## SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Office of Business Economics


## SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

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## the BUSINESS SITUATION

After a dramatic surge this fall, auto buying has been moving back toward a more sustainable pace. The swings of auto buying have dominated the retail sales picture and overshadowed the evidence of an expansion in other consumer spending categories. Recent survey evidence on business investment plans points to a near-term strengthening of spending for inventories and for plant and equipment.

0NE of the most visible domestic economic developments this fall was the dramatic surge of auto buying, clearly due in some degree to the price freeze and the proposed retroactive repeal of the auto excise tax (which was signed into law on December 10). After the initial surge, however, car buying has been moving back toward a more sustainable pace. Combined sales of new domestic models and imports were a huge 12.2 million units (annual rate) in September, 11.3 million in October, 10.9 million in November, and are down further in December; the rate averaged 9.9 million in the first 8 months of 1971.

The swings of auto buying (which included the post-strike recovery earlier this year) have dominated the aggregate retail sales picture and overshadowed the evidence of an expansion trend in other spending categories. Sales at durables outlets outside the auto group have been growing quite steadily all year and nondurables sales have also been expanding, though less decisively. Rough estimates indicate a broadly based gain in retail sales in November.

In view of the marked deceleration of price increases since the freeze was imposed at mid-August, the reported gains in sales presumably represent solid expansion in real volume.

Strengthening of consumer demand hinges on improvement in consumer confidence and willingness to spend, about which the evidence is never clearcut and sometimes contradictory. However, it is surely significant that the consumer sentiment index compiled by the University of Michigan Survey Research Center has been rising for a year. The current period is hard to assess because of problems in sorting out the effects of the wage-price freeze, and subsequent controls, on incomes, prices, and attitudes. The saving rate fell in the third quarter but it is not clear how much of the change was a lasting movement away from the unusually high rates of the recent past.

Recent survey evidence on business investment plans points to a near-term strengthening of spending for inventories and for plant and equipment. This is consistent with the fact that in recovery periods there typically is an acceleration of business investment, especially in inventories, as sales and sales expectations improve. (See pages 13 and 15 of this issue for reports of the latest OBE survey of manufacturers' inventory and sales expectations and OBE-SEC capital spending survey.) The expansion of residential investment, on the other hand, has slowed recently after a year of extremely fast growth that reflected the steep recovery of housing starts. From an annual rate of only about 1.3 million units 2 years ago, starts had reached a rate of about 2 million this fall.

## Economic growth

The growth of real output this year, abstracting from the surge after the


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late-1970 auto strike, has been slow for a recovery period. The new economic policies introduced by the President on August 15 have as one of their aims the stimulation of the economic recovery. It is too early for tax stimulants to have had much impact, for the tax bill resulting from the President's proposals was signed into law only on December 10. Of coursé, some business decisions may have been made in anticipation of the tax law changes, and car buyers evidently acted in the belief that the auto excise tax would be repealed retroactive to August 15. The new law does indeed repeal the excise tax retroactively; it also reduces personal income taxes and reinstitutes a 7 -percent tax credit for business investment in machinery and equipment. Another provision writes into law all but one feature of the liberalized depreciation rules introduced by the Treasury earlier this year. The new law drops the rule change that would have permitted a higher depreciation charge in the year an asset is placed in service.
On December 10, the day the tax bill was signed, the Federal Reserve discount rate was cut from $43 / 4$ to $4 \frac{1}{2}$ percent. This is the lowest the rate has been since early 1968. The rate had been cut from 5 percent in November, in a move that was essentially a followup to prior declines in money market rates. In the announcement of the December cut, however, the Federal Reserve stated that the action was taken not only in recognition of market rates but also "to assist the progress of economic expansion." This suggests that for now the Federal Reserve is leaning toward economic stimulus in the difficult process of finding a balance between stimulating the economy and controlling inflation.

## Employment and the labor force

The strengthening of economic activity has been reflected in sizable gains during the past half year in the number of jobholders. However, the labor force has also been growing very rapidly and therefore the unemployment rate has changed little (chart 1). To get unemployment down will require
a slower increase in the labor forcewhich is possible, since the recent growth has been exceptionally strongor a more rapid rate of real economic growth, or a combination of both.
Total civilian employment rose 175,000 in November to a record 80 million (seasonally adjusted). At that level, employment was some $1 \frac{1}{2}$ million higher than in June. Employment of adult men has been growing quite strongly all year (though it was unchanged in November), but employment of women and teenagers accelerated at midyear. It is this latter development that has boosted aggregate employment growth in recent months.
The civilian labor force also continued its rapid expansion in November, reaching an alltime high of 85.2 million, and the unemployment rate returned to 6 percent after a dip to 5.8 percent in October. The pattern of unemployment rates for major labor force groups was not significantly different in November from the pattern that has prevailed for the past year.
For women and teenagers, recent labor force growth reflects not only normal population growth but also sizable increases in the percentage participating in the labor force. This is in line with the common tendency for participation rates of women and teenagers to increase when employment opportunities are improving and to fall when opportunities decline. The adult men's participation rate is slow to change and has barely moved at all this year. However, growth of the civilian population of adult men, and thus of the civilian labor force, has been substantially swelled by reduction of the Armed Forces.

## Construction Estimates Revised

The monthly estimates of the value of new construction put in place have recently been revised by the Census Bureau back to 1960. The revisions are mainly in private construction and reflect the incorporation of basic data not previously available, and the introduction of new survey data on nonresidential structures and new estimating
procedures. Also, there were some changes in the way data are classified, which affected component estimates but not the total. One such classification change was the shift of farm residential construction from the "farm" category to the private residential construction category. New procedures for estimating the value of residential construction permit separate estimates, not previously available, of the value of singleunit structures and of structures with two or more units.
The Census Bureau has stated that further improvements are needed to make the monthly put-inplace estimates a fully satisfactory measure of current construction activity. Improvement is needed especially in the estimates of State and local government construction spending.

The revisions raised the value of new private construction in all the years affected; the adjustments ranged between three-fourths of 1 percent and $23 / 4$ percent for the years $1960-67$, and between $31 / 2$ percent and 5 percent for the years $1968-70$ (table 1). The revision averaged $4 \frac{1 / 4}{4}$ percent in the latter period, reflecting sizable upward adjustments in residential and utility construction which more than offset reductions in other types of private construction.

Table 1.-Value of New Construction Put in Place: Percentage Revision

|  | 1968 | 1969 | 1970 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total. | 2.3 | 2.7 | 3.3 |
| Public. | $-.3$ | $-3$ | -. 2 |
|  | 3.6 | 4.1 | 4.9 |
| Residential buildings, excluding farm structures. Nonresidential buildings | 3.4 -3.4 | 5.9 -4.0 | 5.6 -4.0 |
| Nonresidential buildings....-. - | -3.4 | -4.0 | -4.0 |

Note.-The construction categories shown in this table are affected by statistical revisions but essentially unaffected by changes in the way data are classified into various construc tion categories.

The upward revision of residential construction averaged 5 percent for the 1968-70 period, before allowance for the reclassification of farm residential construction; including the transfer of farm housing, the average revision was $73 / 4$ percent. The magnitude of the revision in public utility construction cannot be directly estimated. Although the Census Bureau is
now publishing annual estimates of the value of total public utility construction, such estimates were not explicitly published on the old basis for the years 1967-70. Crude estimates of the old-basis data, however, indicate that the revision was sizable.
The new construction data published by the Census Bureau do not distinguish revisions due to new data or procedures from revisions due to shifts among categories as a result of reclassifications. In the case of the farmhousing reclassification, the magnitude of the shift can be identified, but for most categories it is possible only to state that the impact of such shifts was sometimes quite large.
In the case of nonresidential buildings, a change in the classification system as of 1968 has an important impact on the various component categories, e.g., commercial, industrial, educational, hospital, etc. Construction of nonresidential buildings was formerly classified by type of building (hospital, office, factory, etc.) but beginning with 1968 is classified by the type of establishment of which the construction is part. For example, a hospital or office building that is constructed on a university campus in now classified as "educational" construction rather than "hospital" or "commercial," as formerly.

The growth pattern of total private construction spending was not materially changed by the revisions. The new data show total private construction increasing just slightly faster in

Table 2.-Value of New Construction Put in Place: Year-to-Year Percentage Change

|  | 1968 | 1969 | 1970 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total: |  |  |  |
| Revised. | 11.8 | 7.87.3 | 1.0.4 |
| Previous. |  |  |  |
| Public: |  |  |  |
| Revised. | $\begin{aligned} & 8.1 \\ & 8.3 \end{aligned}$ | 1.3 | . 6 |
| Previous. |  | 1.3 |  |
| Private: |  |  |  |
| Revised. | $\begin{aligned} & 13.6 \\ & 12.7 \end{aligned}$ | 10.810.2 | 1.2 |
| Previous.. |  |  |  |
| Residential buildings: |  |  |  |
| Revised... | $\begin{aligned} & 19.5 \\ & 21.4 \end{aligned}$ | 8.66.2 | -4.4 |
| Previous.......... |  |  |  |
| Nonresidential buildings: |  |  |  |
| Revised....-.-.-.-.... | $\begin{aligned} & 3.3 \\ & 3.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16.5 \\ & 17 . \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 1.2 |
| Previous............. |  |  |  |
| Public utilities: |  |  |  |
| Revised.-- | 18.0n.a. | 6.0 | 17.8 |
| Previous. |  | n.a. | n.a. |

N.a. Not available.
recent years than was indicated by the previous estimates (table 2).

## Consumer Installment Credit

The expansion of consumer installment credit outstanding has been accelerating rapidly since last winter. Net expansion in the third quarter was at a seasonally adjusted annual rate of $\$ 101 / 4$ billion (chart 2) and there was continued strong growth in October. The rebound follows more than 2 years of pronounced slowdown in credit use that accompanied weakness in consumer spending for autos and other types of goods and services typically bought on credit. During the period of decelerating credit use, the net change in installment credit expansion fell from a peak seasonally adjusted annual rate of $\$ 10$ billion in the second half of 1968 to a low rate of $\$ 2^{3 / 4}$ billion in the first quarter of this year. With the exception of the strikedepressed fourth quarter of last year, when credit use actually declined, that increase was the smallest since the economic slowdown of 1967.

Auto credit, the biggest and most volatile component of installment debt, has accounted for a little more than one-third of the recent increase in credit use. The net expansion of auto credit peaked in the last half of 1968 and slowed steadily in 1969. There was a small net decline for the first three quarters of last year and a sharp drop in the fourth. In the first quarter of this year, auto credit extensions recovered strongly with the post-strike spurt in sales but repayments also increased and net expansion was quite small. The growth of auto credit increased in the second quarter and accelerated very sharply in the third, as sales were boosted by the early introduction of new models and the announcement of the price freeze and proposed excise tax repeal. In September and October, auto credit increased at an annual rate of $\$ 41 / 2$ billion. However, with auto sales receding from their recent high rates, credit expansion is not likely to continue at the September-October pace.

The growth of the other major components of consumer installment credit, paper for other consumer goods
and personal loans, has also been increasing sharply this year. Other consumer goods paper outstanding has expanded $\$ 23 / 4$ billion (annual rate) since June and personal installmentloans $\$ 31 / 2$ billion; these gains match the peak growth rates recorded in the second half of 1968 (table 3).
The expansion of nonauto goods paper held up considerably better than did growth of the other categories of installment credit during the general slowdown in credit use after 1968. The net expansion did slow sharply in the fourth quarter of 1970 and the first quarter of 1971, but this largely reflected a step-up of debt repayments. The volume of extensions continued to increase relatively strongly during the 1969-70 slowdown; in 1970, extensions showed very substantial growth as a result of strength in mobile-home sales and credit card purchases.

Table 3. Net Change in Consumer
Installment
Credit

## Lender groups

This year has also witnessed some notable changes in the shares of installment credit held by the major types of lending institutions (table 4). Commercial banks, which are the largest installment lenders, increased their share of outstandings one-half of 1 percentage point to 41.8 percent from last December to September of this year. This gain resulted mainly from strong growth in bank holdings of personal installment loans and nonauto goods paper. Commercial banks have been adding this year to their holdings of auto paper (which is by far the largest component of bank-held consumer debt) but their share of auto credit outstanding has edged up very little.

Credit unions, which concentrate almost all of their lending in installment credit, have also increased their share of total credit outstanding. Loans held by credit unions are combined in table 4. with a small amonut of lending by other institutions. The share of outstandings held by this combined group rose from 13.9 percent in December 1970 to 14.5 percent in September 1971. This increase continues a longrun trend reflecting growth in the number of credit unions and in the average size of their asset holdings. This year's increase was probably buoyed by a huge increase in saving deposits at credit unions; these grew at an annual rate of over $\$ 3$ billion in the first three quarters of this year, as compared with a gain of $\$ 13 / 4$ billion in the full year 1970 .

The share of retail outlets was essentially unchanged through September of


1. Components may not add to total because of rounding. 2. Mainly credit unions; also includes miscellaneous lenders such as savings and loan associations and mutual savings banks.
Note.-Shares calculated from data for end of period; Note.- Shares calculated from data for end of period;
shares in 1971 calculated on the basis of seasonally adjusted Shares in 1971 calculated on the basis of seasonally adjusted System.
this year, but the share of finance companies declined $1 \frac{1 / 4}{}$ percent to 29.6 percent. That decline continues a longterm trend that accelerated beginning in mid-1969, when several important companies began to reduce their purchases of auto paper and increase their lending to business. During that year of severe credit stringency and record high interest rates, these companies apparently found rates of return on auto loans less attractive than those on alternative investments. Auto paper held by finance companies declined 10 percent in 1970. Thus far in 1971, finance companies have not increased their holdings of auto or other goods paper, and have added only moderately to their holdings of personal installment loans.

## Outlook

The prospects for strong growth of installment credit in the year ahead appear quite favorable. The past year and one half have seen consumers saving a high percentage of current income, adding substantially to holdings of financial assets, and cutting back on debt burdens. It thus seems clear that consumers are in a strong firancial position for expanding credit use. Of course, the extent of the expansion of credit use-and indeed the expansion of the economy at large-depends on consumer confidence and willingness to spend. Recent months show an increase in durable goods purchases, not limited to autos, and a sharp increase in consumer debt, tending to confirm the sentiment surveys which have reported an improvement in attitudes and spending plans.

## Erratum

There is a typographical error in table C , page 22, of "Residential Capital in the United States, 1925-1970" in the November 1971 Survey. The perpetual inventory estimate for April 1, 1960 should read $\$ 408.9$ billion, not $\$ 480.9$ billion.

- In November: The unemployment rate edged up to 6 percent
- Nonfarm payroll employment increased slightly
- The workweek increased somewhat further

TOTAL PRODUCTIOK





* Seasonally Adiusted ** Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates Digitized US, Ropastrineat of Commerce, Otice of Business Economics

THE LABOR MARKET





PRICES





## - In November: Personal income rose $\$ 31 / 2$ billion

- Domestic-model auto sales rate was about $91 / 2$ million units
- Plant and equipment expenditures expected to rise in current quarter and first half of 1972




* Seasonally Adiusted ** Seasonally Adjusted, at Annual Rates Digitized for Prss/pepantment of Commerce, office of Business Economics

CONSUMPTION AND SAVING





FIXED NNVESTMENT


Billion \$


Billion \$


- In October: Manufacturing and trade firms added $\$ 476$ million to their stocks
- Merchandise trade deficit was $\$ 821$ million; dock strikes distorted the data





FOREIGN TRANSACTIONS


Billion \$




GOVERNWENT

## Billion \$



Billion \$




- In November: Industrial production increased about 0.7 percent, with most of the rise in nondurables
- Bank credit increased; money supply unchanged
- Interest rates and bond yields declined further

INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION







PROFITS AND COSTS



# NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT TABLES 



Table 1.-Gross National Product in Current and Constant Dollars (1.1, 1.2)


Table 2.-Gross National Product by Major Type of Product in Current and Constant Dollars (1.3, 1.5)

| Grose national product. | 929.1 | 974.1 | 968.5 | 983.5 | 988. 4 | 1,020.8 | 1,043.1 | 1,060.8 | 724.7 | 720.0 | 721.1 | 723.3 | 715.9 | 729.7 | 738.4 | 745, 5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Final sales | 921.7 | 971.3 | 966.5 | 978. 4 | 984.7 | 1,017.6 | 1,037.4 | 1, 059.7 | 718.2 | 717.7 | 719.1 | 719.4 | 712.8 | 727.1 | 733.5 | ${ }^{744.1} 1.3$ |
| Change in business inventories | 7.4 | 2.8 | 2.1 | 5. 1 | 3.7 | 3.2 | 5.7 | 1.1 | 6.4 | 2.3 | 2.0 | 3.9 | 3.1 | 2.6 | 4.9 | 1.3 |
| Goods output. | 457.3 | 468.3 | 468.6 | 474.9 | 467.7 | 483.2 | 494.6 | 501.3 | 389.9 | 383.0 | 385.4 | 387.2 | 376.7 | 386.6 | 393.3 | 397.6 |
| Final sales. | 449.9 | 465. 5 | 466. 6 | 469.8 | 464. 0 | 480.0 3.2 | 488.9 5.7 | 500.2 | 383.4 | 380. 7 | 383. ${ }_{2}$ | 383.3 3 | 373.6 3.1 | $\underset{286}{384.0}$ | 388.5 4.9 | 396.2 1.3 |
| Change in business inventories | 7.4 | 2.8 | 2.1 | 6.1 | 3.7 | 3.2 | 5.7 | 1.1 | 6.4 | 2.3 | 2.0 | 3.9 | 3.1 |  |  |  |
| Durable goods. | 185.3 | 180.2 | 181.8 | 189.6 | 169.7 | 191.8 | 194.2 | 197.4 | 165. 9 | 156. 1 | 158.8 | 163.7 | 144.4 | 161.9 | 163.4 | 165.7 |
| Final sales -...-.-.-....-...-.- | 180.9 4.5 | $\xrightarrow{180.8}$ | $\underline{183.7}$ | 184.9 4.7 | ${ }_{-3.4}^{173.1}$ | 188.0 3.8 | 191.5 2.7 | 198.0 -.5 | 162.1 3.8 | 156.8 -6 | 160.3 -1.6 | 160.0 3.7 | 147.5 -3.1 | 168.7 3.2 | 161.1 2.3 | 165.7 .0 |
| Nondurable goods. | 272.0 | 288.1 | 286.9 | 285.3 | 297.9 | 291.4 | 300.4 | 303.8 | 224.0 | 226.9 | 226.7 | 223.5 | 232.3 | 224.7 | 230.0 | 231.9 |
| Final sales. | 269.0 | 284.7 | 282.9 | 284.9 | 290.9 | 292.0 | 297.4 | 302.2 | 221.4 | 223.9 | 223.1 | 223.3 | 226.1 | 225.3 | 227.4 | 230.5 |
| Change in business inventories. | 2.9 | 3.4 | 4.0 | . 4 | 7.1 | -. 6 | 3.0 | 1.6 | 2.6 | 3.0 | 3.6 | . 2 | 6.2 | -. 6 | 2.6 | 1.4 |
| Services. | 377.4 | 410.3 | 406.2 | 413.7 | 420.6 | 432.3 | 439.8 | 446, 1 | 267.8 | 273, 4 | 272.3 | 273, 9 | 274. 5 | 276.1 | 277.6 | 278.8 |
| Structures. | 94.4 | 95.5 | 93.7 | 94.9 | 100. 1 | 105.2 | 108.6 | 113.4 | 67.0 | 63.6 | 63.4 | 62.2 | 64,7 | 67.0 | 67.4 | 69.1 |

Table 3.-Gross National Product by Sector in Current and Constant Dollars (1.7, 1.8)

| Groes national product. | 929.1 | 974. 1 | 968.5 | 983.5 | 988, 4 | 1,020.8 | 1,043.1 | 1,060.8 | 724.7 | 720.0 | 721, 1 | 723.3 | 715, 9 | 729.7 | 738.4 | 745. 5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Private. | 825. 3 | 859.8 | 854, 8 | 868, 3 | 871.6 | 899.5 | 920.1 | 936.4 | 664.0 | 659.4 | 660.4 | 662.8 | 655.4 | 669.0 | 677.5 | 684, 2 |
| Business. Nonfarm | 792.5 | 823.4 796.2 | 819.7 790.9 | 831.3 | 833.5 806.4 | 889.6 831.5 | 877.9 849.0 | 894.5 863.7 | 643. 619 | 638.5 614.6 | 640.1 616.1 | 641.8 618.6 | 634.1 609.2 | 646.9 622.0 | 654.1 629.0 | 661.7 634.9 |
| Farm.... | 28.0 | 795.2 28.2 | 28.8 | ${ }_{27.1}$ | 800.4 27.1 | ${ }_{28.1}^{81.6}$ | 849.9 28.9 | ${ }_{30.8} 8$ | $\stackrel{24.2}{ }$ | ${ }_{23.9} 9$ | 23.9 | ${ }_{23.2}$ | 24.9 | 24.9 | 25.0 | ${ }^{26.8}$ |
| Households and institutions. | 28.5 | 31.7 | 31.0 | 32.1 | 33.0 | 34.2 | 35.0 | 35.9 | 16.5 | 17.0 | 16.8 | 17.0 | 17.1 | 17.6 | 17.7 | 17.8 |
| Rest of the world. | 4.3 | 4.6 | 4.1 | 4.8 | B. 1 | 5.6 | 7.2 | 5.9 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 3.6 | 4.0 | 4.2 | 4.5 | 5.8 | 4.7 |
| General government | 103.8 | 114. 4 | 113.8 | 115.2 | 116, 8 | 121.3 | 122.9 | 124.5 | 60.7 | 60.6 | 60.7 | 60.5 | 60.5 | 60.8 | 60.9 | 61.3 |

Note.-The national income and product account estimates do not yet reflect the provisions of the Revenue Act of 1971 that was signed into law in December.

## HISTORICAL STATISTICS

National income and product data for 1929-63 are in The National Income and Product Accounts of the United States, 1929-1965, Statistical Tables (available at $\$ 1$ from Commerce Department Field Offices or the Superintendent of Documents; see addresses inside front cover). Each July Survey contains preliminary data for the latest 2 years and final data for the preceding 2 . The July 1971 issue has data for 1967-70. Prior July issues have final data as follows: 1964-65, July 1968; 1965-66, July 1969; 1966-67, July 1970. OBE will provide on request a reprint of final data for the years 1964-67.


Table 5.-Gross Auto Product in Current and Constant Dollars (1.15, 1.16)

| Grose auto product ${ }^{1}$ | Billions of current dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 36.6 | 30.6 | 35.2 | 34.1 | 22.0 | 42.1 | 40.0 | 43.1 |
| Personal consumption expenditures. | 31.7 | 28.0 | 29.9 | 29.6 | 23.5 | 33.9 | 34.5 | 37.5 |
| Producers' durable equipment..- | 5.6 | 4.9 | 5.3 | 5.2 | 4.1 | 6.0 | 6.1 | 6. 6 |
| Change in dealers' auto inventories. | . 1 | $-.9$ | 1.1 | . 5 | -3.6 | 4.1 | 1.4 | 1.6 |
| Net exports. | $-1.1$ | -1.8 | -1.4 | -1.6 | -2.3 | -2.2 | $-2.3$ | -3.0 |
| Exports.. | 2.2 | 2.0 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 1.4 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 2.9 |
| Imports. | 3.4 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 4.8 | 5.0 | 6.8 |
| Addenda: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New cars, domestic ${ }^{2}$ <br> New cars, forelgn. | 32.2 | 26.0 | 30.3 | 30.2 | 17.1 | 36.7 | 34.1 | 38.4 |
|  | 5.6 | 6.3 | 6.7 | 5.5 | 6. 5 | 7.9 | 8.2 | 7.9 |
|  | Billions of 1958 dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Groes auto product 1. | 35.0 | 28.3 | 33.0 | 31.6 | 19.6 | 36.8 | 34.7 | 37.3 |
| Personal consumptionexpenditures. | 30.3 | 25.9 | 28.0 | 27.4 | 21.1 | 29.5 | 29.9 | 32.4 |
| Producers' durable equipment..- | 5.4 | 4.6 | 5.0 | 4.9 | 3.7 | 5.3 | 5.3 | 5.8 |
| Change in dealer'sautoinventories. | . 1 | $-.9$ | 1.1 | . 5 | -3.4 | 3.8 | 1.2 | 1.5 |
| Net exports. | -1.1 | -1.7 | -1.3 | -1.5 | -2.2 | -2.0 | -2.1 | -2.7 |
| Exports. | 2.2 | 1.9 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 1.3 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.6 |
|  | 3.3 | 3.6 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3. 5 | 4.4 | 4.6 | 5.3 |
| Addenda: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New cars, domestic ${ }^{2}$ - | 31.4 | 24.7 | 29.0 | 28.6 | 15.8 | 32.9 | 30.5 | 34.1 |
| New cars, forelgn....-.-.-.-.-..........- | 5.5 | 6.0 | 6.4 | 5.2 | 6.0 | 7.1 | 7.3 | 7.1 |

1. The gross auto product total includes government purchases.

Differs from the gross auto product total by the markup on both used cars and foreign

| 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  | 1971 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | II | III | IV | I | II | III |
|  |  | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| Billions of dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 6.-National Income by Type of Income (1.10)

| National income. | 763.7 | 795.9 | 793.4 | 802.2 | 802.1 | 828.3 | 844.5 | 854.1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Compensation of employeen | 565.5 | 601.9 | 598.5 | 606. 5 | 609.3 | 627.9 | 639.5 | 647.7 |
| Wages and salari | 509.6 | 541.4 | 538. 5 | 545.2 | 547.2 | 562.3 | 572.4 | 579.0 |
| Private | 405.5 | 426.6 | 424.4 | 429.4 | 429.9 | 441.2 | 449.8 | 484.0 |
| Military | 19.0 | 19.4 | 19.5 | 19.2 | 18.6 | 19.2 | 18.6 | 18.0 |
| Government | 85.1 | 95.5 | 94.5 | 96.6 | 98.6 | 101.8 | 104.0 | 106.9 |
| Supplements to wages and salaries. - | 56.0 | 60.5 | 60.0 | 61.3 | 62.1 | 65.7 | 67.1 | 8. |
| Employer contributions for social insurance. | 27.8 | 29.6 | 29.5 | 30.1 | 30.1 | 33.1 | 33.7 | 4. 6 |
| Other labor inco | 28.2 | 30.8 | 30.4 | 31.2 | 32.0 | 32.6 | 33.4 | 34. |
| Proprietors' incom | 67.0 | 66.9 | 67.6 | 66.0 | 65.9 | 66.0 | 66. 7 | 68.8 |
| Business and profe | 50.3 | 51.0 | 51.0 | 51.4 | 51.5 | 51.2 | 51.5 | 51.8 |
| Farm | 16.8 | 15.8 | 16.6 | 14.5 | 14.4 | 14.8 | 15.2 | 17.0 |
| Rental income of persons | 22.6 | 23.3 | 23,2 | 23.4 | 23,7 | 23.8 | 24. 2 | 24.5 |
| Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment. | 78.6 | 70.8 | 71.5 | 73.0 | 69.0 | 75.5 | 78. 3 | 76.7 |
| Profits before tax | 84.2 | 75.4 | 75.8 | 78.5 | 71.6 | 79.1 | 83.3 | 83.1 |
| Profits tax liability | 39.7 | 34.1 | 34.5 | 35.6 | 32.3 | 36.2 | 37.4 | 37.9 |
| Profits after tax | 44.6 | 41.2 | 41.3 | 42.9 | 39.2 | 42.9 | 46.0 | 45. |
| Dividends. | 24.4 | 25.0 | 24. 9 | 25.2 | 25.0 | 25.6 | 25.4 | 25.7 |
| Undistributed profits. | 20.0 | 16.2 | 16.4 | 17.7 | 14.3 | 17.3 | 20.5 | 19.6 |
| Inventory valuation adjustment. | -5. 5 | $-4.5$ | -4.2 | $-5.5$ | $-2.6$ | $-3.5$ | $-5.1$ | -6. 4 |
| Net interest. | 29.9 | 33.0 | 32.6 | 33.4 | 34.2 | 35.0 | 35.8 | 36. |

Table 7.-National Income by Industry Division (1.11)

| All industries, total. | 763.7 | 795.9 | 793.4 | 802.2 | 802.1 | 828, 3 | 844. 5 | 854, 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries. | 24.8 | 24.5 | 25.2 | 23.2 | 23.3 | 23.9 | 24.4 | 26.1 |
| Mining and construction | 47.5 | 49.4 | 48.9 | 49.5 | 50.3 | 50.3 | 51.6 | 51.8 |
| Manufacturing | 221.9 | 217.7 | 220.1 | 219.9 | 210.1 | 223.3 | 226.9 | 225.9 |
| Nondurable goods | 85.7 | 87.4 | 86.9 | 87.9 | 87.8 | 89.3 | 91.2 | 92.2 |
| Durable goods. | 136.2 | 130.3 | 133.2 | 132.0 | 122.4 | 134.0 | 135.6 | 133.7 |
| Transportation. | 28.8 | 29.5 | 29.0 | 29.9 | 30.0 | 31.7 | 32.1 | 32.4 |
| Communication | 15.7 | 16.9 | 16.8 | 17.2 | 17.3 | 17.0 | 17,2 | 16.4 |
| Electric, gas, and sanitary ser | 14.1 | 14.4 | 14.2 | 14. 6 | 14.8 | 14.8 | 15.5 | 16.0 |
| Wholesale and retail trade. | 114.8 | 122.1 | 121.6 | 123.1 | 124.7 | 126.6 | 129.9 | 132.3 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | 82.8 | 87.0 | 85.5 | 88.3 | 90.9 | 92.4 | 93.8 | 95.8 |
| Services............................. | 94.6 | 103.2 | 102.2 | 104.0 | 106.2 | 108.5 | 110.1 | 112.5 |
| Government and government en prises. | 114.3 | 126.5 | 126. 9 | 127.7 | 129.4 | 134. 1 | 135.9 | 138.8 |
| Rest of the world | 4.3 | 4.6 | 4.1 | 4.8 | 6.1 | 5.6 | 7.2 | 5.9 |

Table 8.-Corporate Profits (Before Tax) and Inventory Valuation Adjustment by Broad Industry Groups (6.12)

| All industries, total. | 78. 6 | 70.8 | 71.5 | 73.0 | 69.0 | 75.5 | 78.3 | 76.7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Financial institutions. | 12.1 | 12.8 | 12.1 | 13.5 | 14.0 | 14.1 | 13.6 | 14.2 |
| Nonfinancial corporations. | 66.5 | 58.1 | 59.4 | 59.5 | 54.9 | 61.4 | 64.7 | 62.5 |
| Manufacturing. | 36.0 | 29.5 | 31.5 | 30.6 | 25.0 | 32.4 | 33.3 | 31.9 |
| Nondurable goods. | 17.5 | 16.6 | 16.5 | 16.8 | 16.2 | 16.4 | 17.3 | ${ }_{14.6}^{17.6}$ |
| Durable goods. | 18.4 | 13.0 | 14.9 | 13.8 | 8.8 | 16.0 | 16.1 | 14.3 |
| ransportation, | 10.0 | 8.0 | 7.8 | 7.9 | 8.1 | ${ }_{21}^{7.3}$ | 7.7 23.6 | 8.8 |
| All other industries. | 20.6 | 20.5 | 20.1 | 20.9 | 21.9 | 21.6 | 23.6 | 22.7 |


| 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  | 1971 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | II | III | IV | I | II | III |
|  |  | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| Billions of dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 9.—Gross Corporate Product ${ }^{1}$ (1.14)

| Gross corporate product | 526.3 | 541.6 | 540.1 | 547.6 | 544.3 | 568.6 | 579.8 | 586.4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Capital consumption allowances. | 51.3 | 56.2 | 55.7 | 56.7 | 58.0 | 62.6 | 64.0 | 65. |
| Indirect business taxes plus transier psyments less subsidies. | 49.2 | 52.2 | 51.9 | 52.8 | 53.4 | 55.6 | 56.9 | 69.3 |
| Income originating in corporate business. | 425.9 | 433.1 | 432.6 | 438.1 | 432.9 | 450.3 | 458.9 | 461.5 |
| Compensation of empl | 350.5 | 366.0 | 364.2 | 368.8 | 367.9 | 3788.9 | 386. 1 | 389. 3 |
| Wages and salar | 311.1 | 324.2 <br> 41.8 | 322.9 <br> 41.3 | ${ }_{42.3}^{326.5}$ | 325.2 42.7 | 333.9 4.0 |  | 342.5 46.8 |
| st interest. | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.1 | . 1 |
| Corporate profts and inventory valuation adjustment | 74.2 | 66.0 | 67.2 | 68.2 | 64.0 | 70.4 | 71.7 | 2 |
| Profits before tax | 79.7 | 70.6 | 71.4 | 73.6 | 66.6 | 74.0 | 76.8 | 77.7 |
| Profits tax liability | 39.7 | 34.1 | 34. 5 | 35. 6 | 32.3 | 36. 2 | 37.4 | 37.9 |
| Profits after tax | 40.0 | 36.4 | 36.9 | 38.1 | 34. 3 | 37.8 | 39.4 |  |
| Dividends. | 22.4 | 22.8 | ${ }^{23.0}$ | 23.0 | 22.7 | 23.2 | 22.2 | 23.0 |
| Undistributed profits | 17.6 | 13.6 | 13.9 | 15.1 | 11.6 | 14.6 | 17.2 | 16.8 |
| Inventory valuation adjust | 5. 5 | -4. 5 | 4.2 | -5. 5 | $-2.6$ | -3.5 | -5.1 | -6. 4 |
| Cash flow, gross of divid Cash flow, net of divid | 91.3 68.9 | 92.6 69.8 | $92.6$ | $94.8$ | 92.3 69.6 | ${ }_{77}^{100.4}$ | $\begin{array}{\|r} 103.5 \\ 81.2 \end{array}$ | 105.4 82.3 |
| Gross product originating in financial institutions. | 24.3 | 25.4 | 24.6 | 26.1 | 26.9 | 27.7 | 27.8 | 28.5 |
| Grose product originating in nonfinancial corporations | 502.0 | 516,2 | 515.5 | 521, 5 | 517.4 | 540.9 | 552.0 | 557.8 |
| Capital consumption allowances | 49.5 | 54.1 | 53.6 | 54.5 | 55.7 | 00. | 61.5 | 2.9 |
| Indirect business taxes plus transfer payments less subsidies | 47.1 | 49.9 | 49.5 | 50.4 | 50.9 | 82.9 | 54.1 | 56.3 |
| Income originating in nonfinancial corporations. | 405. 5 | 412.2 | 412.4 | 416.5 | 410.7 | 427.8 | 436. 5 | 438.6 |
| Compensation of emp | 330.5 | 344.2 | 342.7 | 346.9 | 345. 4 | 35.7 | 362.1 | 365. 0 |
| Wages and | 293.7 | 305. 2 | 304.2 | 307.4 | 305. 6 | 313.9 | 319.4 | 321.5 |
| Supplements | 36.9 | 39.0 | 38.6 | 39.5 | 39.8 | 41.9 | 42.7 | 43.5 |
| Net interest | 12.9 | 14.8 | 14.6 | 15.0 | 15.4 | 15.8 | 16.2 | 16.6 |
| Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment | 62.1 | 53.3 | 55.0 | 54.6 | 50.0 | 56.3 | 58.1 | 57.0 |
| Profits before tax | 67.6 | 57.8 | 59.3 | 60.1 | 52.6 | 59.8 | 63.2 | 63.5 |
| Profts tax liabilit | 33.4 | 27.1 | 27.7 | 28.2 | 24.8 | 28.9 | 30.4 | 30.5 |
| Profits after tax | 34.2 | 30.7 | 31.5 | 31.9 | 27.8 | 30.9 | 32.8 | 33.0 |
| Dividends. | 20.9 | 21.1 | 21.2 | 21.2 | 20.9 | 21.4 | 20.5 | 21.2 |
| Undistributed profits | 13.3 | 9.6 | 10.3 | 10.7 | 6.9 | 9.6 | 12.3 | 11.8 |
| Inventory valuation adjust | . 5 | 5 | 4.2 | $-5.5$ | -2.6 | -3. 5 | -5.1 | -6.4 |
| Cash flow, gross of dividends Cash flow, net of dividends. | $\begin{aligned} & 83.8 \\ & 62.9 \end{aligned}$ | $84.8$ | $85.2$ $63.9$ | $86.5$ $65.3$ | 83.5 62.7 | $91.1$ | $94.3$ | 95.9 74.7 |
| Grose product originating in nonfinancial corporations. | Billions of 1958 dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 430.5 | 425,0 | 427.7 | 427.6 | 416.7 | 431.8 | 437.0 | 438.6 |
|  | Dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current dollar cost per unit of 1958 dollar groas product originating in nonfinancial corporations ${ }^{2}$ | 1.166 | 1.215 | 1. 205 | 1.220 | 1. 242 | 1.253 | 1.263 | 1.272 |
| Capital consumption allowances....... <br> Indirect business taxes plus transier | . 115 | . 127 | . 125 | . 128 | . 134 | . 139 | . 141 | 143 |
| payments less subsidies.... | . 109 | . 117 | . 116 | . 118 | . 122 | . 122 | . 124 | . 128 |
| Compensation of employees. Net interest | . 7638 | .810 .085 | . 803 | . 811 | . 8239 | . 824 | . 829 | 832 038 |
| Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment. | . 144 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Profits tax liability | . 078 | . 064 | . 065 | . 066 | . 059 | . 067 | . 070 | 070 |
| Profts after tax plus inventory valuation adjustment... | . 067 | . 062 | . 064 | . 062 | . 060 | . 063 | . 064 | 060 |

[^0]2. This is equal to the deflator for gross product of nonfinancial corporations, with the decimal
point shifted two places to the left.
3. Personal saving as a percentage of disposable personal income.

| 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  | 1971 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | II | III | IV | I | II | III |
|  |  | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| Billions of dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 13.-Federal Government Receipts and Expenditures (3.1, 3.2)

| Federal Government receipts | 196.9 | 191.5 | 193.8 | 191.3 | 189.3 | 195.6 | 198.3 | 202.6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Personal tax and nontax receipts. | 94.9 | 92.2 | 94.5 | 89.7 | 91.0 | 87.6 | 88.4 | 90.0 |
| Corporate profits tax accruals..- | 36.3 | 30.6 | 30.9 | 31.9 | 29.0 | 32.4 | 33.4 | 33.9 |
| Indirect business tax and nontax accurals | 19.0 | 19.3 | 19.1 | 19.7 | 19.4 | 20.6 | 20.6 | 21.8 |
| Contributions for social insurance... | 46.8 | 49.3 | 49.2 | 50.0 | 49.8 | 55.0 | 55.9 | 56.9 |
| Federal Gover | 189.5 | 205.1 | 207.9 | 206.7 | 209.8 | 213.2 | 220.9 | 223.9 |
| Purchases | 99.2 | 97.2 | 96.8 | 96.1 | 95.9 | 96.7 | 95.7 | 7.4 |
| Nationa | 78. | 75.4 | 75.1 | 74.2 | 73.2 | 73.0 | 71.8 | 70.8 |
| Other | 20.7 | 21.9 | 21.6 | 21.9 | 22.7 | 23.7 | 23.9 | 26.6 |
| Transler paym | 52.4 | 63.4 | 65.3 | 64.6 | 67.5 | 69.6 | 77.5 | 77.6 |
| To persons. | 50.4 | 61.2 | 63.3 | 62.4 | 65.0 | 67.4 | 75.3 | 75. 3 |
| To foreigners (net) | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.2 |
| Grants-in-aid to State and local governments. | 20.3 | 24.4 | 23.9 | 24.9 | 25.9 | 27.3 | 29.5 | 30. |
| Net interest paid | 13.1 | 14.6 | 14.3 | 15.0 | 14,8 | 14.0 | 13.4 | 14.0 |
| Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises. | 4.6 | 5.5 | 5.5 | 5.8 | 5.7 | 5.7 | 4.8 | 4.9 |
| Less: Wage accruals less disbursements. | . 0 | . 0 | -2.1 | -. 4 | . 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Surplus or deficit ( - ), national income and product accounts.... | 7.3 | -13.6 | -14.1 | -15.4 | -20.5 | -17.5 | -22.6 | -21.2 |

Table 14.-State and Local Government Receipts and Expenditures (3.3, 3.4)

| Stateand local government receipts..... | 119.0 | 133.4 | 131.9 | 135.3 | 138.5 | 143.7 | 149.2 | 154.1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Personal tax and nontax receipts.... | 21.3 | 23.6 | 23.5 | 23.8 | 24.2 | 25.1 | 25.6 | 26.9 |
| Corporate profits tax accruals......- | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.7 | 3.3 | 3.8 | 4.0 | 4.0 |
| Indirect business tax and nontax accruals. $\qquad$ | 66.7 | 73.6 | 72.8 | 74.5 | 76.4 | 78.7 | 81.1 | 83.8 |
| Contributions for social insurance...- | 7.3 | 8.3 | 8.2 | 8.4 | 8.7 | 8.9 | 9.1 | 9.3 |
| Federal grants-in-aid | 20.3 | 24.4 | 23.9 | 24.9 | 25.9 | 27.3 | 29.5 | 30.1 |
| State and local government expenditures. | 118.9 | 132.9 | 130.0 | 135.1 | 139.8 | 144.1 | 147.7 | 150.3 |
| Purchases of goods and services. | 110.6 | 122.2 | 119.7 | 124.0 | 127.9 | 131.5 | 134.5 | 136.8 |
| Transfer payments to persons.- | 11.8 | 14.4 | 14.0 | 14.8 | 15.6 | 16.4 | 16.9 | 17.2 |
| Net interest paid. | . 0 | . 1 | . 1 | . 1 | . 2 | . 3 | 4 | 4 |
| Less: Current surplus of government enterprises | 3.5 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.1 | 4. 1 |
| Surplus or deficit ( - ), national income and productaccounts..... | . 1 | . 5 | 1.9 | . 2 | $-1.3$ | -. 4 | 1.6 | 3.8 |

Table 15.-Sources and Uses of Gross Saving (5.1)

| Gross private maving- | 133.5 | 153.4 | 153.3 | 157.8 | 160.0 | 167.7 | 173.7 | 170.3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Personal saving | 37.9 | 54.1 | 54.2 | 57.4 | 58.5 | 58.4 | 60.9 | 57.7 |
| Undistributed corporate profits | 20.0 | 16.2 | 16.4 | 17.7 | 14.3 | 17.3 | 20.5 | 19.6 |
| Corporate inventory valuation adjustment. | $-5.5$ | -4. 5 | -4.2 | $-5.5$ | -2.6 | -3.5 | -5. 1 | -6. 4 |
| Corporate capital consumption allowances. | 51.3 | 56.2 | 55.7 | 56.7 | 58.0 | 62.6 | 64.0 | 65.5 |
| Noncorporate capital consumption allowances. | 29.9 | 31.4 | 31.3 | 31.5 | 31.8 | 32.9 | 33.3 | 33.9 |
| Wage accruals less disbursements.... |  | . 0 | . 0 | . 0 | . 0 | . 0 | . 0 | 0 |
| Government aurplus or deficit ( - ), national income and product accounts. $\qquad$ | 7.4 | -13.1 | -12.2 | -15.2 | -21.7 | -17.9 | -21.0 | $-17.5$ |
| Federal. | 7.3 | $-13.6$ | -14.1 | -15. 4 | $-20.5$ | -17.5 | $-22.6$ | $-21.2$ |
| State and local |  | . 5 | 1.9 | . 2 | $-1.3$ | $-.4$ | 1.6 | 3.8 |
| Capital grants received by the United States. |  | . 9 | . 9 | . 9 | . 9 | . 7 | 7 | . 7 |
| Gross investment | 136.9 | 136.6 | 136.2 | 140.2 | 137.5 | 145.6 | 149.4 | 151.6 |
| Gross private domestic investment.- | 137.8 | 135.3 | 134.1 | 138.6 | 137.3 | 143.8 | 152.4 | 153.6 |
| Net foreign investment................ | . 9 | 1.3 | 2.0 | 1.6 | . 2 | 1.8 | $-3.0$ | $-2.0$ |
| Statistical discrepancy | -4.1 | -4.5 | -5.8 | -3.2 | -1.6 | -4.9 | -4.0 | -1.9 |


| 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  | 1971 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | II | III | IV | I | II | III |
|  |  | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |
| Index numbers, $1958=100$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 16.-Implicit Price Deflators for Gross National Product (8.1)

| Gross national product. | 128.21 | 135. 29 | 134. 32 | 135. 97 | 138, 07 | 139.88 | 141. 27 | 142.31 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Personal consumption expenditures... | 123.5 | 129.4 | 128.7 | 129.9 | 131.7 | 133.0 | 134.3 | 135. 4 |
| Durable goods | 106. 0 | 108.9 | 108.2 | 109.2 | 110.8 | 112.5 | 113.0 | 113.8 |
| Nondurable goods. | 122.1 | 127.7 | 127.4 | 128.1 | 129.2 | 130.0 | 131.3 | 132.3 |
| Services. | 133.2 | 140.2 | 139.3 | 141.0 | 143.1 | 145, 6 | 147.6 | 149.3 |
| Grose private domestic investment..... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fixed investment | 126.4 | 132.6 | 131.2 | 133. 3 | 136.2 | 137.7 | 139.7 | 141.7 |
| Nonresidential | 123.0 | 130.0 | 128.6 | 130.7 | 133.6 | 134.5 | 136. 1 | 138.0 |
| Structures | 141.1 | 152.0 | 149.6 | 154.1 | 157.9 | 159.6 | 165. 7 | 171.4 |
| Producers' durable equipment | 115.1 | 120.1 | 119.3 | 120.6 | 122.6 | 123.4 | 123.8 | 124.5 |
| Residential structures | 137.9 | 142.4 | 140.9 | 143.8 | 144. 7 | 147.9 | 150.4 | 152.0 |
| Nonfarm | 137.9 | 142.5 | 140.9 | 143.9 | 144.8 | 148.0 | 150.5 | 152.1 |
| Farm | 133.2 | 138.6 | 138.5 | 139.4 | 140.0 | 141.4 | 143.7 | 145.9 |
| Change in business inventories...... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net exports of goods and services. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exports. | 114.7 | 120.6 | 119.8 | 121.6 | 121. 7 | 125.2 | 125.2 | 125. 2 |
| Imports | 110.8 | 119.2 | 117.7 | 121.4 | 121.5 | 123.4 | 123.8 | 125.5 |
| Government purchases of goods and services. | 144.0 | 157.3 | 156.1 | 159.3 | 161.7 | 165.8 | 167. 5 | 168.0 |
| Federal | 134.4 | 148.6 | 148.2 | 150.5 | 151.8 | 157.2 | 158.2 | 155.9 |
| State and local | 153.9 | 165.1 | 163.1 | 166.8 | 170.2 | 172.8 | 175.5 | 177.8 |

Table 17.-Implicit Price Deflators for Gross National Product by Major Type of Product (8.2)

| Grose national product | 128.21 | 135.29 | 134.32 | 135.97 | 138.07 | 139.88 | 141. 27 | 142.31 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Final sales. | 128.3 | 135.3 | 134.4 | 136.0 | 138.2 | 140.0 | 141.4 | 142.4 |
| Goods output | 117.3 | 122. 3 | 121, 6 | 122.6 | 124.1 | 125.0 | 125.7 | 126, 1 |
| Durable goods. | 111.7 | 115.4 | 114.5 | 115.8 | 117.5 | 118.5 | 118.9 | 119.2 |
| Nondurable goods | 121.4 | 127.0 | 126. 6 | 127.6 | 128.3 | 129.7 | 130, 6 | 131.0 |
| Services. | 140.9 | 150.1 | 149.2 | 151.0 | 153.2 | 156.6 | 158.4 | 160.0 |
| Structures. | 140.9 | 150.2 | 147.9 | 152.5 | 154.9 | 157.1 | 161.1 | 164, 2 |
| Addendum: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross auto product | 104.5 | 107.9 | 106.6 | 107.8 | 112.4 | 114.4 | 115.2 | 115.5 |
| Table 18.-Implicit Price Deflators for Gross National Product by Sector (8.4) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Groes national product | 128.21 | 135. 29 | 134.32 | 135.97 | 138.07 | 139.88 | 141.27 | . 31 |
| Private | 124. 29 | 130.38 | 129.43 | 131.00 | 132.98 | 134.45 | 135.81 | 136. 85 |
| Business. | 123.2 | 129.0 | 128.1 | 129.5 | 131.4 | 132.9 | 134.2 | ${ }^{135.2}$ |
| Nonfarm | 123.5 | 129.4 | 128.4 | 130.0 | 132.4 | 133.7 | 1135.0 | 136.0 |
| Farm | 115.5 | 118.0 | 120.0 | 116.8 | 108.4 | 112.8 | 115.6 | 115.1 |
| Households and institution | 172.8 | 186.8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General governmen | 171.1 | 188.7 | 187.5 | 190.4 | 193.2 | 199.6 | 201.9 | 203.2 |
| Table 19.-Gross National Product: Change from Preceding |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Percent |  | Percent at annual rate |  |  |  |  |  |
| Groes national product: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current dollars. | 7.5 | 4.8 | 5.3 | 6.3 | 2.0 | 13.8 | 9.0 | 3.9 |
| Implicit price deflator | 4.8 | -5. 5 | 4.7 | 5.0 | -4.3 | 5.3 | 4.0 | 3.0 |
| Chain price index. - | 4.9 | 5.3 | 5.0 | 4.7 | 5.5 | 6.4 | 4.8 | 3.8 |
| Gross private product: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current dollars. | 7.3 | 4.2 | 5.0 | 6.5 | 1.5 | ${ }^{13.4}$ |  | 7.3 |
| Constant dollars --... | 2.6 | 4.7 |  |  |  |  | 5.2 4.1 | 4.0 |
| Implicit price deflator | 4.5 4.6 | 4.9 | 4.1 | 4.9 <br> 4.5 | 6.2 <br> 5.4 | 4.5 <br> 5.5 | 4.19 | 4.0 |

# Manulacturers' Inventory and Sales Expectations, Fourth Quarter 1971 and First Quarter 1972 

MANUFACTURERS reported modest declines in sales and inventories in the third quarter. For the fourth quarter, they expect little change in sales but substantial inventory accumulation. For the first quarter of 1972, they project a sizable sales rise with moderate inventory additions.

U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

Manufacturers' evaluation of the condition of their inventories changed little in the first 9 months of 1971. Although firms holding 20 percent of producers' stocks viewed their inventories as "high" at September 30, the amount of imbalance reported by these companies was small.

These are the results of the latest OBE quarterly survey of Manufacturers' Inventory and Sales Expectations, conducted in November. The previous survey, conducted in August, had projected a moderate sales rise and material additions to stocks in the second half of 1971.

## Sales expectations

Sales fell one-half percent from the second to the third quarter, with both durable and nondurable goods producers reporting declines of less than 1 percent. Manufacturers expect aggregate sales to be virtually unchanged this quarter, with durable goods producers' sales falling fractionally and those of nondurable goods producers rising almost 1 percent.

A 3 percent increase is projected for the first quarter of 1972-4 percent for durables, $2 \frac{1}{2}$ percent for nondurables. These are substantial gains relative to the changes of the last few years. The expected gains are fairly widespread among industries, with automotive and steel producers showing particular strength.

## Inventory additions

Manufacturers expect inventories to rise $\$ 1.3$ billion in the fourth quarter and $\$ 0.6$ billion in the first. The projected fourth quarter rise would be the first sizable addition this year; inventories barely changed at all in the first half and fell nearly $\$ 0.3$ billion in the
third quarter, reflecting substantial cutbacks by metal fabricators.

Durable goods producers reduced their holdings $\$ 600$ million in the first three quarters of 1971. They plan a $\$ 600$ million addition this quarter and $\$ 400$ million next quarter, when steel and automotive producers plan major increases.

Nondurable goods producers' inventories increased $\$ 400$ million in the first half of 1971 and were unchanged in the third quarter. Planned additions are $\$ 700$ million this quarter and $\$ 200$ million next.

Manufacturers' stock-sales ratios declined in the first half of 1971, rose slightly in the third quarter, and are expected to rise further by yearend. A substantial decline is projected for the first quarter. Recent fluctuations have been primarily in the durable goods sector. The durables ratio is projected at 2.06 months of sales on December 31 and 2.00 months on March 31. The ratio ranged from 2.11 to 2.03 in the first three quarters of this year. The nondurables ratio is projected at 1.37 months of sales at yearend and 1.35 on March 31. The ratio peaked at 1.41 at the close of 1970 .

## Inventory condition, September 30

On September 30, companies holding 20 percent of manufacturers' stocks judged their inventories "high," down 1 percentage point from June 30 but unchanged from March 31. The "about right" ratio was 79 percent; the "low," 1 percent.

Durable goods producers reported 23 percent of their holdings as "high," 76 percent as "about right," and 1 percent as "low." The "high" ratio reached 28 percent on June 30, 1970 but had declined to 23 percent by last December 31.

The ratios for nondurable goods producers on September 30 were 14 percent "high," 84 percent "about right," and 2 percent "low." The "high" ratio reached 19 percent on March 31, 1970 but was down to 14 percent 1 year later.

## Inventory imbalance, September 30

In each of the first three quarters of 1971, manufacturers' inventories were about $\$ 2$ billion in excess of needs (after netting excesses and deficiencies). This was equivalent to about 2 percent

Table 1.—Manufacturers' Inventories and Sales: Actual and Expected ${ }^{1}$ [Billions of dollars]

|  | 1968 |  |  |  | 1969 |  |  |  | 1970 |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  | $\frac{1972}{I^{2}}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV 2 |  |
| Inventories, end of quarter: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unadjusted: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All manufacturing.. | 86.2 | 87.8 | 88.5 | 90.5 | 92.8 | 94.1 | 94.7 |  |  | 99.0 |  | 100.1 |  | 100.7 | 99.4 | 101.3 |  |
| Durables....... | 56.0 | 57.3 | 57.7 | 58.7 | 60.5 | 61.5 | 61.9 | 62.8 | 64. 2 | 64.4 | 64.5 | 64.8 | 65.4 | 65. 0 | 64.1 | 64.9 | 66.0 |
| Nondurables | 30.2 | 30.5 | 30.8 | 31.8 | 32.4 | 32.5 | 32.8 | 33.6 | 34.1 | 34.5 | 34.2 | 35.4 | 35. 5 | 35.7 | 35.3 | 36.4 | 36. 7 |
| Seasonally adjusted: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All manufacturing. | 85.7 | 87.6 | 89.3 | 90.7 | 92.3 | 93.9 | 95.5 | 96.7 | 97.9 | 98.7 | 99.6 | 100.5 | 100.5 | 100.5 | 100.3 | 101.6 | 102.2 |
| Durables. | 55.7 | 57.0 | 58.1 | 59.0 | 60.2 | 61.3 | 62.3 | 63.2 | 63.9 | 64. 2 | 65.0 | 65.2 | 65.1 | 64.8 | 64. 6 | 65.2 | 65. 6 |
| Nondurables. | 30.0 | 30.6 | 31.2 | 31.8 | 32.2 | 32.6 | 33.2 | 33.5 | 34.0 | 34.5 | 34.6 | 35.3 | 35. 4 | 35.7 | 35.7 | 36.4 | 36. 6 |
| Sales, total for quarter: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U nadjusted: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All manufacturing. | 144.6 | 153.5 | 148.2 | 157.2 | 156.4 |  | 158.8 | 165.0 | 161.8 | 168.1 | 162.1 | 161.1 |  |  | 170.1 | 175.5 | 178.0 |
| Durables....... | 80.6 | 86.1 | 79.1 | 86.5 | 87.0 | 90.9 | 85.6 | 91.0 | 87.8 | 92.5 | 86.3 | 85.6 | 92.2 | 99.5 | 90.8 | 95.6 | 97.9 |
| Nondurables | 64.0 | 67.3 | 69.0 | 70.7 | 69.4 | 72.5 | 73.2 | 74.0 | 74.0 | 75.6 | 75.8 | 75.5 | 76.6 | 79.7 | 79.3 | 79.9 | 80.1 |
| Seasonally adjusted: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All manufacturing. | 145.3 | 149.5 | 151.8 | 156.0 | 157.6 | 159.4 | 163.0 | 163.7 | 163.4 | 164.1 | 166.1 | 160.3 | 170.5 | 175.0 | 174.1 | 174.4 | 180.0 |
| Durables....... | 80.6 | 82.7 | 83.0 | 85.4 | 87.2 | 87.5 | 90.1 | 90.0 | 88.2 | 89.1 | ${ }^{90.6}$ | 85.0 | ${ }^{92} 6$ | ${ }^{95.8}$ | 95.1 | 94.9 | ${ }^{98.5}$ |
| Nondurables.....------ | 64.7 | 66.8 | 68.8 | 70.6 | 70.4 | 72.0 | 72.9 | 73.7 | 75.2 | 75.0 | 75.5 | 75.2 | 77.9 | 79.2 | 79.0 | 79.5 | 81.5 |

1. All actual data have been adjusted to conform with the recent revision by the Bureau of the Census (Report M3-1.3). biases.

Sources: U.S. Department of Commerce. Expectations, Office of Business Economics; actuals, Bureau of the Census.

Table 2.-Manufacturers' Evaluation of the Condition of Their Inventories ${ }^{\mathbf{1}}$

| [Percentage distribution] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total |  |  | Durables |  |  | Nondurables |  |  |
|  | High | About right | Low | High | About right | Low | High | About right | Low |
| June 30, 1966. September 30, 1968. December 31, 1966 | 18 22 28 | 78 75 70 | 4 3 2 2 | 21 27 33 | 75 70 65 | 4 3 2 2 | 13 14 18 | 83 83 79 | 4 3 3 |
| March 31, 1967 June 30, 1967. September 30, 1967 December 31, 1967 | 31 31 37 25 25 | 68 68 67 69 72 | 1 2 4 4 3 | 37 36 34 34 31 | 62 68 63 63 67 | 1 1 3 2 2 | 20 20 15 15 | 78 78 71 81 81 | 2 4 4 4 4 |
| March 31, 1968 June 30, 1968 September 30, 1968. December 31, 1968. | 25 25 24 24 18 | 72 72 73 78 80 | 3 3 3 3 2 | 31 31 31 28 19 | 66 67 67 79 79 | 3 2 2 2 2 | 15 16 16 16 16 | 82 80 89 89 82 | 3 4 4 5 2 |
| March 31, 1969 June 30, 1969 September 30, 1969 December 31, 1969 | 20 21 23 23 23 | 78 77 76 76 76 | 2 2 1 1 | 21 22 22 25 | 77 76 73 73 | 2 2 2 1 2 | 17 18 17 18 | 82 80 82 81 81 | 1 2 1 1 |
| March 31, 1970...... <br> June 30, 1970 <br> September 30, 1970. December 31, 1970. | 24 24 24 22 21 | 75 75 77 78 78 | 1 1 1 1 | 27 28 28 23 23 | 72 71 74 76 76 | 1 1 1 1 1 | 19 19 17 16 16 | 81 80 81 82 83 | 1 1 2 2 1 |
| March 31, 1971....... <br> June 30, 1971 <br> September 30, 1971 | 20 +21 +20 | 79 +78 79 | 1 1 1 | 23 +24 +23 | 75 +75 +76 | 2 1 1 | 14 +15 +14 | 85 +83 84 | 1 2 2 2 |

${ }^{r}$ Revised.

1. Condition of actual inventories relative to sales and unfilled orders position as viewed by reporting companies. Percent distribution of inventory book values according to companies' classifications of their inventory condition.

NOTE.-Due to change in survey questionnaire, data starting December 31, 1968, are not strictly comparable to prior data. Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.
of total producers stocks. Last year the excess ranged from $\$ 21 / 3$ to $\$ 21 / 2$ billion.

The net excess held by durable goods producers amounted to $\$ 1.63$ billion on September 30, little changed from midyear. The durables excess peaked in mid-1970 at $\$ 1.90$ billion.

The net excess of nondurable goods producers was $\$ 400$ million on September 30, unchanged from June 30. The nondurables excess was relatively small throughout the past 2 years, peaking at $\$ 600$ million on March 31, 1970.

Companies reporting excess inventories had an excess that averaged 12 percent of their inventory book value on September 30. Companies reporting a deficiency had an average shortage equal to almost 20 percent of their book value.

Table 3.-Inventory Imbalance


# Capital Spending Rise Foreseen in the First Hali of 1972 

Business capital spending in 1971 is expected to be up 2.2 percent from 1970. This expectation, based on the November OBE-SEC survey, is the same as that reported in August. A shortfall from expectations for third quarter spending was offset by a rise in the fourth quarter expectation. Increases are expected in both the first and second quarters of 1972 , with spending in the first half up $61 / 2$ percent from this year's second half.

BUSINESS expenditures for new plant and equipment in the third quarter were at a seasonally adjusted annual rate of $\$ 80.8$ billion, down $\$ 0.9$ billion from the second quarter, according to the survey conducted in late October and November by the Office of Business Economics and the Securities and Exchange Commission. Spending is expected to rise to a rate of $\$ 84.0$ billion in the current quarter and to $\$ 87.1$ billion in the first quarter of 1972. Expectations for the second quarter of 1972, which are somewhat more tentative than those for the more immediate future, indicate a further rise to $\$ 88.5$ billion (table 2 ).

Capital expenditures for the full year 1971 are expected to total $\$ 81.5$ billion, ${ }^{1} 2.2$ percent above 1970. The increase is the same as the one reported in the August survey, but lower than the increases expected in February ( 4.3 percent) and May ( 2.7 percent; see table 1). The projected 2.2 percent rise in 1971 compares with actual increases of 5.5 percent in 1970 and 11.5 percent in 1969.

Actual outlays in the third quarter of 1971 were 2 percent lower than the

[^1]August projection but the fourth quarter expectation was raised an equivalent amount. Shortfalls from third quarter expectations were widespread among industrial groups, as were upward revisions of fourth quarter projections.

## First half of 1972

Investment expenditures in the first half of 1972 are projected to be $61 / 2$

Table 1.-Plant and Equipment Expenditures, Annual Percent Change 1970-71

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ac- } \\ & \text { tual } \\ & 1970 \end{aligned}$ | Expected 1971 as reported in |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Feb- | May | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Au- } \\ & \text { gust } \end{aligned}$ | No-vember |
| All industries |  | 4.3 | 2.7 | 2.2 | 2.2 |
| Manufacturing industries - | $.8$ | -. 3 | -4.2 | -5.8 | -5.4 |
| Durable goods . | -1.0 | -2.5 | -7.1 | -9.4 | $-9.5$ |
| Primary metals......- |  | -10.5 | -8.1 | $-11.0$ | -11.4 |
| Blast furnace, steel works. |  | $\begin{aligned} & -12.8 \\ & -12.6 \end{aligned}$ | $-12.5$ | -17.4 | -17.7 |
| Nonferrous. |  |  | $-8.2$ | $-6.3$ | $-7.2$ |
| Electrical machinery.- | 11.6 | 1.2 | $-5.9$ | $-7.1$ | $-6.0$ |
| Machinery except electrical | 1. 0 | $-1.0$ | $-10.7$ | $-16.9$ | -17.4 |
| Transportation | -12.2 | -3.8 | -10.0-12.6 |  | $-13.5$ |
| equipment |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicles. | -3.5 | -.4 -4.1 -7.8 <br> -5.9 -23.1 -29.1 |  |  | -7.5-29.6 |
| Aircraft...... | $-34.8$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stone, clay and glass. - | $\begin{array}{r} -7.6 \\ -.8 \end{array}$ | 4.7 | $-5.2-12.1$ |  | -9.6.7 |
| Other durables 1-..... |  | -. 2 | -2.0 | 1.1 |  |
| Nondurable goods. | 2.8 | 1.9 | -1.4 | -2.1 | -1.4 |
| Food including | 9.6 | 4.0 | $\begin{array}{r} -6.5 \\ -2.7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -6.2 \\ 3.8 \end{array}$ | $-5.4$ |
| beverag | $\begin{array}{r} -11.3 \\ 4.4 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -4.8 \\ -14.7 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |
| Paper |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} -2.7 \\ -16.1 \end{array}$ |  | 5.9 -25.5 |
| Chemical | $\begin{array}{r} 4.4 \\ 11.0 \end{array}$ |  | -16.1 | $-.5$ | . 3 |
| Petroleum | $-13 . \frac{2}{7}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5.9 \\ -16.5 \end{array}$ | 7.0-19.4 | $\begin{array}{r} 6.7 \\ -15.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6.8 \\ -12.9 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| Rubber.- |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other nondurables ${ }^{1}$ | -13.6 | 9.1 | 9.5 | 2.7 | 3.7 |
| Nonmanufacturing industries | 8.8 | 7.4 | 7.3 | 7.5 | 7.3 |
| Mining | 1.4 | . 5 | 5. 2 | 10.0 | 13.0 |
| Railroad | -4.6 | 2.6 | $-2.6$ | $-7.7$ | $-5.8$ |
| Air transportation. | 20.7 | -22.4 | -40.0 | $-39.2-38.4$ |  |
| Other transportation | -27.2 | 13.4 | 18.3 | 7.6 | 12.0 |
| Public utilities. | $\begin{aligned} & 13.2 \\ & 19.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 17.5 \\ & 22.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16.5 \\ & 21.0 \end{aligned}$ | 18. 1 | 15.6 |
| Electric. |  |  |  | 23.1 | $\begin{array}{r} 20.1 \\ -3.6 \end{array}$ |
| Gas and other | 19.1 -6.6 | 22.4 | -2.6 |  |  |
| Communication | 21.6 | 10.3 | 2 | 8.8 | 7.9 |
| Commercial and other .- | 3.4 | 3.8 | 6.8 | 8.1 | 9.2 |

[^2]$\square$ CHART 8

## Plant and Equipment Expenditures





- Expectations

Data: OBE-SEC
U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
percent above the second half of 1971 and 9 percent above the first half of the year. The planned increase in spending from the second half of 1971 to the first half of 1972 is attributable primarily to the nonmanufacturing industries, which expect an 8 percent increase. Air transportation companies expect an increase of 34 percent, the railroads 18 percent, and other transportation companies 8 percent. Above-average increases are also expected by communications firms ( 12 percent) and gas utilities ( 10 percent). Electric utilities and commercial firms expect 6 percent increases while mining companies project a 7 percent decline.
Manufacturers expect a $31 / 2$ percent rise in outlays from the second half of 1971 to the first half of 1972 . The gain is principally among the durable goods industries. Producers of stone, clay, and glass products expect an 18 percent increase and nonferrous metal and "other durable goods" companies project increases of 13 percent and 11 percent, respectively. Smaller increases are expected by machinery, aircraft, and motor vehicle manufacturers.

Table 2.-Expenditures for New Plant and Equipment, 1971-72
[Billions of dollars, seasonally adjusted annual rates]


1. As expected in late October and November.

Sources: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, and the Securities and Exchange Commission.

In the nondurable goods group, substantial advances are projected by manufacturers of textile products ( 12 percent) and "other nondurable goods" ( 16 percent). Smaller increases ( 4 percent to 8 percent) are scheduled by the rubber, food-beverage, and paper industries but these advances are offset by a 10 -percent reduction expected by petroleum refiners.

## 1971 annual investment programs

The 2.2 -percent rise in capital outlays now expected for the full year 1971 reflects a 7 -percent advance in the nonmanufacturing industries and a $51 / 2$-per-

Table 3.-Manufacturers' Evaluation of Their Capacity

|  | $\frac{1968}{\substack{\text { Dec. } \\ 31}}$ | 1969 |  |  |  | 1970 |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\underset{31}{\mathrm{Mar}}$ | $\mathrm{Junee}_{30}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Sept. } \\ 30 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dec. } \\ 31 \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{31}{\mathrm{Mar}}$ | $\mathrm{June}_{30}$ | Sept. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 31 \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{31}{\mathrm{Mar} .}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l} \text { June } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Sept. |
| More plant and equipment needed: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All manufacturing | 41494949545840 | 484846414949467239 | ${ }_{41}^{56}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 44 \\ & 40 \\ & 31 \\ & 47 \\ & 48 \\ & 44 \\ & 71 \\ & 42 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 46 \\ & 39 \\ & 33 \\ & 33 \\ & 43 \\ & 53 \\ & 73 \\ & 47 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 44 \\ & 37 \\ & 30 \\ & 41 \\ & 51 \\ & 46 \\ & 68 \\ & 48 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 42 \\ & 34 \\ & 30 \\ & 36 \\ & 49 \\ & 44 \\ & 68 \\ & 47 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 41 \\ & 33 \\ & 32 \\ & 35 \\ & 48 \\ & 44 \\ & 48 \\ & 61 \end{aligned}$ | 403125253550405760 | $\begin{aligned} & 33 \\ & 28 \\ & 20 \\ & 34 \\ & 34 \\ & 38 \\ & 33 \\ & 38 \end{aligned}$ |  | 2519243636364638 |
| Durable goods ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Primary metals. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nondurable goods ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Food including beverage. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Petroleum-.-.--...-...-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| About adequate: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All manufacturing | $\begin{aligned} & 48 \\ & 48 \\ & 45 \\ & 48 \\ & 48 \\ & 41 \\ & 40 \\ & 59 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 47 \\ & 47 \\ & 44 \\ & 48 \\ & 48 \\ & 49 \\ & 25 \\ & 60 \end{aligned}$ | 5253564841534358 | 51535450595327575 | $\begin{aligned} & 49 \\ & 53 \\ & 52 \\ & 52 \\ & 54 \\ & 49 \\ & 26 \\ & 53 \end{aligned}$ | 50 | 52 | 51 | 53 | 60 | 61 | 58 |
| Durable goods ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ - |  |  |  |  |  | 53 <br> 54 <br> 5 | $\begin{aligned} & 56 \\ & 54 \\ & 54 \end{aligned}$ | 555151 | 617374 | 63777 | 63 <br> 70 <br> 63 | 606063 |
| Primary metals.-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nondurabie goods ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 475151 | 485358 | 484151 | 4552 | 575252 | 59 <br> 53 | 575645 |
| ${ }_{\text {Fod }}$ Fodincluding beverage |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Petroleum.......... |  |  |  |  |  | 31 52 | ${ }_{53}^{31}$ | ${ }_{39}^{51}$ | 40 | ${ }_{62}^{63}$ | ${ }_{62}$ | ${ }_{62}$ |
| Existing plant and equipment exceeds needs: <br> All manufacturing $\qquad$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 6 | 6 | 8 | 7 | 7 | 9 | 11 |
| Durable goods? ${ }^{\text {- }}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}7 \\ \hline \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 7153 |  | 1016 |  | 12 | -8 | ${ }_{3}^{9}$ | 11 | 15 <br> 21 <br> 13 <br> 7 <br> 9 <br> 9 |
| Primary metals-- | 71433322 | 15 3 3 |  |  | - 15 |  | 16 <br> 8 <br> 8 | 117 |  |  |  |  |
| Nondurable goods ${ }^{\text {a }}$... |  | 3 | 3 | ${ }_{3}^{3}$ | 3 | 2 | ${ }_{3}^{3}$ | 4 | 5 | ${ }^{5}$ | ${ }^{6}$ |  |
| Chemical |  | ${ }_{3}^{5}$ | $\stackrel{4}{1}$ | $\stackrel{3}{2}$ | $\stackrel{1}{1}$ | ${ }_{1}^{1}$ | ${ }_{1}^{3}$ | 1 | 8 | 10 | ${ }_{3}^{12}$ |  |
| Petroleum.-............ | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1. According to respondent companies' characterizations of their plant and equipment facilities, taking into account their current and prospective sales for the next 12 months. <br> 2. Includes industries not shown separately. <br> mery, transportaion equipment, and fabricated metals industries. <br> Sources: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, and the Securities and Exchange Commission. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

cent decline in manufacturing. Among nonmanufacturing industries, electric utilities project a 20 -percent rise, mining companies a 13 -percent rise, and transportation firms (other than rail and air) a 12 -percent rise. Commercial firms expect an increase of 9 percent, and communications firms, 8 percent. As a result of cutbacks and postponements in jet aircraft programs, airlines expect a drop of 38 percent but, as indicated above, they project a very


sharp increase in expenditures in the first half of 1972. Declines this year are expected by the railroads ( 6 percent) and the gas utilities (4 percent)

Durable goods producers expect a $91 / 2$ percent reduction in outlays from 1970 to 1971, with especially large declines projected by manufacturers of aircraft ( 30 percent), iron and steel ( 18 percent), and nonelectrical machinery ( 17 percent). Nondurable goods firms expect a $1 \frac{1}{2}$-percent decrease. Steep cuts are expected by makers of paper products ( 26 percent) and rubber products ( 13 percent), but increases are expected by producers of petroleum (7 percent), textiles ( 6 percent), and "other nondurable goods" (4 percent).

## Manufacturers' capacity evaluation

Manufacturers' evaluations of their capacity, taking into account prospective sales over the next 12 months,
reveal little change between June 30 and September 30 in the need for more facilities. Companies owning 31 percent of total fixed assets reported that they need more facilities, as against 30 percent in June and 41 percent in September 1970 (table 3). The chemical producers are the only group showing a sizable increase in the need for additional facilities.

Companies reporting capacity in excess of needs accounted for 11 percent of total fixed assets at September 30, up 2 percentage points from June 30. The increase was centered in primary metals manufacturing. Facilities viewed as "about adequate" as of September 30 represented 58 percent of manufacturers' fixed assets.

## Starts and carryover

Investment projects started by manufacturers during the third quarter
totaled $\$ 7.6$ billion, after seasonal adjustment, almost 16 percent higher than in the second quarter (table 4). The increase was 23 percent for durables and 9 percent for nondurable goods manufacturers.

The value of new projects started by manufacturing companies exceeded their capital expenditure in the third quarter, resulting in an increase in carryoverthe amounts still to be spent on plant and equipment projects already underway. Seasonally adjusted carryover at September 30 totaled $\$ 19.6$ billion for all manufacturers, up $\$ 0.3$ billion from the end of June but down $\$ 2.5$ billion from a year ago.

New projects started by public utilities spurted to a record $\$ 6.0$ billion in the third quarter, up sharply from the $\$ 4.8$ billion started in the preceding quarter. Carryover by utilities also rose, reaching a record $\$ 28.9$ billion at the end of the third quarter.

Table 4.-Starts and Carryover of Plant and Equipment Projects, Manufacturing and Public Utilities, 1968-71 [Billions of dollars]

|  | Starts ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Carryover ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  |  | 1970 |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  | 1970 |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  |
|  | 1968 | 1969 | 1970 | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | Mar. | June | Sept. | Dec. | Mar. | June | Sept. |
| Manufacturing ${ }^{\text {3 }}$ | 29.64 | 34.07 | 29.18 | 8.64 | 6.92 | 6.54 | 7.09 | 6.91 | 6.48 | 6.79 | 23.75 | 22.51 | 21.06 | 19.49 | 19.70 | 18.64 | 18.12 |
| Durable goods ${ }^{3}$. | 14. 59 | 16.85 | 14.04 | 4. 42 | 3.37 | 3.13 | 3.12 | 3.49 | 2.80 | 3.24 | 12. 27 | 11. 56 | 10. 82 | 9.67 | 10. 05 | 9.33 | 9.17 |
| Primary metals..... | 3.21 1.81 | 2.96 2.80 | 2.55 2.18 | . 65 | . 54 | .93 .36 | . 42 | . 78 | . 56 | . 39 | 3. 67 2.36 2 | 3.43 <br> 2.21 <br> 1 | 3.54 2.02 | 3.02 1.93 | 3.14 2.04 | 2.98 1.80 | 2.72 |
| Machinery except electrical | 2.70 | 3.60 | 3. 29 | . 84 | 86 | 68 | . 91 | 57 | 64 | . 54 | 1.17 | 1.10 | . 94 | . 97 | . 89 | . 79 | . 71 |
| Transportation equipment ${ }^{4}$ | 2.90 | 2.66 | 2.04 | . 78 | 58 | .35 | . 34 | . 65 | . 32 | . 80 | 2.78 | 2.68 | 2. 43 | 2.21 | 2.39 | 2.21 | 2.47 |
| Stone, clay, and glass....... | 1.06 | 1.08 | . 82 | . 32 | 13 | 22 | . 15 | . 25 | . 17 | . 25 | . 70 | . 56 | . 55 | . 45 | . 50 | . 48 | . 51 |
| Nondurable goods ${ }^{3}$. | 15. 05 | 17. 22 | 15. 14 | 4.21 | 3.54 | 3.41 | 3.97 | 3.42 | 3.68 | 3.55 | 11. 48 | 10.95 | 10. 24 | 9.81 | 9.66 | 9.31 | 8.95 |
| Food including beverage | 2.32 | 2.97 | 2.50 | . 66 | . 65 | . 60 | . 58 | . 50 | . 70 | . 68 | 1.53 | 1.44 | 1.32 | 1.19 | 1.08 | 1.04 | 1.06 |
| Textile | . 1.49 | 1. 59 | . 49 | . 16 | . 15 | . 18 | 08 | . 18 | . 20 | . 18 | . 30 | . 31 | . 27 | . 21 | . 26 | . 31 | 33 |
| ${ }_{\text {Paper }}$ Chemical. | 1.42 2.98 | 1. <br> 3.62 <br> 69 | 1.54 <br> 3.06 <br> 1 | . 58 | .$^{33}$ | . 69 | . 70 | . 21 | . 17 | . 32 | 1. 29 3.10 4 | 1.19 2.92 | $\begin{array}{r}.95 \\ 8.74 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\stackrel{.97}{2.51}$ | .89 2.60 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { - } \\ \stackrel{.}{\text {. }} 56 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | .76 2.42 |
| Petroleum. | 5. 57 | 6.19 | 5. 64 | 1. 39 | 1. 23 | 1. 34 | 1.67 | 1. 26 | 1. 23 | 1. 26 | 4.04 | 3. 90 | 3. 80 | 3. 80 | 3.75 | 3.52 | 3. 28 |
| Public utilities. | 12.86 | 15.16 | 17.20 | 5.63 | 4.16 | 2.83 | 4.58 | 7.13 | 4.28 | 4.36 | 22.39 | 23.26 | 22.51 | 23.35 | 27.36 | 27.81 | 28.11 |
| Adjusted for seasonal variation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing ${ }^{\text {3 }}$ |  |  |  | 8.56 | 6.76 | 7.26 | 6.92 | 6.71 | 6.53 | 7.55 | 24.17 | 22.82 | 22.04 | 21.22 | 20.32 | 19.33 | 19.58 |
| Durable goods ${ }^{3}$.- |  |  |  | 4.33 | 3.39 | 3.52 | 2.91 | 3.35 | 2.91 | 3.59 | 12.90 | 12.21 | 11. 80 | 10.98 | 10.78 | 10.17 | 10.32 |
| Primary metals |  |  |  | . 61 | . 60 | 1.04 | . 39 | . 72 | . 69 | . 36 | 3. 87 | 3. 68 | 3. 92 | 3. 48 | 3. 43 | 3. 39 | 3. 11 |
| Electrical machinery--- |  |  |  | . 71 | . 42 | . 40 | . 85 | . 48 | . 30 | . 48 | 2.30 | 2.15 | 1.98 | 1. 97 | 1.97 | 1.73 | 1.67 |
| Machinery except electrical |  |  |  | . 71 | .99 .45 | . 82 | . 81 | . 56 | . 64 | . 63 | 1.60 2.81 | 1.66 2.59 | 1. 60 2.38 | 1. ${ }^{1.63}$ | 1.47 2.35 | 1.39 2.13 | 1.37 2.49 |
| Stone, clay, and glass.... |  |  |  | . 32 | . 12 | . 22 | . 16 | . 23 | . 18 | . 23 | . 76 | . 62 | . 60 | . 53 | . 54 | . 54 | . 55 |
| Nondurable goods ${ }^{3}$. |  |  |  | 4.23 | 3.37 | 3.74 | 4.01 | 3.36 | 3.62 | 3.96 | 11.27 | 10.61 | 10. 25 | 10. 25 | 9.55 | 9.15 | 9. 26 |
| Food including beverage. |  |  |  | . 71 | . 59 | . 63 | . 59 | . 54 | . 63 | . 71 | 1.61 | 1.50 | 1.44 | 1.33 | 1.18 | 1.10 | 1. 19 |
| Textile.- --.-. |  |  |  | . 21 | . 14 | . 10 | . 67 | $\cdot 16$ | . 18 | . 17 | - 33 | . 33 | . 29 | . 23 | . 29 | . 37 | . 34 |
| ${ }_{\text {Praper- }}$ Chemical. |  |  |  | . 49 | .55 | . 81 | . 85 | . 78 | . 73 | .47 | 1. 13 | $\underline{2.81}$ | 2.80 | ${ }_{2}^{1.73}$ | 2.65 | $\stackrel{.77}{2.53}$ | 2.915 |
| Petroleum.-... |  |  |  | 1.42 | 1.28 | 1.51 | 1. 42 | 1. 26 | 1.36 | 1. 42 | 3. 99 | 3. 85 | 3. 93 | 3. 89 | 3.63 | 3. 48 | 3. 41 |
| Public utilities |  |  |  | 3.95 | 4.84 | 3.65 | 4.91 | 5.10 | 4.76 | 5.96 | 21.12 | 22.77 | 22.96 | 24.45 | 25.89 | ${ }^{2} 26.89$ | 28.88 |

[^3]4. Includes guided missiles and space vehicles.

Note.-Details may not add to totals because of rounding.
Sources: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, and the Securities and Exchange Commission.

## Investment determinants

The factors believed to be influential near-term investment determinants continue to be mixed. The uncertainties arising from the announcement of new economic policies by the President on

August 15 seem to have been somewhat dispelled. The major negative factor in the business investment picture continues to be the low rate of capacity utilization in manufacturing. The pace of economic activity, cash flow, and interest rates continue to show improve-
ment, and these trends should be reinforced by the liberalized depreciation procedures introduced at midyear and the reinstatement of the tax credit for expenditures on machinery and equipment.

