 -150.9 | 750.3 <br> -117.5 | -141.6 | 683.8 -122.0 | 657.2 <br> -131.8 | 647.7 <br> -141.1 | 648.8 <br> -148.5 | 673.1 -142.4 | 684.1 -151.4 | 692.8 <br> -152.2 | 749.7 <br> -157.6 | $\left.\begin{gathered} 728.8 \\ -122.8 \end{gathered} \right\rvert\,$ | 748.4 -115.0 | 771.1 -109.9 | 752.8 -122.0 | 769.6 -100.3 | 777.9 -100.7 |
| Statistical discrepancy...... | 18 | -4.8 | 1.8 | -4.7 | -9.6 | -7.9 | 2.3 | 2.3 | -2.1 | -9.6 | 1.2 | -2.3 | -10.5 | -7.4 | -13.1 | -. 1 | -8.6 | -16.6 | -24.1 |  |

Table 5.2.-Gross Private Domestic Investment, Capital Consumption Allowances with Capital Consumption Adjustment, and Net Private Domestic Investment by Major Type of Investment
[Billions of dollars]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gross private domestic investmen | 1 | 643.1 | 659.4 | 699.9 | 750.3 |
| Less: Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment. | 2 | 437.2 | 460 | 486.7 | 513.6 |
| Equals: Net private domessic invesment..... | 3 | 205.9 | 199.3 | 213.2 | 236.7 |
| Fixed investmen |  | 6318 | 652.5 | 670.6 | 719.6 |
| Less: Capital consumption allowances with capital.................................................... adjustment. | 5 | 437.2 | 460.1 | 486.7 | 513.6 |
| Equals: Net fixed investment.. | 6 | 194.5 | 192.4 | 183.9 | 205 |
| Nonresidential | 7 | 442.9 | 435.2 | 444.3 | 487.2 |
| Less: Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment. | 8 | 340.8 | 359.9 | 378.8 | 399.0 |
| Equals: Net norresidential... | 9 | 102.1 | 75.3 | 65.5 | 88.1 |
| Structures. | 10 | 153.2 | 139.0 | 133.8 | 140.3 |
| Less: Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment. | 11 | 107.4 | 111.5 | 116.8 | 121.7 |
| Equals: Net strectures... | 12 | 45.8 | 27.5 | 17.0 | 18.7 |
| Producers' durable equipment. | 13 | 289.7 | 296.2 | 310.5 | 346.8 |
| Less: Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment. <br> Equals: Net producers' durable equipment. | 14 | 233.4 56.3 | 248.4 47.8 | 262.0 | 277.4 69.5 |
| Residential | 16 | 188.8 | 217.3 | 226.4 | 232.4 |
| Less: Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment. | 17 | 96.4 | 100.2 | 107.9 | 114.5 |
| Equals: Net resicential... | 18 | 92.4 | 117.1 | 118.5 | 117.9 |
| Nonfarm structur | 19 | 181.9 | 21.6 | . 9 | 225.0 |
| Less: Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment. | 20 | 9.2 | 93.7 | 1 | 107.4 |
| Equals: Net nonfarm structures.. | 21 | 91.7 | 16.8 | 7 | 17.5 |
| Farm structures | 22 |  |  |  | 1.1 |
| Less: Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment. | 23 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 2.8 |
| Equals: Net farm stuctures. | 24 | 8 | -1.5 | -1.1 | -1.7 |
| Producers' durable equipment | 25 | 5.1 | 5.5 | 5.8 |  |
| Less: Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment. | 26 | 3.5 | 3.7 | 4.0 | 4.3 |
| Equals: Net producers' durable equipment..... | 27 | 1.6 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 2.1 |
| Change in business inventories..... | 28 | 11.3 | 6.9 | 29.3 | 30.6 |

Table 5.3.-Gross Private Domestic Investment, Capital Consumption Allowances With Capital Consumption Adjustment, and Net Private Domestic Investment by Major Type of Investment in Constant Dollars
[Billions of 1982 dollars]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gross private domestic investment | 1 | 637.0 | 639.6 | 674.0 | 715.8 |
| Less: Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment. | 2 | 426.7 | 443.4 | 460.8 | 480.2 |
| Equals: Net private domestic investment........................... | 3 | 210.3 | 196.2 | . 1 | 235.6 |
| Fixe | 4 | 627.9 | 634.1 | 650.3 | 687.9 |
| Less: Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment. | 5 | 426.7 | 443.4 | 460.8 | 480. |
| Equals: Net fixed investment ...................................... | 6 | 201.2 | 190.7 | 189.4 | 207.7 |
| Nonresidential. | 7 | 453.5 | 438.4 | 455.5 | 493.8 |
| Less: Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjusment. | 8 | 337.4 | 352.9 | 367.4 | 384.0 |
| Equals: Net nonresidential...... | 9 | 116.1 | 85.6 | . 1 | 109.8 |
| Structures | 10 | 149.5 | 130.1 | 122.3 | 122.2 |
| Less: Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment. | 11 | 107.6 | 110.1 | 111.4 | 112.1 |
| Equals: Net structures... | 12 | 41.9 | 20.0 | 10 | 10.1 |
| Producers' durable equipment. | 13 | 304.0 | 308.3 | 333.2 | 371.6 |
| Less: Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adiustment. | 14 | 229.8 | 242.8 | 256.0 | 271.9 |
| Equals: Net producers' durable equipment.. | 15 | 74.2 | 65.6 | 77.2 | 99.8 |
| Residential | 16 | 174.4 | 195.7 | 194.8 |  |
| Less: Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment. | 17 | 89.3 | 90.6 | 93.4 | 96.2 |
| Equals: Net residentiat. | 18 | 85.1 | 105.1 | 101.3 | 97.9 |
| Nonfarm structures. | 19 | 167.6 | 189.0 | 187.4 | 186.8 |
| Less: Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment. | 20 | 83.3 | 4.4 | 87.0 | 9.6 |
| Equals: Net nonfarm structures. | 21 | 84.3 | 104.6 | 100.4 | 97.2 |
| Farm structures. | 22 | 1.7 | 1.1 | 1.5 | 9 |
| Less: Capital consumption allowances with capital consumprion adjustment. | 23 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.4 |
| Equals: Net farm structures... | 24 | -. 7 | -1.3 | -. 9 | -1.4 |
| Producers' durable equipment | 25 | 5.1 | 5.5 | 5.9 | 6.3 |
| Less: Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment. | 26 | 3.5 | 3.7 | 4.0 | 4.3 |
| Equals: Net producers' durable equipment................................. | 27 | 1.6 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 2.1 |
| Change in business inventories. | 28 | 9.1 | 5.6 | 7 | 27.9 |

Table 5.4.-Purchases of Structures by Type

| [Billions of dollars] |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 |
| Purchases of structures ${ }^{1}$...... | 1 | 406.9 | 427.3 | 436.4 | 451.6 |
| Private. | 2 | 337.0 | 350.8 | 354.3 | 366.4 |
| Nonresidential . | 3 | 153.2 | 139.0 | 133.8 | 140.3 |
| New | 4 | 154.6 | 139.0 | 133.8 | 140.3 |
| Nonresidential buildings, excluding farm. | 5 | 96.2 | 91.9 | 92.6 | 97.8 |
| Industrial... | 6 | 16.8 | 14.6 | 14.6 | 15.9 |
| Commercial., | 7 | 59.8 | 57.0 | 55.7 | 58.3 |
| Religious.... | 8 | 2.4 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 2.8 |
| Educational. | 9 | 1.7 | 2.1 | 3.1 | 2.5 |
| Hospital and institutional | 10 | 5.6 | 5.4 | 6.0 | 7.2 |
| Other ${ }^{2}$......................... | 11 | 9.9 | 10.1 | 10.5 | 11.0 |
| Public utilities. | 12 | 26.9 | 27.6 | 24.6 | 26.1 |
| Railroads.. | 13 | 4.0 | 2.9 | 2.5 | 2.6 |
| Telephone and telegraph. | 14 | 7.3 | 8.0 | 8.1 | 7.8 |
| Electric light and power | 15 | 12.1 | 13.4 | 10.7 | 11.8 |
| Gas..... | 16 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.5 |
| Petroleum pipelines. | 17 | . 3 | . 3 | . 4 | . 4 |
| Farm. | 18 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.1 |
| Mining exploration, shafts, and wells. | 19 | 26.3 | 14.9 | 11.5 | 12.0 |
| Petroleum and natural gas | 20 | 24.2 | 13.4 | 10.0 | 10.5 |
| Other | 21 | 2.1 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.4 |
| Other ${ }^{3}$.. | 22 | 3.1 | 2.6 | 3.0 | 2.3 |
| Brokers' commissions on sale of structures. | 23 | . 7 | .7 | . 7 | . 8 |
| Net purchases of used structures... | 24 | -2.2 | -. 7 | -. 7 | -. 7 |
| Residential | 25 | 183.8 | 211.8 | 220.5 | 226.1 |
| New.. | 26 | 168.9 | 194.6 | 202.1 | 205.3 |
| Nonfarm... | 27 | 167.1 | 193.3 | 200.4 | 204.2 |
| New housing units.. | 28 | 121.9 | 139.8 | 146.4 | 145.1 |
| Permanent site .......................................................... | 29 | 115.8 | 134.5 | 141.0 | 139.8 |
| 1 -unit structures..... | 30 | 86.0 | 102.0 | 114.4 | 116.5 |
| 2-or-more-unit structures. | 31 | 29.9 | 32.5 | 26.6 | 23.3 |
| Mobile homes... | 32 | 6.1 | 5.3 | 5.4 | 5.3 |
| Additions and alterations.. | 33 | 29.5 | 37.4 | 38.2 | 42.2 |
| Major replacements... | 34 | 15.3 | 15.7 | 15.2 | 16.3 |
| Other 4......... | 35 | . 3 | . 4 | 6 | . 6 |
| Farm.... | 36 | 1.9 | 1.2 | 1.7 | 1.1 |
| New housing units....... | 37 | . 4 | . 4 | . 4 | . 4 |
| Additions and alterations... | 38 | . 8 | . 4 | 1.1 | . 5 |
| Major replacements ........................................................ | 39 | . 7 | . 4 | 2 | 2 |
| Brokers' commissions on sale of structures. | 40 | 16.2 | 19.4 | 20.6 | 22.2 |
| Net purchases of used structures.................................... | 41 | -1.3 | -2.2 | -2.1 | -1.4 |
| Government structures and new construction force-account compensation. | 42 | 69.9 | 76.4 | 82.1 | 85.2 |
| New.. | 43 | 66.4 | 73.6 | 79.3 | 83.1 |
| Buildings, excluding military .. | 44 | 21.2 | 24.3 | 25.8 | 28.3 |
| Residential ............. | 45 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.7 |
| Industrial..................................................................... | 46 | 1.9 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.3 |
| Educational | 47 | 6.7 | 8.4 | 8.8 | 11.0 |
| Hospitai.................. | 48 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 2.0 |
| Other ${ }^{5} . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~$ | 49 | 8.2 | 10.1 | 11.2 | 11.2 |
| Highways and streets .... | 50 | 21.5 | 23.0 | 25.3 | 28.5 |
| Military facilities....... | 51 | 3.5 | 4.1 | 4.9 | 4.7 |
| Conservation and development............................................. | 52 | 4.8 | 4.6 | 5.2 | 4.5 |
| Sewer and water systems...., | 53 | 9.9 | 11.5 | 12.4 | 12.0 |
| Sewer systems.. | 54 | 7.2 | 8.1 | 8.8 | 8.3 |
| Water supply facilities. | 55 | 2.7 | 3.4 | 3.6 | 3.8 |
| Other ${ }^{6}$....................... | 56 | 5.6 | 6.1 | 5.7 | 5.1 |
| Net purchases of used structures................................................ | 57 | 3.5 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.1 |

1. In this table, purchases of structures includes compensation of government employes engaged in new
force-account construction. In tables 1.3, 3.1, and 3.7, this compensation is classified as a service and is incloded as part of government compensation of employees.
2. Consists of hotels and motels, buildings wsed primarily for social and recreational activities, and buildings not elsewhere classified, such as passenger terminals, greenhouses, and animal hospialas.
. Consists of streets, dams and reservoirs, sewer and water facilities, parks, airfields, etc.
3. Consists of dormitories, fraterinity and soorority houses, nurses homes, ett.
4. Consists of general office buildings, police and fire stations, courthouses, auditoriums, garages, passenger terminals, etc.
5. Consists of elecric and gas facilities, ransit systems, aiffields, etc.

Nore.-Quarterly estimates for selected items are shown in table 5.12.

Table 5.5.-Purchases of Structures by Type in Constant Dollars [Billions of 1982 dollars]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Purchases of structures ${ }^{1}$.. | 1 | 382.0 | 387.7 | 382.4 | 380.7 |
| Private. | 2 | 318.8 | 320.2 | 311.2 | 310.0 |
| Nonresidential. | 3 | 149.5 | 130.1 | 122.3 | 122.2 |
| New. | 4 | 150.8 | 130.1 | 122.3 | 122.1 |
| Nonresidential buildings, excluding farm. | 5 | 85.7 | 79.6 | 77.1 | 78.7 |
| Industrial... | 6 | 15.0 | 12.7 | 12.1 | 12.8 |
| Commercial. | 7 | 53.3 | 49.4 | 46.4 | 46.9 |
| Religious... | 8 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.3 |
| Educational | 9 | 1.5 | 1.8 | 2.6 | 2.0 |
| Hospital and institutional. | 10 | 5.0 | 4.7 | 5.0 | 5.8 |
| Other ${ }^{2}$....... | 11 | 8.8 | 8.7 | 8.7 | 8.8 |
| Public utilities.. | 12 | 25.1 | 25.7 | 22.5 | 22.6 |
| Railroads ... | 13 | 3.7 | 2.6 | 2.2 | 2.3 |
| Telephone and telegraph. | 14 | 6.9 | 7.4 | 7.3 | 6.7 |
| Electric light and power.. | 15 | 11.3 | 12.5 | 9.8 | 10.1 |
| Gas... | 16 | 3.0 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 3.1 |
| Petroleum pipelines.................... | 17 | . 3 | . 3 | . 4 | . 3 |
| Farm. | 18 | 2.0 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.7 |
| Mining exploration, shafts, and wells. | 19 | 35.2 | 20.7 | 18.2 | 17.2 |
| Petroleum and natural gas .... | 20 | 33.3 | 19.4 | 17.0 | 16.0 |
| Other ..... | 21 | 1.9 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.1 |
| Other ${ }^{3}$. | 22 | 2.8 | 2.3 | 2.7 | 2.0 |
| Brokers' commissions on sale of structures. | 23 | . 7 | . 6 | . 6 | . 6 |
| Net purchases of used structures...... | 24 | -1.9 | -. 6 | -. 6 | -. 6 |
| Residential. | 25 | 169.3 | 190.2 | 188.9 | 187.8 |
| New... | 26 | 155.7 | 174.7 | 173.2 | 170.6 |
| Nonfarm. | 27 | 153.9 | 173.6 | 171.7 | 169.7 |
| New housing units. | 28 | 112.8 | 125.7 | 125.2 | 120.3 |
| Permanent site ... | 29 | 106.8 | 120.5 | 120.1 | 115.5 |
| 1-unit structures.. | 30 | 79.3 | 91.4 | 97.4 | 96.2 |
| 2-or-more-unit structures... | 31 | 27.5 | 29.1 | 22.7 | 19.3 |
| Mobile homes...... | 32 | 6.0 | 5.2 | 5.1 | 4.8 |
| Additions and alterations. | 33 | 27.0 | 33.5 | 32.8 | 35.2 |
| Major replacements......... | 34 | 13.9 | 14.1 | 13.1 | 13.7 |
| Other ${ }^{4} . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~$ | 35 | . 3 | 4 | . 5 | . 5 |
| Farm.. | 36 | 1.7 | 1.1 | 1.5 | 1.0 |
| New housing units. | 37 | . 4 | . 4 | . 3 | . 4 |
| Additions and alterations. | 38 | . 7 | . 4 | . 9 | . 4 |
| Major replacements................ | 39 | . 6 | . 4 | . 2 | . 1 |
| Brokers' commissions on sale of structures ... | 40 | 14.9 | 17.4 | 17.5 | 18.4 |
| Net purchases of used structures.... | 41 | -1.2 | -1.9 | -1.8 | -1.2 |
| Government structures and new construction force-account compensation. | 42 | 63.3 | 67.5 | 71.3 | 70.8 |
| New............... | 43 | 60.1 | 65.0 | 68.9 | 69.0 |
| Buildings, excluding military ... | 44 | 19.0 | 21.2 | 21.6 | 22.8 |
| Residential ............ | 45 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.2 |
| Industrial. | 46 | 1.7 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 1.1 |
| Educational ... | 47 | 6.0 | 7.3 | 7.4 | 8.9 |
| Hospital.......... | 48 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.6 |
| Other ${ }^{5}$........................ | 49 | 7.4 | 8.9 | 9.4 | 9.1 |
| Highways and streets. | 50 | 18.9 | 19.9 | 22.1 | 23.6 |
| Military facilities. | 51 | 3.2 | 3.4 | 4.0 | 3.7 |
| Conservation and development.... | 52 | 4.6 | 4.4 | 4.8 | 4.1 |
| Sewer and water systems.... | 53 | 9.2 | 10.5 | 11.2 | 10.4 |
| Sewer systems. | 54 | 6.7 | 7.4 | 8.0 | 7.2 |
| Water supply facilities ...... | 55 | 2.5 | 3.1 | 3.3 | 3.3 |
| Other ${ }^{6}$.................................... | 56 | 5.2 | 5.5 | 5.2 | 4.4 |
| Net purchases of used structures... | 57 | 3.2 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 1.8 |

1. In this table, purchases of structures includes compensation of govermment employees engaged in new force-account construction. In tables 1.4 and 3.8, this compensation is classified as and
as part of govermment compensation of employees.
2 Consists of hotels and motels, buildings used primarily for social and recreational activities, and 2 . Consists of hotels and motels, buildings used primarily for social and recreational act
buildings not elsewhere classified, such as passenger terminals, greenhouses, and animal hospitals. buildings not elsewhere classified, such as passenger terminals, greenhouses, and animal hosp
2. Consists of streets, dams and reservoirs, sewer and water facilities, parks, airfields, etc.
3. Consists of streets, dams and reservoirs, sewer and water facilities, parks,
4. Consists of dormitories, fraternity and sorority houses, nurses' homes, etc.
5. Consists of dormitories, fraternity and sorority houses, nurses homes, etc.
6. Consists of general office buildings, police and fire stations, courthouses, auditoriums, garages, passenger
terminals, etc.
7. Consists of electric and gas facilities, transit systems, airfields, etc.
Note.-Quarterly estimates for selected items are shown in table 5.13.

Table 5.6.-Private Purchases of Producers' Durable Equipment by Type

| [Bililions of dollars] |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 |
| Private purchases of producers' durable equipment................. | 1 | 294.8 | 301.7 | 316.3 | 353 |
| Norresidential equipment. | 2 | 289.7 | 296.2 | 310.5 | 346.8 |
| Information processing and related equipment................................... | 3 | 94.8 | 96.7 | 104.2 | 114.7 |
| Office, computing, and accounting machinery................................ | 4 | 36.4 | 34.7 | 38.4 | 43.9 |
| Communication equipment........ | 5 | 35.4 | 37.7 | 39.9 | 43.2 |
| Instruments | 7 | 12.3 | 13.7 | 15.0 | ${ }_{11.5}^{16.1}$ |
| Industrial equipment... | 8 | 68.3 | 69.0 | 71.1 | 81.9 |
| Fabricated metal products. | 9 | 8.3 | 7.9 | 7.4 | 8.3 |
| Engines and turbines. | 10 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.3 |
| Metalworking machinery | 11 | 15.4 | 16.1 | 16.3 | 18.1 |
| Special industry machinery, n.e.c. | 12 | 13.0 | 13.8 | 15.6 | 21.3 |
| General industrial, including materials handling, equipment. | 13 | 17.3 | 17.9 | 17.9 | 19.4 |
| Electrical rransmission, dissribution, and indussrial apparams. | 14 | 12.6 | 11.7 | 12.5 | 13.5 |
| Transportation and related equipment.. | 15 | 63.8 | 67.0 | 67.6 | 76.3 |
| Trucks, buses, and ruck rrailers... | 16 | 32.6 | 30.5 | 32.4 | 36.5 |
| Autos. | 17 | 17.9 | 20.5 | 19.1 | 21.4 |
| Aircraft. | 18 | 10.3 | 13.2 | 12.9 | 14.6 |
| Ships and boats ............. Rairroad equipment.... | 19 | 1.5 1.5 | 1.5 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.3 2.4 |
| Other equipment. | 21 | 64.7 | 65.1 | 69.9 | 76.8 |
| Furriture and fixtures.. | 22 | 14.8 | 15.5 | 17.0 | 18.6 |
| Tractors. | 23 | 5.4 | 5.2 | 5.7 | 6.4 |
| Agriculural machinery, except tractors.. | 24 | 6.4 | 6.0 | 6.8 | 7.6 |
| Construction machinery, except tractors. | 25 | 10.0 | 10.5 | 10.2 | 11.2 |
| Mining and oilfield machinery... | 26 | 3.4 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.8 |
| Service industry machinery ....... | 27 | ${ }_{73}^{8.3}$ | 8.4 | 88.9 | 9.9 87 |
| Other | 29 | 7.3 9.2 | 7.4 9.7 | ${ }^{8.1}$ | 11.7 |
| Less: Sale of equipment scrap, excluding autos. | 30 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 2.3 | 2.9 |
| Residential equipment. | 31 | 5.1 | 5.5 | 5.8 | 6.4 |
| Addenda: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Private purchases of producers' durable equipment. | 32 | 294.8 | 301.7 | 316.3 | 353.2 |
| Less: Dealers' margin on used equipment | 33 <br> 34 |  | $\begin{array}{r}1.7 \\ .7 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | ${ }^{2.1} 8$ |
| Plus: Net sales of used equipment................................ | 35 | 27.9 | 27.4 | 27.8 | 32.1 |
| Net exports of used equipment. | 36 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.4 |
| Sale of equipment scrap ................. | 37 | 1.8 | 1.6 | 2.3 | 2.9 |
| Equals: Private purchases of new equipment. | 38 | 323.1 | 329.4 | 345.0 | 386.7 |

n.e.c. Not eisewhere classified.

Note.-Quarterly estimates for selected items are shown in table 5.12 .

Table 5.7.-Private Purchases of Producers' Durable Equipment by Type in Constant Dollars
[Billions of 1982 dollars]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Private purchases of producers' durable equipment..... | 1 | 309.1 | 313.8 | 339.1 | 378.0 |
| Nonresidential equipment. | 2 | 304.0 | 308.3 | 333.2 | 371.6 |
| Information processing and related equipment. | 3 | 119.3 | 128.7 | 152.9 | 174.2 |
| Office, computing, and accounting machinery. | 4 | 65.0 | 73.1 | 95.5 | 113.7 |
| Communication equipment.... | 5 | 31.5 | 32.5 | 33.4 | 35.4 |
| Instruments.. | 6 | 11.6 | 12.5 | 13.3 | 13.9 |
| Photocopy and related equipment. | 7 | 11.2 | 10.7 | 10.7 | 11.2 |
| Industrial equipment. | 8 | 64.6 | 62.3 | 61.9 | 68.4 |
| Fabricated metal products. | 9 | 8.0 | 7.7 | 7.2 | 7.7 |
| Engines and turbines...... | 10 | 1.8 | 1.5 | 1.2 | 1.2 |
| Metalworking machinery . | 11 | 14.8 | 14.6 | 14.2 | 15.4 |
| Special industry machinery, n.e.c. | 12 | 12.0 | 11.8 | 12.6 | 16.5 |
| General industrial, including materials handling, equipment | 13 | 16.5 | 16.2 | 15.6 | 16.1 |
| Electrical transmission, distribution, and industrial apparatus....... | 14 | 11.6 | 10.5 | 11.0 | 11.5 |
| Transportation and related equipment.. | 15 | 61.5 | 59.9 | 58.9 | 65.7 |
| Trucks, buses, and truck trailers. | 16 | 29.5 | 26.4 | 27.7 | 30.6 |
| Autos.... | 17 | 19.3 | 18.3 | 16.2 | 18.3 |
| Aircraft. | 18 | 9.9 | 12.6 | 12.1 | 13.5 |
| Ships and boats ...... | 19 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.2 |
| Railroad equipment. | 20 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.6 | 2.2 |
| Other equipment. | 21 | 60.2 | 58.9 | 61.4 | 64.9 |
| Furniture and fixtures... | 22 | 13.3 | 13.5 | 14.4 | 14.9 |
| Tractors... | 23 | 5.0 | 4.7 | 4.9 | 5.3 |
| Agricultural machinery, except tractors... | 24 | 5.8 | 5.3 | 5.9 | 6.4 |
| Construction machinery, except tractors.... | 25 | 9.4 | 9.5 | 8.7 | 9.1 |
| Mining and oilfield machinery.... | 26 | 3.4 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.6 |
| Service industry machinery . | 27 | 7.5 | 7.5 | 7.9 | 8.5 |
| Electrical equipment, n.e.c.. | 28 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.5 | 7.8 |
| Other .......................................................................... | 29 | 8.8 | 9.1 | 9.7 | 10.4 |
| Less: Sale of equipment scrap, excluding autos .......................... | 30 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.8 | 1.6 |
| Residential equipment........................................................................ | 31 | 5.1 | 5.5 | 5.9 | 6.3 |

n.e.c. Not elsewhere classified

Note.-Quaterly estimates for selected items are shown in table 5.13 .

Table 5.8.-Change in Business Inventories by Industry
[Billions of dollars]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1985 | 1986 |  |  |  | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  | 1989 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II |
| Change in business inventories.................. | 12 | 11.3 | 6.9 | 29.3 | 30.6 |  | 40.7 |  |  | -12.2 | 25.4 | 18.8 | 9.5 | 63.3 | 30.0 | 29.3 | 44.6 | 18.7 | 27.7 | 32.4 |
| Farm. |  | -3.3 | -1.8 | -1.3 | -3.6 | -16.5 | 2.7 | -3.7 | -1.9 | -4.2 | -. 6 | -2.0 | -4.5 | 2.1 | 5.8 | -1.1 | 3.1 | -22.2 | 8.6 | 7.1 |
| Nonfarm. | 3 | 14.6 | 8.6 | 30.5 | 34.2 | 23.7 | 38.0 | 9.1 | -4.6 | -8.0 | 26.0 | 20.8 | 14.0 | 61.3 | 24.2 | 30.4 | 41.5 | 40.8 | 19.1 | 25.3 |
| Change in book value............................................................................ | 4 | 14.5 | -1.9 | 56.2 | 70.6 | 30.8 | 9.5 | -7.2 | -12.9 | 3.2 | 47.2 | 48.0 | 40.4 | 89.2 | 54.5 | 72.3 | 84.4 | 71.2 | 76.8 | 57.0 |
| Inventory valuation adjustment ' ............................................. | 5 | . 2 | 10.5 | -25.7 | -36.4 | -7.1 | 28.5 | 16.3 | 8.3 | -11.1 | -21.1 | -27.2 | -26.4 | -27.9 | -30.3 | -41.9 | $-42.8$ | -30.4 | -57.8 | -31.7 |
| Manufacturing. | 6 | -9.3 | -4.9 | 4.4 | 9.1 | -10.5 | -5.6 | 7 | -10.3 | -4.5 | -3.8 | -2.5 | 10.0 | 14.1 | 10.5 | 4.5 | 6.6 | 14.9 | 4.5 | 10.9 |
| Durable goods... | 7 | -6.7 | -4.6 | 3.3 | 8.7 | -13.1 | -4.1 | -3.4 | -5.2 | -5.8 | -3.4 | -. 9 | 6.9 | 10.6 | 7.6 | 5.0 | 7.5 | 14.6 | 10.2 | 7.9 |
| Nondurable goods... | 8 | -2.7 | -. 3 | 1.2 | . 4 | 2.7 | -1.5 | 4.1 | -5.1 | 1.3 | -. 3 | -1.6 | 3.1 | 3.4 | 2.9 | -. 5 | -. 9 | . 3 | -5.7 | 2.9 |
| Wholesale trade.. | 9 | 3.6 | 6.1 | 5.7 | 8.9 | 4.2 | 12.6 | 5.8 | 13.2 | -7.0 | 2.7 | 3.7 | -4.5 | 20.7 | 17.2 | 4.2 | 9.7 | 4.5 | -4.6 | 6.6 |
| Durable goods....................................................................... | 10 | . 8 | 3.1 | 3.8 | 7.3 | 1.0 | 6.7 | 4.1 | 8.3 | -6.5 | 3.1 | 4.2 | -6.7 | 14.5 | 15.3 | -4.3 | 16.1 | 2.2 | 1.2 | 10.0 |
| Nondurable goods................................................... | 11 | 2.8 | 3.0 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 3.2 | 5.9 | 1.7 | 4.9 | -. 5 | -. 3 | -. 4 | 2.2 | 6.2 | 2.0 | 8.5 | -6.3 | 2.3 | -5.9 | -3.4 |
| Merchant wholesalers. | 12 | 5.5 | 6.1 | 5.7 | 7.7 | 4.9 | 13.3 | 5.7 | 12.4 | -7.1. | 1.6 | 6.4 | -4.4 | 19.1 | 16.0 | 4.9 | 7.4 | 2.4 | -4.1 | 5.9 |
| Durable goods....... | 13 | 1.4 | 3.1 | 3.5 | 6.0 | 2.4 | 7.3 | 4.7 | 7.7 | -7.2 | 2.3 | 5.3 | -6.9 | 13.2 | 14.0 | -4.1 | 14.1 | -. 2 | 1.7 | 10.5 |
| Nondurable goods..................................... | 14 | 4.1 | 2.9 | 2.2 | 1.7 | 2.4 | 5.9 | 1.0 | 4.7 | 0 | -. 7 | 1.1 | 2.4 | 5.9 | 2.0 | 9.1 | -6.7 | 2.6 | -5.8 | -4.6 |
| Nonmerchant wholesalers ............................... | 15 | -1.8 | . 1 | ${ }^{-1}$ | 1.2 | -. 6 | -. 7 | . 1 | . 8 | . 2 | 1.1 | -2.6 | -. 1 | 1.5 | 1.2 | -. 8 | 2.3 | 2.1 | -. 5 | . 7 |
| Durable goods.......................................... | 16 | -. 6 | 0 | 3 | 1.3 | -1.4 | -. 7 | -. 6 | . 6 | . 7 | . 7 | -1.1 | . 2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | -. 2 | 1.9 | 2.4 | -. 4 | -. 5 |
| Nondurabie goods......................................................... | 17 | -1.2 | . 1 | -. 3 | -., 1 | . 8 | 0 | . 8 | . 2 | -. 5 | . 4 | -1.5 | -. 3 | . 3 | . 2 | -. 6 | . 4 | -. 3 | -. 1 | 1.2 |
| Retail trade ... | 18 | 12.0 | 2.2 | 16.8 | 8.3 | 19.2 | 24.0 | -3.9 | -10.4 | -. 7 | 24.3 | 16.9 | 4.1 | 22.0 | -9.6 | 13.9 | 15.1 | 13.6 | 9.9 | 2.2 |
| Durable goods................................................................................ | 19 | 8.7 | . 1 | 13.2 | 6.1 | 16.8 | 18.6 | -3.1 | -13.9 | -1.3 | 20.8 | 12.4 | 1.6 | 17.8 | -14.5 | 13.4 | 14.2 | 11.4 | 7.3 | -5.2 |
| Automotive ....... | 20 | 6.2 | -1.6 | 9.2 | 3.1 | 15.2 | 13.0 | -3.5 | -18.2 | 2.1 | 20.4 | 4.6 | 1.0 | 10.8 | -17.0 | 11.5 | 10.0 | 7.7 | 10.6 | -1.2 |
| Other | 21 | 2.5 | 1.7 | 4.0 | 3.1 | 1.6 | 5.6 | . 4 | 4.3 | -3.4 | . 4 | 7.8 | . 6 | 7.1 | 2.5 | 1.8 | 4.2 | 3.7 | -3.3 | -4.0 |
| Nondurable goods..... | 22 | 3.4 | 2.2 | 3.7 | 2.1 | 2.4 | 5.4 | -. 8 | 3.5 | . 5 | 3.5 | 4.5 | 2.5 | 4.2 | 4.9 | . 6 | . 9 | 2.1 | 2.6 | 7.4 |
| Other. | 23 | 8.3 | 5.2 | 3.6 | 7.9 | 10.7 | 7.0 | 6.4 | 3.0 | 4.3 | 2.8 | 2.6 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 6.1 | 7.7 | 10.1 | 7.9 | 9.3 | 5.6 |
| Durable goods... | 24 | 3.7 | 2.6 | 1.8 | 2.9 | 3.9 | 2.9 | 2.5 | 1.0 | 4.0 | . 3 | 2.8 | 3.0 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 2.9 | 3.6 | 3.8 | 3.3 | -. 3 |
| Nondurable goods...................................................................... | 25 | 4.6 | 2.5 | 1.8 | 5.0 | 6.8 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 1.9 | . 3 | 2.5 | -. 1 | 1.5 | 3.2 | 4.8 | 4.9 | 6.4 | 4.1 | 6.0 | 5.9 |

1. The inventory valuation adjustment (IVA) shown in this table differs from the IVA that adjusts business incomes. The IVA in this table reflects the mix of methods (first-in, first-out, last-in, first-out; etc.) underlying
book value inventories derived primarily from Census Bureau statistics. This mix differs from that underlying business income derived primarily from Internal Revenue Service statistics.

Table 5.9.-Change in Business Inventories by Industry in Constant Dollars
[Billions of 1982 dollars]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1985 | 1986 |  |  |  | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  | 1989 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | IV | 1 | II | III | IV | I | II | 111 | IV | 1 | II | III | IV | I | II |
| Change in business inventories.................. | 1 | 9.1 | 5.6 | 23.7 | 27.9 | 7.7 | 41.9 | 7.1 | -5.9 | -20.8 | 18.1 | 13.3 | 6.8 | 56.6 | 34.3 | 21.5 | 37.5 | 18.3 | 24.5 | 22.0 |
| Farm... | 2 | -4.3 | -2.4 | -2.1 | -2.8 | -15.5 | 4.5 | -3.4 | -. 8 | -9.9 | -2.2 | -1.2 | -6.1 | 1.0 | 5.9 | -4.0 | . 3 | -13.6 | 7.6 | 2.4 |
| Nonfarm | 3 | 13.4 | 8.0 | 25.8 | 30.7 | 23.2 | 37.4 | 10.5 | -5.1 | -10.9 | 20.3 | 14.5 | 12.9 | 55.6 | 28.3 | 25.4 | 37.2 | 31.9 | 16.9 | 19.6 |
| Manufacturing................................................ | 4 | -9.4 | -5.1 | 3.3 | 8.5 | -9.5 | -4.5 | 3.2 | -13.4 | -5.8 | -5.6 | -3.7 | 9.5 | 13.1 | 11.9 | 4.2 | 5.8 | 12.2 | 3.8 | 8.4 |
| Durable goods......................................................................... | 5 | -6.6 | -4.7 | 2.7 | 8.2 | -12.7 | -4.1 | -3.7 | -5.4 | -5.4 | -3.7 | -1.2 | 6.2 | 9.5 | 7.2 | 5.0 | 7.4 | 13.2 | 8.3 | 6.4 |
| Nondurable goods......................................... | 6 | -2.8 | -. 5 | . 7 | . 3 | 3.2 | -. 4 | 6.9 | -8.0 | -. 5 | -1.9 | -2.5 | 3.3 | 3.7 | 4.7 | -. 8 | -1.6 | -1.0 | -4.5 | 2.0 |
| Wholesale trade.............................................. | 7 | 3.3 | 6.3 | 4.4 | 8.5 | 4.4 | 12.8 | 4.5 | 15.2 | -7.4 | 2.0 | 1.4 | -4.3 | 18.6 | 19.3 | 2.8 | 9.8 | 1.9 | -2.4 | 4.7 |
| Durable goods..... | 8 | . 7 | 3.0 | 3.4 | 6.6 | . 9 | 6.3 | 3.7 | 7.8 | $-6.0$ | 2.9 | 3.7 | -6.0 | 13.1 | 14.1 | -3.9 | 14.3 | 1.9 | 1.0 | 8.7 |
| Nondurable goods......................................... | 9 | 2.6 | 3.3 | 1.0 | 1.9 | 3.5 | 6.5 | . 8 | 7.4 | -1.4 | -. 9 | -2.3 | 1.8 | 5.5 | 5.2 | 6.7 | -4.5 | 0 | -3.4 | -4.0 |
| Merchant wholesalers.................................... | 10 | 5.4 | 6.1 | 4.7 | 7.5 | 4.8 | 13.9 | 3.8 | 13.9 | -7.0 | . 5 | 1.8 | -3.9 | 17.4 | 18.1 | 4.1 | 7.4 | . 4 | -2.1 | 3.9 |
| Durable goods.... | 11 | 1.3 | 3.0 | 3.2 | 5.4 | 2.3 | 6.9 | 4.4 | 7.2 | -6.7 | 2.2 | 4.8 | -6.2 | 12.0 | 12.9 | -3.7. | 12.5 | -. 3 | 1.5 | 9.2 |
| Nondurable goods...................................... | 12 | 4.1 | 3.2 | 1.5 | 2.1 | 2.5 | 6.9 | -. 6 | 6.6 | -. 3 | -1.7 | . 1 | 2.3 | 5.4 | 5.2 | 7.8 | -5.2 | . 7 | -3.5 | -5.3 |
| Nonmerchant wholesalers ............................. | 13 | -2.1 | . 1 | -. 3 | 1.0 | $-4$ | -1.1 | . 8 | 1.3 | -. 5 | 1.6 | -3.4 | -. 4 | 1.2 | 1.2 | -1.3 | 2.5 | 1.5 | -. 4 | . 8 |
| Durable goods... | 14 | -. 6 | 0 | . 3 | 1.2 | -1.3 | -. 6 | -. 6 | .6 | . 7 | . 7 | -1.1 | . 2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | -. 2 | 1.8 | 2.2 | -. 5 | -. 5 |
| Nondurable goods... | 15 | -1.5 | . 2 | -. 5 | -. 3 | . 9 | -. 4 | 1.4 | . 7 | -1.1 | . 8 | -2.4 | -. 6 | 0 | 0 | -1.1 | . 7 | -. 7 | . 1 | 1.3 |
| Retail trade.. | 16 | 11.2 | 2.2 | 15.1 | 7.3 | 17.8 | 22.3 | -3.5 | -9.4 | -. 7 | 21.6 | 15.4 | 3.8 | 19.7 | -8.0 | 12.2 | 13.3 | 11.6 | 8.4 | 1.8 |
| Durable goods.................................................................................... | 17 | 8.1 | . 1 | 11.8 | 5.4 | 15.4 | 17.3 | -2.8 | -12.7 | -1.3 | 18.4 | 11.3 | 1.5 | 15.9 | $-12.5$ | 11.7 | 12.5 | 9.8 | 6.1 | $-4.5$ |
| Automotive ... | 18 | 5.7 | -1.5 | 8.1 | 2.6 | 13.9 | 11.9 | -3.2 | -16.7 | 1.9 | 18.1 | 4.0 | . 9 | 9.4 | -14.8 | 10.0 | 8.6 | 6.6 | 9.0 | -1.0 |
| Other .................................................... | 19 | 2.4 | 1.7 | 3.7 | 2.8 | 1.6 | 5.3 | .4 | 4.1 | -3.2 | . 3 | 7.3 | . 6 | 6.5 | 2.3 | 1.7 | 3.9 | 3.2 | -2.9 | -3.5 |
| Nondurable goods.................................................................. | 20 | 3.2 | 2.0 | 3.3 | 1.9 | 2.3 | 5.1 | -. 7 | 3.2 | . 5 | 3.2 | 4.1 | 2.3 | 3.8 | 4.4 | . 5 | . 8 | 1.9 | 2.3 | 6.3 |
| Other ............................................................ | 21 | 8.2 | 4.7 | 2.9 | 6.5 | 10.5 | 6.8 | 6.3 | 2.6 | 3.1 | 2.2 | 1.5 | 3.8 | 4.2 | 5.2 | 6.2 | 8.3 | 6.2 | 7.1 | 4.6 |
| Durable goods.............................................. | 22 | 3.4 | 2.4 | 1.7 | 2.5 | 3.6 | 2.8 | 2.3 | . 9 | 3.7 | . 3 | 2.5 | 2.7 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 2.5 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 2.7 | -. 3 |
| Nondurable goods.......................................... | 23 | 4.8 | 2.3 | 1.2 | 4.0 | 6.9 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 1.6 | -. 6 | 1.9 | -1.1 | 1.1 | 2.9 | 4.0 | 3.7 | 5.2 | 3.0 | 4.4 | 4.9 |

Table 5.10.-Inventories and Final Sales of Business by Industry
[Billions of dollars]

|  | Line | Seasonally adjusted quarterly totals |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1985 | 1986 |  |  |  | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  | 1989 |  |
|  |  | IV | 1 | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | 1 | II |
| Inventories ${ }^{\text {T}}$. | 1 | 863.5 |  |  |  |  | 868.4 | 884.9 | 895.2 | 920.2 | 936.6 | 960.8 | 984.0 | 1,002.2 | 1,026.6 | 1,034.0 |
| Farm. | 2 | 71.5 | 69.8 | 70.2 | 69.2 | 66.3 | 67.5 | 70.0 | 68.1 | 69.2 | 71.0 | 75.0 | 77.6 | 75.7 | 78.2 | 78.2 |
| Nonfarm. | 345 | $\begin{aligned} & 792.1 \\ & 460.4 \\ & 323 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 787.4 \\ & 464.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 786.5 \\ & 465.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 785.4 \\ & 464.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 787.0 \\ & 463.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 800.9 \\ & 470.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 814.9 \\ & 479.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 827.0 \\ & 485.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 851.0 \\ & 502.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 865.6 \\ & 509.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 885.8 \\ & 519.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 906.4 \\ & 534.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 926.5 \\ & 548.0 \end{aligned}$ | 948.4561.8 | 955.9566.1 |
| Durable goods....... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nondurable goods... |  |  | 322.7 | 321.5 | 321.1 | 323.7 | 330.4 | 335.9 | 341.9 | 348.8 | 356.3 | 366.7 | 372.2 | 378.4 | 386.6 | 389.8 |
| Manufacturing ..... | 8 | $\begin{aligned} & 333.5 \\ & 221.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 324.4 \\ & 218,2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 323.1 \\ & 217.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 321.0 \\ & 216.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 321.1 \\ & 214.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 322.6 \\ & 214.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 325.7 \\ & 215.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 332.3 \\ & 220.0 \end{aligned}$ | 340.3226.2 | 346.6230.3 | 353.8235.0 | 359.6239.2 | 367.1245.6 | 376.5253.2 | 378.6 |
| Durabie goods...... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nondurable goods... |  |  | 106,2 | 106.1 | 104.8 | 106.3 | 108.3 | 109.8 | 112.3 | 114.1 | 116.3 | 118.7 | 120.4 | 121.5 | 123.4 123.8 |  |
| Wholesale trade... | 9 | 181.0 | 180.8 | 181.7 | 184.7 | 184.1 | 187.0 | 190.5 | 191.5 | 198.0 | 204.9 | 133.2 | 138.5 | 140.6 | 221.6142.9 | 222.3 |
| Durable goods...... | 1011 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 117.1 \\ 63.7 \end{array}$ | 118.4 | 121.1 | 120.0 | 121.5 | 123.5 | 122.9 | 127.7 |  |  |  |  |  | 146.076.3 |
| Nondurable goods. |  |  |  | 63.3 | 63.6 | 64.2 | 65.5 | 67.0 | 68.5 | 70.3 | 71.8 | 76.8 | 77.1 | 77.8 | 78.7 |  |
| Merchant wholesalers. | 121314 | $\begin{aligned} & 155.3 \\ & 10.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 157.0 \\ & 103.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 158.3 \\ & 104.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 161.1 \\ & 107.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 160.4 \\ & 105.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 162.4 \\ & 107.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 166.1 \\ & 109.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 166.7 \\ & 108.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 172.8 \\ & 112.9 \end{aligned}$ | 179.1117.7 | 184.0117.7 | 188.9122.4 | 190.9123.7 | 193.1 | 195.4129.066.3 |
| Durable goods..... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nondurable goods |  | 54.1 | 53.8 | 53.5 | 53.9 | 54.5 | 55.2 | 56.7 | 58.1 | 60.0 | 61.4 | 66.3 | 66.5 | 67.2 | 67.4 |  |
| Nonmerchant wholesalers. | 151617 | $\begin{aligned} & 25.7 \\ & 14.1 \\ & 11.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 23.8 \\ & 13.8 \\ & 10.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 23.4 \\ 13.6 \\ 9.7 \end{array}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 23.5 \\ 13.9 \\ 9.7 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{array}{r} 23.7 \\ 14.0 \\ 9.7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 24.6 \\ & 14.2 \\ & 10.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 24.4 \\ & 14.1 \\ & 10.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 24.7 \\ & 14.3 \\ & 10.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 25.1 \\ & 14.8 \\ & 10.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 25.7 \\ & 15.3 \\ & 10.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 26.0 \\ & 15.5 \\ & 10.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 26.7 \\ & 16.1 \\ & 10.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 27.5 \\ & 16.9 \\ & 10.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 28.5 \\ & 17.1 \\ & 11.3 \end{aligned}$ | 26.917.010.0 |
| Durable goods...... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nondurable goods. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Retail trade. | 18 | 180.9 | 186.3 | 186.1 | 184.6 | 185.5 | 193.2 | $\begin{aligned} & 199.3 \\ & 1014 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 201.4 \\ & 102.3 \end{aligned}$ | 208.0 | $\begin{aligned} & 207.1 \\ & 104.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 212.5 \\ & 108.1 \end{aligned}$ | 218.2 | 223.6 | 229.0 | 231.3 |
| Durable goods. |  | 89.5 | 94.3 | 93.8 | 90.9 | 91.4 | 97.4 |  |  | 107.2 |  |  | 112.3 | 116.2 | 119.0 | 118.4 |
| Automotive... | 20 | 45.3 | 48.6 | 47.8 | 43.5 | 44.8 | 50.5 | 52.1 | 52.4 | 55.1 | 51.0 | 54.0 | 56.9 | 59.4 | 62.3 | 62.2 |
| Other... | 21 | 44.2 | 45.7 | 46.0 | 47.4 | 46.6 | 47.0 | 49.3 | 50.0 | 52.1 | 53.2 | 54.0 | 55.4 | 56.8 | 56.7 | 56.2 |
| Nondurable goods. | 22 | 91.4 | 92.0 | 92.3 | 93.8 | 94.1 | 95.8 | 97.9 | 99.0 | 100.8 | 102.9 | 104.5 | 105.9 | 107.4 | 110.0 | 112.9 |
| Other. | 23 | 96.6 | 95.8 | 95.6 | 95.1 | 96.3 | 98.2 | 99.4 | 101.9 | 104.7 | 107.0 | 109.5 | 113.0 | 117.4 | 121.2 | 123.7 |
| Final sales ${ }^{2}$. | 24 | $\begin{aligned} & 290.3 \\ & 172.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 293.1 \\ & 172.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 297.1 \\ & 174.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 301.9 \\ & 177.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 305.6 \\ & 177.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 308.9 \\ & 177.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 316.0 \\ & 181.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 323.3 \\ & 185.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 325.9 \\ & 185.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 333.1 \\ & 189.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 341.0 \\ & 194.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 345.8 \\ & 196.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 354.4 \\ & 202.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 360.0 \\ & 205.4 \end{aligned}$ | 365.2208.1 |
| Final sales of goods and structures ${ }^{2}$. | 25 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ratio of inventories to final sales |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Inventories to tinal sales.. | $\begin{aligned} & 26 \\ & 27 \\ & 28 \end{aligned}$ | 2.97 | 2.92 | 2.88 | 2.83 | 2.79 | 2.81 | 2.80 | 2.77 | 2.82 | 2.81 | 2.82 | 2.85 | 2.83 | 2.85 | 2.83 |
| Nonfarm inventories to final sales... |  | 2.734.60 | 2.69 <br> 4.56 | $\begin{aligned} & 2.65 \\ & 2.51 \\ & 4.51 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.60 \\ & 2.60 \\ & 4.44 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.57 \\ & 4.42 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.59 \\ & 2.51 \end{aligned}$ | $2.58$ | 2.56 | 2.61 | 2.60 | 2.60 | 2.62 | 2.61 | 2.63 | 2.62 |
| Nonfarm inventories to final sales of goods and structures............. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4.50 | 4.45 | 4.58 | 4.56 | 4.55 | 4.60 | 4.58 | 4.62 | 4.59 |

1. Inventories are as of the end of the quarter. The quanter-to-quarter change in inventories calculated from current-dollar inventories in this table is not the current-dollar change in business inventories (CBI) component
( ${ }^{\text {a }}$. in addition, changes calculated from this table are ar quarterly rates, whereas CBI is stated at annual rates.
addition, changes calculated from this table are at quarterly rates, whereas CBI is stated at annual rates.
2. Quarterfy totals at monthly rates. Business final sales equals final sales less gross product of
Table 5.11.-Inventories and Final Sales of Business by Industry in Constant Dollars
[Billions of 1982 dollars]

|  | Line | Seasonally adjusted quarterly totals |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1985 | 1986 |  |  |  | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  | 1989 |  |
|  |  | IV | I | II | III | IV | 1 | II | III | IV | 1 | II | III | IV | I | II |
| Inventories ${ }^{\text {1 }}$. | 1 | 833.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 871.2 | 876.5 | 885.9 | 890.5 | 896.6 | 902.1 |
| Farm. | 2 | 75.2 | 76.3 | 75.4 | 75.2 | 72.8 | 72.2 | 71.9 | 70.4 | 70.6 | 72.1 | 71.1 | 71.2 | 67.8 | 69.7 | 70.3 |
| Nonfarm........................................................................................................ | 345 | $\begin{aligned} & 758.2 \\ & 433.6 \end{aligned}$ | 767.5439.1 | $\begin{aligned} & 770.2 \\ & 439.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 768.9 \\ & 436.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 766.1 \\ & 434.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 771.2 \\ & 438.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 774.9 \\ & 443.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 778.1 \\ & 444.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 792.0 \\ & 454.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 799.0 \\ & 456.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 805.4 \\ & 460.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 814.7 \\ & 469.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 822.7 \\ & 476.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 826.9 \\ & 481.2 \end{aligned}$ | 831.8483.8 |
| Durable goods .......................................................................................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nondurable goods .................................................................................................... |  | 4334.6 324.6 | 328.4 | 331.2 |  |  | 332.3 | 331.9 | 334.0 | 338.0 | 342.6 | 345.1 | 345.1 | 346.0 | $345.7{ }^{348.0}$ |  |
| Manufacturing $\qquad$ Durable goods $\qquad$ | 678 | $\begin{aligned} & 320.6 \\ & 209.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 319.5 \\ & 208.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 320.3 \\ & 207.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 317.0 \\ & 205.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 315.5 \\ & 204.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 314.1 \\ & 203.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 313.2 \\ & 203.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 315.5 \\ & 204.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 318.8 \\ & 207.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 321.8 \\ & 209.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 322.8 \\ & 210.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 324.3 \\ & 212.1 \end{aligned}$ | 327.3215.4 | 328.3217.5 | 330.4219.1 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nondurable goods ......................................................................................... |  | 111.4 | 111.4 | 113.1 | 111.1 | 111.0 | 110.5 | 109.9 | 110.7 | 111.6 | 112.8 | 112.6 | 112.2 | 111.9 | 110.8 | 111.3 |
| Wholesale trade... | 10 | 174.3 <br> 108.8 <br> 108 | 177.5110.4 | 178.7111.3 | 182.5113.3 | 180.6111.7 | 181.1112.5 | 181.5 | 180.4111.9 | 185.0 | 189.9 | 190.6 | 193.0 | 193.5 | 192.9 | 194.1124.2 |
| Durable goods... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 189.2 | 118.771.2 | $\begin{array}{r}117.7 \\ 72.8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}121.7 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 71.7 | 70.9 |  |
| Nondurable goods | 11 | 65.5 | 67.2 | 67.4 | 69.2 | 68.9 | 68.6 | 68.1 | 68.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 124.9 |
| Merchant wholesalers.. | 12 | 148.7 | 152.2 | 153.1 | 156.6 | 154.8 |  | 156.2100.2 |  | 101.7 | 164.11049 | 165.1104.0 | 166.9107.1 | 167.0107.0 | 166.5107.4 | 167.5109.757.8 |
| Durable goods...... | 1314 | $\begin{gathered} 148.7 \\ 95.5 \\ 53.2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 152.2 \\ 97.3 \\ 54.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 33.1 \\ 98.4 \\ 54.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 150.6 \\ 100.2 \\ 56.4 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 98.5 \\ & 56.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 99.1 \\ 55.9 \end{array}$ |  | 98.7 <br> 56.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nondurable goods.. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 55.9 |  | 57.9 | 59.2 | 61.1 | 59.8 | 60.0 | 59.1 |  |
| Nonmerchant wholesalers... | (15 | 25.613.312.4 | 25.413.112.3 | 25.612.912.6 | 25.913.112.8 | $\begin{aligned} & 25.8 \\ & 13.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 26.2 \\ & 13.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 25.3 \\ & 13.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 25.2 \\ & 13.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 25.5 \\ & 13.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 25.8 \\ & 13.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 25.5 \\ & 13.7 \\ & 1.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 26.1 \\ & 14.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 26.5 \\ & 14.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 26.4 \\ & 14.6 \\ & 11.8 \end{aligned}$ | 26.614.512.1 |
| Durable goods... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nondurable goods. |  |  |  |  |  | 12.5 | 12.7 | 12.1 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 11.7 | 11.9 | 11.7 |  |  |
| Retail trade ... | 18 | 169.1 | 174.6 | 173.8 | 171.4 | 171.2 | 176.6 | 180.5 | 181.5 | 186.4 | 184.4 | 187.4 | 190.7 | 193.6 | 195.7 | 196.2101.2 |
| Durable goods. |  | 83.5 | 87.8 | 87.2 | 84.0 | 83.7 | 88.3 | 91.1 | 91.5 | 95.5 | 92.3 | 95.3 | 98.4 | 100.8 | 102.3 |  |
| Automotive. | 20 | 41.4 | 44.4 | 43.6 | 39.4 | 39.9 | 44.4 | 45.4 | 45.6 | 48.0 | 44.3 | 46.8 | 48.9 | 50.6 | 52.8 | 101.252.548.795.0 |
| Other. | 21 | 42.1 | 43.5 | 43.6 | 44.6 | 43.8 | 43.9 | 45.7 | 45.9 | 47.5 | 48.1 | 48.5 | 49.5 | 50.3 | 49.5 |  |
| Nondurable goods. | 22 | 85.5 | 86.8 | 86.6 | 87.4 | 87.6 | 88.4 | 89.4 | 90.0 | 90.9 | 92.0 | 92.1 | 92.3 | 92.8 | 93.4 |  |
| Other. | 23 | $\begin{array}{r} 94.1 \\ 261.2 \\ 161.9 \end{array}$ |  | 97.4 | 98.1 | 98.8 | 99.4 | 99.7 | 100.7 | 101.7 | 103.0 | 104.6 | 106.7 | 108.2 | 110.0 | 111.2 |
| Final sales ${ }^{2}$ | 24 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 70.0 \\ 263.1 \\ 162.7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 265.0 \\ & 163.9 \end{aligned}$ | $266.4$ | 269.7 | 270.3 | 274.1 | 278.3 | 279.0 | 283.5 | 287.7 | 288.5 | 291.9 | 294.3 |  |
| Final sales of goods and structures ${ }^{2}$......................................................... | 25 |  |  |  | $164.5$ | 166.8 | 165.5 | 167.6 | 171.1 | 171.2 | 173.9 | 177.2 | 177.0 | 179.5 | 181.4 | 182.0 |
| Ratio of inventories to final sales |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Inventories to final sales.... | 26 | 3.19 | 3.21 | 3.19 | 3.17 | 3.11 | 3.12 | 3.09 | 3.05 | 3.09 | 3.07 | 3.05 | 3.07 | 3.05 | 3.05 | 3.05 |
| Nonfarm inventories to final sales................................................................................... | 27 | 2.90 | 2.92 | 2.91 | 2.89 | 2.84 | 2.85 | 2.83 | 2.80 | 2.84 | 2.82 | 2.80 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.81 | 2.81 |
| Nonfarm inventories to final sales of goods and structures........................................... | 28 | 4.68 | 4.72 | 4.70 | 4.67 | 4.59 | 4.66 | 4.62 | 4.55 | 4.63 | 4.60 | 4.54 | 4.60 | 4.58 | 4.56 | 4.57 |

1. Inventories are as of the end of the quarter. Quarter-to-quarter changes calculated from this table are at quarterly rates, whereas the constant-doilar change in business inventories component of GNP is stated at annual
2. Quarterly totals at monthly rates. Business final sales equals final sales less gross product of households and institutions, govemment, and rest of the world, and includes a small amount of final sales by farnis.

Table 5.12.-Fixed Investment by Type
[Billions of dollars]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1985 | 1986 |  |  |  | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  | 1989 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Iv | 1 | II | III | IV | 1 | H | III | IV | 1 | II | III | iv | 1 | II |
| Fixed investment..... | 1 | 631.8 | 652.5 | 670.6 | 719.6 | 646.8 | 643.1 | 651.8 | 654.2 | 660.9 | 647.7 | 665.3 | 683.2 | 686.3 | 698.7 | 719.1 | 726.5 | 734.1 | 742.0 | 745.5 |
| Nonresidential. | 2 | 442.9 | 435.2 | 444.3 | 487.2 | 451.3 | 439.3 | 434.5 | 431.2 | 435.8 | 423.9 | 437.5 | 457.0 | 458.6 | 472.7 | 487.1 | 493.2 | 495.8 | 503.1 | 511.5 |
|  | 3 | 153.2 | 139.0 | 133.8 | 140.3 | 155.9 | 150.8 | 138.1 | 133.6 | 133.7 | 129.4 | 129.5 | 137.3 | 138.9 | 137.1 | 139.9 | 142.0 | 142.5 | 144.7 | 142.6 |
| Nonresidential buildings, exeluding farm...... | 5 | 96.2 | 91.9 | ${ }_{2} 92.6$ | ${ }_{9} 97.8$ | ${ }_{969}^{98.8}$ | 96.4 | 90.9 | 89.6 | 90.6 | 88.5 | 90.5 | 95.1 | ${ }^{96.4}$ | 95.6 | 98.9 | 98.7 | 97.9 | 101.3 | 99.3 |
|  | 6 | ${ }_{26.3}^{26.9}$ | 27.9 14.9 | 24.6 | ${ }_{12.0}^{26.1}$ | ${ }_{25.0}^{26.9}$ | 21.2 | 27.9 14.7 | 12.4 | 27.3 <br> 11.4 | 24.1 12.4 | 24.1 9.7 | ${ }_{12.1}^{24.8}$ | 25.5 | 24.5 | ${ }_{12.2}^{24.6}$ | ${ }_{12.3}^{26.8}$ | 28.6 11.0 | 28.8 9.7 | 28.3 9.6 |
| Other.................................................... | 7 | 3.9 | 4.7 | 5.1 | 4.5 | 5.1 | 5.5 | 4.5 | 4.4 | 4.4 | 4.5 | 5.2 | 5.3 | 5.3 | 4.7 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 4.9 | 4.8 | 5.4 |
| Producers' durable equipment. | 8 | 289.7 | 296.2 | 310.5 |  | 295.5 | 288.5 | 296.5 | 297.6 |  | 294.5 | 308.0 | 319.8 | 319.7 | 335.6 |  | 351.3 | 353.3 |  |  |
| Information processing and related equipment. |  | 94.8 | 96.7 | 104.2 | 114.7 | 95.7 | 93.9 | 95.0 | 96.3 | 101.7 | 99.1 | 102.4 | 108.4 | 106.9 | 110.8 | 116.0 | 116.9 | 115.1 | 117.8 | 123.0 |
| Industrial equipment... | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & 11 \\ & 12 \end{aligned}$ | 68.3 | 69.0 | 71.1 | 81.9 | 70.0 | 68.8 | 68.1 | 68.9 | 70.1 | 69.4 | 69.4 | 71.7 | 73.8 | 76.2 | 80.5 | 83.0 | 87.8 | 92.2 | 90.7 |
| Transportation and related equipment.... |  | ${ }_{6}^{63.8}$ | 67.0 | 67.6 | 76.3 | 66.2 | 62.7 | 68.9 | 70.3 | 66.2 | 62.3 | 69.7 | 70.0 | 68.3 | 74.5 | 76.7 | 77.4 | 76.7 | 72.2 | 76.7 |
| Other .............. |  | 62.9 | 63.5 | 67.6 | 73.9 | 63.5 | 63.2 | 64.4 | 62.1 | 64.1 | 63.7 | 66.4 | 69.7 | 70.7 | 74.1 | 74.0 | 74.0 | 73.7 | 76.3 | 78.5 |
| Residential. | 131415 | 188.8 | 217.3 | 226.4 | 232.4 | 195.5 | 203.9 | 217.3 | 223.0 | 225.1 | 223.8 | 227.9 | 226.2 | 227.7 | 226.1 | 232.1 | 233.2 | 238.4 | 238.8 | 234.0 |
| Single-family structures ................................. |  | 86.0 | 102.0 | 114.4 | 116.5 | 88.6 | 93.8 | 100.0 | 106.6 | 107.7 | 111.2 | 114.0 | 115.2 | 117.1 | 115.2 | 116.6 | 115.1 | 119.2 | 121.5 | 114.7 |
|  |  | 29.9 | 32.5 82.8 | ${ }_{85.4}^{26.6}$ | 23.3 92.6 | 77.4 | 31.2 <br> 78.8 | 33.7 83.6 | 32.6 83.8 | 32.4 85.0 | 28.9 83.7 | 26.7 87.2 | ${ }_{85.7}^{25.3}$ | 85.0 | 24.1 86.7 | ${ }^{22.7}$ | ${ }_{95.0}$ | ${ }_{95.8}$ | 93.2 | 25.2 94.1 |
|  | 3 <br> 4 <br> 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 5.13.-Fixed Investment by Type in Constant Dollars
[Billions of 1982 dollars]


## 6. Product, Income, and Employment by Industry

> Tables 6.1 and 6.2 are not available. See the box on NIPA table changes that appears on page 11 of the July 1989 Survey or Current Business.

Table 6.3B.-National Income Without Capital Consumption Adjustment by Industry
[Billions of dollars]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1985 | 1986 |  |  |  | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  | 1989 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | IV | I | II | III | IV | 1 | II | III | Iv | 1 | II | III | Iv | I | II |
| National income without capital consumption adjustment. | 1 | 3,196.6 | 3,374.7 | 3,638.3 | 3,952.8 | 3,270.8 | 3,320.2 | 3,354, | 3,383.0 | 3,441.0 | 3,520.8 | 3,588.9 | 3,669.3 | 3,774.2 | 3,831.0 | 3,911.7 | 3,985.2 | 4,083,4 | 4,178.4 |  |
| Domestic industries. | 2 | 155.9 | 3,340.3 | 3,607.8 | 3,919.5 | 3,228.8 | 3,279.8 | 3,322.5 | 3,347.4 | 3,411.6 | 3,488.9 | 3,559.9 | 3,639.7 | 3,742.7 | 3,794.5 | 3,881.7 | 3,953.0 | 4,048.9 | 4,143.9 |  |
| Private industries. | 3 | 2,687.0 | 2,844,1 | 3,078.5 | 3,352.6 | 2,749.5 | 2,794,2 | 2,830.2 | 2,848.5 | 2,903.7 | 2,971.1 | 3,034.4 | 3,107.0 | 3,201.3 | 3,239,4 | 3,318.9 | 3,382.0 | 3,470.1 | 3,549.6 |  |
| Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries Mining. | ${ }^{4}$ | 77.0 40.0 | 81.9 31.3 | 90.8 30.5 | 90.4. | 75.1 <br> 37.8 | 73.5 40.0 | 91.5 <br> 31.8 | 78.3 <br> 29.1 | 84.5 | 92.7 26.2 | 89.6 29.1 | 83.1 <br> 31.8 | 98.7 34.9 | 95.0 34.3 | ${ }_{34.5}^{96.5}$ | 88.0 <br> 34.8 <br> 18 | 88.5 | 109.5 <br> 35.0 |  |
| Construction.... | 6 | 169.1 | 185.0 | 197.2 | 211.2 | 174.4 | 178.7 | 182.9 | 187.1 | 191.4 | 193.1 | 196.6 | 197.6 | 201.4 | 204.0 | 210.4 | 213.2 | 217.4 | 220.5 |  |
| Manufacturing.... | 7 | 671.2 | 673.6 | 718.7 | 788.6 | 682.1 3 | 670.3 | 670.0 | 665.9 |  | 690.7 | 706.9 | 732.7 | 744.6 | 767.1 | 781.1 453 | 789.9 457 | 816.1 | 817.1 |  |
| Durable goods. Nondurable goods.... | ${ }_{9}^{8}$ | 395.8 275.4 | 406.6 | 422.9 295.8 | 455.0 333.6 | 399.0 283.0 | 405.2 265.1 | 404.8 265.1 | 403.8 262.2 | 412.7 <br> 275 | 420.8 269.9 | 418.6 288.3 | 427.8 304.9 | 424.6 320.0 | 439.6 327.5 | 453.6 327.5 | 457.4 <br> 332.6 | 469.2 346.9 | 469.9 347.2 |  |
| Transportation and public utilities. | 10 | 252.0 | 265.0 | 278.7 | 300.2 | 253.7 | 260.8 | 263.4 | 268.0 | 267.8 | 269.7 | 277.6 | 280.6 | 286.9 | 286.9 | 298.1 | 304.7 | 311.1 | 314.5 |  |
| Transportation | 11 | 105.9 | 12.2 | 120.0 | ${ }^{131.1}$ | 107.3 | 108.4 | 109.4 | 113.6 | 117.4 | 118.3 | 118.9 | 120.2 | 122.5 | 124.8 | 131.0 | 133.6 | 134.9 | 137.1 |  |
| Communication.......................... | 12 13 | 68.9 77.2 | 73.5 79.3 | 80.6 78.1 | 83.6 85.5 | 70.4 76.0 | 73.7 78.7 | 72.7 81.3 | 73.2 <br> 81.2 | 74.31 | 76.2 75.3 | 79.8 | 83.1 77.3 | 83.3 <br> 81.0 | 81.1 81.0 | 83.1 <br> 84.0 | 84.5 | 85.7 90.6 | 87.8 89.7 |  |
| Wholesale trade... | 14 | 195.4 | 202.8 | 214.9 | 234.5 | 194.3 | 198.0 | 199.3 | 206.0 | 207.6 | 210.0 | 209.5 | 218.0 | 222.2 | 227.4 | 229.2 | 236.5 | 244.9 | 244.7 |  |
| Retail trade.. | 15 | 279.6 | 296.8 | 313.3 | 335.6 | 284.2 | 294.4 | 292.5 | 300.5 | 299.6 | 305.7 | 309.8 | 317.6 | 320.0 | 326.4 | 333.1 | 338.5 | 344.2 | 346.6 |  |
|  | ${ }_{17}^{16}$ | 425.9 576.8 | 466.3 641.4 | 714.4 | 568.8 789.0 | 445.3 602.7 | 456.7 621.7 | 465.3 <br> 633.6 | 466.6 646.9 | 476.6 663.6 | 498.4 684.4 | 512.9 703.5 | 522.4 | 545.4 747.2 | 546.2 752.2 | 538.1 778.2 | 576.4 800.0 | 594.5 825.5 | 613.3 848.3 |  |
| Government and goverument enterprises......... | 18 | 468.9 | 496.2 | 529.3 | 566.9 | 479.3 | 485.6 | 492.3 | 498.9 | 507.9 | 517.7 | 525.5 | 532.6 | 541.4 | 555.1 | 562.8 | 571.0 | 578.8 | 594.3 |  |
| Rest of the world... | 19 | 40.7 | 34.4 | 30.5 | 33.3 | 42.0 | 40.3 | 32.3 | 35.7 | 29.4 | 31.9 | 28.9 | 29.6 | 31.5 | 36.5 | 30.0 | 32.3 | 34.5 | 34.5 | 35.5 |

Table 6.4B.-Compensation of Employees by Industry
[Millions of dollars]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Compensation of employees | 1 | 2,367,548 | 2,511,384 | 2,600,024 | 2,907,647 |
| Domestic industries |  | 2,367,529 | 2,511,356 | 2,689,984 | 2,907,664 |
| Private industries | 3 | 1,898,660 | 2,015,162 | 2,160,680 | 2,340,749 |
| Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries | 4 | 18,710 | 19,511 | 21,393 | 22,974 |
| Farms ........................................................... | 5 | 9,508 | 9,345 | 9,930 | 10,061 |
| Agricultural services, forestry, and fisheries ............. |  | 9,202 | 10,166 | 11,463 | 12,913 |
| Mining. | 7 | 34,722 | 30,273 | 28,477 | 29,808 |
| Metal mining | 8 | 1,832 | 1,684 | 1,818 | 2,219 |
| Coal mining. |  | 7,960 | 7,643 | 7,272 | 7,011 |
| Oil and gas extraction |  | 21,629 | 17,543 | 15,794 | 16,707 |
| Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels | 10 | 3,301 | 3,403 | 3,593 | 3,871 |
| Construction | 12 | 124,640 | 134,046 | 142,578 | 155,066 |
| Manufacturing | 13 | 563,178 | 579,190 | 599,050 | 640,051 |
| Durable goods. | 1415 | 360,486 | 367,992 | 376,664 | 402,662 |
| Lumber and wood products |  | 15,173 | 16,102 | 17,444 | 18,752 |
| Furniture and fixures. |  | 9,972 | 10,569 | 11,341 | 12,075 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products | 17 | 16,975 | 17,632 | 18,185 | 19,379 |
| Primary metal industries... | 18 | 29,155 | 28,082 | 28,352 | 31,135 |
| Fabricated metal products. | 1920 | 42,381 | 42,624 | 42,807 | 45,496 |
| Machinery, except electrical |  | 70,647 | 69,488 | 70,921 | 76,518 |
| Electric and electronic equipmen | 20 21 | 66,146 | 67,302 | 68,562 | 72,197 |
| Motor vehicles and equipment. | 22 | 38,320 | 38,899 | 38,193 | 40,501 |
| Other transportation equipment | 23 | 41,556 | 45,630 | 48,318 | 50,207 |
| Instruments and related products | 2425 | 21,944 | 23,130 | 23,474 | 26,438 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing industris |  | 8,217 | 8,534 | 9,067 | 9,964 |
| Nondurable goods. | 26 | 202,692 | 211,198 | 222,386 | 237,389 |
| Food and kindred products | 27 | 40,971 | 42,876 | 44,695 | 46,978 |
| Tobacco manufactures. | 2829 | 2,360 | 2,366 | 2,481 | 2,645 |
| Textile mill products. |  | 13,242 | 14,197 | 15,350 | 15,862 |
| Apparel and other textile prod | 29 30 | 16,682 | 17,089 | 17,641 | 18,471 |
| Paper and allied products. | 31 | 21,986 | 23,043 | 24,151 | 25,515 |
| Printing and publishing... | 32 | 35,907 | 38,393 | 41,350 | 45,443 |
| Chemicals and allied product | 3334 | 39,110 | 40,369 | 42,293 | 46,477 |
| Petroleum and coal products |  | 9,622 | 9,339 | 9,225 | 9,540 |
| Rubber and miscellaneous plas | 35 | 20,046 | 20,949 | 22,564 | 23,694 |
| Leather and leather products | 36 | 2,766 | 2,577 | 2,636 | 2,764 |
| Transportation and public utilities | 37 | 172,747 | 179,268 | 189,372 | 199,922 |
| Transportation.. | 3839 | 89,039 | 92,52315,429 | 98,764 | 105,966 |
| Railroad transportation. |  | 16,003 |  | 15,217 | 14,9796,137 |
| Local and interurban passenger transit | 40 | 4,893 | 5,237 | 5,585 |  |
| Trucking and warehousing. |  | 35,787 | 37,450 | 40,775 | 44,528 |
| Water transportation. | 42 | 5,84919,375 | 5,722 | 5,720 | 5,836 |
| Transportation by air. | 434445 |  | 21,134 | 23,265 | 25,364 |
| Pipelines, except natural |  | 796 | 790 | 808 | 865 |
| Transportation services |  | 6,336 | 6,761 | 7,394 | 8,257 |
| Communication. | 4647 | $\begin{aligned} & 48,656 \\ & 41,795 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 49,672 \\ & 42,430 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 51,692 \\ & 44,268 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 53,110 \\ & 45,322 \end{aligned}$ |
| Telephone and telegraph |  |  |  |  |  |
| Radio and television broadcasting | 48 | 6,861 | 7,242 | 7,424 | 7,78840,846 |
| Electric, gas, and sanitary services | 49 | 35,052 | 37,073 | 38,916 |  |
| Wholesale trade | 50 | 158,577 | 167,056 | 178,322 | 196,325 |
| Retail trade. | 52 | 225,689 | 242,066 | 258,617 | 278,104 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate ....................... |  | 162,480 | 185,182 | 205,736 | 223,446 |
|  | 53  <br> .. 54 | 17,735 <br> 17,630 | $\begin{aligned} & 45,047 \\ & 21,066 \end{aligned}$ | 47,553 | 51,204 |
| Credit agencies other than banks $\qquad$ Security and commodity brokers, and services $\qquad$ |  |  |  | 23,680 | 24,490 |
|  | 55 | 20,08236,502 | 25,87640,879 | 31,257 | 32,530 |
| Insurance carriers ........................................... |  |  |  | 44,725 | 48,611 |
|  | 56 | 14,382 | 16,316 | 18,494 | 20,83934,460 |
| Real estate $\qquad$ Holding and other investment companies. | … ... 57 58 | $\begin{array}{r}125,213 \\ 6,936 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 27,996 \\ 8,002 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 30,785 \\ 9,242 \end{array}$ |  |
|  | 59 |  |  |  | 11,312 |
| Services ............................................................ | 60 | 437,917 | 478,570 | 537,135 | 595,053 |
| Hotels and other lodging places. Personal services |  | 19,293 | 20,94915,042 | 23,07916,272 | 25,584 |
|  | 62 |  |  |  | 17,829 |
| Business services... | 63 | 90,393 | 101,621 | 115,254 | 129,704 |
| Auto repair, services, and garages | 64 | 13,761 | 14,918 | 16,234 | 17,719 |
| Miscellaneous repair services. | 65 | 7,235 | 7,479 | 7,836 | 8,948 |
| Motion pictures .................... | 66 | 5,545 | 5,871 | 6.753 | 7,290 |
| Amusement and recreation services. | 67 | 12,570 | 13,602 | 15,001 | 16,648 |
| Health services | 68 | 140,725 | 152,495 | 173,535 | 190,319 |
| Legal services. | 69 | 24,331 | 28,082 | 33,975 | 38,620 |
| Educational services... | 70 | 23,964 | 26,077 | 28,342 | 31,307 |
| Social services and membership organizations | 71 | 37,085 | 40,224 | 43,769 | 48,589 |
| Social services. | 72 | 15,028 | 16,836 | 18,816 | 21,317 |
| Membership organizations ... | 73 | 22,057 | 23,388 | 24,953 | 27,272 |
| Miscellaneous professional services.. | 74 | 39,906 | 43,131 | 47,889 | 53,132 |
| Private households... | 75 | 9,033 | 9,079 | 9,196 | 9,364 |
| Government and government enterprises. | 76 | 468,869 | 496,194 | 529,304 | 566,915 |
| Federal ........ | 77 | 168,999 | 172,845 | 182,665 | 194,170 |
| Goverrment | 78 | 140,223 | 143,539 | 150,869 | 159,313 |
| Civilian. | 79 | 71,514 | 72,068 | 76,246 | 81,906 |
| Military ${ }^{1}$ | 80 | 68,709 | 71,471 | 74,623 | 77,407 |
| Government enterprises. | 81 | 28,776 | 29,306 | 31,796 | 34,857 |
| State and local. | 82 | 299,870 | 323,349 | 346,639 | 372,745 |
| Government. | 83 | 278,752 | 300,260 | 322,081 | 346,466 |
| Education | 84 | 148,774 | 159,035 | 169,526 | 182,437 |
| Other. | 85 | 129,978 | 141,225 | 152,555 | 164,029 |
| Government enterprises. | 86 | 21,118 | 23,089 | 24,558 | 26,279 |
| Rest of the world. | 87 | 19 | 29 | 43 | -16 |
| Addenda: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Households and institutions. | 88 | 142,327 | 153,547 | 169,334 | 188,015 |
| Nonfarm business.... | 89 | 1,796,719 | 1,904,665 | 2,037,770 | 2,203,809 |

1. Includes Coast Guard.

Table 6.5B.-Wages and Salaries by Industry
[Millions of dollars]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wages and salaries. | 1 | 1,975,190 | 2,094,798 | 2,249,359 | 2,429,034 |
| Domestic industries | 2 | 1,975,171 | 2,094,769 | 2,249,316 | 2,429,050 |
| Private industries. | 3 | 1,603,357 | 1,701,064 | 1,830,084 | 1,982,556 |
| Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries. | 4 | 16,164 | 16,921 | 18,516 | 19,934 |
| Farms | 5 | 7,965 | 7,880 | 8,295 | 8,443 |
| Agricultural services, forestry, and fisheries | 6 | 8,199 | 9,041 | 10,221 | 11,491 |
| Mining. | 7 | 28,992 | 25,190 | 23,576 | 24,616 |
| Metal mining | 8 | 1,458 | 1,331 | 1,428 | 1,752 |
| Coal mining | 9 | 6,234 | 5,979 | 5,664 | 5,446 |
| Oil and gas extractio | 10 | 18,550 | 15,042 | 13,477 | 14,182 |
| Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels | 11 | 2,750 | 2,838 | 3,007 | 3,236 |
| Construction. | 12 | 102,890 | 110,230 | 117,520 | 127,778 |
| Manufacturing | 13 | 460,857 | 473,218 | 490,302 | 523,978 |
| Durable goods | 14 | 294,119 | 299,771 | 307,254 | 328,553 |
| Lumber and wood products | 15 | 12,460 | 13,151 | 14,277 | 15,309 |
| Furniture and fixtures. | 16 | 8,314 | 8,802 | 9,487 | 10,080 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products | 17 | 13,784 | 14,283 | 14,740 | 15,672 |
| Primary metal industries. | 18 | 22,544 | 21,599 | 21,779 | 23,969 |
| Fabricated metal products. | 19 | 34,413 | 34,495 | 34,673 | 36,820 |
| Machinery, except electrical. | 20 | 58,422 | 57,425 | 58,808 | 63,466 |
| Electric and electronic equipment | 21 | 55,571 | 56,569 | 57,734 | 60,762 |
| Motor vehicles and equipment | 22 | 29,687 | 29,930 | 29,340 | 31,266 |
| Other ransportation equipment | 23 | 33,541 | 36,823 | 38,927 | 40,421 |
| Instruments and related products | 24 | 18,460 | 19,505 | 19,840 | 22,381 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing industri | 25 | 6,923 | 7,189 | 7,649 | 8,407 |
| Nondurable goods. | 26 | 166,738 | 173,447 | 183,048 | 195,425 |
| Food and kindred products | 27 | 33,357 | 34,785 | 36,262 | 38,036 |
| Tobacco manufactures. | 28 | 1,756 | 1,761 | 1,886 | 2,019 |
| Textile mill products... | 29 | 11,213 | 12,099 | 13,035 | 13,453 |
| Apparel and other textile products. | 30 | 14,162 | 14,476 | 14,966 | 15,666 |
| Paper and allied products. | 31 | 18,280 | 19,127 | 20,029 | 21,133 |
| Printing and publishing. | 32 | 30,679 | 32,765 | 35,378 | 38,897 |
| Chemicals and allied produc | 33 | 32,105 | 33,093 | 34,798 | 38,304 |
| Petroleum and coal products | 34 | 6,525 | 6,247 | 6,156 | 6,388 |
| Rubber and miscellaneous plastic | 35 | 16,350 | 17,040 | 18,345 | 19,230 |
| Leather and leather products... | 36 | 2,311 | 2,144 | 2,193 | 2,299 |
| Transportation and public utilities | 37 | 139,275 | 144,153 | 152,491 | 160,421 |
| Transportation. | 38 | 72,930 | 75,406 | 80,449 | 85,816 |
| Railroad transportation. | 39 | 12,567 | 11,980 | 11,768 | 11,292 |
| Local and interurban passenger transit | 40 | 4,238 | 4,494 | 4,794 | 5,248 |
| Trucking and warehousing... | 41 | 29,535 | 30,825 | 33,617 | 36,561 |
| Water transportation. | 42 | 5,033 | 4,913 | 4,902 | 4,995 |
| Transportation by air | 43 | 15,581 | 16,876 | 18,499 | 20,076 |
| Pipelines, except natural | 44 | 702 | 697 | 714 | 764 |
| Transportation services.. | 45 | 5,274 | 5,621 | 6,155 | 6,880 |
| Communication. | 46 | 38,191 | 38,995 | 40,735 | 41,791 |
| Telephone and telegraph | 47 | 32,232 | 32,705 | 34,277 | 35,016 |
| Radio and television broadcasting. | 48 | 5,959 | 6,290 | 6,458 | 6,775 |
| Electric, gas, and sanitary services | 49 | 28,154 | 29,752 | 31,307 | 32,814 |
| Wholesale trade | 50 | 137,471 | 144,578 | 154,760 | 170,477 |
| Retail trade. | 51 | 196,471 | 210,098 | 224,663 | 240,973 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | 52 | 137,598 | 157,348 | 175,887 | 191,221 |
| Banking.. | 53 | 33,551 | 36,249 | 38,525 | 41,651 |
| Credit agencies other than banks | 54 | 15,196 | 18,276 | 20,609 | 21,289 |
| Security and commodity brokers, and services.. | 55 | 18,196 | 23,543 | 28,543 | 29,676 |
| Insurance carriers ... | 56 | 30,538 | 34,305 | 37,716 | 41,048 |
| Insurance agents and brokers, and service | 57 | 12,443 | 14,094 | 16,054 | 18,122 |
| Real estate | 58 | 22,064 | 24,401 | 26,925 | 30,148 |
| Holding and other investment companies | 59 | 5,610 | 6,480 | 7,515 | 9,287 |
| Services. | 60 | 383,639 | 419,328 | 472,369 | 523,158 |
| Hotels and other lodging places... | 61 | 16,814 | 18,169 | 20,020 | 22,154 |
| Personal services. | 62 | 12,652 | 13,510 | 14,649 | 16,039 |
| Business services.. | 63 | 79,073 | 88,940 | 101,172 | 113,739 |
| Auto repair, services, and garages | 64 | 12,158 | 13,166 | 14,370 | 15,663 |
| Miscellaneous repair services.. | 65 | 6,265 | 6,465 | 6,788 | 7,737 |
| Motion pictures ..... | 66 | 4,862 | 5,140 | 5,979 | 6,445 |
| Amusement and recreation services. | 67 | 10,977 | 11,844 | 13,082 | 14,532 |
| Health services.. | 68 | 120,525 | 130,854 | 149,812 | 164,397 |
| Legal services... | 69 | 21,550 | 24,907 | 30,362 | 34,542 |
| Educational services.. | 70 | 20,804 | 22,681 | 24,689 | 27,297 |
| Social services and membership organ | 71 | 33,520 | 36,307 | 39,604 | 43,896 |
| Social services. | 72 | 13,541 | 15,192 | 16,996 | 19,225 |
| Membership organizations. | 73 | 19,979 | 21,115 | 22,608 | 24,671 |
| Miscellaneous professional services... | 74 | 35,584 | 38,443 | 42,828 | 47,545 |
| Private households.......................... | 75 | 8,855 | 8,902 | 9,014 | 9,172 |
| Government and government enterprises... | 76 | 371,814 | 393,705 | 419,232 | 446,494 |
| Federal.. | 77 | 129,098 | 131,893 | 138,366 | 144,955 |
| Government. | 78 | 105,685 | 108,038 | 112,971 | 117,656 |
| Civilian.. | 79 | 57,754 | 57,997 | 60,745 | 64,385 |
| Military ${ }^{\text {. }}$ | 80 | 47,931 | 50,041 | 52,226 | 53,271 |
| Goverument enterprises. | 81 | 23,413 | 23,855 | 25,395 | 27,299 |
| State and local. | 82 | 242,716 | 261,812 | 280,866 | 301,539 |
| Government. | 83 | 225,223 | 242,760 | 260,606 | 279,875 |
| Education. | 84 | 118,678 | 127,212 | 135,592 | 145,680 |
| Other ... | 85 | 106,545 | 115,548 | 125,014 | 134,195 |
| Govermment enterprises.... | 86 | 17,493 | 19,052 | 20,260 | 21,664 |
| Rest of the world.. | 87 | 19 | 29 | 43 | -16 |

1. Includes Coast Guard.

Table 6.6B.-Full-Time and Part-Time Employees by Industry
[Thousands!

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full-time and part-time employecs.. | 1 | 105,994 | 107,930 | 110,817 | 114,014 |
| Domestic industries | 2 | 106,016 | 107,960 | 110,859 | 114,066 |
| Private industries. | 3 | 85,739 | 87,376 | 89,891 | 92,802 |
| Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries. | 4 | 1,708 | 1,720 | 1,790 | 1,872 |
| Farms. | 5 | 1,016 | 990 | 1,003 | 1,019 |
| Agricultural services, forestry, and fisheries | 6 | 692 | 730 | 787 | 853 |
| Mining. | 7 | 925 | 774 | 716 | 718 |
| Metal mining | 8 | 45 | 41 | 44 | 50 |
| Coal mining | 9 | 191 | 177 | 162 | 151 |
| Oil and gas extraction, | 10 | 578 | 446 | 398 | 402 |
| Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels | 11 | 111 | 110 | 112 | 115 |
| Construction | 12 | 4,814 | 4,966 | 5,080 | 5,234 |
| Manufacturing | 13 | 19,370 | 19,066 | 19,123 | 19,496 |
| Durable goods. | 14 | 11,557 | 11,276 | 11,233 | 11,482 |
| Lumber and wood products. | 15 | 709 | 722 | 754 | 776 |
| Furniture and fixtures.. | 16 | 496 | 501 | 517 | 529 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products. | 17 | 591 | 588 | 588 | 604 |
| Primary metal industries.. | 18 | 808 | 751 | 741 | 772 |
| Fabricated metal products... | 19 | 1,477 | 1,431 | 1,407 | 1,432 |
| Machinery, except electrical. | 20 | 2,194 | 2,053 | 2,025 | 2,085 |
| Electric and electronic equipment | 21 | 2,200 | 2,124 | 2,083 | 2,089 |
| Motor vehicles and equipment. | 22 | 879 | 872 | 853 | 849 |
| Other transportation equipment. | 23 | 1,102 | 1,150 | 1,188 | 1,204 |
| Instruments and related products. | 24 | 718 | 703 | 689 | 737 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing industries | 25 | 383 | 381 | 388 | 405 |
| Nondurable goods.. | 26 | 7,813 | 7,790 | 7,890 | 8,014 |
| Food and kindred products. | 27 | 1,608 | 1,616 | 1,627 | 1,639 |
| Tobacco manufactures. | 28 | 61 | 58 | 55 | 55 |
| Textile mill products... | 29 | 703 | 710 | 730 | 733 |
| Apparel and other textile products. | 30 | 1,129 | 1,107 | 1,104 | 1,101 |
| Paper and allied products. | 31 | 679 | 676 | 683 | 693 |
| Printing and publishing. | 32 | 1,451 | 1,485 | 1,532 | 1,589 |
| Chemicals and allied products. | 33 | 1,047 | 1,026 | 1,025 | 1,063 |
| Petroleum and coal products. | 34 | 176 | 167 | 162 | 160 |
| Rubber and miscellaneous plastic products | 35 | 789 | 792 | 825 | 83 |
| Leather and leather products. | 36 | 170 | 153 | 147 | 147 |
| Transportation and public utilities. | 37 | 5,278 | 5,290 | 5,424 | 5.562 |
| Transportation... | 38 | 3,048 | 3,090 | 3,221 | 3,357 |
| Railroad transportation. | 39 | 355 | 326 | 304 | 290 |
| Local and interurban passenger transit | 40 | 289 | 297 | 309 | 325 |
| Trucking and warehousing.... | 41 | 1,398 | 1,426 | 1,505 | 1,588 |
| Water transportation. | 42 | 187 | 178 | 179 | 175 |
| Transportation by air. | 43 | 519 | 556 | 603 | 642 |
| Pipelines, except natural g | 44 | 19 | 18 | 18 | 18 |
| Transportation services ......... | 45 | 281 | 289 | 303 | 319 |
| Communication. | 46 | 1,324 | 1,288 | 1,285 | 1,278 |
| Telephone and telegraph. | 47 | 1,086 | 1,050 | 1,049 | 1,042 |
| Radio and television broadcasting. | 48 | 238 | 238 | 236 | 236 |
| Electric, gas, and sanitary services | 49 | 906 | 912 | 918 | 927 |
| Wholesale trade... | 50 | 5,782 | 5,825 | 5,942 | 6,108 |
| Retail trade. | 51 | 17,799 | 18,354 | 18,972 | 19,580 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | 52 | 6,170 | 6,497 | 6,778 | 6,914 |
| Banking. | 53 | 1,707 | 1,735 | 1,742 | 1,734 |
| Credit agencies other than banks. | 54 | 759 | 840 | 901 | 907 |
| Security and commodity brokers, and services. | 55 | 368 | 408 | 463 | 462 |
| Insurance carriers ... | 56 | 1,327 | 1,400 | 1,451 | 1,484 |
| Insurance agents and brokers, and services. | 57 | 571 | 598 | 629 | 663 |
| Real estate | 58 | 1,266 | 1,328 | 1,383 | 1,443 |
| Holding and other investment companies... | 59 | 172 | 188 | 209 | 221 |
| Services | 60 | 23,893 | 24,884 | 26,066 | 27,318 |
| Hotels and other lodging places.. | 61 | 1,402 | 1,451 | 1,521 | 1,601 |
| Personal services ... | 62 | 1,142 | 1,179 | 1,230 | 1,283 |
| Business services... | 63 | 4,527 | 4,889 | 5,322 | 5,694 |
| Auto repair, services, and garages. | 64 | 796 | 830 | 869 | 907 |
| Miscellaneous repair services... | 65 | 340 | 338 | 338 | 370 |
| Motion pictures... | 66 | 227 | 233 | 237 | 246 |
| Amusement and recreation services.. | 67 | 862 | 892 | 920 | 940 |
| Health services.. | 68 | 6,430 | 6,674 | 6,964 | 7,276 |
| Legal services... | 69 | 771 | 831 | 897 | 949 |
| Educational services... | 70 | 1,565 | 1,595 | 1,631 | 1,719 |
| Social services and membership organizations. | 71 | 2,879 | 2,973 | 3,084 | 3,261 |
| Social services. | 72 | 1,332 | 1,418 | 1,506 | 1,617 |
| Membership organizations ...... | 73 | 1,547 | 1,555 | 1,578 | 1,644 |
| Miscellaneous professional services.. | 74 | 1,356 | 1,413 | 1,488 | 1,562 |
| Private households. | 75 | 1,596 | 1,586 | 1,565 | 1,510 |
| Government and government enterprises.... | 76 | 20,277 | 20,584 | 20,968 | 21,264 |
| Federal | 77 | 6,339 | 6,413 | 6,501 | 6,503 |
| Government | 78 | 5,398 | 5,422 | 5,482 | 5,462 |
| Civilian.. | 79 | 2,174 | 2,155 | 2,177 | 2,188 |
| Military ${ }^{\text {. }}$. | 80 | 3,224 | 3,267 | 3,305 | 3,274 |
| Govermment enterprises.. | 81 | 941 | 991 | 1,019 | 1,041 |
| State and local. | 82 | 13,938 | 14,171 | 14,467 | 14,761 |
| Govermment. | 83 | 13,112 | 13,320 | 13,609 | 13,892 |
| Education.. | 84 | 7,199 | 7,307 | 7,452 | 7,646 |
| Other. | 85 | 5,913 | 6,013 | 6,157 | 6,246 |
| Government enterprises...... | 86 | 826 | 851 | 858 | 869 |
| Rest of the world... | 87 | -22 | -30 | -42 | -52 |

1. Includes Coast Guard.

Table 6.7B.-Full-Time Equivalent Employees by Industry
[Thousands]


[^4] the number of employees on part-ime schedules by the ratio of average weekly hours per employee on part2. Includes Coast Guard.

Table 6.8B.-Wages and Salaries Per Full-Time Equivalent Employee by

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wages and salaries per full-time equivalent employee. | 1 | 21,084 | 21,951 | 22,923 | 24,063 |
| Domestic industries | 2 | 21,079 | 21,943 | 22,913 | 24,051 |
| Private industries. | 3 | 20,863 | 21,725 | 22,679 | 23,816 |
| Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries. | 4 | 11,086 | 11,464 | 11,877 | 12,111 |
| Farms | 5 | 9,155 | 9,292 | 9,657 | 9,671 |
| Agricultural services, forestry, and fisheries | 6 | 13,944 | 14,396 | 14,601 | 14,865 |
| Mining. | 7 | 32,035 | 33,320 | 33,922 | 34,916 |
| Metal mining | 8 | 32,400 | 32,463 | 33,209 | 35,040 |
| Coal mining. | 9 | 33,516 | 34,762 | 36,076 | 36,797 |
| Oil and gas extraction | 10 | 32,774 | 34,500 | 34,824 | 35,904 |
| Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels | 11 | 25,463 | 26,523 | 27,843 | 28,893 |
| Construction. | 12 | 22,768 | 23,589 | 24,586 | 25,866 |
| Manufacturing | 13 | 24,549 | 25,590 | 26,356 | 27,637 |
| Durable goods. | 14 | 25,998 | 27,138 | 27,874 | 29,171 |
| Lumber and wood products. | 15 | 18,405 | 19,143 | 19,611 | 20,521 |
| Furniture and fixtures.. | 16 | 17,466 | 18,111 | 18,898 | 19,688 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products | 17 | 23,931 | 24,927 | 25,635 | 26,563 |
| Primary metal industries.. | 18 | 28,357 | 29,227 | 29,753 | 31,414 |
| Fabricated metal products. | 19 | 23,915 | 24,675 | 25,180 | 26,262 |
| Machinery, except electrical. | 20 | 27,135 | 28,499 | 29,522 | 31,004 |
| Electric and electronic equipment | 21 | 25,680 | 27,015 | 28,122 | 29,496 |
| Motor vehicles and equipment.. | 22 | 34,084 | 34,641 | 34,804 | 37,177 |
| Other transportation equipment. | 23 | 30,659 | 32,244 | 33,045 | 33,853 |
| Instruments and related products | 24 | 26,073 | 28,268 | 29,349 | 30,956 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing industries | 25 | 19,231 | 20,081 | 20,842 | 21,836 |
| Nondurable goods... | 26 | 22,351 | 23,294 | 24,149 | 25,393 |
| Food and kindred products. | 27 | 21,845 | 22,602 | 23,290 | 24,181 |
| Tobacco manufactures. | 28 | 28,787 | 30,895 | 34,926 | 37,389 |
| Textile mill products. | 29 | 16,538 | 17,455 | 18,333 | 18,842 |
| Apparel and other texile products. | 30 | 13,298 | 13,787 | 14,119 | 14,849 |
| Paper and allied products. | 31 | 27,406 | 28,806 | 29,717 | 30,987 |
| Printing and publishing.. | 32 | 23,224 | 24,234 | 25,234 | 26,770 |
| Chemicals and allied products. | 33 | 31,109 | 32,798 | 34,522 | 36,550 |
| Petroleum and coal products | 34 | 37,500 | 37,861 | 38,475 | 40,430 |
| Rubber and miscellaneous plastic products | 35 | 21,179 | 21,931 | 22,592 | 23,537 |
| Leather and leather products.............. | 36 | 14,178 | 14,786 | 15,444 | 16,190 |
| Transportation and public utilities.. | 37 | 27,922 | 28,727 | 29,714 | 30,453 |
| Transportation. | 38 | 25,305 | 25,710 | 26,377 | 26,986 |
| Railtoad transportation. | 39 | 36,746 | 38,153 | 40,301 | 40,473 |
| Local and interurban passenger transit | 40 | 15,813 | 16,283 | 16,704 | 17,377 |
| Trucking and warehousing... | 41 | 22,291 | 22,699 | 23,508 | 24,229 |
| Water transportation....... | 42 | 28,435 | 28,900 | 28,835 | 30,090 |
| Transportation by air. | 43 | 31,798 | 32,023 | 32,454 | 33,020 |
| Pipelines, except natural gas | 44 | 36,947 | 38,722 | 39,667 | 42,444 |
| Transportation services..... | 45 | 20,207 | 20,819 | 21,749 | 23,087 |
| Communication. | 46 | 31,381 | 32,769 | 34,463 | 35,506 |
| Telephone and telegraph. | 47 | 32,264 | 33,682 | 35,520 | 36,475 |
| Radio and television broadcasting. | 48 | 27,335 | 28,721 | 29,760 | 31,221 |
| Electric, gas, and sanitary services. | 49 | 31,669 | 33,242 | 34,786 | 36,059 |
| Wholesale trade. | 50 | 25,013 | 26,111 | 27,275 | 29,282 |
| Retail trade. | 51 | 13,602 | 14,130 | 14,586 | 15,141 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | 52 | 23,724 | 25,757 | 27,612 | 29,487 |
| Banking....... | 53 | 20,672 | 21,969 | 23,278 | 25,320 |
| Credit agencies other than banks... | 54 | 20,931 | 22,731 | 23,908 | 24,583 |
| Security and commodity brokers, and services. | 55 | 51,693 | 60,367 | 64,431 | 67,293 |
| Insurance carriers | 56 | 23,933 | 25,468 | 27,037 | 28,826 |
| Insurance agents and brokers, and services.. | 57 | 23,000 | 24,901 | 26,982 | 28,949 |
| Real estate .... | 58 | 19,753 | 20,820 | 22,070 | 23,701 |
| Holding and other investment companies. | 59 | 34,000 | 36,000 | 37,575 | 44,014 |
| Services. | 60 | 18,743 | 19,621 | 21,013 | 22,258 |
| Hotels and other lodging places... | 61 | 13,850 | 14,500 | 15,167 | 15,915 |
| Personal services. | 62 | 13,043 | 13,564 | 13,938 | 14,541 |
| Business services.. | 63 | 19,573 | 20,343 | 21,206 | 22,098 |
| Auto repair, services, and garages. | 64 | 16,254 | 16,901 | 17,589 | 18,341 |
| Miscellaneous repair services... | 65 | 20,080 | 20,855 | 21,826 | 22,689 |
| Motion pictures. | 66 | 27,469 | 28,398 | 32,319 | 33,568 |
| Amusement and recreation services. | 67 | 15,909 | 16,752 | 17,872 | 19,532 |
| Heath services ...... | 68 | 20,744 | 21,690 | 23,799 | 25,587 |
| Legal services.... | 69 | 30,438 | 32,644 | 36,581 | 39,477 |
| Educational services | 70 | 15,185 | 16,236 | 17,265 | 18,419 |
| Social services and membership organizations | 71 | 13,800 | 14,379 | 15,093 | 15,790 |
| Social services................................... | 72 | 11,734 | 12,291 | 12,935 | 13,606 |
| Membership organizations ... | 73 | 15,670 | 16,381 | 17,258 | 18,048 |
| Miscellaneous professional services.. | 74 | 28.536 | 29,526 | 31,170 | 32.926 |
| Private households......................... | 75 | 11,760 | 11,822 | 12,181 | 12,651 |
| Government and government enterprises... | 76 | 22,062 | 22,942 | 23,993 | 25,152 |
| Federal | 77 | 24,367 | 24,904 | 25,795 | 26,844 |
| Government. | 78 | 23,814 | 24,333 | 25,205 | 26,192 |
| Civilian.. | 79 | 27,607 | 27,883 | 28,775 | 29,794 |
| Military '. | 80 | 20,431 | 21,204 | 22,027 | 22,853 |
| Government enterprises... | 81 | 27,224 | 27,868 | 28,793 | 30,065 |
| State and local............ | 82 | 21,005 | 22,066 | 23,195 | 24,412 |
| Govermment. | 83 | 20,924 | 21,983 | 23,103 | 24,312 |
| Education. | 84 | 21,046 | 21,998 | 23,013 | 24,103 |
| Other ... | 85 | 20,789 | 21,967 | 23,202 | 24,542 |
| Govemment enterprises... | 86 | 22,115 | 23,178 | 24,439 | 25,790 |
| Rest of the world.......................................... | 87 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

1. Includes Coast Guard.

Table 6.9B.-Self-Employed Persons by Industry

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Self-employed persons ' ............... | 1 | 9,327 | 9,369 | 9,665 | 9,956 |
| Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries.. | 2 | 1,495 | 1,488 | 1,477 | 1,438 |
| Farms ................................... | 3 | 1,214 | 1,185 | 1,142 | 1,118 |
| Agricultural services, forestry, and fisheries ... | 4 | 281 | 303 | 335 | 320 |
| Mining... | 5 | 20 | 26 | 27 | 29 |
| Construction... | 6 | 1,312 | 1,370 | 1,386 | 1,429 |
| Manufacturing... | 7 | 351 | 384 | 368 | 407 |
| Durable goods... | 8 | 214 | 223 | 213 | 228 |
| Nondurable goods................................................................. | 9 | 137 | 161 | 155 | 179 |
| Transportation and public utilities..... | 10 | 318 | 319 | 336 | 345 |
| Wholesalc trade. | 11 | 308 | 297 | 315 | 337 |
| Retail rade ........... | 12 | 1,499 | 1,512 | 1,549 | 1,508 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate..... | 13 | 563 | 557 | 598 | 625 |
| Services... | 14 | 3,461 | 3,416 | 3,609 | 3,838 |
| 1. Consists of active proprietors or partners who devote a unincorporated businesses. | jority | of their | working | hours | their |

Table 6.10B.-Persons Engaged in Production by Industry
[Thousands)


1. Equals the number of full-time equivalent employees (table 6.7) plus the number of self-employed persons (table 6.9). Unpaid family workers are not included.
2 Includes Coast Guard.

