# survey of CURRENT—— BUSINESS——



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE OFFICE OF BUSINESS ECONOMICS

# SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

**MARCH 1963** 

VOL. 43, NO. 3

# Contents

THE BUSINESS SITUATION	PAGE
Summary	1
Wages and Salaries Up—Business Investment Shows Signs of a Pickup—Retail Sales Steady—Rise in Steel Production—Employ- ment and Unemployment Higher	
Housing Activity in Early 1963	2
Outlays Trace Irregular Pattern—High Rate of Apartment House Construction	
ARTICLES	
CAPITAL INVESTMENT AND SALES EXPECTATIONS FOR 1963	
Business Anticipates Record Outlays and Sales	4
MANUFACTURERS' INVENTORY AND SALES EXPECTA- TIONS	
In the First Half of 1963	8
CONSUMER AND BUSINESS INCOME AND SPENDING PATTERNS	
In the Postwar Period	12
THE BALANCE OF INTERNATIONAL PAYMENTS	
In the Fourth Quarter and Year of 1962	18
CURRENT BUSINESS STATISTICS	
	S1-S24 24-S40 : Cover



# U.S. Department of Commerc Luther H. Hodges Secretary

Office of Business Economics

M. Joseph Meehan Director

Louis J. Paradiso Managing Director

Murray F. Foss Editor

K. Celeste Stokes Statistics Editor

Billy Jo Daw Graphics

STAFF CONTRIBUTORS TO THIS ISSUE

Articles:

Genevieve B. Wimsatt

Marie P. Hertzberg Richard C. Ziemer Leonard G. Campbell

Louis J. Paradiso Mabel A. Smith

Walther Lederer and Staff

Subscription prices, including weel statistical supplements, are \$4 a year domestic and \$7.50 for foreign mailing. Sin issue 30 cents.

Make checks payable to the Superintendo of Documents and send to U.S. Governme Printing Office, Washington 25, D.C., or any U.S. Department of Commerce Fig. Office.

#### U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE FIELD OFFICES

Albuquerque, N. Mex., U.S. Courthouse. Phone 247-0311.

Anchorage, Alaska, U.S. Post Office and Court House. Atlanta 3, Ga., Home Savings Bldg., 75 Forsyth St., NW. JAckson 2-4121.

Birmingham, Ala., 2028 Third Ave. N.

Boston 10, Mass., Room 230, 80 Federal St. CApitol 3-2312.

Buffalo 3, N.Y., 504 Federal Bldg., 117 Ellicott St. TL 3-4216.

Charleston 4, S.C., Area 2, Sergeant Jasper Bldg., West End Broad St. Phone 722-6551. Cheyenne, Wyo., 207 Majestic Bldg., 16th St. and Capitol Ave. Phone 634-2731.

Chicago 6, III., Room 1302, 226 W. Jackson Blvd. ANdover 3-3600.

Cincinnati 2, Ohio, 809 Fifth Third Bank Bldg., 36 E. Fourth St. DUnbar 1-2200.

Dallas 1, Tex., Room 3-104 Merchandise Mart. RIver-

Cleveland 1, Ohio, Federal Reserve Bank Bldg., E. 6th St. and Superior Ave. CHerry 1-7900.

Denver 2, Colo., 142 New Custom House. KEystone

Detroit 26, Mich., 438 Federal Bldg. WOodward 3-9330. Greensboro, N.C., 407 U.S. Post Office Bldg. BRoadway 3-8234.

Hartford, Conn., 18 Asylum St.

Honolulu 13, Hawaii, 202 International Savings Bldg. Phone 58831

Houston 2, Tex., 5102 Federal Bldg., 515 Rusk Ave, CApitol 8-0611

Jacksonville 2, Fla., 512 Greenleaf Bldg. ELgin 4-7111. Kansas City 6, Mo., Room 2011, 911 Walnut St. BAltimore 1-7000.

Los Angeles 15, Calif., Room 450, 1031 S. Broadway. RIchmond 9-4711.

Memphis 3, Tenn., 212 Falls Bldg. JAckson 6-3426. Miami 32, Fla., 14 NE, First Avenue. FRanklin 7-2581. Milwaukee, Wis., 238 W. Wisconsin Ave.

Minneapolis 1, Minn., Room 304, Federal Bldg. Phone 339-0112

New Orleans 12, La., 333 St. Charles Ave. Phone 529-2411. New York 1, N.Y., Empire State Bldg. LOngacre 3-3377.

Philadelphia 7, Pa., Jefferson Bldg., 1015 Chestnut St. WAlnut 3-2460.

Phoenix 25, Ariz., 230 N. First Ave. Phone 261-3285.

Pittsburgh 22, Pa., 355 Fifth Ave. GRant 1-0800. Portland 4, Oreg., 217 Old U.S. Courthouse Bldg. CApital 6-3361.

Reno, Nev., 1479 Wells Ave. FAirview 2-7133.

Richmond 19, Va., 2105 Federal Bldg. Phone 649-3611. St. Louis 3, Mo., 2511 Federal Bldg. MAin 1-8100.

Salt Lake City 1, Utah, 222 SW. Temple St. DAvis 8-2911.

San Francisco 11, Calif., Room 419 Customhouse. YUkon 6-3111.

Savannah, Ga., 235 U.S. Courthouse and P.O. Bldg. ADams 2-4755.

Seattle 4, Wash., 809 Federal Office Bldg., 909 First Ave. MUtual 2-3300.

side 8-5611.

# The Business Situation

Business activity in February exhibited some signs of improvement as some important indicators which had been showing little change for fairly extended periods advanced, while others continued at high rates. Nonfarm employment increased over the month to a new high in the current upturn, as a result of which wages and salaries were up, and private payrolls registered their largest advance in almost a year. Retail trade continued high—7 percent above a year ago. Industrial production was again unchanged, continuing on the plateau that has been evident since the late summer.

## Personal income up

Personal income improved, after allowing for the special nonrecurrent government life insurance payments in January. February personal income was at a seasonally adjusted annual rate of \$450.8 billion, down \$1.6 billion from the January figure but \$19 billion higher than February 1962. If the January 1963 veterans payment is excluded, the total would show a rise of \$2 billion, nearly all of which was accounted for by an increase in wage and salary disbursements.

In contrast to previous months, when payroll advances reflected mainly expanded government wages and salaries, the February increase reflected a rise of \$1.6 billion in private payrolls. So far in the first quarter the wage and salary total is running \$2½ billion above the fourth quarter average, with the private sector up about \$1½ billion.

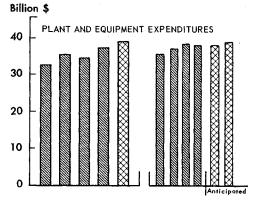
# Business investment: signs of a pickup

At the moment, business investment continues to be rather sluggish, but the

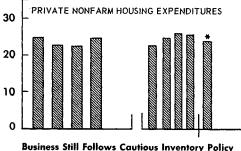
latest inventory and plant and equipment surveys presented in this issue indicate that some improvement lies ahead. The plant and equipment survey shows that investment fell a little in the fourth quarter and is now scheduled to pick up again in the spring

#### **BUSINESS INVESTMENT**

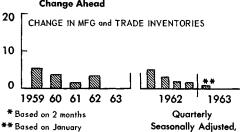
Plant and Equipment Expected to Rise Moderately Over 1962 After Leveling Out in Recent Months



#### **Housing Outlays Lower This Winter**



Business Still Follows Cautious Inventory Policy But Anticipations Survey Indicates Change Ahead



at Annual Rates
Data: SEC & OBE
U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics 63-3-1

quarter and to rise further in the second half. Spending for the full year 1963 is anticipated to reach a record \$39 billion, up 5 percent over last year's \$37.3 billion. Housing outlays have been lower this quarter, although as indicated below, this may well be associated with the weather.

Business inventory accumulation is still quite small. The manufacturers' anticipation survey, detailed elsewhere, points to an advance in inventory investment in the spring months, a development that has been foreshadowed by the accelerated pickup in the steel operating rate over the past several weeks.

#### Retail sales steady

Total retail sales are high, and though they have hardly changed since November, after allowing for seasonal movements, they are above the fourth quarter average and considerably higher than a year ago. New cars are moving extremely well, appliance and furniture sales are good, and consumers are making comparatively free use of installment credit.

The advance report for February put retail sales at a seasonally adjusted rate of \$20.3 billion, which was on a par with January and indicative of a sustained high rate. Bad weather may have had some dampening influence on sales since regional department store sales data point to a rather poor performance in those areas where temperatures were unusually low last month.

New car sales have been the brightest spot at retail. Automobile dealers sold 527,000 passenger cars last month—an annual rate of about 7½ million after seasonal allowances. This rate was well above that of January, and at

least as good as the sales in the last 3 months of 1962.

Consumers have not been hesitating about going into debt to finance their retail purchases. Installment credit extensions were on a rising trend last year—with some interruption last summer—and are continuing high in the early part of this year. In part, the increase in credit reflects the buoyancy of auto sales but even as a percentage of sales, new credit extensions have been on the increase, for both automotive and other lines of trade.

## Rise in steel production

Industrial production was unchanged over the month despite a good-sized increase in steel output. Following a series of small monthly increases since last summer, steel mill operations rose 5 percent from January to February, after seasonal adjustment.

The improvement extended into March, with output during the week ended March 9 reaching 2.18 million ingot tons—an annual rate of 113 million tons and the highest volume since mid-April 1962. A year ago, when steel users were still stockpiling finished steel at a rapid rate, nearly 2.4 million tons were produced.

From the low point last July to the present, seasonally adjusted steel ingot output has increased by approximately one-third. Most of this output rise was made necessary by the fact that, despite a continued liquidation of steel inventories by consumers, steel consumption was holding up fairly well, so that a slowdown in the rate of steel inventory liquidation was in order. In recent weeks, however, it appears that hedge-buying has once again come to the fore, especially in the automobile industry. With automobile output already at a high rate and plant equipment expenditures scheduled to rise only modestly starting this spring, new additional demand for steel, apart from inventory demand, would seem to be rather small.

#### Employment up

Employment in nonfarm establishments fell less than seasonally in February so that on an adjusted basis

employment was up almost 200,000 for the best gain since last April. Except for contract construction, small increases were fairly general by major industry divisions. The seasonally adjusted rise in manufacturing, which centered in durable goods, was the first since last September. Hours of work in manufacturing were also up fractionally over the month. At the same time that nonfarm employment improved, the reported figures on unemployment moved higher in February. Last month the seasonally adjusted number of persons unemployed was reported at 4.4 million compared with 4.2 in January and was about 300,000 higher than the figure for February 1962.

# Housing Activity in Early 1963

# Outlays Trace Irregular Pattern—

# **High Rate of Apartment House Construction**

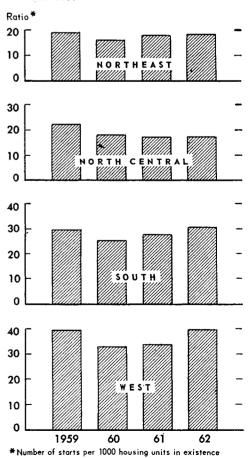
PRIVATE residential construction activity, after rising irregularly through 1962, has shown more than the usual seasonal decline so far in 1963. Seasonally adjusted activity fell in both January and February and for the 2 months averaged close to \$24 billion at an annual rate, as compared with a rate of about \$25½ billion in the fourth quarter of 1962.

It is always difficult to assess the position of housing in the winter months and there is reason to believe that the picture is somewhat better than the current activity figures suggest. Private nonfarm housing starts in January were at a seasonally adjusted annual rate of 1¼ million, as compared with a rate of more than 1% million in the last 3 months of 1962. On the other hand, building permits have been holding up quite well. Seasonally adjusted permits were about the same in January as the average of last November and December, which in turn were the best months of 1962 and indeed the highest in almost 4 years.

In view of this apparent disparity between starts and permits, it looks as though the current activity has been slowed by the weather more than usual for this season of the year. In fact, recent developments bear a marked resemblance to the situation just a year ago. At that time, while permits were holding up, activity fell more than seasonally in the late fall and winter but made a better than seasonal recovery in the spring months.

# HOUSING STARTS RELATED TO STOCK OF HOUSING

- Ratio of Starts to Stock of Housing Is Highest in West and South
- ●North Central Region Lags as Compared With 1959



Basic Data: Census

February so that on an adjusted basis—seasonally in the late fall and winter—u.s. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics—63-3-2
Digitized for FRASER

Table 1.—Private Nonfarm Housing Units Started

[Thousands]

	Total	One- family	Two- family	Multi- family
1959	1, 495	1, 212	56	227
1960	1, 230	972	44	214
1961	1, 285	946	44	295
1962	1.428	966	48	413

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census.

# Regional pattern of starts

Last year private nonfarm housing starts exceeded 1.4 million units, extending the recovery that began in early 1961, for the best housing year since the 1.5 million starts in 1959. (See table 1.) Among the more interesting aspects in the current recovery is the fact that not all regions of the country have participated in the advance; this helps to explain the more moderate character of the recent rise and points up a significant economic influence in the housing picture.

Regional patterns of housing starts are illustrated on page 2. Within each region, starts for each year since 1959 are expressed relative to the number of housing units in existence at the end of 1959, as shown in recently published data from the 1960 Housing Census. One point brought out by the chart is that the relative expansion in the housing inventory has been greatest in the West and South, as compared with the two northern regions.

Although the decline in starts from 1959 to 1960 showed up in all regions, by 1962, all regions but one—the North Central—had recovered approximately back to the 1959 rate. In that area, which embraces the Great Lakes and Plains States, starts in 1962 were still about one-fifth below those of 1959. The decline has been particularly sharp in the industrial mid-West, where income generally and payrolls in particular have been growing relatively slowly in recent years due to the lack of vigor in the important group of metal fabricating industries. Payrolls in this region, for example, have risen only 10 percent since 1959 as against a 14 percent increase in payrolls for the United States as a whole.

## Rise in multifamily dwellings

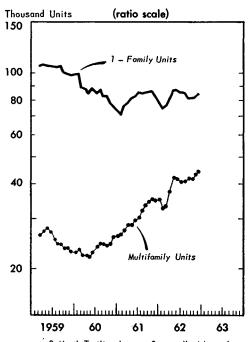
A significant aspect of the current housing advance is the fact that the rise has been concentrated in multifamily units. Indeed, single-family housing starts have been about unchanged for 3 years and are currently running about 20 percent below 1959, while multifamily starts have expanded by more than 60 percent since that year.

This pattern, it may be noted, is a pervasive one: in all major regions—on the basis of permit data—single-family units are running well below those of 1959 while multifamily units have increased. In some regions, such as the very rapidly growing Pacific Coast area, there are now roughly as many multifamily as single-family starts.

The shift in favor of multifamily units has an important effect on housing construction outlays because the multifamily units are considerably lower in cost than the single family. Last year the average unit cost of the former was approximately 60 percent of the single-unit cost. There is no evidence to

#### HOUSING STARTS

Single Family Units Have Shown Little Change in Past Year . . . While Multifamily Continue Strong Uptrend



3-Month Trailing Average Seasonally Adjusted
Basic Data: Census

U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

63-3-3

Table 2.—Rental Vacancy Rates

	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	Annual average
1962	7. 7	7.4	7. 3	7.4	7.4
1961	8.0	8.1	7.9	7.7	7.9
1960	7. 2	7. 3	7. 6	7.6	7.4
1959	6.1	6.7	6. 6	6.4	6.4
1958	5. 7	6.0	5.8	6.0	5.9

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census.

suggest, moreover, that the ratio has been getting appreciably larger in recent years. Thus, while there has been a considerable increase in high-priced apartment units, the growth in smaller and less expensive units has apparently kept pace.

There are several factors which help explain the divergent movement between the two types of housing in the most recent years. By way of background, it should be noted that during the decade of the 1940's and 1950's there was relatively less emphasis on multifamily construction and relatively more on single-family homes. The latter had been greatly influenced by the far-reaching financial changes which had made home ownership possible for a broad range of income groups. With backlog demands, incomes and savings high, single-family home construction was unusually high in the decade following the end of World War II. By 1960, 62 percent of all nonvacant housing units were owner-occupied as against 44 percent 20 years ago.

The number of persons in the 20-24 age bracket has been rising since the mid-1950's, which marked the beginning of the most recent multifamily housing advance. This is the young married group that typically moves into an apartment unit as their first housing accommodations as a family unit; moreover, the outlook is for a continued strong growth in this age group over the next decade.

The number of persons over 65, another age group that makes large use of apartments, is also continuing upward. By way of contrast, the group that typically buys the single-family house—persons 25 to 45 years—is

(Continued on page 11)

# Capital Investment and Sales Expectations for 1963

# Business Anticipates Record Outlays and Sales

EXPENDITURES for new plant and equipment are budgeted by businessmen at a record \$39 billion for 1963, 5 percent above the 1962 total of \$37% billion. Expenditures are expected to resume the 1961–62 uptrend after a slight easing during the fall and winter.

A broad range of industries expects sales to increase to new highs in 1963. Both manufacturing and trade anticipate advances of about 4 percent while public utilities are placing this year's revenues about 5 percent above 1962.

# Planned investment moderately higher in 1963

The 5-percent rise in capital spending projected for 1963 would represent a better-than-average annual growth, for the postwar period although it is not so high as the 8½ percent increase recorded from 1961 to 1962. These outlays have never been characterized by regularity but tend to "bunch" in investment booms and then fall off sharply. Since the capital investment surge of 1956-57 expenditures for new plant and equipment have not made a favorable showing. The 1957 record investment outlay was not again equaled until late last year, although fourth quarter 1962 gross national product had risen 25 percent above its 1957 high.

The moderate advance anticipated for this year thus is not a greatly stimulating factor to the economy as a whole. At the present time the factors influencing investment show a mixed picture—some favorable and others adverse. Profits have been higher, and their effect on cash flow has been augmented by faster depreciation schedules; external financing costs have remained relatively low; and the invest-

1. Data in this article are based upon the regular survey of new plant and equipment expenditures conducted jointly by the Office of Business Economics and the Securities and Exchange Commission. Reports on 1963 anticipations were submitted by cooperating companies during February. The agricultural industry, foreign investment and expenditures for capital items charged to current account are not covered by these recurring surveys.

ment tax credit has a beneficial effect on both equipment costs and financing. On the other hand, the recent slow rate of growth of final demand for goods and services has resulted in less-than-full utilization of existing capacity.

# **Industry programs for 1963**

Most major industry groups expect increases in fixed investment in 1963. Durable goods manufacturers anticipate a rise of more than a tenth in their capital expenditures this year over the 1962 total. (See chart.) The dollar increase for this group accounts for two-fifths of the total advance anticipated by all business although capital outlays by durable goods producers represent about one-fifth of aggregate fixed investment by all nonfarm industries. The group also registered one of the largest relative advances in 1962–12 percent.

While accounting for only a small proportion of total business capital outlays, railroads show the largest relative increases both in 1962 actual spending and in their projection of a one-seventh rise for 1963.

Communications and commercial firms have had especially strong investment programs since 1957 and anticipate a further advance of 6 percent in 1963.

Moderate increases over 1962 are planned by nondurable goods manufacturers and by public utilities—3 percent each. Declines in 1963 purchases of new plant and equipment are anticipated by mining and nonrail transportation companies, with airlines accounting for most of the reduction in the latter group.

# Quarterly programs for 1963

Capital outlays during the first 3 months of 1963 are now expected to hold at the fourth quarter 1962 seasonally adjusted annual rate of \$38

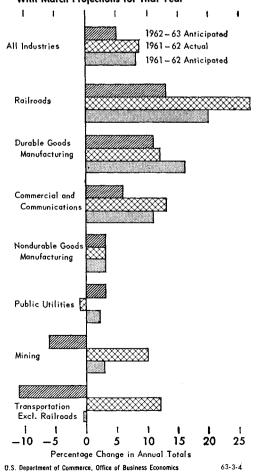
billion. Businessmen then plan to make capital outlays of \$38% billion in the second quarter, with the rise centered in transportation and public utilities.

The realization of these quarterly and annual 1963 programs imply spending at a \$40 billion seasonally adjusted annual rate in the second half of this year.

This would represent a rise of nearly 5 percent over the projection for the first half of 1963, with the advance attributable to the programs of durable

# BUSINESS EXPENDITURES FOR PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

- Budgeted at \$39 Billion for 1963 or 5 Percent Above 1962
- Aggregate Expenditures in 1962 Were in Line With March Projections for That Year



63-3-5

goods manufacturers, public utilities, communications, and commercial firms.

Mining, railroad, and nondurable goods producers indicate some drop later this year.

# Realization of 1962 programs

Programs for business capital spending in 1962, as reported in March of last year, were realized during the year with offsetting changes among the industry groups. Actual spending amounted to \$37.3 billion—the projection last March was for outlays of \$37.2 billion. Durable goods manufacturers spent 4 percent less than scheduled, and utilities 2 percent less. Nondurable goods companies' outlays matched early budgets. Nonrail transportation had the largest upward revision, about 12 percent, while outlays by railroads and mining companies were close to 7 percent above anticipations of a year ago. The reduction from earlier programs by durable goods producers centered in the iron and steel industry.

Purchases of new productive facilities dipped below projections in the first quarter of last year, while expenditures in the second and third quarters equaled or exceeded planned outlays. During the final 3 months of 1962 actual expenditures were 1 percent less than anticipated. Outlays in the fourth quarter were 1 percent below the third quarter, on a seasonally adjusted basis. Results of the current survey seem to indicate that some of the spending earlier budgeted for the fourth quarter was carried over into 1963.

# Rising Manufacturing Investment

The lag in fixed investment relative to the rise in general activity over the past 5 years has centered in manufacturing, and more particularly in the durable goods industries. Projected outlays for new factory facilities in 1963 of \$15.7 billion—while 7 percent higher than those of 1962—will still fall just short of the 1957 total of \$16 billion.

Actual expenditures for new plant and equipment in the fourth quarter of 1962 by durable goods manufacturers were 20 percent above the 1961 recession low; by late this year outlays are expected to expand another 10 percent. A volume of spending of more than \$8 billion is implied for the second half of 1963.

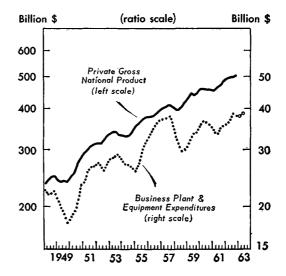
The rise in 1963 programs over 1962 outlays for the durable goods sector is paced by transportation equipment producers. Both motor vehicle and nonautomotive transportation equipment manufacturers anticipate 1963 investments to be 13 percent and 15 percent higher, respectively, than last

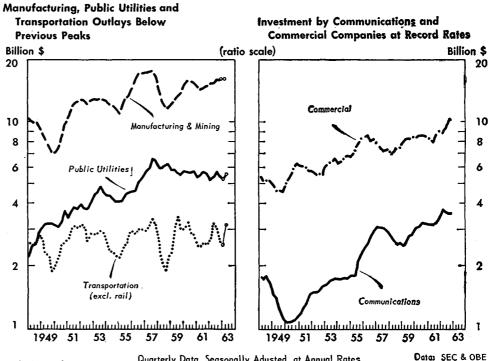
year. The corresponding increases in 1962 were 12 percent and 23 percent. These outlays in 1963, however, still do not equal former records.

Metals producers are also raising their investment considerably for the current year. Iron and steel companies plan expenditures of about \$1½ billion—up a 10th from their 1962 aggregate. Last year actual spending dipped a little below 1961. Nonferrous metals producers are anticipating increased

# **BUSINESS EXPENDITURES FOR PLANT AND EQUIPMENT**

- Capital Spending Programed at New Highs in 1963
- Outlays Have Lagged During Past 5 Years





Anticipated
 Quarterly Data, Seasonally Adusted, at Annual Rates

U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

http://fraser.stlouisfed.org/ Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis

Table 1.—Business Sales, Actual and Anticipated, 1961-63

[Percent change]

Actual 1961-62 pate 1962-	ed
Manufacturing industries	4
Durable goods industries	4 2 2
Electrical machinery	6 5 2 0 4
Nondurable goods industries         5           Food and beverage         5           Textile         12           Paper         6           Chemical         10           Petroleum         -1           Rubber         11	4 2 5 6 3
Trade         8           Retail         8           Wholesale         4	6
Public utilities 7	5

Sources: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics and Securities and Exchange Commission.

outlays following a substantial rise last year, though 1963 programs are well below the peaks of 1956-57.

Current plans of capital goods producers-electrical and nonelectrical machinery manufacturers—call for a small cutback in 1963, about 4 percent. Capital outlays by the electrical machinery industry in 1962 were fractionally below the 1961 high. Programs for 1963 anticipate a steady rate of spending through the year. Nonelectrical machinery producers also indicate little quarterly change during 1963 following the rather sharp pickup last year. Both industries are expecting sales increases of about 5 percent this year the largest advances anticipated among durable goods producers. (See chart.)

If nondurable goods producers' investment programs are realized 1963 outlays of nearly \$8 billion will just match the previous high in 1957. The 3-percent rise over 1962 expected for this year is about the same as last year's, but outlays are expected to be at a steady rate throughout 1963.

Pacing the nondurable goods group both in 1963 and 1962, textile manufacturers are planning an increase of a sixth in new plant equipment expenditures after a rise of one-fifth last year.

Anticipated spending is above \$700 million this year for a new record, and shows a strong uptrend during 1963.

Depreciation rules were relaxed earlier

for this industry than for other businesses. The industry had made substantial outlays in the early postwar period but during most of the 1950's expenditures for new plant and equipment were relatively low.

Noteworthy also in the nondurable goods group is the 8-percent advance in investment planned by the chemical group for this year. This contrasts with a 3-percent drop last year. Little change is expected in the second half from that in the first 6 months of the year. Sales have shown a strong uptrend in this industry and the projected 6-percent rise in shipments for 1963 is larger than for any other manufacturing industry.

In contrast, petroleum and rubber companies are cutting back on capital outlays. The declines of 4 percent and 6 percent from 1962 are of the same magnitude as the increases in the preceding year.

Paper manufacturers and other nondurable goods producers, except in the food and beverage field, are raising capital budgets. The increases planned are somewhat larger than the actual gains recorded last year. Again in 1963 as in 1962, food and beverage producers are holding capital outlays at the 1961 rate.

# Nonmanufacturing Investment Programs Mixed

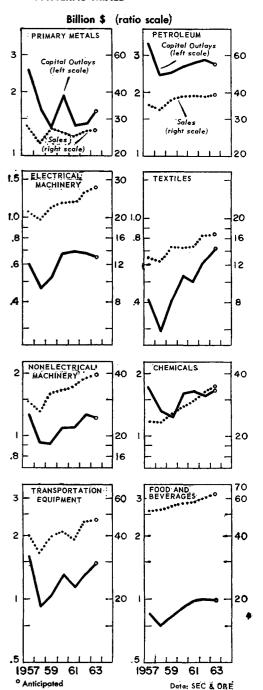
Capital spending in nonmanufacturing in the past 5 years has presented a stronger picture than has manufacturing. This has been due in large measure to the firm uptrend in expenditures for new plant and equipment by communications and commercial firms, whose outlays are currently at peak rates (see chart). Current budgets call for outlays 6 percent larger than in 1962 in contrast with the 12 percent rise last year.

Within the commercial group retail trade remains the strongest area of expansion. The continuing rise in retail sales, coupled with population shifts and new retailing techniques have combined to offer attractive possibilities for further expansion and improvement of retail facilities. Wholesale, service, and construction firms, on the other hand, are reducing capital budgets for this

year, while finance companies are holding capital spending just above 1962 levels.

In 1962 expenditures for new railroad facilities rose considerably and a further substantial rise is anticipated this year. However, 1963 capital outlays would total \$1 billion compared with the record \$1½ billion in 1951. In both 1962 and 1963 plans, the expansion in out-

# MANUFACTURERS GENERALLY PROJECT SALES UPWARD, BUT INVESTMENT PATTERNS MIXED



U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

63-3-6

http://fraser.stlouisfed.org/ Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis lays for equipment is relatively greater than for road.

Public utilities' investment in new capital equipment has fluctuated within a narrow range in recent years, following the sharp rise through 1957. Their 1963 capital budgets indicate a continuation of this situation: for the group as a whole spending is scheduled to rise 3 percent to \$5.7 billion this year, after a minor dip from 1961 to 1962.

Electricity demand for the past 5 years has been rather stable as a proportion of dependable capacity. Over the period, however, indicated reserves as a percent of peak load have risen from 15 percent to 25 percent—the highest reserve margin in the postwar period.

The electric utility companies account for all of the planned rise this year. However, gas firms after a dip in the first half are scheduling a substantial increase in the second half close to the rather high second half rate of 1962 for this group.

In transportation other than railroads, planned 1963 outlays are to be cutback a tenth from last year's spending which was one-sixth above 1961.

Reductions in purchases of new facilities are widespread among the various transportation groups, with only pipeline companies indicating higher outlays this year. Airlines' programs indicate the largest relative decrease in 1963.

#### New Sales Records

Companies cooperating in this survey generally expect higher sales in 1963 than in 1962. Manufacturers, trade firms, and the public utilities all look forward to record rates of operation. Manufacturers expect the value of 1963 shipments to be 4 percent higher than in 1962, with the durable and nondurable goods groups sharing about equally in the advance. The quarterly survey of manufacturers' sales and inventory

expectations published elsewhere in this issue suggests that a larger advance is expected in the second half year than in the first.

The actual increase in durable goods sales last year was 11 percent, as compared to an anticipation last March of 9 percent. Nondurable goods producers' sales in 1962 were 6 percent above 1961, about the same as indicated in last year's survey.

Within both the hard and soft goods sectors, expectations of higher sales are widespread among the major in-The largest advances are dustries. anticipated by electrical machinery and chemical producers. The smallest rates of expected increases are shown by transportation equipment and textile firms.

Retailers and wholesalers are looking forward to sales expansion in 1963 of 6 percent and 3 percent, respectively,

(Continued on page 11)

Table 2.—Expenditures on New Plant and Equipment by U.S. Business, 1961-63

[Billions of dollars]

Annual Quarterly, Unadjusted Quarterly, Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates																							
		Annua	ıl	terly,	Unadj	ısted			Qua	rterly,	Seaso	nally A	Adjuste	d at A	nnual l	Rates							
	1961	1962	1963 2		19	61			18	62	•	19	63		19	061		1	16	162		196	3
			1000	1	11	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	I 2	II 3	I	11	111	IV	I	11	111	IV	I 2	II 2
All industries	34. 37	37, 31	39. 10	7, 57	8, 61	8, 65	9, 54	8, 02	9, 50	9, 62	10, 18	8, 48	9, 89	33, 85	33, 50	34.70	35, 40	35, 70	36, 95	38, 35	37. 95	37, 95	38, 65
Manufacturing industries	13, 68	14, 68	15. 69	3, 00	3.46	3, 34	3, 88	3, 14	3, 69	3,72	4, 13	3, 37	3, 90	13, 75	13, 50	13, 65	14, 00	14, 20	14, 45	15, 05	15.00	15, 30	15, 30
Durable goods industries Primary iron and steel Primary nonferrous metal Electrical machinery and	6. 27 1. 13 . 26	7. 03 1. 10 . 31	7. 78 1. 22 . 42	1.41 .28 .07	1.58 .28 .07	1.50 .26 .06	1. 79 . 30 . 07	1. 44 . 22 . 06	1. 77 . 28 . 07	1.79 .29 .08	2.03 .31 .10	1, 65 , 26 , 09	1. 86 . 31 . 10	6. 50 1. 35 . 30	6. 20 1. 05 . 25	6. 10 1. 10 . 25	6, 40 1, 10 , 25	6, 55 1, 00 , 25	1. 10	7. 25 1. 20 . 30	7. 30 1. 10 . 35	7, 50 1, 20 , 40	7.30 1.20 .40
equipment  Machinery, except electrical  Motor vehicles and parts  Transportation equipment.	. 69 1. 10 . 75	. 68 1. 27 . 83	. 65 1. 22 . 94	. 15 . 25 . 15	. 17 . 28 . 20	. 17 . 25 . 19	. 20 . 32 . 21	. 14 . 27 . 17	. 16 . 33 . 22	. 17 . 32 . 22	. 21 . 35 . 22	. 13 . 28 . 21	. 15 . 32 . 26	. 70. 1. 15 . 70	. 70 1. 10 . 80	. 70 1. 05 . 70	. 65 1. 15 . 80	. 70 1. 15 . 80	. 65 1, 30 . 85	. 65 1. 30 . 80	. 70 1. 25 . 85	. 65 1. 25 1. 05	. 65 1. 25 . 95
excluding motor vehicles Stone, clay and glass Other durable goods 3	. 51 1. 45	. 47 . 58 1. 79	. 54 . 61 2. 18	.09 .11 .30	. 10 . 12 . 36	. 09 . 12 . 36	. 11 . 16 . 43	. 09 . 12 . 38	. 11 . 16 . 44	, 13 , 14 , 44	. 15 . 16 . 53	. 12 . 13 . 43	. 14 . 15 . 44	. 40	. 40	. 35	. 40	. 40	. 40	. 50	. 55	. 50	. <b>5</b> 5
Nondurable goods industries. Food and beverage. Textile. Papier. Chemical. Petroleum and coal. Rubber. Other nondurable goods 4.	7. 40 .98 .50 .68 1. 62 2. 76 .22 .65	7. 65 . 99 . 61 . 72 1. 56 2. 88 . 23 . 66	7. 90 . 99 . 72 . 77 1. 68 2. 76 . 22 . 77	1. 59 . 23 . 12 . 16 . 33 . 56 . 05 . 14	1. 88 . 25 . 12 . 17 . 42 . 70 . 05 . 17	1. 84 . 24 . 12 . 16 . 40 . 70 . 06 . 16	2. 09 . 27 . 14 . 18 . 46 . 80 . 07 . 18	1. 69 . 22 . 13 . 15 . 37 . 62 . 05 . 14	1. 92 . 26 . 16 . 18 . 40 . 69 . 06 . 18	1. 93 . 24 . 15 . 18 . 37 . 76 . 06 . 16	2. 10 . 26 . 17 . 20 . 43 . 80 . 06 . 18	1. 72 . 23 . 15 . 16 . 36 . 61 . 04 . 16	2. 04 . 26 . 19 . 18 . 44 . 73 . 05 . 19	7. 25 . 95 . 50 . 75 1. 50 2. 70	7. 30 . 90 . 45 . 70 1. 65 2. 75	7. 55 1. 00 . 50 . 65 1. 65 2. 85	7.60 1.05 .50 .70 1.65 2.80	7, 60 .95 .55 .70 1, 70 2, 85	7. 50 1. 00 . 60 . 70 1, 55 2. 70	7.80 1.00 .65 .70 1.50 3.10	7. 70 1. 00 . 65 . 75 1. 50 2. 85	7. 80 1. 00 . 65 . 70 1. 65 2. 85	8. 00 1. 00 . 70 . 75 1. 70 2. 90
Mining	. 98	1, 08	1.01	. 21	, 26	. 25	. 26	. 26	. 27	. 28	. 27	. 23	. 27	. 95	1,00	1,00	1, 00	1, 15	1, 05	1, 10	1.00	1, 05	1, 05
Railroad	. 67	,85	, 96	. 17	. 18	. 16	, 16	, 16	. 26	, 24	, 20	. 22	. 30	.70	.70	. 65	. 60	. 70	. 95	1, 00	.80	. 95	1, 10
Transportation, other than rail.	1,85	2, 07	1,84	. 41	. 48	. 47	. 50	. 47	. 60	. 50	. 50	. 36	. 51	1.75	1, 80	1, 90	1, 95	2, 05	2, 25	2, 00	1, 90	1, 65	2,00
Public utilities	5, 52	5.48	5, 66	1.09	1.39	1, 50	1.54	1, 06	1, 37	1, 54	1, 52	1.07	1, 42	5, 35	5, 50	5, 65	5, 55	5, 15	5, 40	5, 75	5, 45	5, 30	5, 60
Communication	3, 22	3, 63	} <sub>13, 94</sub>	j .75	.81	.78	.88	.88	. 93	. 87	. 95	3, 22	3, 49	<b>J3, 20</b>	3, 15	3, 20	3, 35	3, 70	3, 65	3, 60	3, 60	} <sub>13,70</sub>	13, 70
Commercial and other 5	8, 46	9, 52	1	1.94	2,04	2. 16	2, 32	2.06	2, 37	2.48	2, 60	1	J. 1.	8. 15	7, 90	8, 60	9.00	8, 75	9, 25	9, 85	10, 20	,	

Data exclude expenditures of agricultural business and outlays charged to current account.
 Estimates are based on anticipated capital expenditures reported by business in late February 1963. The estimates for 1963 have been adjusted when necessary for systematic tendencies in anticipatory data.
 Includes fabricated metal, lumber, furniture, instrument, ordnance, and miscellaneous industries.

<sup>4</sup> Includes apparel, tobacco, leather, and printing-publishing.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Includes trade, service, finance, and construction. seasonally adjusted data also include communication. The anticipated expenditures and the

Note.—Details may not add to totals due to rounding. Data for earlier years were published in the June 1956, March 1958, 1960, 1961, and 1962 Survey of Current Business.

Sources: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, and Securities and Exchange Commission.

# Manufacturers' Inventory and Sales Expectations in the First Half of 1963

# An Evaluation of the Current Inventory Position

Manufacturers anticipate a moderate increase in their inventories in the current quarter, and a larger accumulation in the April–June quarter, according to the latest expectations survey compiled in February by the Office of Business Economics. Producers see little change in sales from the record seasonally adjusted rate in the fourth quarter of last year; expected sales in the first half of 1963 are 2 percent above the corresponding period of 1962.

The expected inventory rise of about \$150 million in the first quarter of this year, after seasonal adjustment, is similar to those which occurred in the final three quarters of 1962. Nondurable goods companies account for all of the projected rise in this quarter, and expect a further rise of about \$100 million in the second quarter of 1963. Durable goods producers, on the other hand, see virtually no change in stocks in the opening 3 months of 1963, but expect a rise of \$\frac{3}{4}\text{ billion in the spring quarter.}

If these expectations are realized, manufacturers' book values will rise \$1 billion in the first half of 1963, bringing inventories to \$58½ billion by midyear, or about \$1½ billion higher than a year earlier. With little change in sales foreseen for this period a slight rise in the inventory-sales ratio by the end of June is implied.

# Sales expectations

Both durable and nondurable goods producers expect their sales to show little change in the first half of 1963 from the record dollar volume in the fourth quarter of 1962, after seasonal adjustment. Steel and electrical machinery producers foresee appreciable sales gains in the first half of this year.

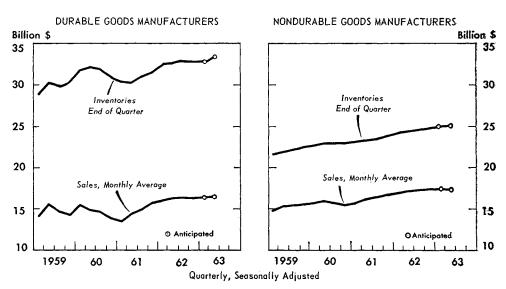
The sales stability in the first half of 1963 reflects new orders and unfilled orders patterns of recent months. Since the fall of 1962 new orders have fluctuated around \$33.5 billion a month, after seasonal adjustment. Unfilled orders fell in the spring and summer of 1962 from their February 1962 high of \$49 billion, then stabilized at under

\$46 billion in the closing months of 1962 and January 1963, the last month of available data.

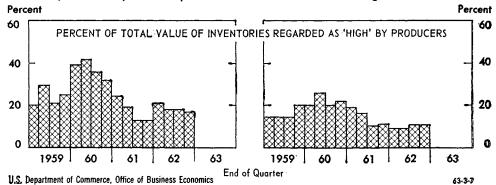
Sales expectations, collected for the full year 1963 as part of the annual plant and equipment survey reviewed elsewhere in this issue, indicate sales advances of 4 percent above 1962 anticipated by both durable and non-

#### MANUFACTURERS' INVENTORY AND SALES ANTICIPATIONS

 Companies Expect Little Change in Sales From Yearend Rate and Further Additions to Inventories in the First Half of 1963



The Moderate Rise in Inventories in 1962 Was Matched by Sales Advances;
 Only a Relatively Small Proportion of Stocks Was Considered "High"



durable goods manufacturers. This implies a sales expansion of around 5 percent in the second half of 1963.

# Inventory anticipations through mid-1963

Inventory anticipations by durable goods producers indicate a book value at the end of March of \$32.7 billion, a figure that has held since August 1962. The expected rise in hard goods producers' stocks in the April-June period is due primarily to a buildup by steel producers and continued accumulation by the transportation equipment industries.

The additions to stocks anticipated by nondurable goods producers would bring their inventories to \$25 billion by midyear, after seasonal adjustment, as compared to \$24.3 billion in mid-1962 and \$23.2 billion in mid-1961.

# Manufacturers' evaluation of inventory condition

As in previous surveys, manufacturers were asked to appraise the current inventory position relative to their sales and backlogs of unfilled orders. Manufacturers as a group saw little difference in their inventory condition on December 31, 1962 from their earlier evaluations on June 30 and September 30.

Producers holding 14 percent of factory stocks classified them as "high" at yearend 1962, 84 percent of inventories were considered "about right," while only 2 percent were in the "low" category. The proportion considered "high." while slightly larger than in the second half of 1961 is below that at any other period since the inception of these surveys in 1957.

The durable goods "high" proportion of 17 percent on December 31, 1962 has been virtually unchanged since mid-1962 but is higher than the 13 percent reported in the two closing quarters of 1961. Of durable goods stocks, 82 percent are now classified as "about right." Reflecting the continuous inventory cutbacks during 1962, the steel industry reported only 3 percent of their stocks as "high," a ratio matched only at the terminal phase of the 1959 strike period. Both the machinery and motor vehicle industries, on the other hand,

now classify larger proportions of their yearend stocks as "high" than they did earlier last year.

Among the nondurables, the "high" proportion has remained at 11 percent of total stocks in the two closing quarters of 1962, two points above the percentage for the first half of that year and unchanged from the second half of 1961.

The chart on page 8 shows the percentage of inventories classified as "high" and the sales and inventory trends from 1959 to mid-1963 for both durable and nondurable goods manufacturers. The inventory accumulations in 1962 were fully supported by sales gains so that the percent of inventories classified as "high" was kept in a low range. This finding is consistent with the conservative stock-sales ratios currently reported by both durable and nondurable goods producers.

# Inventory Movements in Current Recovery

Inventory accumulation has been moderate throughout the current recovery period, when compared to overall output or business sales. The conservative inventory policy being followed by business stems from several factors—some of short-run influence,

others of longer duration. One factor of overriding importance is that the economy has been operating below capacity and goods have been generally available for speedy delivery.

Businessmen are increasingly aware of the cost of carrying inventories and in some cases have apparently been willing to accept some loss in sales to reduce these costs. Also, through the growing use of electronic computers, improved inventory control systems, and special purchase arrangements, business has been able to maintain a given volume of sales with a lower inventory than in the past.

## Manufacturers' inventories

Durable goods manufacturers accounted for much of the change in business inventories during the current upswing—adding \$2.2 billion to inventory book values between mid-1961 and the first quarter of 1962. After the wage negotiations in the steel industry were settled around April 1, there was little net change in stocks in the last three quarters of 1962 as steel supplies were drawn down.

The stability in overall stocks since last spring reflected cuts in purchased materials and rising goods-in-process.

Table 1.—Manufacturers' Inventories and Sales: Actual and Anticipated

[Billions of dollars] 1959 1961 1963 IV11 Ш IV H III IVH III IV п | ш | 11 H1 Inventories, end of Unadjusted All manufacturing Nondurables. Seasonally adjusted All manufacturing Durables.... Nondurables Sales, total for quarter Unadjusted 90. 0 92. 5 93. 2 89. 7 89. 5 86. 4 93. 1 92. 5 96. 8 96. 6 101. 8 98. 8 101. 9 98. 2 102. 9 43. 1 45. 9 46. 0 41. 7 42. 6 39. 7 44. 9 42. 9 47. 0 47. 0 50. 5 47. 0 49. 9 47. 7 51. 2 46. 9 46. 6 47. 2 48. 0 46. 9 46. 6 48. 2 49. 5 49. 8 49. 6 51. 3 51. 9 52. 0 50. 5 51. 8 All manufacturing. Durables..... Nondurables... Seasonally adjusted 92. 8 90. 7 88. 0 87. 2 91. 7 93. 8 96. 3 98. 1 99. 9 100. 4 100. 7 101. 0 100. 9 45. 0 43. 6 41. 5 40. 2 43. 4 44. 8 46. 5 47. 8 48. 7 49. 0 49. 0 49. 2 49. 2 47. 8 47. 1 46. 5 47. 1 48. 3 49. 1 49. 8 50. 3 51. 3 51. 4 51. 7 51. 8 51. 7 All manufacturing 92. 3 89. 9 46. 5 43. 5 45. 8 46. 4 89. 1 93. 5 42. 5 46. 3 46. 6 47. 2 Durables..... Nondurables...

1. Anticipations reported by manufacturers in February. Inventories have been corrected for systematic tendencies in anticipatory data. Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

In December and January, however, small increases in holdings of purchased materials were reported.

Nondurable goods producers increased inventories moderately in each quarter of the current upswing resulting in an increase of \$800 million in 1961 and \$1 billion in 1962. Inventory accumulation of nondurable goods manufacturers during 1962 was concentrated among three major industry groups—food and beverage, textile, and chemical.

# Cyclical patterns in sales and inventories

An analysis of the amplitude of cyclical fluctuations in manufacturers' sales finds that there is a tendency for relative changes during both recessions and recoveries to become smaller over the postwar period. Trade sales have

MANUFACTURING

also shown progressively narrower gains in the upswings, and cyclical declines have been in the 2-percent to 4-percent range.

Durable goods manufacturers' inventories have been declining within the range of \$1% billion to \$2% billion per downturn with no clear change in pattern in evidence. Both nondurable goods manufacturers and trade stocks, on the other hand, have been showing successively smaller cyclical retrenchments and even rose slightly in the latest downturn. Moreover, inventory buildups in the recovery periods have tended to narrow in each successive cycle. The gains in the 1958-60 advance, and thus far in the current recovery, are only small fractions of those experienced by manufacturers in earlier postwar upturns.

The progressively smaller inventory

TRADE

accumulation in the more recent upturns has also resulted in a downward trend in the stock-sales ratio of manufacturers and the trade sector in the past half-dozen years.

# Stock-sales ratios in the postwar cycles

The condition of inventories may also be analyzed by comparing current and historical stock-sales ratios. Since the ratios show large cyclical fluctuations—generally moving inversely to sales in the earlier stages of recession and recovery—comparisons are valid only at similar stages of the business cycle. In the durable goods sectors of manufacturing and trade, inventories seem relatively low in relation to current sales for the present stage of the cycle. In the nondurable goods groups, manufacturing and trade retail stock-sales ratios are currently low, while the wholesale ratio is not too different from earlier postwar experience.

The ratios have generally declined in the 1961–62 recovery although some groups have shown stabilizing tendencies in recent months. This is contrary to the pattern of previous cyclical upswings when the ratio tended to increase well before the current expansion phase (eight quarters after the previous trough). The stock-sales ratio in 1961–62 has also shown less fluctuation than was experienced in previous periods of recovery, although the 1960–61 stock reduction was also quite moderate.

The stock-sales ratio for durable goods manufacturers has remained fairly stable at about 2—a postwar low. The anticipation survey indicates a small rise in the ratio by mid-1963. Most of the major industry groups now show low ratios, with the exception of primary metals, the lumber-furniture, and stone-clay-glass groups where they are currently more in line with similar stages in earlier cyclical recoveries.

For nondurable goods producers the ratio has remained at about 1.4 throughout 1962 and is expected to continue at this level into the first two quarters of 1963. This stability prevails for almost all of the major component industries.

In trade the stock-sales ratio of durable goods firms has declined steadily in the current recovery. Stocks are

#### MANUFACTURING AND TRADE STOCK-SALES RATIOS

Stock-Sales Ratios Have Generally Declined Throughout the Current Recovery in Contrast With Experience in Earlier Cyclical Advances

Manufacturers' Expectations Imply Moderately Higher Ratios in First Half of 1963

#### DURABLE GOODS Index Index 105 105 100 100 1961 - 63 1954 - 56 95 95 90 90 Jan. 1963 1958 - 60 85 85 O Anticipated 80 2 3 4 5 2 3 5 Quarters After Trough Quarters After Trough NONDURABLE GOODS 105 105 Jan. 1963 100 100 ·\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* 95 95 90 90 Anticipated 3 5 6

Note - National Bureau of Economic Research reference troughs 100 - 3rd qtr. 1954, 2nd qtr. 1958, 1st qtr. 1961. U.S. Department of Commerce. Office of Business Economics

Seasonally Adjusted

Table 2.—Manufacturers' Evaluation of the Condition of Their Inventories 1

		Total			Durable		Nondurable				
	High	About right	Low	High	About right	Low	High	About right	Low		
March 31, 1959 June 30, 1959 September 30, 1959 December 31, 1959	23	76 71 71 72	6 6 11 5	20 29 21 25	75 64 64 68	5 7 15 7	14 14 14 20	80 80 81 78	6 6 5 2		
March 31, 1960 June 30, 1960 September 30, 1960 December 31, 1960	35	67 63 70 71	2 2 1 1	39 42 36 32	60 57 63 67	1 1 1 1	20 26 20 22	77 71 78 77	3 3 2 1		
March 31, 1961 June 30, 1961 September 30, 1961 December 31, 1961	18	77 81 86 86	$\begin{array}{c}1\\1\\2\\2\end{array}$	24 19 13 13	75 80 85 85	$\begin{array}{c}1\\1\\2\\2\end{array}$	19 16 10 11	80 82 87 86	1 2 3 3		
March 31, 1962	14	82 85 83 84	$\begin{array}{c} 2 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{array}$	21 18 18 17	78 81 81 82	1 1 1 1	9 9 11 11	89 89 86 86	2 2 3 3		

<sup>1.</sup> Condition of actual inventories relative to sales and unfilled orders position as viewed by reporting companies. Percent distribution of inventory book values according to company's classification of inventory condition,

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

now about 1.7 times sales, a ratio similar to that of the 1955–56 upswing after seven quarters of recovery but below that of similar periods in the other postwar expansions. Stocks of appliance-furniture and lumber-hardware stores are now low relative to sales by earlier postwar standards, while automotive dealers' stock-sales ratios are about the same as in 1962 but lower than experienced in other years since the introduction of the compacts.

below a year ago, and about the lowest since the early postwar period. General merchandise stocks are especially low relative to sales, while the ratios for

goods distributors (both wholesalers

and retailers) changed little in 1961 and

the first half of 1962 and subsequently

declined to 1 month of sales. Retailers

in particular have been showing evi-

dence of a conservative inventory policy.

The current stock-sales ratio is well

food and apparel stores are somewhat

The stock-sales ratio of nondurable

# **Housing Activity in Early 1963**

low.

(Continued from page 3)

still showing of comparatively little change, which is not expected to pick up for another few years.

# Income and other factors

The slowdown in the growth in income, as compared with the early postwar years, may also be favoring the multifamily advance. Average cost per housing unit, after allowing for price rise, has been going up over the years as a reflection of the higher quality housing accommodations desired by consumers with rising incomes. As the growth in income has slowed, this upward trend toward improved quality has similarly diminished, showing up as a shift

toward smaller, less costly housing accommodations. Thus, from 1959 to 1962, unit costs for single-family and multifamily units have each advanced about 7 to 9 percent respectively but the combined cost per unit is up only 1 percent over this period.

Moreover, with the virtual disappearance of the inflationary pressures of the earlier postwar years, there may be more uncertainty attached to new home buying than before. As long as prices were moving strongly upward, the new house purchaser could be assured of recapturing his equity plus some capital gain on a resale, so that the means of financing a higher priced home was, in a sense, automatically insured.

#### Vacancies a little lower

There is no evidence from surveys by the Census Bureau to indicate any considerable increase in vacancies in the past 2 years despite the large volume of multifamily construction in the recent past. In fact, vacancies for all types of rental units (single-family included) were actually a bit lower in 1962 than in 1961, as may be seen in table 2.

Some decline in vacancies appears to have started in the summer of 1961, or very shortly after the time that the recent housing advance was getting underway. Not much change has occurred, however, since the latter part of last year.

# Financing continues favorable for housing

Financing conditions remain relatively favorable for housing even though demographic and income effects are less favorable to single-family homes. With private fixed investment demand continuing sluggish, business inventory demand of small magnitude, and business in a highly liquid condition, lenders have had ample funds available for builders and home purchasers. Long-term interest rates are still edging downward, continuing the modest decline that started in the middle of 1961 and the somewhat steeper decline that may be dated from the end of 1959.

# Capital Investment

(Continued from p. 7)

or about the same as the actual gains experienced in 1962. Last year, retail sales were better than anticipated while wholesalers' sales were slightly below expectations. Retailers' sales in the first 2 months of the year were up 7 percent over a year ago.

Electric and gas utilities are projecting less of an increase in revenues this year than the actual gain achieved last year. Revenue increases of 5 percent are looked for this year by both segments of the industry as compared to 7 percent advances from 1961 to 1962. The projected rise for 1962 as reported last March was 8 percent.

# Consumer and Business Income and Spending Patterns in the Postwar Period

CONSIDERABLE interest centers on means for lifting the economy to its full economic potential and for attaining a faster rate of growth. Current legislative proposals are designed to achieve these objectives; they involve the stimulation of the private economy by tax reductions and other incentives. Implicit in these proposals is the assumption of a fairly stable pattern of response to changes in income and demand by both consumers and businessmen for major segments of the economy, and more volatility elsewhere as in investment where we have had a relatively low volume in recent years as indicated in the plant and equipment article in this issue. Considerable independence of movement exists in parts which have to be studied in relation to other more stable functions.

Examination of the postwar experience suggests that consumers tend to spend a fairly constant proportion of the increase in their disposable income. While business investment in plant and equipment is also dependent to a degree on income flows, other factors such as changes in intrabusiness sales and sales to Government and for export, capacity utilization, profit and other expectations are also determining.

# Factors underlying buying decisions

The accompanying charts for selected parts of the economy were prepared to portray some basic relationships; they depict the degree of association which exists between consumer income and spending and business incomes, sales, and investment. Despite the significant changes in the economic, political, and international climate during the postwar period, consumer and business behavior have displayed some well-defined and stable patterns in relation to the fluctuations in total economic activity.

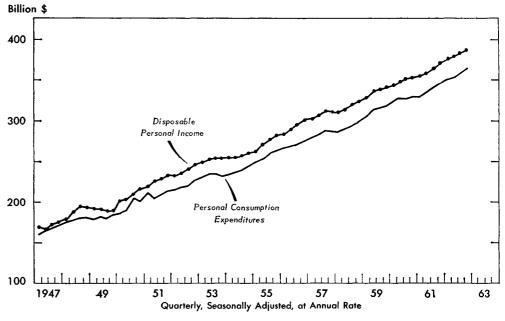
The factors which shape the course of private demand as well as total demand (GNP) are not only manifold in number but vary from period to period both in the intensity and the timing of their impact. Some of these forces exert independent influences—for example, changes in government programs, a significant part of business investment and consumer purchases of durable goods and housing—while others are induced and are affected by the general course of business.

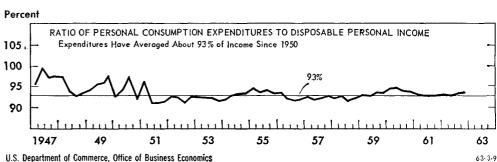
Furthermore, some of these influences are more or less interdependent—i.e., changes in one factor are related to changes in one or more of the other variables. For example, increased sales

may yield more profits, and together they may provide the motivation to expand investment outlays. Profit opportunities foreseen independently from new products and new techniques yield higher investment, higher product flows and incomes.

It is virtually impossible, on the basis of present know-how, to obtain clean-cut quantitative determinations of the separate impact on the variable being examined of each of the interrelated factors. For example, will an autonomous increase in the cash flow—i.e., income plus depreciation set-asides—tend to stimulate business in-

# CONSUMER EXPENDITURES FLUCTUATE CLOSELY WITH INCOME CHANGES





vestment? Or is a sustained rise in sales a prerequisite for investment expansion? Or is the rate of return on investment the major consideration?

The answer to these questions may be indeterminate, depending upon other circumstances such as the rate of plant utilization, the availability of workers, the degree of competition, and the stage of technological progress. Even when one has a knowledge of these other variables, the answer may still be uncertain because of the close interdependence of some of them and the difficulty in determining their separate effects on investment. The cyclical position of business clearly has some influence.

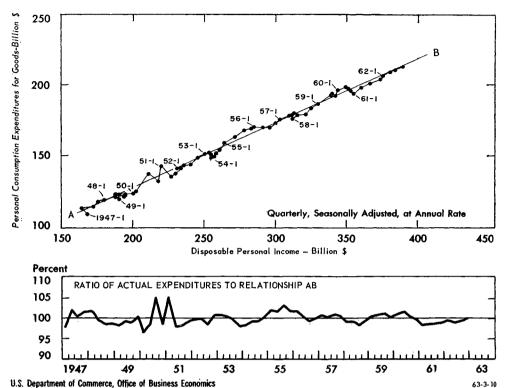
This inability to disentangle the "net" effects partly accounts for the prevalence of different viewpoints held by economists with respect to the impact of certain policy actions.

To complicate matters further, both consumers and businessmen frequently make decisions on the basis of their evaluation of the future course of the economy. At times their forecasts may turn out to be reasonably accurate, and in such cases, the expenditures made can be "explained" on the basis of changes in the basic economic factors. But if the forecasts should turn out to be in error, the actual expenditures would be out of line with those expected from a consideration of income, prices, and other relevant factors.

For example, in the latter part of 1962 corporate cash flow was rising, but at the same time businessmen could foresee no buoyancy in demand in the period ahead and viewed investment prospects as weaker than in the pre-Thus, they decided to 1957 period. slow their not-too-vigorous investment expansion. In this short-run case their analysis of future prospects proved to be accurate, but there were other favorable factors-investment credit and new depreciation guidelines which took more time to evaluate and these are probably a factor in the rising programs now foreseen.

On the other hand, following the end of the steel strike in 1959, businessmen expected substantial increases in sales in 1960 and investment was accordingly stepped up. These expectations did

# PERSONAL CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURES FOR GOODS RELATED TO DISPOSABLE PERSONAL INCOME



not materialize since demand leveled off after the first quarter of 1960, and consequently the movement of investment during that year did not conform.

#### The role of economic evaluations

The charts suggest that the factors accounting for the major portion of the fluctuations in consumer and business buying are the broad economic measures—such as changes in incomes, in new business received, in sales, and in credit availability. Decisions to enter into or to withdraw from the markets are generally made after an appraisal of present and prospective benefits to be derived from such actions based on economic evaluations.

In the case of new products, certain special considerations are brought to bear on spending decisions. Many companies and individuals invest in research and development and in supporting facilities to develop and market new products with the expectation that they will yield future profitable returns. Such risk-taking ventures result from judgments made as to the probable market response to the end product, and involve a high degree of confidence in the final outcome. The

causal or underlying forces motivating this type of spontaneous investment are difficult to measure and quantify but are fundamentally very important.

But a bunching of successful results is frequent in particular parts of the economy, as is evident now in the space programs and many other new products.

# Review of Some Major Aspects

As the charts indicate, not all of the spending by consumers and business is accounted for by fluctuations in such basic factors as income flows and demand. The fact that at times the actual expenditures show departures from the relationships involving these particular factors implies that other influences are also at work. These undoubtedly embrace measurable economic influences such as prices, costs, etc., and spontaneous decisions made apart from the dictates of the immediate economic environment.

Not only are present techniques deficient in measuring the separate effects of the "root" factors affecting consumer and business buying, but many individuals make decisions without being aware of the reasons, and

others base their actions on inadequate information, hunches, or other intangible considerations. Of course, most decisions are based on sound business sense, of which there are ample illustrations.

It must be emphasized that none of the charts portrays cause and effect association. Rather, they show relationships between the relevant immediate factors and sales or investment.

Where the degree of association has been quite close and stable over the entire postwar period, it may be assumed that there is a high probability that the indicated relationship will hold when extrapolated into the future. However, care must be taken not to rely unduly on a projection into the future from such relationships even when the association is exceptionally high, since unforseeable spontaneous decisions or events can cause a "break" in historical relation. The events during the Korean conflict provide an apt illustration of such a breakdown. In other cases there are valid reasons why the trend may not be expected to hold over an extended period.

But the following analyses are significant.

1. Consumers spend a fairly constant proportion of their after-tax incomeaveraging 93 percent in the postwar

Except for the very early postwar years and sporadically during the period of the Korean conflict, the chart shows

a remarkable constancy in aggregate consumer buying relative to disposable personal income 1 (i.e., personal income less taxes). In only a few quarterly periods since 1951 has the ratio deviated significantly from the 93 percent average, with the maximum ratio being 94 percent and the minimum 91 percent.

Cyclically low ratios generally occur in recession periods when durable goods spending is greatly reduced; high ratios occur at times when durable goods buying, particularly of autos, with the resultant borrowing, is exceptionally brisk. In strong recovery periods the ratio tends to rise above the 93 percent average. In a year like 1955 this independent spurt in durable goods buying was a major factor in the basic movement of business.

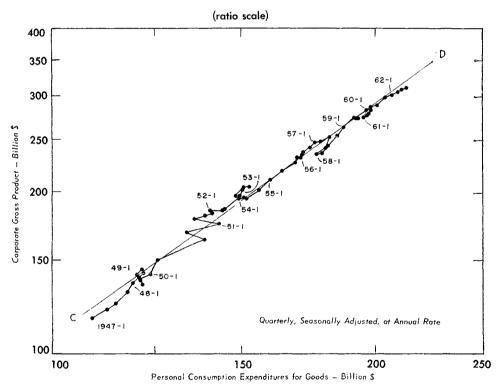
An increase in consumer spendable income is accompanied by a roughly corresponding rise in consumer buying. Thus, consumer expenditures in the first quarter of 1963 are estimated at an annual rate of about \$368 billion-93% percent of the disposable personal income—up 5 percent from a year ago. Disposable personal income increased by about the same percentage. Rising consumer expenditures have been a major source of strength in the recent economic picture.

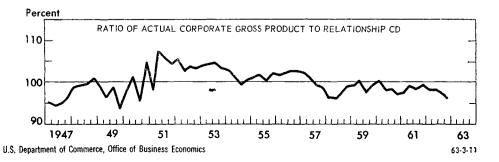
In view of the fact that consumer expenditures comprise nearly two-thirds of the GNP, the relative stability of consumer buying has been an important factor in dampening overall economic fluctuations in the postwar period. In this the greater size of the built-in income stabilizers has been a factor.

2. Consumer expenditures for goods are also closely geared to the flow of consumer spendable income, with more independence in durables.

The postwar experience suggests that nearly one-half of the increase in disposable personal income is spent for goods of all types—food, clothing, automobiles, furniture, and so on. This relation 2—as the chart shows has been remarkably stable since 1951, the maximum departure from the re-

# CORPORATE GROSS PRODUCT RELATED TO **CONSUMER GOODS EXPENDITURES**





<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The data in the accompanying chart are in current dollars, but the same constancy prevails when personal consumption expenditures and disposable personal income are

sumption expensitures and disposable personal income are expressed in real terms.

<sup>2</sup> The regression equation based on 1948-62 is as follows: Y=36+0.46X where Y is quarterly consumer goods expenditures and X is disposable personal income, in billions of dollars, seasonally adjusted, at annual rates.

gression line being about 3 percent during the splurge of auto buying in 1955.

In periods of downturn in income, spending on goods tends to fall, mostly because of sharp reductions in buying of durables which is accompanied by curtailed use of consumer credit. In the upswing, the reverse situation prevails.

It may be noted that in the recovery from each of the first three postwar recession lows—1949, 1954, and 1958—expenditures for goods returned to their long-term relationship to income within approximately a year. However, the rise from the bottom of the last recession—the first quarter of 1961—has been slow and spending has remained below the relationship since that time.

The stability in the ratio of total consumer spending to income during this period has been due to the persistent uptrend in consumer spending for services.

It is of interest to note that the present proportion of income spent for services—38½ percent is now back to where it was in 1929 after having been below this figure for a long postwar period. The failure of goods expenditures to advance adequately has contributed to the recent sluggish recovery in total economic activity and to the persistence of the relatively high rate of unemployment.

As a general rule, however, an increase in spendable income is translated into a proportionate rise in purchases of goods.

3. Increased consumer expenditures for goods are accompanied by a proportionate rise in corporate gross product.

Corporate gross product represents income originating in corporations (compensation of employees, corporate profits, and net interest) plus corporate indirect business taxes and capital consumption allowances. Corporate gross product is virtually proportional to corporate sales—which include in addition to the gross product the value of intermediate purchases by corporations.

The accompanying chart shows that corporate gross product (and also corporate sales) tends to move along with changes in consumer expenditures for goods. The relationship indicates that during the postwar period a rise

of, say, 10 percent in consumer expenditures for goods was accompanied on the average by a rise of about 15 percent in corporate gross product.<sup>3</sup> Corporations obviously are the source of a large part of the goods which consumers buy. The analysis suggests that sales of corporations to business are also somewhat correlated with the value of goods which consumers buy, but investment, government, and export buying are likewise important.

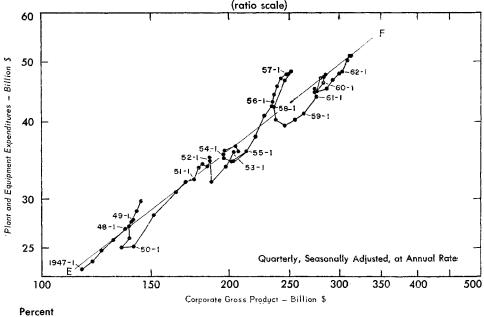
In certain periods there are significant deviations from the relationship. The lower panel shows the percentage variations from the line of relationship for the quarterly periods portrayed in the upper panel. The maximum variation since 1950 has been +8 percent in the second quarter of 1951 and, on the other side, -4 percent in the second quarter of 1958. Deviations are relatively large: (1) during the period of the Korean conflict when a large part of corporate business was devoted to

producing Government war materiel, and (2) around the low points of recession periods when corporate sales of durable equipment to businesses drop very sharply and consumers buy less durable goods. However, as would be expected, the chart indicates unmistakably that there is a definite association between consumer goods expenditures and corporate output or sales.

4. Plant and equipment expenditures are in large part dependent upon the volume of corporate gross product or sales, but to an important extent are a function of exogonous factors—importantly independent investment.

Throughout the postwar period there has been a general tendency for total plant and equipment expenditures (GNP basis) to reflect changes in corporate gross product.<sup>4</sup> On the average, a 10-percent rise in corporate gross product has tended to be accomplished by about

# PLANT AND EQUIPMENT EXPENDITURES RELATED TO CORPORATE GROSS PRODUCT



120 RATIO OF ACTUAL PLANT AND EQUIPMENT EXPENDITURES TO RELATIONSHIP EF

100

80

1947 49 51 53 55 57 59 61 63

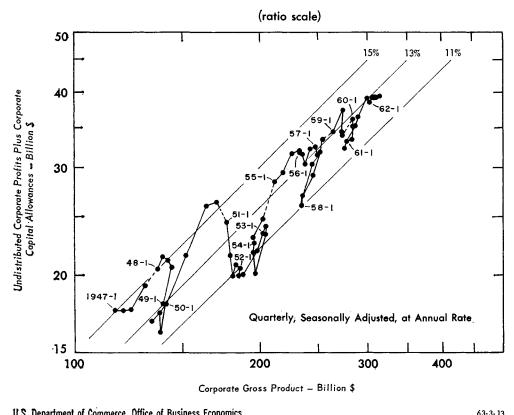
U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

63-3-12

 $<sup>^3</sup>$  The regression equation based on 1947-62 is: Y=0.12 X1.47 where Y is quarterly corporate gross product and X is consumer goods expenditures in billions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Total plant and equipment expenditures are closely related to corporate purchases of plant and equipment, so that the general relation is also valid between corporate plant and equipment and corporate gross product. Also, corporate gross product is closely correlated with total GNP so that a similar relation exists between plant and equipment expenditures and total GNP.

# UNDISTRIBUTED CORPORATE PROFITS PLUS CAPITAL CONSUMPTION ALLOWANCES RELATED TO CORPORATE GROSS PRODUCT



U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

an 8 percent rise in business fixed investment.5

The significance of this chart lies in the fact that here the deviations from the line of relationship are much larger than in the correlations presented Obviously there are other factors—autonomous and induced which influence the course of fixed investment-again space programs may be noted along with such products as jet aircraft.

Of particular interest is the pattern shown for the last 7 years. The deviations were exceptionally large in 1956 and 1957 when fixed investment was 9 percent and 11 percent, respectively, above the relationship line. The "bunching" of investment outlays in these 2 years resulted in part from tax incentives and the modification in depreciation charges permitted in the 1954 tax legislation. Also contributing to the investment boom was the rise in demand following the recovery from the

recession low of 1954. Undoubtedly other factors were effective in this period, particularly the generally high rate of industrial operations and the heavy investment for the "new look" autos. The result of the large investment outlays in 1956 and 1957 was to greatly enlarge the capacity to produce.

Since 1957, plant and equipment expenditures have been low relative to the longer term relationship, reflecting not only a deficiency of demand (consumer goods expenditures discussed previously) but also the existence of excess capacity relative to demand. Because of the latter factor, plant and equipment expenditures have risen by inadequate amounts in recent years, and this has been a major factor in the sluggish growth in total GNP. Profit margins have been lowered and this has also been an adverse factor in the investment market.

5. Corporate profits lag behind rise in corporate gross product.

Over the postwar period, corporate profits have increased relatively less

than corporate gross output. With tax liabilities doubling, after-tax profits have risen a little more than one-fourth while corporate gross product has more than doubled. The increase in dividend disbursements has generally paralleled the rise in total output, and, consequently, retained earnings are currently somewhat below their immediate postwar level. Corporate capital consumption allowances have risen 2½ times since 1948.6

6. Corporate earnings and depreciation allowances in the long run tend to move with corporate gross product, but there are independent variables.

Corporate retained earnings plus capital consumption allowances since 1948 (about 90 percent of which represents depreciation charges) has tended to move upward with corporate output or sales. The correlation, however, is not especially close, particularly in the period prior to 1955.

In general, retained earnings plus capital consumption allowances of corporations has tended to comprise 13 percent of the corporate gross product. Except for the recession lows of 1958 and 1961, this proportion has been remarkably stable since 1954. Marked departures are apparent during the period of the Korean conflict and in the 1949 recession quarters.

It is worthy of note that retained earnings plus capital consumption allowances were relatively high during the past year, and yet plant and equipment expenditures have tended to ease off a bit since last fall. Since this "cash flow" and plant and equipment expenditures are each related to corporate gross product, there is an implication that both "cash flow" and corporate gross product interact on business fixed investment.

Apparently, at times an increase in neither "cash flow" nor corporate gross product nor both are sufficient conditions to induce a large expansion in investment; other factors must also be favorable. The two parts of the flowprofits and depreciation—are not looked upon by business in exactly the same light.

 $<sup>^5</sup>$  The regression equation based on 1947-62 is: Y=0.55  $X^{0.79}$ , where Y is the quarterly plant and equipment expenditures (GNP basis) and X is corporate gross product, in Digitized for FRMRions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> A full discussion of the relationship between changes it profits and output is contained in "Corporate Profits and National Output," in the November 1962 Survey.

7. Corporate capital consumption allowances and dividend payments have moved upward in the postwar period; corporate retained earnings have declined continually relative to corporate gross product.

The wide fluctuations in corporate cash flow (usually defined as corporate profits after taxes plus capital consumption allowances) over the postwar period reflect the movement of corporate retained earnings which were relatively high in the early postwar period. Dividend payments have shown a steady upward tendency over the postwar period, increasing an average of \$0.6 billion per year; capital consumption allowances have been moving strongly upward, averaging \$1.6 billion increase per year.

In contrast, the lower panel of the chart shows that in relation to corporate gross product, corporate retained earnings have drifted downward by reason of the dividend flow and the fact that the profit trend has been dampened.

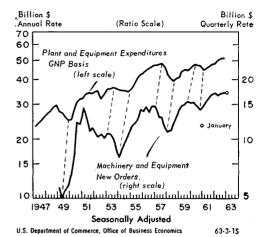
In the 1947–48 period these represented about 10 percent of corporate gross product; by 1952 the ratio dropped to 4½ percent; in 1959 it was 4 percent; and last year less than 3½ percent. In the downturn of each of the postwar recessions, retained earnings took the full impact of lowered profits and dropped very sharply relative to corporate gross product; in each subsequent cyclical recovery a sharp rise occurred, although usually not recovering to the prior peak levels.

8. New orders received by machinery and equipment companies is an indicator of the short-term movement of plant and equipment expenditures.

The final chart shows the relatively close parallelism between equipment orders placed and business fixed investment. However, over the postwar period plant and equipment expenditures have lagged new orders by about 6 months. Six months after a turning point in new orders, plant and equipment expenditures generally turn.

This lag is inherent in the time re-

# PLANT AND EQUIPMENT EXPENDITURES LAG MACHINERY ORDERS BY 6 MONTHS

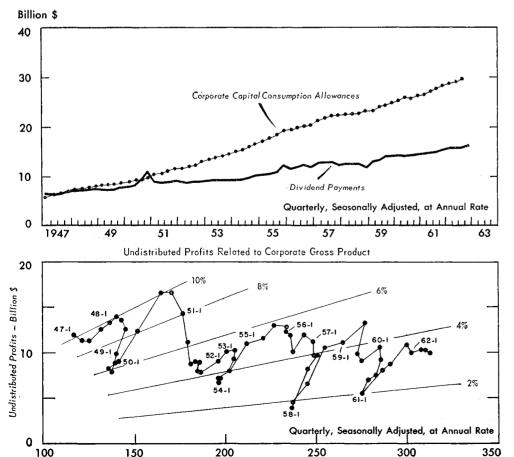


quired to produce the equipment after an order is placed. In the last 9 months there has been some levelling off tendency in new orders placed with machinery companies. This would indicate a levelling off in plant and equipment spending in the most recent period. The survey reporting these expenditures elsewhere in this issue of the Survey seems to confirm this development.

Both machinery orders and plant and equipment expenditures appear to be affected somewhat by business inventory decisions—i.e., when businessmen decide to hold inventories low relative to sales, machinery business is also affected to some degree. Thus, the levelling off tendency in inventories since last spring may also be a factor in the current outlays for plant and equipment. Inventories appear to be now headed upward according to the survey detailed on page 8

survey detailed on page 8. Summary: This series of charts suggests that a basic and persistent factor in stimulating business investment is the demand for goods. Such demand is in turn mainly determined by the flow of income. A significant amount of the total variation in plant and equipment expenditures, however. is not accounted for by the income and demand factors. At times other factors—spontaneous and induced—are important in shaping the course of these outlays. It is clear from our past experience that strong investment is an essential element of a high growth rate. The prospective trend of investment is, therefore, an important consideration in evaluating the near-term economic outlook.

# CORPORATE CASH FLOW



Corporate Gross Product - Billion \$

Digitized for FRASER U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics http://fraser.stiouisted.org/

Federal Re558N<del>e Bank of</del> St. Louis

63-3-14

# The Balance of International Payments in the Fourth Quarter and Year of 1962

THE international transactions of the United States in the fourth quarter of 1962 resulted in an adverse balance of \$691 million. Adjustments of the various transactions for seasonal variations would raise that balance by about \$100 million to nearly \$800 million.

Gold and convertible currency holdings of the monetary authorities declined by \$375 million (of which \$24 million was in gold and \$351 million in convertible currencies) and liquid-dollar holdings of foreign countries and international organizations increased by \$316 million.

The seasonally adjusted balance for the fourth quarter was about \$100 million higher than that for the third quarter. It was considerably better, however, than the extraordinarily high net payments balance in the last quarter of 1961.

For the year 1962 as a whole, the corresponding measures indicate a net payments balance of about \$2.2 billion, compared with the \$2.4 billion balance in 1961 and \$3.9 billion in 1960.

# Major Factors Affecting the Balance

Several major changes took place in the foreign transactions during the December quarter of last year, but partly with offsetting effects on the balance. The following tabulation provides a summary of these changes from the previous quarter, after adjustments for seasonal variations.

Among the changes having a favorable effect on the balance, the largest amount was in nonliquid U.S. Government liabilities, with net credits rising from \$160 million in the third quarter Digitized for FRASER million in the fourth, and in

private investment income which increased by about \$140 million.

On the negative side was a slight decline in the trade balance, an increase in Government grants and capital outflows, a major decline in advance receipts of foreign debt repayments, and a rise in net payments on unrecorded transactions.

Major developments during the quarter affecting the international transactions were the continued rise in Canadian reserves in response to the change in the exchange rate of the Canadian dollar to a lower and fixed rate and to the various measures taken by the Canadian Government at the end of last June to strengthen the Canadian reserves. In the fourth quarter the Canadian Government also borrowed from U.S. insurance companies \$250 million, half of which was transferred in that period and the other half in January.

[Millions of dollars; sign indicates effect on overall balance] Merchandise:

Imports	3 6
Balance	-73
Income on private investments.  Government grants and capital outflows.  Advance repayments on Government loans.  Government nonliquid liabilities.  All other transactions.	$     \begin{array}{r}       -82 \\       -366 \\       +360     \end{array} $
Unrecorded transactions	-134
Total balance	110

Other important developments were the strikes in the shipping industry in early October and late December, and the Cuban crisis in October.

Based on data of the share of transactions between the United States and Canada in total foreign transactions of Canada, and applying that ratio of about two-thirds to the changes in Canadian reserves, it would appear that in the first two quarters of the year our balance may have been improved

by the Canadian developments by about \$600 million. In the last two quarters the balance may have been affected adversely by about \$750 million, of which \$400 million would have occurred in the third quarter, and \$350 million in the fourth. Included in the latter amount is the loan of \$125 million mentioned above.

The effects of the shipping strikes appear to have been a forward shift in exports from October to September of about \$200 million, resulting in a corresponding shortfall in October which appears to have been nearly compensated, however, by a speed up of shipments in December.

The forward shift of imports from October to September was probably much smaller, and the smaller speed up in imports during the early part of December is likely to have been more or less compensated by the delay resulting from the strike in the last week of the month.

For the year as a whole, the net effects on the overall balance of the Canadian exchange crisis and of the shipping strike may more or less have canceled out.

The rise in Government nonliquid liabilities reflects the sale of non-marketable Government obligations of \$250 million, the firm commitments of foreign funds for military purchases, and the net transfer of noninterest bearing, nenmarketable securities to certain international aid organizations as part of our capital subscriptions pending their need for cash funds. Some of these transactions together with receipts from advance debt repayments have reduced by significant amounts the liquid dollar holdings of countries whose net dollar receipts or

http://fraser.stlouisfed. 18g/
Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis

holdings exceeded their requirements. By absorbing a part of their excess dollar reserves the potential demand of these countries for gold was also reduced.

## Major changes in balances with separate areas

With reservations with regard to still missing information and the effects of the shipping strikes, several observations may be made: The balance on recorded U.S. transactions with Western Europe improved from net debits of \$410 million in the second half of 1961 to net debits of \$165 million in the second half of 1962, omitting all advance debt repayments and changes in nonliquid Government liabilities. The improvement in the balance on goods and services was relatively small, and can be accounted for by favorable changes in the balance on military transactions. The change in the net flow of private capital, however, amounted to about \$240 million.

Direct investments in the second half of 1962 were about \$330 million, or about \$125 million less than in the second half of 1961. This decline contrasts with the experience during the first half of 1962, when direct investments were about \$220 million higher than a vear earlier. Capital movements through direct investments are often quite erratic, which makes it difficult to recognize changes in cyclical movements or in longer run trends, and the recent decline consequently cannot yet be considered to be a reliable indicator that the peak in such outflows has been passed.

The figures also indicate a substantial shift in our balance with Latin America from net payments of about \$230 million in the last quarter of 1961 to less than \$30 million in the last quarter of 1962. This shift parallels an even larger one in the third quarter and thus seems to have been more than a temporary development.