Table 5.-Expenditures for New Plant and Equipment by U.S. Business, ${ }^{1}$ 1969-72
[Billions of dollars]

|  | Annual |  |  | Quarterly, unadjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Quarterly, seasonally adjusted annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1969 | 1970 | 19712 | 1970 |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  | $\frac{1972}{I^{2}}$ | 1970 |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  | $\frac{1972}{I^{2}}$ |
|  |  |  |  | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV ${ }^{2}$ |  | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV 2 |  |
| All industries. | 75.56 | 79.71 | 81.47 | 17.47 | 20.33 | 20.26 | 21.66 | 17.68 | 20.60 | 20.14 | 23.04 | 19.48 | 78.22 | 80.22 | 81.88 | 78.63 | 79.32 | 81.61 | 80.75 | 84.02 | 87.14 |
| Manufacturing industries. | 31.68 | 31.95 | 30.21 | 7.14 | 8.15 | 7.99 | 8.66 | 6.69 | 7.55 | 7.31 | 8.66 | 6.88 | 32.44 | 32.43 | 32.15 | 30.98 | 30.46 | 30.12 | 29.19 | 31.12 | 31.26 |
| Durable goode | 15.96 | 15.80 | 14.29 | 3.59 | 4.08 | 3.87 | 4.26 | 3.11 | 3.52 | 3.40 | 4.26 | 3.50 | 16.40 | 16.32 | 15.74 | 14.92 | 14.21 | 14.06 | 13.76 | 15.11 | 15.94 |
| Primary metals ${ }^{3}$ - | 3.23 | 3.24 | 2.87 | . 69 | . 78 | . 81 | . 95 | . 65 | . 72 | . 65 | . 85 | . 65 | 3.28 | 3. 15 | 3.21 | 3.31 | 3.08 | 2.91 | 2.56 | 2. 96 | 3.06 |
| Blast furnace, steel works. | 1.83 | 1.68 | 1.38 | . 35 | . 43 | . 42 | . 47 | . 33 | . 33 | . 32 | . 40 | . 28 | 1. 72 | 1. 73 | 1.67 | 1.60 | 1. 60 | 1.33 | 1. 26 | 1. 38 | 1. 38 |
| Nonferrous..... | 1. 10 | 1.24 | 1.15 | . 27 | . 28 | . 31 | . 38 | . 24 | . 29 | . 26 | . 35 | . 29 | 1.25 | 1.12 | 1.21 | 1. 35 | 1.08 | 1. 22 | 1.01 | 1.26 | 1. 27 |
| Electrical machinery | 2.03 | 2.27 | 2.13 | . 48 | . 56 | . 55 | . 68 | . 41 | . 53 | . 52 | . 67 | . 50 | 2.25 | 2.27 | 2.28 | 2.27 | 1. 94 | 2.13 | 2.17 | 2.24 | 2.32 |
| Machinery, except electrical | 3.44 | 3.47 | 2.87 | . 82 | . 93 | . 84 | . 88 | . 65 | . 73 | . 62 | . 86 | . 68 | 3.62 | 3.69 | 3.52 | 3.12 | 2.88 | 2.90 | 2.58 | 3.08 | 3.02 |
| Transportation equipment ${ }^{3}$ | 2.76 | 2.43 | 2.10 | . 60 | . 68 | . 60 | . 55 | . 47 | . 50 | . 54 | . 58 | . 51 | 2.74 | 2.71 | 2.29 | 2.04 | 2.16 | 1.97 | 2.06 | 2.24 | 2.31 |
| Motor vehicles...- | 1.65 | 1. 59 | 1.47 | . 38 | . 47 | . 41 | . 34 | . 33 | . 34 | . 38 | . 42 | . 36 | 1. 70 | 1.85 | 1. 54 | 1.29 | 1. 48 | 1.33 | 1.44 | 1. 65 | 1. 65 |
| Aircraft ${ }^{4}$. | . 83 | . 54 | . 38 | . 14 | . 14 | . 12 | . 13 | . 09 | . 09 | . 10 | . 10 | . 08 | . 67 | . 58 | . 48 | . 46 | . 44 | . 37 | . 39 | . 34 | . 38 |
| Stone, clay and glass. | 1.07 | . 99 | . 89 | . 24 | . 27 | . 22 | . 26 | . 20 | . 19 | . 21 | . 29 | . 29 | 1. 06 | 1.05 | . 94 | . 92 | . 87 | . 72 | . 90 | 1.07 | 1. 29 |
| Other durables ${ }^{5}$. | 3.44 | 3.41 | 3.44 | . 76 | . 87 | . 84 | . 94 | . 72 | . 86 | . 85 | 1. 00 | . 86 | 3.45 | 3.46 | 3. 50 | 3.27 | 3. 29 | 3.42 | 3. 50 | 3. 51 | 3. 94 |
| Nondurable goods. | 15.72 | 16.15 | 15.92 | 3.56 | 4.07 | 4.12 | 4.40 | 3.58 | 4.03 | 3.91 | 4.40 | 3.38 | 16.05 | 16.11 | 16.40 | 16.05 | 16.25 | 16.06 | 15.43 | 16.01 | 15.31 |
| Food including beverage | 2.59 | 2.84 | 2. 69 | . 67 | . 74 | . 72 | . 71 | . 62 | . 74 | . 66 | . 68 | . 56 | 3.00 | 2.80 | 2.80 | 2. 79 | 2. 76 | 2.84 | 2. 52 | 2. 64 | 2. 51 |
| Textile | . 63 | . 56 | . 59 | . 13 | . 15 | . 14 | . 14 | . 12 | . 16 | . 16 | . 16 | . 16 | . 58 | . 57 | . 55 | . 53 | . 55 | . 60 | . 61 | . 60 | . 70 |
| Paper- | 1. 58 | 1. 65 | 1.23 | . 37 | . 43 | . 42 | . 43 | . 29 | . 30 | . 31 | . 33 | . 27 | 1. 71 | 1.65 | 1.68 | 1. 54 | 1.34 | 1.18 | 1.20 | 1.22 | 1. 26 |
| Chemical | 3.10 | 3. 44 | 3.45 | . 76 | . 89 | . 87 | . 92 | . 78 | . 88 | . 81 | . 97 | . 82 | 3.32 | 3.44 | 3. 67 | 3.32 | 3. 43 | 3. 40 | 3. 39 | 3. 56 | 3. 60 |
| Petroleum | 5.63 | 5. 62 | 6. 00 | 1. 14 | 1.38 | 1. 44 | 1. 66 | 1.31 | 1. 46 | 1. 51 | 1.72 | 1.08 | 5.15 | 5.68 | 5. 70 | 5.86 | 6.06 | 6. 07 | 5.92 | 5. 96 | 5. 00 |
| Rubber | 1. 09 | . 94 | . 82 | . 24 | . 25 | . 23 | . 22 | . 19 | . 19 | . 20 | . 23 | . 19 | 1.10 | . 98 | . 90 | . 80 | . 86 | . 78 | . 80 | . 84 | . 86 |
| Other nondurables ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1. 10 | 1. 11 | 1.15 | . 25 | . 25 | . 29 | . 31 | . 26 | . 30 | . 26 | . 32 | . 29 | 1. 18 | 1. 00 | 1.10 | 1.15 | 1. 26 | 1.19 | . 99 | 1.19 | 1. 39 |
| Nonmanufacturing industries. | 43.88 | 47.76 | 51.26 | 10.32 | 12.18 | 12.27 | 12.99 | 10.99 | 13.06 | 12.83 | 14.38 | 12.61 | 45.78 | 47.79 | 49.73 | 47.66 | 48.86 | 51.50 | 51.56 | 52.90 | 55.88 |
| Mining | 1.86 | 1.89 | 2.13 | . 45 | . 47 | . 46 | . 50 | . 49 | . 54 | . 55 | . 56 | . 50 | 1. 92 | 1.84 | 1.86 | 1.94 | 2.04 | 2.08 | 2.23 | 2.18 | 2.09 |
| Railroad | 1. 86 | 1. 78 | 1.67 | . 42 | . 47 | . 46 | . 43 | . 34 | . 47 | . 42 | . 45 | . 50 | 1.74 | 1.88 | 1.96 | 1.56 | 1.46 | 1.88 | 1.72 | 1.64 | 2.12 |
| Air transportation. | 2.51 | 3.03 | 1.87 | . 73 | . 80 | . 74 | . 76 | . 34 | . 60 | . 39 | . 54 | . 57 | 2.94 | 2.88 | 3.24 | 3.08 | 1.29 | 2.28 | 1.68 | 2. 20 | 2.18 |
| Other transportation. | 1. 68 | 1.23 | 1.37 | . 28 | . 31 | . 30 | . 33 | . 28 | . 36 | . 37 | . 36 | . 33 | 1. 37 | 1.12 | 1.22 | 1.22 | 1.33 | 1.40 | 1. 48 | 1. 30 | 1. 60 |
| Public utilities. | 11. 61 | 13. 14 | 15. 20 | 2.54 | 3.28 | 3. 58 | 3. 74 | 3. 11 | 3.83 | 4.07 | 4.19 | 3.48 | 12.14 | 12.72 | 13.84 | 13.68 | 14.64 | 14.91 | 15. 87 | 15. 37 | 16.32 |
| Electric.-... | 8.94 | 10.65 | 12.80 | 2.15 | 2.59 | 2. 79 | 3.12 | 2. 70 | 3.20 | 3. 35 | 3. 54 | 3.05 | 9.77 | 10. 15 | 11.34 | 11. 20 | 12.16 | 12.61 | 13. 56 | 12.78 | 13. 71 |
| Gas and other. | 2.67 | 2.49 | 2.40 | . 39 | . 69 | . 78 | . 63 | . 41 | . 63 | . 71 | . 65 | . 43 | 2.37 | 2.57 | 2.50 | 2.48 | 2.48 | 2.30 | 2.30 | 2.58 | 2. 61 |
| Communication. | 8.30 | 10.10 | 10.89 | 2. 14 | 2.59 | 2.56 | 2.81 | 2.50 | 2.81 | 2.62 |  |  | 9.14 | 10.38 | 10.62 | 10.20 | 10. 70 | 11. 21 | 10.73 |  |  |
| Commercial and other ${ }^{7}$. | 16. 05 | 16.59 | 18.11 | 3. 76 | 4.26 | 4.16 | 4.42 | 3.94 | 4. 44 | 4.42 | 8.2 | 7.24 | 16.52 | 16.98 | 17.00 | 15. 97 | 17.39 | 17.72 | 17.85 | 30.20 | 31.57 |

1. Excludes agricultural business; real estate operators; medical, legal, educational, and cultural service; and nonprofit organizations.
2. Estimates are based on expected capital expenditures reported by business in late October and November 1971. The estimates for the fourth quarter of 1971 and first quarter of 1972 have been corrected for systematic biases. The adjustment procedures are described in the February 1970 issue of the SURVEY OF CURRENT B USINESS. Before Such adjustments, 1971 expenditures were expected to be $\$ 80.57$ billion for all industries, $\$ 30.05$ billion for manufacturing, and 3. Includes data not shown separatel
3. Includes guided missiles and space vehicles.
4. Includes fabricated metal, lumber, furniture, instrument, ordnance and miscellaneous except guided missiles and space vehicles.
5. Includes apparel, tobacco, leather, and printing-publishing.
6. Includes trade, service, construction, finance, and insurance.

Note.-Details may not add to totals because of rounding.
Sources: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, and the Securities and Exchange Commission.

# The Impact of the 1969-70 Monetary Stringency 

## on Business Investment

This article presents the findings of a special survey conducted by OBE jointly with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The survey, which covered most companies cooperating in the regular $\mathrm{OBE}-$ SEC plant and equipment expenditure surveys, focused primarily on the nature, timing, and magnitude of the impact on business investment of the severe monetary restraint in 1969-70. The survey also collected qualitative information on the major factors causing appreciable differences between actual plant and equipment expenditures in 1970 and the levels expected early that year. Comparisons of the survey's findings with those of a similar survey conducted in 1967 are also presented.

DURING the past 5 years the American economy experienced two periods of extremely stringent credit conditions, first in 1966 and again in 1969-70, as monetary policy was called on as a major anti-inflationary tool. In the spring of 1967, the Office of Business Economics jointly with the Securities and Exchange Commission conducted a survey on the impact of the 1966 monetary stringency on business investment in both 1966 and 1967. The results of that survey were published in the August 1967 Survey of Current Business. ${ }^{1}$

Because of the widespread interest in and diversity of opinion over the influence of financial conditions on business investment, OBE and SEC conducted another survey during April 1971. This article presents the results of the 1971 survey, with a comparison of the results with those of the survey taken in 1967.

[^4]The findings of the latest survey generally confirmed the findings of the 1967 survey-that the direct impact of monetary policy on business investment was relatively light and that it lagged in time. The overall reduction of business investment outlays in 1970 and of investment programs for 1971 stemming directly from 1969-70 financial market conditions was estimated at the following amounts:


Although financial market conditions in 1969-70 were among the most stringent on record, according to the survey, they directly resulted in an estimated overall reduction of only about $\$ 1$ billion, or about 1 percent, in total 1970 nonfarm nonresidential fixed investment. A reduction of about $\$ 900$ million in 1970 nonfarm inventory expenditures was also directly attributable to 1969-70 financial developments; to put this in perspective, it should be noted that the actual addition to inventory in 1970 was $\$ 2.5$

[^5]billion and the yearend book value was $\$ 196.1$ billion.

The estimated impact of 1969-70 monetary developments on 1971 business investment plans was greater than that indicated for 1970, reflecting the lagged effect of monetary stringency on business investment. Businessmen indicated that their 1971 plant and equipment spending plans were reduced by $\$ 1.4$ billion, or about 1.4 percent, because of the direct impact of 1969-70 financial developments.

These estimated percentage reductions in nonfarm nonresidential fixed investment outlays, 1 percent for 1970 and 1.4 percent for 1971, were only moderately greater than those calculated from the 1967 survey. The results of that survey indicated nonresidential fixed investment cutbacks approximating two-thirds of 1 percent for 1966 and about $1 \frac{1}{4}$ percent for 1967 as a consequence of the 1966 credit squeeze.

An alternative quantitative measure of the impact of monetary stringency on business investment is that provided by the responses to questions 10,11 , and 12 of the questionnaire. On the basis of these replies, it is estimated that business spending for new plant and equipment in 1970 would have been greater by about $\$ 1.4$ billion and inventory outlays greater by some $\$ 800$ million had significantly easier credit conditions (specifically, the average conditions during the 1961-65 period) prevailed during 1969 and 1970. Although posing a purely hypothetical case, this series of questions was addressed directly to the impact of monetary stringency on business investment. Considering the extreme disparity between monetary conditions in 196970 and those in 1961-65, the $\$ 2.2$ billion
overall impact of monetary tightness in terms of potential 1970 outlays for capital equipment and for inventories, as estimated from this series of questions, appears remarkably low, and tends to corroborate the findings resulting from the earlier series of questions.

The inquiry into factors affecting the realization of 1970 investment plans found that departures from expectations with respect to financial market conditions were less important in reducing investment than were disappointments in sales or net earnings and unexpected delays in construction and equipment deliveries. In decreasing order of frequency, the principal factors cited as tending to reduce spending for new plant,
and equipment in 1970 relative to plans made earlier that year were: Lower-than-expected sales; lower-than-expected net earnings; unexpected delays in equipment deliveries and/or construction progress; higher-than-expected working capital requirements; and tighter-than-expected financial market conditions.

The most frequently cited factors tending to raise 1970 outlays for new plant and equipment above expectations were, in decreasing order of frequency: Higher-than-expected sales; earlier-than-expected equipment deliveries and/or construction progress; higher-than-expected costs for plant and equipment; and unexpected outlays for pollution control.

## Financial conditions in 1969-70 and in 1966

The monetary authorities pursued a vigorous program of credit restraint throughout 1969, cautiously loosened restraint during the first half of 1970 , and became more aggressive in carrying out a moderately expansionary policy in the second half of 1970 . Following more than a year of intensifying credit shortages and steadily rising interest rates, pressures in the credit markets eased during the early months of 1970 , particularly in the short-term money markets. This easing trend was interrupted in the spring, when financial market sentiment was adversely affected by concern over a possible liquidity crisis, but resumed again in

Table 1.-Factors Responsible for Deviations Between Expected and Actual Plant and Equipment Expenditures in $1970{ }^{1}$


1. Based on factors cited by firms answering "yes" to "In aggregate dollar amount" and/or to "In composition or form"' of question 1: "Were your actual 1970 expenditures for plant and equipment changed appreciably, either in terms of aggregate dollar amount or in composition or form, from those expected early that year?"
2. Increasing (decreasing) outlays refer to 1970 expenditures higher (lower) than expected by the firm early in 1970 .
3. Not all firms specified the principal factor. Where only one major factor was indicated, this was taken to be the principal factor.
4. A number of firms specified several major factors.
5. The total may be smaller than the sum of the components since some firms mentioned both debt and equity financing.
6. Specified under "other factors" in the questionnaire.
7. Percentage components may not add to 100 percent because of rounding.

Sources: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, and the Securities and Exchange Commission.
the summer and gathered momentum in the fall.

The decline in short-term interest rates accelerated as the summer of 1970 wore on and in late September the prime rate, which had been cut from $81 / 2$ to 8 percent in March, was lowered to $7 \frac{1}{2}$ percent. In November, it was reduced in two steps to 7 percent, and in the latter part of December to $6^{3 / 4}$ percent. Long-term credit markets also eased materially in the second half of 1970, although the decline in long-term rates lagged that in short-term markets.

The rise of short-term and long-term interest rates to record levels and their decline during the 1969-70 period is shown below for selected rates and bond yields.

| [Percent] |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ${ }_{1969}{ }_{19 n}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan. } \\ 1970 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apriil } \\ & 1970 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & \text { 1970 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & \mathbf{1 9 7 0} \end{aligned}$ |
| 3-month Treasury bills.... | 6.18 | 7.91 | 6.48 | 6.74 | 4. 86 |
| Prime commercial paper ( 4 to 6 months) ......... | 6. 53 | 8.78 | 8.06 | 8.21 | 5.73 |
| Corporate bonds Aaa | 6. 59 | 7.91 | 7.83 | 8.48 | 7.64 |
| U.S. Government longterm | 5. 74 | 6.86 | 6.53 | 6.99 | 5.97 |

Because comparisons are made between the latest survey and that conducted in 1967, a comment on financial developments during the year 1966 is appropriate.

Toward the end of 1965, the monetary authorities initiated a series of restrictive monetary measures to offset the inflationary effect of a surging demand for goods and services from virtually all sectors of the economy. While fiscal policy and "moral suasion" were also used to combat inflationary tendencies, there was an unusually heavy reliance on monetary measures. The latter were intensified from the spring of 1966 until the fall, when the authorities moderated their restrictive policy because of the

| [Percent] |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sept. } \\ 19666 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ |
| 3-month Treasury bills. | 3.83 | 4. 60 | 5. 36 | 5. 01 |
| Prime commercial paper (4 to 6 months) | 4. 25 | 4.82 | 5. 89 | 6.00 |
| Corporate bonds Aaa. | 4.43 | 4.74 | 5.49 | 5. 39 |
| U.S. Government long-term.... | 4.14 | 4.43 | 4.79 | 4.65 |

waning of inflationary pressures. Most market rates and yields peaked in the late summer, but some--such as those on commercial paper-did not ease until close to yearend.

## Scope of the survey

The latest survey questionnaire was addressed, as was the 1967 questionnaire, to the companies that cooperate in the OBE-SEC quarterly surveys of plant and equipment expenditures, except for certain transportation companies. ${ }^{2}$ Eight thousand three hundred and thirty-seven questionnaires were mailed and 3,900 replies were received, a 47-percent response rate. The responding firms accounted for $\$ 52.9$ billion, or about two-thirds, of the $\$ 79.7$ billion of plant and equipment expenditures made by all U.S. firms in 1970 as estimated by the OBE-SEC survey. The responses of 3,790 firms are included in the tabulations given here. Returns received too late for inclusion in the tabulations, plus blank returns, account for the difference between the total number of responses $(3,900)$ and the number analyzed in this article $(3,790) .{ }^{3}$

The questionnaire focused primarily on the impact of 1969-70 financial market developments on business spending for new plant and equipment and for inventories in 1970 and in 1971. As in the 1967 survey, however, the first section of the questionnaire sought information on all factors-nonfinancial as well as financial-that exercised an appreciable influence in making actual capital spending in 1970 differ from expectations early that year. This part of the questionnaire was intended to provide some perspective on the relative importance of all factors influencing investment changes. The remainder of the questionnaire dealt exclusively with the influence of financial market conditions on business investment. The questionnaire is reproduced at the end of this article.

[^6]
## Factors Affecting the Realization of 1970 Fixed Investment Programs

Section I of the questionnaire inquired into the causes of appreciable departures of 1970 plant and equipment expenditures from expectations. Of the 3,790 firms with usable returns, 1,047 indicated that their actual outlays for plant and equipment in 1970 deviated appreciably from the amounts expected early in that year. Such respondents were asked to identify the single most important ("principal") factor responsible for upward and/or downward deviations from expected spending, and also to indicate all other "major" factors causing deviations (question 2).

About three-fifths of the firms indicating appreciable deviations reported actual 1970 capital outlays below early1970 expectations. This preponderance of reductions was true for all asset-size classes except the group under $\$ 1$ million, where upward revisions proved more common. It is relevant to note that every OBE-SEC capital spending survey in the postwar period has found a strong pattern of understatement in small firms' expectations.
Of the factors reported as tending to make actual 1970 spending exceed expectations, sales developments was the one most frequently cited, accounting for 15.3 percent of all "principal" factors cited and for 13.7 percent of all other "major" factors (table 1). The influence of sales developments was especially marked for the two smallest asset-size classes, where it accounted for 25 percent of all principal factors mentioned (table 2). Other factors cited prominently as tending to make spending exceed expectations included: Earlier-than-expected equipment deliveries and/or construction progress (10.7 percent of the principal factors cited and 11.3 percent of all other major factors); mergers and acquisitions (11.3 percent and 4.3 percent); higher-thanexpected prices paid for plant and equipment ( 9.2 percent and 11.9 percent); unexpected outlays for pollution control ( 8.0 percent and 8.3 percent); increased current expenses ( 6.1 percent and 10.8 percent); and technological
developments (7.0 percent and 7.7 percent).

Of the factors reported as tending to make 1970 spending fall short of expectations, the most common were lower-than-expected sales and net earnings. Together, these two factors constituted 46.6 percent of all principal factors cited and 43.4 percent of all other major factors (table 1). Unexpected delays in equipment deliveries and/or construction progress were next in importance, making up 19.2 percent of all principal factors and 5.6 percent of all other major factors. Higher-thanexpected working capital requirements, chiefly with respect to cash balances, constituted 9.6 percent of the principal and 16.5 percent of the other factors cited (possibly reflecting outlay curtailments in order to conserve cash
balances). Unexpected financial market developments constituted 7.4 percent of the principal factors and 11.6 percent of all other major factors. Affected firms cited changes in the availability and cost of debt financing much more frequently than equity market difficulties.

## Comparison with 1967 survey

The close similarity between section I of the 1967 questionnaire and section I of the 1971 questionnaire makes possible a direct comparison of the results of the two surveys. ${ }^{4}$ Chart 10 shows the relative importance of the various

[^7]principal factors tending to increase and to decrease capital outlays in 1966 and in 1970. In interpreting differences between the 2 years, it should be noted that 1970 was characterized by relatively slack rates of economic activity and capacity utilization, an easy capital goods supply situation, and disappointing sales and profits; in contrast, generally strong business conditions prevailed during 1966, with a much tighter supply situation. Upward revisions in capital outlays were more frequent than downward revisions in 1966, while the reverse was true in 1970.

Given the dissimilar economic conditions, it is not surprising that the most striking difference between 1966 and 1970 was in the influence of unexpected developments in sales and net

Table 2.-Principal Factors Responsible for Deviations Between Expected and

| Line | Number of firms citing as principal factor the difference between actual 1970 conditions and expectations with respect to- | Nonfinancial firms only |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Under \$1,000,000 assets |  |  |  | \$1,000,000 to \$9,999,999 assets |  |  |  |
|  |  | Increasing outlays ${ }^{3}$ | Decreasing outlays ${ }^{3}$ | Increasing outlays ${ }^{3}$ | Decreasing outlays ${ }^{3}$ | Increasing outlays ${ }^{3}$ | Decreasing outlays ${ }^{3}$ | Increasing outlays ${ }^{3}$ | Decreasing outlays ${ }^{3}$ |
|  |  | Number ${ }^{4}$ |  | Percent |  | Number ${ }^{4}$ |  | Percent |  |
| 1 | Sales <br> Firms with sales above expectations Firms with sales below expectations Firms not specifying direction. | 8 6 2 0 | 5  <br> 0  <br> 4  <br> 1  <br>   | 25.0 | 31.2 | 24 19 5 0 | $\begin{array}{r} 39 \\ 1 \\ 38 \\ 0 \end{array}$ | 25.5 | 39.8 |
| 2 | Current expenses.....- | 2 | 0 | 6.2 | . 0 | 10 | 3 | 10.6 | 3.1 |
| 3 | Net earnings. . | 1 | 4 | 3.1 | 25.0 | 3 | 17 | 3.2 | 17.3 |
|  | Firms with earnings above expectations..-........................ <br> Firms with earnings below expectations <br> Firms not specifying direction. | 1 0 0 0 | 0 4 0 0 |  |  | 3 0 0 0 | 0 17 0 |  |  |
| 4 |  | 1 | 1 | 3.1 | 6.2 | 2 | 12 | 2.1 | 12.2 |
|  | Cash balances <br> Other. | 0 | 1 |  |  | ${ }_{0}^{2}$ | 12 |  |  |
| 5 | Timing of equipment deliveries and/or construction progress ...- | 2 | 2 | 6.2 | 12.5 | 4 | 9 | 4.3 | 9.2 |
| 6 | Plant and equipment costs (viz. prices paid). | 2 | 1 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 10 | 2 | 10.6 | 2.0 |
|  | Firms with costs above expectations. <br> Firms with costs below expectations. <br> Firms not specifying direction. | 1 0 1 | 1 0 0 | -.-----..- | --.-...... | 8 1 1 | 1 0 1 |  |  |
| 7 | Financial market conditions.. | 0 | 2 | . 0 | 12.5 | 2 | 6 | 2.1 | 6.1 |
|  | Firms mentioning availability and cost of debt financing.Firms mentioning availability and cost of equity financing- | 0 | 1 |  |  | 1 | 3 3 |  |  |
| 8 | Pollution control. | 1 | 0 | 3.1 | . 0 | 5 | 0 | 5.3 | . 0 |
| 9 | Technological developments. | 3 | 0 | 9.4 | . 0 | 5 | 0 | 5.3 | . 0 |
| 10 | Investment tax credit ${ }^{\text {T}}$ | 0 | 0 | . 0 | . 0 | 0 | 1 | . 0 | 1.0 |
| 11 | Mergers or acquisitions ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 5 | 0 | 15.6 | . 0 | 9 | 0 | 9.6 | . 0 |
| 12 | Routine underestimation or overestimation ${ }^{\text {s }}$ | 3 | 0 | 9.4 | . 0 | 8 | 2 | 8.5 | 2.0 |
| 13 | Accidental damage ${ }^{5}$.- | 2 | 0 | 6.2 | . 0 | 5 | 0 | 5.3 | . 0 |
| 14 | Overall debt position ${ }^{\text {b }}$. | 0 | 0 | . 0 | . 0 | 0 | 0 | . 0 | . 0 |
| 15 | All other factors | 2 | 1 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 7 | 7 | 7.4 | 7.1 |
|  | Totals * | 32 | 16 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 94 | 98 | 100.0 | 100.0 | actual 1970 expenditures for plant and equipment changed appreciably, either in terms of aggregate dollar amount or in composition or form, from those expected early that year?"

2. In addition to the firms shown by asset size, includes financial institutions as well as a small number of nonfinancial firms for which asset-size information was not available. 3. Increasing (decieasing) outlays refer to 1970 expenditures higher (lower) than those expected by the firm in early 1970 .
earnings. These two factors combined constituted 46.6 percent of all principal factors cited as tending to depress expenditures in 1970, up from 12.1 percent for the comparable two factors in 1966. With respect to upward revision of spending, the two factors constituted 18.1 percent of the principal factors cited for 1970, down from 30.8 percent in 1966.

The marked difference between 1966 and 1970 in the influence of surprises in sales and net earnings was evident for all asset-size groups (table 2). Among the larger firms, for example, the two factors together constituted 44.2 percent of the principal factors cited as tending to reduce spending in 1970, as against only 5.6 percent in 1966; with respect to upward revisions, the two factors accounted for only 4.2
percent of the principal factors cited for 1970, as against 29.2 percent in 1966.

Another marked shift between 1966 and 1970 in the relative importance of the principal factors was in the timing of equipment deliveries and/or of construction progress. Unexpected delay in equipment deliveries and/or in construction progress was by far the most important principal factor depressing capital outlays in 1966, accounting for 47.8 percent of all such factors cited. Reflecting easier supply conditions, this factor was much less influential in 1970, when it accounted for 19.2 percent of the principal factors operating to reduce spending.

In 1970, as in 1966, unexpected financial market developments were important factors causing deviations from expected investment programs.

Differences between actual and exp ected financial market conditions accounted for 7.4 percent of the principal factors cited as tending to reduce spending in 1970, as against 10.9 percent in 1966. With respect to upward revisions of spending, unanticipated financial market developments constituted 3.1 percent of the principal factors cited in 1970, as against 0.9 percent in 1966.

## Direct and indirect effects

Respondents to the latest survey were explicitly instructed that all questions bearing upon the impact of financial market conditions were to be answered with respect only to the direct impact of such conditions on their firms' investments, and that any indirect impact of such conditions

Actual Plant and Equipment Expenditures in $1970{ }^{1}$ by Asset Size of Firm

4. Not all firms specified the principal factor. Where only one major factor was indicated is was taken to be the principal one.
5. Specified under "other factors" in the questionnaire.
6. Percentage components may not add to 100 percent because of rounding.

Sources: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, and the Securities and Exchange Commission.
operative through purchases by their customers were to be ignored. In the 1967 survey, this instruction was not given for section $I$ of the questionnaire, but it is not believed that this has led to any important incomparability between the 1967 and 1971 survey findings. The purpose of this instruction was to eliminate such indirect effects as that which occurs when a firm's sales, and therefore its capital requirements, are reduced because of the adverse impact of financial conditions on its customers, and that which occurs when a firm reduces its investment in anticipation of such a reduction in its sales.

Notwithstanding explicit instructions in the 1971 survey to limit responses to the direct impact of monetary factors, it is possible that some replies to
questions 7 and 8 (discussed below) include the effects of nonfinancial factors as well. Those two questions asked for quantification of the reductions in 1970 investment outlays that were directly attributable to financial factors alone, and some respondents may have found it too difficult to isolate the direct impact of such factors alone. To the extent that this occurred, the reductions reported in the replies to questions 7 and 8 overstate the direct effects of monetary conditions.

## Impact of Financial Market

 Factors on 1970 and 1971 Plant and Equipment ExpendituresThe survey data show that 1969-70 developments in the money and capital

Percentage Distribution of Principal Factors Responsible for Deviations Between Expected and Actual Plant and Equipment Expenditures, All Industries, 1966 and 1970


NOTE. - 1970 data are from table 2; 1966 data from table 2 of the article cited in footnote 1.
markets had an impact on 1970-71 plant and equipment spending somewhat greater than that which resulted in 1966-67 from the restrictive monetary conditions in $1966 .{ }^{5}$ The results of the latest survey show many of the same patterns revealed in the earlier survey, such as the sharper downward revisions reported by small firms; the tendency of large firms to react more slowly than small firms to financial market developments; the greater influence of interest costs, relative to other effects of monetary restraint, as a cause of reductions in outlays; and the sizable proportion of affected firms that planned subsequently to carry out at least some of the investment eliminated in the period of great financial stringency.

Tables 3 and 4 present the basic survey data relating to the impact of 196970 financial market developments on 1970 plant and equipment outlays. Table 3 organizes the data by industry and table 4 by asset size.

## Effects on 1970 plant and equipment spending

Of the responding firms, 9.2 percent (341 out of 3,709 ) indicated that 1969 70 financial market developments caused 1970 plant and equipment expenditures to be lower than they would otherwise have been (tables 3 and 4). This compares with the 5.3 percent that indicated in 1967 that 1966 outlays were lower than they would otherwise have been as a result of 1966 financial developments. In 1966, the proportion was relatively uniform among the various asset-size groups, but in 1970 the proportion increased with asset size; from 5.7 percent of firms with under $\$ 1 \mathrm{mil}-$ lion of assets to 12.7 percent of firms with assets of $\$ 50$ million or more (chart 11 and table 4, line 9).

Question 5 inquired into "any" reduction of outlays in 1970 resulting from restrictive monetary conditions, and differed in this respect from question 2 g which inquired into "appreciable" reductions. As would be expected, more firms responded affirmatively to question 5 than checked 2 g . Of the 341 firms that indicated reductions in 1970 capital outlays due to financial market

[^8]conditions (question 5a), 164 also indicated "appreciable" reductions in their answers to question 2 g . As in the 1967 survey, a higher proportion of the larger than of the smaller firms answered both of these questions affirmatively.

Respondents were also asked to indicate the quarters of 1970 which were affected significantly by reductions in outlays associated with financial market developments. The summary in table 4 shows that the number of firms affected was larger in the second half of the year than in the first, with the third quarter figure somewhat larger than that for the fourth. This pattern prevailed for all asset-size groups. In 1966, the number of affected firms rose throughout the year. The earlier peak in 1970 (third quarter) likely reflects the fact that in 1970 credit policy eased in February whereas in 1966 the easing did not occur until the fall.

Firms indicating in question 5 a a reduction in 1970 plant and equipment expenditures because of 1969-70 financial developments were asked in question 9 to indicate the specific cause or causes of the reduction. About threefourths of these firms ( 251 firms ) cited higher interest costs (table 4). Unattractiveness of borrowing conditions other than interest rates was mentioned by one-third of the firms, and the unwillingness of financial institutions to supply funds was mentioned by onefourth of the firms. The higher cost of equity financing resulting from the decline in the stock market was mentioned by one-sixth of the firms and the unattractiveness of underwriting terms by fewer than one-tenth. (Notwithstanding explicit instructions to reply only with respect to the direct impact of financial market conditions, 9 percent of the firms cited general
economic conditions as one of the reasons for cutbacks in investment.)

About 70 percent of the firms reducing 1970 outlays because of 1969-70 financial market developments indicated that they would carry out at least some of the eliminated investment in 1971 (table 4, line 8). The proportion was somewhat greater for the two larger asset-size groups than for the two smaller groups.

Table 3 presents the survey results by broad industry groupings. The proportion indicating some reduction of 1970 plant and equipment expenditures as a result of 1969-70 financial market developments was greater in manufacturing than in any other group; this is in contrast to the results for 1966, when the public utility group had the largest proportion of affected firms.

Firms were also asked the following question (number 10): "If the cost and

Table 3.-Reductions in 1970 Plant and Equipment Expenditures Resulting From 1969-70 Financial Market Developments: Number of Firms by Major Industry

| Line |  | Manufacturing |  |  | Utilities ${ }^{1}$ | Finance | Trade | All other ${ }^{2}$ | All industries |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Durables | Nondurables | Total |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | All firms answering question on 1970 impact of financial market developments (question 5a) ${ }^{3}$ | 1,013 | 773 | 1,786 | 202 | 311 | 754 | 65. | 3,709 |
| 2 | Number indicating no reductions (question 5a) ${ }^{\mathbf{3}}$ - | 878 | 706 | 1,584 | 187 | 308 | 696 | 59; | 3,368 |
| 3 | Number indicating reductions in plant and equipment expenditures because of financial market developments (question 5a) ${ }^{3}$ | 135 | 67 | 202 | 15 | 3 | 58 | 6. | 341 |
| 4 | Number indicating both reductions in plant and equipment expenditures (question 5a) and financial market conditions as a factor accounting for an appreciable decline from planned to actual expenditures (question $\mathbf{2 g})^{3}$ | 69 | 25 | 94 | 10 | 2 | 26 | 32 | 164 |
| 5 | Number indicating significant reductions occurring in (question 6) ${ }^{\mathbf{3 4}}$ : <br> a. First quarter <br> b. Second quarter <br> c. Third quarter. <br> d. Fourth quarter | 31 72 123 107 | 18 27 54 49 | 49 99 177 156 | 3 <br> 7 <br> 13 <br> 9 | 1 1 3 3 | 15 31 39 34 | 15 32 32 52 45 | 83 170 285 247 |
| 6 | Number indicating reductions amounting to (question 7) ${ }^{3}$ : <br> a. Less than 5 percent of actual plant and equipment expenditures. <br> b. 5 percent to 9.9 percent. <br> c. 10 percent to 24.9 percent <br> d. 25 percent to 49.9 percent <br> e. 50 percent or more <br> f. Amount not specified | 7 27 51 30 17 3 | 7 13 23 12 9 3 | 14 40 74 42 26 6 | 6 6 2 1 1 0 0 | 0 1 1 1 0 0 | 7 7 20 9 14 1 | 3 7 24 9 16 4 | 30 61 121 62 56 11 |
| 7 | Number mentioning as cause of reductions (question 9)3: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | a. Rise in interest rate costs to your firm <br> b. Decline in the stock market because it affected your cost of equity fi- | 101 | 48 | 149 | 13 | 2 | 39 | 48 | 251 |
|  | nancing. | 25 43 | 13 | 38 69 | 4 | 0 | 8 | ${ }_{2}^{7}$ | 57 121 |
|  | d. Unattractiveness of underwriting terms (other than offering price or yield) in raising funds from the stock or bond market | 43 11 | 26 5 | 16 | 3 | 0 | 2 3 | 2 | 24 |
|  | e. Unwillingness of financial institutions to supply funds to your firm in desired amounts | 39 | 13 | 52 | 1 | 1 | 13 | 17 | 84 |
|  | f. Unwillingness of underwriters/brokers to handle your issues in desired amount in raising funds from the stock or bond market <br> g. Difficulties (other than interest cost) in issuing commercial paper. <br> h. Other financial market conditions. | $\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ 7 \\ 15 \end{array}$ | 1 5 11 | 7 12 26 | 1 1 1 | 0 1 0 | 2 0 10 | 3 1 11 | 13 15 48 |
| 8 | Number expecting to carry out in 1971 (question 13)3: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | a. None of the eliminated 1970 plant and equipment expenditures .-.-.-. .-. | 46 | 12 | 58 | 4 | 1 | 19 | 17 | 99 |
|  | b. Some of the eliminated 1970 plant and equipment expenditures. | 76 | 42 | 118 | 7 | 1 | 26 | 28 | 180 |
|  | c. Most of the eliminated 1970 plant and equipment expenditures.------------ | 11 | 10 | 21 | 3 | 0 | 7 | 13 | 44 |
|  | d. All of the eliminated 1970 plant and equipment expenditures | 2 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 12 |
|  |  | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 6 |

availability of credit to your firm in 1969-70 had been about the same as in the 5 -year period 1961-65, would your 1970 expenditures for new plant and equipment, and for inventories, have been greater than they actually were?" The questionnaire noted that this 5year period was characterized by relatively easy credit conditions, with interest rates averaging 4.8 percent on short-term bank loans and 4.6 percent on domestic corporate bonds, as compared with 8.1 percent and 8.5 percent, respectively, in 1970. Of the firms answering this question, 430 , or 12 percent, indicated that they would have spent more for plant and equipment under the specified conditions. (As shown in table 7 , these 430 firms include

## Reductions in 1970 Plant and Equipment Expenditures Resulting From 1969-70 Financial Market Developments

-Percent of firms reporting reduction

$\bullet$ Average percent reduction by affected firms


- Aggregate reduction as a percent of expenditures of all firms in size class


NOTE.-Data are from table 4.
U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
firms which responded "no" to question 5a regarding reductions in capital spending because of 1969-70 financial conditions.) The extent of the additional plant and equipment spending which would have occurred under the more favorable financial market conditions specified in question 10 is also shown in table 7.

## Effects on 1971 plant and equipment programs

Table 5 presents data on the impact of 1969-70 financial developments on 1971 capital investment plans (question 14). Almost 88 percent of responding firms indicated no impact, 5 percent indicated that 1971 outlays would be larger than they otherwise would have been, while 8 percent said outlays would be smaller.

The pattern of the 1971 reductions by asset-size class was not appreciably different from the pattern of the 1970 reductions. As was the case for 1970 reductions, the proportion of firms expecting reductions in 1971 programs increased with asset size-from 5.9 percent for the smallest asset-size group to 10.0 percent for the largest (table 5, line 8 , and chart 12).
Of the 268 firms that expected to reduce 1971 capital outlays as a result of 1969-70 financial market developments, roughly half were companies that had also indicated some reduction in 1970 expenditures for the same reason.

## Quantification of national impact

Rough calculations can be made of the impact of 1969-70 financial market conditions on overall national outlays for plant and equipment. Estimates were derived for: (a) The reduction of 1970 spending for new plant and equipment; (b) the reduction of planned 1971 spending for new plant and equipment; and (c) the hypothetical addition to 1970 spending for new plant and equipment that would have occurred had the cost and availability of credit in 1969-70 been about the same as in the period 1961-65. (Estimates were also derived for the overall national impact on inventory in vestment. These are reviewed in a later section of this article.)

The general procedure for obtaining overall national impact estimates consisted of applying the sample ratios of reductions (or increases) in spending, by asset-size class, to universe estimates of spending by the respective size classes. For example, the national impact of 1969-70 financial market conditions on 1970 spending for new plant and equipment was derived in the following manner: (1) The frequency distributions of percentage reductions by nonfinancial firms in each of the four assetsize classes (table 4, line 6) were averaged on the basis of the arithmetic means of the percentage intervals ${ }^{6}$ (table 4, line 10a) and of their medians (table 4, line 10b); (2) these mean and median percentages were applied, in each asset-size class, to the sum of the 1970 plant and equipment expenditures of the firms reporting reductions and the resulting dollar amounts were divided by the 1970 expenditures of all sample firms in the size class to yield aggregate percentage reductions for all sample firms in the size class (table 4, lines 11a and 11b); (3) these percentages were applied to universe estimates of 1970 capital outlays by nonfinancial business by asset-size class, as calculated by the regular OBE-SEC survey; (4) estimates for financial firms were derived by a similar procedure except that no asset-size distinction was made; and (5) the resulting estimate of reduction from the sum of steps (3) and (4) was raised to the more comprehensive universe of nonfarm nonresidential fixed investment appearing in the national income and product accounts. ${ }^{7}$
The nonfarm nonresidential fixed investment total of $\$ 96.0$ billion for the year 1970 comprises the $\$ 79.7$ billion of plant and equipment outlays covered by the OBE-SEC quarterly surveys

[^9]plus outlays of nonprofit institutions, real estate companies, and firms providing professional services, capital outlays in oil and gas well drilling charged to current account, automobiles owned by salaried workers who are reimbursed by their employers for the business use
of their cars, and a number of other smaller reconciliation items.

Based on the $\$ 96$ billion national accounts total, the estimated reduction in 1970 fixed investment resulting from 1969-70 financial market conditions ranges from $\$ 785$ million if the sample
median percentage reductions are used to $\$ 1,240$ million if the sample arithmetic means are used. As the arithmetic mean calculation usually tends to overstate the true mean, while the median calculation tends to understate it, the average of the two results- $\$ 1,010$ mil-

Table 4.-Reductions in 1970 Plant and Equipment Expenditures Resulting From 1969-70 Financial Market Developments, by Asset Size


[^10]7. Computed from the frequency distrioutions in lines $6 a-6 e$, using the calculated median or each distribution
8. Computed by multiplying line 10 and line 10 b , respectively. by 1970 plant and equip ment expenditures of firms reporting reductions and dividing by expenditures of all sample firms in the size class.

9 . Not arailable.
Sources: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, and the Securities and Exchange Commission.
lion-is probably closer to the actual figure than either the mean or the median.

Using the less inclusive $\$ 79.7$ billion total plant and equipment outlay for 1970 obtained from the OBE-SEC survey universe, the estimated national impact ranges from $\$ 650$ million by the median calculation to $\$ 1,030$ million by the mean calculation.
The overall reduction in planned 1971 plant and equipment programs resulting from 1969-70 financial market
developments was estimated by a procedure similar to that described above, except for the netting of indicated increases against decreases. ${ }^{8}$ As shown in table 5, of the 474 firms indicating a change in their 1971 plant and equipment programs (relative to what they would otherwise have been) as a consequence of 1969-70 financial market
8. The survey did not provide a quantitative basis for calculating the possible increases in 1970 outlays resulting from 1969-70 financial conditions. Any such increases, which would result largely from anticipatory effects, would tend to overstate the 1970 estimated impact. See later discussion on margins of error.
developments, 268 firms said that 1971 programs would be lower while 169 firms indicated higher. The national impact based solely upon the sample firms indicating lower programs for 1971 resulted in an overall reduction ranging from $\$ 1,195$ million based on the median to $\$ 1,830$ million based on the arithmetic mean, or an average reduction of $\$ 1,515$ million. These figures, however, represent a "gross" reduction in that they do not reflect the higher 1971 programs indicated by 169 firms.

Table 5.-Changes in 1971 Plant and Equipment Expenditure Programs Resulting From 1969-70 Financial Market Developments, by Asset Size

|  | Nonfinancial firms only |  |  |  |  | All firms ${ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Under } \\ \$ 1,000,000 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,000,000 \text { to } \\ \$ 9,999,999 \end{gathered}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \$ 10,000,000 \text { to } \\ \$ 49,999,999 \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\$ 50,000,000$ and over | All sizes |  |
|  | Number of firms |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. All firms answering question on impact of 1969-70 financial market developments on 1971 investment programs (question 14) ${ }^{2}$. | 495 | 1,089 | 799 | 733 | 3,116 | 3,539 |
| 2. Number indicating no changes in 1971 investment programs (question 14) ${ }^{2}$. | 446 | 927 | 673 | 627 | 2,673 | 3,065 |
| 3. Number indicating changes in 1971 investment programs (question 14) 2.3 3 | 4912 | 162 | 126 | 106 | 443 | 474 |
| 4. Of those in line 3 above, number indicating higher 1971 plant and equipment programs (question 15a) ${ }^{2.3}$ |  | 62 | 54 | 29 | 157 | 169 |
| 5. Of those in line 3 above, number indicating lower 1971 plant and equipment programs (question 15a) ${ }^{2,3}$ | 12 29 | 83 | 64 | 73 | 249 | 268 |
| 6. Of those in line 5 above, number indicating reduction amounting to (question 16) ${ }^{2}$ : <br> a. Less than 5 percent of programed plant and equipment expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| b. 5 to 9.9 percent......-.-.................-. | 467 | ${ }_{17}^{2}$ | 4 13 | 4 25 | 14 <br> 61 | 156499 |
| e. 10 to 24.9 pereent |  | 351212 | 132413 | 25 | 9191 |  |
| d. 25 to 49.9 percent... | 4 |  |  | 1270 |  | 99 43 |
| e. 50 percent or more |  | 16 | 13 10 0 |  | 40 |  |
| 7. Of those in line 5 above, number mentioning as cause of reduction (question 17) ${ }^{2}$ : <br> a. Rise in interest costs to your firm. <br> b. Decline in the stock market because it affected your cost of equity financing. <br> c. Unattractiveness of borrowing conditions other than interest rates. <br> d. Unattractiveness of underwriting terms (other than offering price or yield) in raising funds from the stock or bond market. <br> e. Unwillingness of financial institutions to supply funds to your firm in desired amounts <br> f. Unwillingness of underwriters/brokers to handle your issues in desired amount in raising funds from the stock or bond market. <br>  <br> h. Other financial market developments... | 1718009211 | 421027 |  |  | 155 | 165 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 11 | 1623 | 3874 | 3979 |
|  |  |  | 16313 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 27916 |  | 3 <br> 9 <br> 2 <br> 5 <br> 16 | 741547 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 15 50 |
|  |  | 11329 | 1 <br> 2 <br> 22 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 11 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 76 | 83 |
|  | Percent |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8. Percentage of responding firms indicating reduction in programs.................................. | 5.9 | 7.6 | 8.0 | 10.0 | 8.0 | 7.6 |
| 9. Percentage reduction for affected firms calculated on the basis of: | 30.418.6 | 29.2 19.4 | $27.6$$19.4$ |  |  | ${ }^{(8)}$ |
| a. Mean ${ }^{\text {s }}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 22.1 \\ & 14.5 \end{aligned}$ | 26.818.0 |  |
| b. Median ${ }^{6}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10. Aggregate reduction as a percentage of outlays for all reporting firms in size class calculated on the basis of ${ }^{\text {? }}$ <br> a. Mean. <br> b. Median | 2.221.36 | $\begin{aligned} & 2.33 \\ & 1.55 \end{aligned}$ | . 72 | $\begin{aligned} & 2.03 \\ & 1.34 \end{aligned}$ | 1.911.26 | ${ }^{(8)}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11. Percentage of affected firms mentioning as cause of reduced outlays: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| a. Rise in interest costs........ | 58.6 | 50.6 | 65.6 | 74.0 | 62.2 | 61.614.629.5 |
| b. Decline in the stock market. | 58.63.427.6 | 12.032.5 | 17.225.0 | 21.931.5 | 15.329.7 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| d. Unattractiveness of underwriting terms (other than offering price or yield) in raising funds from the stock or bond market | 31.0 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 10.8 \\ & 19.3 \end{aligned}$ | 4.720.3 | 4.1 <br> 12.3 | 6.018.9 | 5.618.7 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| f. Unwillingness of underwriters/brokers to handle issues in desired amount in raising funds from the stock or bond market | $\begin{array}{r} 6.9 \\ 3.4 \\ 31.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1.2 \\ 3.6 \\ 34.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1.6 \\ 3.1 \\ 34.4 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2.7 \\ 6.8 \\ 21.9 \end{array}$ | 2.44.430.5 | 2.64.531.0 |
| g. Difficulties (other than interest cost) in issuing commercial paper--- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| h. Other financial market developments---......................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |

1. In addition to the firms shown by asset size, includes innancial institutions as well as a small number of nonfinancial firms for which asset-size information was not available.
2. Question numbers refer to questionnaire
3. The total number of firms shown in lines 4 and 5 is less than the number of firms shown in line 3 because lines 4 and 5 involve only plant and equipment answers whereas line $\mathbf{3}$ cover replies relating to both plant and equipment and inventory expenditures.
. Firms replying "lower" to question $15 a$ but not answering question 16 .
4. Computed from the frequency distributions in lines 6a-6e, using the midpoint of closedend intervals and a value of 75 percent for the open-end interval.
for each distribution.
5. Computed by multiplying line $9 a$ and line $9 b$, respectively, by 1970 plant and equipment expenditures of firms reporting reductions and dividing by expenditures of all sample firms in the size class. There is an implicit assumption that, for firms reporting reductions in 1971 programs, these programs on the average were similar in magnitude to the 1970 expenditures or the same firms (see text).
6. Not available.

Sources: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, and the Securities and Exchange Commission.

The average sample universe estimate of the amount of increase is $\$ 125$ million. ${ }^{9}$ Thus the "net" overall reduction in 1971 capital spending was estimated at $\$ 1,390$ million ( $\$ 1,515$ million less $\$ 125$ million).

In response to question 10 (impact of hypothetically easier monetary conditions), 430 respondents replied "yes" with respect to changes in 1970 plant and equipment outlays. Quantification of these results (by applying the sample ratios for each asset-size group to the universe estimate of $\$ 96.0$ billion for 1970 nonfarm nonresidential fixed investment) resulted in an overall 1970 differential for plant and equipment spending of $\$ 1,060$ million using medians and $\$ 1,790$ million using arithmetic means, or an average of $\$ 1,425$ million.

This figure of $\$ 1,425$ million for the overall national impact of financial factors on 1970 business outlays for new plant and equipment is larger than the $\$ 1,010$ million calculated on the basis of replies to question 5 a. The interpretation of these results is that fixed investment in 1970 would have been $\$ 1.0$ billion higher if 1970 financial market developments had been as expected by business early in 1970 and $\$ 1.4$ billion higher if significantly easier credit conditions than expected had prevailed (i.e., if credit conditions in 1970 had been about the same as the average during the 1961-65 period). However, the greater difficulty of answering a hypothetical question such as 10a should be kept in mind.

## Effects on 1970 Inventory Investment

The impact of 1969-70 financial market conditions on 1970 inventory

[^11]investment appears to have been somewhat milder than the impact on fixed investment. Table 6 presents data by asset-size class on the frequency, timing, and magnitude of reported reductions in 1970 inventory investment. ${ }^{10}$

Eight percent of the respondents (260 firms out of 3,254 ) reported reductions in 1970 inventory investment. The percentage of companies reporting reductions in inventory investment was higher for trade firms than for manufacturers or other major industry groups. The largest firms reported reductions less frequently than mediumsized companies; this was in contrast to the findings on fixed investment, where the frequency of reductions varied directly with the size of firm. The inclusion of public utility and transportation companies partly accounts for the lower percentage of affected firms in the large asset-size group; such firms constitute a sizable portion of the large companies but generally hold very little inventory.

Among the firms which reported inventory reduction, the average size of the reduction declined as size of firm increased, varying from 11 percent for the smallest asset-size group to 7 percent for the largest size class (table 6, line 7). This pattern was generally similar to that for fixed investment.

When examined by asset size, it was found that the reduction of 1970 inventory investment in each size class of nonfinancial business, expressed as a fraction of yearend stocks of all sample firms in the class, was significantly lower for the two larger asset-size classes than for the smaller classes (table 6, line 8).

Firms were also asked to indicate whether and to what extent their inventories would have been larger at

[^12]yearend 1970 if the relatively easy monetary conditions prevailing in the period 1961-65 had existed in 1969-70 (question 10 b and 12). Seven percent of the firms responding ( 230 out of 3,232 ) indicated that their inventories at the end of 1970 would have been larger under those conditions (table 7).

## Estimated national impact

Quantification of the overall national impact of 1969-70 financial market developments on 1970 inventory investment was derived by the application of the aggregate sample inventory reductions (table 6, line 8) to the distribution by size class of the estimated $\$ 194.8$ billion of inventories held nationwide by nonfarm nonfinancial business at yearend 1970. This procedure resulted in a calculated national reduction of

CHART 12

## Reductions in 1971 Plant and Equipment Expenditure Programs Resulting From 1969-70 Financial Market Developments

- Percent of firms reporting reduction

- Average percent reduction by affected firms

- Aggregate reduction as a percent of programs of all firms in size class


NOTE.-Data are from table 5 .
U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

71-12-12
inventory expenditures in 1970 ranging from $\$ 730$ million using the median method to $\$ 995$ million using arithmetic means, or an average of $\$ 863$ million for the two methods. The survey data do not permit quantification of the impact of 1969-70 financial developments on 1971 inventory expenditures.
In response to question $10 \mathrm{~b}, 230$ firms indicated that they would have spent more for inventories than they actually did if much easier credit conditions had prevailed. Quantification of this result (by applying the sample ratios for each asset-size group to the estimated distribution by size class of the $\$ 194.8$ billion of nonfarm nonfinancial inventory held at yearend 1970) yielded changes in inventories of $\$ 650$ million using medians and $\$ 890$ million using means, or an average of $\$ 770$ million.

This finding that the impact on inventory spending measured from answers to question 10 b is smaller than the impact measured from answers to question $5 b$ is contrary to expectations and to the finding for fixed investment.

The result is primarily due to the fact that a number of firms answered questions 5 b and 10 b differently (e.g., affirmatively for 5 b and negatively for 10 b , and vice versa).

## Margins of Error

All of the estimates discussed above are subject to considerable margins of error. Even if the data reported by the sample were 100 percent accurate, the estimation procedures used to obtain the overall national impact might bias the results in either direction, due mainly to the lack of adequate size-distribution data for nonfarm nonresidential fixed investment.

The absence of quantitative data on the extent to which 1969-70 financial market developments increased 1970 expenditures above planned levels, largely through anticipatory effects, results in some overstatement of the effect of monetary stringency but this is presumed to be small. As an offset, the survey did not cover new businesses or businesses that did not get started
during 1970 because of financial conditions.

Reporting bias constitutes another possible source of error. While respondents may possibly have been inclined to exaggerate the effect of monetary tightness on their outlays (in the belief that such a demonstration might forestall further deflationary Government policies), there is no reason to believe that any such bias is significant. If such bias exists at all, it would tend to overstate the estimated reductions in business investment stemming from monetary tightness.

Nonrespondent bias may be another source of error. Other things being equal, it might be argued that firms significantly affected by monetary stringency would be the most likely to complete the questionnaire (at least when the size of firm is held constant). On the other hand, some firms may have been deterred from giving an affirmative answer to the financial market questions by the greater number and more detailed questions asked.

Table 6.-Reductions in 1970 Inventory Investment Resulting From 1969-70 Financial Market Developments, by Asset Size

|  | Nonfinancial firms only |  |  |  |  | All firms ${ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 1,000,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 1,000,000 \text { to } \\ & \$ 9,999,999 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 10,000,000 \text { to } \\ & \$ 49,999,999 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 50,000,000$ and over | All sizes |  |
| 1. All firms answering question on impact of 1969-70 financial market developments on inventory expenditures (question 5 b) ${ }^{2}$. | Number of firms |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }^{473}$ | 1065 | 815 | 752 | 3,105 | 3,254 |
| 2. Number indicating no reductions (question 5b) ${ }^{2}$ | 44033 | 969 | 741 | 700 | 2,850 | 2,994 |
| 3. Number indicating reductions (question 5b) ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ |  | 96 | 74 | 52 | 255 | 260 |
| 4. Number indicating significant reductions occurring in (question 6b) ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ : | 9$\left.\begin{array}{r}12 \\ 25 \\ 29\end{array}\right)$ | $\begin{aligned} & 19 \\ & 44 \\ & 81 \\ & 80 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7 \\ & 27 \\ & 58 \\ & 59 \end{aligned}$ | 11214340 | 46 <br> 104 <br> 200 <br> 208 <br> 208 | 47 <br> 105 <br> 205 <br> 211 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5. Number indicating reduction amounting to (question 8) 24 : <br> a. Less than 2 percent of actual 1970 yearend inventories. <br> b. 2 to 4.9 percent <br> c. 5 to 9.9 percent.... d. 10 percent or more. <br> e. Not specified ${ }^{\text {s.... }}$ | 25810108 | $\begin{aligned} & 18 \\ & 13 \\ & 28 \\ & 30 \\ & 7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r}18 \\ 17 \\ 20 \\ 14 \\ 14 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1311111396 | 51466696936326 | 52 <br> 47 <br> 70 <br> 64 <br> 64 <br> 27 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Percent |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6. Percentage of responding firms indicating reduction in investment. | 7.0 | 9.0 | 9.1 | 6.9 | 8.2 | 8.0 |
| 7. Percentage reduction for affected firms calculated on the basis of: <br> a. Mean ${ }^{6}$.- ${ }^{7}$ | 11.28.4 | 9.87.4 | 7.44.9 | 7.24.7 | 8.76.3 | (9) |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8. Aggregate reduction as a percentage of inventory holdings for all reporting firms in size class calculated on the basis of 8 : <br> a. Mean. <br> b. Median | $\begin{aligned} & .62 \\ & .47 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }^{1 .} \mathbf{.} \mathbf{7 6}$ | . 21 | . 31 | . 31 | (8) |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

1. In addition to the firms shown by asset size, includes financial institutions as well as a small number of nonfinancial firms for which asset-size information was not available.
2. Question numbers refer to questionnaire.
3. Some firms indicated more than one quarter.
4. See footnote 8 in text,
5. Firms replying "yes" to question 5 b but not answering question 8 .
end intervals and a the frequency distributions in lines $5 a-5 d$, using the midpoint of closed-
end intervals and a value of 20 percent for the openend interval.
6. Computed from the frequency distributions in lines $5 a-5 d$, using the calculated median for each distribution.
7. Computed by multiplying line 7 a and line 7 b , respectively, by 1970 yearend inventories of firms reporting reductions and dividing by end-of-year inventories of all sample firms in the size class.
8. Not available.

Sources: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, and the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Some of these errors may be offsetting. In any case, even very large errors-say, 50 percent in either direc-tion-would not appreciably alter the main finding that the reduction in fixed investment as a result of 1969-70 financial developments was quite small: On
the order of 2 percent or less of total fixed investment in 1970 or $1971 .^{11}$
11. See William H. White, "Effects of Tight Money on
1966 Business Investment," Journal of Money, Credit, and
Banking, November 1970, pp. 446-460, for a critical review of the statistical approach and findings of the 1967 survey.

Other effects of monetary stringency
The relatively small impact of restrictive monetary policies on business investment contrasts sharply with the apparent effects of such policies on

## (Continued on page 40)

Table 7.-Impact of Hypothetically Easier Credit Conditions Upon 1970 Expenditures for New Plant and Equipment and for Inventories, by Asset Size


[^13]calculated median for each distribution.
6. Computed by multiplying line 7a and line 7 b by plant and equipment expenditures, and line 14 a and line 14b by inventory investment, of firms reporting increases and dividing by respective expenditures of all sample firms in the size class.
7. Firms replying "yes" to question 10b but not answering question 12.
8. Not available.

Sources: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, and the Securities and Exchange Commission.




# U.S. Balance of Payments Developments: Third Quarter 1971 


#### Abstract

Heavy dollar outflows in the third quarter, following substantial payments deficits in the first half of this year, led to the August 15 suspension of convertibility of dollars into gold for foreign official agencies and the subsequent floating of other leading currencies in exchange markets. Much of the outflow was associated with speculative foreign exchange activity and was not covered by the statistical reporting system. The official reserve transactions deficit and the net liquidity deficit both increased sharply. The current account and longterm capital deficit, although unchanged from the second quarter, exceeded that for the entire year 1970.


UJNPRECEDENTED capital outflows during the third quarter led to a sharp deterioration of the net liquidity and official reserve transactions deficits; both deficits were the largest ever recorded (chart 13 and table A). The massive dollar outflow-much of which was not covered by the statistical reporting system-was in large part associated with widespread anticipation that a number of leading currencies would appreciate against the dollar. The resultant intense pressure on the dollar in exchange markets, particularly in early August, coupled with substantial U.S. payments deficits in the first half of 1971 and the longer term deterioration in our current account, contributed to the August 15 decision of the U.S. Government to suspend convertibility of dollars into gold for foreign official reserve agencies and to impose a 10 percent surcharge on dutiable imports.

Note.-Max Lechter also made a significant contribution.

The August 15 announcement brought a major change in the international monetary system that had prevailed for over 25 years. During that era many foreign currencies had been devalued against the U.S. dollar but only a few had appreciated. U.S. official reserve assets had eroded rather steadily
while U.S. liabilities to foreign official agencies mounted. The ratio of U.S. reserves to liabilities to official accounts fell sharply, particularly in 1970, and by the third quarter of 1971 these liabilities totaled about $\$ 46$ billion, almost four times the amount of U.S. reserves (see chart 14).

CHART 1
Balances on Major U.S. International Transactions

*Excludes exports under military grants and U.S. military agency sales contracts and imports of U.S. military agencies.

# U.S. Official Reserve Assets and Liabilities to Foreign Official Agencies 



In the unusual conditions prevailing in the third quarter, international interest rate differentials had much less influence than in the past as a determinant of monetary flows. The dominant force was expectations of imminent exchange rate revisions. Eurodollars were in heavy demand for switching into other currencies that were expected to appreciate relative to dollars. As a result, the 90 -day Eurodollar rate jumped from $61 / 4$ percent at the beginning of the quarter to over 9 percent per annum in mid-August. After the suspension of convertibility and the subsequent appreciation of most other leading currencies against the dollar, Eurodollar rates declined to near 8 percent at the end of the quarter and to $61 / 2$ percent more recently.
The balance on current account and long-term capital, which does not include recorded short-term flows, errors and omissions, or allocations of SDR, was in deficit by $\$ 3.1$ billion, close to the record deficit reached in the second quarter, when the exchange market disturbances began. The deficits in both quarters exceeded that for the entire year 1970. (All figures are
seasonally adjusted unless otherwise indicated.) A reduction of the merchandise trade deficit in the third quartermostly due to strike-related develop-ments-was just about offset by a decline in net investment income, so that the balance on goods and services was essentially unchanged. Net longterm capital outflows were also little changed, continuing close to their high second quarter levels.

The net liquidity balance deteriorated $\$ 3.5$ billion, to a deficit of $\$ 9.3$ billion. Recorded capital outflows, principally in the form of a buildup of nonliquid short-term bank claims on foreigners, were a contributing factor. But more important was an enormous adverse shift in errors and omissions. The unrecorded net outflows may have included U.S. residents' transfers into Eurodollars, speculative purchases of foreign currencies, or various forms of leads and lags in payments and receipts for normal commercial and financial transactions. An increase in unrecorded flows of funds is to be expected during a period of exchange market uncertainties, especially one of crisis proportions. Nonetheless, the net $\$ 8.5$ billion

Table A.-Summary of U.S. International Transactions
[Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted]

| in |  | ${ }^{1970}$ | 1970 |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Chang: } \\ \text { Cing } \\ \text { IT-III } \end{gathered}$ | January-September |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | I | II | III | iv | ${ }^{1}$ | II . | III' |  | 1970 | 1971 |  |
| ${ }_{2}^{1}$ | Services, net (3-13, 17-27) -........ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,110 \\ & \begin{array}{l} 1,42 \\ 3,592 \end{array} \\ & \hline, \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 513 \\ & 388 \\ & 881 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 754 \\ 294 \\ 1,045 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 709 \\ & \begin{array}{l} 791 \\ 995 \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 142 \\ & 582 \\ & 670 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 269 \\ 9.901 \\ 1,170 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -1,0,04 \\ 1,068 \\ 26 \\ 26 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} -537 \\ \hline \\ \hline-637 \\ -6 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 503 \\ -535 \\ -535 \\ -32 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,963 \\ & \text { 1,953 } \\ & 2,921 \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{1,308 \\ 2,488}}{1,98}$ | $\underset{\substack{-3,276 \\ 1,545}}{1,2}$ |
| 3 | Balance on goods and serrices |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | -1,731 |
|  | Remittances, pensions and other transfers (31, | $-1,410$2,182 | $\begin{array}{r} -338 \\ 543 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -362 \\ 683 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -339 \\ 636 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -351 \\ 319 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -342 \\ 828 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} -355 \\ -329 \\ -395 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} -388 \\ -394 \end{gathered}$ | ${ }_{-65}^{-33}$ | $\begin{gathered} -1,059 \\ 1,862 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -1,085 \\ 105 \end{array}$ | -26$-1,757$ |
|  | Balance on goods, services, and remittances. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6 | U.S. ${ }_{\text {(30) }}$ Goverrment grants (excluding militar) | $\begin{array}{r} -1,739 \\ 444 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -418 \\ \hline 125 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -391 \\ 292 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -444 \\ -192 \end{array}$ | $-485$ | $\begin{array}{r} -428 \\ 400 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} -483 \\ -812 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -527 \\ & -921 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} -44 \\ -109 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -1,253 \\ 609 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -1,438 \\ & -1,333 \end{aligned}$ | -185 |
|  | Ralance on curre |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | -1,942 |
| ${ }^{8}$ | U.S. Government capital flows, net, and nonliquid liabilities to other reserve agencies $(33,55)$ | $\begin{aligned} & -2,029 \\ & -1,453 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} -453 \\ -969 \\ -969 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -599 \\ & -272 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{-220}^{-312}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -673 \\ 7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -680 \\ -1,003 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -630 \\ -1,795 \end{array}$ | -1,648 | $\left.\begin{gathered} 98 \\ 147 \end{gathered} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{aligned} & -1,355 \\ & -1,461 \end{aligned}$ | $-1,842$$-4,446$ | -487$-2,985$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10 | Balance on current account and long.term capital. | -3,038 | $-1,297$ | -570 | -340 | -832 | $-1,283$ | ${ }^{-3,237}$ | -3,101 | 136 | $-2,207$ | -7,621 | -5,414 |
| 11 | Nonliquid short-term private capital flows, net (42, 45, 51) | $\begin{array}{r} -545 \\ -1,107 \\ -1,104 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} -115 \\ \hline \\ \hline 29 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} -140 \\ -375 \\ -3757 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -115 \\ & -215 \\ & -475 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} -175 \\ -276 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} -399 \\ -979 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -1,167 \\ & -179 \\ & -5.794 \end{aligned}$ | $-773$ | $\begin{aligned} & -370 \\ & -851 \\ & -870 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -1,245 \\ & -1,58 \\ & -8,51 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| ${ }_{13}^{12}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | - 180 |  |  | $-2,884$ |  |  |  |
| 14 | Net liquidity balance. | $\begin{aligned} & -3,821 \\ & -6,000 \end{aligned}$ | -1,254 | -868 | -675 | $-1,024$$-2,454$ | -2,54 | -5,782 | $\begin{aligned} & -9,293 \\ & -2,828 \end{aligned}$ | $-3,511$$-2,879$ | $-2,797$ <br> $-3,546$ | $-17,579$$-5,808$ | $-14,782$$-2,260$ |
| 15 | Liquid private capital fows, net ( $43,46,56$ ). |  | $-1,610$ | -536 | -1,400 |  | -3,029 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16 | dial reserve transactions balance | -9,821 | -2,864 | -1,404 | -2,075 | $-3,488$ | $-5,533$ | $-5,731$ | -12,121 | -6,390 | -6,343 | $-23,385$ | -17,042 |

[^14]outflow through errors and omissions in the first three quarters of 1971accounting for about half the increase in the net liquidity deficit from the same period in 1970-underscores the imperfections in the reporting system.





*Average of daily figures
**End of month
U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

The official reserve transactions balance deteriorated by almost $\$ 6.4$ billion in the third quarter, to a deficit of more than $\$ 12$ billion. In addition to the factors already cited as affecting the other balances, the official balance was affected by unfavorable movements in both liquid private claims and liabilities, particularly liabilities of U.S. banks to their foreign branches.

The official reserve transactions balance is intended to indicate exchange market pressures on the dollar, during the reporting period, resulting from international transactions of the United States, assuming relatively fixed exchange rates. If exchange rates were perfectly free to fluctuate with no central bank intervention, all exchange market pressures would be reflected in exchange rate changes. In the wake of the August 15 suspension of dollar convertibility into gold for foreign official agencies, most major industrial countries allowed their currencies to float-to varying degrees-in exchange markets. The Canadian dollar had been floating since May 1970 and the German mark and Dutch guilder since May 1971. The Japanese Government maintained the parity of the yen until August 28, when that currency also was permitted to appreciate, within limits set by the central bank. By the end of September, the German mark had appreciated about 10 percent from its parity level with the dollar, the Japanese yen about 8 percent, and the United Kingdom pound sterling about 3 percent (see chart 15). The French franc was floated for "financial" transactions only, and by end-September had appreciated about 4 percent but the "commercial" franc remained unchanged.

Exchange market pressures were only partially absorbed by exchange rate changes since in a number of instances the extent of these changes was limited by central bank intervention through purchases of dollars. The official balance since August 15 has roughly measured the impact of such intervention. A number of countries also imposed exchange restrictions to discourage inflows of funds and thus limit the appreciations of their currencies or additions to their official reserves.

## Major Developments in the Third Quarter

## The balance on goods and services and on current account

The balance on goods and services, which has shown persistent weakness in recent years, is estimated to have been very slightly in deficit in the third quarter, following a very small surplus in the second. (The second quarter figure has been revised from the small deficit previously reported.) The second and third quarter figures were the worst since 1959. The major factors affecting the third quarter balance were a temporary narrowing of the merchandise trade deficit, associated with a September surge of exports in anticipation of dock strikes on the East and Gulf coasts on October 1, and a decline in U.S. income from direct investment from the unsually large inflow in the second quarter. These two factors about offset each other.

Exports increased $\$ 0.8$ billion in the third quarter and imports rose $\$ 0.3$ billion, so that the trade deficit shrank $\$ 0.5$ billion. After adjustment is made for the estimated effects of dock strikesincluding the west coast stoppage which ran from July 1 to early October-it appears that the trade balance did not change significantly from that in the second quarter. Sluggish business conditions abroad continued to restrain exports, and imports remained inflated relative to overall U.S. demand, reflecting anticipation of restrictions and of exchange rate changes. The 10 percent surcharge imposed on dutiable goods leaving foreign ports after August 15 did not visibly reduce imports in the third quarter. (See Highlights and Perspectives: Merchandise trade.)

The improvement in trade was offset by a $\$ 0.5$ billion decline in net income on investment. Income receipts related to U.S. direct investment abroad receded to more normal levels after a $\$ 0.4$ billion bulge in the second quarter, when a few companies paid very large dividends; and income payments on foreigners' investments in the United States rose moderately, largely because of the increase in U.S. liquid liabilities to foreigners. Transfers under military agency sales contracts declined from the
high first and second quarter figures, partly because of reductions in shipments to Israel and Iran. Transportation, travel, and other items included in the balance on goods and services were little changed. These various developments, together with small increases in net remittances and pension payments and in U.S. Government nonmilitary grants, left the balance on current account virtually unchanged.

## Balance on current account and long-term capital

U.S. Government capital flows and changes in U.S. Government nonliquid liabilities to other than foreign official
agencies showed a combined favorable shift of $\$ 100$ million in the third quarter. A decline in transfers under most Government lending programs was partly offset by an adverse shift in nonliquid liabilities. The latter reflected the fact that there had been inflows in the second quarter under the agreement to offset military expenditures in Germany but there were none in the third.
Recorded net long-term private capital outflows declined $\$ 150$ million from the peak of $\$ 1.8$ billion reached in the second quarter, but remained substantial. Transactions in U.S. and foreign securities moved favorably, partly offset by an adverse shift in
foreign direct investment in the United States.

The $\$ 2.2$ billion net outflow of Government and long-term private capital plus the $\$ 0.9$ billion deficit on current account equals the $\$ 3.1$ billion deficit on current account and long-term capital, virtually unchanged from the $\$ 3.2$ billion deficit in the second quarter.

Data now available on U.S. direct investment show that the net outflow was a substantial $\$ 1.4$ billion, about the same as in the two preceding quarters. (See table C and Highlights and Perspectives: U.S. corporate capital.) Foreign direct investment in the United States shifted unfavorably by $\$ 300$ million. There was a very large

Table B1.-U.S. Merchandise Trade, by Principal End-Use Categories-Reconciled to Balance of Payments B asis
[Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted]

| Line | [Numbers in parentheses ( ) refer to line numbers in table 4] | 1970 | 1970 |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Change: } \\ 1971 \\ \text { II-III } \end{gathered}$ | January-September |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | I | II | III | IV | I | IIr | III ${ }^{\text {P }}$ |  | 1970 | 1971 ${ }^{\text {p }}$ | Change: <br> 1970-71 |
| Total, adusted to balance of payments basis, including "military" ${ }^{1}(6)$ _ <br> Less: Exports under U.S. military sales contracts indentified in Census documents (7) |  | EXPORTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 42,990 \\ 1,010 \end{array}$ | 10,438 | 10,861 | 10,911 | 10,780 | 11,328 | 11,075 | 11,769 | 694 | 32,210 | 34, 172 | 1,962 |
|  |  | 197 | 279 | 215 | 319 | 298 | 355 | 288 | -67 | 691 | 941 | 250 |
| 4 | Equals: Total, adjusted to balance of payments basis, excluding "military" (8) <br> Agricultural goods |  | 41,980 7,343 | 10,241 1,743 | 10,582 1,772 | 10,696 1,886 | 10,461 1,942 | 11,030 | 10,720 1,922 | 11,481 2,109 | 761 187 | 31,519 5,401 | 33,231 6,156 | 1,712 755 |
| 5 |  | 34,637 | 8,498 | 8,810 | 8,810 | 8,519 | 8,905 | 8,798 | 9,372 | 574 | 26, 118 | 27, 075 | 957 |
| 6 | Foods, feeds, and beverages (19) | 5,839 | 1,328 | 1,420 | 1,551 | 1,534 | 1,563 | 1,495 | 1,624 | 129 | 4, 299 | 4,682 | 383 |
| 7 | Industrial supplies and materials (23) | 13, 783 | 3,463 | 3, 519 | 3,385 | 3,438 | 3,367 | 3,245 | 3,508 | 263 | 10,367 | 10,120 | $-247$ |
| 8 | Agricultural.-.................. | 1,522 | ${ }^{3} 396$ | ${ }^{\text {a }} 383$ | ${ }_{327}$ | ${ }^{3} 416$ | 548 | - 452 | , 476 | 24 | 1, 106 | 1,476 | 370 |
| 9 | No nagricultural.------------- | 12, 261 | 3,067 | 3, 136 | 3, 058 | 3, 022 | 2, 819 | 2,793 | 3,032 | 239 | 9, 261 | 8, 644 | -617 |
| 10 | Capital goods, except automotive (34)- | 14, 371 | 3,449 |  | 3,678 | 3, 689 | 3,893 | 3,716 | 3,911 | 195 | 10, 710 | 11,520 | 810 |
| 11 | Machinery, except consumer-type (35) | 11, 570 | 2, 759 | 2,793 | 3, 046 | 3,003 | 2, 909 | 2,797 | 3,062 | 265 | 8, 598 | 8,858 | 260 |
| 13 | Civilian aircraft, complete-all automotive vehicles, parts, and engines (46) |  |  |  |  | 345 756 | 507 |  |  | -115 | 1,158 | 1,417 | 259 |
| 14 | To Canada (47), | 2, 474 | 613 | -1,724 | 682 | 473 | 1, 791 | 1, 825 | 1, 889 | 64 | 2,019 | 3, 4, <br> 2,505 | 542 486 |
| 15 | To all other areas (48) | 1, 178 | 307 | 281 | 309 | 283 | 323 | 288 | 342 | 54 | -897 | ${ }^{2}, 953$ | 56 |
| 16 |  | 2, 717 | 676 | 673 | 681 | 692 | 682 | 690 | 816 | 126 | 2, 030 | 2,188 | 158 |
| 17 | All other, including balance of payments adjustments not included above- | 1,624 | 405 | 382 | 410 | 352 | 411 | 461 | 391 | -70 | 1, 197 | 1,263 | 66 |
|  |  | IMPORTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18 | Total, adjusted to balance of payments basis, including 'military" ${ }^{\text {l }}$ (13) .- | 40,049 | 9,773 | 9,881 | 10,031 | 10,364 | 10,808 | 11,796 | 12,051 | 255 | 29,685 | 34,655 | 4,970 |
| 19 | Less: Imports of U.S. military agencies identified in Census documents (14) | 179 | 45 | 50 | 39 | 45 | 47 | 36 | 33 | -3 | 134 | 116 | -18 |
| 20 | Equals: Total, adjusted to balance of payments basis, excluding "military" (15). | 39,870 | 9,728 | 9,831 | 9,992 | 10, 319 | 10,761 | 11,760 | 12, 018 | 258 | 29,551 | 34,539 | 4,988 |
| 21 | Foods, feeds, and beverages (61). | 6, 154 | 1,553 | 1, 563 | 1,487 | 1,550 <br> $\mathbf{3 , 9 8 6}$ | 1,551 | 1,687 | 1,8734,497 | $\begin{array}{r} 186 \\ 87 \end{array}$ | 4, $\begin{array}{r}4,03 \\ 11,110\end{array}$ | 5,111 12802 | 5081,692 |
| 22 | Industrial supplies and materials (66) |  | 3,681 |  |  |  |  | 1,059 |  |  |  | - 3,098 |  |
| ${ }^{23}$ | Capital goods, except automotive (80) | 3,783 | 916 | 949 | ${ }^{3}$, | $\begin{array}{r}3,986 \\ 977 \\ \hline 9\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}3,895 \\ \hline 930\end{array}$ |  | 1,049 | -10 | +2,808 |  | 29023850 |
| 24 | Machinery, exeept consumer-type (81) | 3, 592 | 874 | 897 | 901 | 922 | -58 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 985 \\ 64 \end{array}$ | -8 |  | 2,910 |  |
| 25 | Civilian aircraft, engines, parts (89) | 191 | 42 | 52 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ 1,42 \\ \hline 170\end{array}$ | 551,424 |  | ${ }_{6}^{993}$ |  |  | 136 | 1885,700 |  |
| 26 | Automotive vehicles, parts, and engines-adjusted. | 5, 610 | 1,314 | 1, 414 |  |  | 1,744 | 1,844 | 2, 112 | 268 | 4, 198 |  | 1,502 |
| $\stackrel{27}{28}$ | From Canada (adjusted to transactions value) (92) | 3,241 | 791 | - 847 |  | 6731,962 |  |  |  |  |  | 3, 173 | 678 |
| 28 | From all other areas (93).......................... | 2,369 | 523 | 567 | $\begin{array}{r}813 \\ \hline 189\end{array}$ |  | 7452,092 | $\begin{array}{r}1,827 \\ 2,253 \\ \hline 507\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 955 \\ 1,955 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 128 \\ -298 \end{array}$ | 1,7035,578$\mathbf{1}, 258$ | 2,527 |  |
| 29 | Consumer goods (nonfood), except automotive (97) | 7,553 | 1,830 | 1,851 | 1,897 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6,300 | 722275 |
| 30 | All other, including balance of payments adjustments not included above | 1,664 | 434 | 395 | 425 | ${ }^{420}$ | 489 | 507 | 532 | 25 | 1,253 | 1,528 |  |
|  |  | balance |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 31 | Balance on merchandise trade adjusted to balance of payments basis including "military" (export surplus + ) (16) | 2,941 | 665 | 980 | 880 | 416 | 520 | -721 | -282 | 439 | 2,525 | -483 | -3,008 |
| 32 | Balance on merchandise trade, adjusted to balance of payments basis excluding "military" (export surplus + ) (17). | 2,110 | 513 | 751 | 704 | 142 | 269 | -1,040 | -537 | 503 | 1,968 | -1,308 | -3,276 |

${ }^{r}$ Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary.

1. Includes goods physically exported from the United States under U.S. military agency sales contracts and recorded in Census trade statistics; includes goods physically imported into
the United States directly by U.S. military agencies (and by the A tomic Energy Commission and the Coast Guard) and recorded in Census trade statistics.
Note.-Seasonally adjusted quarterly details may not add to unadjusted annual totals.
flow of funds to Japan in prepayment for imports to the United States by Japanese trading company branches here, and smaller flows to Western Europe. One large direct investment by the United Kingdom, involving the purchase of an existing U.S. plant, served as a partial offset.
Net transactions in foreign securities showed a favorable swing of $\$ 165$ million, of which $\$ 120$ million was in transactions in foreign stocks and $\$ 45$ million in bonds (see table 6). Small net U.S. sales of foreign stocks, following substantial purchases in the preceding quarter, largely reflected the weak per-
formance of Japanese and European markets after August 15. U.S. purchases of a new World Bank issue only partly offset a drop in U.S. purchases of new Canadian and other debt issues.

Net foreign purchases of U.S. securities increased $\$ 370$ million. Purchases of stocks rose $\$ 235$ million, all in the last 2 months of the quarter. Foreign purchases of new Eurobond issues of U.S. corporations dropped $\$ 80$ million, but there was a $\$ 215$ million favorable shift in purchases of other U.S. bonds, particularly purchases of relatively high-yielding U.S. agency issues by
institutions which normally buy U.S. Treasury issues.

Other transactions in U.S. private long-term claims and liabilities resulted in a net adverse shift of $\$ 75$ million, mainly reflecting an increase in bankreported long-term lending and a drop in U.S. corporate long-term borrowing abroad (other than new Eurobond issues).

## Net liquidity balance

The net liquidity deficit increased $\$ 3.5$ billion to $\$ 9.3$ billion. This shift reflected all the developments reviewed above, which together resulted in a $\$ 0.1$

Table B2.-U.S. Merchandise Exports and Imports, by Major World Areas ${ }^{1}$ —Balance of Payments Basis, Excluding "Military"

billion improvement in the balance on current account and long-term capital, plus a $\$ 2.9$ billion adverse shift in errors and omissions and an $\$ 0.8$ billion increase in nonliquid short-term private capital outflows. The quarter's unprecedented $\$ 5.2$ billion of unrecorded outflows reflected the intense foreign exchange market speculation. The volume of unrecorded flows probably moderated after August 15 and perhaps was further reduced after Japan allowed the yen to float. The large adverse shift in nonliquid short-term private capital flows reflected a substantial rise in bank claims on Japan, mainly loans and acceptances. Outflows were exceptionally large in August, but there was a partial reversal in September.