Table 6.11.—Hours Worked by Full-Time and Part-Time Employees by Industry
[Millions of hours]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hours worked by full-time and part-time employes..... | 1 | 177,410 | 178,958 | 184,204 | 189,359 |
| Domestic industries.. | 2 | 177,456 | 179,020 | 184,291 | 189,467 |
| Private industries. | 3 | 146,733 | 147,721 | 152,508 | 157,347 |
| Agriculure, forestry, and fisheries | 4 | 3,101 | 3,103 | 3,201 | 3,377 |
| Farms ................. | 5 | 2,028 | 1,981 | 1,991 | 2,058 |
| Agriculural services, forestry, and fisheries .... | 6 | 1,073 | 1,122 | 1,210 | 1,319 |
| Mining. | 7 | 1,933 | 1,569 | 1,465 | 1,462 |
| Construction. | 8 | 9,277 | 9,368 | 9,546 | 9,861 |
| Manufacturing. |  | 37,214 | 36,540 | 36,803 | 37,509 |
| Durable goods. | 10 | 22,419 | 21,738 | 21,632 | 22,202 |
| Nondurable goods......... | 11 | 14,795 | 14,802 | 15,171 | 15,307 |
| Transportation and public utilities... | 12 | 9,791 | 9,780 | 10,079 | 10,382 |
| Transportation......................... | 13 | 5,641 | 5,677 | 5,993 | 6,299 |
| Communication. | 14 | 2,409 | 2,378 | 2,351 | 2,326 |
| Electric, gas, and sanitary services .. | 15 | 1,741 | 1,725 | 1,735 | 1,757 |
| Wholesale trade. | 16 | 10,749 | 10,685 | 10,925 | 11,230 |
| Retail trade. | 17 | 26,232 | 26,085 | 27,424 | 28,206 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate.. | 18 | 10,803 | 11,228 | 11,745 | 11,882 |
| Services. | 19 | 37,633 | 39,363 | 41,320 | 43,438 |
| Government and government enterprises. | 20 | 30,723 | 31,299 | 31,783 | 32,120 |
| Govermment ${ }_{\text {Goversi..... }}$ | 21 | 27,508 3,215 | 27,938 3,361 | 28,363 3,420 | 28,644 <br> 3,476 |
| Rest of the world........................................................... | 23 | -46 | -62 | -87 | -108 |

Table 6.12.-Employer Contributions for Social Insurance by Industry

| [Millions of dollars] |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 |
| Emptoyer contributions for social insurance ........... | 1 | 204,806 | 217,326 | 227,846 | 249,676 |
| Domestic industries. | 2 | 204,806 | 217,326 | 227,846 | 249,676 |
| Private industries.. | 3 | 128,567 | 136,162 | 142,003 | 157,089 |
| Agricuiture, forestry, and fisheries. | 4 | 1,540 | 1,540 | 1,766 | 1,851 |
| Mining. | 5 | 2,173 | 1,921 | 1,811 | 1,991 |
| Construction.... | 6 | 9,636 | 10,351 | 10,718 | 11,813 |
| Manufacturing.... | 7 | 38,613 | 39,539 | 39,608 | 43,002 |
| Durable goods. Nondurable goods....... | ${ }_{9}^{8}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 24,821 \\ & 13,792 \end{aligned}$ | 25,170 14,369 | 24,892 <br> 14,716 | 27,047 |
| Transportarion and public urilities. | 10 | 12,276 | 12,865 | 13,321 | 14,519 |
| Transportation. | 11 | 7,604 | 7,976 | 8,299 | 9,156 |
| Communication. | 12 | 2,674 | 2,756 | 2,819 | 2,978 |
| Elecrric, gas, and sanitary services ..... | 13 | 1,998 | 2,133 | 2,203 | 2,385 |
| Wholesale trade... | 14 | 10,688 | 11,263 | 11,696 | 13,140 |
| Retail trade.. | 15 | 16,531 | 17,629 | 18,315 | 20,123 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate. | 16 | 9,960 | 11,315 | 12,199 | 13,667 |
| Services...... | 17 | 27,150 | 29,739 | 32,569 | 36,984 |
| Government and government enterprises..... | 18 | 76,239 | 81,164 | 85,843 | 92,587 |
| Rest of the world...................... | 19 |  |  |  |  |

Table 6.13.-Other Labor Income by Industry and by Type


1. Consists largely of directors' fees

Table 6.14B.-Nonfarm Proprietors' Income by Industry

| [Millions of dollars] |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 |
| Nonfarm proprietors' income.................................... | 1 | 194,597 | 210,029 | 238,877 | 259,233 |
| Agricultural services, forestry, and fisheries . | 2 | 3,566 | 3,542 | 5,460 | 6,104 |
| Mining. | 3 | 4,861 | $-407$ | -859 | -824 |
| Construction. | 4 | 36,023 | 39,505 | 43,908 | 44,585 |
| Manufacturing. | 5 | 2,846 | 3,906 | 4,585 | 4,503 |
| Durable goods... | 6 | 1,788 | 2,610 | 3,368 | 3,281 |
| Nondurable goods...... | 7 | 1,058 | 1,296 | 1,217 | 1,222 |
| Transportation and public utilities.. | 8 | 11,233 | 11,730 | 12,037 | 12,418 |
| Transportation.... | , | 9,963 | 11,347 | 12,015 | 12,325 |
| Communication... | 10 | -409 | -1,184 | -203 | -260 |
| Electric, gas, and sanitary services | 11 | 1,679 | 1,567 | 225 | 353 |
| Wholesale trade. | 12 | 8,920 | 8,774 | 10,110 | 11,243 |
| Retail trade | 13 | 23,624 | 23,943 | 23,627 | 25,535 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate.. | 14 | -7,260 | -10,203 | -2,222 | 371 |
| Services.......................................................................... | 15 | 110,784 | 129,239 | 142,231 | 155,298 |
| Health services. | 16 | 25,516 | 28,381 | 32,074 | 35,358 |
| Legal services.......................................................... | 17 | 19,027 | 21,748 | 22,309 | 24,857 |
| Other ............................................................................ | 18 | 66,241 | 79,110 | 87,848 | 95,083 |

Table 6.15B.-Noncorporate Capital Consumption Allowances by Industry
[Millions of dollars]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Noncorporate capital consumption allowances ............ | 1 | 139,918 | 151,758 | 153,128 | 157,927 |
| Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries.. | 2 | 13,284 | 13,039 | 13,019 | 12,816 |
| Farms. | 3 | 11,752 | 11,546 | 11,322 | 11,130 |
| Agricultural services, forestry, and fisheries ........................ | 4 | 1,532 | 1,493 | 1,697 | 1,686 |
| Mining...... | 5 | 8,454 | 9,437 | 9,242 | 9,018 |
| Construction... | 6 | 3,593 | 4,560 | 4,163 | 4,582 |
| Manufacturing. | 7 | 2,966 | 3,095 | 3,141 | 3,138 |
| Durable goods.. | 8 | 1,902 | 1,640 | 1,793 | 1,869 |
| Nondurable goods... | 9 | 1,064 | 1,455 | 1,348 | 1,269 |
| Transportation and public utilities... | 10 | 6,935 | 8,209 | 9,066 | 9,214 |
| Transportation... | 11 | 3,289 | 3,759 | 3,754 | 3,730 |
| Communication.. | 12 | 1,361 | 1,842 | 2,772 | 2,950 |
| Electric, gas, and sanitary services. | 13 | 2,285 | 2,608 | 2,540 | 2,534 |
| Wholesale trade. | 14 | 957 | 876 | 1,008 | 1,054 |
| Retail trade.. | 15 | 5,627 | 5,007 | 5,342 | 5,586 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate. | 16 | 77,430 | 85,895 | 87,989 | 91,228 |
| Finance and insurance. | 17 | 2,374 | 2,525 | 1,806 | 1,927 |
| Real estate. | 18 | 75,056 | 83,370 | 86,183 | 89,301 |
| Owner-occupied nonfarm housing. | 19 | 30,228 | 32,697 | 35,683 | 38,873 |
| Other. | 20 | 44,828 | 50,673 | 50,500 | 50,428 |
| Services... | 21 | 20,672 | 21,640 | 20,158 | 21,291 |

Table 6.16B.-Inventory Valuation Adjustment to Nonfarm Incomes by Legal Form of Organization and Industry

| [Millions of dollars] |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 |
| Inventory valuation adjustment to nonfarm incomes.. | 1 | -1,868 | 6,569 | -19,903 | -26,519 |
| Corporate business ............................................................ | 2 | -1,676 | 6,731 | -18,908 | $-25,016$ |
| Mining.. | 3 | 182 | 1,316 | -502 | -225 |
| Construction.. | 4 | -151 | -59 | $-1,423$ | -1,664 |
| Manufacturing. | 5 | -1,515 | 2,449 | -6,940 | -8,941 |
| Durable goods................................................................................................. | 6 | -1,930 | -575 | -3,232 | -5,075 |
| Nondurable goods....................................................... | 7 | 415 | 3,024 | -3,708 | -3,866 |
| Transportation and public utilides... | 8 | 1,008 | 3,755 | $-1,433$ | -611 |
| Transportation............................ | 9 | 116 | 406 | -356 | -70 |
| Communication. | 10 | -117 | -58 | -964 | -704 |
| Electric, gas, and sanitary services | 11 | 1,009 | 3,407 | -113 | 163 |
| Whotesale trade.. | 12 | 370 | 1,077 | -4,672 | -6,929 |
| Retail trade. | 13 | $-1,376$ | -1,318 | -3,082 | -4,795 |
| Other. | 14 | -194 | -489 | -856 | -1,851 |
| Noncorporate business.. | 15 | -192 | -162 | -995 | -1,503 |
| Mining... | 16 | 8 | 45 | -17 | -8 |
| Construction. | 17 | -24 | -10 | -231 | -272 |
| Manufacturing................................................................ | 18 | -28 | -9 | -109 | -141 |
| Durable goods........................................................... | 19 | -30 | -10 | -72 | -81 |
| Nondurable goods.......... | 20 | 2 | 1 | -37 | -60 |
| Wholesale trade. | 21 | 20 | 53 | -130 | -197 |
| Retail trade. | 22 | -139 | -142 | -314 | -479 |
| Other .......................................................................... | 23 | -29 | -99 | -194 | -406 |

Table 6.17B.-Net Interest by Industry

| [Millions of dollars] |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 |
| Net interest.. | 1 | 318,976 | 325,528 | 351,703 | 392,902 |
| Domestic industries. | 2 | 309,435 | 324,255 | 360,341 | 403,227 |
| Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries. | 3 | 15,918 | 14,246 | 13,118 | 12,733 |
| Mining. | 4 | 5,205 | 3,928 | 4,272 | 4,811 |
| Construction. | 5 | 2,822 | 3,329 | 3,399 | 3,889 |
| Manufacturing. | 6 | 25,538 | 31,086 | 38,598 | 45,801 |
| Durable goods. | 7 | 5,004 | 5,122 | 8,434 | 10,951 |
| Nondurable goods......... | 8 | 20,534 | 25,964 | 30.164 | 34,850 |
| Transportation and public utilities...................................... | 9 | 35,049 | 37,716 | 42,708 | 48,579 |
| Transportation............ | 10 | 4,001 | 4,858 | 5,653 | 6,434 |
| Communication. | 11 | 7,716 | 9,263 | 10,749 | 12,312 |
| Electric, gas, and sanitary services. | 12 | 23,332 | 23,595 | 26,306 | 29,833 |
| Wholesale trade.. | 13 | 5,854 | 5,177 | 6,502 | 7,530 |
| Retail trade.. | 14 | 8,350 | 8,528 | 10,366 | 11,884 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate. | 15 | 195,660 | 204,520 | 225,224 | 250,373 |
| Finance.. | 16 | -14,931 | -24,945 | -17,926 | -8,067 |
| Real estate . | 17 | 214,042 | 233,120 | 250,434 | 266,238 |
| Other. | 18 | -3,451 | -3,655 | -7,284 | -7,798 |
| Services..... | 19 | 15,039 | 15,725 | 16,154 | 17,627 |
| Rest of the world.............................................................. | 20 | 9,541 | 1,273 | -8,638 | -10,325 |

Table 6.18B.-Corporate Profits by Industry
[Billions of dollars]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1985 | 1986 |  |  |  | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  | 1989 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | IV | 1 | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | 1 | 11 |
| Corporate profits with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments. | 1 | 282.3 | 282.1 | 298.7 | 328.6 | 291.4 | 292.7 | 280.9 | 279.7 | 275.2 | 279.9 | 293.7 | 313.0 | 308.2 | 318.1 | 325.3 | 330.9 | 340.2 | 316.3 |  |
| Domestic industries. | 2 | 251.2 | 249.0 | 259.6 | 285.0 | 256.6 | 256.5 | 250.7 | 246.3 | 242.6 | 243.6 | 256.5 | 274.1 | 264.2 | 275.7 | 284.6 | 285.9 | 293.7 | 269.7 |  |
| Financial.,. |  | 25.9 | 35.0 | 35.0 | 35.7 | 30.3 | 36.2 | 38.2 | 34.6 | 30.9 | 34.0 | 35.3 | 35.3 | 35.6 | 33.7 | 35.9 | 37.5 | 35.5 | 34.4 |  |
| Nonfinancial. | 4 | 225.3 | 214.0 | 224.6 | 249.3 | 226.3 | 220.2 | 212.5 | 211.7 | 211.7 | 209.6 | 221.3 | 238.8 | 228.6 | 241.9 | 248.7 | 248.3 | 258.2 | 235.3 |  |
| Rest of the world | 5 | 31.2 | 33.1 | 39.1 | 43.7 | 34.8 | 36.2 | 30.2 | 33.4 | 32.6 | 36.3 | 37.2 | 38.9 | 44.0 | 42.4 | 40.7 | 45.1 | 46.5 | 46.6 |  |
| Corporate profits with inventory valuation adjustment. | 6 | 222.6 | 228.3 | 247.8 | 281.8 | 228.4 | 233.0 | 226.0 | 228.1 | 226.1 | 230.5 | 243.4 | 261.5 | 255.8 | 268.1 | 276.4 | 284.1 | 298.7 | 279.7 |  |
| Domestic industries. | 7 | 191.4 | 195.2 | 208.7 | 238.2 | 193.6 | 196.8 | 195.9 | 194.7 | 193.4 | 194.3 | 206.3 | 222.6 | 211.8 | 225.7 | 235.8 | 239.0 | 25.2 | 233.1 |  |
| Financial. | 8 | 22.8 | 32.0 | 30.5 | 29.8 | 26.0 | 32.2 | 35.2 | 32.1 | 28.6 | 30.8 | 31.1 | 30.2 | 29.9 | 27.7 | 29.7 | 31.6 | 30.1 | 29.3 |  |
| Federal Reserve banks. | 9 | 16.8 | 16.0 | 16.0 | 18.1 | 16.3 | 16.7 | 16.1 | 15.7 | 15.6 | 15.6 | 16.0 | 16.2 | 16.3 | 17.3 | 17.4 | 18.3 | 19.3 | 20.3 |  |
| Other .......................... | 10 | 6.1 | 16.0 | 14.5 | 11.7 | 9.7 | 15.5 | 19.1 | 16.5 | 12.9 | 15.2 | 15.1 | 14.0 | 13.6 | 10.4 | 12.3 | 13.3 | 10.8 | 9.0 |  |
| Nonfinancial. | 11 | 168.6 | 163.2 | 178.2 | 208.4 | 167.6 | 164.6 | 160.7 | 162.6 | 164.8 | 163.5 | 175.2 | 192.4 | 181.9 | 198.0 | 206.1 | 207.3 | 222.1 | 203.9 |  |
| Manufacturing. | 12 | 79.7 | 59.5 | 76.6 | 98.4 | 83.8 | 62.4 | 60.2 | 50.5 | 64.8 | 60.8 | 73.7 | 87.3 | 84.5 | 94.6 | 98.2 | 95.1 | 105.5 | 96.5 |  |
| Durable goods. | 13 | 28.5 | 30.8 | 34.4 | 38.1 | 28.0 | 29.8 | 31.4 | 28.5 | 33.4 | 37.6 | 36.0 | 37.9 | 26.0 | 32.8 | 41.3 | 38.3 | 39.8 | 35.6 |  |
| Primary metal industries.. | 14 | -1.4 | 2.6 | 3.6 | 6.4 | -1.2 | 1.3 | 3.2 | 2.3 | 3.7 | 4.2 | 2.5 | 3.5 | 4.1 | 4.7 | 6.6 | 6.8 | 7.4 | 6.5 |  |
| Fabricated metal products... | 15 | 4.6 | 4.8 | 5.0 | 6.1 | 4.0 | 4.6 | 5.5 | 4.6 | 4.4 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 6.5 | 5.9 | 7.4 | 6.5 | 4.8 | 5.9 | 7.2 |  |
| Machinery, except elecrrical....... | 16 | 3.2 | 3.0 | 3.4 | 4.8 | 4.0 | 2.9 | 4.0 | 2.9 | 2.2 | 4.0 | 3.0 | 4.5 | 1.9 | 4.3 | 6.7 | 6.0 | 2.1 | 2.0 |  |
| Electric and electronic equipment.... | 17 | 3.6 | 2.9 | 3.4 3.3 | 4.6 2.4 | 2.5 | 3.8 5.5 | 3.5 4.0 | 1.3 | 3.2 <br> 3.8 | 3.0 4.8 | 5.6 5.7 | 5.4 1.9 | - $\quad .4$ | 1.19 | 4.8 1.0 | 3.8 | 6.6 4.5 | 4.4 3.0 |  |
| Motor vehicles and equipment <br> Other | 19 | 1.2 | 13.3 | 15.8 | 13.8 | 10.9 | 11.6 | 11.2 | 14.4 | 16.1 | 17.9 17.9 | 15.4 | 16.1 | 13.8 | 14.4 | 15.6 | 11.8 | 13.4 | 12.4 |  |
| Nondurable goods. | 20 | 51.2 | 28.7 | 42.2 | 60.3 | 55.8 | 32.6 | 28.8 | 21.9 | 31.4 | 23.2 | 37.8 | 49.4 | 58.5 | 61.8 | 57.0 | 56.8 | 65.7 | 60.9 |  |
| Food and kindred products. | 21 | 8.3 | 7.8 | 12.2 | 15.7 | 8.5 | 8.1 | 7.1 | 7.3 | 8.7 | 8.2 | 11.3 | 13.8 | 15.4 | 15.3 | 15.5 | 14.9 | 17.2 | 17.4 |  |
| Chemicals and allied products... | 22 | 6.2 | 7.6 | 10.5 | 17.4 | 3.6 | 6.1 | 7.1 | 8.1 | 9.1 | 8.5 | 9.4 | 11.7 | 12.4 | 16.0 | 15.9 | 15.6 | 22.0 | 18.5 |  |
| Petroleum and coal products..... | 23 | 17.5 | -7.6 | -1.9 | 3.7 | 25.5 | -.7 | -4.8 | -13.8 | -11.3 | -13.1 | -2.8 | 1.4 | 7.1 | 4.2 | 1.6 | 3.8 | 5.3 | 1.2 |  |
| Other ................................... | 24 | 19.2 | 20.9 | 21.4 | 23.5 | 18.2 | 19.1 | 19.3 | 20.3 | 24.9 | 19.6 | 19.9 | 22.5 | 23.6 | 26.2 | 24.0 | 22.5 | 21.2 | 23.8 |  |
| Transportation and public utilities..... | 25 | 33.0 | 36.3 | 34.6 | 39.3 | 30.6 | 34.1 | 36.2 | 39.4 | 35.3 | 33.1 | 35.8 | 33.9 | 35.5 | 33.7 | 39.2 | 40.8 | 43.5 | 41.6 |  |
| Wholesale and retail trade..... | 26 | 44.1 | 44.1 | 41.1 | 40.1 | 38.5 | 45.8 | 41.8 | 47.7 | 41.0 | 43.0 | 37.2 | 43.2 | 41.2 | 42.2 | 37.3 | 39.2 | 41.8 | 34.1 |  |
| Other ............................................................................ | 27 | 11.8 | 23.4 | 25.9 | 30.6 | 14.6 | 22.3 | 22.5 | 25.0 | 23.8 | 26.5 | 28.5 | 28.0 | 20.7 | 27.6 | 31.3 | 32.2 | 31.3 | 31.7 |  |
| Rest of the world.... | 28 | 31.2 | 33.1 | 39.1 | 43.7 | 34.8 | 36.2 | 30.2 | 33.4 | 32.6 | 36.3 | 37.2 | 38.9 | 44.0 | 42.4 | 40.7 | 45.1 | 46.5 | 46.6 |  |

Table 6.19B.-Corporate Profits Before Tax by Industry
[Millions of dollars]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Corporate prolits before tax..... | 1 | 224,260 | 221,581 | 266,730 | 306,843 |
| Domestic industries. | 2 | 193,093 | 188,470 | 227,631 | 263,186 |
| Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries. | 3 | -73 | 1,539 | 1,208 | 1,266 |
| Farms | 4 | -206 | 1,096 |  |  |
| Agricultural services, forestry, and fisheries ... | 5 | 133 | 443 |  |  |
| Mining. | 6 | -5,002 | -3,891 | -857 | 790 |
| Metal mining | 7 | -829 | -705 |  |  |
| Coal mining. | 8 | 103 | 167 |  |  |
| Oil and gas extraction | 9 | -4,845 | -4,016 |  |  |
| Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels | 10 | 569 | 663 |  |  |
| Construction. | 11 | 5,744 | 8,219 | 8,963 | 9,618 |
| Manufacturing | 12 | 81,200 | 57,012 | 83,543 | 107,306 |
| Durable goods. | 13 | 30,461 | 31,356 | 37,622 | 43,128 |
| Lumber and wood products. | 14 | 1,617 | 2,448 |  |  |
| Furniture and fixtures.. | 15 | 1,794 | 1,826 |  |  |
| Stone, clay, and glass products. | 16 | 2,652 | 3,648 |  |  |
| Primary metal industries.... | 17 | -1,164 | 2,749 |  |  |
| Fabricated metal products... | 18 | 4,723 | 4,619 |  |  |
| Machinery, except electrical | 19 | 3,694 | 2,955 |  |  |
| Electric and electronic equipment | 20 | 3,883 | 2,935 |  |  |
| Motor vehicles and equipment. | 21 | 7,301 | 4,062 |  |  |
| Other transporation equipment | 22 | 3,991 | 4,174 |  |  |
| Instruments and related products. | 23 | 1,035 | 660 |  |  |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing industries.. | 24 | 935 | 1,280 |  |  |
| Nondurable goods. | 25 | 50,739 | 25,656 | 45,921 | 64,178 |
| Food and kindred products.. | 26 | 7,909 | 7,663 |  |  |
| Tobacco manufactures. | 27 | 2,721 | 2,605 |  |  |
| Textile mill products... | 28 | 1,399 | 2,113 |  |  |
| Apparel and other textile products. | 29 | 1,577 | 1,924 |  |  |
| Paper and ailied products.. | 30 | 3,305 | 4,169 |  |  |
| Printing and publishing... | 31 | 7,277 | 8,108 |  |  |
| Chemicals and allied products. | 32 | 6,250 | 6,952 |  |  |
| Perroleurn and coal products. | 33 | 17,473 | -10,081 |  |  |
| Rubber and miscellaneous plastic products. | 34 | 2,415 | 2,006 |  |  |
| Leather and leather products .................... | 35 | 413 | 197 |  |  |
| Transportation and public utilities | 36 | 31,983 | 32,509 | 36,018 | 39,901 |
| Transportation.. | 37 | 2,762 | 3,052 | 3,903 | 6,409 |
| Railroad transportation.. | 38 | 851 | 274 |  |  |
| Local and interurban passenger transit | 39 | 331 | 277 |  |  |
| Trucking and warehousing... | 40 | 2,410 | 3,283 |  |  |
| Water transportation.... | 41 | -766 | -293 |  |  |
| Transportation by air... | 42 | -1,132 | -1,854 |  |  |
| Pipelines, except natural gas... | 43 | 975 | 690 |  |  |
| Transportation services ........... | 44 | 93 | 675 |  |  |
| Communication. | 45 | 13,090 | 15,777 | 19,330 | 19,145 |
| Teiephone and telegraph. | 46 | 12,729 | 16,602 |  |  |
| Radio and television broadcasting. | 47 | 361 | -825 |  |  |
| Electric, gas, and sanitary services | 48 | 16,131 | 13,680 | 12,785 | 14,347 |
| Wholesale trade. | 49 | 21,697 | 20,614 | 24,785 | 26,530 |
| Retail trade. | 50 | 23,402 | 23,691 | 24,108 | 25,316 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | 51 | 20,705 | 30,562 | 30,371 | 30,219 |
| Banking. | 52 | 27,057 | 26,491 |  |  |
| Federal Reserve banks. | 53 | 16,755 | 16,030 |  |  |
| Commercial and mutual banks.. | 54 | 10,302 | 10,461 |  |  |
| Credit agencies other than banks.. | 55 | 5,182 | 7,677 |  |  |
| Security and commodity brokers, and services. | 56 | 1,135 | 3,004 |  |  |
| Insurance carriers. | 57 | -15,756 | -12,643 |  |  |
| Insurance agents and brokers, and services.... | 58 | 922 | 1,788 |  |  |
| Real estate ..... | 59 | -2,439 | -1,903 |  |  |
| Holding and other investment companies.. | 60 | 4,604 | 6,148 |  |  |
| Services. | 61 | 13,437 | 18,215 | 19,492 | 22,240 |
| Hotels and other lodging places... | 62 | -224 | -432 |  |  |
| Personal services ... | 63 | 663 | 590 |  |  |
| Business services... | 64 | 4,737 | 7,274 |  |  |
| Auto repair, services, and garages. | 65 | -291 | 191 |  |  |
| Miscellaneous repair services... | 66 | 336 | 484 |  |  |
| Motion pictures.. | 67 | 348 | 936 |  |  |
| Amusement and recreation services... | 68 | -391 | 186 |  |  |
| Other services..... | 69 | 8,259 | 8,986 |  |  |
| Health services. | 70 | 5,225 | 5,336 |  |  |
| Legal services..... | 71 | 914 | 1,400 |  |  |
| Educational services.. | 72 | 227 | 90 |  |  |
| Other ${ }^{1}$. | 73 | 1,893 | 2,160 |  |  |
| Rest of the world ${ }^{2}$... | 74 | 31,167 | 33,111 | 39,099 | 43,657 |
| Receipts from rest of the world. | 75 | 38,040 | 40,241 | 49,008 | 58,466 |
| Less: Payments to rest of the world. | 76 | 6,873 | 7,130 | 9,909 | 14,809 |

1. Consists of social services, membership organizations, and miscellaneous professional services.
2. Consists of receipts by all U.S. residents, including both corporations and persons, of dividends from their incorporated foreign affiliates, their share of reinvested earnings of their incorporated foreign affiliates,
and earnings of unincorporated foreign affiliates, net of corresponding outflows.

Table 6.20B.-Federal, State, and Local Corporate Profits Tax Liability by Industry
[Millions of dollars]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Corporate profits tax liability. | 1 | 96,422 | 106,327 | 124,723 | 137,936 |
| Domestic industries | 2 | 96,422 | 106,327 | 124,723 | 137,936 |
| Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries.. | 3 | 282 | 447 | 621 | 705 |
|  | 4 | 221 | 385 |  |  |
| Agricultural services, forestry, and fisheries. | 5 | 61 | 62 |  |  |
| Mining. | 6 | 200 | 268 | 836 | 917 |
| Metal mining | 7 | -29 | -6 |  |  |
| Coal mining. | 8 | 21 | 118 |  |  |
| Oil and gas extraction. | 9 | 30 | -197 |  |  |
| Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels | 10 | 178 | 353 |  |  |
| Construction | 11 | 1,869 | 2,424 | 2,729 | 3,580 |
| Manufacturing | 12 | 32,619 | 31,845 | 41,491 | 47,040 |
| Durable goods. | 13 | 13,395 | 13,865 | 17,777 | 18,853 |
| Lumber and wood products. | 14 | 549 | 824 |  |  |
| Furniture and fixtures... | 15 | 774 | 894 |  |  |
| Stone, clay, and glass products | 16 | 1,129 | 1,381 |  |  |
| Primary metal industries ... | 17 | 392 | 519 |  |  |
| Fabricated metal products. | 18 | 2,140 | 2,259 |  |  |
| Machinery, except electrica?. | 19 | 1,944 | 1,515 |  |  |
| Electric and electronic equipment. | 20 | 2,615 | 2,709 |  |  |
| Motor vehicles and equipment... | 21 | 1,639 | 1,847 |  |  |
| Other transportation equipment. | 22 | 957 | 609 |  |  |
| Instruments and related products. | 23 | 610 | 636 |  |  |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing industries. | 24 | 646 | 672 |  |  |
| Nondurable goods. | 25 | 19,224 | 17,980 | 23,714 | 28,187 |
| Food and kindred products. | 26 | 4,622 | 3,864 |  |  |
| Tobacco manufactures. | 27 | 1,271 | 1,068 |  |  |
| Textile mill products.. | 28 | 639 | 937 |  |  |
| Apparel and other textile products.. | 29 | 893 | 837 |  |  |
| Paper and allied products. | 30 | 1,167 | 1,282 |  |  |
| Printing and publishing... | 31 | 3,227 | 4,154 |  |  |
| Chemicals and allied products. | 32 | 3,499 | 4,349 |  |  |
| Petroleum and coal products. | 33 | 2,965 | 460 |  |  |
| Rubber and miscellaneous plastic products. | 34 | 783 | 857 |  |  |
| Leather and leather products.......... | 35 | 158 | 172 |  |  |
| Transportation and public utilities | 36 | 11,055 | 13,694 | 15,862 | 18,285 |
| Transportation.. | 37 | 1,784 | 1,570 | 2,211 | 2,547 |
| Railroad transportation. | 38 | 240 | 8 |  |  |
| Local and interurban passenger transit | 39 | 45 | 56 |  |  |
| Trucking and warehousing.. | 40 | 754 | 1,005 |  |  |
| Water transportation.. | 41 | 6 | 1 |  |  |
| Transportation by air. | 42 | 159 | 47 |  |  |
| Pipelines, except natural gas. | 43 | 480 | 364 |  |  |
| Transportation services .......... | 44 | 100 | 89 |  |  |
| Communication... | 45 | 3,925 | 6,000 | 6,777 | 7,581 |
| Telephone and telegraph. | 46 | 3,399 | 5,500 |  |  |
| Radio and television broadcasting.... | 47 | 526 | 500 |  |  |
| Electric, gas, and sanitary services. | 48 | 5,346 | 6,124 | 6,874 | 8,157 |
| Wholesale trade. | 49 | 8,761 | 8,786 | 10,446 | 11,746 |
| Retail trade. | 50 | 8,188 | 9,831 | 11,531 | 12,129 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate. | 51 | 29,557 | 34,838 | 36,144 | 37,998 |
| Banking. | 52 | 21,174 | 21,648 |  |  |
| Federal Reserve banks | 53 | 17,796 | 17,804 |  |  |
| Commercial and mutual banks. | 54 | 3,378 | 3,844 |  |  |
| Credit agencies other than banks.. | 55 | 1,319 | 2,350 |  |  |
| Security and commodity brokers, and services. | 56 | 843 | 1,703 |  |  |
| Insurance carriers.. | 57 | 3,225 | 5,170 |  |  |
| Insurance agents and brokers, and services.... | 58 | 501 | 749 |  |  |
| Real estate ...... | 59 | 1,458 | 1,763 |  |  |
| Holding and other investment companies...... | 60 | 1,037 | 1,455 |  |  |
| Services. | 61 | 3,891 | 4,194 | 5,063 | 5,530 |
| Hotels and other lodging places... | 62 | 244 | 270 |  |  |
| Personal services ...... | 63 | 222 | 229 |  |  |
| Business services.... | 64 | 1,426 | 1,652 |  |  |
| Auto repair, services, and garages .. | 65 | 107 | 134 |  |  |
| Misceillaneous repair services.. | 66 | 79 | 102 |  |  |
| Motion pictures ....... | 67 | 73 | 130 |  |  |
| Amusement and recreation services....... | 68 | 172 | 217 |  |  |
| Other services.... | 69 | 1,568 | 1,460 |  |  |
| Health services. | 70 | 1,072 | 921 |  |  |
| Legal services ........................................................ | 71 | 127 | 155 |  |  |
| Educational services.. | 72 | 55 | 38 |  |  |
| Other ${ }^{1} . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~$ | 73 | 314 | 346 |  |  |
| Rest of the world..... | 74 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

1. Consists of social services, membership organizations, and miscellaneous professional services.

Table 6.21B.-Corporate Profits After Tax by Industry
[Millions of dollars]


Table 6.22B.-Net Corporate Dividend Payments by Industry
[Millions of dollars]


Table 6.23B.-Undistributed Corporate Profits by Industry
[Millions of dollars]


1. Consists of social services, membership organizations, and miscellaneous professional services. 2. Consists of receipts by all U.S. residents of their share of the reinvested eans
foreign affiliates and reinvested eamings of their unincorporated foreign affiliates.
foreign afiliates and reinvested earnings of their unincorporated foreign affiliates.
2. Consist of payment to foreign residens of thir share of the reinested earning of their incorporated
U.S. affiliates and reinvested vested eamings of their unincorporated U.S. affiliates.

Table 6.24B.-Corporate Capital Consumption Allowances by Industry [Millions of dollars]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Corporate capital consumption allowances ................ | 1 | 328,304 | 339,709 | 353,942 | 368,487 |
| Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries.. | 2 | 3,806 | 3,650 | 3,709 | 3,722 |
| Farms | 3 | 3,033 | 2,840 |  |  |
| Agricultural services, forestry, and fisheries | 4 | 773 | 810 |  |  |
| Mining. | 5 | 9,243 | 7,136 | 6,671 | 6,430 |
| Metal mining | 6 | 487 | 330 |  |  |
| Coal mining. | 7 | 1,270 | 1,327 |  |  |
| Oil and gas extraction | 8 | 6,561 | 4,466 |  |  |
| Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels | 9 | 925 | 1,013 |  |  |
| Construction | 10 | 8,224 | 7,898 | 8,746 | 9,417 |
| Manufacturing | 11 | 135,760 | 139,260 | 140,325 | 143,593 |
| Durable goods. | 12 | 63,996 | 65,321 | 67,016 | 69,804 |
| Lumber and wood products. | 13 | 2,841 | 2,870 |  |  |
| Furniture and fixtures.... | 14 | 837 | 820 |  |  |
| Stone, clay, and glass products. | 15 | 3,544 | 3,554 |  |  |
| Primary metal industries... | 16 | 4,808 | 4,929 |  |  |
| Fabricated metal products. | 17 | 5,815 | 5,365 |  |  |
| Machinery, except electrical. | 18 | 10,210 | 9,401 |  |  |
| Electric and electronic equipment. | 19 | 13,800 | 12,726 |  |  |
| Motor vehicles and equipment. | 20 | 12,961 | 16,034 |  |  |
| Other transporation equipment. | 21 | 4,026 | 4,753 |  |  |
| Instruments and related products. | 22 | 3,348 | 3,041 |  |  |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing industries | 23 | 1,806 | 1,828 |  |  |
| Nondurable goods. | 24 | 71,764 | 73,939 | 73,309 | 73,789 |
| Food and kindred products. | 25 | 10,237 | 9,463 |  |  |
| Tobacco manufactures. | 26 | 1,899 | 3,162 |  |  |
| Textile mill products.. | 27 | 1,750 | 1,772 |  |  |
| Apparel and other textile products. | 28 | 956 | 1,084 |  |  |
| Paper and allied products. | 29 | 5,157 | 5,158 |  |  |
| Printing and publishing... | 30 | 5,595 | 5,999 |  |  |
| Chemicals and allied products. | 31 | 13,526 | 13,736 |  |  |
| Petroleum and coal products. | 32 | 30,235 | 31,114 |  |  |
| Rubber and miscellaneous plastic products | 33 | 2,138 | 2,229 |  |  |
| Leather and leather products...... | 34 | 271 | 222 |  |  |
| Transportation and public utilities | 35 | 75,964 | 79,709 | 82,206 | 83,942 |
| Transportation. | 36 | 20,173 | 19,798 | 18,570 | 18,275 |
| Railroad transportation.. | 37 | 5,333 | 4,518 |  |  |
| Local and interurban passenger transit | 38 | 782 | 783 |  |  |
| Trucking and warehousing..... | 39 | 5,293 | 5,439 |  |  |
| Water transportation.... | 40 | 1,758 | 1,481 |  |  |
| Transportation by air................................................... | 41 | 5,004 | 5,678 |  |  |
| Pipelines, except natural gas.. | 42 | 466 | 354 |  |  |
| Transportation services .......... | 43 | 1,537 | 1,545 |  |  |
| Communication. | 44 | 28,402 | 29,898 | 31,113 | 31,850 |
| Telephone and telegraph. | 45 | 26,953 | 28,363 |  |  |
| Radio and television broadcasting.................................. | 46 | 1,449 | 1,535 |  |  |
| Electric, gas, and sanitary services | 47 | 27,389 | 30,013 | 32,523 | 33,817 |
| Wholesale trade | 48 | 14,682 | 14,776 | 16,060 | 16,998 |
| Retail trade. | 49 | 23,874 | 25,398 | 27,308 | 28,680 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | 50 | 27,956 | 31,100 | 36,131 | 40,907 |
| Banking. | 51 | 11,301 | 12,752 |  |  |
| Federal Reserve banks. | 52 | 81 | 92 |  |  |
| Commercial and mutual banks.. | 53 | 11,220 | 12,660 |  |  |
| Credit agencies other than banks. | 54 | 2,182 | 2,969 |  |  |
| Security and commodity brokers, and services..................... | 55 | 1,473 | 1,253 |  |  |
| Insurance carriers .......... | 56 | 3,928 | 4,242 |  |  |
| Insurance agents and brokers, and services.. | 57 | 899 | 1,081 |  |  |
| Real estate | 58 | 6,088 | 6,568 |  |  |
| Holding and other investment companies.. | 59 | 2,085 | 2,235 |  |  |
| Services. | 60 | 28,795 | 30,782 | 32,786 | 34,798 |
| Hotels and other lodging places.. | 61 | 1,998 | 2,237 |  |  |
| Personal services. | 62 | 1,174 | 1,182 |  |  |
| Business services.. | 63 | 9,891 | 10,238 |  |  |
| Auto repair, services, and garages. | 64 | 4,701 | 5,022 |  |  |
| Miscellaneous repair services........ | 65 | 468 | 461 |  |  |
| Motion pictures. | 66 | 1,118 | 1,597 |  |  |
| Amusement and recreation services.... | 67 | 2,466 | 2,237 |  |  |
| Other services............................................................... | 68 | 6,979 | 7,808 |  |  |
| Health services. | 69 | 4,669 | 5,237 |  |  |
| Legal services.. | 70 | 497 | 549 |  |  |
| Educational services.. | 71 | 336 | 331 |  |  |
| Other ${ }^{1}$.. | 72 | 1,477 | 1,691 |  |  |

1. Consists of social services, membership organizations, and miscellaneous professional services

## 7. Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes and Implicit Price Deflators

Table 7.1.-Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes for Gross National Product, 1982 Weights
[Index numbers, 1982=100]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1985 | 1986 |  |  |  | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  | 1989 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | IV | 1 | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | 1 | II |
| Gross national product... | 1 | 111.9 | 114.9 | 119.1 | 124.1 | 113.2 | 113.8 | 114.4 | 115.3 | 116.1 | 117.4 | 118.5 | 119.6 | 120.8 | 121.9 | 123.3 | 124.9 | 126.2 | 127.7 | 129.3 |
| Personal consumption expenditures. | 2 | 112.2 | 115.3 | 120.7 | 125.9 | 113.8 | 114.3 | 114.4 | 115.6 | 116.7 | 118.5 | 120.2 | 121.4 | 122.8 | 123.6 | 125.1 | 126.6 | 128.1 | 129.6 | 131.6 |
| Durable goods. | 345 | 105.2 | 106.5 | 110.3 | 112.9 | 105.4 | 105.7 | 106.0 | 106.9 | 107.5 | 108.7 | 109.8 | 110.9 | 111.6 | 111.9 | 112.4 | 113.2 | 114.1 | 114.7 | 114.8124.5 |
| Nondurable goods. |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 108.4 \\ & 120.8 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 113.3 | $114.3$ | 114.7 | 116.6 | 118.1 | 119.4 | 121.0 |  |
| Services................ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 134.7 | 136.2 | 138.1 | 139.8 | 141.2 |
| Gross private domestic investment.................................................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fixed investment $\qquad$ <br> Nonresidential $\qquad$ | 7 | 103.3 | 105.7 | 107.8 | 111.3 | 104.2 | 104.7 | 105.5 | 105.9 | 106.4 | 106.9 | 107.3 | 108.1 | 108.7 | 110.1 | 111.0 | 111.5 | 112.7 | 114.1 |  |
|  | 8 | 101.9 | 104.2 | 105.4 | 109.0 | 102.8 | 103.3 | 104.1 | 104.4 | 104.8 | 105.1 | 105.2 | 105.4 | 106.0 | 107.5 | 108.6 | 109.3 | 110.5 | 111.8 | $\begin{aligned} & 115.3 \\ & 112.8 \\ & 111.7 \\ & 1133 \\ & 123.9 \end{aligned}$ |
| Structures.... | 9 | 100.7 | 101.6 | 101.7 | 107.1 | 101.7 | 101.5 | 101.9 | 101.4 | 101.2 | 101.1 | 101.2 | 101.9 | 102.7 | 105.1 | 106.5 | 107.9 | 109.1 | 110.5 |  |
| Producers' durable equipment.. | 10 | 102.6 | 105.9 | 107.8 | 110.2 | 103.5 | 104.5 | 105.6 | 106.4 | 107.0 | 107.6 | 107.7 | 107.7 | 108.1 | 109.1 | 109.9 | 110.2 | 11.5 | 112.7 |  |
| Residential ............................. | 11 | 108.3 | 110.9 | 115.9 | 119.5 | 109.0 | 109.7 | 110.3 | 111.2 | 112.1 | 113.2 | 114.9 | 117.4 | 118.2 | 119.2 | 119.3 | 119.3 | 120.1 | 121.8 |  |
| Change in business inventories.. | 1213 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net exports of goods and services.................................................... 13 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exports.. | $\begin{aligned} & 14 \\ & 15 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 103.7 \\ 95.7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 103.6 \\ 94.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 105.6 \\ & 101.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 111.2 \\ & 106.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 103.4 \\ 96.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 103.6 \\ 95.9 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 103.5 \\ 92.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 103.3 \\ 92.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 103.5 \\ 94.7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 104.2 \\ 97.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 105.1 \\ & 100.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 105.8 \\ & 101.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 106.5 \\ & 103.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 108.1 \\ & 104.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 110.0 \\ & 106.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 112.6 \\ & 106.2 \end{aligned}$ | 113.3107.3 | $\begin{aligned} & 113.7 \\ & 109.5 \end{aligned}$ | 114.5111.2 |
| Imports .................................................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Government purchases of goods and services | 16 | 113.2 | 115.5 | 119.6 | 125.1 | 114.4 | 114.9 | 115.1 | 115.4 | 116.6 | 118.0 | 119.0 | 120.2 | 121.3 | 123.1 | 124.4 | 125.9 | 126.9 | 129.4 | 130.5 |
| Federal. | $\begin{aligned} & 17 \\ & 18 \\ & 19 \\ & 20 \end{aligned}$ | 110.4 | 110.6 | 113.3 | 117.9 | 111.0 | 110.9 | 110.5 | 110.0 | 110.7 | 112.1 | 113.0 | 113.6 | 114.5 | 116.3 | 117.4 | 118.7 | $\begin{aligned} & 119.3 \\ & 119.0 \\ & 120.0 \\ & 132.6 \end{aligned}$ | 122.3 | 122.7 |
| National defense. |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} 110.4 \\ 110.5 \\ 110.0 \\ 115.3 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{aligned} & 111.1 \\ & 109.4 \\ & 119.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 113.8 \\ & 112.0 \\ & 124.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 117.9 \\ & 118.0 \\ & 130.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 111.4 \\ & 110.1 \\ & 117.0 \end{aligned}$ | 111.3110.0117.8 | $\begin{aligned} & 110.8 \\ & 109.9 \\ & 118.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\left(\begin{array}{l} 110.5 \\ 109.0 \\ 119.4 \end{array}\right.$ | $\left.\begin{aligned} & 111.6 \\ & 108.7 \\ & 121.0 \end{aligned} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{aligned} & 112.7 \\ & 110.6 \\ & 122.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 113.5 \\ & 111.6 \\ & 123.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 114.1 \\ & 112.5 \\ & 125.1 \end{aligned}$ | 114.9113.4126.4 | $\begin{aligned} & 116.6 \\ & 115.6 \\ & 128.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 117.7 \\ & 116.7 \\ & 129.6 \end{aligned}$ | 118.3119.7131.2 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 122.0 \\ & 123.0 \\ & 134.7 \end{aligned}$ | 122.4123.2136.4 |
| Nondefense. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| State and local............................................................................ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Addenda: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Final sales.. | $\begin{aligned} & 21 \\ & 22 \\ & 23 \\ & 24 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 111.8 \\ & 108.6 \\ & 103.5 \\ & 114.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 114.8 \\ 112.2 \\ 91.0 \\ 119.1 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{array}{r} 118.9 \\ 117.2 \\ 99.7 \\ 125.2 \end{array}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 124.0 \\ 122.2 \\ 92.4 \\ 131.0 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{aligned} & 113.1 \\ & 109.8 \end{aligned}$ | 113.7110.399.9117 | $\begin{array}{r} 114.3 \\ 111.0 \\ 91.0 \\ 118.3 \end{array}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 115.1 \\ 113.1 \\ 87.6 \\ 119.8 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{array}{r} 116.0 \\ 114.4 \\ 85.6 \\ 121.2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 117.2 \\ 115.5 \\ 89.4 \\ 12.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 118.4 \\ 117.1 \\ 91.3 \\ 124.5 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 119.5 \\ 117.7 \\ 93.1 \\ 126.0 \end{array}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} 120.6 \\ 118.7 \\ 92.9 \\ 127.6 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{array}{r} 121.8 \\ 119.4 \\ 91.5 \\ 128.7 \end{array}$ | 123.2121.092.3130.3 | 124.8123.592.8131.5 | 126.1 | 127.6 | 129.2 |
| Personal consumption expenditures, food. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 124.9 | 126.6 | 129.0 |
| Personal consumption expenditures, energy ... |  |  |  |  |  | 103.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 92.9 | 94.0 | 100.6 |
| Other personal consumption expenditures...... |  |  |  |  |  | 116.2 | 117.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 133.3 | 134.8 | 136.2 |

NoTE.-Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.
Table 7.2.-Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes for Gross National Product by Major Type of Product, 1982 Weights

| [Index numbers, 1982=100] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1985 | 1986 |  |  |  | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  | 1989 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | IV | I | II | III | IV | 1 | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | 1 | II |
| Gross mational product...................................................................... | 123 | $\left.\begin{aligned} & 111.9 \\ & 111.8 \end{aligned} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{aligned} & 114.9 \\ & 114.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 119.1 \\ & 118.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 124.1 \\ & 124.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 113.2 \\ & 113.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 113.8 \\ & 113.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 114.4 \\ & 114.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 115.3 \\ & 115.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 116.1 \\ & 116.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 117.4 \\ & 117.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 118.5 \\ & 118.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 119.6 \\ & 119.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 120.8 \\ & 120.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 121.9 \\ & 121.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 123.3 \\ & 123.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} 124.9 \\ 124.8 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{aligned} & 126.2 \\ & 126.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 127.7 \\ & 127.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 129,3 \\ & 129.2 \end{aligned}$ |
| Final sales $\qquad$ <br> Change in business inventories $\qquad$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Goods., | 4 | 107.3 | 108.2 | 111.0 | 115.1 | 107.9 | 107.9 | 107.8 | 108.3 | 108.7 | 109.7 | 110.7 | 111.4 | 112.2 | 112.8 | 114.3 | 116.2 | 117.3 | 118.1 | 120.0 |
| Final sales $\qquad$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ | 107.2 | 108.1 | 110.8 | 115.0 | 107.7 | 107.8 |  |  | 108.5 |  | 110.5 |  |  | 112.6 |  | 116.0 | 117.1 | 118.0 | 119.9 |
| Change in business inventories ................................................. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 7 \\ & 8 \\ & 9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 105.5 \\ & 105.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 105.8 \\ & 105.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 107.1 \\ & 107.0 \end{aligned}$ | 108.2108.3 | $\begin{aligned} & 105.5 \\ & 105.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 105.3 \\ & 105.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 105.5 \\ & 105.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 105.8 \\ & 105.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 106.7 \\ & 106.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 106.7 \\ & 106.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 106.8 \\ & 106.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 107.4 \\ & 107.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 107.3 \\ & 107.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 107.4 \\ & 107.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 107.8 \\ & 107.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 108.7 \\ & 108.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 109.1 \\ & 109.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 109.9 \\ & 110.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 110.7 \\ & \mathbf{1 0 . 9} \end{aligned}$ |
| Final sales $\qquad$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Change in business inventories |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nondurable goods......................................................................... | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & 11 \\ & 12 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 108.6 \\ & 108.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 109.9 \\ & 109.8 \end{aligned}$ | 113.7113.5 | $\begin{aligned} & 119.8 \\ & 119.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 109.5 \\ & 109.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 109.7 \\ & 109.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 109.4 \\ & 109.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 110.0 \\ & 109.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 110.1 \\ & 109.9 \end{aligned}$ | 111.711.5 | $\begin{aligned} & 113.4 \\ & 113.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 114.2 \\ & 114.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 115.5 \\ & 115.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 116.4 \\ & 116.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 118.6 \\ & 118.4 \end{aligned}$ | 121.3121.0 | $\begin{aligned} & 122.8 \\ & 122.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 123.6 \\ & 123.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 126.3 \\ & 126.1 \end{aligned}$ |
| Final sales ................................................................................................. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Change in business inventories ........................................................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Services. | 13 | $\begin{aligned} & 117.0 \\ & 105.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 122.2 \\ & 106.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 127.9 \\ & 109.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 133.7 \\ & 113.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 119.1 \\ & 106.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 120.2 \\ & 106.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 121.5 \\ & 106.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 122.7 \\ & 107.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 124.2 \\ & 107.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 125.7 \\ & 107.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} 127.1 \\ 108.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 128.6 \\ & 109.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 130.0 \\ & 110.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 131.5 \\ & 112.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 133.0 \\ & 113.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 134.4 \\ & 114.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 136.0 \\ & 115.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 138.0 \\ & 116.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 139.4 \\ & 118.4 \end{aligned}$ |
| Structures ..... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 7.3.-Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes for Relation of Gross National Product, Gross Domestic Purchases, and Final Sales to Domestic Purchasers, 1982 We ights

| [Index numbers, 1982=100] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1985 | 1986 |  |  |  | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  | 1989 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | IV | 1 | II | III | IV | 1 | 11 | III | IV | I | II | III | Iv | 1 | II |
| Gross national product...... | 1 | 111.9 | 114.9 | 119.1 | 124.1 | 113.2 | 113.8 | 114.4 | 115.3 | 116.1 | 117.4 | 118.5 | 119.6 | 120.8 | 121.9 | 123.3 | 124.9 | 126.2 | 127.7 | 129.3 |
| Less: Exports of goods and services $\qquad$ <br> Plus: Imports of goods and services. $\qquad$ | 2 3 | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 103.7 \\ 95.7 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 103.6 \\ 94.0 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{aligned} & 105.6 \\ & 101.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 111.2 \\ & 106.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 103.4 \\ 96.8 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 103.6 \\ 95.9 \end{gathered}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 103.5 \\ 92.5 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{array}{r} 103.3 \\ 92.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 103.5 \\ 94.7 \end{array}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 104.2 \\ 97.9 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} 105.1 \\ 100.4 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{aligned} & 105.8 \\ & 101.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 106.5 \\ & 103.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 108.1 \\ & 104.5 \end{aligned}$ | 110.0 | $\begin{aligned} & 112.6 \\ & 106.2 \end{aligned}$ | 113.3 107.3 | 113.7 109.5 | 114.5 |
| Equals: Gross domestic purchases ' ...................................... | 4 | 111.1 | 114.0 | 118.7 | 123.7 | 112.6 | 113.1 | 113.3 | 114.3 | 115.3 | 116.8 | 118.2 | 119.3 | 120.5 | 121.6 | 123.0 | 124.3 | 125.7 | 127.4 | 129.1 |
| Less: Change in business inventories ............ | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Equals: Final sales to domestic purchasers ${ }^{2}$..................................... | 6 | 111.1 | 113.9 | 118.6 | 123.5 | 112.5 | 113.0 | 113.2 | 114.1 | 115.2 | 116.6 | 118.0 | 119.2 | 120.4 | 121.5 | 122.9 | 124.2 | 125.6 | 127.3 | 129.0 |

1. Purchases in the United States of goods and services wherever produced.
2. Final sales in the United States of goods and services wherever produced.

NoTE.-Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.

Table 7.4.-Implicit Price Deflators for Gross National Product
[Index numbers, 1982=100]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1985 | 1986 |  |  |  | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  | 1989 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | iv | 1 | II | III | Iv | 1 | II | III | Iv | I | II | III | Iv | 1 | II |
| Gross national product. | 1 | 110.9 | 113.8 | 11 | 121.3 | 112.2 | 112.4 | 113.2 |  | 115.1 | 116.0 | 117.1 | 117 | 118.6 | 119.2 | 120.6 |  | 123.3 | 124.5 | 126.0 |
| Personal consumption expenditures... | 2 | 111.6 | 114.3 | 119.8 | 124.5 | 113.1 | 113.4 | 113.5 | 114.7 | 115.8 | 117.6 | 119.2 | 120.5 | 121.8 | 122.5 | 123.9 | 125.1 | 126.5 | 128.0 | 129.8 |
| Durable goods........ Nondurable goods. | 3 | 104.8 107.5 | 105.6 | 108.1 | 110.1 116.3 | 104.7 108.7 | 105.0 1079 | ${ }_{106.3}^{105.1}$ | 106.1 107.1 | 106.2 107.8 | 106.7 110.0 | 107.7 <br> 111.8 <br> 1 | 108.8 | 109.0 113.7 | 1109.3 | 109.6 115.9 | 110.2 | 111.2 | 111.2 120.0 | ${ }_{111.0}^{123.3}$ |
| Services................ | 5 | 116.8 | 122.4 | 129.0 | 134.9 | 119.0 | 120.1 | 121,6 | 123.2 | 124.9 | 126.6 | 128.2 | 129.8 | 131.5 | 132.7 | 134.2 | 135.6 | 137.3 | 139.0 | 140.4 |
| Gross private domestic investment..... | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fixed investment.. | 7 | 100.6 | 102.9 | 103.1 | 104.6 | 101.0 | 101.4 | 102.6 | 103.7 | 103.9 | 103.1 | 103.4 | 102.8 | 103.3 | 103.9 | 103.9 | 104.4 | 106.3 | 106.5 | 106.7 |
| Noonresidential.................. | 8 | 97.7 | 29.3 | 97.5 | 98.7 | 97.9 | 97.9 | 99.0 | 100.1 | 100.0 | 98.4 | 98.2 | 96.7 | 97.0 | 97.7 | 97.8 | 98.4 | 100.6 | 100.4 | 100.3 |
| Strucures.... | 9 | 102.5 | 106.9 | 109.4 | 114.9 | 104.0 | 104.7 | 107.1 | 107.7 | 108.3 | 1077 | 110.0 | 109.3 | 110.5 | 112.6 | 114.2 | 115.4 | 117.3 | 119.5 | 120.9 |
| Producers' durable equipment................................................... | 10 | -95.3 | 11.1 | 93.2 |  | 95.0 109.0 | 94.8 109.8 | 95.7 110.6 | 11.4 | ${ }_{126.8}^{96.8}$ | 94.8 113.4 | 115.9 115 | ${ }_{1178}^{92.1}$ |  | 19.9 | 192.5 | 192.9 119.6 | 95.2 120.4 |  | 94.1 124.1 |
| Residential <br> Change in business inventories | 11 |  |  | 116.2 | 119.7 | 109.0 | 109.8 | 110.6 | 111.4 | 112.4 | 113.4 | 115.2 | 117.8 | 118.7 | 119.5 | 119.5 | 119.6 | 120.4 | 122.1 | 124.1 |
| Net exports of goods and services. | 13 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Expors.. | 14 | 101.0 | 99.8 | 99.5 | 103.3 | 100.5 | 100.7 | 100.3 | 99.4 | 99.0 | 99.5 | 99.5 | 99.3 | 99.7 | 100.8 | 102.5 | 104.7 | 105.1 | 106.3 | 106.9 |
|  | 15 | 95.2 | 93.7 | 99.0 | 102.7 | 95.9 | 96.0 | 92.8 | 91.9 | 94.4 | 97.3 | 99.4 | 98.8 | 100.6 | 101.5 | 102.6 | 102.7 | 104.0 | 105.6 | 106.2 |
| Government purchases of goods and services..... | 16 | 112.3 | 114.5 | 118.5 | 123.4 | 113.8 | 114.3 | 114.2 | 115.1 | 114.5 | 116.8 | 118.3 | 19.1 | 119.6 | 122.0 | 122.6 | 123.5 | 125.4 | 127.1 | 127.7 |
| Federal ... | 17 | 109.0 | 109.7 | 112.4 | 115.9 | 110.6 | 110.5 | 109.9 | 110.7 | 107.7 | 111.1 | 113.0 | 112.8 | 112.5 | 115.5 | 115.0 | 114.9 | 118.2 | 118.9 | 118.4 |
| National defense. | 18 | 109.2 | 110.2 | 111.1 | 114.0 | 111.3 | 110.6 | 110.2 | 110.2 | 109.7 | 111.2 | 111.1 | 112.9 | 111.3 | 113.1 | 113.5 | 114.4 | 114.9 | 117.4 | 118.1 |
| Standefense... | 19 | 108.2 114.9 | 118.3 | 116.2 | ${ }^{128.8}$ | ${ }_{1} 168.5$ | 11 | 117.6 | 118.4 | 120.0 | 121.2 | 122.4 | ${ }_{123.9}^{120.3}$ | 116.8 | ${ }_{126.7}$ | 128.1 | 129.6 | 130.8 | ${ }^{132.9}$ | ${ }_{134.5}$ |

Note.-Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.
Table 7.5.-Implicit Price Deflators for Gross National Product by Major Type of Product
[Index numbers, 1982=100]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1985 | 1986 |  |  |  | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  | 1989 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | IV | 1 | II | III | IV | 1 | II | III | IV | 1 | II | III | IV | 1 | II |
| Gross national product. | 123 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 110.9 \\ & 110.9 \end{aligned}\right.$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} 113.8 \\ 113.8 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} 117,4 \\ 117.4 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{1 2 1 . 3} \\ & 121.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 112.2 \\ & 112.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 112.4 \\ & 112.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 113.2 \\ & 113.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 114.6 \\ & 114.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 115.1 \\ & 114.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 116.0 \\ & 115.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 117.1 \\ 117.0 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 117.9 \\ & 117.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 118.6 \\ 118.7 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 119.2 \\ 119.5 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 120.6 \\ & 120.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 121.9 \\ & 121.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 123.3 \\ & 123.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 124.5 \\ & 124.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 126.0 \\ & 125.9 \end{aligned}$ |
| Final sales. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Goods. | 4 | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} 105.6 \\ 105.5 \end{array}\right\|$ | 105.9 | 107, | 109.0 | 105.9 | 105.2 | 105.4 | 106.8 | 106.2 | 106.5 | 107.0 | 107.2 | $\begin{aligned} & 107.1 \\ & 107.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 106.9 \\ 107.3 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 108.5 \\ & 108.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{\|l\|} 109.7 \\ 109.5 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{aligned} & 111.1 \\ & 111.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 111.4 \\ & 111.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 112.9 \\ & 112.5 \end{aligned}$ |
| Final sales $\qquad$ <br> Change in business inventories $\qquad$ | 5 |  | 105.8 | 106.7 | 109.0 | 106.0 | 105.4 | 105.6 | 106.8 | 105.6 | 106.1 | 106.7 | 107.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Durable goods. <br> Final sales. $\qquad$ | . $\begin{aligned} & 7 \\ & 8 \\ & 9\end{aligned}$ | $\left.\begin{aligned} & 102.1 \\ & 102.0 \end{aligned} \right\rvert\,$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} 100.3 \\ 100.3 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{aligned} & 98.0 \\ & 97.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 97.2 \\ & 96.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|} 101.7 \\ 101.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 100.8 \\ & 100.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 100.6 \\ & 100.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 101.1 \\ & 101.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 100.2 \\ & 100.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 99.5 \\ & 99.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 98.6 \\ & 98.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{l\|l\|} 97.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 97.7 \\ & 97.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 97.0 \\ 96.9 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 97.2 \\ & 96.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 98.1 \\ & 97.6 \end{aligned}$ | 98.7 98.2 | 99.2 | $\begin{aligned} & 99.3 \\ & 99.1 \end{aligned}$ |
| Nondurable goods. Final sales Change in business inventories | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & 11 \\ & 12 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 108.4 \\ & 108.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 110.5 \\ 110.4 \end{array}\right\|$ | $115.7$ | $\begin{aligned} & 120.8 \\ & 120.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\left.\begin{aligned} & 109.3 \\ & 109.5 \end{aligned} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} 108.8 \\ 109.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 109.3 \\ & 109.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{\|c\|} 111.7 \\ 111.7 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1112.2 \\ 10.0 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 111.4 | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 114.5 \\ 114.1 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{aligned} & 115.9 \\ & 115.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 115.9 \\ & 115.9 \end{aligned}$ | 116.3 | $\begin{aligned} & 119.7 \\ & 119.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 121.6 \\ 121.2 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\left.\begin{array}{\|c\|} 123.6 \\ 123.8 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\left.\begin{aligned} & 123.4 \\ & 123.6 \end{aligned} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{aligned} & 126.4 \\ & 125.9 \end{aligned}$ |
| Services .... | $14$ |  | 121.9 | 1278 | 133.4 | 118.9 | 119.9 | 121.1 | 122.5 | 124.0 | 125.6 | 127.0 | 128.5 | 129.9 | 131.3 | 132.7 | 134.0 | 135.5 | 137,6 | 138.9 |
| Structures. |  | $106.5$ |  |  |  | 107.7 | 108.5 | 109.9 | 110.7 | 111.4 | 111.9 | 113.6 | 114.8 |  | 117.3 | 118.0 |  |  | 121.9123 .6 |  |

Note.--Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.
Table 7.6.-Implicit Price Deflators for Gross National Product by Sector
[Index numbers, 1982=100]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1985 | 1986 |  |  |  | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  | 1989 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | IV | 1 | II | III | IV | 1 | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | 1 | II |
| Gross national product.. | 1 | $110.9$ | 113.8 | 117.4 | 121.3 | 112.2 | 112.4 | 113.2 | 114.6 | 115.1 | 116.0 | 117.1 |  | 118.6 | 119.2 | 120.6 | 121.9 | $\begin{aligned} & 123.3 \\ & 123.3 \end{aligned}$ | 124.5 | 126.0 |
| Gross domestic product. | 2 | $111.0$ | 113.8 | 117.4 | 121.3 | 112.2 | 112.4 | 113.2 | 114.6 | 115.1 | 116.0 | 117.1 | 117.9 | 118.6 | 119.3 | 120.7 |  |  |  |  |
| Business ...................................................................................................... | 34 | 110.0110.4 | 112.6113.2 | 115.7 | 119.3119.6 |  | 111.2 | 112.0 | $\begin{aligned} & 113.3 \\ & 114.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 113.7 \\ & 114.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 114.4 \\ & 115.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 115.4 \\ & 115.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 116.2 \\ & 116.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 116.7 \\ & 117.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 117.2 \\ & 117.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 118.6 \\ & 118.9 \end{aligned}$ | 121.9 | $121.3$ | 122.3 123.7 <br> 122.5 123.9 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 119.9 119.9 119 | 121.3 121.6 |  |  |
| Nonfarm less housing... | 5 | 109.6118.794.9110.0 | $\begin{gathered} 111.9 \\ 12.9 \\ 126.0 \\ 90.1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 114.8 \\ & 131.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 117.8 \\ & 138.3 \\ & 104.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 110.7 \\ 121.6 \\ 92.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 110.7 \\ 123.2 \\ 88.7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 111.3 \\ 125.3 \\ 90.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 114.0 \\ & 112.7 \end{aligned}$ | $113.0$ | $\begin{aligned} & 115.1 \\ & 113.8 \end{aligned}$ | $114.5$ | $\begin{aligned} & 116.8 \\ & 115.3 \end{aligned}$ | $115.7$ | $\begin{aligned} & 117.7 \\ & 116.0 \end{aligned}$ | $117,2$ | 118.1 | 119.9 | $\begin{array}{l\|l} 122.5 & 123.9 \\ 120.7 & 122.1 \end{array}$ |  |
| Housing......... | 7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 126.8 | 128.4 | 129.6 | 130.9 | 132.5 | 134.7 | 136.1 | 137.2 | 139.0 | 140.8 | 120.7 122.1 <br> 142.0 143.3 |  |
| Farm....................... |  |  |  | 115.7 |  |  |  |  | 90.4113.3 | 90.4113.7 | 87.9114.4 | 96.4115.4 | $\begin{gathered} 93.5 \\ 116.2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 90.9 \\ 116.7 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 95.8 \\ 117.2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 104.6 \\ & 118.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 111.3 \\ & 119.9 \end{aligned}$ | 101.8 | $\begin{array}{l\|l} 113.0 & 115.7 \\ 122.3 & 123.7 \end{array}$ |  |
| Statistical discrepancy.. | 8 | 94.9 110.0 | 112.6 |  | 119.3 | 11.1 | 111.2 | 112.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 121.3 |  |  |
| Households and institutions. | 9 | 117.4 | 122.2 | 131.6 | 137.0 | 119.0 | 120.1 | 120.7 | 122.9 | 125.1 | 127.7 | 130.6 <br> 104.7 <br> 132.5 | 132.9104.9 | $\begin{aligned} & 135.1 \\ & 105.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 135.4 \\ & 105.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 136.1 \\ & 105.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 137.2 \\ & 106.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 139.1 \\ & 106.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{lll}141.0 & 142.6 \\ 107.0 & 107.4\end{array}$ |  |
| Private households.... | 10 | $\begin{aligned} & 102.4 \\ & 118.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 122.2 \\ & 103.6 \\ & 123.6 \end{aligned}$ | 104.8 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 105.9 \\ & 1059.9 \\ & 139.1 \end{aligned}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & 119.0 \\ & 102.8 \\ & 120.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 103.2 \\ & 121.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 120.7 \\ & 10.4 \\ & 122.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 122.9 \\ & 103.8 \\ & 124.3 \end{aligned}$ | 104.2 | 104.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nonprofit institutions.. |  |  |  | 133.6 |  |  |  |  |  | 126.6 | 129.5 |  | 134.9 | 137.3 | 137.5 | 138.2 | 139.3 | 141.3 | 143.2 | 144.9 |
| Government | 121314 | $\begin{aligned} & 117.2 \\ & 114.6 \\ & 118.6 \end{aligned}$ | 122.1117.0124.7 | $\begin{aligned} & 128.0 \\ & 122.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 134.5 \\ & 127.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} 119.1 \\ 116.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 120.3 \\ & 116.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 121.5 \\ & 117.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 122.5 \\ & 117.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 124.1 \\ & 117.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 126.1 \\ & 121.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 127.3 \\ & 122.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 128.5 \\ & 122.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 129.8 \\ & 122.9 \end{aligned}$ | 132.5 | $\begin{aligned} & 133.9 \\ & 127.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 135.1 \\ & 127.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 136.4 \\ & 127.7 \\ & 140.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 139.5 \\ & 133.1 \\ & 142.6 \end{aligned}$ | 140.8133.7144.4 |
| Federal. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| State and local.. |  |  |  | 130.9 | 138.1 | 120.5 | 122.2 | 123.8 | 125.2 | 127.4 | 128.6 | 130.0 | 131.7 | 133.3 | 135.5 | 137.2 | 138.9 |  |  |  |
| Rest of the worid. | 15 | $112.1$ | 115.2 | 119.0 | 123.3 | 113.5 | 113.6 | 114.6 | 116.0 | 116.6 | 117.5 | 118.7 | 119.6 | 120.3 | 121.0 | 122.5 | 124.0 | 125.5 | 126.8 | 128.4 |
| Addendum: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross domestic business product less housing.... | 16 | 109.2 | 111.4 | 114.3 | 117.6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Note.-Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.

Table 7.7.-Implicit Price Deflators for the Relation of Gross National Product, Net National Product, and National Income
[Index numbers, 1982=100]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1985 | 1986 |  |  |  | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  | 1989 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | IV | I | II | III | IV | 1 | II | III | IV | 1 | II | III | IV | 1 | II |
| Gross national product... | 1 | 110.9 | 113.8 | 117.4 | 121.3 | 112.2 | 112.4 | 113.2 | 114.6 | 115.1 | 116.0 | 117.1 | 117.9 | 118.6 | 119.2 | 120.6 | 121.9 | 123.3 | 124.5 | 126.0 |
| Less: Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment. | 2 | 102.5 | 103.8 | 105.6 | 106.9 | 102.7 | 102.9 | 103.5 | 104.0 | 104.6 | 105.0 | 105:4 | 106.0 | 106.0 | 106.8 | 106.9 | 106.7 | 107.4 | 108.0 | 108.6 |
| Equals: Net national product .......................................................... | 3 | 112.1 | 115.2 | 119.0 | 123.2 | 113.4 | 113.6 | 114.5 | 116.0 | 116.5 | 117.5 | 118.6 | 119.5 | 120.2 | 120.9 | 122.5 | 123.9 | 125.5 | 126.8 | 128.4 |
| Less: Indirect business tax and nontax liability plus business transfer payments less subsidies plus current surplus of government enterprises. | 4 | 116.4 | 115.6 | 118.6 | 123.3 | 117.6 | 119.2 | 109.9 | 118.1 | 115.2 | 114.8 | 118.9 | 122.4 | 118.0 | 121.7 | 120.9 | 125.9 | 124.5 | 126.5 | 129.9 |
| Statistical discrepancy ............................................................... | 5 | 110.0 | 112.6 | 115.7 | 119.3 | 111.1 | 111.2 | 112.0 | 113.3 | 113.7 | 114.4 | 115.4 | 116.2 | 116.7 | 117.2 | 118.6 | 119.9 | 121.3 | 122.3 |  |
| Equals: National income ................................................................... | 6 | 111.6 | 115.1 | 119.0 | 123.2 | 113.0 | 113.1 | 115.0 | 115.8 | 116.7 | 117.8 | 118.6 | 119.2 | 120.5 | 120.8 | 122.7 | 123.7 | 125.5 | 126.8 |  |

Table 7.8.-Implicit Price Deflators for Command-Basis Gross National Product
[Index numbers, 1982=100]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1985 | 1986 |  |  |  | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  | 1989 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | IV | I | II | III | IV | 1 | II | III | Iv | 1 | II | III | Iv | I | II |
| Gross national product <br> Less: Net exports of goods and services. <br> Exports.. <br> Imports. | 12344 | 110.9 | 113.8 | 117.4 | 121.3 | 112.2 | 112.4 | 113.2 | 114.6 | 115.1 | 116.0 | 117.1 | 117.9 | 118.6 | 119.2 | 120.6 | 121.9 | 123.3 | 124.5 | 126.0 |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} 101.0 \\ 95.2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 99.8 \\ 93.7 \end{gathered}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} 9.5 .5 \\ 99.0 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} 103.3 \\ 102.7 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 100.5 \\ 95.9 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 100.7 \\ 96.0 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left.\begin{gathered} 100.3 \\ 92.8 \end{gathered} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{gathered} 99.4 \\ 91.9 \end{gathered}$ | 99,4 | $\begin{gathered} 99.5 \\ 97.3 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 99.5 \\ & 99.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 99.3 \\ 98.8 \end{gathered}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} 99.7 \\ 100.6 \end{gathered}\right.$ | 101.5 | 102.5 | 104.7 102.7 | 10.10 .1 | 106.3 | 106.9 |
| Equals: Gross domestic purchases... | 5 | 109.9 | 112.5 | 116.8 | 120.9 | 111.2 | 111.4 | 11.8 | 113.0 | 113.9 | 115.2 | 116.5 | 117.3 | 118.2 | 119.0 | 120.3 | 121.3 | 122.8 | 124.2 | 125.6 |
| Plus: Command-basis net exports of goods and services Command-basis exports. $\qquad$ Imports. | 6 7 8 | $\begin{gathered} 95.2 \\ 99.2 \\ \hline 9 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 93,7 \\ 9337 \end{gathered}$ | $99.0$ | 102.7 102.7 | 95.9 | 96.0 | ${ }_{92}^{92.8}$ | 91.9 | 94.4 | $\begin{gathered} 97.3 \\ 97.3 \end{gathered}$ | 99.4 | $\begin{gathered} 98.8 \\ 98.8 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 100.6 \\ & 100.6 \end{aligned}$ | 101.5 | 102.6 | 102.7 102.7 | 104.0 104.0 | 105.6 | 106.2 106.2 |
| Equals: Command-basis gross national product ... | 9 | 110.3 | 113.0 | 117.3 | 121.2 | 111.6 | 111.8 | 112.3 | 113.6 | 114.5 | 115.7 | 117.0 | 117.8 | 118.7 | 119.3 | 120.7 | 121.6 | 123.1 | 124.4 | 125.9 |

Note.--Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.
Table 7.9.-Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes for Personal Consumption Expenditures by Major Type of Product, 1982 Weights

$$
\text { [Index numbers, } 1982=100 \text { ] }
$$

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 198 | 1988 |  | Sesosonaly adjused |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1985 | ${ }^{1986}$ |  |  |  | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  | 1989 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | v | 1 | " | II | iv | 1 | " | m | v | 1 | п | пr | ${ }^{\text {v }}$ | 1 | II |
|  |  | 112.2 | 115.3 | 120.7 | 125. | 1159 | H3,8, | 14,3 | 114.4 | 115.6 | 116.7 | 118.5 | 120.2 | 121.4 | 122.8 | 123.6 | 12.1 | 126.6 | 128.1 | 129. | 13.6 |
| mble goos... |  | 105.2 | 10.5 | 110.3 | 3112 | 12.8 | 105.4 | 1057 |  | 106.9 | 107.5 | 1188. | 109.8 | 110.9 |  | 11.9 | 112.4 | 113.2 | 114.1 |  | 14.8 |
| Meat verice end fans |  | coide | (1090 |  |  |  | ${ }^{10} 10.11$ | $\|$1095 <br> 100.0 <br> 100 |  |  | $\xrightarrow{112,6} 1$ | (13,9, | 年16.0. | (10,6 | $\xrightarrow{118,4} 1$ |  |  | \|ces | , 110.3 | , 2120.5 | (20.3 |
| Nondurable gooss |  | 1079 | 1078 | 12.6 |  | 17.2 | 109.1 | 128.4 | 10.6 | 107 | 1083 | 110.4 | 112.4 | 1133 | 114.3 | 114.7 | 14.6 | 118.1 | 119.4 | 121.0 | 12.5 |
| Food ${ }_{\text {cold }}$ |  | 1096 | 112.20 | 117 | ${ }^{122}$ | 22.8 | 10,8, | 1103 | 120.00 | (12, 10.3 | , 11.4 |  | 117.5 |  | ${ }_{1128}^{1128}$ |  | 121.0 | ${ }^{1235}$ | 1249 | 128.8 |  |
| Casinin and |  | 9,9,0 | , 16.5 | cin | $7{ }^{7}$ | , | cis. | S | , | S |  | ${ }^{7}$ | $\left[\left.\begin{array}{l} 12,7,5 \\ 120,7 \end{array} \right\rvert\,\right.$ | ${ }^{820} 1$ | $\begin{gathered} \substack{182.5 \\ 18.5 \\ 1237} \end{gathered}$ | ${ }^{1725}$ | ${ }^{2} 12.90$ | sid | 年, |  | - ${ }^{29}$ |
|  | ${ }_{12}^{11}$ | ${ }^{2} 9.95$ | ${ }^{126.5}$ | cin 12.6 |  | , | cis. | [8, | $\xrightarrow{120.9} 1$ | $\xrightarrow{721.4}$ | cisi, |  |  | ${ }^{1285} 18$ | 128.9, |  |  | $\xrightarrow{\substack{12,5 \\ 135 \\ 1}}$ |  | , | ${ }^{80.2}$ |
| vices... |  | 1172 | 133.1 |  |  |  |  | 12.8 |  | 123.8 | 125.4 | 1270 | 122.5 | 13.2 | 13.9 | 13.2 | 13.7 | 136.2 | 138.1 | 139.8 | 14.2 |
|  | -18 | $\|1177\|$ | ${ }^{1243}$ | ${ }_{1183}^{13,0}$ |  |  |  | 1218, |  | ${ }_{12185}^{12,5}$ | 12.6 | ${ }_{12,78}^{1278}$ | ${ }_{1289}^{128.2}$ |  | 1327. | ${ }^{134,} 18$. | lis, | ${ }^{1377} 1$ | 138.9 | 10, |  |
| fricty an | $1{ }_{17}$ | ${ }^{1114.9}$ | 112, | $\begin{aligned} & 112929 \\ & 12129 \\ & 129 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 114.0 | ${ }_{12,53}^{12,5}$ |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{1125} 1$ |  |  | ${ }_{122}^{122,1}$ | $1$ |  |  | 115.5 |
| Sonaion..20 | -18 | 120.4. | ${ }^{112}$ | ${ }^{1220.4}$ |  |  | +130.7 | ${ }^{1129} 12$ |  | ${ }^{112,3} 1$ |  | \|lis | ${ }_{1}^{13,9}$ | ${ }^{192} 26$ | , 124.4 |  | 43, |  | ${ }^{1288.5}$ |  |  |
|  |  | 115.7 |  | 132.2 |  |  | 117. | 119, |  |  | 126,4 | 128.9 | 131.2 | 33.5 | 135.1 | 138.3 | 37,2 | 38.2 |  | 141.5 |  |

Table 7.10.-Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes for Personal Consumption Expenditures by Type of Product, 1982 Weights
[Index numbers, 1982=100]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Personal consumption expenditures. |  | 112.2 |  |  | 125.9 |
| Durable good | 2 | 105.2 | 106.5 | 110.3 | 112.9 |
| Motor vehicles |  | 108.6 | 110.9 | 116.5 | . 6 |
| New autos (65) |  |  | 113.5 |  |  |
| Net purchases of used auto |  | 121. | 118 |  |  |
| Other motor vehiciess (67). |  | 110 | 115 | 1178 |  |
| Tires, tubes, accessories, and other |  |  | 94.3 |  | 8.2 |
| Furniture and household equipment........................... | ${ }_{9}^{8}$ | 100.7 | 100.9 | 102 | 103.8 |
| Furniture, including matresses and bedsprings (29) |  | 107.5 | 103 | , |  |
| Kitchen and other household appliances (30) |  | 10 | 10 | 100 |  |
| China, glassware, tableware, and utensils (31) | 10 | 102.5 | 105 |  | 110 |
| Radio and television receivers, records, and m |  | 87.9 | 84 | 83.0 | 82.2 |
| Other durable house furnishings (32) | 13 | 3.0 | 109.2 | 111.6 |  |
| Other........................................................ | 14 | 106.3 | 108.0 | 112.7 | 118 |
|  |  | 111.1 | 114 | 121.3 |  |
| Wheel goods, durable toys, sports equipment, boats, and pleasure aircraft (86). | 16 | 104.5 | 104.7 | 106.8 | 110.7 |
| Jewelry and watches (18) $\qquad$ <br> Books and maps (83) $\qquad$ | 18 | . 0 | 101.9 | 109.7 |  |
|  |  | . 7 | 125.7 | 128.8 |  |
| ondurable | 19 | 107.9 | 107.8 | 112.6 | 117.2 |
|  | 20 |  |  |  |  |
| Food purchased for off-premise consumption (3) <br> Purchased meals and beverages (4) | 21 | 106.5 | 109.4 | 114.6 |  |
|  | 22 | 113. |  |  |  |
| Food furnished employees (including military) and food produced and consumed on farms ( $5+6$ ). | 23 | 111.0 | 114.8 | 119 | 124 |
| Addenda: Food excluding alcoholic beverages(8).................. | 24 | 108 |  |  |  |
| Alcoholic beverages purchased for off-premise | 25 | 108 | 112 | 115.0 |  |
| Other alcoholic beverag | 26 | 117.1 | 124.9 | 130.1 | 137. |
| Clothing and shoes $\qquad$ <br> Shoes (12), <br>  <br> Men's and boys' clothing and accessories except shoes ( $15+16$ ). |  | 106 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 103 | 102 | 1105.9 |  |
|  |  | 106.5 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 116 |
| Gasoline and oil (70) | 31 | 96.0 | 75.4 | 78.3 | 79.1 |
| Fuel oil and coal (40) | 32 | 94.3 | 76.3 | 76.6 | 76.8 |
| Other $\qquad$ <br> Tobacco products (7) | 33 | 116.5 | 121.7 | 127.6 |  |
|  | 32343536 | 134.8 | 144.0 | 154.3 |  |
| Semidurable house furnishings (33)...................................... |  | 113.1 113.7 | 116.9 | 119.7 | ${ }_{121}^{124}$ |
|  | 3637 | 113.7 110.1 | 116.4 | ${ }_{12}^{120.7}$ | ${ }_{120}^{121}$ |
| Cleaning and polishing preparations, and miscellaneous household supplies and paper products (34). |  | 110.1 | 112 | 116.3 | 120 |
| Drug preparations and sundries (4) | 404142 |  | 133.2 |  |  |
| Nondurable toys and sport supplies |  |  | 100.0 | 102 |  |
| Stationery and writing |  | 110.2 | 111.8 | ${ }^{113.3}$ |  |
| Net forevign remittanc |  | 100.6 | 129.9 |  |  |
| Other ( $84+89$ ) |  | 114.1 | 118.0 | 122.5 | 126.7 |
| Services | 43 | 117.2 | 123.1 | 129.4 |  |
| Housing | 44 | 117.7 | 124 |  |  |
| Owner-occupied nonfarm dwellings-space rent (24) <br> Tenant-occupied nonfanm dwellings-rent (25) <br> Rental value of farm dwellings (26)... <br> Other (27) |  | 118.1 | 125.3 | 131.4 |  |
|  | + ${ }^{46}$ | 120.2 | 127.9 |  | 138. |
|  |  | 93.2 | 85.8 | 82.7 | 87.7 |
|  |  | 120.7 | 126.0 |  | 141.6 |
|  | 4950 | 115.8 | 118.3 | 118.3 | 119 |
|  |  | 113.7 | 115.3 | 114.9 | 1 |
| Electricity (37) <br> Gas (38) $\qquad$ | 50 <br> 51 <br> 52 | 117.1 | 111.4 | 106 | 10 |
|  |  |  | 128 |  |  |
|  | 53 | 119.8 | 125.6 | 124 | 2 |
|  | 5 | 102.5 | 103.7 |  | 10 |
| Transporation | 55 | 113.1 | 121 | 127.0 | 133.2 |
|  | 5 | 109. | 113 | 120.4 | 126.6 |
| User-operated transportation ( $69+71+72$ ) <br> Purchased local transportation. |  | 110.3 | 118.2 | 126.8 | , |
|  |  | 110.3 | 12. | 121 | 12 |
| Purchased local transportation | 59 | 113.3 | 122.8 | 125.9 |  |
|  |  | 107 | 111 | 1 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 13 |
|  | ${ }_{63}^{62}$ | 126.4 | 139.4 | 136 | ${ }_{142.1}^{139.1}$ |
|  | 64 | 103.8 | 19.6 | 97.5 | 104.0 |
|  | 65 | 116.5 | 123.4 | 127.7 | 130.1 |
| Medical care |  | 121.6 | 127.6 | 135 | 144.5 |
|  | 68 | 121.9 | 130.8 | 140 | 150 |
|  |  | 12 | 12 | 138.2 | 147.6 |
| Other professional services (49) $\qquad$ Privately controlled hospitals and sanitariums (50) | ${ }^{69}$ | 118.5 | 12 | 128.9 | ${ }^{136.4}$ |
|  | 70 | 118.6 | 12 | 129.2 | 187 |
| Privately controlled hospitals and sanitaniums (50) <br> Health insurance (51) | 71 |  | 15 |  | 180.4 |
| Other | 74 | 115.7 | 123.0 | 132.2 | 137 |
|  |  | 115.2 | 119.4 | 124 | 129.0 |
| Cleaning, storage, and repair of clothing and shoes (17)..........Barbershops, beauty parlors, baths, and health clubs $(22) . . . .$. |  | 116.4 | 121.2 | 126 | 132.0 |
|  | 75 | 113.9 | 117.5 | 121.4 | 126.1 |
| Other (19). | 76 | 116 | 121.2 | 126 | 131.6 |
| Personal business |  | 123 | 134.1 |  |  |
|  |  | 955.7 | 96.0 | 101.2 | 1559 |
| Bank service charges, trust services, and safe deposit box rental (57). |  | 132.2 | 141.0 | 149.5 | 159 |
| Services furnished without payment by financial intermediaries except life insurance carriers and private noninsured pension plans (58). <br> Other $(59+60+61+62)$ | 80 | 126.1 | 142.3 | 169.4 | 175.0 |
|  |  | 124.4112.4 | 13 | 142.4 | 150.2 |
| ecreation | 81 |  | 116 | 120.7 |  |
| Admissions to |  | 120 | 126.2 |  | ${ }_{122}^{140.2}$ |
| Private educario | 85 | 113 | 117 | 122.0 |  |
| Higher education (99) | 86 | 118. | 123 | 129. | 134.7 |
| Elementary and second | 87 | 112.3 | 115.2 | 120.3 | 126.8 |
| Other (101) | 88 | 108.1 | 110.7 | 115.1 | 121.5 |
| Religious and welfare activities (102). | 89 | 109.2 | 12.31 | 116.9 | 123.1 |
| forei | 90 | -9.5 | 45.7 | 67.6 | 111.3 |

Note.-The figures in parentheses are the line numbers of the corresponding items in table 2,4

Table 7.11.-Implicit Price Deflators for Personal Consumption Expenditures
[Index numbers, 1982=100]

| Year and month | Personal consumption expenditures | Durable goods | Nondurable goods | Services |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1985 ............................. | 111.6 | 104.8 | 107.5 | 116.8 |
| 1986 ........................... | 114.3 | 105.6 | 107.3 | 122.4 |
| 1987 ............................. | 119.8 | 108.1 | 112.1 | 129.0 |
|  | 124.5 | 110.1 | 116.3 | 134.9 |
| 1985 |  |  |  |  |
| January.......................... | 109.8 | 104.5 | 105.8 | 114.3 |
| February...................... | 110.0 | 104.5 | 106.0 | 114.6 |
| March.......................... | 110.7 | 105.4 | 107.0 | 115.1 |
| April........................... | 110.8 | 104.5 | 107.3 | 115.3 |
| May............................ | 111.2 | 105.2 | 107.4 | 116.0 |
| June............................. | 111.6 | 104.7 | 107.6 | 116.5 |
| July ............................. | 111.8 | 104.7 | 107.8 | 116.8 |
| August............................ | 112.0 | 104.8 | 107.6 | 117.4 |
| September..................... | 112.3 | 105.2 | 107.8 | 118.0 |
| October........................ | 112.7 | 104.8 | 108.1 | 118.6 |
| November..................... | 113.1 | 104.6 | 108.7 | 119.0 |
| December..................... | 113.5 | 104.8 | 109.2 | 119.3 |
| 1986 |  |  |  |  |
| January........................ | 113.8 | 105.3 | 109.3 | 119.8 |
| February........................ | 113.4 | 104.9 | 107.9 | 120.0 |
| March....................... | 113.1 | 104.7 | 106.6 | 120.4 |
| April........................... | 113.1 | 104.9 | 105.9 | 121.1 |
| May............................ | 113.5 | 105.2 | 106.4 | 121.5 |
| June............................ | 113.9 | 105.1 | 106.6 | 122.1 |
| July ............................. | 114.2 | 105.5 | 106.7 | 122.6 |
| August......................... | 114.6 | 106.0 | 107.0 | 123.2 |
| September...................... | 115.2 | 106.7 | 107.5 | 123.9 |
| October ........................ | 115.5 | 105.8 | 107.5 | 124.6 |
| November ..................... | 115.8 | 105.7 | 107.7 | 124.9 |
| December...................... | 116.1 | 106.9 | 108.1 | 125.1 |
| 1987 |  |  |  |  |
| January........................ | 117.1 | 106.2 | 109.3 | 126.1 |
| February........................ | 117.6 | 106.7 | 110.0 | 126.6 |
| March........................... | 118.1 | 107.0 | 110.7 | 127.0 |
| April............................. | 118.7 | 107.4 | 111.4 | 127.6 |
| May............................. | 119.2 | 107.5 | 111.8 | 128.2 |
| June............................. | 119.7 | 108.2 | 112.4 | 128.7 |
| July ............................. | 119.9 | 108.3 | 112.4 | 129.1 |
| August.......................... | 120.5 | 108.9 | 112.8 | 129.7 |
| September..................... | 121.1 | 109.1 | 113.2 | 130.5 |
| October ........................ | 121.5 | 109.0 | 113.6 | 131.0 |
| November ..................... | 121.9 | 109.1 | 113.8 | 131.6 |
| December....................... | 121.9 | 109.1 | 113.8 | 131.7 |
| 1988 |  |  |  |  |
| January........................ | 122.2 | 109.5 | 113.8 | 132.3 |
| February....................... | 122.3 | 109.1 | 113.8 | 132.7 |
| March.......................... | 122.8 | 109.3 | 114.5 | 133.1 |
| April............................ | 123.5 | 109.3 | 115.5 | 133.7 |
| May.............................. | 124.0 | 109.6 | 116.0 | 134.3 |
| June.............................. | 124.2 | 109.8 | 116.3 | 134.6 |
| July ............................. | 124.7 | 109.8 | 116.8 | 135.1 |
| August........................... | 125.0 | 110.3 | 116.9 | 135.5 |
| September ..................... | 125.7 | 110.4 | 117.7 | 136.2 |
| Ottober ........................ | 126.2 | 110.9 | 118.1 | 136.7 |
| November ..................... | 126.4 | 110.9 | 118.1 | 137.3 |
| December...................... | 126.9 | 111.7 | 118.5 | 137.9 |
| 1989 |  |  |  |  |
| January........................ | 127.7 | 111.7 | 119.5 | 138.7 |
| February ........................ | 127.9 | 111.3 | 119.7 | 138.9 |
| March.......................... | 128.6 | 110.7 | 121.0 | 139.5 |
| April........................... | 129.4 | 111.0 | 122.8 | 140.0 |
| May............................ | 129.9 | 110.9 | 123.6 | 140.4 |
| June.............................. | 130.1 | 111.1 | 123.4 | 140.8 |

Table 7.12.-Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes for Purchases of Structures by Type, 1982 Weights
[Index numbers, 1982=100]

| [Index numbers, 1982=100] |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Purchases of structures |  |
| Private.................................................................................................. |  |
| Nonresidential |  |
| New................... |  |
| Nonresidential buildings, excluding farm $\qquad$ Industrial |  |
|  |  |
| Commercial............................................................... |  |
| Religious, educational, hospital and institutional, and other ${ }^{1}$. |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Telephone and telegraph. |  |
| Electric light and power Gas |  |
|  |  |
| Petroleum pipelines ................................................................................................... |  |
| Farm........................ |  |
| Mining exploration, shafts, and wells................................... |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Other ${ }^{2}$.................................................. |  |
| Brokers' commissions on sale of structures $\qquad$ Net purchases of used structures. $\qquad$ |  |
|  |  |
| Residential .... |  |
| New...................................................................................... |  |
| Nonfarm............. |  |
| Structures ........... |  |
| Mobile homes. |  |
| Additions and alterations .......................... |  |
| Major replacements Other ${ }^{3}$ |  |
|  |  |
| Farm........ |  |
| Brokers' commissions on sale of structures $\qquad$ Net purchases of used structures. |  |
| Government structures and new construction force-account compensation. |  |
| New............................................................................... |  |
| Buildings, excluding military $\qquad$ <br> Residential $\qquad$ <br> Industrial, educational, hospital and other ${ }^{4}$. |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Highways and streets $\qquad$ <br> Military facilities <br> Conservation and development. |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Sewer and water systems <br> Sewer systems <br> Water supply facilities Other ${ }^{s}$ |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Net purchases of used structures............................................... |  |



1. Consists of hotels and motels, buildings used primarily for social and recreational activities, and 2. Consists of streets, danis and reservoirs sewer and water facilities, parks, aifields hosp
2. Consists of streets, dan1s and reservoirs, sewer and water facilities, parks,
3. Consists of general office buildings, police and fire stations, courthouses, auditoriums, garages, passenger
4. Consists of electric and gas facilities, transit systems, airfields, etc.

Table 7.13.-Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes for Private Purchases of Producers' Durable Equipment by Type, 1982 Weights
[Index numbers, 1982=100]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Private purchases of producers' durable equipment.......... | 1 | 102.6 | 105.8 |  | 110.0 |
| Nonresidential equipment.. | 2 | 102.6 | 105.9 | 107.8 | 110.2 |
| Information processing and related equipment. | 34 |  |  |  |  |
| Office, computing, and accounting machinery... |  | 65.6 | 59.0 | 54.0 | 52.4 |
| Communication equipment ....... | 456 | $\underset{112.5}{112.5}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 115.3 \\ & 1144 \end{aligned}$ | 118.1117.3 | 121.3 |
| Instruments |  |  |  |  |  |
| Photocopy and related equipment.. | 7 | 89.6 | 92.6 | 95.5 | 96.6 |
| Industrial equipment. | 8 |  |  | 99.9 |  |
| Fabricated metal products. | 10 | 100.5 | 100.4 |  |  |
| Engines and turbines. |  | 98.9 | 103.1111.7 | 115.2 | 104.2 110.0 |
| Metalworking machinery | 1112 | 106.4 |  |  | 119.0 |
| Special industry machinery, n.e.c. |  | $10.2$ | 118.7 | 125.1 | 131.0120.6 |
| General industrial, including materials handling, equipment | 12 |  | 111.2 | 115.3 |  |
| Electrical transmission, distribution, and industrial apparatus...... | 14 | 109.2 | 111.2 | 113.1 | 120.6 115.0 |
| Transportation and relared equipment. | 15 |  |  |  |  |
| Trucks, buses, and truck trailers .. |  | 110.8 | 116.3 | 116.9 | 119.1 |
| Autos.... | 17 | 94.2 | 112.0 | 118.8 | 118.4 |
| Aircraft.. | 18 | 104.2 | 105.1 | 107.2 | 108.9 |
| Ships and boats ... | 19 | 104.9 | 105.7 | 106.9 | 111.7 |
| Railroad equipment. | 20 | 105.3 | 106.6 | 105.9 | 108.4 |
| Other equipment. | 21 |  |  |  |  |
| Furniture and fixtures... |  | 111.1 | 114.9 | 118.7 | 125.1 |
| Tractors.. | 22 | 108.9 | 111.9 | 114.3 | 116.6 |
| Agricultural machinery, except tractors. | 24 | 110.7 | 112.7 | $\begin{aligned} & 113.8 \\ & 118.5 \end{aligned}$ | 115.8123.3 |
| Construction machinery, except tractors.. | 25 | 108.9 | 113.1 |  |  |
| Mining and oilfield machinery........ | 2627 | 99.6 | 97.5 | 97.0 | 101.2113.5 |
| Service industry machinery ..... |  | 107.4 | 109.6 | 110.7 |  |
| Elecrical equipment, n.e.c... | 28 | 105.1 | $\begin{aligned} & 105.1 \\ & 111.9 \end{aligned}$ | 107.7115.4 | 109.5119.9 |
| Other... |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less: Sale of equipment scrap, excluding autos.. | 30 | 118.0100.0 | 115.399.7 | 137.399.9 | 185.9100.4 |
| Residential equipment. |  |  |  |  |  |

n.e.c. Not elsewhere classified.

Table 7.14.-Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes for Exports and Imports of Goods and Services, 1982 Weights


Table 7.15.-Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes for Merchandise Exports and Imports by Type of Product and by End-Use Category, 1982 Weights
[Index numbers, 1982=100]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1985 | 1986 |  |  |  | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  | 1989 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | 11 | III | Iv | 1 | 11 |
| Merchandise exports. | 1 | 98.6 | 96.3 | 97.4 | 104.1 | 97.5 | 97.7 | 96.8 | 95.4 | 95.3 | 96.1 | 96.9 | 97.8 | 98.6 | 100.7 | 102.8 | 106.2 | 106.3 | 106.1 | 106.4 |
| Foods, feeds, and beveras | 2 | 95.6 | 87.9 | 82.1 | 99.6 | 89.9 | 93.1 | 91.8 | 84.8 | 82.4 | 81.7 | 81.4 | 82.0 | 83.3 | 88.2 | 94.0 | 109.0 | 108.3 | 106.8 | 104.7 |
| Industrial supplies and materials... | 3 | 95.7 | ${ }_{91.6}$ | 95.5 | 104.1 | ${ }^{95.0}$ | 94.7 | ${ }_{91} 9.9$ | 90.3 | 89.7 | ${ }_{918} 91.8$ | 94.4 | ${ }_{96} 96.8$ | 98.5 | 101.2 | 103.4 | 105.8 | 105.7 | 104.4 | 104.9 |
| Durable gods..... | ${ }_{5}^{4}$ | ${ }_{959.7} 9$ | ${ }_{91.6}^{91.6}$ | ${ }_{95.4}$ | 104.0 | ${ }_{95.0}$ | 94.7 | 91.9 91.9 | 90.3 | 89.7 | ${ }_{91.8}^{91.8}$ | 94.4 | 96.8 | 98.5 | 101.2 | 103.4 | 105.8 | 105.7 | 104.4 | 104.9 |
| Capital goods, except autos | 6 | 99.4 | 99.0 | 100.3 | 102.6 | 98.7 | 98.4 | 98.7 | 99 | 99.6 | 100.2 | 100.2 | 100.3 | 100.1 | 101.2 | 102.2 | 102.8 | 103.4 | 103.7 | 104.5 |
| Autos. | 7 | 108.9 | 111.4 | 113.3 | 115.6 | 109.8 | 110.3 | 111.4 | 111.8 | 112.3 | 112.6 | 113.3 | 113.4 | 113.8 | 113.7 | 114.3 | 116.9 | 117.6 | 118.5 | 119.1 |
| Consumer | 8 | 99.6 | 103.4 | 107.1 | 111.7 | 99.9 | 101.8 | 102.7 | 103.2 | 105.7 | 105.9 | 106.4 | 107.2 | 108.7 | 110.7 | 111.1 | 111.8 | 113.1 | 115.8 | 117.0 |
| Durable goods...... | 10 | $\begin{array}{r}93.8 \\ 104.1 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 99.0. 106 | 111.7 | 106.4 1159 | 94.4 | 97.4 | 106.7 | -98.7 | 101.8 | 101.3 | 1100.6 | 111.3 | 103.2 | 104.5 | 1155 | 107.3 | 107.8 | 110.1 | 12120 |
| Nondurable goods. | 10 | 104.1 101.1 | ${ }_{95.8}^{106.9}$ | 11.4. | 1151.9 | ${ }_{100.1}^{104.2}$ | 107.6 | 106.6 | 106.8 94.9 | 108.8 94.4 | ${ }^{1095.5}$ | 111.0 | 111.9 96.0 | ${ }_{9}^{113.0}$ | 115.5 | 1150.4 | ${ }_{103.3}^{115.3}$ | 1172.2 | 1202.2 | 120.8 |
| Durable goods. | 12 | 101.1 | 93.4 | 92.4 | 94.2 | 100.1 | 95.2 | 93.7 | 92.4 | 92.4 | 92.2 | 92.7 | 92.1 | 92.6 | 92.1 | 94.5 | 96.3 | 93.8 | 94.2 | 95.2 |
| Nondurable goods.. | 13 | 101.1 | 98.3 | 99.8 | 107.7 | 100.1 | 100.0 | 99.3 | 97.5 | 96.5 | 98.2 | 99.4 | 99.9 | 101.7 | 103.8 | 106.2 | 110.2 | 110.5 | 110.2 | 110.5 |
| Merchandise imports. | 14 | 92.5 | 87.8 | 95.1 | 99.5 | 93.4 | 91.4 | 86.2 | 85.9 | 87.9 | 91.4 | 94.4 | 96.0 | 97.2 | 98.1 | 99.7 | 99.1 | 99.8 | 102.5 | 104.4 |
| Foods, feeds, and beverages... | 15 | 97.8 | 104.9 | 103.6 | 109.9 | 97.7 | 103.7 | 106.9 | 103.0 | 106.2 | 102.9 | 101.0 | 104.3 | 106.2 | 109.1 | 109.6 | 110.3 | 110.6 | 109.9 | 107.9 |
| Industrial supplies and materials, excluding petroleum. | 17 |  |  |  |  | 85.7 | 84.9 | 83.7 | ${ }_{84}^{84.0}$ | 84.9 | 85.3 | 88.3 | 92.7 | 94.3 | 999.9 | 103.7 | 105.2 | 107.4 | 110.1 |  |
| Durable goods...... Nondurable goods. | 17 | 87.4 | 84.3 | 90.4 90.0 | 104.1 | 855.7 | 85.9 | 833.7 | 84.1 83.9 | 85.7 | ${ }_{85.1}^{85.4}$ | 88.5 | 92.9 | ${ }_{94.1}^{94.5}$ | 100.1 99.8 | 103.8 1036 | 105.2 | 107.4 | 110.0 110.1 | 109.9 110.0 |
| Petroleum and products. | 19 | 84.9 | 45.5 | 54.9 | 45.6 | 84.2 | 68.9 | 42.2 | 36.6 | 40.7 | 50.2 | 55.5 | 57.7 | 55.4 | 48.4 | 48.3 | 45.2 | 40.8 | 49.4 | 58.2 |
| Capitai goods, except autos... | 20 | -90.7 | 118.3 | 129.0 | 115.3 | ${ }^{93} 10.8$ | 96.4 | 117 | 12022 | 103.2 | 107.0 | 109.5 | 108.2 | 111.7 | 113.7 | 115.2 | 114.6 | 118.0 | 117.6 |  |
| ${ }_{\text {Autos }}$ Conser | $\stackrel{21}{22}$ | 107.0 <br> 98.5 | 118.7 | ${ }_{115.0}^{125}$ | ${ }_{123.1}^{132.4}$ | 110.2 | ${ }^{114.6} 1$ | 117.7 105.3 | ${ }^{1208.1}$ | 122.3 108.3 | 123.7 111.5 | 125.8 114.2 | 125.8 | 118.5 | 130.1 121.6 | 131.7 | 1332.4 | 124.4 | 1355 | 134.0 125.8 |
| Durable goods. | 23 | 94.9 | 104.3 | 111.8 | 119.2 | 97.0 | 100.4 | 103.1 | 106.5 | 105.8 | 1093 | 111.1 | 112.0 | 114.7 | 177.5 | 120.1 | 118.4 | 120.6 | 121.0 | 121.0 |
| Onendurable goods. | $\begin{array}{r}24 \\ 25 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}103.7 \\ 96.6 \\ \hline 9\end{array}$ | 109.1 | 119.5 | 128.7 | 105.2 98.2 | 1070 | 108.4 | 110.4 | 110.5 | 114.6 | 118.7 | 120.7 | 1123.9 | 1127 | 128.8 | 128.7 | 129.9 | 131.1 | ${ }^{1322}$ |
| Durable goods. | 26 | 96.6 | 103.1 | 1103 | 119.2 | 98.2 | 100.5 | 102.4 | 104.2 | 105.4 | 107.1 | 109.7 | 111.1 | 113.3 | 116.7 | 119.0 | 119.2 | 121.7 | 122.5 | 122.2 |
| Nondurable goods. | 27 | 96.6 | 103.1 | 110.3 | 119.2 | 98.2 | 100.5 | 102.4 | 104.2 | 105.4 | 107.1 | 109.7 | 111.1 | 113.3 | 116.7 | 119.0 | 119.2 | 121.7 | 122.5 | 122.2 |

Table 7.16.-Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes for Government Purchases of Goods and Services by Type, 1982 Weights
[Index numbers, 1982=100]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1985 | 1986 |  |  |  | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  | 1989 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | IV | 1 | II | III | Iv | I | II | III | Iv | I | II | III | IV | 1 | II |
| Government purchases of goods and services $\qquad$ <br> Federal $\qquad$ | 1 | 113.2 | 115.5 | 119.6 | 125.1 | 114.4 | 114.9 | 115.1 | 115.4 | 116.6 | 118.0 | 119.0 | 120.2 | 121.3 | 123.1 | 124.4 | 125.9 | 126.9 | 129.4 | 130.5 |
|  | 2 | 11.4 | 110.6 | 113.3 | 117.9 | 111.0 | 110.9 | 110.5 | 110.0 | 110.7 | 112.1 | 113.0 | 113.6 | 114.5 | 116.3 | 117.4 | 118.7 | 119.3 | 122.3 | 122.7 |
|  | 3445 | 110.5 | 111.1 | 113.8 | 117.9 | 111.4 | 111.3 | 110.8 | 110.5 | 111.6 | 12.7 | 113.5 | 114.1 | 114.9 | 116.6 | 117.7 | 118.3 | 119.0 | 122.0 | 122.4 |
|  |  | 110.6 | 10.5 | 108.3 | 11093 | 108.9 | 108.1 | 109.2 | 109.5 | 11.2 | 108.2 | 108.0 | 108.5 | 108.4 | 108.2 | 109.1 | 109.6 | 110.1 | 12.2 | 1212.8 |
|  | 5 | 88.0 112.9 | 67.7 116.1 | ${ }^{68.1}$ | 125.9 | 87.3 114.9 | 84.6 115.3 | 115.8 | ${ }^{58.6}$ | 199.8 | ${ }^{63.1} 1$ | ${ }_{120.3}^{69}$ | ${ }^{69.2}$ | 122.0 | 7124 124 | 125.6 | 125.7 | 74.7 | 74.9 130.5 | 75.3 130.9 |
| Compensation of employees | 9 | 114.2 | 116.9 | 121.7 | 127.2 | 116.3 | 116.6 | 116.9 | 116.9 | 117.3 | 120.9 | 121.7 | 121.7 | 122.6 | 126.2 | 127.2 | 127.5 | 127.7 | 133.1 | 133.5 |
| Military . |  | 113.6 | 117.0 | 121.2 | 126.7 | 116.4 | 116.6 | 117.0 | 116.9 | 117.3 | 120.6 | 121.1 | 121.1 | 122.0 | 125.6 | 126.7 | 127.1 | 127.3 | 132.6 | 132.8 |
| Civilian..... | 91111 | 115.6 | 116.9 | 128.9 | ${ }_{123.2}^{128.1}$ | ${ }_{112.1}^{112}$ | ${ }_{112.8}^{116.6}$ | 1116.7 | 117.0 | 117.4 <br> 116.4 | 1121.7 | 122.9 117.4 | ${ }_{112.1}^{123.0}$ | 123.9 | 127.6 | 128.1 | 128.2 | 128.3 | 134.1 | 134.9 |
| Other services Stuctures........ |  | 1108.8 | 117.4 | 120.4 | 124.2 | 113.6 | 116.0 | 116.9 | 117.3 | 118.5 | 120.0 | 118.7 | 121.1 | 12.9 | ${ }_{121.6}$ | 122.6 | 123.8 | 128.8 | 130.8 | 126.0 131.3 |
| Nondefense $\qquad$ | 13 | 110.0 | 109.4 | 112.0 | 118.0 | 110.1 | 110.0 | 109.9 | 109.0 | 108.7 | 110.6 | 111.6 | 112.5 | 113.4 | 115.6 | 116.7 | 119.7 | 120.0 | 123.0 | 123.2 |
|  |  | 99.3 | 99.8 | 99.6 | 101.6 | 99.7 | 99.7 | 99.6 | 99.7 | 100.1 | 99.8 | 99.7 | 99.1 | 99.6 | 100.0 | 101.3 | 101.7 | 103.3 | 104.6 | 105.2 |
|  | 14 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other nondurables ............................... |  | 100.4 | 94.7 | 96.8 | 98.6 | 99.1 | 91.7 | 96.3 | 96.7 | 93.9 | 96.6 | 96.9 | 97.4 | 96.3 | 97.9 | 98.7 | 98.1 | 99.8 | 103.1 | 104.1 |
| Services................ | 17 17 | 113.7 | 115.7 | 120.1 | 124.2 | 114.4 | 115.0 | 115.6 | 115.9 | 116.3 | 118.9 | 119.9 | 120.5 | 121.0 | 123.3 | 124.1 | 124.5 | 124.9 | 128.9 | 129.9 |
| Compensation of employees. |  | 115.6 |  | 122.8 | 127.5 | 116.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 127.5 | 127.6 | 127.7 | 133.4 | 134.1 |
| Other services..... | 20 | 110.8 <br> 107.5 | 113.2 | 111.3 | ${ }_{115.2}^{119.2}$ | 111.7 | ${ }_{1}^{1129.4}$ | 1129 | 113.3 109.6 | 114.2 109.8 | 114.6 | 115.2 110.9 | 111.6 | ${ }_{112.3}^{117.0}$ | 117.6 113.7 | 118.5 | 1115.9 | ${ }_{11206}^{120.6}$ | 118.2 | 123.3 120.0 |
| State and local ...................................................................... | 21 | 115.3 | 119.2 | 124.3 | 130.4 | 117.0 | 117.8 | 118.4 | 119.4 | 121.0 | 122.3 | 123.5 | 125.1 | 126.4 | 128.1 | 129.6 | 131.2 | 132.6 | 134.7 | 136.4 |
| Durable goods... | 22 $\begin{aligned} & 23 \\ & 23 \\ & 24\end{aligned}$ | 106.4 | 108.4 | 110.6 | 113.4 | 107.1 | 107.3 | 108.1 | 108.5 | 108.7 | 109.9 | 110.4 | 110.8 | 111.1 | 111.8 | 112.9 | 114.0 | 115.0 | 116.2 | 116.9 |
| Nondurable goods. |  |  | 19.4 | 129.0 | 197.3 | 129.7 120.3 | 95.3 121.9 | 123.4 | 88.2 | 899.2 | 927.8 | 94.3 <br> 129.3 | ${ }_{130.9}^{96.2}$ | 136.5 | 935.8 | 136.1. | 1377.7 | 139.4 |  | 104.1 |
| Services.......iten of employees | 24 <br> 25 <br> 26 | 118.6 | 124.5 | 130.6 | 1378 | 120.6 | 122.2 | 123.8 | 125.2 | 127.5 | 128.7 | 130.0 | 131.7 | 133.4 | 135.6 | 137.3 | 139.0 | 140.8 | 142.7 | 144.5 |
| Other services. |  | 117.4 | 121.9 | 126.6 | 131.6 | 119.1 | 120.6 | 121.5 | 122.4 | 123.4 | 124.5 | 125.7 | 127.4 | 128.3 | 129.7 | 131.2 | 132.3 | 133.4 | 135.8 | 137.1 |
| Structures................................................................... | 27 | 110.8 | 112.9 | 114.5 | 119.6 | 112.4 | 112.7 | 112.6 | 113.3 | 112.9 | 113.4 | 113.8 | 115.0 | 115.9 | 117.6 | 118.7 | 120.4 | 121.3 | 122.9 | 124.3 |

Table 7.17.-Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes for National Defense Purchases of Goods and Services, 1982 Weights
[Index numbers, 1982=100]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1985 | 1986 |  |  |  | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  | 1989 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Iv | I | II | III | IV | 1 | II | III | IV | 1 | 11 | III | Iv | I | 11 |
| National defense purchases. | 1 | 110.5 | 111.1 | 113.8 |  | 111.4 | 111.3 | 110.8 | 110.5 | 111.6 | 112.7 | 113.5 | 114.1 | 114.9 | 116.6 | 117.7 | 118.3 | 119.0 | 122.0 | 122.4 |
| Durable goods ...................... |  | $110.6$ | 109.5 | 108.3 | 109 | 108.9 | 108.1 | 109.2 | 109.5 | 11.2 | 108.2 | 108.0 | 108.5 | 108.4 | 108.2 | 109.1 | 109.6 | 110.1 | 112.2 112.8 <br> 1138 114.2 |  |
| Military equipment... | 1 3 4 |  | 1116.8 | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} 110.1 \\ 109.9 \\ 114.4 \end{array}\right\|$ | 10.9 <br> 10.8 <br> 106.9 <br> 117.7 | 111.1119.0108.4 | 110.2 <br> 116.3 <br> 1 |  | 111.7 | $\begin{aligned} & 113.8 \\ & 114.3 \end{aligned}$ | 110.2 | 1110.2 | 110.3 | $\left.\begin{array}{\|c\|} 110.0 \\ 108.0 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | 109.8106.2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aircraft.. | ${ }_{5}^{4}$ | 112.8107.711451 |  |  |  |  |  | 11.4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10.8 | $\begin{aligned} & 111.0 \\ & 107.0 \end{aligned}$ | 110.6 | 110.5 | (114.2 |
| Missiles. | 57 |  | 118.3 | 120.9 | 125.6 <br> 89.8 | $\left.\begin{aligned} & 10.4 .6 \\ & 77.8 \end{aligned} \right\rvert\,$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 109.8 \\ 1177.9 \\ 77.1 \end{gathered}$ | 110.2 | 1130.1 |  | 20.0 | 118.2 | $\begin{gathered} 118.0 \\ 122.2 \\ 12.2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 118.1 \\ & 123.5 \\ & 10.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 117.1 \\ & 124.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\left.\begin{gathered} 117.4 \\ 126.6 \\ 90.6 \end{gathered} \right\rvert\,$ | 18.1187.391.0 | 130.2 1130.0 |  |
| Vehicles. |  | 17.4106.0 | 83.9 |  |  |  | 117.3 <br> 77.7 <br>  <br> 1 | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 77.1 \\ 10.1 \end{array}\right\|$ |  |  | 91.2 | 90.3 | 89.2 | 106.3 | 18.187.9107.7 | 89,5 |  |  |  |  |
| Electronic equipmen | 8 |  | 107.0 | $\begin{aligned} & 06.4 \\ & 08.2 \\ & 99.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 108.1 \\ & 111.9 \\ & 102.4 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 10.4 .4 \\ 105.5 \\ 98.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 106.8 \\ & 106.4 \end{aligned}$ | 107.6 | 107.5 105.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 90.6 108.1 | 109.2 |  |  |
| Other ......................... | 10 | 101.6 | $\begin{gathered} 105.9 \\ 99.3 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{ll} 9 & 108 . \\ 3 & 99 . \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 104.4 \\ 99.1 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | 105.2 99.6 | 107.5 98.9 | $\begin{gathered} 108.0 \\ 99.4 \end{gathered}$ |  | ${ }^{108.6}$ | 100.8 | 111.4 | 11123.3 |  | ${ }_{105.0}^{115.2}$ | 15.9 |
| Nondurable goods <br> Petroleum products. $\qquad$ <br> Ammunition <br> Other nondurable goods | $\begin{aligned} & 11 \\ & 12 \\ & 13 \\ & 13 \\ & 14 \end{aligned}$ | 88.0 | 67.7 | 68.1 | 73.9 | 87.3 | 84.6 | 67.9 | 58.6 | 59.8 | 63.1 | 69.2 | $69.2$ | 71.0 | 71.2 | 73.9 | 75.7 | 74.7 | 74.9 | 75.3 |
|  |  | 79.7 <br> 104.8 | 52.1 | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} 51.1 \\ 98.2 \\ 109.9 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{gathered} 58.2 \\ 98.9 \\ 115.5 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 79.8 \\ 100.1 \\ 106.3 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 52.3 \\ 94.6 \\ 107.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 39.0 \\ \left.\begin{array}{r} 92.9 \\ 197.2 \end{array} \right\rvert\, \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 39.7 \\ 96.3 \\ 108.4 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 43.5 \\ 101 . \\ 107.2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 52.0 \\ 101.0 \\ 10.1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 52.2 \\ 99.0 \\ 110.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 56.7 \\ 91.8 \\ 111.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 54.8 \\ 98.2 \\ 14.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 58.6 \\ 99.5 \\ 114.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 60.6 \\ 99.3 \\ 15.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 58.7 \\ 99.5 \\ 117.8 \end{array}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{\|c\|} 58.5 \\ 101.1 \\ 118.1 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | 59.1101.3118.0 |
|  |  | 105.8 | 94.4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Services $\qquad$ <br> Compensation of employees $\qquad$ <br> Military $\qquad$ | 15 | 112.9 | 116.1 | 120.7 | 125.8 | 114.9 | 115.3 | 115.8 | 116.2 | 117.0 | 119.6 | 120.3 | 120.8 | 122.0 | 124.6 | 125.6 | 126.0 | 126.9 | 130.5 | 130.9 |
|  | 16 | 114.2 <br> 113.6 <br> 115 <br> 15 | 116.9 <br> 117.0 | 121.7 | 127.2 | 116.3 | 116.6 | 116.9 | 116.9 | 117.3 | 120.9 | 121.7 | 121.7 | 122.6 | 126.2 | 127.2 | 127.5 | 127.7 | 133.1 | 133.5 |
|  | 17 |  |  | 121.2 | 126.7 | 116.4 | 116.6 | 117.0 | 116.9 | 17 | 120.6 | 121. | 12.1 | 122.0 | 125.6 | 126.7 | 127.1 | 127.3 | 132.6 | 132.8 |
| Civilian. | 18 | 115.6 | 116.9 | 122.9 | 128.1 | 116.1 | 116.6 | 1116.7 | 117.0 | 117.4 | 121.7 | 12.9 | 123.0 | 123.9 | 127.6 | 128.1 | 128.2 | 128.3 | 134.1 | 134.9 126.0 |
| Other services................................. Contractual reserch and development |  | 110.3 111.5 | 114.4 | 115.5 | 123.2 | 112.1 | 112.8 | 113.7 113.0 | 114.8 | 114.6 | 113.9 | 114.4 | 115.5 | 120.6 | 121.4 | 122.5 | 123.2 | ${ }_{122.1}^{125.5}$ | 125.5 | ${ }_{122.2}^{126.0}$ |
| Contracual research and development. | 21 | 115.3 | 120.5 | 126.8 | 130.6 | 117.0 | 118.4 | 119.1 | 120.9 | ${ }_{123.6}^{114.6}$ | 125.0 | 125.6 | 129.0 | 127.7 | 129.1 | 129.4 | ${ }_{1312}^{120}$ | 132.8 | ${ }_{132} 12.8$ | ${ }^{135.2}$ |
| Weapons support ${ }^{2}$, | 23 | 112.8 | 113.8 | 114.6 | 117.6 | 114.0 | 114.1 | 113.8 | 13.7 | 113.7 | 113.8 | 113.7 | 114.3 | 116.4 | 116.6 | 116.7 | 117.7 | 119.2 | 1199 | 120.1 |
| Personncl support ${ }^{3}$ | 23 | 110.3 | 129.1 | 146.0 | 156.5 | 119.5 | ${ }^{122.4}$ | 126.9 | 132.7 | 134.3 | 139.6 | 143.7 | 145.3 | 155.5 | 155.0 | 157.2 | 152.6 | 161.2 | 157.9 | 155.7 |
| Transportation of materiel | 24 | 87.8 101.9 | 90.3 102.4 | 92.5 103.7 | 94.6 107.2 | 85.5 <br> 102.8 | 85.9 101.3 | 91.3 | ${ }^{9} 102.1$ | $\begin{array}{r}92.8 \\ 104.2 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 104.3 | 19.0 | 91.7 | 94.8 | 93.6 | 92.3 | 93.4 | 99.0 | 99.8 | 100.0 111.3 |
| Travel of persons | 26 |  | 102.4 | 103.7 | 107.2 | 102.8 | 101.3 | 102.0 | 102.2 | 104.2 | 104.3 | 103.4 | 103.4 | 103,8 | 103.4 | 108.0 | 108.5 | 108.8 | 111.9 | 111.3 |
| Structures. | 27 | 108.8 | 117.2 | 120.4 | 124.2 | 113.6 | 116.0 | 116.9 | 117.3 | 18.5 | 120.0 | 118.7 | 121.1 | 121.9 | 121.6 | 122.6 | 123.8 | 128.8 | 130.8 | 131.3 |
| Military facilities... Other | ${ }_{29}^{28}$ | 108.9 1087 | 120.2 | 121.0 | ${ }_{1225}^{125}$ | 116.1 | 119.2 | 120.0 | 120.0 | 1214 | 122.8 | 119.1 | 121.1 | 121.1 | 121.4 | 123.0 | 124.5 | 132.3 | 132 | 132.5 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 122.6 |  | 11.1 | 12.3 | 113.4 | 114.2 | 115.8 | 118.1 | 121.1 | 122.9 | 121.8 | 122.0 | 122.9 | 123.6 | 128.4 | 129.5 |

1. Includes utilities, communications, rental payments, maintenance and repair, and payments to contractors to operate installations,
2. Includes depot maintenance and contracual services for weapons systems.
3. Includes compensation of foreign personnel, consulting, training, and education.

