A UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE PUBLICATION

## SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

U.S.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Office of
Business
Economics

# SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS 

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# the BUSINESS SITUATION 


#### Abstract

It is clear at midyear that the pace of economic activity continues to strengthen. The recovery to date has been fairly mild, and there is still a good deal of slack in the utilization of productive resources.

The strength of consumer demand is the key to the strength of the economy's expansion in the months ahead. Consumers' propensity to save remains high, but there has been evidence in recent months of some strengthening in consumer demand. Investment in inventories has recently been somewhat stronger than in the first quarter, but remains cautious. Stocks seem to be in fairly good balance with sales except in durable goods manufacturing and wholesaling, where steel stockpiling has augmented the overhang.


I$T$ is clear at midyear that the pace of economic activity continues to strengthen. The recovery to date has been fairly mild, however, apart from the surge in production and incomes following settlement of the auto strike. There is still a good deal of slack in the utilization of productive resources, and the unemployment rate hovers at a level somewhat above 6 percent. Consumers' propensity to save remains high, but there has been some evidence in recent months of strengthening in consumer demand. In the immediate future, spending should get a thrust from the income boosts resulting from the increase in social security benefits (being paid in June retroactive to January) and a pending raise in military pay.

The boom in residential construction has been the strongest single element in the recovery. When credit conditions began to ease last year, the response of homebuilding was immediate and dra-
matic. The underlying demand for new housing was, and still is, very strong, and starts soared from an annual rate averaging barely over 1.25 million units in the first half of 1970 to 1.81 million in this year's first quarter (chart 1). In both April and May, the rate was a very high 1.9 million units. Outlays for homebuilding continue to increase, but the rate of spending growth is slowing. The first quarter increase of $\$ 31 / 2$ billion (seasonally adjusted annual rate) very likely marked the peak rate of spending growth in the current homebuilding recovery.

Attention was focused in the May Survey on the rather abrupt reversal of interest rates this spring. Rates in the money and bond markets have continued to rise during the past month and at mid-June some commercial banks boosted the prime lending rate in reaction to both the rising cost to banks of attracting loanable funds and some strengthening in loan demand. The rate had been 5.5 percent; as this issue of the Survey went to press, some banks had posted 5.75 percent, some 6 percent, and some held at 5.5 percent. The major mortgage lenders have been flooded with savings in recent months and this has served to make mortgage credit easily available and to hold rates down-to levels, in fact, below the rates available on corporate bonds. While the supply of funds for mortgage credit apparently continues to be sizable, the general increase in market interest rates has become a clear source of upward pressure on mortgage rates. Some large lenders on the West Coast have in fact raised their rates, and the increasing likelihood of a general firming in mortgage market conditions is a tempering factor in the outlook for residential construction.

In sharp contrast to homebuilding, business capital investment is contributing little if anything to demand growth this year Outlays appear to have risen in the quarter just ending, but businessmen's expectations point to stability for the rest of the year.

## Residential Construction and Mobile Homes


(Findings of the latest OBE-SEC survey are reported on pages 13-16.) Investment in inventories has recently been somewhat stronger than in the first quarter, but remains cautious. Stocks seem to be in fairly good balance with sales except in durable goods manufacturing and wholesaling-where stockpiles held against a possible steel strike have augmented the overhang. It is entirely possible that a clear strengthening of final demands will set off a substantial run of inventors accumulation.

Federal spending on goods and services has also been a weak demand element. Spending on goods and services for nondefense purposes has been growing at a relatively very slow pace while

CHART 2
Retail Sales

defense purchases have been shrinking for the past year. In the immediate future, however, defense purchases will be swelled by a large increase in military pay rates expected to take effect this summer as part of the shift toward a "volunteer army." Not only are other raises likely over the relatively near term (for civilian as well as military personnel), but the various advance indicators suggest that defense-related production will shortly level out following a downtrend stretching over the past two years or so. Thus, the decline in defense purchases has probably run its course.
It is impossible to isolate with any precision the effects on the economy of the auto strike last winter. However, it is likely that even in the absence of the strike-related distortions the economy in the first quarter would have been on a visable recovery course, but at only a very modest rate of real growth. It is relevant to note in this connection that the National Bureau of Economic Research recently designated November 1970 as the trough in economic activity, culminating a year-long contraction from a peak in November 1969.

## Consumer Demand

The strength of consumer demand is the key to the strength of the economy's expansion in the months ahead. Consumers have for some time been evidencing marked caution toward spending, saving quite heavily and eschewing debt. The findings of recent consumer surveys indicate that there has been some improvement in "attitudes" and buying plans, but no dramatic shift: While consumers in the aggregate are apparently in relatively comfortable condition with respect to liquidity and debt burdens, they remain cautious.

Incomes are getting a big boost this month from an increase in social security benefits. The increase is being paid in June but is retroactive to January, and beneficiaries will therefore receive a large lump sum payment for the retroactive portion. It is likely that most beneficiaries increase spending quite promptly when benefits are increased, and save little of the increase.

The available evidence on retail sales indicates that spending on nondurable goods has been fairly strong this spring, following a period of slack early this year, but that spending for durables other than autos is sluggish, at least in the aggregate. Purchases of services apparently continue to grow smoothly. Abstracting from the distortions related to the auto strike, the growth of overall consumer spending is probably now a bit more rapid than has been typical in the past year or two, but as yet there has been no strong resurgence of demand.

## Retail volume

Retail sales scored a fifth consecutive increase in April (chart 2). Weekly data suggest that there was a decline in May, mainly because of a drop in auto dealers' sales. The effects of the auto strike have had a major impact on recent sales movements. Excluding the auto group (primarily new and used car dealers and tire and accessory stores), the growth of sales volume this year has been much less dramatic.

The auto group accounts for well over half of total sales at outlets specializing in durable goods. Aggregate sales in other durable goods lines have been just about stable for the past year. Within that aggregate, the two large lines of trade for which sales estimates are available are furniture and appliance stores (whose sales currently run about $\$ 1.4$ billion per month) and dealers in lumber, building materials, and hardware (about $\$ 1.3$ billion per month).

Furniture-appliance stores' sales were drifting down throughout 1970 but picked up sharply in the early months of 1971. April saw a decline, however, and available evidence suggests a further drop in May. Even so, the sales gain since last winter has almost certainly been strong enough to reflect a measurable gain in real volume.
Sales at stores in the lumber-hardware group fell throughout 1969 and then held roughly stable until quite recently. They showed strong growth for a few months around the turn of the year, dropped sharply in February, but since then have apparently been
on the uptrend once again. Broadly speaking, the trend of lumber-hardware sales over the past year has about offset the trend of furniture-appliance sales, while sales at other durables outlets have been little changed in the aggregate.

## Nondurable goods

The only really marked, definite strengthening of retail sales has been in the so-called general merchandise group. Department stores are the largest component of the group, which also includes variety stores and nonstore retailers such as mail order houses and vending machine operators. The group's sales volume picked up strength last summer and has grown more or less steadily since then (chart 2).
Sales of the general merchandise group run about $\$ 5.7$ billion per month, or about 25 percent of total volume at outlets specializing in nondurables. The largest single component line of trade in the nondurables sector is food retailing, which now runs about $\$ 7$ billion per month and accounts for one-third of the nondurables total. Food group sales have been growing relatively strongly in the past few months (chart 2). However, that period has also seen an acceleration in the food-at-home component of the consumer price index, following a year or more in which prices rose very slowly. This suggests that the real volume of food buying has not grown much in recent months.
Sales in the other lines of nondurables trade have been generally sluggish during the past half year or so, after having strengthened somewhat during 1970. The weakest showing has been in the largest category, eating and drinking places; dollar volume here has actually been running lower in 1971 than in 1970, suggesting a very substantial drop in real volume.

## Inventories

The rate of business inventory accumulation has declined substantially since the summer of 1969. This cutback was not only an important factor in the 1969-70 contraction of economic activ-
ity, it has also exerted thus far in 1971 a drag on the recovery of activity.
In terms of book value, inventory accumulation by manufacturing and trade firms declined from a rate of $\$ 31 / 3$ billion (seasonally adjusted) in the summer of 1969 to $\$ 1 \frac{1}{2}$ billion in the first quarter of 1971. Even so, the first quarter figures were inflated by a buildup of steel stocks against a strike this summer, and by the post-strike rebuilding of auto inventories.

The accumulation rate of manufacturing firms showed a generally modest decline during 1970, but in the first quarter of 1971 stocks were reduced $\$ 200$ million--the first quarterly liquidation since early 1961. In trade, the accumulation rate was more erratic in 1970; it fell sharply in the first half, re-

CHART 3

## Inventories: Book Value <br> The rate of inventory accumulation has been declining and is now quite low



- April preliminary

Data: Census
U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
covered in the summer, and fell off sharply in the closing quarter of last year. The post-strike recovery in auto production swelled retail inventories in the first quarter of this year, but accumulation was off fairly sharply at the wholesale level. On the basis of preliminary data, accumulation strengthened somewhat in April; nonmanufacturing inventories rose about $\$ 600$ million, seasonally adjusted, and manufacturing inventories about $\$ 100$ million.
Although the inventory correction has had a substantial impact on the pattern of economic activity in the past year and a half, the adjustment has been orderly and relatively moderate. Measured from one year before to one year after the trough in accumulation, the recent swing is noticeably milderboth in the correction and in the re-building-than other postwar cycles (table 1). The relatively moderate character of the recent adjustment reflects the fact that the correction in total manufacturing and trade inventories has been limited to a reduction in the accumulation rate; the liquidation typically associated with past inventory cycles has not occurred. Businessmen had ample warning in 1969 of the coming slowdown in economic activity and likely were more than usually sensitive to emerging weakness in sales. In addition, high interest rates, credit scarcity, declining profits, and general concern over problems of liquidity were all im-

|  | ( Dec. | ${ }_{1958}^{\text {Apr }}$ | ${ }_{1961}^{\text {Feb. }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1967 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1970 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total manufacturing and trade: 12 months before. 12 months after | -950 430 | - $\mathbf{-}_{1,258}$ | $-1,553$ 940 | -1, 316 | ${ }^{1} \mathbf{2 6 5}$ |
| Durables: <br> 12 months before. 12 months after. | $-845$ | -819 | $-1,402$ -842 | $\begin{array}{r}-786 \\ \hline 182\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text {-480 } \\ \hline 1881\end{array}$ |
| Nondurables: 12 months before. 12 months after. | $\begin{array}{r} -105 \\ 96 \end{array}$ | +18 +207 | -151 98 | $-530$ | ${ }_{1}^{-172}$ |

1. Eleven months only.

Note.-Changes are measured from one year before and one year after the trough in aggregate inventory accumulation. The accumulation rates are calculated as ${ }^{3}$-month averages centered on
seasonally adjusted.
Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census and Office of Business Economics.
portant factors providing strong incentive for restraining inventory investment. Though the pressure of these constraints has abated considerably in the past year, the persistence of cautious attitudes on the part of the business community and the absence of strength in final demands have resulted in continuation of tight inventory control thus far in 1971.

It should be borne in mind that the rise in durable goods accumulation this year has been inflated by the rebuilding of auto stocks and the stockpiling of steel; had it not been for these influences the recovery from the trough in May 1970 would have been considerably weaker. In the case of nondurables, the ongoing general weakness of inventory investment is reflected in the fact that accumulation has continued to decline well after the trough in aggregate accumulation.

## Inventory condition

The inventory correction of the past year and a half seems to have achieved a fairly good alignment of stocks to sales. After rising in 1970 and bulging toward year end, inventory-sales ratios generally seem to be back to their normal ranges. These ratios suggest that nondurables inventories in both manufacturing and trade have kept in good balance with sales throughout the period of correction. It thus seems reasonable to expect that a strengthening in nondurables sales would be promptly reflected in an acceleration of inventory accumulation.

Durable goods inventories also seem to be in fairly good balance at the retail level for both the auto group and others, but some overhang seems to persist in wholesaling and manufacturing. For durables manufacturers, an inventory imbalance persists despite sizable and widespread liquidation of stocks in the first quarter. During that period, stocks were reduced by all major industry groups except metals producers and fabricators, whose inventories were being built up in anticipation of a strike this summer. Metals aside, inventorysales ratios have come down noticeably from their highs of last year but for most lines of business, they appear to

Table 2.-Inventory/Sales Ratios

|  | 1968 |  | 1969 |  | 1970 |  | $\frac{1971}{4}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\underset{\text { half }}{\text { 1st }}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} 2 \mathrm{~d} \\ \text { half } \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} 1 \mathrm{st} \\ \text { half } \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2 \mathrm{~d} \\ \text { half } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \text { 1st } \\ \text { half } \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2 \mathrm{~d} \\ \text { half } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Manufacturing: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Durable. |  |  |  | 2.00 |  |  |  |
| Nondurable. | 1.34 | 1. 32 | 1. 32 | 1.30 | 1.30 | 1.32 | 1. 29 |
| Wholesale: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Durable. | 1.56 | 1.55 | 1.52 | 1.55 | 1. 59 | 1.64 | 1.64 |
| Nondurable.- | . 92 | . 90 | . 91 | . 88 | . 91 | . 94 | . 92 |
| Retail: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Durable | 1. 99 | 1. 99 | 2.00 | 2.12 | 2.11 | 2.15 | 1.99 |
| Auto group. | 1. 50 |  |  |  | 1. 72 | 1. 81 | 1. 58 |
| Other--... | 2. 717 | 2. 62 | ${ }_{1} 2.58$ | 2. 75 | 2. 26 | 2. 198 | 2. 19 |
| Nondurable.- | 1.17 | 1.17 | 1.18 |  | 1. 18 | 1. 19 | 1.19 |

Note.-Average of monthly ratios.
be above their levels of 1968 and most of 1969 .

Another indication that inventories may still be a little troublesome for durable goods producers is the fact that the accumulation rate of finished goods inventories has not declined. Most of the recent correction in durables stocks occurred in work-in-process inventories, which declined nearly $\$ 200$ million in the fourth quarter and $\$ 900$ million in the first four months of this year.

Although it appears that some inventory excess persists for durables producers, OBE's latest quarterly survey (see pages 17-18) found both durable and nondurable manufacturers reporting continued improvement in inventory conditions and expecting to add to inventories in the months ahead. On March 31, companies holding 22 percent of durable stocks judged their inventories "high" relative to sales and unfilled orders backlogs. This was down 1 percentage point from yearend, 5 percentage points from March 31, 1970, and was the lowest proportion of durables stocks characterized "high" since June 30, 1969. The recent survey also found manufacturers expecting sizable sales gains and moderate additions to inventories during the second and third quarters of this year. These expectations suggest the continuation of tight inventory control and further declines in inventory-sales ratios.

## May Developments

Industrial output recorded a fairly sizable increase in May. The Federal

Reserve index rose 0.7 percent, to 167.3 percent of the 1957-59 average, following a 0.4 percent rise in April and approximate stability in February and March. Aside from the rebound following the auto strike, the May increase was the strongest gain in output since the index turned down in mid-summer 1969. Nevertheless, the index was still a little below its level of last summer, before the auto strike, and 4 $1 / 4$ percent below its 1969 peak.

Increased output was evident in all the major market categories. Consumer goods production was higher, in part because of increased auto output. Auto assemblies, which had peaked in February and March, fell sharply in April and then rose 5 percent in May to a seasonally adjusted annual rate of $8 \frac{1}{2}$ million units. Production schedules indicate little change in the assembly rate in June. This strength in auto production is occurring in the face of some weakening in new car sales. Sales of domestic-type models fell from a high seasonally adjusted annual rate of 8.5 million units in February and March to 8.3 million in April and 8.2 million in May. Consequently, inventories have continued to rise and in May were approaching their highs of late summer and fall of 1969.

Materials output was up further in May. The steel buildup has of course been contributing importantly to strength in this area, but output of other materials has also been rising and continued to move higher in May. The production of equipment also edged up last month. Defense equipment output, which has been in a steep and virtually uninterrupted decline over the past two years, was unchanged while production of business equipment, which has been showing small and mixed changes in recent months, rose a little.

## Employment and income

Nonfarm payroll employment rose 130,000 (seasonally adjusted) in May. This was the largest increase since
(Continued on page 18)

* In May: The unemployment rate high at 6.2 percent
* Nonfarm payroll employment increased 130,000
*. Wholesale prices up 0.4 percent; farm products and processed food prices up sharply

TOTAL PRODUCTVN





* Seomonolly Adiunted **:Secsonolly Adiuxted ot Anmuel Revies

THE LABOR MARKET






PRICES




- In May: Personal income rose $\$ 6$ billion with the bulk of the increase in wages and salaries
- Domestic car sales off for the second consecutive month, sales of imports also declined
- Plant and equipment outlays expected to rise only $23 / 4$ percent in 1971, about half the 1970 increase

INCOME OF PERSONS




CONSUMPTION AND SAVING





FIXED INVESTMENT



Billion \$


Million Units


- In April: Manufacturing and trade firms added $\$ 710$ million to their stocks
- The stock-sales ratio for manufacturing and trade steady
- Net exports of merchandise shifted to deficit-the first in over 2 years

INVENTORIES





* Seasognolly Adfiunted * *Seasonolly Adiutiod at Annual Rotes
U.S. Departmem of Commerces, Ottice of Business Economics
deral Reserve Bank of St. Louis

FOREIGN TRANSACTIONS





GOVERNMENT





## - In May: Industrial production rose 0.7 percent

Money supply continued to advance sharply
Interest rates up further

INOUSTRIAL PRODUCTION


Billion $\$$


MONEY, CREDIT, AND SECURITIES MARKETS




PROFTTS AND COSTS


Billion \$


# NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT TABLES 



Table 1.-Gross National Product in Current and Constant Dollars (1.1, 1.2)


Table 2.-Gross National Product by Major Type of Product in Current and Constant Dollars (1.3, 1.5)

| Gross national product | 931.4 | 976.5 | 951.7 | 959.5 | 971.1 | 985.5 | 989.9 | 1020.7 | 727.1 | 724.1 | 729.2 | 723.8 | 724.9 | 727.4 | 720.3 | 732.7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Final sales............. | 922.9 | 973.1 | 944.5 | 957.9 | 968.1 | 980.0 | 986.3 | 1019.3 | 719.9 | 721.1 | 723.0 | 722.4 | 721.9 | 722.8 | 717.1 | 731.5 |
| Change in business inventories | 8.5 | 3.5 | 7.2 | 1.6 | 3.1 | 5.5 | 3.6 | 1.4 | 7.2 | 3.0 | 6.1 | 1.3 | 2.9 | 4.6 | 3.1 | 1.2 |
| Goode output. | 460.0 | 474.4 | 468.9 | 467.1 | 474.9 | 479.8 | 475. 6 | 488.8 | 392.2 | 388.7 | 393.5 | 387.3 | 391.1 | 392.1 | 384.5 | 392.1 |
| Final sales | 451.6 | 470.9 | 461.7 | 465.5 | 471.8 | 474.2 | 472.0 | 487.5 | 385.0 | 385.7 | 387.4 | 386.0 | 388.2 | 387.5 | 381.3 | 391.0 |
| Change in business inven | 8.5 | 3.5 | 7.2 | 1.6 | 3.1 | 5.5 | 3.6 | 1.4 | 7.2 | 3.0 | 6.1 | 1.3 | 2.9 | 4.6 | 3.1 | 1.2 |
| Durable goods | 190.2 | 185. 1 | 192.7 | 185.3 | 186.6 | 193.5 | 175.1 | 196.0 | 170.1 | 160.3 | 170.3 | 162.3 | 162.9 | 167.1 | 148.9 | 165.4 |
| Final sales. | 183.9 | 185.3 | 187.4 | 185.5 | 188.5 | 188.3 | 178. 8 | 193.3 | 164.7 | 160.5 | 185.9 | 162.6 | 164.4 | 162.7 | 152. 1 | 163.1 |
| Change in business inventorie | 6.4 | . 2 | 5.3 | -. 3 | -1.9 | 5.2 | -3.7 | 2.7 | 5.3 | . 2 | 4.4 | -. 3 | -1.5 | 4.3 | -3.2 | 2.4 |
| Nondurable | 269.8 | 289.2 | 276.2 | 281.8 | 288.3 | 286.3 | 300.5 | 292.8 | 222.1 | 228.5 | 223.3 | 225. 1 | 228.3 | 225.0 | 235.6 | 228.7 |
| Final sales | 267.7 | 285.6 | 274.3 | 280.0 | 283.3 | 286.0 | 293.3 | ${ }^{294.2}$ | 220.3 | 225. 3 | 221.5 | 223.4 | 223.8 | 224.7 | 229.2 | 227.9 |
| Change in business inventories | 2.1 | 3.6 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 5.0 | . 3 | 7.2 | -1.4 | 1.8 | 3.2 | 1.8 | 1.6 | 4.5 | . 2 | 6.4 | -1.2 |
| Services | 377.6 | 409.6 | 390.3 | 400.1 | 405.8 | 413.2 | 419.4 | 429.4 | 268.2 | 273. 9 | 271.3 | 273.1 | 272.8 | 274.8 | 275.0 | 275.8 |
| Structure | 93.8 | 92.6 | 92.5 | 92.3 | 90.4 | 92.6 | 94.9 | 102.4 | 66.6 | 61.4 | 64.4 | 63.4 | 60.9 | 60.5 | 60.8 | 64.7 |

Table 3.-Gross National Product by Sector in Current and Constant Dollars (1.7, 1.8)

| Gross national product. | 931.4 | 976.5 | 951.7 | 959.5 | 971.1 | 985.5 | 989.9 | 1020.7 | 727.1 | 724.1 | 729.2 | 723.8 | 724.9 | 727.4 | 720.3 | 732.7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Private. | 827.8 | 863.2 | 844.0 | 848.5 | 858.4 | 871.7 | 874.3 | 901.0 | 666.4 | 663.4 | 668.1 | 663.1 | 664.2 | 666.8 | 659.4 | 671.6 |
| Business. | 795.4 | 828.3 | 810.8 | 814.3 | 824.5 | 836.5 | 837.8 | 863.0 | 646.0 | 642.4 | 647.6 | 642.1 | 644.0 | 645.9 | 637.8 |  |
| Noniarm | ${ }^{767.9}$ | 800.1 | 783.0 | 785.5 28.8 | 796.0 28.5 | 808.5 28.0 | 810.6 27.2 | 835.7 27.3 | 622.5 23.6 | 619.3 23.2 | 624.7 22.8 | ${ }_{219.5}{ }_{2}$ | 621.0 23.0 | 622.9 22.9 | 613.7 24.1 | 625.7 23.4 |
| Farm. | 27.5 | 28.1 | 27.8 | 28.8 | 28.5 | 28.0 | 27.2 | 27.3 | 23.6 | 23.2 | 22.8 | 22.6 | 23.0 | 22.9 | 24.1 | 23.4 |
| Households and institutions | 28.1 | 30.3 | 29.0 | 29.6 | 30.0 | 30.5 | 31.1 | 32.1 | 16.4 | 16.6 | 16.6 | 16.7 | 16.5 3.6 | 16.5 4.4 | 16.5 5.1 | 16.9 5.6 |
| Rest of the world. | 4.3 | 4.6 | 4.2 | 4.5 | 3.9 | 4.7 | 5.4 | 5.9 | 4.0 | 4.3 | 4.0 | 4.3 | 3.6 | 4.4 | 5.1 | 5.6 |
| General government. | 103.6 | 113.3 | 107.7 | 111.0 | 112.8 | 113.9 | 115.5 | 119.7 | 60.7 | 60.7 | 61.1 | 60.7 | 60.7 | 60.6 | 60.8 | 61.1 |

## HISTORICAL STATISTICS

National income and product statistics for earlier periods are available as follows: Data for 1966-69, July 1970 Survey of Current Business; 1964-65, July 1968 Survey; 1929-63, The National Income and Product Accounts of the United States (available from U.S. Department of Commerce Field Offices or from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402, price $\$ 1.00$ per copy).


Table 4.-Relation of Gross National Product, National Income, and Personal Income (1.9)

| Groes national product. | 931.4 | 976.5 | 951.7 | 959.5 | 971.1 | 985.5 | 989.9 | 1020.7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Less: Capital consumption allowances_ | 78.9 | 84.3 | 80.7 | 82.1 | 83.6 | 85.0 | 86.5 | 88.4 |
| Equala: Net national product | 852.5 | 892.2 | 871.0 | 877.4 | 887.5 | 900.5 | 903.3 | 932.3 |
| Less: Indirect business tax and nontax liability. | 85.2 | 92.1 | 87.7 | 89.3 | 91.1 | 93.3 | 94.5 | 97.9 |
| Business transfer payments | 3. 5 | 3.6 | 3. 5 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3. 7 | 3.7 |
| Statistical discrepancy -- | $-4.7$ | -1.8 | $-4.3$ | $-5.4$ | $-3.1$ | $-1.1$ | 2.4 | $-.6$ |
| Plus: Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises |  | 1.8 | 1.2 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.8 | 2.1 | 2.0 |
| Equals: National | 769.5 | 800.1 | 785.2 | 791.5 | 797.4 | 806.6 | 804.8 | 833.3 |
| Less: Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment | 85.8 | 76.5 | 82.0 | 76.7 | 77.5 | 78.4 | 73.3 | 82.8 |
| Contributions for social insurance. $\qquad$ | 53.6 | 67.1 | 55.1 | 56.0 | 56.7 | 57.6 | 58.1 | 63.2 |
| Wage accruals less disbursements. |  | . 0 | . 0 | 2.5 | -2. 1 | -. 4 | . 0 | . 0 |
| Plus: Government transfer payments to persons. | 61.6 | 73.9 | 63.4 | 66.3 | 75.8 | 75.1 | 78.5 | 82.3 |
| Interest paid by government (net) and by consumers. | 29.0 | 31.8 | 30.2 | 31.0 | 31.4 | 32.2 | 32.5 | 32.5 |
| Dividends............... | 24.7 | 25. 2 | 25. 2 | 25.2 | 25. 1 | 25.4 | 25.1 | 25.8 |
| Business transfer payments....- |  | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3,7 | 3.7 |
| Equals: Personal | 48.9 | 801.0 | 770.5 | 782.3 | 801.3 | 807.2 | 813.3 | 831.5 |

Table 5.-Gross Auto Product in Current and Constant Dollars (1.15, 1.16)

| Groes auto product ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Billions of current dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 36.6 | 30.9 | 35.8 | 31.1 | 35.4 | 34.7 | 22.4 | 42.0 |
| Personal consumption expenditures. | 31.8 | 28.3 | 32.5 | 28.9 | 30.4 | 29.9 | 24.0 | 34.2 |
| Producers' durable equipment.-.... | 5. 6 | 5.0 | 5.7 | 5.1 | 5.4 | 5. 3 | 4.2 | 6.0 |
| Change in dealers' auto inventories.- |  | -1.0 | $-1.1$ | $-1.7$ | . 8 | . 7 | $-3.7$ | 3.7 |
| Net exports | -1.1 | -1.7 | -1.6 | -1.5 | -1.4 | -1.4 | $-2.3$ | -2.2 |
| Exports. | 2.2 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.6 | 2.3 | 1.4 | 2.6 |
| Imports. | 3.4 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3.4 | 4.0 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 4.8 |
| Addenda: <br> New cars, domestic ${ }^{2}$ <br> New cars, foreign. | 32.2 | 26.4 | 30.7 | 26.4 | 30.7 | 30.8 | 17.6 | 36.7 |
|  | 5.6 | 6.2 | 6.5 | 6.2 | 6.7 | 5.3 | 6. 5 | 7.8 |
|  | Billions of 1958 dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Groes auto product ${ }^{1}$ | 35.0 | 28.6 | 33.9 | 29.2 | 33.2 | 32.1 | 19.9 | 36.6 |
| Personal consumption expenditures. Producers' durable equipment | 30.3 | 26.2 | 30.8 | 27.1 | 28.5 | 27.6 | 21. 4 | 29.7 |
|  | 5.4 | 4.7 | 5. 5 | 4.9 | 5. 1 | 5.0 | 3.8 | 5. 4 |
| Change in dealers' auto inventories. | 1 | -. 9 | $-1.1$ | -1.6 | . 8 | . 7 | $-3.4$ | 3.4 |
| Net exports | -1.1 | -1.6 | $-1.5$ | $-1.4$ | $-1.4$ | -1.4 | -2.2 | $-2.0$ |
|  | 2.2 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 2.5 | 2.2 | 1.3 | 2.3 |
| Imports | 3.3 | 3. 6 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 3.9 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 4.4 |
| Addenda: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New cars, foreign.... | 5.5 | 5.9 | 6.3 | 6.0 | 6.4 | 5.1 | 6.0 | 6.9 |
| 1. The gross auto product total includes government purchases. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2. Differs from the gross auto product total by the markup on both used cars and foreign |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 'Estimates of capital consumption allowances, corporate profits, proprietors' income, and corporate profits taxes do not reffect the liberalized depreciation rules which are expected to be issued in final form retroactive to the beginning of 1971. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| 1969 | 1970 | 1969 | 1970 |  |  |  | 1971 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | IV | I | II | III | IV | $\mathrm{I}^{*}$ |
|  |  | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bmilions of dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 6.—National Income by Type of Income (1.10)

| National income | 769.5 | 800.1 | 785.2 | 791.5 | 797.4 | 806.6 | 804.8 | 333.3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Compensation of employees | 564.2 | 599.8 | 582.1 | 592.2 | 596.4 | 603.8 | 606.7 | 625.2 |
| Wages and salaries | 509.0 | 540.1 | 525.3 | 534.4 | 537.4 | 543.4 | 545.2 | 360.6 |
| Private. | 404.9 | 426.1 | 417.2 | 422.6 | 424.0 | 428.9 | 429.1 | 440.7 |
| Military | 19.0 | 19.3 | 19.6 | 20.1 | 19.5 | 19.1 | 18.6 | 19.2 |
| Government civilian | 85.1 | 94.6 | 88.5 | 91.7 | 93.9 | 95.4 | 97.5 | 100.6 |
| Supplements to wages and salaries-- | 55.1 | 59.7 | 56.8 | 57.9 | 59.0 | 60.4 | 61.4 | 64.6 |
| Employer contributions for social insurance | 27.5 | 29.3 | 28.3 | 28.6 | 29.0 | 29.6 | 29.9 | 32.5 |
| Other labor income...................... | 27.6 | 30.4 | 28.5 | 29.3 | 30.0 | 30.8 | 31.5 | 32.1 |
| Proprietors' income | 66.8 | 67.6 | 67.2 | 67.6 | 67.8 | 67.8 | 67.4 | 67.0 |
| Business and professional | 50.5 | 51.4 | 50.6 | 50.6 | 51.2 | 51.7 | 52.0 | 52.2 |
| Farm | 16.4 | 16.2 | 16. 6 | 17.0 | 16.5 | 16.1 | 15.3 | 14.7 |
| Rental income of persons | 22.0 | 22.7 | 22.3 | 22.5 | 22.6 | 22.7 | 23.0 | 23.1 |
| Corporate profite and inventory valuation adjustment | 85.8 | 76.5 | 82.0 | 76.7 | 77.5 | 78.4 | 73.3 | 82.8 |
| Profits before ta | 91.2 | 81.3 | 88.5 | 82.6 | 82.0 | 84.4 | 76.3 | 86.5 |
| Profits tax liability | 42.7 | 37.5 | 41.4 | 38.0 | 38.1 | 38.9 | 34.8 | 39.1 |
| Profits after ta | 48.5 | 43.8 | 47.1 | 44.6 | 43.9 | 45.4 | 41.4 | 47.5 |
| Dividends. | 24.7 | 25.2 | 25.2 | 25.2 | 25.1 | 25.4 | 25.1 | 25.8 |
| Undistributed profits | 23.9 | 18.6 | 21.9 | 19.4 | 18.8 | 20.0 | 16.3 | 21.7 |
| Inventory valuation adjustment | -5.4 | -4.8 | $-6.5$ | $-5.8$ | -4.5 | -5.9 | $-3.0$ | $-3.7$ |
| Net interest | 30.7 | 33.5 | 31.7 | 32.4 | 33.1 | 33.8 | 34.5 | 35.2 |

Table 7.-National Income by Industry Division (1.11)

| All industries, total. | 769.5 | 800.1 | 785.2 | 791.5 | 797.4 | 806.6 | 804.8 | 833.3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries | 24.3 | 24.6 | 24.8 | 25.2 | 24.8 | 24.5 | 23.8 | 23.4 |
| Mining and construction | 47.4 | 49.6 | 48.9 | 49.1 | 49.1 | 49.5 | 50.7 | 50.8 |
| Manufacturing | 226.2 | 220.4 | 227.3 | 223.6 | 222.9 | 222.7 | 212.3 | 227.4 |
| Nondurable goods | 87.0 | 89.1 | 88.5 | 88.8 | 88.7 | 89.6 | 89.5 | 91.8 |
| Durable goods. | 139.3 | 131.2 | 138.9 | 134.8 | 134.2 | 133.0 | 122.8 | 135. 6 |
| Transportation. | 29.2 | 30.3 | 30.1 | 29.9 | 29.4 | 30.9 | 31.1 | 32.6 |
| Communication | 15.9 | 16.3 | 16.1 | 15.9 | 16. 2 | 16. 4 | 16. 7 | 16. 8 |
| Electric, gas, and sanitary | 14.2 | 14.7 | 14.2 | 14.2 | 14.3 | 14.9 122.9 | 15.2 | 15. 5 |
| Wholesale and retail trade | 115.2 | 121.7 | 117.2 | 118.9 | 121.5 | 122.6 | 123.9 | 126. 7 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | 83.5 | 88.3 | 85.3 | 86.5 | 87.4 | 89.1 | 90.1 | 91.7 |
| Services.. | 95.3 | 104.4 | 98.4 | 101.2 | 103.4 | 105.4 | 107.6 | 110.4 |
| Government and government ent prises | 114.1 | 125. 2 | 118.6 | 122.5 | 124.6 | 126. 0 | 127.9 | 132. 1 |
| Rest of the world | 4.3 | 4.6 | 4.2 | 4.5 | 3.9 | 4.7 | 5. 4 | 5.9 |

Table 8.-Corporate Profits (Before Tax) and Inventory Valuation Adjustment by Broad Industry Groups (6.12)

| All industries, total | 85.8 | 76.5 | 82.0 | 76.7 | 77.5 | 78.4 | 73.3 | 82.8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Financial institutions | 12.0 | 12.5 | 12.2 | 12.0 | 12.3 | 12.9 | 12.6 | 12.8 |
| Nonfinancial corporations | 73.8 | 64.0 | 69.8 | 64.7 | 65.2 | 65.5 | 60.7 | 70.0 |
| Manulacturing | 41.8 | 33.5 | 39.1 | 35.2 | 35.5 | 34.7 | 28.6 | 37.7 |
| Nondurable goods | 19.3 | 18.1 | 19.0 | 18.3 | 18.2 | 18.3 | 17.7 | 18.6 |
| Durable goods | 22.4 | 15.4 | 20.0 | 16.9 | 17.2 | 16.3 | 11.0 | 19.1 |
| Transportation, communication, and public utilities. | 10.7 | 9.1 | 10.3 | 9.1 | 8.6 | 9.1 | 9.6 | 9.3 |
| All other industries | 21.4 | 21.4 | 20.4 | 20.4 | 21.1 | 21.7 | 22.5 | 23.0 |


| 1969 | 1970 | 1969 | 1970 |  |  |  | 1971 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | IV | I | II | III | IV | I* |
|  |  | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| Billions of dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Gross corporate product | 531.2 | 544.9 | 539.7 | 539.7 | 544.0 | 550.7 | 545.3 | 569.0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Capital consumption allowances.--.-- | 49.8 | 53.5 | 51.0 | 52.0 | 53.0 | 54.0 | 55.0 | 56.2 |
| Indirect business taxes plus transier payments less subsidies. | 48.6 | 52.1 | 49.9 | 50.7 | 51.7 | 52.9 | 53.1 | 55.0 |
| Income originating in corporate business. | 432.9 | 439.3 | 438.8 | 437.1 | 439.3 | 443.8 | 437.2 | 457.9 |
| Compensation of employees. | 349.7 | 365.6 | 359.5 | 363.2 | ${ }^{363.8}$ | 368.1 | 367.1 | 378.3 |
| Wages and sala | 310.8 | 324.0 | 319. 6 | 322.6 | 322.8 | 326. 1 | 324.7 | 333.5 |
| Supplements. | 38.9 | 41.5 | 39.9 | 40.6 | 41.0 | 42.0 | 42.4 | 44.8 |
| Net interest. | 1.9 | 2.5 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 2.6 |
| Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment. | 81.3 | 71.3 | 77.3 | 71.6 | 73.0 | 73.2 | 67.6 | 77.0 |
| Profits before tax | 86.8 | 76.2 | 83.8 | 77.4 | 77.5 | 79.1 | 70.6 | 80.7 |
| Profits tax liability | 42.7 | 37.5 | 41.4 | 38.0 | 38.1 | 38.9 | 34.8 | 39.1 |
| Profits after tax | 44.1 | 38.7 | 42.4 | 39.4 | 39.5 | 40.2 | 35.7 | 41.6 |
| Dividends. | 23.0 | 23.3 | 23.5 | 23.3 | 23.4 | 23.5 | 23.0 | 23.6 |
| Undistributed profts. | 21.0 | 15.4 | 18.9 | 16.2 | 16.0 | 16.8 | 12.7 | 18.0 |
| Inventory valuation adjus | 5.4 | -4.8 | -6.5 | -5.8 | -4.5 | -5.9 | -3. 0 | -3.7 |
| Cash flow, gross of dividend Cash flow, net of dividends | 93.8 70.8 | 92.2 68.9 | 93.4 69.9 | 91.4 68.2 | 92.5 69.0 | 94.2 70.7 | 90.8 67.7 | 97.8 74.2 |
| Gross product originating in financial institutions. | 24.7 | 26.0 | 25.1 | 25.3 | 25.6 | 26.5 | 26.6 | 27.4 |
| Gross product originating in nonfinancial corporations. | 506.5 | 518.9 | 514.6 | 514.4 | 518.4 | 524.2 | 518.7 | 541.6 |
| Capital consumption allowances | 48.3 | 51.9 | 49.5 | 50.4 | 51.4 | 52.3 | 53.4 | 54.5 |
| Indirect business taxes plus transier payments less subsidies. | 46.5 | 49.8 | 47.7 | 48.4 | 49.4 | 50.6 | 50.8 | 52.6 |
| Income originating in nonfinancial corporations. | 411.8 | 417.2 | 417 | 415.5 | 417.5 | 421.3 | 414.6 | ${ }_{354.6}$ |
| Compensation of employees | 3129.9 293.5 | 344.3 305.6 | ${ }_{301.8}^{339.1}$ | 342. 3 | 342.9 304.6 | 346. 8 | 305. 7 | 355.6 314.0 |
| Wages and salaries Supplements | 36.3 | 38.7 | 37.3 | 37.9 | 38.3 | 39.2 | 305.7 39.5 | 314.0 41.6 |
| Net interest. | 12.6 | 14.1 | 13.3 | 13.6 | 13.9 | 14.2 | 14.5 | 14.8 |
| Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment | 69.4 | 58.9 | 65.1 | 59.6 | 60.7 | 60.3 | 54.9 | 64.2 |
| Profts before tax ....... | 74.8 | 63.7 | 71.6 | 65.4 | 65.2 | 66.2 | 58.0 | 67.9 |
| Profits tax liability | 36.1 | 30.3 | 34.6 | 31.1 | 31.0 | 31.5 | 27.6 | 32.0 |
| Profts after tax | 38.7 | 33.4 | 37.0 | 34.3 | 34.2 | 34.7 | 30.4 | 35. 9 |
| Dividends. | 21.6 | 21.8 | 22.0 | 21.8 | 22.0 | 21.8 | 21.5 | 22.0 |
| Undistributed profits | 17.1 | 11.7 | 15. 1 | 12.5 | 12.3 | 12.9 | 8.9 | 13.8 |
| Inventory valuation adjustm | 5.4 | -4.8 | -6. 5 | -5.8 | -4.5 | -5.9 | -3.0 | -3.7 |
| Cash flow, gross of dividends. Cash flow, net of dividends. | 87.0 65.3 | 85.3 63.5 | 86.5 64.5 | 84.7 62.9 | 85.6 63.7 | 87.1 65.3 | 83.7 62.3 | 90.4 68.3 |
| Gross product originating in nonfinancial corporations. | Billions of 1958 dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 432.5 | 425.0 | 433.0 | 428.4 | 427.7 | 427.7 | 416.7 | 430.7 |
|  | Dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current dollar cost per unit of 1958 dollar gross product originating in nonfinancial corporations ${ }^{2}$ $\qquad$ | 1.171 | 1.221 | 1.188 | 1.201 | 1.212 | 1.226 | 1.245 | 1.258 |
| Capital consumption allowances -- --. <br> Indirect business taxes plus transfer | . 112 | . 122 | . 114 | . 118 | 120 | . 122 | . 128 | 126 |
| payments less subsidies. | . 107 | . 117 | . 110 | . 113 | . 116 | . 118 | . 122 | . 122 |
| Compensation of employees | . 763 | . 810 | . 783 | . 793 | . 802 | . 811 | . 828 | . 823 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment. | . 160 | . 139 | . 150 | . 139 | . 142 | . 141 | . 132 | . 149 |
| Profts tax liability | . 083 | . 071 | . 080 | . 073 | . 072 | . 074 | . 066 | . 074 |
| Profits after tax plus inventory valuation adjustment.... | . 077 | . 067 | . 070 | . 067 | . 069 | . 067 | . 066 | . 075 |

1. Excludes gross product originating in the rest of the world.
2. This is equal to the deflator for gross product of nonfinancial corporations, with the decimal point shifted two places to the left.
3. Personal saving as a percentage of disposable personal income.
*See footnote on page 10 .

| 1969 | 1970 | 1969 | 1970 |  |  |  | 1971 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | IV | I | II | III | IV | ${ }^{*}$ |
|  |  | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| Billions of dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 10.-Personal Income and Its Disposition (2.1)

| Personal income | 748.9 | 801.0 | 770.5 | 782.3 | 801.3 | 807.2 | 813.3 | 831.5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wage and salary dishursements. | 509.0 | 540.1 | 525.3 | 531.9 | 539.5 | 543.8 | 545.2 | 560 |
| Commodity-producing industries. | 197.5 | 201.2 | 202.5 | 202.7 | 201.5 | 201.9 | 198.6 | 203. |
| Manufacturing. | 157.5 | 158.9 | 160.8 | 160.7 | 159.6 | 159.7 | 155. 6 | 160.3 |
| Distributive indus | 119.8 | 128.4 | 123.8 | 125.9 | 127.0 | 129.7 | 130.8 | 134.3 |
| Service industries | 87.7 | 96.6 | 90.9 | 93.9 | 95.5 | 97. 3 | 99.7 | 103.1 |
| Government | 104.1 | 114.0 | 108.1 | 109.3 | 115.5 | 114.9 | 116.1 | 119.9 |
| Other labor income | 27.6 | 30.4 | 28.5 | 29.3 | 30.0 | 30.8 | 31.5 | 32.1 |
| Proprietor's inco | 66.8 | 67.6 | 67.2 | 67.6 | 67.8 | 67.8 | 67.4 | 67.0 |
| Business and pro | 50.5 | 51.4 | 50.6 | 50.6 | 51.2 | 51.7 | 52.0 | 52.2 |
| Farm | 16.4 | 16.2 | 16.6 | 17.0 | 16.5 | 16.1 | 15.3 | 14.7 |
| Rental inco | 22.0 | 22.7 | 22.3 | 22.5 | 22.6 | 22.7 | 23.0 | 23. |
| Dividends | 24.7 | 25.2 | 25.2 | 25.2 | 25.1 | 25.4 | 25.1 | 25.8 |
| Personal interest in | 59.7 | 65.2 | 61.9 | 63.4 | 64.5 | 66.0 | 67.1 | 67.7 |
| Transfer payments. | 65.1 | 77.6 | 67.0 | 69.8 | 79.4 | 78.7 | 82.2 | 36.0 |
| Old age, survivors, disability, and health insurance benefits. | 33.0 | 38.5 | 33.5 | 34.2 | 41.5 | 39.0 | 39.5 | 40.6 |
| State unemployment insurance benefits. | 2.1 | 3.9 | 2.3 | 2.9 | 3.6 | 4.3 | 4.8 | 5.0 |
| Veterans benefits | 8.3 | 9.5 | 8.7 | 9.0 | 9.5 | 9.7 | 10.1 | 11.0 |
| Other | 21.6 | 25.6 | 22.4 | 23.8 | 24.9 | 25.8 | 27.8 | 29.4 |
| Less: Personal contributions for social insurance. | 26.0 | 27.8 | 26.8 | 27.4 | 27.7 | 28.0 | 28.2 | 30.7 |
| Less: Personal tax and nontax payments. | 117.3 | 116.3 | 119.9 | 117.0 | 117.7 | 114.2 | 116.1 | 116 |
| Equals: Disposable personal | 631.6 | 684.8 | 650.6 | 665.3 | 683.6 | 693.0 | 697.2 | 715.1 |
| Less: Personal outlays | 593.9 | 634.6 | 609.6 | 620.5 | 632.1 | 640.2 | 645.5 | 665.3 |
| Personal consumption expenditures | 57.5 | 616.7 | 592.6 | 603. 1 | 614.4 | 622.1 | 627. 0 | 646. 4 |
| Interest pald by consumers. --.-..-- | 15.7 | 17.0 | 16. 1 | 16.4 | 16.8 | 17.2 | 17.5 | 17.9 |
| Personal transfer payments to foreigners. | . 8 | . 9 | . 8 | . 9 | 1.0 | 1.0 | . 9 |  |
| Equals: Personal saving | 37.6 | 50.2 | 41.1 | 44.8 | 51.5 | 52.7 | 51.8 | 49.8 |
| Addenda: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total, billions of 1958 dollar | 11.5 | 529.8 | 517.8 | 522.9 | 532.0 | 534.2 | 530.0 |  |
| Per capita, current dollars. | 3,117 | 13,344 | 3, 197 | 3,261 | 3,342 | 3,378 | 3,389 | 3,467 |
| Per capita, 1958 dollars | 2,525 | 2,587 | 2,544 | 2,563 | 2,601 | 2, 604 | 2,576 | 2,610 |
| Personal saving rate, ${ }^{3}$ percent | 6.0 | 7.3 | 6.3 | 6.7 | 7.5 | 7.6 | 7.4 | 7.0 |

Table 11.-Personal Consumption Expenditures by Major Type (2.3)

| Personal consumption expenditures. | 577.5 | 616.7 | 592.6 | 603.1 | 614.4 | 622.1 | 627.0 | 646.4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Durable goods. | 90.0 | 89.4 | 90.8 | 89.1 | 91.9 | 91.2 | 85.3 | 97.5 |
| Automobiles and parts. | 40.3 | 37.4 | 41.1 | 37.7 | 39.4 | 39.2 | 33.2 | 44.4 |
| Furniture and household equipment. | 36. 7 | 38.4 | 36. 9 | 38.3 | 38. 9 | 38.1 | 38.2 | 40.0 |
| Other | 13.1 | 13.6 | 12.7 | 13.1 | 13.6 | 13.9 | 13.9 | 13.1 |
| Nondurable goods. | 245.8 | 264.7 | 252.0 | 258.8 | 262.6 | 265.8 | 271.5 | 272.8 |
| Food and beverages | 121.7 | 131.6 | 124.6 | 128.8 | 131.2 | 132.3 | 134.1 | 135.3 |
| Clothing and shoes | 49.9 | 52.3 | 50.9 | 51.3 | 51.8 | 52.3 | 53.8 | 54. 6 |
| Gasoline and oil | 21.1 | 22.9 | 21.7 | 22.4 | 22.7 | 23.0 | 23.5 | 23.6 |
| Other- | 53.2 | 57.9 | 54.9 | 56.3 | 56.9 | 58.3 | 60.2 | 59.3 |
| Services. | 241.6 | 262.6 | 249.8 | 255.2 | 259.9 | 265.1 | 270.2 | 276.1 |
| Housing | 84.0 | 91.9 | 87.0 | 89.0 | 90.8 | 92.6 | 95.1 | 97.5 |
| Household operation | 33.9 | 36.3 | 34.8 | 35.2 | 35.9 | 36.9 | 37.3 | 37. 8 |
| Transportation. | 16.7 | 18.1 | 17.1 | 17.7 | 117.9 | 118.2 | 119.5 | ${ }_{122.1}^{18.7}$ |
| Other. |  | 116.4 | 110.9 | 113.3 | 115.4 | 117.4 | 119.4 | 122.1 |

Table 12.-Foreign Transactions in the National Income and Product Accounts (4.1)

| Receipts from foreig | 55.5 | 63.1 | 58.8 | 62.0 | 63.7 | 63.7 | 62.9 | 65.3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Exports of goods and services. | 55.5 | 62.2 | 58.8 | 61.1 | 62.8 | 62.8 | 62.0 | 64.6 |
| Capital grants received by the United States. |  | . 9 |  | . 9 | . 9 | . 9 | . 9 | 7 |
| Payments to foreigners. | 55.5 | 63.1 | 58.8 | 62.0 | 63.7 | 63.7 | 62.9 | 65.3 |
| Imports of goods and services | 53.6 | 58.6 | 56.2 | 57.6 | 58.7 | 58.6 | 59.3 | 61.3 |
| Transfers to foreigners | 2.8 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 3.0 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 1. 1 |
| Personal- | .$^{8}$ | $\stackrel{.9}{ }{ }^{2}$ | 2.1 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.1 |
| Net forign investment | -. 9 | 1.6 | -. 3 | 1.6 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 6 | 1.0 |


| 1969 | 1970 | 1969 | 1970 |  |  |  | $\frac{1971}{I^{*}}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | IV | I | II | III | IV |  |
|  |  | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bilions of dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 13.-Federal Government Receipts and Expenditures (3.1, 3.2)

| Federal Government rea | 200.6 | 194.8 | 202.0 | 195.9 | 196.7 | 194.9 | 191. | 201.0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Personal tax and nontax receip | 95.9 | 91.6 | 96.9 | 93.4 | 93.5 | 89.4 | 90.3 |  |
| Corporate profits tax accruals. | 39.2 | 34.3 | 38.1 | 34.8 | 34.9 | 35.7 | 32. | 35.7 |
| Indirect business tax and nont |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Contributio |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 46.5 | 49.3 | 47.7 | 48.4 | 9 | 49.7 |  |  |
| Federal Governm | 191.3 | 206.3 | 195.9 | 197.7 | 210.9 | 206.7 | 209 | 214 |
| Purch | 101.3 | 99.7 | 102.1 | 102.3 | 99.7 | 98.6 | 98.2 |  |
| Natio | 78.8 | 76.6 | 78.8 | 79.3 | 76.8 | 75.8 | 74.6 | 74.0 |
| Oth | 22.6 | 23.1 | 23.3 | 23.0 | 22.9 | 22.9 | 23.5 | 24 |
| Transfer payr | 52.1 | 62.0 | 63.3 | 55.3 | 64.4 | 62.9 | 65.4 | 68.4 |
| To persons | 50.0 | 60.0 | 51.2 | 53.4 | 62.4 | 61.0 | 63. | 66.3 |
| To forelgners (net) | 2.1 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.1 |
| Grants-In-aid to State and local governments | 20.2 | 24.5 | 21.8 | 23.0 | 25.1 | 24.4 | 25.6 | 27.1 |
| Net interest paid | 13.1 | 14.5 | 13.9 | 14.3 | 14.3 | 14.8 | 14.7 | 14.2 |
| Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises. | 4.6 | 5.6 | 4.9 | 5.3 | 5.3 | 5.6 |  |  |
| Less: Wage accruals less disbursements | 0 | . 0 | 0 | 2.5 | -2. |  | 0 |  |
| Surplus or deficit ( - ), national income and product accounts.. | 9.3 | -11.5 | 6.1 | -1.7 | -14.2 | -11.8 | 8.1 | 13. |

Table 14.—State and Local Government Receipts and Expenditures (3.3, 3.4)

| State and local government receipts.... | 118.3 | 132.6 | 123.9 | 127.3 | 132.0 | 133.7 | 137. 4 | 142.8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Personal tax and nontax receipts | 21.4 | 24.6 | 23.0 | 23.6 | 24.2 | 24.9 | 25.8 | 26.7 |
| Corporate profits tax accruals..- | 3.5 | 3.1 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.3 | 2.9 | 3.4 |
| Indirect business tax and nontax accruals. | 66.1 | 72.5 | 68.4 | 70.0 | 71.7 | 73.2 | 75.0 | 77.3 |
| Contributions for social insurance. | 7.1 | 7.8 | 7.4 | 7.5 | 7.7 | 7.9 | 8.1 | 8.4 |
| Federal grants-in-aid. | 20.2 | 24.5 | 21.8 | 23.0 | 25.1 | 24.4 | 25.6 | 27.1 |
| State and local govermment expenditures. | 118.9 | 131.2 | 122.9 | 126.8 | 128.7 | 133.0 | 136.5 | 142.6 |
| Purchases of goods and services | 110.8 | 120.9 | 114.2 | 117.4 | 118.7 | 122.4 | 125. 0 | 130.2 |
| Transfer payments to persons. | 11.5 | 13.9 | 12.2 | 12.9 | 13.5 | 14.1 | 15.1 | 16.0 |
| Net interest peid.-.....-...-...-...--- |  | . 3 | . 2 | . 2 | . 3 | . 3 | . 3 | . 3 |
| Less: Current surplus of government enterprises. | 3.6 | 3.8 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 3.9 |
| Surplus or deficit ( - ), national income and product accounts. | $-.6$ | 1.3 | 1.0 | . 5 | 3.4 | . 7 | . 9 | . 1 |

Table 15.-Sources and Uses of Gross Saving (5.1)

| Gross private saving- | 135.0 | 148.3 | 137.1 | 140.5 | 149.4 | 151.8 | 151. | 156.2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Personal saving | 37.6 | 50.2 | 41.1 | 44.8 | 51.5 | 52.7 | 51.8 | 49.8 |
| Undistributed corporate profits.....- | 23.9 | 18.6 | 21.9 | 19.4 | 18.8 | 20.0 | 16.3 | 21.7 |
| Corporate inventory valuation adjustment. | -5. 4 | -4.8 | -6. 5 | -5.8 | -4.5 | -5.9 | -3.0 | -3.7 |
| Corporate capital consumplion allowances | 49.8 | 53.5 | 51.0 | 52.0 | 53.0 | 64.0 | 55.0 | 66. 2 |
| Noncorporate capital consumption allowances | 29.1 | 30.8 | 29.7 | 30.2 | 30.6 | 31.1 | 31.5 | 32.2 |
| Wage accruals less disbursements...- | . 0 | . 0 | . 0 | . 0 | . 0 | . 0 | 0 | . 0 |
| Government surplus or deficit ( - ), national income and product accounts | 8.7 | -10.1 | 7.1 | -1.2 | -10.9 | -11.2 | -17.3 | -13.0 |
| Federal---. | 9.3 | $-11.5$ | 6. 1 | -1.7 | -14.2 | -11.8 | -18.1 | -13.2 |
| State and local | -. 6 | 1.3 | 1.0 | . 5 | 3.4 | . 7 | 9 | 1 |
| Capital grants recelved by the United States. |  | . 9 |  | . 9 | . 9 | . 9 | 9 | . 7 |
| Gross investment | 138.9 | 137.3 | 139.9 | 134.8 | 136.3 | 140.4 |  | 143.3 |
| Gross private domestic investment- | 139.8 | 135.7 | 140.2 | 133.2 | 134.3 | 138.3 | 137.1 | 142.4 |
| Net foreign investment. | -. 9 | 1.6 | -. 3 | 1.6 | 2.0 | 2.1 | . 6 | 1.0 |
| Statistical discrepancy | -4.7 | -1.8 | -4.3 | -5.4 | -3.1 | -1.1 | 2.4 | -. 6 |

*See footnote on page 10.

| 1899 | 1970 | 1989 | 1970 |  |  |  | 1971 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | IV | I | II | III | IV | I |
|  |  | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |
| Index numbers, 1958=100 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 16.-Implicit Price Deflators for Gross National Product (8.1)

| Groes national product | 128.11 | 134.87 | 130.52 | 132.57 | 133, 98 | 135.50 | 137.4 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Personal consumption expenditures | 123 | 129.3 | 125.6 | 127.2 | . 5 | 129.7 | 131.5 | 132 |
| Durable goods. <br> Nondureble good | 120.0 | 109.0 127.3 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 107.0 \\ & 124.5 \end{aligned}\right.$ | 1207.8 | ${ }_{127.2}^{108.2}$ | 127.2 | 110.8 | ${ }_{129.5}^{112 .}$ |
| Services......... | 133.1 | 140.3 | 135.5 | 137.3 | 139.3 | 141.1 | 143.3 | 145.7 |
| Gross private domestic investment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fixed investment | 26. 2 | 32.5 | 128.0 | 129.6 | 131.0 | 133 | 136.0 |  |
| Nonresidenti | 122.8 | 129.5 | 125.1 | 126.8 | 128.2 | 130.2 | 132.8 | 134.2 |
| Produress- ${ }^{\text {dur }}$ - | 141.1 | 152.4 | 1418 | 146.4 | ${ }^{150.0}$ | 134.8 | 1129 |  |
| Producers' durable equipment | 115. 1 | 120.0 | 116.8 | 118.4 | 119.2 | 120.4 | 122 |  |
| Residential structures |  |  | 139.3 | 140.6 | 122.4 |  | 147.1 | 148.4 |
| Nonfarm <br> Farm. | ${ }_{132.3}^{137.8}$ | ${ }^{144.1}$ | ${ }_{135.1}^{139.4}$ | ${ }_{136}^{140.7}$ | 137.9 | 1451.5 | ${ }^{1422.8}$ | ${ }_{144.2}^{148.4}$ |
| Change in |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net exports of |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Imports. | 111.1 | 117.8 | 114.5 | 114.9 | 116.2 | 119.9 | 120.3 | 122.3 |
| Government purchases of goods and services. | 143.5 | 155.6 | 147 | 151.5 | 154.6 | 157.2 | 159.0 | 163.1 |
| Federal | 133.9 |  |  |  |  |  | 149.8 | 155 |
| and local | 153.7 | 183.1 | 156.7 | 158.9 | 161.5 | 164.5 | 167.2 |  |

Table 17.-Implicit Price Deflators for Gross National Product by Major Type of Product (8.2)

| Graos national product.Final sales........ | 128.11 | 134.87 | 130.52 | 132.57 | 133.98 | 135.50 |  | ${ }_{139.3}^{139.31}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 130.6 | 132.6 | 134.1 |  |  |  |
| Goods output. | 117.3 | 122.0 | 119.2 | 120.6 | 121.4 | 122.4 | 123.7 | 124.7 |
| Durable goods | 111.9 | 115.5 | 1132 | 114.2 | 114.6 | 115.8 | 117.6 | 118.5 |
| Nondurable goods. | 121.4 | 126.6 | 123.7 | 125.2 | 126.3 | ${ }^{127.3}$ | 127.6 |  |
| Serrices | 140.8 | 149.5 | 143.9 | 146.5 |  | 150.3 | 152.5 | 155.7 |
| Structure | 140.8 | 150.8 | 143.7 | 145.7 | 148.5 | 153.1 | 156, 0 | 158.2 |
| Addendum: <br> Gross auto produc | 04.7 | 108.1 | 105.6 | 106.6 | 106.5 | 108.2 | 112.7 |  |

Table 18.-Implicit Price Deflators for Gross National Product by Sector (8.4)


Table 19.-Gross National Product: Change From Preceding Period

(Continued from page 4)
January and raised payroll employment to 70.8 million, its highest level since May 1970. Most of last month's increase in employment was in the service producing industries, particularly in trade, but there was a gain of 30,000 in manufacturing payrolls, almost all in durable goods manufacturing. Though small, the employment increase in durable goods manufacturing was the first this year and, except for the post-strike rebound last December, virtually the first since the beginning of the big shake-out in factory employment in late 1969. Last month's rise in manufacturing employment was accompanied by an increase in the workweek of 0.2 hour, to 39.9 hours. This returned the workweek to its March level, which was the highest since last summer.

The civilian labor force continued to expand last month, increasing 400,000 (seasonally adjusted) to a record 84.2 million. Employment also registered a sizable gain, but the rise fell short of the labor force growth and unemployment increased 130,000 to 5.2 million. The unemployment rate edged up to 6.2 percent, equaling the 9 -year peak previously set in December.

Personal income recorded a fairly strong showing in May, rising $\$ 6$ billion to a seasonally adjusted annual rate of $\$ 847 \frac{1}{2}$ billion. Payrolls accounted for about $\$ 41 / 4$ billion of last month's increase with gains recorded in all the major industry divisions. In manufacturing, wages and salaries were up $\$ 1 \frac{1}{2}$ billion; this advance was concentrated in durable goods industries and reflected increases in employment, hourly earnings, and weekly hours of work.

Among the nonwage components of personal income, transfer payments rose about $\$ 1$ billion with further gains in social security payments and unemployment insurance; small increases were recorded among the other nonwage components of income. (In June, the start of higher social security benefits will result in a permanent increase of about $\$ 31 / 2$ billion (annual rate) in transfers; the lump sum retroactive payment will swell income in June, but only in that month, by about $\$ 13 \frac{1}{2}$ billion.)

# 1971 Plant and Equipment Expenditure Expectations 

Business capital spending programs for 1971 have been revised downward. The expected rise from 1970 is now 2.7 percent as against 4.3 percent projected in February. Spending rose $\$ 0.7$ billion in the first quarter and expectations are for a $\$ 3$ billion rise this quarter, with little further change in the third and fourth quarters.

BUSINESSMEN plan to spend $\$ 81.8$ billion ${ }^{1}$ on new plant and equipment during 1971, according to the survey conducted in late April and May by the Office of Business Economics and the Securities and Exchange Commission. The projected 2.7 percent rise in 1971 compares with actual increases of

[^0]Table 1.-Plant and Equipment Expenditures, Annual Percent Change 1970-71

|  | $\underset{1970}{\text { Actual }}$ | Expected 1971 as reported in: |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Feb. | May |
| All industries ${ }^{1}$. | 5.5 | 4.3 | 2.7 |
|  | . 8 | -. 3 | -4.2 |
| Durable goods ${ }^{1}$ - | $-1.0$ | -2.5 | -7.1 |
| Primary metals.-- | $1 .^{3}$ | $-10.5$ | -8.1 |
| Electrical machinery.....- | 11.6 | 1.2 | $-5.9$ |
| Machinery except electrical | 1.0 | -1.0 | $-10.7$ |
| Transportation equipment | $-12.2$ | -3.8 | -10.0 |
| Stone, clay, and glass.. | $-7.6$ | 4.7 | -5.2 |
| Nondurable goods ${ }^{1}$........... | 2.8 | 1.9 | -1.4 |
| Food including beverage. | 9.6 | 4. 0 | -6.5 |
| Textile. | -11.3 | -4.8 | -2.7 |
| Paper- | 4.4 | $-14.7$ | -16.1 |
| Chemical. | 11.0 | 5.3 | -2.1 |
| Petroleum. | $-.2$ | 5.9 | 7.0 |
| Rubber. | $-13.7$ | $-16.5$ | -19.4 |
| Nonmanufacturing--.-.-. -------- | 8.8 | 7.4 | 7.3 |
| Mining | 1.4 | 5 | 5.2 |
| Railroad | -4.6 | 2.6 | -2.6 |
| Air transportation. | 20.7 | $-22.4$ | $-40.0$ |
| Other transportation. | -27.2 | 13.4 | 18.3 |
| Public utilities...-- | 13.2 | 17.5 | 16.5 |
| Communication.-.-.-.-.-------- | 21.6 | 10.3 | 11.2 |
| Commercial and other | 3.4 | 3.8 | 6.8 |

[^1]5.5 percent in 1970 and 11.5 percent in 1969.

Actual capital outlays in the first quarter of 1971 were at a seasonally adjusted annual rate of $\$ 79.3$ billion, up $\$ 0.7$ billion or 0.9 percent from the final quarter of 1970 . Outlays in the second quarter are projected to rise $\$ 3$ billion or 3.9 percent to $\$ 82.4$ billion (annual rate), with sizable increases expected by various nonmanufacturing industries. For the third and fourth quarters, expenditures are expected to be $\$ 82.8$ billion and $\$ 82.7$ billion, respectively, little changed from the second quarter.

The latest survey indicates a downward revision from the 1971 investment programs reported 3 months earlier. The current projection for the year is

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about $11 / 2$ percent below the $\$ 83.1$ billion estimated in February. The downward revision amounts to $1 \frac{1}{2}$ percent for the first quarter and slightly more than 2 percent for the second half of the year; expected second quarter spending is about unchanged. The revision of expectations for the year 1971 centers in manufacturing; the expectations of almost every major
industry group in manufacturing have been revised down since the February survey, the exceptions being the primary metal, textile, and petroleum industries. The sharpest cutbacks are by producers of aircraft, food and beverage, stone, clay, and glass, and nonelectrical machinery. The aggregate spending expectation of nonmanufacturing industries is about the same as

Table 2.-Plant and Equipment Expenditures, 1970-71
[Billions of dollars, seasonally adjusted annual rates]

|  | 1970 |  | 1971 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | III | IV | I | II 1 | III ${ }^{1}$ | IV ${ }^{\text {s }}$ |
| All industries. | 81.88 | 78.63 | 79.32 | 82.38 | 82. 83 | 82.74 |
| Manufacturing. | 32.15 | 30.98 | 30.46 | 30.54 | 30. 68 | 30. 74 |
| Durable goods | 15.74 | 14.92 | 14.21 | 14.66 | 14.89 | 14.89 |
| Nondurable goods. | 16. 40 | 16. 05 | 16.25 | 15.88 | 15. 79 | 15. 84 |
| Nonmanufacturing. | 49.73 | 47. 66 | 48.86 | 51.84 | 52.15 | 52.00 |

1. Expected.

Sources: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, and the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Table 3.-Starts and Carryover of plant and Equipment Projects, Manufacturing and Public Utilities, 1968-71

|  | Starts ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Carryover ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  |  | 1970 |  |  |  | $\frac{1971}{\mathrm{I}}$ | 1970 |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1971 \\ \hdashline-- \\ \text { Mar. } \end{gathered}$ |
|  | 1968 | 1969 | 1970 | 1 | II | III | IV |  | Mar. | June | Sept. | Dec. |  |
| Manufacturing ${ }^{3}$ - | 29.64 | 34.07 | 29. 18 | 8. 64 | 6.92 | 6.54 | 7.09 | 6.91 | 23.75 | 22.51 | 21.06 | 19,49 | 19.70 |
| Durable goods ${ }^{2}$ | 14. 59 | 16. 85 | 14. 04 | 4.42 | 3.37 | 3.13 | 3.12 | 3.49 | 12. 27 | 11. 56 | 10. 82 | 9.67 | 10. 05 |
| Primary metals...-- | 3. 21 | 2. 96 | 2.55 | . 68 | ${ }^{\text {. }} 54$ | . 93 | . 42 | . 78 | 3. 67 | 3.43 | 3. 54 | 3.02 | 3. 14 |
| Electrical machinery--..-- | ${ }_{2}^{1.81}$ | 2.80 | ${ }_{3.29}^{2.18}$ | . 82 | . 81 | . 36 | . 59 | . 53 | ${ }_{1}^{2.36}$ | ${ }_{1}^{2.21}$ | 2.02 | 1.93 | 2. 84 |
| Transportation equipment ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 2. 90 | 3. 66 | - | . 78 | . 58 | . 35 | .91 | . 65 | 1.78 | ${ }_{2}{ }_{2} 68$ | 2. 43 | 2. 21 | .89 2.39 |
| Stone, clay, and glass....... | 1.06 | 1.08 | ${ }^{2.82}$ | . 32 | . 13 | . 22 | . 15 | . 25 | ${ }^{2} .70$ | $\stackrel{.}{.} 5$ | $\stackrel{2}{.} 5$ | . 45 | . 50 |
| Nondurable goods ${ }^{\text {3 }}$. | 15.05 | 17. 22 | 15. 14 | 4.21 | 3.54 | 3.41 | 3.97 | 3.42 | 11. 48 | 10.95 | 10.24 | 9.81 | 9. 66 |
| Food including beverage | 2. 32 | 2.97 | 2. 50 | . 66 | . 65 | . 60 | . 58 | . 50 | 1.53 | 1.44 | 1.32 | 1.19 | 1.08 |
| Textile. | . 59 | . 60 | . 49 | . 16 | . 15 | . 10 | . 08 | . 18 | . 30 | . 31 | . 27 | . 21 | . ${ }^{86}$ |
| Paper | 1.42 | 1. 59 | ${ }_{3}^{1.54}$ | . 58 | . 31 | . 18 | . 40 | . 21 | 1.29 | ${ }^{1.19}$ | ${ }^{\text {- }} 9$ | - 97 | . 89 |
| Petroleum. | 2.98 | 3.62 6.19 | 3. <br> 5. 64 <br> 1 | 1.39 | .71 1.23 | - 1.34 | .70 1.67 | .87 1.26 | 3. 10 4.04 | - 3.92 | 2. ${ }^{2} 84$ | 2. 51 | 2. 30 |
|  | 12.86 | 15. 16 | 17.20 | 5.63 | 4. 16 | 2.83 | 4.58 | 7. 13 | 22.39 | 23.26 | 22.51 | 23.35 | 27.36 |
|  | Adjusted for seasonal variation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manuracturing ${ }^{\text {3 }}$ |  |  |  | 8.56 | 6.76 | 7.26 | 6.92 | 6.71 | 24. 17 | 22.82 | 22.04 | 21.22 | 20.32 |
| Durable goods ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  | 4.33 | 3.39 | 3. 52 | 2.91 | 3.35 | 12.90 | 12.21 | 11. 80 | 10. 98 | 10.78 |
| Primary metals. |  |  |  | . 61 | . 60 | 1.04 | . 39 | . 72 | 3.87 | 3.68 | 3.92 | 3.48 | 3.43 |
| Electrical machinery. |  |  |  | . 78 | . 42 | . 40 | . 55 | . 48 | 2.30 | 2.15 | 1.98 | 1.97 | 1.97 |
| Machinery except electrical |  |  |  | . 71 | . 99 | . 82 | . 81 | . 56 | 1. 60 | 1. 66 | 1.60 | 1. 63 | 1.47 |
| Transportation equipment ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  | . 84 | . 45 | . 36 | . 36 | . 65 | 2.81 | 2.59 | 2.38 | 2. 23 | 2.35 |
| Stone, clay, and glass.....- |  |  |  | . 32 | . 12 | . 22 | . 16 | . 23 | . 76 | . 62 | . 60 | . 53 | . 54 |
| Nondurable goods ${ }^{\text {a }}$. |  |  |  | 4. 23 | 3.37 | 3.74 | 4.01 | 3.36 | 11.27 | 10.61 | 10.25 | 10.25 | 9. 55 |
| Food including beverage |  |  |  | . 71 | . 59 | . 63 | . 59 | . 54 | 1.61 | 1.50 | 1.44 | 1.33 | 1. 18 |
| Textile.-....-. |  |  |  | . 21 | . 14 | . 10 | . 07 | . 20 | . 33 | . 33 | . 29 | . 23 | . 29 |
| Paper.-. |  |  |  | . 49 | . 29 | . 20 | . 64 | .16 | 1.20 | 1.08 | . 85 | 1.10 | . 92 |
| Chemical. |  |  |  | 94 | 55 | . 81 | . 85 | 78 | 3. 13 | 2.81 | 2. 70 | 2.73 | 2.65 |
| Petroleum |  |  |  | 1.42 | 1.28 | 1.51 | 1.42 | 1.26 | 3. 99 | 3.85 | 3.93 | 3. 89 | 3.63 |
| Public utilities |  |  |  | 3.95 | 4.84 | 3.65 | 4.91 | 5. 10 | 21. 12 | 22.77 | 22.96 | 24.45 | 25.89 |

1. Starts are estimated by adding changes in carryover to expenditures during the given period.
2. Carryover refers to expenditures yet to be incurred on plant and equipment projects already underway at end of period.
3. Includes data not shown separately.
4. Includes guided missiles and space vehicles.

NOTE,--Details may not add to totals because of rounding.
Sources: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, and the Securities and Exehange Commission.
reported in the February survey, but there are offsetting movements within the group. Railroads and airlines report large downward revisions while expanded programs are reported by mining, other transportation, and commercial industries.

## Annual investment programs

Nonmanufacturing industries, taken together, project a 7.3 percent rise in spending from 1970 to 1971, while a decline of 4.2 percent is expected by manufacturers. In nonmanufacturing, the strongest expected increases are 21 percent for electric utility firms and 18 percent for transportation companies other than railroads and airlines. In the latter group, pipelines and water transport firms are projecting sharp increases in expenditures over 1970 levels. Communications companies project an increase of 11 percent, with smaller increases expected by mining and commercial firms. Airlines, which increased spending 21 percent in 1970, expect a decrease of 40 percent this year as a result of reductions and postponements in jumbo jet acquisitions. Railroads and gas companies expect 1971 outlays to be about 3 percent below last year's.
Manufacturers of durable goods expect a 7 percent decline in capital outlays this year and nondurable goods producers a $11 / 2$ percent decline. Producers of iron and steel, aircraft, nonelectrical machinery, paper, and rubber products expect to reduce investment by 10 percent or more. Declines ranging between 4 percent and 8 percent are scheduled by the nonferrous metal, electrical machinery, motor vehicle, stone, clay, and glass, and food-beverage industries. The petroleum and "other nondurable goods" industries, moving counter to the general trend in manufacturing, expect to increase expenditures in 1971 by 7 percent and $91 / 2$ percent, respectively.

## Investment determinants are mixed

Factors believed to be influential determinants of near-term investment show a mixed pattern during the early months of 1971. Thus far this year, economic activity has increased and profits and cash flow have improved-
factors which would tend to support rising capital expenditures. In addition, interest rates were reduced from their mid-1970 level, although part of this decline has more recently been erased. The major factors on the negative side are the continued inflation in the cost of equipment and construction, and the unusually low rate of capacity utilization in manufacturing. Reflecting the latter factor, the latest OBE-SEC survey indicates a sharp decline in the proportion of manufacturers' facilities considered inadequate to meet production requirements over the next 12 months.

## Quarterly patterns

Spending by manufacturers as a group is expected to show relatively little change for the rest of 1971, following a $1 \frac{1}{2}$ percent decrease in the first quarter. Spending by durable goods producers fell 5 percent in the first quarter but is expected to rise 3 percent in the second and $11 / 2$ percent in the third. Nondurable goods pro-
ducers had a small increase in the first quarter; they project a small decline in the second quarter followed by essential stability through yearend.

Spending by the nonmanufacturing industries as a group increased $2 / 2$ percent in the first quarter; it is expected to rise 6 percent in the second quarter and then to hold about unchanged in the second half. All component industries except mining and gas utilities are contributing to the unusually sharp expected rise in the second quarter.

The electric utilities and the communications industry constitute strong spots in the current investment picture. The $\$ 12.9$ billion expenditure expected by electric utilities in 1971 represents a 21 percent increase over 1970; the communications industry expects an 11 percent increase to $\$ 11.2$ billion. Spending by both industries rose about one-fifth from 1969 to 1970.

## Manufacturers' capacity evaluation

Manufacturers' evaluations of the adequacy of their March 31 plant and

Table 4.-Manufacturers' Evaluation of Their Capacity
[Percent distribution of gross capital assets] 1

|  | 1967 | 1968 |  |  |  | 1969 |  |  |  | 1970 |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1971 \\ \hdashline \begin{array}{c} \text { Mar. } \\ 31 \end{array} \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & \mathbf{3 1} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{31}{\text { Mar. }}$ | ${ }_{\mathbf{J u n e}}$ | Sept. 30 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 31 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ \mathbf{3 1} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { June } \\ 30 \end{gathered}$ | Sept. 30 | Dec. $31$ | $\underset{31}{\mathrm{Mar}}$ | ${ }_{30}$ | Sept. 30 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 31 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| More plant and equipment needed: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All manufacturing | 43 | 40 | 41 | 45 | 47 | 48 | 43 | 44 | 46 | 44 | 42 | 41 | 40 | 33 |
| Durable goods ${ }^{2}$ | 38 | 39 | 41 | 44 | 45 | 46 | 40 | 40 | 39 | 37 | 34 | 33 | 31 | 28 |
| Primary metals. | 31 | 35 | 41 | 44 | 41 | 41 | 30 | 31 | 33 | 30 | 30 | 32 | 25 | 20 |
| Metal fabricators ${ }^{3}$ | 43 | 47 | 44 | 46 | 49 | 49 | 49 | 47 | 43 | 41 | 36 | 35 | 35 | 34 |
| Nondurable goods ${ }^{2}$ | 49 | 40 | 41 | 45 | 49 | 49 | 46 | 48 | 53 | 51 | 49 | 48 | 50 | 38 |
| Food including beverage. | 42 | 38 | 41 | 49 | 54 | 46 | 43 | 44 | 47 | 46 | 44 | 44 | 40 | 38 |
| Chemical.----.-.--...... | 78 | 67 | 65 | 71 | 58 | 72 | 56 | 71 | 73 | 68 | 68 | 48 | 57 | 43 |
| Petroleum. | 39 | 27 | 29 | 32 | 40 | 39 | 41 | 42 | 47 | 48 | 47 | 61 | 60 | 38 |
| About adequate: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All manufacturing - | 52 | 55 | 53 | 50 | 48 | 47 | 52 | 51 | 49 | 50 | 52 | 51 | 53 | 60 |
| Durable goods ${ }^{\text {2 }}$--........-- | 55 | 53 | 50 | 48 | 48 | 47 | 53 | 53 | 53 | 53 | 56 | 55 | 61 | 63 |
| Primary metals. | 53 | 50 | 44 | 41 | 45 | 44 | 56 | 54 | 52 | 54 | 54 | 51 | 73 | 77 |
| Metal fabricators ${ }^{3}$ | 54 | 49 | 51 | 50 | 48 | 48 | 48 | 50 | 52 | 52 | 56 | 54 | 54 | 55 |
| Nondurable goods ${ }^{2}$ | 49 | 58 | 56 | 52 | 48 | 48 | 51 | 49 | 44 | 47 | 48 | 48 | 45 | 57 |
| Food including beverage - | 53 | 57 | 53 | 45 | 41 | 49 | 53 | 53 | 49 | 51 | 53 | 51 | 52 | 52 |
| Chemical...-...........-- | 20 | 31 | 33 | 27 | 40 | 25 | 43 | 27 | 26 | 31 | 31 | 51 | 40 | 53 |
| Petroleum | 60 | 72 | 70 | 67 | 59 | 60 | 58 | 57 | 53 | 52 | 53 | 39 | 40 | 62 |
| Existing plant and equipment exceeds needs: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All manufacturing. | 5 | 5 | 6 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 6 | 6 | 8 | 7 | 7 |
| Durable goods ${ }^{2}$ | 7 | 8 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 8 | 10 | 10 | 12 | 8 | 9 |
| Primary metals. | 16 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 14 | 15 | 14 | 15 | 15 | 16 | 16 | 17 | 2 | 3 |
| Metal fabricators ${ }^{3}$-----. | 3 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 5 | 7 | 8 | 11 | 11 | 11 |
| Nondurable goods ${ }^{2}$........ | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 5 |
| Food including beverage. | 5 | 5 | 6 | 6 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 5 | 8 | 10 |
| Chemical.........-.....- | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 4 |
| Petroleum. | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

1. According to respondent companies' characterizations of their plant and equipment facilities, taking into account their current and prospective sales for the next 12 months.
2. Includes industries not shown separately.
3. Includes machinery, transportation equipment, and fabricated metals industries.

Sources: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, and the Securities and Exchange Commission.
equipment, taking into account prospective sales over the next 12 months, indicate a sharp reduction from December 31 to March 31 in the need for more facilities. Companies owning 33 percent of total fixed assets in manufacturing

CHART 9

## Plant and Equipment Expenditures


report that they need more facilities, as against 40 percent in December 1970 and 44 percent in March 1970. An easing of pressures for additional facilities is reported by all major manufacturing groups, but the decline is particularly sharp in the petroleum industry; here, the share of assets reported as inadequate dropped from 60 percent at yearend to 38 percent on March 31. The chemical industry also reports a sharp decline, amounting to 14 percentage points.
Companies reporting plant and equipment capacity in excess of current and near-term needs accounted for 7 percent of assets at the end of March, about the same proportion as in December and March 1970. The "excess" ratio for the food industry has been rising and reached 10 percent at March 31 while the ratio for metal fabricators remained at a high 11 percent. In the primary metals industry, the "excess" ratio has dropped steeply since last fall and is
now only 3 percent. Facilities viewed as "about adequate" represented 60 percent of manufacturers' fixed assets as of March 31, up from the 53 percent reported 3 months earlier and the 50 percent reported 12 months earlier.

## Starts and carryover

Investment projects started by manufacturers during the first quarter of 1971 totaled $\$ 6.7$ billion, after seasonal adjustment, down 3 percent from the preceding quarter and 22 percent from a year earlier. Durable goods manufacturers reported a 15 percent increase from the fourth quarter to the first, but this was more than offset by a reduction in starts by nondurable goods producers. There were substantial increases in starts by iron and steel, nonferrous metals, motor vehicle, and stone, clay, and glass manufacturers; starts by both electrical and nonelectrical machinery manufacturers de-
clined. Among the nondurables, declines in the paper, chemical, and petroleum industries more than offset increases in the textile and rubber industries.
The value of new projects started by manufacturers was smaller than their capital expenditures in the first quarter. Consequently, there was a decline in carryover-the amounts still to be spent on projects already underway. Manufacturers' carryover was $\$ 20.3$ billion (seasonally adjusted) at the end of March, down $\$ 900$ million from December 31, 1970 and $\$ 3.8$ billion from March 31, 1970. Declines in carryover in the first quarter were widespread among the major industries.
Starts by public utilities totaled $\$ 5.1$ billion in the first quarter, up 4 percent from the fourth quarter and 29 percent from the first quarter of 1970 . Carryover by the utilities reached a record $\$ 25.9$ billion at the end of March, up $\$ 1.4$ billion over the quarter and $\$ 4.8$ billion from a year earlier.

Table 5.-Expenditures for New Plant and Equipment by U.S. Business, ${ }^{1}$ 1969-1971
[Billions of dollars]

|  | Annual |  |  | Quarterly, unadjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Quarterly, seasonally adjusted annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1969 | 1970 | $1971{ }^{2}$ | 1969 |  |  |  | 1970 |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  | 1969 |  |  |  | 1970 |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | I | II | III | IV | 1 | II | III | IV | I | [12 | III2 | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II ${ }^{2}$ | III ${ }^{2}$ |
| All industries. | 75. 56 | 79.71 | 81.85 | 16. 04 | 18,81 | 19.25 | 21.46 | 17.47 | 20,33 | 20. 26 | 21. 66 | 17.68 | 20.80 | 20.68 | 72.52 | 73. 94 | 77.84 | 77.84 | 78. 22 | 80, 22 | 81,88 | 78. 63 | 79.32 | 82. 38 | 82.83 |
| Manufacturing industries. | . 68 | 31.95 | 30.60 | 6.58 | 7.82 | 8. 16 | 9. 12 | 7.14 | 8.15 | 7.99 | 8.66 | 6. 69 | 7.66 | 7.69 | 29.99 | 31. 16 | 33.05 | 32.39 | 32. 44 | 32.43 | 32.15 | 30.98 | 30.46 | 30.54 | 30.68 |
| Durable goods | 15.96 | 15.80 | 14. 67 | 3. 36 | 3.98 | 4.03 | 4. 59 | 3. 59 | 4.08 | 3.87 | 4.26 | 3.11 | 3. 68 | 3.68 | 15. 47 | 15. 98 | 16. 53 | 15.88 | 16. 40 | 16. 32 | 15.74 | 14.92 | 14. 21 | 14. 66 | 14.89 |
| Primary metals ${ }^{\text {B }}$ | 3.23 | 3.24 | 2.98 | . 71 | . 81 | . 81 | . 90 | . 69 | . 78 | . 81 | . 95 | -6. 65 | . 74 | . 74 | 3.37 | 3.31 | 3.20 | 3. 09 | 3. 28 | 3.15 | 3.21 | 3. 31 | 3. 08 | 3. 00 | 2. 91 |
| Blast furnace, steel works | 1.83 | 1.68 | 1.47 | . 41 | . 47 | . 45 | . 50 | . 35 | . 43 | . 42 | . 47 | .33 | .37 | . 36 | 1.98 | 1. 91 | 1.80 | 1.70 | 1.72 | 1.73 | 1. 67 | 1. 60 | 1. 60 | 1. 50 | 1. 14 |
| Nonferrous.-....-. | 1. 10 | 1.24 | 1.13 | . 23 | . 27 | . 28 | . 32 | . 27 | . 28 | . 31 | . 38 | .24 | . 26 | . 28 | 1. 04 | 1. 12 | 1. 11 | 1. 12 | 1.25 | 1. 12 | 1. 21 | 1.35 | 1. 1.08 | 1. 10 | 1.12 |
| Electrical machinery-- | 2. 03 | 2.27 | 2.13 | . 39 | . 50 | . 49 | . 65 | . 48 | . 56 | . 55 | . 68 | . 41 | . 55 | . 55 | 1. 86 | 2. 04 | 2. 02 | 2. 16 | 2.25 | 2. 27 | 2. 28 | 2. 27 | 1. 94 | 2.22 | 2. 28 |
| Machinery, except electrical | 3. 44 | 3. 47 | 3. 10 | . 72 | . 84 | . 87 | 1.01 | . 82 | . 93 | . 84 | . 88 | . 65 | . 78 | . 78 | 3. 22 | 3. 34 | 3.66 | 3. 50 | 3.62 | 3.69 | 3. 52 | 3.12 | 2. 88 | 3.08 | 3. 23 |
| Transportation equipment ${ }^{\text {M }}$ | 2.76 | 2.43 1.59 | 2.18 1.52 | .59 <br> .34 | .69 .40 | .77 .46 | . 71 | .60 .38 | $\begin{array}{r}.68 \\ .47 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | .60 .41 | .55 <br> .34 | . 47 | .55 .40 | . 58 | 2. 76 <br> 1. 57 | 2.73 1.55 | 3. 1.78 | 2.60 1.67 | 2.74 1.70 | 2.71 1.85 | 2.29 | 2. 1.24 | 2. 16 | 2.16 | 2. 18 |
| Aircraft 4. | . 83 | . 54 | . 42 | . 18 | . 22 | . 23 | . 19 | . 14 | . 14 | . 12 | . 13 | . 09 | .10 | . 11 | . 88 | . 92 | . 92 | . 64 | . 67 | . 58 | . 48 | . 46 | . 44 | . 40 | . 42 |
| Stone, clay and glass | 1. 07 | . 99 | . 94 | . 23 | . 28 | . 27 | . 30 | . 24 | . 27 | . 22 | . 26 | . 20 | . 23 | . 23 | 1. 03 | 1. 11 | 1.14 | 1.01 | 1.06 | 1.05 | . 94 | . 92 | . 87 | 88 | . 97 |
| Other durables ${ }^{\text {s }}$ - | 3.44 | 3.41 | 3.34 | . 71 | . 86 | . 84 | 1.02 | . 76 | . 87 | . 84 | . 94 | . 72 | . 83 | . 81 | 3. 24 | 3.45 | 3. 50 | 3. 52 | 3. 45 | 3.46 | 3.50 | 3.27 | 3. 29 | 3.32 | 3.32 |
| Nondurable goods | 15. 72 | 16. 15 | 15, 93 | 3.22 | 3, 84 | 4.12 | 4. 53 | 3.56 | 4.07 | 4.12 | 4. 40 | 3. 58 | 3. 98 | 4.01 | 14. 52 | 15. 18 | 16. 52 | 16.50 | 16.05 | 16. 11 | 16.40 | 16.05 | 16.25 | 15.88 | 15. 79 |
| Food including beverage | 2.59 | 2. 84 | 2.66 | . 54 | . 64 | . 68 | . 73 | . 67 | . 74 | . 72 | . 71 | . 62 | . 68 | . 67 | 2.45 | 2. 38 | 2. 68 | 2.86 | 3. 00 | 2.80 | 2.80 | 2. 79 | 2.76 | 2.64 | 2. 58 |
| Textile | . 63 | . 56 | . 54 | 13 | . 16 | . 17 | . 16 | . 13 | . 15 | . 14 | . 14 | , 12 | . 14 | . 14 |  |  | . 69 | . 61 | . 58 | ${ }_{1} 57$ | . 55 | . 53 | . 55 | . 55 | . 56 |
| Paper | 1. 58 | 1.65 | 1.39 | .31 | . 40 | . 41 | . 46 | . 37 | . 43 | . 42 | . 43 | . 29 | . 36 | . 37 | 1. 42 | 1. 58 | 1. 62 | 1. 70 | 1.71 | 1.65 | 1. 68 | 1. 59 | 1. 34 | 1.39 | 1. 44 |
| Chemical. | 3.10 | 3. 44 | 3.36 | . 67 | . 76 | . 76 | . 91 | . 76 | . 89 | . 87 | . 92 | . 78 | . 87 | . 81 | 3.00 | 2.95 | 3.19 | 3.22 | 3.32 | 3.44 | 3. 67 | 3.32 | 3.43 | 3.36 | 3. 38 |
| Petroleum | 5. 63 | 5. 62 | 6. 01 | 1.12 | 1. 32 | 1. 49 | 1. 68 | 1. 14 | 1. 38 | 1. 44 | 1. 66 | 1.31 | 1.43 | 1. 52 | 5. 04 | 5.41 | 5. 98 | 5. 98 | 5.15 | 5. 68 | 5. 70 | 5.86 | 6. 06 | 5. 96 | 5. 97 |
| Rubber | 1.09 | . 94 | + 76 | . 24 | . 28 | . 28 | . 28 | . 24 | . 25 | . 23 | . 22 | .19 | . 20 | . 18 | 1.07 | 1. 12 | 1.13 | 1.04 | 1.10 | . 98 | .90 | .80 1.15 | + <br> 186 | .78 1.20 | ¢ <br> 1.14 |
| Other nondurables ${ }^{6}$ | 1.10 | 1.11 | 1.21 | . 21 | 27 | . 32 | . 30 | 25 | . 25 | 20 |  |  |  | . 31 | . 94 | 1. 11 | 1.24 | 1.09 | 1.18 | 1.00 | 1.10 | 1. 15 | 1. 26 | 1.20 | 1. 14 |
| Nonmanufacturing industries. | 43,88 | 47, 76 | 51.25 | 9.45 | 10.99 | 11.10 | 12.34 | 10.32 | 12. 18 | 12.27 | 12.99 | 10.99 | 13. 15 | 12.99 | 42.53 | 42.78 | 44.80 | 45.46 | 45,78 | 47.79 | 49.73 | 47.66 | 48.86 | 51.84 | 52.15 |
| Mining | 1.86 | 1. 89 | 1. 99 | . 42 | . 48 | . 47 | . 49 | . 45 | . 47 | . 46 | . 50 | . 49 | . 52 | . 49 | 1.83 | 1.88 | 1.89 | 1.85 | 1.92 | 1.84 | 1.86 | 1.94 | 2. 04 | 2.01 | 2. 00 |
| Railroad. | 1. 86 | 1.78 | 1.73 | . 38 | . 44 | . 49 | . 55 | . 42 | . 47 | . 46 | . 43 | . 34 | . 50 | . 45 | 1.68 | 1. 76 | 2. 06 | 1.94 | 1.74 | 1.88 | 1.96 | 1. 56 | 1. 46 | 2.00 | 1. 87 |
| Air transportation. | 2.51 | 3. 03 | 1.82 | . 68 | . 66 | . 53 | . 64 | . 73 | . 80 | . 74 | . 76 | . 34 | . 61 | . 36 | 2.89 | 2.22 | 2.23 | 2.80 | 2.94 | 2.88 | 3.24 | 3.08 | 1. 29 | 2. 30 | 1.56 |
| Other transportation | 1. 68 | 1. 23 | 1.45 | . 38 | . 46 | . 40 | . 44 | . 28 | . 31 | . 30 | . 33 | . 28 | . 41 | . 40 | 1.87 | 1. 66 | 1. 65 | 1.63 | 1.37 | 1.12 | 1.22 | 1. 22 | 1.33 | 1. 59 | 1. 56 |
| Public utilities | 11.61 | 13.14 | 15.32 | 2.36 | 2.99 | 3.03 | 3.23 | 2.54 | 3.28 | 3. 58 | 3. 74 | 3.11 | 3.90 | 4.02 | 11. 52 | 11.68 | 11. 48 | 11.80 | 12.14 | 12.72 | 13.84 | 13.68 | 14. 64 | 15. 18 | 15. 64 |
| Electric--.-- | 8.94 | 10.65 | 12.89 | 1.88 | 2. 22 | 2.23 | 2.61 | 2. 15 | 2.59 | 2. 79 | 3.12 | 2. 70 | 3. 30 | 3.25 | 8. 62 | 8.71 | 8. 98 | 9.36 | 9.77 | 10. 15 | 11.34 | 11.20 | 12. 16 | 12.98 | 13.15 |
| Gas and other | 2. 67 | 2.49 | 2.43 | . 48 | . 77 | . 80 | . 62 | . 39 | . 69 | . 78 | . 63 | . 41 | . 60 | . 77 | 2. 90 | 2.97 | 2.50 | 2.44 | 2.37 | 2.57 | 2.50 | 2.48 | 2.48 | 2.20 | 2.49 |
| Communication. | 8.30 | 10.10 | 11. 23 | 1.81 | 2.00 | 2. 11 | 2.39 | 2. 14 | 2. 59 | 2. 56 | 2.81 | 2. 50 |  |  | 7.74 | 7.92 | 8. 71 | 8.76 | 9. 14 | 10.38 | 10.62 | 10. 20 | 10.70 |  | 29. 51 |
| Commercial and other ${ }^{7}$ | 16. 05 | 16.59 | 17. 71 | 3.41 | 3.97 | 4.07 | 4.60 | 3. 76 | 4.26 | 4. 16 | 4.42 | 3.94 | 7.21 | 7.26 | 15.00 | 15. 67 | 16. 78 | 16.67 | 16. 52 | 16.98 | 17.00 | 15.97 | 17.39 | \}28. 75 | 29.51 |

[^2][^3]
# Manuiacturers' Inventory and Sales Expectations, Second and Third Quarters 1971 

MANUFACTURERS expect moderate inventory additions during the second and third quarters; they also look forward to sizable sales gains in the same period. These expectations imply that the recent decline in stocksales ratios will continue through September 30.

Manufacturers also reported inventories in better balance on March 31 than at any time since late 1968. Both the percentage of producers' stocks held by companies who judged their inventories "high" and the amount of imbalance in the holdings of these companies fell in the first quarter.

These are the results of the OBE quarterly Inventory and Sales Expectations Survey conducted in May.

## Inventory additions

Manufacturers' inventories fell $\$ 200$ million during the first 3 months this year, the first quarterly decline in about 10 years. Manufacturers now expect additions of $\$ 600$ million this quarter and $\$ 900$ million in the third.

Durable goods producers, who cut inventories $\$ 200$ million in the first quarter, expect additions of $\$ 350 \mathrm{mil}-$ lion in the March-June period and $\$ 600$ million in June-September. Additions averaged $\$ 500$ million per quarter in 1970.

Nondurable goods producers' inventories showed little change in the opening quarter of 1971, after rising an average of $\$ 400$ million per quarter last year. These producers expect to add $\$ 200$ million to stocks in the second quarter and $\$ 300$ million in the third.

Both durable and nondurable goods producers reduced their stock-sales ratios between December 31 and March 31. They project further decreases through September 30. Durable goods producers' stocks on March 31 were equivalent to 2.09 months of sales at
the average first quarter rate. The ratio is projected at 2.05 on June 30 and 1.99 on September 30. The nondurables ratio was 1.30 on March 31 and is projected at 1.28 on June 30 and 1.26 on September 30.

## Sales expectations

Manufacturers expect sales advances of 2 percent in the second quarter and 3 percent in the third. These gains are below the 5 percent rise of the first
quarter, when the economy was recovering from the auto strike, but exceed the performance last year when sales fell in the opening and closing quarters and rose moderately in the other two.

Durable goods producers' sales rose $61 / 2$ percent in the first quarter-more than offsetting the fourth quarter decline-with auto and steel sales showing especially strong increases. An increase of 2 percent is projected for the second quarter and 4 percent for the third. Steel producers expect a sharp gain this quarter, followed by a decline in the third. Auto producers' sales are expected to decline this quarter, following the sharp post-strike rise, and then to advance in the third. Suppliers of construction materials expect sizable gains in both periods.

Nondurable goods producers' sales rose 3 percent in the first quarter. They are expected to rise $11 / 2$ percent in the

CHART 10

## Manufacturers' Sales and Invertory Expectations

- Sales growth in second and third quarters expected to exceed last year's pace; inventories expected to rise moderately
- Stock-sales ratios to continue recent decline

DURABLE GOODS
NONDURABLE GOODS


- Expectations
U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

71-6-10
second and $21 / 2$ percent in the third. The expected changes are a considerable improvement over last year's experience. Both paper and rubber producers are projecting substantial advances this quarter and next.

## Inventory condition, March 31

Manufacturers began last September 30 to report improvements in inventory
condition relative to prospective sales and unfilled orders. Companies holding 19 percent of producers' stocks judged their March 31 inventories "high"a lower proportion than in any quarter of 1969 or 1970.