## Official reserve transactions balance

The official reserve transactions deficit more than doubled, from $\$ 5.7$ billion in the second quarter to $\$ 12.1$ billion in the third. The official balance was adversely affected by all the previously mentioned developments and also by a $\$ 2.9$ billion increase in net outflows of liquid private capital. Liquid claims reported by U.S. banks and corporations shifted unfavorably by $\$ 0.6$ billion and liquid liabilities to foreign commercial banks-mainly those of U.S. banks to their foreign branchesshowed a heavy adverse swing of almost $\$ 2$ billion. Some $\$ 2$ billion of special Treasury securities sold earlier in the year to foreign branches, and held in custody account by their U.S. parents, matured after August 15 and were not renewed. Other bank-reported transactions in liquid liabilities showed outflows in the first 2 months of the quarter offset by substantial reflows in September.

Massive accumulations of dollars by foreign central banks mirrored the record payments deficit in the third quarter. Although gains tapered off markedly in September, there was an unprecedented jump of about $\$ 11$ billion in U.S. liabilities to foreign official reserve agencies (see chart 14). The increase in Japan's reserves accounted for over half the total, with lesser but
still substantial reserve gains registered by Switzerland, France, the United Kingdom, and Italy.
U.S. official reserve assets dropped $\$ 1,194$ million. Virtually all the loss occurred before August 15. U.S. gold sales amounted to $\$ 300$ million, and our IMF gold tranche position was reduced $\$ 851$ million, largely through a drawing in foreign currencies, much of which was sold to the United Kingdom and France to enable them to repay their IMF indebtedness. Other U.S. reserve assets dropped $\$ 43$ million.

## Highlights and Perspectives

## The balance of payments, JanuarySeptember 1971

The balance of payments figures for the first 9 months of 1971 show a sharp deterioration from the comparable period for 1970, as the long-term underlying pressures from the overvaluation of the dollar were sharply accentuated by more transitory cyclical factors and very substantial speculation, particularly in the second and third quarters. The merchandise trade balance deteriorated by $\$ 3.3$ billion, the balance on goods and services by $\$ 1.7$ billion, the current account balance by $\$ 1.9$ billion, the balance on current account and long-term capital by $\$ 5.4$ billion, the net liquidity balance by $\$ 14.8$ billion, and the official reserve transactions balance by more than $\$ 17$ billion.

The surplus on goods and services fell from $\$ 2.9$ billion in the 1970 period to only $\$ 1.2$ billion in January-September 1971. The weakness was principally in the merchandise trade balance, which shifted to a $\$ 1.3$ billion deficit from a $\$ 2.0$ billion surplus. Imports rose sharply, as the U.S. economy's recovery from the 1970 slowdown augmented the strong longer term growth trend. Anticipations of domestic strikes, of exchange rate changes, and of import restrictions also contributed to the rise. Exports increased at a much slower pace, reflecting sluggish foreign economic activity. Partly offsetting the swing in trade, net receipts on investment income improved $\$ 1$ billion, with about half the increase reflecting higher
returns on U.S. direct investment abroad, especially in petroleum. Lower interest rates paid on U.S. liabilities to foreigners also helped improve the net figure. An improvement of $\$ 0.6$ billion in the military transactions account reflected sharply expanded transfers under U.S. military agency sales contracts; most of the increase was financed by government credits.

The balance on current account moved from a surplus of $\$ 0.6$ billion to a deficit of $\$ 1.3$ billion. That shift reflected all the developments cited above plus an adverse shift of about $\$ 0.2$ billion in U.S. Government grants.

The balance on current account and long-term capital deteriorated from a deficit of $\$ 2.2$ billion in JanuarySeptember 1970 to a deficit of $\$ 7.6$ billion in 1971. In addition to the developments that affected the current account, this balance was influenced by adverse shifts of $\$ 0.5$ billion in U.S. Government capital and $\$ 3.0$ billion in private long-term capital flows. Part of the latter figure reflected planned large increases in plant and equipment expenditures abroad by U.S. corporations, but much of the deterioration, particularly the shifts in foreign direct investment in the United States and in long-term bank-reported flows, was probably associated with unsettled foreign exchange market conditions.

Flows of U.S. short-term nonliquid corporate and banking capital and unrecorded flows (errors and omissions) were also heavily influenced by the exchange market turmoil. Bank and nonbank flows deteriorated $\$ 1.6$ billion from 1970 to 1971 . More importantly, unrecorded flows shifted adversely by $\$ 7.7$ billion, to a huge $\$ 8.5$ billion outflow, vastly larger than the $\$ 1$ billion considered normal for the annual outflow through transactions outside the reporting system. These changes, together with those previously mentioned, resulted in the shift of the net liquidity deficit from $\$ 2.8$ billion in the 1970 period to $\$ 17.6$ billion this year.

The official reserve transactions deficit was $\$ 6.3$ billion for the first 9 months of 1970 and $\$ 23.4$ billion this year. The adverse shift of $\$ 17$ billion reflected, in addition to the developments affecting the net liquidity balance, a $\$ 2.3$
billion unfavorable swing in liquid claims and liabilities; a large part of that swing reflected a reduction in U.S. banks' liabilities to their foreign branches.

## Merchandise trade

The merchandise trade deficit narrowed in the third quarter to $\$ 535$ million, seasonally adjusted. This was a substantial improvement over the $\$ 1,040$ million deficit in the second quarter, but compared unfavorably with the first quarter's modest surplus of $\$ 270$ million. Third quarter exports rose $\$ 760$ million, to $\$ 11,480$ million, and imports rose $\$ 260$ million, to $\$ 12,020$ million. (All figures are on the usual balance of payments basis and exclude "military" trade.) The improvement in the third quarter balance was wholly in September, which saw a trade surplus after five consecutive monthly deficits. (In October, the balance shifted back into deficit.) Both exports and imports rose sharply in September, in anticipation of the east and gulf coast dock
strikes, but the surge in exports was considerably stronger.

Trade patterns in recent months have been distorted not only by actual or threatened work stoppages at virtually all U.S. coastal ports and in the rail, steel, and coal industries, but also by the unsettled international monetary situation. Anticipation of a realignment of exchange rates, which would make imports more costly to U.S. buyers in dollars, may have spurred import purchases. The acceleration of imports earlier in the quarter may also have reflected fears of the possible imposition of import quotas or other restrictions.

However, the west coast dock strike probably worked to moderate imports in the third quarter. The strike was in effect throughout the quarter and probably hurt imports more than exports because a much larger proportion of total water-borne imports than of exports normally moves through Pacific ports. Imposition of the 10 percent surcharge on dutiable goods shipped from foreign ports after August 15 appears to have exerted only a minor
restraint on September imports. The relatively small amount of surcharge collections in that month indicates that a considerable volume of dutiable imports recorded in September statistics was exempt from the surchargepresumably goods in transit prior to August 16.
These various distortions of third quarter trade patterns preclude any meaningful analysis on a commodity basis. Most nonagricultural exports shared in the third quarter export rise. Industrial supplies (especially chemicals), machinery, automobiles, and consumer goods all rose substantially; aircraft exports dropped. Agricultural exports recovered from the previous quarter's slump, mainly because of a sharp rise in soybean shipments.
Import gains in the third quarter were concentrated in automotive goods from both Canada and overseas, petroleum, and foodstuffs-mainly coffee and whiskey. Capital goods imports were virtually unchanged from the preceding quarter. Steel imports declined only moderately, especially as

Table C.-Net Change in U.S. Corporate Foreign Assets and Liabilities ${ }^{1}$

| Line | Credits ( + ); debits ( $(-)$ (lines in table 2 in which transactions are included are indicated in ()) | 1970 | 1970 |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Changes: } \\ \text { II-IIII } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | January-September |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | I | II | III | IV | I | $\mathrm{II}^{-}$ | III ${ }^{\text {p }}$ |  | 1970 | ${ }^{1971}{ }^{\text {p }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Change: } \\ & \text { 1970-7 } \end{aligned}$ |
| $\stackrel{1}{2}$ | Direct investment (39) of which: Shorteremm intercompany accounts with incor- | -4,445 | -1,358 | -1,257 | -897 | -934 | -1,370 | -1,393 | $-1,399$ | -6 | -3, 512 | -4,162 | -650 |
| 3 | or which: Short-term intercompany accounts with incor- | $\begin{gathered} -690 \\ . \\ \hline 949 \\ -291 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -751 \\ & \hline-195 \\ & \hline-995 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -2326 \\ & -666 \\ & -13 \end{aligned}$ | -232-113-129 | $\begin{gathered} 525 \\ \begin{array}{c} 25 \\ -54 \end{array} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -595 \\ & -188 \\ & -32 \\ & -18 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} -703 \\ -639 \\ -\quad . \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { N.A. } \\ \text { N.A. } \\ \hline 19 \end{gathered}$ | N.A. | $\underset{-974}{-1,215}$ | $\underset{-2 \pm}{\text { N.A. }} \underset{\substack{\text { N. }}}{ }$ | N.A. |
| 3 <br> 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{-237}^{-974}$ |  |  |
|  | New issues of securities sold abroad by U.S. corporations | - ${ }_{\text {1, }}^{153}$ | 163159 | ${ }_{358}^{267}$ | ${ }_{312}^{193}$ | ${ }_{324}^{199}$ | ${ }_{222}^{317}$ | 26351 | 181 | -82-81 | 623829 | 761273 | 138-556 |
| 6 | Other long-term liabilites (50). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | Sum of capital flows above current account and long-term capital balance | -2,761 | $-1,181$ | -645 | -581 | -465 | -863 | -1,088 | -1,199 | -111 | -2,297 | -3,150 | -853 |
| ${ }_{9}^{8}$ | Short-term claims, nonliquid ( $45 \dagger{ }^{\circ}{ }^{3}$ <br> Short-term liabilities ( $51 \dagger$ ) 3 ........ |  | - ${ }_{\text {-174 }}$ | $-_{185}^{66}$ | -29 | $-{ }^{-95}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r}-152 \\ \hline 6\end{array}$ | - ${ }_{159}^{227}$ | $-75$ | - $\begin{array}{r}264 \\ 581\end{array}$ | -469 -183 | $-205$ |
| 10 | Sum of capital fows above net liquidity balance | $\begin{array}{r} -8,205 \\ 361 \end{array}$ | -1,076 | - 681 | -388 | -296 | -1,301 | -1,894 | $-1,867$ | -ss | $-1,880$ | -9,802 | $-1,822$ |
| 11 | Short-term claims, liquid (46). |  | 122 | -33 | 36 | 236 | -225 | 55 | -115 | -170 | 125 | -285 | -410 |
| 12 | Sum of capital flows above the official reserve transactions balance.- | -1,844 | -954 | -654 | $-947$ | 10 | $-1,586$ | -1,179 | $-1,382$ | -20s | -1,855 | $-4,087$ | -2, 238 |
| 13 | Uses of funds obtained through new issues of securities sold abroad by U.S. corporations. | 892 | 163 | 267 | 198 | 199 | 917 | 263 | 181 | -8\% | 688 | 761 | 138 |
| 14 | Additions to and refina | $\begin{gathered} -378 \\ -84 \end{gathered}$ | -99-21 | $\begin{aligned} & -64 \\ & -14 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -68 \\ & -35 \end{aligned}$ | $-147$ | -90 | -124 | -89 | 85 | -281 | -253 | -22-150 |
| 15 | Short-term claims reported by U.S. residents other than banks |  |  |  |  |  |  | -94 | $-77$ | -4s | -70 | -280 |  |
| 16 | Reductions in corporate liabilities to foreion residents (60t, | $-960$ | - -4. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | -170 |
| 17 | Transfers of funds to U.S. residents ( 6 ¢†) |  |  | -189 | $-90$ | 38 | 100 -100 | ${ }_{-70}^{-36}$ | $-{ }_{-80}^{-96}$ | 40 | -s82 | $-178$ |  |

[^15][^16]compared with the severe downturn in domestic steel shipments. There was a sharp drop in imports of nonfood consumer goods (other than autos), which were probably most responsive to the restraining factors mentioned earlier.

For the full 9 -month period in 1971, exports advanced by $\$ 1.7$ billion, or 5 percent, over the same period in 1970 , while imports soared by $\$ 5.0$ billion, or nearly 17 percent. Almost ninetenths of the $\$ 3.3$ billion deterioration in the trade balance (see table B2) was in trade with Western Europe ( $\$ 1.7$ billion) and Japan ( $\$ 1.2$ billion). Despite the various special factors affecting trade this year, the laggard pace of U.S. exports in 1971 can be associated in large part with the slowdown in economic growth and increase in idle capacity in other major industrialized nations. At the same time, a pickup in domestic economic activity has had a stimulating effect on imports. However, imports rose more rapidly than past patterns would have indicated, resulting in a record high ratio of imports to GNP.

## U.S. corporate capital

Recorded net outflows of U.S. corporate capital-including direct investment and changes in other corporate claims and liabilities-remained high in the third quarter. The total was almost $\$ 1.4$ billion, an adverse shift of $\$ 205$ million (see table C). In view of nervous foreign exchange markets, the corporate capital accounts seem to have been comparatively stable. However, there may have been substantial outflows in the first 2 months of the quarter which were reversed in September. Transfers outside normal reporting channels may also have occurred, contributing to the large outflows in errors and omissions.

Corporate long-term capital outflows were $\$ 1.2$ billion, a negative shift of $\$ 110$ million from the second quarter.

Direct investment outflows continued at the high $\$ 1.4$ billion level of the first two quarters of 1971. These unusually large direct investment outflows were partly related to continued expansion of fixed assets abroad. Moreover, foreign affiliates of U.S. corporations may have hedged against dollar depreciation by drawing funds from U.S. parent companies to reduce foreign currency commitments. Flows associated with changes in other longterm claims showed no significant shift in the third quarter.

Long-term borrowing (including new issues of securities sold abroad by U.S. corporations) was $\$ 135$ million lower. New issues totaled $\$ 180$ million, the lowest quarterly total since the first quarter of 1970 . The small figure probably reflected the nervousness of the exchange markets. The third quarter negative shift in total long-term borrowing was more than offset by a favorable swing of $\$ 155$ million in short-term borrowing. There was a $\$ 75$ million deterioration in short-term nonliquid claims.

The largest third quarter swing in corporate capital was in short-term liquid claims, which shifted unfavorably by $\$ 170$ million, from a $\$ 55$ million decrease in the second quarter to a $\$ 115$ million increase in the third.

Direct investment capital outflows in the first 9 months of this year were almost $\$ 4.2$ billion, $\$ 650$ million higher than in the same period of 1970. Total long- and short-term corporate borrowing of $\$ 850$ million in 1971 was sharply lower than the $\$ 2$ billion figure in 1970 , an unfavorable payments shift of almost $\$ 1.2$ billion. New issues in the first three quarters of 1971 exceeded those for the same period in 1970 but other long-term borrowing declined by more than $\$ 500$ million. U.S. corporations also made net short-term repayments of $\$ 185$ million, in contrast to net short-term borrowings of $\$ 580$ mil-
lion during the same period in 1970 The overall reduction in borrowing probably reflected the improved liquidity positions of U.S. parent firms.
(Continued from page 31)
capital outlays by State and local governments and on investment in housing.

A study by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System concluded that the impact of restrictive credit conditions led to a gross reduction in planned capital outlays by State and local governments of $\$ 2.85$ billion for the fiscal year 1970. ${ }^{12}$ A combination of interest rate declines and revisions in interest rate ceilings later in fiscal 1970 evidently permitted $\$ 1.25$ billion of these capital projects to be reinstated but an estimated $\$ 1.60$ billion remained suspended at the end of the fiscal year. This amount is equal to 5.6 percent of total capital expenditures by State and local governments in the 1969 fiscal year.

Direct estimates of the impact of 1969-70 monetary stringency on residential construction are not available but the data on activity are quite suggestive of its depressing effect. Outlays for nonfarm residential construction declined sharply during the latter half of 1969 and activity continued to weaken into 1970. Outlays declined from a peak seasonally adjusted annual rate of $\$ 33.0$ billion in April and May 1969 to a rate of $\$ 29.3$ billion in December and only $\$ 27.0$ billion in July 1970. Residential construction outlays turned upward in August 1970, following the reversal of restrictive monetary policy, and have advanced sharply since then.

[^17]Table 1.-U.S. Balance of Payments Summary
[Seasonally adjusted, millions of dollars]

| Line | (Credits +; debits -) | $\left.\begin{gathered} \text { Reference } \\ \text { lines } \\ \text { (table 2) } \end{gathered} \right\rvert\,$ | 1970 | 1970 |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Change: } \\ \text { 19711 } \\ \text { II-III } \end{gathered}$ | January-September |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | I | II | III | IV | I ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | II ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | III ${ }^{\text { }}$ |  | 1970 | 1971 | Change 1970-71. |
| $\stackrel{1}{2}$ | Merchandise trade balan |  | 2, 4110 | $\begin{array}{r} 513 \\ 10,241 \\ -9,728 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 751 \\ 10,582 \\ -9,831 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 704 \\ 10,696 \\ -9,992 \end{array}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 142 \\ 10,461 \\ -10,319 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{array}{r} 269 \\ 11,030 \\ -10,761 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -1,040 \\ 10,720 \\ -11,760 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -537 \\ 11,481 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 503 \\ & 761 \\ & 761 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,968 \\ 31,519 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} -3,276 \\ 1,712 \end{array}$ |
| 3 | Imports |  | -39, 870 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | -34, 539 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,712 \\ -4,988 \end{array}$ |
| 4 | Military transactions. net. | $\begin{aligned} & 3,17, \\ & 4,6, \\ & \text { 18. } 19, \\ & 20 . \end{aligned}$ | $-3,371$$-1,979$ | $\begin{aligned} & -908 \\ & -448 \end{aligned}$ | -808-500 | $\begin{aligned} & -884 \\ & -553 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -770 \\ & -478 \end{aligned}$ | -667-427 | $-_{-610}$ | -715-601 | -46 | $\begin{aligned} & -2,600 \\ & -1,501 \end{aligned}$ |  | -139-137 |
| 5 | Travel and transportation, net |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | -1,638 |  |
| 6 | Investment income, net ${ }^{2}$ - | 10.11...- | $\begin{gathered} 6,242 \\ 7,906 \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{2,039}{1,577}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,469 \\ & 1,905 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,571 \\ 1,973 \\ \hline 88 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,626 \\ & 1,988 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{1 , 7 8 3} \\ & \mathbf{2 , 0 3 3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,169 \\ & 2,409 \end{aligned}$ | 1,6702,053 | -4996 | 4, 6175,917 | 5,622 | 1,005 |
| 7 8 | U.S. direct investments abroad |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 9 | Other U.S. investments abroad Foreign investments in the United States | 12, 13...-- | 3.503 -5.167 | -886 | - 886 |  | , 851 | 864 | -832 | 845 | -13 | 2,654 | 2,541 $-\mathbf{3}, 414$ | -113 |
| 10 | Other services, net. | $\begin{aligned} & 7,8,9 \\ & 21,22, \\ & 23 . \end{aligned}$ | 588 | 147 | 133 | 157 | 150 | 212 | 176 | 177 | 1 | 437 | 565 | 128 |
| 11 | Balance on goods and services |  | 3,592 |  |  |  |  | 1,170 | 26 | -6 | $\begin{aligned} & -32 \\ & -33 \end{aligned}$ |  | 1,190 | -1,731 |
| 12 | Remittances, pensions and other | 31, 32.... | $\begin{array}{r} -1,410 \\ 2,182 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -338 \\ 543 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -362 \\ 683 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -359 \\ \mathbf{6 3 6} \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -351 \\ 319 \end{array}$ | -342 | -355-329 | $\begin{aligned} & -388 \\ & -394 \end{aligned}$ |  | -1,059 | $-1,085$105 | -26 |
| 13 | Balance on goods, services and rem |  |  |  |  |  |  | 828 |  |  | -65 | 1,862 |  | -1,757 |
| 14 | U.S. Government grants (excluding milita | 30. | $\begin{array}{r} -1,739 \\ 444 \end{array}$ | -418 | -391 | -444 | -485 | -428400 | -483 | -527 |  |  | $-1.438$ | -185 |
| 15 | Balance on current account |  |  | 125 | 292 | 192 | -166 |  | -812 | -921 | -109 | 609 | -1,333 | -1,942 |
| 16 | U.S. Government capital flows excluding nonscheduled repayments. net. ${ }^{5}$ | 34, 35, 36. 37 55 | -1,837 | -511 | -480. | -396 | -450 | 2 | 79 | -428 | 251 | -1,387 | -1,709 | -322 |
| 17 | Nonscheduled repayments of U.S. Government assets...-.-. |  | $\begin{array}{r} 244 \\ -436 \end{array}$ |  |  | 2 | 63 |  |  | 72 | -30 |  | 178-311 | -26-139 |
| 18 | U.S. Government nonliquid liabilities to other than foreign official reserve agencies. |  |  |  | $-224$ | 82 |  | $-82$ | $-53$ | -176 | -123 | -172 |  |  |
| 19 | Long-term private capital flows, net |  |  |  |  | -220 |  | $-1,003$ | $-1,795$ | -1,648 | $147$ | $7-1,461$ | -4,446 | $-2,985$-650$-1,052$ |
| 20 |  |  | -1,453 | $\begin{array}{r} -969 \\ -1,358 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -272 \\ -1,257 \end{array}$ | $-897$ | -934 | $-1,370$ | -1,393 | -1,399 | $\begin{array}{r} 146 \\ -303 \end{array}$ | $-3,512$ | $\begin{array}{r}4,162 \\ -243 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |
| 21 | Foreign direct investments in the United States..............- |  | -969 | ${ }^{486}$ | , 105 | 218 | 160 |  | -16 | -319 |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 22 \\ & 23 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & -942 \\ & \mathbf{2}, 190 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r}-210 \\ \hline 304\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}93 \\ \hline 74 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}-488 \\ \hline 720\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}-337 \\ \hline 79\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}-353 \\ 559 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}-388 \\ \hline 196\end{array}$ | -224 564 | 164 <br> 368 | -605 1,398 | -965 <br> 1,319 | -360 -79 |
| 24 | Other, reported by U.S. banks | 41, 52 | ${ }^{2} 199$ | 31 | 68 | 44 | 56 | -121 | -236 | -289 | $-53$ | 143 | -646 | -789 |
| 25 | Other, reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns | 44, 50 | 576 | -222 | 345 | 183 | 270 | 190 | 42 | 19 | -23 | 306 | 251 | -55 |
| 26 | Balance on current account and long-term capi |  | -3,038 | -1,297 | $-570$ | -340 | -832 | -1,283 | $-3,237$ | -3,101 | 136 | -2,207 | -7,621 | -5,414 |
| $\stackrel{27}{ }$ | Nonliquid short-term private capital flows, net |  | -545 | -115 | -140 | -115 | -175 | -384 | -394 | -1,167 | -773 | -370 | $-1,945$ | -1,575 |
| 28 | Claims reported by U.S. banks --.--------1.............. |  | -1, 015 | -162 | -268 | -189 | -396 | -73 | -171 | -991 | -820 | -619 | -1,235 | -616 |
| $\stackrel{29}{30}$ | Claims reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns----------..- |  | $-360$ | $-116$ | -23 | -50 | -171 | $-125$ | $-138$ | -248 | $-110$ | -189 | -511 | - 322 |
| 30 | Liabilities reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns |  | 830 | 163 | 151 | 124 | 392 | -186 | -85 | 72 | 157 | 438 | -199 | -637 |
| 31 | Allocations of special drawing rights |  | 867 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 216 | 180 | 179 | 179 | 0 | 651 | 538 | -113 |
| 32 | Errors and omissions, |  | -1, 104 | -59 | -375 | -437 | -233 | -1,017 | -2,330 | -5, 204 | -2,874 | -871 | -8, 551 | -7,680 |
| 33 | Net liquidity balance |  | -3,821 | -1,254 | $-868$ | -675 | -1,024 | -2,504 | -5,782 | -9,293 | $-3,511$. | -2,797 | $-17,579$ | -14,782 |
| 34 | Liquid private capital flows, |  | -6,000 | -1,610 | -536 | -1,400 | -2,454 | -3,029 | 51 | -2,828 | $-2,879$ | -3, 546 | -5, 806 | $-2,260$ |
| ${ }^{35}$ | Liquid claims. |  | 242 | 262 | -160 | -17 | 157 | -315 | 90 | -520 | -610 | 85 | -745 | -830 |
| ${ }_{37}^{36}$ | Reported by U.S. banks |  | -119 | 140 | -127 | $-53$ | $-79$ | -90 | ${ }_{55}^{35}$ | -405 | -440 | -40 | -460 | -420 |
| ${ }_{38}$ | Reported by U.S. non |  | - $\begin{array}{r}361 \\ -6.242\end{array}$ | - 122 | -33, | - $\begin{array}{r}36 \\ -1383\end{array}$ | - ${ }^{236}$ | -225 | 55 -39 | -115 | - ${ }^{-170}$ | 125 | - 280 | -410 |
| 39 | To foreign commercial banks |  | -6, 507 | -1, 863 | $-441$ | -1,315 | -2,888 | -3,065 | -92 | -2, 092 | $-2,000$ | ${ }_{-3,619}$ | -5, 249 | -1,630 |
| 40 | To international and regional organizations |  | 179 | 142 | -124 | -82 | 79 | 279 | 198 | -155 | ${ }^{-43}$ | , 100 | ${ }_{632}$ | 532 |
| 41 | To other foreigners ....................... |  |  | -151 | 189 | -150 | 198 | 72 | -145 | -371 | -226 | -112 | -444 | -332 |
| 42 | Official reserve transactions balanc |  | -9,821 | -2,864 | -1,404 | -2,075 | $-3,478$ | -5,533 | $-5,731$ | $-12,121$ | -6, 390 | $-6,343$ | -23,385 | -17,042 |
| 43 | Financed by changes in: <br> Nonliquid liabilities to foreign official reserve agencies |  | 535 | -266 | 735 | 12 | 77 | -8 | -8 | -9 | -1 | 457 | 25 | -482 |
| 44 | reported by U U.S. Government. Nonliquid liabilities to foreign offial agencies reported by |  | -810 | 54 | -235 | 233 | -188 | 20 | -160 | 173 | 13 | -62 | -53 | 87 |
| 45 | U.S. banks. <br> Liquid liabilities to foreign official agencies |  | 7,619 | 3, 020 | 99 | 1,736 | 2,765 | 5,061 | 5,240 | 11, 109 | 5,869 | 4,855 | 21,410 | 16,555 |
| 46 | U.S. official r |  | 2,477 | 264 | 805 | 584 | 824 | 682 |  | 1,194 | 535 |  | 2,535 | 882 |
| 47 | Gold |  |  | -44 | 14 | 395 | 422 | 109 | 456 | 300 | -156 | 365 | 865 | 500 |
| 48 | SDR. |  | -851 | -270 | -254 | -251 | $-76$ | $-55$ | 17 | -29 | -46 | -775 | -67 | 708 |
| 49 | Convertible currencies |  | 2, 152 | 831 | 818 | 34 | 469 | 373 | -66 | 72 |  |  |  | -1,304 |
| 50 | Gold tranche position in IMF |  |  | $-253$ | 227 | 406 |  | 255 | 252 | 851 | 599 | +380 | 1,358 | 978 |
|  | Memoranda: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 51 | Transfers under military gr nt programs (excluded from lines 2, 4, and 14). |  | 613 |  | 191 | 116 | 169 | 191 | 62 | 256 | 94 | 444 | 609 | 165 |
| 52 | Reinvested earnings of foreign incorporated affiliates of U.S. |  | 2, 885 | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | a. | n.a. | n.a. | a. | n.a. | n.a | n.a. | n.a |
| 53 | Reinvested earnings of U.S. incorporated affiliates of foreign firms (excluded from lines 9 and 21). |  | 34 | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n,a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. |  |
| 54 | Liquidity Balance, excluding allocations of SDR | $\begin{gathered} 56,57,58 \\ 63 \end{gathered}$ | -4, 721 | -1,629 |  |  | -1,194 | $-3,209$ | -6,039 | -10, 174 | -4, 135 |  | $-19,422$ | -15, 894 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | OT SEA | SONALI | Y ADJ | USTED |  |  |  |  |
| 55 | Balance on goods and services |  |  | 1,234 | 1,300 | -291 | 1,349 | 1,513 | 228 | -1, 400 | -1,628 | 2,243 | 341 | -1,902 |
| 56 | Balance on goods, services and remittances |  |  | 913 | 925 | -657 | 1,002 | 1,188 | -140 | -1,795 | -1, 655 | 1,181 | $-747$ | -1, 928 |
| 57 | Balance on current account. |  |  | 465 | 487 | -1,060 | 552 | 732 | -670 | -2,282 | -1,612 | -108 | -2,220 | -2, 112 |
| 58 | Balance on current account and long-term capital ${ }^{\text {s }}$ |  |  | -1, 310 | -899 | -1,535 | 706 | -1,256 | -3,615 | -4, 428 | ${ }^{813}$ | $-3.744$ | -9,299 | -5, 585 |
| 59 | Net liquidity balance. |  |  | - 510 | -1,704 | -1,454 |  | -1, 843 | -6,596 | -10, 112 | -3,516 | $-3,668$ | -18,551 | -14,883 |
| 60 | Official reserve transactions balance. |  |  | -1,965 | -2,069 | $-2,612$ | -3,174 | -4,718 | -6, 462 | $-12,679$ | $-6,217$ | $-6,646$ | -23, 859 | -17, 213 |

${ }^{5}$ Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. *Less than $\$ 500,000( \pm)$ n.a. Not available.

1. A djusted to balance of payments basis; excludes exports under U.S. military agency sales contracts and imports of U.S. military agencies.
2. Includes fees and royalties from U.S. direct investments abroad or from foreign direct investments in the United States.
3. Equal to net imports of goods and services in national income and product accounts of the Digitize United stales.
4. The sum of lines 15 and 31 is equal to "net foreign investment" in the national income and product accounts of the United States
5. Includes some short-term U.S. Government assets

Note.-Details may not add to totals because of rounding
Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

Table 2.-U.S. International Transactions
[Millions of dollars]


FRevised. $\quad$ Preliminary. *Less than $\$ 500,000$ ( $\pm$ )

1. Credits, +: Exports of goods and services; unilaterai transfers to the United States: capital inflows (increase in U.S. liabilities or decrease in U.S. assets);
Debits, -: Imports of goods and services; unilateral transfers to foreigners; capital outflows (doods and servi liabilities or increase outfiows (decrease in U.S.
2. Excludes transfers of goods and services under U.S. military grant programs. Digitized for $\mathbf{F}$. Esclueles exports of goods under U.S. military agency sales contracts identified in Census http://fraser.stlouisfed.org/
Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis
export documents, and imports of goods included under direct defense expenditures identified in Census import documents, and reflects various other balance-of-payments adjustments
3. Excludes reinvested earnings of foreign incorporated affiliates of U.S. firms or of U.S. incorporated affiliates of foreign firms.
4. Includes sales of foreign obligations to foreigners.

Note.-Details may not add to total because of rounding.
Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

Table 3.-U.S. International Transactions-Seasonally Adjusted
[Millions of dollars]

| Line | (Credits + ; debits -) ${ }^{\text {² }}$ | 1970 |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | I | II | III | IV | I' | II ${ }^{\prime}$ | III ${ }^{\text {® }}$ |
| 1 | Exports of goods and services ${ }^{2}$ | 15,374 | 15,806 | 15,930 | 15,795 | 16,547 | 16,636 | 17,054 |
| 2 | Merchandise, adjusted, excluding military ${ }^{3}$-- | 10,241 | 10, 582 | 10,696 | 10, 461 | 11, 030 | 10,720 | 11, 481 |
| 3 4 4 | Transfers under U.S. military agency sales contracts | ${ }_{556}^{274}$ | 447 573 | 327 589 | ${ }_{601}^{433}$ | 507 596 | 545 586 | 466 |
| 5 | Passenger fares. | 136 | 142 | 134 | 141 | 160 | 152 | 147 |
| 6 | Other transportation... | 736 | 774 | 803 | 793 | 773 | 819 | 855 |
| 7 | Fees and royalties from unaffiliated foreigners. | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 174 | 174 | 174 |
| 8 9 | Other private services--il.-.............. | 266 90 | 267 80 | 269 107 | 267 110 | 300 110 | 301 98 | 303 112 |
|  | Receipts of income on U.S. investments abroad: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 110 | Direct investment fees and royalties...................- | 449 | ${ }^{496}$ | + 466 | 468 | 483 | 544 | 498 |
| 12 | Orter private assets .---................................ | 1,648 | 1,648 | +660 | 1,642 | ${ }^{1}, 651$ | 1,604 | +647 |
| 13 | U.S. Government assets. | 238 | 238 | 222 | 209 | 213 | 228 | 198 |
| 14 | Transfers of goods and services under U.S. military grant programs, net. | 137 | 191 | 116 | 169 | 191 | 162 | 256 |
| 15 | Imports of goods and services. | -14,493 | -14,761 | -14,935 | -15,125 | -15,377 | -16,610 | -17,060 |
| 16 | Merchandise, adjusted, excluding military ${ }^{3}$ | -9, 728 | -9,831 | -9,992 | -10,319 | -10,761 | -11, 760 | -12,018 |
| 17 | Direct defense expenditures. | -1, 182 | -1,255 | $-1,211$ | -1,233 | $-1,174$ | -1,214 | $-1,181$ $-1,095$ |
| 18 19 | Travel---.-.-...-.-..... | -925 -290 | $-1,010$ -286 -2 | $-1,021$ -320 | - -397 | -967 -266 | $-1,086$ -315 | -1,095 |
| 20 | Other transportation. | -661 | -693 | $-738$ | -697 | -260 | $-766$ | -811 |
| $\stackrel{21}{2}$ | Fees and royalties to unaffiliated foreigners. | -30 | -30 | -30 | $-30$ | $-31$ | -31 | -31 |
| $\stackrel{22}{23}$ | Private payments for other services ----.-.-.-.-.-. | -150 | -153 | -157 | -160 | -167 | -170 | -175 |
|  | U.S. Government payments for miscellaneous services. | -179 | -181 | -182 | -187 | -174 | -196 | -206 |
| 24242627 | Payments of income on foreign investments in the United States: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Direct investment fees and royalties ${ }_{\text {Direct investment interest, dividends and branch earnings }}$. | -23 -120 | -30 -109 | -28 -104 | -30 -107 | -26 -135 | -21 | -22 |
|  | Other private liabilities.................................. | -998 | -942 | -866 | -786 | -628 | -544 | -573 |
|  | U.S. Government liabilities. | -207 | -241 | -286 | -290 | -325 | -386 | -492 |
| 28 | U.S. military grants of goods and services, net | -137 | -191 | -116 | -169 | -191 | -162 | -256 |
| 29 | Unilateral transfers (excluding military grants), ne | -756 | -753 | -803 | -836 | -770 | $-838$ | -915 |
| 303132 | U.S. Government grants (excluding military) | -418 | -391 | -444 | -485 | -428 | -483 | -527 |
|  | U.S. Government pensions and other transfers | -100 | -118 | $-122$ | -122 | -124 | -141 | -138 |
|  | Private remittances and other transfers. | -238 | -244 | -237 | -229 | -218 | -214 | -250 |
| 33 | U.S. Government capital flows, net | -423 | -366 | -394 | -410 | -598 | -577 | -356 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 34 \\ & 35 \end{aligned}$ | Loans and other long-term assets. Foreign currencies and other short-term assets, net | -723 -130 | $\begin{array}{r}-881 \\ \hline 16\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}-846 \\ \hline 70\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}-835 \\ \hline 17\end{array}$ | $-1,022$ -68 | $-1,251$ 142 | $\begin{array}{r}-865 \\ \hline 24\end{array}$ |
| 3637 | Repayments on credits: Scheduled |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Nonscheduled ${ }^{\text {s }}$ | 88 | 114 | 2 | 40 | 4 | 102 | 72 |
| 38 | U.S. private capital flows, net | -1,941 | -1,579 | -1,748 | -1,647 | -2,237 | -2,183 | -3,575 |
| 3940 | Direct investments abroad ${ }^{4}$ | -1,358 | -1,257 | -897 | -934 | $-1,370$ | -1,393 | -1,399 |
|  | Foreign securities. | -210 | 93 | -488 | -337 | -353 | -388 | -224 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 41 \\ & 42 \\ & 43 \end{aligned}$ | Claims reported by U.S. banks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Long-term-.... | 24 | 49 | 22 | 88 | 31 | $-174$ | -212 |
|  | Short-term, nonliquid | -162 -140 | -268 -127 | -189 -53 | -396 -79 | -73 -90 | $\begin{array}{r}-171 \\ \hline 35\end{array}$ | -991 |
|  | Claims reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Long-term....-.... | -381 | $-13$ | $-129$ | -54 | -32 | -99 | 19 -248 |
|  | Short-term, nonliquid | -116 | $-23$ | -50 | $-171$ | -125 | -138 | -248 |
|  | Short-term, liquid - -- | 122 | $-33$ | 36 | 236 | -225 | 55 | -115 |
| 47 | Foreign capital flows, net | 1,817 | 1,006 | 1,586 | 1,416 | 2,590 | 5,064 | 8,683 |
| 48 | Directinvestments in the United States ${ }^{4}$. | 486 | 105 | 218 | 160 | 92 | -16 | -319 |
|  | U.S. securities other than Treasury issues. | 304 | 374 | 720 | 792 | 559 | 196 | 564 |
| 50515253 | Other U.S. nonliquid liabilities to private foreigners: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Long-term, reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns.- | 159 | 358 | 312 | 324 | 222 | 51 | 0 |
|  | Short-term, reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns... | $\begin{array}{r}163 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 151 | 124 | 392 -32 | -186 | -85 | -72 |
|  | Long-term liabilities to foreign official agencies reported by U.S. banks. | -154 | -235 | $-233$ | -188 | -202 | -160 | -173 |
| 5455 | Nonliquid liabilities reported by U.S. Goverument: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | To foreign official reserve agencies.-...... | -266 | 735 | -12 | 77 | -8 | -8 | -9 |
|  | To other official and private foreigners..... | -30 | -224 | 82 | -263 | -82 | -53 | -176 |
|  | U.S. liquid liabilities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | To private foreigners.-.... | $-1,872$ 3,020 | -376 99 | $-1,383$ 1,736 | -2, 611 2,765 | $-2,714$ 5,061 | -39 5,240 | -2, 11.109 |
|  | Transactions in U.S. official reserve assets, net | 264 | 805 | 584 | 824 | 682 |  |  |
| 59 | Gold.......... | $-44$ | 14 | 395 | 422 | 109 | ${ }_{456}$ | 1,300 |
| 60 | SDR. | -270 | -254 | -251 | -76 | -55 | 17 | 29 |
| 61 | Convertible currencies | 831 | 818 | 34 | 469 | 373 | -66 | 72 |
| 62 | Gold tranche position in IM F. | -253 | 227 | 406 | 9 | 255 | 252 | 851 |
|  | Allocations of special drawing rights (SDR) | 217 | 217 | 217 | 216 | 180 | 179 | 179 |
| 64 | Errors and omissions, net. | -59 | -375 | -437 | -233 | -1,017 | -2,330 | -5, 204 |

$r$ Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{*}$ Less than $\$ 500,000$ ( $\pm$ ).

1. Credits, + : Exports of goods and services; unilateral transfers to the United States; capital inflows (increase in U.S. hiabinties or decrease in U.S. assets); decrease in U.S. official reserve assets.
Debits, -: Imports of goods and services; unilateral transfers to foreigners; capital outflows (decrease in U.S. Liabilities or increase in U.S. assets); increase in U.S. official reserve assets.
2. Excludes transfers of goods and services under U.S. military grant programs.
3. Excludes exports of goods under U.S. military agency sales contracts identifled in Census export documents, and imports of goods included under direct defense expenditures identified in Census import documents, and reflects various other balance-of-payments adjustments (for valuation, coverage, and timing) to Census statistics; see table 4.
4. Excludes reinvested earnings of foreign incorporated affiliates of U.S. flrms or of U.S. incorporated a ffiliates of forelgn firms.
5. Includes sales of foreign obligations to foreigners.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

Table 4.-U.S. Merchandise Trade
[Millions of dollars]

| Line |  | 1970 | Not seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1970 |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  | 1970 |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  |
|  |  |  | I | II | III | IV | I | II ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | III ${ }^{\circ}$ | I | II | III | IV | I | II' | III ${ }^{\text {v }}$ |
|  | EXPORTS | 43, 224 | 10,341 | 11, 353 | 10,275 | 11,255 | 11, 247 | 11,561 |  | 10,474 | 10,932 | 10,970 | 10,918 | 11,370 | 11, 121 | 11,838 |
| 1 | Merchandise exports, Census basis, including reexports and military grant shipments. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | Merchandise exports, Census basis, including reexports, excluding military grant shipments. | 42,659 | 10, 194 | 11,218 | 10, 153 | 11, 094 | 11, 117 | 11,406 | 10,931 | 10,327 | 10,797 | 10,848 | 10,757 | 11,240 | 10,966 |  |
| 3 | Regular additions to Census exports | $\begin{array}{r} 356 \\ 76 \\ 17 \\ \stackrel{17}{*} \\ 265 \\ -2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 91 \\ 16 \\ 2 \\ (*) \\ 63 \\ 10 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 92 \\ 17 \\ 4 \\ (*) \\ 70 \\ 1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 90 \\ 18 \\ { }^{(*)}{ }_{6}^{65} \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 83 \\ 25 \\ 5 \\ \text { (*) } \left.^{*}\right) \\ -67 \\ -14 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 90 \\ { }^{15} \\ \text { (*) }^{15} \\ \hline 64 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 121 \\ 17 \\ 12 \\ \left.{ }^{*}\right)^{74} \\ 78 \\ 18 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 88 \\ 15 \\ \text { (*) }^{5} \quad \begin{array}{r} 69 \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 97 \\ 16 \\ { }^{97} \\ \left.{ }^{*}\right)_{69} \\ 69 \\ 10 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 86 \\ 17 \\ { }^{(*)} 4 \\ { }^{86} \\ 64 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 91 \\ 18 \\ (*) \\ \hline \mathbf{6} \\ \hline 66 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 82 \\ & 25 \end{aligned}$ | 9415 | 1161712 | 11,683 |
| 3 a | Private gift parcel remittances...-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 15 |
| $3 \mathrm{3b}$ | Virgin Islands exports to foreign countries. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $3{ }^{3}$ | Inland freight (to Canada) valuation adjustment. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 66 | 68 | 69 | 73 |
| 3 e | Other regular additions ${ }^{1}$-.........................- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | -14 | 8 | 18 | $-1$ |
| 4 | Regular deductions from Census exports ${ }^{2}$ | 28 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 6 | 7 | 6 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 6 | 7 |  |
| 5 | Special adjustments, net ${ }^{3}$ <br> Of which: quarterly allocation of annual seasonal adjustment discrepancy 4 | 3 | 36 | 3 | -3 | -33 |  |  |  | 21 -15 | -15 -18 | -21 -18 | -52 -19 |  |  |  |
| 6 | Equals: Merchandise exports, adjusted to balance of payments basis, including "military"........ | 42,990 | 10,314 | 11,306 | 10,233 | 11, 137 | 11,201 | 11,520 | 11,013 | 10,438 | 10,861 | 10,911 | 10,780 | 11,328 | 11, 075 | 11,769 |
| 7 | Less: Merchandise exports transferred under U.S. military agency sales contracts identified in Census documents ${ }^{5}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 0 1 0}$ | 197 | 279 | 215 | 319 | 298 | 355 | 288 | 197 | 279 | 215 | 319 | 238 | 355 | 288 |
| 8 | Equals: Merchandise exports, adjusted to balance of payments basis, excluding "military" (table 2, line 2) | 41, | 10,117 | 11,027 | 10,018 | 10,818 | 10,903 | 11, 165 | 10,725 | 10, 241 | 10,582 | 10,696 | 10,461 | 11, 030 | 10,720 | 11,481 |
|  | IMPORTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9 | Merchandise imports, Census basis (general imports) | 39,952 | 9,455 | 10,069 | 9,873 | 10,555 | 10,527 | 12,026 | 11,800 | 9,721 | 9,864 | 10,023 | 10,328 | 10,809 | 11,769 | 11,981 |
| 10 | Regular additions to Census imports- | $\begin{array}{r} 407 \\ 242 \\ 152 \\ 13 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 108 \\ 69 \\ 36 \\ 3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 102 \\ 63 \\ 36 \\ 36 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 83 \\ 43 \\ 36 \\ 4 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 114 \\ 67 \\ 44 \\ 34 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 112 \\ 64 \\ 45 \\ 45 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 146 \\ 89 \\ 52 \\ 5 \\ 5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 185 \\ 120 \\ 57 \\ 8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 108 \\ 69 \\ 36 \\ 3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 102 \\ 63 \\ 36 \\ 3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 83 \\ 43 \\ 36 \\ 4 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 114 \\ 67 \\ 44 \\ 3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 112 \\ 64 \\ 45 \\ 3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 146 \\ 89 \\ 52 \\ 5 \end{array}$ | 185120578 |
| 10 a <br> 10 b | Virgin Islands imports from foreign countries...-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10 c | Other regular additions ${ }^{6}$ - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11 | Regular deductions from Census imports | $\begin{array}{r} 350 \\ 346 \\ 4 \\ 4 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 87 \\ 86 \\ 1 \\ 27 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 99 \\ 98 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 65 \\ \begin{array}{r} 65 \\ \left({ }^{5}\right) \\ 6 \end{array} \\ 6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 99 \\ 97 \\ 2 \\ 5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 114 \\ 113 \\ 1 \end{array}$ | 128127 | $\begin{array}{r} 88 \\ 87 \\ 1 \end{array}$ | 86851 | 92 | $\begin{array}{r} 85 \\ 85 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 87858 | 1131121 | $\begin{array}{r} 119 \\ 118 \\ 1 \end{array}$ | 1151141 |
| 11 l | Automotive valuation adjustment..... Other regular deductions? |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 91 |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{r} 12 \\ 12 a \end{array}$ | Special adjustments, net ${ }^{3}$ <br> Of which: quarterly allocation of annual seasonal adjustment discrepancy ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 30 | 7 | 10 | 4 |  |  |  |
| 13 | Equals: Merchandise imports, adjusted to balance of payments basis, including "military" | 40,049 | 9,503 | $\begin{array}{r} 10,074 \\ 50 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 9,897 \\ 39 \end{array}$ | 10,57545 | 10,52547 | $\begin{array}{r} 12,044 \\ 36 \end{array}$ | 11,89733 | 9,77345 | 9,88150 | 10,03139 | 10,36445 | $\begin{array}{r} 10,808 \\ 47 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 11,796 \\ 36 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 12,051 \\ 33 \end{array}$ |
| 14 | Less: Merchandise imports of U.S. military agencies identified in Census documents ${ }^{8}$ | 179 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 | Equals: Merchandise imports, adjusted to balance of payments basis excluding "military" (table 2, line 16) | 39,870 | 9,458 | 10,024 | 9,858 | 10,530 | 10,478 | 12,008 | 11,864 | 9,728 | 9,831 | 9,992 | 10,319 | 10,761 | 11,760 | 12,018 |
|  | BALANCE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16 | Balance on merchandise trade, adjusted to balance of payments basis, including "military" (line 6 less line 13) [export surplus + ] | 2,941 | 811 | 1,232 | 336 | 562 | 676 | -524 | -884 | 665 | 980 | 880 | 416 | 520 | -721 | -282 |
| 17 | Ralance on merchandise trade, adjusted to balance of payments basis, excluding "military" (line 8 less line 15) [export surplus + ]. TRADE BY END-USE | 2,110 | 659 | 1,003 | 160 | 288 | 425 | -843 | -1,139 | 513 | 751 | 704 | 142 | 269 | -1,040 | -537 |
| 18 | Merchandise exports, Census basis, including military grant shipments (line 1). | 43,224 | 10,341 | 11,353 | 10, 275 | 11, 255 | 11,247 | 11,561 | 10, 931 | 10,474 | 10,932 | 10,970 | 10,918 | 11,370 | 11, 121 | 11,838 |
| 18 a | Agricultural products --- | 7,349 | 1,679 | 1,754 | 1,689 | 2, 227 | 2, 048 | 1,887 | 1,894 | 1,735 | 1,775 | 1,886 | 1,957 | 2,118 | 1,905 | 2,113 |
| 18 b | Nonagricultural products | 35, 875 | 8, 662 | 9, 599 | 8,586 | 9, 028 | 9, 199 | 9,674 | 9,037 | 8,739 | 9, 157 | 9,084 | 8,961 | 9, 252 | 9, 216 | 9,725 |
| 18c | Excluding military grant shipments | 35, 310 | 8,515 | 9, 464 | 8,464 | 8,867 | 9,069 | 9, 519 | 8,882 | 8, 592 | 9, 022 | 8,962 | 8,800 | ${ }_{9}, 122$ | 9, 061 | 9, 570 |
| 19 | Foods, feeds, and beverages | 5,839 | 1,307 | 1,367 | 1,412 | 1,754 | 1,536 | 1,438 | 1,482 | 1,328 | 1,420 | 1,551 | 1,534 | 1,563 | 1,495 | 1,624 |
| 20 | Grains and preparations. | 3, 071 | 690 | 684 | 769 | 929 | 816 | 708 | 768 | 671 | 721 | 782 | 871 | 795 | 748 | 762 |
| $\stackrel{21}{22}$ | Soybeans | 1,216 | 262 | 313 | 235 | 406 | 318 | 306 | 306 | 279 | 331 | 364 | 272 | 340 | 325 | 465 |
| 23 | Industrial supplies and materials. | 1, 5 |  |  | ${ }^{4} 23$ | 419 |  |  |  | 378 | 368 | 405 | 390 |  |  |  |
| 24 | Fuels and lubricants |  |  |  |  | 3,45 |  | 3,357 |  |  | 3,519 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Paper and paper base | 1,596 | 307 | 408 | 418 | 464 | 372 | 424 | 433 | 355 | 393 | 394 | 454 | 432 | 404 | 406 |
| 26 | Textile supplies and materials | 1,139 1,049 | 294 | 290 | 297 198 | 298 | 277 | 281 | $\begin{array}{r}299 \\ 302 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 263 | 285 | 301 | 279 | ${ }_{341}^{286}$ | 276 325 | 300 339 |
| 27 | Raw cotton, including lint | + 378 | 116 | 111 | 47 | 104 | 194 | 153 | 104 | 97 | 103 | 57 | 118 | 163 | 140 | 124 |
| 28 | Tobacco, unmanufactured... | 488 | 84 | 107 | 107 | 190 | 118 | 122 | 155 | 129 | 121 | 108 | 130 | 181 | 138 | 156 |
| ${ }_{30}^{29}$ | Chemicals, excluding medicinals.............- Other nonmetals (hides tallow, minerals, | 3, 052 | 777 | 814 | 737 | 724 | 712 | 777 | 927 | 801 | 788 | 736 | 735 | 726 | 750 | 919 |
|  | wood, rubber, tires, etc.) -....................... | 2,648 | 648 | 674 | 631 | 695 | 686 | 693 | 665 | 645 | 658 | 667 | 682 | 678 | 674 | 699 |
| 31 | Steelmaking materials... | 547 | 100 | 166 | 155 | 126 | 73 | 76 | 72 | 129 | 151 | 132 | 134 | 94 | 69 | 62 |
| ${ }_{33}^{32}$ | Iron and steel products....--...................- Other metals, primary and advansed, includ- | 1,388 | 369 | 417 | 327 | 274 | 238 | 246 | 242 | 378 | 404 | 348 | 261 | 241 | 238 | 258 |
|  | ing advanced steel. | 1,873 | 499 | 473 | 452 | 449 | 396 | 399 | 352 | 495 | 442 | 473 | 470 | 388 | 371 | 369 |
| 34 | Capital goods, except automotive.. | 14,371 | 3,505 | 3,796 | 3,397 | 3,673 | 3,957 | 3,941 | 3,618 | 3,449 | 3,583 | 3,678 | 3,689 | 3,893 | 3,716 | 3,91! |
| 35 36 | Machinery, except consumer-type-- | 11, 570 | 2,730 | 2,974 | 2, 860 | 3,006 | 2,955 | 2,984 | 2,888 | 2,759 | 2,793 | 3,046 | 3,003 | 2,999 | 2,797 | 3, 062 |
|  | attachments. <br> electronic, and parts and | 2,077 | 502 |  | 493 | 530 | 521 | 532 | 534 | 510 | 512 | 530 | 532 | 531 | 492 | 569 |
| 37 38 | Nonelectrical, and parts and attachments.... | 9,493 | 2, 228 | 2,422 | 2,367 | 2,476 | 2,434 | 2,452 | 2,354 | 2,249 | 2,281 | 2,517 | 2,471 | 2,468 | 2,305 | 2, 493 |
| 38 | Construction machinery and nonfarm tractors and parts. | 1,963 | 465 | 503 | 503 | 491 | 484 | 514 | 476 | 482 | 478 | 508 | 498 | 504 | 488 | 480 |
| 39 | Textile and other specialized-industry machinery and parts. | 931 | 210 | 239 | 233 | 248 | 230 | 239 | 233 | 222 | 223 | 247 | 240 | 244 | 222 | 246 |
| 40 | Other industrial machinery and parts, n.e.s | 3,901 | 921 | 1,000 | 967 | 1,013 | 1,017 | 997 | 997 | 932 | 932 | 1,029 | 1,020 | 1, 032 | 926 | 1,056 |
| 41 | Agricultural machinery and farm tractors and parts. | 3,51 359 | 102 | - 94 | 82 | 1,81 81 | 85 | 102 | 89 | 93 | 79 | 97 | 94 | 77 | 85 | 105 |
| 42 | Business and office machines, computers, etc.. and parts. | 1,702 | 378 | 94 419 | 420 | 81 485 | 85 448 | 102 424 | 89 392 | 93 369 | 417 | 97 463 | 94 456 | 439 | 423 | 429 |
| 43 | Scientific, professional, and serviceindustry equipment.. |  | 152 | 166 | 161 | 158 | 171 | 176 | 166 | 151 | 152 | 173 | 163 | 172 | 161 | 177 |
|  | $R$ Civilian aircraft, engines, parts | 2,659 | 748 | 783 | 509 | 620 | 961 | 892 | 646 | 660 | 758 | 695 | 639 | 849 | 867 | 746 |
| ${ }^{442} 45$ | - orother transportation equipment....... | 1,528 | 479 27 | 496 39 | 231 29 | 322 46 | 626 41 | 545 65 | 305 83 | 390 30 | 483 32 | 285 36 | 345 44 | 507 45 | 533 52 | ${ }_{103}^{377}$ |

Table 4.-U.S. Merchandise Trade-Continued
[Millions of dollars]

| Line |  | 1970 | Not seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1970 |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  | 1970 |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  |
|  |  |  | I | II | III | IV | I | II ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | III ${ }^{\circ}$ | I | II | III | IV | I | II ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | III ${ }^{\text {p }}$ |
| 46 | TRADE BY END-USE-Continued Automotive vehicles, parts, and engines | 3,652 | 908 | 1,101 | 814 | 829 | 1,101 | 1,222 | 1,011 | 920 | 1,005 | 991 | 756 | 1,114 | 1,113 | 1,231 |
| 47 | To Canada. | 2, 474 | 607 | 806 | 534 | 527 | 784 | 920 | 700 | 613 | 724 | 682 | 473 | 791 | 825 | 889 |
| 48 | To all other areas. | 1,178 | 311 | 295 | 280 | 302 | 317 | 302 | 311 | 307 | 281 | 309 | 283 | 323 | 288 | 342 |
| 49 | Passenger cars, new and used. | 837 | 179 | 303 | 179 | 176 | 290 | 353 | 249 | 166 | 290 | 267 | 141 | 268 | 337 | 368 |
| 50 | Trucks, buses, and special vehicles | 560 | 143 | 148 | 138 | 131 | 149 | 164 | 156 | 143 | 129 | 151 | 135 | 150 | 143 | 170 |
| 51 | Parts, bodies, and accessories, including engines and parts, n.e.c | 2,255 | 586 | 650 | 497 | 522 | 662 | 704 | 606 | 611 | 586 | 573 | 480 | 696 | 633 | 693 |
| 52 | Consumer goods (nonfood), except automotive. .- | 2,717 | 666 | 704 | 661 | 685 | 673 | 723 | 795 | 676 | 673 | 681 | 692 | 682 | 690 | 816 |
| 53 | Consumer durables, manufactured. | 1,007 | 243 | 256 | 237 | 271 | 247 | 269 | 287 | 247 | 241 | 252 | 269 | 251 | 253 | 305 |
| 54 | Consumer nondurables, manufactured............ | 1,587 | 393 | 416 | 394 | 383 | 394 | 419 | 477 | 401 | 401 | 395 | 390 | 402 | 404 | 477 |
| 55 | Unmanufactured consumer goods (gem stones, precious and nonprecious). | 123 | 30 | 32 | 29 | 32 | 32 | 35 | 31 | 28 | 31 | 34 | 32 | 29 | 33 | 34 |
| 56 | Special category (military-type goods) | 1,359 | 289 | 364 | 283 | 423 | 369 | 452 | 362 | 289 | 364 | 283 | 423 | 369 | 452 | 362 |
| 57 | Exports, n.e.c., and reexports. | 1,503 | 336 | 385 | 385 | 397 | 368 | 428 | 372 | 349 | 368 | 401 | 386 | 382 | 410 | 386 |
| 58 | Domestic (low-value, miscellaneous) | 869 | 202 | 221 | 221 | 225 | 214 | 242 | 224 | 210 | 215 | 234 | 212 | 222 | 236 | 235 |
| 59 |  | 634 | 134 | 164 | 163 | 173 | 154 | 185 | 148 | 139 | 153 | 167 | 174 | 160 | 174 | 151 |
| 60 | Merchandise imports, Census basis (line 9) | 39,952 | 9,455 | 10,069 | 9,873 | 10,555 | 10,527 | 12,026 | 11,800 | 9,721 | 9,864 | 10,023 | 10,328 | 10,809 | 11,769 | 11,981 |
| 61 | Foods, feeds, and beverages | 6,154 | 1,473 | 1,566 | 1,490 | 1,626 | 1,470 | 1,692 | 1,895 | 1,553 | 1,563 | 1,487 | 1,550 | 1,551 | 1,687 | 1,873 |
| 62 | Coffee, cocoa, and sugar. | 2,085 | 494 | 554 | 534 | 503 | 499 | 561 | 687 | 528 | 552 | 506 | 499 | 535 | 549 | 647 |
| 63 | Green coffee.......... | 1,159 | 292 | 307 | 278 | 283 | 292 | 308 | 398 | 289 | 320 | 278 | 274 | 290 | 322 | 395 |
| $64$ | Cane sugar. | 725 | 131 | 206 | 214 | 174 | 147 | 210 | 248 | 190 | 180 | 183 | 173 | 214 | 184 | -212 |
| 65 | Other foods, feeds, and beverages | 4,069 | 979 | 1,012 | 956 | 1,123 | 971 | 1,132 | 1,208 | 1,025 | 1,011 | 981 | 1,051 | 1,016 | 1,138 | 1,226 |
| 66 | Industrial supplies and materials | 15,106 | 3,650 | 3,758 | 3,738 | 3,959 | 3,866 | 4,524 | 4,494 | 3,681 | 3,659 | 3,770 | 3,986 | 3,895 | 4,410 | 4,497 |
| 67 | Fuels and lubricants... | 3,057 | 846 | 710 | 705 | 796 | 834 | 862 | 959 | 773 | 740 | 740 | 801 | 749 | 901 | 1,003 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 68 \\ & 69 \end{aligned}$ | Paper and paper base stocks $\qquad$ <br> Materials associated with nondurable goods | 1,578 | 399 | 396 | 372 | 411 | 385 | 434 | 403 | 413 | 389 | 382 | 393 | 392 | 426 | 411 |
|  | and farm output, n.e.s..-................- | 2,866 | 746 | 736 | 672 | 712 | 804 | 875 | 827 | 687 | 710 | 721 | 758 | 738 | 846 | 876 |
| 70 | Textile supplies and materials. | 1,209 | 314 | 309 | 285 | 301 | 343 | 383 | 373 | 297 | 299 | 291 | 323 | 320 | 370 | 378 |
| 71 | Tobacco, unmanufactured. | 111 | 49 | 30 | 16 | 16 | 34 | 31 | 18 | 25 | 28 | 40 | 29 | 16 | 29 | 44 |
| 72 | Chemicals, excluding medicinals .-..... | 836 | 209 | 227 | 195 | 205 | 243 | 269 | 269 | 203 | 212 | 204 | 216 | 233 | 252 | 279 |
| 73 | Other (hides, copra, materials for making photos, drugs, dyes) | 710 | 174 | 169 | 176 | 191 | 184 | 193 | 166 | 162 | 171 | 186 | 190 | 169 | 195 | 175 |
| 74 | Building materials, excep | 1,001 | 220 | 260 | 266 | 255 | 261 | 345 | 383 | 238 | 245 | 252 | 264 | 278 | 326 | 361 |
| 75 | Materials associated with durable goods output, n.e.s. | 6,604 | 1,439 | 1,657 | 1,723 | 1,786 | 1,583 | 2,007 | 1,923 | 1,570 | 1,575 | 1,675 | 1,770 | 1,738 | 1,911 | 1,846 |
| 76 |  | 734 | 1, 116 | -184 | ${ }^{1} 238$ | 196 | 1, 137 | 240 | 1, 242 | 187 | ${ }^{172}$ | 1 198 | 176 | 218 | 225 | 200 |
| 77 | Iron and steel products......................-- | 2,191 | 410 | 523 | 576 | 682 | 606 | 805 | 773 | 481 | 498 | 531 | 667 | 706 | 767 | 709 |
| 78 | Other metals, primary and advanced, including advanced steel. | 2,650 | 646 | 684 | 663 | 656 | 587 | 674 | 630 | 635 | 644 | 697 | 675 | 565 | 635 | 657 |
| 79 | Nonmetals (gums, oils, resins, minerals, rubber, tires, etc.). | 1,030 | 267 | 266 | 245 | 252 | 253 | 289 | 278 | 267 | 261 | 249 | 252 | 249 | 284 | 280 |
| 80 | Capital goods, except automotive. | 3,783 | 923 | 979 | 925 | 957 | 999 | 1,092 | 1,038 | 916 | 949 | 943 | 977 | 990 | 1,059 | 1,049 |
| 81 82 | Machinery, except consumer-type. | 3,592 | 881 | 927 | 883 | 901 | 941 | 1,027 | 974 | 874 | 897 | 901 | 922 | 932 | 993 | 985 |
| 82 | Electrical and electronic, and parts and attachments. | 1,017 | 235 | 256 | 260 | 266 | 264 | 302 | 289 | 232 | 258 | 262 | 266 | 261 | 303 | 288 |
| 83 84 | Nonelectrical, and parts and attachments.............. | 2, 574 | 645 | 671 | 623 | 635 | 677 | 724 | 685 | 642 | 639 | 639 | 656 | 671 | 690 | 697 |
| 84 | Construction, textile and other specializedindustry machinery and nonfarm tractors and parts | 566 | 138 | 144 | 147 | 137 | 159 | 178 | 193 | 134 | 144 | 145 | 143 | 154 | 177 | 189 |
| 85 | Other industrial machinery and parts, n.e.s | 939 | 239 | 239 | 228 | 234 | 228 | 252 | 220 | 243 | 231 | 228 | 239 | 232 | 243 | 217 |
| 86 | Agricultural machinery and farm tractors and parts. | 359 | 106 | 101 | 77 | 75 | 106 | 102 | 87 | 99 | 84 | 89 | 88 | 99 | 85 | 99 |
| 87 | Business and office machines, computers, etc., and parts | 471 | 107 | 126 | 110 | 128 | 126 | 131 | 126 | 108 | 119 | 118 | 126 | 127 | 124 | 134 |
| 88 | Scientific, professional and service-industry equipment and parts; and miscellaneous transportation equipment | 239 | 56 | 61 | 61 | 60 | 57 | 61 | 59 | 58 | 61 | 59 | 60 | 59 | 61 | 58 |
| 89 | Civilian aircraft, engines, parts - ............-- | 191 | 42 | 52 | 42 | 55 | 58 | 66 | 64 | 42 | 52 | 42 | 55 9 | 58 13 | 66 13 | 64 8 |
| 893 | Civilian aircraft, complete-all types.------- | 48 | 16 | 15 | 9 | 9 | 13 | 13 | 8 | 16 | 15 | 9 | 9 | 13 | 13 | 8 |
| 90 | Automotive vehicles, parts, and engines.......... | 5,956 | 1,449 | 1,613 | 1,260 | 1,634 | 1,919 | 2,108 | 1,812 | 1,399 | 1,504 | 1,555 | 1,507 | 1,856 | 1,962 | 2,223 |
| 91 | From Canada - .-.-.-.-....----- | 3,587 | 885 | 1,021 | 715 | 965 | 1,119 | 1,241 | ${ }^{961}$ | ${ }^{876}$ | ${ }^{937}$ | ${ }^{942}$ | ${ }^{834}$ | 1, 111 | 1,135 | 1, 268 |
| 92 | From Canada, transactions value | 9,241 | 799 | 989 | 650 | 868 | 1,006 | 1,114 | 876 | 791 | 847 | 857 | 751 | 999 | 1,017 | 1,157 |
| 93 | From all other areas.- | 2,369 | 564 | 593 | 545 | 669 | 800 | . 867 | 851 | 523 | 567 | 613 935 | 673 | + 745 | -827 | 955 1.459 |
| 94 | Passenger cars, new and used.--------------- | 3,731 | 955 | 1,064 | 729 | 982 | 1, 253 | 1,395 | 1,149 | 909 | 956 | 935 | 930 | 1,196 | 1,250 | 1, 459 |
| 95 | Trucks, buses, and special vehicles-.--.......- | 730 | 162 | 167 | 177 | 223 | 172 | , 206 | 203 | 165 | 179 | 209 | 181 | 175 | 221 | 230 |
| 96 | Parts, bodies, and accessories, including engines and parts, n.e.s. | 1,496 | 332 | 381 | 355 | 428 | 494 | 508 | 460 | 325 | 369 | 411 | 396 | 485 | 491 | 528 |
| 97 | Consumer ¢oods (nonfood), except automotive.. | 7,553 | 1,652 | 1,809 | 2,084 | 2,007 | 1,891 | 2,205 | 2, 168 | 1,830 | 1,851 | 1,897 | 1,962 | 2,092 | 2,253 | 1,955 |
| 98 | Consumer durables, manufactured.--......... | 4,068 | 872 | 979 | 1,106 | 1,112 | 1,000 | 1,222 | 1,114 | 984 | 1,006 | 1,023 | 1,047 | 1,127 | 1,255 | 1,020 |
| 99 | Consumer nondurables, manufactured.-........ | 2,960 | 648 | 705 | 852 | 753 | 761 | 832 | 914 | 708 | 718 | 746 | 783 | 828 | 846 | 794 |
| 100 | Unmanufactured consumer goods (gems, nursery stock) | 525 | 132 | 125 | 126 | 142 | 131 | 151 | 140 | 138 | 127 | 128 | 132 | 137 | 152 | 141 |
| 101 | Imports, n.e.s. (low value, goods returned, military aircraft, Government purchased uranium, movies, exhibits) | 1,399 | 308 | 343 | 376 | 372 | 382 | 404 | 392 | 342 | 338 | 371 | 346 | 425 | 398 | 384 |

$\tau$ Revised. D Preliminary. * Less than $\$ 500,000$.

1. Mainly net additions to or liquidations of U.S.owned grains stored in Canada, and
exports of electrical energy.
2. Mainly exports of exposed motion picture film for rental rather than sale, and exports to Panama Canal Zone.
3. Irregular and occasional adjustments; valuation adjustments for goods considered to be underpriced or overpriced in Census data; timing adjustments for goods recorded in Census data in one period but found to have been shipped in another; and coverage adjustments for
special situations in which shipments were omitted from Census data.
4. Correction for discrepancy between sum of four quarters, seasonally adjusted, and the Digitiznadjusted neeorded annual totals.
ttp://goxernmentsisoetherextent such exports are identifiable from census export with foreign
Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis

Table 5.-Major U.S. Government Transactions
[Millions of dollars]


[^18]5. Includes securities payable in U.S. dollars and in convertible foreign currencies. 6. Transactions under military sales contracts are those in which the Defense Department sells and transferes military goods and services to a foreign purchaser, on a cash or credit basis. The entries for the several categories of transactions related to military sales contracts in this and the other tables are partially estimated from incomplete data.
7. Consists of transfers of military goods and services financed by U.S. Government credits (included in hie B. 16 ) and or increases in Deense Deparment labilities (on military sales contracts) Which arise from advance payments to the Defense Department financed by credits to foreigners by Uisit Government agencies. ment credits and included in line B.11.
Note.--Details may not add to totals because of rounding.
Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

Table 6.-Direct Investments and Securities Transactions
[Millions of dollars]

| Line | (Credits+; debts-) | 1970 | 1970 |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | I | II | III | IV | $\mathbf{I}$ | II * | III ${ }^{\boldsymbol{p}}$ |
| 1 | U.S. direct inveatments abroad (table 2, line 39) - | -4,445 | -1,573 | -1,662 | -747 | -464 | -1,545 | -1,758 | -1,289 |
| 2 | Transactions with foreign incorporated affli tes. | -3,496 | -1,378 | -995 | -634 | -489 | -1,557 | -1, 119 | n.a. |
| 3 4 | Intercompany accounts: short-term ... | -690 -312 | $1-751$ -55 | -232 -141 | -232 12 | 525 -128 | -595 -510 | -703 -117 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { n.a. } \\ & \text { n.a. } \end{aligned}$ |
| 5 | Capital stock and other equity, net. | -2,311 | -493 | -561 | -389 | -868 | -232 | -301 | n.a. |
| 6 |  | -2, 619 | -508 | -599 | -452 | -1, 060 | -322 | -350 | n.a. |
| 7 | Decrease ${ }^{2}$ | 308 | 15 | 38 | 63 | 192 | 96 | 49 | n.a. |
| 8 | Miscellaneous ${ }^{3}$. | -184 | -79 | -62 | -25 | -18 | -20 | 2 | n.a. |
| 9 | Branch accounts. | -949 | -195 | -666 | -113 | 25 | -188 | -639 | n.a. |
|  | By tndustry of foreign affiliate: ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10 | Mining and smelting.-..... | - 388 | -60 | $-110$ | -41 | $-177$ | -85 | -114 | n.a. |
| 11 | Petroleum--... | $-1,588$ $-1,360$ | -408 -698 | -745 -409 | -268 -839 | -128 | -509 -584 | -896 | n.a. n.a. |
| 13 | Other_-...-... | -1,158 | $-407$ | -897 | -104 | -251 | - 873 | -386 | n.a. |
| 14 | Foreign direct investments in the U.S. (table 2, line 48) | 969 | 486 | 105 | 218 | 160 | 92 | -16 | -319 |
| 15 | Transactions with U.S. incorporated affiliates. | 933 | 490 | 113 | 191 | 139 | 104 | -15 | -305 |
| 16 | Intercompany accounts. | 191 | 53 | 43 | 53 | 42 | 63 | -13 | -436 |
| 17 | Capital stock and other equity, net | 742 | 437 | 70 | 138 | 97 | 41 | -2 | 130 |
| 18 | Increase ${ }^{1}-$ | 750 | 442 | 70 | 141 | 97 | 46 | 16 | 140 |
| 19 | Decrease ${ }^{2}$ | -8 | -5 | (*) | -3 | (*) | -5 | -18 | -10 |
| 20 | Branch accounts. | 36 | -4 | -8 | 27 | 21 | -12 | -1 | -14 |
| 21 | Of which: manu facturing affiliates 4 | 511 | 196 | 101 | 199 | 15 | 46 | 80 | 98 |
| 22 | Foreign securities, net U.S. purchases (-), balance of payments basis (table 2, line 40, or lines 27 +38 below) | -942 | -210 | 93 | -488 | -337 | -353 | -388 | -224 |
| 23 |  | 38 -67 | 87 | 9 | 5 | -69 | -82 | $-120$ | 8 -6 |
| 24 | less: recorded in line 1 as U.S. direct investments abroad...-...-......-.-.-. | -67 | -5 | -26 | -38 | -9 | $-11$ | -10 | $-5$ |
| 25 | plus: exchange of stock associated with direct investments in the United States. | -173 | -20 |  | -130 | -25 | --.- |  |  |
| 26 | plus: other adjustments....-.-..-. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 27 | Stocks, net, balance of payments basis | -68 | 72 | 35 | -92 | -83 | -71 | 110 | 7 |
| 28 | Newly issued in the Unitea States. | -145 | -15 |  | -130 |  |  | 8 | ..-- |
| 29 | of which: Canada_ | -15 | -15 |  |  |  |  | 8 |  |
| 30 | Other foreign stocks. | 77 | 87 | 35 | 38 | -83 | -71 | -102 | 7 |
| 31 | Canada-- | 108 | 56 | 27 | 30 | -5 | 29 | 57 | 19 |
| 32 | Western Europe | -20 | 48 | -7 | 5 | -66 | -44 | -26 | 29 |
| 33 | Japan. | 12 | 7 | 17 | -2 | -10 | -52 | -133 | -26 |
| 34 | Other. | -23 | -24 | -2 | 5 | -2 | -4 | (*) | -15 |
| 35 |  | -983 | - 598 | 20 | -356 | -259 | - 297 | -278 | -831 |
| 36 | less: recorded in line 1 as U.S. direct investments abroad | -59 | -57 | -98 | 41 | -5 | -15 |  |  |
| 37 | plus: other adjustments.-........... |  |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |
| 38 | Bonds, net, balance of payments basis. | -874 | -281 | 58 | -396 | -255 | -282 | -278 | -231 |
| 39 | Newly issued in t .e United States. | -1,311 | -418 | -99 | -476 | -318 | -460 | -436 | -368 |
| 40 | Canada.- | -760 | -314 | -58 | -241 | -148 | -181 | -302 | -153 |
| 41 | Latin America. | -117 | -8 | (*) | -15 | -94 | -5 | -20 | -10 |
| 42 | Other countries | -193 | -47 | (*) 41 | -28 | -76 | -62 | -114 | $-41$ |
| 43 | International | -241 | -49 | (*) | -192 |  | -212 |  | -164 |
| 44 | Redemptions of U.S.-held foreign bonds ${ }^{6}$ | 434 | 127 | 125 | 101 | 81 | 122 | 127 | 116 |
| 45 | Other transactions in outstanding bonds ${ }^{\circ}$. | 3 | 10 | (*) 32 | -21 | -18 | 56 | 31 | 20 |
| 46 | Canada--.-.-. | -55 | -10 | (*) | -14 | -31 | 15 | 30 | 33 |
| 47 | Western Europe ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 47 | 16 | 34 | -6 | 4 | 26 | -19 | -28 |
| 48 49 | Japan.- | 19 | 3 | 6 | 6 | 4 | -1 | -6 | 7 |
| 49 | Other. | -7 | 1 | -8 | -7 | 5 | 16 | 26 | 8 |
| 50 | U.S. securities other than Treasury issues, net foreign purchases ( + ), balance of payments basis (table 2, line 49, or lines $54+61$ below). | 2,190 | 304 | 374 | 720 | 792 | 559 | 196 | 564 |
| 51 |  | 685 | $-97$ | -139 | 881 | 472 | 73 | -6 | 231 |
| 52 | plus: exchange of stock associated with U.S. direct investments abroad. | 79 | 12 | 41 | 7 | 19 | 6 | 3 |  |
| 53 | plus: other adjustments ...-.....-----... | -5 | $-1$ | -2 | -2 |  |  |  |  |
| 54 | Stocks, net. balance of payments basis | 697 | $-86$ | -94 | 386 | 491 | 79 -16 | -3 | 231 |
| 55 | Canada ----..- | -8 | $-93$ | - ${ }^{2}$ | 8 | 76 | -16 | -35 | -3 |
| 56 57 | Western Europe ${ }^{\text {6 }}$ | 554 | -21 | -77 | 326 | 325 | 55 | $-15$ | 174 |
| 57 | Other. | 151 | 28 | -19 | 52 | 90 | 39 | 47 | 59 |
| 58 59 |  | 945 | 308 | 208 | 245 | 202 | 348 | -1 | 175 |
| 59 | plus: proceeds obtained by U.S. parents from securities issued by Netherlands Antilles finance subsidiaries. | 468 | 77 | 188 | 114 | 89 | 138 | 201 | 188 |
| $60 \cdot$ |  | 828 | 5 | 78 | $\rightarrow 5$ | 10 |  | -... | 20 |
| 61 |  | 1,493 | 390 | 468 | 334 | 301 | 481 | 200 | 333 |
| 62 | New issues sold abroad by U.S. corporations ${ }^{\text {? }}$ | 822 | 163 | 267 | 193 | 199 | 317 | 263 | 181 |
| 63 | of which denominated in: Dollars.......... | 611 | 127 | 238 | 136 | 110 | 300 | 200 | 132 |
| 64 |  | 54 |  |  | 27 | 27 |  | 55 |  |
| 6.5 | Nonguaranteed U.S. Government agency bonds, investments by Internationa land regional organizations | 324 | 94 | 94 | 86 | 50 | 128 | -49 | 27 |
| 66 |  | 347 | 133 | 107 | 55 | 52 | 36 | -14 | 126 |

${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. $\quad$ Less than $\$ 500,000( \pm)$. n.a. Not available.