In both the third and fourth quarters the improvement in the balance appears to have been due to lower outflows of capital, both private and Government, more than offsetting a decline in the net credit balance on goods

Table 1.—Analysis of U.S. Balance of Payments, Seasonally Adjusted, Excluding Military Grant Aid

(Millions of dollars)													
	Calend	lar year		19	961			19	62				
	1961	1962	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV			
Transactions other than changes in official monetary assets and in liquid liabilities													
U.S. payments (debits) recorded Imports:	31, 805	33, 245	7,690	7,411	8,082	8, 622	8, 271	8,092	8, 428	8, 454			
Merchandise Military expenditures	14, 514 2, 947	16, 193 3, 006	3, 369 770	3, 417 756	3, 840 699	3, 888 722	3, 933 752	4, 045 746	4, 164 730	4, 051 778			
Other services	5, 462 878	5, 800 924	1,309 221	1, 337 221	1,388 216	1, 428 220	1, 361 233	1,445 222	1, 484 225	1, 510 244			
flows	4,051	4, 271	962	804	1,094	1, 191	1, 035	1,028	1,063	1, 145			
Dollar payments to foreign countries	2,849	3, 135	658	551	790	850	755	778	802	800			
und international institutions U.S. private capital	1, 202 3, 953	1, 136 3, 051	304 1,059	253 876	304 845	1, 173	280 957	250 606	261 762	345 726			
Direct investments Long-term portfolio Short-term	1, 475 1, 006 1, 472	1, 377 1, 207 467	457 120 482	269 218 389	429 194 222	320 474 379	231 402 324	401 299 -94	413 161 188	332 345 49			
U.S. receipts (credits) recorded Exports:	30,073	32,064	7,400	7, 930	6, 976	7,767	7,686	8,022	8, 153	8, 203			
Merchandise	19, 915	20, 566	5,061	4, 768	4, 940	5, 146	5,072	5, 340	5, 170	4, 984			
and capital	2, 183 406	2, 286 638	559 71	<i>435</i> 150	<i>594</i> 88	595 97	570 96	523 228	598 126	595 188			
Income on investments, private Income on investments, Govern- ment	<b>3</b> , 303	3,711	847 94	768 120	796 70	892 95	917 109	917 141	868 109	1,009 112			
Miscellaneous services	4,063	471 4, 428	996	1,022	997	1,048	1,061	1, 131	1, 113	1, 123			
Repayments on U.S. Government loans: Scheduled	605	609	133	222	81	169	141	148	139	181			
Advance 1  Foreign capital other than liquid	669	666	100	629		40		76	473	117			
funds: Private liabilities Government liabilities	645 88	132 843	198 (x)	280 -29	7 -3	160 120	166 124	2 39	5 160	-31 520			
Excess of recorded receipts (credits) or	-1,732	-1, 181	-290	519	-1, 106	<b>—855</b>	<b>-585</b>	-70	-275	-251			
payments (debits) (-)	4, 265	3, 891	1,400	1,097	748	1,020	976	1, 299	783	833			
On Government grants and capital assetsOn Government nonliquid liabilities	-2,777	-2,996 $843$	-829 (x)	47 -29	-1,013 -3	-982 120	-894 124	-804 39	-451 160	-847 520			
On private direct and long-term portfolio investment	-2,015	-2,338	-455	-286	-603	-671	-473	-615	-595	-655			
On private short-term investments  Unrecorded transactions (net)	-1, 293 -628	-581 -1,000	-406 -52	-310 -360	-235 193	-342 -409	-318 90	11 -144	-172 -406	-102 -540			
Total net receipts (+) or payments													
<ul> <li>(—) equals changes in official mone- tary assets and in liquid liabilities (increase in net liquid assets (+),</li> </ul>													
decrease (-))	-2, 360	-2, 181	-342	159	-913	-1,264	-495	-214	-681	-791			
Changes in gold and convertible cur-					Quarter	s not seas	sonally a	djusted		· -			
rency holdings of U.S. monetary authorities and in liquid liabilities 2	2,360	2, 181	331	-72	912	1, 189	473	324	693	691			
Gold (sales +, purchases -)	857	890	371	-170	146	510	303	117	446	24			
Convertible currencies (purchases (-))  Liquid liabilities, total (decrease	-115	17	-25	-160	124	-54	-114	-324	104	351			
(-))	1,618	1, 274	-15	258	642	733	284	531	143	316			
By foreign holders:  Monetary authorities and institu-	542	1,071	69	-307	417	363	-416	506	601	380			
tions International Monetary Fund Foreign central banks and govern-	-135	626	25	11	-483	312	237	44	331	14			
ments, total As reported by U.S. banks Other	677 723 -46	1, 044 -599	44 45 -1	$     \begin{array}{r}       -318 \\       -250 \\       -68     \end{array} $	900 902 -2	51 26 25	-653 -472 -181	462 737 -275	270 412 -142	366 367 -1			
Foreign commercial banksOther international and regional	595	-148	-19	414	141	59	441	-243	-214	-132			
institutionsOther foreigners and undetermined	400 81	215 136	-117	29 122	81 3	238 73	215 44	$\frac{-3}{271}$	-107 -137	110 -42			
By types of liabilities: Deposits in U.S. banks	1, 192	-73	96	541	526	29	152	70	-642	347			
U.S. Government obligations: Bills and certificates 3	-208	2, 443	-155	-293	-58	298	474	706	1, 102	161			
Bonds and notes Other	513 -60	-728 -460	206 8	-94 -22	203 -28	198 -2	-283 -115	-213 -115	-193 -115	-39 -115			
Bankers acceptances, commercial paper, etc.	147	98	-150	80	56	161	23	90	-86	71			
Liabilities payable in foreign cur- rencies Other liabilities		-7	-2	46	-57	50	33	-7	77	-110			
Other liabilities	-3	1		(z)	(2)	-1	(2)	(*)	(z)	1			

Less than \$500 000.

Less than \$000,000.
 Excludes minor variations in payments from the contractual due dates.
 Corresponds to line 48 in Balance of Payments table, p. 22.
 Includes non-interest bearing notes held by the International Monetary Fund.

Table 2.—U.S. Balance of Payments by Major Components, Seasonally Adjusted
[Millions of dollars]

	Calend	ar year		19	61			196	52	
	1961	1962	I	II	ш	IV	I	п	m	IV »
Goods and Services, Government Assistance and Long-Term Cap- ital Accounts <sup>2</sup>										
A. 1. Nonmilitary merchandise exports  2. Less those financed by Gov-	19, 915	20, 566	5, 061	4, 768	4, 940	5, 146	5, 072	5, 340	5, 170	4, 984
ernment grants and cap- ital	2, 183	2, 286	559	435	594	595	570	523	598	595
than those financed by Gov- ernment grants and capital. 4. Nonmilitary merchandise im-	17, 732 -14, 514	18, 280 -16, 193	4, 502 -3, 369	4, 333 -3, 417	4, 346 -3, 840	4, 551 -3, 888	4, 502 -3, 933	4, 817 -4, 045	4, 572 -4, 164	4, 389 -4, 051
5. Balance on trade excluding exports financed by Govern-	3, 218	2,087	1, 133	916	506	663	569	772	408	338
6. Nonmilitary service exports	7, 745	8, 610	1, 133	1, 910	1, 863	2, 035	2, 087	2, 189	2,090	2, 244
ital	391	512	86	92	105	108	126	136	131	119
ment grants and capital 9. Nonmilitary service imports	7, 354 5, 462	8, 098 -5, 800	1, 851 -1, 309	1, 818 -1, 337	$ \begin{array}{r} 1,758 \\ -1,388 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c} 1,927 \\ -1,428 \end{array} $	$^{1,961}_{-1,361}$	2, 053 -1, 445	1, 959 -1, 484	2, 125 -1, 510
Balance on services other than those rendered under Gov- ernment grants and capital	1,892	2, 298	542	481	370	499	600	608	475	615
11. Balance	5, 110	4, 385	1,675	1, 397	876	1, 162	1, 169	1, 380	883	953
B. Other major transactions:  1. Military expenditures	-2, 947 407	-3,006 1,094	-770 67	-756 122	-699 86	-722 132	-752 221	-746 241	-730 241	-778 391
eign countries and interna- tional institutions	-1, 202	-1, 136	-304	-253	-304	-341	-280	-250	-261	-345
ment loans, excluding fund- ings by new loans	1, 199	1, 170	123	828	59	189	107	196	588	279
folio investments abroad  6. Foreign direct and long-term portfolio investments in the	-2, 481	-2, 584	-577	-487	-623	-794	-633	-700	-574	-677
United States	466 -878	-924	$-\frac{122}{-221}$	201 -221	$-20 \\ -216$	123 -220	-233	85 -222	$ \begin{array}{c c} -21 \\ -225 \end{array} $	-244
bilities 3  9. Balance	-2 $-5,438$	248 -4,892	1 -1,559	-2 $-568$	-1 -1,678	(x) -1,633	$\begin{vmatrix} (z) \\ -1,410 \end{vmatrix}$	-3 -1,399	1 -981	250 1, 102
C. Balance on Goods and Services, Government assistance & long-term capital account.	-328	-507	116	829	-802	-471	-241	19	-98	- 149
D. Recorded U.S. private short- term capital outflow less foreign short-term credits to the United States (exclud- ing foreign liquid dollar	1 404	274	400	910	-304	204				
holdings)  E. Unrecorded transactions	-1, 404 -628	-674 -1,000	-406 -52	-310 -360	193	-384 -409	90	-51 -144	-177 -406	-102 $-540$
F. 1. Overall balance, seasonally adjusted	-2,360	-2, 181	-342 -11	159 87	-913 -1	-1, 264 -75	-495 -22	-214 110	-681 12	-791
G. 1. Overall balance, actual (not seasonally adjusted)4	-2,360	-2, 181	-331	72	-912	-1, 189	-22 -473	-324	-693	-100 -691
2. Equals: Changes in liquid liabilities to foreign private holders including banks and nonmonetary international and re-			-							
gional institutions (increase –).  3. Plus: Changes of holdings of gold and convertible currencies by U.S. mon-	-1,076	-203	84	-565	-225	-370	-700	-25	458	64
etary authorities (decrease —) and changes in U.S. liquid liabilities to foreign and in-										
ternational mon- etary authorities (increase —)	-1, 284	-1, 978	-415	637	-687	-819	227	-299	-1, 151	-75

Preliminary. 2 Less than \$500,000.

The balance with the countries included under "all other countries," comprising mostly Asia and Africa, also improved slightly from a year earlier, with the changes in the third and fourth quarters moving parallel. Here too private capital outflows seem to have been the primary factor in the change while the improvement in the balance on goods and services in the third quarter was not repeated in the fourth.

The adverse changes in our balance were mainly in our recorded transactions with Canada, amounting to \$220 million in the fourth quarter, and over \$40 million in the third, and in our transactions with international organizations. These organizations may be considered a channel for funds going essentially to the less-developed countries, so that the increase in the net outflow of funds in their direction may be related to the rise in the improvement in our balance with these countries themselves.

For the long-run evaluation of the balance of payments, the changes in the balance with the countries of Western Europe are perhaps most significant. The balance with Western Europe seemed to have improved in the second half of last year, but so far the improvement is still too small to qualify already as proof that a turn in the balance of payments situation has occurred. It remains to be seen whether more complete data will confirm the favorable impression made by the figures now available, and whether the improvement will continue in subsequent periods.

# Merchandise Exports

The decline in merchandise exports to a seasonally adjusted annual rate of \$19.9 billion in the fourth quarter of 1962 from \$20.7 billion in the previous quarter appears to have been due mainly to uncertainties and distortions caused by the shipping strikes in effect on the East and Gulf Coasts from October 1–4 and December 24–January 26. After adjustment is made for such distortions, it appears that exports in both the third and fourth quarters were relatively unchanged at a seasonally adjusted annual rate of around \$20 billion. For the year as a whole

<sup>1</sup> Excludes military transfers under grants.

<sup>2</sup> Short-term capital movements between parent companies and their foreign affiliates are reported as part of direct investment.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Excludes liabilities associated with military transactions and Government assistance operations.

<sup>4</sup> Increase in U.S. liabilities and sales of gold (-), line 48, table 4.

exports excluding military shipments were about \$20.6 billion, up \$650 million from 1961.

On a seasonally adjusted basis, but without allowance for the shipping strikes, exports to most major overseas destinations declined somewhat in the fourth quarter. In contrast, exports to Canada, which were relatively unaffected by the strike, edged slightly higher than in July-September.

Well over half of the decline in seasonally adjusted exports during the fourth quarter was centered in agricultural items, particularly unmanufactured cotton.

The pattern of nonagricultural exports during October–December was little changed from earlier in the year. Exports of finished manufactures dipped very moderately to a seasonally adjusted annual rate of \$11.9 billion, after having remained relatively stable at \$12.2 billion in the previous two quarters. Nonagricultural crude materials and semimanufactures resumed the decline which had been briefly reversed during the third quarter.

Exports of machinery which account for over 40 percent of total exports of finished manufactures had reached a record of \$5 billion at a seasonally adjusted annual rate in the second quarter and continued at about that level during the remainder of the year. Commercial (non-Government) exports of "special category" goods (predominantly military end-use items) likewise remained almost unchanged from the third to the fourth quarter at an annual rate of about \$1 billion.

Reflecting largely the adverse effects of the Canadian surcharges which had become effective in mid-1962, and perhaps also of the devaluation of the Canadian dollar, our exports of nonfood consumer goods in the fourth quarter of 1962 fell below those of a year ago. The decline in this category of exports, however, was largely offset by an increase in exports of auto parts for assembly which in October–December 1962 rose to a new seasonally adjusted high.

The decline in exports to Western Europe in October-December was mainly the result of lower shipments of agricultural commodities. Our ag-

gregate exports of nonmilitary goods, excluding agricultural products, to that area have remained virtually unchanged (about \$4.1 billion at a seasonally adjusted annual rate) since the spring quarter.

Though machinery exports stopped rising after mid-year 1962, they were well maintained during the third and fourth quarters. Since to some extent such exports may represent deliveries on long-lead orders, it is difficult to determine to what extent they will be affected by the current slowdown of European investment demand.

After having recovered very moderately in July-September, total exports to Japan fell back in October-December to the low rate of the second quarter. Agricultural exports were relatively high, but our nonagricultural exports slipped to a low for the year as deliveries of aircraft declined by \$10 million from the third quarter; other nonagricultural exports were about stable since the second quarter of the year.

Exports to Latin America in October–December 1962 fell to the lowest quarterly seasonally adjusted rate in 9 years as shipments to Argentina and Colombia underwent major declines and—with the exception of India—those to other less-developed countries also declined.

## Merchandise imports

The recorded import total for the last quarter of 1962 showed a mild reversal in the previously uninterrupted series of quarterly advances since early 1961. It should be recalled, however, that imports in the July-September quarter had been inflated by heavy September arrivals in anticipation of the expected October 1 dock strike, while October imports underwent a contrary Considering these shifts, reaction. therefore, it is probable that the moderate import decline of 2½ percent—about \$115 million—between the third and fourth quarters of 1962 actually reflected little change in total import demand.

Table 3.-U.S. Short-Term Private Capital, 1960-62, by Country and Type

[Millions of dollars] Changes (decreases (-)) Amount outstand-1961 1962 ing at end of 1962 Calendar year 1960 1961 Ш IV1 П Total reported by U.S. banks 1 .... 990 1,063 278 547 170 -90296 5,036 -98Major financial centers, total... 169 127 1, 109 305 -33-143 141 -4817 United Kingdom. EEC and Switzerland. Canada 12 -3 8 124 -21 -28 -10785 46  $-\frac{50}{3}$ By type:
Commercial and financial
claims payable in dollars...
Foreign currency deposits
and claims.... 78 101 36 -6 12 -137 31 91 705 51 227 115 68 --69 --41 -99 -6-14 50 404 894 639 120 420 157 153 110 3, 927 Other countries, total -107 155 -20 29 36 -47 -50 -10 21 104 30  $\frac{482}{176}$  $\frac{16}{72}$ 249 1, 732 1, 544 Latin American Republics\_\_\_ -40-30By type: Commercial and financial claims payable in dollars...

Foreign currency deposits and claims.... 650 878 305 43 393 228 38 -112151 3,853 35 16 6 5 27 -10 7 5 4 74 Total reported by non-financial 351 372 2 227 116 -20 137 -3 162 2-69 na 338 2 186 113 -22 143 2-48 Major financial centers, total. 35 na  $-37 \\ -20 \\ 92$  $-29 \\ -29 \\ 15 \\ -8$ 67 -23 99 United Kingdom.....EEC and Switzerland..... -74 76 336 50 67 <sup>2</sup> 180 -43na Claims payable in dollars.... Foreign currency deposits 161 357 50 36 96 -11 62na na na Foreign currency and claims..... 138 -19 -15 -29 17 -11 81 na na na 52 34 <sup>2</sup> 41 81 -2724 19 19 2-21 Other countries, total Claims payable in dollars 51 3 na 60 **-3**5 23 1 20 na na oreign currency deposits and claims 31 21 18 na na

na. Not available.

1 Excludes Exchange Stabilization Fund holdings.

Fourth quarter 1962 estimated on the basis of partial preliminary reports.

#### Table 4.—United States Balance of Payments by Area—

	[Millions of dollars]  All areas Western Europe Eastern Europe																					
					All ar	eas					Wes	stern	Europe			Eastern Europe						
Line	Type of transaction		1961				1962				1961			1962			1961			1962		
		Year	ш	IV.	Year	I	11	m,	IV r	Year	Ш	IV	Year	ш	IV Þ	Year	111	IV	Year	ш,	IV »	
1	Exports of goods and services	29, 531	6, 903	7, 989	na	7,378	8, 504	7, 358	na	9, 973	2, 201	2,840	na	2, 480	na	163	23	19	161	30	25	
2	Goods and services transferred under military grants, net	1, 465	247	351	na	383	623	215	na	611	84	154	na	106	na							
3	Goods and services excluding transfers under military grants Merchandise, adjusted, excluding mili-	28, 066	6, 656	7, 638 5, 308	29, 814 20, 566	6, 995	7, 881 5, 497		7,795	9, 362	2, 117			2, 374 1, 661		163	i		161	30	<b>2</b> 5	
5 6	taryTransportation	19, 915 1, 685 975	4. 673 429 308	439 223	1, 842 1, 003	429 204	461 275	482 305	5, 159 470 219	6, 821 760 133	196 38	198 37	922 145	243 45	233 39	140 5 (x)	19 (x)	(x) (x)	130 14 (*)	23 4 (*)	18	
8 9	Private	1, 244 159 406	289 40 88	338 41 97	1, 399 184 638	324 41 96	353 45 228	48 126	368 50 188	472 55 270	107 14 61	14	547 57 522	15	13	(x) 9	(x) <sup>2</sup>	(x)	(z) 8	(x) 	(x) <sup>2</sup>	
10 11 12	Direct investments Other private Government	2, 672 631 379	611 158 60	858 170 164	2, 910 801 471	630 187 69	694 200 128	201	947 213 181	506 147 198	106 35 17	42	488 182 212	45	181 49 109	9	1	 1	9	  1	1	
13 14 15 16	Imports of goods and services  Merchandise, adjusted, excluding military. Transportation. Travel	22, 923 14, 514 1, 991 1, 747	6, 078 3, 682 555 668	<b>5,</b> 974 3, 974 472 350	16, 193 2, 069	5, 882 3, 946 451 300			6, 305 4, 196 489 380	8, 048 4, 054 1, 038 600	<b>2, 094</b> 994 300 245	1, 192 226	8, 836 4, 539 1, 157 633	2, 231 1, 073 317 251	2, 231 1, 205 253 105	92 81 2 4	26 21 1 3	21	96 79 4	28 21 1 5	21 17 1	
17 18 19	Miscellaneous services: Private Government, excluding military Military expenditures Income on investments:	435 407 2, 947	115 151 699	117 91 722	432 394 3, 006	109 82 752	107 75 746	112 143 730	104 94 778	226 78 1, 514	57 20 353	20	240 87 1, 594	23	61 24 427	4	(*)	1 (x)	5 1	1 (r)	<u>2</u>	
20 21	PrivateGovernment	604 278	140 68	172 76	651 336	162 80	159 84		178 86	381 157	87 38	107 45	398 188	92 48	110 46		<b>-</b>					
22 23 24	Balance on goods and services.  Excluding transfers under military grants. Unilateral transfers, net [to foreign countries	6, 608 5, 143	825 578 -880	2, 015 1, 664	na 4, 815		2, 186 1, 563	649	na 1, 490	1, 925 1, 314	107 23		na 1, 365	143		71 71	-3 -3	-4 -4	65 65	2 2	4	
25	(-)] Excluding military transfers	1 1	-633	-1,047 -696	na −2, 796	-748		-648	na -714	-1, 286 -675	-245 -161	-336 -182	na 651		na 158	$-29 \\ -29$	-6 -6	-8 -8	-38 -38	-9 -9	$-10 \\ -10$	
26 27 28 29	Private remittances Government: Military grants of goods and services Other grants. Pensions and other transfers.		-157 -247 -420 -56	-174 -351 -465 -57	-681 na -1, 872 -243	-161 -383 -520 -67	-163 -623 -465 -58	~215 ~425	-192 Du -462 -60	-310 -611 -261 -104	-75 $-84$ $-62$ $-24$	- 154 - 71	-328 na -207 -116	-106 -36	-89 na -41 -28	-23 -4 -2	-5 -1 (x)	-6 -1 -1	-28 -6 -4	7. 1.	-8 I -1	
30 31 32 33 34	U.S. capital, net [increase in U.S. assets (-)].  Private, net.  Direct investments, net.  New issues of foreign securities.  Redemptions.	[-3, 953]	-1, 104 -637 -341 -87	$-1,372 \\ -369$	-4, 175 -3, 051 -1, 377 -1, 048 170	-1, 263 -861 -196 -163	-496	-518 -314 -133	-1, 251 -950 -371 -439 34	-426 -1, 110 -686 -57	-184 -136 -247	-525	-515 -1, 167 -779 -193	137 - 292 - 193	13 -227 -135 -4	-50 -3	2	-2 -2	-41 5		7	
35 36 37	Transactions in outstanding foreign secu- ritiesOther long-term , netShort-term, net	-366 -253 -1, 472	-53 -58 -117	-163 -209 -539	-89 -240 -467	-83 -162 -307	15 65 139	-42	25 29 228	-209 -117 -52	-5 20 91	- 109 109 177	-6 $-92$ $-115$	-7	-45	-1 -1 -1	-2 3		3 2		1 6	
38 39 40 41	Government, net	-926 $-1,938$ $1,274$ $-262$	-467 -538 84 -13	-491 -683 261	-1, 124 -2, 134 1, 275 -265	-402 -483 130 -49	$-446 \\ -507 \\ 212 \\ -151$	25 -486 586 -75	-301 -658 347	684 -276 915	-48 -67 16	-79 166	652 -288 898	-59 513		-47 -2 10	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ (z) \\ 1 \\ (x) \end{pmatrix}$	-1 (x)	-46 -3 13	(*) 2	(x) (x) (x)	
42	Foreign capital, net [increase in U.S. liabilities (+)] Direct investments in the United States	2, 351 73	646 5	1, 013 26	2, 249 115	574 25	572 75		805 21	1, 695 78		222		-555		-6	-2	-1		(x)	3	
44 45A	Other long-term investments Other capital excluding liquid funds; U.S. private short-term liabilities	393 179	25 13	97 37	131 114	135 6	10 -83	-15	1 - 53	270 123	6 18	54	88 -97	-37		(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)		
45B 46	U.S. Government liabilities Increase in foreign holdings of liquid dollar assets	88 1, 618	-3 642	120 733	843 1, 274	124 284	39 531		520 316	1, 219	3	33	716		435		-2	(s) -1	(x)		3	
47	Gold and convertible currencies, purchases (-) or sales (+) by monetary authorities	742	270	456	907	189	207	550	375	637	370	410	1, 126	500	182	<b>-</b>						
48	Reduction in gold and convertible currency holdings (line 47) and increase in U.S. liquid liabilities (line 46)	2, 360	912	1, 189	2, 181	473	324	693	691	1, 856	1, 500	487	406	-184	116	6	-2	-1			3	
49	Errors and omissions and transfers of funds between foreign areas [receipts by foreign areas (-)], net	-628	243	-574	1, 000	135	-74	- 356	- 705	-2, 545	-1, 166	-489	-1, 387	-82	-859	14	9	15	14	13	-4	
111	Memorandum items: Increase in reported total foreign gold reserves and liquid dollar holdings * Through estimated net receipts from, or payments (-) to, the United States * Through other transactions *	2, 993 2, 322 671	1, 058 904 154	1, 26 <b>7</b> 1, 173 94	2, 487 2, 123 364	610 460 150	31 <b>7</b> 309 8	681	798 673 125	2, 633 - 689 3, 322	334	-2	468 981 1, 449		743	-6 8 -14	-2 -7 -9	14	14		3 -1 4	

r Revised. p Preliminary. na Not available. nss Not shown separately. z Less than \$500,000.

Transactions with shipping companies operating under the flag of the Bahamas, Honduras, Liberia, and Panama are included in "unallocated." 2 Changes in reported total gold reserves of foreign banks and governments (including international organizations, but excluding the countries of the Soviet Bloc), net of convertible currencies held by U.S. monetary authorities, plus liquid claims on the United States.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> For "All areas" equals balance (with reverse sign) of line 23 (less net sales of gold by domestic sources to (+) or purchases from (-) the monetary gold stock of the United States), plus lines 25, 30, 43, 44, 45, and 49. Domestic sales to (+) or purchases from (-) the monetary gold stock were in millions of dollars: 1961 I, -5; II, -9; III, -8; IV, -16; 1962 I, -13; II -15; III, -12; IV, -18.

<sup>4</sup> Line I minus line II for all areas represents gold obtained by foreign central banks and governments outside the United States.

#### Annual, Third and Fourth Quarters, 1961 and 1962

#### [Millions of dollars]

		Can	ada		-	La	atin A	merio	an rep	ublies		All other countries <sup>1</sup>									nstituti cated 1	ons a	nd	A	dden	lum:	Sterlin	g Are	a	
	1961			1962			1961			1962			1961			1962			1961			1962			<b>1</b> 961			1962		Line
Year	111	IV	Year	III,	IV »	Year	III	IV	Year	111,	IV r	Year	Ш	IV	Year	III <sup>,</sup>	IV p	Year	III	IV	Year	III r	IV p	Year	Ш	IV	Year	III '	IV P	
5, 119	1, 259	1, 343	5, 413	1, 311	1, 386	5, 342	1, 363	1, 429	na	1, 288	na	8,672	1, 998	2, 290	na	2, 179	na	262	59	68	288	70	85	nss	nss	nss	nss	nss	nss	2
9			<b>-</b> -			128	58	20	na	12	na	717	105	177	na	97	na							nss	nss	nss	nss	nss	nss	2
5, 110 3, 705	1	1, 343 967	5, 413 3, 959		ĺ	5, 214 3. 453	1, <b>305</b> 879			1, 276 806		7, 955 5, 796		1	-	2, 082 1, 467	1	262	59	68	288	70	85	4,882 3,250	1, 105 747		5, 338 3, 581	1, 335 945	1, 559 957	3
117 451	150	ĺ	127 420		70			76	312	63 87	80	434 89	106	112 26	404 126	38	30			28		34		101	81 35	83 28		78 40	73 31	
151 2 38	(x)	40 1 5	169 3 26	(2)	47 1 4	259 29 17	59 8 4	7		75 10 3		283 73 57	67 18 12		322 88 65	23	86 25 16	70 (z) 24		21 2	62 13	14 6		33	64 8 6	9	321 39 46	81 9 15	84 11 11	
409 237		153 62	429 280 (*)	83 70 (x)			28	26	756 135 111	172 35 25	36	1, 032 96 95	261 25 24	294 27 27	1, 206 156 139	39	381 42 39	14 46	4 10	4 13	31 48	4 12	19 13		15	18	699 78 155	130 19 18	268 21 103	11
4, 175 3, 080 106		1, 104 871 29	4,606 3,457	886				841		1, 039 792 37		5, 731 3, 959 270		1, 480 1, 030 66	6, 394 4, 564 257	1, 184		642 41 400	8	161 19 103	661 82 412	211 18 108	22	2, 477	1, 043 653 93	1, 011 681 66	4, 396 2, 882 387	1, 118 721 110	1, 095 760 76	14
425 35	236	68	492 48	275	80	442 156	119 44	109 47	477 128	130 34	115 29	276 18	65 3	72 5	309 16	81	80 3							295 179	93 43	60 45	322 175	101 42	65 42	16 17
345 152		72 47	297 176				15	13			19	118 1,028	32 256 10	262		270	263		81 (x)	23 	98 	68 	(r)	46 448 133	106	102		ļ	98.	10
28 944	41	239	36 807	10 -18	12 245	7 1, 107	1 350	345	8 na	2 249	na	25 2, 941	476	810	35 na	523	10 na	61 -380	15 146	16 -93	69 -373	17 -141	16 -77	35 nss	nss	12 nss	37 nss	nss	nss	21 22
935 44 35	-12	-9	807 -29 -29	-8	-8		-115	-77	na	-75	na		466	-599	na	-498	na	116	-36	-93 -18 -18	-373 -159 -159	-141 -24 -24	-56	nss	nss	nss		nss	nss	24
-7		-2	-6			1						-235		ł	, '		l	-2		-2	-3		-30			1	ł	1	1	26
-9 $-28$		 7	-23			-128 -147 -16	-37	36	na -176 -18	-44	-47	-717 -1, 325 -85	-284	-341		-320	-320	-114	36	-16	-156	-24	-53	nss -349 -24	-73	-111	nss -486 -27	-133		
-974 -972 -272	-160	-140	655	-174	$     \begin{array}{r r}         -370 \\         -370 \\         -100     \end{array} $	-397	-193		-211	-3	-98		-182	- 447	-838	-21	229	-38 35 15	33	-81 -17 -6	185	-24		-499	$-265 \\ -194 \\ -172$	-243	-433	-122	-152	31 32
-224 73					$-279 \\ 23$	-18	2		-95 4		-75 (x)	-199 12	-36		-233 34	-74		- 12 18		$-\frac{3}{2}$	-84 18	-3		- 76	-27			18	-23;	
-100 11 -460	-10	2	64 24 87	-5	-8	-97		46	-45	-50	103	-57 $-49$ $-822$	-30 -3 -6		-81	22	-22		10	-10	-98 -1 (x)	10 (*)	-20 (r)	-99 7 120	-8	5	-4	- 13		36
-2	(*)	-1	— 1 	3			$-256 \\ -210 \\ 31$	-373	-621		-149	-787 -800 181		- 170 - 168 45	-~ l, 101	-309	-319 -324 47	-73 -62 3		-62			-122 -121		-130	-85		181	-199	
-2	(7)	-1	-1	3		-68					2	-168								2	-2			-76			-36	İ		41
307 -3 21	(x)	-1	28	-16	2	-1	-2	2	4	-106	1	-26 -1 56	(1)	58 -1 13	8	-7	2		-417 2		855 17	231		45	-13			-511 -46	1	43
-15 -20	-4	3	10	9	11	15	5		11	8		56	4	7	44	-1	-34	(")			(2)	(x)		83	-2	!		1	-17	
330	-8	103	518	596	-13	103	176	94	137	113	186	159	235	35	537	117	155	131	-419	425	802	227	51	633	1. 023	-415	-646	451	-221	40
			-193	3	249	109	8	5	-174	-9	-83	109	34	26	90	44	9	113	142	15	58	12	18	342	55	351	413	120	2	47
330	-8	103	325	599	236	212	184	99	-37	122	103	-50	-201	61	627	161	164	18	-561	440	860	239	69	975	1, 078	-64	-233	-331	-219	49
-233	147	-214	-562	- 423	- 130	59	15	101	155	65	-77	1,631	531	322	855	131	186	446	707	309	-75	-60	179	-745	-763	29	951	641	198	49
391		1				l	172	}	-103					161		1		231						1	ļ	-92	l		-173	1
97 294		111 233							-221	$\begin{bmatrix} -57 \\ -109 \end{bmatrix}$		-1,581 -1,535					350 -149	426 657	138 -992				-159			$\begin{vmatrix} -35 \\ -57 \end{vmatrix}$	718 -773		-21 - 152	

# Capital Movements in 1962

The recorded outflow of U.S. private capital totaled slightly over \$3 billion in 1962; after taking account of usual

seasonal variations, the flow declined since the second quarter of the year and registered an annual rate of \$2.9 billion in the final quarter. Overall flows dropped \$0.9 billion between 1961 and 1962, with short-term flows down by about \$1 billion, purchases of foreign equity securities down by \$0.3 billion,

and the direct-investment flow slightly reduced. On the other hand, there was a marked rise in sales of foreign bonds in the United States, raising the total of new issues to a postwar record of over \$1 billion, compared to about \$0.5 billion in 1961.

# Purchases of new foreign securities

There appear to be a combination of factors which brought about the heightened tempo of foreign sales of new issues in the United States in 1962, and apparently also in 1963. Differences in the cost and feasibility of borrowing in the United States compared to other financial centers have persisted for many years, and relatively minor changes in these differentials do not appear to materially affect this situation or to be directly related to alterations in the volume of new foreign issues.

Canadian new issues sold here in 1962 amounted to a record of over \$450 million, but were minor in the first 9 months, except for a corporate refunding issue of \$100 million. Nearly \$300 million of Canadian issues were sold here in the fourth quarter, however, and arrangements were made for large borrowings in 1963. All of the Canadian issues were privately placed, and less than \$20 million of the total was taken by non-U.S. investors. The largest borrower was the Dominion of Canada, which borrowed \$250 million from institutional investors, of which half was taken early in 1963. The interest rate paid by the Dominion was 5 percent, compared to a yield of about 41/4 percent on high grade U.S. corporate bonds.

Although there was a tendency for long-term bond yields in Canada to rise further above U.S. yields after the early part of 1962, this was probably a minor factor in the increased rate of borrowing. Most of the impetus came from the Canadian Government's decision to bolster its foreign exchange holdings, and from the establishment of a firm lower exchange rate for the Canadian dollar which made borrowing of U.S. dollars more attractive. The absolute size or timing of the Canadian Government issue, or the \$300 million

issue of the Province of Quebec offered in January 1963, cannot have been significantly affected by the current condition of interest rates, especially since they were negotiated sales with institutional investors.

New issues for European accounts reached a postwar high of about \$325 million in 1962, almost all in the first half of the year. Of this amount U.S. residents purchased about \$200 million. The European offerings were mainly public. Several French and German corporations borrowed in the United States, paying close to 6 percent, and there was a large stock issue by a Netherlands corporation. Of the borrowing by European governments, or governmental entities, about \$75 million was taken by U.S. investors and about \$65 million by nonresident investors.

Since yields on the U.S.-dollar issues of European corporations have been on the order of 6 percent, European borrowing here is likely to be sporadic, occurring at times when European markets are especially tight relative to ours, or when loans are involved which are too large to be absorbed by the still relatively narrow capital markets in the various European countries.

Japanese issues in the U.S. market totaled over \$100 million in 1962, with only a minor amount taken by non-U.S. investors. These sales were fairly steady through the year, and are expected to be larger in 1963. The Japanese issues were mainly publicly offered by private Japanese entities, and included a sizable amount of equity financing and convertible debentures. Yields on these issues ranged from 6½ percent to 7½ percent.

Australia continued to borrow in the United States, although out of \$85 million offered in the United States in 1962, over one-third was taken by nonresidents. Other major borrowers last year were the International Bank (\$84 million) and the Inter-American Development Bank, which issued \$75 million in the fourth quarter.

Of the total of over \$1 billion of new foreign securities sold in the United States in 1962, about two-thirds was placed privately with banks, insurance companies, and other large investors.

It appears that of the private placements \$350-400 million was with insurance companies, but a complete breakdown is not available. A large proportion of the Canadian issues is taken directly by insurance companies, and these issues were especially important in the last quarter of 1962 and early in 1963.

In contrast to the rise in new foreign issues in 1962, purchases of outstanding foreign securities were reduced from over \$350 million to less than \$100 million. There were net liquidations of foreign equity securities after midyear, especially of Canadian and United Kingdom issues, and in the fourth quarter these sales more than offset continued net purchases of outstanding foreign bonds.

Long-term loans by U.S. banks and commercial concerns were increased by about \$240 million for the year as a whole, nearly the same amount as in 1961, but larger repayments by a few Latin American countries resulted in a net inflow in the fourth quarter. Flows to Europe and Japan were sizable, however.

## Short-term capital flows

The recorded outflow of private short-term capital was about \$0.5 billion in 1962 compared with \$1.5 billion in 1961, with \$0.3 billion of the decline in the fourth quarter. About \$0.4 billion of the change was in Canada, which had received nearly \$0.5 billion in 1961, largely in the form of time deposits by nonfinancial concerns. Nonfinancial concerns added further to these deposits in 1962, but at a slower pace, while funds held in Canada reported by U.S. banks were reduced on balance. The combined flow in the fourth quarter was quite small.

The other major shift in short-term financing was in bank credits to Japan, which dropped from \$0.6 billion in 1961 to \$0.2 billion in 1962, only partially offset by some longer term bank financing. Short-term flows to other areas did not change materially in the 2 years. Flows to Europe were not as large in the fourth quarter of 1962 as in the prior year, although data are still not complete.

# Current BUSINESS STATISTICS

☆

THE STATISTICS here update series published in the 1961 edition of Business Statistics, biennial Statistical Supplement to the Survey OF CURRENT BUSINESS. That volume (price \$2.00) contains data by months, or quarters, for the years 1957 through 1960 (1951-60, for major quarterly series) and averages of monthly or quarterly data for all years back to 1939; it also provides a description of each series and references to sources of earlier figures. Series added or significantly revised after the 1961 Business Statistics went to press are indicated by an asterisk (\*) and a dagger (†), respectively; certain revisions for 1960 issued too late for inclusion in the aforementioned volume appear in the monthly Survey beginning with the July 1961 issue. Except as otherwise stated, the terms "unadjusted" and "adjusted" refer to adjustment for seasonal

Statistics originating in Government agencies are not copyrighted and may be reprinted freely. Data from private sources are provided through the courtesy of the compilers, and are subject to their copyrights.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1960   1961   1962	1959		19	060			19	61	·	1	19	62	<del></del>
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Annual total	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	11	III	IV	I	II	III	IV
			-		Seas	onally ac	liusted a	narterly	totals at	annual r	ates			

#### GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS—Quarterly Series NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT 427.8 457.5 403.9 413.9 417. 2 416.6 444.0 456.7 National income, totalt\_\_\_\_\_bil. \$--415.5 414.4 411.8 424.3 431.3 448. 9 459.8 302. 2 321.6 293. 7 283.0 290.6 294.6 295. 8 293. 9 300.2 321.7 323. 8 294.1 304.5 309.9 315.2 325. 8 Compensation of employees, total.....do... $268.5 \\ 221.6 \\ 9.8$ 272. 2 224. 4 9. 8 $273.3 \\ 224.2 \\ 9.9$ **26**2. 5 271. 2 220. 8 10. 0 40. 4 276. 9 225. 8 10. 0 299. 7 242. 2 289. 9 235. 0 295. 9 Wages and salaries, total.....do... 295. 8 239. 7 11. 0 45. 2 221. 6 10. 0 39. 7 Private\_\_\_\_\_do\_\_\_ Military\_\_\_\_do\_\_\_ Government civilian\_\_\_\_do\_\_\_ 216.5240. 1 11. 2 228. 8 10. 0 241. 4 10. 9 10. 8 42. 8 10.2 11. 2 43. 7 10.6 38.0 37.1 41.6 36.1 39.1 41. 2 42, 2 44.6 45. 5 46.9 25.8 Supplements to wages and salaries.....do... 22.4 23.4 20.6 22.0 22.3 22. 5 22.6 22. 9 23.2 23.5 23.8 25. 2 25.8 25.9 26. 1 Proprietors' income, totalo do Business and professionalo do Farm do Rental income of persons do Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment, total bil. \$. 47. 8 34. 8 13. 1 48. 1 35. 1 13. 1 12. 3 49. 1 36. 2 12. 9 12. 6 50. 9 37. 3 13. 6 49.8 36.8 45.9 45.2 46, 9 46.3 46, 5 46. 5 33. 7 47.2 $\frac{49.5}{36.0}$ 49. 5 36. 8 49.7 34. 5 10. 7 11. 9 34. 5 12. 4 11. 9 34. 1 12. 2 11. 9 33. 8 12. 7 12. 0 34. 5 12. 7 12. 2 13. 0 12. 8 10. 8 11. 9 13. 6 12. 5 12. 8 12. 8 12.8 12.011.9 45. 6 45. 5 51. 0 46.0 48.6 46.2 44. 4 43, 3 40.1 45, 0 46.0 51.1 50.4 50.7 51.0 Corporate profits before tax, total do Corporate profits tax liability do Corporate profits after tax do Dividends do Undistributed profits do Inventory valuation adjustment do 50. 9 24. 8 26. 0 15. 9 10. 1 49. 2 24. 3 24. 9 14. 3 10. 6 39. 8 19. 4 20. 3 14. 7 5. 6 50. 9 24. 9 26. 1 15. 8 10. 3 $\frac{45.6}{22.3}$ $\frac{46.4}{22.9}$ 46. 3 22. 6 23. 7 14. 9 43.3 44.8 21.9 51. 4 25. 1 26. 3 15. 5 50.1 21. 4 21. 9 14. 4 7. 5 1. 2 23. 3 15. 0 8. 3 -----23. 3 14. 2 22. 9 14. 8 23.5 16. 4 15.8 8.6 9.0 9. 2 8.1 8.7 -.3 10.8 -.3 10.3 22. 2 21.5 Net interest\_\_\_\_\_do\_\_\_ 18.1 20.0 17.0 17.6 17.7 18.2 18.8 19.1 19.8 20.3 21.0 22.0 22, 5 23.0 503.4 553.9 Gross national product, total†\_\_\_\_do\_\_\_ 488.5 503.7 518.7 501.7 504.8 503.3 500.8 513.1 522.3538.6 545.0 552.0 555.3 563. 5 356.7 Personal consumption expenditures, total\_do---328.5 338.1 318.8 323.9 329.9 329.8 330.5 330.5 335.5 340.1 346.1 350.2 354.9 358. 2 363. 5 Durable goods, total ⊕ ......do ... 43 7 43 1 Automobiles and parts do Furniture and household equipment do 20. 1 19. 9 18. 3 19. 1 16. 9 19. 2 16. 9 19. 7 18. 8 19. 1 19.0 19.3 19.5 19.2 18. 3 18. 7 15. 4 18. 4 19. 4 19. 8 19. 1 19. 7 19. 3 20. 1 21. 5 20. 5 19.3 19.3 19.3 Nondurable goods, total ⊕\_\_\_\_\_do\_\_\_ 162.0 157. 2 29. 2 82. 1 12. 1 148.9 150, 0 161. 3 151.8 155.2 152.6 152.5 152.3153.5 153.9 156, 2 163.0 163. 9 30. 2 159.9 Clothing and shoes \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ do\_\_\_ Food and alcoholic beverages \_\_\_\_\_\_ do\_\_\_ Gasoline and oil \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ do\_\_\_ 30. 0 84. 7 12. 5 27. 8 78. 3 11. 3 28. 1 78. 5 11. 5 28. 4 79. 5 11. 7 28. 1 80. 3 11. 9 28. 0 80. 6 11. 7 29. 8 83. 7 12. 1 29. 8 84. 2 12. 3 30. 3 85. 3 12. 5 79. 5 11. 7 81. 1 11. 9 79. 9 11. 6 80. 2 11. 9 85. 6 12. 8 11. 9 Services, total ⊕ \_\_\_\_\_\_do\_\_\_ Household operation \_\_\_\_\_\_do\_\_\_ 147. 1 21. 7 46. 0 11. 6 128. 9 19. 2 40. 9 10. 6 136. 2 20. 2 43. 1 10. 9 126.8 132. 8 19. 7 139. 9 20. 7 $\begin{array}{c} 142.3 \\ 21.0 \end{array}$ 148. 1 21. 9 131.9 139.1 131.5 134 2 138 0 $144.1 \\ 21.3$ 146.3 150. 1 22. 0 20, 6 43, 9 11, 1 18. 8 40. 3 10. 5 19. 6 41. 7 10. 6 21. 8 45. 7 11. 5 Housing \_\_\_\_\_do\_\_\_\_ Transportation \_\_\_\_\_do\_\_\_ 41.8 10.7 42. 2 10. 6 42.6 10.7 43.6 10.9 44. 1 11. 1 44. 8 11. 4 45, 2 11, 5 46. 8 11. 8 11.6 Gross private domestic investment, total....do.... 72.4 76.6 73, 2 66, 5 69.3 79.1 73.5 70.3 60.1 67.6 72.4 76.675. 9 77.4 76.3 76. 2 39.641.6 23. 8 29. 9 1. 2 1. 1 $\frac{21.9}{25.8}$ $\frac{24.3}{29.2}$ 27. 4 6. 0 5. 9 27. 6 6. 7 6. 6 25. 5 28.9 26.4 26. 8 24.6 28. 9 2. 1 1. 8 1.0 1.0 Nonfarm.....do... $\begin{array}{c} .0 \\ 23.8 \\ 23.9 \end{array}$ 2. 8 26. 5 23. 6 2. 8 26. 9 24. 1 $\begin{array}{c} 3.7 \\ 28.2 \\ 24.5 \end{array}$ Net exports of goods and services.....do... $\begin{array}{c} 1.4 \\ 25.3 \\ 23.9 \end{array}$ 2. 4 26. 5 24. 2 5, **3** 2**7**, **4** 22, 2 4.0 3. 8 28. 3 24. 5 3. 2 28. 2 25. 0 28. 4 25. 2 26. 4 22. 4 Exports do\_\_\_\_\_\_do\_\_\_ 23. 3 96. 5 52. 8 46. 1 43. 7 99.7 107. 4 117.3 100.8 106. 9 56. 5 48. 4 50. 4 115, 2 61, 9 53, 0 53, 3 118. 2 62. 7 54. 0 101.4 106.0 116.0 120. 7 63. 4 54. 2 57. 3 104.8 112.1 53. 6 45. 7 47. 2 52.5 49.4 By major type of product:\*† Pinal sales, total.\_\_\_\_\_do\_\_\_ Goods output, total.\_\_\_\_\_do\_\_\_ 500, 4 256, 2 96, 9 159, 3 187, 7 56, 4 $\begin{array}{c} 499, 4 \\ 254, 1 \\ 95, 0 \end{array}$ 481. 4 245. 7 91. 9 501. 5 254. 9 94. 8 518.3 257.8 94.3 163.5 $\begin{array}{c} 532.6 \\ 265.0 \end{array}$ 538.3 268.2 554. 2 274. 7 103. 0 171. 7 215. 9 273. 7 102. 9 279. 2 106. 4 172. 8 219. 5 63. 7 245. 251.6254. 4 92. 6 94.0 90. 2 102.6 94.0 157.3 94.2 98.8 99.9 163. 3 200. 7 58. 6 153. 8 181. 3 54. 4 160. 1 189. 9 56. 8 166. 3 206. 6 168. 4 211. 1 159.2170.8 214. 8 62. 1 183. 8 55. 8 201. 3 59. 2 193. 1 57. 2 61.0 56.8 57.5 59.0 61.8 63.6 3. 2 1. 6 1. 6 4.1 2.3 1.8 2. 1 -1. 3 3. 4 Inventory change, total....\_\_\_do\_\_\_ 2.1 10.8 1. 2 Durable goods \_\_\_\_\_do\_\_\_ Nondurable goods \_\_\_\_do\_\_\_ -5.5 1.9 2,1 2. ò 1.1

cludes data not shown separately. Q Government data back to 1947, see p. 35 of the July 1962 SURVEY. Q Government sales are not deducted.

\*For quarterly

 $<sup>^</sup>r$  Revised. †Revised series. Estimates of national income and product and personal income have been revised back to 1959; revisions prior to May 1961 for personal income appear on p. 13 of the July 1962 Survey. oʻlncludes inventory valuation adjustment.  $\oplus$  In-

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1960	1961	1962		1960	·		19	61			19	62		15	063
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Α	nnual to	tal	II	III	IV	I	11	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II

# GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS—Quarterly Series—Continued

	l	i	1	]	]	ı	 		]	]		1	1	<u> </u>	1	<u> </u>
NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT—Con.†																
Quarterly Data Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates GNP in constant (1954) dollars														İ		
Gross national product, total†bil. \$	440. 2	447. 9	471. 9	442.3	439. 7	437. 7	433. 9	443. 9	450, 4	463. 4	467. 4	470. 8	471.6	477. 7		
Personal consumption expenditures, totaldo	298. 3	304.3	318. 2	299. 7	299.1	298.8	298. 2	302. 5	306.0	310.6	313. 9	316. 9	319.0	322.8		
Durable goods do Nondurable goods do Services do	42. 2 141. 4 114. 7	41.6 143.3 119.4	45. 2 148. 5 124. 5	43. 0 142. 3 114. 5	41. 8 141. 9 115. 4	41.8 140.7 116.3	39. 0 141. 5 117. 7	41.3 142.3 118.8	41. 7 144. 4 120. 0	44. 4 144. 9 121. 4	44. 1 147. 0 122. 8	44. 6 148. 1 124. 1	44. 6 149. 5 125. 0	47. 6 149. 3 126. 0		
Gross private domestic investment, totaldo	60.7	57.8	63. 3	61.5	58.6	55. 8	50, 0	56. 5	60.4	64.1	63. 3	64. 1	62. 4	62.8	<b>-</b>	
New construction	34.3 22.7 3.7	34.8 21.1 2.0	$\begin{array}{c} 36.5 \\ 23.8 \\ 2.9 \end{array}$	34. 2 23. 3 4. 0	34. 0 22. 7 1. 9	34.3 22.2 7	33. 0 20. 1 -3. 0	34. 3 20. 2 2. 0	35.6 21.3 3.5	36. 1 22. 7 5. 4	34.6 $22.8$ $5.9$	36. 7 23. 8 3. 7	37.7 24.0	36. 8 24. 8 1. 3		
Net exports of goods and servicesdo	1.5	1.8	. 5	1.0	1.5	3.3	3. 5	1.7	.7	1.4	1.3	.7	3	. 5		
Government purchases of goods and services, total bil. \$	79.8	84.0	89. 9	80.0	80. 5	79. 9	82, 2	83. 3	83.3	87.2	88. 9	89. 2	90.5	01.6		
Federal do do State and local do	42. 3 37. 4	44. 5 39. 4	48. 7 41. 2	42. 9 37. 1	42. 7 37. 8	41.8 38.1	42. 9 39. 2	44. 4 38. 9	44. 1 39. 2	46. 7 40. 5	48, 3 40, 6	48. 6 40. 6	49.0 41.5	49.3		
DISPOSITION OF PERSONAL INCOME		Ì														
Quarterly Data Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates																
Personal income, total bil. \$- Less: Personal tax and nontax payments do Equals: Disposable personal income do	400. 8 51. 4 349. 4	416. 4 52. 8 363. 6	440. 5 57. 6 382. 9	401. 4 51. 9 349. 6	403. 1 51. 4 351. 7	403, 7 50, 9 352, 7	405, 4 51, 0 354, 3	413. 5 52. 5 361. 0	419. 4 53. 0 366. 3	427. 3 54. 6 372. 6	432. 0 56. 4 375. 6	439. 5 57. 7 381. 8	442. 6 58. 5 384. 1	448. 0 58. 7 389. 3		
Personal saving §do	20.9	25. 6	26. 2	19. 7	22.0	22. 2	23.8	25, 5	26. 3	26. 5	25, 4	26. 9	26. 0	25. 8		
NEW PLANT AND EQUIPMENT EXPENDITURES																
Unadjusted quarterly totals or averages: All industriesbil. \$	8. 92	8.59	r 2 9. 33	9. 28	8. 98	9. 53	7. 57	8, 61	8. 65	9. 54	8. 02	9. 50	9. 62	r 10. 18	18.48	2 9. 89
Manufacturing do. Durable goods industries do. Nondurable goods industries do.	3. 62 1. 80 1. 82	3.42 1.57 1.85	7 3. 67 7 1. 76 1. 91	3. 76 1. 88 1. 88	3. 62 1. 80 1. 81	4, 01 1, 95 2, 06	3. 00 1. 41 1. 59	3, 46 1, 58 1, 88	3. 34 1. 50 1. 84	3.88 1.79 2.09	3.14 1.44 1.69	3. 69 1. 77 1. 92	3. 72 1. 79 1. 93	7 4. 13 7 2. 03 7 2. 10	7 3. 37 7 1. 65 7 1. 72	3, 90 1, 86 2, 04
Mining do Ralfroads do Ralfroads do Transportation, other than rail do Public utilities do	. 25 . 26 . 48 1. 42	. 24 . 17 . 46 1. 38		. 27 . 29 . 55 1. 42	. 25 . 24 . 47 1. 50	. 24 . 25 . 46 1. 58	. 21 . 17 . 41 1. 09	. 26 . 18 . 48 1. 39	. 25 . 16 . 47 1. 50	. 26 . 16 . 50 1. 54	. 26 . 16 . 47 1. 06	. 27 . 26 . 60 1. 37	. 28 . 24 . 50 1. 54	r. 27 r. 20 r. 50 r 1. 52	r. 23 r. 22 r. 36 1. 07	. 27 . 30 . 51 1. 42
Commercial and otherdo	2.89	2. 92	7 3. 29	2. 99	2.90	2.99	2. 69	2.85	2.94	3. 20	2. 94	3. 30	3. 35	7 3. 55	r 3. 22	3. 49
Seas, adj. qtrly, totals at annual rates: All industriesdo				36. 30	35. 90	35. 50	33. 85	33. 50	34. 70	35. 40	35. 70	36. 95	38. 35	7 37, 95	r 1 37. 95	2 38, 65
Manufacturing do. Durable goods industries do. Nondurable goods industries do.				14. 70 7. 40 7. 30	14.65 7.35 7.30	14, 40 6, 85 7, 55	13. 75 6. 50 7. 25	13. 50 6. 20 7. 30	13. 65 6. 10 7. 55	14.00 6.40 7.60	14. 20 6. 55 7. 60	14. 45 6. 95 7. 50	15. 05 7. 25 7. 80	7 15.00 7 7.30 7 7.70	r 15. 30 r 7. 50 r 7. 80	15. 30 7. 30 8. 00
Mining do do				1, 05 1, 10	1,00	, 90 1, 00	. 95 . 70	1.00 .70	1.00 .65	1.00	1.15 .70	1.05 .95	1. 10 1. 00	r 1.00 .80	7 1. 05 7. 95	1.05 1.10
Railroads do Transportation, other than rail do Public utilities do Companyerds land other				$\frac{2.15}{5.70}$	1.90 5.60	1.80 5.70	1.75 5.35	1. 80 5, 50	1. 90 5, 65	1, 95 5, 55	2. 05 5. 15	2. 25 5. 40	2.00 5.75	r 1. 90 r 5. 45	7 1.65 5.30	2. 00 5. 60
Commercial and otherdo				11.60	11.75	11.65	11.30	11. 05	11.85	12. 35	12. 45	12.85	13. 40	r 13. 80	r 13. 70	13. 70
Firms in operation, end of quarter (seasonally adjusted) thous.	3 4, 658	3 4. 713	<sup>3</sup> 4, 752	4, 710	4, 720	4, 730	4, 740	4, 750	4, 760	4, 770	4. 780	4, 790	4, 800	4,810		
U.S. BALANCE OF INTERNATIONAL PAYMENTS:									1							
Quarterly Data are Seasonally Adjusted																! !
U.S. payments, recordedmil. \$	31, 317	31, 805	33, 245	7, 690	8, 000	8,078	7, 690	7, 411	8, 082	8, 622	r 8, 271	7 8, 092	r 8, 428	8,454		
Imports:	14, 723 3, 048 5, 417	14, 514 2, 947 5, 462	16, 193 3, 006 5, 800	3, 836 758 1, 375	3, 664 797 1, 368	3, 422 722 1, 327	3, 369 770 1, 309	3, 417 756 1, 337	3, 840 699 1, 388	3, 888 722 1, 428	7 3, 933 752 7 1, 361	7 4, 045 746 7 1, 445	7 4, 164 730 7 1, 484	4, 051 778 1, 510		
Remittances and pensionsdododo	842 3, 405	878 4, 051	924 4, 271	205 833	211 826	222 978	221 962	221 804	216 1,094	220 1, 191	7 233 7 1, 035	, 222 , 1, 028	r 225 r 1, 063	244 1, 145		
U.S. private capital	3, 882 1, 694 850 1, 338	3, 953 1, 475 1, 006 1, 472	3, 051 1, 377 1, 207 467	683 271 209 203	1, 134 415 170 549	1, 407 684 235 488	1,059 $457$ $120$ $482$	876 269 218 389	845 429 194 222	1, 173 320 474 379	, 957 , 231 , 402 , 324	r 606 r 401 r 299 r94	7 762 7 413 7 161 7 188	726 332 345 49		
U.S. receipts, recordeddo	27, 984	730,073	32, 064	7,055	7,002	7, 062	7, 400	7, 930	r 6, 976	7, 767	7,686	r 8, 022	r 8, 153	8, 203		
Exports:  Merchandise	19, 459 7, 554	19, 915 8, 151	20, 566 9, 248	4, 876 1, 909	4, 940 1, 843	4, 986 1, 975	5, 061 2, 008	4, 768 2, 060	4, 940 1, 951	5, 146 2, 132	7 5, 072 7 2, 183	7 5, 340 7 2, 417	5, 170 7 2, 216	4, 984 2, 432		
Repayments on U.S. Govt. loansdo Foreign capital other than liquid fundsdo	636 335	1,274 7 733	1, 275 975	147 123	172 47	147 46	133 198	851 - 251	81 - 4	209 7 280	r 141 290	r 224 r 41	r 612 r 155	298 489		
Excess of recorded receipts or payments (-)do		r-1,732	! !	-635	-998	-1,016	r-290		r-1,106	r-855	r-585	770	r-275	-251		
Unrecorded transactionsdo	-592	r-628	-1,000	-140	-159	-297	r - 52	r-360	193	r-409	r 90	r-144	r-406	-540		
Total, net receipts (+) or payments (-)do	-3,925	r-2,360	-2, 181	-775	1,157	-1,313	r-342	, 159	,-913		r495	ĺ	r-681			

\*\*Preliminary.

1 Estimates for Jan.-Mar. 1963 based on anticipated capital expenditures of business.

2 Estimates for Jan.-Mar. 1963 based on anticipated capital expenditures of business.

3 Estimates for Apr.-June 1963 based on anticipated capital expenditures of business.

Anticipated expenditures for the year 1963 are as follows (in bil. \$): All industries, 39.10;

Digitized for 1994 January, 1014, 15.69; durable goods industries, 7.78; nondurable goods industries, 7.78; nondurable goods industries, 1015; for 1994 January, 1015; for 1995 January, 1

is based on incomplete data.

† See corresponding note on p. S-1 (revisions prior to 3d qtr. 1959 appear on p. 8 ff. of the July 1962 SURVEY.)

§ Personal saving is excess of disposable income over personal consumption expenditures shown as a component of gross national product on p. S-1.

‡ More complete details are given in the quarterly reviews in the Mar., June, Sept., and Dec. issues of the SURVEY. Revisions prior to 4th qtr. 1959 will be shown later.

1 1000	1961	1962				· · · · · · ·		19	62			<del></del>			19	63
Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS		ithly rage	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan,	Feb. P
	ENE	RAL	BUSI	NESS	IND	ICAT	ORS-	-Mor	nthly	Serie	s					
PERSONAL INCOME, BY SOURCE																
Seasonally adjusted, at annual rates:† Total personal incomebil. \$	1416.4	1 440. 5	428. 8	431.9	435. 2	438. 3	439. 7	440.7	441.9	<b>443</b> . 0	443. 5	445. 6	448. 2	450.4	<sup>2</sup> 448. 8 452. 4	450.8
Wage and salary disbursements, totaldo	278.8	295. 8	287.4	290. 2	292. 2	295.3	296.0	296. 9	297.8	298. 1	298.0	298. 5	299.8	301.0	301.5	303. 3
Commodity-producing industries, total_do Manufacturing onlydo Distributive industriesdo	110. 8 87. 5 72. 9	117. 2 93. 6 76. 2	113. 8 90. 8 74. 4	115. 2 92. 0 75. 0	116. 1 92. 8 75. 4	118. 2 94. 4 75. 8	118. 2 94. 5 76. 1	118. 1 94. 5 76. 2	118. 4 94. 5 76. 4	118. 1 94. 1 76. 6	117. 9 94. 0 76. 7	117. 8 93. 9 76. 9	117.8 94.0 77.1	117.8 94.2 77.6	7 117. 6 7 93. 8 77. 6	118. 2 94. 6 78. 2
Service industries do Government do Other Jabor income do Government do	43. 4 51. 8 11. 4	46.3 56.2 12.3	44. 9 54. 4 11. 8	45, 1 55, 0 12, 0	45.3 55.4 12.1	45.6 55.6 12.2	45, 9 55, 8 12, 3	46, 5 56, 0 12, 4	46. 7 56. 3 12. 4	47. 0 56. 5 12. 4	47. 0 56. 4 12. 4	47. 1 56. 7 12. 5	47. 2 57. 7 12. 5	47. 5 58. 0 12. 5	7 47. 8 58. 5 12. 6	48. 1 58. 8 12. 7
Proprietors' income:  Business and professional do Farm do	34. 8 13. 1	36. 8 13. 0	36. 1 13. 1	36. 2 12. 8	36. 4 12. 9	36. 6 12. 8	36. 8 12. 8	36, 8 12, 8	36. 9 12. 7	37. 0 12. 8	37. 0 12. 9	37. 1 13. 2	37. 3 13. 6	37. 4 14. 0	7 37. 6 7 13. 4	37. 6 13. 0
Rental income of persousdo Dividendsdo	12.3 15.0	12. 8 15. 9	12.6 $15.6$	12.6 15.8	12.7 15.9	12. 7 15. 8	12.8 15.8	12.8 15.8	12. 8 15. 7	12. 9 15. 7	12. 9 16. 0	12.9 16.1	12. 9 16. 2	12.9 17.0	r 13. 0 16. 3	13. 0 16. 4
Personal Interest incomedododo	27. 4 33. 4	29. 7 34. 6	28. 6 33. 9	28. 8 33. 8	$\frac{29.0}{34.5}$	29. 2 34. 2	29. 4 34. 2	29. 6 34. 1	29. 8 34. 2	30, 0 34, 5	30. 2 34. 5	30. 4 35. 5	30. 6 35. 8	30. 8 35. 5	31.1 r <sup>2</sup> 38.7	31. 3 35. 3
Less personal contributions for social insurance bil. \$	9.7	10. 5	10.3	10.4	10. 4	10. 5	10. 5	10. 5	10. 5	10. 5	10. 4	10. 5	10. 5	10. 6	· 11. 7	11.8
Total nonagricultural incomedo	399. 1	423. 2	411.6	414.8	418.0	421. 2	422. 6	423.5	424.8	425. 9	426.4	428. 2	430. 4	432.3	r <sup>2</sup> 434.6	433. 5
FARM INCOME AND MARKETINGS&  Cash receipts from farming, including Government																
payments, total omil. \$	3, 061	3, 124	3, 244	2, 413	2, 531	2, 248	2, 365	2, 428	2,792	3, 272	3, 827	4, 933	4, 213	3, 218	3, 372	
Farm marketings and CCC loans, totaldododododo	2, 937 1, 319	2, 979 1, 325 1, 654	3, 179 1, 546	2,308 850	2,310	2,153 615	2,342 667	2, 407 873	2, 717 1, 209	3, 181 1, 463	3, 543 1, 838	4, 435 2, 328	4, 032 2, 207	3, 141 1, 594	3, 289 1, 627	
Livestock and products, total 2do Dairy productsdo Meat animalsdo	1,618 409 918	402 963	1.633 411 953	1, 458 383 813	1,602 431 904	1, 538 412 862	1,675 441 949	1, 534 418 854	1, 508 395 857	1,718 385 1,046	1,705 380 1,015	2, 107 396 1, 366	1,825 382 1,108	1,547 393 834	1,662 398 978	
Poultry and eggs	265	263	233	227	243	230	251	237	241	271	294	324	313	289	249	
All commodities	121 123 119	122 124 121	131 144 120	95 79 107	95 66 118	88 57	96 62	99 81 113	112 113 111	131 136 126	145	182 217 155	166 206 134	129 149	135 152 122	
Indexes of volume of farm marketings, unadjusted:  All commodities 1947-49=100.	136	137	146	107	105	113 98	123 110	113	126	144	125 155	200	186	114	151	
Cropsdodo	. 131	130 141	163 134	89 119	67 134	51 133	55 150	82 139	118 133	142 146	176 140	235 174	225 157	161 136	169 137	
INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION :											1					
Federal Reserve Index of Quantity Output											Ì					
Unadj., total index (incl. utilities) \$\frac{1}{2} \cdots \frac{1957-59=100}{2}\$.  By industry:  Manufacturing, total	109.8	p 118.2	113.1	116.4	118.1	118.3	118. 2	119.9	113. 9 114. 0	117.7	122. 2	122. 5	r 120. 6	117. 2	7 117.8	119. 7 120. 0
Durable manufacturesdo Nondurable manufacturesdo	109. 7 107. 0 112. 9	p 117,9 p 119,4	112.7 112.9 112.5	116.6 116.6 116.6	118.6 118.6 118.6	119.1 119.6 118.4	119.0 118.8 119.1	120. 4 119. 2 121. 8	113. 6 114. 5	117. 6 112. 8 123. 6	122. 8 120. 4 125. 8	123. 4 121. 7 125. 5	121. 3 121. 0 121. 7	117. 4 119. 3 7 115. 0	7 117. 7 118. 4 7 116. 8	120. 6 120. 6 119. 4
Miningdo Utilitiesdo	102. 6 122. 8	p 104.9 p 132.3	103.1	103. 7	103.5	104. 9	105, 5	107. 5	101.0	106. 4	106. 5	107. 1	106. 3	, 103. 1	r 102. 2	101. 2
By market grouping: Final products, totaldo	- 111.3	p 119.7	113.8	110 7	118.6	110.0	110 5	121.3	117.5	119.4	125.0	125. 3	r 122. 2	. 110 6	r 120. 6	123. 1
Consumer goodsdo Automotive and home goodsdo	- 112.7	p 119.7 p 126.0	113. 9 120. 1	116. 7 116. 9 124. 3	118. 7 127. 4	118.6 118.5 129.3	118. 5 118. 2 128. 4	121. 3 121. 3 128. 8	116. 5 118. 8	118. 8 102. 2	126. 5 128. 3	126. 7 138. 1	122. 2	7 117. 9 7 131. 7	r 119. 5	122.8 134
Apparel and staplesdo Equipment, including defensedo	- 112. 9	p 117.8 p 119.8	112.1 113.6	114. 8 116. 1	116. 1 118. 3	115.3 118.6		119.1 121.1	116.0 119.6	124. 3 120. 6	125. 9 122. 0	123. 0 122. 5	118.1	, 113. 5 , 123. 4	r 116. 7	119 123, 6
Materials do	108. 4 104. 8 112. 1	p 116.8 p 114.1 p 119.7	112.6 109.5 115.7	116. 1 113. 4 118. 8	117. 6 115. 3 120. 0	118. 2 116. 9 119. 4	118.0 116.5 119.7	118. 7 116. 1 121. 3	110. 7 108. 7 112. 7	116. 1 111. 3 121. 1	119.7 116.8 122.7	119. 9 116. 6 123. 4	7 119. 2 115. 5 122. 9	115. 1 7 112. 1 7 118. 2	7 115, 3 111, 9 7 118, 8	116.8 114 120
Seas. adj., total index (incl. utilities);do By industry:	109.8	p 118.2	114.3	116.0	117.0	117. 7	118.4	118.6	119.3	119.7	119.8	119. 2	r 119. 6	r 119. 1	r 118. 9	119. 1
Manufacturing, totaldo	109.7	p 118.6	114. 4	116.3	117, 4	118.1	118.8	118. 9	119.7	120.3	120. 4	119, 7	r 120. 0	r 119. 6	<sup>7</sup> 119. 3	119.5
Durable manufactures Qdo Primary metalsdo	- 98.9	p 117.9 p 104.5	113. 2 111. 9	115, 4 117, 5	116. 5 116. 6	118. 5 112. 4	118. 2 101. 3	117. 7 96. 8	118.7 96.6	119. 8 99. 1	119. 5 99. 6	118. 6 98. 9	r 119. 1 100. 7	7 118. 9 7 99. 2	r 118. 6	119.1 103
Iron and steeldo Nonferrous metals and productsdo Fabricated metal productsdo	107.5	p 100.6 p 118.9 p 117.1	112. 9 117. 6 111. 0	$ \begin{array}{c c} 117.7 \\ 122.0 \\ 111.9 \end{array} $	118. 5 120. 6 113. 6	112.6 118.6 116.3	96. 5 120. 8 117. 4	89. 5 118. 2 118. 5	87. 8 117. 9 118. 8	92. 1 112. 9 119. 9	92. 8 118. 4 119. 3	91. 0 120. 1 117. 8	95. 3 121 2 118. 5	7 95.8 7 118.1 7 117.1	95. 7 118. 0 117. 2	
Structural metal partsdo	105, 2	p 113.2	107.3	108.6	110.2	113. 7	115.7	116. 4	115.6	115. 2	115.1	114.2	112.8	112. 5	<sup>†</sup> 113. 6	114
Machinerydo Nonelectrical machinerydo Electrical machinerydo	106.5	p 123.4 p 119.7 p 128.4	115. 6 110. 1 122. 9	117. 5 112. 4 124. 3	120. 2 115. 2 126. 8	122. 9 117. 8 129. 7	124. 5 120. 0 130. 4	125, 9 121, 8 131, 3	125. 4 121. 9 130. 1	126. 5 124. 6 129. 0	126. 4 123. 9 129. 6	125. 6 123. 0 129. 0	125. 3 122. 8 128. 6		7 125. 5 121. 5 7 130. 9	121
Transportation equipmentdo Motor vehicles and partsdo Aircraft and other equipmentdo	. 111. 9	p 118.3 p 134.1 p 103.9	112. 5 126. 9 99. 6	113. 4 126. 2 101. 5	113. 4 126. 3 101. 4	116. 8 134. 4 100. 7	119. 4 139. 1 101. 6	116. 8 132. 0 103. 0	122. 1 141. 3 104. 7	122. 0 138. 1 107. 3	121. 5 137. 8 106. 7	121. 8 138. 1 107. 2	121. 5 137. 3 107. 2		, 122. 1 , 137. 3 , 108. 0	
Instruments and related productsdo Clay, glass, and stone productsdo		p 122.9 p 111.0	118. 9 104. 4	118. 5 105. 1	119.0 104.8	122.3 110.3	122. 6 111. 9	124. 7 112. 5	124. 9 113. 7	125. 8 114. 9	124.3 114.9	124. 2 113. 2	125. 0 113. 3		7 124. 9 110. 8	
Lumber and productsdo Furniture and fixturesdo	101.3 115.3	p 106.0 p 126.8	96. 5 118. 3	109. 2 120. 8	107. 9 124. 0	106. 4 126. 6	107. 1 129. 3	107. 5 129. 2	103. 4 127. 7	107. 4 128. 3	108.3 129.2	101. 5 128. 2	7 106. 1 129. 3	7 108. 7 7 128. 6	103.8 r 129.5	128
Miscellaneous manufacturesdo	112.8	p 122.3	116.9	115.5	119.0	125.5	125. 2	125, 5	126. 9	123. 3	124. 4	122. 3	121.7	r 120. 5	r 120. 5 120. 2	ļ
Nondurable manufacturesdo Textile mill productsdo Apparel productsdo	106. 9 112. 1	p 114.7	115, 9 113, 4 115, 5	117.3 114.6 116.0	118.6 116.8 116.5	117. 5 115. 0 117. 6	119.6 116.1 118.3	120.3 117.1 118.4	121. 0 116. 6 119. 2	120.8 117.1 118.1	121. 5 115. 9 120. 5	114.5	7 121. 1 7 112. 9 122. 3	120.6 r 112.8 122.2	120. 2	
Leather and productsdo Paper and productsdo	100. 2 113. 7	p 102.4 p 119.7	100. 1 117. 3	103. 0 119. 0	104.0	105. 5	102.9	103. 8 119. 6	100. 5	100.6	106.6	100.8	100.7	99. 5 119. 6		

r Revised. p Preliminary.

The total and components are annual totals.

2 Italicized total for Jan. 1963 excludes stepped-up rate of, and special Government life insurance dividend payments to veterans; total dishursements of \$298 million multiplied by 12 (to put on annual rate basis) amounted to \$3.6 billion. Figures for transfer payments and total nonagricultural income reflecting similar exclusion are as follows: Transfer payments—\$35.1 billion; nonagricultural income—

[§36246billion.RASER

†See corresponding note on p. S-1. &Revised beginning 1959; revisions prior to May 1961 will be shown later. Q Includes data not shown separately. †Revised series. For revisions back to Jan. 1947 for total and summary groups (seasonally adjusted) and a detailed description of the current revision, see the Oct. 1962 Federal Reserve Bulletin; other information and earlier figures for all series appear in the separate Federal Reserve publication, "Industrial Production—1957-59 Base."

nless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1961	1962 P						196	52						19	63
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mon aver		Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb
	GEN	ERAI	L BU	SINE	SS IN	DICA	TOR	S—C	ontin	ued						
INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION ‡—Continued  Federal Reserve Index of Quantity Output—Con.  casonally adjusted indexes—Continued ‡																
By industry—Continued   Nondurable manufactures—Continued   Printing and publishing	111. 5 106. 0 123. 3 129. 6 108. 7	114. 6 108. 5 135. 6 146. 9 112. 8	113. 5 108. 6 128. 4 138. 6 112. 2	114. 2 109. 4 131. 1 140. 4 111. 1	114. 1 108. 6 131. 8 141. 0 114. 0	114. 4 107. 5 131. 6 142. 2 109. 6	114. 9 107. 9 135. 7 145. 8 112. 6	114. 7 108. 6 137. 1 147. 7 115. 1	115. 7 110. 3 137. 6 149. 7 113. 4	116. 3 111. 8 138. 3 150. 7 112. 1	116. 2 111. 3 139. 0 151. 0 113. 6	114. 6 108. 2 139. 5 153. 1 113. 6	114.8 109.7 7139.1 7152.7 7113.0	112.3 100.5 r 138.3 150.6 r 114.2	r 110. 3 94. 0 138. 1 r 114. 6	109
Rubber and plastics products do Foods and beverages do Food manufactures do Beverages do Tobacco products do do	111. 9 110. 3 110. 6 107. 9 110. 8	129. 0 113. 0 113. 8 108. 7 112. 3	119. 6 111. 4 112. 0 108. 1 109. 1	120. 5 111. 7 112. 2 109. 3 111. 1	119. 9 113. 2 113. 4 112. 2 116. 8	124. 0 112. 3 113. 6 105. 2 110. 3	130. 2 112. 9 113. 9 107. 3 112. 5	132. 8 112. 9 113. 5 109. 4 108. 2	136. 1 114. 3 115. 1 109. 7 113. 4	134. 8 114. 0 115. 5 105. 9 112. 0	133. 4 114. 6 115. 5 109. 8 116. 0	174. 1 113. 9 114. 6 109. 9 108. 6	133. 4 114. 0 114. 7 110. 5 115. 2	135. 5 7 114. 6 7 115. 1 111. 9 111. 4	115, 9 116, 5	
Mining	102. 6 90. 1 103. 1 103. 0 111. 9 109. 4	164. 9 94. 3 105. 5 105. 1 112. 5 109. 6	104. 0 98. 0 103. 9 102. 7 129. 4 94. 5	104. 3 95. 2 103. 8 103. 2 131. 7 100. 6	104. 8 96. 3 104. 2 102. 4 128. 9 102. 7	105. 5 97. 6 105. 3 104. 1 120. 0 196. 9	104. 8 92. 2 104. 7 104. 1 116. 6 115. 1	104. 6 91. 8 105. 3 105. 6 109. 5 113. 8	106. 1 91. 8 107. 4 107. 7 110. 4 114. 5	105. 5 93. 7 106. 2 106. 7 104. 1 117. 9	105. 9 93. 8 107. 5 107. 8 97. 8 118. 2	105. 5 94. 0 107. 6 107. 2 96. 8 114. 0	106. 2 96. 3 107. 4 107. 5 106. 2 111. 6	7 103. 0 93. 2 7 104. 2 7 103. 8 7 114. 9 7 99. 7	7 102.7 95.1 102.0 101.0 122.5 103.7	10
Utilitiesdo Electricdo Gasdo	122. 8 123. 2 121. 5	132. 3 133. 2 129. 8	128. 8 129. 8 125. 5	129. 0 129. 6 126. 9	128. 8 129. 5 126. 5	128. 1 129. 3 124. 2	129. 8 131. 8 123. 6	132. 4 135. 1 123. 8	133. 5 136. 2	132. 3 134. 5	133. 0 134. 2	133. 5 134. 5	135. 1 136. 3	r 136. 2	137. 5	13
By market grouping: ‡ Final products, total	111.3 112.7 112.0	119. 7 119. 7 126. 0	115. 7 116. 5 122. 6	116. 8 117. 3 121. 8	118. 2 118. 8 122. 7	118. 5 119. 1 126. 5	120. 2 121. 1 128. 9	120, 6 120, 9 126, 5	121. 7 121. 7 127. 9	121. 6 120. 9 126. 3	122. 0 121. 8 127. 6	121. 5 120. 8 127. 1	7 121. 4 7 120. 7 7 127. 6	r 121. 9 r 121. 5 r 129. 9	r 122. 6 r 122. 5 r 130. 7	1:
Automotive productsdo Autosdo Auto parts and allied productsdo	111. 8 108. 6 116. 0	131. 1 135. 9 124. 9	127. 8 132. 8 121. 1	123. 7 125. 5 121. 4	122. 6 123. 8 121. 0	129. 4 133. 9 123. 5	132. 8 140. 8 122. 3	126. 8 129. 3 123. 6	135. 2 142. 4 125. 7	134. 1 140. 0 126. 3	135. 3 141. 2 127. 5	135. 8 142. 1 127. 5	135. 4 141. 1 128. 0	7 137. 1 142. 0 7 130. 7	136. 3 141. 3 129. 7	1
Home goods Qdodo Appliances, TV, and radiosdo Furniture and rugsdo	112. 2 109. 9 112. 8	122. 2 118. 0 123. 9	118. 8 114. 0 118. 5	120. 4 116. 0 121. 0	122. 6 120. 3 121. 5	124. 4 123. 8 123. 8	126. 0 124. 2 124. 5	126. 2 123. 3 126. 5	122. 7 118. 5 124. 3	121. 2 115. 2 125. 4	122. 2 115. 8 127. 9	121. 1 116. 7 125. 8	122. 1 118. 1 125. 8	r 124.8 r 121.1 r 125.4	126. 7 121. 6 128. 8	
Apparel and staplesdo Apparel, incl. knit goods and shoes.do Consumer staplesdo Processed foodsdo	112. 9 109. 0 114. 0 110. 5	117. 8 114. 6 118. 6 113. 7	114. 3 109. 1 115. 8 111. 3	115, 6 112, 2 116, 6 111, 5	117. 1 113. 8 118. 0 113. 2	116. 5 114. 2 117. 1 113. 6	117. 9 114. 8 118. 8 114. 3	118. 4 115. 6 119. 2 112. 8	119. 2 115. 4 120. 3 115. 9	118. 6 114. 9 119. 7 115. 6	119. 6 116. 1 120. 6 115. 7	118. 4 116. 1 119. 1 114. 0	7 118. 9 116. 2 119. 7 114. 3	r 119. 3 116. 3 r 120. 2 r 114. 4	119. 8 7 121. 1 116. 0	1
Beverages and tobacco	109. 5 120. 7 114. 9 119. 2	109. 9 129. 5 116. 8 127. 3	108. 4 123. 6 116. 2 124. 2	109. 9 126. 6 116. 9 124. 3	113. 7 127. 5 116. 6 124. 8	106. 9 125. 8 115. 7 125. 1	109. 1 129. 9 117. 4 126. 9	109. 0 131. 9 117. 7 130. 7	110. 9 131. 5 117. 7 128. 3	108. 0 131. 0 117. 0 127. 0	111.9 132.0 117.0 128.9	109. 5 131. 6 116. 4 128. 0	112. 1 130. 8 116. 4 129. 0	111.7 r 132.0 r 115.8	132. 1 114. 0	
Equipment, including defense Q	108.3 110.1 107.4 127.0 103.4 93.4	119. 8 122. 1 117. 2 143. 1 117. 2 107. 7	112.7 113.4 112.2 136.3 107.0 87.8	115. 0 116. 3 113. 4 139. 3 109. 0 94. 3	116. 1 118. 0 114. 2 141. 7 111. 6 99. 9	117. 0 119. 3 115. 1 144. 0 109. 7 102. 6	118. 5 121. 2 116. 7 144. 4 111. 2 105. 6	120. 1 123. 1 118. 5 144. 8 114. 9 110. 4	121. 8 124. 4 119. 0 145. 6 121. 0 110. 4	123. 2 125. 6 119. 2 144. 7 124. 2 110. 8	123. 2 126. 2 118. 9 144. 9 125. 2 116. 6	123. 6 126. 6 120. 4 143. 8 125. 6 117. 3	7 123. 1 7 125. 9 120. 5 144. 4 124. 5 117. 6	r 126. 7	7 121. 9 7 124. 6 119. 2 145. 5 126. 4	
Materials         do           Durable goods materials 9         do           Consumer durable         do           Equipment         do           Construction         do	108. 4 104. 8 107. 9 105. 7 105. 2	116.8 114.1 127.5 118.9 110.4	113. 7 110. 8 120. 5 113. 1 103. 0	115. 5 113. 1 119. 2 114. 5 107. 3	116. 9 115. 1 124. 1 116. 9 109. 9	117. 1 116. 2 134. 7 120. 3 110. 7	117. 0 114. 6 134. 5 119. 5 111. 4	117. 1 113. 7 127. 0 120. 8 111. 8	117. 0 113. 8 134. 2 119. 3 112. 1	117. 7 114. 8 130. 6 119. 2 112. 6	118. I 114. 9 129. 7 121. 3 113. 3	117. 2 114. 0 127. 6 121. 0 111. 2	7 126, 9 120, 4	7 113. 1 7 128. 5	7 116, 1 112, 7 127, 5 121, 5 107, 7	
Nondurable materials Q	112. 1 110. 5 111. 3 110. 0	119. 7 116. 1 117. 0 115. 7	116. 6 113. 1 114. 1 112. 6	117. 8 115. 0 116. 7 114. 2	118. 6 115. 8 119. 7 113. 9	117. 9 114. 1 113. 1 114. 6	119. 3 116. 1 115. 9 116. 2	120. 5 116. 9 117. 5 116. 6	120. 3 116. 1 117. 2 115. 5	120. 7 116. 5 116. 4 116. 6	121. 5 118. 1 118. 6 117. 9	120. 5 116. 2 115. 9 116. 3	118. 2 120. 5	7 117. 1	7 119. 6 115. 5 119. 7 113. 4	
Business fuel and powerdodo	107. 1 102. 0 121. 0	111. 6 104. 7 130. 1	110. 5 103. 7 127. 5	110. 5 103. 2 128. 0	110. 2 103. 2 128. 0	110. 9 104. 6 127. 7	110. 9 103. 6 130. 2	111.8 104.5 131.4	112. 6 106. 1 130. 9	112. 0 105. 5 129. 1	112.7 106.6 130.2	113. 1 106. 5 131. 9	114. 1 107. 2 133. 1	r 103. 7	111. 2 102. 4	1
fg. and trade sales (seas. adj.), total♂bil.\$ Manufacturing, totaldo	1 61, 52 30, 73	r1 65. 94 r 33. 26	7 64. 02 32. 04	7 64. 60 32. 85	* 65, 31 33, 22	7 66. 22 33. 48	7 66. 39 33. 50	7 65. 25 32. 96	7 66. 51 33. 40	7 66. 09 33. 29	7 66.86 33.68	7 66, 58 33, 48	7 67. 52 33. 86	i	66. 71 33. 20	1.
Durable goods industriesdo Nondurable goods industriesdo	14.54 16.18	7 16. 20 7 17. 06	15, 50 16, 54	15. 95 16. 89	16. 33 16. 89	16. 40 17. 08	16, 40 17, 10	15. 89 17. 08	16. 33 17. 08	16. 35 16. 93	16. 34 17. 34	16. 34 17. 14	16. 46 17. 41	r 16. 18 r 17. 17	16. 18 17. 02	
Wholesale trade, total     do       Durable goods establishments     do       Nondurable goods establishments     do       Retail trade, total     do       Durable goods stores     do       Nondurable goods stores     do	8. 27 18. 23	7 13.06 4.52 7 8.54 19.61 6.24 7 13.37	13.08 4.55 8.53 r 18.90 5.92 r 12.98	12. 73 4. 53 8. 20 7 19. 03 5. 98 7 13. 05	12.76 4.47 8.29 7 19.33 6.18 7 13.15	13. 06 4. 59 8. 48 7 19. 67 6. 33 7 13. 34	13.38 4.60 8.78 7 19.51 6.17 7 13.34	13. 13 4. 52 8. 60 7 19. 16 6. 03 7 13. 13	13. 35 4. 64 8. 71 7 19. 76 6. 38 7 13. 38	13. 16 4. 49 8. 67 7 19. 64 6. 13 7 13. 52	13. 48 4. 69 8. 80 7 19. 69 6. 12 7 13. 57	13. 27 4. 60 8. 67 7 19. 82 6. 48 7 13. 34	13. 42 4. 66 8. 76 7 20. 23 6. 52 7 13. 71	7 4. 68 7 8. 80 7 20. 20	13. 27 4. 78 8. 49 20. 24 6. 43 13. 81	
fg. and trade inventories, book value, end of year or month (seas. adj.), total †bil.\$	95.54	r 98. 80	96. 17	96. 70	97. 05	97. 26	97. 52	97. 88	98. 15	97. 90	98.38	98. 70	98. 54	- 98. 80	98. 86	
Manufacturing, totaldododo	31. 47 23. 72	r 32. 69	55. 73 31. 88 23. 84	56. 18 32. 19 23. 99	56. 57 32. 41 24. 16	56. 69 32. 47 24. 22	56, 81 32, 58 24, 23	56. 91 32. 58 24. 34	57, 00 32, 63 24, 37	56. 97 32. 69 24. 28	57, 19 32, 74 24, 44	57. 27 32. 76 24. 51	57. 19 32. 66 24. 53	7 32. 69	57, 40 32, 70 24, 70	
Wholesale trade, total of Durable goods establishments	6. 60 26. 86 11. 52	7.06 r 6.90	13. 58 6. 86 6. 73 26. 86 11. 52 15. 34	13. 62 6. 83 6. 79 26. 90 11. 48 15. 42	13. 70 6. 87 6. 84 26. 78 11. 38 15. 40	13. 70 6. 88 6. 82 26. 87 11. 43 15. 44	13, 78 6, 95 6, 83 26, 94 11, 42 15, 52	13. 89 6. 97 6. 91 27. 08 11. 45 15. 62	13. 97 7. 03 6. 94 27. 18 11. 59 15. 59	13. 88 7. 01 6. 87 27. 05 11. 51 15. 54	13. 95 7. 08 6. 87 27. 24 11. 66 15. 58	14. 03 7. 09 6. 94 27. 40 11. 76 15. 64	11.83	7.06 r 6.90 r 27.43	14.00 7.03 6.97 27.46 11.72 15.74	

<sup>\*</sup>Revised. \* Preliminary. 1 Total and components are based on unadjusted data. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ See corresponding note on p. S-3. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ Includes data not shown separately.