Companies holding 22 percent of durable goods stocks considered their inventories "high"-down 1 percentage point from December 31 and 5 points

Table 1.-Manufacturers' Inventories and Sales: Actual and Expected

| [Billions of dollars] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1968 |  |  |  | 1969 |  |  |  | 1970 |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  |
|  | I | II | III | Iv | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II : | III ${ }^{1}$ |
| Inventories, end of quarter: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unadjusted: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All manufacturing. | 84.3 | 85.8 | 86.4 | 88.2 | 90.9 | 92.5 | 93.4 | 95.5 | 97.5 | 98.1 | 97.8 | 99.1 | 99.9 | 100.4 | 100. 1 |
| Durables | 54. 6 | 55.8 | 56.1 | 57.0 | 59.3 | 60.9 | 61.6 | 63.1 | 64.6 | 64.8 | 64.8 | 65.1 | 65.7 | 66.1 | 65.9 |
| Nondurables | 29.7 | 30.0 | 30.3 | 31.2 | 31.6 | 31.6 | 31.8 | 32.4 | 32.9 | 33.3 | 33.0 | 34.0 | 34.2 | 34.3 | 34.2 |
| Seasonally adjusted: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All manufacturing.... | 83, 8 | 85.6 | 87.1 | 88.6 | 90.4 | 92.2 | 94.2 | 95.9 | 97.0 | 97.7 | 98.7 | 99.6 | 99.4 | 100.0 | 100.9 |
| Durables... | 54.3 | 55.5 | 56.5 | 57.4 | 59.0 | 60.5 | 62.1 | 63.5 | 64.3 | 64.4 | 65.3 | 65.5 | 65.4 | 65.7 | 66.3 |
| Nondurables | 29.5 | 30.1 | 30.6 | 31.2 | 31.4 | 31.7 | 32.1 | 32.4 | 32.7 | 33.3 | 33.3 | 34, 1 | 34.1 | 34.3 | 34.6 |
| Sales, total for quarter: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unadjusted: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All manufacturing.... | 144.9 | 153.9 | 148.7 | 157.1 | 159.1 | 166.9 | 162.2 | 168.5 | 165.1 | 171.3 | 165.4 | 164.8 | 172.2 | 181.5 | 176.7 |
| Durables | 80.5 | 85.8 | 79.1 | 86. 4 | 89.1 | 93.7 | 88.5 | 93.7 | 90.1 | 94.6 | 88.6 | 88.2 | 94.3 | 100.4 | 94.7 |
| Nondurables | 64.4 | 68.1 | 69.6 | 70.7 | 70.0 | 73.2 | 73.7 | 74.8 | 75.1 | 76.7 | 76.8 | 76. 6 | 77.9 | 81.1 | 82.0 |
| Seasonally adjusted: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All manufacturing. | 145.4 | 149.6 | 152.6 | 156. 6 | 159.6 | 162.3 | 167.4 | 168.1 | 165.9 | 166.6 | 170.2 | 164.8 | 172.9 | 176.3 | 182.1 |
| Durables----- | 80.3 | 82.2 | 83.1 | 85.9 | 88.8 | 89.9 | 93.7 | 93.3 | 90.0 | 90.8 | 93.4 | 88.2 | 94.0 | 96. 1 | 100.0 |
| Nondurables | 65.1 | 67.4 | 69.5 | 70.7 | 70.8 | 72.5 | 73.7 | 74.8 | 75.9 | 75.9 | 76.7 | 76.6 | 78.9 | 80.2 | 82.1 |

1. Expectations reported by manufacturers in May 1971. Inventory expectations have been corrected for systematic biases.

Sources: U.S. Department of Commerce. Expectations, Office of Business Economics; actuals, Bureau of the Census.
Table 2.-Manufacturers' Evaluation of the Condition of their Inventories ${ }^{1}$ [Percentage distribution]

|  | Total |  |  | Durables |  |  | Nondurables |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | High | About right | Low | High | About right | Low | High | About right | Low |
| June 30, 1966 September 30, 1966. December 31, 1966 | 18 22 28 | 78 75 70 | 4 3 2 2 | 21 27 33 | 75 70 765 | 4 <br> 3 <br> 2 | 13 14 18 | 83 83 79 | 4 3 3 |
| March 31, 1967 June 30, 1967 September 30, 1967 December 31, 1967. | 31 31 31 27 25 | 68 68 69 69 7 | 1 2 4 4 3 | 37 36 34 34 31 | 62 63 63 67 | 1 1 3 2 2 | 20 20 15 15 | 78 76 81 81 | 2 4 4 4 4 |
| March 31, 1968 June 30, 1968 September 30, 1968 December 31, 1968 | 25 25 24 24 18 | 72 72 73 80 80 | 3 3 3 3 2 | 31 31 31 28 19 | 66 66 70 79 79 | 2 2 2 2 | 15 16 16 16 | 82 80 89 82 82 | 3 4 4 5 2 |
| March 31, 1969 <br> June 30, 1969. <br> September 30, 1969 <br> December 31, 1969 | 20 21 23 23 23 | 78 77 76 76 | 2 2 2 1 1 | 21 22 22 25 25 | 77 76 73 73 | 2 2 1 1 2 | 17 18 17 18 | 82 80 82 81 81 | 1 2 |
| March 31, 1970 June 30, 1970 September 30, 1970 December 31, 1970 | 24 24 24 22 21 | 75 75 77 78 | 1 1 1 1 | 27 28 25 23 | 72 71 74 76 | 1 1 1 1 | 19 17 16 16 | 80 81 82 83 83 | 1 2 2 1 |
| March 31, 1971. | 19 | 79 | 2 | 22 | 77 | 1 | 13 | 85 | 2 |

[^4]Note.-Due to change in survey questionnaire, data starting December 31, 1968 are not strictly comparable to prior data. Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.
from last March 31, when the ratio was close to its cyclical peak. Metal producers reported 17 percent of their holdings in the "high" category at the end of March; metal fabricators, 23 percent.

A "high" ratio of 13 percent was reported by nondurable goods pro-ducers-down 3 points from yearend and 6 points from March 1970.

The major proportion of stocks was judged "about right"- $\mathbf{7 7}$ percent for durables and 85 percent for nondurables. The "low" ratio remained insignificant at 1 and 2 percent, respectively.

## Inventory imbalance, March 31

Manufacturers reported that their March 31 inventories were $\$ 2.1$ billion in excess of needs (netting excesses of companies with "high" stocks against deficiencies of companies with "low" stocks). This excess is equivalent to 2.1 percent of all producers' stocks. Excesses have been falling for the past year but the first quarter decline was larger than that of any 1970 quarter.
(Continued on page 29)
Table 3.-Inventory Imbalance

|  | Inventory excess | Inventory deficiency | Net excess |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Amount | Percent of total inventories |
|  | (Billions of dollars) |  |  |  |
| All manufacturers: |  |  |  |  |
| Dec. 31, 1968 | 1. 73 | 0.25 | 1. 48 | 1.7 |
| Mar. 31, 1969 | 1.87 | . 16 | 1.71 | 1.9 |
| June 30, 1969 | 1.96 | . 24 | 1.72 | 1. 9 |
| Sept. 30, 1969 | 2.36 | .15 | 2.21 | 2.4 |
| Dec. 31, 1969. | 2.50 | . 16 | 2.34 | 2.5 |
| Mar. 31, 1970 | 2. 58 | . 10 | 2.48 | 2.5 |
| June 30, 1970 | 2.62 | . 15 | 2.47 | 2.5 |
| Sept. 30, 1970. | 2.48 | . 11 | 2.37 | 2.4 |
| Dec. 31, 1970. | -2.44 | .13 | r2.31 | 2.3 |
| Mar. 31, 1971 | 2.26 | . 14 | 2.13 | 2.1 |
| Durable goods: |  |  |  |  |
| Dec. 31, 1968. | 1. 19 | . 20 | . 99 | 1. 7 |
| Mar. 31, 1969... | 1.31 | . 12 | 1. 19 | 2. 0 |
| June 30, 1969. | 1.35 | . 18 | 1.17 | 1.9 |
| Sept. 30, 1969 | 1.75 | . 11 | 1. 64 | 2.7 |
| Dec. 31, 1969... | 1.91 | . 13 | 1. 78 | 2.8 |
| Mar. 31, 1970... | 1.97 | . 09 | 1.88 | 2.9 |
| June 30, 1970 | 2.00 | . 10 | 1. 90 | 2.9 |
| Sept. 30, 1970 | 1.94 | . 07 | 1.87 | +2.9 |
| Dec. 31, 1970. | $\begin{array}{r}+1.88 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\stackrel{.}{ } .07$ | r1.81 | 「2.8 |
| Mar. 31, 1971. | 1.76 | . 07 | 1. 70 | 2.6 |
| Nondurable goods: |  |  |  |  |
| Dec. 31, 1968 | . 54 | . 05 | . 49 | 1.6 |
| Mar. 31, 1969. | . 56 | . 04 | . 52 | 1.6 |
| June 30, 1969 | . 61 | . 06 | . 55 | 1.7 |
| Sept. 30, 1969 | . 61 | . 04 | . 57 | 1.8 |
| Dec. 31, 1969 | . 59 | . 03 | . 56 | 1.7 |
| Mar. 31, 1970. | . 61 | . 01 | . 60 | 1.8 |
| June 30, 1970 | . 62 | . 05 | . 57 | 1.7 |
| Sept. 30, 1970. | $\xrightarrow{.54}$ | -. 04 | . 50 | 1.5 +1.5 |
| Dec. 31, 1970.- | -. 56 | r. 06 | r. 50 | -1.5 |
| Mar. 31, 1971... | . 50 | . 07 | . 43 | 1.3 |

${ }^{+}$Revised.
Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

# International Travel, Passenger Fares, and 0ther Transportation in the U.S. Balance of Payments: 1970 

INTERNATIONAL travel, passenger fare, and other transportation transactions last year resulted in U.S. payments to foreigners of nearly $\$ 8$ billion, more than $\$ 1$ billion or 15 percent higher than in 1959 . U.S. receipts from such transactions increased 16 percent or $\$ 800$ million, and reached $\$ 6$ billion. The net U.S. payment was almost $\$ 2$ billion, compared with $\$ 1.8$ billion in 1969. The net U.S. payment for travel expenditures and passenger fares was about $\$ 2.5$ billion in 1970 ,

CHART II
U.S. Payments and Receipts for Travel and Transocean Passenger Fares

while there was a modest $\$ 500$ million surplus in the other transportation account.

This article reviews developments affecting the travel, passenger fare, and other transportation accounts that appear in the U.S. balance of international payments. Data on passenger fares for transocean transportation are cited in the discussion of total spending by U.S. residents traveling abroad (and spending by foreign visitors to the United States), although the fares are treated separately in the balance of payments accounts. The article also covers passenger fares of U.S. travelers paid to U.S. transocean carriers, which do not enter the balance of payments accounts but do represent an important part of total spending by U.S. travelers (table 1, memorandum items). Freight payments to U.S. and foreign air and sea carriers and the carriers' port expenditures are also reviewed in this
article, under the heading "other transportation' transactions.

## U.S. Spending for Travel Abroad

U.S. residents spent $\$ 6.2$ billion on foreign travel last year, 15 percent more than in 1969. Dollar earnings of foreign countries increased 16 percent to nearly $\$ 5.2$ billion, including more than $\$ 1.2$ billion in passenger fares paid to foreign sea and air carriers for transocean transportation, and almost $\$ 4$ billion in expenditures for food, lodging, transportation within foreign areas, etc. (table 1, lines 2 and 3). In addition, U.S. travelers paid $\$ 985$ million to U.S. carriers for transocean transportation (table 1, line 18), an amount which does not figure in the U.S. balance of payments.

The weakness of business activity and the rise of unemployment in the United

Table 1.-International Travel, Passenger Fare, and Other Transportation Transactions [Millions of dollars]


States in 1970 appears to have had little impact on U.S. travel outlays, although there was some evidence that certain nearby areas were marginally affected. Travel payments (excluding passenger fares) increased nearly 17 percent, compared with a 12 percent increase in 1969. Travelers' spending in oversea areas rose a sharp 20 percent to a record $\$ 2.2$ billion but spending rose only slightly in the Caribbean area while outlays in South America appear

Table 2.-Travel Payments of U.S. Visitors in Foreign Countries, by Area

| [Millions of dollars] |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1966 | 1967 | 1968 | 1969 | 1970 |
| Total travel payments....- | 2,657 | 3, 195 | 3,022 | 3,390 | 3,953 |
| Canada. | 678 | 1,070 | 820 | 900 | 1,049 |
| Mexico. | 575 | 590 | 630 | 675 | 720 |
| Persons visiting Mexican border only.- | 365 | 372 | 390 | 405 | 425 |
| Oversea areas. | 1,404 | 1,535 | 1,572 | 1,815 | 2,184 |
| Europe and Mediterranean area. | 920 | 1,018 | 993 | 1,160 | 1,425 |
| Western Europe.---- | 846 | 944 | 925 | 1,075 | 1,310 |
| United Kingdom- | 167 | 190 | 198 | 229 | 293 |
| France. | 116 | 119 | 91 | 143 | 160 |
| Italy -- | 153 | 148 | 140 | 142 | 172 |
| Switzerland. | 60 | 67 | 74 | 83 | 108 |
| Germany ---.... | 86 | 104 | 111 | 114 | 148 |
| Austria | 36 | 41 | 40 | 43 | 54 |
| Denmark | 26 | 32 | 30 | 32 | 39 |
| Sweden. | 13 | 22 | 18 | 20 | 24 |
| Norway--.------- | 14 | 19 | 23 | 23 | 31 |
| Netherlands.....-- | 26 | 35 | 40 | 41 | 44 |
| Belgium- Laxembourg. .-. | 13 | 17 | 16 | 18 | 22 |
| Spain.----------- | 53 | 58 | 56 | 80 | 85 |
| Portugal | 19 | 21 | 20 | 25 | 29 |
| Ireland. | 24 | 28 | 32 | 36 | 42 |
| Greece | 34 | 35 | 28 | 37 | 40 |
| Other Western Europe.. | 6 | 8 | 9 | 9 | 19 |
| Other Europe and Mediterranean area $\qquad$ | 74 | 74 | 68 | 85 | 115 |
| Israel | 35 | 33 | 36 | 44 | 62 |
| Other | 39 | 41 | 32 | 41 | 53 |
| West Indies and Central America.- | 259 | 295 | 325 | 375 | 390 |
| Bermuda | 41 | 45 | 50 | 56 | 63 |
| Bahamas. | 73 | 88 | 105 | 132 | 127 |
| Jamaica. | 60 | 66 | 78 | 85 | 95 |
| Other British West Indies. | 24 | 30 | 38 | 42 | 44 |
| Netherlands West |  |  |  |  |  |
| Indies | 12 | 14 | 19 | 16 | 18 |
| Other West Indies and Central |  |  |  |  |  |
| America. | 49 | 52 | 35 | 44 | 43 |
| South America. | 65 | 70 | 87 | 92 | 90 |
| Other Oversea areas..- | 160 | 152 | 167 | 188 | 279 |
| Japan. | 62 | 58 | 60 | 70 | 97 |
| Hong Kong........-. | 30 | 28 | 26 | 35 | 53 |
| Australia-New |  |  |  |  |  |
| Zealand | 18 | 18 | 20 | 27 | 34 |
| Other. | 50 | 48 | 61 | 56 | 95 |

Note.-Excludes travel by military personnel and other Government employees stationed abroad and by their expenditures of cruise travelers, but not their transportation fares or other passenger fares.
號 or passenger lares.
Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.
to have declined fractionally (table 2). Total spending in Mexico was up about 7 percent from 1969, but spending in the areas adjacent to the border rose only 5 percent. A substantial part of the 16 percent increase in travel spending in Canada reflected higher exchange rates for Canadian currency in terms of U.S. dollars, in effect an increase in prices to American visitors.

About 98 percent of the 5.3 million Americans who went overseas traveled by air (table 4). Only about 120,000 traveled by sea, 30,000 fewer than in 1969. However, cruise traffic increased about 25,000 to nearly 560,000 last year, almost all on foreign-flag vessels. As a result of that increase, and the virtual disappearance from the North Atlantic of U.S. flag passenger ships, foreign sea carriers received more from Americans last year than in 1969. Cruise passengers are not included in the count of U.S. travelers because most of their expenditures are in the form of passenger fares, and their shore expenses are minimal.

## Spending in Europe

The introduction of the 747 jet aircraft, with its greater carrying capacity and the public interest it generated, combined with reduced air fares across the Atlantic, contributed to a marked rise last year in U.S. travel to Europe. U.S. travel outlays in Western Europe were $\$ 1.3$ billion, up 22 percent from 1969, while the number of Americans visiting the area reached nearly 2.8 million, also up 22 percent (tables 2 and 3).

Nearly 1.4 million U.S. travelers visited the United Kingdom last year, making it once again the leading oversea destination. Travelers' average spending there increased slightly and the total rose about 28 percent to $\$ 293$ million. The number of U.S. visitors to Italy showed a strong rise of 23 percent, to 870,000 , after 2 years of little change. The average outlay fell slightly and total spending in Italy rose 21 percent. The average outlay was also lower in France, but the number of Americans traveling there rose 21 percent to nearly 1 million and France's receipts
from U.S. travelers rose 12 percent to $\$ 160$ million.

Switzerland and Germany each increased their earnings from U.S. travelers by 30 percent, on the strength of larger numbers of visitors and a slight rise in average outlays. Germany received a total of $\$ 148$ million from about

Table 3.-Number of U.S. Travelers and Their Average Travel Payments in Europe and the Mediterranean


1. Data for Israel are included in Europe and Mediterranean totals but not in Western Europe totals.
Note.-For coverage see table 2; excludes all passenger fares and shore expenditures of cruise travelers; excludes transocean transportation.
Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, based on data of U.S. Department of Justice Immigration and Naturalization Service.

900,000 Americans, Switzerland $\$ 108$ million from 800,000 visitors. Substantial increases in U.S. travel expenditures were generally recorded in the rest of Europe. In the Netherlands and Greece, however, the gains were modest, as average spending fell in both countries.

Table 4.-U.S. Travelers to Oversea Countries by Means of Transportation and by Area

| [Thousands of travelers] |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1966 | 1967 | 1968 | 1969 | 1970 |
| Total | 2,975 | 3,425 | 3,885 | 4,623 | 5,260 |
| Sea. | 220 | 167 | 147 | 151 | 120 |
| Air | 2, 755 | 3,258 | 3,738 | 4,472 | 5, 140 |
| Europe and |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mediterranean | 1,570 | 1,800 | 1,937 | 2, 363 | 2, 898 |
| Western Europe. | n.a. | n.a. | 1,880 | 2,285 | 2, 783 |
| West Indies and Central America. | 1,050 | 1,220 | 1,461 | 1,700 | 1,663 |
| South America | 130 | 175 | 223 | 245 | 249 |
| Other | 225 | 230 | 264 | 315 | 450 |

n.a. Not available.

Note.-For coverage, see table 2; excludes cruise travelers, who numbered about 337,000 in $1966,350,000$ in $1967,380,000$ in 1968, 530,000 in 1969, and 557,000 in 1970.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, based on data of U.S. Department of Justice, Immigration and Naturalization Service.

Table 5.-Average Length of Stay of U.S. Travelers in Selected Regions

| Region | 1966 | 1967 | 1968 | 1969 | 1970 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Europe and Mediterranean | 37 | 33 | 30 | 29 | 27 |
| Caribbean area. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | 11 |
| Bermuda | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | 7 |
| Bahamas | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | 5 |
| South America. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | 22 |
| Far East and other areas.. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | 28 |
| n.a. Not available. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Note.-For coverage, see table 2; excludes cruise travelers. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Source: U.S. Departmen Economics. | $\text { of } \mathrm{Cos}$ | merc | Offi | of B | iness |

Table 6.-Percent Distribution of U.S. Air Travelers in Europe and the Mediterranean Area, by Length of Stay

| [Percent] |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Length of stay (days) | 1968 | 1969 | 1970 |
| 1-14. | 30.7 | 32.0 | 33.1 |
| 15-21 | 32.6 | 28.7 | 28.8 |
| 22-35. | 11.4 | 13.3 | 17.8 |
| 36-49. | 5.3 | 7.2 | 11.8 |
| 50-63. | 7.1 | 8.1 | 4.4 |
| 64 and over. | 12.5 | 10.5 | 4.1 |

[^5]
## Western Hemisphere and Pacific

The number of Americans visiting the West Indies and Central America (excluding cruise passengers) dropped slightly last year from the record set in 1969 but this was more than offset by a rise in cruise travel, which is important in the Caribbean area. Nevertheless, the area's dollar earnings grew only 4 percent to $\$ 390$ million. The rapid growth which has been

Table 7.-Average Length of Stay and Average Daily Expenditure of U.S. Travelers in Selected European and Mediterranean Countries, 1970

| Country | Average length of stay (days) | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { A verage } \\ \text { daily } \\ \text { expenditure } \\ \text { (dollars) } \end{gathered}\right.$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Europe and Mediterranean, total. | 27 | 18. 15 |
| United Kingdom.. | 12 | 17. 58 |
| France | 8 | 19.50 |
| Italy.. | 11 | 17.64 |
| West Germany | 11 | 14. 55 |
| Switzerland. | 6 | 22.83 |
| Spain. | 12 | 16.00 |
| Netherlands.. | 5 | 15.60 |
| Austria -- | 6 | 16. 50 |
| Denmark. | 7 | 17.86 |
| Belgium-Luxembourg. | 5 | 13. 80 |
| Ireland...--........ | 12 | 15. 67 |
| Israel. | 22 | 14.45 |

Note.-For coverage, see table 2; excludes all passenger fares and shore expenditures of cruise passengers; excludes freses and shore expenditu.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

| Table 8.-U.S. R <br> Visitors in <br> [Millio | ns of d |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Srom } \\ & \text { Stal } \end{aligned}$ |  | ign |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1966 | 1967 | 1968 | 1969 | 197 |
| Total U.S. travel receipts | 1,590 | 1,646 | 1,775 | 2,058 | 2,319 |
| Canada | 586 | 575 | 650 | 815 | 885 |
| Mexico | 458 | 457 | 493 | 530 | 545 |
| Total oversea count | 546 | 614 | 632 | 713 | 889 |
| Western Europ | 210 | 227 | 226 | 264 | 318 |
| United Kingdom | 68 | 43 | 42 | 43 | 51 |
| France.......... | n.a. | n.a. | 30 | 34 | 39 |
| Germany | n.a. | n.a. | 44 | 55 | 67 |
| Italy-.... | n.a. | n.a. | 22 | 24 | 29 |
| Netherlands | n.a. | n.a. | 12 | 14 10 | 19 |
| Switzerian | n.a. | n.a. | 14 | 16 | 15 |
| Other. | .a. | n.a. | 50 | 67 | 84 |
| West Indies, Central and South America. | 226 | 263 | 262 | 276 | 334 |
| South America | n.a | n.a. | 140 | 144 | 164 |
| Other oversea countries Japan. | 110 31 | 124 42 | 144 51 | 172 67 | 237 101 |
| n.a. Not available. <br> Nore.-Includes expenditures of travelers for business and pleasure, foreigners in transit through the United States, and students; excludes expenditures by foreign government personnel and foreign businessmen employed in the United States (who are U.S. residents for balance of payments purposes). Transocean passenger fares are also excluded. <br> Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics. |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

characteristic of the Bahamas tourist industry was interrupted last year. Earnings from U.S. visitors to the islands declined 4 percent to $\$ 127$ million. Jamaica's receipts from Americans rose 12 percent to $\$ 95$ million, while Bermuda's receipts also rose about 12 percent to $\$ 63$ million.
The below average growth of travel outlays in the West Indies last year reflected, according to some authorities, the weakness of the U.S. economy. Price competition from Europe, sharpened by a lower Atlantic air fare structure and abrupt rises in the prices of Caribbean tourist services, is also considered to have been a factor in the dampening of the West Indies tourist boom. Rising prices, as well as U.S. economic conditions, may also have been partially responsible for a slight decline in U.S. travel spending in South America, where business travel makes up a large portion of the total. There was little change in the number of visitors to the area, about 250,000 , but their expenditures dropped from $\$ 92$ million in 1969 to $\$ 90$ million last year.
Japan's Expo 70 was a major factor in the spectacular growth of travel in "other areas", primarily the Pacific and Far East. Total U.S. travel spending in these areas was nearly $\$ 280$ million,

Table 9.-Foreign Visitors to the United States From Oversea Countries, by Area and Type of Visa

| [Thousands of travelers] |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Busi- } \\ & \text { ness } \end{aligned}$ | Pleasure | $\underset{\text { Sit }}{\substack{\text { Tran- }}}$ | Student |
| Oversea countries total: |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1970 | 2,288 | 306 | 1,706 | 202 | 74 |
| 1969 | 2,010 | 282 | 1,472 | 185 | 71 |
| Europe: |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1970 \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | 984 892 | 167 | 726 641 | 80 80 | 11 |
| West Indies and Central America: |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1970......... | 484 | 17 | 420 | 30 | 17 |
| 1969................ | 461 | 17 | 397 | 31 | 16 |
| South America: |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1970............... | 318 | 19 | 255 | 32 | 12 |
| 1969. | 281 | 17 | 223 | 29 | 12 |
| Other oversea areas: |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 376 | 87 | 211 | 45 | 28 |

Note.-Excludes visitors from Canada and Mexico: excludes foreign government personnel and foreign businessmen employed in the United States. Data are not adjusted for multiple entries on a single trip.
Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Immigration and Naturalization Service.
compared with $\$ 190$ million in 1969. Several hundred thousand Americans spent almost $\$ 100$ million in Japan. Hong Kong apparently benefitted from Expo's attraction of travelers into the area, and increased its dollar earnings from U.S. visitors by 50 percent to $\$ 53$ million. Travel to Australia and New Zealand also rose sharply, with dollar earnings up 26 percent to about $\$ 34$ million. Other countries in the Pacific area also recorded substantial gains.

## Trip expenses

U.S. travelers to Europe and the Mediterranean in 1970 spent an average of about $\$ 870$ per trip, about $\$ 40$ less than in 1969. Lower passenger fares, averaging about $\$ 380$, were a major factor in the decline of the average trip expense; average outlay in European countries was unchanged at about $\$ 490$.

With the average transatlantic passenger fare down $\$ 40$, the cost of crossing the Atlantic dropped from 46 percent of the average U.S. traveler's trip expense in 1969 to 44 percent last year. The average air fare was nearly 10 percent lower, about $\$ 370$, with sea fares somewhat higher than in 1969.

The average trip in Europe and the Mediterranean involved visits to three countries, about the same number as in 1969 , but the average length of the trip was 27 days, two days shorter (table 5). Transatlantic air fares which offered lower rates for visits of $28-49$ days apparently induced many travelers who otherwise would have stayed beyond 49 days to limit their trips, thus reducing the average figure. Average daily expenditure was $\$ 18$, up $\$ 1$ from 1969 (table 7).

## Foreign Visitors to the United States

Foreign visitors spent $\$ 2.3$ billion in the United States last year, and paid about $\$ 375$ million to U.S. sea and air carriers for passenger fares to and from this country. The total, a record $\$ 2.7$ billion, was 14 percent more than in 1969. Travel receipts from Canadians were $\$ 885$ million, up about 8 percent,
while Mexicans' spending here rose less than 3 percent to about $\$ 545$ million (table 8).

Visitors from oversea areas numbered nearly 2.3 million in 1970,14 percent more than in 1969 (table 9). They spent $\$ 890$ million in the United States, and paid the $\$ 375$ million in passenger fares to U.S. carriers noted above. Three-fourths of the overseas visitors were on pleasure visits, the remainder on business, in transit to other destinations, or students.

The number of European visitors rose 10 percent to 984,000 . Their average expenditure rose substantially and their total spending here increased 20 percent to more than $\$ 300$ million. About 74 percent of all European visitors came on pleasure visits, a somewhat higher proportion than in 1969.

Visitors from the United Kingdom accounted for about 27 percent of all travelers from Europe but their average expenditure here was relatively low. Their spending in the United States was about $\$ 51$ million, a 19 percent increase over 1969. Receipts from Germans increased 22 percent to $\$ 67$ million. French visitors spent nearly $\$ 40$ million and Italian visitors about $\$ 30$ million, increases of 15 percent and 16 percent respectively.

International Passenger Fare and Other Transportation Transactions

The international transportation accounts cover a wide variety of transactions involving the transfer of funds between U.S. and foreign residents. The transactions include payments to sea and air carriers for movements of goods and travelers (passenger fares) between the United States and oversea countries, the port expenditures of foreign sea and air carriers in U.S. ports and of U.S. carriers in foreign ports, and charter hire payments to foreign residents for ocean cargo vessels chartered to and operated by U.S. residents. Transactions with Canada and Mexico for rail and pipeline operations, as well as Great Lakes international shipping activities, are also included.
U.S. residents paid more than $\$ 4$ billion to foreigners in international transportation transactions last year, including $\$ 1.2$ billion of U.S. travelers' passenger fares. U.S. receipts from passenger fares and other transportation transactions were about $\$ 3.7$ billion. Our net payment for all international transportation was $\$ 335$ million, about $\$ 100$ million below the 1969 deficit of $\$ 447$ million (table 10 ).

CHART 12

## U.S. Payments and Receipts for Passenger Fares and Other Transportation



NOTE-Totals consist of passenger fares, freight transportation charges, charter hire, and carsiers' port expenditures.
U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

71-6-12

## Payments

Americans paid about $\$ 1,215$ million in transocean passenger fares to foreign sea and air carriers. About $\$ 970$ million was for air travel, the remainder largely on cruise ships. Sea carriers earned about 14 percent more from U.S. travelers than in 1969, as cruise business prospered while regular transocean service continued to decline.
Freight payments to foreign ship operators moving U.S. imports rose $\$ 100$ million to about $\$ 1.4$ billion in 1970. Higher freight rates, in part a reflection of a strong charter hire market, accounted for most of the rise. An added factor was a somewhat greater volume of U.S. import cargo moved aboard foreign vessels than in 1969, when a dock strike early in the year caused disruptions in service. Payments to foreign air carriers for freight transportation were $\$ 122$ million, 4 percent under the record set in 1969.
U.S. ocean carriers' port expenses abroad rose to more than $\$ 300$ million in 1970, renewing the uptrend that had been interrupted in 1969 by the effects of the dock strike.

Table 10.-International Passenger Fare and Other Transportation Transactions

${ }^{r}$ Revised.
Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Eeonomics.
U.S. air carriers' port expenses abroad, which are primarily associated with transportation of passengers, rose 22 percent in 1970 to $\$ 500$ million. The rise reflected the larger volume of international passenger travel during the year.

## Receipts

U.S. receipts from ocean transportation last year were nearly $\$ 2.3$ billion, 17 percent higher than in 1969. The total included $\$ 800$ million earned carrying U.S. exports as well as freight between foreign countries, $\$ 1.4$ billion in port expenditures here, and $\$ 34$ million from other sources, including about $\$ 3$ million from ocean passenger fares. While trade tonnage carried on U.S. ships has changed little in recent years, higher average freight rates received by U.S. ship operators, often for handling choice, high-value cargoes, yielded increased total freight receipts. Rising handling charges have been boosting U.S. receipts from foreign carriers' port expenditures here.

Foreigners paid almost $\$ 1.3$ billion to the United States for air transportation and related services in 1970. Earnings from passenger fares, including $\$ 175$ million for fares of foreigners between foreign destinations, increased about 24 percent to a total of $\$ 550$ million. Foreign airliners' port expenses

## U.S. Payments and Receipts for Carriers' Port Expenditures

Billion \$
2.5

Receipts

in the United States, mostly connected with passenger traffic, rose 12 percent to $\$ 518$ million. Air freight on U.S. exports and on shipments between foreign points earned $\$ 187$ million for U.S. airlines in 1970, continuing the steady uptrend in this service.

Other transportation earnings, representing receipts from Canada and Mexico for rail and pipeline transportation and Great Lakes shipping, totaled $\$ 146$ million in 1970.

## (Continued from page 18)

On March 31, durable goods producers estimated their net inventory excess at $\$ 1.70$ billion, compared to $\$ 1.81$ billion at yearend and $\$ 1.88$ billion a year earlier. The proportion of the excess to total holdings fell from 2.9 percent on March 31, 1970, to 2.6 percent on March 31, 1971.

Nondurable goods producers' net excess at the end of March was $\$ 430$ million, compared with $\$ 500$ million on December 31 and $\$ 600$ million on March 31 last year. The net excess on March 31, 1971, equaled 1.3 percent of all nondurable goods producers' stocks, down from 1.8 percent a year earlier.

# The U.S. Balance of Payments: Revised Presentation 

DATA on U.S. balance of payments developments are presented in a new format beginning with this issue of the Survey. Overall balance of payments flows are summarized in a new, analytically oriented, table 1.
In an accounting sense, the credits and debits resulting from transactions between U.S. residents and foreigners necessarily sum to zero, with the "errors and omissions" entry representing the net difference between all known credits and all known debits. These transactions are listed in detail in tables 2 and 3 of the balance of payments presentation. Various balances, such as are presented in table 1, are computed by taking the net sum resulting from certain types of transactions (e.g., exports and imports of goods for the balance on merchandise trade). The sign of the net sum may be positive (a surplus) or negative (a deficit).
The transactions summed to determine any particular balance are generally referred to as being "above the line" with respect to that balance; the remaining transactions, which of necessity sum to the same dollar amount as the balance but with the opposite sign, are generally referred to as being "below the line." The focus of some balances, such as that on merchandise trade, is on the transactions above the line. The primary focus of other balances, such as the official reserve transactions balance, is on the transactions below the line, which are generally referred to as the means of "financing" the balance.
The balances presented in table 1 include: the balance on goods and services, which measures net exports of goods and services from the United States and is a component of the U.S. gross national product; the balance on goods, services,
and remittances, which also takes into account unilateral transfers other than U.S. Government grants; the balance on current account, which is the net export of goods and services minus all unilateral transfers to foreigners and measures net foreign investment by the United States as calculated in the national income and product accounts (although allocations of SDR also must be taken into account for a complete calculation).

A new overall measure is then given, the balance on current account and longterm capital. This is essentially the current account plus flows of U.S. and foreign private long-term capital (i.e., changes in long-term assets of U.S. private residents and foreign private residents) and flows of U.S. and foreign government capital other than changes in U.S. official reserve holdings and foreign official reserve holdings in the United States. (Changes in U.S. Government foreign currencies and other short-term assets, most of which are only nominally short-term, are included.) This balance is intended as a rough indicator of long-term trends in the U.S. balance of payments.

The balance on current account and long-term capital, plus flows of shortterm nonliquid private capital, allocations of SDR, and errors and omissions sum to the net liquidity balance. This balance is also new. It is similar to the liquidity balance that has been used for a number of years, but differs from it in that changes in liquid claims and in liquid liabilities are treated symmetrically. Both are below the line in the calculation of the net liquidity balance and considered to be part of the financing of that balance. Thus, an increase in U.S. liquid claims on foreigners, with a simultaneous increase in U.S. liquid
liabilities, does not affect the net liquidity balance. In the calculation of the "gross" liquidity balance, however, changes in liquid claims are above the line and changes in liquid liabilities are below, so that a simultaneous increase in claims and liabilities increases the deficit.

A second difference between the two balances is the treatment of changes in certain nonliquid liabilities to foreign official agencies-the most significant group of what have customarily been called special financial transactions. Shifts of such official funds from the liquid to the nonliquid category have a favorable impact on the liquidity balance; however, this has been considered a distortion of the liquidity balance because such liabilities are close to being liquid. In the calculation of the net liquidity balance, increases in such nonliquid liabilities are below the line and considered to be part of the financing of that balance, and thus have no favorable impact on the balance.

As a result of these two differences, the net liquidity balance better serves the purpose that the liquidity balance was intended to serve: It is a broad indicator of potential pressures on the dollar resulting from changes in our liquidity position.

The net liquidity balance plus the flow of U.S. and foreign private liquid capital sum to the official reserve transactions balance. The definition of this balance is unchanged: It is measured by changes in U.S. official reserve assets plus changes in liquid and nonliquid liabilities to foreign official agencies. The balance is intended to indicate the net exchange market pressure (either favorable or adverse) on the dollar during the reporting period resulting from international transactions of the

United States. (Exchange market pressure, in this sense, reflects the net influence of all transactions above the line for the official reserve transactions balance.) Of course, foreign central banks themselves may wish to increase or decrease their dollar holdings, and to that extent a deficit or surplus does not necessarily indicate disequilibrium in the U.S. position.

The summary balance of payments presentation in table 1 excludes certain groups of transactions which result in offsetting entries in the balance of payments accounts. The amounts of such exclusions are given as memorandum items in the table. Transfers under military grant programs are excluded both from exports of goods and services and from unilateral transfers. Reinvested earnings of U.S. affiliates incorporated abroad (and of foreign affiliates incorporated in the United States) are excluded from the income accounts and from the direct investment capital accounts. (When quarterly data on reinvested earnings are available, both entries will probably be included in the body of table 1.)

Tables 2 and 3 in the new presentation (roughly comparable to tables 1 and 2 in the previous presentation) give more detailed figures on balance of payments transactions. These tables are much less analytically oriented than table 1. Goods and services are grouped according to whether they are exports or imports, and capital flows according to whether the asset is owned by U.S. residents (U.S. capital) or by foreign residents (foreign capital). There are a number of differences between the lines in tables 2 and 3 and the lines in the old tables 1 and 2 , partly reflecting the need to make tables 2 and 3 fit neatly with the new table 1 and partly to emphasize items of particular interest. Other tables in the standard presentation have also been revised to be compatible with the new table 1 . In addition, a new table (number 6) gives detailed data on direct investments and security transactions that were previously not easily available.


## Balances on Major Transactions



1. Excludes exports under military grants and U.S. military agency sales contracts and imports of U.S. military agencies.
2. Excludes transfers under military grants.
3. Excludes allocations of SDR.

# Problems in Presenting the Balance of Payments 

This new presentation of the balance of payments reflects the results of a review begun last year by the Interagency Committee on Balance of Payments Statistics convened by the Office of Management and Budget. There had been growing dissatisfaction in Government, academic, and business circles with the presentation and analysis focusing on the liquidity balance and the official reserve transactions balance.
The "official" balance is a rough proxy for exchange market pressures on the dollar. But the exchange market and the balance are subject to large and erratic shifts as interest rates change, here and abroad, and as expectations about currency rates shift. Thus, although this balance might be the most important indicator of changes in our external position over the longer run, it is too volatile to be a quarterly indicator of underlying, more basic, developments.

The liquidity balance, reflecting changes in U.S. reserves and in liquid liabilities to all foreigners, had served for a number of years as a rough indicator of underlying developments. However, two developments reduced its usefulness. For one thing, it was distorted by special financial transactions and their reversal. The most important group of these transactions shifted funds-mostly of foreign official agencies-from liquid to nominally nonliquid categories, improving the recorded liquidity balance but having no real impact on the underlying liquidity position. When such transactions were reversed in later years, the result was a deterioration in the recorded liquidity balance that was just as unreal.

A second development reducing the usefulness of the liquidity balance occurred in 1969. Tight monetary policy in the United States, combined with certain U.S. banking regulations, resulted in heavy Eurodollar borrowing by U.S. banks through their foreign branches. This borrowing raised interest rates in the Eurodollar market which, in turn, attracted funds from the United States. Thus there were large out-
flows (mostly unrecorded) of U.S. funds to the Eurodollar market accompanied by large inflows through the foreign branches of U.S. banks. The increase in liquid liabilities to foreigners enlarged the liquidity deficit. However, the increase in U.S. residents' liquid claims on foreigners which resulted from the flow of U.S. funds to the Eurodollar market is not treated as an offsetting item in the liquidity deficit as defined. The problem of definition was compounded by the fact that the outflows were largely unrecorded.
While it was possible to do something about most of these difficulties, it is clear that no single balance can adequately represent the underlying balance of payments position of the United States. It follows that equilibrium in the external position of the United States cannot be equated with zero in any one of the possible balances, in either the short run or the long run. Rather, it appears that presentation of a spectrum of balances permits a more accurate description of the evolving pressures on the dollar and of developments in the U.S. payments position, and that, for analytical purposes, the trends in the balances are often more significant than their levels (Because the reporting system for international transactions has numerous deficiencies and inadequacies, it is impossible, in any case, for the balar ces to measure in all respects the concepts they are intended to measure. Plans are being formulated to improve the data.)
It is clear also, that a complete analysis of external developments should take into account our investment position as well as balance of payment flows. The balance of payments records the flows of goods, services, transfers, and capital during a given period; the investment position gives the net excess of external assets over liabilities at the end of the period, as well as the structure of assets and liabilities by type. The investment position takes into account not only flows of funds but also reinvested earnings and valuation
changes. Data on the investment position are now available only annually but OBE plans to develop quarterly data; as soon as that is done, a quarterly investment position will be presented with the quarterly balance of payments figures.

## Structure of the Balances

There are three groups of balances in the new presentation: (1) the balances concerned with goods, services, and unilateral transfers; (2) the two central balances-the balance on current account and long-term capital, and the net liquidity balance; and (3) the official reserve transactions balance.
Viewing the balances another way, the balances on goods, services, and transfers and the balance on current account and long-term capital focus on the known above-the-line transactions. For instance, there is little analytic interest in the group of items "financing" the trade balance which includes services, unilateral transfers, capital flows, and errors and omissions. On the other hand, the net liquidity balance and the official reserve transactions balance primarily focus on the known below-the-line items which finance these balances. This distinction has become more important in recent years because of the sharp increase in the size of errors and omissions. These unrecorded transactions are below the balance on current account and long-term capital and above the net liquidity balance. Thus, these two central balances, each focusing on known transactions, bracket the unknown transactions in errors and omissions.

## Special financial transactions

The treatment of special financial transactions in the new presentation was subject to careful review. Changes in nonliquid liabilities to foreign official agencies, the most important group of special financial transactions in recent years, are treated in the new presentation as financing items for all balances. In the prior presentation, changes in such nonliquid liabilities distorted the liquidity balance because the liabilities were close to being liquid.
Most of the rest of the special financial transactions resulted in real
changes in the liquidity of U.S. assets or liabilities. In the new presentation, the net liquidity balance and the official reserve transactions balance are intended to show only actual changes in our liquidity position or in our reserve position. No attempt is made to adjust them to an underlying basis, i.e., to show what they would have been if these other types of special financial transactions had not taken place. Thus, nonscheduled payments of debt to the United States (which were particularly large in the early 1960 's) and a number of other items that have been considered special financial transactions are permitted to have an effect on the net liquidity balance and official reserve transactions balance because they did in fact change the liquidity position and reserve position intended to be measured by those balances.

The only remaining problem was how to treat special financial transactions other than changes in nonliquid liabilities to foreign official agencies in relation to the balance on current account and long-term capital. A review of such specials indicated that some might legitimately be allowed to affect this balance. For others, such as nonscheduled repayments of U.S. Government credits and some nonliquid liabilities to foreign official nonreserve agencies, the situation is more equivocal. However, because of data inadequacies and conceptual ambiguities, there is no systematic way of organizing the accounts to exclude the influence of such specials. While such negotiated intergovernmental transactions are essentially long-term and in this sense properly belong with the rest of the long-term capital flows, they obscure the "underlying" historic trend of the balance. (See the accompanying article "The U.S. Balance of Payments: First Quarter" for further details.)

## Balances on goods, services, and transfers

The merchandise trade balance is intended to measure transactions in goods with foreigners. However, it is based on Census Bureau figures which are collected essentially for Customs purposes and which may therefore differ substantially in valuation, cover-
age, and timing from the figures needed for balance of payments purposes. Adjustments in the Census figures are made wherever possible (see table 4 and explanatory notes). However, not all the necessary data are available and the figures published here must therefore be considered only the best available estimates. The trade balance given in table 1 excludes goods exported under U.S. military agency sales contracts and goods imported in connection with direct defense expenditures. (These goods are included in line 4, "military transactions, net.") In table 4, a trade balance including military goods (as well as balance of payments adjustments) is calculated based on military goods identified in Census figures.

One reason why such goods are excluded from the trade balance in table 1 is that it is not yet possible to distinguish the military goods that might be included in the trade balance from the rest of the transactions reported in the military lines in tables 1 and 2. Work is underway to get data in order to be able to split the military lines into two parts: trade and other. It will then be possible to consider whether such a split is desirable and whether the merchandise trade balance calculated in table 1 should exclude or include military goods.

It should be noted that the trade balance is not intended to include all goods. For instance, goods purchased abroad by U.S. tourists and brought back to the United States are considered part of the "travel" account, not the trade account. Likewise, spending by U.S. servicemen and military authorities on goods and services abroad is included in direct defense expenditures, not in trade in tither balance of payments or Census figures. Balance of payments figures, at this time, essentially focus on goods that physically move into and out of the United States and their value at the U.S. border for exports or the foreign border for impoits. Freight payments, to the extent that they are transactions between domestic and foreign residents, are entered in the transportation accounts.
The balance on goods and services is a measure of net exports to foreigners,
regardless of whether the goods and services are paid for or are given away, and regardless of whether they are paid for immediately or are financed by bank loans, by intercompany accounts between direct investor parent companies and their affiliates, or by U.S. Government grants, soft loans, or Export-Import Bank loans repayable on commercial terms.

The net export figure is published as a component of the GNP. Transfers of goods and services under U.S. military grant programs are excluded from net exports; they are included in GNP under U.S. Government purchases when the purchase is made.

The balance on goods, services, and remittances takes into account net transfers of remittances and pensions by U.S. private residents and U.S. Government pensions and similar transfers. This balance is often used as a rough indicator of U.S. net receipts available to offset Government aid and other capital flows. However, the surplus on this line is somewhat inflated because it includes exports associated with U.S. Government economic grants even though the grants themselves are not included as debit entries above the line.

The balance on current account is net exports of goods and services minus net unilateral transfers abroad, including U.S. Government economic grants; it is roughly equal to our net earnings on goods and services transactions with other countries as it takes into account the amount of goods and services given away. The current account plus the allocation of SDR equals "net foreign investment" in the national income and product account, i.e., net lending of the United States to the rest of the world. Disregarding errors and omissions, this sum equals the increase in U.S. foreign assets net of the increase in liabilities to foreigners as recorded in the capital accounts of the balance of payments.

One difficulty with the current account calculation is that the formal distinction between U.S. Government grants (above the line) and U.S. Government capital flows (below the line) does not always reflect a significant economic distinction. To the extent that some of the capital flows-such as
very "soft" dollar loans and certain foreign currency loans-have many of the characteristics of grants, the grants entry is understated and the surplus on current account is overstated.

## The central balances

Both the balance on current account and long-term capital and the net liquidity balance attempt to focus on underlying, longer term trends in the external position of the United States. Neither is quite successful. Both are affected not only by the limitations of the statistical reporting system but also by the complications resulting from the dollar's role as an international currency. That role results in considerable ambiguity as to what measure, if any, and what level of the measure, would indicate fundamental long-term equilibrium in the external accounts of the United States. For instance, a deficit on the net liquidity balance does not necessarily imply disequilibrium in the external position, for a net buildup in liquid dollar holdings by private foreigners may simply reflect the use of the dollar as an international medium of exchange. There was some question as to whether either balance should be calculated because of the difficulties involved. Nevertheless, given the need for indicators of underlying trends, it appears that the two balances in combination, particularly when they move together, are the best available, although neither is of a theoretical or statistical quality sufficient to carry the weight of being the balance of payments, nor is there a presumption that either should be zero.

One of the major problems of these balances is that errors and omissions, a net negative item, has become quite large in recent years. It does not affect the size of the balance on current account and long-term capital, but it does affect the net liquidity balance in the sense that it is above the line in the calculation of that balance. However, some of the unrecorded transactions are exports or imports of goods and services, or movements of long-term capital, and should thus affect the balance on current account and long-term capital. On the other hand, large outflows of U.S. funds to the Eurodollar market, which increase U.S. liquid claims on
foreigners, have contributed to the size of the errors and omissions outflow. If such increases in claims could be identified, the deficit in the net liquidity balance would be smaller.

The balance on current account and long-term capital suffers from a number of other deficiencies. Under the current reporting system the distinction between short-term and long-term capital is based on the initial maturity of the security or investment involved: a flow is long-term when the initial maturity is more than one year. No data are available on the actual maturity of securities at the time when international transactions occur nor on the remaining time to maturity of outstanding holdings. Thus, if a foreigner invests in a corporate bond that had an initial maturity of 20 years but only 6 months to maturity when the purchase is made, it nevertheless counts as a long-term capital flow. Likewise, if a bond is bought when it has a number of years to maturity, no adjustment (to shortterm and long-term flows) is made when its maturity becomes less than a year. In addition, although all direct investment transactions are considered longterm, many movements in intercompany accounts included in direct investment are, in fact, short-term and volatile.

Besides such problems of definition, U.S. stocks held by foreigners-considered a long-term item-are easily marketable and transactions in stocks can behave very much like short-term flows.

Another qualification in interpreting this balance as an indicator of longer term trends is related to the inclusion above the line of some of the items classified as special financial transactions, as discussed earlier.

The net liquidity balance is subject to a number of deficiencies related to difficulties in distinguishing liquid from nonliquid liabilities and claims. Ideally, liquid liabilities and claims should include only those that can be easily converted into cash without significant risk of a loss in value. In practice, all short-term liabilities to private foreigners reported by U.S. banks are considered to be liquid, and therefore below the line, even though some of them are very probably nonliquid. The bank-
reported liabilities include not only the liabilities of the banks themselves but also the custody liabilities reported for theircustomers. The latter are probably nonliquid in good part. A separation of these two types of liabilities is being considered but is not feasible with the data now available. Furthermore, not all of the banks' own liabilities can be considered liquid, particularly since some of them are compensating balances held in connection with loans to foreigners. All short-term liabilities reported by nonbanking concerns are considered nonliquid.

The figures given for liquid claims are also more of an approximation than is desirable. Short-term bank reported claims denominated in dollars are considered nonliquid if they are loans, acceptances, or collections; other dollar claims are considered liquid. If the short-term claims are in foreign currencies, they are considered liquid if they are deposits abroad or investments in foreign government obligations or commercial or finance paper; other foreign currency claims are considered nonliquid. More data are clearly needed to refine these distinctions. The estimate of liquid claims of nonbanking concerns includes short-term claims in dollars and foreign currencies identified as on deposit abroad or invested in other financial instruments by major corporations. However, as noted earlier, it is believed that large increases in liquid Eurodollar deposits by nonbanking concerns were unrecorded in recent years.

## The official reserve transactions balance

This balance is roughly adequate as an indicator of immediate exchange market pressure on the dollar during the reporting period resulting from transactions with the United States. It is measured by changes in U.S. reserves and changes in U.S. liquid and nonliquid liabilities to foreign official agencies. However, banks report liabilities to foreign official agencies without distinguishing between liabilities to official reserve agencies, such as central banks, and to other official foreigners, such as defense agencies. To measure exchange market pressures, one ideally wants only changes in liabilities to reserve agencies.
(It is possible to make this distinction in the data on nonliquid U.S. Government liabilities, and only Government liabilities to reserve agencies are considered to be financing of the official reserve transactions balance.)
The "official" balance is subject to distortions in certain cases where there are shifts of foreign official funds between direct holdings at banks in the United States and Eurodollar deposits. For instance, if official funds are moved from a U.S. bank to a foreign branch of the U.S. bank and the branch redeposits the funds at the U.S. parent, recorded U.S. liabilities to foreign official agencies decline and liabilities to private foreigners (the branch) increase. Such shifts have a favorable effect on the recorded official reserve transactions balance (at least temporarily, but in fact imply no strengthening of the dollar in the exchange market nor any loss of dollars by foreign central banks. Information about such shifts is very fragmentary.

On the other hand, the official reserve transactions balance is not and should not be affected by certain other types of Eurodollar transactions. The balance is not intended to measure all changes in dollar holdings of foreign central banks, only those reflecting transactions with U.S. residents. Consider the following series of transactions. Funds of one central bank are shifted from a U.S. bank to a bank in the Eurodollar market, are then borrowed from the Eurobank by a private foreigner and converted into a foreign currency with a second central bank receiving the dollars and placing them back in a U.S. bank. As a result, U.S. bank reports of liabilities to official foreigners would show a decrease in liabilities to the first central bank and an increase in liabilities to the second central bank. The officigl reserve transactions balance would correctly show no change, even though the first central bank would show no decline in its dollar holdings and the second would show an increase; there would be no deterioration in the U.S. position, because the dollar liability to the first central bank would be a dollar liability of the foreign Eurodollar bank, not of the United States. However, the creation of dollar liabilities by the Euro-
dollar market in this fashion could increase the pressure on the dollar in the foreign exchange market, even though the official reserve transactions balance would properly show no change. The emergence of an independent, extraterritorial market in dollars clearly complicates the relation between the balance of payments of the United States and exchange market pressures on the dollar.

## Recent Developments in the Balances

Table 1 gives the magnitude of the various balances and the flows relating them. In 1970, for instance, the balance on goods and services was in surplus by $\$ 3.6$ billion, reflecting a moderate surplus on trade, large net receipts on investment and a small surplus on miscellaneous services, partly offset by deficits on military transactions and on travel and transportation. Taking into account the outflow on remittances, pensions, and other transfers produced a surplus on goods, services, and remittances of $\$ 2.2$ billion. Counting in U.S. Government grants (excluding military) produced a current account surplus of only $\$ 0.4$ billion.

Large net outflows of government capital and long-term private capital overwhelmed this small surplus, with the result that the balance on current account and long-term capital showed a deficit of $\$ 3.0$ billion. Outflows of nonliquid short-term private capital and a large negative errors and omissions were only partly offset by the $\$ 0.9$ billion allocation of SDR. Thus, the net liquidity balance was in deficit by $\$ 3.9$ billion, significantly more than the deficit on current account and longterm capital. Taking into account also the $\$ 5.9$ billion outflow of liquid private capital, the official reserve transactions balance was in deficit by $\$ 9.8$ billion. This deficit was largely financed by an increase in liquid liabilities to to foreign official agencies and a decline in U.S. official holdings of convertible currencies.

Chart 14 shows the course of the various balances since 1960 . The current account, after reaching a peak surplus in 1964, deteriorated through 1969, and showed only a small recovery in 1970. Changes in the trade balances
were the major influence on movements in the current account. The balance on current account and long-term capital, which was near zero in 1964, showed a similar deterioration through 1967, when it reached a deficit of $\$ 3.2$ billion. However, it temporarily recovered in 1968 when there was a sharp improvement in long-term private capital flows reflecting large purchases of U.S. stocks and the impact of a number of programs controlling capital flows. But as longterm capital flows again deteriorated, the deficit increased to almost $\$ 3.0$ billion in 1969 and remained at that level in 1970.

The net liquidity balance has shown a large deficit in most years since 1960 . Through 1966, the deficit was usually below $\$ 3.0$ billion but in 1967 it reached $\$ 4.7$ billion, reflecting the deterioration in the balance on current account and long-term capital and adverse shifts in errors and omissions and shortterm nonliquid capital flows. In 1968 it temporarily recovered along with the balance on current account and longterm capital. In 1969 , it showed an abnormally large $\$ 6.1$ billion deficit; this partly reflected the parallel deterioration in the balance on current and long-term capital, but was also related to the sharp increase in unrecorded outflows of funds to the Eurodollar market. (If data were available on the resulting change in Eurodollar claims this deficit would probably be reduced to more normal levels.) In 1970, when unrecorded flows returned to more normal levels, the deficit shrank to $\$ 3.8$ billion.

The official reserve transactions balance has been even more volatile than the net liquidity balance, since it is affected by (recorded) liquid private capital flows, while the other balances are not. In 1967 it showed a sharper deterioration than the other balances as inflows of private liquid funds fell sharply when U.S. monetary policy cased. But in 1968, as monetary policy tightened, there was a very large inflow of private liquid funds and the balance improved by about $\$ 5$ billion to a surplus of $\$ 1.6$ billion. The surplus rose to $\$ 2.7$ billion in 1969 as monetary conditions tightened further, but then shifted to a deficit of $\$ 9.8$ billion in 1970 when U.S. monetary conditions eased.

Table 1.-U.S. Balance


[^6][^7]of Payments Summary
millions of dollars]

| 1966 |  |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  | 1968 |  |  |  | 1969 |  |  |  | 1970 |  |  |  | 1971 | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Change: } \\ \text { 1970IV: } \\ 1971 \mathrm{I} \end{array}\right\|$ | Line |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | 1 | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |  |  |
| 7,196 | 1,026 7,191 | 818 7,413 | 887 7,563 | 1,032 | 1, 254 | 1,127 7,669 | 446 7,599 | 7,947 | 251 8.385 | 310 8.878 | 8, $\begin{array}{r}63 \\ 8,38\end{array}$ | -79 <br> 7.510 | -76 9,490 | $\begin{array}{r}324 \\ 9,602 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | - ${ }^{4981} 8$ | 10, ${ }_{241} 1$ | $\begin{array}{r}751 \\ 10 \\ \hline 882\end{array}$ | 704 10 696 | [142 | - ${ }^{272}$ | 571 | 1 |
| -6, 027 | -6, 165 | -6, 595 | -6, 676 | -6, 661 | -6, 465 | -6, 542 | -7, 153 | $-7,821$ | -8, 134 | -8,568 | -8,441 | -7,589 | $-9,566$ | -9, 278 | -9, 397 | -9, 728 | -9, 831 | -9, 992 | -10,319 | -10, 760 | -441 | 3 |
| -681 | -711 | -772 | -771 | -756 | -746 | $-866$ | -771 | -801 | -768 | -754 | -816 | -791 | -858 | -779 | -915 | -908 | -808 | -884 | -770 | $-677$ | 93 | 4 |
| -339 | -365 | -346 | -331 | -364 | -496 | -516 | -376 | -393 | -364 | -433 | -368 | -459 | -410 | -437 | -473 | -448 | -500 | -553 | -478 | -484 | -6 | 5 |
| 1,310 | 1,368 | 1,319 | 1,377 | 1,365 | 1,350 | 1,562 | 1,609 | 1,430 | 1,629 | 1,623 | 1,539 | 1,542 | 1,507 | 1,474 | 1,452 | 1,577 | 1,469 | 1,571 | 1,626 | 1,727 | 101 | 6 |
| 1,284 | 1,339 | 1,343 | 1,407 | 1,386 | 1,369 | 1,566 | 1,635 | 1,458 | 1,690 | 1,676 | 1,696 | 1,728 | 1,805 | 1, 893 | 1,913 | 2,039 | 1,905 | 1,973 | 1,988 | 1,984 | -4 | 7 |
| 524 -498 | 544 -515 | 558 -582 | 581 -611 | 580 -601 | 581 -600 | 585 -589 | - $\begin{array}{r}609 \\ -635\end{array}$ | -668 | 683 -744 | 722 -775 | -643 | 743 -929 | 180 $-1,078$ | - $\begin{array}{r}823 \\ -1,242\end{array}$ | - $\begin{array}{r}854 \\ -1,315\end{array}$ | 886 $-1,348$ | -1, 828 | 1 $-1,284$ -1 | 851 $-1,213$ | 1,861 $-1,118$ | 10 95 | 8 |
| 77 | 83 | 75 | 81 | 98 | 99 | 90 | 79 | 111 | 104 | 102 | 25 | 125 | 133 | 126 | 114 | 147 | 133 | 157 | 150 | 213 | 63 | 10 |
| 1,563 | 1,401 | 1,094 | 1,243 | 1,375 | 1,461 | 1,397 | 987 | 473 | 852 | 848 | 317 | 338 | 296 | 708 | 669 | 881 | 1,045 | 995 | 670 | 1,051 | 381 | 11 |
| -234 | -233 | -277 | -236 | -266 | -387 | -355 | -270 | -279 | -276 | -323 | -291 | -286 | -318 | 322 | -341 | -338 | 362 | -359 | -351 | 351 |  | 12 |
| 1,329 | 1,168 | 817 | 1,007 | 1,109 | 1,074 | 1,042 | 717 | 194 | 576 | 525 | 26 | 52 | -22 | 386 | 28 | 43 | 683 | 36 | 319 | 700 | 381 | 13 |
| -588 | -484 | -419 | -419 | -455 | -462 | -489 | -397 | -362 | -422 | -435 | -488 | -344 | -521 | -371 | -408 | -418 | -391 | -444 | -485 | -432 | 53 | 14 |
| 741 | 684 | 398 | 588 | 654 | 612 | 553 | 320 | -168 | 154 | 90 | -462 | -292 | -543 | 15 | -80 | 125 | 292 | 192 | -166 | 268 | 434 | 15 |
| -317 | -509 | -566 | -571 | -642 | -539 | -561 | -683 | -748 | -632 | -625 | -532 | -455 | -664 | -537 | -450 | -511 | -480 | -396 | -450 | -603 | -153 | 16 |
| 3 | ${ }^{7}$ | 22 | 192 | (*) | (*) ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | - ${ }_{-6}^{6}$ | ${ }^{*}$ - | 42 -18 | 3 | 55 | 169 -44 | 44 | 34 89 | -154 | $-11$ |  | 14 | 2 |  | 4 | -36 | 17 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| -709 <br> -728 | -317 <br> -934 | -787 | -1,741 | -492 -707 | -345 | -829 <br> -947 | -1,245 | - 635 | 401 -843 | 47 $-1,033$ | -116 | -624 | -935 | -381 -899 | -641 | -1, ${ }^{-969}$ | -272 <br> $-1,257$ | -220 -897 | -934 ${ }^{7}$ | - $\begin{array}{r}-997 \\ -1,357\end{array}$ | $-1,004$ -423 | 19 |
| 52 | 38 | -113 | -1, 110 | 64 | 70 | 12 | 112 | 251 |  | - 23 | 41 | 246 | 164 | 152 | 270 | -1,486 | -105 | 218 | 160 | - 50 | -110 | 21 |
| -357 | $-60$ | -11 | -54 | -259 | $-237$ | -409 | -361 | -347 | -105 | -259 | -515 | -365 | -499 | -506 | -125 | -210 | 93 | -488 | -337 | -362 | -25 | 22 |
| 173 | 520 | 107 | 109 | 133 | 329 | 520 | 34 | 839 | 1,122 | 1,115 | 1, 312 | 1,388 | 365 | 396 | 963 | 304 | 374 | 720 | 792 | 628 | -164 | 23 |
| 139 | 158 | 114 | 114 | 220 | 199 | -22 | 16 | 80 | 74 | 153 | 123 | 127 | 40 | ${ }_{2}^{259}$ | 51 |  | 68 | 44 | 56 | -114 | -170 | 24 |
| 12 | -39 | 33 | 62 | 57 | -188 |  | -82 | 268 | 148 | 48 | 31 | 154 | -6 | 217 | -88 | -222 | 345 | 183 | 270 | 158 | -112 | 25 |
| -382 | -113 | -648 | -470 | -420 | -115 | -839 | -1,819 | -257 | 95 | -433 | 754 | -147 | -2,019 | -1,070 | 356 | -1,297 | -570 | -340 | -832 | -1,416 | -584 | 26 |
| -69 | - | 71 | -101 | -133 | -196 | -132 | 43 | -46 | 361 | -258 | 174 | 6 | -372 | -210 | -27 | -107 | -164 | -121 | $-156$ | -100 | 56 | 27 |
| -42 | -13 -56 | -30 | -135 | $\begin{array}{r}-131 \\ -96 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | -315 | -202 |  | -63 | - 270 | $-297$ | 146 -113 | $-57$ | -350 -87 | -228 | $-23$ | -162 -108 | -268 -47 | -189 -56 | -396 | -85 -15 | 311 137 | ${ }_{29}^{28}$ |
| -66 39 | -56 | - 134 | -23 57 | -96 94 | 29 90 | -113 183 | $\begin{array}{r}-178 \\ \hline 132\end{array}$ | -106 123 | $\begin{array}{r}-162 \\ \hline 25\end{array}$ | -103 | $\begin{array}{r}\text {-113 } \\ \hline 241\end{array}$ | 76 -13 | -87 | -10 28 | -15 11 | -108 <br> 163 | -47 | -56 124 | -152 | -15 | - ${ }^{137}$-392 | 29 30 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 217 | 217 | 217 | 216 |  | -36 | 31 |
| -275 | -244 | 156 | -67 | 39 | $-681$ | 14 | 21 | -321 | -551 | 332 | 47 | -1,092 | -628 | -717 | -166 | -62 | -430 | -433 | -207 | $-1,268$ | -1,061 | 32 |
| -727. | -361 | -420 | -639 | 92 | -993 | -958 | -1,841 | -624 | -98 | -357 | -531 | -1,234 | -3,019 | -1,996 | 163 | -1,250 | -945 | -679 | -977 | -2,604 | -1,627 | 33 |
| 281 | 217 | 988 | 880 | -881 | 320 | 1,024 | 803 | 461 | 1,985 | 684 | 121 | 2,571 | 4,678 | 1,317 | 221 | -1,615 | -457 | -1,398 | -2,499 | -2,919 | -420 | 34 |
|  |  |  | $-73$ |  | 125 | -75 | -270 |  | $-331$ | -108 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 35 |
| -68 | 37 25 | 47 -56 | -16 | -41 55 | 53 72 | -122 | 25 -295 | 89 -166 | $\begin{array}{r} 43 \\ -374 \end{array}$ | -61 <br> -47 | 132 -139 | -141 -132 | -144 | -28 | -3 | 114 117 | -127 | -53 -58 38 | -79 191 | -72 -160 | 7 -351 | 35 37 37 |
| 279 | 155 | 997 | ${ }^{-653}$ | -895 | 195 | 1,099 | 1,073 | - 538 | -2,316 | 792 | 164 | 2, 844 | 4,571 | 1,172 | 75 | -1,872 | -376 | $-1,383$ | -2,611 | $-2,687$ | $-76$ | 38 |
| 208 | 444 | 930 | 1,115 | -939 | 261 | 1,059 | ${ }^{1} 891$ | 455 | 2,299 | 729 | -96 | 2,954 | 4,634 | 1,306 | 272 | -1, 863 | -441 | -1,315 | -2,888 | $-3,025$ | -137 | 39 |
| -38 | -355 | -24 | -108 | -36 | -78 | -55 | -45 | 79 | -86 | 19 | 36 | -88 |  | 9 | $-66$ | 142 | -124 | 82 | -79 | 268 | 189 | 40 |
| 109 |  | 91 | -54 | 80 | 12 | 95 | 227 |  | 103 | 44 | 224 | -22 | -145 | -143 | -131 | -151 | 189 | -150 | 198 | 70 | -128 | 41 |
| -446 | -144 | 568 | 241 | -1,773 | -673 | 66 | -1,038 | -163 | 1,887 | 327 | -410 | 1,337 | 1,659 | -679 | 384 | -2,865 | -1,402 | -2,077 | -3,476 | -5,523 | -2,047 | 42 |
| 32 | -19 | 16 | -14 | 19 | -13 | 23 | 123 | 240 | 619 | 399 | 548 | 81 | 180 | -125 | 63 | -266 | 735 | -12 | 77 | -8 | -85 | 43 |
| 48 | 282 | 88 | 375 | 304 | 596 | -196 | 90 | 116 | 150 | 131 | 137 | -43 | -195 | -390 | -208 | -154 | -235 | -233 | -188 | -216 | -28 | 44 |
| -58 | -187 | -754 | -596 | 23 | 509 | 182 | 06 | -1,097 | $-2,519$ | -286 | 801 | $-1,327$ | -985 | 1,880 | -85 | 3, 021 | 97 | 1,738 | 2,763 | 5,065 | 2,302 | 45 |
| 424 |  | 82 | -6 | 1,027 | -419 | -375 | -181 |  | -137 | -571 | -1,076 | -48 | -299 | -686 | -154 | 264 | 805 | 584 | 824 | 682 | -142 | 46 |
| 68 | 209 | 173 | 121 | 51 | 15 | 92 | 1,012 | 1,362 | 22 | -74 | $-137$ | 56 | -317 | -11 | $-695$ | -44 | 14 | 395 | 422 | 109 | -313 | 47 |
| 222 | -163 | $-426$ | -173 | 1,007 | -424 | -462 | -1,145 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,083 | -231 | -818 | -251 | -769 | - 373 | -96 | 48 49 |
| 134 |  | 335 | 46 | $-31$ | -10 | -5 | -48 | -57 | -426 | $-23$ | -364 | -31 | -228 | -233 | $-542$ | -253 | 227 | 406 | 9 | 255 | 246 | 50 |
| 264 | 263 | 264 | 211 | 322 | 193 | 200 | 190 | 215 | 178 | 247 | 164 | 178 | 188 | 182 | 208 | 137 | 191 | 116 | 169 | 191 | 22 | 51 |
| n.a. | n,a. |  | n. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n. | n.a | n.a | n.a. | n. 2 | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a | n.a | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a | 52 |
| n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a | n.a. | n.a | n.a | n.a | $n .1$ | 53 |
| -645 | -36 | -325 | -351 | -555 | -285 | -906 | -1,798 | -345 | 340 | 65 | 111 | -1,469 | $-3,287$ | -2,366 | 164 | -1,630 | -743 | -1,156 | -1, 192 | -3,240 | -2,048 | 54 |
| 1,735 | 1,533 | 243 | 1,789 | 1,541 | 1,608 | 502 |  | 757 | 1,070 | -256 | 918 | 724 | 514 | -505 | 1,279 | 1,234 | 1,300 | -291 | 1,349 | 1,419 | 70 | 55 |
| 1,516 | 1,288 | $-40$ | 1,556 | 1,290 | 1,208 | 141 | 1,302 | 495 | 781 | -584 | ${ }_{629} 6$ | 455 | 183 | -835 | 941 | 913 | 925 | -657 | 1,002 | 1,085 | 83 | 56 |
| 898 | 758 | -416 | 1,170 | 805 | 698 | ${ }^{-305}$ |  | 102 | 311 | $-975$ | 176 | 82 | $-386$ | $-1,161$ | ${ }^{567}$ | $465$ | 487 | $-1,080$ | 552 | - 624 |  | ${ }_{58}^{57}$ |
| -116 -73 | -317 -410 | $-1,252$ <br> -866 | 71 -798 | -464 | - $\begin{array}{r}-81 \\ -824\end{array}$ | -1, 459 | $-1,212$ <br> $-1,968$ | -316 -497 | -57 <br> -206 | ${ }_{-1,554}^{-966}$ | 579 60 | - $\begin{array}{r}15 \\ -1,017\end{array}$ | -2,202 | $-2,364$ $-2,630$ | 1,672 1,056 | $-1,310$ -505 |  <br> $-1,789$ | -1,535 | 706 -107 | $-1,336$ $-1,921$ | $-2,072$ $-1,814$ | 58 59 |
| 340 | -392 | 403 | -132 | -1,279 | $-710$ | - ${ }_{-20}$ | $\mid-1,409$ | $-92$ | 1,550 | ${ }^{72}$ | -72 | 1,712 | 1,204 | -1,041 | ${ }^{1} 827$ | -1,965 | -2,069 | -2,612 | $-3,174$ | $-4,686$ | -1,512 | 60 |

3. Equal to net exports of goods and services in national income and product accounts of
the United States. The sum of lines 15 and 31 is equal to "net foreign investment" in the national income Digitized 5 .Includessome short-term U.S. Government assets.
http://fras 6 r. Coperage ofliquid banking claims for $1960-63$ and of liquid nonbanking claims for 1960-62
is limited to foreign currency deposits only; other liquid items are not available separately and are included with nonliquid claims.
Note.-Details may not add to totals because of rounding.
Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

Table 2.-U.S. International


Transactions
of dollars]

| 1966 |  |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  | 1968 |  |  |  | 1969 |  |  |  | 1970 |  |  |  | 1971 | Line |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I ${ }^{\text {P }}$ |  |
| 10,316 | 10,961 | 10,443 | 11,659 | 11, 262 | 11,803 | 11,005 | 12,157 | 11,758 | 13, 024 | 12,606 | 13, 235 | 11,750 | 14,674 | 13,866 | 15, 310 | 15,035 | 16,320 | 15, 231 | 16, 317 | 16, 153 | 1 |
| 7, 121 | 7,421 | 7, 010 | 7,838 | 7,643 | 7,971 | 7,196 | 7,870 | 7,943 | 8,639 | 8,290 | 8,716 | 7,462 | 9, 872 | 8,960 | 10, 196 | 10,117 | 11, 027 | 10, 018 | 10, 818 | 10,906 | 2 |
| 193 | 257 | 172 | 207 | ${ }_{3}^{328}$ | 377 | 206 | 328 | 299 | 416 | 340 | 341 | 390 | 381 | 405 | 338 | 256 | 488 | 303 | 434 | 475 | 3 |
| 321 | ${ }_{4} 83$ | 492 | ${ }^{345}$ | 358 | 427 87 | 502 | 359 | 377 | 465 | 548 | 385 | 437 | 558 | 631 | 432 | 490 | ${ }_{1}^{617}$ | 716 | 496 | ${ }_{119}^{536}$ | ${ }^{4}$ |
| 529 | 573 | 601 | 588 | 574 | 638 | 615 | 592 | 589 | 651 | 667 | 628 | 506 | 732 | 733 | 692 | 697 | 800 | 841 | 768 | 745 | 6 |
| 88 | 88 | 88 | 89 | 102 | 102 | 102 | 102 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 131 | 131 | 131 | 131 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 174 | 7 |
| 174 | 176 | 177 | 175 | 202 | 204 | 207 | 206 | 216 | 216 | 220 | 220 | 245 | 246 | 247 | 247 | 266 | 267 | 269 | 267 | 300 | ${ }^{8}$ |
| 73 | 86 | 77 | 90 | 81 | 90 | 80 | 84 | 89 | 95 | 83 | 86 | 86 | 109 | 91 | 93 | 87 | 87 | 103 | 110 | 107 | 9 |
| 312 | 313 | 323 | 380 | 337 | 354 | 356 | 392 | 339 | 375 | 390 | 442 | 368 | 433 | 412 | 468 | 418 | 492 | 459 | 511 | 433 | 0 |
| 964 | 982 | 890 | 1,209 | 1,034 | 965 | 1,073 | 1,446 | 1,098 | 1,253 | 1,151 | 1,472 | 1,351 | 1,308 | 1,330 | 1,669 | 1,613 | 1,344 | 1,363 | 1,706 | 1,542 | 11 |
| 372 | 411 | 394 | 436 | 418 | 435 | 415 | 449 | 453 | 491 | 494 | 512 | 509 | 563 | 569 | 626 | 639 | 662 | 648 | 649 | 640 | 12 |
| 112 | 139 | 117 | 226. | 119 | 154 | 119 | 246 | 164 | 203 | 168 | 231 | 184 | 229 | 194 | 326 | 197 | 241 | 180 | 289 | 176 | 13 |
| 276 | 361 | 194 | 171 | 344 | 249 | 154 | 158 | 237 | 223 | 198 | 146 | 196 | 226 | 145 | 189 | 147 | 222 | 90 | 154 | 210 | 14 |
| -8,580 | -9,428 | -10,200 | -9,870 | -9,721 | -10, 195 | -10,503 | -10,588 | -11,001 | -11, 954 | -12,862 | -12,317 | -11,026 | -14, 160 | -14,372 | -14,031 | $-13,801$ | -15,020 | -15, 522 | -14, 968 | -14, 734 | 15 |
| -5,909 | -6, 265 | -6, 522 | -6,767 | -6,605 | -6,573 | -6,398 | -7,245 | $-7,682$ | $-8,201$ | -8, 462 | -8,619 | -7,334 | $-9,741$ | -9, 166 | -9,589 | -9, 458 | -10,024 | -9, 858 | -10,530 | $-10,477$ | 16 |
| -877 | $-925$ |  | -987 | -1,085 | -1,075 | -1,106 | -1, 112 | -1,103 | -1, 112 | -1,147 | -1,173 | -1, 198 | -1,187 | -1,221 | -1,251 | -1,182 | -1,255 | -1,211 | -1,203 | $-1,184$ | 17 |
| - -124 | -701 -254 | $-1,037$ <br> -228 | -495 -128 | -464 -159 | -863 -282 | $-1,325$ -248 | -543 -141 | -505 -159 | -751 -291 | -1, 237 | -529 <br> -153 | - 549 | -870 -353 | $\begin{array}{r}-1,378 \\ -343 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | -593 -187 -1 | - $\begin{aligned} & -617 \\ & -224\end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r}-1,030 \\ -382 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | -1,624 | -682 -211 | - 673 <br> -245 | 18 19 |
| -488 | -547 | -574 | -558 | -538 | -554 | -516 | -555 | -562 | -583 | -620 | -608 | -501 | -639 | -650 | -690 | -631 | -695 | -755 | -708 | -684 | 20 |
| -19. | -19 | -19 | -19 | -27 | -26 | -26 | -26 | -27 | -27 | -27 | -27 | -30 | -30 | -30 | -30 | -30 | -30 | -30 | -30 | -31 | 21 |
| -80 | $-83$ | $-94$ | $-91$ | $-954$ | -98 | -106 | $-105$ | $-117$ | $-121$ | -121 | -118 | $-136$ | -141 | -141 | -137 | $-152$ | $-157$ | -158 | $-153$ | -170 | 22 |
| -144 | -138 | -197 | -163 | -151 | -146 | -208 | -183 | -153 | -141 | -207 | -257 | $-156$ | -148 | -210 | -201 | -159 | -151 | -214 | -205 | -155 | 23 |
| 16 | 16 | 15 | 17 | 16 | -15 | 5 | -17 | -22 | -18 | 19 | 21 | -28 | 24 | -22 | -28 | -23 | 30 | 28 | -30 | -20 | 24 |
| -82 | -67 | -88 | -135 | $-93$ | -83 | -89 | -116 | -106 | -84 | -92 | -107 | -101 | -99 | -99 | -117 | -125 | -97 | -98 | -120 | -134 | 25 |
| -264 | $-279$ | $-313$ | $-365$ | $-352$ | $-333$ | $-388$ | $-370$ | $-393$ | -440 | $-492$ | -519 | -611 | -738 | -924 | -996 | -995 | -928 | $-876$ | -793 | $-647$ | $\stackrel{26}{ }$ |
|  | -134 |  | -144 | -138 | -148 | -138 | -174 | -174 | -184 | -156 | -188 |  |  | -188 | -212 | -204 | -243 | -273 | -304 | -315 | 27 |
| -276 | -361 | -194 | -171 | -344 | -249 | -154 | -158 | -237 | -223 | -198 | -146 | 96 | -226 | 145 | -189 | 147 | -222 | $-90$ | -154 | -210 | 28 |
| -838 | -775 | -658 | -619 | -736 | -909 | -807 | -628 | -655 | -759 | -719 | -742 | -643 | -900 | -656 | -712 | -769 | -813 | -768 | -798 | -795 | 29 |
| -618 | -530 | -376 | $-386$ | -485 | -510 | -446 | -362 | -393 | -470 | -391 | -453 | $-374$ | -569 | $-338$ | -373 | -447 | $-439$ | -402 | -450 | -461 | 30 |
| -81 -139 | -80 | $-121$ | -858 | $-92$ | -303 | $-156$ | $-96$ | -92 | -91 | $-122$ | -102 | -99 | -102 | -104 | -102 | $-100$ | $-118$ | -122 | $-122$ | $-123$ | 31 |
| -139 | -165 | -161 | -148 | -159 | -303 | -205 | -171 | -171 | -198 | -207 | $-186$ | -170 | -229 | -225 | -236 | $-221$ | -257 | -244 | -226 | -211 | 32 |
| -304 | -593 | -300 | -337 | -646 | -640 | -510 | -626 | -743 | -727 | -525 | -274 | -470 | -715 | -649 | -360 | -484 | -439 | -357 | -314 | -663 | 33 |
| $\begin{array}{r} -582 \\ 91 \end{array}$ | -692 -90 | -583 -128 | -645 -138 | -1, 284 | -781 -127 | $\begin{array}{r}-733 \\ \hline 40\end{array}$ | -839 -144 | $-1,171$ 130 | -936 -102 | -789 | -818 | $-992$ | -987 <br> -98 | -702 -59 | $\begin{array}{r}-797 \\ \hline 16\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}-874 \\ \hline 19\end{array}$ | -920 -43 | -707 43 | -784 -46 | -1,172 | 34 35 |
| 184 3 | 182 7 | $\begin{aligned} & 185 \\ & 226 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 253 \\ & 192 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 194 \\ \left({ }^{*}\right) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 268 \\ \left.\mathbf{(}^{*}\right) \end{gathered}$ | 178 | $\begin{gathered} 358 \\ \left(^{*}\right) \end{gathered}$ | 257 42 | 308 3 | 208 55 | 341 169 | 249 44 | 336 34 | - ${ }_{-154}$ | 431 -11 | $\begin{array}{r}283 \\ 88 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | 306 2 | 475 40 | 429 | 30 37 |
| -919 | -1,274 | -472 | -1,668 | -1,183 | -932 | -1,265 | -2, 257 | -947 | -1,506 | -1,339 | -1,592 | -1,360 | -2, 357 | -824 | -883 | -1,941 | -2, 214 | -999 | -1,732 | -1,987 | 38 |
| $\begin{aligned} & -643 \\ & -357 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -1,075 \\ -60 \end{array}$ | -694 -11 | $\begin{array}{r}-1,249 \\ -64 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | -903 -259 | -403 -237 | -710 -409 | $\begin{array}{r} -1,120 \\ -361 \end{array}$ | -666 -347 | -973 -105 | -1,028 -259 | -541 -515 | - $-1,006$ -365 | $-1,194$ -499 | -939 -506 | $\begin{aligned} & -115 \\ & -125 \end{aligned}$ | $-1,573$ -210 | $-1,662$ 93 | -747 -488 | -464 <br> -337 | $-1,532$ -362 | 39 40 |
| 127 | -14 | 1102 | 107 -357 | 153 -26 | $\begin{array}{r}179 \\ -344 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | -77 <br> -47 | $(*)$ -228 -28 | 140 70 | $\begin{array}{r}49 \\ 200 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 165 -118 | 4 -196 | 133 118 | [ $\begin{array}{r}19 \\ -543\end{array}$ | 131 236 | [ 34 | ${ }_{13}^{24}$ | 49 -461 | 22 275 | -88 | 35 90 | 41 |
| 104 | -45 | 119 | -42 | 8 | $-38$ | $-35$ | -20 | 149 | $-57$ | - 39 | -192 | -41 | -45 | 19 | $-142$ | 240 | $-135$ | $-6$ | $-218$ | 28 | 43 |
| -17 | -51 | -28. | -16 | -68 | -164 | 36 | -85 | 34 | -32 | -57 | -165 | -82 | -80 | -13 | -249 | -381 | $-13$ | -129 | -54 | -8 |  |
| -9 <br> -165 | -65 | - ${ }^{10}$ | $-94$ | -35 | 14 61 | [ $\begin{array}{r}-74 \\ 52\end{array}$ | -263 -181 | -46 -281 | -178 -409 | -49 -32 | $\begin{array}{r}-211 \\ \hline 24\end{array}$ | - $\begin{array}{r}136 \\ -254\end{array}$ | -105 90 | $\begin{array}{r}54 \\ 194 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}-121 \\ \hline 04\end{array}$ | -46 | -66 -20 | 11 63 | $\begin{array}{r}-262 \\ \hline 37\end{array}$ | 48 -286 | 45 46 |
| -70 | 1,120 | 954 | 1,316 | 91 | 1,816 | 2,425 | 2,521 | 942 | 2,499 | 2,882 | 3,088 | 3,000 | 4,479 | 3,990 | 838 | 1,600 | 1,668 | 2,030 | 526 | 2,503 | 47 |
| 52 173 | 38 520 | $\begin{array}{r}-113 \\ \hline 107\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 110 \\ & 109 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r}64 \\ \hline 133\end{array}$ | 70 329 | 520 | 112 34 | ${ }_{839}^{251}$ | 1,122 ${ }^{5}$ | - $\begin{array}{r}23 \\ 1,115\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 41 \\ 1,312 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 246 \\ 1,388 \end{array}$ | 164 365 | 152 396 | 270 963 | 486 304 | $\begin{aligned} & 105 \\ & 374 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{720}^{218}$ | 160 | 50 628 | 48 49 |
| 29 | 12 | 61 | 78 | 125 | -24 | -19 | 3 | 154 | 165 | 20 | 376 | 156 | 59 | 145 | 341 | 79 | 343 | 227 | 504 | 86 | 50 |
| 39 12 | $\begin{array}{r}66 \\ 157 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 134 12 | 57 7 | 94 67 | 90 20 | 183 55 | 132 16 | 53 -60 | 268 25 | 227 -12 | 1119 | -83 -6 | 80 21 | $1 \begin{aligned} & 113 \\ & 128\end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r}17 \\ \hline 17\end{array}$ | 93 | 166 19 | 209 22 | -362 | -70 <br> -149 | 52 |
| 48 | 282 | 88 | 375 | 304 | 596 | -196 | 190 | 116 | 150 | 131 | 137 | -43 | -195 | -390 | -208 | -154 | -235 | -233 | -188 | -216 | 53 |
| $\begin{array}{r}40 \\ -85 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | -12 <br> -24 | 25 28 | -38 <br> 146 | 28 65 | $-7$ | 331 <br> -53 | - $\begin{array}{r}100 \\ -126\end{array}$ | 247 -21 | 627 105 | 406 -22 | $\begin{array}{r}526 \\ 45 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | - 88 | -172 45 | -118 -48 | 41 329 | -259 -28 | 743 -255 | -5 <br> 6 | 65 -188 | -7 <br> -75 | $\stackrel{54}{55}$ |
| 475 -852 | 27 54 | 1,211 -598 | 671 -199 | -709 -80 | 90 540 | $1,331$ | $\begin{array}{r} 760 \\ 1,300 \end{array}$ | - $\begin{array}{r}721 \\ -1,368\end{array}$ | 2,222 $-2,190$ | 1,031 -38 | -164 -485 | $\begin{array}{r} 3,024 \\ -1,708 \end{array}$ | 4,651 -538 | 1,377 <br> 2,235 | -390 -506 | $\begin{array}{r} -1,699 \\ 2,784 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -131 \\ 539 \end{array}$ | -1.213 2,049 | $\begin{array}{r} -3,206 \\ 2,267 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -2,507 \\ 4,759 \end{array}$ | 56 57 |
| 424 | 68 | 82 | -6 | 1,027 | -419 | -375 | -181 | 904 | -137 | -571 | -1,076 | -48 | -299 | -686 | -154 | -386 | 1,022 | 801 | 1,040 | 145 | 58 |
| 68 | 209 | 173 | 121 | 51 | 15 | 92 | 1,012 | 1,362 | 22 | 74 | -137 | 56 | -317 | -11 | -695 | $-44$ | 14 | 395 | 422 | 109 | 59 |
| 222 | -163 | -426 | $-173$ | 1,007 | -424 | -462 |  | -401 | 267 | -474 | -575 | -73 | 246 | -442 | 1,083 | -831 | 818 | 34 | 469 | 373 | 61 |
| 134 | 22 | 335 | 46 | , 31 | -10 | -5 | -48 | -57 | -426 | -23 | -364 | -31 | -228 | -233 | $-542$ | -253 | 227 | 406 | 9 | 255 | 62 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 867 |  |  |  | 717 | 63 |
| -28 | -79 | 152 | -475 | 94 | -523 | 30 | -398 | -258 | -440 | 528 | -323 | -1,203 | -722 | -670 | -8 | -122 | -523 | -416 | -71 | $-1,340$ | 64 |

Table 3.-U.S. International Transactions-
(Millions

${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. * Less than $\$ 500,000$ ( $\pm$ ).

1. Credits, + : Exports of goods and services; unilateral transfers to U.S.; capital inflows increase in U.S. iabilities or decrease in U.S. assets, decrease in US. official reserve assets.

Debits, -: Imports of goods and services; unilateral transfers to foreigners; capita outflows (decrease in U.S. liabilities or increase in U.S. assets); increase in U.S. official reserve assets.
2. Excludes transfers of goods and services under U.S. military grant programs

Excludes exports of goods under U.S. military agency sales contracts identified in Census

Seasonally Adjusted
of dollars)

| 1968 |  |  |  | 1969 |  |  |  | 1970 |  |  |  | 1971 | Line |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | $1{ }^{1}$ |  |
| 11,956 | 12,686 | 13, 284 | 12,701 | 11,995 | 14,222 | 14,574 | 14,811 | 15,374 | 15,806 | 15,930 | 15,795 | 16,515 | 1 |
| 7,947 | 8,385 | 8,878 | 8,378 | 7,510 | 9,490 | 9,602 | 9,888 | 10,241 | 10,582 | 10,696 | 10,461 | 11, 032 | 2 |
|  |  | 393 |  | 407 | 329 | 442 | 336 |  | 447 | 327 | 433 | 507 | 3 |
| 433 | 431 | 451 | 460 | 498 | 518 | 519 | 523 | 556 | 573 | 589 | 601 | 607 | 4 |
| 101 | 105 | 102 | 104 | 108 | 112 | 119 | 111 | 136 | 142 | 134 | 141 | 154 | 5 |
| 624 | 630 | 640 | 641 | 536 | 710 | 703 | 714 | 736 | 774 | 803 | 793 | 785 | 6 |
| 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 131 | 131 | 131 | 131 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 174 | 7 |
| 216 92 | 216 87 | 220 87 | 220 87 | 245 89 | 246 101 | 247 95 | 247 94 | 266 90 | 267 80 | 269 107 | 267 110 | 300 111 | 8 9 |
|  | 87 | 87 | 87 |  | 101 | 95 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 361 | 383 | 398 | 404 | 394 | 438 | 420 | 429 | 449 | 496 | ${ }^{460}$ | ${ }^{468}$ | 465 | 10 |
| 1,097 | 1,307 | 1,278 | 1,292 | 1,334 | 1,367 | 1,473 | 1,484 | 1,590 | 1,409 | 1,507 | 1,520 | 1,519 | 11 |
| 462 | 477 | 512 | 499 | 517 | 550 | 582 | 618 | 648 | 648 | 660 | 642 | 648 | 12 |
| 206 | 206 | 210 | 144 | 226 | 230 | 241 | 236 | 238 | 238 | 222 | 209 | 213 | 13 |
| 215 | 178 | 247 | 164 | 178 | 188 | 182 | 208 | 137 | 191 | 116 | 169 | 191 | 14 |
| -11,483 | -11,834 | -12,436 | -12,384 | -11,657 | -13,926 | $-13,866$ | -14, 142 | -14,493 | -14,761 | -14,935 | $-15,125$ | -15,464 | 15 |
| -7,821 | -8, 134 | -8, 568 | -8,441 | -7, 589 | -9,566 | -9, 278 | -9, 397 | -9, 728 | $-9,831$ | -9,992 | -10,319 | $-10,760$ | 16 |
| $-1,103$ | -1,112 | -1, 147 | -1, 173 | -1,198 | -1,187 | -1,221 | -1,251 | -1,182 | -1,255 | -1,211 | -1,203 | $-1,184$ | 17 |
| -755 -207 | -737 -216 | -787 -230 -28 | -743 -232 -884 | -820 <br> -255 | 1,849 -264 -24 | -864 -277 -26 | -857 -284 -864 | -925 -290 -1 | $-1,010$ -286 | $-1,021$ -320 -1 | -997 -319 | ${ }_{-189}^{-997}$ | 18 19 |
| -589 | -577 | -609 | -598 | -526 | -637 | -637 | -680 | -661 | -693 | -738 | -697 | -715 | 20 |
| -27 | -27 | -27 | -27 | -30 | -30 | -30 | -30 | -30 | -30 | -30 | -30 | -31 | 21 |
| -117 | -120 | -118 | -122 | $-135$ | -138 | -139 | -143 | -150 | $-153$ | -157 | -163 | -167 | 22 |
| -168 | $-167$ | -175 | -248 | $-175$ | -177 | -178 | $-185$ | -179 | -181 | -182 | -187 | -174 | 23 |
| -22 | -18 | -19 | -21 | -28 | -24 | -22 | -28 | -23 | -30 | -28 | -30 | -20 | 24 |
| -104 | $-95$ | -98 | $-92$ | -98 | -111 | -105 | -102 | $-120$ | -109 | -104 | $-107$ | $-128$ | ${ }^{25}$ |
| -395 | -449 -182 | -493 -165 | ${ }_{-}^{-507}$ | -615 | -752 | -919 -196 | $-983$ | $-998$ | -942 | -866 | -786 -290 | -650 -320 | 26 27 |
| -175 | -182 | -165 | -180 | --188 | -191 | -196 |  |  |  | -286 | -290 | -320 |  |
| -215 | -178 | -247 | -164 | -178 | -188 | -182 | -208 | -137 | -191 | -116 | -169 | -191 | 28 |
| -641 | -698 | -758 | -779 | -630 | -839 | -693 | -749 | -756 | -753 | -803 | -836 | -783 | 29 |
| -362 | -422 | $-435$ | -488 | -344 | -5 | -371 | -408 | -418 | -391 | -444 | -485 | -432 | 30 |
| -92 | -91 | $-122$ | -182 -189 | $-99$ | $-102$ | $-104$ | $-102$ | $-100$ | $-118$ | -122 | -122 -29 | -123 | 31 |
| -187 | -185 | -201 | -189 | -187 | -216 | -218 | -239 | -238 | -244 | -237 | -229 | -228 | 32 |
| -706 | -629 | -570 | -363 | -411 | -630 | -691 | -461 | -423 | -366 | -394 | -410 | -599 | 33 |
| $-1,032$ -16 | -892 -54 | $\begin{array}{r}-923 \\ \hline 38\end{array}$ | -867 95 | -845 83 | -948 -42 | -837 -31 | $\begin{array}{r}-848 \\ \hline 79\end{array}$ | -723 -130 | -881 16 | -846 70 | $\begin{array}{r}-835 \\ \hline 17\end{array}$ | $-1,019$ -72 | 34 35 |
| 300 | 314 | 260 | 240 | 307 | 326 | 331 | 319 | 342 | 385 | 380 | 368 | 488 | 36 |
| 42 | 3 | 55 | 169 | 44 | 34 | -154 | -11 | 88 | 114 | 2 | 40 | 4 | 37 |
| -875 | -1,154 | -1,692 | -1,662 | -1,494 | -1,889 | -1,380 | -662 | -1,938 | -1,524 | -1,752 | -1,673 | -2,024 | 38 |
| -456 -347 | -843 -105 | $-1,033$ -259 | -876 -515 | -926 -365 | -999 -499 | -899 -506 | -430 -125 | -1,358 -210 | $-1,257$ 93 | -897 -488 | -934 -337 | $-1,357$ -362 | 39 40 |
| 140 | 49 | 165 |  | 133 | 19 | 131 | 34 | 24 | 49 | 22 | 88 | 35 | 41 |
| -63 | 270 | -297 |  | -57 | -350 |  |  | -162 | $-268$ | -189 | $\sim 396$ | -85 | 42 |
| 89 | 43 | -61 | -132 | -141 | -37 | -28 | -3 | 140 | -127 | -53 | -79 | -72 | 43 |
| 34 | -32 | -57 | -165 | -82 | -80 | -13 | -249 | -381 | -13 | -129 | -54 | -8 |  |
| -106 | -162 | -103 | -113 |  | -87 | -10 | -15 | -108 | -47 | -56 | -152 | -15 |  |
| -166 | -374 | -47 | 89 | -132 | 144 | 173 | 149 | 117 | 46 | 38 | 191 | -160 | 46 |
| 1,166 | 2,320 | 2,409 | 3, 515 | 3,338 | 3, 989 | 3,458 | 1, 523 | 1,818 | 1,004 | 1,588 | 1,414 | 2,761 | 47 |
| 251 |  | 23 |  | 246 | 164 | 152 | 270 | 486 | 105 | 218 | 160 | 50 | 48 |
| 839 | 1,122 | 1,115 | 1,312 | 1,388 | 365 | 396 | 963 | 304 | 374 | 720 | 792 | 628 | 49 |
| 234 | 180 | 105 | 196 | 236 | 74 | 230 | 161 | 159 | 358 | 312 | 324 | 166 | 50 |
| 123 | 253 | 142 | 241 | -13 | 65 | 28 | 11 | 163 | 151 | 124 | 392 | 0 | 51 |
| - 116 | 25 | -12 | 119 | -6 |  | 128 | 17 |  | 19 | 22 | -32 | -149 | 52 |
| 116 | 150 | 131 | 137 | -43 | -195 | -390 | -208 | -154 | -235 | -233 | -188 | $-216$ | 53 |
| 240 -18 | 619 169 | 399 0 | 548 -44 | 81 -68 | $\begin{array}{r}-180 \\ \hline 89\end{array}$ | -125 -13 | 63 256 | -266 -30 | 735 -224 | -12 82 | 77 -263 | -8 <br> -88 | 54 55 |
|  | 2,316 | 792 | 164 | 2,844 | 4,571 |  | 75 |  | $-376$ | $-1,383$ |  |  | 56 |
| -1,097 | -2, 019 | -286 | 801 | -1,327 | $-985$ | 1,880 | -85 | 3,021 | 97 | 1,738 | 2,763 | 5,065 | 57 |
| 904 | -137 | -571 | -1,076 | -48 | -299 | -686 | -154 | 264 | 805 | 584 | 824 | 682 | 58 |
| 1,362 | 22 | -74 | -137 | 56 | -317 | -11 | -695 | -44 | 14 | 395 | 422 | 109 | 59 |
|  |  |  |  | -73 |  | -442 | 1,083 | -270 | -254 818 | $\begin{array}{r}-251 \\ \hline 34\end{array}$ | -76 469 | - 37 | 60 61 |
| -57 | -426 | -23 | -364 | -31 | -228 | -233 | $\xrightarrow{-542}$ | -253 | 227 | 406 | 9 | 255 | 62 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 217 | 217 | 217 | 216 | 180 | 63 |
| -321 | -551 | 332 | 47 | -1,092 | -628 | -717 | -166 | -62 | -430 | -433 | -207 | -1,268 | 64 |

export documents, and imports of goods included under direct defense expenditures identified in Census import documents, and reflects various other balance-of-payments adjustments (for valuation, coverage, and timing) to Census statistics; see table. 4. (for valuation, coverage, and timing) to Census statistics, see table. 4. U .S. firms or of U.S incorporated affliates of foreign firms.

| Line |  | 1960 | 1961 | 1962 | 1963 | 1964 | 1965 | 1966 | 1967 | 1968 | 1969 | 1970 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | EXPORTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | Merchandise exports, Census basis, ${ }^{1}$ including reexports and military grant shipments | 20,600 | 21,036 | 21,713 | 23,387 | 26,649 | 27,521 | 30,430 | 31,622 | 34,636 | 38,006 | 43,227 |
| 2 | Merchandise exports, Census basis, 1 including reexports, excluding military grant shipments | 19,651 | 20,226 | 20,986 | 22,467 | 25,831 | 26,742 | 29,490 | 31,030 | 34,063 | 37,332 | 42,662 |
| 3 | Regular additions to Census exports | 267 | 248 | 258 | 269 | 243 | 256 | 267 | 319 | 340 | 367 | 356 |
| 3 a | Private gift parcel remittances. | 66 | 59 | 51 | 44 | 45 | 45 | 44 | 75 | 75 | 71 | 76 |
| 3 b | Virgin Islands exports to foreign countries. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 | 18 | 31 | 26 | (*) 17 |
| 3 c 3 d | Gold exports, nonmonetary -............-. | 164 | 166 | 174 | ${ }^{*}$ ) 183 | ${ }^{*}{ }^{*} 184$ | 205 | $2{ }^{2}$ | 5 216 | 8 228 | ${ }^{2}$ | ${ }^{(*)}$ |
| 3 e | Other regular additions ${ }^{2}$. ${ }^{\text {a }}$......... | 35 | 22 | 32 | 42 | 14 | 4 | 2 | 5 | -2 | 11 | $-2$ |
| 4 | Regular deductions from Census exports ${ }^{3}$ | 36 | 40 | 46 | 44 | 37 | 23 | 25 | 29 | 31 | 31 | 28 |
| $\stackrel{5}{5}$ | Special adjustments, net 4 Of which: quarterly allocation of annual seasonal adjustment discrepancy.s |  | -95 | -92 | -46 | -139 | 84 | 37 |  |  | -6 |  |
| 6 | Equals: Total merchandise exports, adjusted to balance of payments basis- | 19,882 | 20,339 | 21,106 | 22,646 | 25,898 | 27,059 | 29,769 | 31,320 | 34,372 | 37,662 | 42,990 |
| 7 | Less: Merchandise exports transferred under U.S. military agency sales contracts identified in Census documents. ${ }^{6}$ | 232 | 232 | 327 | 394 | 420 | 621 | 379 | 640 | 784 | 1,172 | 1,010 |
| 8 | Equals: Merchandise exports, adjusted to balance of payments basis, excluding "military" (table 2, line 2). | 19,650 | 20,107 | 20,779 | 22, 252 | 25,478 | 26,438 | 29,390 | 30.680 | 33,588 | 36,490 | 41,980 |
|  | IMPORTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9 | Merchandise imports, Census basis ${ }^{1}$ (general imports) | 15,072 | 14,759 | 16,453 | 17,205 | 18,749 | 21,520 | 25,618 | 26,889 | 33, 226 | 36, 043 | 39,963 |
| 10 | Regular additions to Census imports | 85 | 89 | 108 | 108 | 137 | 182 | 206 | 252 | 327 | 396 | 407 |
| 10a | Virgin Islands imports from foreign cou | 13 | 12 | 21 | 22 | 27 | 44 | 43 | 68 | 108 | 168 | 242 |
| 10 b | Gold imports, nonmonetary. | 56 | 67 | 80 | 79 | 100 | 130 | 155 | 176 | 211 | 216 | 152 |
| 10 c | Other regular additions ? | 16 | 10 | 7 | 7 | 10 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 12 | 13 |
| 11 | Regular deductions from Census imports | 5 | 6 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 20 | 79 | 168 | 305 | 349 | 350 |
| 11a | Automotive valuation adjustment. |  |  |  |  |  | 17 | 75 | 162 | 300 | 346 | 346 |
| 11 b | Other regular deductions ${ }^{8}$.. | 5 | 6 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 5 | 3 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 12 \\ & 12 a \end{aligned}$ | Special adjustments, net 4 $\qquad$ Of which: quarterly allocation of annual seasonal adjustment discrepancy ${ }^{3}$ - | 69 | 65 | 42 | 38 | 9 |  | -65 | 49 | -34 | -23 | 29 |
| 13 | Equals: Total merchandise imports, adjusted to balance of payments basis. | 15, 221 | 14,907 | 16,594 | 17,343 | 18,888 | 21,682 | 25,680 | 27,022 | 33,214 | 36,067 | 40,049 |
| 14 | Less: Merchandise imports of U.S. military agencles identified in Census documents. ${ }^{9}$ | 477 | 388 | 376 | 332 | 241 | 186 | 217 | 201 | 250 | 237 | 179 |
| 15 | Equals: Merchandise imports, adjusted to balance of payments basis, excluding "military" (table 2, line 16). | 14,744 | 14,519 | 16,218 | 17,011 | 18,647 | 21,496 | 25,463 | 26,821 | 32,964 | 35,830 | 39,870 |
| 16 | Balance on total merchandise trade, adjusted to balance of payments basis (line 6 less line 13) [export surplus, + ]. | 4,661 | 5,432 | 4,512 | 5,303 | 7,010 | 5,377 | 4,089 | 4,298 | 1,158 | 1,595 | 2,941 |
| 17 | Balance on merchandise trade, adjusted to balance of payments basis, excluding "military" (line 8 less line 15 ) [export surplus, + ]. | 4,906 | 5,588 | 4,561 | 5,241 | 6,831 | 4,942 | 3,927 | 3,859 | 624 | 660 | 2,110 |
|  | TRADE BY END-USE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18 | Merchandise exports, Census basis, including military grant shipments (line 1) ${ }^{1}$ | 20,600 | 21,036 | 21,713 | 23,387 | 26,649 | 27,521 | 30,430 | 31,622 | 34,636 | 38,006 | 43,227 |
| 18a |  | 4, 8 , 860 | 5,073 | 5,078 | 5,640 | 6,412 | 6,300 | 6,955 | 6,448 | 6,301 | 6,098 | 7,353 3574 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 18b } \\ & \text { 18c } \end{aligned}$ | Nonagricultural products. | 15, 740 | 15,963 | 16,635 | 17,747 | 20,237 | 21, 221 | 23,475 |  |  | 31, 908 |  |
| $18 \mathrm{c}$ | Excluding military grant shipments | 14,791 | 15, 153 | 15,908 | 16,827 | 19, 419 | 20,442 | 22,535 | 24,582 | 27,762 | 31,234 | 35,309 |
| 19 | Foods, feeds, and beverages. | 3,170 | 3,418 | 3,829 | 4,282 | 4,849 | 4,928 | 5,489 | 4,998 | 4,813 | 4,688 | 5,826 |
| 20 | Grains and preparations. | 1,821 | 2,063 | 2,288 | 2,570 | 2,876 | 2,901 | 3,504 | 2,997 | 2,822 | 2,516 | 3,058 |
| $\stackrel{21}{22}$ | Soybeans -............ | 3336 | 343 | 407 | 471 | ${ }^{567}$ | -650 | , 760 | 772 1,230 | 810 1,182 | 822 1,350 | 1,216 1,552 |
| 22 | Other foods, feeds, and beverages | 1,013 | 1,012 | 1,133 | 1,240 | 1,406 | 1,376 | 1,225 | 1,230 | 1,182 | 1,350 | 1,552 |
| 23 | Industrial supplies and materials ${ }^{10}$ | 7,924 | 7,705 | 7,132 | 7,822 | 9, 185 | 8,917 | 9,613 | 9,971 | 11,004 | 11,779 | 13,795 1,596 |
| 24 | Fuels and lubricants | 841 | 794 | 826 | 975 | 946 | 948 | 977 | 1,106 | 1,052 | 1,132 | 1,596 |
| 25 | Paper and paper base stocks. | 419 | 453 | 457 | 506 | 597 | 594 | 666 | 722 | 828 | 906 | 1,137 |
| 26 | Textile supplies and materials | 1,540 | 1,429 | 1,099 | 1,150 | 1,343 | 1,070 | 1,034 | 1,032 | 1,022 | 923 | 1,051 |
| $\stackrel{27}{ }$ | Raw cotton, including linters | -988 | , 884 | , 537 | - 587 | 690 | 495 | 440 | 470 | 466 | 286 | 378 488 |
| 28 29 | Tobacco, unmanufactured- | $\begin{array}{r}379 \\ \hline 1406\end{array}$ | 391 1437 | + 373 | 1.403 | 413 1 | $\begin{array}{r}383 \\ 1949 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 482 2 200 | 498 2313 | - 5248 | 540 2,741 | 488 3,059 |
| 30 | Cther nonmetals (hides, tallow, minerals, wood, rubber, tires, etc.). | 1,406 1,388 | 1,437 | 1,517 1,358 | 1,639 1,478 | 1,990 1,716 | 1,949 1,868 | 2,070 | 2,073 | 2, 267 | - 2,409 | -3,656 |
| 31 | Steelmaking materials. | 305 | 427 | 220 | 255 | 333 | 283 | 271 | 324 | 275 | 371 | 547 |
| 32 | Iron and steel products. | 717 | 541 | 561 | 629 | 781 | 759 | 699 | 702 | 741 | 1,127 | 1.339 |
| 33 | Other metals, primary and advanced, including advanced steel 10 | 929 | 858 | 721 | 786 | 1,065 | 1,065 | 1,215 | 1,201 | 1,532 | 1,631 | 1,872 |
| 34 | Capital goods, except automotive. | 5,511 | 5,910 | 6,443 | 6,604 | 7,463 | 8,039 | 8,892 | 9,913 | 11,072 | 12,346 | 14,366 |
| 35 | Machinery, except consumer-type | 4,284 | 4,729 | 5,221 | 5,521 | 6,399 | 6,796 | 7,527 | 8,115 | 8,642 | 9,991 | 11,564 |
| 36 | Electrical and electronic, and parts and attachments | 730 | 818 | , 953 | 1,079 | 1, 179 | 1,145 | 1,279 | 1,426 | 1,557 | 1,856 | 2, 078 |
| 37 | Nonelectrical, and parts and attachments............ | 3,555 | 3,912 | 4,268 | 4, 442 | 5,220 | 5,651 | 6,248 | 6,689 | 7,035 | 8,136 | 9,486 |
| ${ }_{39}^{38}$ | Construction machinery and nonfarm tractors and parts. | 947 | 937 | 979 | 1,042 | 1,255 | 1,303 | 1,335 | 1,396 | 1,526 709 | 1,630 | 1,962 |
| 39 40 | Textile and other specialized-industry machinery and parts | 469 1.474 | 520 1,664 | 549 1.890 | 539 1.880 | - 629 | $\begin{array}{r}634 \\ \hline \\ \hline\end{array}$ | -677 | $\begin{array}{r}673 \\ 2.886 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 709 3,062 | 795 3,476 | $\begin{array}{r}931 \\ 3,893 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| 41 | Agricultural machinery and farm tractors and parts. | $\begin{array}{r}1,474 \\ \hline 205 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}1,664 \\ 203 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,890 | 1,880 | 2, 1488 | $\begin{array}{r}2,373 \\ \hline 434\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}2,693 \\ \hline 46\end{array}$ | 2,886 | 3,062 | 3,418 418 | 3,860 360 |
| 42 | Business and office machines, computers, etc., and parts | 223 | 328 | 344 | 385 | 467 | 542 | 660 | 842 | 900 | 1,225 | 1,703 |
| 43 | Scientific, professional, and service-industry equipment. | 236 | 260 | 288 | 331 | 375 | 359 | 437 | 445 | 476 | 541 | 638 |
| 44 | Civilian aircraft, engines, parts. | 1,052 | 973 | 1,043 | 919 | 912 | 1,077 | 1,224 | 1,614 | 2, 327 | 2, 235 | 2, 6681 |
| $44 \mathrm{4a}$ | Civilian aircraft, complete-all types Other transportation equipment. | 537 175 | 339 209 | 323 179 | 248 163 | 287 152 | 478 167 | 553 141 | 790 184 | 1,405 103 | 1,266 120 | 1,529 |

See footnotes at end of table.