1. Acquisition of capital stock of existing and newly established companies, capitalization of intercompany accounts, and other equity contributions.
2. Total and partial sales and liquidations of capital stock and other equity holdings.
3. Includes security issues placed with interests in the United States other than the parent, the amortization of these security issues, and verified transactions of non-reporters not classified by type of transaction.
4. Mining and smelting includes the exploration and development of mining properties, the extraction of raw ores and the processing necessary for basic refined metals. Petroleum includes the exploration, development, and production of crude oil and gas, and the transportation, refining and marketing of petroleum products exclusive of petrochemicals. Manu-
facturing excludes petroleum refining and the smelting operations of mining companies "Other" industries includes all industries except those previously listed, the major ones being agriculture, public utilities, transportation, trade, insurance, finance, and services 5. As published in Treasury Bulletin.
5. Redemptions measure scheduled retirements and identifiable premature retirements of U.S.-held fore ign debt securities. Unidentifiable nonscheduled retirements appear in line 45 of this table.
6. Securities newly issued by finance subsidiaries incorporated in the Netherlands Antilles are included to the extent that the proceeds are transfrered to U.S. parent companies.
Note.-Details may not add to totals because of rounding.
Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

Table 7.-Claims on Foreigners and Nonliquid Liabilities to Private Foreigners Reported by U.S. Banks and Nonbanking Concerns [Millions of dollars]

| Line | (Credits ( + ); increase in U.S. liabilities or decrease in U.S. assets. Debits ( - ); decrease in U.S. liabilities or increase in U.S. assets.) | 1970 | 1970 |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  | Amounts outstanding <br> Sept. 30, <br> 1971 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | I | II | III | IV | $\mathrm{I}^{\text {r }}$ | II ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | III p |  |
| A. | Claims reported by U.S. banks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | Long-term (table 2, line 41) | 183 | 24 | 49 | 22 | 88 | 31 | -174 | -212 | 3,430 |
| 2 | Short-term, nonliquid (table 2, line 42). | -1,015 | 13 | -461 | 275 | -842 | 102 | -364 | -527 | 10,363 |
| 3 | Payable in dollars | -923 | 4 | -457 | 280 | -750 | 32 | -371 | -519 | 10, 266 |
| 4 | By type: Loans. | 240 | -12 | -26 | 86 | 192 | 43 | -401 | -446 | 3, 855 |
| 5 | Acceptance credits. | -764 | 158 | $-243$ | 231 | -910 | -65 | 73 | -80 | 4, 040 |
| 6 | Collections outstanding | -399 | -142 | -188 | -37 | -32 | 54 | -43 | 7 | 2,371 |
| 7 | By area: | -51 | ${ }^{26}$ | -47 | 24 | -54 | -51 | -36 | 40 | 436 |
| 8 | Western Europe ${ }^{1}$ | 3 | -50 | 2 | 2 | 49 | -251 | $-210$ | 144 | 1,392 |
| 9 | Japan---.....-- | $-467$ | 142 | -221 | 179 | -567 | 404 | -33 | -399 | 3, 811 |
| 10 | Other.. | -408 | -114 | -191 | 75 | -178 | -70 | -92 | -304 | 4,627 |
| 11 | Payable in foreign currencies | -92 | 9 | -4 | -5 | $-92$ | 70 | , | -8 | 97 |
| 12 | Of which Canada..-- | -83 | 1 | 1 | -9 | -76 | 61 | 16 | -5 | 21 |
| 13 | Short-term, liquid (table 2, line 43). | -119 | 240 | -135 | -6 | -218 | 10 | 27 | -358 | 1,546 |
| 14 | Payable in dollars | -76 | 148 | -87 | 2 | -139 | $-7$ | 35 | -249 | 961 |
| 15 | Of which Canada. | -36 | 97 | -67 | 9 | -75 | 39 | 14 | -131 | 438 |
| 16 | Payable in foreign currencies. | -43 | 92 | -48 | -8 | -79 | 17 | -8 | -109 | 585 |
| 17 | By type: <br> Deposits | -40 | 52 | -14 | -51 | -27 | 27 | -9 | -107 | 481 |
| 18 | Foreign government obligations and commercial and finance paper. | -3 | 40 | -34 | 43 | -52 | -10 | , | -2 | 104 |
| 19 | By area: Canada | -87 | 50 | -50 | -15 | -72 |  | 21 | -28 | 231 |
| 20 | Other.- | 44 | 42 | 2 | 7 | -7 | (*) | -29 | $-81$ | 354 |
| B. | Claims reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | Long-term (table 2, line 44). | -577 | -381 | -13 | -129 | -54 | -32 | -9 | 19 | 3,190 |
| 2 | Short-term, nonliquid (table 2, line 45) | $-360$ | -54 | -42 | 17 | -281 | -62 | -157 | -180 | 3,643 |
| 3 | Reported by brokerage concerns. | -1 | 58 | 38 | -21 | -76 | -35 | 14 | -21 | 320 |
| 4 | Reported by others -.......-. | -359 | -112 | -80 | 98 | -205 | -27 -4 | $-171$ | $-159$ | 3, 323 |
| 5 6 | Payable in foreign currencies | 72 | +42 | -12 | 66 | -48 | -4 | -3 | n.a. | n.a. |
| 7 | Payable in dollars | -431 -39 | -154 -42 | -92 | -118 | ${ }_{-22}$ | ${ }_{-13}^{-23}$ | $\begin{array}{r}-168 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | n.a. | n.a. |
| 8 | United Kingdom | -64 | -20 | -15 | -40 | 11 | 7 | -12 | n.a. | n.a. |
| 9 | European Economic Community | -39 | -22 | -15 | 22 | -24 | -10 | $-16$ | n.a. | n.a. |
| 10 | Japan-- | -74 | -40 | $-11$ | -9 | $-14$ | - ${ }^{7}$ | -20 | n.a. | n.a. |
| 11 | other.. | -215 | -30 | -65 | -12 | -108 | ${ }^{*}$ ) | -125 | n.a. | n.a. |
| 12 | Short-term, liquid (table 2, line 46). | 361 | -3 | -99 | 61 | 402 | -351 | -17 | -88 | 1,612 |
| 13 | Payable in dollars. | 385 | -51 | -35 | 141 | 330 | -330 | 30 | -64 | 1,165 |
| 1415 | By type: Deposits (of major U.S. corporations only) | 357 | -26 |  | 150 |  |  |  | -43 |  |
|  | Other claims (of major U.S. corporations only) | 28 | -25 | 12 | -9 | 50 | $-14$ | -23 | -21 | 191 |
| 16 | By area- Canada | 145 | 203 | -32 | 7 | -33 | 52 | -12 | -101 | 339 |
| 17 | United Kingdom. | 287 | -207 | 60 | 92 | 342 | -333 | -90 | 114 | 481 |
| 18 | other-....... | -47 | -47 | -63 | 42 | 21 | -49 | -48 | -77 | 345 |
| 19 | Payable in foreign currencies. | -24 | 48 | -64 | -80 | 72 | -21 | -46 | -24 | 447 |
|  | By type: <br> Deposits | 11 | 25 | -15 | -66 | 67 | 3 | -70 | -38 |  |
| 21 | Other claims (of major U.S. corporations only) | -35 | 23 | -49 | -14 | 5 | -24 | 24 | 14 | 107 |
| $\stackrel{22}{23}$ | $B y$ area: <br> Canada |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Other... | 15 | 32 | $-35$ | -14 | 32 | $-13$ | -67 | $-11$ | 288 |
|  | Memorandum: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 24 25 | U.S. dollar deposits in Canadian Banks; <br> As reported by major U.S. corporations other than banks (included in line B.14).... <br> As reported in Canadian banking statistics_ | 122 84 | 163 57 | -30 | $\begin{array}{r}81 \\ -58 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | -42 47 | $4{ }_{46}^{40}$ | -18 81 | -85 -179 | ${ }_{75 \%}^{261}$ |
| C. | Nonliquid liabilities to private foreigners reported by U.S. banks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | Long-term (table 2, line 52) Of which International and regional organizations. $\qquad$ | 16 -102 | 7 2 | 19 -44 | 22 15 | -32 -75 | -152 -159 | -62 -73 | -77 -84 | 712 473 |
| D. | Nonliquid liabilities to private foreigners reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | Long-term (table 2, line 50) .............................. | 1,153 | 79 | 343 | 227 | 504 | 142 | 36 | -85 | 3,603 |
| 2 | Short-term (table 2, line 51)....... | 830 | 93 | 166 | 209 | 362 | $-256$ | $-70$ | 157 | 3,467 |
| 3 | Reported by brokerage concerns. | -85 | -66 | $-34$ | $-43$ | 58 | 162 | $-91$ | -87 | ${ }_{3}^{332}$ |
| 4 | Reported by others...-...-.... | 915 | 159 | 200 | 253 | 304 | -418 | 21 | 244 | 3,135 |
| 5 | Payable in foreign currencies. | -17 | -44 | 36 | 9 | -105 | $-15$ | -49 | n.a. | n.a. |
| 7 | Payable in dollars | 932 | 115 | 164 | 244 | 409 | -403 | -28 | n.a. | n.a. |
| 7 | Canada-........ | -2 | $-10$ | ${ }^{2}$ | ${ }^{5}$ | 1 | $-17$ | $-11$ | n.a. | n.a. |
| 9 | Western Europe ${ }^{1}$ | 702 | - 130 | 88 | 139 100 | 345 63 | -350 -36 | -25 8 | n.a. | n.a. |

[^19]Table 8.-U.S. Liquid Liabilities to All Foreigners, Nonliquid Liabilities to Foreign Official Reserve Agencies, and U.S. Official Reserve Assets, Net
[Millions of dollars]

| Line | (Credit ( + ): increase in U.S. liabilities or decrease in U.S. assets. Debit ( - ): decrease in U.S. liabilities or increase in U.S. assets.) | 1970 | 1970 |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  | Amounts outstanding <br> Sept. 30, 1971 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | I | II | III | IV | I ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | II ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | III ${ }^{p}$ |  |
| 1 | Liquid liabilities to all foreigners (table 2, lines 56, 57) | 1,377 | 1,072 | 408 | 836 | -989 | 2, 243 | 5,912 | 9,361 | 60,754 |
| 2 | Liquid liabilities to private foreigners (table 2, line 56). | -6, 242 | -1,692 | -131 | -1,213 | -3,206 | -2,534 | 124 | -2,121 | 18,084 |
| 3 | To foreign commercial banks. | -6, 507 | -1,683 | $-196$ | -1,145 | $-3,483$ | -2,885 | 71 | -1,905 | 12, 447 |
| 3a | Seasonally adjusted |  | $-1,868$ | -441 | -1,315 | -2,888 | -8,065 | -92 | -2,092 | --------- |
| 4 | To foreign branches of U.S. banks ${ }^{1}$ | -6,348 | $-1,291$ | $-157$ | -1,598 | -8,378 | -1,905 | 46 | $-1,680$ | 2,729 |
| 5 | To others- ----------------- | -164 | -992 | -39 | 378 | -111 | -980 | 25 | -275 | 9,718 |
| 6 | Demand deposits. | -4,383 | -2,042 | 115 | -677. | -1,779 | -3,908 | -896 | $-100$ | 7,472 |
| 7 | Time deposits ${ }^{2}$ - | -665 | -40 | -100 | 44 | -569 | -475 | -230 | 113 | 762 |
| 8 | U.S. Treasury bills and certificates 1 | -6 | 1 | 5 | $-3$ | -9 | -4 | 2,006 | -730 | 1,286 |
| 9 | Other obligations ${ }^{123}$ | -1,453 | 398 | -216 | -509 | $-1,126$ | 1,502 | -809 | -1,188 | 2,927 |
| 10 | To international and regional organizations. | 179 | 142 | -124 | 82 | 79 | 279 | 198 | 155 | 1,479 |
| 11 | Demand deposits | 7 | 24 | -3 | $-10$ | -4 | 4 | -13 | 32 | 92 |
| 12 | Time deposits ${ }^{2}$ | 72 | 48 | -11 | 15 | 20 | 8 | 66 | -21 | 212 |
| 13 | U.S. Treasury obligations: | -33 | 86 | -137 | -15 | 33 | 31 | -78 | -18 | 146 |
| 14 | Bonds and notes | -25 | (*) | 2 | -6 | -21 | 115 | 2 | 12 | 155 |
| 15 | Other obligations ${ }^{23}$ | 158 | -16 | 25 | 98 | 51 | 121 | 221 | 150 | 874 |
| 16 | To other private foreign residents and unallocated | 86 | -151 | 189 | -150 | 198 | 72 | -145 | -371 | 4,158 |
| 17 | Demand deposits | 24 | 57 | 2 | -116 | 81 | 38 | 34 | -183 | 1,577 |
| 18 | Time deposits ${ }^{2}$-...-- | -94 | -186 | 76 | -54. | 70 | -25 | -34 | -125 | 1,710 |
| 19 | U.S. Treasury obligations: | 24 | -18 | 32 | -7 | 17 | 4 | -49 | -1 | 85 |
| 20 | Bonds and notes.- | 110 | -53 | 60 | 31 | 72 | 33 | -25 | -58 | 515 |
| 21 | Other obligations ${ }^{2}{ }^{3}$ | 22 | 49 | 19 | -4 | -42 | 22 | -71 | -4 | 271 |
| 22 | Liquid liabilities to foreign official agencies (table 2, line 57) | 7,619 | 2,764 | 539 | 2,049 | 2,267 | 4,777 | 5,788 | 11,482 | 42,670 |
| 23 | To central banks and governments. | 8,072 | 2,773 | 539 | 2,472 | 2,288 | 4,784 | 5,799 | 11,486 | 42,126 |
| 24 | Demand deposits | -291 | -471 | -27 | -53 | 260 | -73 | -116 | -15 | 1,448 |
| 25 | Time deposits ${ }^{2}$ <br> U.S. Treasury obligations: | -384 | 461 | 63 | -35 | -873 | -310 | 8 | 128 | 2,380 |
| 26 | Bills and certificates..... | 9,456 | 2,145 | 977 | 3,121 | 3,213 | 4,801 | 2,201 | 7,496 | 28,013 |
| 27 | Payable in U.S. dollars. | 9,510 | 2,145 | 1,031 | 3,121 | 9,213 | 4,649 | 2,181 | 7,758 | 27,855 |
| 28 | Payable in foreign currencies | -54 |  | -54 |  |  | 258 | 80 | -262 | 158 |
| 29 | Bonds and notes, marketable. | -39 | $-3$ | 17 | 20 | -73 | -3 | 87 | 636 | 1,015 |
| 30 | Bonds and notes, nonmarketable, convertible | -126 | -126 | (*) | (*) | (*) | (*) | 3,023 | 2,602 | 6,054 |
| 31 | Payable in U.S. dollars...- |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3,000 | 2,000 | 5,000 |
| 32 | Payable in foreign currencies | $-126$ | $-126$ | (*) | (*) | (*) | (*) | 298 | 602 | 1,054 |
| 33 | Other obligations ${ }^{3}{ }^{3}$ - - - | -544 | 767 | -491 | -581 | -239 | 369 | 596 | 639 | 3,216 |
| 34 | To International Monetary Fund ${ }^{\text {4 }}$ | -453 | -9 |  | -423 | -21 | -7 | -11 | -4 | 544 |
| 35 | Nonliquid liabilities to foreign official reserve agencies (table 2, lines 53 and 54) | -275 | -413 | 508 | -238 | $-133$ | -204 | -164 | -176 | 3,220 |
| 36 | Reported by U.S. banks ${ }^{5}$ (table 2, line 53) | -810 | -154 | $-235$ | -233 | -188 | -202 | -160 | -173 | 160 |
| 37 | Reported by U.S. Government (table 2, line 54) | 535 | -259 | 743 | -5 | 55 | -2 | -4 | -3 | 3,060 |
| 38 39 | Nonconvertible U.S. Treasury securities issued: <br> To Italy in connection with military purchases in the U.S. | -111 | -14 | -89 | -3 | -5 |  |  | -1 | 23 |
| 40 | To Canada: <br> In connection with Columbia River power rights. | -30 | 300 | 800 |  | $\begin{array}{r}-30 \\ \hline 00\end{array}$ |  |  |  | [ $\begin{array}{r}24 \\ 2.265\end{array}$ |
| 42 | To Germany. | -542 | -542 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 542 |
| 43 | To other countries. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 167 |
| 44 | Export-Import Bank obligations. | -4 | -2 | (*) | -2 |  | -2 |  | -2 | 10 |
| 45 | U.S. Treasury obligations to Germany to be liquidated against U.S. claims. . | 32 |  | 32 |  |  |  | -4 |  | 28 |
| 46 | U.S. official reserve assets, net (table 2, line 58) | 2,477 | -386 | 1,022 | 801 | 1,040 | 145 | 838 | 1,373 | 12,131 |
| 47 | Gold (table 2, line 59) | 787 | -44 | 14 | 395 | 422 | 109 | 456 | 300 | 10,207 |
| 48 | SDR (table 2, line 60) | -851 | $-920$ | -37 | -34 | 140 | $-592$ | 196 | 150 | 1,097 |
| 49 | Convertible currencies (table 2, line 61) ....... | 2,152 | 831 | 818 | 34 | 469 | 373 | -66 | 72 | 250 |
| 50 | Gold tranche position in IMF (table 2, line 62) | 389 | -253 | 227 | 406 | 9 | 255 | 252 | 851 | 577 |

${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{r}$ Revised. * Less than $\$ 500,000( \pm)$.

1. Through April 1970 data for foreign branches of U.S. banks are estimates which were derived from weekly and daily flgures compiled by the Federal Reserve System. Beginning in May 1970 these data are reported monthly by U.S. banks and include custody items he id by rep orting banks on behalf of their own foreign branches. Included in the custody items are special Export-Import Dank and Treasury securities held for foreign branches. As of September 30, 1971, there were $\$ 1.1$ billion of these special Treasury securities outstanding. 2. With maturity of 1 year or less; negotiable certificates of deposit with a maturity of 1 year or less are included with "other obligations."
[^20]Table 9.-U.S. International
[Millions


[^21]Transactions, by Area
of dollars!


r Revised. $\quad{ }^{\circ}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{*}$ Less than $\$ 500,000$ ( $\pm$ )

1. Credits, + : Exports of goods and services; unilateral transfers to U.S.; capital inflows
(increase in U.S. liabilities or decrease in U.S. assets); decrease in U.S.
Debits, -: Imports of goods and services; unilateral transfers to foreigners; capital
outflows (decrease in U.S. liabilities or increase in U.S. assets); increase in U.S. official reserve assets.
2. Excludes transfers of goods and services under U.S. military grant programs
3. Excludes exports of goods under U.S. military agency sales contracts identified in Census export documents, and imports of goods included under direct defense expenditures identified

## Transactions, by Area-Continued


in Census import documents, and reflects various other balance-of-payments adjustments (for valuation, coverage, and timing) to Census statistics; see table 4.
. Exelate firms or of U.S
6. Includes transactions with shipping companies operating under the flags of Honduras, Liberia, and Panama.
7. Negative entry reflects repurchases of foreign obligations previously sold.

Note.-Details may not add to totals because of rounding.
Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

Table 10.-Summary of Known Current and Long-term Capital Transactions, by Area ${ }^{1}$
[Millions of dollars]

| Line | Receipts by foreign areas (-) | 1970 | 1970 |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | I | II | III | IV | I ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | II ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | III ${ }^{p}$ |
| 12345 | All areas, balances on: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Merchandise trade ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ | 2,110 | 659 | 1,003 | 160 | 288 | 425 | -843 | -1, 139 |
|  | Goods, services and remittances. | 3, 3182 | $\begin{array}{r}1,234 \\ \hline 913\end{array}$ | 1,300 | -291 -657 | 1,349 | 1,513 | 228 -140 | $-1,400$ $-1,795$ |
|  | Current account.- | 444 | 465 | 487 | -1,060 | 552 | , 732 | -670 | $-2,282$ |
|  | Current account and long-term capital ${ }^{3}$ | -3, 038 | -1,310 | -899 | -1,535 | 706 | $-1,256$ | $-3,615$ | -4,428 |
|  | United Kingdom, balances on: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6 | Merchandise trade ${ }^{2}$ | 302 | 43 | 128 | 71 | 60 | 134 | -120 | -141 |
| 8 | Goods and services. | -427 | -186 | -124 | $-220$ | 105 | 4 | -283 | $-333$ |
| 8 | Goods, services and remittances | --476 | -195 | -138 | -233 | 91 | -7 | -297 | -345 |
| 9 | Current account----...-- | -476 | -195 | -138 | -233 | 91 | -7 | -297 | -345 |
| 10 | Current account and long-term capital ${ }^{3}$ | 266 | -104 | -263 | 77 | 557 | -406 | -343 | -213 |
|  | European Economic Community, balances on: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11 | Merchandise trade ${ }^{2}$........-...------------- | 1,718 | 445 | 584 | 350 | 339 | 227 | 113 | -33 |
| 12 | Goods and services. | 518 | 316 | 234 | -82 | 50 | 113 | -210 | -616 |
| 13 | Goods, services and remittances. | 497 | 320 | 228 | -91 | 41 | 121 | -209 | -617 |
| 14 | Current account.-- | 497 | 320 | 228 | -91 | 41 | 121 | -209 | $-617$ |
| 15 | Current account and long-term capital ${ }^{3}$ | 532 | -321 | 360 | -85 | 579 | -257 | -591 | -949 |
|  | Other Western Europe, balances on: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16 | Merchandise trade ${ }^{2}$-..---------- | 879 | 281 | 233 | 150 | 215 | 248 | 122 | 10 |
| 17 | Goods and services | 107 | 153 | -30 | -177 | 161 | 216 | -114 | -348 |
| 18 | Goods, services and remittances | -112 | 106 | -87 | -236 | 105 | 162 | -179 | -412 |
| 19 | Current account---............----1- | -140 | 98 | -94 | -242 | 98 | 156 | -187 | -425 |
| 20 | Current account and long-term capital ${ }^{3}$ | 188 | 24 | 85 | -95 | 175 | 145 | -213 | -459 |
|  | Eastern Europe, balances on: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21 | Merchandise trade ${ }^{2}$. | 150 | 34 | 37 | 34 | 45 | 59 | 27 | 27 |
| 22 | Goods and services. | 160 | 41 | 38 | 32 | 49 | 65 | 26 | 21 |
| 23 | Goods, services and remittances. | 139 | 35 | 33 | 27 | 43 | 60 | 21 | 16 |
| 24 | Current account. | 130 | 35 | 32 | 24 | 39 | 59 | 17 | 16 |
| 25 | Current account and long-term capital ${ }^{3}$ | 136 | 37 | 27 | 36 | 37 | 61 | 8 | 20 |
|  | Canada, balances on: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 26 | Merchandise trade ${ }^{2}$ | -1,676 | -309 | -272 | -420 | -675 | -401 | -441 | -524 |
| 27 | Goods and services | -508 | 124 | 25 | -364 | -293 | 30 | -87 | -442 |
| 28 | Goods, services and remittances. | $-596$ | 113 | 3 | -397 | -315 | 11 | -115 | -484 |
| 29 | Current account.-.-.-.-.------ | $-596$ | 113 | 3 | -39? | -315 | 11 | -115 | -484 |
| 30 | Current account and long-term capital ${ }^{3}$ | -1,651 | -219 | $-183$ | -656 | -591 | -89 | -246 | -524 |
|  | Latin American Republics and Other Western Hemisphere, balances on : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 31 | Merchandise trade ${ }^{2}$ | 581 | -20 | 108 | 194 | 299 | 71 | 32 | 166 |
| 32 | Goods and services. | 1,988 | 263 | 560 | 536 | 628 | 356 | 500 | 486 |
| 33 | Goods, cervices and remittances | 1,728 | 197 | 493 | 476 | 560 | 291 | 432 | 424 |
| 34 | Current account.......... | 1,466 | 126 | 428 | 418 | 493 | 224 | 361 | 355 |
| 35 | Current account and long-term capital ${ }^{3}$ - | 199 | -202 | 23 | 54 | 326 | 204 | -79 | -68 |
|  | Japan. balances on: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 36 | Merchandise trade ${ }^{2}$ | -1, 246 | -162 | -280 | -454 | -350 | $-506$ | -875 | -744 |
| 37 | Goods and services- | -1,502 | -197 | -365 | -531 | -409 | -500 | -894 | -807 |
| 38 | Goods, services and remittances. | -1,545 | -207 | -376 | -542 | -419 | $-509$ | $-903$ | -820 |
| 39 40 | Current account -.-.--------.-.-....- | -1,545 | -207 | -376 -476 | -542 -515 | -419 -380 | -509 -694 | -903 $-1,208$ | -820 -1.376 |
| 40 | Current account and long-term capital | $-1,577$ | -207 | $-476$ | $-515$ | $-380$ | -694 | -1,208 | -1,376 |
|  | Australia, New Zealand, and South Africa, balances on: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 41 |  | 456 | 81 | 134 | 127 | 114 | 202 | 77 | 130 |
| 42 | Goods and services. | 1,106 | 235 | 271 | 314 | 288 | 317 | 232 | 245 |
| 43 | Goods, services and remittances. | 1, 083 | 230 | 265 | 309 | 281 | 311 | 227 | 239 |
| 44 45 | Current account | 1,083 | 230 | 265 | 309 | 281 | 311 | 227 | 239 |
| 45 | Current account and long-term capital ${ }^{3}$ | 768 | 118 | 160 | 231 | 260 | 208 | 59 | 148 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 46 | Merchandise trade ${ }^{2}$ | 946 | 266 | 331 | 108 | 241 | 391 | 222 | $-30$ |
| 47 | Goods and services.-..---.-.-.-. | 2, 382 | 550 | 769 | 338 | 725 | 944 | 971 | 522 |
| 48 | Goods, services and remittances. | 1,694 | 377 | 581 | 168 | 568 | 782 | 796 | 334 |
| 49 50 | Current account Current account and long-term capital | 411 $-1,472$ | 44 -455 | 270 -635 | -140 -312 | 237 -70 | - 450 | 379 | -6 |
|  | current account and long-term capita | -1, 472 | -455 | -635 | -312 | -70 | -124 | -685 | -411 |
|  | International organizations and unallocated, balances on: Merchandise trade ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 51 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 52 | Goods and services. | -231 | -64 | -75 | $-137$ | 44 | -31 | 87 | -127 |
| 53 | Goods, services and remittances. | -231 | -64 | -75 | -137 | 44 | -31 | 87 | -127 |
| 54 | Current account.- | -386 | -99 | -129 | -164 | 4 | -82 | 57 | -192 |
| 55 | Current account and long-term capital ${ }^{3}$ - | -544 | 14 | $-56$ | -276 | -229 | -308 | -332 | $-594$ |

## ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. $\quad r$ Revised.

1. Balance of payments by area on the net liquidity basis and the official reserve transactions basis lack validity because liquid dollar holdings of private and official foreigners may be affected not only by their transactions with the United states butalso by transaction tical discrepancies including errors, omissions, and incorrect area attributions

Balances are derived from lines in table 2 (all areas) and table 9 (individual areas) as follows Merchandise trade


Current account.......................................................... 1, 15, 29.
 55. (By area only part of line 52 is included.)

The balance on current account and long-term capital with "all areas" includes changes in long-term liabilities to all private foreigners reported by U.S. banks; with "international organizations' includes only liabilities to IB RD and affiliated organizations; and with other areas includes only liabilities to regional organizations. Increases in the long-term liabilities
to other private foreigners included in the total, but not in the areas, amounted to (millions

1970-I, 5; 1970-II, 63; 1970-III, 7; 1970-IV, 43; 1970 year, 118; 1971-I, 7; 1971-II, 11; 1971-III, 7.
2. Adjusted to balance of payments basis; excludes exports under U.S. military agency sales 3. Includes some short-term U.S. Government assets; area data exclude long-term liabilities reported by U.S. banks other than to international and regional organizations (see footnote 1).
4. Net purchases of gold by U.S. private residents from U.S. monetary gold stock.

Note.-Details may not add to totals because of rounding.
Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

## Revised Retail and Combined Business Inventories and Sales

REVISED monthly estimates of retail inventories and sales and of combined manufacturing and trade inventories and sales from January 1968 through December 1970 are shownin tables A and B. Data for 1971 are on pages S-5, $\mathrm{S}-11$, and $\mathrm{S}-12$ of this issue.

The Business Division of the Bureau of the Census has revised retail sales for the period beginning September 1970, incorporating a new sample design from the 1967 Census of Business and making other procedural changes. Additional information on the revision is shown in the Bureau of the Census Monthly Retail Trade Report for September 1971. The Office of Business Economics has carried the sales estimates on the revised basis back to January 1968 using the ratio of the new to old sales estimates for the overlap period September 1970 through

July 1971. Overlap ratios were calculated and applied for each kind of business separately. The full amount of the overlap ratio was applied to the previously published series for August 1970 and decreasing amounts for each month back to January 1968.

The sales overlap ratios and similar statistical procedures were used by OBE to revise the retail inventory estimates to bring them into conformity with the revised retail sales. Before application of the ratios, the inventory series were adjusted to benchmark data (old sample) from the 1970 Bureau of Census Annual Retail Trade Report.
Seasonal adjustment factors for both retail inventories and sales were updated. Total manufacturing and trade inventories and sales and the inventory sales ratios have been revised to reflect these changes.

Manufacturing and Trade and Retail Stocks/Sales Ratios

|  | Manufacturing and trade | Retail |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Durable | Nondurable |
| 1968: |  |  |  |  |
| January.. | 1.56 | 1.46 | 2.03 | 1.19 |
| February.- | 1.56 | 1.44 | 2.00 | 1.18 |
| March... | 1.55 | 1.41 | 1.95 | 1.16 |
| April. | 1.56 | 1.44 | 2.01 | 1.17 |
| May. | 1. 56 | 1.44 | 2.00 | 1.17 |
| June | 1. 55 | 1.43 | 2.01 | 1.16 |
| July | 1. 53 | 1.42 | 1.98 | 1.15 |
| August | 1. 57 | 1.42 | 1. 96 | 1.15 |
| September | 1. 54 | 1.42 | 1.97 | 1.15 |
| October | 1.54 | 1.43 | 1.97 | 1.17 |
| November. | 1. 54 | 1.43 | 1. 99 | 1.16 |
| December. | 1. 56 | 1.45 | 2.01 | 1.18 |
| 1969: |  |  |  |  |
| January. | 1. 56 | 1. 44 | 2.02 | 1.16 |
| February. | 1. 56 | 1. 44 | 1. 99 | 1.17 |
| March. | 1.56 | 1.46 | 2.04 | 1.17 |
| April. | 1. 56 | 1.44 | 2.02 | 1.17 |
| May-. | 1. 56 | 1.45 | 2.00 | 1.18 |
| June. | 1. 56 | 1.46 | 2.03 | 1.19 |
| July.. | 1.57 | 1.48 | 2.10 | 1.19 |
| August | 1. 56 | 1.47 | 2.10 | 1.18 |
| September | 1. 56 | 1.48 | 2.09 | 1. 19 |
| October | 1. 56 | 1.49 | 2.13 | 1. 18 |
| November | 1. 58 | 1. 49 | 2.15 | 1.19 |
| December. | 1. 59 | 1.50 | 2.15 | 1. 20 |
| 1970: |  |  |  |  |
| January. | 1. 59 | 1.49 | 2.19 | 1.18 |
| February | 1. 58 | 1.47 | 2.15 | 1.17 |
| March. | 1. 59 | 1.47 | 2.16 | 1.17 |
| April | 1. 61 | 1.47 | 2.14 | 1.17 |
| May. | 1. 58 | 1.46 | 2.13 | 1. 16 |
| June | 1. 58 | 1.47 | 2.15 | 1. 17 |
| July | 1. 59 | 1. 47 | 2.15 | 1.17 |
| August | 1. 59 | 1.48 | 2.17. | 1.17 |
| September | 1. 60 | 1.47 | 2.17 | 1.16 |
| October | 1. 63 | 1. 46 | 2.18 | 1.16 |
| November. | 1. 66 | 1.47 | 2.25 | 1.17 |
| December. | 1. 62 | 1.47 | 2.23 | 1.15 |

Table A.-Manufacturing and Trade and Retail Inventories
[Millions of dollars]

|  | Unadjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Manu-factur- <br> ing and trade | Retail trade total | Durable goods stores total | Auto-motive group | Furniture and appliance group | $\begin{gathered} \text { Lum- } \\ \text { ber } \\ \text { build- } \\ \text { ing } \\ \text { ma- } \\ \text { terials } \\ \text { hard- } \\ \text { ware } \\ \text { group } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Non- } \\ \text { du- } \\ \text { rable } \\ \text { goods } \\ \text { stores } \\ \text { total } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Ap- } \\ \text { parel } \\ \text { group } \end{gathered}$ | Food group | Gen- eral mer- chan- dise group with non- stores | De-partment stores | Manu-factur- <br> ing and trade | Retail trade total | Durable goods stores total | $\begin{gathered} \text { Auto- } \\ \text { mo- } \\ \text { tive } \\ \text { group } \end{gathered}$ | Furniture and appliance group | Lumber building materials hardware group | Non- du- rable goods Stores total | Apparel group | Food group |  | De-partment stores |
| 1968: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 144, 914 | 38, 349 | 17,484 | 7,844 | 2, 814 | 2,631 | 20,865 | 3,738 | 4,214 | 7,532 | 4,347 | 145,762 | 39,484 | 17,555 | 7,660 | 2,919 | 2,682 | 21, 929 | 4,076 | 4,252 | 8, 155 | 4,756 |
| February | 146, 506 | 39,213 | 17,995 | 8, 199 | 2,898 | 2,639 | 21, 218 | 3,919 | 4,238 | 7,775 | 4,529 | 146,458 | 39, 644 | 17, 718 | 7,779 | 2,978 | 2,668 | 21,926 | 4,074 | 4,281 | 8,215 | 4, 823 |
| March | 148,041 | 40, 268 | 18,362 | 8, 412 | 2,958 | 2,707 | 21,906 | 4,072 | 4,286 | 8,125 | 4,787 | 146, 919 | 39, 701 | 17,702 | 7,811 | 2,985 | 2,659 | 21, 999 | 4,080 | 4,277 | 8,246 | 4,850 |
| April | 149, 779 | 41, 035 | 18,942 | 8, 799 | 3, 042 | 2, 766 | 22, 093 | 4,100 | 4,322 | 8,275 | 4,840 | 148, 173 | 40, 115 | 18, 066 | 8,087 | 3,006 | 2,685 | 22, 049 | 4,092 | 4,313 | 8, 301 | 4,859 |
| May | 150, 822 | 41, 295 | 19, 226 | 9,070 | 3,049 | 2,743 | 22,069 | 4,015 | 4,338 | 8,281 | 4, 839 | 149, 491 | 40,658 | 18,401 | 8, 367 | 3,034 | 2,671 | 22,257 | 4,072 | 4,347 | 8,381 | 4,908 |
| June | 150, 498 | 40, 843 | 19, 110 | 8, 989 | 3, 040 | 2,703 | 21,733 | 3,928 | 4,304 | 8,186 | 4,727 | 150, 265 | 40,637 | 18, 457 | 8, 385 | 3,031 | 2, 663 | 22, 180 | 4,087 | 4,321 | 8,436 | 4,914 |
| July. | 149, 848 | 40, 655 | 18,818 | 8,794 | 3,051 | 2, 728 | 21, 837 | 4.015 | 4, 257 | 8, 323 | 4,833 | 150, 699 | 40, 863 | 18, 535 | 8,472 | 3,066 | 2,731 | 22, 328 | 4,156 | 4,313 | 8,526 | 4,972 |
| August. | 150, 090 | 39,756 | 17,433 | 7,336 | 3,047 | 2,681 | 22, 323 | 4,217 | 4,281 | 8,495 | 4,942 | 151, 703 | 40,988 | 18, 572 | 8,501 | 3,059 | 2,708 | 22, 416 | 4,138 | 4, 359 | 8, 519 | 4,962 |
| Septembe | 150, 821 | 40, 180 | 17, 133 | 7,122 | 3,077 | 2,693 | 23,047 | 4, 460 | 4,352 | 8, 834 | 5,072 | 152, 439 | 41, 053 | 18, 524 | 8,507 | 3,059 | 2,717 | 22, 529 | 4, 208 | 4,383 | 8,471 | 4,854 |
| October- | 153,931 | 42,353 | 18, 134 | 7,896 | 3, 163 | 2,702 | 24, 219 | 4,589 | 4,525 | 9,579 | 5, 595 | 153, 681 | 41,773 | 18,924 | 8, 783 | 3,080 | 2,727 | 22,849 | 4,269 | 4,441 | 8, 646 | 5,004 |
| November | 155, 686 | 43,422 | 18,747 | 8, 441 | 3, 183 | 2,676 | 24, 675 | 4,596 | 4, 624 | 9,802 | 5,759 | 154, 394 | 41, 883 | 19, 056 | 8,951 | 3,037 | 2,687 | 22, 827 | 4,201 | 4,472 | 8, 703 | 5,034 |
| December. | 153, 956 | 40,970 | 18,715 | 8,765 | 3,055 | 2, 671 | 22,255 | 4,014 | 4,485 | 8,226 | 4,822 | 155, 238 | 41,973 | 19,167 | 8,926 | 3,117 | 2,751 | 22, 806 | 4,177 | 4,449 | 8,753 | 5,124 |
| 1969: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 155,052 | 41, 198 | 19,481 | 9,392 | 3,048 | 2,715 | 21, 717 | 3,895 | 4,521 | 7,926 | 4,630 | 155,980 | 42,342 | 19,524 | 9, 190 | 3,159 | 2,765 | 22, 818 | 4,238 | 4,567 | 8,578 | 5,060 |
| March.. | 157, 115 | 42, 204 | 19,804 | 9, 576 | 3, 051 | 2,795 | 22,400 | 4,157 | 4,493 | 8,353 | 4,879 | 157, 097 | 42, 640 | 19,483 | 9, 129 | 3,126 | 2,820 | 23, 157 | 4,326 | 4,538 | 8,830 | 5,196 |
| April | 160, 794 | 43,855 | 20, 531 | 9,934 | 3,188 | 2,813 | 23, 324 | 4,336 4,364 | 4,583 | 8,687 8.892 | 5, 505 | 158,152 159,026 | 42,867 | 19,536 19,560 | 9, 9,147 | 3,182 | 2, 817 2,825 | 23, ${ }^{23,188}$ | 4,349 | 4,573 | 8,836 8,938 | 5,150 |
| May | 161, 435 | 43, 577 | 20,140 | 9, 629 | 3,144 | 2, 880 | 23,437 | 4,343 | 4,642 | 9,006 | 5,229 | 159,993 | 42,953 | 19,293 | 8,899 | 3,131 | 2,807 | 23, 660 | 4,409 | 4,647 | 9,114 | 5,303 |
| June | 161, 123 | 43, 530 | 20,185 | 9,720 | 3,112 | 2,848 | 23, 345 | 4,275 | 4,651 | 8,915 | 5, 140 | 160, 853 | 43, 321 | 19,482 | 0, 050 | 3,109 | 2,809 | 23, 839 | 4,439 | 4,670 | 9,187 | 5,343 |
| July | 160, 911 | 43, 405 | 19,859 | 9, 401 | 3,159 | 2,772 | 23, 546 | 4,319 | 4,651 | 9,059 | 5,263 | 161, 749 | 43, 614 | 19,572 | 9,066 | 3,178 | 2,769 | 24,042 | 4,453 | 4,703 | 9,256 | 5,398 |
| August | 160, 834 | 42, 713 | 18, 594 | 8,008 | 3, 199 | 2,750 | 24, 119 | 4,610 | 4,654 | 9, 271 | 5,402 | 162,520 | 44, 001 | 19,813 | 9, 236 | 3,212 | 2, 778 | 24, 188 | 4,524 | 4,730 | 9,282 | 5,413 |
| September | 162,324 | 43, 986 | 19, 100 | 8, 521 | 3,226 | 2,726 | 24, 856 | 4, 739 | 4,718 | 9,731 | 5,675 | 163, 648 | 44, 459 | 20, 170 | 9, 574 | 3,210 | 2,754 | 24, 289 | 4,475 | 4,751 | 9,313 | 5,420 |
| October | 165, 011 | 45, 526 | 19,645 | 8,913 | 3,325 | 2,708 | 25,881 | 4,777 | 4,841 | 10, 426 | 6, 125 | 164, 858 | 44,947 | 20, 529 | 9,881 | 3,241 | 2,741 | 24,418 | 4,456 | 4,755 | 9,416 | 5,488 |
| November | 166, 775 | 46, 707 | 20,208 | 9, 333 | 3,437 | 2,702 | 26,499 | 4, 885 | 4,952 | 10,618 | 6, 281 | 165, 447 | 45, 065 | 20,559 | 9,897 | 3,283 | 2,718 | 24, 506 | 4,469 | 4,789 | 9,431 | 5,495 |
| December | 165, 049 | 44, 294 | 20,166 | 9,669 | 3,259 | 2, 643 | 24, 128 | 4,342 | 4,888 | 8,993 | 5,209 | 166, 412 | 45, 376 | 20,647 | 9, 866 | 3,315 | 2,719 | 24, 729 | 4,518 | 4,849 | 9,567 | 5,541 |
| 1970: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January_ | 165, 536 | 43,785 | 20,204 | 9,703 | 3,185 | 2,632 | 23,581 | 4,166 | 4,756 | 8,877 | 5,086 | 166,686 | 45,079 | 20,272 | 9,531 | 3,301 | 2,680 | 24,807 | 4,533 | 4,814 | 9,608 | 5,558 |
| February | 167, 569 | 44, 701 | 20,667 | 9, 899 | 3,236 | 2, 629 | 24,034 | 4,288 | 4,812 | 9, 104 | 5, 221 | 167, 688 | 45,211 | 20,367 | 9, 482 | 3,312 | 2, 650 | 24, 844 | 4,462 | 4,861 | 9,626 | 5,560 |
| March. | 169,163 | 45, 881 | 21, 182 | 10,240 | 3,303 | 2,690 | 24,699 | 4, 433 | 4,879 | 9,474 | 5,499 | 168,019 | 45,263 | 20,404 | 9,543 | 3,326 | 2,635 | 24,859 | 4,446 | 4,879 | 6,656 | 5,583 |
| April. | 171, 060 | 46, 562 | 21, 500 | 10,435 | 3,371 | 2,718 | 25,062 | 4,488 4 4 | 4,917 | 9, 909 | 5,531 | 169, 164 | 45,555 | 20,492 | 9, 918 | 3,331 | 2, 636 | 25,063 | 4,485 | 4,917 | 9, 668 | 5,570 |
| May. | 170,544 | 46,090 | 21, 390 | 10,491 | 3,323 | 2, 669 | 24, 700 | 4,409 | 4,932 | 9,459 | 5, 435 | 169,010 | 45,465 | 20,507 | 9,714 | 3,316 | 2, 604 | 24, 958 | 4,481 | 4,937 | 9,568 | 5,507 |
| June | 170,329 | 46, 290 | 21,595 | 10,662 | 3,354 | 2,674 | 24, 695 | 4, 4 4,30 | 4,951 | 9,462 9,462 | 5,435 5,410 | 169,929 | 46, 4 4, 4 | 20,825 | 9,909 | 3,354 | 2, 637 | 25, 218 | 4,481 | 4,971 | 9,750 | 5,624 |
| July | 170, 237 | 46,342 | 21, 450 | 10,541 | 3,354 | 2,669 | 24,892 | 4,336 | 4,983 | 9,690 | 5,559 | 171, 121 | 46,547 | 21, 144 | 10, 175 | 3,378 | 2,666 | 25,403 | 4,465 | 5,033 | 9,890 | 5, 696 |
| August --- | 169,827 | 45,502 | 20,071 | 9,097 | 3,371 | 2, 655 | 25, 431 | 4,527 | 4,971 | 9,944 | 5, 715 | 171, 682 | 46, 930 | 21, 428 | 10, 444 | 3,385 | 2,685 | 25,502 | 4,443 | 5,052 | 9,951 | 5, 726 |
| September | 170, 573 | 46, 286 | 20, 122 | 9,098 | 3, 413 | 2, 671 | 26,164 | 4,686 | 4,986 | 10,477 | 6,089 | 172,238 | 46,973 | 21,443 | 10, 398 | 3,399 | 2,701 | 25,530 | 4,425 | 5,021 | 10,027 | 5,768 |
| October | 172, 810 | 47,037 | 19,745 | 8, 527 | 3, 520 | 2, 663 | 27, 292 | 4,771 | 5, 183 | 11, 153 | 6,435 | 172, 588 | 46, 303 | 20,562 | 9, 433 | 3,431 | 2,698 | 25, 741 | 4,455 | 5,091 | 10, 071 | 5,766 |
| November | 174, 881 | 47, 990 | 19,711 | 8.8279 | 3, 574 | 2, 682 | 28, 279 | 4,964 | 5,406 | 11, 476 | 6, 653 | 173, 374 | 46, 113 | 19, 965 | 8, 770 | 3,410 | 2,701 | 26, 148 | 4,546 | 5,228 | 10,194 | 5.821 |
| December | 172, 222 | 45,465 | 20,014 | 8,832 | 3,396 | 2, 733 | 25, 4.51 | 4,297 | 5,235 | 9, 553 | 5,429 | 173,635 | 46,555 | 20,490 | 9, 021 | 3,451 | 2,809 | 26,065 | 4,467 | 5, 188 | 10,163 | 5,776 |

Table B.-Manufacturing and Trade and Retail Sales
[Millions of dollars]

|  | Retail trade, total | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Dura- } \\ \text { ble } \\ \text { goods } \\ \text { sotres, } \\ \text { total } \end{array}$ | Automotive |  |  | Furniture and appliance group | Lumber, building materials, hardware group |  |  | Non durable goods stores total | Apparel group | Food group | Generalmer-chan-diseinclud-ingnon-stores | Department stores | Eating and drinking places | Gasoline service stations | Drug and proprietarystores | Liquor stores |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total |  | Tire, battery, accessories dealers |  | Total | Lumberyards building materials dealers | Hardware stores |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



| 1968: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| January | 93, 212 | 27, 123 | 8,643 | 5,099 | 4,716 | 383 | 1,347 | 1,077 | 857 | 220 | 18,480 | 1,527 | 5,911 | 4,285 | 2, 582 | 2, 056 | 1,982 | 934 | 557 |
| February | 93, 718 | 27,487 | 8, 863 | 5,232 | 4,856 | 376 | 1,349 | 1,146 | 902 | 244 | 18,624 | 1,544 | 5,953 | 4,339 | 2,621 | 2, 085 | 1,995 | 937 | 555 |
| March. | 94,793 | 28,096 | 9,085 | $5,3,3$ | 4,991 | 382 | 1,368 | 1,165 | 904 | 261 | 19,011 | 1, 666 | 6,035 | 4,446 | 2,690 | 2, 121 | 2,031 | 929 | 580 |
| April | 94,845 | 27, 845 | 8,975 | 5,246 | 4,873 | 373 | 1,351 | 1,174 | 916 | 258 | 18, 870 | 1,538 | 6,124 | 4, 352 | 2,635 | 2,126 | 2,044 | 946 | 565 |
| May | 96, 135 | 28, 209 | 9,178 | 5,475 | 5,091 | 384 | 1,363 | 1,162 | 901 | 261 | 19,031 | 1,576 | 6,152 | 4,414 | 2, 676 | 2,112 | 2,047 | 963 | 583 |
| June | 97, 166 | 28, 326 | 9, 162 | 5,442 | 5, 053 | 389 | 1,378 | 1,180 | 918 | 262 | 19,164 | 1,586 | 6,205 | 4,459 | 2, 714 | 2,125 | 2,0.39 | 968 | 574 |
| July | 98, 484 | 28,843 | 9, 376 | 5,533 | 5,141 | 392 | 1,426 | 1,199 | 929 | 270 | 19,467 | 1,629 | 6,255 | 4,647 | 2, 834 | 2,134 | 2,076 | 978 | 581 |
| August | 96, 575 | 28,924 | 9,495 | 5,603 | 5,200 | 403 | 1,480 | 1,207 | 939 | 268 | 19,429 | 1,624 | 6,257 | 4,561 | 2,789 | 2,171 | 2,094 | 980 | 585 |
| September | 98,967 | 28,934 | 9, 401 | 5,540 | 5,142 | 398 | 1,426 | 1,212 | 941 | 271 | 19,533 | 1,711 | 6,272 | 4,538 | 2,768 | 2,176 | 2,088 | 979 | 595 |
| October | 99,633 | 29,129 | 9,599 | 5,727 | 5,326 | 401 | 1,415 | 1,232 | 958 | 274 | 19,530 | 1, 617 | 6, 280 | 4,595 | 2,785 | 2,179 | 2,093 | 981 | 604 |
| November. | 100,354 | 29,259 | 9,579 | 5,672 | 5,259 | 413 | 1,411 | 1,221 | 935 | 286 | 19, 680 | 1,645 | 6,337 | 4,693 | 2,886 | 2,175 | 2,101 | 960 | 608 |
| December- | 99,378 | 28,931 | 9,526 | 5,650 | 5,265 | 385 | 1,400 | 1,230 | 956 | 274 | 19,405 | 1,568 | 6,270 | 4,538 | 2,842 | 2,163 | 2,125 | 994 | 571 |
| 1969: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January. | -99, 937 | 29,384 | 9, 688 | 5,712 | 5,286 | 426 | 1,427 | 1,272 | 989 | 283 | 19,698 | 1,638 | 6,392 | 4,564 | 2, 839 | 2,179 | 2,136 | 988 | 625 |
| February | 100, 999 | 29,616 | 9,777 | 5,731 | 5,284 | 447 | 1,450 | 1,315 | 1,026 | 289 | 19,839 | 1, 665 | 6,458 | 4,627 | 2,876 | 2,189 | 2, 136 | 984 | 610 |
| March | 101, 6,2 | 29,321 | 9, 580 | 5,636 | 5,209 | 427 | 1,433 | 1,281 | , 994 | 287 | 19,741 | 1, 625 | 6, 4, 0 | 4, 630 | 2,881 | 2,182 | 2, 152 | 986 | 604 |
| April. | 102, 172 | 29, 483 | 9,682 | 5, 642 | 5, 205 | 437 | 1,446 | 1,283 | 989 | 294 | 20,001 | 1,693 | 6,392 | 4,776 | 2,967 | 2,212 | 2,152 | 996 | 615 |
| May | 102, 777 | 29,717 | 9,646 | 5,643 | 5,213 | 430 | 1,456 | 1,257 | 974 | 283 | 20,071 | 1,649 | 6,480 | 4,746 | 2,944 | 2,237 | 2,159 | 1,020 | 610 |
| June | 103, 213 | 29, 557 | 9, 616 | 5,622 | 5,191 | 431 | 1,475 | 1,264 | 981 | 283 | 20,041 | 1,632 | 6,437 | 4,766 | 2,939 | 2,264 | 2,148 | 1,011 | 621 |
| July - | 103,034 | 29,552 | 9,324 | 5,473 | 5, 043 | 430 | 1,432 | 1,228 | 947 | 281 | 20,228 | 1,653 | 6,535 | 4,856 | 3,014 | 2,236 | 2,143 | 1,024 | 623 |
| August | 104, 285 | 29,841 | 9,428 | 5, 624 | 5, 098 | 426 | 1,428 | 1,229 | 948 | 281 | 20,413 | 1,681 | 6,609 | 4,886 | 3,031 | 2,244 | 2,162 | 1,040 | 631 |
| Septembe | 105, 123 | 30,058 | 9, 670 | 5,797 | 5,373 | 424 | 1,428 | 1,226 | 956 | 270 | 20,388 | 1, 656 | 6, 617 | 4,850 | 2,995 | 2,271 | 2,166 | 1,046 | 619 |
| October | 105, 729 | 30,262 | 9,656 | 5,775 | 5, 343 | 432 | 1,434 | 1,223 | 950 | 273 | 20,60j | 1,677 | 6, 704 | 4,899 | 2,998 | 2,305 | 2,183 | 1,040 | 621 |
| November | 104, 870 | 30, 197 | 9, 568 | 5,704 | 5, 278 | 426 | 1,418 | 1,225 | 954 | 271 | 20,629 | 1,648 | 6,679 | 4,908 | 3,012 | 2,335 | 2,168 | 1,045 | 620 |
| December | 104, 379 | 30,268 | 9,585 | 5,598 | 5,192 | 406 | 1,482 | 1,229 | 952 | 277 | 20,683 | 1,670 | 6,719 | 4,900 | 3,031 | 2,317 | 2,218 | 1,045 | 601 |
| 1970: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 104,904 | 30,334 | 9,269 | 5,300 | 4, 860 | 440 | 1,517 | 1,210 | 941 | 269 | 21,065 | 1,600 | 6,952 | 4,954 | 3,034 | 2,358 | 2,257 | 1,072 | 642 |
| February | 105, 870 | 30,669 | 9,473 | 5, 503 | 5,055 | 448 | 1,473 | 1,233 | 967 | 266 | 21, 196 | 1,679 | 6,946 | 4,955 | 3,029 | 2,404 | 2,278 | 1,076 | 638 |
| March | 105, 657 | 30,695 | 9,443 | 5,479 | 5,027 | 452 | 1,478 | 1,219 | 960 | 259 | 21, 252 | 1,607 | 7,010 | 4,969 | 3,045 | 2,420 | 2,285 | 1, 095 | 651 |
| April. | 104, 807 | 31, 005 | 9,554 | 5, 574 | 5, 109 | 465 | 1,484 | 1,209 | 952 | 257 | 21,451 | 1, 662 | 7,035 | 5,003 | 3,066 | ?. 440 | 2,310 | 1, 100 | 673 |
| May | 106, 758 | 31, 198 | 9,642 | 5, 554 | 5,085 | 469 | 1,488 | 1,266 | 980 | 286 | 21,556 | 1,643 | 7,086 | 5,044 | 3,077 | $\stackrel{-467}{ }$ | 2,329 | 1,089 | 663 |
| June | 107, 389 | 31,293 | 9, 700 | 5, 616 | 5, 170 | 446 | 1,457 | 1,266 | 968 | 298 | 21, 593 | 1,658 | 7,141 | 4,966 | 3,046 | 2,495 | 2,338 | 1,102 | 666 |
| July | 107, 626 | 31, 601 | 9,837 | 5, 695 | 5,227 | 468 | 1,472 | 1,279 | 993 | 286 | 21,764 | 1,649 | 7,160 | 5,048 | 3, 094 | 2,487 | 2,362 | 1,112 | 671 |
| August | 108, 052 | 31,710 | 9,897 | 5,715 | 5,244 | 471 | 1,478 | 1,302 | 1,016 | 286 | 21, 813 | 1,665 | 7,206 | 5, 032 | 3, 053 | 2, 519 | 2, 285 | 1,126 | 698 |
| September. | 107, 738 | 31,951 | 9,872 | 5,679 | 5,184 | 495 | 1,462 | 1,328 | 1,036 | 292 | 22,079 | 1,612 | 7,427 | 5, 152 | 3,071 | 2, 516 | 2, 322 | 1, 148 | 689 |
| October | 105, 610 | 31, 621 | 9,418 | 5,189 | 4,723 | 466 | 1,489 | 1,314 | 1,028 | 286 | 22, 203 | 1,661 | 7,228 | 5,325 | 3,186 | 2, 521 | 2,383 | 1,150 | 672 |
| November | 104, 485 | 31,282 | 8,858 | 4,679 | 4,183 | 496 | 1,482 | 1,333 | 1,056 | 277 | 22, 424 | 1,683 | 7,390 | 5,327 | 3, 167 | 2, 522 | 2,410 | 1,143 | 681 |
| December. | 106,943 | 31, 761 | 9,185 | 4,967 | 4,512 | 455 | 1,479 | 1,352 | 1, 079 | 273 | 22, 576 | 1,681 | 7,553 | 5,249 | 3,230 | 2,525 | 2,443 | 1,151 | 646 |

## CURRENT BUSINESS STATISTICS

 of Current Business. That volume (price $\$ 3.00$ ) provides a description of each series, references to sources of earlier figures, and historical data as follows: For all series, monthly or quarterly, 1965 through 1968 (1958-68 for major quarterly series), annually, 1939-68; for selected series, monthly or quarterly, 1947-68 (where available). Series added or significantly revised after the 1969 Business Statistics went to pressare indicated by an asterisk ( ${ }^{*}$ ) and a dagger ( $\dagger$ ), respectively; certain revisions for 1968 issued too late for inclusion in the 1969 volume appear in the monthly Survey beginning with the September 1969 issue. Also, unless otherwise noted, revised monthly data for periods not shown herein corresponding to revised annual data are available upon request.

The sources of the data are given in the 1969 edition of Business Statistics; they appear in the main descriptive note for each series, and are also listed alphabetically on pages 189-90. Statistics originating in Government agencies are not copyrighted and may be reprinted freely. Data from private sources are provided through the courtesy of the compilers, and are subject to their copyrights.

| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1968 | 1969 | 1970 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1971 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual total |  |  | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III |
|  |  |  |  | Seasonally adjusted quarterly totals at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS—Quarterly Series

| NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT Gross national product, total $\dagger$...............bil. $\$ .$. | 864.2 | 929.1 | 974.1 | 875.2 | 890.2 | 906. 4 | 921.8 | 940.2 | 948.0 | 956.0 | 968.5 | 983.5 | 988.4 | 1,020.8 | 1, 043.1 | 1,060.8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Personal consumption expenditures, total....do....- | 536.2 | 579.6 | 615.8 | 544.0 | 552.5 | 564.3 | 575.8 | 584.1 | 594.2 | 604.0 | 613.8 | 620.9 | 624.7 | 644.6 | 660.9 | 672.5 |
| Durable goods, total $\rho$ $\qquad$ do.... Automobiles and parts. $\qquad$ do. | 84.0 37.5 | 89.9 40.4 | 88.6 37.1 | 86.3 38.9 | 87.0 39.0 | 89.5 40.1 | 90.6 39.9 3 | 89.4 40.4 | 90.3 41.0 | 88.6 37.8 | 90.7 39.1 | 90.4 38.8 | 84.9 32.7 | 97.6 44.1 | 100.8 45.7 | 104.7 49.2 |
| Furniture and household equipment......do.....- | 34.3 | 36.3 | 37.4 | 35.1 | 35.0 | 35.6 | 37.0 | 36.2 | 36.2 | 37.3 | 37.6 | 37.0 | 37.6 | 39.5 | 40.4 | 40.6 |
|  | 230.8 | 247.6 | 264.7 | 233.6 | 236.9 | 241.5 | 246.4 | 249.4 | 253.1 | 259.4 | 262.9 | 265.5 | 270.9 | 272.0 | 279.8 | 282.0 |
| Clothing and shoes......-.-..............-d | 46.3 | 50.3 | 52.6 | 47. 4 | 47.7 | 48.5 | 50.6 | 51.0 | 51.1 | 51.6 | 52.1 | 52.4 | 54.2 | 54.9 | 57.0 | 57.3 |
| Food and beverages. | 115.3 | 122.5 | 131.8 | 116.5 | 117.9 | 120.4 | 121.9 | 122.9 | 124.8 | 128.9 | 131.4 | 132.4 | 134.3 | 135.1 | 138.2 | 139.2 |
|  | 19.0 | 21.1 | 22.9 | 19.2 | 19.4 | 20.2 | 20.8 | 21.5 | 21.9 | 22.5 | 22.6 | 22.9 | 23.5 | 23.8 | 24.3 | 25.0 |
|  | 221.3 | 242.1 | 262.5 | 224.1 | ${ }^{228.6}$ | ${ }^{233.4}$ | 238.9 | 245.2 | 250.8 | 256.1 | 260.2 | 265.0 | 268.9 | 275.0 | 280.4 | 285.7 |
| Household operation....-.-.-.-........-. -do | 31.2 | 33.7 | 36.1 | 31.5 | 32.1 | 32.8 | 33.0 | ${ }^{34.1}$ | 35.0 | 35.1 | 35.7 | 36.7 | 36. 9 | 37.7 |  | 39.7 |
|  | 77.3 15.5 | 84.0 16.5 | 91.2 17.9 | 77.8 15.7 | 79.7 15.8 | 816.4 | 83.0 16.4 | 84.7 16.6 | 86.9 16.8 | 88.7 17.5 | 90.3 17.6 | 91.8 18.1 | 94.1 18.3 | 96.4 18.6 | 98.6 18.9 | 100.7 19.1 |
| Gross private domestic investment, total....-do...- | 126.0 | 137.8 | 135.3 | 126.2 | 130.7 | 134.3 | 137.0 | 141.8 | 138.0 | 131.2 | 134.1 | 138.6 | 137.3 | 143.8 | 152.4 | 153.6 |
| Fixed investment.............................. do | 118.9 | 130.4 | 132.5 | 118.5 | 122.6 | 127.6 | 130.2 | 131.4 | 132.3 | 130.8 | 132.1 | 133.5 | 133.6 | 140.6 | 1167 | 152.5 |
|  | 88.8 | 98.6 | 102.1 | 88.8 | 91.2 | 95.0 | 96.6 | 100.7 | 102.2 | 100.8 | 102. 1 | 104.8 | 100.8 | 104.3 | 107.0 | 109.3 |
|  | 30.3 | 34.5 | 36.8 | ${ }^{30.0}$ | 31.2 | 33.1 | ${ }^{33 .} 0$ | 36. 0 | 36.0 | ${ }^{364} 1$ | ${ }^{36.6}$ | 37.3 | 37.1 | 37.9 | 38.2 | 39.1 |
| Producers' durable equipment.........-do | 58.5 | ${ }^{64.1}$ | 65.4 | 58.8 | ${ }^{60.1}$ | ${ }^{61.8}$ | ${ }^{63.6}$ | 64.7 | 66.2 | 64.7 | 65.6 | 67.5 | 63.7 | 66.3 | 68.8 | 70.1 |
| Residential structures......................do | 30.1 | ${ }^{31.8}$ | 30.4 | 29.7 | 31.4 | 32.7 | 33.6 | 30.7 | 30.1 | 30.0 | 29.9 | 28.7 | 32.8 | 36. 4 | 39.7 | 43.3 |
|  | 29.5 | 31.2 | 29.7 | 29.2 | 30, 8 | 32.1 | 33.1 | 30.1 | 29.5 | 29.4 | 29.3 | 28.1 | 32.2 | 35.7 | 39.1 | 42.7 |
| Change in business inventories.............d. do | 7.1 | 7.4 | 2.8 | 7.7 | 8.1 | 6.6 | 6.8 | 10.4 | 5.7 | .4 | 2.1 | 5. 1 | 3.7 | 3.2 | 5.7 | 1.1 |
|  | 6.9 | 7.3 | 2.5 | 7.5 | 8.1 | 6.5 | 6.7 | 10.3 | 5.5 | . 1 | 1.8 | 4.7 | 3.3 | 3.0 | 5.2 | . 3 |
| Net exports of goods and services...-.........-do | 2.5 | 2.0 | 3.6 | 3.4 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 3.5 | 4.2 | 4.0 | 2.7 | 4.2 | $-.5$ | 5 |
|  | 50.6 | 55.6 | 62.9 | 53.1 | 50.8 | 48.0 | 56.9 | 58.3 | 59.2 | ${ }^{61.5}$ | 63.2 | 63.7 | 63.2 | 66.1 | 66.4 | 68.9 |
| Imporis | 48.1 | 53.6 | 59.3 | 49.7 | 49.5 | 46.6 | 55.7 | 55.5 | 56.6 | 58.0 | 59.0 | 59.7 | 60.5 | 61.9 | 66.9 | 68.4 |
| Govt. purchases of goods and services, total.. do. | 199.6 | 209.7 | 219.4 | 201.6 | 205.7 | 206. 5 | 207.8 | 211.5 | 213.0 | 217.3 | 216.5 | 220.1 | 223.7 | 228.2 | 230.2 | 234.2 |
|  | 98.8 | 99. 2 | 97.2 | 99.8 | 100.6 | 99.2 | 97.7 | 100.3 | 99.5 | 100.2 | 96.8 | 96. 1 | 95.9 | 96. 7 | 95.7 | 97.4 |
| National defens | 78.3 | 78.4 | 75.4 | 79.1 | 79.4 | 78.3 | 77.5 | 79.4 | 78.4 | 78.9 | 75.1 | 74.2 | 73.2 | 73.0 | 71.8 | 70.8 |
|  | 100.8 | 110.6 | 122.2 | 101.8 | 105. 1 | 107. 3 | 110.1 | 111.2 | 113.5 | 117.1 | 119.7 | 124.0 | 127.9 | 131.5 | 134.5 | 136.8 |
| By major type of product: $\dagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 955.6 | 966.5 | 978.4 | 984.7 |  |  |  |
|  | 422.4 | ${ }_{449.9}^{921.7}$ | ${ }_{465.5}{ }^{\text {a }}$ | ${ }_{428.9}$ | 433.1 | ${ }_{441.3} 89.8$ | 447.7 | ${ }_{452.3}^{929.8}$ | ${ }_{458.3}$ | ${ }_{461.5}$ | ${ }_{466.6}^{966.5}$ | ${ }_{469.8}$ | 464.0 | +,480.0 | 1, 488.9 | $1,059.7$ 500.2 |
|  | 169.6 | 180.9 | 180.8 | 172.4 | 174.0 | 179.1 | 179.6 | 181.3 | 183.4 | 181.5 | 183.7 | 184.9 | 173.1 | 188.0 | 191.5 | 198.0 |
| Nondurable goods.........................-do | 252.9 | 269.0 | 284.7 | 256.5 | 259.1 | 262.2 | 268.0 | 271.0 | 274.9 | 279.9 | 282.9 | 284.9 | 290.9 | 292.0 | 297.4 | 302.2 |
|  | 346. 6 | 377.4 | 410.3 | 351.4 | 357.6 | 364. 0 | 371.9 | 383.0 | 390.6 | 400.8 | 406.2 | 413.7 | 420.6 | 432.3 | 439.8 | 446.1 |
| Structures | 88.1 | 94.4 | 95.5 | 87.2 | 91.4 | 94.5 | 95.3 | 94.5 | 93.4 | 93.4 | 93.7 | 94.9 | 100.1 | 105.2 | 108.6 | 113.4 |
| Change in business inventories-.---.-.-.-.-do | 7.1 | 7.4 | 2.8 | 7.7 | 8.1 | 6.6 | 6.8 | 10.4 | 5.7 |  | 2.1 | 5.1 | 3.7 | 3.2 | 5.7 | 1.1 |
|  | 4.9 | 4.5 | $-{ }^{-6}$ | 4.5 | 6.0 | 3.8 | 4.7 | 6.5 | 3.0 | -1.8 | -2.0 | 4.7 | -3.4 | 3.8 | 2.7 | $-.5$ |
| Nondurable goods...-...-.................do.... | 2.1 | 2.9 | 3.4 | 3.1 | 2.1 | 2.8 | 2.1 | 4.0 | 2.8 | 2.2 | 4.0 | . 4 | 7.1 | . 6 | 3.0 | 1.6 |
| GNP in constant (1958) dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 706.6 | 724.7 | 720.0 | 712.3 | 716. 5 | 721.4 | 724.2 | 727.8 | 725. 2 | 719.8 | 721.1 | 723.3 | 715.9 | 729.7 | 738.4 | 745.5 |
| Personal consumption expenditures, total....do | 452.7 | 469.3 | 475. 9 | 457.7 | 460.2 | 465.7 | 469.0 | 469.9 | 472.6 | 474.4 | 477.1 | 477.9 | 474.2 | 484.8 | 492.3 | 496.5 |
| Durable goods.....-........................-do | 81.3 | 84.8 | 81.4 | 83.4 | 83.3 | 85.2 | 85.6 | 84.0 | 84.4 | 82.3 | 83.8 | 82.8 | 76.6 | 86.7 | 89.2 | 92.0 |
| Nondurable goods | 197.1 | 202.7 | 207.3 | 198.6 | 199.4 | 201. 6 | 202.8 | 203.0 | 203.4 | 205.7 | 206.5 | 207.3 | 209.7 | 209.2 | 213.2 | 213.2 |
| Services. | 174.4 | 181.8 | 187.2 | 175.8 | 177.5 | 178.9 | 180.6 | 182.9 | 184. 8 | 186.4 | 186.8 | 187.9 | 187.9 | 188.8 | 190.0 | 191.3 |
| Gross private domestic investment, total.....do.... | 105.2 | 109.6 | 102.2 | 104. 9 | 107. 7 | 108.4 | 109.4 | 112.4 | 108.2 | 101.0 | 102.7 | 104.0 | 101.2 | 104.7 | 109.9 | 109.0 |
|  | 98.8 | 103.2 | 99.9 | 97.9 | 100.3 | 102.8 | 103.5 | 103.2 | 103.3 | 100.7 | 100.7 | 100.1 | 98.1 | 102.1 | 105.0 | 107.6 |
| Nonresidential | 75.6 | 80.1 | 78.6 | 75.3 | 76. 6 | 78.6 | 79.1 | 81.1 | 81.7 | 79.3 | 79.4 | 80.1 | 75.5 | 77.5 | 78.7 | 79.2 |
|  | 23.2 | 23.1 | 21.3 | 22.6 | 23.7 | 24.1 | 24.4 | 22.1 | 21.6 | 21.4 | 21.3 | 20.0 | 22.6 | 24.6 | 26.4 | 28.5 |
|  | 6.4 | 6.4 | 2.3 | 7.0 | 7.4 | 5.7 | 5.8 | 9.2 | 4.9 | .3 | 2.0 | 3.9 | 3.1 | 2.6 | 4.9 | 1.3 |
| Net exports of goods and services...........-- - do...- | . 0 | . 1 | 2.4 | 1.6 | -. 3 | -. 5 | . 3 | . 6 | . 6 | . 7 | 2.6 | 3.2 | 2.1 | 2.6 | -1.0 | . 5 |
| Govt. purchases of goods and services, total. -do | 147.7 | 145.6 | 139.4 | 148.0 | 149.0 | 147.8 | 146.1 | 144.8 | 143.8 | 142.6 | 138.7 | 138.2 | 138.3 | 137.6 | 137.1 | 139.5 |
|  | 78.1 | 73.8 | 65.4 74.0 | 78.4 69.7 | 78.1 70.9 | 76.3 71.4 | 73.9 72.1 | 73.2 71.6 | 71.6 | 69.4 73.2 | 65.3 73.4 | 63.8 74.3 | 63.2 75.2 | 61.5 76.1 | 60.5 76.6 | 62.5 77.0 |
| $\rightarrow$ Revised. $\quad$ Preliminary. $\dagger$ Revised series. Es and personal income have been revised back to 1967 | $\begin{gathered} \text { nates } \\ \text { p. } 13 \end{gathered}$ | tione | come | nd prod Surv |  | revisio of Inc | s prior ludes da | May 19 a not | 70 for per own sep | sonal ine | me ap | on | $2 \mathrm{ff} .$ | the Jul |  | urver. |


| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as ghown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1968 | 1969 | 1970 | 1969 |  |  |  | 1970 |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  | 1972 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual total |  |  | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I |

## GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS—Quarterly Series-Continued

NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT-Con. Quarterly Data Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates National income, totalt .-..................................

Compensation of employees, total.
Wages and salaries, total.
Private .-do..-. Wages and
Private
Military
Governm

Government civilian
Supplements to wages and salaries.
Proprietors' income, total 8
Business and professional
Farm .-....-........................
Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjust-
By broad industry groups:
Financial institutions.
 Manufacturing, total
Nondurable goods industries Nondurable goods industri
Durable goods industries Durable goods industries..............doAll other

Corporate profits before tax, total Corporate profits tax liability .-do. Corporate profits after tax. Undistributed profits
Inventory valuation adjustment Net interest................................................... do DISPOSITION OF PERSONAL INCOME $\dagger$ Quarterly Data Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates

Less: Personal tax and nontax payments......do.
Equals: Disposable personal income
Less: Personal outlays $\oplus$.
Equals: Personal saving $\qquad$ NEW PLANT AND EQUIPMENT
Unadjusted quarterly or annual totals: $\ddagger$
All industries.-


Nonmanufacturing . Mining
Air transportation
Other transportation
Public utilities.
Electric
Gas and other $\qquad$

Seas. adj. qtrly. totals at annual rates: $\ddagger$
Manufacturing
Durable goods industries 1.
Nonmanufacturing. Mining
Air transportation
Other transportation
Public utilities.
Gas and other
Communication
Comnıercial and other.......................................
U.S. BALANCE OF INTERNATIONAL PAYMENTS ${ }^{\circ}$
Quarterly Data Are Seasonally Adjusted (Credits +; debits -)
Exports of goods and services (excl. transfers under

Transfers under U.S. military agency sales con-
Receipts of income on U.S. investments Other services

Imports of goods and services.
Merchandise, adjusted, excl. military
Direct defense expenditures. ..................... do
Payments of income on foreign investments in the


r Revised. $\quad$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ Estimates (corrected for systematic biases) for Oct. Dec. 1971 and Jan.-Mar. 1972 based on expected capital expenditures of business. Expected ex penditures for the year 1971 appear on p. 18 of the Dec. 1971 SURVEY. ${ }^{2}$ Includes com justment t Revised series; explanation of revisions and annual and quarterly data back to 1947 appear on pp. 25 ff . of the Jan. 1970 SURVEY; see also pp. 19 ff. of the Feb. 1970

Survey. $\oplus$ Personal outlays comprise personal consumption expenditures, interest paid by consumers, and personal transfer payments to foreigners. §Personal saving is excess of disposable income over personal outlays.
Data for individual durable and nondurable goods industries components appear in the as well as revised quarterly data back to 1966, appear on Revised; more complete derail,

| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notesareasshown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1968 | 1969 | 1970 | 1968 |  | 1969 |  |  |  | 1970 |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual total |  |  | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III ${ }^{\text {D }}$ |

GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS—Quarterly Series—Continued


## GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS-Monthly Series

| PERSONAL INCOME, HY SOURCE $\dagger$ <br> Seasonally adjusted, at annual rates: $\dagger$ Total personal income bil. \$. | 750.3 | 803.6 | 813.6 | 815. 7 | 820.9 | 830.0 | 833.2 | 839.7 | 844.4 | 850.0 | 870.1 | 859.2 | 867.6 | 871.6 | -872. 5 | 876.0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wage and salary disbursements, total...-do | 509.6 | 541.4 | 544.2 | 545.9 | 551.5 | 559.2 | 561.5 | 566.1 | 569.0 | 573.3 | 574.8 | 574.7 | 580.9 | 581.4 | - 583.0 | 586.1 |
| Commodity-producing industries, total.do | 197.4 | 200.7 | 196.6 | 196.6 | 202.1 | 202.8 | 202.5 | 204.3 | 205.4 | 207.1 | 207.5 | 206.2 | 206.5 | 207.9 | - 208.7 | 209.7 |
|  | 157.6 | 158.3 | 153.8 | 153.2 | 158.4 | 159.4 | 159.2 | 160.2 | 160.6 | 162.0 | 162.4 | 161.4 | 161.4 | 162.4 | - 163.3 | 163.8 |
| Distributive industries....-.-.-. .-. .-. - do | 120.0 | 129.1 | 131.9 | 132.2 | 131.4 | 134.2 | 135.4 | 136.8 | 137.6 | 138.7 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 140.5 | 141.0 | r 141.2 | 141.4 |
| Service industries. .-...................... do | 88.1 | 96.7 | 98.8 | 99.8 | 100.4 | 101.9 | 102.4 | 103.3 | 103.9 | 105.0 | 105.7 | 106.3 | 107.4 | 107.7 | 108.1 | 108.6 |
|  | 104.1 | 114.8 | 116.8 | 117.3 | 117.7 | 120.3 | 121.2 | 121. 6 | 122.1 | 122.6 | 123.0 | 123.6 | 126.6 | 124.7 | 124.9 | 126.4 |
|  | 28.2 | 30.8 | 31.7 | 32.0 | 32.2 | 32.4 | 32.6 | 32.8 | 33.1 | 33.4 | 33.7 | 33.9 | 34.1 | 34.3 | 34.4 | 34.6 |
| Proprietors' income: | 50.3 | 51.0 | 51.5 | 51.4 | 51.5 | 51.2 | 51.1 | 51.3 | 51.4 | 51.5 | 81.6 | 51.7 | 51.8 | 51.9 | 52.0 | 52.1 |
|  | 16.8 | 15.8 | 14.2 | 14.5 | 14.6 | 14.7 | 14.8 | 14.9 | 15.1 | 15. 2 | 15.3 | 16.1 | 17.0 | 17.8 | r 17.7 | 17.6 |
| Rental income of persons.....- ...-----..-do | 22.6 | 23.3 | 23.5 | 23.7 | 23.8 | 23.9 | 23.5 | 24.0 | 24.1 | 24.2 | 24.3 | 24. 4 | 24.5 | 24.5 | 24.5 | 24.6 |
|  | 24.4 | 25.0 | 25.4 | 25.5 | 23.9 | 25.6 | 25.7 | 25.5 | 25.5 | 25.6 | 25.2 | 25.6 | 25.7 | 25.7 | 25.7 | 25.7 |
| Personal interest income................-. do | 58.8 | 64.7 | 66.5 | 66.7 | 66.8 | 66.9 | 67.0 | 67.0 | 67.3 | 67.5 | 67.5 | 68.1 | 68.7 | 69.5 | 69.5 | 69.6 |
| Transfer payments..--...................... | 65.9 | 79.6 | 84.7 | 84.5 | 85.1 | 86.8 | 87.8 | 89.1 | 89.8 | 90.5 | 109.0 | 96.2 | 96.5 | 97.9 | - 97.4 | 97.6 |
| Less personal contributions for social insurance $\begin{gathered}\text { bil. } \$ . .\end{gathered}$ | 26.3 | 28.0 | 28.2 | 28.3 | 28.6 | 30.7 | 30.8 | 31.1 | 31.1 | 31.3 | 31.4 | 31.5 | 31.7 | 31.7 | 31.8 | 31.8 |
| Total nonagricultural income................. do | 727.7 | 781.4 | 792.5 | 795.0 | 800.5 | 808.7 | 811.6 | 818.0 | 822.5 | 827.9 | 848.0 | 836.4 | 843.9 | 846.9 | r 848.1 | 851.7 |
| FARMINCOME AND MARKETINGS $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash recelpts from farming, including Government payments, totalt. $\qquad$ | 51,911 | 52,948 | 5,847 | 5, 183 | 4,233 | 4,283 | 3,406 | 3,557 | 3,493 | 3,443 | 3,763 | 6,146 | 4,590 | 4,821 | 6, 174 |  |
| Farm marketings and CCC loans, total ... do | 48, 117 | 49,231 | 5,750 | 5,153 | 4,201 | 4,242 | 3,383 | 3,543 | 3,418 | 3,428 | 3,744 | 3,986 | 4,234 | 4,765 | 6, 102 | 6, 200 |
|  | 19,527 | 19, 636 | 2,965 | 2,884 | 1,999 | 1,929 | 1,113 | 1,082 | 976 | 952 | 1,246 | 1,609 | 1,713 | 2,129 | 3,286 | 3, 600 |
| Livestock and products, total $\%$....-.-...do | 28,590 | 29,595 | 2,785 | 2,269 | 2,202 | 2,313 | 2,270 | 2,461 | 2, 442 | 2,476 | 2, 498 | 2,377 | 2,521 | 2,636 | 2,816 | 2, 600 |
|  | 6,206 | 6, 523 | 542 | 519 | 556 | 562 | 525 | -587 | ${ }^{2} 581$ | ${ }^{2} 618$ | 585 | 568 | 539 | 544 | 560 | . 529 |
|  | 17,639 | 18,497 | 1,852 | 1,374 | 1,267 | 1,400 | 1,434 | 1,539 | 1,527 | 1,521 | 1,558 | 1,443 | 1,598 | 1,722 | 1,889 | 1,724 |
|  | 4,426 | 4,303 | 374 | 360 | 354 | 327 | 286 | 313 | 308 | 310 | 334 | 348 | 367 | 354 | 351 | 347 |
| Inderes of cash receipts from marketings and CCC loans, unadjusted:- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All commoditles $\odot . .$. | 113 | 115 | 162 | 145 | 118 | 119 | 95 72 | 100 70 | 96 64 | 96 62 | 105 81 | 112 | 119 | 134 139 | 172 214 | 173 |
|  | 118 | 122 | 138 | 112 | 109 | 114 | 112 | 122 | 121 | 122 | 124 | 118 | 125 | 130 | 139 | 129 |
| Indexes of volume of farm marketings, unadjusted: $\ddagger$ All commoditles $\odot$ $\qquad$ $1967=100$. | 105 | 104 | 148 | 137 | 117 | 122 | 83 | 85 | 81 | 81 | 91 | 101 | 106 | 120 | 153 | 158 |
|  | 110 | 103 | 181 | 183 | 135 | 145 | 67 | 58 | 48 | 47 | 68 | 100 | 105 | 131 | 201 | 224 |
|  | 101 | 104 | 122 | 103 | 103 | 104 | 95 | 106 | 106 | 107 | 109 | 102 | 107 | 111 | 117 | 108 |
| INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION or |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Federal Reserve Board Index of Quantity Output |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | P 110.7 | p 106.7 | 106. 5 | 103.1 | 102.0 | 103.2 | 106. 1 | 106.0 | 106.5 | 107.3 | 109.7 | 102.1 | r 105.5 | \% 109.8 | 109.1 | 107.2 |
| By market groupings: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | D 109.0 | D 104.4 | 104. 5 | 100. 2 | 98.9 | 101.0 | 103. 4 | 103.0 | 102.9 | 102.7 | 107.2 | 101.6 | - 105.6 | +110.1 | r 108.8 | 105.6 |
|  | ${ }^{p} 111.1$ | ${ }^{\square} 110.3$ | 115.6 | 107.2 | 105.4 | 110.3 | 113.2 | 112.9 | 113.6 | 113.5 | 119.3 | 111.9 | 118.4 | - 123.2 | -121.5 | 116.6 |
| Automotive products....-...-.-......... do | ${ }^{p} 117.4$ | - 99.9 | 83.7 | 80.1 | 100.0 | 115.6 | 125. 1 | 125.3 | 121.9 | 127.2 | 130.5 | 94.9 | 102. 0 | + 128.6 | r 1135.3 | 127.9 |
| Home goods and clothing..............do | ${ }^{p} 108.8$ | P 104.7 | 110.3 | 103.0 | 94.0 | 99.1 | 104.9 | 105.9 | 106.9 | 106.9 | 110.6 | 100.2 | r 109.3 | r 112.7 | -114.8 | 111. 7 |
|  | ${ }^{p} 106.1$ | -96.2 | 91.9 | 90.4 | 89.8 | 88.1 | 89.6 | 89.1 | 88.0 | 87.6 | 90.4 | 87.1 | r 87.6 | -91.7 | 91.0 | 90.3 |
|  | ${ }^{p} 112.4$ | p107.8 | 105.8 | 103.7 | 104. 1 | 105.4 | 108. 3 | 108.4 | 109.0 | 110.8 | 110.9 | 99.2 | +102. 3 | + 107.0 | +107.0 | 100.8 |
| By industry groupings: <br> Manufacturing | p 110.5 | D 105.2 | 104. 7 | 101.2 | 99.7 | 100.9 | 104.3 | 104. 4 | 105.0 | 1060 | 108.3 | 99.7 | -103. 1 | +107.8 | 108.6 | 106. 6 |
|  | ${ }^{p} 110.0$ | p 101.5 | 97.6 | 94.6 | 95.9 | 96.8 | 100.2 | 100.6 | 100.4 | 101. 7 | 102.7 | 93.2 | -93.6 | r 100.4 | r 101.8 | 100.5 |
| Nondurable manufactures.-.-.-.-...................- | - 111.1 | ${ }^{p} 110.6$ | 115.0 | 110.7 | 105.2 | 106.8 | 110.2 | 104.8 | 111.7 | 112.1 | 116.3 | 109.2 | r 116.8 | - 118.5 | 118.5 | 115.5 |
| Mining and utilities......-.-.................d. do. | P 112.7 | - 118.0 | 120.7 | 117.5 | 119.5 | 120.6 | 119.7 | 119.4 | 1i7.9 | 117.0 | 120.7 | 121.9 | + 124.2 | - 123.8 | -113.7 | 113.4 |

Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{8}$ See note " $\sigma$ " on p. S-2. ${ }^{\text {tSeecorresponding note on } \mathrm{p} . \text { S-1 }}$
tSeries revised beginning 1967; monthly data prior to May 1970 are shown in the Farm
ncome 10 a Digitized pefiods will be shown later. ६Includes data for items not shown separately. ofeffec-

| Unices otherwise stated in footnotes below，data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 － | 1970 － | 1970 |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct． | Nov． | Dec． | Jan． | Feb． | Mar． | Apr． | May | June | July | Aug | Sept． | Oct． | Nov．${ }^{\text {P }}$ |

## GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS—Continued

## INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION $\sigma^{\text {or－Continued }}$ Federal Reserve Index of Quantity Output－Con．



Intermediate products
Construction products $\qquad$
$\qquad$
Construction products
Misc．intermediate products．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． do－．．
do－． Durable goods materials o Consumer durable parts．
 Fuel and power，industrial．．

By industry groupings：$\sigma^{7}$
Manufacturing，total．．．
 Primary metals． Iron and steel．
Nonferrous metals． Nonferrous metals
Fabricated metal products
Machinery and allied goods $\%$ Machinery－－．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． Electrical machinery．．．

Transportation equipment
Motor vehicles and parts Motor vehicles and parts．．．．．．．．
Aerospace and misc．trans．eq．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．

Lumber，clay，and glass． Lumber and products．－．．．．．．．．．．．． do．－
do． Furniture and miscellaneous do． Furniture and fixtures－－．．．

Nondurable manufactures． Textiles，apparel，and leat Apparel products
Paper and printing Printing and products．
 Chemicals，petroleum，and rubber．．． Chemicals and products．．．－－．．．－．－．－ Petroleum products．－－－1－．－．．．．．．．．．．．．

Foods and tobacco．
Foods．
$\qquad$ ining and utilities

Utilities $\qquad$

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  asommor |  －Wo ONNH | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 気に気 } \\ & \text { Noc } \end{aligned}$ | N |  |  | G気家家 かんなのー | 匂客家 |  |  | $\stackrel{\text {－}}{\substack{- \\ \hline}}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  <br>  | 官气莫 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 定受 } \\ & \text { No } \end{aligned}$ | ？ $\infty \infty \omega$ |  |  | ت ＋owe |  |  －$\infty$ wond |  <br>  |  | － |  |  |  |  |  | 気象家家 | $\stackrel{-}{6}$ |
| $000$ |  croveromiso |  | 氝気気 ONCN |  |  |  | 事会 O 000 | － $\omega \infty \infty$ | － erocerco | 犮家家象象象 いめがいいつか |  <br> Nosのがい |  | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & \stackrel{\infty}{\infty} \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | SOOTO <br> CNW |  vNoーか | 気気気第 Henor |  |  |  | \％ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Wen } \\ & \text { Wo } \\ & \text { Wo } \end{aligned}$ |  <br> $\rightarrow+c o s a r a s$ |  |  |  |  <br> ○力 000 |  |  |  | \％\％\％\％ vNOA |  |  $\infty$ occocos |  | $\stackrel{\infty}{\leftrightarrows}$ | जै enoos | ب <br>  | ぞだった名 －crown | 気佘荌 onos |  $\omega \infty$ |  | － |
| Weyty is er is |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { E-G它 } \\ & \text { inos } \end{aligned}$ |  rowno | isinco | 우우욱 $0 \infty 0 \mathrm{c}$ | ＂엉ㅇㅇㅇ o ocer | Gosic やかめか |  | にだった电象 <br>  | E气に気 | $\stackrel{\infty}{\stackrel{\infty}{*}}$ |  |  nosoow | Nに気电 <br> $+\infty$－$-\infty$ |  | NG气愛 <br> Nosoo |  | F |