Table 7.18.-Current-Dollar Cost and Profit per Unit of Constant-Dollar Gross Domestic Product of Nonfinancial Corporate Business
[Dollars]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1985 | 1986 |  |  |  | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  | 1989 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Iv | I | 11 | III | Iv | I | 11 | III | IV | I | II | III | iv | 1 | 11 |
| Current-dollar cost and profit per unit of constant-dollar gross domestic product ${ }^{1}$. | 1 | 1.071 | 1.089 | 1.104 | 1.129 | 1.080 | 1.078 | 1.084 | 1.098 | 1.096 | 1.100 | 1.102 | 1.107 | 1.109 | 1.112 | 1.123 | 1.132 | 1.148 | 1.156 |  |
| Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment | 2 | . 119 | . 123 | . 123 | . 123 | . 120 | . 120 | . 123 | . 124 | . 124 | . 125 | . 124 | . 123 | . 122 | . 122 | . 122 | . 122 | . 124 | . 125 |  |
| Net domestic prodact... | 3 | . 951 | . 966 | . 981 | 1.006 | . 960 | 958 | . 961 | . 973 | . 971 | 975 | . 978 | . 984 | . 987 | . 989 | 1.001 | 1.009 | 1.024 | 1.031 |  |
| Indirect business tax and nontax liability plus business transfer payments less subsidies. | 4 | . 103 | . 106 | . 106 | . 107 | . 104 | . 106 | 104 | . 108 | . 106 | . 106 | . 106 | 107 | . 106 | . 106 | . 107 | . 108 | . 108 | 110 |  |
|  | 5 | .848 .704 | . 821 | . 875 | . 749 | ${ }^{.856}$ | . 812 | . 8157 | . 876 | . 8275 | . 731 | ${ }^{.871}$ | . 878 | . 8381 | . 732 | . 7440 | 7.901 | . 756 | . 768 |  |
| Corporate profits with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments. | 7 | . 106 | . 098 | . 098 | . 103 | . 106 | . 101 | . 098 | . 098 | . 096 | . 094 | . 098 | . 103 | . 098 | 102 | . 103 | . 102 | . 105 | . 096 |  |
|  | ${ }^{8}$ | . 033 | . 035 | . 041 | . 0449 | . 033 | . 033 | . 033 | . 034 | $.038$ | . 038 | $.041$ | . 044 | $.041$ | .041 | $.044$ | . 044 | . 045 | . 045 |  |
| Profits after tax with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments. <br> Net interest | 10 | .073 .038 | . 064 | . 058 | .059 .052 | . 072 | . 068 | . 065 | . 063 | . 058 | . 048 | .057 .046 | . 060 | . 057 | . 060 | . 059 | . 058 | . 061 | . 051 |  |

1. Equals the deflator for gross domestic product of nonfinancial corporate business with the decimal point shifted two places to the left.

## 8. Supplementary Tables

Table 8.1.-Percent Change From Preceding Period in Selected Series


Table 8.1.-Percent Change From Preceding Period in Selected Series-Continued

| [Percent] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1985 | 1986 |  |  |  | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  | 1989 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | 1 | III | IV | 1 | II |
| Nondefense: <br> Current dollars $\qquad$ | 81 | 26.0 | -7.6 | -2.1 | -4.0 | 21.3 | -48.0 | -. 4 | -31.3 | 24.5 | -2.7 | -14.3 | 5 | 37.6 | -50.2 | 13.1 | -33.6 | 383.9 | -19.2 | 4.5 |
| 1982 dollars...... | 82 | 22.8 | -7.7 | -9.3 | -9.4 | 9.8 | -50.3 | 3.9 | -39.4 | 85.5 | -30.4 | -38.3 | 0 | 54.9 | -63.5 | 33.9 | -24.3 | 231.3 | -5.7 | 21.2 |
| Implicit price deflator.. | 83 | 2.6 | -. 1 | 8.0 | 5.9 | 9.7 | 4.9 | -4.3 | 13.9 | -33.2 | 40.4 | 38.1 | 1.0 | -11.1 | 36.3 | -15.5 | $-12.3$ | 45.9 | -14.4 | -14.1 |
| Chain price index........ | 84 | 3.6 | -. 9 | 2.4 | 2.4 | -3.9 | . 7 | . 8 | -3.3 | . 6 | 6.0 | 3.4 | . 5 | $-.6$ | 7.2 | -. 8 | -16.7 | 4.2 | 11.8 | 4.1 |
| Fixed-weighted price index ............................................... | 85 | 1.0 | -. 6 | 2.4 | 5.4 | 1.2 | -. 6 | -. 1 | -3.5 | $-1.0$ | 7.1 | 3.9 | 3.0 | 3.5 | 8.0 | 3.8 | 10.6 | 1.2 | 10.4 | . 4 |
| State and local: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current dollars ................................................................................... | 86 | 9.5 | 8.6 | 7.7 | 7.9 | 7.2 | 10.1. | 7.4 | 8.1 | 7.8 | 9.0 | 5.5 | 7.7 | 8.0 | 9.0 3.7 | 8.2 | 5.6 | 9.7 5.7 | 8.2 | 7.0 |
| 1982 dollars ........................................................................................ | 87 | 4.7 4 | 5.5 <br> 3.0 | 3.4 | 3.2 4.5 | 3.2 3.9 | 7.5 2.4 | 5.9 1.4 | 5.0 2.7 | 2.5 | 4.6 4.1 | 1.5 4.0 | 2.5 5.0 | 4.0 3.9 | 3.7 5.2 | 3.4 4.5 | $\begin{array}{r}.9 \\ 4.8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 5.7 <br> 3.8 | 1.5 | 1.8 4.9 |
| Implicit price deflator.......................................................................... | 88 | 4.5 | 3.0 | 4.1 | 4.5 | 3.9 4.0 | 2.4 2.6 | 1.4 | 2.7 3.2 | 5.5 | 4.1 4.3 | 4.0 | 5.0 5.3 | 3.9 4.0 | 5.2 5.3 | 4.5 | 4.8 | 3.8 4.2 | 6.6 | 4.9 5.1 |
| Chain price index <br> Fixed-weighted price index | 89 90 | 4.7 4.7 | 3.2 | 4.2 | 4.7 4.9 | 4.0 | 2.6 3.0 | 2.7 | 3.2 3.3 | 5.2 | 4.3 4.3 | 4.0 4.0 | 5.3 5.3 | 4.0 | 5.3 | 4.9 | 4.7 4.8 | 4.4 | 6.6 6.4 | 5.1 |
| Addenda: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross domestic purchases: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 dollars ............................................................................... | 91 | 3.8 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 3.3 | 4.8 | 4.7 | 5 | 2.0 | 1.5 | 3.4 | 4.0 | 5.4 | 5.5 | . 7 | 3.0 | 3.4 | 2.5 | 1.8 | 1.4 |
| Chain price index ......................................................................... | 92 | 3.1 | 2.5 | 4.0 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 1.5 | 1.0 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 5.2 | 4.5 | 4.0 | 3.6 | 3.3 | 4.3 | 3.5 4.3 | 4.5 | 5.2 | 5.3 5.6 |
| Fixed-weighted price index .............................................................. | 93 | 3.3 | 2.6 | 4.1 | 4.2 | 4.0 | 1.8 | . 9 | 3.3 | 3.7 | 5.2 | 4.8 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 3.6 | 4.7 | 4.3 | 4.5 | 5.5 | 5.6 |
| Final sales: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 dollars ................................................................................ | 94 | 5.0 | 2.8 | 3.2 | 4.3 | 1.6 | 2.7 | 2.0 | 2.3 | 3.9 | 1.1 | 4.9 | 6.0 | 1.4 | 6.5 | 5.0 | 1.6 | 4.7 | 3.1 | 1.9 |
| Chain price index.......................................................................... | 95 | 3.4 | 2.5 | 3.5 | 3.7 | 3.3 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 3.1 | 2.7 | 4.1 | 3.8 | 3.7 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 4.1 | 4.6 | 5.0 |
| Fixed-weighted price index ........................................................... | 96 | 3.4 | 2.7 | 3.6 | 4.2 | 3.3 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.9 | 3.0 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 4.8 | 5.2 | 4.3 | 4.8 | 5.2 |
| Final sales to domestic purchasers: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 dollars .......................... | 97 | 5.4 | 3.5 | 2.7 | 3.2 | 3.5 | 1.0 | 4.2 | 3.4 | 3.1 | $-.7$ | 4.5 | 6.1 | . 4 | 3.0 | 4.4 | 1.8 | 4.5 | 1.2 | 1.7 |
| Chain price index ............................ | 98 | 3.2 | 2.5 | 4.0 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 1.6 | 1.0 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 5.2 | 4.5 | 4.0 | 3.6 | 3.3 | 4.3 | 3.4 | 4.4 | 5.3 | 5.3 |
| Fixed-weighted price index ............................................................... | 99 | 3.3 | 2.5 | 4.1 | 4.2 | 4.0 | 1.7 | 9 | 3.2 | 3.7 | 5.2 | 4.8 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 3.6 | 4.7 | 4.3 | 4.5 | 5.5 | 5.5 |
| Command-basis gross national product: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 dolfars .............................................................................................. | 100 | 3.3 | 2.8 | 3.0 3.8 | 4.5 3.3 | 2.4 | 6.7 7 | $-.5$ | 1.0 | . 9.9 | 4.2 4.3 | 3.4 4.6 | 5.4 <br> 2.8 | 6.0 3.1 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 4.3 3.0 | 5.2 | 3.5 4.3 | 4.6 |
| Implicit price deflator ............................................................................... | 101 | 3.1 | 2.4 | 3.8 | 3.3 | 3.7 | . 7 | 1.8 | 4.7 | 3.2 | 4.3 | 4.6 | 2.8 | 3.1 | 2.0 | 4.8 | 3.0 | 5.0 | 4.3 | 4.9 |
| Gross domestic product: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 dollars ............................................................................................................ | 102 103 | 3.6 3.1 | 2.9 | 3.8 3.2 | 4.4 3.3 | 2.7 | 6.8 .7 | -1.0 2.9 | .6 5.0 | 2.9 1.8 | 5.2 3.2 | 4.7 3.8 | 5.2 | 6.5 | 3.7 2.4 | 4.3 | 3.1 | 2.5 | 3.8 4.0 | 4.9 |
| Business: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 dollars... | 104 | 3.8 | 3.1 | 4.1 | 4.6 | 2.8 | 7.6 | -1.5 | . 4 | 3.1 | 5.9 | 5.0 | 5.6 | 7.1 | 3.7 | 4.5 | 3.0 | 2.5 | 3.9 | 1.5 |
| Implicit price deflator ............................................................ | 105 | 2.7 | 2.4 | 2.8 | 3.1 | 2.9 | . 4 | 2.9 | 4.7 | 1.4 | 2.5 | 3.5 | 2.8 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 4.9 | 4.5 | 4.8 | 3.3 | 4.7 |
| Nonfarm: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 dollars.................................................................... | 106 | 3.8 | 2.9 | 4.3 | 5.2 | 3.4 | 6.4 | $-1.5$ | . 8 | 3.7 | 5.1 | 5.9 | 6.4 | 6.6 | 4.7 | 4.2 | 4.4 | 4.6 | 2.4 | 1.8 |
| Implicit price deflator...................................................... | 107 | 3.3 | 2.5 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 2.2 | . 7 | 2.9 | 5.1 | 1.1 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 3.1 | 2.1 | 1.0 | 4.1 | 3.4 | 5.8 | 3.0 | 4.7 |
| Disposable personal income: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current dollars........................................................................................ | 108 | 6.4 30 | 6.2 3.6 | 6.4 | 8.5 4.4 | 8.6 4.4 | 8.5 | 6.5 | 2.4 -1.7 | 5.3 | 10.8 4.0 | --6.8 | 11.3 6.7 | 12.4 7.8 | 7.0 | 7.2 2.4 | 9.1 | 8.9 4.3 | 11.9 6.6 | $\begin{array}{r}6.1 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| 1982 dollars .................................................................................. | 109 | 3.0 | 3.6 | 1.6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 4 |

[^5]1. Percent changes for 1986 and for the first quarter of 198 of the July 1989 Surver of Current Business.
ndexes, the composition of GNP is heid constant. Consequently these changes reflect only changes in prices. The fixed-weighted price index measures price change over any period, using as weights the composition of GNP in 1982. The chain price index measures price change between two consecutive periods, using as weights the composition of GNP in the first period.
The implicit price deflator is a byproduct of the deflation of GNP. It is derived as the ratio of current- to constant-dollar GNP (multiplied by 100). It it the average of the detailed prices used in the deflation of GNP, but the prices are weighted by the composition of GNP in each period. Consequently, the implicit price deflator reflects not only changes in prices but also changes in the composition of GNP, and its use as a measure of price

Table 8.2.-Selected Per Capita Income and Product Series in Current and Constant Dollars and Population of the United States

| Year | Current dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  | Constant (1982) dollars |  |  |  |  |  | Population (mid-year, miilions) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gross national product | Personal income | Disposable personal income | Personal consumption expenditures |  |  |  | Gross national product | Disposable personal income | Personal consumption expenditures |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Total | Durable goods | Nondurable goods | Services |  |  | Total | Durable goods | Nondurable goods | Services |  |
| 1929. | 853 | 692 | 671 | 634 | 76 | 309 | 249 | 5,822 | 4,091 | 3,868 | 330 | 1,735 | 1,803 | 121.9 |
| $1930 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~$ | 740 | 613 | 593 | 568 | 58 | 276 | 233 | 5,218 | 3,727 | 3,569 | 259 | 1,648 | 1,662 | 123.2 |
|  | 615 | 521 | 506 | 487 | 44 | 233 | 210 | 4,737 | 3,534 | 3,400 | 221 | 1,624 | 1,555 | 124.1 |
|  | 468 | 395 | 384 | 389 | 29 | 182 | 178 | 4,075 | 3,043 | 3,081 | 168 | 1,497 | 1,416 | 124.9 |
| ${ }_{1934 . \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~}^{\text {and }}$ | 446 518 | 368 420 | 357 <br> 408 | 365 406 | ${ }_{33}^{28}$ | 177 211 | 160 162 | 3,966 4,243 | 3,100 | 3,088 | 185 | 1,521 | 1,381 | 125.7 126.5 |
| 1935 | 572 | 469 | 455 | 438 | 40 | 230 | 168 | 4,555 | 3359 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 648 | 531 | 513 | 484 | 49 | 256 | 178 | 5,166 | 3,738 | 3,523 | 280 | 1,750 | 1,493 | 128.2 |
|  | 708 | 569 | 547 | 517 | 54 | 273 | 190 | 5,391 | 3,836 | 3,628 | 292 | 1,805 | 1,530 | 129.0 |
|  | 657 | $\begin{array}{r}520 \\ 550 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 539 | 493 511 | 44 51 | 261 268 | 188 192 | 5,111 5,469 | 3,812 | 3,517 3,667 | 234 <br> 273 | 1,811 <br> 1,893 | 1,472 1,501 | 130.0 131.0 |
| 1939. | 760 | 587 | 6 | 538 | 59 | 28 | 199 | 5850 | 401 | 3804 | 307 | 196 |  | 131.1 |
| 1941 1................................. | 941 | 714 | 689 | 606 | 72 | 321 | 212 | 6,817 | 4,528 | 3,981 | 346 | 2,066 | 1,569 | 132.1 133.4 |
| $1942 . .$. | 1,179 | 907 | 863 | 657 | 51 | 376 | 230 | 8,010 | 5,138 | 3,912 | 232 | 2,070 | 1,611 | 134.9 |
|  | 1,409 | 1,102 | 972 | 727 | 48 | 429 | 251 | 9,333 | 5,276 | 3,949 | 205 | 2,082 | 1,661 | 136.7 |
|  | 1,527 | 1,188 | 1,052 | 782 | 48 | 465 | 269 | 9,975 | 5,414 | 4,026 | 190 | 2,153 | 1,683 | 138.4 |
| $1945 . . .$. | 1.525 | 1,215 | 1,066 | 855 | 57 | 514 | 284 | 9,682 | 5,285 | 4,236 | 205 | 2,312 | 1,719 | 139.9 |
| 1946............................. | 1,502 | 1,256 | 1,124 | 1,018 | 111 | 585 | 321 | 7,758 | 5,115 | 4,632 | 338 | 2,435 | 1,860 | 141.4 |
| 1948. | 1 | 1.427 | 1,283 | 1 | ${ }_{156}$ | 659 | 378 | 7,561 | 5 5,000 | 4,650 | 421 | ${ }_{2}^{2}$ | 11.919 | 146 |
|  | 1,745 | 1,384 | 1,260 | 1,195 | 168 | 636 | 392 | 7,434 | 4,915 | 4,661 | 454 | 2,295 | 1,912 | 149.2 |
| $1950 . .$. | 1,900 | 1,504 | 1,368 | 1,267 | 203 | 648 | 416 | 7,935 | 5,220 | 4,834 | 532 | 2,326 | 1,976 | 151.7 |
| 1951......................... | 2.161 | 1,663 | 1,475 | 1,349 | 194 | 708 | 447 | 8.609 | 5,308 | 4,883 | 484 | 2,352 | 2,016 | 154.3 |
| 1952...................... | 2,240 | 1,745 | 1,528 | 1,396 | 186 | 731 | 478 | 8 8,792 | 5,379 | 4,915 | 465 | 2,399 | 2,051 | 157.0 |
|  | 2,329 | 1,821 | 1,599 | 1,458 | 205 | 738 | 515 | 8,995 | 5,515 | 5,029 | 502 | 2,433 | 2,094 | 159.6 |
|  | 2,294 | 1,805 | 1,604 | 1,477 | 198 | 737 | 542 | 8,721 | 5,505 | 5,066 | 502 | 2,425 | 2,140 | 162.4 |
| 1955........ | 2,456 | 1,901 | 1,687 | 1,560 | 235 | 775 | 570 | 9,045 | 5,714 | 5.287 | 586 | 2.500 | 2,200 | 165.3 |
|  | 2,546 <br> 2,63 | 2,004 <br> 2,080 | 1,769 | 1,608 1,666 | ${ }_{232}^{227}$ | 777 800 | 664 | ${ }^{9,069}$ | 5,881 5 5,909 | 5,349 5,370 | 552 539 | 2,538 <br> 2.538 | 2,259 2 2 2 | ${ }^{168.2}$ |
|  | 2,623 | 2,108 | 1,865 | 1,692 | 214 | 814 | 664 | 8,839 | 5,908 | 5,357 | 499 | ${ }_{2}^{2,526}$ | 2,332 | 174.1 |
| 1959 ............................ | 2,800 | 2,207 | 1,946 | 1,786 | 242 | 839 | 706 | 9,200 | 6,027 | 5,531 | 547 | 2,574 | 2,409 | 177.1 |
| 1960 ..................... | 2,851 | 2,265 | 1.986 | 1,829 | 240 | 847 | 741 | 9,213 | 6,036 | 5,561 | 542 | 2.563 | 2.456 | 180.8 |
| $1961 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$. | 2,905 | 2.318 | 2,034 | 1,857 | 228 | 887 | 772 | 9,299 | ${ }_{6}^{6,113}$ |  | 559 |  |  | 1883 |
| ${ }_{1}^{19623 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~}$ | 3,080 | 2,429 | 2,123 | 1,940 | 252 | 878 | 8810 | 9,644 9,896 | 6,271 6 | 5,729 5,855 | 552 <br> 591 <br> 95 | 2.595 2.611 2 | 2,582 2 2 2 | ${ }_{1893}^{186.6}$ |
| ${ }_{1964}^{193 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~}$ | 3,206 <br> 3,366 | 2,559 <br> 2.516 | 2,197 2,352 | 2,133 | 296 | ${ }_{936}$ | 800 900 | 10,281 | 6,727 | 6,099 | 630 | 2,696 | 2,773 | 191.9 |
| 1965 .................... | 3,628 | 2,840 | 2,505 | 2,268 | 327 | 987 | 954 | 10,743 | 7,027 | 6,362 | 693 | 2,795 | 2,874 | 194.3 |
| ${ }_{1967}^{196}$.................. | 3,927 <br> 4.108 | 3,056 3 | 2,675 2,828 | 2,428 2 2 | 348 <br> 355 | 1,060 | ${ }^{1,019}$ | 11,233 | 7,280 <br> 7 <br> 15 | 6,607 6730 | 734 | 2,896 | ${ }^{2,977}$ | 196.6 |
|  | 4,447 4,408 | 3,523 <br> 3 | ${ }_{3}^{2,037}$ | ${ }_{2,752}$ | 404 | 1,171 | 1,178 | 11,784 | 7,728 | 7,003 | 805 | 3,001 | 3,197 | 200.7 |
| 1969 .................... | 4,755 | 3,813 | 3,239 | 2,949 | 425 | 1,244 | 1,280 | 11,953 | 7,891 | 7,185 | 828 | 3,044 | 3,313 | 202.7 |
| $1970 . .$. | 4,951 | 4,056 | 3,489 | 3,121 | 418 | 1,318 | 1,385 | 11,781 | 8,134 | 7,275 | 792 | 3,084 | 3,399 | 205.1 |
| 1971..................... | 5,309 | 4,305 | 3,740 | 3,330 | 470 | 1,364 | 1,496 | 11,964 | 8,322 | 7,409 | 859 | 3,083 | 3,463 | 207.7 |
| 1973............................ | 6,414 | 5,198 | 4,481 | 3,950 | 588 | 1,602 | 1,760 | 12.948 | 9,042 | 7,972 | 1,040 | 3,223 | 3,709 | 211.9 |
|  | 6,886 | 5,657 | 4,855 | 4,285 | 579 | 1,781 | 1,926 | 12,760 | 8,867 | 7,826 | 958 | 3,114 | 3,754 | 213.9 |
| 1975.... | 7,401 | 6,081 | 5,291 | 4,689 | 627 | 1,927 | 2,135 | 12,478 | 8,944 | 7,926 | 952 | 3,132 | 3,842 | 216.0 |
| 1976..................... | 8.175 | 6,655 | 5.744 | 5,178 | 740 | 2,072 | 2,366 | 12,961 | 9,175 | 8.272 | 1,065 | 3,250 | 3.956 | 218.1 |
| 1977..................... | 9,036 | 7,297 | 6,262 | 5,707 | 838 | 2,226 | 2,643 | 13,431 | 9,381 | 8.551 | 1,153 | 3,320 | 4,079 | 220.3 |
| 1978....................... | 10,105 | 8,141 | 6,968 | 6,304 | 923 | 2.434 | 2,947 | 13,993 | 9,735 | 8,808 | 1,201 | 3,385 | 4,222 | 222.6 |
|  | 11,142 | 9,036 | 7,682 | 6,960 | 973 | 2,724 | 3,263 | 14,182 | 9,829 | 8.904 | 1,184 | 3,406 | 4,314 | 225.1 |
| 1980. | 11,995 | 9,916 | 8,421 | 7,607 | 963 | 2,992 | 3,653 | 13,994 | 9,722 | 8,783 | 1,080 | 3,348 | 4,355 | 227.8 |
| 1981 ............................. | 13,262 | 10.952 | 9,243 | ${ }_{8}^{8,320}$ | 1,042 | 3,217 | 4.061 | 14,114 | 9,769 | 88,794 | 1,089 | 3,321 <br> 3,315 | 4.384 | 230.2 |
|  | 13,614 <br> 14503 <br> 1593 | 11,485 <br> 12,088 <br> 1 | -9,24 10,340 | $\xrightarrow{8,516}$ | 1,236 | 3,478 | 4 | - | 9,930 |  | ${ }_{1}^{1,206}$ | 3,408 | ${ }_{4}^{4,526}$ | 234.8 <br> 23.8 |
| 1984........................... | 15,913 | 13,114 | 11,257 | 10,253 | 1,416 | 3,659 | 5,179 | 14,771 | 10,419 | 9,489 | 1,363 | 3,484 | 4,642 | 237.1 |
| 1985 ..................... | 16,776 | 13,895 | 11,861 | 10,985 | 1,555 | 3,807 | 5,622 | 15.121 | 10,625 | 9,840 | 1,484 | 3.541 | 4,815 | 239.3 |
| ${ }_{1086}^{198 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~}$ | 17.511 | 14,592 | 12,469 | 11.576 | 1,680 | 3.898 | 5,998 | 15,785 | 10,905 | ${ }^{10,123}$ | 1,591 | 3,634 | 4,899 | 241.7 |
| 1988................................... | 19,810 | 16,497 | 14,116 | 12,131 | 1,848 | 4,271 | 7,012 | 16,334 | 11,337 | 10,546 | 11,679 | 3,671 3,649 | 5,196 | 246.4 |

Table 8.3.-Capital Consumption Allowances with Capital Consumption Adjustment by Legal Form of Organization

| [Billions of dollars] |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 |
| Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment. | 1 | 437.2 | 460.1 | 486.7 | 513.6 |
| Domestic corporate business. | 2 | 268.6 | 285.9 | 303.1 | 321.7 |
| Financial. | 3 | 16.0 | 18.5 | 21.4 | 24.6 |
| Nonfinancial. | 4 | 252.6 | 267.4 | 281.7 | 297.1 |
| Sole proprietorships and partnerships | 5 | 69.7 | 71.5 | 73.5 | 75.2 |
| Farm.. | 6 | 20.4 | 19.9 | 19.3 | 18.7 |
| Nonfarm. | 7 | 49.3 | 51.6 | 54.2 | 56.5 |
| Other private business. | 8 | 98.9 | 102.7 | 110.1 | 116.7 |
| Proprietors' income......... | 9 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.4 |
| Rental income of persons.. | 10 | 83.0 | 86.1 | 92.7 | 98.4 |
| Buildings and equipment owned and used by nonprofit institutions serving individuals ${ }^{1}$. | 11 | 13.3 | 14.1 | 15.0 | 15.9 |
| Addenda: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nonfarm business.. | 12 | 415.2 | 438.6 | 465.8 | 493.3 |
| Noufarm business less housing .... | 13 | 322.3 | 342.0 | 361.5 | 382.5 |
| 1. Fixed capital assets owned and used by these entities are considered to be business activities selling their current services to their owners. The value of these services is included in personal consumption expenditures and is equal to their current-account purchases including capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustonent. |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 8.4.-CapitaI Consumption Adjustment by Legal Form of Organization and Type of Adjustment
[Billions of dollars]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | 31.0 | 31.4 | 20.4 | 12.8 |
| For consistent accounting at historical cost............................. | 2 | 180.8 | 179.6 | 171.6 | 166.6 |
| For current replacement cost.............................................. | 3 | -149.8 | -148.2 | -151.3 | -153.8 |
| Domestic corporate business. | 4 | 59.7 | 53.8 | 50.9 | 46.8 |
| For consistent accounting at historical cost...... | 5 | 134.2 | 127.0 | 123.9 | 120.6 |
| For current replacement cost........... | 6 | -74.5 | -73.2 | -73.1 | -73.8 |
| Financial. | 7 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 4.6 | 5.9 |
| For consistent accounting at historical cost. | 8 | 4.4 | 4.0 | 5.4 | 6.5 |
| For current replacement cost........... | 9 | -1.4 | -1.0 | -. 8 | -. 6 |
| Nonfinancial........... | 10 | 56.7 | 50.9 | 46.3 | 40.9 |
| For consistent accounting at historical cost............................. | 11 | 129.8 | 123.1 | 118.6 | 114.1 |
| For current replacement cost.... | 12 | -73.1 | -72.2 | -72.2 | -73.2 |
| Sole proprietorships and partnerships...................................... | 13 | 23.5 | 29.9 | 25.0 | 23.7 |
| Farm ${ }^{\text {' }}$ | 14 | -8.7 | -8.4 | -8.0 | -7.5 |
| Nonfarm. | 15 | 32.2 | 38.3 | 33.1 | 31.2 |
| For consistent accounting at historical cost. | 16 | 46.6 | 52.5 | 47.7 | 46.1 |
| For current replacement cost.............................................. | 17 | -14.5 | -14.3 | -14.6 | -14.9 |
| Other private business '... | 18 | -52.2 | -52.3 | -55.5 | -57.6 |
| Proprietors' income................................................................ | 19 | -. 9 | -. 9 | -. 9 | -. 9 |
| Rental income of persons ...................................................... | 20 | -45.0 | -45.0 | -47.9 | -49.8 |
| Buildings and equipment owned and used by nonprofit institutions serving individuals ${ }^{2}$. | 21 | -6.3 | -6.5 | -6.8 | -6.9 |
| Addendum: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Capital consumption adjustment for national income $(4+13+19+20)$. | 22 | 37.3 | 37.9 | 27.1 | 19.8 |

1. Except for fanm proprietorships and partnerships (line 14) and other private business (line 18), the capital consumption adjustment is calculated in two parts. The adjustment for consistent accounting
historical cost converts depreciation based on the service lives and depreciation schedules employed by fir historical cost converts depreciation based on the service lives and depreciation schedules employed by firms adjustment for current replacement cost converts the historical cost series with consistent accounting to a current replacement cost series. For farm proprietorships and partnerships and other private business, the
historical cost series is based on consistent service lives and straight-line depreciation schedules so that the historical cost series is based on consistent service lives and strai
2. Fixed capital assers owned and used by these entities are considered to be business activities selling
their current services to their owners. The value of these services is included in personal consumption expenditures and is equal to their current-account purchases including capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment.

Table 8.5.-Supplements to Wages and Salaries by Type
[Billions of dollars]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Supplements to wages and salaries | 1 | 392.4 | 416.6 | 440.7 | 478.6 |
| Employer contributions for social insurance (3.6;2) ${ }^{\text {² }}$. | 2 | 204.8 | 217.3 | 227.8 | 249.7 |
| Other labor income ( $6.13 ; 1$ ).. | 3 | 187.6 | 199.3 | 212.8 | 228.9 |
| By Type |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pension, profit-sharing, and other retirement benefit plans. Old-age, survivors, and disability insurance ( 3,$6 ; 5$ ) |  | 205.5 | 213.9 | 220.6 | 237.9 |
|  | 5 | 91.52.3 | 98.1 | 103.9 | 118.8 |
| Raitroad retirement ( $3.6 ; 15$ ) | 6 |  | 2.411.8 | 2.5 | $\begin{array}{r}2.7 \\ 13.8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| Federal civilian employee retirement ( $3.6 ; 13$ )............................. | 7 | 21.3 11.4 |  | 12.818.4 |  |
| Federal military employee retirement (3,6;14)............................. | 8 | 17.6 | 17.9 |  | 13.8 <br> 19.5 |
| State and local employee retirement ( $3.6 ; 20)$....................................................... |  | 28.154.6 | 30.1 | 31.5 | 33.150.0 |
|  | 10 |  | 53.5 | 51.6 |  |
| Health insurance.... | 11 | 124.5 | 136.0 | 149.0 | 164.0 |
| Federal hospital insurance ( $3.6 ; 6$ ) | 12 | 22.7 | 26.0 | 27.7 | 29.7 |
| Military medical insurance ( $3.6 ; 18$ ). | 13 | . 8 | . 9 | 1.1 | 1.2 |
| Temporary disability insurance ( $3.6 ; 21$ ) | 14 | . 1 | . 1 | . 1 | . 2 |
| Private group health insurance ( $6.13 ; 23)^{2}$ | 15 | 100.8 | 109.0 | 120.1 | 132.8 |
| Life insurance. $\qquad$ <br> Veterans life insurance ( $\mathbf{3 . 6} \mathbf{6} 16$ ) <br> Private group life insurance ( $6.13 ; 24)^{2}$ $\qquad$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16 \\ & 17 \\ & 18 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8.7 \\ & 0 \\ & 8.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9.4 \\ & 0 \\ & 9.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9.5 \\ & 0 \\ & 9.5 \end{aligned}$ | 10.0010.0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Workers' compensation. $\qquad$ <br> Federal (3.6;17) <br> State and local ( $3.6 ; 22$ ) <br> Private insurance ${ }^{2}(6.13 ; 25)$ | $\begin{aligned} & 19 \\ & 20 \\ & 21 \\ & 22 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 24.5 \\ 1.1 \\ 3.7 \end{array}$ | 28.9 | 33.5 | 38.2 |
|  |  |  | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.3 |
|  |  |  | 4.4 | 5.0 | 5.7 |
|  |  | 19.6 | 23.3 | 27.3 | 31.2 |
| Unemployment insurance............... | 23 | 26.0 | 24.8 | 24.1 | 24.3 |
| State unemployment insurance ( $3.6 ; 8$ )... |  | 19.55.5 | 18.2 | 17.8 | 18.0 |
| Federal unemployment tax ( $3.6 ; 9$ ) Railroad employees unemployment insurance $(3.6 ; 10)$ Federal employees unemployment insurance $(3.6 ; 11)$ Private supplemental unemployment (6.13;26) | $\begin{aligned} & 25 \\ & 26 \\ & 27 \\ & 28 \\ & 27 \end{aligned}$ |  | 5.6 | 5.4 | 5.2 |
|  |  | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 |
|  |  | 3 | . 3 | . 3 | . 3 |
|  |  | 5 | . 4 | . 5 | . 6 |
| Other ( $6.13 ; 27)^{3} \ldots . .$. | 29 | 3.3 | 3.6 | 3.9 | 4.3 | 1. The

derived.
2. Employer contributions to publicly administered programs alassified as employer contributions for social insurance. Employer contributions to privately administered programs are classified as other labor income, Consequently, govermment contributions to privately administered health and life insurance and worker's compensation plans for government employees are classified as other labor income.
3. Consists largely of directors' fees.

Table 8.6.-Rental Income of Persons by Type

| [Bitlions of dollars] |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 |
| Rental income of persons................................................. | 1 | 54.2 | 56.5 | 61.2 | 65.4 |
| Rental income. | 2 | 43.0 | 48.4 | 55.2 | 60.6 |
| Nonfarm housing. | 3 | 28.3 | 35.2 | 41.6 | 45.4 |
| Owner-occupied. | 4 | 13.2 | 17.4 | 22.2 | 22.8 |
| Permanent site.. | 5 | 13.3 | 16.9 | 21.1 | 21.2 |
| Mobile homes...... | 6 | 0 | . 5 | 1.1 | 1.6 |
| Tenant-occupied (permanent site) .......... | 7 | 15.1 | 17.8 | 19.4 | 22.6 |
| Farms owned by nonoperator landlords.... | 8 | 6.2 | 5.2 | 5.4 | 6.2 |
| Nonfarm nonresidential properties ........................................... | 9 | 8.5 | 8.0 | 8.2 | 9.0 |
| Royalties ................................................................................ | 10 | 11.2 | 8.1 | 6.0 | 4.8 |

Table 8.7.-Dividends Paid and Received [Billions of dollars]


1. Remitted earnings to foreign residents from their unincorporated U.S. affiliates are treated as dividends 2. Earnings of U .S residents remitred by their unincorporated foreign affiliates are treated as dividend paid by the rest of the world (line 5) and as dividends received by domestic corporate business (line 7 )

Table 8.8.-Interest Paid and Received
[Billions of dollars]


1. Consists of interest paid on the deposit liabilities of commercial and mutual saving banks, savings and ioan associations, and credit unions.
persons and is included in line 28 .
NotE.-In table 8.8, imputed interest paid (line 35) is the difference between the property income received by financial intermediaries from the investment of depositors' or beneficiaries' funds and the interest paid by
them to business, persons, governments, and foreigners. In table 8.9 , imputed interest (line 52 --the interest them to business, persons, governments, and foreigners. in table 8.9 , imputed interest (line 52 - the interest
component of imputations that affect GNP-consists of the imputed interest paid by financial intermediaries other than life insurance carriers and private noninsured pension plans to persons and government, and the
interest paid on owner-occupied housing and on buildings and equipment owned and used by nonprofit
institutions serving individaals. institutions serving individuals.

Table 8.9.-Imputations in the National Income and Product Accounts
[Billions of dollars]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 |  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gross national pr | 1 | 4,014.9 | 4,231.6 | 4,524.3 | 4,880.6 | Personal tax and nontax payments. | 69 | 486.6 | 512.9 | 571.7 | 586.6 |
| Imputations ( $86+94+99+103+104+108+109+110+111+$ | 2 | 358.6 | 390.3 | 432.0 | 458.7 | Imputations ( $-88-96-101$ ) | 70 | -49.4 | -52.7 | -55.8 | -60.2 |
| $112+113+114+117+119)$. |  |  |  |  |  | Excluding imputations (69-70)... | 71 | 536.1 | 565.6 | 627.4 | 646.8 |
| Excluding imputations (1-2) | 3 | 3,656.3 | 3,841.3 | 4,092.3 | 4,422.0 | Disposable personal incom | 72 | 2,838.7 | 3,013.3 | 3,205.9 | 3,477.8 |
| Personal consumption expenditures | 4 | 2,629.0 | 2,797.4 | 3,010.8 | 3,235.1 | Impurations | 73 | 104.8 | 123.9 | 147.7 | 154.5 |
| Imputations ( $6+7$ ).. | 5 | 174.7 | 174.2 | 205.8 | 217.2 | Excluding imputations (72-73) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Housing services (86+94-118) | 6 | 100.0 | 87.9 | 102.4 | 110.2 | Excluding imputations (72-73) | 74 | 2,733.9 | 2,889.5 | 3,058.3 | 3,323.3 |
| Other ( $99+103+108+109+110+111-120)$. | 7 | 74.7 | 86.4 | 103.4 | 107.0 | Personal outlays. | 75 | 2,713.3 | 2,888.5 | 3,104.1 | 3,333.1 |
| Excluding imputations (4-5) ..................... | 8 | 2,454.3 | 2,623.2 | 2,805.0 | 3,017.9 | Imputations (87 | 76 | 25.7 | 16.5 | 37.7 | 36.4 |
| Gross private domestic investme | 9 | 643.1 | 659.4 | 699.9 | 750.3 | $110+111-89-118-120$ ). <br> Excluding imputations (75-76). |  |  |  |  |  |
| Imputations ( $118+119+120$ ) $\ldots$ | 10 | 159.4 | 190.8 | 199.7 | 213.6 | Excluding imputations (75-76).. | 77 | 2,687.6 | 2,872.0 | 3,066.4 | 3,296.7 |
| Excluding imputaions (9-10) | 11 | 483.7 | 468.6 | 500.2 | 536.7 | Personal saving | 78 | 125. | 124.9 | 101.8 | 144.7 |
| Net export | 12 | -78.0 | -97.4 | -112.6 | -73.7 | Imputations (118+119 <br> Excluding imputations | 79 | 79.0 | 107.3 | 110.0 | 118.1 |
| Imputations (16-19) | 13 | 0 | . | -112.6 | -33.7 |  | 80 | 46.3 | 17.5 | -8.2 | 26.6 |
| Excluding imputations (12-13) | 14 | -78.0 | -97.4 | $-112.6$ | -73.7 | Gross investment, or gross saving and statistical discrepancy. | 81 | 528.7 | 523.6 | 549.0 | 632.8 |
| Exports | 15 | 370.9 | 396.5 | 448.6 | 547.7 | Imputations ( $118+119+120$ ). | 82 | 159.4 | 190.8 | 199.7 | ${ }^{213.6}$ |
| Imputations (105) | 16 | 5.3 | 5.6 | 6.6 | 7.0 | Excluding imputations (81- | 83 | 528.7 | 523.6 | 549.0 | 632.8 |
| Excluding imputation | 17 | 365.7 | 390.9 | 442.1 | 540.7 | Specific imputations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Imports | 18 | 448.9 | 493.8 | 561.2 | 621.3 | Owner-occupied nonfarm housing: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Imputations (105) | 19 | 5.3 | 5.6 | 6.6 | 7.0 | Space rent | 84 | 272.7 | 293.7 | 317.1 | 339.3 |
| Excluding imputations (18-19). | 20 | 443.6 | 488.2 | 554.6 | 614.4 |  |  |  |  |  | . 5 |
| Government purchases of goods and services | 21 | 820.8 | 872.2 | 926.1 | 968.9 | Equals: Gross housing prod | 86 | 233.2 | 251.7 | 272.5 | 292.8 |
| Imputations ( $104+112+113+114+117$ ). | 22 | 24.5 | 25.3 | 26.4 | 27.9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Excluding imputations (21-22). | 23 | 796.2 | 846.9 | 899.7 | 941.1 | Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment. | 87 | 64.3 | 66.6 | 71.9 | 76.7 |
| Charges against gross national product | 24 | 4,019.6 | 4,233.4 | 4,529.0 | 4,890.2 | Indirect business tax and nontax liability. | 88 | 46.8 | 50.1 | 53.0 | 57.2 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Imputations (86+94+99+103+104+108+109+110+111+ } \\ & 112+113+114+117+119) . \end{aligned}$ | 25 | 358.6 | 390.3 | 432.0 | 458.7 | Subsidies.. | 89 | . 3 | . 2 | . 2 | 2 |
| Excluding imputations (24-25) | 26 | 3,661.0 | 3,843.1 | 4,097.1 | 4,431.6 | Net Rental | 90 91 | 143.3 | 151.8 | 9 | 74.1 |
| Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment. | 27 | 437.2 | 460.1 | 486.7 | 513.6 | Owner-occupied farm housing: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Imputations ( $87+95+100$ ). | 28 | 80.4 | 83.4 | 89.8 | 95.5 | Space rent | 92 | 10.0 | 8.9 | 8.4 | 8.7 |
| Excluding imputations (27-28) | 29 | 356.9 | 376.7 | 396.9 | 418.1 |  | 93 | 2.1 |  | . 5 | . 6 |
| Indirect business tax and nontax liability | 30 | 333.6 | 348.9 | 367.8 | 393.5 | Equals: Gross housing produ | 94 | 7.9 | 7.2 | 6.9 | 7.1 |
| Imputations (88+96+101). | 31 | 49.4 | 52.7 | 55.8 | 60.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Excluding imputations ( $30-31$ ) | 32 | 284.2 | 296.2 | 312.0 | 333.3 | Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption | 95 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 2.9 |
| Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises | 33 | 7.2 | 12.8 | 17.6 | 18.5 | Indirect business tax and nontax liabilit | 96 | 3 | . 3 | . 3 | 3 |
| Imputations (89). | 34 |  |  | . 2 | 2 | Net interest | 97 | . 7 | . 7 | . 6 | 5 |
| Excluding imputations (33-34) | 35 | 6.9 | 12.7 | 7.4 | 18.3 | Proprietors' income with inven................................................... | 98 | 4.2 | 3.6 | 3.2 | 3.4 |
| National income | 36 | 3,234.0 | 3,412.6 | 3,665.4 | 3,972.6 | consumption adjustments. |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Imputations }(90+91+97+98+102+103+104+108+109+ \\ & 110+111+112+113+114+117+119) \text {. } \end{aligned}$ | 37 | 229.1 | 254.3 | 286.6 | 303.2 | Rental value of buildings and equipment owned and used by nonprofit institutions serving individuals. | 99 | 20.6 | 21.8 | 23.2 | 24.7 |
| Excluding imputations ( $36-37$ ) .......... | 38 | 3,004.9 | 3,158.3 | 3,378.8 | 3,669.4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wages and salaries | 39 | 1,975.2 | 2,094.8 | 2,249,4 | 2,429.0 | Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment. | 100 | 13. | 14.1 | 15.0 | 15.9 |
| Imputations ( $109+110+111$ ) | 40 | 8.9 | 9.5 | 10.1 | 10.8 | Indirect business tax and nontax liability .............................. | 101 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.5 |  |
| Excluding imputations ( $39-40$ ) | 41 | 1,966.3 | 2,085.3 | 2,239.3 | 2,418.3 | Net interest | 102 | 4.9 | 5.3 | 5.7 | 6.2 |
| Employer contributions for social insurance | 42 | 204.8 | 217.3 | 227.8 | 249.7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Imputations ( $112+113+114+117$ ) | 43 | 19.4 | 19.9 | 20.6 | 22.0 | except life insurance carriers and private noninsured pension |  |  |  |  |  |
| Excluding imputations (42-43). | 44 | 185.4 | 197.4 | 207.2 | 227.7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Proprietors' income with inventory valuation and capital | 45 | 255.9 | 282.0 | 311.6 | 327.8 | To persons. | 103 | 60.2 | 71.2 | 88.5 | 91. |
| consumption adjustments. |  |  |  |  |  | To governme | 104 | 5.1 | 5.4 | 5.8 | 5.9 |
| Imputations ( $98+108+119$ ). | 46 | 7.3 | 7.2 | 7.6 | 7.6 | To foreigner | 105 | 5.3 | 5.6 | 6.6 | 7.0 |
| Excluding imputations (45-46) | 47 | 248.5 | 274.8 | 304.1 | 320.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rental income of persons with capital consumprion adjust | 48 | 9.2 | 11.6 | 13.4 | 15.7 |  | 106 |  | . 9 | . 8 | . |
| Imputations (91)... | 49 | -20.9 | -16.5 | -14.0 | -15.0 | Less: Intermediate goods and services consumed. | 107 | . 5 | 4 | . 4 | . 4 |
| Excluding imputations (48-49) | 50 | 30.1 | 28.1 | 27.4 | 30.7 | Equals: Gross farm product.. | 108 | . 4 | . 5 | .4 | 4 |
| Ner interest | 51 | 319.0 | 325.5 | 351.7 | 392.9 | Employment-related: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Imputations ( $90+97+102+103+104$ ) | 52 | 214.3 | 234.3 | 262.4 | 277.9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Excluding imputations (51-52) ..... | 53 | 104.7 | , | 89.3 | 115.0 | Food furnished employees, including military and domestic service.. | 109 | 8.8 | 9.3 | 9.9 | 10.6 |
| Personal income. | 54 | 3,325.3 | 3,526.2 | 3,777.6 | 4,064.5 | Standard clothing issued to military personnel Employees' lodging | 110 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.1 |
| Imputations ( $91+98+103+108+109+110+111+119-89)$ | 55 | 55.3 | 71.1 | 91.9 | 94.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Excluding imputations (54-55) ... | 56 | 3,270.0 | 3,455.1 | 3,685.7 | 3,970.1 | Employer contributions for social insurance for Federal |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest received by government | 57 | 96.5 | 104.9 | 111.9 | 122.6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Imputations (104)..... | 58 | 5.1 | 5.4 | 5.8 | 5.9 | Workers' compensation. | 112 | . 8 | . 9 | . 9 | 1.0 |
| Excluding imputations (57-58) ... | 59 | 1.4 | 99 | 106.1 | 116.7 | Unemployment insurance. | 113 | , | . | 1. | . 1 |
| Interest paid by consurners to business | 60 | 82.6 | 89.1 | 91.4 | 96.1 | Retirement prog | 114 | 17.6 | 18.0 | 18.5 | 19.6 |
| Imputations (-90-97-102).... | 61 | -148.9 | -157.7 | -168.1 | -180.8 | Oither ${ }^{2}$. | 115 | 17.6 1 | 17.9 .1 | 18.4 | 19.5 |
| Excluding imputations ( $60-61$ ) | 62 | 231.5 | 6.8 | 259.5 | . 0 | Military medical insurance ${ }^{3}$ | 117 | 8 | 1 | $\cdots$ | 1 |
| Government transfer payments to persons.. | 63 | 467.8 | 496.8 | 521.5 | 555.7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Imputations ( -89 ). | 64 | -. 3 | -. 2 | -. | -. 2 | Other |  |  |  |  |  |
| Excluding imputarions (63-64) | 65 | 468.1 | 97.0 | 21.7 | 555.8 | Net purchases of owner-occupied housing units | 118 | 141.2 | 171.1 | 177.0 | 189.8 |
| Personal taxes, outlays, and saving | 66 | 3,325.3 | 3,526.2 | 3,777.6 |  | Margins on owner-built homes...................................................... | 119 | 2.7 | 3.2 | 3.9 | 3.8 |
| Imputations $(91+98+103+108+109+110+111+119-89)$. | 67 | $3,325.3$ 55.3 | 71.1 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 31,9 } \\ \hline 1.9\end{array}$ | $94.3$ | Net purchases of buildings and equipment owned and used by nonprofit institutions serving individuals. | 120 | 15.6 | 16.5 | 18.8 | 20.0 |
| Excluding imputations (66-67)................................. | 68 | 3,325.3 | 3,526.2 | 3,777.6 | 4,064.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Contributions for these programs, for which a social insurance fund is imputed, are set equal to benefits paid. These payments are funded directly our of current budget. <br> 2. Consists largely of retirement programs for Public Health Service officers and employees of the judiciary. <br> 3. Consists of payments for medical services for dependents of active duty military personnel at nonmilitary facilities. <br> Nores.-(1) Only national income and produce items for which there are imputations are shown in this table. (2) In table 8.8, imputed interest paid (line 35) is the difference between the property income received by financial intermediaries from the investment of depositors' or beneficiaries' funds and the interest paid by them to business, persons, governments, and foreigners. In table 8.9 , imputed interest (line 52)-the interest component of imputations that affect GNP-consists of the imputed interest paid by financial intermediaries other than life insurance carriers and private noninsured pension plans to persons and government, and the interest paid on owner-occupied housing and on buildings and equipment owned and used by nonprofit institutions serving individuals. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 8.10.-Relation of Capital Consumption Allowances in the National Income and Product Accounts (NIPA's) to Depreciation and Amortization as Published by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS)

| [Billions of dollars] |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 |
| Corporations | 1 | 316.8 | 327.3 |  |  |
| Depreciation and amortization, IRS |  |  |  |  |  |
| ess: Depreciation of assets of foreign | 2 | 4.7 | 4.9 |  |  |
| Depreciation or amortization of intangible assets $\qquad$ Depreciation of films. | 3 |  | 1.7 |  |  |
|  | 4 | . 6 |  |  |  |
| Plus: Accidental damage to fixed capital other than repairable damage..... | 5 | 1.7 | 1.8 |  |  |
| Depreciation of mining exploration, shafts, and wells $\qquad$ Depreciation of employees' autos reimbursed by business. Depreciation of railroad track charged to current expense ${ }^{\text {P }}$$\qquad$ Other.$\qquad$ | 6 | 14.0 | 15.0 |  |  |
|  | 7 | 2.5 | 2.7 |  |  |
|  | ${ }^{8}$ | . | 1 |  |  |
| Equals: Capital consumption allowances, NIPA's. $\qquad$ <br> Less: Capital consumption adjustment. | 12 | 328.359.7 | 339.7 <br> 53.8 | $\begin{aligned} & 353.9 \\ & 50.9 \end{aligned}$ | 368.546.83217 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Equals: Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment, NIPA's. | 12 | 268.6 | 285.9 |  |  |
| Nonfarm sole proprietorships and partnerships |  |  |  | 90.9 |  |
| Depreciation and amortization, IRS $\qquad$ | 13 | 85.0 | 94.1 |  |  |
|  | 14 | . 4 | . 4 | . 4 |  |
| Less: Depreciation or amortization of intangible assets ................................. Adjustment for misreporting on income tax returns. | 14 | 7.5 | 8.4 | 7.9 |  |
| Plus: Accidental damage to fixed capital other than repairable damage... Depreciation of mining exploration, shafts, and wells $\qquad$ | 1617 | . 3 | 3 | . 4 |  |
|  |  | 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.8 |  |
| Depreciation on employess' autos reimbursed by business ... | 18 | . 4 | . 5 | . 5 |  |
| Equals: Capital consumption allowances, NIPA's.................................. | 2021 | 81.5 | 89.9 | 87.2 | 87.7 |
|  |  | 32.2 | 38.3 | 33.1 | 31.2 |
| Less: <br> Equals: Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment, NIPA's. |  | 49.3 | 51.6 | 54.2 | 56.5 |

1. Beginning in 1981, included in IRS depreciation (line 1).

Table 8.11.-Relation of Nonfarm Proprietors' Income in the National Income and Product Accounts (NIPA's) to Corresponding Totals as Published by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS)

| [Billions of dollars] |
| :--- |

1. Consists largely of adjustments for misreporting on income tax returns, oil well bonus payments written off, adjustments for corporate partners, interest income, and margins on owner-builh homes.

Table 8.12.-Relation of Net Farm Income in the National Income and Product Accounts (NIPA's) to Net Farm Income as Published by the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA)
[Billions of dollars]

|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net farm income, USDA ................................................................. | 1 | 32.4 | 37.7 | 46.7 | 44.7 |
| Plus: Depreciation and other consumption of farm capital, USDA............ Monetary interest received by farm corporations | 2 | 20.0 | 18.1 | 16.6 | 16.8 .5 |
| Less: Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment, NIPA's. <br> Other ${ }^{1}$ $\qquad$ | 4 | 22.0 -1.0 | 21.5 -3.1 | 21.0 -1.4 | 20.3 -.7 |
| Equals: Proprietors' income and corporate profits with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments. <br> Proprietors' income. | 6 | 31.8 30.2 | 37.8 34.7 | 44.2 41.6 | 42.4 39.8 |
| Corporate profits ....................................................................................... | 8 | 1.6 | 3.1 | 2.6 | 2.7 |

Table 8.13.-Relation of Corporate Profits, Taxes, and Dividends in the National Income and Product Accounts (NIPA's) to Corresponding Totals as Published by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS)

| [Biliions of dollars] |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Line | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 |
| Total receipts less total deductions, IRS | 1 | 240.1 | 274.4 |  |  |
| Plus: Posttabulation amendments and revisions ${ }^{1}$. | 2 | 53.9 | 65.0 |  |  |
| Income of organizations not filing corporation income tax returns. | 3 | 5.9 | 2.9 |  |  |
| Federal Reserve banks | 4 | 16.8 | 16.0 |  |  |
| Federally sponsored credit agencies ${ }^{2}$ | 5 | 7 | 0 |  |  |
| Other ${ }^{3}$ | 6 | -11.6 | -13.2 |  |  |
| Depletion on domestic minerals | 7 | 6.4 | 7.6 |  |  |
| Adjustment to depreciate expenditures for mining exploration, shafts, and wells. | 8 | 7.2 | -2.7 |  |  |
| State and local corporate profits tax accruals ......................... | 9 | 20.2 | 22.5 |  |  |
| Adjustment for interest payments of regulated investment companies. | 10 | -24.4 | -28.5 |  |  |
| Adjustment to bad debt reserve .................... | 11 | 6.6 | 10.5 |  |  |
| Defaulters' gain.... | 12 | 21.6 | 24.5 |  |  |
| Dividends received from domestic corporations. | 14 | 17.0 | 15.2 |  |  |
| Income on equities in foreign corporations and branches (to U.S. corporations). | 15 | 45.7 | 39.8 |  |  |
| Costs of trading or issuing corporate securities......................... | 16 | 6.8 | 9.1 |  |  |
| Plus: Income received from equities in foreign corporations and branches by all U.S. residents, net of corresponding outflows. | 17 | 31.2 | 33.1 |  |  |
| Equals: Profits before taxes, NIPA's..... | 18 | 224.3 | 221.6 | 266.7 | 306.8 |
| Federal income and excess profits taxes, IRS. | 19 | 111.3 | 111.1 |  |  |
| Plus: Postabulation amendments and revisions, including results of audit and renegotiation and carryback refunds. | 20 | -4.9 | -7.9 |  |  |
| Amounts paid to U.S. Treasury by Federal Reserve banks ....... | 21 | 17.8 | 17.8 |  |  |
| State and local corporate profits tax accruals. | 22 | 20.2 | 22.5 |  |  |
| Less: U.S. tax credits claimed for foreign taxes paid. | 23 | 26.7 | 24.4 |  |  |
| Investment tax credit. | 24 | 19.6 | 12.8 |  |  |
| Other tax credits. | 25 | 1.7 | 1 |  |  |
| Equals: Profits tax liability, NIPA's... | 26 | 96.4 | 106.3 | 124.7 | 137.9 |
| Profits after tax, NIPA's (18-26).. | 27 | 127.8 | 115.3 | 142.0 | 168.9 |
| Dividends paid in cash or assets, IRS. | 28 | 161.5 | 190.7 |  |  |
| Plus: Postabulation amendments and revisions. | 29 | -2.6 | -13.8 |  |  |
| Dividends paid by Federal Reserve banks and certain federally sponsored credit agencies ${ }^{2}$. | 30 | . 9 | 6 |  |  |
| U.S. receipts of dividends from abroad, net of payments to abroad. | 31 | 12.2 | 17.6 |  |  |
| Earnings remitted to foreign residents from their unincorporated U.S. affiliates. | 32 | 1.1 | 1.4 |  |  |
| Adjustment for interest payments of regulated investment companies. | 33 | -24.4 | -28.5 |  |  |
| Less: Dividends received by U.S. corporations | 34 | 50.4 | 51.1 |  |  |
| Earnings of U.S. residents remitted by their unincorporated foreign affiliates. | 35 | 6.0 | 6.9 |  |  |
| Capital gains distributions of regulated investment companies........ | 36 | 8.9 | 18.8 |  |  |
| Equals: Net dividend payments, NIPA's.. | 37 | 83.3 | 91.3 | 98.7 | 110.4 |
| Undistributed profits, NIPA's (27-37) ........... | 38 | 44.6 | 24.0 | 43.3 | 58.5 |

1. Consists largely of audit profits, oill well bonus payments written off, adjustments for insurance carriers 2 savings and loan association and ax-exemp theme
2. Consists of the following agencies: Federal land banks; Federal home loan banks and Federal Home 3. Consists of private non

Table 8.14.-Comparison of Personal Income in the National Income and Product Accounts (NIPA's) with Adjusted Gross Income as Published by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS)

| [Billions of dollars] |
| :--- |

1. Equals imputed interest received by persons from life insurance carriers and private noninsured pension plans as shown in table 8.8 (line 50 ).
2. Consisist of income earned by low-income individuals who are not required to file income tax returns, unreported income that is included in the NIPA measure, and gross errors and omissions in liness 2 through
3. Also includes the net effect of errors in the IRS adjusted gross income (line 17) and NIPA personal ncome (iine 1) measures. Such errors can arise from the sample used by IRS to estimate line 17 and from the data sources used by BEA to estimate line 1 .
4. Because of the lack of daca, the 1987 AGI. gap does not reflect passive activity losses not allowed in the tax code. The adjustment for passive activity losses not allowed would make the AGI gap larger.

## 9. Seasonally Unadjusted Estimates :

Table 9.1.-Gross National Product, Quarterly Totals Not Seasonally Adjusted
[Billions of dollars]

|  | Line | Quarterly totals not seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1985 |  |  |  | 1986 |  |  |  | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 1 | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | 1 | It | III | IV | I | II | III | IV |
| Gross national product.. | 2 | $\begin{aligned} & 943.9 \\ & 615.1 \end{aligned}$ | 998.9 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,013.2 \\ 659.4 \end{array}$ | 1,059.0 | 1,012.3 | 1,044.8 | 1,064.8 | 1,109.8 | 1,064.8 | 1,114.8 | 1,140.8 | 1,203.8 | 1,156.1 | 1,203.2 | 1,229.1 | 1,292.2 |
| Personal consumption expenditures... |  |  | 649.1 |  | 705.4 | 658.3 | 687.6 | 702.2 | 749.3 | 699.8 | 746.5 | 759.7 | 804.7 | 760.8 | 797.5 | 810.0 | 866.8 |
| Durable goods. | 345 | $\begin{array}{r} 81.3 \\ 204.6 \\ 329.2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 95.5 \\ 225.0 \\ 328.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 94.1 \\ 227.1 \\ 338.1 \end{array}$ | 101.3 | 86.2 | 101.2 | 104.1 | 114.5 | 89.8 | 107.7 | 108.0 | 115.6 | 101.6 | 116.5 | 110.6 | 126.6296.2 |
| Nondurable goods. |  |  |  |  | 3549.5 | 216.2 | 231.1 | 233.6 | 261.1 | 223.2 | 247.4 | 249.1 | 278.4 | 236.5 | 256.5 | 263.2 |  |
| Services................................................... |  |  |  |  |  | 355.9 | 355.4 | 364.5 | 373.8 | 386.9 | 391.5 | 402.6 | 410.7 | 422.8 | 424.5 | 436.2 | 444.0 |
| Gross private domestic investment.......................................................... | 6 | 146.3 | 172.0 | 166.3 | 158.4 | 164.0 | 167.0 | 169.1 | 159.3 | 165.5 | 170.8 | 179.3 | 184.2 | 180.3 | 185.9 | 198.3 | 185.8 |
| Fixed investment $\qquad$ Nonresidential. $\qquad$ | 7 | 142.1103.6 | $\begin{aligned} & 162.8 \\ & 113.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 161.4 \\ & 108.1 \end{aligned}$ | 165.5 | $\begin{aligned} & 145.8 \\ & 104.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 167.6 \\ & 110.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 170.1 \\ & 106.9 \end{aligned}$ | 169.0112.8 | 145.7100.4 | 171.7112.1 | 177.5113.1 | 175.7118.7 | 158.5 | 185.2 | 188.3 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 117.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 112.731.0 | 124.5 | 121.9 | 187.6 128.0 |
| Structures..................................................................................................................................... | 9 | 34.5 | $\begin{array}{r} 38.9 \\ 75.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 39.0 \\ 69.1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 40.8 \\ & 76.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 34.3 \\ & 70.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 34.4 \\ & 76.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 35.3 \\ 71.5 \end{array}$ | 35.077.9 | $\begin{aligned} & 28.9 \\ & 71.5 \end{aligned}$ | 32.779.4 | $\begin{aligned} & 35.7 \\ & 77.4 \end{aligned}$ | 36.4 |  | 35.0 | 36.9 | 128.037.590.6 |
| Producers' durable equipment. | 10 | 69.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 82.3 | 81.7 | 89.560.7 | 85.166.4 |  |
| Residential .............................. | 11 | 38.4 | 48.9 | 53.3 | 48.2 | 41.2 | 56.6 | 63.3 | 56.2 | 45.4 | 59.6 | 64.4 | 57.0 | 45.8 |  |  | 59.5-1.83.7-5.5 |
| Change in business inventories. | 12 | 4.2 | 9.2 | 4.9 | -7.1 | 18.3 | -. 6 | -1.1 | -9.7 | 19.8 | -.8 | 1.8 | 8.5 | 21.8 | . 7 | 10.0 |  |
| Nonfarm.................................. | 13 | 2.9 | 7.5 | 7.1 | -2.9 | 17.6 | .3 | -. 6 | -8.7 | 19.9 | -. 3 | 3.0 | 8.0 | 20.3 | 1.0 | 9.2 |  |
| Fam........ | 14 | 1.3 | 1.7 | -2.2 | -4.1 | . 7 | -. 9 | -. 5 | -1.1 | -. 1 | -. 5 | -1.1 | . 5 | 1.5 | -. 3 | . 8 |  |
| Net exports of goods and services... | 15 | -10.0 | -19.8 | -24.5 | -23.7 | -17.6 | -24.9 | -29.4 | -25.5 | -22.2 | -29.4 | -33.3 | -27.7 | -16.2130.0 | $\begin{array}{r} -19.2 \\ 135.4 \\ 154.6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -21.2 \\ & 136.9 \\ & 158.1 \end{aligned}$ | -17.0 |
| Exports...... | 1617 | 94.2104.1 | $\begin{array}{r} 94.6 \\ 114.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 88.3 \\ 112.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 93.8 \\ 117.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 98.4 \\ 116.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 98.9 \\ 123.7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 97.5 \\ 126.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 101.7 \\ & 127.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 103.9 \\ & 126.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 111.1 \\ & 140.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 112.4 \\ & 145.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 121.2 \\ & 148.9 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 145.3 \\ & 162.3 \end{aligned}$ |
| Imports ........................................................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 130.0 \\ & 146.3 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Government purchases of goods and services ....... | 18 | 192.4 | 197.7 | 211.9 | 218.8 | 207.6 | 215.0 | 222.9 | 226.7 | 221.6 | 226.8 | 235.0 | 242.6 | 231.2 | 239.1 | 241.9 | 256.7 |
| Federal . | 19 | 83.9 | 82.0 | 90.6 | 98.7 | 89.1 | 89.5 | 91.3 | 96.6 | 93.5 | 91.7 | 93.7 | 102.7 | 93.5 | 92.8 | 89.6 | 105.4 |
| National defense.... | 20 | 61.8 | 63.1 | 66.7 | 67.5 | 66.1 | 69.5 | 72.3 | 69.9 | 71.7 | 73.4 | 74.9 | 74.7 | 74.0 | 74.1 | 74.2 | 75.7 |
| Nondefense. | 21 | 22.1 | 18.9 | 23.9 | 31.1 | 23.0 | 20.0 | 19.1 | 26.7 | 21.8 | 18.3 | 18.8 | 27.9 | 19.5 | 18.7 | 15.4 | 29.7 |
| State and local...................................................... | 22 | 108.5 | 115.7 | 121.3 | 120.1 | 118.5 | 125.5 | 131.5 | 130.1 | 128.1 | 135.1 | 141.3 | 140.0 | 137.7 | 146.3 | 152.3 | 151.3 |
| Addenda: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross domestic product | 23 | 933.7 | 988.6 | 1,004.3 | 1,047.7 | 1,002.4 | 1,036.5 | 1,056.5 | 1,101.9 | 1,057.0 | 1,107.2 | 1,134.3 | 1,195.3 | 1,147.2 | 1,195.1 | 1,222.2 | 1,282.9 |
| Final sales... | 24 | 939.7 | 989.7 | 1,008.2 | 1,066.0 | 994.1 | 1,045.3 | 1,065.8 | 1,119.5 | 1,045.1 | 1,115.7 | 1,139.0 | 1,195.3 | 1,134.3 | 1,202.5 | 1,219.1 | 1,294.0 |

Table 9.2.—Personal Consumption Expenditures by Major Type of Product, Quarterly Totals Not Seasonally Adjusted
[Billions of dollars]

|  | Line | Quarterly totals not seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1985 |  |  |  | 1986 |  |  |  | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  |
|  |  | I | II | HI | IV | I | II | III | IV | 1 | II | III | IV | 1 | II | III | IV |
| Personal consumption expenditures............................................... | 1 | 615.1 | 649.1 | 659.4 | 705.4 | 658.3 | 687.6 | 702.2 | 749.3 | 699.8 | 746.5 | 759.7 | 804.7 | 760.8 | 797.5 | 810.0 | 866.8 |
| Durable goods. | 2 | 81.3 | 95.5 | 94.1 | 101.3 | 86.2 | 101.2 | 104.1 | 114.5 | 89.8 | 107.7 | 108.0 | 115.6 | 101.6 | 116.5 | 110.6 | 126.6 |
| Motor vehicles and parts | 3 | 41.3 | 48.4 | 47.6 | 41.8 | 43.4 | 51.0 | 53.0 | 48.9 | 42.5 | 52.0 | 53.4 | 47.6 | 50.7 | 57.4 | 52.2 | 51.4 |
| Furniture and household equipment...................................................... | 4 | 27.1 | 30.9 | 31.5 | 40.5 | 28.9 | 33.0 | 34.3 | 43.5 | 31.5 | 35.6 | 36.4 | 45.6 | 34.1 | 38.6 | 39.1 | 50.2 |
| Other ............................................................................................. | 5 | 13.0 | 16.2 | 15.1 | 19.0 | 13.9 | 17.2 | 16.8 | 22.1 | 15.7 | 20.1 | 18.3 | 22.4 | 16.8 | 20.5 | 19.4 | 25.0 |
| Nondurable goods.. | 6 | 204.6 | 225.0 | 227.1 | 254.5 | 216.2 | 231.1 | 233.6 | 261.1 | 223.2 | 247.4 | 249.1 | 278.4 | 236.5 | 256.5 | 263.2 | 296.2 |
| Food..... | 7 | 108.4 | 118.6 | 121.1 | 123.6 | 115.4 | 125.3 | 128.1 | 131.2 | 122.2 | 133.7 | 135.9 | 137.3 | 128.5 | 139.5 | 144.7 | 147.0 |
| Clothing and shoes.. | 8 | 30.6 | 37.2 | 37.0 | 51.5 | 33.2 | 39.5 | 39.7 | 54.4 | 34.6 | 42.4 | 42.0 | 58.1 | 36.8 | 43.3 | 44.1 | 62.6 |
| Gasoline and oil...... | 9 | 20.6 | 23.6 | 23.6 | 22.8 | 20.4 | 18.7 | 17.8 | 16.6 | 16.9 | 19.3 | 19.8 | 19.2 | 17.7 | 19.6 | 20.2 | 19.3 |
| Other nondurable goods.. | 10 | 44.9 | 45.7 | 45.4 | 56.6 | 47.2 | 47.7 | 48.0 | 58.9 | 49.4 | 51.9 | 51.4 | 63.8 | 53.5 | 54.1 | 54.2 | 67.3 |
| Fuel oil and coal........................................................................... | 11 | 6.1 | 3.5 | 3.3 | 5.6 | 6.1 | 3.2 | 2.9 | 4.5 | 5.6 | 3.5 | 3.1 | 5.4 | 6.8 | 3.8 | 3.4 | 5.5 |
| Other ........................................................................................... | 12 | 38.8 | 42.2 | 42.2 | 51.0 | 41.1 | 44.5 | 45.1 | 54.4 | 43.8 | 48.4 | 48.2 | 58.5 | 46.7 | 50.3 | 50.7 | 61.8 |
| Services ...... | 13 | 329.2 | 328.5 | 338.1 | 349.7 | 355.9 | 355.4 | 364.5 | 373.8 | 386.9 | 391.5 | 402.6 | 410.7 | 422.8 | 424.5 | 436.2 | 444.0 |
| Housing............................................................................................... | 14 | 97.4 | 99.7 | 101.9 | 104.0 | 105.5 | 107.7 | 109.7 | 111.3 | 113.6 | 115.9 | 118.1 | 120.2 | 122.5 | 124.4 | 126.6 | 127.9 |
| Household operation ......................................................................... | 15 | 49.0 | 38.9 | 41.3 | 46.1 | 48.5 | 41.1 | 43.5 | 46.5 | 49.3 | 42.9 | 45.6 | 48.0 | 52.5 | 44.7 | 48.6 | 51.8 |
| Electricity and gas...... | 16 | 28.3 | 17.5 | 19.4 | 23.8 | 25.9 | 18.1 | 20.2 | 23.0 | 25.7 | 18.8 | 20.9 | 23.1 | 27.4 | 19.0 | 22.2 | 25.1 |
| Other ........................................................................................... | 17 | 20.7 | 21.5 | 21.9 | 22.3 | 22.5 | 23.0 | 23.3 | 23.5 | 23.7 | 24.1 | 24.6 | 24.9 | 25.2 | 25.7 | 26.4 | 26.7 |
| Transportation................................................................................. | 18 | 21.4 | 22.5 | 23.1 | 22.7 | 23.2 | 24.1 | 24.7 | 24.6 | 25.3 | 26.6 | 27.1 | 27.4 | 27.8 | 29.7 | 30.5 | 29.9 |
| Medical care..... | 19 | 70.1 | 71.8 | 73.7 | 75.9 | 77.2 | 78.4 | 80.4 | 82.5 | 85.5 | 88.4 | 91.2 | 92.5 | 95.5 | 97.8 | 101.2 | 103.9 |
| Other .............................................................................................................. | 20 | 91.2 | 95.6 | 98.1 | 101.0 | 101.5 | 104.1 | 106.2 | 108.9 | 113.1 | 117.6 | 120.6 | 122.6 | 124.5 | 128.0 | 129.3 | 130.6 |

Table 9.3.-Federal Government Receipts and Expenditures, Quarterly Totals Not Seasonally Adjusted
[Billions of dollars]

|  | Line | Quarterly totals not seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1985 |  |  |  | 1986 |  |  |  | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  |
|  |  | I | II | III | IV | 1 | II | III | IV | 1 | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV |
| Receipts. | 1 | 196.5 | 208.3 | 199.1 | 184.8 | 202.3 | 218.8 | 209.3 | 197.5 | 214.2 | 259.4 | 226.2 | 211.6 | 234.2 | 271.7 | 241.0 | 225.5 |
| Personal tax and nontax receipts... | 2 | 80.8 | 89.6 | 91.5 | 84.5 | 80.7 | 95.3 | 96.5 | 88.9 | 85.6 | 124.2 | 102.4 | 93.6 | 90.4 | 120.0 | 104.0 | 98.6 |
| Corporate profits tax acctuals ....... | 3 | 16.9 | 19.7 | 20.8 | 18.9 | 18.8 | 21.7 | 21.8 | 21.6 | 21.5 | 26.4 | 28.2 | 24.9 | 24.3 | 29.2 | 29.9 | 28.1 |
| Indirect business tax and nontax accruals.... | 4 | 13.3 | 14.5 | 13.9 | 13.3 | 12.3 | 12.4 | 12.9 | 12.9 | 12.6 | 13.9 | 13.9 | 13.3 | 13.8 | 14.7 | 14.0 | 14.2 |
| Contributions for social insurance................ | 5 | 85.4 | 84.5 | 72.9 | 68.0 | 90.6 | 89.5 | 78.1 | 74.0 | 94.4 | 94.9 | 81.7 | 79.8 | 105.7 | 107.8 | 93.1 | 84.6 |
| Expenditures......... | 6 | 239.3 | 239.8 | 246.2 | 260.3 | 250.8 | 259.0 | 257.9 | 267.1 | 265.5 | 263.4 | 264.4 | 279.5 | 274.0 | 278.0 | 272.5 | 293.7 |
| Purchases of goods and services..................................................................... | 7 | 83.9 | 82.0 | 90.6 | 98.7 | 89.1 | 89.5 | 91.3 | 96.6 | 93.5 | 91.7 | 93.7 | 102.7 | 93.5 | 92.8 | 89.6 | 105.4 |
| National defense.............................................................................. | 8 | 61.8 | 63.1 | 66.7 | 67.5 | 66.1 | 69.5 | 72.3 | 69.9 | 71.7 | 73.4 | 74.9 | 74.7 | 74.0 | 74.1 | 74.2 | 75.7 |
| Nondefense ............................ | 9 | 22.1 | 18.9 | 23.9 | 31.1 | 23.0 | 20.0 | 19.1 | 26.7 | 21.8 | 18.3 | 18.8 | 27.9 | 19.5 | 18.7 | 15.4 | 29.7 |
| Transfer payments... | 10 | 94.4 | 94.7 | 94.8 | 96.2 | 98.4 | 99.2 | 100.9 | 101.4 | 102.4 | 103.5 | 103.9 | 104.5 | 109.6 | 110.0 | 108.6 | 110.0 |
| To persons......... | 11 | 91.7 | 91.7 | 91.3 | 92.1 | 95.8 | 95.5 | 97.0 | 97.7 | 99.8 | 100.8 | 101.2 | 100.1 | 106.9 | 107.5 | 105.8 | 105.2 |
| To foreigners ........................................................ | 12 | 2.7 | 3.0 | 3.5 | 4.1 | 2.5 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 3.8 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 4.3 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 2.8 | 4.8 |
| Grants-in-aid to State and local governments .... | 13 | 23.3 | 24.1 | 24.9 | 27.4 | 25.7 | 26.9 | 27.4 | 26.7 | 24.9 | 25.8 | 25.6 | 26.3 | 27.2 | 27.4 | 27.8 | 29.1 |
| Net interest paid................... | 14 | 31.8 | 32.8 | 32.4 | 33.2 | 33.7 | 34.3 | 33.5 | 34.2 | 34.5 | 34.8 | 35.3 | 37.1 | 36.3 | 37.5 | 38.1 | 39.5 |
| Interest paid............................. | 15 | 37.0 | 37.9 | 38.2 | 38.9 | 39.5 | 39.7 | 39.6 | 39.4 | 39.6 | 39.9 | 40.6 | 42.2 | 42.9 | 42.7 | 43.4 | 44.8 |
| To persons and business.. | 16 | 31.7 | 32.7 | 32.8 | 33.5 | 33.9 | 34.2 | 33.9 | 33.7 | 33.6 | 33.9 | 34.7 | 36.0 | 36.3 | 35.6 | 35.9 | 37.1 |
| To foreigners .............................. | 17 | 5.3 | 5.3 | 5.4 | 5.4 | 5.6 | 5.6 | 5.7 | 5.7 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 6.2 | 6.6 | 7.1 | 7.5 | 7.8 |
| Less: Interest received by government .................................................... | 18 | 5.2 | 5.2 | 5.8 | 5.7 | 5.9 | 5.5 | 6.1 | 5.2 | 5.1 | 5.0 | 5.4 | 5.1 | 6.6 | 5.2 | 5.3 | 5.3 |
| Subsidies less current surplus of govemment enterprises ............................... | 19 | 5.9 | 5.9 | 3.5 | 4.9 | 4.0 | 9.1 | 4.8 | 8.2 | 10.3 | 7.5 | 6.0 | 8.9 | 7.5 | 10.3 | 8.4 | 9.7 |
| Subsidies ......................................................................................... | 20 | 6.6 | 6.7 | 4.0 | 4.9 | 5.0 | 9.9 | 5.2 | 6.4 | 9.3 | 6.7 | 5.1 | 9.7 | 7.4 | 8.1 | 4.4 | 9.0 |
| Less: Current surplus of government enterprises ........................................... | 21 | . 6 | . 8 | . 5 | 0 | 1.0 | . 8 | 4 | -1.8 | -. 9 | -. 8 | -. 9 | . 8 | -. 1 | -2.2 | -4.0 | -. 8 |
| Less: Wage accruals less disbursements................................................... | 22 | 0 | -. 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 1 | -. 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Surplus or deficit ( - ), national income and product accounts.......... | 23 | -42.8 | -31.4 | -47.1 | -75.6 | -48.5 | -40.2 | -48.6 | -69.6 | -51.3 | -4.0 | -38.2 | -67.8 | -39.8 | -6.3 | -31.5 | -68.2 |

Table 9.4.-State and Local Government Receipts and Expenditures, Quarterly Totals Not Seasonally Adjusted
[Billions of dollars]

|  | Line | Quarterty totals not seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1985 |  |  |  | 1986 |  |  |  | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 1 | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | 1 | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV |
| Receipts..... | 1 | 141.0 | 142.9 | 140.4 | 157.5 | 153.0 | 153.7 | 151.1 | 168.5 | 159.6 | 163.6 | 156.9 | 175.9 | 171.9 | 173.3 | 168.0 | 188.4 |
| Personal tax and nontax receipts...................................................... | 2 | 33.5 | 36.9 | 34.4 | 35.4 | 36.2 | 39.0 | 36.8 | 39.4 | 39.7 | 44.9 | 39.6 | 41.6 | 43.0 | 45.0 | 41.9 | 43.8 |
|  | 4 | 69.3 | 55.2 | 5.5 64.6 | 78.6 | ${ }_{75.0}^{4.8}$ | 70.9 | 5.9 69.1 | 84.0 | 77.8 | ${ }^{6} 7.2$ | 72.5 | 59.5 8.5 | 53.7 83 | 7.0 80.8 | 77.7 | 95.3 |
| Contributions for social insurance.... | 5 | 10.4 | 10.7 | 10.9 | 11.1 | 11.3 | 11.5 | 11.8 | 12.5 | 12.2 | 12.4 | 12.6 | 12.8 | 13.0 | 13.2 | 13.4 | 13.6 |
| Federal grants-in-aid ...... | 6 | 23.3 | 24.1 | 24.9 | 27.4 | 25.7 | 26.9 | 27.4 | 26.7 | 24.9 | 25.8 | 25.6 | 26.3 | 27.2 | 27.4 | 27.8 | 29.1 |
| Expenditures.. | 7 | 121.2 | 128.6 | 134.5 | 132.3 | 132.2 | 139.9 | 146.3 | 145.2 | 142.8 | 150.4 | 156.3 | 155.2 | 153.0 | 162.2 | 168.6 | 168.1 |
| Purchases of goods and services...... | 8 | 108.5 | 115.7 | 121.3 | 120.1 | 18.5 | 125.5 | 131.5 | 130.1 | 128.1 | 135.1 | 141.3 | 140.0 | 137.7 | 146.3 | 152.3 | 151.3 |
| Transfer payments to persons.. | 9 | 24.4 | 25.4 | 25.9 | 25.4 | 26.5 | 27.8 | 27.8 | 28.8 | 28.8 | 29.9 | 30.0 | 30.9 | 31.1 | 32.3 | 33.0 | 33.9 |
| Net interest paid.... | 10 | -7.7 | -8.0 | -8.3 | -8.5 | -8.4 | -8.5 | -8.6 | -8.8 | -9.1 | -9.3 | -9.5 | -9.7 | -9.9 | -10.0 | -10.1 | -10.3 |
| Interest paid...... | 11 | 10.1 | 10.4 | 10.7 | 11.0 | 11.4 | 11.8 | 12.2 | 12.5 | 12.9 | 13.3 | 13.6 | 14.0 | 14.4 | 14.8 | 15.2 | 15.5 |
| Less: Inerest received by government........ | 12 | 17.8 | 18.4 | 19.0 | 19.5 | 19.9 | 20.3 | 20.8 | 21.3 | 21.9 | 22.5 | 23.1 | 23.7 | 24.3 | 24.8 | 25.3 | 25.8 |
| Less: Dividends received by government........... | 13 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 2.2 |
| Subsidies less current surplus of govermment enterprises... | 14 | -3.1 | -3.3 | -3.2 | -3.5 | -3.2 | -3.5 | -3.0 | -3.5 | -3.5 | -3.6 | -3.8 | -4.1 | -4.1 | -4.4 | 4.4 |  |
| Subsidies......................................... Less: Current surfus of | 15 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.2 | $\stackrel{.6}{1.6}$ | 3.4 | 3.2 | 3.2 | $3{ }^{2}$ | $\stackrel{.2}{3}$ | . 3.8 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.2 | . 2 | 2.2 | . 2 |
| Less: Wage accruals less disbursements................................................. | 17 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Surplus or deficit $(-)$, national income and product accounts.......... | 18 | 19.9 | 14.3 | 5.8 | 25.2 | 20.9 | 13.8 | 4.8 | 23.3 | 16.8 | 13.2 | .6 | 20.7 | 18.9 | 11.1 | -. 7 | 20.4 |

Table 9.5.-Foreign Transactions in the National Income and Product Accounts, Quarterly Totals Not Seasonally Adjusted
[Billions of dollars]

|  | Line | Quatterly totals not seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1985 |  |  |  | 1986 |  |  |  | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  |
|  |  | I | II | III | IV | 1 | 11 | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV |
| Receipts from foreigners ... | 1 | 94,2 | 94.6 | 88.3 | 93.8 | 98.4 | 98.9 | 97.5 | 101.7 | 103.9 | 111.1 | 112.4 | 121.2 | 130.0 | 135.4 | 136.9 | 145.3 |
| Exports of goods and services................................................................. | 2 | 94.2 | 94.6 | 88.3 | 93.8 | 98.4 | 98.9 | 97.5 | 101.7 | 103.9 | 111.1 | 112.4 | 121.2 | 130.0 | 135.4 | 136.9 | 145.3 |
| Merchandise............................................................................................ | 3 | 56.6 | 56.9 | 51.9 | 55.5 | 55.4 | 56.6 | 53.7 | 58.7 | 59.0 | 63.0 | 62.8 | 70.3 | 76.8 | 80.6 | 78.8 | 85.8 |
|  | 4 5 | 37.6 22.5 | 37.8 22.6 | 36.4 | 38.3 23.4 | 43.0 20 | 42.3 | 43.7 | 43.0 | 45.0 | 48.0 | 49.6 | 50.9 368 | 53.2 | 54.8 | 58.1 | 59.5 32.1 |
| Other ..................................................................................... | 6 | 15.1 | 15.1 | 15.2 | 15.0 | 20.2 | 20.2 | 22.9 | 21.6 | 22.9 | 24.0 | 26.0 | 24.1 | 25.4 | 26.4 | 29.7 | 27.5 |
| Capital grants received by the United States (net) ....................................... | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Payments to foreigners ............. | 8 | 94.2 | 94.6 | 88.3 | 93.8 | 98.4 | 98.9 | 97.5 | 101.7 | 103.9 | 111.1 | 112.4 | 121.2 | 130.0 | 135.4 | 136.9 | 145.3 |
| Imports of goods and services ......................................................... | 9 | 104.1 | 114.5 | 112.8 | 117.5 | 116.0 | 123.7 | 126.9 | 127.2 | 126.1 | 140.5 | 145.7 | 148.9 | 146.3 | 154.6 | 158.1 | 162.3 |
| Merchandise...................................................................................... | 10 | 79.1 | 86.4 | 84.4 | 91.0 | 86.8 | 91.6 | 92.8 | 96.5 | 94.2 | 102.2 | 105.2 | 110.7 | 107.3 | 111.5 | 111.5 | 118.7 |
| Services........................................................................................ | 11 | 25.0 | 28.0 | 28.4 | 26.5 | 29.2 | 32.1 | 34.1 | 30.7 | 31.8 | 38.2 | 40.5 | 38.2 | 38.9 | 43.2 | 46.6 | 43.5 |
| Factor income............................................................................. | 12 | 12.2 | 12.4 | 12.3 | 12.1 | 12.8 | 13.8 | 12.6 | 13.5 | 14.3 | 16.4 | 17.1 | 18.3 | 18.9 | 20.3 | 21.5 | 22.8 |
| Other ......................................................................................... | 13 | 12.8 | 15.7 | 16.2 | 14.5 | 16.4 | 18.3 | 21.5 | 17.2 | 17.6 | 21.9 | 23.4 | 19.9 | 20.0 | 22.9 | 25.1 | 20.8 |
| Transfer payments (net)......................................................................... | 14 | 3.2 | 3.4 | 4.0 | 4.5 | 3.1 | 4.1 | 4.4 | 4.2 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 4.7 | 3.3 | 2.8 | 3.3 | 5.2 |
| From persons (net) .......................................................................... | 15 | . 5 | . 4 | . 4 | 4 | . 6 | . 4 | . 5 | . 5 | . 6 | 4 | . 5 | . 4 | . 6 | . 3 | . 5 | . 4 |
| From government (net) ........................................................................ | 16 | 2.7 | 3.0 | 3.5 | 4.1 | 2.5 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 3.8 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 4.3 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 2.8 | 4.8 |
| Interest paid by government to foreigners................................................... | 17 | 5.3 | 5.3 | 5.4 | 5.4 | 5.6 | 5.6 | 5.7 | 5.7 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 6.2 | 6.6 | 7.1 | 7.5 | 7.8 |
| Net foreign investment............................ | 18 | -18.5 | -28.5 | -33.8 | -33.6 | -26.4 | -34.6 | -39.5 | -35.4 | -31.3 | -38.5 | -42.5 | -38.6 | -26.2 | -29.1 | -32.1 | -30.0 |

Table 9.6.-Corporate Profits With Inventory Valuation Adjustment, Quarterly Totals Not Seasonally Adjusted
[Bilions of dollers]

|  | Line | Quarterly totals not seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1985 |  |  |  | 1986 |  |  |  | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 1 | II | III | Iv | 1 | II | III | Iv | 1 | II | III | IV | 1 | II | II | IV |
| Corporate profits with inventory valuation adjustment...... | 1 | 49.7 | 56.5 | 60.9 | 55.5 | 54.5 | 58.8 | 59.6 | 55.4 | 53.8 | 64,0 | 68.2 | 61.8 | 61.7 | 72.1 | 75.2 | 72.8 |
|  | 2 | 50.4 | 57.3 | 58.8 | 57.8 | 50.1 | 56.9 | 56.9 | 57.7 | 57.4 | 69.3 | 72.2 | 67.9 | 67.7 | 80.1 | 80.8 | 78.2 |
| Profits tax liability <br> Profits after tax.... $\qquad$ | 4 | $\begin{aligned} & 21.4 \\ & 29.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 24.8 \\ & 32.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 26.3 \\ & 32.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 23,9 \\ & 33,9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 23.6 \\ & 26.5 \end{aligned}$ | 27.6 | $\begin{aligned} & 27,7 \\ & 29.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 27.5 \\ & 30.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 26.5 \\ & 30.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 32.6 \\ & 36.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 34.8 \\ & 37.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 30.8 \\ & 37.1 \end{aligned}$ | 330.0 | 36.2 43.9 | $\begin{aligned} & 37.1 \\ & 43.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 34.7 \\ & 43.5 \end{aligned}$ |
| Inventory valuation adjustment ............................................................ | 5 | -. 7 | -. 7 | 2.1 | $-2.3$ | 4.5 | 1.9 | 2.7 | -2.3 | -3.5 | -5.4 | -4.0 | -6.1 | -6.0 | -8.0 | -5.6 | -5.4 |

## Composite Indexes of Leading, Coincident, and Lagging Indicators

| Recent Data and Percent Changes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Index | 1988 |  |  |  |  |  | 1989 |  |  |  |  |  | 1988 |  | 1989 |  |
|  | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr | May | June ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | III | IV | I | $1{ }^{1}$ |
|  | Index (1982=100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Leading index...... | 142.7 | 144.1 | 143.7 | 143.9 | 144.0 | 145.0 | 146.1 | -145.7 | $\cdot 144.7$ | ${ }^{145.6}$ | ${ }^{1} 143.7$ | 143.5 | 143.5 | 144.3 | ${ }^{1} 145.5$ | 144.3 |
| Coincident index... | 128.9 | 129.3 | 129.3 | 130.6 | 130.6 | 131.4 | - 132.3 | -132.6 | - 132.6 | - 133.3 | -133.0 | 132.9 | 129.2 | 130.9 | 132.5 | 133.1 |
| Lagging index....... | 115.8 | 116.4 | 116.4 | 116.5 | 117.8 | 118.1 | '119.3 | -120.5 | ${ }^{121.3}$ | r 120.5 | ' 121.7 | 122.2 | 116.2 | 117.5 | '120.4 | 121.5 |
|  | Percent change from preceding month (quarter) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Leading index ................................................... | -.8.3-.2 | 1.0.3.5 | -300 | .11.0.1 | $\begin{gathered} .1 \\ 0 \\ 1.1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & .7 \\ & .6 \\ & .3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} .8 \\ \cdot .7 \\ \hline 1.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} r-3 \\ .2 \\ r 1.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} -.7 \\ \hline 0 \\ 7.7 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} .6 \\ . .5 \\ -.7 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -1.3 \\ -.2 \\ 1.0 \end{array}$ | -.1-.1.4 | .81.1.5 | .61.31.1 | 81.2.2 .5 | $\begin{array}{r}-8 \\ .5 \\ .9 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| Coincident index.............................................. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lagging index.................................................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

[^6]${ }^{1}$ Revised.
Nore.-Quarrerly data are averages of monthly figures. Quarterly percent changes are computed from quarterly data.

Long -Term Perspective: January 1969 to June 1989

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

## BEA's Measurement of Computer 0utput

THis article addresses issues raised in a recent study by Edward Denison about BEA's measurement of the output of computers. ${ }^{1}$ Denison concludes that BEA's measurement of the output of computers in the national income and product accounts (NIPA's) is incorrect. He argues that BEA did not implement the resource-cost concept of capital in measuring the output of computers when it introduced the computer price index in the comprehensive revision of the NIPA's in 1985 and that, consequently, computers are not measured in terms of the concept used for other types of capital goods. He also suggests that consideration be given to measuring capital in terms of consumption forgone rather than in terms of resource cost.
Part I of this article, "Capital Measured by Cost," introduces three issues raised by Denison concerning whether BEA's measurement of the output of computers implemented the resourcecost concept, demonstrates that the approach BEA used is consistent with the resource-cost concept, and examines some aspects-largely statistical in nature-that one needs to consider in evaluating the approach.
Part II, "Capital Measured by Consumption Forgone," considers Denison's reason for advancing the con-sumption-forgone concept and notes related work by other investigators.

Note.-Frank de Leeuw and Jack E. Triplett provided many helpful comments and suggestions in the preparation of this article. Other BEA staff members who provided assistance included David W. Cartwright, Michael F. Mohr, and John C. Musgrave. The following persons also provided helpful comments: Rosanne Cole, Edwin R. Dean, Edward F. Denison, Ellen R. Dulberger, Charles R. Hulten, and Martin L. Marimont. Teresa A. Williams provided secretarial assistance.

1. Edward F. Denison, Estimates of Productivity
Change by Industry (Washington, DC: The Brookings Change by Industry (Washington, DC: The Brookings Institution, 1989).

Part III, "A Summing Up," reviews why Denison's study does not present convincing reasons to change the treatment of computers in the measurement of output and suggests that the consumption-forgone concept can play a useful role in studying sources of growth but not in measuring the output of capital goods.

The overall topic of Denison's study is the estimation of productivity. In addition to considering BEA's measurement of the output of computers, Denison raises two issues pertaining to BEA that are not addressed in this article. One pertains to possible errors in the way BEA partitions growth in GNP among industries. The other pertains to whether BEA's new computer price index lessens the usefulness of measures of GNP based on a single weight year. BEA addressed the first of these two issues in an article in the July 1988 Survey of Current Business. ${ }^{2}$ That
2. "Gross National Product by Industry: Comments on Recent Criticisms," Survey of Current Business 68 (July 1988): 132-133.
article also evaluated similar points raised by Lawrence Mishel. ${ }^{3}$ An article in the April 1989 Survey considered aspects of the second issue; it described BEA's plans to develop alternative measures of real GNP that use different approaches to weighting components. ${ }^{4}$ Other parts of Denison's study that pertain to the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) calculation of estimates of multifactor productivity by industry and his suggestion that productivity by end product be calculated are not taken up here. ${ }^{5}$
3. Lawrence Mishel, Manufacturing Numbers: How Inaccurate Statistics Conceal U.S. Industrial Decline (Washington, DC: Economic Policy Institute, 1988).
4. Allan H. Young, "Alternative Measures of Real GNP," Survey of Current Business 69 (April 1989): 2734.

5, BLS currently prepares multifactor productivity measures for three major sectors of the economy, twenty two-digit manufacturing industries, and four three-digit manufacturing industries. For the major sectors and the two-digit multifactor measures, BLS uses BEA output in the preparation of its output measures and incorporates BEA's measures of gross private domestic fixed porates BEAs measures of gross private domestion

## I. Capital Measured By Cost

## Issues Raised by Denison

This section introduces three issues raised by Denison concerning whether BEA implemented the resource-cost concept in measuring the output of computers.

In his study, Denison reviews BEA's treatment of computers in light of the methods of measuring capital that he first advanced in his seminal paper on the measurement of capital in the mid1950's. The following descriptions of these methods are from his 1989 study; the methods are described more fully in his original paper.

Method 1: Capital measured by cost. The first method is both fruitful and practical. The value, in base period prices, of the stock of durable capital goods (before allowance for capital consumption) measures the amount it would have cost in the base period to produce the actual stock of capital goods existing in the given year (not its equivalent in ability to contribute to production). Similarly, gross additions to the capital stock and capital consumption are valued in terms of base year costs for the particular types of capital goods added or consumed. For durable capital goods not produced in the base year, one must substitute the amount it would have cost to produce them if they had been known and actually produced. But a similar modification is required in all deflation or index number problems. ...

Method 2: Capital input proportional to total output. This method, deriving from the assumption of constant capital output ratios, assumes that the capital stock moves in proportion to output. It is essential to realize that the method does not yield a measure of capital's contribu tion to output. For use as such a measure, its result is fatally flawed because the method takes no account of other in puts. For example, if output doubles with a new machine, the new machine is said to be twice as much capital as the old, regardless of whether its operation requires one-tenth as much labor, structures, materials, or other inputs as the old machine or ten times as much. Because it does not take account of changes in requirements for other inputs, it is a nonsense method that I have not heard advocated for many years.

The new measures of quantities and prices of computers are based on the computer's capacity to acquire, store, retrieve process, and display information. They take no account of requirements for other inputs-labor, electricity, structures, pa per, programs, and so on-and there fore appear to correspond to method 2 measures. ${ }^{15}$

[^7]Except for computers, Denison and BEA agree that method 1-capital measured by cost, which in this article is called the resource-cost concept-is used by BEA to measure both the output of capital in the NIPA's and the associated stocks of fixed capital. In the case of computers, BEA takes the position that its approach is consistent with method 1. Denison takes the position, however, that BEA's treatment of computers is not in accord with method 1 but with method 2. As Denison describes method 2 , its key feature is that the estimator imposes proportionality
6. Denison, Estimates, pp. 25-28; and "Theoretical Aspects of Quality Change, Capital Consumption, and Net Capital Formation," in Problems in Capital Formation, Studies in Income and Wealth, Volume 19 (Princeton, NJ: Princeton University Press for the National Bureau of Economic Research, 1957), 215-261.
between capital and output as a way of estimating capital. ${ }^{7}$

Denison also evaluates BEA's approach in terms of method 1. He faults it because of "the introduction of new products (models) into the price index by comparing their prices and characteristics with older ones in the year they appear on the market." ${ }^{8}$ Consequently, in Denison's view, BEA's computer price index declines too rapidly, thereby overstating the growth of capital and understating the contribution to growth made by advances in knowledge.

Also in terms of method 1, Denison faults BEA's approach because it extends "the values for performance characteristics far beyond the range attained by products previously available."

## How BEA Measures Computers

This section illustrates BEA's approach to measuring the output of computers in terms of hypothetical examples that are designed to show that the approach is consistent with the resource-cost concept.

The essence of BEA's treatment of computers may be viewed as composed of three procedures, designated A, B, and C. Procedure A measures the quantity and price of an identical machine that is produced over time with successive, improved technologies. Procedure B measures the quantity and price when a second machine, the same in type but different in size, is introduced in the base

[^8]year. Procedure C measures the price of a hypothetical machine of a specified size using data on machines of other sizes. For each procedure, the example makes clear how observed prices are used to establish the resource cost of the machine in question. (The designation of $A, B$, and $C$ does not reflect the order in which the procedures are applied, but only the order chosen to facilitate their description.)

## Procedure A

Procedure A measures the quantity and price of an identical machine that is produced over time with successive, improved technologies. It is illustrated in exhibit 1. The exhibit is designed (1) to highlight several characteristics of computer production that must be taken into account in measuring prices and output and (2) to set the stage for the discussion of capital measured by consumption forgone in part II. Lines $1-15$ in the exhibit illustrate procedure A; lines 16-26 pertain to part II.
The basis for the example.-The example incorporates the following conditions. Suppose that an identical machine is produced each year and that every 3 years a new technology is introduced that reduces the resources required to produce the machine. Each successive technology overlaps the previous technology by 1 year. In the year in which the two technologies coexist, the price of the machine produced with the new technology is set higher than the machine's cost of production, while the price of the machine produced with the old technology is set lower than the cost of production. In the second year of a new technology, the price of the machine is set equal to the cost of production. In the third, the price is set lower, reflecting the arrival of the next generation of technology. Further, for simplicity, in the year in which two technologies overlap, the example assumes that one-half of the machines are produced by the new technology and one-half by the old and that the premium and discount are such that the machines are equal in price. In addition, suppose that the price of resources required to produce the machine increases each year irrespective of the particular technology in place. Finally, year 2-a year in which the price of the machine is equal to the cost of production-is taken as the base year.
Lines 1-15 in exhibit 1.-In the exhibit, the successive technologies are
designated I, II, and III. Lines 1-3 show the number of units of the machine that are produced with each technology. For each technology, one machine is produced in the first year, two in the second year, and one in the third year, when a newer technology is also in place. Lines 4-6 show the price of the machine dropping with each successive technology, with the prices of the machines produced by two overlapping technologies being equal. Lines $7-10$ show the revenue realized from sale of the machines-the number of units times the price.

Lines 11-14 show the value of the machines in terms of production costs in the base year; that is, they implement Denison's method 1 for measuring capital in terms of its resource cost. The entries are obtained by multiplying the base-year (year 2) price of the machine times the number of machines produced each year. Given that the price is equal to production costs in year 2 , this method values the machines in terms of resource costs
in the base year. Line 15 shows the price index for the machine, computed by dividing the total constant-dollar value of the machines (line 14) into the current-dollar revenue (line 10).
The following points about the entries on lines 1-15 should be noted.
(1) Given the stipulation that the machines produced over time are identical, the example presents no obstacle to the conventional methods of measuring price change, such as those BLS uses to measure producer prices, which implement the resource-cost concept.
(2) Although the observed price of the machine does not equal the resource cost in each year, one can still measure the machines produced in terms of resource cost in the base year. To obtain the desired measure, the estimator must only either know or assume the relationship between price and resource cost in the base year. In the example, the two are taken to be equal.
(3) The designation of the measures on lines 11-14 is chosen so as to clar-

Exhibit 1.-Identical Machines Produced With Successive Generations of Improved Technology

| Line |  | Year |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| 23 | Units produced (number): | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 11 | 2 | 1 |
|  | Technology I...................................................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Technology II...................................................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Technology III ..................................................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Price (dollars): | 1.18 | 1.00 | $\begin{aligned} & .85 \\ & .85 \end{aligned}$ | . 72 | $.61$ | . 52 | . 44 |
| 4 | Technology I.. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | Technology II.. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6 | Technology III ..................................................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Revenue (dollars): | 1.18 | 2.00 | . 85 | 1.44 | . 61 |  |  |
| 7 | Technology I...................................................... |  |  |  |  |  | 1.04 | . 44 |
| 8 | Technology II...................................................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9 | Technology III ................................................... | 1.18 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10 | Total.......................................................... |  | 2.00 | 1.70 | 1.44 | 1.22 | 1.04 | . 44 |
|  | Resource cost in constant (year 2) dollars with base- year (year 2) technology: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11 | Technology I....................................................... | 1.00 | 2.00 | $\begin{aligned} & 1.00 \\ & 1.00 \end{aligned}$ |  | 1.001.00 | 2.00 | 1.00 |
| 12 | Technology II...................................................... |  |  |  | 2.00 |  |  |  |
| 13 | Technology III ...................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14 | Total... | 1.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 1.00 |
| 15 | Machine price index (year 2=1,00). | 1.18 | 1.00 | . 85 | . 72 | . 61 | . 52 | . 44 |
| 16 | Resource price index (year 2=1.00).......................... | . 95 | 1.00 | 1.05 | 1.10 | 1.16 | 1.22 | 1.28 |
|  | Resource cost in current dollars: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 17 | Technology I....................................................... | . 95 | 2.00 | $\begin{array}{r} 1.05 \\ .69 \end{array}$ | 1.44 | .76.49 |  |  |
| 18 | Technology II..................................................... |  |  |  |  |  | 1.04 |  |
| 19 | Technology III .................................................... |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 55 |
| 20 | Total........................................................... | . 95 | 2.00 | 1.74 | 1.44 | 1.25 | 1.04 | . 55 |
|  | Resource cost in constant (year 2) dollars with current-year technology: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21 | Technology I....................................................... | 1.00 | 2.00 | $\begin{array}{r} 1.00 \\ .66 \end{array}$ | 1.31 | . 66 |  |  |
| 22 | Technology II...................................................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23 | Technology III .................................................... |  |  |  |  |  | . 85 | .43.43 |
| 24 | Total........................................................... | 1.00 | 2.00 | 1.66 | 1.31 | 1.09 | . 85 |  |
|  | Technological change index (year $2=1.00$ ): |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 43 |
| 25 | Line 14/line 24.................................................... | 1.00 | $\begin{aligned} & 1.00 \\ & 1.00 \end{aligned}$ | 1.20 | 1.53 | 1.83 | 2.352.35 | 2.35 |
| 26 | Line 16/ine 15 .................................................... |  |  |  | 1.53 |  |  |  |

Note.-The example does not show technologies before I and after III. Entries for units produced and price in years 1 and 7 assume technological change is occurring in a similar manner before I and after III.
ify one aspect of Denison's description of method 1: That the machines produced each year are valued in terms of the real resources required to produce them in the base year with base-year technology.
Lines $16-26$ in exhibit 1.-The remainder of the exhibit introduces a second measure of real resource cost, which will be discussed in part II. In this measure, real resources are stated in terms of current-year technology. This measure is obtained by deflating the current-dollar resource cost by an index of resource (input) prices. Line 16 shows the resource price index, and lines 17-20 show the current-dollar resource costs. The entries for years 2 , 4 , and 6 , when only one technology is in use, are equal to the current-dollar revenue entries on lines 7-10. The entries for the other years are calculated according to the assumed change in resource prices shown on line 16 .
Lines 21-24 show the second measure of real resource cost-the real resources required to produce the machines with current-year technology. They are obtained by dividing the resource price index (line 16) into the resource cost in current dollars (lines 1720).

The ratio of real resource cost expressed in terms of base-year technology to that expressed in terms of current-year technology measures the technological change in the production of the machine. For years 2, 4, and 6, the ratio of the resource price index to the machine price index likewise measures technological change. These ratios are shown as indexes of technological change on lines 25 and 26 . (No entries are shown on line 26 for years $1,3,5$, and 7 , because in those years the price of the machine is not equal to its cost of production.)

## Procedure B

Procedure B provides the total constant-dollar resource cost when two or more machines of different sizes are produced in the base year. It is a type of procedure basic to all price index work. The procedure is illustrated in exhibit 2, where a standard size machine is produced in years 1,2 , and 3 and a large size version is produced in years 2 and 3. Year 2 is the base year, and in that year the price of each machine is equal to its cost of production. Under these conditions, the total constant-dollar resource cost in terms

Exhibit 2.-Two Machines of Different Sizes Produced in the Base Year

|  | Year |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| Units (number): |  |  |  |
| Standard size.. | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Large size..................................... |  | 1 | 1 |
| Price (dollars): |  |  |  |
| Standard size .................................... | 1.2 | 1.0 | . 8 |
| Large size........................................ |  | 1.5 | 1.3 |
| Revenue (dollars): |  |  |  |
| Standard size ..... | 1.2 | 1.0 | . 8 |
| Large size........................................ |  | 1.5 | 1.3 |
| Total... | 1.2 | 2.5 | 2.1 |
| Resource cost in constant (year 2) dollars with base-year (year 2) technology: |  |  |  |
| Standard size .................................... | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| Large size........................................ |  | 1.5 | 1.5 |
| Total.. | 1.0 | 2.5 | 2.5 |
| Machine price index (year 2=1.00)....... | 1.20 | 1.00 | . 84 |

of base-year technology is the sum of the cost for each machine.