Trade
dollars]


Table 4.-U.S. Merchandise

| Line |  | 1960 | 1961 | 1962 | 1963 | 1964 | 1965 | 1966 | 1967 | 1968 | 1969 | 1970 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 46 | Automotive vehicles, parts, and engines. | 1,266 | 1, 188 | 1,301 | 1,468 | 1,729 | 1,929 | 2,354 | 2,784 | 3,453 | 3,888 | 3,652 |
| 47 | To Canada. | 400 | 371 | 469 | 529 | 637 | 867 | 1,270 | 1,755 | 2,378 | 2, 736 | 2, 474 |
| 48 | To all other areas. | 866 | 817 | 832 | 939 | 1,092 | 1,062 | 1,084 | 1,029 | 1,074 | 1,152 | 1,178 |
| 49 | Passenger cars, new and used. | 243 | 236 | 272 | 295 | +357 | 403 | 576 | 824 | 982 | 1,023 | , 837 |
| 50 | Trucks, buses, and special vehicles. | 391 | 321 | 265 | 310 | 358 | 336 | 367 | 413 | 432 | 531 | 560 |
| 51 | Parts, bodies, and accessories, including engines and parts, n.e.c. | 632 | 632 | 764 | 864 | 1,015 | 1,191 | 1,412 | 1,548 | 2,038 | 2,334 | 2,255 |
| 52 |  | 1,396 | 1,441 | 1,455 | 1,558 | 1,751 | 1,799 | 2,035 | 2,111 | 2,334 | 2,573 | 2,717 |
| 53 |  | 562 | 579 | 570 | 603 | 706 | 698 | , 809 | , 825 | , 890 | 1,017 | 1,007 |
| 54 |  | 826 | 847 | 866 | 914 | 998 | 1,054 | 1,162 | 1,222 | 1,344 | 1,429 | 1,587 |
| 55 | Unmanufactured consumer goods (gem stones, precious and nonprecious). | 8 | 15 | 19 | 41 | 47 | 47 | 63 | 65 | 99 | 128 | 123 |
| 56 | Special category (military-type goods) | 840 | 826 | 971 | 1,025 | 951 | 1,229 | 1,249 | 1,103 | 1,110 | 1,644 | 1,369 |
| 57 | Exports, n.e.c., and reexports. | 493 | 549 | 583 | 629 | 723 | 680 | 798 | 743 | 851 | 1,087 | 1,502 |
| 58 | Domestic (low-value, miscellaneous) | 293 | 305 | 314 | 344 | 370 | 337 | 363 | 359 | 414 | 543 | 869 |
| 59 | Foreign (reexports) - | 200 | 245 | 269 | 285 | 352 | 343 | 436 | 384 | 437 | 544 | 633 |
| 60 | Merchandise imports, Census basis (line 9) | 15,072 | 14,759 | 16,453 | 17,205 | 18,749 | 21,520 | 25,618 | 26,889 | 33,226 | 36,043 | 39,963 |
| 61 | Foods, feeds, and beverages. | 3,286 | 3,331 | 3,573 | 3,753 | 3,915 | 3,946 | 4,499 | 4,586 | 5, 271 | 5,238 | 6,158 |
| 62 | Coffee, cocoa, and sugar. | 1,657 | 1,581 | 1,621 | 1,701 | 1,786 | 1,625 | 1,691 | 1,698 | 1,916 | 1,700 | 2,089 |
| 63 | Green coffee. | 1,002 | 961 | 986 | 955 | 1,197 | 1, 062 | 1,067 | 963 | 1,140 | 894 | 1, 160 |
| 64 | Cane sugar | 512 | 460 | 503 | 611 | 458 | 443 | 501 | 588 | 640 | 638 | 729 |
| 65 | Other foods, feeds, and beverage | 1,629 | 1,750 | 1,952 | 2,053 | 2, 129 | 2, 321 | 2,808 | 2,888 | 3,355 | 3,538 | 4, 069 |
| 66 | Industrial supplies and materials ${ }^{10}$ | 7,887 | 7,714 | 8,573 | 8,874 | 9,563 | 11,024 | 12,162 | 11,856 | 14,159 | 14, 159 | 15,117 |
| 67 | Fuels and lubricants. | 1,580 | 1,727 | 1,906 | 1,931 | 2,015 | 2,212 | 2,247 | 2,233 | 2,509 | 2,777 | 3,063 |
| 68 |  | 1,098 | 1,093 | 1,144 | 1,130 | 1,227 | 1,301 | 1,440 | 1,386 | 1,431 | 1,595 | 1,578 |
| 69 | Materials associated with nondurable goods and farm output n.e.s....- | 1,728 | 1, 718 | 1,923 | 2,032 | 2, 084 | 2,368 | 2,644 | 2,371 | 2, 749 | 2, 658 | 2,866 |
| 70 | Textile supplies and materials .......-.-.-.-.-.......... | 847 | 817 | 973 | 1,043 | 1,009 | 1, 162 | 1,243 | 1,015 | 1,180 | 1, 142 | 1, 209 |
| 71 | Tobacco, unmanufactured.-.. | 117 | 134 | 107 | 113 | 142 | 122 | 137 | 162 | 148 | 117 | 111 |
| 72 | Chemicals, excluding medicinals.....-......................... | 278 | 304 | 329 | 326 | 363 | 445 | 573 | 584 | 689 | 708 | 836 |
| 73 | Other (hides, copra, materials for making photos, drugs, dyes) | 486 | 463 | 513 | 550 | 570 | 639 | 691 | 610 | 732 | 691 | 710 |
| 74 | Building materials, except metals | 540 | 537 | 615 | 660 | 705 | 722 | 784 | 754 | 1,072 | 1,187 | 1,006 |
| 75 | Materials associated with durable goods output, n.e.s. | 2,941 | 2,639 | 2,985 | 3,121 | 3,533 | 4,421 | 5,047 | 5,112 | 6,398 | 5,943 | 6, 603 |
| 76 | Steelmaking materials. | 524 | 443 | 502 | 494 | 602 | 679 | 758 | 688 | 673 | 649 | 734 |
| 77 | Iron and steel products. | 508 | 421 | 537 | 692 | 825 | 1,272 | 1,312 | 1,422 | 2,123 | 1,914 | 2,193 |
| 78 | Other metals, primary and advanced, including advanced ste | 1,197 | 1,166 | 1,324 | 1,347 | 1,463 | 1, 808 | 2, 229 | 2, 259 | 2, 734 | 2,360 | 2,647 |
| 79 | Nonmetals (gums, oils, resins, minerals, rubber, tires, etc.) | 713 | 609 | 621 | 588 | 642 | 661 | 749 | 744 | 869 | 1,020 | 1,030 |
| 80 | Capital goods, except automotive | 562 | 693 | 758 | 823 | 1,039 | 1,458 | 2,135 | 2,382 | 2,825 | 3,218 | 3,782 |
| 81 | Machinery, except consumer-type | 535 | 572 | 681 | 798 | 1,020 | 1,357 | 1,923 | 2,252 | 2,637 | 3,040 | 3,591 |
| 82 | Electrical and electronic, and parts and attachments | 123 | 136 | 168 | 181 | 203 | 301 | 477 | 535 | 700 | 817 | 1,017 |
| 83 | Nonelectrical, and parts and attachments.- | 413 | 436 | 512 | 618 | 817 | 1,056 | 1,446 | 1,718 | 1,938 | 2,223 | 2,574 |
| 84 | Construction, textile and other specialized-industry machinery and nonfarm tractors and parts. | 83 | 98 | 120 | 133 | 190 | 247 | 341 | 378 | 460 | 502 | 566 |
| 85 | Other industrial machinery and parts, n.e.s. | 114 | 126 | 144 | 177 | 244 | 336 | 486 | 650 | 738 | 823 | 939 |
| 86 | Agricultural machinery and farm tractors and parts. | 135 | 115 | 152 | 179 | 191 | 247 | 329 | 352 | 337 | 347 | 359 |
| 87 | Business and office machines, computers, etc., and parts.........-- | 58 | 73 | 62 | 77 | 84 | 110 | 151 | 183 | 225 | 339 | 471 |
| 88 | Scientific, professional and service-industry equipment and parts; and miscellaneous transportation equipment. | 22 | 24 | 33 | 52 | 108 | 116 | 139 | 154 | 178 | 212 | 239 |
| 89 | Civilian aircraft, engines, parts | 27 | 121 | 78 | 25 | 20 | 102 | 212 | 129 | 188 | 177 | 191 |
| 89 a | Civilian aircraft, complete-all types.. | 2 | 74 | 40 | 1 | 2 | 67 | 153 | 59 | 109 | 110 | 48 |
| 90 | Automotive vehicles, parts and engines | 633 | 383 | 521 | 586 | 767 | 939 | 1,910 | 2,634 | 4,295 | 5,341 | 5,955 |
| 91 | From Canada. | 11 | 8 | 9 | 29 | 102 | 246 | 916 | 1,599 | 2, 618 | 3,488 | 3,584 |
| 92 | From Canada, transactions value. | 11 | 8 | 9 | 29 | 102 | 229 | 841 | 1,437 | 2,318 | 3,143 | 3,239 |
| 93 | From all other areas | 622 | 375 | 512 | 557 | 665 | 693 | 994 | 1,035 | 1,677 | 1,853 | 2,371 |
| 94 | Passengers cars, new and used | 544 | 318 | 433 | 467 | 593 | 670 | 1,244 | 1,701 | 2,796 | 3,369 | 3,730 |
| 95 96 | Trucks, buses, and special vehicles ---................................ | 30 60 | 13 | 17 | 23 | ${ }_{151}^{24}$ | 44 | 174 492 | 301 631 | 479 1.020 | , 716 | 730 |
| 96 | Parts, bodies, and accessories, including engines and parts, n.e.s | 60 | 52 | 71 | 96 | 151 | 225 | 492 | 631 | 1,020 | 1,255 | 1,496 |
| 97 | Consumer goods (nonfood), except automotive. | 1,901 | 1,889 | 2,276 | 2,389 | 2,694 | 3,305 | 3,912 | 4,213 | 5,330 | 6,616 | 7,551 |
| 98 | Consumer durables, manufactured. | 971 | 1,000 | 1,216 | 1,266 | 1,379 | 1,732 | 2,108 | 2,190 | 2, 754 | 3,535 | 4,069 |
| 999 | Consumer nondurables, manufactured. | 714 | 644 | 811 | 844 | 991 | 1,191 | 1,349 | 1,556 | 2,009 | 2,480 | 2,957 |
| 100 | Unmanufactured consumer goods (gems, nursery stock) | 217 | 245 | 249 | 280 | 324 | 381 | 455 | 467 | 567 | 601 | 526 |
| 101 | Imports, n.e.s. (low value, goods returned, military aircraft, Government purchased uranium, movies, exhibits) | 802 | 749 | 752 | 781 | 771 | 849 | 1,000 | 1,219 | 1,347 | 1,471 | 1,399 |

${ }^{p}$ Preliminary.

1. The figures shown for exports and imports are the trade totals published by the Census Bureau, with the following exceptions.
Exports and Imports: Beginning with 1968 data, exports and imports as published by the Census Bureau include trade in silver ore and bullion. To achieve comparability over time, all pre-1968 data shown in this table have been adjusted to include silver transactions.
Imports Only: (a) 1962 imports as shown do not include an upward revision of $\$ 10$ million which is in the revised 1962 import total published by the Census Bureau, because supporting commodity detail was not available. This amount is included instead in the balance of paybasis, lines 13 and 15 . (b) 1965 imports as shown here are $\$ 92$ million higher than imports as
recorded in Census Bureau published statisties. The adjustment, which corrects for large irregularities and some omissions in the monthly receipt of documents by Census during the last 6 months of 1965, has been distributed in the accompanying commodity detail, lines 61-101.
2. Mainly net additions to or liquidations of U.S.-owned grains in storage in Canada, and exports of electrical energy.
3. Mainly exports of exposed motion picture film for rental rather than sale, and exports to Panama Canal Zone. Prior to 1966, also includes transfers of goods procured offshore under nonmilitary aid programs.
4. Irregular and occasional adjustments; valuation adjustments for goods considered to be

Trade-Continued

| Not seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Line |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1969 |  |  |  | 1970 |  |  |  | 1971 | 1969 |  |  |  | 1970 |  |  |  | 1971 |  |
| I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | II | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | II |  |
| 922 | 1, 055 | 844 | 1,066 | 908 | 1,101 | 814 | 829 | 1,101 | 934 | 972 | 1,021 | 965 | 920 | 1,006 | 991 | 756 | 1,114 | 46 |
| 677 |  | 578 | 747 | 607 | 806 | 534 | 527 | 784 | 682 | 664 | 1,731 | 667 | 613 | ${ }^{725}$ | 682 | 473 | 791 | 47 |
| 245 | 322 | 266 | 319 | 301 | 295 | 280 | 302 | 317 | 252 | 308 | 290 | 298 | 307 | 281 | 309 | 283 | 323 | 48 |
| 276 | 253 | 190 | 304 | 179 | 303 | 179 | 176 | 290 | 259 | 244 | 282 | 247 | 166 | 290 | 267 | 141 | 268 | 49 |
| 111 | 159 | 127 | 133 | 143 | 148 | 138 | 131 | 149 | 113 | 142 | 138 | 137 | 143 | 130 | 151 | 135 | 150 | 50 |
| 535 | 643 | 527 | 629 | 586 | 650 | 497 | 522 | 662 | 562 | 586 | 601 | 581 | 611 | 586 | 573 | 480 | 696 | 51 |
| 561 | 704 | 657 | 652 | 666 | 704 | 660 | 686 | 673 | 567 | 672 | 678 | 658 | 676 | 673 | 680 | 693 | 682 | 52 |
| 220 | 284 | ${ }_{367}^{263}$ | 251 | 243 | 256 | 237 | ${ }_{283}^{271}$ | 247 | 222 | 267 | 277 | 249 | 247 | 241 | ${ }^{252}$ | 270 | 251 | ${ }_{54}^{53}$ |
| 306 35 | 390 30 | 367 27 | 366 35 | 393 30 | 416 32 | 394 29 | 383 32 | 394 32 | 313 32 | 376 29 | 369 32 | 373 36 | 401 28 | 401 31 | 395 33 | 391 32 | 402 29 | 54 |
| 337 | 485 | 467 | 355 | 289 | 363 | 289 | 429 | 369 | 337 | 485 | 467 | 355 | 289 | 363 | 289 | 429 | 369 | 56 |
| 212 | 266 | 250 | 359 | 336 | 385 | 384 | 397 | 368 | 218 | 253 | 262 | 351 | 349 | 368 | 400 | 386 | 382 | 57 |
| -95 | 141 | 139 | ${ }_{147}^{212}$ | 202 134 | 164 | 221 163 | 225 173 | 154 | 97 121 | 132 | 119 | 202 149 | 210 139 | 215 153 | 233 167 | ${ }_{174}^{212}$ | 222 160 | 58 59 |
| 7,409 | 9,781 | 9, 191 | 9,662 | 9,453 | 10,071 | 9,879 | 10,560 | 10,527 | 7,655 | 9,591 | 9,315 | 9,450 | 9,719 | 9,867 | 10,029 | 10,333 | 10,809 | 60 |
| 994 | 1,433 | 1,327 | 1,485 | 1,472 | 1,566 | 1,494 | 1,626 | 1,470 | 1,054 | 1,431 | 1,320 | 1,416 | 1,552 | 1,563 | 1,490 | 1,550 | 1,551 | 61 |
| 283 | 477 | 428 | 512 | 493 | 554 | 538 | 503 | 499 | 304 | 476 | 403 | 509 | 527 | 552 | 510 | 499 | 535 | 62 |
| 154 | 243 | 209 | 288 | 292 | 307 | 278 | 283 | 292 | 153 | 252 | 208 | 279 | 289 | 320 | 278 | 274 | 290 | 63 |
| 92 | 198 | 179 | 170 | 131 | 206 | 218 | 174 | 147 | 134 | 175 | 151 | 170 | 190 | 180 | 187 | 173 | 214 | 64 |
| 711 | 956 | 899 | 973 | 979 | 1,012 | 956 | 1,123 | 971 | 750 | 955 | 917 | 907 | 1,025 | 1,011 | 980 | 1,051 | 1,016 | 65 |
| 3,033 $\mathbf{7 0 0}$ | $\begin{array}{r}3,916 \\ \hline 664\end{array}$ | 3,603 | 3,608 | 3,649 | 3,760 | 3,740 | 3,968 | 3,866 | 3,080 | 3,810 | 3,625 | 3,637 | 3,681 | 3,662 | 3,773 | 3,995 | 3,895 | 66 |
| 356 | 403 | 401 | 436 | 399 | 396 | 372 | 411 | 385 | 371 | 395 | 409 | 419 | 413 | 389 | 382 | 394 | 392 | 68 |
| 588 | 796 | 649 | 625 | 747 | 736 | 672 | 712 | 804 | 550 | 769 | 700 | 665 | 688 | 710 | 721 | 759 | 738 | 69 |
| 249 | 339 | 293 | 261 | 314 | 309 | 285 | 301 | 343 | 237 | 327 | 298 | 281 | 297 | 299 | 291 | 324 | 320 | 70 |
| 29 | 56 | 19 | 12 | 49 | 30 | 16 | 16 | 34 | 15 | 52 | 50 | 21 | 25 | 28 | 40 | 29 | 16 | 71 |
| 145 | 206 | 178 | 179 | 210 | 227 | 195 | 205 | 243 | 143 | 192 | 186 | 190 | 204 | 212 | 204 | ${ }^{216}$ | 233 | ${ }_{7} 7$ |
| 166 | 195 | 159 | 173 | 174 | 169 | 176 | 191 | 184 | 155 | 198 | 166 | 173 | 162 | 171 | 186 | 190 | 169 | 73 |
| 282 | 366 | 299 | 241 | 222 | 261 | 268 | 255 | 261 | 308 | 345 | 281 | 252 | 240 | 246 | 254 | 264 | 278 | 74 |
| 1,108 | 1,687 | 1,579 | 1,568 | 1,436 | 1,657 | 1,723 | 1,788 | 1,583 | 1,208 | 1,608 | 1,531 | 1,559 | 1,567 | 1,576 | 1,675 | 1,776 | 1,738 | 75 |
| 85 | 161 | 190 | 213 | 116 | 184 | 238 | 196 | 137 | 137 | 151 | 157 | 192 | 187 | 172 | 198 | 176 | 218 | 76 |
| 278 | 604 | 544 | 487 | 410 | 523 | 576 | 684 | 606 | 328 | 575 | 499 | 481 | 481 | 498 | 531 | 671 | 706 | 77 |
| 529 | 651 | 581 | 598 | 643 | 684 | 663 | 656 | 587 | 527 | 615 | 608 | 615 | 632 | 645 | 697 | 676 | 565 | 78 |
| 215 | 270 | 264 | 270 | 267 | 266 | 245 | 252 | 253 | 216 | 267 | 267 | 271 | 267 | 261 | 249 | 253 | 249 | 79 |
| 658 | 899 | 830 | 831 | 923 | 979 | 925 | 976 | 999 | 658 | 872 | 844 | 847 | 916 | 949 | 943 | 975 | 990 | 80 |
| 612 | 857 | 786 | 785 | 881 | 927 | 883 | 901 | 941 | 612 | 829 | 801 | 801 | 874 | 897 | 901 | 920 | 932 | 81 |
| 179 | 218 | 208 | ${ }^{213}$ | 235 | 256 | 260 | 266 | 264 | 179 | 219 | 209 | ${ }_{5}^{211}$ | ${ }_{234}$ | 258 | 262 639 | ${ }_{6}^{266}$ | ${ }_{671}^{261}$ | 82 83 |
| 433 | 639 | 578 | 573 | 645 | 671 | 623 | 635 | 677 | 433 | 610 | 592 | 590 | 642 | 639 | 639 | 654 | 671 | 83 |
| 89 | 148 | 133 | 132 | 138 | 144 | 147 | 137 | 159 | 88 | 148 | 131 | 136 | 134 | 144 | 145 | 142 | 154 |  |
| 162 | ${ }_{124} 23$ | 224 | 202 | 239 | 239 | 228 | 234 | 228 | 165 | 229 | 223 | 205 | 243 | 231 | 228 | 238 | 232 |  |
| 77 | 114 | 74 | 82 | 106 | 101 126 | 77 110 | 75 128 1 | 106 | 73 64 | 95 83 | 86 | ${ }_{96}^{94}$ | 99 108 | 84 119 | 89 118 | 88 126 | 99 127 | 86 87 |
| 63 | 88 | 89 | 99 | 107 | 126 | 110 | 128 | 126 | 64 | 83 | 97 | 96 | 108 | 119 | 118 | 126 | 127 | 87 |
| 41 | 55 | 57 | 59 | 56 |  |  | 60 |  | 43 |  | 55 | 59 | 58 | 61 | 59 |  | 59 | 88 |
| 46 29 | 43 25 | 43 29 | 46 28 | 42 16 | 52 15 | 42 9 | 55 9 | 58 13 | 46 29 | 43 25 | 43 29 | 46 28 | 42 16 | 52 15 | 42 9 | 55 9 | 58 13 | 89 89 89 |
| 1,145 | 1,453 | 1, 174 | 1,569 | 1,449 | 1,614 | 1,260 | 1,632 | 1,919 | 1,104 | 1,362 | 1,445 | 1,449 | 1,399 | 1,505 | 1,555 | 1,505 | 1,856 | 90 |
| 800 | 885 | 711 | 1,093 | 885 | 1,021 | 715 | ${ }^{963}$ | 1,119 | 787 | 814 | 927 | 963 | 876 | 938 | 945 | 883 | 1,111 |  |
| 721 | 796 | 644 | 982 | 799 | 923 | 650 | 866 | 1,006 | 709 | 732 | 840 | 864 | 791 | 847 | 857 | 748 | 999 745 | ${ }_{93}^{92}$ |
| 345 698 | 568 980 | 463 730 | 476 | 564 | 593 | 545 | 669 |  | ${ }_{617}$ | 548 | 518 |  |  |  | 613 935 |  | 745 1,196 |  |
| 698 153 | 980 158 | 730 | 962 246 | 955 162 | 1,066 | 729 177 | 980 223 | 1,253 172 | 661 <br> 156 | 887 169 | 929 187 | 913 201 | 909 165 | 957 179 | 935 209 | 928 181 | 1,196 | 94 95 |
| 294 | 315 | 285 | 361 | 332 | 381 | 355 | 428 | 494 | 287 | 306 | 329 | 335 | 325 | 369 | 411 | 396 | 485 | 96 |
| 1,267 | 1,704 | 1,874 | 1,772 | 1,651 | 1,809 | 2,084 | 2,007 | 1,891 | 1,412 | 1,746 | 1,702 | 1,730 | 1,829 | 1,850 | 1,897 | 1,962 | 2,092 | 97 |
|  |  | 996 737 | ${ }_{624}^{995}$ | ${ }_{647}^{872}$ | 979 705 | 1,106 | 1,112 | 1,000 | 737 <br> 523 | ${ }_{659}^{921}$ | ${ }_{641}^{919}$ | ${ }_{6}^{938}$ | ${ }_{707}^{984}$ | 1,005 | 1,023 | 1,047 |  |  |
| 475 144 | 645 163 | 737 141 | 624 153 | 647 132 | 705 125 | 182 126 | 753 142 | 761 131 | 523 152 | 659 168 | 641 142 | 650 142 | 707 138 | 718 127 | 746 128 | 783 132 | 828 137 | 99 100 |
| 313 | 376 | 383 | 399 | 308 | 343 | 376 | 372 | 382 | 347 | 370 | 379 | 371 | 342 | 338 | 371 | 346 | 425 | 101 |

underpriced or overpriced in Census data; timing adjustments for goods recorded in Census data in one period but found to have been shipped in another; and coverage adjustments for pecial situations in which shipments were omitted from Census data
b. Correction for discrepancy between sum of four quarters, seasonally adjusted, and the 6. Exports of militery equipment
governments to the extent such exports are U.S. military agency sales contracts with foreign exports are included in table 2, line 3: "Transfers under U.S. military agency sales contracts." 7. Mainly imports of electrical energy.
8. Mainly foreign charges for repair of U.S. vessels abroad, which are included in tables 2 3 , and 9, line 20 (Other transportation); also imports from Panama Canal Zone, and imports,
of domestically-owned grains returned from storage in Canada.
9. Merchandise imported directly by the Department of Defense, as well as "defense" imports of the Coast Guard and A tomic Energy Commission, to the extent such imports are dentifioble from Census import douments and verifable from separate reports of the import ing agencies. These imports are included in tables 2,3 , and 9 , line 17: "Direct defense ex-
10. Includes exports and imports of silver ore and bullion for all years (see footnote 1 reference to treatment of silver in Census statistics).
Note.-Details may not add to totals because of rounding.
Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

Table 5.-Major U.S. Government Transactions
[Millions of dollars]

${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{*}$ Less than $\$ 500,000( \pm)$.

1. The identification of transactions involving direct dollar outflow from the United States is made in reports by the operating agency. However, such data for third and fourth quarcomplete reports from quarter 1971 are only extrapolated estimates by OBE, because of in2. Line A. 28 includes foreign currency col
currency collected as pred as interest and line A. 30 includes foreign 3. Lines A. 29 and A. 31 includ recorded in lines A. 6 and A. 7.
which are recorded in line A.34 some short-term U.S. Government claims, collections of and B. 14 are included in line B. 15 .
2. Consists of trans
and of advan transiers of military goods and services financed by U.S. Government credits
by credits extended to foreigners by U.S. Government (on militagencies
3. Includes securities payable in U.S. dollars and in convertible foreign currencies.
4. Transactions under military sales contracts are those in which the Defense Department sells and transfers military goods and services to a foreign purchaser, on a cash or credit basis. and the other tables are partially estimated from incomplete data.
and the other tables are partially estimated from incomplete data.
5. Consists of transfers of military goods and services financed by U.S. Government credits (included in line B.16) and of increases in Defense Department liabilities (on military sales contracts) which arise from advance payments to the Defense Department financed by credits to foreigners by U.S. Government agencies.
6. Excludes liabilities associated with military sales contracts financed by U.S. Government credits and included in line $B .11$.
Note,-Details may not add to totals because of rounding.
Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

Table 6.-Direct Investments and Securities Transactions
[Millions of dollars]

${ }^{\rho}$ Preliminary. *Less than $\$ 500,000$ ( $\pm$ ). n.a. Not available.

1. Acquisition of capital stock of existing and newly established companies, capitalization fintercompany accounts, and other equity contributions.
2. Total and partial sales and liquidations of capital stock and other equity holdings.
3. Teludes security issues placed with interests in the United States other than the parent, the amortization of these se
fled by type of transaction.
4. Mining and smelting includes the exploration and development of mining properties, the extraction of raw ores and the processing necessary for basic refined metals. Petroleum includes the exploration, development, and production of crude oil and gas, and the transportation, refining and marketing of petroleum products exclusive of petrochemicals. Manu-
facturing excludes petroleum refining and the smelting operations of mining companies. "Other" industries includes all industries except those previously listed, the major ones being agriculture, public utilities, transportation, trade, insurance, finance and services.
5. As published in Treasury Bulletin.
6. Includes United Kingdom, European Economic Community and other Western Euro-
7. Redemptions measure scheduled retirements and identifiable premature retirements of U.S.-held foreign debt securities. Unidentifiable nonscheduled retirements appear in line 45 . this table. 8. Includes major transactions recorded in table 2 , ine 48 ,
United States.
and 9. Securities newly issued by finance subsidiaries incorporated in the Netherlands Ant
are included to the extent that the proceeds are transferred to U.S. parent companies.

Nore.-Details may not add to totals because of rounding.
Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

Table 7.-Claims on Foreigners and Nonliquid Liabilities to Private Foreigners Reported by U.S. Banks and Nonbanking Concerns


[^8]Note.-Details may not add to totals because of rounding.
Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

Table 8.-U.S. Liquid Liabilities to All Foreigners, Nonliquid Liabilities to Foreign Official Reserve Agencies, and U.S. Official Reserve Assets, Net

| Line | (Credit ( + ): increase in U.S. liabilities or decre ase in U.S. assets. Debit (-): decrease in U.S. liabilities or increase in U.S. assets.) | 1968 | 1909 | 1970 | 1969 |  |  |  | 1970 |  |  |  | ${ }_{1}^{1971}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Amounts } \\ \text { outstand- } \\ \text { ing } \\ \text { March } 31, \\ 1971 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV |  |  |
| 1 | Liquid liabilities to all foreigners (table 2, lines 56,57 ) <br> Liquid liabilities to private foreigners (table 2, line 56) <br> To foreign commercial banks. $\qquad$ <br> Seasonally adjusted <br> To foreign branches of U.S. banks 1 - $\qquad$ To others - $\qquad$ | $\begin{array}{r} 709 \\ 3,810 \\ 3,387 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8,145 \\ & 8,662 \\ & 9,166 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,377 \\ -6,242 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,316 \\ & 3,024 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4,113 \\ & 4,651 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,612 \\ & 1,377 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -896 \\ & -390 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,072 \\ -1,692 \end{array}$ | 408-131 | 836$-1,213$ | -939$-3,206$ | 2,252$-2,507$ | $\begin{aligned} & 45,529 \\ & 20,138 \end{aligned}$ |
| 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 |  |  |  | -6,507 | 3,134 | 4,714 | 1,511 | -193 | -1,683 | -196 | -1,145 | -3,483 | -2,845 | 14, 282 |
| 3a |  |  |  |  | 2,954 | 4,634 | 1,306 | 272 | -1,869 | -441 | -1,315 | -2,888 | -3,085 |  |
| 4 |  | 3,387 | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} 6,968 \\ 2,208 \end{array}\right.$ | $-6,349$ -164 | $\begin{array}{r} 3,163 \\ -29 \end{array}$ | $4,187$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,112 \\ 3 S 9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -1,899 \\ 1,646 \end{array}$ | $\xrightarrow{-1,291}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -157 \\ -99 \end{array}$ | $-1,628$ | $-3,378$ <br> -111 | $\begin{array}{r} -1,905 \\ -940 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4,818 \\ & 9,969 \end{aligned}$ |
| 6 7 | Demand deposits | $\begin{array}{r} 2,611 \\ 131 \\ -99 \\ 744 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6,371 \\ 715 \\ -10 \\ 2,090 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -4,383 \\ -665 \\ -1,463 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,020 \\ 195 \\ 12 \\ 907 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,835 \\ 183 \\ 77 \\ 703 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 645 \\ 429 \\ -10 \\ \hline 447 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -129 \\ -92 \\ -5 \\ 33 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -2,042 \\ -40 \\ 1 \\ 398 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 115 \\ -100 \\ 5 \\ -216 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -677 \\ 44 \\ -3 \\ -509 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -1,779 \\ -569 \\ -1,126 \end{array}$ | $\left\{\begin{array}{r} -3,914 \\ -446 \\ 10 \\ 1,505 \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{r}8,447 \\ 889 \\ 24 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| 8 | U.S. Treasury bills an |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9 | Other obligations ${ }^{123}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4,922 |
| 10 | To international and regional orga | 48 | -63 | 179 | -88 | 82 | 9 | -66 | 142 | -124 | 82 | 79 | 268 | 1,110 |
| 11 | Demand deposits | -8 | -11-29 | 77 |  | - ${ }^{6}$ | -1411 | -4-3 | 2448 | -3-11 | -1015 | -4 | 488 | 73164 |
| 12 | Time deposits ${ }^{2}$.-............. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13 | Bills and certificates.- | $\begin{array}{r} 216 \\ -162 \\ -18 \end{array}$ | -15011116 | $\begin{array}{r}-33 \\ -25 \\ \hline 158\end{array}$ | -183-1116 | $\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ 10 \\ 79 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 10 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}20 \\ 1 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 86 } \\ \stackrel{*}{*} \\ \stackrel{4}{ } \mathbf{- 1 6} \\ \hline\end{array}$ | -13722525 | -15 | 33 | 31 | 242 |
| 14 | Bonds and notes. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | -6 | -21 | 115 | 140491 |
| 15 | Other obligations ${ }^{23}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 51 |  |  |
| 16 | To other private foreign reside | 375 | -441 | 86 | -22 | -145 | -143 | -131 | -151 | 189 | -150 | 198 | 70 | 4,746 |
| 17 | Demand deposits | 104144 | -88-388 | - ${ }^{24}$ | -46-37 | 38-170 | -13-188 | $\begin{array}{r}-67 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 57-180 | $\underset{76}{2}$ | -116 -54 | 81 70 | 26 | 1,865 |
| 18 | Time deposits ${ }^{2}$ U.S. Treasury obligations: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | -54 | 70 |  |  |
| 19 | Bills and certificates.. | 5170 | $\begin{array}{r} 21 \\ \\ -64 \\ -50 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 24 \\ 110 \\ 22 \end{gathered}$ | 183013 | $\begin{array}{r} 1 \\ -39 \\ -25 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2 \\ \quad 76 \\ -20 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \left({ }^{*}\right) \\ -6 \\ -68 \end{array}$ | ${ }_{-53}^{-18}$ | 326019 | -731-4 |  | -23423 | 129673356 |
| 20 | Bonds and notes. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21 | Other obligations ${ }^{23}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 49 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22 | Liquid liabilities to foreign official agencies | -3,101 | -517 | 7,619 | -1,708 | -538 | 2,235 | -506 | 2,764 | 539 | 2,049 | 2,267 | 4,759 | 25, 391 |
| 23 | To central banks and govern | -3,098 | -506 | 8,072 | -1,709 | -535 | 2,244 | -506 | 2,773 | 539 | 2,472 | 2,288 | 4,766 | 24, 832 |
| 24 | Demand deposits | $\begin{array}{r} 94 \\ -559 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -231 \\ & 1,052 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -291 \\ & -384 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -137 \\ -23 \end{array}$ |  | -44 | -75832 | -471461 | -2763 | -53-35 | $\begin{array}{r}260 \\ -873 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | -69-321 | 1,560 |
| 25 | Time deposits ${ }^{2}$. $\qquad$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 26 | U.S. Treasury obiligations: | $-2,188$$-2,499$ | - $\begin{aligned} & -1,903 \\ & -1,642\end{aligned}$ | 9,4569,510 | -1,344 | $\begin{aligned} & -398 \\ & -398 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,920 \\ & 2,076 \end{aligned}$ | -2,081 | 2, 145 <br> 2,145 | $\begin{gathered} 977 \\ 1,031 \\ -54 \\ 17 \\ \text { (*) }^{9} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,121 \\ & 3,121 \end{aligned}$ | 3,2133,218 | 4,767 |  |
| 27 | Payable in U.S. dollars. |  |  |  | -1, $\begin{aligned} & -1,269 \\ & -185\end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4,515 | 17.869 |
| 28 | Payable in foreign currencies Bonds and notes, marketable | $\begin{array}{r} 911 \\ -379 \\ -10 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  | -156 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 29 30 | Bonds and notes, marketable <br> Bonds and notes, nonmarketable, c |  | -79 <br> -163 | -39 -126 | -3 -25 | ${ }^{(*)}$ | -9 84 | -67 -212 | -3 -126 |  | $(*)$ | (*) $^{73}$ |  | 349 |
| 31 | Payable in U.S. dollars........ |  | -25 |  |  |  | -24 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 32 | Payable in foreign currencies | $-10$ | -198 | -126 | -25 | -10 | 109 | -212 | $-126$ | ${ }^{(*)}$ | ${ }^{(*)}$ | $\stackrel{(0)}{*}_{-239}$ | $\stackrel{*}{384}_{3}$ | 489 1.979 |
| 33 | Other obligat | -56 | 818 | -544 | -177 | -263 | 161 | 1,097 | 767 | -491 |  |  |  |  |
| 34 | To International Monetary Fund | -3 | -11 | -453 | 1 | -3 | -9 |  | -9 |  | -423 | -21 | -7 | 659 |
| 35 | Nonliquid liabilities to foreign official reserve agencies (table 2, lines 53 and 54) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 36 | lines 53 and 54) <br> Reported by U.S. banks ${ }^{5}$ (table 2, line 53 ) | 2,340 534 | -998 | -275 -810 | 45 -43 | -367 -195 | -508 -390 | -167 -208 | -413 -154 | 508 -235 | -238 -233 | -133 -188 | -218 | $\begin{array}{r}3,546 \\ \hline 479\end{array}$ |
| 37 | Reported by U.S. Government (table 2, line 54 | 1,806 | -162 | 535 | 88 | -172 | -118 | 41 | -259 | 743 | -5 | 55 | -2 | 3,067 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 38 \\ & 39 \end{aligned}$ | Nonconvertible U.S. Treasury securities issued: <br> To Italy in connection with military purchases in the U.S. | -30 | -11 | -111 | -5 | -1 | -1 | -4 | -14 | -89 | -3 | -5 |  | 25 |
|  | To Canada: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 40 \\ & 41 \end{aligned}$ | In connection with Columbia River power rights. Other. | $\begin{array}{r} -30 \\ 1,050 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -30 \\ -175 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -30 \\ 1,190 \end{array}$ |  | -250 |  | -30 75 | 300 | 800 |  | -30 90 |  | 2, 26 |
| 42 | To Germany. | 601 | 249 | -542 | 125 | 124 |  |  | -542 |  |  |  |  | 542 |
| 43 | To other countries | 187 | -120 |  | -20 |  | -100 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 44 | Export-Import Bank obligations. | 28 | -74 | -4 | -12 | -45 | -17 | (*) | 2 | (*) | -2 |  | -2 | 12 |
| 45 | U.S. Treasury obligations to Germany to be liquidated against U.S. claims. |  |  | 32 |  |  |  |  |  | 32 |  |  |  | 32 |
| 46 | U.S. official reserve assets, net | -880 | -1,187 | 2,477 |  |  | -686 | -154 | -386 | 1,022 | 801 | 1,040 | 145 | 14,342 |
| 47 | Gold (table 2, line 59) | 1,173 | -967 | 787 |  | -317 | -11 | -695 | -44 | 14 | 395 | 422 | 109 | 10,963 1,443 |
| 48 49 | SDR (table 2, line 60)- Convertible currencies (table 2 , line |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | -920 831 | -818 | $\begin{array}{r}-34 \\ \hline 34\end{array}$ | 140 469 | - 373 | 1,443 |
| 50 | Gold tranche position in IMF (table 2 , line 6 ) | -1, 870 | -1,034 | ${ }^{2,152}$ | -31 | -228 | -233 | ${ }_{-542}^{1,58}$ | ${ }_{-253}$ | 227 | 406 | 9 | 255 | 1,68 |

${ }^{2}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{*}$ Less than $\$ 500,000$ ( $\pm$ ).
1 Through April 1970 data for foreign branches of U.S. banks are estimates which were derived from weekly and daily figures compiled by the Federal Reserve System. Beginning in May 1970 these data are reported monthly by U.S. banks and include custody items held by $\$ 1.5$ billion of special Export-In own foreign branches. Included in the custody items are $\$ 1.5$ billion of special Export-Import Bank securities (nonguaranteed U.S. Government aging January 1971 , plus $\$ 0.5$ billion beginning March 1971 ) . or less are included with "other obligations."

3 Includes nonguaranteed U.S. Government agency securities with a maturity of 1 year or less.
4 Includes liabilities of U.S. monetary authorities for gold deposited by and held for the IMF and includes U.S. Treasury obligations obtained from proceeds of gold sales by the IMF to the United States to acquire income-earning assets. Upon termination of investment, the same quantity of gold can be reacquired by the IMF.
5 Includes, in addition to foreign official reserve agencies, other foreign official agencies.
Note.-Details may not add to totals because of rounding.
Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

Table 9.-U.S. International
[Millions

| Line | (Credits +; debits -) | United Kingdom |  |  | European Economic Community |  |  | Other Western Europe |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1968 | 1969 | 1970 | 1968 | 1969 | 1970 | 1968 | 1969 | 1970 |
| 1 | Exports of goods and services ${ }^{2}$ - | 3,495 | 3,847 | 4,289 | 8,151 | 9,170 | 11,125 | 3,854 | 4,338 | 4,979 |
| 234467789 | Merchandise, adjusted, excluding military ${ }^{3}$ - | 1,959 | 2,025 | 2,518 | 6,066 | 6,873 | 8,369 | 2, 513 | 2,750 | 3,287 |
|  | Transfers under U.S. military agency sales contracts. | 291 | 293 | 177 | 363 | 395 | 270 | 124 | 175 | 152 |
|  | Travel.---................................ | ${ }_{59}^{42}$ | 43 | 51 | 115 | 138 | 165 | ${ }_{6}^{69}$ | 83 | 101 |
|  | Passenger fares-....... | $\begin{array}{r}59 \\ 230 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}64 \\ 256 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 305 | $\begin{array}{r}73 \\ 401 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}83 \\ 410 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}95 \\ 485 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}69 \\ 457 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}45 \\ 505 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}49 \\ 595 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
|  | Fees and royalties from unaffiliated foreigners | 57 | 68 | 67 | 116 | 140 | 168 | 30 | 36 | ${ }_{35}$ |
|  | Other private services. | 62 | 79 | 92 | 79 | 97 | 118 | 60 | 66 | 70 |
|  | U.S. Government miscellaneous services. | 19 | 16 | 18 | 27 | 23 | 27 | 47 | 68 | 91 |
|  | Receipts of income on U.S. investments abroad: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10 | Direct investment fees and royalties | ${ }_{275}^{213}$ | ${ }_{332}^{227}$ | 249 375 | 317 | 353 | 393 774 | 99 196 | 130 246 | 140 229 |
| 12 | Other private assets.. | 159 | 194 | 200 | 113 | 130 | 169 | 112 | 123 | 131 |
| 13 | U.S. Government assets | 130 | 250 | 167 | 45 | 67 | 90 | 110 | 113 | 99 |
| 14 | Transfers of goods and services under U.S. military grant programs, net | -1 | (*) |  | -1 | -2 | ${ }^{*}$ ) | 362 | 297 | 231 |
| 15 | Imports of goods and services. | -3,723 | -4,556 | -4,716 | -8,853 | -9, 211 | -10,607 | -4,045 | -4,374 | -4,872 |
| 161718181920212223 | Merchandise, adjusted, excluding military ${ }^{3}$. | -2,075 | $-2,112$ | -2, 216 | $-5,916$ | -5,828 | $-6.651$ | -2,212 | -2, 272 | -2,408 |
|  | Direct defense expenditures.. | -173 -198 | -208 | -228 | $-1,087$ -400 | -1, 172 | -1, 285 | -277 | -249 -392 | -261 |
|  | Passenger fares... | $-192$ | -220 | -283 | - 285 | - ${ }_{-349}$ | ${ }_{-395}^{-542}$ | - 188 | $-232$ | -475 |
|  | Other transportation.. | -237 | -238 | -272 | -393 | -395 | -446 | -439 | -462 | -512 |
|  | Fees and royalties to unaffiliat d foreigners. | -35 | -41 | -38 | -47 | -52 | -54 | -12 | -14 | -13 |
|  | Private payments for other services | -165 | -198 | -215 | -41 | -45 | -51 | $-26$ | $-25$ | -30 |
|  | U.S. Government payments for miscellaneous services | -14 | -14 | -14 | -67 | -69 | -71 | -44 | -55 | -57 |
| 24252627 | Payments of income on foreign investments in the United States: Direct investment fees and royalties ...................... | -21 | -26 | -19 |  | -2 | -2 | -9 | -13 | -21 |
|  | Direct investment interest, dividends and branch earnings | -149 | -159 | -164 | -111 | -132 | -132 | -48 | -57 | -67 |
|  | Other private liabilities. | -385 | -1,038 | -937 | -244 | -450 | -585 | -364 | -507 | -647 |
|  | U.S. Government liabilities. | -49 | -34 | -37 | -265 | -262 | -393 | -98 | -97 | -117 |
| 28 | U.S. military grants of goods and services, net | 1 | (*) |  | 1 | 2 | (*) | -362 | -297 | -231 |
| 29 | Unilateral transfers (excluding military grants), net | -46 | -52 | -49 | -20 | -5 | -21 | -270 | -249 | -247 |
| 30313232 | U.S. Government grants (excluding military grants) | (*) |  |  | -1 |  |  | -37 | -35 | -29 |
|  | U.S. Government pensions and other transfers...... | -17 -88 | -18 | $-22$ | $-{ }_{74}^{93}$ | $-95$ | -107 | -91 | -80 -135 | -91 |
|  | Private remittances and other transfers. | -28 | -34 | -28 | 74 | 90 | 87 |  | -135 |  |
| 33 | U.S. Government capital flows, net | -174 | 13 | 131 | 70 | -193 | 165 | -117 | -81 | -94 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 34 \\ & 35 \end{aligned}$ | Loans and other long-term assets. Foreign currencies and other short-term assets. | -255 11 | -178 -29 | -52 -11 | -101 -8 | -126 6 | -67 15 | $\begin{array}{r}-249 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | -232 -9 | -262 -7 |
| 3637 | Repayments on credits: Scheduled | 70 | 173 | 193 | 40 | 59 | 118 | 128 | 156 |  |
|  | Nonscheduled ${ }^{5}$.... |  | 46 |  | 139 | -131 | 99 | 1 | 4 | 3 |
| 38 | U.S. private capital flo ws, net | -1,096 | -291 | -489 | -413 | -518 | -1,236 | -73 | -182 | -244 |
| 39 40 | Direct investments abroad ${ }^{4}$ Foreign securities. | -363 -79 | -316 -164 | -642 -175 | $\begin{array}{r}-438 \\ \hline 64\end{array}$ | -660 -254 | $\begin{array}{r}-971 \\ \hline 48\end{array}$ | -200 -1 | -233 54 | -291 -69 |
| 414243 | Claims reported by U.S. banks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Long-term....ili.i... | $-12$ | 1 -58 | $-{ }^{-4}$ | 121 52 | 23 -128 | $\begin{array}{r}-52 \\ \hline 19\end{array}$ | 121 89 | $\xrightarrow{38}$ | 51 <br> -35 <br> -5 |
|  | Short-term, ilquid....... | -1 | -42 | 16 | -30 | -11 | 10 | $-1$ | 3 | $-7$ |
| 46 | Claims reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Long-term. <br> Short-term, nonliauld | -104 -97 | -4 -83 | 6 -20 | -5 -79 | -74 -19 | -265 -37 | -39 -32 | -53 | -3 |
|  | Short-term, liquid..-- | $-367$ | -374 | 317 | -98 | -75 | 12 | -10 | 14) | -27) |
| 47 | Foreign capital flows, net | 2,572 | 5,441 | -3,845 | 1,302 | 1,632 | 8,576 | 1,861 | 2,096 | -527 |
| 48 | Direct investments in the United Siates ${ }^{4}$ U.S. securities other than Treasury issues | 114 528 | 86 82 | $\begin{gathered} 512 \\ 253 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 212 \\ 1,302 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 363 \\ 1,392 \end{array}$ | 109 887 | $\begin{array}{r} -29 \\ 1,618 \end{array}$ | 100 807 | 70 414 |
|  | U.S. nonliquid liabilities to private foreigners reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50 51 |  | 319 120 | -36 | 787 | ${ }_{363}^{27}$ | 415 | ${ }_{207}^{133}$ | 118 | -68 | -113 |
| $52+53$ | Long-term liabilities to all foreigners reported by U.S. banks | -16 | 46 | -9 | -3 | -1 | 127 | (*) | -8 | 1 |
| 54 <br> 55 | Nonliquid liabilities reported by U.S. Government: To forelgn official reserve agencies. |  |  |  | 602 | 138 | -621 | 16 | -25 | -4 |
|  | To other officlal and private foreigners.. | -11 | $-120$ | -112 | 44 | 255 | -19 | 33 | -14 | -1 |
| $56+57$ | U.S. liquid liabilities to all foreigners. | 1,517 | 5,271 | -5,749 | -1,489 | -1,077 | 7,753 | -6.5 | 1,179 | -1,071 |
| 59606262 | Transactions in U.S. official reserve assets, net Gold. | -126 835 | 662 | 1,847 | $\begin{aligned} & -755 \\ & -315 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -517 \\ & -749 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 535 \\ & 179 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 367 \\ & 149 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -304 \\ & -220 \end{aligned}$ | -25 26 |
|  | SDR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Convertible currencies. | -961 | 662 | 1,847 | -440 | 232 | 356 | 218 | -84 | -51 |
|  | Gold tranche position in IMF......... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 63 | Allocations of special dra wing rights (SDR) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 64 | Errors and omissions, and transfers of funds between foreign areas, net. | -903 | -5,063 | 2,832 | 517 | -358 | -8,538 | -1,577 | -1,244 | 1,030 |

Transactions, by Area
of dollars]

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Eastern Europe} \& \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Canada} \& \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Latin American Republics and Other W estern Hemisphere} \& \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Japan} \& \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Australia, New Zealand and South Africa} \& \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Other countries in Asia and Africa} \& \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{International organizations and unallocated} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Line} \\
\hline 1968 \& 1969 \& 1970 \& 1968 \& 1969 \& 1970 \& 1968 \& 1969 \& 1970 \& 1968 \& 1969 \& 1970 \& 1968 \& 1969 \& 1970 \& 1968 \& 1969 \& 1970 \& 1968 \& 1969 \& 1970 \& \\
\hline 265 \& 302 \& 419 \& 10,953 \& 12, 161 \& 12,491 \& 8,904 \& 9,343 \& 10,395 \& 3,848 \& 4,530 \& 5,914 \& 2,098 \& 2,055 \& 2,473 \& 8,619 \& 9, 123 \& 10,136 \& 435 \& 731 \& 684 \& 1 \\
\hline 220 \& 253 \& 368 \& 8,157
39 \& 9, 193 \& 9,044
35 \& \(\begin{array}{r}\text { 5, } 274 \\ 63 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& \(\begin{array}{r}5,533 \\ \hline 29 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& 6,494 \& 2,959
31 \& 3,503
18 \& \(\begin{array}{r}4,648 \\ \hline 25\end{array}\) \& 1,384
179 \& 1, 3103 \& 1,581 \& 8,056
306 \& 5,006
457 \& 5,671 \& \& \& \& \({ }_{3}^{2}\) \\
\hline \& \& \& 650 \& 815 \& 885 \& 755 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
807 \\
144 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{l}
879 \\
155 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& \({ }_{31}^{51}\) \& \begin{tabular}{l}
67 \\
\hline 7
\end{tabular} \& 101 \& 40 \& 36
36 \& 41 \& \(\stackrel{53}{5}\) \& 69
34 \& 95 \& \& \& \& 4 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{gathered}
11 \\
4 \\
16 \\
2
\end{gathered}
\]} \& \& 13 \& 170 \& 163 \& 191 \& \({ }_{333}^{135}\) \& 144 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
155 \\
360 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& 34
215
215 \& - 250 \& 70
303 \& 60 \& 36
51 \& 47
61 \& 29
464 \& \(\begin{array}{r}34 \\ 508 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& 578 \& 192 \& 197 \& 221 \& 5
6 \\
\hline \& 3 \& 3 \& 34 \& 31 \& 30 \& 45 \& 44 \& 48 \& 134 \& 158 \& 201 \& 21 \& 23 \& 24 \& 19 \& \(2)\) \& 24 \& \& \& \& 7 \\
\hline \& 17 \& 18 \& 102 \& 105 \& 124 \& 181 \& 212 \& 232 \& 27 \& 33 \& 36 \& 31 \& 36 \& 36 \& 199 \& 207 \& 179 \& 116 \& 133 \& 163 \& 8 \\
\hline \& 2 \& 2 \& 8 \& 6 \& \& 74 \& 72 \& 67 \& 11 \& 26 \& 23 \& 1 \& 1 \& 1 \& 165 \& 165 \& 151 \& \& \& \& 9 \\
\hline \multirow{4}{*}{\[
\left.\begin{array}{|r|}
\hline \\
\cdots \\
9 \\
9
\end{array} \right\rvert\,
\]} \& \& \& 294 \& 302
762 \& 357
972 \& - 283 \& 302
1,277 \& -321 \& 64 \& 73
70 \& 87 \& 118 \& \({ }_{214}^{128}\) \& \({ }_{203}^{145}\) \& 141
1
730 \& \(\stackrel{147}{147}\) \& \({ }_{2}^{165}\) \& 17
48 \& \({ }^{20}\) \& \({ }^{23}\) \& 10 \\
\hline \& \& 7 \& 634 \& \({ }_{731}\) \& 988 \& 1,218
406 \& 1, 462 \& - \& 627
220 \& \(\begin{array}{r}70 \\ 264 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& \(\begin{array}{r}94 \\ 297 \\ \hline 29\end{array}\) \& 160
49 \& \(\begin{array}{r}214 \\ 50 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& 1293
53
5 \& \(\begin{array}{r}1,730 \\ \hline 185\end{array}\) \& 1,997
232 \& 2,034

266 \& 48
61 \& \& \& 11 <br>
\hline \& 13 \& 8 \& 7 \& 1 \& 1 \& 137 \& 152 \& 164 \& 36 \& 32 \& 29 \& 18 \& 24 \& 25 \& 272 \& 280 \& 310 \& 1 \& 1 \& 15 \& 13 <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& 64 \& 36 \& 25 \& -1 \& ${ }^{*}$ ) \& ${ }^{( }{ }^{\text {a }}$ \& \& \& \& 380 \& 426 \& 358 \& \& \& \& 14 <br>

\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{$$
\begin{array}{r}
-240 \\
-205 \\
-1 \\
-15
\end{array}
$$} \& -234 \& -259 \& -10,502 \& -12,041 \& -12,999 \& -7,204 \& -7,528 \& -8,407 \& -5, 184 \& -6,266 \& -7,416 \& -1,101 \& $-1,273$ \& $-1,367$ \& -6,568 \& -7,281 \& -7,754 \& -714 \& -825 \& -915 \& 15 <br>

\hline \& -199

-1 \& | -218 |
| :---: |
| -1 | \& $-8,592$

-285 \& -9,992
-296

- \& 10,720
-253 \& -5,137 \& -5,215 \& -5,913 \& -4,069 \& $\xrightarrow[-4,893]{-651}$ \& $-5,894$
-670
-7 \& -924

-33 \& -1,059 \& -1,125 \& | $-3,782$ |
| :---: |
| $-1,913$ | \& $-4,260$

$-2,061$ \& ( | $-4,725$ |
| :--- |
| $-1,936$ | \& -52 \& \& \& 16

17 <br>
\hline \& -19 \& -24 \& -820 \& -900 \& $-1,049$ \& -1,042 \& -1,145 \& -1, 200 \& $-60$ \& - -70 \& ${ }_{-97}$ \& -25 \& -28 \& -40 \& ${ }_{-135}^{-1,182}$ \& -2, 153 \& -1, 233 \& \& \& \& 18 <br>

\hline \multirow[t]{4}{*}{$$
\stackrel{( }{*}_{\left({ }^{*}\right)}^{-9}
$$} \& \& \& \& \& \& -60 \& -65 \& -70 \& -45 \& $-54$ \& -70 \& -41 \& -50 \& -55 \& -29 \& -44 \& -47 \& -16 \& $-26$ \& -31 \& 19 <br>

\hline \& ${ }^{(*)}$ \& $$
{ }^{(*)}
$$ \& -203

-4 \& -183
-4 \& -201
-4 \& -226
-4 \& -201 \& -236
-4 \& -194 \& -244
-4 \& -271
-4 \& $(3)^{(*)}$ \& -30
-1 \& ${ }^{(*)}$ \& $\mathrm{F}^{(*)}$ \& ${ }_{(*)}{ }^{213}$ \& ${ }^{( }{ }^{-234}$ \& -418 \& -508 \& -578 \& 20
21 <br>
\hline \& (*) \& \& -85 \& $-100$ \& $-110$ \& -134 \& -146 \& -164 \& -11 \& $-16$ \& -19 \& -3 \& -5 \& -6 \& ${ }_{-13}$ \& ${ }_{-19}$ \& -24 \& \& \& \& 22 <br>
\hline \& $-8$ \& -8 \& $-66$ \& -10 \& -10 \& -163 \& $-171$ \& -169 \& $-16$ \& -19 \& -21 \& -25 \& -26 \& -23 \& -249 \& -245 \& -247 \& -108 \& -98 \& -110 \& 23 <br>
\hline \& \& (*) \& -47
-63 \& -56
-48
-48 \& -62 \& (*) \& -12 \& \& -3
-15 \& -4
-9 \& -4

-17 \& \& \& \& \& \& $$
\left(^{*}\right)^{-2}
$$ \& \& \& \& 24

25 <br>

\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\left.{ }^{*}\right)^{1}
$$} \& ${ }_{(*)}$ \& ${ }^{-1}$ \& -249 \& -355 \& -378 \& -234 \& -375 \& -446 \& -149 \& -225 \& -261 \& -13 \& -24 \& -25 \& -163 \& -211 \& -237 \& -41 \& -84 \& -75 \& 26 <br>

\hline \& (*) \& \& -89 \& -99 \& -174 \& -17 \& -18 \& -14 \& -37 \& -78 \& -87 \& -7 \& -8 \& -10 \& -61 \& -74 \& -70 \& -80 \& -108 \& -121 \& 27 <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& -64 \& -36 \& -25 \& 1 \& (*) \& (*) \& \& \& \& -380 \& -426 \& -358 \& \& \& \& 28 <br>

\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{$$
\begin{aligned}
& -30 \\
& -15 \\
& -6 \\
& -10
\end{aligned}
$$} \& -21 \& -30 \& -19 \& -73 \& -88 \& -467 \& -462 \& -522 \& -38 \& -38 \& -43 \& -18 \& -22 \& -23 \& -1,845 \& -1,856 \& -1,971 \& -123 \& -134 \& -155 \& 29 <br>

\hline \& -3 \& -9 \& \& \& \& -254 \& -221 \& -262 \& ${ }^{*}$ ) \& ${ }^{*}$ * \& \& \& \& \& -1,277 \& -1,251 \& -1,283 \& -123 \& -134 \& -155 \& 30 <br>
\hline \& $-11$ \& -8 \& -37
19 \& - 41 \& -53
-35 \& -35
-179 \& -40
-201 \& -43
-217 \& -8
-30 \& -9
-29 \& -10
-33 \& -3
-15 \& -3
-18 \& -4
-19 \& -116 \& -115
-491 \& -125 \& \& \& \& 31
32 <br>
\hline 10 \& 32 \& 6 \& 24 \& -4 \& -7 \& -681 \& -554 \& -507 \& 101 \& 6 \& 62 \& -168 \& -44 \& -56 \& -1,285 \& -1,325 \& -1,240 \& -48 \& -43 \& -53 \& 33 <br>
\hline 10
-20
12 \& -10
-16 \& -48
-20 \& $-4$ \& -5 \& $\left({ }^{(4)}{ }^{-10}\right.$ \& -992
20 \& $\begin{array}{r}-876 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& -844
-6 \& -133
-12 \& 140
-16 \& -161
9 \& -224
-2 \& -115
-3 \& -143

1 \& $$
\left|\begin{array}{r}
-1,681 \\
42
\end{array}\right|
$$ \& \[

-1,748
\] \& 1,640

-48 \& -53 \& -48 \& -58 \& 34
35 <br>
\hline 18 \& 26 \& 34 \& 31 \& \& ${ }^{(*)} 2$ \& 289
3 \& 316
2 \& $(*)^{343}$ \& 146
100 \& 130 \& 92

121 \& $$
\left(^{*}\right){ }^{58}
$$ \& 74 \& 86 \& 328

26 \& 343
-9 \& 430
19 \& 5 \& 5 \& 5 \& 36
37 <br>
\hline -3 \& -17 \& -12 \& -1,416 \& -2,244 \& -1,591 \& -917 \& -416 \& -1,443 \& 7 \& -618 \& -650 \& -185 \& -79 \& -273 \& -909 \& -694 \& -564 \& -379 \& -365 \& -385 \& 38 <br>

\hline --...--- \& \& \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& -625 \\
& -692
\end{aligned}
$$ \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
-671 \\
-1,122
\end{array}
$$
\] \& -915

-475 \& -677
-186 \& -375
-72 \& -601
-135 \& -78
-8 \& -89
-297 \& -132

31 \& $\begin{array}{r}169 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& \[
$$
\begin{array}{r}
-160 \\
23
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
270 \\
-12
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& -468 \\
& -156
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& -430 \\
& -124
\end{aligned}
$$
\] \& -397

-157 \& -191
-188 \& -320
-45 \& -226
-159 \& 39
40 <br>

\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{aligned}
& \left({ }^{*}\right) \\
& \mathbf{(}^{*}-3
\end{aligned}
$$} \& \& \& -1 \& 20 \& 96 \& 181 \& 47 \& 12 \& \& 34 \& -26 \& 34 \& 53 \& 53 \& -144 \& 95 \& 52 \& \& \& \& 41 <br>

\hline \& ${ }^{(*)}$ \& (*) \& 56 \& -801
-201 \& -134
-123 \& -144
-38 \& 17 \& ${ }_{-11}^{-377}$ \& -90 \& -244
-16 \& \& -16
-5 \& -1
4 \& -27
-5 \& -5
-35 \& -165
-17 \& 4
-7 \& (*) \& (*) \& (*) \& $\stackrel{42}{43}$ <br>

\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{aligned}
& (*) \\
& \left.*^{*}\right)
\end{aligned}
$$} \& $\stackrel{(4)}{-11}^{1}$ \& -1 \& $-98$ \& $\begin{array}{r}-77 \\ \hline 69\end{array}$ \& -108

-15 \& 79
-98 \& -134
-23 \& -177
-127 \& $\stackrel{(0)}{*}_{-33}$ \& -13
-32 \& $-74$ \& ${ }^{(3)}$ \& -1
-9 \& \& -30
-62 \& \& \& \& (*) \& \& 44 <br>
\hline \& \& \& 20 \& -177 \& -18 \& $-34$ \& 12 \& -27 \& -10 \& $\begin{array}{r}-32 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& -7 \& ${ }^{-9}$ \& -13) \& $-20$ \& -62 \& \& -44 \& - \& () \& \& <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{3} \& 8 \& 12 \& 1,239 \& 1,286 \& 1,413 \& 832 \& 831 \& -520 \& 1,005 \& 569 \& 1,101 \& 25 \& 172 \& 119 \& 358 \& -112 \& -414 \& 213 \& 384 \& -90 \& 47 <br>

\hline \& (*) \& \& $$
\begin{array}{r}
-26 \\
486
\end{array}
$$ \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 243 \\
& 197
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 233 \\
& 123
\end{aligned}
$$
\] \& $-186$ \& 11

165 \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& 39 \\
& 66
\end{aligned}
$$ \& \[

{ }_{2}^{60}

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
-34 \\
5
\end{array}
$$
\] \& 3

12 \& 8 \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& 61 \\
& 15
\end{aligned}
$$ \& -14 \& $\overline{129}$ \& $7^{1}$ \& $1{ }^{2}$ \& 130 \& 379 \& 346 \& $\stackrel{48}{49}$ <br>

\hline 1 \& -1 \& \& $\begin{array}{r}-7 \\ \hline 25\end{array}$ \& | -7 |
| :---: |
| -30 | \& 9

-29 \& | 14 |
| :--- |
| 55 | \& 40

2 \& 84
106 \& ${ }^{(*)}{ }_{25}$ \& 11
40 \& 18
1 \& -2
-12 \& 3

18 \& | 13 |
| :---: |
| 32 | \& 2

12 \& 7 \& ${ }_{10}^{10}$ \& (*) \& (*) \& \& 50
51 <br>
\hline \& \& (*) \& 1 \& (*) \& 2 \& 95 \& -330 \& -114 \& 214 \& -2 \& -269 \& 17 \& -1 \& -8 \& 270 \& -505 \& -458 \& 28 \& 125 \& -66 \& $52+53$ <br>

\hline ${ }^{(3)}$ \& \[
{ }^{(*)}{ }_{9}

\] \& \[

\overbrace{8}{ }^{*})^{-x}

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 1,020 \\
& -5 \\
& -255
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& -205 \\
& 1,082
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
1,160 \\
-11 \\
-75
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
2727 \\
520
\end{array}
$$

\] \& ${ }_{931}^{12}$ \& -22 \& -408 \& \[

$$
\begin{gathered}
22 \\
521
\end{gathered}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
-2 \\
1,338
\end{array}
$$
\] \& -15

48

-21 \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& 46 \\
& 29
\end{aligned}
$$ \& \[

-78

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
183 \\
28 \\
-263
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
-70 \\
55 \\
320
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
-230 \\
89
\end{array}
$$
\] \& 55 \& -120 \& -370 \& [ $\begin{array}{r}54 \\ 55 \\ 56+57\end{array}$ <br>

\hline \& \& \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& -50 \\
& -50 \\
& -50
\end{aligned}
$$ \& 4 \& (*) \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 65 \\
& 65
\end{aligned}
$$
\] \& 44 \& 131

131 \& \& \& 119
119 \& $\stackrel{2}{2}$ \& 1 \& 111 \& 432
432 \& -33
-33 \& 165
165 \& -815
-55 \& $-1,044$
-10 \& $\begin{array}{r}-306 \\ -156 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 58
59 <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& -851 \& 60 <br>
\hline \& \& \& ( \& 4 \& $\left.{ }^{*}\right)$ \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& -870 \& -1,034 \& 389 \& 61
62 <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 867 \& 63 <br>
\hline -5 \& -71 \& -135 \& -230 \& 910 \& 782 \& -533 \& -1,258 \& 873 \& 261 \& 1,817 \& 913 \& -652 \& -810 \& -887 \& 1,197 \& 2,179 \& 1,643 \& 1,431 \& 1,295 \& 355 \& 64 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

Table 9.-U.S. International Transactions,
[Millions of


## by area-Continued

dollars


Table 9.-U.S. International
[Millions of

| Line | $\left(\text { Credits + }{ }^{\text {debits }}-\right)^{1}$ | Latin American Republics and Other Western Hemisphere |  |  |  |  | Japan |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1970 |  |  |  | 1971 | 1970 |  |  |  | 1971 |
|  |  | I | II | III | IV | $I^{p}$ | I | II | III | IV | I ${ }^{\text {P }}$ |
| 1 | Exports of goods and services ${ }^{2}$ | 2,451 | 2,7071,637 | 2,565 | $2,672$ | 2,504 | $1,422$ | 1,441 | 1,490 | $1,561$ | 1,467 |
| ${ }_{3}^{2}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 10 \\ 102 \\ 198 \end{array}$ |  | $1,594$ | $1,761$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,595 \\ 9 \end{array}$ | 1, 106 | 1,128 | 1,176 10 | 1,238 | 1,093 |
| 4 | Travel........................................... |  |  |  | $\underset{221}{8}$ | 200 | ${ }_{21}^{6}$ | 4 26 | ${ }_{27}$ | 5 27 | 30 |
| 5 | Passenger fares. | 198 33 | 233 41 | 227 47 | $\begin{array}{r}221 \\ 35 \\ 89 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 313585 | 15 | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \\ & 17 \\ & 78 \end{aligned}$ | 1882 | 19 |  |
| 7 | Other transportation...................... | 80 12 | 93 12 | 97 12 12 | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \\ & 57 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | 19 24 <br> 74 74 <br> 80  |  |
| 8 | Other private services-..-...-........... | 57 | 58 | 59 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 13 \\ & 64 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 50 \\ 9 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 50 \\ \mathbf{9} \end{gathered}$ | 50 9 | $\begin{array}{r} 50 \\ 9 \end{array}$ | 63 10 |
| 9 | U.S. Government miscellaneous services. | 16 | 17 | 16 | 17 | 17 | 4 | 4 | 7 | 8 | 11 |
| 10 | Receipts of income on U.S. investments abroad: <br> Direct investment fees and royalties | $\begin{array}{r}75 \\ 301 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | 89329 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11 | Direct investment interest, dividends and branch earnings ${ }^{4}$.......... |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}78 \\ 254 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | 79 197 | $\begin{array}{r}74 \\ 256 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 223677 | 241875 | 22972 | 203273 | 23 <br> 53 <br> 71 <br> 9 |
| 12 | Other private assets... | 132 <br> 35 | 14245 | 135 32 | 14451 | 13131 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13 | U.S. Government assets. |  |  | 32 |  |  | 77 7 | 8 | 7 | 6 |  |
| 14 | Transfers of goods and services under U.S. military grant programs, net. | 6 | 6 | 6 | 7 | 7 | (*) |  |  |  |  |
| 15 | Imports of goods and services. | -2, 188 | -2,147 | -2,029 | -2,044 | -2,180 | -1,619 | -1,806 | -2,021 | -1,970 | -1,949 |
| 16 | Merchandise, adjusted, excluding military ${ }^{3}$ - | $\begin{array}{r} -1,522 \\ -38 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -1,529 \\ -46 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -1,400 \\ -43 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -1,462 \\ -43 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -1,523 \\ -40 \end{array}$ | -1,268 | $-1,408$ -179 | -1,630 | -1,588 | 1,599 $-1,599$ -159 |
| 17 | Direct defense expenditures. |  |  |  |  |  | -156 | -179 -32 |  |  | 1599 -15 |
| 18 19 | Travel_...-................. | -340 | -46 -285 | -298 | $\begin{array}{r} -43 \\ -277 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -40 \\ & -360 \end{aligned}$ | -14 | $-17$ |  | -16 | -15 |
| 20 | Other transportation. | -21 | $-60$ | $-16$ | -15 -59 | $-66$ | -63 | $-66$ | -71 | -71 |  |
| 21 | Fees and royalties to unaffiliated foreigners. | -1-39-41 | -1-43-36 | -14 <br> -45 <br> 45 | -1 | -1 | -1 | -1 | -1 | -1 | -15 -62 -1 |
| ${ }_{23}^{22}$ | Private payments for other services.-....... |  |  |  | -38-47 | -44-40 | -5-5 | -5-6 | -5-5 | ${ }_{-6}$ | -6-5 |
| 23 | U.S. Government payments for miscellaneous services |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 24 | Payments of income on foreign investments in the United States: <br> Direct investment fees and royalties. |  | -6 |  |  |  | -1 | -1 | -1 | $-1$ |  |
| $\stackrel{25}{25}$ | Direct investment interest, dividends and branch earnings 4.......... | $-5$ |  | -6 | -6-91 | -7 <br> -74 <br> -5 | -3-64 | -4-65 | -4-67 | -6-66-20 | -54-27 |
| ${ }_{27}^{26}$ | Other private liabilities | -125 -3 | -121 | -109 -4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 28 | U.S. military grants of goods and services, net. | -6 | -6 | -6 | -7 | -7 | (*) |  |  |  |  |
| 29 | Unilateral transfers (excluding military grants), ne | $-137$ | -132 | -118 | -135 | -123 | -10 | -11 | -11 | -10 | -9 |
| 30 | U.S. Government grants (excluding military grants). | -71 | -66-11 | -59-11 | -66-11 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{32} 31$ | U.S. Government pensions and other transfers. | $-11$ |  |  |  | $-13$ | -2 | -3 | -3 | -2 | -3 |
| 32 | Private remittances and other transfers. | -55 | -56 | -49 | -57 | -53 | -8 | -9 | -9 | -8 | -7 |
| 33 | U.S. Government capital flows, net. | -121 | -157 | -100 | -129 | -74 | 53 | -23 | 8 | 23 | -32 |
| $\begin{array}{r} 34 \\ 35 \end{array}$ | Loans and other long-term assets. Foreign currencies and other short-term assets | $-\begin{array}{r} -200 \\ \left({ }^{*}\right) \end{array}$ | -245 -5 | ${ }_{\left({ }^{*}\right)}$ | -228 | $\stackrel{-154}{(*)}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text {-54 } \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | -48 5 | -23 | - 36 | $\begin{array}{r}-81 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| 36 37 | Repayments on credits: Scheduled Nonscheduled ${ }^{\text {3 }}$-......... | 78 | ${ }_{\left({ }^{93}\right)}$ | 72 | 100 | 76 4 | 25 81 | 21 | 29 | 18 40 | 47 |
| 38 | U.S. private capital flow, net | -301 | -335 | -297 | -510 | 31 | 61 | -279 | 199 | -631 | 254 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 39 \\ & 40 \end{aligned}$ | Direct investments abroad 4 <br> Foreign securities. | -135 -20 | -168 2 | -128 -21 | -170 -95 | -10 | r -36 10 | -50 -22 | 9 5 | -55 -6 | $-38$ |
| 41 | Claims reported by U.S. banks: | -7 | -4 | -17 | 40 | 58 | 1 | -5 | -16 | -6 |  |
| 42 | Short-term, nonliquid. | $-51$ | -109 | -1 | -216 | 37 | 143 | -221 | 179 | -567 | $-403$ |
| 43 | Short-term, liquid.... | 15 | 2 | -1 | $-27$ | -39 | 1 | -3 | 3 | 7 | 5 |
|  | Claims reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 44 | Long-term.-.......- | -40 | -7 | -110 | -20 | 4 | $-16$ | -8 | 22 | 4 | $-25$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 45 \\ & 46 \end{aligned}$ | Short-term, nonliquid. Short-term, liquid... | - ${ }^{-40}$ | 12 -63 | -41 | $\begin{array}{r}-58 \\ \hline 36\end{array}$ | 72 -92 | $\begin{array}{r}-43 \\ -1 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | -13 -1 | - ${ }^{-5}$ | -13 | -13 -15 |
| 47 | Foreign capital flows, net | 345 | 237 | -936 | -166 | -294 | 80 | -26 | 54 | 993 | 1,034 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 48 \\ & 49 \end{aligned}$ | Direct investments in the United States ${ }^{4}$ U.S. securities other than Treasury issues | 17 20 | 12 -36 | 10 16 | 1 67 | ${ }_{2}^{1}$ | -10 -1 | $\begin{array}{r}-47 \\ \hline 2\end{array}$ | -2 4 | ${ }_{6}^{61}$ | -30 2 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 50 \\ & 51 \end{aligned}$ | U.S. nonliquid liabilities to private foreigners reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns: <br> Long-term <br> Short-term | -8 | -68 | 19 37 | 79 37 | $\stackrel{51}{20}$ | -11 | 3 -18 | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | $\begin{array}{r}13 \\ 8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 4 |
| $52+53$ | Long-term liabilities to all foreigners reported by U.S. banks. . . . . . . . . | -42 | -18 | -91 | 37 | -90 | -19 | -60 | -98 | -92 | -125 |
| 54 | Nonliquid liabilities reported by U.S. Government: To foreign official reserve agencies. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 55 | To other official and private foreigners............... | -5 | -9 | -11 | 3 | 4 | -3 | 6 | -5 | -1 | -1 |
| $56+57$ | U.S. liquid liabilities to all foreigners. | 363 | 263 | -916 | -389 | -301 | 122 | 87 | 131 | 998 | 1,178 |
| 58 | Transactions in U.S. official reserve assets, net. | 7 | 9 | 4 | 111 | (*) |  |  |  | 119 |  |
| 59 60 | Gold. | 7 | 9 | 4 | 111 | (*) |  |  |  | 119 | ..... |
| ${ }_{61}^{60}$ | Convertible currencies |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 62 | Gold tranche position in IMF .-................ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 63 | Allocations of special dra wing rights (SDR). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 64 | Errors and omissions, and transfers of funds bet ween foreign areas, net... | -56 | -181 | 912 | 199 | 136 | 13 | 704 | 282 | -85 | -764 |

Preliminary. *Less than $\$ 500,000( \pm)$

1. Credits, + : Exports of goods and services; unilateral transfers to U.S.; capital inflows (increase in U.S. habilities or de official reserve assets.
outflows (decrease in U.S. liabilities or increase in U.S. assets); increase in U.S. official reserve assets.
2. Excludes transfers of goods and services under U.S. military grant programs . Excludes exports of goods under U.S. military agency sales contracts identified in Censu

Transactions, by Area-Continued
dollars]

export documents, and imports of goods included under direct defense expenditures identified in Census import documents, and reflects various other balance-of-payments adjustments (for raluation, covverage, and timing th Census statistics; bee table 4. 4 .
4. Excludes reinvested earnings of foreign incorporated affiliates of U.S. incorporated asfiliates of foreign firms.
5. Includes sales of foreign obligations to foreigners.

Note.-Details may not add to totals because of rounding. Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

Table 10.—Summary of Known Current and Long-term Capital Transactions, by Area ${ }^{1}$
[Milli.as of dollars]


## p Preliminary.

1. Balances of payments by area on the net liquidity basis and the official reserve transactions basis lack validity because liquid dollar holdings of private and official foreigners may be affected not only by their transactions with the United States but also by transactions among themselves. The balances shown by area here have some shortcomings due to statistical discrepancies including errors, omissions, and incorrect area attributions.
Balances are derived from data in table 2 (all areas) and table 9 (individual areas) as follows:

|  | Lines in tables |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2 | 9 |
| Merchandise trade ${ }^{2}$ | 2, 16 | Same. |
| Goods and services. | 1, 15................. | Same. |
| Goods, services and remittances. | 1, 15, 31, 32....... | Same. |
| Current account....-...........- | 1, 15, 29, $33,39-41$, | Same. |
| Current account and long-term capital | $\begin{aligned} & 15,29,33,39-41 \text {, } \\ & 44,48-50,52,55 . \end{aligned}$ | part of line 52 is included. |

Balance with "all areas" includes long-term liabilities to all private foreigners reported by U.S. banks, with "international organizations" includes only liabilities to IBRD and affiliated organizations, and with other areas includes only liabilities to regional organizations. The long-term liabilities to other private foreigners included in the total, but not in the areas, amounted to (millions of dollars): 1968, -7 ; 1969-1, $6,1969-11,12,1909-111,25,1969-1 V, 17$ 969 year, 48, 1970-1,, , 2. Adjusted to balance of payments basis; excludes exports under U.S. military agency sales ontracts and imports
 . Ne py u.s banks other Net purchases of gold by U.S. private residents from U.S. monetary gold stock.
Note: Details may not add to totals because of rounding.
Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

## EXPLANATORY NOTRS FOR TABLES 2 AND 3

These notes are intended to provide a brief explanation of the content and sources of data for each account shown in tables 2 and 3. These descriptions

## Exports of goods and services

## Line 2.-Merchandise, adjusted, excluding military

This account measures, in concept, all movable goods which are sold, given away, or otherwise transferred from United States to foreign ownership, except (1) transfers of goods under U.S. military grant programs (part of line 14), (2) transfers of goods under U.S. military agency sales contracts (part of line 3) whether physically exported from the United States or sold from U.S. installations abroad, and (3) transfers of goods by U.S. nonmilitary agencies from U.S. installations abroad (part of line 9 ).
In practice, reliance on Census Bureau trade statistics, which are based on the physical movement of goods into and out of the United States rather than change of ownership, and which in various other aspects are not oriented to balance of payments concepts, leads to some additional departures from the conceptual definition stated above. Census Bureau export statistics are, in general, valued f.a.s. (free alongside ship) U.S. port of exit, and reflect selling price, f.o.b. (free on board) interior point of shipment-or cost if not sold-plus packaging costs, inland freight, and insurance to place of export. Various adjustments to the Census statistics are made for timing, coverage, and valuation in order to bring them into conformity with balance of payments concepts (see table 4).

## Line 3.-Transfers under U.S. military agency sales contracts

This account measures delivery of goods and transfer of services by military agencies to foreign Governments under sales contracts. Delivery of goods refers to transfer of goods either from the United States or from U.S. installations abroad to foreign Governments. Also included, of relatively smaller magnitudes, are sales of excess property of military installations abroad, and logistical support provided to U.S. allies and to United Nations emergency forces in various areas. Excluded, however, is military equipment sold directly
are not comprehensive nor are they intended to take the place of a precise methodology of the balance of payments compilations.
to foreigners by U.S. private firms. Estimates are based primarily on Department of Defense reports.

## Line 4.—Travel

This account measures expenditures in the United States by foreign travelers (excluding foreign Government personnel and their dependents and foreign citizens residing in the United States) for lodging, food, transportation within the United States, entertainment, personal purchases, gifts, and other outlays incidental to a trip to the United States. Transocean passenger fares are excluded. Included are passenger fares received by U.S. carriers from Canadian and Mexican travelers visiting the United States. Travel receipts from each major area of the world are estimated by multiplying the average expenditures per traveler, derived from sample surveys of OBE, by the corresponding number of travelers, derived from statistics of U.S. Immigration and Naturalization Service.

## Line 5.-Passenger fares

This account measures passenger fares received by U.S. ocean and air carriers from foreign residents traveling between the United States and foreign countries and between two foreign points. Excluded are passenger fares for travel between the United States and Canada, and between the United States and Mexico (part of line 4). For each major area of the world, an estimate is made by multiplying the average round-trip fare derived from travel questionnaires, by the corresponding number of travelers derived from data provided by the U.S. Immigration and Naturalization Service.

## Line 6.-Other transportation

This account measures the following: freight revenues of U.S.-operated ocean, air, and other carriers (including rail, pipeline, and Great Lakes shipping) for the international transportation of U.S. exports; freight revenues of U.S.-operated carriers for the transportation of foreign freight from one foreign point to another foreign point; port expenditure receipts, representing pay-
ments for goods and services purchased in the United States by foreign operators and transportation companies; and receipts of U.S. owners from foreign operators for the charter of vessels and the rental of freight cars. For the major components-freight revenues and port expenditure receipts-value estimates are made by multiplying the average rates, based on reports from a limited number of shipping companies and airlines to OBE, by the corresponding tonnage data, derived essentially from statistics of the Census Bureau. For the other components, estimates are based on reports to OBE and on various other sources of information.

## Line 7.-Fees and royalties from unaffiliated foreigners

This account measures U.S. receipts from foreign residents not affiliated with the U.S. organizations to whom payment is made for the use of intangible property or rights (patents, techniques, processes, formulae, designs, trademarks, copyrights, franchises, manufacturing rights, etc.). Estimates are made on the basis of data obtained from OBE questionnaires circularized among U.S. individuals and firms directly involved in such transactions.

## Line 8.-Other private services

This account measures all receipts by U.S. private residents from foreign residents who are not affiliated with the U.S. recipient and from foreign governments and international organizations, for various miscellaneous services rendered domestically or abroad. Such services include international reinsurance operations of U.S. insurance companies; international cable, radio, and telephone operations provided by U.S. communications companies; and foreign contract operations of U.S. construction, engineering, consulting and other technical services firms. Also included in this account are expenditures in the United States by foreign embassies, consulates, and registered agents of foreign governments; administrative expenditures by international organizations such as the International Monetary Fund (IMF), World Bank, United Nations, etc.; and various other minor service receipts. Estimates are based on reports filed with OBE by U.S. individuals and firms, statistics provided by U.S. and foreign government agencies, and other information obtained from various publications of foreign governments and international organizations.

## Line 9.-U.S. Government miscellaneous services

This account measures receipts of the nonmilitary agencies of the U.S. Government for services provided to foreigners and for deliveries of goods to foreigners from U.S. installations abroad. Also included are administrative expenses of AID in the United States and abroad, and similar expenses of other aid programs. Estimates are based primarily on reports submitted by nonmilitary agencies of the U.S. Government.

## Line 10.-Direct investment fees and royalties

This account measures receipts by U.S. parent organizations from their foreign affiliates of fees and royalties (after withheld foreign taxes, if any) for the use of intangible property or rights (patents, techniques, trademarks, copyrights, manufacturing rights, etc.),' for rentals of tangible property, motion picture films and TV tapes, and for the use of professional, administrative and management services. Receipts include not only actual transfers but also other amounts due in the reporting period that are not actually transferred. In the latter instances, the amounts are offset by contra-entries in line 39. Data are collected regularly by the OBE from over 1,100 respondents with more than 13,000 foreign affiliates. The data are used to derive estimates for total receipts on the basis of the relation of the reporting sample to benchmark data (based on periodic surveys of U.S. direct investments abroad), with adjustments made for new investments and liquidations. (See line 39 for definition of direct investments.)

## Line 11.-Direct investment interest, dividends, and branch earnings

This account measures receipts by U.S. parent organizations from their foreign affiliates of interest and dividends (after withheld foreign taxes, if any) and branch earnings (after foreign income taxes). Receipts include not only actual transfers but also other amounts due in reporting period that are not actually transferred. In the latter instances, the amounts are offset by contra-entries in line 39 . Sources of data and estimating procedures are the same as for line 10. (See line 39 for definition of direct investments.)

## Line 12.-Income receipts on other U.S. private assets abroad

This account measures (1) interest received by U.S. residents on their holdings of foreign debt securities, short and long-term bank and commercial
loans, deposits and other claims, and (2) dividends received by U.S. residents on their holdings of foreign equities. Excluded are income receipts from U.S. direct investments abroad. Estimates are based on applicable U.S. money market rates and foreign dividend yields applied to amounts outstanding in the appropriate period, with lags when relevant.

## Line 13.-Income receipts on U.S. Government assets abroad

This account measures primarily interest realized on the long and shortterm credits outstanding to the U.S. Government from the rest of the world. Also included are interest earned on U.S. Government disbursing officers' deposits in commercial banks abroad; interest received on the holdings of official reserve assets by U.S. monetary authorities; interest on advances under other Exchange Stabilization Fund agreements; collections of commitment fees for foreign loans extended by U.S. Government agencies; service charges and other earnings from the U.S. investment in the International Monetary Fund; and net income of U.S. monetary authorities from day-to-day transactions in foreign currency exchanges. Excluded are gains or losses on official reserve assets when they result from revision of par value exchange rates and all gains or losses on foreign currency balances held by disbursing officers.

With the exception of capitalized interest, receipts are based on data reported by the Government operating agencies on a collection basis (in both U.S. dollars and foreign currencies).

## Transfers under U.S. military grant programs, net

Line 14.-Transfers of goods and services under U.S. military grant programs, net

This account measures net transfers of goods delivered and services rendered by U.S. military services to foreign countries under programs enacted by the Congress to authorize the provision of military assistance for which no repayment is expected or for which repayment terms are indeterminate.

Gross transfers include goods and services purchased from dollar funds appropriated, or foreign currencies owned, by the U.S. Government whose use has been authorized by legislation (valued on the basis of the U.S. Government financial records reflecting the expenditure of authorized funds); and transfers of goods under authorizations to deliver to foreign nations
equipment and material, deemed excess to U.S. requirements (valued according to the legislative authorization under which the transfer is made).

Transactions netted against the gross transfers-reverse grants-include returns of equipment previously transferred; supplies and services provided the U.S. Government as part of a mutual assistance program (such as reverse lend-lease); and foreign currency funds provided by foreign nations as offsets for U.S. local expenditures under international agreements to provide U.S. foreign assistance.

This account excludes military goods and services provided on credit with established repayment terms. Also excluded, in general, are transfers of goods and services to foreign forces operating in conjunction with U.S. forces during periods of active hostilities and certain transactions for which data are not available due to security reasons. For transactions which occurred prior to July 1964, the estimates were made by OBE on the basis of information furnished for this purpose by the operating agencies, supplemented by other Government records; subsequent estimates are based upon incomplete reports from the operating agencies.

An identical offsetting entry is made in line 28.

## Imports of goods and services

## Line 16.-Merchandise, adjusted, excluding military

This account measures, in concept, all movable goods which are sold, given away, or otherwise transferred from foreign to U.S. ownership, except (1) goods purchased abroad by U.S. defense agencies, whether used or stockpiled abroad or physically imported into the United States directly by such agencies (part of line 17) and (2) goods purchased abroad by U.S. non-defense agencies, whether used or stockpiled abroad (part of line 23).

In practice, reliance on Census Bureau trade statistics, which are based on the physical movement of goods into and out of the United States rather than change of ownership, and which in various other aspects are not oriented to ideal balance of payments concepts, leads to some additional departures from the conceptual definition stated above. Census Bureau import statistics are, in general, valued at the wholesale market price, f.o.b. foreign country of export. This valuation, which is required under U.S. customs legislation, excludes U.S. import duties and freight and insurance charges from the foreign
country to the U.S. port of entry. The use of f.o.b. foreign country as the basis for import valuation is in accord with balance of payments concepts. However, the Customs requirement for a general "market value at which the goods are freely offered for sale" may not necessarily coincide with the actual purchase-sale contract price, f.o.b. foreign country, agreed to between buyer and seller-the transactions value. In such cases, a valuation adjustment is made to accord with the transactions value, if appropriate information is available. Adjustments for timing and coverage are also made to Census import statistics to bring them into conformity with balance of payments requirements (see table 4).

## Line 17.-Direct defense expenditures

This account measures direct defense expenditures for foreign goods and services by the military agencies and similar defense transactions of the Atomic Energy Commission and the Coast Guard which meet the NATO definition of defense expenditures. Also included are the personal expenditures of U.S. military and civilian personnel and their dependents abroad, together with the foreign purchases of the military exchanges and similar agencies which sell to personnel (e.g., post exchanges, commissaries). Other disbursements include foreign expenditures of U.S. contractors employed to construct and operate U.S. foreign military installations and to furnish other services abroad, expenditures for NATO infrastructure, the offshore procurement of military equipment to be transferred as aid to foreign countries, contributions to international military headquarters expenses, and other outlays abroad for administration of military assistance programs. Excluded are foreign products purchased in the United States by U.S. military agencies. Estimates are based primarily on Department of Defense reports.

## Line 18.-Travel

This account measures expenditures in foreign countries by U.S. travelers (excluding U.S. Government personnel and their dependents and U.S. citizens residing abroad) for lodging, food, transportation within foreign areas, entertainment, personal purchases, gifts, and other outlays incidental to a trip abroad. Transocean passenger fares are excluded. Included are passenger fares paid to Canadian and Mexican carriers by U.S. residents visiting Canada and Mexico. Travel payments to each major area of the world are estimated by multiplying the average expenditure per
traveler derived from sample surveys of OBE, by the corresponding number of travelers derived from statistics of U.S. Immigration and Naturalization Service.

## Line 19.-Passenger fares

This account measures passenger fares paid to foreign ocean and air carriers by U.S. residents for transocean transportation. Excluded are passenger fares for travel between the United States and Canada, and between the United States and Mexico (part of line 18). For each major area of the world, an estimate is made by multiplying the average round-trip fare derived from travel questionnaires, by the correponding number of travelers derived from data provided by the U.S. Immigration and Naturalization Service. The estimate for total passenger fares is the sum of estimates for all areas. Additional adjustments for inter-airline transfers are made on the basis of official reports of U.S. international air carriers.

## Line 20.-Other transportation

This account measures the following: freight payments to foreign-operated ocean, air and other carriers (including rail and Great Lakes shipping) for the international transportation of U.S. imports; port expenditure payments representing purchases of goods and services in foreign countries by U.S. operators and transportation companies; and payments made to foreign owners by U.S. operators for the charter of vessels and the rental of freight cars. For the major compo-nents-freight and port expenditure payments-value estimates are made by multiplying the average rates based on reports of shipping companies and airlines to OBE, by the corresponding tonnage data derived essentially from statistics of the Census Bureau. For the other components, estimates are made on the basis of reports to OBE and various other sources of information.

## Line 21.-Fees and royalties to unaffiliated foreigners

This account measures payments by U.S. residents to foreign residents not affiliated with the U.S. payer for the use of intangible property or rights (patents, techniques, processes, formulae, designs, trademarks, copyrights, franchises, manufacturing rights, etc.). Estimates are made on the basis of data obtained from OBE questionnaires circularized among U.S. individuals and firms directly involved in such transactions.

Line 22.-Private payments for other services

This account measures payments by U.S. private residents to foreign residents not affiliated with the U.S. payer and to foreign governments for various miscellaneous services rendered domestically or abroad. Such outlays include payments of international reinsurance operations of U.S. insurance companies; net payments for direct writing of insurance abroad; payments of U.S. communication companies for foreign cable, radio, and telephone operations; net earnings of Canadian commuters employed in the United States; payments of consular fees for export privileges; and various other minor service payments. Estimates are based on reports filed with OBE by U.S. individuals and firms, statistics provided by foreign government agencies, and other information obtained from various domestic publications.