Revised．$\quad$ Preliminary．or See corresponding note on p．S－3．
\％Includes data for items not shown separately．it Revised data（unadj．and seas．adj．） Digitizedfopli968－70ior mfg．and trade sales and invent．，total；retail inventories；retail sales，totals and http：／／fraser．stlouisfed．org／
Federal Reserve Bank of St．Louis

|  |  |  |  |  |  | Enct | － | crivar | 为禹菏 |  |  かけいかけerer |  | $\stackrel{\infty}{0}$ |  |  coserive |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { に会导 } \\ & \text { cocos } \end{aligned}$ | come |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { WH H} \\ & \text { Hen } \\ & \text { en } \end{aligned}$ | ־ $\cdots \omega \infty \omega \omega$ Oーし |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \＄品 woner |  raneroose | のひーのかのか |  | \％ |  |  いいかO |  |  |  | た宽宗 $600$ | \％ |
|  |  <br>  |  |  vwor |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | －ioosivoi－ |  | Cr |  |  いがーか |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Wo } \\ & \text { क. } \\ & \text { co } \omega \text { is } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | ¢ |
|  | 舞に氝た気 －かにないいいか |  | $\text { or } \infty$ |  | －Mo －$\omega \omega \infty$－ | E $\omega=0$ |  |  |  | とN゙ージローか |  | osis | or |  |  |  |  |  | 末家會 oroser | ¢ |
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| cos |  <br>  | 色苞 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | oseris |  | So |  | ercioco |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |
| $0 \rightarrow$ |  <br>  |  |  |  | $\Rightarrow \text { ocros }$ |  | vis is |  |  | 万8 $88 \%$ mocNnte | - | $\because \omega \infty$ | $\underset{\sim}{7}$ |  | 20\％9\％\％ <br> $-\infty \infty \omega \omega$ |  | $\infty-\infty$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 旨䖝第 } \end{aligned}$ | 8 |
| $40$ |  －on ondocro |  | 気気胣 coson |  | $+\infty-\infty$ | $00 \dot{\omega}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \infty, 0 \\ & \infty, i-i \end{aligned}$ | men |  | $0 \infty N O \infty 00$ |  Noon－se | $\begin{aligned} & 500 \\ & v i=0 \end{aligned}$ | ה | in | $\oplus+\infty$ | onosos －ONWに | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Eだ } \\ & \text { にロ } \end{aligned}$ |  |  <br> OON | ¢ |
| $\begin{gathered} -\infty \\ \text { eris } \end{gathered}$ |  जットロONOW |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 会家 } \\ & \text { CNo } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Noter } \\ & \text { No } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 里草草 moner |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 氝こ } \\ & \text { Nin } \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\sim}{\sim}$ | ？N NNOD | $o s o c \infty \text { is }$ |  |  | A $\sigma$ ors <br>  |  | \％ |
| + |  wneroncosis |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 莫受 } \\ & \text { on } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 合号 } \\ & \text { Cin } \end{aligned}$ | $\text { on }+\infty \text { is }$ | $\operatorname{vos}$ | कox $\omega$ ผercowo |  |  | $\omega$ | $\begin{aligned} & O N Q \\ & N O \end{aligned}$ | $0-\infty$ |  |  |  |  | $\stackrel{\text { ¢ }}{ }$ |
| － |  | con | NW | 客 $\begin{gathered}\text { ¢ } \\ \sim \\ \sim\end{gathered}$ |  | N | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Kin } \\ & \end{aligned}$ | Nocis oorner |  | 気 <br> v：oosero |  $\infty \infty \rightarrow \infty$ णाけe | した | er | 4 | Seses | をG気気 | $\stackrel{F}{\circ}$ | $010 \infty 0$ |  | － |

major groups；and invent．－sales ratios for mfg．and trade，total and retail trade，total，durable． and nondurable appear on p． 55 ff ．of the Dec． 1971 SURVEY．See also corresponding note on p．S－7 and note marked＂$\ddagger$＂on $p$ ．S－11．

| Unlese otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nor. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

## GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS—Continued

| BUSINESS SALES <br> Mig. and trade sales (unadj.), total $\dagger$.-.......mil. \$.. | 1,243,188 | 1,275,315 | 110,070 | 104,596 | 113,134 | 99,993 | 104,542 | 113,995 | 114,346 | 114,961 | 120,859 | 110,405 | 113,309 | r117, 802 | 118,558 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| M'g. and trade sales (seas. adj.), total $\dagger$. . . . do | 11,243,188 | 11,275,315 | 105,610 | 104,485 | 106,943 | 109,346 | 111,166 | 112,740 | 113,155 | 114,303 | 115,531 | 114,727 | 115,064 | r115, 660 | 114, 680 |  |
|  | ${ }^{1} 643,545$ | ${ }^{1} 653,145$ | 53,235 | 52, 562 | 54, 464 | 55, 718 | 56,982 | 57,790 | 57, 680 | 58,352 | 58, 988 | 58,418 | 57,804 | r 57,892 | 57, 402 |  |
| Durable goods industries | 354,465 | 352,189 | 28, 152 | 27, 680 | 29,185 | 30, 166 | 30,856 | 31, 616 | 31, 308 | 31, 850 | 32, 650 | 32,123 | 31,464 | + 31,543 | 31,348 |  |
| Nondurable goods industries ............... do | 289, 080 | 300, 956 | 25, 083 | 24, 882 | 25, 279 | 25, 552 | 26, 126 | 26,174 | 26,372 | 26, 502 | 26,338 | 26, 295 | 26,340 | + 26,349 | 26,054 |  |
| Retall trade, total | 1362,935 | ${ }^{1} 375,527$ | 31,621 | 31,282 | 31,761 | 32,290 | 32,850 | 33,274 | 33,578 | 33,502 | 33,827 | 33,688 | 34,655 | - 35, 219 | 34, 846 |  |
| Durable goods store | 115, 517 | 114,288 | 9,418 | 8, 858 | 9,185 | 10,003 | 10,240 | 10,613 | 10,747 | 10,576 | 10,782 | 10,747 | 11,298 | + 11, 833 | 11,583 |  |
| Nondurable goods stor | 247, 418 | 261, 239 | 22, 203 | 22,424 | 22, 576 | 22, 287 | 22,610 | 22,661 | 22,831 | 22, 926 | 23,045 | 22, 941 | 23,357 | - 23,386 | 23, 263 |  |
| Merchant wholesalers, total ...------...... do | 1236,708 | 2246, 643 | 20,754 | 20, 641 | 20,718 | 21,338 | ${ }^{21,334}$ | 21,676 | 21,897 | 22,449 | 22,716 | 22,621 | 22,605 | + 22,549 | 22,432 |  |
| Durable goods establishments .---..............do | 109, 578 | 111, 778 | 9,410 | 9, 273 | 9, ${ }^{\text {11, } 226}$ | 9,430 | 9,458 | 9,736 | 9,887 | 10,350 | 10, 510 | 10,365 | 10,471 | - 10, 425 | 10,469 |  |
| Nondurable goods estahlishments.........do. | 127, 130 | 134, 865 | 11,344 | 11,368 | 11,492 | 11,908 | 11,876 | 11,940 | 12,010 | 12, 099 | 12, 206 | 12, 256 | 12,134 | - 12, 124 | 11,963 |  |
| BUSINESS INVENTORIES \$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mig. and trade inventories, book value, end of year or month (unadj.), total $\qquad$ mil. \$.. | - 165, 049 | + 172, 222 | '172, 810 | 174, 881 | 172,222 | 173,200 | -174, 827 | r 176,940 | 178,262 | r 178,696 | -177, 715 | 176, 784 | 175, 995 | 177, 257 | 179,434 |  |
| Mfg. and trade inventories, book value, end of year or month (seas. adj.), total $\dagger$ mil. \$- | r 166, 412 | + 173, 635 | - 172, 588 | 173,374 | 173,635 | 174, 412 | - 174, 834 | 175, 536 | 176,275 | r 177,046 | r 177, 403 | 177, 652 | 178, 157 | 178,924 | 179, 400 |  |
|  | 96,673 63,160 | 100,476 65,152 | 100, 282 65,218 | 100,927 65,517 | 100,476 65,152 | 100,878 65,308 | 100,602 <br> 65,090 | 100, 502 65,082 | 100,420 65,033 | 100,647 65,079 | 100,536 64,825 | 100,194 64,692 | 100,063 64,523 | $\begin{array}{r} 100,266 \\ r \\ r \\ \hline 64,563 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 100,579 \\ 64,490 \end{array}$ |  |
| Durable goods industries Nondurable goods industries. | 63,160 33,513 | 65,152 35,324 | 65, 218 35,064 | 65,517 35,410 | 65, 152 | 65, 308 $\mathbf{3 5 , 5 7 0}$ | 65,090 35,512 | 65,082 35,420 | 65, 033 35,387 | 65, 079 | 64, 825 | 64,692 35,502 | 64,523 | $\begin{array}{r} 64,563 \\ \times 35,703 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 64,490 \\ & 36,089 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Retail trade, total $\ddagger \ddagger .$. | r 45,376 20,647 | r 46,555 20,490 | r <br> 26,303 <br> 20,562 | - 46,113 19,965 | - 46,555 20,490 | r $\mathbf{4 6 , 8 8 8}$ 20,689 | - $\begin{array}{r}\text { 47, } \\ 21,236\end{array}$ | r $\mathbf{4 8 , 2}, 246$ 21,704 | - 48, 809 22,056 | r 49,259 22,509 | r 49,534 22,679 | - 49,592 22,707 | r50, 299 23,313 | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{r} 50,844 \\ \\ \mathbf{r} 23,769 \end{gathered}$ | $50,800$ |  |
|  | 20,647 24,729 | 20, 490 26,065 | 20,562 | 19,965 26,148 | 20,490 $\mathbf{2 6 , 0 6 5}$ | 20,689 26,199 | 21, 232 | 21,704 | 22,056 | 22,509 26,750 | 22,679 26,855 | 22,707 $\mathbf{2 6 , 8 8 5}$ | 26,313 | $\begin{array}{r} +23,769 \\ \times 27,075 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 23,652 \\ 27,148 \end{array}$ |  |
| Merchant wholesalers, total .....-.-...-.-. - do | 24, 363 | 26, 604 | 26,003 | 26,334 | 26, 604 | 26, 646 | 26,806 | 26, 788 | 27,046 | 27,140 | 27,333 | 27,866 | 27,795 | +27,814 | 28, 021 |  |
| Durable goods establishments ............. do | 14,579 | 15,565 | 15,369 | 15,451 | 15, 665 | 15,653 | 15,840 | 15,780 | 16,025 | 16,128 | 16, 197 | 16,581 | 16,526 | + 16,666 | 16,922 |  |
| Nondurable goods establishments.........d | 9, 784 | 11, 039 | 10,634 | 10,883 | 11,039 | 10,993 | 10,966 | 11,008 | 11,021 | 11,012 | 11,136 | 11,285 | 11.269 | ' 11, 148 | 11,099 |  |
| BUSINESS INVENTORY-SALES RATIOS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing and | +1.55 | ${ }^{r} 1.60$ | r 1.63 | r 1.66 | r 1.62 | ${ }^{1} 1.60$ | r 1.57 | r 1.56 | -1.56 | - 1.55 | -1.54 | r 1.55 | -1.65 | + 1.55 | 1.56 |  |
| Manufacturing, total $\dagger$..-- -------..........- do | 1.75 | 1. 82 | 1. 88 | 1.92 | 1.84 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.74 | 1.74 | 1.72 | 1.70 | 1.72 | 1.73 | r 1.73 | 1.75 |  |
| Durable goods industries †...-............-d | 2.07 | 2. 20 | 2.32 | 2.37 | 2.23 | 2.16 | 2.11 | 2.06 | 2.08 | 2.04 | 1.99 | 2.01 | 2.05 | - 2.05 | 2.06 |  |
| Materials and supplies..-.......--------- | . 61 | . 64 | . 67 | . 69 | . 65 | . 63 | . 62 | . 60 | . 62 | . 61 | . 60 | . 62 | . 63 | ${ }^{7} .61$ | . 60 |  |
| Work in process Finished goods. | . 96 | 1.00 .55 | 1.05 .59 | 1.07 .61 | 1.00 .58 | .97 .56 | . 94 | .91 .55 | .91 .55 | . 90 | . 87 | . 88 | 90 53 | r. <br> .90 <br> .53 | . 54 |  |
| Nondurable goods | 1.36 | 1.37 | 1.40 | 1.42 | 1.40 | 1.39 | 1.36 | 1.35 | 1.34 | 1.34 | 1.36 | 1.35 | 1.35 | 1. 36 | 1.39 |  |
| Materials and supplies..-...-.-........-d | . 52 | . 50 | . 51 | . 52 | . 52 | . 51 | . 50 | . 49 | . 49 | . 49 | . 50 | . 49 | .49 | . 50 | 51 |  |
| Work in proces | . 21 | . 20 | . 20 | . 21 | . 20 | . 20 | . 19 | 19 | . 19 | . 19 | . 20 | . 20 | . 19 | . 20 | 20 |  |
| Finished good | . 63 | 66 | . 69 | . 70 | . 68 | . 68 | . 67 | . 67 | . 66 | . 66 | . 66 | . 66 | 66 | . 66 | 68 |  |
|  | P1.44 | r 1.47 | r 1.46 | r 1.47 | '1.47 | r 1.45 | ${ }^{+} 1.44$ | +1.45 | + 1.45 | - 1.47 | ${ }^{+} 1.46$ | r 1.47 | - 1.45 | r 1.44 | 1.46 |  |
| Durable goods stores..-.....................- | - 2.06 | - 2.17 | r 2.18 | - 2.25 | - 2.23 | - 2.07 | r 2.07 | - 2.05 | +2.05 | -2.13 | - 2.10 | r 2.11 | - 2.06 | ${ }^{2} 2.01$ | 2.04 |  |
| Nondurable goods stores.. . . . . . . .-.......- | '1.15 | -1.16 | r 1.16 | -1.17 | ${ }^{+} 1.15$ | r 1.18 | -1.16 | +1.17 | r 1.17 | -1.17 | r 1.17 | - 1.17 | r 1.16 | r 1.16 | 1.17 |  |
| Merchant wholesalers, tot | 1. 19 | 1.23 | 1.25 | 1. 28 | 1.28 | 1.25 | 1.26 | 1.24 | 1.24 | 1.21 | 1. 20 | 1.23 | 1.23 | ᄃ 1.23 | 1. 25 |  |
| Durable goods establishme | 1.53 | 1.61 | 1.63 | 1. 67 | 1.69 | 1.66 | 1.67 | 1.62 | 1.62 | 1.56 | 1.54 | 1.60 | 1.58 | ${ }^{-1.60}$ | 1. 62 |  |
| Nondurable goods establishments ........do. | . 89 | . 92 | . 94 | . 96 | . 96 | . 92 | . 92 | . 92 | . 92 | . 91 | . 91 | . 92 | . 93 | . 92 | . 93 |  |
| MANUFACTURERS' SALES, INVENTORIES, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manufacturers' export sales: Durable goods industries: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unadjusted, total............................mil. \$. | 17,189 | 20,122 | 1,675 | 1,529 | 1,785 | 1,550 | 1,838 | 2,017 | 1,708 | 1,803 | 1,752 | 1,521 | 1,714 | +1,951 | 1, 802 |  |
| Seasonally adj., total.............................do |  |  | 1,668 | 1, 523 | 1,621 | 1,644 | 1,894 | 1,898 | 1,681 | 1,741 | 1,706 | 1,707 | 1,893 | - 1,979 | 1,793 |  |
| Ghipments | 643,545 | 653, 145 | 55, 415 | 52,699 | 53,006 | 51,947 | 57,410 | 59,383 | 58,379 | 58, 709 | 62, 142 | 53,478 | 56,321 | ${ }^{\text {¢ } 60,282 ~}$ | 60,093 |  |
| Durable goods industries, total 9 ----------do | 354,465 | 352, 189 | 29, 133 | 27,723 | 28,766 | 27, 981 | 31, 280 | 32,898 | 32,003 | 32, 536 | 34,949 1 1,905 | 28,485 <br> 11865 | 29,709 1,944 | r 32, 627 1,925 | $\begin{array}{r} 32,617 \\ 1,958 \end{array}$ | ${ }^{2} 32,046$ |
| Stone, clay, and glass products..............do | 17,074 55,153 58 | 17,746 55,740 5, | 1,600 4,409 | 1,414 4,169 | 1,407 4,178 | 1,373 4,511 | 1,464 4,918 | 1,616 $\mathbf{5 , 2 7 0}$ | 1,754 <br> $\mathbf{5 , 6 9 4}$ | 1,772 | 1,905 5,810 | 1,765 4,923 | 1,944 | + 1,925 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,958 \\ r \\ 4,430 \end{array}$ |  |
| Blast furnaces, steel milis | 26, 343 | 25, 733 | 1,951 | 1,836 | 1,950 | 2,200 | 2,385 | 2,576 | 2,880 | 2, 860 | 3,000 | 2,775 | 1,410 | r 1, 629 | 1,792 |  |
| Fabricated metal products_----....-.-.- do | 39,579 | 41, 920 | 3, 599 | 3, 435 | 3,430 | 3,185 | 3,492 | 3, 596 | 3, 548 | 3, 623 | 3, 800 | 3,223 | 3,688 | - 3, 802 | 3, 725 |  |
| Machinery, except electrical...-.-.-.-......d. do | 55, 649 | 56, 135 | 4,539 | 4,336 | 4,467 | 4,400 | 4,944 | 5,230 | 4,956 | 4,923 | 5, 383 | 4,486 | 4,680 | -5,334 | 5,172 |  |
|  | 49, 123 | 50,819 | 4,572 | 4,516 | 4,521 | 4, 004 | 4,416 | 4,479 | 4,218 | 4,304 | 4,759 | 4,045 | 4,400 | - 4,845 | 4,743 |  |
| Transportation equipment........----.......-do | 87,093 | 81, 173 | 6, 104 | 5,925 | 7,060 | 6, 913 | 8 8, 027 | 8,475 | 7, 554 | 7, 803 | 8,657 | 5, 852 | 6,443 | + 7, 626 $+5,88$ | 7,901 | 7,956 |
| Motor vehicles and pa | 51,524 | 45, 113 | 3,177 | 3,048 | 3,918 | 4,474 | 5,186 | 5,455 | 4,895 | 4,979 | 5, 298 | 3,530 | 3,923 | r 5, 188 | 5,416 |  |
| Instruments and related p | 11, 726 | 12, 153 | 1,020 | 976 | 955 | 870 | 957 | 959 | 960 | 976 | 1, 034 | 926 | 984 | r 1,088 | 1,078 |  |
| Nondurable goods industries, total $\%$.......d | 289, 080 | 300, 956 | 26, 282 | 24,976 | 24, 240 | 23, 966 | 26, 130 | 26, 485 | 26,376 | 26, 173 | 27, 193 | 24,993 | 26,612 | - 27,655 | 27, 286 |  |
| Food and kindred products. .-----.----- do | 98, 550 | 99, 767 | 8,814 | 8,352 | 8, 286 | 7,975 | 8,497 | 8,672 | 8, 570 | 8, 606 | 8,961 | 8,470 | 8,720 | + 9, 251 | 9, 158 |  |
| Tobacco products | 5,151 | 5,464 | 469 | 461 | 493 | 437 | 450 | 465 | 463 | 484 | 533 | 506 | 513 | + 520 | 501 |  |
| Textile mill produc | 23, 112 | 22, 297 | 2,026 | 1,908 | 1,827 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Paper and allied products...---.-.-.-.-.- do | 24, 057 | 25, 192 | 2,167 | 2,068 | 2,024 | 2,007 | 2,141 | 2,211 | 2,148 | 2,153 | 2,300 | 2,045 | 2,289 | + 2, 299 | 2, 279 |  |
| Chemicals and allied products.-.----.-. do | 48, 153 | 48,763 | 4, 072 | 3,889 | 3, 642 | 3, 850 | 4, 305 | 4, 291 | 4, 537 | 4,454 | $\stackrel{4}{4}, 549$ | 4,058 | 4,329 |  | 4,367 |  |
| Petroleum and coal products...------.-- | 24, 412 | 26, 604 | 2,242 | 2,232 | 2,348 | 2,289 | $\stackrel{2}{2} 373$ | 2,275 | 2,323 | 2,282 | 2,382 | 2, 327 | 2,320 | r 2,347 | 2,391 |  |
| Rubber and plastics products | 15,733 | 17, 502 | 1,484 | 1,367 | 1,273 | 1,338 | 1,501 | 1,563 | 1,618 | 1,647 | 1,690 | 1,501 | 1,624 | +1,649 | 1,660 |  |
| Shipments (seas. adj.), total † .........----...-do. |  |  | 53,235 | 52, 562 | 54,464 | 55,718 | 56,982 | 57,790 | 57,680 | 58, 352 | 58,988 | 58,418 | 57, 804 | - 57, 892 | 57,402 |  |
| By industry group: |  |  | 28,152 | 27,680 | 29, 185 | 30, 166 | 30,856 | 31,616 | 31,308 | 31, 850 | 32,650 | 32,123 | 31, 464 | -31,543 | 31,166 | 2 31,851 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products...........do |  |  | 1, 461 | 1,444 | 1,551 | 1,617 | 1,587 | 1,659 | 1,728 | 1,713 | 1, 762 | 1,793 | 1,831 | + 1,758 | 1,785 |  |
|  |  |  | 4,450 | 4,316 | 4, 439 | 4,624 | 4,780 | 5, 014 | 5, 385 | 5, 501 | 5,404 | 5,312 | 3,991 | + 4,270 | - 4, 421 | 24,796 |
| Blast furnaces, steel mills................do |  |  | 2,062 | 2,002 | 2,124 | 2,202 | 2,327 | 2, 401 | 2,667 | 2, 641 | 2,750 | 2,940 | 1,457 | -1,706 | 1,896 |  |
| Fabricated metal products..............do |  |  | 3,466 | 3, 511 | 3, 582 | 3, 507 | 3,458 | 3,534 | 3,459 | 3,591 | 3,550 | 3, 437 | 3,679 | +3,680 | 3,583 |  |
| Machinery, except electrical............- ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |  |  | 4,505 | 4,407 | 4,440 | 4,908 | 4,748 | 4,936 | 4,794 | 4,855 | 5,015 | 4,937 | 4,983 | -5,186 | 5,122 |  |
| Electrical machinery....- |  |  | 4,376 | 4,402 | 4,497 | 4, 380 | 4,369 | 4, 340 | 4,348 | 4, 501 | 4,476 | 4,434 | 4,513 | -4,523 | 4,550 |  |
| Transportation equipment. |  |  | 5,796 | 5, 617 | 6, 726 | 7, 142 | 7,832 | 8, 018 | 7, 340 | 7, 388 | 8, 011 | 7,749 | 7,915 | r 7,620 | - 7, 262 | ${ }^{2} 7,378$ |
| Motor vehicles and parts...-.-......- do |  |  | 2,859 | 2,803 926 | 3,890 900 | 4, 442 | 5,010 1,010 | 5,132 967 | 4,730 1,007 | 4,576 1,007 | 4,647 982 | 5,195 1,022 | 5, 303 969 | $+5,153$ $r 989$ | 4,759 1,018 |  |

PRevised. ${ }^{1}$ Based on data not seasonally adjusted. ${ }^{2}$ Advance estimate; total mirs. shipments for Oct. 1971 do not reflect revisions for selected components. §The term "busi-
 http://fraserare shown below and on $p$. S-6; those for wholesale and retail trade on pp. S-11 and S-12.

| Unless otherwise atated in footnotea below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS-Continued


| Unleas otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shownin the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS-Continued

| MANUFACTURERS' SALES, INVENTORIES, AND ORDERS $\dagger$-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New orders, net (seas, adj.) $\dagger$--Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| By market category: <br> Home goods and apparel | 2 62,977 | 2 61,236 | 5,258 | 5,315 | 5,481 | 5,314 | 5,316 | 5,531 | 5,516 | 5, 682 | 5,365 | 5,360 | 5,361 | -5,275 | 5,260 |  |
|  | 2121,670 | 2128,981 | 10,809 | 10,690 | 10,836 | 10,872 | 11,175 | 11,303 | 11,440 | 11,273 | 11,266 | 11,223 | 11,282 | r11,321 | 11,331 |  |
| Equip. and defense prod., excl. auto......do | 297,232 | ${ }^{2} 955,944$ | 7,828 | 8,021 | 8,352 | 8,954 | 8, 552 | 8,163 | 8,013 | 8, 037 | 8,298 | 8,871 | 8,509 | r 7, 974 | 8,509 |  |
| Automotive equipment.........-.-...-. .-. ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | ${ }^{2} 60,314$ | ${ }^{2} 52,909$ | 3,484 | 3,322 | 4,546 | 5,068 | 5,652 | 5,762 | 5,228 | 5,234 | 5,184 | 5,781 | 5,863 | r 5,774 | 5,369 |  |
| Construction materials and supplies.....-do | ${ }^{2} 51,860$ | ${ }^{2} 53,871$ | 4,522 | 4,381 | 4,988 | 4,783 | 4,606 | 5,020 | 4,952 | 5, 066 | 5,077 | 5,306 | 5,209 | - 5,006 | 5,005 |  |
| Other materials and supplies .-.............do | 2251,163 | 2253,447 | 20,050 | 20,734 | 21,265 | 22,264 | 21,864 | 21,920 | 21,448 | 21,736 | 21,819 | 21,714 | 21,861 | -21,972 | 21, 763 |  |
| Supplementary series: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Household durables | 226,360 243,279 | 225,740 242,865 | 2,133 | 2,193 3,814 | 2,294 3,970 | 2,240 3,848 | 2,199 | 2,421 3,275 | 2,433 3,496 | 2,483 3,233 | 2,338 3,628 | 2,401 4,246 | 2,457 3,634 | r 2,379 $+3,018$ | r 2,398 $\mathbf{r} 3,249$ | 2,725 |
| Defense 1 -oducts (new series) --..-.......... do | ${ }^{2} 23,118$ | 223,455 | 2,125 | 2,016 | 2,051 | 2,170 | 2,357 | 1,580 | 1,500 | 1,573 | 1,678 | 2,900 | 2,154 | + 1,467 | - 1,953 | 12,001 |
| Producers' capital goods industries .-.....do. | ${ }^{2} 72,885$ | ${ }^{2} 69,530$ | 5,843 | 5,871 | 5,925 | 6,442 | 6,617 | 6,219 | 5,677 | 6,193 | 6,237 | 6, 146 | 6,551 | $\cdot 6,425$ | -6,806 | ${ }^{16,475}$ |
| Unfilled orders, end of year or month (unadjusted), total........................................................ | 87,025 | 80, 268 | 79,754 | 79,199 | 80,268 | 81,837 | 82, 745 | 82,659 | 81,713 | 79, 432 | 77,294 | 77,646 | 77,773 | 777,513 | 77,331 |  |
| Durable goods industries, total...............d. do...- | 84, 120 | 77, 263 | 76,791 | 76, 206 | 77, 263 | 78,833 | 79,720 | 79,583 | 78,612 | 76,356 | 74,211 | 74,559 | 74,763 | r74,568 | -74,499 | 174,477 |
| Nondur. goods ind. with unfilled orders $\oplus$..-. do. | 2,905 | 3,005 | 2,963 | 2,993 | 3,005 | 3,004 | 3,025 | 3,076 | 3, 101 | 3,076 | 3,083 | 3,087 | 3,010 | r 2,945 | 2,934 |  |
| Unfilled orders, end of year or month (seasonally adjusted), total $\dagger$ | 87, 320 | 80,527 | 79,622 | 79,523 | 80,527 | 82,064 | 82,247 | 82,156 | 81,073 | 79,749 | 77,775 | 77,615 | 77,898 | -77,325 | 77,161 |  |
| By industry group: Durable goods industries, | 84, 379 | 77, 485 | 76,650 | 76,530 | 77, 485 | 78,985 | 79, 200 | 79, 056 | 77,976 | 76,727 | 74,748 | 74,584 | 74,879 | 74,362 | 74,323 | 0 |
| Primary metals.......- | 7,408 | 6,687 | 6,276 | 6,308 | 6, 687 | 7, 621 | 7,980 | 8, 121 | 7,618 | 6,917 | 6,049 | 5,173 | 5,366 | r 5,612 | - 5, 680 | 1 5,686 |
| Blast furnaces, steel mills..---.-.-- - do | 3,776 | 3,727 | 3,299 | 3,302 | 3,727 | 4,557 | 4,886 | 4,979 | 4,602 | 4,040 | 3,235 | 2,325 | 2,569 | 2,883 | 2,945 |  |
| Fabricated metal products....-.-....... do | 10,596 | 11,218 | 10,872 | 10,825 | 11,218 | 11, 179 | 11, 052 | 11, 094 | 11,054 | 10,995 | 10,909 | 10,960 | 10,859 | -10,698 | 10,453 |  |
| Machinery, except electrical...-.......... do | 15, 815 | 14, 505 | 14, 423 | 14, 447 | 14, 505 | 14,451 | 14, 469 | 14,518 | 14, 323 | 14,277 | 14,385 | 14,269 | 14,360 | r14,279 | 14,497 |  |
| Electrical machinery....-......-.-........ do | 14, 681 | 14, 469 | 14, 311 | 14, 325 | 14, 469 | 14, 339 | 14,248 | 14, 199 | 14, 161 | 14,069 | 13,925 | 14,320 | 14,393 | r14,500 | 14,695 |  |
| Transportation equipment...---.-.-.... do | 30,055 | 25, 490 | 25, 654 | 25, 527 | 25, 490 | 26, 248 | 26, 373 | 25, 982 | 25, 674 | 25, 244 | 24, 297 | 24,610 | 24,618 | r24,128 | r23,838 | ${ }^{1} 23,909$ |
| Aircraft, missiles, and pa | 23, 382 | 19,504 | 19,708 | 19,618 | 19,504 | 19,710 | 19, 108 | 18, 705 | 18, 562 | 18,044 | 17, 369 | 17,840 | 17,895 | -17,461 | 17,212 |  |
| Nondur. goods ind. with unfilled | 2,941 | 3, 042 | 2,972 | 2,993 | 3, 042 | 3, 079 | 3,047 | 3, 100 | 3, 097 | 3,022 | 3, 027 | 3,031 | 3,019 | +2,963 | 2,942 |  |
| By market category: Home goods apparel consumer staples do |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Home goods, apparel, consumer staples..- do...- | 1,987 47,397 | 1,992 43,409 | 4, 1,954 | 1,970 43,090 | 1,992 43,409 | 2,009 44,026 | 1,978 44,334 | 2,033 44,080 | 2,042 43,821 | 2,140 43,401 | 2,048 42,525 | 2,120 43,091 | 2,163 43,091 | F 2,129 742,594 | 2,188 42,610 |  |
| Construction materials and supplies.....-. d | 10, 237 | 10,737 | 10,420 | 10,375 | 10,737 | 10,730 | 10,560 | 10,639 | 10,572 | 10,522 | 10,430 | 10,580 | 10,456 | -10,274 | 10,102 |  |
| Other materials and supplies...-.-.---- do | 27,699 | 24,389 | 24,023 | 24,088 | 24,389 | 25,299 | 25,375 | 25,404 | 24,638 | 23,686 | 22,772 | 21,824 | 22,188 | r22,328 | 22, 261 |  |
| Supplementary series: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Household durables | 1,603 | $\begin{array}{r}1,639 \\ \hline 6078\end{array}$ | 1,596 | 1,608 | 1,639 | 1,648 | 1,613 | 1,655 | 1,653 | 1,740 | 1,672 | 1,747 | 1,786 |  | 1,800 | 11,943 124249 |
| Defense products (old series) | 29,804 | 26,078 | 26,031 | 25,985 | 26,078 | 26,171 | 25,678 | 25,182 | 25,084 | 24,497 | 23,787 | 24,486 | 24,535 | r24,122 | r23, 862 | 1 24, 249 |
| Delense products (new series) $\qquad$ do. $\qquad$ Producers' capital coods industries | 20,372 24.245 | 19,506 22,574 | 19,496 22,414 | 19,475 22,470 | 19,506 | 19,769 22891 | 20,227 23,454 | 19,920 23,492 | 19,595 | 19,122 | 18,211 | 19,101 22,867 | 19,177 | r18,880 r22,759 | r19, 065 $r 22,972$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 193,245 \\ & 23.037 \end{aligned}$ |
| Producers' capital goods industries. $\qquad$ do $\qquad$ BUSINESS INCORPORATIONS $\sigma^{7}$ | 24,245 | 22,574 | 22,414 | 22,470 | 22,574 | 22,891 | 23,454 | 23,492 | 23,196 | 23,186 | 23,028 | 22,867 | 22,986 | r22,759 | r22,972 | $123,037$ |
| New incorporations (50 States and Dist. Col.): <br> Unadjusted number-- | 274, 267 | 266, 086 | 21,452 | 19,178 | 22,699 | 23,372 | 19,698 | 25,752 | 24,389 | 23, 899 | 26,266 | 24,898 | 23, 698 | -22, 748 | P 23, 794 |  |
|  |  |  | 21, 625 | 22, 383 | 22, 085 | 22,338 | 20,923 | 33,220 | 22,770 | 24, 168 | 24,691 | 25,073 | 25, 142 | r23, 278 | ¢ 24,936 |  |
| INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL FAILURES ${ }^{7}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Faflures, total.....-.-.......-...-...........number.- | 9,154 | 10,748 | 941 | 939 | 869 | 905 | 860 | 1,042 | 989 | 912 | 935 | 786 | 848 | 741 | 759 |  |
|  | 1,159 | 1,392 | 114 | 126 | 114 | 134 | 107 | 156 | 126 | 139 | 137 | 106 | 108 | 117 | 110 |  |
|  | 1,590 | 1,687 | 149 | 133 | 112 | 140 | 141 | 154 | 159 | 134 | 118 | 109 | 131 | 114 | 119 |  |
|  | 1,493 | 2,035 | 185 | 174 | 176 | 167 | 170 | 196 | 167 | 171 | 199 | 156 | 169 | 140 | 142 |  |
|  | 4,070 | 4,650 | 419 | 414 | 372 | 380 | 361 | 444 | 440 | 385 | 410 | 340 | 345 | 304 | 313 |  |
|  | 842 | 984 | 74 | 92 | 95 | 84 | 81 | 92 | 97 | 83 | 71 | 75 | 95 | 66 | 75 |  |
| Lis blities (current), total...................thous. \$-- | 1,142,113 | 1,887,754 | 144,773 | 119,836 | 121,723 | 168, 803 | 150,903 | 224, 646 | 153,796 | 249, 489 | 165, 840 | 147,028 | 155, 555 | 115,847 | 144,702 |  |
| Commercial service..-.-.-.......................do | 126,537 | 298,736 | 19,950 | 9,896 | 19,963 | 26,235 | 11,567 | 95, 547 | 19,252 | 46,032 | 16, 122 | 39, 055 | 27, 515 | 24,983 | 15,912 |  |
|  | 171, 717 | 231, 533 | 14, 109 | 15, 390 | 13,662 | 39, 145 | 13,582 | 18, 128 | 23,788 | 23, 881 | 24,406 | 8,593 | 13. 205 | 20,267 | 13,288 |  |
|  | 406, 450 | 817,841 | 67, 607 | 52,624 | 45,820 | 57, 073 | 76,501 | 47,949 | 53,873 | 62,175 | 85,082 | 62, 851 | 65, 460 | 38, 580 | 54,706 |  |
|  | 265, 122 | 360, 603 | 29, 410 | 29, 809 | 25, 901 | 30,785 | 30, 960 | 38, 132 | 41, 368 | 104,367 | 29,952 | 22,523 | 34, 071 | 20,178 | 40,771 |  |
|  | 172,287 | 179, 041 | 13,697 | 12,117 | 16,377 | 15,565 | 18,293 | 24,890 | 15,515 | 13,034 | 10,278 | 14,006 | 15, 304 | 11, 839 | 20,025 |  |
| Failure annual rate (seasonally adjusted) <br> No. per 10,000 concerns.- | ${ }^{2} 37.3$ | 243.8 | 45.9 | 50.8 | 44.5 | 43.3 | 41.8 | 43.9 | 42.9 | 42.8 | 44.3 | 39.6 | 43.6 | 40.1 | 38.1 |  |

## COMMODITY PRICES

## PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS

Prices recelved, all farm products $\ddagger \ldots-.1910-14=100$.

Cotton.
Feed grains and hay......................
Food grains.
Fruit

Livestock and products $\circ$
Dairy products
Poultry and eggs
Prices paid:
All commodities and services.
Production items
All commoditles and services, interest, taxes, and

Parity ratio \& $\qquad$


| 270 | 284 | 282 | 282 | 286 | 288 | 286 | 287 | 282 | 287 | 290 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 231 | 237 | 242 | 244 | 251 | 258 | 250 | 244 | 235 | 240 | 245 |
| 292 | 317 | 353 | 351 | 351 | 347 | 331 | 297 | 269 | 302 | 381 |
| 178 | 182 | 178 | 188 | 192 | 196 | 202 | 228 | 228 | 233 | 242 |
| 199 | 201 | 201 | 199 | 199 | 205 | 195 | 174 | 167 | 157 | 157 |
| 171 | 172 | 170 | 171 | 174 | 176 | 165 | 158 | 155 | 161 | 161 |
| 217 | 234 | 253 | 257 | 284 | 329 | 288 | 295 | 271 | 298 | 264 |
| 612 | 614 | 614 | 614 | 614 | 614 | 614 | 623 | 638 | 640 | 654 |
| 304 | 324 | 317 | 315 | 316 | 314 | 317 | 323 | 323 | 328 | 329 |
| 360 | 357 | 352 | 345 | 339 | 334 | 339 | 347 | 359 | 370 | 369 |
| 357 | 403 | 393 | 393 | 401 | 401 | 403 | 409 | 403 | 412 | 413 |
| 143 | 136 | 134 | 134 | 129 | 128 | 130 | 134 | 132 | 124 | 127 |
| 343 | 346 | 348 | 349 | 351 | 354 | 353 | 355 | 356 | 355 | 357 |
| 372 | 376 | 376 | 377 | 381 | 383 | 383 | 386 | 388 | 387 | 388 |
| 322 | 325 | 328 | 329 | 330 | 333 | 332 | 333 | 333 | 333 | 335 |
| 400 | 403 | 404 | 407 | 410 | 412 | 410 | 412 | 413 | 414 | 415 |
| 68 | 70 | 70 | 69 | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 | 68 | 69 | 70 |

Orders: Series M3-1.2 (data for 1961-65) and Series M-3-1.3 (data for 1966-71), available from the U.S. Government Printing Office, Wash., D.C. 20402, priced $\$ 1.00$ and $\$ .70$, respectively $\oplus$ See corresponding note on p. S-6. of Includes data for items not shown separately
$\sigma^{7}$ Compiled by Dun \& Bradstreet, Inc. (failures data for 48 States and Dist. of Col.).
$\bigcirc$ Revisions for Jan. 1969-Jan. 1970 will be shown later.
§Ratio of prices received to prices paid (parity index). $\ddagger$ Revisions back to Jan. 1966 gre available from the Dept. of Agriculture, Statistical Reporting Service.

| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and deacriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nor. |

COMMODITY PRICES-Continued


[^22]later. $\odot$ Goods to users, incl. raw foods and fuels.

| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

## COMMODITY PRICES—Continued

| All commodities $\ddagger$-Continued <br> Industrial commodities-Continued <br> Hides, skins, and leather products $\%$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1967=100$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 114.4 |  |  |  | 114.7 | 114.7 | 115.1 |
|  | 109.1 | 113.0 | 113.8 | 113.8 | 113.9 | 116.0 | 116.3 | 116.5 | 116.6 | 116.7 | 116.8 | 116.8 | 117.1 | 117.1 | 117.1 | 117.1 |
| Hides and skins..------------------- - | 124.1 | 104.4 | 103.2 | 109.2 107.3 | 101.9 107.3 | 98.9 108.2 | 105.3 108.7 | 105.5 108.6 | 121.1 | 113.4 | 114.0 | 114.0 | 114.6 | 117.7 | 117.2 | 123.1 |
|  | 108.7 | 107.7 |  |  | 111.1 | 112.2 | 117.7 | 108.6 | 111.0 |  | 114.4 | 114.4 | 114.4 | 113.4 | 113.4 | 113.5 |
| Lumber and wood products.-.-...-.-......do | 125.2 131.5 | 113.7 113.7 | 113.1 113.8 | 111.9 | 111.1 | 113.0 | 172.5 120.3 | 123.4 129.0 | 124.6 131.5 | 124.9 132.8 | 126.1 134.4 | 130.6 142.5 | 134.6 146.7 | 134.3 146.8 | 131.8 142.7 | 131.3 141.9 |
| Machinery and equipment $\%$............- do | 106.4 | 111.4 | 112.7 | 113.1 | 113.8 | 114.2 | 114.6 | 114.9 | 115.0 | 115.3 | 115.5 | 115.7 | 116.1 | 116.0 | 116.0 | 115.9 |
| Agricultural machinery and equip...-.do | 108.5 | 113.0 | 114.0 | 115.2 | 116.3 | 116.3 | 116.8 | 116.5 | 116.7 | 116.6 | 116.9 | 117.4 | 117.5 | 117.5 | 117.5 | 117.5 |
| Construction machinery and equip...- do | 110.0 | 115.5 | 117.7 | 118.9 | 119.6 | 120.2 | 120.5 | 120.8 | 120.9 | 121.1 | 121.2 | 121.6 | 121.9 | 121.8 | 121.8 | 122.0 |
| Electrical machinery and equip... | 102.9 | 106.4 | 107.6 | 107.9 | 108.2 | 108.8 | 109.3 | 109.7 | 109.5 | 109.4 | 109.4 | 109.5 | 109.9 | 109.7 | 109.6 | 109.3 |
| Metalworking machinery and equip....do...- | 107.8 | 114.0 | 114.6 | 114.7 | 115.1 | 115.2 | 116.0 | 116.0 | 116.6 | 117.4 | 117.9 | 117.7 | 118.1 | 118.0 | 118.1 | 118.2 |
| Metals and metal products $\% . .$. .........-do | 108.5 | 116.7 | 117.7 | 116.8 | 116. 2 | 116.5 | 116.4 | 116.5 | 117.8 | 118.5 | 118.5 | 119.4 | 121.1 | 121.1 | 121.0 | 120.9 |
|  | 105.3 | 110.6 | 112.8 | 111.8 | 112.7 | 113.6 | 114.1 | 114.5 | 114.7 | 115.1 | 115.2 | 115.9 | 116.8 | 116.7 | 116.3 | 116.5 |
| Iron and steel -- | 107.1 | 115.1 | 117.4 | 116.5 | 116.5 | 117.6 | 118.0 | 118.2 | 118.4 | 120.1 | 120.3 | 121.9 | 125.3 | 125.6 | 125.5 | 125.3 |
| Nonferrous metals | 113.6 | 125.0 | 122.0 | 119.4 | 116.7 | 115.4 | 114.2 | 113.7 | 117.2 | 117.2 | 116.4 | 116.9 | 117.1 | 116.5 | 116.3 | 116.0 |
| Nonmetallic mineral products $\circ$. $\qquad$ Clay prod., structural, excl. refractories | 108.1 | 113.3 | 114.2 | 114.6 | 115.1 | 118.8 | 119.0 | 120.9 | 121.6 | 121.8 | 122.2 | 123.3 | 124.2 | 124.2 | 124.1 | 124.0 |
| pro., that do. | 106.0 | 109.8 | 110.7 | 110.9 | 111.3 | 111.4 | 112.7 | 113.6 | 114.5 | 114.5 | 114.5 | 114.5 | 114.9 | 114.9 | 114.9 | 114.9 |
|  | 106.5 | 112.2 | 113.7 | 113.9 | 114.5 | 117.1 | 117.6 | 118.5 | 119.4 | 119.6 | 120.1 | 121.5 | 1228 | 122.6 | 122.6 | 122.6 |
|  | 103.5 | 100.0 | 97.1 | 96.0 | 95.1 | 97.0 | 97.9 | 98.9 | 101.0 | 101.2 | 104.0 | 112.7 | 114.3 | 114.5 | 113.6 | 112.1 |
| Pulp, paper, and allied products.......-do | 104.2 | 111.2 | 108.9 | 108.7 | 108.5 | 109.0 | 109.3 | 109.3 | 109.6 | 109.9 | 111. 2 | 110.5 | 110.6 | 110.6 | 110.6 | 110.6 |
|  | 106.0 | 111.0 | 111.9 109.5 | 112.1 109.1 | 112.1 <br> 1094 <br> 12.1 | 112.6 | 112.7 | 113.1 | 114.3 | 114.2 | 114.3 | 114.6 | 114.7 | 114.7 | 114.7 | 114.7 |
| Rubber and plastics products \$ ------....do | 105.4 | 108.6 | 1109.5 | 109.1 | 109.4 | 108.4 | 109. 1 | 109.1 | 109.0 |  | 108.7 | 109.7 | 109.8 | 109.7 | 109.5 | 109.5 |
| Tires and tubes. | 102.3 | 109.0 | 112.0 | 112.0 | 112.0 | 107.5 | 107.5 | 107.5 | 107.5 | 107.5 | 107.5 | 111.2 | 111.4 | 110.8 | 110.8 | 110.8 |
| Textile products and apparel $9 . . . .-$-....-do | 105.9 | 107.2 | 107.3 | 107.1 | 106.7 | 106.9 | 106.7 | 106.9 | 107.5 | 107.8 | 108.5 | 109.2 | 109.7 | 109.7 | 109.6 | 109.8 |
|  | 107.2 | 111.0 | 112.3 | 112.4 | 111.9 | 112.3 | 112.0 | 112.2 | 112.2 | 112.2 | 112.3 | 113.3 | 113.6 | 113.8 | 113.8 | 113.8 |
| Cotton products..--......-..-.-.-......do | 104.5 | 105.6 | 106.0 | 106.2 | 100.9 | 107.1 | 107.5 | 107.8 | 108.9 | 109.6 | 110.9 | 111.9 | 112.5 | 112.2 | 122.2 | 122.5 |
| Manmade fiber textile products | 106. 6 | 102.1 | 99.1 | 98.0 | 97.5 | 97.2 | 97.4 | 97.6 | 98.6 | 99.7 | 101.4 | 101.9 | 103.1 | 103.1 | 102.5 | 103.2 |
| Silk yarns-.--------.- | 98.7 | 114.3 | 112.4 | 110.5 | 111.2 | (1) | (1) | ${ }^{(1)}$ | ${ }^{(1)}$ | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) |
| Wool products. | 101.3 | 99.4 | 97.7 | 97.7 | 96.8 | 96.2 | 95.4 | 94.5 | 94.4 | 93.5 | 93.4 | 92.6 | 92.7 | 92.5 | 92.4 | 92.3 |
| Transportation equipment $9 . .$. Dec. 1968=100-. | 100.7 | 104.5 | 108.2 | 108.5 | 108.9 | 109.5 | 109.7 | 109.5 | 109.7 | 109.8 | 110.0 | 110.3 | 110.5 | 109.6 | 110.7 | 110.8 |
| Motor vehicles and equip...-...... $1967=100 .$. | 104.7 | 108.5 | 112.5 | 111.8 | 113.4 | 113.9 | 114.1 | 113.8 | 114.1 | 114.2 | 114.4 | 114.7 | 114.9 | 113.8 | 115.2 | 115.3 |
| Miscellaneous products 9 --------------- do | 104.9 | 109.9 | 111.6 | 111.8 | 111.9 | 112.3 | 112.6 | 112.8 | 112.7 | 112.5 | 112.6 | 112.8 | 113.0 | 113.0 | 113.0 | 113.1 |
| Toys, sporting goods, etc.-.-.---------- do Tobacco products..--- | 105.2 107.0 | 1109.4 | 1117.0 | 110.4 117.0 | 111.5 117.0 | 111.7 116.8 | 112.3 116.9 | 113.1 116.9 | 112.5 | 112.4 | 112.6 | 112.6 | 112.6 | 112.6 | 112.6 | 112.8 |
| PURCHASING POWER OF THE DOLLAR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| As measured by- <br> Wholesale pricest $1967=\$ 1.00 \ldots$ | \$0.939 | $\$ 0.906$ 860 | \$0.901 | \$0.902 | \$0.901 | $\$ 0.894$ .839 | \$0.887 | \$0.885 | \$0. 883 | \$0.879 | \$0.875 | \$0.873 | \$0. 870 | \$0.873 | \$0.874 | \$0.873 |
| Consumer prices $\ddagger . .$. .-.......-...............do. |  | . 860 |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 832 | . 828 | . 823 | . 821 | . 818 | . 817 | . 816 |  |

CONSTRUCTION AND REAL ESTATE

| CONSTRUCTION PU'T IN PLACE 9 <br> New construction (unadjusted), total 9 ....-mil. \$.. | 93,347 | 94, 265 | 8,642 | 8,558 | 8,013 | 6,987 | 6,783 | 7,535 | 8,460 | 9,267 | 9,862 | 10,137 | -10,511 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 10,306$ | 10,048 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 65,384 | 66, 147 | 6, 129 | 6,023 | 5, 831 | 5, 052 | 4,769 | 5, 367 | 6, 061 | 6,607 | 7, 102 | 7,354 | г 7,660 | ¢ 7,551 | 7, 499 |  |
| Residential (including farm) | 33, 200 | 31, 748 | 2,957 | 2,935 | 2,849 | 2,474 | 2,300 | 2,618 | 3, 111 | 3,561 | 3, 893 | 4, 115 | - 4, 314 | - 4, 249 | 4, 142 |  |
| New housing units.-.----- | 25, 941 | 24, 166 | 2,279 | 2,280 | 2,232 | 1,991 | 1,868 | 2,082 | 2,408 | 2,737 | 3,054 | 3,243 | +3,399 | - 3,428 | 3,390 |  |
| Nonresidential buildings, except farm and public utilities, total $\qquad$ mil. \$ | 21, 155 | 21, 417 | 1,920 | 1,822 | 1,781 | 1,593 | 1,530 | 1,667 | 1,833 | 1,842 | 1,951 | 2,022 | 2,071 | r 2,011 | 2,024 |  |
|  | 6,783 | 6,538 | - 588 | - 553 | ${ }^{1} 536$ | 1,598 459 | - 438 | - 462 | 1,883 | 1,877 | 1,951 +459 | 2,022 $\cdot 465$ | 2, 423 | 2,011 $r$ | 2, 453 |  |
|  | 9,401 | 9,754 | 882 | 843 | 827 | 734 | 718 | 808 | 894 | 913 | 1,004 | 1,087 | 1, 160 | r 1,087 | 1,076 |  |
| Public utilities: <br> Telephone and telegraph | 2,172 | 2,952 | 281 | 285 | 282 | 187 | 207 | 267 | 278 | 254 | 279 | 230 | 259 | 252 |  |  |
| Public, total P -...------.....------------- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 27,963 | 28,118 | 2,513 | 2,535 | 2,182 | 1,935 | 2,014 | 2, 168 | 2,389 | 2,660 | 2,760 | 2,783 | r 2,851 | - 2,755 | 2,549 |  |
| Buildings (excluding military) $¢$--...---. do.... | 11,230 | 10,657 | 817 | 989 | 900 | 831 | 859 | 843 | 948 | 1,011 | 966 | 955 | - 1,047 | 971 |  |  |
| Housing and redevelopment $\qquad$ do.... | 1,047 | 1,107 | 49 | 107 | 141 | 88 | 92 | 98 | 106 | -97 | 104 | 81 | + 82 | 83 |  |  |
|  | 518 | 500 | 45 | 36 | 50 | 44 | 37 | 42 | 51 | 56 | 60 | 33 | 54 | 48 | 51 |  |
| Military facilities $\qquad$ do Highways and streets do. | 879 9,252 | 719 9,986 | 71 982 | 67 849 | 61 685 | +63 +556 | $\begin{array}{r}r \\ \\ +64 \\ \\ \hline\end{array}$ | +59 +710 | $r$ r $\times 81$ | r71 $\times 958$ | +1, 117 | 82 1,092 | r 88 1,065 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \mathbf{1} \times 61 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 88 |  |
| New construction (seasonally adjusted at annual rates), total $\qquad$ bil. \$.- |  |  | 96.4 | 98.3 | 102.6 | 100.6 | 102.3 | 103.0 | 105. 8 | 107.5 | 109.5 | 110.9 | ז 113.3 | + 111.2 | 112.3 |  |
|  |  |  | 67.8 | 69.2 | 70.7 | 70.6 | 70.7 | 73.0 | 76.1 | 77.7 | 80.2 | 81.4 | - 83.5 | + 82.6 | 83.2 |  |
| Residential (including farm) <br> Nonresidential buildings, except farm and pub- |  |  | 32.9 | 34.1 | 35.1 | 35.6 | 36.5 | 37.7 | 39.5 | 41. 4 | 42.6 | 43.6 | - 45.2 | + 45.9 | 46.0 |  |
| lic utilities, total of $\qquad$ bil. \$. |  |  | 20.7 | 20.6 | 21.4 | 21.8 | 21.4 | 21.9 | 22.7 | 22.1 | 23.1 | 23.6 | 23.4 | r 21.9 | 21.8 |  |
|  |  |  | 6.4 | 6.3 | 6.1 | 6.2 | 6.3 | 6.1 | 6.1 | 5.8 | 5.5 | 5.4 | 4.9 | r 4.6 | 4. 9 |  |
|  |  |  | 9.3 | 9.3 | 10.0 | 10.3 | 10.1 | 10.7 | 11.3 | 11.0 | 11.8 | 12.7 | 13.1 | 11.7 | 11.3 |  |
| Public utilities: <br> Telephone and telegraph |  |  | 3.0 | 3.2 | 3.1 | -3.0 | -3.0 | 3.2 | 3.4 | -3.1 | +3.2 | 2.7 | 3.0 | 2.9 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 28.6 | 29.0 | 31.9 | 30.0 | 31.6 | 30.1 | 29.6 | 29.7 | 29.3 | 29.5 | -29.8 | r 28.6 | 29.1 |  |
| Buildings (excluding military) ㅇ $\qquad$ do $\qquad$ |  |  | 10.2 | 11. 5 | 12.2 | 11.4 | 11.3 | 10.4 | 11.1 | 11.6 | 10.5 | 11.1 | 12.3 | 10.7 |  |  |
| Housing and redevelopment |  |  | . 6 | 1.1 | 1.8 | 1.2 | -1.2 | . 9 | 1.2 | 1.2 | r1.3 | 1.1 | 1.1 | . 9 |  |  |
| Industrial |  |  | . 5 | . 5 | . .8 | 1.2 .5 | . 5 | .5 | . 6 | . 6 | $\begin{array}{r} .0 \\ .6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}1.5 \\ \hline .5\end{array}$ | . 6 | . 6 | . 6 |  |
|  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}.7 \\ \hline .5\end{array}$ | .7 .8 | . 78 | $\begin{array}{r}.5 \\ \hline 1.9\end{array}$ | 1.8 | .9 11.9 | 10.8 | +.8 10.2 | $r 9$ 11.9 | r1.1 | .9 9.3 | .8 10.4 | 9 |  |

${ }^{5}$ Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ See corresponding note on S Scontinued.
o'See corresponding note on p. S-8. $\ddagger$ See corresponding note on $p$. S-8. "Includes data for items not shown separately, §Beginning Jan, 1970, retitled to read "rubber and the group index is not affected. \& Data have been revised to reflect the incorporation of new basic data, the change in estimating procedures, the modification of the type of construc-
tion classifications for private nonresidential buildings, the inclusion of farm housing in new private housing units, and the introduction of the results of a survey covering private nonresidential building construction in the 13 Western States. More detailed information may
obtained from the Bureau of Census Report C30-70S, available from the Superintendent of Documents (Washington, D.C. 20402).

| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

## CONSTRUCTION AND REAL ESTATE-Continued


${ }^{r}$ Revised. ${ }^{\circ}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ Computed from cumulative valuation total. ${ }^{2}$ Index as of December 1, 1971: Building, 147.9; construction, 154.6. © ©ata for Oct. and Dec. 1970 and Apr. July, and Sept. 1971 are for 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks. *New series. Data from
Mobile Home Manufacturers' Association; seasonally adjusted annual rates calculated by Bu. Moble home Manufacturers Association; seasonally adjusted annual rates calculated by Bu.
of the Census. Data for all periods shown here are on a 50 -state basis. ${ }^{\prime}$ New Base; comparable data for earlier periods will be shown later. $\ddagger$ Revisions for Jan. 1967-Oct. 1970
for permits, for 1961-68 for FHA applications, and for 1961-Feb. 1969 for requests for VA appraisals (seas. adj. annual rates) will be shown later. Revisions for 1964-68 for construction materials output indexes appear in the Dec. 1969 issue of Construction Review (BDC). $\dagger$ Revised series.
oIncludes data for items not shown separately. \$Data include guaranteed direct loans sold.

| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are an shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

## DOMESTIC TIRADE



| Unless other wise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

DOMESTIC TRADE—Continued

data appear on pp. 38 ff . of the Oct. 1970 SURVEY (1961-67) and p. 55 ff . of the Dec. 1971 SURVEY (1968-70). $\%$ Includes data not shown separately. ${ }_{\delta}$ Except department stores mail order.

| Unlese other wise atated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |

## LABOR FORCE, EMPLOYMENT, AND EARNINGS



Revised. p Preliminary. 1 As of July 1

| Uniess otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as sho wn in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct.p | Nov. ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |

## LABOR FORCE, EMPLOYMENT, AND EARNINGS-Continued



Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary,
TBeginning with the Sept. 1971 SURVEY, payroll employment, hours, earnings, and turn-
over data reflect actual employment levels for Mar. 1970 and new seasonal factors. Data in the 1969 Business Statistics are in accordance with Mar. 1968 benchmarks and are not com-

| Unleas otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov.p |

LABOR FORCE, EMPLOYMENT, AND EARNINGS-Continued

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline HOURS AND MAN.HOURS-Continued \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Man-hour indexes, seas. adjusted-Continued \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Paper and allied products.......... 1967=100. \& 105.0 \& 101.2 \& 98.6 \& 99.1 \& 97.8 \& 98.3 \& 98.2 \& 97.9 \& 99.0 \& 97.0 \& 97.7 \& 97.0 \& 97.9 \& r99. 2 \& \& \\
\hline Printing and publishing \& 103.0 \& 101.3 \& 99.6 \& 99.6 \& 99.7 \& 99.5 \& 98.9 \& 98.7 \& 98.4 \& 99.1 \& 99.1 \& 97.9 \& 97.2 \& - 97.4 \& \(\stackrel{97.8}{ }\) \& 88 \\
\hline Chemicals and allied produc \& 105.6 \& 101.8 \& 100.2 \& 99.3 \& 98.9 \& 99.1 \& 98.8 \& 98.1 \& 98.9 \& 99.1 \& 99.1 \& 97.9 \& 97.3 \& - 99.5 \& - 97.6 \& \\
\hline Petroleum and coal products \& 97.5 \& 101.6 \& 100.4 \& 100.6 \& 102.7 \& 100.8 \& 103.5 \& 99.4 \& 98.9 \& 98.9 \& 99.5 \& 100.2 \& 102.0 \& - 101.7 \& - 100.1 \& 99 \\
\hline Rubber and plastics products, \& 115.6 \& 108.7 \& 104.2 \& 103.4 \& 103.7 \& 105.2 \& 105.2 \& 108.0 \& 108.7 \& 110.2 \& 111.3 \& 110.4 \& 109.1 \& -111.5 \& r 112.9 \& 113. \\
\hline Leather and leather products. \& . 4 \& 88.4 \& 85.9 \& 85.2 \& 84.4 \& 84.5 \& 83.7 \& 84.5 \& 87.6 \& 36.8 \& 85.7 \& 84.2 \& 85.6 \& r 84.0 \& r 84.8 \& 5 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
weekly and hourly earnings \\
Not Semsonally Adjusted
\end{tabular} \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Avg. weekly gross earnings per prod. worker on payrolls of private nonagric. estab. ¢...dollars. \& 114.61 \& 119.46 \& 121.03 \& 121.07 \& 122.43 \& 121.88 \& 122.61 \& 123.65 \& 124. \& 125. \& 127.57 \& \& 129.03 \& \& \& \\
\hline Mining.-.....................................do....- \& 155. 23 \& 163.97 \& 168.56 \& 169.52 \& 170.28 \& 161.85 \& 167.60 \& 168.82 \& 170. \& 171.30 \& 172.10 \& 172.53 \& 173.43 \& r174.72 \& \({ }^{1} 167.74\) \& 128.7 \\
\hline Contract construction \& 181.54 \& 196. 35 \& 204. 54 \& 197. 65 \& 204. 20 \& 199.08 \& 197.38 \& 205.53 \& 205. 35 \& 209.05 \& 213.94 \& \({ }_{216.41}\) \& 220.23 \& 216. 23 \& -225. 59 \& 224.41 \\
\hline Manufacturing establishm \& 129.51 \& 133. 73 \& 133.45 \& 134.58 \& 138.45 \& 138.60 \& 138.29 \& 139.74 \& 139.83 \& 142.00 \& 143.51 \& 142.09 \& 141.69 \& 143.28 \& - 144.00 \& 144.7 \\
\hline Durable goods. \& 139. 59 \& 143.47 \& 142.76 \& 143.16 \& 149.04 \& 149.17 \& 149.23 \& 151.50 \& 150.40 \& 153.09 \& 155. 04 \& 151.98 \& 151.60 \& -153. 20 \& -154. 71 \& 156.2 \\
\hline Ordnance and accessories \& 138.17 \& 146.57 \& 147. 53 \& 151.07 \& 154. 54 \& 156.83 \& 155.32 \& 157.59 \& 156. 94 \& 158.12 \& 160.93 \& 160.66 \& 161.80 \& -163. 41 \& -163.05 \& 162.6 \\
\hline Lumber and wood products..-............do \& \({ }_{10}^{110.15}\) \& 117.51 \& 120.38 \& 120.78 \& 119.89 \& 117.09 \& 120.26 \& 121.70 \& 123.11 \& 125.42 \& 129.65 \& 128.88 \& 129.20 \& 129.68 \& -130.88 \& 129.20 \\
\hline Furniture and fixtures...-............. do \& 105.85 \& 108. 58 \& 111.72 \& 111.56 \& 114.33 \& 110.09 \& 109.91 \& 112.29 \& 111.25 \& 113.76 \& 116. 29 \& 115. 53 \& 118.78 \& 118.00 \& 117.68 \& 118.0 \\
\hline Stone, clay, and glass products..........do \& 133.66 \& 140.08 \& 143.31 \& 143.85 \& 144.96 \& 141.86 \& 144.13 \& 147.44 \& 147. 55 \& 151.01 \& 155. 24 \& 155.40 \& 157.78 \& -157.13 \& r 157.03 \& 156. 6 \\
\hline Primary metal industries \& 158.42 \& 159.17 \& 157.61 \& 156. 81 \& 161.60 \& 164.83 \& 165.65 \& 168.10 \& 171.39 \& 170.57 \& 173.87 \& 170. 53 \& 166.45 \& \(\bigcirc 171.83\) \& r172. 70 \& 173.0 \\
\hline Fabricated metal products \& 138.94 \& 143.67 \& 142.61 \& 142.66 \& 147.38 \& 147.17 \& 146.07 \& 146.77 \& 147. 26 \& 152.22 \& 153.38 \& 150.72 \& 151.13 \& \({ }^{+150.42}\) \& -152.31 \& 153. 0 \\
\hline Machinery, except electr \& 152.15 \& 154.95 \& 153.92 \& 155. 09 \& 157.87 \& 155.57 \& 156.39 \& 159.57 \& 158.00 \& 160.79 \& 162.39 \& 161.20 \& 162.01 \& r 164.02 \& -164.43 \& 166.0 \\
\hline Transportation equipment \& \begin{tabular}{l}
124.84 \\
161.44 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& 130.87 \& 132.47 \& 133.60 \& 137.83 \& 135.83 \& 134.46 \& 137. 36 \& 136.72 \& 138.90 \& 139.95 \& 139.00 \& 140.00 \& 140.80 \& '141. 50 \& 141.8 \\
\hline Instruments and related produc \& 128.21 \& 134.34 \& 16160
136 \& 162.81
137.48 \& 176.30
138.40 \& 181.69
137.02 \& 181.15
136.76
11.72 \& \({ }_{138}^{182.55}\) \& \({ }^{175.12}\) \& 182. 10 \& - 148.10 \& 170.97 \& 171.74
140
128 \& +142.80 \& + \(\begin{array}{r}1818.45 \\ -142.40\end{array}\) \& \\
\hline Miscellaneous manufacturing ind \& 103.74 \& 109.13 \& 110.30 \& 111. 64 \& 113.49 \& 112.22 \& 111.72 \& \({ }_{113} 1188\) \& \({ }^{113.19}\) \& 114.07 \& 114.46 \& 113. \& 115.64 \& r115.14 \& -116.33 \& 6. 8 \\
\hline Nondurable goods. \& 115. 53 \& 120.43 \& 122.07 \& 123.17 \& 124. 58 \& 124.09 \& 123.84 \& 124.87 \& 125. 65 \& 127.01 \& 128.44 \& 129.63 \& 129.17 \& 130.75 \& 129.30 \& 129.9 \\
\hline Food and kindred pro \& 120.77 \& 127.98 \& 129.51 \& 131.54 \& 133. 09 \& 134. 13 \& 132.80 \& 133.27 \& 134.13 \& 136.21 \& 136.89 \& 137.63 \& 135.94 \& r138.24 \& -135.20 \& 135.60 \\
\hline Tobacco manufactures \& 97.99 \& 110.38 \& 111.11 \& 112.81 \& 119.10 \& 115. 28 \& 107. 51 \& 114.45 \& 118.91 \& 125.07 \& 121.44 \& 130.87 \& 119.31 \& r114. 53 \& -111.87 \& 106. 25 \\
\hline Textile mill products \& 95.47 \& 97.76 \& 99.50 \& 100.80 \& 101.45 \& 101. 60 \& 101.60 \& 102.51 \& 102.00 \& 103.94 \& 104.96 \& 102.66 \& 104.86 \& \({ }^{+104.75}\) \& r106.19 \& 107.38 \\
\hline Apparel and other textile products.....do \& 82.93 \& 84.37 \& 84.46 \& 86.02 \& 86.13 \& 85.61 \& 86.06 \& 87. 44 \& 86.45 \& 87.69 \& 87. 69 \& 88.43 \& 90.00 \& 89.82 \& r 90.47 \& 92.09 \\
\hline Paper and allied products..............do \& 139.32 \& 144. 14 \& 147.07 \& 147. 55 \& 148.75 \& 147.74 \& 148.21 \& 149.76 \& 151.26 \& 152.04 \& 155.24 \& 157.30 \& 158.53 \& r 159.09 \& r157. 78 \& 157.73 \\
\hline Printing and publishing.-.-.......-. - \& 141.70 \& 147. 78 \& 150.38 \& 150.75 \& 153.90 \& 151.03 \& 151.37 \& 153.38 \& 154.42 \& 157.17 \& 158.34 \& 158.30 \& 159. 47 \& - 161.36 \& -159.75 \& 161.03 \\
\hline Chemicals and allied products --....... d \& 145.05 \& 153.50 \& 155.70 \& 157.29 \& 158.50 \& 158.18 \& 158. 59 \& 158.98 \& 162.57 \& 161.85 \& 164.30 \& 164.79 \& 164. 79 \& > 169.66 \& r 165.60 \& 167.62 \\
\hline Petroleum and cosl products. \& 170. 40 \& 182.76 \& 187.06 \& 187.05 \& 186.19 \& 186.06 \& 189.93 \& 188.10 \& 193.73 \& 194. 65 \& 195.11 \& 197.80 \& 195.53 \& -199.45 \& -197.16 \& 194.50 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Rubber and plastics products, \\
Leathor and leather products.
\end{tabular} \& \[
\begin{array}{r}
126.18 \\
87.79
\end{array}
\] \& \[
\begin{gathered}
128.96 \\
92.63
\end{gathered}
\] \& 129.28 \& 130.61 \& 132.47 \& 132.47 \& 131. 47 \& 132.47 \& 134.06 \& 136. 21 \& 137. 57 \& 137.94 \& 139.04 \& +140.94 \& -140.48 \& 140.07 \\
\hline Trans., comm., elec. \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Wholesale and retail \& 91.14 \& \({ }_{95.66}\) \&  \& \({ }_{06}^{16.38}\) \& 161.20 \& 160.39 \& 164.83 \& 163.61 \& 164.82 \& 164.37 \& 169.32 \& 162.43 \& 172.98 \& '176.66 \& -175. 42 \& \\
\hline Wholesale trade. \& 129.85 \& 137.60 \& 139.25 \& 139.74 \& 141.15 \& 141.37 \& 141.45 \& 142.16 \& 142.63 \& \(\begin{array}{r}\text { 99. } \\ \text { 145 } \\ \\ \hline 8\end{array}\) \& 146.60 \& 146. 43 \& 103.68 \& 147.68 \& +148.03 \& \\
\hline Retail trade...............................do \& 78.66 \& 82.47 \& 83.08 \& 83.17 \& 83.73 \& 83.41 \& 84.07 \& 84. 41 \& 85.25 \& 85.58 \& 87.72 \& 89.78 \& 89.18 \& -87.62 \& 87. 10 \& . 77 \\
\hline Finance, insurance, \& 108.70 \& 113.34 \& 115. 18 \& 115. 92 \& 115.61 \& 117.07 \& 119.23 \& 119. 56 \& 120.29 \& 121.77 \& 121.36 \& 122.06 \& 123.09 \& 121.77 \& -122.80 \& 122.06 \\
\hline Services* \& 90.57 \& 96. 66 \& 98.50 \& 99.18 \& 99.81 \& 99.62 \& 100.30 \& 100.30 \& 100.64 \& 101.02 \& 101.57 \& 103. 70 \& 103.75 \& r103.66 \& -103. 32 \& 103.63 \\
\hline Spendsble earnings per worker (with 3 dependents), total private sector. . .current dollars. \& \& \& 85 \& 105.88 \& 106.96 \& 107.29 \& 107.85 \& 108.66 \& 108.97 \& 110.10 \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline 1967 dollars. \& 91.07 \& 89.95 \& 89.63 \& \({ }_{89.35}\) \& \({ }_{89.81}\) \& 90.01 \& \({ }_{90.33}\) \& \({ }^{100.70}\) \& \({ }^{108.96}\) \& \({ }_{91.14}^{11.10}\) \& 111.73 \& \({ }_{91}^{11.97}\) \& \({ }_{92.39}^{12.90}\) \& 92. 30 \& r92.38 \& \\
\hline Manufacturing.-...-...........current dollars. \& 111.44 \& 115. 90 \& 115.68 \& 116.58 \& 119.66 \& 120.55 \& 120.31 \& 121.47 \& 121.54 \& 123.27 \& 124.48 \& 123, 35 \& 123.03 \& \({ }_{\text {r }} 124.30\) \& \({ }^{\text {r } 124.87}\) \& \\
\hline 1967 dollars. \& 101.49 \& 99.66 \& 97.95 \& 98.38 \& 100.47 \& 101.13 \& 100.76 \& 101.39 \& 101.11 \& 102.04 \& 102.45 \& 101.27 \& 100.68 \& r 101.55 \& r 101.85 \& \\
\hline A vg. hourly gross earnings per prod. worker on payrolls of private nonagric, estab. 4........dolars \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Mining-............................---.-.-. - do... \& 3.61 \& 3.84 \& 3. 92 \& 3.29
3.97 \& 3.30
3.96 \& 3.33
3.98 \& 3.35
4.00 \& 3.36
4.01 \& 3.38
4.04 \& 3.41
4.04 \& 3.42
4.04 \& 3.43
4.05 \& 3.45
4.10 \& 3.49
4
4 \& 「3.49 \& 3. 47 \\
\hline Contract construction-.--...-.-............. do \& 4. 79 \& 5. 25 \& 5. 44 \& 5. 46 \& 5.46 \& 5.63 \& 5. 56 \& 5. 54 \& 5. 55 \& 5.65 \& 5.63 \& 5.68 \& 5.75 \& 4.15
5
5.86 \& \& \\
\hline Manufacturing--...........-...................... do \& 3.19 \& 3.36 \& 3.37 \& 3.39 \& 3. 47 \& 3. 50 \& 3.51 \& 3. 52 \& 3. 54 \& 3. 55 \& 3. 57 \& 3. 57 \& 3. 56 \& 3.86 \& +5.89
+3.60
+3.80 \& 5.89
3.60 \\
\hline Excluding ov \& 3.06 \& 3.24 \& 3. 25 \& 3.27 \& 3.35 \& 3. 38 \& 3.40 \& 3.40 \& 3.42 \& 3.43 \& 3.44 \& 3. 45 \& 3. 43 \& 3.46 \& 3. 30 \& 3.60
3.47 \\
\hline Durable goods. \& 3. 38 \& 3. 56 \& 3. 56 \& 3. 57 \& 3. 68 \& 3.72 \& 3.74 \& 3.75 \& 3.76 \& 3.78 \& 3.80 \& 3. 79 \& 3. 79 \& r 3.83 \& 3.46 \& 3. 83 \\
\hline Excluding overtim Ordnance and aceass \& 3. 24 \& 3.43 \& 3.44 \& 3.46 \& 3. 56 \& 3.61 \& 3.62 \& 3. 63 \& 3.64 \& 3.66 \& 3. 67 \& 3.66 \& 3. 66 \& 3. 69 \& 3.69 \& 3.69 \\
\hline \& 3. 42 \& 3.61 \& 3. 67 \& 3.73 \& 3.76 \& 3. 77 \& 3. 77 \& 3.77 \& 3.80 \& 3.81 \& 3.85 \& 3.89 \& 3.88 \& 3.90 \& - 3.91 \& 3. 91 \\
\hline mer and wood produc \& 2. 74
2.62 \& 2.
2.
2 \& 3.04
3.80 \& 3. 05 \& 3. 02 \& 3. 01 \& 3. 06 \& 3. 05 \& 3. 07 \& 3. 12 \& 3. 17 \& 3. 19 \& 3. 19 \& 3.21 \& -3. 20 \& 3.19 \\
\hline Stone, clay, and glass p \& 3. 19 \& 2.77
3.40 \& 2.80
3.47 \& 2. 81 \& 2. 81 \& \({ }^{2.83}\) \& 2. 84 \& 2.85 \& 2.86 \& 2.88 \& 2.90 \& 2.91 \& 2. 94 \& 2.95 \& 2. 92 \& 2.93 \\
\hline Primary metal industries. \& 3.79 \& \& \& 3. 50 \& 3.51 \& 3.52 \& 55 \& 3.57 \& 3.59 \& 3.63 \& 3.67 \& 3.70 \& 3.73 \& + 3.75 \& + 3.73 \& 3. 72 \\
\hline Fabricated metal produc \& 3.34 \& 3. 53 \& 3. 39 \& 3. 98 \& 4. 05 \& 4.08 \& 4.09 \& 4.12 \& 4.17 \& 4.15 \& 4. 21 \& 4. 19 \& 4.29 \& 4.35 \& 4.35 \& 4.37 \\
\hline Machinery, except electrical \& 3.58 \& 3. 77 \& 3.
3. 81

31 \& 3. 54
3. 82

3 \& | 3. 63 |
| :--- |
| 3. 86 |
|  | \& 3.67

3.87
3.87 \& 3.67 \& 3. ${ }_{\text {3. }} 64$ \& 3. 70 \& 3. 74 \& ${ }_{3} \mathbf{3} 75$ \& 3.74 \& 3. 75 \& 3.77 \& +3.77 \& 3.76 <br>
\hline Electrical equip. and suppl \& 3. 09 \& 3. 28 \& 3. 32 \& 3. 34 \& 3. 42 \& 3. 43 \& 3.430 \& 3.94

3.46 \& 3. 47 \& | 3.78 |
| :--- |
| 3.49 | \& 3.99

3.49 \& 4.00
3.51 \& 4.02

3.50 \& | 4. 04 |
| :--- |
| 3.52 |
|  |
|  | \& + 4.04 \& 4. ${ }^{\text {4. }} 5$ <br>

\hline Transportation equipment. \& 3. 89 \& 4. 06 \& 4.00 \& 4.01 \& 4.30 \& 4. 41 \& | 4. 44 |
| :--- | \& 3.46

4.42 \& 4.40 \& 3.49
4.43 \& 3.49
4.4 \& 4. 39 \& 4.37 \& $\begin{array}{r}3.152 \\ 4.42 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& $\begin{array}{r}3.52 \\ -4.45 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 3.
4.46 <br>
\hline Instruments and related products \& 3.15 \& 3.35 \& 3.41 \& 3.42 \& 3.46 \& 3.46 \& 3. 48 \& 3. 49 \& 3.49 \& 3. 52 \& 3. 52 \& 3.55 \& 3. 55 \& 3. 57 \& $\begin{array}{r}\text { - } 3.56 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 4.46
3. 53 <br>
\hline Miscellaneous manufacturing ind...-...-do \& 2.66 \& 2.82 \& 2.85 \& 2.87 \& 2.91 \& 2.93 \& 2.94 \& 2.93 \& 2.94 \& 2.94 \& 2.95 \& 2.94 \& 2.95
2.9 \& 2.96 \& 2.96 \& 2.95 <br>
\hline Nondurable goods - .-.................... do \& 2. 91 \& 3.08 \& 3. 13 \& 3. 15 \& 3. 17 \& 3. 19 \& 3. 20 \& 3. 21 \& 3. 23 \& 3. 24 \& 3. 26 \& 3. 29 \& 3. 27 \& 3. 31 \& 3. 29 \& 3. 29 <br>
\hline Excluding overtime \& 2.79 \& 2. 97 \& 3. 01 \& 3.04 \& 3. 06 \& 3.08 \& 3. 10 \& 3.10 \& 3.12 \& 3.13 \& 3.13 \& 3.16 \& 3. 15 \& - 3.18 \& - 3.17 \& 3.17 <br>
\hline Food and kindred products................d. \& 2.96 \& 3. 16 \& 3. 19 \& 3.24 \& 3. 27 \& 3. 32 \& 3.32 \& 3. 34 \& 3.37 \& 3. 38 \& 3. 38 \& 3. 39 \& 3.34 \& r 3.38 \& -3.38 \& 3. 39 <br>
\hline Textile mill products \& 2. 62 \& 2. 92 \& 2.82 \& 2.93 \& 3. 00 \& 3.01 \& 3.02 \& 3. 11 \& 3. 24 \& 3. 30 \& 3. 30 \& 3.33 \& 3. 19 \& -3.03 \& -3.04 \& 3.01 <br>
\hline Textile mill products \& 2.34
2.31 \& 2. 45
2. 39 \& 2.50 \& 2. 52 \& 2.53 \& 2. 54 \& 2. 54 \& 2. 55 \& 2. 55 \& 2. 56 \& 2. 56 \& 2.56 \& 2. 57 \& - 2.58 \& 2. 59 \& 2.60 <br>
\hline Apparel and other textile \& 2.31
3.24 \& 2.39

$\mathbf{3 . 4 4}$ \& 2. 32 \& | 2.43 |
| :--- |
| 3.53 | \& 2.44 \& 2. ${ }_{\text {2. }}^{\text {3. }} 56$ \& 2. 38 \& 2. 47

3. 60 \& | 2. |
| :--- |
| 3. |
| 3.61 |
| 1 | \& 2.47

3.42 \& 2.47
3.67 \& 2.47
3 \& 2. 50 \& + $\begin{array}{r}2.53 \\ -3.58 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& -2. 52 \& 2. 53 <br>
\hline Printing and pubilishing \& 3. 69 \& 3. 92 \& 4. 01 \& 4. 02 \& 4. 5 \& 4. 066 \& 3. 48 \& 3.60
4.09 \& 3.
4

. 14 \& | 3. 62 |
| :--- |
| 4.18 | \& 3. 67

4.20 \& 3.71

4.21 \& | 3. 73 |
| :--- |
| 4. 23 | \&  \& $\begin{array}{r}\text { + } \\ + \\ +43 \\ 4.26 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 3. 72

4. 26 <br>
\hline Chemicals and allied produc \& 3. 47 \& 3.69 \& 3.77 \& 3. 79 \& 3.81 \& 3.83 \& 3. 84 \& 3.84 \& 3. 88 \& 3. 90 \& 3. 94 \& 3.99 \& 3. 99 \& 4. 03 \& +
+4.00
4 \& 4.01
4.01 <br>
\hline Petroleum and coal products...........do \& 4.00 \& 4. 28 \& 4.32 \& 4.34 \& 4.34 \& 4. 43 \& 4.49 \& 4. 50 \& 4.58 \& 4. 58 \& 4. 58 \& 4.60 \& 4.59 \& -4.66 \& ${ }^{+} 4.65$ \& 4.62 <br>
\hline Rubber and plastics products, nec.-...-do \& 3. 07 \& 3. 20 \& 3. 24 \& 3. 29 \& 3. 32 \& 3.32 \& 3. 32 \& 3. 32 \& 3. 36 \& 3.38 \& 3.38 \& 3.44 \& 3. 45 \& 3.48 \& - 3.46 \& 3. 45 <br>
\hline Leather and leather products...--......do \& 2.36 \& 2.49 \& 2. 50 \& 2.51 \& 2.53 \& 2. 56 \& 2.58 \& 2. 59 \& 2. 58 \& 2.58 \& 2.58 \& 2.58 \& 2.59 \& - 2.62 \& 2.63 \& 2.62 <br>
\hline Trans., comm, elec, , gas, etc.* \& 3. 64 \& 3.85 \& 3. 94 \& 3. 96 \& 3. 99 \& 4.04 \& 4.08 \& 4.07 \& 4.10 \& 4.13 \& 4.15 \& 4.23 \& 4. 25 \& 4.33 \& r 4.31 \& 4. 30 <br>
\hline Wholesale and retail trade \& 2.56 \& 2.71 \& 2.76 \& 2.77 \& 2.75 \& 2.81 \& 2.83 \& 2.84 \& 2.85 \& 2.87 \& 2.87 \& 2.87 \& 2.88 \& 2.90 \& 2.90 \& 2.90 <br>
\hline Retall trade... \& 3. 23 \& 3.44 \& 3.49 \& 3. 52 \& 3. 52 \& 3. 57 \& 3. 59 \& 3. 59 \& 3. 62 \& 3. 67 \& 3. 66 \& 3.67 \& 3. 70 \& 3. 72 \& 3. 71 \& 3.72 <br>
\hline Finance, insur \& 2.93 \& 3.08 \& 2.48
3.13 \& 2.49
3.15 \& 2.47
3.15 \& 2. ${ }^{\text {3 }}$ 32 \& 2. 54 \& 2. 55 \& 2. ${ }^{\text {2. }} 26$ \& 2. 57 \& 2. 38 \& 2.58 \& 2.57 \& 2.60 \& +2.60 \& 2. 59 <br>
\hline Services* \& 2.61 \& 2.81 \& 3.188
2.8 \& 2.90 \& ${ }_{2.91}$ \& 3.
2 \& 2. 2.95 \& -3. 95 \& 3. 26
5. \& 3.30
2.98 \& 3.28
2.97 \& 3. 29
6. 98 \& 3.30
2.99 \& 3.30
3.04 \& $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ +3.031 \\ \hline 3.03\end{array}$ \& 3.
7. 03 <br>
\hline Miscellaneous hourly wages: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Construction wages, 20 cities (ENR): $\sigma^{7}$ \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 4.629 \& 5.224 \& 5.480 \& 5. 52 \& $\begin{array}{r}5.53 \\ \hline 8.706\end{array}$ \& 5. 629 \& 5. 629 \& 5. 64 \& 5.717 \& 5. 86 \& 6.014 \& 6.05 \& 6. 156 \& 6. 185 \& 6. 182 \& 6. 182 <br>
\hline Farm, without board or rm., ist of mo......-d \& \& 1.64 \& 7.64 \& 7.67 \& 7.706 \& 7.828
1.76 \& 7.841 \& 7.878 \& 5.992
1.76 \& 8.21 \& 8.365 \& 8. 38 \& 8. 471 \& 8.515 \& 8.511 \& 8.511 <br>
\hline Railroad wages (average, class 1) ..............do \& 13.708 \& ${ }^{1} 3.939$ \& 3.913 \& 3.961 \& 4.001 \& \& \& \& \& \& 363 \& 1.74 \& \& \& 1.70 \& <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

Revised. Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ Includes adjustments not distributed by months.
ISee corresponding note, p.S-14. *New series. © Corrected

| Unless other wise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriplive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 19691970 | 1970 |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual | Oct. | Nov. | Dee. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

