

AUGUST 1961

survey of

CURRENT BUSINESS



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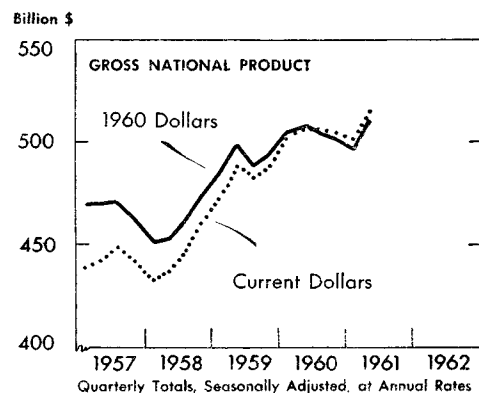
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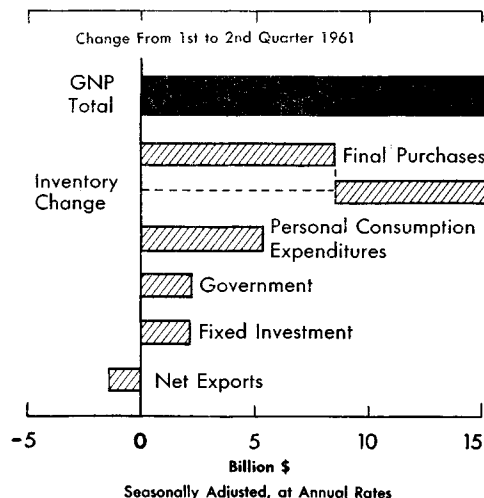
The Business Situation

BUSINESS activity continued to advance in the early part of the summer following the sharp pickup in the spring from the first quarter low. While seasonal movements dominated most of the broad indicators, most July measures, after seasonal adjustments, were above June and higher than the second quarter averages. Personal income and employment increased and further gains were made in industrial production and construction activity. Price stability continued to characterize the major markets.

GNP at New High in Current Dollars



All Major Components of Domestic Demand Increase in Second Quarter



July increases in employment, and income from production, after allowing for the usual summer lull, were generally somewhat smaller than had occurred in the spring months. Such a development should not be considered unusual in view of the sizable advances during the second quarter.

The recovery, at the present time, extends over a broad range of demand categories; however, the rates of increase vary considerably. In some cases the forces making for large contributions to the business revival, such as the switch from inventory cutting to accumulation and the pickup in automobile demand from the low first quarter rate, have lessened in their intensity. On the basis of the survey described later in this issue, it appears that manufacturers are planning an increase in their inventories in the current quarter. Other factors now discernible, which are contributing significantly to rising output and income, include the stepped-up rate of government spending, the increase in residential building activity, and a firming in business plant and equipment spending.

Employment up, unemployment rate unchanged

Employment in nonfarm establishments declined by less than the usual amount in July. Seasonally adjusted nonfarm employment of 53.4 million in July represented the fourth successive month of increase and matched the year-ago rate for the first month this year. Average factory hours worked per week also increased a little after adjustment. The number of persons out of work declined, but by no more than is usual, so that the rate of unemployment continued unchanged at close to 7 percent of the civilian labor force for the eighth month in a row.

The major industries showed either no change or small increases in employment in July, and the rise in the nonfarm total was not quite so large as the average monthly increase in the second quarter. This was particularly true of manufacturing where durable goods extended the employment gain while nondurables evidenced a leveling out. Seasonally adjusted hours of work advanced in hard goods industries, but were off in nondurables.

Further rise in income

Personal income in July, including a special life insurance dividend payment to veterans, totaled \$422 billion at an annual rate, an increase of \$4½ billion from the June rate. Of this rise, about \$2 billion came from higher payrolls, particularly in commodity-producing and service industries. Almost all of the remaining increase was attributable to the special dividend payment; changes in other types of income were generally small.

Personal income, excluding the veterans' dividend, at \$419 billion was about \$15 billion above a year ago and \$6 billion above the second quarter average. It may be recalled that a similar payment in March caused an unusual spurt in March personal income, but its disappearance in the following month was more than offset by rising payrolls and other earnings.

Retail trade shows mixed trends

Consumer buying of goods has continued to lag relative to the flow of income. Retail store sales, after seasonal adjustment, were off a little in July, and about the same as a year ago. The rate for the month was about the same as the second quarter monthly average, in contrast to the previously noted increase in personal income.

Changes by kinds of business were quite mixed. Department store sales

rose by about 2 percent over June and about the same percentage over a year ago, while sales of other nondurables stores eased somewhat from the June rate. Sales at automobile dealers were off as consumer purchasing of new cars dropped from earlier highs, but sales of other durable goods improved in July.

Rise in construction activity

Total construction outlays, seasonally adjusted, rose again in July to an annual rate of almost \$59 billion, exceeding the previous high that had been reached in the middle of 1959. The increases reflected a continuation of the expansion in private residential activity and a pickup in public expenditures. Private expenditures other than residential were little changed over the month. With the latest increases the third quarter thus begins with total expenditures some \$2¼ billion higher, at a seasonally

adjusted annual rate, than they averaged in the second quarter of this year.

Defense buildup

Congressional action early in August on the President's request for added funds to strengthen the Nation's defenses will result in a further step-up in defense outlays in the near future. In the fiscal year just ended, expenditures for national defense purposes totaled \$46.8 billion (GNP basis) and increased to an annual rate of \$48.8 billion in the April-June quarter of 1961. The new requests would ma-

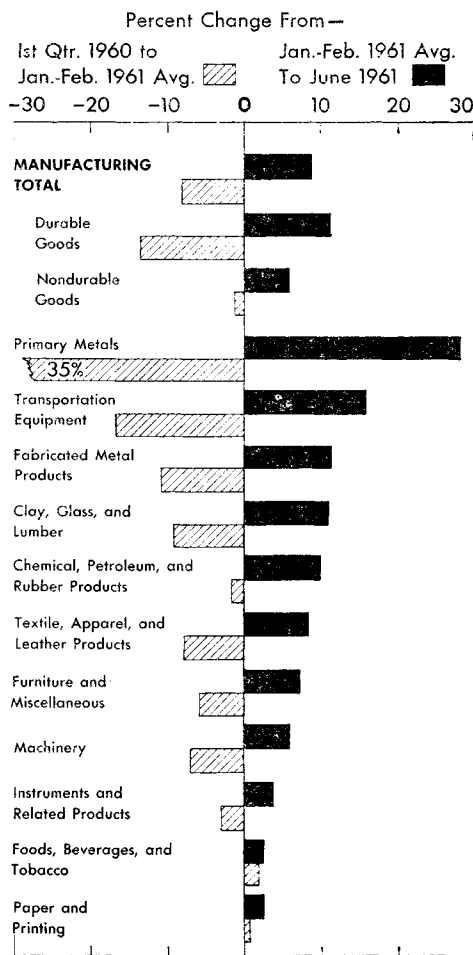
terially augment the increases projected earlier in the year.

A large part of the additional defense money is scheduled for procurement of new weapons and equipment, many of which have relatively short lead times. The remainder would be allotted for additional personnel, operating and maintenance outlays, and civil defense. As pointed out in the subsequent discussion on manufacturing activity, defense orders had already been expanded during the first 6 months of 1961 as a result of the speedup in defense procurement earlier this year.

Manufacturing Activity, First Half of 1961

MANUFACTURING PRODUCTION

Recovery Is Widespread, Featured by Sharp Advances for Most Groups



Data: Based on FRB's Seasonally Adjusted Index

U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics 61-8-2

FACTORY operations have turned around briskly from the winter lows. Shipments and new orders received in June were 8 percent and 9 percent, respectively, above January, after seasonal adjustment, and compared favorably with year-earlier rates.

Increases in shipments and new business received have been pervasive throughout the major industries, and have extended to both defense and non-defense goods. With new orders somewhat larger than sales, particularly in the durable goods industries, the backlog of unfilled orders on producers' books has shown some rise in the opening 6 months of 1961, although at the end of June outstanding contracts were some 4 percent lower than in mid-1960.

Improved demand has been reflected in inventory programs: factory stocks were unchanged in the March-June period, seasonally adjusted, in contrast to a running down of \$1.8 billion during the previous 9 months. The cessation of this inventory drag on output has in turn been a major factor in the rise in manufacturers' sales and new orders receipts.

Factors in recovery

The recently increased market for manufactured goods stems from enlarged requirements by most major sections of demand. Among these are

the substantial rise in residential housing activity, and higher government programs for highways, military construction, and a broad range of defense procurement items; also contributing was a moderate rise in consumer goods demand in the second quarter.

The most dynamic source of demand stems from the rapidly expanding military expenditure programs. As can be seen in table 2 contracts placed in the first 5 months of 1961 by the Department of Defense for procurement items, research and construction were 11 percent higher than in the corresponding period of 1960. Fiscal year 1961 obligations were lower than earlier programmed and the shortfall will flow over into the current fiscal year.

Nondurables set new highs

Shipments of nondurable goods were only moderately affected by the 1960-61 recessionary forces, and soft goods shipments soon reached new highs in this year's recovery. Stocks of nondurables have kept pace with sales requirements. In contrast, as can be seen in the chart, durable goods sales and stocks in June, seasonally adjusted, were still some 6 percent below their 1960 highs.

The largest sales gain among the non-durable groups in 1961 was achieved by the textile industry, followed by paper, chemicals, and rubber. Food and bev-

Table 1.—Manufacturers' Sales and New Orders, 1960-61

	Monthly Averages, Seasonally Adjusted, in Billions of Dollars						Percent Changes	
	1960				1961		1960-II to 1961-II	1961-I to 1961-II
	I	II	III	IV	I	II		
	Sales							
All manufacturing.....	31.17	30.93	30.23	29.33	29.08	30.61	-1	5
Durable goods.....	15.43	14.98	14.52	13.84	13.40	14.48	-3	8
Primary metals.....	2.65	2.19	2.00	1.78	1.79	2.05	-6	14
Fabricated metals.....	1.70	1.74	1.69	1.56	1.57	1.68	-3	7
Electrical machinery.....	2.00	1.97	1.94	1.90	1.93	1.97	0	2
Nonelectrical machinery.....	2.80	2.81	2.77	2.70	2.74	2.87	2	5
Transportation equipment.....	3.50	3.48	3.44	3.36	2.87	3.29	-6	15
Nondurable goods.....	15.74	15.95	15.70	15.49	15.69	16.13	1	3
Food and beverage.....	4.74	4.66	4.66	4.70	4.80	4.77	2	-1
Textiles.....	1.24	1.27	1.21	1.14	1.11	1.23	-3	11
Paper.....	1.04	1.04	1.09	1.05	1.08	1.16	12	7
Chemicals.....	2.31	2.36	2.31	2.25	2.31	2.45	4	6
Petroleum.....	3.12	3.21	3.18	3.21	3.16	3.27	2	4
Rubber.....	.54	.53	.49	.48	.47	.50	-6	6
	New Orders							
All Manufacturing.....	30.24	30.31	29.87	28.98	29.15	30.85	2	6
Durable goods.....	14.54	14.50	14.29	13.52	13.35	14.68	1	10
Primary metals.....	2.05	1.85	1.86	1.72	1.82	2.19	18	20
Fabricated metals.....	1.62	1.70	1.62	1.50	1.54	1.71	1	11
Electrical machinery.....	1.92	1.93	2.11	1.87	1.87	1.90	-2	2
Nonelectrical machinery.....	2.81	2.80	2.58	2.68	2.77	2.86	2	3
Transportation equipment.....	3.44	3.49	3.45	3.19	2.92	3.32	-5	14
Nondurable goods.....	15.70	15.81	15.58	15.46	15.80	16.18	2	2

erage sales have shown little change during the first 6 months of this year. As can be seen in the table, second quarter sales were running ahead of a year ago in all major soft goods industries except textiles and rubber; the latter industries are importantly affected by demand from automobile producers.

Steel and autos pace advance

Among the durable goods industries, the steel and motor vehicle industries have shown the greatest fluctuations in output over the recent cycle (see chart). About two-fifths of the seasonally adjusted increases in total sales and new orders from the low point of January 1961 through June was concentrated in these two industries. New orders received by aircraft companies showed little change from the first to the second quarter of this year, seasonally adjusted, but were well in excess of the corresponding periods of last year.

Motor vehicle output was at a near-record rate during the last quarter of 1960, but when sales expectations failed to materialize manufacturers cut back their production drastically during the winter months. In early spring, demand for passenger cars increased and

the higher levels have continued through the second quarter. Manufacturers' sales of motor vehicles and parts rose 25 percent, seasonally adjusted, from the first quarter of 1961 to the second. In spite of the improved picture during the second quarter, June sales and new orders, including defense contracts, for automotive manufacturers were still below a year earlier.

July output of 400,000 cars—the final month of the 1961 model run—was 5 percent lower than in July 1960; for the 1961 model run as a whole, production of 5,400,000 units was one-tenth below the 1960 run. Plans for the next model year include an earlier shutdown for model turnover than has been customary in recent years, followed by resumption of fairly high production in September. The restriction of output to the volume of retail deliveries during the first half of 1961, a period when stocks are normally increased, will permit an orderly liquidation of the outgoing models during the summer and fall.

Clearly outlined in the chart are the buildup in the steel industry's sales and orders preceding the 1959 strike, the quick recovery and the subsequent substantial drop in activity during 1960. New orders received during the

second quarter of this year showed a gain of 20 percent over the first quarter while sales rose 14 percent. Production in June was running 15 percent above a year ago and indications are that July will also be above a year ago, although operations in steel as well as other primary metals are still considerably below capacity.

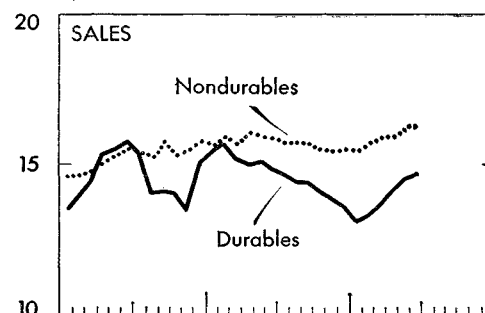
Machinery orders in rising phase

Activity in the machinery industries, as can be seen in the chart, has been far more stable during the recent downturn and recovery than most other major durable goods industries. Electrical machinery sales rose 2 percent between the first and second quarters, seasonally adjusted, a gain sufficient to bring sales back to the year-earlier rate. Nonelectrical machinery shipments and orders have shown only moderately more fluctuation than did those of electrical machinery companies;

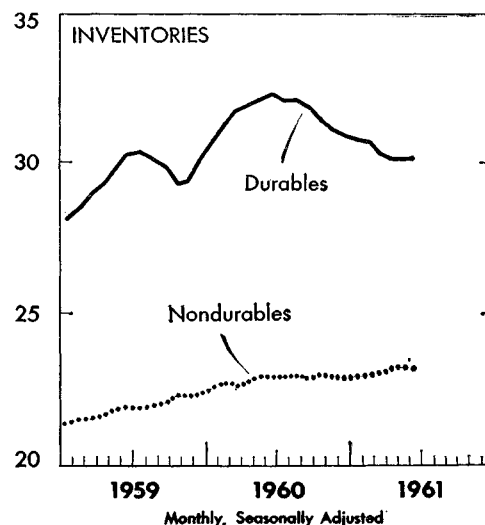
MANUFACTURERS' SALES AND INVENTORIES

Nondurable Goods Sales Reach New High Durables Recover Rapidly

Billion \$



Factory Stocks Stabilize in Spring Following Earlier Liquidation



U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics 61-8-3

both sales and new orders are currently above a year ago.

The increasing flow of new business to producers of machinery and other investment goods in the first half of this year suggests a near-term rise in expenditures for new plant and equipment. This appears in line with reports by business earlier this year that they intend expanding investment in the current quarter. The rise in machinery new orders thus far in 1961, however, is not large; orders are up relatively less since the start of the year than in most other major durable goods industries.

Electrical machinery companies' new orders increased by nearly 8 percent from the January low to May, on a seasonally adjusted basis, but dropped off sizably in June, as defense business, which is usually placed in heavy

Table 2.—Military Obligations for Procurement, Research and Construction, 1957-61

	Billions of Dollars				Percent Change		
	1957	1958	1959	1960	January-May 1960	January-May 1961	January-May 1960-61
Total	15.90	22.66	20.04	20.99	7.00	7.80	11
Major procurement.....	12.78	18.21	15.31	14.94	5.00	5.77	16
Aircraft.....	6.36	8.13	6.41	6.29	2.02	2.30	14
Missiles.....	2.81	4.92	4.31	4.10	1.35	1.32	-2
Ships.....	1.30	1.94	1.81	1.98	.56	.95	68
Electronics.....	.81	1.31	1.16	1.11	.40	.46	15
Other.....	1.51	1.91	1.62	1.46	.66	.74	13
Research.....	1.68	2.50	3.18	4.58	1.38	1.46	6
Construction.....	1.44	1.96	1.56	1.48	.62	.57	-8

Source: Department of Defense.

volume at this time of year with electronics companies, was short of seasonal expectations. Sales of electrical machinery were consistently somewhat higher than new orders receipts during the first half of this year and outstanding orders backlogs have been slightly reduced.

Nonelectrical machinery orders have tended steadily upward thus far in 1961, particularly in areas related to nonagricultural business machinery purchases. The expansion has been particularly large in the industrial machinery groups—metalworking, special and general industry equipment—and in engines and turbines, bringing new orders above 1960 rates. Shipments by these companies have matched the inflow of new business, and backlogs have not increased, remaining below the 1960 volume.

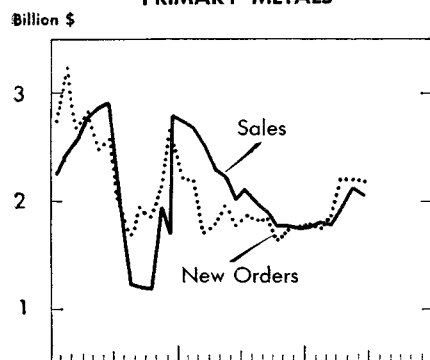
New orders received by agricultural and office and store machinery companies in June were little different from January, after seasonal allowances, although showing some growth from mid-1960. Construction machinery new orders fell somewhat in the second quarter of this year.

Producers of fabricated metals, stone, clay and glass, lumber products, and other durable goods have received about 10 percent more orders in the second quarter than the first, after seasonal allowances; shipments rose 5 percent. These industries are primary suppliers of building materials and have benefited from the steadily rising rate of new construction projects since early this year. However, business in these industries has not yet recovered to the level of last year. Sales exceeded new orders during all of 1960 and the first quarter of 1961, but are now slightly smaller, and unfilled orders backlogs have turned up.

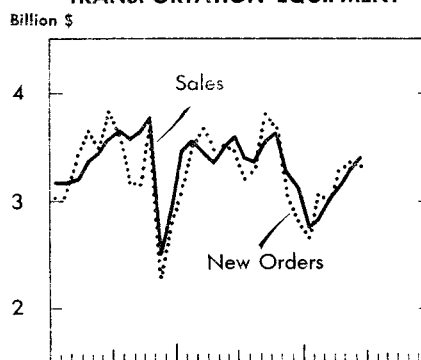
DURABLE GOODS MANUFACTURERS

Metals and Transportation Equipment Lead Sales Advance

PRIMARY METALS

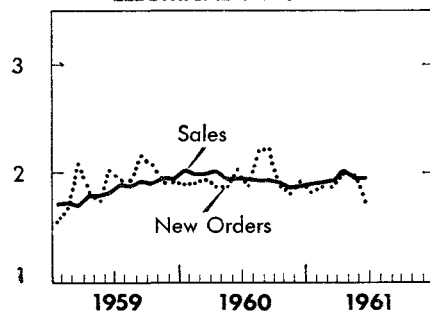


TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT

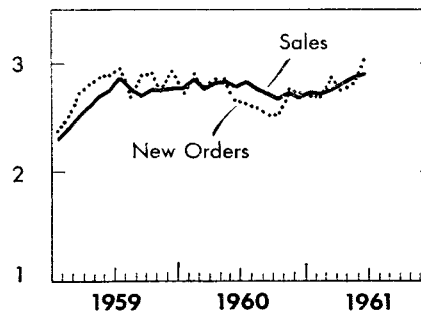


Changes in Machinery Business Relatively Smaller in Current Cycle

ELECTRICAL MACHINERY



NONELECTRICAL MACHINERY



Monthly, Seasonally Adjusted

National Product and Income Recovers in Second Quarter

A VIGOROUS upswing in output in the April-June quarter initiated a recovery from the mildest of the four postwar recessions. GNP advanced at an annual rate of \$15 billion from the first quarter to a new high of \$516 billion in current dollar terms. (See chart.) The real volume of national output was about the same as at its previous cyclical peak a year earlier.

The second quarter recovery in GNP featured a marked shift from inventory liquidation to accumulation, an upturn in the demand for automobiles and residential construction, and continued expansion in government purchases and consumer services. Fixed business investment outlays and nondurable consumer goods expenditures rose slightly. Net exports of goods and services was the only major GNP component to show a decline.

The increase in output and employment was accompanied by a substantial rise in the flow of income. Personal in-

come rose from the first quarter by over \$8 billion to an annual rate of \$413 billion in the second. Most of this increase was in wages and salaries and was attributable to higher employment, but Government transfer payments were also up, reflecting initial disbursements under the temporary unemployment insurance program. Complete data on corporate profits for the second quarter are not available at this time, but it would appear that the year-long downtrend in profits was sharply reversed.

Autos important in recovery

The increase in GNP was sharper than in any other initial quarter of cyclical recovery in the postwar period. The comparative vigor of the recent upturn is discernible also on a monthly basis in the movement of payrolls.

A shift from inventory liquidation to accumulation was a major factor reinforcing the effect of the increase in final purchases on total production. In the previous two postwar cycles, liquidation of business inventories continued beyond the turning point of GNP, though at somewhat reduced rates. The recent increase in final purchases was also larger than in prior first quarters of recovery in the postwar period.

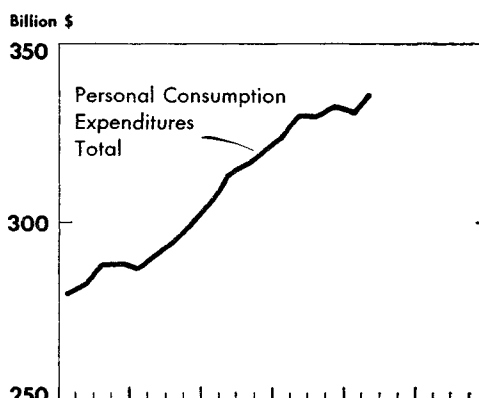
The production and sale of passenger cars was the most important single factor in the second quarter recovery. Nearly half of the rise in total GNP represented increased production of automobiles. From the fourth quarter of 1960 to the first quarter of 1961 there had been a decline in automobile production which exceeded that in total GNP, and was the sharpest for the industry in recent years.

The first quarter decline in auto production and sales was due in part to the reductions in total employment and earnings in the latter half of 1960, and the unfavorable expectations they engendered. Supply and demand factors peculiar to this dynamic industry also

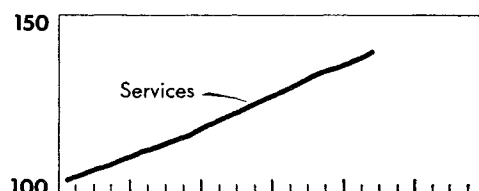
played an important role. The unusually severe winter was an added factor in the sales decline. Seasonally adjusted retail sales of cars, which had been drifting downward since mid-October, declined sharply in December, and production was promptly adjusted to the lower sales which continued through January and February. Stocks held about level during these months in

CONSUMER SPENDING

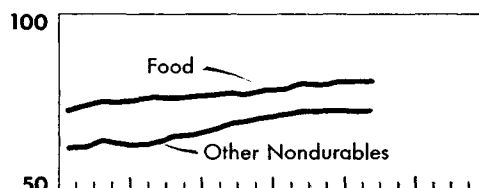
Total Rises in Second Quarter



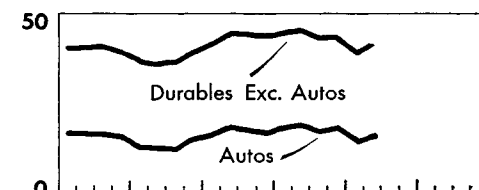
Services Continue Uptrend



Little Change in Major Nondurable Lines



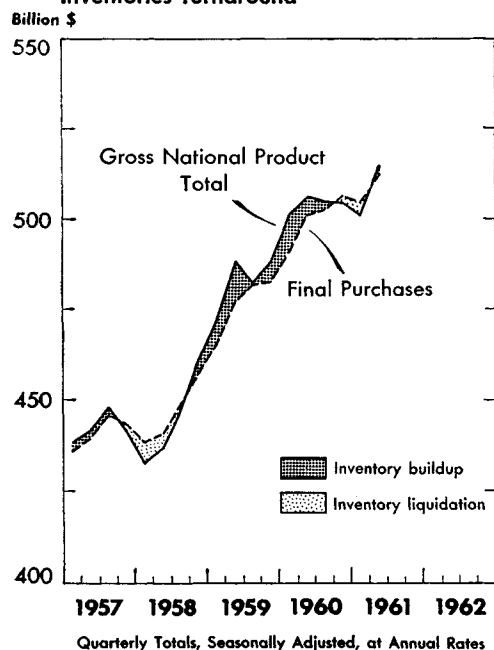
Durables Up From First Quarter Low



Quarterly Totals, Seasonally Adjusted, at Annual Rates

TOTAL GNP INCREASES IN SECOND QUARTER

As Both Final Purchases and Inventories Turnaround



U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics 61-8-5

U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics 61-8-6

contrast to the usual sharp seasonal rise. With the coming of spring, sales rose more than seasonally and the higher levels continued into the second quarter. Stocks declined slightly but somewhat less than expected in this period of the year. In spite of the second quarter improvement, automobile sales and production were substantially below a year ago.

Support from Government

The bulk of the second quarter increase in GNP came in private expenditures, but the role of the Federal Government in stimulating business activity was important. In addition to the \$2 billion annual rate increase in direct purchases of goods and services, the Federal Government instituted several programs swelling the flow of income in the economy, notably the feed grain and the temporary unemployment insurance programs. Measures affecting the supply of money and credit designed to stimulate economic activity will be noted later.

Consumption expenditures up

Personal consumption expenditures, which had turned down in the opening quarter of the year with the decline in auto and other durable goods purchases, moved up in the second quarter. The \$5½ billion increase to an annual rate of \$336 billion was concentrated in expenditures for automobiles and services. (See chart.) Sales of durable goods other than autos—mainly furniture and appliances—showed only modest increases which were not enough to bring them back to the highs of late 1959.

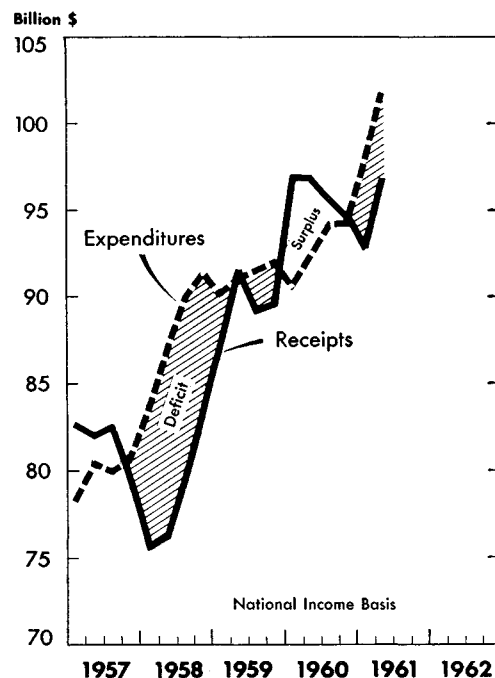
Small changes were the rule for all the major categories of nondurable goods. Spending for food and beverages, which was up only slightly in current dollars, went up more in real terms as retail food prices—principally of meat and dairy products—declined from their first quarter average.

Swing in inventories

The inventory swing from the first to the second quarter featured changes in stocks of automobile producers and

FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

Expenditures Exceed Receipts in First Half Of 1961



Quarterly Totals, Seasonally Adjusted, at Annual Rates

U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics 61-8-7

Table 1.—Gross National Product in Current and Constant Dollars (1-3, 1-5)

[Seasonally adjusted, at annual rates]

	1958	1959	1960	1960			1961		1958	1959	1960	1960			1961	
				II	III	IV	I	II				II	III	IV	I	II
	Billions of current dollars									Billions of 1954 dollars						
Gross national product.....	444.5	482.8	504.4	506.4	505.1	504.5	500.8	516.1	401.3	428.4	440.8	443.4	440.2	438.4	433.2	445.5
Personal consumption expenditures.....	293.2	314.0	328.9	329.9	329.7	332.3	330.7	336.1	273.2	289.3	298.3	299.5	298.6	299.6	297.0	301.6
Durable goods.....	37.3	43.5	44.3	45.3	43.4	43.8	39.4	42.0	35.5	41.0	41.8	42.5	40.8	41.6	37.6	39.8
Nondurable goods.....	141.6	147.3	152.4	153.3	152.7	153.1	153.7	154.1	133.3	138.8	141.8	142.9	142.0	141.3	141.6	142.6
Services.....	114.3	123.2	132.2	131.2	133.6	135.4	137.5	139.9	104.4	109.5	114.7	114.2	115.8	116.6	117.8	119.2
Gross private domestic investment.....	56.6	72.4	72.4	74.6	70.5	65.6	59.8	68.8	49.0	61.1	60.6	62.3	58.6	54.9	49.6	57.3
New construction.....	35.5	40.2	40.7	40.7	40.4	40.7	39.6	41.3	31.1	34.3	33.9	33.9	33.6	33.9	32.9	34.1
Residential nonfarm.....	18.0	22.3	21.1	21.2	21.0	20.5	19.3	20.6	16.2	19.4	18.0	18.1	17.9	17.5	16.5	17.6
Other.....	17.4	17.9	19.6	19.5	19.4	20.2	20.4	20.7	14.8	14.8	16.0	15.9	15.7	16.4	16.4	16.6
Producers' durable equipment.....	23.1	25.9	27.5	28.6	27.7	26.7	24.2	24.7	19.4	21.3	22.7	23.4	22.7	22.1	19.9	20.3
Change in business inventories.....	-2.0	6.3	4.2	5.4	2.4	-1.9	-4.0	2.8	-1.5	5.5	4.0	4.9	2.3	-1.1	-3.2	2.9
Nonfarm.....	-2.9	6.2	4.0	5.1	2.0	-2.2	-4.3	2.4	-2.4	5.6	3.8	4.7	2.0	-1.3	-3.5	2.4
Farm.....	.9	.1	.3	.3	.4	.3	.3	.4	.8	-.0	.2	.2	.3	.2	.3	.4
Net exports of goods and services.....	1.2	-.7	3.0	2.3	3.0	5.1	5.3	3.9	-.2	-2.1	1.7	1.0	1.6	3.5	3.3	1.9
Exports.....	22.7	23.1	26.7	26.7	26.8	27.6	27.6	26.4	21.4	22.2	25.3	25.4	25.4	26.1	25.7	24.5
Imports.....	21.5	23.8	23.6	24.4	23.8	22.4	22.3	22.5	21.6	24.3	23.6	24.4	23.7	22.6	22.4	22.6
Government purchases of goods and services.....	93.5	97.1	100.1	99.6	101.9	101.6	105.0	107.3	79.3	80.1	80.2	80.6	81.3	80.3	83.3	84.7
Federal.....	52.6	53.5	52.9	52.9	54.0	53.0	54.7	56.6	44.5	43.9	42.3	42.7	42.9	41.6	43.1	44.7
National defense.....	44.8	46.2	45.5	45.5	45.4	45.7	47.2	48.8	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Other.....	8.3	7.8	8.0	7.9	9.1	7.9	8.0	8.3	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Less: Government sales.....	.5	.5	.6	.6	.6	.6	.5	.5	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
State and local.....	40.8	43.6	47.2	46.8	48.0	48.6	50.3	50.6	34.8	36.2	38.0	37.8	38.4	38.7	40.2	40.0

distributors; these accounted for the bulk of the inventory liquidation in the first quarter and for about one-fourth of the buildup in the second. The second quarter increase in nonautomotive stocks centered in trade. Manufacturers' stocks outside of the automotive industry were reduced somewhat as a continued liquidation in the stocks of durable goods' producers was only partly offset by accumulation in nondurable goods lines.

Business fixed investment stable

The second quarter increase in fixed investment expenditures by business was minor in total, and individual industry changes were likewise small. The latest OBE-SEC survey of capital spending plans indicates a modest pickup in the second half of the year. Largely because of the presence of excess capacity, businessmen are usually reluctant to expand fixed capital outlays in the early stages of recovery. Thus, business fixed investment continued to decline in the initial phase of the 1958 upturn and was stable during 1954 after total production had started to rise.

Upturn in residential construction

Residential construction increased by \$1½ billion from the first quarter to an annual rate of \$20½ billion in the second, offsetting about one-fourth of the decline since its prior peak in the second quarter of 1959. Recent fluctuations in residential construction activity have been confined to one-family dwellings; apartment house construction has continued to increase.

The Federal Government in early 1961 sponsored a number of measures which tended to stimulate the housing market. Aside from a policy aimed at easing credit conditions in long-term markets in general, these included FNMA's announcement of higher buying prices for FHA insured mortgages, an increase in borrowing rights of savings and loan associations with the Federal Home Loan Banks, and a reduction in the maximum permissible interest rate on FHA insured mortgages.

Nonfarm housing starts in June, at an annual rate of 1.4 million seasonally adjusted, were about 250,000 higher than the low point in January, indicating a further near-term rise in residential construction activity. Applications for FHA mortgages, adjusted for seasonal variation, have also been increasing in recent months.

The Housing Act of 1961, passed on June 30, authorizes FHA to insure no-down-payment mortgages with terms up to 40 years in hardship cases and 35 years in others, as well as home improvement loans up to 20 years. The Act also provides for special housing for the elderly; loans and grants for mass transit facilities, sewers, waterworks and other public works; funds for the acquisition and preservation of open spaces in urban areas; loans for college housing, and general urban renewal support.

Federal expenditures rise

Government purchases of goods and services contributed \$2¼ billion to the second quarter rise in GNP, with the Federal Government accounting for the bulk of the increase. Defense spending rose to its highest rate in 3 years, and is expected to show further substantial increases in the quarters ahead as recent administration de-

cisions to increase the defense program are implemented.

In addition to stepping up its direct demand for goods and services, the Federal Government further added to the flow of income through the temporary extension of unemployment in-

surance benefits, and payments to farmers participating in the feed-grain program. Total Federal expenditures were up about \$3 billion in the second quarter; with a comparable rise in taxes, the budget deficit (on a national income basis) held close to \$5 billion.

(Continued on page 32)

Table 2.—Personal Income and Its Use (II-2)

	1958	1959	1960	1960			1961	
				II	III	IV	I	II
				Seasonally adjusted at annual rates				
Personal income.....	360.3	383.3	402.2	403.1	405.1	405.4	404.7	413.2
Wage and salary disbursements.....	239.8	258.5	271.3	272.4	273.2	271.3	270.1	277.3
Commodity-producing industries.....	97.9	107.2	110.4	111.8	110.5	108.0	106.1	110.7
Manufacturing only.....	76.7	84.7	87.4	88.5	87.2	85.2	83.8	87.5
Distributive industries.....	63.8	68.2	71.8	72.3	72.5	72.1	71.8	72.8
Service industries.....	34.8	37.7	40.7	40.5	41.2	41.5	41.8	42.5
Government.....	43.2	45.3	48.4	47.8	49.0	49.7	50.4	51.3
Other labor income.....	9.4	10.3	10.9	10.8	10.9	11.2	10.8	10.8
Proprietors' income.....	46.1	46.3	48.2	48.6	48.7	49.0	48.9	49.2
Business and professional.....	32.5	35.0	36.2	36.4	36.3	36.3	36.0	36.3
Farm.....	13.5	11.3	12.0	12.3	12.4	12.7	12.9	12.9
Rental income of persons.....	12.2	11.9	11.7	11.7	11.7	11.7	11.5	11.5
Dividends.....	12.4	13.4	14.1	14.0	14.1	14.3	14.2	14.2
Personal interest income.....	21.0	23.6	26.2	26.1	26.4	26.7	26.8	27.0
Transfer payments.....	26.3	27.2	29.1	28.6	29.3	30.6	32.0	32.9
Old-age and survivors insurance benefits.....	8.5	10.2	11.1	11.2	11.3	11.4	11.8	12.5
State unemployment insurance benefits.....	3.9	2.5	2.8	2.4	2.9	3.8	3.8	4.5
Veterans' benefits.....	4.6	4.5	4.6	4.5	4.5	4.6	4.7	4.8
Other.....	9.4	10.0	10.0	10.5	10.6	10.8	11.7	11.1
Less: Personal contributions for social insurance.....	6.9	7.9	9.3	9.2	9.3	9.3	9.5	9.7
Less: Personal tax and nontax payments.....	42.3	46.0	50.4	50.5	50.8	50.5	50.3	51.4
Federal.....	36.6	39.6	43.2	43.3	43.5	43.1	42.6	43.6
State and local.....	5.7	6.4	7.2	7.2	7.3	7.4	7.7	7.8
Equals: Disposable personal income.....	317.9	337.3	351.8	352.7	354.4	354.9	354.3	361.8
Less: Personal consumption expenditures.....	293.2	314.0	328.9	329.9	329.7	332.3	330.7	336.1
Equals: Personal saving.....	24.7	23.4	22.9	22.8	24.6	22.7	23.7	25.8
Addendum: Disposable personal income in constant (1954) dollars.....	296.3	310.6	319.0	320.3	321.0	320.1	318.4	324.8

Table 3.—Gross National Product by Major Type of Product in Current and Constant Dollars (1-6, 1-7)¹

[Seasonally adjusted at annual rates]																
	1958	1959	1960	1960			1961		1958	1959	1960	1960			1961	
				II	III	IV	I	II				II	III	IV	I	II
	Billions of current dollars									Billions of 1954 dollars						
Gross national product.....	444.5	482.8	504.4	506.4	505.1	504.5	500.8	516.1	401.3	428.4	440.8	443.4	440.2	438.4	433.2	445.5
Final sales.....	446.5	476.5	500.2	501.0	502.7	506.4	504.8	513.2	402.8	422.9	436.8	438.5	437.9	439.5	436.5	442.6
Inventory change.....	-2.0	6.3	4.2	5.4	2.4	-1.9	-4.0	2.8	-1.5	5.5	4.0	4.9	2.3	-1.1	-3.2	2.9
Goods output.....	229.4	250.3	258.5	262.3	257.2	252.8	245.7	257.1	211.5	228.6	234.6	237.9	233.3	228.9	221.9	232.5
Final sales.....	231.4	244.0	254.3	256.9	254.8	254.6	249.7	254.3	213.1	223.1	230.6	233.0	231.1	230.0	225.2	229.7
Inventory change.....	-2.0	6.3	4.2	5.4	2.4	-1.9	-4.0	2.8	-1.5	5.5	4.0	4.9	2.3	-1.1	-3.3	2.9
Durable goods output.....	80.4	94.9	96.7	100.2	94.6	89.5	81.6	90.9	71.7	82.9	84.7	87.4	82.5	79.0	71.4	79.4
Final sales.....	83.3	91.3	94.3	96.3	94.2	93.4	87.4	91.2	74.1	79.8	82.4	83.9	82.1	82.0	76.5	79.6
Inventory change.....	-2.8	3.6	2.5	3.9	.4	-3.8	-5.8	-.3	-2.4	3.1	2.3	3.5	.4	-3.0	-5.1	-2.2
Nondurable goods output.....	149.0	155.4	161.8	162.1	162.6	163.2	164.1	166.2	139.8	145.7	150.0	150.6	150.8	149.8	150.5	153.2
Final sales.....	148.1	152.8	160.0	160.6	160.6	161.3	162.3	163.0	139.0	143.3	148.3	149.1	148.9	148.0	148.7	150.0
Inventory change.....	.9	2.6	1.8	1.5	2.0	2.0	1.8	3.2	.8	2.4	1.7	1.5	1.9	1.9	1.8	3.1
Services.....	164.2	176.2	189.3	187.7	191.2	194.6	197.9	201.1	145.2	151.7	158.7	158.0	159.4	161.6	163.2	164.7
Construction.....	50.9	56.2	56.6	56.4	56.7	57.2	57.2	57.9	44.5	48.1	47.5	47.4	47.4	47.9	48.0	48.3

¹ For quarterly data beginning in 1947, see SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS July, 1961, pages 34 and 35.

Table 4.—Relation of Gross National Product, National Income, and Personal Income (I-13)

[Billions of dollars]

	1958	1959	1960	1960			1961	
				II	III	IV	I	II
				Seasonally adjusted at annual rates				
Gross national product	444.5	482.8	504.4	506.4	505.1	504.5	500.8	516.1
Less: Capital consumption allowance.....	38.6	40.8	43.1	43.0	43.2	43.7	44.2	45.0
Equals: Net national product	405.9	442.0	461.4	463.4	461.9	460.9	456.6	471.1
Less: Indirect business tax and nontax liability.....	39.3	42.7	45.6	45.9	45.5	45.9	45.7	46.4
Business transfer payments.....	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8
Statistical discrepancy.....	-1.5	-1.7	-2.6	-2.9	-4.0	-2.9	-2.6	na
Plus: Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises.....	1.1	.4	.5	.6	.5	.5	.5	1.4
Equals: National income	367.4	399.6	417.1	419.2	419.0	416.5	412.2	na
Less: Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment.....	37.2	46.4	45.1	45.9	44.1	42.9	40.0	na
Contributions for social insurance.....	14.8	17.6	20.7	20.7	21.1	20.8	21.2	21.7
Excess of wage accruals over disbursements.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Plus: Government transfer payments to persons.....	24.5	25.4	27.3	26.8	27.5	28.8	30.1	31.0
Net interest paid by government.....	6.2	7.1	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.7	7.5	7.3
Dividends.....	12.4	13.4	14.1	14.0	14.1	14.3	14.2	14.2
Business transfer payments.....	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8
Equals: Personal income	360.3	383.3	402.2	403.1	405.1	405.4	404.7	413.2

Table 5.—Government Receipts and Expenditures (III-3, III-4)

[Billions of dollars]

	1958	1959	1960	1960			1961	
				II	III	IV	I	II
				Seasonally adjusted at annual rates				
Federal Government receipts	78.5	89.4	96.0	96.9	95.6	94.6	92.5	na
Personal tax and nontax receipts.....	36.6	39.6	43.2	43.3	43.5	43.1	42.6	43.6
Corporate profits tax accruals.....	17.7	21.9	21.2	21.8	20.3	20.0	18.6	na
Indirect business tax and nontax accruals.....	11.9	13.0	14.0	14.2	13.8	13.8	13.3	13.6
Contributions for social insurance.....	12.4	14.9	17.7	17.7	18.0	17.6	18.0	18.4
Federal Government expenditures	87.9	91.2	92.8	92.5	94.2	94.2	98.0	101.1
Purchases of goods and services.....	52.6	53.5	52.9	52.9	54.0	53.0	54.7	56.6
Transfer payments.....	21.3	22.2	23.7	23.4	24.0	25.3	26.5	27.1
To persons.....	20.0	20.6	22.2	21.8	22.4	23.7	24.8	25.7
Foreign (net).....	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.5
Grants-in-aid to State and local governments.....	5.4	6.6	6.1	6.1	6.2	6.0	7.1	6.8
Net interest paid.....	5.6	6.4	7.0	7.1	7.1	7.0	6.8	6.6
Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises.....	3.0	2.6	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	3.0	4.0
Surplus or deficit (-) on income and product account	-9.4	-1.8	3.3	4.5	1.4	.4	-5.5	na
State and local government receipts	42.0	46.5	49.2	49.2	49.4	49.7	51.4	na
Personal tax and nontax receipts.....	5.7	6.4	7.2	7.2	7.3	7.4	7.7	7.8
Corporate profits tax accruals.....	1.0	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.0	na
Indirect business tax and nontax accruals.....	27.4	29.6	31.6	31.7	31.7	32.1	32.4	32.9
Contributions for social insurance.....	2.5	2.7	3.0	3.0	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.3
Federal grants-in-aid.....	5.4	6.6	6.1	6.1	6.2	6.0	7.1	6.8
State and local government expenditures	44.1	46.9	50.6	50.1	51.3	52.0	53.8	54.2
Purchases of goods and services.....	40.8	43.6	47.2	46.8	48.0	48.6	50.3	50.6
Transfer payments to persons.....	4.5	4.8	5.1	5.0	5.0	5.1	5.3	5.4
Net interest paid.....	.6	.7	.7	.7	.7	.7	.7	.8
Less: Current surplus of government enterprises.....	1.9	2.2	2.4	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.6
Surplus or deficit (-) on income and product account	-2.1	-4.4	-1.4	-1.0	-1.9	-2.3	-2.4	na

Table 6.—Personal Consumption Expenditures by Major Type (II-6)

[Billions of dollars]

	1958	1959	1960	1960			1961	
				II	III	IV	I	II
				Seasonally adjusted at annual rates				
Goods and services, total	293.2	314.0	328.9	329.9	329.7	332.3	330.7	336.1
Durable goods, total	37.3	43.5	44.3	45.3	43.4	43.8	39.4	42.0
Automobiles and parts.....	13.9	18.1	18.6	19.3	17.8	18.6	14.8	16.7
Furniture and household equipment.....	17.4	18.9	18.8	19.0	18.7	18.3	17.8	18.3
Other.....	6.0	6.6	6.9	7.0	6.9	6.8	6.8	7.0
Nondurable goods, total	141.6	147.3	152.4	153.3	152.7	153.1	153.7	154.1
Food and beverages.....	76.6	78.0	80.1	80.6	79.9	80.8	81.1	81.4
Clothing and shoes.....	25.7	27.4	28.1	28.3	28.3	27.7	27.9	27.6
Gasoline and oil.....	10.5	11.0	11.6	11.6	11.6	11.8	11.7	11.7
Other.....	28.8	30.9	32.6	32.8	32.9	32.7	33.0	33.4
Services, total	114.3	123.2	132.2	131.2	133.6	135.4	137.5	139.9
Housing.....	37.7	39.9	42.2	41.9	42.7	43.1	43.6	44.2
Household operation.....	16.9	18.1	19.6	19.5	19.7	20.0	20.6	20.9
Transportation.....	9.2	10.0	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.7
Other.....	50.6	55.2	59.9	59.3	60.8	61.7	62.8	64.1

Table 7.—Foreign Transactions in the National Income Accounts (IV-2)

[Billions of dollars]

	1958	1959	1960	1960			1961	
				II	III	IV	I	II
				Seasonally adjusted at annual rates				
Receipts from abroad	22.7	23.1	26.7	26.7	26.8	27.6	27.6	26.4
Exports of goods and services.....	22.7	23.1	26.7	26.7	26.8	27.6	27.6	26.4
Payments to abroad	22.7	23.1	26.7	26.7	26.8	27.6	27.6	26.4
Imports of goods and services.....	21.5	23.8	23.6	24.4	23.8	22.4	22.3	22.5
Net transfer payments by Government.....	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.5
Net foreign investment.....	-1.1	-2.3	1.5	.7	1.4	3.6	3.7	2.4

Table 8.—Sources and Uses of Gross Saving (V-2)

[Billions of dollars]

	1958	1959	1960	1960			1961	
				II	III	IV	I	II
				Seasonally adjusted at annual rates				
Gross private saving	69.5	74.0	74.6	74.7	76.4	73.9	74.0	na
Personal saving.....	24.7	23.4	22.9	22.8	24.6	22.7	23.7	25.8
Undistributed corporate profits.....	6.4	10.3	8.6	9.3	7.6	7.2	5.8	na
Corporate inventory valuation adjustment.....	-3	-5	.0	-4	.9	.3	.4	na
Capital consumption allowance.....	38.6	40.8	43.1	43.0	43.2	43.7	44.2	45.0
Excess of wage accruals over disbursements.....	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
Government surplus on income and product transactions	-11.4	-2.2	1.9	3.5	-5	-1.9	-7.9	na
Federal.....	-9.4	-1.8	3.3	4.5	1.4	.4	-5.5	na
State and local.....	-2.1	-4.4	-1.4	-1.0	-1.9	-2.3	-2.4	na
Gross investment	56.6	70.1	73.9	75.3	71.9	69.1	63.5	71.3
Gross private domestic investment.....	56.6	72.4	72.4	74.6	70.5	65.6	59.8	68.8
Net foreign investment.....	-1.1	-2.3	1.5	.7	1.4	3.6	3.7	2.4
Statistical discrepancy	-1.5	-1.7	-2.6	-2.9	-4.0	-2.9	-2.6	na

Consumer Incomes Up in All Regions in 1960

PERSONAL income was at a record dollar total in each of the 50 States last year as the Nation's economy first moved ahead under the impetus of expanded demand and then turned down briefly.