<sup>\$</sup> The term "business" here includes only manufacturing and trade. Business inventorias shown on p. S-1 cover data for all types of producers, both farm and nonfarm. Unadjust data for manufacturing are shown on p. S-5; those for retail and wholesale trade on pp. S-and S-12. \$\sigma\$ center marked "\text{"" on p. S-11.} \text{ Revised series. See note marked "\text{"" on p. S-11.}

	1961	1962		<del></del>				19	162					!	19	63
Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mon		Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
	<u> </u>		L BU	SINE	SS IN	NDICA	ATOR	  S—C	ontin	ued			l	l	1	
BUSINESS SALES AND INVENTORIES—Con.																
Inventory-sales ratios:*  Manufacturing and trade, totalratio			1. 50	1. 50	1. 49	1. 47	1. 47	1. 50	1. 48	1. 48	1. 47	1. 48	1, 46	1. 47	1.48	
Manufacturing, total			1. 74 2. 06 . 54 . 82 . 70	1. 71 2. 02 . 53 . 81 . 68	1. 70 1. 99 . 52 . 79 . 67	1. 69 1. 98 . 52 . 79 . 67	1. 70 1. 99 . 53 . 79 . 67	1. 73 2. 05 . 54 . 82 . 69	1.71 2.00 .52 .80 .68	1. 71 2. 00 . 52 . 80 . 68	1.70 2.00 .52 .81 .68	1. 71 2. 00 . 51 . 82 . 68	1. 69 1. 99 . 50 . 81 . 68	7 1.72 7 2.02 7.51 .81 .70	1. 73 2. 02 . 51 . 81 . 70	
Nondurable goods industries do Purchased materials do Goods in process do Finished goods do do			1. 44 . 56 . 20 . 68	1. 42 . 55 . 20 . 66	1. 43 . 56 . 20 . 67	1. 42 . 56 . 20 . 66	1. 42 . 55 . 20 . 66	1. 43 . 55 . 20 . 67	1. 43 . 55 . 21 . 67	1. 43 . 55 . 21 . 68	1, 41 . 54 . 20 . 67	1. 43 . 55 . 21 . 67	1, 41 . 54 . 20 . 66	7 1. 44 7. 55 . 21 7. 68	1. 45 . 55 . 21 . 69	
Wholesale trade, total			1. 04 1. 51 . 79 r 1. 42 1. 95 r 1. 18	1. 06 1. 51 . 83 r 1. 41 1. 92 r 1. 18	1. 07 1. 53 . 82 1. 39 1. 84	1. 05 1. 50 . 80 1. 37 1. 81 1. 16	1.03 1.51 .78 71.38 1.85 71.16	1.06 1.54 .80 *1.41 1.90 *1.19	1. 05 1. 52 . 80 1. 38 1. 82 1. 17	1.06 1.56 .79 1.38 1.88	1.03 1.51 .78 *1.38 1.90 1.15	1.06 1.54 .80 *1.38 1.81 *1.17	1. 03 1. 52 . 77 1. 36 1. 81	7 1. 04 7 1. 51 7. 78 1. 36 1. 82 7 1. 14	1, 06 1, 47 82 1, 36 1, 82 1, 14	
MANUFACTURERS' SALES, INVENTORIES, AND ORDERS																
Sales, value (unadjusted), totalbil. \$	30. 73	r 33. 26	31. 43	30.62	34, 56	33. 17	34.67	33.95	31.34	34.03	33.46	36, 10	34. 13	7 31. <del>6</del> 6	32.40	
Purrable goods industries, total Q do Primery metal do Iron and steel do Fabricated metal do	14. 54 2. 06 1. 25 1. 68	7 16. 20 2. 18 1. 31 1. 88	15. 09 2. 33 1. 47 1. 64	14. 86 2. 26 1. 42 1. 56	17, 06 2, 61 1, 68 1, 86	16.41 2.37 1.47 1.80	17. 24 2. 31 1. 38 2. 01	16. 83 2. 15 1. 24 2. 03	15, 06 1, 79 1, 03 1, 89	15. 96 2. 09 1. 24 2. 19	15. 95 2. 00 1. 17 2. 05	17, 61 2, 17 1, 25 2, 08	16. 67 2. 11 1. 23 1. 84	7 15. 64 1. 92 1. 12 7 1. 63	7 15. 67 2. 08 1. 20 1. 72	
Machinery         do           Flectrical         do           Nonelectrical         do           Industrial         do	4. 87 2. 00 2. 87 1. 25	5. 31 2. 18 3. 13 7 1. 37	4. 84 2. 04 2. 80 1. 22	4, 95 2, 05 2, 90 1, 25	5. 64 2. 27 3. 37 1. 47	5. 37 2. 12 3. 25 1. 36	5. 61 2. 20 3. 40 1. 44	5, 59 2, 25 3, 34 1, 43	4, 87 1, 92 2, 95 1, 30	5. 38 2. 22 3. 15 1. 38	5. 28 2. 23 3. 05 1. 34	5, 57 2, 36 3, 21 1, 42	5. 34 2. 28 3. 06 1. 41	7 5. 30 7 2. 24 7 3. 07 7 1. 40	5. 07 2. 07 2. 99 1. 32	
Transportation equipment do  Motor vehicles and parts do Lumber and furniture do Stone, clay, and glass do	3. 24 1. 94 . 82 . 76	7 3. 85 2. 41 . 90 . 82	3. 73 2. 35 . 77 . 68	3.55 2.18 .78 .65	4. 03 2. 52 . 88 . 76	3.94 2.47 .88 .79	4. 23 2. 70 . 94 . 87	3.96 2.42 .94 .90	3, 68 2, 33 , 83 , 84	2. 95 1. 47 1. 05 . 95	3. 45 2. 04 . 94 . 86	4. 36 2. 63 1. 02 . 95	4. 24 2. 81 . 94 . 86	7 4. 09 7 2. 66 7 . 77 . 72	4. 02 2. 71 . 82 . 76	
Nondurable goods industries, total 9do	16. 18	r 17. 06	16. 34	15. 76	17. 50	16.76	17. 43	17. 13	16. 29	18. 07	17. 51	18. 50	17.46	r 16. 03	16. 73	
Food and beverage         do           Tobacco         do           Textile         do           Paper         do           Chemical         do           Petroleum and coal         do           Rubber         do	4.80 .42 1.22 1.13 2.49 3.21	5. 05 . 43 1. 37 1. 20 7 2. 73 3. 19 . 55	4, 73 . 41 1, 29 1, 17 2, 63 3, 38 . 53	4, 58 , 37 1, 31 1, 12 2, 50 3, 00 , 49	5. 02 . 41 1. 40 1. 27 2. 84 3. 27 . 57	4. 84 . 41 1. 34 1. 18 2. 83 3. 06 . 56	5. 15 . 46 1. 37 1. 22 3. 00 3. 19 . 59	5. 14 . 44 1. 40 1. 23 2. 78 3. 14 . 57	4. 94 . 45 1. 21 1. 10 2. 58 3. 10 . 53	5. 25 . 47 1. 44 1. 28 2. 83 3. 26 . 55	5. 26 . 42 1. 44 1. 22 2. 76 3. 07 . 55	5, 52 , 45 1, 51 1, 30 2, 92 3, 30 , 62	5. 30 . 45 1. 44 1. 21 2. 66 3. 22 . 54	7 4.81 .42 7 1.27 7 1.11 7 2.42 7 3.29 7.50	4. 93 . 42 1. 31 1. 21 2. 66 3. 41 . 56	
Sales, value (seas. adj.), totaldo			32. 04	32, 85	33. 22	33. 48	33. 50	32, 96	33, 40	33. 29	33.68	33. 48	33. 86	r 33. 36	33. 20	
Durable goods industries, total			15. 50 2. 27 1. 42 1. 80	15. 95 2. 41 1. 52 1. 83	16. 33 2. 46 1. 60 1. 89	16. 40 2. 37 1. 49 1. 84	16, 40 2, 19 1, 33 1, 92	15. 89 2. 00 1. 16 1. 89	16, 33 2, 04 1, 17 1, 90	16. 35 2. 06 1. 20 1. 88	16, 34 2, 05 1, 19 1, 91	16. 34 2. 07 1. 18 1. 92	16. 46 2. 17 1. 28 1. 92	7 16. 18 2. 04 1. 19 7 1. 84	7 16. 18 2. 03 1, 16 1. 90	
Machinery do Electrical do Nonelectrical do Industrial do Industrial do	1		1 2.13	5. 22 2. 18 3. 04 1. 32	5, 30 2, 21 3, 09 1, 37	5. 32 2. 22 3. 69 1. 33	5. 42 2. 25 3. 17 1. 37	5. 29 2. 19 3. 10 1. 32	5, 37 2, 19 3, 18 1, 42	5. 38 2. 18 3. 20 1. 38	5. 32 2. 17 3. 16 1. 40	5, 28 2, 11 3, 16 1, 36	5. 43 2. 19 3. 24 1. 42	r 5. 41 r 2. 18 r 3. 23 r 1. 41	5. 34 2. 16 3. 18 1. 41	
Transportation equipment do Motor vehicles and parts do Lumber and furniture do Stone, clay, and glass do			3. 48 2. 02 . 85 . 80	3. 60 2. 16 . 88 . 80	3. 78 2. 33 . 88 . 78	3.92 2.43 .89	3.96 2.50 .90 .79	3.80 2.35 .88 .81	4. 05 2. 60 . 89 . 83	4. 05 2. 50 . 91 . 82	4. 05 2. 60 . 89 . 82	4, 03 2, 60 , 93 , 84	3.80 2.41 .95 .87	r 3. 83 r 2. 47 r . 89 . 86	3. 78 2. 40 . 92 . 89	
Nondurable goods industries, total 9do			16. 54	16. 89	16. 89	17. 08	17. 10	17.08	17.08	16. 93	17.34	17. 14	17. 41	r 17. 17	17. 02	1
Food and beverage         do           Tobacco         do           Textile         do           Paper         do           Chemical         do           Petroleum and coal         do           Rubber         do			4. 86 . 43 1. 33 1. 19 2. 66 3. 19 . 52	4. 95 . 43 1. 37 1. 21 2. 75 3. 17 . 56	4. 92 1. 37 1. 22 2. 72 3. 18	5. 07 . 44 1. 41 1. 19 2. 72 3. 16 . 54	5.00 .44 1.39 1.18 2.77 3.20 .56	5. 07 . 41 1. 39 1. 20 2. 71 3. 18 . 53	5. 01 . 45 1. 37 1. 17 2. 79 3. 18 . 55	5. 04 . 44 1. 32 1. 18 2. 72 3. 13 . 54	5. 18 . 43 1. 39 1. 22 2. 70 3. 25 . 57	5. 10 . 44 1. 34 1. 21 2. 72 3. 24 . 55	5. 22 . 42 1. 37 1. 22 2. 76 3. 21 . 58	7 5. 12 7 . 42 7 1. 39 7 1. 24 7 2. 73 7 3. 17	5. 05 . 44 1. 34 1. 23 2. 70 3. 23 . 55	
Inventories, end of year or month:  Book value (unadjusted), totaldo	1 1	<sup>2</sup> 757. 21	55. 98	56. 51	56. 87	57. 00	57. 14	57. 08	56, 65	56. 64	56. 80	57. 01	56. 99	57. 21		
Durable goods industries, total ?do Primary metaldo Iron and steeldo Fabricated metaldo	31. 23 4. 91 3. 05 3. 00	7 32. 34 4. 73 7 2. 82 7 3. 00	31. 84 4. 91 3. 02 3. 12	32, 33 4, 90 2, 99 3, 22	32. 70 4. 87 2. 92 3. 32	32. 82 4. 80 2. 86 3. 38	32. 96 4. 78 2. 84 3. 41	32, 87 4, 76 2, 84 3, 40	32, 53 4, 78 2, 86 3, 34	32. 55 4. 76 2. 85 3. 26	32. 54 4. 73 2. 83 3. 14	32. 48 4. 72 2. 82 3. 06	32. 38 4. 67 2. 78 2. 99	7 32. 34 4. 73 7 2. 82 7 3. 00	32. 65 4. 66 2. 76 3. 08	
Machinery         do           Electrical         do           Nonelectrical         do           Industrial         do	10. 31 3. 96 6. 35 2. 46	7 11. 06 4. 37 7 6. 69 2. 62	10. 46 4. 02 6. 44 2. 49	10. 67 4. 10 6. 56 2. 52	10. 88 4. 22 6. 66 2. 60	10. 97 4. 29 6. 68 2. 61	11. 10 4. 39 6. 72 2. 64	11. 11 4. 44 6. 66 2. 61	11. 01 4. 40 6. 61 2. 61	10. 99 4. 41 6. 57 2. 61	10. 99 4. 40 6. 59 2. 63	11, 04 4, 40 6, 64 2, 64	11. 10 4. 40 6. 69 2. 64	7 11.06 4.37 7 6.69 2.62	11. 17 4. 40 6. 77 2. 67	
Transportation equipment do Motor vehicles and parts do Lumber and furniture do Stone, clay, and glass do By stages of fabrication:	6. 93 3. 22 1. 84 1. 46	7.31 73.55 71.80 1.52	7. 14 3. 36 1. 86 1. 49 8. 25	7. 24 3. 44 1. 84 1. 52 8. 31	7. 25 3. 45 1. 84 1. 54	7. 27 3. 46 1. 82 1. 55	7. 24 3. 41 1. 83 1. 55 8. 50	7. 14 3. 36 1. 84 1. 54	6, 95 3, 16 1, 87 1, 53 8, 59	7. 17 3. 40 1. 84 1. 50 8. 60	7. 38 3. 56 1. 83 1. 50 8. 51	7. 43 3. 54 1. 81 1. 49	7. 42 3. 56 1. 80 1. 49 8. 26	r 7. 31 r 3. 55 r 1. 80 1. 52	7. 41 3. 58 1. 82 1. 56	
Goods in process do Finished goods do Revised Advance estimate. 2 Total s	12. 56 10. 54	r 13. 04 r 11. 05	12. 73 10. 86	12. 95 11. 06	13.06 11.23	13. 05 11. 33	13.07 11.39	13.00 11.34	12. 89 11. 05 nd whole	13. 11 10. 85	13.30 10.73	13. 34 10. 76	13. 25 10. 87	7 8. 25 7 13. 04 7 11. 05	8. 21 13. 17 11. 28	

Revised. <sup>1</sup> Advance estimate. <sup>2</sup> Total and components are end-of-year data. \*Stock-sales ratios are based on the seasonally adjusted sales and inventories series presented on this page and on pp. S-4, S-6, and S-11. The ratios are derived by dividing end-of-month inventory book values by total sales during the month. Data back to 1955

for the manufacturing and wholesale trade segments appear on p. 20 of the June 1961 Survey; data prior to 1961 (recently revised) for total manufacturing and trade and for retail trade are available upon request.

Q Includes data not shown separately.

inless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1961	1962						19	52						19	33
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS		d of ear	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
	GEN	IERA)	L BU	SINE	SS IN	DICA	TOR	S—C	ontin	ued						···
MANUFACTURERS' SALES, INVENTORIES, AND ORDERS—Continued																
ventories, end of year or month—Continued Book value (unadjusted)—Continued Nondurable goods industries, total?bil. \$	23. 96	r 24. 88	24, 14	24. 18	24. 17	24. 19	24. 18	24. 22	24. 12	24. 08	24, 26	24. 53	24. 61	r 24. 88	24. 96	
Food and beverage	5, 44 2, 28 2, 68 1, 68 4, 35 3, 43 1, 13	7 5. 58 7 2. 24 7 2. 80 7 1. 74 7 4. 57 7 3. 47 7 1. 22	5. 40 2. 34 2. 78 1. 70 4. 35 3. 31 1. 16	5. 27 2. 31 2. 83 1. 73 4. 41 3. 30 1. 19	5. 18 2. 27 2. 89 1. 75 4. 44 3. 31 1. 21	5. 15 2. 20 2. 91 1. 76 4. 41 3. 35 1. 21	5. 10 2. 14 2. 96 1. 77 4. 33 3. 37 1. 20	5, 12 2, 07 2, 91 1, 78 4, 34 3, 40 1, 20	5. 16 1. 99 2. 86 1. 74 4. 35 3. 45 1. 19	5. 32 2. 02 2. 79 1. 73 4. 32 3. 45 1. 18	5. 48 2. 10 2. 73 1. 71 4. 31 3. 53 1. 18	5. 63 2. 16 2. 74 1. 71 4. 38 3. 53 1. 19	5. 64 2. 14 2. 76 1. 72 4. 44 3. 51 1. 19	r 5. 58 r 2. 24 r 2. 80 r 1. 74 r 4. 57 r 3. 47 r 1. 22	5. 46 2. 30 2. 86 1. 75 4. 64 3. 34 1. 25	
Purchased materialsdo Goods in processdo Finished goodsdo	9. 38 3. 27 11. 31	7 9. 68 7 3. 46 7 11. 73	9, 51 3, 36 11, 26	9. 53 3. 39 11. 26	9.60 3.41 11.16	9. 55 3. 44 11. 20	9. 42 3. 51 11. 26	9, 31 3, 53 11, 37	9, 22 3, 60 11, 30	9. 08 3. 54 11. 47	9.09 3.52 11.65	9, 33 3, 51 11, 69	9. 45 3. 49 11. 67	r 9. 68 r 3. 46 r 11. 73	9. 63 3. 60 11. 73	
Book value (seasonally adjusted), totaldo	55. 20	r 57. 40	55. 73	56.18	56. 57	56. 69	56. 81	56. 91	57.00	56. 97	57. 19	57. 27	57. 19	r 57. 40	57. <b>4</b> 0	
Durable goods industries, total   Q	31. 47 4. 78 2. 89 3. 16 10. 46 4. 03 6. 42 2. 49	7 32. 69 4. 62 2. 69 7 3. 17 7 11. 26 4. 47 7 6. 79 7 2. 66	31. 88 4. 84 2. 94 3. 23 10. 56 4. 12 6. 44 2. 52	32. 19 4. 89 2. 98 3. 25 10. 65 4. 14 6. 51 2. 53	32. 41 4. 91 2. 98 3. 27 10. 76 4. 21 6. 55 2. 58	32. 47 4. 86 2. 93 3. 29 10. 81 4. 24 6. 57 2. 58	32. 58 4. 85 2. 92 3. 26 10. 85 4. 25 6. 59 2. 60	32, 58 4, 83 2, 91 3, 22 10, 89 4, 32 6, 58 2, 58	32. 63 4. 80 2. 89 3. 23 10. 96 4. 34 6. 62 2. 60	32. 69 4. 77 2. 86 3. 22 11. 04 4. 41 6. 64 2. 62	32.74 4.74 2.83 3.21 11.12 4.41 6.71 2.64	32.76 4.67 2.77 3.16 11.23 4.47 6.76 2.65	32.66 4.60 2.71 3.15 11.23 4.46 6.76 2.65	r 32. 69 4. 62 2. 69 7 3. 17 r 11. 26 4. 47 6. 79 r 2. 66	32.70 4.60 2.68 3.18 11.29 4.51 6.78 2.70	
Transportation equipmentdodododo	6. 87 3. 12 1. 86 1. 47	7, 29 73, 47 71, 82 1, 54	7. 00 3. 24 1. 86 1. 48	7, 12 3, 32 1, 84 1, 48	7. 14 3. 39 1. 84 1. 49	7. 22 3. 49 1. 82 1. 49	7. 29 3. 50 1. 84 1. 50	7, 29 3, 52 1, 84 1, 52	7. 24 3. 42 1. 85 1. 53	7. 29 3. 51 1. 82 1. 54	7.33 3.46 1.83 1.55	7.35 3.43 1.82 1.55	7, 36 3, 48 1, 81 1, 55	77.29 73.47 71.82 1.54	7. 25 3. 46 1. 82 1. 54	
Purchased materials        do           Goods in process        do           Finished goods        do	8, 09 1 2, 64 10, 74	7 8. 22 7 13. 14 7 11. 33	8. 32 12. 64 10. 93	8. 40 12. 89 10. 90	8, 55 12, 97 10, 89	8. 59 12. 94 10. 95	8. 62 13. 00 10. 96	8. 55 13. 02 11. 01	8, 49 13, 10 11, 04	8. 45 13. 15 11. 09	8, 41 13, 26 11, 06	8.26 13.34 11.16	8. 15 13. 28 11. 24	7 8. 22 7 13. 14 7 11. 33	8. 28 13. 09 11. 33	
Nondurable goods industries, total Qdo	23. 72	r 24. 71	23.84	23. 99	24. 16	24. 22	24. 23	24, 34	24.37	24. 28	24. 44	24.51	24. 53	r 24. 71	24. 70	
Food and beverage	5. 24 2. 17 2. 74 1. 68 4. 28 3. 42 1. 13	7 5. 40 7 2. 14 7 2. 87 7 1. 75 7 4. 51 7 3. 46 7 1. 22	5. 27 2. 18 2. 78 1. 70 4. 29 3. 36 1. 14	5. 26 2. 19 2. 78 1. 71 4. 31 3. 39 1. 17	5. 31 2. 19 2. 81 1. 73 4. 36 3. 41 1, 18	5. 32 2. 17 2. 80 1. 73 4. 37 3. 44 1. 18	5. 34 2. 18 2. 84 1. 74 4. 36 3. 40 1. 18	5. 40 2. 18 2. 83 1. 76 4. 37 3. 42 1. 20	5. 39 2. 17 2. 81 1. 75 4. 39 3. 43 1. 21	5. 31 2. 17 2. 82 1. 74 4. 39 3. 40 1. 20	5. 37 2. 14 2. 85 1. 75 4. 42 3. 44 1. 20	5.38 2.13 2.89 1.74 4.44 3.41 1.22	5.35 2.12 2.90 1.74 4.44 3.42 1.22	7 5. 40 7 2. 14 7 2. 87 7 1. 75 7 4. 51 7 3. 46 7 1. 22	5. 33 2. 13 2. 86 1. 76 4. 58 3. 43 1. 24	
By stages of fabrication: Purchased materials	9.06 3.37 11.29	r 9, 44 r 3, 59 r 11, 68	9, 26 3, 38 11, 20	9.35 3.40 11.24	9. 45 3. 43 11. 28	9.49 3.43 11.30	9. 47 3. 44 11. 32	9. 46 3. 47 11. 41	9. 39 3. 51 11. 46	9. 29 3. 50 11. 48	9, 33 3, 52 11, 59	9.41 3.54 11.57	9, 45 3, 54 11, 54	7 9. 44 7 3. 59 7 11. 68	9.40 3.64 11.67	
New orders, net (unadjusted), totaldo	130.96	r 1 33. 05	32, 20	31.13	34. 30	32.45	33.99	33, 60	31.99	33. 36	32.86	35, 78	33. 47	r 31. 48	32. 72	
Durable goods industries, total Q	14. 74 2. 18 1. 35 1. 70 4. 92 2. 00 2. 92 1. 26 3. 22	7 16. 02 2. 08 1. 21 7 1. 88 7 5. 28 7 2. 16 3. 12 1. 37 7 3. 81	15. 89 3. 01 2. 04 1. 75 5. 01 2. 03 2. 98 1. 38 3. 47	15. 33 2. 38 1. 49 1. 64 5. 14 2. 07 3. 08 1. 36 3. 48	16. 74 2. 36 1. 44 1. 86 5. 71 2. 23 3. 48 1. 51 3. 90	15. 71 1. 69 . 74 1. 80 5. 31 2. 15 3. 16 1. 30 3. 99	16. 48 1. 98 1. 06 1. 95 5. 36 2. 12 3. 23 1. 34 4. 02	16. 51 1. 81 . 97 1. 96 5. 64 2. 34 3. 31 1. 46 3. 91	15. 77 1. 74 1. 00 1. 95 5. 06 1. 98 3. 07 1. 28 4. 04	15. 48 2. 04 1. 18 2. 16 5. 11 2. 04 3. 07 1. 37 2. 89	15. 40 1. 88 1. 10 1. 98 5. 24 2. 29 2. 95 1. 33 3. 34	17. 30 2. 12 1. 21 2. 00 5. 42 2. 19 3. 22 1. 39 4. 51	16.07 2.10 1.20 1.81 5.08 2.04 3.03 1.36 4.04	r 15. 52 r 1. 89 r 1. 13 r 1. 62 r 5. 33 r 2. 41 2. 92 r 1. 35 r 4. 11	7 16. 04 2. 29 1. 39 1. 74 5. 25 2. 10 3. 14 1. 41 3. 88	
Nondurable goods industries, totaldo Industries with unfilled orders⊕do Industries without unfilled orders¶do	16. 23 3. 53 12. 70	3.77	16, 31 3, 53 12, 78	15. 81 3. 58 12. 23	17. 57 3. 99 13. 58	16. 74 3. 74 13. 01	17. 51 3. 92 13. 59	17. 09 3. 83 13. 26	16. 21 3. 40 12. 82	17. 88 3. 84 14. 04	17, 46 3, 89 13, 57	18. 48 4. 12 14. 36	3, 89	r 15. 96 r 3. 48 r 12. 48	16, 68 3, 56 13, 12	
New orders, net (seas. adjusted), totaldo			32.94	33.08	32. 95	32. 73	33.07	32, 43	33. 26	32. 83	33, 23	33.82	ì	, 33.04	33.62	
Durable goods industries, total \$\frac{Q}{0}\$			16. 43 2. 84 1. 86 1. 93 5. 37 2. 29 3. 09 1. 42 3. 40	16. 19 2. 33 1. 45 1. 83 5. 35 2. 23 3. 12 1. 38 3. 70	16. 00 2. 21 1. 34 1. 88 5. 27 2. 13 3. 14 1. 38 3. 79	15. 73 1. 75 . 79 1. 84 5. 25 2. 24 3. 01 1. 30 4. 00	15. 97 1. 83 . 95 1. 88 5. 28 2. 17 3. 11 1. 32 3. 96	15. 44 1. 76 . 93 1. 86 5. 16 2. 05 3. 11 1. 36 3. 76	16. 27 1. 90 1. 08 1. 92 5. 30 2. 07 3. 23 1. 38 4. 16	15. 91 2. 06 1. 20 1. 91 5. 23 2. 08 3. 15 1. 41 3. 68	15, 89 1, 97 1, 18 1, 84 5, 18 2, 14 3, 04 1, 37 4, 06	16, 57 2, 17 1, 28 1, 86 5, 42 2, 19 3, 24 1, 34 4, 05	1. 95 5. 42 2. 12 3. 30 1. 39	7 16, 02 7 2, 00 7 1, 22 7 1, 81 7 5, 44 7 2, 41 7 3, 03 7 1, 40 7 3, 66	7 16, 67 2, 14 1, 25 1, 89 5, 62 2, 38 3, 24 1, 44 3, 84	
Nondurable goods industries, totaldo Industries with unfilled orders\(\theta\)do Industries without unfilled orders\(\psi\)do	 		16, 51 3, 63 12, 88	16. 89 3. 75 13. 14	16. 95 3. 82 13. 12	17. 00 3. 75 13. 25	17. 10 3. 80 13. 29	16, 99 3, 76 13, 23	16.98 3.72 13.27	16. 92 3. 72 13. 20	17. 34 3. 85 13. 49	17. 25 3. 86 13. 39	3.86	7 17. 02 7 3. 70 7 13. 32	16. 95 3. 67 13. 28	
Unfilled orders, end of year or month (unadjusted), totalbil. \$	48. 20	· 45. 65	48, 97	49, 46	49. 20	48. 48	47. 81	47. 45	48.09	47. 43	46.82	46, 50	45. 84	r 45. 65	45. 98	
Durable goods industries, total Q	45. 12 4. 76 3. 48 2. 98 18. 10 10. 29 7. 80 3. 53 14. 64	7 3, 64 7 2, 32 2, 90 7 17, 76 7 10, 03 7 7, 73 7 3, 56	45. 92 5. 45 4. 04 3. 10 18. 27 10. 29 7. 98 3. 69 14. 38	46. 37 5. 57 4. 11 3. 18 18. 47 10. 31 8. 16 3. 80 14. 30	46. 04 5. 32 3. 87 3. 17 18. 53 10. 27 8. 26 3. 84 14. 16	45. 34 4. 64 3. 14 3. 17 18. 47 10. 30 8. 16 3. 78 14. 21	44. 59 4. 30 2. 82 3. 12 18. 21 10. 22 7. 99 3. 69 14. 00	44. 27 3. 96 2. 54 3. 05 18. 27 10. 31 7. 96 3. 71 13. 96	44. 99 3. 91 2. 51 3. 11 18. 46 10. 38 8. 08 3. 69 14. 31	44. 50 3. 86 2. 46 3. 08 18. 19 10. 19 8. 00 3. 69 14. 25	43. 95 3. 74 2. 39 3. 01 18. 15 10. 25 7. 90 3. 68 14. 13	43. 64 3. 68 2. 34 2. 93 18. 00 10. 09 7. 91 3. 66 14, 28	3. 67 2. 32 2. 90 17. 73 9. 85 7. 88 3. 61 14. 08	2. 90 r 17. 76 r 10. 03 r 7. 73 r 3. 56 r 14. 10	2, 92 17, 94 10, 06 7, 88 3, 64 13, 96	
Nondurable goods industries, total⊕do	3.08	7 2.74	3.05	3.09	3. 16	3. 14	3. 22	3, 18	3. 11	2. 92	2.88	2, 86	2, 80	7 2. 74	2.69	
Unfilled orders, end of year or month (seasonally adjusted), total* bil. \$- Durable goods industries, total do- Nondurable goods industries, total do-		-	48. 86 45. 74 3. 12	49. 10 45. 96 3. 14	49. 01 45. 86 3. 14	48. 62 45. 52 3. 10	48. 28 45. 22 3. 06	47. 91 44. 90 3. 02	47. 84 44. 85 2. 99	47. 20 44. 28 2. 92	46. 66 43. 73 2. 93	46. 52 43. 55 2. 97	r 43. 03	7 43.00	43.11	

For these industries (food, beverages, tobacco, apparel, petroleum, chemicals, and rubber) sales are considered equal to new orders.

New series. Monthly data prior to Dec. 1961 appear on p. 27 of the Feb. 1963 Survey.

Revised. 1 Total and components are monthly averages. 2 Advance estimate.

§ Includes data not shown separately.

⊕ Includes textiles, leather, paper, and printing and publishing industries; unfilled orders for other nondurable goods industries are zero.

Digitized for FRASER

http://fraser.stlouisfed.org/

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1961	1962	1					19	62						1:	963
unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS		ithly rage	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
	GEN	IERA	L BU	SINE	SS II	NDIC	ATOR	S—C	ontin	ued	<u> </u>	1	1	<u> </u>		<u> </u>
BUSINESS INCORPORATIONS&																
New incorporations (50 States):⊕ Unadjustednumber_ Seasonally adjusted*do	15. 128	15, 171	18, 343 15, 124	14, 365 15, 809	17, 196 15, 713	15, 653 15, 402	16, 408 15, 260	15, 234 14, 904	14, 957 15, 247	14, 955 15, 104	12, 777 15, 249	15, 318 15, 373	12,926 14,863	13, 925 14, 880	17, 348 14, 462	
INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL FAILURES♂																
Failures, totalnumber_	1, 423	1, 315	1, 447	1, 353	1, 490	1, 504	1.378	1, 281	1, 165	1, 319	1,118	1, 410	1, 216	1, 101	1, 258	
Commercial service	123 229 235 691 144	112 225 215 629 134	114 231 213 749 140	110 251 216 625 151	143 276 228 701 142	119 273 200 767 145	102 237 229 664 146	113 194 237 606 131	106 187 215 545 112	120 217 227 622 133	92 194 185 514 133	111 231 244 672 152	109 193 200 590 124	100 219 181 497 104	113 183 244 582 136	
Liabilities (current), totalthous. \$	90, 844	101, 133	106,609	90, 499	80, 878	121, 831	91, 512	88, 493	91, 574	146, 832	96, 165	119, 092	98, 841	81, 275	160, 963	
Commercial service         do.           Construction         do.           Manufacturing and mining         do.           Retail trade         do.           Wholesale trade         do.	6, 694 16, 084 27, 107 27, 754 13, 205	7, 831 20, 295 33, 333 29, 143 10, 531	8, 858 19, 017 39, 071 28, 886 10, 777	5, 134 26, 495 25, 023 24, 611 9, 236	9, 998 15, 612 22, 421 25, 044 7, 803	5, 440 24, 586 49, 677 31, 691 10, 437	8, 270 15, 798 29, 659 27, 569 10, 216	5, 445 13, 627 32, 821 27, 065 9, 535	5, 642 22, 412 21, 598 29, 999 11, 923	6, 977 33, 618 36, 170 53, 180 16, 887	5, 605 12, 803 39, 988 27, 944 9, 825	7, 634 24, 728 48, 833 26, 876 11, 021	16, 184 16, 095 34, 069 24, 107 8, 386	8, 785 18, 744 20, 671 22, 744 10, 331	7, 738 31, 113 56, 054 29, 552 36, 506	
Failure annual rate (seasonally adjusted) No. per 10,000 concerns	1 64. 4	1 60. 8	62. 9	61. 1	59. 4	65. 0	58.7	57.3	58. 3	62. 5	62. 2	66. 3	59. 4	56.0	55, 2	
			C	OMM	IODI	ry Pi	RICE	$\overline{\mathbf{s}}$					· • •			
PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS			•						[		[					
Prices received, all farm products $11910-14=100$	240	243	242	243	244	242	242	239	240	244	250	245	245	242	244	242
Crops         do           Commercial vegetables         do           Cotton         do           Feed grains and hay         do           Food grains         do	226 218 262 151 209	231 253 267 153 226	225 259 257 152 218	226 272 246 152 219	233 314 248 153 223	236 312 268 155 224	243 325 276 159 230	236 258 275 157 230	231 229 275 155 229	229 201 275 151 226	232 201 280 154 226	226 197 275 152 226	227 233 268 147 230	224 236 261 153 231	228 266 254 157 231	232 261 251 161 234
Fruit. do. Oll-bearing crops do. Potatoes (incl. dry edible beans) do. Tobacco do.	246 257 158 526	221 248 158 532	208 250 127 538	216 253 125 542	229 252 132 543	220 255 137 543	210 255 189 543	203 253 220 543	191 252 205 542	243 245 174 518	266 238 153 525	243 238 139 519	224 244 144 520	198 247 147 505	216 251 150 485	226 258 155 502
Livestock and products   do.	251 259 299 146 230	254 252 310 144 249	257 268 <b>304</b> 149 231	257 263 305 154 237	254 255 307 147 240	246 240 303 139 253	242 232 303 130 260	242 230 305 128 261	248 239 310 133 257	256 248 318 141 253	266 258 326 153 251	261 265 314 150 249	262 268 314 151 252	258 263 308 151 249	257 257 308 152 255	251 254 294 157 264
Prices paid: All commodities and services do Production items do All commodities and services, interest, taxes, and	276 291 266	279 294 269	278 293 268	279 294 268	279 294 269	280 294 270	280 296 269	279 294 268	279 294 268	279 294 268	280 294 271	281 294 271	281 295 271	282 296 273	284 297 274	284 298 274
wage rates (parity index)1910-14=100_ Parity ratio\$do  CONSUMER PRICES‡	302 79	306 80	304 80	305 80	305 80	307 79	307 79	305 78	305 79	305 80	307 81	307 80	307 80	309 78	311 78	78
(U.S. Department of Labor Indexes)	104.0	305.4	ļ ,,, ,	104.0	105.0	105.0		105.0						404.0		
All items‡	104. 2 104. 8 104. 2	105. 4 106. 1 105. 4	104. 5 105. 3 104. 4	104. 8 105. 5 104. 8	105. 0 105. 7 105. 0	105. 2 106. 0 105. 2	105, 2 106, 0 105, 2	105. 3 106. 1 105. 3	105. 5 106. 1 105. 4	105. 5 106. 2 105. 5	106. 1 106. 6 106. 1	106. 0 106. 7 106. 1	106. 0 106. 7 106. 0	105. 8 106. 7 105. 8	106. 5	
All commodities do  Nondurables do  Durables do  Services do	102. 4 102. 8 160. 5 107. 6	103. 2 103. 6 101. 5 109. 5	102. 3 102. 6 100. 8 108. 7	102. 7 103. 1 100. 8 108. 9	102. 8 103. 2 100. 9 109. 0	103. 1 103. 5 101. 4 109. 2	103. 0 103. 2 101. 5 109. 4	103. 1 103. 4 101. 6 109. 5	103. 1 103. 5 101. 5 109. 8	103. 2 103. 5 101. 7 109. 9	104. 1 104. 7 101. 6 109. 8	104. 0 104. 4 102. 0 109. 8	103. 9 104. 2 102. 2 110. 0	103. 6 104. 0 101. 7 110. 1	104.3 100.4	
Apparel         do           Food ♀         do           Dairy products         do           Fruits and vegetables         do           Meats, poultry, and fish         do	192. 8 192. 6 104. 8 104. 2 99. 3	103. 2 103. 6 104. 1 105. 0 101. 7	101. 8 102. 5 105. 6 100. 6 99. 8	102. 0 103. 1 105. 1 102. 9 100. 6	102. 7 103. 2 105. 0 104. 4 100. 6	102. 7 103. 4 103. 7 108. 6 100. 1	102. 7 103. 2 103. 0 109. 4 99. 6	102. 8 103. 5 102. 7 111. 9 99. 7	102. 9 103. 8 103. 5 109. 9 100. 8	102. 5 103. 8 103. 9 105. 2 102. 6	104. 6 104. 8 104. 2 102. 2 106. 3	104. 9 104. 3 104. 3 102. 0 104. 1	104. 3 104. 1 104. 2 102. 1 103. 5	103. 9 103. 5 103. 9 100. 2 102. 5	103. 0 104. 7 103. 8 106. 4 102. 5	
Housing Q do. Gas and electricity do. Housefurnishings do. Rent do.	103, 9 107, 9 99, 5 104, 4	104. 8 107. 9 98. 9 105. 7	104. 4 107. 8 98. 7 105. 1	104. 6 107. 9 99. 3 105. 2	104. 6 107. 9 99. 5 105. 3	104. 6 107. 8 99. 3 105. 4	104. 7 107. 7 99. 0 105. 5	104. 8 107. 7 99. 1 105. 6	104. 8 108. 0 99. 0 105. 7	104. 8 108. 0 98. 5 105. 8	104. 9 108. 0 98. 7 105. 9	105. 0 108. 0 98. 8 106. 1	105. 1 108. 1 98. 7 106. 2	105. 2 108. 1 98. 6 106. 2	105, 4 108, 2 97, 9 106, 3	
Medical care	111.3 164.6 107.2	114. 2 106. 5 109. 6	112.6 105.6 108.5	113, 0 105, 8 109, 1	113, 6 105, 9 109, 2	113. 9 106. 3 109. 4	114. 1 106. 4 109. 5	114. 4 106. 1 109. 2	114. 6 106. 8 110. 0	114. 6 106. 8 110. 3	114. 7 106. 8 110. 0	114. 9 106. 9 109. 5	115. 0 107. 1 110. 1	115, 3 107, 6 110, 0	115, 5 107, 4 110, 2	
Transportation         do           Private         do           Public         do           Other goods and services         do           r Revised         1 Based on unadjusted data         2 I	105. 0 104. 0 111. 7 104. 6				105. 9 104. 6 114. 9 105. 1	107. 2 106. 0 115. 6 105. 1	107. 3 106. 0 115. 6 105. 1	107, 3 106, 0 115, 6 105, 2	106. 8 105. 4 115. 6 105. 6	107. 4 106. 2 115. 7 105. 5	107. 8 106. 7 115. 7 105. 6	108. 1 106. 9 116. 0 105. 6	108.3 107.2 115.4 105.6	108. 0 106. 8 115. 7 105. 6	106, 6 105, 3 115, 7 105, 7	

r Revised. <sup>1</sup> Based on unadjusted data. <sup>2</sup> Index based on 1947–49=100 is 130.1.
<sup>3</sup> Data are from Dun & Bradstreet, Inc. <sup>4</sup> Figures in 1961 Business Statistics volume cover 49 States (Alaska not included); see July 1961 Survey for unadjusted data back to January 1960 for 50 States. \*New series. Data for Jan.-Dec. 1959 (49 States) appear in the Oct. 1961 Survey. For revised data (50 States) for 1960, see similar note in the June 1962 Survey.

<sup>¶</sup>Revised beginning Jan. 1959 to incorporate price revisions for individual commodities; revisions for earlier periods will be shown later.
§ Ratio of prices received to prices paid (including interest, taxes, and wage rates).
Data reflect conversion to the 1957-59=100 reference base period. Monthly and annual data for earlier periods appear on p. 19 of the Oct. 1962 SURVEY.
§ Includes data not shown separately.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1961	1962 p						19	62						19	063
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mon aver		Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
		CO	MMO	DIT	Y PR	ICES	Con	tinue	ed							
WHOLESALE PRICES♂‡ (U.S. Department of Labor Indexes) Spot market prices, basic commodities:*												}				
22 Commodities1957-59=100			98. 4 92. 3 102. 9	96. 5 90. 8 100. 6	97. 0 92. 2 100. 4	95. 4 91. 3 98. 3	94. 6 90. 2 97. 8	93. 0 89. 8 95. 4	92. 5 90. 0 94. 2	92. 6 89. 9 94. 5	92. 5 90. 3 94. 0	92. 9 89. 9 94. 9	93. 0 88. 4 96. 4	92. 6 88. 2 95. 8	93, 5 90, 7 95, 5	93. 3 90. 8 95. 1
All commodities;do	100.3	100.6	100.8	100.7	100.7	100.4	100. 2	100.0	100. 4	100.5	101. 2	100.6	100.7	100. 4	τ <b>1</b> 00, 5	100.2
By stage of processing: Crude materials for further processingdo Intermediate materials, supplies, etcdo Finished goodsOdo By durability of product:	96. 1	97. 1	97. 8	97. 5	97. 6	96. 5	95. 8	95. 2	96. 5	97. 2	99. 2	97. 4	97. 6	96.8	96. 8	95. 5
	100. 3	100. 2	100. 3	100. 2	100. 3	100. 5	100. 4	100. 2	100. 3	100. 1	100. 2	100. 1	100. 1	100.1	100. 2	100. 1
	101. 4	101. 7	102. 1	102. 1	101. 8	101. 4	101. 2	101. 1	101. 5	101. 7	102. 6	101. 9	102. 0	101.6	101. 8	101. 5
Nondurable goodsdo	99. 6	100. 1	100. 5	100.3	100. 2	99. 7	99. 5	99.3	99.8	100, 0	101. 2	100. 4	100. 5	100.0	7 100. 2	99. 7
Durable goodsdo	101. 3	101. 0	101. 1	101.2	101. 2	101. 2	101. 1	101.0	101.0	101, 0	100. 9	100. 7	100. 7	100.7	100. 7	100. 7
Farm products 9 do Fruits and vegetables, fresh and dried do Grains do Livestock and live poultry do	96. 0	97. 7	97. 9	98. 2	98. 4	96. 9	96. 2	95. 3	96. 5	97. 6	100. 6	98. 7	99. 3	97. 3	98. 5	96. 4
	93. 7	97. 7	97. 0	104. 3	106. 0	99. 0	107. 1	98. 7	92. 2	90, 9	94. 9	97. 5	96. 4	88. 5	r 104. 0	96. 6
	95. 6	98. 8	97. 2	96. 7	97. 4	98. 5	101. 0	99. 9	99. 1	98. 1	98. 6	98. 5	99. 5	101. 1	102. 0	103. 0
	92. 5	96. 2	95. 7	94. 5	95. 7	94. 1	91. 4	91. 6	95. 8	98. 5	104. 4	98. 6	98. 3	96. 2	r 94. 1	89. 5
Foods, processed 9 ⊕	100. 7	101. 2	102. 0	101, 8	101. 6	100. 2	99. 6	99. 8	100. 8	101. 5	103. 3	101. 5	101. 3	100. 9	7 100. S	100, 5
	105. 1	107. 6	106. 9	107, 3	107. 4	108. 0	107. 4	107. 6	107. 9	107. 8	107. 6	107. 6	107. 7	107. 6	107. 4	108, 9
	107. 5	106. 9	109. 1	109, 1	108. 0	106. 0	104. 5	105. 0	105. 7	106. 1	106. 0	107. 7	108. 0	108. 1	7 107. 8	108, 0
	101. 7	98. 0	99. 3	99, 8	99. 3	99. 0	98. 6	99. 1	98. 7	97. 1	96. 6	96. 4	96. 3	95. 7	7 100. 0	100, 0
	95. 4	99. 1	99. 2	98, 7	98. 4	95. 6	95. 5	95. 7	99. 0	101. 0	106. 8	100. 0	100. 1	99. 4	97. 9	95, 6
Commodities other than farm products and foods $1957-59=100$	100.8	100.8	101.0	100.8	100.8	100. 9	100.9	100. 7	100.8	100. 6	100.8	100.7	100. 7	100. 7	100.7	100.7
Chemicals and allied products 9	99. 1	97. 5	98. 4	98. 1	98. 0	97. 9	97. 7	97. 6	97. 2	97. 0	96. 9	97. 1	97. 0	96. 8	96, 9	96. 8
	98. 4	96. 3	97. 3	96. 8	96. 6	96. 5	96. 3	96. 2	96. 1	95. 9	95. 9	96. 1	95. 9	95. 9	96, 0	95. 6
	98. 3	96. 0	97. 2	97. 1	97. 1	97. 0	97. 0	97. 0	95. 1	95. 0	95. 0	95. 1	95. 1	94. 8	95, 2	95. 1
	87. 5	76. 3	83. 0	77. 0	81. 3	79. 3	77. 1	73. 4	73. 5	73. 0	72. 3	76. 7	75. 9	72. 8	71, 7	72. 7
	104. 3	101. 9	105. 8	106. 3	103. 7	103. 7	103. 6	103. 6	101. 0	98. 4	98. 6	99. 0	99. 2	99. 6	100, 8	102. 3
	103. 6	103. 8	103. 7	103. 7	103. 7	103. 7	103. 8	103. 8	103. 8	103. 8	103. 8	103. 8	103. 8	103. 8	103, 8	103. 8
Fuel and related prod., and power ?do	100. 7	100. 2	101. 0	100. 4	98. 9	100. 2	99. 7	99. 6	100. 0	99. 5	100. 8	100.8	7 100. 7	100. 8	r 100. 4	100, 3
Coaldo	97. 7	96. 8	98. 7	98. 7	98. 7	95. 3	94. 6	94. 6	95. 3	95. 6	96. 6	97.2	97. 7	98. 3	98. 3	98, 3
Electric power Jan. 1958=100_	102. 4	102. 8	102. 5	103. 0	103. 1	103. 0	102. 9	102. 8	102. 8	102. 8	102. 8	102.7	102. 7	102. 7	r 102. 5	102, 5
Gas fuelsdo	118. 7	119. 2	118. 1	122. 0	119. 4	115. 3	116. 6	113. 8	119. 7	117. 8	120. 1	122.7	122. 3	123. 1	r 120. 8	128, 4
Petroleum products, refined1957-59=100	99. 3	98. 2	99. 6	97. 8	95. 3	98. 9	97. 9	98. 1	98. 0	97. 2	99. 2	98.9	7 98. 6	98. 6	98. 2	97, 1
Furniture, other household durables 9 do Appliances, household do Furniture, household do Radio receivers and phonographs do Television receivers do do	99. 5	98. 8	99. 3	99. 1	99. 0	98. 9	99. 0	98. 9	98. 8	98. 7	98. 6	98. 5	98. 6	98. 4	98. 3	98. 2
	95. 2	94. 0	95. 0	95. 0	94. 9	94. 7	94. 3	94. 3	93. 9	93. 4	93. 2	93. 0	93. 1	93. 0	7 92. 3	92. 3
	102. 8	103. 8	103. 4	103. 5	103. 4	103. 4	103. 7	103. 9	104. 1	104. 0	103. 9	104. 0	104. 1	104. 2	7 104. 5	104. 4
	91. 5	86. 1	89. 4	87. 8	87. 1	86. 8	87. 2	84. 8	85. 4	85. 4	85. 1	85. 1	7 84. 6	84. 5	84. 6	84. 6
	97. 2	94. 2	93. 7	93. 7	93. 7	93. 7	95. 5	94. 9	94. 3	94. 3	94. 3	94. 3	94. 3	94. 3	7 93. 6	93. 6
Hides, skins, and leather products ♀	106. 2	107. 4	108. 2	107. 7	107. 4	106. 9	107. 2	108, 0	107. 5	107. 0	107, 5	107. 4	107. 3	106. 9	7 106. 0	105. 1
	107. 4	108. 7	108. 5	108. 5	108. 7	108. 7	108. 7	108, 7	108. 8	108. 8	108, 8	108. 6	108. 6	108. 7	108. 5	108. 4
	107. 9	106. 2	110. 1	105. 4	103. 8	103. 3	105. 4	108, 5	104. 2	105. 1	110, 8	108. 8	107. 1	101. 6	95. 2	86. 1
	106. 0	108. 5	110. 9	110. 6	109. 6	109. 5	110. 6	110, 0	108. 4	106. 9	106, 6	106. 5	106. 8	106. 1	105. 2	104. 7
	95. 9	96. 5	94. 7	95. 2	96. 2	96. 8	97. 1	97, 3	97. 5	97. 4	97, 0	96. 6	96. 3	95. 8	95. 9	96. 1
	94. 7	96. 5	94. 0	94. 8	95. 8	96. 8	97. 5	97, 6	98. 0	97. 7	97, 2	96. 7	96. 3	95. 8	95. 9	96. 2
Machinery and motive prod. Q do—	102. 3	102. 3	102. 3	102. 3	102. 3	102. 3	102, 3	102, 2	102. 4	102. 3	102.3	102. 2	102. 2	102. 3	102. 3	102. 3
Agricultural machinery and equip do—	107. 4	109. 5	108. 8	109. 2	109. 4	109. 2	109, 3	109, 5	109. 5	109. 4	109.4	109. 6	110. 2	110. 5	110. 8	110. 8
Construction machinery and equip do—	107. 5	107. 8	107. 7	107. 6	107. 6	107. 7	107, 7	107, 7	107. 6	107. 7	107.7	108. 0	108. 2	108. 3	108. 3	108. 5
Electrical machinery and equip do—	100. 0	98. 4	98. 8	98. 8	98. 7	98. 6	98, 6	98, 4	98. 1	98. 0	r 98.4	7 98. 4	98. 1	98. 1	• 98. 0	98. 0
Motor vehicles do—	100. 7	100. 5	100. 3	100. 2	100. 1	100. 1	100, 1	100, 9	100. 9	100. 9	100.9	100. 4	100. 4	100. 4	100. 4	100. 4
Metals and metal products ♀	100. 7	100. 0	100. 7	100. 6	100. 4	100. 3	100. 2	99. 8	99. 7	99. 8	99. 7	99. 4	99. 3	99, 3	r 99. 5	99. 4
	94. 6	93. 2	93. 8	93. 8	93. 7	93. 7	93. 1	92. 9	92. 9	92. 9	92. 6	92. 7	92. 8	93, 3	r 92. 5	92. 5
	100. 7	99. 3	100. 6	100. 4	99. 8	99. 6	99. 2	98. 9	98. 9	99. 1	99. 0	98. 7	98. 4	98, 7	98. 8	98. 6
	100. 4	99. 2	100. 5	100. 3	100. 1	99. 8	99. 9	99. 3	99. 0	99. 0	98. 9	97. 9	98. 3	97, 7	r 98. 0	98. 0
Nonmetallic mineral products 9 do	101. 8	101. 8	101. 9	102. 1	102. 2	102. 4	102. 1	101. 9	101. 6	101. 6	101. 5	101. 6	101. 6	101. 5	101. 4	101. 5
	103. 2	103. 5	103. 4	103. 5	103. 6	103. 6	103. 6	103. 6	103. 6	103. 6	103. 6	103. 4	103. 4	103. 5	r 103. 7	103. 6
	102. 5	102. 6	102. 2	102. 6	102. 6	102. 6	7 102. 5	7 102. 5	102. 7	102. 6	r 102. 6	102. 7	102. 8	102. 5	102. 5	102. 2
	103. 8	105. 0	105. 0	105. 0	105. 0	105. 0	105. 0	105. 0	105. 0	105. 0	105. 0	105. 0	105. 0	105. 0	105. 0	105. 0
Pulp, paper, and allied products       do         Paper	98. 8	100. 0	99. 9	99. 9	101. 0	101. 3	100. 8	100. 5	100. 0	99. 7	99. 5	99, 3	99. 1	99. 0	99. 0	99. 1
	102. 2	102. 6	102. 0	102. 5	102. 7	103. 1	103. 1	103. 1	102. 6	102. 6	102. 4	102, 3	102. 2	102. 2	102. 2	102. 2
	96. 1	93. 3	94. 1	93. 5	93. 6	92. 9	93. 2	93. 0	92. 7	92. 7	92. 8	93, 1	93. 7	94. 4	94. 3	94. 2
	92. 4	87. 1	88. 5	87. 0	87. 6	86. 1	86. 4	86. 4	86. 4	86. 4	86. 4	86, 4	88. 0	89. 0	89. 0	89. 0
Textile products and apparel Q	99. 7	100. 6	100. 3	100. 4	100, 5	100. 5	100. 7	100. 8	100. 9	100. 8	100. 6	100. 5	100. 5	100. 6	100. 4	100. 3
	101. 0	101. 5	101. 2	101. 2	101, 3	101. 3	101. 4	101. 5	101. 8	101. 8	101. 6	101. 7	101. 7	101. 7	7 101. 3	101. 3
	100. 4	101. 7	102. 0	102. 2	102, 4	102. 4	102. 1	102. 0	101. 9	101. 7	101. 3	101. 0	100. 7	100. 8	100. 6	100. 6
	93. 4	93. 9	93. 3	93. 3	93, 5	93. 7	94. 5	94. 6	94. 7	94. 3	94. 0	93. 6	93. 6	93. 7	7 93. 7	93. 8
	113. 2	125. 9	111. 5	113. 2	116, 3	121. 6	126. 4	130. 7	130. 2	132. 4	125. 2	129. 5	130. 3	143. 3	149. 8	150. 2
	97. 1	99. 1	97. 8	98. 1	98, 3	98. 6	98. 9	99. 1	99. 3	99. 3	99. 4	99. 6	100. 1	100. 2	100. 7	100. 7
Tobacco prod. and bottled beverages ♀do   Beverages, alcoholicdo   Cigarettesdo   Miscellaneousdo   Toys, sporting goodsdo	103. 2	104. 1	103. 8	103. 8	104. 0	104. 0	104. 1	104. 1	104. 0	104. 2	104. 2	104. 5	104. 5	104. 3	104.3	104. 3
	100. 6	101. 0	100. 7	100. 7	100. 8	100. 8	101. 1	101. 1	100. 7	101. 1	101. 1	101. 5	101. 5	101. 1	101.1	101. 1
	101. 4	101. 4	101. 4	101. 4	101. 4	101. 4	101. 4	101. 4	101. 4	101. 4	101. 4	101. 4	101. 4	101. 4	101.4	101. 4
	103. 9	107. 3	106. 7	105. 6	105. 6	106. 0	106. 0	105. 4	107. 6	107. 2	109. 1	108. 7	109. 8	110. 2	7111.6	111. 5
	100. 9	100. 8	100. 5	100. 3	100. 5	100. 5	100. 5	100. 7	101. 0	101. 0	101. 1	101. 2	101. 2	101. 3	7101.3	101. 1
PURCHASING POWER OF THE DOLLAR: As measured by— Wholesale prices	99. 7 96. 0	99. 4 94. 9	99. 2 95. 7	99.3 95.4	99. 3 95. 2	99. 6 95. 1	99. 8 95. 1	100. 0 95. 0	99. 6 94. 8	99. 5 94. 8	98. 8 94. 3	99. 4 94. 3	99. 3 94. 3	99. 6 94. 5	r 1 99, 5 1 94, 3	1 99. 8

Revised. <sup>1</sup> Indexes based on 1947-49=100 are as follows: Measured by—wholesale prices, 84.0 (Feb.); 82.8 (Jan., revised); consumer prices, 76.9 (Jan.). o'For actual wholesale prices of individual commodities, see respective commodities. ‡Data reflect conversion of the 1957-59=100 reference base period. Monthly and annual data for earlier periods for major components appear on p. 20 of the Oct. 1962 SURVEY. \*New series. The index measures price trends of commodities which are particularly sensitive to factors affecting spot markets.

Monthly data for earlier periods are available upon request from the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Wash. 25, D.C.

OGoods to users, including raw foods and fuels.

Revisions for Mar.-Dec. 1960 appear on p. 20 of the Oct. 1962 Survey; those for Jan.-June 1961, respectively, are as follows (1957-59=100): 102.0; 102.6; 101.7; 100.9; 99.8; 99.0.

Corrected.

	1961	1962						19	62			· · · · ·	<del></del>		19	63
Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mor	nthly	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
Cultion of Bosh (Base States)	ave	rage							1	1108.	Сере.	901.	1	1500.	Juli.	100.
		CON	STRU	JCTI	ON A	ND R	EAL	EST	ATE							
CONSTRUCTION PUT IN PLACE																,
New construction (unadjusted), totalmil.\$	4, 783	r 5, 090	4, 082	3, 773	4, 131	4, 600	5, 319	5, 826	5, 743	5, 844	5, 791	5, 748	5, 339	r 4, 888	<sup>r</sup> 4, 304	3, 955
Private, total 9do	3, 364	r 3, 615	2, 962	2, 769	2, 987	3, 325	3, 821	4, 112	4,078	4,082	4, 038	3, 888	3, 781	* 3, 535	r 3, 131	2, 900
Residential (nonfarm) 9do New housing unitsdo Additions and alterationsdo Nonresidential buildings, except farm and	1, 875 1, 349 428	r 2,069 r 1,521 443	1, 629 1, 208 324	1, 472 1, 078 298	1,629 1,192 343	1, 928 1, 345 487	2,308 1,514 692	2, 492 1, 697 686	2, 388 1, 759 516	2, 353 1, 794 445	2, 311 1, 776 423	2, 187 1, 702 374	2, 137 1, 646 380	7 1, 999 7 1, 541 351	1,734 1,306 7326	1,532 1,140 294
public utilities, total \( \sigma \)	896 230 389 193 123	944 234 414 202 119	863 225 365 175 92	835 224 346 163	833 221 348 167 96	839 223 348 161 107	894 229 383 185 122	971 235 433 225 137	1,025 239 469 252 147	1,039 241 471 246 152	1, 037 245 465 234 146	1, 021 245 454 217 132	1, 010 244 454 212 113	964 243 428 189 95	899 241 382 155 7 92	864 235 368 151 94
Farm constructiondo Public utilitiesdo	449	459	360	90 355	410	433	476	489	491	511	515	520	495	7 <b>4</b> 53	r 383	385
Public, totaldodo	1, 420	1,476	1, 120	1,004	1, 144	1, 275	1, 498	1, 714	1, 665	1, 762	1, 753	1, 860	1, 558	1, 353	<sup>r</sup> 1, 173	1,055
Nonresidential buildings do Military facilities do Highways do Other types do	428 114 485 393	7 426 106 521 422	385 54 332 349	353 70 241 340	392 95 279 378	425 103 339 408	436 114 509 439	472 157 618 467	461 94 643 467	464 117 700 481	459 117 708 469	463 129 800 468	418 113 589 438	7 390 104 496 363	r 384 (1) 338 357	355 (1) (1) (1)
New construction (seasonally adjusted at annual rates), totalmil. \$			59, 166	56,714	57,748	58, 279	60,764	62, 678	62, 084	62,829	62, 358	63, 517	62,610	<sup>7</sup> 61, 823	<sup>7</sup> 62, 451	59, 533
Private, total Qdodo			41, 077	39, 909	40, 553	41,747	43, 472	44. 842	44,908	45,244	44, 976	43, 843	44,059	r 44, 134	, <b>43,</b> 308	41,656
Residential (nonfarm)dodo		<b></b>	23, 187	22,245	22, 507	23,484	25,018	26. 118	25, 987	25,957	25, 813	25, 013	25,432	25, 654	<sup>r</sup> 24, 633	23, 121
Nonresidential buildings, except farm and public utilities, total \$\frac{mil.\pi}{mil.\pi}\$. Industrial			10, 982 2, 590 4, 928 2, 612 1, 316	10, 849 2, 592 4, 756 2, 444 1, 284	11, 033 2, 653 4, 795 2, 442 1, 295	11, 234 2, 792 4, 793 2, 353 1, 385	11, 257 2, 886 4, 752 2, 268 1, 466	11. 403 2. 950 4. 865 2. 352 1. 531	11, 661 2, 962 5, 110 2, 588 1, 533	11, 830 2, 936 5, 273 2, 688 1, 533	11, 723 2, 930 5, 214 2, 549 1, 575	11, 419 2, 885 5, 018 2, 316 1, 526	11, 261 2, 820 4, 967 2, 245 1, 436	11, 205 2, 788 4, 979 2, 262 1, 332	11, 348 2, 773 5, 086 2, 310 r 1, 330	11, 219 2, 716 4, 999 2, 256 1, 326
Public utilitiesdodo			5, 357	5, 274	5, 449	5.388	5, 481	5. 539	5, 444	5, 626	5, 548	5, 575	5, 637	7 5, 657	r 5, 692	5, 690
Public, total 9do	l		18,089	16, 805	17, 195	16, 532	17, 292	17. 836	17, 176	17,585	17, 382	19,674	18,551	717, 689	r 19, 143	17,877
Nonresidential buildings do Military facilities do Highways do			5,058 924 7,250	5, 116 1, 211 5, 414	5,069 1,328 5,771	5, 106 1, 381 5, 057	5, 122 1, 354 5, 830	5, 257 1, 549 5, 989	5, 043 1, 170 5, 876	5, 083 1, 244 6, 195	5, 065 1, 164 6, 140	5, 192 1, 492 7, <b>7</b> 86	5, 216 1, 003 6, 922	r 5,083 1,324 6,343	7 5, 041 (1) 7, 483	5, 143 (1) (1)
CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS			1													
Construction contracts in 48 States (F. W. Dodge Corp.): $\triangle$	3,095	3, 442	2,658	9 740	3, 986	3, 860	4 000	2 000	3 747	3, 631	3, 273	3, 425	3, 188	3, 198	2, 779	
Valuation, total       mil. \$         Index (mo. data seas. adj.)*       .1957-59=100.         Public ownership       mil. \$         Private ownership       do         By type of building:	2 108 1, 046 2, 049	2 120 1, 133 2, 309	2, 658 115 922 1, 736	2, 749 119 877 1, 871	3, 986 131 1, 475 2, 511	121 1, 211 2, 650	4, 009 117 1, 227 2, 782	3, 900 120 1, 331 2, 569	3, 747 117 1, 231 2, 516	3, 631 118 1, 039 2, 591	113 1,099 2,174	117 1,003 2,422	123 1,099 2,089	138 1, 190 2, 009	121 932 1,847	
Nonresidential	1,010 1,344 576 165	1,084 1,503 659 196	853 1, 190 527 88	893 1, 192 488 176	1, 325 1, 552 806 303	1, 102 1, 816 702 241	1, 275 1, 819 729 186	1. 242 1, 656 724 277	1, 197 1, 623 719 207	1, 177 1, 651 626 176	1, 019 1, 519 624 111	1, 075 1, 610 574 166	1, 066 1, 361 661 99	921 1, 166 787 325	1, 016 1, 250 433 82	
Engineering construction: Contract awards (ENR) §dodo	1,832	1,844	1, 501	1, 806	2, 151	1, 687	2, 252	1, 821	1, 908	2, 181	1,621	1,608	2, 144	1, 443	3 2, 675	3 2, 075
Highway concrete pavement contract awards:♂   Total	8,939 476 5,390 3,073	9, 483 477 6, 217 2, 789	8, 896 382 6, 338 2, 176	6, 386 416 4, 712 1, 257	6,530 408 4,170 1,953	8,888 848 5,694 2,346	9, 796 787 4, 973 4, 037	10, 846 727 6, 445 3, 674	8, 861 1, 017 4, 443 3, 402	10, 414 421 6, 205 3, 788	6, 986 123 4, 415 2, 447	10, 718 132 6, 479 4, 107	14, 898 246 12, 017 2, 635	10, 576 216 8, 711 1, 650	11,019 1,023 7,815 2,181	6, 351 122 4, 923 1, 306
HOUSING STARTS																
New housing units started:‡ Unadjusted:																
Total, incl. farm (public and private) thous One-family structures do Privately owned do	113. 8 82. 4 109. 4	7 123. 5 82. 9 121. 0	83. 0 54. 4 80. 6	77. 8 53. 8 76. 4	7 117. 2 79. 8 115. 4	151. 6 101. 7 147. 0	7 156. 6 107. 7 154. 2	139. 5 96. 9 136. 2	139. 3 96. 0 135. 8	7 147. 9 101. 7 146. 1	7 116. 3 76. 4 113. 6	7 136. 4 91. 0 133. 5	121. 9 * 78. 4 120. 3	r 94. 5 57. 3 r 93. 5	r 82. 5	87. <b>4</b> 86. 5
Total nonfarm (public and private)do In metropolitan areasdo Privately owneddo	111. 4 78. 8 107. 1	r 121. 5 r 86. 8 r 119. 1	81. 7 59. 9 79. 3	76. 7 55. 8 75. 3	7 115. 6 7 83. 2 113. 8	149. 5 110. 6 144. 9	r 155, 1 112, 0 152, 7	137. 0 96. 2 133. 7	137. 4 97. 7 133. 9	r 144. 8 r 99. 3 143. 0	7 113. 7 7 83. 7 111. 0	132. 5 92. 9 129. 7	120.8 r 83.0 119.2	r 93. 5 r 67. 3 r 92. 5	r 81. 4 62. 2 r 78. 7	85. 8 84. 9
Seasonally adjusted at annual rates: Total, including farm (private only)do Total nonfarm (private only)do			1, 273 1, 247	1, 152 1, 134	1, 431 1, 407	1,542 1,521	1, 579 1, 566	1, 425 1, 399	1, 466 1, 447	1, 529 1, 500	1, 289 1, 261	1,550 1,504	1, 586 1, 571		r 1, 229 r 1, 207	1, 280 1, 254
CONSTRUCTION COST INDEXES															1	
Department of Commerce composite 1947-49=100.	145	148	145	147	147	148	147	148	148	149	149	148	148	149	149	150
American Appraisal Co., The:  A verage, 30 cities	741 810 814 703	756 832 836 720	748 824 825 711	748 824 825 711	749 824 825 711	750 824 825 711	751 824 824 711	754 825 825 711	758 833 845 711	760 833 845 718	762 835 845 734	762 845 846 734	768 848 848 740	768 848 848 740	770 851 849 741	
St. Louisdodo	720	741	733	733	735	735	738	742	743	743	743	743	748	754	756	

Associated General Contractors (building only) © 1957-59=100\_.

109

111

110

110

112

112

112

111

111

111

112

Revised. <sup>1</sup> Not yet available; estimate included in total.

<sup>2</sup> Computed from cumulative valuation total. <sup>3</sup> For new advance planning (Jan., 5 wks.; Feb., 4 wks.). Corresponding data for 1962 are as follows: Jan. (4 wks.), \$1,694 mil.; Feb. (4 wks.), \$2,031 mil.: Dec. (4 wks.), \$1,953 mil.

Q Includes data not shown separately.

<sup>\*</sup>For data prior to Aug. 1960 for stores, restaurants, etc., see Bureau of Census reports; data prior to Mar. 1961 for F. W. Dodge index will be shown later.

<sup>112</sup> △Monthly averages are based on annual totals including revisions not distributed by months.

Months. §Data for Mar., May, Aug., and Nov. 1962 and Jan. 1963 are for 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks. 3 Data for May, July, and Oct. 1962, and Jan. 1963 are for 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks. For revised data for Jan.—Sept. 1961 see Census report (C20-41). ONote shift in reference base; data prior to Sept. 1961 on 1957–59 base are available upon request.

S-10		SUI	RVEY	OF	CUR	REN	T BU	JSINI	ESS						Marcl	h 1963
Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1961	1962						196	32				<del></del>		19	63
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS		ithly rage	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
	CON	STRU	JCTIC	)N AI	ND R	EAL	ESTA	TE-	-Cont	inued						
CONSTRUCTION COST INDEXES—Con.																
E. H. Boeckh and Associates: ¶ *  Average, 20 cities:  All types combinedU.S. avg. 1957-59=100.  Apartments, hotels, office buildingsdo  Commercial and factory buildingsdo  Residencesdo	106.3 105.6	108. 8 107. 8	106. 4 107. 3 106. 4 105. 1	106. 5 107. 4 106. 5 105. 1	106. 5 107. 4 106. 5 105. 1	107. 9 106. 9	107. 6 108. 6 107. 6 106. 2	107. 9 108. 9 107. 9 106. 4	108. 5 109. 4 108. 5 106. 9	108. 7 109. 7 108. 6 107. 2	108. 8 109. 8 108. 7 107. 3	108. 7 109. 7 108. 7 107. 2	108. 5 109. 6 108. 5 106. 9	108. 6 109. 7 108. 6 106. 9	108. 8 109. 9 108. 8 107. 1	
Engineering News-Record: ©  Building	111.5	110. 1 114. 7 2 98. 6	108. 3 112. 6	108. 7 113. 0	109. 1 113. 4 97. 4	109. 3 113. 6	109. 9 114. 7	110. 0 114. 9 97. 0	110. 6 115. 4	111. 1 116. 0	111. 1 115. 9 98. 4	111. 0 115. 8	110. 8 115. 8	110. 8 115. 8 101. 2	110. 9 116. 1	1 111. 0 1 116. 2
CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS																
Output index: Composite, unadjusted 9 \$\frac{1}{2}\$	129.0	133. 9	113.4 121.4	113.0 127.9	133. 3 138. 1	135. 9 133. 8	149. 7 139. 6	144. 9 135. 9	132. 2 137. 1	155. 3 141. 1	139. 6 133. 7	r 150. 4 r 132. 7	r 129, 4 r 135, 3	109. 4 127. 7		
Iron and steel products, unadjusteddo Lumber and wood products, unadjdo Portland cement, unadjusteddo	130. 2 127. 4 161. 6	131. 6 132. 8 167. 6	112. 3 118. 1 102. 0	116. 5 123. 6 91. 6	138. 8 135. 1 122. 4	139. 2 134. 7 168. 0	150. 5 146. 0 201. 7	146. 3 135. 0 193. 2	128. 5 121. 9 199. 7	152, 1 147, 9 216, 1	133. 6 134. 5 201. 4	141. 4 r 149. 1 202. 9	7 119. 7 7 132. 8 175. 5	99, 9 115, 4 137, 2		
REAL ESTATE																
Mortgage applications for new home construction:  Applications for FHA commitments thous, units Seasonally adjusted annual ratedo Requests for VA appraisalsdo Seasonally adjusted annual ratedo	20. 3	18.4	14. 5 7 233 12. 9 196	18. 7 239 12. 0 169	24. 6 246 19. 0 208	22. 7 240 16. 3 167	23. 1 7 229 17. 8 172	20. 4 <sup>7</sup> 216 14. 7 147	19. 8 * 221 17. 1 184	19. 3 - 195 15. 5 148	15. 4 • 191 12. 1 158	17.7 7207 14.1 176	13. 1 7 207 10. 6 168	11. 7 199 8. 9 172	13. 2 203 10. 6 161	14. 6 197 10. 7 150

#### DOMESTIC TRADE

371.89 181.81

2,323

1,661

 $\begin{array}{c} 512 \\ 635 \end{array}$ 

514

 $\frac{2,704}{7,055}$ 

106. 14

418. 16 204. 97

2, 151

1.611

 $\frac{464}{633}$ 

514

2,627 7,441

114.42

402, 80 183, 76

2,429

1,857

584 739 534

 $\frac{2,983}{7,214}$ 

114.53

403, 77 206, 90

2.767

1.936

×23

541

 $\frac{3,075}{7,396}$ 

95.99

432.60 219.34

2,860

1.839

515

796

528

 $\frac{3,134}{7,206}$ 

94. 79

464.73 247.35

2,948

2,036

920 576

 $\frac{3,333}{7,568}$ 

94.58

546.38 284.92

3,091

1.953

543 823 587

 $\frac{3}{7}, \frac{208}{271}$ 

99, 99

231, 21

3,046

1.731

 $\frac{495}{746}$ 

490

 $2,861 \\ 7,034$ 

85.25

492. 28 253. 52

3,068

1,750

505

708 537

 $\frac{2,883}{7,553}$ 

105.69

428, 99 236, 34

3, 479

<sup>7</sup> 1, 755

r 643

 $\frac{2,682}{7,221}$ 

104, 29

503.65 254.04

1, 603

142,00

443

399, 82

ADVERTISING  Printers' Ink advertising index, seas. adj.: Combined index	233 246 185		240 251 190	244 248 190	240 254 184	243 268 194	240 242 192	239 248 189	240 261 186	245 243 188	246 249 196	240 258 186	247 245 201			
Newspapers         do           Outdoor         do           Radio (network)         do           Television (network)            1950-52=100	201 143 20 483		207 132 19 516	216 128 20 533	200 128 20 544	196 131 18 533	196 133 20 550	191 133 21 551	193 140 17 549	203 146 17 583	201 144 20 562	202 146 20 519	220 124 19 528			
Television advertising: Network:o Oross time costs, total	2 178.0 2 12.0 2 52.0 2 36.7				194. 6 12. 7 60. 7 42. 7			193, 2 12, 2 58, 1 39, 1			192. 4 9. 6 62. 6 37. 4					
Soaps, cleansers, etc.	2 19. 2 2 21. 2 2 37. 0 2 154. 4 2 4. 3 2 30. 2 2 52. 5				19. 6 21. 9 37. 0 182. 1 4. 2 39. 7 64. 5			20. 9 21. 7 41. 2 189. 4 7. 4 31. 8 62. 8			24. 4 21. 6 36. 8 151. 9 5. 4 30. 2 48. 3					
Soaps, cleansers, etc	<sup>2</sup> 18. 0 <sup>2</sup> 7. 4 <sup>2</sup> 41. 9				$21.5 \\ 8.4 \\ 43.8$			23. 5 9. 0 54. 9	- <b></b>		20. 4 5. 0 42. 6					
Magazine advertising: Cost, total. Apparel and accessories	69. 7 4. 5 7. 0 2. 5 6. 6 10. 2	73. 0 4. 6 7. 9 2. 3 7. 1 10. 6	48. 9 1. 4 6. 9 1. 0 4. 4 7. 5	66. 9 2. 7 7. 3 2. 4 6. 3 12. 3	\$1.3 5.0 9.3 3.5 7.0 12.5	87. 1 7. 2 10. 8 3. 6 7. 5 11. 1	82. 0 5. 7 9. 2 3. 7 7. 3 10. 1	72. 9 2. 9 7. 6 2. 6 8. 1 10. 3	51. 7 . 9 4. 4 1. 7 6. 4 8. 8	50. 2 5. 2 3. 6 1. 4 5. 0 7. 1	75. 0 8. 4 5. 6 2. 7 6. 9 9. 4	91. 8 6. 8 12. 8 2. 4 8. 6 13. 1	96. 3 5. 4 11. 3 1. 9 9. 9 14. 1	71. 9 3. 2 6. 1 1. 0 8. 0 10. 4	1. 5 5. 8 1. 2 4. 7	
Beer, wine, liquors do Household equip., supplies, furnishings do Industrial materials do Soaps, cleansers, etc do. Smoking materials do All other do	4. 3 4. 8 3. 8 . 7 2. 4 22. 9	4.5 4.9 3.7 .8 2.8 23.8	2. 4 1. 9 2. 1 . 3 1. 9 19. 2	3. 3 3. 1 2. 5 . 7 2. 8 23. 6	4.7 4.9 3.6 .8 2.6 27.5	3. 7 7. 2 4. 2 . 8 2. 6 28. 5	4. 6 7. 5 4. 3 . 7 2. 9 26. 0	5. 1 5. 0 4. 1 . 6 3. 5 23. 2	3. 6 3. 4 3. 2 . 6 2. 7 16. 0	2. 8 2. 4 3. 3 . 7 2. 5 16. 3	3. 9 5. 0 4. 9 1. 0 2. 5 24. 7	5. 1 7. 6 4. 4 1. 0 2. 8 27. 2	6. 2 7. 0 4. 6 1. 4 2. 8 31. 7	8. 6 4. 2 3. 5 .7 3. 7 22. 6		

to member institutions.....mil. \$\_ 

tions, estimated total

By purpose of loan:

Home construction do

Home purchase do

All other purposes do

Fire losses (on bldgs., contents, etc.)....mil. \$...