## LABOR FORCE, EMPLOYMENT, AND EARNINGS-Continued

| HELP-WANTED ADVERTISING <br>  | 122 | 93 | 78 | 80 | 80 | 75 | 77 | 78 | 78 | 79 | 83 | 85 | 85 | 80 | P80 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LABOR TURNOVER $\triangle$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing establishments: <br> Unadjusted for seasonal variation: Accession rate, total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accession rate, mo. rate per 100 employees.. | 4.7 | 4.0 | 3. 8 | 3.0 | 2.4 | 3.5 | 3.1 | 3. 5 | 3.7 7 | 3.9 | 4.9 | 4. 0 | 5.3 | r 4.8 | P3.9 |
|  | 3.7 4.9 | 2.8 4.8 | 2.7 <br> 5.3 | 1.9 4.3 | 1.4 | 4.0 | 1.9 3.5 | 2.2 3.7 | 2.3 4.0 | 2.6 3.7 | 3.5 <br> 3.8 | 2.7 | 3.4 5.5 | 3.3 +5.3 | P2. <br> 1.5 <br> 8 |
|  | 2.7 | 2. 1 | 2.1 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 2.8 | 2.9 | ${ }^{\text {P2, }} \mathbf{4}$ |
|  | 1.2 | 1.8 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 2.1 | 1.8 | -1.5 | p1.6 |
| Seasonally adjusted: |  |  | 3.6 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.7 | 3.9 | 4.0 | 3.8 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 4.2 | '3.9 | D3. 7 |
| Adess hires |  |  | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.8 | 2.5 | P2. 4 |
|  |  |  | 4.9 | 4.8 | 4.7 | 4.4 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.3 | 4.0 | 4.1 | 4.4 | 4.5 | - 3.9 | P4. 1 |
|  |  |  | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 1.7 | ${ }^{p 1.8}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.9 | '1.7 | ${ }^{\text {pl }} .5$ |
| INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Strikes and lockouts: Berinning in period: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Begining in perk stcppages. | 5,700 | 5,716 | 448 | 340 | 224 | 280 | 330 | 410 | 540 | 580 | 610 | 410 | 390 | 280 | 300 |
| Workers involved.........................- thous..- | 2,481 | 3,305 | 231 | 84 | 456 | 222 | 114 | 116 | 174 | 702 | 272 | 820 | 166 | 88 | 210 |
| In effect during month: Work stoppages.....................number.. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 670 | 660 | 540 |  |
|  |  |  | ${ }_{754}^{881}$ | ${ }_{552}$ | ${ }_{920}$ | 286 | 169 | 200 | 254 | 774 | 384 | 967 | 472 | 286 | 300 |
| Man-days idle during period.-..................do..... | 42,869 | 66,414 | 11,574 | 7,798 | 3,189 | 2,709 | 1,771 | 2,292 | 2,184 | 3,437 | 3,923 | 7,906 | 4, 505 | 2,841 | 4, 507 |
| EMPLOYMENT SERVICE AND UNEMPLOY- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nonfarm placements.........................thous.- | 5,153 | 3,845 | 304 | 289 | 230 | 257 | 233 | 295 | 309 | 308 | 365 | 315 | 367 | 353 |  |
| Unemployment insurance programs: <br> Insured unemployment, all programs §.... do.... | 1,177 | 2,070 | 1,889 | 2,233 | 2,632 | 3,195 | 3,216 | 3,091 | 2,756 | 2,443 | 2,332 | 2,430 | 2,349 | 2, 174 | 2,129 |
| State progrsms: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Initial claims.-.............-j-.......do.... | 10,385 1,101 | 15,387 1,805 | 1, ${ }_{1}^{1,208}$ | 1,432 | (1,863 | 1.756 2,799 | 2,751 | 2, ${ }^{1,265}$ | 1,111 2,283 | 2,004 2,01 | 1, 1,159 | -1, 1,468 1,98 | - $\begin{array}{r}\text { al, } \\ 1,966 \\ 1\end{array}$ | a 1,035 1,739 | 1,716 |
| Percnt of covered employment: ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3.8 |  |  |  |
| Unadjusted - ${ }^{\text {Seasonally adjusted }}$ | 2.1 | 3.4 | 3.2 | 4.7 | 4.4 | 3. 7 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 4.0 | 4.2 | 4.4 | 4.0 | 4.2 | 4.5 | 4.5 |
| Beneficiaries, weekly average..-.-.-.-.---thous.-. | ${ }_{9}{ }^{-1}$ | 1,518 | 1,377 | 1,553 | 1,900 | 2,302 | 2,423 | 2,339 | 2, 105 | 1,769 | 1,714 | ${ }^{61,459}$ | $\bigcirc{ }^{\text {b1,472 }}$ | ${ }^{\text {b1, }}$, 338 |  |
|  | 2,127.9 | 3, 848. 5 | 305. 1 | 341.9 | 462.0 | 526.7 | 557.7 | 631.0 | 541.9 | 434.5 | 446.7 | ${ }^{8} 400.6$ | ${ }^{6} 405.2$ | ¢372.8 |  |
| Federal employees, insured unemployment, weekly average........................................ | 20 | 31 | 33 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 37 | 35 | 31 | 29 | 31 | 36 | 35 | 33 | 35 |
| Veteran' program (UCX): | 333 | 556 | 49 |  | 59 | 56 | 50 | 57 | 51 | 45 | 54 | ${ }^{\text {a }} 53$ | - 53 | a 48 |  |
| Insured unemployment, weetily avg................ | ${ }_{37} 3$ | 79 | 83 | 97 | 113 | 127 | 128 | 128 | 121 | 113 | 114 | 120 | 120 | 106 | 97 |
| Beneficiaries, weekly average...........do. | 34 | 75 | 75 | 86 | 107 | 123 | 127 | 128 | 122 | 110 | 115 | ${ }^{4} 112$ | $\therefore 116$ | ${ }^{\circ} 107$ |  |
|  | 87.0 | 203.2 | 17.3 | 19.1 | 26.2 | 27.8 | 28.2 | 33.3 | 30.8 | 27.0 | 30.1 | - 29.2 | ra 30.7 | ${ }^{6} 28.2$ |  |
| Railroad program: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 48 |
| Applications. | 17 | 18 | 22 | 20 | 20 | 31 | 22 | 19 | 20 | 18 | 13 | 15 | 27 | 33 | 27 |
| Benefits paid.....---.......-.-...--mil. | 37.0 | 38.7 | 3.5 | 3.7 | 4.2 | 4.7 | 4.4 | 4.6 | 4.4 | 3.5 | 4.2 | 3.8 | 8.7 | 6.9 | 6.2 |

## FINANCE



[^23]| Unlegs otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | End of year |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

FINANCE—Continued

| BANKING-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All member banks of Federal Reserve System, averages of daily figures: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 127,774 | 128,993 | 28,447 | 28,432 | 28, ${ }^{29,265}$ | 30, 209 | 29,679 | 29,487 | 29,745 | 30,107 | 29,892 | 30,547 | 30, 357 | 30, 592 | 30, 351 | $\mathbf{P 3 0 , 9 5 0}$ 30,693 |
|  | ${ }^{1} 257$ | 1272 | 254 | 120 | 272 | 279 | 201 | 199 | 140 | 312 | 131 | 162 | 198 | 248 | 195 | 257 |
| Borrowings from Federal Reserve | 1, 086 | 1321 | 462 | 425 | 321 | 370 | 328 | 319 | 148 | 330 | 453 | 820 | 804 | 501 | 360 | 406 |
|  | 829 | 1 -49 | -208 | -305 | -49 | -91 | -127 | -120 | -8 | -18 | -322 | -658 | $-606$ | -253 | -165 | -149 |
| Large commercial banks reporting to Federal Reserve System, Wed. nearest end of yr. or mo.: $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2900288 | 287,739 | 80,780 | 83,086 | 87,739 | 82,284 | 81,234 | 82, 590 | 82,275 | 84,927 | 83,921 | 83,819 | 84, 696 | r82,080 | 82,841 | 87, 255 |
| Demand, total9 - .-.................. do | ${ }_{2}^{2} 1150,897$ | $2 \begin{aligned} & 2 \\ & 2 \\ & 2 \\ & 103,149\end{aligned}$ | 131,032 | 139,560 | 147, 355 | 138,249 | 135,249 | 146,456 | 141,474 | 143,628 | 152,998 | 139,726 | 145, 012 | ${ }_{\text {r }} \times 141,160$ | 144, 435 | 149, 106 |
| Individuals, partnerships, and corp.... do | ${ }^{2} 105,605$ | 2103,149 | 92, 376 | 96,854 | 103, 149 | 94,883 | 93,744 | 99, 265 | 97,099 | 100,703 | 102,160 | 97,291 | 99, 579 | r96,323 | 100, 482 | 103, 293 |
| State and local governments...........do | ${ }^{2} 7,942$ | ${ }^{2} 6,774$ | 5,925 | 6,808 | 6,774 | 6,460 | 6,483 | 6,957 | 6,353 | 7,228 | 7,623 | 6, 150 | 6,601 | - 6,368 | 6, 112 | 7,196 |
|  | ${ }^{2} 2,989$ | ${ }^{2} 4,380$ | 3,722 | 4,220 | 4, 380 | 6,563 | 4,320 | 2, 873 | 5,833 | 2,738 | 5,328 | 3,899 | 4,838 | - 5,647 | 3, 551 | 2,237 |
| Domestic commercial banks........--- do | ${ }^{2} 20,801$ | ${ }^{2} 21,704$ | 19,382 | 20,752 | 21, 704 | 19,651 | 20,175 | 24, 704 | 20,750 | 22,045 | 24,975 | 20,831 | 21, 937 | - 21, 202 | 22, 731 | 24, 308 |
| Time, total $\%$ $\qquad$ Individuals, partnerships, and corp.: | 296,589 | 2119, 443 | 114, 820 | 116,426 | 119,443 | 123, 102 | 125, 842 | 129, 175 | 129,338 | 131,127 | 131,890 | 132, 954 | 134,070 | -136,161 | 137, 160 | 138, 217 |
| Savings............................... do. | ${ }^{2} \mathbf{4 6 , 4 9 0}$ | 2 48, 035 | 47,013 | 47,475 | 48, 035 | 49,145 | 50,458 | 52,973 | 53, 043 | 53, 535 | 53, 658 | 53, 145 | 52, 693 | -53,313 | 53, 605 | 54, 124 |
| Other time...--.-.-................... ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | ${ }^{2} 36,502$ | 2 51, 650 | 49,086 | 50,376 | 51,650 | 53,770 | 54,889 | 55, 544 | 54,797 | 55, 732 | 56, 532 | 57, 210 | 58, 154 | -59,747 | 60, 305 | 60,901 |
| Loans (adjusted), totalas ---------------- do | ${ }^{2} \mathbf{2} 175,756$ | ${ }^{2}$ 280,429 | 173,826 | 174,487 | 180,429 | 175,201 | 175,635 | 177,240 | 177,206 | 180,002 | 182,830 | 180, 753 | 185, 343 | -186,252 | 185, 993 | 188, 922 |
| Commercial and industrial -.-.-.-.-.-... do | ${ }^{2} 81,491$ | ${ }^{2} 81,693$ | 79, 968 | 80,132 | 81,693 | 80,039 | 80,800 | 81, 208 | 81, 191 | 81, 909 | 82,521 | 81,830 | 82, 951 | r 83,733 | 83, 070 | 82, 933 |
| For purchasing or carrying securities....-do | ${ }^{2} \mathbf{2}, 811$ | ${ }^{2} 8,560$ | 6,436 | 7,153 | 8, 560 | 7,292 | 6,915 | 7,314 | 6,716 | 7,012 | 7,590 | 6,729 | 7,715 | Ir 7,743 | 7,788 | 8,690 |
| To nonbank financial institutions.-...... do | ${ }_{2}^{2} 13,148$ | ${ }^{2} 183,642$ | 12,573 | 12,604 | 13,642 | 12,617 | 12,412 | 13, 278 | 13, 295 | ${ }^{13,926}$ | 14,784 | 13, 713 | 13,966 | -13,543 | 13, 202 | 13,895 |
|  | 2 2 244,617 | 2 34,035 2 50,906 | 34, 065 | 34,059 | 34:035 | 34,284 | 34,416 | 34, 553 | 34,730 | 35, 087 | ${ }^{35,628}$ | 36, 149 | 36, 727 | +37, 183 | 37, 547 | 38,042 |
| Other loans. .----------....................- do | ${ }^{2}$ 44,177 | 2 50,906 | 47,025 | 49,013 | 50, 406 | 48,093 | 49,007 | 48, 224 | 48,935 | 50,794 | 49,986 | 50,605 | 53, 296 | -53, 873 | 51,861 | 55, 083 |
| Investments, total .---.-.-.-.-............ do | ${ }^{2} 59,536$ | ${ }^{2} 72,194$ | 66, 319 | 70,017 | 72, 194 | 73,229 | 73, 618 | 75, 515 | 75, 678 | 74,883 | 76,338 | ${ }^{75,152}$ | 74, 250 | -75, 187 | -77, 228 | 79,964 |
| U.S. Government securities, total........ do- | ${ }^{2} 238,853$ | 228, ${ }^{2} 261$ | 25, 593 | 27,364 | 28, 061 | 28,268 | 27, 593 | 28, 060 | 26, 569 | 25,453 | 26,623 | 25,397 | 24, 934 | +25,080 | -26,187 | 28, 298 |
|  | ${ }_{2}^{2} 19,789$ | ${ }^{2} 21,983$ | 20, 720 | 21,868 | 21, 983 | 22,322 | 22, 361 | 22, 384 | 22, 160 | 21, 652 | 22,434 | 21,850 | 22, 122 | - 22,400 | $\checkmark 23,340$ | 24, 566 |
| Other securities.-----...-..-.............-do. | ${ }^{2} 35,683$ | 244, 133 | 40,726 | 42,653 | 44, 133 | 44,961 | 46,025 | 47, 455 | 49, 109 | 49, 430 | 49,715 | 49,755 | 49,316 | -50, 107 | 51,041 | 51, 666 |
| Commercial bank credit (last Wed. of mo., except for June 30 and Dec. 31 call dates), seas. adj. Total loans and investments $\odot .$. | 2401.3 | 2435.1 | 424.4 | 428.2 | 435.1 | 438.9 | 444, 6 | 448.6 |  | 453.9 | 458.7 | 461.3 | 466.5 | 470.1 | 473.9 | 476.8 |
| Loans®....-................................ do | 2278.1 | 2290.5 | 287.3 | 288.4 | 290.5 | 292.0 | 295.2 | 295.2 | 295.4 | 298.9 | 299.2 | 301.7 | 307.4 | 310.4 | 313.7 | 476.8 315.2 |
| U.S. Government securities .-. .-. .-. . . . do | ${ }^{2} 51.9$ | ${ }^{2} 58.5$ | 56.3 | 56.7 | 58.5 | 58.7 | 59.9 | 61.4 | 60.2 | 60.0 | 62.9 | 61.8 | 61.6 | 60.7 | 59.2 | 59.5 |
|  | ${ }^{2} 71.3$ | ${ }^{2} 86.0$ | 80.8 | 83.1 | 86.0 | 88.2 | 89.6 | 92.0 | 93.7 | 95.0 | 96.6 | 97.9 | 97.6 | 99.0 | 101.0 | 102.0 |
| Money and interest rates: 8 <br> Bank rates on short-term business loans: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 38.21 | 38.48 |  | 8. 07 |  | 86.75 | ${ }^{5} 6.58$ |  |  | ${ }^{6.00}$ |  |  | 6. 50 |  |  |  |
| New York City ----.........-..........d. ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 38.02 | ${ }^{3} 8.22$ |  | 7.74 |  | 6.27 | 6.26 |  |  | 5.66 |  |  | 6. 25 |  |  |  |
| 7 other northeast centers....-...........do. | ${ }^{3} 8.53$ | ${ }^{3} 8.86$ |  | 8.47 |  | 7.18 | 6.80 |  |  | 6. 25 |  |  | 6. 75 |  |  |  |
| 8 north central centers. ------..........-do | 38.24 | ${ }^{3} 8.46$ |  | 8.05 |  | 6.83 | 6.65 |  |  | 5.95 |  |  | 6.45 |  |  |  |
| 7 southeast centers .................-.-. do | 27.93 | 38.44 |  | 8.15 |  | 7.04 | 6.88 |  |  | 6.37 |  |  | 6.73 |  |  |  |
| 8 southwest centers. ...................-do | ${ }^{3} 8.19$ | ${ }^{3} 8.52$ |  | 8.08 |  | 6.72 | 6.59 |  |  | 6.17 |  |  | 6. 60 |  |  |  |
| 4 west coast centers.....................do | ${ }^{3} 8.18$ | ${ }^{3} 8.49$ |  | 8.16 |  | 6.81 | 6.63 |  |  | 6.12 |  |  | 6.56 |  |  |  |
| Discount rate (N.Y.F.R. Bank), end of year or month percent. | 6.00 | 5. 50 | 6.00 | 5.75 | 5.50 | 5.00 | 4.75 | 4.75 | 4.75 | 4.75 | 4,75 | 5.00 | 5. 00 | 5.00 | 5.00 | 4.75 |
| Federal intermediate credit bank loans . .-. do | 3 7.23 | ${ }^{3} 8.50$ | 8.30 | 8.08 | 7.86 | 7.64 | 7.24 | 6.80 | 6.35 | 6.11 | 6.05 | 6. 01 | 6.00 | 5.99 | 5.99 |  |
| Home mortgage rates (conventional 1st mortgages): <br> New home purchase (U.S. avg.) . ..... percent | 37.66 |  |  |  |  | 8.03 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Existing home purchase (U.S. avg.)......do. | ${ }^{3} 7.68$ | 38.20 | 8.20 | 8.18 | 8.12 | 7.94 | 7.67 | 7.47 | 7.34 | 7.33 | 7.38 | 7.50 | 7.58 | 7. 63 | 7.62 |  |
| Open market rates, New York City: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bankers' acceptances (prime, 90 days) ...do...- | 47.61 | 47.31 | 6.54 | 5. 79 | 5. 32 | 4.77 | 4.09 | 3.80 | 4. 36 | 4. 91 | 5. 33 | 5.60 | 5. 57 | 5.49 | 5.05 | 4.78 |
| Commercial paper (prime, 4-6 months).-do -..- | 47.83 | 47.72 | 6.85 | 6. 30 | 5.73 | 5.11 | 4. 47 | 4. 19 | 4.57 | 5.10 | 5.45 | 5.75 | 5. 73 | 5.75 | 5.54 | 4. 92 |
| Finance Co. paper placed directly, 3-6 mo.do...- | 4.16 +7.96 | ${ }^{4} 7.23$ | 6. 76 | 6.16 | 5. 48 | 5.07 | 4.37 | 4.05 | 4.27 | 4. 69 | 5. 24 | 5.54 | 5. 57 | 5. 44 | 5.30 | 4. 81 |
| Stock Exchange call loans, going rate .-.do. | -7.96 | 47.95 | 7.75 | 7.40 | 6.92 | 6. 28 | 5.88 | 5.49 | 5.32 | 5.50 | 5. 50 | 5.93 | 6. 00 | 6.00 | 6.92 | 5.53 |
| Yield on U.S. Government securities (taxable): 3-month bills (rate on new issue).... percent. 3-5 year issues | $\begin{array}{r} 6.677 \\ 46.85 \end{array}$ | 4.458 4.37 | 5.927 7 | 5. 288 | 4.860 5.86 | 4.494 | 3.773 5.31 | 3.323 4.74 | 3.780 5.42 | 4.139 | 4.699 6.36 | 5.405 6.77 | 5.078 6.39 | 4.668 | 4.489 5.68 | $\begin{array}{r} 4.191 \\ 5.50 \end{array}$ |
| CONSUMER CREDIT <br> (Short- and Intermediate-term) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total outstanding, end of year or month .....mil. \$.- | 122,469 | 126,802 | 123, 866 | 123, 915 | 126, 802 | 125, 077 | 123,815 | 123,604 | 125, 047 | 126, 025 | 127,388 | 128, 354 | 129, 704 | 130, 644 | 131,606 |  |
| Installment credit, total. .------------.-...-d. | 98, 169 | 101, 161 | 99,959 | 99,790 | 101, 161 | 100, 101 | 99, 244 | 99, 168 | 100,028 | 100,692 | 101,862 | 102,848 | 104, 060 | 104, 973 | 105, 763 |  |
| Automobile paper -......--............... do | 36,602 | 35,490 | 36,518 | 36,011 | 35,490 | 35, 004 | 34, 869 | 35, 028 | 35, 496 | 35, 819 | 36,349 | 36, 763 | 37, 154 | 37, 383 | 37,759 |  |
| Other consumer goods paper...........-- do | 27,609 | 29,949 | 28, 152 | 28,378 | 29,949 | 29,575 | 28,928 | 28,591 | 28,682 | 28,706 | 28,976 | $29,165$ |  |  | 30,072 |  |
|  | 4,040 29,918 | 4,110 31,612 | 4, 31,126 31,163 | 4,133 31,268 | 4,110 31,612 | 4, ${ }_{\text {4, }}$, 458 | - ${ }^{4,051}$ | 4, $\begin{array}{r}\text { 4, } \\ 31,504 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 4, $\begin{array}{r}\text { 4, } 077 \\ 31\end{array}$ | 4,126 32,041 | 4,186 32,351 | 4,240 32,680 | 4,295 33,134 | 4,330 33,420 | 4,357 <br> $\mathbf{3 3 , 5 7 5}$ |  |
| By type of holder: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Financial institutions, total. ............do. | 84, 982 | 87, 064 | 87, 243 | 86, 820 | 87,064 | 86, 308 | 85, 910 | 86, 015 | 86,805 | 87,491 | 88,544 | 89,458 | 90,536 | 91, 279 | 91,943 |  |
| Commercial banks.-.-...............do | 40,305 | 41,895 | 42,010 | 41,740 | 41,895 | 41,611 | 41, 446 | 41, 563 | 42,094 | 42, 482 | 43,011 | 43,509 | 44, 112 | 44,603 | 44,947 |  |
| Finance companies ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 31, 734 | 31, 123 | 31, 309 | 31,081 | 31,123 | 30,791 | 30,511 | 30, 326 | 30, 369 | 30,441 | 30, 609 | 30,906 | 31,098 | 31, 133 | 31, 331 |  |
| Credit unions.........-...-.......... do | 11, 594 | 12,500 | 12,422 | 12,438 | 12,500 | 12, 353 | 12,351 | 12,509 | 12,686 | 12,874 | 13,206 | 13,296 | 13,570 | 13,780 | 13,875 |  |
| Miscellaneous lenders ${ }^{\text {I }}$ | 1,349 | 1,546 | 1,502 | 1,561 | 1,546 | 1,553 | 1,602 | 1,617 | 1,656 | 1,694 | 1,718 | 1,747 | 1,756 | 1,763 | 1,790 |  |
|  | $\mathbf{1 3}_{336}^{187}$ | $14,{ }_{327}$ | $\begin{gathered} 12,716 \\ 335 \end{gathered}$ | $12,970$ | $14,{ }_{327}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline 13,793 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\stackrel{13,334}{323}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|l\|l\|l\|l\|} \hline 1325 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 13,223 \\ 330 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 13,201 \\ \hline 344 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 13,318 \\ 339 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 13,390 \\ \hline 344 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 13,524 \\ & \mathbf{3 4 7} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 13,694 \\ 349 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 13,820 \\ 354 \end{array}$ |  |

Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary
${ }^{1}$ A verage for Dec. ${ }^{2}$ Beginning June 1969, data are revised to include all bank-premises subsidiaries, and other significant majority-owned domestic subsidiaries; also, loans and investments are now reported gross. For complete details see the Aug. 1969 Federal Reserve
Bulletin.
${ }_{3}$ Average for year. old basis are in Jan. 1971 column; details are in June 1971 Federal Reserve Bulletin.
$\ddagger$ Revisions for Jan. and Feb. 1970 are in the Mar. 1971 Federal Reserve Bulletin.
$\sigma^{\prime}$ For demand deposits, the term "adjusted" denotes demand deposits other than domestic Digitizcommerciahbank and U.S. Government, less cash items in process of collection; for loans,
exclusive of loans to and Federal funds transactions with domestic commercial banks and after deduction of valuation reserves (individual loan items are shown gross; i.e., before deduction of valuation reserves)
inncludes data not shown separately. ©Adjusted to exclude interbank loans: beginning June 1969, data are reported gross. §For bond yields, see p. S-20.
$\uparrow$ Finance companies consist of those institutions formerly classified as sales finance, consumer inance, and other finance companies. Miscellaneous lenders include savings and loan associations and mutual savings banks.

| Unless otherwige stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

FINANCE-Continued


Budget receipts, expenditures, and net lending: $\ddagger$ Expenditure account:
 Expend. a
Loan account:
Net lending
Budget surplus or deficit (-) ....................... do Budget financing, total $\ddagger$
Borrowing from the publice
Reduction in cash balances
Gross amount of debt outstanding $\ddagger$. Held by the public.
-................do
Receipts (net), total.................................. $\$$ Receipts (net), total Corporation income taxes (net) $-\ldots . .-$ do....-
Social insurance taxes and contributions


Expenditures and net lending, total 9 Agriculture Department Defense Department, military--.............
Health, Education, and Welfare Departm Treasury Department. Vational Aeronautics and Space Adm.....do Receipts and expenditures (national income and product accounts basis), qtrly. totals seas. adj. at annual rates:
Personal tax and nontax receipts..............do Corporate profit tax accruals.........................
Indirect business tax and nontax accruals. do Contributions for social insurance........do.
Federal Government expenditures, total . . do... Purchases of goods and services.. National defense
Transfer payments Net interest paid...........do.enterprises............................................. Less: Wage accruals less disbursements_..do..
Surplus or deficit ( - )...................
LIFE INSURANCE
Institute of Life Insurance:




1 Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{2}$ Data shown in 1969 and 1970 annual columns are for fiscal years ending June 30 of the respective years; they include revisions not distributed to months

$\ddagger$ Revisions for July 1967-Apr. 1969 for budget receipts and expenditures and for Jan.-Mar. 1969 and Jan.-May 1970 for assets of all U.S. life insurance cost will be shown later.

| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

FINANCE—Continued

| LIFE INSURANCE-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Institute of Life Insurance-Conti |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U.S., total | 15, 324.5 | 16,449. 4 | 1,329.9 | 1,231.2 | 1,810.9 | 1,286. 2 | 1,328.3 | 1,571.7 | 1,414.4 | 1,353. 7 | 1,430.0 | 1,326.7 | 1,348.6 | 1,466. 5 | 1,392. 7 |  |
|  | 6,758. 1 | 7,017.3 | 565.6 | 519.1 | 681.9 | 550.5 | 591.5 | 702.0 | 611.1 | 592.8 | 635.7 | 567.8 | 609.5 | 638.1 | 605.3 |  |
|  | ${ }^{952.6}$ | 978.3 | 81.4 | 78.5 | 81.6 | 84.8 | 80.0 | 95.6 | 87.7 | 81.9 | 85.4 | 76.3 | 73.7 | 80.9 | 77.6 |  |
| Disability payments..----------------- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 204.7 | 232.9 | 18.8 | 20.5 | 17.6 | 20.7 | 18.2 | 23.8 | 19.9 | 20.1 | 25.2 | 19.7 | 20.1 | 23.6 | 23.0 |  |
|  | 1,558.6 | 1,757. 1 | ${ }_{231}^{148.7}$ | 149.7 | 122.1 | 160.4 | 154.5 | 166.7 | 161.3 | 157.4 | 164.9 | 161.0 | 164.2 | 168.6 | 181.1 |  |
|  | 3,328.9 | 3, 577.4 | 283.9 | ${ }_{246.5}^{24.9}$ | 645.0 | 247.5 | 254.7 2294 | 2708.6 308 | 284.7 284 | 234.3 267.2 | $\stackrel{275.3}{24.5}$ | 238.0 268.9 | $\stackrel{241.2}{293.5}$ | ${ }^{2321.8}$ | ${ }_{278.8}^{224.9}$ |  |
| Life Insurance Agency Management Association: Insurance written (new paid-for insurance): $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Value, estimated total...--.-..........mil. \$.. | ${ }_{113,500}^{159}$ | ${ }^{2122,661}$ | 14, 620 | ${ }_{10}^{14,758}$ | 12,325 | 12,194 | 12,580 | 17,020 | 16,237 | 14, 713 | 16,273 | 14, 097 | 17, 299 | 15, 880 | 14, 742 |  |
| Ordinary (inct. mass-marketed ord.)....do | 39, 329 | 264, 422 | 2, 864 | 3,729 | 9,031 | 2,832 | 2,401 | 4,503 | 4,487 | 3,488 | 4, 294 | 3, 296 | - 5 , 970 | 4, 490 | 3, 244 |  |
|  | 6,454 | 6,510 | 581 | 523 | 497 | 536 | 564 | 622 | 735 | 688 | 635 | 542 | 562 | 591 | 623 |  |
| Premiums collecte |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total life insurance premiums.-.-......d. ${ }^{\text {Ordinary }}$ (incl mass-marketed ord) | 18, 13,142 | 19,940 14,912 | 1,708 1,308 | 1,596 1,198 | 2,082 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ordinary (incl. mass-marketed ord.) .-.-do....- | 13,142 3,492 | $\begin{array}{r}14,912 \\ 3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,308 305 | $\begin{array}{r}1,198 \\ \hline 304\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}1,457 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1,299 | 1,275 | 95 | 95 | 234 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MONETARY STATISTICS Gold and sllver: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oold: ${ }_{\text {Monetary stock }}$ US | 10,367 | 10,732 | 11,117 | 11, 117 | 10,732 | 10,732 | 10,732 | 10,732 | 10,732 |  |  | 10,332 |  | 10,132 | 10,132 | 10,132 |
| Net release from earmark8...............d. do. | 755 | $-615$ | -6 | -27 | -282 | -32 | -23 | ${ }^{-76}$ | -38 | -352 | ${ }^{-62}$ | -50 | ${ }^{-262}$ | , |  | 10,132 |
| Exports....-.-.-....-.-.-.-............thous. \$.- | 12,287 | 37,789 | 253 | 618 | 10,671 | 15, 473 | 2,379 | 9,774 | 2,614 | 10,430 | 3,564 | 1,955 | 2,861 | 434 | 97 |  |
|  | 236,905 | 237,464 | 14, 536 | 62, 760 | 14, 223 | 10,411 | 37, 721 | 20,296 | 20,795 | 35,386 | 18,469 | 7,259 | 48,001 | 22,732 | 23,083 |  |
| Production: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 91.9 |  |  | 93.4 | 923 | 91.3 |  |  |
|  | 60.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6.7 |  |  | 6. |  |  |
| Silver: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }^{1} 156,720$ | 27,613 | 1,079 | 1,277 | 5,890 | 4,218 | 1,970 | 3, 273 | 2,661 | 1,527 | 1,269 | 913 | 651 | 1,580 | 237 |  |
|  | 180,061 1.791 | -64,957 | 1,419 1.746 | 3,763 1.760 | 4, 876 1.635 | 5,267 1.640 | 2, 1.600 | 5,204 1.669 | 5,907 | 2,900 | 3,785 | 31.645 | 4,655 | 4, 134 | 3,218 |  |
| Price at New York .............dol. per fine oz.. | 1.791 | 1. 771 | 1.746 |  |  |  |  | 1. 669 | 1.726 | 1.667 | 1.608 | 1. 581 | 1. 587 | 1.421 | 1.336 | 1. 320 |
| Cranada-.-. --.................thous. fine oz ${ }^{1}$.- | 41,926 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mexico. | 42,904 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| United States | 41, 552 | 47,483 | 3,707 | 4,262 | 3,735 | 3,336 | 5,280 | 4,699 | 3,535 | 3,985 | 3,867 | 1,016 | 1,718 | 2,741 | 4,065 |  |
| Currency in circulation (end of period) .-.... bil. $\ddagger$ | 54.0 | 57.1 | 55.0 | 56.4 | 57.1 | 55.3 | 55.6 | 56.3 | 56.6 | 57.4 | 58.4 | 58.6 | 58.9 | 58.8 | 59.2 |  |
| Money supply and related data (avg. of daily fg.): $\oplus$ Unadjusted for seasonal variation: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total money supply -..................... bil. S.- | 201.5 | 210.0 | 213.0 | 215.3 | 221.1 | 221.3 | 215.5 | 217.4 | 222.2 | 219.7 | 223.6 | 225.8 | 224.7 | -226. 2 | - 227.5 | ${ }^{\text {p }} 229.7$ |
| Currency outside banks..--..-.-.-.-.- do | 44.8 | 47.7 | 48.5 | 49.2 | 50.0 | 49.1 | 49.2 | 49.5 | 50.1 | 50.5 | 51.1 | 51.9 | 51.9 | 51.9 | 52.2 | 52.7 |
| Demand deposits .---...-..............d. do | 157.0 | 162.3 | 164.5 | 166.1 | 171.1 | 172.1 | 166.3 | 167.8 | 172.1 | 169.2 | 172.5 | 173.9 | 172.7 | 174.3 | +175.3 | 177.0 |
|  | 198.8 | 208.4 | 222.5 | 224.6 | 228.7 | 234.5 | 240.3 | 246.9 | 249.2 | 252.1 | 254.4 | 256.4 | 259.1 | 260.3 | 264.1 | 265.5 |
| U.S. Government demand depositsT..... do.... | 5.6 | 6.4 | 6.1 | 5.6 | 7.1 | 6.6 | 8.3 | 5.4 | 5.5 | 7.8 | 5.4 | 6.8 | 6.8 | 7.5 | 5.3 | 3.9 |
| Adjusted for seasonal variation: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total money supply Currency outside banks --............... do |  |  | 213.0 48.5 | 213.5 48 | 214.6 48.9 | 214.8 49.2 | 217.3 49.6 | 219.4 50.0 | ${ }^{221.1} 5$ | 223.9 50 | ${ }_{51}^{225.6}$ | 227.5 | 228.0 51.8 |  <br> 227.6 <br> 51.9 | r 2227.7 | - 227.8 |
|  |  |  | 164.5 | 164.8 | 165.7 | 165.5 | 167.7 | 169.4 | 170.5 | 173.0 | 174.4 | 175.8 | 176.2 | r 175.7 | + $\begin{array}{r}52.2 \\ \hline 175.5\end{array}$ | 175.6 |
| Time deposits adjusted9-..---.-.-.........- do |  |  | 222.2 | 225.0 | 230.4 | 235.3 | 240.9 | 246.1 | 248.3 | 251.4 | 254.4 | 256.8 | 258.2 | 259.6 | 263.3 | 265.4 |
| Turnover of demand deposits except interbank and U.S. Govt., annual rates, seas. adjusted: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total (233 SM SA's) $\odot$ - ratio of debits to deposits ${ }_{\text {-. }}$ |  |  | 78. 1 | 75.6 |  | 76.3 168 | 82.0 | 79.5 | 80.5 | 76.6 | 80.1 | 79.8 | 83.7 | 83.0 | 83.2 |  |
| New York SMSA..-----.-.-.-.- do. | -...... | -- | 175.9 | 168.5 51.6 | $\begin{array}{r}170.6 \\ 52.4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 168.3 52.6 7 | 1913 | 183.5 | 185.6 | 171.2 | 179.3 | 178.9 | 198.7 | 191.7 | 201.5 |  |
| Total 232 SMSA's (except N.Y.)..........do. |  |  | 53.4 | 51.6 <br> 75 <br> 1.8 | 76.7 |  | 54.0 | 53.3 | 54.4 | 53.4 | 55.8 | 55.7 | 56.0 |  | 54.7 |  |
| 6 other leading SMSA' ${ }^{6} \sigma^{7}$. |  |  | 78.4 43.2 | 75.8 41.8 | 76.7 42.6 | 76.8 42.9 | 79.5 43.9 | 76.5 44.1 | 78.7 44.7 | 77.9 43.7 | 82.4 45.3 | 82.7 45.2 | 83.4 45.3 | 84.0 45.4 | 81.1 44.3 |  |
| PROFITS AND DIVIDENDS (QTRLY.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing corps. (Fed. Trade and SEC): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 33,248 | 28,572 |  |  | 6,739 664 |  |  | 6, 995 |  |  | 8,525 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Food and kindred products. | 2, 382 | 2,649 |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}664 \\ 98 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  | 612 |  |  | 700 |  |  | 739 |  |  |
| Textile mill products. | 621 | 413 |  |  | 98 |  |  | 93 |  |  | 151 |  |  | 139 |  |  |
| Paper and allied products mil. \$-- | ${ }_{6}^{640}$ | 304 |  |  | ${ }_{135}^{55}$ |  |  | 88 |  |  | 160 |  |  | 190 |  |  |
| ucts | $\begin{array}{r}987 \\ 3.591 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 719 3,434 |  |  | 136 799 |  |  | ${ }_{907}^{128}$ |  |  | 156 |  |  | 141 |  |  |
| Petroleum refining.............-.-.-.-.-.-. do | 5,884 | 5, 893 |  |  | 1,633 |  |  | 1, 524 |  |  | 1, 390 |  |  | 1,508 |  |  |
| Stone, clay, and glass products...........do. | 822 | 627 |  |  | 157 |  |  | 69 |  |  | , 289 |  |  | 283 |  |  |
|  | 1,414 | 1,297 |  |  | 234 |  |  | 210 |  |  | 256 |  |  | 64 |  |  |
| Primary iron and steel--.-.-.-.-....-do. | 1,221 | 692 |  |  | 110 |  |  | 204 |  |  | 351 |  |  | 22 |  |  |
| Fabricated metal products (except ordnance, machinery, and transport. equip.) ....mil. \$ |  |  |  |  | 187 |  |  | 226 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Machinery (except electricai)............d. do... | 3,138 | 2,689 |  |  | 621 |  |  | 520 |  |  | 648 |  |  | 616 |  |  |
| Elec. machinery, equip., and supplies---do | 2,594 | 2,349 |  |  | 676 |  |  | 542 |  |  | 663 |  |  | 633 |  |  |
| Transportation equipment (except motor vehicles, etc.) _-...........................-mil. \$. |  | 593 |  |  | 115 |  |  | 101 |  |  | 182 |  |  | 185 |  |  |
| Motor vehicles and equipment.-...........do....- | 2,845 | 1,424 |  |  |  |  |  | 867 |  |  | 937 |  |  | 406 |  |  |
| All other manufacturing industries....... do | 4,835 | 4,522 |  |  | 1,153 |  |  | 903 |  |  | 1,298 |  |  | 1,321 |  |  |
| Dividends paid (cash), all industries......do.... | 15,058 | 15,070 |  |  | 4,025 |  |  | 3,805 |  |  | 3,882 |  |  | 3,481 |  |  |
| Electric utilities, profits after taxes (Federal Reserve) .--.-................................................ | 3,186 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SECURITIES ISSUED |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Securities and Exchange Commission: <br> Estimated gross proceeds, total. <br> mill. \$.- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| By type of security: | 52,747 | p88,665 | 8, 353 | 9, 040 | 7,651 | 7,438 | 6, 523 | 11,070 | 7,244 | 6,969 | 10,994 | 9,316 | 9,346 | 9,445 | 9,392 |  |
|  | 44,351 | 79,985 | 7,270 | 8,142 | 6,941 | 6,949 | 5,998 | 9,777 | 5,825 | 6,337 | 9, 661 | 7,120 | 8, 659 | 8,250 | 8, 667 |  |
| Commorate-.- | 18,348 7,714 | 30,264 7,292 | 7,694 903 | 3,283 774 | 3, 270 | $\begin{array}{r}2,627 \\ \hline 413\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}2,476 \\ 424 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 2,782 | $\begin{array}{r}2,623 \\ \hline 882\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}2,638 \\ \hline 579\end{array}$ | 3,042 1 1,228 | 1, ${ }_{669}$ | $\begin{array}{r}1,844 \\ \hline 418\end{array}$ | 2,573 1,030 | 2,645 |  |
| Preferred stock...-..........-.................do....... | 682 | 1,388 | 180 | 124 | 168 | 76 | 100 | 311 | 537 | 54 | ${ }^{1} 104$ | 1,527 | 270 | 165 | 86 |  |

- Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{2}$ Monthly data begiming July and annual total figures exclude silver coin. ${ }^{2}$ Includes $\$ 17.2$ bil. SGLI. $\ddagger$ Revisions for Jan. 1968-Feb. 1969 will be shown later.
8Or increase in earmarked gold ( - ). $\oplus$ Beginning Dec. 1970 SURvEY, data reflect new bench-
marks and changes in seasonal Digitized for FRASER
transactions of specialized banking institutions. Revised monthly data back to 1959 will
be available later. TAt all commercial banks. OTotal SMSA's include some cities and counties not designated as SMSA's. o'Includes Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago, Detroit, San Francisco-Oakland, and Los Angeles-Long Beach.

| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown In the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

## FINANCE-Continued



| Unless other wise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annus |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

FINANCE-Continued

| SECURITY MARKETS-Continued Stocks-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dividend yields, preferred stocks, 10 high-grade (Standard \& Poor's Corp.)..................percent. | 6.41 | 7.22 | 7. 33 | 7.30 | 6. 88 | 6.53 | 6.32 | 6.48 | 6. 59 | 6.82 | 6.99 | 7.03 | 7.04 | 6. 90 | 6.75 | 6.78 |
| Prices: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dow-Jones averages (65 stoc Industrial (30 stocks) | 301.35 876.72 | 243.92 753 | ${ }^{2453.02}$ | ${ }_{769.23}^{246}$ | 263.81 | 279.62 | 2700. 14 | 296.67 90 | ${ }_{932} 309.11$ | 307. 39 925.49 | 300.23 900.43 | 294.95 <br> 887 <br> 1 | 297. 74 | 308.38 900.74 181 | 302.19 872.15 | ${ }_{822.11}^{285.91}$ |
| Public utility ( 15 stocks) | 123.07 | 108.75 | 106. 68 | 110.98 | 118.88 | 124.86 | 123.77 | 123.22 | 122.92 | 117. 75 | 114.36 | 118.12 | 113.28 | 111.20 | 113.76 | 111.03 |
| Transportation (20 stocks) | 221.02 | 152.36 | 152, 66 | 148.37 | 160.34 | 180. 85 | 193. 79 | 200. 55 | 217. 16 | 221. 10 | 217. 96 | 214. 94 | 222.89 | 241.26 | 236. 52 | 221.48 |
| Standard \& Poor's Corporation: ${ }^{7}$ Industrial, public utility, and railroad: Combined index ( 500 stocks) $\ldots 1941-43=10$ | 97.84 | 83.22 | 84.37 | 84. 28 | 90.05 | 93.49 | 97.11 | 99.60 | 103. 04 | 101.64 | 99.72 | 99. 00 | 97.24 | 99.40 | 97.29 | 92.78 |
| Industrial, total ( 425 stocks) \& ....... do | 107.13 | 91.28 | 92.85 | 92.58 | 98.72 | 102.22 | 106. 62 | 109.59 | 113.68 | 112.41 | 110.26 | 109.09 | 107.26 | 109.85 | 107.28 | 102.22 |
| Capital goods (116 stocks) .........d do | 103.75 | 87.87 | 87.90 | 86.47 | 92.12 | 95. 97 | 101. 58 | 104.69 | 109.38 | 108.61 | 105. 46 | 102.46 | 100.90 | 104.55 | 100.66 | 95.91 |
| Consumers' goods (184 stocks) .-... do | ${ }^{87} .06$ | 80.22 | ${ }_{85}^{82} 12$ | ${ }^{83.09}$ | 88.69 | ${ }^{91 .} 72$ | ${ }^{95} 58$ | ${ }^{98.54}$ | 102.41 | 101. 96 | 100. 96 | 100.55 | 99. 82 | 103.34 | 101.31 | ${ }^{97.47}$ |
|  | 62.64 45.95 | 54.48 32.13 | 33, <br> 31 | 54.86 30.80 | 39.96 | 63.43 36.64 | 62.49 38.78 | 62.42 39.70 | 62.06 42.29 | 59.20 42.05 | 57.90 42.12 | 60.08 42.05 | 57.51 43.55 | 56.48 47.18 | 57.41 44.58 | 55.86 41.19 |
| Banks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New York City (9 stocks) | 45 | 43.8 | 43.51 | 42. | 45.11 | 46. 88 | 45. | 48.02 | 49.05 | 46. 24 | 44. 68 |  | 42.97 | 45.10 | 45.91 | 46.42 |
| Outside New York City (16 stocks).....do | 87.73 | 77,06 | 79.39 | 77.37 | 81.13 | 87.48 | 86.58 | 89.58 | 93.01 | 88.82 | 85.97 | 85.83 | 85.08 | 85.09 | 84.98 | 83.55 |
| Property-Hability insurance ( 16 stocks).. ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 85.43 | 78.34 | 81. 56 | 79.73 | 88.33 | 95.96 | 101. 59 | 103.88 | 112.76 | 114.06 | 119.24 | 126.23 | 123.73 | 127.11 | 120.71 | 115. 65 |
| New York Stock Exchange common stock indexes: | 54.67 |  | 46.06 | 45.84 | 49.00 | 51. 29 | 53. 42 | 54.89 | 56.81 | 56. 00 | 55. 06 | 54.83 | 53.73 | 54.95 | 53.76 | 51.17 |
|  | 57. 44 | 48.03 | 48.87 | 48.54 | 51.68 | 63. 72 | 56. 45 | 58.43 | 60.65 | 60.21 | ${ }_{59.25}$ | 54.83 58.70 | 57.62 | 59.13 | 57.52 | 54.50 |
|  | 46.96 | 32.14 | 32.38 | 31. 23 | 33.70 | 37. 76 | 40.37 | 41.71 | 45. 35 | 45. 48 | 44. 90 | 44.02 | 44.83 | 48.09 | 47.02 | 44.29 |
|  | 42.80 | 37.24 | ${ }^{36.01}$ | 36. 71 | ${ }^{39.93}$ | 42.52 | 42.30 | 41.60 | 41.73 | 39.70 | 38.71 | 39. 72 | 38.17 | 37.53 | 37. 93 | 36. 87 |
|  | 70.49 | 60.00 | 59.04 | 57.40 | 61.95 | 66.41 | 68. 19 | 70.66 | 73.91 | 70.89 | 70.01 | 70.42 | 69.41 | 72.14 | 71. 24 | 68.98 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total on all registered exchanges (SEC): <br> Market value mil. | 175, 298 | 130, 531 |  | 9,239 | 715 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | , 327 | 12,833 | ,994 |  |
|  | 4,963 | - 4,567 | 458 | ${ }^{\text {, }} 324$ | 13, 470 | 510 | 601 | 581 | 581 | 535 | 462 | 409 | 460 | $\stackrel{+}{\square}$ | 403 |  |
| On New York Stock Exchange: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 129,603 3,174 | 103,063 3,213 | ${ }_{9}^{9,701}$ | $\begin{array}{r}7,308 \\ \hline 234\end{array}$ | 11, ${ }_{350}^{289}$ | 11,036 375 | $\begin{array}{r}13.628 \\ \hline 28\end{array}$ | 14,661 | 14,850 415 | 13,368 | $\begin{array}{r}12,249 \\ \hline 37\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}10,903 \\ \hline 29\end{array}$ | 12,237 | ${ }_{286}^{185}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,214 \\ & 289 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Now York Stock Exchange: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exclusive of odd-lot and stopped stock sales (sales effected) $\qquad$ | 2,851 | 2,937 | 262 | 230 | 335 | 349 | 371 | 390 | 402 | 303 | 304 | 265 | 321 | 253 | 280 | 276 |
| Shares listed, N.Y. Stock Exchange, end of period: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Market value, , ll listed shares <br> s.-......... bil. $\$$ millions | 629.45 15,082 | 612.49 15,522 | 570,41 15,981 | 1698. 64 | ${ }_{15,522}^{612.49}$ | 668.01 16,100 | 678.13 16,181 | 709.33 16.306 | 734,34 16,375 | 706.82 16,471 | $\begin{aligned} & 709.59 \\ & 16,663 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 684.56 \\ & 16,797 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 71.93 \\ & 16,915 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 709,00 \\ & \mathbf{1 7}, 032 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 681.17 \\ & 17,170 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 679.42 \\ & 17,320 \end{aligned}$ |

FOREIGN TRADE OF THE UNITED STATES

| FOREIGN TRADE <br> Value of Exports <br> Exports (mdse.), incl. reexports, total. $\qquad$ mil. \$. | 38,005. 6 | 143,224.0 | 3,975. 3 | -3,544.9 | r3,735.8 | 3,532. 3 | 3, 558.3 | 4, 156.0 | 3,850.6 | 3,970. 4 | 3.740.0 | 3,397. 7 | 3, 423.8 | 4,264.9 | 2,893. 2 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Excl. Dept. of Defense shipments . . . . . . do. | 37, 331. 7 | 42, 659.3 | 3, 916. 7 | -3,494.2 | -3,684.1 | 3, 481.8 | 3,527,0 | 4, 107.9 | 3,806. 6 | 3,913.5 | 3, 685.5 | 3, 340. 0 | 3, 366. 2 | 4,225. 1 | 2, 827.8 |  |
| Seasonally adjusted $\qquad$ do. |  |  | 3,688.7 | -3,499.4 | -3,569.2 | 3, 735. 4 | 3,689.7 | 3,814. 6 | 3,522.3 | 3,782.6 | $3,660.6$ | 3,494.5 | 3,677.7 | 4, 510.6 | 2,709.9 |  |
| B y geographic regions: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1,391. 6 | 1,579.1 | 131.3 | 139.3 | 139.4 | 151.7 | 163.8 | 149.2 | 137.2 | 131.6 | 142.6 | 160.1 | 141. 7 | 173.2 981.5 | 53.3 |  |
|  | 8,261.4 | 10, 022.8 | 921.4 | 818.7 | 960.3 | 842.9 | 821.7 | 903.1 | 889.6 | 930.8 | 823.8 | 708.1 | 704. 1 | 981.5 <br> 104 | 616.7 |  |
|  | 997.9 | 1,188.2 | 156.6 | 103.3 | 83.5 | 88.9 | 103.6 | -90.7 | 105.8 1 303 | 73.8 1 | 85.8 | 93.3 | 130.6 | 104.9 1.421 .1 | 100.1 |  |
|  | 12,641. 6 | 14,818.6 | 1,342.1 | 1,220.0 | 1,282.0 | 1,223.1 | 1,193.6 | 1,512,0 | 1,303.0 | 1,324.4 | 1,149.5 | 1,120.0 | 1,114.9 | 1,421.1 | 820.7 |  |
| Northern North America. . . . . - . . .-. .- do | 9, 137. 6 | 9,084.8 | 770.1 | 709.3 | 712.1 | 686.4 | 768.6 | 943.5 | 883.8 | 936.0 | 999.1 | 740.7 | 777.4 | 908.0 | 917.6 |  |
| Southern North America_.........-.-........do...-- South America | 2, 761.1 | 3,287. 4 | 320.1 | 286.8 | 273. 9 | 246.6 | 244.8 | 274.7 | 271.9 | 267.1 | 265.4 | 272.8 302.8 | 259.6 | 310.0 366.1 | 223.6 |  |
|  | 2,814. 4 | 3,245.5 | 333.7 | 267.2 | 285.7 | 292.7 | 262.1 | 282.8 | 281.7 | 306.8 | 273.8 | 302.8 | 295.5 | 366.1 | 161.2 |  |
| By leading countries: <br> Africa: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| United Arab Republic (Egypt)........ do. | 67.2 | 80.7 | 4.1 | 7.6 | 5.5 | 10.3 | 6. 0 | 3.0 | 4. 2 | 3.8 | 2.7 | 10.3 | 2.5 | 5. 7 | 2.0 |  |
|  | 505.5 | 562.7 | 48.7 | 48.7 | 44.4 | 53.4 | 56.8 | 50.9 | 44.0 | 46.7 | 49.2 | 50.2 | 47.3 | 65.2 | 17.8 |  |
| Asia; Australia and Oceania: <br> Australia, including New Guinea $\qquad$ do. | 860.0 | 1,003.1 | 137.4 | 80.0 | 70.3 | 74.6 | 91.9 | 77.5 | 91.7 | 64.6 | 72.7 | 81.8 | 119.7 | 91.7 | 90.4 |  |
| India | 517.1 | 573.2 | 52.0 | 40.2 | 56.8 | 49.7 | 48.0 | 61.7 | 87.1 | 78. 3 | 49.5 | 52.1 | 45.9 | 63.7 | 38.7 |  |
|  | 194.9 | 325. 4 | 33.8 | 17.0 | 45.2 | 28.8 | 19.4 | 30.2 | 16.9 | 18.8 | 11.6 | 16.7 | 15. 6 | 29.4 | 14. 4 |  |
|  | 50.8 | 66.6 | 4.8 | 5.0 | 6.8 | 6.1 | 5.3 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.1 | 9.5 | 4.4 | 6.0 | 8.9 | 4.7 |  |
|  | 201.1 | 264.4 | 27.4 | 32.8 | 23.7 | 25.2 | 22.0 | 18.3 | 17.3 | 27.2 | 25.6 | 21.4 | 18.9 | 34.4 | 10.8 |  |
|  | 374.3 | 373.2 | 33.7 | 29.4 | 26.2 | 23.0 | 31.0 | 30.8 | 30.4 | 29.8 | 36.6 | 25.5 | 25.0 | 34. 6 | 16.4 |  |
|  | 3,489.7 | 4,652,0 | 424.4 | 386.1 | 431.8 | 364. 2 | 364.9 | 364.2 | 331.2 | 370.5 | 303.4 | 261.0 | 299.7 | 371.2 | 291.6 |  |
| Europe: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| France. do | 1,195. 1 | ${ }^{1}, 484.3$ | 127. 1 | 107.2 | 132.9 | 122.8 | 105. 1 | 144.6 | 124.7 | 131.4 | 113.6 | 108.3 | 109.9 | 132.7 | 80.3 |  |
|  | 132.4 | 1, 32.5 | 3.0 260.4 | 218.7 | 3.8 228 | 4.3 319 | 2.9 | 2.2 354 | 1.5 | 274. 4 | 1.2 | .3 240.9 | 217. ${ }^{2}$ | 1.8 259 | 164. ${ }^{7}$ |  |
|  | 2,142.1 | 2,740. 2 | 260.4 | 218.7 | 222.0 | 219.0 | 221.1 | 254.3 | 298.1 | 274.4 | 219.0 | 240.9 | 217.1 | 259.9 | 164.0 |  |
|  | 1,261.5 | 1, 352.8 | 111.6 | 97.1 | 121.1 | 108.6 | 123.9 | 123.6 | 119.5 | 143.6 | 92.2 | 87.1 | 96.3 | 120.8 | 65.7 |  |
| Union of Soviet Socialist Republics....do...- | 1, 105.5 | 118.4 | 11.7 | 9.3 | 16.6 | 11.6 | 11.3 | 18. 4 | 12.2 | 8. 0 | 11.0 | 12.8 | 10.8 | 14.9 | 9.3 |  |
|  | 2,334. 6 | 2, 536.8 | ¢ 36.9 | 220.8 | 208.9 | 207.6 | 215.9 | 283.7 | 189.4 | 194.4 | 179.0 | 164.4 | 156.3 | 240.4 | 133.2 |  |
| North and South America: <br> Canada. $\qquad$ | 9,137.0 | 9,083. 8 | 770.1 | 709.3 | 712.1 | 686.3 | 768.6 | 943.5 | 883.8 | 934.6 | 999.1 | 740.7 | 777.4 | 908.0 | 917.6 |  |
| - Revised. <br> $\sigma^{*}$ Number of stocks represents number currently | used; th | change | num | $\mathrm{r} \text { does }$ |  | affect PIn | continui cludes de | ty of the ta not sh | eries. wn sep | arately. |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 1970 | 1970 |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

## FOREIGN TRADE OF THE UNITED STATES—Continued

| ```FOREIGN TRADE-Continued Value of Exports-Continued \\ Exports (mdse.), incl. reexports-Continued By leading countries-Continued North and South America-Continued``` |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Latin American Republies, total \& .-. - mill \$. | 4,869.2 | 5,696. 2 | 568.4 | 476.9 | 490.0 | 474.6 | 444.0 | 487.3 | 484.3 | 501.5 | 477.8 | 502.5 | 487.2 | 584.2 | 329.6 |  |
|  | 378.3 | 441.5 | 42.4 | 28.2 | 40.1 | 41.1 | 31.1 | 29.0 | 34.6 | 38.9 | 29.1 | 32.9 | 32.9 | 47.1 | 13.5 |  |
| Brazil | 672.0 314.6 | 840.6 300.4 | $\begin{array}{r}115.8 \\ 22.4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}71.8 \\ 25.8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 76.7 22.7 | 103.5 21.3 | 70.7 17.6 | 77.5 19.0 | 80.0 18.5 | 88.0 18.4 | 72.9 19.3 | 88.9 20.2 | 80.2 20.4 | 107.5 | 48.8 |  |
| Colombia | 302.8 | 394.9 | 35.1 | 32.2 | 35.9 | 28.5 | 34.7 | 39.0 | 31.5 | 32.9 | 29.5 | 35.1 | 31.1 | 37.5 | 18.4 |  |
|  | 1,449.5 | 1,703.7 | 161.3 | 147.1 | 145.6 | 125.4 | 129.4 | 144.2 | 137.3 | 135.1 | 135.7 | 135.5 | 126.5 | 134.8 | 131.3 |  |
| Venezuela.............................- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 708.2 | 759.3 | 76.6 | 61.0 | 61.3 | 54.9 | 62.4 | 66.9 | 71.8 | 79.9 | 70.0 | 70.7 | 76.0 | 82.3 | 39.8 |  |
| Exports of U.S. merchandise, total .-.........do | 37,461. 6 | 42,593. 3 | 3, 902.4 | 3,495. 7 | 3, 686.1 | 3,484.1 | 3, 501.7 | 4, 106.6 | 3, 807.7 | 3, 911.2 | 3, 679.2 | 3, 352.3 | 3,376. 7 | 4, 209.5 | 2,841.0 |  |
| Excluding military grant-aid.-.-.-.-.-.-. do | 36,787. 7 | 42,028. 5 | 3, 843.9 | 3,445. 0 | 3,634.4 | 3,433.6 | 3,470. 4 | 4, 058.5 | 3,763.8 | 3,854.3 | 3,624.7 | 3,294.7 | 3,319.1 | 4,169. 7 | 2, 775. 6 |  |
| Agricultural products, total-----------10 | 5, 936. 4 | 7, 173. 7 | 724.1 | 719.5 | 746.1 | 671. 6 | ${ }^{635} 5$ | 715.9 | ${ }^{633.5}$ | ${ }^{623} 6$ | 605.6 | 579.0 | 546.0 | 749.8 | 466.3 |  |
| Nonagricultural products, total...-....-...-do | 31, 525.2 | 35, 419.6 | , 178.3 | 2,776.2 | 2,939.9 | 2,812. 5 | 2,866.0 | 3, 390.7 | 3, 174. 2 | 3.287,6 | 3, 073.6 | 2,773.3 | 2,830. 7 | 3,459.6 | 2,374.7 |  |
| By commodity groups and principal commodities: |  |  | 0 | 419.6 |  | 3827 | 356.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3,732.7 | 4, 174.8 | 17.9 | 19.7 | 13.7 | 12.8 | 13.4 | 16.8 | ${ }_{14.3}$ | 15.9 | 15.0 | 32.6 13.3 | 308.5 18.1 | 44.9 17.4 | 284. 14 |  |
| Grains and cereal preparations.--.....-do | 2,127.1 | 2,588.4 | 289.6 | 252.9 | 254.5 | 233.1 | 222.5 | 226.0 | 195.8 | 213.2 | 172.3 | 184.2 | 170.8 | 277.6 | 137.5 |  |
| Beverages and tobacco--------------..- do | 713.5 | 701.7 | 75.8 | 92.5 | 80.1 | 56.6 | 47.0 | 67.0 | 57.9 | 64.3 | 60.0 | 61.4 | 74.4 | 122.7 | 10.1 |  |
| Crude materials, inedible, exc. fuels $\%$-.-. do | $\begin{array}{r}3,568.6 \\ 280 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$ | ${ }_{4}^{4,608.5}$ | 419.5 22.9 | 409.3 32.7 | 448.9 46.8 | 382.9 57.6 | 363.8 59.5 | 409.4 74.6 | 381.9 62.4 | 353.2 44.6 | $\begin{array}{r}361.5 \\ 44.5 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 298.4 31.2 | 302.5 24.4 | 369.2 | 226.5 |  |
| Cotton, raw, excl. linters and waste | 822.4 | 1,215.8 | 128.3 | 135.8 | ${ }_{141.3}$ | ${ }^{3} 106.1$ | 101.5 | 110.6 18.2 | 102.9 | 92.8 | 110.0 | 109.2 | 102.7 | ${ }_{93.7}^{47.8}$ | 90.9 |  |
| Metal ores, concentrates, and scrap..-.-d | 710.7 | ${ }^{+938.2}$ | 85.7 | 71.2 | 69.2 | 56.2 | 38.1 | 45.7 | 48.2 | 45.2 | 40.3 | 39.8 | 35. 4 | 53.2 | 24.3 |  |
| Mineral fuels, lubricants, etc. $\%$........... do | 1,130.2 | 1,594. 1 | 169. 6 | 132.1 | 161.9 | 119.5 | 121.4 | 130.1 | 141.8 | 147.7 | 133.5 | 107.1 | 167.3 | 158.2 | 87.1 |  |
| Coal and related products | 636.3 433.3 | $1,044.1$ 487.3 | 113.7 50.3 | 88.4 39.0 | 106.9 47.2 | 76.8 35.7 | 73.9 37.4 | 82.5 43.0 | 86.4 50.0 | 99.8 42.7 | 89.1 41.0 | 65. 36.6 | 117.3 45.6 | 106.7 45.4 | 53.3 29.4 |  |
| al and vegetable oils, | 7. 6 | 493.0 | 40.3 | 32.5 | 56.0 | 51.7 | 51.5 | 56.5 | 54.2 | 49.2 | 49.3 | 62.7 | 5.4 |  |  |  |
| Chemicals-.-...-----........................do | 3,382.6 | 3,826. 1 | 325.7 | 284.4 | 306.0 | 279.7 | 295.6 | 335.6 | 323.9 | 338.8 | 347.9 | 368.0 | 385.4 | 424.7 | 205.3 |  |
| Manufactured goods $\%$....-------------- do | 4,554.0 | 5, 067.0 | 411.0 | 5. 5 | 387.8 | 372.9 | 357.2 | 404.5 | 388. 6 | ${ }^{380.8} 8$ | 390.4 | 353.3 | 362.2 | 436.3 | 253.0 |  |
| Textlies | 575.6 972.9 | 603.2 $1,270.1$ | 53.7 84.7 | 49.7 81.3 | 51.4 77 78 | 53.3 70.5 | 66.8 60.3 | 56.3 67.9 | 53.9 65.8 | 53.7 65.3 | 50.0 72.7 | ${ }^{50.1}$ | 56.0 57.4 | 67.9 70.7 | 33.0 39.3 |  |
| Nonferrous base metals.....................-do | 711.5 | 892.5 | 73.3 | 56.6 | 67.5 | 64.0 | 59.8 | 61.4 | 60.2 | 57.5 | 54.1 | 35.3 | 36.7 | 51.7 | 24.3 |  |
| Machinery and transport equipment, total mil. \$ | 16, 402.8 | 17,875. 4 | 1,654. 2 | 1,419.1 | 1,472.7 | 1.489.3 | 1,580.7 | 1,948. 3 | 1,728.1 | 1,840. 1 | 1,633.0 | 1,421.8 | 1,383.0 | 1,815. 5 | 1,384.2 |  |
| Machinery, total $9 . . . .-$................ ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 9, 864.0 | 11.371. 6 | 1, 059.3 | 928.2 | 978.8 44.1 | 956.3 44.8 | 897.0 48.1 | $\xrightarrow{1,073.6}$ | i, 012.3 | 994.7 |  | 908.3 | 861.9 | 1, 100.6 | 822.6 |  |
|  | 644.4 343.4 | 628.1 395. 7 | 58.2 33.3 | ${ }^{46.0}$ | 44.1 34 | 44.8 42.5 | 48.1 29.3 | 61.4 35 3 | 60.7 32.6 | 63.2 32.3 | 53.2 31.1 | 49.6 29.8 | 38.2 27.7 | 59.1 36.7 | 43.8 21.5 21 |  |
| Construction, excav. and mining --- do | 1,248.0 | 1,422.4 | 128.9 | 117.0 | 116.9 | 108.5 | 113.1 | 135.1 | 143.2 | 126.6 | 111.9 | 110.3 | 98.0 | 140.0 | 94.5 |  |
| Electrical. | 2,677.0 | 2,999.7 | 277.6 | 253.5 | 261.6 | 255.0 | 232.1 | 264.5 | 255.1 | 264.9 | 246.9 | 244.3 | 238.4 | 291.7 | 234.6 |  |
| Transport equipment, total....-.-.---- do | 6,5 | 6, 503.8 | 594.8 289.7 | 491.0 251.9 | 493.9 260.9 | $\begin{aligned} & 532.9 \\ & 288.9 \end{aligned}$ | 683.7 339.8 | 874.7 412.6 | 715.8 358.7 | 845.4 393.7 | 673.8 415.7 | 513.5 271.8 | 521.1 | 714.8 | 561.6 |  |
| Motor vehicles and parts............. do | 3,787 | 3,549.3 | 289.7 | 251.9 | 260.9 | 288.0 | 339.8 | 412.6 | 358.7 | 393.7 | 415.7 | 271.8 | 280.0 | 416.3 | 288.3 |  |
| Miscellaneous manufactured articles......do. | 2,445. 7 | 2,571.4 | 229.8 | 214.9 | 208.1 | 209.4 | 211.5 | 248.1 | 231.2 | 232. | 233.4 | 21.1 | 32.8 | 258.0 | 85.4 |  |
| Commodities not classified................do | 1,224.0 | 1,507.0 | 117.6 | 115.6 | 159.4 | 139.4 | 116.9 | 119.0 | 157.1 | 146.5 | 135.3 | 134.9 | 125.3 | 122. | 124.7 |  |
| Value of Imports |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General imports, total....-.-.-.-.---.-.....-do | 36, 042.8 | 39,951.6 | 3,598.9 | 3,405.8 | 3, 555. 5 | 3,422.0 | 3, 193.8 | 3, 911. 5 | 3, 897.6 | 3, 844.9 | 4, 283.1 | 3,699.1 | 3,847. 2 | 4, 253.7 | 3, 471.6 |  |
| Seasonally adjusted........-.-.............-do |  |  | 3,500.5 | 3,428.4 | 3,404.3 | 3,686. 3 | 3,553.4 | 3.569.2 | 3,757.8 | 3,987.6 | 4, 023.2 | 3, 798.6 | 3,937. 4 | 4,245.2 | 3,531.3 |  |
| By geographic |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $1,046.3$ $8,275.4$ | ${ }_{9}^{1,110.65 .9}$ | 87.4 902.4 | 82.8 841.3 | 98.0 836.4 | 96.0 851.4 | ${ }_{784.0}^{80.2}$ | 894. 7 | ${ }_{979.5}^{113.1}$ | ${ }_{935.1}^{106.1}$ | 1,119.2 ${ }^{104.3}$ | 96.3 851.5 | 113.3 | 134.7 | 78.6 |  |
|  | 828.4 | , 870.9 | 75.6 | 62.8 | 88.0 | 57. 1 | 45.0 | 63.2 | 68.6 | 76.7 | 1, 83.4 | 86.3 | 88.1 | 1,104.0 | 946.7 62.3 |  |
|  | 10, 333.6 | 11, 400.9 | 1,033.9 | 1,033.6 | 1, 025.4 | 1,006. 4 | 907.2 | 1,152.8 | 1,108.1 | 1,114.8 | 1,216.4 | 1,185.1 | 1,197.7 | 1,216.8 | 920.9 |  |
| Northern North America.---.-.-.........do | 10,386.9 | 11,093.9 | 1,019.9 | 941.3 | ${ }^{978 .} 3$ | 906.1 | 937.3 | 1,140.1 | 1, 081.5 | 1, 105.8 | 1, 217.0 | 968.3 | 961.1 | 1,116. 4 | 1,094.9 |  |
| Southern North America.....................do | 2,516.8 | 2,881.4 | 227.5 | 217.1 | 261.6 | 236.4 | 245. 2 | 300.9 | 278.8 | ${ }^{269.8}$ | 260.0 | 230.9 | 242.2 | - 222.9 | 1,04.9 |  |
|  | 2,643.1 | 2,955. 4 | 249.5 | 225.4 | 266.0 | 265.2 | 191.3 | 266.2 | 263.4 | 233.2 | 280.3 | 276.7 | 306.0 | 335.5 | 178.3 |  |
| By leading countries: Africa: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| United Arab Republic (Egypt) .........do | 37.8 | 22.9 | 7 | 5 |  | 4 | 1.4 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 9 | 7 | 7 | 2.1 | 4.3 |  |  |
|  | 246.3 | 288.0 | 17.6 | 22.7 | 31.4 | 20.9 | 20.2 | 25.4 | 19.5 | 33.5 | 28.8 | 19.2 | 17.7 | 30.4 | 23.2 |  |
|  | 344.0 | 298.1 | 31.3 | 26.1 | 25.9 | 28.7 | 21.4 | 25.4 | 26.9 | ${ }_{28.0}$ | 351.4 | 63.4 26.2 | ${ }_{30.2}^{52.2}$ | 41.9 | 48.8 15.3 |  |
|  | 73.1 | 80.2 | 6.1 | 7.6 | 8.3 | 9.0 | 6.5 | 10.8 | 7.0 | 3.2 | 4.2 | 4.7 | 6.8 | 8.8 | 3.1 |  |
|  | 307.4 | 270.2 | 21.0 | 20.5 | 29.7 | 22.0 | 16.5 | 21.9 | 22.6 | 19.9 | 32.2 | 13.9 | 30.1 | 24.3 | 17.5 |  |
| Indonesia | 193.7 | 187.2 | 17.5 | 15.6 | 18.4 | 16.4 | 14.6 | 17.3 | 17.6 | 18.8 | 17.5 | 17.4 | 21.4 | 20.7 | 12.9 |  |
| Phillppines | 422.6 $4,888.2$ | 5,875.3 | 41.8 565.8 | 35.4 529.4 | 48.1 488.9 | 26.6 551.0 | 30.3 488.9 | 33.5 555.1 | 47.0 614.5 | 38.4 574.5 | 48.8 685.1 | 39.8 490.6 | 41.8 530.4 | 47.2 649.4 | 38.3 604.5 |  |
| Europe: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 842.2 | 942.1 | 82.4 | 88.9 1.0 | 95.0 .9 | 89.5 | $\begin{array}{r}79.1 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$ | ${ }_{1} 98.2$ | 94.2 .8 | 102.3 | 108.8 | 101.4 | 102.5 | 98.7 10 | 65.7 |  |
|  | 2,603.4 | 3,129.6 | 277.3 | 292.0 | 290.1 | 294.5 | 267.2 | 313.9 | 313.8 | 299.5 | 336. 6 | 336.0 | 347.6 | 356.8 | 264.2 |  |
|  | 1,203.7 | 1, 316. 1 | 112.3 | 104.1 | 114.7 | 117.7 | 102.2 | 125.5 | 121.0 | 109.9 | 128.1 | 128.1 | 149.4 | 120.9 | 93.5 |  |
| Union of Soviet Socialist Republics.... do. | 51.5 | 172.2 | 2.9 | 5.9 | ${ }^{6.7}$ | 3.7 | 3.8 155 | ${ }^{7} .6$ | 5.0 | 6. 4 | 6.1 | 5. 1 | 3.7 | 5.3 | 4.8 |  |
|  | 2,120.4 | 2,195.8 | 212.7 | 203.0 | 185.6 | 184.4 | 155.1 | 216.6 | 205.2 | 230.2 | 246.6 | 222.9 | 235.5 | 235.4 | 193.5 |  |
| North and South America: <br> Canada $\qquad$ do | 10, 383.6 | 11,091. 1 | 1,019.0 | 941.3 | 978.3 | 906.0 | 937.1 | 1,140.0 | 1, 081.3 | 1, 105.7 | 1,216.7 | 967.7 | 961.0 | 1,115. 1 | 1,094.9 |  |
| Latin American Republics, totalo ..... do | 4, 213.8 | 4,779.2 | 383.3 | 358.0 | 418.9 | 407.4 | 355.8 | 452.6 | ${ }^{450.1}$ | 405.4 | 441.8 | 406.3 | 449.0 | 461.8 | 283.8 |  |
|  | 1515. 3 | 171.8 | 18.2 | 11.9 | 12.2 | 9.7 | $\begin{array}{r}9.7 \\ 44 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$ | 15.5 | 13.5 598 | 10.6 | ${ }_{81}^{15.9}$ | 17.4 | 100.6 | $\underline{22.5}$ | 12.5 <br> 32 |  |
| ${ }_{\text {Crazil }}$ | 616.7 151.4 | 669.4 154.0 | 63.1 14 14 | 66.3 10.1 | 49.6 15.2 | 89.6 <br> 10.4 | 44.4 8.6 | 38.2 14.5 | 59.8 9.7 | 46.8 5.7 | 81.7 | 76.7 9.4 | 100.1 6.8 | 14.7 | 32.3 .7 |  |
|  | 154.4 | 154.0 268.9 | 16.5 | 15.8 | 22.0 | 19.1 | 15.4 | 20.0 | 23.2 | 20.3 | 22.0 | 27.4 | 22.6 | 26.7 | 9.0 |  |
| Mexico. | 1,029.3 | 1,222. 4 | 93.1 | 91.9 | 110.1 | 99.8 | 110.9 | 126.3 | 124.2 | 114.4 | 105.0 | 83.4 | 88.9 | 88.2 | 84.9 |  |
| Venezuel8.....-.......................-. - do | 1940. 1 | 1,082. 1 | 80.9 | 75.3 | 105.2 | 87.1 | 76.4 | 135.3 | 107.9 | 104.8 | 107.4 | 100.2 | 104.0 | 102.5 | 85.8 |  |

Revised. \& Includes data not shown separately.

| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

FOREIGN TRADE OF THE UNITED STATES-Continued


TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATION

$r$ Revised. $\quad p$ Preliminary. $\quad 1$ Annual total reflects revisions not distributed to monthly $\ddagger$ Trade in silver is included in value and quantity indexes for 1968 and all indexes thereafter. o Includes data not shown for earier months will be shown later.
seat-miles in revenue service; reflects proportion of seating capacity actually sold and utilized. - A pplies to passengers, baggage, freight, express, and mail carried.
*New series. Source: Civil Aeronautics Board. Certificated route industry covers passengercargo (including local service, helicopter, and other carriers) and all-cargo carriers. Oper8Selected revenues by type (as shown for total industry) and all traffic statistics cover schedselected revenues by type (as shown ior total industry) and all tramp stal revenues, expenses, and income for all groups of carre also reflect nonscheduled service.

| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

## TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATION-Continued

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline TRANSPORTATION-Continued Motor Carriers (Intercity) Carriers of property, class I (qtrily. total): \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Number of reporting carriers. \& 11,289 \& \& \& \& 1,359 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Operating revenues, total.......-......-.....mil. \$-. \& 10,482 \& \& \& \& 2,969 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline \(\underset{\text { Expenses, total }}{\text { Freight carried }}\) (revenue) \& 10,036
560 \& \& \& \& 2,868 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Freight carried (revenue) .-.-.-.-....-.-mil. tons.- \& 560 \& \& \& \& 142 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Freight carried, volume indexes, class I and II (ATA): \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Common and contract carriers of property (qtrly.) \(0^{2}\) - ....-average same period, \(1967=100\) \& 114.8 \& 112.4 \& \& \& 106.7 \& \& \& 116.1 \& \& \& 125.6 \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& 113.6 \& 111.1 \& 112.7 \& 108.3 \& 119.4 \& 116.1 \& 121.4 \& 124.3 \& 124, 7 \& 130.3 \& 129.2 \& 127.6 \& 128.7 \& 121.5 \& \& \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Carriers of passengers, class I (qtrly.): \(\delta\) \\
Number of reporting carriers.
\end{tabular} \& 171
670 \& \({ }^{1} 71\) \& \& \& \({ }^{71}{ }^{71}\) \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Operating revenues, total...................................... \& 679.0 \& 722.2 \& \& \& 175.5 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& 596.2 \& 638.4 \& \& \& 158.8 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Passengers carried (revenue).-...........-.mil. \& 178.7 \& 173.5 \& \& \& 41.8 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Class I Railroads \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Financial operations (qtrly.): \\
Operating revenues, total 8 .......................
\end{tabular} \& 11,423 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Yreight \& 10, 320 \& 10,916 \& \& \& 2, 2,78 \& \& \& \begin{tabular}{l}
2 \\
2 \\
2,1877 \\
\hline 2
\end{tabular} \& \& \& 27, \({ }^{2} 3,1381\) \& \& \& \({ }_{2}^{21} 2,1885\) \& \& \\
\hline  \& , 438 \& \({ }^{4} 20\) \& \& \& \({ }^{2} 102\) \& \& \& \({ }_{2}^{2,81}\) \& \& \& \({ }_{27}{ }^{3} 9\) \& \& \& \({ }^{2} 756\) \& \& \\
\hline Operating expenses....-....................do. \& 9,038 \& 9,731 \& \& \& 2,485 \& \& \& \({ }^{2} 2,513\) \& \& \& 2 2,573 \& \& \& \({ }^{2} 2,458\) \& \& \\
\hline Tax accruals and rents -.................... do \& 1,726 \& 1,844 \& \& \& \({ }^{476}\) \& \& \& \(\stackrel{494}{2}\) \& \& \& \({ }^{2} 521\) \& \& \& 2478 \& \& \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Net rallway operating income - .-............. do \\
Net income (after taxes) \(\qquad\) do \(\qquad\)
\end{tabular} \& 658
458 \& 2485

78 \& \& \& 84
-35 \& \& \& 2118
2637 \& \& \& 2

28

8179 \& \& \& $$
\begin{array}{r}
2166 \\
2066
\end{array}
$$ \& \& <br>

\hline Traffic: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Ton-miles of freight (net), revenue and nonrev. enue (qtrly.) --................................. \& 781.7 \& 777.2 \& \& \& 194.5 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 767.9 \& 4762.5 \& \& \& 191. 1 \& \& \& 2183.2 \& \& \& ${ }^{2} 194.9$ \& \& \& ${ }^{17} 176.1$ \& ${ }^{2,3} 67.5$ \& 252.4 <br>
\hline Revenue per ton-mile (qtrly. avg.)--.-.-.cents.- \& 1.347 \& 41.431 \& \& \& 1.453 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Passengers (revenue) carried 1 mile (qtrly.) . .mil \& 12,169 \& 410,770 \& \& \& 2,501 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Travel \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Hotels: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Average sale per occupied room......... dollars.--
Rooms occupled \& 12. 37 \& 13. 25 \& 14. 48 \& $\begin{array}{r}13.39 \\ 50 \\ \hline 104\end{array}$ \& 12. 24 \& $\begin{array}{r}13.62 \\ 47 \\ \hline 98\end{array}$ \& 13.24
50 \& 12.72 \& 14.37
56
119 \& 13. 26 \& 13. 94 \& 12. 41 \& 14.01
56
108 \& 14. 23 \& 15. 62 \& <br>
\hline Restaurant sales Index ..-same mo. $1051=100 \ldots$ \& 119 \& 114 \& 114 \& 104 \& 112 \& 98 \& 106 \& 128 \& 119 \& 131 \& 124 \& 116 \& 108 \& 116 \& 117 \& <br>

\hline | Foreign travel: |
| :--- |
| U.S. cltizens: $\qquad$ thous | \& \& \& \& \& 395 \& \& 444 \& 517 \& \& 673 \& 595 \& 897 \& 1,065 \& 768 \& \& <br>

\hline  \& -5,767 \& 6. 499 \& 408 \& 368 \& 437 \& 443 \& 404 \& 471 \& 556 \& 620 \& 802 \& 908 \& 777 \& 598 \& \& <br>
\hline Aliens: Arrivals............................. do. \& 3,602 \& 4,065 \& 326 \& 268 \& 292 \& 328 \& 242 \& 306 \& 312 \& 334 \& 352 \& 493 \& 514 \& 453 \& \& <br>
\hline  \& -3, 039 \& 3, 449 \& 291 \& 237 \& 279 \& 239 \& 185 \& 239 \& 247 \& 299 \& 317 \& 362 \& 449 \& 325 \& \& <br>
\hline Passports issued.-.......................... do \& 1, 820 \& 2,219 \& 101 \& 88 \& 108 \& 137 \& 182 \& 275 \& 290 \& \& \& ${ }_{10} 239$ \& 203 \& 147 \& 106 \& 113 <br>

\hline National parks, visitsf.-.....-...................... do \& 42,403 \& 45,753 \& 3, 050 \& 1,625 \& 1,090 \& 1, 198 \& 1,347 \& 1,689 \& 2,609 \& $$
3,653
$$ \& \[

6,725
\] \& 10,266 \& 9,674 \& 4,978 \& 3,417 \& <br>

\hline COMMUNICATION (QTRE, ${ }^{\text {( }}$ ) \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Telephone carriers: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 16,781
8,213 \& 18,103

8,912 \& \& \& | 4,637 |
| :--- |
| 2,300 | \& \& \& 4,760

2,341 \& \& \& 4,897
2,386 \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 6,506 \& 6,947 \& \& \& 1,769 \& \& \& 1,845 \& \& \& 1,909 \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Operating expenses (excluding taxes)........do \& 10, 270 \& 11,581 \& \& \& 2,987 \& \& \& 3,046 \& \& \& 3, 109 \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Net operating income (after taxes) ..........d. do \& 2,798 \& 3, 058 \& \& \& 802 \& \& \& 813 \& \& \& 859 \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Phones in service, end of period ............ mil. \& 100.3 \& 104.1 \& \& \& 104.1 \& \& \& 105.2 \& \& \& 105.9 \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Telegraph carriers: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Domestle: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Operating revenues..---- \& 391.3
3308 \& 402.5 \& \& \& 100.2 \& \& \& 91.2 \& \& \& 98.7
86 \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Operating expenses.-..-.-.............do.... \& 330.8
32.9 \& 334.6
34.0 \& \& \& 80.8
6.9 \& \& \& 78.8
6.8 \& \& \& 85.3
4.8 \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline International: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 179.9
132.5 \& 193.7 \& \& \& 50.1 \& \& \& 51.9 \& \& \& 50.4 \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Operating expenses
Net operating revenues (before taxes) ...d. \& 132.5
39.1 \& 144.9
39.3 \& \& \& 38.1
9.4 \& \& \& 36.0
12.7 \& \& \& 37.6
10.1 \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Net operating revenues (betore taxes) ...do..... \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS

$r$ Revised. ${ }^{\circ}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ Number of carriers filing complete reports for the year. ${ }^{2}$ Source: Association of American Railroads. ${ }^{3}$ For 5 weeks. ${ }_{5}^{4}$ Annual total reflects revisions not distributed to the monthly or quarterly data. ${ }^{5}$ Beginning Jan. 1971, includes low purity oxygen; comparable Dec. 1970 figure, 26,394 mil. cu. ft. ${ }^{6}$ Before extraordinary and prior period items. ${ }^{7}$ Reporting roads only; excludes AMTRAK operations.
National Parks.