For the country as a whole, individual incomes in 1960 totaled \$400 billion—\$19 billion, or 5 percent, more than in 1959. Despite a 1½ percent increase in consumer prices, real incomes were up throughout the country.

Uniformity in State rates of change from 1959 was a feature of last year's income flow. More than half of the States (28) came within 1 percentage point of the national pace. By regions, uniformity was even more pronounced.

There were five States in which the 1960 relative gain exceeded the national average by substantial margins. The largest occurred in South Dakota where farm income more than doubled, pushing the aggregate income up by one-fourth.

Next largest rates of gain from 1959 to 1960 were in Alaska and North Dakota (13 percent each), Hawaii (12 percent), and Arizona (11 percent). In North Dakota, the rise centered mainly in agriculture. In the other three States, the above-average increases reflected pervasive gains throughout most of their economies.

Although business declined in the latter part of 1960, the reduction was moderate. Individual incomes in every month of last year were higher than in the corresponding month of 1959, and total income on a seasonally-adjusted basis rose through October. The downturn that followed was comparatively mild and short-lived, and by March of 1961 personal income had recovered all of the ground lost since the prerecession October peak.

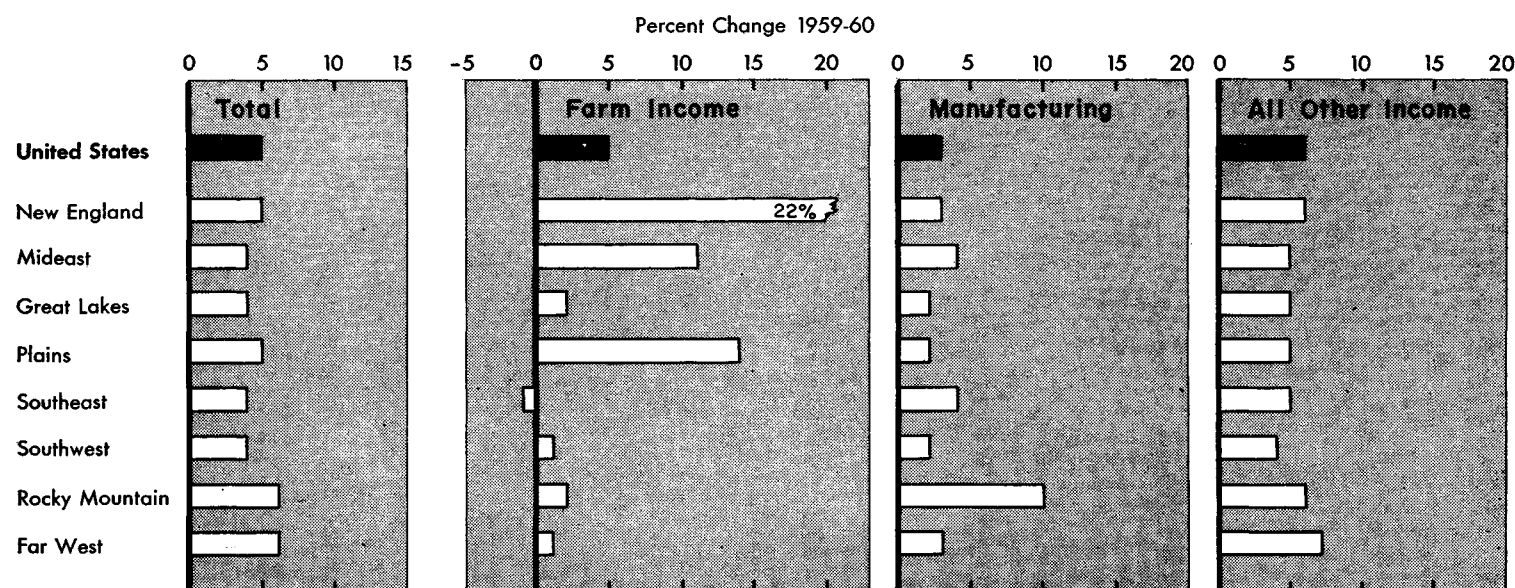
For the country as a whole, per capita personal income (total income divided by total population) amounted to \$2,223 in 1960—up \$63, or 3 percent,

from 1959. Price increases nearly counterbalanced this rise, however, and real per capita income in 1960 was only a little more than in 1959.

Average incomes in 1960 were highest in Delaware (\$2,013), the District of Columbia (\$3,008), Connecticut (\$2,863), Nevada (\$2,844), New York (\$2,789), Alaska (\$2,735), California (\$2,741), New Jersey (\$2,665), Illinois (\$2,613), and Massachusetts (\$2,519). The fact that all of these States except Alaska are located in New England, the Mideast, Great Lakes, and Far West is indicative of the concentration of high incomes in the north and west.

This article continues the series of reports on State changes in personal income published annually in the SURVEY. The estimates for 1960 presented here are revisions of the preliminary figures published in the April 1961 issue of the SURVEY. Those for 1958 and 1959 also are revisions of earlier estimates. For convenience, total in-

Regional Increases in Total Personal Income Were Generally Similar Last Year
Major Differences Came From Developments in Agriculture and Manufacturing



come for the years 1954-57 and per capita income for 1950-57 are reprinted in table 1 along with the 1958-60 data. Total and per capita income figures for earlier years may be found in the Personal Income supplement to the SURVEY.¹

Industrial Developments

Nationally, income in all major industries advanced from 1959 to 1960. As indicated in the chart, State differences in rates of total income change last year stemmed mainly from developments in farming and manufacturing, although variations in other industries also had an impact.

Farm income volatile

On a national basis, farm income totaled 4 percent more in 1960 than in 1959—a somewhat smaller increase than the average of all nonfarm components. By States and regions, income from agriculture showed the widest variations in rates of change. These ranged from drops of one-tenth in several major agricultural States to a more than doubling in South Dakota—the latter in part a recovery from the previous year's decline in wheat production. There were reductions in 18 States and increases in 30; in 7, the decline was 10 percent or more; in 14, the gains exceeded 15 percent.

The influence of farming on changes in total income in 1960 shows most clearly in the Plains region. Five of the seven States in this area experienced exceptionally large gains in farm income last year, and 3 of these—South Dakota, North Dakota, and Nebraska—were among the top half-dozen States in the Nation in terms of relative increase in total income. On the other hand, declines in income from agriculture were primary factors in the limited gains in aggregate income in Iowa and Missouri.

Except in the last two States, there

were gains in most types of farming in the Plains, but the bulk of the net income rise came from a step-up of more than one-third in the value of wheat production. In all States of the region, gross income from meat animals declined, while in Iowa and Missouri lower wheat production pushed the total value of crops in 1960 below that in 1959.

Elsewhere agricultural developments with discernible effect on the total income flow included an increase in income from tobacco farming in North Carolina; a spurt of two-thirds in cash

receipts from potatoes in Maine; increased production of crops generally in Oklahoma; sharp increases in wheat production in Oklahoma, Texas, Ohio, and Indiana; a decline in the value of cotton production in the States of the "old" cotton belt; and reductions in income from cattle and calves in most States as 1960 prices fell short of those in 1959.

Manufacturing a limiting factor

For the country as a whole, earnings of persons engaged in manufacturing increased 3 percent from 1959 to 1960, half the rate of increase in nonmanu-

Table 1.—Changes in Total and Per Capita Personal Income, by States and Regions, Selected Years, 1950-60¹

State and region	Total personal income				Per capita personal income		
	Percent of United States			Percent change 1959 to 1960	Percent of United States		Percent change 1959 to 1960
	1950	1957	1960		1957	1960	
United States	100.00	100.00	100.00	5	100	100	3
New England	6.73	6.54	6.51	5	112	111	3
Maine.....	.48	.46	.46	7	82	85	6
New Hampshire.....	.31	.31	.32	6	91	93	5
Vermont.....	.20	.18	.18	5	81	84	3
Massachusetts.....	3.45	3.25	3.25	5	114	113	3
Rhode Island.....	.57	.49	.48	3	97	100	3
Connecticut.....	1.72	1.85	1.82	5	137	129	3
Mideast	26.36	25.40	24.98	4	117	117	3
New York.....	12.43	11.81	11.73	4	124	125	3
New Jersey.....	3.86	4.07	4.06	5	124	120	3
Pennsylvania.....	7.30	6.75	6.42	4	105	102	3
Delaware.....	.31	.35	.34	5	141	136	3
Maryland.....	1.67	1.83	1.86	5	108	108	3
District of Columbia.....	.79	.59	.57	4	139	135	5
Great Lakes	22.51	22.50	21.56	4	110	107	2
Michigan.....	4.79	4.85	4.56	4	110	104	3
Ohio.....	5.72	5.99	5.69	4	110	105	2
Indiana.....	2.66	2.64	2.55	5	99	98	4
Illinois.....	7.10	6.87	6.61	3	122	118	2
Wisconsin.....	2.24	2.15	2.15	4	96	98	2
Plains	8.80	8.05	7.99	5	91	93	4
Minnesota.....	1.86	1.77	1.76	6	91	92	4
Iowa.....	1.68	1.46	1.38	2	91	90	2
Missouri.....	2.53	2.38	2.38	3	95	99	2
North Dakota.....	.35	.27	.28	13	73	78	12
South Dakota.....	.35	.31	.31	23	78	83	23
Nebraska.....	.86	.76	.75	8	92	95	7
Kansas.....	1.17	1.10	1.13	5	88	93	4
Southeast	15.17	15.42	15.64	4	71	72	3
Virginia.....	1.78	1.83	1.84	4	82	83	3
West Virginia.....	.98	.88	.78	2	80	75	2
Kentucky.....	1.36	1.20	1.18	3	70	69	2
Tennessee.....	1.46	1.39	1.38	3	68	70	2
North Carolina.....	1.82	1.71	1.80	6	66	71	5
South Carolina.....	.83	.81	.84	6	59	63	5
Georgia.....	1.56	1.56	1.59	5	69	72	3
Florida.....	1.61	2.23	2.48	6	80	89	1
Alabama.....	1.18	1.21	1.20	4	65	66	3
Mississippi.....	.71	.61	.64	3	48	53	2
Louisiana.....	1.30	1.40	1.31	2	76	72	0
Arkansas.....	.68	.59	.60	2	56	60	1
Southwest	6.50	6.80	6.80	4	87	86	2
Oklahoma.....	1.11	1.07	1.08	5	80	83	3
Texas.....	4.61	4.75	4.63	3	89	87	1
New Mexico.....	.35	.40	.43	2	79	81	1
Arizona.....	.43	.58	.66	11	88	90	5
Rocky Mountain	2.23	2.26	2.28	6	92	95	4
Montana.....	.42	.37	.34	4	94	91	2
Idaho.....	.34	.31	.30	2	82	81	0
Wyoming.....	.21	.19	.19	6	98	105	4
Colorado.....	.86	.97	1.02	8	97	104	6
Utah.....	.40	.42	.43	6	85	86	3
Far West	11.70	13.03	13.72	6	117	119	3
Washington.....	1.77	1.67	1.66	4	104	104	3
Oregon.....	1.09	.97	1.00	4	96	102	3
Nevada.....	.14	.19	.20	8	123	128	5
California.....	8.70	10.20	10.86	6	122	123	3
Alaska.....	.14	.15	.16	13	117	123	7
Hawaii.....	.31	.31	.36	12	94	102	7

¹ Computed from tables 1 and 2.

1. "Personal Income by States Since 1929" is available from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington 25, D.C., or from the Department's Field Offices at \$1.50 per copy. The text of the report provides complete explanations of the concept, statistical derivation, and reliability of the estimates, as well as an analysis of geographic income shifts over the period. The Personal Income supplement also contains detailed breakdowns of income in each State according to type and industrial source for the years 1929-53. Details for 1954-56 may be found in the August 1959 SURVEY; for 1957 in the August 1960 SURVEY, and for 1958-60 in tables 4-70 of this issue.

facturing income. The national increase reflected recovery from the 1957-58 recession; the upswing following the 1959 steel strike and its secondary effects; and the 1960 business decline which centered in a slide in durable goods production. Because of State differentials in manufacturing, the impact of these developments varied throughout the country.

In New England, the Midcast, and the Great Lakes the relative smallness of the gain in manufacturing income retarded significantly the overall income

rise. Because of the lesser importance of factory production in the economy of the Plains, Southwest, and Far West, the comparatively small increase in manufacturing activity in each of these regions had limited effect on total income. By contrast, a rise of one-tenth in factory earnings in the Rocky Mountain States—centering in Colorado and Utah and noted below—reinforced the upswing in nonmanufacturing income there even though these are the least industrialized States in the country. In the Southeast, income from manu-

facturing increased at the same rate as that in other industries, generally.

Approximately one-half of the Nation's income from manufacturing is derived from six major industries, and many of the 1959-60 State changes can be explained largely by changes in the wages and salaries paid out by these groups.

Payrolls increased 3 percent on a national basis in those industries producing primary and fabricated metals and nonelectrical machinery. They declined 4 percent in aircraft production.

Table II.—Percent Changes in Industrial Sources of Personal Income, by States and Regions, 1959-60 ¹

State and region	Broad industrial sources of income						Income received by persons for participation in current production									
	Total personal income	Farm income	Non-farm income	Government income disbursements			Private nonfarm income	All private nonfarm industries	Mining	Contract construction	Manufacturing	Wholesale and retail trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Transportation	Communications and public utilities	Services
				Total	Federal	State and local										
United States	5	4	5	7	6	8	4	4	0	2	3	5	6	2	5	7
New England	5	22	5	7	8	6	5	5	3	3	3	7	6	2	5	9
Maine.....	7	76	5	8	8	7	4	4	0	-4	5	5	4	3	5	9
New Hampshire.....	6	6	6	6	6	7	6	6	0	15	3	9	5	4	4	10
Vermont.....	5	5	5	4	3	6	5	5	0	8	3	6	5	0	0	11
Massachusetts.....	5	10	5	7	9	4	5	5	0	2	3	7	6	2	5	9
Rhode Island.....	3	0	3	2	-2	11	4	4	0	7	1	6	4	2	0	8
Connecticut.....	5	6	5	9	11	7	5	5	17	3	3	7	6	4	6	9
Midcast	4	11	4	6	4	8	4	4	-4	1	4	4	4	4	5	7
New York.....	4	7	4	5	4	7	4	4	0	1	3	4	4	4	5	7
New Jersey.....	5	11	5	6	5	7	5	5	-4	6	4	8	5	5	7	8
Pennsylvania.....	4	11	4	6	4	10	3	4	-5	-1	5	3	5	0	4	6
Delaware.....	5	23	5	7	7	8	4	5	0	-8	6	4	3	18	5	7
Maryland.....	5	25	5	6	5	12	4	5	7	1	3	5	6	5	2	8
District of Columbia.....	4		4	4	3	9	4	5		-2	0	6	3	1	-3	7
Great Lakes	4	2	4	8	7	8	3	3	2	3	2	4	6	2	3	6
Michigan.....	4	0	4	7	7	8	4	4	17	1	4	4	5	3	2	6
Ohio.....	4	16	4	9	8	9	3	3	1	-2	2	5	6	4	4	7
Indiana.....	5	18	5	8	6	9	4	4	0	11	3	4	6	1	5	8
Illinois.....	3	-5	3	8	7	9	3	2	-3	3	0	4	6	1	3	6
Wisconsin.....	3	-10	4	6	7	6	4	4	10	7	2	5	6	2	5	8
Plains	5	14	4	7	7	6	4	4	6	4	2	3	7	1	4	8
Minnesota.....	6	16	5	6	5	6	5	5	29	4	4	4	7	2	6	8
Iowa.....	2	-9	4	7	8	6	3	3	0	4	0	3	8	1	3	10
Missouri.....	3	-6	3	6	6	6	3	3	3	-2	2	3	5	2	2	8
North Dakota.....	13	58	5	12	15	9	2	1	-23	-7	-3	0	10	0	18	9
South Dakota.....	23	133	6	5	4	5	7	7	-8	22	-2	4	9	3	13	8
Nebraska.....	8	13	8	8	9	7	8	9	8	28	8	6	8	-1	7	11
Kansas.....	5	21	3	7	7	7	2	2	-6	1	-1	2	7	0	2	6
Southeast	4	-1	4	6	5	8	4	4	-2	2	4	4	7	1	6	7
Virginia.....	4	11	4	3	2	9	5	5	-5	3	6	6	5	1	6	7
West Virginia.....	2	10	1	3	4	2	1	1	-6	-4	3	2	4	4	1	4
Kentucky.....	3	-1	3	7	6	9	2	2	1	-2	2	3	6	1	4	6
Tennessee.....	3	-12	4	4	3	6	4	4	-3	4	4	4	8	1	5	6
North Carolina.....	6	16	6	6	7	5	5	6	7	5	4	5	8	2	8	11
South Carolina.....	6	7	6	5	4	7	6	7	0	13	6	5	8	-4	6	11
Georgia.....	5	7	4	6	5	8	4	4	0	2	2	4	9	3	7	7
Florida.....	6	-10	7	7	6	10	7	7	12	1	9	7	8	1	11	9
Alabama.....	4	2	4	8	7	8	3	3	9	3	1	4	2	1	6	5
Mississippi.....	3	-11	5	9	9	9	3	3	0	-5	2	4	9	1	5	7
Louisiana.....	2	-10	2	5	3	8	2	1	-3	-6	1	2	5	2	3	6
Arkansas.....	2	-9	4	2	1	5	5	5	-9	14	5	3	7	2	5	7
Southwest	4	1	4	6	5	7	3	3	0	2	2	3	7	2	4	7
Oklahoma.....	5	30	3	5	5	5	2	2	-5	3	0	3	9	3	2	5
Texas.....	3	-5	3	6	6	6	2	2	-2	0	1	2	7	2	4	6
New Mexico.....	2	-8	3	6	5	8	2	2	7	-9	2	3	5	2	4	4
Arizona.....	11	9	11	8	4	15	6	12	22	19	9	10	12	1	11	14
Rocky Mountain	6	2	6	7	7	7	6	7	3	6	10	5	7	0	4	10
Montana.....	4	4	4	7	11	3	2	2	0	-1	5	1	7	-2	3	7
Idaho.....	2	-6	3	6	9	3	2	2	-27	3	1	3	6	-2	4	5
Wyoming.....	6	-15	9	8	9	6	9	11	0	30	10	14	10	2	6	5
Colorado.....	8	17	8	8	6	10	8	8	7	8	12	6	7	1	5	14
Utah.....	6	-8	6	6	5	8	6	7	10	-3	16	5	7	2	2	8
Far West	6	1	6	10	8	12	5	5	0	2	3	6	7	3	5	9
Washington.....	4	20	4	5	6	4	3	3	8	4	1	3	5	2	7	7
Oregon.....	4	-1	4	8	8	10	3	3	0	3	0	3	6	1	4	7
Nevada.....	8	-27	9	7	7	9	10	10	15	12	3	4	8	3	11	16
California.....	6	-1	6	11	9	13	5	6	-2	1	4	7	8	3	5	9
Alaska.....	13	50	13	10	8	30	16	18	-18	4	26	32	17	10	57	18
Hawaii.....	12	7	12	7	8	4	16	18	0	32	9	15	26	0	14	27

These changes were primarily responsible for the smallness of the rise in total manufacturing in the Great Lakes, Plains, and Southwest. In contrast, there were gains of 6 and 8 percent, respectively, in payrolls of auto and electrical machinery producers. The spurt in auto production was concentrated in Michigan and was the main factor in that State's comparatively favorable manufacturing experience last year—the best in the Great Lakes region, and one of the best among major industrial States.

The 8-percent advance in payrolls of manufacturers of electrical machinery focused on California where a rise of more than \$200 million in 1960 approximately matched the payroll declines in that State's large aircraft industry.

Expansion of electrical machinery production in Massachusetts and of nonelectrical machinery in Connecticut did much to boost overall factory payrolls in New England, although, on balance, these gains did not offset the sluggishness of the payroll rise elsewhere in New England's factory economy.

In a number of States the course of manufacturing last year was dominated by developments in a single industry. In Rhode Island, a decline in textiles; in Kansas, slackened aircraft production; in Montana, and Idaho, decreased payrolls in lumbering; in Colorado, a speedup in the aircraft industry; and in Delaware, a spurt in chemical production. In contrast, the sizable factory payroll gains in Utah (17 percent) and Arizona (9 percent) were broadly based with payrolls advancing in seven of the eight major manufacturing industries in these two States.

Government income disbursements

Government income disbursements gave buoyancy to the income flow in 1960. The total paid directly to individuals by Federal, State, and local governments increased \$5 billion, or 7 percent, from 1959 to 1960, the largest advance in any major component. There was uniformity in rates of change among regions, with only the Far West scoring a gain appreciably different from the national figure. There, government added \$1 billion to the area's

income flow and accounted directly for one-third of that region's top-ranking income rise.

Largest increases in government income payments from 1959 to 1960—all approximately one-tenth—were scored in California, Ohio, Oregon, Mississippi, and North Dakota. In each, wages and salaries paid government employees was a primary factor. In California and Ohio, the advance was concentrated in State and local agencies. In Mississippi and Oregon, both Federal civilian and State and local payrolls increased; while in North Dakota, a sharp rise in military pay provided the major impetus.

Conversely, in Rhode Island, Arkansas, Virginia, West Virginia, Vermont, Tennessee, and the District of Columbia, declines in military payrolls, together with only limited gains in Federal civilian pay—in part a reflection of the curtailment in military activities—held the advances in total government income disbursements to below-average proportions.

Factors other than payrolls introduced some irregularities into the flow of government income disbursements last year. In Pennsylvania and Illinois, payments of bonuses to veterans expanded sharply. In Iowa, Minnesota, and Montana, completion of veterans' bonus payments in 1959, or their sharp reduction in 1960, had a dampening impact on government income.

In a half-dozen States changes in unemployment benefits had substantial influence on the flow of total income. In California and Ohio, UI disbursements were up \$150 million and \$65 million, respectively. In addition to legislative actions relating to the duration and rates of benefits, unemployment rose sharply in both States as aircraft production in California and auto and auto-parts manufacturing in Ohio were curtailed.

Sizable reductions in UI disbursements in New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, West Virginia, and Illinois reflected both the exhaustion of benefit rights by many persons, as well as a lower volume of payments in these industrial States as the Temporary Unemployment Compensation Act of 1958 terminated in early 1959.

Changes in other industries

Nationally, earnings of persons engaged in mining in 1960 were little changed over the previous year; this, however, represented an "averaging-out" of significant changes in several of the major mining States. There were declines in coal and petroleum-producing States and significant gains in those with a concentration of mining and quarrying other than fuel. Minnesota scored a top-ranking gain of nearly one-third in income from mining as iron ore shipments almost doubled the strike-affected levels of 1959.

In most regions the increase in construction earnings paralleled the national advance of 3 percent. By States, however, disbursements in this industry exhibited wide variations ranging from a decline of nearly one-tenth in North Dakota to an increase of almost one-third in Wyoming.

An increase in roadbuilding projects was a primary factor in the expansion of construction income in South Dakota, Nebraska, Arkansas, and Nevada. In Alaska, outlays for highway construction more than doubled, providing a partial offset to declines in nonhighway construction due to completion of defense projects. Conversely, termination of roadbuilding projects in the latter part of 1959 and 1960 appreciably retarded the flow of income from construction in Pennsylvania, North Dakota, Kentucky, and Kansas.

Income of persons engaged in the numerous trade and service establishments registered a top-ranking gain of 6 percent. The rise was broadly based and although most States conformed closely to the uniform regional pattern, noteworthy gains ranging from one-tenth to one-fifth were scored by the tourist-oriented areas of Nevada, Arizona, Florida, Hawaii, and the District of Columbia.

The economy in early 1961

Last year's business decline did not manifest itself in the personal income flow until late in 1960, and hence, its geographic impact is blurred in the comparisons involving calendar years 1960 and 1959 which have formed the bulk of this report.

Because recent period changes in the

Tables 28-51.—Personal Income

[Millions of dollars]

Line	Item	Table 28.—Missouri			Table 29.—North Dakota			Table 30.—South Dakota			Table 31.—Nebraska			Table 32.—Kansas		
		1958	1959	1960	1958	1959	1960	1958	1959	1960	1958	1959	1960	1958	1959	1960
1	Personal Income.....	8,666	9,250	9,522	1,049	976	1,104	1,124	1,020	1,256	2,736	2,757	2,988	4,247	4,302	4,504
2	Wage and salary disbursements.....	5,530	5,989	6,179	500	539	562	512	551	578	1,419	1,550	1,675	2,404	2,514	2,570
3	Farms.....	57	54	50	34	32	34	24	22	20	42	44	47	43	41	43
4	Mining.....	35	35	36	12	12	9	12	12	12	10	12	12	81	83	77
5	Bituminous and other soft coal mining.....	5	5	5	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
6	Crude petroleum and natural gas.....	1	1	(³)	1	1	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	6	5	5	71	72	67
7	Mining and quarrying, except fuel.....	29	29	30	1	1	1	12	12	12	4	5	5	8	9	8
8	Contract construction.....	315	355	347	50	57	53	41	50	60	90	108	137	160	169	170
9	Manufacturing.....	1,732	1,931	1,972	25	27	26	52	60	59	254	283	306	590	612	605
10	Wholesale and retail trade.....	1,158	1,235	1,277	130	138	138	118	127	133	307	329	353	418	449	463
11	Finance, insurance, and real estate.....	270	292	307	19	21	24	20	22	25	87	93	100	83	90	96
12	Banking and other finances.....	112	122	130	10	11	12	11	12	14	33	36	39	42	47	50
13	Insurance and real estate.....	159	169	177	9	11	12	9	10	11	54	58	61	41	43	45
14	Transportation.....	454	485	495	46	48	47	27	30	31	137	146	144	205	216	216
15	Railroads.....	204	209	203	36	36	36	13	13	13	89	90	87	147	154	153
16	Highway freight and warehousing.....	143	166	176	8	9	9	11	14	14	34	38	38	38	43	44
17	Other transportation.....	107	111	115	3	3	3	2	3	4	14	18	19	19	20	19
18	Communications and public utilities.....	198	211	216	18	20	24	20	21	23	48	51	54	84	88	91
19	Telephone, telegraph, and other communications.....	102	110	113	9	10	13	10	11	12	34	36	38	38	40	41
20	Electric, gas, and other public utilities.....	96	101	103	9	10	10	10	10	11	14	15	16	47	48	50
21	Services.....	537	579	626	54	59	64	50	55	58	142	154	170	201	217	229
22	Hotels and other lodging places.....	30	32	34	3	3	4	3	3	3	8	9	9	8	8	9
23	Personal services and private households.....	126	129	136	10	10	9	10	10	9	30	30	31	53	54	54
24	Business and repair services.....	78	88	100	3	4	4	3	2	3	15	17	24	10	21	22
25	Amusement and recreation.....	29	32	34	2	2	2	3	3	3	8	8	8	11	11	12
26	Professional, social, and related services.....	273	290	322	36	40	45	32	36	39	80	90	98	110	122	132
27	Government.....	765	804	845	112	124	144	147	151	156	301	327	349	535	545	577
28	Federal, civilian.....	237	242	256	26	29	30	40	42	45	76	78	84	117	112	120
29	Federal, military.....	133	142	140	8	15	24	29	31	26	60	68	72	153	156	157
30	State and local.....	395	420	450	78	81	89	78	79	84	165	180	193	265	278	300
31	Other industries.....	7	8	8	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	3	3	3	4	4
32	Other labor income.....	267	225	234	16	17	18	16	17	18	44	48	52	90	97	104
33	Proprietors' income.....	1,360	1,372	1,370	374	248	339	412	255	452	794	647	718	975	864	957
34	Farm.....	510	457	431	260	126	216	285	115	302	499	327	371	498	357	440
35	Nonfarm.....	850	916	939	114	122	123	127	140	150	295	320	347	478	507	517
36	Property income.....	1,084	1,161	1,226	105	115	125	128	139	150	357	386	414	574	613	649
37	Transfer payments.....	648	688	732	72	77	81	77	85	90	170	184	197	278	300	324
38	Less: Personal contributions for social insurance.....	162	187	219	18	20	22	22	26	31	47	53	68	73	85	99

[Millions of dollars]

Line	Item	Table 40.—Georgia			Table 41.—Florida			Table 42.—Alabama			Table 43.—Mississippi			Table 44.—Louisiana		
		1958	1959	1960	1958	1959	1960	1958	1959	1960	1958	1959	1960	1958	1959	1960
1	Personal Income.....	5,676	6,075	6,349	8,481	9,398	9,938	4,382	4,602	4,785	2,281	2,493	2,557	4,929	5,145	5,245
2	Wage and salary disbursements.....	3,838	4,187	4,370	5,112	5,633	6,008	2,911	3,115	3,246	1,355	1,467	1,540	3,264	3,379	3,441
3	Farms.....	57	62	59	100	109	111	30	34	34	49	50	49	46	48	43
4	Mining.....	19	22	22	36	38	42	60	62	66	23	29	29	247	262	255
5	Bituminous and other soft coal mining.....	(³)	(³)	(³)	2	2	2	37	40	43	2	2	2	228	243	236
6	Crude petroleum and natural gas.....	19	21	22	34	36	40	21	20	22	2	2	2	18	19	19
7	Mining and quarrying, except fuel.....	192	222	214	528	578	578	157	166	170	81	87	82	276	260	243
8	Contract construction.....	1,086	1,226	1,246	666	796	873	906	968	982	363	388	396	627	649	659
9	Manufacturing.....	727	788	831	1,156	1,275	1,371	448	488	512	222	244	257	601	638	654
10	Wholesale and retail trade.....	181	200	217	296	341	374	122	135	137	40	56	60	131	142	149
11	Finance, insurance, and real estate.....	69	79	89	103	122	138	41	45	49	22	26	29	57	62	66
12	Banking and other finances.....	112	121	129	193	219	236	81	90	88	26	29	32	74	80	83
13	Insurance and real estate.....	228	246	254	300	327	328	145	146	148	60	64	65	238	246	251
14	Transportation.....	109	107	106	93	93	90	69	65	64	31	32	32	77	76	73
15	Railroads.....	69	82	85	54	63	68	38	44	46	19	21	22	44	48	48
16	Highway freight and warehousing.....	50	58	63	152	171	170	38	37	38	9	10	12	118	122	130
17	Other transportation.....	114	123	131	142	158	174	84	92	98	48	51	54	119	126	131
18	Communications and public utilities.....	67	72	78	92	101	113	40	43	46	22	24	25	52	55	56
19	Telephone, telegraph, and other communications.....	48	51	54	50	57	61	45	49	53	26	28	29	67	71	75
20	Electric, gas, and other public utilities.....	350	370	395	714	774	854	263	285	300	133	141	152	344	361	383
21	Services.....	16	17	18	95	100	101	9	10	11	8	8	9	18	19	19
22	Hotels and other lodging places.....	148	150	157	242	252	284	109	110	114	59	61	64	119	120	123
23	Personal services and private households.....	44	53	58	102	100	111	46	56	56	12	13	15	44	48	53
24	Business and repair services.....	15	17	19	46	51	57	8	9	10	4	4	5	17	17	18
25	Amusement and recreation.....	128	132	143	228	271	302	91	101	110	50	54	59	146	157	170
26	Professional, social, and related services.....	859	917	970	1,144	1,205	1,268	691	735	792	322	352	387	626	637	661
27	Government.....	269	283	298	253	263	280	302	318	355	80	82	92	118	115	122
28	Federal, civilian.....	279	290	297	367	362	345	120	118	120	77	93	102	138	121	106
29	Federal, military.....	312	344	375	524	579	643	269	299	318	165	177	194	369	402	433
30	State and local.....	23	22	29	32	32	34	4	4	5	6	6	8	10	10	12
31	Other industries.....	120	134	143	138	156	174	114	125	128	50	55	58	146	159	159
32	Other labor income.....	864	850	888	1,281	1,445	1,439	694	671	685	508	583	550	648	679	668
33	Proprietors' income.....	303	246	270	323	398	345	274	221	226	233	288	251	164	176	160
34	Farm.....	560	604	618	957	1,047	1,094	419	450	459	276	295	290	484	503	508
35	Nonfarm.....	544	584	623	1,407	1,558	1,673	384	412	439	198	212	227	556	589	622
36	Property income.....	417	443	467	684	773	841	372	384	410	215	230	246	402	435	465
37	Transfer payments.....	106	124	143	141	166	197	92	105	123	46	54	64	86	96	111
38	Less: Personal contributions for social insurance.....															

Table 63.—Broad Industrial Sources of Personal Income, by States and Regions, 1960

Table 70.—Industrial Sources of Civilian Income Received by Persons for Participation in Current Production, by States and Regions, 1960¹

(Millions of dollars)

	Table 63					Table 70												
State and region	Total personal income	Farm income ¹	Government income disbursements ²		Private nonfarm income ³	Total	Farms	Mining	Contract construction	Manufacturing	Wholesale and retail trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Transportation	Communications and public utilities	Services	Government ²	Other	
			Federal	State and local														
United States.....	400,002	14,736	44,979	29,427	310,860	319,344	14,951	4,349	21,038	94,589	62,385	16,247	15,922	8,953	41,666	38,207	1,037	
New England.....	26,061	301	2,956	1,709	21,095	20,118	305	30	1,181	7,627	3,634	1,129	633	568	2,822	2,095	94	
Maine.....	1,851	97	280	127	1,347	1,387	98	2	95	440	261	50	60	40	152	173	16	
New Hampshire.....	1,263	18	180	79	986	966	18	1	63	372	162	43	28	28	125	123	3	
Vermont.....	727	44	78	57	548	570	45	6	40	162	109	23	26	15	78	65	1	
Massachusetts.....	13,016	66	1,610	888	10,452	10,001	67	13	538	3,613	1,876	578	328	292	1,544	1,109	43	
Rhode Island.....	1,909	8	295	141	1,465	1,406	8	1	81	538	265	72	44	42	168	182	5	
Connecticut.....	7,295	68	513	417	6,297	5,788	69	7	364	2,502	961	363	147	151	755	443	26	
Mideast.....	99,988	959	10,593	6,891	81,545	79,596	974	481	4,509	25,596	15,676	4,666	4,028	2,375	11,679	9,423	189	
New York.....	46,927	373	3,897	3,689	38,968	37,174	379	72	1,959	10,381	8,243	2,796	1,821	1,171	6,087	4,180	85	
New Jersey.....	16,256	131	1,482	955	13,688	13,370	133	25	860	5,168	2,431	642	681	376	1,829	1,196	29	
Pennsylvania.....	25,700	311	2,718	1,569	21,102	20,459	316	368	1,101	8,107	3,525	845	1,095	601	2,497	1,961	43	
Delaware.....	1,353	38	109	67	1,139	976	38	(3)	72	430	142	35	52	20	106	79	2	
Maryland.....	7,460	106	1,423	497	5,434	5,980	108	16	452	1,464	1,104	287	305	170	813	1,235	26	
District of Columbia.....	2,292		964	114	1,214	1,637			65	46	231	61	74	37	347	772	4	
Great Lakes.....	86,225	2,188	7,272	5,762	71,003	71,195	2,219	501	4,220	28,377	12,995	2,943	3,417	1,838	7,853	6,684	148	
Michigan.....	18,225	305	1,390	1,425	15,105	15,093	309	103	797	6,842	2,539	498	496	402	1,583	1,504	20	
Ohio.....	22,778	411	2,011	1,398	18,958	18,782	417	133	1,056	7,920	3,293	729	964	464	2,012	1,745	49	
Indiana.....	10,192	423	860	659	8,250	8,604	429	63	494	3,603	1,492	330	411	214	770	777	21	
Illinois.....	26,425	621	2,316	1,686	21,802	21,731	630	179	1,429	7,336	4,393	1,120	1,259	581	2,753	2,006	45	
Wisconsin.....	8,605	428	695	594	6,888	6,985	434	23	444	2,676	1,278	266	287	177	735	652	13	
Plains.....	31,941	3,143	3,438	2,323	23,037	25,475	3,188	296	1,872	5,443	5,319	1,201	1,616	724	3,005	2,746	65	
Minnesota.....	7,036	522	626	585	5,303	5,709	530	115	465	1,293	1,173	283	369	153	670	641	17	
Iowa.....	5,531	694	543	401	3,893	4,399	703	18	288	971	910	192	210	121	521	448	17	
Missouri.....	9,522	475	990	586	7,471	7,626	482	40	505	2,107	1,627	389	551	237	964	708	16	
North Dakota.....	1,104	246	141	100	617	892	250	10	71	28	206	34	53	26	93	120	1	
South Dakota.....	1,256	317	169	96	674	1,017	322	12	94	62	201	36	37	26	95	130	2	
Nebraska.....	2,988	413	378	212	1,985	2,368	418	14	189	326	509	128	159	60	282	278	5	
Kansas.....	4,504	476	591	343	3,094	3,464	483	87	260	656	693	139	237	101	380	421	7	
Southeast.....	62,480	3,689	9,098	4,812	44,881	49,287	3,742	1,158	3,454	11,947	9,735	2,365	2,492	1,329	6,068	6,793	204	
Virginia.....	7,351	259	1,690	468	4,934	5,835	263	78	376	1,226	1,108	253	339	150	746	1,268	28	
West Virginia.....	3,109	57	352	225	2,475	2,504	58	359	120	726	404	77	163	107	246	241	3	
Kentucky.....	4,702	341	700	337	3,324	3,660	346	175	252	948	662	132	209	102	409	417	8	
Tennessee.....	5,522	276	673	420	4,153	4,497	280	31	279	1,369	899	200	224	88	548	573	6	
North Carolina.....	7,184	670	852	518	5,144	5,824	679	15	348	1,884	1,059	228	242	123	619	609	18	
South Carolina.....	3,341	211	535	236	2,350	2,628	214	5	174	912	445	116	70	56	290	340	6	
Georgia.....	6,349	325	935	469	4,620	5,087	329	24	330	1,332	1,101	268	275	144	573	676	35	
Florida.....	9,938	449	1,325	717	7,447	7,259	457	47	787	933	1,751	565	355	191	1,197	926	50	
Alabama.....	4,785	257	788	398	3,342	3,922	260	76	254	1,064	716	171	162	107	428	676	8	
Mississippi.....	2,557	296	394	243	1,624	2,033	300	37	123	430	406	84	73	59	225	286	10	
Louisiana.....	5,245	200	521	587	3,937	4,150	203	282	299	740	851	198	273	144	584	556	20	
Arkansas.....	2,397	348	333	194	1,522	1,888	353	29	112	383	333	73	107	58	203	225	12	
Southwest.....	27,200	1,736	3,501	2,097	19,866	21,528	1,760	1,295	1,681	3,504	4,547	1,118	1,177	698	2,810	2,869	69	
Oklahoma.....	4,312	322	642	386	2,962	3,356	327	272	242	442	693	163	171	108	416	508	14	
Texas.....	18,508	1,108	2,239	1,284	13,877	14,592	1,123	808	1,034	2,695	3,200	770	875	458	1,839	1,744	46	
New Mexico.....	1,730	108	294	186	1,142	1,400	110	111	131	92	244	69	62	54	235	288	4	
Arizona.....	2,650	198	326	241	1,885	2,180	200	104	274	275	410	116	69	78	320	329	5	
Rocky Mountain.....	9,138	670	1,192	785	6,491	7,283	680	307	666	1,080	1,487	331	464	223	903	1,137	(3) 5	
Montana.....	1,368	178	188	119	883	1,073	180	50	78	115	202	47	88	33	122	158		
Idaho.....	1,205	161	148	99	797	974	163	16	76	154	193	36	58	29	118	129	2	
Wyoming.....	775	68	81	66	560	620	70	58	90	46	104	23	62	17	63	87		
Colorado.....	4,079	208	514	358	2,999	3,179	211	96	304	501	703	160	169	103	446	484	2	
Utah.....	1,711	55	261	143	1,252	1,437	56	87	118	264	285	65	87	41	154	279	1	
Far West.....	54,898	1,953	6,288	4,884	41,773	43,352	1,987	271	3,281	10,882	8,703	2,437	2,012	1,144	6,329	6,064	242	
Washington.....	6,626	270	945	579	4,832	5,193	274	13	388	1,352	1,065	271	291	117	615	779	28	
Oregon.....	4,005	187	413	339	3,066	3,232	190	8	238	816	700	154	188	98	406	424	10	
Nevada.....	819	19	98	61	641	672	20	23	73	31	126	28	38	20	222	90	1	
California.....	43,448	1,477	4,832	3,905	33,234	34,255	1,503	227	2,582	8,683	6,812	1,984	1,495	909	5,086	4,771	203	
Alaska.....	629	3	257	48	321	444	2	9	53	29	75	14	33	22	45	146	16	
Hawaii.....	1,442	94	384	116	848	1,066	94	1	121	104	214	43	50	32	152	250	5	

Footnotes to Table 63:

1. Consists of net income of farm proprietors, farm wages, and farm "other" labor income, less personal contributions under the OASI program.

2. Consists of income disbursed directly to persons by the Federal and State and local governments. Comprises wages and salaries (net of employee contributions for social insurance), other labor income, interest and transfer payments.

3. Equals total personal income less farm income and government income disbursements.

Note: United States totals include Alaska and Hawaii.

Footnotes to Table 70:

1. Consists of wage and salary disbursements, other labor income, and proprietors' income.

2. Does not include earnings of military personnel.

3. Less than \$500,000.

Note: United States totals include Alaska and Hawaii.

United States Assets and Investments Abroad

Private Capital Outflow at Peak in 1960
Earnings Score Broad Advance

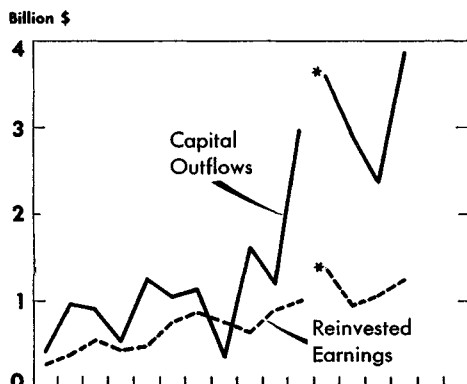
UNITED STATES business concerns and other private investors, responding to continued economic growth in many countries and to possibilities for invest-

ing liquid funds profitably abroad, added over \$5 billion to their assets and investments abroad in 1960, raising their total holdings to more than \$50 billion.

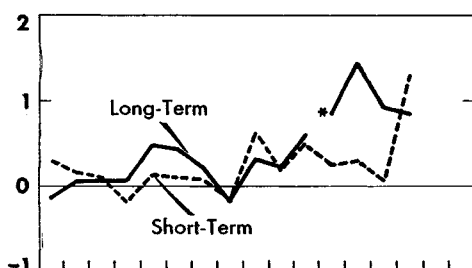
tries in 1960, and in nearly all countries. Aggregate earnings rose by 8 percent to about \$3.5 billion, nearly equal to the peak reached in 1957. Of this total, foreign subsidiaries retained abroad about \$1¼ billion, up from \$1.1 billion in 1959.

Private Capital Outflows Reached a Postwar High in 1960

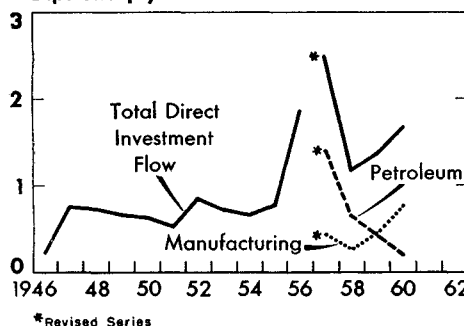
Reinvested Earnings Continued Strong



Short-Term Capital Outflows Accounted for Most of 1959 to 1960 Upturn



Direct Investment Flow Raised by Manufacturing Investments; Petroleum Dips Sharply



U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics 61-8-10

Direct investments in subsidiaries and branches were pushed forward in most areas at a more rapid pace in 1960 than in 1959, though there were sharp reductions in certain situations, notably in resource development in some Latin American countries. In total, direct investment capital flows increased from \$1.4 billion to \$1.7 billion. About \$200 million of this rise in direct investment capital outflows reflected increased cash outlays to purchase minority interests held by foreigners in existing subsidiaries abroad.

Although only limited data on direct investment capital flows in 1961 are now available, it appears that the total is likely to remain near the 1960 amount. Companies reporting on their expected outlays abroad for plant and equipment this year indicate substantial gains in both the manufacturing and petroleum industries, with little or no reduction projected for 1962. These data will be given in detail in the SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS for September as part of a report on sources and uses of funds of direct-investment enterprises abroad.

Earnings of the direct investment enterprises improved in all major indus-

The principal element in the overall rise in capital outflows in 1960 was the sharp rise in the flow of short-term funds to capital markets abroad. In contrast to the experience of earlier postwar years, when there were moderate outflows in most years corresponding in large part to the need for working balances to finance larger volumes of international transactions, the 1960 outflow appeared to result primarily from higher interest rates abroad, and to some extent from apprehensions about economic and political developments in the United States. These outflows have been greatly reduced since the first quarter of 1961, as discussed below.

Other private capital outflows dropped slightly in 1960, though remaining at a substantial rate of \$850 million annually. Sales of new issues of foreign securities in the United States, especially Canadian issues, were lower, and continue to decline, and medium-term lending by U.S. banks has also been reduced. However, there was a resumption in the first half of 1961 of substantial purchases of foreign equity securities.

Direct Investments Abroad

WITH both capital outflows and reinvested earnings high in 1960, the value of direct investments abroad rose by \$2.9 billion in the year to an accumulated total of \$32.7 billion. Nearly half of the expansion represented the growth

of manufacturing investments in many countries, bringing the total invested in this industry to \$11.2 billion.

The buildup of petroleum investments has now fallen considerably behind manufacturing investments, accounting

Table 1.—Factors Affecting U.S. Private Investments Abroad, 1959 and 1960

[Millions of dollars]

Type of investment	1959	1960
Direct investments		
Value, beginning of year	27,387	29,805
Add: Capital outflow ¹	1,372	1,694
Reinvested earnings	1,089	1,254
Other adjustments ²	-43	-9
Value, end of year	29,805	32,741
Other long-term private investments		
Value, beginning of year	10,261	11,417
Add: Capital outflow ¹	926	850
Price changes	230	365
Value, end of year	11,417	12,632
Short-term assets		
Value, beginning of year	3,488	3,596
Add: Capital outflow ¹	77	1,312
Adjustments ²	31	1
Value, end of year	3,596	4,909
Combined change	3,682	5,467
Capital outflow	2,375	3,856
Reinvested earnings	1,089	1,254
Other factors	218	357

¹ Included in the balance-of-payments accounts.² Mainly changes in coverage, reclassifications, or revaluations.

for only about 20 percent of the 1960 combined total of capital outflows and reinvested earnings. Of the other industries, trade continues to grow in importance, mining investments were at a reduced rate in 1960, agricultural enterprises were not expanding in the aggregate, and growth in utilities was largely in the operation of ocean shipping and pipelines.