## Line 23.-U.S. Government payments for miscellaneous services

This account measures expenditures of the nonmilitary agencies of the U.S. Government for foreign services and for foreign goods which are purchased abroad and used or stockpiled abroad. Also included are net payments by such nonmilitary agencies to U.S. nationals employed abroad and their dependents, and payments to international organizations for membership assessments. Estimates are based primarily on reports submitted by nonmilitary agencies of the U.S. Government.

## Line 24.—Direct investment fees and royalties

This account measures payments by U.S. companies to their foreign parent organizations of fees and royalties (after withholding taxes) for the use of intangible property or rights (patents, techniques, trademarks, copyrights, manufacturing rights, etc.) and for professional, administrative and management services. Payments include not only actual transfers but also other amounts due in the reporting period that are not actually transferred. In the latter instances, the amounts are offset by contra-entries in line 48. Data are based on quarterly reports filed by approximately 350 U.S. companies with OBE. (See line 48 for definition of direct investments.)

## Line 25.-Direct investment interest, dividends, and branch earnings

This account measures payments by U.S. companies to their foreign parent
organizations of interest and dividends (after U.S. withholding taxes) and branch earnings (after U.S. income taxes). Payments include not only actual transfers but also other amounts due in the reporting period that are not actually transferred. In the latter instances, the amounts are offset by contra-entries in line 48. Data are collected by OBE from approximately 350 U.S. companies. The data are used to derive estimates for total payments on the basis of the relation of the reporting sample to benchmark data (based on the 1959 survey of foreign direct investments in the United States), with adjustments made for new investments and liquidations. (See line 48 for definition of direct investments.)

## Line 26.-Income payments on other private liabilities

This account measures (1) interest paid by U.S. residents to foreign holders of U.S. debt obligations and to foreign owners of U.S. bank deposits, and (2) dividends paid by U.S. residents to foreign holders of U.S. equities.
Excluded are income payments on foreign direct investments in the United States (recorded in line 25). Estimates are based on applicable Eurodollar rates, U.S. money market rates, and U.S. dividend yields applied to amounts outstanding in the appropriate period, with lags when relevant.

## Line 27.-Income payments on U.S. Government liabilities

This account measures (1) interest paid to foreign residents on their holdings of U.S. Government securities, based on applicable rates, and (2) interest paid to foreign official agencies on advance payments for military equipment and on other special deposits with the Treasury Department.

## Military grants

Line 28.-U.S. military grants of goods and services, net

This account measures transfers by U.S. military services to foreign countries under programs enacted by the Congress to provide foreign military assistance for which no repayment is expected or for which repayment terms are indeterminate. Excluded are transfers of cash and of nonmilitary items, even when under military aid legislation; and military assistance provided on established credit repayment terms; transfers of goods and services to foreign forces operating in conjunction with
U.S. forces during periods of active hostilities; and certain transactions for which data are not available due to security reasons.

An identical offsetting entry is made in line 14. (For details of gross transfers, transactions netted against gross transfers, and the basis of OBE estimates, see note for line 14.)

## Unilateral transfers (excluding military grants), net

## Line 30.-U.S. Government grants (excluding military)

This account measures utilization of U.S. Government financing to transfer resources to foreign governments or other foreign entities under programs enacted by the Congress for the provision of foreign assistance-other than the goods and services included as military grants in line 28-for which no repayment is expected or for which repayment terms are indeterminate.

Gross transfers represent the dollar equivalent of goods delivered and services rendered by the U.S. Government and disbursements by the U.S. Government to or for the account of a foreign government or other foreign entity (including payments into accounts from which use may be restricted by agreements). Some of these transactions are financed with dollar funds established, or foreign currencies owned, by the U.S. Government, whose use has been authorized by legislation and whose value is based on U.S. Government financial records reflecting the expenditure of authorized funds. Other transfers of goods, under authorizations to deliver to foreign nations agricultural commodities, are valued on the basis of the export offering price for such commodities at the time of delivery.
Netted against the gross transfers are reverse grants. These include cash settlements for previously provided grants; foreign currency funds provided by foreign nations as offsets for U.S. local expenditures under international agreements to provide U.S. foreign assistance; supplies, services, and foreign currencies provided the U.S. Government as part of a mutual assistance program (such as reverse lend-lease); and returns of equipment previously transferred.

Data are compiled from reports furnished by the operating agencies for inclusion in this table, and from published statements and financial and operating records of Government agencies. Prior to the availability of re-
ports from operating agencies, estimates are made by OBE.

## Line 31.-U.S. Government pensions and other transfers

This account measures (1) payments of annuities and other benefits, to Americans residing abroad or to foreigners entitled to such payments, under social security and allied programs; (2) similar payments under retirement and compensation programs for former Government employees, military personnel, and veterans, including costs of providing medical services abroad under Veterans Administration programs; (3) payments abroad under U.S. educational and cultural exchange programs, primarily administered by the Department of State; (4) payments of grants supporting individual and institutional research abroad; and (5) payments and receipts of claims settled by intergovernmental agreements, including collections of funds for distribution to private claimants as a result of nationalization of property by foreign governments (when such claims involve receipts in installments over a period of years, the collections are not included in this entry but are recorded in line 36).
Data are reported by U.S. Government operating agencies based upon their financial records, generally of checks issued and collections made.

## Line 32.-Private remittances, and other transfers

This account measures net private unilateral transfers of goods, services, cash and other financial claims between U.S. residents and residents or governments of foreign countries. Receipts include transfers to U.S. private residents through post office money orders, German Government indemnification payments; Canadian Government pension payments, inheritance and migrants transfers, and various other inflows. Payments include personal remittances of U.S. private residents to foreign residents through banks, communication companies, and the Post Office; private parcel post shipments; cash and goods donated abroad by religious, charitable, educational, scientific, and similar nonprofit organization; and inheritance and migrants transfers. Estimates are made on the basis of data received directly from U.S. banks, nonprofit organizations and other private agencies, from U.S. and foreign government agencies, and on the basis of other statistics obtained from various publications of foreign governments.

## U.S. Government capital flows, net

## Line 34.-Loans and other long-term assets

This account measures utilization of U.S. Government financing to transfer resources under programs enacted by the Congress for the provision of foreign assistance, or for credits to foreign governments or foreign entities, under agreements which give rise to specific obligations to repay, over a period of years, usually with interest. U.S. Government loans to U.S. private entities specifically for projects abroad are included as foreign credits, identified with the country in which the project is located.

Transfers of resources include cash transfers from, or goods and services purchased with, dollar funds established, or foreign currencies owned, by the U.S. Government whose use has been authorized by legislation. Such transfers are valued on the basis of the agreed obligation assumed by the debtor under the contractual agreement for repayments. Also included are capital investments in, or contributions to, the international financial institutions; capital flows abroad reflecting the Government's direct investment in productive facilities and installations; and equity holdings of "public enterprise" accounts of Government agencies.

Data are compiled from reports furnished by the operating agencies for inclusion in this table, and from published statements and financial and operating records of Government agencies. Prior to the availability of their records, estimates are made by OBE, particularly for preliminary data. Adjustments are also made to report transactions at time of occurrence, rather than at time of record on books of the operating agencies.

Line 35.-Foreign currencies and other short-term assets

This account measures, in significant part, the financing of exports of U.S. farm products in exchange for foreign currencies under the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act (Public Law 83-480) less the Government's disbursements of the currencies as grants, credits, or for purchases.

Also included are changes in U.S. Government deposits abroad from acquisition of foreign currency collected as interest, principal, or reverse grants; accounts receivable of Government agencies that report their current transactions on an accrual basis; foreign currencies held by U.S. disbursing off-
cers; and advances of the Exchange Stabilization Fund that are not part of reserve assets.

Excluded are changes in official reserve assets held by U.S. monetary authorities and discernible gains or losses on foreign currency balances.

Data sources are the same as for line 34.

## Line 36.-Scheduled repayments on credits

This account measures collections of principal on the loans and other credits recorded in line 34 . Also included are principal collections in liquidation of outstanding indebtedness formalized by intergovernmental agreement in settlement of assistance originally furnished under indeterminate terms and reported in line 30 and in settlement of claims of the U.S. Government or its nationals, when funds are collected by the Government for distribution to the claimants; collections on World War I debts; and recoveries of the Government's direct investment in productive facilities and installations abroad or on the equity holding of "public enterprise" accounts of Government agencies.

Excluded from this account are principal charged off as uncollectible; gains or losses on indebtedness denominated in foreign currency; sales of Export-Import Bank Portfolio Participation Certificates; and extraordinary amortizations that are included in line 37.

Data sources are the same as for line 34.

## Line 37.-Nonscheduled repayments on credits

This account measures extraordinary amortizations, which include principal collections identified as occurring more than 3 months ahead of amortization schedule date stipulated in the repayment agreement and sales of the promissory note (or other evidences of indebtedness) to a third-party foreign participant, either in the country of the borrower or in a third country. Sales are recorded at the book value of the indebtedness liquidated. In many instances, Export-Import Bank has the contingent liability to repurchase such obligations previously sold. Beginning with 1967, collections from promissory notes sold to third countries are recorded in the geographical area of the third country in table 9 ; for earlier periods, such collections are recorded in the geographical area of the debtor.

Excluded from this account are accelerated collections of foreign currency on credits repayable in foreign currency and sales of Export-Import Bank Portfolio Participation Certificates.

Data sources are the same as for line 34.

## U.S. private capital flows, net

Line 39.-Direct investments abroad
This account measures capital transactions by U.S. residents with foreign enterprises in which the U.S. residents by themselves or in affiliation with other U.S. residents own 10 percent or more of the voting securities or of other ownership interests. The account also includes transactions of single or affiliated U.S. residents with foreign residents as the result of the acquisition of at least 10 percent or any additional ownership interest in foreign enterprises or the sale, total or partial, of a direct investment enterprise to a foreigner.

Included in capital transactions are net increases in capital stocks (voting and nonvoting) and capital contributions, in intercompany accounts, and in owners' home office account of foreign branches; excluded is the U.S. parents' share of the reinvested earnings of foreign incorporated affiliates. Funds used for U.S. direct investments abroad include, in addition to those originating in the United States from U.S. parents and their domestic subsidiaries, (1) funds utilized for direct investments that are borrowed abroad by U.S. parents and their domestic subsidiaries, (2) funds utilized for direct investment that are obtained from security issues sold abroad by Netherlands Antilles finance subsidiaries that are initially transferred to U.S. parents, and also (3) funds obtained through long-term debt issues placed by foreign affiliates with public and nonbanking institutional investors in the United States.

Data are based on reports (covering approximately 13,000 foreign affiliates) filed quarterly with OBE by over 1,100 U.S. respondents whose aggregate foreign direct investment (net worth and intercompany account) is $\$ 2,000,000$ or more. To these data are added verified transactions of nonreporters.

## Line 40.-Foreign securities

This account measures net transactions (sales less purchases) between U.S. private residents and foreign residents in foreign equities and debt securities with no contractual maturity or with maturities of more than one year (net U.S. purchases are debit entries). Data for foreign securities are based on reports collected by the Federal Reserve System for the Treasury Department, with adjustments made for transactions that are included in other balance of payments accounts. On the basis of public market information and other data, OBE prepares estimates for
two components of the total, sales of new foreign issues in the U.S. market to U.S. residents and redemptions of U.S. holdings of foreign securities.

## Line 41.-Long-term claims reported by U.S. banks

This account measures changes in loans and other long-term claims on foreigners (with a contractual maturity of more than one year) which are reported by U.S. banks, including both the claims of the banks themselves and the claims held in custody for their domestic customers. Unutilized lines of credit and permanent capital invested abroad are excluded. The data are collected monthly by the Federal Reserve System for the Treasury Department.
Line 42.-Short-term, nonliquid claims reported by U.S. banks

This account measures changes in nonliquid claims on foreigners (with a contractual maturity of one year or less) which are reported by U.S. banks, including both the claims of the banks themselves and the claims held in custody for their domestic customers. The data are collected monthly by the Federal Reserve System for the Treasury Department. The following categories on the monthly reporting form for short-term claims are considered to be nonliquid: loans, collections outstanding (items in process of collection from foreigners), and acceptance credits (acceptances made for account of foreigners), all payable in dollars; plus short-term claims other than deposits, foreign government obligations, and commercial and finance paper, payable in foreign currencies.

## Line 43.-Short-term, liquid claims reported by U.S. banks

This account measures changes in liquid claims on foreigners (with a contractual maturity of one year or less), which are reported by U.S. banks, including both the claims of the banks themselves and the claims held in custody for their domestic customers. The data are collected monthly by the Federal Reserve System for the Treasury Department. The following categories on the monthly reporting form for short-term claims are considered to be liquid: deposits, foreign government obligations, and commercial and finance paper, all payable in foreign currencies; plus short-term claims other than loans, collections outstanding, and acceptance credits, payable in dollars.

## Line 44.-Long-term claims reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns

This account measures changes in loans and other long-term claims of
U.S. nonbanking concerns on foreigners other than their foreign affiliates, which have a contractual maturity of more than one year. Such claims originate from long-term supplier's credits and other loans extended to foreigners. Data are obtained from quarterly reports collected by the Federal Reserve System for the Treasury Department on amounts outstanding at end of the quarter.

## Line 45.-Short-term, nonliquid claims reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns

This account measures changes in claims of U.S. nonbanking concerns on foreigners (other than claims on their foreign affiliates) that have a contractual maturity of one year or less from the date on which the obligation was incurred but are not repayable on demand nor readily marketable or transferable. Such claims include credits extended to foreigners by U.S. brokers to finance security transactions, and by U.S. corporations or other nonbanking concerns to finance exports and other transactions. Data are obtained from quarterly reports collected by the Federal Reserve System for the Treasury Department, on amounts outstanding at the end of the quarter.

## Line 46.-Short-term, liquid claims reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns

This account measures changes in short-term liquid claims mainly of major U.S. corporations on foreigners other than their foreign affiliates. Shortterm liquid claims, denominated in dollars and in foreign currencies, consist of (1) demand and time deposits held abroad, and (2) negotiable and other readily transferable foreign obligations payable on demand or having a contractual matruity of not more than one year from the date on which the obligation was incurred by the foreigner, including obligations of foreign governments. Loans which are repayable on demand are also included. Data are obtained from reports collected by the Federal Reserve System for the Treasury Department, on amounts outstanding at the end of the period.

## Foreign capital flows, net

## Line 48.-Direct investments in the United States

This account measures capital transactions of U.S. enterprises with foreign owners who control 25 percent or more of the voting securities or other ownership interests. The account also includes transactions of single or affiliated foreign residents with U.S. residents resulting from the acquisition of at
least 25 percent ownership interest in U.S. enterprises or from total or partial sales. Included are net increases in capital stock (voting and nonvoting) and capital contributions, in intercompany accounts, and in owners' home office accounts of U.S. branches; excluded is the foreign parents' share of the reinvested earnings of their U.S. corporate affiliates.

Data are based on reports (covering approximately 350 U.S. affiliates) filed by U.S. companies in which the aggregate investment (net worth and intercompany account) by the foreign owner is $\$ 2,000,000$ or more. To these data are added verified transactions of nonreporters.

## Line 49.-U.S. securities other than Treasury issues

This account measures net transactions (purchases less sales) between U.S. and foreign residents in U.S. equities and debt securities with no contractual maturity or with maturities of more than one year. Estimates for transactions are based on data collected by the Treasury Department, with adjustments made for transactions included in other balance of payments accounts. Major components are (1) U.S. corporate placements of debt securities in foreign markets, including proceeds transferred to U.S. parents from similar placements by their Netherland Antilles finance subsidiaries (estimated on the basis of OBE reports and other information) ; and (2) foreign net trading in U.S. equities and other long-term debt securities issued by corporations and local governments, and in nonguaranteed U.S. Government agency securities.

Line 50.-U.S. long-term nonliquid liabilities to private foreigners, reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns

This account measures changes in liabilities of U.S. nonbanking concerns to foreigners (excluding liabilities to affiliated foreigners recorded as direct investments) that have a contractual maturity of more than one year after the date on which the obligation was incurred. Included are direct borrowing from foreign banks by U.S. companies and other loans and advances, whether payable in dollars or in foreign currencies. Estimates, based on reports collected by the Federal Reserve System for the Treasury Department, represent the change in amounts outstanding between the beginning and end of the period. Adjustments to Treasury Department data are made when necessary to account for proceeds of foreign longterm bank loans obtained by U.S. parent companies through their Netherland

Antilles finance subsidiaries as reported to OBE.
Line 51.-U.S. short-term nonliquid liabilities to private foreigners, reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns

This account measures changes in liabilities of U.S. nonbanking concerns to foreigners-other than liabilities to affiliated foreigners recorded as direct investments-that become payable one year or less from the date the obligation was incurred. Such liabilities, payable in dollars or in foreign currencies, are (1) direct borrowing from foreign banks by U.S. companies; (2) accounts, notes, bills, and drafts payable to foreigners; and (3) advance payments received from foreigners for future delivery of goods or services even if such transactions are not completed until after one year. Estimates, based on reports collected by the Federal Reserve System for the Treasury Department, represent the change in amounts outstanding between the beginning and end of the period. Adjustments are made when necessary to account for proceeds of foreign short-term bank loans obtained by U.S. parent companies through their Netherland Antilles finance subsidiaries as reported to OBE.

Line 52.-U.S. long-term liabilities to private foreigners, reported by U.S. banks

This account measures changes in obligations to private foreigners reported by U.S. banks, for their own account and for others' accounts under their custody, with a contractual maturity of more than one year. Private foreigners include official international and regional organizations other than the International Monetary Fund (even if located in the United States), foreign branches of U.S. banks, other foreign commercial banks, and other private residents. The data are collected monthly by the Federal Reserve System for the Treasury Department.
Line 53.-Long-term liabilities to foreign official agencies, reported by U.S. banks

This account measures changes in obligations to foreign official agencies of reporting U.S. banks, for their own account and for others' accounts under their custody, with a contractual maturity of more than one year. Foreign official agencies include, in addition to reserve agencies (treasuries or finance ministries of central governments and recognized central banks), diplomatic and consular establishments, and other agencies of national governments. Separate data for reserve agencies are not available. The data are collected monthly
by the Federal Reserve System for the Treasury Department.
Line 54.-Nonliquid liabilities, reported by U.S. Government, to foreign official reserve agencies

This account measures net transactions representing collections for, and repayments against, deposit and security obligations of U.S. Government agencies to foreign official reserve agencies, when such deposits or obligations, bearing original maturities of more than 1 year, are payable prior to maturity only under special conditions. Some of the deposits represent funds placed in restricted accounts with the U.S. Government to be used only to liquidate U.S. claims as these claims reach maturity. Also included are changes in the outstanding amount of nonmarketable Treasury securities which are issued subject to redemption prior to maturity for the purpose of paying or prepaying for military purchases in the United States, and the obligations to the Government of Canada under the Columbia River basin agreements of 1964.

The bulk of the obligations entering into this entry represents nonmarketable securities issued by the Government through arrangements to improve the U.S. liquid liability position with other countries or to obtain convertible currencies for inclusion in the U.S. official reserve assets.

Transactions may be in U.S. dollars or in foreign currencies. Repayments of obligations are recorded at book value, with the exception that an estimated book value is calculated by OBE to reflect any formal exchange rate revaluation which may have affected the U.S. dollar equivalent value of an obligation denominated and/or repayable in foreign currencies. Data are compiled from reports furnished by operating agencies and from published statements and financial and operating records of Government agencies.
Line 55.-Nonliquid liabilities, reported by U.S. Government, to other official and private foreigners

This account measures net transactions representing collections for, and "repayments" against, deposit and security obligations of U.S. Government agencies to other than foreign official reserve agencies. "Repayments" include deliveries of goods or rendering of services by U.S. Government agencies; the bulk of the deposits is in prepayment for such purchases (mainly of military equipment) by foreign governments.

Liabilities include deposits associated with military sales contracts; deposit and trust funds with the U.S. Govern-
ment under prepayment sales operations of nonmilitary agencies; funds provided as grants or loans under assistance programs, but held in a restricted account with the U.S. Government under arrangements to insure their expenditure for purchases from the United States; accounts payable of Government agencies that report their current transactions on an accrual basis; non-interest-bearing Treasury securities which were issued as part of U.S. Government contributions to international institutions, but are subject to redemption prior to maturity to obtain U.S. dollars for the immediate operating needs of the institutions; and nonmarketable securities issued by the Government to other than foreign official reserve agencies through arrangements to improve the U.S. liquid liability position with other countries.
Transactions may be in U.S. dollars or in foreign currencies. Repayments of obligations are recorded at book value, with the exception that an estimated book value is calculated by OBE to reflect any formal exchange rate revaluation which may have affected the U.S. dollar equivalent value of an obligation denominated and/or repayable in foreign currencies.

Data are compiled from reports furnished by operating agencies, and from published statements and financial and operating records of Government agencies. The entries for the several categories of transactions related to military sales contracts are partially estimated by OBE from incomplete data.

## Line 56.-U.S. liquid liabilities to private foreigners

This account measures changes in short-term liabilities (with an original maturity of one year or less) to private foreigners reported by U.S. banks, for their own account and for others' accounts under their custody, and changes in private foreign holdings of U.S. Treasury marketable bonds and notes. Liquid liabilities reported by U.S. banks include mainly demand and time deposits, U.S. Treasury bills and certificates, negotiable time certificates of deposit, and nonguaranteed U.S. Government agency securities. Private foreigners include official international and regional organizations other than IMF even if located in the United States, foreign branches of U.S. banks, other foreign commercial banks, and other private foreign residents. These data are collected monthly by the Federal Reserve System for the Treasury Department from banks and securities brokers and dealers.
(Continued on page 64)

# The U.S. Balance of Payments: First Quarter 1971 

International interest rate disparities and, in late March, uneasy foreign exchange markets led to substantial outward capital movements-recorded and unrecorded-and a deterioration in U.S. balance of payments measures for the first quarter of 1971 . The official reserve transactions balance was most severely affected, deteriorating $\$ 2.0$ billion to a record $\$ 5.5$ billion deficit.

## U

 NUSUALLY large unrecorded outflows of funds and substantial adverse swings in both long-term and liquid private capital flows dominated U.S. balance of payments developments in the first quarter of 1971 (see table A and table 1 on p. 30). A good part of these flows was accounted for by the wide spread between money market rates in the United States and abroad, reflecting the contrast between the very accommodative stance of the U.S. monetary authorities and the relatively restrictive posture of foreign central banks. Eurodollar rates also declined in the first quarter but to a much lesser degree than short-term rates in the United States. While banks here were returning funds to the Eurodollar market, rates there were propped by heavy borrowings on the part of European and other companies, as a result of the high cost and, in some cases, non-availability of credit in those areas. Toward the end of the quarter, growing foreign exchange market uncertainties and anticipations of new capital controls may have given further impetus to net outward capital movements, much of which was probably unrecorded.The official reserve transactions balance deteriorated by $\$ 2.0$ billion, seasonally adjusted, in the first quarter to
a record deficit of $\$ 5.5$ billion. The adverse swings in errors and omissions and in long-term private capital flows, as well as the shift in liquid private capital (mostly by U.S. nonbanking concerns) largely accounted for the deterioration in this balance. The net liquidity balance, which is not affected by recorded flows of private liquid funds, was in deficit by $\$ 2.6$ billion, an adverse shift of $\$ 1.6$ billion.

The balance on current account and long-term capital, which is not affected by either errors and omissions or recorded flows of liquid funds, deteriorated $\$ 0.6$ billion to a deficit of $\$ 1.4$ billion. There was shift to a surplus on current account but that was more than offset by the adverse swing in long-term private capital flows. A number of the latter items deteriorated. Outflows for direct investments abroad rose and direct investment inflows fell; foreigners reduced their purchases of U.S. stocks; and long-term liabilities of banks and, to a greater extent, nonbanking concerns moved adversely.

Flows of funds thus far in 1971 and in a number of recent years have been quite large and volatile in a number of accounts, such as direct investment, other recorded corporate and banking transactions and errors and omissions. As a result, it has become increasingly difficult to identify seasonal patterns and obtain reliable seasonal adjustment factors. Nonetheless, revisions in seasonal adjustments have been made to take into account the newly emerging patterns, where practical.

[^9]
## Major Developments

## The balance on goods and services, and the current account

Net exports of goods and services totaled $\$ 1,050$ millior. (seasonally adjusted) in the first quarter, an increase of $\$ 380$ million. The merchandise trade balance (excluding military) improved $\$ 130$ million to a surplus of $\$ 270$ million; however, that figure was only half as large as the average quarterly surplus in 1970. Exports rose $\$ 570$ million, boosted by continued expansion of agricultural shipments and temporary bulges in both aircraft deliveries and post-strike automotive product shipments (the latter mainly a surge in shipments to Canada). Other nonagricultural exports, however, declined for the third consecutive quarter. The rise in imports in the first quarter was $\$ 440$ million but was narrowly based on increased automotive deliveries following the strike and imports of other nonfood consumer goods. Military transactions, net investment income, and other services all showed modest gains and together contributed about $\$ 250$ million to the first quarter improvement in the balance on goods and services.

A dip of $\$ 50$ million in U.S. Government grants (excluding military), combined with the above developments, resulted in a $\$ 435$ million favorable shift in the balance on current account.

## Balance on current account and longterm capital

An unfavorable swing in long-term private capital more than offset the current account improvement so that there was a $\$ 585$ million deterioration (seasonally adjusted) in the balance on current account and long-term capital in
the first quarter. Almost every category of long-term capital moved adversely. U.S. direct investment outflows increased $\$ 425$ million to $\$ 1,360$ million (see U.S. corporate capital section below). Foreign direct investment in the United States slid $\$ 110$ million to only $\$ 50$ million, with no large acquisitions reported.

Portfolio transactions resulted in an unfavorable shift of $\$ 190$ million (see table 6). Net foreign purchases of U.S. stocks fell $\$ 415$ million to only $\$ 75$ million. There were small net sales in both February and March, even though U.S. stock prices continued to climb. Some profit taking, the rapid price rise of previous months and the development of foreign exchange market uncertainties were probably contributing factors to the decline in foreign purchases. On the other hand, foreign purchases of U.S. bonds (other than Treasury issues) rose $\$ 250$ million in the first quarter to $\$ 550$ million. New issues sold abroad by U.S. corporations rose to their highest level since early 1969, possibly reflecting expectations that Eurobond rates had bottomed out.
The net effect of other changes in long-term private clains and liabilities was an adverse shift of $\$ 280$ million in the first quarter. This largely reflected a reduction in long-term borrowing
abroad (other than through new issues) by U.S. nonbanking concerns.

## Net liquidity balance

The unfavorable first quarter swing of $\$ 1,627$ million in the net liquidity balance reflected all of the factors affecting the balance on current account and long-term capital plus the effect of nonliquid short-term capital flows, allocations of SDR, and errors and omissions. Only the latter changed significantly, deteriorating by $\$ 1,060$ million. The substantial unrecorded outflow of funds was probably associated with the wide interest rate gap between Europe and the United States--the difference between money market yields here and Eurodollar rates exceeded two percentage points at times-and growing anticipations, in the latter part of March, of new capital controls and exchange rate changes.

Nonliquid short-term private capital flows showed a favorable swing of only $\$ 55$ million in the first quarter but this reflected rather sizable offsetting shifts. Such liabilities reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns shifted adversely by $\$ 390$ million as borrowing abroad fell sharply. However, claims reported by U.S. banks and nonbanking concerns moved favorably by $\$ 445$ million: bankreported nonliquid claims on Japan, which had accounted for much of the
fourth quarter rise, declined markedly, but the decline was partly offset by increased bank-reported claims on other countries, especially the United Kingdom and Switzerland.

Allocations of SDR, $\$ 180$ million on a seasonally adjusted basis, were down slightly from last year's allocation.

## Official reserve transactions balance

The official reserve transactions balance moved adversely by $\$ 2,042$ million in the first quarter to a record $\$ 5,523$ million deficit. It is affected by all of the items above the net liquidity balance plus the net recorded flows of liquid private capital. These private liquid flows showed a net adverse swing of $\$ 420$ million, to an outflow of over $\$ 2.9$ billion. Most of the shift was in liquid claims reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns, which deteriorated $\$ 350$ million.
U.S. liquid liabilities to private foreigners declined $\$ 2,687$ million in the first quarter, an adverse shift of only $\$ 75$ million from the fourth quarter despite the further easing in monetary conditions in the United States. U.S. banks' liabilities to their foreign branches showed a net decline of $\$ 1.9$ billion (no seasonal adjustment is available) in the first quarter-compared with $\$ 3.4$ billion in the fourth-and their liquid liabilities to other foreign commercial

Table A.-Summary of U.S. International Transactions
(Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted)

| Line | Lines in tables 2, 3, and 9 in which transactions are included are indicated in () | 1968 | 1969 | 1970 | 1969 |  |  |  | 1970 |  |  |  | 1971 | Change:1170IV711971 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | I | II | III | Iv | 1 | II | III | IV | ${ }^{18}$ |  |
| ${ }_{2}^{1}$ | Merchandise trade balance $(2,16)$ Services, net (3-13, 17-27) | $\begin{aligned} & 624 \\ & 1,866 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 660 \\ 1,351 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2,110 \\ 1,480 \end{gathered}$ | $-79$ | $-772$ | $\begin{aligned} & 324 \\ & 384 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 491 \\ & 178 \end{aligned}$ | 513 <br> 368 <br> 88 | ${ }_{294}^{751}$ | 704 291 | $\begin{aligned} & 142 \\ & 528 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 272 \\ & 779 \end{aligned}$ | 130 251 |
| 3 | Balance on goods and services | 2,489 | 2,011 | 3,592 | 338 | 296 | 708 | 669 | 881 | 1,045 | 995 | 670 | 1,051 | 381 |
| 4 | Remittances, pensions and other transers ( 31,32 ) | -1,168 | -1,266 | -1,410 | -286 | -318 | -322 | $-341$ | -338 | -362 | -359 | -351 | -351 |  |
| 5 | Balance on goods, services, and remitances. | 1,321 | 745 | 2, 182 | 52 | -22 | 386 | 328 | 543 | 683 | 636 | 319 | 700 | 381 |
| 6 | U.S. Government grants (excluding military) (30).. | -1,707 | $-1,644$ | -1,739 | -344 | -521 | -371 | -408 | -418 | -391 | -444 | -485 | -432 | 53 |
| 7 | Balance on current account | -386 | -899 | 44 | -292 | -543 | 15 | -80 | 125 | 292 | 192 | -166 | 268 | ${ }^{34}$ |
| 8 | U.S. Government capital flows net, and nonliquid liabilities to other than foreign official reserve agencies ( 33,55 ) | -2,161 | -1,930 | -2,029 | -479 | -541 | -704 | -205 | -453 | -590 | -312 | -673 | -687 | -14 |
| 9 | Long-term private capital flows, net (39-41, 44, 4850, 52) | 1,198 | -50 | $-1,453$ | 624 | -935 | -381 | 641 | -969 | -272 | -220 | 7 | -997 | -1,004 |
| 10 | Balance on current account and long-term capital. | -1,349 | -2,879 | -3,038 | -147 | -2,019 | -1,070 | 356 | $-1,297$ | -570 | -340 | -832 | -1,416 | -584 |
| 11 12 | Nonliquid short-term private capital flows, net (42, 45, 51) | 231 | -602 | -548 | ${ }^{6}$ | -372 | -210 | $-27$ | $-107$ | $-164$ | - ${ }_{-17}^{21}$ | -156 | -100 180 | -56 |
| ${ }_{13}^{12}$ | Errors and omissions, net (64) --................ | -493 | -2,603 | -1, ${ }_{-138} 86$ | -1,092 | -628 | -717 | -166 | 217 -62 | $-{ }_{-43}^{217}$ | -433 | -207 | -1,268 | ${ }_{-1,061}^{-36}$ |
| 14 | Net liquidity balance. | -1,610 | -6,084 | -3,852 | -1,234 | -3,019 | -1,996 | 163 | -1,250 | -945 | -679 | -977 | -2,604 | $-1,627$ |
| 15 | Liquid private capital flows, net (43, 46, 56) | 3,251 | 8,786 | -5,969 | 2,571 | 4,678 | 1,317 | 221 | -1,615 | -457 | -1,398 | -2,499 | -2,919 | -420 |
| 16 | Official reserve transactions balance | 1,641 | 2,702 | -9,821 | 1,337 | 1,659 | -679 | 384 | -2,865 | -1,402 | -2,077 | -3,476 | -5,523 | -2,047 |

[^10]Note.-Details may not add to totals because of rounding.
banks fell $\$ 0.9$ billion (see table 8 ). However, the $\$ 1.9$ billion net decline included a $\$ 1.5$ billion increase in Export-Import Bank liabilities to these branches-reported by U.S. banks as custody items for their branches-as a result of the sale of short-term ExportImport Bank paper, at attractive yields above domestic levels, to the branches. The impact of this effort to absorb funds, which otherwise would have been lent in the Eurodollar market, and thus slow the flow of dollars into foreign central banks may have been offset to some extent, in that resultant firmer Eurodollar rates might have attracted more funds from the United States or magnified the decline in U.S. banks' liabilities to other foreign commercial banks.

## Financing the "official" balance

The official reserve transactions balance deficit of $\$ 5.5$ billion was financed by a rise of over $\$ 5.0$ billion in liquid liabilities to foreign official agencies, a $\$ 0.7$ billion decline in U.S. official reserves and a $\$ 0.2$ billion decrease in nonliquid liabilities to foreign official agencies. EEC countries (particularly Germany) showed substantial foreign exchange reserve gains, with Japan and the United Kingdom also reflecting considerable foreign exchange accumulations, probably mostly in dollars.

## Highlights and Perspectives <br> Merchandise trade

The merchandise trade surplus, excluding "military"-the usual figure
used for balance of payments purposes and shown in table 1 -amounted to $\$ 270$ million in the first quarter, a gain of $\$ 130$ million. While representing a recovery from the $\$ 560$ million deterioration in the fourth quarter, the first quarter gain put the surplus at an annual rate of only $\$ 1.1$ billion, substantially below the $\$ 2.1$ billion surplus for the full year 1970. (Trade statistics available for April reflect a renewed deterioration.)

Exports (nonmilitary) totaled $\$ 11,030$ million in the first quarter, up $51 / 2$ percent from the fourth quarter total. Imports rose about 4 percent to $\$ 10,760$ million. The improvement in the nonmilitary trade balance was accounted for by transactions with the developing countries, mainly those out-

Table B1-U.S. Merchandise Trade, By Principal End-Use Categories-Reconciled to Balance of Payments Basis
[Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted]


- Preliminary.

1. Includes goods physically exported from the United States under U.S. military agency
sales contracts and recorded in Census trade statisties; includes goods physically imported into
the United States directly by U.S. military agencies (and by the Atomic Energy Commission and the Coast Guard) and recorded in Census trade statistics.
Nore: Seasonally adjusted quarterly details may not add to unadjusted annual totals.
side the Western Hemisphere (table B2). There was a moderate deficit in trade with the developed countries, as a sharp worsening of the deficit with Japan-reflecting expanded imports of steel, autos, and other consumer goods--more than offset improved balances with Canada, the United Kingdom and others.

Agricultural exports rose for the sixth consecutive quarter, showing a gain of about $\$ 185$ million. The rest of the first quarter export rise was for the most part narrowly based, reflecting special or temporary factors affecting
nonagricultural shipments. The near $\$ 400$ million rise in nonagricultural exports, following a decline of over $\$ 300$ million a quarter earlier, was attributable to a sharp rebound in exports of automotive products (mainly to Canada) following the end of the GM strike, supplemented by exceptionally heavy deliveries of civilian aircraft and parts. Exports in these two major commodity groups rose $\$ 360$ million and $\$ 210$ million, respectivelya pace not likely to be sustained. All other nonagricultural exports, in the aggregate, declined for the third suc-
cessive quarter as the growth of economic activity in the major industrialized countries abroad continued to slow. Most of the first quarter drop was in nonagricultural industrial supplies and materials, mainly steel, steel scrap, and other metals, although fuels and chemicals also weakened. The decline in metals exports may have been associated with lesser foreign demand, on an improved foreign supply situation, and heightened domestic demand in anticipation of possible work stoppages in late spring and summer. A slight dip in exports of nonfood

Table B2.-U.S. Merchandise Exports and Imports, by Major World Areas ${ }^{1}$-Balance of Payments Basis, Excluding "Military"


[^11][^12]consumer goods (except automotive) offset a similar rise in the fourth quarter.

The first quarter rise in imports was larger than the fourth quarter gain ( $\$ 440$ million vs. $\$ 325$ million), but was much more narrowly based. It was almost entirely confined to a sharp increase in automotive imports, and an acceleration of the rise in imports of other nonfood consumer goods. Most of the rise in automotive products reflected a post-strike rebound in imports from Canada. However, imports of cars from Europe and Japan also rose, as foreign cars accounted for almost $15 \frac{1}{2}$ percent of total U.S. auto sales in the first quarter, compared to less than 14 percent in the pre-strike quarters of 1970 .

Imports of industrial materials fell $\$ 100$ million after rising $\$ 220$ million in the fourth quarter, while other major import categories showed little or no change. Petroleum imports, which had risen $\$ 60$ million in the fourth quarter in a buildup against anticipated fuel shortages, receded by nearly the same amount in the first quarter, despite liberalized quotas and higher unit values (prices) for crude oil. A drop in nonferrous metals imports may have been a reaction to the accumulation of a high level of domestic metal inven-
tories. Increases of steel and steel making materials imports partially offset these declines, as there appeared to be a continuing inventory buildup to hedge against a possible steel strike this summer. Also, a shift to foreign sources of supply may have intensified as domestic steel prices continued to climb.

The newly calculated total merchandise trade surplus (see table B1 and table 4), including "military" exports and imports of the defense agencies, rose to $\$ 520$ million in the first quarter, seasonally adjusted, up $\$ 105$ million from the fourth quarter. Exports rose $\$ 545$ million despite a $\$ 25$ million dip in recorded shipments under U.S. military agency sales contracts; imports increased about $\$ 440$ million, with "military" imports of the defense agencies virtually unchanged.

## U.S. corporate capital

The net outflow of U.S. corporate capital increased from a negligible amount in the fourth quarter to $\$ 1.1$ billion, seasonally adjusted, in the first (see table C). Both the outflow and the swing exceeded those in the first quarter of 1970. The adverse shift reflected an increase in direct investment outflows and marked swings in short-term foreign
borrowing and liquid claims abroad. These unfavorable movements were only partially offset by a small net increase in long-term foreign borrowing (including new issues). All of these flows are above the official reserve transactions balance and thus influence that measure.

The deterioration probably reflected a combination of continued high levels of plant and equipment expenditures abroad, a wide interest rate gap between credit markets here and in Europe, and perhaps, especially in March, anticipations of new capital controls as well as exchange market uncertain ties.

Long-term capital accounts in the corporate sector include direct investment, new issues of securities sold abroad by U.S. corporations, ond other long-term corporate claims and liabilities. All these capital flows are above the balance on current account and long-term capital and thus affect that measure. Net flows resulting from these transactions in the first quarter were adverse by $\$ 810$ million, a negative swing of $\$ 340$ million from the fourth quarter. Direct investment outflows increased sharply. There was a minor favorable swing in long-term borrowing, as new bond issues sold abroad rose $\$ 195$ million in the first quarter and totaled

Table C.-Net Change in U.S. Corporate Foreign Assets and Liabilities Related to Direct Investment Abroad ${ }^{1}$ [Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted]

| Line | Credits $(+)$; debits $(-)$ [lines in tablo 2 in which transactions are included are indicated in ( )] | 1967 | 1968 | 1969 | 1970 | 1969 |  |  |  | 1970 |  |  |  | 1971 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|c\|c\|} \substack{979 \\ 1971} \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | Iv | I ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |  |
| 1 | Direct investment (39) <br> of which: Short-term intercompany accounts with incorporated affiliates, n.s.a.- | $\left.\begin{array}{r} -3,137 \\ -229 \\ -2981 \\ -281 \\ 446 \\ 85 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} -3,209 \\ -1,569 \\ -2130 \\ -219 \\ 2,129 \\ 715 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | -3,254 | -4,445 | -926 | -999 | -899 | -430 | -1,358 | -1,257 | -897 | -934 | -1,357 | -423 |
| 2 |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & -203 \\ & -267 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{-690}^{\text {-690 }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -31 \\ & -307 \end{aligned}$ | -203 <br> -259 <br> -80 <br> 10 | ${ }_{-12}^{-289}$ | ${ }_{420}^{321}$ | ${ }_{-195}^{-751}$ | $-232$ | ${ }_{-113}^{232}$ | ( $\begin{array}{r}\text { 325 } \\ \text { 25 } \\ -54 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | cinc. |  |
| 3 4 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | New issues of securities sold abroad by U.S. corporations (49†)2 |  |  | 1,029 | (822 | ${ }_{236}^{401}$ | 15274 | 238230 | 238161 | 163159 | ${ }_{358}^{267}$ | ${ }_{312}^{193}$ | 199324 | ${ }_{166}^{392}$ | - $\begin{array}{r}193 \\ -158\end{array}$ |
| 6 | Other lons term liabilities (50)................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | Sum of capital flows above current account and long-term capital balance. | -,887 | 584 | -1,948 | -2,761 | -971 | -86s | -464 | -260 | $-1,131$ | $-645$ | -521 | -465 | -807 | -34? |
| ${ }_{9}^{8}$ | Short-term claims, nonliquid ( 45 Short-term liabilities $(51 \dagger)^{3}$. | $\begin{gathered} -189 \\ { }_{363} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -2744 \\ \hline 44 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -265 \\ \hline 293 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} -362 \\ 916 \end{gathered}$ | $-{ }_{70} 99$ | -83 52 | $\begin{array}{r} -110 \\ \hline 127 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}-34 \\ 44 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -166 \\ \hline 299 \end{array}$ | -85 <br> 185 | -35 <br> 168 | ${ }^{-76}$ | 20 -162 | - $\begin{array}{r}96 \\ -496\end{array}$ |
| 10 | Sum of capital flows above net liguidity balance | -2,714 | -424 | -1,920 | -2,207 | -340 | -884 | -447 | -250 | -1,068 | -546 | -388 | -207 | -949 | $-742$ |
| 11 | Short-term claims, liquid (46) | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{r} -120 \\ -9,888 \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & -498 \\ & -929 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & -132 \\ & -472 \end{aligned}$ | 144-740 | 173-874 | 149-101 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 46 \\ -499 \end{array}$ | 38-950 | 191 | $-160$ | -351 |
|  | Sum of capital flows above balance.alan |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | -1,109 | -1,093 |
| 13 | Uses of funds obtained through new issues of securities sold abroad by U.S. corporations | 446 | 2,129 | 1,029 | 822 | 401 | 152 | 218 | 268 | 163 | 267 | 198 | ${ }^{199}$ | 352193 |  |
| 14 | Additions to, and refinancing of, direct invest | $\begin{gathered} -278 \\ -96 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} -785 \\ -1,184 \end{gathered}$ | -631-187 | $\begin{gathered} -378 \\ -84 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} -150 \\ -70 \end{gathered}$ | -15114 | -190 | -100-181 | $\begin{aligned} & -98 \\ & -21 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} -64 \\ -14 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -68 \\ & -95 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -147 \\ -14 \end{array}$ | -74-144 | 73-180 |
| 15 | Short-term claims |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16 | Reductions in corporate liabilities to foreign residents | $\begin{aligned} & -48 \\ & -84 \\ & \hline 24 \end{aligned}$ | $-28^{-2}$ | $\begin{gathered} -15 \\ -196 \end{gathered}$ | - -360 | -141 |  | $\begin{aligned} & -16 \\ & -15 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $-189$ |  |  | $-100$ | -100-86 |
| 17 | Transfers of funds to U.S. residents ( $(6 \mathrm{Ct})$ ) |  |  |  |  |  | -15 |  | -27 | -49 |  | $-90$ | -38 |  |  |

${ }_{1}^{p}$ Preliminary n.s.a. Not seasonally adjusted. $\dagger$ Portion of line. n.a. Not available. 1. Excludes claims and liabilities of U.S. banking and brokerage institutions but includes other private transactions, a number of which are unrelated to direct investment and cannot be disaggregated.
credits and also excludes securities issy U.S. corporations through bank loans and other securities issued ey fudes securities issued by subsidiaries incorporated abroad. However. securities issued by finance subsidiaries incorporated in the Netherlands Antilles are treated Digitized for FR dsin the proceeds of such issues Ditized for $F R$ are transferred to U.S. parent companies.
3. Excludes brokerage transactions.
4. $A(-)$ reflects a decline in foreign
4. $\mathbf{A}(-)$ reflects a decline in foreign deposits and money market paper held in the United States.
5. Excludes an increase in U.S. corporate long-term claims of $\$ 286$ million that was associated with increased foreign direct investment in the United States.
Note.-Details may not add to totals because of rounding.
about $\$ 390$ million. However, about $\$ 285$ million of the total was placed in March, possibly reflecting feelings that dollar bond rates had bottomed out and that a renewed rise in yields was underway. Other long-term borrowing, including long- and medium-term bank financing, totaled only $\$ 166$ million, representing an adverse shift of $\$ 160$ million from the previous quarter. This development may have reflected some refinancing of foreign bank borrowings.

There was an adverse shift of $\$ 500$ million, from the fourth quarter to the first, in short-term corporate foreign liabilities, which may also have been influenced by interest rate differentials and the shift to long-term bond financing. A favorable swing in short-term nonliquid corporate claims of $\$ 100$ million served as a partial offset. Movements of long-term and short-term nonliquid U.S. corporate capital movements thus had a combined net adverse influence of $\$ 950$ million on the net liquidity balance in the first quarter, an adverse swing of $\$ 740$ million from the fourth quarter.

Corporate short-term liquid claims increased to $\$ 160$ million in the first
quarter, an adverse swing of $\$ 350$ million. The change probably reflected, in part, unused proceeds of increased foreign bond placements left on deposit abroad, but may also have been associated with interest rate incentives.

## Special Financial Transactions

Special financial transactions, previously published in table A2, are presented in a revised format (see table D) to show how they fit into the new payments framework. The purpose of table A2 was to convert the reported liquidity balance and the official reserve transactions balance to an "underlying" basis. The most important group of specials, changes in certain nonliquid liabilities to foreign official agencies, will not affect any of the balances in the new presentation, as these transactions are considered financing items for the official reserve transactions balance and all other balances. In the previous presentation, they distorted the liquidity balance (but not the official reserve transactions balance). Although such liabilities are technically nonliquid, most are held
in foreign official reserves and can be converted into liquid form under certain circumstances.
The second group, changes in nonliquid liabilities to international and regional organizations (which also affected the liquidity balance but not the "official" balance) will affect the balance on current account and long-term capital and the net liquidity balance in the new presentation. Review of the nature of these transactions suggested that they are sufficiently affected by market considerations, at this time, to treat them in the new presentation no differently from similar long-term liabilities to other private foreigners. However, thses nonliquid liabilities to international and regional organizations are separately identified in table 6 (line 65 , nonguaranteed U.S. Government agency bonds, investments by international and regional organizations) and in table 7 (line C 2 , nonliquid liabilities reported by U.S. banks to "international and regional").
The third group of special financial transactions affected both the liquidity balance and the official reserve trans-

Table D.-Special Financial Transactions
[Millions of dollars]


[^13]actions balance in the old presentation. They mostly reflect intergovernmental negotiations (such as agreements to offset U.S. military expenditures in Germany) or large unusual official transactions, such as the liquidation by the United Kingdom of its portfolio of U.S. securities. In the new presentation, the net liquidity balance and the official reserve transactions balance are intended to focus on actual changes in the liquidity position and reserve position of the United States. As this group of special financial transactions, for the most part, actually changes the liquidity position and reserve position, no special treatment is required.

All of this third group of specials also affect the balance on current account and long-term capital. For some of the items, this appears to be appropriate. For others, the matter is more equivocal. However, there is no systematic way of formally organizing the accounts so that the balance on current account and long-term capital will not be influenced by such transactions. (In the case of certain nonliquid liabilities to foreign official agencies, it is easy to do just that.) This partly reflects the fact that such specials show up as single or irregular entries in a number of accounts that, for the most part, reflect other long-term transactions. The only exception is nonscheduled repayment of U.S. Government credits. But in this case there are statistical and conceptual objections to putting the account below the line where it would not influence the bolance.

Payments are classified as nonscheduled if they occur more than 3 months earlier than due. In the year during which they occur, the balance is favorably affected and this can be considered a special factor. However, if the payment made in one year was scheduled for the next year, the balance in the second year is adversely affected by the nonpayment, and the special should be reversed. If the 2 years together are thought of as the appropriate period, the payment can be considered to have been made during the period in which it was scheduled and thus no special transaction occurred. With most special financial transactions it is possible to show both the initial impact and the reversal so that no such problem arises. However,
sufficiently detailed data are not available at this time to show the reversal of nonscheduled repayments (i.e., when they would have been due).

## Notes on revisions

In addition to changes in presentation of the balance of payments tables published in this issue of the SURVEY, the data have been revised to incorporate corrections and new information for the period 1960-70.

## (Continued from page 57)

## Line 57.-U.S. liquid liabilities to foreign official agencies

This account measures changes in short-term liabilities (with an original maturity of one year or less) to foreign official agencies reported by U.S. banks for their own account and for others' accounts under their custody, changes in foreign official agencies' holdings of U.S. Treasury marketable and nonmarketable convertible bonds and notes and changes in liabilities to the IMF arising from gold transactions. Shortterm liabilities reported by U.S. banks include mainly demand and time deposits, negotiable time certificates of deposit, nonguaranteed U.S. Government agency securities, and U.S. Treasury bills and certificates. Foreign official agencies include in addition to reserve agencies (treasuries or finance ministries of central governments and recognized central banks), diplomatic and consular establishments, and other agencies of national governments. Separate data for reserve agencies are not available. The liability data are collected primarily by the Federal Reserve System for the Treasury Department on a monthly basis.

## Transactions in U.S. official reserve assets, net

## Line 59.-Gold

This account measures changes in the U.S. gold stock, including changes in gold in the Exchange Stabilization Fund.

This account also includes gold sold to the United States by the International Monetary Fund (IMF) with the right to repurchase, and gold deposited by the IMF to mitigate the impact on the U.S. gold stock of foreign purchases for the purpose of making gold subscriptions to the Fund under quota increases. The corresponding changes in liabilities to the IMF arising from the gold transactions are in line 57 .

## Line 60.—SDR

This account measures net cianges in U.S. holdings of special drawing rights
in the Special Drawing Account in the International Monetary Fund, reflecting allocations, acquisitions, and use.

## Line 61.-Convertible currencies

This account measures changes in Treasury and Federal Reserve System holdings of convertible foreign currencies in U.S. dollar equivalents.

## Line 62.-Gold tranche position in IMF

This account measures changes in the U.S. gold tranche position in the International Monetary Fund-the U.S. quota in the IMF ( $\$ 6.7$ billion since December 31, 1970) minus the Fund's holdings of U.S. dollars-which is the amount that the United States could purchase in foreign currencies automatically if needed. Under appropriate conditions, the United States could purchase additional amounts equal to the U.S. quota.

## SDR allocations

## Line 63.-Allocations of special drawing rights (SDR)

This account measures the allocations of special drawing rights to the United States by the International Monetary Fund. The initial allocation occurred January 1, 1970; the second allocation occurred January 1, 1971.

## Errors and omissions, net

## Line 64.-Errors and omissions, net

This entry is a residual item in table 2. The sum of this entry and all other accounts in table 2 equals zero. The residual item includes errors and omissions that may have occurred in any of the lines $1-63$ due to such factors as statistical errors, reporting deficiencies, and differences in timing in the recording of the two sides (debit and credit) of a single transaction. It is entered to fulfill the principle of double-entry bookkeeping used in balance of payments accounting that cledits and debits should exactly balance. (See also following note on seasonal adjustments.)

## Seasonal adjustments in table 3

All of the accounts which contain discernible seasonal patterns are adjusted in table 3. Line 64, "Errors and omissions, net" contains seasonal patterns and is therefore adjusted. Line 57, "U.S. liquid liabilities to foreign official agencies," a financing item for all major balances, is not seasonally adjusted, but the sum of the seasonal adjustments for all the individual accounts that have seasonality is applied-with reverse sign-to line 57 so that the sum of all seasonally adjusted accounts in table 3 equals zero.

The statistics here update series published in the 1969 edition of Business Statistics, biennial statistical supplement to the Surver of Current Business. That volume (price $\$ 3.00$ ) provides a description of each series, references to sources of earlier figures, and historical data as follows: For all series, monthly or quarterly, 1965 through 1968 (1958-68 for major quarterly series), annually, 1939-68; for selected series, monthly or quarterly, 1947-68 (where available). Series added or significantly revised after the 1969 Business Statistics went to press are indicated by an asterisk ( ${ }^{*}$ ) and a dagger ( $\dagger$ ), respectively; certain revisions for 1968 issued too late for inclusion in the 1969 volume appear in the monthly Survey beginning with the September 1969 issue. Also, unless otherwise noted, revised monthly data for periods not shown herein corresponding to revised annual data are available upon request.

The sources of the data are given in the 1969 edition of Business Statistics; they appear in the main descriptive note for each series, and are also listed alphabetically on pages 189-90. Statistics originating in Government agencies are not copyrighted and may be reprinted freely. Data from private sources are provided through the courtesy of the compilers, and are subject to their copyrights.

| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as ahown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1968 | 1969 | 1970 | 1968 |  |  |  | 1969 |  |  |  | 1970 |  |  |  | 1971 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual total |  |  | I | II | III | IV | 1 | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I |
|  |  |  |  | Seasonally adjusted quarterly totals at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS—Quarterly Series

| NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gross national product, total †.................bil. \$.. | 865.0 | 931.4 | 976.5 | 834.9 | 858.1 | 875.8 | 891.4 | 907.6 | 923.7 | 942.6 | 951.7 | 959.5 | 971.1 | 985.5 | 989.9 | 1,020.7 |
| Personal consumption expenditures, total....do.... | 535.8 | 577.5 | 616.7 | 519.7 | 529.1 | 543.8 | 550.8 | 561.8 | 573.3 | 582.1 | 592.6 | 603.1 | 614.4 | 622.1 | 627.0 | 646.4 |
| Durable goods, total $9 . .-$-.-................do | 84.0 | 90.0 | 89.4 | 79.9 | 82.6 | 86.7 | 86.9 | 89.1 | 90.6 | 89.5 | 90.8 | 89.1 | 91.9 | 91.2 | 85.3 | 97.5 |
| Automobiles and parts --...-.-......--- do | 37.2 | 40.3 | 37.4 | 34. 9 | 36.0 | 39.1 | 38.88 | 39.8 | 40.0 | 40.2 | 41.1 | 37.7 | 39.4 | 39.2 | 33.2 | 44.4 |
| Furniture and household equipment....-.do | 34. 6 | 36. 7 | 38.4 | 33.7 | 34. 1 | 35.4 | 35.2 | 35.8 | 37.2 | 36.7 | 36.9 | 38.3 | 38.9 | 38.1 | 38.2 | 40.0 |
| Nondurable goods, total \% ...................do | 230.2 | 245.8 | 264.7 | 225.6 | 227.6 | 232.6 | 234.8 | 239.2 | 244.0 | 248.1 | 252.0 | 258.8 | 262.6 | 265.8 | 271.5 | 272.8 |
|  | 46.1 | 49.9 | 52.3 131.6 | 44.8 | 45. 2 | 47.1 | 47.2 | 47.9 | 50.0 | 50.7 | 50.9 | 51.3 128.8 | 51.8 | 52.3 1323 | 53.8 | 54.6 135.3 |
|  | 115.1 19.0 | 121.7 21.1 | 131.6 22.9 | 112.7 18.8 | 114.7 18.6 | 116.1 19.2 | 117.0 19.3 | 119.1 20.3 | 120.8 20.8 | 122.4 21.5 | 124.6 21.7 | 128.8 22.4 | $\stackrel{131.2}{22.7}$ | 132.3 23.0 | 134.1 23.5 | 135.3 23.6 |
|  | 221.6 | 241.6 | 262.6 | 214.2 | 218.9 | 224.5 | 229.0 | 233.5 | 238.7 | 244.5 | 249.8 | 255.2 | 259.9 | 265.1 | 270.2 | 276.1 |
| Household operation | 31.2 | 33.9 | 36.3 | 30.4 | 30.8 | 31.5 | 32.1 | 32.7 | 33. 3 | 34.5 | 34.8 | 35.2 | 35.9 | 36. 9 | 37.3 | 37.8 |
| Housing. | 77.4 15.6 | 84.0 16.7 | 91.9 18.1 | 75.2 15.2 | 76.6 15.3 | 77.9 15.6 | 79.8 16.1 | 81.4 16.2 | 83.0 16.5 | 84.7 16.8 | 87.0 17.1 | 89.0 17.7 | 90.8 17.9 | 92.6 18.2 | 95.1 18.5 | 97.5 18.7 |
| Gross private domestic investment, total.....do | 126.5 | 139.8 | 135.7 | 119.8 | 127.3 | 126.5 | 132.6 | 136.0 | 139.3 | 143.8 | 140.2 | 133.2 | 134.3 | 138.3 | 137.1 | 142.4 |
| Fixed investment...........................-do | 118.9 | 131.4 | 132.3 | 117.2 | 117.0 | 118.3 | 123.3 | 128.7 | 131.4 | 132.4 | 133.0 | 131.6 | 131.2 | 132.7 | 133.5 | 141.0 |
| Nonresidential............................................. | 88.7 | 99.3 | 102.6 | 88.3 | 86.4 | 88.3 | 91.6 | 95.7 | 97.5 | 101.5 | 102.6 | 102. 6 | 102.8 | 103. 6 | 101.3 | 105. 1 |
| Structures -.................-.-...........-do | 29.6 | 33.8 | 35.2 | 29.8 | 28.9 | 29.4 | 30.3 | 32.6 | 32.3 | 35.2 | 35.1 | 35.7 | 35.3 | 35.0 | 34.7 | 36. 1 |
| Producers' durable equipment.---..-- do | 59.1 | ${ }^{65.5}$ | 67.4 | 58. 5 | 57.5 | 59.0 | ${ }_{31.3}$ | ${ }^{63.1}$ | 65. 2 | 66. 3 | ${ }^{67.5}$ | 66. 9 | 67.5 | 68.6 | 66. 6 | 69.0 |
| Residential structures....................-. do | 30.3 | 32.0 | 29.7 | 28.8 | 30.6 | 29.9 | 31.7 | 33.0 | 33.9 | 31.0 | 30.4 | 29.1 | 28.4 | 29.2 | 32.2 | 35.8 |
| Nonfarm. | 29.7 | 31.5 | 29. 1 | 28.3 | 30.1 | 29.4 | 31.1 | 32.4 | 33.3 | 30.4 | 29.8 | 28.4 | 27.8 | ${ }^{28.6}$ | ${ }^{31.6}$ | 35.2 |
| Change in business in | 7.6 | 8.5 | 3.5 | 2.6 | 10.4 | 8.2 | 9.3 | 7.4 | 7.9 | 11.3 | 7.2 | 1.6 | 3.1 | 5.5 | 3.6 | 1.4 |
| Nonfarm.-........ | 7.5 | 8.0 | 2.9 | 2.5 | 10.3 | 8.1 | 9.3 | 7.3 | 7.6 | 10.8 | 6.5 | . 9 | 2.6 | 5.0 | 3.0 | 1.2 |
| Net exports of goods and services..............do | 2.5 | 1.9 | 3.6 | 1.8 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 3.5 | 4.1 | 4.2 |  | 3. 3 |
|  | 50.6 | 55. 5 | 62.2 | 47.7 | 50.7 | 53.2 | 50.9 | 47.8 | 57.2 | 58.3 | 58.8 | 61.1 | 62.8 | ${ }^{62.8}$ | 62.0 | 64.6 |
|  | 48.1 | 53.6 | 58.6 | 45.9 | 47.3 | 49.8 | 49.5 | 46.5 | 55.9 | 55.6 | 56.2 | 57.6 | 58.7 | 58.6 | 59.3 | 61.3 |
| Govt. purchases of goods and services, total_.do. | 200.2 | 212.2 | 220.5 | 193.6 | 198.3 | 202.1 | 206.7 | 208.5 | 209.9 | 214.1 | 216.3 | 219.6 | 218.4 | 221.0 | 223.2 | 228.7 |
| Federal.....................................-do | 99.5 | 101.3 | 99.7 | 96.4 | 98.9 | 100.7 | 101.9 | 100.9 | 99.8 | 102.5 | 102.1 | 102.3 | 99.7 | 98.6 | 98.2 | 98.4 |
| National defense.............................do | 78.0 | 78.8 | 76.6 | 76.3 | 77.8 | 78.6 | 79.2 | 78.6 | 77.9 | 79.8 | 78.8 | 79.3 | 76.8 | 75.8 | 74.6 | 74.0 |
|  | 100.7 | 110.8 | 120.9 | 97.2 | 99.4 | 101.4 | 104.7 | 107.5 | 110.1 | 111.6 | 114. 2 | 117.4 | 118.7 | 122.4 | 125.0 | 130.2 |
| By major type of product: $\dagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Final sales, total. Goods, total | 857.4 422.9 | 922.9 451.6 | 973.1 470.9 | 832.3 411.6 | 847.8 417.8 | 867.6 429.0 | 882.1 433.3 | 900.2 440.9 | 915.9 448.8 | 931.2 454.9 | 944.5 461.7 | 957.9 465.5 | 968.1 471.8 | 980.0 474.2 | 986.3 472.0 | $1,019.3$ 487.5 |
| Durable goods | 170.4 | 183.9 | 185.3 | 165.2 | 168.0 | 173.1 | 175.3 | 180.5 | 182.7 | 184.8 | 187.4 | 185.5 | 188.5 | 188.3 | 178.8 | 193.3 |
| Nondurable goo | 252. 5 | 267.7 | 285.6 | 246.4 | 249.8 | 255. 9 | 258.0 | 260.4 | 266.1 | 270.1 | 274.3 | 280.0 | 283.3 | 286.0 | 293.3 | 294.2 |
| Services. | 347.1 | 377.6 | 409.6 | 334.7 | 343.1 | 352.2 | 358.4 | 364.8 | 372.3 | 383.0 | 390.3 | 400.1 | 405.8 | 413.2 | 419.4 | 429.4 |
|  | 87.4 | 93.8 | 92.6 | 86.0 | 86.8 | 86.3 | 90.5 | 94.5 | 94.8 | 93.3 | 92.5 | 92.3 | 90.4 | 92.6 | 94.9 | 102.4 |
| Change in business inventories .-..........-do | 7.6 | 8.5 | 3.5 | 2.6 | 10.4 | 8.2 |  | 7.4 |  | 11.3 | 7.2 |  |  | 5. 5 |  |  |
| Durable goods....-........................-. ${ }^{\text {do }}$ do Nondurable good | 5.7 2.0 | 6.4 2.1 | -3.6 | 2.5 .1 | 7.1 3.2 | 8.8 5.4 | ${ }_{2.1}^{7.2}$ | 5. 6 1.8 | 6.7 1.2 | 7.9 3.5 | 5. <br> 1.9 | $\begin{array}{r}1.3 \\ \hline 1.9\end{array}$ | -1.9 5.0 | 5. .3 | -3.7 7.2 | 1.7 -1.4 |
| GNP in constant (1958) dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 707.2 | 727.1 | 724.1 | 693.5 | 705. 4 | 712.6 | 717.5 | 722.1 | 726.1 | 730.9 | 729.2 | 723.8 | 724.9 | 727.4 | 720.3 | 732.7 |
| Personal consumption expenditures, total...-do. | 452.3 | 467.7 | 477.1 | 445.0 | 448.4 | 457.7 | 458.1 | 463.3 | 467. 1 | 468.7 | 471.7 | 474.0 | 478.1 | 479.6 | 476. 6 | 486.6 |
|  | 81.4 | 84.9 | 82.0 | 78.1 | 80.2 | 83.9 | 83.2 | 84.9 | 85.7 | 84.1 | 84.9 | 82.7 | 84.9 | 83.6 | 76.9 | 86.6 |
|  | 196. 5 | 201.2 | 207.9 | 195. 5 | 194. 9 | 197. 9 | 197. 6 | 199.7 | 200.9 | 201.9 | 202.4 | 205.6 | 208.6 | 208.2 | 211.1 | 210.5 |
|  | 174. 4 | 181.6 | 187.2 | 171.3 | 173.2 | 175.9 | 177.4 | 178.7 | 180.5 | 182.7 | 184.4 | 185.8 | 186.6 | 187.8 | 188. 6 | 189.5 |
| Gross private domestic investment, total.....do.. | 105.7 | 111.3 | 102.8 | 101.3 | 107.1 | 105.1 | 109.5 | 109.7 | 111.5 | 114.1 | 110.0 | 102.9 | 103.1 | 104.1 | 101.3 | 103.7 |
|  | 98.8 | 104.1 | 99.8 | 98.9 | 97.6 | 97.7 | 101. 0 | 103.6 | 104.8 | 104.2 | 103.9 | 101.5 | 100.1 | 99.6 | 98.1 | 102.5 |
| Nonresidential.....................-........-do | 75. 5 | 80.8 | 79.2 | 76.1 | 73.8 | 74.9 | 77.1 | 79.3 | 80.2 | 81.9 | 82.1 | 80.9 | 80.2 | 79.6 | 76.3 | 78.4 |
| Residential structures..----...............do | 23.3 | 23.3 | 20.6 | 22.9 | 23.8 | 22.8 | 23.9 | 24.3 | 24.7 | 22.3 | 21.8 | 20.7 | 20.0 | 20.0 | 21.9 | 24.1 |
| Change in business inventories..............do...- | 6.9 | 7.2 | 3.0 | 2.4 | 9.5 | 7.4 | 8.5 | 6.1 | 6.6 | 9.9 | 6.1 | 1.3 | 2.9 | 4.6 | 3.1 | 1.2 |
| Net exports of goods and services...-----.....do...- | . 9 | . 2 | 2.4 | . 8 | 1.5 | 1.5 | -. 2 | -. 4 | -. 3 | . 8 | . 9 | 1.9 | 2.4 | 3.1 | 2.0 | 2.3 |
| Govt. purchases of goods and services, total. do...- | 148. 3 | 147.8 | 141.8 | 146.4 | 148.5 | 148.3 | 150.0 | 149.5 | 147.9 | 147.3 | 146. 6 | 145.0 | 141.3 | 140. 6 | 140.3 | 140.2 |
|  | 78.7 | 75. 7 | 67.7 | 77.5 | 79.1 | 78.9 | 79.4 | 78.0 | 75.8 | 75. 2 | 73.8 | 71.1 | 67.8 | 66. 2 | 65.5 74.8 | 63.4 76.8 |
|  | 69.6 | 72.1 | 74.1 | 68.9 | 69.4 | 69.4 | 70.6 | 71.5 | 72.1 | 72.1 | 72.9 | 73.8 | 73.5 | 74.4 | 74.8 | 76.8 |

r Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary, $\dagger$ Revised series. Estimates of national income and product and personal income have been revised back to 1967 (see p. 17 ff. of the July 1970 SURVEY);

| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1968 | 1969 | 1970 | 1968 |  | 1969 |  |  |  | 1970 |  |  |  | :1971 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual total |  |  | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III |

GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS—Quarterly Series-Continued

NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT-Con.
Quarterly Data Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates National income, total $\dagger$


Corporate profits before tax, total Corporate profits tax liability. Dividends. Undistributed profits
Inventory valuation adjustment
DISPOSITION OF PERSONAL INCOME $\dagger$ Quarterly Data Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates Personal income
Less: Personal tax and nontax payments...................................
Equals: Disposable personal income.-
Less: Personal outlays $\oplus$
NEW PLANT AND EQUIPMENT EXPENDITURES
Unadjusted quarterly or annual totals: $\ddagger$
 Durable goods industries q-....................
Nondurable goods industries do. - do

Nonmanufacturing $\qquad$ Mining do.
ir transportation $\qquad$ Other transportation. Public utilities Gas and other ommunication Commercial and other.
Seas. adj. qtrly. totals at annual rates:
All industries
Manufacturing...............................
Durable goods industries
Nondurable goods industries ${ }^{\text {q- }}$-..............
Nonmanufacturing
Mining
Air transportation
Other transportation.
Public utilities
Glectric -
Communication and other $\qquad$
commercial and other
U.S. BALANCE OF INTERNATIONAL Quarierly Data Are Seasonally Adjusted (Credits +; debits -
Exports of goods and services (excl. transfers under
 Transfers under U.S. military agency sales conReceipts of income on w-....................................... abroad income on U.S. investments Other services

Imports of goods and services
Merchandise, adjusted, excl. military
Direct defense expenditures.................... do
Payments of income on foreign investments in the Other services $\qquad$

$r$ Revised. p Preliminary. I Estimates (corrected for systematic biases) for Apr.-
June and July-Sept. 1971 based on expected capital expenditures of business. Expected ex
penditures for the year 1971 appear on p. 16 of the June 1971 Survey. ${ }^{2}$ Includes com-
munication. tSee corresponding note on p. S-1. OIncludes inventory valuation ad
justment. $\ddagger$ Revised series; explanation of revisions and annual and quarterly data back
to 1947 appear on pp. 25 ff . of the Jan. 1970 SURVEY; see also pp. 19 ff . of the Feb. 1970 Digitized for FYURyEYR $\oplus$ Personal outlays comprise personal consumption expenditures, interest

| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below，data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as sho wnin the 1969 edition of BUSIN ESS STATISTICS | 1968 | 1969 | 1970 | 1968 |  | 1969 |  |  |  | 1970 |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual total |  |  | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III |

GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS—Quarterly Series－Continued


## GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS—Monthly Series



## FARM INCOME AND MARKETINGS $\ddagger$

Cash receipts from farming，including Government

 Dairy products Meat animals．
Poultry and eggs
Indexes of cash receipts from marketings and CCO loans，unadjusted：－
Crops．
Livestock and products
ndexes of volume of farm marketings，unadjusted：
All commodities $\odot$


## INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION $\sigma^{\prime}$

 Federal Reserve Index of Quantity OutputUnadj．，total index（incl．utilities）or＇－ $1857-59=100$ Manufacturing，total Manufacturing，total．．．．－．－．
Durable manufactures．－．
Nondurable manufactures Mining．
Utilities

By market groupings：
Final products，total
Automotive and home goods
Equipment，including defense．
Materials

Nondurable materals．
$r$ Revised．$D$ Preliminary \＄See note＂$\sigma$＂on p．S－2．TIncrease in U．S．official reserve assets and decrease in liquid liabilities to all foreigners．$\oplus$ Increase in U．S．official eserve assets and decease in liquid and certain noniquid habilities to foreign official agen－ Digitize\＆les r Ft tee coprespunding note on p．S－1．$\ddagger$ Series revised beginning 1967；monthly data

|  |  |  |  | 栥 | \％ | Sicion | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Wg } \\ & \text { 多 } \end{aligned}$ | Notion |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | － | N | הgotic ONNT | $\operatorname{Hin}_{i=1}$ |  | Neteree $i=0 i v$ | $\stackrel{\infty}{0}$ |
|  orise everoso |  |  |  |  | $\xrightarrow{N}$ | 品品NNN <br> $\mathrm{H}+\mathrm{N}=$ | $\begin{aligned} & 69 \\ & 60 \end{aligned}$ |  | స్ల్ర్ర్ర్ర్ oowo | － |
|  |  やは田も |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ה } \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\sim}{n}$ | FToty oncreo | $\stackrel{\omega}{\operatorname{m}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cition } \\ & \text { Sebo } \end{aligned}$ |  nNor | － |
|  oor oonvo |  |  | N.NH N | $\xrightarrow{\text { g }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Non } \\ & \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 78 N \\ & -\infty N V \end{aligned}$ | 品耍 |  WNV | Hequed | － |


prior to May 1969 are shown in the Farm Income Situation，July 1970，available from the
 will be shown later．PIncludes data for items not shown separately．© Corrected．

| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969p | 1970p | 1970 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May ${ }^{\text {p }}$ |

## GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS—Continued

INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION $\sigma^{r}-$ Continued
Federal Reserve Index of Quantity Output-Con.

Seas. adj., total index (incl. utilities) $0^{3}-1957-59=100$

 do
do
do

Fabricated metal products.
Structural metal parts. $\qquad$ -do-
 Transportation equipment 8 .-.
Motor vehicles and parts....-.
Aircraft and other equipment. Instruments and related products.
Clay, glass, and stone products....
 Miscellaneous manufactu
Nondurable manufactures.
$\qquad$ Textile mill produc Leather and products.... Paper and products. .--
Printing and publishing. Newspapers .-.......... Industrial chemicals Petroleum products. Rubber and plastics products............ do.
Foods and beverages


Mining
Crude oil and natural gas Crude oil-
Stone and earth minerals

By market groupings:
Final products, total
Consumer goods


A pparel and staples. Apparel, incl. knit goodsand shoes.- do Processed foods

Beverages and tobacco Drugs, soap, and toiletries Newspapers, magazines, boo
Consumer fuel and lighting
Equipment, including defense $\%$........ do.... Business equipment industrial equipment. Freight and passenger equipment


Durable goods materials 0 Consumer durable Construetion

Nondurable materials $\%$ Business supplies. General business supplies

Business fuel and power 9 Mineral fuels. Nonresidential utilities
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ do-...


| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTCS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May |

GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS—Continued


Revised. ${ }^{1}$ Based on data not seasonally adjusted. ${ }^{2}$ Advance estimate; total mfrs. ness" here includes only manufacturing and trade; business inventories as shown on p. S-1 cover data for all types of producers, both farm and nonfarm. Unadjusted data for manufactur-

| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSIN ESS STATISTICS | 1969 1970 | 1970 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May |

GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS—Continued


| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May |

GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS—Continued

| MANUFACTURERS' SALES, INVENTORIES. aND ORDERS $\dagger$-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New orders, net (seas. adj.) $\dagger$-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| B Market category: Home goods and apparel.................-mil. \$. | 2 57,779 | 2 55, 491 | 4,397 | 4, 553 | 4,843 | 4,753 | 4,635 | 4,751 | 4,651 | 4, 650 | 4,908 | 4,804 | 4,799 | r 4, 936 | 5,013 |  |
| Consumer staples | ${ }^{2} 124,360$ | ${ }^{2} 132,528$ | 10, 920 | 10,867 | 11,215 | 10,915 | 10,936 | 11, 146 | 11,238 | 11,031 | 11,270 | 11,159 | 11, 436 | r 11, 597 | 11, 656 |  |
| Equip. and defense prod., excl. auto.....-do | ${ }^{2} 109,426$ | ${ }^{2} 108,339$ | 8,262 | 9,074 | 8,438 | 9,804 | 8,966 | 8,983 | ${ }^{9} 180$ | 9,349 | 9,226 | 9,742 | 9, 850 | -9,089 | 8,704 |  |
| Automotive equipment.-----.-.-.-.--- do | 2 57, 315 | ${ }^{2} 50,696$ | 4,404 | 4,334 | 4,748 | 4,980 | 4,981 | 4,184 | 3,422 | 3,286 | 4,497 | 4,782 | 5,353 | -5,375 | 4,976 |  |
| Construction materials and supplies..---- do | 2 254,710 25501 | 254,991 258,060 | 4,262 | 4,620 | -4,657 | 4,498 | 4,743 | 4,941 | 4,753 | 4, 672 | 4,779 | 4,420 | 4,685 | - 4, 949 | 4,995 |  |
| Other materials and supplies........----- ${ }^{\text {S }}$ - Supplementary series: | 2255, 601 | ${ }^{2} 258,060$ | 21,129 | 21, 691 | 21,877 | 22, 161 | 21,707 | 21,518 | 20,946 | 21,303 | 21,751 | 22,472 | 22, 165 | r22,380 | 21,900 |  |
| Household durables .......................do | ${ }^{2} 26,811$ | 224,878 | 2,026 | 2, 124 | 2,163 | 2,041 | 2,030 | 2,107 | 2,015 | 2, 074 | 2,222 | 2,107 | 2,113 | r 2,296 | +2,339 |  |
| Defense products (old series) ..............do | 247, 317 | 247,185 | 3,425 | 4,083 | 3, 511 | 4,773 | 4,056 | 3,482 | 3,954 | 4, 077 | 4, 481 | 3,988 | 3,618 | + 3,724 | - 3,640 | 13,538 |
| Defense products (new series) -............do | ${ }^{2} 23,118$ | 2 23,455 | 1,381 | 1,893 | 1,850 | 3,067 | 1,846 | 2,005 | 2,125 | 2,016 | 2,051 | 2,170 | 2,357 | + 1,580 | -1,500 | ${ }^{1} 1,654$ |
| Producers' capital goods industries .-..--do | 2 78, 640 | 277,149 | 5,984 | 6, 302 | 6,281 | 6,411 | 6,299 | 6,759 | 6, 552 | 6,873 | 6,554 | 6,990 | 7,518 | -6,767 | -6, 225 | ${ }^{16} 6,663$ |
| Unfilled orders, end of year or month (unadjusted) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 88,412 | 81,871 | 86, 100 | 84, 653 | 83, 902 | 84, 182 | 83, 200 | 82,747 | 81,735 | 81, 350 | 81, 871 | 83,437 | 84, 540 | -84,435 | 83, 400 |  |
| Durable goods industries, total----.-.---do | 85, 445 | 78,755 | 83, 086 | 81,612 | 80, 921 | 81, 205 | 80, 270 | 79, 776 | 78, 664 | 78, 243 | 78,755 | 80, 316 | 81, 394 | -81, 226 | 80, 235 | 178,182 |
| Nondur. goods ind. with unfilled orders $\oplus$--- do | 2,967 | 3,116 | 3,014 | 3, 041 | 2,981 | 2,977 | 2,930 | 2,971 | 3,071 | 3,107 | 3,116 | 3,121 | 3,146 | - 3,209 | 3, 192 |  |
| Unfilled orders, end of year or month (seasonally adjusted), total† mil. \$- | 89, 221 | 82, 626 | 85, 322 | 84, 797 | 84, 146 | 84, 220 | 83, 492 | 82, 544 | 81,797 | 82,014 | 82,626 | 83, 511 | 83, 994 | -83,748 | 82, 526 |  |
| By industry group: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Durable goods industries, total 9 . .-.....-d | 86, 206 | 79,462 | 82, 337 | 81, 824 | 81, 221 | 81, 301 | 80, 561 | 79,559 | 78,693 | 78, 883 | 79,462 | 80,330 | 80, 843 | r80, 526 | 79,389 | 1 78, 368 |
| Primary metals | 7,657 | 6,914 | 6, 973 | 7,061 | 7,159 | 7,162 | 7,066 | 6,726 | 6, 481 | 6, 573 | 6,914 | 7,597 | 7, 894 | -8,028 | r 7, 633 | 17,122 |
| Blast furnaces, steel mills. .-.-.-....-do | 3,896 | 3,851 | 3,292 | 3,427 | 3, 527 | 3,656 | 3,678 | 3,509 | 3,417 | 3,465 | 3,851 | 4,504 | 4,739 | 4,818 | 4, 533 |  |
| Fabricated metal products.---------- do | 10,684 | 11,088 | ${ }_{16}^{10,344}$ | 10,556 | 10,802 | 10,699 | 10,773 | 10,931 | 11,019 | 11, 060 | 11, 088 | 10,774 | 10,661 | r 10,664 | 10,620 |  |
| Machinery, except electrical | 17, 102 | 15,839 | 13, 1314 | 13,587 | 16,344 13,350 | 16,176 13,468 | 15, 1594 | 15,763 | 15,646 12,900 | 15, 702 | 15, 839 | 15, 656 | 13,610 |  | 15, 447 |  |
| Transportation equipment. | 31, 570 | $\xrightarrow{137,432}$ | 29,273 | 28,689 | 28, 359 | 28,578 | 28, 154 | 28,013 | ${ }_{27,537}^{12,90}$ | ${ }_{27,583}^{12,94}$ | 13,432 | 13,981 | 28,471 | r 13,067 $\mathbf{r} 27,985$ | 127, 527 | 27,030 |
| Aircraft, missiles, a | 24, 293 | 20, 306 | 22, 201 | 21,943 | 21, 599 | 21, 850 | 21, 696 | 21, 302 | 20,567 | 20, 456 | 20,306 | 20,336 | 19,859 | -19,467 | 19, 142 |  |
| Nondur. goods ind. with unfilled or | 3, 015 | 3,164 | 2,985 | 2,973 | 2,925 | 2,928 | 2,931 | 2,985 | 3, 104 | 3,131 | 3,164 | 3,181 | 3,151 | - 3, 222 | 3, 169 |  |
| By market category: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Home goods, apparel. consumer staples... do | - 48,014 | 1,879 44,804 | 46, 1128 | r $\begin{array}{r}1,949 \\ 4512\end{array}$ | -1,899 | 45,607 | 1,869 44.987 | 1,864 44,516 | 14,818 | 1,841 44,388 | 1,879 44,804 | 1,874 45.418 | 1,870 46,069 | ${ }_{r} 1,935$ | 1,960 |  |
| Construction materials and supplies...... do. | 10, 767 | 11,028 | 10,379 | 10,546 | 10,648 | 10,504 | 10,621 | 10, 845 | 11,003 | 11, 041 | 11,028 | 10,687 | 10, 555 | ${ }_{-10,557}$ | 10,545 |  |
| Other materials and supplies......-.....-d | 28, 187 | 24,915 | 26,547 | 26, 490 | 26, 466 | 26, 291 | 26, 015 | 25, 319 | 24, 685 | 24, 744 | 24,915 | 25, 532 | 25, 500 | $\stackrel{\text { r } 25,587}{ }$ | 24,792 |  |
| Supplementary series: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Household durables | 1,633 30,246 | 1,516 | 28, ${ }^{1,627}$ | 28,059 | 17,557 | 1,495 | 1, 821 | 1,525 27 | 1,455 | 1,476 |  | 1, ${ }_{26}, 462$ | 1,509 | $r 1,555$ | r 1, 574 | 1 $1.24,596$ 129 |
| Defense products (new series).-.............d. do | 30,242 20 | 26, 19,506 | ${ }^{28,308}$ | 28, 198 | 27, 488 | 28, 19,939 | 27,814 | 27,028 | - 26,456 | 26, 302 | 26, 4906 | 26,469 | 26, 20,298 |  |  | 1124,707 119,283 |
| Producers' capital goods industries......-do | 24,993 | 23,958 | 24,613 | 24, 221 | 24, 059 | 23, 742 | 23, 351 | 23, 480 | 23,611 | 23,915 | 23, 958 | 24, 277 | 25, 093 | +25,075 | -24,742 | 124,602 |
| BUSINESS INCORPORATIONS ${ }^{\text {c }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New incorporations ( 50 States and Dist. Col.): Unadjusted | 274, 267 | 266, 086 | 23, 706 | 21, 952 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{25,752}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  | 21, 939 | 22, 267 | 22, 192 | 22, 106 | 22, 055 | 22,372 | 21,625 | 22,383 | 22,085 | 22,338 | 20, 923 | 23, 220 |  |  |
| INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 9,154 | 10,748 | 992 | 891 | 912 | 916 | 910 | 906 | 941 | 939 | 869 | 905 | 860 | 1, 042 | 989 |  |
| Commercial service..-.--.-.-...............do. | 1,159 | 1,392 | 137 | 109 | 143 | 126 | 131 | 111 | 114 | 126 | 114 | 134 | 107 | 156 | 126 |  |
|  | 1,590 | 1,687 | 174 | 164 | 132 | 123 | 160 | 118 | 149 | 133 | 112 | 140 | 141 | 154 | 159 |  |
| Manufacturing and mining.....---.........- do- | 1,493 | 2,035 | 167 | 145 | 157 | 191 | 157 | 199 | 185 | 174 | 176 | 167 | 170 | $\begin{array}{r}196 \\ 444 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 167 |  |
|  | 4,070 | 4,650 | 419 95 | 388 85 | $\begin{array}{r}396 \\ 84 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 398 78 | 382 80 | 391 | 419 | 414 92 | ${ }_{95} 37$ | $\begin{array}{r} 380 \\ 84 \end{array}$ | ${ }_{861} 81$ | 444 92 | ${ }_{97} 9$ |  |
| Liabllities (current), total.-...............thous. \$. | 1,142,113 | 1,887,754 | 131, 898 | 147,888 | 170, 498 | 251, 920 | 169, 587 |  | 144,773 | 119, 836 | 121,723 | 168,803 | 150,903 | 224, 646 | 153,796 |  |
| Commercial service...........................-do....- | 126,537 | 298,736 | 21, 137 | 9,289 | 16,680 | 29,155 | 63, 931 | 55,678 | 19,950 | 9,896 | 19,963 | 26, 235 | 11,567 | 95,547 | 19, 252 |  |
|  | 171, 717 | 231, 533 | 17,978 | 19,306 | 21, 229 | 29, 049 | 15, 169 | 15,044 | 14, 109 | 15,390 | 13, 662 | 39,145 | 13,582 | 18, 128 | 23,788 |  |
|  | 406, 450 | 817,841 | 39,958 | 83, 118 | 93,485 | 144, 516 | 44, 034 | 91, 431 | 67,607 | 52,624 | 45,820 | 57,073 | 76,501 | 47,949 | 53, 873 |  |
| Retail trade | 265, 122 | 360, 603 | 32, 972 | 23,774 | 29, 232 | 30, 134 | 27, 434 | 54, 970 | 29,410 | 29,809 | 25, 901 | 30,785 | 30,960 | 38, 132 | 41,368 |  |
|  | 172,287 | 179, 041 | 19,853 | 12,401 | 9,872 | 19, 066 | 19,019 | 15,817 | 13,697 | 12, 117 | 16,377 | 15,565 | 18,293 | 24, 890 | 15, 515 |  |
| Failure annual rate (seasonally adjusted) No. per 10,000 concerns.- | 237.3 | 243.8 | 43.7 | 42.1 | 43.4 | 46.8 | 47.4 | 50.0 | 45.9 | 50.8 | 44.5 | 43.3 | 41.8 | 43.9 | 42.9 |  |

## COMMODITY PRICES

| PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY <br> farmers |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Prices received, all farm products $\ddagger \ldots . .1910-14=100$. | - 274 | 280 | 281 | ' 279 | - 280 | r 285 | 276 | ; 280 | 274 | 270 | r 26 | -270 | 284 | - 282 | 282 | 286 |
|  | - 219 | - 226 | +219 | - 227 | - 229 | - 232 | - 227 | + 234 | + 230 | 231 | - 224 | ${ }^{+} 231$ | + 237 | - 242 | - 244 | 251 |
| Commercial vegetables.....................-do. | 298 | - 294 | - 293 | ${ }^{+324}$ | r 298 | - 278 | - 264 | ${ }^{-291}$ | 261 | ${ }^{r} 280$ | +263 | ${ }^{\text {r } 292}$ | r 317 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 353$ | ${ }^{-351}$ | 351 |
|  | 173 | +183 | r 183 | 187 | $\cdot 187$ | r 190 | 191 | 185 | 193 | 187 | 177 | 178 | 182 | 178 | 188 | 192 |
|  | -167 | 177 | 167 | 171 | 173 | 174 | 176 | 190 | 187 | 184 | 192 | 199 | 201 | 201 | 199 | 199 |
|  | 154 | 162 | 161 | 160 | 153 | 151 | 161 | 170 | 173 | 175 | 170 | 171 | -172 | 170 | 171 | 174 |
| Fruit --------------------------------- | r 242 | - 237 | - 202 | r 224 | +257 | - 274 | $\bigcirc 249$ | - 277 | + 256 | r 252 | ז 209 | ${ }^{+} 217$ | +234 | $\stackrel{+}{+253}$ | $\stackrel{+}{+} 257$ | 284 614 |
| Tobacco | 594 | ${ }^{+604}$ | 603 | 603 +333 | 603 | 603 330 | ${ }^{+610} 319$ | 610 320 | +589 +312 $+\quad$ | +606 +303 +367 | 610 +299 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } 612 \\ \\ 304 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \text { r } \\ \times \\ \\ \\ \hline\end{array}$ | r 614 317 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } 614 \\ \\ 315 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 614 316 |
| Livestock and products $\$$. ......-.-......--do. | - 321 | 326 | 334 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 323$ | - 324 | 330 | 319 | 320 | ${ }^{+} 312$ | ${ }^{+} 303$ | r 299 | 304 | r +324 +357 |  |  | 316 339 |
| Dairy products | - 326 | - 345 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 335$ | ${ }^{\text {r }} 328$ | - 325 | 331 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 338$ | ${ }^{\text {r }} 351$ | ${ }^{r} 363$ | ${ }^{\text {r }} 367$ | 365 +342 | 「 360 | $\begin{array}{r}+357 \\ +403 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}7352 \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \hline 93\end{array}$ |  | 339 401 |
| Meat animals <br> Poultry and eggs $\qquad$ do.. $\qquad$ do. | 400 162 | + +151 +151 | r +130 +146 | r +119 +132 | $\begin{array}{r}+422 \\ \\ \\ \hline 12\end{array}$ | +424 +146 | 403 137 | $\begin{array}{r}\ulcorner \\ \\ \\ r \\ \hline 152\end{array}$ | +378 +133 | r $\stackrel{r}{451}$ $\sim$ 143 | +342 +147 +147 | $\begin{array}{r}357 \\ +143 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 403 136 | 393 134 | 393 134 | 129 |
| Prices paid: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All commodities and services....-..........-do. | 324 | 336 | 334 | 334 | 335 | 335 | 335 | 339 | 340 | 340 | 341 | 343 | 346 | 348 | 349 | 351 |
| Family living items..-.....-.-................do.. | 351 | 366 | 364 | 365 | 366 | 366 | 367 | 369 | 369 | 371 | 372 | 372 | 376 | 376 | 377 | ${ }_{381}^{381}$ |
| Production items...-.-.-.---.-.-.-....-do..-- | 304 | 314 | 313 | 312 | 313 | 313 | 312 | 317 | 319 | 319 | 320 | 322 | 325 | 328 | 329 | 330 |
| All commodities and services, interest, taxes. and wage rates (parity index) $\ldots . . .-1910-14=100$ | 373 | 390 | 389 | 388 | 390 | 389 | 389 | 392 | 394 | 395 | 396 | 400 | 403 | 404 | 407 | 410 |
| Parlty ratio 8-..-...---------...................do. | 74 | 72 | 72 | r 72 | 72 | +73 | 71 | ¢ 71 | 70 | 68 | r 66 | 68 | 70 | 70 | 69 | 70 |

revised. Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ Advance estimate; total mirs. unfilled orders for Apr. 1971 do not reflect revisions for selected components. ${ }^{2}$ Based on unadjusted data. †Revised back to 1961 to reflect revisions in the mfrs.' sales and inventories series and the retail to reflect ser es. Aat or nht thats, invent., and orders have been revised back to 1961 Digitizedsed data, back to 1961, new seas. factors, and other technical data appear in a special Census

Bureau report entitled Mirs.' Shipments, Inventories, and Orders: 1901-1970, Series M3-1.2 (available from the U.S. Government Printing Office, Wash., D.C., 20402; price $\$ 1.00$ ).
$\oplus$ See corresponding note on p. S-6. © Includes data for items not shown separately.
Thompiled by Dun \& Bradstreet, Inc. (failures data are for 48 States and Dist. Col.).
Ratio of prices received to prices paid (parity index).
are available from the Dept. of Agriculture, Statistical Reporting Service.

| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May |

COMMODITY PRICES—Continued

| CONSUMER PRICES <br> (U.S. Department of Labor Indexes) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Unadjusted indexes: $\ddagger$ <br> All ítems. $.1967=100 \ldots$ | 109.8 | 116.3 | 115.2 | 115. 7 | 116.3 | 116.7 | 116.9 | 117.5 | 118.1 | 118.5 | 119.1 | 119.2 | 119.4 | 119.8 | 120.2 | 120.8 |
| Special group indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 109.0 | 114.4 | 113.5 | 114.0 | 114. 4 | 114.8 | 114.9 | 115.4 | 116.0 | 116.3 | 116.8 | 117.0 | 117.4 | 118.0 | 118.6 | 119.2 |
|  | 110.1 | 116.7 | 115.4 | 116.0 | 116.5 | 117.0 | 117.2 | 118.0 | 118.9 | 119.6 | 120.2 | 120.3 | 120.4 | 120.6 | 120.9 | 121.6 |
| All items less medical care..................d. do... | 109.7 | 116.1 | 115.0 | 115.6 | 116.0 | 116.4 | 116.7 | 117.2 | 117.9 | 118.3 | 118.8 | 118.9 | 119.1 | 119.4 | 119.8 | 120.4 |
|  | 108.4 | 113.5 | 112.6 | 113.1 | 113.5 | 113.8 | 113.8 | 114.2 | 114.8 | 115.1 | 115.6 | 115.4 | 115.5 | 116. 1 | 116.6 | 117.2 |
|  | 108.9 | 114.0 | 113.4 | 113.9 | 114.0 | 114.4 | 114.5 | 114.9 | 115.2 | 115.3 | 115.6 | 115.4 | 115.7 | 116.4 | 116.9 | 117.4 |
| Nondurables less food................do. | 108.8 | 113.1 | 112.3 | 112.7 | 112.9 | 113.0 | 113.0 | 114. 1 | 114.9 | 115.4 | 115.7 | 115.3 | 115.4 | 115.7 | 116.0 | 116.6 |
| Durables 9. | 107.0 | 111.8 | 110.1 | 111.1 | 111.9 | 112.1 | 112.2 | 112.5 | 113.9 | 114.7 | 115.2 | 115.2 | 115.0 | 115. 2 | 115.7 | 116.6 |
| Commoditles less food....-................. do | 108. 1 | 112.5 | 111.4 | 112.0 | 112.5 | 112.5 | 112.6 | 113.4 | 114.5 | 115.1 | 115.5 | 115.2 | 115.2 | 115.5 | 116.8 | 116.6 |
| Services......-- | 112.5 | 121.6 | 120.1 | 120.7 | 121. 4 | 122.0 | 122.7 | 123.5 | 124. 1 | 124.9 | 125.6 | 126.3 | 126.6 | 126.6 | 126.8 | 127.5 |
| Services less rent--.-....-....------- do | 113.8 | 123.7 | 122.1 | 122.8 | 123.5 | 124.2 | 124.9 | 125.8 | 126.5 | 127.3 | 128.0 | 128.7 | 129.0 | 128.9 | 129.1 | 129.8 |
|  | 108.9 | 114.9 | 114.6 | 114.9 | 115.2 | 115.8 | 115.9 | 115.7 | 115.5 | 114.9 | 115.3 | 115.5 | 115.9 | 117.0 | 117.8 | 118.2 |
| Meats, poultry | 110.8 | 116.5 | 117.7 | 117.4 | 117.1 | 117.6 | 117.8 | 117.0 | 116.1 | 114.3 | 113.7 | 113.1 | 113.6 | 115.6 | 115.7 | 115.8 |
| Dairy products | 106.7 | 111.8 | 111.0 | 111.3 | 111.6 | 111.9 | 112.1 | 112.5 | 113.1 | 113.5 | 113.6 | 113.9 | 114.0 | 114.2 | 114.6 | 115.1 |
|  | 109.3 | 113.4 | 114.6 | 116. 4 | 118.6 | 117.0 | 114.9 | 111.5 | 110.0 | 109.4 | 110.6 | 109.6 | 112.6 | 116.0 | 120.0 | 121.4 |
|  | 110.8 | 118.9 | 117.6 | 118.2 | 118.6 | 119.2 | 119.9 | 120.6 | 121.2 | 121.9 | 122.6 | 122.7 | 122.6 | 122.4 | 122.5 | 123.2 |
|  | 113.3 | 123.6 | 121.9 | 122.7 | 123.5 | 124. 0 | 124.9 | 125.9 | 126.5 | 127.1 | 127.9 | 128.0 | 127.3 | 126. 7 | 126.5 | 127.2 |
|  | 105. 7 | 110.1 | 109.1 | 109.4 | 109.8 | 110. 1 | 110.5 | 110.9 | 111.4 | 111.8 | 112.6 | 112.9 | 113.6 | 113.9 | 114.4 | 114.7 |
| Homeownership | 116.0 | 128.5 | 126.5 | 127.5 | 128.5 | 129.0 | 130.0 | 131.3 | 131.9 | 132.5 | 133.4 | 133.4 | 132.3 | 131.2 | 130.9 | 131.6 |
|  | 103.6 | 107.6 | 106.7 | 106.8 | 106.6 | 107.5 | 108. 0 | 108.4 | 109.2 | 110.7 | 111.3 | 112.1 | 113.1 | 113.8 | 114.1 | 114.4 |
|  | 105.6 | 110.1 | 108.3 | 108.4 | 108.6 | 109. 6 | 110.1 | 111.4 | 112.5 | 113.9 | 114.9 | 116.7 | 117.2 | 117.4 | 117.3 | 117.2 |
| Gas and electricity | 102.8 | 107.3 | 106.6 | 106.7 | 106.3 | 106.6 | 107.3 | 107.6 | 108.8 | 109.9 | 110.7 | 111.5 | 112.8 | 113.3 | 113.9 | 114.4 |
| Household furnishings and operation..-d | 109.0 | 113.4 | 112.8 | 113.2 | 113.5 | 113.7 | 113.9 | 114.2 | 114.5 | 115.1 | 115.3 | 115.4 | 115.9 | 116.4 | 117.0 | 118.1 |
| Apparel and upkeep..-.------.-....-...- do | 111.5 | 116.1 | 115.0 | 115.7 | 116.0 | 115.3 | 115.4 | 117.2 | 118.2 | 119.0 | 119.2 | 117.6 | 118.1 | 118.6 | 119.1 | 120.2 |
|  | 107.2 | 112.7 | 111.2 | 112.1 | 112.7 | 113. 4 | 112.7 | 113.0 | 115.2 | 116.0 | 116.9 | 117.5 | 117.5 | 117.8 | 118.1 | 118.8 |
| Private. .-.-...-.-...............-........- do | 106.5 | 111. 1 | 109.7 | 110.5 | 111.2 | 111.7 | 111.0 | 111.2 | 113.4 | 114.2 | 115.2 | 115.8 | 115.8 | 115. 9 | 116.2 | 117.0 |
|  | 104.4 | 107.6 | 106.3 | 106. 1 | 105.8 | 105. 7 | 105. 5 | 105. 1 | 110.8 | 112.5 | 114.1 | 115.4 | 115.2 | 114.3 | 113.8 | 113.9 |
|  | 103. 1 | 104. 3 | 99.7 | 104.9 | 108.6 | 108.5 | 106. 3 | 104.9 | 107.2 | 108.8 | 109.5 | 107.0 | 105.5 | 106.8 | 109.8 | 112.8 |
|  | 112.7 | 128.5 | 125.5 | 126.1 | 127.0 | 129.3 | 129.4 | 131.2 | 131.3 | 132.5 | 133.4 | 133.9 | 134.4 | 136.0 | 136.4 | 136.4 |
| Health and recreation \%....................do | 110.3 | 116.2 | 114.9 | 115.4 | 116.1 | 116.6 | 117.2 | 117.7 | 118.2 | 118.7 | 119.1 | 119.8 | 120.2 | 120.6 | 121.2 | 121.6 |
|  | 113.4 | 120.6 | 119.1 | 119.7 | 120.5 | 121.3 | 122.0 | 122.6 | 122.8 | 123.4 | 124.2 | 124.9 | 125.8 | 126.8 | 127.5 | 128.1 |
|  | 109.3 | 113.2 | 112.4 | 112.8 | 112.7 | 113. 1 | 113.7 | 114.0 | 114.4 | 114.5 | 115.0 | 115.3 | 115.4 | 115. 8 | 116.3 | 116.5 |
| Reading and recreation....-.-.-------- do | 108.7 | 113.4 | 111.9 | 112.6 | 113.3 | 113.7 | 114.2 | 114.7 | 115.2 | 116.0 | 116.2 | 117.3 | 117.5 | 117.7 | 118.4 | 118.9 |
| WHOLESALE PRICES $\sigma^{\circ}$ <br> (U.S. Department of Labor Indexes) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Spot market prices, basic commodities: $\ddagger$ |  | 1113.4 | 116.3 | 115.0 | 113.8 | 112.9 | 112.9 | 1120 | 110.9 | 109.2 | 107.2 | 107.1 | 109.9 | 109.3 |  |  |
| 22 Commodities |  | 1112.6 | 113.5 | 111.3 | 112.1 | 113.6 | 115.3 | 114.3 | 113.0 | 109.7 | 108.3 | 168.9 | 113.7 | 111.6 | 109.0 | 109.1 |
| 9 Foodstuffs $\qquad$ do. <br> 13 Raw industrials. $\qquad$ do | 1111.4 | ${ }^{1} 113.8$ | 118.2 | 117.5 | 114.8 | 112.4 | 111. 2 | 110.5 | 109.5 | 108.8 | 106.4 | 105. 9 | 107.2 | 107.8 | 110.2 | 108.6 |
| All commodities $\ddagger$ | 106.5 | 110.4 | 109.9 | 110.1 | 110.3 | 110.9 | 110.5 | 111.0 | 111.0 | 110.9 | 111.0 | 111.8 | 112.8 | 113.0 | 113.3 | 113.8 |
| By stage of processing: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Crude materials for further processing.... do. | 108.3 | 112.2 | 113.9 | 113.3 | 113.5 | 114.3 | 111.3 | 113.0 | 111.3 | 108.7 | 108.6 | 110.7 | 115.9 | 114.3 | 115.2 | 115.8 |
| Intermediate materials, supplies, etc.....do. | 105.9 | 109.8 | 109.2 | 109.6 | 109.8 | 110.2 | 110.4 | 110.6 | 110.9 | 110.9 | 111.0 | 111.5 | 111.8 | 112.6 | 113.1 | 113.6 |
| Finished goods $\odot$.-........................ do | 106. 6 | 110.4 | 109.6 | 109.7 | 110.0 | 110.6 | 110.1 | 110.8 | 110.9 | 111.4 | 111.5 | 112.2 | 112.8 | 112.9 | -112.9 | 113.5 |
| Consumer finished goods .-..---.-.... do | 106.5 | 109.9 | 109.2 | 109.3 | 109.6 | 110.3 | 109.5 | 110.4 | 110.1 | 110.5 | 110.5 | 111.3 | 112.0 | 112.1 | -112.0 | 112. 7 |
|  | 106.9 | 111.9 | 110.8 | 111.1 | 111.3 | 111.6 | 111.9 | 112.3 | 113.8 | 114.2 | 115.1 | 115.6 | 115.9 | 116.0 | 116.1 | 116.3 |
| By durability of product: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 107.9 | 112.4 | 111.8 | 112.2 | 112.4 | 112.5 | 112.6 | 112.8 | 113.8 | 113.7 | 113.8 | 114.5 | 115.0 | 115.5 | 116.1 | 116.5 |
| Nondurable goods --.--------------.--- do | 105.3 | 108.9 | 108.5 | 108.5 | 108.7 | 109.6 | 108.8 | 109.6 | 108.9 | 108.8 | 108.9 | 109.7 | 111.1 | 111.1 | 111.2 | 111.8 |
|  | 106.2 | 110.2 | 109.6 | 109.7 | 110.0 | 110.6 | 110.6 | 110.8 | 111.2 | 111.2 | 111.2 | 111.8 | 112.4 | 112.7 | 113.0 | 113.5 |
| Durable manufactures .-...--......---- - do | 107.7 | 112.0 | 111.3 | 111. 7 | 112.0 | 112.2 | 112.3 | 112.5 | 113.6 | 113.6 | 113.8 | 114.4 | 114.9 | 115.5 | 116.1 | 116.5 |
| Nondurable manufactures .-.........--- - do | 104.6 | 108.2 | 107.7 | 107.7 | 107.9 | 108.7 | 108.6 | 108.8 | 108.6 | 108.6 | 108.5 | 109.1 | 109.8 | 109.9 | 109.9 | 110.5 |
| Farm prod., processed foods | 107.9 | 111.6 | 111.8 | 111.2 | 111.7 | 113.4 | 111.2 | 112.6 | 110.3 | 109.9 | 109.3 | 110.7 | 113.6 | 113.4 | 113.3 | 114.3 |
| Farm products $\%$........................do | 108.8 | 111.0 | 111.6 | 111.3 |  |  | 108.5 | 112.1 | 107.8 | 107.0 | 107.1 | 108.9 | 113.9 | 113.0 | 113.0 | 114.0 |
| Fruits and vegetables, fresh and dried do | 109.3 | 111.6 98 | 110.9 | 121. 6 | 120.3 | 110.8 | 98.0 | 111.6 | 100.8 | 107.7 | 111.3 | 115.7 | 118.3 | 125.3 | 120.8 |  |
| Grains.-....-.----.......-.-.-.-...- do | 90.3 | 98.8 | 95.2 | 95.9 1029 | 96.7 | 96.7 | 96.7 | 109.0 | 104. 1 | 104.2 | 108.0 | 111.0 | 111.7 | 108.4 | 106.8 | 107.2 |
| Live poultr | 109.6 | 99. 6 | 101.1 | 102.2 | 95. 1 | 100.0 | 94.6 | 99.8 | 93.4 | 95.2 | 80.5 | 96.3 | 100.0 | 100. 1 | 99.5 | 101.3 |
| Livestock | 117.0 | 116.7 | 123.4 | 120.9 | 121.7 | 124.8 | 117.3 | 113.6 | 110.6 | 101.2 | 99.5 | 102.2 | 118.9 | 114.9 | 116.9 | 119.0 |
| Foods and feeds, processed $9 .-\ldots . . . . . . . . . d o$ | 107.3 | 112.0 | 111.8 | 111.1 | 111.7 | 113.3 | 112.9 | 113.0 | 111.8 | 111.7 | 110.7 | 111.8 | 113.3 | 113.7 | 113.5 | 114.5 |
| Beverages and beverage materials.....-do | 106.0 | 112.9 | 111.5 | 113.0 | 113.0 | 113.1 | 113.7 | 114.1 | 114.5 | 114.7 | 114.3 | 115.0 | 115.2 | 115.3 | 115.6 | 115. 7 |
| Cereal and bakery products...-.........do | 102.6 | 107.6 | 106.4 | 106. 4 | 106.4 | 107.4 | 108.0 | 109.2 | 109.9 | 110.6 | 110.9 | 111.0 | 111.1 | 111.5 | 111.5 | 111.5 |
| Dairy products.-....------.-.------- do | 108.2 | 111.2 | 110.8 | 111.1 | 111.1 | 111.3 | 111.7 | 111.4 | 112.0 | 112.2 | 112.8 | 112.8 | 112.3 | 115.0 | 115.5 | 116.2 |
| Fruits and vegetables, processe Meats, poultry, and fish | 107.9 | 110.4 | 109.6 | 110.2 | 110.5 | 110.9 | 111.6 | 112.0 | 111.1 | 111.6 | 111.0 | 111.2 | 111.5 | 111.9 | 113.0 | 114.0 |
| Meats, poultry, and fish | 113.8 | 115.8 | 119.0 | 116.7 | 117.8 | 120.3 | 116.7 | 115.1 | 110.9 | 108.8 | 104.3 | 108.6 | 115.2 | 112.9 | 113.3 | 116. 4 |
|  | 106.0 | 110.0 | 109.3 | 109.7 | 109.8 | 110.0 | 110.2 | 110.4 | 111.3 | 111.3 | 111.7 | 112.2 | 112.5 | 112.8 | 113.3 | 113. 7 |
| Chemicals and allied products $\%$.-.-.-.- do | 99.9 | 102.2 | 102.0 | 102.2 | 102.1 | 102.5 | 102.7 | 102.5 | 103.0 | 103.3 | 103.3 | 103.8 | 104.2 | 104.5 | 104.5 | 104.3 |
| Agric. chemicals and chem. prod..-.-. do | 86.7 | 88.4 | 89.2 | 88.5 | 88.6 | 87.8 | 88.4 | 89.0 | 89.5 | 89.5 | 89.4 | 91.7 | 92.6 | 93.9 | 94.1 | 93.8 |
| Chemicals, industrial .-.----------- do | 100.3 | 100.9 | 100.5 | 100.8 | 100.6 | 101.4 | 101.2 | 101.3 | 101.5 | 101.5 | 101.4 | 101.8 | 101.9 | 102.2 | 101.9 | 101.5 |
| Drugs and pharmaceuticals.---......-- do | 99.8 | 101.1 | 100.7 | 100.7 | 100.9 | 101. 1 | 101.6 | 100.9 | 101.2 | 101.6 | 101.8 | 101.9 | 102.4 | 102.6 | 102.0 | 101.9 |
| Fats and oils, inedible | 109.1 | 133.3 | 132.3 | 131.4 | 133.0 | 132.5 | 137.8 | 127.9 | 144.4 | 151.5 | 150.9 | 133.7 | 142.6 | 144.3 | 143.0 | 138. 8 |
| Prepared paint. | 109.1 | 112.4 | 112.4 | 112.4 | 112.4 | 112.4 | 112.4 | 112.4 | 112.7 | 112.7 | 112.8 | 114.5 | 114.5 | 115.1 | 115.9 | 115.9 |
| Fuels and related prod., and power \% . .-.do $^{\text {d }}$ | 101.0 | 105.9 | 103.8 | 105.3 | 104.8 | 105.1 | 105.8 | 107.1 | 108.7 | 109.7 | 112.8 | 113.5 | 113.0 | 112.8 | 113.0 | 114.2 |
|  | 112.5 | 150.0 | 141.2 | 142.2 | 147.9 | 150.5 | 152.8 | 160.0 | 175.2 | 175.8 | 175.8 | 176.0 | 176.0 | 176.0 | 184.0 | 182.8 |
|  | 102.0 | 104.8 | 103.0 | 103.5 | 103.6 | 104.1 | 104.8 | 105.4 | 107.2 | 108.2 | 108.7 | 109.8 | 110.2 | 111.1 | 112.3 | 112.6 |
| Gas fuels... | 93.1 | 103.3 | 101.9 | 101.8 | 101.9 | 102.5 | 102.6 | 106.9 | 107.0 | 106.5 | 107.5 | 109.3 | 108.1 | 109.4 | 105.9 | 106.9 |
| Petroleum products, refined | 99.6 | 101.1 | 99.1 | 102.0 | 100.0 | 100.2 | 100.9 | 101.6 | 101.6 | 103.1 | 107.5 | 107.9 | 106.9 | 105.9 | 105.3 | 107.4 |
| Furniture and household durables $9 . . .$. do | 104.9 | 107.5 | 107.1 | 107.1 |  | 107.6 | 107.7 | 107.8 | 108.0 | 108.4 | 108.7 | 109.3 | 109.7 | 109.6 | 109.7 | 109.9 |
| Appliances, household..-........----- | 103.1 | 105.3 | 105.1 | 105.2 | 105.2 | 105.2 | 105. 4 | 105.3 | 105.9 | 106.1 | 106.4 | 107.0 | 107. 1 | 107.0 | 107.1 | 107.1 |
| Furniture, household | 108.3 | 111.6 | 111.2 | 111.5 | 111.6 | 111.9 | 112.1 | 112.0 | 112.1 | 112.4 | 112.7 | 112.9 | 113.9 | 114.0 | 114.1 | 115.0 |
| Home electronic equipment.-----.--- do. | 94.7 | 93.6 | 93.2 | 93.2 | 93.2 | 93.5 | 93.5 | 93.5 | 93.7 | 94.2 | 94.2 | 94.4 | 94.2 | 93.7 | 93.7 | 93.7 |


commodities. $\ddagger$ New reference base; comparable data for earlier periods will be shown later. $\odot$ Goods to users, incl. raw foods and fuels.

| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS <br>  | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May |

COMMODITY PRICES—Continued

| WHOLESALE PRICES $\boldsymbol{\sigma}^{7}$-Continued <br> (U.S. Department of Labor Indexes-Continued) All commodities $\ddagger$-Continued Industrial commodities-Continued Hides, skins, and leather products $\%$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 111.7 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 109.6 109 | 113.0 | 113.3 | 112.9 | 112.9 | 112.9 | 112.9 | 113.7 | 113.8 | 1113.8 | 113.9 | 116.0 | ${ }_{116.3}^{12.4}$ | 116.5 116.5 | 116. 6 | 1116. 7 |
|  | 124.1 | 104.4 | 113.2 | 108.1 | 99.6 | 96.4 | 98.5 | ${ }_{99.6}$ | 103.2 | 109.2 | 101.9 | 98.9 | 105.3 | 105.5 | 121.1 | 121.4 |
| Leather-................................-- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 108.7 | 107.7 | 109.2 | 109.2 | 108.6 | 108.6 | 107.8 | 105.9 | 107.1 | 107.3 | 107.3 | 108.2 | 108.7 | 108.6 | 111.0 | 113.0 |
| Lumber and wood products................-d | 125.2 | 113.7 | 113.9 | 114.8 | 114.0 | 113.5 | 114.0 | 114.2 | 113.1 | 111.9 | 111.1 | 112.2 | 117.5 | 123.4 | 124. 6 | 124.9 |
| Lumber-....-............................-- - ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 131.5 | 113.7 | 113.9 | 114.7 | 113.5 | 112.4 | 113.5 | 114.5 | 113.8 | 112.2 | 111.1 | 113.0 | 120.3 | 129.0 | 131. 5 | 132.8 |
| Machinery and equipment $\%$------....-do. | 106.4 | 111.4 | 110.4 | 110.6 | 111.0 | 111.5 | 111.6 | 112.1 | 112.7 | 113.1 | 113.8 | 114.2 | 114.6 | 114.9 | 115.0 | 115. 3 |
| Agricultural machinery and equip-...-do | 108.5 | 113.0 | 112.2 | 112.3 | 112.0 | 112.3 | 112.4 | 113.1 | 114.0 | 115.2 | 116.3 | 116.3 | 116.8 | 116.5 | 116.7 | 116.6 |
| Construction machinery and equip..--do | 110.0 | 115.5 | 114.3 | 114.4 | 114.4 | 114.6 | 114.9 | 115.4 | 117.7 | 118.9 | 119.6 | 120.2 | 120.5 | 120.8 | 120.9 | 121.1 |
| Electrical machinery and equip --......do | 102.9 107.8 | 106.4 114.0 | 105.4 | 105.6 | 106.3 | 106.7 | 106.9 | 107.5 | 107.6 | 107.9 | 108.2 | 108.8 | 109.3 | 109.7 | 109.5 | 109.4 |
| Metalworking machinery and equip.-.-do |  | 114.0 | 113.3 | 114.1 | 114.5 | 114.9 | 114.3 | 114.3 | 114.6 | 114.7 | 115.1 | 115.2 | 116.0 | 116.0 | 116. 6 | 117.4 |
| Metals and metal products $\%$............- do | 108.5 | 116.7 | 116.6 | 117.4 | 117.8 | 117.7 | 117.5 | 117.4 | 117.7 | 116.8 | 116.2 | 116.5 | 116.4 | 116.5 | 117.8 | 118.5 |
| Heating equipment....................- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 105. 3 | 110.6 | 109.3 | 109.7 | 110.5 | 111.4 | 111.5 | 112.0 | 112.8 | 112.8 | 112.7 | 113.6 | 114.1 | 114.5 | 114.7 | 115.1 |
| Iron and steel.---- | 117.1 | 115.1 | 113.2 | 114.8 | 116.0 | 116.2 | 116.1 | 116. 7 | 117.4 | 116.5 | 116.5 | 117.6 | 118.0 | 118.2 | 118.4 | 120.1 |
| Nonferrous metals | 113.6 | 125.0 | 129.9 | 130.0 | 128.2 | 126.2 | 125.0 | 122.7 | 122.0 | 119.4 | 116.7 | 115.4 | 114.2 | 113.7 | 117.2 | 117.2 |
| Nonmetalic mineral products o.-.....-.do. | 108.1 | 113.3 | 112.9 | 113.0 | 113.0 | 113.2 | 113.6 | 113.8 | 114.2 | 114.6 | 115.1 | 118.8 | 119.0 | 120.9 | 121.6 | 121.8 |
| do. | 106.0 | 109.8 | 109.5 | 109.8 | 109.8 | 109.9 | 109.9 | 110.5 | 110.7 | 110.9 | 111.3 | 111.4 | 112.7 | 113.6 | 114.5 | 114.5 |
| Concrete products.-.-.............---- - ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 106.5 | 112.2 | 111.2 | 111.4 | 112.0 | 112.2 | 112.8 | 113.6 | 113.7 | 113.9 | 114.5 | 117.1 | 117.6 | 118.5 | 119.4 | 119.6 |
| Gypsum products.-..................-. - ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 103.5 | 100.0 | 102.7 | 101.2 | 98.0 | 98.0 | 101.8 | 96.5 | 97.1 | 96.0 | 95.1 | 97.0 | 97.9 | 98.9 | 101.0 | 101.2 |
| Pulp, paper, and allied products . . . . . . . do | 104.2 | 108.2 | 108.4 | 108.2 | 108.1 | 118.4 | 108.2 | 108.3 | 118.9 | 108.7 | 118.5 | 109.0 | 109.3 | 109.3 | 109.6 | 110.9 |
|  | 106.0 | 111.0 | 111.5 | 110.5 | 110.6 | 110.8 | 111.4 | 111.5 | 111.9 | 112.1 | 112.1 | 112.6 | 112.7 | 113.1 | 114.3 | 114.2 |
| Rubber and plastics products \$ .-......-- do | 105. 4 | 108.6 | 107.5 | 107.5 | 107.4 | 109.0 | 109.7 | 109.4 | 109.5 | 109.1 | 109.4 | 108.4 | 109.1 | 109.1 | 109.0 | 108.7 |
|  | 102.3 | 109.0 | 105.9 | 105.9 | 105.9 | 112.0 | 112.0 | 112.0 | 112.0 | 112.0 | 112.0 | 107.5 | 107.5 | 107.5 | 107.5 | 107.5 |
| Textile products and apparel \& ..........-do. | 105.9 | 107.2 | 107.2 | 107.2 | 107.2 | 107.1 | 107.4 | 107.5 | 107.3 | 107.1 | 106.7 | 106.9 | 106.7 | 106.9 | 107.5 | 107.8 |
|  | 107.2 | 111.0 | 110.4 | 110.5 | 110.9 | 110.9 | 111.4 | 112.0 | 112.3 | 112.4 | 111.9 | 112.3 | 112.0 | 112.2 | 112.2 | 112.2 |
|  | 104.5 | 105. 6 | 105. 1 | 105. 1 | 105.2 | 105.1 | 105.6 | 105.7 | 106.0 | 106.2 | 106.9 | 107.1 | 107.5 | 107.8 | 108.9 | 109.6 |
| Manmade fiber textile products.......- do | 106.6 | 102.1 | 103.9 | 103.5 | 102.9 | 102.2 | 101.7 | 100.7 | 99.1 | 98.0 | 97.5 | 97.2 | 97.4 | 97.6 | 98.6 | 99.7 |
|  | 98.7 | 114.3 | 117.0 | 119.1 | 116.0 | 116.9 | 116.9 | 112.3 | 112.4 | 110.5 | 111.2 | (1) | (1) | (1) | (I) | (1) |
|  | 101.3 | 99.4 | 100.7 | 100.5 | 99.5 | 99.3 | 99.1 | 08.7 | 97.7 | 97.7 | 96.8 | 96.2 | 95.4 | 94.5 | 94.4 | 93.5 |
| Transportation equipment? $\ldots .$. Dec. $1968=100$ | 100.7 | 104.5 | 103.1 | 103.2 | 103.3 | 103.2 | 103.3 | 103.6 | 108.2 | 108.5 | 108.9 | 109.5 | 109.7 | 109.5 | 109.7 | 109.8 |
| Motor vehicles and equip......... $1967=100$ | 104.7 | 108.5 | 106.9 | 107.0 | 107.1 | 107.0 | 107.1 | 107.3 | 1112.5 | 1112.8 | 113.4 | 113.9 | 114.1 | 113.8 | 114. 1 | 114.2 |
| Miscellaneous products $¢$ | 104.9 | 109.9 | 107.8 | 108.1 | 110.7 | 111.1 | 111.2 | 111.5 | 111.6 | 111.8 | 111.9 | 112.3 | 112.6 | 112.8 | 112.7 | 112.5 |
| Toys, sporting goods, etc.............---do.- | 105. 2 | 109.4 | 108.7 | 108.8 | 109.5 | 109.5 | 109.8 | 110.1 | 110.6 | 110.4 | 110.5 | 111.7 | 112.3 | 113.1 | 112.5 | 112.4 |
|  | 107.0 | 114.0 | 109.9 | 109.9 | 117.2 | 116.7 | 116.7 | 117.0 | 117.0 | 117.0 | 117.0 | 116.8 | 116.9 | 116.9 | 116.5 | 116.5 |
| PURCHASING POWER OF THE DOLLAR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| As measured by- <br> Wholesale prices $\ddagger$ <br> Consumer prices $1967=\$ 1.00$ <br> do | $\mathbf{\$ 0 . 9 3 9} .91$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 0.906 \\ .860 \end{array}$ | $\mid \$ 0.910$ | $\$ 0.908$ | $\$ 0.907$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.902 \\ & .857 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 0.905 \\ .885 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 0.901 \\ 851 \end{array}$ | $\$ 0.901$ | $\$ 0.902$ | $\$ 0.901$ | $\$ 0.894$ | $\$ 0.887$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 0.885 \\ .835 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 0.883 \\ .832 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 0.879 \\ .828 \end{array}$ |

CONSTRUCTION AND REAL ESTATE

| CONSTRUCTION PUT IN PLACE <br> New construction (unadjusted), total m | 90 | 91. | 7,125 | 7,71 | 8,202 | 8, | 8, | 8, | 8,39 | 8,24 | 7,689 | 6,743 | -6,590 | -7,286 | 8,271 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 62,806 | 63,079 | 5,009 | 5,305 | 5,546 | 5,581 | 5,737 | 5,813 | 5,876 | 5,710 | 5,505 | 4,805 | r 4,578 | + 5, 117 | 5,792 |  |
|  | 30, 603 | 29, 273 | -5,297 | 2,485 | 5, 546 2,592 | 2, 2,650 | 2,707 | 5,813 2,721 | 5,876 | 5,710 $\mathbf{2 , 7 3 5}$ | 5,505 $\mathbf{2 , 6 2 7}$ | 4,805 2,347 | r r 2,190 | r + $+2,496$ | 2,928 |  |
|  | 23, 689 | 21, 914 | 1,636 | 1, 743 | 1,876 | 1,990 | 2,075 | 2,093 | 2,098 | 2,101 | 2,053 | 1, 856 | + 1,725 | +1,994 | 2,334 |  |
| Nonresidential buildings, except farm and public utilities, total $\qquad$ mil. \$.- | 22, 033 | 22, 292 | 1,824 | 1,891 | 1,948 | 1,898 | 1,983 | 2,010 | 1,998 | 1,881 | 1,840 | 1,637 | 1,574 | +1,706 | 1,898 |  |
|  | 6,373 | 5,930 | 501 | , 498 | 521 | - 519 | - 543 | 2, 531 | , 528 | - 498 | , 480 | - 402 | 387 | r 406 | - 472 |  |
|  | 10,136 | 10,521 | 840 | 890 | 925 | 874 | 922 | 964 | 964 | 896 | 892 | 786 | 771 | - 865 | 940 |  |
| Public utilities: <br> Telephone and telegraph | 2,172 | 2,952 | 234 | 235 | 271 | 275 | 266 | 276 | 281 | 285 | 282 | 187 | 207 | 267 |  |  |
|  | 28, 060 | 28, 187 | 2,116 | 2,405 | 2,656 | 2,726 | 2,847 | 2,694 | 2,521 | 2,535 | 2,184 | 1,938 | 2,013 | r 2, 169 | 2,479 |  |
| Buildings (excluding military) $\%$.........do. | 11,226 | 10,657 | 877 | 887 | 953 | 893 | 984 | 926 | 814 | 988 | 900 | 831 | 859 | 843 |  |  |
| Housing and redevelopment. .-........... do.. | 1,047 | 1,105 | 82 | 89 | 104 | 87 | 86 | 93 | 46 | 106 | 141 | 88 | 92 | 98 |  |  |
|  | 512 | - 496 | 45 | 48 | 47 | 24 | 42 | 47 | 45 | 36 | 50 | 44 | 37 | 42 | 51 |  |
|  | 945 | 791 | 56 | 72 | 75 | 50 | 82 | 76 | 81 | 68 | 63 | 66 | 57 | 61 | 63 |  |
|  | 9,276 | 9,989 | 677 | 904 | 986 | 1,144 | 1,134 | 1,061 | 984 | 849 | 686 | 555 | 604 | 711 |  |  |
| New construction (seasonally adjusted at annual <br>  |  |  | 90.7 | 89.7 | 90.1 | 89.1 | 90.0 | 91.0 | 92.3 | 92.9 | 98.0 | 101.8 | + 102.6 | -102. 2 | 104.5 |  |
| Private, total $\%$ |  |  | 63.6 | 62.7 | 61.7 | 60.7 | 61.5 | 62.7 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 66.9 | 69.9 | 70.8 | r 72.2 | 73.7 |  |
| Residential (nonfarm) .-...---.-.-.....-- do --- |  |  | 29.8 | 29.2 | 27.7 | 27.0 | 27.5 | 28.8 | 30.5 | 31.8 | 33.3 | 34.4 | 35.6 | r 36.9 | 38.1 |  |
| Nonresidential buildings, except farm and public utilities, total $\circ$ bil. $\$$ |  |  | 22.7 | 22.4 | 22.7 | 21.9 | 22.4 | 21.8 | 21.8 | 20.6 | 21.5 | 23.5 | 23.2 | r 23.1 | 23.6 |  |
|  |  |  | 6. 2 | 5.9 | 5. 9 | 5.9 | 6.2 | 5.7 | 6.0 | 5.8 | 5. 4 | 5. 9 | 5.6 | r5. 2 | 5.9 |  |
|  |  |  | 10.6 | 10.6 | 10.9 | 10.0 | 10.2 | 10.4 | 10.2 | 9.3 | 10.4 | 11.6 | 11.8 | r 12.2 | 11.8 |  |
| Public utilities: <br> Telephone and telegraph |  |  | 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.9 | 3.3 | 3.0 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.9 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 27.1 | 27.0 | 28.4 | 28.4 | 28.5 | 28.3 | 27.8 | 28.3 | 31.1 | 31.9 | - 31.7 | - 30.0 | 30.8 |  |
| Buildings (excluding military) $\%$.........do.- |  |  | 10.7 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.4 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.4 | 10.5 | 11. 4 | 11.7 | 12.0 | 10.4 |  |  |
| Housing and redevelopment............. do. |  |  | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 1. 0 | . 9 | . 8 | . 9 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.7 | . 9 |  |  |
| Industrial |  |  | . 5 | . 5 | . 5 | . 4 | . 6 | . 5 | . 5 | . 4 | . 6 | . 5 | . 5 | . 5 | . 5 |  |
| Milltary facilities |  |  | .7 0.5 | .9 0.5 | .8 0.8 | $10^{.6}$ | .8 9 | 1.7 | $\stackrel{9}{9}$ | 1.7 | 11.8 | 1.0 | 1.9 | . 1.9 | . 9 |  |
|  |  |  | 9.5 | 9.5 | 9.9 | 10.0 | 9.8 | 10.0 | 9.7 | 10.1 | 11.7 | 12, 3 | 13.5 | 11.6 |  |  |
| - Revised. P Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ Series discontinu $\sigma^{2}$ See corresponding note on p. S-8. $\ddagger$ See corres data for items not shown separately. | onding | te on p |  | $\bigcirc$ Inclu |  | $\underset{\text { prici }}{\S B}$ | inning of plas | an. 1970 c const | retitl ction | to read ducts; | ubber ntinu | nd pla of the | tics pro group in | ucts" to dex is not | cover affect | direct |


| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May |

CONSTRUCTION AND REAL ESTATE-Continued

| CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Construction contracts in 48 States (F.W. Dodge Division, McGraw-Hill): <br> Valuation, total $\qquad$ mil. \$. | 67, 825 | 68,421 | -6,641 | 5,417 | 6, 553 | 6,178 | 6,230 | 5,398 | 5,453 | 5,145 | 4,974 | 4,383 | 4,993 | 6,386 | 7,743 |  |
| Index (mo. data seas. adj.) $0^{\text {r }} \ldots \ldots$.-. $1967=100 \ldots$ | ${ }^{1} 124$ | ${ }^{1} 123$ | 130 | 110 | 120 | 116 | 135 | 118 | 115 | 130 | 132 | 117 | 126 | 141 | 161 |  |
|  | 22, 867 | 23,182 <br> 45 <br> 1 | $\stackrel{+1,796}{\sim}$ | 1,695 | $\xrightarrow{2,815}$ | 2,313 | 2, ${ }^{2} \mathbf{1 5 8}$ | 1,869 | $\stackrel{2}{2,023}$ | 1,937 | 1,688 3,286 | 1,464 2,919 | $\underset{\substack{1,578 \\ 3,415}}{ }$ | 1,722 | $\begin{aligned} & 2,074 \\ & 5660 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Private ownership. | 44,958 | 45, 058 | + 4, 845 | 3,722 | 3,738 | 3,865 | 4,151 | 3, 529 | 3,430 | 3,208 | 3,286 | 2,919 | 3,415 | 4,664 | $5,669$ |  |
|  | 26, 078 | 24,795 | +1,854 | 1,750 | 1,919 | 2,469 | 2,331 | 1,944 | 1,863 | 1,701 | 1,693 | 1,711 | 1,654 | 2,199 | 2,495 |  |
|  | 25, 589 | 24,910 | '2,413 | 2,123 | 2,224 | 2,347 | 2, 349 | 2,176 | 2,302 | 1,947 | 2,045 | 1,631 | 1,818 | 2,729 | 3,168 |  |
| Non-building construction...-............do | 16, 157 | 18,715 | -1,854 | 1,545 | 2,410 | 1,361 | 1,549 | 1,278 | 1,289 | 1,497 | 1,235 | 1,041 | 1,521 | 1,458 | 2,495 |  |
| New construction planning $\quad$ (Engineering News-Record) ©................do | 57, 164 | 66,937 | 5,857 | 6,457 | 4,916 | 5,248 | 4,829 | 4,303 | 7,555 | 7,013 | 6, 023 | 4,682 | 5,481 | 5,245 | 4,580 | 5,302 |
| HOUSING STARTS AND PERMITS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Now housing units started: Unadjusted: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total (private and public)...............thous.. | 1,499.6 | 1,465. 4 | 130.2 | 127.3 | 141.6 | 143.4 | 131.6 | 133.4 | 143.4 | 128.3 | 123.9 | 114.8 | 104.6 | +169.3 | -202. 2 | 199.2 |
| Inside SMSA's....-. .-................do. | 1, 096.5 | 1, 032.0 | 91.3 | 88.4 | 92.4 | 103.4 | 93.4 | 89.2 | 99.7 | 91.0 | 89.5 | 85.9 | 77.5 | - 123.6 | -146.0 | 142.1 |
| Privately owned...-.....................do. | 1,466.8 | 1, 432.1 | 128.4 | 125.0 | 135.2 | 140.8 | 128.7 | 130.9 | 140.9 | 129.6 | 121.4 | 110.6 | 102.2 | -167.9 | $\bigcirc 199.7$ | 194.2 |
| One-family structures................-do | 810.6 | 812.2 | 73.8 | 74.8 | 83.0 | 75.5 | 77.3 | 76.0 | 79.4 | 67.4 | 69.0 | 54.9 | 58.3 | -91.6 | -115.2 | 112.9 |
| Seasonally adjusted at annual rates: <br> Total privately owned ........................do One-family structures. $\qquad$ |  |  | 1,224 | 1,242 | 1,393 835 | 1,603 827 | 1,425 | 1,509 | 1,583 890 | 1,693 934 | 2,054 | $\begin{array}{r}1,725 \\ \hline 946\end{array}$ | 1.754 985 | r <br> r <br> 1,049 |  | 1,931 1,098 |
| New private housing units authorized by building permits ( 13,000 permit-issuing places) $: \ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total $\qquad$ One-family structures $\qquad$ thous do. | 1,322 | 1,340 642 | 1,177 | 1,309 600 | 1, ${ }_{619}$ | 1,309 638 | 1, ${ }_{6} 378$ | 1,388 679 | 1, ${ }_{697}$ | 1,487 | 1,768 | 1,635 806 | 1,563 | 1,627 +796 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ + \\ \hline 833\end{array}$ | 1,870 |
| Manufacturers' shipments of mobile homes:* <br> Unadjusted.......-................................... <br> Seasonally adjusted at annual rates........do...... | 412.7 | 398.1 | 39.9 446 | 32.9 380 | 35.6 369 | 37.1 <br> 436 | 38.4 410 | 41.4 431 | 40.8 427 | 30.5 421 | 27.0 401 | 24,5 395 | $\begin{array}{r}28.4 \\ 404 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 35.6 419 | 42.8 |  |
| CONSTRUCTION COST INDEXES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dept. of Commerce composite_- .-...1957-59=100. | 142 | 152 | 146 | 148 | 151 | 153 | 155 | 156 | 156 | 157 | 158 | 158 | r 159 | 160 | 161 |  |
| American Appraisal Co., The: $\quad$ Average, 30 cities...-. $1913=100$ | 1,050 | 1,132 | 1,097 | 1,117 | 1,127 | 1,150 | 1,158 | 1,158 | 1,167 | 1, 177 | 1,185 | 1, 190 | 1,194 | 1,211 | 1,218 |  |
|  | 1,158 | 1,254 | 1,231 | 1,231 | 1,231 | 1,261 | 1,263 | 1,268 | 1,268 | 1, 323 | 1,323 | 1,323 | 1,364 | 1, 393 | 1, 393 |  |
| New York | 1,116 | 1,202 | 1,178 | 1,178 | 1,177 | 1,226 | 1,229 | 1,229 | 1,229 | 1,233 | 1,233 | 1,291 | 1,291 | 1,305 | 1,305 |  |
| San Francisc | 1,054 | 1,088 | 1, 062 | 1,062 | 1,058 | 1, 106 | 1,110 | 1,110 | 1,111 | 1,126 | 1,128 | 1,138 | 1,142 | 1,163 | 1,168 |  |
| St. Louis...................................-do | 1,021 | 1,116 | 1, 072 | 1,138 | 1,137 | 1,138 | 1,140 | 1,140 | 1,140 | 1,147 | 1,147 | 1,153 | 1,153 | 1,168 | 1,168 |  |
| Associated General Contractors of America, Inc., The (building only)......-........--1957-59=100 | 150 | 166 | 157 | 159 | 164 | 168 | 171 | 172 | 176 | 179 | 181 | 183 | 184 | 184 | 186 | 188 |
| Boeckh indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average, 20 cities: <br> Apartments, hotels, office buildings _1957-59 $=100$. | 151.8 | 162.7 | 158.3 | 159.4 | 159.8 | 163.8 | 164.1 | 167.7 | 168.1 | 169.2 | 169.9 | 170.9 | 171.2 | 172.5 | 174.2 |  |
| Commercial and factory buildines. ........ do | 149.1 | 160.3 | 155.7 | 157.7 | 157.9 | 161.9 | 162.1 | 165.2 | 165.3 | 166.5 | 167.2 | 167.8 | 167.9 | 169.6 | 169.8 |  |
| Residences_...--.................---------- do | 148.0 | 155.9 | 152.6 | 153.3 | 153.6 | 157.5 | 157.8 | 159.3 | 159.6 | 160.6 | 160.7 | 161.0 | 161.3 | 163.6 | 165.2 |  |
| Engineering News-Record: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{\text {Building }}$ | 149.9 167.2 | 158.5 181.5 | 154.2 174.9 | 156.4 177.0 | 157.5 180.1 | 160.9 186.0 | 161.4 186.6 | 162.6 187.2 | 163.6 188.6 | 164.3 190.2 | 164.2 190.2 | 165.9 192.8 | 166.4 193.0 | 167.7 193.9 | 173.5 198.9 | 2176.8 203.0 |
| Federal Highway Adm.-Highway construction: Composite (avg. for year or qtr.) $0^{3} \ldots 1967=100 \ldots$ | 111.8 | 125.6 |  |  | 121.3 |  |  | 134.0 |  |  | 130.2 |  |  | 124. 1 |  |  |
| CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Output index: $\ddagger$ <br> Composite, unadjusted 9 .-.----....-1947-49=100 <br> Seasonally adjusted.......................................... | 166.2 |  | 162.9 159.8 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 176.8 \\ & 184.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 174.7 \\ & 158.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 172.9 \\ & 166.0 \end{aligned}$ | 173.0 153.0 | 146.8 154.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Iron and steel products, unadjusted......-do-... | 167.8 164.5 | 166.4 161.8 | 162.7 169.8 | 180.7 163.8 |  | 183.7 165.1 | 175.8 167.2 | 168.0 170.3 | 166.3 176.7 | 141.5 | 152.5 153.0 | 145.5 156.1 | 143.6 |  |  |  |
| lumber and wood products, unadj........do...................... | 164.5 204.2 | 161.8 194.3 | 169.8 196.9 | 163.8 217.6 | 162.6 239.0 | 165.1 253.4 | ${ }_{249.1}^{16.2}$ | 178.3 228.2 | ${ }_{234.1}^{176.7}$ | 1188.6 178.6 | 158.0 158.2 | 103.4 | 116.1 |  |  |  |
| Real estate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mortgage applications for new home construction: FHA net applicationsf.................thous. units. | 184.9 | 299.1 | 27.7 | 24.4 | 27.3 | 26.2 | 27.3 | ${ }^{28.9}$ | 27. 6 | 23.4 | 33.4 | 24.1 | 27.3 | ${ }_{3}^{36.6}$ | 35.1 |  |
| Seasonally adjusted annual rates $\ddagger$--.---- do-... |  |  | 281 | 271 | 291 | 297 | 327 | 337 | 326 | 345 | 474 | 371 | 350 | 336 | 347 |  |
|  | 138.2 | 143.7 | 135 12.8 | ${ }_{133}^{12.2}$ | 11.5 126 | 12 | 13.2 152 | 12.0 139 | 14.3 168 |  | 10.4 149 | 1190 | 174 | 17.9 183 | 19.9 210 | 218 |
| Home mortgages insured or guaranteed by- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fed. Hous. Adm.: Face amount.........-mil. | 7, 120.63 $4,073.86$ | - ${ }_{3,442,90}$ | ${ }_{232.58}^{561.43}$ | 527.06 | 696.27 262.66 | ${ }_{297 .}^{705} 61$ | 751.81 306.24 | 788.61 325.77 | 867.76 340.56 | 769.79 318.97 | 751.18 317.70 | $\begin{aligned} & 771.56 \\ & 298.85 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 734.61 \\ & 299.69 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 849.48 \\ 307.20 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 759.52 \\ 351.49 \end{array}$ |  |
| Federal Home Loan Banks, outstanding advances to member institutions, end of period......mil. $\$$. | 9,289 | p 10,615 | 9,860 | 10,008 | 10,236 | 10,373 | 10,446 | p10, 524 | 10, 539 | 10,524 | 10,615 | 10,326 | 9,926 | 9,690 |  |  |
| New mortgage loans of all savings and loan associations, estimated total mil. \$. | 21,847 | 21,387 | 1,400 | 1,586 | 2,086 | 2,080 | 2,111 | 2, 183 | 2,127 | 1,972 | 2,474 | 1,667 | 1,887 | 2,795 | 3,164 |  |
|  |  | 4, 150 | 325 | 373 | 398 | 393 | 369 | 388 | 406 | 355 | 416 | 307 | 346 | 521 | 594 |  |
|  | 11, 244 | 10, 239 | 627 | 741 | 1,017 | 1,071 | 1,147 | 1,100 | 1,032 | 919 | 968 | 752 | 818 | 1,143 | 1,303 |  |
| All other purposes..........................do...- | 5,836 | 6,998 | 448 | 472 | 671 | 616 | 595 | 695 | 689 | 698 | 1,090 | 608 | 723 | 1,131 | 1,267 |  |
|  | 95,856 | p101,015 | 8,404 | 8,553 | 8,998 | 8,672 | 8,557 | 8,431 | p8,770 | p 8,363 | p9,043 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fire losses (on bldgs., contents, etc.) ........-mil. \$.. | 1,952.02 | 2,263.92 | 188.47 | 186. 94 | 177.67 | 177.85 | 200. 93 | 176.27 | 185.67 | 158.49 | 224.02 | 200.66 | 202.26 | 221.54 | 194.02 |  |

$r$ Revised. $p$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ Computed from cumulative valuation total. ${ }^{2}$ Index as of June 1, 1971: Building, 179.2; construction, 207.2. $\odot$ Data for Jan., Apr., July, Oct., and Dec. 1970 are for 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks. ${ }^{*}$ New series. Data from Mobile of the Census. $\quad$ onew Base; comparable data for earlier periods will be shown later.

[^14]| Unless other wise stated in footnotes below，data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Apr． | May | June | July | Aug． | Sept． | Oct． | Nov． | Dec． | Jan． | Feb． | Mar． | Apr． | May |

## DOMESTIC TRADE


－Revised．
$\dagger$ Revised series；not comparable with previously published indexes．Revisions for Jan－ Mar． 1970 are as follows：Combined index－196；192；197；television（network）－252；238；248； spot TV－306；301；304；magazines－165；166；171；newspapers－122；121； 122 （no comparable data prior to Jan． 1970 are available）．

| No: |  |  |  | － | Noson <br>  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  <br>  | 若Noos orcosoor | 気飛然氛受 |
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| 运运 |  | ＋rso |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0 n \\ & 8 \\ & \hline 8 \end{aligned}$ | NosNn：－ <br>  | Now | 它若䔍 |  |  | －08氮氟鸾 | － Noorsorm | 今ermereos orocomースー |  |  |
| Ne~ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \\ & \text { 世 } \\ & \hline \mathbf{O} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { nernero } \\ & \text { an en } \end{aligned}$ |  |


|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ي } \\ & \text { 货 } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\because$ <br>  |  |  |  |  |  | Nonfros ocromine |  | 気気密华莒 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 虫感炭 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 8 \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ | Nognnt His |  | 感我笑 | 中四 <br>  |  여우융 |  | iveroivaris | \％er－nern －जoowe |  onerneoro |  |
| Ne: |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 8 \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 芯我荡 |  |  |  |  modrocont |  ONNCOO | $\begin{aligned} & \sin \\ & \text { sin } \\ & \text { oris ono } \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { s } \\ & \text { K } \\ & \text { N } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 出气苞 |  | 客0．0边芯 |  |  | 出 wermone |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ne } \\ & \text { 心. } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $8$ | 10000105 <br>  | 芯 N N | 出宫宽 |  | تた荢忥然 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Fse } \\ & \text { ent } \\ & \text { en } \end{aligned}$ | ercerosin or |  |  |  |
| No |  |  | $$ | Nompne <br>  |  | 总然知 |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { nererne } \\ & \text { Nowno } \end{aligned}$ |  |

$\oplus$ Source：Media Records，Inc．，52－City Newspaper Advertising Trend Chart．
O Includes data for items not shown separately
ocomprises lumber yards，building materials dealers，and paint，plumbing，and electrical stores．§Except department stores mail order．

| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May |

DOMESTIC TRADE-Continued


FRevised. SSeries revised to reflect benchmarking to the levels of the 1968 and 1969 Annual Retail Trade Reports (Census Bureau), and also recalculation of seas. factors for stores mail order.

| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May ${ }^{\text {p }}$ |

LABOR FORCE, EMPLOYMENT, AND EARNINGS

| POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES <br> Total, incl. armed forces overseas $\dagger$. $\qquad$ _mil. <br> LABOR FORCE | 1202.60 | ${ }^{1} 204.80$ | 204.26 | 204.44 | 204.62 | 204.80 | 205.00 | 205.21 | 205.43 | 205.63 | 205.82 | 206.02 | 206.18 | 206. 34 | 206. 51 | 206. 68 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Labor force, persons 16 years of age and over_-thous. | 84, 239 | 85,903 | 85, 231 | 84, 968 | 87, 230 | 87,955 | 87, 248 | 85, 656 | 86, 255 | 86, 386 | 86, 165 | 85, 628 | 85,653 | 85, 598 | 85, 780 | 85, 954 |
|  | 80,733 | 82,715 | 81,960 | 81,741 | 84, 050 | 84, 801 | 84, 115 | 82, 547 | 83, 175 | 83, 347 | 83, 152 | 82, 652 | 82,703 | 82,668 | 82, 898 | 83, 104 |
| Employed, total.-...--.-.------------- do | 77,902 | 78,627 | 78, 488 | 78,357 | 79, 782 | 80, 291 | 79, 811 | 78, 256 | 78, 916 | 78,741 | 78, 516 | 77, 338 | 77, 262 | 77, 493 | 78, 204 | 78,709 |
| Nonagricultural employmen | 74, 296 | 75, 165 | 74, 877 | 74, 332 | 75, 174 | 76, 173 | 76, 112 | 74, 730 | 75, 522 | 75, 515 | 75, 564 | 74, 361 | 74, 415 | 74, 452 | 74, 699 | 75, 111 |
| Agricuitural employment. | 3,606 | 3,462 | 3,531 | 3, 725 | 4,208 | 4,118 | 3,782 | 3, 525 | 3, 394 | 3,226 | 2,952 | 2,877 | 2,846 | 3, 042 | 3,505 | 3,598 |
| Unemployed (all civilian workers)....-.-.do | 2,831 | 4,088 | 3, 552 | 3,384 | 4,669 | 4,510 | 4, 220 | 4,292 | 4, 259 | 4,607 | 4,636 | 5,414 | 5,442 | 5,175 | 4,694 | 4,394 |
| Seasonally Adjusted $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian labor force $\ddagger$....-..............---...-do |  |  | 82,760 | 82,621 | 82, 213 | 82,711 | 82,770 | 82,975 | 83, 300 | 83,473 | 83, 609 | 83, 897 | 83, 384 | 83, 475 | 83,783 | 84,178 |
| Employed, total |  |  | 78, 886 | 78,601 | 78, 299 | 78,574 | 78, 508 | 78,479 | 78,691 | 78,550 | 78, 463 | 78, 864 | 78, 537 | 78,475 | 78, 698 | 78,961 |
| Nonagricultural employme |  |  | 75,317 | 75,031 | 74, 763 | 75, 066 | 75, 073 | 75, 043 | 75, 398 | 75,197 | 75, 055 | 75, 451 | 75, 208 | 75, 79 | 75, 140 | 75,503 |
| Agricultural employment-.----------- do |  |  | 3,569 | 3,570 | 3,536 | 3,508 | 3,435 | 3,436 | 3,293 | 3,353 | 3,408 | 3,413 | 3, 329 | 3,396 | 3,558 | 3,458 |
| Unemployed (all civilian workers).......do |  |  | 3,874 | 4,020 | 3,914 | 4,137 | 4,262 | 4,496 | 4,609 | 4,923 | 5,146 | 5,033 | 4,847 | 5,000 | 5, 085 | 5,217 |
| Long-term, 15 weeks and over.........do..... Rates (unemployed in each group as percent | 375 | 662 | 564 | 606 | 661 | 694 | 727 | 788 | 754 | 880 | 1,084 | 1,079 | 1,069 | 1,107 | 1, 071 | 1,202 |
| Rates (unemployed in each group as percent of total in the group): $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All civilian workers. | 3.5 | 4.9 | 4.7 | 4.9 | 4.8 | 5.0 | 5.1 | 5.4 | 5.5 | 5.9 | 6.2 | 6.0 | 5.8 | 6.0 | 6.1 | 6.2 |
| Men, 20 years and ove | 2.1 | 3.5 | 3. 2 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.7 | 3.7 | ${ }_{5}^{3.9}$ | 4.1 | 4.2 | 4. 6 | 4.3 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.4 | 4.5 |
| Women, 20 years and | 3.7 | 4.8 | 4.4 | 4.9 | 4.5 | 4.9 | 4.8 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.6 | 5.8 | 5.7 | 5. 6 | 5.8 | 6.0 | 6.0 |
| Both sexes, 16-19 years | 12.2 | 15.3 | 15.3 | 14.2 | 14.9 | 14.2 | 15.8 | 16. 5 | 17.0 | 17.6 | 17.8 | 17.6 | 16.7 | 17.8 | 17.2 | 17.3 |
| Married men | 1.5 | 2.6 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 2.9 | 3.0 | 3.2 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 3.3 |
| Negro and other races | 6.4 | 8.2 | 8.3 | 7.9 | 8.4 | 8.3 | 8.4 | 8.8 | 9.3 | 9.0 | 9.5 | 9.5 | 9.6 | 9.4 | 10.0 | 10.5 |
| White workers. | 3.1 | 4.5 | 4.2 | 4.5 | 4.3 | 4.6 | 4.8 | 5.0 | 5.2 | 5.5 | 5.6 | 5.6 | 5.3 | 5.6 | 5.6 | 5.7 |
| Occupation: White-collar workers | 2.1 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.6 | 3.0 | 2.8 | 2.9 | 3.0 | 3.6 | 3.8 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 3.7 |
| Blue-collar workers <br> Industry of last job (nonagricultural): | 3.9 | 6.2 | 5.6 | 6.0 | 6.3 | 6.5 | 6.9 | 7.3 | 7.3 | 7.4 | 7.8 | 7.6 | 7.4 | 7.4 | 7.4 | 7.5 |
| Private wage and salary worker | 3.5 | 5.2 | 4.8 | 5.2 | 5.2 | 5.5 | 5.5 | 5.8 | 6.0 | 6.2 | 6.6 | 6.4 | 6.1 | 6.4 | 6.3 | 6.5 |
| Construction. | 6.0 | 9.7 | 8.3 | 12.0 | 10.6 | 10.8 | 11.8 | 12.7 | 11.7 | 9.1 | 11.8 | 11.2 | 11.0 | 10.9 | 9.6 | 11.2 |
| Manufacturing | 3.3 | 5.6 | 4. 7 | 5.2 4.9 | 5.3 | 5.8 5.7 | 5.8 | 6.1 | 6.7 7 | ${ }_{8} 7.3$ | 8.6 | 7.2 | 6.8 | 6. 9 | 7.0 | 6.9 |
| Durable goods | 3.0 | 5.7 | 4.9 | 4.9 | 5.2 | 5.7 | 5.7 | 6.3 | 7.3 | 8.2 | 8.0 | 7.2 | 7.1 | 7.3 | 7.5 | 7.2 |
| EMPLOYMENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Employees on payrolls of nonagricultural estab:. $\%$ <br> Total, not adjusted for seasonal variation .. thous |  | 70,664 | 70,758 | 70,780 | 71, 385 | 70, 602 | 70, 527 | 70,922 | 70,692 |  | 71,234 | 69,622 | 69, 533 | -69,875 | '70,356 |  |
| Private sector (excl. gov't) -..------...... do | 58,070 | 58,067 | 58,001 | 58,054 | 58, 746 | 58,485 | 58,511 | 58,466 | 57,874 | 57,710 | 58,250 | 56,724 | 56, 524 | -56,803 | -57, 293 | 57, 712 |
| Seasonally Adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total--.................-.-.-.-.-.... thous | 70, 274 | 70, 664 | 71,149 | 70,839 | 70,629 | 70,587 | 70,414 | 70,531 | 70,182 | 70, 085 | 70,303 | 70,652 | 70,590 | -70,659 | r 70,696 | 70,826 |
| Private sector (excl. gov't)...--.-.-..-- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 58,070 | 58,067 | 58, 539 | 58,238 | 58,070 | 57, 996 | 57,818 | 57,946 | 57,464 | 57, 310 | 57,524 | 57, 829 | 57, 741 | -57,773 | r 57, 787 | 57, 893 |
| Mining-.-................................do | 6. 619 | - 622 | 622 3 | ${ }_{3}^{620}$ | \% 620 | ${ }_{3}{ }^{618} 8$ | 619 3 | ${ }_{3} 621$ | ${ }_{3} 621$ | -625 | - 625 | ${ }^{625}$ | ¢ 623 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \hline 624 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }^{+}{ }^{+} 623$ | -625 |
| Manufacturing | - 20,169 | 19,393 | 19,795 | 19,572 | 19,477 | 19, 102 | 19, 271 | 19,285 | 18,684 | 18,538 | 18,842 | 18, 807 | 18,728 | r 18,672 | r18, 668 | 988 |
| Durable goods | 11,893 | 11, 203 | 11, 529 | 11,386 | 11,286 | 11, 217 | 11, 134 | 11,145 | 10,602 | 10, 455 | 10,756 | 10,717 | 10, 662 | r10,607 | -10,604 | 10,631 |
| Ordnance and accessories............. do | 319 | 249 | 261 | 256 | 250 | 243 | 240 | 237 | 228 | 223 | 218 | 214 | 206 | + 201 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 198$ | 198 |
| Lumber and wood products........... do | 609 | 580 | 585 | 582 | 575 | 570 | 570 | 575 | 574 | 571 | 569 | 572 | 576 | ${ }^{+} 576$ | - 574 | 580 |
| Furniture and fixtures. | 484 | 460 | 468 | 456 | 453 | 454 | 453 | 457 | 454 | 453 | 450 | 451 | 449 | ${ }^{4} 451$ | 453 | 459 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products | 656 | 638 | 644 | 638 | 636 | 628 | 631 | 635 | 630 | 624 | 628 | 625 | 627 | 623 | 624 | 626 |
| Primary metal industri | 1,358 | 1,306 | 1,323 | 1,309 | 1,305 | 1,301 | 1,298 | 1,315 | 1,273 | 1,249 | 1,256 | 1,255 | 1,255 | - 1,256 | ${ }^{-1,256}$ | 1,256 |
| Fabricated metal products | 1,442 | 1,386 | 1,411 | 1,394 | 1,388 | 1,387 | 1,387 | 1,395 | 1,331 | 1, 311 | 1,344 | 1,337 | 1,337 | + 1,309 | + 1, 340 | 1,340 |
| Machinery, except electrical | 2,028 | 1,964 | 2, 032 | 2,004 | 1,982 | 1, 969 | 1,939 | 1,926 | 1,878 | 1,855 | 1,846 | 1,818 | 1,805 | ${ }^{\text {r 1,795 }}$ | r 1, 782 | 1,777 |
| Electrical equip. and supplies........do | 2,013 | 1,913 | 1,979 | 1,956 | 1,936 | 1,934 | 1,903 | 1,896 | 1,841 | 1,803 | 1,808 | 1,794 | 1,786 | -1,793 | +1,786 | 1,799 |
| Transportation equipment. | 2,067 | 1, 824 | 1,925 | 1,897 | 1,876 | 1,853 | 1,841 | 1. 839 | 1,534 | 1, 515 | 1,785 | 1,802 | 1,776 | r 1, 763 |  | 1,752 |
| Instruments and related products.... do | ${ }_{4} 476$ | 459 | 471 | 468 | 461 | 458 | 453 | 452 | 447 | ${ }^{1} 442$ | 439 | 437 | 432 | ${ }^{4} 429$ | ${ }^{+}$ | ${ }^{133}$ |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing ind....do | 440 | 424 | 430 | 426 | 424 | 420 | 419 | 418 | 412 | 409 | 413 | 412 | 413 | 411 | 409 | 411 |
|  | 8,277 | 8,190 | 8,266 | 8,186 | 8,191 | 8, 185 | 8,137 | 8,140 | 8,082 | 8 8,083 | 8,086 | 8,090 | 8,066 | + 8, 065 | -8,064 | 8,067 |
| Food and kindred products..........do | 1,796 | 1,796 | 1,805 | 1,805 | 1,800 | 1,789 | 1,784 | 1,779 | 1,769 | 1,779 | 1,780 | 1,783 | 1,784 | 1,777 | +1,769 | 1,757 |
| Tobacco manufactures................ ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 82 | 79 | 81 | 81 | 81 | 81 | 82 |  | 76 | 77 | 75 | 75 | 76 | 74 | r 75 | 75 |
| Textile mill products .-......-......... do | 999 | 965 | 979 | 971 | 959 | 955 | 954 | 955 | 948 | 945 | 949 | 952 | 946 | -942 | r 942 | 944 |
| Apparel and other textile products...do | 1,412 | 1,385 | 1,394 | 1,375 | 1, 385 | 1,393 | 1,376 | 1,380 | 1,367 | 1,372 | 1,378 | 1,381 | 1,371 | 1,384 | r 1,391 | 1,393 |
| Paper and allied products..........-do | 712 | 710 | 721 | 714 | 711 | 706 | ${ }^{703}$ | 706 | 698 | 700 | 699 | 698 | 695 | 694 | $r 694$ | 691 |
| Printing and pubilishing. | 1,093 | 1,106 | 1,111 | 1,108 | 1,103 | 1,105 | 1,103 | 1,105 | 1,102 | 1,100 | 1,100 | 1,099 | 1,096 | - 1,092 | - 1,087 | 1,093 |
| Chemicals and allied products ......do | 1,061 | 1,057 | 1,063 | 1, 060 | 1, 055 | 1,054 | 1,053 | 1,056 | 1,052 | 1,045 | 1, 042 | 1,040 | 1,036 | ${ }^{-1,032}$ | -1,032 | 1,036 |
| Petroleum and coal products.-......do | ${ }_{594}^{183}$ | 192 | 193 | ${ }_{548}^{192}$ | 193 570 3 | 191 | 191 | 190 | 190 | 191 | 192 | 193 | 192 | -193 | ${ }_{r} \mathrm{r} 591$ | 191 |
| Rubber and plastics products, nec ..d | 594 395 | 571 329 | ${ }_{334}^{585}$ | ${ }_{332} 548$ | 570 334 | 578 333 | 567 324 | 569 324 | ${ }_{323}^{557}$ | 554 320 | 518 318 | 650 319 | 555 315 | 31661 | r 563 320 | 570 317 |
| Transportation, communication, electric, gas, and sanitary services thous |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wholesale and retail trade..-.................do. | 14,645 | 14,950 | 14,991 | 14,968 | 14,927 | 14,933 | 14,912 | 14,961 | 15,011 | 14,945 | 14,851 | 15, ${ }^{4,43}$ | 15, 141 | - 75,151 |  | 15, 432 |
| Wholesale trade...........................do | 3,738 | 3,849 | 3,853 | 3,859 | 3,849 | 3,856 | 3,840 | 3,850 | 3,857 | 3,851 | 3,855 | 3,868 | 3, 871 | -3,884 | r3,881 | 3,936 |
| Retail trade...-.............................d. ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 10,907 | 11, 102 | 11,138 | 11,109 | 11,078 | 11, 077 | 11,072 | 11,111 | 11,154 | 11, 094 | 10,996 | 11,265 | 11, 270 | -11, 267 | -11, 274 | 11,326 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate ....-. do | 3,557 | 3,679 | 3,673 | 3,677 | 3,679 | 3,676 | 3,670 | 3,684 | 3,696 | 3,711 | 3,723 | 3,746 | 3,745 | 3,753 | ${ }^{+3,766}$ | 3,784 |
|  | 11, 211 | 11,577 | 11, 564 | 11, 572 | 11, 332 | 11,514 | 11,521 | 11,622 | 11,665 | 11, 695 | 11,727 | 11, 778 | 11,785 | -11,803 | -11,798 | 11,785 |
|  | 12, 204 | 12,597 | 12,610 | 12,601 | 12,559 | 12,591 | 12,596 | 12,585 | 12,718 | 12,775 | 12,779 | 12, 823 | 12,849 | $\bigcirc 12,886$ | r 12,909 | 12,933 |
|  | 2,758 | 2,705 | 2, 838 | 2,768 | 2,689 | 2,668 | 2,659 | 2,649 | 2,654 | 2, 661 | 2,650 | 2,656 | 2,659 | 2,657 | -2,662 | 2,665 |
| State and local | 9,446 | 9,891 | 9,772 | 9,833 | 9,870 | 9,923 | 9,937 | 9,936 | 10,064 | 10,14 | 10,129 | 10, 167 | 10,190 | -10,229 | -10, 247 | 10,268 |
| Production (or nonsupervisory) workers on private nonagricultural payrolls, not seas. adj thous |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| nonagricural payrg payrolleas. ad. do. | 48,093 | 47,935 14,050 | 47,854 14,240 | 47, ${ }^{44,065}$ | 48,582 14,261 | 48,297 13,958 | 48,340 14,101 | 48,322 | 47,763 13,575 | 47,628 13,403 | 48,177 13,649 | 46,670 | 46,487 | r 46,761 $\times 13,372$ | $\stackrel{\text { r47, }}{\text { r }}$ | 47,675 |
| Seasonally Adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total on manufacturing payrolls. ..........do. | 14,768 | 14,050 | 14,389 | 14, 180 | 14, 140 | 14,090 | 13,974 | 14,000 | 13,405 | 13, 289 | 13,610 | 13, 595 | 13,543 | - 13,496 | r13,518 | 13,541 |
| Durable goods ..-...-.........-.......... do | 8,648 | 8,045 | 8,318 | 8, 181 | 8, 134 | 8,082 | 8,019 | 8, 039 | 7, 504 | 7,386 | 7,700 | 7,679 | 7,642 | +7,592 | ${ }^{7} 7,607$ | 7,629 |
| Ordnance and accessories ...-.-........ do | 184 | 135 | 143 | 141 | 137 | 131 | 129 | 128 | 122 | 118 | 114 | 110 | 106 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 102$ | r 99 | 100 |
| Lumber and wood products | 529 | 500 | 504 | 501 | 495 | 491 | 491 | 495 | 495 | 492 | 488 | 492 | 496 | 496 | 495 | 499 |
| Furniture and fixtures..--....-........ do | 401 | 379 | 386 | 375 | 372 | 373 | 372 | 377 | 374 | 373 | 370 | 371 | 370 | +370 +50 | 372 | 377 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products.........do...- | 526 | 507 | 512 | 506 | 505 | 499 | 500 | 505 | 500 | 495 | 499 | 6 | 496 | 93 | -494 | 495 |
| Primary metal industries | 1,085 | 1,036 | 1,049 | 1,037 | 1,034 | 1,033 | 1,031 | 1,047 | 1,005 | 981 | 990 | 992 | 992 | r 996 | ז 995 | 996 |
| Fabricated metal products-............do | 1,110 1,379 | 1,055 1,310 | 1,079 1,366 | 1,060 1,340 | 1,057 1,321 | 1,058 1,316 | 1,060 1,288 | 1,067 1,281 | 1,002 1,233 | 985 1,218 | 1,021 | 1,014 | 1,013 | 989 +170 | $\stackrel{\text { r }}{ } \mathrm{r} 1,020$ | 1,021 |
| Machinery, except electrical..-.........do | 1,379 | 1,310 | 1,366 | 1,340 | 1,321 | 1,316 | 1,288 | 1,281 | 1,233 | 1,218 | 1,209 | 1,190 | 1,179 | 1,170 | -1,160 | 1,155 |

${ }^{\circ}$ Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ As of July 1.
TMonthly estimates have been adjusted to the 1970 Census; revisions prior to Dec. 1969
appear in Current Population Reports, Series P-25, No. 456, Estimates of the Population
of the United States to Jan. 1, 1971 (Bureau of the Census)

[^15]See corresponding note, p. S-14

| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |

## LABOR FORCE, EMPLOYMENT, AND EARNINGS-Continued

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline EMPLOYMENT-Continued \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Seasonally Adjusted \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Production workers on mig. payrolls-Continued Durable goods-Continued \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Electrical equipment and supplies......thous.. \& 1,341 \& 1,264 \& 1,313 \& 1,294 \& 1,297 \& 1,289 \& 1,266 \& 1,258 \& 1,213 \& 1, 181 \& 1,188 \& 1,181 \& 1,175 \& -1,179 \& -1,176 \& 1,191 <br>
\hline Transportation equipment.............-. - do. \& 1,456 \& 1,254 \& 1,345 \& 1,317 \& 1,309 \& 1,290 \& 1,285 \& 1,286 \& 977 \& 967 \& 1,239 \& 1,254 \& 1,239 \& r 1,226 \& r 1,226 \& 1,220 <br>
\hline Instruments and related products .-....- do \& 294 \& ${ }^{278}$ \& 289 \& ${ }^{236}$ \& 280 \& 278 \& 274 \& 273 \& ${ }^{267}$ \& 264 \& 262 \& 261 \& ${ }_{318}^{258}$ \& 255 \& +255 \& ${ }^{257}$ <br>
\hline Miscellaneous manufacturing ind.......-do \& 344 \& 327 \& 332 \& 329 \& 327 \& 324 \& 323 \& 322 \& 316 \& 312 \& 320 \& 318 \& 318 \& 316 \& ${ }^{5} 315$ \& 318 <br>
\hline Nondurable goods. \& 6,120 \& 6, 005 \& 6,071 \& 5,994 \& 6,006 \& 6, 008 \& 5,955 \& 5,961 \& 5,901 \& 5,903 \& 5,910 \& 5,916 \& 5,901 \& 5,904 \& 5,911 \& 5,912 <br>
\hline Food and kindred products.............. do \& 1,205 \& 1,209 \& 1,217 \& 1,216 \& 1,214 \& 1,203 \& 1, 198 \& 1,193 \& 1,184 \& 1,194 \& I, 197 \& 1,199 \& 1,202 \& +1,197 \& 1,191 \& 1,178 <br>
\hline Tobacco manufactures.....................d. ${ }^{\text {d }}$ \& 69 \& 66 \& 67 \& 68 \& 67 \& 67 \& 69 \& 63 \& 63 \& 64 \& 62 \& 63 \& 63 \& 61 \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 63$ \& 62 <br>
\hline Textile mill products --......-.-..........do. \& 881 \& 847 \& 860 \& 852 \& 842 \& 839 \& 837 \& 839 \& 830 \& 828 \& 831 \& 835 \& 830 \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 826$ \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 826$ \& 828 <br>
\hline Apparel and other textile products.......do \& 1,241 \& 1,214 \& 1,221 \& 1,206 \& 1,214 \& 1,223 \& 1,206 \& 1,210 \& 1,196 \& 1,200 \& 1,207 \& 1,208 \& 1,199 \& 1,212 \& +1,219 \& 1,222 <br>
\hline Paper and allied products.................do. \& 552 \& 547 \& 556 \& 551 \& 549 \& 544 \& 540 \& , 543 \& 535 \& 538 \& 536 \& 535 \& 532 \& r 530 \& r 531 \& ,529 <br>
\hline Printing and publishing--.-.---........do. \& 682 \& 682 \& 687 \& 681 \& 679
603 \& 680 \& 676 \& 680 \& ${ }_{676}^{676}$ \& 675
597 \& 677 \& 673
595 \& ${ }_{503}^{672}$ \& + 670 \& - 667 \& 669
595 <br>
\hline Chemicals and allied products --.-.-.... do \& 622 \& 606 \& ${ }_{6} 10$ \& ${ }_{606}$ \& ${ }^{603}$ \& 605 \& 602 \& 606 \& 603 \& 597
116 \& 595
116 \& 595
117 \& 593
117 \& $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } 591 \\ +118 \\ \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& r 591

117 \& 595 <br>
\hline Petroleum and coal products...........- do \& 113 \& 117 \& 118 \& 118 \& 118 \& 118 \& 117 \& 115 \& 116 \& 116
419 \& 419 \& 420 \& 424 \& ${ }_{+}{ }^{4} 431$ \& ${ }_{-43}$ \& 117 <br>
\hline Leather and leather products..-.........-do. \& ${ }_{296}$ \& 280
280 \& 285 \& 284 \& ${ }_{280}^{484}$ \& $\stackrel{444}{285}$ \& ${ }_{277}^{433}$ \& ${ }_{276}$ \& ${ }_{225}$ \& ${ }_{272}$ \& 270 \& 271 \& ${ }_{269}$ \& 268 \& + 273 \& ${ }_{271}$ <br>
\hline HOURS AND MAN-HOURS \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Seasonally Adjusted \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Average weekly gross hours per production worker on payrolls of private nonagric. estab. § . .hours. \& \& \& 37.2 \& 37.1 \& 37.2 \& 37.3 \& 37.2 \& 36.8 \& 36.9 \& 36.9
36.8 \& 37.0 \& 37. 1 \& 36.9
36 \& 37.0
36.8 \& +37.0
+36.7 \& 37.0 <br>
\hline Not seasonally adjusted --..-.......-...- do. - \& 37.7

43.0 \& | 37.2 |
| :--- |
| 42.7 | \& 36.9

43.1 \& 37.0
42.6 \& 37.4
42
4 \& $\begin{array}{r}37.6 \\ 42.5 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 37.6
42.2 \& 37.0
42.0 \& 37.0
42.7 \& 36.8
42.8 \& 37.1

43.0 \& | 36.7 |
| :--- |
| 42.8 | \& 36.6

42.7 \& 36.8
42.9 \& +36.0
+42.4 \& 36.9
42.8 <br>
\hline Contract construction.................................. \& 37.9 \& 37.4 \& 38.3 \& 38.1 \& 37.6 \& 37.4 \& 37.3 \& 35.1 \& 36.9 \& 37.1 \& 38.0 \& 37.1 \& 36.8 \& 37.9 \& r 37.4 \& 37.0 <br>
\hline Manufacturing: Not seasonally adjusted ..-do. \& 40.6 \& 39.8 \& 39.7 \& 39.8 \& 40.0 \& 39.9 \& 39.8 \& 39.6 \& 39.6 \& 39.7 \& 39.9 \& 39.6 \& 39.4 \& 39.7 \& - 39.4 \& 39.9 <br>
\hline Seasonally adjusted.-.....do \& \& \& 40.0 \& 39.8 \& 39.8 \& 40.1 \& 39.8 \& 39.3 \& 39.4 \& 39.6 \& 39.6 \& 39.8 \& 39.5 \& 39.9 \& + 39.7 \& 39.9 <br>
\hline Overtime hours.--.....................do \& 3.6 \& 3.0 \& 3.0 \& 2.9 \& 3.1 \& 3.0 \& 3.0 \& 2.8 \& 2.8 \& 2.7 \& 2.7 \& 2.8 \& 2.9 \& 2.8 \& 2.8 \& 2.8 <br>
\hline Durable goods.-.........................do. \& 41.3 \& 40.3 \& 40.4 \& 40.3 \& 40.4 \& 40.7 \& 40.3 \& 39.8 \& 39.9 \& 40.0 \& 40.1 \& 40.4 \& 40.1 \& 40.5 \& -40.1 \& 40. 5 <br>
\hline Overtime hours. .-...................d. ${ }^{\text {d }}$ \& 3.8 \& 2.9 \& 3.0 \& 3.0 \& 3.2 \& 3.1 \& 2.9 \& 2.7 \& 2.6 \& 2.5 \& 2.6 \& 2.7 \& 2.8 \& 2.8 \& $r 2.8$ \& 2.8 <br>
\hline Ordnance and accessor \& 40.4 \& 40.6 \& 41.1 \& 40.8 \& 40.6 \& 40.3 \& 40.4 \& 39.7 \& 40.1 \& 40.2 \& 40.6 \& 41.2 \& 41. 7 \& 42.1 \& ${ }^{4} 41.6$ \& 41.8 <br>
\hline Lumber and wood product \& 40.2 \& 39.7 \& 39.8 \& 39.7 \& 39.6 \& 39.8 \& 39.8 \& 39.6 \& 39.2 \& 39.9 \& 39.9 \& 39.4 \& 40.1 \& 40.0 \& 40.1 \& 40.1 <br>
\hline Furniture and fixtures.................do \& 40.4 \& 39.2 \& 39.3 \& 38.8 \& 38.9 \& 39.3 \& 39.0 \& 38.3 \& 39.2 \& 39.4 \& 39.6 \& 39.5 \& 39.3 \& 39.7
4
4 \& +

+41.5
41.5 \& 40.1 <br>
\hline Stone, clay, and glass products.........do \& 4.0 \& 41.3 \& 41.6 \& 41.3 \& 41.1 \& 41.2 \& 41.0 \& 40.9 \& 41.0 \& 41.1 \& 41.4
39.9 \& 41.2
40.3 \& 41.4
40 \& 41.8

40.7 \& |  |
| ---: |
| 40.2 |
| 40.7 | \& ${ }_{41.1}^{4}$ <br>

\hline Primary metal industries \& 41.8
41.6 \& 40.4
40.7 \& 40.1
40.9 \& 40.2
40.6 \& 40.4
40.9 \& 40.7
41.3 \& 40.4

40.6 \& | 40.9 |
| :--- |
| 39.8 | \& 39.9

40.1 \& 39.6
40.0 \& 39.9
40.3 \& 40.3
40.5 \& 40.6
40.2 \& 40.7
40.3 \& 40.7
+40.0 \& 41.1
40.4 <br>
\hline Machinery, except electrical.-...........do \& 42.5 \& 41.1 \& 41.4 \& 41. 1 \& 41.1 \& 41.1 \& 40.9 \& 40.1 \& 40.4 \& 40.6 \& 40.4 \& 40.2 \& 40.1 \& 40.2 \& 40.0 \& 40.4 <br>
\hline Electrical equipment and supplies.....do \& 40.4 \& 39.9 \& 40.0 \& 39.7 \& 39.5 \& 40.4 \& 39.9 \& 39.2 \& 39.7 \& 39.6 \& 39.7 \& 39.8 \& 39.2 \& 39.8 \& 39.8 \& 40.0 <br>
\hline Transportation equipment--.-.-.....-do \& 41.5 \& 40.3 \& 39.7 \& 40.3 \& 41.6 \& 41.2 \& 40.7 \& 39.8 \& 39.8 \& 39.9 \& 40.2 \& 41.3 \& 41.5 \& +41.9 \& $\bigcirc 40.2$ \& 40.5 <br>
\hline Nondurable goods......................... do \& 39.7 \& 30.1 \& 39.4 \& 39.1 \& 39.0 \& 39.3 \& 39.1 \& 38.6 \& 38.9 \& 38.9 \& 39.1 \& 39.3 \& 38.9 \& 39.1 \& 39.2 \& 39.3 <br>
\hline 0 vertime hours. ....................... do \& 3.4 \& 3.0 \& 3.0 \& 3.0 \& 3.0 \& 2.9 \& 3.0 \& 2.8 \& 2.8 \& 2.8 \& 2.9 \& 2.9 \& 2.9 \& 2.9 \& +2.9 \& 2.9 <br>
\hline Food and kindred products .-............do \& 40.8 \& 40.5 \& 40.6 \& 40.7 \& 40.3 \& 40.2 \& 40.7 \& 40.0 \& 40.5 \& 40.4 \& 40.5 \& 40.8 \& 40.7 \& 40.4 \& 40.4 \& 40.4 <br>
\hline Tobacco manufactures................- do \& 37.4 \& 37.8 \& 38.3 \& 37.1 \& 37.4 \& 37.9 \& 37.4 \& 36.1 \& 38.1 \& 38.4 \& 39.0 \& 39,4 \& 36. 1 \& 37.9 \& + 38.9 \& 39.0 <br>
\hline Textile mill products..--...-.-.-.....-dio \& 40.8 \& 39.9 \& 40.6 \& 39.8 \& 40.0 \& 40.3 \& 39.9 \& 38.8 \& 39.6 \& 39.6 \& 39.7 \& ${ }^{40.4}$ \& 40. 1 \& $\stackrel{40.3}{ }$ \& ${ }^{-} 40.6$ \& $\stackrel{40.9}{ }$ <br>
\hline Apparel and other textile products....do \& 35.9 \& 35.3 \& 35.5 \& 35.1 \& 35.2 \& 35.5 \& 35.1 \& 34.2 \& 34.9 \& 35.4 \& 35.4 \& 35.2 \& 34.7 \& - 35.2 \& - 35.0 \& 35.1 <br>
\hline Paper and allied products.-.......-...-do. \& 43.0 \& 41.9 \& 42.1 \& 41.8 \& 41.6 \& 41.7 \& 41.7 \& 41.4 \& 41.7 \& 41.6 \& 41.5 \& 41.9 \& 41.8 \& 41.8 \& - 42.2 \& 42.1 <br>
\hline Printing and publishing --.-...-...- do \& 38.4 \& 37.7 \& 37.9 \& 37.7 \& 37.7 \& 37.9 \& 37.6 \& 37.4 \& 37.4 \& 37.5 \& 37. 6 \& 37.7 \& 37. 3 \& 37.5 \& - 37.5 \& 37.7 <br>
\hline Chemicals and allied products-----.- do \& 41.8 \& 41. 6 \& 41.4 \& 41.5 \& 41.5 \& 41.5 \& 41.3 \& 42.0 \& 41.3 \& 41.3 \& 41.4 \& 41.6 \& 41. 5 \& 41.4 \& 41.7 \& 41.7 <br>
\hline Petroleum and coal products.-.-.-.....do \& 42.6 \& 42.7 \& 41.9 \& 42.5 \& 42.6 \& 42.6 \& 43.1 \& 43.0 \& 43.2 \& 43.0 \& 43.5 \& 42.6 \& 43.3 \& 42.2 \& $\stackrel{42.0}{ }$ \& 42.4 <br>
\hline Rubber and plastics products, nec.-.-.do \& 41.1 \& 40.3 \& 40.7 \& 40.0 \& 40.4 \& 40.8 \& 40.4 \& 40.0 \& 39.6 \& 39.4 \& 39.5 \& $\stackrel{40.1}{ }$ \& 40.0 \& 40.2 \& - 40.3 \& ${ }^{40.4}$ <br>
\hline Leather and leather products....-....-d. \& 37.2 \& 37.3 \& 37.4 \& 37.7 \& 37.6 \& 37.6 \& 36.8 \& 36.5 \& 37.0 \& 37.1 \& 37.3 \& 37.0 \& 36.6 \& 37.4 \& - 38.3 \& 38.1 <br>
\hline Trans., comm., elec., gas, etc*..............do \& 40.7 \& 40.5 \& 40.2 \& 40.6 \& 40.6 \& 40.7 \& 40.6 \& 40.5 \& 40.5 \& 40.2 \& 39.9 \& 40.1 \& 40.3 \& 40.5 \& $\stackrel{+}{40.5}$ \& 40.8 <br>
\hline Wholesale and retail trade..................do \& 35.6 \& 35.3 \& 35. 3 \& 35. 4 \& 35.4 \& 35.4 \& 35.4 \& 35.2 \& 35.3 \& 35. 3 \& 35.1 \& 35.0 \& 35.0 \& 35. 0 \& - 35.2 \& 35. 2 <br>
\hline Wholesale trade................................do \& 40.2 \& 40.0
33
3.8 \& 40.1 \& 40.1 \& 39.9
39 \& 40.0 \& 39.9 \& 39.7
3
3 \& 39.9
39 \& 39.8
3.8
3.8 \& \& 39.7
33 \& \& $\begin{array}{r}+39.7 \\ +336 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& \& 39.7
33
3 <br>
\hline Retail trade................-..........- do

Finance, insurance, and real estate \& \begin{tabular}{l}
34.2 <br>
3.1 <br>
\hline

 \& 

33.8 <br>
36.8 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular} \& 33.7

36.9 \& 33.9
36.8 \& 33.8
36.7
3 \& 33.9
36.8 \& 33.9
36.9

3 \& | 33.8 |
| :--- |
| 36.7 | \& 33.8

36.7 \& | 33.8 |
| :--- |
| 36.8 | \& 33.6

36.6 \& 33.6

36.7 \& | 33.5 |
| :--- |
| 36.8 | \& 33.6

36.9 \& 33.8
36.9 \& 33.7
37.0 <br>
\hline Services*......................................do. \& 34.7 \& 34.5 \& 34.4 \& 34.5 \& 34.4 \& 36.8
34.6 \& 34.7 \& 34.5 \& 34.4 \& 34.4 \& 34.4 \& 34.2 \& 34.2 \& - 34.1 \& 34.2 \& 34.1 <br>
\hline Seasonally Adjusted \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Man-hours, all wage and salary workers, nonagric. establishments, for 1 week in the month, seas. adjusted at annual rate†..........bil. man-hours.. \& 139.09 \& 138.59 \& 139.74 \& 139.05 \& 138.39 \& 138.70 \& 138.24 \& 138.09 \& 137.04 \& 136.97 \& 137.32 \& 137.55 \& 136.76 \& -137.89 \& - 137.74 \& 138.31 <br>
\hline Man-hour indexes (aggregate weekly), industrial and construction ind., total $1 .--\ldots-1967=100$. \& 103.9 \& 97.4 \& 100.3 \& 98.3 \& 97.9 \& 97.9 \& 96.6 \& 94.6 \& 92.4 \& 92.1 \& 94.6 \& 94.1 \& 93.2 \& -94.0 \& \& 94.1 <br>
\hline Mining .-....................................-do. \& 101.6 \& 101.1 \& 102.2 \& 100.2 \& 99.9 \& 99.7 \& 99.0 \& 99.0 \& 100.8 \& 101.7 \& 101.8 \& 101.7 \& 101.1 \& +101. 5 \& r 100.1 \& 101.5 <br>
\hline Contract construction.--....................do \& 107.4 \& 102.4 \& 107.8 \& 104.4 \& 102.1 \& 101.4 \& 100.8 \& 93.1 \& 98.6 \& 100.0 \& 103.0 \& 97.6 \& 95.3 \& 100.2 \& -100.5 \& 98.7 <br>
\hline Manufacturing \& 103.3 \& 96.4 \& 99.0 \& 97.1 \& 97.1 \& 97.2 \& 95.8 \& 94.7 \& 91.1 \& 90.4 \& 92.9 \& 93.3 \& 92.5 \& 92.7 \& r92.5 \& 93.1 <br>
\hline  \& 103.6 \& 94.2 \& 97.5 \& 95.7 \& 95.6 \& 95.5 \& 93.9 \& 92.9 \& 86.9 \& 85.7 \& 89.6 \& 89.8 \& 89.2 \& - 89.3 \& -88.6 \& 89.5 <br>
\hline Ordnance and accessories .............do. \& 102.1 \& 75.6 \& 80.9 \& 79.2 \& 76.5 \& 72.7 \& 71.7 \& 69.9 \& 67.3 \& 65.3 \& 63.7 \& 62.4 \& 60.8 \& '59.1 \& r 56.7 \& 57.5 <br>
\hline Lumber and wood products..............do. \& 101.8 \& 95.1 \& 96.1 \& 95.3 \& 93.9 \& 93.6 \& 93.6 \& 93.9 \& 93.0 \& 94.1 \& 93.3 \& 92.9 \& 95.3 \& r 95.1 \& r95.1 \& 95.9 <br>
\hline Furniture and fixtures.--...............do \& 107.0 \& 38.1
100.6 \& 100. 2 \& 96. 1 \& 95.6 \& 96.8 \& 95.8 \& 95.4 \& $\stackrel{96.9}{98}$ \& 97.1 \& ${ }_{9}^{96.8}$ \& ${ }_{96} 98$ \& ${ }_{96} 96.1$ \& ${ }^{+97.0}$ \& -97.1
-97.1 \& 99.9
98.5 <br>
\hline Stone, clay, and glass products.-.......do \& 106. 1 \& 100.6 \& 102.4 \& 100.5 \& 99.8 \& 98.9 \& 98.6 \& 99.3 \& 98.6 \& 97.8 \& 99.3 \& 98.3 \& 98.7 \& 99.1 \& r 97.9 \& 98.5 <br>
\hline Primary metal industries...............do- \& 104.1 \& 96.2 \& 96.6 \& 95.7 \& 95.9 \& 96.5 \& 95.7 \& 98.3 \& 92.1 \& 89.2 \& 90.7 \& 91.8 \& 92.5 \& r 93.1 \& r 93.0 \& 94.0 <br>
\hline Fabricated metal products.............d. do. \& 105. 6 \& \& 101.0 \& 98.5 \& 98.9 \& 100.0 \& 98.5 \& 97.2 \& 91.9 \& 90.1 \& 94.1 \& 93.9 \& 93.2 \& 91.2 \& -93.3 \& 94.4 <br>
\hline Machinery, except electrical.-.............d...... \& 100.5 \& 92.4 \& 97.1 \& 94.5 \& 93.2 \& 92.8 \& 90.4 \& 88.2 \& 85.5 \& 84.9 \& 83.8 \& 82.1 \& 81.1 \& -80.7 \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 79.6$ \& 80.1 <br>
\hline Electrical equipment and supplies.....do. \& 101.9 \& 94.9 \& 98.8 \& 96.7 \& 96.4 \& 98.0 \& 95.1 \& 92.8 \& 90.6 \& 88.0 \& 88.8 \& 88.5 \& 86.7 \& \& $r 88.1$ \& 89.7 <br>
\hline Transportation equipment-............do \& 106.4 \& 89.1 \& 94.1 \& ${ }^{93.6}$ \& 96.0 \& 93.7 \& 92.2 \& 90.2 \& 68.6 \& 68.0 \& \& 91.3
89 \& 90.6
87
87 \& ${ }^{7} 90.6$ \& 786.9
+871 \& 87.1 <br>
\hline Instruments and related products.....-do. \& 103.2 \& 96.1 \& 100.7 \& 98.7 \& 96.5 \& 96.4 \& 94.3 \& 92.6 \& 91.5 \& 90.9
90.3 \& 89.3
93.1 \& 89.2
92.5 \& 87.3
90.1 \& 87.1
-91.1 \& $\begin{array}{r} \\ \\ \hline 81.1 \\ \hline 8.4\end{array}$ \& 88.3
92.5 <br>
\hline Miscellaneous manufacturing ind...-. -do.. \& 100. 6 \& 94.9 \& 97.1 \& 95.4 \& 94.6 \& 95.0 \& 93.5 \& 92.0 \& 90.7 \& 90.3 \& 93.1 \& 92.5 \& 90.1 \& -91.1 \& 91.4 \& 92.5 <br>
\hline Nondurable goods......................- do. \& 102.8 \& 99.5 \& 101.2 \& 99.2 \& 99.4 \& 99.8 \& 98.5 \& 97.3 \& 97.1 \& 97.4 \& 97.7 \& 98.3 \& 97.3 \& 97.7 \& ¢98. 1 \& 98.3 <br>
\hline Food and kindred products............do \& 101.3 \& 100.9 \& 101.8 \& 101.9 \& 100.8 \& 99.6 \& 100.4 \& 98.3 \& 98.8 \& 99. 3 \& 99.8 \& 100.7 \& 100.7 \& +99.6 \& r 99.1 \& 98.0 <br>
\hline Tobacco manufactures. \& 90.2 \& 87.2 \& 90.1 \& 88.6 \& 88.0 \& 89.2 \& 90.6 \& 79.8 \& 84.3 \& 86.3 \& 84.9 \& 87.1 \& 79.8 \& 81.2 \& -86. 1 \& 84.9 <br>
\hline Textile mill products \& 103.5 \& 97.3 \& 100.5 \& 97.6 \& 96.9 \& 97.3 \& 96.1 \& 93.7 \& 94.6 \& 94.3 \& 94.9 \& 97.1 \& 95.8 \& -95.8 \& ${ }^{-96.5}$ \& 97.4 <br>
\hline Apparel and other textile products.....do.... \& 100.0 \& 96.1 \& 97.3 \& 95.0 \& 95.9 \& 97.5 \& 95.0 \& 92.9 \& 93.7 \& 95.4 \& 95.9 \& 95.4 \& 93.4 \& r 95.8 \& r95.8 \& 96.3 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

- Revised. p Preliminary.