[^24]| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and degcriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

## CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS-Continued

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline CHEMICALS-Continued \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Organle chemicals, production: \({ }^{\text {a }}\) ( mil it \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& 1,788.0 \& 35.1 \& 3.5 \& 2.9 \& 2.7 \& 12.8
2.7 \& \({ }_{2}^{12.2}\) \& 140.6
2.9 \& \({ }_{2}^{13.5}\) \& 137.0
2.6 \& \({ }_{2} 2.3\) \& 126.4
2.3 \& 12.6
2.6 \& 123.0
2.9 \& 16.0
3.0 \& \\
\hline Creosote oil. .-...-.........................-mil. gal.- \& \({ }^{1118.3}\) \& 109.6 \& 9.3 \& 9.1 \& 10.6 \& 8.4 \& 8.4 \& 9.6 \& 10.3 \& 10.7 \& 12.1 \& 12.6 \& 9.0 \& 7.2 \& 10.7 \& \\
\hline Ethyl acetate (85\%) -- \& \({ }^{1} 153.2\) \& 1158.7 \& 14.7 \& 10.2 \& 16.1 \& 13.5 \& 13.0 \& 10.8 \& 15.9 \& 14.5 \& 11.7 \& 14.6 \& 11.6 \& 13.6 \& 11.7 \& \\
\hline Formaldehyde ( \(37 \% \mathrm{HCHO}\) ) ...............do \& 4,192.8 \& 14,312.4 \& 370.8 \& 400.8 \& 344.4 \& 308.8 \& 310.3 \& 382.1 \& 383.4 \& 371.9 \& 362.1 \& 340.2 \& 361.8 \& 413.2 \& 409.0 \& \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Glycerin, refined, all grades: \\
Production
\end{tabular} \& 322.4 \& 336.1 \& 27.8 \& 31.7 \& 31.8 \& 28.2 \& 25.8 \& 30.3 \& 27.0 \& 28.6 \& 29.4 \& 26.9 \& 30.3 \& 28.8 \& 28.5 \& \\
\hline  \& 30.5 \& 29.6 \& 23.0 \& 26.6 \& 29.6 \& 31.2 \& 27.0 \& 29.2 \& 23.5 \& 25.5 \& 23.4 \& 20.9 \& 24.2 \& 20.8 \& 27.7 \& \\
\hline Methanol, synthetic........................-mil. gal.- \& \({ }^{1} 624.8\) \& \({ }^{1} 744.7\) \& 60.4 \& 65.4 \& 77.0 \& 60.2 \& 56.6 \& 56.0 \& 65.8 \& 60.3 \& 65.4 \& 54.3 \& 61.6 \& 57.8 \& 60.9 \& \\
\hline Phthalic anhydride .........................mil. ib.- \& 774.0 \& 1714.0 \& 54.9 \& 53.8 \& 55.9 \& 54.4 \& 51.4 \& 61.9 \& 61.3 \& 71.1 \& 67.7 \& 67.9 \& 62.3 \& 58.3 \& 65.1 \& \\
\hline ALCOHOL \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Ethyl alcohol and spirits: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& 737.7
179.7 \& 631.8 \& 164.8 \& \({ }_{161.3}^{46}\) \& 168.3 \& 45.0
162.8 \& 41.5
159.4 \& 41.7 \& 44.4
151.2 \& 43.4
148.2 \& 48.6
150.1 \& 43.7
151.9 \& 43.6
146.1 \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& 592.6 \& 513.8 \& 42.9 \& 37.1 \& 37.6 \& 37.8 \& 31.8 \& 37.7 \& 38.1 \& 38.8 \& 38.8 \& 33.1 \& 35.2 \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& 85.6 \& 84.8 \& 8.6 \& 7.7 \& 6.7 \& 6.2 \& 6.1 \& 7.4 \& 6.6 \& 6.5 \& 7.7 \& 7.0 \& 7.7 \& \& \& \\
\hline Denatured alcohol: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Production--------------.-...-mil. wine gal_- \& 318.4 \& 276.9 \& 23.2 \& 20.1 \& 21.0 \& 20.4 \& 17.2 \& 20.4 \& 20.6 \& 20.9 \& 21.1 \& 18.0 \& 19.0 \& 18.4 \& \& \\
\hline Consumption (withdrawals) .- .-..........-do-.---- \& 318.8
2.4 \& 276.2
3.0 \& 22.9
3.0 \& 20.1
3.0 \& 20.9
3.0 \& 20.2
3.3 \& 17.7
2.8 \& 20.4
2.7 \& 20.7
2.7 \& 21.0
2.8 \& 21.7
2.3 \& 17.7
2.6 \& 18.9
2.8 \& 18.4
2.7 \& \& \\
\hline FERTILIZERS \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Exports, total \(8 . . .-\).-............thous. sh. tons \& 16,599 \& 16,005 \& 1,479 \& 1,420 \& 1,293 \& 1,800 \& 1,168 \& 1,285 \& 1,680 \& 1,210 \& 1,418 \& 1,616 \& 1,350 \& 1,668 \& 1,318 \& \\
\hline Nitrogenous materials..------------------ do- \& 1,799 \& 1,133 \& 105 \& 114 \& 101 \& \& \({ }^{62}\) \& 67 \& 94 \& 61 \& 92 \& 82 \& 129 \& 95 \& 111 \& \\
\hline  \& 12,229 \& 12,543 \& 1,189 \& 1,163 \& 980 \& 1,528 \& 905 \& 986 \& 1,381 \& 968 \& 1,122 \& 1,256 \& 1,005 \& 1,327 \& 1,010 \& \\
\hline  \& 1,233 \& 966 \& 74 \& 73 \& 70 \& 66 \& 87 \& 83 \& 72 \& 90 \& 108 \& 91 \& 85 \& 101 \& 88 \& \\
\hline Imports: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Ammonium nitrate.........................-. do \& 138 \& \({ }_{218}^{328}\) \& \({ }_{16}^{23}\) \& 24 \& 19 \& 16 \& \(\stackrel{24}{33}\) \& 43 \& 104 \& \({ }_{20}^{88}\) \& 18 \& \& \({ }_{21}^{17}\) \& 11 \& 19 \& \\
\hline Potassium chloride......................................... \& 3, 829 \& 4,165 \& 391 \& 387 \& 269 \& 315 \& 296 \& \& 475 \& 518 \& 184 \& 272 \& \& 463 \& 34 \& \\
\hline  \& 184 \& 129 \& 22 \& 8 \& 5 \& 19 \& 13 \& 7 \& 34 \& 13 \& 28 \& 17 \& 23 \& 47 \& \({ }^{(3)}\) \& \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Potash deliveries ( \(\mathrm{K}, \mathrm{O}\) ). \\
Superphosphate and other phosphatic fertlizers \(\left(100 \% \mathrm{P}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{6}\right)\) :
\end{tabular} \& 4,794
4.290 \& 4,603
4,408 \& 411 \& 416 \& 319
431 \& 436 \& 271 \& 569

430 \& 895

436 \& 391 \& 276
393 \& 270
378 \& 325 \& 364 \& 437 \& <br>

\hline | Production |
| :--- |
| thous. sh. tons |
|  | \& 4,290

448 \& 4,498
484 \& 386
394 \& 387
426 \& ${ }_{484}^{431}$ \& 379
505 \& 511 \& 430
453 \& 436
262 \& $\stackrel{415}{468}$ \& ${ }_{336}^{393}$ \& 378
406 \& 3397 \& \& \& <br>
\hline miscellaneous products \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Explosives (Industrial), shipments, quarterly mil. lb.- \& 1,924.8 \& 2,046. 5 \& \& \& 696.4 \& \& \& 480.0 \& \& \& 585.4 \& \& \& 667.7 \& \& <br>
\hline Paints, varnish, and lacquer, factory shipments: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 2,776.7 \& 2,737. 1 \& 220.6 \& 185.9 \& 177.0 \& 180.4 \& 198.2 \& 235.6 \& 253.0 \& 258.2 \& 291.6 \& 254.1 \& 274.0 \& - 2666 \& 229.5 \& <br>
\hline  \& 1, 473.5 \& - \& 117.2
103.4 \& 89.4 \& 88.4
88.6 \& 91.9 \& 104.7 \& 124.5 \& 1142.9 \& 145.7 \& 169.7 \& 156.6 \& 158.9 \& - 149.9 \& 121.6 \& <br>
\hline  \& 1,303. 5 \& 1,239.4 \& 103.4 \& 86.4 \& 88.6 \& 88.5 \& 93.5 \& 111.1 \& 110.2 \& 112.5 \& 121.9 \& 97.5 \& 115.1 \& +116.9 \& 108.0 \& <br>
\hline Sulfur, native (Frasch) and recovered: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Production-...-.........-thous. Ig. tons..- \& 8,568
$\mathbf{3 , 4 6 1}$ \& 18,539

4,038 \& $\begin{array}{r}746 \\ \hline 3,977\end{array}$ \& $$
\begin{array}{r}
703 \\
4,021
\end{array}
$$ \& 742

4,038 \& 728
4,108 \& 658
4,094 \& 695
4,123 \& 684

4,069 \& $$
\begin{array}{r}
716 \\
4,119
\end{array}
$$ \& 686

4,098 \& $$
\begin{array}{r}
721 \\
4,186
\end{array}
$$ \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
734 \\
4,190
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
696 \\
4,208
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
780 \\
4,347
\end{array}
$$
\] \& <br>

\hline Plastics and resin materials \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Production: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline | Thermosetting resins: |
| :--- |
| Alkyd resins........................................... 1 mil . | \& \& 1600.2 \& 50.1 \& \& \& ${ }^{(2)}$ \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline Polyester resins............................................. \& : 667.4 \& 1646.1 \& 58.0 \& 54.0 \& 54.2 \& 48.7 \& 51.7 \& 59.4 \& 60.7 \& 63.6 \& 66.7 \& 62.2 \& 67.4 \& 71.9 \& \& <br>
\hline Phenolic and other tar acid resins...-....-do.... \& 11, 123.8 \& ${ }^{1} 1,041.6$ \& ${ }^{92.8}$ \& 85.1 \& 79.5 \& 82.1 \& 81.2 \& ${ }_{5}^{93.7}$ \& 91.2 \& ${ }^{90.7}$ \& ${ }^{91.4}$ \& 81.0 \& ${ }^{93.2}$ \& 107.0 \& \& <br>
\hline Urea and melamine resins......-...-.....-do...- \& ${ }^{1} 770.5$ \& ${ }^{1} 823.5$ \& 50.7 \& 48.2 \& 46.0 \& 47.7 \& 48.2 \& 53.2 \& 55.6 \& 55.8 \& 59.1 \& 62.3 \& 67.9 \& 64.2 \& \& <br>

\hline | Thermoplastic resins: |
| :--- |
| Cellulose plastic materials | \& 1192.6 \& \& 11.0 \& \& 9.1 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline Coumarone-indene and petroleum polymer \& \& 140.9 \& \& \& 9.1 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline resins.................................mil. 1 b . \& 1332.6 \& ${ }^{1} 315.3$ \& 25.4 \& 28.2 \& 28.0 \& (2) \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Styrene-type materials (polystyrene) ....ddo. \& 13, 251.6 \& 13,402.9 \& 271.9 \& 279.6 \& 283.8 \& 267.2 \& 270.5 \& 303.9 \& 287.1 \& 345.4 \& 326.5 \& 314.6 \& 331.5 \& 328.4 \& \& <br>
\hline Vinyl resins (resin content basis) ........d.do.... \& $13,638.8$ \& $13,754.4$ \& 311.7 \& 288.6 \& 289.2 \& 294.7 \& 289.5 \& 321.4 \& 306.8 \& 344.7 \& 328.9 \& 284.7 \& 333.7 \& 3426 \& \& <br>
\hline  \& $15,440.7$ \& ${ }_{1} 5,872.3$ \& 517.7 \& 487.6 \& 509.8 \& 493.5 \& 459.9 \& 491.7 \& 543.4 \& 541.9 \& 629.2 \& 514.5 \& 545.1 \& 557.2 \& \& <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

## ELECTRIC POWER AND GAS


; Revised. ${ }^{c}$ Corrected.
1 Revised annual total, revisons are not distributed to the monthly data. ${ }^{1}$ Series
discontinued.
$\sigma^{\text {ndata are }}$ reported on the basis of 100 percent content of the specified material unless
otherwise indicated. 9 Includes data not shown separately.
§Data have been restated to exclude black blasting powder formerly included.
Revised data for the months of 1968 will be shown later.

| Unleas other wise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 1970 | 1970 |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

ELECTRIC POWER AND GAS-Continued

| ELECTRIC POWER-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sales to ultimate customers, total (EEI) mil. kw.-hr. | 1,307,178 | 1,391,359 | 117, 258 | 110,690 | 115, 649 | 122,035 | 120,810 | 119, 704 | 115, 975 | 113,830 | 119,699 | 128, 746 | 128, 685 | 130, 062 |  |  |
| Small light and powers. $\qquad$ do | 286, 688 | 312, 750 | 27, 109 | 24,734 | 25, 147 | 26,223 | 26, 029 | 25,703 | 25, 320 | 25, 377 | 27, 838 | 31, 061 | 30,912 | 31, 241 |  |  |
| Large light and powers ................................................ | 557, 220 | 572, 522 | 48,614 | 47, 235 | 47, 583 | 47,480 | 47,457 | 48, 947 | 49,051 | 49,338 | 50, 493 | 49, 405 | 49,698 | 50,561 |  |  |
| Rail ways and railroads--....................do.. | 4,531 407,922 |  |  | 368 33,839 | 37, ${ }_{360}$ | 43. 445 | 42,268 | 492 39,819 | 380 36,897 | [ $\begin{array}{r}363 \\ 34,263\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Residential or domestic.-...................-. do-...- | 407, 922 | 447,795 | 36, 978 | 33,839 1,029 | 37,860 1,081 | 43,156 | 42, 268 1,004 | 39,819 | 36, ${ }^{837}$ | 34, 2888 | 36, 889 | 43, 205 | $\begin{array}{r} 43,026 \\ 904 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 43, \\ 969 \\ 965 \end{array}$ |  |  |
|  | 35, 861 | 37, 816 | 3, 314 | 3,118 | 3,172 | 3,260 | 3,267 | 3,426 | 2,983 | 3, 198 | 3, 336 | 3,436 | 3,371 | 3, 445 |  |  |
|  | 4,186 | 4,660 | 404 | 366 | 385 | 384 | 382 | 415 | 411 | 402 | 427 | 423 | 423 | 414 |  |  |
| Revenue from sales to ultimate customers (Edison Electric Institute) .-...................................... | 20,139.3 | 22,065. 9 | 1,908. 3 | 1,807.8 | 1,887.8 | 1,978.1 | 1,977. 5 | 1,955. 3 | 1,912.6 | 1,900. 1 | 2,014.7 | 2,193.9 | 2,207. 2 | 2,253. 8 |  |  |
| GAS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manufactured and mixed gas: <br> Customers, end of period, total $\%$ $\qquad$ thous. |  | 571 |  |  | 571 |  |  |  |  |  | 572 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Residential..-........-.-.-.-.-......-. do...- | 539 | 535 |  |  | 535 |  |  | 538 |  |  | 536 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industrial and commercial................do...-- | 36 | 34 |  |  | 34 |  |  | 35 |  |  | 34 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sales to consumers, total $\%$...........mil. therms.- | 1,522 | 1,481 |  |  | 351 |  |  | 646 |  |  | 328 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Residential.-...........-..................d. do...- | 818 | 825 |  |  | 190 |  |  | 392 |  |  | 177 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industrial and commercial ................ do...- | 671 | 625 |  |  | 151 |  |  | 238 |  |  | 143 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenue from sales to consumers, total $¢$..mil. \$.- | 129.9 | 132.3 |  |  | 33.1 |  |  | 60.1 |  |  | 33.4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Residential ...-.........................-do.... | 79.1 | 82.4 |  |  | 20.4 |  |  | 39.1 |  |  | 20.5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industrial and commercial................do...-- | 48.3 | 47.4 |  |  | 11.9 |  |  | 19.5 |  |  | 12.1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Natural gas: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Customers, end of period, total9..........thous.- | 40,905 | 41,204 |  |  | 41, 204 |  |  | 41,599 38,166 3 |  |  | 41,373 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 37, 536 | 37,826 3,326 |  |  | 37,826 3,326 |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}38,166 \\ 388 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  | 37,998 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industrial and commercial ..------------do.--- | $\text { 3, } 320$ | 3,326 |  |  | 3,326 |  |  | 3,382 |  |  | 3,337 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sales to consumers, total $\%$...........mil. therms.- | 152,374 | 183, 199 |  |  | 39, 424 |  |  | 53.770 |  |  | 39,458 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Residential.-.-.-.-.-.-.-...............- do...- | 47,372 | 48, 217 |  |  | 11, 584 |  |  | ${ }_{20,940}^{22,147}$ |  |  | 10, 759 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industrial and commercial.-..--........-do.... | 99,461 | 108,848 |  |  | 26,168 |  |  | 29, 147 |  |  | 27,467 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenue from sales to consumers, total ¢ _ mill \$.- | 9, 342.0 | 10, 242.6 |  |  | 2, 550.0 |  |  | 4, 002.7 |  |  | 2,613.6 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Residential.....--------.........-...--do....- | 4, 801.1 | 5,133.9 |  |  | 1, 271.5 |  |  | 2, 315.0 |  |  | 1,281.2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industrial and commercial....-...........do...- | 4,324.9 | 4, 862. 4 |  |  | 1,211.2 |  |  | 1,609.8 |  |  | 1,311.1 |  |  |  |  |  |

FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS; TOBACCO


| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and deacriptive notes are as sho wn in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar | Apr | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

## FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS; TOBACCO-Continued

| DAIRY PRODUCTS-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Condensed and evaporated milk: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Condensed (sweetened) $\qquad$ mil. lb <br> Evaporated (unsweetened) |  |  | - ${ }^{(8)} 8$ | - ${ }^{(6)} 7$ | - ${ }_{\text {(6) }}^{96.5}$ | ${ }^{(866.8}$ | ${ }_{-90.3}{ }^{(8)}$ | - ${ }_{\text {(6) }}^{(09.0}$ | ${ }^{-16 .}{ }^{(6)}$ | ${ }_{\text {c }}{ }^{\text {(0) }} 13.2$ | ${ }^{(141.5}$ | ${ }_{8}{ }_{115}^{(0)}$ | ${ }_{6}{ }^{(6)}{ }^{(6) 5.8}$ | ${ }_{8}{ }_{84.5}^{(6)}$ | ${ }^{(6)}{ }^{(6)} 5$ |  |
| Stocks, manufacturers', case goods, end of period: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1.9 105.0 | $\stackrel{(6)}{115 .} 7$ | ${ }^{\circ}{ }^{(6)}{ }^{(60.0}$ | ${ }_{6}{ }_{147}^{(8)} 5$ | ${ }_{0}^{(0)} 115.7$ | ${ }_{6}{ }^{(0)} 8$ |  | (6) <br> 67.6 | ${ }_{0}^{(0)}{ }_{51.2}$ | ${ }_{\text {- }}^{\text {(104, }}$ (0) |  |  | ${ }^{(0)} 172.9$ | ${ }_{8}^{8163.0}$ | ${ }_{6}^{(8)}{ }_{6}^{(51.5}$ |  |
| Exports: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Condensed (sweetened) .-................-do | 52.1 | 16.4 | 6.9 | 4.6 | 4.1 | . 7 | 1.7 | 4.4 | 11.3 | 2.2 | 8.5 |  |  | .2 | . 8 |  |
| Evaporated (unsweetened) --.i.........ddo...- |  | 33.3 | 2.0 | 3.0 | 3.9 | 2.7 | 2.3 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 3.8 | 4.2 | 1.6 | 2.9 | 1.2 | 2.4 |  |
| Price, manufacturers' average selling: Evaporated (unsweetened) | 7.50 | 7.98 | 8.12 | 8.13 | 8.14 | (8) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fluid milk: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production on farms .-..-.-..............mil. 1b.- | 116,345 | 117, 436 | 9,280 | 8,842 | 9,349 | 9,547 | 9,010 | 10,209 | 10, 432 | 11,217 | 10,836 | 10, 311 | 9, 871 | 9, 376 | 9,389 | 8,975 |
| Utilization in mid. dairy products .-.....dido... | 57, 167 | 60,108 | 4,388 | 3, 997 | 4,479 | 4.745 | 4,636 | 5,657 | 5,797 | 6,297 | 6,438 | 5,681 | 5,193 | 4, 512 | 4,499 |  |
| Price, wholesale, U.S. average......- ${ }^{\text {d }}$ per 100 lb -- Dry milk: | 5. 49 |  | 6.03 | 6. 09 | 6.06 | 5.96 | 5.91 | 5. 83 | 5.71 | 5.60 | 5.50 | 5.61 | 5. 74 | 5. 98 | -6.09 | -6.14 |
| Production: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dry whole milk --.....................mil. 1 l -- | $\begin{array}{r} 70.2 \\ 1,452.3 \end{array}$ | 68.7 $1,442.8$ | 4.0 89.6 | 4.0 81.1 | 5.4 108.9 | 6. 115.8 | 5.7 111.8 | 7.0 131.1 | 9.0 149.2 | 9.3 174.6 | 8.4 177.8 | 4.7 137.3 | 5. 117.6 | 5.3 92.2 | 6.5 93.5 |  |
| Stocks, manufacturers', end of period:------ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dry whole milk --.-...-..-.-..... | 6.6 | 4.7 | 6.6 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 5.5 | 5.0 | 3.9 | 5.6 | 7.8 | 9.0 | 8.2 | 7.5 | 7.0 | 6.7 |  |
| Exports: ${ }^{\text {Nonfat dry milk (human food)...........do.. }}$ | 83.9 | 101.4 | 122.8 | 101.7 | 101.4 | 97.7 | 89.8 | 90.4 | 104.9 | 136.9 | 157.6 | 164.1 | 155.6 | 119.7 | 106.5 |  |
|  | 15.6 | 13.8 | . 7 | . 9 | 1.1 | . 8 | . 7 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 7 | 3.4 | 1.9 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 1.5 |  |
| Nonfat dry milk (human food) --.-.-.---do-...- | 111.6 | 212.3 | 7.7 | 25.4 | 2.3 | 10.7 | 10.0 | 17.6 | 7.2 | 15. 0 | 16.7 | 4.3 | 2.8 | 6.5 | 4.1 |  |
| Price, manufacturers' average selling, nonfat dry milk (human food) .-........................ | . 235 | . 263 | . 273 | . 273 | . 276 | . 278 | . 276 | . 277 | . 304 | . 314 | . 318 | . 318 | . 320 | . 320 | . 320 |  |
| GRAIN AND GRAIN PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exports (barley, corn, oats rye, wheat) ...mil. bu-. | 1,059.0 | 1,337. 5 | 143.2 | 123.0 | 123.8 | 101.2 | 103.7 | 105.5 | 94.2 | 108.5 | 79.8 | 92.1 | 81.5 | 134.4 | 62.6 |  |
| Barley: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (crop estimate)--.....--....- do | 2423.5 | ${ }^{2} 410.4$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7469.9 |  |
| Stocks (domestic), end of period....-...-.-. do | 426.7 | 381.1 238.9 |  |  | 3881.1 |  |  | 257.4 |  |  | ${ }^{3} 156.4$ |  |  | 494.8 |  |  |
| On farms.......------1.- | 264.6 162.2 | ${ }_{1428} 238$ |  |  | 238.9 |  |  | 112.3 |  |  | ${ }^{3} 81.6$ |  |  | 322.7 |  |  |
|  | 8.3 | 55.1 | 4.4 | 6.7 | ${ }_{6} 6.3$ | . 2 | 8.7 | 15.0 7.6 | 4.0 | 9.2 | $\begin{array}{r} \\ \hline\end{array} 1.6$ | . 5 | 1.6 | 172.1 2.8 | 2.4 |  |
| Prices, wholesale (Minneapolis): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1.6 |  | 2.4 |  |
|  | 1.12 | 1.14 | 1.19 | 1.21 | 1.22 | 1.24 | 1.30 | 1.26 | 1.26 | 1.29 | 1.26 | 1.19 | 1. 11 | 1.09 | 1.16 | 15 |
|  | 1.12 | 1.13 | 1. 17 | 1.18 | 1.20 | 1.24 | 1.29 | 1.25 | 1.26 | 1.28 | 1.26 | 1.17 | 1.11 | 1.09 | 1.16 | 1. 16 |
| Corn: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (crop estimate, grain only) . mil. bu-- | 24,583 | 2 4,110 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{7} 5,552$ |  |
| Stocks (domestic), end of period, total. _mil. bu_- | 4,316 | 3, 743 |  |  | 3,743 |  |  | 2, 531 |  |  | 1,563 |  |  | ${ }^{3} 665$ |  |  |
| On farms ............-.....................d. do.... | 3,323 | 2,730 |  |  | 2,730 |  |  | 1,861 |  |  | 1,169 |  |  | 3425 |  |  |
|  | 993 | 1,013 |  |  | 1,013 |  |  | 670 |  |  | 394 |  |  | 3240 |  |  |
| Exports, including meal and flour | 553.5 | 572.0 | 56.8 | 46.4 | 49.6 | 38.8 | 43.0 | 34.6 | 35.3 | 29.6 | 27.6 | 40.1 | 37.3 | 68.3 | 25.9 |  |
| s, wholessle: <br> No. 3, yellow (Chicago) $\qquad$ \$ per bu | 1.21 | 1.35 | 1.40 | 1.41 | 1.52 | 1.59 |  |  |  |  | 1.59 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weighted avg., 5 markets, all grades.....do...- | 1.19 | 1. 33 | 1. 42 | 1.39 | 1.49 | 1.51 | 1.50 | 1.52 | 1.48 | 1.54 | 1.52 | 1.49 1.43 | 1.29 1.29 | ${ }_{1.13}^{1.15}$ | 1.11 | 1.09 |
| Oats: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (crop estimate) .-.-.........-mil. bu.. | ${ }^{2} 950$ | 2909 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ' 885 |  |
| 8tocks (domestic), end of period, total.....do | 885 | 915 |  |  | 915 |  |  | 703 |  |  | 8513 |  |  |  |  |  |
| On farms.-........---..................- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 724 | 704 |  |  | 704 |  |  | 504 |  |  | ${ }^{3} 312$ |  |  | 816 |  |  |
|  | 161 | 211 |  |  | 211 |  |  | 200 |  |  | 3201 |  |  | 280 |  |  |
| Exports, including oatmeal ---.-.-.....-do | 7.6 | 21.3 | 7.4 | 6.1 | 1.4 | . 4 | . 7 | .3 | . 3 | . 5 | . 1 | . 3 | .4 | . 6 | . 2 |  |
| Price, wholesale, No. 2, white (Chicago) <br> \$ per bu.- | 4.67 | 3.72 |  |  | . 84 | . 82 | . 83 | . 78 | . 75 |  | . 80 | . 68 | 64 | . 68 | . 73 |  |
| Rice: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (crop estimate) $\qquad$ mil. bags 9 _- | 290.8 | 282.9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 784.2 |  |
| California mils: ${ }_{\text {Receipts, domestic, rough .-............mil. }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shipments from mills, milled rice.-......do.... | 1,515 | 1,393 | 188 | 47 | 78 | 89 | 47 | 184 | 180 | 113 | 323 264 | ${ }_{66} 76$ | ${ }_{60}^{126}$ | 119 86 | 288 |  |
| stocks, rough and cleaned (cleaned basis), end of period. _mil. lb. | 270 | 82 | 79 | 102 | 82 | 76 | 112 | 135 | 77 | 114 | 101 | 88 | 109 | 113 | 101 |  |
| Southern States mills (Ark., La., Tenn., Tex.): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Receipts, rough, from producers .-...-.mil. ib._ | 6,605 | 6,497 | 1,482 | 472 | 367 | 349 | 240 | 139 | 108 | 67 | 28 | 141 | 924 | 1,627 |  |  |
| Shipments from mills, milled rice ......do | 4,818 | 4,438 | 547 | 429 | 373 | 428 | 294 | 323 | 279 | 268 | 221 | 206 | 458 | 498 | ${ }^{1} 427$ |  |
| (cleaned basis), end of period ........................... ill. lb | 1,695 |  | 1,950 | 1,852 | 1,748 |  |  | 1,258 |  | 809 |  | 528 | 829 |  |  |  |
|  | 4,183 | 3,828 | 438 | 447 | 220 | . 284 | 199 | 259 | ${ }^{1,0315}$ | 268 | 365 | 144 | 190 | 440 | 395 |  |
| Price, wholesale, Nato, No. 2 (N.O.)...-\$ per lb... | . 085 | . 085 | . 086 | . 087 | . 087 | . 086 | . 086 | . 086 | . 086 | . 084 | . 087 | . 087 | . 087 | . 087 | . 087 | . 087 |
| R ye: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (erop estimate)..------.-.-. mil. bu -- | 231.6 | 238.6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{7} 52.3$ |  |
| Stocks (domestic) end of period...-...-do...-. | 29.8 1.17 | 41.5 |  |  | 41.5 |  |  | 34.7 |  |  | ${ }^{3} 27.9$ |  |  | 65.0 |  |  |
| Price, wholesale, No. 2 (Minneapolis)... $\$$ per bu-- | 1.17 | 1.15 | 1.16 | 1.17 | 1.15 | 1.18 | 1.17 | 1.14 | 1.18 | 1.18 | 1.21 | . 95 | . 94 | . 95 | . 96 | . 92 |
| Wheat: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (crop estimate), total.......-mil. bu-- | ${ }^{2} 1,460$ | 21,378 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }^{2} 313$ | ${ }^{2} 260$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{7} 465$ |  |
|  | ${ }^{2} 1,147$ | ${ }^{2} 1,118$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{7} 1,163$ |  |
|  | 1,273 | 1,498 |  |  | 381 |  |  | 352 |  |  | 335 |  |  | 482 |  |  |
| Stocks (domestic), end of period, total . .-. do | 1,534 | 1,417 |  |  | 1,417 |  |  | 1,065 |  |  | 3731 |  |  | 1,876 |  |  |
|  | 923 | 884 |  |  | 884 |  |  |  |  |  | 8491 |  |  | 1,053 |  |  |

${ }^{7}$ Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ Less than 50 thousand pounds. ${ }^{2}$ Crop estimate for the year. oats, rye, and wheat; Oct. for corm).

Sept. and Dec. ${ }^{6}$ Condensed milk reported with evaporated to avoid disclosing operations ${ }^{2}$ individual firms. Nov. 1 estimate of 1971 crop. "Series discontinued. \&Excludes pearl barley. $\%$ Bags of 100 lbs .

| Unless other wise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and degcriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oet. | Nov. |

## FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS; TOBACCO-Continued

## GRAIN AND GRAIN PRODUCTS-Con.

Wheat-Continued
Exports, total, including flour...-............ mil. bu
Prices, wholesale:
Prices, wholesale:
No. 1, dark northern spring (Minneapolis)
No. 2, hd. and dk. hd. winter (Kans. City)_do..-Weighted avg., 6 markets. all grades .- - do-...
Whest flour:
Production:


Stocks held by mills, end of period
Exports.
Prices, wholesale:
Spring, standard patent (Minneapolis)
Winter, hard, $95 \%$ patent (Kans. ©ity) . do..-LIVESTOCK
Cattle and calves:


Prices, wholesale:
Beef steers (Omaha)*
Beet steers (Omaha)* .............. per 100 lb
Steers, stocker and (eeder (Kansas City).-do...
Calves, vealers (Natl. Stock yards, III.)
Hogs:
Sogs:
Slaughter (federally inspected)... thous. animals.-
Receip
Prices:
Prices:
Wholesale, average, all grades (Sioux City)*
Hog-corn price ratio (bu. of corn equal in value to 100 lb . live hog)
Sheep and lambs:
Slaughter (federally inspected)... thous. animals.-
Recelpts at 38 public markets
Receipts at 38 public markets................................
Price, wholesale, lambs, average


- Revised. :Corrected.
${ }^{1}$ Revised. Annual total reflects revisions not distributed to the months
2 Beginning Jan. 1969, quotations are on carlot rather than l.c.l. basis as previously.

| 489.2 | 689.1 | 74.7 | 63.8 60.3 | 66.5 | 61.9 | 51.3 | 62.7 | 53.7 | 70.3 66.7 | 50.0 43.4 |  |  | 62.1 59.4 | 34.0 31.7 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 439.9 | 638.7 | 69.0 | 60.3 | 61. 6 | 59.3 | 47.8 | 59.9 | 50.7 | 66.7 | 43.4 | 47.4 | 38.2 | 59.4 | 31.7 |  |
| 1.80 | 1.91 | 1.95 | 1.97 | 1. 92 | 1. 91 | 1.90 | 1.82 | 1. 82 | 1.84 | 1.82 | 1.73 | 1.64 | 1.64 | 1.72 | 1. 71 |
| 1.48 | 1.54 | 1.60 | 1. 63 | 1. 63 | 1. 65 | 1. 65 | 1. 62 | 1.62 | 1.62 | 1.64 | 1.56 | 1.56 | -1.65 | 1.58 | 1. 60 |
| 1. 75 | 1.79 | 1.88 | 1. 89 | 1.84 | 1.82 | 1. 80 | 1. 77 | 1.75 | 1.78 | 1.75 | 1.65 | 1.62 | 1.63 | 1. 69 | 1. 68 |
| 254, 094 | 253,094 | 23,364 | 20,707 | 20,754 | 20,894 | 19,761 | 21,004 | 19,662 | 20,216 | 20,994 | 20,225 | 22,164 | + 22,137 | 21, 697 |  |
| 4,558 | 4,409 | , 407 | 361 | 361 | 361 | 345 | , 363 | 335 | , 347 | 366 | 349 | ${ }_{\text {r }} \times 178$ | - 378 | , 367 |  |
| 567, 956 | 563, 714 | 51,708 | 46,161 | 46, 147 | 46,405 | 44,038 | 46,705 | 43,525 | 44,970 | 46,658 | 45, 164 | 49, 403 | r 49,301 | 48, 135 |  |
| 4,595 21,130 | 4,329 21,596 | 2,438 | 1,537 | 4, 329 2, 104 | 1,134 | 1,528 | 4,732 1,188 | 1,282 | 1,536 | 4,586 2,841 | 1,627 | 1,374 | 4,861 1,178 | 982 |  |
| 5.923 5.438 | 6.179 5.569 | 6.413 5.713 | 6.413 5.650 | 6. 363 5. 588 | 6. 350 5. 588 | 6. 313 5. 613 | 6.250 5.500 | 6.238 5. 488 | 6.225 8.500 | 6.200 5.588 | 6.113 5.475 | 6.063 5.313 | 5.975 5.275 | 6.000 5.325 | 6. 013 5.338 |
| 3,637 | 3,025 | 2668 | 245 | ${ }_{2}^{276}$ | 247 | + 237 | 299 2.681 | r 248 | +203 | 207 2797 | 2.205 | 2220 | r 239 | 2, 236 |  |
| 30,536 | 30,793 | 2,752 | 2,424 | 2,611 | 2,569 | 2, 299 | 2,681 | 2 2, 544 | 2, 2,536 | 2,797 | 2,725 3878 | - 2,720 | 2,788 41,018 | 2,667 41,170 |  |
| ${ }^{1} 12,652$ | 111,922 | 1, 233 | 1,135 | 960 | ${ }^{3} 1,031$ | 4879 | ${ }^{3} 1,140$ | ${ }^{3} 1,032$ | ${ }^{3} 1,004$ | ${ }^{3} 1,005$ | 3878 | ${ }^{4} 1,011$ | 41,018 | 41,170 | 11,238 |
| 29.28 | 29.03 | 28.44 | 27.00 | 26. 45 | 28.83 | 31.80 | 31.42 | 31.96 | 32.35 | 31.91 | 31.90 | 32.77 | 32.21 | 32.11 | 33.30 |
| 29.30 | 30.10 | 29.68 | 28.03 | 27.57 | 29.42 | 31. 69 | 31.88 | 32. 07 | 31.78 | 30.60 | 30.32 | 32.41 | 31.72 | 34.07 | 34. 23 |
| 37.29 | 38.17 | 33.00 | 34.00 | 33.50 | 34.00 | 40.00 | 41.00 | 41.00 | 39.00 | 39.00 | 39.00 | 35.00 | 38.00 | 38.00 | 38.00 |
| 75,682 | 78, 186 | 7,662 | 7,350 | 7,990 | 7,489 | 6,379 | 8,266 | 7,794 | 6,932 | 6,983 | 6. 220 | 6,922 | 7,379 | 7, 190 |  |
| 15, 210 | ${ }^{1} 14,871$ | 1,451 | 1,490 | 1,532 | ${ }^{3} 1,412$ | - 1, 230 | 31,479 | ${ }^{3} 1,455$ | ${ }^{3} 1,399$ | ${ }^{3} 1,438$ | 31,163 | ${ }^{4} 1,296$ | 41,308 | 41,357 | 41,462 |
| 23.65 | 22, 11 | 17.37 | 15.02 | 14.96 | 15.76 | 19.03 | 16.88 | 16.04 | 17.00 | 17.68 | 18.85 | 18.14 | 18. 28 | 19.19 | 18.59 |
| 19.8 | 19.1 | 13.4 | 11.9 | 11.1 | 10.7 | 13. 4 | 11.8 | 11.3 | 12.3 | 12.2 | 14.0 | 15.6 | 16.1 | 19.5 | 19.4 |
| 10,067 12,704 | 10,011 12,468 | 917 262 | 736 216 | 847 201 | 908 $\mathbf{9 0 3}$ 3178 | 806 4131 | $\begin{array}{r}920 \\ 3178 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 899 3143 | 772 3186 | 827 3255 | 815 3205 | 812 4212 | 919 +233 | 919 +229 | 4209 |
| 28. 53 | 27.43 | 26.75 | 25.38 | 23.88 | 24.00 | 25.12 | 26.88 | 30.25 | 31.12 | 31. 25 | 28.88 | 27.75 | 27.50 | 25.88 | 27.75 |
| 33,369 | 1 34, 587 | 3, 198 | 2,958 | 3,226 | 3,076 | 2,663 | 3,234 | 3,075 | 2,940 | 3,104 | 2,879 | 2,966 | 3,116 |  |  |
| 637 | 759 | 646 | 715 | 759 | 771 | 749 | 791 | 869 | 901 | 890 | 835 | 773 | 776 | 769 | 759 |
| 571 | 518 | 49 | 74 | 51 | 39 | 41 | 49 | 35 | 46 | 43 | 39 | 51 | 48 | 39 |  |
| 1,685 | 1,844 | 155 | 134 | 143 | 133 | 112 | 151 | 141 | 133 | 170 | 155 | 166 | 223 | 110 |  |
| 18, 873 | 119,496 | 1,735 | 1,533 | 1,685 | 1,645 | 1,463 | 1,693 | 1,608 | 1,599 | 1,739 | 1,682 | 1,667 | 1, 720 |  |  |
| , 363 | , 347 | 310 | , 326 | , 347 | , 335 | 313 | 306 | . 299 | , 295 | 306 | 321 | 341 | 359 | r 355 | 329 |
| 28 | 32 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |  |
| 1,194 | 1,319 | 113 | 94 | 102 | 94 | 72 | 99 | 99 | 87 | 124 | 111 | 127 | 173 | 88 |  |
| 2.492 | . 490 | .473 | . 465 | . 454 | . 503 | . 539 | . 536 | . 546 | . 561 | . 549 | . 546 | . 561 | . 549 | . 536 | . 559 |
| 510 16 | 514 19 | 46 21 | 38 20 | 44 19 | 48 21 | 44 20 | 49 20 | 47 20 | 40 23 | 40 23 | 39 21 | 39 19 | 45 21 | - 20 | 19 |
| 13,986 | 14, 577 | 1,417 | 1,383 | 1,497 | 1,383 | 1,157 | 1,491 | 1,420 | 1,301 | 1,324 | 1,157 | 1,260 | 1,350 |  |  |
| 11, 563 | 12,119 | 1,174 | 1,143 | 1,249 | 1,153 | 978 | 1,226 | 1,195 | 1,098 | 1,104 | 969 | 1,065 | 1,132 |  |  |
| - 211 | 336 | 246 | 304 | 336 | 353 | 344 | , 389 | 467 | 498 | 476 | 405 | 332 | 309 | r 312 | 335 |
| 152 316 | 67 347 | 9 30 | 9 30 | 5 28 | 4 27 | 4 29 | 3 36 | 4 30 | $\begin{array}{r}5 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 52 | 33 | ${ }^{7}$ | 31 | 14 | --...... |
| 316 | 347 | 30 | 30 | 28 | 27 | 29 | 36 | 30 | 31 | 32 |  | 30 |  | 14 | -........ |
| . 580 | . 565 | . 497 | . 485 | . 486 | . 498 | . 528 | . 513 | . 517 | . 521 | . 535 | . 515 | . 536 | . 501 | . 542 | . 567 |
| . 575 | . 569 | . 510 | . 461 | . 445 | . 479 | . 530 | . 438 | . 432 | . 485 | . 501 | . 584 | . 515 | . 498 | . 526 | . 494 |
| 1,755 | 1,776 | 176 | 174 | 178 | 166 | 129 | 193 | 162 | 146 | 158 | 136 | 142 | 158 |  |  |
| 70 | 182 | 59 | 74 | 82 | 91. | 86 | 81 | 80 | 91 | 101 | 89 | 83 | 77 | 81 |  |
| 262 | 366 | 37 | 22 | 42 | 9 | 40 | 44 | 39 | 31 | 18 | 11 | 16 | 20 | 12 | 149 |
| . 145 | . 160 | . 158 | . 163 | 145 | . 130 | . 138 | . 155 | . 150 | . 146 | . 143 | .151 | . 158 | . 153 |  | .149 |
| 9, 492 | 10,445 | 1,092 | 926 | 845 | 762 | 676 | 791 | 757 | 749 | 894 | 909 | 1, 020 | 1,003 | 989 |  |
| 307 | 391 | 624 | 486 | 391 | 369 | 331 | 294 | 265 | 251 | 297 | 354 | 462 | 547 | r 636 | 468 |
| 192 | 219 | 447 | 313 | 219 | 206 | 174 | 144 | 120 | 111 | 140 | 203 | 308 | 389 | + 475 | 307 |
| 140 | 123 | 110 | . 120 | 110 | 125 | 130 | 130 | 125 | . 135 | . 140 | 155 | 135 | 135 | . 115 | . 110 |

${ }^{3}$ Data are for 41 public markets. 4 Data are for 40 public markets.
*New series. Monthly data for earlier years will be shown later.

| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the $\mathbf{1 9 6 9}$ edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb | Mar. | Apr | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct | Nov. |

## FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS; TOBACCO-Continued

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline POULTRY AND EGGS-Continued \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Eggs: \\
Production on farms \(\qquad\) mil. cases \(\odot\).
\end{tabular} \& 191.9 \& 195. 2 \& 16. 4 \& 16. 1 \& 17.0 \& 17.1 \& 15.5 \& 17.3 \& 16.8 \& 17.3 \& 16.5 \& 16.7 \& 16.5 \& 15.9 \& 16.6 \& 16.4 \\
\hline Btocks, cold storage, end of period: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Shell \& 51 \& 51 \& 136 \& 76 \& 51 \& 60 \& 53 \& 139 \& 80 \& 101 \& 98 \& 148 \& 141 \& 134 \& r 135 \& 86 \\
\hline  \& 43 \& 50 \& 58 \& 55 \& 50 \& 49 \& 51 \& 54 \& 60 \& 67 \& 75 \& 80 \& 81 \& 84 \& 82 \& 81 \\
\hline Price, wholesale, large (dellvered; Chicago) \$ per doz.. \& . 460 \& . 425 \& . 363 \& . 394 \& . 410 \& . 372 \& . 332 \& . 331 \& . 330 \& . 291 \& . 298 \& . 330 \& . 345 \& . 329 \& . 324 \& \\
\hline MISCELLANEOUS FOOD PRODUCTS \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Cocos (cacao) beans: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Imports (incl. shells)........thous, Ig. tons.. \& 218.4
.458 \& 279.2
.341 \& 26.7
.354 \& 14.5
.354 \& 25.4
.329 \& 45.0
.309 \& 22.8
.273 \& 25.2
.279 \& 28.2
.273 \& 17.8
.263 \& 25.3
.268 \& 28.7
.280 \& 23.2
.286 \& 24.6
.271 \& 13.8
.250 \& 241 \\
\hline Coffee (green) : \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Inventories (roasters', Importers', dealers'), end of period. .............................thous. bags \(\sigma^{\prime}\) - \& 3,811 \& 2,593 \& \& \& 2,593 \& \& \& 2,537 \& \& \& 3,027 \& \& \& 5, 282 \& \& \\
\hline  \& 20,851 \& 20,075 \& \& \& 5,190 \& \& \& 5,164 \& \& \& 4,663 \& \& \& 4,338 \& \& \\
\hline  \& 20, 232 \& 19,727 \& 1,713 \& 1,597 \& 1,382 \& 2,002 \& 1,528 \& 1,475 \& 2,030 \& 1,769 \& 1,941 \& 2,132 \& 2,720 \& 2,754 \& 621 \& \\
\hline From Brazil \& 5,780 \& 4,712 \& - 367 \& 1,387 \& 291 \& 822 \& 282 \& 114 \& 310 \& 317 \& 666 \& 570 \& 971 \& 993 \& 155 \& \\
\hline Price, wholesale, Santos, No. 4 (N.Y.)..\$ per lb.- \& . 408 \& . 555 \& . 588 \& . 575 \& 550 \& . 550 \& . 550 \& 480 \& 450 \& . 438 \& 438 \& . 430 \& 433 \& 433 \& 433 \& 440 \\
\hline Confectionery, manulacturers' sales........mil. \$.. \& 1,870 \& 1,906 \& 199 \& 180 \& 163 \& 171 \& 178 \& 176 \& 156 \& 135 \& 139 \& -115 \& 175 \& 244 \& \& \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Fish: \\
Stocks, cold storage, end of period..........mil. lb..
\end{tabular} \& 275 \& 306 \& 313 \& 312 \& 306 \& 275 \& 247 \& 210 \& 196 \& 198 \& 231 \& 270 \& 296 \& - 338 \& 333 \& \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Sugar (United States): \\
Dellverles and supply (raw hasis): § Production and recelpts:
\end{tabular} \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Production..................thous. sh. tons \& 4,300 \& 4,710 \& 720 \& 1,043 \& 992 \& 664 \& 315 \& 151 \& 150 \& 170 \& 103 \& 97 \& 107 \& 170 \& \& \\
\hline Entries from off-shore, total \(\%\).......... do. \& 6,350 \& 6, 675 \& 708 \& 509 \& 367 \& 2,218 \& 143 \& 412 \& 88 \& 178 \& 441 \& 692 \& 775 \& 601 \& 280 \& \\
\hline Hawsil and Puerto Rico......-- --....do \& 1,501 \& 1,497 \& 226 \& 112 \& 120 \& 15 \& 42 \& 119 \& 97 \& 176 \& 159 \& 143 \& 80 \& 50 \& 95 \& \\
\hline  \& 10,804 \& 11,467 \& 931 \& 833 \& 1,055 \& 727 \& 718 \& 1,026 \& 860 \& 894 \& 1,087 \& 1,034 \& 1,121 \& r 1, 123 \& \& \\
\hline For domestic consumption............- do \& 10,655 \& 11, 317 \& 912 \& 822 \& 1,044 \& 720 \& 706 \& 1,013 \& 851 \& 883 \& 1,068 \& 1,020 \& 1,107 \& 1,109 \& \& \\
\hline Stocks, raw and ref., end of period......-. do \& 2,796 \& 2,784 \& 1,414 \& 2,202 \& 2,784 \& 3,003 \& 2,943 \& 2,701 \& 2,660 \& 2,524 \& 2,156 \& 1,932 \& 1,629 \& \({ }^{\text {r } 1,450}\) \& p 1,613 \& \\
\hline Exports, raw and refined.......-...--... .sh. tons.. \& 968 \& 7,892 \& 194 \& 128 \& 146 \& 50 \& 44 \& 12 \& 1,179 \& 21 \& 25 \& 37 \& 84 \& 80 \& 59 \& \\
\hline Imports: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& 4,776
1,024 \& 5,217 \& 368
80 \& 323
95 \& 553
178 \& 325
4 \& 239
30 \& 477
84 \& 650
142 \& 412
96 \& 479
108 \& 476
170 \& 559 \& 675
178 \& 327 \& \\
\hline  \& , 124 \& - 35 \& 4 \& 1 \& 2 \& 4 \& 2 \& 7 \& 6 \& 2 \& 1 \& 3 \& 2 \& 6 \& 4 \& \\
\hline Prices (New York): \& \& \& \& . 080 \& 081 \& . 084 \& \& 084 \& \& \& 086 \& \& \& . 086 \& 085 \& . 086 \\
\hline  \& . 078 \& . 081 \& . 082 \& . 080 \& 081 \& . 084 \& . 084 \& . 084 \& . 082 \& . 084 \& 086 \& . 086 \& . 086 \& . 086 \& 085 \& . 086 \\
\hline Retail (incl. N.E. New Jersey) .-.. \$ per 5 lb.- \& . 638 \& . 674 \& . 678 \& . 680 \& . 677 \& . 680 \& . 679 \& . 687 \& . 695 \& . 695 \& . 693 \& . 689 \& .701 \& . 703 \& . 704 \& \\
\hline Wholesale (excl. excise tax) ............ \$ per lb.- \& . 107 \& . 112 \& . 114 \& . 114 \& . 114 \& . 114 \& . 114 \& . 117 \& . 116 \& . 116 \& . 116 \& . 118 \& . 118 \& . 118 \& . 118 \& 118 \\
\hline  \& 139, 962 \& 135, 202 \& 11,971 \& 10,409 \& 12,682 \& 13,226 \& 12,360 \& 15,073 \& 18,078 \& 15, 128 \& 16,529 \& 20,150 \& 25,141 \& 19,427 \& 4.631 \& \\
\hline FATS, OILS, AND RELATED PRODUCTS \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Baking or frying fats (incl. shortening):
Production \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Production --.-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-. mil. lb.- \& 3, 480.5 \& 3, 587. 6 \& 316.5
120.5 \& 305. 6 \& 299.0 \& 291.5
134.7 \& 309.2
130.3 \& 300.0 \& 272.4 \& 277.1 \& 290.4 \& 111.1 \& 305.6
120.7 \& +309.4
+118.1 \& 302.0
122.4 \& \\
\hline  \& 138.7 \& 132.9 \& 120.5 \& 122.5 \& 132.9 \& 134.7 \& 130.3 \& 134.7 \& 134.4 \& 128.0 \& 136.7 \& 111.1 \& 120.7 \& r 118.1 \& 122.4 \& \\
\hline  \& 3, 143.7 \& 3,389.3 \& 289.4 \& 286.7 \& 299.9 \& 283.9 \& 281.7 \& 292.0 \& 270.1 \& 288.6 \& 332.6 \& 290.5 \& 309.9 \& - 300.2 \& 276.5 \& \\
\hline  \& 70.5 \& 75. 6 \& 80.0 \& 83.4 \& 75.6 \& 74.4 \& 71.6 \& 70.7 \& 72.0 \& 81.1 \& 82.2 \& 71.2 \& 80.0 \& r66.5 \& 78.9 \& \\
\hline Margarine: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& 2, 181.9 \& 2,230.3 \& 200.7 \& 187.2
50 \& 216.7 \& 212.9 \& 189.0
50.4 \& 195.9 \& 181.0 \& 176.4 \& 185.9
81.6 \& 163.4 \& 173.3 \& -194.7 \& 188.5 \& \\
\hline Stocks, end of period \(\oplus\) Price, wholesale (colored; min to wholesaler or \& 52.1 \& 45.6 \& 52.3 \& 50.4 \& 45.6 \& 50.4 \& 59.4 \& 57.7 \& 55. 9 \& 61.2 \& 61.6 \& 72.9 \& 65.5 \& 63.5 \& 64.4 \& \\
\hline Price, wholesale (colored; mfr. to wholesaler or large retailer; delivered) \$ per lb \& . 260 \& . 289 \& . 294 \& . 306 \& . 306 \& . 306 \& . 306 \& . 305 \& . 305 \& . 305 \& . 305 \& . 308 \& . 312 \& 310 \& .310 \& 310 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Anlmal and fish fats: \(\triangle\) \\
Tallow, edible:
\end{tabular} \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Production (quantities rendered) .-......mil. lb .. \& 534.6 \& 558.2 \& 47.0 \& 45. 6 \& 46. 9 \& 50.1 \& 49.1 \& 51.7 \& 43.2 \& 42.8 \& 45.3 \& 40.2 \& 40.8 \& r 47.6
\(r\) \& 42.1 \& \\
\hline Consumption in end products............- do...- \& 510.9 \& 567.7 \& 45.1 \& 49.4 \& 48.0 \& 51.5 \& 61.7
37 \& 53.3 \& 44.4 \& 44.9 \& 46.6
45.6 \& 40.4
49.9 \& 50.1
57.6 \& r 51.0
+63.1 \& 54.0
38.9 \& \\
\hline Stocks, end of period 1.-...-.--..---.-.-. do. \& 46.0 \& 46.7 \& 36.3 \& 37.9 \& 46.7 \& 47.0 \& 37.7 \& 37.0 \& 34.9 \& 42.4 \& 45.6 \& 49.9 \& 57.6 \& r 63.1 \& 38.9 \& \\
\hline Tallow and grease (except wool), inedible:
Production (quantities rendered) \& \& 4,876.8 \& 423.2 \& 401.5 \& 446.6 \& 422.7 \& 385.2 \& 438.5 \& 392.0 \& 400.0 \& 439.9 \& 393.5 \& 403.1 \& + 438.3 \& 407.4 \& \\
\hline Consumption in end products...-.......-.-. do- \& 2,595.2 \& 2,551.5 \& 209.2 \& 208.8 \& 220.5 \& 218.0 \& 201.4 \& 233,5 \& 216.4 \& 227.1 \& 231.4 \& 200.5 \& 222.2 \& - 236.9 \& 206.1 \& \\
\hline  \& 348.0 \& 396.1 \& 348.3 \& 392.2 \& 396.1 \& 423.5 \& 349.6 \& 380.6 \& 363.9 \& 374.0 \& 401.9 \& 441.5 \& 424.5 \& + 409.7 \& 401.7 \& \\
\hline Fish and marine mammal oils: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& 171.6
75.7 \& 207.0
68.7 \& 20.8
5.7 \& 6.7
4.4 \& 7.6
4.8 \& 1.4
5.6 \& .6
4.4 \& .6
4.7 \& 9.2
4.0 \& 21.8
4.3 \& 54.8 \& 55.3
5.6 \& 58.5 4.5 \& r 30.4
5.4 \& 15.1 \& \\
\hline Consumption in end products.............- do..... \& 75.7
84.0 \& 68.7
103.5 \& 5.7
128.6 \& 6.7
114.3 \& 4.8
103.5 \& 5.6
72.0 \& 4.4
62.7 \& 4.7
60.0 \& 4.0
65.8 \& 4.3
88.0 \& 5.3
132.0 \& 5.6
148.1 \& 155. 4 \& - 138.8 \& 156. 7 \& \\
\hline Vegetable oils and related products: Coconut oll: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& 386.3 \& (d) \& (d) \& (d) \& \({ }^{\text {(d) }}\) ) \& (d) 7 \& (d) \& \({ }^{(d)}\) \& \({ }^{(d)}\) \& (d) \& \({ }^{(d)}\) \& \({ }^{(d)}\) \& (d) \({ }^{\text {(d) }} 2\) \& \({ }^{(d)}\) \& (d)
56.0 \& \\
\hline  \& 547.5 \& 544.0 \& 47.6 \& 40.9 \& 44.6 \& 48.7 \& 44. 2 \& 50.6 \& 49.5 \& 45.0 \& 49.4 \& 39.9 \& 36. 2 \& \(\begin{array}{r}\text { r } 47.9 \\ r 60.8 \\ \hline 183\end{array}\) \& 56.0
62.6 \& \\
\hline Consumption in end products.----- do \& 732.6 \& 749.6 \& 62.1 \& 60.4

176.0 \& 63.6
0.6 \& 63.7 \& 60.9
180.9 \& 68.9
182.5 \& 64.3
169 \& 63.4
167.1 \& 68.4
167.6 \& 52.1
177.3 \& 53.4
153.1 \& $r$
+60.8
+143.9 \& 62.6
154.2 \& <br>
\hline Stocks, crude and ref., end of periodq...do...- \& 205.9
424.6 \& 202.9 \& 165.0 \& 176.0 \& 202.9 \& 217.0
129.2 \& 180.9 \& 182.5
52.9 \& 169.3
54.9 \& 167.1 \& 167.6
45.5 \& 177.3
35.3 \& 153.1
30.2 \& +143.9
79.3 \& 154.2
67.8 \& <br>
\hline Corn oils: \& 424.6 \& 584, 2 \& 63.9 \& 14.1 \& 12.3 \& 129.2 \& 41.7 \& 52.9 \& 54.9 \& 47.5 \& 45.5 \& 35.3 \& 30.2 \& 79.3 \& 67.8 \& <br>
\hline  \& 465.5 \& 474.0 \& 42.0 \& 40.1 \& 34.7 \& 38.0 \& 37.3 \& 43.7 \& 41. 4 \& 41.0 \& 42.7 \& 42.4 \& 40.1 \& + 42.0 \& 42.1 \& <br>
\hline  \& 438.1 \& 440.9 \& 42.3 \& 36.9 \& 39.1 \& 39.6 \& 31.9 \& 38.2 \& 34.2 \& 37.2 \& 34.6 \& 39.1 \& 33.7 \& 42. 2 \& 33.9 \& <br>
\hline Consumption in end products...--.-....-do. \& 441.1 \& 449.6 \& 43.3 \& 36.4 \& 40.4 \& 39.5 \& 34.4 \& 35.2 \& 35.5 \& 33.5 \& 38. 2 \& 36.0 \& 35.9 \& 38.4
+58.3 \& 35.2 \& <br>
\hline Stocks, crude and ref., end of periodil.....do..... \& 54.1 \& 43.2 \& 54.7 \& 51.3 \& 43.2 \& 36. 0 \& 37.1 \& 47.9 \& 56.8 \& 57.9 \& 64.7 \& 65.6 \& 63.8 \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 58.3$ \& 66.9 \& <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

© Revised. $\quad$ Preliminary. $\quad$ Data withheld to avoid disclosure of operations of in-
OCases of 30 dozen. $\quad \mathbf{o}^{\text {B Bags of }} \mathbf{1 3 2 . 2 7 6} \mathbf{l b}$. $\quad \$$ Monthly data reflect cumulative revisions
 stocks. see Corrected.

| Unless otherwise stated in footnotea below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as sho wn in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

## FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS; TOBACCO-Continued

| FATS, OILS, AND RELATED <br> PRODUCTS-Continued <br> Vegetable oils and related products-Continued Cottonseed cake and meal: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Production .-..............thous. sh. tons.. | 2, 001.4 | '1,726. 3 | 194.1 | 219.2 | 218.2 | 215.8 | 202.4 | 192.2 | 145.3 | 111.1 | 86.1 | 61.1 | 66.4 | 50.3 | 149.3 |  |
| Stocks (at oil mills), end of period........do. | 74.8 |  |  | 82.9 | 85.8 | 103.2 | 125.5 | 136.4 | 134.5 | 148.9 |  | 109.5 | 101.9 | 81.9 |  |  |
| Cotroduction: Crude...........................il. | 1,425.8 | 1,211.5 | 134.3 | 153.4 | 152.7 | 151.5 | 141.2 | 134.0 | 103.3 | 78.8 | 61.0 | 43.5 | 47.0 | 34.3 | 105.9 |  |
| Rrount | 1,252. 0 | 1,019.2 | 71.6 | 116.0 | 116.6 | 108.5 | 108.6 | 119.8 | 77.2 | 80.4 | 73.2 | 44.9 | 51.2 | , 44.8 | 60.9 |  |
| Consumption in end products.............do | +889.7 | ${ }^{1} 031.9$ | 77.3 | 79.6 | 76.9 | 67.8 | 73.6 | 69.4 | 56.1 | 61.2 | 90.1 | 50.1 | 57.8 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { - } 50.8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 52.9 |  |
| Stocks, crude and refined (factory and warehouse). end of period. mill 1 h | 398.6 | 184.3 | 140.1 | 163.5 | 184.3 | 202.3 | 224.6 | 246.9 | 265.7 | 279.7 | 224, 6 | 167.2 | 142.9 | - 93.8 | 129.0 |  |
| Exports (crude and refined) --.-.-........do | 246.5 | 369.8 | 12.0 | 18.6 | 36.7 | 43.5 | 39.2 | 40.3 | 18.2 | 21.4 | 31.7 | 69.8 | 14.3 | 26.2 | 3.1 |  |
|  | . 142 | . 175 | . 167 | . 180 | . 178 | . 183 | . 195 | . 195 | . 193 | . 188 | 1.88 | 1.93 | 2.06 | . 201 | 182 | 177 |
| Linseed oil: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production, crude (raw) -...-........-mil. ${ }^{\text {Consumption }}$ in end products | 291.8 193.9 | 314.5 191.4 | 30.7 15.1 | 26.8 14.2 | 27.5 12.7 | 31.9 13.3 | 32.4 15.8 | 34.9 18.4 | 36.7 19.6 | 36.8 19.6 | 41.4 29 | 25.9 17.9 | 34.0 19.4 | 35.4 18.0 | 36.5 175 |  |
| Stocks, crude and refined (factory and warehouse), end of period. $\qquad$ mill. 1b | 193.9 128.8 | 191.4 | 15.1 134.9 | 14.2 144.9 | 12.78 .5 | 13.3 157.5 | 15.8 170.5 | 18.4 180.7 | 19.6 192.8 | 19.6 187.2 | 20.7 203.8 | 17.9 193.2 | 19.4 177.1 | 18.0 179.9 | 17.5 202.9 |  |
| Price, wholessle (Minneapolis) .........s per lb.- | . 120 | . 109 | . 100 | . 100 | . 095 | . 095 | . 095 | . 090 | . 088 | . 088 | . 088 | . 088 | . 088 | . 088 | . 088 | . 088 |
| Soybean cake and meal: <br> Production. thous. sh. tons | 14,716.5 | 17, 379.2 | 1,530.2 | 1,507.5 | 1,560.4 | 1,560.3 | 1,387.2 | 1,463.2 | 1,468.9 | 1, 464.8 | 1,401.6 | 1, 429.7 | 1,473.8 | 1, 257.1 | 368.5 |  |
| Stocks (at oil mills), end of period........do.... | 103.2 | 112.2 | 139.8 | 158.2 | 112.2 | 170.3 | 173.6 | 138.4 | 152.0 | 198.7 | 149.4 | 192.4 | 189.7 | - 121.4 | 176.8 |  |
| Production: Crude | 6, 804.7 | 8,085.9 | 729.8 | 705.6 | 727.7 | 7248 | 653.2 | 695,9 | 695.7 |  | 670.9 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 5,860.0 | 8,276.3 | 534.5 | 514.6 | 538.8 | 543.5 | 511.1 | 557.9 | 495.0 | 306.7 | 526.7 | 482.9 | 632.8 | - 5688.6 | 521.8 |  |
| Consumption in end products.-.---........do. | 5,948.2 | 6,322.7 | 548.2 | 519.9 | 552.3 | 534.7 | 505.8 | 535.0 | 497.9 | 505.6 | 556.3 | 497.3 | 537.3 | - 554.0 | 521.7 |  |
| Stocks, crude and refined (factory and warehouse), end of period mil. 1b. | 517.2 | 755.7 | 562.3 |  | 755.7 | 751.8 | 787.8 | 756.0 | 765.8 | 758.0 | 719.0 | 745.3 | 819.2 | 772.6 | 734.1 |  |
| Exports (crude and refined) --..........do -- | 761.1 | 1,372.4 | 103.9 | 52.7 | 174.6 | 112.0 | 109.3 | 156.0 | 168.0 | 191.8 | 140.9 | 189.0 | 78.1 | 122.2 | 143.0 |  |
| Price, wholesale (refined; N.Y.).......s per lb.. | . 110 | . 133 | . 161 | . 172 | 163 | 168 | 144 | 145 | . 135 | . 137 | . 146 | . 159 | . 172 | 155 | 154 | . 157 |
| TOBACCO |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Leaf: <br> Production (crop estimate) ................... ill. Ib Stocks, dealers' and manulacturers' end of period | 11,804 | ${ }^{1} 1,906$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 1,804 |  |
| mill lb- | 4,940 | 5,006 |  |  | 5,006 |  |  | 4,763 |  |  | 4,369 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 579,106 213,402 | 510,325 235,428 | $\begin{aligned} & 53,650 \\ & 21,982 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 72,845 \\ & 33,652 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 62,477 \\ 14,673 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 39,336 \\ & 20,362 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 32,303 \\ & 17.142 \end{aligned}$ | 17.252 | $\begin{aligned} & 44,458 \\ & 18,136 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 47.434 \\ & 31.305 \end{aligned}$ | 39,798 20,413 | $\begin{aligned} & 36,112 \\ & 17.256 \end{aligned}$ | 41,791 15,686 | $\begin{aligned} & 76,841 \\ & 49,965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r}3,509 \\ 19 \\ \hline 1861\end{array}$ |  |
| Imports, incl. scrap and stems..............do..... |  | 235, 428 | $21,982$ | $33,652$ |  | 20,362 | 17, 142 |  | $18,136$ | $\text { 31. } 305$ | 20,413 | $17,256$ | 15,686 | 49, 965 |  |  |
| Manufactured: Consumptlon (withdrawals): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cigarettes (small): <br> Tax-exempt millions | 47, 263 | 51,166 | 3,926 |  | 4,138 | 3,620 | 3,466 |  |  |  |  |  | 6,852 | 7, 251 |  |  |
|  | 510, 532 | 532, 764 | 50,665 | 44,026 | 41, 196 | 45,634 | 42,518 | 43, 360 | 43, 590 | 43, 474 | 46, 582 | 39, 596 | 45, 595 | 45, 765 |  |  |
| Clgars (large), taxable..................... do | 6, 744 | 6, 701 |  |  | - 495 | 510 | 505 | 556 | ${ }^{858}$ | ${ }^{571}$ | ${ }^{552}$ | 497 | ${ }^{552}$ | 5. 568 |  |  |
|  | 24,970 | 29, 147 | 2,656 | 2,034 | 2, 352 | 2,357 | 2,198 | 2,381 | 2,258 | 2,476 | 3,038 | 3,033 | 4,234 | 5.763 | 768 |  |

## LEATHER AND PRODUCTS



| Unleas otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dee. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

LUMBER AND PRODUCTS

| LUMBER-ALL TYPES $\%$ 9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| National Forest Products Association: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 37,943 8,468 | 36,603 7,964 | 3,201 681 | 2,733 587 | 2,639 | 2,794 | ${ }^{2,983}$ | 3,339 509 | 3,451 | 3, ${ }_{599}$ | 3, 384 | 3, 194 | 3,220 502 | 3,242 532 | 3,199 |  |
|  | 29,481 | 28, 639 | 2, 520 | 2,146 | 2,104 | 2,223 | 2,446 | 2,830 | 2,874 | 2,569 | 2,771 | 2,604 | 2,718 | 2,710 | 2,625 |  |
|  | 37,615 | 35, 596 | 3, 140 | 2,694 | 2,632 | 2,738 | 3, 075 | 3,472 | 3,560 | 3,313 | 3,537 | 3,209 | 3,345 | 3,294 | 3,336 |  |
|  | 8,676 28,943 | 7,078 28,518 | 657 2,483 | 2,1274 | 2, 5121 | - 56172 | 582 2,493 | 637 2,835 | 3644 2,916 | 639 2,654 | $\begin{array}{r}587 \\ 2,950 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 584 | 583 | 583 | 607 |  |
|  |  | 28,518 | 2,483 | 2,120 | 2,121 | 2,172 | 2, 493 | 2,835 | 2,916 | 2,654 | 2,950 | 2,625 | 2,762 | 2,711 | 2,729 |  |
|  | 5,332 630 | 6,363 1,516 | 6,288 1,476 | 6,233 $\mathbf{1 , 3 9 5}$ | 6,363 1,516 | 6,428 1,529 | 6, 278 1,484 | 6,143 1,355 | 6,042 1,287 | 5,895 1,225 | 5,741 1,250 | 5,723 1,253 L, 25 | 5,594 $\mathbf{1 , 1 4 5}$ | 5,532 1,084 | 5,397 $\mathbf{1 , 0 5 3}$ |  |
|  | 4, 704 | 4, 847 | 4,812 | 4,838 | 4,847 | 4,899 | 4,793 | 4,788 | 4,755 | 4,670 | 4,491 | 1,280 | 1,145 | 4,448 | 4, 4 4,344 |  |
| Exports, total sawmill products - .-............. do <br> Imports, total sawmill products................... . . | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} 11,158 \\ 16,263 \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,266 \\ & 6,095 \end{aligned}$ | 97 533 | 99 514 | ${ }_{422}$ | 80 805 | $\begin{array}{r} 87 \\ 473 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 91 \\ 683 \end{gathered}$ | 90 563 | 88 650 | 95 761 | 79 767 | 85 624 | 72 |  |  |
| Orders, unfiled, end of period.-.-.........do..-- | ${ }^{7} \times 286$ | - 457 | 445 | 424 | 457 | - 384 | ${ }_{r} 618$ | - 593 | ${ }_{-673}$ | ${ }_{-633}$ | -677 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \hline\end{array} 887$ | 715 | 735 | 704 |  |
|  | - 7, 632 | -7,475 | ${ }^{+} 641$ | - 590 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 538$ | - 594 | ${ }^{-649}$ | ${ }^{+} 755$ | , 741 | ${ }^{+639}$ | -723 | r 605 | 769 | 715 | 657 |  |
| Shipments......--.-...................-do | - 7,593 | - 7, 398 | ${ }^{5} \mathbf{6 4 0}$ | ${ }^{\text {r }} 5$ | ${ }^{\text {r } 547}$ | ${ }^{-601}$ | ${ }_{5} 623$ | +716 | -773 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 634$ | r 770 | r 585 | 757 | 715 | 727 |  |
| Stocks (gross), mill, end of period. .-...-. . do | 1,010 | 1,058 | 1,058 | 1,069 | 1,058 | 1,051 | r 1,068 | ${ }^{\text {r 1, }} 107$ | -1,075 | r 1,060 | +1,013 | - 1,033 | 1,045 | 1,045 | 975 |  |
| Exports, total sawmill products...................................................................... | $\begin{array}{r}359 \\ 88 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}380 \\ 87 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}31 \\ \mathbf{9} \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 27 7 | 44 10 | 28 7 | 29 9 | 35 8 8 | 36 11 | 27 5 5 | 36 10 | 9 2 | 17 | 12 3 |  |  |
| Boards, planks, scantlings, etc..--..-....do.. | 271 | 292 | 22 | 20 | 35 | 21 | 21 | 27 | 24 | 22 | 25 | 6 | 12 | 8 |  |  |
| Prices, wholesale: <br> Dimension, construction, dried, $2^{\prime \prime} \times 4^{\prime \prime}, R$. L. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Flooring, C and better $\mathrm{F}, \mathrm{G}, \mathrm{l}^{\$ 1} \mathrm{per} 4^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{M}$ bdi. ft-- | 113.52 | 92.22 | 94.27 | 92.85 | 90.68 | ${ }^{2} 91.45$ | 98.65 | 110.95 | 111.50 | 112.12 | 116.72 | 125.72 | 129.92 | 128.88 | 128. 59 | 127.45 |
| \$ per M bd. it.- | 212.59 | 226. 76 | 228.14 | 229.65 | 226. 54 | 2228.10 | 228. 10 | 228.10 | 228.10 | 224, 99 | 224.22 | 224.22 | 232.02 | 232.02 | 231.87 | 226. 28 |
| Southern pine: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, new $\qquad$ | $\begin{array}{r} \mathrm{r}, 934 \\ \mathbf{3 2 4} \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { r 7, } 316 \\ 373 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} +642 \\ 351 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 574 \\ \hline 333 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 626 \\ 373 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} r \\ r \\ r \end{array} 425$ | \% 714 $\times 772$ | $\begin{array}{r} \ulcorner 704 \\ r \\ \hline 425 \end{array}$ | $\ulcorner 790$ $>448$ | $\begin{array}{r} 7 \\ r \\ r \end{array} 42$ | $\begin{array}{r}7771 \\ > \\ \hline\end{array}$ | P 749 +463 | 724 440 | 690 405 | 744 385 |  |
|  | -7,243 | - 7, 295 | -682 | ${ }^{-608}$ | r 607 | $\bigcirc 597$ | $\checkmark 658$ | 710 | 750 | -694 | 731 | - 718 | 721 | 715 | 756 |  |
|  | -7,032 | r 7, 267 | -674 | - 592 | ז 586 | ${ }^{6} 611$ | - 667 | - 751 | - 767 | - 703 | -764 | - 740 | 747 | 725 | 764 |  |
| of period.................................... bd. ft.- | 1,348 | 1,376 | 1,339 | 1,355 | 1,376 | r 1,362 | -1,353 | ' 1, 312 | - 1,295 | r 1,286 | r 1, 253 | -1,231 | 1,205 | 1,195 | 1,187 |  |
| Exports, total sawmill products......... M bd. It... | 1 75,687 | 78,418 | 5,100 | 6, 405 | 5,638 | 4,785 | 4,887 | 6,232 | 6,173 | 6,091 | 6,931 | 8,563 | 5,140 | 6,973 |  |  |
| Prices, wholesale, (inderes): <br> Boards, No. 2 and better, $1^{\prime \prime} \leq 6^{\prime \prime}$, R. L. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $1967=100$. | 127.5 | 107.9 | 112.7 | 110.7 | 109.7 | 112.7 | 119.8 | 124.5 | 127.1 | 130.7 | 133.2 | 140.7 | 143.2 | 143.2 | 143.2 | 143.0 |
| $7=$ | 119.8 | 122.9 | 123.9 | 123.9 | 123.3 | 125.0 | 127.8 | 129.6 | 131.3 | 131.3 | 132.6 | 138.0 | 136.0 | 136.0 | 136.0 | 136.0 |
| Western pine: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r}\text { - } 9,285 \\ \hline 684\end{array}$ | ${ }^{9,341}$ | 812 354 | 646 <br> 307 | 688 334 | 746 445 | 778 424 | 869 <br> $\mathbf{3 7 4}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 925 \\ & 386 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 845 \\ & 356 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 973 | $\begin{aligned} & 940 \\ & \mathbf{4 3 7} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 872 \\ & 368 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{365}^{971}$ | $906$ |  |
| Production......-............................do. | -9,691 | 9,378 | 860 | 684 | 646 | 638 | 740 | 924 | 931 | 823 | 876 | 868 | 914 | 974 | 887 |  |
|  | -9,460 | 9,371 | 837 | 693 | 661 | 635 | 799 | 919 | ${ }_{913}$ | 875 | 955 | 877 | 941 | 974 | 897 |  |
| Stocks (gross), mill, | 1,627 | 1,634 | 1,658 | 1,649 | 1,634 | 1,637 | 1,578 | 1,583 | 1,601 | 1,549 | 1,470 | 1,461 | 1,437 | 1,437 | 1,427 |  |
| 12',', R. L. (6' and over)........\$per M bd. $\mathrm{ft}$. . | 107. 18 | 83.79 | 78.54 | 75.64 | 74.90 | 72.36 | 75.01 | 84.94 | 101.21 | 99.29 | 92.70 | 96.40 | 106.24 | 109.10 | 106.57 | 105. 14 |
| HARDWOOD FLOORING |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, unfilied, end of period...............do...- | 12.0 | 9.1 | 7.8 | 7.0 | 9.1 | 9.7 | 10.5 | 9.4 | 9.3 | 9.3 | 11.6 | 14.5 | 10.0 | 8.4 | 88.7 |  |
|  | 393.1 | 315.2 | 28.3 | 22.2 | 23.9 | 23.2 | 24.5 | 28.7 | 28.2 | 24.7 | 25.4 | 25.0 | 28.3 | 37.3 | 25.2 |  |
|  | 387.8 | 306.7 | 25.2 | 20.5 | 24.7 | 23.8 | 23.8 | 26.8 | 25.2 | 27.7 | 29.9 | 29.4 | 31.3 | 27.8 | 27.1 |  |
| Stocks (gross), mill, end of period.-.-.-...-do..-- | 29.6 | 33.3 | 33.6 | 35.5 | 33.3 | 32.8 | 33.6 | 35.4 | 38.1 | 35.2 | 32.5 | 28.1 | 25.1 | 24.6 | 23.2 |  |

METALS AND MANUFACTURES


| Unless otherwise gtated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

## METALS AND MANUFACTURES-Continued



| Unless other wise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dbe. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

## METALS AND MANUFACTURES-Continued

| NONFERROUS METALS AND PRODUCTS Aluminum: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| thous. sh. tons. | 3. 793.1 | 3,976.1 | 334.6 | 327.0 | 345.2 | 331.9 | 304.3 | 338.8 | 327.1 | 341.8 | 325.0 | 329.5 | 3333.4 | 325.8 |  |  |
| Recovery from scrap (aluminum content)...do ... |  |  | 68.0 | 60.0 | 70.0 | 62.0 | 67.0 | 78.0 | 75.0 | 72.0 | 74.0 | 59.0 | 76.0 |  |  |  |
| Imports (general): <br> Metal and alloys, crude $\qquad$ do | 468.6 | 350.2 | 23.7 | 21.1 | 28.1 | 34.3 | 29.1 | 44.7 | 95.7 | 63.4 | 60.9 | 46.6 | 38.1 | 43.7 | 31.5 |  |
| Plates, sheets, ete | 57.2 | 78.7 | 5.2 | 5.5 | 5.4 | 6.1 | 5.0 | 6.0 | 6.4 | 7.5 | 7.1 | 6.8 | 5.7 | 7.4 | 4.2 |  |
| Exports, metal and alloys, crude | 344.4 | 408.5 | 26.9 | 15.9 | 28.0 | 15.8 | 14.3 | 11.0 | 11.3 | 8.0 | 10.3 | 3.6 | 5.6 | 12.6 | 4.0 |  |
| Price, primary ingot, $99.5 \%$ minimum... \$ per lb | . 2718 | . 2872 | 2900 | 2900 | 2900 | 2900 | . 2900 | . 2900 | 2900 | . 2900 | . 2900 | 2900 | . 2900 | 2900 | . 2900 | . 2900 |
| Aluminum products: Shipments: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ingot and mill prod. (net ship.) \% ........mil. lb .- | $10,717.5$ $7,666.3$ | $19,941.9$ $17,386.2$ | 808.9 614.6 | 713.4 541.1 | 812.8 584.4 | 768.6 581.0 | 768.7 574.8 | 943.9 741.8 | $1,067.5$ 769.6 | 1,119.8 | 746.8 580.1 | 689.7 564.1 | ${ }_{\text {r }}^{\text {r } 856.6}$ | 869.7 676.9 |  |  |
| M11 products, total | 7, 72668 | - | 298.0 | 260.2 | 297.2 | ${ }_{292.2}$ | 384.8 280.1 | 341.8 | 416.1 | 467.1 | 258.2 | 278.1 | +343.9 | 349.2 |  |  |
| Castings $\triangle$ | 1,698.1 | 1,506. 5 | 114.3 | 99.7 | 121.3 | 121.3 | 128.0 | 145.4 | 134.9 | 134.1 | 140.8 | 97.1 | - 124.3 | 134.2 | 143.6 |  |
| Inventories, total (ingot, mill prod., and scrap), end of period* mill. 1b. | 3,785 | 4,387 | 4, 144 | 4,279 | 4,387 | 4,469 | 4,496 | 4,477 | 4,443 | 4,274 | 4,465 | 4,662 | •4,736 | 4,774 |  |  |
| Cop |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 137.8 | 129.6 |  | 141.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mine, recoverable copper . .... thous. sh. tons | 1,742.8 | 1,765. 1 | 149.3 | 143.0 | 170.2 | 148.5 | 129.6 | 170.5 | 160.0 | 150.0 | 150.4 | 42.6 | 74.0 | - 103.1 | 133.2 138.6 |  |
| Reinery, primary From domestic ores .-.......................do | $1,468.9$ | 1, 521.2 | 127.3 | 122.8 | 144.8 | 129.9 | 124.3 | 144.8 | 141.6 | 136.4 | 148.4 | 38.7 | 63.2 | 90.9 | 124.3 |  |
| From foreign ores ...................... do | 273.9 | 243.9 | 22.0 | 20.2 | 25.4 | 18.6 | 18.1 | 25.7 | 18.4 | 13.7 | 18.0 | 4.0 | 10.9 | 12.1 | 14.3 |  |
| Secondary, recovered as reffned . . . . . . . . do | 465.6 | 475.0 | 37.3 | 35.1 | 39.2 | 37.0 | 31.0 | 33.9 | 28.8 | 34.7 | 31.8 | 15.2 | 24.5 | 29.8 | 37.0 |  |
| Imports (general): Refined, unrefin | 415.1 | 394.2 | 36.0 | 37.1 | 35.0 | 27.2 | 32.7 | 26.1 | 26.4 | 21.9 | 35.4 | 28.9 | 37.0 | 41.5 | 21.3 |  |
| Refine | 131.1 | 132.1 | 13.6 | 13.4 | 9.5 | 12.1 | 8.6 | 9.9 | 11.6 | 7.4 | 9.9 | 12.4 | 23.2 | 20.2 | 15.5 |  |
| Exports: <br> Reflned an | 286.2 | 348.9 | 35.2 | 32.5 | 33.0 | 34.6 | 27.6 | 38.6 | 37.0 | 32.9 | 24.8 | 8.5 | 10.1 | 16.4 | . 4 |  |
| Refined | 200.3 | 222.0 | 17.4 | 15.6 | 18.2 | 22.9 | 18.7 | 26.3 | 23.7 | 23.9 | 17.5 | 4.6 | 5.4 | 10.4 | 4.1 |  |
| Consumption, refined (by mills, ete.) ......do | 12,142 | 12,042 | 164.4 | 153.3 | 150.8 | 149.4 | 166.3 | 187.6 |  | 205.7 | 202.6 | 107.4 | 154.5 | 151.9 | ${ }^{\text {p174. }} 6$ |  |
| Stocks, refined, end of period..--...........d | 1 <br> 1 <br> 1 <br> 1 <br> 171.0 <br> 1.0 | 1348.0 <br> 1187 | 248.7 168.5 | 306.9 171.3 | 348.0 187.0 | 373.3 200.0 | 385.8 | 380.6 216.3 | 365.3 234 | 334.3 238 | ${ }_{223.8}^{294.1}$ | 264.0 204. 2 | 229.8 168.9 | 224.4 1436 | ${ }^{\text {p2 }}$ 242. 8 |  |
| Price, electrolytic (wirebars), dom., delivered \$ per lb. | . 4793 | 24.583 | . 590 | . 561 | 531 | . 5152 | . 5035 | . 5055 | . 5283 | . 6284 | . 6284 |  | . 5290 | . 5289 | . 5284 | 5224 |
| Copper-base mill and foundry products, shipments (quarterly total): <br> Brass mill product | 3,111 |  |  |  | 551 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brass mill products ........................il. lb .-. | 2,524 | 2, 329 |  |  | 542 |  |  | 664 |  |  | 649 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brass and bronze foundry products ........do...- | 853 | 751 |  |  | 171 |  |  | 174 |  |  | 187 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lead: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production: <br> Mine, recoverable lead. ....... thous. | 509.0 | ${ }^{1} 571.8$ | 46. 5 | 48.5 | 45.3 | 45.3 |  | 52.7 |  | 45.6 | 45.7 | 45.2 | 48.1 |  |  |  |
| Recovered from scrap (lead cont.) | 1603.9 | 590.4 | 53.5 | 49.6 | 52.3 | 46.4 | 48.1 | 47.0 | 50.8 | 48.1 | 46.4 | 42.4 | 46.1 | 49.1 |  |  |
| Imports (general), ore (lead cont.), metal_..do.... Consumption, total......................................... | $\begin{array}{r} 389.6 \\ 1,389.4 \end{array}$ | 357.1 $11,360.6$ | $\begin{array}{r} 35.1 \\ 113.5 \end{array}$ | 23.5 102.3 | 27.5 11.2 | 34.1 113.6 | 22.1 109.6 | 21.7 119.5 | 21.2 117.4 | 24.3 116.2 | 18.5 115.9 | $\begin{array}{r}18.7 \\ \hline 9.8\end{array}$ | 13.9 119.5 | 24.4 127.7 | 18.6 |  |
| Stocks, end of period: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Producers', ore, base bullion, and In process (lead content), ABMS.....thous. sh. tons | 165.7 | 9. 4 | 179.0 | 178.2 | 179.4 | 179.5 | 177.6 | 186.3 | 190.3 | 186.1 | 182.5 | 169.5 | 163.1 | 164. |  |  |
| Refiners' (primary), refined and antimonial (lead content) ..................thous. sh. tons. | 125.7 |  |  | . 2 |  |  | 2 | 8 | . 7 | 83.6 | 76.6 | 7.3 | 4.3 |  |  |  |
| Consumers' (lead content) of.-..........do | 1156.4 | 188.4 | 178.8 | 183.1 | 188.4 | ${ }^{6} 113.1$ | 116.5 | 120.2 | 121.8 | 121.5 | 131.8 | 133.8 | 126.4 | 122.8 |  |  |
| Scrap (lead-base, purchased), ali smelters | 17 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 65.0 |  | 3 |  |  |  |  |
| Price, common grade (N.Y.).-........ $\$$ per lb. | . 1490 | . 1562 | . 1450 | . 1450 | . 1414 | . 1350 | . 1350 | . 1350 | . 1350 | . 1350 | . 1365 | 1413 | . 1412 | $\begin{array}{r} 63.7 \\ .1412 \end{array}$ | 1416 | 1388 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Imports (for consumption): <br> Ore (tin content) lg. to |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10 | 430 | 0 |  |  | 597 |  |  |
|  | 54,950 | 50, 554 | 3, 114 | 3,810 | 6,523 | 3, 659 | 1,635 | 4,703 | 4,478 | 4, 100 | 5,541 | 2,059 | 5,206 | 5,207 | 1,858 |  |
| Recovery from scrap, total (tin cont.)...... do | ${ }^{1} 22,775$ | ${ }^{1} 20,105$ | 1,770 | 1,580 | 1,610 | 1,590 | 1, 595 | 1,765 | 1,805 | 1,680 | 1,373 | 1,305 | 1,720 | 1,685 |  |  |
|  | 13,022 180,790 | 3,085 173,829 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 5,860 } \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 5,515 | 1,275 5,690 | 205 5,830 | 5,660 | 6, 285 | 255 6,305 | 285 6,175 | - 280 | 255 5,605 | 5,185 | $\begin{array}{r}1860 \\ 5 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  |
| Primary | 157,730 | ${ }_{1} \mathbf{5 3 , 0 2 7}$ | 4,440 | 4,110 | 4,315 | 4, 4,500 | 4, 160 | 4,715 | 4,710 | 4,615 | 6,240 4,625 | 4, ${ }^{\mathbf{4}, 335}$ | 3,760 | 4,455 | $\begin{aligned} & 5,910 \\ & 4,465 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Exports, incl. reexports (metal) .-.-.-.--- do | 3,217 | 4,966 | 1,233 | 233 | 796 | 74 | 305 | 570 | 138 | 125 | 79 | 376 | 398 | 400 |  |  |
| Stocks, pig (industrial), end of period...-.do ${ }^{\text {dre }}$ | 13,824 | 11,318 | 11,965 | 11,690 | 11,318 | 10,000 | 8,970 | 8,155 | 8,495 | 9,510 | 10,600 | 10,340 | 11,205 | 10,905 | 9,025 |  |
| Price, plg, Stralts (N.Y.), prompt...-.-.\$ per lb.. | 1. 6444 | 1. 7414 | 1.7365 | 1.7225 | 1.6385 | 1. 6164 | 1.6286 | 1.6701 | 1. 6888 | 1. 6602 | 1. 6448 | 1.6644 | 1. 6607 | 1.6729 | 1. 6770 | 1.7539 |
| Zinc: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mine prod., recoverable zinc.....thous. sh. tons.- | 553.1 | 1534.1 | 43.2 | 43.4 | 43.4 | 1.6 | 0.7 | 3.7 | 41.4 | 43.8 | 43.5 | 38.0 | 41.2 | 37.7 |  |  |
| Imports (general): <br> Ores (zine content) $\qquad$ do | 602.1 | 525.8 | 31.5 | 33.0 | 45.5 | 37.4 | 33.3 | 37.5 | 32.9 | 25.8 | 40.9 | 21.0 | 18.1 | 24.0 |  |  |
| Metal (slab, blocks).-..................-.-.-. - do | 324.7 | 270.4 | 32.1 | 18.9 | 30.9 | 17.9 | 14.5 | 29.1 | 22.7 | 21.2 | 27.1 | 30.3 | 28.5 | 41.7 | 17.6 |  |
| Consumption (recoverable zinç content): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1126.7 | 1124.8 | 8.8 | 9.1 | 7.6 | 8.0 | 8.9 | 8.6 | 10.8 | 10.0 | 11.0 | 10.8 | 10.8 | 15.7 |  |  |
|  | ${ }^{1302.1}$ | ${ }^{1} 256.7$ | 19.0 | 18.9 | 19.0 | 18.7 | 18.5 | 19.9 | 19.2 | 18.9 | 18.4 | 20.3 | 21.1 | 20.7 |  |  |
| Slab zinc: <br> Production (primary smelter), from domestic and foreign ores. thous. sh. tons. | 1,040. 6 | 880.6 | 66.7 | 65.2 | 70.9 | 71.6 | 69.2 | 74.2 | 75.8 | 74.5 | 65.7 | 50.1 | 51.7 | 45.7 |  |  |
| Secondary (redistilied) production.......do...- | 170.6 | 74.4 | 7.8 | 6.4 | 5.1 | 6.9 | 5. 6 | 7.4 | 6.8 | 6.3 | 6.6 | 5.3 | 5. 6 | 5.7 |  |  |
| Consumption, fabricators.................do | 1,368.3 | ${ }^{1} 1,187.0$ | ${ }_{\text {(3) }} 97$ | 88.8 | 93.6 | 96.4 | 99.3 | 111.5 | 116.7 | 115.6 | 110.6 | 95.3 | 97.5 | 101.2 |  |  |
| Exports.-.-.......-- |  | . 3 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ | . 1 | 4.8 | 2.2 | 1.7 | 1.1 | 1.3 | 2.1 | 0 | ( ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |  | . 1 |  |
| Stocks, end of period: <br> Producers', at smelter (ZI) © <br> Producers', at smelter (2) © .-............ do. Consumers' | 167.7 1100.5 | ${ }^{1} 98.3$ | 113.6 81.8 | 118.6 | 187.3 | 128.3 | 119.8 | 99.4 | 84.3 | 80.7 | 68.5 | 65.2 | 62.6 | 36.9 | 51.1 | 52.9 |
| Consumers' | 1100.5 | ${ }^{189.6}$ | 81.8 | 79.0 | 88.2 | $\begin{array}{r}80.0 \\ \hline 8.1500\end{array}$ | - 80.4 | -89.7 | 99.2 | 90.6 | 109.3 | 114.8 | -100.9 | 94.4 |  |  |
| Price, Prime Western (East St. Louis). $\$$ per lb.. | . 1460 | . 1532 | . 1500 | . 1500 | . 1500 | s. 1500 | $\bigcirc 1500$ | 8. 1507 | ¢. 1550 | ${ }^{8} 1578$ | 4. 1600 | ${ }^{6} .1619$ | 8.1700 | 3.1700 | 5.1700 | 3. 1700 |
| ${ }_{9}{ }^{2}$ Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary ${ }^{1}$ Annual data; <br> ${ }^{2}$ Average for Feb,-Dec. ${ }^{i}$ Less than 50 tons. | nthly rev | isions ar | not avail | lable. |  | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{tPr} \\ \text { and } t \end{gathered}$ | Show | are av | erages of <br> 0.400 cen | liv | prices | avera $1 \text { 1969, }$ | differen 500 cen | al betw for per | en the $d$ <br> d Jan. 197 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Hivered } \\ & 70-A p r . \end{aligned}$ |
| WeEE price (based on mine production rates and $k$ | nown | ling price | of U.S | produc |  | 1971, | 0.62 | ents | eat |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| only) is not comparable with prices for earlier month | ${ }^{5} \mathrm{Se}$ | note $0^{\prime \prime}$ | bottom | f. S-32 |  | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | umers | and see | ondary | nelters' | ad sto | s in | nery s | apes an | in cop | ser-base |
| See note ¢, p. S-32. \%Revised monthly data | 88-69) are | availab |  |  |  | scrap. | See not | "ף," p . | S-32. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\triangle$ Revised data (1966-68) are in the Apr. 1970 Su |  | $N \text { ser }$ | ur | . |  | $\bigcirc \mathrm{Pr}$ | ueer | cks els | where, | do | v. 1971, | 13,500 to |  |  |  |  |


| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

## METALS AND MANUFACTURES-Continued



Radiators and convectors, shipments:
Cast-iron..................mil. sq. ft. radiation Nonferrous
oil burners: Shipments
 Ranges, gas, domestic cooking (incl free-standing, set-in, high-oven ranges, and built-in oven
broilers), shipments............................... Top burner sections (4-burner equiv.), ship...do...