Mixed trends in Latin America

Because of the comparatively small overall capital flow for direct investment in Latin America—about \$100 million in 1960—there has been some concern that political instability and losses in Cuba have stifled investor interest. However, the more detailed figures now available do not appear to support this view.

The sharp decline in capital outflows to this area reflected primarily a return to the United States of funds from mining properties in a few countries as expansion was completed and production began, together with continued relatively low activity in the petroleum industry resulting in a net capital inflow from Venezuela. These developments affected primarily Venezuela, Chile and Peru. Part of the

overall decline was also attributable to Cuba, where capital flows exceeded \$60 million in 1959 and have now virtually ceased. Nearly all of the U.S. investments in Cuba have now been seized, but they have not been written off in these tabulations.

In contrast to these developments, manufacturing ventures by U.S. companies in Latin America were expanded at a record rate in 1960, and appear likely to continue at a high rate in 1961. Most of the increase over 1959 was in capital flows from the United States, augmented by larger amounts of retained earnings as profits in the area rose. Capital outflows for manufacturing were increased in 1960 to most countries in Latin America, especially to Mexico, Brazil, Argentina and Venezuela.

Increased flows to Canada

Capital flows for direct investment in Canada rose to nearly \$500 million in 1960, with most of the rise in the mining and petroleum industries. The capital flow for manufacturing was the lowest in many years, and was about \$100 million less than in 1959, when it included a special outflow to purchase minority interests.

Projected plant and equipment expenditures for Canada indicate only minor changes in manufacturing and petroleum in 1961 and 1962 from the 1960 amounts, but a considerable reduction in mining. However, the flow of funds from parent companies in the United States will also be affected by differential interest costs in the two countries and expectations about the exchange rate.

European investment at peak

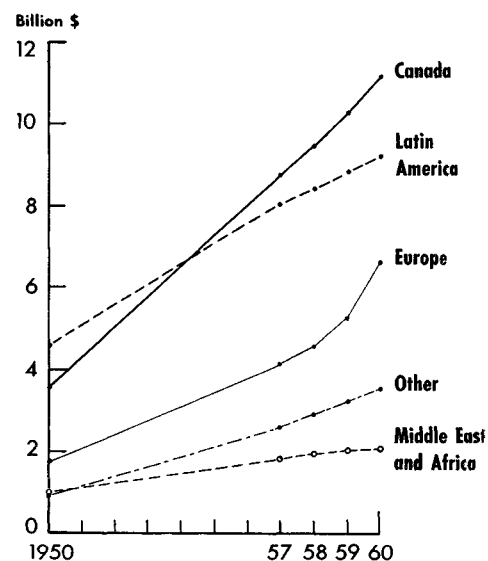
Over \$1¼ billion was added to U.S. direct investments in Europe in 1960, raising the accumulated value to \$6.6 billion. The previous high was the \$725 million added in 1959, and about \$300 million of the difference represented larger cash outlays by U.S. companies in 1960 to acquire minority interests in existing manufacturing companies. There remained, however, a broad upturn in investments in most countries and industries.

Common Market countries received capital outflows of \$280 million from U.S. companies in 1960, plus over \$150 million of reinvested earnings. Of the combined total, nearly \$300 million went into manufacturing—double the 1959 amount—and petroleum investments were also raised. Nearly half of the amount added to direct investments in this area in 1960 went to Germany, and there were also substantial gains in the other Common Market countries.

The capital flow to the United Kingdom was extraordinarily high in 1960 because of the special transaction mentioned above—without this transaction there would still have been a moderate increase over the 1959

GROWTH OF DIRECT FOREIGN INVESTMENTS, BY AREA

European Share Rises



U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics 61-8-11

amount, mainly for larger petroleum investments. In the case of Sweden, there was a reduction in manufacturing investments as an old-established interest in a Swedish company was sold out.

A continued and perhaps increased flow of investment capital to Europe may be required to finance the steep rise in plant expansion by U.S. companies under way in 1961 and scheduled to remain large in 1962.

Table 2.—Value of Direct Investments Abroad, by
Table 3.—Direct-Investment Capital Flow and Undistributed Subsidiary
Table 4.—Direct-Investment Earnings and Income,¹

[Millions of dollars]

Line	Area and country	Table 2										Table 3						
		1950	1957 ^r	1958 ^r	1959 ^r	1960 ^r						Net capital outflows						
						Total	Min- ing and smelt- ing	Petro- leum	Manu- fac- tur- ing	Public utili- ties	Trade	Other	1959 ^r	1960 ^r				
														Total	Min- ing and smelt- ing	Petro- leum	Manu- fac- tur- ing	Other
1	All areas, total	11,788	25,394	27,387	29,805	32,744	3,013	10,944	11,152	2,546	2,397	2,692	1,372	1,694	158	455	802	278
2	Canada ¹	3,579	8,769	9,470	10,310	11,198	1,329	2,667	4,827	645	630	1,100	417	471	202	138	31	99
3	Latin American Republics, total	4,445	7,434	7,751	8,098	8,365	1,155	2,882	1,610	1,131	718	870	218	95	-73	-7	125	50
4	Mexico, Central America and West Indies, total	1,488	2,234	2,355	2,516	2,620	245	306	530	586	292	661	81	68	26	24	27	-8
5	Cuba ²	642	849	879	956	956	(*)	147	111	313	44	341	63	(**)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(**)
6	Dominican Republic	106	88	93	87	88	(*)	(*)	(*)	6	2	80	-7	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(**)
7	Guatemala	106	106	116	132	131	(*)	26	(*)	66	5	34	14	-3	(*)	2	(*)	-4
8	Honduras	62	108	114	110	100	(*)	(*)	(*)	23	1	76	-4	-11	(*)	(*)	(*)	-11
9	Mexico	415	739	745	758	795	130	32	391	119	85	39	-7	56	26	1	28	2
10	Panama	58	201	268	327	405	17	56	9	22	145	156	18	30	23	-1	7	7
11	Other countries	100	143	140	146	145	15	22	11	37	10	50	4	-4	1	-2	-1	-3
12	South America, total	2,957	5,200	5,396	5,582	5,745	910	2,576	1,079	545	426	208	137	27	-99	-31	99	58
13	Argentina	356	333	330	366	472	(*)	(*)	213	(*)	21	239	50	70	(*)	(*)	24	47
14	Brazil	644	835	795	828	953	10	76	515	200	130	23	34	83	2	-9	52	38
15	Chile	540	666	657	729	738	517	(*)	22	(*)	12	188	35	2	-10	(*)	(**)	12
16	Colombia	193	396	383	401	424	(*)	233	92	28	46	26	11	15	(*)	7	11	-2
17	Peru	145	383	409	428	446	251	79	35	19	42	20	18	7	9	-5	2	2
18	Uruguay	55	57	51	45	47	(*)	(*)	20	(*)	4	23	-2	(**)	(*)	(*)	(**)	(**)
19	Venezuela	993	2,465	2,658	2,690	2,569	(*)	1,995	180	32	165	197	-22	-150	(*)	-60	11	-101
20	Other countries	31	64	84	96	97	3	49	3	14	7	21	12	-1	(**)	-1	(**)	(**)
21	Western Hemisphere dependencies	131	618	696	768	884	176	382	21	49	64	192	48	54	13	31	(**)	10
22	Europe, total	1,733	4,151	4,573	5,323	6,645	49	1,726	3,797	45	736	291	484	962	(**)	273	607	81
23	Common Market, total	637	1,680	1,908	2,208	2,644	9	827	1,436	29	254	90	180	282	(**)	73	182	27
24	Belgium and Luxembourg	69	192	208	211	231	-----	52	146	1	29	4	-3	10	-----	(**)	6	4
25	France	217	464	546	640	741	9	223	402	10	76	21	51	53	-----	2	43	8
26	Germany	204	581	666	796	1,006	(*)	248	638	2	85	32	78	133	(*)	45	82	7
27	Italy	63	252	280	315	384	(*)	160	170	1	28	23	21	55	(*)	20	32	3
28	Netherlands	84	191	207	245	283	-----	143	80	15	36	9	32	31	-----	6	19	5
29	Other Europe, total	1,096	2,471	2,666	3,116	4,001	40	899	2,361	17	482	201	304	680	(**)	200	425	54
30	Denmark	32	42	49	48	67	-----	40	16	(**)	9	2	4	19	-----	18	(**)	1
31	Norway	24	51	53	62	83	(*)	42	21	(**)	5	16	9	18	(*)	17	(**)	1
32	Spain	31	44	48	53	59	(*)	17	27	3	8	4	1	2	(*)	2	(**)	1
33	Sweden	58	109	107	125	116	(**)	64	18	(**)	29	5	21	-7	-----	11	-22	4
34	Switzerland	25	69	82	164	254	(**)	7	91	(**)	104	53	68	27	-----	-2	12	17
35	Turkey	16	63	54	44	65	(*)	55	2	(**)	4	4	1	19	(*)	22	(**)	-4
36	United Kingdom	847	1,974	2,147	2,477	3,194	(**)	600	2,164	9	288	133	190	589	-----	129	432	28
37	Other countries	63	119	127	143	162	24	75	22	3	35	3	9	12	(**)	3	2	6
38	Africa, total	287	664	746	833	925	247	407	118	5	53	94	39	81	14	62	-5	9
39	North Africa	56	106	121	145	195	2	172	7	4	6	4	22	51	-----	49	(**)	1
40	East Africa	12	30	35	43	46	1	42	(**)	-----	4	(**)	6	1	(**)	-----	(**)	(**)
41	West Africa	42	147	183	228	290	125	80	1	1	9	74	23	42	18	19	-----	5
42	Central and South Africa, total	177	381	407	416	394	119	114	110	1	34	16	-12	-13	-4	-6	-5	2
43	Rhodesia and Nyasaland	26	59	65	72	82	72	(*)	(*)	-----	2	9	(**)	1	1	(*)	(*)	(**)
44	Union of South Africa	140	301	321	323	286	46	(*)	108	(**)	31	100	-11	-18	-6	(*)	-5	-7
45	Other countries	12	21	22	21	26	2	(*)	(*)	(**)	2	22	-1	4	2	(*)	(*)	2
46	Asia, total	1,001	2,019	2,178	2,237	2,315	24	1,655	286	103	137	110	2	-20	2	-57	14	20
47	Middle East	692	1,138	1,224	1,213	1,163	(**)	1,119	26	3	7	7	-3	-72	(**)	-76	2	2
48	Far East, total	309	881	954	1,024	1,152	24	536	259	99	130	103	5	52	2	20	12	18
49	India	38	113	120	134	159	(*)	(*)	51	2	12	93	3	13	(*)	(*)	4	9
50	Indonesia	58	169	196	163	178	-----	(*)	11	(**)	1	166	-44	2	-----	(*)	(**)	2
51	Japan	19	185	181	209	254	-----	(*)	91	1	27	135	14	18	-----	(*)	(*)	12
52	Philippine Republic	149	306	341	387	414	(*)	(*)	91	92	50	181	22	6	(*)	(*)	(**)	6
53	Other countries	46	108	116	131	147	(*)	(*)	16	3	40	88	10	13	(*)	(*)	1	12
54	Oceania, total	256	698	786	879	994	33	372	494	1	58	36	28	41	(**)	2	29	10
55	Australia	201	583	655	742	856	33	(*)	476	(*)	42	305	26	46	(**)	(*)	29	17
56	New Zealand	25	48	50	54	53	-----	(*)	18	(*)	16	19	1	-5	-----	(*)	(**)	-5
57	Other countries	30	66	81	83	85	(**)	(*)	-----	(*)	(**)	85	1	(**)	-----	(*)	(**)	(**)
58	International	356	1,041	1,188	1,357	1,418	-----	851	-----	567	-----	-----	135	12	-----	12	-----	(**)

Revised. Preliminary. *Combined in other industries. **Less than \$500,000.

NOTE.—Detail may not add to totals because of rounding.

¹ The value for U.S. direct investments in Canada for 1957 and subsequent years has been raised by \$132 million to include certain liabilities of Canadian financial institutions to U.S. sources previously omitted.

² The estimated value of U.S. direct investments in Cuba in 1960 is carried forward from 1959 without change. No estimates have been made for net capital flows, reinvestment of subsidiary earnings, net earnings, or income receipts for Cuba for 1960.

Selected Countries and Years, and Major Industries, 1960
Earnings, by Countries with Major Industries for 1960
by Selected Countries, 1959-60, with Major Industries for 1960

[Millions of dollars]

Table 3—Continued						Table 4												Line
Undistributed subsidiary earnings						Earnings						Income						
1959 ^r	1960 ^p					1959 ^r	1960 ^p					1959 ^r	1960 ^p					
	Total	Mining and smelt-ing	Petro-leum	Manu-factur-ing	Other		Total	Mining and smelt-ing	Petro-leum	Manu-factur-ing	Other		Total	Mining and smelt-ing	Petro-leum	Manu-factur-ing	Other	
1,089	1,254	56	157	627	414	3,241	3,546	394	1,282	1,176	693	2,206	2,342	337	1,143	550	319	1
393	389	38	46	234	72	713	718	88	97	398	134	345	361	47	60	176	78	2
202	215	-13	33	86	108	774	829	164	345	146	174	600	641	180	311	63	87	3
80	52	-17	7	12	50	156	126	17	2	32	74	90	85	33	-4	26	31	4
14						28						22						5
1	1	(*)	(*)	(*)	1	5	8	(*)	(*)	(*)	8	5	7	(*)	(*)	(*)	7	6
2	1	(*)	(**)	(*)	1	-1	-4	(*)	(*)	(*)	(**)	-2	-5	(*)	(*)	(*)	-1	7
1	1	(*)	(*)	(*)	1	6	1	(*)	(*)	(*)	1	5	(**)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(**)	8
20	-3	-17	1	10	4	52	54	10	3	29	12	35	65	26	2	24	14	9
41	48	1	5	1	42	59	62	1	4	2	56	19	16	(**)	-1	1	16	10
2	3		(**)	(**)	2	8	4	2	-2	(**)	3	7	1	2	-2	(**)	2	11
122	163	4	27	74	58	617	703	147	342	114	100	509	556	147	316	38	56	12
14	36	(*)	(*)	29	7	24	46	(*)	(*)	35	11	11	10	(*)	(*)	6	4	13
34	39	2	(**)	29	8	54	80	3	4	57	16	25	45	1	3	26	15	14
10	7	(**)	(*)	1	6	77	72	56	(*)	3	13	71	72	58	(*)	2	12	15
6	8	(*)	1	3	3	17	26	(*)	18	4	4	11	19	(*)	16	1	2	16
4	11	(**)	5	2	4	26	58	36	10	3	9	23	48	37	4	1	6	17
-1	2	(*)	(**)	1	(**)	1	4	(*)	(*)	3	2	2	3	(*)	(*)	2	1	18
53	59	(*)	12	8	40	425	428	(*)	321	9	98	373	371	(*)	309	1	60	19
2	1	(**)	(**)	(**)	(**)	-7	-11	(**)	-15	(**)	4	-8	-11	(**)	-15	(**)	4	20
24	63	5	5	(**)	52	95	141	60	25	1	55	71	78	55	20	1	3	21
266	326	-1	1	237	89	667	762	10	85	487	180	393	427	11	85	241	90	22
103	154	(**)	22	104	28	245	310	(**)	42	205	63	134	144		21	90	33	23
6	10		-1	10	2	22	35		1	28	7	13	21		2	14	5	24
26	48	(**)	20	17	10	48	72	(**)	26	31	16	20	22		6	11	5	25
52	76	(*)	3	66	8	131	148	(*)	7	120	21	71	66	(*)	5	49	12	26
14	14	(*)	-1	10	4	31	36	(*)	7	21	8	22	24	(*)	8	12	4	27
6	7		1	1	4	13	19		2	6	11	8	11		(**)	4	7	28
163	172	-1	-21	133	61	421	452	10	43	282	117	259	282	11	64	150	56	29
-2	(**)		-1	(**)	1	1	4		-1	3	2	3	4		(**)	3	1	30
1	3	(*)	(**)	3	(**)	2	5	(*)	(**)	3	1	1	2	(*)	1	1	1	31
4	4	(*)	1	2	1	4	5	(*)	(**)	3	2	(**)	9	(*)	-1	1	1	32
-3	-3		-2	1	-1	7	7		-2	2	7	(**)	9		(**)	1	7	33
13	35		-3	10	28	23	48		-3	17	34	10	14			8	6	34
3	2	(*)	1	(**)	(**)	-12	-9	(*)	(**)	1	1	-14	-10	(*)	-11	(**)	1	35
140	123		-21	116	29	370	369		53	251	65	231	247		74	136	36	36
6	7	-2	5	(**)	3	25	24	9	6	2	7	18	17	11	1	1	3	37
48	50	20	13	3	14	55	33	61	-77	19	30	7	-17	41	-90	16	17	38
2	2	(**)	2	-1	(**)	-33	-60	1	-71	(**)	1	-36	-71	1	-74	1	(**)	39
3	2		2	(**)	(**)	3	-2	(**)	-3	(**)	(**)	(**)	-5	(**)	-5	(**)	(**)	40
22	19	11	-3	11	11	32	37	24	-13	25	10	18	18	14	-10		14	41
21	27	9	11	4	2	52	68	35	9	19	4	32	41	28	-2	15	2	42
7	10	8	(*)	(*)	1	12	19	18	(*)	(*)	1	5	10	10	(*)	(*)	(**)	43
14	17	1	(*)	4	12	42	50	17	(*)	19	14	29	34	16	(*)	15	2	44
(**)	(**)		(*)	(*)	(**)	-2	-2		(*)	(*)	-2	-2	-2		(*)	(*)	-2	45
56	88	2	45	17	24	785	901	3	799	42	58	732	816	1	759	23	33	46
-9	21		20	1	1	619	721		717	2	2	629	701		698	1	2	47
65	67	2	25	16	23	166	181	3	82	40	56	102	114	1	60	22	32	48
10	12	(*)	(*)	6	6	16	14	(*)	(*)	10	4	5	1	(*)	(*)	4	-2	49
12	13		(*)	2	11	54	70		(*)	2	68	46	60	(*)	(*)		60	50
13	17		(*)	5	12	23	32		(*)	8	24	10	15	(*)	(*)	4	11	51
24	21	(*)	(*)	3	18	60	52	(*)	(*)	17	36	33	28	(*)	(*)	12	16	52
5	3	(*)	(*)	1	2	13	13	(*)	(*)	4	9	8	10	(*)	(*)	2	7	53
65	74	5	15	50	4	112	115	8	14	82	11	43	37	2	-1	29	7	54
61	68	5	(*)	48	15	102	101	8	(*)	75	19	37	30	2	(*)	24	4	55
2	4		(*)	2	2	9	11		(*)	7	4	6	7	(*)	(*)	6	2	56
2	2	(**)	(*)		2	2	2	(**)	(*)		2	(**)	(**)	(**)	(*)	(**)	(**)	57
34	49		-2		51	41	47		-5		52	14	5		(**)		5	58

¹ Income is the sum of dividends, interest, and branch profits; earnings is the sum of the U.S. share in net earnings of subsidiaries and branch profits.

Other areas

Africa.—Petroleum companies considerably stepped up their expenditures to develop North African production in 1960. Part of this was reflected in a capital outflow of about \$50 million, but an even larger amount was accounted for as exploration and development expenses and is reflected in large operating losses in the area. There was a net inflow to the United States of capital from mining and manufacturing investments in the Union of South Africa.

Asia.—In the Middle East capital outlays in petroleum were still being financed largely by the operating companies or their affiliates abroad, resulting on balance in a net capital inflow to the United States. Production of oil in the area increased substantially in 1960, and earnings also turned upward.

Most of the increased capital flow to Far Eastern countries in 1960 was accounted for by the petroleum industry, which had been withdrawing funds in 1958 and 1959.

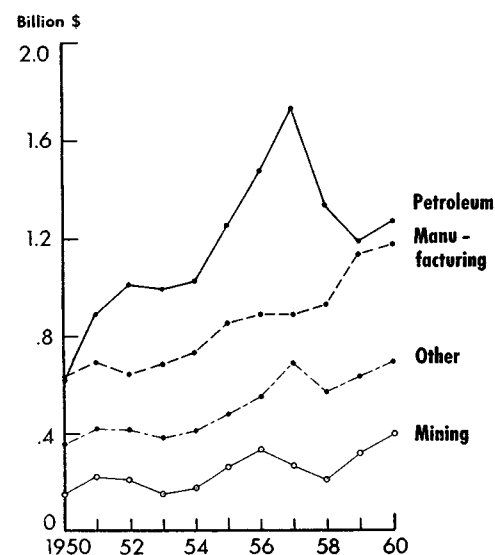
Oceania.—Direct investments in manufacturing in Australia rose considerably in 1960, with capital flows and reinvested earnings both larger than in 1959. There were minor inflows from New Zealand. Earnings in the area changed little.

International.—In this category, representing shipping subsidiaries utilizing the flags of Panama, Liberia and Honduras, there was a sharp reduction in capital outflows in 1960 as compared with 1959. Most of this represented a decline in the financing of tanker subsidiaries of petroleum companies as ship mortgages were paid off. Earnings of the tanker fleets were further depressed, but other shipping enterprises reported some improved earnings.

Industry Developments

Manufacturing.—Responding to various attractions and pressures, United States manufacturing companies raised further in 1960 the amount invested abroad through capital outflows and

EARNINGS OF DIRECT FOREIGN INVESTMENTS, BY INDUSTRY



U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics 51-8-13

Table 5.—Direct Investments in Manufacturing Enterprises Abroad, 1950, 1957, 1959, and 1960, by Commodity
[Millions of dollars]

Area and year	Manufacturing, total	Food products	Paper and allied products	Chemicals and allied products	Rubber products	Primary and fabricated metals	Machinery (except electrical)	Electrical machinery	Transportation equipment	Other products
All areas, total										
1950.....	3,831	483	378	512	182	385	420	387	485	509
1957.....	8,009	723	722	1,378	401	941	927	731	1,204	983
1959.....	9,707	823	813	1,661	461	1,168	1,202	833	1,603	1,148
1960.....	11,152	943	861	1,902	520	1,256	1,333	918	2,118	1,301
Canada										
1950.....	1,897	227	368	198	59	249	204	141	160	292
1957.....	3,924	320	626	647	133	671	327	330	398	471
1959.....	4,565	367	687	743	142	773	391	367	590	535
1960.....	4,827	399	723	817	161	803	394	393	558	580
Latin America¹										
1950.....	781	158	5	205	60	23	13	79	83	155
1957.....	1,280	201	39	334	133	60	52	136	134	190
1959.....	1,417	184	50	358	149	71	57	136	209	204
1960.....	1,631	228	52	408	165	82	70	169	231	227
Europe										
1950.....	932	64	5	74	31	111	175	153	192	128
1957.....	2,195	149	42	319	59	178	488	214	475	272
1959.....	2,947	198	55	447	75	277	677	270	604	344
1960.....	3,797	224	63	537	90	324	782	288	1,074	415
Africa										
1950.....	55	6	—	9	11	1	2	3	17	6
1957.....	106	10	3	12	21	5	17	5	27	6
1959.....	120	14	3	15	23	5	20	5	26	8
1960.....	118	14	3	16	23	6	20	6	22	8
Asia										
1950.....	60	9	—	12	14	**	5	2	8	10
1957.....	190	15	9	40	38	20	15	12	23	13
1959.....	244	19	13	58	48	27	15	14	27	23
1960.....	286	20	15	76	54	30	19	16	29	27
Oceania										
1950.....	107	18	1	13	8	2	22	9	26	8
1957.....	314	28	3	27	17	8	26	34	146	26
1959.....	415	41	5	40	25	10	42	41	177	34
1960.....	494	58	5	47	28	12	48	47	204	44

Note: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding.

¹ Includes minor amounts in the Western Hemisphere dependencies.

* Less than \$500,000.

reinvested profits. Europe was the area receiving the largest amount of these funds—over \$800 million out of a world total of \$1.4 billion for the manufacturing industry in 1960. Common Market countries received nearly \$300 million and the United Kingdom about \$550 million, but the latter included about \$370 million for purchases of minority interests.

Manufacturing investments by United States firms in Canada continued to grow at a substantial rate, mainly out of reinvested earnings.

In Latin America, and in some others of the less developed countries, manufacturing investments are being carried out at a somewhat accelerated rate partly because of promising future markets, but also under the threat of exclusion from such markets unless local manufacture is undertaken.

Although this industry is now very actively expanding abroad, the sums being invested in Africa and Asia are still relatively small, amounting to \$30 million for both continents in 1960, about the same as in 1959.

Among the major commodity groups in the manufacturing category, the fastest growing in 1960 were transportation equipment (largely automobiles), chemicals, food products, and machinery. Other commodity groups also expanded substantially abroad, as shown in table 5.

Investments in automotive plants overseas were raised by about \$½ billion in the year, of which \$370 million resulted from the special outlay in the United Kingdom discussed above. Automotive investments also increased substantially in other European countries and in Australia.

About \$¼ billion was added to U.S. investments in the chemical industry abroad in 1960, not including petrochemical plants owned by petroleum companies. Expansion by this industry was significant in Canada, Latin America, and Europe.

More than half of the \$215 million increase in investments in enterprises producing machinery was in Europe. Manufacturers of food products accelerated their rate of investment in most areas.

Petroleum—About \$600 million was added by U.S. petroleum companies to their foreign investments in 1960, raising the total stake to \$11 billion. This rate of investment was moderately higher than that of 1959, with most of the gain showing up in refinery construction in Europe and the Far East, and in distribution facilities in Canada and Europe. There was also heightened development activity in North Africa, as noted above, and in Argentina.

The industry remains moderately active in exploring throughout the world and is carrying out a large scale expansion in refineries, petrochemicals, transmission systems, and other phases of the industry.

Trade—Investments in enterprises whose major activity is trading or distribution are now growing at an accelerated rate—about \$360 million was invested in such operations abroad in 1960. Many of these enterprises also perform additional functions including licensing, management and research services, and activity as financial intermediaries.

Earnings generally higher

With increased demand abroad for petroleum, metals, and manufactures, earnings of the direct investments continued a steady advance. However, the total was still under the 1957 record despite additional investments of nearly \$7½ billion since that time.

Petroleum earnings rose most notably in the Middle East, where oil production by the companies increased 14 percent. There were moderate gains in earnings in other producing areas and from increased refinery output in Europe and elsewhere.

Earnings of the mining companies were much higher than in recent years as prices firmed and more properties reached the producing stage.

Improved earnings for manufacturing enterprises in most countries reflected general business expansion. An exception was Canada, where earnings were depressed as business activity remained low, and there was scarcely any change in manufacturing earnings in the United Kingdom.

Of the total direct-investment earnings of \$3.5 billion in 1960, about \$1.1 billion was branch profits and \$2.4 billion represented the U.S. share in the profits of foreign subsidiary companies. Of the latter amount, about \$1.25 billion, or 52 percent, was retained abroad, a proportion generally characteristic of the postwar experience.

Income receipts from abroad, as entered into the balance-of-payments accounts, included all branch profits, common dividends, preferred dividends (\$10 million in 1960) and interest (\$109 million), less any taxes withheld abroad. The income total for 1960 on this basis was \$2.3 billion, about 5 percent more than the 1959 amount. More than half

Table 6.—Selected Short-term Banking and Commercial Claims on Foreigners, by Type and Area

(Millions of dollars)				
Area and type	December 1959	June 1960	December 1960	May 1961
Banking claims, total	2,624	2,764	3,590	4,088
Loans	1,308	1,113	1,296	1,394
Acceptances and other	1,099	1,371	1,814	2,188
Payable in foreign currencies	217	280	480	506
By area and country				
Europe	534	575	717	695
United Kingdom	121	181	245	171
Canada	272	272	409	478
Latin America	1,176	1,111	1,354	1,336
Other countries	642	806	1,110	1,579
Japan	323	497	796	1,201
Claims by non-financial concerns, total	730	843	1,450	n.a.

¹ Includes temporary holdings of sterling (\$370 million) intended for direct investment in the United Kingdom. n.a.—not available.

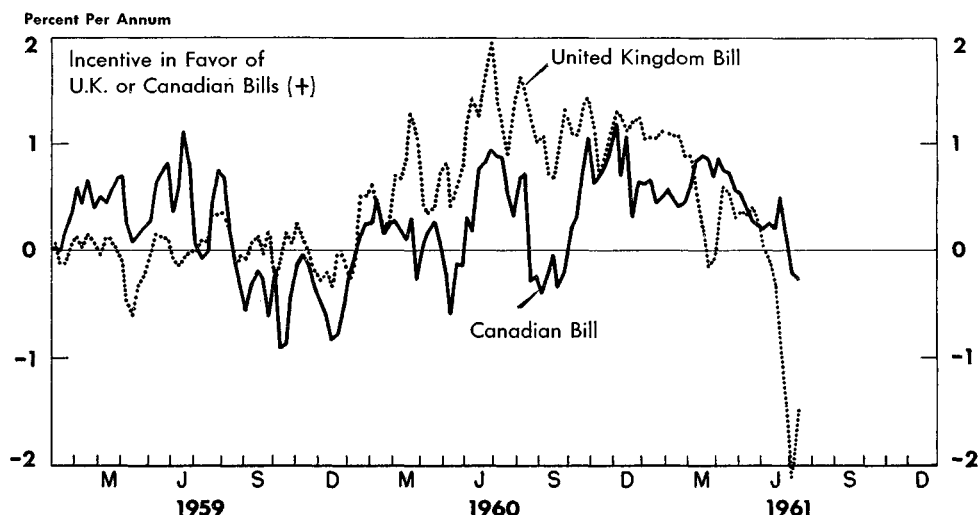
Source: Treasury Bulletin.

of the increase in earnings for the year was retained abroad.

Other Private Foreign Investments

A significant part of the pressure on the balance of payments in 1960, offsetting gains made in the trade accounts, came from accelerated outflows of short-term funds beginning about mid-year. The accompanying chart, using the relationship between yields on United States Treasury bills and comparable bills in Canada and the United Kingdom as representative of broader changes in world money markets, shows the incentive for investing liquid funds abroad as it developed during 1960.

Interest Rate Differentials, With Forward Exchange Cover, Between Three-Month U.S. Treasury Bills and Comparable Canadian and U.K. Bills



U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

Data: FRB

61-8-14

Table 7.—International Investment Position of the United States, by Area, 1959-60

[Millions of dollars]

Type of investment	Total		Western Europe		Canada		Latin American Republics		Other foreign countries		International institutions and unallocated	
	1959 ^r	1960 ^p	1959 ^r	1960 ^p	1959 ^r	1960 ^p	1959 ^r	1960 ^p	1959 ^r	1960 ^p	1959 ^r	1960 ^p
U.S. assets and investments abroad, total	64,830	71,407	18,488	20,442	15,917	17,238	12,675	13,537	10,612	12,759	7,138	7,431
Private investments	44,818	50,285	9,128	11,234	15,907	17,235	10,749	11,473	6,741	7,835	2,293	2,508
Long-term	41,222	45,376	8,229	9,922	15,472	16,600	9,311	9,850	5,917	6,496	2,293	2,508
Direct	29,805	32,744	5,323	6,645	10,310	11,198	8,098	8,365	4,717	5,118	1,357	1,418
Foreign dollar bonds	4,314	4,941	327	357	2,310	2,573	140	240	634	747	903	1,024
Other foreign securities ²	4,229	4,617	1,473	1,798	2,508	2,517	40	52	175	183	33	66
Other	2,874	3,074	1,106	1,122	344	312	1,033	1,192	391	448		
Short-term	3,596	4,909	899	1,312	435	635	1,438	1,623	824	1,336		
U.S. Government credits and claims	20,012	21,122	9,360	9,208	10	3	1,926	2,064	3,871	4,924	4,845	4,923
Long-term	17,605	18,230	8,522	8,458			1,767	1,889	2,471	2,967	4,845	4,916
Short-term	2,407	2,892	838	750	10	3	159	175	1,400	1,957		7
Foreign assets and investments in the United States, total	42,146	44,682	23,120	24,048	5,997	6,196	3,794	3,726	4,402	4,837	3,927	4,965
Long-term	18,050	18,438	12,675	13,004	3,301	3,303	1,154	1,153	817	858	103	120
Direct ²	6,604	6,921	4,452	4,713	1,896	1,949	129	130	127	139		
Corporate stocks	9,363	9,302	6,586	6,530	1,250	1,209	743	728	470	490	38	39
Corporate, state and municipal bonds	534	648	364	449	15	5	64	75	26	38	65	81
Other	1,549	1,557	1,003	1,006	140	140	218	220	188	191		
Short-term assets and U.S. Government obligations	24,096	26,244	10,445	11,044	2,696	2,893	2,640	2,573	3,585	3,979	3,824	4,845
Private obligations	10,893	12,113	4,451	4,893	1,704	1,981	2,358	2,211	2,236	2,709	144	319
U.S. Government obligations	13,203	14,131	5,994	6,151	992	912	282	362	1,349	1,270	3,680	4,526
Long-term	2,149	2,276	838	803	363	327	187	141	95	114	666	891
Short-term ³	11,054	11,855	5,156	5,348	629	585	95	221	1,254	1,156	3,014	3,635

^r Revised.^p Preliminary.¹ Represents the estimated investment in shipping companies registered in Panama and Liberia.² Consists primarily of securities payable in foreign currencies, but includes some dollar obligations, including participation in loan made by the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development.³ Total includes estimated foreign holdings of U.S. currency: 1959, \$906 million; 1960, \$910 million; not distributed by area.

Basic factors underlying the behavior of interest rates were sagging economic activity in the United States, which was accompanied by a fall in short-term interest rates from a peak at the beginning of the year to a low of a little over 2 percent at mid-year, and the booming economies of other industrial countries, leading to attempts by their monetary authorities to restrain credit. The flow of liquid funds toward the latter countries tended to frustrate their monetary policies, and eventually, as the loss of gold and dollars by the United States became very large, and fears of devaluation grew, flights of capital developed. In some countries this led to a shift from primary emphasis on monetary measures of restraint to increased reliance on measures other than high short-term interest rates. Short-term rates in the United Kingdom and Germany were consequently sharply reduced in the last quarter of the year, and, in the case of Germany, have

continued to decline this year. Germany also appreciated the value of its currency in March 1961.

Short-term interest rates in the United Kingdom nevertheless remained well above the United States rates, but the incentive to move funds to that market was wiped out early in the year by a widening discount on forward sterling. Recent announcement of a sharp boost in the discount rate in the United Kingdom has altered this relationship. In the case of Canada, short-term interest rates remained attractive through the first five months of 1961, and then were offset by depreciation of the Canadian dollar and lower interest rates there.

By far the largest outflow of funds, however, was recorded for Japan, as shown in table 6. Interest rates in that country persist well above those in other industrial countries, attracting both United States funds and dollars owned by residents of other countries.

Monetary authorities here and abroad are now better prepared to mitigate the disturbing effects of such capital flows, cooperating in lending short-term support to currencies coming under pressure from this source.

Private portfolio investments

Long-term private portfolio investments abroad were increased by \$1.2 billion in 1960—about the same amount as in 1959—reaching a total value of \$12.6 billion. About \$850 billion of the 1960 gain resulted from capital outflows, and the remainder consisted of improved market values for foreign stocks and dollar bonds.

U.S. purchases of new foreign securities offered here have fallen since the 1958 peak, when interest rates here were comparatively low. The total for 1960 was \$573 million, with the volume reduced after the first half and continuing at a low level this year. Canadian borrowers have lately raised a much higher proportion of their needs in their own capital market, and the other major issuer here, the International Bank, has not entered this market to any extent in this period of balance-of-payments problems. There was a considerable variety of other issues offered here in 1960, led by a \$100 million issue sold privately by a Mexican institution.

Investors in the United States added nearly \$100 million to their holdings of other foreign bonds, purchasing sizable amounts of European issues and participating in loans originated by the International Bank.

Americans reduced their acquisitions of foreign corporate stocks in 1960, but accelerated their purchases again in the first half of 1961. Most of the stocks were issues of companies on the European continent; there were net liquidations of Canadian and United Kingdom equities in 1960, reflecting a downward drift of prices in those countries.

Medium term foreign loans by U.S. banks increased by \$160 million in 1960 to a total of \$1.7 billion. Most of the increase went to Argentina and Venezuela. There was a general but moderate reduction of outstanding bank loans in the first five months of 1961. Credits extended by non-financial concerns rose moderately in most areas in 1960.

Manufacturers' Inventory and Sales Expectations

A Progress Report on a New Survey

IN THE fall of 1957, after a decade of successful experience with the survey of businessmen's plant and equipment expenditure anticipations, this Office initiated an exploratory survey of manufacturers' sales and inventory expectations. A major purpose was to determine whether the survey approach, based on businessmen's expectations, could yield reasonably accurate short-run forecasts of changes in inventories. In addition, it was felt that the survey might shed more light on the behavior of inventories and the role of expectations over the business cycle.

Since that time 11 surveys have been conducted in which anticipations can be compared with actual experience. This article describes what has been undertaken and tentatively evaluates the results to date, with attention focused on the overall totals. The approach and results should be viewed as preliminary since the time period encompassed by the surveys is very short, and was affected by the 1959 steel strike.

It was realized that the problem of obtaining reasonably reliable projections of inventories was a difficult one. Short-run sales expectations and departures from them play an important role in inventory shifts; but as has been frequently pointed out in connection with the annual investment and sales surveys, businessmen have only limited control over the course of their sales. Moreover, comparatively small tolerances are required for the anticipations. With manufacturers' inventories around \$55 billion, each one-percent change during a quarter, for example, is the equivalent of a change of more than \$2 billion at an annual rate.

In the latest survey of manufacturers' inventory and sales expectations, businessmen have projected a seasonally adjusted increase of \$1 billion (\$5 billion before correction for understatement), in the book value of their stocks during the third quarter, with durable goods industries accounting for about two-thirds of the advance. Manufacturers' stocks were reduced by \$.4 billion during the first quarter and were about unchanged in the second.

Manufacturers expect their sales to increase 4 percent in the third quarter, extending the rise that began earlier in the year. A rise is anticipated by both durable and nondurable goods producers.

Manufacturers holding about one-fifth of the value of inventories characterized their stocks as high at the start of the second quarter, a ratio which is lower than the average reported since the fall of 1957. Almost all the remainder viewed stocks as about right relative to sales and unfilled orders.

Summary

The record of inventory anticipations, as initially reported, whether quarterly or semiannually, has generally not been satisfactory, displaying a basic understatement. However, favorable results have been obtained thus far by correcting the reported inventory expectations for the apparent bias, through the use of supplementary information. The added information pertains to data reported in the survey on the condition of inventories relative to sales and unfilled orders. The amount of the correction varies over the inventory cycle—suggesting appreciable additions to the anticipation when stocks are relatively low, and downward adjustments when stocks are relatively very high.

At the present time it is intended to publish seasonally adjusted survey results quarterly both on the reported and corrected basis. It should be emphasized, however, that additional observations are necessary for a more conclusive determination of the need for, and the form of, correction factors for systematic tendencies in inventory anticipations.

The sample and the questionnaire

The businessmen's projections presented here, which are tied to the regularly published Department of Commerce monthly data on sales and inventories (Industry Survey), are based on a sample of about 1250 to 1400 manufacturing corporations, whose inventories account for over 55 percent of the value of all manufacturers' inventories. The sample consists of most manufacturing companies with assets of \$10,000,000 or more, and a small sample of

firms under that size.

The first three surveys were run on a 6-month basis. The first survey, for example, which was sent out in late October 1957, asked companies to report their actual inventory book values on September 30, 1957 and the value of inventories that they expected to hold on March 31, 1958. Actual sales were requested for the third quarter of 1957, and expected sales for the first quarter of 1958. In addition, each company was requested to characterize its total inventories on September 30, 1957—in view of its total sales and unfilled orders position—as "high," "about right," or "low."

Starting with the fourth survey, in the spring of 1959, questions pertaining to quarterly anticipations were added to the schedule. At this time companies reported actual March 30, 1959 inventories, and expected inventories on June 30 and September 30 of the same year; comparable quarterly sales figures were also given. Thus like the plant and equipment survey we now obtain for a given quarter, from successive surveys reported at 3-month intervals, a first anticipation, a second anticipation and an actual.

Sales Anticipation

Because of the central role played by the sales forecast in companies' future operating plans, attention is focused initially on the realization of sales anticipations. The first chart presents a comparison of anticipated changes in sales with actual changes, seasonally adjusted, for all manufacturing firms combined. The top panel refers to changes from the most recent actual calendar quarter, at the time the anticipations are reported, to the next quarter. The bottom panel refers to changes over a 6-month period. Table 1 gives corresponding data including averages of actual and anticipated changes and deviations.¹ All seasonal adjustments of sales (and inventories) were made by this Office.

The main points brought out by the chart and table are these: (1) Measured by size of percent deviation disregarding signs the one-quarter anticipations show a better record than the 6-month, as might be expected. (2) Misses in direction of change have occurred twice with the one-quarter forecast and almost half the time with the 6-month projections. Aside from the latter part of 1959, when the steel strike was in effect, the misses are associated with the recession periods. (3) In most instances actual sales have fallen short of expectations, although this phenomenon may reflect the time period covered.

There has never been a projection of an overall sales decrease over a 6-month period, though this is not true of the shorter anticipations. Conceivably this reflects a bias in the sales expectations—an unwillingness by businessmen to report a deteriorating sales outlook for a period as long as a half-year at the onset of the recession. However, given the brevity of the postwar recessions and the lag between the availability of data and actual events, the existence of such a bias is not conclusive.

First and second anticipations compared

Starting with the third quarter of 1959 we can compare first and second anticipations of sales with actual for

¹ The deviation is defined as follows: (Anticipated minus actual sales) ÷ (Actual sales).

eight successive quarters. The record of the first anticipation is not good. Note, however, that the second anticipation, given the first, always moves toward the actual and is always superior to the first. The data are shown below in terms of seasonally adjusted percent changes from the preceding quarter:

	Anticipation		Actual
	1st	2d	
3d quarter 1959.....	1.3	-2.2	-2.5
4th quarter 1959.....	3.6	-2.1	-1.9
1st quarter 1960.....	6.2	5.2	4.9
2d quarter 1960.....	1.9	-2	-1.8
3d quarter 1960.....	2.7	-1	-2.3
4th quarter 1960.....	1.8	.5	-3.0
1st quarter 1961.....	1.4	.5	-1.8
2d quarter 1961.....	3.6	4.8	5.3
3d quarter 1961.....	3.9		

Inventory Anticipations

An examination of the reported inventory anticipations reveals that frequently these projections have appeared to be understating sizably the amount of inventory change or even moving in the wrong direction from the movement shown by the actual monthly figures available at the time of the forecast. With two exceptions the level of actual inventories has always exceeded the anticipated values. On the average actual stocks have exceeded anticipated stocks by 2.1 percent for the 6-month projections and by 1.7 percent for the one-quarter projections.

The one-quarter forecast was added to the survey on the assumption that the accuracy of the projections would improve as the time span was shortened. This turned out to be the case with sales, but not with inventories.

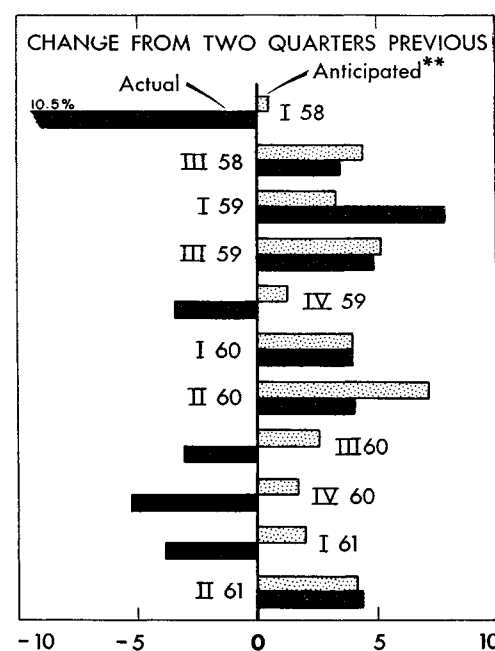
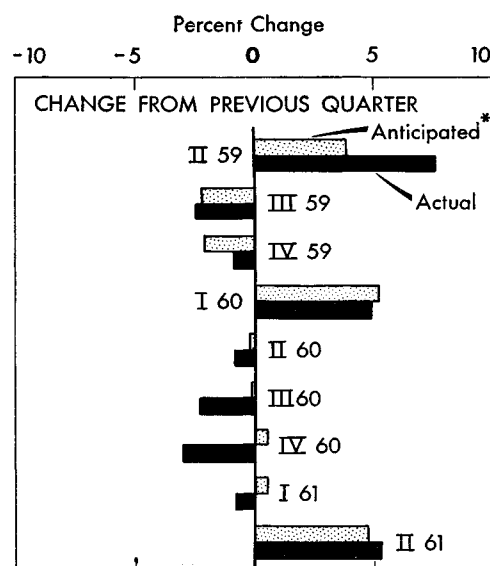
First vs. second inventory anticipations

A comparison of first and second anticipations with actual since the third quarter of 1959 indicates that the second anticipation, although submitted 3 months after the first, is far less accurate than the first in 4 out of 8 cases and shows no clearcut superiority in the remaining instances. While it is possible that the business outlook had changed in such a fashion that the second anticipation was indeed a more reasonable figure at the time of submission, on the average one should

expect that the closer the projected period, the closer the forecasts should be to the actual. At the very least, even though it may overshoot the mark, the second anticipation should move in the direction of the actual.

Apparent inconsistencies of this nature have been encountered before in surveys of businessmen's anticipations. In the OBE-SEC quarterly survey of plant and equipment expenditure anticipations, it has been found that prior to correction for systematic under- or overstatement in anticipatory

Sales Anticipations Reported by Manufacturers Compared with Actual



* based on anticipations reported early in the quarter

** based on anticipations reported early in previous quarter

data, the second or later anticipation for a given quarter has yielded a poorer forecast of actual than the first.² Since mid-1952, however, a successful technique has been used by OBE to correct these errors.³

During the course of this survey, and particularly in the more recent period because of the increased number of observations, tests were run in an attempt to account for the differences between actual and anticipated inventories as reported. The overall reported inventory anticipation was not markedly improved through relationships with sales deviations, or by making allowance for price changes. An assumption that the inventory projections are made in seasonally adjusted terms was not borne out. More conclusive tests require further aggregative observations as well as intensive detailed analysis. A more extended discussion of the shortcomings of the raw survey results is given below.

Condition of Inventories

One of the by-products of this survey has been the development of a new and useful set of statistics pertaining to businessmen's views on the condition of actual inventories relative to sales and unfilled orders position at the start of the forecasting period. While the questionnaire has not asked for an evaluation of stocks relative to expected sales, it should be kept in mind that unfilled orders reflect to some extent sales in the future.

Total inventories of each respondent firm are classified once in one of three classifications: "high," "about right" or "low"; about 95 percent of the sample firms provide answers to this question. Percent distributions based on these data are shown in table 2.

The relative proportions of "high" stocks show fairly marked changes over the period covered, and are roughly in line with shifts in the stock-sales ratio; both measures move inversely with business activity over the cycle.