TBeginning with the June 1970 SuRVEY, payroll employment, hours, earnin Busintess Statistics are in accordance with 1969 and new seasonal factors. Data in the 1969
with current estimates nor with the revised historical statistics in the BLS 1970 Bulletin No. 1312-7. "EMPLOYMENT AND EARNINGS UYITED STITES, 1909-70" (\$4.25), available from the Superintendent of Documents, Govt. Printing Office, Wash., D.C. 20402.

| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |

## LABOR FORCE, EMPLOYMENT, AND EARNINGS-Continued

| HOURS AND MAN-HOURS-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Man-hour indexes, seas. adjusted-Contin |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing indus., nondurable goods-Con. Paper and allied products. $1967=100$ | 105.2 | 101.7 | 104.0 | 102.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Printing and publishing...-.-..............do.. | 103.0 | 101.4 | 102.6 | 101.1 | 100.8 | 100.7 101.5 | 100.0 100.1 | 100.2 | 99.6 | 99.7 | 98.8 100.3 | 99.6 100.0 | 98.8 98.7 | r98.4 r 99.0 | r 99.5 +98.5 +9.5 | 98.9 99.4 |
| Chemicals and allied products | 105.7 | 102.4 | 102. 6 | 102.2 | 101.7 | 102.0 | 101.0 | 103.4 | 101.2 | 100.2 | 100.1 | 100.6 | 100.0 | - 99.4 | + 100.1 | 100.8 |
| Petroleum and coal products.. | 98.2 | 102.5 | 101.1 | 102.5 | 102.8 | 102.8 | 103.1 | 101. 1 | 102.5 | 102.0 | 103.2 | 101.9 | 103.6 | - 101.8 | - 100.5 | 101. 4 |
| Rubber and plastics products, nec.-...do. | 115.1 | 107.0 | 111.5 | 100.3 | 106.8 | 110.3 | 106.5 | 106.2 | 102.0 | 100.5 | 100.8 | 102.5 | 103.3 | + 105.5 | г 106. 2 | 108.5 |
| Leather and leather products..........d.do. | 95.0 | 90.2 | 92.0 | 92.4 | 92.8 | 92.5 | 88.0 | 86.9 | 87.8 | 87.1 | 86.9 | 86.5 | 84.9 | 86.5 | +90.2 | 89.1 |
| WEEKLY AND HOURLY EARNINGS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Not Seasonally Adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Avg. weekly gross earnings per prod. worker on payrolls of private nonagric. estab. \&...dollars. | 114.61 | 120. 16 | 117.34 | 118. 40 | 120.05 | 121.45 | 122. 20 | 121. 73 | 121.36 | 121.07 | 122.43 | 122.58 | 122. 61 | 124.02 | -124.05 | 125. 46 |
|  | 154. 80 | 163.97 | 163.35 | 162.26 | 163.88 | 163.88 | 163.97 | 164. 55 | 168.56 | 168.70 | 170.25 | 168.75 | 167. 60 | 168.40 | r 170.45 | 172.89 |
| Contract construction.....-.................. do | 181. 16 | 195. 23 | 192.91 | 194.31 | 196.99 | 200. 20 | 204. 05 | 194.03 | 203. 79 | 196. 57 | 203.08 | 198.55 | 196.32 | 204.42 | r203.87 | 206. 46 |
| Manufacturing establishments...-.........- - - d | 129.51 | 133.73 | 131.80 | 132.93 | 134.40 | 134.46 | 134. 13 | 135.43 | 133.45 | 134. 58 | 138.45 | 138.60 | 138. 29 | 139.74 | - 139,08 | 141.65 |
| Durable goods | 140.01 | 143.47 | 141.50 | 143.07 | 144.94 | 143.87 | 143.92 | 145.56 | 142.76 | 143.56 | 149.45 | 149.57 | 149.23 | 151.50 | +150.02 | 153.09 |
| Ordnance and accessorie | 138.17 | 146. 57 | 146. 06 | 146.47 | 146. 11 | 143.28 | 145. 52 | 146.00 | 147. 53 | 151.07 | 154.54 | 156.83 | 155.32 | 157.59 | -157.35 | 160.09 |
| Lumber and wood produc | 110.15 | 117.51 | 114.62 | 117.09 | 119.50 | 118. 31 | 122.31 | 121.70 | 120.78 | 120.78 | 119.89 | 117.09 | 120.56 | - 122. 40 | $\bigcirc 123.11$ | 126. 77 |
| Furniture and fixtures. | 105.85 | 108.58 | 105. 65 | 105.88 | 107.92 | 107.86 | 111.00 | 108.92 | 111. 72 | 111.56 | 114.33 | 110.09 | 109.91 | 112.29 | -111.25 | 114. 34 |
| Stone, clay, and glass prod | 133. 98 | 140.42 | 139.03 | 140. 27 | 141.10 | 141.25 | 142.35 | 142.83 | 143.66 | 144.20 | 144.96 | 142. 21 | 144. 13 | -147. 44 | ¢147.55 | 151. 01 |
| Primary metal industries. | 158.42 | 159.18 | 156.35 | 157.56 | 159.54 | 159.96 | 160.80 | 166. 46 | 157.61 | 157.21 | 161.60 | 164.83 | 166. 05 | 168. 50 | ¢ 170.97 | 173.46 |
| Fabricated metal products | 138.94 | 143.67 | 142.10 | 143. 26 | 145. 49 | 144. 79 | 144.89 | 145.44 | 142.61 | 142.31 | 147. 78 | 147.17 | 146.07 | 146. 40 | r 146.89 | 156. 26 |
| Machinery, except electrical | 152.15 | 154.95 | 155. 25 | 154.95 | 155.32 | 153.06 | 152. 31 | 152.76 | 153. 92 | 155.09 | 157.49 | 155.57 | 156.39 | 159.17 | r 158.00 | 159. 98 |
| Electrical equip. and supplies............do | 124.84 | 131.27 | 128.30 | 129.49 | 130.68 | 132.14 | 131.74 | 131.54 | 132.47 | 134.00 | 138.23 | 135. 83 | 134.85 | 137.76 | 136. 72 | 139.65 |
| Transportation equipment.-........... do | 161.85 | 164. 02 | 156.80 | 164.02 | 170.56 | 166. 06 | 164. 40 | 167.66 | 162.41 | 164.02 | 176.71 | 182.10 | 181.56 | +183. 40 | r175. 08 | 180.67 |
| Instruments and related products.......do | 128.21 | 133.93 | 132.59 | 132.00 | 133.39 | 132.87 | 133.73 | 134.64 | 136.00 | 137.08 | 138.00 | 136.28 | 135. 98 | 137.76 | r 137.46 | 139.30 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing ind | 103.74 | 109.52 | 108.64 | 108. 47 | 108.75 | 108. 29 | 108.85 | 109.16 | 110.30 | 112.03 | 113.88 | 112.22 | 111.72 | r 114.07 | r 113.58 | 113.78 |
| Nondurable goods ---...-..........-. - do | 115. 53 | 120.43 | 118.56 | 118.95 | 119.95 | 121. 44 | 121. 04 | 122.15 | 122.07 | 123.17 | 124. 58 | 124.09 | 123.84 | 124.87 | 125.32 | 127.01 |
| Food and kindred products. ........... do | 120.77 | 127.98 | 124.49 | 127.98 | 127.58 | 128. 61 | 128.96 | 130.56 | 129.92 | 131.54 | 133.09 | 134. 13 | 133. 20 | 133.27 | 134.19 | 135. 07 |
| Tobacco manufactures.................. do | 97.99 | 110.38 | 110.56 | 110.03 | 115. 14 | 113.63 | 104.81 | 108. 29 | 111. 50 | 112.81 | 119.10 | 115.28 | 107. 81 | $r 114.45$ | r 120.64 | 125. 39 |
| Textile mill products.-........................do | 95.47 | 97.76 | 96. 56 | 96.47 | 97.93 | 96.96 | 97.60 | 96.19 | 99.75 | 100.80 | 101.45 | 101. 60 | 101.60 | r 102.51 | +101. 75 | 104.86 |
| Apparel and other textile products.....do | 82.93 | 84.37 | 83.90 | 82.84 | 84.25 | 84.61 | 85.56 | 83.45 | 84.46 | 86.38 | 86.49 | 85.61 | 86.06 | -87.79 | r 85.85 | 86.70 |
| Paper and allied products..............do | 139.32 | 144. 14 | 140. 53 | 142.12 | 142.61 | 144. 70 | 146. 23 | 147.97 | 147.07 | 147.55 | 148.75 | 147.74 | 148.21 | r 149.76 | - 150.90 | 152.82 |
| Printing and publishing -................do | 141.70 | 147.78 | 145. 15 | 145.89 | 147.03 | 148. 18 | 149.31 | 151.18 | 150.38 | 150.75 | 153.90 | 151.03 | 151. 37 | 153.38 | r 154. 05 | 156. 79 |
| Chemicals and allied product | 145. 05 | 153.50 | 150. 18 | 151.42 | 152.72 | 153. 59 | 153.68 | 158.76 | 155.70 | 157.29 | 158.08 | 157. 77 | 158.59 | 158.88 | r 162.15 | 161.77 |
| Petroleum and coal products ........... do | 170. 40 | 182.33 | 179.77 | 181.90 | 181.04 | 184.45 | 184.03 | 187. 49 | 187.05 | 186.62 | 185. 76 | 185. 64 | 189.50 | 187. 26 | -193.31 | 195.57 |
| Rubber and plasties products, nec.....do | 126. 18 | 128.96 | 127.35 | 123. 29 | 127.26 | 129.68 | 130.41 | 132.03 | 129.60 | 130.61 | 132.47 | 132.47 | 131.47 | 132.47 | r 133.27 | 135.41 |
| Leather and leather products. | 87.79 | 92.88 | 90.02 | 93.38 | 94.87 | 93. 99 | 91.76 | 90.86 | 92.00 | 93.37 | 96.27 | 95.23 | 95. 20 | 96.09 | +95.98 | 98.16 |
| Trans., comm., elec., gas, etc.*-.-.-.-.... do | 147.74 | 155.93 | 149.25 | 153. 12 | 156. 29 | 159.06 | 159. 51 | 159.95 | 159.96 | 159.58 | 158.40 | 159.20 | 161.60 | -161. 60 | 162.41 | 165.60 |
| Wholesale and retail trade-......-----.-...- do | 91. 14 | 95.66 137 | 93.88 | 94. 50 | 96.12 | 98.10 | 98.74 | 97.08 | 96. 88 | 96. 95 | 97.08 | 97.51 | 97.92 | ᄃ 98.55 | - 98.83 | 99. 53 |
| Wholesale trade-.........-.-.-.................. do | 129.85 | 137. 60 | 135.66 | 136.06 | 136.80 | 137.83 | 138.35 | 137.76 | 139.25 | 139.74 | 141.15 | 141.37 | 141.45 | r 142.16 | 142.63 | 143.78 |
| Retail trade..............-.-.--....................do | 78. 66 | 82.47 | 80.25 | 81.41 | 82.86 | 85.16 | 85. 40 | 84.07 | 83. 08 | 83.17 | 83.73 | 83. 66 | 84.07 | +84.66 | 85.17 | 85. 58 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate.......... do | 108.33 | 112.98 97 | 111.81 | 111.57 | 111.57 | 112.61 | 113.65 | 113.09 | 114.82 | 115. 55 | 115.61 | 117.07 | 118.86 | 119.56 | r 119.93 | 121.03 |
|  | 91.26 | 97.98 | 95.70 | 96.04 | 96.95 | 38.77 | 99.75 | 99.76 | 99.81 | 100.84 | 101.48 | 101.62 | 102.30 | r 102.30 | r 102.30 | 102.04 |
| Spendable earnings per worker (with 3 dependents), total private sector§ - . current dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 99.97 | 105.16 90.42 | ${ }^{102.95}$ | 103.77 89.69 | 105.08 90.35 | 106.18 90.99 | 106.78 91.34 | 106.40 90.55 | 106.11 89.85 | 105.88 89.35 | $\begin{array}{r}106.96 \\ 89.81 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 107.83 90.46 | 107.85 90.33 | 108.95 90.94 | 108.97 90.66 |  |
| Manufacturing.-.-- .-..-.----- current dollars.- | 111. 44 | 115.90 | 114.37 | 115. 27 | 116. 43 | 116.48 | 116. 22 | 117.25 | 115.68 | 116.58 | 119.66 | 120. ${ }^{\text {965 }}$ | 120.31 | 121.47 | 120.94 |  |
| 1967 dollars.- | 101.49 | 99.66 | 99.28 | 99.63 | 100.11 | 99.81 | 99.42 | 99.79 | 97.95 | 98.38 | 100.47 | 101. 13 | 100.76 | 101.39 | 100.62 |  |
| A vg. hourly gross earnings per prod. worker on payrolls of private nonagric. estab. $\qquad$ dollars. | 3.04 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3.60 | 3.23 3.84 | 3.18 3.79 | 3. 20 | 3.21 3.82 | 3.23 <br> 3.82 | 3.25 <br> 3.84 | 3. 29 3.89 | 3. 28 3.92 | 3.29 <br> 3.96 | 3.30 3.95 | 3.34 <br> 3.98 | 3.35 4.00 | 3.37 4.00 | r + +4.38 4.02 | 3.40 4.03 |
|  | 4. 78 | 3.84 | 3. 5 5.09 | 3.8 5.10 | 3. <br> 5.13 | 3.82 5.20 | 3. <br> 5 <br> 5 | 3.89 5.36 | 3.92 5.42 | 3.96 5.43 | 3.95 5.43 | 3.98 5.50 | 4. 00 5.53 | 4. 00 5.51 | + 4.02 +5.51 | 4. 03 5.58 |
| Manufacturing.................-................................... | 3. 19 | 3. 32 | 3. 32 | 3. 34 | 3. 36 | 3. 37 | 5. 38 <br> 3.37 | 3.42 | 3.37 | 3. 39 | 3.47 3.4 | 3. 50 | 3. 51 | 3.52 | +3.53 | 3. 55 |
| Excluding overtime Durable goods | 3. 06 | 3.24 | 3.21 | 3.22 | 3.23 | 3. 25 | 3. 25 | 3.29 | 3. 26 | 3. 28 | 3.35 | 3. 39 | 3.40 | 3.40 | r 3.42 | 3.43 |
| Durable goods. $\qquad$ Excluding overti | 3.39 | 3.56 | 3. 52 | 3. 55 | 3. 57 | 3.57 | 3. 58 | 3. 63 | 3. 56 | 3. 58 | 3.69 | 3.73 | 3. 74 | 3.75 | -3.76 | 3.78 |
| Excluding overtime. Ordnance and accessori | 3.24 <br> 3.42 | 3.43 | 3. 30 | 3. 42 | 3. 44 | 3. 45 | 3.46 | 3.49 | 3. 44 | 3.46 | 3. 57 | 3.61 | 3. 62 | 3.63 | +3.64 | 3.66 |
| Lumber and wood prod | $\begin{array}{r}3.42 \\ 2.74 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 3. 61 | 3. 58 | 3. 59 | 3. 59 | 3. 60 | 3. 62 | 3.65 | 3.67 | 3.73 | 3.76 | 3.77 | 3.77 3 | 3.77 | +3.81 +3.07 | 3.83 |
| Furniture and fixtures. | 2. 62 | 2.77 | 2.73 | 2. 75 | 2.76 | 2.98 2.78 | 2. 81 | 3. 2.80 | 3.05 2.80 | 3.61 2.81 | 3.02 2.83 | $\stackrel{3}{2.83}$ | 2.84 | 2.85 | 3.81 +2.86 | 3.13 2.88 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products....-....do.... | 3.19 | 3.40 | 3.35 | 3. 38 | 3. 40 | 2.88 3.42 | 3. 43 | 3.45 | 2.8 3.47 | 3. 50 | 3.51 | 3. 52 | 3. 55 | 3.57 | +3.59 | 3. 63 |
| Primary metal industries. <br> Fabricated metal products $\qquad$ do. | 3. 79 | 3.94 | 3.87 | 3.90 | 3. 92 | 3.94 | 3. 99 | 4.07 | 3.99 | 3. 99 | 4.05 | 4.08 | 4. 10 | 4.13 | -4. 17 |  |
| Mabricated metal products | 3.34 3.58 3 | 3.53 | 3.80 3.75 3 | 3. 52 | 3. 54 | 3. 54 | 3. 56 | 3.60 | 3. 53 | 3. 54 | 3. 64 | 3. 3.67 | 3. 67 | 3.66 | +3.70 | 3.71 |
| Electrical equip. and suppli | 3.58 3.09 | 3.77 | 3.75 <br> 3.24 | 3.77 <br> 3.27 | 3.77 3 3 | 3. 77 | 3. 77 | 3. 80 | 3.81 | 3.82 | 3.86 | 3.87 | 3. 90 | 3.93 | +3.95 | 3.96 |
| Transportation equipment | 3.90 3.9 | 3.29 4.07 | 3.24 4.00 | 3.27 4.06 | 3. 30 4.10 | 3.32 4.08 | 3.31 <br> 4.11 <br> 1 | 3.33 4.15 | 3.32 4.01 | 3.35 4.03 | 3.43 4.31 | 3. 43 4.42 | 3. <br> 4 <br> 4.45 | 3.47 4.43 | 3.47 +4.41 | 3.50 4.45 |
| Instruments and related products.......do | 3.15 | 3.34 | 3.29 | 3. 30 | 3.31 | 4.08 3.33 | 3.36 | 3. 40 | 3. 40 | 3.41 | 3.45 | 3.45 | 3. 46 | 3.47 | +3.48 | 4. 50 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing ind.-......do | 2.66 | $\stackrel{3.83}{2.84}$ | 2.80 | 2.81 | 2.81 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.85 | 2.85 | 2.88 | 2.92 | 2.93 | 2.94 | r 2.94 | - 2.95 | 2. 94 |
| Nondurable goods .-....-.........-....... do. | 2. 91 | 3.08 | 3.04 | 3.05 | 3. 06 | 3.09 | 3.08 | 3.14 | 3.13 | 3.15 | 3.17 | 3.19 | 3. 20 | 3.21 | 3. 23 | 3. 24 |
| Food and kindred products | 2.79 | 2.97 | 2.93 | 3.05 2.94 3 | 2.95 2.95 | 2. 98 | 3.97 3 3 | 3. 02 | 3.1 3.01 3.80 | 3. 04 | 3.17 <br> 3.06 | 3. 3.08 | 3. 10 | 3.210 3.10 3 | +3.12 +3.38 | 3. 313 |
| Food and kindred prod | 2. 96 | 3. 16 | 3.12 | 3.16 2 29 | 3.15 | 3. 16 | 3. 13 | 3.20 | 3. 20 | 3.24 | 3.27 | 3. 32 | 3.33 | 3. 34 | 3.38 | 3.36 |
| Textile mill products. | 2.62 2.34 | 2.92 2.95 | 2.98 2.42 | 2.99 2.43 | 3.03 <br> 2.43 | 3. 03 | 2. 78 2.44 | 2.88 <br> 2.46 | 2.83 2.50 | 2. 2.93 | 3. 2. 53 | 3.01 2.54 | 3. <br> 2. <br>  <br>  | r 3.11 2.55 2.5 | +3.20 +2.55 | 3.24 2.57 |
| Apparel and other textile products----- do | 2.31 | 2.45 2.39 | 2.42 2.37 | 2.43 2.36 | 2.43 | 2.43 2.39 | 2. 244 | 2.46 2.44 | 2.50 2.42 | 2. 52 | 2.53 2.45 | 2.54 2.46 | 2.54 <br> 2.48 | 2. 2. 48 | +3.55 $+\quad 2.46$ | 2. 2.47 |
| Paper and allied products...............do | 3.24 | 3.44 | 3.37 | 3. 40 | 3. 42 | 2. 397 | 3. 49 | 2. 34 | 2. 42 | 3. 43 | $\stackrel{2.45}{3.55}$ | 2.46 3.56 | -3.48 | +3.60 | $\begin{array}{r}+2.46 \\ \hline 3.61\end{array}$ | 3.63 |
| Printing and publishing--.-.....---........d | 3. 69 | 3.92 | 3.85 | 3.88 | 3.90 | 3.48 | 3. 95 | 4.01 | 4. 01 | 4.02 | 4. 05 | 4.06 | 4. 08 | 4. 09 | ${ }_{+}^{+4.13}$ | 4.17 |
| Chemicals and allied products...-........do | 3.47 | 3. 69 | 3.61 | 3. 64 | 3. 68 | 3.71 | 3.73 | 3. 78 | 3.77 | 3. 79 | 3. 80 | 3. 82 | 3.84 | 3.84 | +3.87 | 3.87 |
| Petroleum and coal products. | 4.00 3.07 | 4. 27 | 4. 26 | 4.25 | 4.23 | 4.25 | 4. 26 | 4.32 | 4. 31 | 4. 33 | 4.33 | 4. 42 | 4. 48 | 4. 48 | +4.57 | 4.58 |
| Leather and leather products...---.-...-do.-..-- | 3.07 2.36 | 3.20 2.49 | 3.16 2.48 | 3.09 2.49 | 3.15 2.49 | 3. 21 | 3.22 <br> 2.48 | 3.26 <br> 2.51 | 3.24 2.50 | 3.29 2.51 | 3.32 <br> 2.54 | 3.32 2.56 | 3.32 2.58 | 3.32 2.59 | r 3.34 $r 2.58$ $r$ | 3.36 2.59 |
| Trans., comm., elec., gas, etc.*--...........d. do.... | 3. 63 | 3.85 | 3.75 | 3.79 | 3.84 | 2.48 3.87 | 3.90 | 3.93 | 3.94 | 3.95 | 3.97 | 3. 39 | 4.03 | r 4.03 | -4.05 | 4.07 |
| Wholesale and retail trade.-..................d. do...- | 2. 56 | 2.71 | 2.69 | 2. 70 | 2.70 | 3.87 2.71 | 2. 72 | 2.75 | 3. 76 | 2.77 | 2. 75 | 2.81 | 2.83 | +2.84 | 2.84 | 2. 86 |
| Wholesale trade................................. do | 3.23 | 3.44 | 3. 40 | 3. 41 | 3.42 | 3.42 | 3.45 | 3. 47 | 3. 49 | 3.52 | 3.52 | 3. 57 | 3.59 | 3. 59 | 3.62 | 3.64 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estat | 2. 30 | 2.44 | 2.41 | 2.43 | 2.43 | 2. 44 | 2. 44 | 2.48 | 2. 48 | 2.49 | 2.47 | 2.52 | 2.54 | - 2.55 | 2.55 | 2.57 |
| Finance, insurance, and real esta Services* | 2. 92 | 3.07 | 3.03 | 3.04 | 3.04 | 3. 06 | 3.08 | 3.09 | 3.12 | 3. 14 | 3.15 | 3.19 | 3.23 | 3.24 | r3.25 | 3.283.01 |
| Servic | 2.63 | 2.84 | 2. 79 | 2.80 | 2.81 | 2.83 | 2.85 | 2. 90 | 2.91 | 2. 94 | 2.95 | 2.98 | 3.00 | $3.00$ | -3.00 |  |
| Miscellaneous hourly wages: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Construction wages, 20 cities (ENR) : $0^{7}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Common labor..-...................... $\$$ per hr.- | 4. 6296.514 ${ }^{13.708}$ | 5.224 | 4.963 | $\begin{aligned} & 5.048 \\ & 7.144 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.168 \\ & 7.240 \end{aligned}$ | 5. 396 | $\begin{array}{r} 5.42 \\ 7.553 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5.427 \\ 7.61 \end{array}$ | 5. 480 | 5.527.67 | $\begin{array}{r} 5.53 \\ 7.706 \end{array}$ | 5. 629 | $\begin{aligned} & 5.629 \\ & 7.841 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5.64 \\ 7.878 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5.717 \\ 7.992 \\ 1.76 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 5. } 86 \\ & 8.21 \end{aligned}$ |
| Skilled labor-1-.............................do...- |  | 7.314 | 6. 963 |  |  | 7. 50 |  |  | 7.64 |  |  | 7.828 |  |  |  |  |
| Farm, without board or rm., ist of mo......do.... |  | 1.64 | 1. 66 |  |  | 1.66 |  |  | 1.61 |  |  | 1.76 |  |  |  |  |
| Ralroad wages (average, class I)............do..... |  | ${ }^{2} 3.893$ | 3. 819 | 3. 904 | 3.884 | 3.874 | 3.935 | 3.932 | 3.913 | 3.961 | 4. 001 |  |  |  |  |  |


$0^{\prime}$ Wages as of June 1, 1971: Common, $\$ 6.014$; skilled, $\$ 8.365$.

[^16]| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May |

## LABOR FORCE, EMPLOYMENT, AND EARNINGS-Continued



FINANCE

| BANKING |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Open market paper outstanding, end of period: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bankers' acceptances...............-.-...-mil. \$.-- | 5,451 31,709 | 7,058 31 | 5,614 38,011 | 5,801 39,724 | 5,849 37 | 5,973 36,961 | 5,979 $\mathbf{3 6}, 570$ | 5,848 33,958 | 6,167 34,401 | 6, 267 $\mathbf{3 3 , 9 6 6}$ | 7,058 | 6,912 32,295 | 6,984 32,506 | 71,174 | 7,301 |  |
| Placed through dealers. | 11,817 | 31, 12,671 | 38,011 | 13,952 | 12,989 | 12,034 | 12,044 | 12,518 | 34,401 13,084 | 13, 301 | 12,671 | 32,295 13,433 | 13, ${ }^{\text {32, }} 921$ | 31,223 13,570 | 31,367 |  |
| Placed directly (finance paper)...............do | 19,892 | 19,094 | 24,276 | 25,772 | 24,809 | 24,927 | 24,526 | 21,440 | 21, 289 | 20,665 | 19,094 | 18, 862 | 18, 585 | 17,653 | 17,878 |  |
| Agricultural loans and discounts outstanding of agencies supervised by the Farm Credit Adm.: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 13,204 | 14,773 | 14, 032 | 14,190 | 14,353 | 14,308 | 14,338 | 14,443 | 14, 573 | 14,616 | 14,773 | 14,957 | 15,206 | 15,492 | 15,718 |  |
| Farm mortgage loans: | 6, 714 | 7.186 | 6. 891 | 6,942 | 6,995 | 7,026 | 7,061 | 7, 101 | 7,137 | 7,156 | 7, 186 | 7, 210 | 7,258 | 7,347 | 7,426 |  |
| Loans to cooperatives. | 1,732 | 2,030 | 1,828 | 1,796 | 1,749 | 1, 762 | 1,778 | 1, 852 | 1,973 | 2, 020 | 2,030 | 2,119 | 2,164 | 2,153 | 2,113 |  |
| Other loans and discounts....-...........- do | 4,758 | 5,557 | 5,313 | 5,452 | 5,609 | 5,519 | 5,499 | 5,489 | 5,463 | 5,439 | 5,557 | 5,628 | 5,784 | 5,993 | 6,179 |  |
| Bank debits to demand deposit accounts, ercept interbank and U.S. Government accounts, annual rates, seasonally adjusted: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 10,164.2 | 10,015.7 | 10,136.3 | 10,207.8 | 10,550.5 | 10,552.0 | 10,780.2 | 10,533.9 | 10,896.5 | 10,710.1 | 11,535.4 | r11,443.2 | 11,679.1 |  |
| New York SMSA...........................do |  |  | 4,422.0 | 4,249. 4 | 4,366.0 | 4,324.3 | 4,770. 6 | 4,668. 1 | 4,899.8 | 4,824.0 | 5,016. 1 | 4,825.9 | 5, 477.4 | 5,309.7 | 5, 356.8 |  |
| Total 232 SMSA's (except N.Y.).-.-.-...do |  |  | 5,742.3 | 5,766.4 | 5,770.3 | 5,883.6 | 5,779.9 | 5,883.9 | 5,880.5 | 5,709.9 | 5,880.3 | 5,884.2 | 6,058.0 | -6, 133.5 | 6,322.3 |  |
| 6 other leading SMSA's $\dagger$-...-.............do. |  |  | 2,417.9 | 2,460.0 | 2,443. 3 | 2,508.2 | 2,478.8 | 2,502.9 | 2,497. 4 | 2,420. 1 | 2,480.1 | 2, 475.2 | 2,550.4 | 2,522.6 | 2,617.0 |  |
|  |  |  | 3,324.4 | 3,306.4 | 3,327.0 | 3,375.3 | 3,301.1 | 3,381.0 | 3,383.0 | 3,298.8 | 3,400.2 | 3,409.0 | 3,507.6 | -3,610.9 | 3,705.3 |  |
| Federal Reserve banks, condition, end of period: Assets, total $\%$................................................ | 84,050 | 90, 157 | 84,690 | 84,024 | 84,102 | 84,794 | 85, 708 | 87,366 | 86, 609 | 88, 464 | 90, 157 | 88,334 | 88, 536 | 90,681 | p90, 357 |  |
| Reserve bank credit outstanding, total \%..do.- Discounts and advances | 60,841 | $\begin{array}{r}66,795 \\ \hline 335\end{array}$ | 60,729 545 | 61,683 1,451 | 60,728 420 | 62, 411 | 62, 089 | 63, 297 | 63, 527 | 63, 737 | 66, 795 | 64,900 | 65, 616 | 67, 387 | 66, 665 |  |
|  | 57,154 | 62,142 | 56,508 | 1,451 57,307 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 57, } \\ \hline 14\end{array}$ | 1,292 58,597 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 59,947 } \\ \hline 5\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \hline 592 \\ \hline 975\end{array}$ | 428 60,015 | 61, 333 | 62, 142 | 61, 783 | 263 62,462 | 391 64,160 | 81 63,858 |  |
| Gold certificate accoun | 10,036 | 10,457 | 11,045 | 11,045 | 11, 045 | 11,045 | 11,045 | 10,819 | 10,819 | 10,827 | 10,457 | 10, 464 | 10, 464 | 10,464 | 10,475 |  |
|  | 84, 050 | 90,157 | 84,690 | 84,024 | 84,102 | 84, 794 | 85,708 | 87, 366 | 86,609 | 88, 464 | 90, 157 | 88, 334 | 88,536 | 90,681 | p90, 357 |  |
| Deposits, total | 24,338 | 26, 687 | 25,895 | 25,187 | 23,970 | 25, 253 | 24, 536 | 26, 037 | 26, 007 | 24, 104 | 26, 687 | 26, 441 | 26,396 | 27,748 | 26,949 |  |
| Member-bank reserve balances..........do | 22,085 | 24,150 | 23,082 | 23,041 | 21,991 | 23, 072 | 22, 557 | 23, 938 | 24, 206 | 22, 689 | 24,150 | 24, 565 | 24,409 | 25, 895 | 24,735 |  |
| Federal Reserve notes in circulation....-. do | 48,244 | 51,386 | 47,254 | 47,879 | 48,391 | 48,746 | 48,952 | 49,128 | 49,314 | 50,390 | 51, 386 | 50, 206 | 50,200 | 50,593 | 50,889 |  |

[^17]| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | End of year |  | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May |

FINANCE-Continued

| BANKING-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All member banks of Federal Reserve System, averages of daily figures: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }^{1} 28,031$ | ${ }^{1} 29,265$ | 28,096 | 27,910 | 27,567 | 28,128 | 28,349 | 28,825 | 28,701 | 28,558 | 29,265 | 30,488 | 29,880 | -29,686 | +29, 885 | 30,410 |
|  | 127,774 | : 28,993 | 27,978 | 27, 729 | 27, 380 | 27,987 | 28, 204 | 28, 553 | 28,447 | 28,432 | 28,993 | 30, 209 | 29,679 | 29,487 | - 29, 74.5 | 30, 113 |
|  | ${ }_{1}^{1} 257$ | 1272 | 118 | 181 | 187 | 141 | 145 | 272 | 254 | 120 | - 272 | 279 | 201 | r 199 | +140 +188 | ${ }^{297}$ |
| Borrowings from Federal Reserve banks...-do...- | 11,086 | ${ }_{1}^{1321}$ | 822 | 976 | 888 | 1,358 | 827 | 607 | 462 | 425 | 321 | 370 | 328 | 319 | 148 | 330 |
|  | 1-829 | 1-49 | -704 | -795 | -701 | -1,217 | -682 | -335 | -208 | -305 | -49 | -91 | -127 | , - 120 | , -8 | -33 |
| Large commercial banks reporting to Federal Reserve System, Wed. nearest end of yr. or mo.: $\ddagger$ Deposits: <br> Demand, adjustedor <br> mill. \$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 290,288 | 287,739 | 80,547 | -77,924 | -84,160 | 79,857 | -79,713 | 80, 407 | +80,780 | -83,086 | 87,739 | 82,284 | 81,234 | 82, 590 | 82,275 | 84,895 |
|  | $2 \mathrm{~L} 150,897$ | 2 147,355 | 131, 785 | '134,001 | r139,086 | 128, 669 | -131,607 | 140, 018 | 131, 023 | r139,560 | 147, 355 | 138, 249 | '135,249 | 146,456 | 141,474 | 143,367 |
| Individuals, partnerships, and corp..--do.... | 2105,605 | 2103,149 | 91, 693 | - 91,547 | + 95,253 | 91, 029 | $r$ 93,030 | 94, 516 | 92, 376 | -96,854 | 103, 149 | 94,883 | 93,744 | 99, 265 | 97, 099 | 100,470 |
| State and local governments...-.-...-. do | 27,942 | ${ }^{2}$ 6,774 | 6,458 | -6,290 | r 7, 654 | 5,695 | -6, 194 | 7,682 | 5,925 | -6,808 | 6,774 | 6,460 | 6,483 | 6,957 | 6,353 | 7,221 |
| U.S. Government. .-..........-.-.-.-..... do | ${ }^{2} 2,989$ | ${ }^{2} 4$ 4,380 | 4,281 | - 3,440 | +5,112 | 4,887 | + 3, 815 | 5,798 | 3,722 | r 4, 220 | 4, 380 | 6,563 | 4,320 | 2, 873 | 5,833 | 2,765 |
| Domestic commercial banks.........-. do. | 220,801 | 2 21, 704 | 16, 407 | r 18,960 | r 18,802 | 17,072 | - 18,235 | 20,962 | 19,382 | - 20,752 | 21, 704 | 19,651 | 20,175 | 24,704 | -20,750 | 21,991 |
| Time, total $\%$ $\qquad$ do Individuals, partnerships, and corp.: | 296,589 | 2 119, 443 | 99, 281 | \% 99,536 | r101,580 | 106, 495 | -110,633 | 113, 635 | 114,820 | r116,426 | 119, 443 | 123, 102 | 125,842 | 129, 175 | 129, 338 | 131, 141 |
|  | 2 26,490 | 248,035 | 45, 869 | r 46,113 | + 46,414 | 46,335 | - 46,327 | 46, 811 | 47, 013 | ז 47,475 | 48, 035 | 49,145 | 50,458 | 52,973 | -53,043 | 53,539 |
| Other time..--...----..-------------- do. | ${ }^{2} 36,502$ | 251,650 | 36,785 | - 37,033 | + 38,509 | 41, 862 | r 44,897 | 47, 540 | 49, 086 | r 50,376 | 51, 650 | 53,770 | 54,889 | 55, 544 | -54,797 | 55,738 |
| Loans (adjusted), totalor ${ }^{\text {a }}$ - | ${ }^{2} 175,756$ | 2r180,429 | -168,511 | r167,724 | r172,557 | -171,858 | -173,241 | -175,627 | -173,826 | r174,487 | -180,429 | -175, 201 | r175,635 | 177,240 | '177,206 | 179,953 |
| Commercial and industrial.....-.-.......do | 281,491 27 | 281,693 28,560 | 78,566 | r 78,086 | +80,094 | 79, 319 | $\bigcirc$ | 81, 154 | 79,968 | r 80,132 | 81,693 | 80,039 | 80,800 | 81, 208 | 81, 191 | 81,982 |
| For purchasing or carrying securities.....- do To nonbank financial institutions...... do |  | 28,560 213,642 | 6, 11.111 | r 6,089 $\tau$ 1 | r 5, +1287 | 5,934 13 | + $+13,235$ | $\begin{array}{r}6,091 \\ 13 \\ \hline 13\end{array}$ | 6,436 12 573 |  | 81, ${ }^{\text {8 }}$, 660 | 7,292 12,617 | 6,915 | 7, 714 | 8, ${ }^{\text {6, }} 716$ | 6,975 13869 |
|  | 2 23,148 23,617 | 2813,642 234,035 | 11, 111 | ¢ 11,070 $\times 33,439$ | $+12,997$ $+33,526$ | 13,053 33,620 | r <br> r 13,037 <br> $\mathrm{r} 33,743$ | 13,229 33,939 | 12,573 | + $\begin{array}{r}12,604 \\ \times 34,059\end{array}$ | 13,642 34:035 | 12,617 34,284 | 12,412 | 13,278 | 13, 293 | 13,869 35,089 |
|  | ${ }^{2} 44,177$ | 250,906 | 45, 178 | r 45,353 | r 47,271 | 45,428 | + 47,389 | 46,574 | 47,025 | r 49,013 | 50,906 | 48,093 | 49,007 | 48, 224 | 48,935 | 50,653 |
|  | 2 59, 536 | 272,194 | 60, 866 | ז 60,572 | ${ }^{\tau}$ 60,346 | 61, 268 | -63,449 | 64, 851 | 66, 319 | $\mathrm{r} 70,017$ | 72,194 | 73,229 | 73, 618 | 75,515 | 75, 678 | 74,913 |
| U.S. Government securities, total......... do | ${ }^{2} 23,853$ | ${ }^{2} 28,061$ | 22, 878 | - 22,662 | r 22,035 | 23, 378 | $\bigcirc$ | 24, 793 | 25, 593 | - 27,364 | 28,061 | 28,268 | 27,593 | 28, 060 | 26,569 | 25, 459 |
|  | ${ }^{2} 19,789$ | ${ }^{2}$ 21, 083 | 19,455 | - 20,175 | + 19,945 | 19,644 | - 21,014 | 20,598 | 20, 720 | + 21,868 | 21, 983 | 22,322 | 22, 361 | 22,384 | 22, 160 | 21, 657 |
|  | ${ }^{2} 35,683$ | 2 44, 133 | 37,988 | ¢ 37,910 | + 38,311 | 37, 890 | - 38,685 | 40,058 | 40,726 | +42,653 | 44, 133 | 44,961 | 46, 025 | 47,455 | 49, 109 | 49,454 |
| Commercial bank credit (last Wed. of mo., except for June 30 and Dec. 31 call dates), seas. adj.: <br> Total loans and investments $\odot$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }^{2} 401.3$ | ${ }^{2} 432.5$ | 403.5 | 405.9 | 406.4 | 412.8 | 418.3 | 423.7 | - 424.4 | $r 428.2$ | r 435.1 | - 438.9 | r 444.6 | - 448.6 | - 448.7 | 453.0 |
|  | 2278.1 | 2288.9 | 277.0 | 278.0 | 277.4 | 281.5 | 284.1 | 287.3 | r 287.3 | r 288.4 | - 290.5 | - 292.0 | - 295. 2 | - 295.2 | r 294.8 | 297.9 |
| U.S. Government securities................ d | 251.9 2 | 258.0 | 52.4 | 53.4 | 54.1 | 55.8 | 57.5 | 57.6 | 56.3 | - 56.7 | + 58.5 | +58.7 +88 | - 59.9 | r 61.4 | r 60.2 | 60.2 |
|  | 271.3 | 285.6 | 74.0 | 74.5 | 75.0 | 75.5 | 76.7 | 78.8 | 80.8 | - 83.1 | + 86.0 | ${ }^{+88.2}$ | + 89.6 | + 92.0 | + 93.6 | 94.9 |
| In 35 centers...............-percent per annum. | ${ }^{3} 8.21$ | ${ }^{3} 8.48$ |  | 8.49 |  |  | 8.50 |  |  | 8.07 |  | б6. 75 | 56. 58 |  |  |  |
| New York City .-.............---.........do... | ${ }^{3} 8.02$ | 38.22 |  | 8.24 |  |  | 8.24 |  |  | 7.74 |  | 6.27 | 6.26 |  |  |  |
| 7 other northeast centers..................d. ${ }^{\text {do. }}$ | 38.53 | 38.86 |  | 8.86 |  |  | 8.89 |  |  | 8.47 |  | 7.18 | 6.80 |  |  |  |
| 8 north central centers..-.-............- do | ${ }^{3} 8.24$ | 38.46 |  | 8.44 |  |  | 8.47 |  |  | 8.05 |  | 6.83 | 6.65 |  |  |  |
| 7 southeast centers. .-.-.-.-..............-do | 37.93 | 38.44 |  | 8.44 |  |  | 8.49 |  |  | 8.15 |  | 7.04 | 6. 88 |  |  |  |
|  | 38.19 | ${ }^{3} 8.52$ |  | 8.61 |  |  | 8. 53 |  |  | 8.08 |  | 6.72 | 6.59 |  |  |  |
| 4 west coast centers...---.-..............do | 38.18 | ${ }^{3} 8.49$ |  | 8.42 |  |  | 8.54 |  |  | 8.16 |  | 6.81 | 6.63 |  |  |  |
| Discount rate (N.Y.F.R. Bank), end of year or month. percent. | 6.00 | 5. 50 | 6.00 | 6.00 | 6.00 | 6.00 | 6.00 | 6.00 | 6.00 | 5. 75 | 5. 50 | 5.00 | 4.75 | 4.75 | 4.75 | 4.75 |
| Federal intermediate credit bank loans.... do | ${ }^{3} 7.23$ | ${ }^{3} 8.50$ | 8.75 | 8.67 | 8.66 | 8.66 | 8.62 | 8. 51 | 8.30 | 8.08 | 7.86 | 7.64 | 7.24 | 6.80 | 6. 35 |  |
| Home mortgage rates (conventional 1st mortgages): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 37.66 37.68 | 38.27 38.20 | 8.24 8.19 | 8.28 8.18 | 8.31 8.19 | 8. 82 | 8.35 8.25 | 8.31 8.27 | 8.33 8.20 | 8.26 8.18 | 8. 20 | 8.03 | 7.74 | 7.52 | 7.36 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Open market rates, New York City:Bankers' acceptances (prime, 90 days) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 47.61 | ${ }^{4} 7.31$ | 7.54 | 8.02 | 7.78 | 7.61 | 7.20 | 7.03 | 6.54 | 5. 79 | 5.32 | 4.77 | 4.09 | 3.80 | 4.36 | 4.91 |
| Commercial paper (prime, 4-6 months).-do | 47.83 | $4{ }_{4}^{4} 7.72$ | 8.06 | 8.23 | 8.21 | 8.29 | 7.90 | 7.32 | 6.85 | 6. 30 | 5.73 | 5.11 | 4.47 | 4.19 | 4.57 | 5. 10 |
| Finance Co. paper placed directly, 3-6 mo-do | 47.16 |  | 7.26 | 7. 43 | 7.55 | 7.64 | 7.48 | 7. 12 | 6. 76 | 6. 16 | 5.48 | 5.07 | 4.37 | 4.05 | 4. 27 | 4. 69 |
| Stock Exchange call loans, golng rate. .-.do...- | 47.96 | 47.95 | 8.00 | 8.00 | 8.00 | 8.00 | 8.00 | 7. 90 | 7.75 | 7.40 | 6. 92 | 6.28 | 5. 88 | 5. 49 | 5. 32 | 5. 50 |
| Yield on U.S. Government securities (tarable): <br> 3 -month bills (rate on new issue)...- percent.. | 46.677 | 4 4 6.458 |  |  |  |  |  | 6. 244 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | '6.85 | $4{ }^{4} 7.37$ | 7.49 | 7.97 | 7.86 | 7.58 | 7.56 | 7.24 | 7.06 | 6.37 | 5.86 | 5. 72 | 5. 31 | 4.74 | 5.42 | 6.02 |
| CONSUMER CREDIT <br> (Short-and Intermediate-term) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total outstanding, end of year or month .... mil. \$.- | 122,469 | 126,802 | 120, 402 | 121, 346 | 122,542 | 123, 092 | 123,655 | 123,907 | 123, 866 | 123,915 | 126, 802 | 125, 077 | 123, 815 | 123, 604 | 125,047 |  |
|  | 98, 169 | 101, 161 | 97, 104 | 97, 706 | 98,699 | 99, 302 | 99, 860 | 100, 142 | 99, 959 | 99, 790 | 101, 161 | 100, 101 | 99,244 | 99, 168 | 100, 028 |  |
| Automobile paper ---...-.-.-............- do | 36,602 | 35, 490 | 36, 264 | 36,455 | 36,809 | 36, 918 | 36,908 | 36,738 | 36,518 | 36, 011 | 35, 490 | 35,004 | 34,869 | 35,028 | 35,496 |  |
| Other consumer goods paper-.............-do | 27,609 | 29,949 | 26,850 | 27,055 | 27,303 | 27, 538 | 27, 801 | 28, 055 | 28, 152 | 28,378 | 29,949 | 29,575 | 28,928 | 28, 591 | 28, 682 |  |
|  | 4,040 | 4,110 | 3,960 | 4,003 | 4,040 | 4,081 | 4,104 | 4,123 | 4,126 | 4,133 | 4,110 | 4,067 | 4,051 | 4,045 | 4,077 |  |
|  | 29,918 | 31,612 | 30,030 | 30, 193 | 30,547 | 30,765 | 31,047 | 31, 226 | 31, 163 | 31, 268 | 31,612 | 31, 455 | 31, 396 | 31,504 | 31,773 |  |
| By type of holder: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Financial institutions, total.............do. | 84,982 | 87, 064 | 84, 802 | 85,335 | 86,311 | 86, 876 | 87,315 | 87, 471 | 87,243 | 86,820 | 87,064 | 86, 308 | 85, 910 | c86,015 | 86,805 |  |
|  | 40,305 | 41,985 | 40,245 | 40, 515 | 40,979 | 41, 703 | 41,934 | 42,051 | 42, 010 | 41,740 | 41, 895 | 41, 611 | 41, 446 | 41, 563 | 42,094 |  |
| Finance companies | 31, 734 | 31, 123 | 31, 537 | 31, 595 | 31, 862 | 31, 561 | 31, 588 | 31, 510 | 31, 309 | 31,081 | 31,123 | 30,791 | 30, 511 | 30,326 | 30,369 |  |
|  | 11,594 | 12,500 |  |  | 12,030 | 12, 141 | 12,292 | 12,409 | 12,422 | 12,438 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Miscellaneous lendersT--.---...........do. | 1,349 | 1,546 | 1, 1276 | 1, 447 | 1,440 | 1,471 | 1,501 | 1,501 | 1,502 | 1,561 | 1, 546 | 1,553 | 1,602 | 1,617 | 12,686 1,656 |  |
| Retail outlets, total. do <br> Automobile dealers $\qquad$ $\qquad$ do. | 13, 1837 | 14, 097 | 12,302 | 12, 371 | 12, 3888 | 12, 426 | 12,545 337 | 12, 671 | 12, 716 | 12,970 332 | 14,097 | 13, 793 | 13, 334 | 13, 153 | 13,223 |  |

${ }_{1}$ Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. ${ }_{2}$ C Corrected.
${ }^{1}$ A subsidiaries, and other significant majority-owned domestic subsidiaries; also, loans and investments are now reported gross. For complete details see the Aug. 1969 Federal Reserve Budletin. ${ }^{3}$ Average for year. ${ }^{4}$ Daily average. ${ }^{5}$ Revised series. Feb. 1971 data on
$\ddagger$ Revisions for Jan, and Feb. 1970 are in the Mar. 1971 Federal Reserve Bulletin.
o'For demand deposits. the term "adjusted" denotes demand deposits other than domestic Digitizecofmeretalæant and U.S. Government, less cash items in process of collection; for loans,
exclusive of loans to and Federal funds transactions with domestic commercial banks and after deduction of valuation reserves (individual loan items are shown gross; i.e., before deduction of valuation reserves).
OIncludes data not shown separately. ©Adjusted to exclude interbank loans: beginning June 1969, data are reported gross. §For bond yields, see p. S-20.
IFinance companies consist of those institutions formerly classified as sales finance, consumer finance, and other finance companies. Miscellaneous lenders include savings and loan associations and mutual savings banks.

| Unless other wise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May |

FINANCE-Continued

| CONSUMER CREDIT-Continued Outstanding credit-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Noninstallment credit, total mil \$.. | 24,300 | 25,641 | 23, 298 | 23,640 | 23,843 | 23,790 | 23,795 | 23,765 | 23,907 | 24, 125 | 25,641 | 24, 976 | 24, 571 | 24, 436 | 25, 019 |  |
| Single-payment loans, total...............do.. | 9,096 | 9,484 | ${ }^{9} 102$ | 9,159 | 9,239 | 9,254 | 9,294 | 9, 316 | 9,313 | 9,345 | 9,484 | 9,480 | 9,506 | 9, 557 | 9, 676 |  |
| Commercial banks ------------------ do | 7,900 | 8 8,205 | 7,892 | 7, 723 | 8, ${ }^{8} 1005$ | 8, 005 | 8 | ${ }^{8} \mathrm{8}, 062$ | 8, 059 | 8 | 8,205 | 8,196 | 8,205 | 8, 249 | 8,350 |  |
| Other financial institutions .-...........- do.-.-- | 1,196 | 1,279 | 1,210 | 1,234 | 1,234 | 1,249 | 1,253 | 1,254 | 1,254 | 1,274 | 1,279 | 1,284 | 1,301 | 1,308 | 1,326 |  |
| Charge accounts, total......-...........- do | 8,234 | 8, 850 | 6,900 | 7,273 | 7,473 | 7, 509 | 7,508 | 7,489 | 7,656 | 7,757 | 8,850 | 8,094 | 7,353 | 7,207 | 7,689 |  |
| Retail outlets.........-..................- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 6, 650 | 6,932 | 5,289 | 5, 633 | 5, 765 | 5,727 | 5,664 | 5,617 | 5,797 | 5,884 | 6,932 | 6,144 | 5,435 | 5,316 | 5,774 |  |
| Cradit cards | 1,584 | 1,918 7 | 1,611 <br> 7 | 1,640 7,208 | 1,708 7,131 | 1,782 | 1,844 | $\underset{\substack{1,872 \\ 6,960}}{ }$ | 1,859 6,938 | $\underset{7,023}{1,873}$ | 1,918 | 1,950 | 1,918 | $\stackrel{1}{1,891}$ | 1,915 |  |
|  | 6,970 | 7,307 | 7,296 | 7,208 | 7,131 | 7,027 | 6,993 | 6,960 | 6,938 | 7,023 | 7,307 | 7,402 | 7,712 | 7,672 | 7,654 |  |
| Installment credit extended and repaid: Unadjusted: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Extended, total.............................. do | 102,888 | 104,130 29,831 | 8,773 2,776 | 8,857 | $\xrightarrow[3,023]{9,54}$ | 9,497 | 8,915 2,540 | 2, 802 | $\stackrel{8,670}{2,463}$ | $\stackrel{8,271}{2,006}$ | 10,194 2,045 | 7,545 | 7,489 2,336 | 9,575 3,074 | 10,079 3,100 |  |
| Other consumer go | 33,079 | 36,781 | 2,792 | 3,008 | 3,019 | 3, 141 | 3,152 | 3, 097 | 3, 200 | 3,147 | 4, 562 | 2, 868 | 2,431 | 3,076 | 3, 363 |  |
| All other.......... | 37,455 | 37,518 | 3,205 | 3,153 | 3,492 | 3,404 | 3,223 | 3,081 | 3, 007 | 3,118 | 3,587 | 2,680 | 2,722 | 3,425 | 3,616 |  |
| Repaid, total..............................-do. | 94,609 | 101, 138 | ${ }^{8,331}$ | 8,255 | 8,541 | 8,894 | 8,357 | 8, 298 | 8,853 | 8,440 | 8,823 | 8,605 | 8,346 | 9,651 | 9,219 |  |
| Automobile paper-...-.-.-.-....-...-.do...- | 29, 882 | 30,943 | 2,600 | 2,505 | 8,669 2 2 | ${ }^{2,843}$ | 2,550 | $\stackrel{\text { 2,572 }}{ }$ | 2, 683 | ${ }_{2}^{2,513}$ | ${ }_{3}^{2,566}$ | 2,483 | 2,471 | 2,915 | 2, 632 |  |
|  <br> All other. | 30,369 34,358 | 34,441 35,754 | 2,975 | 2,803 2,947 | 3, 201 | $\stackrel{2}{2,906}$ | $\stackrel{\text { 2,889 }}{2}$ | 2,883 | 3,103 3,067 | 3, 3 3,066 | 3,266 | 3,242 2,880 | 3,078 2,797 | 3,413 3,323 | 3,272 |  |
| Seasonally adjusted: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 8,580 | 8,414 | 8,536 | 8,916 | 9,081 | 9, 333 | 9,751 |  |
| Extended, total. |  |  | $\stackrel{8}{2,571}$ | 9,595 | 8,683 2,587 | 2,685 | $\stackrel{8,809}{2,537}$ | 8,849 | 2,349 | 2,127 | 2,170 | 2,461 | 2,687 | 2,897 | 2,872 |  |
| Other consumer goods |  |  | 2,843 | 3,183 | 2,925 | 3, 124 | 3,168 | 3, 071 | 3,113 | - | 281 | 3, 252 | 3, 304 | 3,210 3 | 3,415 |  |
| All other.......... |  |  | 3,077 | 3,226 | 3,171 | 3, 256 | 3,104 | 3,157 | 3,118 |  |  | 3,203 | 3,190 | 3,426 | 3,464 |  |
|  |  |  | 8,195 | 8,589 | 8,242 | 8, 622 | 8,577 | 8,490 | 8, 662 | 8,716 2,577 | 8,515 ${ }_{2} 618$ | 8,829 | 8,979 8,636 | $\underset{\substack{\text { 9, } 038 \\ 2,696}}{ }$ | 9, 088 |  |
| Automobile pap |  |  | 2,527 | 2,600 | ${ }^{2,573}$ | 2,752 | 2,632 | 2,599 | ${ }_{3}^{2,550}$ | 3, 082 | $\stackrel{2}{2,945}$ | 2, 623 3,145 | 3,212 | 3, 164 | 3, 249 |  |
| Other consumer go |  |  | 2,729 | 2,888 | 2,750 2,919 | $\xrightarrow{2,874}$ | $\stackrel{2}{2,967}$ | $\stackrel{2,913}{2,978}$ | 3,036 3,076 | 3,057 | 2,952 | 3,061 | 3,131 | 3, 178 | 3,273 |  |
| All other. |  |  | 2,939 | 3,101 | 2,919 | 2,996 | 2,978 | 2,978 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| FEDERAL GOVERNMENT FINANCF, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Budget receipts, expenditures, and net lending: $\ddagger$ Expenditure account: <br> Receipts (net) |  |  | 22,043 |  | 22,561 |  |  |  | 11,493 | 14, 134 | 15,429 | 15,773 | 15,130 | 13, 205 | 21,024 |  |
|  | ${ }_{1}^{183,072}$ | ${ }_{1} 194,460$ | 17,858 | 16,337 | 14,871 | 19,344 | 17, 229 | 17, 329 | 17, 490 | 16, 616 | 15, 876 | 16,870 | 16,717 | 18,328 | 17, 769 |  |
| Expend. acct. surplus or deficit (-).....do | 14,712 | 1-710 | 4, 186 | -2,351 | 7,690 | -6,735 | -2, 257 | 1,396 | -5, 997 | -2,482 | -447 | -1,097 | -1,096 | -5,123 | 3,255 |  |
| Loan account: <br> Net lending. | 1-1,476 | 1-2,128 | -200 | -108 | -480 | 17 | -66 | -114 | -150 | -112 | 326 | -245 | 170 | -318 | -49 |  |
| Budget surplus or deficit (-)............... do. | 1 3,236 | -2,845 | 3,986 | -2,459 | 7,210 | -6, 718 | -2,323 | 1,281 | -6, 147 | -2, 594 | -121 | -1,341 | $-1,417$ | $-5,441$ | 3,206 |  |
| Budget financing, total $\ddagger$.-....-............... ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 1-3,236 | ${ }^{12,845}$ | -3, 986 | 2,459 | -7,210 | 6,718 | 2,323 | $-1,281$ | 6, 147 | 2,594 3,306 | 121 3.024 | 1,341 660 | 1, 214 | 5,441 | 3,206 -271 |  |
| Borrowing from the public | -11,146 | 15,397 | -4, 705 | 1,452 | $-3,156$ $-4,054$ | 5,997 | 2,716 -393 | -1, 347 | 2,561 | 3,306 -712 | -2,903 | 681 | 1,177 | 4,766 | -2,935 |  |
| Reduction in cash balances.................do | 17,910 | t $-2,552$ | 705 | 1,007 | -4,054 |  |  |  | 3,586 |  | -2,00 |  |  |  |  |  |
| oss amount of debt outstanding $\ddagger$.......... do |  | 1382,603 | 37 | 38 | 382,603 | 388, 214 | 392, 545 | 390, 335 | 391, 840 | 395, 274 | 400, 825 | 401, 020 | 402,342 | 403, 863 302,713 | 403, 742 |  |
| Held by the public.............................d. | 1279,483 | : 284,880 | 286, 584 | 288, 036 | 284, 880 | 290, 877 | 293,593 | 292, 246 | 294, 808 | 298, 113 | 301, 138 | 301, 798 | 302, 038 | 302, 713 | 302, 442 |  |
| Budget receipts by source and outlays by agency: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 11,493 | 14, 134 | 15,429 | 15,773 | 15, 130 | 13,205 | 21,024 |  |
| Receipts (net), total.....................-mil. \$.. | 1187,784 187,249 | 1193,743 190,412 | 22,043 | 13,986 5,258 | $\stackrel{22,561}{9} \mathbf{9} \mathbf{3} \mathbf{3}$ | 12,609 6,281 | 15, 7 , 212 | 18,725 9,449 | 6, 110 | 7, 181 | 15,429 <br> 4,484 <br> 4 | 10, 5279 | 6, 493 | 3,366 3,523 | 9,630 4,015 |  |
| Corporation income taxes (net) --.........-do. | 1 36,678 | ${ }^{1} 32,829$ | 4, 578 | ${ }^{\text {5, }} 714$ | 7,329 | ${ }^{6} 888$ | ${ }^{2} 484$ | 4,278 | 669 | 524 | 4, 484 | 526 | 372 | 3,523 | 4, 015 |  |
| Social insurance taxes and contributions |  |  | 4,419 |  | 3,769 |  | 5,330 |  | 2, 697 | 4, 108 | 2,545 | 2,720 | 5.943 | 3,990 | 4, 970 |  |
|  | 123,940 | 125,203 | 2,332 | 2,159 | 2,109 | 2, 306 | 2,138 | 2,036 | 2,018 | 2,322 | 1,717 | 1,949 | 2,321 | 2,326 | 2,409 |  |
| Expenditures and net lending, total \% .-.... do. | 184,548 18,330 | $\begin{array}{r} 1 \\ 196,588 \\ 18.307 \end{array}$ | 18,057 | 16,445 | 15, 381 | 19,327 | 17,495 | 17,443 | $\begin{array}{r} 17,640 \\ 1.157 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16,728 \\ & 695 \end{aligned}$ | $15,550$ | 17, 115 | 16,546 191 | 18,646 320 | $\begin{array}{r} 17,818 \\ 281 \end{array}$ |  |
| Agriculture Department | 18,330 177,872 | $\begin{array}{r} 18,307 \\ 177,150 \end{array}$ | 6, 623 531 | 6, 620 6,185 | 182 6,634 | - 6,649 | -1,032 | 304 6,160 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,157 \\ & 6,140 \end{aligned}$ | 5,851 | $\begin{array}{r} 353 \\ 6,521 \end{array}$ | 5,777 | $\begin{array}{r} 191 \\ 5,720 \end{array}$ | 6,309 | 6,041 |  |
| mil. \$.- | ${ }^{1}$ 46,594 | 1 52, 338 | 5,485 | 4,809 | 4,950 | 4,626 | 4,720 | 4,866 | ${ }_{1}^{4}, 288$ | 1,854 | 1,699 | 1,785 | 1,803 | 1,869 |  |  |
| Treasury Department.-.-.-............-. do.... | 116,924 | 1 $\begin{array}{r}19,510 \\ 13 \\ 18 \\ 18\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}1,745 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,689 | $\begin{array}{r}1,776 \\ +378 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,670 | 1,851 | 1,818 | 1,264 302 | 1,264 | , 318 | -262 | ${ }^{2} 295$ | 333 | 252 |  |
| National Aeronautics and Space Adm....do... Veterans Administration............................ | 14,247 17,669 | $\begin{aligned} & 13,749 \\ & 18,653 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{748}$ | ${ }_{803}^{28}$ | ${ }_{728}^{378}$ | 268 730 | ${ }_{764} 8$ | 719 | 765 | 827 | 806 | 765 | 794 | 962 | 881 |  |
| Receipts and expenditures (national income and product accounts basis), gtrly. totals seas. adj. at annual rates: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Federal Government receipts, total.......bil. \$.. Personal tax and nontax receipts.......do... | 200.6 | ${ }_{91.6}^{194.8}$ |  |  | ${ }_{93.5}^{196.7}$ |  |  | 19.9 89.4 |  |  | 90.3 |  |  | p89.8 |  |  |
| Personal tax and nontax receipts..........do..... | 39.2 | 34.3 |  |  | 34.9 |  |  | 35.7 |  |  | 32.0 |  |  | r35.7 |  |  |
| Indirect business tax and nontax accruals -do | 19.1 | 19.6 |  |  | 19.4 |  |  | 20.1 |  |  | 19.5 |  |  | ${ }^{2} 20.6$ |  |  |
| Contributions for social insurance........do | 46.5 | 49.3 |  |  | 48.9 |  |  | 49.7 |  |  | 49.9 |  |  | 254.9 |  |  |
| Federal Government expenditures, total...do | 191.3 | 206.3 |  |  | 210.9 |  |  | 206.7 |  |  | 209.9 |  |  | p214. 2 |  |  |
| Purchases of goods and services..........do | 101.3 | 99.7 |  |  | 99.7 |  |  | 98.6 |  |  | 98.2 |  |  | p98. ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |
| National defense.........................d. do | 78.8 | 76.6 |  |  | 76.8 |  |  | 75.8 |  |  | 74.6 65.4 |  |  | ${ }^{274.0}$ |  |  |
|  | 52.1 | 62.0 |  |  | 64.4 |  |  | 62.9 24 |  |  | 65.4 <br> 25.8 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grants-in-aid to state and local govts.... do | 20.2 | 24.5 |  |  | 25.1 |  |  | 24.4 |  |  | 14.7 |  |  | ${ }^{2} 14.2$ |  |  |
| Net interest paid................-......-do.... | 13.1 | 14.5 |  |  | 14.3 |  |  | 14.8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises-..................................... bil. \$ | 4.6 | 5.6 |  |  | 5.3 |  |  | 5.6 |  |  | 6.0 |  |  | ${ }^{2} 6.0$ |  |  |
| Less: Wage accruals less disbursements...do. |  |  |  |  | -2.1 |  |  | -. 4 |  |  | . 0 |  |  | . 0 |  |  |
| Surplus or deficit (-).......................do.... | 9.3 | -11.5 |  |  | -14.2 |  |  | -11.8 |  |  | -18.1 |  |  | -13.2 |  |  |
| LIFE INSURANCE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Institute of Life Insurance: <br> Assets, total, all U.S. life insurance cos. $\ddagger$...bil. |  |  |  |  | 199.68 | 201.00 | 201.92 | 203. 15 |  |  | 206.19 | 208.21 | 209.88 | 211.50 |  |  |
| Aovernment securities*-.....-.........-d. |  |  | 10. 83 | 10.90 | 10.79 | 11.07 | 11.09 | 11.00 | 11.03 | 11.05 | 10.97 | 11.03 | 11. 13 | 11.02 |  |  |
| Corporate securities* |  |  | 85.10 | 84.63 | 84. 66 | 85.40 | 85.84 | 86.68 | 87. 10 | 87.76 | 88.18 74.34 | 90.13 74 | 91. 74 | ${ }^{92} 8.63$ |  |  |
| Mortgage loans, total |  |  | 72.79 | 72.98 | 73.16 | ${ }^{73.35}$ | 73.43 | 73. 54 | ${ }^{73.73}$ | 73.85 | 74.34 | 74.37 | ${ }^{74 .} 44$ | ${ }^{74.52}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  | 67.12 | 67.32 | 67.50 | 67.69 | 67.77 | 67.98 | 68.06 | 68.19 | 69 | 78 | 68.87 | 68.97 |  |  |
| Real estate..............--..................do |  |  | 6.03 | 6.06 | 6. 10 | 6.11 | 6. 16 | 6.20 | 6. 26 | 6. 31 | 6.36 | 6.34 | 6.45 | 6.49 |  |  |
| Policy loans and premium notes.........do. |  |  | 14. 76 | 14.95 | 15.18 | 15.35 | 15. 52 | 15. 67 | 15. 81 | 15.92 | 16. 02 | 16.11 | 16. 22 | 16. 29 |  |  |
| Cash.......................................- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ |  |  | 1.26 | 1.22 | 1.41 | 1.29 | 1. 37 | 1.38 | 1. 30 | 1.47 | 1. 59 | 1.29 | 1.58 | 1.56 |  |  |
| Other assets |  |  | 8.31 | 8.43 | 8.38 | 8.38 | 8.51 | 8.68 | 8.70 | 8.71 | 8.72 | 8.94 | 9.03 | 8.99 |  |  |

${ }^{5}$ Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary
1 Data shown in 1966 and 1970 annual columns are for fiscal years ending June 30 of the respective years; they include revisions not distributed to months.
$\ddagger$ Revisions for July $1967-\mathrm{Apr}$. 1969 for budget receipts and expenditures and for Jan.-Mar.
1969 for assets of all U.S. life insurance cos. will be shown later.
o Includes data for items not shown separately.

| Uniess otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May |

FINANCE-Continued

| LIFE INSURANCE-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Institute of Lles Insurance-Continued <br> Payments to policyholders and beneficiaries |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U.S., total | 15, 524.5 | 16, 449.4 | 1,387. 6 | 1,292.4 | 1,405. 6 | 1,301. 6 | 1,301. 1 | 1,348. 1 | 1,329.9 | 1,231. 2 | 1,810.9 | 1,286. 2 | 1,328.3 | 1,571.7 | 1,414. 4 |  |
|  | 6,758. 1 | 7,017. 3 | 608.6 | 557.3 | 613.4 | 575.3 | 54.9.5 | 567.9 | 565.6 | 519.1 | 681.9 | 550.5 | 591.5 | ${ }^{1} 702.0$ | ${ }^{1} 611.1$ |  |
|  | 952.6 | 978.3 | 85.7 | 81.0 | 84.3 | 75.4 | 72.4 | 77.0 | 81.4 | 78.5 | 81.6 | 84.8 | 80.0 | 95.6 | 87.7 |  |
|  | 1204. 7 | 232.9 185 | 19.9 | 18.1 | 21.1 | 19.1 | 18.2 | 21.6 | 18.8 | 20.5 | 17.6 | 20.7 | 18.2 | 23.8 | 19.9 |  |
|  | 1, 5588.6 | 1,757.1 | 153.1 | 141.4 | 141.2 | 149.0 | 149.4 | 146. 1 | 148.7 | 149.7 | 122.1 | 160.4 | 154.5 | 166.7 | 161.3 |  |
| Surrender values....-........-.-.............do..-- | 2, 721.6 | 2,886. 4 | 254.0 | 245.2 | 256.2 | 243.2 | 223.4 | 235.8 | 231.5 | 216.9 | 262.7 | 222.3 | 229.4 | 275.6 | 249.7 |  |
|  | 3,328.9 | 3,577.4 | 266.3 | 249.4 | 289.4 | 239.6 | 288.2 | 299.7 | 283.9 | 246.5 | 645.0 | 247.5 | 254.7 | 308.0 | 284.7 |  |
| Life Insurance Agency Management Association: Insurance written (new paid-for insurance): $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Value, estimated total...-.-.--....-...-mil. \$.- | 159, 283 | 2193,593 | 15, 499 | 13,794 | 15, 205 | 14, 533 | ${ }^{230,883}$ | 14,075 | 14, 065 | 14,758 | 21, 853 | 12,194 | 12,580 | 17,020 | 16, 237 |  |
| Ordinary (incl. mass-marketed ord.) .-- do..-- | 113, 500 | 122,661 | 10,511 | 10,111 | 10,759 | 10,093 | 9,688 | 9,652 | 10,620 | 10,506 | 12,325 | 8, 828 | 9,615 | 11, 895 | 11,015 |  |
|  | 39,329 6,454 | 2 64,422 6,510 | 4,431 557 | 3,073 610 | 3,898 548 | 3, 887 | 220, 671 | 3, 860 | 2,864 | 3,729 | 9,031 | 2, 832 | 2, 401 | 4, 503 | $\begin{array}{r}4,487 \\ \hline 735\end{array}$ |  |
| Premiums collected: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total life insurance premiums.----.-...- do. | 18,933 | 19,940 | 1,642 | 1,581 | 1,659 | 1,707 | 1,607 | 1,475 | 1,708 | 1,596 | 2, 082 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ordinary (incl. mass-marketed ord.)...-do- | 13, 142 | 14, 912 | 1,248 | 1,214 | 1,237 | 1,264 | 1,202 | 1,154 | 1,308 | 1,198 | 1,457 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3,492 | 3,753 | 301 | 273 | 330 | 350 | 307 | 321 | 305 | 304 | 392 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1,299 | 1,275 | 93 | 94 | 92 | 94 | 97 | 91 | 95 | 95 | 234 |  |  |  |  |  |
| MONETARY STATISTICS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gold and silver: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Monetary stock, U.S. (end of period)..-mil. \$.- | 10,367 | 10,732 | 11,367 | 11,367 | 11,367 | 11,367 | 11,367 | 11,117 | 11, 117 | 11,117 | 10,732 | 10,732 | 10,732 | 10, 732 | 10,732 | 332 |
| Net release from earmark\$..-.............d. do. | 755 | -615 | -2 | 11, 33 | -1 | 23 | -66 | ${ }^{11,1178}$ | 11, -6 | - 27 | -282 | -32 | -23 | -76 | -38 | , 332 |
|  | 12,287 | 37,789 | 272 | 24, 068 | 159 | 239 | 449 | 330 | 253 | 618 | 10,671 | 15,473 | 2,379 | 9,774 | 2,614 |  |
|  | 236,905 | 237, 464 | 13,865 | 12,398 | 11,602 | 29,516 | 11, 531 | 27, 115 | 14, 536 | 62,760 | 14, 223 | 10, 411 | 37,721 | 20, 296 | 20,795 |  |
| Production: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1,090.7 |  | 92.8 | 94.5 | 96.6 | 95.2 | 96.3 | 96.2 | 96.6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 85.2 | 81.8 | 6. 6 | 7.0 | 7.2 | 6.8 | 6.3 | 6.6 | 6.9 | 6.5 | 6.8 | 7.0 | 6.6 | 6.7 |  |  |
| Sliver: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }^{1} 156,720$ | 27,613 | 3,414 | 4,423 | 1,815 | 1,268 | 2,870 | 1,888 | 1,079 | 1,277 | 5,890 | 4,218 | 1,970 | 3,273 | 2,651 |  |
| Price at Now York | 180,061 | 64, 957 | 8,004 | 4,298 | 4,592 | 3,741 | 6,676 | 5,301 | 4, 419 | 3,763 | 4. 876 | 5,267 | 2,746 | 5, 204 | 5,907 |  |
| Price at New York. $\qquad$ dol. per fine oz.Production: | 1.791 | 1.771 | 1.853 | 1.670 | 1. 639 | 1.687 | 1. 798 | 1. 802 | 1. 746 | 1.760 | 1.635 | 1,640 | 1. 600 | I. 669 | 1.726 |  |
| Canada......-.................thous. fine oz ${ }^{1}$.- | 41,926 |  | 3,503 | 3,497 | 2,983 | 3,513 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 42,904 |  |  | 3,4.7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 41, 552 | 47,483 | 4,803 | 4,457 | 4,171 | 4,422 | 3,164 | 3,380 | 3,707 | 4,262 | 3,735 | 3,336 | 5,280 |  |  |  |
| Currency in circulation (end of period) ....... bil. \$.- | 54.0 | 57.1 | 53.0 | 53.7 | 54.4 | 54.5 | 54.7 | 54.8 | 55.0 | 56.4 | 57.1 | 55.3 | 55.6 | 56.3 | 56.3 |  |
| Money supply and related data (avg. of daily fig.): $\oplus$ Unadjusted for seasonal variation: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 201.5 | 210.0 | 209.3 | 205.3 | 207.8 | 209.0 | 208.7 | 211.4 | 213.0 | 215.3 | 221.1 | 221.3 | 215.5 | 217.4 | - 222.2 |  |
| Currency outside banks.-.-.-.-.-.-....- do | 44.8 | 47.7 | 46.6 | 47.3 | 47.7 | 48.3 | 48.3 | 48.2 | 48.5 | 49.2 | 50.0 | 49.1 | 49.2 | 49.5 | 50.1 | 50.5 |
| Dime deposits adiusted - | 157.0 | 162.3 | 162.6 | 158.0 | 160.1 | 160.7 | 160.4 | 163.1 | 164.5 | 166.1 | 171.1 | 172.1 | 166.3 | 167.8 | ' 172.1 | 169.4 |
| U.S. Government demand depositsit. ${ }^{\text {U }}$ - do | 198.8 5.6 | 208.4 6.4 | 199.3 5.3 | 201.1 6.4 | 202.3 6.5 | 208.1 6.8 | 214.0 7.1 | 218.4 6.8 | 222.5 6.1 | 224.6 5.6 | 228.7 7.1 | 234.5 6.6 | 240.3 8.3 | 246.9 5.4 | 249.2 5.5 | 252.1 7.8 |
| Adjusted for seasonal variation: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total money supply .-...-..............- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ |  |  | 208.3 | 209.2 | 209.6 | 2106 | 211.8 | 212.8 | 213.0 | 213.5 | 214.6 | 214.8 | 217.3 | 219.4 | - 221.1 | 224.1 |
| Currency outside banks.------.----..- do |  |  | 47.1 | $\begin{array}{r}47.7 \\ \hline 1616\end{array}$ | 47.8 1619 | 48.1 | 48.2 | 48.2 | 48.5 | 48.7 | 48.9 | $\begin{array}{r}49.2 \\ 165 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 49.6 | 50.0 | 50.5 | 50.9 |
|  |  |  | 161.2 198.5 | 161.6 200.3 | 161.9 202.2 | 162.5 208.2 | 163.7 213.2 | 164.6 218.5 | 164.5 222.2 | 164.8 225.0 | 165.7 230.4 | 165.5 235.3 | 167.7 240.9 | 169.4 246.1 | 'r $\begin{array}{r}170.5 \\ 248.3\end{array}$ | 173.2 |
| Turnover of demand deposits except interbank and <br> U.S. Govt., annual rates, seas. adjusted: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 218.5 |  | 22.0 | 20.4 | 23.3 | 240.9 | 246.1 | 248.3 | 251.3 |
| Total (233 SMSA's) © _ ratio of debits to deposits.New York SMSA |  |  | 72.8 | 73.4 | 73.1 | 73.1 | 75.7 | 75.3 | 78.1 | 75. 6 | 77.0 | 76.4 | 82.2 | 79.6 | 80.6 |  |
|  |  |  | 149.7 | 150.6 | 149.3 | 145.3 | 162.8 | 161.0 | 175.9 | 168.5 | 170.6 | 168.3 | 191.3 | 183.5 | 185.6 |  |
| Total 232 SMSA's (except N.Y.) 6 other leading SMSA'so'. $\qquad$ do do |  |  | 752.1 | 53.3 78.4 | 52.7 77 | 53.6 | 52.5 | 53.0 | 53.4 | 51.6 | 52.4 | 52.8 | 54, 2 | 53.4 | 54.5 |  |
| 6 other leading SMSA'so'...................... do |  |  | 75.8 42.5 | 78.4 43.0 | 77.5 42.7 | 79.4 43.1 | 77.9 42.2 | 77.9 42.8 | 78.4 43.2 | 75.8 41.8 | 76.7 42.6 | 77.3 42.9 | 80.1 43.9 | 76.8 44.1 | 79.3 44 |  |
| PROFITS AND DIVIDENDS (QTRLY.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing corps. (Fed. Trade and SEC): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net profit after taxes, all industries...-...-mil. \$.- | 33, 248 | 28,572 |  |  | 7,966 |  |  | 6,973 |  |  | 6,739 |  |  | 6,995 |  |  |
| Food and kindred products...-.-........-do...- | 2,382 | 2,549 |  |  | 611 |  |  | 701 |  |  | 664 |  |  | 6, 612 |  |  |
| Textile mill products-.-..-.-.-.......dide..-- | 621 | 413 |  |  | 96 |  |  | 110 |  |  | 98 |  |  | 93 |  |  |
| Lamber and wood products (except furniture) | 840 | 304 |  |  | 91 |  |  | 93 |  |  | 55 |  |  | 88 |  |  |
| Paper and allied products | 987 | 719 |  |  | 210 |  |  | 161 |  |  | 136 |  |  | 128 |  |  |
| Chemicals and allied products............do....- | 3,591 | 3, 434 |  |  | 913 |  |  | 849 |  |  | 799 |  |  | 907 |  |  |
|  | 5,884 | 5, 893 |  |  | 1,435 |  |  | 1,437 |  |  | 1,633 |  |  | 1,524 |  |  |
| Primary nonferrous metalucts............-.- do- | $\begin{array}{r}822 \\ 1,414 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1, 297 |  |  | $\stackrel{211}{402}$ |  |  | 225 |  |  | 1157 |  |  | 69 210 |  |  |
| Primary iron and steel...-....................do- | 1,221 | 1,692 |  |  | 215 |  |  | 154 |  |  | 110 |  |  | 204 |  |  |
| Fabricated metal products (except ordnance, machinery, and transport. equip.) ....-mil. $\$$. . | 1,221 | 1,066 |  |  | 215 |  |  | 154 |  |  | 187 |  |  | 204 |  |  |
| Machinery (except electrical) -..........-d. do...- | 3, 138 | 2,689 |  |  | 763 |  |  | 657 |  |  | 621 |  |  | 520 |  |  |
| Elec. machinery, equip., and supplies...-do.-.- | 2, 594 | 2,349 |  |  | 640 |  |  | 556 |  |  | 676 |  |  | 542 |  |  |
| Transportation equipment (except motor vehicles, etc.) ....................................... | -945 | 593 |  |  | 175 |  |  | 138 |  |  | 115 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicles and equipment...-.-.-.---do.-.-. | 2,845 | 1,424 |  |  | 739 |  |  | 60 |  |  | 99 |  |  | 867 |  |  |
| All other manufacturing industries........do...-. | 4,835 | 4,522 |  |  | 1,140 |  |  | 1,263 |  |  | 1,153 |  |  | 903 |  |  |
|  | 15, 058 | 15,0 |  |  | 3,873 |  |  | 3,405 |  |  | 4,025 |  |  | 3,805 |  |  |
| Electric utilities, profits after taxes (Federal Reserve) $\qquad$ mil. \$. | 3,186 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3,805 |  |  |
| SECURITIES ISSUED |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Securities and Exchange Commission: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Estimated gross proceeds, total.................mil. \$.By type of security: | 52, 747 | -88,665 | 5, 891 | 9,548 | 6,985 | 5,896 | 8, 155 | 8,199 | 8,353 | 9, 040 | 7,651 | -7,438 | +6,523 | 11,070 | 7,641 |  |
| By yope or security: Bonds and notes, total..................-do..... | 44,351 | 79,985 | 5,190 | 9,080 | 5,964 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 18, 348 | 30, 264 | 2,469 | 3,441 | 2,368 | 2,15i | 1,935 | 2,814 | 2, 694 | 3, 283 | 3, 270 | - 2,627 | + r + 2,476 | 4,782 | 6,225 2,591 |  |
|  | 7,714 | 7,292 | 634 | 399 | 799 | - 529 | 1, 246 | ${ }^{2} 828$ | 903 | 774 | 541 | ${ }^{5} 413$ | + + 424 | 4,99 | -878 |  |
|  | 682 | 1,388 | 67 | 69 | 222 | 88 | 92 | 176 | 180 | 124 | 168 | r 76 | 100 | 311 | 537 |  |


be shown later. Digitizedmarksfach changes in seasonal factors, as well as the improved handling of international

| Unless otherwise gtated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May |

FINANCE-Continued

| SECURITIES ISSUED-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Securities and Exchange Commission-Continued Estimated gross proceeds-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| By type of issuer: Corporate, total $9 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . m i l . ~ \$ . ~$ | 26,744 | 38,944 | 3,170 | 3,909 | 3,389 | 2,768 | 2,273 | 3,518 | 3,777 | 4,182 | 3,980 | +3,115 | -3,000 | 6,075 | 4,007 |  |
| Manufacturing-...........................do...- | 6,356 | 10,513 | , 689 | 817 | -939 | , 638 | , 683 | , 994 | 1,006 | 1, 107 | 1,056 | -716 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 661$ | 2,417 | 1, 115 |  |
| Extractive (mining) .-...................do | 1,721 | 2,082 | 211 | 327 | 358 | 139 | 70 | 193 | 180 | 186 | 90 | +118 | r 84 | 111 | 109 |  |
| Publicutility .-..............................do. | 6,736 | 11, 017 | 1,109 | 600 | 1,103 | 843 | 630 | 1, 241 | 1,101 | 1,350 | 955 | 676 | 1,069 | 1,452 | 1, 265 |  |
| Transportation§......................do | 2,146 | 2,280 | 154 | 63 | 119 | 223 | 125 | 145 | 138 | 177 | 365 | -167 | r 89 | 161 | 347 |  |
| Communication.......................do. | 2,188 | 5,142 | 62 | 1,747 | 354 | 144 | 279 | 445 | 371 | 693 | 282 | - 391 | 683 | 532 | 269 |  |
| Financlal and real estate.................-do. | 4,409 | 5,497 | 597 | 231 | 355 | 526 | 370 | 347 | 586 | 580 | 968 | ${ }^{+667}$ | 314 | 1,038 | 576 |  |
| Noncorporate, total \% .-...................do | 26,003 | 49,721 | 2,721 | 5,639 | 3, 596 | 3,128 | 5,882 | 4, 681 | 4,576 | 4, 858 | 3,671 | 4,323 | +3,522 | 4,995 | 3,634 |  |
| U.8. Government......................-do | 4,765 | 14,831 | 387 | 3,701 | 819 | 405 | 3,573 | 1,428 | 412 | 2,414 | 402 | 436 | 431 | 517 | 467 |  |
| State and municipal......--- | 11,460 | 17,762 | 1,625 | 974 | 1,058 | 1,310 | 1,318 | 1,650 | 1,882 | 1,684 | 2,245 | 2,614 | 1,823 | 2,104 | 1,859 |  |
| State and municipal issues (Bond Buyer): Long-term................................................. | 11,460 | 17,762 | 1,625 | 974 | 1,058 | 1,310 | 1,318 | 1,650 | 1,882 | 1,684 | 2, 245 | 2,614 | 1,823 | 2, 104 | -1,859 | 2,086 |
|  | 11,783 | 17,880 | 1,046 | 1,387 | 2,035 | 1,113 | 1,226 | 2,049 | 1,216 | 2,022 | 2, 254 | 1, 552 | 1,886 | 2,452 | -2,482 | 1,830 |
| SECURITY MARKETS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brokers' Balances <br> (N.Y.S.E. Members Carrying Margin Accounts) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash on hand and in banks.................-mil. \$.- | 1923 |  | 806 | 784 | 748 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Customers' free credt balances (net) .-..........do. | 12,803 | 12,286 | 2,248 | 2,222 | 2,009 | 22, 180 | 2,083 | 2,236 | 2,163 | 2.197 | 2,286 | 2,452 | 2, 743 | 2,798 | 2,660 |  |
| Bonds |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Prices: <br> Standard \& Poor's Corporation: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| High grade corporate: Composite $\sigma^{7}$...............dol. per $\$ 100$ bond. |  | 61.5 |  | 61.2 |  | 59.0 | 60.0 | 60.8 | 61.3 | 61.9 | 64.7 | 66.5 | 66.8 | 65.8 | 65.0 | 63.7 |
| Domestic municipal (15 bonds)...-......-do..-- | 68.6 79.0 | $\begin{array}{r}61.3 \\ \\ \hline 1.3\end{array}$ | 62.8 71.9 | 67.8 | ${ }_{67.5}^{59.4}$ | 59.0 70.6 | ${ }_{73.8}^{60.0}$ | ${ }^{60.8}$ | 61.3 71.9 | 75.0 | 64.7 79.8 | 79.9 | 81.5 | 82.8 | 65.0 80.4 | 75.6 |
| U.S. Treasury bonds, taxablef..............do.... | 64.49 | 60.52 | 60.89 | 57.78 | 57, 37 | 60.59 | 59.20 | 60.10 | 60.44 | 63.27 | 65.63 | 66.10 | 66.78 | 67.94 | 67.57 | 65.72 |
| Sales: <br> Total, excl. U.S. Government bonds (SEC): <br> All registered exchanges: <br> Market value | 4, 501. 18 | 4,763. 27 | 310.25 | 300. 39 | 645.56 | 370.56 | 311.80 | 400.69 | 417. 18 | 398.18 | 648.58 | 703.09 | 710.03 |  |  |  |
|  | 5,123.47 | 6, 299. 55 | 384.02 | 465. 04 | 824.44 | 536. 56 | 442.43 | 516.87 | 538.59 | 506. 43 | 828.96 | 866.98 | 843.48 | 879.80 | 877. 50 |  |
| New York Stock Exchange: <br> Market value. | 3, 550. 33 | 4,328. 33 | 275.85 | 264.77 | 608.25 | 344.53 | 289.98 | 358.08 | 382.93 | 370.35 | 605. 01 | ${ }^{631.95}$ | 624. 69 | 682.48 | 688.22 |  |
|  | 4, 123.33 | 5, 554, 92 | 337.06 | 374.22 | 743. 34 | 489.26 | 401. 69 | 443.37 | 485.02 | 460.35 | 760. 03 | 753. 59 | 720.88 | 767. 53 | 782.02 |  |
| New York Stock Exchange, exclusive of some stopped sales, face value, total. mil. \$. | 3,646. 16 | 4,494. 86 | 329.77 | 448. 20 | 360.69 | 394. 13 | 349.78 | 396. 30 | 370. 23 | 404. 43 | 557.12 | 641.95 | 541.68 | 600.80 | 615.41 | 574. 79 |
| Yields: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Domestic corporate (Moody's) ..........-percent.. | 7.36 | 8.51 | 8. 20 | 8.46 | 8.77 | 8.85 | 8.73 | 8.68 | 8.63 | 8.65 | 8.35 | 8.04 | 7.75 | 7.84 | 7.86 | 8.03 |
| By rating: $\qquad$ | 7.03 | 8.04 | 7.83 | 8.11 | 8.48 | 8.44 | 8.13 | 8.09 | 8.03 | 8.05 | 7.64 | 7.36 | 7.08 | 7.21 | 7.25 | 7.53 |
|  | 7.20 | 8.31 | 8.03 | 8. 24 | 8. 58 | 8. 64 | 8. 49 | 8.47 | 8.44 | 8.42 | 8. 13 | 7.90 | 7. 67 | 7.73 | 7.74 | 7.84 |
| A.........................................d. ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 7.40 | 8.56 | 8.22 | 8.49 | 8.76 | 8.92 | 8.85 | 8.78 | 8.71 | 8.74 | 8.48 | 8.15 | 7.85 | 7. 96 | 7.99 | 8.14 |
|  | 7.81 | 9. 10 | 8.70 | 8.98 | 9.25 | 9.40 | 9. 44 | 9.39 | 9.33 | 9.38 | 9.12 | 8.74 | 8.39 | 8.46 | 8.45 | 8.62 |
| By group: | 7.25 |  | 8.00 | 8.19 | 8.55 | 8.61 | 8.44 |  |  |  |  | 7.57 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 7.49 | 8.67 | ${ }_{8}^{8.37}$ | 8.72 | ${ }_{9.06}^{8.55}$ | 8.011 9.01 | 8.48 8.83 | 8.48 8.80 | 8.35 8.74 | 8.37 8.77 | 7.95 8.45 | 8.17 | 7.24 7.94 | 7.36 8.08 | 7.43 8.05 8 | 7.68 8.23 |
|  | 7.46 | 9.04 | 88.34 | 8. 59 | 8.76 | 9.11 | 8. 9.19 | 8.10 9.10 | 9. ${ }^{8 .}$ | ${ }_{9} 9.06$ | 8.96 | 8. 70 | 8.39 | 8.39 | 8.37 8.8 | 8. 40 |
| Domestic municipal: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bond Buyer (20 bonds).--(is | 5.79 | 6. 34 | 6. 79 | 7.12 7 | 6.79 7 | 6. 40 | 6.16 | 6.39 6.45 | 6. 40 | 5.41 | 5.58 5.70 | 5.16 5.70 | $\begin{aligned} & 5.34 \\ & 5.35 \end{aligned}$ | 5.15 5.44 | 5.69 5.65 | 5.70 6.14 |
| U.S. Treasury bonds, taxable¢ ............-do. | 6.10 | 6.59 | 6.53 | 6.94 | 6.99 | 6.57 | 6.75 | 6.63 | 6. 59 | 6.24 | 5.97 | 5.91 | 5.84 | 6.71 | 5.75 | 5.96 |
| Stocks |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dividend rates, prices, yields, and earnings, common stocks (Moody's): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Divands | 8.98 | 8.99 | 9.10 | 8. 96 | 8.95 | 8.95 | 8.94 | 8.93 | 8.91 | 8.84 | 8.85 | 8.91 | 8.84 | 8.84 | 8.85 | ${ }_{8}^{8.85}$ |
| Industrials | 9.83 | 9. 76 | 9.93 | ${ }_{4}^{9.71}$ | 9. 69 | 9.70 | 9.70 | 9.70 | 9.67 | 9. 56 | 9. ${ }^{\text {4. }} 73$ | 9. 64 | 9.54 4.74 | 9.55 4.75 | 9.57 4.78 4 |  |
| Public utilities.................................. do | 4.61 4.60 | 4. 392 | 4.70 4.02 | 4.70 4.02 | 4.71 4.02 | 4.71 3.95 | 4. 3.71 3.79 | 4.71 3.79 | 4.71 3.79 | 4. 72 3.79 | 4. 73 3.79 | 4.74 3.82 | 4.74 3.82 | 4.75 3.82 | 4.78 3.82 | 4.78 3.85 |
|  | 4. 60 6.40 | 3.92 6.77 | 4.02 6.70 | 6. 70 | 4. 70 | 3.95 6.70 | 3.79 6.70 | 3.79 6.82 | 6. 62 | 3.79 6.90 | 3.79 7.13 | 7.28 | 3.82 7.28 | 3.82 7.28 | 3.82 7.28 | 7.28 |
| Property and casualty insurance cos........do...- | 9.44 | 10.44 | 10.45 | 10.48 | 10. 48 | 10.48 | 10.48 | 10.48 | 10.48 | 10. 49 | 10. 49 | 10.52 | 10.57 | 10.57 | 10.57 | 10. 57 |
| Price per share, end of mo., composite......do. | 262.77 | 226.70 | 222.65 | 209.44 | 198. 30 | 212.90 | 221.25 | 226. 91 | 224.96 | 235. 68 | 248.66 | 256.44 | 258.89 | 268. 58 | 277.35 | 263.90 |
| Industrials.................................do- | 313.15 | 270.83 | 263.96 | 248.12 | 236.81 | 252.79 | 264.25 | 272.90 | 272. 65 | 285.04 | 298.78 | 306.35 | 312.77 | 326. 01 | 339. 59 | 324.75 |
|  | 94.55 | 79.06 | 80.06 | 74.91 | 68. 98 | 74.55 | 77.17 | 75. 66 | 74.15 | 81.54 | 88. 59 | 90.82 | 897.70 | 89.49 80.28 | 85. 82 |  |
|  | 93.90 | 65.61 | 68.32 | 62.07 | 52.39 | 56.18 | 57.02 | 65.13 | 61.70 | 64.62 | 72.50 | 77.38 | 79.23 | 80.28 | 87.10 |  |
| Yields, composite....---................. percent.- | 3.42 | 3.97 | 4.09 | 4. 28 | 4.51 | 4.20 | 4.04 | 3.94 | 3.96 | 3.75 | 3.56 | 3.47 | 3.41 | 3.29 | 3. 19 | 3. 35 |
|  | 3. 14 | 3. 60 | 3.76 | 3.91 | 4. 09 | 3.84 | 3. 67 | 3. 55 | 3. 55 | 3. 35 | 3. 20 | 3.15 | 3. ${ }_{\text {3 }} \mathbf{4} 5$ | 2. 93 | 2.82 | 2.94 |
| Public utilities.......-.......................do...-. | 4.88 | 5. 94 | 5.87 | 6. 27 | 6.83 | ${ }_{7}^{6.32}$ | 6.10 | 6. 23 | 6. 35 | 5.79 58 | 5. 54 | 5. 22 | 5.40 4.82 4. | 5.31 4.76 | 5. 56 4.39 |  |
|  | 4.90 4.72 3 | 5.97 4.03 | 5. 88 4.14 | 6. 48 4.29 | 7.67 4.30 | 7.03 4.01 | 6.65 <br> 3.83 <br> .8 | 5. 82 3. 99 | 6. 14 4.27 | 5. 87 4. 16 | 5. 23 4.04 | 4. 94 4.24 4. | 4. 82 4.16 | 4. 76 3.74 3 | 4. 39 <br> $\mathbf{3 . 9 5}$ | 4.61 4.26 |
|  | 3. 37 | 4.02 4.02 | 4.14 4.29 | 4.67 | 4.61 | 4.19 4 | 3. 4.15 | 4.01 | 4.05 | 4. 3.88 | 3. 59 | 4. 45 | ${ }_{3} \mathbf{4 3}$ | 3.23 | 3. 27 | 3. 35 |
| Earnings per share (indust., qtrly. at ann. rate; pub. util. and RR., for 12 mo. ending each qtr.): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industrials ............................... dollars.- | 17. 66 | 15. 54 |  |  | 17.19 |  |  | 14. 10 |  |  | - 15.69 |  |  | ${ }^{p} 17.25$ |  |  |
|  | 6. 92 | 6. 89 |  |  | 6. ${ }_{5} 90$ |  |  | 6. 82 |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}6.89 \\ \hline 8.80\end{array}$ |  |  | ${ }^{p} 6.92$ |  |  |
|  | 7.28 | -3. 56 |  |  | 5.21 |  |  | 4.42 |  |  | ${ }^{\text {p } 3.56}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Revised. ${ }^{\circ}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ End of year. beginning July 1970 are not directly comparable with ©Includes data not shown separately. ${ }^{\text {S B Beg }}$ stated to include "other transportation" in addition |  |  | ges in riods. formerl | series, <br> r, data <br> shown | re- |  | umber uity of or bond $\qquad$ | bonds the serie due or |  |  | ates; the <br> on basis or mor | change <br> of an a | in the $n$ sumed 3 | mber d percent | 20-year b | ffect the <br> ond. |


| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May |

## FINANCE-Continued

| SECURITY MAREETS-Continued <br> Stocks-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dividend yields, preferred stocks, 10 high -grade (Standard \& Poor's Corp.) percent.. | 6.41 | 7.22 | 6.98 | 7. 26 | 7.57 | 7. 62 | 7.41 | 7.31 | 7.33 | 7.30 | 6.88 | 6.53 | 6.32 | 6. 48 | 6. 59 | 6. 82 |
| Prices: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dow-Jones averages (65 stocks) | 301. 35 | 243.92 | 255.71 | 227.99 | 224.18 | 223. 29 | 229.99 | 240.57 | 245. 02 | 246.16 | 263.81 | 279.62 | 290.14 | 296. 67 | 309. 11 | 307.39 |
| Industrial (30 stocks). | 876.72 | 753. 19 | 771.65 | 691.96 | 699.30 | 712.80 | 731.97 | 759, 38 | 763.72 | 769.23 | 821. 51 | 849.04 | 879. 69 | 901.29 | 932.54 | 925.49 |
| Public utility (15 stocks) | 123.07 | 108.75 | 114.44 | 103. 19 | 99.15 | 102.83 | 105.36 | 108. 79 | 106. 68 | 110. 98 | 118.88 | 124.86 | 123.77 | 123. 22 | 122.92 | 117. 75 |
| Transportation (20 stocks) | 221.02 | 152. 36 | 167.46 | 146. 29 | 137. 53 | 125. 75 | 130.91 | 141. 25 | 152.66 | 148.37 | 160. 34 | 180.85 | 193.79 | 200.55 | 217.16 | 221. 10 |
| Standard \& Poor's Corporation: $\boldsymbol{c}^{7}$ Industrial, public utility, and railroad: Combined index (500 stocks) $. . .1941-43=10$ | 97.84 | 83.22 | 85.95 | 76.06 | 75. 59 | 75.72 | 77.92 | 82. 58 | 84. 37 | 84.28 | 90.05 | 93.49 | 97.11 | 99. 60 | 103.04 | 101. 64 |
| Industrial, total (425 stocks) \%....... do | 107.13 | 91.28 | 94.01 | 83.16 | 82.96 | 83.00 | 85.40 | 90.66 | 92.85 | 92.58 | 98.72 | 102. 22 | 106.62 | 109. 59 | 113.68 | 112. 41 |
| Capital goods (116 stocks)...........d. | 103.75 | 87.87 | 93.18 | 80.47 | 80.77 | 77.99 | 78. 38 | 84.96 | 87.90 | 86.47 | 92.12 | ${ }_{95} 97$ | 101.58 | 104.69 | 109.38 | 108. 61 |
| Consumers' goods (184 stocks)....- do | 87. 06 | 80.22 | 82.28 | 71. 65 | 73.10 | 73.10 | 74.76 | 79.65 | 82.12 | 83.09 | 88.69 | 91.72 | 95. 38 | 98. 54 | 102. 41 | 101. 96 |
| Public utility ( 55 stocks) .-....-.-....do | 62.64 | 54.48 | 57.19 | 51. 15 | 49.22 | 30.91 | 52.62 | 54.44 | 53.37 | 54.86 | 59.96 | 63.43 | 62.49 | 62.42 | 62.06 | 59. 20 |
| Railroad (20 stocks)..............-......-do. | 45.95 | 32. 13 | 36. 05 | 31. 10 | 28.94 | 28.59 | 26.74 | 29.14 | 31.73 | 30.80 | 32.95 | 36.64 | 38.78 | 39.70 | 42.29 | 42. 05 |
| Banks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New York City (9 stocks) | 45.39 | 43.83 | 45. 21 | 39. 65 | 41.03 | 42.12 | 44.21 | 45.22 | 43.51 | 42.66 | 45.11 | 46.88 | 45. 96 | 48. 02 | 49. 05 | 46. 24 |
| Outside New York City (16 stocks).-.-do. | 87.73 | 77.06 | 79.47 | 70.75 | 71.16 | 72.07 | 76.07 | 79.49 | 79.39 | 77.37 | ${ }_{81.13}$ | 87.48 | 86.58 | 89.58 | ${ }_{93.01}$ | 88.82 |
| Property-Hability insurance (16 stocks)..-do. | 85.43 | 78.34 | 82.45 | 67.40 | 69.94 | 71. 10 | 72.48 | 77.07 | 81.56 | 79.73 | 88.33 | 95.96 | 101. 59 | 103.88 | 112.76 | 114.06 |
| New York Stock Exchange common stock indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Composite | ${ }^{54.67}$ | 45. 72 | 47.51 | 41. 65 | 41.28 | 41.15 | 42.28 | 45. 10 | 46. 06 | 45.84 | 49.00 | 51. 29 | 53.42 | 54.89 | 56.81 | 56. 00 |
|  | 57.44 46.96 | 48. 03 | 40.47 34 | ${ }_{2}^{43.33}$ | 43.40 | 43.04 26.46 | 44. 20 27.66 | 47.43 30.43 | 48.87 | 48. 54 | 51.68 | ${ }^{53} \mathbf{3 1} 72$ | 56.45 40.37 | ${ }_{41}^{58.43}$ | 60.85 43.35 | ${ }^{60.21}$ |
|  | 42.80 | 37.24 | 39.49 | 35. 48 | 33.74 | 34.90 | 35.74 | 36.74 | 36.01 | ${ }_{36} \mathbf{3 1}$ 71 | 39.93 | 42.52 | 42.30 | 41.60 | 41.73 | 39.70 |
|  | 70.49 | 60.00 | 64.07 | 54.58 | 54. 21 | 54. 00 | 56.05 | 60.13 | 59.04 | 57.40 | 61.95 | 66.41 | 68.19 | 70.66 | 73.91 | 70.89 |
| Sales: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total on all registered exchanges (SEC): <br> Market value ..................................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 4,963 | 4,567 | - 341 | 10,387 | ${ }_{401}$ | ${ }^{8} 378$ | ${ }^{8} 299$ | +127 | 12, 458 | ${ }^{9} \mathbf{3 2 4}$ |  | - 510 | ${ }_{601}$ | 1, 581 | 18, 581 |  |
| On New York Stock Exchange: <br> Market value | 129,603 | 103, 063 |  | 8, 566 | 8,000 | 6,985 | 6,443 | 8,721 |  |  |  | 11,036 |  |  |  |  |
| Shares sold (cleared or settled) .-......milions.. | 3, 174 | 3, 213 | $\begin{array}{r}8,78 \\ \hline 240\end{array}$ | ${ }^{8,} 872$ | ${ }^{8,282}$ | ${ }^{650}$ | ${ }^{6} \mathbf{2 1 6}$ | ${ }^{8} 804$ | ${ }^{\text {9,729 }}$ | ${ }^{7} \mathbf{2 3 4}$ | 11,350 | 11,375 | - ${ }_{428}$ | 14, 397 | 14, 415 |  |
| New York Stock Exchange: <br> Exclusive of odd-lot and stopped stock sales (sales effected). $\qquad$ | 2,851 | 2,937 | 223 | 258 | 226 | 228 | 219 | 303 | 262 | 230 | 335 | 349 | 371 | 390 | 402 | 303 |
| Shares listed, N.Y. Stock Exchange, end of period: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 629.45 | 612.49 | 553.80 | 516.39 | 491.21 | 531.08 | 555.49 | 579.75 | 570.41 | 598.64 | 612.49 | 668.01 | 678.13 | 709.33 | 734.34 | 706. 82 |
| Number of shares listed.....-.-.--...-.millions.- | 15, 082 | 15, 522 | 15, 348 | 15, 552 | 15,677 | 15,823 | 15, 869 | 15, 930 | 15,981 | 16,023 | 15, 522 | 16, 100 | 16, 181 | 16,306 | 16, 375 | 16, 471 |

## FOREIGN TRADE OF THE UNITED STATES



## - Revised.

$\sigma^{3}$ Number of stocks represents number currently used; the change in number does not
affect continuity of the series
P Includes data not shown separately.

| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 1970 | 1970 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May |