397. 10 152. 63

 $^3$  2, 662

1.447

601

423

2, 596

6, 090

100.75

439. 24 221. 01

3 3, 479

r 1, 730

2, 849 7, 204

105.42

480. 34 226. 58

2,320

1.323

353 550

420

 $\frac{2,459}{7,103}$ 

133.48

397. 95 175. 44

2, 228

1,303

509

9.238

6,382

115.86

\* Revised. Index as of Mar. 1, 1963: Building, 111.2; construction, 116.4.

\* Quarterly average based on quarterly data. Index as of Mar. 1, 1963: Building, 111.2; construction, 116.4.

\* Quarterly average based on quarterly data. Index as of Mar. 1, 1963: Building, 111.2; construction, 116.4.

\* Copyrighted data; see last paragraph of headnote, p. S-1. New series; data prior to 1961 (1962 for seas. adj. mortgage applications) will be shown later. ORevised to reflect Digitized for data as of ist of indicated month and shift to 1957-59=100 reference base; data for building http://fraser.costs.prior.to.Aug. 1961 are shown on p. 18 of the Oct. 1962 Survey. † Revised to reflect current specifications and base period; data prior to 4th qtr. 1960 are available upon request.

Q Includes data for items not shown separately.

† Revisions available upon request are as follows: 1955-61 for composite index; 1955-June 1960 for iron and steel; 1959-Oct. 1961 for lumber and wood products.

3 Revised beginning 1961 to provide for horizontal contiguity rate structure, wherein a single advertiser might obtain a lower basic rate through the purchase of time across-the-board; not directly comparable with earlier data.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1961	1962						19	62						19	63
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS		thly rage	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
		I	OOMI	ESTIC	TRA	DE-	Cont	inued	1	<u>'</u> '	<u> </u>	·	<u></u>	<u>'</u>		
ADVERTISING—Continued															l	
Newspaper advertising linage (52 citles):   Total	231. 4 58. 1 173. 3 12. 3 4. 9 26. 9 129. 1	233. 2 60. 5 172. 7 12. 4 4. 8 25. 1 130. 3	201. 3 55. 7 145. 6 10. 7 7. 8 18. 7 108. 4	198. 9 54. 1 144. 8 11. 4 4. 4 23. 4 105. 6	236. 9 62. 2 174. 7 12. 7 4. 8 27. 6 129. 5	246. 0 63. 6 182. 4 13. 7 5. 5 27. 6 135. 6	256. 9 65. 9 190. 9 15. 1 4. 4 30. 5 140. 9	227. 6 62. 3 165. 3 14. 2 4. 4 26. 1 120. 6	207. 0 61. 7 145. 3 12. 6 5. 4 19. 0 108. 3	229. 8 64. 6 165. 1 11. 3 3. 5 20. 0 130. 4	239. 5 63. 2 176. 3 11. 2 4. 1 26. 1 134. 9	257. 8 62. 5 195. 3 16. 2 5. 1 31. 3 142. 6	261, 4 59, 2 202, 2 12, 3 4, 3 30, 0 155, 6	235. 2 50. 3 184. 9 7. 7 4. 5 21. 2 151. 5	197. 7 55. 1 142. 6 9. 6 6. 6 17. 8 108. 6	
RETAIL TRADE																
All retail stores: Estimated sales (unadj.), total†⊕mil. \$	18, 234	19,613	r 17, 007	16,042	r 19, 036	r 19, 251	r 20, 226	20, 254	r 19, 1 <b>3</b> 8	<sup>7</sup> 19, 920	r 18, 863	20, 576	20,911	r 24, 127	r 18, 255	1 17, 050
Durable goods stores ♀ ⊕do Automotive group⊕do Motor veh., other automotive dealers.do Tire, battery, accessory dealers⊕do	5, 608 3, 076 2, 870 206	6, 245 3, 566 3, 344 222	5, 174 3, 106 2, 931 175	4, 980 2, 994 2, 832 162	6, 139 3, 780 3, 579 201	6, 284 3, 763 3, 544 219	6, 828 4, 026 3, 786 240	6, 786 3, 944 3, 697 247	6, 330 3, 567 3, 334 233	6, 321 3, 421 3, 194 227	5, 604 2, 808 2, 599 209	6, 988 4, 082 3, 850 232	6, 742 3, 869 3, 641 228	7 6, 766 7 3, 434 7 3, 139 295	7 5, 650 7 3, 458 3, 277 181	1 5, 324
Furniture and appliance groupdo Furniture, homefurnishings storesdo Household appliance, TV, radiodo Lumber, building, hardware groupdo Lumber, bildg. materials dealersodo Hardware storesdo	865 547 318 913 700 213	901 7 583 7 318 947 7 728 219	781 492 289 687 522 165	725 461 264 652 501 151	814 532 282 816 623 193	789 529 260 950 728 222	876 577 299 1, 063 814 249	894 580 314 1,068 829 239	873 573 300 1, 070 850 220	948 625 323 1,096 874 222	916 598 318 999 782 217	962 627 335 1,068 846 222	1,020 658 362 976 760 216	1, 216 7 745 7 471 921 7 609 7 312	7 823 513 310 691 518 173	1 774
Nondurable goods stores Q do- Apparel group do do Men's and boys' wear stores do Women's apparel, accessory stores do Family and other apparel stores do Shoe stores do	12, 626 1, 144 222 439 282 201	713, 367 1, 195 228 456 297 213	r 11, 833 948 196 361 225 166	711,062 795 149 312 189 145	r 12, 897 1, 063 186 418 263 196	r 12, 967 1, 307 221 496 320 270	r 13, 398 1, 183 221 463 285 214	713, 468 1, 121 233 407 269 212	712, 808 971 185 368 236 182	r 13, 599 1, 096 192 414 275 215	r 13, 259 1, 193 206 455 296 236	7 13, 588 1, 214 226 468 308 212	714, 169 1, 320 258 513 340 209	r17, 361 r 2, 127 r 467 r 801 r 554 305	712, 605 7 988 202 377 236 173	111,726 1831
Drug and proprietary stores do Eating and drinking places do Food group do Grocery stores do Gasoline service stations do	645 1, 367 4, 618 4, 159 1, 498	669 7 1, 442 4, 801 4, 344 1, 554	651 1. 272 4, 470 4, 043 1. 447	622 1,185 4,314 3,902 1,333	657 1, 336 4, 971 4, 522 1, 487	643 1, 371 4, 520 4, 073 1, 511	669 1, 486 4, 791 4, 326 1, 577	667 1,537 5,033 4,563 1,623	646 1, 566 4, 733 4, 267 1, 647	658 1, 630 4, 997 4, 521 1, 662	632 1, 513 4, 823 4, 369 1, 564	647 1, 485 4, 803 4, 350 1, 604	660 1, 445 4, 917 4, 456 1, 561	7 880 7 1, 479 7 5, 237 7 4, 732 1, 629	7 658 7 1,345 7 4,752 7 4,308 7 1,530	1 645 1 1, 250 1 4, 491 1 4, 097 1 1, 391
General merchandise group Q do. Department stores. do. Mail order houses (dept. store mdse.) do. Variety stores. do. Liquor stores. do.	2, 076 1, 213 161 340 409	7 2, 269 1, 317 169 7 371 7 450	1, 632 945 131 249 7 391	1,513 850 121 265 7 372	1, 966 1, 146 145 324 + 408	2, 157 1, 253 156 363 402	2, 206 1, 287 163 351 1424	2, 146 1, 267 137 352 r 435	1, 930 1, 110 131 323 7 437	2, 247 1, 272 180 367 r 461	2, 232 1, 303 165 352 r 436	2, 372 1, 377 183 360 r 447	2, 711 1, 575 245 400 r 488	r 4, 119 r 2, 422 267 r 751 r 700	r 1, 758 1, 007 139 255 415	1 1, 627
Estimated sales (seas. adj.), total†⊕do			r 18. 898	r 19, 027	r 19, 328	19,673	<sup>7</sup> 19, 508	<sup>7</sup> 19, 163	<sup>7</sup> 19, 761	r 19, 645	19,693	r 19, 821	20, 230	20, 203		120, 291
Durable goods stores $Q \oplus \dots \otimes do$ . Automotive group $\oplus \dots \otimes do$ Motor veh., other automotive dealers. do Tire, battery, accessory dealers $\oplus \dots \otimes do$			5, 920 3, 348 3, 126 222	5, 977 3, 361 3, 138 223	6, 180 3, 557 3, 329 228	6, 332 3, 646 3, 422 224	6, 169 3, 520 3, 297 223	6, 029 3, 436 3, 220 216	6, 378 3, 658 3, 446 212	6, 128 3, 423 3, 218 205	6, 125 3, 372 3, 149 223	6, 481 3, 832 3, 610 222	6, 523 3, 760 3, 533 227	r 6, 453 r 3, 662 r 3, 418 244	7 6, 429 3, 696 3, 468 228	1 6, 459
Furniture and appliance groupdo Furniture, homefurnishings storesdo Household appliance, TV, radiodo Lumber, building, hardware groupdo Lumber, bidg_ materials dealersordo Hardware storesdo			885 569 316 927 714 213	879 558 321 932 722 210	888 576 312 937 715 222	888 582 306 972 753 219	876 562 314 946 728 218	861 565 296 923 713 210	908 604 304 978 763 215	909 595 314 951 736 215	951 625 326 933 710 223	891 574 317 927 718 209	924 585 339 961 744 217	7 949 7 603 7 346 7 955 7 708 7 247	934 596 338 935 711 224	
Nondurable goods stores Q do Apparel group do Men's and boys' wear stores do Women's apparel, accessory stores do Family and other apparel stores do Shoe storesdo			712, 978 1, 185 224 447 300 214	7 13, 050 1, 170 218 438 297 217	713, 148 1, 217 232 464 306 215	7 13, 341 1, 207 231 450 304 222	r 13, 339 1, 196 236 451 304 205	713, 134 1, 114 208 431 277 198	713, 383 1, 200 229 462 301 208	7 13, 517 1, 224 237 463 301 223	713, 568 1, 203 236 467 292 208	713, 340 1, 160 225 442 282 211	7 13, 707 1, 231 231 483 300 217	r 13, 750 r 1, 219 r 231 r 467 r 299 222	r13, 812 1, 224 228 461 314 221	113, 832
Drug and proprietary stores do— Eating and drinking places do— Food group do— Grocery stores do— Gasoline service stations do—		!	655 1, 387 4, 684 4, 236 1, 543	665 1, 414 4, 732 4, 280 1, 539	658 1, 441 4, 680 4, 237 1, 552	675 1, 426 4, 787 4, 318 1, 547	677 1, 444 4, 801 4, 335 1, 533	680 1, 464 4, 722 4, 269 1, 553	674 1, 404 4, 835 4, 368 1, 525	673 1, 461 4, 856 4, 391 1, 546	651 1, 454 4, 915 4, 453 1, 563	648 1, 443 4, 846 4, 390 1, 566	690 1, 486 4, 813 4, 360 1, 566	r 686 r 1, 465 r 4, 928 r 4, 474 1, 605	672 1, 475 4, 958 4, 490 1, 628	
General merchandise group 9 do. Department stores do. Mail order houses (dept. store mdse.). do. Variety stores do. Liquor stores do.			2. 133 1. 232 163 360 7 446	2, 138 1, 241 159 366 7 446	2, 246 1, 323 162 380 7 422	2, 253 1, 308 171 379 7 459	2, 268 1, 320 167 376 7 448	2, 198 1, 299 160 357 7 433	2, 287 1, 344 167 374 7 448	2, 301 1, 310 181 381 7 471	2, 332 1, 362 182 368 7 436	2, 229 1, 254 163 371 7 456	2, 393 1, 355 177 392 7 473	7 2, 340 1, 389 167 7 356 7 448	367	
Estimated inventories, end of year or month: ‡ Book value (unadjusted), total	25. 78 11. 03 4. 38 1. 88 2. 25		25. 82 11. 37 4. 76 1. 85 2. 28	26. 56 11. 62 4. 96 1. 87 2. 32	27. 37 11. 83 4. 99 1. 92 2. 44	27. 54 11. 99 5. 04 1. 97 2. 50	27. 44 11. 98 5. 04 1. 94 2. 49	27. 02 11. 77 4. 87 1. 92 2. 48	26. 91 11. 76 4. 88 1. 91 2. 46	26. 66 11. 17 4. 21 1. 92 2. 44	27. 02 10. 96 3. 97 1. 97 2. 42	28. 04 11. 44 4. 33 2. 01 2. 40	28. 57 11. 73 4. 52 2. 05 2. 37	7 26. 56 7 11. 46 7 4. 81 1. 91 2. 30	26. 43 11. 56 5. 03 1. 87 2. 30	
Nondurable goods stores $\circ$ do. Apparel group do. Food group do. General merchandise group do	14. 75 3. 22 3. 31 4. 04	7 15. 10 3. 23 3. 34 7 4. 20	14. 45 3. 09 3. 24 3. 98	14. 94 3. 25 3. 31 4. 20	15. 54 3. 41 3. 37 4. 43	15. 56 3. 41 3. 35 4. 46	15. 46 3. 35 3. 37 4. 42	15. 25 3. 26 3. 34 4. 34	15. 15 3. 19 3. 28 4. 38	15. 48 3. 40 3. 28 4. 53	16.06 3.58 3.38 4.76	16. 60 3. 70 3. 43 5. 09	16. 84 3. 70 3. 46 5. 15	r 15. 10 3. 23 3. 34 r 4. 20	14, 87 3, 10 3, 29 4, 09	
Book value (seas. adj.), total	26. 86 11. 52 4. 69 1. 92 2. 33	7 27. 43 7 11. 73 7 4. 88 1. 96 2. 38	26. 86 11. 52 4. 69 1. 93 2. 34	26. 90 11. 48 4. 66 1. 93 2. 34	26. 78 11. 38 4. 54 1. 93 2. 38	26, 87 11, 43 4, 54 1, 96 2, 41	26, 94 11, 42 4, 54 1, 93 2, 40	27. 08 11. 45 4. 55 1. 92 2. 43	27. 18 11. 59 4. 67 1. 94 2. 44	27. 05 11. 51 4. 58 1. 92 2. 45	27. 24 11. 66 4. 72 1. 94 2. 44	27. 40 11. 76 4. 81 1. 94 2. 44	27. 49 11. 83 4. 88 1. 94 2. 43	7 27, 43 7 11, 73 7 4, 88 1, 96 2, 38	27. 46 11. 72 4. 95 1. 95 2. 36	
Nondurable goods stores 9 do Apparel group. do Food group. do General merchandise group. do	15. 34 3. 41 3. 31 4. 44	7 15. 70 3. 42 3. 34 7 4. 58	15. 34 3. 40 3. 32 4. 43	15. 42 3. 39 3. 34 4. 44	15. 40 3. 35 3. 35 4. 41	15. 44 3. 39 3. 33 4. 44	15. 52 3. 40 3. 36 4. 46	15. 62 3. 43 3. 34 4. 52	15. 59 3. 41 3. 30 4. 54	15. 54 3. 39 3. 33 4. 51	15. 58 3. 34 3. 40 4. 50	15. 64 3. 38 3. 38 4. 54	15, 66 3, 38 3, 36 4, 51	7 15. 70 3. 42 3. 34 7 4. 58	15. 74 3. 38 3. 38 4. 54	

r Revised. ¹ Advance estimate. †Data for retail sales (1946-50) and for wholesale sales and inventories (1946-47) have been revised for comparability with later data; new figures are available upon request. peginning Feb. 1961; revisions for Feb.-Apr. 1961 will be shown later. o Comprises

lumber yards, building materials dealers, and paint, plumbing, and electrical stores.

1Retail inventories have been revised beginning 1946. Revisions for Dec. 1957-Sept. 1960 appear on p. 24 of the Dec. 1961 SURVEY; those for the earlier period are available upon request.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1961	1962						19	62						19	963
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mon avei		Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb
		I	ОМЕ	STIC	TRA	DE-	-Cont	inued	l							1
RETAIL TRADE-Continued																
Firms with 4 or more stores: Estimated sales (unadjusted), totalmil	5, 127	5, 472	4, 564	4, 306	5, 252	5, 236	5, 396	5, 499	5, 041	5, 526	5, 413	5, 622	6, 044	7, 767	4,852	
Firms with 11 or more stores: Estimated sales (unadj.), total ♀¶do	4, 378	4, 631	3, 866	3, 673	4, 508	4, 464	4, 594	4, 698	4, 269	4,670	4, 559	4, 692	5,056	6, 526	4,075	
Apparel group Qdodododo	297 30	311 29	224 24	198 18	273 25	361 32	315 29	299 30	250 22	291 23	318 25	314 30	346 35	546 58	232 24	
Women's apparel, accessory storesdo Shoe storesdo	120 86	124 94	85 70	79 64	108 82	138 118	128 97	116 95	100 79	115 96	125 105	124 93	143 93	228 142	93 70	
Drug and proprietary storesdo Eating and drinking placesdo	127 95 38	137 100 40	1 24 93 32	118 88 31	130 98 41	130 98 37	132 103 41	134 106 38	129 105 36	131 106	129 101	132 103	137 99	213 101	129 91 30	
Furniture, homefurnishings storesdo General merchandise group ?do	1, 354	1, 464	1, 052	965	1, 253	1,398	1, 424	1, 402	1, 262	41 1, 459	39 1,436	46 1, 519	48 1,734	2, 664	1,120	
Dept. stores, excl. mail order salesdo Variety stores	823 262 1,843	896 284 1, 920	642 183 1,784	576 196 1,744	775 241 2,100	858 277 1, 805	883 268 1, 908	875 271 2,041	770 248 1, 818	870 285 1, 960	884 271	939 279	1,062 307 2,000	1,617 578 2,103	689 191 1, 897	
Grocery storesdo Lumber yards, bldg. materials dealersofdo Tire, battery, accessory dealers¶do	63	62 90	42 72	1, 744 44 64	54 80	62 87	1, 503	71 101	72 96	76 91	1, 893 67 86	1,890 73 92	2,000 66 92	52 126	1, 697 45 69	
Estimated sales (seas. adj.), total ♀¶do			4, 501	4, 523	4, 653	4, 582	4, 591	4, 523	4, 635	4, 670	4, 691	4, 610	4, 743	4,741	4, 731	1
Apparel group Qdododo			314 30	313 29	* 311	302 29	311 30	291 28	314 30	330 32	313 30	305 29	320 29	309 28	315 27	
Men's and boys' wear stores do.  Women's apparel, accessory stores do. Shoe stores do. Drug and proprietary stores do.			126 95 133	125 97 135	124 95 133	119 92 138	122 93 134	117 86 136	125 92 134	127 98	129 93	121 95	130 97	125 93	130 95	
Eating and drinking places do- Furniture, homefurnishings stores do-		]	101 39	99 36	100 41	100 39	102 40	102 37	99 40	135 99 40	135 99 41	136 100 41	142 102 42	142 101 43	138 98 38	
General merchandise group 9			1,408 848	1, 407 858	1, 511 941	1, 414 852	1, 451 878	1, 420 870	1, 472 896	1, 487 886	1,496 916	1,428 863	1, 523 929	1,503 962	1, 505 923	
Dept. stores, excl. mail order salesdo Variety storesdo Grocery storesdo			2 68 1, 865	272 1,890	288 1,903	283 1, 921	287 1, 906	275 1, 899	287 1, 913	302 1, 921	284 1,936	288 1,940	$\frac{302}{1,937}$	269 1, 965	280 1,965	
Lumber yards, bldg. materials dealers dodo Tire, battery, accessory dealers dodo			56 92	63 88	64 91	65 89	61 89	61 87	64 89	62 86	61 93	61 90	65 94	64 98	61 88	
All retail stores, accounts receivable, end of mo.:* Totalmil. \$	13,053	r114,307	12, 301	12,007	12, 135	12,678	12, 868	13,010	12, 948	<b>13,</b> 045	13, 156	13, 390	13, 557	r 14, 307	13, 504	
Durable goods storesdo Nondurable goods storesdo	5, 903 7, 150 7, 161	7 6, 241 7 8, 066 7 7, 449	5, 698 6, 603 6, 812	5, 530 6, 477 6, 541	5, 609 6, 526 6, 562	5, 864 6, 814 6, 901	5, 948 6, 920 7, 008	6, 088 6, 922 7, 008	6, 153 6, 795 6, 898	6, 213 6, 832	6, 148 7, 008	6, 245 7, 145	6, 203 7, 354	r 6, 241 r 8, 066	5, 914 7, 590 6, 854	
Charge accountsdo Installment accountsdo	5, 892	r 6, 858	5, 489	5, 466	5, 573	5, 777	5, 860	6,002	6, 050	6, 973 6, 072	6, 977 6, 179	7, 153 6, 237	7, 223 6, 334	r 7, 449 r 6, 858	6, 650	
Department stores: Ratio of collections to accounts receivable: Charge accountspercent	47	48	47	46	50	46	48	48	47	47	46	49	49	48	49	
Installment accountsdo Sales by type of payment:	15	17	16	15	16	17	17	17	16	17	17	17	17	17	16	
Cash salespercent of total salesdo Charge account salesdo Installment salesdo	43 42 16	43 40 17	42 40 18	42 41 17	42 42 16	43 41 16	42 41 17	43 40 17	44 39 17	44 39 17	42 41 17	41 42 17	42 41 17	45 39 16	43 38 19	
Sales, total United States:‡																
Unadjusted	109	114	83 110	7 111	96 117	112 113	110 115	105 111	96 114	104 115	117 117	113 110	141 118	7 212 117	» 86 » 114	P
Unadjusted do Seasonally adjusted do do Seasonally adjusted do do do do do do do do do do do do do	110	117	102 114	108 115	116 116	118 115	117 117	112 118	112 118	117 118	125 118	135 120	135 118	110 117	р 107 р 120	
WHOLESALE TRADE †																
Sales, estimated (unadj.), totalbil. \$bolds establishmentsdo Nondurable goods establishmentsdo	12. 56 4. 28 8. 27	7 13.06 4.52 7 8.54	12.33 4.14 8.19	11. 57 3. 96 7. 61	12. 98 4. 52 8. 46	12.60 4.54 8.06	13. 52 4. 76 8. 76	13. 12 4. 69 8. 43	12. 71 4. 47 8. 24	13.71 4.78 8.93	12.89 4.50	14.33 4.97	13.89 4.62	7 13. 13 7 4. 26 7 8. 87	12.44 4.27 8.17	
Inventories, estimated (unadi.), totaldo	113.49	r1 13. 81	13, 59	13. 56	13. 68	13. 61	13. 59	13. 71	13.70	13.76	8. 35 13. 85	9. 36	9. 27 14. 15	13.81	13.83	
Durable goods establishmentsdo Nondurable goods establishmentsdo	6.68 6.81	6.83 r 6.98	6. 72 6. 87	6. 79 6. 77	6. 96 6. 72	6. 98 6. 62	7. 05 6. 54	7. 08 6. 63	7.06 6.64	7.01 6.75	7, 00 6, 85	6. 97 7. 16	6. 95 7. 20	6.83 6.98	6. 81 7. 02	
		EN	IPLO	YME	NT A	ND P	OPUI	LATIO	ON							<u>-</u>
POPULATION													,			
Population, U.S. (incl. Alaska and Hawaii): Total, incl. armed forces overseasmil	2 183.74	<sup>2</sup> 186. 59	185. 29	185. 51	185. 71	185. 94	186. 15	186. 37	186. 59	186. 85	187. 11	187. 38	187. 63	187. 84	188.06	188
EMPLOYMENT ⊕  Noninstitutional population, est. number 14 years																
of age and over, total, unadjmil_	127. 85	130.08	129. 12 72, 564	129. 29	129. 47	129. 59	129. 75	129. 93	130.18	130, 36	130. 55	130. 73	130. 91	131. 10	131. 25	
Total labor force, incl. armed forcesthous  Civilian labor force, totaldo  Employed, totaldo	74, 175 71, 603 66, 796	74, 681 71, 854 67, 846	69, 721 65, 058	73, 218 70, 332 65, 789	73, 582 70, 697 66, 316	<sup>3</sup> 73, 654 70, 769 <sup>3</sup> 66, 824	74, 797 71, 922 68, 203	76, 857 74, 901 69, 539	76, 437 73, 582 69, 564	76, 554 73, 695 69, 762	74, 914 72, 179 68, 668	74, 923 72, 187 68, 893	74, 532 71, 782 67, 981	74, 142 71, 378 67, 561	73, 323 70, 607 65, 935	71,
Agricultural employmentdo Nonagricultural employmentdo	5, 463 61, 333	5, 190 62, 657	4, 417 60, 641	4, 578 61, 211	4, 782 61, 533	4, 961 61, 863	5, 428 62, 775	6, 290 63, 249	6,064 63,500	5, 770 63, 993	5, 564 63, 103	5, 475 63, 418	4, 883 63, 098	4,066 63,495	4, 206 61, 730	4,
Unemployed, totaldo Long-term (15 weeks and over)do	4, 806 1, 532	4, 007 1, 119	4, 663 1, 252	4, 543 1, 431	4, 382 1, 485	3, 946 1, 483	3, 719 1, 274	4, 463 1, 033	4,018 921	3, 932 934	3, 512 906	3, 294 865	3, 801 866	3, 817 979	4, 672 1, 153	4,
Percent of civilian labor force	6. 7 53, 677	5. 6 55, 400	6. 7 56, 554	6. 5 56, 072	6. 2 55, 889	5. 6 55, 933	5, 2 54, 956	6. 0 53, 072	5. 5 53, 746	5. 3 53, 805	4. 9 55, 631	4. 6 55, 808	5. 3 56, 378	5. 3 56, 954	6, 6 57, 930	
Civilian labor force, seas. adj. do do do do			771, 434 767, 262	771, 713 767, 629	71, 803 767, 860	r371,585 r367,591	71, 782 767, 821	71,673	r 71, 730 r 67, 833	r 72, 197 r 68, 104	772, 254	71, 915 768, 076	71, 827		72,348	
Employed, total do Agricultural employment do Nonagricultural employment do Odo			P 61. 882	7 5, 481 7 62, 148	7 5, 504 7 62, 356	7 5, 296 7 62, 295	7 5, 269 7 62, 552	5, 190 r 62, 541	r 5, 118 r 62, 715	7 5, 087 7 63, 017	r 68, 188 r 5, 114 r 63, 074	7 5, 040	7 67, 691 7 4, 983 7 62, 708		7 68, 171 7 5, 183 7 62, 988	4.
Unemployed, totaldo			7 4, 172	7 4, 084	7 3, 943 5. 5	7 3, 994 7 5. 6	7 3, 961	r 3, 942 5. 5	r 3, 897	r 4, 093	7 4, 066	7 3, 839	r 4, 136	r 3, 993	7 4, 177 5. 8	4,

Preliminary. ¹ End of year. ² As of July 1. ³ See note "⊕".
¶ Revised beginning Feb. 1961; revisions for Feb.-Apr. 1961 will be shown later.
♀ Includes data not shown separately.
♂ Comprises lumber yards, building materials dealers, and paint, plumbing, and electrical stores. ↑See corresponding note on p. S-11. ¶ Revisions (1950-61) are available.
Digitized for F New Series. Back data for accounts receivable are available from Bureau of the Census.
http://fraser.stlouisfed.org/

Monthly labor force data (1949–62) appear in "Employment and Earnings," BLS (Mar. 1963). Revised series, reflecting (1) adjustment to 1958 Census of Business benchmarks, (2) shift to 1957–59 base period, and (3) review of seasonal factors. Revisions beginning 1947 appear in the Federal Reserve Bulletin, July 1962. \$\theta\$ Beginning Apr. 1962, not strictly comparable with earlier data; see July 1962 Survey.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1961 1	1962 0						19	962						19	63
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Month averag		Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. **

## EMPLOYMENT AND POPULATION—Continued

EMPLOYMENT—Continued					!											
Employees on payrolls (nonagricultural estab.):† Total, unadjusted†thous	54, 077	55, 325	53, 737	53, 823	54,056	54, 849	55, 209	55, 777	55, 493	55, 709	56,252	56, 333	56, 214	r 56, 444	<sup>,</sup> 54, 846	54, 786
Manufacturing establishmentsdo	16, 267	16,750	16, 370	16, 452	16, 525	16, 636	16, 682	16, 870	16, 782	16, 931	17,127	17, 028	16, 891	r 16, 727	r16, 544	16, 536
Durable goods industriesdo	9, 042	9,443	9, 222	9, 287	9, 339	9, 422	9, 475	9, 547	9, 463	9, 402	9,571	9, 562	9, 533	r 9, 473	r9, 404	9, 398
Nondurable goods industriesdo	7, 225	7,308	7, 148	7, 165	7, 186	7, 214	7, 207	7, 323	7, 319	7, 529	7,556	7, 466	7, 358	r 7, 254	r7, 140	7, 138
Mining, total Qdo	666	647	647	642	640	647	657	661	648	658	651	645	638	7628	7618	612
Metaldo	87	84	86	86	86	87	88	89	88	84	80	79	79	78	79	
Coal miningdo	156	144	154	153	149	146	145	143	130	142	143	144	142	140	139	
Crude petroleum and natural gasdo	309	304	305	302	302	302	304	308	310	309	307	303	300	7301	297	
Contract constructiondo Transportation and public utilities Qdo Railroad transportationdo Local and interurban passenger transitdo	2,760 3,923 820 270	2, 696 3, 925 801 264	2, 298 3, 863 801 270	2, 282 3, 863 799 267	2, 328 3, 880 803 262	2, 589 3, 904 808 267	2, 749 3, 924 815 266	2, 839 3, 965 819 261	2, 982 3, 948 811 254	3, 031 3, 963 810 254	2, 978 3, 959 784 265	2, 936 3, 959 792 267	2, 801 3, 934 782 267	72, 532 73, 937 7787 269	r 2, 345 r 3, 798 761 270	2, 229 3, 869
Motor freight trans. and storagedo	875	910	867	872	879	887	893	919	920	928	942	948	939	7 925	887	
Air transportationdo	197	205	200	201	204	205	207	208	193	199	210	211	209	210	212	
Telephone communicationdo	695	690	684	684	685	687	688	692	698	699	693	688	688	686	683	
Electric, gas, and sanitary servicesdo	611	607	602	600	600	601	602	613	618	619	612	605	603	602	601	
Wholesale and retail trade       do.         Wholesale trade       do.         Retail trade       do.         Finance, insurance, and real estate       do.         Services and miscellaneous       do.         Government       do.	11, 368	11, 571	11, 270	11, 188	11, 223	11, 470	11, 476	11, 582	11, 540	11. 559	11,627	11, 692	11. 842	r12, 401	r11, 543	11, 441
	3, 008	3, 071	3, 021	3, 021	3, 022	3, 028	3, 034	3, 074	3, 091	3. 107	3, 105	3, 113	3, 113	r3, 129	r3, 088	3, 081
	8, 361	8, 500	8, 249	8, 167	8, 201	8, 442	8, 442	8, 508	8, 449	8, 451	8, 522	8, 569	8, 729	r9, 272	r8, 455	8, 360
	2, 748	2, 793	2, 747	2, 749	2, 754	2, 770	2, 780	2, 808	2, 839	2, 841	2, 813	2, 807	2, 808	2, 807	r2, 805	2, 808
	7, 516	7, 757	7, 510	7, 545	7, 573	7, 690	7, 769	7, 881	7, 884	7, 867	7, 856	7, 870	7, 830	r7, 805	r7, 764	7, 796
	8, 828	9, 185	9, 032	9, 102	9, 133	9, 143	9, 172	9, 171	8, 870	8, 860	9, 241	9, 406	9, 470	r9, 607	r9, 429	9, 495
Total, seasonally adjusted† do.  Manufacturing establishments do.  Durable goods industries do.  Ordnance and accessories do.  Lumber and wood products do.  Furniture and fixtures do.  Stone, clay, and glass products do.  Primary metal industries do.	154, 077	1 55, 325	54, 434	54, 773	54, 901	55, 260	55, 403	55, 535	55, 617	55, 536	55,583	55, 647	55, 597	755, 580	755,552	55, 734
	16, 267	16, 750	16, 456	16, 572	16, 682	16, 848	16, 891	16, 923	16, 908	16, 795	16,805	16, 781	16, 695	716, 681	716,628	16, 654
	9, 042	9, 443	9, 217	9, 312	9, 385	9, 490	9, 544	9, 555	9, 552	9, 461	9,486	9, 470	9, 413	79, 418	79,397	9, 420
	201	215	207	207	210	211	213	213	217	222	220	222	221	220	7221	222
	600	607	598	612	610	611	609	611	607	609	603	602	605	603	7605	604
	367	381	372	375	379	382	387	386	386	385	380	378	380	7380	7380	381
	567	572	559	563	562	571	579	581	581	583	576	579	572	565	7561	561
	1, 142	1, 166	1, 194	1, 211	1, 217	1, 223	1, 199	1, 163	1, 149	1, 141	1,134	1, 119	1, 115	1, 121	71,121	1, 129
Fabricated metal productsdo	1, 076	1, 118	1,092	1,097	1, 109	1, 124	1, 135	1, 131	1, 132	1, 122	1, 129	1, 117	1. 110	71,111	71, 104	1, 111
Machinerydo	1, 401	1, 459	1,416	1,421	1, 437	1, 453	1, 460	1, 470	1, 474	1, 480	1, 471	1, 482	1. 481	71,468	71, 467	1, 461
Electrical equipment and suppliesdo	1, 436	1, 528	1,477	1,495	1, 510	1, 528	1, 541	1, 554	1, 555	1, 541	1, 528	1, 546	1, 527	71,535	71, 534	1, 540
Transportation equipmentdo Instruments and related productsdo Miscellaneous manufacturing inddo	1, 522 346 382	1, 645 358 393	1, 569 351 382	1, 595 352 384	1, 611 355 385	$\substack{1,637\\356\\394}$	1, 663 359 399	1, 687 359 400	1, 688 362 401	1, 619 362 397	1, 694 358 393	1, 674 359 392	$\begin{array}{c} 1.652 \\ 358 \\ 392 \end{array}$	71,669 359 7387	71,661 7360 7383	1,665 361 385
Nondurable goods industries	7, 225	7, 308	7, 239	7, 260	7, 297	7, 358	7, 347	7, 368	7, 356	7, 334	7, 319	7, 311	7, 282	77, 263	77, 231	7. 234
	1, 780	1, 772	1, 778	1, 776	1, 777	1, 788	1, 776	1, 774	1, 777	1, 763	1, 770	1, 769	1, 763	1, 773	71, 769	1, 764
	90	89	89	89	90	88	88	87	89	93	96	93	90	790	788	91
	880	881	884	884	886	889	890	891	885	879	874	871	868	866	7861	861
	1, 200	1, 235	1, 196	1, 206	1, 227	1, 258	1, 248	1, 257	1, 249	1, 246	1, 243	1, 242	1, 231	1, 229	71, 219	1, 222
	590	602	593	595	599	602	604	606	606	606	603	603	601	7604	7602	602
	926	933	926	929	931	934	935	937	937	937	938	937	938	7914	7911	909
	830	850	836	841	842	847	849	853	858	855	853	855	855	7853	7853	854
	203	196	200	200	199	199	199	199	199	198	191	191	189	189	7187	186
	365	389	377	381	384	384	392	399	396	395	393	390	389	389	7390	391
	361	361	360	359	362	369	366	365	360	362	358	360	358	356	7351	354
Mining do do Contract construction do Transportation and public utilities do Wholesale and retail trade do Finance, insurance, and real estate do Services and miscellaneous do Government do do Government do do do do do do do do do do do do do	666	647	653	653	654	656	659	652	648	646	641	638	636	7625	7 624	623
	2, 760	2, 696	2, 594	2, 694	2, 648	2, 734	2, 716	2, 671	2, 738	2, 731	2,715	2, 716	2, 696	72,654	7 2, 647	2, 632
	3, 923	3, 925	3, 906	3, 914	3, 927	3, 935	3, 936	3, 934	3, 913	3, 932	3,928	3, 935	3, 918	73,921	7 3, 840	3, 920
	11, 368	11, 571	11, 384	11, 447	11, 460	11, 546	11, 596	11, 621	11, 652	11, 627	11,612	11,594	11, 600	711,573	7 11, 660	11, 706
	2, 748	2, 793	2, 772	2, 774	2, 776	2, 778	2, 786	2, 788	2, 792	2, 796	2,799	2, 813	2, 822	2,821	7 2, 830	2, 834
	7, 516	7, 757	7, 640	7, 675	7, 681	7, 675	7, 692	7, 749	7, 783	7, 805	7,809	7, 831	7, 846	77,876	7 7, 898	7, 931
	8, 828	9, 185	9, 029	9, 044	9, 073	9, 088	9, 127	9, 197	9, 183	9, 204	9,274	9, 339	9, 384	79,429	7 9, 425	9, 434
Production workers on mfg. payrolls, unadjusted.† Total, unadjusted† Seasonally adjusted	12, 044  6, 613  94 535 304 455 9114 428 820 964 4963 1, 035 492 379 222 306 5, 431  1, 191 79 793 1, 067 470 596 506 131 107 280 319	12, 417 6, 930 99 544 316 460 938 426 856 1, 016 1, 035 1, 122 559 389 228 317 5, 487 1, 178 793 1, 098 477 597 519 126 301 319	12, 118 12, 179 6, 764 6, 760 97 507 308 432 969 460 840 908 1, 111 555 395 225 5, 354 5, 437 1, 109 1, 062 470 592 1, 062 470 105 294 319	12, 187 12, 300 6, 846 96, 846 96, 846 913 310 432 984 470 837 9013 1, 119 553 395 225 5, 367 5, 454 1, 088 1, 093 468 593 512 127 105 295	12,240 12,387 6,857 6,903 961 1435 509 311 435 991 1,014 1,014 1,118 551 393 227 299 5,383 5,484 1,106 471 1,066 471 1,066 518 1,105 295 295 295 295	12, 338 12, 541 6, 931 7, 000 988 527 313 454 4991 1, 025 5, 1019 1, 118 557 308 5, 401 1, 111 66 67 67 67 67 1, 025 1, 025 1, 019 1, 118 1, 025 1, 0	12, 372 12, 566 6, 975 7, 037 98 546 314 467 964 446 861 1, 025 1, 133 573 380 227 315 5, 397 5, 529 1, 121 64 797 1, 080 475 595 525 1129 104 298	12, 516 12, 581 7, 085 97 317 476 936 420 868 1, 034 1, 137 378 228 322 5, 491 5, 546 65 803 1, 093 483 597 520 1304 304 304	12, 403 12, 551 6, 925 7, 024 99 558 313 476 903 399 852 1, 020 1, 031 1, 121 561 384 226 316 5, 478 6, 5, 577 1, 224 476 592 521 130 104 296	12. 544 12. 432 6. 862 6. 925 1020 323 3481 906 398 851 1, 014 1, 008 414 1, 008 338 229 331 5, 692 5, 597 1, 304 1, 129 484 566 523 103 303 303 303	12,751 12,465 7,034 6,953 101 567 323 479 911 399 921,021 1,059 1,135 566 389 230 338 5,717 5,493 1,330 1,330 1,330 1,22 97 308	12, 661 12, 416 7, 927 6, 933 101 558 324 474 898 391 1, 062 1, 150 581 391 230 342 5, 633 1, 266 99 792 1, 1184 666 520 121 96 311		7 12, 311	712, 184 712, 259 76, 859 76, 852 7100 851 7315 7315 7315 7315 7431 7902 395 7848 71, 044 71, 166 592 7288 75, 407 77, 688 71, 081 7475 7578 7578 7578 7578 95 3005	12, 169 12, 279 6, 849 6, 874 100 509 315 428 906 846 1, 025 1, 039 1, 157 229 294 5, 405 1, 076 768 1, 106 471 575 515 117

<sup>\*</sup>Revised. \*\*Preliminary. 1 Total and components are based on unadjusted data. † Revised series. Beginning with the Nov. 1961 SURVEY, data for employment, hours, earnings, and labor turnover have been adjusted to the Mar. 1959 benchmark and have been converted to the 1957 SIC. Effective Jan. 1959 the data include Alaska and Hawaii.

The revision affects all series; previously published estimates are not directly comparable with the revised data. Unpublished revisions (prior to Sept. 1960) on new basis are in BLS Bulletin No. 1312, available in many public libraries.  $\text{$\emptyset$ Includes data for industries not shown separately.}$ 

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1961	1962 p						19	62						19	963
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mon aver		Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.₽
	EMI	PLOY	MEN'	T AN	D PO	PUL	ATIO	N—Co	ontin	ued						
EMPLOYMENT—Continued																
Miscellaneous employment data: Federal civilian employees (executive branch): United States	2, 251 220	2, 311 230	2, 252 222	2, 260 223	2, 265 223	2, 277 224	2, 284 225	2, 324 235	2, 339 237	2, 336 236	2, 306 231	2, 304 231	2, 319 233	1 2, 462 1 236	2, 297 233	
Railroad employees (class I railroads): Totaldo Index, seasonally adjusted of 1957-59 = 100	739 2 81. 5	720 2 79, 5	721 78. 0	720 78. 8	723 79. 6	726 80. 0	735 80. 3	738 79. 9	730 79. 3	730 79. 9	704 + 78. 1	712 2 79. 9	702 9 80. 2	704 2 80. 6	<sup>2</sup> 681 <sup>2</sup> 74. 0	
INDEXES OF WEEKLY PAYROLLS†  Construction (construction workers) †.1957-59=100	106. 4	107. 6	81.3	82, 4	87, 6	101.2	111.6	114.0	124.8	128. 5	127.0	123. 9	111.9	r 96, 9	90.1	
Manufacturing (production workers)†do Mining (production workers)†do HOURS AND EARNINGS†	105. 2 89. 9	113. 3 89. 7	108. 5 87. 8	109. 5 88. 4	110. 9 88. 7	112. 6 89. 7	113. 2	115. 1 92. 0	113. 2 88. 8	113.6 92.2	117. 4 92. 0	115. 7 90. 2	115. <b>3</b> 87. 9	115.0 7 87.6	112. 2 85. 7	
Average weekly gross hours per worker on payrolls of nonagricultural estab., unadjusted:† All manufacturing estab., unadj.†hours. Seasonally adjusteddo Average overtimedo	39.8	40.4	39. 7 39. 8 2. 6	40. 0 40. 3 2. 5	40. 3 40. 5 2. 6	40. 4 40. 8 2. 7	40. 5 40. 6 2. 8	40. 7 40. 5 2. 9	40.5 40.5 2.8	40. 4 40. 2 2. 8	40. 7 40. 5 3. 0	40. 3 40. 1 2. 8	40. 4 40. 4 2. 9	40. 5 40. 3 2. 9	40. 1 40. 2 7 2. 5	40. 0 40. 3 2. 6
Durable goods industriesdo Seasonally adjusteddo Average overtimedo	2.3	2.8	40. 3 40. 3 2. 6	40, 6 40, 9 2, 5	40. 8 41. 0 2. 7	41. 1 41. 3 2. 7	41. 1 41. 1 2. 8	41. 2 41. 0 3. 0	40. 8 41. 0 2. 8	40. 9 40. 9 2. 8	41. 2 41. 0 3. 1	41. 0 40. 7 2. 9	41. 0 41. 1 3. 0	7 41. 2 7 41. 1 3. 1	7 40. 8 7 40. 8 2. 6	40.7 41.0 2.7
Ordnance and accessories	40. 8 39. 5 39. 9 40. 7 39. 5 38. 7	41. 3 39. 7 40. 7 40. 9 40. 1 38. 9	41. 0 37. 3 39. 0 38. 9 40. 8 40. 7	41.3 39.3 40.2 39.8 40.8 40.6	41. 6 38. 9 40. 6 40. 2 41. 0 40. 6	41. 7 39. 5 40. 6 40. 9 40. 9 40. 4	41. 4 40. 4 40. 4 41. 5 39. 9 38. 3	41. 3 40. 4 41. 0 41. 5 40. I 38. 0	40. 7 40. 4 40. 3 41. 6 39. 4 37. 4	40. 9 40. 9 41. 3 41. 8 39. 4 37. 8	41. 2 40. 8 41. 6 41. 6 40. 0 38. 6	41. 2 40. 0 41. 5 41. 5 39. 5 37. 7	41.5 39.5 40.9 41.1 39.7 38.0	42. 0 39. 2 41. 2 40. 1 40. 4 38. 9	7 41.8 7 39.3 7 40.2 7 39.8 7 40.4 39.3	42. 1 39. 3 40. 4 40. 0 40. 3
Fabricated metal productsdo Machinerydo Electrical equipment and suppliesdo	40. 5 40. 9 40. 2	41, 1 41, 7 40, 6	40. 3 41. 3 40. 3	40. 6 41. 6 40. 3	40. 9 41. 9 40. 5	41. 1 42. 1 40. 6	41. 3 42. 1 40. 7	41. 7 42. 1 40. 9	40. 9 41. 7 40. 3	41. 3 41. 6 40. 5	41. 5 41. 6 41. 0	41. 3 41. 4 40. 7	41. 1 41. 3 40. 6	7 41. 2 41. 7 7 40. 8	41.0 741.6 740.3	
Transportation equipment Q	40. 5 40. 1 41. 4 40. 7 39. 5	42. 0 42. 6 41. 9 40. 9 39. 7	41. 2 41. 7 41. 7 40. 8 39. 1	41.0 41.0 41.8 40.5 39.1	41. 5 41. 6 41. 9 40. 5 40. 1	41. 8 42. 4 41. 8 41. 0 40. 0	42. 2 43. 1 41. 6 40. 9 39. 9	41.9 42.5 41.6 41.2 39.9	41. 9 42. 7 41. 4 40. 8 39. 3	41. 1 40. 9 41. 5 41. 0 39. 7	42. 2 43. 1 41. 8 40. 9 40. 1	42. 6 43. 5 42. 2 40. 9 39. 9	42. 9 44. 3 42. 3 41. 2 39. 6	43. 1 7 44. 5 42. 3 41. 2 39. 7	r 42. 1 42. 5 42. 1 r 40. 5 r 39. 3	
Nondurable goods industries, unadj	39. 3 2. 5 40. 9 39. 0 39. 9 35. 4 42. 5	39. 7 2. 7 41. 0 38. 5 40. 6 36. 3 42. 6	39. 0 39. 2 2. 5 40. 2 36. 6 40. 1 34. 5 42. 1	39. 2 39. 5 2. 5 40. 0 37. 4 40. 5 35. 9 42. 2	39. 5 39. 9 2. 6 40. 2 37. 7 40. 8 36. 6 42. 5	39. 6 40. 2 2. 6 40. 5 38. 0 40. 7 36. 5 42. 3	39. 8 40. 1 2. 8 41. 1 38. 4 40. 9 36. 5 42. 4	40. 1 40. 0 2. 9 41. 2 38. 4 41. 1 36. 8 42. 9	40. 0 39. 8 2. 8 42. 0 37. 2 40. 6 36. 6 42. 8	39. 9 39. 4 2. 7 41. 2 37. 8 40. 6 37. 0 42. 9	40. 0 39. 7 2. 9 41. 8 41. 6 40. 2 36. 5 43. 0	39. 5 39. 3 2. 7 40. 9 40. 1 40. 5 35. 9 42. 5	39. 6 39. 4 2. 8 41. 2 38. 9 40. 5 36. 3 42. 5	39. 7 39. 6 2. 7 41. 1 7 40. 1 40. 5 7 36. 0 42. 9	7 39. 3 7 39. 5 7 2. 4 7 40. 5 7 38. 6 39. 8 7 35. 6 7 42. 4	40. 1 36. 2
Printing, publishing, and allied inddo Chemicals and allied productsdo Petroleum refining and related inddo Petroleum refiningdo Rubber and mise, plastic productsdo Leather and leather productsdo	38. 2 41. 4 41. 2 40. 9 40. 3 37. 4	38.3 41.5 41.6 41.2 41.0 37.7	37. 9 41. 5 41. 7 42. 1 40. 7 38. 7	38. 1 41. 4 40. 6 40. 7 40. 2 38. 0	38. 5 41. 4 40. 7 40. 5 40. 6 38. 0	38. 4 41. 7 41. 3 41. 0 41. 0 37. 1	38. 4 41. 8 41. 6 41. 2 41. 3 37. 2	38. 3 41. 8 42. 0 41. 4 42. 0 38. 3	38. 2 41. 5 42. 3 41. 6 40. 9 38. 5	38.4 41.4 41.7 40.8 40.9 38.1	38. 6 41. 5 42. 7 42. 0 41. 2 37. 2	38. 1 41. 4 41. 7 40. 9 40. 9 36. 2	38. 2 41. 4 41. 6 41. 3 40. 9 36. 8	38. 6 41. 7 7 41. 5 7 41. 4 41. 2 7 37. 6	7 38. 2 7 41. 3 7 41. 7 41. 8 7 41. 0 7 37. 7	40. 6
Nonmanufacturing establishments:†  Mining 9	40, 6 41, 4 35, 8 41, 8	41. 0 41. 5 436. 9 42. 0	39. 9 41. 3 37. 5 41. 0	40. 7 41. 7 37. 6 41. 9	40. 9 41. 8 37. 6 41. 9	41. 0 41. 7 37. 1 42. 0	40. 9 42. 0 35. 0 41. 9	41. 3 42. 0 37. 2 41. 6	40. 9 41. 3 42. 3	41. 6 40. 7 36. 5 42. 3	41. 5 41. 3 36. 3 42. 2	41. 4 40. 9 36. 9 42. 0	40. 9 41. 0 36. 0 42. 2	40. 9 7 40. 9 7 38. 2 7 42. 6	40. 9 41. 3 38. 8 41. 6	
Contract construction	36. 9 35. 8 40. 3 36. 2	37. 0 35. 6 40. 6 36. 3	33. 4 32. 1 34. 0 34. 0	35. 1 34. 4 38. 3 34. 4	36. 1 35. 0 39. 3 35. 5	36. 7 35. 7 39. 3 36. 2	38. 1 36. 7 42. 2 37. 2	37. 6 36. 1 41. 4 36. 7	38. 4 36. 8 42. 7 37. 4	38.8 37.0 43.5 37.5	38. 5 36. 7 42. 7 37. 6	38. 2 36. 6 42. 4 37. 3	36. 3 35. 2 39. 6 35. 6	7 34. 8 7 33. 4 36. 4 35. 1	35. 5 34. 5 37. 9 35. 3	
Transportation and public utilities:  Local and suburban transportationdo  Motor freighttransportation and storage_do  Telephone communicationdo  Electric, gas, and sanitary servicesdo  Wholesale and retail tradedo  Wholesale tradedo  Retail trade§do	42. 9 41. 6 39. 4 40. 9 38. 8 40. 5 38. 1	42.5 41.5 40.0 41.0 38.7 40.6 37.9	42. 6 40. 9 39. 3 41. 2 38. 5 40. 4 37. 7	42. 4 41. 0 39. 4 40. 8 38. 5 40. 3 37. 7	42. 8 41. 0 39. 3 40. 9 38. 6 40. 5 37. 8	42. 6 41. 2 39. 2 40. 8 38. 5 40. 6 37. 6	42. 8 41. 4 39. 4 40. 8 38. 6 40. 6 37. 7	43. 0 41. 9 39. 7 40. 8 38. 9 40. 7 38. 2	42. 4 41. 9 40. 3 41. 1 39. 2 40. 8 38. 5	42.8 42.1 40.2 41.0 39.2 40.7 38.6	42. 1 42. 1 40. 6 41. 3 38. 8 40. 7 38. 0	42. 0 41. 5 40. 5 41. 1 38. 5 40. 6 37. 6	42.1 41.2 40.9 41.2 38.4 40.6 37.5	r 42. 2 r 41. 5 39. 9 r 41. 5 38. 9 40. 8 38. 2	41. 7 40. 6 39. 5 41. 1 38. 4 40. 4 37. 6	
Services and miscellaneous: Hotels, tourist courts, and motelsdo Laundries, cleaning and dycing plants_do	39. 6 38. 8	39, I 38, 9	38. 9 37. 9	39, 0 38, 0	39. 1 38. 6	38. 9 39. 4	39. 3 39. 9	39. 7 39. 5	39. 6 39. 3	39. 9 39. 1	38. 7 39. 1	38. 8 39. 1	38. 7 38. 7	7 38. 4 7 38. 7	38. 4 38. 5	
Average weekly gross earnings per worker on payrolls of nonagricultural establishments:† All manufacturing establishments† — dollars— Durable goods industries————————————————————————————————————	92. 34 100. 10 113. 42 77. 03	96, 56 105, 11 116, 88 78, 61	94. 88 103. 17 115. 21 73. 48	95. 20 103. 53 116. 47 76. 24	95. 91 104. 45 117. 31 75. 08	96, 56 105, 22 118, 43 77, 82	96. 80 105. 22 117. 16 79. 59	97. 27 105. 47 116. 88 80. 40	95. 80 104. 45 115. 18 80. 40	95. 75 103. 89 115. 34 81. 80	97. 68 105. 88 117. 01 82. 01	96. 72 105. 37 117. 01 79. 60	97.36 106.19 118.69 79.00		97. 44 r 106. 08 r 120. 80 r 76. 64	105. 85 122. 05
Furniture and fixtures do Stone, clay, and glass products. do Primary metal industries do	76. 21 95. 24 114. 95	79. 37 98. 57 119. 50	75. 66 92. 97 122. 81	77. 59 94. 33 122. 81	78. 76 95. 68 123. 41	78. 76 98. 16 123. 11	78. 38 99. 60 118. 50	79. 95 100. 43 119. 10	78. 18 100. 67 116. 62	80. 54 101. 57 116. 23	81. 54 101. 50 118. 80	81. 34 100. 85 116. 92	80.16 100.28 117.91	81. 58 97. 84 120. 39		97.6
Fabricated metal productsdo Machinerydo Electrical equipment and suppliesdo	100. 85 107. 16 94. 47	104. 81 112. 59 97. 44	102. 36 110. 27 95. 91	102. 72 111. 49 95. 91	103. 48 112. 71 96. 39	104. 39 113. 67 97. 44	105. 73 114. 09 97. 68	106. 75 114. 09 98. 16	104.30 112.59 96.72	105. 32 112. 32 97. 20	106. 66 112. 74 99. 22	105. 73 112. 61 98. 49	105. 63 112. 75 98. 66	7 106. 30 114. 26 7 99. 96	105, 78 r 113, 98 r 97, 93	114.4
Transportation equipment Q	97. 27 75. 84	122. 22 100. 21 78. 21		117, 26 98, 82 77, 42	118. 69 98. 42 79. 00		121. 96 99. 80 78. 60	121. 09 100. 94 78. 60	121. 93 99. 55 77. 03	119. 19 100. 04 77. 42	124. 49 100. 61 78. 60	100.61			/125.04 /100.04 /79.78	99.7

Fifther with Mar. 1962 Survey, index is shown on new base period. See corresponding note, bottom p. S-13.  $\$  Includes data for industries not shown separately. Sexcept eating and drinking places.

Preliminary. Average for 11 months.

1 Includes Post Office employees hired for the Christmas season; there were about 155,000 such employees in the United States in Dec. 1962.

2 Based on unadjusted data,

Digitized for FRASER

http://fraser.stlouisfed.org/

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1961	1962 p						196	52						19	963
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mon ave		Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan,	Feb.
	EMI	PLOY	MEN	T AN	D PC	PUL	ATIO	NCo	ontin	ued			·	!	!	
HOURS AND EARNINGS—Continued Average weekly gross earnings per worker on pay- rolls of nonagricultural estab.†—Continued All manufacturing estab.†—Continued Nondurable goods industries	82. 92 89. 16 69. 03 65. 04 57. 70	86. 15 92. 25 72. 00 68. 21 60. 62	84. 24 90. 45 66. 25 66. 17 57. 62	84. 28 90. 00 68. 82 66. 83 59. 95	85. 32 90. 45 72. 01 68. 54 61. 49	85. 54 91. 13 74. 10 68. 38 60. 96	86. 37 92. 48 75. 65 69. 12 60. 59	87, 02 92, 70 76, 03 69, 46 61, 09	86, 80 93, 66 73, 28 68, 21 60, 76	86. 18 91. 46 68. 04 68. 21 62. 16	86, 80 92, 80 70, 72 67, 54 61, 32	85. 72 91. 21 68. 17 68. 45 59. 95	86, 72 93, 52 72, 35 68, 45 60, 62	86. 94 94. 12 75. 39 68. 45 760. 12	7 86. 46 7 93. 15 7 73. 34 67. 26 7 59. 81	86. 02 92. 63 68. 78 68. 00 60. 65
Paper and allied products do  Printing, publishing, and allied ind do  Chemicals and allied products do  Petroleum refining and related ind do  Rubber and misc. plastic products do  Leather and leather products do	99. 45 105. 05 106. 81 124. 42 96. 72 62. 83	102. 67 108. 01 109. 98 126. 88 100. 86 64. 84	100. 20 105. 36 109. 56 128. 44 99. 31 66. 18	100. 01 106. 68 108. 47 123. 02 97. 28 64. 98	101. 15 107. 42 108. 05 123. 32 98. 25 65. 36	101. 10 107. 90 108. 84 125, 55 99. 63 63. 81	101. 34 107. 90 109. 52 126. 05 101. 19 63. 98	102. 96 107. 62 111. 19 127. 68 104. 58 65. 88	103,58 107, 34 110, 81 129, 44 101, 84 65, 84	103. 82 108. 29 110. 12 126. 35 101. 02 65. 53	104. 49 109. 62 110. 81 131. 09 101. 76 64. 36	103. 28 107. 82 110. 95 127. 19 101. 02 62. 63	103. 28 108. 49 111. 37 127. 71 101. 84 64. 03	104. 68 7109. 24 112. 17 7126. 99 103. 00 7 65. 05	r 103, 46 r 108, 11 r 111, 10 r 130, 52 r 102, 50 r 65, 60	102, 72 109, 16 110, 29 127, 08 100, 94 66, 00
Nonmanufacturing establishments:†  Mining \$\rho\$	107. 18 113. 44 111. 34 105. 75	110. 70 117. 86 113. 99 109. 20	108. 93 116. 88 117. 38 106. 60	110. 30 117. 59 116. 94 108. 52	110. 84 118. 29 117. 69 108. 52	110, 70 118, 01 116, 12 109, 20	109. 61 119. 28 108. 15 108. 52	111. 10 118. 86 115. 69 107. 74	110.02 115.88 102.30 110.83	111, 90 116, 00 113, 15 109, 56	112. 88 118. 12 113. 62 110. 99	111. 78 116. 16 114. 39 109. 20	110. 43 116. 44 111. 24 109. 30	r 119, 57	112. 07 117. 71 120. 67 109. 82	
Contract construction doGeneral building contractors doHeavy construction doSpecial trade contractors do	117. 71 108. 83 118. 48 123. 08	121. 73 112. 50 120. 99 128. 14	111, 22 102, 08 104, 72 119, 34	113, 37 106, 30 109, 16 119, 37	118, 05 109, 55 114, 36 123, 90	120, 01 112, 10 116, 33 126, 34	123. 44 114. 14 124. 07 129. 46	121. 45 111. 91 122. 13 127. 72	125.57 115.92 127.67 131.65	127. 26 116. 92 130. 50 132. 38	128, 21 117, 81 129, 38 134, 23	126. 82 117. 12 127. 20 133. 16	120, 88 113, 34 117, 61 127, 45	r 117. 97 r 108. 55 109. 20 r 127. 41	120. 35 111. 44 112. 56 128. 49	
Transportation and public utilities:  Local and suburban transportationdo  Motor freight transportation and storage_do  Telephone communicationdo  Electric, gas, and sanitary servicesdo	98. 24 108. 16 93. 38 112. 48	100. 30 112. 88 98. 80 116. 85	100, 11 108, 79 95, 89 115, 77	99. 22 109. 47 96. 14 114. 65	99, 30 110, 70 95, 89 115, 34	100, 11 112, 06 95, 65 115, 46	100. 58 112. 61 96. 14 115. 46	101. 48 114. 39 97. 66 115. 87	100,49 114,81 99,54 117,14	101, 01 115, 35 99, 29 116, 85	100, 20 115, 78 102, 31 118, 94	100. 38 113. 30 102. 06 118. 78	100, 62 113, 30 103, 07 119, 48	7 100. 86 7 114. 54 101. 35 7 121. 18	99, 66 111, 65 99, 54 119, 60	
Wholesale and retail tradedo Wholesale tradedo Retail trade§do	72. 94 93. 56 64. 01	75, 08 96, 63 66, 33	73. 92 94. 13 64. 84	73, 92 94, 30 65, 22	74, 50 95, 18 65, 39	74. 31 95. 82 65. 42	74. 88 96. 22 65. 98	75. 86 96. 87 66. 85	76. 44 97. 10 67. 38	76. 44 96. 87 67. 55	76, 05 98, 09 66, 88	75. 46 97. 03 66. 55	75, 65 97, 44 66, 38	75. 47 r 98. 74 r 66. 85	76, 03 97, 77 67, 30	
Finance, insurance, and real estate:  Banking	69. 19 89. 83 45. 54 49. 28	71. 80 93. 53 46. 53 50. 57	71. 24 92. 19 46. 29 48. 89	71. 23 92. 60 46. 41 48. 64	71. 62 92. 62 46. 53 49. 41	71. 62 93. 20 46. 29 50. 83	71. 42 93. 25 46. 77 51. 87	71. 80 93. 21 47. 64 51. 35	72. 56 94. 89 45. 94 50. 70	71. 80 94. 35 45. 89 50. 83	71. 97 93. 76 46. 05 50. 83	72. 54 94. 07 47. 72 50. 83	72. 72 94. 26 47. 99	r 47. 62	74. 05 95. 49 47. 23	
Laundries, cleaning and dyeing plantsdo  A verage hourly gross earnings per worker on pay- rolls of nonagricultural establishments: † All manufacturing establishments!dollars Excluding overtime dodo  Durable goods industriesdo  Excluding overtime dodo	2. 32 2. 25 2. 49 2. 42	2. 39 2. 31 2. 57 2. 48	2. 39 2. 31 2. 56 2. 48	2. 38 2. 31 2. 55 2. 47	2. 38 2. 31 2. 56 2. 48	2. 39 2. 31 2. 56 2. 48	2. 39 2. 31 2. 56 2. 47	2. 39 2. 31 2. 56 2. 47	2. 39 2. 31 2. 56 2. 47	2. 37 2. 29 2. 54 2. 46	2. 40 2. 31 2. 57 2. 48	2. 40 2. 32 2. 57 2. 48	2. 41 2. 33 2. 59 2. 50	2. 43 2. 35 2. 61 7. 2. 52	2. 43 2. 36 2. 60 2. 52	2, 43 2, 35 2, 60 2, 52
Ordnance and accessories	2. 78 1. 95 1. 91 2. 34 2. 91 3. 20	2. 83 1. 98 1. 95 2. 41 2. 98 3. 29	2. 81 1. 97 1. 94 2. 39 3. 01 3. 32	2. 82 1. 94 1. 93 2. 37 3. 01 3. 33	2. 82 1. 93 1. 94 2. 38 3. 01 3. 33	2, 84 1, 97 1, 94 2, 40 3, 01 3, 32	2. 83 1. 97 1. 94 2. 40 2. 97 3. 27	2. 83 1. 99 1. 95 2. 42 2. 97 3. 28	2. 83 1. 99 1. 94 2. 42 2. 96 3. 28	2, 82 2, 00 1, 95 2, 43 2, 95 3, 26	2. 84 2. 01 1. 96 2. 44 2. 97 3. 28	2. 84 1. 99 1. 96 2. 43 2. 96 3. 27	2.86 2.00 1.96 2.44 2.97 3.28	2, 88 1, 99 1, 98 2, 44 2, 98 3, 28	7 2, 89 7 1, 95 7 1, 96 2, 44 2, 99 3, 30	2. 90 1. 96 1. 96 2. 44 2. 99
Fabricated metal products	2. 49 2. 62 2. 35 2. 81 2. 87 2. 78 2. 39 1. 92	2. 55 2. 70 2. 40 2. 91 2. 99 2. 87 2. 45 1. 97	2. 54 2. 67 2. 38 2. 88 2. 94 2. 84 2. 43 1. 97	2. 53 2. 68 2. 38 2. 86 2. 91 2. 83 2. 44 1. 98	2. 53 2. 69 2. 38 2. 86 2. 91 2. 83 2. 43 1. 97	2. 54 2. 70 2. 40 2. 87 2. 94 2. 84 2. 44 1. 97	2, 56 2, 71 2, 40 2, 89 2, 97 2, 84 2, 44 1, 97	2. 56 2. 71 2. 40 2. 89 2. 95 2. 85 2. 45 1. 97	2, 55 2, 70 2, 40 2, 91 2, 98 2, 86 2, 44 1, 96	2. 55 2. 70 2. 40 2. 90 2. 97 2. 87 2. 44 1. 95	2, 57 2, 71 2, 42 2, 95 3, 04 2, 88 2, 46 1, 96	2. 56 2. 72 2. 42 2. 96 3. 04 2. 91. 2. 46 1 97	2, 57 2, 73 2, 43 2, 99 3, 10 2, 91 2, 47 1, 97	2. 58 2. 74 2. 45 3. 01 3. 11 2. 93 2. 48 7 2. 02	2. 58 2. 74 7 2. 43 2. 97 3. 05 2. 93 2. 47 7 2. 03	2. 58 2. 75 2. 44 2. 97 2. 48 2. 02
Nondurable goods industries	2. 11 2. 05 2. 18 1. 77 1. 63 1. 63 2. 34	2. 17 2. 10 2. 25 1. 87 1. 68 1. 67 2. 41	2. 16 2. 09 2. 25 1. 81 1. 65 1. 67 2. 38	2. 15 2. 08 2. 25 1. 84 1. 65 1. 67 2. 37	2. 16 2. 09 2. 25 1. 91 1. 68 1. 68 2. 38	2. 16 2. 09 2. 25 1. 95 1. 68 1. 67 2. 39	2. 17 2. 09 2. 25 1. 97 1. 69 1. 66 2. 39	2. 17 2. 10 2. 25 1. 98 1. 69 1. 66 2. 40	2. 17 2. 10 2. 23 1. 97 1. 68 1. 66 2. 42	2. 16 2. 09 2. 22 1. 80 1. 68 1. 68 2. 42	2. 17 2. 10 2. 22 1. 70 1. 68 1. 68 2. 43	2. 17 2. 10 2. 23 1. 70 1. 69 1. 67 2. 43	2. 19 2. 11 2. 27 1. 86 1. 69 1. 67 2. 43	2. 19 2. 12 2. 29 1. 88 1. 69 1. 67 2. 44	2. 20 2. 14 7 2. 30 7 1. 90 1. 69 1. 68 7 2. 44	2. 20 2. 13 2. 31 1. 90 1. 70 1. 68 2. 44
Printing, publishing, and allied inddo Chemicals and allied productsdo Petroleum refining and related inddo Petroleum refiningdo. Rubber and misc. plastic productsdo Leather and leather productsdo.	2. 75 2. 58 3. 02 3. 16 2. 40 1. 68	2. 82 2. 65 3. 05 3. 18 2. 46 1. 72	2. 78 2. 64 3. 08 3. 21 2. 44 1. 71	2. 80 2. 62 3. 03 3. 16 2. 42 1. 71	2. 79 2. 61 3. 03 3. 15 2. 42 1. 72	2, 81 2, 61 3, 04 3, 17 2, 43 1, 72	2, 81 2, 62 3, 03 3, 17 2, 45 1, 72	2. 81 2. 66 3. 04 3. 18 2. 49 1. 72	2. 81 2. 67 3. 06 3. 21 2. 49 1. 71	2.82 2.66 3.03 3.17 2.47 1.72	2. 84 2. 67 3. 07 3. 22 2. 47 1. 73	2. 83 2. 68 3. 05 3. 20 2. 47 1. 73	2.84 2.69 3.07 3.21 2.49 1.74	2. 83 2. 69 3. 06 3. 20 2. 50 7 1. 73	2.83 72.69 73.13 3.29 72.50 1.74	2, 85 2, 69 3, 13 2, 48 1, 76
Nonmanufacturing establishments:†   Mining Q   do	2. 64 2. 74 3. 11 2. 53 3. 19 3. 04 2. 94 3. 40	2. 70 2. 84 a 3. 11 2. 60 3. 29 3. 16 2. 98 3. 53	2. 73 2. 83 3. 13 2. 60 3. 33 3. 18 3. 08 3. 51	2. 71 2. 82 3. 11 2. 59 3. 23 3. 09 2. 85 3. 47	2. 71 2. 83 3. 13 2. 59 3. 27 3. 13 2. 91 3. 49	2. 70 2. 83 3. 13 2. 60 3. 27 3. 14 2. 96 3. 49	2. 68 2. 84 3. 09 2. 59 3. 24 3. 11 2. 94 3. 48	2, 69 2, 83 3, 11 2, 59 3, 23 3, 10 2, 95 3, 48	2, 69 2, 83 2, 62 3, 27 3, 15 2, 99 3, 52	2. 69 2. 85 3. 10 2. 59 3. 28 3. 16 3. 00 3. 53	2, 72 2, 86 3, 13 2, 63 3, 33 3, 21 3, 03 3, 57	2. 70 2. 84 3. 10 2. 60 3. 32 3. 20 3. 00 3. 57	2. 70 2. 84 3. 09 2. 59 3. 33 3. 22 2. 97 3. 58	2. 74 2. 85 3. 13 7 2. 63 3. 39 7 3. 25 3. 00 7 3. 63	2. 74 2. 85 3. 11 2. 64 3. 39 3. 23 2. 97 3. 64	
Transportation and public utilities: Local and suburban transportationdo Motor freight transportation and storage do Telephone communicationdo. Electric, gas and sanitary servicesdo.	2. 29 2. 60 2. 37 2. 75	2. 36 2. 72 2. 47 2. 85	2. 35 2. 66 2. 44 2. 81	2. 34 2. 67 2. 44 2. 81	2. 32 2. 70 2. 44 2. 82	2, 35 2, 72 2, 44 2, 83	2, 35 2, 72 2, 44 2, 83	2, 36 2, 73 2, 46 2, 84	2, 37 2, 74 2, 47 2, 85	2. 36 2. 74 2. 47 2. 85	2, 38 2, 75 2, 52 2, 88	2. 39 2. 73 2. 52 2. 89	2.39 2.75 2.52 2.90	2. 39 7 2. 76 2. 54 2. 92	2, 39 2, 75 2, 52 2, 91	
Wholesale and retail trade	1. 88 2. 31 1. 68 1. 15 1. 27	1. 94 2. 38 1. 75 1. 19 1. 30	1. 92 2. 33 1. 72 1. 19 1. 29	1. 92 2. 34 1. 73 1. 19 1. 28	1. 93 2. 35 1. 73 1. 19 1. 28	1. 93 2. 36 1. 74 1. 19 1. 29	1. 94 2. 37 1. 75 1. 19 1. 30	1. 95 2. 38 1, 75 1. 20 1. 30	1. 95 2. 38 1. 75 1. 16 1. 29	1. 95 2. 38 1. 75 1. 15 1. 30	1. 96 2. 41 1. 76 1. 19 1. 30	1. 96 2. 39 1. 77 1. 23 1. 30	1. 97 2. 40 1. 77 1. 24 1. 31	1. 94 7 2. 42 7 1. 75 1. 24 7 1. 32	1. 98 2. 42 1. 79 1. 23 1. 32	

<sup>\*</sup>Revised. \*\*Preliminary. \*\*Average for 11 months. \*\*Except eating and drinking places. †See corresponding note, bottom p. S-13. \*\*Q Includes data for industries not shown separately. \*\*O'Perived by assuming that overtime hours are paid at the rate of time Digaster that the property of

NOTE FOR HELP-WANTED ADVERTISING INDEX, p. S-16. New series from National Industrial Conference Board and B. K. Davis & Bro. Advertising Service. The index is based on the number of help-wanted ads published in one leading newspaper in each of 33 cities located throughout the country, representing the larger metropolitan areas.