Over this period relatively few firms have classified their stocks as "low,"

despite some sizable increases in inventories. At the moment it is too early to say whether the comparative absence of "low" designations is an accurate portrayal of business sentiment regarding inventory conditions over this period, or whether it is the inevitable result of business thinking which always attempts to keep stocks as small as possible and thus classifies stocks as "about right" so long as they are obviously not high.

If such a tendency is widespread, the figures in table 2 can perhaps be better used in an adjusted form. We can obtain an average of the high proportions, for example, and express the high proportion at any given time period relative to the average. On this basis, stocks were high at the end of September 1957, March 1958, and March and June 1960, and relatively low at the end of March and September 1959 and March 1961.

Relationship of inventory condition to inventory change

Condition of inventories at the start of the forecast period appears to have an important influence on the size of both the projected and actual change in inventories. Table 3 presents averages of anticipated percent change in inventories, cross-classified with inventory condition; these data, based on all surveys, are not adjusted for seasonal variation. The group of firms with high stocks almost invariably anticipates inventory reductions over the short-run. Furthermore, they project smaller increases or larger decreases than do firms whose stocks are judged to be about right. The pattern which shows up in almost all the surveys is reflected in the averages: the "high" and "low" firms are in the extreme positions while the "about right" companies are in the middle.

Thus far a number of tabulations have also been made of actual change in inventories classified by inventory condition for the reporting firms. The actual changes show the same pattern that is evident in the anticipated changes—the high and low firms are at the extremes with the latter showing either larger increases or smaller reduc-

Table 1.—Seasonally Adjusted Changes in Manufacturers' Sales Anticipated and Actual, and Percent Deviation

	Anticipated percent changes	Actual percent changes	Percent deviation ¹
One-Quarter Changes²			
I Q. 1959–II Q. 1959.....	3.9	7.6	–3.4
II Q. 1959–III Q. 1959.....	–2.2	–2.5	.3
III Q. 1959–IV Q. 1959.....	–2.1	–.9	–1.3
IV Q. 1959–I Q. 1960.....	5.2	4.9	.3
I Q. 1960–II Q. 1960.....	–.2	–.8	.6
II Q. 1960–III Q. 1960.....	–1.1	–2.3	2.2
III Q. 1960–IV Q. 1960.....	.5	–3.0	3.6
IV Q. 1960–I Q. 1961.....	.5	–.8	1.4
I Q. 1961–II Q. 1961.....	4.8	5.3	–.4
Mean			
Disregarding signs (absolute).....	2.2	3.1	1.5
With regard to signs.....	1.1	.8	.4
6-Month Changes			
III Q. 1957–I Q. 1958.....	.5	–10.5	12.3
I Q. 1958–III Q. 1958.....	4.5	3.5	1.0
III Q. 1958–I Q. 1959.....	3.3	7.9	–4.3
I Q. 1959–III Q. 1960.....	5.2	4.9	.3
II Q. 1959–IV Q. 1959.....	1.3	–3.4	4.8
III Q. 1959–I Q. 1960.....	4.0	4.0	0
IV Q. 1959–II Q. 1960.....	7.2	4.1	3.0
I Q. 1960–III Q. 1960.....	2.6	–3.0	5.8
II Q. 1960–IV Q. 1960.....	1.7	–5.2	7.2
III Q. 1960–I Q. 1961.....	2.0	–3.8	6.0
IV Q. 1960–II Q. 1961.....	4.2	4.4	–.2
Mean			
Disregarding signs (absolute).....	3.3	5.0	4.1
With regard to signs.....	3.3	.3	3.3

¹ Derived from indexes. (Anticipated-Actual) ÷ Actual.

² Second anticipation.

Table 2.—Condition of Manufacturers' Inventories

[Percent distribution of inventory book values according to company's classification of overall inventory condition]

	High	About right	Low	Total	Percent "High" less percent "Low"
All industries					
Sept. 30, 1957.....	37	61	2	100	35
Mar. 31, 1958.....	46	52	2	100	44
Sept. 30, 1958.....	24	72	4	100	20
Mar. 31, 1959.....	18	76	6	100	12
June 30, 1959.....	23	71	6	100	17
Sept. 30, 1959.....	18	71	11	100	7
Dec. 31, 1959.....	23	72	5	100	18
Mar. 31, 1960.....	31	67	2	100	29
June 30, 1960.....	35	63	2	100	33
Sept. 30, 1960.....	29	70	1	100	28
Dec. 31, 1960.....	28	71	1	100	27
Mar. 31, 1961.....	22	77	1	100	21
Durable goods					
Sept. 30, 1957.....	38	60	2	100	36
Mar. 31, 1958.....	47	52	1	100	46
Sept. 30, 1958.....	26	69	5	100	21
Mar. 31, 1959.....	20	75	5	100	15
June 30, 1959.....	29	64	7	100	22
Sept. 30, 1959.....	21	64	15	100	6
Dec. 31, 1959.....	25	68	7	100	18
Mar. 31, 1960.....	39	60	1	100	38
June 30, 1960.....	42	57	1	100	41
Sept. 30, 1960.....	36	63	1	100	35
Dec. 31, 1960.....	32	67	1	100	31
Mar. 31, 1961.....	24	75	1	100	23
Nondurable goods					
Sept. 30, 1957.....	35	63	2	100	33
Mar. 31, 1958.....	44	53	3	100	41
Sept. 30, 1958.....	20	77	3	100	17
Mar. 31, 1959.....	14	80	6	100	8
June 30, 1959.....	14	80	6	100	8
Sept. 30, 1959.....	14	81	5	100	9
Dec. 31, 1959.....	20	78	2	100	18
Mar. 31, 1960.....	20	77	3	100	17
June 30, 1960.....	26	71	3	100	23
Sept. 30, 1960.....	20	78	2	100	18
Dec. 31, 1960.....	22	77	1	100	21
Mar. 31, 1961.....	19	80	1	100	18

² See SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS, January 1957, pp. 18–19.

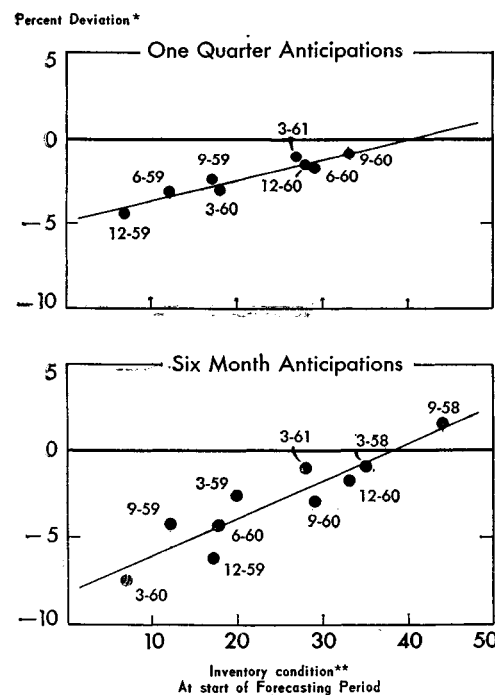
tions. In addition, the actual change tends to exceed the anticipated change—an indication of the understatement common to the expectations data.

As another aspect of the above, we find that the actual seasonally adjusted inventory changes over a 6-month period are highly correlated with inventory condition at the start of the period for all manufacturing firms. The one-quarter relationship was not so good, but in both instances the projections obtained from these simple relationships are greatly superior to anticipations directly reported for the corresponding periods. The inventory condition was quantified by use of the final column in table 2.

Derivation of corrected anticipations

With inventory condition apparently related to both anticipated and actual change, a test was made to see if the differences between actual and anticipated inventories also bore some relationship to inventory condition. In each panel of the second chart the percent deviation in inventories—

Deviations Between Anticipated and Actual Inventories Related to Inventory Condition at Start of Forecasting Period



* (Anticipated minus actual inventories) ÷ (actual inventories)

** Proportion of stocks (book value) viewed high minus proportion viewed low

defined as (anticipated minus actual inventory) ÷ (actual inventory)—is measured along the vertical axis. Inventory condition at the start of the forecast period is measured by the “high” minus the “low” percentages shown in the last column of table 2, and is plotted along the horizontal axis. While conceptually it may be preferable to use each category separately in a multiple correlation, in this article we have used the high minus the low percentage, which yields a kind of net high percentage.⁴

The top panel of the chart is referred to as a one-quarter relationship and is based on changes from the beginning to the end of the same quarter; the eight surveys included in it are those for which we can make a direct comparison of actual and anticipated inventories from matched companies in the sample. Ten observations are available for the second, or 6-month relationship.

The first relationship yields an r^2 of .89; for the second, $r^2 = .85$; both correlation coefficients are highly significant. It may be noted that the two relationships have the same general form but that the 6-month relationship has the steeper slope and larger negative constant.

We can see from the relationships not merely an understatement in anticipated inventories relative to actual (the deviation), but also a systematic variation in the relative understatement over the inventory cycle. According to the relationship, when stocks are low, the understatement is comparatively large. As stocks rise, the understatement becomes progressively smaller, so that when stocks are very high (as they were in early 1958), anticipations tend to exceed actual inventories.

The anticipations reported in each survey have been corrected by the use of relationships like those indicated above. Statistically the correction simply involves adjusting the reported anticipations by a constant percentage, and a variable percentage that becomes smaller as inventories become relatively higher. Except when stocks are very

Table 3.—Average Anticipated Percent Changes in Manufacturers' Inventories by Condition of Inventories at Start of Period

Inventory condition at beginning of period	Average anticipated percent change in inventories		
	Total	Durable	Nondurable
One-quarter changes			
High.....	-3	-3	-3
About right.....	-1	-1	0
Low.....	4	4	3
6-month changes			
High.....	-5	-6	-5
About right.....	-1	-1	0
Low.....	7	7	8

NOTE.—Averages for one-quarter changes are based on 9 surveys; for 6-month changes, on 12 surveys. The number of observations in the “low” category is almost always very small.

high the net effect of this adjustment is to raise the anticipation.

Why should this understatement of expected inventories exist and vary in the above fashion? At this stage we can only suggest some reasons. One possibility may be related to the very difficulty that businessmen experience in gauging future inventories. As a consequence, they may resort to mechanical methods of projecting, with the projected change in stocks being related to recent actual changes over year-ago figures. Such a technique can give rise to misses at turning points and estimates of change that are too small in both directions.

Another and possibly associated explanation may be related to the manner in which business firms view their inventories. It will be recalled that few firms classify stocks as “low” despite the large actual changes that have subsequently occurred. It may also be noted from table 3 that firms designating their stocks as “about right” project changes close to zero; the average changes are about -1 percent without seasonal adjustment. These characteristics may be indications of a fundamentally conservative attitude toward inventories, which fails to take account of the increased stocks that are required for higher levels of sales and output. Since the proportion of firms viewing stocks as about right tends to vary over the business cycle, the understatement attributable to this type of attitude toward inventories will similarly vary.

⁴ Multiple correlations using the high and low proportions as independent variables gave results quite similar to those illustrated. The independent variables were significant at the 5 percent level.

Table 4.—Changes in Seasonally Adjusted Manufacturers' Inventories: Anticipated as Reported and Corrected, and Actual

[In billions of dollars]

	Anticipated change		Actual change
	As reported	As corrected	
I One-Quarter Changes ¹			
Mar. 1959-June 1959.....	0.3	1.8	1.7
June 1959-Sept. 1959.....	-1.1	.2	-.2
Sept. 1959-Dec. 1959.....	-1.1	.7	.5
Dec. 1959-Mar. 1960.....	.4	1.6	1.9
Mar. 1960-June 1960.....	-.4	.2	.8
June 1960-Sept. 1960.....	-.6	-.3	-.4
Sept. 1960-Dec. 1960.....	-1.7	-1.0	-1.0
Dec. 1960-Mar. 1961.....	-.9	-.3	-.4
Mar. 1961-June 1961.....	-.4	.6	0
II 6-Month Changes			
Sept. 1957-Mar. 1958.....	-1.8	-1.7	-2.2
Mar. 1958-Sept. 1958.....	-1.6	-2.5	-2.7
Sept. 1958-Mar. 1959.....	.3	1.8	1.2
Mar. 1959-Sept. 1959.....	-.2	2.2	1.4
June 1959-Dec. 1959.....	-2.0	-.1	.3
Sept. 1959-Mar. 1960.....	-.8	2.2	2.4
Dec. 1959-June 1960.....	.3	2.2	2.7
Mar. 1960-Sept. 1960.....	-1.1	-.6	.4
June 1960-Dec. 1960.....	-1.9	-1.8	-1.4
Sept. 1960-Mar. 1961.....	-1.8	-1.1	-1.4
Dec. 1960-June 1961.....	-1.4	-.6	-.4
Mar. 1961-Sept. 1961.....	.1	1.7	-----

¹ Second anticipation.**Corrected anticipations vs. actual**

Table 4 shows for each survey, in terms of seasonally adjusted dollar changes, the anticipated change as reported, the anticipated change after correction, and the actual change.

The corrected totals were obtained in the following manner. Relationships similar to those shown in the chart were derived separately for durable goods and nondurable goods; corrected components were then added to obtain totals for all manufacturing. A further adjustment was needed because of the fact that the actual movements shown by the samples of firms supplying anticipations differ to some degree from the movements shown by the regularly published monthly inventory data, due to lesser coverage of small firms, failure of a few very large firms to cooperate in the survey, fiscal quarter endings that differ from calendar quarters, etc. It was found that the actual changes shown by the anticipations survey sample tended to exceed those of the Industry Survey by \$0.2 billion on a 3-month basis, and \$0.5 on a 6-month basis, the differences being about equally divided between durables and nondurables. These average amounts were thus subtracted from the data after the initial correction to yield the corrected

figures shown in table 4. Naturally some forecasting accuracy is lost by such a procedure but this is unavoidable so long as the samples differ and it is desired to tie all anticipations to Industry Survey actual totals.⁵

Of 20 comparisons with actual that are possible in table 4, in only 2 cases does the corrected figure fail to come closer to actual than does the uncorrected figure. Whereas the uncorrected figures miss direction of change four times for the 6-month anticipation there are only two misses after correction, one being extremely small. The record on direction of change is also better for the one-quarter change, though the more striking feature with the one-quarter changes is in the amount of the correction.

Deriving "first" anticipations

By combining the results of the two relationships it is possible to derive an early or first anticipation after correction for each of the quarters starting with the third quarter of 1959. These data, in terms of seasonally adjusted dollar changes from beginning to the end of quarter, are compared with second anticipations and actuals below:

	1st anticipation	2d anticipation	Actual
	(Billions of dollars)		
3d quarter 1959.....	0.3	0.2	-0.2
4th quarter 1959.....	-.3	.7	.5
1st quarter 1960.....	1.5	1.6	1.9
2d quarter 1960.....	.6	.2	.8
3d quarter 1960.....	-.8	-.3	-.4
4th quarter 1960.....	-1.5	-1.0	-1.0
1st quarter 1961.....	0	-.3	-.4
2d quarter 1961.....	-.3	.6	0
3d quarter 1961.....	1.1	-----	-----

Six of the 8 first anticipations show up very well. The only appreciable errors are found in the anticipations for the last two quarters of 1959, the period during which the steel strike took place. The comparison between the corrected first and second anticipations is particularly instructive. Given the first anticipation, the second moves toward the actual in all but one case—in marked contrast with the pattern of the uncorrected inventory expectations. Second anticipations after correction are closer to actual than are first in 6

out of 8 cases. This result is what should be reasonably expected and, interestingly, is exactly what has occurred in the quarterly plant and equipment survey after correction for systematic over- and understatement.

Further Consideration of Sales Deviations

Thus far the relation between sales deviations and inventory deviations has been ignored, aside from mention of some preliminary tests which showed a low correlation when deviations from uncorrected inventory anticipations were related to departures from sales forecasts. After correction, however, there is evidence of an inverse relationship, that is, higher than expected inventories are associated with lower than expected sales. The relationship appeared to hold for the 6-month sales forecast but not for the one-quarter sales projection.

Another aspect of sales deviations is concerned with inventory condition. If we relate inventory condition for total manufacturing at the end of a given quarter to the realization of sales expectations for the same quarter, we find a fairly good and significant relationship. The more sales fall short of expectations, the greater the proportion of stocks that are judged "high" by businessmen. To a large extent, then, inventory condition is a mirror of how actual sales in the recent past have turned out relative to expectations. Very tentatively it appears that the relationship between sales deviations and inventory condition is much better gauged by the 6-month sales data than by the one-quarter figures.

Concluding remarks

The tentative character of the results presented here must be kept in mind. While the results of the correction technique are promising, it remains to be seen whether the correction will work out in the future when circumstances may be different. In particular, it is desirable to determine reasons for the apparent biases in the anticipations. In the meantime, of course, more careful consideration by business to inventory and sales anticipations in this survey should enhance the value of the survey results.

⁵ The separate figures for durables and nondurables underlying table 4 may be obtained on request.

National Product & Income

(Continued from page 7)

As indicated in the chart, this compares with a balanced budget for the fourth quarter of 1960 and a substantial surplus earlier in that year. Through the first quarter, the shift from surplus to deficit has been due less to positive Government action than to the working of the built-in automatic stabilizers.

As part of its countercyclical program, the Federal Government undertook several additional steps. These included speedups in defense and other orders which show up in business production and inventories before they are reflected in Government purchases; and actions taken in the field of money and credit which are not directly reflected in Federal activities as measured in the national income and product accounts. The more important of these have been noted in connection with construction activity.

Exports decline

Exports of goods and services were down from \$27½ billion to \$26½ billion—their first quarterly decline in 2 years. Imports remained stable at \$22½ billion. The decline in exports may have been

due in part to special factors, such as the shipping strike during the last 2 weeks of the quarter, and to a lag in cotton exports as shippers awaited a rise in the export subsidy for the new crop year. Exports of manufactured goods continued strong.

Increase in payrolls

National income also recorded a new high rate in the second quarter. Compensation of employees rose by \$7½ billion to an all-time peak of \$300 billion, as employment, the workweek, and hourly earnings all increased.

The recovery in wages and salaries in the second quarter was brought about largely by a rebound in the commodity producing and distributive industries, where labor income had been falling for over 6 months.

In conformity with the pattern of final demand, the manufacturing wage bill increased more sharply in durable goods than in the nondurable goods industries. The sharpest gains were in primary and fabricated metals, machinery (nonelectrical), and transportation equipment. In the nondurable goods industries substantial payroll increases occurred in textiles and apparel. Construction payrolls advanced nearly \$¼ billion at annual rates, in contrast to

their behavior in the weather-affected first quarter when they had declined by \$½ billion.

In the distributive industries, trade payrolls in the second quarter turned up with rising sales and the decline in transportation payrolls was halted.

Government and service industry payrolls, which advanced throughout the recession, continued to rise in the second quarter. The largest increase occurred in State and local governments and amounted to \$½ billion at annual rates.

Profits rise

Partial information relating to large corporations indicates that the year-long decline in corporate earnings was reversed in the second quarter. From the first quarter peak of last year, pretax profits had fallen by \$8½ billion at annual rates, or close to one-sixth, as profit margins and sales shrank. In the second quarter, earnings of durable goods producers, particularly in iron and steel and in autos, were up sharply, and earnings in some lines of nondurable goods production also improved. Profits of the service-type industries, such as public utilities and communications, whose growth had been dampened by the recession, expanded further.

New or Revised STATISTICAL SERIES

Inventory-Sales Ratios of Manufacturing and Trade Firms ¹

Year and month	Total manu- facturing and trade	Manufacturing									Wholesale trade			Retail trade		
		Total	Durable goods industries				Nondurable goods industries				Total	Durable goods	Non- durable goods	Total	Durable goods	Non- durable goods
			Total	Purchased materials	Goods- in- process	Finished goods	Total	Purchased material	Goods- in- process	Finished goods						
1960																
June.....	1. 51	1. 79	2. 17	0. 58	0. 86	0. 72	1. 44	0. 57	0. 20	0. 67	1. 04	1. 53	0. 76	1. 37	1. 98	1. 08
1961																
May.....	1. 48	1. 73	2. 07	. 53	. 82	. 72	1. 43	. 55	. 20	. 68	1. 05	1. 55	. 79	1. 36	1. 98	1. 09
June.....	1. 47	1. 72	2. 05	. 51	. 82	. 72	1. 43	. 55	. 20	. 67	1. 04	1. 53	. 80	1. 35	1. 98	1. 07

¹ Based on end-of-month inventories, seasonally adjusted, and seasonally adjusted sales for month.

Monthly BUSINESS STATISTICS



THE STATISTICS here are a continuation of the data published in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS, biennial Statistical Supplement to the SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS. That volume (price \$2.25) contains monthly (or quarterly) data for the years 1955 through 1958 and monthly averages for all years back to 1929 insofar as available; it also provides a description of each series and references to sources of monthly figures prior to 1955. Series added or significantly revised since publication of the 1959 BUSINESS STATISTICS are indicated by an asterisk (*) and a dagger (†), respectively; certain revisions for 1958 issued too late for inclusion in the aforementioned volume appear in the monthly SURVEY beginning with the July 1959 issue. Except as otherwise stated, the terms "unadjusted" and "adjusted" refer to adjustment for seasonal variation.

Statistics originating in Government agencies are not copyrighted and may be reprinted freely. Data from private sources are provided through the courtesy of the compilers, and are subject to their copyrights.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	1960							1961						
	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July
GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS														
NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT †														
Seasonally adjusted quarterly totals at annual rates: †														
National income, total..... bil. of dol.	419.2			419.0			416.5			412.2				
Compensation of employees, total..... do	294.6			296.0			294.0			292.6			300.2	
Wages and salaries, total..... do	272.4			273.2			271.3			270.1			277.3	
Private..... do	224.6			224.2			221.6			219.7			226.0	
Military..... do	9.8			9.9			10.0			10.1			10.1	
Government civilian..... do	38.0			39.1			39.7			40.3			41.2	
Supplements to wages and salaries..... do	22.2			22.7			22.7			22.5			22.9	
Proprietors' income, total..... do	48.6			48.7			49.0			48.9			49.2	
Business and professional..... do	36.4			36.3			36.3			36.0			36.3	
Farm..... do	12.3			12.4			12.7			12.9			12.9	
Rental income of persons..... do	11.7			11.7			11.7			11.5			11.5	
Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjust- ment, total..... bil. of dol	45.9			44.1			42.9			40.0				
Corporate profits before tax, total..... do	46.3			43.2			42.6			39.6				
Corporate profits tax liability..... do	23.0			21.4			21.1			19.6				
Corporate profits after tax..... do	23.3			21.7			21.4			20.0				
Inventory valuation adjustment..... do	- .4			.9			.3			.4				
Net interest..... do	18.3			18.6			18.9			19.2			19.6	
Gross national product, total..... do	506.4			505.1			504.5			500.8			516.1	
Personal consumption expenditures, total..... do	329.9			329.7			332.3			330.7			336.1	
Durable goods..... do	45.3			43.4			43.8			39.4			42.0	
Nondurable goods..... do	153.3			152.7			153.1			153.7			154.1	
Services..... do	131.2			133.6			135.4			137.5			139.9	
Gross private domestic investment, total..... do	74.6			70.5			65.6			59.8			68.8	
New construction..... do	40.7			40.4			40.7			39.6			41.3	
Producers' durable equipment..... do	28.6			27.7			26.7			24.2			24.7	
Change in business inventories..... do	5.4			2.4			-1.9			-4.0			2.8	
Net exports of goods and services..... do	2.3			3.0			5.1			5.3			3.9	
Exports..... do	26.7			26.8			27.6			27.6			26.4	
Imports..... do	24.4			23.8			22.4			22.3			22.5	
Government purchases of goods and services, total..... bil. of dol	99.6			101.9			101.6			105.0			107.3	
Federal (less Government sales)..... do	52.9			54.0			53.0			54.7			56.6	
National defense..... do	45.5			45.4			45.7			47.2			48.8	
State and local..... do	46.8			48.0			48.6			50.3			50.6	
Personal income, total..... do	403.1			405.1			405.4			404.7			413.2	
Less: Personal tax and nontax payments..... do	50.5			50.8			50.5			50.3			51.4	
Equals: Disposable personal income..... do	352.7			354.4			354.9			354.3			361.8	
Personal saving\$..... do	22.8			24.6			22.7			23.7			25.8	
GNP in constant (1954) dollars														
Gross national product, total..... bil. of dol.	443.4			440.2			438.4			433.2			445.5	
Personal consumption expenditures, total..... do	299.5			298.6			299.6			297.0			301.6	
Durable goods..... do	42.5			40.8			41.6			37.6			39.8	
Nondurable goods..... do	142.9			142.0			141.3			141.6			142.6	
Services..... do	114.2			115.8			116.6			117.8			119.2	
Gross private domestic investment, total..... do	62.3			58.6			54.9			49.6			57.3	
New construction..... do	33.9			33.6			33.9			32.9			34.1	
Producers' durable equipment..... do	23.4			22.7			22.1			19.9			20.3	
Change in business inventories..... do	4.9			2.3			-1.1			-3.2			2.9	
Net exports of goods and services..... do	1.0			1.6			3.5			3.3			1.9	
Government purchases of goods and services, total..... bil. of dol	80.6			81.3			80.3			83.3			84.7	
Federal..... do	42.7			42.9			41.6			43.1			44.7	
State and local..... do	37.8			38.4			38.7			40.2			40.0	

* Revised. † Revised series. Estimates of national income and product and personal income have been revised back to 1957; revisions prior to the 2d quarter 1960 (and prior to May 1960 for personal income) appear on p. 6 ff. of the July 1961 SURVEY. § Includes inventory valuation adjustment. ¶ Government sales are not deducted. § Personal saving is excess of disposable income over personal consumption expenditures shown as a component of gross national product above.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	1960							1961						
	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	May	June	July
GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS—Continued														
PERSONAL INCOME, BY SOURCE†														
Seasonally adjusted, at annual rates:†														
Total personal income..... bil. of dol.	404.4	404.7	405.2	405.5	406.4	406.0	404.0	403.6	403.1	¹ 405.5 407.3	409.8	413.2	^r 417.3	¹ 419.2 421.8
Wage and salary disbursements, total..... do.	273.2	273.6	273.2	273.0	272.9	271.5	269.6	269.6	269.5	271.1	274.6	277.2	^r 280.7	282.5
Commodity-producing industries, total..... do.	111.7	111.3	110.2	110.0	109.5	108.3	106.2	106.2	105.6	106.5	109.1	110.5	^r 112.7	113.5
Manufacturing only..... do.	88.6	88.0	86.9	86.7	86.3	85.4	84.0	83.8	83.5	84.1	86.1	87.6	^r 88.9	89.4
Distributive industries..... do.	72.6	72.6	72.6	72.3	72.4	72.0	71.8	71.8	71.8	71.8	72.3	72.9	^r 73.5	73.8
Service industries..... do.	40.9	41.1	41.2	41.3	41.4	41.5	41.7	41.6	41.7	42.1	42.3	42.5	^r 42.9	43.5
Government..... do.	48.0	48.6	49.1	49.4	49.6	49.7	49.8	50.0	50.4	50.7	51.0	51.3	^r 51.6	51.7
Other labor income..... do.	10.8	10.9	10.9	10.9	11.1	11.2	11.3	11.0	10.7	10.6	10.7	10.8	^r 11.0	11.1
Proprietors' income:														
Business and professional..... do.	36.4	36.3	36.3	36.3	36.4	36.4	36.0	36.0	35.8	36.0	36.1	36.3	^r 36.4	36.6
Farm..... do.	12.7	12.3	12.4	12.4	12.5	12.8	12.8	12.8	12.9	13.0	12.9	12.9	^r 13.0	12.9
Rental income of persons..... do.	11.7	11.7	11.7	11.7	11.7	11.7	11.6	11.6	11.5	11.4	11.5	11.5	^r 11.5	11.5
Dividends..... do.	14.0	14.0	14.1	14.3	14.4	14.4	14.1	14.2	14.2	14.2	14.2	14.2	^r 14.3	14.3
Personal interest income..... do.	26.2	26.3	26.4	26.6	26.6	26.7	26.7	26.8	26.8	26.8	26.8	27.0	^r 27.1	27.2
Transfer payments..... do.	28.7	28.8	29.3	29.8	30.2	30.7	31.0	31.1	31.1	31.7	32.5	33.0	^r 33.0	33.4
Less personal contributions for social insur..... do.	9.3	9.3	9.3	9.4	9.3	9.3	9.2	9.6	9.4	9.6	9.6	9.7	^r 9.8	9.8
Total nonagricultural income..... do.	387.6	388.3	388.7	389.0	389.8	389.1	387.2	386.8	386.2	¹ 390.4	392.9	396.4	^r 400.2	¹ 404.7
NEW PLANT AND EQUIPMENT EXPENDITURES														
Unadjusted quarterly totals:														
All industries..... bil. of dol.	9.28			8.98			9.53			7.57			² 8.72	² 8.70
Manufacturing..... do.	3.76			3.62			4.01			3.00			3.51	3.48
Durable goods industries..... do.	1.88			1.80			1.95			1.41			1.62	1.58
Nondurable goods industries..... do.	1.88			1.81			2.06			1.59			1.89	1.91
Mining..... do.	.27			.25			.24			.21			.26	.26
Railroads..... do.	.29			.24			.25			.17			.20	.16
Transportation, other than rail..... do.	.55			.47			.46			.41			.49	.45
Public utilities..... do.	1.42			1.50			1.58			1.09			1.45	1.65
Commercial and other..... do.	2.99			2.91			2.99			2.69			2.81	2.68
Seasonally adjusted quarterly totals at annual rates:														
All industries..... bil. of dol.	36.30			35.90			35.50			33.85			² 33.85	² 34.60
Manufacturing..... do.	14.70			14.65			14.40			13.75			13.65	14.05
Durable goods industries..... do.	7.40			7.35			6.85			6.50			6.30	6.40
Nondurable goods industries..... do.	7.30			7.30			7.55			7.25			7.35	7.70
Mining..... do.	1.05			1.00			.80			.95			1.00	1.05
Railroads..... do.	1.10			1.00			1.00			.70			.75	.65
Transportation, other than rail..... do.	2.15			1.90			1.80			1.75			1.85	1.85
Public utilities..... do.	5.70			5.60			5.70			5.35			5.75	6.15
Commercial and other..... do.	11.60			11.75			11.65			11.30			10.90	10.80
FARM INCOME AND MARKETINGS²														
Cash receipts from farming, including Government payments, total..... mil. of dol.	2,513	2,802	3,023	3,375	4,336	3,847	3,268	3,123	2,272	2,278	2,171	2,478	2,479	-----
Farm marketings and CCC loans, total..... do.	2,489	2,738	2,992	3,353	4,036	3,767	3,221	3,077	2,250	2,259	2,137	2,236	2,447	-----
Crops..... do.	952	1,316	1,397	1,715	2,181	2,073	1,624	1,448	788	607	618	615	915	-----
Livestock and products, total ² do.	1,537	1,422	1,595	1,638	1,855	1,694	1,597	1,629	1,462	1,652	1,519	1,621	1,532	-----
Dairy products..... do.	409	389	379	379	393	379	403	409	377	424	417	448	427	-----
Meat animals..... do.	847	759	902	926	1,100	964	854	938	819	924	823	897	832	-----
Poultry and eggs..... do.	284	250	282	298	359	338	316	247	238	279	249	256	246	-----
Indexes of cash receipts from marketings and CCC loans, unadjusted:														
All commodities..... 1947-49=100..... do.	102	112	123	138	166	155	132	126	92	93	88	92	100	-----
Crops..... do.	89	123	130	160	203	193	151	135	74	57	58	57	85	-----
Livestock and products..... do.	113	104	117	120	136	124	117	120	107	121	111	119	112	-----
Indexes of volume of farm marketings, unadjusted:														
All commodities..... 1947-49=100..... do.	118	132	143	156	191	176	146	^r 144	102	103	97	^r 106	120	-----
Crops..... do.	96	143	148	174	236	222	168	163	81	57	53	^r 52	90	-----
Livestock and products..... do.	134	124	140	142	156	142	130	131	118	137	130	^r 147	142	-----
INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION †														
<i>Revised Federal Reserve Index of Quantity Output</i>														
Unadjusted, total index (including utilities)†														
1957=100.....	109	103	107	108	110	106	101	102	103	104	107	108	^r 111	^p 106
By industry:														
Manufacturing, total..... do.	110	103	106	108	110	106	100	101	102	103	^r 107	108	^r 111	^p 106
Durable manufactures..... do.	106	99	98	102	103	100	96	95	96	97	100	103	^r 106	^p 101
Nondurable manufactures..... do.	116	109	117	117	119	114	106	109	111	112	115	^r 115	^r 118	^p 113
Mining..... do.	98	94	98	98	98	97	97	97	97	96	97	98	^r 99	^p 96
Utilities..... do.														
By market grouping:														
Final products, total..... do.	112	107	111	112	114	110	106	106	108	107	110	110	^r 113	^p 109
Consumer goods..... do.	116	110	115	117	121	115	108	109	111	111	113	114	^r 118	^p 113
Automotive and home goods..... do.	121	104	99	110	123	117	108	101	104	104	112	113	^r 118	^p 105
Apparel and staples..... do.	115	112	121	119	120	114	108	112	114	113	114	114	^r 118	^p 115
Equipment, including defense..... do.	104	102	101	102	101	100	101	101	101	101	102	102	103	^p 102
Materials..... do.	107	100	104	105	105	102	98	98	99	101	104	^r 107	^r 109	^p 104
Durable goods materials..... do.	104	96	97	100	99	95	90	90	90	91	96	101	105	^p 99
Nondurable materials..... do.	111	104	110	110	112	110	106	108	109	111	112	^r 113	^r 113	^p 108

^r Revised. ^p Preliminary. ¹ Italicized totals for March and July exclude stepped-up rate of, and special Government life insurance dividend payments to veterans, respectively; total disbursements of \$150 million (March) and \$218 million (July) multiplied by 12 (to put on annual rate basis) amounted to \$1.8 billion (March) and \$2.6 billion (July). Figures for transfer payments and total nonagricultural income reflecting similar exclusion are as follows: March—\$31.9 billion and \$388.6 billion; July—\$32.8 billion and \$402.1 billion. ² Estimates for April-June 1961 based on anticipated capital expenditures of business. ³ Estimates for July-September 1961 based on anticipated capital expenditures of business. Anticipated expenditures for the year 1961, and comparative data for 1959-60, appear on p. 8 of the June 1961 Survey.

† See note marked "†" on page S-1.

² Revised beginning 1958; revisions prior to May 1960 will be shown later.

³ Includes data not shown separately.

† Revised series. For figures back to January 1955 for total and summary groups (seasonally adjusted), see p. 6 of the January 1960 Survey; for other information and earlier figures back to 1947 (1919 for total industrial production, including utilities), see the December 1959 Federal Reserve Bulletin and the separate Federal Reserve publication, "Industrial Production: 1959 Revision" (available from the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System).

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS

1960							1961						
June	July	August	September	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	May	June	July

GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS—Continued

INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION—Continued													
Revised Fed. Reserve Index of Quantity Output—Con.													
Seasonally adjusted, total index (including utilities) †													
1957=100..													
By industry:	109	110	108	107	106	105	103	102	102	103	106	108	110
Manufacturing, total.....do.....	110	110	108	107	106	104	102	101	101	102	105	108	110
Durable manufactures ♀.....do.....	105	106	104	102	101	98	96	95	94	95	99	103	105
Primary metals.....do.....	88	85	83	80	78	74	69	71	73	74	82	90	92
Iron and steel.....do.....	84	80	76	72	73	68	64	66	69	69	79	86	88
Fabricated metal products.....do.....	108	109	108	106	105	101	101	97	96	96	99	105	107
Structural metal parts.....do.....	106	107	107	105	104	101	98	97	94	94	96	102	106
Machinery.....do.....	109	110	107	105	102	102	101	101	101	101	103	104	107
Nonelectrical machinery.....do.....	105	107	103	101	100	98	96	96	96	95	98	99	101
Electrical machinery.....do.....	114	114	113	112	105	107	108	109	108	108	109	112	116
Transportation equipment ♀.....do.....	102	102	101	102	103	97	93	89	88	88	94	99	101
Motor vehicles and parts.....do.....	120	113	114	115	116	103	97	89	86	86	99	108	113
Aircraft and other equipment.....do.....	84	90	88	89	89	90	89	88	88	89	88	90	88
Instruments and related products.....do.....	121	121	122	118	119	119	116	116	113	113	113	116	119
Clay, glass, and stone products.....do.....	114	114	112	109	109	107	103	101	100	103	105	107	112
Lumber and products.....do.....	109	111	102	103	100	95	96	100	99	100	106	106	110
Furniture and fixtures.....do.....	123	124	121	118	117	117	114	111	111	112	115	117	120
Miscellaneous manufactures.....do.....	117	117	115	109	113	110	107	107	108	107	110	114	117
Nondurable manufactures.....do.....	116	116	115	113	113	112	111	111	111	112	114	116	118
Textile mill products.....do.....	115	113	111	106	104	101	98	98	102	104	106	109	112
Apparel products.....do.....	127	128	127	122	122	123	119	113	116	120	120	120	123
Leather and products.....do.....	104	103	103	97	101	99	96	96	96	96	100	100	100
Paper and products.....do.....	112	112	112	112	112	110	109	111	113	113	117	117	118
Printing and publishing.....do.....	112	112	113	112	113	114	112	111	110	110	110	111	112
Newspapers.....do.....	109	108	108	107	108	108	106	194	102	104	105	105	106
Chemicals and products.....do.....	125	125	124	121	121	120	120	119	118	120	123	127	131
Industrial chemicals.....do.....	132	131	131	127	125	126	125	125	124	127	130	135	135
Petroleum products.....do.....	111	115	112	111	109	108	105	106	106	106	108	111	112
Rubber and plastics products.....do.....	122	117	115	111	110	109	105	103	102	96	110	114	114
Food and beverages.....do.....	109	110	109	110	111	109	110	110	110	111	111	112	113
Food manufactures.....do.....	109	109	109	109	111	109	110	110	110	111	111	113	113
Beverages.....do.....	110	111	109	110	112	108	109	111	108	109	111	107	107
Tobacco products.....do.....	115	111	114	114	115	117	115	113	116	116	122	116	116
Mining.....do.....	97	97	98	96	97	98	98	98	97	97	97	97	98
Coal.....do.....	78	78	80	77	81	77	81	78	77	68	77	81	75
Crude oil and natural gas.....do.....	99	99	100	99	99	101	99	99	99	101	100	101	101
Crude oil.....do.....	99	100	100	99	99	101	98	98	98	101	100	101	101
Metal mining.....do.....	97	94	96	92	88	95	107	109	106	106	92	86	100
Stone and earth minerals.....do.....	116	118	116	114	116	113	109	111	106	107	110	114	116
Utilities.....do.....	124	124	125	126	124	123	123	124	125	125	127	130	131
Electric.....do.....	123	124	126	127	125	124	124	125	125	125	127	131	131
Gas.....do.....	124	123	122	121	120	118	119						
By market grouping:													
Final products, total.....do.....	112	112	111	110	111	109	108	107	107	107	109	111	113
Consumer goods.....do.....	117	116	115	114	115	113	112	110	110	111	114	115	118
Automotive and home goods.....do.....	121	116	115	114	115	111	108	102	101	100	109	113	120
Automotive products.....do.....	121	114	115	117	121	112	105	94	90	88	103	108	113
Autos.....do.....	123	108	114	119	123	109	97	78	71	92	101	109	110
Auto parts and allied products.....do.....	118	122	118	113	118	116	118	118	115	120	118	120	120
Home goods ♀.....do.....	120	117	114	112	110	110	110	108	109	110	114	117	122
Appliances, TV, and radios.....do.....	118	113	108	105	103	104	106	105	109	108	111	116	123
Furniture and rugs.....do.....	122	118	119	119	115	114	113	109	109	110	116	117	120
Apparel and staples.....do.....	115	116	115	114	115	114	113	113	113	114	115	116	118
Apparel, incl. knit goods and shoes.....do.....	121	121	119	113	114	114	111	108	110	114	116	115	118
Consumer staples ♀.....do.....	114	115	114	114	115	113	114	114	114	114	115	117	118
Processed foods.....do.....	110	110	110	110	110	109	109	110	110	111	111	113	114
Beverages and tobacco.....do.....	112	111	111	112	113	111	111	112	111	111	114	119	123
Drugs, soap, and toiletries.....do.....	122	122	120	119	122	118	118	118	117	116	119	123	126
Newspapers, magazines, and books.....do.....	113	116	115	116	115	116	116	117	115	114	114	116	117
Consumer fuel and lighting.....do.....	120	122	122	121	120	119	119	123	125	122	123	125	125
Equipment, including defense ♀.....do.....	103	104	103	103	103	102	101	100	100	99	100	101	102
Business equipment.....do.....	105	106	105	105	105	103	102	101	101	100	102	103	104
Industrial equipment.....do.....	103	104	103	101	99	100	98	98	98	96	97	99	99
Commercial equipment.....do.....	120	121	120	120	121	119	117	118	118	117	118	120	123
Freight and passenger equipment.....do.....	99	101	95	101	103	99	99	95	91	93	94	95	94
Farm equipment.....do.....	89	88	83	87	86	88	99	98	103	104	107	104	106
Materials.....do.....	106	106	105	104	103	101	99	98	98	99	103	106	109
Durable goods materials ♀.....do.....	102	101	100	99	97	94	91	90	89	90	96	101	106
Consumer durable.....do.....	115	110	106	112	103	94	91	88	83	85	93	107	111
Equipment.....do.....	98	102	101	97	98	98	95	95	95	95	98	99	101
Construction.....do.....	110	110	109	106	105	102	99	98	97	99	104	107	110
Nondurable materials ♀.....do.....	111	112	111	109	109	109	108	107	108	109	111	112	114
Business supplies.....do.....	111	113	111	110	110	110	110	108	108	108	111	110	113
Containers.....do.....	108	113	111	108	107	106	109	108	110	112	114	110	114
General business supplies.....do.....	113	113	112	111	111	112	110	109	108	107	110	110	112
Business fuel and power ♀.....do.....	103	103	104	102	103	103	102	101	102	102	104	105	105
Mineral fuels.....do.....	97	97	98	96	97	98	97	96	96	96	98	97	98
Nonresidential utilities.....do.....	121	120	122	122	121	120	120	119	119	121	123	126	126

• Revised. • Preliminary. † See corresponding note on p. S-2. ♀ Includes data not shown separately.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	1960							1961						
	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	May	June	July
CONSTRUCTION AND REAL ESTATE—Continued														
CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS														
Construction contracts in 48 States (F.W. Dodge Corp.):														
Valuation, total.....mil. of dol.	3,472	3,597	3,295	3,119	3,319	2,886	2,718	2,485	2,235	3,166	3,298	3,501	3,602	-----
Public ownership.....do	1,237	1,413	1,018	995	1,125	1,071	1,218	838	732	1,090	1,170	1,127	1,235	-----
Private ownership.....do	2,236	2,184	2,277	2,124	2,194	1,815	1,500	1,647	1,504	2,075	2,128	2,374	2,367	-----
By type of building:														
Nonresidential.....do	1,110	1,152	1,177	1,124	1,165	916	994	813	804	1,027	1,050	1,105	1,221	-----
Residential.....do	1,483	1,329	1,433	1,277	1,390	1,253	878	974	870	1,371	1,454	1,553	1,558	-----
Public works.....do	693	794	520	544	647	566	735	400	394	625	639	623	632	-----
Utilities.....do	186	321	165	173	117	152	110	298	167	142	154	219	191	-----
Engineering construction:														
Contract awards (ENR)\$.do	2,885	2,005	1,859	2,232	1,796	1,775	1,875	1,661	1,360	1,912	1,817	1,789	* 2,392	-----
Highway concrete pavement contract awards: ♂														
Total.....thous. of sq. yd.	11,069	10,637	11,216	7,446	8,541	11,208	12,101	-----	-----	* 23,743	10,522	10,482	-----	-----
Airports.....do	1,284	1,526	684	405	635	207	361	-----	-----	* 2,163	202	110	-----	-----
Roads.....do	5,784	5,230	6,366	3,829	4,461	7,045	9,012	-----	-----	* 16,099	7,232	5,994	-----	-----
Streets and alleys.....do	4,000	3,881	4,166	3,212	3,445	3,957	2,727	-----	-----	* 5,480	3,088	4,378	-----	-----
HOUSING STARTS †														
New housing units started: †														
Unadjusted:														
Total, incl. farm (public and private).....thousands	* 128.2	* 118.3	* 135.1	* 102.6	* 113.2	* 94.5	* 70.9	72.5	* 81.0	* 109.7	* 115.3	* 130.6	136.9	-----
One-family structures.....do	* 101.9	* 93.1	* 107.0	* 80.3	* 86.7	* 70.4	* 48.0	* 51.8	* 56.5	* 80.1	* 85.4	98.9	-----	-----
Privately owned.....do	* 122.8	* 114.3	* 130.3	* 96.9	* 110.4	* 92.8	* 64.2	* 69.8	75.8	* 104.6	* 111.0	* 127.0	131.4	-----
Total nonfarm (public and private).....do	* 126.6	* 116.6	* 133.0	* 100.6	* 110.1	* 93.5	* 70.4	71.0	* 77.7	* 107.3	* 113.0	* 128.2	134.2	-----
In metropolitan areas.....do	* 84.2	* 82.5	* 84.4	* 68.3	* 78.0	* 66.1	* 49.8	* 51.1	55.7	* 79.1	* 79.7	* 88.9	94.1	-----
Privately owned.....do	* 121.2	* 112.6	* 128.2	* 94.9	* 107.3	* 91.8	* 63.7	* 68.3	72.5	* 102.2	* 108.7	* 124.6	128.7	-----
Seasonally adjusted at annual rates:														
Total, incl. farm (private only).....do	* 1,279.0	* 1,227.0	* 1,355.0	* 1,089.0	* 1,273.0	* 1,220.0	* 996.0	* 1,127.0	* 1,169.0	* 1,296.0	* 1,166.0	* 1,295.0	1,374.0	-----
Total nonfarm (private only).....do	* 1,264.0	* 1,209.0	* 1,335.0	* 1,067.0	* 1,237.0	* 1,206.0	* 987.0	* 1,098.0	* 1,115.0	* 1,262.0	* 1,143.0	* 1,272.0	1,347.0	-----
CONSTRUCTION COST INDEXES														
Department of Commerce composite †.....1947-49=100..	144	* 144	* 144	144	144	144	* 143	* 143	144	144	145	* 146	145	145
American Appraisal Co., The:														
Average, 30 cities.....1913=100..	720	722	723	727	728	730	731	732	733	733	735	737	740	-----
Atlanta.....do	789	789	789	803	803	806	806	806	806	807	808	808	809	-----
New York.....do	778	778	779	787	795	796	796	808	808	808	808	808	810	-----
San Francisco.....do	674	671	671	691	681	690	691	691	695	696	696	696	704	-----
St. Louis.....do	696	704	704	704	706	710	710	710	710	713	713	721	721	-----
Associated General Contractors (building only).....do	535	537	538	537	538	538	538	539	536	538	538	542	547	547
E. H. Boeckh and Associates: †														
Average, 20 cities:														
Apartment, hotel, and office buildings:														
Brick and concrete.....U.S. avg. 1926-29=100..	314.6	314.7	314.6	315.1	315.0	315.0	315.1	315.6	315.7	315.9	316.2	320.1	321.6	-----
Brick and steel.....do	303.2	302.7	302.4	302.7	302.5	302.4	302.4	302.5	302.5	302.7	302.9	305.0	306.4	-----
Brick and wood.....do	299.1	298.5	297.9	297.9	297.2	297.0	296.8	296.4	296.4	296.4	296.6	298.7	299.7	-----
Commercial and factory buildings:														
Brick and concrete.....do	327.1	327.7	327.6	328.2	328.1	328.1	328.2	329.0	329.1	329.1	329.5	334.6	335.9	-----
Brick and steel.....do	322.2	321.3	320.8	321.1	321.0	320.8	320.8	320.9	320.9	320.8	321.2	324.0	325.2	-----
Brick and wood.....do	299.8	299.2	298.8	298.9	298.5	298.4	298.2	298.2	298.2	298.1	298.1	300.8	301.9	-----
Frame.....do	296.0	295.6	294.7	294.4	293.5	293.3	293.0	292.2	292.3	292.0	292.4	294.5	295.3	-----
Steel.....do	303.2	301.3	300.5	300.8	300.8	300.4	300.3	300.1	300.1	300.1	300.4	300.5	301.5	-----
Residences:														
Brick.....do	300.5	300.0	299.5	299.6	298.9	298.7	298.5	298.2	298.2	298.2	298.4	300.9	301.9	-----
Frame.....do	289.8	289.2	288.5	288.3	287.5	287.3	287.1	286.5	286.5	286.4	286.7	288.4	289.3	-----
Engineering News-Record: ♂														
Building.....1947-49=100..	166.4	166.3	166.4	166.0	165.9	166.1	166.5	166.5	166.5	167.1	168.3	168.6	169.1	-----
Construction.....do	183.1	183.3	183.4	183.1	183.2	183.3	184.2	184.2	184.1	184.9	187.0	187.7	188.4	-----
Bu. of Public Roads—Highway construction:														
Composite, standard mile (avg. for qtr.).....1946=100..	133.7	-----	-----	136.6	-----	-----	135.0	-----	-----	133.4	-----	-----	134.5	-----
CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS														
Output index, composite, unadj. ♀ ⊕.....1947-49=100..	147.8	129.8	148.4	139.5	131.6	116.9	102.8	104.7	100.1	125.4	129.2	-----	-----	-----
Seasonally adjusted ♀ ⊕.....do	138.5	134.7	134.7	133.7	116.4	122.4	120.5	111.8	113.4	130.1	126.9	-----	-----	-----
Iron and steel products, unadj. ⊕.....do	149.6	130.8	142.0	133.8	126.0	111.6	95.3	100.8	94.7	121.0	132.5	-----	-----	-----
Lumber and wood products, unadj. ⊕.....do	141.2	118.5	145.5	136.5	129.9	117.6	104.9	112.5	109.9	128.5	* 128.4	144.1	-----	-----
Portland cement, unadj.do	191.0	191.3	199.0	186.2	188.1	158.0	122.7	100.2	90.0	130.7	158.3	186.1	-----	-----
REAL ESTATE														
Home mortgages insured or guaranteed by—														
Fed. Hous. Adm.: Face amount.....thous. of dol.	364,909	362,163	416,954	425,124	433,655	403,684	390,257	410,350	340,975	347,557	317,678	348,989	385,859	-----
Vet. Adm.: Face amount.....do	174,557	160,340	180,818	169,070	162,077	150,404	141,867	131,648	107,754	124,837	108,649	123,394	137,271	-----
Federal Home Loan Banks, outstanding advances to member institutions.....mil. of dol.	1,770	1,674	1,696	1,736	1,735	1,741	1,981	1,571	1,496	1,477	1,576	1,624	1,869	-----
New mortgage loans of all savings and loan associations, estimated total.....mil. of dol.	1,397	1,268	1,413	1,316	1,250	1,140	1,150	969	1,001	1,356	1,309	1,511	1,738	-----
By purpose of loan: †														
Home construction.....do	471	408	430	402	394	332	367	285	288	427	417	460	531	-----
Home purchase.....do	598	569	651	591	545	508	460	400	395	515	504	603	714	-----
All other purposes.....do	328	291	332	323	311	300	323	285	318	414	388	447	492	-----
New nonfarm mortgages recorded (\$20,000 and under), estimated total.....mil. of dol.	2,690	2,528	2,784	2,598	2,525	2,378	2,338	2,075	1,997	2,444	2,358	2,700	-----	-----
Nonfarm foreclosures.....number	4,514	4,289	4,347	4,814	4,512	4,740	4,973	5,523	5,096	6,272	-----	-----	-----	-----
Fire losses.....thous. of dol.	82,829	82,998	90,037	81,845	92,730	84,340	101,903	117,252	116,606	109,222	95,486	103,348	-----	-----

* Revised. † For January–March 1961.