## Procedure C

So far, procedures have been set forth for incorporating into the price index the prices of identical machines produced with successive, improved technologies and the prices of machines of the same type, but of different size, produced in the same period. These two procedures would be sufficient for pricing computers if each size of machine were represented in the base year. Because this is not the case, it is necessary to establish for each size of machine that is not produced in the base year the price in the base year of a hypothetical machine with identical characteristics. Procedure C, which is an application of the hedonic technique, estimates this price from data on the prices and characteristics of actual machines in the base year. Once the necessary hypothetical machines are established in the base year (procedure C), each machine produced in years other than the base year can be related to either an actual or hypothetical identical machine in the base year (procedure A), and the various actual and hypothetical machines in the base year can be equated to each other (procedure B).

The application of the hedonic technique is illustrated in exhibit 3, in which the price of different sized goods is determined by only one variable. Suppose that a type of lathe is produced in several sizes, but that not all sizes are produced in any given year. Everything about the lathe-the
motor, cutting tool, etc.-is the same for each size, except for the bed and the frame required to support the bed. Over time, the price of the lathe is reduced. These price reductions are made possible by developments pertaining to the cost of the bed and frame: Stronger, lighter, less expensive materials; new methods of fabricating and assembling; and improved design that reduces use of a given material, independent of other factors. (For simplicity, the selling price is assumed to equal the resource cost in each period.) An example that incorporates these conditions is shown in the top panel of the exhibit.

In the example, year 1 is taken as the base period. In that year, lathes with beds and frames of $12^{\prime \prime}, 36^{\prime \prime}$, and $48^{\prime \prime}$ are produced; in year 2, lathes of $36^{\prime \prime}, 48^{\prime \prime}$, and $60^{\prime \prime}$ that reflect cost savings with respect to the bed and frame are produced; in year 3 , lathes of $24^{\prime \prime}$, $48^{\prime \prime}$, and $72^{\prime \prime}$ that reflect further cost savings are produced. Thus, it is necessary to estimate the cost of hypothetical lathes of $24^{\prime \prime}, 60^{\prime \prime}$, and $72^{\prime \prime}$ in year 1.

The costs of the hypothetical lathes are estimated by first establishing the costs of the bed and frame for the hypothetical lathes and then combining those costs with the fixed costs for the motor, cutting tool, etc. In the example, the cost of the bed and frame is linearly related to their length. The hypothetical cost of the $24^{\prime \prime}$ lathe in year 1 , therefore, may be established in a straightforward manner. However, to infer hypothetical costs for $60^{\prime \prime}$ and $72^{\prime \prime}$ lathes, it is necessary to extend the cost relationship beyond the range of observations in year 1. The extension is based on the assumption that, if larger beds and frames had been produced in year 1 , their costs would have been linearly related to their length in the same manner as in years 2 and 3. The bottom panel of the exhibit shows in parentheses the estimated hypothetical costs and sales prices.

Extending the cost relationship in the base year well beyond the range of observations is an issue raised by Denison. Several aspects of the issue need to be considered. Whether the same functional form holds across all years, as does the linear relationship in the example, is an empirical question that can be tested statistically.

Whether larger machines could have been produced in the base year at the cost predicted by the function is a technical question to which the answer may vary by type of machine
and by type of technology. However, it seems reasonable to conclude that there would be few instances in which a larger size of a capital good could have been built in the base year for less than the predicted cost. The more likely case is that subsequent technological developments removed barriers existing in the base year that would have made larger machines very costly. Thus, extending the cost relationship in the base year to obtain predicted costs and sales prices for large hypothetical sizes may understate the cost of larger sizes in the base year and thereby understate the price decline from the base period to the later period.

Finally, if judged necessary, one may be able to minimize the need to extend the cost relationship by selecting one base year rather than another. For example, if one specified the most recent year as the base year, it would probably not be necessary to extend the function to larger machines, although it might be necessary to extend it to more smaller machines.

Exhibit 3.-Resource Cost and Price of Lathes of Different (Actual and Hypothetical) Sizes

|  | Year |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| Actual sizes |  |  |  |
| Cost of bed and frame: |  |  |  |
| $12^{\prime \prime}$........ | 1.00 |  |  |
| $24^{\prime \prime}$.... |  |  | 0.75 |
| $36^{\prime \prime}$...................... | 2.00 | 1.20 |  |
| $48^{\prime \prime}$...... | 2.50 | 1.50 | 1.25 |
| ${ }^{60^{\prime \prime}}$........................................... |  | 1.80 |  |
| $72^{\prime \prime}$................................... |  |  | 1.75 |
| Cost of motor, cutting tool, etc., for all sizes. | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 |
| Total resource cost (equals sales price): |  |  |  |
| price): | 300 |  |  |
| 24" ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ "- | 3.00 |  | 75 |
| 36" ................... | 4.00 | 3.20 |  |
| 48"..... | 4.50 | 3.50 | 3.25 |
| $60^{\prime \prime} . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~$ |  | 3.80 |  |
| $72^{\prime \prime}$........................................... |  |  | 3.75 |
| Actual and hypothetical sizes ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |
| Cost of bed and frame: |  |  |  |
| 12" ................................................ | 1.00 |  |  |
| 24" ....................................... | (1.50) |  | . 75 |
| 36" ................................... | 2.00 | 1.20 |  |
| $48^{\prime \prime}$ | 2.50 | 1.50 | 1.25 |
| $60^{\prime \prime}$ | (3.00) | 1.80 |  |
| 72" .......................................... | (3.50) |  | 1.75 |
| Cost of motor, cutting tool, etc., for all sizes. $\qquad$ | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 |
| Total resource cost (equals sales price): |  |  |  |
| $12^{\prime \prime}$.. | 3.00 |  |  |
|  | (3.50) |  | 2.75 |
| $36^{\prime \prime}$ | 4.00 | 3.20 |  |
| $48^{\prime \prime}$. | 4.50 | 3.50 | 3.25 |
| $60^{\prime \prime}$ | (5.00) | 3.80 |  |
| 72" .......................................... | (5.50) |  | 3.75 |

1. Resource costs and sales prices of hypothetical sizes are shown in parentheses.

Application of the hedonic technique to computers.-In applying the hedonic technique to computers, one cannot proceed in the simple manner outlined in exhibit 3 for the following reasons.
(1) Detailed component cost data corresponding to those in exhibit 3 are not available for computers. The only data that are available correspond to the total prices of the lathes in the exhibit.
(2) Computers are more complex than the one variable case in the exhibit. For example, in terms of the exhibit, suppose that the horsepower of the motor was not fixed across all lathe sizes, but that a more powerful motor was available as an option, which, depending on the use of the machine, some purchasers would choose while others would not.
(3) The sizes of computers do not necessarily remain fixed. For example, in terms of the exhibit, suppose that in year 3 the producer added 1 inch to the size of each model so that the new lathes were $25^{\prime \prime}, 49^{\prime \prime}$, and $73^{\prime \prime}$.

The complexities listed above were handled in the following manner for computers.
(1) A continuous function was fitted to actual prices to obtain hypothetical prices.
(2) Additional explanatory variables were included to represent additional, cost-determining characteristics (such as the size of the motor), and fixed costs (such as those for the cutting tool) were included in the constant term.
(3) The continuous function permitted information on machines of new sizes to be included.

## Statistical Considerations

This section briefly examines several important, largely statistical aspects of BEA's measurement of the output of computers that one needs to consider in evaluating the approach. The note accompanying this article provides more details about the approach; the statistical and conceptual aspects of the approach are taken up more fully in the references cited in the note.

## Applying the hedonic function

Selection of the function.-The mathematical function used in the hedonic technique, the log-log function, was selected based on statistical tests. Other functions that were tested included the linear and semilogarithmic functions.
In the case of computers, the estimated coefficients in the log-log function provide approximate proportionality, at any point in time, between a computer's characteristics and its price. That is, if one computer has twice the speed and memory size of another, its price will be approximately twice as high. This empirical finding might be what led Denison to describe BEA's procedure as corresponding to method 2. However, his method 2 does not pertain to proportionality between the characteristics of a computer and its price; rather, it pertains to proportionality between the stock of computers and the output of computerusing industries. BEA has in no way imposed proportionality of this latter kind. BEA did not even impose the approximate proportionality between the computer's characteristics and its price noted above; such proportionality was an empirical outcome.

Extension beyond the observed range in the base year.-The $\log -\log$ function was extended beyond the range of observations in 1982 to impute hypothetical base-year prices both for large computers produced after 1982 and for small computers produced before 1982. The question of whether these extensions are appropriate statistically was examined in several tests.
One test applied when the function was initially fit to data for 1972-84 tested whether single-year regressions could be pooled into a multiyear regression. The test showed that the same function fit the data for the entire 1972-84 period, suggesting that imputing outside the range of 1982 probably involves only a small error.
Another test carried out initially involved tracking the price of a computer of given speed and memory size across the years included in the sample. It was found that the rate of price decline for a specified size of computer closely matched that for the computer price index BEA adopted as a deflator.
Later, using data through 1987, the function was examined for evidence that it had changed over time. The test showed that the parameters for 1985-

87 do not differ significantly from those for earlier years.

These tests show that the selected $\log -\log$ function is stable and well behaved. They do not indicate that extension beyond the observed range in the base year overstated the price decline. ${ }^{10}$

## Introduction of new models

Denison maintains that new models should not be introduced into the price index in the year they appear on the market, on the grounds that the subsequent rapid price declines that come with large-scale production will receive undue weight. This point only applies to a situation in which a price movement that is not representative of the universe receives undue weight. This can be a problem in cases where the sample of products that are priced is selected judgmentally, or where the sample is extremely small. It should not, however, be a problem in BEA's computer price index, which is based on prices for all models within the defined category of equipment. Each model represents only itself and is priced over the entire model cycle. Beginning with the year of introduction, the new model's price can then be weighted by the actual market share of the model. In this way, one achieves an exact correspondence between the price represented in the price index and the price and sales quantity represented in the transactions data.

## Selection of a base year

In measuring prices and output, the selection of a base year necessarily involves judgment. For computer processors, the explicit assumption is that the price of a processor incorporating 64 kilobit technology in 1982 was equal to its production cost. Because this technology was in place for a considerable period of time both before and after 1982, this appears to be a reasonable assumption. Similar assumptions were made for the other types of com-

[^9]puter equipment. There is no apparent reason to conclude that the assumption that prices of the various types of equipment are equal to resource costs in 1982 introduced much error or that it was less appropriate for computers than for other capital goods.

## Costless quality change

Costless quality change can be defined as the difference between (1) the value of a change in a good's ability to produce as a result of the addition of a new feature and (2) the cost of the new feature. Fundamentally, the difference between Denison's and BEA's
approach lies in Denison's willingness to view an increase in memory size or speed as a new feature and then to assign it a zero cost. In BEA's approach, an increase in memory size or speed represents a resource cost and, through the use of the hedonic technique, it is treated as such and counted as part of measured quality-that is, as quantity. The difference between Denison and BEA is best considered not in terms of costless quality change, but in terms of how to measure resource cost accurately.

It should be noted that BEA's treatment of computers may not have fully accounted for the resource-using type
of quality change. To the extent that computer manufacturers added features that had a cost in resources and that are not taken into account in the hedonic function, the estimated quality change falls short of the actual amount. For example, if in some year computer manufacturers introduced increased reliability at a resource cost, BEA would not have counted it as an increase in resource cost. Instead, such a cost would have been (incorrectly) counted as an increase in price. Given the possibility of situations such as this, BEA's computer price index may have understated the decline in computer prices.

Note on the Application of the Hedonic Technique

The application of the hedonic technique to develop a price index for computers and its use in deflating components of GNP was described in three articles by IBM staff and BEA staff in the SURVEY of Current BUSINESS in 1986. ${ }^{1}$ In addition, an update on the use of the computer price index in deflating components of GNP was provided in an article in the November 1988 issue of the Survey. ${ }^{2}$ Three topics covered in those articles will be taken up briefly: (1) The types of products for which price indexes were calculated, (2) the data on prices and characteristics, and (3) the measures of technology included in the hedonic function.

Price indexes were calculated for four types of computer equipment: Computer processors, disk drives, printers, and general purpose displays. The data on prices and characteristics were from publicly available sources and generally covered the period 1972-84. The sample for processors consisted of 67 different models from 4 manufacturers; that for disk drives, 30 devices marketed by 10 vendors; that for printers, 480 models marketed by 126 vendors; and that for displays, 772 models marketed by 115 vendors. Results obtained by the IBM staff from the processor sample were subsequently compared by BEA with results from an augmented sample containing 187 models from 17 manufacturers.
The selection of relevant characteristics was carried out by the IBM staff, drawing upon the expertise of both engineers and economists. For processors, two characteristics were selected-main memory capacity and a summary of speed at which instructions are executed. For disk drives, two characteristics were selected-capacity and speed. ${ }^{3}$ For printers, three characteristics were selected-speed, resolution, and on-line fonts. For displays, four characteristics were selected-screen capacity, resolution, number of colors, and number of programmable function keys.

Technology was represented explicitly in the hedonic functions estimated for processors, disk drives, and printers. For processors, the sample was stratified into eight technology classes, ranging from magnetic core in 1972 to the 64-kilobit chip during 1979-84. For disk drives, nine technology classes were distinguished, having recording densities ranging from 220 kilobits per square inch in 1972 to over 12,000 kilobits per square inch during 1981-84. Printers were sorted into two categoriesimpact and nonimpact-and further classified by print mechanism. The function for displays did not account for technology, as distinguished from time.

1. Jack E. Triplett, "The Economic Interpretation of Hedonic Methods," and Rosanne Cole et al., "Quality-Adjusted Price Indexes for Computer Processors and Selected Peripheral Equipment," Survey of Current Business 66 (January 1986): 36-40 and 41-50; and David W. Cartwright, "Improved Deflation of Purchases of Computers," Survey of Current Business 66 (March 1986): 7-9.
2. David W. Cartwright, "Deflators for Purchases of Computers in GNP: Revised and Extended Estimates, 1983-88," Survey of Current Business 68 (November 1988): 22-23.
3. See Cole et al., p. 42, for the three components of disk drive speed.

Table 1.-Four Types of Computer Equipment, Average Annual Rates of Change in Composite Price Indexes

|  | Processors | Disk drives | Printers | Displays |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1972-77..................................... | -11 | -15 | -6 | -4 |
| 1977-84..... | -22 | -11 | -19 | -10 |
| 1972-84.................................................... | -18 | -13 | -14 | $\rightarrow 7$ |

A composite Paasche price index was constructed for each of the four types of equipment, using matched model prices wherever possible. When a model was not available in the base year (1982), an estimate of its price was made by valuing its characteristics produced with the dominant technology in 1982 using the estimated hedonic function. For processors, the dominant technology in 1982 was the 64 -kilobit memory chip; for disk drives, it was recording densities of 3,071-3,084 kilobits per square inch. For printers, the estimate was made according to category and print mechanism. For displays, where technology did not appear explicitly in the function, estimates of unobserved prices were made by evaluating the function for implied prices of those characteristics in 1982.

The weights for the composite indexes for processors were estimates of the quantity of each model shipped; for disk drives, they were estimates of quantity shipped by technology class; and for printers, they were estimates of the quantity shipped by type of printer (e.g., dot matrix or laser jet). For displays, an equally weighted index was constructed. Except for processors, for which the shipments were available by model, the prices for models within a class were averaged to obtain an estimated price for the class.
The composite indexes showed substantial rates of price decline. The average annual rates of change for 1972-77, 1977-84, and 1972-84 are shown in table 1. Over the entire period 1972-84, the decline was largest for processors, at 18 percent per year; the decline was smallest for displays, at 7 percent per year. The composite indexes, along with a price index for tape drives, were combined into a deflator for computers and computing equipment using domestic shipments by type of equipment as weights. The deflator was extended back to 1969 using other information on computer prices. Prior to 1969, the deflator was held constant at the 1969 level.

The deflator was used in the deflation of components of GNP, as described in the previously referenced 1986 Survey articles. In July 1987, a separate index for personal computers (based on matched models) was introduced, as described in the November 1988 SURVEY article.

## II. Capital Measured by Consumption Forgone

In his study, Denison advances a fourth method for measuring fixed capital stocks (and capital input) for the purpose of analyzing the sources of long-term growth. This method, which he designates method 4 , would measure capital in terms of the consumption that is forgone in order to release resources for the production of capital goods. Denison defines net real investment in terms of consumption forgone as equal to "the quantity of consumer goods that resources devoted to increasing the capital stock would have provided if devoted instead to the production of consumer goods by the methods used in the base year." ${ }^{11}$ Apparently, Denison favors measuring the output of capital goods as well as capital input in this manner. ${ }^{12}$

Denison advances method 4 in order to assign the contribution to growth that arises from productivity gains in the capital-goods-producing industries to the appropriate category in his growth accounting. When capital is measured by base-year resource cost and when output is measured net of depreciation, such gains are ultimately counted in capital's contribution to growth. By use of the consumptionforgone concept, Denison intends for such gains not to be counted in capital's contribution, but to be included in the residual-i.e., as gains not attributable to labor or capital-and counted as part of the contribution to growth of advances in knowledge.

Exhibit 1 illustrates a key feature of Denison's definition of capital measured in terms of consumption forgone. The phrase "resources devoted to increasing the capital stock" refers to the resources actually used in a given year in the production of capital. In terms of exhibit 1 , these are the resources measured in terms of current-year technology on line 24. For example, in year 4 in the exhibit, the real resource cost (in year 2 dollars) to produce two machines is $\$ 1.31$. If these resources had been "devoted instead to the production of consumer goods by the methods used in the base year," the cost (in year 2 dollars) of the consumer goods produced in year 4 would also have

[^10]been $\$ 1.31$. Thus, the difference between capital measured by method 1 and by method 4 is reflected in the index of technological change on line 25. If technological change permits a machine to be produced over time at a lower resource cost, it is counted as a decreasing amount of capital by method 4 , while it is counted as a constant amount of capital by method 1.

In the exhibit, the entries for the price of inputs and the price of output were selected to correspond roughly to those for computers. The rate of technological change as represented by the index on line 25 is about 20 percent per year. Thus, the difference between Denison's method 1 and method 4 in the case of computers is substantial. The differences for other types of capital goods would be smaller. ${ }^{13}$

## Work by other investigators

Denison cites the work by T.K. Rymes as the basis for his suggestion that capital be measured in terms of consumption forgone. ${ }^{14}$ In his approach to productivity measurement, Rymes treats capital input as an intermediate good-as a produced means of production-and restates it so that it reflects the increasing efficiency with which it is produced. He shows that with the most aggregated approach, a restated measure of capital could be derived from data used in a conventional multifactor productivity calculation by subtracting from the change in capital either the difference between the change in the wage rate and the change in the price of output or the difference between the change in output and the change in labor input. However, a more detailed approach by industry is preferred; such an approach requires use of an input-output table to trace the effects of a productivity change in a given industry on other industries.
Recently, René Durand and Mehrzad Salem have argued that the timing of

[^11]Rymes' restatement of capital input is incorrect. ${ }^{15}$ According to Durand and Salem, Rymes restates capital in terms of the efficiency with which new capital is being produced in the current period. They argue that the restatement should be in terms of the periods in which the stock of capital in the current period was produced.

Charles Hulten also treats capital as an intermediate good in considering sources of growth. ${ }^{6}$ He says "part of the historically observed growth rate of capital stock is ... the result of productivity change, and must be recognized as such when assessing the importance of productivity change as a source of growth." ${ }^{17}$ Hulten takes into account the increasing efficiency with which capital is produced with a two-stage approach. The first stage is a conventional multifactor productivity calculation. The second stage calculates a "dynamic residual" from the residuals in the conventional multifactor productivity calculation. This "dynamic residual" takes into account the expansion of capital induced by technological change.

Clearly, whether capital input should be measured in terms of consumption forgone instead of in terms of resource cost is far from settled. There may not even be agreement on how to implement the consumption-forgone concept. While Denison apparently favors measuring the output of capital as consumption forgone, the other investigators who advocate treating capital as an intermediate good apparently do not take this position. In fact, a theme in the work by Rymes is that capital should be stated differently as output in the numerator than as input in the denominator of a productivity ratio: Only the denominator would be restated to reflect the efficiency with which capital is produced.

As a data producer, BEA might at some point provide measures of capital stock in terms of consumption forgone, as an alternative to those in terms of resource cost. However, for the time being it would seem to be appropriate for any such restatements of capital input to be carried out by the productivity analyst.

[^12]
## III. A Summing Up

The computer represents a rate of technological change that, compared with the past, is unusual and that, more importantly, has not previously been faced fully either by the GNP estimator or by the productivity analyst. It is not surprising that BEA's introduction of the computer price index in 1985 has led to further examination of how the output of capital goods and capital input should be measured. No doubt there is more to be learned.

This article has demonstrated that BEA's approach to measuring the output of computers is consistent with the resource-cost concept of capital. BEA's approach may be viewed as consisting of three procedures, in each of which the observed prices are used to establish the resource cost of the computer
in question. Fundamental to the approach is the definition of identical machines in procedure A. In that procedure, a new computer model is taken to be identical to an earlier computer model produced with less advanced technology if the two computers are identical in terms of cost-determining characteristics such as computation speed and memory size.

Given that observed prices are used to establish resource cost, there is no basis for Denison's conclusion that BEA implemented his method 2 rather than method 1. With respect to Denison's point that new models are introduced into the price index too early, it has been argued that BEA used the correct approach given that the price index is based on all models within the
defined category, not on a judgmentally selected sample. With respect to Denison's point that it is not appropriate to extend the hedonic function beyond the observed range in the base year, statistical tests provide no evidence that the extension has overstated the price decline of computers. It has also been noted that the effect of omitting new features in the hedonic function would be to understate the price decline.
Finally, the restatement of capital input so that it reflects the increasing efficiency with which it is producedthe consumption-forgone concept favored by Denison-has appeal. Without such restatement, advances in knowledge may be assigned too small a role when considering sources of growth. Such a restatement can be carried out in the course of measuring capital input and its contribution to growth. With respect to the measurement of the output of capital goods, there appears to be little reason to replace the resource-cost concept with the consumption-forgone concept.

# U.S. Affiliates of Foreign Companies: 1987 Benchmark Survey Results 

N
Nonbank u.s. affiliates of foreign companies continued to expand in 1987, according to preliminary results of BEA's latest benchmark survey of foreign direct investment in the United States. ${ }^{1}$ Affiliates' employment, assets, and sales increased, primarily as a result of acquisitions of U.S. companies by foreign investors.
Benchmark surveys are BEA's most comprehensive surveys-both in terms of companies covered and information gathered. The 1987 survey updates universe estimates derived from other BEA surveys and provides information not available in those surveys. The last benchmark survey covered 1980.
The following are highlights from the 1987 benchmark survey:

- Employment by U.S. affiliates increased 222,000 in 1987, to $3,160,000$

Note.-Acknowledgment of the efforts of all those who contributed to the benchmark survey appears on page 132 .

[^13]CHART 7
Affiliate Employment, Percent Disiribution by Industry, 1987


[^14]
## Data Availability

Additional detail from BEA's benchmark and annual surveys of foreign direct investment in the United States is available in separate publications and on computer diskettes. For ordering and other information, see page 140 of this issue.
(table 1). The rate of increase8 percent-was slightly above the 6percent average annual rate of increase for 1980-87.

- The share of all-U.S.-business employment accounted for by affiliates was 3.6 percent in 1987, up sightly from 3.5 percent in 1986. In 1980, the share was 2.7 percent.
- Manufacturing accounted for nearly one-half of affiliate employment in 1987 (chart 7). Retail trade (18 percent), wholesale trade ( 10 percent), and services ( 9 percent) accounted for the next largest shares. Although large, the share of affiliates in manufacturing was down from 1980, when it was 54 percent (chart 8). The share of affiliates in services, in contrast, doubledfrom 4 percent to 8 percent. Shares also increased in retail trade and finance (except banking).
- Affiliates with ultimate beneficial owners (UBO's) in the United Kingdom and Canada accounted for the largest shares of total affiliate employment20 percent and 19 percent, respectively (chart 9). ${ }^{2}$ These shares were significantly larger than the next largest shares, which were the 12 -percent share for affiliates with UBO's in West Germany and the 9 -percent share for affiliates with UBO's in Japan. Since 1980, shares of affiliates with UBO's in Canada, Japan, and Australia increased, while those of affiliates with UBO's in all other individual countries shown in the chart declined (chart 10).
- Among U.S. regions, almost onehalf of total affiliate employment was

[^15]in the Southeast $(789,000)$ and the Mideast (735,000). Among States, California had the most affiliate employees $(324,000)$, followed by New York $(300,000)$, Texas $(208,000)$, and New Jersey $(169,000)$.

- Total assets of U.S. affiliates were $\$ 926$ billion in 1987, up $\$ 88$ billion from 1986. As in earlier years, most of the increase resulted from acquisitions of U.S. companies by foreign investors. The 11-percent increase in 1987 was well below the 18 -percent average annual rate of increase for 198087. The comparatively slow growth in 1987 partly reflected sales by several foreign owners of interests in nonbank finance affiliates that had large assets. A South African parent sold its minority interest in a particularly large affiliate. Primarily as a result of this sale, total assets of affiliates with UBO's in South Africa declined over $\$ 70$ billion.
- By industry of affiliate, the largest increases in assets in 1987 were in

CHART 8

## Affiliate Employment, Percent

 Distribution by Industry. 1980 and 1987

Table 1.--Selected Data of Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, 1980, 1986, and 1987

n.a. Not available.
n.a. Not available.

1. Includes petroleum refining.
manufacturing ( $\$ 26$ billion), insurance ( $\$ 20$ billion), and nonbank finance ( $\$ 19$ billion)(tables 2 and 3).

- By country of UBO, affiliates with UBO's in Japan had a particularly large increase in assets- $\$ 98$ billion (tables 4 and 5). As a result, total assets of these affiliates reached $\$ 196$ billion at yearend 1987 and were larger than those for any other country. Prior to 1987, Japan ranked third in terms of assets, after the United Kingdom and Canada. The sharp rise in Japaneseowned affiliates' assets in 1987 was concentrated in finance (except banking). In that industry, assets increased $\$ 82$ billion, to $\$ 119$ billion, largely because of Japanese investors' acquisitions of minority interests in two large U.S. companies.
- The gross book value of U.S. affiliates' property, plant, and equipment (PPE) increased $\$ 26$ billion, to $\$ 346$ billion. Of the total, PPE used for manufacturing accounted for $\$ 125$ billion, commercial property for $\$ 91$ billion, and all other uses for $\$ 130$ billion. Affiliates' commercial property grew at a faster average annual rate over the 1980-87 period than their total PPE18 percent, compared with 15 percent. As a result, the share of total PPE accounted for by commercial property increased from 23 percent in 1980 to 26 percent in 1987. At the same time, the
share of PPE used for manufacturing declined from 39 percent to 36 percent.
- Sales by U.S. affiliates increased $\$ 59$ billion, to $\$ 731$ billion. This 9 percent increase equaled the average annual growth rate for $1980-87$. Of the 1987 total, sales of goods accounted for $\$ 622$ billion, sales of services for $\$ 91$ billion, and investment income for $\$ 19$ billion. By industry, sales were


## Affiliate Employment, Percent Distribution by Country, 1980 and 1987



Affiliate Employment, Percent Distribution by Country, 1987
 50 percent of their imports.

- The benchmark survey covered 8,260 fully consolidated U.S. businesses; these businesses represented 21,895 individual U.S. companies.

Text continues on p. 122.

largest in wholesale trade and manufacturing. By country of UBO, affiliates with UBO's in Japan and the United Kingdom had the largest sales.

- Net income of U.S. affiliates increased from $\$ 2$ billion in 1986 to $\$ 10$ billion in 1987. A shift from large capital losses to capital gains accounted for a substantial portion of the increase. Net income before capital gains or losses increased from $\$ 6$ billion to $\$ 8$ billion. In 1986, capital losses occurred because petroleum affiliates lowered the book value of their oil reserves and because chemicals and machinery manufacturing affiliates lowered the book value of various assets.
- U.S. merchandise exports shipped by affiliates decreased $\$ 2$ billion in 1987 , to $\$ 48$ billion, and U.S. merchandise imports shipped to affiliates increased $\$ 15$ billion, to $\$ 141$ billion. Exports were $\$ 4$ billion lower than in 1980 and imports were $\$ 65$ billion higher. In 1987, affliates in wholesale trade accounted for 61 percent of exports and 75 percent of imports. By country of destination or origin, trade with Japan accounted for over 41 percent of affiliates' exports and for nearly

CHART 10

Table 2.-Selected Data of Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, by Industry of Affiliate, 1986

|  | Millions of dollars |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Thousands } \\ & \text { employees } \end{aligned}$ | Thousands of acres |  | Millions of dollars |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\underset{\substack{\text { Total } \\ \text { assets }}}{ }$ | Sales | $\begin{gathered} \text { Net } \\ \text { income } \end{gathered}$ | Employee compensation |  | Land | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Mineral } \\ \text { rights } \\ \text { owned and } \\ \text { leased } \end{array}\right\|$ | Gross property plant, and equipmen | Expendinew plant equipment | U.S. merchandise exports shipped by shipped by affiliates | $\begin{gathered} \text { U.S. } \\ \text { merchan- } \\ \text { dise } \\ \text { impors } \\ \text { shipped to } \\ \text { affliates } \end{gathered}$ |
| All industries | 838,039 <br> 76,740 <br> 51,003 25,737 | 672,004 | 2,458 | 86,492 | 2,937.9 | 13,991 | 52,337 | 320,215 | 28,516 | 49,560 | 125,732 |
| Petroleum....................................... Petroleum and coal products manuacturin |  | $\begin{aligned} & 66,245 \\ & 34,4,48 \\ & 34,817 \end{aligned}$ | $-1,162$ <br> 162 <br> $-1,324$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 117.7 \\ 78.7 \\ 39.0 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 33,089 \\ & 16,014 \end{aligned}$ |  | 4,5993,4351,165 | [1,164 | + 4,5028 |
| Pertereum and...................................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing. <br> Food and kindred products Beverages <br> Other. | $\begin{gathered} 192,424 \\ 21,022 \\ 7,588 \\ 13,434 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 190,619 \\ 21,666 \\ 2,981 \\ 18,685 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 226 \\ 365 \\ 282 \\ 83 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 46,276 \\ 3,874 \\ 3,66 \\ 3,308 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,411.6 \\ 160.2 \\ 20.7 \\ 139.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,847 \\ 50 \\ 21 \\ 30 \end{array}$ | 11,490 | 114,067 | 10,441 | 12,805 | $\begin{array}{r} \mathbf{2 0 , 6 1 7} \\ 1,580 \\ 477 \\ 1,103 \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{(0)}^{0}$ | 7,895 <br> 1,238 | 778 131 | $\begin{array}{r}504 \\ 31 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (P) | 6,657 | 647 | 473 |  |
| Chemicals and allied products. <br> Industrial chemicals and synthetics <br> Drugs. <br> Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods <br> Other. | $\begin{array}{r} 70,79 \\ 47,26 \\ 4,763 \\ 11,38 \\ 1,883 \\ 1,33 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 60,120 \\ & 41,104 \\ & 4, .664 \\ & 7.569 \\ & 1,783 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,849 \\ 1,556 \\ 149 \\ 142 \\ \hline 122 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 13,561 \\ 9,240 \\ 2,470 \\ 1,511 \\ 1440 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 376.8 \\ 253.8 \\ 66.6 \\ 47.1 \\ 9.4 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 761 \\ 69 \\ 63 \\ 09 \\ 0 \\ \hline 9 \end{array}$ | (1) | $\begin{gathered} 49,923 \\ 40,901 \\ 4,289 \\ 2,656 \\ 1,077 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4,163 \\ 3,228 \\ 535 \\ 308 \\ 92 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,390 \\ 4,392 \\ 650 \\ 212 \\ 136 \end{array}$ | 4,3873,026917252192 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 22,429 \\ 15,231 \\ 5.114 \\ 10.117 \\ 7,199 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 25,103 \\ 16,23 \\ 6.260 \\ 9.962 \\ 8,921 \\ 8,819 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -271 \\ -68 \\ -45 \\ -23 \\ -202 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{5 , 9 3 7} \\ & 3,81 \\ & 1,437 \\ & 1,844 \\ & 1,665 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 158.5 \\ 79.7 \\ 32.6 \\ 4.6 \\ 78.1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 500 \\ 489 \\ 26 \\ 464 \\ 11 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,586 \\ & 1,586 \\ & 1,580 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 15,508 \\ 1,566 \\ 5,505 \\ 6,5061 \\ 6,942 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,076 \\ 766 \\ 269 \\ 498 \\ 309 \end{array}$ | 1,443 | 3,6442,8192302.189825 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 111 805 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 527 |  |
| Machinery <br> Machinery, except electrical <br> Office and computing machines. <br> Other | 30.59 | 34,435 | -2,758 | 10,377 | 314.8 | 278 | (P) | 14,022 | 1,755 <br> 199 | 3,184 | 6,48122,121465 |
|  | 10,433 | 10,857 | -151-246 | 3,062 <br>  <br> 200 <br> 162 | 19.6 <br> 15.9 <br> 15 |  |  | 4,308 |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }_{8,350}^{2,084}$ | 2,07488783 |  |  |  | (*) |  | 943 3 | 120 279 | $\begin{array}{r}1203 \\ 704 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |
|  |  |  | $-2,362$ | 7,315 <br> 1,758 | $\begin{array}{r}223.3 \\ 46.5 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 19 | 0 | 9,714 <br> 1,862 |  | 2,178394 | 4,3601,069 |
| Electicio, video, and communications equipment.... | 4,483 | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{2 3 , 5 9} \\ 5,986 \\ 5,986 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  | 0 |  | 1,356 <br> 2727 |  |  |
| Electronic components and accessories.... | 9,014 | 10,562 | -2,077 | 1,583 <br> 1,585 <br> 1258 | 105.6 | 116 |  | 5.766 | 733 | 1,117 667 | 1,0541,236 |
| Other...... | 6,660 | 7,030 | -262 | 1,975 | 71.2 |  | 0 | 2,086 | 396 |  |  |
| Other manufacturing <br> Textile products and apparel <br> Lumber, wood, furniture, and fixtures. <br> Paper and allied products. | 47,674 | 49,295 | 1,041 | 12.528 | 401.3 | 4,509 | 672 | 26719 | 2,668 | 2,283 | 4.524211245 |
|  | ${ }^{2}, 018$ | 2,614155 | 7399 | 676377 | 32.9 <br> 18.9 | 2,836 | 0 | 1,1981,193 | 11670 | 6315315 |  |
|  | 2,033 |  |  |  |  |  | (*) |  |  |  | 245 162 |
|  | 5,264 | 5,170 8,627 | 155 | +1,299 | 38.5 | 1,307 | (\%) | 4,534 | ${ }_{420}^{188}$ | 115 | 125 |
| Newspapers ................................. | n.a | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | 84.0 n.a. | n.a. | (e) | n,a. | n.a. | 115 |  |
| Other... | n.a. | n.a.6.6372.249 | n.a. | n.a. | ${ }_{5}^{\text {n.a. }}$ | n.a. | ${ }_{\text {n }}{ }^{(2)}$ | n.a. | ${ }^{23}$ | 7 | n.a |
| Rubser products................... | 1.975 |  | $\begin{array}{r}33 \\ 455 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 544 | 5.3 18.6 | 8 | , | 1,349 |  |  |  |
| Stone, clay, and glass producs......... | 11,610 | 11,602 |  | 2,874 | 80.2 | 329 | 332 | 8,326 | 449 |  | 1,9641,796 |
| Transporration equipment. | 6,897 | 8 | -144 | 2, 1,368 | 62.3 | ? | 0 | 3,456 |  | 993 |  |
| Moter vencles and equipment. | 1,495 | 1,663 | -143 | ${ }^{1,878}$ | 15.7 | 1 | 0 | 3,436 | 47 | 286 | 1770 |
| Instruments and related products.... | 4,419 | 4,493 | 140 | 1,208 | 41.0 | 4 | 0 | 1,517 | 147 | 362 | 744 |
| Other............................ | 1,884 | 2,090 | 23 | 503 | 19.6 | 2 | *) | 867 | 121 | 156 | 342 |
| Wholesale trade... | 87,999 | 261,954 | 689 | 10,059 | 308.0 | 425 | 602 | 20,789 | 2,462 | 33,727 | 94,517 |
| Motor vehicles and equipment... | 23,755 | 77,067 | 1,116 | 2,512 | 71.1 | 12 | 0 | 5,613 | 1,080 | 3,142 | 43,637 |
| Professional and commercial equipment and supplies | n.a. | 55.910 | n.a. | ${ }_{826}$ n.a | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n..a. | ${ }_{1}^{\text {n.a. }}$ | n, ${ }^{\text {n.a. }}$ | ${ }_{2.715}^{\text {n.a. }}$ |
| Electrical goods ............................ | 11,045 | 21,377 | -251 | 1,469 | 50.0 | 3 | 0 | 2,046 | 401 | 620 | 12,796 |
| Machinery, equipment, and supplies ........... | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. |
| Other durable goods....... | 3 n.a. | ${ }_{11}^{\text {n.a. }}$, | ${ }^{\text {and }}$. | ${ }_{5}^{\text {n.as }}$ | n.a. | ${ }_{4}$ | a. | ${ }_{779}^{\text {n.a. }}$ | ${ }^{\text {n.a. }} 7$ | n.a. | ${ }_{\text {n.a.a. }}$ |
| Groceries anc related products | 7,800 | 36,452 | -37 | 571 | 22.4 | 39 | 9 | 2,157 | 88 | 16,006 | 5,618 |
| Other nondurable goods.......... | 8,902 | 16,662 | -116 | 1,190 | 35.1 | 296 | 540 | 3,892 | 257 | 1,091 | 5,382 |
| Retail trade.. | 29,943 | 46,453 | 283 | 7,533 | 561.1 | (P) | 0 | 13,674 | 1,671 | 374 | 1,710 |
| General merchandise | n.a. | n.a.a. | n..a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. |
| Apparel and accessory stores... | n. n . | n, | n. n . | n.a. | n. a . | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. |
| Other..................................... | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. |
| Finance, except banking. | 250,356 | 31,095 | 1,710 | 5,396 | 56.4 | (P) | (P) | 3,982 | 1,312 | 33 | (P) |
| Insurance. | 90,078 | 32,281 | 2,397 | 2,025 | 74.0 | 15 | 0 | 3,083 | 402 | 0 | (*) |
| Real estate. | 6,727 | 1,581 | -644 | 793 | 32.1 | 2,468 | 207 | 52,730 | 5,058 | 4 | ( ${ }^{(11)}$ |
| Services... | 18,569 | 11,963 | -249 | 4,132 | 223.5 | 51 | (9) | 9,529 | 1,104 | 67 | 14 |
| Hotels and other lodging places | 2,923 | 1,751 | 70 | 603 | 35.4 |  | 1 | 2,622 | 224 | 0 |  |
|  | $\stackrel{733}{ }$ | 5,014 | -14 -3 | ${ }_{3}^{1,6211}$ | 108.9 7.3 | (*) | 1 | 186 18 | 291 39 | O | ${ }_{(8)}$ |
| Other business services. | 4,863 | 4,399 | -11 | 1,310 | 101.6 | 3 |  | 1,651 | 233 | 28 | 70 |
| Motion picurres, including television tape and film..... | 1,194 <br> 4557 <br> 1 | 1,998 | -23 | 895 | (0) | (*) | ${ }^{0}$ | 560 2.301 | 56 <br> 24 | $\stackrel{(6)}{10}$ | ${ }_{2}^{16}$ |
| Angiounting, research, management, and related sevvices.. | 1,013 | 699 | $-75$ | 372 | 11.3 | 8 | 0 | 333 | 25 | 2 |  |
| Health services........ | 630 | 683 | 8 | 358 | ${ }_{1} 1.9$ | 1 | 0 | 494 | 24 | 0 | ${ }^{6}$ |
| Other services..... | 2,656 | 1,429 | 29 | 397 | 18.4 | (9) | 0 | 1,382 | 480 | (0) |  |
| Other industries .... | 25,304 | 19,834 | -791 | 5,239 | 153.4 | 3,691 | 5,930 | 21,146 | 1,468 | 1,086 |  |
| Agriculure, forestry, and fishing ... | 2,804 | ${ }_{5}^{1,106}$ | -120 | 1886 | 11.2 | 2,800 | 91 | ${ }^{2,345}$ | 211 <br> 584 | 79 | (3) |
| Mining... | 11,676 | 5,527 | -273 | 1,178 | 26.0 |  | 5,335 | 11,041 | 584 | 924 | 274 |
| Other. | 3,474 | 1,577 | -83 | 346 | 10.0 | 342 | 1,346 | 3,031 | 134 | 278 | 137 |
| Construction. | 3,255 | 6,456 | -112 | 1,632 | 42.1 | 23 | 0 | 1,260 | 153 | 77 | 120 |
|  | 2,781 | 1,583 | -68 -219 | $\begin{array}{r}1,857 \\ \hline 88\end{array}$ | 57.0 17.0 | 173 10 | (0) | 2,337 | 197 323 | 1 | 14 29 |

n.a. Not available.

Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies

* Less than $\$ 500,000$ or 500 acres.

Table 3.-Selected Data of Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, by Industry of Affiliate, 1987

|  | Millions of dollars |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Thousands } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { employees } \end{gathered}$ | Thousands of acres |  | Millions of dollars |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Totalassels | Sales | $\begin{gathered} \text { Net } \\ \text { income } \end{gathered}$ | Employee compensation |  | $\underset{\substack{\text { Land } \\ \text { owned }}}{ }$ | Mineral rights leased | Gross property, plant, andequipment |  |  | Expendi-tures for new plant equipment | $\underset{\substack{\text { U.ECh. } \\ \text { dise expon- }}}{\text { dise }}$$\begin{array}{l}\text { dise expons } \\ \text { shipped by }\end{array}$ affiliates | $\begin{aligned} & \text { U.S. } \\ & \text { merchan- } \\ & \text { dise } \\ & \text { impors } \\ & \text { shipped to } \\ & \text { affiliates } \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total | Of which: |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Manufac- turing 1 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Commer- } \\ \text { cial } \\ \text { croperty } 2 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |
| All industries. | 926,042 | 731,392 | 9,859 | 93,652 | 3,159.7 | 13,829 | 42,531 | 346,212 | 124,803 | 90,886 | 31,598 | 47,929 | 140,617 |
| Petroleum <br> Petroleum and coal products manufacturing | -80,129 | 74,494 41,541 | 1,314 1,788 | 4,903 <br> 3,595 | $\begin{array}{r}116.6 \\ 85.8 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$ | 967 308 | 25,732 16,802 | 85,937 64,682 | 13,841 11,157 | 3,331 2,955 | 4,166 <br> 3,097 | 1,238 | 8,981 4,781 |
| Other....................................................... | 21,778 | 32,853 | -444 | 1,308 | 30.8 | 658 | 8,930 | 21,255 | 2,684 | 376 | 1,069 | 504 | 4,200 |
| Manufacturing ..... | 218,413 | 220,702 | 4,941 | 49,946 | 1,517.5 | 6,004 | 10,476 | 126,908 | 101,731 | 7,571 | 12,984 | 14,890 | 23,420 |
| Food and kindred products. Beverages. | 23,031 <br> 12,363 <br> 1 | 22,424 <br> 5,955 <br> , | 394 284 110 | 3,788 1,000 1,788 | 146.3 38.6 187.7 | 50 20 30 | (*) | 7,881 <br> 2,460 | 6,176 <br> 1,743 | 1,015 | 711 218 418 | $\begin{array}{r}514 \\ 46 \\ \hline 18\end{array}$ | 1,658 |
| Other ..................................... | 10,668 | 16,470 | 110 | 2,788 | 107.7 | 30 | 4 | 5,421 | 4,434. | (0) | 493 | 468 |  |
| Chemicals and allied products. Industrial chemicals and synthetics | 75,552 50,808 | 70,238 45,239 | 3,305 2,703 | $\begin{array}{r}14,940 \\ 9,686 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 386.5 249.7 | 823 779 | (0) | 54,195 42,935 | 40,684 31,828 | 2,764 1,055 1 | 4,697 3,438 | ${ }_{5}^{6,768}$ | 5,104 |
| Drugs....................................... | 10,510 | 11,154 | 316 | 2,709 | 70.6 | 22 | 0 | 5,754 | 4,064 | 1,236 | 635 | 736 | 1,151 |
| Soap, cieaners, and toilet goods... | 9,196 <br> 5,038 | 9,074 4,770 | $\begin{array}{r}233 \\ 54 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,498 1,047 | 37.3 28.9 | 5 | ${ }^{(*)}$ | 2,967 2,540 | 2,334 <br> 2,457 | 434 39 | 363 260 | 171 346 | 196 293 |
| Primary and fabricated metals.... | 22,795 | 27,138 | 172 | 5,689 | 157.2 | 251 | 725 | 15,288 | 13,448 | 354 | 1,437 | 1,475 | 3,856 |
| Primary meal industries........ | 14,975 | 18,259 | 578 | 3,179 |  | 237 | 725 | 11,046 | 10,117 |  |  | 1,030 | 3,002 |
|  | ${ }_{8,847}^{6,128}$ | 8,623 9,636 | 164 <br> 414 | 1,721 <br> 1,458 | 41.0 41.2 | 57 179 | 716 | ${ }_{5}^{6,022}$ | $\begin{array}{r}5,906 \\ 4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 79 | ${ }_{382}^{612}$ | 155 <br> 875 | 780 2,223 |
|  | 7,820 | 8,879 | -406 | 2,510 | 75.0 | 15 | 0 | 4,241 | 3,331 | (0) | 443 | 445 | 854 |
| Machinery | 32,292 | 38,791 | -473 | 10,431 | 321.6 | 25 | 5 | 14,357 | 12,156 | 808 | 2,034 | 3,100 | 6,735 |
| Machinery, except electrical........... | 12,171 | 13,087 | $-41$ | 3,842 | 104.2 | 12 | (*) | 5,036 | 3,932 | 442 |  | 1,247 | 2,809 |
| Office and computing machines..... | 4,147 8,024 | $\stackrel{4,134}{8,953}$ | -11 -30 | 1,587 2,255 | 35.6 <br> 68.5 | ${ }_{12}^{1}$ | ${ }^{(*)}$ | 1,975 <br> 3,061 | $\begin{array}{r}1,308 \\ 2,624 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | (0) | ${ }_{358}^{402}$ | ${ }_{7} 544$ | 818 |
| Electric and electronic equipment.. | 20,121 | 25,704 | -432 | ${ }_{6,589}^{2,58}$ | 217.4 | 12 | 5 | 9,321 | 8,224 | 366 | 1,274 | 1,853 | 3,926 |
| Audio, video, and communications equipment. | 8,375 | 12,886 | 67 | 2,982 | 93.3 | 4 | 0 | 3,718 | 3,252 | 192 | 503 | 714 | 2,218 |
| Electronic components and accessories | 4,130 7,616 | 3,820 8,997 | -203 | 1,181 2,426 | 41.3 <br> 82.8 | 5 | (*) | 2,738 <br> 2,865 | 2,633 2,39 | 41 133 | 324 | 308 832 | 1,399 1,39 |
| Other manufacuring ................................. | 64,742 | 62,112 | 1,543 | 15,098 | 505.9 | 4,855 | (0) | 35,187 | 29,266 | 2,630 | 4,106 | 3,032 | 6,068 |
| Textile products and apparel. | 2,998 | 2,896 | 129 | 777 | 37.0 | 12 | (*) | 1,374 | 1,116 | 109 | 171 | 58 | 251 |
| Lumber, wood, furniture, and fixtures. | 1,627 | ${ }_{6}, 350$ | 343 | 1.450 | 44.7 | 1,297 | 0 | 4,405 | 4,175 | 119 | 253 | 385 | 218 |
| Printing and publishing..... | 10,521 | 9,049 | -366 | 2,540 | 82.3 | 6 | (0) | 3,753 | 3,385 | 222 | 400 | 166 | 114 |
| Newspapers. | 2,708 | 1,493 | -12 | 383 | 16.7 | 3 | 0 | 575 | 571 | 1 | 33 | (0) | 0 |
| Other. | 7,813 | 7,557 | -354 | 2,157 | 65.5 | 3 | (0) | 3,127 | 2,812 | 221 |  | (2) | ${ }_{735} 114$ |
| Rubber products..................... | ${ }_{3,337}^{2,38}$ | 2,929 <br> 3,617 | -22 136 | ${ }_{801}^{688}$ | 27.7 | (8) | (0) | -1,053 | 1,819 | 138 | 113 | 168 | 205 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products ..... | 15,016 | 12,075 | 612 | 2.920 | 85.9 | 363 | 434 | 10,609 | 9,674 | 336 | 629 | 143 | 564 |
| Transportation equipment... | 7,412 | 8,253 | 144 | 1,826 | 54.8 | 8 | 0 | 3,706 | 3,097 | 404 | 1,577 | ${ }_{683}$ | 2,213 |
| Motor vehicies and equipment. | 5,079 | 5,569 | ${ }_{140}^{4}$ | 1,195 | 34.3 | 7 | 0 | 3,042 | 2,711 | ( 0 | 1,501 | 356 | 1,524 |
| Instruments and related products..... | ${ }_{7}^{7,652}$ | ${ }_{6,802}^{2,685}$ | 140 -1 | 2,026 | 26.4 | 6 | ** | 3,386 | 2,173 | 206 | 288 | 573 | 855 |
| Other....................................................... | 7,616 | 8,470 | 549 | 1,782 | 76.2 | 5 | 0 | 3,506 | 2,279 | () | 376 | 624 | 690 |
| Wholesale trade ................................................... | 97,382 | 273,887 | 395 | 10,536 | 313.7 | 602 | 652 | 21,851 | 8,365 | 6,369 | 2,657 | 29,472 | 105,323 |
| Motor vehicies and equipment..... | 27,692 | 84,984 | 652 | ${ }^{2}, 1822$ | 71.7 | 13 | * | , 4021 | 4,307 | 2,064 | 1,170 | 2,914 | 49,831 |
| Professional and commercial equipment and supplies... | 4,834 15,330 | 9,046 56,858 | -50 29 | $\begin{array}{r}1,027 \\ \hline 926\end{array}$ | 28.5 24.4 | 4 | (\%) | 1,921 1,968 | 20 63 | ${ }_{458}^{421}$ | 197 218 | 11,850 |  |
| Elecrrical goods ............................................... | 11,411 | 22,769 | -68 | 1,450 | 47.2 | 3 | (*) | 2,115 | 828 | 631 | 314 | 944 | 14,898 |
| Machinery, equipment, and supplies.... | 9,043 | 10,373 | -183 | 1,134 763 | 33.9 | $\stackrel{27}{4}$ | ${ }^{(4)}$ | 1,487 | $\begin{array}{r}202 \\ 170 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 627 396 | 167 | 1,015 | 4,662 |
| Other durable goods...........cts. | 3,582 | 12,927 | 54 | 575 | 23.3 | (0) | 0 | 975 | 65 | 527 | 87 | 1,292 | 3,243 |
| Farm-product raw materials....... | 5,978 | 28,721 | 45 | 499 | 19.1 | 37 | 9 | 1,834 | (2) | 615 | 68 | 9,711 | 3,544 |
| Other nondurable goods............ | 11,031 | 18,450 | -55 | 1,339 | 39.7 | (c) | (0) | 4,160 | (9) | 630 | 305 | 1,022 | 5,544 |
| Retail trade... | 27,303 | 47,193 | -102 | 7,363 | 567.4 | (2) | () | 13,527 | 97 | 8,406 | 1,682 | 992 | 2,290 |
| General merchandise stores | 7,429 | 7,331 | -144 | 1 | ${ }^{86.6}$ | 2 | 0 | 3.124 |  | 3,131 | 320 |  |  |
|  | 7,591 3,51 | 22,066 | -69 | 2,7701 | 217.7 82.2 | ${ }_{1}$ | (0) | 4,922 1,347 | (0) | 2,751 327 | 758 | 2 | 106 |
| Other .................................... | 8,429 | 13,118 | 30 | 2,330 | 180.9 | 11 | (*) | 4,116 | (P) | 2,197 | 442 | 975 | 1,605 |
| Finance, except banking...... | 269,641 | 26,465 | 2,657 | 6,833 | , | 65 | 12 | 4,827 | (P) | 1,645 | 1,010 | 1 | 35 |
| Insurance... | 10,089 | 39,106 | 1,891 | 2,758 | 87.2 | 14 | 0 | 3,411 | 0 | 2,393 | 415 | 0 | (*) |
| Real estate ... | 65,008 | 10,538 | -652 | 802 | 32.0 | 1,891 | 285 | 53,812 | (0) | 48,245 | 4,278 | (*) | 7 |
| Services. | 29,483 | 18,001 | -592 | 5,167 | 267.1 | 93 | (3) | 14,019 | 15 | 8,111 | 2,291 | 199 |  |
| Hotels and other lodging places....... | 6,267 | 2,373 9,086 | $-70$ | 820 2.560 | $\begin{array}{r}50.7 \\ 144.4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 32 4 4 | * ${ }^{0}$ | 5,023 3,325 | ${ }_{(9)}^{6}$ | 4,412 1,300 | 1,047 | ${ }^{0}$ | $\frac{1}{40}$ |
|  | 1,840 | 1,454 | 41 | ${ }_{4} 430$ | 12.1 | (*) | (*) | 969 | 1 | 537 | 211 | 20 | 1 |
| Other business services... | 7.614 | 7,632 | -117 | 2,130 | 132.2 | 4 | ${ }^{(*)}$ | 2,456 | 5 | 763 | 388 | 52 | 39 |
| Motion pictures, including television tape and film. | 5,454 | 2,418 1,720 | -633 | 485 | $1{ }^{(1)}$ | (1) | 0 | 1,189 | 0 | ${ }_{319}^{851}$ | 116 | 4 | 23 |
| Engineering, architectural, and surveying services ..... Accounting, research, management, and related |  | 1,720 | -36 |  |  | (c) |  | () | $\bigcirc$ | 319 | 64 | 93 | 20 |
|  | 624 | 743 | 21 | 386 | 6.5 |  | 1 | 502 | 1 | $\stackrel{229}{597}$ | ${ }_{21}^{41}$ |  |  |
| Other services $\qquad$ | 2,481 | 1,092 | -30 | (9) | (1) | (D) | (0) | (P) | (D) | 494 | 398 | 24 | 13 |
| Other industries... | 28,594 | 21,005 | 7 | 5,344 | 171.3 | (0) | 4,535 | 21,921 | 733 | 4,816 | 2,115 | 1,136 | 476 |
| Agriculture, forestry, and fishing................ | 2,770 | 1,047 | $-78$ | 222 | 14.1 | 2,546 |  | 2,226 | (0) | 1,535 | 149 | 65 | 24 |
| Mining... | 12,277 | 3,558 | 373 | 1,144 | 26.0 | 926 | 3,915 | 10,240 | 49 | ${ }_{53}$ | 803 | 972 | 328 |
|  | 6,403 | 2,497 | -404 | 496 | 13.0 | ${ }_{646}$ | 1,647 | 4,726 | 8 | 120 | 439 | 525 | 178 |
| Construction... | 3,841 | 6,675 | -122 | 1,634 | 39.6 | 33 | (*) | 1,426 | (0) | 427 | 348 | 93 | 79 |
|  | 5.549 4,157 | 5,799 1,927 | -132 | $\begin{array}{r}1,988 \\ \hline 356\end{array}$ | 67.9 23.7 | (131 | (\%) | 4,679 | ${ }_{0}^{6}$ | 1,491 1,190 | 399 416 | 5 1 | (0) |

${ }^{0}$ Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.

* Less than $\$ 500,000$ or 500 acres.

1. See foomote 1 to table 1 .
2. Consists of the gross book value of all commercial buildings and associated land owned by the affiliate that is either used or operated by the affiliate or ieased or rented to others. Commercial buildings include apartment buildings, office buildings, hotels, motels, and buildings used for wholesale, retail, and services trades (such as shopping centers, recreational facilities, deparment stores, bank buildings, restaurants, public
garages, and automobile service stations).

Table 4.-SSelected Data of Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, by Country and Industry of Ultimate Beneficial Owner, 1986

|  | Millions of dollars |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Thousands } \\ & \text { ofployees } \end{aligned}$ | Thousands of acres |  | Millions of dollars |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\underset{\substack{\text { Total } \\ \text { assels }}}{ }$ | Sales | Net income | Employee compens tion |  | $\underset{\substack{\text { Land } \\ \text { owned }}}{ }$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mineral } \\ \text { rights } \\ \text { owned and } \\ \text { leased } \end{gathered}$ | Gross propery, equipment | Expendi- tures for new plant equipment | merchandise exports$\begin{array}{c}\text { shipped by } \\ \text { affiliates }\end{array}$ | U.S. merchandise imports shipped to affiliates |
| All countries, all industries. | 838,039 | 672,004 | 2,458 | 86,492 | 2,937, | 13,991 | 52,337 | 320,215 | 28,516 | 49,560 | 125,732 |
| By country |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada.. | 130,073 | 83,590 | 1,164 | 16,295 | 609.2 | 2,817 | 15,786 | 72,757 | 5,842 | 4,372 | 7,139 |
| Europe .... | 437,324 | 346,741 | 2,923 | 53,057 | 1,783.2 | 8,976 | 25,117 | 178,453 | 14,874 | 20.577 | 44,362 |
| Austria... | $\begin{array}{r} 833 \\ (\mathbb{D}) \\ 1,359 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,992 \\ 1,585 \\ 1,938 \\ 1,938 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \left({ }^{(*)}\right. \\ 608 \\ -900 \\ -90 \end{gathered}$ | 1122,753 | $\begin{array}{r}3.9 \\ 52.5 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 411327 | (\%) | 5,101 | 4448960 | $\begin{array}{r}72 \\ 101 \\ 54 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 973909309 |
| Beligium.... |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{25.4}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Finland.... |  | 1,141 |  | 246 |  | 3 | ${ }_{0}$ | 767 663 | 60 45 | 54 <br> 26 | 346 115 |
| France.... | 32,857 | 41,919 | -186 | 6,194 | 177.9 | 1,315 | 2,031861 | 18,040 | 1,332 | 9,565 | 4,391 |
| Germany, Federal Repubilic of...... | $\begin{array}{r} 50,1866 \\ 2,774 \\ 4,663 \\ 2,685 \\ (D) \\ 67.676 \end{array}$67,676 | 62,811 | -27 | 9,455 | 312.4 | 667 |  | 23,391 | 2.920 | 2.588 | $\begin{array}{r}14,359 \\ 51 \\ 584 \\ \hline 80\end{array}$ |
| Ireand .............................. |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3,186 \\ & 4,034 \end{aligned}$ | -35-119 | $\begin{aligned} & 899 \\ & 390 \end{aligned}$ | 25.1 <br> 10.6 | (1)63615 | (9) | ${ }_{2}^{2,340}$ | ${ }_{228}^{80}$ |  |  |
| Liechtenstein ......................... |  |  |  | 604220 | 27.78.0 |  | (0) | $\xrightarrow{2,436}$ | 228 <br> 142 | 588 11 | 71450 |
| Luxembourg...... |  | $\xrightarrow{3,392}$ | - ${ }^{6}$ |  |  | 615 16 |  | 655 | 64 | 154 |  |
| Netherlands ........................... |  | 44,805 | 1,136 | 6,762 | 242.4 | 439 | (0) | 46,117 | 3,095 | 1,272 | 3,608 |
| Norway.............................. | 933 | 920 | -11 | 146 | 4.2 | 6 | 17 | ${ }^{368}$ | 26 | 40 | 204 |
| Spain.................. | 352 11,086 | 440 14,413 | $\begin{array}{r}7 \\ 152 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 40 2.215 | 24.0 74.0 | (1) | (0) | 136 3.193 | 21 325 | ${ }_{657}^{(*)}$ | 80 3.743 |
| Switzerland... | 76,656 | 35,886 | 396 | 6,035 | 183.0 | 982 | 459 | 13,369 | 1,131 | 2,329 | 3,472 |
| United Kingdom................ | 137.378 | $\underset{\substack{15,342 \\ 1,422}}{1}$ | 1,059 | 16,550 | $\begin{array}{r}622.9 \\ \hline 29\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}3,435 \\ \hline 88\end{array}$ | 7,563 0 | 59,684 570 | 4,788 | 3,042 66 | 10,119 637 |
| Latin America and Other Western Hemisphere. | 19,651 | 21,999 | -2,174 | 3,449 | 128.0 | 976 | 3,899 | 11,233 | 945 | 1,245 | 4,063 |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 10,806 \\ 1,1,28 \\ 1,628 \\ 3,899 \\ 2,092 \\ 1,880 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 13,082 \\ 487 \\ 1,423 \\ 4,422 \\ 5,372 \\ 1,779 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -97 \\ -90 \\ -48 \\ -101 \\ 34 \\ -33 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,721 \\ 138 \\ 1,253 \\ 192 \\ 114 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 50.0 \\ .8 \\ 4.8 \\ 34.1 \\ 5.2 \\ 5.1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 729 \\ 8 \\ 87 \\ 277 \\ 297 \\ 96 \\ 91 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 5,421 \\ 7071 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 502 \\ 10 \\ 152 \end{array}$ | 6364456 | 2,706107638613()(O) |
| ${ }_{\text {Brazil...................... }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Panama.... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2,704 | 204 | 311 |  |
| Venezuela.... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 925 | 73 | 35 |  |
| Other......... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 652 | 62 | 191 |  |
| Other Western Hemisphere....... | $\begin{array}{r} 8,845 \\ 839 \\ 4,367 \\ 3,188 \\ 420 \\ 31 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8,916 \\ & 1,052 \\ & 4,727 \\ & 2,879 \\ & 226 \\ & 233 \\ & 33 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -2,078 \\ -71 \\ -70 \\ -2,067 \\ -11 \\ \left.-1()^{*}\right) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,728 \\ 202 \\ 439 \\ 1,027 \\ 50 \\ 10 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 77.9 \\ 5.0 \\ 45.1 \\ 25.0 \\ 2.5 \\ 2.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 247 \\ 24 \\ 57 \\ 130 \\ 33 \\ 3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3,706 \\ 3,7\left({ }^{(*)}\right) \\ \left({ }_{(0)}^{(*)}\right. \\ 5 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5,812 \\ & 533 \\ & 1,279 \\ & 3,714 \\ & 264 \\ & 22 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 443 \\ 44 \\ 107 \\ 267 \\ 22 \\ 3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 609 \\ 0 \\ 32 \\ 32 \\ (0) \\ 5 \\ 0^{(5)} \end{gathered}$ | (1,357 $\begin{array}{r}\text { (0) } \\ \text { O) } \\ 00 \\ 21 \\ 21 \\ 9\end{array}$ |
| ${ }_{\text {Bermadas ................... }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Netherlands Antilles... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| United Kingdom Islands, Caribbean... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Africa.. | $\begin{array}{r} 80,349 \\ \left(Q^{( }\right) \\ (0) \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 20,853 \\ 18,110 \\ 2,742 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 55 \\ 624 \\ -569 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,689 \\ 1,298 \\ 391 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 26.7 \\ 19.3 \\ 7.4 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}123 \\ 67 \\ 56 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,483 \\ & 1,506 \\ & 1,977 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8.099 \\ & 2,470 \\ & 5,629 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r}605 \\ 355 \\ 250 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 52050812 | 2,2172,20017 |
| South Africa |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other................................................ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Middle East.... | $\begin{array}{r} 26,617 \\ 1,170 \\ 9,80 \\ 1,193 \\ 1,2,79 \\ 1,777 \\ 1,047 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 7,648 \\ 604 \\ 2,015 \\ 650 \\ 3,363 \\ 163 \\ 853 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} -315 \\ -28 \\ -172 \\ -91 \\ -8 \\ -23 \\ -7 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,612 \\ 66 \\ 367 \\ 188 \\ 712 \\ 22 \\ 257 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 39.5 \\ 2.5 \\ 11.0 \\ 6.1 \\ 10.3 \\ 1.0 \\ 8.5 \end{array}$ |  | (0) | 12,779 | 916 | 380 | 262 |
| Israel........ |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 130 | 24 | 96 | 198 |
| Kuwait... |  |  |  |  |  |  | (*) | 6,893 | 284 | 50 | 27 3 |
| Saudi Arabia... |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 27 \\ 16 \end{array}$ | 9 | 3,803 | 499 | 99 | 27 |
| United Arab Emirates...... |  |  |  |  |  | 3 | 0 | 799 | 33 | ${ }^{4}$ | $\frac{1}{7}$ |
| Other. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 497 | 41 | (9) |  |
| Asia and Pacific...... | 125,972 | 182,752 | -84 | 9,640 | 321.7 | 533 | 2,931 | 35,274 | 5,135 | 22,147 | 67,620 |
| Austratia..... | 15,069 7,207 | 2,484 | -105 | 1,934 | 65.6 | 237 113 | 2,846 | 7.704 | 363 | 185 53 | 379 343 |
| Japan........... | 98,098 | 166,575 | 96 | 6,855 | 220.8 | 116 | 59 | 22,964 | 3,925 | 21,260 | 63,802 |
| Malaysia. | 264 | 369 | -3 | (2) | (0) | 17 | 0 | 134 |  | (0) |  |
|  | 620 378 | 590 125 | - -29 | 101 | 6.6 3 | 2 5 | ${ }_{0}^{0}$ | 260 329 | 70 16 | 5 | 171 33 |
| Pringppines........... | 477 | 75 | 1 | 5 | 2 | 34 | 0 | 423 | 78 | 3 | 2 |
| South Korea.. | 3,075 | 4,341 | $-13$ | 158 | 5.1 |  | (0) | 408 |  |  | 2,801 |
|  | 538 <br> 238 | 4 | -2 | 12 | $\stackrel{9}{6}$ | $\frac{2}{5}$ | - | 196 | (0) | (0) | 27 |
| United States... | 18,054 | 8,421 | 890 | 751 | 29.7 | 26 | (P) | 1,620 | 199 | 319 | 69 |
| Addenda: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| European Communities (12) ${ }^{1}$ <br> OPEC ${ }^{2}$. $\qquad$ | 343,927 30,573 | 287,703 14,527 | 2,377 -728 | 43,640 1,671 | $1,479.8$ 36.5 | 7,311 620 | $24,515)$ | 159,132 18,060 | 13,149 1,120 | 17,376 236 | 35,151 1,159 |
| By industry |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Govemment.. |  | 30,007 | -475 | 6,212 | 114.1 | 1,575 | 5,062 | 25,302 | 1,356 | 1,983 | ${ }^{3.835}$ |
| Individuals, estates, and trusts.......... | 92,684 68,058 | 754,689 | ${ }_{-75}^{646}$ | 4,492 | 427.1 1038 | 5,8901 | 1,386 29,350 | ${ }_{72,341}^{40,48}$ | 4,299 | 6,431 |  |
| Agriculure -..... | 966 | 5,098 | 9 | 168 | 6.8 | 867 | (c) | ${ }^{3} 70$ | 26 | (D) | 909 |
| Mining.... | 83,993 | 23,499 | 679 | 2,483 | 54.7 | 596 | 3.179 | 8.278 | 675 | 916 | 2,917 |
| Construction.. | 4,785 | 5,765 | -82 | 1,171 | 35.6 | 41 | (0) | 2,291 | 271 | 370 | 75 |
| Manufacturing. | 192,130 | 234,553 | 2,357 | 38,279 | 1,199.0 | 2.592 | (1) | 99,279 |  | 11,775 | 66,062 |
| Transportation, communication, and public utiitites.......................... | 10,834 <br> 33,145 | - $\begin{array}{r}9,130 \\ 126213\end{array}$ | -448 | 2,774 4518 |  | 172 | 658 | 7,639 | 819 | 282 | 710 36368 |
|  | 33,145 <br> 39,800 | $\begin{array}{r}126,213 \\ 23,886 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }_{221}^{458}$ | 4,518 849 | 258.5 24.0 | 29 229 | ${ }_{13}$ | 7,802 <br> 1.535 | $\xrightarrow{1,352}$ | 19,977 22 | 36,368 169 |
| Holding companies. | 54,056 | 50,020 | -2.388 | 10,791 | 411.1 | 713 | 2,946 | 25,209 | 2,099 | 6,037 | 3,680 |
| Other finance and insurance. | 147.296 | 29.619 | 1,739 | 3.148 | 87.3 | 61 | 74 | 7,078 | 1,169 | 58 | 114 |
|  | - 10,165 | ${ }_{7}^{6,523}$ | $\bigcirc$ | 1,682 | ${ }_{98.1}$ | 418 | (2) | ${ }_{2}$ | 1,87 187 | 303 | 68 284 |

[^16]1. The European Conmmunities (12) consists of Belgium, Denmark, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Portugat, Spain, and the United Kingdom.
2. OPEC is the Organization of Petroleum Exporing Countries. Its members are Algria, Ecuador, Gabon, Indonesia, rran, Hraq, Kuwait, Libya, Nigeria, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates, and Venezuela.

Table 5.-Selected Data of Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, by Country and Industry of Ultimate Beneficial Owner, 1987

|  | Millions of dollars |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Thousands } \\ \text { of of } \\ \text { empees } \end{gathered}$ | Thousands of acres |  | Millions of dollars |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\underset{\substack{\text { Total } \\ \text { assess }}}{ }$ | Sales | $\begin{gathered} \text { Net } \\ \text { income } \end{gathered}$ | Employee compensa tion |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Land } \\ & \text { owned } \end{aligned}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Mineral } \\ \text { rights } \\ \text { owned and } \\ \text { leased } \end{array}\right\|$ | Gross property, plant, and equipment |  |  | Expendinew plant equipment |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { U.S. } \\ \text { merchin- } \\ \text { dimpersen } \\ \text { iminpers to } \\ \text { shffiliates } \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total | Of which: |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Manufac- turing turing | $\begin{gathered} \text { Conmer- } \\ \text { coial } \\ \text { property }{ }^{2} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |
| All countries, all industries. | 926,042 | 731,392 | 9,859 | 93,652 | 3,159.7 | 13,829 | 42,531 | 346,212 | 124,803 | 90,886 | 31,598 | 47,929 | 140,617 |
| By country |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada ......................... | 140,822 | 89,303 | 2,028 | 16,159 |  | 2,990 | 12,574 | 73,241 | 27,699 | 23,190 |  |  | 7,869 |
| Europe...... | 467,607 | 387,010 | 7,128 | 56,708 | 1,903.7 | 8,658 | 24,563 | 193,091 | 74,943 | 36,850 | 15,508 | 18,021 | 50,445 |
| Auscria. | 771 | 1,951 | $570$ | $\begin{array}{r} 99 \\ 2,594 \end{array}$ | 3.5 | 1044 | (2) | $\begin{gathered} 221 \\ 5,895 \\ \hline 95 \end{gathered}$ | 2,059 | 69 | 16 | $\begin{array}{r}68 \\ 238 \\ \hline 71\end{array}$ | 1,192 |
| Belgium.................................. | 43,992 | 13,020 |  |  | ${ }^{62} 8$ |  | 711 |  |  | 1,541 | 424 |  |  |
|  | $\stackrel{1,412}{1,343}$ | 2,210 1,161 | -108) | ${ }^{484}$ | 27.2 8.5 | 1,293 | ${ }_{(0)}^{3}$ | 782 617 | 533 | $\begin{array}{r}335 \\ 52 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 60 44 | 41 |  |
| France......................................... | 33,983 | 43,519 |  | 6,085 | 183.6 |  | 2,478 | 19,692 | 11,256 | 3,566 | 1,144 | 5,385 | 4,284 |
| Germany, Federal Republic of... | 58,540 | 72,173 | -186 | 11,075 | 363.3 | 561 | 865 | 26,737 | 15,610 | 4835 | 3,124 | 3,364 | 16,903521,59$\mathbf{9 2}$ |
| Ireland................................... | 2,630 | 3,614 | 110 | 876 | 27.6 |  | (0) | 1,950 | 1,776 659 | 102 673 | 108 <br> 172 | $\begin{array}{r}84 \\ 760 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$ |  |
| Litaly Lichtenstein...... | 2,381 | 3,728 | -99 | 638 | 32.0 | 48 660 | (*) | 1,479 | (P) | 808 <br> 206 | +40 | 28 |  |
| Luxembourg..... | 1,595 | 1,547 | 1,251 | $\begin{array}{r}260 \\ 6,895 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 12.3 | 11316 | 21 | 555 | 182 |  |  | 138 | 582 |
| Netherlands...... | 69,958 | 52,057 |  |  | 269.5 |  | () | 47,907 | (9) | 6,955 | 3,400 | 1,432 | 4,1585 |
| Norway............ | 1,042 |  | 7 9 | $\begin{array}{r} 143 \\ 44 \\ 2.349 \end{array}$ | 4.1 <br> 2.3 | $\begin{gathered} 4 \\ 92 \\ 90 \\ 850 \end{gathered}$ | 0 0 0 | 393 129 | 176 29 | 167 65 | 29 18 | 39 1 | 260904.324 |
| Sweden... | 11,734 |  |  |  | 77.2 |  | 125 | 4,068 | 2,373 | 451 | 384 | 643 |  |
| Switreerland..... | 73,766 | $\begin{array}{r}37,644 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | 7264.5484. | $\begin{array}{r} 2,349 \\ 6,262 \\ 18,092 \end{array}$ | 183.4 | 8503,442 | $\begin{array}{r} 415 \\ 6,236 \end{array}$ | 14,188 | 7,78720,058 | 12,786 | 5,070 | 1,9283,683 | 4,19410,950 |
| United Kingdom............. | 156,223 | 130,450 |  |  | 630.1 |  |  | 65,344 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | -424 | 3,532 | 1436 | 1,707 | (0) |  | 3,096 | 3,544 | 919 | 1,637 | 5,262 |
| Latin America and Other Western Hemisphere | 32,180 | 27,150 |  |  | 143.6 |  |  | 10,394 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sourh and Central America ............ | 13,898 | $\begin{array}{r}13,789 \\ \hline 180\end{array}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} -75 \\ 88 \\ -77 \\ -240 \\ 162 \\ -2 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,733 \\ 132 \\ 1,136 \\ 1533 \\ 101 \end{array}$ | 52.8 1.7 | $\begin{gathered} 696 \\ 18 \\ 162 \\ 300 \\ 160 \\ 56 \end{gathered}$ |  | 4,949 | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 2,115 \\ 0 \\ 388 \\ 08 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \hline \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,450 \\ 70 \\ 327 \\ 566 \\ 181 \\ 306 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}947 \\ 446 \\ 163 \\ 931 \\ 92 \\ 92 \\ 56 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,291 \\ 22 \\ 48 \\ 234 \\ 48 \\ 938 \end{array}$ | 3,88778720565(0)(0) |
|  | 1,160 | 1,629 |  |  | 4.1 |  |  | 559 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Panama.................. | 3,910 | 3,901 |  |  | 30.2 |  |  | 2,807 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Venezuela | 2,601 | 6,031 1,727 |  |  | 12.5 |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}1,045 \\ 398 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other Western Hemisphere...... | 18,281 | 13,360 | $\left.\begin{array}{r} -349 \\ 12 \\ -58 \\ -276 \\ -27 \\ -{ }_{(*)}^{*} \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,759 \\ 708 \\ 798 \\ 784 \\ 64 \\ 2 \end{array}$ | 90.7 |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 5,445 \\ 458 \\ 1,760 \\ 2,901 \\ 303 \\ 23 \end{array}$ | 9819056500200 | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 2,094 \\ 255 \\ 697 \\ 931 \\ 191 \\ 19 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{gathered} 472 \\ 122 \\ 198 \\ 145 \\ 7 \\ \left.*^{*}\right) \end{gathered}$ | [ 347 | 1,375268(1)0022206 |
| Bahamas... | 912 | 1,093 |  |  | 3.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bermuda........ilies... | 13,637 | 2,660 |  |  | ${ }_{21.9}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| United Kingdom Islands, Caribbean ...... | 572 | 334 |  |  | 2.6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other ..................... | 37 | 29 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Africa. | 8.642 | 5,953 | $\begin{aligned} & 232 \\ & 115 \\ & 118 \end{aligned}$ | 830430480 | 19.9 | 101 | $\left.\begin{array}{c} (D) \\ 448 \end{array}\right)$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8,048 \\ & 2,103 \\ & 5,945 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }^{908}$ | $\begin{gathered} 343 \\ 148 \\ 196 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 487 \\ & 153 \\ & 333 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 494 \\ & 432 \end{aligned}$ | 82376667 |
| South Africa ..................................... | 2,975 | 3.572 |  |  | 12.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other .............................. | 5,667 | 2,382 |  | 380 | 7.7 | (0) | (P) |  | () |  |  |  |  |
| Middle East ....... | 18,024 | 5,772 | -823 | 894 | 32.5 | 488 | (0) | 12,242 | 450 | 8,077 | 742 |  | (134174 <br> 132 <br> 30 <br> 01 <br> 01 <br> 1 <br> 1 <br> 0 |
| Irrael... | 1,205 | 3930 | $-37$ | 397 | 2.2 | (\%) | (0) |  | 16 | 13 |  | (9) |  |
| Lebanon | 1,347 | -594 | -190 | 163 | 5.4 | 8 | (*) | -592 | 140 | 201 | 33 | 31 |  |
| Saudi Arabia. | 3,783 | 2,135 | -239 | 197 | 5.2 | 94 | 9 | 2,796 | 9 | 2,310 | 424 | 61 |  |
| United Arab Emirates | 1,069 442 | 191 230 | -32 | 21 57 | 1.2 3.6 | (1) | 0 | 1,047 311 | (2) | 996 216 | 15 12 | (9) |  |
| Asia and Pacific........... | 234,578 | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 206,059 \\ 10,69 \\ 10,622 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | 566 | 14,537 | 434.1 | 735 | 1,885 | 46.866 | 16.342 | 18,316 | 7,299 | 22,353 | 75,973 |
| Australia..... | 21,973 |  | ${ }_{-44}^{-44}$ | 2,351 | ${ }_{236}^{90.0}$ | ${ }_{249}^{282}$ | 1,695 | ${ }_{2}^{8.825}$ | 1,990 | ${ }_{1}^{1,475}$ | ${ }_{208}^{874}$ | 215 | 485 |
| Hong Kong | rer, $\begin{array}{r}8,077 \\ 195\end{array}$ | - ${ }_{182,327}$ | 744 484 | 10.710 | 284.6 | 104 | 118 | 31,325 | 12,169 | 13,462 | 5,589 | 20,838 | 71,092 |
| Malaysia... | 333 | 417 | 9 | (D) | (0) | 8 | 0 | 152 | (9) | 95 | 13 | 5 | 54 |
| New Zealand.. | 2,968 | 2,356 | 92 | 508 | 23.5 | (0) | (0) | 2,334 | 952 |  | 135 | 41 | 171 |
| Philippines .................. | 297 <br> 574 | 125 71 | -21 | 15 12 | 7 | 3 <br> 29 | ${ }_{0}^{0}$ | 292 498 | 19 | 232 397 | 134 | 8 5 | 16 |
| South Korea.............................. | 3,863 | 6,278 | ${ }_{23}$ | 209 | 5.9 | 2 | (0) | 720 | 438 | 108 | 302 | 1,069 | 3,697 |
| $\underset{ }{\text { Taiwan }}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 582 \\ 209 \end{array}$ | (8) | (0) | 8 | $\stackrel{(9)}{3}$ | (9) ${ }^{6}$ | (*) | (0) | (8) | [ 519 | (0) | (0) | ${ }^{\left({ }^{\text {P }} \text { ) }\right.}$ |
| United States .... | 24,189 | 10,145 | 1,150 | 993 | 35.5 | 51 | 12 | 2,329 | 1,366 | 566 | 308 | 146 | 71 |
| Addenda: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| European Communinies (12) ${ }^{3}$ OPEC ${ }^{4}$ $\qquad$ | $\begin{array}{r} 376,065 \\ 23,003 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 324,942 \\ 13,404 \end{array}$ | 6,113 -311 | $\begin{gathered} 46,900 \\ 1,289 \end{gathered}$ | $1,592.7 \mid$ | $\begin{array}{r} 7,004 \\ 646 \end{array}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 23,976 \\ 2,905 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | 172,016 | 63,583 849 | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 31,460 \\ 7,927 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | 13,590 | 15,157 | 39,513 2,308 |
| By industry |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Government. | 35,809 | 27,408 | -216 | 3,855 | 102.2 | 1.564 | 4,809 | 25.326 | 5,409 | 7,119 | 1,462 | 1,368 | 4.599 |
| Individuals, estates, and trusts...... | 988,50 | -82,821 | 418 | ${ }_{9}^{9,307}$ |  | 5.961 | 1,341 | 42,174 | 6,515 | 24,383 | 3,876 | 5,747 | ${ }_{7}^{7.518}$ |
| Petroleum.................... | 70,724 | 51,954 | 3,635 | 4,883 | $\begin{array}{r}118.6 \\ 6.1 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | ${ }_{9}^{604}$ | 20,642 | 75,314 | 12,978 | 3,495 | 3,587 33 | 1,167 | 5,246 |
| Agriculture................ | 14,331 | 2,083 10,982 | 1,107 | 1,765 | 50.2 | 808 | 3,431 | 9,323 | 4,134 | 342 | 817 | 1,042 | 1,728 |
| Constructiont. | 6,027 | 7,058 | ${ }^{1}-31$ | 1,519 | 40.3 | (0) | 37 | 3,090 | 715 | 1,269 | 613 | 61 | 70 |
| Manufacturing. | 246,421 | 294,047 | 3,627 | 46,557 | 1,438.7 | 2,994 | (0) | 122,790 | 88,571 | 10,865 | 13,626 | 15,164 | 85,291 |
| Transportation, communication, and public utilities...... | 15,853 40709 | -111,808 | $\begin{array}{r}-158 \\ 89 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 3,519 <br> 5 | 105.7 327.9 | 199 202 | 704 | 11,309 <br> 10,208 | 1,693 937 | $\stackrel{4}{4,423}$ | 1,1,344 | -21,632 | 888 32982 |
|  | 119,481 | 33,337 | 350 | 3,109 | 29.8 | 189 | 122 | 1,576 | 21 | 623 | 265 |  | - ${ }^{32,98}$ |
| Holding companies. | 11,890 | 12,091 | (*) | 2,619 | 90.8 | 409 | 106 | 5,567 | 2,273 | 1,988 | 496 | 734 | 1,451 |
| Other finance and insurance.......... | 219,433 | 47,018 | 1,090 | 6,685 | 169.2 | 141 | 62 | 10,394 | 1,150 | 6,140 | 853 | 130 | 403 |
|  | 29,083 | -5,943 | -52 | 3, 3,194 | $\begin{array}{r}37.6 \\ 176.4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | (\%) | (0) | 24,010 4,701 | 378 | 22,30 2,123 | 2,803 698 | $141^{\circ}$ | (0) ${ }^{6}$ |

${ }^{\text {D }}$ Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.
Less than $\$ 500,000$ ( $\pm$ ) or 500 acres.
2. See foothote 1 to table 1
2. See footnote 2 to table 3.
3. See footnote 1 to table 4 .
4. See footnote 2 to table 4.

The data in this article, like the estimates in earlier articles based on data from BEA's annual surveys of foreign direct investment, cover the financial structure and operations of nonbank U.S. affiliates. Data collected in the benchmark survey on banks and on transactions and positions between U.S. affiliates and their foreign parents will be available next year when final results of the benchmark survey are published. ${ }^{3}$
3. The data on financial structure and operations of U.S. affiliates cover the affiliates' overall operations. They include data on U.S. affiliates' balance sheets; income statements; external financial position; property, plant, and equipment; employment and employee compensation; U.S. merchandise trade; technology; and

The concepts and definitions underlying the 1987 benchmark survey data are essentially the same as those used for BEA's annual surveys and for the 1980 benchmark survey. For most items, the 1987 benchmark survey data are comparable to estimates derived from the annual surveys for earlier years; the few differences are discussed in the technical note. Changes in the presentation of the data and in
U.S. land owned and leased. The data on transactions and positions between U.S. affiliates and their foreign parents are the source of the official estimates of direct investment that enter the U.S. international transactions accounts and the U.S. international investment position. These estimates cover the foreign direct investment position in the United States, direct investment capital flows between foreign parents and their U.S. affiliates, payments of income by U.S. affiliates to their foreign parents, and royalties and license fees and other services transactions between U.S. affiliates and their foreign parents.

Table 6.-Sales of Goods and Services by Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, by Industry of Affiliate and Country of Ultimate Beneficial Owner, 1987
[Millions of dollars]


[^17]* Less than $\$ 500,000$.

1. Includes only investment income included in sales (or gross operating revenues). See text.
the coverage and methodology of the benchmark survey are also discussed in the technical note.
The remainder of this article first analyzes information from the benchmark survey that either has not been available before or has not been available since the previous benchmark survey in 1980, then reviews changes in affiliate employment, and finally discusses the share of the U.S. economy accounted for by U.S. affiliates in 1987. More detailed results of the benchmark survey and the annual surveys for prior years are available in separate publications (see page 140).

## Expansion of Information

Some data items were collected for the first time in the 1987 benchmark survey. Other items were collected in previous benchmark surveys, but not in the annual surveys for nonbenchmark years. This section discusses some of the new information-that is, affiliates' sales of goods and of services, sales of services to U.S. persons and to affiliated or unaffiliated foreigners, and manufacturing employment by State. It also discusses information that has not been available since the 1980 benchmark survey-that is, employment by industry of sales, commercial property of affiliates, and U.S. merchandise trade by destination or origin and by product.

## Sales of services

The 1987 benchmark survey collected, for the first time, affiliates' sales (or gross operating revenues) disaggregated into goods, services, and investment income and sales of services further disaggregated into those to U.S. persons or to affiliated or unaffiliated foreigners. ${ }^{4}$ The data were col-
4. Future annual surveys will also collect this information.

For purposes of distributing sales into goods, services, and investment income, "services" are defined as activities characteristic of the following industries: The "services" division of the Standard Industrial Classification (and BEA's international surveys industry (ISI) catassification) system, petroleum services, finance (except banking), insurance, real estate, agricultural services, mining services, transportation, communications, and public utilities. An affiliate need not be classified in one of these industries to have sales of services. For example, sales of services by affiliates classified in manufacturing were almost $\$ 4$ billion.

Information on investment income was collected primarily to ensure that, if such factor income was included in total sales (or gross operating revenues), it would not be included in sales of services. In finance and insurance, affiliates include investment income in sales because it is generated by a primary activity of the affiliate. In most other industries, affiliates consider investment income an incidental revenue source and include it in the income statement in a separate "other income" category.
lected as part of a broader BEA dataimprovement effort for services.

In 1987, of U.S. affiliates' total sales of $\$ 731$ billion, goods accounted for $\$ 622$ billion, services for $\$ 91$ billion, and investment income for $\$ 19$ billion (table 6). Of total sales of services, $\$ 87$ billion, or 96 percent, were to U.S. persons and $\$ 4$ billion were to foreigners. Most sales of services to foreigners were either to the foreign parent group or to "other" foreigners ( $\$ 1$ billion and $\$ 2$ billion, respectively); sales to foreign affiliates of U.S. affiliates were small. ${ }^{5}$
By industry, over one-third (\$33 billion) of affiliates' total sales of services were by affiliates in insurance. Affiliates in "services" and finance (except banking) also had substantial sales of services-m $\$ 17$ billion and $\$ 14$ billion,
5. The foreign parent group consists of (1) the foreign parent, (2) any foreign person, proceeding up the foreign parent's ownership chain, that owns more than 50 percent of the person below it, up to and including the UBO, and (3) any foreign person, proceeding down the ownership chain(s) of each of these members, that is owned more than 50 percent by the person above it. A foreign affiliate is a foreign business in which the U.S affliate has a 10-percent or more ownership interest.
respectively. In "services," over onehalf ( $\$ 9$ billion) of the total was by affiliates in business services, particularly advertising.

By country of UBO, sales of services by affiliates with UBO's in the United Kingdom, at $\$ 20$ billion, and in Canada, at $\$ 18$ billion, were largestalmost twice those by affiliates with UBO's in Japan, which ranked third. For affiliates with UBO's in the United Kingdom, sales of services were largest in insurance and business services. For those with UBO's in Canada, sales of services were largest in insurance. For affiliates with UBO's in Japan, they were largest in finance (except banking).

## Employment by industry of sales

In most tables by industry in this article, classification is by "industry of affiliate." On this basis, the affiliate's primary industry-that is, the industry that accounts for the largest portion of the affiliate's sales-is determined, and all data are shown in that industry even if the affiliate has activities in secondary industries. For two items-
sales and employment-data from the benchmark survey are also available by "industry of sales." On this basis, sales and the associated employment in secondary industries are shown in those industries rather than in the affiliate's primary industry. ${ }^{6}$
Table 7 compares employment by industry of sales with employment by
6. Both employment and sales were required to be disaggregated by BEA's ISI classification system. In general, the detail in the ISI classification is roughly equivalent to the three-digit level in the Standard Industrial Classification system.

Employment and sales disaggregated by industry of sales were collected in the 1980 benchmark survey, but not in the annual surveys. Future annual surveys, however, will collect these data.

Affiliate employment classified by industry of sales should approximate that classified by industry of establishment (plant). This is because an affiliate that has an establishment in an industry usually also has sales in that industry. However, if one establishment of an affiliate provides all of its output to another establishment of the affiliate, the affliate will not have sales in the industry of the first establishment. For example, if an affiliate operates both a metal mine and a metal manufacturing plant and if the entire output of the mine is used by the manufacturing plant, all of the affiliate's sales will be in metal manufacturing and none in metal mining. When the mining employees are distributed by industry of sales, they would be classified in manufacturing. When the mining employees are distributed by industry of establishment, they would be in mining, not in manufacturing.

Table 7.-Employment by Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, by Industry of Sales and by Industry of Affiliate, 1987

|  | Thousands of employees |  |  | Percent difference |  | Thousands of employees |  |  | Percent difference |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { By } \\ & \text { indus- } \\ & \text { sty of } \\ & \text { sales } \end{aligned}$ | By industry of affiliate | Difference |  |  | By industry of sales | $\begin{aligned} & \text { By } \\ & \text { indus- } \\ & \text { try of } \\ & \text { affili- } \\ & \text { ate } \end{aligned}$ | Differ- ence |  |
| All industries .... | 3,159.7 | 3,159.7 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Petroleum. | 96.1 | 116.6 | -20.5 | -18 | Wholesale trade. | 271.5 | 313.7 | -42.2 | -13 |
| Petroleum and coal products manufacturing.. | 63.9 | 85.8 | -21.9 | -26 | Motor vehicles and equipment.. | 43.4 | 71.7 | -28.3 | -39 |
| Other............................................................ | 32.2 | 30.8 | 1.4 | 5 | Professional and commercial equipment and supplies................. | 32.3 | 28.5 | 3.8 | 13 |
|  |  |  |  |  | Metals and minerals, except petroleum....................................... | 12.9 | 24.4 | -11.5 | -47 |
| Manufacturing... | 1,335.3 | 1,517.5 | -182,2 | -12 | Elecrrical goods ............................................................................. | 43.4 | 47.2 | -3.8 | $-8$ |
| Food and kindred products. | 142.7 | 146.3 | -3.6 | -2 | Machinery, equipment, and supplies .......................................................................................................... | 38.4 25.8 | 32.9 26.8 | 5.5 -1.0 | 17 -4 |
| Beverages ...................... | 26.1 | 38.6 | -12.5 | -32 | Groceries and related products... | 20.8 | 26.3 23.3 | -1.5 | -11 |
| Other....................... | 116.5 | 107.7 | 8.8 | 8 | Farm-product raw materials....... | 15.3 | 19.1 | -3.8 | -20 |
| Chemicals and allied products.... | 240.6 | 386.5 | -145.9 | -38 | Other nondurable goods ........................... | 39.1 | 39.7 | -. 6 | -2 |
| Industrial chemicals and synthetics.. | 120.2 | 249.7 | -129.5 | -52 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Drugs ................................ | 49.6 | 70.6 | -21.0 | -30 -39 |  | 617.2 124.3 | 567.4 86.6 | 49.8 37.7 | 9 44 |
| Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods... | 22.9 | 37.3 | -14.4 | -39 66 | Food stores........................ | 229.8 | 217.7 | 37.7 12.1 | 4 |
| Other... | 47.9 |  | 19.0 |  | Apparel and accessory stores......................... | 81.2 | 82.2 | -1.0 | -1 |
| Primary and fabricated metals.. | 144.2 | 157.2 | -13.0 | -8 | Other................................. | 181.9 | 180.9 | 1.0 | 1 |
| Primary metal industries .... | 87.2 | 82.2 | 5.0 | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ferrous...... | 50.6 | 41.0 | 9.6 | 23 | Finance, except banking . | 80.7 | 87.0 | -6.3 | -7 |
| Nonferrous................... | 36.6 | 41.2 | -4.6 | -11 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fabricated metal products ................................. | 57.0 | 75.0 | -18.0 | -24 | Insurance.. | 79.5 | 87.2 | -7.7 | -9 |
| Machinery ...... | 311.8 | 321.6 | -9.8 | -3 | Real estate. | 31.5 | 32.0 | -. 5 | -2 |
| Machinery, except electrical .... | 118.3 | 104.2 | 14.1 | 14 | Real estate.. | 31.5 | 32.0 | -. 5 | -2 |
| Office and computing machines.. | 29.3 | 35.6 | $-6.3$ | -18 | Services....... | 305.2 | 267.1 | 38.1 | 14 |
| Other.......................... | 88.9 | 68.5 | 20.4 | 30 | Hotels and other lodging places................................ | 51.9 | 50.7 | 1.2 | 2 |
| Electric and electronic equipment ...................... | 193.5 | 217.4 | -23.9 | -11 | Business services ....................... | 155.8 | 144.4 | 11.4 | 8 |
| Audio, video, and communications equipment........................ | 71.6 | 93.3 | -21.7 | -23 | Computer and data processing services............................. | 20.0 | 12.1 | 7.9 | 65 |
| Electronic components and accessories.............................................. | 51.6 | 41.3 | 10.3 | 25 | Other business services ........................ | 135.7 | 132.2 | 3.5 | 3 |
| Other............................................................................................ | 70.3 | 82.8 | -12.5 | -15 | Motion pictures, including television tape and film. | 12.2 | (D) | (D) | (P) |
| Other manufacturing. | 496.1 | 505.9 | -9.8 | -2 | Engineering, architectural, and surveying services............................... | 15.0 | 11.9 | 3.1 | 26 |
| Textile products and apparel.. | 36.4 | 37.0 | -. 6 | -2 | Accounting, research, management, and related services ................. | 20.9 | 6.5 | 14.4 | 222 |
| Lumber, wood, furniture, and fixtures .. | 23.3 | 13.6 | 9.7 | 71 | Health services.............. | 24.1 | 23.0 | 1.1 | 5 |
| Paper and allied products.............. | 43.9 | 44.7 | -. 8 | -2 | Other services ........ | 25.2 | ( ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | () | ) |
| Printing and publishing .............. | 76.7 | 82.3 | -5.6 | $-7$ | Other industries .... | 196.3 | 171.3 | 25.0 | 15 |
| Newspapers ............... | 19.8 | 16.7 | 3.1 | 19 | Agriculture, forestry, and fishing | 17.7 | 14.1 | 3.6 | 15 |
| Other..... | 56.8 | 65.5 | -8.7 | -13 |  | 43.9 | 26.0 | 17.9 | 69 |
| Rubber products... | 22.6 | 20.5 | 2.1 | 10 | Coal .......................... | 21.9 | 13.0 | 17.9 8.9 | 68 |
| Miscellaneous plastics products.... | 31.4 | 27.7 | 3.7 | 13 | Other. | 21.9 | 13.0 | 8.9 | 68 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products............ | 72.4 | 85.9 | -13.5 | -16 |  | 42.2 | 39.6 | 2.6 | 68 |
| Transportation equipment.......................... | 65.1 | 54.8 | 10.3 | 19 | Transportation... | 880.2 | 69.6 | 12.3 | 18 |
| Motor vehicles and equipment ............. | 55.1 | 34.3 | 20.8 | 61 |  | 12.3 | 23.7 | -11.4 | -48 |
| Other transportation equipment................. | 10.1 | 20.5 | -10.4 | -51 | Communication and public utilities | 12.3 | 23.7 | -11.4 | -48 |
| Instruments and related products..................................................... | 73.7 50.7 | 63.4 | -10.3 | -16 | Unspecified ${ }^{1 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~}$ | 146.3 |  |  |  |
| Other........ | 50.7 | 76.2 | -25.5 | -33 |  |  |  |  |  |

[^18]survey had to specify their eight largest sales categories and U.S. affiliates that filed the short form had to specify their three largest sales categories. Sales in all unspecified industries combined are shown in this line.
industry of affiliate. Employment is higher by industry of sales than by industry of affiliate in retail trade, services, and "other" industries. In "other" industries, most of the difference is in mining and transportation. Employment by industry of sales is significantly lower in petroleum, manufacturing, and wholesale trade, mainly because affiliates classified in these industries have substantial employment in other industries (such as retail trade and services). ${ }^{7}$ Although employment was lower by industry of sales than by industry of affiliate for manufacturing as a whole, it was significantly higher in some industries within manufacturing. For example, in motor vehicle manufacturing, employment was 55,000 by industry of sales, but only 34,000 by industry of affiliate. It was higher by industry of sales because several affiliates classified in motor vehicle wholesale trade had motor vehicle manufacturing operations. These affiliates are classified in wholesale trade because most of their sales result from the wholesale distribution of imported cars rather than from sales of cars they manufactured in the United States. When classified by industry of affiliate, the manufacturing employees and the other employees of these affiliates all appear in wholesale trade. When classified by industry of sales, the manufacturing employees appear in manufacturing.

Table 8 shows employment by industry of sales cross-classified by country of UBO. For some countries, the industry distribution of employment in this table differs significantly from that in table 17, which shows employment by industry of affiliate cross-classified by country of UBO. For example, when classified by industry of sales, employment by affiliates with UBO's in the United Kingdom is significantly lower in manufacturing and significantly higher in retail trade and services. In contrast, employment by af-
7. Employment by industry of sales may also be lower because not all employment had to be specified by industry of sales. Large affiliates were required to disaggregate their employment into the eight industries in which their sales were largest, and some of these affiliates had sales in more than eight industries. Similarly, small affiliates were required to disaggregate their employment into the three industries in which their sales ployment into the three industries in which their sales
were largest, but they may have had sales in other industries. In addition, for affiliates with sales in more than one industry, employees in central administrative offices that were not associated with particular industries of sales may have been included in the unspecified category. Unspecified employment was 146,000 , or 5 percent of total employment by affiliates. Affiliates classified in manufacturing had 100,000 unspeciates classified in manufacturing had 100,000 unspeci-
fied employees, most of whom were likely to have been in manufacturing industries other than those specified.
filiates with UBO's in Japan is higher in manufacturing and lower in wholesale trade when classified by industry of sales.

## Manufacturing employment by State

The benchmark survey, for the first time, collected a breakdown of affiliates' manufacturing employment by State. ${ }^{8}$ Manufacturing employees in a given State are employees on the payroll of manufacturing plants located in the State, including employees in central administrative offices and auxiliary units that primarily serve these plants.
Table 9 shows affiliates' manufacturing employment by State crossclassified by country of UBO. ${ }^{9}$ Total manufacturing employment was $1,233,000$, of which one-third was accounted for by five States: California $(120,000)$, Pennsylvania $(82,000)$, New York $(71,000)$, North Carolina $(69,000)$, and Ohio $(68,000)$.
By country of UBO, manufacturing employment was largest for affiliates with UBO's in the United Kingdom (282,000), Canada ( 193,000 ), and Germany ( 164,000 ). For each country, employment was concentrated in a few States. Affiliates with Japanese UBO's had the most concentrated employment-over one-half of their manufacturing employment was in five States (California, Michigan, Illinois, Ohio, and Tennessee). Affiliates with Canadian UBO's had the least concentrated employment-onethird of their manufacturing employment was in five States (North Carolina, Pennsylvania, New York, Tennessee, and California).
8. In past benchmark and annual surveys, only total employment was collected by State. Future annual surveys, however, will collect both total and manufacturing employment by State.
9. Total affiliate manufacturing employment in table 9 differs from total affiliate manufacturing employment when classified by industry of sales, which is shown in tables 7 and 8 . In table 9 , total manufacturing employment consists only of employees on the payroll of ployment consists only of employees on the payroll of
manufacturing plants, whereas in tables 7 and 8 , it includes some nonmanufacturing employees (see footnote 6). Also, total manufacturing employment includes petroleum refining employees in table 9, but in tables 7 and 8, it excludes them. Affiliates' manufacturing employment in table 9 is defined to be consistent with data on total manufacturing employment by State.

Tables in other BEA publications show affiliate employment by State cross-classified by industry of affiliate. The data in table 9 give a better indication of the number of manufacturing employees in a State than the data in those tables. In table 9, the manufacturing employees shown are those actually engaged in manufacturing in the State, regardless of the industry classification of the affiliate. In the other BEA tables, all employees of a U.S. affiliate in the State are shown in the single industry in which the affiliate is classified, based on its U.S. operations as a whole, even if some of the employees are in other industries.

## Commercial property

The benchmark survey indicates that the value of U.S. commercial property owned by U.S. affiliates, a measure of foreign ownership of U.S. real estate, was $\$ 91$ billion in 1987 (table 10). By State, almost 45 percent of the total was in three StatesCalifornia ( $\$ 17$ billion), New York ( $\$ 13$ billion), and Texas ( $\$ 10$ billion). Affiliates' commercial property holdings in Texas were twice as large as those in Florida ( $\$ 5$ billion), which ranked next in size. ${ }^{10}$

By country of UBO, affiliates with UBO's in Canada had by far the largest holdings of commercial property- $\$ 23$ billion. Affiliates with UBO's in Japan and the United Kingdom followed, with $\$ 13$ billion each.

Compared with other affiliates, the commercial property holdings of affiliates with UBO's in Japan were particularly concentrated; three States (California, New York, and Hawaii) accounted for over 78 percent of their holdings. By comparison, holdings of affiliates with UBO's in Canada and the United Kingdom were less concentrated; the three largest States (California, New York, and Texas, in both cases) accounted for 43 percent and 36 percent, respectively, of these affiliates' holdings.

## Merchandise trade by country of destination or origin and by product

In addition to data on U.S. affiliates' merchandise trade by industry of affiliate and country of UBO, the benchmark survey collected data on such trade by country of destination or origin and by product. ${ }^{11}$
In 1987, U.S. affiliates had U.S. merchandise exports of $\$ 48$ billion and U.S. merchandise imports of $\$ 141$ billion (table 11). Most imports-69 percentwere goods for resale without further processing.