Inless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1961	1962						19	62						19	963
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mon aver		Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Fe
	EMI	PLOY	MEN	T AN	D PC	PUL	ATIO	N—C	ontin	ued						
HOURS AND EARNINGS-Continued																
fiscellaneous wages: Construction wages (ENR); §		ļ	[							:						
Common labor \$ per hr	2, 827 4, 190	2. 944 4. 346	2. 878 4. 257	2.889 4.273	2.897 4.283	2. 901 4. 283	2. 933 4. 316	2. 941 4. 321	2. 957 4. 356	2. 981 4. 395	2. 981 4. 408	2.987 4.417	2. 992 4. 423	2. 992 4. 426	3. 011 4. 447	3.
Skilled labor do Railroad wages (average, class I) do do do do do do do do do do do do do	1.99 2.675	1 1. 01	1, 11 2, 678	2. 729	2. 678	1. 07 2. 688	2. 665	2. 719	1, 06 2, 746	2. 729		. 95			1. 13	
Road-building, com. labor (qtrly.)do	1 2. 14	1 2. 31	2. 15	2.129	2.078	2. 25	2.003	2. /19	2. 740	2. 128		2. 39			2. 29	-
LABOR CONDITIONS  elp-wanted advertising, seas, adj 1957=100	85. 9	100.1	102.3	105. 9	106, 3	106. 1	106.0	98.5	97. 9	97.0	92, 8	96.8	⊅ 95. 9	⊅ 95. 2	₽ 97. 5	
abor turnover in manufacturing estab.: †				3.5												
Accession rate, total_mo. rate per 100 employees_ Seasonally adjusted*do	4. 1	4.0	4.1 4.4	4.1	3.7	4.0 4.4	4. 3 4. 3	5, 0 3, 9	4.5	5. 1 4. 0	4, 9 3, 8	3. 9 4. 0	3. 0 3. 6	r 2. 4 r 3. 5	p 3. 5 p 3. 8	
Seasonally adjusted*   do   New hires   do   Seasonally adjusted*   do   Seasonally	2. 2 4. 0	2. 5 4. 1	2. 2 3. 9	2. 0 3. 4	2. 2 3. 6	2. 4 3. 6	2. 8 3. 8	3.4	2. 9 4. 4	3. 2 5. 2	3. 1 5. 0	2. 5 4. 3	1.8 4.0	1.2 3.8	p 1.9	
Seasonally adjusted*do Quitdo	1. 2	1. 4	3.9 1.1	3. 9 1. 1	3.8 1.2	3.7 1.3	4. 1 1. 5	4.3 1.5	4.6 1.4	4.8 2.1	4.1 2.4	3.8 1.5	3.9 1,1	3.9 .8	p 3.8	
Layoffdodostrial disputes (strikes and lockouts):	2. 2	2. 0	2. 1	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	2. 2	2.3	1.9	2. 2	2.3	2. 5	» 2. 1	
Beginning in month:	281	» 296	265	225	260	320	440	410	350	335	350	275	215	105	230	
Work stoppages number Workers involved thous	121	₽ 104	770	67	98	125	195	155	90	120	95	110	80	50	75	
In effect during month: Work stoppagesnumber_			400 7 95	330 100	350	460	625	650 300	575	570	580	500 168	430	265	360	
Workers involved thous Man-days idle during month do	1, 360	£ 1,600	7 940	808	136 1, 180	155 1, 240	$240 \\ 2,650$	2,880	189 2, 040	186 1, 950	170 1, 590	1, 440	$\frac{125}{1,000}$	150 1, 400	185 2, 340	
MPLOYMENT SERVICE AND UNEMPLOY- MENT INSURANCE	1 '	'		{	1										1	
onfarm placementsthous_	492	560	465	425	511	577	656	605	580	642	652	643	533	434	459	
nemployment insurance programs: Insured unemployment, all programsdo	2 2, 481	2 1, 924	² 2, 659	<sup>2</sup> 2, 579	2 2, 374	2 1, 968	<sup>2</sup> 1, 686	21,577	2 1, 666	<sup>2</sup> 1, 598	<sup>2</sup> 1, 473	2 1, 524	2 1,772	r2 2, 223	2,778	
State programs: Initial claimsdodo	1, 516	1.309	1,974	1, 286	1,171	1, 147	1, 133	1.083	1, 395	1, 197	956	1, 267	1, 353	1,747	2, 102	
Insured unemployment, weekly avgdo Percent of covered employment;	2, 290	1, 783	2, 486	2, 415	2, 218	1, 831	1,570	1,469	1, 543	1, 469	1, 331	1,385	1,625	2, 063	2, 591	
UnadjustedSeasonally adjusted	5. 6	4.4	6. 2 4. 7	6.0 4.5	5, 5 4, 4	4.5 3.9	3. 9 3. 8	3. 6 4. 0	3.8 4.3	3. 6 4. 4	3. 3 4. 4	3. <b>4</b> 4. 6	4.0 4.8	5. 1 4. 8	6.3	
Beneficiaries, weekly averagethous	2,004 285, 2	1,525 223,0	2, 055 314. 9	2, 127 287. 2	$2,073 \\ 310.2$	1,688 239.6	1,389 $215.0$	1,311 188.9	1,264	1, 257 197. 4	1, 174 160. 6	1. 132 176. 6	1, 296 193, 6	1,502 214.2	2.174	
Benefits paid mil. \$- Federal employees, insured unemployment	33	220.0						-	187. 0				İ		342.4	1
thous_	33	29	36	36	34	29	26	24	26	26	25	27	29	31	37	
Veterans' program (UCX): Initial claimsdodo	28	28	24	21	26	25 45	22	25	30	39	27	31	29	31	39	
Insured unemployment, weekly avgdo Beneficiaries, weekly averagedo	67 65	50 47	52 51	49 49	49 47	45	40 <b>3</b> 9	40 39	46 40	52 46	52 50	52 47	57 51 7. 3	65 56	77 73	
Benefits paidmil. \$mil. \$	9. 0	6.6	7.4	6. 1	6.5	6.0	5.7	5.4	5.7	6.9	6.5	7.0		7.7	11. 1	
Applications thous Insured unemployment, weekly avg do	23 91	17 62	16 86	7 80	5 74	64 64	52	7 44	65 52	22 50	32 65	16 60	16 <b>61</b>	12 62	73	
Benefits paidmil. \$	16.8	11. 1	16. 2	13. 7	14.8	11.8	9.1	7.8	7.3	10. 1	10. 1	11.1	10.4	10.4		
					FINA	NCE										
BANKING																
pen market paper outstanding, end of mo.: Bankers' acceptances	3 2, 683	3 2 650	2,621	0.550	1	2,392	2, 345	2,342	2, 306	2, 277	2, 281	2, 367	)		1	
	1 2 4 000	2,000	2,021	2, 559	2,498	7 0 10		7 000				2,004	2,476	2, 650	2, 593	
Placed through dealersdo	<sup>3</sup> 4, 686 <sup>3</sup> 1, 711	3r 5, 988 3 2, 088	5, 556 1, 762	5,520 1,762	5, 713 1, 876	5, 640 1, 883	5, 917 1, 869	5, 864 1, 878		6, 575 2, 119	6, 573 2, 228	6, 970 2, 417	7.082	7 5, 988 2, 088	6, 767 2, 091	
Placed directly (finance paper);do gricultural loans and discounts outstanding of	3 4, 686 3 1, 711 3 2, 975	3r 5, 988 3 2, 088 3r 3, 900	5, 556 1, 762 3, 794	5,520	5, 713	5,640	5, 917	5,864	6, 169 2, 002 4, 167	6, 575	6, 573	6, 970	7.082	7 5, 988	6, 767	
Placed directly (finance paper)	3 4, 686 3 1, 711 3 2, 975 3 5, 277	3r 5, 988 3 2, 088 3r 3, 900 3 5, 753	5, 556 1, 762 3, 794 5, 320	5,520 1,762	5, 713 1, 876	5, 640 1, 883 3, 757	5, 917 1, 869	5, 864 1, 878	2, 002 4, 167	6, 575 2, 119 4, 456	6, 573 2, 228 4, 345	6, 970 2, 417 4, 553	7.082 2,501 74,581	7 5, 988 2, 088 7 3, 900	6, 767 2, 091 4, 676	
Placed directly (mance paper) I. do- gricultural loans and discounts outstanding of agencies supervised by the Farm Credit Adm.: Total, end of mo	3 5, 277	3 5, 753	5, 320	5, 520 1, 762 3, 758 5, 411	5, 713 1, 876 3, 837 5, 502	5, 640 1, 883 3, 757 5, 594	5, 917 1, 869 4, 048 5, 678	5, 864 1, 878 3, 986 5, 770	2, 002 4, 167 5, 841	6, 575 2, 119 4, 456 5, 833	6, 573 2, 228 4, 345 5, 814	6, 970 2, 417 4, 553 5, 762	7, 082 2, 501 74, 581 5, 719	5, 988 2, 088 3, 900 5, 753	6, 767 2, 091 4, 676 5, 835	
Placed directly (Innance paper) I. do- gricultural loans and discounts outstanding of agencies supervised by the Farm Credit Adm.: Total, end of momil. \$- Farm mortgage loans: Federal land banksdo Loans to cooperativesdo	3 5, 277 3 2, 828 3 697	3 5, 753 3 3, 052 3 735	5, 320 2, 848 716	5, 520 1, 762 3, 758 5, 411 2, 868 730	5, 713 1, 876 3, 837 5, 502 2, 899 728	5, 640 1, 883 3, 757 5, 594 2, 922 719	5, 917 1, 869 4, 048 5, 678 2, 948 694	5, 864 1, 878 3, 986 5, 770 2, 968 692	2, 002 4, 167 5, 841 2, 986 704	6, 575 2, 119 4, 456 5, 833 3, 003 680	6, 573 2, 228 4, 345 5, 814 3, 021 690	6, 970 2, 417 4, 553 5, 762 3, 031 738	7.082 2,501 74,581 5,719 3,037 746	5, 753 3, 052 735	6, 767 2, 091 4, 676 5, 835 3, 069 777	
Placed directly (finance paper)	3 5, 277 3 2, 828	3 5, 753 3 3, 052	5, 320 2, 848	5, 520 1, 762 3, 758 5, 411 2, 868	5, 713 1, 876 3, 837 5, 502 2, 899	5, 640 1, 883 3, 757 5, 594 2, 922	5, 917 1, 869 4, 048 5, 678 2, 948	5, 864 1, 878 3, 986 5, 770 2, 968	2, 002 4, 167 5, 841 2, 986	6, 575 2, 119 4, 456 5, 833 3, 003	6, 573 2, 228 4, 345 5, 814 3, 021	6, 970 2, 417 4, 553 5, 762 3, 031	7, 082 2, 501 7, 4, 581 5, 719 3, 037	5, 753 3, 952	6, 767 2, 091 4, 676 5, 835 3, 069	
Total, end of mo	3 5, 277 3 2, 828 3 697 3 1, 752 259. 3	3 5, 753 3 3, 052 3 735 3 1, 966 286. 4	5, 320 2, 848 716 1, 757	5,520 1,762 3,758 5,411 2,868 730 1,812	5, 713 1, 876 3, 837 5, 502 2, 899 728 1, 875	5, 640 1, 883 3, 757 5, 594 2, 922 719 1, 953	5, 917 1, 869 4, 048 5, 678 2, 948 694 2, 037	5, 864 1, 878 3, 986 5, 770 2, 968 692 2, 109 291, 8	2, 002 4, 167 5, 841 2, 986 704 2, 150 279. 7	6, 575 2, 119 4, 456 5, 833 3, 003 680 2, 150 281. 0	6, 573 2, 228 4, 345 5, 814 3, 021 690 2, 103	6, 970 2, 417 4, 553 5, 762 3, 031 738 1, 993	7.082 2,501 74,581 5,719 3,037 746 1,936	7 5, 988 2, 088 7 3, 900 5, 753 3, 052 735 1, 966 320. 9	6, 767 2, 091 4, 676 5, 835 3, 069 777 1, 989	
Placed directly (finance paper) 1. do grieultural loans and discounts outstanding of agencies supervised by the Farm Credit Adm.: Total, end of mo	3 5, 277 3 2, 828 3 697 3 1, 752 259. 3	3 5, 753 3 3, 052 3 735 3 1, 966 286. 4	5, 320 2, 848 716 1, 757	5,520 1,762 3,758 5,411 2,868 730 1,812	5, 713 1, 876 3, 837 5, 502 2, 899 728 1, 875	5, 640 1, 883 3, 757 5, 594 2, 922 719 1, 953	5, 917 1, 869 4, 048 5, 678 2, 948 2, 037	5, 864 1, 878 3, 986 5, 770 2, 968 692 2, 109	2, 002 4, 167 5, 841 2, 986 704 2, 150	6, 575 2, 119 4, 456 5, 833 3, 003 680 2, 150	5, 814 3, 021 690 2, 103	6, 970 2, 417 4, 553 5, 762 3, 031 738 1, 993	7.082 2,501 74,581 5,719 3,037 746 1,936	5, 988 2, 088 73, 900 5, 753 3, 052 735 1, 966	6, 767 2, 091 4, 676 5, 835 3, 069 777 1, 989	
Placed directly (finance paper) I. do gricultural loans and discounts outstanding of agencies supervised by the Farm Credit Adm.:  Total, end of mo	3 5, 277 3 2, 828 3 697 3 1, 752 259, 3 106, 6 51, 9	3 5, 753 3 3, 052 3 735 3 1, 966 286. 4 118. 0 58. 5	5, 320 2, 848 716 1, 757 294. 6 118. 1 61. 5 277. 7	5,520 1,762 3,758 5,411 2,868 730 1,812 239.4 94.3 49.0 263.0	5, 713 1, 876 3, 837 5, 502 2, 899 728 1, 875 293, 2 124, 7 59, 7 283, 5	5, 640 1, 883 3, 757 5, 594 2, 922 719 1, 953 281, 5 117, 2 58, 0 288, 5	5, 917 1, 869 4, 048 5, 678 2, 948 694 2, 037 295, 4 122, 1 59, 8 287, 0	5, 864 1, 878 3, 986 5, 770 2, 968 692 2, 109 291, 8 121, 9 59, 4 282, 4	2, 002 4, 167 5, 841 2, 986 704 2, 150 279. 7 111. 4 57. 5 285. 7	5, 833 3, 003 680 2, 150 281. 0 110. 8 57. 5 283. 9	5, 814 3, 021 690 2, 103 263. 3 109. 7 53. 4 286. 6	6, 970 2, 417 4, 553 5, 762 3, 031 738 1, 993 307. 4 127. 5 62. 8 297. 9	7, 082 2, 501 7, 4, 581 5, 719 3, 037 746 1, 936 288, 2 116, 5 59, 4 296, 4	7 5, 988 2, 088 7 3, 900 5, 753 3, 052 735 1, 966 320. 9 141. 6 63. 7 306. 4	6, 767 2, 091 4, 676 5, 835 3, 069 777 1, 989 r 325, 9 137, 2 66, 3 307, 1	
Placed directly (mance paper)	3 5, 277 3 2, 828 3 697 3 1, 752 259. 3 106. 6 51. 9	3 5, 753 3 3, 052 3 735 3 1, 966 286. 4 118. 0 58. 5	5, 320 2, 848 716 1, 757 294. 6 118. 1 61. 5 277. 7 110. 3 58. 2	5, 520 1, 762 3, 758 5, 411 2, 868 730 1, 812 239, 4 94, 3 49, 0 263, 0 103, 3 54, 4	5, 713 1, 876 3, 837 5, 502 2, 899 728 1, 875 293, 2 124, 7 59, 7 283, 5 118, 1 57, 5	5, 640 1, 883 3, 757 5, 594 2, 922 719 1, 953 281. 5 117. 2 58. 0 288. 5 118. 1 59. 1	5, 917 1, 869 4, 048 5, 678 2, 948 694 2, 037 295, 4 122, 1 59, 8 287, 0 119, 1 57, 6	5, 864 1, 878 3, 986 5, 770 2, 968 692 2, 109 291, 8 121, 9 59, 4 282, 4 115, 7 57, 9	2, 002 4, 167 5, 841 2, 986 704 2, 150 279. 7 111. 4 57. 5 285. 7 114. 4 59. 0	6, 575 2, 119 4, 456 5, 833 3, 003 680 2, 150 281. 0 110. 8 57. 5 283. 9 115. 8 57. 4	6, 573 2, 228 4, 345 5, 814 3, 021 690 2, 103 263, 3 109, 7 53, 4 286, 6 120, 9 58, 1	6, 970 2, 417 4, 553 5, 762 3, 031 738 1, 993 307, 4 127, 5 62, 8 297, 9 124, 5 61, 0	7 7.082 2.501 7 4,581 5,719 3,037 746 1,936 288.2 116.5 59.4 296.4 122.2 61.1	7 5, 988 2, 088 7 3, 900 5, 753 3, 052 735 1, 966 320. 9 141. 6 63. 7 306. 4 134. 2 60. 9	6, 767 2, 091 4, 676 5, 835 3, 069 777 1, 989 137, 2 66, 3 307, 1 128, 1 128, 1 128, 2 162, 8	
Placed directly (manec paper)	3 5, 277 3 2, 828 3 697 3 1, 752 259. 3 106. 6 51. 9	3 5, 753 3 3, 052 3 735 3 1, 966 286. 4 118. 0 58. 5	3, 794 5, 320 2, 848 716 1, 757 294. 6 118. 1 61. 5 277. 7 110. 3	5,520 1,762 3,758 5,411 2,868 730 1,812 239.4 94.3 49.0 263.0 103.3	5, 713 1, 876 3, 837 5, 502 2, 899 728 1, 875 293. 2 124. 7 59. 7 283. 5 118. 1	5, 640 1, 883 3, 757 5, 594 2, 922 719 1, 953 281. 5 117. 2 58. 0 288. 5 118. 1	5, 917 1, 869 4, 048 5, 678 2, 948 694 2, 037 295, 4 122, 1 59, 8 287, 0 119, 1	5, 864 1, 878 3, 986 5, 770 2, 968 692 2, 109 291, 8 121, 9 59, 4 282, 4 115, 7	2, 002 4, 167 5, 841 2, 986 704 2, 150 279, 7 111, 4 57, 5 285, 7 114, 4	6, 575 2, 119 4, 456 5, 833 3, 003 680 2, 150 281. 0 110. 8 57. 5 283. 9 115. 8	6, 573 2, 228 4, 345 5, 814 3, 021 600 2, 103 263. 3 109. 7 53. 4 286. 6 120. 9	6, 970 2, 417 4, 553 5, 762 3, 031 738 1, 993 307, 4 127, 5 62, 8 297, 9 124, 5	7 7. 082 2, 501 7 4, 581 5, 719 3, 037 746 1, 936 288. 2 116. 5 59. 4 296. 4 122. 2	7 5, 988 2, 088 7 3, 900 5, 753 3, 052 735 1, 966 320, 9 141, 6 63, 7 306, 4 134, 2	6. 767 2. 091 4, 676 5, 835 3. 069 777 1, 989 r 325. 9 137. 2 66. 3 307. 1 128. 1	
Placed directly (mance paper)	3 5, 277 3 2, 828 3 697 3 1, 752 259, 3 106, 6 51, 9	3 5, 753 3 3, 052 3 735 3 1, 966 286, 4 118, 0 58, 5	5, 320 2, 848 716 1, 757 294. 6 118. 1 61. 5 277. 7 110. 3 58. 2	5, 520 1, 762 3, 758 5, 411 2, 868 730 1, 812 239, 4 94, 3 49, 0 263, 0 103, 3 54, 4	5, 713 1, 876 3, 837 5, 502 2, 899 728 1, 875 293, 2 124, 7 59, 7 283, 5 118, 1 57, 5	5, 640 1, 883 3, 757 5, 594 2, 922 719 1, 953 281. 5 117. 2 58. 0 288. 5 118. 1 59. 1	5, 917 1, 869 4, 048 5, 678 2, 948 694 2, 037 295, 4 122, 1 59, 8 287, 0 119, 1 57, 6	5, 864 1, 878 3, 986 5, 770 2, 968 692 2, 109 291, 8 121, 9 59, 4 282, 4 115, 7 57, 9	2, 002 4, 167 5, 841 2, 986 704 2, 150 279. 7 111. 4 57. 5 1285. 7 114. 4 59. 0	6,575 2,119 4,456 5,833 3,003 680 2,150 281.0 110.8 57.5 283.9 115.8 57.4 110.7	6, 573 2, 228 4, 345 5, 814 3, 021 690 2, 103 263, 3 109, 7 53, 4 286, 6 120, 9 58, 1	6,970 2,417 4,553 5,762 3,031 738 1,993 307,4 127,5 62,8 297,9 124,5 61,0 112,4	7 7.082 2.501 7 4,581 5,719 3,037 746 1,936 288.2 116.5 59.4 296.4 122.2 61.1	7 5, 988 2, 088 7 3, 900 5, 753 3, 052 735 1, 966 320. 9 141. 6 63. 7 306. 4 134. 2 60. 9	6, 767 2, 091 4, 676 5, 835 3, 069 777 1, 989 137, 2 66, 3 307, 1 128, 1 128, 1 128, 2 162, 8	
Placed directly (finance paper) I. do gricultural loans and discounts outstanding of agencies supervised by the Farm Credit Adm.: Total, end of mo	3 5, 277 3 2, 828 3 697 3 1, 752 259, 3 106, 6 51, 9  3 54, 329 3 31, 362	3 5, 753 3 3, 052 3 735 3 1, 966 286. 4 118. 0 58. 5	5, 320 2, 848 716 1, 757 294. 6 118. 1 61. 5 277. 7 110. 3 58. 2 109. 3	5,520 1,762 3,768 5,411 2,868 730 1,812 239,4 94,3 49,0 263,0 103,3 54,4 105,4 52,547 29,928	5, 713 1, 876 3, 837 5, 502 2, 899 728 1, 875 293, 2 124, 7 59, 7 283, 5 118, 1 57, 5 107, 9	5, 640 1, 883 3, 757 5, 594 2, 922 719 1, 963 281. 5 117. 2 58. 0 288. 5 118. 1 59. 1 111. 3	5, 917 1, 869 4, 048 5, 678 2, 948 694 2, 037 295, 4 122, 1 59, 8 287, 0 119, 1 57, 6 110, 3	5, 864 1, 878 3, 986 5, 770 2, 968 692 2, 109 291, 8 121, 9 59, 4 282, 4 115, 7 57, 9 108, 8	2, 002 4, 167 5, 841 2, 986 704 2, 150 279. 7 111. 4 57. 5 285. 7 114. 4 59. 0 112. 2	6,575 2,119 4,456 5,833 3,003 680 2,150 281.0 110.8 57.5 283.9 115.8 57.4 110.7	6, 573 2, 228 4, 345 5, 814 3, 021 690 2, 103 263, 3 109, 7 53, 4 286, 6 120, 9 58, 1 107, 6	6,970 2,417 4,553 5,762 3,031 738 1,993 307,4 127,5 62,8 297,9 124,5 61,0 112,4	7 7.082 2, 501 4, 581 5, 719 3, 037 746 1, 936 288. 2 116. 5 59. 4 296. 4 122. 2 61. 1 113. 1	7 5, 988 2, 088 7 3, 900 5, 753 3, 052 735 1, 966 320. 9 141. 6 63. 7 306. 4 134. 2 60. 9 111. 3	6, 767 2, 091 4, 676 5, 835 3, 069 777 1, 989 7 325, 9 137, 2 66, 3 307, 1 128, 1 62, 8 116, 3	5
Placed directly (finance paper) I. do gricultural loans and discounts outstanding of agencies supervised by the Farm Credit Adm.: Total, end of mo	3 5, 277 3 2, 828 3 697 3 1, 752 259. 3 106. 6 51. 9 3 1, 362 3 130 3 130	3 5, 753 3 3, 052 3 735 3 1, 966 286. 4 118. 0 58. 5	5, 320 2, 848 716 1, 757 294. 6 118. 1 61. 5 277. 110. 3 58. 2 109. 3 52, 311 29, 612 129	5, 520 1, 762 3, 758 5, 411 2, 868 7, 30 1, 812 239, 4 94, 3 49, 0 263, 0 103, 3 54, 4 105, 4 52, 547 29, 928 139	5, 713 1, 876 3, 837 5, 502 2, 899 728 1, 875 293, 2 124, 7 59, 7 283, 5 118, 1 57, 5 107, 9 51, 932 30, 224 115	5, 640 1, 883 3, 757 5, 594 2, 922 719 1, 953 281, 5 117, 2 58, 0 288, 5 118, 1 59, 1 111, 3 52, 739 30, 641 120	5, 917 1, 869 4, 048 5, 678 2, 948 694 2, 037 295, 4 122, 1 59, 8 287, 0 119, 1 57, 6 110, 3 52, 654 30, 705 131	5, 864 1, 878 3, 986 5, 770 2, 968 2, 109 291, 8 121, 9 59, 4 282, 4 115, 7 57, 9 108, 8 53, 396 31, 261 76	2, 002 4, 167 5, 841 2, 986 704 2, 150 279. 7 111. 4 57. 5 285. 7 114. 4 59. 0 112. 2 52, 908 31, 040 73	6,575 2,119 4,456 5,833 3,003 680 2,150 281.0 110.8 57.5 283.9 115.8 57.4 110.7	6, 573 2, 228 4, 345 5, 814 3, 021 2, 103 263, 3 109, 7 53, 4 286, 6 120, 9 58, 596 31, 698	6, 970 2, 417 4, 553 5, 762 3, 031 1, 993 307, 4 127, 5 62, 8 297, 9 124, 5 61, 0 112, 4 53, 912 31, 625 219	7 7.082 2, 501 7 4, 581 5, 719 3, 037, 746 1, 936 288. 2 116. 5 59. 4 296. 4 122. 2 61. 1 113. 1 53. 940 32, 448 71	7 5, 988 2, 088 7 3, 900 5, 753 3, 052 7, 755 1, 966 320, 9 141, 6 63, 7 306, 4 134, 2 60, 9 111, 3 56, 020 33, 902 33, 902	6, 767 2, 091 4, 676 5, 835 3, 069 777 1, 989 137, 2 66, 3 307, 1 128, 1 62, 8 116, 3 53, 872 31, 989	5 3
Placed directly (manee paper)	3 5, 277 3 2, 828 3 697 3 1, 752 259, 3 106, 6 51, 9 3 54, 329 3 31, 362 3 130 3 228, 881	3 5, 753 3 3, 052 3 735 3 1, 966 286, 4 118, 0 58, 5 356, 020 333, 902 338, 30, 820	5, 320 2, 848 716 1, 757 294. 6 118. 1 61. 5 277. 7 110. 3 58. 2 109. 3 52, 311 29, 612	5,520 1,762 3,768 5,411 2,868 730 1,812 239,4 94,3 49,0 263,0 103,3 54,4 105,4 52,547 29,928	5, 713 1, 876 3, 837 5, 502 2, 899 728 1, 875 293, 2 124, 7 59, 7 283, 5 118, 1 57, 5 107, 9 51, 932 30, 224	5, 640 1, 883 3, 757 5, 594 2, 922 719 1, 953 281, 5 117, 2 58, 0 288, 5 118, 1 59, 1 111, 3	5, 917 1, 869 4, 048 5, 678 2, 948 694 2, 037 295, 4 122, 1 59, 8 287, 0 119, 1 57, 6 110, 3 52, 654 30, 705	5, 864 1, 878 3, 986 5, 770 2, 968 692 2, 109 291, 8 121, 9 59, 4 115, 7 57, 9 108, 8 53, 396 31, 261	2, 002 4, 167 5, 841 2, 986 704 2, 150 279. 7 111. 4 57. 5 285. 7 114. 4 59. 0 112. 2 52. 908 31, 040	6,575 2,119 4,456 5,833 3,003 680 2,150 281.0 110.8 57.5 283.9 115.8 57.4 110.7	6, 573 2, 228 4, 345 5, 814 3, 021 600 2, 103 263, 3 109, 7 53, 4 286, 6 120, 9 58, 1 107, 6 3, 596	6, 970 2, 417 4, 553 5, 762 3, 031 738 1, 993 307, 4 127, 5 62, 8 297, 9 124, 5 61, 0 112, 4 53, 912 31, 625	7 7.082 2,501 7 4,581 5,719 3,037 746 1,936 288, 2 116, 5 59, 4 122, 2 61, 1 113, 1 53,940 32,448	7 5, 988 2, 088 2, 088 7 3, 900 5, 753 3, 052 735 1, 966 320. 9 141. 6 63. 7 306. 4 134. 2 60. 9 111. 3	6, 767 2, 091 4, 676 5, 835 3, 069 777 1, 989 7 325, 9 137, 2 66, 3 307, 1 128, 1 62, 8 116, 3	5 3 3 3
Placed directly (finance paper) L do gricultural loans and discounts outstanding of agencies supervised by the Farm Credit Adm.: Total, end of mo	3 5, 277 3 2, 828 3 697 3 1, 752 259. 3 106. 6 51. 9 31. 362 3 130 3 28. 881 3 16. 615	3 5, 753 3 3, 052 3 735 3 1, 966 286. 4 118. 0 58. 5 356, 020 333, 902 338, 338 330, 820 315, 696	5, 320 2, 848 716 1, 757 294. 6 118. 1 61. 5 277. 7 110. 3 58. 2 109. 3 52, 311 29, 612 28, 532	5, 520 1, 762 3, 758 5, 411 2, 868 7, 30 1, 812 239, 4 94, 3 49, 0 263, 0 103, 3 54, 4 105, 4 105, 5 29, 928 28, 360	5, 713 1, 876 3, 837 5, 502 2, 899 728 1, 875 293, 2 124, 7 59, 7 283, 5 118, 1 57, 5 107, 9 51, 932 30, 224 115 29, 061	5, 640 1, 883 3, 757 5, 594 2, 922 719 1, 953 281, 5 118, 1 59, 1 111, 3 52, 739 30, 641 120 29, 182	5, 917 1, 869 4, 048 5, 678 2, 948 694 2, 037 295, 4 122, 1 59, 8 287, 0 119, 1 57, 6 110, 3 52, 654 30, 705 29, 622	5, 864 1, 878 3, 986 5, 770 2, 968 692 2, 109 291, 8 121, 9 59, 4 282, 4 115, 7 57, 9 108, 8 31, 261 7 29, 663	2, 002 4, 167 5, 841 2, 986 704 2, 150 279. 7 111. 4 57. 5 285. 7 112. 2 52. 908 31, 040 73 29. 786	6,575 2,119 4,456 5,833 3,003 680 2,150 281.0 110.8 57.5 283.9 115.8 57.5 283.9 115.8 57.5 283.9 110.7	6, 573 2, 228 4, 345 5, 814 3, 021 600 2, 103 263, 3 109, 7 53, 4 286, 6 120, 9 58, 190 7, 6 31, 690 31, 690 429, 825	6, 970 2, 417 4, 553 5, 762 3, 031 738 1, 993 307, 4 127, 5 62, 8 297, 9 124, 5 61, 0 112, 4 53, 912 31, 625 219 30, 201	7 7.082 2, 501 7 4, 581 5, 719 3, 037 7, 746 1, 936 1, 936 288. 2 116. 5, 59. 4 22. 2 61. 1, 113. 1 53. 940 32, 448 71 30, 454	7 5, 988 2, 088 2, 088 2, 088 3, 900 5, 753 3, 052 735 1, 966 320, 9 141, 6 63, 7 306, 4 134, 2 60, 9 111, 3 3, 902 33, 902 33, 902 33, 902 33, 902 30, 829	6, 767 2, 091 4, 676 5, 835 3, 069 777 1, 989 137, 2, 9 138, 1 62, 8 307, 1 128, 1 62, 8 116, 3 31, 959 87 30, 289	5 3 3 1
Placed directly (finance paper) I. do gricultural loans and discounts outstanding of agencies supervised by the Farm Credit Adm.:  Total, end of mo	3 5, 277 3 2, 828 3 697 3 1, 752 259, 3 106, 6 51, 9 3 54, 329 3 31, 362 3 130 3 228, 881 3 16, 615 3 54, 329	3 5, 753 3 3, 052 3 735 3 1, 966 286, 4 118, 0 58, 5 3 56, 020 3 33, 902 3 30, 820 3 15, 696 3 56, 020	5, 320 2, 848 716 1, 757 294. 6 118. 1 61. 5 277. 7 110. 3 58. 2 109. 3 52, 311 29, 612 28, 532 26, 542 52, 311 17, 749	5, 520 1, 762 3, 758 5, 411 2, 868 730 1, 812 239, 4 94, 0 263, 0 103, 3 54, 4 105, 4 105, 4 29, 928 28, 360 16, 530 52, 547 17, 850	5, 713 1, 876 3, 837 5, 502 2, 899 728 1, 875 293, 2 124, 7 59, 7 283, 5 118, 1 57, 5 107, 9 51, 932 30, 224 115 29, 061 16, 336 51, 932 17, 952	5, 640 1, 883 3, 757 5, 594 2, 922 719 1, 953 281, 5 118, 1 59, 1 111, 3 52, 739 30, 641 111, 3 52, 739 30, 641 120 29, 182 29, 182 25, 739 18, 207	5, 917 1, 869 4, 048 5, 678 2, 948 694 2, 037 295, 4 122, 1 59, 8 287, 0 119, 1 57, 6 110, 3 52, 654 30, 705 131 29, 622 16, 158 52, 654 17, 739	5, 864 1, 878 3, 986 5, 770 2, 968 692 2, 109 291, 8 121, 9 59, 4 282, 4 115, 7 57, 9 108, 8 31, 261 762 9, 663 16, 158 53, 396 18, 445	2, 002 4, 167 5, 841 2, 986 704 2, 150 279. 7 111. 4 57. 5 285. 7 114. 4 59. 0 112. 2 52. 908 31, 040 73 20, 786 15, 871 52, 908 17, 878	6,575 2,119 4,456 5,833 3,003 680 2,150 281.0 110.8 57.5 283.9 115.8 57.5 283.9 115.8 57.5 283.9 115.8 57.5 283.9 115.8 57.5 283.9 115.8 57.5 283.9 115.8 57.5 283.9 115.8 57.5 283.9 115.8 57.5 283.9 115.8 57.5 283.9 115.8 57.5 283.9 115.8 57.5 283.9 115.8 57.5 283.9 115.8 57.5 283.9 115.8 57.5 283.9 115.8 57.5 283.9 115.8 57.5 283.9 115.8 57.5 283.9 115.8 57.5 283.9 115.8 57.5 283.9 283.	6, 573 2, 228 4, 345 5, 814 3, 021 600 2, 103 263, 3 109, 7 53, 4 286, 6 120, 9 58, 197 107, 6 31, 690 4, 29, 825 15, 796 18, 268	6, 970 2, 417 4, 553 5, 762 3, 031 738 1, 993 307, 4 127, 5 62, 8 297, 9 124, 5 61, 0 112, 4 53, 912 31, 625 219 30, 201 15, 692 53, 912 17, 825	7 7.082 2,501 7 4,581 5,719 3,037 7,746 1,936 1,936 288. 2 116. 5,94 220. 4 122. 2 61. 1 113. 1 53. 940 32, 448 71 30,454 15,706 53,940 17. 741	7 5, 988 2, 088 2, 088 2, 088 2, 088 3, 900 5, 753 3, 052 7, 356 4, 320. 9 141. 8 6, 63. 7 306. 4 134. 2 60. 9 111. 3 30, 827 15, 696 56, 020 18, 722	6, 767 2, 091 4, 676 5, 835 3, 069 777 1, 989 137, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 3, 3, 3, 3, 1, 1, 28, 1, 1, 28, 1, 1, 28, 1, 1, 28, 1, 1, 28, 1, 28, 28, 28, 28, 28, 28, 28, 28, 28, 28	5 3 3 1 5 5 1
Placed directly (finance paper) L do gricultural loans and discounts outstanding of agencies supervised by the Farm Credit Adm.: Total, end of mo	3 5, 277 3 2, 828 3 697 3 1, 752 259, 3 106, 6 51, 9 3 1, 362 3 130 3 28, 881 3 16, 615 3 54, 329 3 18, 451 3 17, 387	3 5, 753 3 3, 052 3 735 3 1, 966 286, 4 118, 0 58, 5 356, 020 333, 902 33, 820 315, 696 356, 020 318, 722 317, 454	5, 320 2, 848 716 1, 757 294. 6 118. 1 61. 5 277. 110. 3 58. 2 109. 3 52, 311 29, 612 28, 532 16, 542 52, 311	5, 520 1, 762 3, 758 5, 411 2, 868 7, 80 1, 812 239, 4 94, 3 49, 0 263, 0 103, 3 54, 4 105, 4 52, 547 29, 928 139 28, 360 16, 530 52, 547	5, 713 1, 876 3, 837 5, 502 2, 899 1, 875 293, 2 124, 7 59, 7 283, 5 118, 1 57, 5 107, 9 51, 932 30, 224 115 29, 061 16, 336 51, 932	5, 640 1, 883 3, 757 5, 594 2, 922 1, 953 281, 5 117, 2 58, 0 288, 5 118, 1 59, 1 111, 3 52, 739 30, 641 120 29, 182 16, 222 52, 739	5, 917 1, 869 4, 048 5, 678 2, 948 6, 694 2, 037 295, 4 122, 1 159, 8 287, 0 119, 1 57, 6 110, 3 52, 654 30, 705 131 29, 622 16, 158 52, 654	5, 864 1, 878 3, 986 5, 770 2, 968 2, 109 291, 8 121, 9 59, 4 282, 4 115, 7 57, 9 108, 8 53, 396 31, 261 76 29, 663 16, 158 53, 396	2, 002 4, 167 5, 841 2, 986 704 2, 150 279, 7 111, 4 57, 5 285, 7 114, 4 59, 0 112, 2 52, 908 31, 040 73 20, 786 15, 871 52, 908	6,575 2,119 4,456 5,833 3,063 6,83 2,150 281.0 110.8 57.5 283.9 115.8 57.4 110.7	6, 573 2, 228 4, 345 5, 814 3, 021 690 2, 103 263, 3 109, 7 53, 4 286, 6 120, 9 58, 6 107, 6 31, 690 48 29, 825 15, 796 53, 596	6, 970 2, 417 4, 553 5, 762 3, 031 7, 38 1, 993 307, 4 127, 5 62, 8 297, 9 124, 5 61, 0 112, 4 53, 912 31, 625 219 30, 201 15, 692 53, 912	7 7.082 2,501 7 4,581 5,719 3,037,746 1,936 288. 2 116. 5 59. 4 296. 4 122. 2 61. 1 113. 1 53. 940 32,448 71 30,454 15,706 53,940	7 5, 988 2, 088 2, 088 7 3, 900 5, 753 1, 966 320, 9 141, 6 63, 7 306, 4 134, 2 60, 9 111, 3 56, 020 33, 820 15, 696 56, 020	6, 767 2, 091 4, 676 5, 835 3, 069 777 1, 989 137, 2 66, 3 307, 1 128, 1 62, 8 116, 3 53, 872 30, 289 15, 660 53, 872	5 3 3 1 1 5 5
Placed directly (Innarce paper) I. do gricultural loans and discounts outstanding of agencies supervised by the Farm Credit Adm.: Total, end of mo	3 5, 277 3 2, 828 3 697 3 1, 752 259, 3 106, 6 51, 9 354, 329 313, 362 313, 362 316, 615 354, 329 318, 451 317, 387 317, 387 329, 305	3 5, 753 3 3, 052 3 735 3 1, 966 286, 4 118, 0 58, 5 356, 020 333, 902 33, 820 315, 696 356, 020 318, 722 317, 454	5, 320 2, 848 716 1, 757 294. 6 118. 1 61.5 277. 7 110. 3 58. 2 109. 3 52, 311 29, 612 28, 532 16, 542 52, 311 17, 749 16, 872 28, 536	5, 520 1, 762 3, 758 5, 411 2, 868 7, 40 1, 812 239, 4 94, 3 49, 0 263, 0 103, 3 54, 4 105, 4 52, 547 29, 928 139 28, 360 16, 530 52, 547 17, 850 16, 808 28, 483	5, 713 1, 876 3, 837 5, 502 2, 899 7,28 1, 875 293, 2 124, 7 59, 7 283, 5 118, 1 57, 5 107, 9 51, 932 30, 224 115 29, 061 16, 336 51, 932 17, 952 16, 972 28, 474	5, 640 1, 883 3, 757 5, 594 2, 922 719 1, 953 281, 5 117, 2 58, 0 288, 5 118, 1 59, 1 111, 3 52, 739 30, 641 120 29, 182 16, 222 52, 739 18, 207 17, 035	5, 917 1, 869 4, 048 5, 678 2, 948 694 2, 037 295, 4 122, 1 59, 8 287, 0 119, 1 57, 6 110, 3 52, 654 30, 705 131 29, 622 16, 158 52, 654 17, 739 16, 614	5, 864 1, 878 3, 986 5, 770 2, 969 2, 109 291, 8 121, 9 59, 4 282, 4 115, 7 57, 9 108, 8 53, 396 31, 261 76 29, 663 16, 158 53, 396 18, 445 17, 206 29, 021	2, 002 4, 167 5, 841 2, 986 704 2, 150 279. 7 111. 4 57. 5 285. 7 114. 4 59. 0 112. 2 52. 908 31, 040 73 29. 786 15, 871 52, 908 17. 878 17. 878 16. 885	6,575 2,119 4,456 5,833 3,003 680 2,150 281.0 110.8 57.5 283.9 115.8 57.4 110.7 52,879 31,618 101 30,358 15.817 52,879 18,067 17,110	6, 573 2, 228 4, 345 5, 814 3, 021 263, 3 109, 7 53, 4 286, 6 120, 9 58, 1 1 107, 6 53, 596 31, 690 48 29, 825 15, 796 53, 596 18, 268 17, 321 29, 378	6, 970 2, 417 4, 553 5, 762 3, 031 7, 38 1, 993 307, 4 127, 5 62, 8 297, 9 124, 5 61, 0 112, 4 53, 912 31, 625 219 30, 201 15, 692 53, 912 17, 825 16, 821 29, 488	7 7.082 2,501 7 4,581 5,719 3,037,746 1,936 288. 2 116. 5 59. 4 122. 2 61. 1 113. 1 53. 940 32, 448 71 30,454 15,706 53,940 17. 741 16.648	7 5, 988 2, 088 2, 088 2, 088 3, 900 5, 753 3, 755 7, 753 1, 966 320. 9 141. 6 63. 7 306. 4 134. 2 60. 9 111. 3 56, 020 33, 08 20 15, 696 56, 020 18, 722 17, 454 30, 643	6, 767 2, 091 4, 676 5, 835 3, 069 7, 1, 989 137, 2 66, 3 307, 1 128, 1 62, 8 116, 3 53, 872 30, 289 15, 660 53, 872 17, 989 16, 644 29, 846	5 3 3 1 1 5 5 2

r Revised. p Preliminary. 1 Quarterly average.

2 Excludes persons under Temporary Extended Compensation program (ended 6/30/62)
and under extended duration provisions (thous). 1962—Jan., 354 and 2, respectively; Feb.,
333; 2; Mar., 322; 6; Apr., 230; 18; May, 121; 33; June, 53, 37; July, 2; 32; Aug. (ext. dur. prov.),
30; Sept., 24; Oct., 15; Nov., 8; Dec., 3; 1963—Jan., 1.

⊕ See note, bottom p. S-15. † See corresponding note, bottom p. S-13.

§Wages as of Mar. 1, 1963; Common labor, \$3,014; skilled labor, \$4.454.

Digitized for FRASER

http://fraser.stlouisfed.org/

\*New series. Data prior to 1961 for 1abor turnover appear in BLS Bulletin No. 1312; data prior to 1961 for bank debits will be shown later.

Justine discount of the should be shown later.

Justine discount of the shown later.

Justine discount of the shown later.

Justine discount of the shown later.

Justine discount of the shown later.

Justine discount of the shown later.

Justine discount of the shown later.

Justine discount of the shown later.

Justine discount of the shown later.

Justine discount of the shown later.

Justine discount of the shown later.

Justine discount of the shown later.

Justine discount of the shown later.

Justine discount of the shown later.

Justine discount of the shown later.

Justine discount of the shown later.

Justine discount of the shown later.

Justine discount of the shown later.

Justine discount of the shown later.

Justine discount of the shown later.

Justine discount of the shown later.

Justine discount of the shown later.

Justine discount of the shown later.

Justine discount of the shown later.

Justine discount of the shown later.

Justine discount of the shown later.

Justine discount of the shown later.

Justine discount of the shown later.

Justine discount of the shown later.

Justine discount of the shown later.

Justine discount of the shown later.

Justine discount of the shown later.

Justine discount of the shown later.

Justine discount of the shown later.

Justine discount of the shown later.

Justine discount of the shown later.

Justine discount of the shown later.

Justine discount of the shown later.

Justine discount of the shown later.

Justine discount of the shown later.

Justine discount of the shown later.

Justine discount of the shown later.

Justine discount of the shown later.

Justine discount of the shown later.

Justine discount of the shown later.

Justine discount of the shown later.

Justine discount of the shown later.

Justine discount of the shown later.

Justine discount of the shown later.

Justine discount of the shown lat

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1961	1962					==	196	52					-	15	63
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	End o	of year	Jan.	Feb	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
			I	FINAL	NCE-	-Cont	inued	l								
BANKING—Continued  All member banks of Federal Reserve System, averages of daily figures:  Excess reserves	1 568 1 149 1 419	1 569 1 304 1 265	7 625 70 7 555	502 68 434	r 473 91 r 382	510 69 441	r 503 63 r 440	r 491 100 r 391	7 529 89 7 440	7 566 127 7 439	r 455 80 r 375	484 65 419	589 119 470	569 304 265	7 483 99 7 384	473 172 301
Deposits:   Demand, adjusted o   mil. \$   Demand, total ?   do     Individuals, partnerships, and corp   do     States and political subdivisions   do     U.S. Government   do     Domestic commercial banks   do     Time, total ?   do     Individuals, partnerships, and corp.:   Savings   do     Other time   do	65, 644 97, 958 70, 118 5, 002 4, 033 13, 415 41, 603 30, 225 5, 945	65, 843 102, 109 71, 531 5, 125 4, 749 14, 321 50, 386 734, 920 r 9, 221	764, 350 791, 839 767, 128 75, 204 3, 220 11, 175 742, 859 730, 641 76, 548	63, 104 91, 871 66, 501 5, 234 3, 316 11, 167 43, 906 r31, 081 r 7, 058	62, 229 89, 015 63, 936 4, 848 4, 277 10, 844 45, 055 r31, 634 r 7, 614	63, 071 93, 061 65, 458 5, 771 4, 744 11, 297 45, 670 r 31, 776 r 7, 860	61, 621 89, 297 63, 705 5, 404 5, 028 10, 357 46, 484 r32, 116 r 8, 322	61, 472 91, 391 64, 022 4, 829 6, 594 10, 672 47, 077 732, 539 78, 511	62, 451 91, 527 65, 116 5, 129 4, 369 11, 301 47, 242 33, 114 8, 251	60, 638 87, 901 62, 583 4, 622 4, 917 10, 920 47, 729 33, 404 8, 428	60,744 92,845 64,085 4,631 7,022 12,121 48,225 33,921 8,566	63, 025 94, 512 66, 996 5, 017 4, 283 12, 030 48, 658 34, 246 8, 688	63, 007 91, 839 65, 916 4, 938 3, 634 12, 030 49, 023 34, 459 8, 590	65, 843 102, 109 71, 531 5, 125 4, 749 14, 321 50, 386 734, 920 79, 221	64, 495 90, 720 66, 791 5, 054 2, 760 11, 010 51, 302 35, 143 9, 542	62, 654 91, 562 65, 834 5, 329 4, 254 11, 078 52, 150 35, 426 9, 928
Loans (adjusted), total of	74, 285 32, 797 4, 705 6, 159 13, 403 21, 194 46, 069 33, 960 26, 609	82, 947 35, 351 5, 928 7, 365 15, 519 22, 812 48, 147 32, 369 24, 514	771, 870 731, 988 3, 804 5, 516 13, 420 720, 692 746, 645 734, 467 726, 812	72, 886 32, 204 4, 478 5, 575 13, 497 20, 573 46, 042 33, 510 25, 645	74, 030 33, 014 4, 519 5, 624 13, 620 20, 783 45, 508 32, 214 25, 226	75, 930 32, 937 5, 449 5, 760 13, 874 21, 422 45, 979 32, 069 25, 825	74, 647 32, 854 4, 109 5, 636 14, 068 21, 390 46, 013 32, 256 26, 173	75, 902 33, 354 3, 958 6, 039 14, 268 21, 543 46, 904 32, 418 26, 206	75, 732 33, 146 3, 674 6, 259 14, 525 21, 754 46, 582 31, 638 25, 980	75, 975 33, 442 3, 604 6, 104 14, 696 21, 894 46, 093 31, 075 25, 274	77,726 34,081 4, 145 6, 279 14,940 21,823 47, 171 31, 995 25, 583	78, 765 34, 290 4, 764 6, 144 15, 203 21, 981 46, 768 31, 432 25, 317	78, 861 34, 680 4, 154 6, 085 15, 399 21, 793 46, 611 31, 124 24, 994	82, 947 35, 351 5, 928 7, 365 15, 519 22, 812 48, 147 32, 369 24, 514	79, 457 34, 295 4, 550 6, 434 15, 626 22, 361 47, 934 31, 986 24, 423	80, 672 34, 564 5, 332 6, 511 15, 768 22, 614 47, 672 31, 446 24, 092
Others ecurities	209. 6 121. 1 64. 7 23. 8	227. 6 134. 8 63. 8 29. 0	12, 178 210. 7 120. 8 65. 7 24. 2	213.3 122.6 66.1 24.6	215. 2 123. 8 66. 1 25. 3	215. 0 124. 5 64. 6 25. 9	216. 4 124. 8 65. 5 26. 1	220. 3 126. 6 66. 6 27. J	217. 8 126. 1 64. 1 27. 6	220. 3 127. 3 65. 0 28. 0	222. 0 129. 7 64. 3 28. 0	224. 4 131. 7 64. 1 28. 6	225. 8 132. 3 64. 4 29. 1	227. 6 134. 8 63. 8 29. 0	228. 8 134. 9 64. 3 29. 6	232.2 137.0 65.1 30.1
Money and interest rates:\$  Bank rates on business loans: In 19 cities	2 4. 97 2 4. 76 2 4. 98 2 5. 28	<sup>2</sup> 5, 00 <sup>2</sup> 4, 78 <sup>2</sup> 5, 01 <sup>2</sup> 5, 32			4. 98 4. 78 4. 97 5. 28			5. 01 4. 79 5. 00 5. 33			4. 99 4. 77 5. 00 5. 32			5, 02 4, 78 5, 05 5, 33		
Discount rate, end of year or month (N.Y.F.R. Bank) percent. Federal intermediate credit bank loans do Federal land bank loans do	3.00 3 4.00 3 5.62	3.00 3 4.05 3 5.56	3. 00 3. 94 5. 56	3. 00 3. 99 5. 56	3. 00 3. 99 5. 56	3.00 4.02 5.56	3. 00 4. 01 5. 56	3.00 4.02 5.56	3.00 4.05 5.56	3, 00 4, 07 5, 56	3, 00 4, 10 5, 56	3.00 4.14 5.56	3. 00 4. 15 5. 56	3. 00 4. 14 5. 52	3. 00 4. 13 5. 50	3. 00 4. 12 5. 50
Open market rates, New York City: Bankers' acceptances (prime, 90 days)do Commercial paper (prime, 4-6 months)do Finance Co. paper placed directly, 3-6 modo Stock Exchange call loans, going ratedo	3 2.81 3 2.97 3 2.68 3 4.50	3 3. 01 3 3. 26 3 3. 07 3 4. 50	3, 00 3, 26 3, 05 4, 50	3. 00 3. 22 3. 00 4. 50	3. 00 3. 25 3. 02 4. 50	3.00 3.20 3.09 4.50	2. 91 3. 16 2. 95 4. 50	2. 90 3. 25 3. 02 4. 50	3. 07 3. 36 3. 20 4. 50	3. 11 3. 30 3. 12 4. 50	3. 09 3. 34 3. 13 4. 50	3. 03 3. 27 3. 04 4. 50	3. 00 3. 23 3. 08 4. 50	3. 00 3. 29 3. 16 4. 50	3. 07 3. 34 3. 18 4. 50	3. 13 3. 25 3. 13 4. 50
Yield on U.S. Government securities (taxable): 3-month bills (rate on new issue)percent_ 3-5 year issuesdo	<sup>2</sup> 2, 378 <sup>3</sup> 3, 60	<sup>3</sup> 2. 778 <sup>3</sup> 3. 57	2. 746 3. 84	2. 752 3. 77	2. 719 3. 55	2, 735 3, 48	2. 694 3. 53	2. 719 3. 51	2. 945 3. 71	2, 837 3, 57	2.792 3.56	2, 751 3, 46	2.803 3.46	2, 856 3, 44	2. 914 3. 47	2, 916 3, 48
Savings deposits, balance to credit of depositors: N.Y. State savings banks, end of yr. or momil. \$ U.S. postal savings ¶do  CONSUMER CREDIT‡ (Short- and Intermediate-term)	22, 357 651	23, 917 539	22, 350 642	22, 420 629	22, 701 620	22, 570 600	22, 659 591	22, 931 581	22, 972 573	23, 087 565	23, 376 558	23, 440 552	23, 601 545	23, 917 539	23, 993 531	522
Total outstanding, end of year or monthmil. \$  Installment credit, totaldo	57,678 43,527	r 63, 458	56,711 43, 265	56, 093 43, 074	56, 275 43, 211	57, 314 43, 837	58, 318 44, 495	59, 108 45, 208	59, 364 45, 650	60, 003 46, 204		60,626 46,722	1	r 63, 458 r 48, 243	62, 741 48, 143	
Automobile paper do. Other consumer goods paper do. Repair and modernization loans do. Personal loans do.	17, 223 11, 857 3, 191 11, 256	7 19, 384 12, 855 3, 290 12, 714	17, 155 11, 720 3, 151 11, 239	17, 191 11, 496 3, 123 11, 264	17, 348 11, 407 3, 113 11, 343	17, 671 11, 498 3, 128 11, 540	18, 032 11, 598 3, 169 11, 696	18, 410 11, 726 3, 200 11, 872	18, 680 11, 754 3, 226 11, 990	18, 933 11, 824 3, 260 12, 187	18, 881 11, 861 3, 277 12, 291	19, 083 • 11, 986 3, 289 12, 364	19, 307 12, 186 3, 302 12, 479		19, 426 12, 732 3, 250 12, 735	
By type of holder:       Financial institutions, total.       do.         Commercial banks.       do.         Sales finance companies.       do.         Credit unions.       do.         Consumer finance companies.       do.         Other.       do.	37, 935 17, 008 11, 273 4, 330 3, 799 1, 525	741, 807 18, 909 712, 194 4, 973 4, 131 1, 600	38, 002 16, 964 11, 468 4, 283 3, 782 1, 505	37, 90 4 16, 967 11, 361 4, 288 3, 783 1, 505	37, 995 17, 062 11, 282 4, 333 3, 795 1, 522	38, 497 17, 366 11, 359 4, 426 3, 826 1, 520	39, 032 17, 686 11, 440 4, 520 3, 836 1, 550	39, 639 18, 024 11, 570 4, 616 3, 876 1, 553	40,062 18,235 11,682 4,681 3,907 1,557	40, 537 18, 427 11, 796 4, 783 3, 948 1, 583	40, 597 18, 443 11, 787 4, 814 3, 969 1, 584	40, 896 18, 613 11, 860 4, 874 3, 974 1, 575	41, 285 18, 765 11, 986 4, 928 4, 009 1, 597	741, 807 18, 909 712, 194 4, 973 4, 131 1, 600	42, 340 18, 981 12, 704 4, 939 4, 134 1, 582	
Retail outlets, total	5, 595 2, 421 1, 058 342 1, 774	6,436 3,013 1,073 284 2,066	5, 263 2, 158 1, 036 339 1, 730	5, 170 2, 153 1, 018 336 1, 663	5, 216 2, 227 998 330 1, 661	5, 340 2, 339 991 320 1, 690	5, 463 2, 430 991 310 1, 732	5, 569 2, 522 988 302 1, 757	5, 588 2, 545 989 298 1, 756	5, 667 2, 609 999 296 1, 763	5, 713 2, 675 998 299 1, 741	5,826 2,737 1,002 298 1,789	5, 989 2, 835 1, 019 292 1, 843	6, 436 3, 013 1, 073 284 2, 066	5, 803 2, 468 1, 049 272 2, 014	
Noninstallment credit, total do- Single-payment loans, total do- Commercial banks do- Other financial institutions do-	14, 151 5, 136 4, 413 723	15, 21 5 5, 579 4, 704 875	13, 446 4, 930 4, 240 690	13,019 4,988 4,294 694	13, 064 5, 146 4, 391 755	13, 477 5, 241 4, 544 697	13, 823 5, 400 4, 614 786	13, 900 5, 428 4, 671 757	13, 714 5, 402 4, 662 740	13, 799 5, 469 4, 657 812	13, 816 5, 481 4, 666 815	13,904 5,442 4,662 780	14, 199 5, 526 4, 680 846	15, 215 5, 579 4, 704 875	14, 598 5, 511 4, 680 831	
Charge accounts, total do.  Department stores do.  Other retail outlets do.  Credit cards do.	5, 324 948 3, 907 469	5, 642 927 4, 203 512	4, 784 804 3, 501 479	4, 192 635 3, 085 472	4, 074 594 3, 025 455	4, 319 620 3, 249 450	4, 544 636 3, 444 464	4, 596 612 3, 505 479	4, 457 569 3, 388 500	4, 491 570 3, 394 527	4, 495 614 3, 353 528	4, 663 638 3, 507 518	4, 825 688 3, 629 508	5, 642 927 4, 203 512	5, 046 763 3, 759 524	
Service creditdo	3, 691	3, 994	3, 732	3, 839	3, 844	3, 917	3, 879	3, 876	3,855	3, 839	3, 840	3, 799	3,848	3, 994	4,041	

r Revised.
Corrected.
Average for Dec.
Quarterly average.
Monthly average.
Revised to reflect new coverage and revised classification of deposits (for details, see the June and July 1961 issues of Federal Reserve Bulletin).
For demand deposits, the term "adjusted" denotes demand deposits other than domestic commercial interbank and U.S. Government, less cash items in process of collection: for loans, exclusive of loans to domestic commercial banks and after deduction of valuation https://www.fires.com/decided/fires/f

<sup>♀</sup> Includes data not shown separately. \* New series; description and data prior to Sept. 1961 appear in the July 1962 Federal Reserve Bulletin. ⊙ Adjusted to exclude interbank loans. § For bond yields, see p. S-20.

¶ Data are as of end of consecutive 4-week periods ending in month indicated, except June figure which is as of June 30 (end of fiscal year). ‡ Revised back to 1955 to incorporate new benchmark data; available revisions for periods not shown here appear in the Dec. 1962 Federal Reserve Bulletin.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1961	1962						19	62		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			<del>". "</del>	19	)63
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS		nthly rage	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
			F	INAN	ICE-	-Cont	inued	l					•		•	
CONSUMER CREDIT!—Continued							1			Ĭ						
Installment credit extended and repaid: Unadjusted:   Extended, total			3, 878 1, 355 1, 116 1, 407 4, 140 1, 423 1, 253 1, 464 4, 327 1, 504 1, 280 1, 543 4, 048 1, 401 1, 190	3, 611 1, 318 973 1, 320 3, 802 1, 282 1, 197 1, 323 4, 356 1, 546 1, 276 1, 534 4, 084 1, 390 1, 236	4, 392 1, 616 1, 196 1, 580 4, 255 1, 459 1, 285 1, 511 4, 499 1, 582 1, 328 1, 589 4, 121 1, 415 1, 231	4, 737 1, 732 1, 319 1, 686 4, 111 1, 409 1, 228 1, 474 4, 659 1, 675 1, 639 4, 166 1, 435 1, 247	4, 950 1, 837 1, 383 1, 730 4, 292 1, 476 1, 283 1, 533 4, 650 1, 655 1, 338 1, 657 4, 211 1, 446	4, 923 1, 810 1, 384 1, 729 4, 210 1, 432 1, 256 1, 522 4, 623 1, 621 1, 344 1, 658 4, 202 1, 433 1, 260	4, 720 1, 751 1, 290 1, 679 4, 278 1, 481 1, 262 1, 535 4, 669 1, 631 1, 368 1, 670 4, 283 1, 456 1, 296	4, 862 1, 731 1, 345 1, 786 4, 308 1, 275 1, 555 4, 619 1, 602 1, 325 1, 692 4, 261 1, 486 1, 281	4, 098 1, 309 1, 255 1, 534 3, 992 1, 361 1, 218 1, 413 4, 491 1, 505 1, 308 1, 678 4, 289 1, 440 1, 298	4, 913 1, 816 1, 432 1, 665 4, 501 1, 614 1, 307 1, 580 4, 682 1, 685 1, 335 1, 662 4, 298 1, 491 1, 261	4. 932 1, 701 1, 499 1, 732 4, 380 1, 477 1, 299 1, 604 4. 961 1, 795 1, 425 1, 739 4, 380 1, 490 1, 302	7 5, 379 7 1, 539 1, 937 1, 903 7 4, 410 7 1, 462 1, 268 1, 680 7 4, 829 7 1, 684 1, 469 1, 676 7 4, 371 7 1, 513 1, 293	4, 381 1, 570 1, 243 1, 568 4, 481 1, 528 1, 366 1, 587 4, 893 1, 436 1, 714 4, 376 1, 504 1, 294	
All otherdo			1, 457	1, 458	1, 475	1, 484	1, 504	1,509	1, 531	1, 534	1, 551	1, 546	1, 588	1, 565	1, 578	
Net cash transactions with the public:o'* Receipts from	8. 361 8. 728 -567 8. 333 6. 513 88 3. 933 1, 766 1, 039 1, 508 7, 039 445 4, 013 1, 895 2 296, 17 2 10, 89 2 249, 17 2 10, 89 2 2 3, 48 2 , 33		5, 968 8, 726 -2, 758 5, 959 5, 357 100 3, 570 466 353 1, 470 7, 395 803 471 4, 316 1, 890 296, 51 293, 11 250, 81 11, 32 42, 30 3, 40		10. 685 8. 263 2. 422 24. 600 27,800 -3,200 12. 354 9. 104 3. 728 5. 879 1. 188 1. 456 7. 749 14. 597 1. 1972 296. 09 292. 48 249. 68 11. 50 42. 81 3. 60	8, 153 5, 754 99 5, 348 445 745 1, 516 7, 289 7, 77 438 4, 315 1, 766 296, 95 203, 36 251, 24 11, 47 42, 12 3, 59	10, 850 9, 160 1, 690 10, 658 7, 024 104 6, 243 469 2, 266 1, 576 7, 229 775 433 4, 785 1, 241 299, 17 295, 52 251, 23 11, 46 44, 29 3, 66	13, 077 9, 624 3, 453 26, 800 26, 800 7 -100 13, 346 11, 615 100 5, 910 5, 910 5, 377 1, 054 1, 806 8, 102 821 398 5, 034 2, 061 208, 20 204, 44 249, 50 11, 36 44, 94 3, 74	4, 567 9, 314 -4, 747 4, 540 3, 566 103 1, 497 525 450 1, 965 7, 252 828 442 2, 107 297, 88 293, 92 211, 58 43, 80 3, 96	9, 445 7, 089 107 5, 467 431 1, 784 1, 654 8, 541 794 492 2, 448 2, 852 301, 84 297, 90 252, 48 11, 47 45, 43 3, 94	11, 140 8, 639 2, 501 27, 700 28, 000 —300 —10, 053 102 5, 072 3, 533 962 1, 745 7, 327 807 401 4, 038 2, 081 299, 50 205, 57 251, 01 11, 71 44, 56 3, 93	4, 068 3, 030 120 1, 391 1, 547 8, 524 814 440 4, 610 2, 672 302, 07 208, 14 254, 26 12, 01 43, 89 3, 92	9, 289 10, 021 -732 8, 533 7, 027 114 5, 312 1, 208 1, 488 8, 070 808 443 4, 558 2, 268 305, 39 301, 38 257, 22 13, 59 44, 16 4, 01	9, 548 9, 436 112 27, 300 20, 300 -2, 000 9, 553 8, 360 94 3, 537 3, 450 652 1, 820 7, 572 840 445 7, 4, 348 7, 2, 138 303, 47 299, 21 255, 78 11, 99 43, 43 4, 26	6, 285 5, 533 80 3, 636 517 429 1, 623 8, 013 858 486 4, 548 2, 214 303, 42 299, 33 257, 14 12, 19 42, 19 4, 08	
ury, end of month bil. \$. U.S. savings bonds: Amount outstanding, end of month do Sales, series E and Hdo	2 47. 79 . 38	2 47. 87 . 36	47. 78 48	47. 81 . 36	. 40 47. 81 . 37	.41 47.81 .35	. 43 47. 81 . 35	47. 82 . 36	. 45 47. 86 . 36	. 47 47. 90 . 36	. 49 47, 91 . 30	. 49 47. 87 . 36	.50 47.90 .33	. 52 47. 87 . 30	. 53 47. 97 . 53	48.11
Redemptions do do do do do do do do do do do do do	. 47	. 47	. 62	. 44	. 48	. 46	. 46	. 48	. 45	. 43	. 40	. 51	. 40	. 46	, 56	. 42
Institute of Life Insurance:  Assets, total, all U.S. life insurance companies 9 bil. \$  Bonds (book value), domestic and foreign, total bil. \$  U.S. Government do. State, county, municipal (U.S.) do. Public utility (U.S.) do. Raifroad (U.S.) do. Industrial and miscellaneous (U.S.) do. Stocks (book value), domestic and foreign, total bil. \$	2 126, 82 2 60, 93 2 6, 13 2 3, 89 2 16, 22 2 3, 58 2 26, 91 2 6, 26		127. 31 61. 66 6. 31 3. 96 16. 23 3. 65 27. 23 4. 82	127. 73 61. 85 6. 34 3. 96 16. 25 3. 64 27. 35	128. 11 62. 06 6. 26 4. 08 16. 29 3. 64 27. 48 4. 89	128, 57 62, 38 6, 35 4, 06 16, 30 3, 63 27, 67 4, 93	128, 93 62, 63 6, 32 4, 05 16, 32 3, 62 27, 82 4, 97	129. 14 62. 73 6. 23 4. 06 16. 37 3. 61 27. 92 4. 95	130, 00 63, 12 6, 41 4, 06 16, 38 3, 60 28, 09	130, 60 63, 37 6, 38 4, 09 16, 40 3, 60 28, 29 5, 02	131, 07 63, 55 6, 34 4, 10 16, 40 3, 59 28, 46	131. 74 63. 86 6. 37 4. 08 16. 41 3. 58 28. 61 5. 11	132. 50 64. 07 6. 40 4. 06 16. 42 3. 57 28. 66 5. 16	4. 06 16. 51 3. 56 28. 54		
Preferred (U.S.)	2 2.03 2 4.14 2 44.20 2 41.03 2 4.01 2 5.73 2 1.39 2 4.29 734.2 298.4		2. 11 2. 64 44. 38 41. 21 3. 97 5. 77 1. 28 5. 43 808. 9 349. 1	2. 12 2. 67 44. 49 41. 30 3. 99 5. 79 1. 28 5. 46 704. 3 295. 6	2. 12 2. 69 44. 64 41. 42 3. 99 5. 83 1. 20 5. 49	2. 13 2. 71 44. 75 41. 52 4. 01 5. 88 1. 21 5. 41 714. 1	2. 14 2. 74 44. 95 41. 68 4. 02 5. 93 1. 22 5. 22 777. 5	2. 17 2. 70 45. 14 41. 86 4. 04 5. 98 1. 20 5. 10	2. 18 2. 73 45. 34 42. 03 4. 10 6. 04 1. 26 5. 15 733. 4	2. 19 2. 74 45. 58 42. 25 4. 11 6. 08 1. 24 5. 21	2. 20 2. 78 45. 76 42. 41 4. 11 6. 11 1. 27 5. 20 754. 6	2. 22 2. 81 46. 05 42. 69 4. 12 6. 15 1. 27 5. 17	2. 22 2. 85 46. 38 43. 00 4. 13 6. 18 1. 30 5. 28	2. 24 2. 86 46. 98 43. 58 4. 12 6. 21 1. 41 5. 38		
Death benefits do Matured endowments do Disability payments do Annuity payments do Surrender values do Policy dividends do Life Insurance Agency Management Association: Insurance written (new paid-for insurance):	59, 6 11, 1 64, 2 149, 4 151, 6		74. 7 12. 5 91. 0 152. 7 128. 9	56. 8 10. 9 66. 3 140. 4 134. 3	350. 1 62. 9 11. 1 72. 0 156. 9 177. 8	300. 4 57. 6 11. 6 66. 7 141. 5 136. 3	342. 0 59. 2 12. 8 67. 7 157. 2 138. 6	316. 5 56. 3 12. 1 68. 2 142. 7 153. 8	311. 6 54. 5 12. 0 70. 9 149. 0 135. 4	318. 8 54. 6 12. 5 61. 7 142. 9 148. 7	300, 4 50, 5 11, 0 75, 3 156, 7 160, 7	316. 6 63. 4 13. 4 66. 7 146. 6 169. 8	68. 9 133. 2 149. 2			
Value, estimated total ? nil. \$. Ordinary 9 do. Group and wholesale do. Industrial do  * Revised * Preliminary Data beginning	7 4, 531 1, 472 583	7 6, 565 7 4, 605 1, 377 583	7 3, 912 1, 645 489	5, 925 4, 233 1, 127 565	r 6, 824 r 4, 839 1, 364 621	r 6, 350 r 4, 629 1, 110 611		7 6, 708 7 4, 670 1, 463 575		7 6, 268 7 4, 500 1, 214 554	572	1.484 618	7 6, 580 7 4, 912 1, 078 590	7 5, 261 2, 280 624	4,057	

<sup>\*</sup>Revised. \*Preliminary. 1 Data beginning Mar. 1962 reflect revised classifications; not comparable with earlier figures. 2 End of year; assets of life insurance companies are annual statement values. See similar footnote on p. S-17. Softher than borrowing. New series (compiled by U.S. Treasury Dept. and Bu. of the Budget).

Data for net receipts and total expenditures reflect exclusion of certain interfund transactions.

Revisions will be shown later as follows: Assets, all life insurance cos., Jan. 1960-July 1961; insurance written (total and ordinary), 1961.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1961	1962						19	62					2.77	19	63
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS		thly rage	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
			I	FINAL	NCE-	-Cont	inued	1	·							
LIFE INSURANCE—Continued				}						1		-				
Premiums collected (LIAMA):*           Total life insurance premiums.         mil. \$.           Ordinary         do.           Group and wholesale         do.           Industrial         do.	994 729 145 120	1. 039 767 154 118	1, 062 790 155 118	966 718 143 106	1, 087 813 166 108	992 739 146 107	1, 022 770 144 107	1, 009 752 150 107	1,041 771 161 109	1, 027 762 157 108	955 714 138 103	1, 063 785 167 110	1, 019 764 150 106	1. 230 823 177 230		
MONETARY STATISTICS																
Gold and silver:         Gold:           Monetary stock, U.S. (end of yr. or mo.) mil. \$	-5	115. 978 -66 31, 747 12, 578	16, 815 - 63 28, 224 2, 021	16, 790 -37 30, 897 19, 701	16, 608 7 - 143 52, 845 10, 622	16, 495 -82 14, 065 2, 228	16, 434 -78 31, 032 16, 290	16, 435 -60 14, 000 3, 340	16, 147 -310 14, 005 2, 039	16, 098 10 52, 663 1, 883	16, 067 2 63, 150 2, 335	15, 978 -19 28, 053 2, 130	15, 977 26 6, 936 1, 903	15. 978 -20 45. 093 86, 442	15, 928 -89	15, 878
Production, world total         do           South Africa         do           Canada         do           United States         do	2101,700 66,900 13,000 4,600	74, 400 12, 100 3, 700	70, 600 12, 600 3, 500	67, 400 11, 400 3, 200	72, 900 12, 800 3, 500	72, 300 12, 400 3, 000	74,000 12,300 3,400	75, 200 11, 800 3, 100	76, 300 11, 900 4, 000	76, 600 12, 000 4, 600	76, 100 11, 700 4, 800	78, 100 12, 500 4, 300	78, 500 12, 100 3, 800	74, 700 11, 700 3, 700	78, 000	
Silver:	3, 154 3, 786 , 924	1, 262 6, 205 1, 084	1, 842 3, 156 1, 043	1, 538 9, 249 1, 025	979 6, 653 1, 015	526 5, 615 1, 015	521 5, 203 1, 015	964 6,837 1,023	476 5, 398 1, 035	951 5, 827 3 1, 083	1, 144 7, 897 1, 155	960 7, 646 1, 206	1. 886 5. 713 1. 192	3, 350 5, 270 1, 199	1. 244	1, 256
Canada         thous, fine oz           Mexico         do           United States         do           Currency in circulation, end of yr. or mo         bil. \$           Money supply and related data (avg. of daily fig.):*	7 2,615 3,362 47 2,908 1 33.9	4 3, 764	7 2, 617 3, 565 7 4, 256 32. 8	7 2.119 3,255 7 3,928 32.9	7 2, 595 3, 886 7 4, 004 33. 0	7 2,310 3,473 7 3,465 33.2	7 2, 272 3, 530 7 4, 362 33, 5	7 2,734 3,185 7 3,359 33.8	7 2, 910 2, 984 7 3, 052 33, 9	7 2, 439 3, 623 7 2, 883 33. 9	7 3, 069 3, 631 7 5, 157 33. 9	7 2,717 3,435 7 3,151 34,1	2, 683 2, 981 7 3, 005 34. 8	4, 545 35, 3	34. 1	
Unadjusted for seas. variation:         bil. \$           Total money supply.         bil. \$           Currency outside banks.         do           Demand deposits         do           Time deposits adjusted .         do           U.S. Government deposits         do	5 143. 2 5 29. 1 5 114. 0 5 78. 5 6 4. 8	5 146. 0 5 30. 1 5 115. 9 5 91. 0 5 6. 0	149. 0 29. 5 119. 5 83. 5 3. 8	145. 3 29. 3 115. 9 85. 4 4. 6	144. 2 29. 6 114. 6 87. 4 5. 1	146. 2 29. 8 116. 4 88. 9 3. 8	143. 6 29. 8 113. 8 89. 9 7. 0	144. 0 30. 0 113. 9 91. 1 7. 2	144. 3 30. 3 114. 0 92. 2 7. 1	143. 8 30. 3 113. 5 93. 0 6. 8	145. 0 30. 3 114. 6 93. 8 7. 2	146, 5 30, 4 116, 1 94, 9 7, 3	148. 2 30. 8 117. 5 95. 4 6. 0	151. 6 31. 2 120. 4 96. 6 5. 6	r 151. 8 30. 5 r 121. 3 98. 4 r 4. 8	148. 3 30. 5 117. 8 99. 9 5. 6
Adjusted for seas. variation:			145. 9 29. 7 116. 3 84. 1	145. 5 29. 7 115. 8 85. 8	145. 7 29. 9 115. 8 87. 5	146. 1 30. 0 116. 0 88. 7	145. 7 30. 0 115. 7 89. 6	145. 6 30. 1 115. 4 90. 7	145. 7 30. 2 115. 5 91. 8	145. 1 30. 2 114. 9 92. 5	145. 3 30. 2 115. 1 93. 4	146. 1 30. 3 115. 8 94. 6	146, 9 30, 5 116, 4 96, 0	147. 9 30. 6 117. 3 97. 5	r 148. 7 30. 7 r 118. 1 99. 1	148, 5 30, 9 117, 7 100, 3
Turnover of demand deposits except interbank and U.S. Govt., annual rates, seas. adjusted: Total (344 centers)*ratio of debits to depositsNew York Citydo 6 other centers?*do 337 other reporting centersdo	38. 2 70. 0 36. 9 26. 2	41. 5 77. 8 41. 2 27. 7	39. 7 70. 9 40. 6 27. 7	38. 5 68. 1 38. 4 27. 1	41. 7 78. 2 40. 9 27. 6	42. 2 78. 4 41. 7 28. 2	41. 9 78. 8 40. 8 28. 0	41. 6 77. 3 41. 3 27. 8	42. 1 77. 3 42. 1 28. 6	41. 9 78. 8 41. 1 28. 3	41. 7 82. 2 41. 8 27. 3	43. 5 82. 9 43. 7 28. 5	42. 9 80. 7 43. 5 28. 5	44. 2 88. 9 43. 4 27. 7	43. 5 83. 7 44. 1 28. 8	
PROFITS AND DIVIDENDS (QTRLY.)																i
Manufacturing corps. (Fed. Trade and SEC):  Net profit after taxes, all industriesmil. \$  Food and kindred productsdo.  Textile mill productsdo.  Lumber and wood products (except furniture)	6 3, 828 6 331 6 70				4, 004 270 74			4, 649 344 89			86					
Paper and allied products	\$ 28 6 146 6 511 6 772 6 136 6 122 6 201				519			55 169 601 699 191 156			50 155 551 775 199 104					
Primary iron and steel	6 111 6 265 6 256				118 284 274 98			192 187 387 315			168 333 291		1			
vehicles, ctc.)	6 74 6 372 6 430 6 2, 138				570 396 2, 202			120 645 499 2, 123			106 331 564 2, 112					
Electric utilities, profits after taxes (Federal Reserve) mil. \$_ Transportation and communications (see pp. S-23	6 474				585			472			488					
and S-24).  SECURITIES ISSUED																
Securities and Exchange Commission:   Estimated gross proceeds, total	2, 958 2, 648 785 273	2. 498 2. 352 751 110	3, 506 3, 363 504 141	2, 537 2, 382 728 146	1, 877 1, 669 638 204	4. 075 3. 738 881 216	2, 149 2, 015 667 120	2, 422 2, 253 1, 063 124	1,663 1,598 565 32	4, 056 3, 974 840 58	1,568 1,408 472 110	2, 150 2, 027 853 74	1, 821 1, 768 732 28 24	2, 149 2, 025 1, 072 65	2, 692 2, 598 587 63	
Preferred stock	1, 096 343 22 253 15 152 190	897 274 19 237 20 109 155	647 225 15 116 12 75 104	884 139 13 153 17 366 126	5 847 329 16 197 20 21 143	120 1, 217 463 15 383 7 90 142	801 279 37 217 12 65 96	46 1, 232 361 23 473 18 80 173	630 250 5 124 9 93 110	922 226 (7) 255 56 123 190	632 190 21 165 20 69 93	976 167 21 252 6 262 228	784 275 8 228 25 4 185	59 1. 197 381 51 280 37 58 265	681 142 20 199 29 126 72	
Noncorporate, total⊙do U,S. Governmentdo State and municipaldo		1,600 716 713	2, 859 1, 589 866	1, 654 361 1, 123	1, 030 372 621	2, 858 1, 506 877	1, 348 352 897	1, 190 363 760	1,033 358 641	3, 135 2, 408 559	936 300 426	1, 174 359 646	1, 036 327 595	95 <b>3</b> 295 547	2, 011 774 999	

r Revised. Lend of year. Estimated; excludes U.S.S.R., other Eastern European countries, China Mainland, and North Korea. Comparable data not shown in 1961 BUSINESS STATISTICS volume. Streetive Aug. 1962 for silver in commercial bar form (priced ¼ cent higher than on former basis; ½0 cent higher effective Nov. 15, 1962). Based on refinery production (U.S. Bu. of Mint data); not comparable with data through 1961 previously shown. Average of daily figures. Quarterly average. Less than \$500,000.

<sup>\*</sup>New series. Back data for premiums collected and turnover of total demand deposits are available upon request; those for money supply, etc., are published in the Ang. 1962 Federal Reserve Bulletin (see also Oct. 1960 Bulletin for concepts and methods). §Or increase in earmarked gold (—). ¶Time deposits at all commercial banks other than those due to domestic commercial banks and the U.S. Govt. Thelades Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago, Detroit, San Francisco, and Los Angeles. ⊙Includes data not shown separately.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961	1961	1962						19	62	-		·····		<u>.                                    </u>	19	63
edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mon ave		Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
			F	INAN	NCE	-Cont	inued	l								
SECURITIES ISSUED—Continued	1															
Securities and Exchange Commission—Continued New corporate security issues:																
Estimated net proceeds, totalmil. \$ Proposed uses of proceeds:	1,073	881	632	866	823	1, 185	785	1, 214	621	907	618	961	776	1, 184	671	
New money, totaldododo	902 628	694 475	507 326	792 642	709 458	1, 033 753	621 435	953 713	504 329	620 382	441 315	727 467	494 263	923 616	$\frac{541}{369}$	
Working capitaldo Retirement of securitiesdo	274 75	219 63	181 39	150	251 16	279 72	186 25 139	240 82	175 39	237 159	126 39	$\frac{259}{126}$	230 73	306 81	$\frac{172}{87}$	
Other purposesdoState and municipal issues (Bond Buyer):	96 697	124 713	85	67	97	80		180	78	129	138 426	108	209	180	43	
Long-termdo Short-termdo	376	397	866 186	1, 123 640	621 351	877 442	897 499	760 375	641 301	559 573	172	646 285	595 590	547 351	7 999 7 304	735 463
SECURITY MARKETS																
Brokers' Balances (N.Y.S.E. Members Carrying Margin Accounts)					!						'					
Cash on hand and in banksmil.\$ Customers' debit balances (net)do	1 430 1 4, 294	1 405 1r4, 149	436 4, 145	421 4, 100	426 4, 117	419 4, 115	426 4, 034	$\frac{437}{3,637}$	415 3, 592	388 3, 796	380 3, 914	397 3,889	385 3,975	405 r 4, 149	414 4, 236	
Customers' free credit balances (net)do Money borroweddo	$^{1}$ 1, 219 $^{1}$ 3, 003	1 1, 216 1 2, 820	1, 225 2, 911	1, 190 2, 882	1, 154 2, 963	1, 110 3, 072	1,205 $2,889$	1, 374 2, 239	1, 252 2, 124	1, 130 2, 506	1,091 $2,738$	1,126 2,625	1, 151 2, 586	$1,216 \\ 2,820$	1,199 $2,927$	
Bonds																
Prices: Average price of all listed bonds (N.Y.S.E.), dellors	92. 98	93.81	92. 24	92. 90	93, 89	94. 40	93, 80	93. 02	92. 97	93.76	94. 16	94. 57	95. 03	94. 97		
total§dollars_ Domesticdo Foreigndo	93. 12 83. 22	93. 91 85. 70	92. 35 84. 26	92, 99 85, 12	93, 99 85, 80	94, 50 86, 04	93. 91 84. 68	93, 13 84, 82	93. 08 84. 61	93, 87 85, 88	94, 27 85, 94	94. 68 86. 27	95. 13 87. 18	95. 05 87. 76		
Standard & Poor's Corporation: Industrial, utility, and railroad (A1+ issues):	00.22	00.70	020	30.12		00,	01.00	01.02	01.01	000	0	00.2.	01.20	01.10		
Composite (21 bonds) 3 dol. per \$100 bond Domestic municipal (15 bonds)do	95, 2 107, 8	96. 2 112. 1	94. 9 109. 9	94. 8 110. 5	95. 3 111. 9	96. 0 113. 7	96. 6 113. 5	96.3 111.2	$95.9 \pm 110.2$	95.7 110.1	96. 3 112. 1	97. 3 114. 4	97. 4 114. 5	97. 3 113. 0	97. 6 113. 0	112. 1
U.S. Treasury bonds, taxab'e ¶do	87.55	86, 94	85. 34	85. 17	86. 21	87. 69	87. 87	87, 61	86.07	86.64	87.02	87.73	87. 96	87. 96	87. 81	87. 33
Total, excl. U.S. Government bonds (SEC): All registered exchanges:	100 50	1,,, 1,	150.01	136, 69	143. 42	134, 82	100 49	246. 49	151 00	117. 84	91.01	110.20	100 50	105.40	100 10	
Market value mil. \$	168. 56 162. 82	144. 14 148. 83	150, 81 157, 72	132. 43	144. 94	134, 82 135, 58	188, 43 184, 91	240. 49 249. 77	151.86 156.85	125, 30	94. 62	112.30 136.16	128, 56 135, 57	127. 49 132. 09	128. 43 132. 21	
New York Stock Exchange: Market valuedododo	163. 70 159. 05	138. 80 143. 27	146, 10 152, 91	131. 74 127. 77	138, 15 139, 49	129, 99 130, 81	183, 01 179, 28	238, 82 241, 24	148.25 152.98	112, 35 119, 58	86. 61 90. 10	105. 49 128. 67	122. 72 129. 41	122, 99 126, 99	123. 26 126. 26	
New York Stock Exchange, exclusive of stopped sales, face value, total mil. \$	136. 34	121. 21	133.06	101.35	113, 54	117, 18	183. 17	184, 88	116. 51	95, 86	81. 52	100.62	118, 29	108. 57	117. 64	į.
Domestie do Foreign do do	130, 51 5, 83	113. 42 7. 79	126, 35 6, 71	95. 43 5. 92	104.74 8.80	111, 74 5, 44	174, 76 8, 42	176. 26 8. 62	108. 52 7. 97	88. 71 7. 16	75, 06 6, 46	89. 22 11. 39	110.60 7.70	99. 67 8. 90		
Value, issues listed on N.Y.S.E., end of month: Market value, total, all issues \$bil. \$	108.34	108. 51	105, 52	106, 25	107, 40	109, 44	106, 74	105, 51	105. 47	108. 52	111.37	111, 69	113. 07	111.09		
Domesticdo Foreigndo	105, 50	105, 43 1, 73	102, 66 1, 62	103.38 1.61	104, 42	106, 40 1, 68	103, 70 1, 67	102. 42 1. 74	102.37 1 76	105, 36 1, 80	108.22	108. 52 1. 80	109. 85 1. 84	107. 80 1. 85		
Face value, total, all issues \$do Domestiedo	116, 51 113, 30	115, 65 112, 25	114.39 111.16	114.37 111.17	114, 39 111, 10	115, 93 112, 59	113. 79 110. 42	113. 42 109. 97	113. 45 109. 98	115.74 112.25	118.28 114.80	118. 10 114. 62	118, 99 115, 48	116. 98 113. 41		
ForeigndoYields:	1.90	2.02	1. 92	1.90	1. 90	1.95	1. 98	2.06	2.08	2. 10	2.09	2.09	2, 11	2. 11		
Domestic corporate (Moody's)percent_ By ratings:	4.66	4.62	4.70	4. 70	4, 67	4.63	4.58	4. 59	4.63	4.64	4.61	4. 57	4. 55	4. 52	4. 49	4. 48
Aaadodododo	4. 35 4. 48	4. 32 4. 47	4. 42 4. 55	4. 42 4. 56	4. 39 4. 53	4. 33 4. 49	4. 28 4. 43	4. 28 4. 44	4. 34 4. 49	4, 35 4, 49	4. 32 4. 46	4. 28 4. 41	4. 25 4. 40	4, 24 4, 38	4, 21 4, 37	4. 19
A		4.65 5.02	4. 74 5. 08	4. 74 5. 07	4. 71 5. 04	4, 66 5, 02	4. 62 5. 00	4. 62 5. 02	4, 65 5, 05	4, 66 5, 06	4. 62 5. 03	4. 61 4. 99	4. 59 4. 96	4. 54 4. 92	4. 48 4. 91	4. 46
By groups: Industrialdododododo	4. 54 4. 57	4, 47 4, 51	4, 57 4, 61	4. 57 4. 62	4. 52 4. 60	4. 46 4. 56	4. 42 4. 50	4. 45 4. 47	4. 52 4. 48	4, 51 4, 50	4, 45 4, 49	4. 40 4. 46	4. 39 4. 42	4. 40 4. 41	4. 38 4. 38	4. 37 4. 37
Railroaddo	4.86	4. 86	4. 92	4. 90	4. 88	4.86	4.83	4. 86	4. 90	4. 90	4.88	4. 85	4.83	4, 76	4. 72	4. 69
Bond Buyer (20 bonds)doStandard & Poor's Corp. (15 bonds)do	3, 46 3, 46	3. 14 3. 18	3. 22 3. 32	3. 20 3. 28	3. 12 3. 19	3.00 3.08	3. 24 3. 09	3. 24 3. 24	3. 33 3. 30	3. 14 3. 31	3, 06 3, 18	3.01 3.03	3. 10 3. 03	3, 05 3, 12	3. 18 3. 12	3. 13 3. 13
U.S. Treasury bonds, taxable⊙do	3. 90	3.95	4.08	4.09	4.01	3.89	3.88	3.90	4.02	3. 97	3.94	3.89	3.87	3.87	3.88	3. 9
Stocks  Cash dividénd payments publicly reported:				!							,				1	
Total dividend payments publicly reported:  mil. \$	<sup>2</sup> 14, 154	2 15, 076	1, 065. 4	544. 4	2,074.4	987. 8	384.0	2,086,2	994.8	395. 4	2, 137. 9	1,025.3	412. 1	2, 968. 2	1, 098. 9	520. 1
Financedo Manufacturingdo	$\frac{2}{2}, 160$ $\frac{2}{7}, 346$	<sup>2</sup> 2, 360 <sup>2</sup> 7, 823	284. <b>3</b> 295. 2	235. 3 134. 5	183. 8 1, 331. 4	188. 9 340. 9	91. 9 131. 4	167, 6 1, 354, 5	197. 4 338. 6	93. 2 135. 5	229. 4 1. 352. 3	194. 5 361. 8	104. 6 140. 2	389. 2 1, 906. 3	275. 3 316. 9	181. 8 139. 9
Miningdo	2 544	2 549	11.1	3. 0	109. 0	11.1	5. 2	108. 5	10.5	3.0	105, 5	11.4	2.8	168. 3	14. 6	2.6
Communicationsdo Electric and gasdo	. 21,692	2 1, 411 2 1, 773	235. 4 119. 7	2. 2 115. 5	113. 2 197. 3	235. 3 123. 3	3. 3 116. 8	113.0 199.1	235. 7 123. 8	2. 9 118. 6	112. 8 201. 3	236. 4 124. 8	3. 3 124. 9	117. 4 207. 8	236. 2 126. 7	
Railroadsdo Tradedo	2 578	<sup>2</sup> 353 <sup>2</sup> 606	30. 9 77. 3	4. 2 42. 9	56. 7 53. 3	20. 5 57. 9	5. 5 23. 0	56, 6 59, 3	16.9 59.8	8. 7 23. 5	50.7 58.4	19. 7 62. 4	21.6	77. 1 66. 2	31. 6 79. 6	49.9
Miscellaneous do do do do do do do do do do do do do	2 195	2 201	11.5	6.8	29. 7	9.9	6.9	27.6	12.1	10.0	27. 5	14. 3	9. 0	35. 9	18.0	9. (
Dividend rates and prices, common stocks (Moody's): Dividends per share, annual rate (200 stocks)			]													
Industrial (125 steeks)do	5. 70 6. 07	5, 99 6, 43	5. 92 6. 37	5. 95 6. 41	5. 96 6. 41	5. 96 6. 42	5, 97 6, 41	5. 97 6. 41	5. 97 6. 40	5, 97 6, 40	5, 97 6, 40	5. 91 6. 29	6. 13 6. 63	6. 15 6. 64	6. 21 6. 71	6. 2 6. 7
Public utility (24 stocks)do Railroad (25 stocks)do	2.81	2. 97 3. 36	2. 86 3. 36	2.86 3.35	2. 91 3. 35	2. 91 3. 35	2. 97 3. 35	2. 98	2.98 3,35	2. 99 3. 35	3. 02 3. 34	3.03	3.05	3. 07 3. 42	3. 07 3. 42	3. 10 3. 4:
Bank (15 stocks)do Insurance (10 stocks)do	4. 21	4.30 5.31	4. 30 5. 19	4. 30 5. 19	4. 30 5. 29	4. 30 5. 29	4. 30 5. 29	4. 30 5. 29	4. 30 5. 29	4. 30 5. 32	4.30 5.32	4. 30 5. 32		4. 35 5. 65	4. 44 5. 80	4. 4. 5. 80
Price per share, end of mo. (200 stocks) ♀do	185.66	177.87	195.17	198. 76	198. 91	186.28	171.39	157. 34	168. 24	170, 51	161, 75	164.02	179, 59	182. 43	191. 25	185. 31
Industrial (125 stocks) do Dublic utility (24 stocks) do do do do do do do do do do do do do	199.90	189, 95 91, 50	209, 40 95, 14	212. 12 97. 76	98. 87	198. 72 96. 45	183. 43 86. 79	168.00 81.74	178.96 87.72	181. 40 90. 12	172, 29 87, 42	174. 24 86. 83	92.64	96.49	204. 07 102. 52	99. 88
Railroad (25 stocks)do ' Revised.    Lend of year,   Annual total.	68.26	63.39	70.43	69.98	68.60		62.00	↓ 57.19 of bonds	58. 27	1 59. 25					-	70.9

Revised. <sup>1</sup> End of year. <sup>2</sup> Annual total. §Data include bonds of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development not shown separately; these bonds are included in computing the average price of all listed bonds.

o<sup>3</sup>Number of bonds represent number currently used; the change in the number does not affect the continuity of series.