§ Data for June, September, and December 1960 and March and June 1961 are for 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks. Contracts in Alaska and Hawaii are included beginning 1960.

♂ Data for August and November 1960 are for 5 weeks; other months in 1960, 4 weeks.

† Revised series. Data (from Bureau of the Census) are based on a different definition of a housing unit and reflect more complete coverage than the old series and inclusion of starts in Alaska and Hawaii; revisions prior to June 1960 will be shown later.

‡ Revisions for Dept. of Commerce construction cost index (prior to 1958) and for new mortgage loans (1955–November 1959) will be shown later. ¶ Copyrighted data; see last paragraph of headline, p. S-1. ⊕ Data reported at the beginning of each month are shown here for the previous month. ? Includes data for items not shown separately. ⊗ Revisions for 1955–56 for the composite index of construction materials output and for lumber and wood products are in the September 1959 SURVEY (p. 20); revisions for 1957–March 1960 will be shown later.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	1960							1961						
	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	May	June	July
DOMESTIC TRADE														
ADVERTISING														
Printers' Ink advertising index, seas. adjusted:														
Combined index.....1947-49=100.....	243	247	236	235	246	234	235	234	229	236	229	236	236	236
Business papers.....do.....	242	250	259	251	247	244	235	227	225	221	234	241	241	241
Magazines.....do.....	193	195	179	181	208	175	181	194	186	187	177	182	182	182
Newspapers.....do.....	220	203	198	205	203	202	209	206	190	212	196	200	200	200
Outdoor.....do.....	171	166	169	164	170	166	147	149	140	135	125	126	126	126
Radio (network).....do.....	27	28	25	22	21	22	18	18	24	23	23	25	25	25
Television (network).....1950-52=100.....	492	547	502	492	507	513	500	479	505	520	512	532	532	532
Television advertising:														
Network:														
Gross time costs, total.....thous. of dol.....	52,971	55,778	50,867	51,415	63,350	63,982	60,685	61,824	57,071	63,615	59,794			
Automotive, including accessories.....do.....	3,588	3,796	3,174	4,022	7,177	5,452	4,652	4,919	3,701	3,944	3,271			
Drugs and toiletries.....do.....	16,175	14,508	16,888	14,791	17,365	16,574	17,990	18,416	16,601	18,225	15,479			
Foods, soft drinks, confectionery.....do.....	10,043	8,786	9,575	9,203	11,931	12,274	12,218	13,367	12,870	14,362	13,596			
Soaps, cleansers, etc.....do.....	5,768	4,377	5,619	6,234	6,225	6,070	5,421	6,506	6,736	7,788	7,716			
Smoking materials.....do.....	6,651	5,464	6,254	6,365	6,148	6,240	7,030	6,814	6,049	6,603	6,467			
All other.....do.....	10,747	18,848	9,358	10,800	14,505	17,372	13,375	11,802	11,114	12,693	13,265			
Spot (national and regional):														
Gross time costs, quarterly total.....do.....	160,648			125,012			1163,060			151,328				
Automotive, including accessories.....do.....	6,372			4,664			5,139			3,991				
Drugs and toiletries.....do.....	27,220			22,582			32,472			31,060				
Foods, soft drinks, confectionery.....do.....	50,232			37,853			56,598			56,618				
Soaps, cleansers, etc.....do.....	21,569			17,407			16,056			16,808				
Smoking materials.....do.....	8,535			7,656			8,457			7,547				
All other.....do.....	46,720			34,850			44,338			35,304				
Magazine advertising:														
Cost, total.....do.....	69,372	51,260	51,089	69,563	98,071	82,400	64,714	48,883	64,501	77,026	83,453	78,734	66,522	
Apparel and accessories.....do.....	2,779	742	5,265	8,697	6,841	5,182	3,575	1,468	3,126	5,590	6,543	5,779	2,889	
Automotive, incl. accessories.....do.....	7,763	5,639	4,048	3,215	14,739	9,697	5,341	6,825	7,498	8,157	8,614	7,600	5,823	
Building materials.....do.....	3,515	2,118	1,905	4,139	3,374	1,950	800	1,555	2,073	2,767	4,290	3,585	3,260	
Drugs and toiletries.....do.....	7,762	6,257	5,683	6,221	8,828	7,407	6,440	3,899	5,848	7,176	6,742	7,189	7,099	
Foods, soft drinks, confectionery.....do.....	9,929	7,816	7,541	8,724	13,144	10,353	9,403	8,032	11,364	11,554	11,792	10,830	10,043	
Beer, wine, liquors.....do.....	3,967	3,344	2,682	3,857	5,293	5,771	7,467	2,687	3,336	4,312	4,425	4,458	4,105	
Household equip., supplies, furnishings.....do.....	5,930	3,142	3,005	5,824	8,253	7,322	4,422	2,003	3,052	4,675	6,722	6,700	4,013	
Industrial materials.....do.....	5,238	3,870	3,531	4,969	6,355	4,865	3,529	1,897	2,755	3,590	4,382	4,716	4,235	
Soaps, cleansers, etc.....do.....	722	585	628	704	867	823	351	445	792	807	946	718	688	
Smoking materials.....do.....	1,981	2,092	2,082	1,918	2,259	2,517	2,611	1,676	2,527	2,696	2,234	2,189	2,729	
All other.....do.....	19,787	15,654	14,820	21,595	28,119	26,514	20,775	18,395	22,429	25,701	26,764	24,971	21,637	
Linage, total.....thous. of lines.....	4,002	3,619	4,457	5,314	5,914	4,787	4,060	2 9,206	2 9,878	2 10,908	2 10,288	2 8,951	2 7,497	
Newspaper advertising linage (52 cities), total.....do.....	250,556	217,418	224,124	240,074	265,798	256,625	238,724	195,666	188,582	236,150	241,811	249,311	236,522	
Classified.....do.....	65,011	63,504	63,563	60,905	63,434	55,626	48,200	53,552	50,045	57,833	60,353	62,236	61,252	
Display, total.....do.....	185,545	153,914	160,561	179,169	202,364	200,999	190,464	142,115	138,537	178,318	181,458	187,074	175,269	
Automotive.....do.....	18,018	12,124	11,905	12,253	17,012	13,148	8,507	11,038	9,779	12,765	13,137	15,832	13,848	
Financial.....do.....	4,796	4,852	3,408	3,802	4,844	4,343	4,610	6,722	4,067	4,654	5,127	4,599	4,991	
General.....do.....	30,786	23,240	21,977	28,782	36,341	34,119	24,803	19,003	22,779	29,046	30,959	32,261	20,383	
Retail.....do.....	131,945	113,697	123,271	134,333	144,166	149,390	152,545	105,352	101,913	131,853	132,235	134,382	126,046	
PERSONAL CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURES														
Seasonally adjusted quarterly totals at annual rates: [†]														
Goods and services, total.....bil. of dol.....	329.9			329.7			332.3			336.7			336.1	
Durable goods, total $\varnothing$do.....	45.3			43.4			43.8			39.4			42.0	
Automobiles and parts.....do.....	19.3			17.8			18.6			14.8			16.7	
Furniture and household equipment.....do.....	19.0			18.7			18.3			17.8			18.3	
Nondurable goods, total $\varnothing$do.....	153.3			152.7			153.1			153.7			154.1	
Clothing and shoes.....do.....	28.3			28.3			27.7			27.9			27.6	
Food and alcoholic beverages.....do.....	80.6			79.9			80.8			81.1			81.4	
Gasoline and oil.....do.....	11.6			11.6			11.8			11.7			11.7	
Services, total $\varnothing$do.....	131.2			133.6			135.4			137.5			139.9	
Household operation.....do.....	19.5			19.7			20.0			20.6			20.9	
Housing.....do.....	41.9			42.7			43.1			43.6			44.2	
Transportation.....do.....	10.5			10.5			10.5			10.5			10.7	
RETAIL TRADE														
All retail stores:														
Estimated sales (unadjusted), total [†]mil. of dol.....	18,918	18,066	18,153	17,898	18,648	18,385	22,153	15,803	15,071	17,934	17,398	18,532	18,978	17,902
Durable goods stores $\varnothing$do.....	6,618	5,773	5,952	5,613	6,013	5,814	6,091	4,634	4,479	5,467	5,414	6,006	6,230	5,603
Automotive group.....do.....	3,736	3,098	3,221	2,864	3,232	3,174	2,998	2,676	2,587	3,190	3,088	3,413	3,438	3,294
Motor-vehicle, other automotive dealers.....do.....	3,495	2,870	3,003	2,661	3,027	2,976	2,731	2,526	2,438	3,007	2,890	3,192	3,213	
Tire, battery, accessory dealers.....do.....	241	228	218	203	205	198	267	150	149	183	198	221	245	
Furniture and appliance group.....do.....	915	858	898	881	919	927	1,123	723	682	776	768	844	909	881
Furniture, home furnishings stores.....do.....	573	539	580	561	600	606	696	445	431	488	493	553	573	
Household-appliance, TV, radio stores.....do.....	342	319	318	320	319	321	427	278	251	288	275	291	336	
Lumber, building, hardware group.....do.....	1,108	1,036	1,082	1,027	1,036	932	892	659	632	820	878	990	1,043	
Lumber, building materials dealers ^odo.....	852	799	858	809	812	723	601	493	475	625	666	755	803	
Hardware stores.....do.....	256	237	224	227	224	209	291	166	157	195	212	235	240	
Nondurable goods stores $\varnothing$do.....	12,300	12,293	12,201	12,285	12,635	12,571	16,062	11,169	10,592	12,467	11,984	12,526	12,748	12,299
Apparel group.....do.....	1,097	957	1,016	1,142	1,183	1,190	1,979	886	775	1,191	1,019	1,105	1,120	971
Men's and boys' wear stores.....do.....	228	179	177	192	219	229	440	187	146	200	181	205	243	
Women's apparel, accessory stores.....do.....	406	370	394	443	467	464	749	347	315	457	401	434	414	
Family and other apparel stores.....do.....	256	221	246	274	295	314	528	202	179	302	238	260	255	
Shoe stores.....do.....	207	187	199	233	202	183	262	150	135	232	199	206	208	

^{*} Revised. [†] Not comparable with data through 1st quarter 1960 due to change in estimating procedures; figures comparable with 1st quarter 1960 are as follows (thous. dol.): 1960—2d quarter, 174,245; 3d quarter, 135,013; 4th quarter, 176,105; 1961—1st quarter, 164,487. ² Beginning January 1961, data represent ad page volume; comparable figures for 1960—January, 9,743; February, 11,147; March, 11,966; April, 11,378; May, 10,226; June, 8,279. ³ Advance estimate. [†] Revised series. Revisions for 1957—March 1960 appear on p. 15 of the July 1961 SURVEY. ^o Includes data not shown separately. [†] Beginning January 1960, data were revised to reflect changes (principally in the 11-or-more stores group) in the reporting sample and kind of business classification based on data from the 1958 Census of Business; the revised figures are not strictly comparable with earlier data which are based on the 1954 Census (revisions for January 1960 will be shown later).

^o Comprises lumber yards, building materials dealers, and paint, plumbing, and electrical stores.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS

	1960							1961						
	June	July	August	Septem-ber	October	Novem-ber	Decem-ber	Janu-ary	Febru-ary	March	April	May	June	July
DOMESTIC TRADE—Continued														
RETAIL TRADE—Continued														
Department stores:														
Accounts receivable, end of month:†														
Charge accounts.....1947-49=100...	164	151	151	162	171	184	244	210	173	165	164	164	162	-----
Installment accounts.....do.....	424	415	406	415	422	431	479	480	462	449	441	437	433	-----
Ratio of collections to accounts receivable:														
Charge accounts.....percent.....	48	45	47	46	47	48	48	45	45	49	44	48	48	-----
Installment accounts.....do.....	15	14	15	15	15	15	15	14	14	16	14	15	15	-----
Sales by type of payment:														
Cash sales.....percent of total sales...	43	44	43	42	41	42	44	43	42	42	43	43	43	-----
Charge account sales.....do.....	42	41	42	43	43	43	42	40	42	43	42	42	41	-----
Installment sales.....do.....	15	15	15	15	16	15	14	17	16	15	15	15	16	-----
Sales, unadjusted, total U.S.....1947-49=100...	137	122	132	145	153	171	262	108	109	132	134	140	p 141	p 125
Atlanta.....do.....	165	165	170	172	187	206	329	137	141	177	172	171	p 166	-----
Boston.....do.....	123	95	106	131	132	155	249	95	91	116	120	131	p 129	-----
Chicago.....do.....	129	113	123	136	143	158	238	98	96	116	123	131	p 132	-----
Cleveland.....do.....	* 129	116	128	140	145	167	254	105	104	130	126	133	p 134	-----
Dallas.....do.....	156	156	165	159	176	190	293	130	127	155	159	160	p 149	-----
Kansas City.....do.....	146	140	154	159	164	181	274	121	114	137	147	152	p 151	-----
Minneapolis.....do.....	* 134	* 110	* 133	* 145	* 153	* 155	* 239	96	* 105	* 121	128	133	p 139	-----
New York.....do.....	* 131	101	109	138	147	167	245	103	105	128	125	132	p 136	-----
Philadelphia.....do.....	134	108	114	141	149	178	250	97	102	134	131	135	p 136	-----
Richmond.....do.....	140	130	137	156	170	183	285	105	110	142	139	149	p 146	-----
St. Louis.....do.....	* 133	119	134	142	152	166	248	107	102	126	127	140	p 133	-----
San Francisco.....do.....	* 148	142	154	152	156	177	282	119	126	138	148	145	p 156	-----
Sales, seasonally adjusted, total U.S. ♀.....do.....	145	* 148	144	144	150	142	147	142	145	146	148	144	p 149	p 151
Atlanta.....do.....	* 184	194	178	185	189	179	187	177	181	178	183	175	p 185	-----
Boston.....do.....	129	125	124	126	129	129	128	126	126	135	132	133	p 136	-----
Chicago.....do.....	134	141	134	132	140	129	137	130	128	127	135	132	p 137	-----
Cleveland.....do.....	* 137	143	139	140	144	136	142	140	135	144	139	138	p 143	-----
Dallas.....do.....	170	175	169	166	172	163	171	165	170	168	177	160	p 162	-----
Kansas City.....do.....	154	159	151	154	164	157	159	164	156	158	162	152	p 159	-----
Minneapolis.....do.....	* 138	* 137	* 133	* 135	* 139	137	* 139	* 134	* 143	* 135	143	139	p 144	-----
New York.....do.....	* 137	135	137	136	140	131	135	129	136	140	140	136	p 142	-----
Philadelphia.....do.....	144	142	136	139	145	136	136	132	143	145	141	138	p 146	-----
Richmond.....do.....	150	157	150	155	163	151	154	146	155	157	156	150	p 157	-----
St. Louis.....do.....	* 143	144	140	138	149	139	142	145	134	142	142	138	p 143	-----
San Francisco.....do.....	153	159	155	155	160	152	159	154	164	160	164	153	p 162	-----
Stocks, total U.S., end of month:														
Unadjusted.....do.....	157	158	166	176	186	192	150	145	153	164	169	165	p 156	-----
Seasonally adjusted ♀.....do.....	* 164	167	169	168	167	169	165	162	161	161	162	164	p 164	-----
WHOLESALE TRADE														
Sales, estimated (unadj.), total.....bil. of dol.....	12.8	11.6	13.0	12.8	12.8	12.9	12.6	11.4	11.3	12.8	* 11.7	* 12.8	12.9	-----
Durable goods establishments.....do.....	4.8	4.2	4.7	4.6	4.5	4.3	4.1	3.8	3.7	4.2	* 4.0	* 4.4	4.6	-----
Nondurable goods establishments.....do.....	8.0	7.3	8.2	8.1	8.2	8.6	8.5	7.6	7.6	8.5	* 7.7	* 8.3	8.4	-----
Inventories, estimated (unadj.), total.....do.....	12.9	12.9	13.1	13.2	13.6	13.6	13.2	13.1	13.1	13.4	13.3	13.3	13.4	-----
Durable goods establishments.....do.....	7.0	7.0	7.0	6.9	6.9	6.8	6.6	6.6	6.7	6.8	6.9	6.8	6.9	-----
Nondurable goods establishments.....do.....	5.9	5.9	6.1	6.3	6.7	6.8	6.6	6.6	6.4	6.6	6.5	* 6.5	6.5	-----

EMPLOYMENT AND POPULATION

POPULATION														
Population, United States (incl. Alaska and Hawaii):														
Total, incl. armed forces overseas§.....thousands.....	180,439	180,670	180,936	181,232	181,519	181,778	182,018	182,257	182,489	182,714	182,952	183,174	183,411	183,650
EMPLOYMENT														
Noninstitutional population, estimated number 14 years of age and over, total♂.....thousands.....	125,162	125,288	125,499	125,717	125,936	126,222	126,482	126,725	126,918	127,115	127,337	127,558	127,768	127,986
Total labor force, including armed forces.....do.....	75,499	75,215	74,551	73,672	73,592	73,746	73,079	72,361	72,894	73,540	73,216	74,059	76,790	76,153
Civilian labor force, total⊕.....do.....	73,002	72,706	72,070	71,155	71,069	71,213	70,549	69,837	70,360	71,011	70,696	71,546	74,286	73,639
Employed.....do.....	68,579	68,689	68,282	67,767	67,490	67,182	66,009	64,452	64,655	65,516	65,734	66,778	68,766	68,499
Agricultural employment.....do.....	6,856	6,885	6,454	6,588	6,247	5,666	4,650	4,634	4,708	4,977	5,000	5,544	6,671	6,453
Nonagricultural employment.....do.....	61,722	61,805	61,828	61,179	61,244	61,516	61,059	59,818	59,947	60,539	60,734	61,234	62,035	62,046
Unemployed.....do.....	4,423	4,017	3,788	3,388	3,570	4,031	4,540	5,385	5,705	5,495	4,962	4,768	5,580	5,140
Percent of civilian labor force:⊕														
Unadjusted.....do.....	6.1	5.5	5.3	4.8	5.0	5.7	6.4	7.7	8.1	7.7	7.0	6.7	7.5	7.0
Seasonally adjusted.....do.....	5.4	5.5	5.8	5.7	6.3	6.2	6.8	6.6	6.8	6.9	6.8	6.9	6.8	6.9
Not in labor force.....thousands.....	49,663	50,074	50,948	52,045	52,344	52,476	53,403	54,364	54,024	53,574	54,121	53,499	50,977	51,833
Employees on payrolls (nonagricultural estab.):														
Total, unadj. (excl. Alaska and Hawaii)Δ.....thousands.....	53,309	52,923	53,062	53,496	53,391	53,133	53,310	51,437	51,090	51,397	51,813	* 52,407	* 53,116	p 52,937
Manufacturing.....do.....	16,422	16,250	16,386	16,505	16,313	16,129	15,836	15,580	15,473	15,497	15,536	* 15,726	* 15,975	p 15,948
Durable goods industries.....do.....	9,504	9,342	9,296	9,403	9,305	9,235	9,065	8,902	8,804	8,806	8,865	* 9,039	* 9,169	p 9,124
Nondurable goods industries.....do.....	6,918	6,908	7,090	7,102	7,008	6,894	6,771	6,678	6,669	6,691	6,671	* 6,687	* 6,806	p 6,824
Mining, total.....do.....	681	655	672	663	656	647	641	629	620	622	623	630	* 638	p 632
Metal.....do.....	97	94	95	94	93	90	89	86	86	86	86	87	-----	-----
Anthracite.....do.....	12	11	11	12	12	11	10	10	10	8	9	9	-----	-----
Bituminous coal.....do.....	164	140	156	151	150	147	145	142	142	140	136	136	-----	-----
Crude-petroleum and natural-gas production														
thousands.....do.....	292	292	292	289	285	286	284	282	284	284	285	287	-----	-----
Nonmetallic mining and quarrying.....do.....	117	118	118	117	117	114	109	104	101	104	108	111	-----	-----

* Revised. † Preliminary. ‡ Revised beginning August 1959 to include data for Hawaii. § Revisions for January 1947-December 1959 for department store sales and stocks, total U.S., seasonally adjusted, appear on p. 20 of the January 1961 SURVEY; revisions for the individual Federal Reserve districts will be shown later. ¶ Effective with the January 1961 SURVEY, estimates are based on the 1960 Census; for comparable revised figures (August 1957-October 1959), see "Current Population Reports", P-25, No. 223.

Δ Data beginning January 1960 include figures for Alaska and Hawaii; see the December 1960 SURVEY for January 1960 estimates for those States.

⊕ For 1947-59 figures, reflecting adjustments of 1947-56 data to new definitions adopted January 1957 and monthly rates of unemployment (unadjusted), see pp. 22 and 23 of the April 1960 SURVEY; revised seasonally adjusted rates of unemployment appear in the February 1961 issue of "Employment and Earnings" (U.S. Department of Labor).

Δ Total employment in U.S., including Alaska and Hawaii (thous.): 1961—May, 52,645; June, 53,367; July, 53,198.

Revisions for March and April 1960, respectively, are as follows (1947-49=100): Unadjusted—106, 140; seas. adj.—124, 148.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS

1960							1961						
June	July	August	September	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	May	June	July

EMPLOYMENT AND POPULATION—Continued

INDEXES OF WEEKLY PAYROLLS													
Construction (construction workers).....1947-49=100..	246.9	262.8	267.9	259.4	258.4	227.1	197.1	193.9	181.7	191.6	211.3	232.7	262.1
Manufacturing (production workers).....do.....	172.5	169.0	169.2	172.5	170.5	166.2	160.6	158.5	157.1	158.2	160.3	164.8	170.8
Mining (production workers).....do.....	108.4	103.3	104.5	101.6	101.6	97.0	97.0	97.7	94.5	91.5	94.5	97.2	101.9
HOURS AND EARNINGS													
Average weekly gross hours per worker on payrolls of nonagricultural establishments:													
All manufacturing industries.....hours.....	40.0	39.8	39.8	39.6	39.7	39.3	38.6	38.9	38.9	39.1	39.3	39.6	40.1
Average overtime.....do.....	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.2	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.4
Durable goods industries.....do.....	40.4	39.9	40.0	39.9	40.2	39.6	39.1	39.2	39.3	39.5	39.9	40.2	40.6
Average overtime.....do.....	2.4	2.3	2.3	2.5	2.4	2.0	1.9	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.9	2.0	2.3
Ordinance and accessories.....do.....	40.8	40.0	40.0	40.5	40.4	40.8	40.2	40.7	40.7	40.7	40.8	40.8	40.6
Lumber and wood products (except furniture).....hours.....	40.5	39.3	39.6	39.9	39.6	38.4	38.6	38.8	38.5	38.9	39.5	40.0	40.3
Sawmills and planing mills.....do.....	41.0	39.9	40.2	40.2	39.8	38.9	38.9	38.6	38.5	38.9	39.7	40.6	40.6
Furniture and fixtures.....do.....	40.2	40.0	40.8	40.5	40.4	39.6	39.9	38.3	38.7	38.9	39.0	38.8	39.9
Stone, clay, and glass products.....do.....	41.0	40.8	41.0	40.5	40.9	40.7	39.9	39.8	39.8	40.2	40.2	40.7	41.2
Primary metal industries.....do.....	38.9	38.7	38.1	38.0	37.9	37.4	37.2	37.7	37.8	38.1	38.8	39.4	40.1
Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills.....hours.....	37.7	37.2	36.6	36.5	36.3	35.5	35.5	36.5	36.7	37.0	38.1	38.7	40.5
Fabricated metal products.....do.....	40.9	40.5	41.0	40.7	40.5	39.9	39.1	39.3	39.2	39.6	40.0	40.5	41.1
Machinery (except electrical).....do.....	41.2	40.9	40.5	40.3	40.5	40.1	39.9	40.2	40.2	40.2	40.6	40.7	40.9
Electrical machinery.....do.....	40.1	39.3	39.9	40.1	40.3	40.0	39.1	39.9	39.9	39.7	39.9	40.0	40.4
Transportation equipment.....do.....	40.5	40.2	39.6	40.2	41.1	40.2	39.8	38.9	39.3	39.6	40.1	40.5	40.5
Motor vehicles and equipment.....do.....	40.6	40.0	38.8	40.6	41.6	40.2	39.5	37.3	37.7	38.5	39.7	40.6	40.6
Aircraft and parts.....do.....	40.8	41.1	40.9	40.6	41.0	41.1	41.1	41.5	41.6	41.3	41.0	40.8	40.8
Ship and boat building and repairs.....do.....	39.7	39.3	39.5	37.4	39.4	38.4	37.9	39.1	39.2	39.3	40.0	40.0	40.0
Instruments and related products.....do.....	40.7	40.4	40.5	40.1	40.5	40.6	39.2	40.2	40.1	40.3	40.2	40.3	40.7
Miscellaneous mfg. industries.....do.....	39.9	39.4	40.0	39.5	40.1	40.0	38.4	39.4	39.6	39.5	39.5	39.7	40.2
Nondurable goods industries.....do.....	39.5	39.6	39.5	39.1	39.0	38.8	38.0	38.4	38.4	38.7	38.7	39.0	39.4
Average overtime.....do.....	2.5	2.6	2.5	2.6	2.5	2.3	2.2	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.5
Food and kindred products.....do.....	40.6	41.1	41.2	41.6	41.0	40.5	40.2	40.2	39.9	39.9	39.8	40.8	41.0
Meat products.....do.....	40.7	41.2	41.2	41.6	41.1	41.2	40.8	40.3	39.4	40.1	40.3	41.3	41.3
Canning and preserving.....do.....	37.7	39.5	40.9	42.2	40.0	36.4	36.8	37.4	37.8	37.2	36.8	39.2	40.5
Bakery products.....do.....	40.8	40.9	40.4	40.3	40.5	40.5	39.7	39.6	40.1	39.8	39.8	39.8	40.5
Tobacco manufactures.....do.....	39.3	37.6	37.9	40.3	40.5	37.7	39.3	37.8	37.2	36.7	38.4	38.2	39.7
Textile mill products.....do.....	40.2	39.7	39.7	38.3	38.8	39.0	38.2	38.0	38.5	38.8	39.0	39.5	40.2
Broadwoven fabric mills.....do.....	41.1	40.6	40.3	38.7	39.3	39.4	39.1	38.7	38.8	39.0	39.4	39.8	39.8
Knitting mills.....do.....	38.6	38.4	38.6	37.6	37.9	37.5	35.9	35.9	37.1	37.2	37.1	37.9	37.9
Apparel and other finished textile prod.....do.....	36.3	36.4	36.7	35.4	35.5	35.3	33.4	34.4	35.1	35.7	35.4	35.2	35.7
Paper and allied products.....do.....	42.6	42.5	42.5	42.3	42.3	41.9	41.1	41.5	41.7	41.8	42.2	42.2	42.7
Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills.....do.....	43.7	43.8	43.6	43.4	43.4	42.9	42.7	42.8	42.9	43.0	43.6	43.5	43.5
Printing, publishing, and allied industries.....do.....	38.1	38.2	38.3	38.6	38.4	38.2	37.7	37.8	37.7	37.9	37.7	37.7	37.8
Chemicals and allied products.....do.....	41.9	41.6	41.3	41.3	41.2	41.4	40.9	41.1	40.9	41.3	41.3	41.3	41.7
Industrial organic chemicals.....do.....	42.2	41.9	41.2	41.1	40.8	41.2	40.9	40.8	40.8	40.9	41.2	41.3	41.3
Products of petroleum and coal.....do.....	41.1	41.5	40.7	41.3	40.4	40.4	40.5	41.2	40.0	40.5	41.0	41.0	41.5
Petroleum refining.....do.....	40.8	41.2	40.3	41.1	40.6	40.7	40.7	41.5	40.5	40.6	41.1	40.9	40.9
Rubber products.....do.....	40.6	40.6	39.9	39.0	39.8	39.2	38.9	38.9	38.6	38.6	39.4	39.8	40.0
Leather and leather products.....do.....	37.8	38.4	38.1	35.9	35.9	36.4	35.9	37.9	37.4	37.0	35.9	36.8	37.9
Nonmanufacturing industries:													
Mining.....do.....	41.2	41.5	40.7	40.1	40.3	39.3	39.4	40.0	39.6	38.7	39.6	40.3	40.3
Metal.....do.....	41.3	41.4	41.6	41.6	40.6	40.2	41.1	40.7	40.5	39.9	40.3	40.1	40.1
Anthracite.....do.....	33.9	34.0	34.4	30.8	34.5	34.6	34.8	38.4	37.0	33.8	31.2	33.5	33.5
Bituminous coal.....do.....	37.1	37.3	35.0	33.2	34.1	32.1	33.6	34.2	33.9	30.3	32.9	35.2	35.2
Petroleum and natural-gas production (except contract services).....hours.....	40.4	40.9	40.3	41.0	40.8	40.7	40.3	42.0	40.3	40.2	41.1	40.2	40.2
Nonmetallic mining and quarrying.....do.....	45.2	45.0	44.9	44.2	44.4	42.5	41.2	42.0	41.6	41.7	42.5	43.7	43.7
Contract construction.....do.....	37.4	37.8	37.9	37.2	37.8	35.3	34.1	36.2	36.0	35.5	35.6	36.4	36.4
Nonbuilding construction.....do.....	41.6	42.2	42.3	42.0	42.6	38.6	37.3	39.4	39.2	38.7	38.1	39.8	39.8
Building construction.....do.....	36.3	36.7	36.7	36.0	36.6	34.5	33.4	35.6	35.4	34.8	35.0	35.5	35.5
Transportation and public utilities:													
Local railways and bus lines.....do.....	43.5	43.2	43.2	42.9	42.6	42.8	43.3	42.1	42.7	42.3	42.5	42.9	42.9
Telephone.....do.....	39.4	39.8	39.5	40.8	40.0	40.4	39.5	39.0	39.1	38.8	38.7	38.9	38.9
Gas and electric utilities.....do.....	40.8	40.9	40.8	41.8	41.2	41.2	41.3	40.9	40.9	40.7	40.6	40.6	40.6
Wholesale and retail trade:													
Wholesale trade.....do.....	40.3	40.6	40.5	40.4	40.3	40.2	40.0	40.2	39.9	40.0	40.1	40.1	40.1
Retail trade (except eating and drinking places).....hours.....	37.8	38.2	38.3	37.6	37.4	37.5	37.7	37.5	37.5	37.4	37.3	37.4	37.4
General merchandise stores.....do.....	34.3	35.0	34.9	34.0	33.7	33.7	35.4	33.8	33.8	33.9	33.8	34.0	34.0
Food and liquor stores.....do.....	35.9	36.4	36.2	35.6	35.3	35.6	35.1	35.1	35.0	35.0	34.9	35.1	35.1
Automotive and accessories dealers.....do.....	44.1	44.1	44.1	43.9	43.7	43.8	43.8	43.7	43.7	44.0	43.9	43.9	43.9
Service and miscellaneous:													
Hotels, year-round.....do.....	40.0	40.0	40.2	39.7	39.9	39.7	39.7	39.7	39.6	40.0	39.7	39.9	39.9
Laundries.....do.....	39.9	39.8	39.4	39.4	39.7	39.2	38.6	38.9	38.8	39.0	39.1	39.9	39.9
Cleaning and dyeing plants.....do.....	39.9	38.6	37.6	38.5	39.3	38.7	37.2	38.4	37.7	38.5	38.2	40.2	40.2
Average weekly gross earnings per worker on payrolls of nonagricultural establishments:													
All manufacturing industries.....dollars.....	91.60	91.14	90.35	91.08	91.31	90.39	89.55	90.25	90.25	90.71	91.57	92.66	94.24
Durable goods industries.....do.....	98.98	97.76	97.20	98.15	98.89	97.42	96.97	97.22	97.07	97.96	98.35	100.50	101.91
Ordinance and accessories.....do.....	107.30	105.20	105.60	108.14	108.27	109.34	108.14	109.48	109.48	109.89	110.16	110.98	110.43
Lumber and wood products (except furniture).....dollars.....	83.84	81.35	81.97	84.19	81.58	77.18	77.59	77.60	76.23	77.80	81.37	83.20	85.03
Sawmills and planing mills.....do.....	81.18	79.00	80.00	80.00	77.61	74.30	74.30	74.11	73.54	74.69	78.21	80.39	80.39
Furniture and fixtures.....do.....	74.77	74.40	75.89	75.74	75.55	74.05	75.01	71.24	71.98	72.74	72.93	72.56	75.01
Stone, clay, and glass products.....do.....	93.07	93.02	93.89	92.75	94.07	94.02	91.48	91.54	91.54	92.86	93.26	94.83	96.41
Primary metal industries.....do.....	109.70	108.75	106.68	106.78	106.12	104.72	105.28	107.82	107.73	108.97	112.13	114.26	117.09
Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills.....dollars.....	115.74	113.83	110.53	110.60	109.63	106.86	109.34	114.25	113.77	115.44	120.02	122.29	122.29

* Revised. * Preliminary.

♀ Includes data for industries not shown separately.

♂ Except ordinance, machinery, and transportation equipment.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	1960							1961						
	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	May	June	July
FINANCE														
BANKING														
Open market paper outstanding, end of mo.: Bankers' acceptances.....mil. of dol.	1,382	1,561	1,656	1,668	1,753	1,868	2,027	2,029	2,049	2,231	2,254	2,203	2,271	-----
Commercial and finance company paper, total.....do.	4,553	4,749	5,019	4,656	5,184	5,222	4,418	5,010	4,968	4,992	5,001	4,848	4,851	-----
Placed through dealers.....do.	1,115	1,213	1,365	1,361	1,493	1,506	1,358	1,465	1,479	1,525	1,532	1,478	1,460	-----
Placed directly (finance paper)*.....do.	3,438	3,536	3,654	3,295	3,691	3,717	3,060	3,545	3,489	3,467	3,469	3,370	3,391	-----
Agricultural loans and discounts outstanding of agencies supervised by the Farm Credit Adm.: Total.....mil. of dol.	4,812	4,853	4,871	4,870	4,837	4,787	4,795	4,851	4,936	5,023	5,110	5,174	5,242	-----
Farm mortgage loans: Federal land banks.....do.	2,487	2,500	2,515	2,528	2,538	2,548	2,564	2,581	2,605	2,640	2,669	2,701	2,728	-----
Loans to cooperatives.....do.	551	557	562	589	638	652	649	675	683	665	650	613	595	-----
Other loans and discounts.....do.	1,774	1,795	1,794	1,753	1,660	1,587	1,582	1,595	1,648	1,718	1,790	1,859	1,920	-----
Bank debits, total (344 centers).....do.	250,852	223,539	241,771	240,772	233,131	235,100	256,905	257,809	222,804	265,541	241,062	268,910	296,673	-----
New York City.....do.	99,809	86,063	92,435	97,162	89,905	91,020	101,551	104,473	89,831	110,455	101,151	111,463	135,032	-----
6 other centers.....do.	50,415	45,254	49,474	47,909	47,567	47,577	52,313	52,382	44,861	53,354	48,529	53,782	56,370	-----
Federal Reserve banks, condition, end of month: Assets, total.....do.	52,394	52,116	52,009	52,134	52,183	51,962	52,984	50,235	50,438	50,188	50,549	49,811	50,678	50,782
Reserve bank credit outstanding, total.....do.	27,869	28,181	27,907	28,402	28,729	28,731	29,359	27,560	27,866	28,060	27,950	27,806	28,496	28,628
Discounts and advances.....do.	258	343	405	181	193	101	33	60	53	115	67	111	36	59
United States Government securities.....do.	26,523	26,885	26,762	27,024	27,402	27,488	27,384	26,570	26,667	26,688	26,772	26,887	27,253	27,422
Gold certificate reserves.....do.	19,029	18,839	18,709	18,394	18,107	17,610	17,479	17,140	17,075	17,099	17,099	17,095	17,256	17,223
Liabilities, total.....do.	52,394	52,116	52,009	52,134	52,183	51,962	52,984	50,235	50,438	50,188	50,549	49,811	50,678	50,782
Deposits, total.....do.	19,126	19,305	18,853	19,110	19,120	17,924	18,336	17,268	17,355	17,546	17,562	16,966	17,694	17,800
Member bank reserve balances.....do.	17,941	18,261	17,735	17,942	17,956	16,770	17,081	16,066	16,277	16,158	16,419	16,107	16,716	16,856
Federal Reserve notes in circulation.....do.	27,505	27,612	27,621	27,651	27,680	28,066	28,450	27,700	27,548	27,520	27,415	27,564	27,778	27,906
Ratio of gold certificate reserves to deposit and FR note liabilities combined.....percent.	40.8	40.2	40.3	39.3	38.7	38.3	37.4	38.1	38.0	37.9	38.0	38.4	37.9	37.7
All member banks of Federal Reserve System, averages of daily figures:*														
Excess reserves.....mil. of dol.	466	508	540	639	638	756	769	745	654	546	618	549	612	584
Borrowings from Fed. Reserve banks.....do.	425	388	293	225	149	142	87	49	137	70	56	96	63	51
Free reserves.....do.	41	120	247	414	489	614	682	696	517	476	562	453	549	533
Weekly reporting member banks of Fed. Reserve System, condition, Wednesday nearest end of month:† Deposits: Demand, adjusted.....mil. of dol.											62,550	62,120	62,156	62,420
Demand, total.....do.	86,779	87,444	85,942	87,977	90,573	90,121	93,215	89,690	89,860	86,044	88,229	88,056	88,255	89,290
Individuals, partnerships, and corp.....do.											63,869	64,168	63,750	63,986
States and political subdivisions.....do.	4,773	5,001	4,846	4,683	4,908	4,914	4,747	5,138	5,065	4,836	5,572	5,490	4,932	5,007
U.S. Government.....do.	4,996	4,571	3,698	5,551	4,445	3,537	3,979	3,105	3,838	2,865	2,854	2,982	3,834	4,086
Domestic commercial banks.....do.											11,090	10,805	10,925	11,216
Time, total.....do.	33,086	33,451	33,942	34,334	34,710	34,702	35,386	36,610	36,928	37,498	38,538	39,191	39,712	40,301
Individuals, partnerships, and corp.: Savings.....do.											27,919	28,219	28,644	28,862
Other time.....do.											5,682	5,922	6,085	6,389
Loans (adjusted), total.....do.	69,516	69,292	68,761	69,552	69,640	69,278	71,009	69,626	69,787	69,638	70,153	69,913	70,171	70,063
Commercial and industrial.....do.	31,851	31,312	31,174	31,744	31,861	31,972	32,156	31,294	31,531	32,203	31,905	31,460	31,769	31,477
For purchasing or carrying securities.....do.	2,948	3,279	3,159	3,377	3,571	3,150	3,945	3,568	3,519	3,104	3,883	3,873	3,888	4,120
To nonbank financial institutions.....do.											4,960	5,057	5,025	5,059
Real estate loans.....do.	12,862	12,827	12,881	12,874	12,840	12,844	12,824	12,787	12,766	12,727	12,770	12,855	12,896	12,956
Other loans.....do.											19,456	19,527	19,389	19,555
Investments, total.....do.	35,216	37,174	37,400	37,982	39,504	39,390	40,754	41,361	41,187	40,377	41,453	42,234	42,935	44,903
U.S. Government obligations, total.....do.	25,716	27,429	27,750	28,180	29,687	29,690	30,547	31,086	30,635	29,519	30,590	31,397	31,976	33,829
Notes and bonds.....do.	23,866	23,771	23,802	23,964	24,150	24,826	24,944	24,994	25,663	25,578	25,452	25,644	25,667	26,285
Other securities.....do.	9,500	9,745	9,650	9,802	9,817	9,700	10,207	10,275	10,552	10,858	10,863	10,837	10,959	11,074
Money and interest rates:‡ Bank rates on business loans: In 19 cities.....percent.	5.35	-----	-----	4.97	-----	-----	4.99	-----	-----	4.97	-----	-----	4.97	-----
New York City.....do.	5.19	-----	-----	4.74	-----	-----	4.77	-----	-----	4.75	-----	-----	4.75	-----
7 other northern and eastern cities.....do.	5.34	-----	-----	4.96	-----	-----	4.97	-----	-----	4.96	-----	-----	4.95	-----
11 southern and western cities.....do.	5.58	-----	-----	5.32	-----	-----	5.33	-----	-----	5.29	-----	-----	5.31	-----
Discount rate, end of mo. (N.Y.F.R. Bank).....do.	3.50	3.50	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Federal intermediate credit bank loans†.....do.	5.30	5.11	4.75	4.55	4.43	4.34	4.21	4.05	4.04	3.99	3.99	4.00	4.00	-----
Federal land bank loans†.....do.	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	5.76	5.75	5.74	5.60	5.60	5.60	-----
Open market rates, New York City: Bankers' acceptances (prime, 90 days).....do.	3.28	3.13	3.04	3.00	3.00	3.00	2.92	2.86	2.78	2.94	2.84	2.68	2.75	2.75
Commercial paper (prime, 4-6 months).....do.	3.81	3.49	3.34	3.39	3.30	3.28	3.23	2.98	3.03	3.03	2.91	2.76	2.91	2.72
Finance Co. paper placed directly, 3-6 mo.*.....do.	3.24	2.98	2.94	3.13	3.11	2.91	2.97	2.78	2.65	2.76	2.58	2.50	2.66	2.50
Stock Exchange call loans, going rate.....do.	5.00	5.00	4.85	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50
Yield on U.S. Government securities (taxable): 3-month bills (rate on new issue).....percent.	2.641	2.396	2.286	2.489	2.426	2.384	2.272	2.302	2.408	2.420	2.327	2.288	2.359	2.268
3-5 year issues.....do.	4.06	3.71	3.50	3.50	3.61	3.68	3.51	3.53	3.54	3.43	3.39	3.28	3.70	3.69
Savings deposits, balance to credit of depositors: New York State savings banks.....mil. of dol.	20,848	20,832	20,874	21,063	21,051	21,135	21,400	21,438	21,500	21,720	21,610	21,652	21,845	21,832
U.S. postal savings†.....do.	836	823	810	798	788	779	770	760	749	739	720	711	700	-----

* Revised. † Preliminary. ‡ Revised basis of reporting; not comparable with earlier data (June 1961 figure on old basis for 344 centers is \$272 billion).

†Revisions prior to May 1960 for total commercial and finance company paper and paper placed through dealers and minor revisions prior to September 1959 for interest rates on Federal intermediate credit bank loans and Federal land bank loans will be shown later.

*New series (from Board of Governors of Federal Reserve System); for back data, see *Federal Reserve Bulletin*.

†Includes Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago, Detroit, San Francisco, and Los Angeles. ‡Includes data not shown separately.

§Revised effective with the August 1961 SURVEY to reflect new coverage and revised classification of deposits (for details and available back data, see the June and July 1961 issues of the Federal Reserve Bulletin).

¶For demand deposits, the term "adjusted" denotes demand deposits other than domestic commercial interbank and U.S. Government, less cash items in process of collection; for loans, exclusive of loans to domestic commercial banks and after deduction of valuation reserves (individual loan items are shown gross; i.e., before deduction of valuation reserves).

§For bond yields, see p. 8-20. ¶Data are as of end of consecutive 4-week periods ending in month indicated, except June figure which is as of June 30 (end of fiscal year).