## FOREIGN TRADE OF THE UNITED STATES—Continued

| FOREIGN TRADE-Continued Value of Exports-Continued <br> Exports (mdse.), incl. reexports-Continued By leading countries-Continued North and South America-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Latin American Republics, total ¢ ....mil. \$.- | 4,869.2 | 5,696. 2 | 502.1 | 461.5 | 483.0 | 482.6 | 479.0 | 445.0 | 568.4 | 476.9 | 490.0 | 474.6 | 444.0 | 487.3 | 484.3 |  |
| Argentina................................do.- | 378.3 | 441.5 | 41.9 | 27.6 | 35.3 | 41.0 | 36.5 | 39.4 | 42.4 | 28.2 | 40.1 | 41.1 | 31.1 | 29.0 | 34.6 |  |
|  | 672.0 | 840.6 | 66.9 | 71.0 | 66.0 | 65.8 | 73.2 | 64.2 | 115.8 | 71.8 | 77.2 | 103.5 | 70.7 | 77.5 | 80.0 |  |
|  | 314.6 | 300.4 | 26.0 | 20.5 | 27.7 | 32.8 | 29.2 | 21.4 | 22.4 | 25.8 | 22.7 | 21.3 | 17.6 | 19.0 | 18.5 |  |
|  | 302.8 | 394.9 | 43.9 | 37.0 | 31. 6 | 39.0 | 29.4 | 24.2 | 35.1 | 32.2 | 35.9 | 28.5 | 34.7 | 39.0 | 31.5 |  |
|  | 1,449.5 | 1,703. 7 | 155.2 | 142.7 | 150.4 | 143.0 | 136.6 | 134.5 | 161.3 | 147.1 | 145.6 | 125.4 | 129.4 | 144.2 | 137.3 |  |
|  | 708.2 | ${ }^{1} 759.3$ | 59.6 | 60.4 | 63.8 | 60.6 | 70.0 | 63.2 | 76.6 | 61.0 | 61.3 | 54.9 | 62.4 | 66.9 | 71.8 |  |
| Exports of U. S. merchandise, total..........-do | 37,461. 6 | 42,593. 3 | 3,591.3 | 3,878.7 | 3,722.2 | 3,530.8 | 3,257.1 | 3,321. 4 | 3,902.4 | 3, 495. 7 | 3, 686.1 | 3,484. 1 | 3,501.7 | 4, 106. 6 | 3,807.7 |  |
| Excluding military grant-aid...----.-.-.-. do | 36,787. 7 | 42,028. 5 | 3,541.9 | 3,845.0 | 3,670.4 | 3,488.1 | 3,216.3 | 3, 282.6 | 3, 843.9 | 3, 445.0 | 3,634. 4 | 3, 433.6 | 3,470.4 | 4, 058.5 | 3,763.8 |  |
| Agricultural products, total.---.-...........do | 5, 936.4 | 7,173. 7 | 553.8 | 567.1 | 593.4 | ${ }^{558.3}$ | 528.5 | 561.1 | 724.1 | 719.5 | 746.1 | 671.6 | 635.7 | 715. 9 | 633.5 |  |
| Nonagricultural products, total.--------.-. - ${ }^{\text {do. }}$ | 31, 525.2 | 35,419.6 | 3,039.7 | 3,314.0 | 3,129.9 | 2, 972.0 | 2, 729.9 | 2, 760.4 | 3, 178.3 | 2, 776. 2 | 2,939.9 | 2,812.5 | 2,866.0 | 3,390.7 | 3,174. 2 |  |
| By commodity groups and p:incipal commodities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Food and live animals $\%$--...-.-.-.-.mil. \$- | 3,732.7 | 4,349.2 | 319.7 | 325.0 14.4 | 336.7 14.3 | 370.6 12.1 | 361.5 14.9 | 363.9 | 459.0 17.9 | 419.6 19.7 | 405.1 13.7 | 382.7 12.8 | $\begin{array}{r} 356.0 \\ 13.4 \end{array}$ | 388.2 16.8 2 | 343.0 14.3 |  |
| Mests and preparations (incl. poultry) Grains and cereal preparations....-- | 2,197. 1 | 174.8 $2,588.4$ | 14.1 179.5 | 14.4 190.9 | 14.3 195.9 | 12.1 214.4 | 14.9 209.3 | 18.1 | 17.9 289.6 | 19.7 252.9 | 13.7 254.5 | 12.8 233.1 | 13.4 222.5 | 16.8 226.0 | 14.3 195.8 |  |
| Beverages and tobacco.........----.-...-. ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 713.5 | 701.7 | 47.7 | 5 ¢. 3 | 59.1 | 53.0 | 43.7 | 64.7 | 75.8 | 92.5 | 80.1 | 56.6 | 47.0 | 67.0 | 57.9 |  |
| Crude materials, inedible, exc. fuels $\%$.-.. do | 3,568. 6 | 4,608. 5 | 396.8 | 387.4 | 409.9 | 359.8 | 359.3 | 344.2 | 419.5 | 409.3 | 448.9 | 382.9 | 363.8 | 409.4 | 381.9 |  |
| Cotton, raw, excl, linters and waste....d | 280.2 | 372.2 | 37.0 | 38.2 | 33.9 | 24.5 | 10.7 | 11.1 | 22.9 | 32.7 | 46.8 | 57.6 | 59.5 | 74.6 | 62.4 |  |
| Soybeans, exc. canned or prepared...--do..-- Metal ores, | 822.4 | $1,215.8$ 938.2 | $\begin{array}{r}110.4 \\ 72.8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 97.9 88.6 | 104.7 77.6 | 70.5 94.0 | 81.1 93.5 | 83.7 86.1 | 128.3 85.7 | 135.8 71.2 | 141.3 69.2 | 106.1 56.2 | 101.5 38.1 | 110.2 45.7 | 102.9 48.2 |  |
| Mineral fuels, lubricants, etc. \% ...........-do | 1,130.2 | 1,594. 1 | 129.5 | 134.9 | 142.6 | 141.0 | 128.5 | 147.3 | 169.6 | 132.1 | 161.9 | 119.5 | 121.4 | 130.1 | 141.8 |  |
| Coal and related products | ${ }^{1} 1336.3$ | 1,044. 1 | 83.2 | 90.2 | 98.7 | 91.8 | 88.3 | 102.0 | 113.7 | 88.4 | 106.9 | 76.8 | 77.9 | 82.5 | 86.4 |  |
| Petroleum and products. | 433.3 | 487.3 | 39.8 | 41.6 | 38.6 | 43.1 | 35.1 | 40.3 | 50.3 | 39.0 | 47.2 | 35.7 | 37.4 | 43.0 | 50.0 |  |
| Animal and | 307.6 | 493.0 | 31.1 | 41.6 | 55.2 | 43.8 | 40.4 | 44.0 | 40.3 | 32.5 | 56.0 | 51.7 | 51.5 | 56.5 | 54.2 |  |
| Chemicals. | 3,382. 6 | 3,826. 1 | 324.8 | 354.1 | 340.9 | 326.1 | 304.5 | 286.0 | 325.7 | 284.4 | 308.0 | 279.7 | 295.6 | 335.6 | 323.9 |  |
|  | 4,554.0 | 5,067.0 | 452.0 | 483.9 | 455.4 | 417.3 | 396.0 | 380.6 | 411.0 | 375.5 | 387.8 | 372.9 | 357.2 | 404.5 | 388.6 |  |
|  | 575.6 | 603.2 | 50.5 | 53.0 | 52. 0 | 44. 6 | $\begin{array}{r}46.4 \\ 103 . \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 46.7 86 | 53.7 | 49.7 817 | 51. 4 | 53.3 | 46.8 | 56.3 | 53.9 |  |
| Iron and steel.Nonferrous base | 972.9 711.5 | 1,270.1 892.5 | 127.1 83.2 | 142.1 90.9 | 117.7 78.5 | 115.1 70.3 | 103.2 60.8 | 86.9 63.0 | 84.7 73.3 | 81.3 56.6 | 77.5 67.5 | 70.5 64.0 | 60.3 59.8 | 67.9 61.4 | 65.8 60.2 |  |
| Machinery and transport equipment, total mil. \$. | 16,402. 8 | 17,875. 4 | 1,564.3 | 1,765.9 | 1,545.9 | 1,468. 5 | 1,299.2 | 1,363.7 | 1,654.2 | 1,419.1 | 1,472.7 | 1,489.3 | 1,580.7 | 1,948. 3 | 1,728.1 |  |
| Machinery, total8.-.-....-............... do | 9,864. 0 | 11.371.6 | 939.3 | 1,001.3 | 999.0 | 977.7 | 899.0 | 904.4 | 1,059.3 | 928.2 | 978.8 | 956.3 | 897.0 | 1,073. 6 | 1,012.3 |  |
|  | 644.4 | 628.1 | 57.9 | 56.0 | 49.5 | 52.3 | 49.3 | 51.7 | 58.2 | 46. 0 | 44.1 | 44.8 | 48.1 | 61.4 | 60.7 |  |
| Metalworking | 343.4 | 395.7 | 32.6 | 37.4 | 40.1 | 35.7 | 36.6 | 30.8 | 33.3 | 31.7 | 34.9 | 42.5 | 29.3 | 35.4 | 32.6 |  |
| Construction, ercav. and mining.....do | 1,248.0 | 1,422.4 | 113.6 | 122.3 | 122.7 | 127.8 | 114.4 | 112.4 | 128.9 | 117.0 | 116.9 | 108.5 | 113.1 | 135.1 | 143.2 |  |
|  | 2,677.0 | 2,999.7 | 247.0 | 264.0 | 271.6 | 245.2 | 236.5 | 236.7 | 277.6 | 253.5 | 261.6 | 255.0 | 232.1 | 264.5 | 255.1 |  |
| Transport eduipment, total..-.-.-.-.--do | 6,538.8 | 6,503.8 | 625.0 | 764.6 | 546.9 | 490.8 | 400.3 | 459.4 | 594.8 | 491.0 | 493.9 | 532.9 | 683.7 | 874.7 | 715.8 |  |
| Motor vehicles and parts........-.-.-. ${ }^{\text {do...- }}$ | 3,787. 3 | 3,549.3 | 352.0 | 350.8 | 354.8 | 256.7 | 247.8 | 320.3 | 289.7 | 251.9 | 260.9 | 288.0 | 339.8 | 412.6 | 358.7 |  |
| Miscellaneous manufactured articles......d | 2,445.7 | 2,571. 4 | 212.1 | 213.4 | 221.6 | 213.7 | 205.9 | 211.2 | 229.8 | 214.9 | 208.1 | 209.4 | 211.5 | 248.1 | 231.2 |  |
| Commodities not classified......-.......-. do | 1,224.0 | 1,507.0 | 115.4 | 118.6 | 156.0 | 136.4 | 119.3 | 115.8 | 117.6 | 115.6 | 159.4 | 139.4 | 116.9 | 119.0 | 157.1 |  |
| Value of Imports |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General lmports, total.-.-...................-. do.... | 36,042. 8 | 39,963.2 | 3,391.1 | 3,175.6 | 3,504.2 | 3,311.5 | 3,116.0 | 3,451.9 | 3, 598.9 | 3,405. 8 | 3,555. 5 | 3,422.0 | 3, 193.8 | 3,911. 5 | 3,897.6 |  |
| Seasonally adjusted.............-...........-do...-- |  |  | 3,263.2 | 3,337.8 | 3,265.5 | 3,254.5 | 3,346.2 | 3,428.2 | 3,500.5 | 3,428.4 | 3,404.3 | 3,686. 3 | 3, 553.4 | 3,569.2 | 3,757.8 |  |
| By geographic regions: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1,046. 3 | 1,110.6 | 104.5 | 90.6 | 94.2 | 85.8 | 76.8 | 91.8 | 87.4 | 82.8 | 98.0 | 96.0 | 80.2 | 94.7 890 | ${ }_{979} 113.1$ |  |
| Asia-ri-. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ - | $1,275.4$ 828.4 | $9,625.9$ 870.9 | 752.5 57.4 | $\begin{array}{r}740.1 \\ 54.8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 820.1 | 838.2 87.0 | 860.6 89.6 | 932.8 74.1 | 902.4 75.6 | 841.3 62.8 | 836.4 88.0 | 851.4 57.1 | 784.0 $45 . \mathrm{G}$ | 890.2 63.2 | 113.1 98.6 |  |
|  | 10,333.6 | 11,400.9 | 979.8 | 898.5 | 978.3 | 990.0 | 860.8 | 915.3 | 1, 033.9 | 1, 033.6 | 1, 025.4 | 1,006. 4 | 907.2 | e $1,152.8$ | 1, 108.1 |  |
| Northern North America.......-..........do | 10,386.9 |  | 951.2 | 942.6 | 1,017.1 | 851.9 | 759.5 | 916.9 | 1,019.9 | 941.3 | 978.3 | 906.1 | 937.3 | ${ }^{\text {c } 1,140.1}$ | 1, 081.5 |  |
| Southern North America...................d. ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 2,516.8 | 2, 881. 4 | 274.7 | 243.0 | 259.6 | 224.7 235 | 207.3 | 204.8 | 227.5 | 217.1 | 251.6 | 236.4 | 245.2 | ¢ 300.9 | 278.8 |  |
|  | 2,643.1 | 2,955. 4 | 268.1 | 203.0 | 259.1 | 235.7 | 259.1 | 256.2 | 249.5 | 225.4 | 266.0 | 265.2 | 191.3 | ${ }^{\text {c } 266.2}$ | 263.4 |  |
| By leading countries: Africa: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| United Arab Republic (Egypt) .......- do...- | 37.8 | 22.9 | 4.2 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 1.5 | .4 | 1.5 | 7 | 5 | 2 | . 4 | 1.4 | 2.5 | 2.4 |  |
| Repubilc of South Africa...--.---....- do...-. | 246.3 | 288.0 | 33.6 | 20.6 | 20.0 | 22.1 | 20.2 | 27.9 | 17.6 | 22.7 | 31.4 | 20.9 | 20.2 | 25.4 | 19.5 |  |
| Asia; Australia and Oceania: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Australia, including New Guinea ....--do..-- | 595.0 | 622.7 | 43.3 | 38.1 | 60. 2 | 57.4 | 60.5 | 55.4 | 51.1 | 45.8 | 56.2 | 41. 6 | 34.2 | 41.2 | 45.8 |  |
| India | 344.0 | 298.1 | 22.2 | 20.6 | 24.5 | 21.1 | 17.9 | 17.5 | 31.3 | 26.1 | 25.9 | 28.7 | 21.4 | 25.4 | 26.9 |  |
|  | 193.7 | 182.2 | 14.1 | 11.5 | 15.1 | 9.9 | 12.7 | 14.5 | 17.5 | 15.6 | 18.4 | 16.4 | 14.6 | 17.3 | 17.6 |  |
|  | 422.6 | 475. 9 | 32. 6 | 42.1 | 40.0 | 45. 7 | 53.9 | 59.1 | 41.8 | 35.4 | 48.1 | 26.6 | 30.3 | 33.5 | 47. 0 |  |
|  | 4, 838.2 | 5,875.3 | 474.3 | 443.9 | 486.1 | 512.7 | 541.9 | 571.9 | 565.8 | 529.4 | 488.9 | 551.0 | 488.9 | 555.1 | 814.5 |  |
| Europe: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 842.2 | 942.1 | 75.5 | 73.0 | 79.9 | 77.9 | 85.2 | 71.4 | 82.4 | 88.9 | 95.0 | 89.5 | 79.1 | 98.2 | 94.2 |  |
| East Germany............................. ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 8.0 | 9.4 |  |  |  | 1.1 | ${ }^{236} .6$ | . 5 | 9 | 1.0 |  | 1. 1 | ${ }^{2} 7$ | 1.1 | ${ }_{313.8}^{6}$ |  |
|  | 2,603.4 | 3,129.6 | 281.3 | 239.5 | 269.7 | 269.0 | 236.0 | 271.0 | 277.3 | 292.0 | 290.1 | 294.5 | 267.2 | 313. 9 | 313.6 |  |
|  | 1,203. 7 | 1,316. 1 | 121.8 | 104.9 | 115.1 | 114.7 6.5 | 124.1 | 97.6 | 112.3 | 104. 1 | 114.7 | 117.7 | 102.2 3.8 | 125.5 7.6 | 121.0 5.0 |  |
| Union of Soviet Socialist Republics ...- do...- United Kingdom................... do..- | 51.5 $2,120.4$ | $1,72.2$ $2,195.8$ | 3.5 179.0 | 5.3 182.8 | 4.6 189.0 | 6.5 201.7 | 5.1 136.5 | 2.9 175.4 | 2.9 212.7 | 5.9 203.0 | 6.7 185.6 | 3.7 184.4 | 3.8 155.1 | 7.6 216.6 | 5.0 205.2 |  |
| Norih and South America: Canada | 10,383. | 11 | 951.0 | 042.5 | 1,017.0 | 851.8 | 759.0 | 916.5 | 1,019.0 | 941.3 | 978.3 | 906.0 | 937.1 | 1,140.0 | 1,081.3 |  |
|  | 10,383. | 1,001.1 |  | 042.5 | 1,017.0 |  | 75.0 |  | 1,019.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Latin American Republics, total \& .....do.... | 4,213.8 | 4,779.2 | 455.4 | 377.0 | 425.9 | 372.6 | 385.7 | 371.5 | 383.3 | 358.0 | 418.9 | 407.4 | 355.8 | 452.6 | 450.1 |  |
| Argentina....-..........................-do....- | 155.3 | 171.8 | 16.1 | 13.1 | 13.0 | 13.9 | 15.6 | 18.3 | 18.2 | 11.9 | 12.2 | 9.7 | 9.7 | 15. 5 | 13.5 |  |
|  | 616.7 | 669.4 | 51.5 | 38.3 | 64.9 | 57.8 | 68.3 | 56.0 | 63.1 | 66.3 | 49.6 | 89.6 | 44.4 | 38.2 | 59.8 |  |
|  | 151.4 | 154.0 | 20.9 | 11.3 | 8.5 | 13.5 | 10.9 | 14.4 | 14. 1 | 10.1 | 15.2 | 10.4 | 8.6 | 14.5 | 9.7 |  |
|  | 240.4 | 268.9 | 24.4 | 24.3 | 25.6 | 22.9 | 20.4 | 18.4 | 13.5 | 15.8 | 22.0 | 19.1 | 15.4 | 20.0 | ${ }^{23.2}$ |  |
| Mexico-ria | 1,029.3 | $1,222.4$ $1,082.1$ | 129.8 98.8 | 114.9 72.4 | 105.0 88.7 | 83.2 | 82.0 | 80.6 | 93.1 | 91.9 75.3 | 110.1 105.2 | 99.8 87.1 | 110.9 76.4 | 126.3 135.3 | 107.9 |  |

$r$ Revised. © Corrected.
o Includes data not shown separately.

| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May |

## FOREIGN TRADE OF THE UNITED STATES—Continued



TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATION

| TRANSPORTATION <br> Air Carriers (Scheduled Service) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Certificated route carriers:* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 125.42 50.0 | $\begin{array}{r}1131.72 \\ 49 \\ \\ \hline 8\end{array}$ | 9.97 500 | 10.69 48.4 | 12.40 | 13. 38 | 14.31 | 10.90 | 9.98 | 9.20 | 10.94 | 10.53 | 9.06 | 10.17 |  |  |
| Passenger-load factor §-..-.-......-percent-- Ton-miles (revenue), total | 50.0 16,898 | 49.7 18,167 | 50.0 1,434 | 48.4 1,520 | 53.2 1,680 | 56.2 1,759 | 59.4 1,834 | 18.2 1,497 | 45.0 1,439 | 43.6 1,334 | 48.2 1,554 | 46.0 1,409 | 43. 5 1,260 | 43.7 1,428 |  |  |
|  | ${ }^{\text {r }}$ ¢,791 | ${ }^{1} 9,290$ |  |  | 2,334 |  |  | 2,541 |  |  | 2,218 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 7, 120 | 17,627 |  |  | 1,911 |  |  | 2,139 |  |  | 1,782 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Freight and express revenues.........-. do....- | 686 | 750 |  |  | 1203 |  |  | -192 |  |  | 189 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 296 | 306 |  |  | 74 |  |  | 71 |  |  | 90 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | - 8,403 | ${ }^{19} 9247$ |  |  | 2, 269 |  |  | 2, 387 |  |  | 2,355 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net income after taxes....-.-.......-.------ do.-.--- | ${ }^{+1} 54$ | $-1201$ |  |  | 2, 1 |  |  | 2, 60 |  |  | -177 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Domestic operations: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Passenger-miles (revenue) .-.................-bil.- | 1102.72 | ${ }^{1} 104.16$ | 7.77 | 8. 10 | 9. 44 | 10.12 | 10.88 | 8.23 | 7.90 | 7.48 | 8.94 | 8. 45 | 7.26 | 8.18 |  |  |
| Express and freight ton-miles................mil. | 12,126 | ${ }^{1} 2,216$ | 206 | 218 | 206 | 189 | 178 | 182 | 187 | 162 | 178 | 147 | 147 | 177 |  |  |
|  | 1807 | 1715 | 54 | 53 | 50 | 54 | 54 | 56 | 63 | 63 | 87 | 59 | 55 | 63 |  |  |
|  | -1 6,936 | 17,180 |  |  | 1,771 |  |  | 1,897 |  |  | 1,729 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }^{1} 16,613$ | 17,181 |  |  | 1,725 |  |  | 1,835 |  |  | 1,820 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net income after taxes..-....................-do. | +131 | -184 |  |  | , 2 |  |  | (2) |  |  | -121 |  |  |  |  |  |
| International and territorial operations: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Passenger-miles (revenue) -.......---.......-bil-- | ${ }^{1} 22.70$ | 127.56 | 2.20 | 2.60 | 2. 96 | 3. 26 | 3. 44 | 2.67 | 2.08 | 1. 72 | 1.99 | 2.08 | 1.80 | 1.99 |  |  |
|  | 11,224 1 1544 | 11,299 1766 | 112 65 | 112 68 | 114 | 121 57 | 114 57 | 113 56 | 126 65 | 110 | 106 89 | 96 54 | 101 | 116 55 |  |  |
|  | , 11,855 | 2,109 |  |  | 568 | 5 |  | 644 | 65 | 78 | 489 | 54 |  | 55 |  |  |
|  | - 11,790 | 2,066 |  |  | 544 |  |  | 552 |  |  | 536 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $+123$ | -17 |  |  | -1 |  |  | 60 |  |  | -56 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Local Transit Linea |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fares, average cash rate......................cents. | 24.3 | 25.7 | 25.4 | 25.5 | 25.6 | 25.7 | 25.7 | 25.8 | 26.0 | 26.2 | 26.4 | 26.4 | 26.4 | 26.5 | 26.6 |  |
|  | 6,310 | 5,903 | 540 | 517 | 492 | 452 | 442 | 483 | 509 | 473 | 499 | 460 | 440 | 556 | 504 |  |

${ }^{5}$ Revised. ${ }_{2}{ }^{p}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ Annuai total reflects revisions not distributed to monthly data. ${ }^{2}$ For 3 d quarter 1970 , ioss $\$ 386$ thousand.
$\ddagger$ rade in silver is included ir value and quantity indexes for 1968 and all indexes thereafter
o Includes dota not shown separately month will be shown later.
seat-miles in revenue service; reflects proportion of seating capacity actually sold and utilized IApplies to passengers, baggage, freight, express, and mail carried.
*New series. Source: Civil Aeronautics Board. Certificated route industry covers passengercargo (including local servica, helicopter, and other carriers) and all-cargo carriers. Operacept that for 2 d quarter 1970 such operations of two carriers are in the internarional series. Selected revenues by type (as shown for total industry) and all traffic statistics cover scheduled service only; total revenues, expenses, and income for all groups of carriers also reflect nonscheduled service.

| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May |

TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATION-Continued

| TRANSPORTATION-Continued Motor Carriers (Intercity) Carriers of property, class I (qtrly, total): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of reporting carriers..................i---- | ${ }^{1} 1.289$ |  |  |  | 1,375 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating revenues, total..---------1.---mil. \$-- | 10,482 |  |  |  | 2,535 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Expenses, total | 10,036 560 |  |  |  | 2,480 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Freight carried, volume indexes, class I and II (ATA): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Common and contract carriers of property (qtrly.) $0^{2}$ - - average same period, $1057-59=100$ | 183.8 | 180.0 |  |  | 169.0 |  |  | 179.8 |  |  | 164.7 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Common carriers of general freight, seas. adj. $\dagger$ $1957-59=100$. | 168.9 | 165.2 | 122.6 | 151.0 | 161.2 | 172.8 | 173.1 | 172.1 | 167.4 | 160.8 | 177.4 | r 171.3 | -179.1 | -183.4 | 183.8 |  |
| Carriers of passengers, class I (qtrly.): $\$$ Number of reporting carriers. | 170 |  |  |  | 69 |  |  | 70 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating revenues, total....-..................ill. \$-. | 676.4 |  |  |  | 179.0 |  |  | 218.6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Expenses, total...........-...-........................... | 593.6 |  |  |  | 158.0 |  |  | 175.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Passengers carried (revenue) ..............-mil. - | 175.0 |  |  |  | 42.8 |  |  | 47.7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Class I Raliroads |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Financial operations (qtrly.): Operating revenues, totaio..............mil. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | - 710,420 | $\stackrel{-11,985}{\square}$ |  |  | 3, 3,811 |  |  | 3,758 |  |  | 2,778 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | - | - 420 |  |  | ${ }^{2} 106$ |  |  | ${ }^{2} 113$ |  |  | ${ }^{2} 102$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating expenses...........................do | - 9, 038 | - 9, 731 |  |  | 2,458 |  |  | 2, 451 |  |  | 2,485 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tax accruals and rents .-....................do... | $\cdots 1,726$ | - 1, 814 |  |  | 466 |  |  | 479 |  |  | 476 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | +658 +458 | 411 .78 |  |  | 158 |  |  | 109 21 |  |  | 84 -35 -3 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Traffic: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ton-miles of freight (net), revenue and nonrevenue (qtrly.) $\qquad$ bll | 4781.7 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 192.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 767.9 | ${ }^{1} 762.5$ |  |  | 198.6 |  |  | 189.2 |  |  | 191.1 |  |  | 2183.2 | 259.2 | 2.375.3 |
| Revenue per ton-mile (atriy. avg.) -----cents.- | 1.347 | ${ }^{4} 1.431$ |  |  | 1.416 |  |  |  |  |  | 1.453 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Passengers (revenue) carried 1 mile (qtrily.) . mil.Travel | 12,169 | 410,771 |  |  | 2,754 |  |  | 2,986 |  |  | 2,501 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hotels: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average sale per occupled room........ ${ }^{\text {a }}$ dollars. | 12.37 69 | 13. 25 | 13.95 61 | 12.87 | 13.80 56 | 12. 17 | 13.74 55 | 13. ${ }_{56} 5$ | 14. 48 | 13.39 50 | 12. 24 | 13. 62 | 13. 24 | 12.72 | 14.37 56 |  |
| Rooms occupled .-.............. \% of total.-. | 59 119 | 55 114 | ${ }_{127}^{61}$ | 58 131 | 56 125 | 53 117 | 55 106 |  | 62 114 | $\begin{array}{r}50 \\ 104 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  |  | + ${ }^{56}$ |  |  |
| Foreign travel: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U.S. citizens: Arrivals......................................................... | $\begin{array}{r} 5,911 \\ 4,767 \\ 5,96 \end{array}$ | 6, 659 6,499 | 480 481 | 509 545 | 536 731 | 736 903 | 1,009 +767 | 690 535 | 505 408 | 420 <br> 368 | 395 437 | 550 443 | 444 | 517 |  |  |
| Aliens: Arrivals ...................................do...... | - 3,602 | 4, 4,065 | 295 | ${ }_{341}$ | 349 | 455 | 498 | 416 | 326 | 268 | 292 | 328 | 242 | 306 |  |  |
| Departures..-..............................d. do...- | 43,039 | + 3, 449 | 245 | 289 | 313 | 395 | 421 | 334 | 291 | 237 | - 279 | 239 | 185 | 239 |  |  |
| Passports issued.-..........................do | 1,820 | 2,219 | 277 | 267 | 311 | 254 | 163 | 126 | 101 |  | 108 | 137 | 182 | 275 | 290 | 270 |
|  | 42, 403 | 45,753 | 1,878 | 3,338 | 6,667 | 9,924 | 9,969 | 4,532 | 3,050 | 1,625 | 1,090 |  |  |  |  |  |
| COMMUNICATION (QTRLY.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Telephone carriers: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 8,213 | -8,912 |  |  | 2,227 |  |  | 2, 236 |  |  | 2, 400 |  |  | 2,341 |  |  |
|  | 6,506 | 6,947 |  |  | 1,753 |  |  | 1,765 |  |  | 1,769 |  |  | 1,845 |  |  |
| Operating expenses (excluding taxes) .......do | 10,270 | 11, 581 |  |  | 2, 898 |  |  | 2,955 |  |  | 2, 987 |  |  | 3,046 |  |  |
| Net operating income (after taxes)..........d. . ${ }^{\text {dil }}$ | 2,798 | 3,058 |  |  | 764 |  |  | 758 |  |  | 802 |  |  | 813.8. |  |  |
| Phones in service, end of period.---.........mil. | 100.3 | 104.1 |  |  | 101.7 |  |  | 103.1 |  |  | 104.1 |  |  | 105.2 |  |  |
| Telegraph carriers: Domestic: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Domestic: Operating revenues ......................mil. $\$$ - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 391.3 330.8 | 402.5 334.6 |  |  | 106.7 8 |  |  | 98.1 86.1 |  |  | 100.2 80.8 |  |  | ${ }_{78.8}^{91.2}$ |  |  |
| Net operating revenues (before taxes)..-do. | 32.9 | 34.0 |  |  | 11.3 |  |  | 6.4 |  |  | 6.9 |  |  | 6.8 |  |  |
| International: Operating revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 179.9 132.5 | 193.7 144.9 |  |  | 48.5 35.9 |  |  | 47.7 36.0 |  |  | ${ }_{38}^{50.1}$ |  |  | 51.9 36.6 |  |  |
| Net operating revenues (before taxes) ...do..... | 39.1 | 39.3 |  |  | 10.2 |  |  | 9.4 |  |  | 9.4 |  |  | 12.7 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS

| CHEMICALS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| norganic chemicals, production: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 14,386 | 14,382 | 1,319 | 1,275 | 1,220 | 1,214 | 1,124 | 1,155 | 1,112 | 1,102 | 1,073 | '953 | r 1,047 | 960 |  |  |
| Ammonia, synthetic anhydrous.-thous. sh. tons.- | 12,713.5 | 13,098. 0 | 1,139.4 | 1,128.9 | 1,136. 5 | 1,085.5 | 1,082.2 | 1,102.6 | 1,059.7 | 1,096.5 | 1,140.7 | 1,091.4 | - 969.0 | r1,143.7 | 1,232.6 |  |
| Carbon dioxide, liquid, gas, and solid $\ddagger$.....do | 1,069.4 | 1,120. 1 | 102.3 | 109.7 | 100.3 | 104.2 | 106.6 | 103.5 | 87.9 | 77.3 | -77.9 | +80.2 | r 80.8 | +85.2 |  |  |
| Chlorine, gas ( $100 \% \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ ) | 9, 422.0 | 8,895. 2 | 814.3 | 839.2 | 810.3 | 844.4 | 811.7 | 805.2 | 860.1 | 802.8 | 812.1 | - 742.0 | 695.5 | + 770.5 | 769.3 |  |
| Hydrochloric acid ( $100 \% \mathrm{HCl}$ ) ............... do | 1,848.6 | 1,917.7 | 157.1 | 165.9 | 161.5 | 166.8 | 161.0 | 163.8 | 165.6 | 143.3 | 153.8 | + 160.6 | 149.0 | r 175.9 | 167.6 |  |
| Nitric acid ( $100 \% \mathrm{HNO}_{2}$ ) | 6,443. 4 | 6,460. 1 | 582.0 | 571.7 | 548. 7 | 475.7 | 502.1 | 522. 7 | 564.3 | 553.1 | 565.1 | 567.3 | + 536.6 | 603.7 | 592.1 |  |
| Oxygen (high purity) $\dagger$.............-.-.-.-mil. cu. ft | 275, 962 | 279, 352 | 23, 325 | 24,040 | 23,401 | 23,147 | 22,974 | 23,003 | 24,244 | 23,341 | 23,822 | ${ }^{5} 26,612$ | r 26,194 | 29, 160 |  |  |
| Phosphoric acid ( $100 \% \mathrm{P}_{9} \mathrm{O}_{5}$ ) | 4,915.5 | 5,470.8 | $23,30.3$ | 465.0 | 422.1 | 388.1 | 456.9 | 23, 481.7 | 503.3 | 2363.6 | 526.9 | 492.9 | r 521.5 | 534.7 | 541.0 |  |
| Sodium carbonate (soda ash), synthetic ( $58 \%$ Na, ${ }^{\text {O }}$ ) | 4, 502.8 | 4,414.4 | 378.3 | 391.4 | 365.4 | 379.4 | 332.7 | 355.5 | 373.4 | 361.6 | 412.1 | 312.9 | 344.3 | 375.8 | 362.9 |  |
| Sodium bichromate and chromate.......-. do..-- | 4, 149.8 | $4,414.4$ 149.5 | $\begin{array}{r}13.3 \\ \hline 17\end{array}$ | 31.4 13.6 | 12.4 81.6 | 12.7 | 3.2 .7 10.7 | $\begin{array}{r}355.5 \\ 12.1 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 37.4 13.3 | 361.6 11.8 | 14.7 | 11.6 | 11.3 | 12.2 | 12.2 |  |
| Sodium hydroxide ( $100 \% \mathrm{NaOH}$ ) | 9,618.7 | 10,073. 7 | 847.8 | 856.8 | 816.8 | 889.3 | 879.1 | 829.1 | 889.1 | 830.9 | 842.8 | - 765.6 | 741.7 | r 821.8 | 790.5 |  |
| Sodium siltcate, anhydrous...-thous. sh. tons. | 653.8 | 612.4 | 55.0 | 65.2 | 54.8 | 39.1 | 48.7 | 48.7 | 56.2 | 55.8 | 51.7 | -38.7 | 50.6 | -63.5 | 61.6 |  |
| Sodium sulfate, anhydrous.....thous. sh. tons...-- | 41,471.0 | 1,362. 4 | 116.0 | 108.0 | 108.0 | 103.4 | $\begin{array}{r}97.9 \\ \hline 203\end{array}$ | 117.6 | 122.7 | 116.0 | 116.0 | r 111.5 | 109.1 | - 115.4 | - 119.3 |  |
|  | 29,536.9 | 29, 145.7 | 2,530.5 | 2,517.4 | 2,398.4 | 2,310.7 | 2,303.9 | 2,403.8 | 2,494.8 | 2,432.9 | 2,672.8 | 2,395.7 | r2,386.2 | 2,592.6 | 2,591. 4 |  |
| Revised. $\quad$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ Number of carriers filing complete reports for the year. <br> ${ }^{2}$ Preliminary estimate by Association of American Railroads. ${ }_{3}$ For 5 weeks. ${ }^{2}$ Annual total reflects revisions not distributed to the monthly or quarterly data. ${ }^{5}$ Beginning Jan. 1971, includes low purity oxygen; comparable Dec. 1970 figure, 26,394 mil. cu. ft. |  |  |  |  |  | $\dagger$ Revised monthly data (1957-69) are available. or Indexes are directly comparable for the identical quarter of each year (and from year to year). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May |

## CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS-Continued

| CHEMICALS-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Organic chemicals, production: $0^{7}$ | 11,748, |  |  | 131.5 | 133.2 | 132.2 | 127.8 |  |  |  |  | 125.8 | 120.2 | 140.6 | 133.5 |  |
|  | 37.5 | 35.1 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 2.8 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 3.3 | 3.5 | 2.9 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 2.9 | 2.8 |  |
|  | ${ }^{1} 118.3$ | 109.6 | 8.6 | 10.2 | 9.3 | 8.0 | 9.6 | 9.5 | 9.3 | 9.1 | 10.6 | 8.4 | 8.4 | 9.6 | 10.3 |  |
| Ethyl acetate (85\%) ---.-............ mil. lb. | ${ }^{1} 153.2$ | ${ }^{1} 158.7$ | 25.5 | 22.9 | 13.2 | 8.3 | 9.7 | 16.2 | 14.7 | 10.2 | 16.1 | 13.5 | 13.0 | 10.8 | 15.9 |  |
|  | 4,192.8 | 14,312.4 | 373.7 | 372.4 | 363.1 | 324.2 | 353.2 | 397.8 | 370.8 | 400.8 | 344.4 | 301.5 | 310.3 | 382.1 | 383.4 |  |
| Glycerin, refined, all grades: | 322.4 | 336.1 | 29.1 | 28.7 | 28.8 | 25.3 | 27.9 | 26.1 | 27.8 | 31.7 | 31.8 | 28.2 | 25.8 | 30.3 | 27.0 |  |
| Stocks, end of period.................................... | 30.5 | 29.6 | 24.9 | 26.5 | 27.2 | 25.3 | 24.6 | 24.4 | 23.0 | 26.6 | 29.6 | 31.2 | 27.0 | 29.2 | 23.5 |  |
| Methanol, synthetic.............................il. gal.- | 1624.8 | 1744.7 | 59.7 | 60.4 | 57.9 | 43.4 | 53.2 | 50.6 | 60.4 | 65.4 | 77.0 | 60.2 | 56.6 | 56.0 | 65.8 |  |
| Phthalic anhydride.........................-mil. ${ }^{\text {mib.- }}$ | 774.0 | ${ }^{1} 714.0$ | 58.8 | 64.8 | 61.0 | 61.0 | 58.8 | 63.6 | 54.9 | 53.8 | 55.9 | 54.4 | 51.4 | 61.9 | 61.3 |  |
| ALCOHOL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ethyl alcohol and spirits: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }_{1797}^{737}$ | 631.6 162.7 | 57.7 181.2 | 57.8 17.3 | 59.2 184.0 | 56.9 184.8 | 46.9 176. | 58.3 177 8 | 54.8 189.4 | ${ }^{41.4}$ | 48.3 | 45.0 | 41.5 | 41.7 |  |  |
|  | 592.6 | 513.8 | 14.0 | 46.3 | 48.4 | 45.0 | 42.3 | 42.7 | 42.9 | ${ }^{37.1}$ | 37.6 | 162.8 37.8 | 109.4 31.8 | 155.1 37.7 |  |  |
| Taxable withdrawals....-.....-.-...........do. | 85.6 | 85.8 | 8.6 | 6.2 | 6.7 | 6.0 | 6.4 | 7.5 | 8.6 | 7.7 | 6.7 | 6.2 | 6.1 | 7.4 |  |  |
| Denatured alcohol: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 318.4 | 254.6 | ${ }^{23.7}$ | 24.8 24 24 | 26.0 | 24.3 | 22.8 | 23.0 | 23.2 | 20.1 | 21.0 | 20.4 | 17.2 | 20.4 |  |  |
|  | 318.8 2.4 | 276.2 3.0 | 23.6 2.4 | 24.3 3.0 | $\stackrel{26.1}{2.9}$ | 24.4 2.8 | 22.9 2.7 | 22.9 2.8 | 22.9 3.0 | 20.1 3.0 | 20.9 3.0 | 20.2 3.3 | 17.7 2.8 | 20.4 2.7 |  |  |
| FERTILIZERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 16,599 | 16, 005 | 1,230 | 579 | 2,078 | 1, 550 | 1,414 | 1,341 | 1,479 | 1,420 | 1,293 | 1,800 | 1,168 | 1,285 | 1,680 |  |
|  | 1,799 |  | 49 | 102 |  | 140 | 130 |  | 105 | 114 | 101 |  |  | 67 |  |  |
| Phosphate materials----...-...-.-.-........-do.. | 12,229 | 12,543 | 951 | 323 | 1,773 | 1,148 | 1,086 | 1,034 | 1,189 | 1,163 | 980 | 1,528 | 905 | 986 | 1,381 |  |
|  | 1,233 | 966 | 105 | 87 | 48 | 103 | 74 | 115 | 74 | 73 | 70 | ${ }^{1} 66$ | 87 | 83 | 72 |  |
| Imports: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }^{233}$ | 326 | 59 | 57 | 15 | 10 | 10 | 18 | ${ }^{23}$ | 24 | 19 | 16 | 24 | 43 | 104 |  |
|  | ${ }_{3}^{138}$ | 218 | 37 | 16 | 12 | 6 | 15 | 12 | 16 | 24 | 16 | 12 | 33 | 40 | 18 |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r}3,829 \\ \hline 184\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}4,165 \\ \hline 129\end{array}$ | 579 | 397 6 | 218 21 | 164 16 | 304 13 | 331 13 | 391 22 | 387 8 | 269 5 | 315 19 | 296 13 | 474 7 | 475 33 |  |
| Potash deliveries ( $\mathrm{K}, \mathrm{O}$ ) $\qquad$ do.... Superphosphate and other phosphatic fertilizers ( $100 \% \mathrm{P}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5}$ ): | 4,794 | 4,603 | 621 | 416 | 206 | 159 | 353 | 340 | 411 | 416 | 319 | 436 | 271 | 569 | 895 |  |
| Production-- ---.-.-.-.-...-. - thous. sh. tons.- | 4,290 | 4,496 | 408 | 381 | $3{ }_{3} 36$ | 330 | 343 | 380 | 386 | 387 | 431 | 379 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \times \\ \hline 511\end{array}$ | 430 | 441 |  |
|  | 448 | 484 | 276 | 264 | 351 | 455 | 432 | 418 | 394 | 426 | 484 | 505 | '511 | 453 | 266 |  |
| MISCELLANEOUS PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Explosives (industrial), shipments, quarterly $\delta$ mil. 1b. | 1,924.8 | 12,046.5 |  |  | 475.3 |  |  | 484.0 |  |  | 696.4 |  |  | 380.0 |  |  |
| Paints, varnish, and lacquer, factory shipments: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total shipments | 2,776.7 | 2,731.9 | 236.3 | 251.2 | 281.3 | 256.4 | 258.9 | 252.3 | 217.3 | 183.3 | 176.7 | 186.4 | ${ }_{7} 197.6$ | 234.0 |  |  |
|  | 1,473.5 | 1,529. 1 | 131.7 | 142.9 | 162.1 | 153.1 | 150.5 | 143.5 | 123.2 | 106.5 | 96.5 | 102.0 | + 106. 2 | 126.9 |  |  |
| Industrial finlshes...------..............-d. ${ }^{\text {do. }}$ | 1,303. 5 | 1,202.8 | 104. 6 | 108.3 | 119.2 | 103.2 | 108.5 | 108.8 | 94.1 | 76.8 | 80.2 | 84.4 | 91.5 | 197.2 |  |  |
| Sulfur, native (Frasch) and recovered: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 8,568 | 18,539 | 683 | 720 | 671 | 717 | 700 | r 797 | 746 | 703 | 742 | 728 | 658 | 695 |  |  |
| Stocks (producers'), end of period..........d.do.... | 3,461 | 4,038 | 3,642 | 3,714 | 3,738 | 3,689 | 3,800 | 3,837 | 3,977 | 4, 021 | 4,038 | 4, 108 | 4,094 | 4,123 |  |  |
| Plastics and resin materials |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Thermosetting resins: <br> Alkyd resins. mil. lb |  |  | 53.9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pol yester resins....-.-...-.....................do...-- | 1667.4 | 645.8 | 57.9 | 52.5 | 54.5 | 49.1 | 53.6 | 54.7 | 58.0 | 54.0 | 54.2 | -48.7 | 51.7 | 59.4 |  |  |
| Phenolic and other tar acid resins ........-do...- | 11,123.8 | 1,041. 1 | 100.6 | 89.3 | 85.7 | 74.1 | 83.1 | 82.2 | 92.8 | 85.1 | 79.5 | 82.1 | 81.2 | 93.7 |  |  |
| Urea and melamine resins...-.....-.-....-do...-- | 1770.5 | , 622.7 | 54.9 | 54.7 | 54.6 | 44.7 | 54.7 | 52.8 | 50.7 | 48.2 | 46.0 | - 47.7 | 48.2 | 53.2 |  |  |
| Thermoplastic resins: <br> Cellulose plastic materials.......................... | 1192.6 | 134.2 | 12.8 | 12.5 | 11.0 | 10.4 | 10.3 | 10.8 | 11.0 | 9.9 | 9.1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Coumarone-indene and petroleum polymer resins |  |  | 12.8 |  |  | 10.4 | 10.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 13,251.6 | 3,349.3 | 278.4 | 268.9 288 | 299.6 | 25.3 27.5 | 274.3 | 24.6 293.8 | $\begin{array}{r}251.9 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 279.6 | 283.8 | - 267.2 | 270.5 | 303.9 |  |  |
| Vinyl resins (resin content basis).......-do...- | 13,638.8 | 3,690.9 | 338.2 | 330.2 | 325.3 | 298.4 | 310.5 | 314.0 | 311.7 | 288.6 | 289.2 | 294.7 | 289.5 | 321.4 |  |  |
|  | 15,440.7 | 5,857. 6 | 484.6 | 501.1 | 505.3 | 503.2 | 488.7 | 497.4 | 517.7 | 487.6 | 509.8 | 493.5 | 459.9 | 491.7 |  |  |

## ELECTRIC POWER AND GAS



- Revised.
${ }^{1}$ Revised annual total; revisions are not distributed to the monthly data.
$\sigma^{\circ}$ Data are reported on the basis of 100 percent content of the specified material unless
otherwise indicated. $\quad \%$ Includes data not shown separately
§Data have been restated to exclude black blasting powder formerly included.
tRevised data for the months of 1968 will be shown later.

| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as sho wn in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May |

## ELECTRIC POWER AND GAS-Continued

| ELECTRIC POWER-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sales to ultimate customers, total (EEI) mil. kw.-hr Commercial and industrial: | 1,307,178 | 1,391,359 | 109, 247 | 108, 692 | 113,876 | 121, 481 | 126, 043 | 126, 257 | 117, 258 | 110,690 | 115,649 | 122, 035 | 120, 810 | 119.704 |  |  |
| Small light and power | 286,686 | 312, 750 | 23, 564 | 24, 339 | 26, 888 | 29, 113 | 30, 128 | 29, 972 | 27, 109 | 24,734 | 25, 147 | 26,223 | 26,029 | 25,703 |  |  |
| Large light and power§.................-- - do...- | 557, 220 | 572, 522 | 47, 030 | 47,970 | 49, 231 | 48, 012 | 48,997 | 49, 130 | 48,614 | 47, 235 | 47, 583 | 47,480 | 47,457 | 48,947 |  |  |
| Railways and railroads......-...............-do.... | 4, 531 | 4, 633 | 376 | 384 | 363 | 359 | 362 | 354 | 375 | 368 | 421 | 445 | 403 | 422 |  |  |
| Residential or domestic--.-..............-- do...-- | 407, 922 | 447,795 | 34, 007 | 31, 7845 | 33, 302 | 39, 830 | 42,051 | 42, ${ }^{219}$ | 36, 978 | 33,839 1,029 | 37,860 1,081 | 43,156 1,087 | 42,268 1,004 | 39, 819 |  |  |
|  | 35, 861 | 37,816 | 3, 005 | 3,032 | 3, 182 | 3, 223 | 3, 222 | 3,261 | 3,314 | 3,118 | 3,172 | 3,260 | 3,267 | 3,426 |  |  |
| Interdepartmental.......-.-...........---..-. do...- | 4, 186 | 4, 660 | 374 | 383 | 393 | 416 | 414 | 404 | 404 | 366 | 385 | 384 | 382 | ${ }_{4} 415$ |  |  |
| Revenue from sales to ultimate customers (Edison Electric Institute) ....................................... | 20,139.3 | -22,065.9 | 1,697.8 | 1,708.8 | 1,795. 7 | 1,935. 7 | 2,013.4 | 2,033.3 | 1,908.3 | 1,807. 8 | 1,887.8 | 1,978.1 | 1,977.5 | 1,955.3 |  |  |
| GAS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manufactured and mised gas: | 575 | 571 |  |  | 567 |  |  | 863 |  |  | 571 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 538 | 535 |  |  | 531 |  |  | 528 |  |  | 535 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 36 | 34 |  |  | 35 |  |  | 34 |  |  | 34 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sales to consumers, total $¢$ | -1,620 | 1,481 |  |  | 321 |  |  | 165 |  |  | 351 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Residential.-...........-.................-do...- | - 824 | 825 |  |  | 173 |  |  | 64 |  |  | 190 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industrial and commercial .-.............-do...- | -768 | 625 |  |  | 142 |  |  | 99 |  |  | 151 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenue from sales to consumers, total ¢ _ mil $^{\text {\% }}$.- | 130.6 | 132.3 |  |  | 28.8 |  |  | 16.1 |  |  | 33.1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Residential...............................do..... | 80.3 | 82.4 |  |  | 17.7 |  |  | 8.4 |  |  | 20.4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industrial and commercial..................do...- | 48.1 | 47.4 |  |  | 10.7 |  |  | 7.5 |  |  | 11.9 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Natural gas: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Customers, end of period, total $9 . . .-$.-...-thous.- | - 40, 521 | 41,204 |  |  | 41,003 |  |  | 40, 393 |  |  | 41, 204 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Residential. .-.......-.-....-...-........-do..-- | - 37, 201 | 37,826 |  |  | 37, 680 |  |  | 37, 145 |  |  | 37, 826 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industrial and commercial.........-......do...- | -3, 272 | 3,326 |  |  | 3,275 |  |  | 3, 198 |  |  | 3,326 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sales to consumers, total $8 . . . . . . . . .$. mil. therms.. | r 154, 221 | 163, 199 |  |  | 38,349 |  |  | 31, 190 |  |  | 39, 424 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | -47,055 | 48, 217 |  |  | 10, 021 |  |  | 4, 084 |  |  | 11, 584 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industrial and commercial.................do. | 101,512 | 108,848 |  |  | 26,854 |  |  | 25, 634 |  |  | 26, 168 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenue from sales to consumers, totalo . . mil. \$ |  | 10, 242.6 |  |  | 2,328.9 |  |  | 1,631.7 |  |  | 2,550,0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Residential..--.-.-...---...............d. do...- | r $4,791.4$ | 5,133.9 |  |  | 1, 118.7 |  |  | 1,567.9 |  |  | 1, 271.5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industrial and commercial................do.... | 4,383.8 | 4, 862.4 |  |  | 1,153.9 |  |  | 1,010.8 |  |  | 1,211.2 |  |  |  |  |  |

FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS; TOBACCO

| ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Beer: ${ }^{\text {Production }}$......-..........................mil. bbl.. | 127.32 | 133.09 | 12.44 | 12.45 | 13.40 | 12.38 | 11.33 | 11.01 | 10.28 | 9.28 | 9.82 | 9.62 | 9.41 | 12.53 | 12.33 |  |
|  | 116.27 | 122.04 | 10.66 | 11.45 | 11.90 | 11.87 | 10.79 | 10.38 | 9.62 | 8.77 | 9.74 | 8.32 | 8.52 | 11.00 | 11.04 |  |
|  | 11.90 | 12. 26 | 14.12 | 14. 20 | 14. 69 | 14.18 | 13.76 | 13.45 | 13.22 | 12.93 | 12. 26 | 12.97 | 13.20 | 13.81 | 14.07 |  |
| Distilled spirits (total): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production.......-.....-.-.-.-....mil. tax gal-- Consumption, apparent, | 230.02 | 212.26 | 20.11 | 18.16 | 16. 29 | 12.89 28 | 11.22 | 16.18 | 19.21 | 17.99 35.17 | 18.11 | 16. 20 | 16.82 | 18.14 |  |  |
| Taxable withdrawals mil. wine gal-- | 361.67 | 1 371.47 | 29.92 | 28. 33 | 29.30 | 28.00 | 27.14 | 30.21 | 32.49 | 35. 17 | 47. 71 | 24. 60 | 24.99 | 31.46 |  |  |
| Taxable withdrawals .-...-.-........mil. tax gal | 164.55 991 | $\begin{array}{r}172.47 \\ 1.008 .54 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 14.83 $1,008.95$ | 13.23 $1,010.84$ | + 14.72 | 11.05 $1,013.73$ | 14.38 $1,007.86$ | 16.04 $1,006.26$ | 18.22 $1,004.59$ | 16.32 $1,005.21$ | 13.86 $1,008.54$ | 12.32 $1,011.30$ | \| 11.62 | 15.64 $1,015.72$ |  |  |
| Imports..-----------------------mil. proof gal | 87.08 | $1,08.59$ 90.89 | ${ }^{1} 7.03$ | - 6.28 | -7.29 | 1, 6.89 | 5.97 | 7.63 | 10.84 | 10.45 | ${ }^{1} 9.84$ | 6.36 | - 5.68 | 7.65 | 7.06 |  |
| Whisky: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production.-...---.-.-.-.............mil. tax gal.- | 169.87 | 146.44 | 15. 21 | 12.85 | 10.15 | 9.12 | 7.16 | 10.37 | 12. 20 | 11.15 | 12.29 | 12.69 | 12.96 | 13.42 |  |  |
|  | 107.99 | 112.71 | 9.88 | 7.79 | 8.76 | 6.72 | 9.04 | 10.67 | 12.93 | 11.01 | 8. 89 | 8.30 | 7.78 | 9.85 |  |  |
|  | 938.46 | 954. 68 | 955.47 | 959.53 | 959.73 | 961.12 | 957.73 | 955.42 | 952.39 | 951.94 | 954.58 | 958.21 | 960.86 | 964. 24 |  |  |
|  | 74.29 | 75. 59 | 6.22 | 5. 49 | 6.34 | 5.96 | 5.15 | 6.76 | 5.47 | 9.36 | 8. 68 | 5.60 | 4.95 | 6.75 | 6. 21 |  |
| Rectified spirits and wines, production, total mil. proot gal.- | 116.23 | 113.78 | 10.85 | 8.15 | 9.16 | 7.65 | 8. 78 | 10.08 | 11.57 | 11.13 | 8.87 | 8.25 | 8.15 | 9.87 |  |  |
|  | 68.01 | 64. 37 | 6.57 | 4.36 | 4.71 | 4.27 | 4.86 | 5. 79 | 6.88 | 6. 70 | 4.58 | 4. 28 | 4.58 | 5.09 |  |  |
| Wines and distilling materials: Effervescent wines: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production_.-.-...-.----.-.-.-. mil. wine gal | 15. 80 | 22.95 | 2.02 | 1.80 | 1.75 | 1. 41 | 1.96 | 1.77 | 1.98 | 2.17 | 2. 50 | 2.33 | 1. 96 | 2.81 |  |  |
| Taxable withdrawals..-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-....- do. | 13.96 | 20.43 | 1.27 | 1.37 | 1.56 | 1.24 | 1.39 | 2.04 | 2.09 | 2.30 | 2.86 | 1.85 | 1. 52 | 1. 79 |  |  |
|  | 6.19 | 7.38 | 7.80 | 8.10 | 8. 15 | 8.27 | 8.72 | 8.31 | 8.17 | 7.90 | 7.38 | 7.72 | 8.11 | 9.06 |  |  |
|  | 2.41 | 1.79 | . 15 | . 14 | . 13 | . 09 | . 10 | . 17 | . 19 | . 21 | . 28 | . 13 | . 08 | . 12 | . 14 |  |
| Still wines: Production | 277.80 | 244. 78 | 2.98 | 3.47 | 2.50 | 3.15 | 11.05 | 70.81 | 92.19 | 38.34 | 7.76 | 5.43 | 4.62 | 5.28 |  |  |
|  | 197.23 | 216.73 | 16.76 | 15. 10 | 17.44 | 14. 44 | 16. 32 | 18. 73 | 20.75 | 19.45 | 22.30 | 19.85 | 18.68 | 22.37 |  |  |
|  | 306.36 | 293.32 | 240.99 | 226. 63 | 207.10 | 196.38 | 187.14 | 238.03 | 302.36 | 313.82 | 293.32 | 276. 51 | 259.80 | 241.99 |  |  |
|  | 22.28 | 28.23 | 2.24 | 2.42 | 2.37 | 2. 20 | 2.13 | 2. 20 | 2.51 | 3.07 | 3.46 | 2.06 | 1.81 | 2. 65 | 2.61 |  |
| Distilling materials produced at wineries..-do. | 403.32 | 303.08 | 2.85 | 2.15 | 1.29 | 4.45 | 28.76 | 126.06 | 91.73 | 16.82 | 8.45 | 3.01 | 3.15 | 1.38 |  |  |
| DAIRY PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Butter, creamery: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (factory) .-.-.-..-.-...-.--- mil. $\mathrm{lb}_{\text {- }}$ | 1, 121.1 | 1,135. 2 | 109.1 | 116.7 | 112.4 | 92.5 | 81.1 | 72.8 | $82.1$ | 79.1 | 91.0 | 102.9 119.3 | 97.4 | 110.3 | 111.5 | 212.6 |
| Stocks, cold storage, end of period | 88.6 | 118.8 | 114.3 | 147.0 | 186.0 707 | 203.5 708 | 199.2 | 171.3 | 147.5 .713 | 134.3 709 | 118.8 | 119.3 .708 | 133.2 | +157.9 | 180.4 |  |
| Price, wholesale, 92 -score (N.Y.) $\ldots$....... $\$$ per lb-- Cheese: | . 685 | 704 | . 707 | . 708 | . 707 | . 708 | . 708 | . 713 | . 713 | . 709 | . 717 | . 708 | . 708 | . 707 | . 687 |  |
| Production (factory), total.................... mil. $\mathrm{lb}_{.}$ | 1,985.9 | 2,202. 6 | 194.4 | 215.6 | 215.4 | 199.3 | 181.5 | 167.6 | 172.2 | 161.5 | 179.1 | 176.6 | 166.7 | 199.0 | 207.1 |  |
|  | 1,266. 4 | 1,431.2 | 130.9 | 149.3 | 150.0 | 136.6 | 120.6 | 104.5 | 103.4 | 95.9 | 109.0 | 110.0 | 104.0 | 124.4 | 135.8 |  |
| Stocks, cold storage, end of period..........-do... | 317.5 | 324.5 | 308.9 | 335.8 | 370.3 | 384.3 | 366.8 | 358.5 | 336.3 | 326.8 | 324.5 | 320.9 | 310.7 | ${ }^{+} 302.1$ | 314.6 | 338.3 |
|  | 265.4 | 254.0 | 257.7 | 281.0 | 315.2 | 325.9 | 308.9 | 289.2 | 264.8 | 254.8 | 254.0 | 255.1 | 243.3 | +236.3 | 248.0 | 269.8 |
|  | 130.0 | 161.0 | 11.5 | 9.4 | 10.9 | 10.8 | 11.8 | 11.1 | 15.6 | 18.0 | 24.6 | 11.37 | 8.99 | 8.86 | 7.87 |  |
| Price, wholesale, American, single dalsies (Chicago) .-. ............................................... per lb.. | . 603 | . 649 | . 646 | . 632 | . 634 | . 636 | . 636 | . 640 | . 661 | . 665 | . 665 | . 656 | . 653 | . 678 | . 679 |  |
| - Revised. 1 Reported annual total; revisions ar \$Data are not wholly comparable on a year to y | not dis ar basis | buted to because | the mon <br> of chang | hly dat from |  |  | lassificat | ion to an | other. | $\bigcirc$ Inclu | es data | not show | nepara | ely. |  |  |


| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May |

## FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS; TOBACCO-Continued



| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May |

## FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS; TOBACCO-Continued

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Grain and grain products-Con. Wheat-Continued \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Exports, total, including flour...--.-.....mil. bu.- \& 489.2
439.9 \& 689.1
838.7 \& 59.7
54.4 \& 47.6
43.4 \& 54.2
48.3 \& 49.9
47.9 \& 59.0
56.3 \& 52.4
49.9 \& 74.7
69.0 \& 63.8
60.3 \& 66.5
61.6 \& 61.9
59.3 \& 51.3
47.8 \& \[
62.7
\] \& 53.7 \& \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Prices, wholesale: \\
No. 1, dark northern spring (Minneapolis)
\end{tabular} \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline No. 1 , \({ }^{\text {s per bu.- }}\) \& 1.80 \& 1.91 \& 1.91 \& 1. 89 \& 1.93 \& 1.92 \& 1.86 \& 1.93 \& 1.95 \& 1.97 \& 1.92 \& 1.91 \& 1.90 \& 1.82 \& 1.82 \& 1.84 \\
\hline No. 2, hd. and dk. hd. winter (Kans. City)_do-... \& 1.48 \& 1.54 \& 1.54 \& 1. 53 \& 1. 45 \& 1.42 \& 1. 54 \& 1. 62 \& 1. 1.60 \& 1.63 \& 1.63 \& 1. 65 \& 1.65 \& 1.62 \& 1. 1.82 \& 1.62 \\
\hline Weighted avg., 6 markets, all grades.... do....- \& 1.75 \& 1.79 \& 1.75 \& 1.75 \& 1. 76 \& 1.71 \& 1. 80 \& 1.87 \& 1. 88 \& 1.89 \& 1.84 \& 1.82 \& 1.80 \& 1.77 \& 1.75 \& 1.78 \\
\hline Wheat four: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Flour .-...-.............-thous. sacks ( 100 lb .) -- \& 254, 094 \& 253,094 \& 20,756 \& 19,826 \& 19,982 \& 19,991 \& 21, 233 \& 22,159 \& 23, 364 \& 20,707 \& 20,754 \& 20,894 \& 19,761 \& -21,004 \& \& \\
\hline  \& 4,558 \& 4,409 \& \({ }^{2}, 752\) \& 347 \& \({ }^{353}\) \& \({ }^{10} 350\) \& 21, 373 \& \({ }^{2} 1393\) \& 2, 407 \& , 361 \& \({ }^{20} 361\) \& , 361 \& \({ }^{19}, 745\) \& \({ }^{21,063}\) \& 19, 335 \& \\
\hline  \& 567, 956 \& 563, 395 \& 45, 834 \& 44,500 \& 44,126 \& 44,700 \& 47,440 \& 49,361 \& 51,708 \& 46,161 \& 46, 147 \& 46, 405 \& 44,038 \& -46,705 \& 43, 520 \& \\
\hline Stocks held by mills, end of period \(\begin{gathered}\text { thous. sacks ( } 100 \mathrm{lb} \text {.) }\end{gathered}\) \& 4,595 \& 4,329 \& \& \& 4,227 \& \& \& 4,438 \& \& \& 4,329 \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& 21, 130 \& 21, 596 \& 2,238 \& 1,837 \& 2,523 \& 863 \& 1,164 \& 1,074 \& 2,438 \& 1,537 \& 2, 104 \& 1,134 \& 1,528 \& 1,188 \& 1,282 \& \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Prices, wholesale: \\
Spring, standard patent (Minneapolis)
\end{tabular} \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
\(\$\) per 100 lb . \\
Winter, hard, \(95 \%\) patent (Kans. City) - do..-
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{l} 
5. \\
5. \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& 6.179
5.569 \& 6.100
5.513 \& 6. 075
5.513 \& 6.113
5.513 \& 6.125
5.525 \& 6.125
5.525 \& 6. 275
5.713 \& 6.413
5.713 \& 6.413
5.650 \& 6.
5.
5 \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 6.350 \\
\& 6.588
\end{aligned}
\] \& 6. \({ }^{\text {6. }} \mathbf{3 1 3}\) \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 6.250 \\
\& 5.500 \\
\& \text { 5. }
\end{aligned}
\] \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& \text { 6. } 238 \\
\& 5.488
\end{aligned}
\] \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 6.225 \\
\& 5.500
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline livestock \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Cattle and calves: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Calves.............-.........thous. animals.. \& 3,637 \& 3,025 \& 263 \& 220 \& 210 \& 231 \& 232 \& 264 \& 266 \& 245 \& 276 \& 247 \& 237 \& 299 \& 248 \& \\
\hline  \& 30,536 \& 30,793 \& 2,545 \& 2,493 \& 2,615 \& 2, 642 \& 2,538 \& 2,723 \& 2,752 \& 2,424 \& 2,611 \& 2, 569 \& 2,299 \& 2, 281 \& , 2,544 \& \\
\hline  \& 112,715 \& 111,922 \& 927 \& , 990 \& \({ }^{997}\) \& 927 \& 971 \& 1,010 \& 1,233 \& 1,135 \& \({ }^{2} 960\) \& 31,031 \& 4879 \& \({ }^{3} 1,140\) \& \({ }^{3} 1,032\) \& 31,004 \\
\hline Prices, wholesale:
Beef
steers (Omaha)* \& 29. 28 \& 29.03 \& 30.32 \& 29. 26 \& 29.96 \& 30. 53 \& 29.74 \& 28.97 \& 28.44 \& 27.00 \& 26.45 \& 28.83 \& 31.80 \& 31.42 \& \& \\
\hline Steers, stocker and feeder (Kansas City)._do \& 29.30 \& 30.10 \& 32.40 \& 31. 36 \& 30.84 \& 29.52 \& 28.76 \& 28.99 \& 29.68 \& 28.03 \& 27.57 \& 29.42 \& 31. 69 \& 31.88 \& 32.07 \& \\
\hline Calves, vealers (Natl. Stock yards, Ill.).-do \& 37. 29 \& 38.17 \& 42. 50 \& 42.00 \& 40.00 \& 40.00 \& 40.50 \& 33.00 \& 33.00 \& 34.00 \& 33.50 \& 34.00 \& 40.00 \& 41.00 \& 41.00 \& 39.00 \\
\hline Hogs: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Slaughter (federally inspected)...thous. animals
Receipts at 38 public markets \& 75,682
15,210 \& : \(\begin{array}{r}78,186 \\ 14,871\end{array}\) \& 6,678
1,253 \& 5, 877
1,156 \& 5,685 \& 5,774
1,106 \& 6,045
1,088 \& 7,034 \& 7,662 \& 7,350
1,490 \& 7,990
1,532 \& 7,489
31,412 \& 4, 6,379 \& - \(\begin{array}{r}8,266 \\ 31,479\end{array}\) \& 3 \begin{tabular}{l}
7,794 \\
\hline 1,455
\end{tabular} \& 31,399 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Receipts at 38 public markets \(\qquad\) do-..Prices: \\
Wholesale, average, all grades (Sioux City)*
\end{tabular} \& 15,210 \& 1 14,871 \& 1,253 \& 1,156 \& 1,153 \& 1,106 \& 1,088 \& 1,303 \& 1,451 \& 1,490 \& 1,532 \& \({ }^{3} 1,412\) \& 1,230 \& \({ }^{1} 1,479\) \& \({ }^{3} 1,455\) \& 1, \\
\hline , \(\$\) per 100 lb .- \& 23. 65 \& 22.11 \& 24.05 \& 23.28 \& 23.87 \& 23.57 \& 21.12 \& 20.43 \& 17.37 \& 15.02 \& 14.96 \& 15.76 \& 19.03 \& 16.88 \& 16.04 \& \\
\hline Hog-corn price ratio (bu. of corn equal in value to 100 lb . live hog) \& r 19.8 \& r 19.1 \& 20.7 \& \({ }^{\text {r }} 19.5\) \& 19.2 \& r 19.2 \& ¢ 17.0 \& 14.3 \& 13.4 \& 11.9 \& 11.1 \& 10.7 \& 13.4 \& 11.8 \& 11.3 \& \\
\hline Sheep and lambs:
Slaughter (federally inspected) \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Slaughter (federally inspected) __ thous. animals.Receipts at 38 public markets................do.... \& 10,070
12,704 \& 10,010
2,467 \& \({ }_{161}^{903}\) \& 795
185 \& 841
242 \& 829
230 \& 789
225 \& \(\stackrel{898}{298}\) \& \({ }_{262}^{917}\) \& 736
216 \& 847
201 \& 903
3178 \& 806
+131 \& \(\begin{array}{r}920 \\ 3178 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& \(\begin{array}{r}3149 \\ \hline 189\end{array}\) \& \({ }^{3} 186\) \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Price, wholesale, lambs, average (Omaha)* \\
\$ per 100 lb ..
\end{tabular} \& 28. 53 \& 27.43 \& 26.00 \& 29.00 \& 29.50 \& 28.38 \& 27.12 \& 26.75 \& 26.75 \& 25.38 \& 23.88 \& 24.00 \& 25.12 \& 26.88 \& 30. 25 \& \\
\hline MEATS AND LARD \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Total meats: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Production (carcass weight, leaf lard in), inspected slaughter_............................................. Ib. \& 33, 369 \& 134,587 \& 2,920 \& 2,737 \& 2,770 \& 2,771 \& 2,731 \& 3,031 \& 3,198 \& 2,958 \& 3,220 \& 3,076 \& 2,663 \& 3,234 \& 3,075 \& \\
\hline Stocks (excluding lard), cold storage, ond of \& 637 \& 759 \& 811 \& 815 \& 728 \& 671 \& 607 \& 588 \& 646 \& 715 \& - 759 \& +771 \& 749 \& 791 \& 869 \& 898 \\
\hline Exports (meat and meat preparations)......do \& 571 \& 518 \& 37 \& 42 \& 41 \& 31 \& 43 \& 53 \& 49 \& 74 \& 51 \& 39 \& 41 \& 49 \& 35 \& \\
\hline Imports (meat and meat preparations) ......do..... \& 1,685 \& 1,844 \& 143 \& 112 \& 148 \& 171 \& 167 \& 167 \& 155 \& 134 \& 143 \& 133 \& 112 \& 151 \& 141 \& \\
\hline Beef and veal: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Production, inspected slaughter--........-do. \& 18,873 \& \({ }^{1} 19,496\) \& 1,616 \& 1,580 \& 1,643 \& 1,644 \& 1,582 \& 1,701 \& 1,735 \& 1,533 \& 1,685 \& 1,645 \& 1,463
313 \& 1,693
+306 \& \& 294 \\
\hline Stocks, cold storage, end of period........-- do do \& \(\begin{array}{r}363 \\ 28 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& \({ }^{347}\) \& 380
3 \& \begin{tabular}{|c}
363 \\
3
\end{tabular} \& 327
3 \& 317
3 \& 300
2 \& 296
2 \& 310
3 \& 326
3 \& 347
3 \& 335
3 \& 313
4 \& 1

306
5 \& 299
5 \& 294 <br>
\hline  \& 1,194 \& 1,319 \& 94 \& 70 \& 99 \& 122 \& 129 \& 130 \& 113 \& 94 \& 102 \& 94 \& 72 \& 99 \& 99 \& <br>
\hline Price, wholesale, beef, fresh, steer carcasses, choice ( $600-700 \mathrm{lbs}$.) (New York) ......... per 1 lb \& 2.492 \& . 490 \& . 506 \& . 488 \& 499 \& . 517 \& 505 \& 488 \& . 473 \& . 465 \& . 454 \& . 503 \& . 539 \& . 536 \& \& <br>
\hline Lamb and mutton: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Production, inspected slaughter-

Stocks, cold storage, end of period $\qquad$ mil. lb. do \& \[
$$
\begin{array}{r}
510 \\
16
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
514 \\
19
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 48 \\
& 21
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 41 \\
& 19
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 42 \\
& 20
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& $\stackrel{41}{23}$ \& | 39 |
| :---: |
| 29 | \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 44 \\
& 21
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 46 \\
& 21
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 38 \\
& 20
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 44 \\
& 19
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 48 \\
& 21
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& $\stackrel{44}{20}$ \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
49 \\
-20
\end{array}
$$
\] \& 47

20 \& 22 <br>
\hline Pork (including lard), production, inspected slaughter \& 13, 986 \& 14, 577 \& 1,255 \& 1,116 \& 1,085 \& 1,086 \& 1,111 \& 1,286 \& 1,417 \& 1,383 \& 1,497 \& 1,383 \& 1,157 \& 1,491 \& 1,420 \& <br>
\hline Pork (excluding lard):
Production, inspected slaughter............do \& 11, 563 \& 12,119 \& 1,045 \& 936 \& 897 \& 905 \& 924 \& 1,066 \& 1,174 \& 1,143 \& \& 1,153 \& 978 \& , 226 \& , 195 \& <br>
\hline Stocks, cold storage, end of period...........do \& 1, 211 \& ${ }^{12,136}$ \& 329 \& 351 \& 304 \& 255 \& 217 \& 210 \& ${ }^{246}$ \& ${ }^{1} 304$ \& 1, 336 \& ${ }^{1} 153$ \& 344 \& 389 \& 467 \& 497 <br>
\hline  \& 152 \& ${ }^{67}$ \& 4 \& $\stackrel{4}{4}$ \& 4 \& 3 \& ${ }_{2}^{5}$ \& 11 \& ${ }_{30}^{9}$ \& ${ }^{9}$ \& ${ }^{5}$ \& 4 \& $\stackrel{4}{4}$ \& 3 \& 4
30 \& <br>
\hline Prices, wholesale: \& 316 \& 347 \& 32 \& \& \& 32 \& 24 \& 25 \& 30 \& 30 \& 28 \& 27 \& \& 36 \& 30 \& <br>
\hline Hams, smoked composite-.-.--..-\$ per lb - \& . 580 \& . 565 \& . 566 \& . 566 \& . 572 \& . 536 \& . 535 \& . 499 \& . 497 \& . 485 \& . 486 \& . 498 \& . 528 \& .513 \& . 517 \& 521 <br>
\hline Lard: ${ }^{\text {Fresh loins, } 8-14 \mathrm{lb} \text {. average (New York) ..do-... }}$ \& . 575 \& . 569 \& . 562 \& . 581 \& . 623 \& . 647 \& . 572 \& . 560 \& . 510 \& . 461 \& . 445 \& . 479 \& . 530 \& . 438 \& \& <br>
\hline Production, inspected slaughter .-......mil. lb.- \& 1,755 \& 1,776 \& 153 \& 130 \& 136 \& 132 \& 135 \& 158 \& 176 \& 174 \& 178 \& 166 \& 129 \& 193 \& 162 \& <br>
\hline  \& 70
262 \& 82
366 \& 75
13 \& 65
30 \& 65

19 \& 38 \& | 54 |
| :---: |
| 37 | \& 60

28 \& | 59 |
| :---: |
| 37 | \& 74

22 \& ${ }_{42}^{82}$ \& 91
9 \& $\begin{array}{r}86 \\ +40 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 80
44 \& 39 \& <br>
\hline Price, wholesale, refined (Chicago)........- per lb.- \& . 145 \& . 160 \& . 165 \& . 160 \& . 153 \& . 153 \& . 160 \& . 154 \& . 158 \& . 163 \& . 145 \& . 130 \& . 138 \& . 155 \& 150 \& . 146 <br>

\hline | POULTRY AND EGGS |
| :--- |
| Poultry: | \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline Slaughter (commercial production).......mil. 1bStocks, cold storage (frozen), end of period, total \& 9,492 \& - 10,493 \& 786 \& 780 \& 921 \& 999 \& 984 \& 1.020 \& 1,092 \& 926 \& 845 \& 762 \& 676 \& 791 \& 757 \& <br>
\hline men mil. lb.- \& 307 \& 391 \& 208 \& 214 \& 250 \& 322 \& 411 \& 516 \& 624 \& 486 \& 391 \& 369 \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 331$ \& - 294 \& 265 \& 254 <br>
\hline  \& 192 \& 219 \& 82 \& 74 \& 95 \& 157 \& 240 \& 343 \& 447 \& 313 \& 219 \& 206 \& 174 \& - 144 \& 120 \& 115 <br>
\hline $\$$ per lb.. \& . 140 \& . 125 \& . 125 \& . 130 \& . 120 \& . 125 \& . 120 \& . 120 \& 115 \& . 120 \& . 105 \& . 125 \& . 130 \& 130 \& 125 \& 135 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

$r$ Revised.
${ }_{1}^{1}$ Annual total reflects revisions not distributed to the months
${ }^{2}$ Beginning Jan. 1969, quotations are on carlot rather than l.c.l. basis as previously.
${ }^{3}$ Data are for 41 public markets. ${ }^{4}$ Data are for 40 public markets.
New series. Monthly data for earlier years will be shown later.

| Unless other wise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May |

## FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS; TOBACCO—Continued

| POULTRY AND EGGS-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Eggs: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 191.9 | 195.2 | 16.5 | 16.9 | 16.1 | 16.3 | 16.2 | 15.7 | 16.4 | 16.1 | 17.0 | 17.1 | 15.5 | 17.3 | 16.8 | 17.3 |
| Shell | $\begin{aligned} & 51 \\ & 43 \end{aligned}$ | 51 | 61 43 | 111 | 157 | 147 | 98 | 178 | 136 | 76 | 51 | 60 | ${ }_{51}^{53}$ | +139 54 | 80 | ${ }_{67}^{101}$ |
| Price, wholesale, large (delivered; Chicago) \$ per doz. | 43 .460 | 50 .425 | 43 .374 | 48 .330 | . 359 | . 415 | 63 .400 | . 455 | 58 .415 | 55 .448 | 50 .410 | 49 .372 | 51 .332 | 54 .331 | 60 330 |  |
| MISCELLANEOUS FOOD PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Coffee (green): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Inventories (rossters', fmporters', dealers'), end of period..............................thous. bagsor | 3,811 | 2,593 |  |  | 3,487 |  |  | 3,461 |  |  | 2,593 |  |  | 2,537 |  |  |
|  | 20,851 | 20,075 |  |  | 5,143 |  |  | 4,352 |  |  | 5,190 |  |  | 5,210 |  |  |
|  | 20, 232 | 19,727 | 1,639 | 1,644 | 1,891 | 1,550 | 1,616 | 1,355 | 1,713 | 1,597 | 1,382 | 2,002 | 1,528 | 1,475 | 2,030 |  |
|  | 5,780 | 4,712 | , 333 | , 323 | - 595 | 1, 357 | ${ }^{1} 468$ | -224 | , 367 | 387 | 291 | '822 |  | , 114 | , 310 |  |
| Price, wholesale, Santos, No. 4 (N.Y.).-\$ per lb.- | . 408 | . 557 | 538 | . 538 | 538 | . 568 | 570 | 578 | 588 | . 575 | 550 | 550 | 550 | 480 | . 450 | . 438 |
| Confectionery, manufacturers' sales.........mil. \$.- | 1,848 | 1,841 | 124 | 118 | 125 | r 108 | 138 | 214 | 192 | 174 | 157 | 162 | 174 | 161 |  |  |
| Fish: <br> Stocks, cold storage, end of period.........mil. lb.. | 275 | 306 | 192 | 201 | 229 | 263 | 298 | 310 | 313 | 312 | 306 | 275 | 246 | -210 | 200 | 203 |
| Bugar (United States): <br>  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production and recelpts: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production...-.-....--.....thous. sh. tons.- | 4,300 | 4,710 | 150 | 128 | 74 | 111 | 118 | 139 | 720 | 1,043 | 992 | 664 | 315 | 151 |  |  |
|  | 6,350 1,501 | 6,675 | 645 155 | 530 148 | 153 | 1, 113 | 693 144 | 515 138 | 708 226 | 509 12 | 367 120 | 2,218 | 143 | 412 | 88 |  |
| liveries, total¢.........................do | 10.804 |  |  | 948 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| For domestic consumption..............do | 10,655 | 11,317 | 868 | 937 | 1,037 | 1,012 | 1,078 | 1,079 | 912 | 822 | 1,044 | 720 | 706 | 1,026 |  |  |
| Stocks, raw and ref., end of period..........do | 2,796 | 2,784 | 2, 636 | 2,424 | 2,103 | 1,726 | 1,384 | 1,046 | 1,414 | 2,202 | 2,784 | 3,003 | 2,943 | + 2, 701 | p 2,641 |  |
| Exports, raw and refined..-.-...........sh. tons. | 968 | 7,892 | 217 | 136 | 44 | 37 | 58 | 26 | 194 | 128 | 146 | 50 | 44 | 12 | 1,179 |  |
| Imports: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\stackrel{4}{4,764}$ | 1, 521 | 600 135 | $\begin{array}{r}358 \\ 95 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 515 | 454 | 534 196 | ${ }_{205}^{565}$ | 368 80 | 323 95 | 178 |  | 239 30 | $\stackrel{477}{84}$ | 550 |  |
|  | , 124 | ${ }^{1} 35$ | 13 | , | 1 | 13 | 1 | 10 | 8 | 1 | 178 | 4 | 2 | 7 | , |  |
| Prices (New York): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Raw, wholesale............................-. $\$$ per lb.Reflned: | . 078 | . 081 | . 079 | . 082 | . 082 | . 082 | . 082 | . 081 | . 082 | . 080 | . 081 | . 084 | . 084 | . 084 | . 082 | . 084 |
| Retail (incl. N.E. New Jersey) .-- $\$$ per 5 1b-- | . 638 | - 674 | . 669 | ${ }^{671}$ | . 677 | . 680 | . 682 | . 683 | . 678 | . 688 | .677 | . 680 | .$^{.679}$ | . 687 | ${ }^{.} 695$ |  |
| Wholesale (excl. excise tax) ...........\$ per lb-- | . 107 | . 112 | . 109 | . 109 | . 113 | . 113 | 113 | . 114 | . 114 | . 114 | . 114 | 114 | . 114 | . 117 | . 116 | . 116 |
|  | 139, 962 | 135, 202 | 12, 767 | 11, 503 | 10,972 | 8,940 | 8,778 | 10,805 | 11,971 | 10,409 | 12,682 | 13.226 | 12, 360 | 15, 073 | 18,078 |  |
| FATS, OLLS, and related products |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Baking or frying fats (incl. shortening): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $3,480.5$ 138.7 | 3, 587.6 | 303.1 140.8 | 294.6 134.2 | 293.8 155.4 | 256.9 150.1 | 140.0 | 298.2 127.0 | 316.5 120.5 | 305.6 122.5 | 299.0 132.9 | 291.5 134.7 | 309.2 130.3 | ¢ 300.0 +134.7 | 272.4 134 |  |
| Salad or cooking olls: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3, 143.7 | 3,389. 3 | 285.4 | 276.1 | 314.5 | 279.2 | 268.3 | 268.6 | 289.4 | 286.7 | 299.9 | 283.9 | 281.7 | - 292.0 | 270.2 |  |
|  | 70.5 | 75.6 | 83.6 | 93.4 | 87.5 | 99.7 | 87.3 | 68.5 | 80.0 | 83.4 | 75.6 | 74.4 | 71.6 | - 70.7 | 72.0 |  |
| Production ....-....-........................do.. | 2,181.9 | 2,230.3 | 169.4 | 157.9 | 181.1 | 169.7 | 166.8 | 189.6 | +200. 7 | 187.2 | 216.7 | 212.9 | 189.0 | -195.9 | 180.3 |  |
|  | 52.1 | 45.6 | 59.4 | 52.5 | 65.4 | 59.4 | 55.9 | 50.3 | 52.3 | 50.4 | 45.6 | 50.4 | 59.4 | - 57.7 | 56.1 |  |
| Price, wholesale (colored; mfr. to wholesaler or large retailer; delivered) ..................... per lb. | . 260 | . 289 | . 290 | . 290 | . 290 | . 290 | . 290 | 290 | . 294 | . 306 | . 306 | . 306 | 306 | . 305 | . 305 | 305 |
| Animal and fish fats: $\triangle$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tallow, edible: Production (quantities rendered)..........mil. mb |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 46.9 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption in end products.................do... | 510.9 | 568.7 | 488.4 | 51.8 | 49.6 | ${ }_{43.3}^{41.8}$ | 48.0 | 48.3 40.9 | 45.1 | 49.4 | 46.0 | ${ }_{51.5}^{50.1}$ | 6.17 | $\stackrel{5}{+5.4}$ | 43.6 |  |
|  | - 46.0 | 46.7 | 40.0 | 37.3 | 36.2 | 35.2 | 29.3 | 36.9 | 36.3 | 37.9 | 46.7 | 47.0 | 37.7 | - 37.0 | 34.8 |  |
| Tallow and grease (except wool), inedible: |  |  |  | 392.1 | 395.8 | 410.6 | 389. 6 | 419.5 | 423.2 | 401.5 | 446.6 | 422.7 | 385.2 | r 438.5 | 393.7 |  |
| Consumption in end products..-...........-. do | -2,595.2 | $\stackrel{4}{2} 551.5$ | 220.5 | ${ }_{215.6} 6$ | 226.5 | 213.0 | 200.9 | ${ }_{216.3}$ | 209.2 | 208.8 | 220.5 | 218.0 | 201.4 | ${ }^{\text {r } 233,5}$ | 215.1 |  |
| Stocks, end of period 9 .-.... | 348.0 | ${ }_{3}{ }^{396.1}$ | 365.8 | 338.7 | 319.8 | 333.7 | 325.0 | 369.5 | 348.3 | 392.2 | 396.1 | 423.5 | 349.6 | - 380.6 | 365.8 |  |
| Fish and marine mammal oils: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production $\qquad$ do | $\begin{array}{r}171.6 \\ 75 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 207.0 68.7 | 3.1 5.9 | 22.3 6.1 | 38.2 6.6 | 40.0 5.8 | 39.0 5.0 | 27.4 6.0 | 20.8 5.7 | 6.7 4.4 | 7.6 4.8 | 1.4 5.6 | 4. 4 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { F.6 } \\ \hline 4.7\end{array}$ | 3.0 4.1 |  |
|  | 84.0 | 103.5 | 74.0 | 74.1 | 114.9 | 127.8 | 147.9 | 110.2 | 128.6 | 114.3 | 103.5 | ${ }^{\text {72.0 }}$ | 62.7 | + 60.0 +6 | 65.1 |  |
| Vegetable oils and related products: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production: Crude...---...............-mil. lb.- |  | (d) |  | (d) | (d) | (d) | (d) | (d) | (d) | (d) | (d) | (d) | (d) | (d) | (d) |  |
| Refined.-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-. do | 547.5 | 544.0 | 48.5 | 41.1 | 51.7 | 43.0 | 44.1 | 51.0 | 47.6 | 40.9 | 44.6 | 48.7 | 44.2 | 50.6 | 496 |  |
| Consumption in end products. --..... do- | 732.6 | 749.6 | 71.1 | 63.1 | 66.7 | 55.6 | 61.3 | 62.5 | 62.1 | 60.4 | ${ }^{63.6}$ | ${ }^{63.7}$ | 60.9 | - 68.9 | 64.1 |  |
|  | 205.9 424.6 | 202.9 584.2 | 122.1 18.4 | 122.9 51.7 | 134.0 76.1 | 114.0 47.6 | 123.8 46.9 | 145.6 27.0 | 165.0 63.9 | 176.0 14.1 | 202.9 12.3 | 217.0 129.2 | 180.9 41.7 | - $\begin{array}{r}182.5 \\ 52.9\end{array}$ | 169.5 54.9 |  |
| Corn oil: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 465. 5 | 474.0 440.0 | 42.1 | 44.5 | 41.3 | 38.5 |  |  | 42.0 42 4 | 40.1 36.9 |  | 38.0 39.6 | 37.3 31.9 | 43.7 +38.2 | 41.7 34.2 |  |
| Consumption in end products.-..........-d. - do...- | 438.1 .441 .2 | 440.9 449.6 | 32.6 31.4 | 35.9 34.2 | 38.9 39.9 | 34.3 37.5 | 35.3 35.3 | 34.6 38.0 | 42.3 43.3 | 36.9 36.4 | 39.1 40.4 | 39.6 39.5 | 31.9 34.4 | + 38.2 -35.2 | 34.2 35.6 |  |
| Stocks, crude and ref., end of periodit.....do.... | 54.1 | 43.2 | 68.7 | 74.2 | 67.9 | 68.1 | 63.5 | 60.1 | 54.7 | 51.3 | 43.2 | 36.0 | 37.1 | + 47.9 | 59.0 |  |

r Revised.
divldual
Preliminary. ${ }^{a}$ Data withheld to avold disclosure of operations of in-
dividual firms. 1 Less than 500 short tons.
$\odot$ Cases of 30 dozen. $0^{\prime} \mathrm{Bags}$ of 132.276 lb . $\mathrm{s}^{2}$ Monthly data reflect cumulative revisions
for prior periods. 9 Includes data not shown separately: see also note " 8 ". $\triangle$ For data on lard, see p. S-28.
stocks. stocks.

| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May |

## FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS; TOBACCO-Continued



LEATHER AND PRODUCTS


- Revised. ${ }^{1}$ Crop estimate for the year.
${ }^{2}$ Annual total reflects revisions not distributed to the monthiy data.

| 152,446 | 145,200 | 11,967 | 12,794 | 13,799 |  |  |  | 11, 205 | 11, 523 | 11,619 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1,652 | 14, 1,316 | 11,94 | 12, 104 | 13, ${ }^{19} 9$ | 10,886 | 10, 64 | 10,922 | 11, ${ }_{131}^{205}$ | 11, 116 | 11, 176 | 11, 137 | 11,985 | 14,933 189 | 11, 289 |  |
| 14,778 | 15,222 | 1,179 | 1,250 | 1,395 | 1,159 | 1,123 | 1,235 | 1,196 | 1,247 | 1,258 | 1,207 | 1,251 | 1,611 | 1,239 |  |
| 62,400 | 51,300 | 5,700 | 5,400 | 4,000 | 4,500 | 4,500 | 2,800 | 2,800 | 3,500 | 3,000 | 3,100 | 3,800 | 6,200 | 7,400 |  |
| ${ }^{2} 20,716$ | - $\begin{aligned} & 18,701 \\ & 30,028\end{aligned}$ | 1, 847 | 2,450 | 1,438 | 1, 174 | 2,172 | 849 36 | 863 | 1,242 | ${ }_{45}^{934}$ | 832 | 1,548 | 2, 878 | 3,591 |  |
| 25,068 | 30,028 | 192 | 316 | 153 | 174 | 102 | 36 | 20 |  | 45 | 79 | 179 | 180 | 317 |  |
| . 561 | . 331 | . 375 | . 375 | . 275 | . 320 | . 350 | . 320 | . 320 | . 320 | . 315 | . 300 | . 300 | 275 | . 300 | 300 |
| . 146 | . 129 | . 141 | . 134 | . 134 | . 123 | . 135 | . 130 | . 131 | . 131 | . 110 | . 104 | . 115 | . 115 | . 158 | 168 |
| 3,381 | 2,717 | 240 | 258 | 267 | 135 | 186 | 184 | 215 | 213 | 188 | 163 | 124 | 129 | 128 |  |
| 22, 380 | 20,353 | 1,874 | 1,815 | 1,791 | 1,318 | 1,622 | 1,681 | 1,784 | 1,585 | 1,701 | 1,660 | 1,631 | 1,871 | 1,848 |  |
| - ${ }_{25,825}$ | 3,979 $\mathbf{2 3 , 5 9 8}$ | 418 2,070 | 2,054 | 413 2,038 | 1,240 1,747 | 260 2,145 | r 1,984 1,989 | 2,117 | 2,013 | 1,204 1,949 | 143 1,803 | 162 1,820 | 169 1,768 | 193 1,848 |  |
| 265,802 | 79,365 | 6, 396 | 8,316 | 6,742 | 6, 306 | 6, 165 | 5,870 | 6,300 | 5,661 | 8,117 | 6, 557 | 6,457 | 7, 784 | 7,256 |  |
| 109.5 | 114.0 | 114.9 | 114.9 | 113.4 | 113.4 | 113.4 | 113.4 | 113.4 | 113.4 | 113.4 | 111.8 | 111.8 | 111.8 | 116.4 | 116.4 |
| 99.7 | 84.3 | 90.2 | 86.5 | 82.7 | 82.7 | 82.7 | 80.6 | 80.6 | 80.6 | 80.2 | 80.2 | 79.4 | 79.4 | 82.7 | 85.2 |
| 576,961 | 559, 233 | 48,560 | 46,285 | 47, 939 | 42,875 | 47,340 | 47,722 | 48,969 | 40,895 | 43,409 | 44, 864 | -44, 895 | 50,153 | 47, 182 |  |
| 463,388 | 441,206 | 38, 721 | 35,957 | 36, 848 | 34, 187 | 36,870 | 36, 188 | 36,714 | 30, 749 | 35,395 | 36, 709 | -36,614 | 40,650 | 37,789 |  |
| 100,943 8,993 | 107, 562 | 9,312 | 9,742 |  | 8,316 |  |  |  | 8,953 |  |  |  | 8,245 | 8,183 |  |
| 8,993 3,637 | 9,490 3,305 | 811 210 | 791 197 | 1807 196 | $\begin{array}{r}534 \\ 155 \\ \hline 185\end{array}$ | 832 293 | 838 487 | 935 452 | 802 391 | 827 449 | 752 504 | +842 529 | 937 321 | ${ }_{292}^{918}$ |  |
| 2,324 | 2,154 | 166 | 161 | 172 | 139 | 156 | 219 | 213 | 192 | 198 | 141 | 248 | 175 | 167 |  |
| 108.9 | 113.3 | 112.9 | 112.9 | 112.9 | 112.9 | 112.9 | 114.6 | 114.6 | 114.6 | 114.6 | 116.7 | 116.7 | 117.1 | 117.1 | 17.1 |
| 111.9 | ${ }^{116.2}$ | 116.4 | 116.4 | 116. 4 | 116.4 | 116.4 | 116.4 | 116.4 | 116.4 | 116.4 | 118.9 | 120.2 | 120.2 | 120.2 | 120.2 |
| 111.0 | 117.1 | 119.4 | 117.4 | 117.4 | 117.5 | 117.5 | 117.5 | 117.5 | 117.5 | 117.5 | 121.2 | 121.2 | 121.2 | 121.2 | 121.2 |

9Includes data for items not shown separately.
$\ddagger$ Revisions for Jan. 1968-Aug. 1969 will be shown later.

| Unless other wise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May |

LUMBER AND PRODUCTS

| LUMBER-ALL TYPES 9 I |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| National Forest Products Association: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 37,943 8,468 | 36,603 7,964 | 3, 203 | 3,080 | 2,967 | 3,004 | 3,045 | 3,104 | 3,201 | 2,733 587 | 2,639 535 | 2,794 | 2,983 | 3,339 509 | 3,451 |  |
| Softwoods | 29,481 | 28,639 | 2,508 | 2,433 | 2,345 | 2,356 | 2,419 | 2,463 | 2,520 | 2,146 | 2,104 | 2,223 | 2,446 | 2,830 | 2,874 |  |
|  | 37,615 | 35,596 | 3,128 | 2,942 | 3,042 | 2,930 | 3,044 | 3,059 | 3,140 | 2,694 | 2,632 | 2,738 | 3,075 | 3,472 | 3,550 |  |
|  | 8,676 | 7,078 | 559 | 558 | 524 | 497 | 572 | 587 |  | 574 | 511 | 566 | 582 | 637 | 644 |  |
| Softwoods..-.-.-.-....-.....................do | 28,943 | 28,518 | 2, 569 | 2,384 | 2,518 | 2,433 | 2,472 | 2,472 | 2,483 | 2,120 | 2,121 | 2,172 | 2,493 | 2,835 | 2,916 |  |
| Stocks (gross), mill, end of period, total....do | 5,332 | 6, 363 | 5,996 | 6, 137 | 6,061 | 6,141 | 6,713 | 6,235 | 6,288 | ${ }^{6,233}$ | 6,363 | 6,428 | 6,277 | 6,143 | 6,042 |  |
|  | 630 | 1,516 | 973 | 1,065 | 1,165 | 1,322 | 1,389 | 1,460 | 1,476 | 1,395 | 1,516 | 1,529 | 1,484 | 1,355 | 1,287 |  |
| Softwood | 4,704 | 4,847 | 5, 023 | 5,072 | 4,896 | 4,819 | 4,784 | 4,775 | 4,812 | 4,838 | 4,847 | 4,899 | 4,793 | 4,788 | 4,755 |  |
|  | 11,158 16,263 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,266 \\ & 6,095 \end{aligned}$ | 111 535 | 91 572 | 129 562 | 93 478 | 119 540 | 139 <br> 553 | 97 533 | 99 514 | 103 422 | 80 505 | 87 473 | 91 683 | 90 563 |  |
| SOFTWOODS9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Douglas fir: <br> Orders, new mill. bd. | 7,844 |  | 811 | 542 | 715 | 697 | 676 |  | 741 |  | 623 |  | 702 | 738 |  |  |
| Orders, unfiled, cnd of period...............do | ${ }^{7} 886$ | ${ }^{7} 457$ | 862 | 453 | 406 | ${ }_{466}$ | 435 | ${ }_{395} 638$ | 445 | 424 | 457 | 593 | 630 | 603 | 689 |  |
|  | 8,218 | 8,071 | 684 | 693 | 694 | 627 | 690 | 693 | 692 | 637 | 579 | 635 | 684 | 806 | 792 |  |
| Shipments.--------------------------10.- | 8,179 | 8,023 | 711 | 651 | 762 | 637 | 707 | 673 | ${ }_{1}^{691}$ | 6626 | 590 | 642 |  | 765 | 826 |  |
| Stocks (gross), mill, end of period..........do. | 1,010 | 1,058 | 1,072 | 1,114 | 1,046 | 1,036 | 1,037 | 1,057 | 1,058 | 1,069 | 1,058 | 1,051 | 1,070 | 1,111 | 1,077 |  |
| Exports, total sawmill products.---.......-do | 35 | 380 | 31 | 23 | 53 | 21 | 32 | 21 | 31 | 27 | 44 | 28 |  |  | 36 |  |
| Sawed timber........-.......--...........-do | 88 | 87 | 5 | 6 | 13 | 5 | 7 | 5 | 9 | 7 | 10 | 7 | 9 | 8 | 11 |  |
| Boards, planks, scantlings, etc.-.-.----.-do.. | 271 | 292 | 26 | 17 | 40 | 16 | 25 | 16 | 22 | 20 | 35 | 21 | 21 | 27 | 24 |  |
| Prices, wholesale: <br> Dimension, construction, dried, $2^{\prime \prime} \times 4^{\prime \prime}$, R. L. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| , ${ }^{\text {a }}$ per M' bd. ft. | 113. 52 | 92.22 | 92.06 | 92.68 | 90.80 | 90.33 | 93. 00 | 95.04 | 94.27 | 92.85 | 90.68 | ${ }^{2} 91.45$ | 98.65 | 110.95 | 111.50 | 112.12 |
| \$ per M B d. ft .- | 212.59 | 226. 76 | 225.69 | 225.69 | 225.69 | 225.69 | 227.32 | 228.14 | 228.14 | 229.65 | 226.54 | 2228.10 | 228.10 | 228. 10 | 228.10 | 224, 99 |
| Southern pine: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, new <br> Orders, unfiled, end of period.................................................. | 7,336 $\mathbf{3 2 4}$ | 7,721 | 721 402 | 627 369 | $\begin{aligned} & 651 \\ & 361 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 702 \\ & 364 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 670 \\ & 374 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 671 \\ & 383 \end{aligned}$ | 680 351 | 607 333 | 660 373 | 744 431 | 802 484 | 791 | $\begin{aligned} & 887 \\ & 458 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | 7,645 | 7,700 | 666 | 663 | 622 | 647 | 627 | 650 | 720 | 641 | 641 | 670 | 739 | 797 | 842 |  |
|  | 7,434 | 7,672 | 685 | 660 | 659 | 699 | 660 | $\checkmark 662$ | 712 | 625 | 620 | 686 | 749 | 843 | 861 |  |
| stocks (gross), mill and concentration yards, end of period................................... bd. | 1,348 | 1,376 | 1,462 | 1,465 | 1,428 | 1,376 | 1,343 | 1,331 | 1,339 | 1,355 | 1,376 | 1,360 | 1,350 | 1,304 | 1,285 |  |
| Exports, total sawmill products_........ M bd. ft... | 175,687 | 78,418 | 9,561 | 8,096 | 8,169 | 6,481 | 5,099 | 5,557 | 5,100 | 6,405 | 5,638 | 4,785 | 4,887 | 6,232 | 5,173 |  |
| Prices, wholesale, (indexes): <br> Boards, No. 2 and better, $1^{\prime \prime} \times 6^{\prime \prime}$, R. L. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $1967=100$ | 127.5 | 107.9 | 106. 2 | 106.8 | 105.4 | 105.4 | 106.1 | 109.8 | 112.7 | 110.7 | 109.7 | 112.7 | 119.8 | 124.5 | 127.1 | 130.7 |
| $1967=100$ | 119.8 | 122.9 | 121.9 | 123.3 | 123.3 | 123.3 | 123.3 | 123.3 | 123.9 | 123.9 | 123.3 | 125.0 | 127.8 | 129.6 | 131.3 | 131.3 |
| Western pine: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, new Orders, unfiled, end of period................................. | $\begin{array}{r}9,593 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}9,341 \\ \hline 34\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 867 \\ & 402 \end{aligned}$ | 759 349 | 833 356 | 947 445 | 807 410 | 887 379 | 812 354 | 646 307 | 688 334 | 746 445 | 778 424 | 869 374 | ${ }_{386} 925$ |  |
|  | 9,999 | 9,378 |  | 802 | 768 | 850 | 850 | 900 | 860 | 684 | 646 | 638 | 740 | 924 | 931 |  |
|  | 9,768 | 9,371 | ${ }_{856}$ | 812 | 826 | 858 | 842 | 918 | 837 | 693 | 661 | 635 | 799 | 919 | 913 |  |
| Stocks (gross), mill, end of period.-......-do | 1,627 | 1,634 | 1,721 | 1,711 | 1,653 | 1,645 | 1,653 | 1,635 | 1,658 | 1,649 | 1,634 | 1,637 | 1,578 | 1,583 | 1,601 |  |
| Price, wholesale, Ponderosa, boards, No. $3,1^{\prime \prime} X$ $12^{\prime \prime}$, R. L. ( $6^{\prime}$ and over) | 107, 18 | 83.79 | 82.95 | 90.14 | 94.14 | 88.00 | 82.39 | 81.31 | 78.54 | 75. 64 | 74.90 | 72.36 | 75.01 | 84.94 | 101.21 | 99.29 |
| HARDWOOD FLOORING |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oak: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, new $\qquad$ | 380.6 12.0 | 304.4 9.1 | 31.2 13.2 | 22.3 9.4 | 25.3 8.7 | 31.1 10.3 | 27.9 10.7 | 25.6 9.3 | 23.6 7.8 | 19.7 7.0 | 26.6 9.1 | 26.5 9.7 | 24.5 10.5 | 26.6 9.4 | 9.3 |  |
|  | 393.1 | 315.2 | 27.1 | 25.3 | 26.2 | 26.9 | 27.8 | 29.0 | 28.3 | 22.2 | 23.9 | 23.2 | 24.5 | 28.7 | 28.2 |  |
| Shipments.......-......--......-.........-do.... | 387.8 | 306.7 | 29.0 | 26.2 | 26.1 | 30.0 | 27.5 | 27.4 | 25.2 33.6 | 20.5 35.5 | 24.7 33.3 | 23.8 32.8 | 23.8 33.5 | 26.8 35.4 | 25.1 |  |
| Stocks (gross), mill, end of period...........do.... | 29.6 | 33.3 | 32.9 | 32.1 | 34.1 | 29.4 | 29.6 | 31.2 | 33.6 | 35.5 | 33.3 | 32.8 | 33.5 | 35.4 |  |  |

## METALS AND MANUFACTURES



| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May |

METALS AND MANUFACTURES—Continued


| Unless other wise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May |

METALS AND MANUFACTURES-Continued

| NONFERROUS METALS AND PRODUCTS <br> Aluminum: <br> Production, primary (dom. and foreign ores) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Recovery from thrap (aluminum thons. sh. tons.. | 3,793.1 | 3,976. 1 | 329.0 | 341.4 | 326.8 | 339. 3 | 330.9 | 323.0 | 334.6 | 327.0 | 345.2 | 331.9 | 304.3 | 338.8 | 327.1 |  |
| Recovery from scrap (aluminum content)...do.... | ${ }^{1} 978.0$ | 835.0 | 78.0 | 71.0 | 73.0 | 71.0 | 65.0 | 68.0 | 68.0 | 60.0 | 70.0 | 62.0 | 67.0 | 78.0 |  |  |
| Imports (general): <br> Metal and alloys, crude $\qquad$ $\qquad$ | 468.6 | 350.2 | 32.6 | 31.9 | 30.4 | 31.8 | 21.7 | 20.0 | 23.7 | 21.1 | 28.1 | 34. 3 | 29.1 | 44.7 | 95.7 |  |
|  | 57.2 | 78.7 | 6.6 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 6.2 | 5.3 14.1 | 5.6 | 5.2 | 5. 5 | 5.4 | 6.1 | 5.0 | 6.0 | 6.4 |  |
| Exports, metal and alloys, crude..............do | 344.4 | 408.5 | 36.0 | 41.5 | 41.1 | 35.2 | 14.1 | 26.9 | 26.9 | 15.9 | 28.0 | 15.8 | 14.3 | 11.0 | 11.3 |  |
| Price, primary ingot, $99.5 \%$ minimum... $\$$ per lb.. | 2718 | . 2872 | . 2859 | . 2900 | . 2900 | . 2900 | 2900 | . 2900 | . 2900 | 2900 | . 2900 | . 2900 | . 2900 | . 2900 | . 2900 | 2900 |
| Aluminum products: <br> Shipments: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ingot and mill prod. (net ship.) <br> Mill products, total $\qquad$ do do... | 10,717.5 | $19,941.9$ $7,386.2$ | 856.6 631.9 | 871.8 653 | 883.6 661.1 | 758.3 592.1 | 786.1 605.5 | 824.5 637.9 | 808.9 614.6 | 713.4 | 812.8 584.4 | 770.6 584.6 | ¢775. +578 +58.5 | 960.5 749.0 |  |  |
| Plate and sheet§ ............................ do | 3,726. 8 | 3, 6888 | 318.2 | 327.2 | 338.9 | 296.7 | 309.8 | 334.7 | 298.0 | 260.2 | 297.2 | 292.2 | +280.1 | 398.7 |  |  |
| Castings $\triangle$..................................d. ${ }^{\text {do.... }}$ | 1,698. 1 | 1,506. 7 | 136.7 | 134.6 | 135.9 | 114.4 | 118.1 | 117.4 | 114.3 | 99.7 | 121.3 | 121.3 | r 128.0 | 144.6 |  |  |
| Inventories, total (ingot, mill prod., and scrap), end of period* mill. lb.. | 3,785 | 4,387 | 3,899 | 3,942 | 3,932 | 4,040 | 4, 101 | 4,102 | 4,144 | 4,279 | 4,387 | 4,469 | -4,496 | 4,469 |  |  |
| Copper: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mine, recoverable copper ......thous. sh. tons.- | 1,544.6 | 1,705. 8 | 141.7 | 152.1 | 148.5 | 137.0 | 144. 6 | 139.5 | 148.6 | 138.7 | 139.1 | 137.8 | 129.6 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 143.1$ | 110.0 |  |
| Refinery, primary........................do...- | 1,742.8 | 1,765. 1 | 150.9 | 148.2 | 140.9 | 148.3 | 138.7 | 130.5 | 149.3 | 143.0 | 170.2 | 148.5 | 142.3 | 170.5 | 160.0 |  |
|  | $1,468.9$ 2739 | 1, 521.2 | ${ }^{127.6}$ | 128.2 | 117.6 | 130.4 | 119.3 19.4 | 114.2 16.3 | 127.3 22.0 | 122.8 20.2 | 144.8 25.4 | 129.9 18.6 | 124.3 | 144.8 25 | 141.6 |  |
|  | 2735.9 465 | 243.9 475.0 | 23.2 45.0 | 20.0 43.1 | 23.3 41.5 | 18.0 41.1 | 194. 6 | 16.3 $\mathbf{3 5 . 9}$ | 22.0 37.3 | 20.2 35.1 | 25.4 39.2 | 18.6 37.0 | 18.1 31.0 | 25.7 33.9 | 18.4 28.8 |  |
| Imports (general): <br> Refined, unrefined, scrap (copper cont.)..do.... | 415.1 | 394.2 | 34.0 | 32.7 | 32.1 | 35.2 | 30.5 | 45.5 | 36.0 | 37. 1 | 35.0 | 27.2 | 32.7 | 26.1 | 26.4 |  |
|  | 131.1 | 132.1 | 6.8 | 9.8 | 10.6 | 10.1 | 11.0 | 18.8 | 13.6 | 13.4 | 9.5 | 12.1 | 8.6 | 9.9 | 11.6 |  |
| Exports: <br> Refined and scrap | 286.2 | 348.9 | 32.5 | 33.0 | 22.2 | 25.2 | 27.8 | 24.8 | 35.2 | 32.5 | 33.0 | 34. 6 | 27.6 | 38.6 | 37.0 |  |
|  | 200.3 | 222.0 | 24.0 | 26.2 | 17.1 | 15.0 | 17.5 | 13.6 | 17.4 | 15.6 | 18.2 | 22.9 | 18.7 | 26.3 | 23.7 |  |
| Consumption, refined (by mills, etc.) .....-do | 2,145.0 | 2,048.9 | 185.9 | 188.5 | 180.8 | 123.2 | 166.9 | 177.6 | 164.4 | 153.3 | 150.8 | 149.4 | 166.3 | 187.6 | p 192.0 |  |
| Stocks, refined, end of period................do. | 170.3 | 348.5 | 177.1 | 183.8 | 175.6 | 230.3 | 225.8 170.9 | 227.0 | 248.7 | 306.9 | 348.5 | 373.3 | 385.8 | + 380.6 | ${ }^{\text {P } 369.8}$ |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r}124.4 \\ \hline 4793\end{array}$ | 187.9 24.583 | $\begin{array}{r}118.9 \\ \hline 898\end{array}$ | 118.6 .602 | 121.9 .602 | $\begin{array}{r}173.4 \\ \hline 601\end{array}$ | 170.9 .601 | 166.3 | 168.5 .590 | $\begin{array}{r}171.3 \\ \hline 661\end{array}$ | 187.9 .531 | 200.0 5152 | 211.3 | ${ }^{\text {r 316. }} 3$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { p } 238.6 \\ \hline 5283\end{array}$ |  |
| Copper-base mill and foundry products, shipments (quarterly total): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brass mill products.-...........------ mil. 1 lb .- | 3, ${ }^{111}$ | ${ }_{2}^{2,513}$ |  |  | 703 |  |  | 551 |  |  | 551 |  |  | 647 |  |  |
| Copper wire mill products (copper cont.)...do...- Brass and bronze foundry products | 2, ${ }^{\mathbf{5 2 4}}$ | 2, 313 |  |  | 637 |  |  | 651 |  |  | 526 |  |  | 564 |  |  |
| Brass and bronze foundry products .-......do. |  |  |  |  | 200 |  |  | 166 |  |  | 171 |  |  | 174 |  |  |
| Lead: Production: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mine, recoverable lead . . . . . thous. sh. tons. | 509.0 | 578.7 | 49.7 | 51.3 | 47.4 | 46.3 | 48.0 | 48.6 | 46.5 | 48.5 | 45.3 | 45.3 | - 41.9 | 52.7 |  |  |
| Recovered from scrap (lead cont.)........do..- | ${ }^{1} 603.9$ | 590.4 | 53.1 | 46.8 | 50,3 | 45.4 | 48.4 | 48.2 | 53.5 | 49.6 | 52.3 | 46.4 | 48.1 | 47.0 |  |  |
| Imports (general), ore (lead cont.), metal...do.... Consumption, total. <br> do.. | $\begin{array}{r} 389.6 \\ 1,389.4 \end{array}$ | 357.1 $1,339.1$ | $\begin{array}{r} 26.7 \\ 115.9 \end{array}$ | 36.7 115.9 | 23.8 114.0 | 30.1 99.9 | 25.4 108.8 | 31.4 111.8 | 35.1 113.5 | 23.5 102.3 | 27.5 113.2 | 34.1 113.6 | 22.1 109.6 | 21.7 119.5 | 21.2 |  |
| Stocks, end of period: <br> Producers', ore, base bullion, and in process (lead content), ABMS.....-thous. sh. tons | 165.7 | 179.4 | 163.3 | 155.1 | 146.9 | 151.7 | 152.8 | 162.2 | 179.0 | 178.2 | 179.4 | 179.5 | 177.6 | 186.3 |  |  |
| Refiners' (primary), refined and antimonial (lead content) thous. sh. tons | ${ }^{1} 25.7$ | 97.7 |  | 53.2 | 63.1 | 78.9 | 87.1 | 86.2 | 90.5 | 93.2 | 97.7 | 98.5 | 96.2 | 88.8 |  |  |
| Consumers' (lead content) ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | ${ }^{1} 156.4$ | 188.4 | 167.6 | 165.7 | 172.0 | 175.9 | 174.8 | 178.8 | 178.8 | 183.1 | 188.4 | - 113.1 | 116.5 | 120.2 |  |  |
| Scrap (lead-base, purchased), all smelters (gross weight)...............thous. sh. tons. | ${ }^{1} 73.6$ |  |  |  |  |  | 74.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | . 1490 | . 1562 | . 1650 | . 1650 | . 1650 | . 1568 | 1510 | . 1452 | . 1450 | . 1450 | . 1414 | . 1350 | . 1350 | 1350 | . 1350 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 54,950 | - $\begin{array}{r}\text { 4, } \\ \text { 50, } \\ \text { 554 }\end{array}$ | 3,818 | 4, $\begin{array}{r}384 \\ 4\end{array}$ | 6,134 | 3,398 | 1,723 | 5,693 | 3, 114 | 3,810 | 5,523 | 3,659 | 1,635 | 4,703 | $\begin{array}{r} 10 \\ 4,478 \end{array}$ |  |
| Recovery from scrap, total (tin cont.)......do | ${ }^{1} 22,775$ | ${ }^{1} 20,105$ | 1,785 | 1,855 | 1,255 | 1,385 | 1,600 | 1,730 | 1,770 | 1,580 | 1,610 | 1,590 | 1,595 |  |  |  |
| As metal-..........-----..................do | 13, 222 | 3, 085 | 1230 | 330 | , 250 | 225 | 225 | ${ }^{1} 215$ | 250 | 275 | ${ }^{1} 275$ | , 205 | 285 |  |  |  |
|  | 180,790 | ${ }^{1} 73,122$ | 6,595 | 6, 505 | 6,580 | 5,885 | 5,635 | 6, 240 | 5,860 | 5,515 | 5,690 | 5,830 | 5,660 | 6,355 |  |  |
|  | 157, 730 | ${ }^{1} 53,012$ | 4, 665 | 4,560 | 4,780 | 4,425 | 4,100 | 4, 565 | 4, 440 | 4, 110 | 4,315 | 4, 500 | 4,160 | 4,715 |  |  |
| Exports, incl. reexports (metal) .-...-......do. | 3.217 | 4,966 |  | 91 | 92 | 673 | 102 | 83 | 1,233 | 233 | 796 | 74 | 305 | 570 | 138 |  |
| Stocks, pig (industrial), end of period.....-do | 13,824 | 11, 105 | 11,765 | 11,810 | 12,865 | 11,330 | 10,700 | 11, 705 | 11,965 | 11,690 | 11,105 | 10,000 | 8,970 | 8, 155 |  |  |
| Price, pig, Stralts (N.Y.), prompt........\$ per lb.. | 1.6444 | 1. 7414 | 1.8388 | 1.8054 | 1.7023 | 1.6477 | 1. 7451 | 1. 7474 | 1. 7365 | 1.7225 | 1. 6385 | 1.6164 | 1.6286 | 1. 6701 | 1.6888 | 1. 6602 |
| Zinc: Mine prod., recoverable zinc thous. sh. tons |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mine prod, recoverable zinc.... thous. sh. tons..- | 553.1 | 546.8 | 48.3 | 45.6 | 46.4 | 47.0 | 46.4 | 43.5 | 43.2 | 43.4 | 43.4 | 41.6 | - 40.7 | 43.8 |  |  |
|  | 602.1 | 525.8 | 39.5 | 43.7 | 42.9 | 44.2 | 56.9 | 42.1 | 31.5 | 33.0 | 45.5 | 37.4 | 33.3 | 37.5 | 32.9 |  |
| Metal (slab, blocks) .-.---.....-..........-d. ${ }^{\text {do.... }}$ | 324.7 | 270.4 | 22.3 | 25.0 | 16.4 | 20.7 | 16.0 | 19.4 | 32.1 | 18.9 | 30.9 | 17.9 | 14.5 | 29.1 | 22.7 |  |
| Consumption (recoverable zinc content): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ores..-.............................do...- | ${ }^{1} 126.7$ | 118.4 | 11.1 | 10.3 | 9.0 | 8.2 | 11.5 | 10.7 | 8.8 | 9.1 | 7.6 | 8.0 | 8.9 | 8.6 |  |  |
|  | 1302.1 | 226.8 | 19.8 | 18.6 | 19.4 | 18.4 | 18.0 | 18.2 | 19.0 | 18.9 | 19.0 | 18.7 | 18.5 | 19.9 |  |  |
| Slab zinc: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (primary smelter), from domestic and foreign ores. thous. sh. tons.- |  | 886.7 | 80.7 | 77.0 | 70.7 | 71.7 | 65.3 | 68.8 | 66.7 | 65.2 | 70.9 | 71.6 | 69.2 | 74.2 |  |  |
| Secondary (redistili ed) production.......do.... | 169.3 | 74.4 | 5.3 | 6.8 | 6.1 | 5.3 | 6.6 | 7.0 | 7.8 | 6.4 | 5.1 | 6.9 | 5.6 | 7.4 |  |  |
| Consumption, fabricators'...-............d | 11,368.3 | 1,164.6 ${ }^{6}$ | 99.4 | ${ }^{99.1}$ | 102.2 | 90.9 | 100.4 | 100.5 | 97.8 | 88.8 | 93.6 | 96.4 | 99.3 | 111.5 |  |  |
|  | 9.3 |  | - | ${ }^{(3)}$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ | . 1 | 4.8 | 2.2 | 1.7 | 1.1 |  |
| Producers', at smelter (AZI) $\odot . . . . . . .$. do...- | 167.7 | 127.3 | 131.7 | 134.9 | 132.0 | 125.7 | 117.2 | 112.8 | 113.6 | 118.6 | 127.3 | 128.3 | 119.8 | 99.4 | 84.3 | 80.7 |
| Consumers | ${ }^{1} 100.5$ | 88.2 | 75.9 | 77.3 | 83.4 | 84.8 | 81.5 | 79.0 | 81.8 | 79.0 | 88.2 | 80.0 | 80.4 | 89.8 |  |  |
| Price, Prime Western (East St. Louis) . $\$$ per lb. | . 1460 | . 1532 | 1550 | 1550 | 1550 | . 1550 | 1533 | . 1500 | . 1500 | 1500 | . 1500 | 8. 1500 | s. 1500 | 5. 1507 | 3. 1650 |  |

; Revised. ${ }_{2}$ Preliminary Annual data; monthly revisions are not available.
${ }^{2}$ Average for Feb.-Dec. ${ }^{2}$ Less than 50 tons. ${ }^{4}$ Beginning Feb. 1970 , the new Metals WEEE price (based on mine production rates and known selling prices of U.S. producers
only) is not comparable with prices for earlier months. ${ }^{5}$ See note ${ }^{\prime \prime}$, bottom of p. S-32.
$\triangle$ Revised data (1966-68) are in the Apr. 1970 SURVEY.
of Commerce; monthly data back to Jan. 1967 are available.
$\ddagger$ Prices shown are averages of delivered prices; average differential between the delivered and the refinery price is 0.400 cents per lb, through 1969 , and 0.500 cents thereafter. $\sigma^{\circ}$ Consumers' and secondary smelters' lead stocks in refinery shapes and in copper-base scrap. See note "Y,"'p. S-32.
© Producers' stocks elsewhere, end of May 1971, 21,600 tons.

| Unless otherwise atated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May |

## METALS AND MANUFACTURES-Continued

## HEATING EQUIPMENT, EXC. ELECTRIC

Radiators and convectors, shipments:
 Nonferrous. Oll burners:
Shipments Stocks, end of period Ranges, gas, domestic cooking (incl. free-standing,
set-in, high-oven ranges, and built-in oven Top burner sections (4-burner equiv.), ship...do..