¶Prices are derived from average yields on basis of an assumed 3 percent 20-year bond.

⊙ For bonds due or callable in 10 years or more.

♀ Includes data not shown separately.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1961	1962					_	19	)62						1	963
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS		ithly rage	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
			F	TINAL	NCE-	-Cont	inue	1	L	<u> </u>			,		<u>-</u>	'
SECURITY MARKETS—Continued Stocks—Continued																
Dividend yields and earnings, common stocks         (Moody's):       percent.         Yield (200 stocks).       do.         Industrial (125 stocks).       do.         Public utility (24 stocks).       do.         Railroad (25 stocks).       do.         Bank (15 stocks).       do.         Insurance (10 stocks).       do.	3. 07 3. 04 3. 10 4. 94 3. 18 2. 31	3. 37 3. 39 3. 17 5. 30 3. 31 2. 48	3. 03 3. 04 3. 01 4. 77 2. 94 2. 20	2. 99 3. 02 2. 93 4. 79 2. 81 2. 13	3. 00 3. 00 2. 94 4. 88 2. 97 2. 10	3. 20 3. 23 3. 02 5. 17 3. 26 2. 28	3. 48 3. 49 3. 42 5. 40 3. 56 2. 59	3. 79 3. 82 3. 65 5. 86 3. 74 2. 86	3. 55 3. 58 3. 40 5. 75 3. 45 2. 68	3. 50 3. 53 3. 32 5. 65 3. 43 2. 63	3. 69 3. 71 3. 45 5. 96 3. 70 2. 85	3. 60 3. 61 3. 49 5. 78 3. 62 2. 78	3. 41 3. 45 3. 29 5. 03 3. 36 2. 44	3. 37 3. 41 3. 18 5. 03 3. 27 2. 53	3. 25 3. 29 2. 99 4. 79 3. 16 2. 41	3. 36 3. 42 3. 10 4. 82 3. 17 2. 47
Earnings per share (indust., qtrly. at ann. rate; pub. util. and R.R., for 12 mo. ending each qtr.): Industrial (125 stocks)	1 9. 61 2 4. 33 2 3. 94	1 11.10 2 7 4.72 2 5.51			10. 80 4. 45 4. 69			11. 10 4. 50 4. 99			9. 50 4. 57 5. 05			13.00 • 4.72 5.51		
Dividend yields, preferred stocks, 14 high-grade (Standard & Poor's Corp.)percent	4. 66	4. 50	4. 59	4. 52	4.48	4, 45	4. 45	4. 52	4. 59	4. 55	4. 50	4. 49	4. 45	4. 42	4.34	4. 27
Prices:  Dow-Jones averages (65 stocks)  Industrial (30 stocks)  Public utility (15 stocks)  Railroad (20 stocks)  Standard & Poor's Corporation:c <sup>a</sup> Industrial, public utility, and railroad:	117. 16 143. 52	221. 07 639. 76 121. 75 132. 61	239, 95 705, 16 124, 46 147, 38	243. 07 711. 95 127. 45 148. 61	243. 36 714. 21 129. 84 145. 24	237, 42 690, 28 129, 25 142, 29	221. 91 643. 71 120. 03 134. 96	198, 94 572, 64 109, 17 121, 64	203, 10 581, 78 113, 91 122, 75	208. 94 602. 51 118. 93 121. 89	207. 82 597. 02 120. 53 119. 76	202. 73 580. 65 117. 77 117. 58	218. 35 628. 82 122. 34 130. 29	227. 22 648. 38 127. 37 138. 98	237. 51 672. 10 133. 56 148. 25	241, 13 679, 75 135, 86 151, 85
Combined index (500 stocks) 1941-43=10_  Industrial, total (425 stocks) 9 do do do	66, 27 69, 99 67, 33 57, 01 60, 20 32, 83	62. 38 65. 54 58. 15 54. 96 59. 16 30. 56	69. 07 72. 99 68. 06 61. 78 62. 69 33. 77	70. 22 74. 22 68. 37 62. 35 63. 70 34. 23	70. 29 74. 22 68. 06 62. 26 64. 51 33. 45	68. 05 71. 64 64. 49 60. 66 63. 86 32. 31	62, 99 66, 32 58, 17 55, 86 58, 84 30, 71	55. 63 58. 32 50. 18 48. 98 53. 32 28. 05	56, 97 59, 61 51, 08 49, 82 55, 51 28, 29	58. 52 61. 29 52. 91 51. 17 56. 96 28. 09	58. 00 60. 67 52. 08 50. 60 56. 96 27. 68	56. 17 58. 66 50. 83 49. 06 55. 63 27. 40	60. 04 62. 90 56. 05 52. 42 57. 69 30. 47	62. 64 65. 59 57. 54 54. 52 60. 24 32. 24	65. 06 68. 00 59. 19 56. 37 63. 35 34. 06	65, 92 68, 91 59, 93 57, 47 64, 07 34, 59
Banks:  New York City (10 stocks)do Outside New York City (16 stocks)do Fire insurance (16 stocks)do	33. 75 70. 78 45. 42	33.75 66.19 43.35	38. 02 76. 79 47. 60	39. 09 75. 79 49. 24	38. 10 73. 41 49. 71	36. 11 70. 94 48. 42	32, 33 65, 11 43, 79	29, 69 58, 45 38, 36	31.02 59.88 38.52	32. 35 61. 93 40. 72	31. 33 61. 23 39. 79	30. 26 59. 00 37. 47	32. 37 64. 00 41. 93	34. 35 67. 71 44. 66	35, 39 70, 01 47, 17	37. 18 73. 29 48. 96
Sales (Securities and Exchange Commission):   Total on all registered exchanges:	5, 317 168 4, 392 108 85	4, 561 139 3, 945 99 80	5, 203 157 4, 366 103 81	4, 219 126 3, 545 85 66	4, 447 135 3, 703 88 68	3, 954 114 3, 335 79 65	5, 367 148 4, 649 3 105	6, 728 204 6, 034 156	4, 291 131 3, 789 99	4, 117 132 3, 575 96 77	3. 393 104 2, 930 74 63	3, 990 126 3, 518 93 79	4, 596 144 4, 040 107 96	4, 426 143 3, 857 103 81	5, 016 159 4, 357 117	79
Bhares listed, N.Y. Stock Exchange, end of mo.:  Market value, all listed sharesbil. \$  Number of shares listedmillions	358. 93 6, 752	339. 29 7, 464	375. 20 7, 202	383. 42 7, 269	381.36 7,302	357.77 7,343	326. 78 7, 434	298.97 7,485	318. 84 7, 533	324. 51 7, 552	308. 44 7, 561	309. 23 7, 611	341, 14 7, 621	345. 85 7, 659	363, 22 7, 692	354.33 7,719
	FO	REIG	N TI	RADE	OF	THE	UNIT	ED S	STAT.	ES	1	<u> </u>	1			
FOREIGN TRADE	<u> </u>			İ								<u> </u>				
Indexes																
Exports of U.S. merchandise:‡ Quantity	107 111 103	108 111 103	r 102 r 105 r 103	r 109 113 r 104	r 113 117 r 104	7 118 120 7 102	r 122 125 r 103	7 124 126 7 102	7 107 199 7 102	r 105 107 r 102	7 110 112 7 102	7 100 103 7 102	7 115 118 7 102	118 121 102	********	
Imports for consumption: \( \) \(	107 105 98	122 117 96	121 116 96	108 104 96	123 118 96	119 114 96	126 122 96	119 114 96	120 114 95	124 118 95	122 116 95	129 123 95	133 126 95	115		<b>-</b>
Shipping Weight Waterborne trade: Exports, incl. reexports\( \)thous, lg. tons. General importsdo	9, 526 13, 984		7, 873 14, 432	8, 833 13, 078	8, 847 14, 884	9, 509 14,346	11, 536 17, 010	11,046 r17,865	10, 150 15, 921	10, 987 16, 990	10, 906 16, 087					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,679.4	1,802.4 1,741.7	1,662.0 1,611.7	1,775.2 1,713.1	1,844.8 1,783.1	1,885.7 1,803.3	1,891.3	1,974.0 1,897.6	1,707.4 1,619.9	1,633.3	1,760.2 1,710.0	1,582.6	1,791.4		4 960.4	
Seasonally adjusted*	7 69. 3 7 342. 6 7 33. 6 7 536. 2	81. 7 343. 7 39. 1 542. 7	71,654.8 779.4 7350.1 31.0 7506.7	r 1,812.1 r 81. 1 r 332. 3 r 33. 0 r 573. 3	r 1,674.4 r 86. 8 r 344. 8 32. 9 r 583. 7	r 1,802.6 r 94. 8 r 341. 8 r 40. 3 r 557. 4	79. 7 352. 8 41. 6 7 580. 9	71,838.3 88.7 7359.6 41.9 7574.0	78. 6 7 326. 6 41. 7 7 473. 3	73. 6 73. 6 7319. 5 39. 6 7493. 6	71,943.3 80.3 7334.5 52.3 7544.9	7 60. 1 289. 2 36. 6 7 483. 4	92. 0 7 362. 8 36. 9 560. 1	84, 8 410, 1 41, 5	4 982. 1	
North America do Southern North America do South America do South America do	303. 6 r 122. 7	319. 2 129. 5 167. 1	r 272. 7 r 112. 2 r 161. 7	273. 8 7 114. 6 7 165. 1	7 308. 2 7 127. 1 7 186. 6	7 352. 1 7 119. 1 7 182. 6	7 379. 5 134. 9 176. 0	7 370. 1 134. 9 185. 4	7 313. 6 7 118. 7 7 150. 4	7 304. 4 127. 1 7 173. 5	290. 6 129. 2 171. 6	7 341. 5 134. 5 133. 1	314.6 151.1 157.5	308, 8 150, 6		 
By leading countries: Africa: United Arab Republic (Egypt Reg.)do Republic of South Africado	r 13. 6 19. 0	19, 5	25. 0	7 24. 5 19. 2	r 22, 4	28, 8 r 21. 6	23. 9 15. 1	22. 4 22. 2	22. 3 20. 2	16, 7	13. 9	6. 2	16.6	11. 9		

<sup>\*</sup>Revised. \*Preliminary. 1 Quarterly average at annual rate. 2 For 12 months ending Dec. 3 Note that all figures on this line are on basis of sales cleared or settled during indicated month; clearances usually occur about 4th day after transaction date. 4 Reflects effects of dock strike.

Number of stocks represents number currently used; the change in number does not affect continuity of the series. 2 Includes data not shown separately.

1 Revisions for various periods prior to 1962 will be shown later. Import indexes for all periods shown are preliminary.

<sup>\$</sup>Excludes "special category" shipments and all commodities exported under foreign-aid programs as Department of Defense controlled cargo.

¶includes grant-aid shipments under the Dept. of Defense Military Assistance Program, as well as economic aid shipments under other programs.

New series. Revised data prior to 1961 may be obtained from Bu. of Census reports.

△Excludes "special category" shipments.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1961	1962						19	62						19	63
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mon aver		Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
FOR	EIGN	N TRA	DE (	OF T	HE U	NITE	D ST	ATE	S—Co	ntinu	ıed					
FOREIGN TRADE—Continued			-													
Value‡—Continued  Exports (mdse.), incl. reexports—Continued By leading countries—Continued																
Asia and Oceania: Australia, including New Guineamil. \$	7 26. 8 3. 9	33. 4 4. 3	28. 2 4. 2	7 27. 3 3. 8	27. 5 2. 9	7 34. 9 3. 7	35. 2 4. 4	35. 2 5. 4	35. 4 3. 3	33. 4 4. 1	45. 5 5. 3	30. 9 2. 9	7 32. 8 5. 3	35. 0 5, 9		
State of Singaporedo Indiado Pakistando	40. 2 16. 3	55. 7 23. 7	44. 9 20. 7	29. 8 12. 2	7 43. 6 9. 5	47. 6 17. 8	60. 8 23. 5	68. 2 31. 9	75. 0 35. 7	57. 0 28. 9	7 53. 0 30. 6	51.3 17.9	66.1 28.8			
Japan do  Republic of Indonesia do  Republic of the Philippines do	144. 9 11. 2 7 27. 8	117. 8 10. 0 22. 4	7 135. 0 11. 7 20. 3	134. 2 9. 6 21. 0	r 130. 7 11. 1 23. 2	115. 5 15. 3 23. 1	116. 8 8. 7 22. 5	r 117. 2 11. 2 22. 8	7 96. 9 7. 0 21. 7	7 102. 1 9. 3 21. 5	7 109. 7 12. 2 23. 8	95. 0 11. 3 19. 3	121. 9 5. 5 23. 4	138. 8 6. 6 25. 5		
Europe:do	47. 1	48. 8 . 1	7 49. 1	56. 0	50. 6 . 1	55. 6 . 1	59. 9 . 7	50. 3 . 1	35. 7 . 1	40. 3	46.8	37. 2	47.3	56. 6 . 1		
East Germany do	7 89. 4 66. 2	89. 7 64. 0	73.4 59.9	7 92. 8 71. 2	7 101. 2 7 77. 0	91. 9 57. 3	101, 1 60, 7	95. 3 72. 3	7 82. 0 48. 7	r 84. 2 58. 9	7 85. 1 58. 5	77. 9 61. 3	. 4 87. 5 70. 7	103. 5 70. 9		
Italydo Union of Soviet Socialist Republicsdo United Kingdomdo	3. 6 94. 2	1. 3 89. 6	7.4 7.79.5	2. 7 r 100. 2	91. 1	* 85. 2	4.3 84.3	2. 8 77. 8	1. 0 83. 6	1. 4 75. 6	110.8	· 4 · 89. 2	.7 97. 9	99. 7		
North and South America: Canadadodo	303.6	319. 1	272. 7	273.8	r 308. 2	r 352. 1	7 379.5	r 370. 1	• <b>31</b> 3. 6	r 304. 4	r 290. 5	7 341. 5	314. 5	308.8		 
Latin American Republics, total Qdo  Argentinado	r 284. 5 r 35. 4	268. 5 31. 2	7 249. 2 7 37. 3	7 255. 1 33. 6	r 278. 6 r 42. 2	<sup>7</sup> 274. 4	283. 4 32. 6	291. 9 37. 8	r 243. 4 29. 4	7 274. 5 32. 5	272.3 24.1	237. 9 19. 1	7 278. 9 23. 8	282. 2 21. 6		: ! <b></b> -
Brazildo Chiledo	7 41. 2 7 19. 1	35. 4 14. 2	7 31. 8 13. 4	30. 0 7 17. 6	32. 5 15. 3	29. 4 14. 2	42. 0 12. 3	42. 9 12. 3	7 33. 4	39. 1 16. 7	36. 5 17. 9	32. 3 12. 2	34. 0 13. 8	40, 9 13, 9		
Colombia do do do Mexico do do do do do do do do do do do do do	20. 4 1. 1 r 67. 7	18. 9 1. 1 65. 8	17.4 2 57.4	20. 3 (1) 7 62. 1	23.6 .1 * 59.2	22. 6 (1) r 55. 2	21. 9 (1) 74. 8	22. 2 (1) 69. 0	17. 4 (1) 59. 9	20.8 0 64.8	20. 1 (1) 62. 9	12. 1 (1) 71. 8	14. 2 (1) 83. 5	13. 9 13. 0 69. 8		
Venezueladododododo	7 43. 0 1,726. 4	39. 0 1,779. 9	34. 6 1,637. 0	35. 7 1,754. 2	7 41. 8 1.822. 5	50. 1 1,862. 0	37. 4 1,945. 2	41. 1 1,952. 3	32. 2 1,689. 8	7 38. 0 1,660. 9	40.9 1,741.3	33. 6 1,592. 9	40.5 1,824.3	42.3 1,876.8		
By economic classes: Crude materialsdodo	r 212. <b>0</b>	186. 2	r 163. 5	<sup>7</sup> 166. 8	<sup>7</sup> 169. 1	161.8	193.0	r 204. 0	, 192.4	r 154. 4	r 185. 6	197. 5	· 233. 6	212.4		
Crude foodstuffsdo Manufactured foodstuffs and beveragesdo Semimanufactures♂do	158. 1 r 95. 9 273. 9	167. 3 113. 8 253. 7	7 148. 2 7 107. 8 7 254. 4	175. 8 r 108. 5 r 253. 2	7 177. 3 7 122. 0 7 254. 1	176. 9 107. 7 7 255. 0	7 215. 0 7 127. 5 257. 0	7 190. 1 127. 8 7 264. 0	7 153.3 7 106.0 7 227.3	153. 1 109. 7 r 265. 5	r 152. 9 r 111. 7 r 279. 0	140.3 105.6 214.9	144.5 122.7 1241.9	180, 5 108, 9 278, 6		
Finished manufactures do do do do do do do do do do do do do	r 986. 5	1, 058. 8	r 962. 9	r1,049.9	<sup>7</sup> 1,100.0	1,160.6	71,152.7	*1,166.4	71,010.7	r 978. 2	<sup>7</sup> 1,012.2	934.7	71,081,7	1, 096. 4		
Agricultural products, total Qdodododo	r 418. 7	419.3 r 44.8	7 378. 6 54. 6	r 410, 8	428.0 r 53.8	410.9 42.6	473.3 50.4	7470.8 59.0	7 402. 0 66. 2	7359, 4 19, 9	7396. 2 23. 2	r 389. 2 r 21. 8	450. 4 41. 1	461. 9 52. 0		
Fruits, vegetables, and preparationsdo  Grains and preparationsdo  Packinghouse productsdo	32.9 157.8 27.4	35. 8 r 170. 7 25. 0	29. 9 r 159. 8 21. 9	30. 4 190. 3 24. 5	7 34. 3 7 189. 4 23. 5	30. 7 182. 4 25. 0	37. 8 r 219. 2 31. 5	39. 3 7 188. 4 36. 7	34. 0 151. 5 24. 7	35. 7 152. 7 23. 2	37. 7 7 153. 5 23. 4	46. 1 136. 7 21. 0	35. 3 144. 3 24. 8	37. 9 180. 1 19. 4		
Tobacco and manufactures△do  Nonagricultural products, total ♀do	41. 6 -1,307.7	7 40. 9 1, 360. 6	23. 7 71,258.3	27. 2 r1,343.4	31, 9 1, 394, 5	32. 8 r1,451.1	31. 2 (1,471.8	40. 2	36. 3 r1,287.8	7 37. 8 71,301.5	75.6 71,345.1	44. 5	7 55. 4 71,373.9	54. 6 1, 415. 0		
Automobiles, parts, and accessoriesdo Chemicals and related products§do	7 100. 1 143. 8	r 113. 5 r 149. 5	r 100. 5 r 143. 3	7 110. 5 7 142. 6	112. 5 r 151. 3	119.8 158.5	121. 9 155. 2	113.6 158.8	91.0 - 141.9	88. 1 7 149. 5	113. 0 158. 1	118. 0 128. 2	142. 4 148. 0	131. 1 158. 8		
Coal and related fuelsdo Iron and steel productsdo	7 29. 1 68. 7	7 32. 1 50. 9	7 20. 2 57. 3	25. 0 50. 9	r 24. 9 r 48. 5	28. 3 49. 0	7 37. 4 54. 6	35. 3 50. 7	7 30. 6 39. 3	r 41. 3 59. 4	7 38.8 7 61.2	39. 4 42. 9	35. 7 49. 9	28.3 47.2		
Machinery, total§♀dododo	r 395. 9 12. 0	r 432. 9 13. 2	<sup>7</sup> 388. 3 10. 6	7 403. 3 12. 0	r 440. 1 r 14. 1	7 461. 4 16. 5	7 476. 1 17. 6	16.7	7 423, 3 14, 9	r 412. 5 12. 1	406. 7 9. 9	389. 5 10. 5	443. 6 9. 9	458. 1 13. 2		
Tractors, parts, and accessoriesdo	29.9 7 94.3 7 40.1	30. 2 7 105. 0 43. 8	26. 3 r 92. 9 36. 1	28. 5 7 90. 4 47. 7	30. 2 7 98. 8 48. 1	34. 4 r 113. 4 39. 1	38. 5 7 117. 1 46. 6	34. 2 115. 3 50. 5	31. 3 7 105. 1 40. 9	29. 4 7 98. 6 41. 3	26. 4 99. 7 42. 5	27. 9 95. 4 40. 0	27. 8 117. 6 44. 2	27. 9 115. 6 49. 2		
Metalworkingsdo Other industrialdo Petroleum and productsdo	r 188. 9 37. 1	7 207. 6	192. 0 33. 0	r 194. 7	r 217. 1	7 219. 9 39. 8	219. 5 r 38. 1	241. 4 37. 7	193. 6 r 37. 4	r 205. 5	196. 6 43. 5	185. 7	209. 7 36. 2	215. 9 42. 1		
Textiles and manufacturesdo General imports, total Odo	56. 8 1,226.1	r 57. 3 1,366.4	49.0 1,367.7	r 55. 2 1,222.7	<sup>7</sup> 61. 8 1,381.4	r 63. 1 1,332.6	7 59. 0 1,452. 1	r 59. 9 1,348.1	r 48. 1 1.337.2	7 59. 2 1,356.0	59. 2 1,341.7	51. 1 1,438.9	58. 9 1,451.6	63. 6 1,366.5	1, 116, 7	
Seasonally adjusted • Odododo		en o	71,327.4	71,315,4		1,363.8	71,386.4	1,342.4	71,361.8	1,364.2	1,476.4	1	r1,431.7	1	1,093.2	
Africa	55. 8 215. 2 26. 7	63. 2 247. 2 36. 6	64.1 243.8 32.4	57. 2 201. 4 26. 4	56. 9 227. 6 51. 5	85. 8 241. 9 29. 2	67. 8 265. 9 27. 2	61. 7 242. 6 34. 2	66. 4 262. 6 31. 9	51. 1 266. 8 46. 7	62. 9 258. 3 37. 4	58. 2 256. 5 36. 3	60. 7 262. 2 45. 3	66. 0 236. 7 40. 9		
Europe do do Northern North America do do do do do do do do do do do do do	345. 8 272. 4	385, 3 305, 3	379. 9 275. 5	367.3 241.8	398. 5 292. 5	376. 9 292. 7	416. 3 326. 0	362. 8 339. 3	365. 9 313. 3	361.5 319.7	367. 7 302. 6	417. 9 325. 4	419. 9 338. 9	388. 6 295. 8		
Southern North Americadodododo	113. 8 196. 7	123. 6 204. 6	149. 7 226. 9	129. 4 191. 2	137. 8 220. 1	123. 7 182. 3	141. 6 207. 2	109. 7 198. 7	109. 1 186. 1	109, 2 200, 3	105. 1 207. 0	111. 9 231. 7	129. 1 193. 6	127. 3 210. 2		
By leading countries: © Africa: United Arab Republic (Egypt Reg.)do	2.9	2.1	.8	3.0	2.0	5.8	2.6	3.2	3.9	.9	1.1	. 6	.4	1.2		
Republic of South Africadodo	17.4	21.4	27.9	18.3	17. 1	27.0	22.7	16.9	18.8	15.6	28.6	23.6	23.3	16. 9		
Australia, including New Guineado State of Singaporedo Indiado	15. 4 1. 2 21. 0	24. 4 1. 2 21. 3	22. 9 3. 4 21. 0	16.4 1.8 20.4	33.6 1.1 20.3	19. 5 . 9 26. 9	16. 2 . 9 22. 0	19. 1 . 8 16. 1	22. 9 1. 4 21. 3	28. 8 1. 2 19. 2	25. 0 . 7 24. 2	23. 4 . 9 20. 6	33. 2 1. 2 20. 7	31. 1 . 7 22. 5		
Pakistando Japando	3. 1 87. 9	3. 5 113. 2	4.4 107.5	5.7 77.8	4. 5 103. 9	4.0 106.2	3.1 113.7	2. 3 116. 7	3. 0 120. 2 12. 9	2. 7 131. 9	2. 7 129. 8	2. 9 128, 5 9. 8	3. 2 123. 6 9. 7	3. 1 98. 1 11. 0		
Republic of Indonesiado Republic of the Philippinesdo	13. 6 26. 4	11.3 27.3	13. 0 20. 7	12. 4 15. 5	9. 5 21. 6	12. 4 27. 1	12.9 37.4	12. 3 31. 2	40.2	9. 9 <b>32</b> . 6	9. 4 22. 7	23.9	26.6			
Francedododo	36.3	35.7 .3 80.2	42.4	39.8	35. 6 . 5	33. 2	38.1	34.7	36. 5 . 1	32.0 .2	31.0	36.5	36. 7 . 2	31.8		
West Germany do	. 31. 3		67. 6 32. 4 1. 2	76. 3 31. 3	81. 3 39. 0 1. 6	76. 9 33. 0 1. 7	80.7 37.5	75. 9 36. 2 1. 2	74. 1 36. 3 1. 2	80. 0 41. 7 2. 1	83. 1 37. 6 2. 1	83. 0 43. 0 1. 1	91. 0 43. 9 1. 2	92. 2 40. 5 1. 0		
United Kingdom do do Revised, 1 Less than \$50,000.		83. 7	81. 9	74.5	85. 4	82.4	93.7	79.1	84.9	80.7	77.0	95.8	96. 4	72.6		

△Manufactures of tobacco are included in the nonagricultural products total. {Excludes "special category, type 1" exports. \*New series. Data prior to Aug. 1960 may be obtained from Bureau of Census reports. ○ Effective with the Apr. 1962 SURVEY, the import totals and appropriate components reflect revisions to include uranium ore and concentrates. For certain recent months, the data by regions and countries exclude imports unidentified by area of origin. (See also note 4 for p. S-21.)

Revised. ¹ Less than \$50,000.

†Revisions prior to 1962 will be shown later. Also, the totals shown from 1961 forward for general imports, and imports for consumption reflect revisions not included in the various breakdowns.

§ Includes data not shown separately.

§ Data for semimanufactures reported as "special category, type 1" are included with finished manufactures.

nless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961	1961	1962						19	62						19	63
edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS		nthly rage	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
FOI	REIG	N TR	ADE	OF T	HE U	JNITI	ED S	ГАТЕ	S—C	ontin	ued					
FOREIGN TRADE—Continued																
Value‡—Continued teneral imports, by leading countries⊙—Con.																
North and South America:  Canadamil. \$-	272. 2	305. 1	275. 3	241.7	292. 4	292. 6	325.7	339. 1	313. 0	319. 3	302.1	325. 3	338. 7	295.7		
Latin American Republics, total Qdo	267.8	282.8	323. 3	279.6	315. 4	264. 4	307.8	267. 9	255. 0	260. 2	262. 3	294.6	274.7	288.9		
Argentina	8. 5 46. 8 15. 4	8.8 45.1 15.9	7. 1 54. 6 24. 8	7.3 47.5 12.9	9.6 $40.0$ $22.2$	10. 2 39. 0 11. 4	8. 0 42. 0 27. 7	9. 7 35. 1 19. 6	7. 7 37. 7 20. 2	9. 0 44. 2 4. 9	9. 4 48. 2 9. 9	7. 9 42. 5 21. 3	9. 6 53. 9 8. 4	10.8 56.7 7.6		
Colombiado Cubado	23. 0 2. 9	23. 0 . 6	17. 9 3. 7	$\frac{19.6}{2.1}$	18. 5 . 6	18. 3 (¹)	24.4	20.4	22. 9	29. 7 (1)	31. 8 (1)	38. 9	14. 5 0	19. 5 (1)		
Mexico do Venezuela do do do do do do do do do do do do do	44. 9 74. 9	48. 4 81. 4	60. 7 92. 9	56, 4 77, 5	57. 8 93. 1	61. 2 79. 6	59. 1 79. 1	38. 8 84. 7	36. 0 66. 2	33. 1 80. 7	34. 6 75. 4	42.0 80.4	51. 1 77. 1	49. 6 90. 3		
nports for consumption, total Ododo	1,221.4	1, 354. 9	1,355.7	1,208.2	1,364.2	1,325.3	1,411.2	1,320.1	<sup>7</sup> 1,330.3	1,368.5	1,345.4	1, 424, 1	1, 469. 7	1, 336, 4	1, 139. 2	
Crude materialsdododo	262. 7 143. 0	278. 8 148. 2	291.0 159.8	257. 4 158. 5	281. 2 146. 4	267. 3 153. 9	286. 8 155. 4	288. 7 127. 1	276. 7 132. 5	301. 2 136. 1	275. 6 136. 2	264.3 145.7	296. 3 158. 2	259. <b>3</b> 169. 0		
Manufactured foodstuffs and beverages_do Semimanufacturesdo	133. 5 257. 0	150. 1 282. 3	125, 1 309, 5	104. 2 260. 2	150. 2 303. 6	133, 8 285, 8	160.8 298.3	144. 3 269. 0	150, 7 279, 5	147. 8 280. 7	160. 9 268. 0	176.3 276.4	187. 0 288. 9	159. 6 268. 0		
Finished manufacturesdoBy principal commodities: Agricultural products, total \( \text{\chi} \)do	422. 9 307. 5	495. 9 323. 4	468. 3 326. 0	427. 5 300. 0	487. 4 328. 7	484. 9 313. 0	511. 4 337. 2	491. 5 288. 3	489. 0 300. 4	504. 9 330. 3	504. 4 313. 0	561. 5 333. 1	539. 3 359. 1	480.5 351.2		
Cocoa (cacao) beans, incl. shellsdodo	13. 3 80. 3	11. 0 82. 6	14. 8 92. 7	11. 1 94. 2	12. 4 75. 1	17. 2 75. 4	12. 6 83. 4	16.7 63.9	17. 6 70. 4	10. 0 83. 3	3. 5 87. 1	4. 4 83. 3	4.8 84.1	6. 3 98. 2		
Rubber, crude, including guayuledo Sugardo	18. 0 38. 1	19. 0 42. 7	$\frac{22.2}{27.3}$	18. 5 22. 5	16. 5 36. 5	18. 5 38. 2	21.1 58.3	16.0 46.7	20, 7 54, 8	19. 1 35. 4	16. 9 45. 2	17. 3 49. 9	21. 9 54. 1	19.3 43.2		
Wool and mohair, unmanufactureddo  Nonagricultural products, total ?do	16. 5 911. 5	17.4	20. 1 1, 027. 6	18.0 907.9	20. 7 1, 040. 1	16. 1 1, 012. 7	15.7 1,075.6	16.3 1,032.3	13. 1 1, 027. 9	17.0 1,040.4	14. 6 1, 032. 1	17. 6 1, 091. 0	19. 4 1, 110. 6	20. 7 985. 2		
Furs and manufacturesdo	8.4	9. 7	16. 4	15.2	11.7	10. 5	8.9	6.2	5. 6	6.6	7.0	5, 4	5. 5	17. 7		
Iron and steel productsdo Nonferrous ores, metals, and mfs., total ♀ mil. \$	37.7 89.1	47. 4 95. 6	45. 0 111. 0	38. 6 85. 2	46. 1 100. 1	43. 9 101. 5	56. 6 101. 0	51. 4 90. 1	51. 2 2 103. 9	53. 7 95. 3	41. 2 89. 6	47. 6 93. 2	49. 9 94. 5	43. 3 82. 0		
Copper, incl. ore and manufacturesdo	23. 2	22. 7 9. 7	28. 2 11. 8	21. 9	25. 6 12. 9	22. I 11. 0	23. 6 12. 5	24. 0 8. 9	21. 6 8. 4	20. 6 8. 3	20. 4 9. 9	17. 6 6. 7	24. 5 10. 3	22. 7 7. 6		İ
in, including dic															ı	
Paper base stocksdodo	27. 7 57. 2	30. 1 58. 1	29.0 55.9	30. 9 48. 5	30. 1 56. 0	29. 1 54. 6	30. 4 61. 7	30, 4 63, 9	27. 8 57. 7	31.8 57.9	29. 8 53. 2	33. 6 68. 6	31. 2 58. 6	60.3		
Paper base stocksdodo	27. 7 57. 2 134. 7	30. 1 58. 1 146. 9	29. 0 55. 9 173. 8	30. 9 48. 5 139. 7	56. 0 153. 4	54. 6 133. 8	61. 7 140. 2	63. 9 141. 3	57. 7 138. 2	57. 9 142. 6				60.3		
Paper base stocksdodo	27. 7 57. 2 134. 7	30. 1 58. 1	29. 0 55. 9 173. 8	30. 9 48. 5 139. 7	56. 0 153. 4	54. 6 133. 8	61. 7 140. 2	63. 9 141. 3	57. 7 138. 2	57. 9 142. 6	53. 2	68.6	58.6	60.3		
Paper base stocks	27. 7 57. 2 134. 7	30. 1 58. 1 146. 9	29. 0 55. 9 173. 8	30. 9 48. 5 139. 7	56. 0 153. 4	54. 6 133. 8	61. 7 140. 2	63. 9 141. 3	57. 7 138. 2	57. 9 142. 6	53. 2	68.6	58.6	60.3		
Paper base stocks	27. 7 57. 2 134. 7	30. 1 58. 1 146. 9	29. 0 55. 9 173. 8	30. 9 48. 5 139. 7	56. 0 153. 4	54. 6 133. 8	61. 7 140. 2	63. 9 141. 3	57. 7 138. 2	57. 9 142. 6	53. 2	68.6	58.6	60.3		
Paper base stocks	27. 7 57. 2 134. 7	30. 1 58. 1 146. 9	29. 0 55. 9 173. 8	30. 9 48. 5 139. 7	56. 0 153. 4	54. 6 133. 8	61. 7 140. 2	63. 9 141. 3	57. 7 138. 2 <b>ATIO</b>	57. 9 142. 6	53. 2 146. I	68.6	58. 6 169. 9	60.3		
Paper base stocks	27. 7 57. 2 1 34. 7 <b>TR</b> 514. 8 509. 6 461. 2	30. 1 58. 1 146. 9	29.0 55.9 173.8 PORT	30.9 48.5 139.7	56.0 153.4 N AN 543.3	54. 6 133. 8	61. 7 140. 2	63. 9 141. 3 UNIC.	57. 7 138. 2	57. 9 142. 6 <b>NS</b>	53. 2 146. 1	68.6 127.1	58. 6 169. 9	60.3		
Paper base stocks	27. 7 57. 2 134. 7 TR 514. 8 509. 6 461. 2 32. 2 12. 9	30. 1 58. 1 146. 9	29.0 55.9 173.8 PORT	30.9 48.5 139.7	56.0 153.4 N AN 543.3 488.8 33.8 13.7	54. 6 133. 8	61. 7 140. 2	63.9 141.3 UNIC. 597.4 	157.7 138.2 ATIO	57. 9 142. 6	53. 2 146. 1	68.6 127.1	58. 6 169. 9	60.3		
Paper base stocks	27. 7 57. 2 1 34. 7 TR  514. 8 509. 6 461. 2 32. 2	30. 1 58. 1 146. 9	29.0 55.9 173.8 PORT	30.9 48.5 139.7	543. 3 543. 3 488. 8 33. 8	54. 6 133. 8	61.7 140.2	63.9 141.3 UNIC.	157.7 138.2 ATIO	57.9 142.6 <b>NS</b>	53. 2 146. 1	68.6 127.1	58. 6 169. 9	60.3		
Paper base stocks	27. 7 57. 2 1 34. 7 TR  514. 8 509. 6 461. 2 32. 2 12. 9 512. 4 4 6. 0	30. 1 58. 1 146. 9	29.0 55.9 173.8 PORT	30. 9 48. 5 139. 7	543. 3  543. 3  458. 8 33. 8 33. 7 555. 4 4 17. 0 62, 745	54. 6 133. 8 ID CC	61. 7 140. 2	597. 4 597. 4 538. 5 36. 4 14. 3 561. 0 9. 4 60, 280	57. 7 138. 2 <b>ATIO</b>	58, 283	53. 2 146. 1	68. 6 127. 1	58. 6 169. 9	58, 677	61, 914	
Paper base stocks	77.7 57.2 134.7 TR 514.8 509.6 461.2 32.2 12.9 512.4 46.0 57,450 37,131 12.248	30. 1 58. 1 146. 9 ANSI	29.0 55.9 173.8 PORT	30. 9 48. 5 139. 7 <b>ATIO</b> 54, 557 37, 540 12, 140	543. 3 543. 3 488. 8 33. 8 17. 555. 4 4 17. 0 62, 745. 45, 587 14, 369	61, 754 43, 381 13, 422	61. 7 140. 2 DMMU  62, 820 46, 614 14. 046	597. 4 597. 4 588. 5 36. 4 14. 3 561. 0 9. 4 60, 280 44, 278 13, 064	57. 7 138. 2 <b>ATIO</b> 55, 689 39, 734 11. 851	58, 283 47, 556 12, 978	53. 2 146. I	62, 562 53, 927 14, 275	57, 630 49, 346 13, 587	58, 677 47, 927 18, 026	61, 914 43, 715 13, 756	
Paper base stocks. do. Newsprint. do. Petroleum and products. do.  TRANSPORTATION  Air Carriers  cheduled domestic trunk carriers: Financial operations (qtrly, avg. or total): Operating revenues, total 9 mil. \$ Transport, total 9 do. Passenger do. Property do. U.S. mall. do. Operating expenses (incl. depreciation) do. Net income (after taxes) do. Operating results: Miles flown (revenue) thous Express and freight ton-miles flown do. Mail ton-miles flown do. Passengers originated (revenue) do. Passengers originated (revenue) do. Passenger-miles flown (revenue) mil	77. 757. 2 1 34. 7 TR 514. 8 509. 6 461. 2 32. 2 12. 9 512. 4 4 6.0 57. 450 37, 131	30. 1 58. 1 146. 9 <b>ANSI</b>	29.0 55.9 173.8 PORT	30. 9 48. 5 139. 7 <b>ATIO</b>	543. 3 543. 3 488. 8 33. 8 13. 7 555. 4 4 17. 0 62, 745 45, 587	54. 6 133. 8 ID CC	61. 7 140. 2 DMMU  62. 820 46, 614	597. 4 597. 4 538. 5 36. 4 14. 3 561. 0 9. 4 60, 280 44, 278	57. 7 138. 2 <b>ATIO</b>	57. 9 142. 6 NS	53. 2 146. I	68. 6 127. 1	58. 6 169. 9	58, 677 47, 927	61, 914	
Paper base stocks	514. 8 509. 6 461. 2 32. 2 12. 9 512. 4 4 6. 0 37, 181 12, 248 3, 815 2, 475	59, 409 45, 296 13, 580 3, 996 2, 667	29.0 55.9 173.8 PORT	30. 9 48. 5 139. 7 <b>ATIO</b> 54. 557 37, 540 12, 140 3, 591	543. 3 543. 3 488. 8 33. 8 7 555. 4 4 17. 0 62, 745 45, 587 14, 360 4, 107 2, 677 89, 9	61,754 43,381 13,422 4,296	61. 7 140. 2 DMMU  62. 820 46, 614 14. 046 4, 145	597. 4 597. 4 598. 5 36. 4 14. 3 561. 0 9. 4 60, 280 44, 286 2, 963 95. 3	57. 7 138. 2 <b>ATIO</b> 55, 689 39, 734 11. 851 3, 710	57. 9 142. 6 NS 58. 283 47, 556 12, 978 4. 164	53. 2 146. I 5 559. 3 5 528. I 58. 182 48. 228 12, 512 3, 968 2, 703 94. I	68. 6 127. 1	57, 630 49, 346 13, 587 3, 871 2, 458	58, 677 47, 927 18, 026 3, 722 2, 586	61, 914 43, 715 13, 756 4, 008	
Paper base stocks	514. 8 509. 6 461. 2 12. 9 512. 4 4 6. 0 57, 450 37, 131 12. 248 3, 815 2, 475	30. 1 58. 1 146. 9 <b>ANSI</b> 59. 409 45, 296 13, 580 3, 996 2, 667	29.0 55.9 173.8 PORT	30. 9 48. 5 139. 7 <b>ATIO</b> 54. 557 37, 540 12, 140 3, 591	543. 3 543. 3 488. 8 33. 8 13. 7 555. 4 4 17. 0 62, 745 45, 587 14, 360 4, 107 2, 677	61,754 43,381 13,422 4,296	61. 7 140. 2 DMMU  62. 820 46, 614 14. 046 4, 145	597. 4 597. 4 538. 5 36. 4 14. 3 561. 0 9. 4 60. 280 44, 278 13. 064 4, 286 2, 963	57. 7 138. 2 <b>ATIO</b> 55, 689 39, 734 11. 851 3, 710	57. 9 142. 6 NS 58. 283 47, 556 12, 978 4. 164	53. 2 146. I	62, 562 53, 927 14, 275 4, 114 2, 655	58. 6 169. 9	58, 677 47, 927 18, 026 3, 722 2, 586	61, 914 43, 715 13, 756 4, 008	
Paper base stocks	514. 8 509. 6 461. 2 32. 2 12. 9 512. 4 4 6. 0 57. 450 37. 131 12. 248 39. 2 475 392. 2 392. 2 392. 2 393. 393. 393. 393. 393. 393. 393. 393.	59, 409 45, 296 13, 580 3, 996 2, 667 3 95, 9 3 29, 3 20, 1	29.0 55.9 173.8 PORT	30. 9 48. 5 139. 7 <b>ATIO</b> 54. 557 37. 540 12, 140 3, 591 2, 344	543. 3 543. 3 488. 8 33. 8 13. 7 555. 4 417. 0 62, 745 45, 587 14, 360 4, 107 2, 677 89. 9 26. 3 20. 0	61, 754 43, 81 13, 422 4, 296 2, 746	62, 820 46, 614 14. 046 4, 145 2, 662	597. 4 597. 4 538.5 36. 4 14. 3 561. 0 9. 4 60, 280 44, 278 13, 064 4, 286 2, 963 95. 3 29. 8 20. 1	55, 689 39, 734 11, 851 3, 710 2, 660	58, 283 47, 556 12, 978 4, 164 2, 929	53. 2 146. I	62, 562 53, 927 14, 275 4, 114 2, 655	57, 630 49, 346 13, 587 2, 458	58, 677 47, 927 18, 026 3, 722 2, 586 104, 5 31, 7	61, 914 43, 715 13, 756 4, 008 2, 755	
Paper base stocks	514. 8 509. 6 461. 2 32. 2 12. 9 512. 4 4 6. 0 57, 450 37, 131 12, 248 3, 815 2, 475	59, 409 45, 296 13, 580 3, 996 2, 667 3 95, 9 3 29, 3	29.0 55.9 173.8 PORT	30. 9 48. 5 130. 7 <b>ATIO</b> 54. 557 37. 540 12, 140 3, 591 2, 344	543. 3  543. 3  488. 8  33. 8  7  555. 4  47. 0  62, 745  45, 587  14, 360  4, 107  2, 677  89. 9  26. 3	61, 754 43, 381 13, 422 4, 296 2, 746	61. 7 140. 2 DMMU  62. 820 46, 614 114. 046 4, 145 2, 662	597. 4 597. 4 598. 5 36. 4 14. 3 561. 0 9. 4 60, 280 44, 286 2, 963 95. 3 29. 8	57. 7 138. 2 <b>ATIO</b> 55, 689 39, 734 11. 851 3, 710 2, 660	58, 283 47, 556 12, 978 4, 164 2, 929	53. 2 146. I 5 559. 3 5 528. I 58. 182 48. 228 12, 512 3, 968 2, 703 94. 1 27. 9	62, 562 53, 927 14, 275 4, 114 2, 655	58. 6 169. 9 57, 630 49, 346 13, 587 2, 458	58, 677 47, 927 18, 026 3, 722 2, 586 104, 5 31, 7	61, 914 43, 715 13, 756 4, 008 2, 755	
Paper base stocks	514. 8 509. 6 461. 2 32. 2 12. 9 512. 4 6. 0 57, 450 37, 131 12. 248 3, 815 2, 475 3 92. 2 3 29. 1 19. 6 604 347. 4	59, 409 45, 296 13, 580 3, 966 2, 667 3 95, 9 2 29, 3 20, 1 594	29.0 55.9 173.8 PORT	30. 9 48. 5 139. 7 <b>ATIO</b> 54. 557 37. 540 12, 140 3, 591 2, 344	543. 3  543. 3  488. 8 33. 8 13. 7 555. 4 4 17. 0 62, 745. 44, 107 2, 677  89. 9 26. 3  20. 0 619 340. 7	61, 754 43, 81 13, 422 4, 296 2, 746	62, 820 46, 614 14. 046 4, 145 2, 662	597. 4 597. 4 598. 5 36. 4 14. 3 561. 0 9. 4 60, 280 44, 278 13, 064 4, 286 2, 963 95. 3 29. 8 20. 1 590 357. 7	55, 689 39, 734 11, 851 3, 710 2, 660	58, 283 47, 556 12, 978 4, 164 2, 929	53. 2 146. I 55. 3 55. 182 48. 228 12. 512 3. 968 2. 703 94. 1 27. 9 20. 2 571	62, 562 53, 927 14, 275 4, 114 2, 655	57, 630 49, 346 13, 587 2, 458	58, 677 147, 927 18, 026 3, 722 2, 586 104, 5 31, 7	61, 914 43, 715 13, 756 4, 008 2, 755	
Paper base stocks	514. 8 509. 6 461. 2 32. 2 12. 9 512. 4 4 6. 0 57. 450 37. 131 12. 248 3, 815 2, 475 3 92. 2 3 29. 1 19. 6 604 4965 1, 234. 4	59, 409 45, 296 13, 580 3, 996 2, 667 3 95, 9 3 29, 3 20, 1 594 348, 9	29.0 55.9 173.8 PORT	30. 9 48. 5 139. 7 <b>ATIO</b> 54, 557 37, 540 12, 140 12, 140 12, 3, 591 2, 344	543. 3  543. 3  488. 8 33. 8 33. 8 7 555. 4 417. 0 62, 745. 45, 587 14, 360 4, 107 2, 677 89. 9 26. 3  20. 0 619 340. 7	61, 754 43, 81 13, 422 4, 296 2, 746	62, 820 46, 614 41, 404 41, 415 2, 662	597. 4 597. 4 598. 5 36. 4 14. 3 561. 0 9. 4 60, 280 44, 286 2, 963 95. 3 29. 8 20. 1 590. 3 57. 7	57. 7 138. 2 <b>ATIO</b> 55, 689 39, 734 11. 851 3, 710 2, 660  20. 1 538	58, 283 47, 556 12, 978 4, 164 2, 929	53. 2 146. I 5 559. 3 5 528. I 58. 182 48. 228 12. 512 3. 968 2. 703 94. 1 27. 9 20. 2 571 331. 3	62, 562 53, 927 14, 275 4, 114 2, 655	57, 630 49, 346 13, 587 2, 458 20, 3 608	58, 677 47, 927 118, 026 3, 722 2, 586 104, 5 31, 7 20, 3 365, 8	61, 914 43, 715 13, 756 4, 008 2, 755 20. 3 587	
Paper base stocks	514.8 509.6 461.2 32.2 12.9 512.4 46.0 57,450 37,131 12.248 3,815-2,475 3,92.2 3,29.1 19.6 604 347.4	30. 1 58. 1 146. 9 <b>ANSI</b> 59. 409 45, 296 13, 580 3, 996 2, 667 3 95. 9 3 29. 3 20. 1 594 348. 9	29.0 55.9 173.8 PORT	30. 9 48. 5 139. 7 <b>ATIO</b> 54. 557 37, 540 12, 140 3, 591 2, 344	543. 3  543. 3  488. 8 33. 8 33. 8 7 555. 4 417. 0 62, 745. 45, 587 14, 360 4, 107 2, 677 89. 9 26. 3  20. 0 619 340. 7	61, 754 43, 381 13, 422 4, 296 2, 746 20, 0 610	61. 7 140. 2 DMMU  62, 820 46, 614 14. 046 4, 145 2, 662  20. 1 639	597. 4 597. 4 598. 5 36. 4 14. 3 561. 0 9. 4 60, 280 44, 286 2, 963 95. 3 29. 8 20. 1 590. 3 57. 7	57. 7 138. 2 <b>ATIO</b> 55, 689 39, 734 11. 851 3, 710 2, 660  20. 1 538	57. 9 142. 6 NS NS 58, 283 47, 556 12, 978 4, 164 2, 929	53. 2 146. I	62, 562 53, 927 14, 275 4, 114 2, 655	57, 630 49, 346 13, 587 2, 458 20, 3 608	58, 677 47, 927 18, 026 3, 722 2, 586 104, 5 31. 7 20, 3 594 365, 8	61, 914 43, 715 13, 756 4, 008 2, 755	
Paper base stocks	514. 8 509. 6 461. 2 32. 2 12. 9 512. 4 60. 6 57. 450 37, 131 12. 248 3, 2475 3, 92. 2 3, 29. 1 19. 6 604 347. 4 1, 185. 4 71. 6 4 141	59, 409 45, 296 13, 580 2, 667 3 95, 9 3 29, 3 20, 1 594 348, 9	29.0 55.9 173.8 PORT	30. 9 48. 5 139. 7 <b>ATIO</b> 54. 557 37, 540 12, 140 3, 591 2, 344	543. 3  543. 3  488. 8  33. 8  13. 7  555. 4  417. 0  62, 745  45, 587  14, 360  4, 107  2, 677  89. 9  26. 3  20. 0  619  340. 7  1, 212. 9  76. 6  142	61, 754 43, 381 13, 422 4, 296 2, 746	62, 820 46, 614 14, 24 62, 820 46, 614 14, 046 2, 662	63. 9 141. 3 UNIC. 597. 4 538. 5 36. 4 14. 3 561. 0 9. 4 60, 280 44, 278 13, 064 4, 296 2, 963 29. 8 20. 1 590 357. 7 992 1, 350. 3 1, 276. 7 79. 3	55, 689 39, 734 11, 851 3, 710 2, 660	57. 9 142. 6 NS NS 58, 283 47, 556 41, 978 4, 164 2, 929	53. 2 146. I 559. 3 559. 3 558. 182 48. 228 12. 512 3. 968 2. 703 94. 1 27. 9 20. 2 571 331. 3	62, 562 53, 927 14, 275 4, 114 2, 655	58. 6 169. 9 57, 630 49, 346 13, 587 3, 871 2, 458	58, 677 47, 927 18, 026 3, 722 2, 586 104, 5 31, 7 20, 3 594 365, 8	61, 914 43, 715 13, 756 4, 008 2, 755 20, 3 587	
Paper base stocks	514. 8 509. 6 4061. 2 32. 2 12. 9 512. 4 4 6. 0 57. 450 37. 131 12. 248 392. 2 3 29. 1 19. 6 604 347. 4 19. 65 1, 234. 4 1, 185. 4 71. 6 4 141 120. 5 104. 8	59, 409 45, 296 13, 59, 3 29, 3 20, 1 594 3 48, 9	29.0 55.9 173.8 PORT	30. 9 48. 5 139. 7 <b>ATIO</b> 54. 557 37. 540 12, 140 3, 591 2, 344  19. 9 554	543. 3  543. 3  488. 8 33. 8 13. 7 555. 4 4 17. 0 62, 745. 45, 587 14, 360 4, 107 2, 677  89. 9 26. 3  20. 0 619 340. 7  1, 010 1, 278. 9 1, 242. 9 76. 6 142 104. 8 99. 8	61, 754 43, 381 13, 422 4, 296 2, 746	62, 820 46, 614 14. 046 4, 145 2, 662	597. 4 597. 4 598. 5 36. 4 14. 3 561. 0 9. 4 60, 280 44, 278 13, 064 4, 286 2, 963 29. 8 20. 1 590 357. 7 79. 3 141 132. 7 112. 2	57. 7 138. 2 <b>ATIO</b>   55, 689 39, 734 11. 851 3, 710 2, 660    20. 1 538	58, 283 47, 556 12, 978 4, 164 2, 929	53. 2 146. I	62, 562 53, 927 14, 275 4, 114 2, 655	57, 630 49, 346 13, 587 2, 458	58, 677 47, 927 118, 026 3, 722 2, 586 104, 5 31, 7 20, 3 594 365, 8	61, 914 43, 715 13, 756 4, 008 2, 755	
Paper base stocks	514.8 509.6 461.2 32.2 12.9 512.4 4 6.0 57.450 37,131 12.248 3.815 2,475 392.2 329.1 19.6 604 347.4 4965 1,234.4 1,185.4 71.6 4141 120.5	30. 1 58. 1 146. 9 ANSI 59. 409 45, 296 13, 580 3, 996 2, 667 3 05. 9 3 29. 3 20. 1 594 348. 9	29.0 55.9 173.8 PORT	30. 9 48. 5 139. 7 ATIO	543. 3  543. 3  488. 8  33. 8  13. 7  555. 4  4 17. 0  62. 745  545. 587  14. 360  4. 107  2. 677  89. 9  26. 3  20. 0  619  340. 7  1, 010  1, 278. 9  1, 242. 9  76. 6  142. 9  76. 6  142. 104. 8	61, 754 43, 381 13, 422 4, 296 2, 746	62, 820 46, 614 14, 24 62, 820 46, 614 14, 046 2, 662	597. 4 597. 4 598. 5 36. 4 14. 3 561. 0 9. 4 60, 280 44, 286 2, 963 29. 8 20. 1 580 357. 7 992 1, 350. 3 1, 276. 7 79. 3 1, 350. 3 1, 276. 7 79. 3 1, 350. 3 1, 276. 7 79. 4	55. 689 39. 734 11. 851 3, 710 2, 660	57. 9 142. 6 NS NS 58. 283 47. 556 12. 978 4, 164 2, 929	53. 2 146. I 55. 3 55. 182 48. 228 12. 512 3. 968 2. 703 94. 1 27. 9 20. 2 571 331. 3	68. 6 127. 1	58. 6 169. 9 57, 630 49, 346 13, 587 3, 871 2, 458	58, 677 47, 927 118, 026 3, 722 2, 586 104, 5 31, 7 20, 3 594 365, 8	61, 914 43, 715 13, 756 4, 008 2, 755 20, 3 587	
Paper base stocks	514.8 509.6 461.2 32.2 12.9 512.4 46.0 57,450 37,131 12.248 3,815 2,475 392.2 329.1 19.6 604 347.4 4965 1,234.4 1,185.4 71.6 4141 120.5 104.8 56.3	30. 1 58. 1 146. 9 ANSI 59, 409 45, 296 13, 580 3, 996 2, 667 3 95. 9 3 29. 3 20. 1 594 348. 9	29.0 55.9 173.8 PORT	30. 9 48. 5 139. 7 ATIO	543. 3  543. 3  458. 8  33. 8  33. 8  34. 7  555. 4  4 17. 0  62. 745  45. 587  14. 360  4, 107  2, 677  89. 9  26. 3  20. 0  619  340. 7  1, 010  1, 278. 9  1, 242. 9  76. 6  142  104. 8  99. 8  51. 2	61, 754 43, 381 13, 422 4, 296 2, 746	61. 7 140. 2 DMMU  62. 820 46. 614 14. 046 4, 145 2, 662	63. 9 141. 3 UNIC. 597. 4 538. 5 36. 4 14. 3 561. 0 9. 4 44. 278 13. 064 4. 286 2, 963 29. 8 20. 1 590 357. 7 1, 350. 3 1, 276. 7 79. 3 141 132. 7 112. 2 58. 0	57. 7 138. 2 <b>ATIO</b> 55, 689 39, 734 11. 851 3, 710 2, 660  20. 1 538	57. 9 142. 6 NS NS 58, 283 47, 556 12, 978 4, 164 2, 929	53. 2 146. I 3 559. 3 5 528. I 58. 182 48. 228 12. 512 3, 968 2, 703 94. 1 27. 9 20. 2 571 331. 3	62, 562 53, 927 14, 275 4, 114 2, 655	58. 6 169. 9	58, 677 47, 927 18, 026 3, 722 2, 586 104, 5 31, 7 20, 3 594 365, 8	61, 914 43, 715 13, 756 4, 008 2, 755	
Paper base stocks	514. 8 509. 6 461. 2 32. 2 12. 9 512. 4 6. 0 57. 450 37. 131 12. 248 3, 815 2, 475  19. 6 604 347. 4 1, 185. 4 71. 6 4 141 120. 5 104. 8 56. 3	59, 409 45, 296 13, 59, 3 29, 3 20, 1 594 3 48, 9	29.0 55.9 173.8 PORT	30. 9 48. 5 139. 7 <b>ATIO</b> 54. 557 37. 540 12, 140 3, 591 2, 344  19. 9 554	543. 3  543. 3  488. 8 33. 8 13. 7 555. 4 4 17. 0 62, 745. 45, 587 14, 360 4, 107 2, 677  89. 9 26. 3  20. 0 619 340. 7  1, 010 1, 278. 9 1, 242. 9 76. 6 142 104. 8 99. 8	61, 754 43, 381 13, 422 4, 296 2, 746	62, 820 46, 614 14, 24 62, 820 46, 614 14, 046 2, 662	597. 4 597. 4 598. 5 36. 4 14. 3 561. 0 9. 4 60, 280 44, 278 13, 064 4, 286 2, 963 29. 8 20. 1 590 357. 7 79. 3 141 132. 7 112. 2	57. 7 138. 2 <b>ATIO</b>   55, 689 39, 734 11. 851 3, 710 2, 660    20. 1 538	58, 283 47, 556 12, 978 4, 164 2, 929	53. 2 146. I	62, 562 53, 927 14, 275 4, 114 2, 655	57, 630 49, 346 13, 587 2, 458	58, 677 47, 927 118, 026 3, 722 2, 586 104, 5 31, 7 20, 3 594 365, 8	61, 914 43, 715 13, 756 4, 008 2, 755	

Revised. d Deficit. 1 Less than \$50,000. 2 Beginning July 1962, includes data for refined bauxite (imports for 1961 totaled \$11.1 mil.). 3 Quarterly average. 4 Number of carriers filing complete reports for 1961. 6 Excludes intra-Alaska and intra-Hawaii.

Digiti See similar note on p. 8-22. O See similar note on p. 8-22. 9 Includes data not highly a Carrier of the second of the

§Revised effective Jan. 1960 to reflect fares charged in U.S. cities with a 1960 population of 25,000 or more; revisions for 1960 are shown in the Nov. 1961 Survey.

d'Data for Mar., June, Sept. and Dec. 1962 cover 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks.

Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis

Juless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1961	1962						19	962		-				19	963
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS		thly rage	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Fe
TRA	NSP	ORTA	TION	ANI	CO	MMU	NICA	TION	S—C	ontin	ued	1				1
TRANSPORTATION—Continued																
Class I Railroads—Continued																
'reight carloadings (AAR) &—Continued Livestockthous	19	r18	13	11	17	17	16	13	9	12	27	36	24	15	11	
Oredododo	145 121	144 97	62 88	62 96	89 125	100 97	194 94	13 275 116	212 85	203 90	221 110	152 90	95 82	63 91	41 70	
Miscellaneous do 'reight carloadings, seas, adj. indexes (Fed. R.):†	1, 252	1, 277	1, 079	1,142	1, 494	1, 251	1, 244	1,480	1,102	1, 169	1, 486	1, 296	1, 214	1, 363	1,044	1.
Total	1 91 87	1 92 r 90	94 88	97 90	97 92	96 93	94 93	90 87	90 87	90 92	90 89	90 88	94 91	91	88 86	ĺ
Coke do do Forest products do do do do do do do do do do do do do	78 95	81 97	99 93	98 104	96 102	93 98	80 101	71 95	69 94	77 95	74 94	69 95	68 98	84 75 94	79 92	
Grain and grain productsdo	104	101	111	110	105	107	103	94	81	98	98	101	110	100	90	
Livestockdododo	71 83	r 67 r 83	63 100	64 112	73 114	79 83	70 87	52 87	56 84	62 79	67 75	73 69	68 79	59 76	50 69	ļ
Merchandise, l.c.ldo Miscellaneousdo	61 92	49 94	54 95	53 98	52 97	52 98	51 95	$\begin{array}{c} 51 \\ 92 \end{array}$	49 93	47 91	45 89	45 92	45 96	44 94	42 92	
Inancial operations (qtrly, avg. or total): Operating revenues, total 9mil. \$	2, 297. 3				2, 295, 7		 	2, 407. 9		<b></b>	2,331.7	 				
Freight do Passenger do do do do do do do do do do do do do	1, 934. 6 156. 2				144. 8			2,046.3 157.0			1,959.7 169.3				l- <b>-</b>	
Operating expensesdo Tax accruals and rentsdo	1, 818. 6 344. 3				1, 830. 4 352. 8			371. 9			1,832.0 334. 9					
Net railway operating incomedo Net income (after taxes)do	134. 4 95. 6							152. 9 105. 1			164. 8 125. 3				l	i
perating results: Freight carried 1 mile (qtrly.)bil. ton-miles	2 144. 5				148. 2			154. 6			150. 7					
Revenue per ton-mile (qtrly, avg.)eents_ Passengers carried 1 mile, revenue (qtrly.)_mil_	<sup>2</sup> 1. 374 <sup>r2</sup> 5, 072				1.354			1.352 5,037			1. 337 5, 789					
Waterway Traffic																
Plearances, vessels in foreign trade: Total U.S. portsthous. net tons	14,073	14, 913	13, 971	12,679	13, 916	14,045	<sup>7</sup> 16, 396	15. 957	15, 286	16, 501	15, 932	15, 135	14, 991	14, 143		}
Foreign vessels do United States vessels do	$11,411 \\ 2,662$	12,066 2,847	11, 400 2, 571	10, 161 $2, 518$	11, 350 2, 565	11, 329 2, 716	13, 143 3, 253	12, 817 3, 140	12, 408 2, 878	13, 336 3, 165	12,700 $3,232$	12,309 2,826	$12,259 \\ 2,732$	11,575 $2,568$		
anama Canal:		5 400		* 000							4 000					
Totalthous, lg. tons_ In United States vesselsdo	5, 445 823	5, 490 855	5, 465 865	5, 290 855	6, 200 976	6, 103 832	6, 057 986	5, 684 828	5, 495 741	5, 167 830	4, 932 720	4,889 896	5, 177 1, 013	5, 422 713	4, 118 547	4.
Travel fotels:	9. 23	9. 35	0.00	0.17	0.07	0.05	0.00	0.01	0 75	9, 60	0.00		0.00	0.00		
A verage sale per occupied roomdellars_ Rooms occupied% of total	9. 23 62 112	61 112	9.00 61 109	9, 17 63 114	8. 87 63 123	9.67 64 108	9,00	9. 64 63	8. 75 54 107	9.60 60 106	9. 66 64	10.14	9.82 59	8. 90 47	9.00 59	
Restaurant sales indexsame mo. 1951=100 oreign travel:	174	195	139	145	123	170	125 178	116 204	265	333	111 250	111	106 152	109 140	105	
U.S. citizens: Arrivalsthousdo	168	125	138 97	158 86	175 172	183 121	183 129	304 130	282 149	246 159	189 177	156 134	129 107	190		
Aliens: Arrivalsdodo	93	76	71 57	68 61	86 93	95 107	100 125	122 114	126 85	125 72	129 57	112 52	97 44	40	71	
Tational parks, visitsdodo	2, 323	2,678	557	693	761	1, 357	1,981	4. 861	7,554	7, 573	3, 288	1, 920	955	635		
Passenger-miles (revenue) mil. Passenger revenues thous . \$	761 12, 577	726 12, 076			770 12,873	- <b>-</b>		707 11,694			793 13, 035			635 10,702		
COMMUNICATIONS	,_,				, ,,,			1., 55.						,		j
'elephone carriers: Operating revenues♀mil, \$	740. 7	792.6	776, 9	749.5	790. 6	783.3	796.8	791. 1	786, 3	810. 6	782. 6	816.7	806, 0	815.7		
Station revenues do Tolls, message do do do do do do do do do do do do do	414. 4 252. 0	440, 0 270, 4	430, 8 267, 8	426. 7 244. 0	432. 9 278. 3	435, 4 267, 4	438. 8 278. 0	439. 7 269. 1	436. 2 268. 5	440. 7 285. 8	441. 1 256. 8	452. 1 280. 6	450. 8 269. 5	451. 8 276. 3		1
Operating expenses (before taxes)do Net operating income Odo	441. 4 126. 6	468. 2 139. 6	461. 4 131. 1	439. 2 127. 9	470. 6 13 <b>2.</b> 1	458, 5 135, 4	475. 1 134. 5	458. 8 138. 3	461. 8 135. 1	473.5 141.1	458. 7 134. 7	487.8 a 176.6	481. 4 141. 2	487. 0 146. 6		1
Phones in service, end of year or momil 'elegraph, cable, and radiotelegraph carriers:	67.6	70.8	67. 9	68. 1	68. 4	68.6	68.9	69.0	69. 4	69. 6	70.0	70.3	70. 5	70.8		
Wire-telegraph: Operating revenuesthous.\$thous.\$	22, 144	22,010	22, 093	21, 220	22, 649	21, 989	23,011	22, 366	21, 259	22,748	20,893	22, 779	21. 245	21, 866	 	
Operating expenses, incl. depreciationdo Net operating revenuesdo Ocean-cable:	20,004 1,029	20,197 582	20, 106 598	18, 795 455	20, 262 971	19, 614 1, 013	20, 762 861	20, 389 659	20, 854 d 828	20, 996 600	19,703 214	20, 564 1, 240	19, 854 598	20,468 600		-1
Operating revenuesdododododo	3, 023 2, 452	3,013 2,542	3, 276 2, 582	2, 893 2, 517	3,220 $2,594$	2, 883 2, 463	3, 145 2, 581	2, 902 2, 444	2, 956 2, 623	3, 031 2, 534	2,786 $2,470$	3, 169 2, 612	2, 969 2, 602	2, 931 2, 483		-
Net operating revenuesdo Radiotelegraph:	240	153	344	69	312	96	257	161	2, 623 d 5	191	20	243	54	90		
Operating revenuesdodododododo	4, 471 3, 443	4, 675 3, 675	4, 632 3, 534	4, 342 3, 361	4, 821 3, 614	4, 460 3, 536	4, 808 3, 699	4, 719 3, 734	4, 607 3, 697	4, 684 3, 743	4, 524 3, 626	5, 101 3, 872	4, 685 3, 767	4, 718 3, 911		
Net operating revenuesdo	866	817	928	810	1,005	739	919	801	726	761	706	1,036	740			
		CHE	MICA	LS A	ND A	LLII	ED PF	RODU	CTS							
CHEMICALS						1										
norganic chemicals, production:	968	1,093	989	1,061	1, 159	1,102	1, 133	1,066	1, 105	1,089	1, 128	1, 093	1,094	1, 102		
Acetylene mil. cu. ft Ammonia, synthetic anhydrous (commercial)	433. 9	481.6	416, 8	429. 4	494.8	508.3	510. 7	496.0	471.1	464. 2	470, 5	489.1	7 504. 2	524. 2		1
thous, sh. tons	76. 0 383. 4	85. 7 428. 6	70, 2 405, 8	63. 3 381. 9	73. 5 437. 5	75, 4 423, 1	96. 9 432. 8	100.6 427.5	105. 7 438. 9	107, 8 441, 1	92. 1 428. 2	89. 1 89. 6 444. 9	777.5 441.9	75. 4 439. 3		
Chlorine, gasdododododo	75.8	428. 6 88. 1	79, 0	78.9	437. 5 89. 9	89. 1	432. 8 89. 1	91.0	90. 4	441. I 89. 6	428. 2 90. 0	92.5	93. 1	439. 3 84. 8		
Nitric acid (100% HNO <sub>2</sub> )	281.6	303. 4 8, 347	296. 5 7, 360	289. 8 3 8, 255	300. 9 9, 161	292. 3 8. 577	305. 9 8, 083	277. 9 7, 782	278. 0 7, 433	299, 7 8, 103	303. 7 8, 129	319. 1 8, 849	334. 9 8, 945	341. 8 9, 490		-
Oxygen (high purity) mil. cu. ft- Phosphorie acid (100% P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> ) thous. sh. tons_	187. 8	200.4	202.0	185 6	212. 2	209. 4	232.5	188. 4				0,010	7 202. 1	100.0		

1962, data include quantities for 14 plants not previously reporting. a See note O. d Deficit.

That for Mar., June, Sept., and Dec. 1962 cover 5 weeks.

† Revised effective with the Dec. 1961 Survey to incorporate the 1957-59 comparison
Digitized for have period, as well as new weights and seasonal factors. Monthly indexes for total loadings
http://fraser.stlouisfed.org/

Pool are available from the Board of Governors, Fed. Res., Wash, 25, D.C.

§ Includes data not shown separately. 

§ Figure for Oct. 1962 reflects adjustment of Federal income tax provisions for 10 months of 1962 occasioned by Revenue Act of 1962.

‡ Scattered revisions for 1959, 1960, and Jan.-Oct. 1961 are available upon request.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1961	1962	· · ·					19	962						19	63
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mor ave		Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
	CHEN	IICAI	LS AN	ND A	LLIE	D PR	ODUG	CTS-	-Cont	inued	l					
CHEMICALS—Continued				ĺ				1								
Inorganic chemicals, production;—Continued Sodium carbonate (soda ash), synthetic (58%, Na <sub>2</sub> O)	376. 4 10. 1 409. 5 43. 8 94. 6	383. 9 10. 6 455. 2 46. 1 101. 7	382. 4 10. 8 423. 1 40. 6	368. 6 10. 2 403. 2 46. 5	400. 7 11. 0 466. 3 47. 8 113. 7	394. 1 11. 5 454. 9 51. 6 106. 2	404. 1 11. 1 464. 3 55. 1 106. 5	400. 4 10. 8 459. 9 42. 7 94. 2	368. 3 10. 8 467. 1 36. 8	390. 4 9. 6 469. 7 44. 8	378. 4 9. 5 451. 2 42. 3 99. 2	391. 4 11. 8 474. 6 53. 7	378. 9 9. 6 7 465. 9 50. 2	349. 1 10. 7 462. 4 41. 3		
Sulfuric acid (100% H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> )dodo	1,487.3	1, 593. 1	1, 640. 4	1, 535. 6	1, 725. 6	1, 675. 9	1, 692. 3	1,502.3	1,438.4	1, 499. 9	1,466.8	1,635.7	r1,649.7	1, 654. 3		
Acetic acid (synthetic and natural), production mil. lb.  Acetic anhydride, production do	65. 3 105. 0 1. 9	81.7 103.7 2.3	83. 7 96. 5 2. 0	72. 5 93. 5 2. 3	75. 0 106. 4 2. 5	75, 2 102, 2 2, 1	85. 6 105. 0 2. 4	79. 4 107. 4 2. 0	77. 2 101. 5 1. 8	86. 1 103. 9 2. 3	81. 1 108. 8 2. 1	79, 5 105, 1 2, 5	91, 9 99, 5 2, 7	89. 5 114. 6 2. 4	98. 7 2. 0	
Alcohol, ethyl: Productionmil. proof gal. Stocks, end of monthdo. Used for denaturationdo. Taxable withdrawalsdo.	52. 1 r 138. 9 43. 2 5. 1	52.4 151.3 42.3 5.3	53, 7 7 145, 8 43, 9 4, 3	47. 8 148. 7 7 42. 8 4. 5	53.3 147.7 45.6 5.4	52. 1 153. 1 40. 8 4. 8	50.3 * 151.5 44.6 5.5	50. 4 7 154. 0 42. 7 5. 4	49. 3 158. 1 39. 1 4. 4	45. 5 157. 6 41. 5 5. 1	49. 5 147. 1 40. 0 5. 7	65, 5 150, 7 43, 5 7, 7	52.6 7 144.7 41.4 6.4	58. 7 156. 8 41. 6 4. 6		
Alcohol, denatured: Production	23, 4 23, 4 6, 2	22. 9 23. 0 3. 9	23. 7 23. 6 5. 4	23. 0 23. 4 5. 0	24. 5 23. 9 5. 6	21. 7 21. 4 5. 7	24. 0 24. 8 5. 0	22. 9 23. 9 4. 1	21. 1 21. 3 3. 8	22. 4 24. 0 2. 2	21. 5 21. 4 2. 3	23. 8 23. 4 2. 1	22. 8 21. 9 3. 0	22. 9 22. 7 3. 2		
Creosote oil, production	7. 3 14. 3 8. 5	7. 5 13. 9 r 8. 1	6. 1 10. 3 9. 6	8. 1 13. 2 3. 9	5. 1 13. 9 9. 8	8. 6 12. 1 7. 3	8. 0 14. 5 7. 9	7. 7 13. 4 12. 4	7. 2 16. 1 5. 2	8. 1 15. 7 9. 0	7. 8 14. 0 6. 6	7. 9 15. 5 7. 6	7. 5 14. 7 10. 7	8. 1 13. 5 6. 3	7. 6 14. 9 6. 9	
Ethylene glycol, productiondo Formaldehyde (37% HCHO), productiondo Glycerin, refined, all grades: Productiondo	98. 6 146. 0 22. 4	7 100. 9 166. 7 7 20. 8	91, 3 155, 8 20, 9	80. 8 157. 2 21. 0	87. 9 163. 5 21. 2	88. 8 165. 3 21. 2	98, 4 172, 2 18, 8	103. 6 164. 1 21. 1	119. 1 150. 2 17. 8	122. 0 169. 0 21. 1	106. 4 166.0 18. 3	112.9 188.3	114. 4 179. 0 23. 0	117. 9 169. 8 r 25. 6	121. 9 167. 8 23. 1	
Stocks, end of month	34.3 .1 25.6 31.7	7 32.7 . 1 28.0 7 34.4	35. 2 . 1 26. 4 28. 7	36. 4 . 1 25. 5 25. 6	35. 2 .1 29. 0 30. 2	36. 1 . 1 27. 9 33. 7	33. 7 . 1 28. 0 31. 5	35. 4 . 1 26. 5 33. 3	32. 3 . 1 29. 8 33. 6	30. 8 c. 1 28. 3 33. 2	27.8 c.1 28.2 34.8	25. 8 c. 1 29. 2	30, 5 c, 1 27, 8 35, 8	7 32.8 .1 29.2	32. 9 27. 0 35. 2	
FERTILIZERS		01.1	20.1	20.0	30.2	00.7	01.0	80.0	30.0		94. 5	36. 1	00.0	38. 4	00.2	
Exports, total 9 thous.sh. tons Nitrogenous materials do Phosphate materials do Potash materials do	7 538 31 429 7 64	602 67 448 71	680 71 511 89	7 542 114 347 76	486 52 352 74	684 128 464 76	635 98 466 53	543 24 444 47	563 10 428 99	699 60 547 82	653 51 504 66	698 74 547 68	565 86 397 63	475 33 370 51		
Imports, total 9	227 123 41 13 36	252 128 36 18 51	261 128 50 15 70	259 131 37 12 73	306 157 28 18 57	397 230 69 24 59	287 186 55 14 10	194 128 50 13 10	229 1 133 33 24 22	199 84 20 19 49	232 84 22 23 71	215 110 27 20 43	232 92 29 14 77	218 79 12 22 72		
Potash deliveries $(K_2O)$	173 227 414	197 227 415	302 238 527	117 220 509	232 249 446	365 248 302	258 255 253	204 316	123 170 382	226 202 416	142 207 418	225 241 426	253 479	199 229 505		
Stocks, end of monthdodo	414	410	021	503	440	302	250	310	362	110	410	.20	""	000		
Explosives (industrial), shipments: Black blasting powder	127 82, 424 145. 8 3 86. 5 3 59. 3 519 4, 098	102 92, 400 152. 6 89. 4 63. 2 489 4, 837	114 75, 118 129, 2 69, 9 59, 3 516 r 4, 864	72 76, 616 123. 9 69. 9 54. 0 7 477 4, 890	53 81,058 151.2 85.0 66.2 7 492 4,830	83 91, 583 166, 6 100, 7 65, 9 7 447 4, 779	35 101, 886 186, 1 112, 3 73, 8 474 4, 761	100, 792 177. 8 107. 3 70. 5 467 4, 751	163. 5 103. 3 60. 2 473 4, 777	177. 6 111. 3 66. 3 514 4,818	2 379 2300,657 152, 7 92, 5 60, 2 499 4, 862	156. 5 88. 6 67. 9 512 4, 897	134. 3 72. 8 61. 5 499 4, 872	2 424 2 281, 086 112, 4 59, 2 53, 2 497 4, 938	504 4, 963	
Production:⊕									[							
Cellulose acetate and mixed ester plastics: Sheets, rods, and tubesmil. lb_ Molding and extrusion materialsdo Nitrocellulose sheets, rods, and tubesdo		33. 2	12.8	12. 3	15.6	13. 2	14.2	14. 2	11.3	12.9	13.0	14. 2	12.7	12.0		
Phenolic and other tar acid resinsdo Polystyrenedo Urea and melamine resinsdo	51. 0 88. 8 33. 3	4 57. 4 4 104. 0 4 39. 8	58. 0 99. 9 39. 2	53. 2 92. 8 38. 9	59. 8 105. 6 40. 1	53. 8 105. 5 38. 8	61. 1 113. 2 41. 9	59. 6 107. 3 41. 5	48. 9 94. 7 33. 2	60. 1 102. 3 40. 7	57. 9 105. 1 42. 0	61. 4 109. 0 44. 1	7 58. 9 106. 1 39. 6	55. 4 99. 6 38. 0		
Vinyl resins	105. 0 45. 1 12. 3	128, 3 41, 1 	113. 3 37. 0  15. 9	113. 9 35. 4 	131.3 43.6 	122. 4 42. 8	130. 6 47. 0 20. 2	131. 1 46. 1 	116. 3 40. 2	131. 9 44. 3 	133. 9 38. 1 	138. 9 42. 3 18. 6	132. 1 r 38. 4	128. 8 35. 4 		
Polyester resinsdo Polyethylene resinsdo Miscellaneous (incl. protective coatings)do	133. 9 41. 5	168.0	150. 6	156. 9	167. 0	18. 7 166. 7	170. 9	170.6	172. 7	170. 8	170. 1	176.6	170.3	170.8		

r Revised. ¹ Beginning July 1962, excludes ammonium phosphate formerly included. ² Quarterly total. ³ Beginning Jan. 1961, trade sales of lacquers (formerly shown with industrial finishes) are included under trade products. ⁴ Beginning Jan. 1962, data include protective coatings (formerly excluded); amounts of these for Jan. 1962 are as follows (mil. lb.): Phenolic, 2.5 (incl. some rosin modifications no longer shown separately); polystyrene, 6.0; urea, ctc., 3.8. ° Corrected, 15ee similar note on p. S-24. ♂ Data (except for alcohol) are reported on the basis of 100% content of the specified material unless otherwise indicated.