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	1960							1961						
	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	May	June	July
FINANCE—Continued														
PROFITS AND DIVIDENDS—Continued														
Manufacturing corporations—Continued														
Net profit after taxes—Continued														
Chemicals and allied products..... mil. of dol.	559			504			441			421				
Petroleum refining..... do.	623			738			832			783				
Stone, clay, and glass products..... do.	187			177			117			44				
Primary nonferrous metal..... do.	141			116			95			104				
Primary iron and steel..... do.	263			132			150			103				
Fabricated metal products (except ordnance, machinery, and transport, equip.)..... mil. of dol.	123			131			55			47				
Machinery (except electrical)..... do.	1315			226			185			191				
Electrical machinery, equip., and supplies..... do.	265			250			239			206				
Transportation equipment (except motor vehicles, etc.)..... mil. of dol.	74			50			35			61				
Motor vehicles and parts..... do.	504			191			416			254				
All other manufacturing industries..... do.	1432			487			426			269				
Dividends paid (cash), all industries..... do.	2,024			1,953			2,302			2,008				
Electric utilities, profits after taxes (Fed. Res.)..... mil. of dol.	422			418			452			523				
Transportation and communications (see pp. S-23 and S-24).														
SECURITIES ISSUED														
Securities and Exchange Commission:†														
Estimated gross proceeds, total..... mil. of dol.	2,502	1,637	3,187	1,808	1,814	1,986	1,947	1,774	5,455	2,161	3,395	4,402		
By type of security:														
Bonds and notes, total..... do.	2,237	1,511	3,012	1,680	1,664	1,852	1,816	1,645	5,288	2,007	2,227	4,082		
Corporate..... do.	859	651	821	619	778	875	764	472	529	542	1,067	994		
Common stock..... do.	231	106	141	91	105	118	86	99	130	125	1,111	229		
Preferred stock..... do.	34	21	34	37	45	16	45	30	37	29	57	91		
By type of issuer:														
Corporate, total 9..... do.	1,124	777	996	747	928	1,009	895	601	695	696	2,235	1,314		
Manufacturing..... do.	261	189	233	169	196	283	218	173	106	286	602	478		
Extractive (mining)..... do.	2	24	9	5	9	14	22	15	28	17	10	9		
Public utility..... do.	371	143	226	307	215	320	183	140	163	85	224	450		
Railroad..... do.	46	31	16	16	8	3	11	28	17	23	10	14		
Communication..... do.	62	58	168	96	256	27	101	21	41	90	1,044	94		
Financial and real estate..... do.	303	287	224	74	150	245	249	149	228	97	246	146		
Noncorporate, total 9..... do.	1,378	860	2,191	1,062	886	976	1,052	1,173	4,760	1,465	1,159	3,088		
U.S. Government..... do.	350	353	1,371	338	345	326	348	455	4,069	434	348	2,245		
State and municipal..... do.	978	475	607	682	343	496	490	706	660	756	710	625		
New corporate security issues:														
Estimated net proceeds, total..... do.	1,092	760	976	731	910	988	879	590	682	679	2,206	1,286		
Proposed uses of proceeds:														
New money, total..... do.	992	657	895	671	830	805	749	552	612	484	2,042	1,052		
Plant and equipment..... do.	603	325	614	541	627	466	496	359	304	289	1,712	802		
Working capital..... do.	389	331	281	130	204	339	253	192	308	195	331	250		
Retirement of securities..... do.	48	24	10	5	20	32	27	10	14	118	91	63		
Other purposes..... do.	52	79	71	55	60	152	103	28	56	77	73	171		
State and municipal issues (Bond Buyer):														
Long-term..... do.	978	475	607	682	343	496	490	706	660	756	710	625	1,035	440
Short-term..... do.	297	280	505	199	254	490	279	334	496	397	201	382	279	240
SECURITY MARKETS														
Brokers' Balances (N.Y.S.E. Members Carrying Margin Accounts)														
Cash on hand and in banks..... mil. of dol.	366	361	362	356	377	380	390	413	453	427	433	453	415	
Customers' debit balances (net)..... do.	3,188	3,113	3,220	3,259	3,243	3,240	3,317	3,330	3,426	3,656	3,986	4,100	4,066	
Customers' free credit balances (net)..... do.	1,016	1,018	1,021	1,059	1,063	1,062	1,135	1,269	1,392	1,507	1,508	1,453	1,280	
Money borrowed..... do.	2,272	2,229	2,236	2,320	2,300	2,268	2,275	2,038	1,999	1,997	2,351	2,587	2,815	
Bonds														
Prices:														
Average price of all listed bonds (N.Y.S.E.), total\$..... dollars.	91.30	93.15	93.25	93.09	92.82	91.70	93.21	92.96	92.50	93.71	93.84	93.72		
Domestic..... do.	91.44	93.32	93.40	93.27	92.99	91.87	93.38	93.10	92.60	93.85	93.98	93.87		
Foreign..... do.	81.98	81.98	82.35	81.19	81.48	80.64	82.12	82.61	84.00	83.39	83.38	83.26		
Standard & Poor's Corporation:														
Industrial, utility, and railroad (A1+ issues):														
Composite (21 bonds)¢..... dol. per \$100 bond.	94.2	94.8	96.4	96.7	96.0	95.5	95.1	95.6	96.3	97.0	96.3	96.0	95.0	94.5
Domestic municipal (15 bonds)..... do.	103.1	103.9	106.7	106.7	105.8	107.7	107.9	108.1	109.7	108.9	108.0	109.0	106.8	106.7
U.S. Treasury bonds, taxable¢..... do.	86.50	88.12	88.93	88.57	87.50	87.23	87.84	87.70	88.74	89.07	88.80	89.74	87.83	87.57
Sales:														
Total, excluding U.S. Government bonds (SEC):														
All registered exchanges:														
Market value..... thous. of dol.	156,527	115,992	133,723	107,194	117,722	115,575	142,969	151,316	181,222	247,683	184,047	172,926	151,261	
Face value..... do.	150,183	121,746	134,804	109,017	118,667	122,200	152,457	159,281	171,061	222,731	163,398	167,307	143,980	
New York Stock Exchange:														
Market value..... do.	153,990	114,373	130,349	104,218	115,822	113,600	140,639	148,724	174,488	237,560	176,003	167,657	148,002	
Face value..... do.	147,589	119,997	132,295	106,038	116,622	120,176	150,051	156,486	167,232	217,274	159,346	163,103	140,970	
New York Stock Exchange, exclusive of stopped sales, face value, total\$..... thous. of dol.	120,465	93,696	109,148	93,925	99,342	109,300	130,176	144,698	137,643	178,008	138,037	140,817		
U.S. Government..... do.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0		
Other than U.S. Government, total\$..... do.	120,465	93,696	109,148	93,925	99,342	109,300	130,176	144,698	137,643	178,006	138,037	140,817		
Domestic..... do.	115,173	87,282	102,913	88,783	92,887	101,281	122,924	138,053	132,409	170,782	132,002	134,509		
Foreign..... do.	5,292	6,414	6,235	5,142	6,455	8,019	7,252	6,645	5,234	7,224	6,035	6,308		
Value, issues listed on N.Y.S.E., end of mo.:														
Market value, total, all issues\$..... mil. of dol.	106,876	108,994	110,058	110,100	109,859	106,289	108,257	107,981	107,594	109,937	110,318	110,427		
Domestic..... do.	104,039	106,149	107,192	107,273	107,004	103,465	105,423	105,132	104,722	107,070	107,468	107,604		
Foreign..... do.	1,622	1,602	1,608	1,585	1,613	1,596	1,599	1,601	1,619	1,606	1,601	1,570		
Face value, total, all issues\$..... do.	117,060	117,004	118,018	118,271	118,357	115,909	116,147	116,163	116,315	117,312	117,565	117,825		
Domestic..... do.	113,780	113,748	114,763	115,015	115,074	112,625	112,895	112,920	113,089	114,088	114,347	114,633		
Foreign..... do.	1,979	1,955	1,953	1,952	1,980	1,979	1,947	1,938	1,927	1,926	1,920	1,886		

Revised. † Revisions for 1st qtr. 1960 (mil. dol.): Machinery (except electrical), 257; all other, 396.

© See corresponding note on p. S-18. ‡ Revisions for January–March 1959 and January–March 1960 will be shown later.

§ Includes data not shown separately.

§ Data include bonds of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development not shown separately; these bonds are included in computing the average price of all listed bonds.

¢ Number of bonds represent number currently used; the change in the number does not affect the continuity of series.

¶ Prices are derived from average yields on basis of an assumed 3 percent 20-year bond.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	1960							1961						
	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	May	June	July
FINANCE—Continued														
SECURITY MARKETS—Continued														
Bonds—Continued														
Yields:														
Domestic corporate (Moody's)..... percent..	4.78	4.74	4.61	4.58	4.63	4.64	4.66	4.65	4.59	4.54	4.56	4.58	4.63	4.70
By ratings:														
Aaa..... do.....	4.45	4.41	4.28	4.25	4.30	4.31	4.35	4.32	4.27	4.22	4.25	4.27	4.33	4.41
Aa..... do.....	4.60	4.56	4.41	4.41	4.44	4.47	4.50	4.48	4.40	4.33	4.37	4.41	4.45	4.53
A..... do.....	4.81	4.77	4.65	4.63	4.67	4.69	4.71	4.69	4.63	4.57	4.59	4.63	4.69	4.75
Baa..... do.....	5.26	5.22	5.08	5.01	5.11	5.08	5.10	5.10	5.07	5.02	5.01	5.01	5.03	5.09
By groups:														
Industrial..... do.....	4.64	4.61	4.49	4.46	4.50	4.51	4.55	4.52	4.46	4.40	4.45	4.48	4.54	4.59
Public utility..... do.....	4.75	4.71	4.53	4.48	4.56	4.56	4.58	4.57	4.51	4.43	4.46	4.49	4.52	4.60
Railroad..... do.....	4.94	4.90	4.82	4.78	4.84	4.85	4.87	4.86	4.82	4.78	4.75	4.77	4.83	4.89
Domestic municipal:														
Bond Buyer (20 bonds)..... do.....	3.53	3.47	3.33	3.51	3.42	3.43	3.38	3.38	3.33	3.51	3.48	3.48	3.54	3.49
Standard & Poor's Corp. (15 bonds)..... do.....	3.78	3.72	3.53	3.53	3.59	3.46	3.45	3.44	3.33	3.38	3.44	3.38	3.53	3.53
U.S. Treasury bonds, taxable..... do.....	3.99	3.86	3.79	3.82	3.91	3.93	3.88	3.89	3.81	3.78	3.80	3.73	3.88	3.90
Stocks														
Cash dividend payments publicly reported: †														
Total dividend payments..... mil. of dol..	1,948.3	896.7	371.5	1,965.5	921.5	387.6	2,456.3	1,003.2	468.1	1,957.2	914.1	367.9	1,986.3	935.7
Finance..... do.....	153.3	184.6	78.7	169.5	175.6	104.5	345.9	255.2	161.2	162.7	179.3	84.1	157.7	188.0
Manufacturing..... do.....	1,261.4	310.9	137.1	1,264.9	330.1	136.0	1,476.4	298.7	135.8	1,262.8	312.4	133.7	1,280.9	313.8
Mining..... do.....	109.3	9.0	3.0	106.6	10.9	2.9	171.8	11.2	2.9	106.4	11.7	4.3	109.0	9.8
Public utilities:														
Communications..... do.....	89.7	201.7	1.8	94.6	202.3	2.1	93.1	209.0	1.7	94.3	208.7	2.1	95.8	225.1
Electric and gas..... do.....	178.6	106.1	112.2	180.3	113.1	109.6	186.6	114.6	111.9	188.3	119.3	112.8	190.2	118.4
Railroad..... do.....	65.5	18.0	4.2	62.3	20.0	1.4	79.7	34.6	4.1	56.8	20.4	9	63.4	16.9
Trade..... do.....	56.7	56.3	25.0	56.5	57.8	23.0	63.3	68.1	42.8	53.6	52.8	22.3	59.0	55.2
Miscellaneous..... do.....	33.8	10.1	9.5	30.8	11.7	8.1	39.5	11.8	7.7	32.3	9.5	7.7	30.3	8.5
Dividend rates, prices, yields, and earnings, common stocks (Moody's):														
Dividends per share, annual rate (200 stocks) dollars..	5.59	5.59	5.58	5.57	5.58	5.57	5.61	5.64	5.65	5.65	5.66	5.66	5.66	5.67
Industrial (125 stocks)..... do.....	6.06	6.05	6.03	6.02	6.04	6.00	6.01	6.01	6.01	6.01	6.02	6.03	6.01	6.02
Public utility (24 stocks)..... do.....	2.67	2.68	2.68	2.69	2.69	2.71	2.74	2.74	2.75	2.77	2.79	2.79	2.80	2.81
Railroad (25 stocks)..... do.....	3.56	3.56	3.56	3.56	3.47	3.46	3.44	3.41	3.41	3.35	3.35	3.35	3.35	3.35
Bank (15 stocks)..... do.....	3.96	3.96	3.96	3.96	3.96	4.00	4.00	4.20	4.20	4.20	4.20	4.20	4.20	4.20
Insurance (10 stocks)..... do.....	4.81	4.81	4.85	4.85	4.85	5.01	5.08	5.08	5.19	5.19	5.19	5.19	5.19	5.19
Price per share, end of month (200 stocks) ¢..... do.....	158.87	155.33	159.22	149.53	149.30	154.57	161.55	171.83	175.72	179.36	179.65	183.20	179.24	185.95
Industrial (125 stocks)..... do.....	178.62	173.55	176.68	165.61	164.91	169.92	175.22	186.00	190.56	193.51	193.42	197.56	193.90	200.64
Public utility (24 stocks)..... do.....	71.51	71.12	73.59	70.25	70.27	72.24	76.82	80.47	82.66	85.20	85.54	88.57	85.87	88.06
Railroad (25 stocks)..... do.....	64.20	61.95	62.28	57.56	57.68	60.39	61.28	66.00	68.37	69.24	67.00	68.45	66.10	65.90
Yield (200 stocks)..... percent.....	3.52	3.60	3.50	3.73	3.74	3.60	3.49	3.28	3.22	3.15	3.15	3.09	3.16	3.05
Industrial (125 stocks)..... do.....	3.39	3.49	3.41	3.64	3.66	3.53	3.43	3.23	3.15	3.11	3.11	3.05	3.10	3.00
Public utility (24 stocks)..... do.....	3.73	3.77	3.64	3.83	3.83	3.75	3.57	3.40	3.33	3.25	3.26	3.15	3.26	3.19
Railroad (25 stocks)..... do.....	5.55	5.75	5.72	6.18	6.02	5.73	5.61	5.17	4.99	4.84	5.00	4.89	5.07	5.08
Bank (15 stocks)..... do.....	3.98	4.04	4.00	4.02	4.02	3.93	3.92	3.78	3.51	3.51	3.54	3.33	3.27	3.19
Insurance (10 stocks)..... do.....	2.98	2.93	2.87	3.08	3.07	2.97	2.76	2.51	2.50	2.50	2.51	2.49	2.48	2.35
Earnings per share (at annual rate), quarterly:														
Industrial (125 stocks)..... dollars.....	10.00			8.45			9.70			8.00			9.60	
Public utility (24 stocks)..... do.....	3.99			4.08			4.12			4.17			4.19	
Railroad (25 stocks)..... do.....	5.28			3.09			6.36			0.22			2.83	
Dividend yields, preferred stocks, 14 high-grade (Standard & Poor's Corp.)..... percent..	4.74	4.70	4.61	4.69	4.75	4.78	4.84	4.73	4.68	4.66	4.67	4.63	4.66	4.69
Prices:														
Dow-Jones averages (65 stocks).....	210.96	206.96	206.82	199.78	194.49	199.54	202.81	212.98	219.89	225.64	228.42	231.08	229.53	228.96
Industrial (30 stocks).....	644.38	625.83	624.47	598.10	582.45	601.14	609.54	632.20	650.61	670.56	684.90	693.03	691.44	690.66
Public utility (15 stocks).....	91.54	93.59	94.46	94.37	92.86	94.14	97.74	102.79	107.70	110.00	112.02	112.84	112.61	114.15
Railroad (20 stocks).....	143.04	138.36	137.39	130.98	125.80	128.62	128.29	139.44	143.12	145.47	142.53	144.98	141.35	137.82
Standard & Poor's Corporation: ¢														
Industrial, public utility, and railroad:														
Combined index (500 stocks)..... 1941-43=10..	57.26	55.84	56.51	54.81	53.73	55.47	56.80	59.72	62.17	64.12	65.83	66.50	65.62	65.44
Industrial, total (425 stocks) ¢..... do.....	61.06	59.25	59.96	57.96	56.90	58.80	60.22	63.20	65.71	67.83	69.64	70.34	69.48	69.15
Capital goods (127 stocks)..... do.....	62.09	59.58	59.76	56.77	55.25	57.42	59.11	61.46	63.71	65.77	66.12	67.41	67.49	67.24
Consumers' goods (193 stocks)..... do.....	48.65	47.58	48.16	46.51	45.68	46.96	47.98	48.96	50.85	53.27	54.33	55.29	55.61	56.21
Public utility (50 stocks)..... do.....	47.35	48.02	48.65	48.64	47.34	47.83	49.78	52.73	55.64	57.06	59.09	59.59	58.43	59.42
Railroad (25 stocks)..... do.....	30.81	30.19	30.19	28.76	27.77	28.93	29.03	31.43	32.17	32.93	32.35	33.08	32.41	31.74
Banks:														
N.Y. City (11 stocks)..... do.....	25.70	25.71	25.26	25.63	25.43	25.58	26.60	27.78	29.60	30.55	30.85	31.30	32.91	33.55
Outside N.Y. City (16 stocks)..... do.....	50.94	52.09	52.64	52.89	52.32	53.91	55.37	57.12	59.48	63.94	64.92	67.14	68.38	69.98
Fire insurance (15 stocks)..... do.....	33.81	34.24	34.81	33.87	33.01	33.75	37.02	38.97	42.34	42.95	42.64	42.97	43.98	44.81
Sales (Securities and Exchange Commission):														
Total on all registered exchanges:														
Market value..... mil. of dol..	4,780	3,445	3,751	3,450	3,192	3,295	4,139	4,946	5,275	7,281	6,533	6,305	5,175	
Shares sold..... thousands.....	143,470	105,352	116,064	109,989	101,085	104,672	135,728	162,841	160,001	241,675	229,033	224,137	153,717	
On New York Stock Exchange:														
Market value..... mil. of dol..	3,967	2,862	3,119	2,867	2,700	2,785	3,487	4,176	4,407	5,930	5,205	4,971	4,293	
Shares sold..... thousands.....	97,625	71,877	80,851	74,704	70,210	72,365	94,756	115,063	112,092	153,454	131,727	123,557	99,793	
Exclusive of odd lot and stopped sales (N.Y. Times)..... thousands.....	76,533	53,870	65,350	60,854	54,431	62,002	77,355	89,108	92,804	118,035	101,776	96,950	73,121	60,897
Shares listed, N.Y. Stock Exchange, end of mo.:														
Market value, all listed shares..... mil. of dol..	298,143	292,392	300,901	283,318	281,529	292,991	306,967	326,598	337,490	347,576	350,472	358,862		
Number of shares listed..... millions.....	6,274	6,306	6,341	6,370	6,388	6,398	6,458	6,478	6,501	6,529	6,571	6,663		

* Revised. † Preliminary.

‡ For bonds due or callable in 10 years or more.

§ Revisions for 1957-1959 are shown on p. 36 of the July 1960 SURVEY.

¶ Includes data not shown separately.

⌘ Number of stocks represents number currently used; the change in number does not affect continuity of the series.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	1960							1961						
	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	May	June	July

INTERNATIONAL TRANSACTIONS OF THE UNITED STATES

BALANCE OF PAYMENTS (QUARTERLY)⊕														
Exports of goods and services, total.....mil. of dol.	7,584			6,941			7,744							
Military transfers under grants, net.....do.	622			282			418							
Merchandise, adjusted, excluding military transactions\$.....mil. of dol.	4,994			4,676			5,132			5,001				
Income on investments abroad.....do.	752			735			1,023			791				
Other services and military transactions.....do.	1,216			1,248			1,171			1,091				
Imports of goods and services, total.....do.	6,074			6,057			5,427			5,322				
Merchandise, adjusted\$.....do.	3,857			3,550			3,485			3,406				
Income on foreign investments in U.S.....do.	233			220			227			220				
Military expenditures.....do.	756			798			727			759				
Other services\$.....do.	1,228			1,489			988			937				
Balance on goods and services.....do.	+1,510			+884			+2,317							
Unilateral transfers (net), total.....do.	-1,253			-900			-1,079							
Private.....do.	-164			-154			-173			-155				
Government.....do.	-1,089			-746			-906							
U.S. long- and short-term capital (net), total.....do.	-1,110			1,075			-1,905			-1,357				
Private.....do.	-724			-924			-1,557			-937				
Government.....do.	-386			-151			-348			-420				
Foreign long- and short-term capital (net).....do.	+887			+571			+198			+81				
Gold sales (purchases (-)).....do.	+94			+637			+921			+346				
Errors and omissions.....do.	-128			-117			-452			-69				
FOREIGN TRADE														
Indexes														
Exports of U.S. merchandise:⊙														
Quantity.....1936-38=100.....	322	312	296	296	323	333	331	p 300	p 304	p 348	p 306	p 312		
Value.....do.....	706	690	653	654	709	731	729	p 664	p 681	p 781	p 692	p 708		
Unit value.....do.....	219	221	221	221	220	220	220	p 221	p 224	p 224	p 226	p 277		
Imports for consumption:⊙														
Quantity.....do.....	227	201	220	204	205	209	206	p 198	p 185	p 222	p 187	p 214		
Value.....do.....	629	556	608	565	564	573	561	p 542	p 505	p 602	p 510	p 580		
Unit value.....do.....	276	277	276	277	276	274	272	p 274	p 274	p 271	p 273	p 271		
Agricultural products, quantity:														
Exports, U.S. merchandise, total:														
Unadjusted.....1952-54=100.....	178	176	152	165	199	238	246	p 211	p 207	p 225	p 185	p 184		
Seasonally adjusted.....do.....	201	227	191	178	181	200	199	p 197	p 197	p 208	p 190	p 188		
Cotton (incl. linters), seas. adj.....do.....	162	504	69	91	152	222	219	p 232	p 205	p 229	p 181	p 128		
Imports for consumption, total:														
Unadjusted.....do.....	111	97	112	101	96	97	99	p 101	p 96	p 120	p 98	p 103		
Seasonally adjusted.....do.....	114	108	122	111	110	112	90	p 89	p 90	p 105	p 85	p 109		
Supplementary imports, seas. adj.....do.....	107	106	113	99	91	120	113	p 92	p 98	p 111	p 77	p 91		
Complementary imports, seas. adj.....do.....	120	109	129	121	125	108	80	p 88	p 85	p 101	p 90	p 125		
Shipping Weight														
Water-borne trade:														
Exports, incl. reexports\$.....thous. of long tons.....	9,768	9,575	10,934	10,122	10,218	9,281	8,680							
General imports.....do.....	17,353	14,405	17,128	14,774	14,132	13,866	13,700							
Value⊙														
Exports (mdse.), including reexports, total\$.....mil. of dol.	1,737.4	1,698.8	1,609.4	1,610.1	1,743.9	1,796.7	1,796.6	1,646.7	1,671.5	1,934.2	1,705.5	1,743.8	1,698.9	
By geographic regions:Δ														
Africa.....do.....	60.1	65.0	69.6	54.5	67.3	65.0	68.4	59.2	62.1	80.1	63.8	65.6	54.1	
Asia and Oceania.....do.....	323.7	346.4	312.6	300.8	334.1	372.4	420.2	373.1	373.0	426.8	386.7	396.8	362.9	
Europe.....do.....	532.5	534.1	522.5	551.7	572.2	612.0	611.1	518.6	534.0	622.7	529.6	519.1	530.9	
Northern North America.....do.....	330.3	283.2	288.7	288.2	310.7	313.3	269.8	263.2	280.5	315.5	302.7	319.7	330.1	
Southern North America.....do.....	146.0	139.4	132.3	132.6	138.8	128.0	133.5	110.0	114.9	130.3	126.4	114.5	114.1	
South America.....do.....	180.3	181.7	161.5	164.1	200.1	170.9	180.9	162.6	178.2	212.8	170.4	174.2	173.3	
By leading countries:Δ														
Africa:														
United Arab Republic (Egypt Region).....do.....	7.6	6.9	11.1	9.0	15.8	21.6	16.3	11.2	12.0	16.1	12.0	13.8	8.5	
Union of South Africa.....do.....	23.5	31.3	27.5	19.8	22.2	17.5	20.7	18.7	22.0	28.5	20.1	19.9	13.9	
Asia and Oceania:														
Australia, including New Guinea.....do.....	31.7	41.6	37.4	35.0	38.4	41.4	32.9	30.1	29.9	29.6	21.4	23.1	19.5	
Colony of Singapore.....do.....	3.9	3.8	4.0	3.5	3.5	4.0	3.7	3.6	3.3	4.0	4.0	4.0	3.8	
India and Pakistan.....do.....	63.1	66.1	61.3	52.9	68.9	72.1	85.4	65.5	50.3	70.1	60.6	57.3	49.1	
Japan.....do.....	101.2	120.4	93.5	98.2	99.6	115.9	156.0	135.6	137.8	164.0	148.2	160.0	154.6	
Republic of Indonesia.....do.....	4.0	5.7	5.1	5.2	5.6	9.5	6.8	16.7	13.8	12.2	10.2	6.7		
Republic of the Philippines.....do.....	22.0	25.3	21.6	21.9	24.3	25.2	31.4	24.8	24.7	27.8	24.7	31.2	34.0	
Europe:														
France.....do.....	46.8	49.3	57.3	48.6	44.3	46.0	43.2	49.0	49.9	61.0	52.6	45.3	46.8	
East Germany.....do.....	.2	1.8	.3	.1	.2	.1	(1)	.2	.3	.0	.1	(1)	(1)	
West Germany.....do.....	86.1	82.7	80.4	81.9	87.5	93.8	92.0	83.0	90.5	102.0	84.8	89.6	86.3	
Italy.....do.....	55.4	60.4	50.0	54.5	52.0	52.3	66.4	70.7	70.7	81.6	67.5	72.6	66.1	
Union of Soviet Socialist Republics.....do.....	4.4	1.9	5.9	3.2	4.3	4.4	4.0	3.9	2.6	4.6	6.8	2.8	9.8	
United Kingdom.....do.....	114.8	117.0	99.6	152.3	145.9	127.9	132.3	97.4	92.1	115.2	79.3	74.8	73.8	
North and South America:														
Canada.....do.....	329.8	283.2	288.7	288.2	310.7	313.2	269.8	263.2	280.5	315.5	302.7	319.6	330.1	
Latin American Republics, total\$.....do.....	302.6	296.2	271.5	273.1	312.9	272.5	289.0	248.4	271.1	314.2	268.9	265.7	261.3	
Argentina.....do.....	30.6	30.8	28.7	34.3	37.7	30.1	32.1	28.6	31.0	29.6	34.8	40.6	31.1	
Brazil.....do.....	48.0	42.1	38.0	35.2	33.9	37.3	43.8	41.2	39.4	57.3	34.3	37.1	41.9	
Chile.....do.....	16.2	17.6	12.9	15.0	21.0	18.0	16.7	18.1	20.9	20.7	18.0	17.4	14.6	
Colombia.....do.....	20.8	19.4	17.3	18.0	20.8	19.2	21.2	16.3	18.8	20.7	21.3	23.4	20.5	
Cuba.....do.....	21.7	19.5	18.1	17.8	17.1	3.9	5.2	2.9	3.8	2.6	2.0	.9	.5	
Mexico.....do.....	74.4	67.0	66.6	63.3	65.5	68.1	75.8	58.8	62.6	69.5	68.3	63.2	62.9	
Venezuela.....do.....	36.8	43.9	40.9	39.1	62.6	40.9	37.9	35.9	41.3	57.0	34.2	27.8	37.7	

* Revised. p Preliminary. 1 Less than \$50,000.

⊕Revisions for 1958 appear on p. 14 ff. of the June 1960 SURVEY; those for 1959-1st quarter 1960, on p. 12 ff. of the June 1961 SURVEY.

‡Adjusted for balance-of-payments purposes, mainly for valuation, coverage, and timing. ♂Excludes military expenditures.

⊙Revisions for 1958 and 1959 will be shown later.

§Excludes "special category" shipments and all commodities exported under foreign-aid programs as Department of Defense controlled cargo.

¶Data include shipments (military and economic aid) under the Mutual Security Program. Total MSP military shipments (including, since early 1956, also "consumables and construction" shipments) are as follows (mil. dol.): June 1960-June 1961, respectively—100.0; 70.2; 62.6; 53.5; 53.9; 73.1; 53.3; 107.9; 65.4; 45.1; 58.5; 72.5; 55.1.

ΔExcludes "special category" shipments. ♀ Includes countries not shown separately.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	1960							1961						
	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	May	June	July
TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS														
TRANSPORTATION														
Airlines§														
Scheduled domestic trunk carriers:														
Financial operations (quarterly totals):														
Operating revenues, total ¶	mil. of dol.	500.0		529.4			491.6			460.7				
Transport, total ¶	do.	496.3		525.6			486.1			455.6				
Passenger	do.	451.8		478.8			436.1			413.0				
Property	do.	29.1		30.6			31.6			28.7				
U.S. mail	do.	11.4		11.1			13.4			12.0				
Operating expenses (incl. depreciation)	do.	481.7		496.7			485.3			479.0				
Net income (after taxes)	do.	8.6		10.9			^d 1.5			^d 16.9				
Operating results:														
Miles flown, revenue	thousands	59,825	63,132	64,034	59,057	59,757	55,199	56,971	56,335	43,331	57,106	56,636		
Express and freight ton-miles flown	do.	30,890	29,109	32,474	35,169	35,994	32,691	35,736	30,459	27,002	36,091	32,222		
Mail ton-miles flown	do.	10,512	10,030	10,786	10,917	11,257	11,043	16,479	11,152	10,389	13,239	11,631		
Passengers originated, revenue	do.	4,183	4,013	4,166	4,037	3,965	3,518	3,504	3,449	2,829	3,779	3,871		
Passenger-miles flown, revenue	millions	2,720	2,706	2,745	2,547	2,487	2,129	2,284	2,348	1,818	2,398	2,459		
Express Operations														
Transportation revenues	thous. of dol.	30,923	25,233	31,618	31,867	31,300	30,961	35,458	27,822	27,181	32,790	28,033	30,891	
Express privilege payments	do.	11,412	5,766	11,731	10,675	10,621	10,552	12,111	6,983	6,783	11,955	8,171	10,474	
Local Transit Lines														
Fares, average cash rateⓈ	cents	18.8	18.9	18.9	18.9	19.0	19.1	19.1	19.3	19.3	19.4	19.5	19.5	19.5
Passengers carried, revenueⓈ	millions	[¶] 622	554	584	610	634	624	649	614	582	659	603	644	599
Operating revenuesⓈ	mil. of dol.	115.0	108.1	113.3	110.4	122.2	121.1	125.6	116.8	110.4	123.5	114.5	121.3	
Class I Motor Carriers (Intercity)														
Carriers of property (quarterly totals):														
Number of reporting carriers		944		935			923			988				
Operating revenues, total	mil. of dol.	1,193.9		1,207.4			1,207.8			1,112.1				
Expenses, total	do.	1,153.9		1,161.3			1,197.9			1,097.0				
Freight carried (revenue)	mil. of tons	69.8		68.9			69.0			64.5				
Carriers of passengers (quarterly totals):														
Number of reporting carriers		140		140			139			140				
Operating revenues, total	mil. of dol.	115.8		140.9			111.3			97.8				
Expenses, total	do.	99.7		110.6			101.3			95.8				
Passengers carried (revenue)	millions	57.5		61.9			55.7			51.3				
Class I Railroads														
Freight carloadings (A. A. R.):Ⓢ														
Total cars	thousands	3,062	^r 2,298	2,385	2,274	3,189	2,203	2,401	1,922	1,955	2,507	2,166	2,242	2,860
Coal	do.	483	^r 325	420	408	546	388	477	382	376	405	365	388	470
Coke	do.	34	^r 23	22	20	30	23	26	21	21	28	23	26	34
Forest products	do.	192	^r 144	160	152	193	135	152	129	134	175	146	148	183
Grain and grain products	do.	268	^r 280	234	198	329	255	232	211	222	261	196	202	293
Livestock	do.	19	^r 13	16	26	50	26	20	15	11	18	17	17	14
Ore	do.	357	^r 263	239	202	233	90	59	44	48	72	65	136	244
Merchandise, i.e.l.	do.	174	^r 130	140	133	179	129	138	109	118	158	119	117	140
Miscellaneous	do.	1,535	^r 1,121	1,154	1,136	1,629	1,156	1,296	1,011	1,025	1,390	1,176	1,208	1,483
Freight carloadings, seas. adj. indexes (Fed. Res.):														
Total	1935-39=100	102	97	99	97	104	99	96	99	96	96	98	100	98
Coal	do.	83	66	86	89	90	83	82	82	76	67	75	81	79
Coke	do.	89	78	72	68	79	76	65	65	64	69	74	84	88
Forest products	do.	121	120	123	118	118	115	113	121	113	113	117	116	115
Grain and grain products	do.	149	169	150	135	188	186	142	156	160	159	157	163	164
Livestock	do.	31	31	30	39	47	36	30	28	25	32	34	33	^r 25
Ore	do.	163	150	139	120	97	97	137	162	172	174	79	79	112
Merchandise, i.e.l.	do.	22	22	22	21	22	21	19	19	19	20	19	18	18
Miscellaneous	do.	113	110	108	106	113	109	107	108	106	108	112	114	109
Financial operations:														
Operating revenues, total ¶	mil. of dol.	^r 824.4	759.1	809.0	754.4	815.8	756.5	731.5	699.2	668.3	761.3	714.9	778.5	796.4
Freight	do.	^r 695.0	634.1	679.4	642.9	695.4	638.0	588.1	584.5	559.6	642.6	604.4	664.6	670.6
Passenger	do.	60.2	60.6	60.5	44.2	46.5	46.5	60.7	52.8	49.5	50.1	46.1	47.7	58.1
Operating expenses	do.	644.0	628.7	646.9	608.3	624.8	603.4	613.6	596.4	573.7	611.2	584.1	617.3	
Tax accruals, joint facility and equipment rents	mil. of dol.	123.1	106.4	117.7	111.6	121.2	106.1	83.6	106.9	99.4	118.0	108.1	120.5	
Net railway operating income	do.	^r 57.1	24.0	44.4	34.5	69.8	47.0	34.3	^d 4.1	^d 4.8	32.1	22.6	40.8	59.4
Net income (after taxes)	do.	43.1	9.6	29.9	25.9	54.8	33.9	52.7	^d 7.9	^d 19.5	14.4	4.4		
Operating results:¶														
Freight carried 1 mile	mil. of ton-miles	49,687	46,752	49,219	48,566	51,923	46,204	42,835			¹ 132,010			
Revenue per ton-mile	cents	1.422	1.415	1.404	1.369	1.367	1.420	1.393			¹ 1.386			
Passengers carried 1 mile (revenue)	millions	2,054	2,207	2,132	1,480	1,505	1,452	1,960			¹ 4,743			
Waterway Traffic														
Clearances, vessels in foreign trade:														
Total U.S. ports	thous. of net tons	14,960	15,104	15,095	14,716	14,876	13,573	13,177	13,066	² 12,006				
Foreign vessels	do.	12,068	12,009	12,152	11,900	11,854	10,788	10,612	10,800	² 9,814				
United States vessels	do.	2,892	3,094	2,943	2,816	3,022	2,785	2,565	2,265	2,192				
Panama Canal:														
Total	thous. of long tons	5,193	5,583	5,361	4,843	5,065	5,161	5,046	5,072	4,868	5,675	5,287	5,953	5,757
In United States vessels	do.	1,268	1,097	933	981	1,024	997	970	875	621	937	805	837	788

^r Revised. ^p Preliminary. ^d Deficit. ¹ See note marked "¶". ² Revisions for 1960 (thous. net tons): Total U.S. ports, February, 12,424; April, 13,813; foreign vessels, February, 10,441; April, 11,460.

§ Data beginning 1959 include total domestic operations intra-Alaska and intra-Hawaii; for these States, figures for mail revenues exclude U.S. mail subsidies.

¶ Includes data not shown separately.

⊕ Revisions for 1958-October 1959 are available upon request.

⊗ Data for June, October, and December 1960 and March and June 1961 cover 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks

¶ Effective with 1961, figures for operating results represent quarterly totals or quarterly average.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS

1960							1961						
June	July	August	September	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	May	June	July

CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS—Continued

FERTILIZERS

Consumption (10 States)§.....thous. of short tons..	890	345	216	337	380	392	345	349	557	1,430	2,021	-----	-----
Exports, total ♀.....short tons..	604,324	630,124	613,804	617,086	669,485	386,033	503,104	406,754	495,519	439,200	547,105	527,295	-----
Nitrogenous materials.....do..	42,978	46,690	38,694	73,801	68,976	37,586	42,309	18,595	18,097	40,019	27,120	55,191	-----
Phosphate materials.....do..	587,210	501,920	496,865	448,209	467,108	274,211	370,753	295,550	379,478	321,135	445,557	439,324	-----
Potash materials.....do..	49,561	67,706	70,879	78,016	104,714	49,269	70,499	83,530	82,665	67,041	44,107	21,744	-----
Imports, total ♀.....do..	182,445	165,547	141,708	235,645	180,244	115,762	126,269	216,164	260,664	359,460	273,361	310,908	-----
Nitrogenous materials, total ♀.....do..	99,751	74,851	76,224	141,781	78,456	46,549	62,572	119,168	134,794	193,746	126,806	161,015	-----
Nitrate of soda.....do..	63,822	44,621	16,312	53,628	0	0	0	10,512	58,774	53,234	40,284	83,181	-----
Phosphate materials.....do..	25,386	6,458	16,654	14,380	18,488	8,979	8,734	7,478	8,583	20,753	21,694	18,333	-----
Potash materials.....do..	22,534	63,784	14,083	29,817	42,558	23,502	14,035	44,040	54,366	61,085	47,309	41,877	-----
Potash deliveries.....do..	194,537	46,769	104,888	103,745	183,245	118,977	272,301	125,978	177,277	282,134	308,909	177,138	54,007
Superphosphate and other phosphatic fertilizers (100% P ₂ O ₅).....do..	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Production.....short tons..	214,766	171,028	189,745	183,651	217,705	234,930	217,923	244,626	240,069	264,034	246,156	240,997	196,512
Stocks, end of month.....do..	305,049	366,440	371,582	359,302	371,694	424,254	433,872	442,701	426,787	349,198	273,754	309,483	382,126

MISCELLANEOUS PRODUCTS

Explosives (industrial), shipments:													
Black blasting powder.....thous. of lb..	50	60	128	165	195	238	186	133	139	66	58	86	44
High explosives.....do..	87,071	76,781	94,301	86,103	88,276	80,206	79,907	70,391	67,046	73,887	77,714	88,356	83,958
Paints, varnishes, and lacquer, factory shipments: †													
Total shipments.....mil. of dol..	178.8	155.5	168.0	149.6	138.9	126.2	109.4	125.5	116.0	146.6	151.7	169.8	179.8
Trade products.....do..	107.3	96.2	102.7	88.4	78.2	69.5	60.9	72.8	65.7	87.5	93.2	104.8	112.8
Industrial finishes.....do..	71.5	59.3	65.3	61.2	60.7	56.7	48.5	52.7	50.3	59.1	58.5	65.0	67.0
Sulfur (native):													
Production.....thous. of long tons..	394	420	454	373	390	400	477	400	357	454	444	473	475
Stocks (producers'), end of month.....do..	3,695	3,734	3,719	3,655	3,561	3,553	3,669	3,698	3,703	3,776	3,780	3,842	3,830

SYNTHETIC PLASTICS AND RESIN MATERIALS

Production:													
Cellulose acetate and mixed ester plastics:													
Sheets, rods, and tubes.....thous. of lb..	4,643	3,781	3,844	4,763	4,407	4,073	4,761	3,734	3,709	4,541	4,152	4,396	-----
Molding and extrusion materials.....do..	8,055	6,854	7,730	7,665	7,109	7,124	6,137	6,652	6,305	7,569	7,057	7,475	-----
Nitrocellulose sheets, rods, and tubes.....do..	-----	-----	188	51	72	85	74	89	73	94	88	103	-----
Phenolic and other tar acid resins.....do..	43,752	30,830	42,061	43,879	42,556	40,046	39,323	40,764	40,574	46,311	45,138	49,661	-----
Polystyrene.....do..	74,407	72,308	76,211	73,316	76,152	73,978	71,256	66,505	62,685	71,890	79,456	85,897	-----
Urea and melamine resins.....do..	28,435	18,126	27,718	29,036	27,284	25,926	23,829	23,987	22,387	27,043	24,795	28,824	-----
Vinyl resins.....do..	93,688	83,926	94,675	97,791	104,584	98,007	86,709	87,691	81,149	93,059	97,541	104,464	-----
Alkyd resins.....do..	34,126	28,260	30,103	30,535	30,342	26,569	25,470	25,304	24,562	28,549	30,634	33,569	-----
Rosin modifications.....do..	11,460	10,060	10,883	11,154	10,758	8,716	8,552	9,308	8,801	8,815	8,950	9,045	-----
Polyester resins.....do..	13,861	9,865	11,549	10,822	12,128	11,196	10,963	9,509	12,067	14,106	13,585	15,158	-----
Polyethylene resins.....do..	102,264	103,695	106,950	109,339	112,886	114,135	119,675	114,482	108,399	129,264	124,850	128,955	-----
Miscellaneous (incl. protective coatings).....do..	31,314	26,549	30,095	30,951	33,028	30,449	29,411	31,611	31,042	35,860	38,507	37,579	-----

ELECTRIC POWER AND GAS

ELECTRIC POWER

Production (utility and industrial), total ‡													
Electric utilities, total.....mil. of kw.-hr..	69,394	70,694	74,613	69,628	69,485	68,271	72,997	73,547	65,746	71,712	68,289	71,032	72,410
By fuels.....do..	61,920	63,528	67,255	62,581	62,252	61,410	66,202	66,559	59,263	64,641	61,280	63,660	65,191
By waterpower.....do..	49,474	51,636	55,138	51,141	51,759	50,649	54,941	55,803	49,018	50,765	47,440	49,647	51,731
By waterpower.....do..	12,447	11,893	12,117	11,440	10,493	10,761	11,261	10,756	10,245	13,876	13,440	14,013	13,460
Privately and municipally owned utilities.....do..	50,763	51,614	55,178	51,575	51,257	50,431	54,166	54,408	48,462	52,444	49,395	51,712	53,233
Other producers (publicly owned).....do..	11,157	11,914	12,077	11,006	10,996	10,979	12,033	12,152	10,801	12,196	11,886	11,948	11,958
Industrial establishments, total.....do..	7,384	7,166	7,358	7,047	7,233	6,892	6,794	6,987	6,484	7,101	7,009	7,371	7,219
By fuels.....do..	7,060	6,897	7,109	6,811	6,995	6,599	6,541	6,920	6,224	6,777	6,682	7,024	6,908
By waterpower.....do..	324	269	249	236	238	263	254	267	259	324	327	347	310
Sales to ultimate customers, total (EEI) †.....do..	55,548	56,297	59,014	58,820	56,655	55,704	57,491	59,436	58,101	58,177	57,212	57,803	-----
Commercial and industrial:													
Small light and power♂.....do..	9,453	10,139	10,684	10,690	9,739	9,225	9,327	10,137	9,944	10,275	10,129	10,755	-----
Large light and power♂.....do..	28,411	27,618	29,064	28,774	28,625	28,036	27,882	27,387	26,856	27,799	27,668	28,593	-----
Railways and railroads.....do..	363	344	364	323	380	386	462	457	445	418	384	370	-----
Residential or domestic.....do..	14,353	14,991	15,523	15,760	14,915	15,223	17,001	19,430	18,839	17,740	17,013	16,121	-----
Rural (distinct rural rates).....do..	1,184	1,440	1,535	1,364	1,017	810	730	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	-----
Street and highway lighting.....do..	417	441	459	494	543	582	613	623	560	568	570	491	-----
Other public authorities.....do..	1,361	1,256	1,318	1,348	1,378	1,392	1,420	1,325	1,386	1,345	1,320	1,326	-----
Interdepartmental.....do..	61	68	67	67	58	50	56	77	72	122	128	146	-----
Revenue from sales to ultimate customers (Edison Electric Institute).....mil. of dol..	935.1	956.3	987.8	997.0	961.7	947.0	975.0	1,010.9	997.6	981.0	966.8	968.7	-----

GAS

Manufactured and mixed gas (quarterly): ‡													
Customers, end of quarter, total ♀.....thousands..	2,161	-----	-----	2,287	-----	-----	2,126	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Residential.....do..	2,020	-----	-----	2,141	-----	-----	1,985	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Industrial and commercial.....do..	139	-----	-----	145	-----	-----	140	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Sales to consumers, total ♀.....mil. of therms..	504	-----	-----	300	-----	-----	551	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Residential.....do..	341	-----	-----	168	-----	-----	397	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Industrial and commercial.....do..	148	-----	-----	118	-----	-----	150	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Revenue from sales to consumers, total ♀													
Residential.....mil. of dol..	64.3	-----	-----	43.0	-----	-----	69.1	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Industrial.....do..	48.8	-----	-----	30.3	-----	-----	53.7	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Industrial and commercial.....do..	15.0	-----	-----	12.2	-----	-----	15.1	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----

* Revised. † Beginning January 1961, trade sales lacquers (formerly shown with industrial finishes) are included under trade products. ‡ Effective January 1961, data formerly reported as rural have been assigned to other appropriate classifications. § Beginning March 1961, data include sales not previously reported.

§ States represented are: North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Tennessee, Arkansas, Louisiana, Texas, Oklahoma. According to quarterly reports from Virginia, consumption in that State is as follows (thous. short tons): 1960—January–March, 222; April–June, 370; July–September, 75; October–December, 94; 1961—January–March, 258.