Stoves, domestic heating, shipments, total....do...



## MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT

Foundry equipment (new), new orders, net Furnaces (industrial) and ovens, etc., new orders (domestic), net, quarterly total................il. $\$ .$.
Electric processing furnaces Electric processing furnaces
Fuel-fired furnaces (exc. hot rolling steel)

Matertal handling equipment (industrial):
Orders (new), index, seas. adj $\dagger \ldots . . .-1967=100$.
Industrial trucks (electric), shipments:
Hand (motorized) ....................................

engines), shipments......................................
Machine tools:
Machine tools:
Metal cutting type tools:
Metal cutting type tools:
Orders, new (net), total


Metal forming type tools:
Orders, new (net), total
Shipments, total
Order backlog, end of period
Other machinery and equip., qtrly. shipments: Tractors used in construction: Wheel heol (contractors' ofthighway)...........do... Tractor shovel loaders (integral units only), wheel and tracklaying types ...........il. \$,
Tractors, wheel (excl. garden and contractors; Tractors, wheel (excl. garden and contractors'
off-highway types) off-highway types) .............................. $\$$
Farm machines and equipment (selected types),
excl. tractors...................................

## ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT

Batteries (auto. replacement), shipments $\ddagger$. thous Household electrical appliances:

Ranges, incl. built-ins, shipments (manufacturers'), domestic and export ..............thous.


Vacuum cleaners, sales billed............. $1967=100$
Washers, sales (dom. and export) $0^{n} \ldots \ldots . .$. do...........
Dryers (gas and electric), sales (domestic and

Radio sets, production $\odot$.
Television sets (incl. combination), prod. $\odot-$ do
Electron tubes and semiconductors (excl. receiving, power, and spec. purpose tubes), sales ....mil. \$. Motors and generators:
New orders, index, qtrly $\triangle$
$.1967=100$.


PETROLEUM, COAL, AND PRODUCTS


| Unlese other wise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and degcriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

## PETROLEUM, COAL, AND PRODUCTS-Continued

| COAL-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bituminons-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industrial consumption and retail deliveries, total 9 $\qquad$ thous. sh. tons. | 507, 275 | 517, 015 | 42,465 | 43,813 | 48, 036 | 49, 199 | 43,698 | 45,513 | 40,895 | 39, 755 | 41,926 | 40,634 | - 38,558 | 38,313 |  |  |
|  | 308,461 | 320, 461 | 25, 254 | 26,453 | 29,481 | 30, 804 | 27, 127 | 28, 040 | 25, 103 | 24, 807 | 28,154 | 28, 004 | 27,783 | 27,051 |  |  |
| Mfg. and mining industries, total........do | 185, 835 | 186, 183 | 16, 057 | 16,245 | 17, 436 | 17, 395 | 15, 733 | 16,849 | 15, 522 | 14,784 | 13, 642 | 12,439 | 10,079 | 10,281 |  |  |
| Coke plants (oven and beehive).......... do. | 92, 901 | 95, 864 | 8,317 | 8,068 | 8,296 | 8,239 | 7,393 | 8,380 | 8,157 | 8,307 | 7,723 | 7,007 | 5,164 | 5,817 |  |  |
| Retail deliveries to other consumers...... do | 12, 666 | 10,073 | 1,117 | 1,088 | 1,109 | 1,000 | 838 | 619 | 245 | 138 | 100 | 162 | - 670 | 950 |  |  |
| Stocks, industrial and retail dealers', end of period, total $\qquad$ thous. sh. tons. | 80,482 | (3) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Electric power utilities | 60, 597 | 71,285 | 66,087 | 69,681 | 71,285 | 68,643 | 67,001 | -69,982 | 77, 727 | -83, 432 | 87,423 | 85,147 | 91,722 | 97,457 |  |  |
|  | 19,701 8,962 | (3) 8,924 | 8,180 | 8,674 | 8,924 | 8,489 | 8,237 | 8,966 | 9,804 | 10,642 | 10,849 | 8,517 | 10,369 | 11,818 |  |  |
| Retail dealers | 184 | (3) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exports <br> Prices, wholesale. $\qquad$ d | 56,234 | 70,908 | 7,267 | 5, 633 | 6,725 | 4,250 | 4,302 | 4,261 | 5,004 | 6,140 | 5,679 | 4,174 | 7,107 | 6,766 | 3,450 |  |
| Prices, wholesale: <br> Screenings, indust. use, f.o.b. mine |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \$ per sh. ton.- | 6. 052 | 7,641 | 9.747 | 9.747 | 9. 747 | 9.747 | 9. 316 | 9.316 | 9. 810 | 9,719 | 9. 719 | 9.719 | 9. 719 | 9.719 | 9. 719 | 9.719 |
| Domestic, large sizes, f.o.b. mine ........do...- | 7.487 | 9,647 | 10.921 | 11. 533 | 11. 633 | 11.658 | 11. 658 | 11. 658 | 11. 200 | 11. 200 | 11.200 | 10.890 | 10.890 | 10.890 | 10.940 | 10.940 |
| Production: COKE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Beehive....-.-.-.-.-.-........... thous. sh. tons.. | 710 | 85 814 | 6 61 | $\begin{array}{r}68 \\ \hline 537\end{array}$ | 668 | ${ }_{5}^{59}$ | 60 | \% 78 | ${ }_{6}^{68}$ | 77 | $\begin{array}{r}76 \\ \hline 6\end{array}$ | 67 | 55 | 54 |  |  |
|  | 64,014 | 65,654 | 5,680 | 5,537 | 5,672 | 5,647 | 5,054 | 5,752 | 5,621 | 5,693 | 5,268 | 4,816 | 3,455 | 3,976 |  |  |
| Petroleum coke§, | 20,574 | 21, 074 | 1,755 | 1,743 | 1,845 | 1,803 | 1,652 | 1,853 | 1,832 | 1,803 | 1,821 | 1,835 | 1,960 | 1,787 |  |  |
| Oven-coke plants, total ......................- do | 3,120 | 4,113 | 3,433 | 3,777 | 4,113 | 4,241 | 4,054 | 3,842 | 3,599 | 3, 343 | 3, 153 | 3,401 | 3,818 | 4, 070 |  |  |
|  | 3,020 | 4,018 | 3,388 | 3,691 | 4,018 | 4,149 | 3,994 | 3,803 | 3,560 | 3,295 | 3,097 | 3,309 | 3,715 | 3, 939 |  |  |
|  | +99 | -95 | 46 | , 86 | , 95 | - 92 | 3, 60 | , 39 | 39 | , 48 | , 56 | , 92 | 103 | , 131 |  |  |
|  | 1.040 | 1. 059 | 1,081 | 1,036 | 1,069 | 1,089 | 1,127 | 1,170 | 1,151 | 1,248 | 1,192 | 1,319 | 1,539 | 1,900 |  |  |
| Exports | 1,629 | 2,514 | 288 | 269 | 220 | 171 | 142 | 199 | 125 | 95 | 126 | 171 | 171 | 136 | 92 |  |
| PETROLEUM AND PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Crude petroleum: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oil wells completed --.-.--------.---.-number.- | 2 14,368 | 213,020 | 986 | 882 | 1,454 | 846 | 896 | 1,227 | 880 | 969 | 998 | 925 | 886 | 959 | 921 | 967 |
| Price at wells (Oklahoma).... .-....-- per bbl.- | 3.18 3 | 3.23 | 3.21 | 3.21 | 3.41 | 3.41 | 3.41 | 3. 41 | 3.41 | 3.41 | 3.41 | 3.41 | 3.41 | 3.41 | 3.41 | 3.41 |
|  | 3,879.6 | 3,967.5 | 336.6 | 330.6 | 346.7 | 344.9 | 312.3 | 345.1 | 336.2 | 332.8 | 344.5 | 355.0 | 352.4 | 334.0 |  |  |
| Refinery operating ratio...--.-...-\% of capacity | 92 | 91 | 90 | 92 | 93 | 88 | 88 | 88 | 86 | 83 | 89 | 88 | 87 | 85 |  |  |
| All oils, supply, demand, and stocks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New supply, totalor..................................... Production: | 5,111.8 | 5,375.1 | 460.1 | 450.3 | 481.0 | 463.5 | 422.1 | 482.0 | 452.2 | 467.4 | 457.7 | 461.8 | 489.1 | 444.9 |  |  |
|  | 3,371.8 | 3,515. 5 | 310.5 | 301.1 | 308.1 | 301.5 | 274, 4 | 305.0 | 295.1 | 301.0 | 290.1 | 295.3 | 293.8 | 276.0 |  |  |
| Natural-gas plant liquids... .-.......- do | 584.5 | 612.2 | 52.0 | 51.8 | 53.7 | 52.7 | 48.5 | 52.8 | 51.3 | 52.8 | 51.1 | 52.6 | 62.7 | 50.9 |  |  |
| Imports: $\quad$ Crude and unfinished oils.....-.........do. | 552.9 | 522.6 | 39.5 | 40.6 | 53.0 | 37.8 | 40.2 | 45.9 | 48.5 | 49.6 | 53.9 | 59.2 | 63.4 | 61.4 |  |  |
|  | 502.9 602.7 | 522.6 724.8 | 38.5 58.1 | 40.6 56.9 | 63.0 66.3 | 37.8 71.5 | 40.2 58.9 | 45.9 78.3 | 48.5 57.4 | 49.6 64.1 | 63.9 62.6 | 59.2 54.8 | 63.4 69.1 | 61.4 56.6 |  |  |
| Change in stocks, all oils (decrease, - ) | -17.4 | 37.7 | 15.6 | 17.9 | $-25.5$ | -37.4 | $-36.6$ | -9.4 | 11.3 | 40.2 | 17.6 | 32.4 | 29.7 | 17.8 |  |  |
|  | 5,126. 6 | 5,331. 5 | 442.6 | 432.4 | 503.9 | 503.9 | 456.7 | 489.6 | 442.2 | 426. 2 | 440.2 | 429.1 | 439.4 | 426.5 |  |  |
| Exports: ${ }^{\text {Crude }}$ petroleum........................ do |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 88.4 | 5.0 89.3 | 2.0 | 1.6 | .7 8.4 | 6. ${ }^{0}$ | (1) 6 | ${ }^{(1)} 7.7$ | .3 8.0 | (1) 6 | 0 7.2 | 5. ${ }^{0}$ | 6. $\begin{array}{r} \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 5. ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |
|  | 5,041.8 | 5,237. 3 | 433.0 | 424.5 | 494.7 | 497. 7 | 449.9 | 481.8 | 433.9 | 419.3 | 433.0 | 423.6 | 432.6 | 420.7 |  |  |
|  | 2,042. 5 | 2,131. 2 | 184.7 | 168.4 | 182.0 | 164.6 | 154.6 | 182.6 | 187.6 | 184.5 | 195.1 | 201.0 | 197.0 | 183.6 |  |  |
|  | 100.4 | 2,96.0 | 7.5 | 8.7 | 12.3 | 13.4 | 12.7 | 8.8 | 6.3 | 3.9 | 4.5 | 4.4 | 4.6 | 5.9 |  |  |
| Distillate fuel oil..--.-.-.-................ do | 900.3 | 927.2 | 69.9 | 78.6 | 110.0 | 125.3 | 107.6 | 99.6 | 79.2 | 66.1 | 60.2 | 54.8 | 57.3 | 61.3 |  |  |
| Residual fuel oil | 721.9 | 804.3 | 58.9 | 61.7 | 80.4 | 85.1 | 73.7 | 87.4 | 64.9 | 64.8 | 63.2 | 54.1 | 58.9 | 59.7 |  |  |
|  | 361.7 | 350.9 | 30.0 | 28.7 | 30.5 | 28.8 | 29.8 | 30.6 | 28.8 | 28.9 | 30.8 | 29.6 | 31.5 | 29.8 |  |  |
|  | 48.8 | 49.7 | 4.5 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 3.6 | 3.7 | 4.1 | 4.5 | 4.0 | 4.8 | 4.6 | 4.3 | 3.6 |  |  |
|  | 143.3 | 153.5 | 15. 9 | 10.6 | 7.8 | 4.8 | 4.9 | 8.1 | 10.4 | 14.0 | 19.9 | 19.4 | 21.9 | 19.3 |  |  |
|  | 445. 6 | 447.4 | 38.5 | 42.7 | 46.5 | 51.6 | 43.7 | 38.2 | 31.3 | 29.2 | 30.1 | 30.4 | 33.6 | 35.0 |  |  |
| Stocks, end of period, total .-........-.....- do.--- | 980.1 | 1,017.9 | 1,025. 4 | 1,043.3 | 1,017.9 | 980.4 | 943.8 | 934.4 | 945.7 | 986.0 | 1,003. 5 | 1,036. 0 | 1,065. 7 | 1, 083.5 |  |  |
| Crude petroleum .-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-------- do | 265.2 | 1,276. 4 | '265. 5 | 1, 271.3 | 1, 276.4 | 269.8 | 266.9 | 267.2 | 271.4 | 284.3 | 1,279.3 | 1, 273.2 | ${ }^{1} 272.4$ | + 269.8 |  |  |
| Unfinished oils, natural gasoline, etc-....do...- | 103.5 | 106.0 | 107. 6 | 109. 0 | 106. 0 | 101. 2 | 97. 2 | 96.8 | 105.4 | 107.5 | 109.5 | 110.4 | 107.0 | 105.9 |  |  |
|  | 611.4 | 635.5 | 652. 3 | 663.0 | 635.5 | 609.4 | 579.8 | 570.4 | 568.8 | 594. 1 | 614.7 | 652.4 | 686.3 | 707.8 |  |  |
| Refined petroleum products:Gasoline (incl. \& viation): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 2, 105. 3 | 177.7 | 175.6 | 190.2 | 185.2 | 167.0 | 180.8 | 170.4 | 174.3 | 181.4 | 192.7 | 196.6 | 186.1 |  |  |
|  | 2,028.2 2.4 | 2, 1.4 | 1.1 | 17.1 | 150. 1 | 185. 2 | 167.3 | 180.8 | 17.4 | 174.3 | 18.4 | 192.1 | 150.6 | 18.13 |  |  |
|  | 217.4 | 214.3 | 194.5 | 204.0 | 214.3 | 237.0 | 250.5 | 250.6 | 235.0 | 226.2 | 214.0 | 207.2 | 208.4 | 212.3 |  |  |
| Prices (excl. aviation): <br> Wholesale, ref. (Okla., group 3) .-. \$ per gal.Retail (regular grade, excl. taxes), 55 cities (1st of following mo.) $\qquad$ \$ per gal. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | . 116 | . 119 | . 118 | . 118 | . 130 | . 130 | . 125 | . 113 | . 110 | . 125 | . 120 | . 120 | . 120 | . 120 | . 118 | . 118 |
|  | . 239 | . 246 | . 237 | . 265 | . 256 | . 254 | . 241 | . 238 | . 234 | . 248 | . 254 | c. 268 | c. 264 | c. 266 | ${ }^{\text {c } . ~} 244$ | . 257 |
| A viation gasoline: |  | . 216 | . 23 | . 265 | , 250 | . 204 | . 241 | . 238 | . 234 | . 248 | . 204 | c. 268 | . 204 | . 280 | -. 24 | . 267 |
|  | 26.5 | 19.7 | 1.6 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.4 | 1.7 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.9 | 2.1 |  |  |
| Stocks | 1.7 | . 9 | . 1 | (1) | . 1 | . 1 | . 2 | . 1.1 | . 1 | . 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.5 | . 1 | . 2 |  |  |
|  | 6.2 | 5.1 | 4.6 | 5.0 | 5. 1 | 4.9 | 5.2 | 4.9 | 4.6 | 4.5 | 4.4 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 4.4 |  |  |
|  | 102.9 | 95.7 | 8.2 | 9.2 | 8.5 | 9.5 | 8.4 | 8.3 | 6.7 | 6.0 | 6.5 | 7.2 | 6.1 | 5.6 |  |  |
| Stocks, end of period.-...--.-.-. do | 26.8 | 27.8 | 31.0 | 31.5 | 27.8 | 23.9 | 19.7 | 19.2 | 19.5 | 21.6 | 23.6 | 26.4 | 28.0 | 27.8 |  |  |
| Price, wholesale, bulk lots (N.Y. Harbor) $\begin{aligned} & \$ \text { per gal... }\end{aligned}$ | . 111 | . 118 | . 122 | . 122 | . 119 | . 123 | . 123 | . 121 | . 127 | . 127 | 2.6 .127 | . 127 | . 127 | . 127 | . 127 | . 127 |

1 Levess than 50 thousrected.
'Series discontinued,
o Includes small amounts of "other hydrocarbons and hydrogen refinery input," n
shown soparately
shown soparately.
o Includes data not shown separately. \& Includes nonmarketable catalyst coke.

NOTE FOR MATERIAL HANDLING INDEX (p. S-34): $\dagger$ Revised series. Index (expanded to cover new orders reported by members of Hoist Mrs. Institute and Rack Mirs.
Institute) is based on composite figures representing $81 \%$ of that portion of the business Institute) is based on composite figures representing $81 \%$ of that portion of the busines are in the Apr. 1971 Survey. p. S-35.

| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

## PETROLEUM, COAL, AND PRODUCTS—Continued

| PETROLEUM AND PRODUCTS-Continued <br> Refined petroleum products-Continued Distillate fuel oil: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 848.4 | 897.1 | 76.7 | 75.3 | 80.5 | 80.9 | 72.3 | 78.0 | 76.7 | 75.1 | 76.8 | 77.8 | 77.9 | 71.3 |  |  |
|  | 50.9 | 53.9 | 4.0 | ${ }_{\text {(2) }}^{5.1}$ | 6.7 | 8.1 | 5.5 | 6.1 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 3.6 | 3.8 | 4.1 | 3.1 |  |  |
|  | 171.7 | 195.3 | 21.8 | 218.1 | 195. 3 | 158.7 | 128. 7 | 112.9 | 113.7 | 125. ${ }^{\text {8 }}$ | 145.8 | 172.4 | 197.0 | 210.1 |  |  |
| Price, wholesale (N.Y. Harbor, No. 2 fuel) \$ per gal. | 101 | . 108 | . 112 | . 112 | . 109 | . 113 | . 113 | . 111 | . 117 | . 117 | . 117 | . 117 | . 117 | . 117 | 117 | 117 |
| Residual fuel oil: | 265.9 | 257.5 | 20.0 | 22.2 | 28.9 | 31.3 | 27.1 | 26.5 | 22.2 | 19.0 | 20.0 | 20.0 | 19.2 | 19.7 |  |  |
|  | 461.6 | 557.8 | 42.9 | 41.8 | 49.0 | 53.8 | 42.6 | 62.5 | 45.3 | 51.4 | 47.3 | 39.8 | 42.9 | 41.1 |  |  |
|  | 16.9 | 19.8 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 2.6 | 5.5 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 1.4 | . 9 |  |  |
| Stocks, end of period.-.-..-.......... do | 58.4 | 54.0 | 57.1 | 58.8 | 54.0 | 53.9 | 48.9 | 49.4 | 50.6 | 55.4 | 58.7 | ${ }^{63.7}$ | 65.9 | 66.5 |  |  |
| Price, wholesale (Okla., No. 6)....---\$ per bbl.- | 1.48 | 2.25 | 2.60 | 2.60 | 2.60 | 2.60 | 2.35 | 2.35 | 2.35 | 2.35 | 2.35 | 2.35 | 2.35 | 2.35 | 2.35 | 2.35 |
| Jet fuel <br> Production mil. bbl |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production | 321.7 28.1 | 37.9 27.6 | 30.8 | 24.6 30.1 | 24.5 27.6 | 25.9 27.6 | 23.7 27.0 | 26.3 27.1 | 25.1 27.3 | 25.8 28.5 | 25.3 28.8 | 24.4 28.8 | 24.9 27.7 | 25.0 28.1 |  |  |
| Lubricants: <br> Production | 65.1 | 66.2 | 5.6 | 5.8 | 5.9 | 5.3 | 4.9 | 5.8 | 5.7 | 5.7 | 5.8 | 5.7 | 5.6 | 5.2 |  |  |
|  | 16.4 | 16.0 | 1.5 | 1.1 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.0 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 1.3 |  |  |
|  | 14.1 | 14.7 | 13.6 | 14.2 | 14.7 | 15.2 | 15.2 | 15.5 | 15.2 | 15.4 | 15.4 | 15.1 | 14.8 | 15.0 |  |  |
| Price, wholesale, bright stock (midcontinent, f.o.b., Tulsa).........................-.- per gal. | 270 | . 270 | . 270 | . 270 | . 270 | . 270 | . 270 | . 270 | . 270 | . 270 | . 270 | . 270 | . 270 | . 270 | . 270 | . 270 |
| Asphalt: <br> Production. $\qquad$ mil. bbl. | 135.7 | 146.7 | 15.0 | 12.3 | 10.1 | 8.2 | 7.7 | 10.1 | 12.1 | 14. 1 | 16.3 | 17.4 | 17.4 | 16.2 |  |  |
| Stocks, end of period.-...................do..-- | 16.8 | 15.8 | 11.1 | 13.2 | 15.8 | 19.7 | 22.7 | 25.5 | 27.7 | 28.3 | 25.2 | 23.8 | 20.2 | 18.1 |  |  |
| Liqueffed gases (incl. ethane and ethylene): Production, total mil. bbl.. | 502.0 | 525.6 | 44.1 | 44.2 | 46.2 | 45.3 | 42.4 | 46.5 | 45.0 |  | 45.3 |  | 47.1 |  |  |  |
| At gas processing plants (L.P.G.)......do.... | 378.5 | 399.6 | 34.0 | 34.1 | 35.7 | 34.9 | 32.4 | 35.1 | 34.0 | 34.9 | 33.9 | 34.8 | 35.3 | 34.3 |  |  |
| At refineries (L.R.G.)-.-...........-do | 123.5 | 126.0 | 10.1 | 10.1 | 10.5 | 10.4 | 10. 1 | 11.4 | 11.0 | 11.0 | 11.4 | 11.5 | 11.8 | 10.1 |  |  |
| Stocks (at plants and refineries) --...-..... do. | 59.6 | 67.0 | 79.8 | 74.6 | 67.0 | 54.7 | 48.0 | 51.0 | 60.3 | 72.9 | 83.9 | 95.1 | 104.0 | 108.1 |  |  |
| Asphalt and tar products, shipments: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 84,430 34,777 | 82,785 34,670 | 8,699 <br> 3,533 | 7,450 | 6,291 2,824 | 5,300 2,247 | 8,137 $\mathbf{3 , 2 4 8}$ | 6,426 <br> 2,653 <br> , | 6,314 2,354 | $\xrightarrow{8,102}$ | 8,790 3,091 | 8,296 | 8,988 | $\stackrel{\text { '9, }}{\text { 3,783 }}$ | $\mathbf{9 , 0 5 1}$ <br> $\mathbf{3 , 5 0 0}$ |  |
|  | 49, 723 | 48, 115 | 5,166 | 4,283 | 3,467 | 3, 052 | 4, 889 | 3,773 | 3,960 | 5, 427 | 5,700 | 5,254 | 5,580 | ${ }^{\text {r 5, }} 816$ | 5,551 |  |
| Asphalt siding.-..-..............-..........-do | 364 | 251 | 21 | 17 | 21 | 18 | 21 | 16 | 21 | 18 | 15 | 11 | 15 | 14 | 12 |  |
|  | 346 | 334 | 34 | 30 | ${ }^{24}$ | 21 | ${ }^{23}$ | 25 | 35 | 34 | 32 | 39 | ${ }^{35}$ | 32 | 36 |  |
| Saturated felts.----------........thous. sh. tons.-- | 920 | 836 | 78 | 68 | 68 | 57 | 81 | 73 | 69 | 77 | 81 | 78 | 76 | 80 | 80 |  |

## PULP, PAPER, AND PAPER PRODUCTS



| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

PULP, PAPER, AND PAPER PRODUCTS-Continued

| PAPER AND PAPER PRODUCTS-Con. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Selected types of paper (API): $\ddagger$ Groundwood paper, uncoated: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, new | 1,171 | 1,245 | 98 | 100 | 109 | 94 | 84 | 114 | 104 | 102 | 114 | 109 | 98 | 99 |  |  |
| Orders, unfilled, end of period. .-.......do. | 107 |  | 76 | 85 | 90 | 82 | 78 | 92 | 104 | 94 | 110 | 130 | 120 | 117 |  |  |
|  | 1,123 | 1,240 | 110 | 105 | 104 | 100 | 83 | 107 | 93 | 104 | 103 | 92 | 109 | 103 |  |  |
| Orders, new | 3,230 | 3,163 | 272 | 253 | 220 | 263 | 244 | 296 | 271 | 253 | 288 | 287 | 273 | 255 |  |  |
| Orders, unfilled, end of period............-do | 200 | 183 | 210 | 205 | 183 | 229 | 229 | 239 | 256 | 229 | 261 | 302 | 299 | 285 |  |  |
| Shipments ................................do | 3,313 | 3, 260 | 272 | 262 | 259 | 259 | 253 | 296 | 265 | 262 | 263 | 246 | 278 | 267 |  |  |
| Book paper, uncoated: <br> Orders, new . $\qquad$ | 2,515 | 2,396 | 211 | 195 | 184 | 219 | 214 | 267 | 230 | 218 | 217 | 212 | 216 | 211 |  |  |
| Shipments.....................................-do | 2,588 | 2,475 | 215 | 202 | 187 | 200 | 198 | 238 | 223 | 226 | 224 | 195 | 221 | 198 |  |  |
| Writing and related papers: Orders, new - ....................................... | 2,952 | $\stackrel{2}{2,767}$ | ${ }_{21}^{238}$ | ${ }_{218}^{216}$ | 224 | 221 | 228 | 259 | 247 | ${ }_{297}^{244}$ | ${ }_{2}^{241}$ | 240 | 255 | 221 |  |  |
| Shipments .-....-.-.-...-.-.-.-- do | 2.898 | 2,772 | 241 | 218 | 220 | 227 | 224 | 260 | 250 | 237 | 243 | 214 | 245 | 230 |  |  |
| Unbleached kraft packaging and industrial converting papers: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, new -...........................do.... | 3.922 | 3,700 | 322 | 310 | 290 | 319 | 302 | 357 | 304 | - 299 | 327 | 287 | 335 | 312 |  |  |
| Orders, unfilled, end of period. ..........do | 189 | 110 | 131 | 126 | 110 | 119 | 118 | 134 | 123 | 120 | 144 | 123 | 156 | 165 |  |  |
|  | 3, 866 3,602 | $\mathbf{3 , 7 3 9}$ $\mathbf{3 , 6 7 1}$ | 318 318 | 308 298 | 289 281 | 305 324 | 294 307 | 334 341 | 303 307 | 292 309 | 320 321 | 271 269 | 309 310 | 305 310 |  |  |
| Newsprint: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 8,758 8,741 | 8,607 8,592 | 760 800 | 766 802 | ${ }_{7}^{712}$ | 695 629 | 662 583 58 | 711 | 670 <br> 692 | 665 666 | 638 <br> 654 | 643 621 | 678 697 | 692 680 | 786 |  |
| Stocks at mills, end of period. .-.........-do-. - | ${ }^{8} 220$ | ${ }^{236}$ | 362 | 326 | $\stackrel{8}{236}$ | 303 | 382 | 410 | 388 | 387 | 371 | 394 | 375 | 387 | 413 |  |
| United States: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3,232 | 3, 310 | 292 | 283 | 267 | 294 | 266 | 289 | 270 | 285 | 277 | 252 | 279 | 254 | 289 |  |
| Shipments from mills --.---......... do...- | $\begin{array}{r}3,233 \\ \hline 27\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}3,303 \\ \hline 33\end{array}$ | 295 69 | 287 65 | 298 33 | 262 66 | 244 88 | 309 67 | $\begin{array}{r}257 \\ 80 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 265 100 | 273 103 | 259 96 | 277 98 | 267 85 | 280 94 |  |
| Consumption by publishers $\sigma^{\text {r }}$ - | 7,344 | 7,130 | 626 | 645 | 608 | 544 | 528 | 597 | 600 | 627 | 569 | 529 | 558 | 580 | 653 |  |
| Stocks at and in transit to publishers, end of period.........................-. - thous. sh. tons. | 699 | 749 | 717 | 682 | 749 | 745 | 731 | 753 | 741 | 672 | 687 | 672 | 699 | 685 | 682 |  |
| Imports _-........-........in-........ do | 6,790 | 6,635 | 565 | 554 | 700 | 537 | 440 | 570 | 617 | 570 | 040 | 501 | 547 | 608 |  |  |
| or delivered | 146.10 | 150.50 | 150.50 | 150.50 | 150. 50 | 153.70 | 153.70 | 153. 70 | 158.10 | 158. 10 | 158.10 | 158. 10 | 158.10 | 158. 10 | 158.10 | 158.10 |
| Paperboard (American Paper Institute): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, new (weekly avg.) ........thous. sh. tons Orders, unfilled | 479 939 | 349 742 | 490 748 | 492 729 | 349 742 | 454 644 | 515 719 | 518 <br> 758 <br> 8 | 523 801 801 | ${ }_{867}^{527}$ | 509 830 | 497 975 | 531 1,039 | 500 1,000 | 536 1,003 | 532 1,003 |
| Production, total (weekly avg.) | 507 | 489 | 497 | 501 | 442 | 488 | 506 | 514 | 515 | 513 | 514 | 467 | +522 | ${ }^{1} 501$ | ${ }^{5} 51$ | ${ }^{1} 521$ |
| Paper products: <br> Shipping containers, corrugated and solid fiber, shipments. .-.-............mil. sq. ft. surf. area. | 185,760 | 184,425 | 17,153 | 14,490 | 11,290 | 14.347 | 14, 211 | 14,283 | 14,466 | 18,668 | 16,924 | 15,467 | 15, 222 | 15, 538 | 20, 169 | 16, 297 |
| Folding paper boxes*...-...........thous. sh. tons. | $\begin{aligned} & 2,627.0 \\ & 1,229.0 \end{aligned}$ | $2,490.0$ $1,225.0$ | 227.0 112.5 | 190.1 94.4 | 206.8 101.8 | 196.8 99.1 | 191.0 96.7 | 208.7 107.0 | 197.5 100.8 | 193.9 99.7 | 206.4 105.8 | 185.9 95.0 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{l}159.5 \\ r \\ \text { r } 103.6\end{array}\right.$ | + <br> +104.2 <br> +107.3 | 205.9 107.6 |  |

RUBBER AND RUBBER PRODUCTS

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline RUBEER \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Natural rubher: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& a 598.27

106.49 \& 559.32 \& 46. 68
92.36 \& 93. ${ }^{\text {43. } 64}$ \& 102.60 \& 46.21
91.36 \& 48. 28
98 \& 54.43
102.65 \& 49. 74
98.59 \& $\begin{array}{r}\text { 49.68 } \\ 105 \\ \hline 1.88\end{array}$ \& 52.18
104.93 \& 43.45
121.96 \& + $\begin{array}{r}50.86 \\ +125.61\end{array}$ \& 53.64
131.03 \& \& <br>
\hline Imports, incl. latex and guayule - .-.........d. do-.... \& 585.28 \& 549.92 \& 46.74 \& 46.88 \& 48.90 \& 45. 23 \& 44. 67 \& 41.15 \& 42.77 \& 49.77 \& 74. 53 \& 47.62 \& 69.57 \& 54.25 \& 44.68 \& <br>
\hline Price, wholesale, smoked sheets (N.Y.). \$ per \& . 262 \& . 218 \& 183 \& 184 \& . 193 \& 184 \& . 180 \& . 183 \& . 194 \& . 200 \& . 178 \& . 166 \& . 181 \& . 179 \& . 176 \& 173 <br>
\hline Synthettic rubber: \& a2, 250.19 \& 197 \& \& 179.37 \& \& \& \& \& \& 196.59 \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& ${ }^{\text {a, } 2,024.06}$ \& 1,917.85 \& 163.88 \& 144.41 \& 149.58 \& 165. 24 \& 161.52 \& 185.45 \& ${ }^{181.78}$ \& ${ }^{171.72}$ \& ${ }_{181.97}^{182.09}$ \& 149.86 \& ${ }_{\cdot 174.00}$ \& ${ }_{183.34}^{187.01}$ \& \& <br>
\hline Stocks, end of period...-.........................do \& -441.03 \& 514.78 \& 488.29 \& 499.30 \& 514.78 \& 526.31 \& 517. 13 \& 497. 56 \& 491.19 \& 501.78 \& 487.79 \& 505.30 \& ${ }^{\text {r } 483.90}$ \& 459.09 \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 226.49 \& 1290.06 \& 24. 12 \& 24. 52 \& 26.21 \& 19.82 \& 23.29 \& 27.28 \& 24.41 \& 25.91 \& 20.78 \& 24.41 \& 29.41 \& 35.01 \& 14.22 \& <br>
\hline Reclaimed rubber: Production \& - 238. 92 \& 200.56 \& 16. 02 \& 15. 48 \& 18.40 \& 16.43 \& 17.04 \& 19.47 \& 17.88 \& 16. 64 \& \& \& 15. 30 \& \& \& <br>
\hline Consumption-...-.-.-..................................... \& - 231.77 \& 199.57 \& 17.27 \& 14.88 \& 16.10 \& 15. 79 \& 16. 40 \& 19.19 \& 17.19 \& 16. 39 \& 16.33 \& 12.78 \& 16. 20 \& 16. 49 \& \& <br>
\hline Stocks, end of period.-............................do \& 29.27 \& 27.58 \& 24. 52 \& 24.90 \& 27.58 \& 25.87 \& 26.53 \& 26.57 \& 27.12 \& 26.17 \& ${ }_{25.71}$ \& 26.31 \& + 25.44 \& 23.43 \& \& <br>
\hline TIRES AND TUBES \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Pneumatic casings, automotive: Production. thous. \& 207, 826 \& 190, 403 \& 15,938 \& 14, 560 \& 15, 079 \& 16,557 \& 17,429 \& 19,435 \& 17,752 \& 17,775 \& 18,643 \& 15,739 \& 17,351 \& 18,889 \& \& <br>
\hline Shipments, total_-........-.-.............- do. \& 204, 835 \& 194, 541 \& 15,740 \& 12, 333 \& 13, 160 \& 14, 181 \& 14, 184 \& 18, 371 \& 21,362 \& 19, 012 \& 21, 546 \& 16, 355 \& 17,478 \& 20,280 \& \& <br>
\hline  \& $\begin{array}{r}\text { 55, } 632 \\ 146,785 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 46, 135 \& 2,995 \& ${ }^{2,527}$ \& 4,046 \& 4, 734
9,297 \& 4, 8189 \& 5,445 \& 4,840 \& -4,931 \& 4,993 \& 2, 649 \& 4, 047 \& 5,138 \& \& <br>
\hline Replacement equipment............................................................................. \& 146,785

2,419 \& $$
\begin{array}{r}
146,508 \\
1,898
\end{array}
$$ \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
12,576 \\
169
\end{array}
$$
\] \& $\begin{array}{r}9,624 \\ 182 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& $\begin{array}{r}8,964 \\ \hline 150\end{array}$ \& 9,297

150 \& 9, 132 \& $$
\begin{array}{r}
12,674 \\
252
\end{array}
$$ \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
16,329 \\
193
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
13,889 \\
192
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
16,388 \\
164
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
13,552 \\
154
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
13,248 \\
183
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{|c}
15,008 \\
133
\end{array}
$$
\] \& \& <br>

\hline Stocks, end of period............---.-.-.- do \& 49, 152 \& 50,175 \& 45, 586 \& 48, 111 \& 50, 175 \& 52, 561 \& 56,093 \& 57, 280 \& 54,089 \& 53, 121 \& 50, 546 \& 50, 189 \& 50,231 \& 49,245 \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 2,364 \& 1, 531 \& 178 \& 145 \& 97 \& 93 \& 95 \& ${ }^{283}$ \& 167 \& 161 \& 139 \& 103 \& 113 \& 122 \& 108 \& <br>
\hline Inner tubes, automotive: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 41, 657 \& 35,687 \& 3,463 \& 2, 862 \& 2,758 \& 3,055 \& 3,097 \& 3, 375 \& 2,941 \& 2,945 \& 2,801 \& 2,523 \& 2,792 \& 3,210 \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 44, 81.190 \& 141,005

9,718 \& | 3, |
| :--- |
| 9,137 |
| 18 | \& $\stackrel{\mathbf{2 , 6 4 7}}{\mathbf{9 , 7 0 4}}$ \& $\xrightarrow{\mathbf{2 , 9 8 8}} \mathbf{9}$ \& 3,458

$\mathbf{9 , 4 4 7}$ \& 3, 180
9,626 \& 3,427
9,736 \& 3,270
9,683 \& 3,275
9,576 \& 3,760
8,872 \& 3,317
8,477 \& - ${ }^{3,278}$ \& 3,746
8,003 \& \& <br>
\hline Exports (Bu. of Census) .-..................-do.... \& 1,098 \& 1,002 \& ${ }^{\text {, }} 115$ \& ${ }^{1} 109$ \& ${ }^{2} 46$ \& ${ }^{2} 130$ \& ${ }^{\text {2, }} 46$ \& $\bigcirc 85$ \& ${ }^{1} 124$ \& ${ }^{2} 72$ \& 86

88 \& | 8,47 |
| :---: | \& $\begin{array}{r}8,242 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \&  \& 59 \& <br>

\hline
\end{tabular}

[^25]\$Monthly data are averages for the 4 -week period ending on Saturday nearest the end of the month; annual data are as of Dec. 31 .
*New series. Monthly data are available back to 1955

- Revisions for Jan.- May 1969 will be shown later.

| Unlese otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and deacriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 1970 | 1970 |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

## STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS



TEXTILE PRODUCTS

| WOVEN FABRICS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Woven fabries (gray goods), weaving mills: $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production, total ¢ .................mil. linear yd.- | 12,907 | 11,545 | 915 | 902 | 2989 | 910 | 910 | 21,119 | 870 | 885 | ${ }^{2} 1,073$ | 657 | 「848 | 21,062 |  |  |
|  | 7,159 | 6,395 | 516 | 520 | ${ }^{2} 581$ | 531 | 532 | 2646 | 490 | 499 | 2,598 | 353 | 474 | 2598 |  |  |
|  | 5,546 | 4,991 | 390 | 374 | ${ }^{2} 399$ | 369 | 368 | 2462 | 370 | 376 | ${ }^{2} 465$ | 297 | ${ }^{+} 367$ | 2457 |  |  |
| Stocks, total, end of period \% ${ }^{\text {o }}$........... do | 1,404 | 1,471 | 1,437 | 1,434 | 1,471 | 1,443 | 1,443 | 1,356 | 1,346 | 1,288 | 1,301 | 1,233 | - 1, 208 | 1,200 |  |  |
| Cotton...-...............-....-........- do | 659 | 592 | 584 | - 579 | - 592 | - 591 | ${ }^{611}$ | - 347 | 1,571 | 1, 539 | 1,349 | 1, 507 | -1,217 | 1, 521 |  |  |
|  | 730 | 867 | 839 | 842 | 867 | 837 | 818 | 795 | 760 | 736 | 740 | 714 | +679 | 667 |  |  |
| Orders, unflled, total, end of period 9 T...do | 2,779 | 2,434 | 2, 425 | 2,502 | 2,434 | 2,431 | 2,486 | 2,642 | 2,711 | 2,768 | 2,703 | 2,701 | r 2,599 | 2,428 |  |  |
|  | 1,535 | 1,525 | 1,481 | 1,543 | 1,525 | 1,552 | 1,567 | 1,640 | 1, 638 | 1,686 | 1,617 | 1,596 | 1,507 | 1,395 |  |  |
|  | 1,165 | 866 | 901 | , 919 | 866 | 844 | 881 | ,964 | 1, 036 | 1,046 | 1,055 | 1,078 | -1,068 | 1,009 |  |  |
| COTTON |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cotton (excluding linters): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ginnings $\triangle$ $\qquad$ thous. running bales. . Crop estimate, 480 -pound bales, net weight | 9,937 | 10,112 | 4,163 | 8,830 | 39,786 | 410,037 |  | ${ }^{3} 10,112$ |  |  |  | 127 | 365 | 880 | 4,605 | 7,916 |
| thons. bales. | 9,990 | 10, 166 |  |  |  |  |  | s 10,166 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{0} 10,557$ |
| Consumption. $\therefore$ $\qquad$ do...Stocks in the United States, total, end of period | 8,294 | 7,878 | 632 | 641 | 2722 | 644 | 665 | 2815 | 637 | 646 | ${ }^{2} 797$ | 515 | 637 | 72771 | 627 |  |
| domestic cotton total bsles.. | 12,265 | 11,900 | 13,949 | 12,732 | 11,900 | 10,724 | 9, 411 | 8,049 | 6,955 | 5,992 | 4,896 | 4,252 | 14,276 | - 13,165 | 12, 176 |  |
|  | 12,248 | 11,886 | 13,931 7 | 12,719 | 11, 888 | 10,708 | 9,394 | 8,031 | 6,940 | 5,975 | 4,880 | 4,236 | 14, 261 | + 13,144 | 12, 160 |  |
| On farms and in transit. $\qquad$ do <br> Public storage and compresses | 1,323 | 1,482 | 7,545 | 2,845 | 1, 482 | 1,285 | 1,008 | , 778 | 669 | ${ }^{541}$ | +451 | + 400 | 11,052 | 10,403 | 7,123 |  |
| Public storage and compresses. $\qquad$ do. $\qquad$ Consuming establishments. do. $\qquad$ | 9, 653 1,272 | 9,257 1,147 | 5,474 912 | 8,874 1,000 | -9,257 | 8,126 | 6,890 | 5,577 | 4, 606 | 3,672 | 2,700 | 2,206 | 1,707 | $\begin{aligned} 5,488 \end{aligned}$ | 3,965 |  |
| Foreign cotton, total..........................- do....-. ${ }_{\text {do }}$ | 1,272 | 1,147 14 | 912 18 | 1,000 13 | 1,147 14 | 1,297 16 | 1,496 <br> 17 | 1,677 18 | 1,764 15 | 1,762 17 | 1,730 16 | 1,630 15 | 1,502 15 | 1,253 $\cdot 121$ | 1,072 16 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | orstocks (owned by weaving mills and billed and held for others) exclude bedsheeting toweling, and blanketing, and billed and held stocks of denims. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| cover 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks. ${ }_{3}$ Ginnings to Dec. 13 . Ginnings to Jan. 16. <br> ${ }^{5}$ Crop for the year $1970 .{ }^{6}$ Dec. 1 est. 1971 crop. Includes data not shown separately. <br> toweling, and blanketing, and billed and held stocks of denims. <br> $\ddagger$ Effective Aug. 1969 SURvey, data (1954-Apr. 1969) reflect adjustments to new bench- <br> IUnfilled orders cover wool apparel (including polyester-wool) finished fabrics; production marts; see Bureau of Census reports: Woven Fabrics (1964-68), Series M22A-Supplement and stocks exclude figures for such finished fabrics. Orders also exclude bedsheeting, toweling, and (Jan.-Apr. 1909), M22A (69) 1-4 Supplement. © Corrected. and blanketing. <br> $\Delta$ Total ginnings to end of month indicated, except as noted. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

TEXTILE PRODUCTS—Continued


| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below，data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 ｜ 1970 | 1970 |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual | Oct． | Nov． | Dec． | Jan． | Fek． | Mar． | Apr． | May | June | July | Aug． | Sept． | Oct． | Nov． |

TEXTILE PRODUCTS－Continued

| APPAREL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hosiery，shipments $\dagger$ $\qquad$ thous．doz．pairs | 248， 602 | 231，795 | 20，442 | 17，533 | 15，004 | 16，042 | 15， 402 | 17，595 | 16， 720 | 16， 975 | 20，684 | －18，750 | r 18，643 | 18，750 | 19，690 |  |
| Tallored garments： |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Suits ．．．－．．．－．－．－．．．．．．．．．．－thous units | 21，091 | 16，058 | 1，310 | 1，164 | 1，080 | 1，169 | 1，089 | 1，317 | 1，317 | 1，264 | 1，067 | 672 | 11，188 | 1，135 |  |  |
| Coats（separate），dress and sport ．．．．．．．．do．． | 14， 353 | 10， 910 | 937 | 862 | 755 | 804 | 740 | 898 |  | 996 | 974 | 656 | －1，023 | 1，086 |  |  |
| Tronsers（separate），dress and sport $\ldots$ ．－．．．do ．．．．． | 169,542 21,125 | 177,209 20,438 | 15,768 1,994 | 13,974 1,636 | 13,196 1,431 | 14,345 1,490 | 14,644 1,557 | $\underset{1}{17,689}$ | 16,188 1,776 | 15， 1868 | 15,209 1,785 | 13,463 1,274 | +15.080 $+1,618$ | 14，634 |  |  |
| Women＇s，misses＇，juniors＇apparel，cuttings：$\dagger$ in |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 21，664 | 17，153 | 1，664 |  | 1，139 | 1，195 | 1， 274 | －1，218 | 1，140 | 1，145 |  | 1，475 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 266,856 14,425 | 236， 258 13,582 | 19,154 1,072 | $\begin{array}{r}16,777 \\ \hline 910\end{array}$ | 16，251 | 19，029 1,011 | 1,2034 1,113 | 23， $\begin{array}{r}1,385 \\ 1,311\end{array}$ | 24，128 1,205 | 19,534 1,056 | 10,739 1,045 | 17,737 951 | r $+19,405$ $r 988$ | 19，654 1 1,031 |  |  |
|  | 8，443 | 6， 398 | 457 | 332 | 323 | 376 | 430 | 466 | 389 | 404 | 539 | 464 | r 481 | 535 |  |  |

## TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT



## RAILROAD EQUIPMENT

Freight cars（all railroads and private car lines）： Shipmentso ${ }^{\text {Equipment manufacturers }}$ ．－．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． New orders $0^{\text {h }}$－．．．．．．．－．－．－．－．
Equipment manufacturers． Unflled orders，end of period Equipment manufacturers．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do Freight cars（revenue），class 1 railroads（AAR）：－ Numper owned，end of period．
Held for repairs，\％of total owned
Capacity（carrying），aggregate，end of period
Average per car
mil．tons．

|  | 寧 |  |  |  | 些萣 |  |  |  | N | ＋ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 气－ | $\cdots$ | $\stackrel{\square}{\square}$ | $0^{\circ}$ |  |  |  |  | 50 |  |  |  |  |


|  |
| ---: |
|  |
| 21,1 |
| 15,1 |
| 19,01 |
| 24,7 |
| 16,4 |
| 24,7 |
| 12,8 |
| 13,2 |
| 2,4 |
| 4,5 |
| 2,7 |
|  |
| 3,605 |
| 59,4 |
| 1,527 |
|  |
|  |
| 8,239 |
| 7,753 |
| 6,546 |
| 6,187 |
| 1,692 |
| 1,565 |
|  |
| 8,4 |
| 7,1 |
| 1,2 |
| $-\cdots$ |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 169,028 | 165,958 | 4,675 | 4,569 | 4,905 | 3 |
| 154,112 | 152,184 | 3,787 | 3,573 | 4,096 | 3 |
| 184,245 | 150,148 | 3,053 | 8,164 | 9,031 | 3 |
| 165,301 | 142,385 | 2,516 | 8,026 | 5,832 | 2 |
| 46,751 | 27,558 | 20,049 | 23,644 | 27,558 | 26 |
| $\mathbf{3 5 , 5 0 8}$ | 22,326 | 16,349 | 20,802 | 22,326 | 21 |
| 1,438 | 1,423 | 1,427 | 1,424 | 1,423 | 1, |
| 5.6 | 5.7 | 5.9 | 5.7 | 5.7 |  |
| 94.37 | 95.64 | 95.62 | 95.27 | 95.64 | 9 |



|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 5， 171 |  |  | ＇4， 153 |  |  | 6，510 |  |  |
|  |  | 3， 466 4,629 |  |  | r 2,677 $\times 3,640$ |  |  | 4，782 |  |  |
|  |  | 5，424 |  |  | r 6， 154 |  |  | 4， 793 |  |  |
|  |  | 3，479 |  |  | r 4， 024 |  |  | 3，254 |  |  |
|  |  | 24，489 |  |  | r 22，458 |  |  | 23，900 |  |  |
|  |  | 12，972 |  |  | r 11,581 |  |  | 13， 021 |  |  |
|  |  | 12，926 |  |  | －11，419 |  |  | 12， 299 |  |  |
|  |  | 2，447 |  |  | ＇2，185 |  |  | 2，327 |  |  |
|  |  | 4，335 |  |  | －3，971 |  |  | 4，414 |  |  |
|  |  | 2，575 |  |  | ＋2， 658 |  |  | 2， 784 |  |  |
| 165.0 | 274.7 | 389.8 | 243.9 | 418.6 | 306.9 | 154．9 | 119.1 | 「 195.0 | 211.1 |  |
| 2，950 | 4，462 | 6，333 | 4，414 | 6，968 | 4，431 | 2， 299 | 2，125 | r 2， 847 | 3，479 |  |
| 101.7 | 209.3 | 313.4 | 207.6 | 253.6 | 105.0 | 72.8 | 108.4 | 122.8 | 126.3 |  |
| 860.6 | 921.9 | 1，057． 4 | 921.6 | 930.8 | 1，008． 2 | 608.6 | 639.9 | 951.1 | 988.3 | 2964.9 |
| 817.9 | 872.2 | 992.4 | 863.0 | 867.9 | 945.9 | 577.2 | 602.1 | 892.3 | 943.1 |  |
| 710.7 | 757.8 | 865.2 | 750.4 | 767.3 | 809.8 | 490.5 | 484.8 | 757.8 | 793.5 | 2772.4 |
| 678.1 | 719.0 | 815.9 | 703.6 | 716.7 | 761.3 | 468.9 | 457.6 | 712.0 | 758.6 |  |
| 149.9 | 164.2 | 192.2 | 171.2 | 163.4 | 198.4 | 118.1 | 155.1 | 193.3 | 194.8 | 2192.5 |
| 139.8 | 153.2 | 176.5 | 159.4 | 151.2 | 184.6 | 108.3 | 144.5 | 180.2 | 184.5 |  |
| 694 | 748 | 897 | 884 | 890 | 955 | 817 | 725 | 884 | 1，051 | 962 |
| 586 | 637 | 756 | 737 | 748 | 798 | 668 | 566 | 756 | 934 | 848 |
| 108 | 112 | 141 | 148 | 142 | 158 | 149 | 159 | 129 | 116 | 114 |
| 9.9 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 9.8 | 9.7 | 9.8 | 10． 1 | 12.2 | 11.3 | 10.9 |
| 8.4 | 8.5 | 8.5 | 8.3 | 8.2 | 8.1 | 8.1 | 8.3 | 10.8 | 10.0 | 9． 4 |
| 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 17 | 1.9 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.5 |
| 1，381 | 1，528 | 1，683 | 1，707 | 1，753 | 1，799 | 1，582 | 1，569 | 1，591 | ${ }^{+}$1，481 | 1，446 |
| 1，296 | 1，401 | 1，530 | 1，557 | 1，579 | 1，609 | 1，580 | 1， 681 | 1，691 | 1，660 | 1，595 |
| 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.0 |
| 21． 75 | 31.30 | 41.52 | 35． 12 | 48.62 | 40.75 | 21.27 | 19.97 | 37.95 | 29.73 |  |
| 18.81 | 26.42 | 37.14 | 31.58 | 46.07 | 38.47 | 19.48 | 18.74 | 32.86 | 27.02 |  |
| ${ }^{6} 6.44$ | 7． 39 | 10．76 | 9.42 | 9.34 | 9.34 | 6． 96 | 6.67 | 9.98 | 7． 71 |  |
| 198.87 | 204.51 | 233.92 | 222.70 | 230.00 | 242.53 | 183.42 | 205.45 | 227． 04 | 194.65 |  |
| 47.20 | 70.17 | 81． 09 | 69.01 | 77.64 | 84.73 | 37.34 | 49.64 | 67． 63 | 72.35 |  |
| 10.51 | 11． 63 | 12.77 | 10.38 | 10.38 | 12.07 | 8.83 | 7.83 | 13.32 | 16.18 |  |
| 6，610 | 7，271 | 7，852 | 8，347 | 7，467 | 8，672 | 8，505 | 8， 469 | 「 9，620 | 10， 553 |  |
| 4， 187 | 4，256 | 4，748 | 4，897 | 4，415 | 5，244 | 5， 260 | 5，367 | －6，353 | 7， 284 |  |
| 985 | 1，110 | 1，523 | 1，192 | 1，240 | 1，122 | 1， 723 | 2，576 | F 1，844 | 1， 483 |  |
| ＇588．3 | 5618.3 | 5820.3 | ${ }^{3} 833.5$ | 4838.7 | 4897.0 | 4806.0 | 4780.6 | 4791.0 | 4922.3 |  |
| 598.5 | 592.6 | S 130.0 | 3125.1 | 4126.7 | ${ }^{4} 138.6$ | $+130.4$ | 4140.2 | ${ }^{4} 128.6$ | 4115.9 |  |
| ${ }^{3} 108.4$ | ${ }^{5} 115.2$ | －158．2 | ${ }^{3} 168.4$ | －171．5 | 4178.1 | ＋177．6 | ${ }^{4} 166.7$ | －153．9 | 4183.4 |  |
| 3，725 | 4，629 | 5，026 | 5，497 | 5，252 | 5，401 | 3，305 | 3，329 | 4，701 | 4，865 |  |
| 3，183 | 4， 059 | 4， 262 | 4，431 | 4，381 | 4，205 | 2，696 | 2，852 | 4，144 | 4，569 |  |
| 3，152 | 3， 042 | 5，304 | 4，107 | 6， 670 | 8，521 | 3， 807 | 1，211 | 1， 534 | 7，473 |  |
| 2，932 | 2，792 | 3，885 | 3，782 | 6，570 | 6，321 | 3，652 | 1，211 | 1，534 | 6，873 |  |
| 26，903 | 25，015 | 25， 193 | 23，563 | 24，944 | 27，977 | 28，547 | 26，429 | 23， 113 | 25，863 |  |
| 21，993 | 20， 425 | 19，948 | 19，059 | 21， 227 | 23，256 | 24， 280 | 22，639 | 19， 880 | 22， 426 |  |
| 1，423 | 1，431 | 1，430 | 1，431 | 1，431 | 1，431 | 1，430 | 1，428 | 1，427 | 1，426 |  |
| 5．7 | 5.7 | 5.6 | 5.6 | 5.5 | 5.5 | 5.4 | 5． 7 | 5.7 | 5.6 |  |
| 95.73 | 96.08 | 96． 38 | 96.70 | 96.82 | 96． 95 | 96． 96 | 96.92 | 97.00 | 97.15 |  |
| 67.29 | 68.45 | 67.37 | 67.55 | 67.66 | 67.76 | 67.82 | 67.91 | 67.98 | 68.13 |  |

$\Delta$ Domestics include U．S．－type cars produced in the United States and Canada；impor cover foreign－type cars and captive imports，and exclude domestics produced in Canada． $\sigma^{\text {tamer．Railway Car Inst．and Assn．of Amer．Railroads，data cover new cars for domestic }}$ sers；backlog not adjusted for cancellations．
or Total includes backlog for nonrelated products and services and basic research．
$\oplus$ Data include military－type planes shipped to foreign governments．
\＆Excludes railroad－owned private refrigerator cars and private line cars．

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| :---: | :---: |
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| Railroads |  |
| Railways |  |
| Rayon a |  |
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First-Class Mail

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| National Income and Product |  |  |  |  |  | Manufacturing and Trade Salea, Inventories, and Orders-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross national product, total (bil. \$)...-- | 749.9 | 793.9 | 865.0 | 931.4 | 976.5 | Manufacturers' orders (bil. \$): |  |  |  |  |  |
| Personal consumption expenditures | 466.3 | 492.1 | 535.8 | 577.5 | 616.7 | New (net), total... - | 551.2 | 551.1 | 608.0 | 659.2 | 659.4 |
| Gross private domestic investment | 121.4 | 116.6 | 126.5 | 139.8 | 135.7 | Durable goods industries | 308.5 | 302.3 | 335.3 | 367.5 | 354. 3 |
| Net exports of goods and services. | 5. 3 | 5.2 | 2.5 | 1.9 | 3.6 | Nondurable goods industries. | 242.7 | 248.9 | 272.7 | 291.7 | 305. 2 |
| Govt. purchases of goods and services.. | 156.8 | 180.1 | 200.2 | 212.2 | 220.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross natl. prod., total (bil. 1958 | 658.1 | 675.2 | 707.2 | 727.1 | 724.1 | Unfilled, end of year, unadjusted. | 79.9 | 82.5 | 85.9 | 88.4 | 81.7 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Durable goods industries. | 76.9 | 79.5 | 82.9 | 85.4 | 78.5 |
| National income (bil. \$). | 620.6 | 653.6 | 712.7 | 769.5 | 800.8 | Nondurable goods industries. | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.1 |
| Personal Income |  |  |  |  |  | Prices |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total (bil. \$) | 587.2 | 629.3 | 688.7 | 748.9 | 801.0 | Consumer prices, all items (1957-59 = 100). | 113.1 | 116.3 | 121.2 | 127.7 | 135.3 |
| Wage and salary disbursements, total.. | 394.5 | 423.1 | 464.8 | 509.0 | 540.1 | Wholesale prices $(1967=100)$ | 99.8 | 100.0 | 102.5 | 106. 5 | 110.4 |
| Other labor income. | 20.7 | 22.3 | 24.9 | 27.6 | 30.4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Proprietors' income | 61.3 | 62.1 | 64.1 | 66.8 | 467. 6 | Production |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rental income of persons | 20.0 | 21.1 | 21.3 | 22.0 | 22.7 | Industrial prod total (1957- | 156.3 | 158.1 | 165.5 | 172.8 | 168 |
| Dividends | 20.8 | 21.4 | 23.3 | 24.7 | 25.2 | Manufacturing | 158.6 | 159.7 | 166.9 | 173.9 | 167 |
| Personal interest in | 43.6 | 48.0 | 54.0 | 59.7 | 65.2 | Durable manufactures | 164.8 | 163.7 | 169.8 | 176.5 | 165 |
| Transfer payments. | 4.1 | 51.8 | 59.0 | 65.1 | 77.6 | Nondurable manufactures | 150.8 | 154.6 | 163. 3 | 170.6 | 170 |
| Less personal contributions social insur. | 17.7 | 20.5 | 22.8 | 26.0 | 27.8 | Mining | 120.5 | 123.8 | 126. 6 | 130.2 | 136 |
| Total nonagricultural income ( | 566.3 | 609.4 | 668.2 | 726.7 | 778.6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Construction |  |  |  |  |  |
| Plant and Equipment Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  | New construction, total (bil. \$) | 75.1 | 76. | 84.7 | 90.9 | . 8 |
| All industries, total | 63.51 | 65.47 | 67.76 | 75.56 | 80.58 | Private, total. | 51.1 | 50.6 | 57.0 | 62.8 | 62.8 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Residential (nonfarm) | 24.0 | 23.7 | 28.8 | 30.6 | 29.0 |
| Manufacturing | 28.20 | 28.51 | 28.37 | 31. 68 | 32. 26 | Public, total | 24.0 | 25.6 | 27.7 | 28.1 | 28.1 |
| Durahle goods industri | 14. 06 | 14.06 | 14.12 | 15. 96 | 15.91 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nondurable goods industries | 14.14 | 14.45 | 14.25 | 15.72 | 16.36 | Civilian Labor Force |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nonmanufacturing | 35.32 | 36. | 39. 40 | 43.88 | 48.31 | Total, persons 16 years of age and over, |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mining | 1. 62 | 1.65 | 1.63 | 1.86 | 1.86 | monthly average (mil.) | 75.8 | 77.3 | 78.7 |  | 82.7 |
| Railroad | 2.37 | 1.86 | 1.45 | 1. 86 | 1. 83 | Employed | 72.9 | 74.4 | 75.9 | 77.9 | 78.6 |
| Air transportation. | 1. 74 | 2.29 | 2.56 | 2.51 | 2.94 | Unemployed | 2.9 | 3.0 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 4.1 |
| Other transportation | 1.64 | 1.48 | 1.59 | 1.68 | 1.24 | Percent of civilian labor | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 4.9 |
| Public utilities. | 7.43 | 8.74 | 10. 20 | 11.61 | 13.33 | Employment, Hours, Earnings |  |  |  |  |  |
| Electric. | 5.38 | ${ }^{6.75}$ | 7.66 | 8.94 | 10.85 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Communication | 2. 05 | 2.00 | 2. 54 | 2.67 | 2. ${ }^{10} 24$ | Employees on payrolls (nonagricultur | 64.0 | 65.9 | 67.9 | 3 | . 7 |
| Commercial and other. | 14.48 | 14.59 | 15.14 | 16. 05 | 16.86 | Production workers on manufactur |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | payrolls, mo. avg. (mil.) | 14.3 | 14.3 | 14.5 | 14.8 | 14.1. |
| Manufacturing and Trade Sales, Inventories, and Orders |  |  |  |  |  | Hours, gross avg. weekly per worker... Earnings, gross (dol. per hour per | 41.3 | 40.6 | 40.7 | 40.6 | 39.8 |
| Sales, total (bil |  |  |  | 1.245. |  | worker) | 2.72 | 2.83 | 3.01 | 3.19 | 3.36 |
|  | . 2 | 1,06.5 | 1,103.9 | , 24.1 | 1,27.2 | Finance |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing total. | 538.5 | 548.5 | 604.6 | 656.7 | 666.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Durable goods industries | 295.6 | 299.7 | ${ }^{331.8}$ | 365.0 | 361.2 | Consumer credit (short- and intermedi- |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nondurable goods indust | 342.9 | 248.9 | 272.8 339 | ${ }_{351 .}^{291 .}$ | 305.0 <br> 364 | ate-term), outstanding, end of year: | 5 | 102.1 | 113.2 | 122. 5 | 126.8 |
| Durable goods store | 98.3 | 100.2 | 110.2 | 112.8 | 109.6 | Installment. | 77.5 | 80.9 | 89.9 | 98.2 | 101.2 |
| Nondurable goods stores. | 205.7 | 213.6 | 229.1 | 238.9 | 254.8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Merchant wholesalers, total | 203.8 | 205.2 | 219.9 | 236.7 | 246.6 | Federal finance (bil. \$): ${ }^{\text {¢ }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Durable goods establishments. | 91.0 | 90.4 | 100.0 | 109.6 | 111.7 | Budget receipts and expenditures: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nondurable goods establishments.... | 112.7 | 114.7 | 118.9 | 127.1 | 134.8 | Receipts, net | $\begin{aligned} & 130.9 \\ & 134.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 149.6 \\ & 158.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 153.7 \\ & 178.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 187.8 \\ & 184.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 193.7 \\ 196.6 \end{array}$ |
| Inventories, book value, end of year, unadjusted, total (bil. \$) | 135.4 | 142.1 | 151.3 | 163.4 | 169.4 | Money supply, etc. (avg. of daily fig.) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing, total. | 77.9 | 82.6 | 88.2 | 95.5 | 99.2 | Money supply, total.... | 171.0 | 177:8 | 190.4 | 201.5 | 210.0 |
| Durable goods industri | 49.5 | 53.2 | 57.0 | 63.1 | 65.2 | Currency outside ban | 37.5 | 39.4 | 42.3 | 44.8 | 47.7 |
| Nondurable goods indust | 28.4 | 29.3 | 31.2 | 32.4 | 34.0 | Demand deposits. | 133.6 | 138.4 | 148.5 | 157.0 | 162.3 |
| Retail trade, total | 37.0 | 38.0 | 40.6 | 43.5 | 43.5 | Time deposits adjusted (bil. \$) | 154.0 | 173.7 | 192.6 | 198.8 | 208.4 |
| Durable goods stores. | 16.8 | 16.8 | 18.4 | 19.5 | 18.4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nondurable goods sto | ${ }^{20.3}$ | 21.2 | 22.2 22 | 24.0 | 25.2 26.7 | Foreign Trade |  |  |  |  |  |
| Durable goods establishments. | 11.8 | 12.3 | 13.2 | 14.4 | 15.4 | Exports, incl. reexports (bil. \$) | 30.3 | 31.5 | 34.6 | 38.0 | 43.2 |
| Nondurable goods establishments...-- | 8.7 | 9.2 | 9.2 | 10.0 | 11.3 | General imports (bil. \$) ............. | 25.5 | 26.8 | 33.2 | 36.0 | 40.0 |


[^0]:    1. Excludes gross product originating in the rest of the world.
[^1]:    1. The expectation figures have been adjusted for systematic blases in survey responses (footnote 2, table 5). Before adjustment, 1971 expenditures were expected to be $\$ 80.57$ billion for all industries, $\$ 30.05$ billion for manufacturing and $\$ 50.52$ billion for nonmanufacturing. The adjustments were applied separately to each major industry; their net effect was to raise the manufacturing total by $\$ 0.16$ billion and the nonmanufacturing total by $\$ 0.74$ billion.
[^2]:    1. Includes industries not shown separately.

    Sources: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, and the Securities and Exchange Commission.

[^3]:    ${ }^{r}$ Revised.

    1. Starts are estimated by adding changes in carryover to expenditures during the given
    2. Carryover refers to expenditures yet to be incurred on plant and equipment projects already underway at end of period.
    3. Includes data not shown separately.
[^4]:    1. Jean Crockett, Irwin Friend, and Henry Shavell, "The Impact of Monetary Stringency on Business Investment," Survey of Current Business, August 1967, pp. 10-27.
[^5]:    *Mr. Shavell is Acting Chief of OBE's Business Outlook Division. Mr. Woodward is Chief, Branch of Financial Reports, of the Securities and Exchange Commission's Office of Policy Research.

[^6]:    2. Railroads and trucking companies classified as Class I by the Interstate Commerce Commission were surveyed, as were airlines. Other transportation companies were not surveyed.
    3. See later discussion concerning possible nonreporting biasis.
[^7]:    4. Section I of both questionnaires dealt with the factors responsible for appreciable differences between actual and expected capital outlays in the preseding year. The two questionnaires had virtually identical formats for section I, except that the 1971 questionnaire (1) added "pollution control" as an explicit facter and (2) separated "working capital requirements" into "cash balances" and "other."
[^8]:    5. See earlier discussion on the differences between financial conditions in 1969-70 and in 1966 .
[^9]:    6. It was assumed that the mean for each percentage interval was at its midpoint. For the 50 percent or more class, the mean was assumed to be 75 percent.
    7. This methodology is identical to that used in the 1967 survey. Another set of estimates was made from the new survey data, using for each asset-size class a weighting procedure: Step 1 above was carried out by applying the midpoint of each percentage interval to the capital outlays of the affected sample companies reporting reductions in that interval. The resulting dollar estimates of reduction were then expressed as a percent of total capital outlays by all sample firms, and the remainder of the methodology was the same as steps 2 through 5 above. The resulting estimates are close to those presented in this article and do not appreciably alter any of the findings.
[^10]:    1. In addition to the firms shown by asset size, includes financial institutions as well as a
    small number of nonfinancial firms for which asset-size information was not available.
    2. Question numbers refer to questionnaire.
    3. Some firms indicated more than one quarter.
    4. Firms replying "yes" to question 5 a but not answering question 7.
    5. Firms replying "yes", to question $5 a$ but not answering question 13.
    6. Computed from the frequency distributions in lines $6 \mathrm{a}-6 \mathrm{e}$, using the midpoint of closed end intervals and a value of 75 percent for the open-end interval.
[^11]:    9. While the survey information did not permit direct quantification of the indicated increases in 1971 capital spending programs by the 169 firms shown in line 4 of table 5 in the same manner as that used to quantify reductions, it was possible to make a rough calculation of the dollar amount involved. About one-half of the 169 firms indicated in question 13 that they intended to make up in 1971 "some," "most," or "all" of their 1970 capital outlay cutbacks. The dollar amount involved in such makeup by these firms was calculated by tying these answers to the answers to question 7 indicating the amount of 1970 reduction. On the arbitrary assumption that the remaining firms in this 169 -firm group had raised their 1971 spending plans by about the same proportion, the dollar amount of 1971 increase derived in this manner was raised to the OBE-SEC universe. The resulting figure was then raised to a national level on the basis of the ratio of the $\$ 96.0$ billion total for nonresidential fixed investment for 1970 to the OBE-SEC plant and equipment aggregate, resulting in a calculated overall increase of
[^12]:    10. There was an error in the wording of question 8 when the initial survey mailing was made, but fclowup mailings to nonrespondents contained an erratum notice. The error was in the use of the word "lower" when "higher" was intended. Post-survey spot checks of respondents to this question revealed that respondents had been able to detect the error and had handled the question in the correct manner, mainly because of the relationship of this question to question 5 b . Incorrect handling of question 8 would, moreover, have become evident in the editing of the returned questionnaires, as there would have been inconsistencies in the replies to questions 5 b and 8 . For these resaons, it was assumed that respondents handled question 8 in the correct manner and the responses were included in the tabulations on that basis. Tabulations and calculations reflecting question 8 responses are so identified in the tables.
[^13]:    1. In addition to the firms shown by asset size, includes financial institutions as well as a small number of nonfinaucial firms for which asset-size information was not available.
    2. Question numbers refer to questionnaire.
    3. Firms replying "yes" to question $10 a$ but not answering question 11.
    4. Computed from the frequency distributions in line $4 a-4 e$ for new plant and equipment expenditures, and lines $12 a-12 d$ for inventory investment, using the midpoint of closed-end intervals and a value of 75 percent and 20 percent, respectively, for the open-end interval Digitized for FPmputed from the frequency distributions in lines $4 a-4 e$ and lines $12 a-12 d$, using the
[^14]:    'Revised. p Preliminary.

[^15]:    ${ }^{r}$ Revised. p Preliminary. n.s.a. Not seasonally adjusted. fPortion of line.
    n.a. Not available.

    1. Excludes claims and liabilities of U.S. banking and brokerage institutions but includes other private transactions.
    2. Excludes funds obtained abroad by U.S. corporations through bank loans and other credits and also excludes securities issued by subsidiaries incorporated abroad. However, securities issued by finance subsidiaries incorporated in the Netherlands Antilles are treated as if they had been issued by U.S. corporations to the extent that the proceeds of such issues
    are transferred to U.S. parent companies.
[^16]:    3. Excludes brokerage transactions.
    4. A ( - ) reflects a decline in foreign deposits and money market paper held in the United States.
    5. Excludes an increase in U.S. corporate long-term claims of $\$ 286$ million that was associated with increased foreign direct investment in the United States.
    Note.-Detail may not add to totals due to rounding.
[^17]:    12. John E. Petersen, "Response of State and Local Governments to Varying Credit Conditions," Federal Reserve Bulletin, March 1971, pp. 209-232.
[^18]:    ${ }^{*}$ Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{*}$ Less than $\$ 500,000( \pm)$.

    1. The identification of transactions involving direct dollar outflow from the United States is made in reports by the operating agency. However, such data for third and fourth quarters 1970 and for first, second, and third quarters 1971 are only extrapolated estimates by OBE, because of incomplete reports from one operating agency.
    2. Line A. 28 includes foreign currency collected as interest and line A. 30 includes foreign currency collected as principal, as recorded in lines A. 6 and A. 7 .
    3. Lines A. 29 and A. 31 includes some short-term U.S. Government claims, collections of which are recorded in line A.34. Collections of those short-term claims recorded in lines A. 29 and B. 14 are included in line B. 15.
    4. Consists of transfers of military goods and services financed by U.S. Government credits and of advance payments to the Delense Department (on military sales contracts) financed by credits extended to foreigners by U.S. Government agencies.
[^19]:    ${ }_{r}$ Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. *Less than $\$ 500,000$. ( $\pm$ ). n.a. Not available.
    European countries.

[^20]:    3. Includes nonguaranteed U.S. Government agency securities with a maturity of 1 year or less.
    4. Includes liabilities of U.S. monetary authorities for gold deposited by and held for the IMF and includes U.S. Treasury obligations obtained from proceeds of gold sales by the IMF to the United States to acquire income-earning assets. Upon termination of investment, the same quantity of gold can be reacquired by the IMF.
    5. Includes, in addition to foreign official reserve agencies, other foreign official agencies.

    Note.-Details may not add to totals because of rounding
    Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

[^21]:    Footnotes at end of table

[^22]:    Revised.
    shown separately. Preliminary. ${ }^{2}$ For actual wholesale prices of indivjdual commodities, see respective

[^23]:    - Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary $\ddagger$ Monthly data prior to 1969 will be available later.

    Revision for Aug. 1970 ( $1967=100$ ), $89 . \quad \triangle$ See note "'"', p S-14
    Beginning Jan. 1970, data include claims filed under extended duration provisions of
    ${ }^{\circ}$ Excluding data for three States.
    Excluding data for four States.

[^24]:    $\dagger$ Revised monthly data (1957-May 1970) are available. $\sigma^{7}$ Indexes are directly comparable for the identical quarter of each year (and from year to year). Revisions back to 1946 are available.
    ${ }_{\S B e g i n n i n g}$ with 1st quarter 1969 reporting period, motor carriers are designated class 1
    if they have annual gross operating revenues of $\$ 1$ million or over.
    \& Includes data not shown separately. $\quad \ddagger$ Revisions for 1967 available upon request.

[^25]:    PRevised. Preliminary. Annual total includes revisions not distributed to the
    $\ddagger$ Data have been regrouped by the American Paper Institute; details and available earlier
    data appear in their April 1970 Monthly Statistical Summary.
    $\sigma^{*}$ As reported by publishers accounting for about 75 percent of total newsprint consumption.