Pincludes data not shown separately. ¶Revisions for 1960-Apr. 1961 for superphosphate and for Jan.-Mar. 1961 for paints, etc., will be shown later. †Revised effective with the Jan. 1962 Survey to include recovered sulfur. ⊕Beginning July 1961, data are not strictly comparable with those for earlier periods because of the inclusion of companies formerly not reporting; monthly averages for 1961 are based on reported annual totals.

1961	1962						19	62						19	63
		Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Fe
		ELEC	TRIC	POV	WER	AND	GAS	-							
73, 211	78, 588	80, 913	72,047	78, 646	73, 528	78,071	77, 819	80, 322	84, 093	77, 018	79, 784	78, 109	82, 702	86, 509	
65, 998 53, 348 12, 650	70, 993 56, 982 14, 011	73, 123 58, 823 14, 301	64, 777 51, 435 13, 342	70, 719 54, 562 16, 157	65, 873 49, 873 16, 001	70, 241 55, 020 15, 221	70, 164 56, 397 13, 767	72, 933 59, 479 13, 453	76, 439 63, 226 13, 213	69, 680 57, 695 11, 985	72, 002 58, 926 13, 076	70, 656 57, 099 13, 557	75, 312 61, 250 14, 062	78, 835 64, 908 13, 927	
53, 624 12, 374	57, 694 13, 299	59, 437 13, 687	52, 733 12, 044	56, 725 13, 994	53, 103 12, 770	57, 053 13, 188	57, 260 12, 904	59, 281 13, 651	62. 424 14, 015	56,774 12,906	59, 150 12, 853	57, 452 13, 205	60, 940 14, 372	63, 804 15, 031	
7, 213 6, 932 281	7, 594 7, 306 289	7, 790 7, 479 311	7, 270 6, 982 288	7, 927 7, 604 323	7, 654 7, 318 336	7, 829 7, 507 322	7, 655 7, 373 282	7, 390 7, 143 247	7, 654 7, 405 249	7, 338 7, 106 233	7, 782 7, 496 286	7, 452 7, 163 290	7, 390 7, 093 297	7, 675 7, 362 313	
60,061 11,239 28,952	64, 674 12, 008 31, 160	65, 428 11, 276 30, 156	63, 520 11, 111 29, 230	64, 151 11, 214 30, 736	62, 143 10, 958 30, 384	62, 216 11, 273 31, 443	64, 056 12, 475 31, 527	65, 184 13, 102 31, 197	67, 269 13, 418 32, 285	66, 917 13, 354 32, 092	64, 913 12, 268 32, 215	64, 215 11, 803 31, 450	66, 077 11, 840 31, 201		
390 17, 418 564 1, 370 1 128	393 18, 868 615 1, 527 104	455 21, 213 741 1, 468 120	$\begin{array}{c} 425 \\ 20,495 \\ 620 \\ 1,529 \\ 109 \end{array}$	433 19, 616 620 1, 461 71	391 18, 308 574 1, 443 84	363 17, 006 540 1, 489 103	355 17, 513 515 1, 564 106	350 18, 364 524 1, 528 119	360 18, 978 566 1, 535 128	347 18, 879 601 1, 534 111	375 17, 714 651 1, 577 112	398 18, 183 695 1, 589 96			
1,014.1	1, 085. 4	1, 091. 7	1, 073. 6	1, 071. 7	1,041.6	1, 040. 5	1, 079. 7	1, 102. 6	1, 125. 9	1, 128. 3	1,089.8	1, 077. 0	1, 102. 5		
2, 071 1, 937 133				2, 073 1, 940 133			2, 056 1, 924 131			1, 987 1, 862 124					
563 401 158				964 748 208			484 324 158			287 155 130					
70. 7				114.0			60. 9	-=		37. 3			++		
54. 4 15. 9				91.5 21.8			45. 7 15. 0			25. 6 11. 7					
31, 661 29, 093 2, 533				32, 301 29, 634 2, 630			32, 199 29, 606 2, 556			32, 290 29, 728 2, 524					
23, 397 7, 894 14, 272				33, 534 15, 705 16, 358			22, 557 6, 852 14, 649			17, 964 2, 795 14, 030					
1,424.7 787.8 595.1				2, 266. 1 1, 432. 7 783. 5			1, 362. 6 720. 7 606. 3			934. 4 375. 5 523. 4		1	1	1	
FO	OD A	ND K	ANDI	RED 1	PROL	OUCT	S; TO	BAC	СО						<u> </u>
7. 92 7. 42 10. 61	8. 97 7. 60 r 10. 46	6. 99 6. 13 9. 86	6. 42 5. 75 10. 16	8. 30 7. 33 10. 66	8.35 7.46 11.07	9. 76 9. 06 11. 20	9. 96 9. 19 11. 39	9, 90 9, 22 11, 49	9. 06 9. 18 10. 80	7. 38 7. 42 10. 29	7. 41 7. 17 10. 07	6. 50 6. 75 9. 38	6. 81 6. 55 9. 22	7, 57 6, 35 10, 00	
!	]					1	İ	l	8.34	10.17	14. 84	14. 40	12.27		
10. 04 r861. 48 3. 26	10, 27 r882, 72 3, 61	8. 58 r879. 81 2. 75	8. 65 883. 95 2. 76	10. 41 886. 45 3. 07	9. 38 385. 90 3. 07	10. 86 7890. 60 3. 55	10. 66 r890. 21 2. 92	8. 29 886. 81 2. 90	9. 82 882. 85 3. 28	10. 70 879. 54 4. 06	14. 62 875. 83 5. 29	12. 70 874. 62 5. 45	8. 61 876. 00		
7 12.13 7.08 7837.84 2.87	9. 41 7. 18 859. 13 3. 18	13. 43 6, 02 855, 92 2. 46	12. 76 6. 35 860. 19 2. 41	12. 10 7. 30 862. 66 2. 71	10. 28 6. 44 862. 36 2. 70	12. 13 7. 03 7867. 44 3. 09	8.83 6.54 867.55 2.55	3. 42 5. 02 864. 49 2. 57	5. 32 6. 58 861. 04 2. 88	6, 16 7, 82 856, 98 3, 58	8. 71 11. 06 851. 27 4. 75	10. 13 9. 63 849. 18 4. 81	9. 68 6. 33 850. 47 3. 69		
7, 05 5, 32	7, 20 5, 33	5. 88 4. 08	5, 87 4, 49	7. <b>3</b> 8 75. 60	6, 21 4, 48	7. 54 5. 44	7. 21 5. 27	5. 62 4. 12	6.78 4.83	7. 51 5. 60	10.69 8.29	9, 31 7, 12	6.32		
. 34 . 31 2. 64	.37 .32 2.79	. 33 . 27 r 2, 24	. 50 . 20 2. 51	. 42 . 25 2. 67	. 35 . 22 2. 76	. 49 . 30 2. 93	. 46 . 26 3. 10	.16 .19 3.06	.37 .25 3.15	. 32 . 35 3. 08	. 36 . 50 2. 91	. 30 . 56 2. 62	. 34 . 49 2. 43		
14.00 12.98	15. 78 12. 52	3.28 12.22	2, 70 11, 11	2, 53 14, 33	2. 15 12. 10	72.64 11.93	1. 67 11. 72	.06 1.07 9.16	6. 15 12. 28	59.71 12.14	. 15 86. 89 15. 02	14. 79 15. 26	5. 66 12 95		
r175. 82	178.89	7194.30	187.44	r 172. 68	164.42	r 151. 03	141.87	131. 76	123, 99	173.62	241.60	239.38	224.60		
	73, 211 65, 998 53, 348 12, 659 53, 624 7, 213 6, 932 28, 952 390 17, 418 564 1, 370 1 128 1,014.1  2, 071 1, 133 563 401 158 70, 7 54, 4 15, 9 31, 661 29, 093 2, 533 23, 397 7, 894 14, 272 1,424.7 787, 88 595, 1  FO  7. 92 7, 42 10, 61 7 15, 35 20, 12 1, 424.7 787, 88 595, 1  FO  7, 92 7, 42 10, 61 7 15, 35 20, 12 1, 42, 77 787, 88 787, 84 2, 87 7, 05 5, 32 34 31 2, 64 0, 08 14, 00	Total   Tota	Monthly average	Monthly average	Monthly average	Monthly average	Monthly average	Monthly average	Monthly average	Monthly average	Monthly average	Mouthly average	Mosthiy oversign	Monthly of workers	Monthly overline

<sup>Revised.
Beginning Mar. 1961, data include sales not previously reported.
ORevisions for Jan.—Nov. 1960 are available upon request.
Includes data for Alaska and Hawaii.</sup> 

<sup>†</sup> Revised data for 1st and 2d qtr. of 1961 will be shown later. Data for manufactured and mixed gas include Hawaii (beginning 1960); for natural gas, Alaska (beginning 1961). o'The averages shown for gas are quarterly averages. 9 Includes data not shown separately.

	1961	1962	1					19	062						19	963
Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS		thly rage	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
FOC	D A	ND K	INDR	ED P	ROD	UCTS	; <b>TO</b>	BACC	<b>20</b> C	Contin	ued	I	!		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
DAIRY PRODUCTS																
Butter, creamery:  Production (factory)‡	123. 7 181. 5 . 612 135. 9	128. 5 363. 4 . 594	144. 2 239. 0 . 610	133. 0 260. 0 . 610	150. 3 303. 1 . 609	147. 5 345. 4 . 586	166. 7 386. 9 . 586	152, 6 429, 4 , 584	122, 4 469, 0 , 588	104. 3 456. 4 . 590	92. 4 423. 5 . 596	106. 7 384. 2 . 587	105.3 344.8 .590	116, 4 318, 7 , 589	130, 5 7 310, 9 , 586	326. 6 , 586
Production (factory), total‡mil. lb_ American, whole milk‡do	95.4	91. 2	117. 2 77. 6	111. 4 74. 1	127, 1 85, 6	139. 1 98. 6	167. 5 126. 4	168. 0 126. 5	145. 5 107. 3	131. 0 93. 8	118. 9 82. 7	119. 1 78. 7	109. 2 70. 2	117. 2 73. 2	115. 5 75. 7	
Stocks, cold storage, end of month, totaldo American, whole milkdo_ Importsdo. Price, wholesale, American, single daisies (Chi- cago)\$ per lb	429. 8 379. 5 6. 3	463.3 420.3 6.5	456. 8 405. 9 5. 9	432.8 382.8 5.9	417. 2 367. 8 6. 0	441. 0 390. 8 6. 4	460. 1 416. 2 7. 8	495, 4 452, 9 6, 1	526. 6 483. 8 4. 5	520. 5 481. 8 5. 1	493. 1 457. 1 5. 8	454.9 421.4 5.6	438. 8 398. 6 9. 0	422. 1 384. 2 9. 6	7 395. 9 7 359. 2 	355. 6 321. 4
Condensed and evaporated milk: Production, ease goods: Condensed (sweetened)mil.lb_ Evaporated (unsweetened)do_ Stocks, manufacturers', ease goods, end of mo.:	5. 8 176. 5	6. 4 160. 3	5. 9 117. 7	5, 6 118, 2	4. 4 149. 4	5. 2 177. 3	8. 3 225. 5	6. 8 215. 0	7. 2 188. 5	6.7 171.5	5. 9 140. 3	7.8 143.0	7. 2 134. 0	5. 8 143. 0	5. 0 135. 8	
Condensed (sweetened)mil. lb_ Evaporated (unsweetened)do Exports:	6. 0 243. 6	7 178. 4	4. 6 r 153. 8	r 4.1 r 104.7	4.3 - 64.4	6.2 r 95.8	6. 2 7 163. 0	3.7 r 221.5	4.3 r 258.9	4.8 271.3	5. 6 262. 7	5. 7 229. 1	6. 5 174. 2	4. 5 141. 4	4. 9 120. 2	
Condensed (sweetened)do Evaporated (unsweetened)do Price, manufacturers' average selling: Evaporated (unsweetened)\$ per case	3. 9 7. 6 6. 30	4. 0 5. 5 6. 11	3. 0 5. 6 6. 29	3. 9 10. 9 6. 29	4. 2 4. 6 6. 28	2. 4 2. 4 6. 16	4. 7 2. 5 6. 07	5.9 6.3 6.03	4. 0 5. 4 6. 02	4. 1 6. 1 6. 03	2. 5 2. 6 6. 05	5. 6 9. 6 6. 05	5, 9 7, 4 6, 05	3. 6 2. 6 6. 05	6. 03	
Fluid milk:  Production on farms   mil.lb Utilization in mfd. dairy products do Price, wholesale, U.S. average sper 100 lb Dry milk:	r 10, 454 4, 267 4, 22	7 10, 494 4, 291 4. 11	7 10, 111 4, 415 4. 39	7 9, 598 4, 109 4, 29	7 10, 994 4, 684 4, 16	711, 232 4, 809 3, 88	7 12, 429 5, 609 3, 76	r 11, 926 5, 275 3, 71	7 10, 912 4, 349 3, 86	7 10, 191 3, 797 4. 03	7 9, 636 3, 370 4. 22	r 9, 740 3, 674 4. 34	7 9, 345 3, 541 4, 40	7 9, 813 3, 859 4, 29	10, 043 4, 147 r 4, 24	9,470 P 4.15
Production:‡ Dry whole milk	6. 8 167, 8	6. 7 180. 9	8. 0 184. 5 8. 2	5. 6 177. 4	6. 4 203. 8 6. 1	7. 5 214. 3 7. 1	9. 7 253. 0 7. 4	7. 7 236. 5 7. 7	4. 7 182. 1 7. 6	5. 5 148. 4 7 5. 5	6.0 127.5 4.2	5. 9 136. 0 4. 9	6. 8 140. 5 4. 6	7. 1 167. 4 5. 1	8.7 171.5 7.0	
Exports:  Dry whole milkdodo	136.6 1.5 21.0	1. 1 25. 5	r 129. 1	r 130. 5	r 128. 2	1. 5	1.0	r 168.8	7 142. 2	1.9	r 107. 2	1.8	83. 5 . 2 25. 3	7 99. 0 . 9		
Nonfat dry milk (human food)do Price, manufacturers' average selling, nonfat dry milk (human food)\$ per lb	. 154	. 148	21. 5 . 162	. 161	40. 5	18. 9	25. 2 7. 143	31. 6 . 142	30.0 .142	20.9	22. 6 . 143	20.8 *.143	. 144	29. 7 . 144	. 144	
GRAIN AND GRAIN PRODUCTS  Exports (barley, corn, oats, rye, wheat)mil. bu	90. 5	r 96. 9	r 86. 4	r 110.8	r 104. 5	101. 3	r 129. 1	r 111. 2	86. 2	90. 3	r 87. 9	74.0	83.1	97.8		
Barley: Production (crop estimate)do	1 395. 7	1 429. 5														*****
Stocks (domestic), end of quarter, totaldododo	<sup>2</sup> 292. 8 <sup>2</sup> 155. 0	<sup>2</sup> 282. 7 <sup>2</sup> 159. 2			217. 0 99. 2			<sup>3</sup> 123. 7 <sup>3</sup> 48. 0			449. 1 277. 3			341. 1 212. 3		
Off farms do  Exports, including malts do  Prices, wholesale (Minneapolis):  No. 2, malting \$per bu  No. 3, straight do	2 137. 8 5. 4 1. 31 1. 23	1, 26 1, 20	5. 3 1. 47 1. 42	9. 9 1. 41 1. 35	117. 8 8. 5 1, 39 1, 33	9. 2 1. 34 1. 28	7 16. 6 1. 26 1. 21	3 75, 8 7 10, 4 1, 22 1, 18	4. 7 1. 19 1. 14	5. 3 1. 16 1. 09	171.7 6.6 1.13 1.07	9. 9 1. 20 1. 13	6. 6 1. 20 1. 14	128. 9 7. 2 1. 17 1. 12	1, 18 1, 12	1. 18 1. 12
Corn: Production (crop estimate, grain only)mil. bu Grindings, wet processdo	1 3, 626 13. 1	1 3, 644 14. 3	13. 2	12.7	14.7	14. 9	14.8	14.8	14.2	15.7	13. 9	15. 3	14. 1	12. 9	13.9	*******
Stocks (domestic), end of quarter, total  On farms	<sup>2</sup> 1, 783 <sup>2</sup> 1, 463	2 2, 930 2 1, 809 2 1, 121			3, 385 2, 149 1, 236			924			*1,014			4, 222 2, 972 1, 250		
Exports, including meal and flourdo Prices, wholesale: No. 3, yellow (Chicago)\$ per bu_ Weighted avg., 5 markets, all gradesdo	24. 5 1. 11 1. 06	1.11 1.08	1.08 1.04	43.3 1.07 1.01	1.11 1.06	36. 3 1. 12 1. 08	42. 1 1. 15 1. 11	39. 4 1. 14 1. 11	33. 4 1. 12 1. 10	32.8 1.10 1.07	22. 9 1. 11 1. 09	24. 9 1. 10 1. 10	1. 07 1. 06	35. 5 1. 12 1. 14	1. 18 1. 18	1, 19 1, 17
Oats: Production (crop estimate)mil. bu_ Stocks (domestic), end of quarter, totaldo	1 1, 011 2 657	1 1,032 2 632			495			3 277			978					
On farms do Off farms do Off farms do Off	<sup>2</sup> 576 <sup>2</sup> 81	2 558 2 74			432 63			<sup>2</sup> 229 <sup>3</sup> 48			869 109			778 701 77		
Exports, including oatmealdo Price, wholesale, No. 3, white (Chicago) \$ per bu	1.7 4.67	2. 5	.70	.65	.70	.72	4. 6 . 73	6. 4	2.2	5. 1 . 64	5. 0 . 67	2. 6 . 65	2. 5 . 72	.7 .77	.75	. 76
Rice: Production (crop estimate)mil. bags QCalifornia mills:	1 54, 2	1 64. 5														~~~~~
Receipts, domestic, rough mil. lb—Shipments from milis, milled rice—do—Stocks, rough and cleaned (cleaned basis), end of month————————————————————————————————————	110 71 104	126 79 97	174 109 133	225 172 107	162 110 119	121 110 92	100 68 90	73 80 56	74 37 67	68 53 45	57 43 35	177 39 111	157 76 140	118 56 167	189 138 165	
Southern States mills (Ark., La., Tenn., Tex.): Receipts, rough, from producersmil. lb. Shipments from mills, milled ricedo. Stocks, domestic, rough and cleaned (cleaned	317 209	364 255	169 264	228 296	100 282	54 222	$\frac{25}{212}$	30 187	22 207	437 179	1, 267 269	1, 272 345	494 342	274 258	152 213	
basis), end of month mil lb_ Exports do_ Price, wholesale, Nato, No. 2 (N.O.) \$ per lb_	826 148 4 086	866 193 . 094	1, 237 280 . 095	1, 102 186 . 098	905 238 . 098	732 231 . 098	550 223 . 098	391 183 . 098	208 145 . 096	321 86 . 088	885 133 . 088	1,383 185 .090	1,374 $211$ $090$	1,303 214 .095	1, 196 	
Rye: Production (crop estimate)mil. bu_ Stocks (domestic), end of quarter, totaldo Price, wholesale, No. 2 (Minneapolis)\$ per bu_	1 27, 5 2 21, 0 4 1, 20	1 41. 2 2 19. 9 1. 22	1.31	1. 29	14. 7 1. 25	1. 25	1. 21	<sup>3</sup> 7. 9 1. 24	1. 16	1.14	33. 4 1. 17	1.16	1. 19	23, 6 1, 23	1, 27	1. 25

Revised. Preliminary.

1 Crop estimate for the year.

2 Quarterly average.

3 Old crop only; new crop not reported until beginning of new crop year (July for barley, oats, rye, and wheat; Oct. for corn).

4 Average based on months for which quotations are available.

<sup>†</sup>Revisions for 1960 appear in the Oct. 1961 SURVEY; those for Jan.-May 1961 are available upon request.

¶ Beginning Jan. 1960, includes data for Alaska and Hawaii.

¬Revisions for Jan. 1955-Sept. 1960 are available upon request.

§Excludes a small amount of pearl barley.

♀ Bags of 100 lb.

5–28		801	ר פר א איז	UF	COL	TETATA	I D(	JOIN.	EDD						Marci	1 1963
Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1961	1962						19	62						19	63
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS		ithly rage	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
FOO	D AN	ND K	INDR	ED P	RODI	UCTS	; TO	BACC	:О—С	ontin	ued					
GRAIN AND GRAIN PRODUCTS-Con.																
Wheat: Production (crop estimate), total mil, bu Spring wheat do Winter wheat do Distribution (quarterly total) do	1 1, 235 1 160 1 1,075 2 332	1 1, 092 1 275 1 816 2 316			342			339			326			258		
Stocks (domestic), end of quarter, totaldo On farmsdo Off farmsdo	21, 854 2 305 21, 549	<sup>2</sup> 1, 708 <sup>2</sup> 260 <sup>2</sup> 1, 448			1, 642 212 1, 430			<sup>3</sup> 1,305 <sup>3</sup> 102 <sup>3</sup> 1,202			2, 071 407 1, 664			1, 813 317 1, 496		
Exports, total, including flourdodo	58. 2 52. 4	7 49.2 7 43.0	7 43. 9 36. 8	7 57. 2 46. 3	7 58. 2 7 49. 9	55. 4 49. 2	<sup>7</sup> 64. 5 57. 2	<sup>7</sup> 53. 4 48. 1	43. 3 37. 7	46. 0 40. 6	r 49. 2 r 44. 6	34.7 30.1	31. 5 27. 9	52. 9 47. 9		
Prices, wholesale: No. 1, dark northern spring (Minneapolis) No. 2, hd. and dk. hd. winter (Kans. City). do No. 2, red winter (St. Louis)do Weighted avg., 6 markets, all gradesdo Wheat flour:	2. 28 2. 04 4 1. 97 2. 25	2. 48 2. 19 4 2. 07 2. 41	2.46 2.09 1.99 2.37	2. 45 2. 11 2. 05 2. 40	2. 44 2. 12 (5) 2. 39	2. 46 2. 13 (5) 2. 41	2. 50 2. 17 (5) 2. 43	2. 50 2. 19 2. 12 2. 33	2. 52 2. 22 2. 13 2. 32	2. 42 2. 25 2. 07 2. 39	2. 44 2. 23 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 2. 45	2. 49 2. 19 ( <sup>5</sup> ) 2. 48	2. 53 2. 31 ( <sup>5</sup> ) 2. 50	2. 49 2. 28 ( <sup>5</sup> ) 2. 48	2. 50 2. 27 ( <sup>5</sup> ) 2. 47	2. 52 2. 30 ( <sup>5</sup> ) 2. 47
Production: thous, sacks (100 lb.)  Operations, percent of capacity Offal. thous, sh tons. Offindings of wheat. thous, bu. Stocks held by mills, end of quarter thous, sacks (100 lb.)	21, 693 93. 3 405 49, 333 24, 703	721,839 93,4 406 749,613 24,584	23, 515 97. 7 440 53, 532	21, 738 99, 5 405 49, 417	23, 165 95, 1 430 52, 606 4, 877	20, 421 87. 8 378 46, 225	721, 175 7 87, 1 396 48, 021	20, 125 86, 9 375 45, 677 4, 290	20, 334 88. 2 378 46, 130	23, 207 91, 9 433 52, 865	21, 254 101, 6 396 48, 371 4, 378	23, 807 94, 0 443 754, 140	22, 744 98. 4 7 421 51, 743	20, 584 93. 0 380 46, 626 4. 789	22, 091 90. 8 410 50, 198	
Exports. do Drives, wholesale: Spring, standard patent (Minneapolis) Winter, hard, 95% patent (Kans. City) do LIVESTOCK	5. 520 5. 166	5. 909 5. 621	5. 625 5. 267	5. 650 5. 267	5, 688 5, 350	5. 775 5. 483	5, 900 5, 633	5. 938 5. 683	2, 428 6. 113 5. 817	2, 334 6, 175 5, 933	6. 113 5. 850	2, 023 6. 063 5. 750	1, 570 6. 000 5. 767	2, 150	p 5. 760 p 5. 483	
Cattle and calves:												ĺ			<u> </u>	
Slaughter (federally inspected): Calves	417 1, 664 1, 221 528 24. 46 23. 30 30. 17	415 1, 695 1, 179 595 27. 20 24. 53 29. 75	454 1, 781 1, 326 368 25, 90 22, 80 35, 50	362 1, 468 968 279 26, 04 23, 16 33, 50	461 1, 649 1, 013 334 26, 65 24, 56 35, 50	383 1, 522 1, 130 421 26, 80 25, 11 30, 00	398 1, 766 1, 134 432 25, 62 24, 18 29, 00	342 1, 718 997 270 24, 91 23, 23 28, 00	367 1, 765 1, 167 259 26, 12 23, 75 27, 00	434 1, 870 1, 288 592 27. 88 23. 91 27. 50	424 1, 654 1, 152 893 29. 63 25. 21 27. 50	517 1, 898 1, 605 1, 574 29, 29 25, 38 26, 50	456 1, 686 1, 254 1, 164 29. 89 25. 79 27. 00	381 1, 562 1, 115 552 28. 59 25. 18 7 30. 00	431 1,795 6 1,150 338 26.90 24.53 p 33.01	952 24. 69 23. 89
Slaughter (federally inspected)thous, animals_ Receipts (salable) at 25 public markets†do	5, 469 1, 586	5, 648 1, 621	6, 098 1, 826	5, 312 1, 491	6, 225 1, 614	5, 672 1, 680	5, 800 1, 721	5, 041 1, 498	4, 699 1, 424	5, 214 1, 507	4, 737 1, 279	6, 643 1, 911	6, 376 1, 819	5, 954 1, 686	6,333 6 1,820	1, 555
Wholesale, average, all grades (Chicago) \$ per 100 lb. Hog-corn price ratio (bu. of corn equal in value to 100 lb. live hog) Sheep and lambs: Slaughter (federally inspected)thous, animals. Receipts (salable) at 25 public marketstdo Shipments, feeder, to 8 corn-belt Statesdo Prices, wholesale: Lambs, average (Chicago)\$ per 100 lb. Lambs, feeder, good and choice (Omaha).do	16.71 16.6 1,253 550 253 17.07 14.99	16. 44 15. 3 1, 224 497 224 19. 45 4 15. 57	16. 66 17. 4 1, 375 571 205 16. 88 13. 72	16. 24 17. 1 1, 177 435 127 17. 50 14. 85	15. 97 16. 5 1, 227 441 131 17. 38 15. 38	15. 66 15. 6 1. 173 467 100 17. 62 15. 30	15. 25 14. 9 1, 197 527 189 21. 75 (5)	16. 23 15. 6 1, 062 411 184 23. 50	17. 24 16. 2 1, 170 470 151 21. 75 a 16. 00	17. 68 17. 1 1, 254 528 293 20. 50	18. 46 17. 5 1, 272 589 425 19. 50 • 16. 56	16. 69 16. 1 1, 472 676 523 19. 00 15. 70	16. 34 17. 3 1, 215 454 215 18. 75 15. 82	15. 80 15. 7 1, 098 397 140 19. 25 (5)	15. 35 15. 0 1, 317 6 485 192 19. 25 4 17. 97	14. 85 14. 0 381 
MEATS AND LARD								10.00	10.00	10.10		130.00	10.02	,	1,,,,,	
Total meats: Production (carcass weight, leaflard in), inspected slaughter. Stocks (excluding lard), cold storage, end of month.  Exports (including lard) do Imports (excluding lard) do do.	2, 116 460 77 80	2, 150 481 78 109	2,312 482 74 99	1, 953 497 71 72	2, 233 552 73 136	2,068 579 82 91	2, 261 585 86 80	2, 087 512 119 98	2, 025 444 81 99	2, 135 400 71 145	1,895 359 75 130	2, 423 389 64 117	2, 265 463 91 119	2, 146 506 51 122		551
Beef and veal:         Production, inspected slaughter	1, 051. 0 175. 5 2. 5 55. 4	1, 046. 6 163. 5 2. 3 79. 0	1, 117. 4 193. 6 2. 4 64. 8 . 450	927. 6 177. 6 1. 9 49. 3 . 449	1, 038. 7 180. 6 1. 9 97. 4	960. 5 170. 9 2. 0 61. 4	1, 110. 1 148. 7 2. 3 51. 4	1, 075. 3 129. 6 2. 6 69. 1 . 440	1, 081. 4 128. 1 1. 9 73. 2 , 443	1, 120. 8 143. 1 2. 4 113. 3	988. 3 150. 9 2. 3 103. 6 , 502	1, 145. 1 157. 0 2. 0 88. 7 . 482	1, 019. 3 180. 3 2. 8 89. 2 . 489	975. 0 201. 9 2. 6 86. 1 . 487	1, 134. 8 7 176. 9	. 437
Production, inspected slaughter	59. 6 19. 9 1, 005. 0	57. 9 14. 3 1, 045. 6	67. 7 16. 3 1, 127. 3	58. 9 16. 1 966. 0	61. 0 18. 3 1, 132. 8	57. 4 18. 5 1,049. 7	56. 4 17. 9 1, 094. 1	48. 0 14. 7 963. 3	53. 2 11. 8 890. 1	56.8 11.8 957.8	58. 2 10. 2 849. 0	67. 3 9. 6 1, 210. 8	57. 3 11. 0 1, 188. 7	52. 9 15. 3 1, 118. 0	65. 6 13. 4 1, 182. 3	19.9
Pork (excluding lard):         Production, inspected slaughter	763. 1 200. 1 5. 7 14. 5	805. 2 233. 1 5. 3 17. 0	872. 1 209. 1 4. 5 17. 4	739. 2 235. 5 3. 8 14. 6	877. 7 279. 7 4. 3 19. 2	808. 1 315. 9 4. 6 16. 2	838. 5 338. 5 5. 2 19. 1	731. 4 295. 1 7. 3 17. 8	680. 5 233. 6 6. 3 16. 4	740. 5 182. 1 5. 4 16. 4	665. 0 138. 5 3. 6 14. 4	936.0 128.3 5.1 18.7	913. 9 211. 8 6. 8 16. 0	859. 2 229. 5 6. 7 17. 6	918. 0 7 249. 0	
Fresh joins, 8-12 lb. average (New York).doLard: Production, inspected slaughter	. 479 176. 5 120. 4 7 34. 7 . 133	35. 2	. 484 186. 8 101. 6 40. 4 . 120	. 469 165. 0 103. 4 38. 0 . 125	. 450 185. 3 104. 5 33. 6 . 128	. 429 176. 0 109. 2 42. 4 . 120	186.1 123.3 24.8 .123	168. 8 103. 5 50. 5 . 120	. 503 153. 3 96. 7 38. 2 , 120	158. 2 77. 3 34. 5 . 125	134. 1 73. 1 33. 6 . 133	201. 2 72. 7 20. 9 . 136	200. 7 93. 3 49. 4 . 131	188. 3 7 128. 4 15. 9 . 121	. 456 192. I 148. 2	. 426
r Revised. Preliminary.	. 100	1 .120	. 120	. 125	128				1 .120 63 data :				. 131	. 121	. 1	, 116

r Revised. P Preliminary.
1 Crop estimate for the year.
2 Quarterly average.
2 Old crop only: new grain not reported until beginning of new crop year (July for wheat).
4 Average based on months for which quotations are available.
5 No quotation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Beginning Jan. 1963, data are for 27 public markets.

<sup>7</sup> Beginning Feb. 1962, prices not strictly comparable with those for earlier periods; monthly average based on 11 months (Feb.-Dec.). †Revised series. • Choice only.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1961	1962			<del></del>			19	62						19	63
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mon avei		Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
FOO	D AN	ND KI	INDR	ED P	RODU	JCTS	<b>, TO</b>	BACC	юс	ontin	ued					
POULTRY AND EGGS				-										i		
Poultry: Slaughter (commercial production);mil. lb Stocks, cold storage (frozen), end of month, total	593	582	478	388	456	481	580	573	572	667	658	839	734	562	538	
Turkeys do Price, in Georgia producing area, live broilers	322 192	306 199	405 251	340 219	293 191	253 156	220 132	205 121	210 123	251 160	331 233	448 340	386 265	335 203	'328 '198	293 177
\$ per lb_	. 132	. 143	. 155	. 156	. 154	. 141	. 135	. 134	. 139	. 146	. 155	. 139	. 131	. 136	. 138	. 153
Eggs: Production on farmsmil_ cases⊙ Stocks, cold storage, end of month:	14.3	14.5	14.7	13.7	15.9	15. 6	15.8	14.6	14. 4	13. 9	13. 4	14.0	13. 9	14. 5	o 14.4	13. 4
Shellthous, cases⊙ Frozenmil, lb	162 81	186 82	29 49	38 40	56 48	52 60	322 85	397 111	343 122	250 120	227 113	236 98	162 77	117 61	r 64 r 47	31 38
Price, wholesale, extras, large (delivered; Chicago) \$ per doz	. 355	. 334	. 356	. 330	. 310	. 306	. 269	. 266	. 280	. 343	. 416	. 377	. 394	. 367	. 354	
MISCELLANEOUS FOOD PRODUCTS																
Cocoa (cacao) beans: Imports (incl. shells)thous. lg. tons Price, wholesale, Accra (New York)\$ per lb	28. 5 . 227	23. 8 . 208	30, 3 , 225	22. 3 . 195	25. 1 . 213	35. 7 . 208	28. 9 . 224	37.0 .208	39.0 . 205	22. 9 . 203	8, 0 . 200	10.0 . 201	11.6 . 209	14.7 .210	. 230	. 251
Coffee (green): Inventories (roasters', importers', dealers'), end of quarterthous, bagso	1 3, 034	<sup>1</sup> 3, 355	'		3,029			3, 050			3, 376			3, 964		
Roastings (green weight), quarterly totaldo	1 5, 574	1 5, 669			6,088			5, 307			5, 202			6,080		
Imports, totaldo From Brazildo Price, wholesale, Santos, No. 4 (New York)	1,866	2, 043 758	2, 295 1, 017	2, 312 862	1, 836 683	1, 865 638	2,032 731	1,550 523	1,679 580	1, 991 693	2,074 725	2,075 569	2, 281 940	2, 530 1, 135		
\$ per lb_ Confectionery, manufacturers' salesmil. \$	103	. 344 105	. 345 109	. 345 104	. 345 110	. 345 94	. 350 79	. 348 73	. 348 69	. <b>348</b> 95	. 340 141	. 340 143	. 338 134	. 340 106	. 340 114	. 338
Fish: Stocks, cold storage, end of monthmil. lb_ Sugar:	184	180	179	154	123	125	137	157	185	206	218	219	228	231	r202	176
Cuban stocks, raw, end of month thous. Spanish tons.	3,075	r 1, 362	1, 171	r 1, 821	1, 968	2,468	2, 458	2, 458	1,479	934	609	449	324	200	175	975
United States: Deliveries and supply (raw basis): Production and receipts:								{								
Production thous, sh. tons Entries from off-shore, total Q do Hawaii and Puerto Rico do	265 528 169	273 550 166	324 538 67	93 473 139	47 600 205	93 654 164	39 605 262	56 440 272	46 863 277	71 967 256	122 679 129	629 528 100	928 144 79	829 105 39	1, 558 83	
Deliveries, totaldo For domestic consumptiondo	808 801	821 813	625 618	603 596	848 841	706 <b>6</b> 96	833 824	960 952	892 883	1,078 1,067	860 850	833 827	778 773	835 828		
For export and livestock feeddo Stocks, raw and refined, end of month do Exports, raw and refinedsh. tons	1, 716 510	7 1, 598 259	$2,156 \\ 234$	1,974 202	1, 735 134	10 1,740 194	1,624 225	1, 567 270	9 1,315 194	12 898 336	10 836 555	1, 185 201	1, 893 268	7 7 2, 257 293	p 2, 080	
Imports: Raw sugar, total Qthous, sh. tons	338	362	230	185	326	316	494	363	469	308	400	429	481	338		
From Republic of the Philippinesdo Refined sugar, totaldodo	106	102 25	56 19	33 19	73 8	136 26	186 17	136 53	204 13	137 9	70 15	38 17	58 20	99 87		
Prices (New York): Raw, wholesale\$ per lb_Refined:	. 063	. 065	. 065	. 064	. 064	. 065	. 064	. 065	. 064	. 066	. 063	. 066	. 064	. 065	. 067	. 068
Retail\$\$ per 5 lb_ Wholesale (excl. exclse tax)\$ per 1b_	. 570	. 089	. 565 . 086	. 573 . 088	. 574 . 088	. 564 . 089	. 565 . 089	. 565	. 565 . 089	. 566 . 089	. 569 . 090	. 570 . 090	. 573	. 090	. 093	
Tea, importsthous. lb_	9, 111	10,808	11,202	9, 378	10, 800	11, 782	12, 747	8, 019	11,303	10, 245	10, 825	10,725	10, 128	12, 536		
Baking or frying fats (incl. shortening): Productionmil. lb_Stocks (producers' and warehouse), end of month	204.7	223.8	221.3	214. 5	214. 4	231.7	230. 8	227. 4	189. 0	242. 9	221. 2	253. 4	241.6	197. 9	211.2	
Salad or cooking oils: mil. lb	116.9	r 173. 8	125. 0	130.3	142.7	155.8	177. 9	217.3	201.1	199. 5	198. 4	187. 2	182.1	r 167. 9	180. 7	
Productiondo Stocks (producers' and warehouse), end of month mit. lb	177.0 154.2	211. 2 245. 0	181. 2 215. 6	195. 1 206. 9	235. 8	228. 4 242. 4	234. 9 254. 3	254. 6 272. 8	230. 9 264. 1	206. 1 253. 8	191.9 244.0	191. 2 240. 2	189. 0 248. 6	194. 7 r 274. 4	176. 6 325. 0	
Margarine: Productiondo	143.6	143.8	159. 8	140.6	142.9	135. 9	136. 1	129.6	125. 9	140.1	137.0	165. 1	155. 9	157.0	173.9	
Stocks (producers' and warehouse), end of month mil. lb. Price, wholesale (colored; mfr. to wholesaler or	38. 3	39.0	38. 3	37.7	38.3	37. 3	39.9	42.7	39. 3	38. 0	38. 5	37.8	40.3	39. <b>3</b>	49.0	
large retailer; delivered)\$ per lb FATS, OILS, AND RELATED PRODUCTS	. 268	r. 256	. 270	. 270	. 270	. 270	. 270	. 258	. 246	. 246	. 245	. 245	. 245	r.238	p. 238	
Animal and fish fats: △					}		ļ									
Tallow, edible:  Production (quantities rendered)mil. lb  Consumption in end productsdo  Stocks (factory and warehouse), end of month	36. 2 31. 4	35. 8 30. 7	37. 5 29. 6	39. 3 36. 0	35. 5 30. 5	33. 3 28. 6	40. 8 32. 9	36. 7 28. 4	33. 4 29. 5	38. 9 37. 5	32. 2 30. 1	35. 7 31. 9	34. 5 30. 0	32. 4 23. 1	38. 5 26. 0	
Tallow and grease (except wool), inedible:  Production (quantities rendered)do	26. 8 296. 2	25. 7 287. 8	25.9	25. 0	24. 2	23. 5	26.5	29.0	30.3	24.3	20.8	21.7	24.1	33.0	37.7	
Consumption in end productsdo Stocks (factory and warehouse), end of month	144.8	150.6	313. 6 155. 8	292. 1 138. 6	153. 3	274. 7 148. 4	305. 6 170. 9	288. 5 164. 3	274.6 120.3	295. 4 166. 6	152.7	297. 9 158. 1	295. 7 138. 5	269. 4 140. 1	305. 9 161. 8	
Fish and marine mammal oils: Productiondo	369. 4	384.6	410. 1	393. 1	425.0	412. 3 4. 9	358. 2 31, 1	340. 4 51. 8	381. 2 45. 1	366. 0 32. 5	364. 6 29. 7	370. 6 38. 3	396.8	396. 7	475.0	
Consumption in end productsdo Stocks (factory and warehouse), end of month	9. 3	8.2	8.3	7.9	8.4	8.3	9.0	9.3	7.6	7.8	7. 5	7.9	7. 7 8. 3	7.8	8.1	
mil. lb-	1 123.7	7 144.0	125.6	114.7	101.7	98. 3	130. 2	148. 2	166.7	149.7	161.9	170.4	1 178. 2	r 182. 4	I 165.6	·

r Revised. Preliminary. Beginning Jan. 1963, includes data for Alaska and Hawaii.
Quarterly average.
‡Revisions for Jan.-Aug. 1960 are shown in the Oct. 1961 Survey.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1961	1962						19	62						19	63
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS		nthly rage	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
FOO	D AN	ND K	INDR	ED P	RODI	UCTS	; TO	BACC	:ОС	ontin	ued					
FATS, OILS, AND RELATED PRODUCTS—Continued							1									
Vegetable oils and related products: Vegetable oils (total crude and refined): Exports	92. 6 47. 2	r 141. 4 55. 1	111.1 62.3	105. 0 37. 4	82. 6 49. 4	186, 1 53, 9	141. 0 51. 0	215. 4 41. 0	, 234. 0 38. 6	162. 1 57. 1	124. 2 55. 5	71. 6 70. 9	126. 4 72. 2	137. 5 71. 9		
Cocount oil:	41. 6 38. 6 54. 4	1 36. 9 44. 3 57. 5	38.0 39.9 54.6	38.8 39.8 51.4	41. 5 46. 9 61. 7	31. 9 45. 8 61. 6	28. 0 47. 0 60. 0	(2) 45. 5 62. 1	35. 6 36. 0 49. 3	30. 1 48. 5 64. 7	37. 7 47. 0 58. 0	44.3 45.5 61.2	43. 1 45. 6 54. 7	(2) 43. 8 51. 2	38.7 42.4 54.8	
Consumption in end productsdo. Stocks, crude and refined (factory and ware- house), end of monthmil. lb. Importsdo Corn oil:	313. 6 13. 6	243. 4 22. 1	307. 5 22. 0	291. 8 7. 6	285. 6 15. 3	269. 9 17. 9	245. 0 19. 0	218. 8 16. 0	220. 6 15. 5	209. 4 26. 1	206. 1 15. 5	203. 2 38. 2	219. 6 31. 3	242. 8 41. 4	240. 5	
Production: Crudedodo Refineddodo Consumption in end productsdo	28. 0 26. 8 26. 4	30. 4 29. 3 26. 6	28. 4 26. 7 22. 4	27.8 24.4 20.5	31. 5 26. 6 24. 0	31. 3 28. 7 24. 1	32. 3 29. 5 26. 7	32. 0 26. 8 28. 9	30. 3 28. 4 27. 1	33. 3 34. 8 32. 1	29. 6 28. 9 28. 5	32, 2 32, 4 29, 6	30. 3 32. 1 26. 6	26. 3 31. 8 28. 7	31. 0 30. 0 24. 1	
Stocks, crude and refined (factory and ware- house), end of month	34.6	48.7	36. 2	42.1	49. 5	54. 1	55. 9	51.9	52. 1	49. 5	49. 4	48.8	50. 5	44. 4	49.3	
Production	204. 0 168. 4	222. 5 118. 1 161. 5	299, 1 84, 9 219, 1	268. 5 113. 6 200. 7	242. 5 123. 4	192, 1 156, 9	130. 9 164. 0 98. 2	99. 9 155. 7 74. 9	85. 2 133. 9 63. 7	103. 2 94. 2 75. 1	237. 9 99. 5	348. 3 92. 9 243. 9	362. 9 99. 2 255. 4	300. 0 98. 5	322. 1 105. 2 228. 3	
Refined do Consumption in end products do Stocks, crude and refined (factory and warehouse).	125. 5 110. 7 335. 8	132. 4 108. 8 419. 6	160. 9 109. 2 434. 2	164. 3 106. 7 488. 7	162. 0 162. 0 117. 9 477. 5	142. 9 121. 5 513. 4	117. 4 112. 2 458. 4	91. 4 107. 8 401. 5	72. 8 98. 0 324. 4	75. 1 77. 8 107. 6 270. 7	113. 3 104. 1 296. 2	147. 6 115. 9 379. 5	175. 3 103. 4 460. 8	162. 5 101. 2	228. 5 171. 4 104. 3 598. 1	
end of month	. 186 35. 5	31.8	33, 3	33.4	30.6	31.7	23.3	20.9	. 165	27.1	. 158	49.0	39.9	33.8	<sup>p</sup> . 152	
Consumption in end products	31. 8 103. 0 . 142	31. 5 112. 5 . 142	27. 1 134. 9 . 152	25. 4 140. 6 . 152	32. 9 137. 0 . 152	34. 8 135. 3 . 152	35. 4 121. 2 . 151	36. 0 105. 4 . 147	35. 1 79. 3 . 145	35. 2 73. 2 . 138	31. 7 83. 8 . 131	31. 4 99. 7 . 126	27. 4 116. 6 . 129	25. 6 123. 4 . 127	28.6 130.9 p.127	
Soybean cake and meal: thous, sh, tons.  Stocks (at oil mills), end of monthdo  Soybean oil:	778. 4 147. 2	867.8 r 86. 5	946. 7 101. 4	841. 1 89. 2	899. 1 91. 2	840. 3 96. 0	891. 4 101. 8	794. 0 88. 0	807. 7 91. 2	799. 0 72. 9	709. 2 85. 1	914. 8 68. 3	988. 2 64. 4	981. 9 r 88. 8	987. 2 99. 3	 
Production: Crudemil.lb. Refineddo Consumption in end productsdo	370. 2 299. 4 288. 7	407. 4 338. 9 340. 6	442. 4 341. 5 323. 2	395. 0 312. 1 304. 0	422. 7 351. 7 347. 9	397. 4 318. 1 340. 5	425, 4 352, 7 352, 1	376. 6 364. 9 378. 7	383. 9 314. 5 337. 0	379. 7 339. 9 342. 8	334. 4 318. 1 331. 7	428. 6 369. 0 365. 1	452. 3 355. 2 344. 2	450. 4 329. 6 320. 2	456. 2 348. 8 328. 0	
Stocks, crude and refined (factory and warehouse), end of month	704. 5 . 157	791. 6 . 133	933, 3 . 148	959, 2 , 145	956. 4 . 142	924.6 . 141	930. 4 . 133	808.8 .128	763. 3 . 122	686. 7 . 125	607. 0 . 123	581. 3 . 130	629. 8 . 129	718. 1 . 128	708. 4 P. 134	
Leaf: Production (crop estimate)	<sup>3</sup> 2,061 <sup>4</sup> 4,580	<sup>3</sup> 2, 261 4 4, 693			4, 737			4, 331	 		4,605			5, 099		
Exports, incl. scrap and stemsthous. lb Imports, incl. scrap and stemsdo Manufactured: Production (smoking, chewing, snuff)do	14,750 13,870 14,429	7 39,073 13, 968	19, 756 15, 710 14, 335	23,716 14,182 12,880	28, 491 13, 773 7 14, 773	30, 767 13, 945 13, 988	29, 215 15, 054 15, 033	38, 835 12, 404 *14, 094	34, 625 12, 281 12, 346	7 34,932 14,123 15,926	777,051 12,785	45, 907 14, 830 16, 499	52,993 18, 187 14, 337	52, 588 10, 335 11, 212		
Consumption (withdrawals):           Ciscarettes (small):           Tax-exempt         millions           Taxable         do           Cigars (large), tayable         do	3, 296 40, 677	3, 422 41, 205	3, 299 41, 114	3, 283 35, 836	3, 528 42, 645	3, 225 38, 592	3, 725 45, 094	3, 537 41, 294	3, 208 39, 377	3, 625 47, 303	3, 245 40, 466	3, 221 45, 461	3, 661 42, 546	3, 514 34, 734		
Cigars (large), taxabledo Manufactured tobacco, taxablethous. lb Exports, cigarettesmillions_	7 14,123	13, 770 2, 007	490 714,045 1,861	432 11, 754 1, 982	513 14, 085 2, 097	13, 849 2, 166	623 714, 646 1, 880	14, 200 2, 119	12, 766 1, 902	596 15, 031 2, 062	13, 333 2, 188	622 15,711 1,217	13, 863 2, 155	336 11, 953 2, 451		
		1	LEA	THEI	R AN	D PR	ODU	CTS	ı	1	1		1	i		
HIDES AND SKINS  Exports:  Value, total 9thous, \$ Calf and kip skinsthous, skins.	7, 179 r 209	7 6, 909 171 509	7,880 116 704	5, 514 179	6, 304 237 515	5, 677 212 459	6, 957 184	7,944 180	7, 518 116	8, 506 135 773	6, 746 217	6, 843 171	7, 504 184	5, 510 125		
Cattle hides	5, 357 2, 325 1, 228	5,536 2,290 1,198	5, 296 2, 330 1, 109	7,615 3,122 1,601	9, 111 5, 853 1, 463	6, 035 1, 687 1, 512	572 7, 067 3, 386 1, 202	5, 991 2, 782 1, 278	690 4, 921 1, 115 982	5, 172 2, 070 1, 375	3, 979 1, 159 913	581 4, 398 2, 052 954	3, 492 1, 103 992	3, 361 823 989		
Frices, wholesale (f.o.b. shipping point): Calfskins, packer, heavy, 9½/15lb\$ per lb Hides, steer, heavy, native, over 53 lbdo	p.631 p.150	p. 623 p. 152	. 675 . 148	. 700 . 138	. 700 . 138	. 650 . 143	. 650 . 158	. 625 . 163	. 575 . 153	.600	. 625 . 168	. 575 . 163	. 550 . 153	. 550 . 138	». 500 ». 133	
LEATHER Production:									1							
Calf and whole kip thous, skins. Cattle hide and side kip thous, hides and kips. Goat and kid thous, skins. Sheep and lamb do	533 1, 895 1, 239 2, 658	498 1,879 1,162 2,550	588 1, 947 1, 326 2, 462	510 1, 893 1, 049 2, 570	489 1, 913 1, 133 2, 330	505 1,852 1,100 2,421	472 1,999 1,211 2,806	513 1, 882 1, 241 2, 643	380 1,533 1,133 1,992	537 1,994 967 2,809	452 1, 795 1, 049 2, 435	531 2, 090 1, 334 2, 855	532 1, 915 1, 257 2, 855	472 1,733 1,134 2,427		
Exports:  Glove and garment leatherthous, sq. ft Upper and lining leatherdo Prices, wholesale: Sole, bends, light, f.o.b. tannery\$ per lb	5, 244 4, 291 p. 707	3, 502 3, 019 p. 711	3, 438 3, 153	3, 163 2, 821 . 710	2, 951 3, 232 . 713	3, 557 3, 113	3, 506 2, 499	3, 950 3, 387	2, 249 2, 933 . 710	2, 828 3, 105	3, 698 2, 930	4, 196 2, 284	3, 879 2, 873 717	4, 615 3, 893	p. 697	
Cyper, chrome call, B and C grades, f.o.b. tannery	⊅ 1. 401	ν 1. 326	1. 380	1. 380	1. 330	1, 323 ¶Da	1. 357 ta formei	1. 350   rly show	1.333 n in mil. ems not s	1. 337 lb.	1. 337			» 1. 220		

Crop estimate for the year. 4 Quarterly average.

VI.1	1961	1962						19	62		<del> </del>				19	<del></del>
Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mon	thly rage	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
		LEAT	HER	AND	PRO	DUC'	TS(	Conti	nued						<u> </u>	1
LEATHER MANUFACTURES																
Shoes and slippers:† Production, total thous, pairs. Shoes, sandals, and play shoes, except athletic thous, pairs. Slippers for housewear do Athletic do do	49, 442 42, 303 6, 081 553	51, 617 44, 011 6, 326 560	55, 900 50, 025 4, 930 464	53, 037 47, 066 4, 943 562	58, 577 51, 497 5, 811 709	51, 975 45, 374 5, 161 728	52, 498 44, 465 6, 615 588	49, 507 41, 784 6, 511 584	46, 322 39, 833 5, 550 352	59, 295 49, 275 8, 585 575	48, 935 39, 540 7, 829 499	53, 652 43, 308 8, 702 590	47, 244 38, 570 7, 375 586	42, 465 37, 391 3, 906 489	53, 457 48, 485 4, 084 465	
Other footweardo  Exportsdo Prices, wholesale, f.o.b. factory:derival both side of side of the control	505 179	720 - 177	481 106	466 166	560 202	712 192	830 191	628 159	587 131	860 206	1, 067 197	1,052 215	713 201	679 154	423	
upper, Goodyear welt 1957-59 = 100.  Women's oxfords, elk side upper, Goodyear welt 1957-59 = 100.  Women's pumps, low-medium quality do	105. 5 108. 1 110. 2	105. 6 107. 8 111. 2	105. 8 108. 3 111. 1	105. 8 108. 3 110. 9	105. 8 108. 3 111. 0	105. 8 108. 3 111. 1	105. 8 108. 3 111. 1	105. 8 108. 3 110. 9	105. 8 108. 3 111. 2	105.8 108.3 111.1	105. 8 108. 3 111. 4	105. 1 106. 5 111. 5	105. 1 106. 5 111. 4	105. 1 106. 5 111. 8	105. 1 106. 5 110. 9	1
		L	UMBI	ER A	ND M	IANU	FACT	URE	S			<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	!
LUMBER-ALL TYPES‡														<u> </u>	ļ	1
National Lumber Manufacturers Association: Production, totalmil. bd. ft Hardwoodsdo Softwoodsdo_	2, 654 497 2, 157	2, 740 536 2, 204	2, 109 314 1, 795	2, 459 432 2, 027	2, 678 417 2, 261	2, 670 461 2, 209	3, 020 524 2, 496	2, 825 554 2, 271	2, 649 552 2, 097	3, 164 633 2, 531	2, 911 620 2, 291	3, 088 642 2, 446	2, 839 673 2, 166	2, 473 614 1, 859	2, 603 603 2, 000	
Shipments, total	2, 705 536 2, 170	2, 758 530 2, 227	2, 244 419 1, 825	2,537 530 2,007	2,830 506 2,324	2,837 520 2,317	3, 157 528 2, 629	2, 944 519 2, 425	2, 682 491 2, 191	3, 058 535 2, 523	2,712 533 2,179	2, 931 563 2, 368	2,728 620 2,108	2, 431 602 1, 829	2, 579 594 1, 985	
Stocks (gross), mill, end of month, totaldododo	7, 001 1, 863 5, 138	6, 292 1, 488 4, 804	6, 642 1, 537 5, 105	6, 520 1, 439 5, 081	6, 369 1, 350 5, 019	6, 215 1, 291 4, 924	6, 073 1, 287 4, 786	5, 955 1, 324 4, 631	5, 934 1, 385 4, 549	6, 037 1, 483 4, 554	6, 202 1, 537 4, 665	6, 454 1, 720 4, 734	6, 509 1, 723 4, 786	6, 596 1, 779 4, 817	6, 590 1, 788 4, 802	
Exports, total sawmill productsdo [mports, total sawmill productsdo	r 63 355	r 63 409	r 63 284	54 351	70 400	58 436	7 78 457	66 468	64 482	57 490	59 408	58 474	68 357	64 301		ŧ.
SOFTWOODS;  Douglas fir: Orders, newmil. bd. ft. Orders, unfilled, end of monthdo	640 471	672 498	653 508	618 577	679 504	717 534	757 511	741 500	628 504	721 481	595 445	697 460	628 441	629 507	675 570	
Production	642 640 1, 126	655 665 993	588 565 1, 122	626 573 1, 131	706 732 1,105	677 688 1, 108	727 780 1, 050	661 752 958	581 624 927	714 744 893	632 631 894	696 681 886	681 647 914	576 563 928	657 612 943	
Exports, total sawmill products do. Sawed timber do. Boards, planks, scantlings, etc. do. Prices, wholesale: Dimension, construction, dried, 2" x 4", R. L.	23 10 12	26 10 17	27 11 16	18 7 11	35 14 22	26 12 14	30 15 15	24 8 15	28 9 18	26 8 18	22 9 13	27 9 18	27 7 20	26 8 18		
$per M \ bd. \ tt$ Flooring, C and better, F. G., 1" x 4", R. L.  \$per M \ bd. \ ft Southern pine:	78. 43 124. 21 474	78.65 122.52 503	75. 23 120.18 431	76.18 119.98 507	77. 88 120. 41 543	78. 46 120. 41 523	79. 03 120. 58 537	78. 90 120. 10 505	81, 29 122, 18 502	81. 50 123. 31 546	81, 39 124, 73	79. 41 125. 98 542	77. 81 125. 98 480	76, 66 7126.44 366	p 77. 80 p 127.43 460	
Orders, new mil. bd. ft. Orders, unfilled, end of month do Production do Shipments do	224 467 472	255 503 500	221 439 395	271 476 457	283 517 531	292 495 514	572 593	519 527	251 495 515	246 560 551	503 249 498 500	243 551 548	231 493 492	225 416 372	243 474	
Stocks (gross), mill and concentration yards, end of month. mil. bd. ft.  Exports, total sawmill products. M bd. ft.  Sawed timber. do  Boards, planks, scantlings, etc. do  Prices, wholesale, (indexes):	1, 360 5, 827 1, 342 4, 486	1, 366 6, 325 1, 571 4, 754	1, 396 4, 892 1, 389 3, 503	1, 415 8, 924 1, 381 7, 543	1, 401 5, 299 1, 700 3, 599	1, 382 6, 777 1, 634 5, 143	1, 361 9, 398 4, 367 5, 031	1, 353 6, 615 1, 944 4, 671	1, 333 5, 801 1, 787 4, 014	1, 342 5, 932 811 5, 121	1, 340 6, 941 2, 234 4, 707	1, 343 3, 880 300 3, 580	1,344 5,543 637 4,906	1, 388 5, 898 673 5, 225	1,420	
Boards, No. 2 and better, 1" x 6", R. L. 1957-59=100 Flooring, B and better, F. G., 1" x 4", S. L. 1957-59=100	92. 7 95. 3	93. 1 94. 6	93. 7 94. 3	93. 6 94. 3	94. 1 94. 3	94. 4 94. 5	94. 6 94. 4	94. 4 94. 6	93, 5 94, 3	92.3 94.7	91. 9 94. 8	91. 8 95. 1	91. 6 95. 2	91. 1 94. 9	90. 9 94. 6	1
Western pine: Orders, newmil. bd. ft Orders, unfilled, end of monthdo	758 358	769 400	709 380	781 441	764 467	782 461	881 435	809 437	783 445	805 366	742 354	817 358	654 314	698 345	713 403	
Production         do           Shipments         do           Stocks (gross), mill, end of month         do           Price, wholesale, Ponderosa, boards, No. 3, 1" x           12" R. L. (6' and over)         \$ per M bd, ft	749 759 1, 858 69. 63	758 766 1,679 r 67.43	530 640 1, 766 64. 61	657 720 1,703 65.69	725 738 1,690 67.38	728 788 1,630 70.91	868 907 1, 591 71, 49	784 807 1, 568 69. 59	759 775 1, 552 69. 08	928 884 1,596 67.76	871 754 1, 713 66, 03	871 813 1, 771 66, 25	715 697 1, 789 65, 15	657 667 1,779 r 65.26	604 655 1, 728 p 65. 26	
HARDWOOD FLOORING																
Flooring: Maple, beech, and birch: Orders, new mil. bd. ft Orders, unfilled, end of month do Production do Shipments. do Stocks (gross), mill, end of month do Oak:	3. 1 11. 3 3. 1 3. 0 8. 7	3. 1 10. 5 2. 7 2. 9 7. 9	2. 9 10. 5 3. 0 2. 3 9. 8	2. 6 10. 8 2. 6 2. 4 10. 0	3.0 11.1 2.8 2.6 10.2	2.7 11.0 2.4 2.6 10.0	4. 0 11. 3 2. 8 3. 5 9. 0	4. 6 11. 6 3. 0 4. 0 8. 2	3. 2 11. 0 2. 7 3. 4 7. 0	3. 4 10. 1 3. 0 3. 5 6. 2	2. 3 9. 7 2. 5 2. 6 6. 1	3. 0 9. 7 2. 9 3. 0 6. 0	3. 0 9. 6 2. 6 2. 8 6. 0	2.4 9.8 2.6 2.0 6.3	3. 0 10. 5 2. 8 2. 4 6. 8	
Orders, new	64. 2 35. 6 65. 5 65. 4 100. 8	65. 7 42. 8 65. 0 65. 9 75. 2	57. 9 35. 5 60. 6 53. 7 100. 4	65. 5 43. 8 57. 7 57. 2 98. 3	65. 4 49. 3 64. 4 62. 7 96. 9	66. 6 51. 1 57. 2 63. 6 88. 4	72. 7 49. 9 66. 8 74. 6 80. 7	68. 9 47. 6 66. 1 70. 9 74. 8	67. 3 46. 9 63. 5 68. 2 68. 9	80. 9 46. 3 77. 9 81. 6 64. 6	69. 8 43. 6 66. 2 69. 7 59. 4	66. 6 38. 0 77. 2 75. 0 59. 9	60. 2 32. 4 68. 8 64. 9 61. 5	47. 0 29. 4 54. 0 49. 1 48. 5	33. 3 67. 4 63. 8	

Revised. Preliminary. †Revisions for 1960-Sept. 1961 appear in Census report (M31A(61)-13).

<sup>‡</sup> Revisions will be shown later as follows: Production, shipments, and orders, 1959-Oct. 1961; stocks, 1948-Oct. 1961; exports, total sawmill products, 1961.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1961	1962		1		<del></del>	<del></del>	190	52 	<del></del> ,				;	19	63
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mon avei		Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
		M	[ETA]	LS A	ND M	IANU	FACT	URE	$\mathbf{s}$							
IRON AND STEEL																1
Foreign trade:  Iron and steel products (excl. advanced mfs. and ferroalloys):																
Exports, total 9 &thous, sh, tons_ Steel mill productsdo Scrap &do	1, 018 166 7 809	615 168 426	652 180 445	550 169 357	549 153 7 378	551 149 385	740 150 560	620 158 445	470 140 313	704 214 461	7 902 204 7 674	532 142 380	572 189 363	536 164 354	53	
Imports, total ♀ ♂	329 262 21	423 342 22	377 332 22	321 282 17	392 340 16	370 325 16	509 413 13	475 364 19	520 395 66	505 375 15	374 285 15	406 325 20	450 353 23	384 311 20	234	
Iron and Steel Scrap Production and receipts, totalthous, sh. tons	5, 315	5, 494	6, 214	6, 230	6, 805	6,078	5, 547	4, 938	4,325	4, 890	4,706	5,530	5, 415	5, 251	\ <u></u>	
Home scrap produceddodododododo	3, 206 2, 109	3, 387 2, 107	3, 941 2, 273	3, 811 2, 419	4, 280 2, 525	3, 834 2, 244	3, 419 2, 128	3,058 1,880	2,640 1,685	3,046 1,845	2,985 $1,721$	$3,241 \\ 2,289$	3, 252 2, 163	3, 138 2, 113	•••••	
Consumption, totaldo tocks, consumers', end of modo Prices, steel scrap, No. 1 heavy melting:	5, 361 8, 651	5, 513 8, 844	6, 531 8, 456	6, 183 8, 506	6, 777 8, 5 <b>34</b>	5, 924 8, 689	5, 167 9, 068	4, 862 9, 196	4, 243 9, 276	4, 967 9, 199	5,025 8,884	5, 509 8, 916	5, 517 8, 807	5, 454 8, 592		
Composite (5 markets) \$\)\$ per lg. ton_Pittsburgh districtdo	36, 64 35, 00	<sup>p</sup> 28. 12 <sup>p</sup> 29. 00	37. 67 39. 00	36, 25 38, 00	31. 98 33. 00	30. 18 32. 00	26. 14 28. 00	24. 13 26. 00	24. 59 26. 00	26. 86 29. 00	26, 39 27, 00	24. 38 25. 00	23. 58 23. 50	7 25, 25 26, 50	p 25.62 p 28.00	
ron ore (operations in all U.S. districts):  Mine production:  thous. lg. tons.  Shipments from mines:  do	5, 983 6, 033 2, 151	6, 054 5, 859 2, 813	3, 911 1, 687 1, 777	3, 514 1, 465 1, 588	4, 016 1, 546 2, 061	4, 590 3, 509 2, 718	9, 482 10, 302 3, 723	9, 617 11, 117 4, 275	9, 050 11, 039 4, 041	9, 061 9, 811 3, 049	7, 495 8, 108 3, 536	7 5, 580 7 7, 074 3, 054	3, 225 3, 454 2, 476	3, 107 1, 198 1, 461		
U.S. and foreign ores and ore agglomerates:  Receipts at iron and steel plantsdo  Consumption at iron and steel plantsdo	7, 759 8, 143	8, 121 8, 041	3, 230 10, 316	3, 139 9, 696	3.718 10,623	5, 084 9, 621	13, 005 7, 974	13, 564 6, 758	13, 457 5, 965	12. 228 6, 670	10, 543 6, 764	10,364 7,268	6, 375 7, 366	2, 789 7, 552	2,379 8,278	
Exports ofdododododo	r 81, 930	76, 438	131 75, 645	79 70, 946	41 65, 985	362 62, 070	625 66, 349	853 71, 914	1, 222 77, 861	836 82, 941	654 86, 654	447 87,495	386 86, 171	83, 221		
At mines $\sigma$ do At furnace yardsdo At U.S. docksdo	715, 873 59, 790 6, 267	15, 378 55, 273 5, 787	14, 055 55, 572 6, 018	16, 107 49, 015 5, 824	18, 559 42, 110 5, 316	19,643 37,573 4,854	18, 820 42, 591 4, 938	17, 326 49, 405 5, 183	15, 364 56, 928 5, 569	14,611 62,472 5,858	13, 997 66, 250 6, 407	11,553 69,367 6,575	11, 324 68, 376 6, 471	13, 179 63, 613 6, 429	57, 720	1
Manganese (mn. content), general imports o'_do	86	79	75	105	99	104	103	87	72	71	69	85	33	41		
Pig iron and Iron Products																
Production (excl. blast furnace production of fer- roalloys) thous, sh. tons	5, 393 5, 483	5, 477 5, 550	6, 833 6, 996	6, 421 6, 576	7, 106 7, 198	6, 425 6, 392	5, 458 5, 304	4, 582 4, 605	4, 211 4, 167	4, 586 4, 757	4, 659 4, 825	5,009 5,213	5,094 5,207	5, 337 5, 356	5, 584	
Stocks (consumers' and suppliers'), end of mo. thous, sh. tons	3, 250	3, 178	3, 101	2, 961	2, 949	3,079	3, 276	3, 345	3, 443	3, 368	3, 266	3, 150	3, 075	3, 125	<b> </b>	
Prices:         Composite	65. 95 66. 00 66. 50	65. 46 65. 50 66. 00	65, 95 66, 00 66, 50	65, 95 66, 00 66, 50	65, 95 66, 00 66, 50	65, 95 66, 00 66, 50	65, 95 66, 00 6 6, 50	65, 95 66, 00 66, 50	65, 95 66, 00 66, 50	65, 95 66, 00 66, 50	65. 95 66. 00 66. 50	65. 95 66. 00 66. 50	63, 08 63, 00 63, 50	62. 95 63. 00 63. 50	62. 95 p 63. 00 p 63. 50	
Castings, gray iron: Orders, unfilled, for sale, end of mo. thous. sh. tons	653	680	673	681	719	704	674	628	643	660	727	695	669	693	<b> </b>	
Shipments, totalo'dodo For saleo'dododo	902 514	963 527	981 512	924 474	1,061 563	1, 021 544	1,046 572	990 553	800 452	882 551	922 523	1,045 581	988 535	892 464		
Orders, unfilled, for sale, end of mo. thous. sh. tons	56	73	70	69	71	72	70	69	73	72	76	74	79 77	82		
Shipments, totaldododododo	60 36	72	75 43	70 40	76 42	74 50	80	74	57	66	68	81 47	45	70 39		
Steel, Crude, Semifinished, and Finished Steel ingots and steel for castings:																
Production thous, sh, tons  Index 1957-59=100 Steel castings:	8, 168 100. 9	8, 194 101. 2	10, 353 125. 5	9, 698 130. 1	10, 584 128, 3	9, 236 115, 7	7, 536 91. 3	6, 692 83. 8	6, 174 74. 8	7, 098 86. 0	7, 251 90. 8	7, 781 94. 3	7,846 98.3	8, 080 97. 9	* 8,391 * 101.7	
Orders unfilled for sale and of me *	153	183 119	200	198	189	206	190	172	176	173	167	171	175	181 109		
Shipments, total do Steel forgings (for sale):		93	119 93	126 100	149 112	130 102	136 107	127 101	97 75	111 87	104 80	112 89	106 83	86		
Orders, unfilled, end of mo do Shipments, total do Drop and upset do do	274 99 73	308 113 86	340 114 85	356 118 83	345 132 103	331 122 92	311 123 94	299 122 94	302 97 72	301 109 84	280 101 77	271 116 89	277 108 83	282 97 74		
steel products, net shipments: Total (all grades)do	5, 510	5,879	6, 906	6,626	7,699	6, 783	6, 183	5, 360	4, 505	5, 402	5, 125	5, 579	5, 499	5, 001	5, 731	
Semifinished productsdo Structural shapes (heavy), steel pilingdo Platesdo	212 395 496	231 395 522	276 402 648	289 392 612	325 473 720	262 434 639	220 431 567	188 402 453	177 351 381	197 409 438	194 351 430	217 394 453	225 375 483	211 330 460	236 354 484	
Rails and accessoriesdo Bars and tool steel, totaldo	70 839	86 916	94 1,028	102 986	136 1, 164	113 1, 048	106 980	87 830	70 701	60 854	54 824	68 915	73 881	68 778	71 878	
Bars: Hot rolled (incl. light shapes)do	532 204 98	597 199 112	707 174 137	682 159 136	823 179 152	698 211 130	624 226 122	500 222 101	413 204 78	516 232 99	522 205 91	570 233 104	584 187 103	531 147 93	144	
Cold finisheddo Pipe and tubingdo Wire and wire productsdo	589 253	592 259	506 260	534 261	657 313	660 302	663 295	676 273	600 209	723 253	623 249	595 266	485 238	394 199	439 237	
Tin mill productsdo Sheets and strip (incl. electrical), totaldo	510 2, 147	505 2, 373	614 3,080	548 2, 903	691 3, 219	532 2, 794	564 2, 356	587 1, 862	506 1,509	571 1, 897	453 1,947	376 2, 297	337 2, 401	303 2, 257	2,491	
Sheets: Hot rolleddo	1,013	1,126	846 1,555	783 1, 406	871 1,566	738 1, 371	1, 128	504 822	421 669	530 829	531 875	1, 077	671 1,148	1, 090	1, 208	
Consumers (manufacturers only) mil. sh. tons Receipts during month do	_	. p 4. 3	10. 2 5. 1	11.0 4.9	12.0 5.6	12. 4 4. 9	12.1 4.5	11.4 3.9	10.9 3.5	10. 5 3. 9	9. 9 3. 7	9. 2 4. 1	8. 9 3. 9	8.7 3.9	8.9 4.5	
Consumption during monthdo Warehouses (merchant wholesalers)do Producing mills:	_	3.4	4. 3 3. 4	4. 1 3. 5	4. 6 3. 6	4. 5 3. 6	4.8 3.6	4. 6 3. 5	4. 0 3. 5	4. 3 3. 4	4. 3 3. 3	4. 8 3. 2			3.2	
In process (ingots, semifinished, etc.)do Finished (sheets, plates, bars, pipe, etc.).do	_	. 6.9	8. 5 7. 3	8. 5 7. 5	7. 9 7. 5	7. 6 7. 5	7.1 7.0	6. 7 6. 8	6.8 6.6	6. 5 6. 5	6.8	6. 7 6. 3	6. 7 6. 4	7. 2 6. 8	6.8	
Steel, finished, composite price\$ per lb- Revised. * Preliminary. Q Includes data	_1 .0698	. 0698	-	l .0698	.0698	1 .0698		l . 0698 pecified h	. 0698		.0698		. 0698	. 0698		1 ,0

totals for the specified holders of steel mill shapes; stocks held by nonmanufacturing industri are not shown. Consumers' operations include fabricating activities of steel produci companies. For warehouses, data are derived from value of inventories.

r Revised. r Preliminary. Q Includes data not shown separately. Scattered revisions for 1959-61 are available upon request.
\*New series (Bureau of the Census). Data for steel mill inventories represent industry

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1961	1962						19	62						19	63
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mon ave	thly rage	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
	MJ	ETAL	S AN	D MA	NUF	ACTU	JRES	Cor	ıtinu	ed						
IRON AND STEEL-Continued	-														,	
Steel, Manufactured Products																
Fabricated structural steel:       0rders, new (net)	343 318 2, 723	$302 \\ 322 \\ 2,624$	314 284 2, 596	276 289 2, 487	221 327 2, 481	274 312 2, 414	294 357 2, 352	292 349 2, 406	239 308 2, 357	289 367 2, 301	326 314 2, 316	301 357 2, 351	324 315 2, 475	478 282 2, 624	328 235 2, 609	
Barrels and drums, steel, heavy types (for sale): Orders, unfilled, end of mothous Shipmentsdo Cans (tinplate), shipments (metal consumed),	1, 521 1, 834	1, 404 1, 947	1, 491 1, 887	1, 482 1, 774	1, 568 2, 063	1, 438 1, 945	1, 425 2, 259	1, 460 2, 240	1,402 1,992	1, 331 2, 079	1, 421 1, 850	1, 277 1, 924	1, 266 1, 816	1, 285 1, 537		
total for sale and own use‡	418	431	334	320	379	395	462	478	512	630	569	437	333	318	~ <b>~~</b>	
NONFERROUS METALS AND PRODUCTS						!										
Aluminum: Production, primary (dom. and foreign ores)																
thous. sh. tons_ Estimated recovery from scrapdo Imports (general):	158.6 1 28.2	176. 5 p 1 38. 0	170. 1 41. 0	157. 7 43. 0	177. 4 48. 0	173. 7 50. 0	184. 2 52. 0	179, 1 52, 0	184. 1 41. 0	168, ! 46, 0	176. 2 46. 0	185. 2 52. 0	179. 7 51. 0	182. 4 47. 0		
Metal and alloys, crude do.  Plates, sheets, etc. do.  Exports, metal and alloys, crude do.	16. 6 4. 1 10. 7	25.3 5.2 r 12.6	17. 3 5. 0 23. 4	13. 5 5. 4 10. 2	18. 9 5. 3 12. 2	19. 9 9. 0 10. 4	30. 0 6. 1 9. 7	33. 0 6. 0 10. 3	38, 9 5, 2 12, 7	27. 3 5. 3 10. 3	29. 8 4. 0 17. 1	27. 7 4. 4 11. 5	25. 7 4. 4 9. 7	22. 2 2. 3 13. 8		
Stocks, primary (at reduction plants), end of nio. thous. sh. tons Price, primary ingot, 99.5% min	258. 2 . 2546	153. 1 . 2388	198. 4 . 2400	190.8 . 2400	170. 7 . 2400	154. 5 . 2400	137, 8 . 2400	132.6 . 2400	131. 7 . 2400	130, 8 , 2400	148. 3 . 2400	148. 1 . 2400	152.9 . 2400	140. 1 . 2254	154. 4 . 2250	. 2250
Aluminum shipments:  Mill products and pig and ingot (net) ‡ mil. lb.  Mill products, total ‡	403. 4 278. 8 124. 4 63. 5	464. 2 317. 4 142. 4 77. 3	429. 4 296. 9 133. 9 79. 8	429. 0 292. 2 134. 3 73. 6	516. 5 344. 1 159. 0 81. 2	474. 1 315. 9 142. 2 78. 8	499. 0 354. 3 160. 4 83. 3	506, 6 347, 5 158, 8 77, 4	449. 2 320. 4 144. 3 60. 7	443. 8 319. 9 137. 6 74. 3	436. 0 293. 9 126. 3 74. 5	477. 3 324. 5 143. 5 85. 6	473. 4 318. 5 139. 6 82. 9	436. 4 280. 7 129. 3 75. 5		
Copper:         Production:           Production:         Mine, recoverable copper	97. 1 129. 2 98. 4 30. 8 21. 9	102. 3 134. 3 101. 2 33. 1 22. 7	103. 8 134. 7 103. 5 31. 2 21. 5	101. 3 136. 7 103. 7 33. 0 18. 0	109. 5 146. 1 107. 9 38. 2 23. 9	109. 5 126. 5 98. 6 27. 9 22. 3	113.8 146.1 109.3 36.8 24.9	102. 8 145. 8 109. 1 36. 7 25, 2	91. 5 124. 5 90. 9 33. 6 21. 0	93. 8	89. 9 <sup>2</sup> 249. 3 <sup>2</sup> 186. 3 <sup>2</sup> 62. 9 <sup>2</sup> 46. 8	106.1 132.3 101.4 30.9 25.8	104. 2 142. 0 104. 1 37. 9 22. 4	101. 9 127. 9 99. 5 28. 4 21. 1	99. 5 121. 6 107. 1 14. 6 22. 8	
Imports (general): Refined, unrefined, scrap⊕‡dodododo	38. 4 5. 6	40. 1 8. 2	50. 2 6. 2	32. 3 6. 9	54. 1 6. 2	16. 9 5. 9	64. 6 5. 3	41. 4 6. 9	47. 0 8. 1	22. 5 7. 3	28. 3 5. 3	62. 6 14. 1	21. 5 6. 4	39. 9 20. 2	26. 2 7. 6	1
Exports: Refined, scrap, brass and bronze ingotst.do Refineddo Consumption, refined (by mills, etc.)do	7 48. 4 7 35. 7 124. 0	r 32. 1 r 28. 0 r 134. 2	7 39. 8 7 34. 1 134. 7	38. 4 31. 7 125. 4	33. 9 27. 7 151. 0	30. 8 26. 2 138. 8	30. 2 27. 2 142. 6	37. 5 34. 6 142. 9	26. 3 22. 9 95. 8	32. 0 27. 4 137. 6	32. 3 28. 2 132. 9	23. 1 20. 0 146. 1	24.0 21.2 140.6	37. 5 35. 4 121. 8	13. 9 12. 7 147. 6	
Stocks, refined, end of mo., totaldo Fabricators'do Price, bars, electrolytic (N.Y.)\$ per lb	187. 7 105. 1 . 2992	<sup>p</sup> 177. 5 <sup>p</sup> 102. 0 . 3060	150. 5 92. 0 . 3060	157. 5 98. 9 . 3060	155. 9 102. 2 . 3060	142. 4 96. 8 . 3060	153, 3 98, 4 , 3060	157. 1 102. 5 . 3060	206. 8 121. 1 . 3060	204. 2 105. 4 . 3060	194, 4 104, 0 , 3060	205.9 100.3 . 3060	201. 1 100. 8 . 3060	201. 2 7 102. 0 . 3060	*200. 0 *104. 6 . 3060	. 3060
Copper-base mill and foundry products, shipments (quarterly avg. or total): Copper mill (brass mill) productsmil. lb Copper wire mill productsdo Brass and bronze foundry productsdo	517 388 212	7 578 7 409 7 229			581 402 235			607 422 242	7 (0) (1) (1) (1)		535 390 212	 		r 590 r 422 r 227		
Lead: Production: Mine, recoverable lead⊙thous, sh. tons Secondary, estimated recoverable⊕do	21. 8 37. 7	19, 8 36, 9	22. 9 36. 7	22. 1 37. 2	23. 8 37. 1	24. 1 35. 5	25, 1 37, 7	24. 1 36. 6	21. 3 31. 8	16. 8 35. 7	13. 9 37. 3	14. 8 40. 7	14. 4 40. 2	14. 2 36. 7		
Imports (general), ore⊕, metal‡do Consumption, total⊙do	33. 7 85. 6	33. 4 90. 1	39. 2 96. 1	30. 6 85. 4	45. 7 88. 0	36. 3 83. 8	33. 8 91. 9	30. 9 87. 6	23. 2 77. 2	33. 8 93. 1	36. 3 89. 2	38. 9 103. 8	26. 3 94. 4	25. 7 90. 2		
Stocks, end of year or mo.:  Producers', ore, base bullion, and in process  (ABMS)thous. sh. tons	100. 6	91.0	90. 7	93.6	93.0	88.3	95. 1	94. 3	96. 5	87.4	87. 7	95. 1	91. 1	91.0	88. 1	
Refiners' (primary), refined and antimonial thous, sh. tonsdodo	205. 6 99. 1	144. 6 90. 7	207. 2 93. 7	200, 0 101, 3	203. 6 104. 3	199. 7 106. 7	193. 7 106. 6	188. 4 106. 0	191. 1 102. 1	188. 4 99. 4	179. 5 92. 0	172. 1 90. 8	161. 9 r 94. 7	144. 6 90. 7		
Scrap (lead-base, purchased), all consumers thous sh. tons Price, common grade (N.Y.)\$per lb	41.3 .1087	43. 2 . 0963	40.3 .1003	37. 2 . 0958	34. 4 . 0950	33. 9 . 0950	35. 4 . 0950	36.5 .0950	39. 9 . 0950	39. 0 . 0950	35. 4 . 0950	35. 6 . 0950	38. 1 . 0995	43. 2 . 1000	. 1030	. 1050
Tin: Imports (for consumption): Ore@lg. tons.	743 3, 325	447	29 4, 625	1,038	670	728	622	1,005	530	60 3,347	242 4, 042	0	340 4, 086	100 3, 152		
Bars, pigs, etc $\ddagger$ do. Estimated recovery from scrap, $total \oplus$ do. As metal do. Consumption, pig, $total$ do. Primary do.	1, 810 250 6, 520 4, 140	3, 422 1, 800 245 6, 470 4, 445	1, 930 220 7, 440 4, 750	1,818 1,675 205 6,970 4,690	4, 247 1, 890 245 7, 360 5, 280	3, 457 1, 795 240 6, 920 4, 850	4, 315 1, 920 265 7, 230 5, 170	2, 383 1, 820 235 6, 710 4, 735	2, 784 1, 630 270 5, 610 3, 850	1,700 255 6,150 4,175	1,700 240 5,690 3,910	2, 809 1, 990 255 6, 080 4, 150	1,895 260 6,000 4,030	1, 675 260 5. 515		
Exports, incl. reexports (metal)do Stocks, pig (industrial), end of modo Price, pig, Straits (N.Y.), prompt\$ per lb	67 22, 630 1. 1327	36 21,715 1.1461	49 25, 735 1, 2030	7 23, 710 1. 2106	98 22, 805 1, 2308	3 22, 135 1, 2212	9 20, 510 1, 1719	20, 735 1, 1302	21 20, 225 1, 1145	45 19, 695 1, 0846	23 322, 100 1. 0846	110 4 20,865 1. 0876	9 420, 575 1, 1078	61 421, 505 1, 1064	1. 1106	1.0854
Zine: Mine production, recoverable zine												4				
Imports (general):	38.7 34.6	42. 1 39. 1	38. 3 30. 3	37. 0 36. 9	43. 0 50. 0	42.3 32.2	43. 9 54. 5	42. 7 45. 3	38. 3 40. 2	44. 7 34. 2	42.1	46. 7 39. 7	44. 0 34. 0	42. 6 32. 1	42.2	1
Ores⊕‡         do           Metal (slab, blocks)         do           Consumption (recoverable zinc content):         do           Ores⊕         do           Scrap, all types         do	10. 6 8. 1	7.9 19.8	8. 6 20. 1	7. 2 18. 2	7. 9 22. 7	7. 9 20. 1	9. 2 8. 6 21. 8	7.8 20.8	13.8 7.5 16.8	7.8 56.2	7.7 6 31.7	8.1 21.7	7. 6 19. 2	14. 4 8. 5		

<sup>\*\*</sup>Revised. \*\*Preliminary. 1 Recoverable aluminum content. Monthly data are expressed in metallic content (incl. alloying constituents); aluminum content is about 93% of metalic content. 2 Data are for Aug. and Sept. 1962. 3 Includes 3,000 tons of tin made available by GSA for disposal at a maximum rate of 200 tons per week during remainder of 1962.