♂ Includes data not shown separately. ¶ Revisions will be shown later as follows: Fertilizer imports (July–September 1959); superphosphate, etc. (January 1958–April 1959 and January–March 1960); paints, etc. (January 1958–September 1959); electric power production (January–November 1959; for 1958 revisions, see p. 20 of the January 1960 SURVEY); electric power sales (January 1959–March 1960); manufactured and mixed gas (1st and 2d quarters of 1958 and 1959). Effective with data for January 1959, certain sales formerly included with "small, etc." were transferred to "large, etc." Unpublished revisions (January 1959–February 1960) are available upon request.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	1960							1961						
	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	May	June	July
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS; TOBACCO—Continued														
FRUITS AND VEGETABLES														
Apples:														
Production (crop estimate).....thous. of bu.							108,515							125,115
Shipments, carlot.....No. of carloads	426	119	16	231	1,087	1,493	1,718	1,191	1,189	1,430	1,615	1,415	1,513	753
Stocks, cold storage, end of month.....thous. of bu.	316	167	178	14,120	44,598	37,539	28,100	21,665	14,958	9,219	4,506	1,590	240	
Citrus fruits, carlot shipments.....No. of carloads	5,569	4,689	3,658	3,197	2,188	3,076	8,189	6,035	5,841	6,506	5,957	6,625	6,122	5,003
Frozen fruits, juices, and vegetables:														
Stocks, cold storage, end of month:														
Fruits.....thous. of lb.	316,926	430,862	496,852	522,051	517,744	507,683	482,688	449,926	405,768	348,949	300,475	279,030	362,473	
Fruit juices and purees.....do	625,198	554,600	453,229	413,014	353,408	291,691	290,730	384,114	509,681	527,843	578,531	676,670	688,666	
Vegetables.....do	563,562	634,794	801,345	942,145	1,012,996	1,017,386	983,519	877,632	847,530	809,594	802,726	747,172	770,516	
Potatoes, white:														
Production (crop estimate).....thous. of cwt.							125,735							275,729
Shipments, carlot.....No. of carloads	18,336	7,741	5,265	7,385	8,758	9,388	10,388	11,785	12,552	16,711	15,445	17,983	19,049	9,289
Price, wholesale, U.S. No. 1 (New York).....dol. per 100 lb.	4.760	3.153	3.836	3.790	3.981	4.160	4.050	3.692	4.200	4.325	4.533	4.586		
GRAIN AND GRAIN PRODUCTS														
Exports (barley, corn, oats, rye, wheat)†.....thous. of bu.	72,465	66,111	68,721	83,248	81,262	86,743	86,241	76,866	94,351	109,181	89,143	96,305		
Barley:														
Production (crop estimate).....do							142,018							268,142
Receipts, 4 principal markets.....do	17,057	13,616	36,708	19,794	14,429	13,511	11,021	16,294	13,778	15,365	10,925	10,566	11,404	11,213
Stocks (domestic), end of quarter, total ^amil. of bu.	167			468			355			245			152	
On farms.....do	56			280			202			127			64	
Off farms ^cdo	112			188			153			118			88	
Exports, including malt†.....thous. of bu.	7,956	6,007	5,995	9,680	9,304	7,370	6,584	6,288	7,480	5,723	8,399	8,439		
Prices, wholesale (Minneapolis):														
No. 2, malting.....dol. per bu.	1.162	1.092	1.125	1.122	1.148	1.119	1.129	1.139	1.141	1.145	1.176	1.189	1.206	1.454
No. 3, straight.....do	1.075	1.013	1.026	1.012	1.069	1.025	1.037	1.043	1.054	1.060	1.095	1.097	1.124	1.328
Corn:														
Production (crop estimate).....mil. of bu.							13,891							23,352
Grindings, wet process ^othous. of bu.	13,777	12,370	13,712	13,080	13,851	12,396	11,034	12,172	11,924	13,393	11,980	13,412	13,843	
Receipts, interior primary markets.....do	34,517	28,441	34,077	21,172	29,939	78,466	29,730	28,599	39,739	33,442	40,954	41,163	32,410	38,418
Stocks (domestic), end of quarter, total ^amil. of bu.	2,522			1,789			4,700			3,655			2,809	
On farms.....do	1,293			454			3,060			2,076			1,439	
Off farms ^cdo	1,229			1,335			1,641			1,580			1,370	
Exports, including meal and flour†.....thous. of bu.	19,144	15,960	20,028	13,659	16,556	27,784	28,610	19,598	18,976	30,068	24,743	23,853		
Prices, wholesale:														
No. 3, yellow (Chicago).....dol. per bu.	1.200	1.194	1.184	1.165	1.057	.960	1.017	1.101	1.128	1.106	1.081	1.131	1.116	1.136
Weighted average, 5 markets, all grades.....do	1.152	1.135	1.110	1.037	1.014	.942	.991	1.042	1.046	1.045	1.011	1.067	1.082	1.096
Oats:														
Production (crop estimate).....mil. of bu.							1,151							2,982
Receipts, interior primary markets.....thous. of bu.	7,672	10,198	39,112	16,046	6,263	4,461	2,820	6,733	6,363	4,367	3,678	9,279	7,280	10,744
Stocks (domestic), end of quarter, total ^amil. of bu.	267			1,085			851			556			324	
On farms.....do	227			963			766			482			267	
Off farms ^cdo	40			121			85			74			57	
Exports, including oatmeal†.....thous. of bu.	3,741	2,188	4,065	5,641	3,841	1,647	1,143	1,020	2,760	2,300	734	2,779		
Price, wholesale, No. 3, white (Chicago).....dol. per bu.	.750	.734	.680	.653	.642	(4)	.665	.654	.661	.605	.649	.682	.658	.725
Rice:														
Production (crop estimate).....thous. of bags							54,612							56,148
California mills:														
Receipts, domestic, rough.....thous. of lb.	75,145	88,282	69,890	36,072	212,208	64,197	123,031	129,554	96,718	100,931	49,785	76,166	87,889	
Shipments from mills, milled rice.....do	81,240	81,634	32,566	25,436	38,682	47,541	98,610	76,570	70,856	76,069	63,243	51,180	69,215	
Stocks, rough and cleaned (cleaned basis), end of month.....thous. of lb.	73,218	51,209	62,212	58,978	129,902	140,554	126,439	133,119	125,993	118,979	87,159	85,219	77,247	
Southern States mills (Ark., La., Tenn., Tex.):														
Receipts, rough, from producers.....do	64,075	46,938	100,423	1,245,312	1,333,826	456,749	270,578	147,889	125,754	111,908	77,623	53,496	45,668	
Shipments from mills, milled rice.....do	201,045	207,057	98,679	201,098	320,686	272,295	344,358	257,071	241,328	270,652	216,429	204,361	126,482	
Stocks, domestic, rough and cleaned (cleaned basis), end of month.....mil. of lb.	421.1	246.3	208.6	831.7	1,403.4	1,472.3	1,322.1	1,176.5	1,029.2	842.9	615.9	454.6	384.6	
Exports†.....thous. of lb.	167,725	130,246	42,915	69,319	137,856	213,987	250,046	244,542	153,699	226,193	159,757	202,878		
Price, wholesale, head, clean (N.O.).....dol. per lb.	.083	.081	.079	.077	.078	.079	.081	.083	.083	.084	.085	.085		
Rye:														
Production (crop estimate).....thous. of bu.							32,491							25,867
Receipts, interior primary markets.....do	2,068	3,338	4,832	1,920	1,176	712	529	460	679	1,235	1,019	1,094	910	1,325
Stocks (domestic), end of quarter, total ^ado	10,499			35,519			25,646			20,115			14,138	
Price, wholesale, No. 2 (Minneapolis).....dol. per bu.	1.150	1.083	1.068	1.106	1.114	1.093	1.093	1.097	1.115	1.147	(4)	1.129	1.122	1.217
Wheat:														
Production (crop estimate), total.....mil. of bu.							1,350.3							2,104.1
Spring wheat.....do							246.4							146.6
Winter wheat.....do							1,103.9							1,957.5
Receipts, interior primary markets.....thous. of bu.	30,957	103,693	87,874	47,595	33,260	23,809	18,159	34,267	23,834	27,338	15,730	25,279	33,272	93,271
Disappearance (quarterly total).....do	251,697			319,451			279,693			365,618			300,835	
Stocks (domestic), end of quarter, total ^amil. of bu.	1,314			2,345			2,067			1,705			1,407	
On farms.....do	96			550			421			256			136	
Off farms ^cdo	1,218			1,795			1,646			1,449			1,271	
Exports, total, including flour†.....thous. of bu.	41,304	40,950	38,479	53,776	50,831	49,594	49,785	49,691	64,442	70,346	54,045	59,719		
Wheat only.....do	36,502	37,388	34,513	48,529	45,317	42,171	41,004	44,500	57,083	61,335	48,941	52,750		
Prices, wholesale:														
No. 1, dark northern spring (Minneapolis).....dol. per bu.	2.285	2.287	2.120	2.146	2.157	2.146	2.142	2.149	2.150	2.154	2.171	2.217	2.269	2.344
No. 2, hard winter (Kansas City).....do	1.953	1.892	1.937	1.982	1.988	2.009	2.025	2.040	2.050	2.025	2.004	1.962	1.925	1.976
No. 2, red winter (St. Louis).....do	1.825	1.784	1.817	1.852	1.950	(4)	2.073	2.145	2.127	2.106	(4)	1.780	1.900	1.871
Weighted avg., 6 markets, all grades.....do	2.174	2.023	2.113	2.130	2.146	2.132	2.135	2.138	2.125	2.130	2.155	2.182	2.210	2.111

Revised. ^a Preliminary. ¹ Revised estimate of 1960 crop. ² August 1 estimate of 1961 crop. ³ Old crop only; new grain not reported until beginning of new crop year (July for barley, oats, rye, and wheat; October for corn). ⁴ No quotation. ⁵ Revision for 3d quarter 1959 (thous. bu.): 285,823.
⁶ Scattered revisions for 1958-January 1960 for exports of indicated grain series will be shown later. ⁷ Excludes a small amount of pearl barley. ⁸ Data beginning January 1959 are on standard 17-percent moisture basis; prior thereto, on basis of varying moisture content (from 12 to 25 percent). ⁹ Bags of 100 lb.
^c Data prior to last quarter of 1959 will be shown later. The figures include grain owned by Commodity Credit Corporation and stored off farms in its own steel and wooden bins.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	1960							1961						
	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	May	June	July
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS; TOBACCO—Continued														
MISCELLANEOUS FOOD PRODUCTS—Con.														
Coffee (green):														
Inventories (roasters', importers', dealers'), end of quarter.....thous. of bags.....	2,931			3,440			3,204			2,965			3,145	
Roastings (green weight), quarterly total.....do.....	5,205			5,083			5,774			5,923			5,321	
Imports.....do.....	1,850	1,625	2,031	1,963	2,078	1,826	1,828	1,951	1,717	2,234	1,771	1,712		
From Brazil.....do.....	985	803	1,057	863	784	546	730	621	642	841	749	519		
Price, wholesale, Santos, No. 4 (New York).....dol. per lb.....	.375	.369	.364	.369	.368	.365	.366	.368	.369	.378	.372	.375	.378	.375
Confectionery, manufacturers' sales.....mil. of dol.....	77	62	84	135	129	128	110	106	106	103	87	88	79	
Fish:														
Stocks, cold storage, end of month.....thous. of lb.....	165,822	193,461	210,519	222,396	223,188	237,163	230,463	203,610	172,880	157,281	150,157	157,734	171,225	
Sugar:														
Cuban stocks, raw, end of month.....thous. of Spanish tons.....	3,352	2,910	2,564	2,305	2,086	1,661	1,335	1,415	2,325	4,280	4,215	4,430	4,365	4,490
United States:														
Deliveries and supply (raw basis):														
Production and receipts:														
Production.....short tons.....	45,267	29,414	61,750	127,933	650,761	867,524	768,200	288,646	50,734	47,827	87,573	54,814		
Entries from off-shore, total.....do.....	726,002	393,966	296,251	202,533	145,498	111,737	81,684	361,519	173,198	125,126	738,762	474,367	296,294	
Hawaii and Puerto Rico.....do.....	227,288	226,355	250,283	141,012	134,105	59,432	40,838	83,220	117,917	139,929	308,408	331,906	214,975	
Deliveries, total.....do.....	976,291	1,071,969	892,447	842,516	704,375	685,437	720,836	629,898	651,020	764,906	686,240	969,461		
For domestic consumption.....do.....	968,753	1,061,206	882,429	837,525	699,680	683,009	717,104	625,878	646,092	758,499	681,089	962,011		
For export and livestock feed.....do.....	7,538	10,763	10,018	4,991	4,695	2,428	3,732	4,020	4,928	6,407	5,151	7,450		
Stocks, raw and refined, end of month.....thous. of short tons.....	1,716	1,396	1,175	984	1,365	1,946	2,327	2,337	2,209	2,124	2,011	1,785	1,562	
Exports.....short tons.....	297	414	425	308	291	193	276	262	352	389	457	375		
Imports:														
Raw sugar, total.....do.....	411,892	393,494	327,623	343,856	196,617	351,845	276,073	217,799	337,491	471,485	216,614	330,276		
From Cuba.....do.....	282,570	211,464	3,280	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
From Philippine Islands.....do.....	120,082	160,409	192,515	25,227	41,832	45,698	34,919	56,560	103,850	163,510	116,929	140,580		
Refined sugar, total.....do.....	48,632	56,170	26,792	23,635	23,424	8,789	6,005	6,811	7,865	21,282	11,703	20,470		
From Cuba.....do.....	43,959	42,434	3,750	6,375	960	180	180	0	0	0	0	0		
Prices (New York):														
Raw, wholesale.....dol. per lb.....	.061	.066	.064	.066	.064	.065	.064	.064	.063	.062	.062	.065	.065	.064
Refined:														
Retail.....dol. per 5 lb.....	.541	.541	.565	.568	.571	.571	.589	.573	.573	.574	.573	.573	.574	
Wholesale (excl. excise tax).....dol. per lb.....	.085	.087	.090	.090	.090	.090	.088	.088	.088	.088	.087	.087		
Tea, imports.....thous. of lb.....	9,940	8,586	9,132	9,132	8,050	7,845	9,710	8,993	7,734	10,630	8,997	9,331		
Baking or frying fats (incl. shortening):*														
Production.....mil. of lb.....	206.8	151.8	218.1	189.4	205.1	193.5	186.9	199.1	209.9	211.8	188.6	205.8	185.9	
Stocks (producers' and warehouse), end of month.....mil. of lb.....	126.2	109.1	108.3	111.8	117.9	105.2	120.3	106.1	101.1	119.0	132.7	139.1	128.1	
Salad or cooking oils:*														
Production.....do.....	164.1	145.7	164.9	133.6	138.9	140.7	156.1	172.4	159.4	184.5	162.4	183.8	170.4	
Stocks (producers' and warehouse), end of month.....mil. of lb.....	49.7	50.6	48.6	41.2	42.6	42.8	57.1	73.2	110.6	157.8	181.9	190.7	153.7	
Margarine:														
Production.....do.....	132.6	120.1	135.2	134.6	150.3	148.4	158.3	175.3	155.9	139.2	128.8	138.7	132.9	
Stocks (producers' and warehouse), end of month.....mil. of lb.....	39.9	35.2	33.5	33.7	32.9	31.4	32.6	35.3	35.9	42.8	34.5	40.5	45.4	
Price, wholesale (colored; delivered; eastern U.S.).....dol. per lb.....	.238	.238	.238	1.235	.235	.235	.245	.247	.255	.262	.267	.272		
FATS, OILS, AND RELATED PRODUCTS														
Animal and fish fats:△														
Tallow, edible:														
Production (quantities rendered).....mil. of lb.....	27.0	24.5	30.0	27.6	28.0	30.7	27.2	30.0	34.9	35.5	34.8	41.3	37.0	
Consumption in end products.....do.....	24.6	21.7	28.2	22.6	27.6	28.3	24.7	26.1	33.8	29.5	29.3	30.6	30.6	
Stocks (factory and warehouse), end of month.....do.....	22.5	23.0	23.8	27.0	24.7	24.8	26.4	24.9	24.2	26.3	25.5	31.2	31.0	
Tallow and grease (except wool), inedible:†														
Production (quantities rendered).....do.....	255.4	233.9	255.0	254.3	249.6	257.8	251.8	261.1	249.9	290.5	275.4	308.8	310.4	
Consumption in end products.....do.....	167.0	117.3	161.4	157.5	161.5	151.8	147.0	141.9	136.6	150.6	145.8	150.1	155.4	
Stocks (factory and warehouse), end of month.....do.....	282.5	301.1	310.7	342.7	339.6	330.8	304.8	338.4	347.1	348.5	333.7	349.8	329.1	
Fish and marine mammal oils:‡														
Production.....do.....	35.1	40.0	36.8	29.5	22.7	9.0	7.8	.5	.3	.5	3.3	32.8	32.9	
Consumption in end products.....do.....	9.0	8.2	10.6	9.1	8.3	8.5	8.5	9.3	8.4	9.4	9.7	10.9	11.3	
Stocks (factory and warehouse), end of month.....mil. of lb.....	105.6	91.9	95.0	109.5	96.0	87.1	84.3	84.2	85.6	73.3	71.8	92.3	97.5	
Vegetable oils and related products:														
Vegetable oils (total crude and refined):														
Exports.....do.....	229.8	122.5	241.6	59.4	71.2	138.3	156.0	129.9	86.8	49.4	149.1	72.2		
Imports.....do.....	57.0	42.6	37.0	52.5	47.6	40.2	48.1	38.7	46.5	41.0	36.2	45.4		
Coconut oil:														
Production:														
Crude.....do.....	39.0	44.7	47.9	35.9	45.8	44.8	45.2	50.6	37.2	33.7	29.7	43.9	38.0	
Refined.....do.....	35.9	27.5	36.8	32.6	36.3	35.4	30.0	31.4	29.9	35.2	37.9	43.9	45.2	
Consumption in end products.....do.....	55.9	35.7	54.7	49.5	53.1	48.0	42.6	45.3	43.8	51.4	54.0	62.6	60.9	
Stocks, crude and refined (factory and warehouse), end of month.....mil. of lb.....	306.2	322.4	327.0	322.6	321.2	328.5	338.6	357.9	340.3	339.8	316.6	306.4	289.0	
Imports.....do.....	18.3	7.8	8.9	16.5	15.6	16.1	16.3	13.8	12.5	6.6	6.7	11.4		
Corn oil:*														
Production:														
Crude.....do.....	28.5	27.7	29.6	27.4	28.0	26.8	24.2	25.6	24.6	27.1	28.1	29.5	30.0	
Refined.....do.....	25.0	24.3	32.0	25.5	27.6	25.1	24.3	27.9	24.5	26.5	28.3	25.3	25.8	
Consumption in end products.....do.....	26.2	24.4	29.5	26.5	29.3	29.2	25.3	24.9	25.2	26.8	24.8	25.7	25.4	
Stocks, crude and refined (factory and warehouse), end of month.....mil. of lb.....	38.7	42.6	37.7	38.7	37.9	33.4	33.2	32.8	32.7	36.4	36.5	42.9	40.5	

* Revised. † Preliminary. ‡ Beginning September 1960, prices are based on a new specification and are not entirely comparable with those for earlier periods.

△ Bags of 132.276 lb. † Revisions for January 1956–March 1959 and January–March 1960 for confectionery will be shown later: those for January–November 1958 for fats and oils appear in Census report, "Fats and Oils, 1958" (Series M28-1-08). ‡ Includes data not shown separately. § Price for New York and northeastern New Jersey.

* New series; comparable data prior to December 1958 not available, except for corn oil which may be obtained from Census reports. † For data on lard see p. S-28.

‡ Consumption data exclude quantities used in refining. § Consumption figures exclude data for cod, cod-liver, and other liver oils, and stocks include only the quantities of these oils held by producing firms. † Production of refined oils covers once-refined oils (alkali refined).

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	1960							1961						
	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	May	June	July
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS; TOBACCO—Continued														
FATS, OILS, AND RELATED PRODUCTS—Con.														
Vegetable oils and related products—Con.														
Cottonseed:†														
Consumption (crushings).....thous. of short tons..	176.6	142.7	139.8	412.9	758.3	742.1	612.9	666.9	525.7	480.4	401.8	292.5	175.9	-----
Stocks (at oil mills), end of month.....do.....	191.1	104.8	205.0	701.9	1,642.7	2,406.0	2,404.6	1,964.3	1,509.8	1,059.6	668.1	395.0	230.7	-----
Cottonseed cake and meal †														
Production.....do.....	83.0	70.0	68.6	189.3	352.2	345.7	287.5	309.8	247.4	224.9	189.3	138.1	85.0	-----
Stocks (at oil mills), end of month.....do.....	202.8	189.9	157.7	137.1	167.9	198.7	197.8	227.2	239.6	272.0	270.5	245.5	196.9	-----
Cottonseed oil:														
Production:														
Crude†.....mil. of lb.....	62.6	51.3	48.8	133.3	257.5	249.0	205.8	223.8	179.0	163.5	137.7	100.8	60.4	-----
Refined †.....do.....	81.3	46.9	55.9	71.5	160.7	176.7	159.4	172.9	149.0	166.9	138.2	118.6	80.0	-----
Consumption in end products.....do.....	103.8	86.9	107.6	91.8	109.0	112.2	113.7	119.7	118.6	128.6	107.8	108.6	102.5	-----
Stocks, crude and refined (factory and warehouse), end of month.....mil. of lb.....	357.6	286.2	200.0	216.8	322.6	389.6	425.8	433.5	463.4	447.6	432.6	379.1	313.1	-----
Price, wholesale (refined; drums; N.Y.).....dol. per lb.....	.155	.151	.153	.145	.148	.156	.159	.170	.180	.184	.194	2.202	2.199	-----
Flaxseed:														
Consumption (crushings).....thous. of short tons..	32.9	21.9	31.9	60.5	63.2	53.6	36.3	46.5	42.9	43.9	50.8	58.4	48.8	-----
Stocks (at oil mills), end of month.....do.....	21.7	33.0	30.7	70.0	108.0	99.7	103.8	100.3	99.0	100.1	81.9	61.3	45.5	-----
Price, wholesale (No. 1; Minneapolis).....dol. per bu.....	3.19	3.01	3.11	2.98	2.88	2.76	2.82	2.87	3.02	3.07	3.09	3.14	3.37	3.87
Linseed oil:														
Production, crude (raw).....mil. of lb.....	23.8	15.8	21.7	43.0	45.0	38.6	26.1	33.3	30.8	31.4	36.4	41.7	34.8	-----
Consumption in end products.....do.....	35.0	32.4	34.7	31.3	31.7	25.8	25.5	26.4	27.3	32.6	35.2	35.3	38.0	-----
Stocks, crude and refined (factory and warehouse), end of month.....mil. of lb.....	89.5	74.6	61.2	71.0	80.6	92.9	96.9	104.3	106.7	105.1	103.2	104.3	94.3	-----
Price, wholesale (Minneapolis).....dol. per lb.....	.132	.129	.132	.126	.124	.123	.125	.126	.130	.131	.131	2.131	2.131	-----
Soybeans:†														
Consumption (crushings).....thous. of short tons..	939.8	941.3	962.0	806.2	1,060.1	1,111.7	1,143.2	1,149.8	1,036.6	1,043.9	988.9	1,028.9	955.6	-----
Stocks (at oil mills), end of month.....do.....	1,291.5	1,016.3	597.0	494.7	3,009.9	3,807.1	3,470.3	3,298.5	3,255.7	2,920.3	2,607.4	2,023.9	1,493.0	-----
Soybean cake and meal:†														
Production.....mil. of lb.....	1,443.2	1,441.6	1,484.0	1,239.6	1,642.0	1,715.8	1,767.4	1,783.2	1,593.0	1,603.4	1,517.8	1,562.2	1,469.4	-----
Stocks (at oil mills), end of month.....do.....	225.4	251.0	182.0	158.6	185.6	225.0	204.6	260.0	327.2	356.8	432.6	425.0	390.6	-----
Soybean oil:														
Production:														
Crude†.....do.....	348.6	350.0	358.5	298.4	391.3	404.5	414.2	418.7	377.6	381.1	362.9	377.0	352.8	-----
Refined †.....do.....	303.7	238.5	306.7	264.3	271.8	279.5	295.1	326.0	298.5	319.5	291.2	313.3	270.2	-----
Consumption in end products.....do.....	303.6	245.5	303.0	265.4	275.3	263.5	283.6	310.9	280.8	296.1	261.8	289.5	266.5	-----
Stocks, crude and refined (factory and warehouse), end of month.....mil. of lb.....	422.6	450.5	311.8	307.5	366.3	446.0	466.4	517.4	537.2	624.7	675.8	710.0	769.1	-----
Price, wholesale (refined; N.Y.).....dol. per lb.....	.128	.131	.138	.129	.133	.144	.143	.153	.164	.173	.174	2.169	2.169	-----
TOBACCO														
Leaf:														
Production (crop estimate).....mil. of lb.....	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	1,943	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	2,198	-----
Stocks, dealers' and manufacturers', end of quarter, total.....mil. of lb.....	4,339	-----	-----	4,476	-----	-----	4,784	-----	4,671	-----	-----	4,268	-----	-----
Exports, including scrap and stems.....thous. of lb.....	29,574	20,560	37,771	82,922	81,103	84,587	44,574	22,423	24,674	28,740	25,110	23,647	-----	-----
Imports, including scrap and stems.....do.....	14,783	11,325	14,646	13,335	14,341	12,340	12,597	14,162	15,061	13,231	14,048	15,484	-----	-----
Manufactured products:														
Production, manufactured tobacco, total.....do.....	16,178	11,790	15,796	15,113	14,910	14,642	12,380	14,456	13,053	15,916	14,076	15,707	15,853	-----
Chewing, plug, and twist.....do.....	6,103	4,994	5,895	5,399	5,319	5,681	4,824	5,417	4,972	5,593	5,080	5,827	6,031	-----
Smoking.....do.....	6,592	4,881	6,722	6,874	6,709	6,107	4,800	6,089	5,680	7,290	6,406	6,696	6,588	-----
Snuff.....do.....	3,483	1,914	3,179	2,840	2,882	2,853	2,756	2,949	2,401	3,034	2,590	3,184	3,234	-----
Consumption (withdrawals):														
Cigarettes (small):														
Tax-free.....millions.....	3,667	2,592	2,954	3,221	3,491	3,206	2,997	3,083	2,854	3,642	3,173	3,459	3,685	-----
Tax-paid.....do.....	43,643	35,667	44,622	40,899	39,836	40,320	33,793	38,916	37,447	42,354	37,151	44,353	44,036	-----
Cigars (large), tax-paid.....thousands.....	571,929	503,935	623,983	581,540	577,031	671,450	364,660	475,244	441,395	522,834	482,262	601,618	535,531	-----
Manufactured tobacco and snuff, tax-paid.....thous. of lb.....	15,543	11,906	15,887	14,501	14,543	14,504	12,372	13,991	12,626	15,554	13,660	15,556	15,339	-----
Exports, cigarettes.....millions.....	1,805	1,622	1,449	1,706	1,939	1,989	1,967	1,733	1,606	1,921	1,886	1,926	-----	-----

LEATHER AND PRODUCTS

HIDES AND SKINS														
Exports:														
Value, total †.....thous. of dol.....	5,223	6,088	6,284	5,042	6,962	8,793	7,106	7,849	6,496	9,288	6,456	6,350	6,041	-----
Calf and kip skins.....thous. of skins.....	121	134	158	142	248	183	253	233	279	390	256	172	179	-----
Cattle hides.....thous. of hides.....	459	557	586	614	646	921	692	740	605	837	523	569	537	-----
Imports:														
Value, total †.....thous. of dol.....	8,029	5,947	4,926	4,173	4,955	3,856	3,936	4,423	3,407	7,304	5,860	5,832	-----	-----
Sheep and lamb skins.....thous. of pieces.....	3,822	2,160	916	1,573	1,665	1,088	980	1,775	804	5,127	3,384	2,648	-----	-----
Goat and kid skins.....do.....	2,189	1,413	1,551	1,306	1,288	1,278	1,126	1,246	849	1,338	1,171	1,341	-----	-----
Prices, wholesale (f.o.b. shipping point):														
Calfskins, packer, heavy, 9½/15 lb.....dol. per lb.....	.580	.580	.525	.525	.550	.550	.575	.575	.575	.625	.625	2.650	2.650	-----
Hides, steer, heavy, native, over 53 lb.....do.....	.133	.143	.148	.138	.138	.133	.128	.118	.113	.143	.143	2.148	2.148	-----
LEATHER														
Production:														
Calf and whole kip.....thous. of skins.....	536	332	630	532	589	617	593	562	561	528	496	556	-----	-----
Cattle hide and side kip.....thous. of hides and skins.....	1,946	1,496	1,947	1,911	1,900	1,934	1,815	1,820	1,789	1,976	1,870	1,956	-----	-----
Goat and kid.....thous. of skins.....	1,744	1,292	1,449	1,410	1,371	1,338	1,183	1,344	1,071	1,264	1,175	1,420	-----	-----
Sheep and lamb.....do.....	2,671	1,850	2,888	2,493	2,502	2,843	2,367	2,354	2,442	2,567	2,473	3,008	-----	-----
Exports:														
Glove and garment leather.....thous. of sq. ft.....	2,829	2,451	2,806	2,725	4,277	3,898	4,403	3,738	4,093	6,892	5,158	6,017	5,504	-----
Upper and lining leather.....do.....	2,390	2,952	3,798	3,960	4,149	4,168	3,875	4,274	4,351	5,611	4,292	4,258	4,336	-----
Prices, wholesale:														
Sole, bends, light, f.o.b. tannery.....dol. per lb.....	.717	.700	.687	.683	.680	.663	.673	.677	.673	.683	.690	2.697	2.697	-----
Upper, chrome calf, B and C grades, f.o.b. tannery.....dol. per sq. ft.....	1.333	1.333	1.303	1.303	1.313	1.313	1.353	1.373	1.387	1.400	1.417	2.144	2.144	-----

* Revised. † Preliminary. ‡ Revised estimate of 1960 crop. § August 1 estimate of 1961 crop.

† Revisions for 1958 appear in Census report, "Fats and Oils, 1958" (Series M28-1-08); scattered revisions for January-March 1960 will be shown later. § Production of refined oils covers only once-refined oils (alkali refined).

* New series; data prior to August 1958 are available from reports of the compiling agency (Bureau of the Census).

† Includes data for items not shown separately. ‡ Revisions for January-March 1959, and January-March 1960 (also for 1958 for sheep and lamb) will be shown later.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	1960						1961						
	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June

LEATHER AND PRODUCTS—Continued

LEATHER MANUFACTURES														
Shoes and slippers:†														
Production, total.....thous. of pairs.....	49,994	43,600	58,122	48,868	47,476	45,652	43,023	50,659	50,305	57,561	47,021	48,670	50,088	-----
Shoes, sandals, and play shoes, except athletic, total.....thous. of pairs.....	42,417	37,568	48,518	40,001	37,812	36,194	37,956	46,809	46,241	51,597	41,244	42,211	42,554	-----
By kinds:														
Men's.....do.....	8,568	6,843	9,265	8,367	8,285	7,809	7,883	8,345	8,465	9,800	8,702	8,887	8,495	-----
Youths' and boys'.....do.....	2,981	2,114	2,373	1,997	1,879	1,659	1,812	2,105	1,993	2,120	1,842	2,080	2,067	-----
Women's.....do.....	22,833	20,999	26,328	20,622	19,102	18,259	19,702	26,193	25,730	29,677	23,140	23,920	23,216	-----
Misses' and children's.....do.....	5,774	5,481	7,361	6,100	5,585	5,442	5,582	6,856	6,762	6,542	4,776	5,218	5,963	-----
Infants' and babies'.....do.....	2,861	2,131	3,191	2,915	2,961	3,025	2,977	3,310	3,291	3,458	2,784	3,066	2,783	-----
Slippers for housewear.....do.....	6,239	5,179	8,405	7,734	8,510	8,301	8,949	3,115	3,328	4,915	4,795	5,490	6,235	-----
Athletic.....do.....	722	410	577	563	601	588	530	439	432	573	524	528	695	-----
Other footwear.....do.....	616	443	621	570	553	560	588	296	304	476	458	441	604	-----
Exports.....do.....	147	155	245	217	241	210	134	129	191	252	179	135	169	-----
Prices, wholesale, f.o.b. factory:														
Men's and boys' oxfords, dress, elk or side upper, Goodyear welt.....1947-49=100.....	133.5	133.5	133.5	133.5	133.5	133.5	133.5	133.5	133.5	133.5	133.5	133.5	133.5	-----
Women's oxfords, elk side upper, Goodyear welt.....1947-49=100.....	146.7	146.7	146.7	146.7	146.7	146.7	146.7	146.7	146.7	146.7	146.7	146.7	146.7	-----
Women's pumps, low-medium quality.....do.....	133.7	133.7	133.7	133.7	133.7	133.7	133.7	134.8	134.8	134.4	134.4	134.4	134.4	-----

LUMBER AND MANUFACTURES

LUMBER—ALL TYPES†														
National Lumber Manufacturers Association:														
Production, total.....mil. bd. ft.....	3,196	2,701	3,209	3,003	2,796	2,544	2,247	2,263	2,302	2,696	2,567	3,005	2,885	-----
Hardwoods.....do.....	557	540	531	510	550	508	432	460	421	404	330	381	388	-----
Softwoods.....do.....	2,639	2,161	2,678	2,493	2,246	2,036	1,815	1,863	1,881	2,292	2,237	2,624	2,497	-----
Shipments, total.....do.....	3,110	2,617	3,069	2,897	2,695	2,461	2,337	2,271	2,258	2,856	2,758	3,085	2,933	-----
Hardwoods.....do.....	514	473	495	473	496	466	423	410	428	452	384	404	407	-----
Softwoods.....do.....	2,596	2,144	2,574	2,424	2,199	1,995	1,914	1,861	1,830	2,404	2,374	2,661	2,526	-----
Stocks (gross), mill, end of month, total.....do.....	10,064	9,911	10,050	10,157	10,258	10,341	10,250	10,243	10,286	10,126	9,934	9,876	9,830	-----
Hardwoods.....do.....	3,676	3,743	3,779	3,816	3,870	3,912	3,921	3,911	3,904	3,856	3,802	3,779	3,700	-----
Softwoods.....do.....	6,388	6,168	6,271	6,341	6,388	6,429	6,329	6,332	6,382	6,270	6,132	6,097	6,070	-----
Exports, total sawmill products.....M bd. ft.....	83,094	68,899	63,912	74,185	69,322	61,855	60,354	49,888	53,402	62,080	56,483	86,709	-----	
Imports, total sawmill products.....do.....	416,092	367,136	370,988	345,196	331,708	312,168	257,600	256,238	261,562	340,258	335,434	437,598	-----	
SOFTWOODS‡														
Douglas fir:														
Orders, new.....mil. bd. ft.....	711	643	732	659	615	618	576	548	539	863	626	687	717	-----
Orders, unfilled, end of month.....do.....	483	515	486	440	426	436	412	422	445	586	529	491	505	-----
Production.....do.....	702	574	772	706	623	598	553	604	567	694	644	738	703	-----
Shipments.....do.....	756	611	760	705	629	608	600	538	516	722	684	724	705	-----
Stocks (gross), mill, end of month.....do.....	1,154	1,117	1,128	1,130	1,124	1,114	1,066	1,133	1,184	1,156	1,115	1,131	1,135	-----
Exports, total sawmill products.....M bd. ft.....	37,889	31,587	24,576	33,460	29,135	25,912	28,408	24,422	21,403	28,554	21,467	23,503	-----	
Sawed timber.....do.....	18,376	18,724	11,847	13,709	12,880	11,778	16,425	12,215	8,305	11,286	7,797	13,060	-----	
Boards, planks, scantlings, etc.....do.....	19,513	12,863	12,729	19,751	16,255	14,134	11,983	12,207	13,098	17,268	13,670	10,443	-----	
Prices, wholesale:														
Dimension, construction, dried, 2" x 4", R. L. dol. per M bd. ft.....	80.405	80.757	80.235	80.057	79.046	78.369	78.810	77.678	76.984	78.231	81.360	80.188	-----	
Flooring, C and better, F. G., 1" x 4", R. L. dol. per M bd. ft.....	130.919	131.186	129.819	129.734	128.679	128.246	127.400	127.400	126.955	125.641	126.064	125.408	-----	
Southern pine:														
Orders, new.....mil. bd. ft.....	593	502	559	545	535	493	459	493	451	680	550	591	548	-----
Orders, unfilled, end of month.....do.....	208	203	198	174	167	162	165	196	209	278	290	256	227	-----
Production.....do.....	650	534	561	566	564	544	458	464	441	564	522	613	579	-----
Shipments.....do.....	606	507	564	569	542	498	456	462	438	611	538	625	577	-----
Stocks (gross), mill and concentration yards, end of month.....mil. bd. ft.....	2,072	2,099	2,096	2,093	2,115	2,161	2,163	2,165	2,168	2,121	2,105	2,093	2,095	-----
Exports, total sawmill products.....M bd. ft.....	9,123	11,003	8,545	6,426	7,042	6,136	5,833	4,725	5,081	5,242	5,065	7,342	-----	
Sawed timber.....do.....	2,136	3,643	2,810	1,273	2,375	903	1,521	686	1,186	783	833	1,116	-----	
Boards, planks, scantlings, etc.....do.....	6,987	7,360	5,735	5,153	4,667	5,233	4,312	4,039	3,895	4,459	4,232	6,226	-----	
Prices, wholesale, (index):†														
Boards, No. 2 and better, 1" x 6", R. L. 1947-49=100.....	114.8	113.2	111.4	110.3	108.9	107.2	107.1	105.7	103.9	105.2	106.6	106.9	-----	
Flooring, B and better, F. G., 1" x 4", S. L. 1947-49=100.....	94.9	94.1	93.9	93.6	93.6	93.4	93.4	92.7	92.5	92.5	92.4	92.8	-----	
Western pine:														
Orders, new.....mil. bd. ft.....	736	703	771	710	644	546	607	572	543	835	717	812	775	-----
Orders, unfilled, end of month.....do.....	339	378	364	348	322	308	332	342	321	489	455	388	355	-----
Production.....do.....	829	691	871	782	684	563	542	494	554	644	689	843	780	-----
Shipments.....do.....	767	664	785	726	670	590	583	562	564	668	751	879	807	-----
Stocks (gross), mill, end of month.....do.....	2,170	1,960	2,046	2,102	2,116	2,119	2,078	2,010	2,000	1,976	1,914	1,878	1,851	-----
Price, wholesale, Ponderosa, boards, No. 3, 1" x 12", R. L. (6' and over)§.....dol. per M bd. ft.....	78.620	75.950	72.280	69.670	69.650	69.560	68.750	70.160	70.220	69.720	69.890	73.350	-----	
HARDWOOD FLOORING AND PLYWOOD														
Flooring:														
Maple, beech, and birch:														
Orders, new.....M bd. ft.....	4,075	3,925	3,650	2,550	2,500	2,950	2,925	2,950	3,050	3,400	3,750	3,400	3,525	-----
Orders, unfilled, end of month.....do.....	12,050	12,550	12,050	11,200	10,200	10,475	10,550	10,950	11,400	11,450	12,520	12,850	12,000	-----
Production.....do.....	3,200	2,175	3,350	3,225	3,000	3,125	2,800	2,900	2,600	3,050	2,800	3,100	3,150	-----
Shipments.....do.....	4,250	3,000	4,100	3,400	3,050	2,700	2,625	2,500	2,675	3,050	2,700	3,150	4,300	-----
Stocks (gross), mill, end of month.....do.....	10,000	9,275	8,525	8,300	8,250	8,650	8,850	9,300	9,275	9,275	9,300	9,200	8,150	-----
Oak:														
Orders, new.....do.....	72,107	64,029	81,136	72,246	65,882	59,585	53,501	57,261	54,281	83,202	68,543	61,978	63,922	-----
Orders, unfilled, end of month.....do.....	34,901	35,952	38,170	34,858	32,517	29,014	26,382	27,891	30,339	43,547	47,326	41,202	35,403	-----
Production.....do.....	76,499	64,001	78,298	76,248	74,340	69,970	62,376	62,740	56,559	66,583	60,738	73,610	70,787	-----
Shipments.....do.....	79,498	63,796	78,917	75,726	70,894	65,148	54,772	56,850	53,475	70,303	68,538	69,953	70,586	-----
Stocks (gross), mill, end of month.....do.....	98,317	96,267	93,902	92,397	94,590	99,172	106,776	112,666	114,790	110,287	100,352	102,264	99,332	-----
Plywood (except container and packaging), qtrly, total:														
Shipments (market).....M sq. ft., surface measure.....	216,066	-----	-----	207,993	-----	-----	192,516	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----

† Revised. ‡ Preliminary. § Revisions will be shown later as follows: Shoes and slippers, production (1958-April 1960); lumber—production, shipments, stocks, and orders (1957-February 1960); exports and imports (1959). ¶ Effective with the July 1960 SURVEY, price indexes replace actual prices; data for January 1947-April 1960 will be shown later. § Not comparable with data through 1958 which cover a different specification.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS

1960							1961						
June	July	August	September	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	May	June	July

METALS AND MANUFACTURES

IRON AND STEEL													
Foreign trade:													
Iron and steel products (excluding advanced manufactures and ferroalloys):													
Exports, total†‡	1,012	741	1,194	907	953	1,009	771	770	948	969	888	1,319	1,579
Steel mill products*†	383	331	328	228	231	234	162	132	147	168	138	159	146
Scrap†	621	401	860	655	683	733	571	584	777	780	683	1,118	1,388
Imports, total†‡	304	242	253	299	268	239	231	179	177	249	274	321	—
Steel mill products*†	213	177	184	207	180	199	189	145	152	211	235	266	—
Scrap	17	18	15	15	12	11	17	19	14	20	22	17	—
Iron and Steel Scrap													
Production and receipts, total.....thous. of short tons..	5,181	4,150	4,650	4,536	4,896	4,370	3,959	4,164	4,114	4,999	5,071	5,782	5,628
Home scrap produced.....do.....	3,181	2,555	2,852	2,736	2,829	2,645	2,408	2,523	2,505	2,914	2,936	3,381	3,368
Purchased scrap received (net).....do.....	1,999	1,595	1,798	1,800	2,066	1,725	1,551	1,642	1,608	2,086	2,135	2,401	2,260
Consumption, total.....do.....	4,994	4,120	4,724	4,646	4,901	4,413	4,187	4,546	4,397	4,983	5,226	5,974	5,540
Stocks, consumers', end of month.....do.....	9,661	9,700	9,629	9,514	9,513	9,472	9,252	8,876	8,591	8,613	8,465	8,293	8,394
Ore													
Iron ore (operations in all U.S. districts):													
Mine production.....thous. of long tons..	11,645	10,442	11,034	8,789	6,423	3,959	3,672	3,322	3,268	3,618	3,648	6,653	—
Shipments from mines.....do.....	12,816	12,723	11,176	9,252	7,426	3,783	1,142	1,099	1,137	1,408	1,617	6,209	—
Imports.....do.....	4,215	3,742	4,293	3,070	2,593	2,011	1,527	1,634	1,662	1,226	1,227	2,041	—
U.S. and foreign ores and ore agglomerates:													
Receipts at iron and steel plants.....do.....	16,293	15,705	13,894	11,049	9,906	5,867	2,660	2,602	2,448	2,897	2,756	7,139	11,302
Consumption at iron and steel plants.....do.....	8,060	7,014	6,729	6,356	6,694	6,362	5,895	6,218	6,060	6,953	7,113	8,313	8,545
Exports.....do.....	824	788	1,162	849	466	126	89	92	51	77	134	372	—
Stocks, total, end of month.....do.....	64,202	71,383	78,936	83,699	86,241	85,849	85,237	84,730	83,235	83,114	78,567	77,715	—
At mines.....do.....	12,446	10,176	10,045	9,581	8,579	8,755	11,282	14,342	16,470	18,674	20,707	21,167	—
At furnace yards.....do.....	47,086	55,776	62,942	67,634	70,846	70,351	67,116	63,500	59,887	55,831	51,474	50,252	53,019
At U.S. docks.....do.....	4,670	5,431	5,949	6,484	6,816	6,743	6,839	6,888	6,878	6,909	6,386	6,296	6,115
Manganese (manganese content), general imports†													
thous. of long tons..	154	103	100	109	85	89	94	81	93	78	36	142	—
Pig Iron and Iron Manufactures													
Pig iron:													
Production (excl. blast furnace prod. of ferroalloys).....thous. of short tons..	5,261	4,480	4,470	4,108	4,473	4,138	3,841	4,039	3,937	4,514	4,680	5,646	5,687
Consumption.....do.....	5,255	4,405	4,616	4,274	4,500	4,116	3,838	4,125	4,053	4,634	4,839	5,864	5,873
Stocks (consumers' and suppliers'), end of month.....thous. of short tons..	3,644	3,758	3,696	3,617	3,659	3,710	3,770	3,685	3,611	3,559	3,404	3,190	3,054
Prices:													
Composite.....dol. per long ton..	65.95	65.95	65.95	65.95	65.95	65.95	65.95	65.95	65.95	65.95	65.95	65.95	65.95
Basic (furnace).....do.....	66.00	66.00	66.00	66.00	66.00	66.00	66.00	66.00	66.00	66.00	66.00	66.00	66.00
Foundry, No. 2, Northern.....do.....	66.50	66.50	66.50	66.50	66.50	66.50	66.50	66.50	66.50	66.50	66.50	66.50	66.50
Castings, gray iron: 0													
Orders, unfilled, for sale, end of month.....thous. of short tons..	720	755	713	695	647	569	553	600	621	652	645	651	—
Shipments, total.....do.....	1,050	803	859	900	905	836	749	700	702	856	869	982	—
For sale.....do.....	602	451	540	527	500	455	395	406	378	497	504	572	—
Castings, malleable iron:													
Orders, unfilled, for sale, end of month.....thous. of short tons..	64	74	70	69	57	56	55	52	48	45	48	52	—
Shipments, total.....do.....	73	50	59	63	64	63	57	58	51	58	56	68	—
For sale.....do.....	43	29	37	36	35	35	32	34	30	34	31	40	—
Steel, Crude and Semimanufactures													
Steel ingots and steel for castings:													
Production.....thous. of short tons..	7,405	6,351	6,838	6,458	6,868	6,172	5,846	6,416	6,239	7,086	7,585	8,981	8,552
Index.....1957-59=100..	92.7	77.0	82.9	80.9	83.3	77.3	70.8	77.8	83.7	85.9	95.0	108.9	107.1
Steel castings:													
Shipments, total.....thous. of short tons..	137	90	102	104	103	100	108	96	93	107	94	103	—
For sale, total.....do.....	107	67	77	80	80	78	87	77	72	83	71	79	—
Steel forgings (for sale):													
Orders, unfilled, end of month.....do.....	293.9	293.4	299.0	301.7	277.2	264.8	265.2	265.6	263.4	262.0	264.4	262.3	258.7
Shipments, total.....do.....	110.1	79.2	88.3	93.9	97.2	92.6	89.6	95.1	89.1	96.3	95.6	105.4	107.6
Drop and upset.....do.....	82.0	58.2	63.1	69.6	73.2	66.8	64.0	69.5	64.4	70.4	70.0	78.3	79.9
Prices:													
Composite, finished steel (carbon).....dol. per lb..	.0698	.0698	.0698	.0698	.0698	.0698	.0698	.0698	.0698	.0698	.0698	.0698	.0698
Steel billets, rerolling, carbon, f.o.b. mill.....dol. per short ton..	95.00	95.00	95.00	95.00	95.00	95.00	95.00	95.00	95.00	95.00	95.00	95.00	95.00
Structural shapes (carbon), f.o.b. mill.....dol. per lb..	.0617	.0617	.0617	.0617	.0617	.0617	.0617	.0617	.0617	.0617	.0617	.0617	.0617
Steel scrap, No. 1 heavy melting.....dol. per long ton..	31.12	31.28	32.20	31.87	29.52	28.33	28.66	31.54	33.04	36.35	38.76	36.25	35.00
Composite (5 markets).....do.....	31.00	30.50	30.50	30.50	28.50	27.00	27.00	30.00	32.00	35.00	37.00	35.00	—
Steel, Manufactured Products													
Barrels and drums, steel, heavy types (for sale):													
Orders, unfilled, end of month.....thousands..	1,702	1,681	1,619	1,607	1,378	1,295	1,234	1,438	1,529	1,588	1,623	1,450	—
Shipments.....do.....	1,986	1,762	1,892	1,847	1,715	1,711	1,604	1,639	1,634	1,937	1,797	1,959	—
Cans, metal, shipments (in terms of steel consumed), total for sale and own use.....thous. of short tons..													
Food.....do.....	426	455	603	555	419	319	346	289	292	374	371	416	—
Shipments for sale.....do.....	232	277	411	392	274	189	196	171	171	217	218	244	—
Closures (for glass containers), production.....millions..	363	399	536	484	358	272	298	237	239	312	304	349	—
Crowns, production.....thousand gross..	1,627	1,377	1,706	1,570	1,492	1,407	1,224	—	—	—	—	—	—
Steel products, net shipments:	32,199	25,507	24,952	23,609	20,486	15,419	15,550	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total (all grades).....thous. of short tons..													
Semifinished products.....do.....	5,921	4,711	5,072	4,983	4,944	4,516	4,116	4,638	4,251	5,047	5,133	6,048	6,134
Structural shapes (heavy), steel piling.....do.....	188	174	184	180	176	183	179	166	171	195	171	217	221
Plates.....do.....	447	321	348	324	397	367	320	308	321	384	377	437	440
Rails and accessories.....do.....	484	354	370	373	405	388	378	378	395	478	458	488	489
—.....do.....	133	91	76	51	50	58	46	64	58	83	83	84	94

† Revised. ‡ Preliminary.
 § Revised (beginning in the February 1960 SURVEY) to include certain metal manufactures classified by the industry as steel mill products but formerly omitted from the total shown here; see note marked "§". ¶ Includes data not shown separately.