[^19]\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{} \& \multirow[b]{3}{*}{\[
\begin{gathered}
\text { All } \\
\text { coun- } \\
\text { cries }
\end{gathered}
\]} \& \multirow[b]{3}{*}{Canada} \& \multicolumn{6}{|c|}{Europe} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{Latin ica and Other
Western Hemisphere} \& \multirow[b]{3}{*}{Africa} \& \multirow[b]{3}{*}{\[
\underset{\text { East }}{\substack{\text { Eiddle }}}
\]} \& \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Asia and Pacific} \& \multirow[b]{3}{*}{United
States} \\
\hline \& \& \& \multicolumn{6}{|c|}{Of which:} \& \& \& \& \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Of which:} \& \\
\hline \& \& \& Total \& France \&  \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& \text { Nether-- } \\
\& \text { lands }
\end{aligned}
\] \& Switzeriand \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& \text { United } \\
\& \text { King- } \\
\& \text { Som }
\end{aligned}
\] \& \& \& \& Total \& \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Austra- } \\
\text { lia }
\end{gathered}
\] \& Japan \& \\
\hline All industries.. \& 3,159.7 \& 590.5 \& 1,903.7 \& 183.6 \& 363.3 \& 269.5 \& 183.4 \& 630.1 \& 143.6 \& 19.9 \& 32.5 \& 434.1 \& 90.0 \& 284.6 \& 35.5 \\
\hline Petroleum Petroleum and coal products manufact............................................. Other \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 96.1 \\
\& 63.9 \\
\& 32.2
\end{aligned}
\] \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 13.4 \\
\& \text { (0.4 } \\
\& \text { (0) }
\end{aligned}
\] \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 64.0 \\
\& 51.2 \\
\& 12.8
\end{aligned}
\] \& 6.5
1.9
4.6 \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& .5 \\
\& .2 \\
\& .3
\end{aligned}
\] \& \[
\stackrel{(P}{(P)}_{\mathrm{P}_{1}}^{1.4}
\] \& \[
\begin{array}{r}
.3 \\
0.3
\end{array}
\] \& \[
\begin{array}{r}
28.4 \\
23.4 \\
5.1
\end{array}
\] \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 11.6 \\
\& \substack{(\mathcal{0}) \\
(0)}
\end{aligned}
\] \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 3.4 \\
\& 0.4 \\
\& 3.4
\end{aligned}
\] \& \[
\begin{gathered}
1.9 \\
0 \\
1.9
\end{gathered}
\] \& \[
\begin{array}{r}
1.6 \\
.2 \\
1.4
\end{array}
\] \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 1.0 \\
\& 1.0
\end{aligned}
\] \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& .6 \\
\& .2 \\
\& .4
\end{aligned}
\] \& \({ }^{(*)}{ }^{(1)}{ }^{3}\) \\
\hline Manufacturing... \& 1,335.3 \& 214.1 \& 85.1 \& 109.6 \& 179.1 \& 78.0 \& 96.7 \& 310.2 \& 45.8 \& 7 \& 8.3 \& 158.6 \& . 8 \& 100.3 \& 15.8 \\
\hline Food and kindred products Beverages Other \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 142.7 \\
\& 26.1 \\
\& 116.5
\end{aligned}
\] \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 19.8 \\
\& Q_{0}^{(0)}
\end{aligned}
\] \& 108.3
14.6
93.7 \& 8.4
(0)
(0) \& 2.1
1.1
1.9 \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& (\mathbb{D}) \\
\& (0) \\
\& (0) \\
\& (0)
\end{aligned}
\] \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 33.8 \\
\& \text { (0) } \\
\& \text { © }
\end{aligned}
\] \& \[
\begin{array}{r}
43.6 \\
7.5 \\
36.0
\end{array}
\] \& \[
{ }_{\left({ }^{*}\right)}{ }_{8}^{8}
\] \& .4
.4
.4 \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& .4 \\
\& 0.4
\end{aligned}
\] \& \[
\begin{gathered}
6.3 \\
(0.3 \\
(0)
\end{gathered}
\] \& 1.2
(0)
(0) \& 3.1
2.5
2.7 \& 6.6
6.6
0 \\
\hline Chemicals and allied products. \& \& \& 1708 \& \& \& \& 310 \& \& 48 \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Industrial chemicals and synn \& 120.2 \& (1) \& 74.0 \& 10.3 \& 33.8 \& 5.6 \& 51.5 \& 15.7 \& \({ }_{0} 8\) \& (0) \& 0 \& (0) \& . 5 \& 2.4 \& \({ }_{0}\) \\
\hline Drugs ............................ \& 49.6 \& . 6 \& 41.6 \& (8) \& 7.0 \& (0) \& 17.2 \& 13.0 \& (0) \& 0 \& (1) \& 3.2 \& 0 \& 3.2 \& 0 \\
\hline Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods ... \& 22.9
47.9 \& (0) \& \begin{tabular}{l}
20.5 \\
34.6 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& (*) \({ }_{(0)}\) \& 3.7
119 \& (0) \& 4.9
3.4 \& \(\begin{array}{r}4.3 \\ 10.0 \\ \hline 18\end{array}\) \& (4) \& \({ }^{0}\) \& (*) \& \({ }_{2}{ }_{2} 2\) \& (*) \({ }^{3}\) \& 1.4 \& 0 \\
\hline Primary and fabricated metals.... \& 144.2 \& 27.1 \& 63.6 \& 13.8 \& 13.8 \& 2.7 \& 3.7 \& 18.5 \& (e) \& \& \& 28.6 \& \& \& \\
\hline Primary metal industries ...... \& 87.2 \& 17.7 \& 34.3 \& 11.4 \& 5.6 \& \& (0) \& 9.4 \& (0) \& \& \& \begin{tabular}{l}
23.7 \\
\hline 17
\end{tabular} \& 5.6 \& 16.7 \& (0) \\
\hline Ferrous...... \& 50.6 \& 4.4 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
20.5 \\
\({ }_{13}{ }^{2} 8\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& (0) \& 3.1 \& \(0^{.5}\) \& \({ }^{0}\) \& 2.4 \& \({ }^{(0)}\) \& \[
\text { (i) }{ }^{4}
\] \& (\%) \& 17.8
5
5
5 \& (1) \& 16.0 \& ( \({ }_{(0)}\) \\
\hline  \& 36.6
57.0 \& \(\begin{array}{r}13.3 \\ 9.4 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& 13.8
29.3 \& \({ }^{(0)} 2.4\) \& 2.5
8.2 \& \(\stackrel{0}{2.2}\) \& (0) \& \({ }_{7}^{7.1}\) \& (*) \& \({ }^{(9)}\) \& (0) \& 5.8
5.0 \& \({ }_{1} 1.7\) \& \(\begin{array}{r}.7 \\ 1.8 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& \({ }^{(0)}\) \\
\hline Machinery .... \& 311.8 \& 32.5 \& 229.0 \& 31.6 \& 41.1 \& 37.4 \& 10.8 \& 65.4 \& 8.0 \& 9 \& 1.8 \& 38.3 \& 2.6 \& 33.4 \& 1.2 \\
\hline Machinery, except elecrical Ofic.i..... \& 118.3
29.3 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
12.2 \\
2.8 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& 85.2
22.0 \& \& \& \(\stackrel{(0)}{4.2}^{4}\) \& \& 26.1
4.5 \& \({ }^{(8)} 1.5\) \& . 8 \& (\%) \& \(\begin{array}{r}13.8 \\ 3.0 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& \(0^{.1}\) \& 12.4
2.3 \& 0 \\
\hline Office and computing machines ... \& \begin{tabular}{l}
29.3 \\
88.9 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& 2.8
9.4 \& 22.0
63.1 \& (0) \& 1.5
13.4 \& \({ }^{(0) 2}\) \& 4.5 \& \(\begin{array}{r}4.5 \\ 21.6 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& \({ }^{10}{ }^{1.5}\) \& \({ }^{8} 8\) \& \& \(\begin{array}{r}3.0 \\ 10.8 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& \(0^{0}\) \& 10.0 \& 0 \\
\hline Electric and electronic equipment. \& 193.5 \& 20.3 \& 143.9 \& 18.7 \& 26.2 \& (0) \& 6.4 \& 39.3 \& ()) \& (*) \& (0) \& 24.5 \& (0) \& 21.0 \& 1.1 \\
\hline Audio, video, and communications equipment.... \& 71.6 \& (0) \& 45.0 \& (0) \& 3.7 \& (0) \& (1) \& 12.5 \& () \& 0 \& (*) \& 6.4 \& (*) \& 6.0 \& \({ }^{(*)}\) \\
\hline Other \& 70.3 \&  \& 36.0
62.8 \& \({ }_{2} 2.5\) \& 12.4
10.1 \& (0) \& (0) \({ }^{\text {. }}\) \& 16.1 \& \(\left({ }^{*}{ }^{6}\right.\) \& \({ }^{*} 0\) \& 0 \& 12.0
6.1 \& \({ }^{(0)} .9\) \& 5.1 \& (\%) \\
\hline Other manufacturing. \& 496.1 \& 81.5 \& 313.4 \& 34.4 \& 65.7 \& (P) \({ }_{5}\) \& 17.4 \& 139.8 \& (0) \& 1.9 \& () \& 75.7 \& 19.7 \& 38.0 \& \({ }^{(1)}\) \\
\hline Textile products and apparel... \& 36.4 \& 5.4 \& 21.7 \& .5 \& 4.9 \& . 5 \& 1.1 \& 12.9 \& 2.2 \& \& 0 \& 7.1 \& \({ }^{(*)}\) \& 2.8 \& \\
\hline Lumber, wood, furmiture, and fixwures... \& 23.3 \& 8.7 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
14.6 \\
31.3 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& . 6 \& 1.3 \& (0) \& . 9 \& 7.4 \& \({ }^{(2)}\) \& (*) \& (0) \& 3.1 \& \(0^{3}\) \& 3.5 \& \({ }^{\text {c) }}\) \\
\hline Prining and publishing .... \& 76.7 \& 35.6 \& 33.7 \& (*) \& 10.4 \& 1.1 \& 2.3 \& 15.6 \& 1.5 \& 0 \& (0) \& \& (0) \& 2 \& \\
\hline Newspapers.. \& 19.8 \& 16.0 \& .888. \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& .\(_{8}^{8}\) \& 0 \& 0 \& (8) \& \({ }^{(8)}\) \& \(\left.{ }^{( }\right)\) \& \({ }^{(*)}\) \& 0 \\
\hline Other........es \& 56.8
22.6 \& 19.6 \& 32.9
16.9
16 \& \({ }_{(*)}^{4.0}\) \& 10.4 \& 1.1
2 \& \(\begin{array}{r}2.3 \\ \hline 6\end{array}\) \& 14.8
1.1 \& 1.5 \& \({ }_{0}^{0}\) \& 0 \& \& \& (9) \({ }^{-1}\) \& \(0{ }^{4}\) \\
\hline Miscellaneous plastics products. \& 31.4 \& 10.4 \& 17.0 \& 1.9 \& 2.8 \& (1) \& . 4 \& 8.3 \& . 7 \& (*) \& 0 \& 3.2 \& . 9 \& 1.3 \& \\
\hline Stone, clay, and glass products. \& 72.4 \& 4.1 \& 51.2 \& 11.5 \& 3.8 \& 1.2 \& 3.8 \& 27.2 \& (0) \& (8) \& 0 \& 10.0 \& 4.2 \& 2.3 \& 0 \\
\hline Transportation equipment. \& 65.1 \& 4.2 \& 42.0 \& 10.0 \& 13.9 \& (*) \& 5 \& 14.5 \& (*) \& (8) \& (\%) \& 17.3 \& 0 \& \({ }_{16.6}^{16.6}\) \& \(\stackrel{(*)}{0}\) \\
\hline Motor vehicles and equipment. \& 55.1 \& \& \begin{tabular}{c}
34.2 \\
7.8 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& (8) \& \(\begin{array}{r}13.7 \\ .2 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& \& \& 4.9 \& \& (1) \({ }^{2}\) \& \& \(\begin{array}{r}16.9 \\ .4 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& 0 \& \& \\
\hline Other transportation equipment. Instruments and related products. \& 73.7 \& (0) \({ }^{\text {a }}\) \& 7.8
50.5 \& (0) \& 12.1 \& \({ }^{(4)}\). \& \({ }_{5} 5.3\) \& 4.6
30.0 \& \({ }^{(4)} 7.2\) \& \(\bigcirc\) \& \({ }^{9} 1\) \& 7.6 \& (*) \& \({ }_{4}{ }^{4} 9\) \& 0 \\
\hline Other................................... \& 50.7 \& 1.3 \& 34.6 \& (9) \& () \& (0) \& 2.1 \& 18.3 \& 1.7 \& (*) \& 0 \& 13.2 \& 8.0 \& (9) \& 0 \\
\hline Wholesale trade. \& 271.5 \& 18.3 \& 156.4 \& 22.8 \& 35.1 \& 20.0 \& 10.0 \& 42.4 \& 6.5 \& 2.9 \& 2.9 \& 84.3 \& 3.1 \& \({ }^{76.4}\) \& . 3 \\
\hline Motor vehicles and equipment...................... \& 43.4 \& \& 21.2
88
8 \& \(\mathrm{P}^{(0)}\) \& \& (*) \& \({ }^{(*)}{ }_{4}\) \& 3.3 \& (*) \& (\%) \& \& 20.9 \& \(0^{2}\) \& 15.0
20.4 \& \\
\hline Professional and commercial equipment and supplies...... \& 32.3
12.9 \& 1.1 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
8.9 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& \({ }_{5}\) \& 1.3 \& \({ }^{(4)} 7\) \& \({ }_{1}\) \& 2.8 \& \({ }^{(*)} .6\) \& \({ }^{6} .6\) \& \({ }^{(*)} 3\) \& 20.9
2.9 \& \({ }^{(0)}\) \& \begin{tabular}{l}
20.4 \\
2.8 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& 0
0
0 \\
\hline Electical goods ..................... \& 43.4 \& (0) \& 20.7 \& 1.0 \& 4.0 \& (0) \& . 3 \& 2.9 \& 3 \& (9) \& \({ }^{(*)}\) \& \({ }_{2}^{21.1}\) \& \({ }^{0}\) \& 20.1 \& \\
\hline Machinery, equipment, and supplies \& 38.4

28.8 \& 1.3
1.9 \& ${ }^{28.1}$ \& 2.5 \& 4.5 \& ${ }^{(9)}$ \& 2.7 \& 88.6 \& 7 \& (*) ${ }^{4}$ \& ${ }_{1}$ \& 7.5
63 \& ${ }_{(0)}^{(0)}$ \& 7.1
3.5 \& 0 <br>
\hline Groceries and related products. \& 20.8 \& 4.8 \& 13.3 \& -9 \& (1) \& 1.0 \& . 3 \& 5.2 \& 4 \& (*) \& (*) \& 2.2 \& ${ }^{(*)}$ \& 1.0 \& (*) <br>
\hline terials \& 15.3

39.1 \& (0) ${ }^{2}$ \& \begin{tabular}{l}
127.2 <br>
\hline 12

 \& (0) ${ }^{9.5}$ \& (0) \& ${ }_{3}{ }_{3} .2$ \& 

1.4 <br>
2.8 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular} \& 9.3 \& (0) ${ }^{1}$ \& (*) \& $\left({ }^{*}\right)$ \& 5.2 \& (0) \& 3.8 \& ${ }^{0} 1$ <br>

\hline Retail trade. \& 617.2 \& 179.1 \& 394.0 \& 12.8 \& 98.6 \& 110.9 \& \& 99.0 \& \& \& \& 29.9 \& 7.4 \& \& <br>
\hline General merchandise stores.. \& 124.3 \& () \& 72.3 \& ${ }^{(*)}$ \& $\stackrel{(4)}{*}_{8}$ \& (0) \& ${ }^{9}$ \& ${ }^{(1)}$ \& (0) \& \& (*) \& \& 0 \& \& <br>
\hline  \& ${ }_{81.2}$ \& 31.3 \& 44.9 \& ${ }^{.1} 1$ \& ${ }^{(*)}$ \& (2) \& \& \& (0) ${ }^{6}$ \& \& \& 2.1 \& (0) \& 2. \& <br>
\hline Other.............................. \& 181.9 \& (D) \& 83.2 \& 9.1 \& 13.1 \& 22.9 \& 1.1 \& 28.8 \& (0) \& . 5 \& . 6 \& 10.4 \& (P) \& 5.7 \& . 1 <br>
\hline Finance, except banking \& 80.7 \& 4.4 \& 30.4 \& . 7 \& 6 \& . 7 \& (1) \& 11.5 \& 3.7 \& 9 \& (*) \& 41.1 \& 3 \& 39.1 \& . 2 <br>
\hline Insurance \& 79.5 \& 8.6 \& 53.1 \& . 1 \& 2.7 \& 14.3 \& 11.5 \& 23.8 \& 1.1 \& 0 \& ${ }^{(*)}$ \& (P) \& 2 \& . 3 \& ${ }^{(9)}$ <br>
\hline Real estate. \& 31.5 \& 16.4 \& 6.1 \& . 4 \& . 9 \& 1.2 \& . 4 \& 2.2 \& . 7 \& ${ }^{*}$ ) \& 1.8 \& 6.5 \& 1.5 \& 4.0 \& (*) <br>
\hline Services. \& 305.2 \& 41.3 \& 149.4 \& 16.2 \& 8.4 \& 3.6 \& 37.1 \& 53.8 \& (1) \& . 7 \& (1) \& (1) \& 12.7 \& 31.5 \& (P) <br>
\hline Hotels and other lodging places. \& 51.9 \& 2.9 \& 21.3 \& 1.7 \& 3 \& ${ }_{3} .6$ \& (0) \& 57.7 \& 1.9 \& . 6 \& \& 19.7 \& $\mathrm{c}^{2}$ \& 14.6 \& <br>

\hline  \& | 152.8 |
| :--- |
| 20.0 |
| 1 | \& ${ }_{2} 2$ \& | 80.0 |
| :--- |
| 14.0 | \& 8.2

6.2 \& $\frac{.2}{2}$ \& 2.3
.3 \& 4.0 \& 2.9 \& (9) 7 \& 0 \& (*) ${ }^{9}$ \& $\begin{array}{r}21.3 \\ .8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{O}$ \& 1.6 \& ${ }_{2}$ <br>
\hline Other business services................ \& 135.7 \& (1) \& 66.1 \& 2.1 \& ${ }^{*}{ }^{(2)}$ \& 2.0 \& (9) \& 24.6 \& () \& 0 \& . 9 \& 20.5 \& (1) \& 11.1 \& (0) <br>
\hline Motion pictures, including television tape and film... \& 12.2 \& ${ }^{(2)}$ \& ${ }^{(1)}$ \& (*) \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 1.1 \& (*) ${ }^{2}$ \& 0 \& 0 \& 2.7 \& ${ }^{(9)}$ \& ${ }^{1}$ \& (\%) <br>
\hline Enginering, architectural, and surveying services....... \& 15.0 \& 2.4 \& 9.1 \& 2.6 \& 1.7 \& ${ }^{*}{ }^{6}$ \& \& 3.2 \& (*) \& 0 \& (0) \& \& ${ }^{0}$ \& ${ }^{4}$ \& (*) <br>
\hline  \& 24.1 \& (1) ${ }^{2.4}$ \& ¢ \& 1.3 \& (9) \& ${ }_{0}$ \& ${ }_{0} 9$ \& 2.1 \& .1 \& 0 \& ${ }_{0}$ \& (*) ${ }^{-}$ \& ${ }_{(*)}$ \& 0.5 \& $0^{.2}$ <br>
\hline Other services ................................................... \& 25.2 \& 4.1 \& 13.4 \& 1.7 \& . 2 \& (*) \& . 4 \& 10.3 \& . 4 \& 0 \& 3 \& 7.2 \& . 3 \& 4.3 \& 0 <br>
\hline Other industries. \& 196.3 \& 53.1 \& 81.2 \& 14.9 \& 17.3 \& 5.6 \& 3.6 \& \& \& 1.4 \& (\%) \& 45.8 \& 31.5 \& 11.5 \& <br>
\hline Agriculure, forestry, and fishing .... \& 17.7 \& 1.0 \& 8.2 \& 1.9 \& 1.3 \& ${ }^{4}$ \& 7 \& 3.2 \& 6.5 \& (1) \& \& \& 0 \& 1.6 \& 0 <br>
\hline  \& 43.9 \& 17.2
10.6 \& 20.0
9.1 \& ${ }^{1.4}$ \& ${ }^{2} 2.7$ \& 2.3
5 \& .2 \& 10.4
5
5 \& (1) \& ${ }^{(8)}$ \& 5 \& 5 \& \& $0^{.3}$ \& 0 <br>
\hline Oother. \& 21.9 \& 6.5 \& 10.9 \& 1.3 \& (1) \& 1.8 \& (*) \& 5.0 \& (0) \& () ${ }^{\text {a }}$ \& 0 \& 3.8 \& 2.7 \& 3 \& 0 <br>
\hline Construction.. \& 42.2 \& 3.3 \& 29.0 \& 8.7 \& 11.2 \& 1.3 \& 2.0 \& 4.2 \& (1) \& \& $\mathrm{O}_{2}$ \& 7.1 \& 3.2 \& 3.2 \& 0 <br>
\hline Transporation......................... \& 80.2
12.3 \& 25.6
6.1 \& 20.2
3.9 \& 2.3 \& ${ }_{\left({ }^{*}{ }^{2.1}\right.}$ \& ${ }_{0}^{1.7}$ \& . 2 \& 1.1 \& ${ }_{0}^{1.8}$ \& 0 \& (9) \& ${ }^{\text {(9) }}$ \& ${ }^{22}$ () ${ }^{2.9}$ \& ${ }_{\left({ }^{*}\right)^{6.4}}$ \& ${ }_{0}^{0}$ <br>
\hline Unspecified 1.......................................................................... \& 146.3 \& 42.0 \& 84.1 \& 8.5 \& 20.2 \& (9) \& (0) \& 30.1 \& 4.5 \& 2.4 \& . 3 \& 12.8 \& . 5 \& 11.8 \& . 3 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

D Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.

* Less than 50 employees.

1. See foomote 1 to table 7 .

Affiliates' exports to Japan were over five times as large as those to any other country and accounted for 41 percent of all affiliate exports. Affiliates' imports from Japan were over four times as large as those from any other country and accounted for almost one-half of all affiliate imports. A large portion of this trade was accounted for by Japanese-owned wholesale trade affiliates, which primarily distribute products produced by others. Thus, a significant part of these affiliates' exports consists of products of other U.S. businesses that are purchased by
the affiliate and resold abroad; similarly, a significant part of their imports consists of products for resale in the United States without further processing.

After Japan, the next most important destinations of exports were Canada ( $\$ 4$ billion) and the United Kingdom ( $\$ 3$ billion); for imports, the next most important countries of origin were Germany ( $\$ 16$ billion) and Canada ( $\$ 8$ billion). For most countries, U.S. affiliates' imports from a country significantly exceeded their exports to that country.

By product, U.S. affiliates' exports of food were $\$ 10$ billion, one-fifth of their total exports. Exports of chemicals and machinery were also large- $\$ 8$ billion and $\$ 7$ billion, respectively. For affiliates' imports, by far the largest categories were road vehicles and parts ( $\$ 48$ billion) and machinery ( $\$ 34$ billion).

## Changes in Employment

This section discusses changes in affiliate operations in 1987 based on changes in employment. Employment

Table 9.-Manufacturing Employment by Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, State by Country of Ultimate Beneficial Owner, 1987

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { countries } \end{gathered}$ | Canada | Europe |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Latin } \\ & \text { America } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { Other } \\ & \text { Western } \\ & \text { Hemi- } \\ & \text { sphere } \end{aligned}$ | Africa | $\underset{\text { East }}{\text { Middle }}$ | Asia and Pacific |  |  | United |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total | Of which: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Of which: |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | France | Germany <br> Federal <br> Republic | Nether- lands | Switzer- | United Kingdom |  |  |  | Total | Australia | Japan |  |
| Total... | 1,233.4 | 193.3 | 820.0 | 97.5 | 164.4 | 86.0 | 82.0 | 282.1 | 47.5 | 7.3 | 7.6 | 144.1 | 25.4 | 93.7 | 13.5 |
| New England: | $\begin{array}{r} 24.2 \\ 5.4 \\ 30.5 \\ 7.0 \\ 6.9 \\ 1.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1.9 \\ 1.6 \\ 4.8 \\ \hline 1.5 \\ \hline 9) \\ \hline 7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 21.1 \\ 3.5 \\ 31.4 \\ 4.3 \\ 5.5 \\ 1.0 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 3.8 \\ 3.1 \\ 3.1 \\ 2.0 \\ 1.1 \\ .2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1.2 \\ 1.2 \\ 1.1 \\ .4 \\ { }^{(*)} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1.8 \\ \stackrel{1}{*}^{8} .3 \\ 1.3 \\ .4 \\ .5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 8.6 \\ 6.4 \\ 6.2 \\ 1.4 \\ 2.1 \\ .2 \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.2 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & .9 \\ & .3 \\ & 1.8 \\ & \text { (8) } \\ & \text { (0) } \\ & \text { (*) } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 000( ${ }^{\prime \prime}$0 |
| Connecticut...... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Massachusens... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mideast: | $\begin{array}{r} 6.9 \\ .9 \\ 17.6 \\ 61.7 \\ 70.9 \\ 81.6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r\|} (\mathrm{P}) \\ .1 \\ 3.3 \\ 8.1 \\ 12.7 \\ 13.2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2.7 \\ (*) \\ 13.0 \\ 48.0 \\ 50.9 \\ 54.5 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & (*) \\ & (*) \\ & (*) \\ & 5.7 \\ & 3.8 \\ & 9.3 \\ & 9.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} .5 \\ (*)^{4} .1 \\ 1.1 \\ 8.2 \\ 8.8 \\ 12.7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & .2 \\ & 0 \\ & 2.2 \\ & 7.6 \\ & 5.7 \\ & 3.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \left({ }^{(*)} .2\right. \\ 9.8 \\ 9.3 \\ 6.0 \\ 3.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{( 4}^{*}{ }^{7} \\ 4.2 \\ 11.8 \\ 18.8 \\ 19.4 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} (*) \\ (*) \\ (*) \\ \left({ }^{*}\right) \\ (0) \\ (1.7 \\ 6.4 \\ 6.4 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 0 \\ 0 \\ \left({ }^{*}\right) \\ \left(\begin{array}{c} * \\ *_{4}^{*} \\ \left({ }^{*}\right) \end{array}\right. \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \left({ }^{(*)}\right. \\ & \left({ }^{(*)}\right. \\ & \left({ }^{*}\right) \\ & \left({ }^{*}\right) \\ & 1.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { (P) } \\ 0 \\ 1.1 \\ 3.1 \\ 5.3 \\ 3.7 \end{gathered}$ |  | .001.01.63.52.2 | 00(*)(*)+.42.7 |
| Delaware.... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| District of Columbia.... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New Jersey ........................................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pennsyivania........................................ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Great Lakes: | $\begin{aligned} & 64.8 \\ & 39.9 \\ & 50.8 \\ & 68.0 \\ & 65.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8.1 \\ & 3.3 \\ & 5.5 \\ & 8.4 \\ & 5.7 \end{aligned}$ | 43.033.329.442.916.9 | 1.57.95.52.71.1 | 5.87.07.67.63.8 | $\begin{array}{r} 6.6 \\ 6.8 \\ .6 \\ 3.0 \\ 3(9) \end{array}$ | 8.21.27.81.91.9 | $\begin{array}{r} 12.4 \\ 6.5 \\ 8.6 \\ 15.6 \\ 4.6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1.2 \\ .2 \\ .3 \\ (0) \\ \hline .1 \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 9.0 \\ 2.9 \\ 14.2 \\ 9.0 \\ 2.4 \end{gathered}$ | $(4)$(0)(0).9.6 | $\begin{array}{r} 8.0 \\ 2.9 \\ 10.9 \\ 7.6 \\ \hline(0) \end{array}$ |  |
| Illinois.............. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wisconsin .................................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Plains: | $\begin{gathered} 10.4 \\ \hline 6.6 \\ 15.8 \\ 19.2 \\ 2.3 \\ 1.1 \\ 1.8 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3.2 \\ .6 \\ 2.8 \\ 3.5 \\ .4 \\ .6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6.5 \\ 5.6 \\ 11.3 \\ 14.1 \\ 1.6 \\ .7 \\ .1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} .2 \\ 1.3 \\ .7 \\ .{ }^{(*)} \\ \left(\begin{array}{l} * \\ (*) \\ 0 \end{array}\right. \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1.7 \\ .6 \\ 1.8 \\ 2.5 \\ \left({ }^{(*)}\right. \\ (*) \\ (*) \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} .3 \\ .6 \\ . \mathbf{P}_{7}^{7} \\ (*) \\ (*) \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} .8 \\ 1.4 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.9 \\ \mathbf{(}^{*} .5 \\ \left.\mathbf{n}^{*}\right) \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1.0 \\ 1.6 \\ 4.3 \\ 4.9 \\ 1.0 \\ .6 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} .0^{.1} \\ \left({ }^{*}\right)^{0} \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \left({ }^{*}\right) \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \left({ }^{(*)}\right. \\ \mathbf{*}^{(*)} \\ { }^{(*)} \\ \left.{ }^{*}\right) \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \left({ }^{(*)} .\right. \\ { }^{(*)} \\ .8 \\ .8 \\ 0^{2} \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} .3 \\ e^{-1}{ }^{1} \\ { }^{\left({ }^{*}+\right.}{ }^{6} \\ 0 \\ \left.{ }^{*}\right) \end{array}$ | $* *$00000$(*)$00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Minnesola ....... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Missouri............................................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nouth Dakota................ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Southeast: |  | 39 | 11.1 | 19 |  |  |  | 5.0 |  |  |  | 4.4 <br> 2.4 <br> 2.2 <br> 8.8 <br> 3.4 <br> 3.4 <br> 3.4 <br> 2.5 <br> 1.9 <br> 1.9 <br> ${ }^{2} .6$ <br> .4 |  |  |  |
| Alabama.... | 20.6 |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}1.2 \\ 7 . \\ 1.0 \\ 2.2 \\ .3 \\ .6 \\ 1.2 \\ 2.8 \\ 3.6 \\ 2.1 \\ 1.1 \\ \hline .2\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Arkansas......... | 21.1 |  | 20.127.9 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 9 \\ .9 \\ 1.6 \\ 3.3 \\ 4.9 \\ 4.9 \\ .4 . \\ 18.3 \\ 10.3 \\ 4.7 \\ 6.3 \\ 1.5 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Georgia..... | 49.5 | 8.9 |  |  |  |  |  | 16.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Kentucky...... | 20.214.81 | 3.9 3.9 1.4 | 12.0 |  |  |  |  | 3.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Louisiana..... |  | 1.4 <br> 2.0 <br>  | 7.6 4.5 |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} \\ 2.1 \\ .9 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| North Carolina... | 69.2 37.5 | $\begin{array}{r}17.6 \\ 4.9 \\ \hline 1.3 \\ \hline 1.4\end{array}$ | 48.0 <br> 28.2 <br> 2.2 <br>  <br> 10.0 |  |  |  |  | 16.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| South Carolina........ | 37.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{102}^{6.3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tennessee .............. | 30.4 | 7.4 | 19.0 |  |  |  |  | 7.8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| West Virginia .......... | 11.7 | 5.0 | 6.2 |  |  |  |  | 1.8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| outhwest: |  |  |  |  | .5.5.19.3 | .3.66.4 | $\begin{array}{r}.6 \\ .1 \\ 3.8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  | $\stackrel{*}{*}_{\text {\% }}^{0}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { *") }_{(0)}^{\left({ }^{*}\right)} .3 \end{gathered}$ | (3)(*)4.54.8 | $\stackrel{(0)}{(*)}$ | $\begin{gathered} (*)^{9} \\ 1.2 \\ 1.2 \end{gathered}$ | .400.3 |
| Arizona........... New Mexico.... |  | $\begin{gathered} .2 \\ c^{*}{ }^{*}{ }_{9}^{1.0} \\ 9.5 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 9.8 \\ 2.2 \\ 3.9 \\ 47.6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \left(\mathcal{P}^{(*)}\right) \\ \quad 7.9 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | 3.7 9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oklahoma ..... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1.7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Texas.......... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 17.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rocky Mountains: | $\begin{array}{r} 10.8 \\ 1.3 \\ 1.2 \\ 4.6 \\ 1.1 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 9.4 \\ 1.0 \\ .5 \\ 3.2 \\ 1.1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & (*)^{3} \\ & (*) \\ & (*)^{2} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | $\left.\begin{gathered} .3 \\ c_{(*)}^{(*)} \\ \left({ }^{*}\right) \\ (*) \end{gathered} \right\rvert\,$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} \left(^{(*)}\right)^{.2} \\ .3 \\ 0^{2} \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} (*) \\ .3 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} (*) \\ \left(*_{*}^{*}\right) \\ 0 \\ (*) \\ \left.()^{\prime}\right) \end{gathered}$ | 000(*) |
| Colahaco..................... |  | $\begin{array}{r} .9 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ \hline \\ \hline(*) \end{array}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1.3 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r}0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \text { (*) } \\ \hline 0\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Montana.........-*) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}.3 \\ 4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wyoming ............. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Far West: | $\begin{array}{r}120.2 \\ .5 \\ 8.0 \\ 12.6 \\ 2.3 \\ 7.8 \\ 7.0 \\ .2 \\ .3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 9.51.21.01.1.9.1.70$\left.0^{*}\right)^{4}$ | 72.3.35.87.7(*)\%4.34.3.2.2 |  | $\begin{gathered} 14.4 \\ c_{(*)}^{2.7} \\ 1.6 \\ 1.6 \\ \mathbf{( * *}^{* *} .6 \\ 0.6 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 10.5 \\ (*) \\ (*) \\ (*) . \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0.6 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 7.9 \\ \left(^{* *} .8\right. \\ { }_{1}^{1.8} \\ 0^{*} \\ \left.\mathbf{( *}^{*}\right) \\ 1.0 \\ \text { (*) }^{*} \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \left({ }^{(*)}\right. \\ \mathbf{n}^{2} \\ 0 \\ \left({ }^{*}\right) \\ \left(^{(*)}\right. \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 31.3 \\ 0 \\ 1.0 \\ 3.2 \\ 1.2 \\ .5 \\ 1.6 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2.2 \\ c_{0}^{(*)} \\ \mathbf{c}^{*} .2 \\ \left({ }^{*}\right)^{3} \\ .3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 18.1 \\ 0 \\ .8 \\ 2.9 \\ 1.2 \\ .2 \\ 1.3 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ |  |
| California.......... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nevada........................ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Washington........................ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alaska.................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{\text {Puerto }}^{\text {Hawail................... }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other U.S. areas ${ }^{\text {a }}$............................ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

was chosen because changes in it are not directly affected by inflation and, thus, tend to correspond more closely than other available items to changes in real economic activity.

Employment by affiliates increased 222,000 in 1987, to $3,160,000$. Increases were substantial in several industries, notably services ( 44,000 ), finance (except banking) $(31,000)$, and, within manufacturing, in office and computing machines $(20,000)$ and rubber products $(15,000)$ (table 12). In each industry, the increase was largely the result of acquisitions of U.S. com-
panies by foreign investors. Acquisitions also added significant numbers of employees in retail trade. However, the overall increase for the industry was small ( 6,000 employees) because the industry classification of a major affiliate changed. Prior to 1987, the affiliate, which has operations in both retail trade and tobacco manufacturing, was classified in retail trade; in 1987, it sold a substantial part of its retail trade operations and, as a result, its classification shifted to tobacco manufacturing (included in "other" under "other manufacturing" in the tables).

A number of other industries had significant shifts in employment because of changes in industry classification. Some of the changes resulted from restructuring of affiliates' operations. In some cases, the affiliates sold or discontinued businesses in industries that had accounted for the major part of their overall operations; in others, they acquired or expanded businesses in industries that had previously accounted for only a minor part of their operations. In a few cases, an affiliate both sold and acquired major businesses. Additional changes

Table 10.-Commercial Property of Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, State by Country of Ultimate Beneficial Owner, 1987


Table 11.-U.S. Merchandise Trade of Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, by Country of Destination or Origin, by Product, and by Intended Use, 1987

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{[Millions of dollars]} \\
\hline \& \begin{tabular}{l}
U.S. \\
chandise exports shipped affiliates
\end{tabular} \& U.S.
mer-
chandise
imporse
shipped
for
affiliates \\
\hline All countries, all products. \& 47,929 \& 140 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{By country} \\
\hline Canada.................................................... \& 3,890 \& 7.513 \\
\hline Europe.... \& 10,510 \& 37,259 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Austria. \(\qquad\) \\
Belgium. \\
Denmark. \\
Finland
\end{tabular}} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\(\begin{array}{r}42 \\ 256 \\ \hline\end{array}\)} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{250} \\
\hline \& \& \\
\hline \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{66} \& \\
\hline \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{166
3,077} \\
\hline France................................................... \& 763 \& \\
\hline Gemany, Federal Republic of Ireland. \(\qquad\) \& 2,050
71

2 \& 16,206 <br>
\hline \& 935 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1,548} <br>

\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{| Liechtenstein $\qquad$ |
| :--- |
| Luxembourg |} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \& <br>

\hline \& \& <br>

\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{| Norway |
| :--- |
| Spain.. |} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$\begin{array}{r}59 \\ 344 \\ \hline\end{array}$} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{1} <br>

\hline \& \& <br>

\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{| Sweden |
| :--- |
| Switzerland |} \& 232 \& <br>


\hline \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{2,668} \& | 2,304 |
| :--- |
| 4 | <br>

\hline Switzerland......... \& \& 4,944
1,285 <br>
\hline Other.....--*) \& 1,247 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{8,286} <br>
\hline Latin America and Other Western Hemisphere........ \& 2,898 \& <br>
\hline South and Central America. \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{2,544
507} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{7,665} <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \& \& <br>
\hline \& 507
844 \& 2,148 <br>
\hline Panama...................................... \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{81
376
7} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{( ${ }^{(961}$} <br>
\hline Other..... \& \& <br>

\hline \multirow[t]{5}{*}{| Other Western Hemisphere. $\qquad$ |
| :--- |
| Bahamas |
| Bermuda. $\qquad$ $\qquad$ |
| Netherlands Antilles Other. $\qquad$ $\qquad$ |} \& \multirow[t]{5}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
355 \\
59 \\
(0) \\
(D) \\
63 \\
61 \\
151
\end{array}
$$
\]} \& \multirow[t]{5}{*}{21

56
O9
O)
(0)
8
84
84} <br>
\hline \& \& <br>
\hline \& \& <br>
\hline \& \& <br>
\hline \& \& <br>

\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{| Africa. $\qquad$ |
| :--- |
| Other. |} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{| 782 |
| :--- |
|  |
| 84 |
| 688 |} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{3.306

418
.888} <br>
\hline \& \& <br>
\hline \& \& <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{6}{*}{} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{601} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{32} <br>
\hline \& \& <br>
\hline \& 219 \& <br>
\hline \& 155 \& \multirow[b]{3}{*}{215} <br>
\hline \& 19 \& <br>
\hline \& 148 \& <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \& 25,645 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{88881} <br>
\hline \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{520} \& <br>
\hline Hong Kong $\qquad$ \& \& 68,360 <br>
\hline Japan........................................................ \& 19,539
136 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{${ }^{95}$} <br>

\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{| New Zealand. |
| :--- |
| Philippines. |} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{85

191} \& <br>
\hline \& \& 166 <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$\begin{array}{r}258 \\ 1,809 \\ \hline\end{array}$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{4,928} <br>
\hline \& \& <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Taiwan. $\qquad$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{(1,024} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1,444} <br>
\hline \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 3,603 \& 5,040 <br>

\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{| Addenda: |
| :--- |
| European Communities (12) ${ }^{2}$ $\qquad$ |
| OPEC ${ }^{3}$ $\qquad$ |} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 8,360 \\
& 1,065
\end{aligned}
$$
\]} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{$\underset{\substack{29,575}}{ }$} <br>

\hline \& \& <br>
\hline By product \& \& <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \& 9.853 \& 6.910 <br>
\hline \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{5,498} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{${ }_{3}^{1,467}$} <br>
\hline Crude materials, inedible, except fuels........... \& \& <br>

\hline Perroleum and products.. \& | 2,211 |
| :--- |
| 1,307 | \& 10,289

10 <br>
\hline Coal and coke....................................... \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{7,780
7
7} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{6,7758} <br>
\hline  \& \& <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{722
745
5.567
6,324} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{47.511
1.069
12,269} <br>
\hline \& \& <br>
\hline \& \& <br>

\hline Other..... \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
6,324
$$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{16,032} <br>

\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{| By intended use |
| :--- |
| Goods for resale without further manufacture. Other. $\qquad$ |} \& \& <br>

\hline \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$\cdots$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{aligned}
& 96,987 \\
& 43,630
\end{aligned}
$$} <br>

\hline \& \& <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

- Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies. * Less than $\$ 500,000$.

1. A U.S. affiliate was requited to disaggregate its U.S. exports and
imports by country of destination or origin only for those countries to imports by country of destination or origin only for those countries to
which its exports, or from which its imports, were $\$ 500,000$ or more. Its exports to, or imports from, all other countries were reported as a reports, most exports to, and imports from, unaffiliated foreigners are ncluded in this category
2. See footnote 1 to table 4.

Table 12.-Employment by Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, by Industry of Affiliate and Country of Ultimate Beneficial Owner, 1985-87

|  | Thousands of employees |  |  | Change |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | Thousands of employees |  | Percent |  |
|  |  |  |  | 1986 | 1987 | 1986 | 1987 |
| All industries, all countries ...................................................................... | 2,862.2 | 2,937.9 | 3,159.7 | 75.7 | 221.8 | 3 | 8 |
| By industry |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Petroleum. | $\begin{array}{r} 124.8 \\ 89.7 \\ 35.1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 117.7 \\ 78.7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 116.6 \\ 85.8 \\ 30.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -7.1 \\ -1.0 \\ 3.9 \end{array}$ | -1.17.1-8.2 | $\begin{array}{r} -6 \\ -12 \\ 11 \end{array}$ | -19-21 |
| Petroleum and coal products manufacturing....... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other....................................................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing... | 1,455.2 | 1,411.6 | 1,517.5 | -43.6 | 105.9 | -3 | 7 |
| Food and kindred products.. | $\begin{array}{r} 150.7 \\ 20.1 \\ 130.6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 160.2 \\ 20.7 \\ 139.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 146.3 \\ 38.6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 9.5 \\ .6 \\ 8.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -13.9 \\ 17.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6 \\ & 3 \\ & 7 \end{aligned}$ | -987-23 |
| Beverages Other |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 429.6 | 376.8 | 386.5 | -52.8 | 9.7 |  |  |
| Chemicals and allied products. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3-2 |
| Industrial chemicals and synthetics. | $\begin{array}{r} 230.3 \\ 51.0 \end{array}$ | 253.866.6 | 249.7 | 23.4 | -4.1 | 10 |  |
| Drugs.............. |  |  | 37.3 | $\begin{array}{r} 15.6 \\ 16.3 \end{array}$ | 4.0 | 31 | 6-21 |
| Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods.. | $\begin{array}{r} 31.0 \\ 117.5 \end{array}$ | 47.1 |  |  | -9.7 | 53 |  |
| Other.................................... |  | 9.4 | 28.9 | -108.2 | 19.5 | -92 | 209-1 |
| Primary and fabricated metals.. | 167.6 | 158.5 | 157.2 | -9.1 | -1.3 | -5 |  |
| Primary metal industries ....... | 103.2 | 79.7 | 88.2 | -23.5 | -1.35 | $\begin{aligned} & -23 \\ & -13 \\ & -13 \end{aligned}$ | 326 |
| Ferrous..... | 37.5 <br> 65.7 | $\begin{aligned} & 32.6 \\ & 47.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 41.0 \\ & 41.2 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 8.4 \\ -5.8 \end{array}$ |  |  |
| Nonferrous... |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} -4.9 \\ -18.7 \end{array}$ |  | -28 | -12 |
| Fabricated metal products ... | 64.3 | 78.8 | 75.0 | 14.5 | -3.8 | 22 | -5 |
| Machinery ... | 310.5116.4 | 314.8 | 321.6 | $\begin{array}{r} 4.3 \\ -24.8 \end{array}$ | 6.8 | $-21$ |  |
| Machinery, except electrical |  | 91.6 | $\begin{array}{r}114.2 \\ 35.6 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 12.6 \\ & 19.8 \end{aligned}$ |  | ${ }_{14}^{2}$ |
| Office and computing machines. | $\begin{aligned} & 26.5 \\ & 90.2 \end{aligned}$ | 15.975.7 |  | -10.7 |  | -40 -16 | 125-9 |
|  |  |  | 68.5217.4 | -14.4 | -7.2 | -16 |  |
| Electric and electronic equipment........................... | $\begin{array}{r} 90.2 \\ 194.1 \end{array}$ | 75.7 223.3 |  | 29.28.02.8 | $-5.8$ | 1521 | -3 |
| Andio, video, and communications equipment. | 38.5102.752.9 | 46.5105.6 | 93.3 <br> 41.3 |  |  |  | 100-61 |
| Electronic components and accessories............ |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 704.2 \\ -64.2 \\ 11.6 \end{array}$ | 15 3 |  |
| Other........................................... | 52.9 | 71.2 | 82.8 | 18.3 |  | 35 | $\begin{array}{r}-61 \\ \hline 16\end{array}$ |
| Other manufacturing.. | $\begin{array}{r} 396.8 \\ 37.9 \end{array}$ | 401.3 | 505.9 | 4.5 104.6 |  | -13 | 26 |
| Textile products and apparel. |  | 32.918.9 | $\begin{aligned} & 37.0 \\ & 13.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -4.9 \\ 6.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4.1 \\ -5.3 \end{array}$ |  | 12-28 |
| Lumber, wood, furniture, and fixtures ... | 12.944.3 |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}-13 \\ 46 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |
| Paper and allied products....... |  | 38.5 |  | -5.911.1 | 6.2-1.8 | -1315 | 16 |
| Printing and publishing... | 72.9 | 84.0 | 82.3 |  |  |  | n.a. |
| Newspapers ...... | n.a. | n.a. | 16.7 685 | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. |  |
| Other.............. | n.a. | ${ }_{5 .}^{\text {n.a. }}$ | 65.5 |  | ${ }_{15.2}^{\text {n.a. }}$ | $\xrightarrow{\text { n.a. }}$ | ${ }_{286}^{\text {n.a. }}$ |
| Rubber products.................... | 13.5 | 18.6 | 27.7 | -5.1 | $\underline{9.1}$ | 38 | 49 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products... | 80.4 | 80.2 | 85.9 | -. 3 | 5.7 | ${ }^{*}$ ) | 7 |
| Transportation equipment............ | 64.4 | 62.3 | 54.8 | -2.1 | -7.5 | -3 | -12 |
| Motor vehicles and equipment... | 56.8 | 46.5 | 34.3 | -10.3 | -12.2 | -18 | -26 |
| Other transportation equipment. | 7.6 | 15.7 | 20.5 | 8.1 | 4.7 | 107 | 30 |
| Instruments and related products..... | 29.7 | 41.0 | 63.4 | 11.4 | 22.4 | 38 | 55 |
| Other....................................................................... | 35.1 | 19.6 | 76.2 | -15.4 | 56,6 | -44 | 288 |
| Wholesale trade | 294.6 | 308.0 | 313.7 | 13.4 | 5.7 | 5 | 2 |
| Motor vehicles and equipment. | 68.4 | 71.1 | 71.7 | 2.6 | . 6 | 4 | 1 |
| Professional and commercial equipment and supplies. | n.a. | n.a. | 28.5 | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | . |
| Metals and minerals, except petroleum... | 20.4 | 23.5 | 24.4 | 3.0 | . 9 | 15 | 4 |
| Electrical goods ............................. | 46.1 | 50.0 | 47.2 | 4.0 | -2.8 | 9 | -6 |
| Machinery, equipment, and supplies.. | n.a. | n.a. | 32.9 | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. |
| Other durable goods. | n.a. | n.a. | 26.8 | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | a. |
| Groceries and related products ..... | 24.0 | 22.4 | 23.3 | -1.6 | . 9 | 7 | 4 |
| Farm-product raw materials..... | 20.6 | 20.3 | 19.1 | -3 | -1.2 | -1 | $-6$ |
| Other nondurable goods ....................................... | 50.4 | 35.1 | 39.7 | -15.3 | 4.5 | -30 | 13 |
| Retail trade. | 481.5 | 561.1 | 567.4 | 79.6 | 6.3 | 17 | 1 |
| General merchandise stores... | n.a. | n.a. | 86.6 | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. |
| Food stores............................. | n.a. | n.a. | 217.7 | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | п.a. |
| Apparel and accessory stores... | n.a. | n.a | 82.2 | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. |
| Other.................................. | n.a. | n.a. | 180.9 | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. |
| Finance, except banking....... | 47.4 | 56.4 | 87.0 | 9.0 | 30.7 | 19 | 54 |
| Insurance .... | 69.0 | 74.0 | 87.2 | 5.0 | 13.2 | 7 | 18 |
| Real estate...... | 30.8 | 32.1 | 32.0 | 1.4 | -. 2 | 4 | -1 |
| Services .... | 219.5 | 223.5 | 267.1 | 4.0 | 43.6 | 2 | 20 |
| Hotels and other lodging places... | 37.6 | 35.4 | 50.7 | -2.2 | 15.3 | -6 | 43 |
| Business services..... | 106.2 | 108.9 | 144.4 | 2.8 | 35.4 | 3 | 33 |
| Computer and data processing services.. | 4.8 | 7.3 | 12.1 | 2.5 | 4.8 | 51 | ${ }^{66}$ |
| Other business services.. | 101.3 | 101.6 | 132.2 | 3 | 30.6 | *) | 30 |
| Motion pictures, including television tape and film... | 8.1 | 10.6 | 17.6 | 2.5 | 7.0 | 30 | 66 |
| Engineering, architectural, and surveying services... | 17.3 | 17.0 | 11.9 | -3 | -5.1 | -1 | -30 |
| Accounting, research, management, and related services. | ${ }^{\text {(1) }}$ | 11.3 | 6.5 | (1) | $-4.7$ | $\stackrel{(0)}{-7}$ | -42 |
| Health services................................................. | 23.7 41.2 | 21.9 42.1 | 23.0 39.6 | -1.8 9 | -1.0 | $-7$ | - 5 |
| Transportation........ | 48.1 | 57.0 | 67.9 | 9.0 | 10.8 | 19 | 19 |
| Communication and public utilities... | 10.2 | 17.0 | 23.7 | 6.8 | 6.7 | 67 | 39 |
| By country |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada.... | 527.5 | 609.2 | 590.5 | 81.7 | -18,7 | 15 | -3 |
| Europe. | 1,806.0 | 1,783.2 | 1,903.7 | -22.8 | 120.5 | -1 | 7 |
| Of which: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| France.... | 165.1 | 177.9 | 183.6 | 12.8 | 5.8 | 8 | , |
| Germany, Federal Republic of..... | 408.1 | 312.4 | 363.3 | -95.7 | 51.0 | -23 | 16 |
| Netherlands ............................. | 213.0 | 242.4 | 269.5 | 29.4 | 27.1 | 14 | 11 |
| Switzerland................................................................. | 185.0 | 183.0 | 183.4 | -2.0 | . 4 | -1 | (*) |
| United Kingdom ............................................................................ | 639.4 | 622.9 | 630.1 | -16.5 | 7.2 | -3 | 1 |
| Latin America and Other Western Hemisphere.... | 122.1 | 128.0 | 143.0 | 5.9 | 15.6 | 5 | 12 |
| Africa....................................................... | ( ${ }^{\text {( }}$ | 26.7 | 9.9 | (P) | -16.8 | (D) | -63 |
| Middle East... | 53.0 | 39.5 | 32.5 | -13.5 | -7.0 | -26 | $-18$ |
| Asia and Pacific..... | ( ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | 321.7 | 343.1 | $\left.{ }^{( }\right)$ | 112.4 | $\left.{ }^{( }\right)$ | 35 |
| United States............................................................................................... | 41.1 | 29.7 | 35.5 | -11.4 | 5.8 | -28 | 20 |

n.a. Not available.

* Less than 0.5 percent or 50 employees ( $\pm$ ).
in industry classification resulted from BEA's review of the detailed information collected in the benchmark survey on the activities of affiliates.

Within manufacturing, the effects of changes in industry classification were particularly significant. For example, within food manufacturing, the increase in beverages $(18,000)$ and the decrease in "other" $(32,000)$ occurred largely because an affiliate's classification shifted from grain mill products (included in "other" food manufacturing in the tables) to beverages. (The changes for the two industries were not completely offsetting because total employment of the affiliate dropped substantially between 1986 and 1987.) Similarly, within electrical machinery manufacturing, the increase in audio, video, and communications equipment and the decrease in electronic components largely reflected a change in classification of a major affiliate. The decrease in electronic components also reflected another affiliate's sale of a major subsidiary that resulted in the affiliate's industry classification changing to instruments. Finally, within chemicals, the increase in "other" and the decrease in industrial chemicals partly reflected a shift in classification of a large chemicals affiliate that restructured its operations.

By country of UBO, increases in employment were largest for affiliates with UBO's in Japan $(64,000)$, Germany ( 51,000 ), and the Netherlands $(27,000)$. Employment by affiliates with Japanese UBO's increased mainly in finance (except banking), services, and manufacturing. For affiliates with UBO's in Germany, increases were mainly in manufacturing and retail trade. For affiliates with UBO's in the Netherlands, the increase was more than accounted for by an increase in retail trade.
Among U.S. regions, the largest increase in affiliate employment was in the Mideast $(68,000)$ (table 13). Among States, by far the largest increases were in California and New York35,000 and 32,000 , respectivelyfollowed by Massachusetts and Pennsylvania, with 16,000 each.

## Share of the U.S. Economy

This section uses two measuresemployment and total assets-to discuss the share of the U.S. economy accounted for by U.S. affiliates. First,
the size of U.S. affiliates relative to the U.S. economy, in total and by industry, is discussed in terms of employment. The industry comparisons use data on affiliate employment classified by industry of sales. Industry of sales, rather than industry of affiliate, is used because it corresponds more closely to the by-industry-of-establishment classification that is used for the all-U.S.-business employment data. (Classification by industry of sales, however, is not identical to classification by industry of establishment. See footnote 6.) Second, affili-
ates' shares in manufacturing are discussed in terms of total assets. Assets are classified by industry of enterprise for both U.S. affiliates and all U.S. businesses.

In 1987, U.S. affiliate employment accounted for 3.6 percent of the 86,584,000 employees of all nonbank U.S. businesses (table 14). The affiliate share was up slightly from 1986, when it was 3.5 percent. The increase reflected the strong growth in affiliate employment in 1987, which, as discussed earlier, largely reflected acqui-

Table 13.-Employment by Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, by State, 1985-87

|  | Thousands of employees |  |  | Change |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | Thousands of employees |  | Percent |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1986 | 1987 |
|  |  |  |  | 1986 | 1987 | 1986 | 1987 |
| Total.... | 2,862.2 | 2,937.9 | 3,159.7 | 75.7 | 221.8 | 3 | 8 |
| New England. | 170.5 | 178.6 | 200.7 | 8.1 | 22.1 | 5 | 12 |
| Conneeticut........ | 43.5 | 48.9 | 55.3 | 5.4 | 6.4 | 12 | 13 |
| Maine.............. | 21.1 | 20.3 | 19.1 | -. 9 | -1.2 | -4 | -6 |
| Massachusetts...... | 71.5 | 74.4 | 90.8 | 2.8 | 16.5 | 4 | 22 |
| New Hampshire...................................... | 16.5 | 17.1 | 18.5 | . 6 | 1.4 | 3 | 8 |
| Rhode Island .................................................... | 11.3 | 11.1 | 11.0 | -. 2 | -. 1 | -2 | -1 |
| Vermont.......................................................... | 6.6 | 7.0 | 6.0 | . 4 | -1.0 | 6 | -14 |
| Mideast .... | 636.9 | 667.1 | 735.2 | 30.3 | 68.0 | 5 | 10 |
| Delaware. | 34.8 | 33.6 | 36.9 | -1.2 | 3.3 | -3 | 10 |
| District of Columbia ................................................... | 5.7 495 | 7.1 | 7.1 | 1.4 | ${ }^{*}$ ) | 24 | (*) |
| Maryland.................................................................................................................. | 49.5 154.8 | 49.9 155.8 | 53.3 169.3 | .4 1.1 | 3.4 13.4 | 1 | 7 9 |
| New York..... | 241.9 | 268.2 | 300.1 | 26.2 | 31.9 | 11 | 12 |
| Pennsylvania.............................................................................................. | 150.2 | 152.6 | 168.5 | 2.4 | 15.9 | 2 | 10 |
| Great Lakes ...................................................... | 481.4 | 487.6 | 512.0 | 6.2 | 24.5 | 1 | 5 |
| Illinois...... | 143.9 | 153.7 | 166.1 | 9.8 | 12.4 | 7 | 8 |
| Indiana ................................................................. | 54.1 | 57.7 | 65.8 | 3.6 | 8.1 | 7 | 14 |
| Michigan.............................................................. | 81.8 | 89.5 | 94.5 | 7.6 | 5.0 | 9 | 6 |
| Ohio .................................................................................................................................. | 138.1 | 129.3 | 132.2 | -8.8 | 2.9 | -6 | 2 |
| Wisconsin .................................................................. | 63.4 | 57.4 | 53.4 | -6.1 | -4.0 | -10 | -7 |
| Plains............................................................... | 127.1 | 132.6 | 139.6 | 5.6 | 7.0 | 4 | 5 |
| Iowa .............................................................. | 18.5 | 19.5 | 20.5 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 5 | 5 |
| Kansas............................................................ | 14.6 | 16.2 | 17.8 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 10 | 10 |
| Minnesota ..................................................... | 35.7 | 39.1 | 41.0 | 3.3 | 1.9 | 9 | 5 |
| Missouri.... | 46.2 | 47.9 | 48.5 | 1.7 | . 6 | 4 | 1 |
| Nebraska.. | 7.5 | 6.2 | 7.2 | -1.3 | 1.1 | -18 | 17 |
| North Dakota..... | 2.8 | 2.4 | 2.7 | -. 4 | .3 | -15 | 13 |
| South Dakota................................ | 1.8 | 1.5 | 1.9 | -. 3 | . 4 | -18 | 29 |
| Southeast ... | 710.3 | 739.1 | 788.9 | 28.9 | 49.8 | 4 | 7 |
| Alabama................................................... | 31.5 | 34.7 | 35.1 | 3.2 | . 4 | 10 | 1 |
| Arkansas ............................................ | 18.4 | 18.2 | 20.3 | -. 2 | 2.1 | -1 | 12 |
| Florida................................................................. | 94.8 | 104.6 | 116.8 | 9.7 | 12.3 | 10 | 12 |
| Georgia ................................................................. | 107.4 | 107.7 | 117.7 | . 3 | 10.0 | (*) | 9 |
| Kentucky.............................................. | 37.2 | 35.2 | 37.4 | -2.0 | 2.2 | -5 | 6 |
| Louisiana .... | 51.0 | 49.1 | 50.8 | -1.9 | 1.7 | -4 | 3 |
| Mississippi............ | 15.9 | 20.0 | 17.6 | 4.1 | -2.5 | 26 | -12 |
| North Carolina. | 116.0 | 123.3 | 132.9 | 7.3 | 9.6 | 6 | 8 |
| South Carolina.... | 66.6 | 64.7 | 74.8 | -1.9 | 10.1 | -3 | 16 |
| Tennessee ........... | 69.6 | 77.4 | 80.7 | 7.8 | 3.3 | 11 | 4 |
| Virginia........................................................ | 69.4 | 76.0 | 79.7 | 6.7 | 3.7 | 10 | 5 |
| West Virginia ...................................................... | 32.4 | 28.1 | 24.9 | -4.3 | -3.2 | -13 | -11 |
| Southwest.. | 284.3 | 286.6 | 290.5 | 2.3 | 3.9 | 1 | 1 |
| Arizona... | 34.5 | 35.7 | 42.4 | 1.2 | 6.7 | 3 | 19 |
| New Mexico.......................................................... | 11.2 | 10.4 | 14.0 | -. 8 | 3.6 | -8 | 34 |
| Oklahoma .......................................................... | 26.9 | 25.9 | 26.5 | -1.0 | . 7 | -4 | 3 |
| Texas.............................................................. | 211.7 | 214.7 | 207.6 | 3.0 | -7.1 | 1 | -3 |
| Rocky Mountains ...................................................... | 49.7 | 54.9 | 53.1 | 5.2 | -1.8 | 11 | -3 |
| Colorado ........................................................ | 31.0 | 32.8 | 29.5 | 1.9 | -3.4 | 6 | -10 |
| Idaho....... | 2.8 | 3.3 | 4.0 | . 6 | . 7 | 20 | 20 |
| Montana................................................................... | 2.9 | 3.2 | 3.5 | .3 | . 4 | 9 | 12 |
| Utah ...................................................................... | 9.9 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 2.1 | -. 1 | 22 | -1 |
| Wyoming .............................................................. | 3.1 | 3.6 | 4.1 | . 4 | . 6 | 14 | 17 |
| Far West.................................................................. | 360.3 | 350.6 | 393.8 | -9.6 | 43.2 | -3 | 12 |
| California............................................................ | 298.8 | 289.2 | 324.2 | -9.6 | 35.0 | -3 | 12 |
| Nevada.............................................................. | 7.4 | 9.0 | 10.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 23 | 19 |
| Oregon ................................................................. | 18.6 | 17.4 | 20.5 | -1.2 | 3.0 | -6 | 17 |
| Washington............................................................ | 35.5 | 35.0 | 38.4 | -. 5 | 3.4 | -1 | 10 |
| Alaska ...................................................................... | 7.1 | 6.4 | 7.2 | -. 7 | . 8 | -10 | 12 |
| Hawaii.................................................................... | 18.7 | 18.4 | 22.4 | -. 3 | 4.0 | -2 | 22 |
| Puerto Rico............................................ | 10.0 | 10.9 | 11.0 | . 8 | . 1 | 8 | 1 |
| Other U.S. areas '....................................................... | 3.7 | 3.2 | 3.6 | -. 6 | . 5 | -16 | 15 |
|  | 2.2 | 1.9 | 1.7 | -. 3 | -. 1 | -14 | -8 |

sitions of U.S. companies by foreign investors. ${ }^{12}$

By industry, affiliate shares of U.S. employment were highest in mining (8.4 percent) and manufacturing (7.3 percent) and lowest in communication and public utilities and in construction (less than 1 percent in each). Within manufacturing, affiliate shares were highest in petroleum and coal products ( 39.5 percent) and chemicals (23.5 percent) and lowest in textile products and transportation equipment ( 3.2 percent in each). ${ }^{13}$ Within transportation equipment, the affiliate share was 6.5 percent in motor vehicles and less than 1 percent in "other."
In petroleum and coal products, the affiliate share of the all-U.S.-business total is significantly overstated because of the different industry classifications used for the affiliate and all-U.S.-business employment data. Affiliate employment in this industry is largely accounted for by integrated petroleum companies that are involved in all phases of the petroleum industry, including the extraction and refining of crude oil and the marketing of gasoline and other petroleum products. In the direct investment data, when classified by industry of sales, all of the sales and employment of the integrated companies in any of these activities are included under petroleum and coal products manufacturing. In contrast, in the all-U.S.-business data, which are classified by industry of establishment, the employment of integrated companies is distributed among the activities of the company's individual establishments;

[^20]thus, only employees in the companies' manufacturing establishments are included in petroleum and coal products manufacturing.

A rough adjustment can be made to exclude affiliates' nonmanufacturing employees from this industry using data reported in the benchmark survey. After this adjustment, the affiliate share of all-U.S.-business employment in petroleum and coal products was about 19 percent. ${ }^{14}$

For manufacturing as a whole, U.S. affiliates' share of total assets was substantially higher than their share for employment-13.2 percent, compared
14. This adjustment also slightly reduces the affiliate share of employment for manufacturing as a whole-to 7.1 percent. As part of this adjustment, the employ ees subtracted from petroleum and coal products should be added to other petroleum-related subindustries. Although it is likely that most of the employees would be added to retail trade (gasoline service stations) or mining (oil and gas extraction), information on the exact number of employees that should be added to each subindustry is not available.

Table 14.-Employment by Nonbank U.S. Affiliates and All Nonbank U.S. Businesses, 1987

|  | Thousands of employees |  | U.S. affiliates as percentage of all U.S. businesses |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { U.S. } \\ \text { affili- } \\ \text { ates } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { U.S. } \\ \text { busi- } \\ \text { nesses }{ }^{2} \end{gathered}$ |  |
| All industries. | 3,160 | 86,584 | 3.6 |
| Manufacturing.... | 1,399 | 19,123 | 7.3 |
| Perroleum and coal products | 64 | 162 | 39.5 |
| Chemicals and allied products. | 241 | 1,025 | 23.5 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products. | 72 | 588 | 12.3 |
| Primary metal industries ... | 87 | 741 | 11.8 |
| Instruments and related products.. | 74 | 689 | 10.7 |
| Electric and electronic equipment.......... | 194 | 2,083 | 9.3 |
| Food and kindred products .................. | 143 | 1,627 | 8.8 |
| Rubber and plastics products............... | 54 | 825 | 6.5 |
| Paper and allied products....... | 44 | 683 | 6.4 |
| Machinery, except electrical................ | 118 | 2,025 | 5.8 |
| Printing and publishing..................... | 77 | 1.532 | 5.0 |
| Fabricated metal products... | 57 | 1.407 | 4.1 |
| Textile products.. | 23 | 730 | 3.2 |
| Transportation equipment... | 65 | 2,041 | 3.2 |
| Motor vehicles and equipment............ | 55 | 853 | 6.5 |
| Other ......................................... | 10 | 1,188 | . 8 |
| Other ................................................... | 87 | 2.965 | 2.9 |
| Wholesale trade ... | 279 | 5,942 | 4.7 |
| Retail trade ... | 622 | 18,972 | 3.3 |
| Finance, except banking.... | 81 | 1,573 | 5.1 |
| Insurance... | 80 | 2,080 | 3.8 |
| Real estate. | 31 | 1,383 | 2.3 |
| Services ${ }^{3}$... | 305 | 24,501 | 1.2 |
| Agriculture, forestry, and fishing ............. | 18 | 1,790 | 1.0 |
| Mining............... | 60 | 716 | 8.4 |
| Construction........ | 42 | 5,080 | . 8 |
| Transportation.. | 84 | 3,221 | 2.6 |
| Communication and public utilities ......... | 12 | 2,203 | 6 |
| Unspecified ${ }^{4}$......................................... | 146 | n.a. | n.a. |

with 7.3 percent (table 15). ${ }^{15}$ Their share of assets was higher for two main reasons. First, affiliates are more concentrated than all U.S. businesses in industries, such as chemicals and petroleum and coal products, that have relatively low employment-to-assets ratios. Second, differences in valuation may cause affiliate shares based on total assets to be overstated. When a company is acquired-whether by foreign or U.S. buyers-its assets are often revalued to reflect the new, generally higher, value implicit in the acquisition price. Because much of the growth in foreign direct investment in recent years has been through acquisitions, the portion of affiliates' assets that has been recently revalued is probably higher than that for all U.S. businesses. ${ }^{16}$

Within manufacturing, the ranking of industries based on the size of the affiliates' shares of total assets was similar, but not identical, to that based on employment. The four industries with the largest affiliate shares based on total assetsstone, clay, and glass; chemicals; primary metals; and petroleum and coal products-were also the top four based on employment; however, the order of the four industries was different for the two measures. Also, the two industries with the smallest affiliate shares based on total assets-textile products and transportation equipment-were also the industries with the smallest shares based on employment.

For petroleum and coal products manufacturing, the share based on total assets was significantly lower than
15. The comparisons based on total assets cover only manufacturing because comparable data on total assets of all U.S. businesses in other industries are not available. Comparisons based on sales are also shown in table 15, but are not discussed. All-U.S. businesses total assets and sales are from the Census Bureau's Quarterly Financial Report for Manufacturing, Mining, and Trade Corporations (QFR). Comparisons for mining and trade are not appropriate because the $Q F R$ data for these industries cover only corporations with assets over $\$ 25$ million. The exclusion of unincorporated businesses from the QFR mining and trade data means that a significant portion of the all-U.S.-business activity in these industries is missing.
16. A comparison of affiliates' share of sales with their share of assets may indicate the importance of differ ences in valuation, Comparisons based on sales, unlike those based on assets, are not distorted by differences in valuation because sales are generally valued at current prices.

For manufacturing as a whole, U.S. affiliates' share of all-U.S.-business sales was 11.0 percent-lower than their 13.0-percent share of total assets, but higher than their 7.3 -percent share of employment. These percentages indicate that part, but not all, of the difference between the asset- and employment-based shares may be due to differences in asset valuation. As noted in the text, some of the difference may be attributable to the heavier concentration of affiliates in industries with low employment-to-asset ratios.
that based on employment. As noted earlier, differences in industry classification caused the affiliate share of employment to be overstated. However, after the adjustment of the employment data discussed earlier, the share based on assets and the share based on employment are very close-19 percent and 17 percent, respectively.
In several industries-particularly stone, clay, and glass; chemicals; primary metals; rubber and plastics products; printing and publishing; and fabricated metal products-the affiliate shares based on total assets were significantly higher than those based on employment. Asset shares were higher partly because of the differences in the valuation discussed earlier. Also, in some of these industriessuch as stone, clay, and glassaffiliates may be more diversified than other U.S. businesses. In such industries, an enterprise-based classification, like that used for the total assets comparisons, would result in higher affiliate shares than an activitybased classification, like the industry-of-sales and industry-of-establishment classifications used for the employment comparisons.
For manufacturing as a whole, the affiliates' share of the total assets of
all U.S. businesses was higher in 1987 than in 1986-13.2 percent, compared with 12.5 percent. The increase reflected a sharp jump in the affiliate share in rubber and plastics products, a jump that, in turn, reflected the acquisition of a U.S. tire manufacturer by foreign investors. Affiliate shares also increased substantially in stone, clay, and glass products; food; instruments; and "other" manufacturing.

## Technical Note

The 1987 benchmark survey covered all U.S. affiliates of foreign direct investors (U.S. companies owned 10 percent or more by a foreign person) that had assets, sales, or net income of more than $\$ 1$ million. For similar items, the benchmark survey data in this article are comparable to universe estimates for earlier years, which were derived from data reported in BEA's annual survey of foreign direct investment in the United States. The benchmark survey data indicate that, in general, the totals estimated for earlier years are not significantly overstated or understated.

Table 15.-Total Assets and Sales of U.S. Affiliates and All U.S. Businesses in Manufacturing, 1986 and $1987{ }^{1}$

|  | Millions of dollars |  |  |  | U.S. affiliates as a percentage of all U.S. businesses |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | U.S. affiliates |  | All U.S. businesses |  |  |  |
|  | 1986 | 1987 | 1986 | 1987 | 1986 | 1987 |
| Total assets |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing ........................................................ | 238,668 | 270,600 | 1,907,932 | 2,051,419 | 12.5 | 13.2 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products. | 11,61070,709 | 15,016 | 46,784217,166 | $\begin{array}{r} 48,057 \\ 244,446 \end{array}$ | 24.832.6 | 31.230.9 |
| Chemicals and allied products.... |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Primary metal industries..... | 15,231 | 14,975 | 73,942 | 78,678 | 20.6 | 19.0 |
| Petroleum and coal products.. | 51,003 | 58,352 | 334,952 | 338,384 | 15.2 | 17.213.4 |
| Rubber and plastics products... | 21,029 | 27,689 | 219,791 | 43,956 | 5.89.6 |  |
| Food and kindred products ${ }^{2}$..... |  |  |  | 235,690 |  | 13.4 |
| Electric and electronic equipment. | 20,15611,124 | $\begin{aligned} & 20,121 \\ & 10,521 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 173,262 \\ 94,154 \end{array}$ | 190,363 | 11.611.8 | 10.610.6 |
| Printing and publishing....... |  |  |  | 99,617 |  |  |
| Instruments and related products ................................. | 11,124 4,419 | 7,652 | 62,943 | 78,98886,746 | 7.08.5 | 10.6 9.7 |
| Fabricated metal products...... | $\begin{aligned} & 7,199 \\ & 5,264 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7,820 \\ & 6,027 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 84,491 \\ & 69,082 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 9.07.1 |
| Paper and allied products.... |  |  |  | 85,279 | 7.6 |  |
| Machinery, except electrical.. |  | $\begin{array}{r} 0,021 \\ 12,171 \end{array}$ | 211,901 | 213,658 | 4.9 | 7.1 5.7 |
| Textile products.............. | 1,1886,897 | 1,417 | 26,729 | 30,817 | 4.4 | 4.62.7 |
| Transportation equipment.... |  | 7,4126,164 | $\begin{array}{r} 251,406 \\ 86,187 \end{array}$ | 276,74083,847 | 2.7 |  |
| Other...... | 4,761 |  |  |  | 5.5 | 7.4 |
| Sales |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing ................... | 217,141 | 256,474 | 2,073,922 | 2,224,954 | 10.5 | 11.5 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products......... | 11,60260,120 | $\begin{aligned} & 12,075 \\ & 70,238 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 52,901 \\ 205,778 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 54,338 \\ 225,200 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 21.929.2 | 22.2 |
| Chemicals and allied products.... |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Primary metal industries....... | $\begin{aligned} & 16,283 \\ & 31,408 \end{aligned}$ | 18,259 | $\begin{array}{r} 85,523 \\ 226,519 \end{array}$ | 93,627 | 19.0 | 19.5 |
| Petroleum and coal products... |  | 41,641 |  | 248,324 | 13.9 | 16.810.3 |
| Rubber and plastics products .. | 2,885 | 6,546 | 60,596 | 63,293 | 4.8 |  |
| Food and kindred products ${ }^{2}$. | $\begin{aligned} & 21,676 \\ & 23,579 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 27,751 \\ 25704 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 317,523 \\ & 193.892 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 340,135 \\ & 210870 \end{aligned}$ | 6.8 | 8.2 |
| Electric and electronic equipment... |  |  |  |  | 12.2 | 12.2 |
| Printing and publishing....... | 8,627 | 9,049 | $\begin{array}{r}107,552 \\ 63,152 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 116,587 | 8.0 | 7.89.2 |
| Instruments and related products. | 4,4938,819 |  |  |  | 7.1 |  |
| Fabricated metal products.... |  | 8,879 | $\begin{array}{r} 115,694 \\ 74,844 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 123,994 | 7.6 | 7.2 |
| Paper and allied products.... | 5,17010,857 | 6,350 |  | 95,576 | 6.9 |  |
| Machinery, except electrical. |  | 13,087 | 201,284 | 206,43848,284 | 5.4 | 6.3 |
| Texrile products... | $\begin{array}{r}1,588 \\ 10,034 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,840 \\ 8,253 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 46,226 \\ 322,438 \end{array}$ |  | $3.4$ | 3.82.53.8 |
| Transportation equipment ................................ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 324,117 \\ & 153,258 \end{aligned}$ | $3.1$ |  |
| Other............................................................... | 4,884 | 5,869 | 147,009 |  |  |  |
| 1. In this table, unlike most other tables on direct investment published here and eisewhere, petroleum and coal products is included in manufacturing in order to be consistent with the industry classification of the all-U.S. business data. <br> 2. Includes tobacco manufacturing. <br> Nore.-Total assets and sales of all U.S. businesses cover U.S. corporations and are from the first-quarter 1987 and first-quarter 1988 issues of Quarterly Financial Report for Manufacturing, Mining, and Trade Corporations, published by the Census Bureau. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

The consistency of the annual survey estimates and the benchmark survey data reflects improvements in BEA's data collection system and estimation procedures. In particular, a mandatory BEA survey of new investments provides each year the information, especially on smaller investments, needed to update the U.S. affiliate universe.
Except as noted, the concepts and definitions underlying the 1987 data are essentially the same as those underlying BEA's 1980 benchmark survey, as described in Foreign Direct Investment in the United States, 1980. A full methodology of the 1987 survey will accompany the revised data to be published next year.
The preliminary benchmark survey results in this article include estimates of data for reports not received or processed in time for publication and for which BEA had a report for a prior year that could serve as a basis for estimation. The degree of estimation varies from item to item-for example, 9 percent of total assets, but 15 percent of employment, was estimated. Most of the estimation was for small affiliates. The estimation of missing data, which is a departure from the practice in previous benchmark surveys, permitted results to be published in 13 months, about one-half the time required for the last benchmark survey. The final results to be published next year will incorporate data from reports received or processed after publication of these preliminary results. Revisions are expected to be small overall; however, they could be sizable for some individual countries, industries, States, or for merchandise exports and imports by product. Revisions are most likely to be sizable in cells in which small affiliates predominate.
The number of U.S. affiliates included in the data for 1987 is significantly smaller than the number included in the estimates for the past few years. The benchmark survey indicated that a significant number of companies that were below the exemption level of BEA's annual survey, and for which BEA had been making estimates since the 1980 benchmark survey, have been sold, liquidated, or merged or consolidated with another U.S. affiliate since 1980 . Thus, they have been eliminated from the number count. Most of these companies were small real estate affiliates. Although the number of U.S. affiliates for 1987 will probably remain smaller than estimated for earlier years, it will be revised up somewhat when final survey results are
published. The revision will reflect the addition of companies whose reports were received or processed too late and could not be estimated for these preliminary results.

The industry detail shown in this article differs from that in the articles presenting the annual survey results for earlier years, both because greater detail is provided and because the industry coding system for direct investment surveys has been changed to align it with the 1987 revised Standard Industrial Classification system. The added detail is mainly in services industries.

The country detail shown has been reorganized along geographic lines; economic or political groupings, such as the European Communities, are no longer shown in the body of the tables (they are shown as addenda in some tables). Also, in this article, unlike in the articles for earlier years, the industry classification of a U.S. affiliate's UBO, if a business enterprise, reflects the UBO's worldwide consolidated activities rather than just the activities in the UBO's country of classification or the activity of the UBO itself.

In the 1987 benchmark survey, a long form, requesting information in considerable detail, was filed by affiliates with assets, sales, or net income greater than $\$ 20$ million. To minimize the burden on survey respondents, a less detailed short form was introduced for filing by smaller affiliates. For these affiliates, BEA has estimated the
items that appear only on the long form so that the published results are
presented in the same detail for all affiliates.

## Acknowledgments

BEA extends thanks to the staffs of U.S. companies that responded to the 1987 benchmark survey for their efforts in completing and filing reports and for their cooperation with BEA during processing and review of the data.

As a result of the efforts of the BEA staff listed below, the benchmark survey results were published in about one-half the time required for the last benchmark survey.

Jack J. Bame, Associate Director for International Economics, BEA, provided general guidance for the benchmark survey. George R. Kruer, Chief, succeeded by Betty L. Barker, and R. David Belli, Assistant Chief, International Investment Division (IID), directed the design of the report forms, the conduct of the survey, and the analysis and publication of the results.

The Foreign Direct Investment in the United States (FDIUS) Branch of IID, under the direction of James L. Bomkamp, had primary responsibility for conducting the survey. Past and present Branch members directly involved were Juris E. Abolins, James R. Barker, Jr., Chester C. Braham, Constance T. Deve, Diann L. Dronko, Beverly A. Feeser, Earl F. Holmes, Lonnie Hunter, Lester Koransky, Carol L. Lefkowitz, Tracy K. Leigh, Stephanie A. Lewis, Edna A. Ludden, Gregory L. McCormick, Carmella M. Moore, Ronald L. Ross, Clarence D. Smith, Marie P. Smith, Robert N. Smith, Ethel J. Wheeler, and Dorrett E. Williams.

Beverly Feeser was project leader for editing and processing the forms. She also designed the computer edit checks and the forms and processing control systems.

Juris Abolins coordinated the forms design and the FDIUS Branch's final review of the survey results to ensure consistency and accuracy. He was assisted in the final review by Gregory McCormick, Lonnie Hunter, Diann Dronko, and Constance Deve.

The Research Branch of IID, under the direction of Obie G. Whichard, assisted the FDIUS Branch in reviewing the results for consistency and accuracy. The reviewers were Ned G. Howenstine, Jeffrey H. Lowe, Alicia M. Quijano, and Ellen M. Herr. Arnold Gilbert, of the Data Retrieval and Analysis Branch (DRAB) of IID, also assisted in the review.

James T. Spalding, Chief, Programming and Analysis Branch of the Computer Systems and Services Division, coordinated the data programming, conversion, and processing activities, which were performed by Douglas J. Klear, Betty G. McNiel, Stephen P. Holliday, Elizabeth L. Shumate, John A. Sondheimer, and Marguerite E. Ellis.
D. Richard Mauery, with assistance from Kim Joseph Zappa, designed the computer programs for the control systems. He also designed the programs for data estimation and, with Arnold Gilbert, programs for final review of the data. Arnold Gilbert designed the programs to suppress the data for confidentiality reasons and to generate the tables for publication. They were under the supervision of Smith W. Allnutt III, Chief of DRAB.

Ned G. Howenstine, with assistance from Alicia M. Quijano, designed the data publication that will present more detailed data from the survey. Raymond J. Mataloni, Jr., of the Research Branch, assisted in the analysis of the data and the preparation of the tables for this article.

Table 16.-Employment by Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, Industry of Affiliate by Country of Ultimate Beneficial Owner, 1986
[Thousands of employees]

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { coun- } \\ \text { coun- } \end{gathered}$ | Canada | Europe |  |  |  |  |  | Latin <br> Amer- <br> ica and Other Western Hemisphere | Africa | Middie East | Asia and Pacific |  |  | United States |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total | Of which: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total | Of which: |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | France | Germa- <br> ny, <br> Federal Republic of | Netherlands | Switzerland | United Kingdom |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Austra- } \\ \text { lia } \end{gathered}$ | Japan |  |
| All industries ...................................................................... | 2,937.9 | 609.2 | 1,783.2 | 177.9 | 312.4 | 242.4 | 183.0 | 622.9 | 128.0 | 26.7 | 39.5 | 321.7 | 65.6 | 220.8 | 29.7 |
| Petroleum $\qquad$ <br> Petroleum and coal products manufacturing. | 117.7 78.7 | ${ }^{(0)}{ }^{4.0}$ | 94.3 77.3 | ${ }_{\text {(P) }} 9.2$ | (1) 1.2 | (D) | .3 <br> .1 | ${ }_{\text {(D) }} 43.0$ | 10.9 0 | (1) 0 | (D) 1.4 | . 6 | $0^{.2}$ | . 4 | (D) |
| Other............................................................................................................ | 39.0 | (D) | 17.0 | (D) | (D) | 2.1 | 2 | (P) | 10.9 | (P) | (D) | . 4 | . 2 | . 3 | (D) |
| Manufacturing.............................................................................. | 1,411.6 | 275.4 | 935.6 | 99.5 | 162.4 | 102.7 | 109.5 | 349.4 | 56.0 | 7.4 | 9.7 | 117.2 | 31.9 | 70.8 | 10.3 |
| Food and kindred products. | 160.2 | ( ${ }^{(1)}$ | 124.1 | 5.0 | . 9 | 4.2 | (0) | 73.9 | . 1 | (D) | (D) | 6.4 | 1.2 | 4.2 | (D) |
| Beverages ..................... | 20.7 | (D) | 3.0 | . 9 | . 1 | . 5 | (*) | 1.3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2.3 | (0) | (D) | (D) |
| Other............. | 139.5 | 12.8 | 121.1 | 4.1 | . 8 | 3.7 | (D) | 72.5 | . 1 | (D) | (D) | 4.1 | (P) | (D) | 0 |
| Chemicals and allied products......... | 376.8 | (D) | 249.9 | 10.0 | 60.8 | (D) | 43.4 | 89.1 | 6.1 | (D) | . 1 | 5.6 | (1) | 5.0 | 0 |
|  | 253.8 66.6 | (D) | 141.2 57.2 | ${ }_{\text {(D) }} 8.9$ | 47.7 3.6 | ${ }_{(*)} 6.7$ | $\begin{array}{r}37.4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 72.3 13.8 | ${ }^{(*)}$ | 0 0 | (0) | (D) | 0 | (0) | 0 |
| Drugs................................................................................................................................. | 66.6 47.1 | (D) | 57.2 44.2 | ${ }^{(D)} .3$ | 3.6 7.3 | (\%) | 37.4 5.4 | $\begin{array}{r}13.8 \\ 1.0 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | (') | 0 | (0) | ${ }^{\left.()^{4}\right)} 8$ | (0) | ${ }^{(0)} .2$ | 0 |
| Other...................................................................................... | 9.4 | 1.4 | 7.4 | (P) | 2.1 | 0 | .3 | 2.0 | (P) | (D) | (0) | . 1 | (*) | . 1 | 0 |
| Primary and fabricated metals.. | 158.5 | 27.9 | 65.0 | 4.5 | 18.3 | 1.9 | (D) | 26.6 | (P) | (1) | 4.8 | 29.0 | 8.9 | 17.9 | (D) |
| Primary metal industries ........ | 79.7 | 18.7 | 27.5 | (D) | 5.8 | (D) | (0) | 11.4 | . 1 | (0) | (0) | 24.1 | ( ${ }^{(0)}$ | 15.4 | (0) |
| Ferrous............... | 32.6 | 4.2 | $\begin{array}{r}8.0 \\ 195 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | (\%) | 2.6 | (8) | 0 | 1.2 | ${ }^{1}$ | (*) | (0) | (D) | (D) | 15.1 | (D) |
| Fabricated metal products... | 78.8 | 9.2 | 37.5 | (D) | 12.4 | (D) | 2.2 | 15.2 | (P) | ${ }^{\text {r }} .2$ | (D) | 5.0 | (D) | 2.5 | (*) |
| Machinery ... | 314.8 | 41.1 | 221.5 | 16.4 | 44.3 | (D) | 13.2 | 50.5 | () | 1.2 | (1) | 29.6 | (0) | 24.2 | . 1 |
| Machinery, except electrical. | 91.6 | (D) | 58.7 | 4.1 | 13.1 | 1.4 | 6.5 | 17.4 | 1.7 | 1.1 | (D) | 16.2 | (1) | 16.1 | (*) |
| Office and computing machines. | 15.9 | . 4 | 7.5 | 3.1 | 1.0 | (D) | 2 | 2.6 | (1) | 0 | 0 | (D) | 0 | (D) | (*) |
| Other............................ | 75.7 | (D) | 51.3 | 1.1 | 12.1 | (D) | 6.2 | 14.9 | (D) | 1.1 | (D) | (D) | (0) | (D) | (*) |
| Electric and electronic equipment.. | 223.3 | (D) | 162.8 | 12.2 | 31.2 | (0) | 6.8 | 33.0 | (D) | . 1 | 8 | 13.4 | (0) | 8.1 | (*) |
| Audio, video, and communications equipment. | 46.5 | (D) | 20.3 | 7.5 | ${ }^{(1)}$ | 0 | (*) | 12.6 | 0 | 0 | (1) | 2.8 | 0 | 2.2 | (*) |
| Electronic components and accessories........ | 105.6 | (D) | 75.0 67.5 | (0) | (D) | (D) | (0) | 8.6 11.8 | (D) | . 1 | ( 0 | 7.9 2.7 | (1) | 3.2 | (*) |
| Other manufacturing. | 401.3 | 69.8 | 275.1 | 63.7 | 38.1 | 7.9 | 14.6 | 109.3 | 6.6 | . 1 | 2.1 | 46.6 | 17.4 | 19.6 | 9 |
| Textile products and apparel. | 32.9 | 5.1 | 23.5 | . 4 | 4.1 | (0) | 2.1 | 15.1 | 2.7 | 0 | 0 | 1.7 | 0 | 1.6 | 0 |
| Lumber, wood, furniture, and fixtures | 18.9 | 1.6 | 12.3 | (D) | 4.7 | 0 | . 4 | 6.1 | 0 | 0 | (*) | 5.0 | (1) | (P) | 0 |
| Paper and allied products.. | 38.5 | 5.9 | 28.5 | (D) | 1.5 | (D) | (0) | (\%) | . 1 | 0 | (D) | 3.0 | 0 | 3.0 | (D) |
| Printing and publishing.... | 84.0 | 42.7 | 28.6 | .1 | 7.4 | 1.6 | ( ${ }^{\text {( }}$ | 13.4 | 2.5 | 0 | (*) | (D) | (1) | . 2 | ( ${ }^{\text {( ) }}$ |
| Newspapers ................. | n.a. | n.a | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n. |
| Other............... | n.a. | п.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n. |
| Rubber products.... | 5.3 | (*) | (\%) | ( ${ }^{\text {( }}$ ) | 0 | 0 | .1 | . 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (0) | 0 | ( ${ }^{\text {c }}$ ) | 0 |
| Miscellameous plastics products. | 18.6 | . 9 | (D) | 1.3 | 4.1 | (D) | 3.1 | 6.0 | ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | 0 | 0 | (D) | 1.0 | 1.1 | 0 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products.. | 80.2 | 9.1 | 65.8 | 20.4 | 4.4 | ${ }^{(5)}$ | 3.5 | 33.2 | (8) | 0 | ${ }^{*}$ (0) | (D) | 2.8 | 1.0 | 0 |
| Transportation equipment......... | 62.3 | 2.7 | 51.4 | 35.9 | 2.3 | . 1 | 0 | 11.2 | 0 | . 1 | (D) | () | 0 | 3.7 | 0 |
| Motor vehicles and equipment. | 46.5 | 2.6 | 37.6 | (0) | 1.4 | 0 | 0 | 8.8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6.4 | 0 | (0) | 0 |
| Other transportation equipment... | 15.7 | 1 | 13.9 | ( ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | . 9 | (8) ${ }^{1}$ | 0 | 2.4 | 0 | . 1 | (P) | (D) | 0 | (1) | 0 |
| Instruments and related products.... | 41.0 | 9 | 36.0 | 1.5 | 8.5 | (*) | 3.6 | 20.9 | (3) | 0 | * ${ }^{1}$ | 3.9 | 1.5 | 2.4 | ( ${ }^{\circ}$ |
| Wholesale trade.. | 308.0 | 22.6 | 164.3 | 27.5 | 48.2 | 5.0 | 9.7 | 44.4 | 3.2 | 4.9 | 3.6 | 109.1 | 9 | 102.0 | . 2 |
| Motor vehicles and equipment | 71.1 | (D) | 41.7 | (1) | 19.0 | (*) | . 2 | 7.5 | . 2 | (D) | (P) | 26.8 | . 7 | 25.4 | 0 |
| Professional and commercial equipment and supplies..... | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n. |
| Metals and minerals, except perroleum................... | 23.5 | (9) | 11.6 | (D) | 2.7 | (b) | (P) | 3.5 | . 7 | . 7 | (D) | 7.2 | . 1 | 7.0 | 0 |
| Electrical goods ....................... | 50.0 | 1 | 8.2 | (D) | . 7 | (D) | . 3 | ( ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | . 1 | (0) | ( ${ }^{(1)}$ | 41.6 | 0 | 40.5 | 0 |
| Machinery, equipment, and supplies ... | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. |
| Other durable goods.................. Groceries and related products.... | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | п.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. |
| Groceries and related products. | 20.3 | 3.6 .2 | 15.5 | 10.6 | ${ }^{1} 1$ | . 4 | 3.4 | 1.0 | (0) | (D) | 0 | 4.4 | 0 | 4.4 | (*) |
| Other nondurable goods...................... | 35.1 | 10.3 | 18.5 | 3.2 | 1.9 | . 6 | 7 | 8.0 | (c) | (D) | (*) | 2.8 | (*) | 1.9 | (P) |
| Retail trade.. | 561.1 | 202.0 | 315.1 | 13.7 | 66.8 | 73.2 | 18.5 | 92.8 | 9.1 | . 8 | (0) | 28.4 | () | 15.0 | (9) |
| General merchandise stores... | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. |
| Food stores........................... | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. |
| Apparel and accessory stores... | n,a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. |
| Other.................................. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n,a. | n.a, | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a, | n.a. |
| Finance, except banking. | 56.4 | 6.6 | 28.4 | . 6 | . 6 | (D) | () | 11.4 | (D) | (D) | (D) | 6.8 | (D) | 6.2 | ( ${ }^{\text {( }}$ |
| Insurance.... | 74.0 | 9.6 | 49.8 | (P) | 2.9 | 15.8 | 7.7 | 22.5 | (D) | 0 | 0 | . 5 | 2 | (1) | (0) |
| Real estate.... | 32.1 | 16.7 | 8.2 | (P) | 1.0 | 1.2 | (9) | 4.0 | 1.0 | . 1 | 2.1 | 4.0 | . 7 | 2.3 | (*) |
| Services... | 223.5 | 34.3 | 110.7 | 12.1 | 8.7 | 2.8 | 26.6 | 35.6 | 42.8 | (D) | 9.2 | 23.9 | (0) | 13.0 | () |
| Hotels and other lodging places.... | 35.4 | 3.7 | 15.5 | 3.8 | . 6 | . 5 | ${ }^{6} .6$ | 3.9 | 1.7 | . 2 | 3.6 | 10.6 | 0 | 9.1 | (8) |
| Business services ............................................................................... | 108.9 | 2.5 | 57.7 | 2.8 | ${ }^{1.9}$ | (0) 1.4 | (0) | 16.3 | (D) | 0 | . 5 | 8.1 | (8) | 1.5 | (0) |
| Computer and data processing services ... | 7.3 | (D) | 4.3 | (D) | (D) | (D) | (D) | 1.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 1 | (*) | . 1 | ( ${ }^{\text {( }}$ |
| Other business services............................... | 101.6 | (D) | 53.4 | (D) | (D) | ( ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | (D) | 15.4 | (P) | 0 | . 5 | 8.0 | (P) | 1.5 | 0 |
| Motion pictures, including television tape and film............................ | (D) | (1) 7 | ${ }_{7} .4$ |  | 0 |  | ${ }^{0}$ | . 36 |  | ${ }^{0}$ | ${ }^{0}$ | .5 | (P) | .$^{3}$ | ${ }^{*}$ ) |
| Ergineering, architectural, and surveying services.............................. | ${ }_{11}^{(1.3}$ | 1.7 0 | 7.9 10.6 | 1.7 .7 | $(\mathrm{D}){ }^{.7}$ | (*) $^{9}$ | (*) | 3.6 1.3 | (1) | (P) | (0) | $\frac{.1}{2}$ | ${ }_{0}^{0} 1$ | . 1 | (0) |
| Health services........................................................ | 21.9 | (2) | ()) | (D) | (0) | 0 | 0 | 2.1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0^{-1}$ | 0 | 0 |
| Other services ....................................................... | 18.4 | 2.6 | () | (D) | (D) | 0 | (D) | 8.0 | . 2 | 0 | (D) | 4.5 | ( ${ }^{\text {( })}$ | 1.8 | 0 |
| Other industries ... | 153.4 | 38.0 | 76.7 | 14.9 | 20.7 | 6.2 | 5.4 | 19.8 | 3.4 | (D) | 3.6 | 31.2 | 18.0 | ( ${ }^{(1)}$ | (8) |
| Agriculture, forestry, and fishing ... | 11.2 | . 2 | 6.4 | (8) 9 | 1.1 | (D) | (P) | 2.4 | 1.9 | (D) | (1) | (1) | . 2 | 1.7 | (D) |
| Mining............................................................................ | 26.0 | 8.2 | 14.2 | (D) | 3.7 | (0) | (8) ${ }^{4}$ | 3.6 | . 1 | 0 | (0) | (D) | (b) | (1) | 0 |
| Coal ............................................................... | 16.0 | 2.3 | 11.1 | . 2 | 3.7 | (D) | (D) | 2.9 | 0 | 0 | (c) | (0) | (0) | 0 | 0 |
| Other.......... | 10.0 | 5.8 | 3.1 | (D) | ${ }^{(*)}$ | 0 | (8) | . 7 | . 1 | 0 | 0 | 1.0 | (8) | (D) | 0 |
| Construction | 42.1 | 3.2 | 32.9 | 9.8 | 13.7 | ( ${ }^{1}$ | 3.2 | 4.1 | (D) | .1 | (0) | 5.3 | (0) | 2.7 | 0 |
| Transporation .......................................................................... | 57.0 | 17.0 | 15.8 | (2) | 2.1 | 1.4 | . 5 | 5.5 | (1) | . 1 | (D) | 20.5 | (8) | 6.2 | (3) |
| Communication and public utilities.......................................................... | 17.0 | 9.4 | 7.4 | 2.8 | 0 | 0 | (D) | 4.1 | (D) | 0 | (') | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

${ }^{\text {D }}$ Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.

* Less than 50 employees.
n.a. Not available.

Table 17.—Employment by Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, Industry of Affiliate by Country of Uitimate Beneficial Owner, 1987
[Thousands of employess]

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { coun- } \\ & \text { tries } \end{aligned}$ | Canada | Europe |  |  |  |  |  | Latin <br> America and Other Western Hemisphere | Africa | Middle East | Asia and Pacific |  |  | United States |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total | Of which: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total | Of which: |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | France | Germa- <br> ny, <br> Federal Republic of | Netherlands | Switzerland | United <br> King- <br> dom |  |  |  |  | Austra lia | Japan |  |
| All industries ... | 3,159.7 | 590.5 | 1,903.7 | 183.6 | 363.3 | 269.5 | 183.4 | 630.1 | 143.6 | 19.9 | 32.5 | 434.1 | 90.0 | 284.6 | 35.5 |
| Petroleum | 116.6 858 | 3.4 | 86.5 | 9.7 | 1.2 | (0) | . 2 | (14.7 | 10.5 | 5.0 | .$^{.3}$ | ${ }^{7}$ | . 4 | 4 | (*) 3 |
| Petroleum and coat products manuracturing................................................... | 85.8 30.8 | 2.9 | 84.4 12.0 | (D) | 1.0 | 1.5 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{L}$ | (D) | (D) | 5.0 | . 3 | (D) | ${ }^{\circ} .4$ | .2 | ${ }^{(*)} .2$ |
| Manufacturing. | 1,517.5 | 272.3 | 1,016.9 | 107.8 | 195.5 | 93.5 | 113.8 | 380.0 | 54.7 | 7.6 | 10.3 | 139.7 | 30.0 | 81.6 | 16.1 |
|  | 146.3 38.6 | 20.5 | 111.0 24.4 | ${ }^{(0)}$ | 1.1 .2 | (8) | ${ }_{(*)} 37$ | 53.4 20.6 | (*) ${ }^{8}$ | $0^{.4}$ | $0^{.4}$ | ${ }_{(8)}{ }^{6.6}$ | (P) 1.2 | $\begin{array}{r}3.4 \\ .5 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 6.6 6.6 |
| Other......... | 107.7 | (0) | 86.6 | (D) | 1.0 | (P) | 37.0 | 32.8 | . 7 | 4 | 4 | ( ${ }^{(1)}$ | (P) | 2.9 | 0 |
| Chemicals and allied products... | 386.5 | (D) | (D) | 11.6 | 75.2 | (D) | 47.2 | 88.8 | 5.7 | 0 | . 3 | 8.9 | (P) | 7.4 | (*) |
| Industrial chemicals and synthetics.. | 249.7 | (D) | (D) | (D) | 59.9 | (D) | . 4 | 54.1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3.3 | 0 | 3.3 | (*) |
| Drugs......................................... | 70.6 | (D) | 61.3 | (D) | 4.1 | (*) | 41.4 | 13.1 | (P) | 0 | ${ }^{3} 3$ | 3.2 | 0 | 3.2 | 0 |
| Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods ... | 37.3 28.9 | (D) | 34.7 25.8 | $(*)$ | 8.5 | ( $\left.{ }^{( }\right)$ | 4.9 .5 | (D) | (D) | 0 | ${ }^{(*)}$ | .5 1.9 | (*) | . 7 | 0 0 |
| Primary and fabricated metals... | 157.2 | 32.4 | 56.9 | 4.3 | 18.2 | 1.8 | 5.3 | 17.5 | (D) | (P) | 5.8 | 28.5 | 8.3 | 17.6 | (9) |
| Primary metal industries ....... | 82.2 | 16.8 | 25.1 | 1.7 | 6.4 | . 5 | (1) | 8.0 | (*) | (D) | (P) | 25.1 | (P) | 16.0 | (P) |
| Ferrous........................................................................ | 41.0 | 3.5 | 10.8 | (D) | 3.1 | . 5 | 0 | 1.2 | 0 | 0 | () | (D) | (2) | 15.3 | () |
|  | 41.2 | 13.3 | 14.2 | (D) | 3.4 | 0 | (D) | 6.8 | (4) | ${ }^{(8)}$ | 0 | (D) | (P) | . 7 | 0 |
| Fabricated metal products ....................................................... | 75.0 | 15.6 | 31.8 | 2.6 | 11.7 | 1.4 | (0) | 9.5 | (D) | . 2 | () | 3.4 | (D) | 1.6 | (*) |
| Machinery .... | 321.6 | 33.3 | 249.3 | 35.8 | 48.1 | 53.2 | 9.1 | 51.0 | 1.7 | (D) | (D) | 33.9 | (1) | 28.1 | 1.2 |
| Machinery, except electrical ...................................................... | 104.2 | 6.9 | 75.4 | (D) | 12.7 | () | 5.0 | 16.3 | 1.5 | (D) | (D) | 18.8 | . 1 | 17.8 | . 1 |
| Office and computing machines .................................................... | 35.6 | (D) | 26.6 | (D) | 1.0 | (0) 1.9 | ${ }^{0}$ | 3.4 | (e) | 0 | (P) | 7.8 | 0 | (P) | 0 |
| Other.................................................................................................................................. | 68.5 217.4 | ${ }_{26,4}$ | 48.8 173.9 | (8) ${ }^{8}$ | 11.6 35.4 | (D) | 5.0 4.1 | 12.9 34.7 | $\mathrm{P}^{(8)}$ | ${ }^{(9)}$ | ${ }^{(9)} 6$ | 11.0 | (0) ${ }^{.1}$ | ${ }^{(0)} 10.3$ | . 1.1 |
| Audio, video, and communications equipment.................................................................... | 93.3 | (D) | 65.6 | (D) | 0 | (D) | . 1 | 12.6 | 0 | 0 | (D) | 2.6 | (*) | 2.0 |  |
| Electronic components and accessories............. | 41.3 | (D) | 28.6 | (D) | (D) | (D) | . 6 | 6.9 | . 2 | . 1 | (D) | 9.7 | (0) | 5.4 | 1.1 |
| Other.............................................. | 82.8 | 1.2 | 78.8 | 2.2 | (D) | 0 | 3.4 | 15.2 | 0 | , | 0 | 2.9 | 0 | 2.9 | (*) |
| Other manufacturing... | 505.9 | (D) | ( ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 48.6 | 52.9 | 7.4 | 15.2 | 169.3 | () | (P) | (1) | 61.8 | (P) | 25.0 | (D) |
| Textile products and apparel...................................................... | 37.0 | 5.6 | 22.2 | . 2 | 3.9 | . 7 | 1.1 | 14.4 | 2.2 | 0 | 0 | 7.1 | (*) | 2.7 | 0 |
| Lumber, wood, furniture, and fixtures ........................................... | 13.6 | 1.5 | 7.9 | . 7 | 3.9 | 0 | . 5 | 2.2 | 0 | 0 | ${ }^{*}$ ) | 4.1 | . 3 | . 5 | 0 |
| Paper and allied products....................................................................... | 44.7 | 7.4 | 32.8 | . 6 | 1.4 | (1) | . 9 | (D) | . 2 | 0 | (0) | 3.2 | 0 | 3.2 | (D) |
| Printing and publishing ............................................................. | 82.3 | 38.6 | 39.6 | . 1 | 13.0 | 1.1 | 2.3 | 18.8 | 2.2 | 0 | ${ }^{*}$ ) | 1.4 | (D) | . 2 | . 4 |
| Newspapers .................................................................................. | 16.7 | 16.1 | ${ }^{3} .6$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | ${ }^{0}$ | 18.6 | 0 | 0 | (*) | (*) | 0 | (*) | 0 |
| Other........... | 65.5 | 22.6 | 39.0 | . 1 | 13.0 | 1.1 | 2.3 | 18.2 | 2.2 | 0 | 0 | 1.4 | (0) | . 2 | . 4 |
| Rubber products.................... | 20.5 | ( ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | 13.5 | . 6 | (1) | .$_{8}$ | . 2 | . 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ( ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | (D) | ( ${ }^{\text {( }}$ | 0 |
| Miscellaneous plastics products... | 27.7 | 9.2 | 14.6 | 1.0 | 3.8 | . 8 | . 4 | 7.2 | . 4 | . 1 | 0 | 3.4 | . 6 | 1.2 | 0 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products..... | 85.9 | (0) | 66.5 | 19.9 | 4.3 | (D) | 4.2 | 32.8 | (3) | 0 | 0 | 9.0 | 3.9 | 1.7 | 0 |
| Transportation equipment............ Motor vehicles and equipment | 54.8 34.3 | (P) 3.5 | 39.7 <br> 20.8 | 20.2 | 2.8 | ${ }^{(*)}$ | . 5 | 14.4 7 | (*) | 0 | (P) | 9.9 9.9 | 0 | 7.3 | (*) |
| Othor venicles and equipment.. | 20.5 | (D) | 18.9 | (D) | . 2. | (*) | . 1 | 6.7 | (*) | 0 | (D) | 0 | 0 | 0 | *) |
| Instruments and related products.... | 63.4 | . 7 | 43.3 | (D) | 7.3 | . 2 | 3.2 | 29.8 | (b) | (D) | ${ }^{\text {P }} 1$ | 6.1 | (*) | 3.4 | 0 |
| Other....................................... | 76.2 | (D) | (8) | (D) | (1) | (*) | 1.9 | (D) | (9) | 0 | 0 | ${ }^{(1)}$ | 8.0 | ( ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | - |
| Wholesale trade.. | 313.7 | 19.0 | 165.6 | 27.3 | 47.2 | 6.8 | 9.6 | 46.3 | 4.6 | 4.8 | 2.7 | 116.7 | 3.9 | 108.3 | . 3 |
| Motor vehicles and equipment ..................................................... | 71.7 | 4 | 38.8 | (D) | 18.4 | . 1 | . 1 | ( ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | (\%) | (D) | 2.1 | 28.2 | (1) | 27.3 | 0 |
| Professional and commercial equipment and supplies... | 28.5 | 2.8 | 7.6 | . 1 | (P) | (*) | . 4 | . 2 | (*) | 0 | 0 | 18.1 | 0 | 18.0 | 0 |
| Metals and minerals, except petroleum.............. | 24.4 | ( ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | 11.2 | . 6 | 2.4 | (D) | (*) | 3.1 | . 6 | ( ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | . 4 | 8.8 | . 1 | 8.7 | 0 |
| Electrical goods ................................. | 47.2 | . 2 | 7.6 | 1.0 | 4 | .9 | 3 | (D) | 1 | . 1 | (*) | 39.3 | 0 | 38.0 | 0 |
| Machinery, equipment, and supplies.. | 32.9 | 1.4 | 23.3 | 1.9 | 4.3 | . 1 | 2.9 | 9.3 | 7 | .4 | . 1 | 7.0 | (*) | 6.8 | . 1 |
| Other durable goods ................. | 26.8 | . 8 | 18.4 | ${ }^{4}$ | 2.6 | . 6 | ( ${ }^{(1)}$ | 9.1 | . 2 | (*) | 0 | 7.5 | () | 3.9 | 0 |
| Groceries and related products .... | 23.3 | 2.1 | 18.6 | 1.3 | ${ }^{(P)}$ | .2 | 1.1 | 5.2 | . 5 | ${ }^{*}$ *) | $0^{.1}$ | 2.0 | 0 | 1.0 | (*) |
| Farm-product raw materials ................................................ | 19.1 | (8) ${ }^{2}$ | 16.1 | 11.6 | . 1 | (8) ${ }^{1}$ | (P) | . 7 | (0) ${ }^{1}$ | (*) | 0 | 2.7 | ${ }^{*}$ (*) | 2.6 | 0 |
| Other nondurable goods ............................................................... | 39.7 | (2) | 24.1 | ( ${ }^{(1)}$ | 2.2 | ( ${ }^{(1)}$ | . 1 | 11.8 | (D) | (D) | 0 | 3.2 | $\left({ }^{*}\right)$ | 2.0 | . 1 |
| Retail trade. | 567.4 | 186.1 | 345.8 | 12.4 | 91.6 | 110.4 | 13.0 | 58.6 | 7.1 | . 5 | 2.6 | 25.2 | () | 7.0 | . 1 |
| General merchandise stores........................ | 86.6 | (0) | ( ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | . 1 | 0 | (D) | (0) | 0 | (*) | 0 | 0 | 8.0 | 0 | . 6 | $0{ }^{-1}$ |
| Food stores............................. | 217.7 | 31.5 | 176.4 | 3.5 | (*) | (D) | 0 | 18.8 | 0 | 0 | (*) | 9.9 | (\%) | 2.9 | 0 |
| Apparel and accessory stores Other. | 82.2 180.9 | ${ }^{\left({ }^{( }\right)}{ }^{32}$ | ${ }_{\text {(1) }}$ | 8.8 | (*) | ${ }_{22}$ | ${ }^{(1)}$ | (0) | (0) | ${ }^{0} .5$ | (P) | 7.1 | (1) | 3.1 | ${ }^{\text {. }} 1$ |
| Finance, except banking ... | 87.0 | 5.6 | 30.0 | . 5 | . 6 | . 5 | (e) | 11.6 | 4.4 | . 9 | .1 | 45.7 | .4 | 43.8 | . 2 |
| Insurance... | 87.2 | 11.4 | 57.1 | . 1 | 2.8 | 15.1 | 14.3 | 23.9 | . 9 | 0 | 0 | (D) | . 2 | 3 | (D) |
| Real estate... | 32.0 | 17.9 | 7.1 | . 3 | . 8 | 1.2 | . 4 | 3.2 | . 6 | (*) | 1.8 | 4.5 | 1.5 | 2.0 | (*) |
| Services.. | 267.1 | 32.4 | 111.1 | 12.3 | 7.0 | 2.6 | 21.8 | 37.8 | ( ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | . 6 | (D) | 55.7 | 18.0 | 30.0 | (D) |
| Hotels and other lodging places..... | 50.7 | 2.8 | 16.9 | 4.0 | ${ }^{*} 2$ | .2 | . 6 | (D) | 1.8 | . 6 | ( ${ }^{\text {( })}$ | 23.0 | . 2 | 18.0 |  |
| Business services ..................... | 144.4 | 1.8 | 69.3 | 3.0 | $\left({ }^{*}\right)$ | 1.7 | 20.2 | 23.2 | (D) | 0 | 1.0 | (D) | () | 9.8 | 2.4 |
| Computer and data processing services ... | 12.1 | 1.0 | 8.1 | 2.1 | 0 | . 2 | (D) | 1.5 | . 3 | 0 | (*) | ${ }^{3}$ | 2 | . 1 | 2.4 |
| Other business services ....................... | 132.2 | . 8 | 61.2 | . 9 | (*) | 1.5 | (D) | 21.7 | (P) | 0 | 1.0 | (D) | (D) | 9.7 | 0 |
| Motion pictures, including television tape and film......... | (D) | ( ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | . 2 | ${ }^{*}{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 1 | . 2 | 0 | 0 | (D) | (D) | . 1 | (*) |
| Engineering, architectural, and surveying services.............................. | 11.9 | 1.0 | 5.8 | 1.8 | . 5 | ${ }^{6}$ | (*) | 2.1 | (*) | 0 | (D) | (D) | 0 | . 3 | 1 |
| Accounting, research, management, and related services ...................... | ${ }_{23}^{6.5}$ | (1) ${ }^{3}$ | 5.3 8.3 | 18 1.3 | 1.2 | (*) | $0^{.7}$ | 2.3 | ${ }^{.1}$ | 0 | 0 | (8) ${ }^{6}$ | ${ }^{*}$ | . 5 | .$^{2}$ |
| Health services......................................................................... | 23.0 | (D) | 8.2 | 1.3 | (D) | 0 | 0 | 2.1 | . 1 | 0 | 0 | (D) | ${ }^{*}$ ) | 0 | 0 |
| Other services ......................................................... | (c) | 2.8 | 5.3 | 1.6 | (D) | . 1 | 3 | (0) | 3 | 0 | . 3 | (D) | 2 | 1.4 | 0 |
| Other industries ... | 171.3 | 42.5 | 73.7 | 13.2 | 16.8 | (D) | (1) | 23.9 | (D) | . 4 | (D) | (D) | (1) | 11.3 | 0 |
| Agricuiture, forestry, and fishing . | 14.1 | 2 | 6.1 | . 6 | 1.3 | . 1 | . 7 | 2.7 | 6.1 | . 2 | . 1 | 1.4 | 0 | 1.4 | 0 |
| Mining............ | 26.0 | 7.6 | 12.5 | . 3 | (D) | . 5 | 2 | 5.6 | 0 | (*) | (D) | (8) | 3.3 | . 2 | 0 |
| Coal ........... | 13.0 | (0) | 6.9 5 | (*) | ( ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | . 5 | . 2 | (0) | 0 | (*) | (b) | (D) | (D) | 0 | 0 |
| Other... | 13.0 | (1) | 5.5 | 8 | (*) | 0 | 0 | () | 0 | 0 | 0 | (0) | (0) | . 2 | 0 |
| Construction... | 39.6 | 2.5 | 30.5 | 8.3 | 10.6 | (0) | (1) | 5.7 | 0 | (*) | (1) | ( ${ }^{\text {) }}$ | () | 3.3 | 0 |
| Transportation ........................................................................... | 67.9 | (8) | 19.6 | . 6 | (*) | 2.4 | 5 | 8.8 | (1) | . 1 | (8) 2 | 29.9 | 22.9 | 6.4 | 0 |
| Communication and public utilities................................................... | 23.7 | (9) | 5.1 | 3.5 | (*) | 0 | . 4 | 1.1 | 0 | 0 | (D) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

D Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.

* Less than 50 employees.