Stoves, domestic heating, shipments, total....do... Warm-air furnaces (forced-air and gravity air-flow),


MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT
Foundry equipment (new), new orders, net
mo avg shipments 1967-100 Furnaces (industrial) and ovens, etc., new orders (domestic), net, quarterly total.............mil. \$. Electric processing furnaces --...........................

Material handling equipment (industrial):
Orders (new), index, seas. adj† - .....-1967 $=100$ Industrial trucks (electric), shipments: Hand (motorized) .-...................................
 Industrial trucks and tractors (Internal combustion
engines), shipments .-........................... Machine tools:
Machine toois:
Metal cutting type tools:
Orders, new (net), total
$\qquad$ Domestic $\qquad$ Order backlog, end of period

Metal forming type tools:
Orders, new (net), total
Domestic
Shipments, total
Order backlog, end of period
Other machinery and equip., qtrly. shipments Tractors used in construction: Wheel (contractors' off-highway) --..-Tractor shovel loaders (integral units only), wheel and tracklaying types --......-- mil. \$ Tractors, wheel (excl. garden and contractors'
off-highway types
off-highway types)
arm machines and equipment (selected types),

## ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT

Batteries (auto. replacement), shipments $\ddagger$. thous. Ranges, incl. built-ins, shipments (manufacturers'), domestic and export ................thous. Refrigerators and home freezers, output
Vacuum cleaners, sales billed .... $1957-59=100$ Vacuum cleaners, sales billed. Washers (gas and electric) ryers (gas and electric), sales (domestic and

Radio sets, production© Elevision sets (incl. combination), prod. © do Electron tubes and semiconductors (excl. receiving, power, and spec. purpose tubes), sales...-mil. \$. Motors and generators:
 New orders (gross):
Polyphase induction motors, $1-200 \mathrm{hp}$. . .mil. $\$$
D.C. motors and generators, $1-200 \mathrm{hp} \ldots$ do.........

| 17.0 |  | . 2 | .2 |  | ${ }_{3} 3$ | . 3 | . 4 | . 4 | . 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1523.8 | 647.0 | 34.8 | 36.6 | 46.6 | 47.7 | 64.8 | 77.0 | 87.3 | 62.9 | 49.3 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12,324.5 | 22,156.7 | 187.9 | 174.0 | 227.6 | 172.4 | 201.9 | 236.1 | 217.1 | 185.7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 198.7 | ${ }^{2} 146.3$ | 12.6 | 13.1 | 14.1 | 11.2 | 10.6 | 14.9 | 13.8 | 13.6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11,494.8 | 1,286. 9 | 72.6 | 79.6 | 89.2 | 125.0 | 147.1 | 157.6 | 201.4 | 127.3 | 72.6 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11,043.2 | 887.4 | 47.6 | 52.0 | 65.5 | 92.0 | 109.8 | 112.7 | 146.8 | 95.9 | 44.1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11,868.6 | 1,904. 4 | 120.2 | 128.9 | 148.2 | 158.6 | 162.7 | 203.0 | 215.5 | 186.4 | 161.6 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11,546.6 | 1, 481.0 | 97.9 | 105.8 | 119.9 | 125.1 | 121.5 | 150.0 | 160.7 | 132.5 | 120.1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2,784.6 | 2,789.0 | 242.7 | 232.5 | 264.8 | 234.7 | 235.7 | 226.7 | 254.4 | 201.1 | 201.8 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 109.4 | 155.6 | 419.2 | 230.1 | 92.4 | 76.0 | 58.4 | 132.3 | 319.6 | 16.3 | 99.0 | 129.8 | 118.9 | 82.4 | 102.7 |  |
| 113.1 | ${ }^{1} 88.5$ |  |  | 22.5 |  |  | 23.1 |  |  | 12.5 |  |  | D 24.7 |  |  |
| 16.4 | 18.1 1 |  |  | 2.7 |  |  | 1.8 |  |  | . 8 |  |  | ${ }^{p} 76.9$ |  |  |
| 58.3 | ${ }^{1} 43.9$ |  |  | 12.3 |  |  | 15.0 |  |  | 5.8 |  |  | ${ }^{\text {p } 72.1 ~}$ |  |  |
| 124.8 | 103.3 | 89.4 | 104.3 | 97.3 | 106.3 | 101.6 | 99.1 | 110.5 | 121.2 | 88.5 | 93.9 | 103.1 | 95.8 |  |  |
| 14, 579 | 13,816 | 1,150 | 1,529 | 1,273 | 1,125 | 688 | 1,093 | 1,318 | 1,063 | 1,054 | 973 | 890 | 1,161 | 1,179 |  |
| 14,903 | 14,811 | 1,057 | 1,237 | 1,377 | 1,433 | 846 | 1,183 | 1,019 | 1,194 | 1,265 | 972 | 1,044 | 1,470 | 1,299 |  |
| 50,446 | 41, 194 | 3,416 | 3,636 | 3,855 | 3,533 | 2,346 | 3,685 | 3,114 | 2,873 | 3,112 | 3,637 | 3,485 | 4,890 | 4,233 |  |
| 1,195. 30 | 651.30 | 59. 20 | 52.75 | 61.85 | 62.70 | 34.20 | 44. 15 | 36.70 | 29.00 | 39.70 | 36.75 | 39.00 | + 43.00 | 42. 40 |  |
| 1,032. 65 | 506.75 | 46. 30 | 41.60 | 44.05 | 47. 70 | 23.45 | 35.75 | 28.65 | 21. 00 | 26. 95 | 27.30 | 31.70 | -36.50 | 36.75 |  |
| 1, 192.45 | 992.90 | 83.05 | 97.10 | 100.60 | 74.90 | 62.15 | 83.35 | 70.95 | 55. 80 | 85.60 | 57.65 | 59.40 | r 64.85 | 72.35 |  |
| 1,077.45 | 827.35 | 69.15 | 82.55 | 84.50 | 61.30 | 47.75 | 67.00 | 60.40 | 45.70 | 67.50 | 43.50 | 47.65 | + 51.75 | 60.70 |  |
| 812.4 | 470.7 | 740.2 | 695.9 | 657.1 | 644.9 | 616.9 | 577.7 | 543.4 | 516.6 | 470.7 | 449.8 | 429.4 | + 407.6 | 377.7 |  |
| 533.45 | 261.25 | 27.20 | 16.25 | 14. 40 | 14. 75 | 12.50 | 23.85 | 38.35 | 9.85 | 29.75 | 17.45 | 20.10 | r 25.25 | 13.90 |  |
| 484.35 | 226. 60 | 25. 55 | 15. 20 | 12.85 | 12. 30 | 8.95 | 22.25 | 36. 25 | 8. 80 | 19.10 | 15.90 | 16. 95 | - 22.65 | 13.15 |  |
| 405.10 | 450.15 | 34. 75 | 46.10 | 41. 20 | 38.75 | 30.40 | 31. 40 | 35. 25 | 35.35 | 35. 70 | 31.15 | 31.50 | +30.25 | 26.45 |  |
| 369.30 | 411.60 | 32. 20 | 43.40 | 36.20 | 36.25 | 28.15 | 28. 90 | 33.15 | 30.75 | 32.15 | 29.00 | 28.30 | +28.30 | 24.85 |  |
| 382.8 | 234.8 | 369.1 | 339.3 | 312.5 | 288.5 | 270.6 | 263.1 | 266.2 | 240.7 | 234.8 | 221.1 | 209.7 | - 204.7 | 192.2 |  |
| 1475.6 | 482.0 |  |  | 125.3 |  |  | 121.7 |  |  | 101.7 | ${ }^{3} 51.6$ | ${ }^{3} 47.1$ | ${ }^{3} 51.5$ |  |  |
| 179.1 | - 158.6 |  |  | 51.5 |  |  | 45.7 |  |  | ${ }^{6} 24.8$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| 610.2 | 583.4 |  |  | 153.1 |  |  | 139.5 |  |  | 128.3 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 878.6 | 857.1 |  |  | 230.8 |  |  | 178.2 |  |  | 199.7 | 346.0 | -377. 5 | 390.2 |  |  |
| 1,151.6 | 1,178.7 |  |  | 304.8 |  |  | 284.6 |  |  | 255.7 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 35,510 | 37,863 | 2,065 | 1,955 | 2,298 | 2,949 | 3,056 | 4,306 | 4,017 | 3,928 | 3, 865 | 3,480 | 2,892 | '2,516 | 1, 839 |  |
| 2,342.3 | 2,361.6 | - 205.9 | 200.2 | 221.6 | 238.4 | 193.7 | 225.5 | 225.9 | 203.3 | 174.8 | 170.0 | 178.8 | 224.4 | 212.0 |  |
| 181.0 | 195.8 | 227.2 | 221.4 | 227.4 | 238.3 | 152.1 | 202.7 | 226.4 | 175.7 | 132.8 | 172.9 | 199.9 | 237.5 | 247.2 |  |
| 7,133. 7 | 7,381. 7 | 561.5 | 531.7 | 589.2 | 513.3 | 667.9 | 758.0 | 722.5 | 650.2 | 541.0 | 546.0 | 698.7 | 653.1 | 655.8 |  |
| 4,378. 5 | 4,093.3 | 332.6 | 321.6 | 382.9 | 337.7 | 356.4 | 387.6 | 399.6 | 348.5 | 289.1 | 351.2 | 328.8 | 369.8 | 303.4 | 304.4 |
| 3,022.5 | 2,980.9 | 197.5 | 173.6 | 203.4 | 198.5 | 278.7 | 335.9 | 359.3 | 288.1 | 243.3 | 273.6 | 216.4 | 250.7 | 182.4 | 177.4 |
| 20,549 11,270 | 16,406 9,483 | $\begin{array}{r}1,322 \\ \hline 509\end{array}$ | 1,292 | - $\begin{array}{r}1,651 \\ 4 \\ 423\end{array}$ | 975 534 | 1,480 779 | 41,585 41,054 | 1, 285 | 1,119 94 | 4 4 49968 4962 | $\begin{array}{r}1,449 \\ \hline 719\end{array}$ | 1,428 | 4 4 4 $1,81,016$ | 1,498 867 | $\begin{array}{r}1,487 \\ \hline 889\end{array}$ |
| 770.7 | 643.1 | 58.1 | 53.2 | 56.4 | 46.9 | 49.3 | 56.3 | 47.1 | 42.7 | 46.4 | 41.6 | 40.8 | 44.4 | 42.5 |  |
| 106 | 98 |  |  | 101 |  |  | 98 |  |  | 90 |  |  | 86 |  |  |
| ${ }^{5} 109.3$ | 3102.5 | 39.4 | 5 8.1 | 38.6 | ${ }^{5} 9.9$ | 3 7.5 | 58.4 | 38.2 | 37.6 | 88.2 | 57.7 | 37.6 | 58.4 | 58.6 |  |
| 51.9 | 47.4 | 3.6 | 3.4 | 4.7 | 3.8 | 4.0 | 3.0 | 3.5 | 3.1 | 3.8 | 3.6 | 3.3 | 3.6 | 3.3 |  |

PETROLEUM, COAL, AND PRODUCTS

| Anthracite: COAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 10, 473 | 9, 481 | 761 | 6 | 811 | 710 | 901 | 858 | 872 | 4 | 790 | 722 | 652 | 777 | 793 | 913 |
|  |  |  | 57 | 51 | 43 | 110 | 79 | 135 | 100 | 78 | 80 | 17 | 16 | 69 | 75 |  |
| Price, wholesale, chestnut, f.o.b. car at mine | 15. 100 | 16. 565 | 16.346 | 15.758 | 15.758 | 15. 954 | 15.954 | 16. 640 | 16.993 | 18. 169 | 18. 169 | 18.365 | 18.365 | 18.365 | 18.365 | 17.581 |
| Bituminous: |  |  |  |  |  | 15.9 |  |  |  |  | 18.169 | 18.365 | 18.365 | 18. 365 | 18.365 | 17.581 |
|  | 560,505 | 596, 485 | 50, 125 | 48,630 | 49,380 | 39,365 | 52,445 | 53,745 | 55, 265 | 50,635 | 52, 455 | 50, 100 | 46,900 | 56,755 | 55, 575 | 50,640 |
| Revised. $\quad$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ Annual data; monthly revisions are not available. <br> $0^{7}$ Revised to exclude combination washer-dryers. $\ddagger$ Revised series. Data reflect adjust- <br> ${ }^{2}$ Total for 11 months. ${ }^{3}$ For month shown. ${ }^{4}$ Data cover 5 weeks; other periods, 4 weeks. ${ }^{3}$ Excludes orders for motors $1-20 \mathrm{hp}$.; domestic sales of this class in 1970 totaled ment to 1967 Census of Manufactures; monthly revisions (1957-69) are available. $\$ 106.5$ mil.; 1971-Apr., $\$ 7.5$ mil. 6 Excludes figures for rubber-tired dozers (included for <br> $\odot$ Radio production comprises table, portable battery, auto, and clock models; television other periods). ${ }^{7}$ Effective lst qtr. 1971, includes data for ovens; not comparable with sets cover monochrome and color units. $\triangle$ Shifted to 1967 base; 1st quarter 1969-1st quarter earlier data which cover furnaces only. 1970: 102; 115; 104; 103; 105. †See corresponding note, p. S-35. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTI | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May |

PETROLEUM, COAL, AND PRODUCTS-Continued

| COAL-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bituminous-Continued <br> Industrial consumption and retail deliveries, total ㅇ .-..........................thous. sh. tons. | 507, 275 | 520,815 | 40,761 | 40,461 | 41, 142 | 44, 233 | 43, 440 | 41,713 | 42,465 | 43,813 | 48,036 | 49, 199 | 43,698 | 45,508 |  |  |
| Electric power utilities.....................do... | 308, 461 | 320, 461 | 24, 170 | 24,118 | 25, 625 | 27, 522 | 28, 458 | 26, 424 | 25, 254 | 26,453 | 29, 481 | 30,804 | 27, 127 | 28,040 |  |  |
| Mfg. and mining industries, total......-. do..... Coke plants (oven and beehive) | 185,835 92,901 | 189,703 97 | 16,113 8,354 | 15,853 8,626 | 15,058 8,315 | 16,241 7,956 | 14,385 7,928 | 14,386 7,917 | 16,057 8,317 | 16,245 8,068 | 17,436 8,296 | c17, 395 8,239 | 15,733 7,393 | $\begin{array}{r} 16,849 \\ 8,380 \end{array}$ |  |  |
| Retail deliveries to other consumers......-do. | 12,666 | 10,353 | 450 | 450 | 420 | 430 | 560 | 866 | 1,117 | 1,088 | 1,109 | 1,000 | 838 | 619 |  |  |
| Stocks, industrial and retail dealers', end of period, total thous. sh. tons. | 80, 482 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Electric power utilities--.-......-.........do...- | 60, 597 | 71,285 | 52,060 | -55, 619 | 57,383 | 54, 825 | 55, 654 | 59, 685 | 66,087 | 69,681 | 71,285 | 68,643 | 67,001 | 69,982 |  |  |
| Mig. and mining industries, total ---....-- do. | 19,701 8,962 | 8,924 | 8, 678 | 9,093 | 9,235 | 6, 517 | 6, 719 | 7,112 | 8,180 | 8,674 | 8,924 | 8,489 | 8,237 | 8,966 |  |  |
|  | 184 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 56,234 | 70,908 | 6, 057 | 6, 059 | 7,210 | 6, 269 | 5,532 | 6, 520 | 7,267 | 5,633 | 6,725 | 4, 250 | 4,302 | 4,261 | 5,004 |  |
| Prices, wholesale: <br> Screenings, indust. use, f.o.b. mine |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \$ per sh. ton.- | 6. 052 | 7 7,641 | 7.758 | 7.819 | 8. 224 | 8,280 | 8. 424 | 8.858 | 9.747 | 9.747 | 9.747 | 9.747 | ${ }^{9.316}$ | 9.316 | 9.810 | 9,719 |
| Domestic, large sizes, f.o.b. mine - .-.....do do... | 7.487 | 9,647 | 8.864 | 8. 950 | 9. 193 | 9. 521 | 9.736 | - 10.057 | 10. 921 | 11.533 | 11. 533 | 11.658 | 11. 658 | 11. 658 | 11. 200 | 11. 200 |
| Production: <br> coke |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Beehive....-.-----.-.-......... thous. sh. tons..- | 710 | 814 | ${ }^{+73}$ | 59 | 72 | 69 | 65 | ${ }^{66}$ | 61 | 68 | 68 | 59 | 60 | 78 | ${ }^{66}$ |  |
|  | 64,014 | 65,654 | - 5, 468 | 5,966 | 5,749 | 5,442 | 5, 5 , 368 | 5,425 | 5,680 | 5,537 | 5,672 | 5,647 | 5,054 | 5,752 | 5,621 |  |
|  | 20, 574 | 21,074 | 1,834 | 1,728 | 1,929 | 1,929 | 1,818 | 1,799 | 1,755 | 1,743 | 1,845 | 1,803 | 1,652 |  |  |  |
| Oven-coke plants, total -....................do | 3,120 | 4, 113 | 3,100 | 3,121 | 2,954 | 3,006 | 2,963 | 3,057 | 3,433 | 3,777 | 4,113 | 4, 241 | 4,054 | 3,842 | 3, 599 |  |
|  | 3,020 | 4,018 | 3,043 | 3,063 | 2,907 | 2,952 | 2,914 | 3,019 | 3, 388 | 3,691 | 4,018 | 4, 149 | 3,994 | 3,803 | 3,560 |  |
|  | 99 | 95 | 55 | 58 | 47 | 54 | 49 | 37 | 46 | 86 | 95 | 92 | 60 | 39 | 39 |  |
|  | 1,040 1,629 | 2, 21.05 | ${ }^{1} 1212$ | 966 195 | 966 149 | - 244 | 1,051 | $\begin{array}{r}1,094 \\ \hline 286\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}1,081 \\ \hline 28\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}1,036 \\ \hline 269\end{array}$ | 1,059 220 | 1,089 $\mathbf{1 7 1}$ | $\begin{array}{r}1,127 \\ \hline 142\end{array}$ | 199 | 125 |  |
| PETROLEUM AND PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Crude petroleum: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oil wells completed $\qquad$ number- | $\begin{array}{r} 214,368 \\ 3.18 \end{array}$ | 213,020 3 3 | ${ }_{3} 925$ | ${ }^{1,047}$ | 1,142 | 1,129 | 912 3.21 | 1,234 | $\begin{array}{r} 986 \\ 3.21 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 882 \\ 3.21 \end{array}$ | 1,454 3,41 | 846 341 341 | 896 3 | 1,227 | 880 3 | 969 3.41 |
|  | 3,879.6 | 3,967.5 | 318.4 | 324.0 | 326.2 | 335.5 | 341.7 | 330.3 | 336.6 | 330.6 | 346.7 | 344. 3 | 312.4 | 345.1 |  |  |
| Refnery operating ratio......-......-\% of capacity.- | 92 | 91 | 91 | 87 | 90 | 90 | 92 | 92 | 90 | 92 | 93 | 93 | 93 |  |  |  |
| All oils, supply, demand, and stocks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New supply, totalor-.-.-................................ | 5,111.8 | 5,382.4 | 436.8 | 436.3 | 430.9 | 436.4 | 441.9 | 440.9 | 481.2 | 451.4 | 482.1 | 464.4 | 422.9 | 486.0 |  |  |
| Crude petroleum---..-.-.............-do...- | 3,371.8 | 3,515.5 | 287.6 | 295.2 | 280.7 | 284.9 | 296.2 | 295.5 | 310.5 | 301.1 | 308.1 | 301.5 | 274.4 | 309.0 |  |  |
| Natural-gas plant liquids............................ Imports: | 584.5 | 619.5 | 50.0 | 51.8 | 51.0 | 51.9 | 52.4 | 50.5 | 53.0 | 52.9 | 54.8 | 53.6 | 49.4 | 52.8 |  |  |
| Crude and unfinished oils...............do | 552.9 | 522.6 | 38.1 | 40.7 | 44.1 | 42.0 | 39.0 | 43.3 | 39.5 | 40.6 | 53.0 | 37.8 | 40.2 | 45.9 |  |  |
| Refined products.----..-.........-...-.do | 602.7 | 724.8 | 61.1 | 48.5 | 55.1 | 57.6 | 54.3 | 51.6 | 58.1 | 56.9 | 66.3 | 71.5 | 58.9 | 78.3 |  |  |
| Change in stocks, all oils (decrease,-)......do | -17.4 | 37.7 | 17.3 | 28.1 | 16.3 | 3.1 | 11.8 | 27.0 | 15.6 | 17.9 | $-25.5$ | -37.4 | $-36.6$ | -9.4 |  |  |
|  | 5,126.6 | 5,337.5 | 419.4 | 407.1 | 415.0 | 431.3 | 427.2 | 414.2 | 443.7 | 433.5 | 505.0 | 504.8 | 457.7 | 589.6 |  |  |
| Exports: ${ }^{\text {Crude }}$ petroleum......---.................. ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 1.4 | 5.0 | 1 |  | . 3 | . 1 | (1) | 0 | 2.0 | 1.6 | . 7 | 0 | (1) |  |  |  |
| Refined products .-.-.-.....................do. | 83.4 | 89.3 | 7.6 | 7.8 | 7.5 | 8.3 | 6.4 | 8.1 | 7.7 | 6.3 | 8.4 | 6.1 | 6.7 | 7.7 |  |  |
|  | 5,041.8 | 5,243.3 | 411.7 | 399.3 | 407.3 | 422.9 | 420.8 | 406.0 | 434.1 | 425.6 | 495.8 | 498.6 | 450.9 | 581.8 |  |  |
|  | 2,042. 5 | 2,131.2 | 171.3 | 183.6 | 187.4 | 195.2 | 190.4 | 179.8 | 184.7 | 168.4 | 182.0 | 164.6 | 154.6 | 182.6 |  |  |
|  | 100.4 | 96.0 | 5.4 | 5.0 | 4.3 | 5.0 | 4.8 | 5.5 | 7.5 | 8.7 | 12.3 | 13.4 | 12.7 | 8.8 |  |  |
| Distillate fuel oil .......................- do | 900.3 | 927.2 | 74.2 | 60.3 | 52.6 | 50.3 | 52.9 | 58.6 | 69.9 | 78.6 | 110.0 | 125.3 | 107.6 | 99.6 |  |  |
| Residual fuel oil $\qquad$ do | 721.9 | 804.3 | 63.6 | 51.3 | 58.2 | 59.2 | 61.2 | 50.7 | 58.9 | 61.7 | 80.4 | 85.1 | 73.7 | 87.4 |  |  |
| Jet fuel. | 361.7 | 350.9 | 27.2 | 27.7 | 28.1 | 31.2 | 30.8 | 31.1 | 30.0 | 28.7 | 30.5 | 28.8 | 29.8 | 30.6 |  |  |
| Lubricants_.---...-.....................-do. | 48.8 | 49.7 | 4.4 | 4.0 | 4.7 | 4.2 | 4.0 | 4.3 | 4.5 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 3.6 | 3.7 | 4.1 |  |  |
|  | 143.3 | 183.5 | 10.0 | 14.3 | 18.8 | 21.3 | 20.6 | 18.8 | 15.9 | 10.6 | 7.8 | 4.8 | 4.9 | 8.1 |  |  |
|  | 445.6 | 454.7 | 32.2 | 29.0 | 29.8 | 31.9 | 32.2 | 33.2 | 39.6 | 43.9 | 47.6 | 52.5 | 44.7 | 38.2 |  |  |
| Stocks, end of period, total .-...-........-. do | 980.1 | 1,017.9 | 923.4 | 951.6 | 967.9 | 971.0 | 982.8 | 1, 009.8 | 1, 025.4 | 1,043.3 | 1,017.9 | 980.4 | 943.8 | 934.4 |  |  |
| Crude petroleum. ${ }_{\text {Unfinished }}$ | 265.2 | 276.4 | 278.0 112.5 | 284.8 | 279.9 | 266.9 | 254.1 | ${ }^{1259.2}$ | 265.5 | 2713 | 276.4 | 269.8 | 266.9 | 267.2 |  |  |
| Unfinished oils, natural gasoline, etc-...- do | 103.5 611.4 | 106.0 635.5 | 112.5 532.9 | 115.0 551.8 | 115.5 572.5 | 113.8 590.4 | ${ }_{615.6}^{113.1}$ | 106.9 643.7 | ${ }^{107.6}$ | ${ }_{663}^{109.0}$ | 106. 0 | 101.2 | 97.2 | 96.8 |  |  |
| Reflned petroleum products: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gasoline (incl. aviation): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2,028.2 | 2, 105. 3 | 164.3 | 172.5 | 173.8 | 180.6 | 183.0 | 180.8 | 177.7 | 175.6 | 190.2 | 185.2 | 167.0 |  |  |  |
|  | 2.4 217.4 | 11.4 214.3 | 235.7 | 226.1 | $\underset{214.9}{ }{ }^{1}$ | 201.2 | 196.4 | ${ }_{199.3}{ }^{1}$ | 194. 5 | ${ }_{204.0}^{1}$ | 214.3 | 237.1 | 250.5 | 250.6 |  |  |
| Prices (excl. aviation): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wholesale, ref. (Okla., group 3)--- \$ per gal | . 116 | . 119 | . 110 | . 133 | . 115 | . 120 | . 123 | . 120 | . 118 | . 118 | . 130 | . 130 | . 125 | . 113 | 11 | 125 |
| Retail (regular grade, excl. taxes), 55 cities (1st of following mo.) | . 239 | . 246 | . 248 | . 249 | . 256 | . 238 | . 230 | . 246 | . 237 | . 265 | . 256 | . 254 | . 241 | . 238 | . 234 |  |
| A viation gasoline: | . 23 | . 246 | . 248 | . 249 | . 250 | . 238 | . 230 | . 246 | . 237 | . 26.5 | . 256 | . 254 | . 241 | . 238 | . 234 |  |
|  | 26.5 | 19.7 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.3 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.4 | 1.7 |  |  |  |
|  | 1.7 | $\stackrel{.9}{1}$ | 5.1 | . 1 | . 17 | 5.1 | (i) | . 1 | . 1 | ${ }^{(1)}$ | . 1 | .1 | .$^{2}$ | . 1 |  |  |
| Kerosene: | 6.2 | 5.1 | 5.4 | 5.1 | 4.7 | 5.1 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 4.6 | 5.0 | 5.1 | 4.9 | 5.2 | 4.9 |  |  |
|  | 102.9 | 95.7 | 7.5 | 7.0 | 7.4 | 6.3 | 6.5 | 6.2 | 8.2 | 9.2 | 8.5 | 9.5 | 8.4 |  |  |  |
|  | 26.8 | 27.8 | 20.8 | 22.9 | 26.3 | 27.7 | 29.6 | 30.3 | 31.0 | 31.5 | 27.8 | 23.9 | 19.7 | 19.2 |  |  |
| \$ per gal.. | . 111 | . 118 | . 111 | . 118 | . 120 | . 122 | . 122 | . 122 | . 122 | . 122 | . 119 | . 123 | . 123 | . 121 | 127 | 127 |

i Revised. ${ }^{\circ}$ Corrected.
1 Less than 50 thousand barrels; ${ }^{2}$ Reflects revisions not available by months.
shown separately . Imall amounts of "other hydrocarbons and hydrogen refinery input," not
Q Includes data not shown separately.
§ Includes nonmarketable catalyst coke.

NOTE FOR MATERIAL HANDLING INDEX (p. S-34): $\dagger$ Revised series. Index (expanded to cover new orders reported by members of Hoist Mfrs. Institute and Rack Mrss. Institute) is based on composite figures representing $81 \%$ of that portion of the business covered by the combination of 8 material handling associations. Monthly data for 1968-69
are in the Apr. 1971 SURyEy, p. S-35. are in the Apr. 1971 Surver. p. S-35.

| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and deacriptive notes are as shownin the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Not. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May |

## PETROLEUM, COAL, AND PRODUCTS-Continued

| PETROLEUM AND PRODUCTS-Continued <br> Refined petroleum products-Continued Distlllate fuel oil: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 848.4 | 897.1 | 70.8 | 70.8 | 72.3 | 73.5 | 74.8 | 73.4 | 76.7 | 75.3 | 80.5 | 80.9 | 72.3 |  |  |  |
|  | 50.9 | 53.9 | 4.6 | 3.4 | 1.9 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 4.0 | 5.1 | 6.7 | 8.1 | 5.5 | 6.1 |  |  |
|  | 1.1 | . 9 | . ${ }^{-1}$ | $115^{1} 8$ | (2) | 16.2 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | .$^{1}$ | . 1 | (2) | . 1 | . 3 | . 2 | . 4 |  |  |
| Stocks, end of period.........--.-.-........... | 171.7 | 195.3 | 102.1 | 115.8 | 137.5 | 163.5 | 188.2 | 205.7 | 216.4 | 218.1 | 195.3 | 158.7 | 128.7 | 112.9 |  |  |
| Price, wholesale (N.Y. Harbor, No. 2 fuel) ${ }_{\text {\$ per gal. }}$ | . 101 | . 108 | .101 | . 108 | . 110 | . 112 | . 112 | . 112 | . 112 | . 112 | . 109 | . 113 | 113 | . 111 | . 117 | .117 |
| Residual fuel oil: mil. bbl | 265.9 | 257.5 | 19.8 | 17.7 | 17.0 | 17.7 | 20.7 | 19.9 | 20.0 | 22.2 | 28.9 | 31.3 | 27.1 |  |  |  |
|  | 461.6 | 557.8 | 49.8 | 36.8 | 43.6 | 44.7 | 41.7 | 39.1 | 42.9 | 41.8 | 49.0 | 53.8 | 42.6 | 62.5 |  |  |
| Exports | 16.9 | 19.8 | 1.4 | 1.8 | 1.3 | 1.7 | 1.2 | 2.8 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 2.6 | . 5 | 1.4 | 1.5 |  |  |
| Stocks, end of period.-........-.-.-. do. | 58.4 | 54.0 | 42.8 | 44.7 | 46.0 | 47.9 | 48.1 | 54.0 | 57.1 | 58.8 | 54.0 | 53.9 | 48.9 | 49.4 |  |  |
| Price, wholesale (Okla., No. 6) .-..... ${ }^{\text {S }}$ per bbl-- | 1.48 | 2.25 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.40 | 2.60 | 2. 60 | 2.60 | 2.60 | 2.60 | 2. 60 | 2.35 | 2.35 | 2.35 | 2.35 |
|  | 321.7 | 301.9 | 24.5 | 23.7 | 24.9 | 26.9 | 26.6 | 25.9 | 26.0 | 24.6 | 24.5 | 25.9 | 23.7 |  |  |  |
|  | 28.1 | 27.6 | 29.2 | 29.4 | 30.9 | 30.0 | 30.6 | 30.2 | 30.8 | 30.1 | 27. 6 | 27.6 | 27.0 | 27.1 |  |  |
| Lubricants: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 65.1 | 66. 2 | 5.4 1.3 | 5.6 1.3 | 5.3 1.2 | 5.5 1.7 | 5. 7 | 5.6 1.1 | 5. 6 | 5.8 | 5. 9 | 5. 3 | 4.9 |  |  |  |
| Exports | 16.4 14.1 | 16.0 | 1.3 13.8 | 14.3 14.1 | 1.2 13.6 | 1.7 13.3 | 13.7 | 1.1 14.0 | 1.5 13.6 | 1.1 14.2 | 14.7 | 1.2 15.2 | 1.3 15.2 | 1.4 15.5 |  |  |
| Price, wholesale, bright stock (midcontinent, f.o.b., Tulsa) $\qquad$ | . 270 | . 270 | . 270 | . 270 | . 270 | . 270 | . 270 | . 270 | .270 | . 270 | 17 .270 | . 270 | . 270 | . 270 | . 270 | 270 |
| Asphalt: <br> Production mil. bbl. | 135.7 | 146.7 | 10.8 | 13.0 | 14.5 | 16. 1 | 16.5 | 15. 6 | 15.0 | 12.3 | 10.1 | 8.2 | 7.7 |  |  |  |
|  | 16.8 | 15.8 | 25.8 | 24.9 | 21.3 | 17.3 | 14.0 | 11.6 | 11.1 | 13.2 | 15.8 | 19.7 | 22.7 | 25.5 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 502.0 378.5 | 532.9 406.9 | 43.3 32.9 | 44.9 34.1 | 43.6 33.0 | 44.6 33.3 | 43.8 33.4 | 43.0 32.9 | 45.2 35.1 | 45.3 35.2 | 47.4 36.8 | 46.2 <br> 35.8 | 43.3 33.2 |  |  |  |
| At refineries (L.R.G.) --...-.-.-.-- do---- | 123.5 | 126.0 | 10.5 | 10.8 | 10.6 | 11.2 | 10.5 | 10.1 | 10.1 | 10.1 | 10.5 | 10.4 | 10.1 |  |  |  |
| Stocks (at plants and refineries) ...........do.... | 59.6 | 67.0 | 43.5 | 54.6 | 63.2 | 70.0 | 76.4 | 80.6 | 79.8 | 74.6 | 67.0 | 54.7 | 48.0 | 50.0 |  |  |
| Asphalt and tar products, shipments: <br> Asphalt roofing total $\qquad$ thous. squares. | 84,430 | +82,785 | 6,340 | 7,895 | 8,504 | 8,792 | 8,384 | 8,452 | 8,699 | 7, 450 | 6, 291 | 5,300 | 8,137 | -6,426 | 6,315 |  |
| Roll roofing and cap sheet....-..........-.-.do..-- | 34, 707 | 34,670 | 2, 662 | 2,924 | 3,377 | 3, 562 | 3,511 | 3,486 | 3,533 | 3,167 | 2, 824 | 2,247 | 3,248 | - 2,653 | 2,360 |  |
|  | 49,723 | r 48, 115 | 3,679 | 4,970 | 5,127 | 5,230 | 4,874 | 4,966 | 5,166 | 4,283 | 3,467 | 3,052 | 4,888 | -3,773 | 3,955 |  |
|  | 364 | 251 | 25 | 20 | 23 | 29 | 21 | 18 | 21 | 17 | 21 | 18 | 21 | 16 | 21 |  |
|  | 346 | 334 | 22 | 31 | 39 | 39 | 35 | 37 | 34 | 30 | 24 | 21 | 23 | 25 | 35 |  |
| Saturated felts....................-.thous. sh. tons.- | 920 | 836 | 73 | 75 | 78 | 84 | 82 | 75 | 78 | 68 | 66 | 57 | 81 | r 73 | 70 |  |

## PULP, PAPER, AND PAPER PRODUCTS


${ }^{r}$ Revised. ${ }^{\natural}$ Preliminary.

| 65, 209 | 5,611 | 5,449 | 5,591 | 5,531 | 5,565 | 5,537 | 5,645 | 5,112 | 5,038 | 5, 073 | 4,984 | 5,318 | 5,450 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 64,571 | 5,536 | 5,548 | 5,478 | 5,251 | 5,439 | 5,147 | 5,640 5,670 | 5,340 | 4,942 | 5,487 | 5,207 | 5,484 | 5,415 |  |
| 5,873 | 4,811 | 4,745 | 4,892 | 5,193 | 5,417 | 5,813 | 5,912 | 5,716 | 5,873 | 5, 689 | 5,406 | 5,249 | 5, 258 |  |
| 10,590 | 872 | 832 | 854 | 743 | 829 | 832 | 868 | 801 | 762 | 814 | -780 | r 908 +509 | 867 |  |
| 571 | 563 | 552 | 556 | 591 | 564 | 571 | 571 | 562 | 571 | 528 | ${ }^{*} 507$ | 「509 | 520 |  |
| 41,805 | 3,579 | 3,624 | 3,475 | 3,352 | 3,547 | 3,304 | 3,656 | 3,496 | 3,201 | 3,600 | - 3,347 | 3,700 |  |  |
| 1,716 | 142 | 160 | 120 | 140 | 144 | 128 | 155 | 146 | 143 | 146 | 139 | 159 |  |  |
| 28, 320 | 2,431 | 2,447 | 2,371 | 2,268 | 2,409 | 2,246 | 2,475 | 2,367 | 2,107 | 2,408 | 2,240 | 2,507 |  |  |
| 2,308 | 208 | 203 | 203 | 181 | 194 | 177 | 197 | 187 | 176 | 225 | 172 | 168 |  |  |
| 4,358 | 366 | 374 | 357 | 359 | 378 | 348 | 378 | 363 | 361 | 380 | 361 | 401 |  |  |
| 1,594 | 134 | 134 | 133 | 134 | 135 | 131 | 141 | 133 | 130 | 141 | -138 | 143 |  |  |
| 3,508 | 298 | 305 | 291 | 269 | 286 | 275 | 310 | 300 | 284 | 300 | 296 | 321 |  |  |
| 861 | 832 | 868 | 867 | 919 | 904 | 821 | 872 | 885 | 861 | 913 | -930 | 973 |  |  |
| 386 | 299 | 348 | 340 | 359 | 376 | 326 | 401 | 420 | 386 | 462 | + 490 | 508 |  |  |
| 405 | 459 | 450 | 459 | 490 | 460 | 427 | 405 | 396 | 405 | 383 | - 372 | -388 | 398 |  |
| 69 | 74 | 71 | 68 | 70 | 67 | 68 | 66 | 68 | 69 | 69 | -67 | 78 | 85 |  |
| ${ }^{13,755}$ | 254 | 243 | 269 | 273 | 325 | 247 | 954 | 244 | 318 | 187 | 180 | 236 | 194 |  |
| 1869 | 81 | 50 | 96 | 65 | 80 | 52 | 86 | 70 | 77 | 62 | 59 | 88 | 74 |  |
| 12,886 | 173 | 193 | 173 | 208 | 245 | 195 | 868 | 174 | 241 | 124 | 122 | 148 | 120 |  |
| ${ }^{1} 3538$ | 304 | 296 | 309 | 292 | 270 | 256 | 277 | 289 | 297 | 263 | 248 | 341 | 310 |  |
| ${ }_{1}{ }^{1273}$ | 24 | 23 | 15 | 13 | 21 | 30 | 27 | 24 | 27 | 30 | 25 | 30 | 21 |  |
| 13,265 | 280 | 273 | 293 | 280 | 249 | 226 | 250 | 265 | 270 | 233 | 223 | 311 | 290 |  |
| 52, 210 | 4,624 | 4,469 | 4,380 | 4,124 | 4,330 | 4,092 | 4,584 | 4,265 | 3, 979 | 4, 521 | -4,253 | 4,679 |  |  |
| 22,975 | 2,053 | 1,944 | 1,898 | 1,790 | 1,882 | 1,762 | 2,014 | 1,864 | 1,790 | 2,005 | +1,865 | - 2, 025 | 1,940 |  |
| 24, 943 | 2,198 | 2,160 | 2,106 | 1,956 | 2,074 | 1,959 | 2,169 | 2,054 | 1,851 | 2, 149 | '2,018 | $\cdot 2,244$ | 2,187 16 |  |
| 158 4,135 | 14 359 | 12 353 | 15 361 | 12 366 | 14 360 | 16 356 | 16 385 | 14 333 | 13 325 | 14 353 | 14 r 356 | 17 +403 | 16 398 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 109.5 | 108.4 | 108.4 | 108.4 | 108.4 | 108.4 | 108.4 | 112.1 | 112.1 | 112.1 | 112.0 | 112.0 | 112.0 | 112.0 | 112.0 |
| 101.1 | 102.1 | 101.8 | 100.5 | 100.5 | 100.5 | 100.9 | 102.3 | 99.5 | 99.5 | 99.3 | 101.3 | 102.5 | 103.0 | 102.6 |
| 101.2 | 101.6 | 101.5 | 101.5 | 101.4 | 101.3 | 101.0 | 100.9 | 100.9 | 100.3 | 100.1 | 100.4 | 101.4 | 101.7 | 102.7 |


| Unless other wise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sopt. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May |

## PULP, PAPER, AND PAPER PRODUCTS-Continued

PAPER AND PAPER PRODUCTS-COR. Selected types of paper (API):
Groundwood paper, uncoated:

Groundwood paper, uncoated:
Orders, new
Orders,
Orders, new
Orders, unfiled, end of period.-.........................
Shipments.
Coated paper:
Orders new
Orders, new
Orders, unfiled, end of period
Shipments...........
Book paper, uncoated:
Book paper, un
Whitipments and related papers:
Orders, new.

Unbleached kraft packaging and industrial converting papers


Newsprint:
Canada:
Production

United States:
Production -.......-ilis
Stocks at mills, end of period.
Consumption by publishers $\boldsymbol{\sigma}^{7}$.-.-........do-
Stocks at and in transit to publishers, end of

Paperboard (American Paper Institute):
Orders, new (weekly avg.)........thous. sh. tons.

Paper products:
shipping containers, corrugated and solid fiber,
Folding paper boxes*.................thous. sh. tons-

| 1,171 | 1, 171 | 93 | 104 | 94 | 117 | 86 | 93 | 91 | 94 | 99 | -94 | . 88 | 105 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| , 107 | , 81 | 119 | 115 | 94 | 117 | 81 | 81 | 71 | 79 | 81 | -82 | -82 | 85 |  |  |
| 1,123 | 1,170 | 93 | 101 | 102 | 99 | 105 | 94 | 102 | 98 | 100 | +100 | r 87 | 99 | -....... |  |
| 3,230 | 3, 148 | 280 | 258 | 264 | 280 | 258 | 244 | 270 | 250 | 218 | 283 | - 251 | 289 |  |  |
|  |  | 232 | 221 | 224 | 227 | 213 | 200 | 209 | 204 | 182 | 247 | ${ }^{+236}$ | 234 |  |  |
| 3,313 | 3,237 | 285 | 272 | 269 | 263 | 269 | 267 | 270 | 260 | 257 | 279 | + 260 | 289 |  |  |
| 2,515 | 2,500 | 207 | 208 | 209 | 217 | 208 | 203 | 221 | 205 | 194 | 234 | - 213 | 259 |  |  |
| 2, 688 | 2,572 | 218 | 214 | 214 | 209 | 211 | 209 | 225 | 212 | 197 | 214 | - 197 | 230 |  |  |
| 2,952 2,898 | 2,775 2,820 | ${ }_{247}^{252}$ | 236 240 | 227 | 2208 | 226 228 | ${ }_{231}^{231}$ | 245 246 | 219 222 | ${ }_{223}^{226}$ | r +226 +232 | +233 +230 + | 249 |  |  |
| 3, 322 | - 3, 764 | 329 | 314 | 297 | 280 | 303 | 314 | 322 | 310 | 290 | 302 | 292 | 334 |  |  |
| 189 | ${ }^{110}$ | 140 | 110 | 121 | 115 | 127 | 142 | 131 | 126 | 110 | 117 | 116 | 131 |  |  |
| 3, 866 | 3,739 | 325 | 309 | 294 | 281 | 299 | 315 | 318 | 308 | 289 | 300 | 290 | 325 |  |  |
| 3,602 | 3,671 | ${ }^{+315}$ | - 320 | - 310 | -303 | - 326 | - 278 | , 318 | 298 | - 281 | 324 | - 307 | 333 |  |  |
| 8,758 | 8,607 | 752 | 715 | 671 | 698 | 694 | 649 | 760 | 766 |  | 695 | 662 | 711 | 670 |  |
| 8,741 | 8, 536 | 701 | 716 | 734 | 673 | ${ }^{670}$ | 683 | 800 | 802 | 802 | ${ }^{629}$ | 583 | 683 | 692 |  |
| 220 | 236 | 452 | 451 | 388 | 412 | 436 | 402 | 362 | 326 | 236 | 303 | 382 | 410 | 388 |  |
| 3, 232 | 3, 310 | 274 | 290 | 289 | 272 | 288 | 243 | 292 | 283 |  | 294 | 266 | 289 | 270 |  |
| $\begin{array}{r} \mathbf{3}, 233 \\ 27 \end{array}$ | 3, 303 | $\begin{array}{r}274 \\ 51 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 277 65 | 285 69 | 266 75 | 277 87 | 258 72 | 295 69 | 287 65 | 298 33 | 262 66 | 244 88 | 309 67 | 257 80 |  |
| 7,344 | 7,130 | 624 | 643 | 582 | 544 | 559 | 581 | 626 | 645 | 608 | 544 | 528 | 597 | 600 |  |
| 699 | 749 | 704 | 654 | 683 | 693 | 712 | 708 | 717 | 682 | 749 | 745 | 731 | 753 | 741 |  |
| 6,790 | 6,635 | 563 | 535 | 541 | 539 | 484 | 544 | 565 | 554 | 700 | 537 | 440 | 570 | 617 |  |
| 146.10 | 150. 50 | 150. 50 | 150. 50 | 150.50 | 150.50 | 150.50 | 150.50 | 150.50 | 150.50 | 150.50 | 153.70 | 153.70 | 153.70 | 158.10 | 158.10 |
| 479 939 507 | 349 742 489 | 497 770 518 | 512 749 516 | 493 691 489 489 | 451 723 444 | 492 711 490 | 467 732 469 | 490 748 497 | 492 729 501 | 349 742 442 | 454 644 488 | 515 719 506 | 518 758 514 | 523 801 515 | 527 867 513 |
| 185,760 | 184,425 | 15,552 | 15,046 | 15,072 | 15,888 | 15,370 | 16,488 | 17,153 | 14,490 | 11,290 | 14,347 | 14,211 | 14, 283 | 14,466 | 15,140 |
| $2,627.0$ $1,229.0$ | $\xrightarrow{2,490.0}$ | 209.5 | 199.4 | 209.2 | 202.1 | 202.8 | ${ }_{103.9}^{210.2}$ | 227.0 | 190.1 | 206.8 | ${ }^{\text {r } 196.5}$ | + 190.0 | +214.7 +108 | 202.9 |  |
| 1,229.0 | 1,220.0 | 10.4 | 98.3 | 104.2 | 100.2 | 101.3 | 103.9 | 112.5 | 94.4 | 10.8 | r98.7 | -96.6 | - 108.6 | 101.7 |  |

RUBBER AND RUBBER PRODUCTS

| RUBBER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Natural rubber: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | - 598.27 | 536.57 | 48.11 | 35.83 | 43.93 | 42.84 | 43.45 | 46.67 | 45.37 | 40.18 | 41.92 | 46. 21 | - 48.28 | 54.43 | 49.84 |  |
| Stocks, end of period.......-.....-.......-.-do...- | 106. 49 | 99.64 | 96. 42 | 98.31 | 89.69 | 92.36 | 94.73 | 96. 69 | 92. 36 | 93. 64 | 99.64 | 91.36 | r 92.89 | 102.65 | 98. 54 |  |
| Imports, incl. latex and guayule............do. ${ }^{\text {do... }}$ | 585.28 | 549.92 | 45.66 | 42.10 | 41.64 | 37.78 | 33.73 | 46.60 | 46.74 | 46.88 | 48.90 | 45.23 | 44.67 | 41.15 | 42. 77 |  |
| Price, wholesale, smoked sheets (N.Y.).-\$ per lb.- | . 262 | . 218 | . 221 | . 218 | . 216 | . 200 | . 195 | . 191 | . 183 | . 184 | . 193 | . 184 | . 180 | . 183 | . 194 | 200 |
| Synthetic rubber: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production..........-..............- thous. lg . tons. - | c2,250.18 | 2, 195. 87 | 178.68 | 182.24 | 179.64 | 181.33 | 187.07 | 182.74 | 184.96 | 179.35 | 181.09 | 183. 62 | 166.47 | 181.79 | 184.12 |  |
|  | a2,024.06 | 1,882.35 | 170.39 | 129.16 | 156.68 | 150.50 | 152. 13 | 158.33 | 162.01 | 142.79 | 147.26 | 165. 24 | -161. 52 | -185. 45 | 171.81 |  |
|  | a 441.03 | 513.30 | 422.36 | 457.52 | 455.57 | 464.65 | 479.43 | 481.79 | 481.09 | 499.30 | 513.30 | 526.31 | -517.13 | 497.56 | 491.03 |  |
| Exports (Bu. of Census) .-............-...... ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 226.49 | ${ }^{1} 290.06$ | 26.14 | 25.25 | 27.25 | 23.24 | 23.28 | 22.06 | 24.12 | 24.52 | 26. 21 | 19.82 | 23.29 | 27.28 | 24.41 |  |
| Reclaimed rubber: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | - 238.92 | 200.10 | 17.45 | 13. 26 | 15. 46 | 17.55 | 16. 46 | 14. 43 | 15.99 | 15. 46 | 18. 40 | 16. 43 | - 17.04 | 19.47 | 17.88 |  |
|  | - 231.77 | 194.06 | 17.34 | 13.67 | 15. 58 | 15. 65 | 14.93 | 15. 95 | 16. 76 | 14.46 | 15. 65 | 15. 79 | -16. 40 | 19.19 | 17.19 |  |
|  | 29.27 | 26.17 | 27.28 | 27.87 | 26.63 | 26.62 | 26.88 | 26. 28 | 24.52 | 24.90 | 26.17 | 25.87 | - 26.53 | 26.57 | 27.12 | .-. -- |
| TIRES AND TUBES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pneumatic casings, automotive: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 207, 826 | 190,403 | 17,216 | 12,642 | 15,658 | 15, 466 | 14,657 | 15,885 | 15, 988 | 14,560 | 15, 079 | 16,557 | 17,429 | 19,435 |  |  |
| Shipments, total...-.-....---------------- do | 204, 835 | 194,541 | 19,559 | 18,286 | 20,862 | 15,367 | 15,228 | 16,699 | 15,740 | 12,333 | 13, 160 | 14, 181 | 14, 184 | 18,371 |  |  |
|  | 55,632 | 46, 135 | 4,507 | 4,912 | 5, 628 | 2,346 | 3,296 | 3,643 | 2,995 | 2, 527 | 4, 046 | 4,734 | 4,897 | 5,445 |  |  |
|  | 146,785 2,419 | 146,508 1,898 | 14,877 175 | 13, 201 | 15, 077 | 12, 906 | 11, 813 | 12,888 | 12,576 | 9,624 | 8,964 | 9, 297 | 9, 132 | 12, 674 |  |  |
| Exports. | 2,419 | 1,898 | 175 | 173 | 156 | 114 | 119 | 167 | 169 | 182 | 150 | 150 | 155 | 252 |  |  |
|  | 49,152 | 50, 175 | 54, 620 | 49,670 | 45,196 | 45,978 | 45,758 | 45,328 | 45,580 | 48, 111 | 50, 175 | 52,561 | 56,093 | 57, 280 |  |  |
| Exports (Bu. of Census) .-.-..................d. ${ }^{\text {do...- }}$ | 2,364 | 1,531 | 114 | 119 | 133 | 107 | 125 | 116 | 178 | 145 | 97 | 93 | 95 | 283 | 167 |  |
| Inner tukes, automotive: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 41,657 | 35,687 | 3,278 | 2,060 | 2,765 | 3,127 | 2,654 | 3,081 | 3,463 | 2, 862 | 2,758 | 3, 055 | 3,097 | 3,375 |  |  |
| Shipments | 44, 860 | 141,005 | 3,666 | 3, 024 | 3, 678 | 3,390 | 3, 206 | 3,436 | 3,570 | 2, 647 | 2,988 | 3,458 | 3,180 | 3,427 |  |  |
| Stocks, end of period --............................- | 11, 191 | 9,718 | 10,222 | 9,680 | 9,111 | 9,252 | 8,934 | 8,905 | 9,133 | 9, 704 | 9,718 | 9,447 | 9,626 | 9,736 |  |  |
| Exports (Bu. of Census) ................-.-. ${ }^{\text {do...- }}$ | 1,098 | 1,002 | 71 | 85 | 85 | 99 | 71 | 60 | 115 | 109 | 46 | 130 | 46 | 85 | 124 |  |

r Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ Annual total includes revisions not distributed to the
tData have been regrouped by the American Paper Institute; details and avallable earlier data appear in their April 1970 Monthly Statistical Summary.
$\sigma^{\prime}$ As reported by publishers accounting for about 75 percent of total newsprint consumption.
fMonthly data are averages for the 4 -week period ending on Saturday nearest the end of the onth; annual data are as of Dec. 31.
New series. Monthly data are available back to 1955
a Revisions for Jan.- May 1969 will be shown later.

| Unless other wise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May |

STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
PORTLAND CEMENT \\
Shipments, finished cement \(\qquad\) thous. bbl. \\
CLAY CONSTRUCTION PRODUCTS \\
Shipments: \\
Brick, unglazed (common and face)
\end{tabular} \& 1409,826 \& 1389, 762 \& 32,912 \& 36,385 \& 39,699 \& 42,284 \& 41,630 \& 38, 158 \& 39, 134 \& 29,859 \& 26,440 \& 17,285 \& 18,987 \& 27,809 \& 35,576 \& \\
\hline Structural tile, except facing \({ }^{\text {mil. standard brick.-- }}\) \& 7, 2829.7 \& 6, 496.0 \& 574.8 \& \({ }^{579.4}\) \& 617.0
20.1 \& \({ }^{629.4}\) \& 607.6
14.7 \& \({ }_{10.5}^{612.3}\) \& 622.0 \& 530.8 \& \({ }^{493.4}\) \& \({ }^{361.2}\) \& \(\bigcirc 395.0\) \& 594.2 \& \& \\
\hline Structural tile, except facing -.-. thous. sh. tons.-. \& 1,783.5 \& 1,622.2 \& 17.7
134.4 \& 17.5
138.4 \& 153.5 \& 1761.2 \& 14.7
153.4 \& 156.7 \& 150.8 \& 11.2
127.9 \& 115.8 \& \({ }_{93.1}^{11 .}\) \& \(\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \mathrm{ra4} .7 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& 143.9 \& \& \\
\hline Facing tile (hollow), glazed and unglazed mil. brick equivalent.- \& 209.0 \& 173.0 \& 16.2 \& 10.6 \& 15.1 \& 16.4 \& 12.7 \& 16.9 \& 16.6 \& 16. 6 \& 16.7 \& 12.2 \& 11.1 \& 14.2 \& \& \\
\hline Floor and wall tile and accessories, glazed and unglazed. \(\qquad\) mill. sq. ft... \& 284.8 \& 250.4 \& 22.2 \& 20.5 \& 22.8 \& 22.2 \& 21.3 \& 21.4 \& 21.6 \& 19.1 \& 18.1 \& 20.4 \& -19.1 \& 23.5 \& \& \\
\hline Price index, brick (common), f.o.b. plant or N.Y. dock. ................................. \(1967=100\) \& 107.8 \& 112.2 \& 111.6 \& 112.0 \& 112.0 \& 112.0 \& 112.0 \& 113.5 \& 113.9 \& 114.2 \& 114.6 \& 114.1 \& 116.0 \& 117.0 \& 117.4 \& 117.4 \\
\hline glass and glass Products \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Flat glass, mirs.' shipments..............-.thous. \$.- \& 416,870 \& 382,775 \& \& \& 90,388 \& \& \& 101, 919 \& \& \& \(\cdot 101,897\) \& \& \& 99, 317 \& \& \\
\hline Sheet (window) glass, shipments .-.........do... \& 150, 123 \& \({ }^{131,702}\) \& \& \& 31, 092 \& \& \& 34,079 \& \& \& -37, 340 \& \& \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 32,952 \\
\& 66,365
\end{aligned}
\] \& \& \\
\hline Plate and other flat glass, shipments...--- do...- \& 266, 747 \& 251,073 \& \& \& 59,296 \& \& \& 67, 840 \& \& \& -64,557 \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Glass containers: \\
Production thous. gross.-
\end{tabular} \& 260, 267 \& 267, 255 \& 22,555 \& 23,293 \& 23,033 \& 22,589 \& 24,910 \& 21,863 \& 24,635 \& 21,412 \& 19,914 \& 20,691 \& 19,956 \& r23, 030 \& 21,770 \& \\
\hline  \& 251, 050 \& 264,483 \& 20, 110 \& 21,411 \& 23,798 \& 22,051 \& 23,848 \& 24,358 \& 24, 138 \& 19,104 \& 24,477 \& 15, 903 \& 16,838 \& -22, 197 \& 21, 230 \& \\
\hline Genera-use food:
Narrow-neck food.-..................do. \& 24, 232 \& 24, 806 \& 1,927 \& 1,963 \& 2,043 \& 1,847 \& 2,718 \& 2,863 \& 2,080 \& 1,674 \& 2,095 \& 1,680 \& 1,762 \& 2, 262 \& 1, 950 \& \\
\hline Wide-mouth food (incl. packers' tumblers, jelly glasses, and frult jars)....thous. gross.. \& 57,828 \& 58,632 \& 4,200 \& 4, 140 \& 4,731 \& 4,689 \& 5,293 \& 5,600 \& 6,053 \& 4,525 \& 5,557 \& 3,689 \& 3,822 \& 4,792 \& 4,345 \& \\
\hline  \& 56, 232 \& 69, 254 \& 4, 839 \& 5,956 \& 6,909 \& 6, 532 \& 6, 323 \& 5,944 \& 5,912 \& \({ }_{3}^{4,980}\) \& 7,306 \& 3,571
3,333 \& 3,987 \& 5,562
4,803 \& \& \\
\hline  \& 51,086
20,677 \& 52,626
20,638 \& 4,407
1,685 \& 4,988
1,505 \& 5,205
1,699 \& 4,922
1,303 \& 4,774 \& 4,498
\(\mathbf{1}, 951\) \& 4,348
2,081 \& 3,404
1,721 \& 1,923 \& - 1,459 \& 1,414 \& 4,803
1,872 \& \begin{tabular}{l} 
4, 1,588 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& \\
\hline Medicinal and toilet...................... do \& 35,916 \& 34, 252 \& 2, 705 \& 2,545 \& 2, 864 \& 2,459 \& 2,745 \& 3,140 \& 3,236 \& 2,465 \& 3,207 \& 2,030 \& 2, 105 \& - 2,539 \& 2,329 \& \\
\hline Chemical, household and industrial...---.-. do.....
Dairy products \& 4,496

583 \& 3,896
379 \& 320
27 \& \& , 322
25 \& \& 29

31 \& 319
43 \& \& r

303
3 \& 373
42 \& 215
26 \& 240
28 \& r 337
$\quad 30$ \& 308
25 \& <br>
\hline Stocks, end of period.-.---.---................do \& 30, 260 \& 30, 084 \& 33,540 \& 35, 204 \& 34,016 \& 34,404 \& 35, 178 \& 32,504 \& 32,775 \& 34,896 \& 30,084 \& 34, 669 \& 37, 601 \& r38. 263 \& 38,642 \& <br>
\hline GYPSUM AND PRODUCTS (QTRLY) \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Crude gypsum, total: Imports. thous. sh. tons. \& 5,858 \& 6,128 \& \& \& \& \& \& 1,775 \& \& \& 1,751 \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Production.-........................................- do...- \& 9, 881 \& 9,462 \& \& \& 2, 524 \& \& \& 2,489 \& \& \& 2,277 \& \& \& 2,193 \& \& <br>
\hline Calcined, production, total......-.-...-.......do. \& 9,324 \& 8,654 \& \& \& 2,238 \& \& \& 2,301 \& \& \& 2,134 \& \& \& 2,194 \& \& <br>

\hline | Gypsum products sold or used, total: |
| :--- |
| Uncalcined uses. | \& 4,681 \& 4,219 \& \& \& 1,298 \& \& \& 1,267 \& \& \& 950 \& \& \& 746 \& \& <br>

\hline Industrialuses...............................-. do...- \& ${ }^{316}$ \& 265 \& \& \& ${ }^{1} 72$ \& \& \& ${ }^{1} 51$ \& \& \& 67 \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Building uses: Plasters: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Base-coat -----.-.-.......----.-.-. do.. \& 473 \& 408 \& \& \& 106 \& \& \& 104 \& \& \& 90 \& \& \& 94 \& \& <br>
\hline All other (incl. Keene's cement)...---. do.... \& 702 \& 588 \& \& \& 154 \& \& \& 155 \& \& \& 141 \& \& \& 119 \& \& <br>
\hline Lsth .................................mil. sq. ft.- \& \& 749 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 175 \& \& \& 17 \& \& <br>
\hline Wallboard...............................-.-.-. do...-- \& 9,090 \& 8,764 \& \& \& 2,259 \& \& \& 2,308 \& \& \& 2, 268 \& \& \& 2,369 \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 275 \& 228 \& \& \& 62 \& \& \& 64 \& \& \& 58 \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

TEXTILE PRODUCTS

| WOVEN FABRICS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Woven fabrics (gray goods), weeving mills: $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 12,907 7,159 | 11,545 6,395 | 910 491 | 924 | - $\begin{array}{r}21,028 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 528\end{array}$ | 791 459 | 901 502 | 21,088 $\substack{1615}$ 2 | ${ }_{516}^{915}$ |  | 2989 2981 2 | 910 531 |  | ${ }^{2} 1,126$ |  |  |
|  | 5,546 | 11,581 4,991 | 404 | 406 | 1288 2482 | 322 | ${ }_{389}$ | 2685 2463 | 390 396 | 374 | ${ }_{2}^{2} 399$ | 369 | + ${ }^{\text {r }} 368$ | ${ }^{2} 468$ |  |  |
| Stocks, total, end of period ¢ $0^{\circ}$ - | 1,404 | 1,471 | 1,389 | 1,409 | 1,429 | 1,441 | 1,454 | 1,453 | 1,437 | 1,434 | 1,471 | 1,443 | 1,443 | 1,355 |  |  |
|  | ${ }_{730} 69$ | 592 | 606 | 594 | 584 | 587 | 592 | 585 | 584 | 579 | 592 | 591 | . 611 | 547 |  |  |
| Manmade fiber .-.........................do | 730 | 867 | 765 | 799 | 830 | 838 | 846 | 853 | 839 | 842 | 867 | 837 | -818 | 794 |  |  |
| Orders, unflled, total, end of period; ${ }^{\text {I }}$. . do | 2,779 | 2,434 | 2,482 | 2,522 | 2,460 | 2,514 | 2,439 | 2, 395 | 2,425 | 2,502 | 2,434 | 2,431 | 2, 486 | 2,622 |  |  |
| Cotton...-..............................-do. | 1,535 | 1,525 | 1, 393 | 1,438 | 1,425 | 1,481 | 1,441 | 1,441 | 1,481 | 1,543 | 1,525 | 1,552 | 1,567 | 1,640 |  |  |
| Manmade fiber .-...-....................dido. | 1,165 | 866 | 1,026 | 1,030 | 983 | 984 | 954 | 916 | 901 | 919 | 866 | 844 | 881 | 945 |  |  |
| COTTON |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cotton (excluding linters): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production: Ginnings C $\qquad$ thous. running bales | 9,937 | -10,112 |  |  |  | 6 | 280 |  |  |  |  | 4 10,056 |  |  |  |  |
| Crop estimate, equivalent $500-\mathrm{l}$. bales | 9,937 | -10,12 |  |  |  | 6 | 280 | 1,122 | 4,165 | 8,831 | 39,828 | 10,050 |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption thous. bales.. | 10,008 | -10,184 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $r^{1} 10,184$ $r_{2} 815$ |  |  |
| Consumption $\qquad$ | 8,294 | 7,878 | 616 | 609 | ${ }^{2} 730$ | 532 | 593 | 760 | 632 | 641 | ${ }^{2} 722$ | 644 | 665 | r2815 | 37 | 645 |
| Domestic cotton total thous. bales.- | 12,265 | 11,900 | 8,405 | 7,506 | 6, 517 | 5,760 | 15,789 | 14,811 | 13,949 | 12,732 | 11,900 | 10,724 | 9,496 | $\stackrel{-8,151}{\square}$ | 6,930 |  |
|  | 12,248 | 11,886 | 8,383 630 | 7,486 | 6,498 | 5,733 | 15,773 | 14,795 | 13, 931 | 12, 719 | 11, 888 | 10,708 | 9,479 1,093 | -8,133 | 6,915 |  |
| Public storage and compresses.............do | ${ }_{9,653}^{1,323}$ | 9,257 | 6, $\mathbf{6 , 1 6 0}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 5,363 } \\ \hline 585\end{array}$ | 417 4,621 | 3,962 | $\underset{\substack{10,875}}{1,61}$ | $\stackrel{9,954}{3,85}$ | 5,474 | 8,874 | - $\begin{array}{r}1,482 \\ 9 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | -1,286 | 6,890 | -5,577 | 4, 606 | 3, 668 |
| Consuming establishments.......-.-.-....do | 1, 272 | 1,147 | 1,592 | 1,538 | 1, 460 | 1,411 | 1,263 | 1,041 | -912 | 1,000 | 1,147 | 1,297 | 1,496 | - 1, 677 | 1,764 | 1,769 |
|  | 1, 17 | ${ }^{14}$ | ${ }^{1} 23$ | - 20 | ${ }^{19}$ | , 27 | ${ }^{1} 15$ | , 16 | 18 | ${ }^{1} 13$ | ${ }^{14}$ | 16 | 17 | 18 |  | 17 |
| ${ }^{*}$ Revised. ${ }^{1}$ Reported annual total; revisions not allocated to the months. ${ }^{2}$ Data cover 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks. ${ }^{3}$ Ginnings to Dec. 13. ${ }^{4}$ Ginnings to Jan. 16. <br> Crop for the year 1970 . $\%$ Includes data not shown separately. <br> $\ddagger$ Effective Aug. 1969 SURVEx, data (1964-Apr. 1969) reflect adjustments to new benchmarks; see Bureau of Census reports: Woven Fabrics (1964-68), Series M22A-Supplement and (Jan.-Apr. 1969), M22A (69) 1-4 Supplement. |  |  |  |  |  | o'Stocks (owned by weaving mills and billed and held for others) exclude bedsheeting. <br> weling, and blanketing, and billed and held stocks of denims. <br> IUnfilled orders cover wool apparel (including polyester-wool) finished fabrice; production and stocks exclude figures for such finished fabrics. Orders also exclude bedsheetide, toweling, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annusl |  | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May |



Prices, manmade fibers, f.o.b. producing plant:
Staple: Polyester, 1.5 denier $\ddagger$............ $\$$ per lb
Yarn: Rayon (viscose), 150 denier -
Manmade fiber and silk broadwoven fabrics:
Production (qtrly.), total ?.......-mil. lin. yd
Flament yarn ( $100 \%$ ) fabrics Chiefly rayon and/or acetate fabrics....-do..... Chiefly bylon fabrics......-.-...................
Spun yarn (100\%) fab., exc. blanketing Rayon and/or acetate fabrics and blends Polyester blends with cotton.-......-.-do--Filament and spun yarn fabrics (combination

## WOOL

Wool consumption, mill (clean basis):
Apparel class
---------mil. lb
o ol imports, clean yield
Wool prices, raw, clean basis, Boston: Good French combing and staple:

WOOL MANUFACTURES
Knitting yarn, worsted, $2 / 20 \mathrm{~s}-50 \mathrm{~s} / 56 \mathrm{~s}$, American wsytem, wholesale price. $\odot$.
Produad woven goods, exc. felts:
Production (qtrly.)
rice (wholesale), suiting, fiannel, mill. lin. ydboys', f.o.b. mill $\odot \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .1067=100$
$r$ Revised. ${ }^{1}$ Season average. ${ }^{2}$ For 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks, ${ }^{3}$ averar
for 4 months, Sept.-Dec. ${ }^{4}$ Effective Sept. 1970, average not comparable with earlier prices.
${ }^{3}$ Revised total; revisions not distributed by months. ${ }^{6}$ Less than 500 bales. ${ }^{7}$ Omits
quantities of chiefly nylon combination fabrics. 88 For Apr.-June 1970, price for eloth,


TEXTILE PRODUCTS—Continued

| Unless other wise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and degcriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1969 | 1970 | 1970 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May |

TEXTILE PRODUCTS-Continued

| APRAREL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hosiery, shipments.....-.......thous. doz. pairs.- | 248, 602 | +230,199 | 18, 886 | 18,477 | 22,403 | 20,972 | 20, 161 | 20,405 | 20,409 | 17,702 | 14,722 | 16,042 | 15,402 | 17, 595 | 16,720 |  |
| Men's apparel, cuttings: $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tailored garments: Sults |  | - 16,058 |  | - 1,564 |  | r 880 | r 1,255 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Coats (separate), dress and sport........do. | 14, 353 | - 10,910 | $\stackrel{\square}{\sim} 1,106$ | - 1, 037 | r 1, 003 | , 881 | ${ }^{1} 2862$ | $\stackrel{1}{1,839}$ | $\stackrel{1}{1} 938$ | , 862 | ${ }^{1} 785$ | $\xrightarrow{+804}$ | $\stackrel{1}{1} 740$ | + 847 |  |  |
| Trousers (separate), dress and sport .-...-do. | 169, 542 | -177, 209 | -16, 446 | 14, 899 | +14,757 | r 13,750 | -15, 274 | -15,669 | -15,768 | -13, 974 | r13, 196 | -14, 345 | - 14, 644 | $\cdot 17,527$ |  |  |
| Shirts (woven), dress and sport, -.--thous. doz..- | 21,125 | -20,438 | -1,821 | -1,704 | -1,819 | -1,384 | -1,673 | -1,710 | -1,994 | '1,636 | -1,431 | r 1, 490 | $\stackrel{\text { r }}{ } \times 557$ | -1,659 |  |  |
| women's, misses', juniors' apparel, cuttings: $\dagger$ <br>  | 21,664 | 17, 153 | 992 | 1,191 | 1,549 | 1,474 | 1,569 | 1,542 |  | 1,592 | 1,139 | 1,195 | -1,274 | 1,218 | 1,145 |  |
|  | 266,856 | 236, 258 | 22,894 | 20, 055 | 21,770 | 18,261 | 18,352 | 18,411 | 19,154 | 16,777 | 16,251 | 19,029 | r20, 334 | 23, 085 | 23,710 |  |
| Blouses and shirts...-.....................thous. doz... | 14,425 | 13,582 | 1, 293 | 1, 153 | 1,236 | 1,097 | 966 | 1,073 | 1,072 | 910 | 857 | 1,011 | -1,113 | 1,311 | 1,286 |  |
|  | 8,443 | 6,398 | 571 | 572 | 676 | 610 | 490 | 483 | 457 | 332 | 323 | 376 | ${ }^{1} 430$ | 466 | 391 |  |

TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT

| AEROSPACE VEHICLES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Orders, new (net), qtrly. total...............-mil. \$.. | 22,005 | - 21, 161 |  |  | 4,526 |  |  | 6,358 |  |  | - 5, 579 |  |  | 5, 807 |  |  |
| U.S. Government........-......................do.... | 14,521 | - 15, 116 |  |  | 3,400 |  |  | 5,038 |  |  | +3,750 |  |  | 3,798 |  |  |
|  | 19,289 | r 19, 010 |  |  | 4,051 |  |  | 5,937 |  |  | r 4,986 |  |  | 5,104 |  |  |
| Sales (net), recelpts, or billings, qtrly. total . do.. | 24, 648 | r 24,752 |  |  | 6,484 |  |  | 6,020 |  |  | + 6, 272 |  |  | 5, 557 |  |  |
|  | 16,560 | - 16,407 |  |  | 4,188 |  |  | 4,049 |  |  | - 4, 263 |  |  | 3, 650 |  |  |
| Backlog of orders, end of period $9 . . . . . . . . . . . . . d o . .--~$ | 28, 297 | r 24,705 |  |  | 25, 190 |  |  | 25,539 |  |  | '24, 705 |  |  | 24,955 |  |  |
| U.S. Government | 14,298 | -12,882 |  |  | 12, 640 |  |  | 13,627 |  |  | -12, 882 |  |  | 13, 130 |  |  |
| Aircraft (complete) and parts...............-do | 15,610 | -13,264 |  |  | 13, 865 |  |  | 13,766 |  |  | -13, 264 |  |  | 13,079 |  |  |
|  | 3,578 | - 2,449 |  |  | 2,969 |  |  | 2,758 |  |  | -2,449 |  |  | 2,465 |  |  |
| Missiles, space vehicle systems, engines, propulsion units, and parts. mil. $\$$ | 4,338 | r 4, 4,22 |  |  | 3,828 |  |  | 4,412 |  |  | + 4,522 |  |  | 4,369 |  |  |
| Other related operations (conversions, modificatlons), products, services........................... | 2,881 | + 2,791 |  |  | 2,699 |  |  | 2,754 |  |  | +2,791 |  |  | 2,637 |  |  |
| A ircraft (complete) : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3,593.4 | 3,605. 0 | 429.7 | 419.1 | 208.5 | 288.2 | 304.3 | 215.6 | 329.2 | 278.2 | 254.8 | 165.0 | 274.7 | - 389.8 | 243.9 |  |
| Airframe weight $\oplus$--.-----.-......... thous. lb- | 60,117 | 59,436 | 6,899 | 7,116 | 3,236 | 4,495 | 4,974 | 3, 850 | 5,756 | 4,709 | 4,004 | 2,950 | 4,462 | r 6,333 | 4, 414 |  |
| Exports, commercial...........................mill. \$.- | 1,239.2 | 1,527.2 | 159.5 | 239.4 | 96.5 | 123.8 | 55.2 | 51.9 | 101.2 | 109.0 | 112.1 | 101.7 | 209.3 | 313.4 | 207.6 |  |
| MOTOR VEHICLES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Factory sales (from plants in U.S.), total.-.-thous.. | 10,146. 9 | 8,239.3 | 807.5 | 890.1 | 991.0 | 627.5 | 413.4 | 632.0 | 501.4 | 454.7 | 736.4 | 860.6 | 921.9 | 1,057. 4 | 921.6 | 2938.2 |
|  | 9,587.7 | 7,753.0 | 760.9 | 839.5 | 931.0 | 600.5 | 384.4 | 582.2 | 465.6 | 424.3 | 698.2 | 817.9 | 872.2 | 992.4 | 863.0 |  |
|  | 8,223.7 | 6,546. 8 | 661.3 | 724.4 | 805.3 | 481. 6 | 272.4 | 493.6 | 392.5 | 364.1 | 598.8 | 710.7 | 757.8 | c 865.2 | 750.4 | 2768.8 |
|  | 7,806.5 | 6,187.3 | 627.2 | 684.4 | 758.4 | 464. 3 | 254. 0 | 454.2 | 365. 4 | 341.1 | 570.6 | 678.1 | 719.0 | 815.9 | 703.6 |  |
| Trucks and buses, total...-..-------------- do. | 1,923.2 | 1,692. 4 | 146.2 | 165. 7 | 185. 7 | 145.9 | 141. 0 | 138.4 | 108.9 | 90.6 | 137.6 | 149.9 | 164.2 | 192.2 | 171.2 | 2169.4 |
|  | 1,781.2 | 1,565. 7 | 133.7 | 155.1 | 172.6 | 136. 2 | 130.4 | 128.0 | 100.1 | 83.2 | 127.6 | 139.8 | 153.2 | 176.5 | 159.4 |  |
| Retail sales, new passenger cars : * Total, not seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total, not seasonally adjusted | 9, 8883 | 8, 400 | 798 | 811 | 923 | 763 641 | 639 526 | 580 489 | 754 630 | 540 436 | 6 | 694 586 | 748 | 897 | 884 | 890 |
|  | 1,118 | 1,280 | 107 | 112 | 122 | 122 | 112 | 92 | 125 | 105 | 110 | 108 | 112 | 141 | - 148 | 142 |
| Total, seasonally adjusted at annual rates .- mil - |  |  | 9.0 | 9.0 | 9.4 | 9.2 | 8.9 | 8.9 | 7.4 | 6.4 | 6.8 | 9.9 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 9.8 |
|  |  |  | 7.8 | 7.7 | 8.1 | 7.8 | 7.6 | 7.8 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 5.2 | 8.4 | 8.5 | 8. 5 | 8.3 | 8.2 |
|  |  |  | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1. 6 | 1.7 | 1.6 |
| Retail inventories, new cars (domestics), end of period: * $\triangle$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1,467 | 1,220 | 1,578 | 1,632 | 1,674 | 1,509 | 1,269 | 1,261 | 1,063 | 1,018 | 1,220 | 1,381 | 1,528 | 1,683 | 1,707 | 1,753 |
|  | 1,542 | 1,294 | 1,428 | 1,458 | 1,483 | 1,504 | 1,521 | 1,496 | 1,280 | 1,167 | 1,294 | 1,296 | 1,401 | 1,530 | 1,557 | 1,579 |
| Inventory-sales ratio, new cars (domestics)* $\Delta$ ratio.. |  |  | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.6 | 2.8 | 3.0 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 2. 2 | 2.3 |
| Exports (Bureau of the Census): <br> Passenger cars (new), assembled thous. - | 333.45 | 285.04 | 35.85 | 33.11 | 39.08 | 16.83 | 13.89 | 31.72 | 21.10 | 17.80 | 19.29 | 21.75 | 31.30 | 41. 52 | 35. 12 |  |
| To Canada.........................-.-.......do...- | 292.11 | 245. 62 | 32.16 | 30.04 | 36.40 | 14.70 | 12. 55 | 28.46 | 15.98 | 14.61 | 16. 66 | 18. 81 | 26. 42 | 37. 14 | 31.58 |  |
| Trucks and buses (new), assembled........do.... | 3103.23 | 92.28 | 8.81 | 8.79 | 8.68 | 7.69 | 7.46 | 6. 20 | 6.06 | 5.78 | 7.10 | 66. 44 | 7.39 | 10.76 | 9.42 |  |
| Imports (Bureau of the Census): <br> Passenger cars (new), complete units. $\qquad$ do | 1,846. 72 | 2,013. 42 | 205. 72 | 174. 73 | 187.76 | 150. 64 | 95.14 | 167.62 | 168.60 | 173.31 | 167.97 | 198.87 | 204.51 | 233.92 | 222.70 |  |
| From Canada, total.............--........do | + 691.15 | 2,692. 78 | 74.17 | 74.36 | 79.16 | 46. 86 | 19.01 | 48.58 | 56. 75 | 55. 66 | 47.68 | 47.20 | 70.17 | 81.09 | 69.01 |  |
| Trucks and buses, complete units..........do | 146.01 | 115. 82 | 9.85 | 10.13 | 10.52 | 4.05 | 4.40 | 10.05 | 16.82 | 9.69 | 7.51 | 10.51 | 11. 63 | 12. 77 | 10.38 |  |
| Truck trailers (complete), shipments.....number - | 138, 347 | 105,709 | 9,095 | 9,871 | 8, 679 | 8,387 | 7,692 | 8,780 | 8,037 | 7,777 | 7,310 | 6, 610 | 7,271 | -7,852 | 8,270 |  |
|  | 94, 808 | 71, 274 | 6,062 | 7,057 | 5, 630 | 5,880 | 4,953 | 5,817 | 5,240 | 5,238 | 4,818 | 4,187 | 4,256 | +4,748 | 4,847 |  |
| Trailer bodies and chassis (detachable), sold separately.-....-............................................. | 33,332 | 26,138 | 2,189 | 2,056 | 2,293 | 1,590 | 1,874 | 1,398 | 1,574 | 1,378 | 1,078 | 985 | 1,110 | -1,523 | 1,192 |  |
| Registrations (new vehicles) : $\odot$ Passenger cars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 9,446. 5 $1,061.6$ | $38,388.2$ $81,231.0$ | 5768.4 5100.0 | 5784.4 5104.2 | 6900.9 8118.6 | 5837.7 5112.2 | 8683.2 8109.9 | 5612.1 5102.8 | 719.0 +112.6 | $\begin{array}{r}+537.2 \\ 499.8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 5606.7 <br> $\stackrel{115.4}{ }$ | 5 588.3 898.5 | 618.3 92.6 | 5820.3 5130.0 | 7833.5 7125.1 |  |
|  | 1,888.8 | 151,790.2 | ${ }^{5} 161.9$ | \$158.9 | ${ }^{5} 176.6$ | 8179.4 | ${ }^{5} 159.4$ | ${ }^{5} 153.3$ | 4154.2 | \& 118.1 | ${ }^{5} 123.8$ | ${ }^{5} 108.4$ | 115.2 | ${ }^{5158.2}$ | ${ }^{7} 168.4$ |  |
| RAILROAD EQUIPMENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Freight cars (all railroads and private car lines): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1 169,028 | ${ }^{1} 65,958$ | 6,448 | 5.832 | 6,115 | 5,446 | 5, 164 | 6,147 | 4, 675 | 4,569 | 4,905 | 3,725 | 4,629 | 5,026 | 5,497 |  |
| Equipment manufacturers . . . . . . . . . . . . . do.... | 154,112 | ${ }^{1} 52,184$ | 4,800 | 4,227 | 4,478 | 4,457 | 4, 127 | 4,922 | 3,787 | 3, 573 | 4,096 | 3,183 | 4,059 | 4,262 | 4,431 |  |
|  | 184,245 | 150,148 | 5,501 | 2, 387 | 5, 218 | 4,340 | 2, 148 | 2,073 | 3,053 | 8,164 | 9,031 | 3,152 | 3, 042 | 5,304 | 4,107 |  |
| Equipment manufacturers Unfilled orders, end of periodo..................do | 165,301 46,751 | 142,385 27,558 | - 3 , 501 | 2,218 31,046 | $\mathbf{3}, 487$ $\mathbf{3 0 , 1 4 9}$ | 4,226 29,040 | 25, $\mathbf{r}$ 288 | 21,726 | 2, 20, 2, 2 | 8,026 23,644 | 5, 27, 2758 | 2,932 26,903 | 2,792 25,015 | 3,885 25,193 | 3,782 23,563 |  |
| Equipment manufacturers. | 35, 508 | 22, 326 | 26,308 | 24, 299 | 23, 308 | 23, 074 | 20,853 | 17,621 | 16,349 | 20, 802 | 22,326 | 21,993 | 20,425 | 19,948 | 19,059 |  |
| Freight cars (revenue), class 1 railroads (AAR $): 8$ Number owned, end of period |  |  |  | 1,434 |  | 1,433 | 1,433 | 1,431 | 1,427 | 1,424 | 1,423 | 1,423 | 1,431 | 10,38 1,430 | 19,05 |  |
| Held for repairs, \% of total owned...--------.-.--- | 1,438 5.6 | 1,423 | 1,435 5.6 | 1,434 5.7 | 1,433 5.5 | 1,433 5.6 | 1,438 | 1,431 6.0 | 1,4.98 | 1, 5.7 | 1,423 | 1,423 | 1,481 | 1,4.6 | 1,431 5.6 |  |
| Capacity (carrying), aggregate, end of period |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average per car | $\begin{aligned} & 94.37 \\ & 65.62 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 95.64 67.19 | 94.76 66.05 | 94.85 66.15 | 95.32 66.52 | 95.46 66.63 | 95.77 66.81 | 95.78 66.96 | 95.62 67.01 | 95.27 66.89 | 95.64 67.19 | 95.73 67.29 | 96.08 68.45 | 96.38 67.37 | 96.70 67.55 |  |

Revised. $\quad 1$ Annual total includes revisions not distributed by months. ${ }^{2}$ Preliminary estimate of production. ${ }^{3}$ Beginning 1969. data exclude vehicles on runners and skis off-highway trucks and trailers: comparable 1970 total, 93.87 thous. ${ }^{\text {Onf }}$ Omits data for three States. $\dagger$ Revisions (1968-69) are available. tMonthly estimates (1967-70) revised to annual benchmarks appear in Census report, Men's Apparel, M23B Supplement (5/27/71)
*New series. Automobile Manufacturers Association and other industry sources; seasonal adjustments by OBE, For earlier data, see p. 43, Dec. 1970 Surver. c Corrected
$\triangle$ Domestics include U.S.-type cars produced in the United States and Canada; imports ver foreign-type cars only
$\sigma^{\prime}$ Amer. Railway Car Inst. and Assn. of Amer. Railroads, data cover new cars for domestic ans
o Total includes backlog for nonrelated products and services and basic research
$\oplus$ Data include military-type planes shipped to foreign governments.
\& Excludes railroad-owned private refrigerator cars and privateline cars.

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LATEST SUPPLEMENT—U.S. Exports and Imports Classified by OBE End-Use Categories, 1923-68 (C43.8/3: Ex 7): Price $\$ 4.00$

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[^0]:    1. The expectations figures have been adjusted for systematic biases (footnote 2, table 5). Before adjustment. 1971 expend $\$ 30.9$ billion for manulacturing and $\$ 49.7$ billion for nonmanufacturing. The adjustments were applied separately no each major industry; their net effect was to decrease the manufacturing total by $\$ 0.3$ billion and to raise the nonmanufacturing total by $\$ 1.5$ billion.
[^1]:    1. Includes industries not shown separately.

    Sources: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics and the Securities and Exchange Commission.

[^2]:    1. Excludes agricultural business; real estate operators; medical, legal, educational, and cultural service; and nonprofit organizations.
    2. Estimates are based on expected capital expenditures reported by business in late April and May 1971. The estimates for the full year 1971 and for the second quarter and third quarters have been corrected for systematic biases. The adjustment procedures are described in the February 1970 issue of the SURVEY OF CURRENT Business. Before such adjustments, 1971 expenditures were expected to be $\$ 80.63$ billion for all industries, $\$ 30.92$ billion for manufactur-
    ing, and $\$ 49.71$ billion for nonmanufacturing.
    3. Includes data not shown separately.
[^3]:    4. Includes guided missiles and space vehicles.
    5. Includes fabricated metal, lumber, furniture, instrument, ordnance and miscellaneous except guided missiles and space vehicles.
    6. Includes apparel, tobacco, leather and printing-publishing.
    7. Includes trade, service, construction, finance and insurance.

    Note.-Details may not add to totals because of rounding.
    Sources: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, and the Securities and Exchange Commission.

[^4]:    1. Condition of actual inventories relative to sales and unfilled orders position as viewed by reporting companies. Percent distribution of inventory book values according to companies' classifications of their inventory condition.
[^5]:    Note.-For coverage, see table 2.
    Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

[^6]:    p. Part of line. n.e.s. Not elsewhere shown. n.a. not available. $\dagger$ Old table 1 han $\$ 500,000( \pm) . \quad$ Preliminary

    1. Adjusted to balance of payments basis; excludes exports under U.S. military agency
[^7]:    2. contracts and imports or U.S. mintary agencies.
    3. Includes fees and royalties from U.S. direct investments abroad or from foreign direct investments in the United States.
[^8]:    ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. *Less than $\$ 500,000( \pm)$. N.A. Not available

    1. Includes United Kingdom, European Economic Community and other Western Euro-
[^9]:    Note.-The revised presention of the balance of payments and the explanatory notes could not have been completed without the special efforts of Evelyn Parrish and the entire Balance of Payments Division staff.

[^10]:    ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary.

[^11]:    ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary.

    1. Annual country and area data shown in this table correspond to the annual data in table 9 , lines 2 and 16 ; seasonally adjusted quarterly data shown in this table are computed from corresponding unadjusted quarterly data in table 9 , lines 2 and 16 .
[^12]:    2. Includes $\$ 52$ million of net purchases of gold by U.S. private residents from U.S. monetary gold stock not allocated by area.
    Note.-Seasonally adjusted quarterly details may not add to unadjusted annual totals.
[^13]:    Seasonally adjusted.

[^14]:    $\ddagger$ Revisions for Jan. 1967-Oct. 1970 for permits, for 1961-68 for FHA applications, and for 1961Feb. 1969 for requests for VA appraisals (seas. adj. annual rates) will be shown later. Revisions for 1964-68 for construction materials output indexes appear in the Dec. 1969 issue of Construction Review (BDSA). †Revised series.
    ¢ Includes data for items not shown separately. §ata include guaranteed direct loans sold.

[^15]:    $\ddagger$ Effective Feb. 1971 SURVEY, labor force data reflect new seasonal factors; comparable figures for prior periods appear in Employment and Earnings, Feb. 1971 (USDL, Bureau Labor Statistics)

[^16]:    SData for 1970 are calculated on an annual basis with regard to Federal income taxes. Instead of reflecting changes as of July 1,1970 in personal exemptions and in surtax, dats reflect personal exemptions of $\$ 625$ and surtax of 2.5 percent throughout the year.

[^17]:    r Revised. ${ }^{\circ}$ Preliminary. $\ddagger$ Monthly data prior to 1969 will be available later
    §Beginning Jan. 1970, data include claims filed under extended duration provisions of
    egular State laws.
    orinsured unemployment as \% of average covered employment in a 12 -month period.
    -Total SMSA's include some cities and counties not designated as SMSA's. Angeles-Long Beach. of Includes data not shown separately.