* New series (from Bureau of the Census). Data beginning January 1959 revised (in the April 1960 SURVEY) to include exports of secondary tinplate. Revisions for 1958 for total and steel mill products exports and imports are shown in the March 1960 SURVEY (bottom p. S-32). © Revisions for 1958-59 are available upon request.

† Scattered revisions for 1957-59 are available upon request.
 § Represents the weighted average of consumers' buying prices (including brokerage), delivered, at following markets: Pittsburgh district, Chicago, Philadelphia, Birmingham, and San Francisco. ¶ Excludes shipments of food cans of the pressure-packing type; such types are included in total shipments.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	1960							1961						
	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	May	June	July
METALS AND MANUFACTURES—Continued														
HEATING EQUIPMENT, EXCEPT ELECTRIC														
Radiators and convectors, cast iron:														
Shipments.....mil. of sq. ft. of radiation.....	1.5	1.3	1.8	2.1	1.9	1.5	1.0	1.0	1.2	1.0	.9	.9	1.1	
Stocks, end of month.....do.....	5.0	4.3	3.8	3.4	2.8	2.7	2.8	2.9	2.9	3.3	3.7	4.6	4.3	
Oil burners:Δ														
Shipments.....thousands.....	46.9	34.9	46.6	64.6	64.6	46.3	29.2	42.0	37.7	33.8	38.1	38.1	44.1	
Stocks, end of month.....do.....	65.8	66.4	58.2	40.4	45.1	41.6	44.2	44.1	44.1	48.9	51.5	53.7	55.4	
Stoves and ranges, domestic cooking, incl. built-ins:Δ														
Shipments, total.....thousands.....	174.4													
Coal and wood.....do.....	3.4	3.3	3.6	4.4	4.7	4.2	2.5	2.2	2.6	3.5	2.9	2.7	2.9	
Gas (incl. bungalow and combination)Δ	166.8	105.9	162.8	178.7	169.3	144.5	117.9	114.8	124.8	150.8	136.0	161.5	167.2	
Kerosene, gasoline, and fuel oil.....do.....	4.2													
Stoves, domestic heating, shipments, totalΔ†.....do.....	186.7	208.6	253.6	246.7	262.1	172.3	85.6	68.3	70.9	106.3	87.8	107.7	149.1	
Coal and wood.....do.....	24.4	25.0	36.7	44.6	45.1	27.7	10.1	8.0	8.6	11.9	15.9	20.4	22.5	
Gas.....do.....	116.0	142.9	167.4	150.5	171.6	113.1	47.3	41.2	39.3	74.2	45.7	64.4	95.3	
Kerosene, gasoline, and fuel oil.....do.....	46.3	40.7	49.5	51.6	45.4	31.4	28.2	19.2	23.0	20.2	26.2	22.8	31.4	
Warm-air furnaces (forced-air and gravity air-flow), shipments, totalΔ†.....thousands.....	107.4	99.2	132.0	147.5	130.7	99.9	73.3	76.6	78.8	80.7	81.1	90.6	107.2	
Gas.....do.....	86.6	78.1	101.9	109.4	104.2	76.8	59.2	61.6	63.1	63.8	65.7	72.1	86.6	
Oil.....do.....	18.9	18.7	26.5	33.7	31.5	20.8	13.0	14.1	14.4	15.7	14.4	17.3	18.9	
Solid fuel.....do.....	1.9	2.4	3.6	4.4	4.0	2.3	1.1	.9	1.3	1.1	1.0	1.3	1.6	
Water heaters, gas, shipments.....do.....	237.9	240.7	262.1	212.5	179.5	161.3	174.0	213.9	199.1	241.2	252.3	210.7	173.7	
MACHINERY AND APPARATUS														
Blowers, fans, and unit heaters, quarterly totals:														
Blowers and fans, new ordersΔ.....mil. of dol.....	44.7			36.0			34.9			38.6				
Unit-heater group, new orders.....do.....	20.3			21.7			23.4			14.0				
Foundry equipment (new), new orders, net.....do.....	164.8	80.0	92.4	158.1	81.7	106.5	101.2	123.7	81.8	99.1	115.2	101.5		
monthly average shipments, 1947-49=100.....do.....														
Furnaces, industrial, new orders, net:														
Electric processing.....mil. of dol.....	1.1	1.5	1.1	1.2	1.2	.8	1.2	.8	.9	1.0	.7	1.4	1.2	
Fuel-fired (except for hot rolling steel).....do.....	1.0	1.2	4.4	1.7	3.5	2.1	.4	4.5	1.9	2.6	.3	6.1	3.5	
Industrial trucks (electric), shipments:														
Hand (motorized).....number.....	507	499	347	465	394	374	342	375	386	394	393	385	427	
Rider-type.....do.....	523	502	370	508	506	463	449	343	373	499	426	372	376	
Industrial trucks and tractors (gasoline-powered), shipments.....number.....	2,087	1,523	1,624	1,867	1,569	1,655	1,628	1,318	1,595	1,914	1,892	1,952	1,844	
Machine tools (metal-cutting and metal-forming):														
New orders (net), total.....mil. of dol.....	55.10	42.95	56.85	52.30	56.20	49.95	50.00	56.10	46.40	70.05	47.65	49.60	60.60	
Domestic.....do.....	35.75	28.35	42.60	31.85	42.65	34.45	35.60	37.65	33.25	51.45	36.00	37.65	36.95	
Shipments, total.....do.....	63.10	51.30	47.90	58.95	51.35	48.55	61.35	45.50	45.65	54.85	53.70	57.90	64.30	
Domestic.....do.....	51.00	41.40	37.70	40.25	35.40	32.30	40.95	31.40	31.40	38.95	39.65	43.95	42.40	
Estimated backlog (metal-cutting only).....months.....	4.0	3.9	4.1	4.3	4.3	4.4	4.3	4.3	4.5	4.9	4.9	4.8	4.7	
Other machinery and equipment, quarterly shipments:														
Construction machinery (selected types), total‡.....mil. of dol.....	314.1			230.6			175.2			220.9				
Tractors, tracklaying, total.....do.....	79.9			59.7			48.1			57.9	128.6	122.2		
Tractors, wheel (contractors' off-highway).....do.....	23.8			15.6			9.3			16.1				
Tractor shovel loaders, integral units only (wheel and tracklaying types).....mil. of dol.....	66.2			58.8			44.4			54.1				
Farm machines and equipment (selected types), excluding tractors.....mil. of dol.....	234.4			167.1			107.0			223.0				
Tractors, wheel (excl. garden and contractors' off-highway types).....mil. of dol.....	74.3			52.0			97.3			151.6	153.5	143.2		
ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT														
Batteries (automotive replacement only), shipments thousands.....	2,072	2,131	2,550	2,708	2,834	2,634	2,822	2,761	2,321	1,491	1,334	1,694	2,036	
Household electrical appliances:														
Ranges (incl. built-ins), domestic and export sales.....thousands.....	127.2	102.9	123.4	144.0	129.1	119.4	114.4	109.4	128.1	148.2	128.4	131.6	145.0	
Refrigerators and home freezers, output*.....1957=100.....	122.3	96.8	64.8	89.5	91.5	87.9	106.5	99.2	124.3	116.2	123.5	121.1	132.0	
Vacuum cleaners (standard type), sales billed.....thousands.....	245.8	223.0	280.6	301.9	290.1	280.6	254.6	242.5	257.9	350.0	265.0	240.9	242.0	
Washers, sales billed (domestic and export)Δ.....do.....	277.0	217.7	296.5	352.7	305.8	275.3	223.5	228.9	227.6	305.6	209.7	247.9	304.3	
Radio sets, production\$.....do.....	21,551.5	890.4	1,048.4	21,945.1	1,727.6	1,468.8	21,521.7	1,090.1	1,115.0	21,384.1	1,124.9	1,196.9	21,626.3	985.1
Television sets (incl. combination), prod.\$.....do.....	2,518.9	268.9	462.3	2,678.9	500.0	429.8	2,405.5	367.9	444.4	2,497.5	405.8	470.4	2,615.1	376.4
Electron tubes and semiconductors, factory sales.....mil. of dol.....	88.0	72.9	87.6	91.0	85.0	79.9	77.2	72.0	73.4	92.5	78.0	75.8		
Insulating materials and related products:														
Insulating materials, sales billed, index.....1947-49=100.....	152	101	131	142	124	123	130	118	118	142	125	129		
Steel conduit (rigid), shipments.....thous. of ft.....	27,717	24,562	26,815	28,410	28,707	23,620	18,274	22,597	21,091	28,487	30,299	32,264	44,439	
Motors and generators, quarterly:														
New orders, index.....1947-49=100.....	176			158			134			152				
Polyphase induction motors, 1-200 hp:														
New orders, gross.....thous. of dol.....	44,981			39,958			35,070			36,913			38,550	
Billings.....do.....	44,700			40,489			35,935			35,406				
Direct current motors and generators, 1-200 hp:														
New orders, gross.....thous. of dol.....	6,768			6,648			5,966			7,034			7,222	
Billings.....do.....	7,655			5,956			5,669			6,140				

* Revised. ‡ Preliminary. † Data are for month shown. ‡ Represents 5-weeks' production. † Effective with August 1960, February 1961, and March 1961, data are included for one additional company. ‡ Excludes data for gas-fired unit heaters and duct furnaces; comparable data for 4th quarter 1960, \$15,900,000.

Δ Beginning January 1959, industry estimates are based on revised inflating factors and are not strictly comparable with earlier data. ‡ Includes data for built-in gas-fired oven-broiler units: shipments of cooking tops, not included in figures above totaled 27,700 and 32,300 units (4-burner equivalent) in April and May 1961, respectively.

† Revisions for gas heating stoves (January 1958-May 1959) and warm-air furnaces (January 1957-May 1959) are available upon request.

‡ Data beginning 1st quarter 1960 for construction machinery are not strictly comparable with data for earlier periods. See corresponding note in March 1961 SURVEY.

* New series (from Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System); monthly data for 1947-1958 are available upon request. ‡ Includes data not shown separately.

Δ Data exclude sales of combination washer-dryer machines; such sales (including exports) totaled 10,300 units in June 1961.

\$ Radio production comprises home, portable battery, automobile, and clock models; television sets include combination models. Data for June, September and December 1960 and March and June 1961 cover 5 weeks; all other months, 4 weeks. ‡ Revisions for 1958 are in the April 1960 SURVEY.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS

	1960							1961						
	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	May	June	July
PETROLEUM, COAL, AND PRODUCTS—Continued														
PETROLEUM AND PRODUCTS—Continued														
Refined petroleum products—Continued ^o														
Aviation gasoline:														
Production.....thous. of bbl.	9,018	9,374	10,017	9,666	9,453	8,994	9,606	9,908	8,582	9,512	9,390	10,083		
Exports.....do.	953	888	977	915	914	564	506	833	302	345	961	390		
Stocks, end of month.....do.	13,943	12,826	12,608	12,105	12,714	13,585	13,938	13,058	13,047	12,800	11,798	12,260		
Kerosene:														
Production.....do.	9,759	11,164	11,397	10,776	11,993	12,401	13,376	13,857	12,640	12,679	10,555	9,921		
Stocks, end of month.....do.	27,354	30,499	33,379	35,408	36,977	36,722	31,445	27,365	24,471	25,666	27,348	28,384		
Price, wholesale, bulk lots (N.Y. Harbor).....dol. per gal.	.102	.102	.102	.102	.105	.101	.101	.109	.117	.115	.110	.105		
Distillate fuel oil:														
Production.....thous. of bbl.	53,338	56,773	58,081	54,928	56,262	54,877	59,209	64,433	63,248	55,967	49,861	52,868		
Imports.....do.	1,148	796	773	1,005	897	621	1,097	2,096	1,054	1,355	891	743		
Exports.....do.	1,163	916	751	484	580	556	641	708	329	455	563	822		
Stocks, end of month.....do.	109,174	131,044	152,158	168,235	180,071	173,913	138,455	108,097	97,298	87,950	85,003	93,636		
Price, wholesale (N.Y. Harbor, No. 2 fuel).....dol. per gal.	.092	.092	.092	.092	.095	.091	.091	.099	.107	.105	.100	.095		
Residual fuel oil:														
Production.....thous. of bbl.	25,297	26,265	26,125	25,779	25,755	27,116	30,873	29,894	27,758	27,383	24,990	26,551		
Imports.....do.	17,098	13,955	14,966	15,523	15,976	21,885	22,780	27,866	25,691	22,757	22,944	16,647		
Exports.....do.	1,967	875	1,888	1,357	1,283	1,304	1,515	1,176	1,014	1,322	1,253	1,630		
Stocks, end of month.....do.	41,074	43,848	47,177	50,136	50,003	49,525	44,870	42,934	42,635	40,889	41,848	44,137		
Price, wholesale (Okla., No. 6 fuel).....dol. per bbl.	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.65	1.60		
Jet fuel:														
Production.....thous. of bbl.	7,894	7,528	7,796	6,961	6,898	7,291	7,260	6,709	6,674	8,878	7,973	8,301		
Stocks, end of month.....do.	6,753	6,892	7,343	6,431	6,034	6,020	6,456	5,991	6,417	7,131	7,783	7,621		
Lubricants:														
Production.....do.	4,921	5,232	4,689	4,944	4,907	5,094	5,061	4,716	4,723	5,025	5,065	5,276		
Exports.....do.	1,559	1,478	1,088	1,258	1,386	1,353	1,389	1,045	1,508	1,587	1,374	1,545		
Stocks, end of month.....do.	9,068	9,032	8,942	9,149	9,194	9,463	9,874	12,376	12,791	12,695	13,388	13,072		
Price, wholesale, bright stock (midcontinent, f.o.b. Tulsa).....dol. per gal.	.260	.260	.260	.260	.260	.260	.260	.260	.260	.260	.260	.260		
Asphalt:														
Production.....thous. of bbl.	11,042	11,776	12,114	11,147	9,741	6,814	5,191	4,979	4,529	5,925	7,691	9,395		
Stocks, end of month.....do.	15,760	14,259	11,284	9,110	8,141	8,593	10,142	15,200	17,647	19,189	21,638	21,269		
Liquefied petroleum gases:														
Production.....do.	6,604	6,747	6,716	6,229	5,997	6,128	6,732	6,947	6,413	6,864	6,617	7,140		
Transfers from gasoline plants.....do.	8,409	8,701	11,601	9,345	12,129	14,953	18,974	18,977	14,481	11,186	11,240	10,181		
Stocks (at plants, terminals, underground, and at refineries), end of month.....thous. of bbl.	24,836	28,633	29,683	32,036	32,578	30,558	25,536	20,744	20,020	24,299	28,304	33,421		
Asphalt and tar products, shipments:														
Asphalt roofing, total.....thous. of squares	6,056	6,077	6,817	6,829	6,021	4,592	4,351	2,000	1,665	3,834	4,709	6,517	7,132	
Roll roofing and cap sheet.....do.	2,006	2,079	2,567	2,677	2,299	1,688	1,656	775	655	1,446	1,667	2,139	2,293	
Shingles, all types.....do.	4,050	3,998	4,251	4,151	3,722	2,903	2,695	1,224	1,010	2,388	3,042	4,378	4,839	
Asphalt siding.....do.	72	78	84	96	101	84	74	45	35	65	62	75	75	
Insulated siding.....do.	132	112	142	125	117	82	51	44	45	73	78	98	108	
Asphalt board products.....thous. of sq. ft.	2,080	1,739	1,690	1,947	1,828	727	695							
Saturated felts.....short tons	88,881	91,925	99,144	93,986	86,823	78,706	94,572	52,990	35,189	60,101	69,043	89,415	106,598	

PULP, PAPER, AND PRINTING

PULPWOOD AND WASTE PAPER														
Pulpwood:														
Receipts.....thous. of cords (128 cu. ft.)	3,183	3,442	3,282	3,791	3,624	3,738	3,249	3,032	3,449	3,400	3,516	3,170	3,357	3,465
Consumption.....do.	3,469	3,445	3,124	3,545	3,311	3,588	3,358	2,968	3,400	3,222	3,599	3,510	3,664	3,560
Stocks, end of month.....do.	4,954	5,063	5,185	5,449	5,795	5,967	5,891	5,948	6,471	6,212	6,169	5,983	5,424	5,317
Waste paper:														
Consumption.....thous. of short tons	770.4	781.8	651.2	783.1	759.4	770.1	718.9	751.8	711.7	677.2	762.2	727.9	778.5	778.2
Stocks, end of month.....do.	540.0	538.8	543.8	541.7	537.7	544.0	547.9	561.3	519.2	514.8	519.2	516.6	536.3	515.6
WOOD PULP														
Production:														
Total, all grades.....thous. of short tons	2,165.5	2,157.0	1,915.1	2,196.1	2,053.7	2,228.2	2,073.6	1,848.3	2,107.6	1,957.0	2,245.0	2,177.4	2,298.2	2,265.5
Dissolving and special alpha.....do.	108.0	96.3	76.0	102.7	81.5	97.5	90.9	83.2	98.9	91.4	106.6	96.7	113.7	99.5
Sulfate.....do.	1,267.9	1,266.2	1,119.9	1,276.7	1,182.8	1,298.2	1,194.3	1,089.5	1,218.5	1,151.4	1,310.9	1,277.6	1,335.5	1,325.5
Sulfite.....do.	213.4	211.5	191.4	208.1	206.5	226.7	229.6	187.3	222.1	199.7	221.1	224.8	220.8	221.7
Groundwood.....do.	262.2	276.3	245.4	274.9	261.1	283.9	265.5	261.0	267.7	242.7	274.7	256.2	280.8	266.0
Defibrated or exploded.....do.	103.8	101.0	92.7	108.6	110.0	113.5	100.0	89.8	96.1	75.1	104.2	104.0	117.3	118.9
Soda, semichem., screenings, damaged, etc. do.	210.3	205.7	189.8	225.1	211.7	208.4	193.3	187.4	204.3	196.7	227.5	218.1	230.1	233.7
Stocks, end of month:														
Total, all mills.....do.	912.5	922.5	898.9	927.3	910.7	937.6	957.0	896.8	882.0	889.0	914.0	898.4	915.1	932.4
Pulp mills.....do.	305.2	301.8	300.4	312.1	301.3	322.6	341.8	294.2	317.1	312.3	324.6	338.6	349.3	356.4
Paper and board mills.....do.	526.3	535.6	522.3	543.3	538.2	545.9	545.8	533.9	499.1	507.1	523.6	497.4	504.7	515.2
Nonpaper mills.....do.	81.1	85.0	76.2	71.9	71.2	69.1	69.5	68.7	65.8	69.6	65.9	62.4	61.1	60.8
Exports, all grades, total.....do.	102.0	111.6	102.7	99.5	107.1	90.2	97.6	95.3	88.3	109.5	109.2	99.6	107.0	
Dissolving and special alpha.....do.	38.8	35.0	33.9	32.0	36.3	30.7	33.2	34.1	23.5	31.8	43.3	36.0	43.4	
All other.....do.	63.2	76.6	68.8	67.4	70.8	59.5	64.4	61.2	64.8	77.7	65.9	63.6	63.6	
Imports, all grades, total.....do.	193.2	211.0	177.4	230.1	198.5	198.1	228.6	175.3	185.2	195.4	207.5	168.0	208.6	
Dissolving and special alpha.....do.	18.2	15.9	12.0	15.4	13.9	14.4	19.0	9.3	11.7	13.9	11.5	11.7	17.6	
All other.....do.	175.0	195.1	165.4	214.7	184.7	183.7	209.6	166.0	173.5	181.5	196.0	156.3	191.0	
PAPER AND PAPER PRODUCTS														
All paper and board mills, production:														
Paper and board, total.....thous. of short tons	2,946	2,936	2,567	2,959	2,820	2,988	2,794	2,521	2,793	2,639	3,004	2,940	3,070	3,073
Paper.....do.	1,330	1,291	1,127	1,283	1,216	1,340	1,254	1,165	1,295	1,219	1,354	1,306	1,340	1,324
Paperboard.....do.	1,332	1,354	1,174	1,368	1,305	1,345	1,278	1,123	1,257	1,214	1,386	1,360	1,427	1,436
Wet-machine board.....do.	14	14	10	12	12	13	12	11	10	10	12	11	11	12
Construction paper and board.....do.	271	277	256	291	287	290	250	222	230	196	253	264	291	301

^o Revised. ^p Preliminary. ¹ Prices beginning 1961 not strictly comparable with earlier data. January 1961 prices comparable with December 1960; Kerosene, .115; fuel oil, .105.

² See similar note, p. S-35.

³ Revisions for 1958 will be shown later as follows: Aviation gasoline exports, distillate fuel oil imports, residual fuel oil imports, transfers from gasoline plants (January–September); distillate fuel oil exports (January–May and September); residual fuel oil exports (May and June); lubricants exports (January–August).

⁴ See last sentence of note “^o” for p. S-35.

⁵ Revisions for 1958 and 1959 will be shown later.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	1960							1961						
	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	May	June	July
STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS														
PORTLAND CEMENT														
Production, finished cement.....thous. of bbl.	31,930	31,982	33,270	31,181	31,533	28,469	20,565	16,744	15,038	21,851	26,463	31,102	31,594	
Percent of capacity.....	91	88	92	89	87	75	56	46	45	59	74	84	88	
Shipments, finished cement.....thous. of bbl.	34,363	32,964	36,623	33,862	33,239	25,232	15,116	14,302	14,447	22,148	24,752	31,313	34,040	
Stocks, end of month:														
Finished.....do.	37,667	36,611	33,244	30,505	28,841	30,095	35,525	37,939	38,553	38,237	39,948	39,789	37,353	
Clinker.....do.	30,522	27,532	23,444	20,232	17,318	16,838	20,954	25,952	29,763	32,250	32,380	30,999	28,960	
CLAY CONSTRUCTION PRODUCTS														
Shipments:														
Brick, unglazed (common and face).....mill. of standard brick	686.0	624.8	666.8	610.0	595.9	536.7	342.4	341.6	322.8	483.2	535.6	605.3	637.9	
Structural tile, except facing.....thous. of short tons	46.9	44.4	44.7	39.4	40.7	40.3	32.5	32.0	27.1	37.4	40.6	40.7	38.2	
Sewer pipe and fittings, vitrified.....do.	190.8	179.8	198.6	186.3	167.9	143.3	108.1	114.6	90.2	128.0	147.6	165.9	178.7	
Facing tile (hollow), glazed and unglazed.....mill. brick equivalent	37.9	35.9	39.9	37.5	38.0	37.3	31.9	30.8	28.3	34.8	33.3	39.0	39.3	
Floor and wall tile and accessories, glazed and unglazed.....mill. of sq. ft.	22.2	19.4	21.3	19.9	18.9	17.7	16.6	15.2	15.0	19.1	18.0	20.0	21.0	
Price index, brick (common), f.o.b. plant or N.Y. dock 1947-49=100..	141.3	141.3	141.6	141.7	141.7	141.7	141.7	141.4	141.4	141.4	141.2	141.2		
GLASS AND GLASS PRODUCTS														
Flat glass, mfrs.' shipments (qtrly. total) ^athous. of dol.	63,493			67,055			75,964			59,908				
Sheet (window) glass, shipments.....do.	22,801			26,912			31,076			22,333				
Plate and other flat glass, shipments ^cdo.	40,692			40,143			44,888			37,575				
Glass containers: [†]														
Production.....thous. of gross	14,845	14,224	15,710	12,938	13,983	11,451	11,156	12,287	12,520	15,171	13,538	14,127	15,243	
Shipments, domestic, total.....do.	14,203	12,665	16,166	14,052	12,876	11,576	11,307	11,472	11,178	17,472	10,951	13,547	15,684	
General-use food:														
Narrow-neck food.....do.	1,355	1,340	2,243	2,747	1,461	1,043	998	1,126	1,112	2,161	1,128	1,186	1,402	
Wide-mouth food (incl. packers' tumblers, jelly glasses, and fruit jars).....thous. of gross	3,900	3,619	4,648	4,322	3,963	3,466	3,219	3,444	3,247	4,809	2,687	3,423	4,051	
Beverage.....do.	1,641	1,172	848	610	570	724	965	609	596	1,068	950	1,310	1,756	
Beer bottles.....do.	1,968	1,800	2,299	960	861	1,012	1,273	1,163	1,086	2,338	1,586	2,309	3,189	
Liquor and wine.....do.	1,301	999	1,273	1,310	1,579	1,367	1,128	1,089	1,200	1,422	1,151	1,243	1,360	
Medicinal and toilet.....do.	2,779	2,594	3,406	2,794	3,156	2,815	2,631	2,867	2,801	4,039	2,385	2,994	2,761	
Chemical, household and industrial.....do.	1,128	1,011	1,248	1,069	1,139	996	915	1,026	995	1,434	972	985	1,047	
Dairy products.....do.	131	130	201	210	147	153	178	148	141	201	92	97	118	
Stocks, end of month.....do.	20,748	22,134	21,570	19,970	20,932	20,686	20,250	20,613	21,830	19,410	21,777	22,273	21,657	
GYPSUM AND PRODUCTS														
Crude gypsum, quarterly total:														
Imports.....thous. of short tons	1,147			1,492			1,509			850				
Production.....do.	2,626			2,706			2,358			2,903				
Calcined, production, quarterly total.....do.	2,279			2,293			1,957			1,727				
Gypsum products sold or used, quarterly total:														
Uncalcined uses.....thous. of short tons	1,059			971			887			743				
Industrial uses.....do.	70			68			71			65				
Building uses:														
Plasters:														
Base-coat.....do.	317			328			273			203				
All other (incl. Keene's cement).....do.	316			345			275			222				
Lath.....mill. of sq. ft.	514.7			531.3			468.0			360.0				
Wallboard.....do.	1,530.1			1,561.6			1,452.5			1,205.0				
All other [§]do.	72.9			66.0			51.3			43.4				

TEXTILE PRODUCTS

APPAREL														
Hosiery, shipments.....thous. of dozen pairs	13,743	11,167	13,862	13,321	13,511	13,874	11,640	12,360	13,016	14,734	11,779	12,727	14,332	
Men's apparel, cuttings: [†] Δ														
Tailored garments:														
Suits.....thous. of units	1,885	1,032	1,780	1,715	1,684	1,784	1,650	1,484	1,460	1,795	1,580	1,620	1,550	
Overcoats and topcoats.....do.	1,460	336	548	1,425	332	224	1,170	140	172	1,225	344	504	1,545	
Coats (separate), dress and sport.....do.	1,055	576	944	1,775	872	920	1,840	796	708	1,950	940	1,040	1,965	
Trousers (separate), dress and sport.....do.	18,935	6,812	8,520	18,105	5,780	5,780	15,875	6,296	6,616	17,780	7,312	8,096	18,135	
Shirts (woven fabrics), dress and sport.....thous. of doz.	12,270	1,424	2,072	12,095	1,980	1,972	11,880	1,828	1,840	11,970	1,592	1,768	11,975	
Work clothing:														
Dungarees and waistband overalls.....do.	1,265	196	280	1,280	232	204	1,220	264	264	1,280	264	308	1,280	
Shirts.....do.	1,355	248	352	1,310	316	292	1,260	252	296	1,350	304	296	1,285	
Women's, misses', juniors' outerwear, cuttings:Δ														
Coats.....thous. of units	1,832	2,127	2,693	2,087	2,276	2,150	1,315	1,700	2,185	2,137	696	1,077	1,986	
Dresses.....do.	20,371	15,861	21,600	17,824	19,614	20,022	15,783	18,413	22,124	28,968	26,512	24,792	21,867	
Suits.....do.	709	800	870	521	610	627	700	1,290	1,016	1,068	499	397	843	
Waists, blouses, and shirts.....thous. of doz.	1,402	1,223	1,383	1,310	1,277	1,236	985	1,239	1,401	1,669	1,565	1,368	1,388	
Skirts.....do.	877	934	996	844	907	794	466	576	681	889	753	760	855	

^a Revised. [†] Data cover a 5-week period. ^c Revisions for 1957-2d quarter 1959 will be shown later.

[†] Revisions for January-March 1960 for clay construction products and for January 1959-February 1960 for glass containers will be shown later; those for 1958 for glass containers appear in the May 1960 SURVEY.

[§] Comprises sheathing, formboard, and laminated board.

[†] Data for June, September, and December 1960 and March and June 1961 cover 5-week periods and for other months, 4 weeks.

Δ Revisions for January 1957-November 1959 are available upon request.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS

	1960							1961						
	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	May	June	July
TEXTILE PRODUCTS—Continued														
COTTON														
Cotton (exclusive of linters):														
Production:														
Ginnings ¹thous. of running bales.....		140	823	3,680	8,424	12,594	13,340	14,075		14,265				228
Crop estimate, equivalent 500-lb. bales.....														
Consumption ²thous. of bales.....	4,860	562	685	4,801	667	644	4,726	637		14,272	647	668	4,824	13,918
Stocks in the United States, end of month, total ³	8,683	7,561	20,979	20,012	18,911	17,552	15,848	14,238	12,760	11,022	9,801	8,794	7,801	
Domestic cotton, total.....	8,642	7,524	20,875	19,912	18,818	17,463	15,768	14,165	12,695	10,965	9,749	8,744	7,757	
On farms and in transit.....	407	215	13,880	11,249	7,847	4,108	2,326	1,401	1,065	776	456	349	296	
Public storage and compresses.....	6,661	5,919	5,860	7,689	9,957	12,112	11,967	11,107	9,823	8,244	7,258	6,354	5,436	
Consuming establishments.....	1,574	1,390	1,135	974	1,014	1,243	1,475	1,657	1,807	1,945	2,034	2,041	1,941	
Foreign cotton, total.....	41	37	104	100	93	89	80	73	65	57	52	50	44	
Exports ⁴	501	675	113	193	439	721	982	979	845	842	584	387		
Imports ⁵	2	1	90	22	1	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	3	3	6		
Prices (farm), American upland.....cents per lb.....	29.6	31.4	32.4	32.2	31.5	30.1	28.7	27.6	26.9	28.4	29.4	29.6	30.9	31.4
Prices, wholesale, middling 1 ¹ / ₂ , average 14 markets.....cents per lb.....	32.2	32.0	30.8	30.5	30.2	30.2	30.2	30.1	30.4	31.1	31.4	31.8	32.2	32.6
Cotton linters:														
Consumption ²thous. of bales.....	4129	79	88	4112	101	93	4108	90	95	4113	104	104	4126	
Production ¹	52	41	44	129	226	221	186	198	153	138	114	84	50	
Stocks, end of month ³	503	465	405	386	449	530	591	652	670	681	662	594	506	
COTTON MANUFACTURES														
Spindle activity (cotton system spindles): ¹														
Active spindles, last working day, total.....thous.....	19,305	19,222	19,266	19,259	19,241	19,151	19,085	19,022	19,063	19,058	19,008	19,000	18,966	
Consuming 100 percent cotton.....	17,579	17,521	17,561	17,632	17,618	17,507	17,471	17,450	17,451	17,430	17,360	17,346	17,297	
Spindle hours operated, all fibers, total.....millions.....	11,767	7,861	9,418	11,244	9,204	8,923	10,253	8,760	8,940	11,196	9,096	9,312	11,250	
Average per working day.....	471	393	471	450	460	446	410	438	447	448	455	466	450	
Consuming 100 percent cotton.....	10,751	7,153	8,605	10,328	8,464	8,178	9,426	8,051	8,190	10,253	8,330	8,514	10,263	
Cotton yarn, natural stock, on cones or tubes:														
Prices, wholesale, f.o.b. mill:														
20/2, carded, weaving.....dol. per lb.....	.661	.661	.651	.651	.646	.646	.642	.642	.629	.634	.641	.641		
36/2, combed, knitting.....	.938	.941	.936	.936	.926	.926	.924	.916	.909	.911	.911	.913		
Cotton cloth:														
Cotton broadwoven goods over 12 inches in width, production, quarterly ¹mil. of linear yd.....	2,422			2,193			2,236			2,245				
Exports ⁴thous. of sq. yd.....	33,620	41,045	24,085	28,857	36,179	34,502	40,819	42,327	41,651	43,913	38,473	34,435		
Imports ⁵	50,720	38,348	37,632	38,823	26,610	25,896	35,294	26,326	20,618	20,868	16,477	20,764		
Prices, wholesale:														
Mill margins.....cents per lb.....	32.85	32.60	32.92	32.04	30.51	29.78	28.13	27.50	26.71	25.56	25.26	24.96	24.74	24.67
Denim, white back, 10 oz./sq. yd.....cents per yd.....	38.3	38.3	38.3	38.3	38.3	38.3	38.3	38.3	38.3	38.3	38.3	38.3		
Print cloth, 39-inch, 68 x 72.....	18.0	18.0	17.5	16.5	15.8	15.3	15.1	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0		
Sheeting, class B, 40-inch, 48 x 44-48.....	17.5	17.5	17.4	17.0	16.5	16.6	16.5	16.5	16.3	16.0	15.9	15.9		
MANMADE FIBERS AND MANUFACTURES														
Fiber production, quarterly total ¹mil. of lb.....	481.3			447.6			419.8			444.8				
Filament yarn (rayon and acetate).....	172.2			157.4			146.1			148.2	548.3	553.9	552.4	
Staple, incl. tow (rayon).....	79.7			76.5			77.9			90.0	529.6	530.4	532.5	
Noncellulosic (nylon, acrylic, protein, etc.).....	181.6			168.7			157.9			169.7				
Exports: Yarns and monofilaments.....thous. of lb.....	7,013	8,513	9,091	6,412	6,994	6,539	6,243	8,178	5,901	6,461	8,046	6,444		
Staple, tow, and tops.....	3,716	4,391	3,042	3,591	3,710	3,557	3,766	3,029	3,929	4,036	3,370	3,261		
Imports: Yarns and monofilaments.....	492	314	477	314	345	290	236	276	344	490	527	504		
Staple, tow, and tops.....	4,348	3,532	4,161	3,583	4,171	3,335	4,326	3,323	3,076	2,872	2,277	1,870		
Stocks, producers', end of month:														
Filament yarn (rayon and acetate).....mil. of lb.....	58.5	62.8	65.3	68.3	68.3	68.9	65.2	63.6	59.8	57.8	58.4	59.9	60.8	
Staple, incl. tow (rayon).....	59.7	65.2	61.0	59.1	55.1	51.1	53.9	57.4	58.4	61.3	61.3	57.0	56.3	
Prices, rayon (viscose):														
Yarn, filament, 150 denier.....dol. per lb.....	.82	.82	.82	.82	.82	.82	.82	.82	.82	.82	.82	.82		
Staple, 1.5 denier.....	.28	.28	.28	.28	.28	.28	.28	.28	.28	.27	.27	.26		
Manmade-fiber broadwoven fabrics:														
Production, quarterly total ¹thous. of linear yd.....	608,629			563,969			585,723			577,928				
Rayon and acetate (excl. tire fabric).....	367,260			334,925			340,911			344,048				
Nylon and chiefly nylon mixtures.....	90,895			81,096			75,565			65,972				
Exports, piece goods.....thous. of sq. yd.....	12,592	11,151	11,301	11,409	14,082	13,628	12,464	10,907	11,331	13,410	11,334	11,188		
SILK														
Imports, raw ¹thous. of lb.....	608	594	938	661	544	544	423	509	342	522	449	566		
Price, raw, A A, 20-22 denier.....dol. per lb.....	4.52	4.59	4.79	4.92	4.86	4.75	4.78	5.14	5.03	5.12	5.09	5.20		
Production, fabric, qtrly. total ¹thous. of linear yd.....	6,819			6,739			6,679			5,781				
WOOL														
Wool consumption, mill (clean basis): ¹														
Apparel class.....thous. of lb.....	426,403	18,533	20,444	422,649	17,629	15,876	417,398	16,865	17,910	422,598	20,144	22,799	427,206	
Carpet class.....	411,635	9,024	14,504	415,337	12,225	11,736	413,986	12,090	11,457	411,954	10,198	10,641	412,205	
Wool imports, clean content ¹	24,125	18,954	19,205	17,921	17,632	15,182	14,973	21,547	18,975	24,430	22,706	20,851		
Apparel class, clean content ¹	9,885	7,597	7,800	7,239	6,715	6,225	7,696	9,516	7,305	11,904	12,078	10,238		

¹ Revised. ² Preliminary. ³ Ginnings to December 13. ⁴ Ginnings to January 15. ⁵ Total ginnings of 1960 crop. ⁶ Data cover a 5-week period. ⁷ Less than 500 bales. ⁸ Data are for month shown. ⁹ August 1 estimate of 1961 crop.

¹⁰ Total ginnings to end of month indicated, except as noted.

¹¹ Data for June, September, and December 1960 and March and June 1961 cover 5-week periods and for other months, 4 weeks; cotton stocks and number of active spindles are for end of period covered.

¹² Includes data not shown separately.

¹³ Scattered revisions for 1957-60 are available upon request.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	1960							1961						
	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	May	June	July
TEXTILE PRODUCTS—Continued														
WOOL AND MANUFACTURES														
Wool prices, raw, clean basis, Boston:														
Good French combing and staple:														
Graded territory, fine.....dol. per lb.	1.155	1.125	1.125	1.125	1.125	1.125	1.125	1.125	1.125	1.125	1.150	1.210	1.200	1.201
Graded fleece, 3/8 blood.....do.	1.088	1.070	1.065	1.065	1.036	1.025	1.025	1.025	1.025	1.025	1.092	1.020	1.022	1.010
Australian, 64s, 70s, good topmaking, in bond.....do.	1.225	1.225	1.175	1.175	1.075	1.075	1.075	1.075	1.075	1.075	1.100	1.125	1.125	1.125
Knitting yarn, worsted, 2/20s-50s/56s, Bradford system, wholesale price.....1947-49=100.	102.2	102.2	101.0	98.5	98.5	97.2	97.2	96.0	94.7	93.5	94.7	99.7		
Woolen and worsted woven goods, except woven felts:														
Production, quarterly total.....thous. of lin. yd.	80,719			68,507			60,058			63,816				
Apparel fabrics, total.....do.	79,303			66,974			58,555			62,686				
Other than Government orders, total.....do.	78,453			66,579			57,046			61,338				
Men's and boys'.....do.	32,288			24,838			22,298			25,132				
Women's and children's.....do.	46,165			41,741			34,748			36,206				
Prices, wholesale, suiting, f.o.b. mill:														
Flannel, men's and boy's.....1947-49=100.	108.1	106.3	106.3	106.3	106.3	106.3	106.3	104.0	104.0	104.0	104.0	103.1		
Gabardine, women's and children's.....do.	92.4	92.4	92.4	92.4	92.4	92.4	90.8	90.8	90.8	90.8	90.8	90.8		
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT														
AIRCRAFT														
Manufacturers of complete types:														
Aircraft, engines, propellers, parts, etc.: mil. of dol.	2,607			3,065			2,874							
Orders, new (net), quarterly total.....do.	2,836			2,593			2,841							
Sales (net), quarterly total.....do.	11,991			12,463			12,496							
Backlog of orders, total, end of quarter.....do.	5,229			5,691			5,406							
For U.S. military customers.....do.														
Civilian aircraft:														
Shipments.....thous. of lb.	108,147	120,004	97,584	108,460	81,102	88,117	82,316	82,096	81,799	83,356	100,228	114,696	97,501	
Airframe weight.....thous. of lb.	2,431.5	2,496.2	2,032.9	2,233.6	1,912.5	2,027.9	2,099.7	1,995.5	1,914.9	1,988.0	2,197.5	2,451.3	2,158.2	
Exports (commercial and civilian).....thous. of dol.	37,985	72,573	46,641	59,244	30,589	37,580	36,253	20,195	28,282	32,590	38,634	28,516		
MOTOR VEHICLES														
Factory sales, total.....number	717,366	501,223	390,326	463,943	703,159	687,790	613,905	485,933	448,212	526,056	547,708	641,639	681,784	¹ 488,100
Coaches, total.....do.	364	424	358	211	447	338	251	278	198	255	425	375	397	¹ 290
Domestic.....do.	359	414	347	148	396	307	231	278	196	254	425	372	380	
Passenger cars, total.....do.	605,582	421,355	324,020	386,694	627,678	600,495	520,714	406,616	363,193	425,892	453,425	539,858	567,563	¹ 399,500
Domestic.....do.	596,296	414,787	320,681	378,415	619,828	580,677	507,757	395,075	351,137	410,516	442,740	529,397	557,055	
Trucks, total.....do.	111,420	79,444	65,948	77,038	75,934	86,957	92,940	70,039	84,821	99,909	93,858	101,406	113,824	¹ 88,300
Domestic.....do.	89,022	64,053	53,331	66,096	60,589	73,923	79,892	67,407	67,703	79,573	77,620	85,220	86,681	
Exports, total.....do.	29,216	26,081	31,485	14,411	26,643	26,461	30,897	19,927	20,424	27,314	23,176	23,854	24,247	
Passenger cars (new and used).....do.	7,418	6,460	4,386	5,105	14,182	15,965	12,343	10,315	10,496	13,464	9,589	9,443	7,980	
Trucks and buses.....do.	21,798	19,621	27,099	9,306	12,461	10,496	18,554	9,612	9,928	13,850	13,587	14,411	16,267	
Imports (cars, trucks, buses), total.....do.	38,077	34,265	22,347	24,717	26,688	21,215	29,065	26,021	23,482	24,268	22,425	26,297		
Passenger cars (new and used).....do.	35,355	30,988	26,885	22,919	24,811	19,985	27,443	24,293	22,099	23,173	21,684	25,336		
Production, truck trailers: ^Δ														
Complete trailers, total.....do.	5,286	3,925	4,134	3,615	3,771	3,656	3,133	3,045	3,098	4,175	3,838	4,210		
Vans.....do.	3,606	2,368	2,513	2,195	2,164	2,218	1,879	1,738	1,817	2,400	2,102	2,304		
Chassis, van bodies, for sale separately.....do.	723	493	670	367	2,184	2,99	389	447	684	518	497	449		
Registrations: [⊙]														
New passenger cars.....do.	595,864	546,535	525,400	458,765	547,461	543,042	544,278	413,563	374,877	480,067	² 499,504	³ 546,173	573,422	
New commercial cars.....do.	85,535	79,674	81,440	76,072	74,158	67,477	73,250	62,307	59,322	72,487	² 74,519	³ 85,730	81,469	
RAILROAD EQUIPMENT														
American Railway Car Institute:														
Freight cars:														
Shipments, total.....number	6,218	4,140	4,315	4,355	4,657	3,944	4,291	3,515	1,958	3,874	2,933	3,360	3,142	
Equipment manufacturers, total.....do.	3,873	2,737	2,506	2,984	3,185	2,210	2,661	2,261	757	2,180	1,156	1,588	2,085	
Domestic.....do.	3,873	2,650	2,450	2,920	3,160	2,205	2,642	2,261	757	2,180	1,156	1,588	2,085	
Railroad and private-line shops, domestic.....do.	2,345	1,412	1,809	1,371	1,472	1,734	1,630	1,254	1,201	1,694	1,777	1,772	1,057	
New orders, total.....do.	316	1,331	1,334	2,156	5,664	3,732	2,174	1,339	1,536	1,802	2,040	3,651	1,217	
Equipment manufacturers, total.....do.	249	672	709	2,150	906	2,602	1,484	427	438	1,795	824	2,030	1,082	
Domestic.....do.	249	672	708	2,150	906	2,602	1,465	427	438	1,789	824	2,030	1,079	
Railroad and private-line shops, domestic.....do.	67	659	625	6	4,758	1,040	690	912	1,098	7	1,216	1,621	135	
Unfilled orders, end of month, total.....do.	29,770	26,798	23,951	21,692	22,965	22,781	21,070	18,894	18,429	15,807	13,664	13,970	11,830	
Equipment manufacturers, total.....do.	14,349	12,440	10,773	9,874	7,616	8,178	6,857	5,023	4,669	4,284	3,902	4,344	3,341	
Domestic.....do.	14,134	12,300	10,688	9,844	7,611	8,178	6,857	5,023	4,669	4,278	3,896	4,338	3,332	
Railroad and private-line shops, domestic.....do.	15,421	14,358	13,178	11,818	15,289	14,603	14,213	13,871	13,760	11,523	9,762	9,626	8,489	
Passenger cars (equipment manufacturers):														
Shipments, total.....do.	13	7	27	32	33	21	26	14	31	44	31	18	8	
Domestic.....do.	13	7	27	32	33	21	26	14	31	44	31	18	8	
Unfilled orders, end of month, total.....do.	282	315	288	256	223	202	176	162	131	112	81	116	294	
Domestic.....do.	282	315	288	256	223	202	176	162	131	112	81	116	253	
Association of American Railroads:														
Freight cars (class I): [§]														
Number owned or leased, end of month.....thous.	1,674	1,672	1,672	1,668	1,666	1,664	1,662	1,659	1,654	1,650	1,646	1,642	1,638	
Held for repairs, percent of total owned.....do.	8.2	8.6	8.8	8.9	8.9	9.2	9.4	9.7	9.9	9.6	9.7	9.9	9.3	
Locomotives (class I):														
Diesel-electric and electric:														
Owned or leased, end of mo. No. of power units.....do.	28,930			28,972			28,911							
Serviceable, end of month.....do.	27,460			27,383			27,095							
Installed in service (new), quarterly total.....do.	148			89			32							
Unfilled orders, end of month.....do.	190			119			122							
Exports of locomotives, total (railroad-service and industrial types).....number	68	38	23	23	55	72	66	56	61	106	64	38		

^{*} Revised. [†] Preliminary. [‡] Preliminary estimate of production. ^Δ Excludes data for van bodies. [⊙] Includes estimate for one State.

[⊙] Data cover complete units, chassis, and bodies.

^Δ Revisions for 1957 (except for detachable van bodies) are available upon request.

[⊙] Courtesy of R. L. Folk & Co.; republication prohibited. Alaska and Hawaii are included.

[†] Excludes revisions for woolen and worsted goods production (1958), aircraft exports (1958-59), motor vehicle exports and imports (1958-59), truck registrations (1958-May 1959), freight car new orders (1955-59), and for locomotive exports (1959) are available upon request.

[§] Excludes railroad-owned private refrigerator cars and private line cars.

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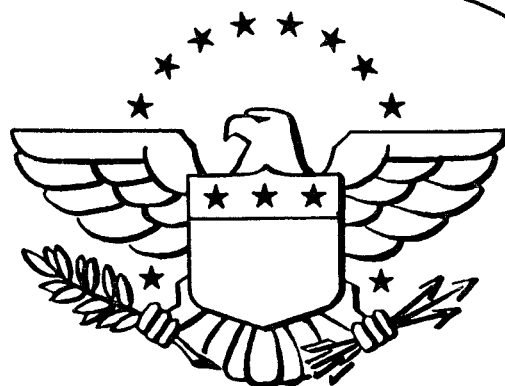
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