Table 18.-Total Assets of Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, Industry of Affiliate by Country of Ultimate Beneficial Owner, 1986
[Millions of dollars]

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { coun- } \\ \text { tries } \end{gathered}$ | Canada | Europe |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Latin } \\ & \begin{array}{c} \text { Amer } \\ \text { Ama and } \\ \text { icand } \\ \text { Other } \\ \text { West- } \\ \text { enmi- } \\ \text { sempere } \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | Africa | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Middle } \\ & \text { East } \end{aligned}$ | Asia and Pacific |  |  | UnitedStates |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total | Of which: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total | Of which: |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | France | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ger- } \\ & \text { many, } \\ & \text { Feder- } \\ & \text { ael } \\ & \text { Repub- } \\ & \text { lic of } \end{aligned}$ | Netherlands | $\underset{\text { zerland }}{\text { Sit- }}$ | United Kingdom |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aus- } \\ & \text { talia } \end{aligned}$ | Japan |  |
| All industries | $\begin{array}{r} 838,039 \\ 76,740 \\ 51,003 \\ 25,737 \end{array}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} 130,073 \\ 3,976 \\ (0) \\ (0) \end{array}\right\|$ | 437,324 | 32,857 <br> (1) $(0)$ $(0)$ | $\begin{array}{r} 50,186 \\ 980 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 67,676 \\ \text { ( } 0) \\ \text { (O) } \\ 963 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 76,656 \\ 362 \\ 18 \\ 344 \end{array}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 137,378 \\ 22,668 \\ (0) \\ (D) \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{array}{r} 19,651 \\ 2,899 \\ 0 \\ 2,899 \end{array}$ | 80,349 <br> (ㅇ) 0 ( $)$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} 26,617 \\ 773 \\ (0) \\ (0) \end{array}\right\|$ | 125,972 | 15,069 | 98,098 | 18,054 |
| Petroleum. $\qquad$ <br> Perroleum and |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{6 2 , 7 4 0} \\ & 50,352 \\ & 12,388 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,215 80 1 | 274 | 921 80 | (\%) |
| Pethere.............................................. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,136 | 274 | 841 | 289 |
| Manufacturing. | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} 192,424 \\ 21,022 \\ 7,588 \\ 13,434 \end{array}\right.$ | 46,482 | 116,864 | 13,835 | 21,633 | 15,279 | 14,207 | 39,068 | 5,246 | 1,315 | 1,200 | 20,483 | 6,995 | 11,433 | 833 |
|  |  | (0) | 12,997 | ${ }^{619}$ | 106 35 71 | 362 93 97 | (1) 8 | 6,509 <br> 644 | 24 0 0 | 99 0 0 | (1) | 869 <br> 325 <br>  | $\stackrel{97}{(9)}$ | $\begin{array}{r}529 \\ 50 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | (0) |
| Other......................... |  | (P) | 11,946 | () | 71 | 270 | (P) | 5,864 | 24 | 99 | (P) | 545 | (P) | 479 | 0 |
| Chemicals and allied products | $\begin{gathered} 70,709 \\ 47,76 \\ 4,763 \\ 11,37 \\ 1,838 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} (D) \\ \text { (D) } \\ \text { (D) } \\ \text { (D) } \\ 331 \end{gathered}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 10,151 \\ 7,831 \\ 474 \\ 1,445 \\ 400 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} (P) \\ 1,088 \\ \left(\left.\begin{array}{c} (P) \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} \right\rvert\,\right. \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,616 \\ 64 \\ 4,982 \\ 529 \\ 41 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 12,710 \\ 9,335 \\ 3,000 \\ 135 \\ 240 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 525 \\ 2 \\ \left(0^{(0)}\right. \\ 0 \\ (P) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \left({ }^{(0}\right) \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \left({ }^{(\rho)}\right) \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \left(P_{0}\right) \\ 0 \\ (0) \end{gathered}$ | 734 <br> 320 <br> 307 | $\begin{array}{r} 15 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array}$ | 704304307 | 00000 |
| Industrial chemicals and synthetics |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 4 4 | (0) | (P) | 26 50 |  |
| Primery ................................ | 22,429 |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 525 \\ \mathcal{D}_{0} \\ \mathcal{D}_{1} \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 14 \\ & \text { (P) } \\ & \text { (P) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & (0) \\ & (0) \\ & (0) \end{aligned}$ | 4,069 | $\begin{aligned} & (\mathfrak{y}) \\ & 27 \end{aligned}$ | (0) | (e) | 5,153 | (1) | 2.534 |  |
| Primary and fabricated metals.. Primary metal industries ....... |  | 3,133 | 5,781 |  | $\begin{array}{r}2,987 \\ \hline 98\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (0) |
| Ferrous.... | $\begin{gathered} 5,114 \\ 10,117 \\ 7,199 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 446 \\ & 2,686 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 618 <br> 69 <br> 68 |  | (0) | 208 2,949 | ( D) | 38 | 321 | (0) | (0) | 2,206 |  |
|  |  |  |  | (8) | 1,358 | (2) |  | 912 | (\%) | 13 | (D) | 441 | (2) | 273 | c 0 1 |
| Machinery ... | 30,590 | 4,512 | 20,182 | 1,377 | 5,127 | (2) | 1,173 | 4,860 | (8) | (e) | 132 | 3,703 | (1) | 3,361 | 18431151014 |
| Machinery, except electrical. | 10,433 |  | 6,083 | 472 | 1,431 | 99 | 632 | 2,013 | 341 | (c) | () | 2,297 | (P) | 2,278 |  |
| Offfice and computing machines | 2,084 <br> 8,350 | ${ }^{32}$ | 51367 5 | 330 141 | $\begin{array}{r}174 \\ 1,356 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | (1) | ${ }_{621}^{12}$ | 1,756 | (8) | 0 |  | (0) | (0) | (8) |  |
| Electric and electronic equipment. | 20,156 | (0) | 14,099 | 905 | 3,696 | (0) | 541 | 2,847 | (\%) | 6 | (0) | 1,405 | (0) | 1,083 |  |
| Audio, video, and communications equipment. | 4,483 | (1) | 1,934 | 512 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 1,417 | 0 | 0 | (0) | 377 | 0 | 275 |  |
| Electronic components and accessories | 6,600 | 88 | ¢, | (\%) | (0) | (0) | (0) | 857 | 1 | ${ }_{0}^{6}$ | (c) | 670 358 | (9) | 453 355 |  |
| Other manufacturing..... | 47,674 | 6,567 | 30,370 | 8,114 | 3,905 | $\begin{array}{r} 637 \\ 637 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array}$ | 1,84694CO(D)(D) | 10,920 | 375 | 10 | 181 | 1,024 | 4,415 | 4.305 | 14700P)(0) |
| Textile products and apparel. | 2.018 | 290 | 1,489 | 14 | 372 |  |  | 842 | 120 |  |  | 119 | 0 | 117 |  |
| Lumber, wood, furniture, and fixtures | 2,053 | ${ }_{871}^{134}$ | ${ }_{3,529}^{1,602}$ | (1) | 272 210 |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}930 \\ 77 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 26157 | 0 | ${ }^{14}$ | 302 730 | (1) |  |  |
| Printing and publishing..... | 11,124 | 3,902. |  | ${ }^{11}$ | 859 | 174n.a. |  | 1,415 |  | 0 | (*) | (0) | (P) | 730 6 |  |
| Newspapers.... |  |  |  |  | n.a. |  | (D) | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | (0) |
| Rubber products |  | n.a, | ${ }_{111}^{\text {nap }}$ | ${ }_{120}^{120}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} 0 \\ 451 \end{array}$ | (0) | $\begin{gathered} \text { nia } \\ 11 \\ 9 \end{gathered}$ | ${ }_{4}{ }_{4}$ | n.a. | 0 | ${ }_{0}$ | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | ${ }^{\text {n.a }}$ |
| Ruber products............ict. |  | (8) | 1,184 |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}0 \\ 18 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$ |  | 0 |  | 116 | 137 |  |
| Stone, clay, and glass products..... | 11,610 |  | 9,806 |  | 578 | () | 912 | 4,243 | (\%) | (0) | 9 | (8) | 298 | 111 | 0 |
| Transportation equipment........... | 5,897 | 1661471 | 5,742 | 3,815 | 317 <br> 161 <br> 1 | ${ }_{0}$ | 0 | 747 487 |  | (9) | (8) | $\xrightarrow{1,584} 1$ | 0 |  | 0 |
| Motor vehicles and equipment. | 1,495 |  | 1,324 | () | 156 | 6 | 0 | 260 | 0 | (0) | (0) | ${ }_{1} 177$ | 0 | (0) | 0 |
| Instruments and related products.. | 4,419 | 83 | 3,144 | 93 | 682 | ( ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | 315 | 1,958 | 24 | 0 | (1) | 1,143 | 68 |  | (P) |
| Other.. | 1,884 | (9) | 1,208 | 272 | 117 | 7 | 144 | 209 | (9) | (P) | 2 | 479 | 153 | 326 | 0 |
| Wholesale trade... | 87,899 | 4,310 | 37,954 | 5,369 | 10,328 | 778 | 2,371 | 11,960 | 1,042 | 1,188 | 968 | 42,181 | 90 | 39,050 | 255 |
| Moorr vehicles and equipment..... | 23,755 | (*) | 10,625 | () | 5,930 | 3 | (1) | 1,201 | 24 | ( ${ }^{(8)}$ | ${ }^{(9)}$ | 12,936 | 37 | 12,137 | 0 |
| Protessional and commercial equipment and supplies. | n.a. | ${ }_{632}$ | n.a. | ${ }_{568}^{\text {n.a }}$ | ${ }^{\text {n.a }}$ | n.a. | n.a. | n.a | n.a. | ${ }_{2}^{\text {n.a. }}$ | ${ }_{59}^{\text {n.a, }}$ | n.a. | n.a. | 2, 2. | a. |
|  | [12,080 | ${ }_{4}^{632}$ | 2,676 | 568 75 | 506 68 | 189 | (1) | 545 324 | 248 15 | 298 $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | 596) | 8,431 9,949 | 37 0 | 8,225 9,172 | ${ }_{0}^{0}$ |
| Machinery, equipment, and supplies... | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n,.at | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a, | n.a. | n.a, |
|  | 3.0.a. |  | ${ }_{1}^{\text {n. }} 8$. | $\stackrel{\text { n.a }}{5}$ | n.a | ${ }_{5}^{\text {n.a. }}$ | n.a. | ${ }_{\substack{\text { n.a.a } \\ 534}}$ | ${ }_{327}^{\text {n.a. }}$ | n.a | n.a) | n.a. | n.a. | ${ }_{2.45}^{\text {n.a }}$ | n. ${ }^{\text {a }}$. |
| Groceries and related products Farm-product raw materials..... | 3,800 | 489 | 4,8066 | ${ }_{\text {(0) }}(2)$ | ${ }^{(9)}$ | 52 25 | 1,041 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \text { 1,008 } \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }^{327}$ () | (9) | ${ }^{(9)}$ | 2,839 | 0 | 245 2.839 | ${ }_{0}^{12}$ |
| Other nondurable goods........ | 8,902 | 2,254 | 4,373 | 489 | 339 | 87 | ${ }_{1}^{110}$ | 2,400 | 65 | (9) |  | ${ }_{1}^{2,361}$ |  | 485 | (e) |
| Retail trade.. | 29,943 | 11,069 | 16,073 | 532 | 3,078 | 2,826 | 760 | 6,751 | 1,302 | (P) | (9) | 1,176 | (9) | 567 | 43 |
| General merchandise stores... | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. |
| Food stores....................... | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. |
| Apparel and accessory stores.. | n.a | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. |
| Finance, except banking |  | 8,278 |  | 4,491 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Insurance.. | 90,078 | 27,738 | 43,315 | 305 | 4,727 | 10,853 | (9) | 17,263 | (P) | 0 | (1) | 753 | 68 | (0) | (1) |
| Real estate... | 66,727 | 20,003 | 23,719 | 664 | 3,027 | 4,016 | 2,112 | 11,301 | 3,527 | 127 | 9,235 | 9,909 | 922 | 6,425 | 207 |
| Services.. | 18,569 | 1,961 | 8,409 | 1,099 | 1,569 | 274 | 871 |  | 940 | 15 | (0) | 2,298 |  | 1,636 |  |
| Hotels and other lodging places | 2,923 | 233 | 1,026 | 277 | 22 | 13 | 113 | 425 | 161 | 7 | 288 | 1,208 | 0 | 975 | 1 |
| Business services.............................. Computer and data procesing service | 5,5935 | 444 | 3,885 | 510 82 | 138 | $\begin{array}{r}184 \\ 7 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 453 | 2,380 | 570 | , | ( ${ }^{(1)}$ | $\begin{array}{r}523 \\ 19 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 107 | 408 16 | (0) |
| Other business services... | 4,863 | (0) | 3,386 | 428 | (D) | 177 | (P) | 2,304 | 570 | 0 | (P) | 505 | 104 | 391 | 0 |
| Motion pictures, including television tape and film. | 1,194 <br> 4.557 <br> 1 | ${ }_{4} 8$ | $\begin{array}{r}94 \\ 574 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }^{137}$ | 10 | 0 | ${ }^{0}$ | +82 | ${ }^{0}$ | ${ }_{8}^{0}$ | (0) | 136 | 64 | 67 | (D) |
| Engcounting, research, managenent, and related services.. | 1,013 | ${ }_{0}^{4}$ | (0) | (0) | (0) | 10 | (0) | 154 | (0) | 8 | (0) | 26 | (0) | 21 | (0) |
| Health services.... | 630 | (0) |  | (2) | (0) | 0 | 0 | 19 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other services.......... | 2,656 | 136 | 2,078 | 55 | (0) | 0 | ${ }^{(0)}$ | 901 | (9) | 0 | ( ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | 399 | ( ${ }^{(0)}$ | 161 | 0 |
| Other industries... |  | 6,255 | 12,122 | (2) | 2,267 | (P) | 1,014 | 3,068 |  | 44 | 505 | 5,573 |  |  |  |
| Agriculture, forestry, and fishing ......................... | 2,804 | 87 | 1,711 | 195 | 436 | ${ }^{43}$ | 347 | 408 | 652 | 37 | 163 | 149 | 34 | 82 | 5 |
|  | 11,676 | ${ }_{6}^{2,860}$ | 5,104 | 297 | 916 <br> 867 | (1) | 149 | 1,219 <br> 1,084 | $\stackrel{17}{(1)}$ | 0 | (\%) | (1) | (0) | ${ }_{(0)}^{(0)}$ | ${ }^{(0)}$ |
| Onher... | 3,474 | 2,191 | 2928 | (1) | 50 | 0 | (0) | 135 <br> 362 | (0) | 0 | 0 | 325 | (0) | (1) | (0) |
| Transporation | 4,790 | 1,926 | 1,471 | 140 | 142 | 198 | (9) | 638 | 97 | 1 | (0) | 1,208 | 781 | (2) | (9) |
| Cormmunication and public utilities........ | 2,781 | 1,125 | 1,397 | 667 | 0 |  | () | 441 | 0 | 0 | () | ( ${ }^{(1)}$ | 0 | (c) |  |

D Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.
Less than $\$ 500,000$.
*.Less than S $\$ 000,000$

Table 19.-Total Assets of Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, Industry of Affiliate by Country of Uitimate Beneficial Owner, 1987
[Millions of dollars]


D Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.

* Less than $\$ 500,000$.

Table 20.-Employment and Property, Plant, and Equipment of Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, by State, 1986 and 1987

|  | 1986 |  |  |  | 1987 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Thousands of employees | Millions <br> Gross property, plant and equipment | Thousands of acres |  | Thousands of employees |  | Millions of dollars |  |  |  |  |  | Thousands of acres |  |
|  |  |  | Land owned | Mineral rights owned and leased | Total | Manufacturing ${ }^{\text {t }}$ | Gross property, plant and equipment |  |  |  |  |  | Land owned | Mineral rights owned and leased |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Manufacturing ${ }^{2}$ | Commercial property ${ }^{3}$ |  |  | Other |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |  | Toral | Used or operated by affiliate | Leased or rented to others |  |  |  |
| Total..... | 2,937.9 | 320,215 | 13,991 | 52,337 | 3,159.7 | 1,233.4 | 346,212 | 124,803 | 90,886 | 40,503 | 50,383 | 130,523 | 13,829 | 42,531 |
| New England: | 48.9 | 2333 | $\begin{array}{r} 7 \\ 1,664 \end{array}$ | 665 |  |  |  | 1,251 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 398 \\ & 267 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 732 \\ 94 \end{array}$ |  | (\%) | (1) |
| Maine ........................................................................... | 20.374.4 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,425 \\ & 4,079 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{rr}55.3 \\ 19.1 & 24.2 \\ 5.4\end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 2,910 \\ & 1,299 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 1,130 \\ 361 \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 529 \\ & 447 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| Massachusetts......... |  |  | 37113 | ${ }_{(*)}$ | 90.818.5 | 30.5 | 1,967862 | 1,498320 | 2,379$\quad 250$ | 986 | 1,39314 | 1,090 | 38(9) | ${ }^{*}{ }^{\text {\% }}$ |
| New Hampshire........ | 17.1 | 787 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rhode Island ................................................................... | 11.1 | 491454 | $\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ 46 \\ 46 \end{array}$ | (*) | $\begin{array}{r} 11.0 \\ 6.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6.9 \\ & 1.8 \end{aligned}$ | 588 | 333 | 113 | 39 | 73 | 142 |  | (D) |
| Vermont................................................ |  |  |  |  |  |  | 377 | 205 | 68 | 59 | 9 | 104 | 42 | (D) |
| Mideast: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Delaware........................................... | 33.6 | 2,897 | (*) | 1 | 36.9 | 6.9.2 | 3,4001,503 | (1) | ${ }_{1,348}^{\text {( }{ }^{\text {P }} \text { ( }}$ | (1) | 1501,206 | (1) | ${ }^{11}{ }^{(1)}$ | (*) |
| District of Columbia............................. | 7.1 |  |  | 1 | 7.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 152 |  | 1 |
| Maryland........................................... | 49.9 | 2,935 | 56 | 1 | $\begin{array}{r} 53.3 \\ 169.3 \end{array}$ | 17.6 | $\begin{array}{r}3,112 \\ 11,168 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | 1,268 | 1,2983,265 | $\begin{array}{r} 446 \\ 2,337 \end{array}$ | $852$ | 547 | $\begin{aligned} & 50 \\ & 49 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }^{(*)}$ |
| New Jersey ......................................... | 155.8 | 10,507 | 45 | 6 |  | 61.7 |  | 6,005 |  |  |  | 1,898 |  |  |
| New York............................................................................... | 268.2 152.6 | $\begin{array}{r} 18,022 \\ 9,507 \end{array}$ | 437 315 | 105 1,231 | $\begin{aligned} & 300.1 \\ & 168.5 \end{aligned}$ | 70.9 81.6 | 10,712 | 5,818 | 2,034 | 1,188 | 8,626 846 | 5,485 2,861 | 436 327 | +56 |
| Great Lakes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Illinois........ | 153.7 | 11,184 | 181 | 444 | 166.1 | 64.839.9 | $\begin{array}{r} 12,657 \\ 3,764 \\ 7,561 \end{array}$ | 6,4262,524 | 3353 | 1,773 | 1,581 | $\begin{array}{r}2,878 \\ \hline 768\end{array}$ | 192 | 5101812,899 |
| Indiana .......................................... | 57.7 | 3,158 | 45265 | $\begin{array}{r} 179 \\ 2.389 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 65.8 \\ & 94.5 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | 472 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Michigan............................................ | 89.5 | 7,261 |  | $2,389$ |  | 50.3 |  | 3,984 | 931 | 739 | 192 | 2,646 | 260 |  |
| Ohio ....... | 129.357.4 | 9,952 | 16095 | $\begin{gathered} 804 \\ (D) \end{gathered}$ | 13.253.4 | 68.0 | 10,408 | 6,449 | 1,989 | 1,562 | 427 | 1,969 | 23666 | 769(1) |
| Wisconsin ............................................ |  | 3,218 |  |  |  | 25.4 | 2,613 | 1,450 | 474 | 380 | 94 | , 688 |  |  |
| Plains: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Iowa .................................................. | $\begin{aligned} & 19.5 \\ & 16.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r}1,565 \\ 2,155 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 55 \\ & 68 \end{aligned}$ | $1,{ }^{(*)}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 20.5 \\ & 17.8 \end{aligned}$ | 10.46.6 | 2,671 | $\begin{aligned} & 957 \\ & 670 \end{aligned}$ | 268 | 164212 | 104 |  | 38 | (*) |
| Kansas.................................................. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,390 | 64 | 926 |
| Minnesota ............................................. | 39.1 | 4,297 | 305 | 45 | 41.0 | 15.8 | 4,291 | 1,321 | 1,312 | 336 | 976 | 1,658 | 294 | 49 |
| Missouri........ | 47.9 | 3,482 | 94 | 117 | 48.5 | 19.2 | 4,147 | 2,063 | 884 | 465 | 419 | 1,200 | 70 | 111 |
| Nebraska ............................................ | 6.2 | 408 | 70 | 687 | 7.2 | 2.3 | 477 | 199 | 127 | 94 | 33 | 151 | 67 | 271 |
| North Dakota................................................. | 2.4 | 1,356 | 39 | 939 | 2.7 | 1.1 | 1,289 | 138 | 64 | 63 | - 1 | 1,087 | 34 | 901 |
| South Dakota....................................... | 1.5 | 399 | 30 | 96 | 1.9 | . 8 | 383 | ( ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | 49 | 33 | 16 | ( ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | 21 | 139 |
| Southeast: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alabama............................................. | 34.7 | 3,565 | 653 | 526 | 35.1 | 20.6 | 3,883 | 3,092 | 210 | 169 | 42 | 581 | 625 | 405 |
| Arkansas ...... | 18.2 | 1,137 | 103 | 435 | 20.3 | 11.1 | 1,256 | 679 | 344 | 191 | 153 | 232 | 111 | 235 |
| Florida.............................................. | 104.6 | 9,420 | 859 | 1,135 | 116.8 | 29.5 | 9,484 | 2,141 | 5,377 | 2,161 | 3,217 | 1,966 | 893 | 737 |
| Georgia ............................................... | 107.7 | 8.733 | 755 | 97 | 117.7 | 49.5 | 8,879 | 4,249 | 3,341 | 1,307 | 2,033 | 1,290 | 709 | 70 |
| Kentucky............................................. | 35.2 | 4,019 | 122 | 654 | 37.4 | 20.2 | 4,377 | 2,198 | 658 | 320 | 337 | 1,522 | 129 | 533 |
| Louisiana ............................................. | 49.1 | 13,571 | 723 | 944 | 50.8 | 14.8 | 14,289 | 6,634 | 1,368 | 817 | 551 | 6,287 | 720 | 889 |
| Mississippi ............................................ | 20.0 | 2,403 | 384 | 893 | 17.6 | 11.2 | 2,387 | 751 | 223 | 110 | 113 | 1,413 | 369 | 593 |
| North Carolina..................................... | 123.3 | 8.501 | 203 | 31 | 132.9 | 69.2 | 9,515 | 7,007 | 1,633 | 1,026 | 607 | 876 | 188 | ( ${ }^{\text {( }}$ |
| South Carolina...................................... | 64.7 | 5,512 | 199 | (D) | 74.8 | 37.5 | 6,012 | 4,740 | 765 | 632 | 133 | 507 | 186 | 23 |
| Tennessee ............................................ | 77.4 | 5,211 | 148 | 376 | 80.7 | 49.2 | 5,553 | 4,045 | 810 | 449 | 361 | 699 | 108 | 98 |
| Virginia............................................. | 76.0 | 5,591 | 139 | 189 | 79.7 | 30.4 | 6,632 | 3,235 | 1,988 | 1,121 | 867 | 1,409 | 138 | (D) |
| West Virginia ........................................ | 28.1 | 5,446 | 243 | 1,585 | 24.9 | 11.7 | 4,987 | 2,513 | 73 | 61 | 12 | 2,401 | 201 | 1,546 |
| Southwest: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Arizona .............................................. | 35.7 | 3,982 | 220 | 677 | 42.4 | 13.7 | 4,015 | 1,042 | 1,527 | 751 | 776 | 1,446 | 179 | 524 |
| New Mexico.......................................... | 10.4 | 2,092 | 497 | 2,864 | 14.0 | 2.8 | 2,739 | 287 | 225 | 63 | 162 | 2,227 | 650 | 2,841 |
| Oklahoma ............................................ | 25.9 | 5,167 | 36 | 1,787 | 26.5 | 6.0 | 4,992 | 887 | 704 | 526 | 178 | 3,400 | 26 | 1,516 |
| Texas............................................................. | 214.7 | 40,709 | 1,012 | 5,161 | 207.6 | 66.0 | 41,375 | 15,239 | 10,316 | 3,897 | 6,419 | 15,820 | 907 | 4,596 |
| Rocky Mountains: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Colorado ............................................ | 32.8 | 4,824 | 436 | 2,285 | 29.5 | 10.8 | 4,485 | 793 | 2,260 | 299 | 1,961 | 1,432 | 380 | 1,445 |
| Idaho .................................................... | 3.3 | 386 | 25 | 394 | 4.0 | 1.3 | 391 | 73 | 39 | 33 | 7 | 279 | 34 | 197 |
| Montana..................... | 3.2 | 1,593 | 375 | 2,793 | 3.5 | 1.2 | 1,611 | 240 | 67 | 37 | 29 | 1,305 | 308 | 1,857 |
| Utah .................................................... | 12.0 | 2,635 | 79 | 1,659 | 12.0 | 4.6 | 2,483 | 391 | 151 | 62 | 89 | 1,941 | 94 | 1,107 |
| Wyoming ................................................ | 3.6 | 3,017 | 141 | 2,402 | 4.1 | 1.1 | 2,903 | 322 | 39 | 26 | 13 | 2,543 | 133 | 2,002 |
| Far West: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| California............................................ | 289.2 | 38,321 | 803 | 814 | 324.2 | 120.2 | 42,607 | 10,983 | 17,060 | 5,783 | 11,276 | 14,565 | 926 | 762 |
| Nevada ............................................... | 9.0 | 1,294 | 332 | 1,963 | 10.7 | . 5 | 1,590 | 38 | 456 | 247 | 210 | 1,095 | 322 | 1,897 |
| Oregon ............................................... | 17.4 | 1,637 | 914 | 780 | 20.5 | 8.0 | 1,785 | 608 | 586 | 297 | 289 | 591 | 908 | 530 |
| Washington........................................ | 35.0 | 3,301 | 378 | 2,041 | 38.4 | 12.6 | 3,577 | 1,494 | 1,267 | 621 | 646 | 816 | 389 | 2,074 |
| Alaska................................................... | 6.4 | 15,140 | 13 | 1,203 | 7.2 | 2.3 | 18,390 | (D) | (0) | (D) | 75 | (D) | 21 | 660 |
| Hawaii.................................................... | 18.4 | 2,013 | 52 | ${ }^{*}$ ) | 22.4 | 8 | 3,203 | 92 | 2,744 | 1,913 | 831 | 366 | 57 | 1 |
| Puerto Rico.............................................. | 10.9 | 545 | 1 | ${ }^{(*)}$ | 11.0 | 7.0 | 507 | 347 | 36 | 29 | 7 | 124 | 1 | ${ }^{(*)}$ |
|  | 3.2 | 15,041 | 1 | 9,417 | 3.6 | .2 | 15,159 | (D) | 206 | 163 | 43 | (9) | 2 | 6,853 |
| Foreign ${ }^{\text {3 }}$.............................................. | 1.9 | 2,136 | 0 |  | 1.7 | .3 | 2,134 | 155 | 106 | 70 | 36 | 1,874 | 0 | 0 |

${ }^{\text {D }}$ Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.

* Less than 500 acres.

1. Consists of all employees on the payroll of manufacturing plants located in the State. Employees on the payroll of petroleum refineries are included. Also included are employees in central administrative offices and auxiliary units if these units primarily serve manufacturing plants.
2. See footnote 2 to table 3.
3. See footnote 1 to table 9 .
4. For employment, consists of employees of U.S. affiliates working abroad. For assets, consists primarily of movable fixed assets temporarily located outside the United States and of any foreign assets, including mineral rights carried on the U.S. affiliates' books.
5. See footnote 1 to table 1 .

Table 21.-Employment by Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, State by Country of Ultimate Beneficial Owner, 1986
[Thousands of employees]


D Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.

* Less than 50 employees.

1. See footnote 1 to table

Table 22.-Employment by Nonbank U.S. Affiliates, State by Country of Ultimate Beneficial Owner, 1987
[Thousands of employees]

|  | $\underset{\text { countries }}{\text { All }}$ | Canada | Europe |  |  |  |  |  | Latin Americ Other Western Hemisphere | Africa | $\begin{gathered} \text { Middle } \\ \text { East } \end{gathered}$ | Asia and Pacific |  |  | United States |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total | of which: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total | of which: |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | France | Germany, Federal of | Nether- lands | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Switzer-- } \\ & \text { land } \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{\text { United } \\ \text { Kingdom }}}{ }$ |  |  |  |  | Australia | Japan |  |
| Total.. | 3,159.7 | 590.5 | 1,903.7 | 183.6 | 363.3 | 269.5 | 183.4 | 630.1 | 143.6 | 19.9 | 32.5 | 434.1 | 90.0 | 284.6 | 35.5 |
| New England: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Connecicut..................................... |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1.5 | 15.5 | ()) |  | (P) | 3.6 | $\begin{array}{r}.9 \\ .5 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 2.4 | .1.12.6 |
|  | 19.1 90.8 | 9.7 17.7 | 8.2 52.3 | 6.8. | 10.8 10.4 | 1.6 3.0 |  | 4.1 22.0 |  |  | ${ }_{1} 1.6$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 90.8 <br> 18.5 <br> 1 | 17.7 4.7 | 52.3 10.2 | 6.7 .4 | 10.4 2.4 | 1.6 | $\begin{array}{r}2.9 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}4.8 \\ 4.8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | (9) | . 1 | ${ }^{(*)}{ }^{(4)}$ | $\begin{array}{r}10.3 \\ 1.8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }_{\text {(*) }}^{\left({ }^{2.1}\right.}$ | 7.8 1.8 | (0) |
|  | 11.0 6.0 | ${ }_{(0)}^{2.3}$ | 8.0 3.6 | (8) ${ }^{.6}$ | ${ }^{(1)}{ }^{1.6}$ | (*) ${ }^{4}$ | . 8 | 2.9 | () ${ }^{2}$ | (*) ${ }^{1}$ | ${ }^{(4)} 0$ | $\stackrel{4}{2}$ | ${ }^{(* *)}$ | (9) ${ }^{3}$ | . 1 |
| Mideast: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Delaware..................................... | $\begin{array}{r}36.9 \\ 7.1 \\ 53.3 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | ${ }_{2}{ }_{2}$ | $\begin{array}{r}8.4 \\ 3.6 \\ 33.1 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}.1 \\ \hline \\ 4.4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1.6 <br> .2 <br> 6 | $\begin{array}{r}.2 \\ .2 \\ \hline 6.9 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}3 \\ .3 \\ .3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | ${ }^{(9)}$ | (*) ${ }_{(0)}$ | 1 | $\begin{array}{r}.7 \\ .8 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$ | (*) | $\begin{array}{r}.4 \\ .3 \\ \hline .6 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | (). 2 |
|  |  | 14.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1.5 |  | .7 |  | . 2.6 |  |  |
| New Jersey ...................................... | 169.3 | 19.3 | $\begin{aligned} & 119.8 \\ & 191.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 9.9 \\ 103 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 27.1 \\ & 39.4 \end{aligned}$ | 14.2 15.8 15 | 22.624.8 | 27.466.2 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 4.8 } \\ \hline 12.7 \\ \hline 9.9\end{array}$ | ${ }_{\text {(9) }}$. | . 1 | 22.248.6 | 10.9 | 16.136.5 | ${ }_{3.7}$ |
|  | 30.1 168.5 | 39.0 34.7 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 39.4 \\ & 23.0 \end{aligned}$ | 15.8 12.3 |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1.6 \\ & 1.3 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Great Lakes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Illinois........... | $\begin{array}{r} 166.1 \\ 6.8 \\ 94.5 \\ 13.2 \\ 53.2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 25.3 . \\ & 14.3 \\ & 18.7 \\ & 19.4 \\ & 12.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 106.8 \\ 46.0 \\ 52.6 \\ 88.9 \\ 36.0 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6.9 \\ & 8.6 \\ & 8.0 \\ & 5.0 \\ & 5.2 \\ & 2.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16.9 \\ & 9.9 \\ & 14.3 \\ & 10.1 \\ & 8.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 11.3 \\ 10.1 \\ 2.9 \\ 6.3 \\ 4.4 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16.6 \\ 1.7 \\ 1.9 \\ 10.3 \\ 6.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 40.1 \\ & 0.6 .6 \\ & 38.4 .4 \\ & 10.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3.9 \\ 7.7 \\ 3.2 \\ 8.2 \\ .3 \end{array}$ | .6.4.4.8.1 | $\begin{array}{r} 1.5 \\ .1 \\ .1 \\ .7 \\ 1.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \begin{array}{r} 4.4 \\ .4 .2 \\ 18.5 \\ 10.2 \\ 3.4 \end{array} \end{array}$ | 3.0.64.23.11.1 | 20.43.713.611.61.6 | 3.6.2.9(1.6) |
| Indiana..... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wisconsin ................................................. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Plains: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Iowa ...................................................... | $\begin{array}{r} 20.5 \\ 17.8 \\ 41.0 \\ 48.5 \\ 7.2 \\ 2.7 \\ 1.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6.9 \\ \begin{array}{c} 2.3 \\ 9.9 \\ 15.1 \\ 1.3 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.9 \end{array} \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 12.0 \\ 12.6 \\ 26.9 \\ 27.8 \\ 4.9 \\ .1 .3 \\ .8 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} .8 \\ 1.8 \\ 2.2 \\ \begin{array}{r} 1.1 \\ 1.8 \\ .8 \\ \left({ }^{(*)}\right. \end{array} \text { } \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2.5 \\ 1.6 \\ 3.2 \\ 4.1 \\ { }^{(4)} .8 \\ { }^{(*)} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2.0 \\ 3.3 \\ 4.4 \\ 6.8 \\ .4 \\ 2.2 \\ .2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1.2 \\ 1.3 \\ 2.5 \\ 2.9 \\ 1.0 \\ .{ }^{*} \\ \mathbf{*}^{*} \end{array}$ | $\left.\begin{gathered} 2.5 \\ 2.8 \\ 9.5 \\ 9.0 \\ 1.8 \\ .8 \\ .6 \end{gathered} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{array}{r} .1 \\ 1.3 \\ 1.7 \\ 1.4 \\ .3 \\ .1 \\ (4) \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 1.0 \\ 3.7 \\ 3.7 \\ 2.7 \\ .6 \\ .1 \\ .1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} .1 \\ .4 \\ .2 \\ 1.2 \\ 1.3 \\ \mathbf{N}^{*}{ }^{(*)} \end{array}$ | .6 <br> .4 <br> 2.3 <br> 1.4 <br> 1.4 <br> $\left.{ }^{*}\right)^{4} .1$ | .1.((*)(*)(*)(*)0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Missouri.......................................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nebraska...................................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| North Dakota |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Southeast: 25.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alabama. | 35.1 20.3 | 6.7 3.7 | 20.1 | 4.6 | 2.2 | 1.2 | 2.1 | 7.6 2.6 | $\begin{array}{r} 1.6 \\ 1.1 \\ 1 \leqslant 0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} .3 \\ .2 \\ 12 \end{array}$ | .8.82 | 5.62.7.7 | ${ }^{(8)}$ | 4.01.55.4 | (*) ${ }_{7}$ |
|  |  | 27.1 | $\underline{61.4}$ | 5.1 <br> 5.3 <br> 1.5 | 6.010.1 |  |  | 24.9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Georgia..... | 117.7 | 22.4 | 66.9 |  |  | 11.2 | 4.8 | 24.7 | 5.3 | ${ }^{(0)} 3$ | ${ }^{(0)} 8$ | 16.6 4.2 | ${ }_{1}^{2.2}$ | 10.2 | 1.7 |
| Kentucky..... | 37.4 508 | 9.1 | 21.6 | 4.5 | ${ }_{4} 6.0$ | 2.5 | 1.8 | 6.7 | 7.8 |  | . 8 | 4.2 | 1.4 | 2.6 |  |
| Louisiana | 50.8 <br> 17.6 | 10.2 3.0 | $\begin{array}{r}27.4 \\ 8.3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1.5 | 4.4 | $\begin{array}{r}8.4 \\ .6 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1.7 1.6 | 8.2 | 7.4 <br> 1.8 | ${ }_{.}$. | . 9 | 4.1 <br> 3.8 | $\stackrel{3}{5}$ | $\begin{array}{r}1.5 \\ 1.3 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | .4 <br> .3 |
| North Carolina.... | 132.9 | 29.2 | 92.7 | 5.6 | 25.8 | 6.2 | 4.8 | 27.9 | 2.7 | . 2 | 1.1 | 6.7 | 1.8 |  | 3 |
| South Carolina..... | 74.8 | $\begin{array}{r}8.4 \\ 16.1 \\ \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 57.0 | 9.0 73 | 14.8 | 12.1 8.9 | 4.6 3.1 | 9.6 <br> 15.4 <br> 1.4 | 2.3 <br> 2.5 | ${ }^{4}$ | 1.9 | $\begin{array}{r}3.7 \\ 10.1 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1.4 | 2.3 7.9 | .1.9.1 |
| Virginia........ | 79.7 | 20.9 | 49.1 | 2.7 | 14.6 | 3.4 | 2.4 | 14.4 | 5.1 | 2 | 1.3 | 3.0 | 1.4 | 2.1 |  |
| West Virginia........................................ | 24.9 | 12.9 | 11.2 | (1) | 2.9 | 2.0 | . 3 | 3.4 | . 1 | (*) | . 1 | . 6 | . 4 | . 1 | (*) |
| Southwest: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Arizona $\cdot$......................................... | $\begin{array}{r} 42.4 \\ 14.0 \\ 267 \\ 207.6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 9.1 \\ 9 \\ 8.2 \\ 30.1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 20.1 \\ 10.7 \\ 13.4 \\ 134.0 \end{array}$ | 5.4.42.112.9 | $\begin{gathered} 1.2 \\ 9_{1}^{2} \\ 2.1 \\ 27.8 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4.5 \\ 1.9 \\ 4.1 \\ 34.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}1.0 \\ .8 \\ 10.5 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 6.02.13.336.5 | 1.0.615.515.8 |  | ${ }^{(P)}$ | 10.0 | 7.3 | 1.7 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{(*)}{ }^{3}$ | . 4 | 1.18 |  |  | . 7 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1.8 | 5.0 | 19.3 | 7.9 | 8.6 | 1.5 |
| Rocky Mountains: Colorado |  |  |  |  | 1.4 | 2.7 | 1.7 |  |  | ${ }^{3}$ |  |  | 1.2 |  |  |
| Idaho.......................................................... | 4.0 | 1.2 | 2.1 |  |  | . 4 | 7 | ${ }^{.} .6$ | ${ }^{(*)}$ | (*) | (*) | ${ }^{2} .7$ | . 5 | 1.1 | (*) ${ }^{3}$ |
| Montana.................................... | 3.5 | 1.4 | 1.3 <br> 8.3 <br> 1 | ${ }_{3}$ | ${ }^{(*)}$ | 2.3 | .8 | 4 | ${ }^{(*)}$ | 1 | (*) | . 8 | 7 | ${ }^{1}$ |  |
|  | 12.0 4.1 | 1.9 | 8.4 | 1.12 | .2 | 2.1 | . 1 | $\stackrel{8}{8}$ | . | (*) | (*) | 1.7 | .7 | $(*){ }^{-2}$ | $(4)^{*}$ |
| Far West: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| California....... | 324.2 | 32.5 | 169.9 | 15.8 | 25.7 | 28.5 | 21.9 | 59.9 | 12.6 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 103.4 | 13.7 | 68.5 | 2.6 |
|  | 20.5 | 4.1 | 11.7 | ${ }_{4}$ | 4.3 | 1.9 | 1.1 | ${ }_{3.1}^{2.4}$ | ${ }^{2}$ | (*) ${ }^{1}$ |  | 4.2 | 1.2 | ${ }_{2} 2.8$ |  |
| Washington................................. | 38.4 | 11.8 | 16.2 | 9 | 3.2 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 5.8 | 1.1 | . 2 | (*) | 8.9 | 2.1 | 6.2 | . 1 |
| Alaska........................ | 7.2 | 1.8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2.6 | . 5 | 2.0 |  |
|  | 22.4 11.0 | 7 | 6.3 | ${ }^{.} .3$ | 7 | 7 | 1.1 | 3.0 | . 9 | 0 | 0 | 2.4 | 1.4 | 15.8 2.1 1 | ${ }^{(9)} 4$ |
| Other U.S. areas ${ }^{\text {a }}$.......................................... | 3.6 | . 1 | 9 | (*) | 0 | 0 | . 2 | 7 | . 9 |  |  | 1.6 | 0 | 1.3 | (*) ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| Foreign ${ }^{2}$.............................................. | 1.7 | 2 | 1.0 | . 1 | . 1 | . 2 | . 2 | . 5 | 0 | 0 | (*) | . 5 | 0 | . 5 | 0 |

${ }^{\circ}$ Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.
*. Less than 50 employees.
2. See footnote 1 to table 9 .

## Publications and Diskettes on Foreign Direct Investment in the United States

Additional detail from the 1987 and 1980 benchmark surveys and the 1977-79 and 1981-86 annual surveys--including data on U.S. affiliates' balance sheets and income statements; external financial position; property, plant, and equipment; employment and employee compensation; U.S. merchandise trade; research and development expenditures; and U.S. land owned and leased--are available in the publications below. The estimates for all years, 1977-87 are also available on computer diskette.

The 1977-85 publications, and the diskettes for all years, may be obtained from Economic and Statistical Analysis/BEA, U.S Department of Commerce, Citizens and Southern National Bank, 222 Mitchell Street, P.O. Box 100606, Atlanta, GA 30384. Make checks or money orders payable to "Economic and Statistical Analysis/BEA." Include the return address with the order. The titles, accession numbers, and prices of the publications and the years, accession numbers, and prices of the diskettes, which should be quoted when ordering, are as follows:

| Year | Publication |  |  | Diskette |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Title | Accession Number | Price | Accession Number | Price |
| 1977 | Foreign Direct Investment in |  |  | BEA IID 87-403 | \$20.00 |
| 1978 | the United States: Operations | BEA IID 85-150 | \$7.00 | BEA IID 87-404 | 20.00 |
| 1979 | of U.S. Affiliates, 1977-80 |  |  | BEA IID 87-405 | 20.00 |
| 1980 |  |  |  | BEA IID 87-406 | 20.00 |
| 1981 | Foreign Direct Investment in the United States: Annual Survey Results, Revised 1981 Estimates | BEA IID 84-101 | 5.00 | BEA IID 87-407 | 20.00 |
|  | Foreign Direct Investment in the United States: Operations of U.S. Affiliates of Foreign Companies: |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 | Revised 1982 Estimates | BEA IID 85-101 | 5.00 | BEA IID 87-408 | 20.00 |
| 1983 | Revised 1983 Estimates | BEA IID 86-101 | 5.00 | BEA IID 86-401 | 20.00 |
| 1984 | Revised 1984 Estimates | BEA IID 87-101 | 5.00 | BEA IID 87-401 | 20.00 |
| 1985 | Revised 1985 Estimates | BEA IID 88-101 | 5.00 | BEA IID 88-401 | 20.00 |
| 1986 | Revised 1986 Estimates | : | 1 | BEA IID 89-401 | 20.00 |
| 1987 | Foreign Direct Investment in the United States: 1987 Benchmark Survey, Preliminary Results | 1 | 1 | BEA IID 89-402 | 20.00 |

1. Not available from BEA. To be ordered from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office. See text.

The following two publications must be ordered from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office (GPO), Washington, DC 20402: Foreign Direct Investment in the United States: Operations of U.S. Affiliates of Foreign Companies, Revised 1986 Estimates (GPO Stock No. 003-010-00190-9) and Foreign Direct Investment in the United States: Benchmark Survey, Preliminary Results (GPO Stock No. 003-010-00188-7). Prices for these publications may be obtained from GPO by calling (202) 783-3238.

The publication Foreign Direct Investment in the United States, 1980, which contains detailed results of the 1980 benchmark survey and a methodology for foreign direct investment in the United States, may be obtained from Economic and Statistical Analysis/BEA, Accession No. 83-101, price $\$ 10.00$. Note however, that some 1980 data in that publication have been superseded by those in Foreign Direct Investment in the United States: Operations of U.S. Affiliates, 1977-80 and in the diskette for 1980 listed above.

BEA can prepare additional tabulations or perform regressions or other statistical analyses of the data at cost, within the limits of available resources and subject to legal requirements to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies. Requests should be directed to International Investment Division (BE-50), Data Retrieval and Analysis Branch, Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, DC 20230

## State Personal Income, Summary Estimates for First Quarter 1989

Table 1.-Total Personal Income, States and Regions
[Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

| State and region | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  | 1989 | Percent change |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | 1 | $\mathrm{I}^{\prime}$ | III' | IV ${ }^{\prime}$ | $1 p$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 1988:IV- } \\ \text { 1989:I } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 1988:1- } \\ \text { 1989:1 } \end{gathered}$ |
| United States ' ${ }^{\text {..... }}$ | 3,664,374 | 3,722,315 | 3,786,079 | 3,902,016 | 3,922,767 | 3,994,017 | 4,075,042 | 4,198,095 | 4,297,169 | 2.4 | 9.5 |
| New England... | 229,325 | 234,559 | 241,135 | 248,562 | 251,554 | 255,695 | 261,849 | 269,841 | 275,678 | 2.2 | 9.6 |
| Connecticut... | 65,482 | 67.060 | 68,682 | 71,058 | 71,809 | 72,552 | 74,388 | 77,772 | 79,022 | 1.6 | 10.0 |
| Maine... | 15,929 | 16,333 | 16,790 | 17,282 | 17,449 | 17,792 | 18,258 | 18,735 | 19,147 | 2.2 | 9.7 |
| Massachusets... | 107,453 | 109,737 | 112,926 | 116,146 | 117,867 | 119,930 | 122,545 | 125,721 | 128,715 | 2.4 | 9.2 |
| New Hampshire. | 18,046 | 18,510 | 19,185 | 19,922 | 20,106 | 20,502 | 21,090 | 21,669 | 22,126 | 2.1 | 10.1 |
| Rhode Island.... | 14,883 | 15,179 | 15,609 | 16,014 | 16,130 | 16,535 | 16,911 | 17,194 | 17,606 | 2.4 | 9.1 |
| Vermont.......... | 7,532 | 7,740 | 7,943 | 8,139 | 8,193 | 8,385 | 8,658 | 8,750 | 9,061 | 3.6 | 10.6 |
| Mideast..... | 739,925 | 754,224 | 769,859 | 792,526 | 801,785 | 810,117 | 831,024 | 858,354 | 873,247 | 1.7 | 8.9 109 |
| Delaware ............ | 10,181 12,006 | 10,475 12,292 | 10,782 12,579 | 11,088 13,022 | 11,213 12,845 | 11,486 13,236 | 11,915 13,619 | 12,127 14,093 | 12,440 14,371 | 2.6 | 10.9 11,9 |
| District of Columbia. Maryland .............. | 79,597 | 81,340 | 83,053 | 85,672 | 86,959 | 87,846 | 90,756 | 92,571 | 94,737 | 2.3 | 8.9 |
| New Jersey.. | 151,095 | 153,305 | 157,101 | 162,137 | 164,516 | 165,545 | 170,455 | 177,373 | 179,799 | 1.4 | 9.3 |
| New York. | 311,195 | 317,355 | 323,452 | 332,672 | 337,092 | 340,797 | 347,705 | 361,222 | 366,797 | 1.5 | 8.8 |
| Pennsylvania ..................................................................... | 175,851 | 179,456 | 182,891 | 187,936 | 189,159 | 191,207 | 196,574 | 200,968 | 205,104 | 2.1 | 8.4 |
| Great Lakes ... | 623,858 | 628,279 | 638,472 | 659,305 | 664,052 | 671,381 | 685,443 | 702,724 | 723,825 | 3.0 | 9.0 |
| Inlinois ... | 186,142 | 186,949 | 190,015 | 197,705 | 199,986 | 200,668 | 204,026 | 210,569 | 217,824 | 3.4 | 8.9 |
| Indiana.... | 75,317 | 75,849 | 77,074 | 80,074 | 80,955 | 81,162 | 82,905 | 83,401 | 87,550 | 5.0 | 8.1 |
| Michigan ....................................................................................... | 139,451 | 140,365 | 142,151 <br> 158 <br> 159 | 145,766 | 147,290 | 148,873 166449 | 153,440 169761 | 157,530 173568 | 160,621 | 2.0 | 9.1 |
| Ohio........ | 154,009 68,939 | 155,397 69,719 | 158,159 71,073 | 162,424 73,336 | 162,676 73,145 | 166,449 74,229 | 169,761 75,311 | 173,568 77,655 | 177,420 80,411 | 2.2 3.5 | 9.1 9.9 |
| Plains ... | 256,998 | 256,020 | 256,682 | 272,674 | 271,867 | 274,594 | 272,409 | 279,235 | 294,782 | 5.6 | 8.4 |
| lowa.. | 40,257 | 38,859 | 38,606 | 43,593 | 42,726 | 41,782 | 41,412 | 41,576 | 46,113 | 10.9 | 7.9 |
| Kansas.. | 36,823 | 37,325 | 37,132 | 38,724 | 38,632 | 39,867 | 39,334 | 40,893 | 41,675 | 1.9 | 7.9 |
| Minnesota. | 66,267 | 66,260 | 67,228 | 70,377 | 71,039 | 71,395 | 71,578 | 73,279 | 77,519 | 5.8 | 9.1 |
| Missouri | 73,326 | 73,929 | 74,925 | 77,117 | 77,241 | 78,940 | 79,973 | 81,782 | 84,229 | 3.0 | 9.0 |
| Nebraska. | 22,575 | 22,151 | 21,895 | 24,562 | 24,004 | 24,900 | 23,921 | 24,347 | 25,937 | 6.5 | 8.1 |
| North Dakota ..... | 8,965 | 8,693 | 8,250 | 8,930 | 8,985 | 8,645 | 7,711 | 8,389 | 9,494 | 13.2 | 5.7 |
| South Dakota .......................................................................... | 8,785 | 8,802 | 8,644 | 9,371 | 9,240 | 9,066 | 8,480 | 8,969 | 9,816 | 9.4 | 6.2 |
| Southeast. | 758,804 | 773,389 | 789,496 | 811,460 | 814,078 | 835,376 | 853,257 | 875,813 | 899,435 | 2.7 | 10.5 |
| Alabama | 47,431 | 48,176 | 49,148 | 50,369 | 50,192 | 51,762 | 52,554 | 53,802 | 54,946 | 2.1 | 9.5 |
| Arkansas... | 27,289 | 27,384 | 27,545 | 28,002 | 28,280 | 29,890 | 29,636 | 30,047 | 32,428 | 7.9 | 14.7 |
| Florida... | 179,830 | 184,547 | 189,329 | 195,804 | 195,798 | 201,343 | 207,821 | 214,963 | 219,783 | 2.2 | 12.2 |
| Georgia... | 85,966 | 87,924 | 89,966 | 92,535 | 92,421 | 94,859 | 96,832 | 99,623 | 101,643 | 2.0 | 10.0 |
| Kentucky .. | 43,215 | 44,204 | 45,156 | 46,271 | 46,460 | 47,220 | 48,008 | 48,602 | 50,278 | 3.4 | 8.2 |
| Louisiana..... | 50,713 | 50,614 | 51,129 | 52,422 | 52,326 | 53,688 | 54,250 | 55,996 | 57,372 | 2.5 | 9.6 |
| Mississippi .... | 26,698 | 26,710 | 27,197 | 27,548 | 27,882 | 28,837 | 29,109 | 29,519 | 30,780 | 4.3 | 10.4 |
| North Carolina ... | 82,483 | 84,488 | 86,258 | 88,431 | 89,236 | 90,964 | 93,213 | 95,394 | 97,845 | 2.6 | 9.6 |
| South Carolina.... | 39,845 | 40,743 | 41,509 | 42,721 | 42,948 | 44,217 | 45,008 | 46,104 | 47,301 | 2.6 | 10.1 |
| Tennessee.......... | 60,651 | 61,615 | 62,846 | 64,977 | 64,946 | 66,436 | 67,872 | 69,718 | 71,361 | 2.4 | 9.9 |
| Virginia ....... | 94,177 | 96,261 | 98,526 | 101,059 | 102,065 | 104,396 | 106,919 | 109,608 | 112,820 | 2.9 | 10.5 |
| West Virginia................................................................. | 20,506 | 20,723 | 20,887 | 21,322 | 21,524 | 21,765 | 22,036 | 22,436 | 22,878 | 2.0 | 6.3 |
| Southwest .... | 334,227 | 337,153 | 341,534 | 348,765 | 348,386 | 358,094 | 362,176 | 373,629 | 379,205 | 1.5 | 8.8 |
| Arizona... | 46,873 | 47,926 | 48,616 | 50,284 | 50,135 | 51,639 | 53,058 | 54,549 | 55,395 | 1.6 | 10.5 |
| New Mexico. | 17,298 | 17,700 | 17,895 | 18,294 | 18,160 | 18,774 | 18,879 | 19,415 | 20,008 | 3.1 | 10.2 |
| Oklahoma...... | 40,649 | 40,787 | 41,250 | 41,680 | 42,443 | 43,048 | 43,528 | 44,510 | 45,057 | 1.2 | 6.2 |
| Texas ........................................................................ | 229,408 | 230,740 | 233,773 | 238,507 | 237,649 | 244,633 | 246,711 | 255,156 | 258,746 | 1.4 | 8.9 |
| Rocky Mountain... | 96,584 | 98,194 | 98,805 | 100,652 | 100,379 | 102,989 | 103,935 | 107,484 | 108,822 | 1.2 | 8.4 |
| Colorado........... | 50,270 | 51,071 | 51,483 | 52,766 | 52,398 | 53,707 | 54,318 | 55,924 | 56,709 | 1.4 | 8.2 |
| Idaho......... | 11,569 | 11,852 | 12,007 | 11,996 | 12,215 | 12,531 | 12,722 | 13,064 | 13,378 | 2.4 | 9.5 |
| Montana... | 10,009 | 9,939 | 9,871 | 9,967 | 9,971 | 10,155 | 9,919 | 10,772 | 10,786 | . 1 | 8.2 |
| Utah..... | 18,629 | 19,044 | 19,208 | 19,636 | 19,535 | 20,071 | 20,518 | 21,220 | 21,331 | . 5 | 9.2 |
| Wyoming...................................................................... | 6,108 | 6,288 | 6,235 | 6,287 | 6,261 | 6;526 | 6,457 | 6,504 | 6,618 | 1.8 | 5.7 |
| Far West. | 598,755 | 614,136 | 623,344 | 640,796 | 643,019 | 657,561 | 676,247 | 701,329 | 711,951 | 1.5 | 10.7 |
| Califormia. | 476,768 | 489,569 | 496,781 | 511,066 | 511,380 | 523,019 | 539,338 | 560,192 | 567,058 | 1.2 | 10.9 |
| Nevada. | 15,829 | 16,248 | 16,729 | 17,253 | 17,496 | 18,089 | 18,746 | 19,584 | 20,119 | 2.7 | 15.0 |
| Oregon........................................................ | 37,038 | 37,893 | 38,498 | 39,298 | 39,885 | 40,748 | 41,303 | 42,762 | 43,490 | 1.7 | 9.0 |
| Washington ...................................................................... | 69,120 | 70,426 | 71,336 | 73,088 | 74,260 | 75,706 | 76,860 | 78,790 | 81,284 | 3.2 | 9.5 |
| Alaska.. | 9,512 | 9,638 | 9,642 | 9,703 | 9,754 | 9,954 | 10,050 | 10,161 | 10,456 | 2.9 | 7.2 |
| Hawaii .............................................................. | 16,386 | 16,723 | 17,110 | 17,662 | 17,893 | 18,256 | 18,652 | 19,525 | 19,768 | 1.2 | 10.5 |
|  | Census Regions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New England .................................................................................... | 229,325 | 234,559 | 241,135 | 248,562 | 251,554 | 255,695 | 261,849 | 269,841 | 275,678 | 2.2 | 9.6 |
| Middle Atlantic. | 638,141 | 650,116 | 663,444 | 682,745 | 690,767 | 697,549 | 714,734 | 739,563 | 751,700 | 1.6 | 8.8 |
| East North Central. | 623,858 | 628,279 | 638,472 | 659,305 | 664,052 | 671,381 | 685,443 | 702,724 | 723,825 | 3.0 | 9.0 |
| West North Central | 256,998 | 256,020 | 256,682 | 272,674 | 271,867 | 274,594 | 272,409 | 279,235 | 294,782 | 5.6 | 8.4 |
| South Atlantic... | 604,592 | 618,795 | 632,891 | 651,653 | 655,009 | 670,111 | 688,119 | 706,920 | 723,817 | 2.4 | 10.5 |
| East South Central | 177,995 | 180,705 | 184,346 | 189,165 | 189,480 | 194,255 | 197,543 | 201,641 | 207,365 | 2.8 | 9.4 |
| West South Central | 348,058 | 349,525 | 353,696 | 360,611 | 360,698 | 371,259 | 374,124 | 385,709 | 393,602 | 2.0 | 9.1 |
| Mountain..... | 176,583 | 180,068 | 182,046 | 186,483 | 186,168 | 191,491 | 194,618 | 201,031 | 204,343 | 1.6 | 9.8 |
| Pacific....................................................................................... | 608,824 | 624,249 | 633,367 | 650,817 | 653,171 | 667,682 | 686,203 | 711,431 | 722,057 | 1.5 | 10.5 |

## ${ }^{\prime}$ Revised.

p Preliminary.

1. The personal income level shown for the United States differs from that in the national income and product accounts primarily because it omits the earnings of Federal civilian and military personnel stationed abroad and of U.S. residents who are employed abroad temporarily by private U.S. firms.

Notes:
-The estimates for 1986 through the first quarter of 1989 do not reflect the July 1989 revisions to the national income and product accounts; those revisions will be incorporated in the quarterly estimates of State personal income that will be published in the October 1989 Survey of Current Business.
-The quarterly estimates of State personal income were prepared by Isabelle B. Whiston and James P. Stehle, under the supervision of Robert L. Brown

| Data Availability |
| :---: |
| Quarterly estimates for the years 1969-86 are available from the Regional |
| Economic Information System, BE-55, Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. |
| Department of Commerce, Washington, DC 20230; or call (202) 523-0966. |

## Diaitized for FRASER

http://fraser.stlouisfed.org/
Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis

Table 2.-Nonfarm Personal Income, States and Regions
[Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

| State and region | 1987 |  |  |  | 1988 |  |  |  | 1989 | Percent change |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | II | III | IV | 1 | $\mathrm{II}^{\text {r }}$ | II' | IV ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | $\mathrm{I}^{p}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1988:IV- } \\ & \text { 1989: } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 1988:I-I- } \\ \text { 1989:I } \end{gathered}$ |
| United States. | 3,611,231 | 3,672,585 | 3,743,588 | 3,848,135 | 3,869,406 | 3,941,984 | 4,038,463 | 4,164,747 | 4,232,578 | 1.6 | 9.4 |
| New England.... | 228,66065,325 | $233,760$ | $\begin{array}{r}240,348 \\ 68,500 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 247,992 70,904 | 250,951 71,666 | 255,072 | $\begin{array}{r}261,187 \\ 74,225 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}269,283 \\ 77,638 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $274,934$ | 2.16 | 9.610.09 |
| Connecticut .... |  |  | 16,626 | 17,138 | 17,353 | 17,698 | 18,154 | 188,633 | 19,030 |  |  |
| Massachusetrs. |  | 109,528 | 112,727 | 115,980 | 117,681 | 119,740 | 122,345 | 125,560 | 128,472 | 2.1 | $\begin{array}{r}9.2 \\ \\ \hline 10.0\end{array}$ |
| New Hampshire. | 14,8437,413 | 18,472 | $\begin{gathered} 15,5,58 \\ 15,793 \\ 7 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 19,000 \\ & 15,973 \\ & 0,0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16,009 \\ & 8,093 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | 22,084 |  |  |
| Vermont..................... |  | 15,127 7,590 |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0 ., 4,041 \\ & 16,491 \\ & 0, \sim 02 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16,864 \\ & 16,550 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 2,5,545 \\ & 17.946 \\ & 8.946 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.1 \\ & 33 \end{aligned}$ | 9.1 10.5 |
| Mideast. | 737,53010,042 | 751,320 | 767,142 | 789,996 | 799,423 | 807,781 | 828,743 | 856.354 | 870,323 | 1.6 | 8.9 |
| Delaware ....................................................................... |  | 10,313 | 12,579 | 10,951 | 11,037 | 11,292 | 11,69913,619 | 11,93714,093 | 12,17614,371 | 2.0 | 10.911.9 |
| District of Columbia.......................................................... | 12,006 | 12,292 |  | 13,022 | ${ }_{12,845}$ | 13,236 |  |  |  | 2.0 |  |
| Maryland. | 79,242 | ${ }^{80,930}$ | 82,689 | 85,297 | 86,570 | 87,432 | 90,358 | 92,216 | 94,239 | 2.2 | 11.9 8.9 |
| New Jersey. | $\begin{array}{r}150,827 \\ 310,548 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 152,975 | - 3226,794 | 161,866 <br> 331948 | 164,249 <br> 336,504 | - 340,264 | - 347,207 | 177,14 <br> 360,745 | 366, 186 | 1.5 | 8.8 |
| Pennsylvania ........ | 174,866 | 178,224 | 181,741 | 186,912 | 188,218 | 190,283 | 195,668 | 200,218 | 203,896 | 1.8 |  |
| Great Lakes | 617,236 | $\begin{aligned} & 623,166 \\ & 185,891 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 634,781 \\ & 189,680 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 650,024194,420 | 655,866 | 666.521 | 684,258 | 703,120211236 | 715,106 | 17 |  |
| Illinois. | 184,212 |  |  |  |  | 199,057 | 204,375 |  | 214,957 | 1.8 | 9.1 |
| Indiana. | 74,032 | 75,028 | 76,672 | 78,747 | 79,034 | 80,427 | 82,785 | 85,554 | 85,877 | 1.5 | 8.6 |
| Michigan .... | ${ }^{138,725}$ | 139,792 | ${ }_{1}^{141,616}$ | 144,615 | 146,535 <br> 161517 <br> 1515 | 148,288 165,667 | 153,189 169,427 | $\begin{array}{r}157,136 \\ 173,564 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 159,779 176,281 | 1.7 | 9.0 |
| Wisconsin.... | 67,204 | 67,974 <br> 246,655 | $\begin{array}{r} 69,299 \\ 250,329 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 71,164 \\ 256,187 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} 2,759 \end{aligned}$ | 73,082 | 74,522 | 76,630 | 78,251 | 2.1 | 9.1 9.0 |
| Plains. | 6,204 |  |  |  |  | 262,969 | 267,443 | 274,335 | 280,249 | 2.2 | 8.8 |
| Iowa........ | 36,445 | 37,121 | 37,637 | 388740 | 38,687 | 39,513 | 40,343 | 41,449 | 42,252 |  | 8.2 |
| Kansas... | - 34,978 | 64,683 | 65,726 | 67,359 | 68,268 | 69,640 | 70,716 | ${ }_{72,966}$ | 74,573 | 2.2 | 9.9 |
| Missouri .... | 72,339 | 73,135 | 74,217 | 75,856 | 76,064 | 77,779 | 79,393 | 80,997 | 82,847 | 2.3 | 8.9 |
| Nebraska. | 20,306 | 20,474 | 20,816 | 21,240 | 21.508 | 21,749 | 22,071 | 22,625 | 23,103 | 2.1 | 7.4 |
| North Dakota ... | 7,820 7762 | 7,888 | 77.982 | 8,087 8,148 | 8,169 <br> 8,163 | 8,241 8384 | 8,341 8,420 | 8,493 8,675 | 8,683 8879 | 2.2 1.2 | 7.5 |
| South Dakota. |  | 7,837 | 7,951 | 8,148 | 8,163 | 8,384 | 8,420 | 8,675 | 8,79 | 1.9 | 9.9 |
| Southeast................................................................ |  | $\begin{gathered} 761,519 \\ 47,29 \\ 26.1000 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 865,475 | 882,139 |  |  |
| Alabama ............................................................. |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}778,467 \\ 48,283 \\ \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 802,076 \\ 49,671 \\ 27,198 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 50,763 \\ 27,771 \\ 20 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 841,632 \\ 51,59 \\ 28,243 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 52,955 \\ & 28,896 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5,582 \\ \begin{array}{c} 39,479 \end{array} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 1.42.0 | 9.1 <br> 8.6 <br> 12.1 |
| Arkansas. |  | 181,743 <br> 86,587 | 186,666 | 193,682 | $\begin{gathered} 27,150 \\ 192,698 \\ \hline 108 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Florida. | $\begin{array}{r}177,559 \\ 84,79 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  | 91,44645,330 | 91,248 | 93,70046,251 | 99,695 | 98,540 <br> 47944 | $\begin{array}{r}100,214 \\ 49,113 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1.6 | 9.8 |
| Kentucky. |  | $\begin{aligned} & 43,182 \\ & 50,202 \end{aligned}$ | 84,129 <br> 84.18 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2.4 |  |
| Louisiana.... | $49,85$ |  | 50,762 | 52,110 <br> 27,047 <br> 8093 | $\begin{aligned} & 51,785 \\ & 27,013 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 50,283 \\ & 27,795 \\ & 27,89 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5,1045 \\ & 53,7424 \\ & 28,324 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 55,406 \\ & 28,809 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 56,081 \\ & 29,271 \end{aligned}$ | 1.6 | 8.3 |
| Mississippi |  | $\begin{aligned} & 22,8189 \\ & 80,80 \end{aligned}$ | 26,416 84,587 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 8.4 |
| Noorh Carolina | 81,066 39,531 |  | 84,687 | 88,993 | 87,866 | 89,407 43,89 | 91,694 44786 | 94,069 | 96,023 | 2.1 | 9.3 |
| South Carolina | 39,531 |  | +2,197 | 46,465 <br> 6.365 | 44,224 | +53,682 | 64, <br> 67.189 | ${ }_{69,903}$ | 46,937 | 1.9 | 0.1 |
| Tentessee. | 90,737 | 90,699 <br> 909 | 98,017 | 10,539 | 101,449 | 103,765 | 106,274 | 109,081 | 112,117 | 2.8 | 10.5 |
| West Virginia.... | 20,477 | 20,689 | 20,852 | 21,296 | 21,476 | 21,711 | 21,988 | 22,386 | 22,821 | 1.9 | 6.3 |
| Southwest. | 327,318 | 330,946 | 336,300 | 344,185 | 343,218 | 351,441 | 358,015 | 368,758 | 372,581 | . 0 | 8.6 |
| Arizona... | 46,113 | 47,154 | 47,944 | 49,742 | 49,438 | 50,767 | 52,433 | 54,036 | 54,596 | 1.0 | 10.4 |
| New Mexico... | 16,997 | 17,319 | 17,604 | 18,030 | 17,931 | 18,483 | 18.594 | 19,086 | 19,619 | 2.8 | 9.4 |
| Oklahoma... | 39,376 | 39,753 | 40,375 | -40,950 | 40,954 | 41,829 240362 | 42,430 24458 | 43,413 | $\begin{array}{r}43,768 \\ \hline 254,597\end{array}$ | ${ }_{9}^{8}$ | ${ }_{8.4}^{6.9}$ |
| Texas ...................... | 224,832 | 226,720 | 230,378 | 235,463 | 234,896 | 240,362 | 244,558 | 252,223 | 254,597 | . 9 | 8.4 |
| Rocky Mountain........ | 94,325 | 95,567 | 96,649 | 98,719 | 98,512 | 100,761 | 102,490 | 105,238 55 | 106,563 | 1.3 | 8.2 |
| Colorad | -10887 | 11,132 | 11,191 | 11,449 | 51,671 | 11,820 | 12,055 | 11344 | ${ }_{12528}$ | 1.5 | 87 |
| Montana..... | 9,365 | 9,435 | 9,486 | 9,689 | 9,733 | 9,972 | 10,025 | 10,377 | 10,560 | 1.8 | 8.5 |
| Utah.... | 18,466 | 18,806 | 19,007 | 19,459 | 19,402 | 19,910 | 20,388 | 21,071 | 21,202 | . 6 | 9.3 |
| Wyoming.................................................................. | 6,041 | 6,140 | 6,163 | 6,207 | 6,185 | 6,380 | 6,391 | 6,408 | 6,540 | 2.1 | 5.7 |
| Far West.-. | 589,639 | 603,626 | 613,162 | 631,979 | 634,154 | 647,687 | 666,343 | 692,807 | 700,827 |  | 10.5 |
| Califomia. | 470,060 | 481,950 | 489,178 | 304,406 | 504,777 | 515,581 | 531,884 | $\begin{array}{r}553,949 \\ 1952 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 558,623 | ${ }^{8}$ | 10.7 |
| Nevada. | 15,780 | 16,180 36810 | 16,665 <br> 37,528 | 17,202 38,513 | 17,445 <br> 88.997 | 18,027 39811 | 18,687 <br> 035 | 19,528 41,919 | 20,056 | 1.3 | 8. |
| Oregon........... | 67,602 | 68,687 | 69,790 | 71,858 | 72,935 | 74,268 | 75,436 | 77,411 | 79,673 | 2.9 | 9.2 |
| Alaska. | 9,500 | 9,624 | 9,620 | 9,691 | 9,744 | 9,943 | 10,037 | 10,147 | 10,445 | 2.9 | 7.2 |
| Hawail. |  |  |  |  | 17,579 | 17,934 |  | 19,229 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Ensus Region |  |  |  |  |  |
| New England |  |  |  | 247,902 |  |  | 261,187 | 269,283 |  |  |  |
| Middle Atanaic. | 636,240 | 647,785 | 661,240 | 680,727 | 688,971 | 695,821 | 771,067 | 738,109 | 749,537 | 1.5 | 8.8 |
| East North Central. | ${ }_{6}^{617,236}$ | ${ }_{623,166}$ | ${ }^{634,781}$ | 650,024 | 655,866 | 666,521 | 684,258 | 703,120 | 715,106 | 1.7 | 9.0 |
| West North Central | 243,591 |  |  | 256,187 | 257,588 |  | 267,443 | 274,335 | 280,249 | 2.2 | 8.8 |
| South Atlantic... | 598,440 | 6117463 | 626,073 | 645,624 | 647,850 | 662,687 | 681,045 | 700,708 | 714,963 | 2.0 | 10.4 |
| East South Central. | 174,664 | 177,288 | 181,025 | 186,413 | 1860,039 <br> 5474 | 190,492 | 194,274 36,97 | 198,711 | 202,402 383925 | 1.9 | ${ }_{8}^{8.8}$ |
| West South Central | 339,720 | 342,776 | 348,023 | 355,722 | 354,784 | 362,845 | 368,976 | 379,938 | 383,923 | 0 | 8.2 |
| ${ }_{\text {Pacific }}$ Mountin........... | 173,214 | 176,21 | 622,907 | 183,693 641,842 | 183,326 644,032 | 188,039 657,537 | 192,204 $\mathbf{6 7 6 , 0 0 8}$ | 197,685 | 200,834 710,628 | 1.5 | 9.6 |
| Pacific...... | 599,466 | 613,472 | 622,907 | 641,842 | 644,032 | 657,337 | 676,008 | 702,655 | 710,628 | 1.1 | 10.3 |

'Revised.
${ }^{p}$ Preliminary.
Note,-Nonfarm personal income is total personal income less farm earnings.

## Comprehensive Information on the Economy



The Survey of Current Business is a comprehensive source for estimates and analysis on the U.S. economy. It is the monthly journal of record not only for the headline-making numbers that influence decisionmakers in business and government-GNP, personal income (both regional and national), U.S. merchandise trade, and corporate profits, to name a few-but also for the statistical detail and methodology that underlie those numbers. In addition it carries, from over 100 sources, the latest estimates for 1,900 time series on practically all aspects of the economy. So if you need to know about the state of the Nation's economy, in detail, month by month, the Survey of Current Business is the source.

# Superintendent of Documents Subscriptions Order Form 

 *6388Please send me the following indicated subscription:
$\qquad$ subscription(s) of Survey of Current Business, SCUB, for $\$ 18.00$ per year (second class), $\overline{\$ 22.50}$ (foreign), or $\$ 46.00$ (domestic first class).

1. The total cost of my order is $\$$ $\qquad$ All prices include regular domestic postage and handling and are subject to change.

Please Type or Print
2.

3. Please choose method of payment:
$\square$ Check payable to the Superintendent of Documents
GPO Deposit Account
VISA or MasterCard Account

$\overline{\text { (Credit card expiration date) }}$
Thank you for your order!
(Signature)
4. Mail To: Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402-9371

## of Items Appearing in

## The National Income

## and Product Accounts Tables

The NIPA index is a valuable reference aid for users of the national income and product accounts (NIPA's). Designed to help you easily locate specific time series on the wide range of economic activities presented in the 130 NIPA tables, the NIPA index is extensively cross-indexed and contains references for both general subject areas and detailed line items. For example, the NIPA index will help you find all NIPA tables containing information on medical care, life insurance, or any of many other subject areas.

Here are some sample entries:

```
Air transportation: Opthalmic products 2.4, 2.5, 7.10
    Current surplus of government enterprises 3.12
    Government expenditures 3.15, 3.16
    Induatry tables 6.1,6.2, 6.4A, 6.4B, 6.5A, 6.5B, 6.6A, 6.6B,
        6.7A,6.7B, 6.8A,6.8B,6.10A,6.10B,6.19A,6.19B
        6.20A, 6.20B, 6.21A, 6.21B, 6.22A, 6.22B, 6.23A,
        6.23B, 6.24A, 6.24B
    Personal consumption expenditures 2.4, 2.5,7.10
    Subsidies }3.1
Imports:
    Goods and services 1.1, 1.2, 1.5, 1.6, 1.11, 1.17, 1.18, 1.19,
        1.20, 4.1, 4.2, 4.5, 7.1, 7.9, 7.4, 7.8, 7.14, 8.1, 8.9, 9.1,
        9.5
    Merchandise 4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 4.4, 7.14, 7.15, 9.5
    Relation to balance of payments accounts measures 4.5
```

Permanent site housing 5.4,5.5, 7.12, 8.6

```
Permanent site housing 5.4,5.5, 7.12, 8.6
Restaurants:
Restaurants:
    Industry tables: Included in retail trade.
    Industry tables: Included in retail trade.
    Purchased meals and beverages 2.4, 2.5, 7.10
    Purchased meals and beverages 2.4, 2.5, 7.10
Saving rate (personal saving as percentage of disposable per-
Saving rate (personal saving as percentage of disposable per-
        sonal income) 2.1,2.7
```

        sonal income) 2.1,2.7
    ```
```

Used autos 1.17, 1.18, 2.4, 2.5, 7.10

```
Used autos 1.17, 1.18, 2.4, 2.5, 7.10
Wages and salaries 1.14, 8.9
Wages and salaries 1.14, 8.9
    By industry 2.1, 2.6, 6.5A, 6.5B, 6.8A, 6.8B
    By industry 2.1, 2.6, 6.5A, 6.5B, 6.8A, 6.8B
    By sector and legal form of organization 1.15
    By sector and legal form of organization 1.15
    Corporate 1.16
    Corporate 1.16
    Farm 1.21
    Farm 1.21
    See also supplements to wages and salaries.
```

    See also supplements to wages and salaries.
    ```

The NIPA index uses the same table numbering system used for all BEA publications presenting NIPA estimates. The current numbering system has been used for all NIPA presentations since the comprehensive revisions released in December 1985.
The Index of Items Appearing in the National Income and Product Accounts Tables is reprinted from the July 1987 SURVEY of CURRENT BUSINESS.

Superintendent of Documents Publication Order Form It's easy!
\(\square\) please send me the following publication:
___ copies of INDEX OF ITEMS APPEARING IN THE NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT ACCOUNTS TABLES, S/N 003-010-00180-1 at \$1.25 each.
1. The total cost of my order is \(\$\) \(\qquad\) (International customers please add an additional \(25 \%\).) All prices include regular domestic postage and handling and are good through \(12 / 89\). After this date, please call Order and Information Desk at 202-783-3238 to verify prices.
Please Type or Print
2.

(Additional address/attention line)

3. Please choose method of payment:Check payable to the Superintendent of Documents
GPO Deposit Account


VISA or MasterCard Account

\(\overline{\text { (Credit card expiration date) }}\)
(Signature)
4. Mail To: Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402-9325

\section*{CURRENT BUSINESS STATISTICS}

The statistics here update series published in Business Statistics：1986，a statistical supplement to the Survey of Current Business．That volume （available from the Superintendent of Documents for \(\$ 16.00\) ，stock no．003－010－00181－0）provides a description of each series，references to sources of earlier figures，and historical data as follows：For all series，monthly or quarterly， 1983 through 1986，annually，1961－86；for selected series，monthly or quarterly，1961－86（where available）．

The sources of the series are given in Business Statistics：1986；they appear in the main methodological note for each series，and are also listed alphabetically on pages 145－146．Series originating in Government agencies are not copyrighted and may be reprinted freely．Series from private sources are provided through the courtesy of the compilers，and are subject to their copyrights．
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below， data through 1986 and methodological notes are as shown in Business Statistics：} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Annual} & \multicolumn{8}{|c|}{1988} & \multicolumn{6}{|c|}{1989} \\
\hline & 1987 & 1988 & May & June & July & Aug． & Sept． & Oct． & Nov． & Dec． & Jan． & Feb． & Mar． & Apr． & May & June \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|c|}{GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS} \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Seasonally adjusted，at annual rates： \\
Total personal income． \(\qquad\) bil．\＄．
\end{tabular} & 「3，777．6 & \({ }^{\text {²，064．5 }}\) & \({ }^{4} 4,023.3\) & \({ }^{*} 4,049.4\) & \({ }^{7} 4,079.8\) & \({ }^{\text {r }} 4,094.2\) & ＇4，118．6 & \({ }^{+4,180.4}\) & \({ }^{\text {F }} 4,168.9\) & \({ }^{+} 4,206.3\) & 4，273．1 & \({ }^{\text {F }}\) ， 319.5 & ＇4，360．7 & \({ }^{\text {r }}\) ， 3886.5 & ＇4，394．7 & 4，407．3 \\
\hline Wage and salary disbursements， total \(\qquad\) do ．．． & \({ }^{\text {r2，249．4 }}\) & ＇2，429．0 & －2，402．7 & r2，420．1 & r2，443．4 & ז2，447．7 & ＇2，465．6 & r2，497．1 & r2，501．6 & \({ }^{2}, 2,516.7\) & ＇2，545．4 & \({ }^{2}, 5,557.3\) & r2，579．4 & r2，601．3 & r2，602．3 & 2，616．1 \\
\hline Commodity－producing industries， total．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do & \(2,24.4\)
\({ }^{\text {r }} 649.9\)
490.3 & 2,4296
\(r_{6} 69.3\)
\(r_{524.0}\) & \(2,402.7\)
\(\begin{array}{r}\text { r 689．2 } \\ \\ r 518.6\end{array}\) & \(\begin{array}{r}2,420.1 \\ r_{695} \\ \text { r522．8 } \\ \\ \hline\end{array}\) & \(\begin{array}{r}\text {＋439．4 } \\ \\ \hline\end{array}\) & r700．0
r526．0 & \(2,465.6\)
r705．1
r530．1 & \begin{tabular}{|c}
\(2,491.1\) \\
\\
\(r 716.3\) \\
\(r 5407\)
\end{tabular} &  & r714．0

r536．4 & r
r720．6
r 5414 &  & \(\begin{array}{r}2,57.4 \\ +734.8 \\ \hline 5535\end{array}\) & 2732．5

7548.6 &  & \(2,61.1\)
734.5
5509 \\
\hline Distributive industries．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．．．． & r531．9 & －\({ }^{5} 571.9\) & \({ }^{5} 518.6\) & r 522.8
\(\times 570.9\) & \(\begin{array}{r}595.4 \\ { }^{5} 577.1 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & r526．0

r 577.0 & r530．1

＇580．0 & ＇540．7 & \begin{tabular}{l} 
r 537.2 \\
\\
\hline
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
r536．4 \\
\\
\hline 590.6 \\
\\
\hline 753
\end{tabular} & r541．4

r597．3 & r544．0

r598．1 & \begin{tabular}{l} 
r553．5 \\
\\
\\
\hline 601.0
\end{tabular} & r548．6


＇610．0 & \begin{tabular}{l} 
r549．0 \\
\\
\\
\hline 608.7
\end{tabular} & 550.9
612.0 \\
\hline Service industries \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\) do． Govt．and govt．enterprises． \(\qquad\) do．．． & r648．3
r419．2 & \(\begin{array}{r} \\ \\ \\ \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 7603．6
r 443.1 & \(\begin{array}{r}\text { r708．4 } \\ \\ \hline\end{array}\) & \(\begin{array}{r}\text { r719，} \\ \\ \\ \hline\end{array}\) & r721．0
\({ }^{\text {r }} 449.7\) & \(\begin{array}{r}\text { r728．7 } \\ \\ \\ \hline\end{array}\) & \(\begin{array}{r}\text { r741．0 } \\ \\ \hline\end{array}\) & \(\begin{array}{r}\text { r745．5 } \\ \\ \\ \hline\end{array}\) & \(\begin{array}{r}\text { r753．6 } \\ \\ + \\ + \\ \hline\end{array}\) & \(\begin{array}{r}\text { r762．8 } \\ \\ \\ \hline\end{array}\) & r767．9

r467．0 & \(\begin{array}{r}\text { r774．5 } \\ \\ \hline\end{array}\) & r787．5

\({ }^{\text {r }} 471.2\) & \(\begin{array}{r}\text { r787．7 } \\ \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 793.9
475.7 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Proprietors＇income：\(\ddagger\)} & －212．8 & r228．9 & r225．7 & r227．5 & r229．3 & r231．1 & －232．9 & r234．7 & r236．5 & r238．2 & －239．7 & \({ }^{\text {r } 241.3}\) & r242．9 & －244．4 & r246．0 & 247.5 \\
\hline & 41.6 & 39.8 & 46.4 & 44.7 & 41．0 & r38．6 & r33．4 & 47.1 & 19.5 & 29.4 & 48．0 & r65．9 & 63．0 & －57．5 & r56．1 & 44.1 \\
\hline Nonfarm ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． & 270.0 & r288．0 & r285．9 & r287．9 & ＇288．5 & r288．5 & 「290．9 & г295．8 & r295．7 & r297．4 & －299．6 & r300．6 & \({ }^{\text {r }} 300.8\) & r303．4 & r302．0 & 302.3 \\
\hline Rental income of persons with capital
consumption adjustment．．．．．．．．．．．．． & \({ }^{13} 18\) & 5.7 & r14．4 & \({ }^{r} 14.6\) & \({ }^{\text {r }} 15.6\) & r16．5 & \({ }^{1} 16.7\) & \({ }^{\text {r } 16.4 ~}\) & r16．1 & r16．0 & r13．8 & \({ }^{1} 11.8\) & r9．9 & 9.3 & ． 6 & 8.1 \\
\hline Dividends．．．． & \({ }^{\text {r }} 92.0\) & r102．2 & \({ }^{100.4}\) & \({ }^{\text {r } 101.1}\) & \({ }^{\text {r }} 102.4\) & \({ }^{\text {r } 108.9 ~}\) & r104．7 & ＇105．8 & r106．5 & \({ }^{106.9}\) & r108．4 & \({ }^{1} 109.4\) & r110．3 & \({ }^{\text {r }} 111.0\) & \({ }^{1} 11.4\) & 111.8 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Personal interest income ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．} & \({ }^{5} 523.2\) & ＇571．1 & －560．3 & －565．1 & ＇570．1 & \({ }^{5} 576.0\) & r583．0 & r590．8 & r598．6 & －606．4 & \({ }^{+616.5}\) & r628．9 & \({ }^{6} 641.5\) & r648．4 & －655．2 & 661.8 \\
\hline & r548．2 & 「584．7 & 「580．8 & \({ }^{5} 582.7\) & ＇585．7 & 「587．9 & 「588．7 & r592．2 & \({ }^{\text {r }} 593.5\) & г595．6 & \({ }^{\prime} 610.7\) & \({ }^{6} 614.2\) & \({ }^{7} 624.2\) & ＇623．9 & \({ }^{\text {＇625．7 }}\) & 629.0 \\
\hline Less Personal contributions for
social insurance．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Total nonfarm income．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．} & \({ }^{\text {¢ }} 172.9\) & \({ }^{\text {r }} 194.9\) & \({ }^{\text {r }} 193.2\) & \({ }^{\text {r }} 194.3\) & \({ }^{\text {r }} 196.1\) & r195．9 & ＇197．2 & 199.5 & \({ }^{\text {r }} 199.1\) & \％200．1 & r209．0 & r209．8 & r211．3 & r212．6 & r212．6 & 213.4 \\
\hline & \({ }^{\text {r3，714．7 }}\) & \({ }^{\text {r }} 4,003.7\) & ＇3，955．9 & r3，983．6 & ＇4，017．9 & \({ }^{\text {r }}\) ， 034.6 & \({ }^{\text {r }}\) ， 064.1 & \({ }^{\text {＇4，112．3 }}\) & \({ }^{*} 4,128.4\) & \({ }^{r} 4,155.9\) & \({ }^{*} 4,204.0\) & \({ }^{7} 4,232.4\) & \({ }^{7} 4,276.5\) & \({ }^{r} 4,307.7\) & \({ }^{\text {r }}\) ，317．2 & 4，341．8 \\
\hline DISPOSITION OF PERSONAL INCOME \(\dagger\) & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Seasonally adjusted，at annual rates： \\
Total personal income． \(\qquad\) bil．\(\$\) ．
\end{tabular} & r3，7776 & & r4，023 & & & & & & & & & & r 4360.7 & r4，3865 & \({ }^{4} \mathbf{4} 394.7\) & 4,4073 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Total personal income．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．bil．\＄． \\
Less：Personal tax and nontax \\
payments \(\qquad\) do．
\end{tabular} & & \(\begin{array}{r}\text { r，064．5 } \\ \hline \\ \hline\end{array}\) & & ＇4，049．4 & ［4，079．8 & \({ }^{\text {r } 4,094.2 ~}\) & \({ }^{\text {r }}\) ， 1188.6 & ＇4，180．4 & ［4，168．9 & \({ }^{\text {r } 4,206.3}\) & 4，273．1 & ＇4，319．5 & \({ }_{4} 4,360.7\) & & 4，394．7 & \\
\hline Equals：Disposable personal inco．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． & －3，205．9 & －3，477．8 & \({ }^{\text {r }}\) ¢ 58438.2 & r3，470．5 & r3，495．5 & r 584.3
r3，509．9 & \(\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \text { r3，599．} \\ \hline\end{array}\) & r \({ }_{\text {r } 5964.2}\) & r 596.3
\(r_{3,572.6}\) & r 600.9
\(r 3,605.4\) &  & \({ }^{\text {r } 621.797 .8}\) & r 631.9
\(+3,728.8\) & r668．4
\(-3,718.1\) & r 648.0
r3，746．7 & 638.5
3.768 .9 \\
\hline Less：Personal outlays．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． & r3，104．1 & r3，333．1 & \({ }^{\text {r }}\) ，297．9 \({ }^{\text {a }}\) & r3，335．0 & r \(3,340.1\) & \({ }^{\text {r }}\) ， 374.2 & r3，371．8 & r3，406．0 & \({ }^{5} \mathbf{3}, 421.9\) & r \(3,444.2\) & \({ }^{3,467.3}\) & ＋3，487．1 & r3，496．9 & \({ }^{3} 3,534.8\) & r3，543．1 & 3，544．7 \\
\hline Personal consumption expenditures．．．．．．．．．．．do．．．．．． & 「3，010．8 & \({ }^{\text {r }}\) ， 235.1 & ＇3，200．9 & \({ }^{\text {r3，237．4 }}\) & ＇3，242．0 & \({ }^{\text {r }}\) ， 275.4 & －3，272．9 & r3，306．8 & r3，321．8 & r3，343．3 & r3，365．6 & －3，384．7 & －3，394．0 & r3，432．2 & 「3，440．2 & 3，441．4 \\
\hline Durable goods ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．
Nondurable goods & \({ }^{\text {r }} 421.0\) & \({ }^{7} 455.2\) & \({ }^{\text {r }} 451.8\) & \({ }^{+} 464.2\) & \({ }^{\text {r }} 449.0\) & \({ }^{\text {r }} 4566.9 ~\) & \({ }^{\text {r }} 451.6\) & \({ }^{7} 456.9\) & \({ }^{\text {r }} 462.8\) & \({ }^{\text {r }} 488.4\) & \({ }^{\text {r }} 473.1\) & \({ }^{\text {r }} 464.2\) & \({ }^{\text {r }} 461.8\) & \({ }^{\text {＇477．3 }}\) & \({ }^{4} 467.7\) & \({ }^{466.0}\) \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Nondurable goods ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．} & r998．1 & \({ }^{r}{ }^{r}, 052.3\) & \({ }^{1} 1,043.0\) & \({ }^{1} 1,051.7\) & \({ }^{r} 1,059.1\) & \({ }^{1} 1,068.8\) & \({ }^{\text {r } 1,070.8}\) & \({ }^{\text {r } 1,076.3}\) & \({ }^{\text {r }} 1,084.3\) & \({ }^{\text {r }} 1,074.6\) & \({ }^{2} 1,093.8\) & \({ }^{\text {r } 1,098.6 ~}\) & \({ }^{\text {r }}\) 1，102．5 & \({ }^{1} 1,113.2\) & \({ }^{r} 1,118.1\) & 1，118．5 \\
\hline & \({ }^{r} 1,591.7\) & \({ }^{\prime} 1,727.6\) & \({ }^{1}, 706.1\) & \({ }^{1}, 721.5\) & \({ }^{7}\) 1，734．0 & \({ }^{1} 1,749.7\) & 「1，750．4 & \({ }^{\text {r }}\) ，773．5 & \({ }^{*} 1,774.7\) & \({ }^{1} 1,786.3\) & ＇1，798．7 & \({ }^{5} 1,821.9\) & \({ }^{5} 1,829.6\) & \({ }^{1} 1,841.7\) & \({ }^{\text {r }}\) 1，854．4 & 1，856．9 \\
\hline Services ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．．
Interest paid by consumers to
business．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． & 92.1 & 98.9 & \({ }^{\text {r }} 95.5\) & 6.1 & 6.2 & \({ }^{7} 96.9\) & r97．0 & －97．3 & 98.1 & r98．9 & ＇99．5 & \({ }^{\text {r }} 100.2\) & ＇100．7 & \({ }^{\text {r }} 101.0\) & ＇101．4 & 101.8 \\
\hline Personal transfer payments to foreigners（net） & \({ }^{1} 1.9\) & 1.9 & ． 5 & ． 5 & 1.9 & 1.9 & 1.9 & ． 9 & 1.9 & 1.9 & 2.2 & ＇2．2 & 2．2 & 1.6 & 1.6 & 1.6 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Equals：personal saving． \\
Personal saving as percentage of disposable personal income \＆
\end{tabular}} & \({ }^{+101.8}\) & \({ }^{\prime} 144.7\) & \({ }^{\text {r }} 140.1\) & r135．6 & \({ }^{\prime} 155.4\) & \({ }^{\text {r }} 135.7\) & ＇157．7 & \({ }^{\text {r }} 178.2\) & \({ }^{\text {r }} 150.7\) & ＇161．2 & \({ }^{\text {r }} 174.6\) & \({ }^{2} 210.7\) & r231．9 & \({ }^{\text {r183．3 }}\) & r203．5 & 224.1 \\
\hline & 3.2 & 4.2 & 3.9 & 4.1 & 4.1 & 4.3 & \({ }^{\text {r }}\) 4．4 & 4.6 & 4.6 & r 4.5 & 5.0 & 6 & \({ }^{5} 5.6\) & ＇5．5， & 5.4 & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Disposable personal income in constant（1982） \\
dollars ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．bil．\＆．
\end{tabular} & 「2，676．6 & ＇2，793．2 & ＇2，773．6 & ＇2，793．4 & ＊2，803．0 & r2，807．6 & ＇2，808．7 & r2，840．6 & r2，826．3 & r2，841．0 & r2，852．9 & r2，891．9 & ＇2，900．0 & r2，873．4 & ＇2，883．6 & 2，896．0 \\
\hline Personal consumption expenditures in constant（1982）dollars & ＇2，513．7 & ＇2，598．4 & r2，582．3 & r2，605．8 & r2，599．7 & ＋2，620．0 & r2，604．5 & r2，620．8 & r2，627．9 & r2，634．5 & \({ }^{2,636.5}\) & 2，6017．0 & r2，639，6 & r2，652．5 & ＇2，647．8 & 2，644．3 \\
\hline Durable goods．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． & \({ }^{\text {r }} 389.6\) & \({ }^{5} 413.6\) & \({ }^{\text {＇}} 412.4\) & \({ }^{4} 422.7\) & \({ }^{+} 408.9\) & \({ }^{5} 414.2\) & \({ }^{\sim}\) & \({ }^{5} 412.1\) & \({ }^{5} 417.3\) & \({ }^{5} 432.0\) & \({ }^{+} 423.7\) & \({ }^{\text {r }} 417.2\) & \({ }^{4} 417.1\) & \({ }^{\text {r }} 430.1\) & ＇421．9 & 419.6 \\
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Services．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．} & 「890．4 & r904．5 & ＇899．1 & r904．5 & －906．9 & ＇914．4 & r909．7 & r911．2 & r918．0 & r907．0 & r915．7 & г918．1 & r911．3 & ＇906．6 & r904．7 & 906.2 \\
\hline & \({ }^{\prime} 1,233.7\) & \({ }^{\prime} 1,280.2\) & \({ }^{\text {r } 1,270.8}\) & \({ }^{\prime} 1,278.6\) & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
{ }^{r} 1,283.9 \\
{ }^{r} 124.7
\end{array}
\]} & \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
{ }^{r} 1,291.4 \\
{ }^{\prime} 125.0
\end{array}
\]} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
r_{1,285.6} \\
r_{1} 125.7
\end{array}
\]} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
{ }^{1}, 297.5 \\
{ }^{\prime} 126.2
\end{array}
\]} & \({ }^{\text {r }}\) 1，292．6 & \({ }^{1} 1,295.5\) & \({ }^{1} 1,297.1\) & \({ }^{\text {r }}\) ，311．7 & \({ }^{r} 1,311.2\) & \({ }^{\text {r }}\) ， 315.8 & \({ }^{1} 1,321.2\) & 1，318．6 \\
\hline Implicit price deflator for personal consumption expenditures．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．index， \(1982=100 \ldots\) & \({ }^{\text {r }} 119.8\) & 124.5 & & & & & & & \({ }^{\prime} 126.4\) & \({ }^{\text {r } 126.9 ~}\) & \({ }^{\text {r127．7 }}\) & \({ }^{\text {r }} 127.9\) & ＇128．6 & \({ }^{\text {r }} 129.4\) & ＇129．9 & 130.1 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION \(\diamond\) \\
Federal Reserve Board Index of Quantity Output Not Seasonally Adjusted
\end{tabular}} & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Total index ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． \(1977=100 .\). & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{129.8} & 137.2 & 135.0 & 139.3 & 136.3 & 141.7 & 143.0 & 142.2 & 139.3 & 136.4 & 137.1 & 140.1 & \({ }^{\text {r }} 139.5\) & \({ }^{\prime} 140.5\) & \({ }^{p} 140.0\) & \({ }^{\text {c }} 144.0\) \\
\hline By industry groupings： & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Mining and utilities ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．．} & 104.3 & 107.5 & 1.3 & 106.5 & 108.3 & 112.6 & 107.9 & 105.1 & 106.6 & 109.4 & 110.2 & 111.1 & 106.6 & ＇104．6 & \({ }^{p} 103.1\) & \({ }^{\text {e } 106.7}\) \\
\hline & 134.7 & 142.7 & 141.3 & 145.5 & 141.5 & 147.2 & 149.6 & 149.1 & 145.4 & 141.4 & 142.2 & 145.6 & \({ }^{\text {r }} 145.8\) & \({ }^{\text {r }} 147.3\) & \({ }^{\text {P } 146.9 ~}\) & \({ }^{1} 151.1\) \\
\hline Nondurable manufactures．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． & 136.8 & 143.9 & 140.7 & 146.4 & 145.1 & 151.7 & 152.8 & 151.2 & 146.0 & 141.1 & 141.6 & 145.0 & \({ }^{\text {r } 145.6}\) & 147.2 & \({ }^{P} 147.5\) & \({ }^{1} 153.5\) \\
\hline Durable manufactures．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． & 133.1 & 141.9 & 141.6 & 144.8 & 138.9 & 144.0 & 147.3 & 147.6 & 145.0 & 141.6 & 142.7 & 146.0 & \({ }^{\text {r }} 145.9\) & \({ }^{\text {r }} 147.4\) & \({ }^{p} 146.4\) & \({ }^{\text {c } 149.4 ~}\) \\
\hline Seasonally Adjusted & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Total index ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do． & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{129.8} & 137.2 & 136.1 & 136.5 & 138.0 & 138.5 & 138.6 & 139.4 & 139.9 & 140.4 & 140.8 & 140.5 & r140．7 & ＇141．6 & \({ }^{p} 141.4\) & \({ }^{\text {c }} 141.1\) \\
\hline By market groupings： & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Products，total．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． & 138.3 & 145.9 & 145.0 & 145.3 & 146.5 & 147.3 & 147.4 & 148.1 & 148.4 & 149.4 & 150.1 & 150.0 & \({ }^{150.5}\) & \({ }^{\text {r151．5 }}\) & \({ }^{p} 151.4\) & \({ }^{\text {e } 151.2}\) \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{136.8
127.8} & 144.3 & 143.5 & 144.0 & 145.0 & 145.8 & 145.8 & 146.4 & 146.8 & 147.7 & 148.2 & 148.6 & \({ }^{\text {r148．9 }}\) & 「150．0 & \({ }^{\text {P1 }} 149.9\) & \({ }^{\text {c } 1498.7}\) \\
\hline & & 133.9 & 132.7 & 133.0 & 134.2 & 135.0 & 134.8 & 136.4 & 136.8 & 138.2 & 138.5 & 138.7 & \({ }^{\text {r138．4 }}\) & ＇139．2 & \({ }^{p} 138.7\) & \({ }^{\text {c }} 138.3\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}




See footnotes at end of tables
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1986 and methodological notes are as shown in Business Statistics: 1986} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Units} & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{Annual} & \multicolumn{8}{|c|}{1988} & \multicolumn{6}{|c|}{1989} \\
\hline & & 1987 & 1988 & May & June & July & Aug. & . & Oct. & Nov. & Dec. & Jan. & Feb. & Mar. & Apr. & May & June \\
\hline
\end{tabular}



COMMODITY PRICES
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline r653 & 657 & 663 & 682 & 677 & 679 & 672 & \({ }_{668}\) & 668 \\
\hline 577 & \({ }_{5}^{588}\) & 590 & \({ }_{604}^{604}\) & \({ }^{595}\) & 590 & \begin{tabular}{c}
604 \\
851 \\
\hline 8
\end{tabular} & r \(\quad \begin{array}{r}\text { r611 } \\ \text { r76 }\end{array}\) & \({ }_{768} 59\) \\
\hline \({ }^{\text {r } 457}\) & 477 & \({ }^{4} 468\) & 455 & \({ }_{447}\) & 475 & 497 & \({ }_{\text {r } 497}\) & 499 \\
\hline \({ }^{1} 429\) & 421 & \({ }^{424}\) & 432 & 431 & 436 & & \({ }^{4} 436\) & 409 \\
\hline 423 & \({ }^{427}\) & & 439 & 441 & 445 & 442 & & 418 \\
\hline & & 712 & 656 & 653 & & & \({ }^{7} 743\) & \\
\hline \({ }^{1} 1,378\) & \({ }^{\text {r } 1,398}\) & \({ }^{1,400}\) & 1,411 & 1,389 & 1,389 & 1,395 & 1,395 & 1,395 \\
\hline '731 & 728 & 739 & 762 & 762 & 773 & 742 & \(r 752\) & 748 \\
\hline 795 & 820 & \({ }^{826}\) & 820 & 801 & 777 & 752 & \({ }^{746}\) & \({ }^{740}\) \\
\hline \(\xrightarrow{\text { r932 }}\) & 918 & 939 & \({ }_{294}^{983}\) & \({ }_{292}^{992}\) & \({ }_{313}^{991}\) & \({ }_{316}^{957}\) & \({ }^{\text {r966 }}\) & 967
328 \\
\hline & -293 & 288 & 294 & 292 & 343 & 316 & 335 & \({ }^{228}\) \\
\hline 936 & & & 943 & & & 953 & & \\
\hline 1,193 & & & 1,207 & & & 1,220 & & \\
\hline 55 & 55 & 56 & 57 & & \(\ldots\) & 55 & & \\
\hline 118.9 & 119.0 & 119.2 & 119.7 & 120.2 & 120.8 & 121.8 & 122.5 & 122.8 \\
\hline 120.2 & 120.3 & 120.5 & 121.1 & 121.6 & 122.3 & 123.1 & 123.8 & 124.1 \\
\hline 117.9 & 118.0 & 118.1 & 118.7 & 119.2 & 119.9 & 121.0 & 121.7 & 122.0 \\
\hline 120.2 & 120.3 & & & 121.3 & & 122.9 & & 123.9 \\
\hline 118.9 & 119.0 & 119.1 & 119.7 & 120.1 & 120.8 & 121.7 & 122.3 & 122.6 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1986 and methodological notes are as shown in Business Statistics: 1986} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Annual} & \multicolumn{8}{|c|}{1988} & \multicolumn{6}{|c|}{1989} \\
\hline & 1987 & 1988 & May & June & July & Aug. & Sept. & Oct. & Nov. & Dec. & Jan. & Feb. & Mar. & Apr. & May & June \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|c|}{COMMODITY PRICES-Continued} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
CONSLMER PRICES \(\dagger\)-Continued \\
(U.S. Department of Labor Indexes)-Continued \\
Not Seasonally Adjusted \\
All items (CPI-U)-Continued
\end{tabular} & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline \(\qquad\) \(1982-84=100\) & 107.7 & 111.5 & 111.1 & 111.1 & 111.5 & 111.9 & 113.0 & 113.5 & 113.5 & 113.5 & 113.9 & 114.3 & 115.2 & 116.7 & 117.5 & 117.2 \\
\hline Nondurables............................. .............do.... & 107.5 & 111.8 & 111.4 & 111.4 & 111.9 & 112.4 & 113.7 & 114.2 & 114.1 & 113.9 & 114.3 & 114.9 & 116.2 & 118.4 & 119.3 & 119.0 \\
\hline Nondurables less food.......... ...............do..... & 101.8 & 105.8 & 106.0 & 105.5 & 105.4 & 105.9 & 107.7 & 108.3 & 108.2 & 107.5 & 107.1 & 107.6 & 109.4 & 112.8 & 113.9 & 113.1 \\
\hline Durables .............................. .............do.... & 108.2 & 110.4 & 109.9 & 110.2 & 110.3 & 110.3 & 110.6 & 111.1 & 111.8 & 112.2 & 112.5 & 112.4 & 111.9 & 111.8 & 111.9 & 1112.8 \\
\hline Commodities less ford................ ..............do.... & 104.3 & 107.7 & 107.6 & 107.4 & 107.4 & 107.7 & 108.9 & 109.5 & 109.7 & 109.4 & 109.2
1289 & \begin{tabular}{l}
109.5 \\
129.4 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & 110.5
130.0 & 112.5 & 113.2
130.8 & 112.8
131.6 \\
\hline Services ..................................... .............do.... & 120.2 & 125.7 & 124.6 & 125.5 & 126.1 & 126.7 & 127.3 & 127.6 & 127.8 & 128.1 & 128.9 & 129.4 & 130.0 & 130.2 & 130.8 & \\
\hline Food \# .........................................................................
Food at home ................................... & 1113.5 & 118.2
116.6 & 117.0
115.1 & 117.6
115.8 & 118.8
117.3 & 119.4 & 120.2
119.0 & 120.3
119.0 & 120.2 & 120.7
119.1 & 122.2
121.2 & 122.9
122.0 & 1223.5 & 124.2 & 124.9 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 125.0 \\
& 124.3
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline Housing ........................................ ..............do... & 114.2 & 118.5 & 117.7 & 118.6 & 119.1 & 119.5 & 119.9 & 119.9 & 119.9 & 120.2 & 120.7 & 121.1 & 121.5 & 121.6 & 122.1 & 122.9 \\
\hline Shelter \#............................... .............do .... & 121.3 & 127.1 & 126.2 & 126.6 & 127.4 & 128.2 & 128.4 & 128.8 & 129.1 & 129.3 & 129.8 & 130.3 & 131.2 & 131.2 & 131.8 & 132.3 \\
\hline Rent, residential...................... ...............do..... & 123.1 & 127.8 & 126.9 & 127.3 & 127.8 & 128.4 & 129.1 & 129.4 & 129.8 & 130.1 & 130.5 & 130.9 & 131.1 & 131.4 & 131.7 & 132.3 \\
\hline Homeowners' cost................... . \(12 / 82=100\). & 124.8 & 131.1 & 129.9 & 130.4 & 131.0 & 131.8 & 132.6 & 133.1 & 133.8 & 134.0 & 134.4 & 134.7 & 135.0 & 135.4 & 136.2 & \({ }_{1092}^{136.5}\) \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Fuel and utilities \#.......................1982-84=100.. \\
Fuel oil, coal, and bottled
\end{tabular} & 103.0 & 104.4 & 103.5 & 105.9 & 106.0 & 106.1 & 106.4 & 105.4 & 104.3 & 105.0 & 106.0 & 105.9 & 105.9 & 106.2 & 107.0 & 109.2
80.2 \\
\hline Gas (piped) and electricity....................................... & 77.9
103.8 & 78.1
104.6 & 80.0
102.6 & 79.1
107.8 & 76.9
108.1 & 76.3
108.3 & 75.9
108.5 & 74.6
105.8 & 75.0
103.7 & 76.8
104.1 & 80.5
105.1 & 81.4
104.9 & 81.5
104.8 & 82.5
105.0 & 81.5
106.1 & 80.2
110.5 \\
\hline  & 107.1 & 109.4 & 109.3 & 109.6 & 109.8 & 109.7 & 110.1 & 110.3 & 110.6 & 110.6 & 110.9 & 110.9 & 110.5 & 110.7 & 110.8 & 111.1 \\
\hline Apparel and upkeep...................... ..............do ... & 110.6 & 5.4 & 116.8 & 114.6 & 112.7 & 112.6 & 117.8 & 120.7 & 119.9 & 118.0 & 115.3 & 115.3 & 119.3 & 120.9 & 120.4 & 117.8 \\
\hline Transportation............................... .............do.... & 105.4 & 108.7 & 108.1 & 108.5 & 108.9 & 109.6 & 109.7 & 110.0 & 110.7 & 110.8 & \({ }_{1098}^{11.1}\) & 111.6 & 111.9 & 114.6 & 116.0 & \\
\hline  & 104.2
114.6 & 107.6
116.9 & 1167.0 & 107.4
116.5 & 1107.8 & \({ }_{116.6}^{108}\) & 108.6
116.8 & 109.0 & 109.6 & 109.6 & \begin{tabular}{l}
109.8 \\
119.5 \\
\hline 1
\end{tabular} & 110.3
119.6 & 110.7 & 113.6
119.4 & 115.0
119.5 & 114.9 \\
\hline New cars ............................................................................... & 113.1 & 118.0 & 117.0 & 117.6 & 117.9 & 119.2 & 119.4 & 119.9 & 119.7 & 120.2 & 120.5 & 120.5 & 120.5 & 120.7 & 121.0 & 121.3 \\
\hline Public....................................... .............do ... & 121.1 & 123.3 & 122.4 & 123.2 & 123.7 & 123.7 & 124.0 & 124.2 & 125.3 & 126.5 & 127.5 & 128.1 & 128.2 & 128.4 & 128.9 & 129.6 \\
\hline Medical care................................. .............do .... & 130.1 & 138.6 & 137.5 & 138.2 & 139.3 & 139.9 & 140.4 & 141.2 & 141.8 & 142.3 & 143.8 & 145.2 & 146.1 & 146.8 & 147.5 & 148.5 \\
\hline Seasonally Adjusted \(\ddagger\) & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline All items, percent change from previous month. & & & 4 & \(.15_{3}\) & 4 & . 3 & .\(^{4}\) & \({ }^{4} 4\) & . 3 & \({ }^{11} 3\) & . 6 & 4 & . & 7 & 6 & 2 \\
\hline Commodities.................................-1982-84=100.. & & & 111.0 & 111.3 & 111.8 & 112.1 & 112.7 & 113.0 & 113.2 & 113.4 & 114.2 & 114.6 & 115.3
1108 & & & 117.4 \\
\hline  & & & 1107.7 & 107.7
117.8 & 108.0 & 1108.1 & 108.6
120.3 & 109.0
120.6 & 109.1
120.8 & 109.2
121.2 & 109.9
122.1 & 1102.6 & 110.8
1236 & 112.4
124.2 & 113.3
125.0 & 113.1 \\
\hline Food at home .....................................................do.... & & & 115.0 & 115.9 & 117.2 & 118.0 & 119.0 & 119.2 & 119.3 & 119.8 & 120.9 & 121.4 & 122.6 & 123.3 & 124.3 & 124.5 \\
\hline Apparel and upkeep........................ .............do ... & & & 116.3 & 115.9 & 115.7 & 113.9 & 116.0 & 117.4 & 117.4 & 117.7 & 117.7 & 117.5 & 119.1 & 119.4 & 120.4 & 119.1 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} & & & 108.2 & 108.4 & 108.7 & 109.6 & 109.7 & 110.1 & 110.4 & 110.4 & 111.2 & 111.9 & 112.6 & 115.0 & 116.1 & 115.9 \\
\hline & & & 107.2 & 107.4 & 107.7 & 108.6 & 108.7 & 109.1 & 109.3 & 109.3 & 110.0 & 110.8 & 111.5 & 114.1 & 115.2 & 115.0 \\
\hline New cars ................................... ..............do.... & & & 116.5 & 116.6 & 116.7 & 117.0 & 117.7 & 117.8 & 117.9 & 118.1 & 118.9 & 119.3 & 119.7 & 119.8 & 119.6 & 119.3 \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{} \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{\begin{tabular}{l}
PRODUCER PRICES § \\
(U.S. Department of Labor Indexes)
\end{tabular}} \\
\hline Not Seasonally Adjusted & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline All commodities...................................... \(1982=100\).. & 102.8 & 106.9 & 106.5 & 107.2 & 107.9 & 108.0 & 108.1 & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{108.2} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{108.3} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{109.0} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{110.5} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{110.8} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{111.5} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{112.3} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{113.1} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{112.8} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
By stage of processing: \\
Crude materials for further \\
processing. \(\qquad\) do ...
\end{tabular} & 93.7 & 96.0 & 97.2 & 97.9 & 97.3 & 96.9 & 96.7 & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Intermediate materials, sup- \\
plies, etc \(\qquad\)
\end{tabular} & 101.5 & 107.1 & 106.3 & 107.4 & 108.2 & 108.4 & 108.7 & 108.6 & 108.9 & 109.4 & 110.6 & \({ }^{\text {r }} 111.0\) & 111.6 & 112.3 & 112.7 & 112.6 \\
\hline Finished goods \# ....................... .................do.... & 105.4 & 108.0 & 107.5 & 107.7 & 108.6 & 108.7 & 108.6 & 109.4 & 109.8 & 110.0 & 111.1 & 111.7 & 112.2 & 113.0 & 114.2 & 114.1 \\
\hline Finished consumer goods......... .............do.... & 103.6 & 106.2 & 105.7 & 105.9 & 107.0 & 107.1 & 107.0 & 107.6 & 108.0 & 108.2 & 109.4 & \({ }^{r} 110.1\) & 110.7 & 111.8 & 113.3 & 113.0 \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{} \\
\hline Durable goods ............................ ..............dd .... & 109.9 & 114.7 & 114.1 & 114.4 & 114.8 & 115.1 & 115.2 & 116.4 & 116.8 & 117.2 & 118.1 & r118.3 & 118.7 & 118.6 & 118.8 & 118.8 \\
\hline Nondurable goods...................... .............do.... & 97.5 & 101.1 & 100.8 & 101.8 & 102.6 & 102.6 & 102.7 & 102.2 & 102.0 & 102.8 & 104.8 & 105.2 & 106.1 & 107.4 & 108.7 & 108.1 \\
\hline Total manufactures.................... .............do.... & 104.4 & 109.1 & 108.6 & 109.0 & 109.8 & 110.0 & 110.1 & 110.5 & 111.0 & 111.4 & 112.5 & \({ }^{\text {r }} 112.9\) & 113.5 & 114.4 & 114.9 & 114.8 \\
\hline Durable manufactures............ ................do.... & 109.6 & 114.1 & 113.5 & 113.7 & 114.1 & 114.4 & 114.5 & 115.6 & 116.0 & 116.4 & 117.1 & r117.4 & 117.8 & 117.7 & 118.0 & 118.1 \\
\hline Nondurable manufactures....... ..............do.... & 99.2 & 104.1 & 103.7 & 104.3 & 105.4 & 105.6 & 105.6 & 105.4 & 106.1 & 106.4 & 107.8 & 108.3 & 109.2 & 110.9 & 111.6 & 111.2 \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{} \\
\hline Farm products ........................................................... & 95.5 & 104.9 & 102.2 & 106.8 & 109.1 & 109.3 & 111.6 & 110.9 & 107.9 & 108.9 & 112.0 & \({ }^{1110.8}\) & 113.4 & 110.5 & 114.9 & 111.4 \\
\hline Foods and feeds, processed.................................... & 107.9 & 112.7 & 111.2 & 113.5 & 115.0 & 114.5 & 115.4 & 115.0 & 114.8 & 115.0 & 116.6 & r116.6 & 117.8 & 117.5 & 118.1 & 117.3 \\
\hline Industrial commodities .................. ..............do.... & 102.6 & 106.3 & 106.1 & 106.4 & 106.8 & 107.0 & 106.8 & 107.1 & 107.5 & 108.1 & 109.6 & ז110.1 & 110.6 & 111.7 & 112.4 & 112.3 \\
\hline Chemicals and allied products.... ...............do ... Fuels and related prod., and & 106.4 & 116.3 & 114.6 & 115.3 & 117.4 & 118.2 & 119.1 & 119.9 & 121.1 & 121.7 & 123.7 & \({ }^{\text {r }} 124.3\) & 124.6 & 125.1 & 125.0 & 124.2 \\
\hline power .................................... .............do .... & 70.2 & 66.7 & 68.4 & 68.6 & 68.0 & 67.6 & 66.1 & 64.5 & 64.4 & 65.6 & 68.1 & \({ }^{\text {r } 68.9}\) & 69.7 & 74.1 & 76.1 & 75.7 \\
\hline Furniture and household durables.............do... & 109.9 & 113.1 & 112.8 & 112.7 & 113.1 & 113.4 & 113.7 & 113.9 & 114.3 & 114.5 & 115.0 & \({ }^{r} 115.3\) & 115.5 & 116.0 & 116.5 & 116.7 \\
\hline Hides, skins, and leather products...............do.... & 1120.4 & 113.4 & 1134.6 & 1181.2 & 130.1
1200 & 131.6
118.8 & 132.5
118.9 & 131.9
118.7 & 130.4
118.8 & 130.1
119.0 & 131.2
120.1 & r133.2

r122.0 & & 136.1
124.9 & \begin{tabular}{l}
134.6 \\
126.4 \\
\hline 1
\end{tabular} & 134.9
127.3 \\
\hline Lumber and wood products........ ..............do.... & 112.8
110.4 & 1118.9 & 119.1 & 119.3
112.9 & 120.0
113.2 & 118.8
118.6 & 118.9
113.9 & 118.7
114.2 & 118.8
114.5 & 119.0 & 115.6 & r
122.0
116.0 & 123.1
116.3 & 1124.9 & 116.9 & 117.3 \\
\hline Metals and metal products ........ ..............do.... & 107.1 & 118.7 & 117.4 & 118.0 & 119.2 & 119.8 & 120.2 & 121.4 & 122.8 & 124.0 & 125.3 & -125.1 & 126.2 & 125.3 & 124.9 & 123.7 \\
\hline Nonmetallic mineral products.... ..............do.... & 110.0 & 111.2 & 111.2 & 111.3 & 111.1 & 111.1 & 111.3 & 111.4 & 111.5 & 111.7 & 111.8 & \({ }^{1} 111.8\) & 112.0 & 112.5 & 112.7 & 112.8 \\
\hline Pulp, paper, and allied products..................do... & 121.8 & 130.4 & 129.6 & 130.0 & 131.0 & 111.3 & 132.1 & 1318.8 & 133.1 & 133.5 & 135.1 & 136.3 & 137.0 & 137.5 & 137.9 & 138.0 \\
\hline Rubber and plastics products ..... ...............do.... & \({ }_{105.1}^{103.0}\) & 109.3 & 108.8
108.9 & 109.1
109.3 & 109.8
109.5 & \({ }_{109.6}^{110.6}\) & 111.0
109.8 & 111.1 & 111.2 & \({ }_{111.5}^{11.3}\) & 111.9 & \({ }^{1} 1111.2\) & 111.3 & 111.7 & 111.9 & 112.1 \\
\hline Textie products and apparel...... .............do..... & 112.5 & 114.3 & 113.7 & 114.0 & 113.9 & 114.0 & 113.2 & 116.6 & 116.3 & 116.3 & 116.8 & r117.1 & 116.8 & 116.4 & 116.8 & 117.5 \\
\hline Motor vehicles and equip ....... ..............do.... & 111.7 & 113.1 & 112.3 & 112.4 & 112.6 & 112.8 & 110.9 & 116.9 & 116.1 & 116.0 & 116.2 & \({ }^{\prime} 116.5\) & 115.7 & 114.8 & 115.6 & 115 \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{Seasonally Adjusted \(\ddagger\)} \\
\hline Finished goods, percent change from previous month & & & 3 & . 2 & . 6 & . 3 & 6 & . 1 & . 3 & . 4 & 1.1 & . 9 & . 4 & \({ }^{4}\) & 9 & -. 1 \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
By stage of processing: \\
Crude materials for further proc-
\end{tabular}}} \\
\hline & & & 96.0 & 96.9 & 96.6 & 97.2 & 97.1 & 96.6 & 94.8 & 97.8 & 101.8 & \({ }^{1} 101.5\) & 103.6 & 104.2 & 105.1 & 103.0 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} & & & 106.3 & 107.1 & 107.9 & 108.2 & 108.6 & 108.6 & 109.0 & 109.5 & 110.8 & \({ }^{1} 11.3\) & 112.0 & 112.5 & 112.6 & 112.4 \\
\hline & & & 107.4 & 107.6 & 108.2 & 108.5 & 109.1 & 109.2 & 109.5 & 109.9 & 111.1 & 112.1 & 111.6 & 113.1 & 114.1 & 114.0 \\
\hline & & & 105.6 & 105.8 & 106.5 & 106.8 & 107.3 & 107.4 & 107.8 & 108.2 & 109.5 & r110.6
r 1178 & 111.3 & 112.0 & 113.2 & 112.8 \\
\hline  & & & 111.2 & 112.1 & 112.9 & 113.6 & 114.6 & 114.7 & 115.1 & 115.2 & 116.7 & \({ }^{\text {r }} 117.8\) & 118.9 & 118.2 & 119.2 & \\
\hline Finished goods, exc. foods........ .-...............do.... & & & 102.9 & 102.7 & 103.3 & 103.5 & 103.7 & 103.8 & 104.1 & 104.7 & 106.0 & 107.1 & 107.6 & 109.0 & 1117.2 & 1117.1 \\
\hline  & & & 113.2 & 113.4 & 113.9 & 114.5 & 115.1 & 115.0 & 115.0 & 115.4 & 116.3 & \(\begin{array}{r}\text { r } 116.9 \\ { }_{1016} \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 117.2 & 116.3
1045 & 117.2
105.8 & 117.4
105.6 \\
\hline  & & & \(\begin{array}{r}113.7 \\ \hline 18.2\end{array}\) & 96.8
114.0 & 97.6
114.3 & 97.6
114.7 & \(\begin{array}{r}115.7 \\ \hline 97.6\end{array}\) & 97.8
115.6 & 98.3
115.8 & 98.9
116.2 & 100.4
116.9 & \({ }^{1} 101.6\) & 117.5 & 117.4 & 117.9 & 118. \\
\hline & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline PURCHASING POWER OF THE dOLLAR & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Praducer prices..................................1982= \({ }^{1982} 1.00 .\). & \[
\begin{aligned}
& .949 \\
& .880
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& .926 \\
& .846
\end{aligned}
\] & \begin{tabular}{|c}
.980 \\
.851
\end{tabular} & . 9847 & . 9214 & . 9840 & . 9231 & . 8142 & . 9111 & . 9830 & . 8206 & .895 & .891
.818 & . 818 & . 808 & . 8806 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

See footnotes at end of tables.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below，data through 1986 and methodological notes are as shown in Business Statistics： 1986} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Units} & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{Annual} & \multicolumn{8}{|c|}{1988} & \multicolumn{6}{|c|}{1989} \\
\hline & & 1987 & 1988 & May & June & July & Aug． & Sept． & Oct． & Nov． & Dec． & Jan． & Feb． & Mar． & Apr． & May & June \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|c|}{CONSTRUCTION AND REAL ESTATE－Continued} \\
\hline REAL ESTATE \(\diamond\) & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Mortgage applications for new home construction： FHA applications．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．thous．units．． Seasonally adjusted annual rates．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．．． & 165.3 & 104.9 & 10.5
112 & 9.5
109 & 8.1 & 9.4 & 8.3
96 & 8.5 & 7.3 & 7.2 & \(\begin{array}{r}6.4 \\ 86 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 7.3
91 & 9.9
92 & 8.3
98 & \(\begin{array}{r}12.4 \\ 132 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 12.2
138 \\
\hline Requests for VA appraisals． \(\qquad\) do ．．．． Seasonaily adjusted annual rates．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．．． & 193.4 & 149.8 & 19.9
216 & 15.2
162 & 13.7
167 & 14.5
153 & 9.4
116 & 8.3
109 & 9.1
201 & 7.7 & 8.0
120 & 9.6 & 13.7 & 9.1
101 & 9.5 & 10.4
110 \\
\hline Home mortgages insured or guaranteed by： & 81.880 .51 & 42.577 .16 & & & & \(4,069.62\) & & & & 3，501．38 & 4.628 .42 & 3.508 .80 & 3.189 .10 & 3，064．37 & 3，166．56 & 3，773．70 \\
\hline Vet．Adm．：Face amount §．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．．． & 33，322．54 & 15，773．84 & 1，163．94 & 1，209．49 & 1，287．15 & 1，451．05 & 1，504，53 & 1，388．99 & 1，334，34 & 1，368．01 & 1，239．99 & 1，222．92 & 1，363．51 & 1，127．15 & 1，164．14 & 1，071．66 \\
\hline Federal Home Loan Banks，outstanding advances to member institutions，end of period． \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\) mil．\＄．． & 133，054 & 152，777 & 132，118 & 134，832 & 135，759 & 137，953 & 141，562 & 142，260 & 145，771 & 152，777 & 154，014 & 158，267 & 163，779 & 165，630 & 164，268 & 161，870 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
New mortgage loans of FSLIC－insured \\
institutions，estimated total＠．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．mil．\＄．． By purpose of loan：
\end{tabular} & 253，407 & r240，303 & 21，236 & 25，567 & 21，674 & 24，655 & 23，325 & 19，647 & \({ }^{\text {1 } 18,319}\) & 21，683 & ＇15，412 & ＇13，887 & ＇19，089 & \({ }^{1} 16,464\) & 16，071 & \\
\hline Home construction．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． & 28，411 & r29，555 & 2，613 & 2，893 & 2，464 & 2，833 & 2，867 & r2，432 & 2，256 & 2，705 & 1，972 & 1，805 & 2，515 & r2，287 & 2，355 & \\
\hline Home purchase．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．．． & 190，749 & r176，409 & 15，935 & 18，984 & 16，466 & 18，810 & 17，133 & \({ }^{\text {r }} 14,750\) & 13，634 & 15，279 & 11，448 & \({ }^{1} 10,396\) & 14，261 & r12，422 & 11，880 & \\
\hline All other purposes ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．．． & 34，247 & 34，333 & 2，688 & 3，689 & 2，743 & 3，013 & 3，325 & 2，464 & 2，429 & 3，700 & ＇1，992 & 1，637 & \({ }^{2} 2,311\) & r1，755 & 1，836 & \(\ldots\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|c|}{DOMESTIC TRADE} \\
\hline ADVERTISING & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Magazine advertising（Leading National \\
Advertisers）： \\
Cost，total \(\qquad\) mil．\＄．．
\end{tabular}}} \\
\hline & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{Apparel and accessories．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．} \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{Automotive，incl，accessories ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．}} \\
\hline & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{} \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{Foods，soft drinks，confection－ ery \(\qquad\)} \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{Beer，wine，liquors ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．}} \\
\hline & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{Houshold equip．，supplies，fur－ nishings \(\qquad\)} \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{Industrial materials． \(\qquad\) do ．．} \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Soaps，cleansers，etc \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\) do．． \\
Smoking materials do．．
\end{tabular}}} \\
\hline & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline All other．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{Newspaper advertising expenditures（Newspaper Advertising Bureau，Inc．）：it}} \\
\hline & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Classified．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． & 10，691 & 11，771 & 3，168 & & & 3，014． & & & 2，844 & & & 2，810 & & & & \\
\hline National ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．．． & 3，494 & 3，586 & 920 & & & 867 & & & 920 & & & 895 & & & & \\
\hline Retail ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． & 15，227 & 15，840 & 3，895 & & & 3，741 & & & 4，756 & & & 3，612 & & & & \\
\hline WHOLESALE TRADE \(\dagger\) & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} & 1，482，975 & 1，588，330 & 131，689 & 137，210 & 126，841 & 138，551 & 136，994 & 141，385 & 138，289 & 136，599 & 131，786 & 127，414 & 148，920 & \({ }^{1} 187,567\) & 149，432 & ．．．．．．．．．． \\
\hline & 725,683 & 782，744 & 65，312 & 68，466 & 62，555 & 67，904 & 68，511 & 70,825 & 68，957 & 67，261 & 68，265 & 62，003 & 72,946
75974 & \(\begin{array}{r} \\ \\ 768,014 \\ \hline 685\end{array}\) & 73,550
75,882 & ．．．．．．．．． \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{Merchant wholesalers inventories，book value （non－LIFO basis），} \\
\hline end of period（unadj），total．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．mil．\＄．． & 162,964
105,145 & 178,884
114,176 & 168，419 & 171,341
111,500 & 172,497
113,366 & 172，736 & 175,787
115,469 & 178,969
115,561 & 178，197 & 178,884
114,176 & 181,054
115,885 & 181,481
117,512 & 181,246
117,890 & \({ }^{\text {r }} 182,305\) & 181，181 & \\
\hline Nondurable goods establishments．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．．． & 57，819 & 64，708 & 57，009 & 59，841 & 59，131 & －59，266 & 60，318 & 63，408 & 63，549 & 64，708 & 65，169 & 63，969 & 63，356 & \({ }^{2} 62,120\) & 59，609 & \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{RETAIL TRADE \(\ddagger\)} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
All retail stores： \\
Estimated sales（unadj．），total \(\qquad\) mil．\＄．．
\end{tabular} & 1，521，417 & 1，629，150 & 137，555 & 139，051 & 135，371 & 140，201 & 138，000 & 135，898 & 140，249 & 170，811 & 122，467 & 118，891 & 139，759 & ＇137，924 & \({ }^{\text {r } 146,966 ~}\) & \({ }^{1} 145,009\) \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{Building materials，hardware，garden supply，and mobile home dealers．．．．．．mil．\＄． Automotive dealers} & 572，489 & 628，543 & 55，300 & 57，196 & 53，020 & 55，153 & 51，076 & 51，113 & 51，683 & 59，847 & 46，036 & 45，146 & 53，784 & \({ } 53,754\) & \({ }^{5} 58,554\) & \({ }^{157,401}\) \\
\hline & 81，549 & 88，894 & 8，678 & 8，476 & 7，814 & 8，150 & 7，811 & 7，876 & 7，318 & 7，255 & 5，880 & 5，491 & 6，774 & 7，865 & r，915 & 8，612 \\
\hline & 334，429 & 369，028 & 33，327 & 34，712 & 31，845 & 32，963 & 29，748 & 29，660 & 28，766 & 28，613 & 27，233 & 27，201 & 33，262 & r32，491 & r34，960 & \({ }^{1} 33,967\) \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Furniture，home furnishings， \\
and equipment． \(\qquad\)
\end{tabular} & 84，562 & 92，952 & 7，312 & 7，725 & 7，490 & 7，837 & 7，543 & 7，713 & 8，643 & 11，130 & 7，505 & 7，054 & 7，840 & 「7，596 & ＇8，159 & 18，192 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Nondurable goods stores．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．．．．
General merch．group stores．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．．．} & 948，928 & 1，000，607 & 82，255 & 81，855 & 82，351 & 85，048 & 81，924 & 84，785 & 88，566 & 110，964 & 76，431 & 73，745 & 85，975 & \({ }^{\text {r }} 84,170\) & r88，412 & \\
\hline & 176，023 & 183，783 & 14，714 & 14，343 & 13，309 & 14，791 & 13，972 & 15，357 & 18，800 & 29，944 & 10，954 & 11，025 & 14，537 & －14，657 & \({ }^{\text {r } 15,377}\) & \({ }^{1} 15,182\) \\
\hline General merch．group stores．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．．． Food stores． \(\qquad\) & 314.605 & 331，892 & 27，695 & 27，941 & 29,015 & 28，482 & 27，875 & 27，927 & 27,764
8,365 & 30,888
8,499 & 27，204 & \(\begin{array}{r}26,125 \\ 7 \\ \hline 649\end{array}\) & 29,459
8,599 & \(\begin{array}{r}\text { r28，373 } \\ \\ \hline 9,113\end{array}\) & \(\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \\ r 9,962 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & \(\begin{array}{r}1 \\ \hline 19,805 \\ \hline 1,677\end{array}\) \\
\hline \multirow[t]{4}{*}{} & 77，998 & 82，028 & 6，397 & 6，181 & 6，080 & 7，031 & 6，735 & 7，018 & 7，780 & 12，026 & 5，480 & 5，103 & 6，992 & －6，774 & \({ }^{7} 7,009\) & \({ }^{1} 6,876\) \\
\hline & 147，717 & 157，504 & 13，308 & 13，597 & 14，128 & 14，298 & 13，435 & 13，681 & 12，955 & 13，792 & 12，497 & 11，885 & 13，567 & \({ }^{r} 13,648\) & \({ }^{\text {r }} 14,051\) & \({ }^{\text {t }} 14,276\) \\
\hline & 54，958 & 58，729 & 4，856 & 4，801 & 4,659 & 4，831 & 4，707 & 4，796 & 4,884 & 6，498 & 4，898 & 4，778 & 5，223 & \({ }^{\text {T } 4,814}\) & \({ }^{5} 5,186\) & \({ }^{1} 5,093\) \\
\hline & 19，458 & 19，143 & 1，593 & 1，624 & 1，684 & 1，582 & 1，512 & 1，508 & 1，574 & 2，303 & 1，425 & 1，335 & 1，499 & r1，509 & 1，644 & \\
\hline Estimated sales（seas．adj），total ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． & & & \({ }^{\text {r }} 134,003\) & \({ } 135,161\) & 135，662 & 136，050 & 135，751 & 137，842 & 139，529 & 139，189 & 140，040 & 139，428 & 139，516 & \({ }^{\text {r }} 141,413\) & ＇141，295 & \({ }^{1} 140,777\) \\
\hline Durable goods stores \＃．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． & & & \({ }^{\text {r } 51,885 ~}\) & \({ }^{\text {r }} 22,397\) & 52，284 & 51，931 & 51，427 & 52，725 & 53，930 & 54，154 & 53，815 & 53，071 & 52，886 & r53，901 & ＇53，649 & \({ }^{1} 52,947\) \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Bldg．materials，hardware，garden sup－ \\
ply，and mobile home dealers\＃．．．．．．．mil．\＄．．
\end{tabular} & & & r7，440 & －7，352 & 7，247 & 7，357 & 7，486 & 7，424 & 7，640 & 7，822 & 7，742 & 7，483 & 7，228 & －7，481 & ＇7，505 & \({ }^{1} 7,502\) \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
ply，and mobile home dealers\＃．．．．．．．．mil．\＄．． \\
Building materials and
\end{tabular} & & & －449， & 7,352
\(+5,70\) & ，24 & 5,316 & 5，880 & 7，424 & 5.640 & 7，822 & & 7，483 & 5，288 & & & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} & & & 「5，302 & \({ }^{\text {r }} 51,270\) & 5，168 & 5，216 & 5，270 & 5，279 & 5，508 & 5，639 & 5，678 & 5，409 & 5，190 & ［5，351 & 5，324 & \\
\hline & & & 1，159 & r1，170 & 1，172 & 1，170 & 1，209 & 1，198 & 1，201 & 1，190 & 1，175 & 1，149 & 1，117 & ＇1，139 & 1，216 & \\
\hline Hardware stores ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． & & & \({ }^{\text {r 30，378 }}\) & 「30，668 & 30，790 & 30，353 & 29，870 & 31，262 & 31，800 & 31，803 & 31，194 & 30，643 & 30，787 & r31，407 & r30，841 & \({ }^{1} 30,234\) \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Motor vehicle and miscellaneous auto dealers．} & & r27，873 & ＇28，090 & 28，295 & 27，823 & 27，380 & 28，801 & 29，364 & 29，350 & 28，725 & 28，174 & 28，273 & r28，868 & r28，288 & \({ }^{\text {＇27，695 }}\) \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Auto and home supply} & & ＋2，505 & \(\begin{array}{r}\text { r2，578 } \\ \\ \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 28，295 & 2，530 & 2，490 & 2，461 & 2，436 & 2，453 & 2，469 & 2，469 & 2，514 & ＇2，539 & 2，553 & \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Furniture，home furnishings，} & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{and equipment \＃．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．
Furniture，home furnish－
ings stores ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．} & & & r7，702 & ＇7，893 & 7，687 & 7，712 & 7，747 & 7，807 & 7，983 & 7，947 & 8，264 & 8，287 & 8，195 & ＇8，329 & 8，418 & ＇8，411 \\
\hline & & & \({ }^{\text {r }} 3,778\) & \({ }^{\text {r }} 3,866\) & 3，784 & 3，738 & 3，791 & 3，877 & 3，944 & 3，986 & 4，123 & 4，031 & 3，929 & ＇3，994 & 3，954 & \\
\hline ings stores \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\) do Household appliance，radio，and TV stores \(\qquad\) do ．．． & & & \({ }^{2} 3,387\) & \({ }^{3} \mathbf{3}, 475\) & 3，345 & 3，406 & 3，404 & 3，361 & 3，488 & 3，391 & 3，555 & 3，665 & 3，697 & r3，768 & 3，902 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

See footnotes at end of tables．



\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1986 and methodological notes are as shown in Business Statistics: 1986} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Annual} & \multicolumn{8}{|c|}{1988} & \multicolumn{6}{|c|}{1989} \\
\hline & 1987 & 1988 & May & June & July & Aug. & Sept. & Oct. & Nov. & Dec. & Jan. & Feb. & Mar. & Apr. & May & June \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|c|}{LABOR FORCE, EMPLOYMENT, AND EARNINGS-Continued} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
```

EMPLOYMENT §-Continued <br>
Seasonally Adjusted <br>
Production or nonsupervisory workers-Continued

```
\end{tabular} & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Nondurable goods................... ..........thous. & 5,531 & 5,619 & 5,611 & 5,620 & 5,623 & 5,612 & 5,610 & 5,634 & 5,648 & 5,655 & 5,665 & 5,677 & 5,693 & 5,686 & 5,691 & 5,685 \\
\hline Food and kindred products.. ..............do.... & 1,148 & 1,163 & 1,160 & 1,161 & 1,157 & 1,158 & 1,156 & 1,169 & 1,173 & 1,172 & 1,175 & 1,177 & 1,182 & 1,184 & 1,185 & \({ }^{\text {P1, } 183}\) \\
\hline Tobacco manufactures .......... .............do.... & 42 & 42 & 42 & 42 & 41 & 41 & 40 & 41 & 42 & 42 & 41 & 41 & 41. & 40 & 38 & \\
\hline Textile mill products \(\qquad\) ........................do.... Apparel and other textile & 630 & 632 & 634 & 633 & 634 & 626 & 629 & 629 & 628 & 628 & 630 & 630 & 630 & 630 & 630 & \({ }^{p} 630\) \\
\hline products \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\) do .... & \({ }_{516}^{923}\) & 919 & \({ }_{5} 921\) & 919 & \({ }_{526}{ }^{17}\) & 912 & \({ }_{523} 912\) & \begin{tabular}{l}
912 \\
524 \\
\hline 8
\end{tabular} & \({ }_{5}^{916}\) & 919
525 &  & \({ }_{524}^{926}\), & \begin{tabular}{l}
930 \\
525 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & \(\begin{array}{r}927 \\ 524 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 924
525 & \({ }^{p 922}\) \\
\hline  & \({ }_{841}\) & \begin{tabular}{l}
524 \\
874 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{|l|}
523 \\
870 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & \(\stackrel{825}{873}\) & \begin{tabular}{l}
526 \\
874 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & \({ }^{525}\) & 523
878 & 888 & 883 & \({ }_{886}\) & 887 & 888 & 891 & 5889 & 891 & \({ }^{1} 894\) \\
\hline Chemicals and allied products...............do..... & 575 & 596 & 594 & 597 & 598 & 600 & 600 & 602 & 602 & 604 & 607 & 608 & 610 & 609 & \({ }^{6} 14\) & \({ }^{p} 612\) \\
\hline Petroleum and coal products..............do .... & 107 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 105 & 104 & 105 & 105 & 105 & \({ }^{1} 106\) & \({ }^{\text {p }} 107\) \\
\hline Rubber and plastics prod- & & & & & & & & & 655 & & & & & & & \\
\hline Leather and leather products........................... & \({ }_{120}^{629}\) & 119 & 120 & 646
119 & 119 & 118 & 119 & 118 & 118 & 118 & 119 & 119 & 119 & 118 & \({ }^{1} 118\) & \({ }^{\circ} 118\) \\
\hline Service-producing......................... .............do & 51,618 & 53,637 & 53,302 & 53,617 & 53,749 & 53,908 & 54,012 & 54,156 & 54,344 & 54,531 & 54,709 & 54,901 & 55,049 & \({ }^{\text {r 55, } 151}\) & \({ }^{\text {r 5 , } 257}\) & \({ }^{5} 55,441\) \\
\hline Transportation and public utilities............do.. & 4,455 & 4,610 & 4,585 & 4,604 & 4,618 & 4,681 & 4,635 & 4,653 & 4,671 & 4,691 & 4,704 & 4,718 & 4,718 & 4,735 & \({ }^{\text {r }}\), 752 & \({ }^{p} 4,765\) \\
\hline Wholesale trade......................... ..............do .... & 4,682 & 4,854 & 4,832 & 4,857 & 4,867 & 4,876 & 4,890 & 4,903 & 4,917 & 4,931 & 4,948 & 4,970 & 4,990 & \({ }^{4} 4,996\) & \%, & \({ }^{\text {p } 5,016}\) \\
\hline Retail trade ................................ .............do .... & 16,431 & 16,936 & 16,871 & 16,925 & 16,959 & 17,001 & 16,997 & 17,017 & 17,066 & 17,106 & 17,171 & 17,215 & 17,244 & r17,235 & '17,268 & \({ }^{p} 17,273\) \\
\hline Finance, insurance, and real estate....................................... ................do .... & 4,808 & 4,849 & 4,835 & 4,845 & 4,850 & 4,856 & 4,858 & 4,866 & 4,873 & 4,879 & 4,886 & 4,893 & 4,900 & 4,902 & \({ }^{\text {r }}\), 9,917 & P4,927 \\
\hline Services .................................... .............do .... & 21,242 & 22,389 & 22,179 & 22,386 & 22,455 & 22,544 & 22,632 & 22,717 & 22,817 & 22,924 & 23,000 & 23,105 & 23,197 & r23,283 & \({ }^{\text {r23,314 }}\) & \({ }^{p} 23,460\) \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{AVERAGE HOURS PER WEEK \(\S\)
Seasonally Adjusted}} \\
\hline & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{Avg. weekly hours per worker on private nonag. payrolls:} \\
\hline Seasonally adjusted & 34.8 & 34.7 & 34.7 & 34.7 & 34.8 & \({ }_{34.6}^{35.0}\) & 34.7 & 34.8 & 34.7 & 34.7 & 34.8 & 34.6 & 34.7 & 34.9 & 34.6 & \({ }^{3} 34.6\) \\
\hline  & 42.4 & 42.3 & 42.2 & 42.5 & 42.4 & 42.0 & 42.2 & 42.6 & 41.9 & \({ }^{42} 8.8\) & 42.2 & 41.7 & 42.0 & 42.8 & 42.1 & \({ }^{p} 42.3\) \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{} \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{} & 41.0 & 41.1 & 41.0 & 41.2 & 40.7 & 40.9 & 41.3 & 41.3 & 41.5 & 41.7 & 41.0 & 40.8 & 41.0 & 41.0 & 40.9 & \({ }^{\text {P }} 41.0\) \\
\hline & & & 41.1 & 41.1 & 41.1 & 41.0 & 41.1 & 41.2 & 41.2 & 41.0 & 41.1 & 41.1 & 41.0 & 41.3 & 41.0 & \({ }^{p} 40.9\) \\
\hline & 3.7 & 3.9 & 3.9 & 3.9 & 3.9 & 3.9 & 3.9 & 4.0 & 3.9 & 3.9 & 3.9 & 3.9 & 4.0 & 3.9 & 3.8 & \({ }^{p} 3.8\) \\
\hline Durable goods .......................... ..............do.... & 41.5 & 41.8 & 41.8 & 41.8 & 41.8 & 41.7 & 41.9 & 41.9 & 41.9 & 41.7 & 41.8 & 41.8 & 41.7 & r41.9 & 41.5 & \({ }^{\text {p }} 41.5\) \\
\hline  & 3.8 & 4.1 & 4.2 & 4.1 & 4.1 & 4.1 & 4.1 & 4.2 & 4.2 & 4.1 & 4.1 & 4.1 & 4.1 & 4.1 & 3.9 & \({ }^{\text {P3 }} 3.9\) \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Lumber and wood products..... .............do....} & 40.6 & 40.3 & 40.1 & 40.2 & 40.4 & 40.1 & 40.1 & 40.7 & 40.3 & 40.3 & 40.8 & 39.6 & 40.0 & 40.5 & 39.7 & \({ }^{p} 39.9\) \\
\hline & 40.0 & 39.4 & 39.6 & 39.4 & 39.6 & 39.2 & 39.6 & 39.4 & 39.5 & 39.4 & 39.8 & 39.7 & 39.8 & 39.9 & r39.4 & \({ }^{\text {p }} 39.4\) \\
\hline Furniture and fixtures ........... .............do.... & 42.3 & 42.3 & 42.3 & 42.4 & 42.2 & 42.2 & 42.3 & 42.5 & 42.6 & 42.4 & 42.5 & 42.2 & 42.2 & 42.5 & \({ }^{4} 41.9\) & \({ }_{p}{ }^{4} 1.9\) \\
\hline Primary metal industries .........................do..... & 43.1 & 43.6 & 43.7 & 43.6 & 43.5 & 43.5 & 43.9 & 43.7 & 43.7 & 43.5 & 43.6 & 43.4 & 43.5 & \({ }^{+} 43.3\) & \({ }^{\text {r }}\) & \({ }_{p}^{p} 43.1\) \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Fabricated metal products...... .............do....} & 41.6 & 41.9 & 42.0 & 42.0 & 41.9 & 41.8 & 42.0 & 41.9 & 42.1 & 41.8 & 41.5 & 41.9 & 41.8 & \({ }^{+41.9}\) & 41.7 & \({ }_{p}{ }_{p} 41.4\) \\
\hline & 42.2 & 42.6 & 42.6 & 42.6 & 42.8 & 42.5 & 42.7 & 42.7 & 42.5 & 42.5 & 42.5 & 42.6 & 42.5 & 42.7 & 42.5 & \({ }^{4} 42.4\) \\
\hline  & 40.9 & 41.0 & 41.0 & 41.0 & 41.0 & 40.9 & 40.9 & 41.0 & 41.0 & 40.8 & 40.9 & 40.9 & 40.6 & 41.0 & \({ }^{4} 40.7\) & \({ }^{\text {p } 40.6}\) \\
\hline & 42.0 & 42.7 & 42.8 & 42.9 & 42.7 & 42.7 & 43.0 & 43.1 & 43.1 & 42.8 & 42.8 & 43.1 & 43.1 & 42.8 & '42.5 & \({ }^{3} 42.5\) \\
\hline  & 41.4 & 41.5 & 41.5 & 41.4 & 41.7 & 41.5 & 41.6 & 41.8 & 41.6 & 41.1 & 41.5 & 41.5 & 41.1 & 41.5 & 41.2 & \({ }^{\text {P }} 41.1\) \\
\hline Miscellaneous manufacturing..................do.... & 39.4 & 39.2 & 39.3 & 39.4 & 39.3 & 39.3 & 39.2 & 39.1 & 39.3 & 39.0 & 39.4 & 39.5 & 39.5 & 39.8 & r39.5 & \({ }^{\text {p }} 39.1\) \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} & 40.2 & 40.1 & 40.0 & 40.1 & 40.2 & 40.1 & 40.2 & 40.2 & 40.2 & 40.0 & 40.1 & 40.2 & 40.1 & 40.4 & 40.2 & \({ }^{p} 40.2\) \\
\hline & 3.6 & 3.7 & 3.6 & 3.6 & 3.7 & 3.6 & 3.7 & 3.7 & 3.6 & 3.6 & 3.6 & 3.7 & 3.8 & 3.8 & 3.7 & P3.7 \\
\hline Overtime hours .................. ...............do..... & \({ }^{40.2}\) & 40.3 & 40.1 & 40.3 & 40.4 & 40.3 & 40.3 & 40.4 & 40.6 & 40.2 & 40.1 & 40.3 & 40.4 & 40.7 & \({ }^{4} 80.6\) & p 40.7
\(p 387\) \\
\hline Tobacco manufactures \(\ddagger\)......... .............do.... & 39.0 & 39.8 & 39.4 & 39.8 & 39.3 & 40.1 & 41.2 & 41.3 & 40.31 & 39.9 & 38.0
40.9 & 37.8
40.8 & 36.3
41.1 & \({ }^{3} \mathbf{3 1 . 7}\) & \({ }^{7} 41.4\) & \({ }^{P} 41.4\) \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Textile mill products ............... ...............do.... \\
Apparel and other textile \\
products \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
\end{tabular} & 41.8 & 41.1
37.0 & 40.9
36.9 & 40.8 & 41.0
37.0 & 41.0
36.9 & 41.0
37.1 & 41.0
36.9 & 41.0
37.0 & 40.5
36.8 & 40.9
37.0 & 40.8
37.1 & 41.1
36.9 & 41.7
37.6 & \({ }^{1} 37.4\) & \({ }^{\text {P }} 37.4\) \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Paper and allied products ....... ..............do....} & \({ }^{43.4}\) & 43.2 & 43.3 & 43.2 & 43.2 & 43.2 & 43.2 & 43.2 & 43.1 & 43.2 & 43.1 & 43.2 & 43.3 & -43.4 & \({ }^{4} 43.3\) & \({ }^{\text {p }} 33.2\) \\
\hline & 38.0 & 38.0 & 37.8 & 38.0 & 38.0 & 38.0 & 38.1 & 38.0 & 37.9 & 37.8 & 38.0 & 38.0 & 37.9 & 37.9 & r37.7 & \({ }^{3} 37.9\) \\
\hline Printing and publishing.................................... & 42.3 & 42.3 & 42.1 & 42.4 & 42.3 & 42.2 & 42.3 & 42.5 & 42.3 & 42.3 & 42.3 & 42.3 & 42.3 & \({ }_{-42.6}\) & \({ }^{5} 42.2\) & \({ }_{p_{443}{ }^{\text {P }} 4.3}\) \\
\hline Chemicals and allied products...............do................. & 44.0 & 44.4 & 44.1 & 45.1 & 45.3 & 44.6 & 44.8 & 44.7 & 44.2 & 44.3 & 43.5 & 44.0 & 43.2 & 44.3 & '43.7 & \({ }^{\text {P43.3 }}\) \\
\hline  & 41.6 & 41.7 & 41.8 & 41.7 & 41.7 & 41.6 & 41.7 & 41.6 & 41.7 & 41.4 & 41.7 & 41.7 & 41.6 & \({ }^{\text {r }} 41.6\) & \({ }_{7} 91.5\) & \({ }_{p}^{p} 41.5\) \\
\hline Leather and leather products.......................... & 38.2 & 37.5 & 37.4 & 37.1 & 37.2 & 37.5 & 37.5 & 37.8 & 37.3 & 37.7 & 38. & 38.6 & 38.0 & \({ }^{3} 8.3\) & '37.4 & \({ }^{p} 37.9\) \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Transportation and public utilities................do....
Wholesale trade...................................} & 39.2 & 39.3 & 39.3 & 39.4 & 39.4 & 39.3 & 39.4 & 39.4 & 39.3 & 39.4 & 39.6 & 39.4 & 39.4 & \({ }^{4} 40.1\) & \({ }^{\text {r }} 39.6\) & \({ }^{P} 39.6\) \\
\hline & 38.1 & 38.1 & 38.0 & 38.0 & 38.1 & 37.9 & 38.1 & 38.1 & 38.0 & 38.1 & 38.1 & 38.1 & 38.1 & 38.3 & 37.9 & \({ }^{3} 38.0\) \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Retail trade.} & 29.2 & 29.1 & 29.0 & 29.1 & 29.3 & 29.0 & 29.1 & 29.2 & 29.0 & 29.1 & 29.1 & 28.9 & 28.9 & 29.1 & 28.9 & \({ }^{2} 28.9\) \\
\hline & & & & & & & & & & & 36.1 & & 35.8 & 36.3 & 35.6 & p35.8 \\
\hline  & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{32.5} & 32.6 & 32.5 & 32.5 & 32.7 & 32.5 & 32.6 & 32.7 & 32.5 & 32.7 & 32.7 & 32.5 & 32.6 & 32.8 & 32.5 & \({ }^{3} 32.4\) \\
\hline AGGREGATE EMPLOYEE-HOURS § Seasonally Adjusted & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Employee-hours, wage \& salary workers in nonagric. establish, for 1 week in the month, seas adj. at annual rate & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline seas adj. at annual rate...................bil. hours.. & 156.32 & 161.73 & \({ }_{160} 19.54\) & 161.65 & \({ }_{162.63}\) & 161.88 & 162.42 & \({ }_{163.58}\) & \({ }_{163.57}^{198.14}\) & 164.08 & 164.99 & 164.72 & 165.01 & \({ }^{2} 166.62\) & \({ }^{2} 165.19\) & \({ }^{2} 165.57\) \\
\hline Mining ......................................... .................do.... & 1.58 & 1.58 & 1.59 & 1.61 & 1.59 & 1.58 & 1.58 & 1.58 & 1.55 & 1.56 & 1.56 & 1.55 & 1.57 & 1.61 & \({ }^{1} 1.57\) & \({ }^{p} 1.56\) \\
\hline Construction............................ .............do.... & 9.76 & 10.10 & 10.01 & 10.21 & 10.13 & 10.12 & 10.10 & 10.26 & 10.38 & 10.27 & 10.29 & 10.32 & 10.34 & \({ }^{r} 10.41\) & \({ }^{2} 10.20\) & \({ }^{p} 10.27\) \\
\hline Manufacturing ......................... .............do.... & 40.53 & 41.42 & 41.28 & 41.45 & 41.54 & 41.43 & 41.52 & 41.72 & 41.84 & 41.72 & 41.93 & 41.95 & 41.91 & \({ }^{5} 42.08\) & \({ }^{\text {r }} 41.87\) & \({ }^{p} 41.81\) \\
\hline Transportation and public utilities............do.... & 10.96 & 11.36 & 11.30 & 11.37 & 11.45 & 11.41 & 11.43 & 11.49 & 11.51 & 11.56 & 11.64 & 11.63 & 11.62 & \({ }_{711} 11.81\) & r11.74 & \({ }^{p} 11.82\) \\
\hline Wholesale trade........................ .............do.... & 11.60 & 11.95 & 11.84 & 11.90 & 11.99 & 11.92 & 12.01 & 12.05 & 12.05 & 12.11 & 12.16 & 12.23 & 12.28 & \({ }^{7} 12.37\) & ז12.24 & \({ }_{p 1}{ }^{1} 2.380\) \\
\hline \multirow[t]{4}{*}{} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{28.07
1237} & 28.92 & 28.69 & 28.85 & 29.16 & 28.93 & 29.00 & 29.16 & 29.09 & 29.30 & 29.44 & 29.24 & 29.29 & 29.47 & r29.32 & \({ }^{p} 29.31\) \\
\hline & & 12.50 & 12.38 & & & 12.43 & 12.48 & 12.59 & 12.51 & 12.58 & 12.69 & 12.61 & 12.62 & \({ }^{\text {r }} 12.79\) & \({ }^{12} 2.61\) & \({ }^{12} 12.68\) \\
\hline & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
12.37 \\
\hline 1.45 \\
3.61
\end{tabular}} & 43.90 & 43.44 & 43.81 & 44.19 & 44.06 & 44.81 & 44.73 & 44.65 & 44.97 & 45.28 & 45.20 & 45.38 & \({ }^{\top} 46.09\) & \({ }^{\text {r }} 45.63\) & \({ }^{p} 45.82\) \\
\hline & & 34.78 & 34.90 & 34.78 & 34.61 & 34.89 & 35.11 & 35.18 & 34.57 & 35.08 & 35.32 & 35.60 & 35.32 & \({ }^{1} 35.49\) & \({ }^{\text {r } 35.67 ~}\) & \({ }^{\square} 35.39\) \\
\hline Indexes of employee-hours (aggregate weekly): \(\diamond\) & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Private nonagric. payrolls, total \(\ldots . . . . .1977=100 .\). & 120.7 & 124.9 & 124.0 & 124.8 & 125.6 & 125.1 & 125.6 & 126.3 & 126.3 & 126.8 & 127.4 & \begin{tabular}{|c}
127.2 \\
1029
\end{tabular} & 127.6
1029 & \({ }^{128.7}\) & \({ }^{\text {r102. }} 12\) & \({ }^{p} 127.8\) \\
\hline Goods-producing ......................... ..............do.... & 98.9 & 101.5 & 101.1 & \({ }_{88}^{101.8}\) & & \({ }_{816.5}\) & 101.8 & 102.4
812 & \(\begin{array}{r}102.8 \\ 80 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & & & 102.9
80.1 & & & \({ }_{7}^{102.8}\) & \\
\hline Mining ................................. .............do.... & 80.8
132.7 & 81.8
137.5 & 82.5
136.0 & 83.0
138.7 & 83.5
137.9 & 81.6
137.8 & 81.1
188.1 & 81.2
139.4 & 80.0
141.1 & 80.2
139.4 & 789 & 80.1
140.5 & 81.1
140.3 & r83.4
\({ }^{\text {r } 141.0}\) & r
r138.1
r & \(\begin{array}{r}\text { p80.1 } \\ \\ \hline 138.5\end{array}\) \\
\hline  & 93.2 & 95.5 & 95.2 & 95.5 & 95.9 & 95.5 & 95.7 & 96.2 & \({ }_{96.5}\) & 96.2 & 96.7 & 96.7 & 96.7 . & 97.2 & 96.5 & \({ }_{996.2}\) \\
\hline Manufacturing....................... ..............do... & 90.7 & 93.6 & 93.4 & 93.7 & 94.2 & 93.7 & 94.1 & 94.6 & 94.9 & 94.6 & 95.2 & 95.0 & 94.9 & 95.2 & 94.4 & p93.9 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Nondurable goods............... ............do.....} & 96.9 & 98.3 & 97.8 & 98.2 & 98.4 & 98.0 & 98.2 & 98.6 & 98.8 & 98.4 & 98.9 & 99.3 & 99.5 & 100.1 & \({ }^{\text {r }} 99.6\) & p99.5 \\
\hline & 132.8 & 137.8 & 136.6 & 137.6 & 138.7 & 138.1 & 138.8 & 139.6 & 139.2 & 140.3 & 140.9 & 140.6 & 141.2 & 142.6 & r141.5 & \({ }^{2} 141.9\) \\
\hline Transportation and public utilities. \(\qquad\) & 109.0 & 113.2 & 112.6 & 113.4 & 118.7 & 113.7 & 114.1 & 114.6 & 114.7 & 115.5 & 116.4 & 116.2 & 116.2 & 118.6 & r117.6 & \({ }^{8} 117.9\) \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} & 118.7 & 122.8 & 122.0 & 122.7 & 123.3 & 122.8 & 123.8 & 124.2 & 124.2 & 124.9 & 125.3 & 125.9 & 126.4 & 127.2 & r126.1 & \({ }^{9} 126.7\) \\
\hline & 122.4 & 125.5 & 124.6 & 125.4 & 126.5 & 125.5 & 125.9 & 126.5 & 126.0 & 126.7 & 127.2 & 126.7 & 126.9 & 127.7 & \({ }^{\text {r }} 127.1\) & \({ }^{8} 127.1\) \\
\hline Retail trade.......................................do ....
Finance, inserane,
estate.....................e.......................... & & & & & 141.5 & & 140.9 & 141.6 & 140.6 & 141.2 & 142.1 & 140.8 & 141.8 & 143.8 & 141.9 & \({ }^{\text {P1 }} 142.5\) \\
\hline Services................................................................do...... & 152.8 & 161.5 & 159.4 & 160.9 & 162.4 & 162.1 & 163.2 & 164.3 & 164.0 & 165.8 & 166.4 & 166.1 & 167.3 & 168.9 & \(r 167.6\) & \({ }^{1} 168.1\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Unless otherwise stated in footnotes & & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{Annual} & \multicolumn{8}{|c|}{1988} & \multicolumn{6}{|c|}{1989} \\
\hline methodological notes are as shown in Business Statistics： 1986 & Units & 1987 & 1988 & May & June & July & Aug． & Sept． & Oct． & Nov． & Dec． & Jan． & Feb． & Mar． & Apr． & May & June \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|c|}{LABOR FORCE，EMPLOYMENT，AND EARNINGS－Continued} \\
\hline HOURLY AND WEEKLY EARNINGS \＄ & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Average hourly earnings per worker： \\
Not seasonally adjusted：
\end{tabular}} \\
\hline Private nonagric．payrolis．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．dollars．． & 8.98 & 9.29 & 9.26 & 9.23 & 9.24 & 9.24 & 9.40 & 9.45 & 9.46 & 9.46 & 9.54. & 9.55 & 9.56 & \({ }^{\text {r9，62 }}\) & \({ }^{\text {r9，59 }}\) & \({ }^{p 9} 9.58\) \\
\hline Mining ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．． & 12.54 & 12.75 & 12.60 & 12.61 & 12.72 & 12.69 & 12.82 & 12.79 & 12.89 & 13.03 & 13.20 & 13.22 & 13.15 & \({ }^{\text {r }} 13.19\) & \({ }^{1} 13.14\) & \({ }^{p} 13.10\) \\
\hline Construction．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．．． & 12.71 & 13.01 & 12.91 & 12.89 & 12.96 & 12.99 & 13.16 & 13.17 & 13.08 & 13.19 & 13.26 & 13.21 & 13.26 & 13.30 & \({ }^{1} 13.29\) & \({ }^{1} 13.27\) \\
\hline Manufacturing ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． & 9.91 & 10.18 & 10.14 & 10.16 & 10.17 & 10.13 & 10.25 & 10.25 & 10.31 & 10.37 & 10.37 & 10.38 & 10.41 & 10.41 & \({ }^{1} 10.42\) & \({ }^{p} 10.44\) \\
\hline Excluding overtime ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．．． & 9.48 & 9.72 & 9.70 & 9.70 & 9.73 & 9.67 & 9.75 & 9.76 & 9.82 & 9.88 & 9.91 & 9.92 & 9.94 & 9.95 & \({ }^{19} 9.98\) & \({ }^{p 9} 9.98\) \\
\hline Durable goods．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．． & 10.44 & 10.71 & 10.68 & 10.70 & 10.67 & 10.65 & 10.78 & 10.79 & 10.85 & 10.90 & 10.90 & 10.91 & 10.93 & 10.93 & \({ }^{r} 10.94\) & \({ }^{\square} 10.97\) \\
\hline Excluding overtime ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．．． & 9.98 & 10.21 & 10.19 & 10.19 & 10.21 & 10.16 & 10.25 & 10.26 & 10.32 & 10.36 & 10.40 & 10.41 & 10.43 & 10.44 & \({ }^{1} 10.47\) & \({ }^{\text {P } 10.48 ~}\) \\
\hline Lumber and wood products．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．．． & 8.40 & 8.61 & 8.54 & 8.60 & 8.66 & 8.58 & 8.69 & 8.77 & 8.69 & 8.76 & 8.71 & 8.69 & 8.68 & 8.76 & \({ }^{8} 8.78\) & \({ }^{9} 8.87\) \\
\hline Furniture and fixtures ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． & 7.67 & 7.94 & 7.89 & 7.93 & 7.99 & 8.02 & 8.09 & 8.06 & 8.02 & 8.06 & 8.10 & 8.08 & 8.13 & \({ }^{8} 8.12\) & 8.15 & \({ }^{p} 8.21\) \\
\hline Stone，clay，and glass products．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．．． & 10.25 & 10.47 & 10.44 & 10.47 & 10.58 & 10.45 & 10.55 & 10.57 & 10.60 & 10.57 & 10.59 & 10.62 & 10.62 & \({ }^{r} 10.71\) & 10.70 & \({ }^{p} 10.73\) \\
\hline Primary metal industries ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． & 11.94 & 12.15 & 12.12 & 12.14 & 12.22 & 12.10 & 12.24 & 12.19 & 12.22 & 12.26
10.44 & 12.27
10.45 & 12.27
10.46 & 12.27
10.47 & 10.26
10.48 & \({ }^{2} 12.25\)
\({ }_{10} 10.50\) & \({ }^{\text {p }} 12.27\)
\({ }^{1} 10.49\) \\
\hline Fabricated metal products．．i ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．．．． & 10.00
10.72 & 10.26
11.01 & 10.25
10.94 & 10.29
10.97 & 10.20
10.98 & 10.21
10.97 & 10.34
11.09 & 10.34
11.11 & 10.36
11.22 & 10.44
11.24 & 10.45
11.21 & 10.46
11.23 & 10.47
11.25 & 10.48
11.26 & \({ }^{{ }^{r} 10.50}\) & \({ }^{\text {P1 }} 10.49\) \\
\hline Machinery，except electrical．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．．． & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline equip．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． & 9.88 & 10.13 & 10.12 & 10.15 & 10.13 & 10.15 & 10.19 & 10.16 & 10.24 & 10.29 & 10.27 & 10.26 & 10.30 & \({ }^{5} 10.31\) & \({ }^{1} 10.33\) & \({ }^{p} 10.35\) \\
\hline Transportation equipment．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． & 12.94 & 13.31 & 13.26 & 13.30 & 13.19 & 13.21 & 13.44 & 13.45 & 13.56 & 13.59 & 13.58 & 13.59 & 13.65 & 13.60 & \({ }^{1} 13.57\) & \({ }^{\text {p } 13.67 ~}\) \\
\hline Instruments and related
products．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． & 9.72 & 9.98 & 9.90 & 9.90 & 9.96 & 9.94 & 9.99 & 10.08 & 10.07 & 10.13 & 10.12 & 10.14 & 10.17 & \({ }^{\text {r10．17 }}\) & \({ }^{r} 10.17\) & \({ }^{p} 10.20\) \\
\hline Miscellaneous manufactur－ ing． \(\qquad\) do ．．． & 7.76 & 8.01 & 97 & 7.96 & 7.98 & 7.95 & 8.01 & 8.10 & 8.12 & 8.20 & 8.22 & 8.23 & 8.23 & r8．21 & r8．26 & \({ }^{P 8} 8.27\) \\
\hline Nondurable goods．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do & 9.18 & 9.43 & 9.38 & 9.40 & 9.46 & 9.41 & 9.50 & 9.49 & 9.54 & 9.61 & 9.62 & 9.62 & 9.66 & 9.65 & 9.68 & p9．70 \\
\hline Excluding overtime ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．．． & 8.78 & 9.02 & 9.00 & 9.00 & 9.05 & 8.98 & 9.05 & 9.05 & 9.11 & 9.18 & 9.22 & 9.22 & 9.24 & r9．25 & \(r 9.28\)
\(r 9\) & \({ }^{p} 9.28\) \\
\hline Food and kindred products．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． & 8.98 & 9.10 & 9.14 & 9.11 & 9.12 & 9.02 & 9.11 & 9.08 & 9.15 & 9.25 & 9.27 & 9.26 & 9.33 & \({ }^{79.32}\) & r9．34 & \(\begin{array}{r}\text { P9．38 } \\ \\ \hline 16.63\end{array}\) \\
\hline Tobacco manufactures．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． & 14.07
7.17 & 14.68
7.37 & 15.38
7.31 & 15.92 & 15.78
7.31 & 14.97
7.37 & 14.09
7.43 & 14.01
7.45 & 14.56
7.47 & 14.31
7.52 & 14.39
7.60 & 14.75
7.59 & 15.34
7.59 & \({ }^{\text {r }}\)＇ 15.80 & \({ }^{1} 16.13\) & \({ }^{P} 16.68\) \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Textile mill products ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． \\
Apparel and other textile \\
products
\end{tabular} & 7.17 & 7.37
6.12 & 7.31
6.07 & 7.3 & 7.0
6.03 & 7.37
6.09 & 6.25 & 7.45
6.22 & 7.45 & 7.52
6.29 & 6.32 & 6.32 & 6.34 & ＇6．32 & r6．32 & p． 64
\({ }^{6} .35\) \\
\hline Paper and allied products．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． & 11.43 & 11.65 & 11.66 & 11.66 & 11.72 & 11.65 & 11.72 & 11.68 & 11.74 & 11.81 & 11.78 & 11.80 & 11.84 & \({ }^{1} 11.83\) & \({ }^{1} 11.89\) & \({ }^{p} 11.93\) \\
\hline Printing and publishing．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．． & 10.28 & 10.52 & 10.43 & 10.43 & 10.48 & 10.54 & 10.70 & 10.68 & 10.67 & 10.70 & 10.73 & 10.74 & 10.79 & 10.73 & \({ }^{5} 10.76\) & \({ }^{p} 10.72\) \\
\hline Chemicals and allied products．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．． & 12.37 & 12.67 & 12.58 & 12.60 & 12.70 & 12.62 & 12.75 & 12.78 & 12.86 & 12.90 & 12.85 & 12.88 & 12.91 & \({ }^{\text {＇12．92 }}\) & \({ }^{1} 12.99\) & \({ }^{p} 13.06\) \\
\hline Petroleum and coal products．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． & 14.58 & 14.98 & 14.86 & 14.96 & 14.93 & 14.84 & 15.01 & 15.14 & 15.18 & 15.21 & 15.24 & 15.45 & 15.46 & \({ }^{\text {＇15．50 }}\) & \({ }^{\text {r }} 15.36\) & \({ }^{p} 15.19\) \\
\hline Rubber and plastics prod－ ucts，nec．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do & 8.92 & 9.14 & ． 07 & 10 & 9.15 & 9.17 & 9.22 & 9.23 & 9.26 & 9.31 & 9.32 & 9.31 & 9.33 & r9．35 & 9.40 & \({ }^{p 9.41}\) \\
\hline Leather and leather products．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． & 6.08 & 6.27 & 6.26 & 6.26 & 6.19 & 6.22 & 6.30 & 6.33 & 6.41 & 6.44 & 6.48 & 6.49 & 6.54 & 6.55 & ＇6．57 & \({ }^{p} 6.53\) \\
\hline Transportation and public utilities．．．．．．．．．．．．do & 12.03 & 12.32 & 12.28 & 12.27 & 12.32 & 12.35 & 12.40 & 12.42 & 12.46 & 12.42 & 12.47 & 12.50 & 12.46 & 12.51 & r12．50 & \({ }^{p} 12.48\) \\
\hline Wholesale trade．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do & 9.60 & 9.94 & 9.90 & 9.88 & 9.95 & 9.91 & 10.04 & 10.10 & 10.07 & 10.14 & 10.23 & 10.23 & 10.21 & \({ }^{\text {r }} 10.36\) & \({ }^{\text {r }} 10.27\) & \({ }^{p} 10.28\) \\
\hline Retail trade ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do． & 6.12 & 6.31 & 6.28 & 6.27 & 6.28 & 6.26 & 6.38 & 6.39 & 6.43 & 6.43 & 6.48 & 6.47 & 6.48 & \({ }^{\top} 6.52\) & \({ }^{6} 6.49\) & \({ }^{p} 6.49\) \\
\hline Finance，insurance，and real estate．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do & 8.73 & 9.09 & 9.08 & 8.97 & 9.03 & 9.03 & 9.14 & 9.29 & 9.27 & 9.32 & 9.46 & 9.47 & 9.43 & 9.59 & ＇9．47 & \({ }^{99.44}\) \\
\hline Services ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． & 8.49 & 8.91 & 8.85 & 8.79 & 8.80 & 8.81 & 9.00 & 9.09 & 9.11 & 9.16 & 9.25 & 9.28 & 9.29 & \({ }^{\text {r9．34 }}\) & 9.31 & \({ }^{p 9.25}\) \\
\hline Seasonally adjusted：
Private nonasaltural & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Private nonagricultural payrolls．．．．．．．．．．．．．．dollars． Mining ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． & \[
\begin{array}{r}
8.98 \\
12.54
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
9.29 \\
12.75
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
9.26 \\
(1)
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 9.27 \\
& \left.()^{2}\right)
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 9.31 \\
& \text { (1) }
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
9.32
\]
\[
\left(^{1}\right)
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
9.37 \\
(1)
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
{ }_{(1)}^{9.43}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 9.42 \\
& (1)
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\underset{(1)}{9.45}
\] & \[
\underset{(1)}{9.49}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 9.52 \\
& (1)
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 9.54 \\
& \text { (i) }
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& { }^{r 9.61} \\
& (1)
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 9.61 \\
& \text { (i) }
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& p 9.62 \\
& \text { (1) }
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline Construction．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．．． & 12.71 & 13.01 & 12.94 & 12.97 & 13.05 & 13.03 & 18.07 & 13.08 & 13.10 & 13.15 & 13.18 & 13.22 & 13.26 & 13.33 & \({ }^{\text {r } 13.33 ~}\) & P13．35 \\
\hline Manufacturing ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．i．i．i．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．． & 9.91 & 10.18 & 10.14 & 10.18 & 10.18 & 10.21 & 10.25 & 10.29 & 10.30 & 10.31 & 10.33 & 10.37 & 10.40 & 10.40 & \({ }^{\text {r }} 10.42\) & \({ }^{p} 10.45\) \\
\hline Transportation and public utilities．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．． & 12.08 & 12.32 & 12.34 & 12.32 & 12.35 & 12.37 & 12.37 & 12.41 & 12.39 & 12.36 & 12.45 & 12.48 & 12.50 & 12.52 & \({ }^{\text {r }} 12.55\) & \({ }^{p} 12.54\) \\
\hline Wholesale trade．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． & 9.60 & 9.94 & 9.90 & 9.90 & 9.98 & 9.95 & 10.03 & 10.14 & 10.06 & 10.11 & 10.19 & 10.18 & 10.21 & 10.36 & \({ }^{1} 10.27\) & \({ }^{p} 10.30\) \\
\hline Retail trade ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． & 6.12 & 6.31 & 6.28 & 6.30 & 6.32 & 6.33 & 6.36 & 6.38 & 6.40 & 6.43 & 6.44 & 6.45 & 6.47 & \({ }^{\text {r } 6.51 .}\) & \({ }^{6} 6.49\) & \({ }^{p} 6.52\) \\
\hline Finance，insurance，and real estate \(\qquad\) & 8.73 & 9.09 & 06 & 9.01 & 9.11 & 9.09 & ． 18 & 9.35 & 9.26 & 9.35 & 9.40 & 9.35 & 9.36 & 9.54 & \({ }^{9} 9.44\) & \({ }^{p} 9.49\) \\
\hline Services ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． & 8.49 & 8.91 & 8.88 & 8.87 & 8.93 & 8.95 & 9.00 & 9.07 & 9.05 & 9.10 & 9.15 & 9.19 & 9.24 & \({ }^{9} 9.32\) & 9.34 & P9．33 \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{Indexes of avg．hourly earnings，seas．adj．： Private nonfarm economy：} \\
\hline & 173.5 & 179.0 & 178.7 & 178.6 & 179.3 & 179.5 & 180.3 & 181.5 & 181.4 & 181.7 & \({ }^{(2)}\) & & & & & \\
\hline 1977 dollars \(\dagger\) ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． & 94.0 & 93.3 & 93.6 & 93.2 & 93.2 & 92.9 & 93.0 & 93.1 & 92.9 & 92.7 & \({ }^{(2)}\) & & & & & \\
\hline Mining 才†．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． & 182.2 & 185.5 & 184.2 & 184.6 & 185.8 & 185.6 & 186.6 & 186.5 & 187.1 & 187.3 & \({ }^{(2)}\) & & & & & \\
\hline Construction ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．． & 154.9 & 158.3 & 157.5 & 157.8 & 158.8 & 158.6 & 159.3 & 159.2 & 159.3 & 159.9 & \({ }^{(2)}\) & & & & & \\
\hline Manufacturing ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． & 174.9 & 178.8 & 178.4 & 178.8 & 178.8 & 179.3 & 180.0 & 180.5 & 180.7 & 180.9 & \({ }^{(2)}\) & & & & & \\
\hline Transportation and public utilities．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． & 176.1 & 181.1 & 181.6 & 181.0 & 181.5 & 181.9 & 182.0 & 183.1 & 182.9 & 182.8 & \({ }^{(2)}\) & & & & & \\
\hline Wholesale trade 中 中．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． & 177.1 & 182.7 & 182.2 & 181.7 & 183.0 & 182.1 & 184.5 & 186.0 & 185.1 & 186.6 & \({ }^{(2)}\) & & & & & \\
\hline Retail trade ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． & 160.9 & 165.9 & 165.4 & 165.7 & 166.8 & 166.7 & 167.1 & 168.4 & 168.9 & 168.2 & \({ }^{(2)}\) & & & & & \\
\hline  & & 195.7 & 195.9 & & & & 197.0 & 200.2 & 199.5 & 200.2 & \({ }^{(2)}\) & & & & & \\
\hline Services ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． & 181.1 & 189.8 & 189.9 & 189.4 & 190.8 & 190.9 & 191.9 & 194.0 & 193.3 & 193.9 & \({ }^{(2)}\) & & & & & \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{Hourly wages，not seasonally adjusted： Construction wages， 20 cities（ENR）：§§}} \\
\hline & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Common labor．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．per Pr hr ．． & \({ }_{22.12}^{16.86}\) & \({ }_{22.67}\) & 22.58 & \begin{tabular}{l}
17.364 \\
22.54 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & \({ }_{22.61}^{17.40}\) & 22.71 & 22.80 & 22.89 & 22.94 & 22.99 & 22．99 & 17.64 & 23.05 & 17.64 & 23.05 & 23.12 \\
\hline Railroad wages（average，class I）．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． & 14.25 & 15.00 & 15.11 & 15.06 & 15.04 & 14.87 & 15.03 & 14.91 & 15.11 & 15.28 & 15.30 & 15.59 & 15.25 & \({ }^{\text {r }} 15.38\) & 15.35 & \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{Avg．weekly earnings per worker， private nonfarm：} \\
\hline Current dollars，seasonally adjusted．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． & 312.50 & 322.36 & 321.32 & 321.67 & 323.99 & 322.47 & 325.14 & 328.16 & 326.87 & 327.92 & 330.25 & 329.39 & 331.04 & \({ }^{\text {r }} 335.39\) & \({ }_{1} 332.51\) & \({ }^{p} 332.85\) \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{}} \\
\hline & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Mining ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．．． & 531.70 & 539．33 & 531.72 & 535．93 & 539.38 & 532.98 & 541.00 & 544.85 & 540.09 & 557.68 & 557.04 & 551.27 & 552．30 & \({ }^{\text {r }} 564.53\) & \({ }^{\text {r } 553.19}\) & \({ }^{\text {P } 554.13}\) \\
\hline Construction ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．．． & 480.44 & 493.08 & 494.45 & 498.84 & 500.26 & 501.41 & 505.34 & 514.95 & 494.42 & 491.99 & 483．99 & 478.20 & 495.92 & 504.07 & \({ }^{\text {r } 501.03 ~}\) & \({ }^{\text {P } 502.93 ~}\) \\
\hline Manufacturing ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． & 406.31 & 418.40 & 415.74 & 418.59 & 413.92 & 414.32 & 423.33 & 423.33 & 427.87 & 432.43 & 425.17 & 423.50 & 426.81 & 426.81 & \({ }^{\text {r }} 426.18\) & \({ }^{5} 428.04\) \\
\hline Durable goods．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． & 433.26 & 447.68 & 445.36 & 449.40 & 439.60 & 439.85 & 452.76 & 453.18 & 457.87 & 463.25 & 455.62 & 452.77 & 455.78 & 455.78 & \({ }^{\text {r }} 454.01\) & \({ }^{\text {P }} \mathbf{4} 566.35\) \\
\hline Nondurable goods．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． & 369.04 & 378.14 & 374.26 & 376.94 & 377.45 & 378.28 & 384.75 & 382.45 & 386.37 & 389.21 & 383.84 & 382.88 & 385.43 & 386.97 & \({ }^{\text {r }} 388.17\) & \({ }^{\text {P389．94 }}\) \\
\hline Transportation and public
\(\qquad\) & & 484.18 & 480.15 & 484.67 & 490.34 & 490.30 & 489.80 & 490.59 & 489.68 & 490.59 & 490.07 & 488.75 & 488.43 & \({ }^{\text {「 } 497.90}\) & \({ }^{2} 492.50\) & \({ }^{\text {P }} 496.70\) \\
\hline Wholesale trade．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． & 365.76 & 378.71 & 376.20 & 376.43 & 381.09 & 376.58 & 382.52 & 385.82 & \({ }^{382.66}\) & 387.35 & 387.72 & 386.69 & 386.96 & \({ }^{\text {r }} 395.75\) & \({ }^{\text {r }} 389.23\) & \({ }^{\text {p }} 391.67\) \\
\hline Retail trade．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．．．． & 178.70 & 183.62 & 181.49 & 184.34 & 188.40 & 186.55 & 185.66 & 185.95 & 185.18 & 190．33 & 184.03 & 183.10 & 184.68 & \({ }^{\text {r }} 888.43\) & \({ }^{\text {r }} 186.91\) & \({ }^{\text {P }} 189.51\) \\
\hline Finance，insurance，and real
\(\qquad\) & 316.90 & 326.33 & 325.06 & 321.13 & 325.98 & 322.37 & 327.21 & 334.44 & 330.94 & 333.66 & 341.51 & 339.03 & 337.59 & 348.12 & r337．13 & \({ }^{p} 337.95\) \\
\hline Services．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．．． & 275.93 & 290.47 & 286.74 & 287.43 & 290.40 & 288.97 & 292.50 & 297.24 & 296.08 & 298.62 & 301.55 & 300.67 & 301.00 & \({ }^{\text {r }} 306.35\) & 301.64 & \({ }^{p} 301.55\) \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{EMPLOYMENT COST INDEX} \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{}} \\
\hline & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline White－collar workers ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． & & & & 145.7 & & & 147.9 & & & 149.7 & & & 151.9 & & & \\
\hline Blue－collar workers．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． & & & & 136.2 & & & 137.2 & & & 138.2 & & & 139.6 & & & 141.3 \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{}} \\
\hline & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} & & & & 138.1 & & & 139.0 & & & 140.1 & & & 141.9 & & & 143.5 \\
\hline & Nonmanufacturing．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．．． & & & 1453.8 & & & 1577 & & & 159.7 & & & 161.8 & & & 163.1 \\
\hline Services．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． & & & & 151.2 & & & 154.0 & & & 154.4 & & & 156.7 & & & 157.9 \\
\hline HELP－WANTED ADVERTISING & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Seasonally adjusted index ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．1967 \(=100 .\). & 153 & 158 & 160 & 156 & 159 & 160 & 153 & 161 & 158 & 161 & 156 & 155 & 151 & \({ }^{\prime} 159\) & 154 & 148 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

See footnotes at end of tables．
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|c|}{LABOR FORCE, EMPLOYMENT, AND EARNINGS-Continued} \\
\hline WORK STOPPAGES & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Work stoppages involving 1,000 or more workers & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Number of stoppages: & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Beginning in month or year ....... .......number .. & 46 & 40 & 5 & 7 & 4 & 7 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 0 & 3 & 0 & 2 & 3 & 7 & 0 \\
\hline Workers involved in stoppages: & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Beginning in month or year ...... ..........thous .. & 174 & 114 & 14 & 14 & 21 & 12 & 4 & 9 & 2 & 0 & 7 & 0 & 30 & 37 & 55 & 0 \\
\hline Days idle during month or year .... ...............do .... & 4,481 & 4,381 & 344 & 490 & 726 & 713 & 510 & 293 & 78 & 52 & 153 & 138 & 950 & 1,045 & 1,500 & 938 \\
\hline UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE * & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline State programs: & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Initial claims............................... ..........thous .. & 17,054 & 15,904 & 1,085 & 1,200 & 1,465 & 1,189 & 1,031 & 1,107 & 1,277 & 1,633 & 1,856 & '1,319 & \({ }^{\text {r }} 1,363\) & 1,117 & & \\
\hline Average weekly insured unemployment & & 2047 & & & & & & & & 824 & 2509 & r2,618 & r2,520 & 244 & & \\
\hline Rate of insured unemployment ©...................cent... & 2.4 & 2.1 & 1.9 & 1,9.9 & 2.0 & 1,9 & \(1,1.7\) & 1.6 & 1,686
1.8 & 2.1 & 2.6 & 2.6 & 2.5 & 2.1 & 1.9 & 1.9 \\
\hline Total benefits paid...........................................il. \(\$ .\). & 14,262 & 13,195 & 1,017 & 1,020 & 925 & 1,075 & 876 & 784 & 943 & 1,085 & r1,295 & \({ }^{1} 1,252\) & \({ }^{\mathrm{r}, 513}\), & 1,141 & & \\
\hline Weeks of unemployment compensated \(\qquad\) thous .. & 105,226 & 94,267 & 7,289 & 7,339 & 6,738 & 7,731 & 6,313 & 5,710 & 6,748 & 7,638 & +9,231 & \({ }^{1} 8,722\) & r10,385 & 7,882 & & \\
\hline Average weekly benefit ..................... .............dollars.. & 140.62 & 144.22 & 145.04 & 143.72 & 141.75 & 143.35 & 143.84 & 144.26 & 136.07 & 147.19 & r145.70 & \({ }^{1} 148.28\) & \({ }^{1} 150.70\) & 149.83 & & \\
\hline Federal civilian employees unemployment insurance (UCFE): & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Initial claims................................ ..........thous .. & 118.5 & 120.6 & 8.6 & 11.3 & 12.5 & 11.0 & 8.9 & 10.9 & 9.5 & 9.5 & 11.9 & 8.0 & 7.9 & 8.1 & & \\
\hline Average weekly insured unemployment \(\qquad\) do .... & 21.1 & 22.1 & 19.2 & 19.8 & 20.7 & 24.3 & 21.6 & 22.8 & 23.8 & 22.5 & 26.9 & r25.8 & 22.9 & 20.0 & & \\
\hline Total benefits paid.............................................................. & 132.2 & 143.4 & 9.9 & 10.7 & 10.5 & 13.5 & 11.3 & 11.5 & 13.4 & 13.1 & 14.7 & \({ }^{13.3}\) & 14.4 & 10.4 & & \\
\hline Weeks of unemployment compensated \(\qquad\) thous. & 1,009.5 & 1,047.6 & 70.6 & 79.5 & 76.2 & 99.8 & 84.9 & 86.1 & 97.8 & 95.2 & \({ }^{\text {r }} 103.7\) & r91.1 & r97.9 & 72.0 & & \\
\hline Average weekly benefit .................... ...........dollars.. & 130.97 & 136.93 & 139.96 & 134.64 & 137.19 & 135.22 & 133.07 & 133.95 & 137.35 & 137.94 & \({ }^{1} 141.78\) & \({ }^{1} 145.55\) & \({ }^{r} 146.96\) & 144.23 & & \\
\hline Veterans unemployment insurance (UCX): & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Initial claims............................... ..........thous .. & 141.3 & 141.2 & 16.3 & 13.1 & 10.3 & 9.7 & 8.3 & 8.5 & 9.4 & 9.9 & \({ }^{1} 10.8\) & r9. 1 & 10.8 & 9.0 & & \\
\hline Average weekly insured unemployment & 178 & 18.1 & 22.6 & 25.6 & 23.0 & 20.3 & 14.3 & 12.5 & 12.3 & 12.8 & 16.3 & 16.5 & 15.6 & 15.0 & & \\
\hline Total benefits paid.............................. ............................. & 122.1 & 124.3 & 11.9 & 15.5 & 13.1 & 13.4 & 8.3 & 16.7 & 7.0 & 7.5 & \({ }^{16.8}\) & 78.3 & \({ }^{1} 9.5\) & 7.9 & & \\
\hline Weeks of unemployment compensated \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\) thous .. & & & 75.7 & 97.5 & 86.3 & 81.9 & 53.2 & 42.8 & 44.1 & 47.6 & 55.8 & r52.2 & \({ }^{\text {r }} 60.1\) & 49.4 & & \\
\hline Average weekly benefit .................... ..........dollars.. & 151.97 & 156.63 & 156.69 & 158.90 & 151.64 & 163.58 & 155.64 & 156.83 & 159.26 & 158.32 & \({ }^{1} 157.69\) & \({ }^{1} 158.44\) & \({ }^{158.53}\) & 159.00 & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


\footnotetext{
See footnotes at end of tables.
}


\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Unless otherwise stated in footnotes
below, alat throug i96 and
methodological noteg are as shown in
Busingss Sratistcs: 1986} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Ann} & \multicolumn{8}{|c|}{1988} & \multicolumn{6}{|c|}{1989} \\
\hline & 1987 & 1988 & May & June & July & Aus. & Sept. & Oct. & Nor & Dec. & Jan. & Feb. & Mar. & Apr. & May & June \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|c|}{FINANCE-Continued} \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{Bonds-Continued} \\
\hline elds: & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Domestic corporate (Moody's)......... .....percent.. By rating: & 91 & . 18 & . 37 & 0.36 & . 47 & 0.58 & . 28 & 9.90 & 9.91 & 10.03 & 0.05 & 0.05 & 18 & 14 & . 95 & 50 \\
\hline Ааа................................... ..........do.... & 9.38 & 9.71 & 9.90 & 9.86 & 9.96 & 10.11 & 9.82 & 9.51 & 9.45 & 57 & 9.62 & 9.64 & 9.80 & 9.79 & 9.57 & 9.10 \\
\hline Aa............................................do.... & 9.68
9.99 & \(\begin{array}{r}9.94 \\ 10.24 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 10.10
10.41 & 10.13
10.42 & \begin{tabular}{l}
10.26 \\
10.55 \\
\hline 1.2
\end{tabular} & 10.37
10.63 & 10.06
10.34 & 9.71
99 & \({ }_{9}^{9.72}\) & \({ }^{9.81}\) & \(\begin{array}{r}9.81 \\ 10.10 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 9.83
10.13 & 9.98
10.26 & 9.94 & 9.75
1000 & \({ }_{9}^{9.29}\) \\
\hline Ваа....................................................... & 10.58 & 10.83 & 11.04 & 11.00 & 11.11 & 11.21 & 10.90 & 10.41 & 10.48 & 10.65 & 10.65 & 10.61 & 10.67 & 10.61 & 10.46 & 10.03 \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{By group} \\
\hline Industriass............................ ..........do .... & 9.83 & 9.91 & 9.97 & 9.99 & 9.98 & 10.07 & 10.00 & 9.88 & 9.93 & 10.04 & 10.08 & 10.08 & 10.19 & 10.13 & 9.97 & 9.51 \\
\hline Pubic utilities ........................ ...........do .... & 9.98 & 10.45 & 10.75 & 10.71 & 10.96 & 11.09 & 10.56 & 9.92 & & 10.02 & 10.02 & 10.02 & 10.16 & 10.14 & 9.92 & 9.49 \\
\hline Railroads.............................. ..........do.... & 9.63 & 10.03 & 10.03 & 10.04 & 10.06 & 10.10 & 10.12 & 10.03 & 10.00 & 10.06 & 10.04 & 10.05 & 10.19 & 10.27 & 10.31 & 0.17 \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{mestic munic} \\
\hline Bond Buyer (20 bonds).............................
Standard & 7.69 & . 66 & 7.87 & 7.74 & 7.76 & 7.76 & 7.64 & 7.33 & 7.66 & 7.50 & 7.29 & .56 & 7.64 & 7.40 & . 15 & 7.02 \\
\hline bonds)......................................do & 7.73 & 7.74 & 8.01 & 7.86 & 7.87 & 7.86 & 7.71 & 7.54 & 7.58 & 7.66 & 41 & 7.47 & 7.61 & 7.49 & 7.25 & 6.97 \\
\hline U.S. Treasury bonds, taxable \(\ddagger \ldots . .\). . & 8.64 & 8.98 & 9.24 & 9.04 & 9.20 & 9.33 & 9.06 & 8.89 & 9.07 & 9.13 & 9.07 & 9.16 & 9.33 & 9.18 & 8.95 & 8.40 \\
\hline Stoeks & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Prices: & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Dow Jones averages ( 65 stocks)......
Industrial ( 30 stocks)................ & 849.46
2,27599 & 772.17
\(2,060.82\) & \[
\begin{array}{r}
739.31 \\
1,988.91
\end{array}
\] & -784.20 & 2,104.22 & 767.55
\(2,051.29\) & \(\begin{array}{r}780.41 \\ 2,080.06 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 2,144.31 & 796.20
\(2,099.04\) & 817.30
\(2,148.58\) & 2,234.488 & 2,304.30 & 866.99
\(2,283.11\) & 2,3487.92 & 2,439.55 & 2,994.90 \\
\hline Public utility ( 15 stocks)... & 201.70 & 179.74 & 169.30 & +180.02 & 178.71 & 178.56 & 179.85 & 185.01 & 184.12 & 185.15 & 188.88 & 186.64 & 182.81 & 187.98 & 196.29 & 1,158.90 \\
\hline Transportation (20 stocks).... & 929.19 & 863.83 & 820.24 & 873.11 & 881.17 & 856.14 & 879.45 & 923.12 & 916.21 & 955.39 & 1,009.31 & 1,073.18 & 1,046.32 & 1,098.04 & ,139.83 & 1,158.90 \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{Standard \& Poor's Corporation: §} \\
\hline Industrial, total (400 Stocks) \(\# \ldots . .\). & \({ }^{2360.90}\) & \({ }_{306.68}^{260.79}\) & 297.39 & 312.78 & \({ }_{310.87}^{269.05}\) & \({ }_{303.12}\) & 307.40 & \({ }^{219.05}\) & \({ }^{211.84}\) & \({ }_{319.07}^{27.01}\) & \({ }_{330.17}^{28.41}\) & \({ }_{339.70}^{294.1}\) & \({ }_{337.74}\) & 348.47 & 360.88 & \({ }_{370.36}\) \\
\hline Capital goods.................... ..........do & 288.23 & 252.83 & 246.32 & 265.21 & 262.93 & 247.69 & 247.60 & 253.19 & \({ }^{247.36}\) & 253.87 & 262.80 & 273.90 & 262.31 & 265.71 & 274.71 & 279.47 \\
\hline Consumer goods ................... ..........do. & 323.77 & 305.95 & 286.71 & 305.51 & 302.22 & 301.27 & 313.68 & 327.18 & 324.78 & 331.12 & 339.49 & 353.53 & 352.18 & 368.61 & 386.24 & 399.70 \\
\hline Utilities (40 Stocks)............ & 70 & 108.74 & 103.11 & 109.86 & 108.49 & 107.89 & \({ }^{109.67}\) & 113.00 & 111.70 & 113.02 & 114.37 & 116.88 & 116.65 & 119.91 & 127.74 & \\
\hline Transportation ( 20 Stocks) ...... \(19484=1020 \ldots\) & \({ }_{16290} 22\) & 209.02
1588 & 197.57
14823 & \({ }_{160}^{211.33}\) & 210.37 & \({ }^{203.10}\) & 209.71
158.59 & \({ }_{164.78}^{219.89}\) & 216.97
1647 & 225.63 & 2187.65
1785 & \({ }_{18786}^{251.42}\) & \({ }_{185.35}^{2459}\) & & & 268.10
198.07 \\
\hline Railroads...........................1941-43=10.. & 166.90 & 158.73 & 148.23 & 160.44 & 157.72 & 152.79 & 158.59 & 164.78 & 164.74 & 171.25 & 178.57 & 187.76 & 185.35 & 182.19 & 194.13 & \\
\hline Financial (40 Stocks) ................1970=10.. & 28.15 & 24.09 & 22.28 & 24.46 & 24.55 & 25.00 & 25.75 & 26.05 & 24.85 & 24.79 & 25.51 & 26.68 & 26.96 & 28.31 & 29.10 & 30.85 \\
\hline Money center banks...........1941-43=10.. & 112.03 & 92.05 & 84.24 & 97.54 & 97.37 & 97.85 & 102.18 & 99.61 & 98.23 & 98.74 & 99.73 & 104.23 & 104.67 & 113 & 114.86 & \({ }_{129.20}^{12.57}\) \\
\hline Property Casualty Insurance..................... & 109.54
311.50 & \(\stackrel{1271.62}{ }\) & 996.23 & \({ }_{274.56}^{107.94}\) & \({ }^{270.45}\) & \({ }_{270} 110.94\) & \({ }_{276.57}^{12.82}\) & 111.78
280.22 & 107.34
268.26 & \({ }_{266.65}^{103.82}\) & 2744.49 & \({ }_{288.70}^{109.91}\) & \({ }_{295.79}\) & \({ }_{307.82}\) & \({ }_{301.76}\) & \({ }_{316.61}\) \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{N.Y. Stock Exchange common stock indexes:} \\
\hline Composite..........................12/31/65=50. & 161.70 & 149.91 & 144.94 & 152.72 & 152.12 & 149.25 & 151.47 & 156.36 & 152.67 & 155.85 & 160.40 & 165.08 & 164.60 & 169.88 & 175.30 & \({ }^{180.76}\) \\
\hline Industrial........................... ..........do & 1195.31 & 180.95 & 176.02
127.69 & \begin{tabular}{l}
184.92 \\
136.02 \\
\hline 1
\end{tabular} & 184.09
186.49 & 179.72 & 182.18
136.27 & \({ }_{14193}^{18.58}\) & 188.79
13860 & 187.7 & 194.62 & 200.00 & \({ }_{1} 199.20\) & 204.81 & 211.51 & 216.75
173.47 \\
\hline  & \({ }_{74.30}\) & \({ }_{71.77}\) & \({ }^{127.65}\) & \({ }_{72.25}\) & \({ }^{136.50}\) & \({ }_{7} 13.67\) & \({ }_{71.83}\) & \({ }^{144.19}\) & \({ }_{73.83}^{138.109}\) & \({ }^{144.81}\) & \({ }_{75.87}\) & \({ }_{77}^{124}\) & \({ }_{7} 7.66\) & \({ }_{79} 16.72\) & \({ }_{84.07}\) & 87.90 \\
\hline Finance................................ ..........do & 146.48 & 127.26 & 120.35 & 129.04 & 130.00 & 130.77 & 133.15 & 134.66 & 129.61 & 128.83 & 132.26 & 137.19 & 137.91 & 143.26 & '146.59 & 154.09 \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{NASDAQ over-the-counter price indexes:} \\
\hline Composite............................. \(2 / 5 / 71=100 .\). & 402.74 & 374.43 & 371.88 & 386.44 & 391.40 & 379.61 & 3882.16 & \({ }_{38291}^{385.01}\) & \({ }_{3658}^{372.89}\) & 375.78 & 389.32 & 404.08
39980 & 403.99
396.74 & 417.13
40976 & \({ }_{4}^{435.99}\) & 447.61
437.84 \\
\hline Insurance .................................................. & 425.25 & 408.17 & \({ }_{392.32}\) & \({ }_{398.09}\) & \({ }_{398.52}\) & \({ }_{412.14}\) & 429.93 & - 432.45 & \({ }_{426.82}\) & \({ }_{425.34}\) & \({ }_{441.91}\) & 461.07 & 469.40 & 480.35 & \({ }_{483.04}\) & 503.78 \\
\hline  & 464.95 & 444.14 & 441.27 & \({ }^{450.95}\) & \({ }^{456.96}\) & 457.12 & \({ }^{452.91}\) & 450.81 & \({ }^{440.91}\) & \({ }^{436.45}\) & \({ }^{446.01}\) & 458.87 & \({ }^{457.58}\) & 457.31 & 460.50 & 475.70 \\
\hline NASDAQ/NMS composite.......7/10/84 \(=100 .\). & 172.49 & 161.95 & 160.65 & 167.16 & 169.21 & 164.06 & 165.30 & 166.78 & 161.60 & 163.15 & 169.07 & 175.62 & 175.67 & 181.71 & 190.19 & 195.38 \\
\hline Industrial .............................. ..........do ... & 161.06 & 146.78 & 148.02 & 155.29 & 156.97 & 148.94 & 148.48 & 148.10 & 141.76 & 144.24 & 149.98 & 155.66 & 154.51 & 159.95 & 168.95 & 171.32 \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{}} \\
\hline & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Industriais (400 stocks) .......................do... & \(\stackrel{2.62}{6.52}\) & \begin{tabular}{l}
3.14 \\
7.08 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
3.26 \\
7.44 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
3.08 \\
6.96 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
3.14 \\
7.16 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & 3.25
7.20 & 3.21
7.09 & 3.13
7.01 & \begin{tabular}{l}
3.22 \\
7.04 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
3.19 \\
6.98 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
3.14 \\
6.99 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & \({ }_{6.10}\) & 3.18 & \({ }_{6}^{3.10}\) & \({ }^{3.06}\) & \\
\hline Transportation ( 20 stocks) .........................do..... & 6.52
2.20 & 2.48 & 2.64 & \begin{tabular}{l}
6.96 \\
2.43 \\
\hline 1
\end{tabular} & 2.45 & \({ }_{2}\) & 2.55 & 2.44 & 2.43 & \({ }_{2.34}\) & 6.91
2.41 & \({ }_{2.17}\) & 2.24 & \({ }_{2.21}^{6.21}\) & \({ }_{2}^{6.09}\) & \\
\hline Financial (40 stocks).........................do.... & 3.60 & 4.34 & 4.70 & 4.24 & 4.24 & 4.12 & 3.96 & 3.96 & 4.16 & 4.26 & 4.15 & 4.03 & 4.07 & 3.90 & 3.85 & \\
\hline Preferred stocks, 10 high-grade ..... ..........do .... & 8.37 & 9.24 & 9.25 & 9.32 & 9.33 & 9.39 & 9.28 & 9.23 & 9.36 & 9.38 & 9.31 & 9.31 & 9.43 & 9.50 & 9.32 & 8.96 \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{Sales: Total on all registered exchanges (SEC)}} \\
\hline & 2,284,166 & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Shares sold \(\qquad\) millions. & 63,771 & 52,474 & \({ }^{2} 8,892\) & \[
\begin{array}{r}
30,4,41_{4}^{4} \\
4,857
\end{array}
\] & 4,521 & 4,465 & 4,014 & 4,247 & 3,805 & 3,922 & 4,049 & 4,675 & '4,530 & \({ }^{\text {r }}\), 115 & 4,722. & \\
\hline  & 1,983,311 & 1,877,711 & 100,894 & 131,410 & 118,972 & 112,242 & 0,854 & 118,416 & 103,902 & 100,228 & 102,736 & 124,800 & 126,697 & 116,894 & 133,978 & \\
\hline Shares sold (cleared or setled) & 53,038 & 44,018 & 3,297 & 4,150 & 3,819 & 3,759 & 3,35 & 3,528 & 3,162 & 3,222 & 3,264 & & 3,6 & & 3,888 & \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
New York Stock Exchange: \\
Exclusive of odd-lot stock sales
\end{tabular}}} \\
\hline Exclusive of odd-Lot stock sales (sales effected). \(\qquad\) ...millions. & & ,850 & 3,232 & 4,307 & 3,338 & 3,327 & 3,660 & 415 & ,828 & 2,845 & 3,532 & 3,217 & 3,503 & 3,23 & 3,749 & 3,967 \\
\hline NASDAQ over-the-counter: & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Shares sold .............................. ...millions.. & 37,890 & 31,070 & 2,468 & 3,115 & 2,614 & 2,601 & 2,348 & 2,522 & 2,287 & 2,488 & 2,716 & 2,632 & 2,883 & 2,666 & 3,080 & 3,029 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Shares listed, NYSE, end of period: \\
Market value, all listed shares. \\
Number of shares listed \\
.........bil. 8. \\
..millions.
\end{tabular}} & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline & \[
\begin{array}{r}
2,216.31 \\
71,802
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
2,457,46 \\
76,093
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
2,359,14 \\
74,360 \\
\hline
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
2,456.51 \\
74,688 \\
\hline
\end{array}
\] & \[
\left.\begin{array}{|}
2,439,65 \\
75,267
\end{array} \right\rvert\,
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
2,353.78 \\
75,320 \\
\hline
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
2,440,00 \\
75,498
\end{array}
\] & \[
\left.\begin{array}{r}
2,489.44 \\
75,891
\end{array} \right\rvert\,
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
2,443.44 \\
76,160 \\
\hline
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 2,457,46 \\
& 76,093
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{|}
2,609.24 \\
76,603
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
2,545.11 \\
76,836 \\
\hline
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{|}
2,591.64 \\
77,521
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
2,709.88 \\
77,767
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
2,787.49 \\
\hline 78,381 \\
\hline
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
2,771.49 \\
79,117
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

FOREIGN TRADE OF THE UNITED STATES
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{VALUE OF EXPORTS}} \\
\hline & \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{} \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{Western Europe *..................., :-.......}} \\
\hline & \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{\({ }_{\text {Belgium and }}{ }_{\text {France..... }}\) Luxembourg **.........}} \\
\hline & \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Federal Repubic of Germany..............do.....} \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{}} \\
\hline & \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{United Kingdom.................... .................} \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Eastern Europe * \\
Union of Soviet Socialist Republics.
\end{tabular}} & \\
\hline & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 254,121.9 & '322,426.4 & ז28,192.7 & '26,802.5 & '25,186.4 & 「26,539.0 & ヶ27,066.6 & r28,544.1 & r27,565.2 & r28,982.1 & 27,294.6 & 27,963.5 & 33,130.8 & 7.2 & 31,293.7 & \\
\hline & & & 26,706.0 & r26,612.9 & rel,477. & 27,588.1 & r27,889.0 & r27,538.0 & 28,863,8 & r28,980.1 & r28,839.1 & '30,064,5 & 30,759.1 & 0,472.5 & \\
\hline \(69,717.7\)
60,575 & \(87,994.9\) & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 7,640,8 \\
& 6,506.7
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 7,319.2 \\
& 6,328.6 \\
& 6,32.6
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 6,475.7 \\
& 5,630.5 \\
& \hline, 63
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
6,706.2 \\
5,740.2
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\left.\begin{array}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline, 2632 \\
6,3
\end{array} \right\rvert\,
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 7,752.1 \\
& 6,7956
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 7,244,6 \\
& 6,301.4
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
8,30,88 \\
7,068
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 7,330.7 \\
& 6,417
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 7,688.7 \\
& 6,801.2
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 9,606.4 \\
& 8,223.3
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 8,620.9 \\
& 7,372.8
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 8,589.0 \\
& 7,322
\end{aligned}
\] & \\
\hline 6,189.4 & 77.405 .0 & \({ }_{6}^{648.3}\) & 599.1 & 586.9 & 574.5 & & 686.0
885 & 626.7
8987 & 648.9 & 66.0 .9
9278 & 616.9
8465 & 7618 & 759.8 & 834.0 & \\
\hline 1,9,747.7 & 14,311.3 & 1822.3
1,229 & 1,262.6 & \({ }^{1,028.6}\) & 1,035.7 & 1,178.5 & 1,284.3 & 1,123.6 & \({ }^{1,305.5}\) & 1,185.7 & 1,415.1 & \({ }_{1}^{1,529.2}\) & 1,373.1 & 1,555.3 & \\
\hline 5,529.7 & 6,781.9 & 573.4 & 591.7 & 474.8 & 519.2 & 551.8 & 630.5 & 536.5 & 648.9 & 578.1 & 574.5 & 680.0 & 628.5 & 598.2 & \\
\hline 8,216.7 & 10,094.5 & & 799.4 & \({ }^{762.6}\) & 714.1 & 849.1 & 897.9 & 911.7 & 1,024.5 & 839.2 & 848.4 & \({ }_{2,137.9}^{1,123.2}\) & - 91848.1 & 946.8 & \\
\hline 14,113.9
2,199.5 & \(18,403.5\)
\(3,650.0\) & 1,605.8 & \begin{tabular}{|c}
\(1,618.3\) \\
210.0
\end{tabular} & \(1,360.9\)
122.9 & 1,457.5 & \(1,507.8\)
195.7 & \begin{tabular}{|c}
\(1,698.6\) \\
266.9
\end{tabular} & \(1,511.5\)
314.7 & \(1,642.9\)
369.0 & \(1,406.3\)
459.0 & \(1,602.3\)
523.5 & \(2,137.9\)
706.9 & \(1,848.7\)
628.4 & \(1,629.0\)
576.8 & \\
\hline 1,479.8 & 2,767.6 & 318.1 & 151.0 & 63.2 & 127.5 & 115.9 & 215.0 & 263.8 & 275.6 & 373.9 & 461.9 & 623.0 & 459.8 & 442.0 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1986 and methodological notes are as shown in Business Statistics: 1986} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Annual} & \multicolumn{8}{|c|}{1988} & \multicolumn{6}{|c|}{1989} \\
\hline & 1987 & 1988 & May & June & July & Aug. & Sept. & Oct. & Nov. & Dec. & Jan. & Feb. & Mar. & Apr. & May & June \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|c|}{FOREIGN TRADE OF THE UNITED STATES-Continued} \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
VALUE OF EXPORTS-Continued \\
Exports (mdse.), incl. reexports-Continued
\end{tabular}}} \\
\hline & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Western Hemisphere: & 59.814 .3 & 70,8 & 6,5208 & 6,3734 & 47 & 5905. & 6. & 64370 & 6 & 5.5 & 6,086.0 & 6,484, & 7248.8 & 70066 & 7399.5 & \\
\hline Brazil .......................................... ...........do. & 4,039.9 & 4,289.2 & 510.7 & 314.6 & 387.9 & 334.3 & 330.8 & 314.4 & 384.4 & 408.0 & 386.1 & 334.8 & 333.4 & 348.0 & 304.9 & \\
\hline Mexico ......................................... .................... & 14,582.2 & 20,643.4 & 1,789.1 & 1,737.6 & 1,645.3 & 1,859.8 & 1,935.6 & 2,043.6 & 1,955.2 & 1,940.9 & 1,843.5 & 2,052.1 & 2,175.2 & 2,058.8 & 2,091.7 & \\
\hline Venezuela ......................................... .................... & 3,586.0 & 4,610.8 & +350.6 & \({ }^{353.0}\) & 403.9 & 408.4 & 469.4 & 411.8 & 409.5 & 472.5 & 384.0 & 368.2 & 287.7 & 247.9 & 222.4 & \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{Asia:} \\
\hline China *.................................... ...........do & 3,497.3 & 5,038.8 & 322.2 & 487.7 & 486.2 & 449.0 & 419.6 & \({ }^{402.6}\) & 432.7 & 556.3 & 385.9 & 499.2 & 581.8 & 404.4 & 471.0 & \\
\hline Hong Kong * ............................... ...........do & 3,983.1 & 5,690.8 & 448.1 & 482.9 & \({ }^{6128.6}\) & 493.8 & 534.7 & 523.7 & 438.0 & 537.6 & 379.3 & 494.2 & 589.0 & 602.0 & 519.4 & \\
\hline Republic of Korea *...................................do & -88,24.6.6 & \(37,738.1\)
\(11,289.5\) & \(2,932.1\)
860.2 & \({ }^{3,416.8} 9\) & 3,228.7 & \(3,267.2\)
\(1,155.0\) & 3,244.5 & 3,206.1. & 3,199.6 & +1,183.0 & 2,939.2 & 3,292.1 & \(4,167.5\)
\(1,186.4\) & \(3,636.9\)
\(1,009.0\) & \(3,602.9\)
\(1,158.2\) & \\
\hline Saudi Arabia *.......................... ...........do & 3,373.4 & 3,799.2 & 341.8 & 259.7 & 275.9 & \({ }^{287.6}\) & 377.5 & 314.7 & 336.5 & \({ }^{335.4}\) & 342.5 & 294.5 & 134.7 & +302.6 & 290.5 & \\
\hline Singapore *................................ ..........do & \(4,052.7\) & 5,770.0 & 462.6 & 472.8 & 441.4 & 590.2 & 496.4 & 505.4 & 519.4 & 565.4 & 453.6 & 507.5 & 795.6 & 557.3 & 566.8 & \\
\hline Taiwan * ................................... ...........do & 7,412.7 & 12,130.8 & 1,192.9 & 1,075.9 & 1,021.1 & 865.5 & 898.3 & 811.3 & 820.0 & 940.0 & 705.5 & 833.9 & 919.0 & 1,023.3 & 1,004.9 & \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{}} \\
\hline & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Republic of South Africa............ ...........do. & 1,281.2 & 1,690.3 & 148.9 & 142.3 & 139.0 & 164.9 & 152.5 & 142.5 & 171.5 & 134.4 & 112.7 & 105.7 & 175.9 & 57.5 & 138.2 & \\
\hline Australia * .................................... ..........do & 5,494.8 & 6,980.7 & 544.1 & 559.3 & 570.0 & 640.3 & 584.9 & 788.8 & 628.6 & 826.5 & 551.9 & 608.8 . & 689.2 & 616.9 & 681.5 & \\
\hline OPEC *....................................... ..........do & 11,058.1 & 14,023.8 & 1,139.3 & 1,053.0 & 1,135.0 & 1,157.6 & 1,343.0 & 1,239.8 & 1,221.8 & 1,367.6 & 1,164.5 & 1,154.0 & 1,124.5 & 1,103.8 & 1,101.4 & \\
\hline Exports of U.S. merchandise, total @...........do.... & 245,115.0 & 309,441.2 & 26,979.5 & 25,756.0 & 24,161.5 & 25,547.4 & 26,132.2 & 27,548.9 & 26,839.8 & 27,614.8 & 26,320.5 & 26,881.7 & 31,688.5 & r30,224.8 & 30,132.5 & \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{By commodity groups and principal commodities:} \\
\hline & 28,636.2 & 37,015.2 & 2,970.6 & \(2,675.8\) & 2,622.7 & 2,876.4 & 3,179.5 & 3,302.0 & 3,350.0 & 34,624.3 & 3,357.0 & 3,469.7 & 4,040.2 & 3,421.1 & 3,314.1 & \\
\hline Food and live animals \# .......... .........mil. \(\$\)... & 215,222.7 & 270,998.3 & 23,134.7 & 23,626.2 & 21,491.7 & 22,720.5 & 23,157.0 & 24,098.9 & 23,108.3 & 24,401.9 & 22,058.6 & 23,641.3 & 28,126.3 & 26,435.7 & 26,818.4 & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Beverages and tobacco \\
Crude materials, inedible, exc. \\
fuels \# \(\qquad\)
\end{tabular}} & - & 4,548.3 & 2,389.8 & \(1,954.9\)
359 & \({ }^{2,361.9}\) & 2,384.6 & 2,3047
377.0 & 2,474.3 & \(2,317.0\)
41 & 2,434.7 & 2,383.9 & \(2,469.6\) & \({ }^{2,91814} 4\) & 2,4978.7 & 2,579.4 & \\
\hline & 20,416.3 & 25,135.0 & 2,021.9 & 2,128.0 & 1,842.5 & 1,984.8 & 1,922.3 & 1,993.0 & 2,154.5 & 2,506.3 & 2,083 & 2,272.1 & 2,621.4 & 2,262.3 & 2,233.5 & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Mineral fuels, lubricants, etc. \#.......................... Oils and fats, animal and vegetable \(\qquad\)} & 7,713.1 & 8,185.8 & 728.6 & 753.3 & 659.8 & 727.2 & 711.4 & 656.3 & 653.8 & 863.9 & 678.2 & 673.0 & 783.0 & 813.9 & 871.0 & \\
\hline & 981.4 & 1,453.7 & 106.5 & 156.1 & 121.8 & 85.9 & 158.2 & 125.7 & 106.6 & 102.0 & 99.6 & 115.0 & 7.8 & 105.7 & 05.1 & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Chemicals. Manufactured goods classified chiefly by material \(\qquad\)} & 26,380.9 & 32,299.6 & 2,645.7 & 2,815.2 & 2,616.8 & 2,805.4 & 3,119.1 & 2,622.6 & 2,584.3 & 2,829.7 & 2,561.0 & 2,860.9 & 3,231.2 & 3,328.0 & 3,406.5 & \\
\hline & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Miscellaneous manufactured \\
articles \(\qquad\) do ...
\end{tabular}} & 17,136.1 & 22,84 & 1,94 & 1,969,0 & . 9 & 1,981 & 2,18 & 1,938.5 & . 3 & 2,237.0 & 1,769 & 2,106 & 2,595 & 2,26 & & \\
\hline & 19,409.0 & 24,513.9 & 2,051.8 & 2,123.8 & 1,976.4 & 2,150.1 & 2,123.2 & 2,142.4 & 2,022.8 & 2,284.8 & 22,172.2 & 2,423.3 & 2,965.9 & 2,650.5 & 2,672.3 & \\
\hline Machinery and transport equipment, total. & 108,596 & 135,13 & 11,814.7 & 11,327.0 & 10,112.2 & 11,136.8 & 11,27 & 12,011.7 & 11,513.4 & 12,46 & 10,102.1 & 11,231.6 & 13,788.9 & 12,839.1 & 12,583.6 & \\
\hline Machinery, total \#........................................... & 69,637.0 & 88,432.0 & 7,330.9 & 7,353.1 & 6,952.8 & \(7,430.2\) & 7,567.1 & 7,928.6 & 7,473.0 & 8,381.4 & & & & & & \\
\hline Transport equipment, total..... ...........do .... & 38,959.0 & 46,702.8 & 4,483.8 & 3,973.9 & 3,159.9 & 3,706.6 & 8,708.2 & 4,088.0 & 4,040.4 & 4,087.5 & & & & & & \\
\hline Motor vehicles and parts..... ...........do ... & 20,878.8 & 25,178.0 & 2,345.2 & 2,133.7 & 1,463.2 & 1,817.0 & 2,275.1 & 2,148.1 & 2,297.8 & \(2,084.8\) & 21,744.0 & 2,049,2 & 2,260.2 & 2,143.3 & 2,124.2 & \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{Value of imports} \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} & 406,241,0 & -440,952.3 & r36,107.5 & r38,540.8 & r35,397.3 & 737,545.4 & +36,303.6 & r38,795.2 & 738,389.3 & 39,383.9 & 36,082.1 & 36,687.1 & 40,146.8 & r38,185.1 & 41,074.2 & \\
\hline & & & '36,137.2 & '37,303.8 & r35,073.5 & -37,622.7 & r36,750.4 & r37,121.1 & '38,087.3 & 39,668.4 & 37,877.3 & -38,220.3 & r39,549.0 & '39,044.7 & 40,709.8 & \\
\hline Western Europe * ......................... ;-.......do ... & 95,496 & 100,515.4 & 8,465.1 & 8,839,5 & 8,378.8 & 7,733.4 & 7,749.5 & 8,521.8 & \(8,862.3\) & 9,508.0 & 7,284,2 & \(8,313.1\) & 9,209.7 & 8,389.4 & 8,667.3 & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{European Economic Community *..........do....} & 81,188.0 & 84,991.0 & 7,146.3 & 7,540.1 & 7,017.1 & 6,675.1 & 6,511.4 & 7,038.5 & 7,422.7 & 8,051.9 & 6,071.8 & 6,772.5 & 7,721.1 & 6,935.3 & 7,212.9 & \\
\hline & 4,170.9 & 4,517.5 & 392.5 & 434.4 & 379.2 & 258.9 & 360.5 & 394.7 & 383.4 & 363.7 & 307.3 & 379.3 & 436.4 & 404.1 & 394.1 & \\
\hline France................................................do.... & \(10,730.2\) & 12,216.6 & 1,149.1 & 1,281.8 & 1,056.1 & 922.0 & 943.6 & 990.7 & 73.5 & 1,104.3 & 927.4 & 1,053.3 & 1,128.0 & 1,162.0 & 1,084.7 & \\
\hline France....................................do.... & \(27,069.3\) & 26,502.8 & 2,158.8 & 2,212.5 & 2,067.1 & 1,942.6 & 2,132.4 & 2,124.8 & 2,302.0 & 2,641.8 & 1,902.1 & 1,958.3 & 2,334.5 & 2,091.6 & 2,086.1 & \\
\hline Italy..................................... ..........do................................. & \(\begin{array}{r}11,089.6 \\ 3,963 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & \(11,610.9\)
\(4,587.1\) & 893.7
387.0 & 1,033.1 & \begin{tabular}{l}
\(1,089.9\) \\
399.8 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & \({ }_{1}^{1,058.6} 3\) & 717.2
384.9 & \({ }_{410.8}^{978.1}\) & 1,023.9 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
1,082.5 \\
412.7
\end{array}
\] & 763.2
356.0 & 826.1
401.2 & 1,142.9 & 925.3
846.9 & 979.8
370.9 & \\
\hline United Kingdom..........................................do .... & 17,341.3 & 18,041.7 & 1,549.7 & 1,551.5 & 1,401.2 & 1,449.0 & 1,381.0 & 1,509.1 & 1,638.7 & 1,747.6 & 1,211.7 & 1,520.2 & 1,586.4 & 1,397.8 & 1,681.6 & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Eastern Europe * \(\qquad\) do .... \\
Union of Soviet Socialist Republics. \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\) do.
\end{tabular}} & 1,922.6 & 2,157.6 & 211.6 & 229.8 & 144.9 & 188.9 & 148.9 & 136.0 & 177.5 & 25.7 & 203.3 & 159.6 & 204.2 & 153.3 & 144.7 & \\
\hline & 424.7 & 578.0 & 39.2 & 28.3 & 24.9 & 54.5 & 38.9 & 34.8 & 65.3 & 97.6 & 73.8 & 42.4 & 80.9 & 64.4 & 40.6 & \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{Western Hemisphere:} \\
\hline Canada ...................................... .......mil. \$ .. & 71,085.0 & 81,496.3 & 7,241.8 & 7,470.1 & 5,790.6 & 6,301.0 & 7,017.4 & 7,332.6 & 7,145.6 & 6,503.0 & 7,891.3 & 7,295.8 & 7,636.2 & 7,483.2 & 8,138.8 & \\
\hline Brazil ...................................... ..........do .... & 7,865.4 & 9,323.8 & 746.9 & 754.4 & 743.2 & 934.0 & 857.0 & 779.8 & 740.4 & 743.9 & 672.7 & 731.2 & 64. & 713.4 & 627.1 & \\
\hline  & 20,270.8 & 23,276.9 & 1,978.8. & 2,116.6. & 1,699.9 & 2,025.8 & 1,951.6 & 1,989.5 & 2,049.4 & 1,932.9 & 1,977.9 & 2,141.5 & 2,278.8 & 2,377.0 & 2,543.7 & \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{Asia:} \\
\hline China *.................................. ..........do .... & 6,293.5 & 8,512.2 & 618.0 & 722.5 & 763.5 & 812.9 & 792.4 & 881.8 & 798.4 & 803.9 & 787.7 & 823.3 & 668.6 & 727.7 & 932.6 & \\
\hline Hong Kong * ................................ ..........do ... & 9,854.1 & 10,242.8 & 774.0 & 882.5 & 924.5 & 1,009.8 & 959.1 & 995.0 & 930.0 & 905.6 & 810.7 & 695.7 & 622.5 & 634.9 & 743.3 & \\
\hline Japan .................................... ..........do ... & 84,555.0 & 89,802.1 & 6,785.6 & 7,537.6 & 7,405.5 & 7,736.0 & 7,073.4 & 8,417.2 & 8,186.7 & 8,456.0 & 6,472.6 & 7,942. & 8,390.8 & 7,530.2 & 7,884.2 & \\
\hline  & 16,986,9 & 20,189.1 & 1,611.9 & 1,656.0 & 1,731.2 & 1,946.7 & 1,854.0 & 1,695.0 & 1,664.6 & 1,945.6 & 1,613.0 & 1,488.5 & 1,613.3 & 1,553.6 & 1,661.2 & \\
\hline Singapore *..................................... .............do .... & 6,201.0 & 7,995.7 & \({ }^{4188.4}\) & & \({ }_{660.4}^{49,4}\) & \({ }_{7}^{502.0}\) & 679.1 & \({ }_{7} 736.6\) & \({ }_{6} 681.4\) & \({ }_{7} 568.5\) & \({ }_{6192.7}^{562.6}\) & 598.3 & 712.7 & 623.7
686.6 & 788.0 & \\
\hline Taiwan * .................................... ..........do .... & 24,621.8 & 24,803.7 & 2,026.9 & 2,181.7 & 2,079.0 & 2,411.8 & 2,194.0 & 2,072.5 & 1,943.4. & 2,104.8 & 1,831,3 & 1,822.7 & 1,708.9 & 1,863.7 & 2,092.0 & \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{Africa: *} \\
\hline Nigeria **................................ ...........do ... & 3,573.4 & 3,298.3 & 341.2 & 387.8 & 301.9 & 279.4 & 254.2 & 264.6 & 179.0 & 270.6 & 359.3 & 313.3 & 323.2 & 404.7 & 523.4 & \\
\hline Republic of South Africa........... ..........do ... & 5 & 1,529.6 & 128.9 & 6.0 & 132.7 & 136.6 & , & 152.9 & 136.9 & 123 & 121.5 & 145.5 & 123.6 & 129.0 & . 2 & \\
\hline Australia * .................................... ..........do .... & 3,007.2 & 3,531.1 & 287.8 & 345.8 & 248.1 & 302.1 & 244.7 & 266.2 & 311.8 & 268.9 & 296.3 & 271.6 & 307.8 & 309.4 & 326.7 & \\
\hline OPEC *......................................... ..........do ... & 23,953.1 & 23,065.7 & 2,072.1 & 2,015.0 & 1,895.8 & 2,132.2 & 1,861.4 & 1,838.4 & 1,664.2 & 1,987.8 & 2,238.9 & 1,997.6 & 2,216.4 & 2,458.0 & 2,900.6 & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
By commodity groups and principal commodities: \\
Petroleum and products *.......... ........mil. \$.
Nonpetroleum products *.......... .............
\end{tabular}} & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline & 42,285.4 & 38,854.2 & 3,682.1 & 3,340.3 & 3,175.0 & 3,440.6 & 3,065.9 & 2,916.0 & 2,904.9 & 3,314.9 & 3,558.0 & 3,281.3 & 3,737.7 & 4,135.8 & 4,806.6 & \\
\hline & 363,615.2 & 402,086. & 32,771.3 & 35,106.0 & 32,407.5 & 34,267.6 & 33,388.3 & 35,768.9 & 35,370.0 & 35,414.1 & 32,339.2 & 34,278.9 & 36,174.3 & 34,08 & 36,267.6 & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Food and live animals \# \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\) do ... \\
Beverages and tobacco do .... Crude materials, inedible, exc. fuels \# \(\qquad\) do
\end{tabular}} & 20.547 .1 & 20,106.6 & \(1,633.4\) & 1,530.8 & 1,519.1 & 1,752.3 & 1,548.0 & 1,603.3 & 1,648.6 & 1,695.5 & 1,924.0 & 1,771.6 & 1,792.4 & 1,689.4 & 1,810.5 & \\
\hline & 4,104.9 & 4,139.0 & 323.9 & 340.7 & 322.2 & 353.2 & 361.9 & 444.7 & 412.1 & 350.6 & 301.2 & 324.5 & 358.5 & 321.1 & 371.1 & \\
\hline & 11,525.7 & 397. & 1,150,3 & 1,165.6 & 1,070.1 & 1,186.8 & 1,110.8 & 1,170.7 & 1,142.5 & 1,076.1 & 1,325.0 & 1,207.1 & 1,405.7 & 1,283.5 & 1,373.7 & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{} & 44,219.5 & 41,087.8 & 3,864.6 & 3,490.5 & 3,338.8 & 3,608.0 & 3,203.6 & 3,057.0 & 3,101.3 & 3,582.5 & 3,816.0 & 3,567.3 & 4,024.4 & 4,392.2 & 5,104,1 & \\
\hline & & & & & & 98.4 & 81.8 & 89.2 & 94.5 & 83.6 & 44.7 & 62.2 & 69.0 & 38.3 & 62.4 & \\
\hline & 16,213.4 & 19,875.6 & 1,647.4 & 1,716.6 & 1,540.0 & 1,747.1 & 1,541.9 & 1,695.5 & 1,630.0 & 1,669.5 & 1,819.6 & 1,723.2 & 1,923.2 & 1,704.2 & 1,738.0 & \\
\hline Manufactured goods classified chiefly by material \(\qquad\) & 53,356.3 & 61,636.0 & 5,257.5 & 5,388.3 & 5,138.8 & 5,344.9 & 5,116.6 & 5,354.6 & 5,445.4 & 4,826.9 & 5,275.5 & 5,078.4 & 5,294.4 & 5,130.3 & 5,365.2 & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Miscellaneous manufactured \\
articles \(\qquad\) do ...
\end{tabular}} & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline & 65,183.1 & 70,465.3 & 5,433.0 & 6,270.9 & 6,320.8 & 6,773.0 & 6,147.9 & 6,408.6 & 6,055.4 & 5,919.4 & 5,409.0 & 5,616.5 & 5,675.0 & 5,375.6 & 6,081.4 & \\
\hline articles "...........................................do ....
Machinery
equipment............................. ................... & 177,808.7 & 197,053.3 & 16,107.3 & 17,391.0 & 15,211.4 & 15,719.9 & 16,250.0 & 17,765.8 & 17,549.0 & 18,345.8 & 14,969.5 & 17,077.4 & 18,288.0 & 17,195.9 & 18,021.1 & \\
\hline Machinery, total \#...................... ..............do.... & 99,432.9 & 117,281.0 & 9,169.2 & 10,333.9 & 9,526.6 & 10,010.1 & 9,904.8 & 10,571.4 & 10,370.8 & 10,807.4 & & & & & & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Transport equipment.............. ..........do ....} & 78,375.8 & 79,772.4 & 6,938.1 & 7,057.1 & 5,684.8 & 5,709.8 & 6,345.2 & 7,194.5 & 7,178.3 & 7,538.4 & & & & & & \\
\hline & 70,763.8 & 71,347.0 & 5,980.5 & 6,110.6 & 5,012.6 & 5,175.6 & 5,655.0 & 6,556.0 & 6,486.4 & 6,751.5 & \({ }^{2}\), 472.5 & 6,218.4 & 6,510.0 & 6,031.9 & 6,123.8 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATION


See footnotes at end of tables.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1986 and Business Statistics: 1986} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Units} & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{Annual} & \multicolumn{8}{|c|}{1988} & \multicolumn{6}{|c|}{1989} \\
\hline & & 1987 & 1988 & May & June & July & Aug. & Sept. & Oct. & Nov. & Dec. & Jan. & Feb. & . & Apr. & May & June \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|c|}{TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATION-Continued} \\
\hline COMMUNICATION & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Telephone carriers: \(\bigcirc\), & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Operating revenues \# .........................mil. \(\$\) \$... & 74,657
31,669 & . & & & & & & . & \({ }^{(1)}\) & & \(\ldots\) & ... & - & - & & \\
\hline Tolis, message ........................ -............do.... & 9,171 & ........... & & & & & & & & & \(\cdots\) & & & .-......... & & \\
\hline Operating expenses (excluding taxes).................
Net operating income (after taxes) & 50,384
13,370 & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Access lines................................................... & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS




CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS-Continued



FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS; TOBACCO
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Beer: & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Production ............................... ..........................
Taxable withdrawals............ & 195.42
177.85 & 197.69
178.05 & 18.31
16.48 & 18.58
17.04 & 18.17 & 17.72
16.22 & 15.45 & 15.61 & 14.02
13.21 & 13.32 & 15.88
14.09 & 15.29
13.20 & \({ }_{15.41}^{17.57}\) & 17.30
14.88 & & \\
\hline Stocks, end of period ......................... ..............do..... & 12.94 & 13.23 & 15.25 & 14.95 & 14.88 & 14.32 & 13.68 & 14.15 & 13.47 & 13.23 & 13.38 & 13.84 & 14.24 & 14.99 & & \\
\hline Distilled spirits (total): & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Production................................mil. tax gal .. & 76.51 & 94.37 & 9.16 & 7.10 & 5.70 & 5.14 & 9.82 & 12.96 & 9.75 & 8.13 & 9.17 & 9.41 & 11.42 & & & \\
\hline Consumption, apparent, for beverage purposes \(\dagger\)..............................mil. wine gai.. & 388.22 & 378.08 & 30.16 & 32.77 & 28.09 & 29.44 & 30.08 & 31.28 & 38.64 & 44.88 & 25.03 & 26.51 & 29.88 & & & \\
\hline Stocks, end of period..................mil. tax gal .. & 455.00 & 420.92 & 395.06 & 440.21 & 435.39 & 431.54 & 427.38 & 426.38 & 423.98 & 420.92 & 389.37 & 423.94 & 427.12 & & & \\
\hline Imports...............................mil. proof liters.. & 404.60 & 363.20 & 28.70 & 25.80 & 24.50 & 29.50 & 33.50 & 44.50 & 42.10 & 26.50 & \({ }^{3} 24.14\) & 28.23 & 38.89 & 26.66 & 49.88 & \\
\hline Whisky: & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Production...............................mil. tax gal .. & 38.33 & 47.91 & 4.68 & 3.45 & 3.00 & 2.82 & 3.91 & 5.61 & 6.04 & 5.56 & 6.21 & 6.75 & 9.13 & & & \\
\hline Stocks, end of period ................... ..........do .... & 393.72 & 364.56 & 334.27 & 379.87 & 377.28 & 373.78 & 369.90 & - 367.40 & 364.88 & 364.56 & 333.10 & 367.47 & 371.45 & & & \\
\hline Imports...............................mil. proof liters.. & 268.50 & 231.90 & 18.40 & 16.20 & 14.00 & 19.20 & 21.20 & 30.80 & 27.60 & 16.50 & \({ }^{3} 15.61\) & 17.15 & 14.45 & 15.80 & 19.35 & \\
\hline Wines and distilling materials: & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Effervescent wines: & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Production.............................mil. wine gal.. & 27.89 & 30.72 & 1.36 & 3.45 & 2.71 & 2.66 & 3.04 & 3.65 & 3.02 & 2.62 & 2.77 & 2.02 & 2.14 & & & \\
\hline Taxable withdrawals.................. ..........do .... & 30.04 & 29.24 & 1.91 & 1.96 & 1.70 & 1.75 & 3.48 & 3.87 & 4.69 & 3.54 & 1.21 & 1.25 & 1.83 & & & \\
\hline Stocks, end of period .................. ..........do .... & 14.99 & 18.65 & 17.57 & 17.67 & 18.45 & 19.00 & 18.27 & 17.95 & 15.48 & 18.65 & 16.53 & 17.28 & 18.32 & & & \\
\hline Imports.......................................mil. liters .. & 52.50 & 49.30 & 3,30 & 3.00 & 3.30 & 4.10 & 4.00 & 7.50 & 8.00 & 4.90 & \({ }^{3} 1.91\) & 2.10 & 2.74 & 2.38 & 3.27 & \\
\hline Still wines: & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Production.............................mil. wine gal.. & 442.83 & 470.73 & 4.88 & 3.50 & 6.72 & 26.50 & 192.53 & 117.01 & 53.30 & 45.03 & 10.34 & 5.63 & 4.12 & & & \\
\hline Taxable withdrawals .................. ...........do .... & 451.80 & 444.98 & 41.65 & 47.22 & 38.98 & 36.40 & 33.09 & 32.46 & 34.33 & 34.35 & 29.75 & 29.40 & 32.46 & & & \\
\hline Stocks, end of period ................... .........do .... & 602.97 & 586.77 & 470.22 & 454.47 & 387.52 & 371.93 & 569.32 & 548.27 & 587.32 & 586.77 & \({ }_{5}^{579.30}\) & 544.93 & 538.43 & & & \\
\hline Imports.............................................. & 312.00 & 257.40 & 21.50 & 21.50 & 20.90 & 20.20 & 19.80 & 27.00 & 26.50 & 19.60 & \({ }^{3} 14.98\) & 13.55 & 21.02 & 19.88 & 21.48 & \\
\hline Distilling materials produced at wineries.....................................mil. wine gal . & 145.90 & 131.76 & 3.50 & 2.94 & 1.96 & 10.09 & 40.53 & 32.88 & 8.95 & 7.01 & 4.01 & 3.23 & 4.95 & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1986 and methodological notes are as shown in} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Units} & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{Annual} & \multicolumn{8}{|c|}{1988} & \multicolumn{6}{|c|}{1989} \\
\hline & & 1987 & 1988 & May & Jume & July & Aug. & Sept. & Oct. & Nor. & Dec. & Jan. & Feb. & Mar. & Apr. & May & June \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1986 and methodological notes are as shown in Business Statistics: 1986} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Annual} & \multicolumn{8}{|c|}{1988} & \multicolumn{6}{|c|}{1989} \\
\hline & 1987 & 1988 & May & June & July & Aug. & Sept. & Oet. & Nov. & Dec. & Jan. & Feb. & Mar. & Apr. & May & June \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|c|}{FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS; TOBACCO-Continued} \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{GRAIN AND GRAIN PRODUCTS-Continued} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Wheat-Continued \\
Producer Price Indexes: \\
Hard red winter, No. 1, ord. protein (K.C.) \(1982=100 \ldots\) Hard red spring, No. 1, ord protein \(\underset{1982=100 \text {.. }}{(M i n n .)}\)
\end{tabular} & 70.6
68.8 & 290.8
\({ }^{2} 93.1\) & 76.8
81.6 & 93.6
104.0 & 93.9
97.9 & 93.3
102.6 & 101.7
104.0 & 105.3
106.2 & 103.6
102.7 & 105.2
103.3 & 110.1
111.5 & 108.0
108.9 & 114.6
113.4 & 108.3
109.4 & 115.0
114.6 & 111.2
107.5 \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{Wheat flour:} \\
\hline Flour..............................thous. sacks (100 lb.).. & 338,484 & 339,458 & 28,944 & 28,173 & 28,251 & 31,167 & 29,133 & 31,058 & 30,853 & 27,916 & 28,538 & 26,600 & 26,457 & 「26,676 & 28,071 & \\
\hline Millfeed.....................................thous. sh. tons... & 6,135 & 6,130 & 515 & 500 & 502 & 5556 & 530 & 552 & 561 & 552 & 516 & 477 & 478 & 481 & 502 & \\
\hline Grindings of wheat..............................thous. bu.. Stocks held by mills, end of period ......thous. bu... & 760,459 & 759,833 & 64,858 & 62,961 & 63,002 & 69,182 & 65,226 & 69,172 & 68,846 & 62,209 & 63,338 & 59,242 & 58,851 & \({ }^{\text {r } 59,116 ~}\) & 63,138 & .......... \\
\hline thous. sacks ( 100 lb .).. & 5,858 & 5,137 & & 5,205. & & & 5,640. & & & 5,137 & & & 4,734 & & & \\
\hline \(\qquad\) thous. met. tons. Producer Price Index \(.6 / 83=100\) & \(1,196.00\)
89.7 & 960.80 & 37.70
93.9 & 133.40
107.0 & 112.90 & 108.20
107.7 & 31.30
110.0 & 109.40
110.5 & 65.60
109.0 & 135.70
109.1 & 681.70
110.7 & \({ }_{r 110.0}^{129.32}\) & 134.88
112.0 & 128.48
109.6 & 103.44
111.8 & 112.4 \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{POULTRY AND EGGS} \\
\hline Poultry: & 19,886 & 20,520 & 1,759 & 1,831 & 1,600 & 1,847 & 1,792 & 1,750 & 1,672 & 1,607 & 1,694 & 1,574 & 1,830 & \({ }^{\text {r } 1,653 ~}\) & 1,940 & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Stocks, cold storage (frozen), end of period,
\(\qquad\)} & \(\begin{array}{r}19,886 \\ 501 \\ \hline 282\end{array}\) & 20,520
451
250 & 1,58
631 & 1,818
668 & 1,60
712 & \(\begin{array}{r}1,845 \\ 785 \\ \hline 58\end{array}\) & 1,72
761
578 & 1,781
781 & 1,610
510 & 451 & \begin{tabular}{|c}
1682 \\
468 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & 455 & 1,88
458
269 & \(\begin{array}{r} \\ \\ \hline\end{array} 488\) & \(\begin{array}{r}552 \\ 55 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 655 \\
\hline & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{282
.265} & 250 & 410 & 457 & 496 & 552 & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{.390} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{. 335} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{. 330} & 250 & 263 & 263 & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{. 330} & 299 & 356 & 458 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Price, in Georgia producing area, \\
live broilers... \(\qquad\)
\end{tabular} & & . 315 & . 320 & . 355 & . 400 & . 420 & & & & . 335 & . 340 & . 330 & & . 375 & . 440 & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{. 410} \\
\hline Eggs: \({ }_{\text {Production on }}\) farms..............................il. cases \(8 .\). & 193.2 & 193.0 & 16.2 & 15.5 & 15.9 & 16.0 & 15.5 & 16.2 & 15.8 & 16.2 & 15.9 & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{14.} & 16.0 & 15.4 & 15.8 & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Stocks, cold storage, end of period: \\
Shell. \(\qquad\) thous. cases 8 . \\
Frozen \(\qquad\) ...........mil. lb.
\end{tabular}} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 43 \\
& 17
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
9 \\
20
\end{array}
\]} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 21 \\
& 20
\end{aligned}
\]} & & & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{25
25} & 23 & & \({ }_{26} 8\) & 9 & & & & 18 & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{26} & 28 \\
\hline & & & & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 30 \\
& 25
\end{aligned}
\] & 28
28 & & 23
22 & 24
20 & 26
18 & 9
20 & 12
20 & 7
19 & 16
15 & 18 & & 28
15 \\
\hline \$ per doz.. & . 579 & . 583 & .471 & . 528 & . 698 & . 654 & . 714 & . 631 & . 622 & . 661 & . 678 & . 666 & . 910 & .716 & 698 & 720 \\
\hline LIVESTOCK & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{Cattle and calves:} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Slaughter (federally inspected): \\
Calves.....................................thous. animals.
\end{tabular} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{2,679
34,468} & 2,411 & 171 & 204 & 207 & 227 & 207 & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{2,871} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{2,698} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{203
2,685} & & & 194 & & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{157} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{161
2,951} \\
\hline Cattle ................................................................do.... & & 34,048 & 2,830 & 2,983 & 2,898 & 3,120 & 2,927 & & & & 2,711 & 2,500 & 2,744 & 2,576 & & \\
\hline \multicolumn{16}{|l|}{Prices, wholesale:} & \\
\hline Beef steers (Omaha) \(\qquad\) \(\$\) per 100 lb & 64.60 & 69.58 & 75.15 & 70.58 & 65.96 & 67.08 & 67.71 & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{69.13
8299} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{70.07} & 71.21 & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{72.35
82.02} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{72.92} & 75.81 & 75.31 & 74.52 & 71.71 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Steers, stocker and feeder \\
(Kansas City) \(\qquad\) do....
\end{tabular} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 71.32 \\
& 78.92
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
80.50 \\
+227.67
\end{array}
\]} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 78.99 \\
& 97.66
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
70.77 \\
100.88
\end{array}
\]} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{74.14
77.50} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 79.45 \\
& 87.50
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
79.89 \\
4202.44
\end{array}
\]} & & & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
80.99 \\
225.63
\end{array}
\]} & & & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
80.98 \\
257.50
\end{array}
\]} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
78.58 \\
266.25
\end{array}
\]} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
78.25 \\
260.05
\end{array}
\]} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
79.08 \\
258.44
\end{array}
\]} \\
\hline Calves, vealers (So. St. Paul) ....... ......dollars \(\ddagger .\). & & & & & & & & 82.99
213.75 & 81.31
23088 & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
82.02 \\
230.25
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
82.91 \\
225.06
\end{array}
\] & & & & \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{} \\
\hline Slaughter (federally inspected).....thous. animals.. & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{78,913} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{85,516} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{6,713} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{6,715} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{6,199} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{7,101} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{7,534} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{7,887} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{7,908} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{7,703} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{7,116} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{6,619} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{7,569} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{7,199} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{7,277} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{6,881} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Prices: \\
Wholesale, average, all weights (Sioux City)
\end{tabular} & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline \(\$\) per 100 lb . & 47.11 & 43.25 & 47.75 & 48.26 & 45.60 & 45.98 & 41.28 & 38.92 & 36.52 & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{40.58
157} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{41.64
15.7} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
39.88 \\
15.2
\end{array}
\]} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{37.22
14.4} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
r_{16.1}
\]} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
46.24 \\
18.0
\end{array}
\]} \\
\hline value to 100 lb . live hog).............................. & 33.6 & 19.9 & 23.9 & 19.5 & 16.2 & 16.9 & 15.7 & 15.0 & 14.4 & & & & & & & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Sheep and lambs: \\
Slaughter (federally inspected).....thous. animals. Price, wholesale, lambs, average (Omaha) \(\$\) per 100 lb .
\end{tabular}} & 5,042 & 5,122 & 414 & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{413
58.80} & \multirow{3}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
387 \\
57.55
\end{array}
\]} & & & & & & & \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
415 \\
66.83
\end{array}
\]} & \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
505 \\
69.50
\end{array}
\]} & \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
393 \\
74.50
\end{array}
\]} & & 423 \\
\hline & 75.77 & 60.71 & 75.17 & & & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
442 \\
54.90
\end{array}
\]} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
452 \\
58.35
\end{array}
\]} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
437 \\
60.44
\end{array}
\]} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
418 \\
61.90
\end{array}
\]} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
447 \\
64.75
\end{array}
\]} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
418 \\
66.25
\end{array}
\]} & & & & \[
73.75
\] & 68.56 \\
\hline meats & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Total meats (excluding lard): & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Production ....................................mil. \({ }^{\text {Stocks, }}\), ld. l ... & 38,442
623 & 39,763
716 & 3,206 & 3,318
671 & 3,171
671 & 3,507
634 & 3,462 & 3,511
664 & 3,399 701 & 3,358
716 & 3,265 & 3,003
762 & 3,326
749 & 3,130
767 & 3,396
735 & 3,342
686 \\
\hline Exports (meats and meat preparations) & & & 721
87 & 61
90 & 671
93 & 105 & \begin{tabular}{|c}
644 \\
99
\end{tabular} & 664
102 & 103 & 105 & \({ }_{684}\) & 91 & 108 & 105 & 110 & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Imports (meats and meat prep- \\
arations) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
\end{tabular} & 915
1,250 & 1,081
1,263 & 87
104 & 90
125 & 98
98 & 105 & 99
91 & 102
88 & 103
89 & 105
74 & \({ }^{6} 114\) & 86 & 968 & 91 & 98 & \\
\hline Beef and veal: & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline  & 23,821
293 & 23,811 323 & 1,948
280 & 2,059
253 & 2,013
274 & 2,197 & 2,074
311 & 2,041
300 & 1,909 & 1,904
323 & 1,928 & 1,772 & 1,920 & \(\begin{array}{r}1,784 \\ \hline 280 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 2,027 & 2,051 \\
\hline Exports....................................thous met. tons.. & 394 & 443 & 33 & \(\begin{array}{r}34 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 37 & 45 & \({ }_{44}\) & \({ }^{4} 5\) & 46 & 40 & \({ }_{6} 36\) & 37 & 49 & 45 & 47 & \\
\hline Imports................................................ ..............do .... & 725 & 753 & 61 & 81 & 58 & 72 & 53 & 48 & 50 & 34 & \({ }_{6}^{6} 72\) & 50 & 56 & 53 & 60 & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Price, wholesale, beef, fresh steer carcasses, choice ( \(600-700\) lbs.) \\
(Central U.S.) \(\qquad\) \(\$\) per lb
\end{tabular} & . 972 & 1.031 & 1.117 & 1.064 & 971 & 1.010 & 1.032 & 1.044 & 1.047 & 1.062 & 1.073 & 1.080 & 1.124 & 1.188 & 1.126 & 1.064 \\
\hline Lamb and mutton: & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Production, total \(\qquad\) mil. lb. Stocks, cold storage, end of period..................do ... & 310
8 & 329 & 27
8 & 27
9 & 24
9 & 28
7 & 28
7 & 28
6 & & 29
6 & \(\begin{array}{r}27 \\ 7 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 27
6 & 33 7 & \({ }_{76}^{26}\) & 28
7 & 26
7 \\
\hline Pork (excluding lard): & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Production, total .......................................da .... & 14,312 & 15,623 & 1,231 & 1,233 & 1,133 & 1,282 & \(\begin{array}{r}1,360 \\ \hline 288\end{array}\) & 1,443 & 1,463 & 1,425 & 1,310 & 1,204 & 1,373
394 & 1,321
7 & 1,341 & 1,266
385 \\
\hline Exports...............................thous. met. & 285
70 & 147 & 389
12 & 363
17 & \(\begin{array}{r}337 \\ 15 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 287
17 & 12 & \(\stackrel{15}{ }\) & \({ }_{15}\) & 14 & \({ }_{6}{ }_{11}\) & 10 & \({ }^{11}\) & 12 & 13 & \\
\hline Imports.......................................... .............do .... & 461 & 439 & 37 & 39 & 36 & 37 & 33 & 34 & 32 & 34 & \({ }^{6} 36\) & 31 & 34 & 33 & 33 & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Prices: \\
Producer Price Index, Hams, smoked
\end{tabular} & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline 198 & 104.2 & \({ }^{2} 96\) & 91.8 & 92.0 & 91.4 & 92.4 & 94.5 & 98 & 99.1 & 100 & (s) & & & & & \\
\hline Fresh loins, \(8-14 \mathrm{lb}\). average, wholesale (N.Y.).............................. \$ per lb. & 1.265 & 1.188 & 1.298 & 1.315 & 1.259 & 1.277 & 1.215 & 1.071 & . 996 & 1.132 & (5) & & & & & \\
\hline MISCELLANEOUS FOOD PRODUCTS & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Cocoa (cacao) beans, imports \\
(including shells). \(\qquad\) thous. met. tons..
\end{tabular} & 262.6 & 236.7 & 14.9 & 21.3 & 14.6 & 19.8 & 8.9 & 8.7 & 13.7 & 31.0 & \({ }^{6} 44.2\) & 24.0 & 30.4 & 28.9 & 24.6 & \\
\hline Coffee: & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Imports, total.............................. .metric tons.. & 1,194,360 & 920,040 & 68,460 & 49,920 & 92,580 & 97,260 & 74,280 & 76,320 & 71,700 & 61,620 & 698,070 & 77,714 & 82,072 & 88,874 & 77,223 & \\
\hline From Brazil............................. ............do... & 235,680 & 252,780 & 13,980 & 15,000 & 22,500 & 30,720 & 26,280 & 38,520 & 12,180 & 14,400 & \({ }^{6} 24,616\) & 20,282 & 24,413 & 31,128 & 12,053 & \\
\hline U.S. Import Price Index \(\dagger\)............. ....1985 \(=100\).. & 81.6 & 91.0 & & 92.2 & & & 88.7 & & & 90.1 & & & 89.5 & & & 86.5 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Fish: \\
Stocks, cold storage, end of period. mil. lb.
\end{tabular} & \({ }^{4} 411\) & r394 & r350 & r371 & \({ }^{\text {r }} 364\) & r396 & r397 & \({ }^{4} 407\) & 「393 & r394 & 392 & 353 & 330 & 330 & 357 & P375 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1986 and methodological notes are as shown in Business Statistics: 1986} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Annual} & \multicolumn{8}{|c|}{1988} & \multicolumn{6}{|c|}{1989} \\
\hline & 1987 & 1988 & May & June & July & Aug. & Sept. & Oct. & Nov. & Dec. & Jan. & Feb. & Mar. & Apr. & May & June \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|c|}{FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS; TOBACCO-Cont.} \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{MISCELLANEOUS FOOD PRODUCTS-Cont. Sugar:} \\
\hline Exports, raw and refined............... ..metric tons.. & 560,592 & 877,365 & 8,957 & 41,624 & 35,989 & 28,278 & 23,016 & 38,223 & 16,816 & 615,552 & \({ }^{5} 24,230\) & 36,168 & 27,170 & 27,337 & 22,806 & \\
\hline Imports, raw and refined...........thous. met. tons .. & 1,157 & 1,213 & 96 & 62 & 112 & 144 & 99 & 164 & 90 & 134 & \({ }^{5} 104\) & 112 & 152 & 84 & 126 & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Producer Price Indexes: \\
Raw (cane) \(\qquad\) \(. . .1982=100\).
\end{tabular} & 110.3 & \({ }^{4} 111.9\) & 111.8 & 112.7 & 118.0 & 111.8 & 111.6 & 110.7 & 110.2 & 112.0 & 111.0 & 111.9 & 112.3 & 112.3 & 113.8 & 115.4 \\
\hline Refined ....................................... ..............do .... & 106.4 & \({ }^{4} 108.9\) & 106.6 & 106.9 & 108.2 & 110.0 & 109.9 & 112.3 & 112.2 & 113.7 & 115.8 & \({ }^{\text {r }} 115.8\) & 116.1 & 116.1 & 117.0 & 116.9 \\
\hline Tea, imports.................................... .metric tons.. & 77,390 & 90,143 & 8,435 & 8,793 & 7,987 & 7,873 & 5,860 & 5,642 & 6,792 & 7,959 & \({ }^{5} 6,610\) & 5,966 & 8,290 & 7,170 & 7,193 & \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{\begin{tabular}{l|l|l|}
\hline Leaf: \\
Production (crop estimate) ..........................ill. lb.. & \({ }^{1,191}\) & \({ }_{11,371}\)
\end{tabular}} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Production (crop estimate) ............. ...........mil. lb. Stocks, dealers' and manufacturers', \\
end of period. \(\qquad\) do....
\end{tabular} & '1,191
4,471 & 1,371
4,020 & & 3,792 & & & 3,925 & & & 4,020 & & & 3,825 & & & \\
\hline Exports, incl scrap and stems ....... ..metric tons.. & 198,178 & 216,481 & 15,845 & 10,332 & 11,805 & 11,181 & 14,279 & 14,806 & 20,886 & 20,588 & \({ }^{5} 25,916\) & 25,393 & 22,177 & 19,356 & 14,701. & \\
\hline Imports, incl. scrap and stems ....... ..............do .... & 222,197 & 196,429 & 18,199 & 18,762 & 19,665 & 19,297 & 20,404 & 16,088 & 12,218 & 5,248 & \({ }^{5} 14,603\) & 11,507 & 12,411 & 19,382 & 16,202 & \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{} \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{Consumption (withdrawals):} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Cigarettes (small): \\
Tax-exempt. millions..
\end{tabular} & 111,199 & 132,953 & 10,316 & 12,526 & 9,164 & 11,664 & 11,682 & 11,338 & 15,585 & 12,158 & 10,947 & 11,702 & 11,419 & 9,502. & & \\
\hline Taxable................................ ..............do .... & 577,008 & 543,378 & 51,609 & 52,699 & 31,416 & 34,373 & 51,941 & 46,871 & 56,264 & 39,548 & 46,915 & 41,936 & 51,723 & 44,351 & & \\
\hline Cigars (large), taxable ................ .............do .... & 2,676 & 2,430 & 216 & 251 & 178 & 224 & 237 & 208 & 200 & 189 & 164 & 164 & 209 & 174 & & \\
\hline Exports, cigarettes ........................ ..............do .... & 100,246 & 118,499 & 10,110 & 10,271 & 10,167 & 9,914 & 10,557 & 10,501 & 10,214 & 11,146 & 58,661 & 2,187 & 1,731 & 9,129 & 1,248. & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

LEATHER AND PRODUCTS
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline LEATHER & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Upper and lining leather. \(\qquad\) thous. sq. ft.. & 194,152 & 215,358 & 19,273 & 17,623 & 15,023 & 13,967 & 21,022 & 22,556 & 15,835 & 22,519 & & & & & & \\
\hline Producer Price Index, leather............ ... \(1982=100 .\). & 140.9 & \({ }^{4} 167.5\) & 176.4 & 165.0 & 165.7 & 168.2 & 168.8 & 170.7 & 166.0 & 164.9 & 166.6 & \({ }^{r} 169.4\) & 170.2 & 169.2 & 166.7 & 165.6 \\
\hline LEATHER MANUFACTURES & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Footwear: \(\quad\) Production, total \(\bigcirc\). & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Production, total \(\rangle\)..............................thous. pairs.. \\
Shoes, sandals, and play shoes, \\
except athletic
\end{tabular} & 225,888
162,323 & 217,636 & 18,680
(3) & 18,263
\({ }^{(3)}\) & 13,887 & 19,531
\({ }^{(3)}\) & 19,451
(3) & 19,403
(3) & 19,611
(3) & 15,778
11,421 & 18,070
12,428 & 18,455 & 19,590
(3) & 16,797
\({ }^{(3)}\) & & \\
\hline Slippers..............................................t............dio.... & 55,548 & 57,781 & 5,283 & 5,436 & 4,055 & 5,348 & 4,909 & 5.181 & 6,156 & 11,421 & 12,478 & 5,241 & 5,783 & 4,403 & & \\
\hline Athletic................................................................................ & 8,017 & & \({ }^{(3)}\) & \({ }_{(3)}{ }^{(3)}\) & (3) & \({ }_{(3)}\) & \({ }_{(8)}{ }^{\text {a }}\) (3) & \({ }_{(3)}\) & \({ }^{(3)}\) & 928 & +885 & \({ }^{5}{ }^{3}\) & \({ }^{(3)}\) & \({ }_{(3)}\) & & \\
\hline Other footwear,.......................... .............do .... & 2,360 & 2,464 & 208 & 189 & 117 & 313 & 306 & 204 & 210 & 165 & 253 & 260 & 281 & 271 & & \\
\hline Exports ....................................... ..............do .... & 14,713 & 18,394 & 1,369 & 1,443 & 1,661 & 1,432 & 1,635 & 1,483 & 1,652 & 1,438 & & & & & & \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Producer Price Indexes: \\
Men's leather upper, dress and casual
\end{tabular}} \\
\hline \(1982=100 .\). & 111.4 & \({ }^{4} 121.3\) & 120.1 & 120.1 & 121.9 & 122.8 & 123.2 & 123.1 & 123.5 & 124.6 & 125.2 & 125.8 & 126.0 & 126.8 & 125.0 & 125.0 \\
\hline Women's leather upper............... .............do.... & 107.2 & \({ }^{1} 112.5\) & 111.5 & 111.9 & 113.0 & 113.6 & 113.3 & 113.5 & 114.0 & 114.0 & 114.2 & \({ }^{\text {r }} 114.9\) & 116.0 & 115.1 & 115.1 & 115.1 \\
\hline Women's plastic upper............... .............do .... & 104.9 & \({ }^{1} 107.5\) & 107.3 & 107.2 & 107.2 & 107.3 & 107.7 & 105.9 & 108.4 & 109.4 & 109.5 & 110.0 & 110.1 & 110.0 & 109.9 & 110.3 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

LUMBER AND. PRODUCTS

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline \({ }^{2} 49,395\) & \({ }^{2} 48,350\) \\
\hline 211,160 & \({ }^{2} 11,446\) \\
\hline \({ }^{2} 38,235\) & \({ }^{2} 36,904\) \\
\hline 2 49,761 & \({ }^{2} 47,962\) \\
\hline \({ }^{2} 11,460\) & 211,163 \\
\hline \({ }^{2} 38,301\) & \({ }^{2} 36,799\) \\
\hline 6,183 & \\
\hline 1,412 & \\
\hline 4,771 & \\
\hline 35,912 & 33,547 \\
\hline 10,325 & 9,412 \\
\hline 548 & 636 \\
\hline 10,354 & 9,390 \\
\hline 10,445 & 9,324 \\
\hline 790 & 856 \\
\hline 1,614 & \({ }^{\text {c } 2,202 ~}\) \\
\hline 326 & \({ }^{6} 342\) \\
\hline 1,289 & 1,860 \\
\hline 125.1 & 135.7 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}




METALS AND MANUFACTURES




\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1986 and methodological notes are as shown in Business Statistics: 1986} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Annual} & \multicolumn{8}{|c|}{1988} & \multicolumn{6}{|c|}{1989} \\
\hline & 1987 & 1988 & May & June & July & Aug. & Sept. & Oct. & Nov. & Dec. & Jan. & Feb. & Mar. & Apr. & May & June \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|c|}{METALS AND MANUFACTURES-Continued} \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT-Continued} \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Tractors used in construction, shipments, qtrly: Tracklaying (ex. shovel loaders)..... .............units.} & & & & & & & 2835 & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline & 99738 & 1,178.9 & \(\cdots\) & 323.1 & & & 228.6 & & & \({ }_{2896}\) & & & & & & \\
\hline Wheel (contractors' off highway) ... ............units.. mil \(\$\).. & \begin{tabular}{l}
5,482 \\
4 \\
\hline 155 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & 5,134 & & 1,320 & & & 1,376 & & & 1,996 & & & & & & \\
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Shovel loaders \(\ddagger\)................................................ mil. \(\$\)} & & & & 10.5 & & & 15.2 & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline & \[
\begin{gathered}
62,825 \\
1,819.5
\end{gathered}
\] & \({ }_{2,113.4}^{63,73}\) & \(\ldots\) & 1754.3 & & \(\ldots\) & 503.1 & & & 547.1 & & \(\cdots\) & \(\cdots\) & & & \\
\hline Batteries (auto-type replacement), & 59,878 & 63,487 & 4,122 & 4,988 & 4,733 & 5,783 & 6,757 & 6,463 & 6,041 & 6,245 & 4,674 & 4,203 & 4,754 & 4,172 & 4,656 & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Radio sets, production, total market + .........thous . Television sets (incl. combination models), production, total market ti: \(\qquad\)} & 228,110 & 23,623 & 1,572 & 2,124 & 2,075 & 2,120
1,853 & 2,493 & 2,670
1,953 & 2,834 & 1,940 & 1,688
1,649 & 1,518 & 1,752 & 1,927 & 1,985 & \\
\hline & 23,497 & 20,170 & , 588 & 1,981 & 1,485 & 1,853 & 2,567 & 1,953 & 1,838 & 2,329 & 1,649 & 1,846 & 2,254 & & & \\
\hline Household major appliances (electrical), factory
shipments (domestic and export) \#......thous... & 49,981 & \({ }^{3} 47,070\) & 4,016 & \({ }^{4,512}\) & 3,824 & 3,150 & 3,963 & 3,975 & 3,933 & 3,679 & 3,947 & ,916 & 4,444 & & 4,326 & 4,389 \\
\hline  & 3,798 & \({ }^{3} 4,637\) & 708 & \({ }^{835}\) & 405 & 198 & 111 & 129 & 126 & 215 & & 546 & 846 & 718 & 748 & 718 \\
\hline Dishwashers.................................do... & - \(4,4,488\) & 4,233 & 324 & 330
336 & \begin{tabular}{l}
345 \\
342 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
349 \\
364 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & \({ }_{369}\) & \begin{tabular}{|c}
336 \\
387
\end{tabular} & \({ }_{381}^{353}\) & \({ }_{343}^{318}\) & \({ }_{391}^{326}\) &  & 324
414 & \({ }_{335}^{275}\) & \({ }_{336}^{292}\) & \({ }_{331}^{324}\) \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} & 12,610 & 10,988 & 697 & 789 & 746 & 770 & 1,031 & 1,123 & 1,224 & 1,161 & 1,054 & 963 & \({ }_{906}\) & 824 & 307
907 & 788 \\
\hline & 3,346 & \({ }_{3}^{3} 3,222\) & \({ }^{2} 251\) & \({ }_{7}{ }^{3} 10\) & 252 & 287 & 270 & 302 & 287 & 262 & 245 & 225 & 273 & 226 & 263 & \({ }^{263}\) \\
\hline  & 6,972 & \({ }^{3} 7,2278\) & 616 & 753 & 778 & 781 & \({ }_{6}^{68}\) & 625 & 537 & 467 & 466 & 460 & 564 & 536 & 686 & \({ }^{785}\) \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} & 5,998 & \({ }_{36,190}\) & 112
515 & \({ }_{546}\) & 156
460 & 152
589 & 128 & \({ }_{533}^{110}\) & \(\begin{array}{r}508 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 94
440 & 98
553 & 510 & -939 & -931 & 111 & \({ }_{5} 116\) \\
\hline & 4,637 & 4,601 & 353 & r382 & 328 & 429 & 437 & 413 & 401 & 363 & 436 & 394 & 385 & 323 & 374 & 389 \\
\hline Vacume cleaners (qtrly).......................................... & 10,417 & 10,652 & & 2,487. & & & 882 & & & 2,550 & & & 2,952 & & & \\
\hline GAS EQUIPMENT (RESIDENTIAL) & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Furnaces, warm air, shipments ......... ..........thous .. & \({ }_{2}^{2,073}\) & & 118 & & 164 & & 254 & \({ }_{252} 20\) & 223 & 177 & \({ }_{158}^{178}\) & 148 & 135 & 132 & & \\
\hline Water heaters (storage), automatic, \({ }^{\text {Ranges }}\), & 2,143 & 2,167 & 168 & 176 & 162 & 193 & 182 & 203 & 203 & 191 & 158 & 156 & 194 & 163. & \(\cdots\) & ............ \\
\hline shipments...........................................do.... & 3,951 & 3,956 & 317 & 333 & 287 & 290 & 321 & 381 & 307 & 383 & 387 & 328 & 375 & 354 & 324 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|}
\hline COAL \\
\hline \multirow[t]{46}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Anthracite: \\
COKE \\
Production: \\
Beehive and oven (byproduct)......thous. sh. tons
Petroleum coke \(\$\). \\
Petroleum coke §§... \(\qquad\) \\
Stocks, end of period:
Oven-coke plants, \\
 \\
At merchant plants \(\qquad\) \\
Exports. \(\qquad\) .thous. met. tons. \\
PETROLEUM AND PRODUCTS
\end{tabular}} \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
See footnotes at end of tables.
}


PULP, PAPER, AND PAPER PRODUCTS



\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|c|}{TEXTILE PRODUCTS} \\
\hline Fabric & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Woven fabric, finishing platts: & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Production (finished fabric..........mil. linear yd... & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & ........... & \\
\hline Manmade fiber and silk fabrics................do... & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Inventories held at end of period.. ..............do .... & & .... & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Cotton .............................. ..............do... & & \(\ldots\) & & & & & & & & & & --......... & & \(\cdots\) & & .i. \\
\hline Manmade fiber and silk fabrics.an*) & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Backlog of finishing orders............ .............do ... & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Cotton...............................................do.... & \(\cdots\) & \(\cdots\) & & & & ... & & \(\cdots\) & \(\cdots\) & \(\cdots\) & \(\cdots\) & \(\cdots\) & \(\cdots\) & \(\cdots\) & . & \\
\hline Manmade fiber and silk fabrics.................do... & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline cotton and manufactures & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Cotton (excluding linters): \\
Production:
\end{tabular} & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline  & 14,359 & 14,986 & & & 136 & 804
14.934 & \({ }_{1}^{2,277}\) & 6,888 & 11,698 & \[
{ }_{14,2707}^{14,276}
\] & & & & & & \\
\hline & 14,760
7,446 & 15,412
7,294 & & \({ }^{3} 662\) & 433 & & \(\begin{array}{r}14676 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 14,714
454 & 14,837
509 & \begin{tabular}{|c}
10,197 \\
3554 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & & & & & 631 & \({ }^{3} 791\) \\
\hline Stocks in the United States, total, end of period \#........................thous. running bales. & 7,446
13,722 & 7,294
16,062 & 551
7,707 & -662 & 438
5,723 & & 18,122 & \({ }_{17,755}{ }^{454}\) & & & 554
14,809 & \(\begin{array}{r}570 \\ 13,705 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 5734
12,349 & 611
10,683 & 631
9,951 & \({ }^{791}\) \\
\hline Domestic cotton, total ............. .............d.... & 13,722 & 16,062 & 7,707 & 6,567 & 5,723 & 18,973 & 18,122 & 17,755 & 17,115 & 16,062 & 14,809 & 13,705 & 12,349 & 10,683 & 9,951 & \\
\hline On farms and in transit....................do....
Public storage and compresses...........do... & \(\xrightarrow{2,525}\) & 13,524 & 5,9887 & 761
5,073 & - \(\begin{array}{r}300 \\ 4,714\end{array}\) & 13,974
4,348 & \(\underset{\substack{12,487 \\ 5,027}}{ }\) & 8,975
8,210 & 4,838
11,722 & 13,524 & \({ }^{13,141}\) & \({ }_{12,048}^{1,026}\) & 10,734 & \(\begin{array}{r}\text { 9,357 } \\ \hline, 53\end{array}\) & 8, 1,076 & \\
\hline Consuming establishments..................do.... & \({ }_{642}\) & 581 & \({ }^{5} 7\) & \({ }_{7}{ }^{\text {\% }}\) & \({ }^{4,709}\) & \({ }^{4} 651\) & 608 & \({ }^{8} 570\) & \({ }^{1}\), 555 & \({ }^{1} 581\) & \({ }^{13} 5\) & 631 & 622 & 623 & 646 & - \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below. data through 1986 and methodological notes are as shown in Business Statistics: 1986} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Annual} & \multicolumn{8}{|c|}{1988} & \multicolumn{6}{|c|}{1989} \\
\hline & 1987 & 1988 & May & June & July & Aug. & Sept. & Oct. & Nov. & Dec. & Jan. & Feb. & Mar. & Apr. & May & June \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|c|}{TEXTILE PRODUCTS-Continued} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
APPAREL-Continued \\
Men's apparel cuttings: 㤽
\end{tabular} & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Coats (separate), dress and sport.... .................... & \({ }^{\text {r12, } 12,236}\) & \({ }^{17,392}\) & ….............. & 3,182 & ....................... & \(\cdots\) & 4,473. &  & ............ & 4,148 & ............ & & \(\cdots\) & & & \\
\hline Trousers, slacks, jeans, pants, etc.. .............do... \({ }^{\text {chous }}\) Shirs, dress and sport & \begin{tabular}{|c}
\(r 748,667\) \\
\(r 83,756\)
\end{tabular} & \({ }^{430,448} 8\) & ........... & 114,658 & & & 109,746. & & \({ }^{\text {............. }}\) & \({ }^{96,469}\) & ............ & & & \(\cdots\) & & \\
\hline Hosiery, shipments......................thous. doz. pairs.. & 308,982 & 322,124 & 24,886 & 27,084 & 29,404 & 27,557 & \({ }_{27,006}^{19,4}\) & 32,948 & 27,475 & \({ }_{25,120}^{21}\) & 29,503 & 29,183 & 29,277 & \(\cdots\) & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|c|}{TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT} \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{aErospace vehicles} & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Orders, new (net), qtrly, total \\
U.S. Government
\(\qquad\) mil. \(\$\)
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
3119,098 \\
\hline 64,892
\end{tabular} & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline \multicolumn{11}{|l|}{\multirow[b]{2}{*}{Sales (net), receipts, or bilings, quarterly,}} & & & & & & \\
\hline & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline U.S. Government................................................... & \({ }^{3} 677,680\) & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Backlog of orders, end of period \# ... .............do .... & 3157,250. & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline U.S. Government. \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\) & 391,436. & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Aircraft (complete) and parts......... ...................} & \({ }^{3} 64,494\). & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline & \({ }^{3} 15,521\) & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Missiles, space vehicle systems, engines, propulsion units, and parts & >30,259 & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Other related operations (conversions, modi-. & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline fications), products, services....... .-........mil. \(\$ .\). & 6,527. & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Aircraft (complete): & r12 417 & , & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Exports, commercial..................................do.... & 7,380 & 9,971 & 1,063 & \({ }^{1,4806}\) & 725 & 811 & \({ }^{1,014,}\) & 949 & 814 & 829 & \({ }_{4} 620\) & 810 & 1,320 & 1,241 & 1,104 & \\
\hline MOTOR VEHICLES (NEW) & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Passenger cars: & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Factory sales (from U.S. plants): & \({ }^{57} 7,085\) & 7,105 & 690 & 726 & 386 & 484 & 618 & 655 & 648 & 584 & 616 & 606 & 654 & 651 & 672 & \({ }^{(2)}\) \\
\hline Domestic...................................................................... & \({ }^{5} 6,487\) & 6,437 & 626 & 668 & 347 & 442 & 556 & 589 & 591 & 533 & 570 & 545 & 585 & 584 & & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Retail sales, total, not seas. adj ..... .................do Domestics §.} & 10,278 & 10,639 & 974 & 1,010 & & 886 & & & 796 & 882 & 721 & 754 & 887 & 912 & 973 & -899 \\
\hline & 7,081
3
3 & \begin{tabular}{|c}
7,539 \\
8,099
\end{tabular} & \({ }_{702}^{772}\) & \(\begin{array}{r}1,722 \\ \\ \hline 87\end{array}\) & \(\begin{array}{r}605 \\ \hline 58 \\ \hline 58\end{array}\) & 603
883
283 & 579 & [ 592 & \(\begin{array}{r}554 \\ \hline 243 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & \({ }_{265}^{617}\) & 512
209 & \(\begin{array}{r}554 \\ 201 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & \begin{tabular}{l}
642 \\
246 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
667 \\
245 \\
\hline 1
\end{tabular} & 710
262 & \(\begin{array}{r}641 \\ \\ \hline 658 \\ \hline 68\end{array}\) \\
\hline  & 3,197 & 3,099 & \(\begin{array}{r}272 \\ { }_{1}^{20.6} \\ \hline\end{array}\) & -10.9 & + \(\begin{array}{r}258 \\ { }_{10} 10.6\end{array}\) & \({ }^{2810.5}\) & \({ }_{710.2}^{251}\) & \({ }_{79}^{246}\) & \({ }^{2} 10.15\) & -11.4 & \(\begin{array}{r}209 \\ \hline 9.9\end{array}\) & \({ }_{9} 201\) & \({ }_{\text {r9,7 }}\) & & \({ }_{1}{ }_{10,3}^{26}\) & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} & & & r7.
r31 & \(\begin{array}{r}97.8 \\ \\ \hline 9\end{array}\) & \({ }^{7} 7.7\) & + 7.4 & \(\begin{array}{r}17.2 \\ \\ \hline 7.2\end{array}\) & \(\bigcirc{ }_{7} 6.9\) & 7.29 & 8.4 & r7.
r28 & -7.0. & \({ }^{\text {「6. }} 8\) &  & 77.5
7.9 & \(\begin{array}{r}87.0 \\ \\ \hline 9.9\end{array}\) \\
\hline & & & \({ }^{\text {r3.1 }}\) & \({ }^{5} 3.2\) & 3.0 & r3.1. & r3.0 & 3.0 & 2.9 & 3.1 & r2.8 & 2.8 & 2.9 & \({ }^{\text {r3. }}\). & '2.9 & \({ }^{\text {e9 }} 2.9\) \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Retail inventories, domestics, end of period: § Not seasonally adjusted .............. ...........thous Seasonally adjusted. ..do..} & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline & -1,680 & - \({ }_{\text {1,619 }}^{1,601}\) & \({ }_{7}^{1,595}\) & \({ }^{19} 1,549\) & \({ }^{1} 1,43818\) & - 1,326 & -1,509 & \({ }^{1,51,646}\), & \({ }_{71,663}^{1,631}\) & -1,601 & \(\begin{array}{r}1,736 \\ \hline 1,649\end{array}\) & r1,667 & r1,690 & \(\begin{array}{r}1,836 \\ \hline 1,702\end{array}\) & \(\begin{array}{r}1,844 \\ \\ \\ \hline 1,703\end{array}\) & \({ }^{1,845}\) \\
\hline Inventory-retail sales ratio, domestics \(\S\)............... & 2.9 & 2.6 & \({ }^{2} .4\) & \({ }^{9} 2.4\) & r2.3 & 2.4 & '2.6 & 2.9 & '2.8 & 2.3 & 2.8 & 2.8 & '3.0 & 2.7 & 2.7 & \({ }^{9} 3.0\) \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Exports (BuCensus), total............................do.....
To Canada..............................................} & \({ }^{627.65}\) & \({ }_{6165.12}\) & 74.91 & \({ }_{5}^{67.33}\) & 43.93 & 46.11 & 76.56 & \({ }^{65.11}\) & 68.50 & 58.24 & \({ }^{4} 55.68\) & 71.74 & \({ }_{6}^{82.94}\) & 80.16
583 & 71.37
5.26 & \\
\hline & 561.88 & \({ }^{616.18}\) & 64.12
3789 & \begin{tabular}{l}
52.51 \\
359 \\
\hline 1
\end{tabular} & 38.61 & 39.44
3360 & -65.92 & 50.11
400.1 & 48.98
4092 & 40.61
4157
4 & \({ }^{4} 40.14\) & 55.02
372.6 & 65.69
374.7 & 58.73
356.4 & & \\
\hline  & \({ }^{4,5969.9}\) & 1,191.4 & 114.9 & 121.3 & 38.9
58.9 & \({ }_{74.2}\) & \begin{tabular}{l}
100.5 \\
\hline 188
\end{tabular} & 101.5 & 1010 & \({ }_{88.9}\) & - 88.0 & 112.4 & 99.9 & 102.1 & & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Registrations \(\rangle\), total new vehicles Imports, including domestically sponsored... \(\qquad\)} & \({ }^{\text {I } 10,166 ~}\) & \({ }^{1} 10,480\) & 883 & 981 & 883 & 901 & 987 & 807 & 764 & 896 & 733 & 722 & 833 & 843 & 885 & \\
\hline & 13,654 & 13,710 & '295 & 333 & 303 & 329 & 360 & 297 & 278 & 317 & 258 & 252 & 283 & 282 & 293 & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Trucks and buses: \\
Factory sales (from U.S. plants): \\

\end{tabular}} & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline &  & \begin{tabular}{|}
4,121 \\
3,795
\end{tabular} & \({ }_{333}^{366}\) & 372
343 & \({ }_{223}^{240}\) & 337
318 & 349
324 & \begin{tabular}{|}
375 \\
340
\end{tabular} & \({ }_{323}^{351}\) & 327
303 & \({ }_{338}^{365}\) & \({ }_{343} 37\) & \({ }_{366}^{401}\) & 334 & \({ }_{361}^{389}\) & (2) \\
\hline Retail sales, domestics: & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{} & 4,088.4 & 4,544.5 & 426.0 & 426.9 & 385.5 & 371.1 & 346.4 & 371.0 & 355.0 & 359.2 & 326.8 & 337.7 & 405.2 & 398.9 & 421.8 & 389.4 \\
\hline & 3,786.1 & 4,195.1 & 395.8 & 395.8 & 356.5 & 34.7 & 317.3 & 339.7 & 328.0 & 3299.0 & 300.1 & 313.1 & 375.6 & \({ }^{368.6}\) & \({ }_{3}^{391.2}\) & \({ }_{3}^{359.1}\) \\
\hline & 302.3 & 348.7 & 30.2 & 31.1 & 29.1 & 27.4 & 29.0 & 31.4 & 27.0 & 30.1 & 26.7 & 24.6 & 29.5 & 0.3 & 30.7 & 30.3 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{} & & & \({ }^{\text {r }} 386.6\) & r368.2 & \({ }^{\text {r391.9 }}\) & r389.0 & \({ }^{\text {r367. }}\) & & & \({ }^{3} 372.1\) & \({ }^{\text {r381.6 }}\) & r365.2 & \({ }^{\text {r }} 349.2\) & \({ }^{\text {³97.0 }}\) & \({ }^{\text {r362.6 }}\) & \({ }^{9} 351.9\) \\
\hline & & & \({ }^{\text {r357.3 }}\) & \({ }^{3} 340.3\) & \({ }^{3} 363.0\) & r361.2 & \({ }^{3} 388.5\) & r353.9 & \({ }^{\text {r346.1 }}\) & \({ }^{3} 322.6\) & \({ }^{\text {r }} 349.3\) & \({ }^{\text {r336.6 }}\) & r322.7 & \({ }^{3} 369.2\) & r334.0 & \({ }^{9} 9324.6\) \\
\hline & & & '29.2 & '27.9 & r28.9 & r27.9 & '28.7 & \({ }^{130.6}\) & \({ }^{\text {r30.5 }}\) & '29.4 & \({ }^{3} 32.2\) & \({ }^{\text {'28.6 }}\) & '26.5 & \({ }^{\text {r27.8 }}\) & '28.6 & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Retail inventories, domestics, end of period: \(\dagger\) \\
Not seasonally adjusted ............... ...........thous .. \\
Seasonally adjusted.
\end{tabular}} & 967.9 & 999.3 & 992.9 & 987.6 & 851.6 & & & & & 999.3 & & & & & & \\
\hline & 1,015.4 & 1,041.6 & 941.6 & 99496 & 924.1 & \({ }_{924.7}\) & 895.2 & 972.3 & 1,003.5 & 1,041.6 & 1,072.5 & 1,1099 & 1,130.0 & 1,135.8 & \(1,160.3\) & 1,203.7 \\
\hline & 229.27 & 246.92 & 24.18 & 22.14 & 14.37 & 17. & 21. & 21.80 & 15.23 & 17.91 & \({ }^{1} 19.23\) & 21.60 & 23.35 & 18.73 & 17.69 & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Exports (BuCensus) \\
Imports (BuCensus), including separate \\
chassis and bodies \(\qquad\)
\end{tabular} & 1,878.19 & 1,155.66 & 90.81 & 102.25 & 78.99 & 75.16 & 72.90 & 109.83 & 97.20 & 107.89 & \({ }^{1} 108.34\) & 101.92 & 103.61 & 76.34 & 89.64 & \\
\hline Registrations \(\rangle\), new vehicles, excluding buses not produced on truck chassis.... ............thous & 4,964 & 5,211 & -437 & 487 & 442 & 444 & 470 & 410 & 398 & 445 & 371 & 374 & 428 & 27 & 446 & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Truck trailers and chassis, complete (excludes detachables), shipments .............. ........number Van type} & 180,142 & 176,158 & 14,619 & 15,980 & 12,694 & 15,347 & 15,845 & 15,580 & 14,500 & 14,441 & 14,141 & 14,223 & 16,247 & \({ }^{\text {r16,395 }}\) & 16,157 & \\
\hline & 135,380 & 127,534 & 10,226 & 11,622 & 8,714 & 11,412 & 11,990 & 11,494 & 10,888 & 10,573 & 10,137 & 10,559 & 11,746 & \({ }^{\text {'11,854 }}\) & 11,516 & \\
\hline  & 438 & 4,931 & 462 & 619 & 673 & 670 & 922 & & 483 & 526 & (11) & & & & & \\
\hline Trailer chassis (detachable), sold separately ........................................ ................do... & & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{2,086} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{2,163} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{2,620} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{2,668} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{3,478} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{3,599} & 3,209 & 3,001 & 1,999 & \({ }^{4} 1,789\) & 1,857 & 2,180 & \({ }^{\text {22,183 }}\) & 3,459 & \\
\hline RAILROAD EQUIPMENT & 23,014 & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{Freight cars (new), for domestic use; all railroads and private car lines (excludes rebuilt cars and cars for export):} \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} & \({ }^{13,645}\) & 22,524 & & 4.598 & & & 5.605 & & & 7,864 & & & 7,286 & & & 7,838 \\
\hline & 13,645 & & & \({ }_{9}^{4,598}\) & & & -5,605 & & & 7,864
8,044 & & & 7, \({ }^{71,046}\) & & & \({ }^{7} \mathbf{7 , 6 4 9}\) \\
\hline New orders ........................................................ & 18,504 & 28,871 & & 9,131 & & & 4,487 & & & 8,044 & & & 11,040. & & & 5,649 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} & 6,736 & \({ }^{15,958}\) & & 17,225 & & & 16,107 & & & 15,953 & & & 19,707. & & & 16,398 \\
\hline & 6,736 & 15,953 & & 17,225 & & & 16,107 & & & 15,953 & & & 19,707. & & & 16,398 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Freight cars (revenue), class I railroads(AAR): Number owned, end of period....... ...........thous.} & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline & 49 & 725 & 738 & 735 & 733 & 728 & 726 & 724 & \({ }_{24}\) & 725 & 723 & 721 & 721 & 715 & 714 & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Capacity (carrying), total, end of month mil. tons..} & 63.63 & 62.46 & 63.10 & 62.87 & & & 62.24 & 62.15 & & 62.46 & 62.34 & 62.19 & & & 61.77 & \\
\hline & 85.01 & 86.17 & 85.48 & 85.55 & 85.60 & 85.69 & 85.78 & 85.88 & 86.05 & 86.17 & 86.16 & 86.24 & 86.34 & 86.48 & 86.52 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{FOOTNOTES FOR PAGES S-1 THROUGH S-32}

\section*{General Notes for all Pages:}
\(r\) Revised.
p Preliminary.
e Estimated
c Corrected.

Page S - 1
\(\dagger\) Revised series. See Tables 2.6-2.9 in the July 1989 SURVEY for revised estimates for 1985-88.
\(\ddagger\) Includes inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments.
§ Monthly estimates equal the centered three-month average of personal saving as a percentage of the centered three-month moving average of disposable personal income
\(\diamond\) See note " \(\diamond\) " for \(\mathrm{p} . \mathrm{S}\)-2.

\section*{Page S-2}
1. Based on data not seasonally adjusted.
\(\diamond\) Effective Oct. 1987 SURVEY, the industrial production index has been revised back to Jan. 1985. These revisions are available upon request.
\# Includes data not shown separately.
\(\ddagger\) Effective Sept. 1988 SURVEY, data have been revised back to January 1982. Revised data appear in the report "Manufacturing and Trade Inventories and Sales" CB-88-146, available from the Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233
§ Revised series. Data have been revised back to 1985. Revisions are available upon request.

\section*{Page S-3}
\# Includes data for items not shown separately.
\(\dagger\) Revised series. Data have been revised back to 1982. A detailed description of the changes appear in the report "Manufacturers' Shipments, Inventories, and Orders: 1982-88" M3-1(88), available from the Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233
\(\ddagger\) See note " \(\ddagger\) " for \(\mathbf{p}\). S-2.
§ See note "§" for p. S-2

\section*{Page S-4}
1. Based on data not seasonally adjusted
\# Includes data for items not shown separately.
\(\ddagger\) Includes textile mill products, leather and products, paper and allied products, and printing and publishing industries; unfilled orders for other nondurable goods industries are zero.
\(\diamond\) For these industries (food and kindred products, tobacco, apparel and other textile products, petroleum and coal, chemicals and allied products, and rubber and plastics products) sales are considered equal to new orders.
\(\dagger\) See note " \(\dagger\) " for p. S-3.

\section*{Page S-5}
@ Compiled by Dun \& Bradstreet, Inc.
\# Includes data for items not shown separately.
§ Ratio of prices received to prices paid (parity index).
\(\ddagger\) See note " \(\ddagger\) " for p. S-4.
\(\dagger\) In the Feb. and July issues of the SURVEY each year, data for the most recent six to eight years are subject to revise and are available upon request.
\(\diamond\) See note " \(\dagger\) " for \(p\). S-6
\(\dagger \dagger\) See note " \(\dagger\) " for \(p\). S-3
Page S-6
§ Effective with the release of the January 1988 index, all producer price indexes previously expressed on a base of \(1967=100\), or any other base through December 1981, have been rebased to \(1982=100\). Historical data on the new base are available upon request. For producer price indexes of individual commodities, see respective commodities in the Industry section beginning p. S-19. All indexes subject to revision four months after original publication
\# Includes data for items not shown separately.
\(\dagger\) Effective with the release of the January 1988 index, all consumer price indexes previously expressed on a base of \(1967=100\), or any other base through December 1981, have been rebased to \(1982-84=100\). Historical data on the new base are available upon request. Beginning with January 1987, data are calculated using 1982-84 expenditure patterns and updated population weights. Additional information regarding these changes is available from the Bureau of Labor Statistics, Washington, DC 20212.
\(\ddagger\) Effective with the Feb. 1989 SURVEY, data have been revised back to 1984 and are available upon request.

\section*{Page S-7}
1. Computed from cumulative valuation total
2. Index as of July 1, 1989: building, 389.4; construction, 428.0
\# Includes data for items not shown separately.
§ Data for June, Sept., and Dec. 1988, and Mar. 1989 are for five weeks; other months four weeks.
\(\diamond\) Effective Feb. 1989 SURVEY, data for seasonally adjusted housing starts have been revised back to 1986. Effective Feb. 1988 SURVEY, data for seasonally adjusted housing starts have been revised back to 1985. These revisions are available upon request.
\(\dagger\) Effective May 1989 SURVEY, data for seasonally adjusted building permits have been revised back to 1987. Effective May 1988 SURVEY, data for seasonally adjusted building

\section*{Address requests for data to:}

\section*{Business Statistics Branch \\ Current Business Analysis Division \\ Bureau of Economic Analysis \\ U.S. Department of Commerce}

Washington, D.C. 20230
permits have been revised back to Jan. 1986. These revisions are available upon request.
@ Effective July 1989 SURVEY, data have been revised back to 1985. In addition to the normal revisions to the unadjusted and seasonally adjusted data, some total components have been revised back to 1975 due to revised data for the "Telecommunications" category. See note "*" for this page. Effective July 1988 SURVEY, the "Improvements" component of private residential buildings has been revised back to 1982 to adjust for a change in estimation of the monthly data. Revised data are available from the Construction Statistics Division at the Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.
\(\ddagger\) Effective July 1989 SURVEY, data have been revised back to 1975 and are available upon request
* The Telephone and telegraph" category has been renamed "Telecommunications" and now includes estimates for television cable construction. Data were revised back to 1975.

\section*{Page S-8}
1. Advance estimate,
\(\diamond\) Home mortgage rates (conventional first mortgages) are under money and interest rates on p. S-14.
§ Data include guaranteed direct loans sold.
\# Includes data for items not shown separately
@ Effective Oct. 1987 SURVEY, data are for mortgage loans closed as FSLIC-insured institutions. Historical data back to 1976 are available upon request.
\(\dagger\) Effective April 1989 SURVEY, wholesale trade data have been revised back to Jan. 1983. Revised data and a summary of changes appear in the report. Revised Monthly Wholesale Trade Sales and Inventories BW-13-88S, available from the Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.
\(\ddagger\) Effective April 1989 SURVEY, retail trade data have been revised. Estimates of retail sales and inventories have been revised back to January 1983. A revision in 1988 revised some series back to 1978. Revised data and a summary of changes appear in the report Revised Monthly Retail Sales and Inventories BR \(88-R\), available from the Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.
\(\dagger \dagger\) Beginning with data for 1988 , data will be reported on a quarterly basis only.
Page S-9
1. Advance estimate.
\# Includes data for items not shown separately.
\(\diamond\) Effective with the January 1989 SURVEY, the seasonally adjusted labor force series have been revised back to January 1984. The January 1989 issue of Employment and Earnings contains the new seasonal adjustment factors, a description of the current methodology, and revised data for the most recent 13 months or calendar quarters. Revised monthly data for the entire 1984-88 revision period are in the February 1989 issue of Employment and Earnings.
\(\dagger\) The participation rate is the percent of the civilian noninstitutional population in the civilian labor force. The employment-population ratio is civilian employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional population, 16 years and over.
@ Data include resident armed forces.
\(\stackrel{\text { Data include resident }}{\ddagger}\) See note " \(\ddagger\) " for p. S-8.

\section*{Page S-10}
\(\diamond\) See note " \(\diamond\) " for \(\mathrm{p} . \mathrm{S}-9\)
§ Effective with the June 1988 and 1989 issues of the SURVEY, data have been revised, respectively, back thru April 1987 and 1988 (not seasonally adjusted) and January 1984 and 1985 (seasonally adjusted) to reflect new benchmarks and seasonally adjustments factors. The June issue of Employment and Earnings (for both years) contains a detailed discussion of the effects of these revisions.

\section*{Page S-11}
\(\ddagger\) This series is not seasonally adjusted because the seasonal component is small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular components and consequently cannot be separated with sufficient precision.
\(\diamond\) Production and nonsupervisory workers.
\(\S\) See note" \(\S\) " for p. S-10.

\section*{Page S-12}
1. This series is not seasonally adjusted because the seasonal component is small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular components and consequently cannot be separated with sufficient precision. Use the corresponding unadjusted series
2. The hourly earnings index has been discontinued.
§ See note " \(\$\) " for p. S-10.
\(\diamond\) Production and nonsupervisory workers.
\(\ddagger\) Earnings in 1977 dollars reflect changes in purchasing power since 1977 by dividing by Consumer Price Index. Effective Feb. 1988 SURVEY, this series has been revised back to 1983 to reflect new seasonal factors for the CPI-W. Revised data are available upon request.
§§ Wages as of July 1, 1989: Common, \$17.74; Skilled, \$23.12.
\(\dagger\) Excludes farm, household, and Federal workers.
t Excludes farm, household,
\(\ddagger \ddagger\) See note " \(\ddagger\) " for p. S-11.

\section*{Page S-13}
1. Beginning with Jan. 1988 data, the number of respondents in the bankers acceptance survey was reduced from 155 to 111 institutions-those with \(\$ 100\) million or more in total acceptances. The new reporting group accounts for over 90 percent of total acceptances activity.
2. Effective December 31, 1987, eight brokers and dealers in commercial paper were added to the reporting panel resulting in a series break. End of month figures on the old basis are as follows: All issuers, 352,915 ; financial companies, 275,907 ; dealer placed, 103,667; directly placed, 172,240; and nonfinancial companies, 77,008
3. Average for Dec.
4. Pursuant to the 1987 Agricultural Credit Act, the FICBs merged with the FLBs on July 6, 1988. Third and fourth quarter loans for the combined FLBs, FLBAs, FICBs, and PCAs are \(\$ 42,849\) million and \(\$ 41,438\) million respectively.
5. Effective Feb. 28, 1989, there was a break in the series due to the enlargement of the panel of reporting dealers to 17 and of reporting direct issuers to 36 . End of month figures on the old basis are as follows: All issuers, 481,734; financial companies, 373,717; dealer placed, 172,330; directly placed, 201,387; and nonfinancial companies, 108,017.
+ Effective Aug. 1988 SURVEY, free reserves have been restated to correspond with the Federal Reserve's computation, which is as follows: excess reserves, minus borrowings, plus extended credit. Historical data back to 1961 are available upon request.
\(\ddagger\) Effective Jan. 1988, series revised due to changes in the panel of reporting banks. The new reporting panel of 168 banks accounts for about 52 percent of total assets in U.S. offices of domestically-chartered banks. Back data have been estimated for the years 1984-87.
\# Includes data for items not shown separately.
\(\ddagger \ddagger\) "Transaction balances other than demand deposits" consists of ATS, NOW, super NOW, and telephone transfer accounts.
§ Excludes loans and federal funds transactions with domestic commercial banks and includes valuation reserves (individual loan items are shown gross; i.e., before deduction of valuation reserves).
* New series. Source: The Employment and Training Administration. Covers 50 States and the District of Columbia. Only regular benefits are included.
@ Average weekly insured unemployment for 12 -month period divided by average monthly covered employment (lagging 4 full quarters for annual figure and 2 full quarters for monthly figure).
** Effective Aug. 1987 SURVEY, data are provided by the Farm Credit Corporation of America on a quarterly basis. Quarterly data are available back to first quarter 1985, with annual data available back to 1961.

\section*{Page S-14}
1. Data are for fiscal years ending Sept. 30 and include revisions not distributed to the months.
2. Weighted by number of loans.
3. Beginning Feb. 1988, data temporarily suspended by the Farm Credit Administration, which is revising the information it collects and amending the reports it distributes.
§ Effective Apr. 1989 SURVEY, data have been revised to reflect new benchmark and seasonal adjustments. These revisions are available upon request.
\(\dagger\) Effective with May 1989 SURVEY; the consumer installment credit series have been revised from 1986 through 1988 to reflect more complete data for most lender groups and new seasonal factors. Effective Apr. 1988 SURVEY, the consumer installment credit series have been revised back to Jan. 1980 to reflect newly available historical information and to incorporate new seasonal factors. These revisions are available upon request.
\# Includes data for items not shown separately.
\(\diamond\) Adjusted to exclude domestic commercial interbank loans and federal funds sold to domestic commercial banks.
\(\ddagger\) Rates on the commercial paper placed for firms whose bond rating is Aa or the equivalent.
\(\ddagger \ddagger\) Courtesy of Metals Week.
@@ Average effective rate
\(@\) Revised for periods between October 1986 and February 1987. During this interval, outstanding gold certificates were inadvertently in excess of the gold stock.

\section*{Page S-15}
1. Beginning in the first quarter 1987, the universe of manufacturing corporations was redefined to exclude corporations with less than \(\$ 250,000\) in assets at the time of sample selection.
2. Beginning Jan. 1989, the primary public offering statistics have been discontinued by the Securities and Exchange Commission.
\(\dagger\) Effective Feb. 1989 SURVEY, the money stock measures and components have been revised and are available from the Banking Section of the Division of Research and Statistics at the Federal Reserve Board, Washington, D.C. 20551.
\(\ddagger \ddagger\) Includes ATS and NOW balances at all depository institutions, credit union share draft balances, and demand deposits at thrift institutions.
\(\diamond\) Overnight (and continuing contract) RP's are those issued by commercial banks to the nonbank public, and overnight Eurodollars are those issued by Caribbean branches of member banks to U.S. nonbank customers.
@ Small time deposits are those issued in amounts of less than \(\$ 100,000\). Large time deposits are those issued in amounts of \(\$ 100,000\) or more and are net of the holdings of domestic banks, thrift institutions, the U.S. Government, money market mutual funds, and foreign banks and official institutions.
\# Includes data for items not shown separately.
§ Effective with the Mar. 1989 SURVEY, data have been revised back to 1986 and are available upon request. Effective Apr. 1988 SURVEY, 1987 data have been revised. Revisions for Jan. 1987: long-term, 7,486; short-term, 372.

\section*{Page S-16}
@ See note " 4 " for p. S-19 regarding the new commodity classification systems introduced Jan. 1989. Effective with the July 1989 SURVEY, data have been revised back to Jan. 1987 for seas. adj. total exports and imports, and back to Jan. 1988 for unadj. totals. Revised data for principal SITC commodity groupings and selected countries will be available later. Effective with the June 1988 SURVEY, total exports and imports have been revised back to Jan. 1986. These revisions are available upon request. Data may not equal the sum of the geographic regions, or commodity groups and principal commodities, because the revisions to the totals are not reflected in the component items.
\(\dagger\) Effective with the June 1988 SURVEY, seasonal adjustment of exports and imports was reintroduced. The monthly data were last adjusted for December 1985. Historical data from Jan. 1986 forward are available upon request.
§ Number of issues represents number currently used; the change in number does not affect the continuity of the series.
\(\ddagger\) For bonds due or callable in 10 years or more.
\# Includes data for items not shown separately.
* Series added to the S-pages in May 1989.

\section*{Page S-17}
1. Beginning with Jan. 1989 data, undocumented exports to Canada are now included, resulting in a break with Dec. 1988 data.
2. Beginning Jan. 1989, buses are excluded from "Motor vehicles and parts" and included in "Other manufactured goods," resulting in a break with Dec. 1988 data.
@ See note "@" for p. S-16.
\(\dagger\) See note " \(\dagger\) " for p. S-16.
\# Includes data not shown separately.
\(\diamond\) Data include undocumented exports to Canada, which are based on official Canadian import totals.
* Series added to the S-pages in May 1989.

Page S-18
1. Reported annual total; quarterly or monthly revisions are not available.
2. For month shown.
\# Includes data for items not shown separately.
§ Total revenues, expenses, and income for all groups of carriers also reflect nonscheduled service.
* Data have been revised back to 1981. They now include commuter railroads and small transit systems. Revised data are available upon request.
\(\ddagger\) The threshold for Class I railroad status is adjusted annually by the Interstate Commerce Commission to compensate for inflation.
\(\diamond\) Average daily rent per room occupied, not scheduled rates.
\#\# Data represent entries to a national park for recreational use of the park, its services, conveniences, and/or facilities.
\(\dagger\) Before extraordinary and prior period items.
@ Changes in these unit value indexes may reflect changes in quality or product mix as well as price changes.

\section*{Page S-19}
1. Reported annual total; monthly or quarterly revisions are not available.
2. Less than 500 metric tons.
3. Figure is being suppressed because of not meeting Bureau of Census' publication tandards.
4. Effective with the Apr. and May 1989 issues of the SURVEY, most foreign trade series in the "S-Pages" have been converted to metric units. Also, beginning with 1989 data, merchandise trade data are based upon two new commodity classification systems; the International Harmonized System and, Revision 3 of the Standard International Trade Classification and, as a result, data may not be directly comparable to 1988 and earlier years.
5. Effective with the July 1989 SURVEY, data are shown in metric tons.
\# Includes data for items not shown separately.
§ Data are reported on the basis of 100 percent content of the specified material unless therwise indicated.
\(\ddagger\) Data for 1985-86 (and 1984, for inorganic chemical production items) have been revised. Effective with the Jan. 1989 SURVEY, series for industrial gases have been revised for 1986 and 1987. Effective with the Feb. 1989 SURVEY, series for inorganic chemicals and fertilizer materials have been revised for 1986 and 1987. These revisions are available upon request.
\(\diamond\) Beginning January, 1986, data are not directly comparable to earlier periods because the data represent only companies that have annual revenues over \(\$ 100\) million.

\section*{Page S-20}
1. Reported annual total; monthly or quarterly revisions are not available.
2. Quarterly data are no longer available. See also note 4 for this page.
3. See note 4 for p. S-19.
4. Effective with the July 1989 SURVEY, data are shown in metric tons.
§ Data are not wholly comparable from year to year because of changes from one classification to another.
\(\diamond\) Effective with the Jan. 1989 SURVEY, data for 1986 and 1987 have been revised and are available upon request.
@ Includes less than 500 electric generation customers not shown separately.
\(\dagger\) Effective with the May 1988 SURVEY, data have been revised back to 1985 and are available upon request.
\(\ddagger\) Effective with the Apr. 1989 SURVEY, data have been revised back to 1983 and are available upon request.

\section*{Page S-21}
1. Previous year's crop. New crop is not reported until Sept. (crop year: Sept. 1-Aug. 31). 2. Crop estimate for the year. See also note 13 for this page.
3. Stocks as of June 1 .
4. Stocks as of June 1 and represents previous year's crop; new crop not reported until June (beginning of new crop year).
5. Beginning with Sept. 1, 1988 data, quarterly stock estimates have been reinstated.
6. Stock estimates are available once a year as June 1 stocks and shown here in the May column and (as previous year's crop) in the annual column. See also note 13 for this page.
7. Stocks as of Dec. 1.
8. See note " \(\S\) " for p. S-6 regarding a change to a new reference base in 1988.
9. Prices are no longer available.
10. Based on quotations for fewer than 12 months.
11. See note 4 for p. S-19.
12. Series has been discontinued.
13. Effective with the May 1989 SURVEY, data have been converted to metric units.
14. July 1 estimate of the 1989 crop. See also note 13 for this page.
§ Excludes pearl barley.
@ Quarterly data represent the 3-month periods Dec.-Feb., Mar.-May, June-Aug., and Sept. -Nov. Annual data represent Dec.-Nov.
\(\dagger\) Coverage for 21 selected States, representing approximately 85 percent of U.S. production. Page S-22
1. Monthly quotation not available.
2. See note " " for p. S-6 regarding a change to a new reference base in 1988.
3. See note " + " for this page.
4. See note " \(\stackrel{+}{\ddagger}\) " for this page.
5. Series has been discontinued by the source.
6. See note 4 for p . S-19.
\(\ddagger\) Beginning with Sept. 1988 and annual 1988 data, price represents dollars per head and is not comparable with earlier prices, which represent dollars per 100 pounds.
\(\dagger\) Effective with the release of 1st Qtr. 1988 data, the import price index for coffee has been discontinued by BLS and replaced in the SURVEY with the import price index for coffee and coffee substitutes. The weighting structure used for the import price index reflects coffee and coffee substitutes. The weighting structure used for the import price index reflects
U.S. foreign trade flows based on 1985 data. Indexes, beginning with 2nd Qtr. 1975, are available upon request.

\section*{Page S-23}
1. Crop estimate for the year.
2. Reported annual total; revisions not distributed to the months.
3. Data suppressed because they did not meet publication standards of the Bureau of
the Census.
4. See note " \(\S\) " for p. S-6 regarding a change to a new reference base in 1988.
5. See note 4 for p. S-19.
\# Totals include data for items not shown separately.
\(\diamond\) Effective Oct. 1988 SURVEY, the footwear production series have been revised for 1986 and 1987. These revisions are available upon request.

\section*{Page S-24}
1. Reported annual total; monthly revisions are not available.
2. See note " \(\S\) " for p. S-6 regarding a change to a new reference base in 1988.
3. Less than 500 tons.
4. See note 4 for p S-19.
5. Effective with the July 1989 SURVEY, data have been converted to metric tons.
* New series from the American Metal Market. The composite scrap price represents the average of consumers' buying prices, delivered, at the following markets: Chicago, Pittsburgh, and Philadelphia. Annual and monthly composite price data are available back to January 1982.

\section*{Page S-25}
1. Reported annual total; monthly revisions are not available.
2. For month shown.
3. Effective with Jan. 1989, import data are for consumption; earlier periods of data are general imports. See also note 4 for p . S-19 regarding the introduction of new classification systems.
4. Prior to the July 1989 SURVEY, annual and monthly data for 1984-88 for aluminum imports and exports were shown incorrectly in thousands of short tons. Beginning with the July 1989 SURVEY, data for those periods have been converted to thousands of metric tons.
@ Beginning 1987, includes foreign ores.
\(\dagger\) Beginning January 1982, data represent metallic (mostly aluminum) content. Data for 1981 and prior years represent aluminum content only.
\(\theta\) The source for these series is now the Bureau of Mines.
§ Source: Metals Week.

\section*{Page S-26}
1. Reported annual total; monthly revisions are not available.
2. Less than 50 tons.
3. See note 3 for p. S-25.
\(\diamond\) Includes secondary smelters' lead stocks in refinery shapes and in copper-base scrap.
@ All data (except annual production figures) reflect GSA remelted zinc and zinc purchased for direct shipment.
\(\ddagger\) Source for monthly data: American Bureau of Metal Statistics. Source for annual data: Bureau of Mines.
\# Includes data not shown separately.
§ Beginning with the Aug. 1985 SURVEY, unadjusted fluid power shipments indexes are shown. Seasonally adjusted indexes are no longer available.
* New series from The Material Handling Institute, Inc. and Cahners Economics. Includes bookings (new orders) for automatic guided vehicles, automated storage and retrieval sysbookings (new orders) for automatic guided vehicles, ads, below hook lifters, cranes, hoists, monorails, racks, shelving, casters and floor trucks, tems, below hook lifters, cranes, hoists, monorails, racks, shelving, casters and foor truct
@@ Beginning Oct. 1986, the Lead price represents North American Mean.

\section*{Page S-27}
1. See note "§" for p. S-6 regarding a change to a new reference base in 1988.
2. Beginning January 1986, data have been restated because a new methodology has been adopted. Annual total for 1987 contains revisions not allocated to the months.
3. Annual total includes revisions not distributed to the months.
4. See note 4 for p. S-19.
\# Includes data for items not shown separately.
§ Includes nonmarketable catalyst coke. See also note " \(\dagger\) "for this page.
\(\diamond\) Includes small amounts of "other hydrocarbons and alcohol new supply (field production)," not shown separately.
\(\dagger\) Effective with the Oct. 1987 SURVEY, coal production data for 1986 have been revised. Effective with the May 1988 SURVEY, coal consumption and stocks back through 1986
have been revised. Effective with the Oct. 1988 SURVEY, coal production data for 1987
have been revised. These revisions are available upon request.
@ Includes U.S. produced and imported microwave ovens and combination microwave oven/ranges.
\(\ddagger\) "Tractor shovel loaders" includes some front engine mount wheel tractors that had previously been included in "Tractors, wheel, farm, and nonfarm."
\(\dagger \dagger\) Effective with the June 1988 SURVEY, data for 1987 have been revised and are available upon request.
\(\ddagger \ddagger\) March, June, September and December are five-week months. All others consist of four weeks.

\section*{Page S-28}
1. Reported annual total; revisions not allocated to the months.
2. See note " \(\S\) " for p. S-6 regarding a change to a new reference base in 1988.
3. See note 4 for p. S-19.
\# Includes data for items not shown separately.
\# Includes data for items not shown separately.
\(\dagger\) Except for price data, see note " \(\dagger \dagger\) " for p. S-27.
Page S-29
1. Reported annual total; revisions not allocated to the months.
2. See note " \(\S\) " for p. S-6 regarding a change to a new reference base in 1988.
3. See note 4 for \(\mathbf{p}\). S-19.
\(\diamond\) Source: American Paper Institute. Total U.S. estimated consumption by all newspaper users.
\# Compiled by the American Newspaper Publishers Association.
\(\dagger\) Effective with the April 1988 SURVEY, the import price index for natural rubber has been revised. The index is now expressed on a base of \(1985=100\). Also new weights based on 1985 trade flows have been applied to all data from 1985 onward. Revised data are available back to 4th qtr. 1983.

\section*{Page S-30}
1. Reported annual total; revisions not allocated to the months.
2. Data are being withheld to avoid disclosing data from individual firms,
3. Data cover five weeks; other months, four weeks.
4. Beginning Jan. 1989, sales of industrial plasters are included with those of building plasters.
\# Includes data for items not shown separately.
\(\diamond\) Cumulative ginnings to the end of month indicated.
Bales of 480 lbs.
\(\dagger\) Data for 1987 have been revised and are available upon request.

\section*{Page S-31}
1. Less than 500 bales.
2. Annual total includes revisions not distributed to the months.
3. Average for crop year; Aug. 1-Jul. 31.
4. For five weeks; other months four weeks.
5. See note " 8 " for p. S-6 regarding a change to a new reference base in 1988.
6. See note 4 for p. S-19.
\(\diamond\) Based on \(480-\mathrm{lb}\). bales, preliminary price reflects sales as of the 15 th; revised price reflects total quantity purchased and dollars paid for the entire month (revised price includes discounts and premiums).
\# Beginning 1st Qtr. 1986; quarterly data are estimated by the American Textile Manufacturers Institute based on annual data collected by the Bureau of Census.
§ Bales of 480 lbs ..
\(\dagger\) Beginning 1st Qtr. 1987, data are not comparable with earlier periods. Girls apparel are now included with women's, misses' and juniors' and boys' apparel are now included with men's. Also, some classification changes were made.

\section*{Page S-32}
1. Annual total includes revisions not distributed to the months.
2. Production of new vehicles (thous. of units) for June 1989: passenger cars, 612; trucks and buses, 375.
3. Data are reported on an annual basis only
4. See note 4 for p . S-19.
5. Beginning with January 1987, data include Honda, Nissan, and Toyota passenger cars produced in U.S. plants.
6. Beginning with January 1987, data include Nissan trucks produced in U.S. plants.
7. Beginning with 1st qtr. 1987, jeans, jean-cut casual and dungarees are included with trousers.
8. See note " \(\dagger\) " for this page.
9. Effective with the July 1988 and 1989 issues of the SURVEY, data have been revised back thru 1985 and 1986, respectively, and are available upon request.
10. Data for jumpers are included with dresses to avoid disclosing information for individual companies.
11. Beginning Jan. 1989, shipments of trailer bodies are included with trailer chassis to avoid disclosure of data from individual firms.
\# Total includes backlog for nonrelated products and services and basic research.
§ Domestics comprise all cars assembled in the U.S. and cars assembled in Canada and imported to the U.S. under the provisions of the Automotive Products Trade Act of 1965. Imports comprise all other cars.
\(\diamond\) Courtesy of R.L. Polk \& Co.; republication prohibited. Because data for some states are not available, month-to-month comparisons are not strictly valid.
\(\ddagger\) Excludes railroad-owned private refrigerator cars and private line cars.
\(\dagger\) Effective with the Mar. 1988 SURVEY, retail inventories for trucks and buses have been restated to exclude captive imports (vehicles manufactured overseas by U.S. affiliates). These data are available back through 1966.
\(\ddagger \ddagger\) See note " \(\dagger\) " for page \(S\) - 31 .

\section*{Index to Current Business Statistics}


\section*{BEA Information}

BEA's economic information is available in publications, on computer tapes, on disk ettes, and through a variety of other products and services. Most of these are described in A User's Guide to BEA Information. For a copy, send a self-addressed stamped envelope ( \(81 / 2\) by 11 inches, with 75 cents postage) to Public Information Office, Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, DC 20230.

\section*{Available From GPO}

TO ORDER: The GPO publications listed below must be ordered from: Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402. Payment may be by check (made payable to Superintendent of Documents) or charged to a GPO deposit account number, VISA, or MasterCard. To order by phone: (202) 783-3238; by fax (202) 275-0019.

Survey of Current Business. Contains estimates and analyses of U.S. economic activity. Features include a review of current economic developments; articles pertaining to BEA's work on the national, regional, and international economic accounts and related topics; quarterly national income and product accounts tables; and 36 pages of tables that present over 1,900 major economic series obtained from other public and private sources. Monthly. \(\$ 6.50\) single copy; \(\$ 18.00\) per year.

Business Statistics: 1986. (1987) Provides monthly or quarterly data for 1983-86 and annual data for 1961-86 for series that appear in the Survey of Current Business. Also contains definitions of terms; sources of data, and methods of compilation. 325 pages. \(\$ 16.00\) (GPO Stock No. 003-010-00181-0).

Business Conditions Digest. Contains tables and charts for 300 series, including business cycle indicators and other series that help evaluate business conditions. Features the composite indexes of leading, coincident, and lagging indicators. Also included are cyclical comparison charts and data sources. Monthly. \(\$ 4.00\) single copy; \(\$ 44.00\) per year,

The National Income and Product Accounts of the United States, 1929-82: Statistical Tables. (1986) Contains detailed estimates of the national income and product accounts for 1929-82 from the comprehensive revision released in 1985. Also includes definitions of the major components of the accounts and of the major sectors of the economy. 442 pages. \(\$ 23.00\) (GPO Stock No. 003-010-00174-7).

BEA Methodology Paper No. 1: Introduction to National Economic Accounting. (1985) Introduces the concepts of the national income and product accounts by placing these accounts within the framework of national economic accounting. Shows how the national income and product accounts, capital finance accounts, and input-output ac-counts-the major branches of national economic accounting in the United States-are derived from the conventional accounting statements. 19 pages. \(\$ 1.25\) (GPO Stock No. 003-010-00158-5).

BEA Methodology Paper No. 2: Corporate Profits: Profits Before Tax, Profits Tax Liability, and Dividends. (1985) Describes the concepts, sources, and methods of the corporate profits components of the national income and product accounts. 61 pages \(\$ 2.50\) (GPO Stock No. 003-010-00143-7).
BEA Methodology Paper No. 3: Foreign Transactions. (1987) Describes the preparation of estimates in the national income and product accounts (NIPA's) of net exports (both current- and constant-dollar), transfer payments to foreigners, capital grants received by the United States, interest paid by Government to foreigners, and net foreign investment. Also describes the relationship between foreign transactions estimates in the NIPA's and those in the balance of payments accounts. 52 pages. \(\$ 2.75\) (GPO Stock No. 003-010-00178-0),
BEA Methodology Paper No. 4: GNP: An Overview of Source Data and Estimating Methods. (1987) Provides basic information about GNP, including the conceptual basis for the account that presents GNP, definitions of each of the components on the income and product side of that account, and a summary, presented in tabular form, of the source data and methods used in preparing estimates of current- and constant-dollar GNP. Also provides an annotated bibliography, with a directory, of the more than 50 items over the last decade that provided methodological information about GNP. 36 pages. \(\$ 2.00\) (GPO Stock No. 003-010-00179-8).
BEA Methodology Paper No. 5: Government Transactions: (1988) Presents the conceptual basis and framework of government
transactions in the national income and product accounts; describes the presentations of the estimates; and delineates the sources and methods used to prepare estimates of Federal transactions and of State and local transactions. 112 pages. \(\$ 5.50\) (GPO Stock No. 008-010-00187-9)

Index of Items Appearing in the National Income and Product Accounts Tables, (1987) Indexes general subject areas as well as detailed line items in the national income and product accounts tables. 18 pages. \(\$ 1.25\) (GPO Stock No. 003-010-00180-1).

Fixed Reproducible Tangible Wealth in the United States, 1925-85. (1987) Contains annual estimates of the stock of privately owned and government-owned durable equipment and structures and of durable goods owned by consumers in the United States for 1925-85. Estimates are for fixed nonresidential private capital by major industry group (farm, manufacturing, and nonfarm nonmanufacturing), for residential capital by tenure group (owner-occupied and tenant-occupied), for government-owned fixed capital by type of government (Federal and State and local), and for 11 types of durable goods owned by consumers. 400 pages. \(\$ 18.00\) (GPO Stock No. 003-010-00177-1).

Local Area Personal Income, 1981-86. (1988) Contains estimates of personal income by major type of payment and earnings by major industry, population, and total and per capita-personal income for regions, States, counties, and metropolitan areas.

Vol. 1. Summary: Regions, States, and Metropolitan Areas. Estimates for the United States, regions,States, and metropelitan areas. Also contains county definitions of metropolitan areas, a detailed description of sources and methods, and samples of tables available. 254 pages. \(\$ 13.00\) (GPO Stock No. 003 010-00182-3).
Vol. 2. New England, Mideast, and Great Lakes Regions. (CT, DE, DC, IL, IN, ME, MD, MA, MI, NH, NJ, NY, OH, PA, RI, VT, WI) 276 pages. \(\$ 14.00\) (GPO Stock No. 003-010-00183-6).
Vol. 3. Plains Region. (IA, KS; MN, MO, NE, ND, SD) 190 pages. \(\$ 11.00\) (GPO. Stock No. 003-010-00184-4),
Vol. 4. Southeast Region. (AL, AR, FL, GA, KY, LA, MS, NC, SC, TN, VA, WY) 326 pages. \(\$ 16.00\) (GPO Stock No: 003-010-00185-2).
Vol. 5. Southwest, Rocky Mountain, and Far West Regions and Alaska and Hawaii. (AK, AZ, CA, CO, HI, ID, MT, NV, NM, OK, OR, TX, UT, WA, WY) 278 pages. \(\$ 14.00\) (GPO Stock No 003-010-00186-1),

Regional Multipliers: A User Handbook for the Regional InputOutput Modeling System (RIMS II). (1986) Contains an explanation of how to use regional input-output multipliers, by industry, for output, earnings, and employment. 131 pages. \(\$ 6.50\) (GPO Stock No. 003-010 00163-1).

Foreign Direct Investment in the United States: 1987 Bench mark Survey, Preliminary Results. (1989) Presents preliminary re sults of BEA's 1987 benchmark survey of foreign directinyestment in the United States. Contains information on the financial structure and operations of U.S. affiliates of foreign direct investors in 1987. Data are classified by industry of U.S. affiliate, by country and industry of ultimate beneficial owner, and, for selected data, by State. 100 pages. \(\$ 5.00\) (GPO Stock No. 003-010-00188-7).

Foreign Direct Investment in the United States: Operations of U.S. Affiliates of Foreign Companies, Revised 1986 Estimates. (1989) Contains information on the financial structure and operations of nonbank U.S. affiliates of foreign direct investors. Data are classified by industry of U.S. affiliate, by country and industry of ultimate beneficial owner, and, for selected data, by State. 160 pages. Call GPO at (202) 783 3238 for price. (GPO Stock No. 003-010-00190-9).
U.S. Direct Investment Abroad: Operations of U.S. Parent Companies and Their Foreign Affiliates. (1989) Presents results of BEA's annual survey of the worldwide operations of U.S. multinational companies. Contains information on the financial structure and operations of both U.S. parent companies and their foreign affiliates. Data are classified by country and industry of foreign affiliate and by indsutry of U.S. parent. 80 pages. Call GPO at (202) 783-3238 for price. Preliminary 1987 Estimates: GPO Stock No. 003-010-00191-7; Revised 1986 Estimates: GPO Stock No. 003-010-00189-5.

\section*{1989 RELEASE DATES FOR BEA ESTIMATES}

\section*{Subject}

\section*{Release \\ Date*}

Subject
Release Date*
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline State Personal Income, 3d quarter 1 & & 4 \\
\hline Gross National Product, 4th quarter 1988 (adv & & 7 \\
\hline Personal Income and Outlays, December 1988 & Jan. & 30 \\
\hline Composite Indexes of Leading, Coincident, and Lagging Indicators, December 1988. & Feb. & 1 \\
\hline Gross National Product, 4th quarter 1988 (preliminary) & & 28 \\
\hline Merchandise Trade (balance of payments & & 28 \\
\hline Personal Income and & & 1 \\
\hline Composite Indexes of Leading, Coincident, and Lagging Indicators, January 1989. & Ma & 3 \\
\hline Summary of International Transactions, 4th & Mar. & 14 \\
\hline Gross National Product, 4th quarter 1988 (fil & Mar. & 3 \\
\hline Corporate Profits, 4th quarter 1988 & Mar. & 23 \\
\hline Personal Income and Outlays, February 1989 & Ma & 24 \\
\hline Composite Indexes of Leading, Coincident, and Lagging Indicators, February 1989. & Mar & 29 \\
\hline State Personal Income, 4th quarter 1988 and Per Capita Personal Income, 1988 (preliminary). & Apr. & 20 \\
\hline Gross National Product, 1st quarter 1989 (advance) & Apr. & 26 \\
\hline Corporate Profits, 4th quarter 1988 (revised) & Apr. & 26 \\
\hline Personal Income and Outlays, March 1989 & Apr. & 27 \\
\hline Composite Indexes of Leading, Coincident, and Lagging Indicators, March 1989. & Apr. & 28 \\
\hline Metropolitan Area Personal Income & May & 4 \\
\hline Gross National Product, 1st quarter 1989 (preliminary & May & 25 \\
\hline Corporate Profits, 1st quarter 1989 & May & 25 \\
\hline Merchandise Trade (balance of payments basis), 1st quarter 1989 & May & 26 \\
\hline Personal Income and Outlays, April 1989 & May & 26 \\
\hline Composite Indexes of Leading, Coincident, and Lagging Indicators, April 1989. & May & 31 \\
\hline Summary of International Transactions, 1st quarter 1989 & June & 13 \\
\hline Gross National Product, 1st quarter 1989 (final). & June & 22 \\
\hline Corporate Profits, 1st quarter 1989 (revised)....... & June & 22 \\
\hline Personal Income and Outlays, May 1989 & June & 23 \\
\hline Composite Indexes of Leading, Coincident, and Lagging Indicators, May 1989. & June & 28 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
* These are target dates and are subject to revision.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline & & 0 \\
\hline Gross National Product, 2d quarter 1989 (ad & & 27 \\
\hline Personal Income and Outlays, June 1989 & & 8 \\
\hline Composite Indexes of Leading, Coincident, and Lagging Indicators, June 1989. & Aug. & 3 \\
\hline State Per Capita Personal Income, 1988 (revised) & & 23 \\
\hline Merchandise Trade (balance of payments basis), 2 & Aug. & 8 \\
\hline Gross National Product, 2d quarter 1989 (prelimin & Au & 29 \\
\hline Co & Aug & 29 \\
\hline Pers & & 30 \\
\hline Composite Indexes of Leading, Coincident, and Lagging Indicators, July 1989. & Sept. & \\
\hline Summary of International Transaction & ept. & 12 \\
\hline Gross National Product, 2d & ept. & 21 \\
\hline Corporate Profits, 2d quarter 198 & ept. & 21 \\
\hline Personal Income and Outlays, Augu & Sept. & 22 \\
\hline Composite Indexes of Leading, Coincident, and Lagging Indicators, August 1989. & Sept. & 29 \\
\hline State Persona & & 19 \\
\hline Gross National Product, 3d qu & & 26 \\
\hline Personal Income and Outlays, Septemb & & 27 \\
\hline Composite Indexes of Leading, Coincident, and Lagging Indicators, September 1989. & Oct. & 31 \\
\hline rchandise Trade & & 28 \\
\hline oss National Product, 3d quarter 198 & & 29 \\
\hline orporate Profits, 3d quarter 1989 & ov. & 29 \\
\hline Personal Income and Outlays, & Nov. & 30 \\
\hline Composite Indexes of Leading, Coincident, and Lagging Indicators, October 1989. & Dec. & \\
\hline ummary of International Transactions, 3d quar & Dec. & 3 \\
\hline ross National Product, 3d quarter 1989 (final) & Dec. & O \\
\hline Corporate Profits, 3d quarter 1989 (revised & & 20 \\
\hline Personal Income and Outlays, Novembe & Dec. & 21 \\
\hline Composite Indexes of Leading, Coincident, and Lagging Indicators, November 1989. & Dec. & 29 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

For information, call (202) 523-0777, Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce.```


[^0]:    1. The regularly featured estimates of real GNP and GNP prices are based on 1982 weights. An alternative measure of price change that uses more current weights-the chain price index-is published in table 8.1 of the "National Income and Product Account Tables." The GNP chain price index, which increased 5 percent in the second quarter after a $4^{1 / 2}$-percent increase in the first, can be used to calculate an alternative measure of real GNP growth based on more current weights; this measure increased at annual rates of $1^{1 / 2}$ percent in the second quarter and 3 percent in the first. percent in the second quarter and 3 percent in the first. (See "Alternative Measures of Real GNP" in the April
    1989 Survey of Current Business. Measures based on 1987 price weights will be presented in a special table in the August 1989 issue.)
[^1]:    found in table 3.8 B .

[^2]:    4. Extrapolation is a method of extending estimates from one period forward (or backward) in time to other periods. In simple terms, extrapolation applies a percent change-either the percent change in the indicator series or the percent change in the trend-to the level of the preceding period. Interpolation is a method of filling in estimates between two periods. Interpolation applies a more complex mathematical formula-there are several in use-to preserve the pattern of the indicator series consistent with the level of the source data cator series cons
    viewed as final.
    5. With few exceptions, BEA does not prepare constant-dollar estimates of income measures because price indexes cannot be associated with them, as they can be with product measures. Three exceptions are disposable personal income and, as presented in BEA's Business Conditions Digest, personal income and profits. In these cases, the estimates are adjusted for price change by reference to the prices of the goods and services on which the income is spent. BEA prepares constant-dollar net national product and national income by preparing constant-dollar estimates of capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment and of the nonfactor charges and then subtracting these estimates from constant-dollar GNP.
[^3]:    CCAdj Capital consumption adjustment.

[^4]:    1. Full-time equivalent employees equals the number of employees on full-ime schedules plus the number of employees on part-time schedules converred to a full-time basis. The conversion is made by multiplying
[^5]:    1. Percent changes for 1986 and for the first quarter of 1986 reflect discontinuities in the series
[^6]:    ? Preliminary

[^7]:    15. I ignore here the consideration that even believers in the constant capital-output ratio have usually applied it to the total output and capital of an industry or the whole business sec tor, not to the output of a particular process and a particular machine used in that process.

    Method 3: Capital measured by marginal products. This third method requires that not only the effect of a new machine on output but also the effect on requirements for other inputs be taken into account. New capital goods are equated with old ones by their marginal products. The input of a type of machine moves like its contribution to output. If the new good has a marginal product twice as large as the old, it represents twice as much capital. The ordinary capital-output ratio is free to move as it will, in contrast to method 2 .

[^8]:    7. Distinctions between method 1 and method 3 are not taken up in this article. Denison has advocated method 1 for measuring both the output of capital goods and for measuring the stock of capital from which he derives capital services. Many investigators consider method 1 to be the appropriate concept for measuring the output of capital and method 3 to be the appropriate concept for capital services. Jack Triplett of propriate concept for capital services. Jack Triplett of method 3 and method 1 will give similar results because, for small changes and in equilibrium, an improved machine will be adopted whenever the value of its increased marginal product (over the old) exceeds the price premium charged for it and because the price differential, in equilibrium, will also approximate the ratio of marginal production costs for the two machines. See Jack E. Triplett, "Concepts of Quality in Input and Output Price Measures: A Resolution of the User ValueResource Cost Debate," in Murray F. Foss, ed., The U.S. National Income and Product Accounts: Selected Topics, Studies in Income and Wealth, Volume 47 (Chicago: University of Chicago Press for the National Bureau of Economic Research, 1983), 296-311.
    8. Denison, Estimates, p. 29
    9. Denison, Estimates, p. 27
[^9]:    10. The various tests and their results are described by Ellen R. Dulberger, "The Application of a Hedonic Model to a Quality-Adjusted Price Index for Computer Processors," and Jack E. Triplett, "Price and Technological Change in a Capital Good: A Survey of Research on Computers," in Dale W. Jorgenson and Ralph Landau, eds., Technology and Capital Formation, (Cambridge, MA: The MIT Press, 1989), 37-76 and 127-214; and by Jack E. Triplett, "Two Views on Computer Prices and Productivity," Bureau of Economic Analysis (Unpublished, 1989)
[^10]:    11. Denison, Estimates, p. 30, footnote 19.
    12. Denison, Estimates, pp. 36-37.
[^11]:    13. The example assumes that the industry producing the computer also produces the inputs, such as semiconductors, that are also characterized by very rapid technological change.
    14. T.K. Rymes, "The Measurement of Capital and Total Factor Productivity in the Context of the Cambridge Theory of Capital," Review of Income and Wealth 18 (March 1972): 79-108; and "More on the Measure18 (March 1972): 79-108; and "More on the Measure-
    ment of Total Factor Productivity," Review of Income ment of Total Factor Productivity," Review
    and Wealth 29 (September 1983): 297-316.
[^12]:    15. René Durand and Mehrzad Salem, "Alternative Measures of Productivity Growth in a Rectangular Input-Output Framework," Statistics Canada (Unpublished, May 1989).
    16. Charles Hulten, "On the Importance of Productivity Change," American Economic Review 69 (March 1979): 126-136.
    17. Ibid., 126.
[^13]:    1. A U.S. affiliate is a U.S. business enterprise in which a single foreign person owns or controls, directly or indirectly, 10 percent or more of the voting securities if an incorporated business enterprise or an equivalent if an incorporated business enterprise or an equival
[^14]:    U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Anatysis

[^15]:    2. The UBO is that person, proceeding up a U.S. affiliate's ownership chain, beginning with and including the foreign parent, that is not owned more than 50 percent by another person. The foreign parent is the first foreign person in the affiliate's ownership chain. Unlike the foreign parent, the UBO of an affiliate may be located in the United States.
[^16]:    - Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.
    * Less than $\$ 500,000$ ( $\pm$ ) or 500 acres.

[^17]:    ${ }^{\text {D }}$ Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.

[^18]:    D Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.
    In the breakdown of sales by industry of sales, U.S. affiliates that filed the long form in the benchmark

[^19]:    10. Similar data on commercial property of affiliates were collected in the 1980 benchmark survey,' but not in the annual surveys. However, future annual surveys will collect these data.

    Commercial property is the gross book value of commercial buildings and associated land owned by the affiliate. This property may be either used or operated by the affiliate or leased or rented to others. Commercial buildings include apartment buildings, office buildings, hotels, motels, and buildings used for wholesale, retail, and services trades (such as shopping centers, recreational facilities, department stores, bank buildings, restaurants, public garages, and automobile service stations).
    11. Data on merchandise trade by industry of affiliate and country of UBO are also available from the annual surveys. Data on merchandise trade by destination or origin and by product are only available in benchmark surveys.

[^20]:    12. The data on employment by all nonbank U.S. businesses are from table 6.6 B of the national income and product account tables in this issue. The total used here is equal to employment in private industries less the employment of banks and private households.

    The estimates of affiliate employment, like those of total assets, sales, and other measures of U.S. affiliate operations, are not adjusted to reffect the percent of foreign ownership. Thus, for example, the employment estimates include all employees of each affiliate, even though foreigners may own less than 100 percent of the affiliate. Although data limitations preclude precise adjustment of the U.S. affiliate estimates for ownership percentage, information reported in BEA's direct investment surveys indicates that, with a few imrect investment surveys indicates that, with a few im-
    portant exceptions, most U.S. affiliates are 100 -percent foreign owned or have a high percent of foreign own ership. Rough calculations suggest that affiliate employment would be about 20 percent lower at the allindustries level if it were adjusted for the percent of foreign ownership.
    13. In table 14, unlike in other tables on direct investment published here and elsewhere, petroleum is not shown as a separate major industry. Instead, in order to be consistent with the industry classification of the all-U.S.-business data, affiliate employment in the various petroleum subindustries are distributed among the other major industries. Thus, in table 14, manufacturing includes petroleum and coal products, wholesale trade includes petroleum wholesale trade, retail trade trade includes petroleum wholesale trade, re
    includes gasoline service stations, and so on.

    1. In this table, unlike most other tables on direct investment published here and elsewhere, petroleum is not shown as a separate major industry. Instead, in order to be consistent with the industry various petroleum subindustries is distributed among the other major industries. Thus, manufacturing includes petroleum and coal products, wholesale trade includes petroleum wholesale trade, retail trade includes gasoline service stations, and so on.
    2. The data on employment of all nonbank U.S. businesses are from table 6.6B of the national income and product account tables in this
    issue. The total is equal to employment in private industries less the employment of banks and private households.
    3. Excludes private households.
    4. See footnote 1 to table 7 .