1 Includes tin held by GSA. 4 Aug. 1962 consumption of copper-base scrap is included included.

\$Effective with the February 1962 SURVEY, figures for plate and sheet exclude shipments of foil; comparable data back to January 1954 are available upon request.

⊕ Basic metal content. ‡ Scattered revisions for 1960-Feb. 1961 will be shown later.

♂Consumers' and secondary smelters' stocks of lead in refinery shapes and in copper-base scrap. ⊙ Revisions for 1961 are shown in the Nov. 1962 SURVEY.

nless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961	1961	1962	<del></del>	1	I	I		196	2		<u>-</u>	i	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		19	63
edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mon	nge	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
	ME	TAL	SAN	D MA	NUF	ACTU	JRES	-Cor	tinue	ed				·		
NONFERROUS METALS AND PROD.—Con. inc—Continued Slab zinc:																
Production (primary smelter), from domestic and foreign oresthous, sh. tons Secondary (redistilled) productiondoConsumption, fabricators'do Exportsdo	70.6 4.6 77.6 4.2	73. 8 4. 6 84. 5 3. 0	78. 4 5. 5 91. 5 1. 1	74. 4 4. 9 85. 2 4. 1	79, 5 6, 0 93, 0 4, 8	78. 7 5. 1 86. 4 6. 5	78. 9 4. 1 91. 1 2. 5	68. 9 4. 1 80. 3 2. 4	66. 8 4. 0 66. 7 2. 4	69. 1 3. 7 79. 4 1. 6	70. 6 4. 0 83. 3 2. 1	72. 7 5. 3 89. 4 3. 5	71. 7 4. 4 86. 1 3. 5	76, 0 3, 9 81, 5 1, 6		
Stocks, end of year or mo.:  Producers', at smelter (AZI)do Consumers'do Price, prime Western (St. Louis)\$ per lb	145. 5 93. 8 . 1154	149. 6 75. 9 . 1162	150. 3 86. 9 . 1200	144. 7 86. 6 . 1200	138. 7 86. 3 . 1200	144. 6 83. 9 . 1150	145. 3 76. 1 . 1150	147. 1 72. 5 . 1150	162. 4 72. 8 . 1150	167. 9 68. 7 . 1150	168. 9 61. 6 . 1150	159. 4 63. 1 . 1150	154. 2 7 68. 0 . 1150	149. 6 75. 9 . 1150	157. 1 . 1150	154. 7
HEATING EQUIPMENT, EXC. ELECTRIC adiators and convectors, cast iron: Shipmentsmil. sq. ft. radiation Stocks, end of year or mo	1. 2 2. 6	1.0 2.9	$1.1 \\ 2.5$	1. 1 2. 6	1.0 2.8	. 6 3. 2	. 8 3. 4	1. 0 3. 4	. 9 3. 0	1.3 2.7	1. 4 2. 5	1.6 2.1	1.1 2.1	.7 2.9		
Il burners: Shipments	44. 4 44. 8	39. 9 51. 2	31.2 49.9	32.3 52.2	39. 8 55. 6	28.8 62.8	36. 4 64. 0	41. 3 65. 4	31. 6 64. 1	$\begin{array}{c} 50.1 \\ 62.2 \end{array}$	62. 0 55. 2	62. 7 52. 7	34. 4 53. 0	27. 7 5 <b>1</b> . 2		
Shipments, total (excl. liquid-fuel types)do Gas ofdodo	155. 8 152. 5	166. 7 163. 6	149. 5 146. 7	157. 6 155. 0 79. 8	175. 6 172. 7	163. 2 159. 7	168. 3 165. 5	167. 4 164. 4	142. 2 139. 3	182. 0 178. 4	186. 5 182. 5	195, 9 191, 6	165, 2 161, 9	147. 6 145. 5		
oves, domestic heating, shipments, totaldodo arm-air furnaces (forced-air and gravity air-flow), shipments, total†dodododododod	145. 8 88. 1 102. 9 80. 6 204. 7	157. 0 94. 1 108. 9 87. 1 217. 7	86. 1 49. 6 86. 8 71. 4 207. 7	81. 0 65. 1 191. 4	117. 9 78. 6 86. 9 70. 7 216. 0	90. 5 75. 1 201. 8	98. 7 81. 6 195. 8	138. 0 88. 6 107. 2 88. 5 232. 2	161. 6 95. 4 111. 8 89. 9 201. 2	277. 2 154. 0 134. 5 105. 2 226. 1	251. 8 150. 0 154. 4 117. 4 194. 4	281. 3 166. 5 153. 3 117. 6 255. 6	7 201. 5 7 142. 7 111. 1 87. 6 238. 4	94. 0 62. 2 90. 4 74. 5 251. 8		
MACHINERY AND APPARATUS ans, blowers, and unit heaters, qtrly, totals: Fans and blowers, new ordersdo unit-heater group, new orders⊕do undry equipment (new), new orders, net	1 40. 8 1 15. 7	1 40. 4 1 16. 2			41. 5 13. 6			46. 0 18. 4			37. 4 15. 1			36. 6 17. 6		
mo. avg. shipments, 1947-49=100- urnaces, industrial, new orders, net: Electric processing	96. 9 1. 0 2. 6	154. 7 1. 2 2. 8	153. 2 1. 9 5. 8	145.3 1.4 2.6	98. 5 1. 0 1. 5	163. 4 1. 1 2. 9	114.3 1.2 3.4	182. 5 1. 7 2. 1	324. 6 1. 2 3. 9	161. 2 1. 2 1. 6	114.1 1.0 1.6	116. 6 1. 1 1. 9	175. 3 1. 1 5. 1	106. 9 . 8 1. 7	177.1 .8 .8	
aterial handling equipment (industrial):  New orders index†	103. 4 89. 6 385 380 1, 639	112. 6 106. 8 500 471 2, 232	104. 5 75. 8 333 327 1, 328	108. 5 79. 7 357 326 1, 278	115. 8 101. 5 506 523 2, 185	115. 6 107. 5 541 388 2, 180	131. 3 107. 9 535 533 2, 272	129. 4 118. 7 492 560 2, 641	110. 2 111. 2 568 524 2, 368	104. 7 119. 2 517 420 2, 681	109. 8 109. 4 528 506 2, 525	121. 0 119. 3 527 503 2, 881	100. 6 122. 3 525 504 2, 249	99. 2 109. 3 576 538 2, 195	573 536 1,730	
achine tools:  Metal cutting tools: Orders, new (net), total	46. 35 31. 40 42. 30 28. 60 5. 0	44. 80 36. 70 47. 85 35. 15 4. 2	42. 05 34. 30 43. 05 30. 65 4. 8	33. 95 26. 30 42. 10 30. 15 4. 7	44. 60 35. 30 55. 40 38. 65 4. 4	43.70 34.45 48.70 35.30 4.3	51. 65 41. 65 54. 60 36. 40 4. 1	50. 00 40. 25 60. 00 41. 90 3. 9	46. 60 37. 45 39. 45 28. 95 4. 0	38, 50 33, 20 39, 50 29, 65 4, 1	39, 35 31, 60 43, 70 33, 70 4, 0	48. 30 41. 90 44. 75 34. 75 4. 1	47. 25 40. 65 48. 05 38. 85 4. 0	r 51, 65 r 43, 30 r 55, 15 r 43, 00 3, 9	46. 45 37. 00 35. 75 29. 40 4. 3	
Metal forming tools:         nil. \$.           Orders. new (net)	10. 90 8. 20 12. 40 9. 30 3. 6	14. 60 11. 65 † 12. 40 9. 30 4. 6	16. 70 12. 35 10. 25 6. 80 3. 3	15. 15 13. 05 11. 95 8. 30 3. 7	18. 75 14. 10 12. 00 9. 45 4. 4	16. 20 11. 60 11. 65 8. 10 5. 0	11. 95 9. 60 12. 10 9. 25 5. 1	13. 40 10. 40 13. 70 10. 40 5. 0	14. 00 9. 40 12. 50 10. 65 5. 0	12. 50 9. 15 11. 40 9. 15 5. 1	10. 75 9. 85 9. 45 7. 35 4. 9	16. 30 14. 35 16. 90 12. 70 4. 7	14. 65 12. 25 12. 70 9. 40 4. 7	7 15. 15 14. 10 7 14. 15 10. 55 7 4. 7	13. 90 12. 20 12. 65 11. 00 5. 0	
ther machinery and equip., qtrly. shipments: Construction machinery (selected types), total conditions and conditions are shipments. Tractors, tracklaying, total do Tractors, wheel (con. off-highway) do Tractors shovel loaders, integral units only (wheel and tracklaying types) mil. \$. Tractors, wheel (excl. garden and contractors' off-highway types) mil. \$. Farm machines and equipment (selected types), excl. tractors mil. \$.	1237. 4 1 59. 4 1 18. 6 1 55. 2 1 107. 4	1 254. 9 1 66. 1 1 20. 0 1 57. 0			220. 7 61. 0 13. 6 48. 1 132. 2 219. 1			325. 3 81. 9 30. 8 67. 8 153. 1 237. 6		******	257. 8 64. 0 21. 4 59. 8 97. 1 190. 6			215. 7 57. 7 14. 2 52. 2 138. 2		
ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT Satteries (auto. replacement), shipmentsthous_ Jousehold electrical appliances: Ranges (incl. built-ins), sales, totaltdo	2, 359 127. 5	2, 540 137, 1	3, 219 128. 9	2, 466 132. 2	1, 776 154. 9	1, 551 131. 0	1, 770 136. 0	1, 967 146, 4	2, 143 114, 2	2, 591 128. 5	2, 979 154. 2	3, 540 140. 3	3, 197 136. 6	3, 276 141. 8		-
Refrigerators and home freezers, output \( \)    \text{1957-59} = 100.   \text{Vacuum cleaners, sales hilled}   \text{thous.}   \text{dom.}   \text{dom.}   \text{Driers, sales (dom. and export)}     \text{dom.}   \text{dom.}    \text{dom.}     \text{dom.}      \text{dom.}  \qu	107. 0 273. 6 278. 9 98. 8	119, 2 309, 3 305, 5 116, 4	111. 2 301. 0 263. 9 117. 0	121. 4 304. 5 289. 6 106. 3	135. 2 330. 2 334. 0 104. 9	134. 0 290. 7 265. 2 69. 6	122. 7 282. 9 296. 0 57. 6	144. 7 247. 3 334. 9 70. 2	116. 9 236. 8 264. 2 83. 9	75.6 301.5 348.7 125.6	123.0 355.1 389.2 175.5	114.3 366.0 337.0 181.7	114. 1 366. 7 292. 1 162. 8	117. 5 329. 1 250. 8 143. 0	100. 1 322. 9 293. 3 129. 2	
adio sets, production dodoelevision sets (incl. combination), prod. sdo electron tubes and semiconductors, factory sales	514.8	1, 596. 8 539. 3	1,350.6 488. 9	1,464.8 541. 5	<sup>8</sup> 1,810.4 <sup>8</sup> 659.3	1,472.7 510.6	1,444.1 474.6	31,721.9 3620.7	1, 134. 2 336. 4	1,253.8 500.7	<sup>3</sup> 2,196.4 <sup>3</sup> 731. 5	1, 835. 9 570. 0	1,735,3 517, 3	\$1,741.9 \$ 519.8		1, 296. 567.
mil. \$	78. 5 134 1 150 12. 3 2. 3	75.9  12.4 2.2	72.9 154  11.2 2.4	73.1 160 11.9 2.3	85.9 185 144 13.6 2.4	76. 6 155 	76. 3 166 	78. 4 160 157 13. 8	60. 5 119  12. 4	80.1	79. 9  145 12. 8	79. 4	75.6 142 711.2	72.0		

r Revised. ¹ Quarterly average. ² For month shown. ³ For 5 weeks.

△ Producers' stocks, elsewhere, end of Feb. 1963, 25,500 tons.

⊸ Includes data for built-in gas fired oven-broiler units; shipments of cooking tops, not included in figures above, totaled 27,500 units in Dec. 1962.

† Revisions for gas heating stoves (Jan.-June 1960), warm-air furnaces (Jan. 1959-June 1960), and material handling equip. (1954-61) are available.

⊕ Beginning 1961, excludes new orders for gas-fired unit heaters and duct furnaces; revisions for 1960 are shown in the Apr. 1962 Survey.

PIncludes data not shown separately. ‡Revisions for 1960 appear in the Feb. 1962 SURVEY. ¶Note change in reference base; data prior to 1960 on 1957-59 base are available. ⊙Data exclude sales of combination washer-drier machines; such sales (excl. exports totaled 1,600 units in Jan. 1963. †New series (Amer. Home Laundry Mfrs. Assn.); data cover gas and electric types. §Radio production comprises table, portable, auto, and clock models; television sets exclude figures for color sets. Data for Mar., June, Sept., and Dec. 1962 cover 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1961	1962								19	63					
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS		ithly rage	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
PETROLEUM, COAL, AND PRODUCTS																
COAL																
Anthracite: Productionthous. sh. tonsdodododododo	1 1. 454 193 120	1, 404 	1, 806 193 r 124	1, 519 159 98	1, 509 149 - 108	1, 254 156 53	1, 315 193 112	1, 336 217 159	904 195 • 162	1, 325 171 r 226	1, 190 159 173	1, 525 124 228	1,660 208	1, 511 215	r 1, 611	1,376
Prices: Retail, stove, composite\$ per sh. ton Wholesale, chestnut, f.o.b. minedo	28. 14 13. 347	28.63 r 13.050	29. 08 13. 930	29. 10 13. 930	29. 10 13. 930	28. 88 11. 998	28. 14 11. 998	27. 75 11. 998	28, 00 12, 488	28. 09 12. 488	28. 11 12, 978	29.06 13.468	29.08 13.468	29.14 r 13.930	29.14 p 13.930	
Bituminous: Production thous, sh, tons. Industrial consumption and retail deliveries,	133,581	r 35,250	37,934	r 33,207	36,403	r 34,313	7 37,046	7 37,673	22,169	7 39,080	r 34,237	r 40,385	r <b>37,34</b> 9	r 33,204	36, 160	<b>33</b> , 065
total 9thous, sh. tons_ Electric power utilitiesdo Mfg, and mining industries, totaldo Coke plants (oven and beehive)do	131,200 14,969 113,856 16,157	7 32,315 15, 903 7 14,006 7 6,189	739, 439 17, 723 17, 120 7, 641	7 34,474 15, 443 15, 490 7, 046	7 35,773 16,172 7 16,429 7 7,695	7 30,874 14,137 7 14,914 7 7,179	29, 852 15, 134 13, 828 6, 437	7 28,443 14, 987 7 12,570 7 5,478	27, 940 15, 232 11, 579 7 5,141	7 30,073 16, 288 7 12,239 7 5,361	29, 371 14, 995 12, 223 5, 350	31, 960 15, 968 13, 436 5, 574	32, 875 16, 441 13, 597 5, 503	7 36,703 18, 213 7 14,654 5, 860		
Retail deliveries to other consumersdo	2, 311	2, 349	4, 593	3, 541	3, 169	1,794	798	796	947	1, 455	2,065	2, 464	2,752	3, 814		
Stocks, industrial and retail dealers', end of month, total \( \frac{0}{2} \)	69,126 47,618 20,970 9,680	67, 959 46, 665 20, 485 9, 044	66, 940 45, 298 21, 184 9, 779	64, 523 43, 596 20, 521 9, 408	63, 222 42, 194 20, 726 9, 405	64, 185 43, 171 20, 718 9, 431	66, 402 44, 965 21, 039 9, 666	69, 327 46, 782 22, 079 10, 355	66, 098 45, 153 20, 468 8, 257	68, 489 47, 340 20, 619 8, 277	70, 241 49, 274 20, 445 8, 180	72, 818 51, 442 20, 867 8, 622	73, 578 51, 793 21, 242 8, 849	69, 689 48, 975 20, 232 8, 303		
Retail dealersdo	538	449	458	406	302	296	398	466	477	530	522	509	543	482		
Exportsdo Prices: Retail, composite\$ per sh. ton	17. 12	3, 201 r 17.30	1, 900 17. 45	2, 421 17. 45	2, 426 17. 45	2, 854 17. 43	7 3, 790 16. 97	3, 530 16. 89	3, 087 16. 95	4, 165 17. 00	3, 949 17. 31	3, 993 17. 55	3, 643 17. 54	2, 656 17, 62	17. 62	
Wholesale: Screenings, indust. use, f.o.b. minedo Domestic, large sizes, f.o.b. minedo	<sup>2</sup> 5. 018 7. 541	4. 918 7. 443	5. 016 7. 717	5. 018 7. 717	5. 018 7. 700	3 4. 932 3 7. 329	4. 932 7. 164	4. 914 7. 179	4.914 7. 271	4. 914 7. 300	4. 914 7. 539	4. 914 7. 608	4.914 7.742	4.914	» 4. 914 » 7. 858	
Production: Beehive	4 73 4 4, 236 1, 256	66 4, 259 1, 312	100 5, 274 1, 319	92 4, 868 1, 218	, 96 5, 155 1, 338	7 69 4, 928 1, 170	57 4, 453 1, 337	53 3,788 1,392	42 3, 552 1, 339	48 3, 692 1, 369	59 3, 692 1, 302	62 3, 852 1, 323	64 - 3, 824 1, 267	54 4, 034 1, 368	64 4, 237	
Stocks, end of month:         do	5 4, 398 5 3, 030 1, 369 1, 064 37	3, 901 2, 799 1, 103 1, 053	3, 860 2, 679 1, 181 1, 062 23	3, 761 2, 614 1, 147 1, 053 16	3, 637 2, 501 1, 136 1, 071 22	3, 651 2, 507 1, 144 1, 031	7 3, 775 7 2, 624 1, 150 1, 014 28	7 3,835 7 2,700 1,135 1,012 31	3, 978 2, 838 1, 141 1, 048 34	4,065 2,971 1,094 1,010	4, 174 3, 094 1, 079 1, 044 r 48	4, 131 3, 084 1, 047 1, 037 38	4,019 3,024 994 1,080	3, 930 7 2, 949 981 1, 176 52	3, 820 2, 880 941	
PETROLEUM AND PRODUCTS	0,	. 99	20	10	22	39	25	31	04	, 91	7 40	- 05	12	32		
Crude petroleum:         0il wells completed	1, 821 2, 97 248, 9 82	1,781 2,97 255,8 84	1, 926 2, 97 265, 3 86	1, 553 2, 97 242, 0 86	1, 546 2, 97 254, 0 82	1, 527 2, 97 243, 0 81	2, 126 2, 97 256, 3 83	1,732 2.97 258.8 86	1,711 2.97 264.4 85	2, 028 2, 97 262, 5 85	1, 499 2, 97 252, 7 84	2, 023 2, 97 256, 1 83	<sup>7</sup> 1, 730 2, 97 251, 0 84	1, 830 2. 97 263. 6 85		
All oils, supply, demand, and stocks:  New supply, totalmil. bbl_ Production:	306. 9	317. 2	335. 2	297. 8	326. 3	311.2	312. 6	305. 4	313.7	319. 5	311. 4	322. 6	320.0	330.7		
Crude petroleumdo Natural-gas liquids, benzol, etcdo Imports:	218. 5 30. 2	223. 0 30. 9	227. 8 31. 9	209. 1 29. 2	228. 7 32. 0	221.7 30.3	223. 0 30. 4	217. 7 29. 1	224.0 31.0	224. 2 30. 4	219. 6 30. 2	228. 4 31. 5	223. 2 31. 9	228. 8 33. 3		
Crude petroleum do Refined products do Change in stocks, all oils (decrease,—) do	31. 8 26. 5 3. 4	34.3 29.0 .9	$ \begin{array}{r} 36.3 \\ 39.3 \\ -37.1 \end{array} $	31. 6 27. 9 -13. 1	31, 8 33, 9 -10, 8	32. 2 26. 9 19. 8	34. 2 25. 1 14. 6	33. 8 24. 7 14. 1	35. 9 22. 8 17. 6	40. 3 24. 5 17. 3	34. 4 27. 2 21. 1	35, 8 26, 9 11, 0	33, 3 31, 6 15, 9	31. 3 37. 2 -26. 7		
Demand, totaldo Exports:	303. 6	316. 2	372.3	310.9	337. 0	291. 5	298.0	291.3	296.2	302. 2	290.3	311.6	335. 9	357. 4		
Crude petroleum         do           Refined products         do           Domestic demand, total 9         do           Gasoline         do           Kerosene         do	5. 0 298. 3 127. 8 12. 0	5. 0 311. 1 132. 0 13. 7	367. 5 121. 4 21. 1	5. 0 305. 8 109. 2 16. 0	332. 2 130. 4 15. 0	286. 4 129. 5 10. 6	5. 2 292. 5 140. 7 9. 0	(6) 4. 8 286. 5 140. 4 9. 2	5.0 291.0 142.5 10.9	5. 2 296. 8 147. 2 10. 6	5. 7 284, 5 126, 4 12, 0	4.0 307.6 136.9 13.6	4. 8 330, 8 133, 2 16, 2	351. 6 125. 6		
Distillate fuel oil	57. 9 45. 7 8. 7	61. 0 45. 4 9. 4	101. 1 63. 9 9. 5	82. 4 50. 4 7. 3	75. 6 55. 6 9. 6	53. 7 40. 5 8. 9	44. 6 38. 6 10. 0	40. 0 34. 5 10. 4	40. 6 33. 7 8. 7	36. 6 35. 0 10. 1	44. 4 38. 8 11. 6	51. 3 43. 1 8. 9	72. 0 52. 4 8. 4	89. 8 58. 9 8. 9		
Lubricants do Asphalt do Liquefied gases do	3. 5 9. 0 19. 5	3. 6 9. 5 21. 3	3. 5 3. 4 29. 6	3. 5 3. 6 20. 8	3.6 4.8 22.7	3. 8 6. 9 18. 4	4. 0 11. 2 17. 8	3. 7 13. 8 17. 5	3. 6 14. 9 19. 0	3. 8 17. 2 18. 4	3. 5 13. 3 19. 5	3. 9 13. 3 20. 8	3. 6 7. 8 22. 8	3.0 3.8 27.6		
Stocks, end of month, total¶ do. Crude petroleum do. Natural-gas liquids do. Refined products¶ do.	<sup>7</sup> 814. 3 249. 4 35. 9 <sup>7</sup> 529. 0	820. 6 248. 1 35. 2 537. 3	788. 0 242. 4 29. 9 515. 7	774. 9 240. 2 30. 0 504. 7	764. 1 245. 6 30. 2 488. 2	783. 9 255. 9 32. 8 495. 2	798. 4 255. 7 35. 3 507. 4	812. 5 247. 7 37. 3 527. 4	830. 1 242. 4 39. 1 548. 6	847. 4 243. 6 40. 3 563. 5	868. 5 244. 2 40. 4 583. 9	879. 5 251. 7 39. 3 588. 5	863. 6 256. 3 36. 7 570. 6	252. 0 31. 4		
Refined petroleum products:‡ Gasoline (incl. aviation): Production	127. 7 . 7 189. 5	131. 8 . 5 188. 6	132.8 .4 195.6	118. 9 . 4 205. 7	129. 9 . 1 206. 0	123. 6 . 6 200. 4	131. 9 . 3 192. 4	132. 7 . 6 185. 5	139. 7 . 6 183. 1	136. 6 . 8 173. 0	132. 5 . 8 179. 9	132.7 .8 176.4	131. 3 . 4 175. 4	139. 2 . 5 190. 1		
Prices (excl. aviation):  Wholesale, ref. (Okla., group 3)\$ per gal.  Retail (regular grade, excl. taxes), 55 cities (1st of following mo.)\$ per gal	. 117	. 113	. 110 . 204	. 098	. 090	.115	. 115	. 120	. 120	. 120	. 120	. 120	. 120 . 212	. 113	p. 105 . 202	. 193
Revised. Preliminary.	1	'	•	ı	ı	7	see note	marked	" <b>f"</b> .	1	1	•	1	i	•	ì

Revised. \*\*Preliminary.

Revisions for Jan.-June 1961 will be shown later.

Monthly average based on Apr.-Dec. data.

Data beginning April 1962 are not entirely comparable with earlier data; March 1962 prices comparable with later data: Screenings, \$4.932; domestic, \$7.882.

Revisions for Jan.-May 1961 will be shown later.

Revisions for Jan.-Aug. 1960 appear in the Nov. 1961 Survey. Less than 50.000 bbls.

<sup>7</sup> See note marked "¶".

§ Includes data not shown separately.

§Includes nonmarketable catalyst coke.

‡ Minor revisions for Jan. 1959—Sept. 1961 for various items will be shown later.

¶ Beginning Jan. 1961, data for the indicated items include stocks formerly excluded.

Dec. 1960 data on revised basis may be derived by adding to the published totals and individual stocks the following amounts (thous. bbls.): Jet fuel held by pipeline companies,
414; bulk terminal stocks—lubricants, 2,429; asphalt, 2,849; miscellaneous oils, 131.

nless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1961	1962					i	196	52						19	33 
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mon aver		Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb
J	PETR	OLEU	JM, C	COAL	, ANI	) PRO	DDUC	TS—	Conti	nued						
PETROLEUM AND PRODUCTS—Continued																
efined petroleum products—Continued‡ Aviation gasoline:														1		
Production mil. bbl. Exports do do	9. 9 . 6	10. 2 . 4	9. 2 . 3	9.2	9. 9 . 1	9.7 .4	11.1 .2	10.8	† 11. 3 . 5	11.0 .5	10. 4 . 6	9. 9 . 6	9.8	10.0		
Stocks, end of monthdo	11.7	10. 5	10.9	11.3	11. 2	10.6	10.3	10.6	10. 2	9.8	10. 1	10. 0	10, 1	10.9		
Production do	11.9 31.0	13. 1 30. 6	14.6 26.4	14. 7 25. 3	12. 8 23. 3	11. 1 24. 2	11. 4 27. 3	11. 5 30. 1	13. 3 33. 2	12. 6 35. 7	12. 4 36. 7	13. 5 37. 3	13. 7 35. 3	15. 6 31. 7	<b>-</b>	
Stocks, end of monthdo Price, wholesale, bulk lots (N.Y. Harbor) \$ per gal	. 109	. 104	. 113	. 113	. 110	, 104	. 104	. 099	. 099	. 099	. 099	. 099	. 101	. 106	₽. 106	
Distillate fuel oil: Productionmil. bbl	58.1	60.0	68, 5	61. 2	62.1	54. 4	57. 5	58, 5	59. 4	59. 0	58.2	59. 3	57. 4	64. 7	1 1 1 1 1	
Imports do do do do do do do do do do do do do	1.4	1.0	2.3	. 6	. 7	1.5	1.5	1.0	.7	.5	1.0	.7	1.0	1.2		
Stocks, end of month do Price, wholesale (N.Y. Harbor, No. 2 fuel)	127.6	133. 4	121.0	100.0	86. 5	88.3	102.3	121.5	140.6	163. 0	177.0	185. 2	170.2	144.5		
\$ per gal	. 099	.092	. 103	. 103	. 100	. 094	. 091	. 086	. 086	.086	. 086	. 086	. 091	. 096	r. 096	
Residual fuel oil: Productionmil. bbl	26.3	24.6	30.4	26. 5	26. 9	22. 9	23.3	22. 2	23. 2	22. 9	23. 1	22. 5	23.6	28. 2		
Importsdododo	20.3 1.2	22. 0 1. 1	31.0 1.2	$\frac{22.9}{1.6}$	27. 5 1. 4	20. 4 1. 0	18, 2 1, 5	16. 8 . 8	17. 0 1. 0	16. 3 1. 1	17. 8 . 8	19. 3 . 6	26. 5 . 9	30. 2 . 9		
Stocks, end of monthdo Price, wholesale (Okla., No. 6)\$ per bbl	45.8 1.58	46. 6 1. 58	41.6 1.55	39. 5 1. 65	37. 1 1. 65	39.3 1.65	41. 0 1. 55	44.9 .155	50.7 .155	54. 1 1. 55	55, 7 1, 55	54. 1 1. 55	51. 2 1. 55	50, 0 1.55	p 1.55	
Jet fuel (military grade only): Productionmil. bbl	8.0	8.6	7. 6	7.1	8.7	8.7	9, 3	9. 1	8. 5	9. 7	8.8	9. 5	9. 2	6.9		
Stocks, end of monthdodo	1 7. 6	8.7	8. 1	8. 1	8.3	8.5	8.3	8. 2	8. 1	8. 7	8.4	9. 4	10.8	9. 7		
Productiondo	4. 9 1. 4	5. <b>1</b> 1. 5	5, 0 1, 3	4.7	$\frac{5.0}{1.2}$	5.3 1.8	5. 0 1. 7	5, 1 1, 5	5. 3 1. 6	5. 0 1. 5	5, 3 1, 9	5. 3 1. 0	5.0	5.4	<b>-</b>	
Exports do Stocks, end of month do do	1 12.7	12.8	13. 1	13. 4	13. 6	13.3	12.7	12. 5	12. 5	12. 2	12. 2	12.6	1. 4 12. 5	1.8 13.1		
Price, wholesale, bright stock (midcontinent, f.o.b., Tulsa) per gal.	. 260	. 261	. 260	. 260	. 260	. 260	. 260	. 260	. 260	. 260	. 260	. 260	. 260	. 270	p. 270	
Asphalt: Productionmil. bbl	8.5	9.1	4.8	5. 1	7. 0	8,5	11.3	11.7	12.7	12. 7	11.8	10. 4	7.6	6.1		
Stocks, end of monthdodo	1 16.0	16.3	14.7	16. 6	19. 0	20.8	21.3	19. 9	18. 4	14. 4	13. 6	11.4	11.6	14.3		
Productiondo Transfers from gasoline plantsdo	6. 6 13. 3	6. 4 14. 9	$\begin{array}{c} 6.5 \\ 22.4 \end{array}$	6.0 14.6	$\frac{6.7}{15.8}$	6. 3 12. 5	6. 7 12. 0	6. 5 11. 7	6. 7 12. 6	6. 3 12. 2	6. 2 13. 6	6.0 14.3	6.1 16.4	6. 9 20. 2		
Stocks (at plants, terminals, underground, and at reflueries), end of momil. bbl	34. 4	33.6	28. 2	27.7	27. 7	30. 4	33. 5	35. 8	37.6	39. 4	39.7	38.6		Ì		
sphalt and tar products, shipments:	01. 3	00.0	20.2	21.1	21.1	30. 4	99.0	90.0	31.0	<b>39.</b> 4	59.1	38.0	35. 2	29.0		
Asphalt roofing, totalthous, squares	5, 131	5, 463	5, 119	2, 531	5, 814	4.396	5, 181	6, 250	6, 289	6, 964	6, 469	7, 588	5, 286	3, 665		
Roll reofing and cap sheetdododododo	1,778 3,352	1, 936 3, 526	1,771 3,348	903 1, 628	1, 584 4, 229	1.641 2.755	1, 865 3, 316	2, 140 4, 110	$2,262 \\ 4,027$	2, 501 4, 463	2, 470 3, 999	2, 955 4. 633	1,984 3,302	1, 162 2, 503		
Asphalt sidingdo	71	68	75	36	62	50	58	61	68	83	83	103	80	57		
Insulated siding do Saturated felts thous, sh. tons.	85 77	77 85	32 97	38 48	59 78	79 83	102 87	99 94	99 89	116 97	100 90	108 105	64 88	31 65		
	]	PULP	, PAI	PER,	AND	PAP	ER P	RODU	JCTS							•
PULPWOOD AND WASTE PAPER							ĺ									
ulpwood:	2 405	0.000	0 570	2 =00	0.000	0.050	2 204	0.00	0.500	4 705						
Receipts thous. cords (128 cu. ft.) Consumption do	3, 465 3, 516	3, 662 3, 666	3, 573 3, 677	3, 793 3, 578	3, 830 3, 834	3, 353 3, 689	3, 694 3, 894	3, 697 3, 733	3, 503 3, 344	4, 197 3, 870	3, 480 3, 500	3, 945 3, 867	3, 556 3, 689	3, 323 3, 314		
Stocks, end of monthdododo	5, 769	5, 225	5, 270	5, 522	5, 493	5, 116	4, 915	4, 852	5,002	5, 321	5,314	5, 393	5, 251	5, 255		
Consumptionthous. sh. tons_ Stocks, end of monthdo	751 517	749 498	780 494	729 481	795 479	760 496	777 493	762 494	672 507	778 493	738 476	793 505	737 523	666 529		
WOODPULP									ľ							
roduction: Total, all gradesthous. sh. tons	2, 210	2, 319	2, 273	2, 234	2,410	2, 345	2, 464	2, 368	2, 118	2, 471	2, 237	2, 465	2,347	2,098		
Dissolving and special alphadododo	100 1, 285	106 1, 358	113 1,339	102 1,334	119 1, 413	105 1,368	111 1,447	106 1,390	86 1,242	110 1,452	98 1,302	106 1,426	111	100		
Sulfitedo	214	214	222	212	220	221	223	215	193	226	195	239	206	195		
Groundwooddodododododododo	267 102	280 106	274 99	275 93	289 110	275 110	295 116	288 112	260 101	295 114	270 105	297 115	284 109	260		
Soda, semichem., screenings, etcdotoeks, end of month:	242	255	226	218	260	265	272	258	237	273	268	282	267	89 235		
Total, all millsdo	899 326	878	836	837	882	872	898	904	881	916	873	876	894	864		
Pulp millsdo Paper and board millsdo	509	297 509	280 491	284 488	298 511	295 504	324 499	329 500	297 511	321 522 74	290 513	297 508	295 525	256 531		
Nonpaper millsdo	64	72	64	66	72	73	75	75	73		69	72	74	77		
	98 36	7 99 40	r 90 r 39	99 47	83 32	87 38	113 45	106 35	96 38	101 49	100 35	81 32	106 38	122 52		
xports, all grades, totaldododododo		59	51	52	51	49	67	72	58	52	65	48	69	70		
xports, all grades, total	62			238	233	234	231 21	241 23	209 23	242 23	223 21	264	244 25	211		
Dissolving and special alpha	62 206	232 23	219 16	19	95											1 -
Dissolving and special alpha	62	232 23 210	219 16 203	18 220	25 208	28 207	210	218	186	219	202	25 238	219	24 187		
Dissolving and special alphadododo	206 13	23	16	18	25 208	28 207		218	186	219	202	238				
Dissolving and special alpha	206 13	23	16	18	25 208	28 207		218	186	219	202	238				
Dissolving and special alpha	206 13 192	23 210	16 203 3, 155	18 220 3,149	208 3, 134	3,088	210 3, 160	218 3,069	186 3, 132	219 3, 155	3,086	238 238 3, 161	219	187		
Dissolving and special alpha	206 13 192 2,965 1,312	23 210 3, 132 1, 372	16 203	18 220	3, 134 3, 277 1, 441	207	3, 160 3, 278	3, 069 3, 180	3, 132 2, 838	219 3, 155 3, 298	3, 086 3, 059	3, 161 3, 366	3, 169 3, 164	3, 146 2, 843		
Dissolving and special alpha	206 13 192 2,965 1,312	23 210	3, 155 3, 139	3, 149 3, 013	3, 134 3, 277	3, 088 3, 139	210 3, 160	218 3,069	186 3, 132	219 3, 155	3,086	3, 161	3, 169	187 3, 146		

Revised. Preliminary.
See note marked "¶" on p. S-35.

<sup>‡</sup>See similar note on p. S-35. \*New series; data prior to Dec. 1961 will be available later.

V. 1 1000	1961	1962						19	62						19	63
Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mon aver		Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
P	ULP,	PAP	ER, A	ND F	PAPE	R PR	ODU	CTS-	-Cont	inued	l		<u> </u>		<u>'                                    </u>	<u> </u>
PAPER AND PAPER PRODUCTS—Con.					1			!								
Paper and board—con.  New orders (American Paper and Pulp Assoc.):* All grades, paper and boardthous, sh. tons. Wholesale price indexes: * Printing paper	2, 982 101. 7 106. 1 92. 7 100. 8	3, 129 101. 4 107. 6 7 93. 1 97. 2	3, 218 101. 4 106. 1 89. 9 98. 6	3, 030 101. 4 106. 6 89. 9 98. 4	3, 287 101. 4 107. 2 93. 0 98. 2	3, 122 101. 4 107. 8 93. 9 97. 9	3, 222 101. 4 108. 2 94. 0 97. 7	3, 144 101. 4 108. 2 94. 0 95. 5	2, 942 101, 4 108, 2 94, 0 96, 3	3, 228 101. 4 108. 2 94. 0 97. 1	3, 098 101, 4 108, 2 94, 0 97, 1	7 3, 353 101. 4 107. 4 94. 0 96. 3	3. 091 101. 4 107. 4 94. 1 96. 6	2, 808 101, 4 107, 4 94, 1 7 96, 2	94.1	
Orders, new thous. sh. tons. Orders, unfilled, end of monthdo	157 84	160 88	168 91	160 97	181 101	164 97	163 85	167 86	149 97	153 87	150 83	r 169 r 82	r 153 r 76	144 76		
Production do Shipments do Printing paper: Orders, new do Orders, unfilled, end of month do	160 156 402 368	164 162 420 370	162 165 440 355	159 153 428 397	175 178 478 415	171 165 429 409	174 164 435 385	169 162 405 356	142 144 392 377	167 166 412 371	159 157 417 381	7 175 7 178 7 431 7 353	7 161 161 7 376 7 320	148 145 401 323		
Production	389 388 334	417 417 336	422 422 373	402 402 314	449 449 347	423 423 324	440 440 340	418 419 325	366 367 295	423 423 360	406 406 331	7 444 7 444 7 365	7 421 7 421 7 340	390 390 313		
Orders, unfilled, end of monthdo  Production	331 330	154 339 333	193 346 333	175 335 332	160 354 351	342 337	139 362 354	140 329 321	142 294 291	152 356 332	153 329 321	7 158 7 359 7 359	7 357 7 354	309 311		
Production         do           Shipments from mills         do           Stocks at mills, end of month         do           United States:         Production           Production         do	561 559 225	558 557 249 179 180	554 498 223 185	515 469 268 169	578 532 315	525 543 296 173	574 601 269 190	566 573 261 188	527 529 260 165	568 575 252 188	552 558 246 171	618 646 218	609 625 202 183	506 530 178 166	518 433 264 190	
Shipments from mills do Stocks at mills, end of month do  Consumption by publishers d Stocks at and in transit to publishers, end of month do thous. sh. tons	1 174 1 40 455 620	180 39 465 586	175 43 434 585	170 42 415 586	186 43 481 587	180 36 487 550	187 39 499 547	182 44 457 557	169 40 423 587	182 47 442 621	179 39 479 599	192 35 511 609	184 34 508 597	176 25 441 604	183 32 376 606	
Importsdodo Price, rolls, contract, delivered to principal ports \$ per sh. ton	455 134. 40	457 134. 40	446 134. 40	394 134. 49	439 134. 40	426 134. 40	484 134. 40	499 134. 40	453 134.40	459 134. 40	418 134. 40	543	458	470 134, 40	p134. 40	
Paperboard (National Paperboard Assoc.): Orders, new thous sh tons. Orders, unfilled, end of month do Production, total do Percent of activity	1, 400 461 1, 394 91	1, 473 468 1, 471 92	1, 381 473 1, 354 91	1, 401 483 1, 389 96	1, 588 466 1, 603 97	1, 432 468 1, 432 94	1, 563 460 1, 583 95	1, 530 451 1, 539 97	1,356 496 1,281 80	1, 594 476 1, 608 98	1, 433 486 1, 409 92	1,608 493 1,610 96	1, 457 452 1, 474 91	1, 333 414 1, 369 83	1, 456 455 1, 410 95	1,417 464 1,413 95
Paper products: Shipping containers, corrugated and solid fiber, shipments t	9, 563 124, 0	10, 173 124, 1	9, 523 117. 9	9, 036 115, 1	11, 145 127. 2	9, 463 118. 9	10, 442 129. 4	10, 362 125. 9	9, 207 113. 8	11, 421 137. 2	10, 360 120. 4	1	1	8, 985 120. 3	10, 169	1
		RU	BBEI	R ANI	D RU	BBEI	R PRO	DDUC	CTS							
RUBBER  Natural rubber: Consumptionthous. lg. tons. Stocks, end of monthdo Imports, incl. latex and guayuledo. Price, wholesale, smoked sheets (N.Y.)\$ per lb.	35. 61 68. 65 32. 59 . 296	38. 21 68. 44 35. 11 * . 285	40. 47 69. 74 41. 46 . 280	36. 18 69. 59 32. 78 . 283	39. 63 69. 52 29. 97 . 286	37. 47 68. 51 33. 20 . 289	40. 45 64. 98 37. 84 . 298	39. 40 62. 50 28. 69 . 283		37. 23 68. 75 35. 40 . 274	35. 95 74. 06 33. 29 . 274	64. 22 32. 67	69.83	36. 31 69. 77 36. 70 . 300		.284
Synthetic rubber: ⊕	117.00 91.85 245.55 24.75	131. 18 103. 58 257. 17 r 25. 31	127. 93 107. 07 247. 99 22. 05	127, 17 95, 85 255, 02 24, 43	138. 52 103. 89 261. 84 27. 99	130, 25 100, 27 261, 88 25, 80	131. 95 109. 72 259. 18 21. 90	124. 61 107. 76 254. 62 r 25. 97	125, 11 90, 76 263, 94 24, 77	126. 80 103. 25 256. 65 29. 38	129. 75 100. 17 256. 26 32. 71	119.36	105. 87 254. 32	142, 75 98, 98 262, 32 29, 28	I	.
Reclaimed rubber:       do	21. 99 20. 86 32. 15	23. 38 21. 83 29. 78	25. 14 23. 21 30. 54	22. 30 21. 01 30. 27	24. 38 22. 64 30. 89	23, 17 22, 24 30, 85	24. 10 22. 87 28. 59	25. 22 23. 34 29. 66	19. 76 18. 83 29. 29	22. 78 21. 01 28. 67	22. 20 20. 70 28. 93	24.63	21.32	21. 24 20. 12 30. 52		
'neumatic casings: Productionthous	9, 728	11, 156	11, 501	10, 369	11 279	10,006	11 719	11 050	10.411	10.799	10 651	10.056	10.044	10 691	19, 490	
Shipments, total	9, 728 9, 859 2, 838 6, 908 114	11, 055 3, 495 7, 430 130	10, 977 3, 534 7, 333 110	9,036 3,227 5,680 129	11, 278 10, 915 3, 657 7, 149 109	11, 565 3, 735 7, 717 113	11,712 12,084 3,958 8,002 123	11, 959 11, 873 3, 406 8, 357 110	10, 411 11, 941 3, 336 8, 492 113	10, 722 10, 202 1, 531 8, 531 140	10,651 11,208 3,307 7,731 170		11,041	8,778 3,698 4,944 136	11, 225 4, 113 7, 019 93	
Stocks, end of monthdoExports (Bur, of Census)do	26, 128 81	27, 086 89	26, 800 73	28, 109 64	28, 523 86	27, 838 75	27, 506 86	27, 627 91	26, 031 99	26, 533 103	26,079 111	26, 050 75	26, 039 100	27, 899 103	29,054	
mer tubes:       Production	3, 124 3, 280 9, 146 66	3, 403 3, 442 8, 913 81	3, 691 + 5, 297 8, 062 81	3, 605 3, 679 8, 131 50	4,009 3,582 8,714 109	3, 413 3, 240 8, 794 83	3, 427 3, 223 9, 075 69	3, 277 3, 393 9, 066 96	3, 116 3, 280 8, 907 86	3, 026 3, 210 8, 772 80	3, 108 2, 974 8, 963 90	3, 881 3, 534 9, 290 62		3, 141 2, 640 9, 898 89	5,074 8,938	

<sup>\*</sup>Revised. \*\*Preliminary. 1 Includes Alaska and Hawaii beginning July 1961.

\*New series. Data prior to 1961 will be shown later.

\*A s reported by publishers accounting for about 75 percent of total newsprint commption in 1961. Alaska and Hawaii are represented beginning Jan. 1961.

‡ Revisions for Jan. 1959-Mar. 1961 are available upon request.

<sup>⊕</sup> Revised effective with the June 1962 Survey to include data for stereo and other clastomers (except polyurethane rubbers) as follows: Production and consumption, beginning Jan. 1961; stocks, beginning Dec. 1960.

									<u></u>							
Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1961	1962						196	52						15	963
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mor ave		Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
		STON	E, C	LAY,	AND	GLA	SS P	RODU	UCTS							
PORTLAND CEMENT																
Production, finished cementthous. bbl_ Percent of capacity	26, 950 74	28, 027 7 75	17, 051 46	15, 309 45	20, 454 54	28, 08 9 77	33, 719 88	32, 304 88	33, 388 86	36, 132 93	<b>33, 669</b>	33, 926 87	29, 339 78	22, 940 59	18, 289 47	 
Shipments, finished cementthous. bbl Stocks, end of month:	26,889	727,892	13, 669	14, 477	21, 269	27, 990	33, 677	33, 625	35, 611	40, 669	33, 120	36, 498	27, 346	16, 753	14, 559	
Finisheddododo	35, 879 r 25, 021	36, 683 24, 083	39, 792 24, 758	40, 626 28, 956	39, 817 32, 891	39, 958 32, 767	40, 076 30, 031	38, 684 27, 942	36, 453 25, 189	31, 964 20, 480	32,522 $17,831$	29,901 15,302	32,324 14,931	38, 511 17, 920	42, 261 22, 285	
CLAY CONSTRUCTION PRODUCTS		·														
Shipments: ‡ Brick, unglazed (common and face)	-0- 0							-00 -								
mil, standard brick Structural tile, except facingthous. sh. tons	535.6 39.7	586. 2 37. 5	319.0 28.4	358. 4 27. 8	503. 5 31. 3	649. 9 35. 2	725. 8 39. 0	668. 7 36. 1	676. 6 39. 2	718. 2 37. 8	608. 9 34. 6	688. 5 39. 9	7 618.0 7 39.4	499. 4 31. 4		
Sewer pipe and fittings, vitrifieddo Facing tile (hollow), glazed and unglazed mil. brick equivalent	145. 8 35. 3	146.0 34.5	81. 6 26. 5	87. 6 23. 2	125. 7 29. 1	159. 3 34. 9	175. 8 36. 5	172. 5 35. 5	170. 0 37. 4	186. 3 42. 9	158. 7 34. 7	166.1	7 144.3 7 37.2	124. 2 35. 5	l	
Floor and wall tile and accessories, glazed and un- glazednil. sq. ftnil. sq. ft	19.0	21.4	17.8	17.7	20.8	20.3	22.6	22.0	21. 0	24.8	21.0	24. 0	r 23.3	21.0		ŀ
Price index, brick (common), f.o.b. plant or N.Y. dock 1957-59=100.	103.8	104. 9	104. 2	104.9	105. 1	105. 1	104. 9	104. 9	104. 9	104.9	104. 9	104.8	104.8	105.0	l	
GLASS AND GLASS PRODUCTS		Ì														
Flat glass, mfrs.' shipments (qtrly. total and qtrly. average)thous. \$	165, 113	71, 506			74, 658			r 64, 322			69, 574			77, 470		
Sheet (window) glass, shipmentsdo Plate and other flat glass, shipmentsdo	127, 743 37, 370	31, 612 39, 894			32, 144 42, 514			26, 613 737, 709			32,677 36,897			35, 014 42, 456		
Olass containers: ‡ Productionthous. gross	13, 957	14, 497	13, 482	13, 103	14, 480	14, 016	15, 209	15, 978	15, 753	16, 327	14, 515	14, 999	13, 347	12, 754		
Shipments, domestic, totaldo General-use food:	13, 633	14, 172	12, 623	11,905	13,975	13, 452	15,090	15, 535	14.113	17, 312	16, 328	14, 396	13,003	12, 327		
Narrow-neck fooddodo Wide-mouth food (incl. packers' tumblers,	1, 492	1, 582	1, 163	1, 173	1,396	1, 251	1, 256	1, 487	1,606	3, 082	2,845	1, 579	1,086	1,062		
jelly glasses, and fruit jars)thous. gross	3, 904	4, 084	3, 859	3, 559	3,886	3, 492	4, 126	4, 139	3,968	5,035	4, 517	4,699	4, 171	3, 567	ļ	
Beverage dodo Beer bottlesdo Liquor and winedo	1, 007 1, 807 1, 289	1, 166 2, 089 1, 263	745 1,492 1,164	859 1, 354 1, 122	1, 169 1, 939 1, 377	1, 568 2, 071 1, 196	1, 707 2, 651 1, 261	1, 717 2, 929 1, 284	1,389 2,705 991	1, 104 2, 391 1, 296	758 2, 811 1, 326	799 1, 451 1, 563	968 1,528 1,433	1, 213 1, 744 1, 145		
Medicinal and toiletdo Chemical, household and industrialdo Dairy productsdo	2, 985 1, 007 142	3, 066 786 134	3, 219 842 139	2, 964 764 110	3, 277 811 120	2, 966 796 112	3, 097 869 123	3, 035 826 118	2,618 724 112	3, 357 879 168	3, 123 778 170	3, 345 809 151	2, 997 674 146	2, 789 664 143		
Stocks, end of monthdodo	21, 582	22,626	21, 789	22,779	23,066	23, 256	23, 205	23, 392	24,656	23, 394	21, 195	21, 412	21,590	21, 777		
GYPSUM AND PRODUCTS																
Crude gypsum, qtrly. avg. or total: Importsthous. sh. tons Productiondo	1, 242 7 2, 375	1, 355 2, 459			1, 019 2, 038			1,364 2,609			1, 542 2, 706			1, 495 2, 482		
Calcined, production, qtrly. avg. or totaldo	2,062	2, 205			1,916			2, 312			2, 429			2, 161	<b>-</b> -	<b></b>
Gypsum products sold or used, qtrly. avg. or total: Uncalcined usesthous, sh. tons_ Industrial usesdo Building uses:	7 1, 000 65	981 67		******	643 67			1, 132 68			1, 111 67			1,037 68		
Plasters:  Base-coat	256 264	256 257			226 207	••	·	273 271			287 297	 		239 254		
Lathmil. sq. ft	411.6	396. 2			335. 5			426. 4			448.1			374.7		
Wallboard do All others do	1, 483. 9 56. 6	1,657.9			1, 395. 1 46. 2						1, 822. 8 66. 6			1,670.7		
	r	'	T	EXT	ILE I	PROD	UCTS	8		•						,
APPAREL				1						I	1					
Hoslery, shipmentsthous, doz. pairs_	14, 008	14, 355	14, 901	13, 958	14, 952	13, 124	14, 310	14, 680	12, 428	17, 236	13, 711	16, 438	14, 593	11,671	14, 834	
Men's apparel, cuttings: σ <sup>3</sup> Tailored garments: Suits thous, units	1,572	1,789	1,880	1, 726	1, 881	1,873	1,796	1, 649	1,200	2,002	1,750	2,126	1,878	1,712	}	Ì
Overcoats and topcoats do do do do do do do do do do do do do	389	366	200	214	281	370	470	500	354	533	442	452	360	210		
Coats (separate), dress and sportdo Trousers (separate), dress and sportdo	815 8,641	1,064 8,535	1, 205 8, 160	1,005 8,514	1, 124 9, 849	1, 079 8, 824	1, 124 9, 312	1,067 9,075	672 7, 559	1, 191 10, 028	960 8, 247	1, 160 8, 915	1,080 7,527	1,096 6,406		
Shirts (woven fabrics), dress and sport thous. doz - Work clothing:	1,878	2,084	2, 155	2, 137	2, 258	2,042	2,245	2,003	1,563	2,208	2,021	2,216	2,287	1,872		
Dungarees and waistband overallsdo Shirtsdo	264 304	311 310	305 295	295 325	308 324	308 338	332 331	315 326	303 256	387 334	302 289	321 341	285 312	271 250		
Women's, misses', juniors' outerwear, cuttings:♂ Coatsthous, units	2,006	2, 124	2,009	2,437	2, 566	1,275	1, 223	2,064	2, 274	2,688	2, 318	2,692	2, 545	1,393		
Dresses do do do do do do do do do do do do do	20, 855 764	21, 178 782	20,096 1,098	21,482 1,140	26, 654 1, 109	26, 143 673	27, 130 583	20,800 815	17,782 726	21,804 728	18, 135 535	20, 624 624	18, 806 689	14,679		
Waists, blouses, and shirtsthous. doz	1,245 663	1, 365 727	1, 297 583	1,508 661	1,656 740	1,557 757	1,566 905	1,237 780	1,226 804	1, 372 893	1, 159 700	1,520 775	1,369 658	916		
Skirtsdo	1 003	1 727	1 989	1 001	1 140			s for Jan.						408	l	1

r Revised.

Revisions for 1960 are shown in the Apr. 1962 Survey.
Revisions for Jan.-Mar. 1961 will be shown later.

& Revisions for Jan. 1959–Oct. 1961 are available upon request. § Comprises sheathing, formboard, and laminated board.

and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mon ave		Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Fe
		TI	EXTI	LE PI	RODU	JCTS-	-Con	tinue	ed	` <u></u>	<u>'</u>	<u>'</u>		<u>'</u>		•
COTTON																
otton (exclusive of linters): Production:	ļ															İ
Ginnings§thous running bales_ Crop estimate, equivalent 500-lb. bales	1 14, 325		³13,996						287	1, 501	4, 681	9, 156	12,061	<sup>2</sup> 12, 937	<sup>3</sup> 14, 627	
thous, bales_	114,318													<sup>7</sup> 14.723		
Consumption †	710 13, 492	727 r 14, 565	4 870 r 14, 253	717 13, 057	731 12,014	4 868 10, 840	713 9,775	* 699 8, 643	4 690 7, 831	693	661 20, 761	4 823 19, 523	667 18, 870	590 17, 914	4790 16, 801	
Domestic cotton, total do On farms and in transit do	13, 417	14, 479 13, 356	7 14, 168 7 1, 057	12, 975 573	11, 940 417	10, 775	9, 721 304	8, 594 189	7,789	21, 187 13, 357	20, 637 10, 877	19,399 6,530	18, 754 4, 378	17, 808 2, 042	16, 703 1, 012	
Public storage and compressesdo Consuming establishmentsdo Foreign cotton, totaldo	7, 794 1, 809 75	9,470 1,654 86	11, 192 1, 919 85	10, 338 2, 064 82	9, 386 2, 137 74	8, 331 2, 090 65	7, 448 1, 969 54	6, 661 1, 744 49	6, 095 1, 504 42	6, 597 1, 233 117	8,631 1,129 124	11, 655 1, 214 124	12,997 1,379 116	14, 304 1, 462 106	14, 167 1, 524 98	
Exportsdo	533	7321	r381	*381	392	7302	361	425	7464	r 139	r163	157	299	383	20	
Importst do de la contra del contra de la contra de la contra de la contra de la contra de la contra de la contra de la contra de la contra de la contra de la contra de la contra de la contra de la contra de la contra de la contra de la contra de la contra de la contra de la contra del contra de la contra del contra de la contra de la contra de la contra de la contra de la contra de la contra de la contra de la contra de la contra de la contra de la contra de la contra de la contra de la contra de la contra del la contra del contra del la contra dela	31. 0 32. 2	32. 0 33. 5	30. 5 33. 6	29. 4 33. 7	30. 6 33. 8	32. 2 33. 8	33. 6 33. 9	33. 6 34. 1	33. 4 34. 0	89 32. 6 33. 4	33. 2 33. 0	32. 6 33. 0	31. 8 33. 0	31. 0 33. 1	30. 1 33. 4	
otton linters: Consumption¶tthous, bales	109	108	4 128	105	111	4 124	105	103	4 85	105	101	4 125	101	99	4 114	
Production do	130 543	141 633	194 624	174 662	156 689	124 694	85 655	58 598	51 576	69 524	157 539	223 614	222 696	180 729	194 811	
COTTON MANUFACTURES																
oindle activity (cotton system spindles):¶t Active spindles, last working day, total_thous	19,037	18,832	18, 971	18, 990	18, 978	18, 987	18, 806	18, 817	18, 761	18, 798	18, 689	18, 712	18, 730	18,750	18, 611	
Consuming 100 percent cottondo Spindle hours operated, all fibers, totalmil	17, 330 9, 764	16, 795 9, 920	17, 120 411, 661	17, 127 9, 574	17, 105 9, 597	17, 107 111, 668	16, 901 9, 501	16, 869 9, 510	16,773 49,697	16, 731 9, 432		16, 495 4 11,565	16,395 9,253	16, 374 8, 450	16, 222 4 11, 206	
Average per working daydo Consuming 100 percent cottondo	8, 887	459 8, 816	4 10, 513	479 8, 615	8, 622	467 410, 535	475 8, 506	476 8, 481	4 8, 621	472 8, 382	457 8,034	463 410, 134	463 8,035	7, 317	448 49,705	
otton yarn, natural stock, on cones or tubes: Prices, f.o.b. mill:	6.17	000	0=0	0=0	0=0	270	^~	000		222	2	25.	0=4			
20/2, carded, weaving \$ \text{per lb} \\ 36/2, combed, knitting  \do \do \do \do \do \do \do \do \do \d	. 647 . 926	. 660 . 938	. 670 . 958	. 670 . 958	. 670 . 956	. 670 . 941	. <b>661</b> . <b>9</b> 38	. 661 . 938	. 656 . 936	. 656 . 931	. 654 . 931	. 651 . 926	. 651 . 924	. 651 . 924	P. 646 P. 921	
otton cloth: Cotton broadwoven goods over 12" in width:	2, 292		!		0 405			0.405			0.100					
Production, qtrly. avg. or totalmil. lin. yd. Orders, unfilled, end of mo., as compared with avg. weekly productionNo. weeks' prod.	11.8	10.8	10.8	12.3	2, 425 11. 9	11.4	11.0	2, 435 10. 1	12. 2	9. 2	2, 182 9. 4	10. 1	10. 3	11. 1	9. 8	-
Inventories, end of mo., as compared with avg. weekly production	5. 5	5. 4	5.0	4.9	4.8	4. 9	5. 0	5. 1	6.5	5. 4	5.6	5. 7	5.8	6.2	5.9	
Ratio of stocks to unfilled orders (at cotton mills), end of mo., seasonally adjusted ⊙	. 47	. 51	. 47	. 43	. 42	. 44	. 47	. 51	. 55	. 56	. 56	. 54	. 55	. 56	. 60	
Exportst thous. sq. yd. Importst do	39, 117 21, 208	734, 691 38, 744	r32, 368 48, 690	38,660 41,140	7 42, 111 43, 617	7 39, 618 57, 001	35, 428 34, 497	7 39, 091 30, 757	7 34, 061 28, 562	7 31, 823 30, 960	29, 797 37, 819	729, 561 46, 474	31, 094 27, 388	32, 684 38, 019		-1
Mill margins†cents per lb_ Prices, wholesale:	24, 49	25. 24	24.85	24.94	25.09	25.38	25.06	24. 90	25. 10	25, 23	25.70	25. 63	25. 58	25, 37	25. 10	2
Denim, mill finishedcents per yd_ Print cloth, 39 inch, 68 x 72do	38.3 15.1 16.3	39. 6 15. 4	38.3 15.3	38. 3 15. 1	39.6 15.5	40.3 15.5	40.3 15.5	40.3 15.5	40. 3 15. 5	40. 3 15. 4	40.3 15.3	40.3 15.3	38. 3 15. 3	38.3 15.4	» 38. 3 » 15. 5	[·
Sheeting, class B, 40-inch, 48 x 44-48do ANMADE FIBERS AND MANUFACTURES	10.0	17.0	17.0	17. 0	17.0	17.0	17.0	17.0	17.0	17.0	17. 0	17.0	17.0	17.0	» 17. O	
ber production, qtrly. avg. or totalmil. lb	485. 6 160. 4	596. 2 181. 5			580. 8 188 1			593.8			590.0			620.4		-
Staple, incl. tow (rayon) do	100. 2 187. 7	125. 0 242. 6			123. 0 221. 7			119. 2 243. 0			119. 9 245. 9			137. 9 259. 8		
1 extile glass niterdo	37.3	47.1	ļ <u>-</u>		48.0			56.0			43.6			40.9		-
xports; Yarns and monofilaments‡thous. lb- Staple, tow, and topsdo	7, 018 3, 834	9, 177 4, 281	8, 506 3, 329	7, 453 4, 633	8, 784 3, 513	9, 208 4, 338	8, 721 4, 406	10, 240 3, 995	6, 544 3, 024	11, 549 4, 215	10, 484 5, 414	7, 840 3, 881	9, 020 5, 200	11,776 5,419		
yarns and monofilaments dododododododo	541	810	677	665	537	548	859	711	1, 106	859	1, 070	930	902	861		.
ocks, producers', end of mo.:	3, 190	5, 462	4,910	7,715	5, 715	4, 351	5, 043	5, 771	5, 767	6,034	5, 252	3, 516	4, 801	6, 673		-
Filament yarn (rayon and acetate)mil. lb	56. 4 53. 5 6 70. 9	53. 2 48. 4	47. 4 42. 8	48. 0 45. 4	51.3 49.5	51. 6 51. 1	49. 8 48. 5	47. 9 51. 2	51. 1 54. 5	54. 0 54. 4	57. 1 52. 9	58. 4 48. 4	59. 6 41. 8	62.7 40.0		-
Noncellulosic fiber*do Textile glass fiber*do	\$ 70.9 \$ 22.1	6 78. 2 6 26. 8			63. 7 21. 1			67. 6 28. 4			82. 4 30. 2			99. 3 27. 5		-
rices, rayon (viscose): Yarn, filament, 150 denier\$ per lb Staple, 1.5 denierdo	. 82	. 82	. 82 . 27	. 82 . 27	. 82 . 27	.82	. 82 . 27	. 82 . 27	. 82 . 27	. 82 . 27	. 82 . 27	. 82 . 26	.82	. 82	p. 82 p. 26	
anniade fiber broadwoven fabrics:																
Production, qtrly, avg. or total ?mil. lin. yd_ Rayon and acetate (excl. tire fabrie)do Nylon and chiefly nylon mixtures	596. 2 366. 3 64. 1	665. 2 390. 5 73. 2		<b>-</b>	657. 7 394. 1 75. 1			663. 1 392. 3 75. 6			7642.4 7374.4 69.6			697. 6 401. 3 72. 6		-
Nylon and chiefly nylon mixturesdo Polyester and chiefly polyester blends*do	111.6	140.8			128. 7			128.8			141.4			164. 5		-
Exports, piece goods tthous. sq. yd	7 11, 559	11,633	10,475	11,096	12, 964	12, 661	11,890	13, 620	9, 422	10, 577	11, 784	10, 353	11,087	13, 664		-
aports, rawthous. lb_ rice, raw, AA, 20-22 denier\$ per lb_	557 5. 20	540 6. 03	389 5.08	688 5. 22	545 5. 42	524 5.73	421 5. 98	399 6, 22	473 6, 20	785 6. 36	525 5. 98	741 6, 42	655 6. 49	328 7. 22	₽ 7. 63	-
oduction, fabric, qtrly. avg. or total thous. lin. yd	5, 732	6, 120	l		6, 325			6,047	l	\	5, 884		l <u></u>	6, 224	1	
Revised. Preliminary. 1 Total crop for ye Jan. 16. Data cover a 5-week period. Data cover a 5-week period.	ar. <sup>2</sup> G ta are for	innings t month s	to Dec. 13 shown.	3. Gir Qtrly	nings . avg.	<b>†</b> ]	Revised :	series. S	s for 1959 See note	-Nov. 19 in the S	61 are av ept. 1961	ailable u Survey	pon requ ; data fo	iest. r Aug. 19	957–June	1960
Dec. 1 estimate of 1962 crop. §Total ginnings to end of month indicated excep	as note	đ.				availa Q	ble upon Include	request s data r	ot show	n separa	telv. *N	Jew serie	es: data	for 1954	-60 are	
Data for Jan., Apr., July, and Oct. 1962 and Jan. weeks. New series from U.S. Dept. of Agriculture and			-			upon	request.	♂Be	ginning A	ug. 1962	, include	s Phoeni	x, Ariz.	(15 mark	ets).	

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1961	1   1962   1962										1963				
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mon aver		Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
	_	TI	EXTI	LE PI	RODU	CTS-	- Con	tinue	d				<u></u>		<u> </u>	!
WOOL																
Wool consumption, mill (clean basis) ¶ Apparel class	21, 923 12, 421 21, 079 10, 011	23, 254 12, 363 23, 089 15, 207	125,609 114,085 23,982 16,299	22, 740 11, 387 22, 747 15, 409	23, 523 11, 159 25, 945 19, 187	127, 828 112, 216 21, 019 13, 846	23, 434 11, 501 20, 133 13, 579	23, 061 11, 932 22, 387 15, 485	123, 251 110, 177 16, 834 11, 216	22, 152 13, 235 24, 433 14, 849	21, 268 12, 940 21, 001 12, 562	126, 335 116, 263 25, 102 14, 514	20, 594 12, 470 25, 837 17, 825	19, 258 10, 991 27, 644 17, 716	125, 017 1 14, 005	
Graded fleece, §6 blood	1. 032 1. 110	1. 090 1. 155	1. 075 1. 125	1. 075 1. 125	1. 075 1. 125	1. 075 1. 125	1. 075 1. 135	1. 075 1. 175	1. 075 1. 175	1. 075 1. 175	1. 085 1. 175	1.111 1.175	1. 145 1. 175	1. 145 1. 175	1. 145 1. 215	1. 154 1. 275
WOOL MANUFACTURES  Knitting yarn, worsted, 2/20s-50s/56s, Bradford																
wostem, wholesale price	96. 7 71,721 70,035	100. 6 76, 568 74, 326	96. 7	99. 2	99. 2 75, 464 73, 431	100. 5	100. 5	100. 5 82, 505 80, 813	100. 5			101. 7		102. 9 70, 437 67, 253	105. 4	
Women's and children'sdodo	93. 8 95. 2	94. 9 96. 3	94. 6 95. 2	94. 6 95. 2	94. 6 95. 2	94. 6 95. 2	94. 6 96. 9	48, 362 95. 0 96. 9	95. 0 96. 9	95. 0 96. 9	95. 0 96. 9	95. 0 96. 9	95. 4 96. 9	39, 309 7 95. 8 96. 9	95. 8 96. 9	
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT																
AEROSPACE VEHICLES△																
Orders, new (net), qtrly, avg. or total	3, 357 2, 619 3, 035 3, 738				3, 199 2, 552 2, 868 3, 875			3, 512 2, 663 3, 021 4, 016			4, 055 3, 343 3, 670 3, 862					
U.S. Governmentdo	2,883				3,037			3,060			3, 057					
Backlog of orders, end of year or qtr. Q	13,965 11,043 5,646 1,546 3,829 1,803				13, 344 10, 568 5, 213 1, 504 3, 794 1, 670			12, 840 10, 171 5, 127 1, 476 3, 491 1, 644			13, 033 10, 457 5, 037 1, 455 4, 140 1, 367					
Aircraft (civilian): Shipments ⊕doAirframe_weight ⊕ thous. lbmil. \$mil. \$	82. 1 1, 824 7 28. 0	81. 8 1, 682 r 27. 3	87. 8 1, 726 26. 4	109. 1 2, 045 60. 1	77. 6 1, 747 7 48. 2	111. 2 2, 511 7 45. 1	121. 2 2, 345 31. 6	92. 4 1, 915 11. 4	77. 9 1, 395 17. 1	88. 3 1, 400 10. 4	49. 2 1, 032 17. 1	44. 0 1, 216 21. 8	65. 6 1, 419 26. 1	57. 4 1, 437 12. 3	47. 3 1, 322	
MOTOR VEHICLES												22.0	20.1			
Tactory sales, total	556. 4 527. 3 461. 9 450. 2 94. 5 77. 1	681. 1 654. 6 577. 8 562. 8 103. 3 91. 9	711.0 684.2 610.9 595.9 100.1 88.3	628. 6 603. 7 533. 6 518. 5 95. 0 85. 2	713. 9 685. 3 605. 8 588. 5 108. 1 96. 8	719. 6 687. 8 614. 3 594. 8 105. 3 93. 0	786. 2 756. 7 673. 5 656. 6 112. 7 100. 1	678. 2 651. 2 569. 2 555. 0 109. 0 96. 2	687. 7 663. 9 587. 1 575. 4 100. 7 88. 5	299. 2 282. 0 218. 6 213. 2 80. 6 68. 8	519.9 501.9 442.5 432.5 77.4 69.4	851. 0 817. 7 726. 9 705. 7 124. 1 112. 0	802.0 769.4 689.5 669.6 112.5 99.8	776. 1 751. 5 661. 4 647. 4 114. 7 104. 1	791. 0 768. 6 670. 2 658. 0 120. 8 110. 6	<sup>2</sup> 719.; <sup>2</sup> 601. <sup>2</sup> 117
Exports, total‡number Passenger cars (new and used)do Trucks and busesdo	7 23,447 7 10,086 7 13,361	7 20,100 7 11,246 7 8,855	r 21,067 r 12,304 r 8,763	7 17,642 10,221 7 7,421	721, 794 12, 140 7 9,654	23, 719 15, 204 8, 515	22, 065 11, 882 10, 183	, 22,378 10,895 , 11,483	7 16,669 7, 803 7 8,866	15, 765 5, 940 9, 825	18, 405 11, 815 6, 590	17, 749 10, 934 6, 815	23, 383 14, 002 9, 381	20, 567 11, 807 8, 760		
Imports (cars, trucks, buses), total \$\sigma^2\$  do.     Passenger cars (new and used) \$\sigma^2\$   do.     Production, truck trailers; †   Complete trailers, total   do.     Vans   do.     Chassis, van bodies, for sale separately   do.	24, 860 24, 076 4, 263 2, 650 462	33, 037 32, 019 5, 648 3, 724 995	32, 305 31, 337 5, 484 3, 845 738	37, 695 36, 527 5, 295 3, 577 719	36, 344 35, 038 6, 393 4, 543 456	32, 607 31, 326 5, 934 3, 994 496	32, 335 31, 189 6, 391 4, 217 393	30, 551 29, 477 5, 721 3, 442 228	27, 735 27, 179 4, 999 3, 014 944	19, 394 18, 977 5, 462 3, 310 1, 353	29, 442 28, 686 5, 117 3, 190 1, 836	35, 087 34, 081 5, 970 3, 920 2, 184	37, 272 36, 195 5, 717 3, 951 1, 837	45, 678 44, 220 5, 290 3, 689 759	5, 744 3, 906 624	
Registrations:⊙ New passenger carsthous Foreign carsdo New commercial carsdo	487. 9 31. 6 76. 6	578. 2 28. 3 89. 1	506. 2 26. 4 7 78. 9	473.3 24.5 7 67.7	591.7 29.4 786.5	635. 0 31. 1 7 95. 2	643. 5 29. 4 7 93. 8	601. 9 28. 7 r 88. 4	613. 6 30. 5 90. 8	540. 2 27. 6 94. 9	373. 9 25. 6 74. 8	677. 7 29. 5 102. 3	637. 5 26. 6 92. 4	644. 4 29. 8 101. 3	553. 9 27. 0 90. 5	
RAILROAD EQUIPMENT																
Freight cars (ARCI): Shipments	2,655 1,572 1,083	3, 046 1, 962 1, 085	2, 128 1, 250 878	2, 690 1, 772 918	4, 077 3, 076 1, 001	3, 421 1, 677 1, 744	3, 758 1, 909 1, 849	3, 910 2, 219 1, 691	3, 181 2, 289 892	3, 541 2, 205 1, 336	2, 946 1, 984 962	2, 799 2, 162 637	2, 205 1, 660 545	1,899 1,336 563	2, 445 1, 330 1, 115	
New ordersdo Equipment manufacturers, totaldo Rallroad shops, domesticdo	2, 567 1, 600 967	7 3, 104 1, 989 7 1, 115	5, 336 2, 729 2, 607	1, 466 1, 127 339	1, 557 1, 500 57	2, 445 1, 432 1, 013	3, 188 2,855 333	3.411 2,294 1,117	3, 088 1, 630 1, 458	2, 781 1, 710 1, 071	1, 551 1, 218 333	7 4,336 2,673 7 1,663	r 3, 570 r 2, 959 611	7 4, 518 7 1, 737 2, 781	4,098 3,193 905	
Unfilled orders, end of modo Equipment manufacturers, totaldo Railroad shops, domesticdo	13, 462 4, 616 8, 846	14, 315 6, 788 7, 527	19, 011 8, 611 10, 400	17,737 7,970 9,767	15, 265 6, 441 8, 824	14, 244 6, 152 8, 092	13, 778 7, 100 6, 678	13, 274 7, 171 6, 103	13, 192 6, 516 6, 676	12, 429 6, 003 6, 426	11,064 5,264 5,800	12, 159 5, 737 6, 422	13, 502 7, 039 6, 463	16, 122 7, 446 8, 676	17, 565 9, 177 8, 388	
Passenger cars: Shipmentsdo Unfilled orders, end of modo	17 202	23 174	0 264	0 264	5 259	24 235	72 175	50 163	45 120	25 134	12 122	14 108	13 119	18 126	0 126	
Freight cars, class 1 (AAR): \$ Number owned, end of year or mothous_ Held for repairs, % of total owned	1,607	1, 552 8. 0	1, 604 8. 9	1,600 8.8	1, 598 8. 5	1, 594 8, 4	1, 588 8. 3	1, 582 8. 2	1, 577 8, 4	1, 573 8. 6	1, 567 8. 4	1, 563 8. 4	1,559 8.3	1, 552 8. 0	1, 547 8, 2	

r Revised. ¹ Data cover 5 weeks. ² Preliminary estimate of production.
¶See corresponding note, p. S-39.
‡ Revisions for 1959-61 are available upon request.
△Effective with the Jan. 1962 Survey, the qtrly, data reflect an expanded survey and include companies developing, producing, assembling, etc., complete missiles and space vehicles (and engines or propulsion units). Comparable data prior to Dec. 31, 1960, are not available.

<sup>†</sup>Revisions for 1960-Mar. 1961 are available upon request.

§ Total includes backlog for nonrelated products and services and basic research.

⊕ Data include military-type planes shipped to foreign governments.

© Data cover complete units, chassis, and bodies.

© Courtesy of R. L. Polk & Co.; republication prohibited.

§ Excludes railroad-owned private refrigerator cars and private line cars.

## - INDEX TO CURRENT BUSINESS STATISTICS, Pages S1-S40 -

INDEA TO COR	RENT BUSINESS STATISTIC	5, 1 ages 51-540
SECTIONS	Earnings, weekly and hourly 14-16 Eating and drinking places 11, 12	National defense expenditures
General:	Eggs and poultry 3, 7, 29 Electric power 4, 8, 26	National parks, visits
Business indicators 1-7 Commodity prices 7.8	Electrical machinery and equipment 3, 5, 6, 13–15, 19, 22, 34  Employment estimates 12–14	Nonferrous metals
Commodity prices 7, 8   Construction and real estate 9, 10   Domestic trade 10-12	Employment Service activities 16	Oats 27
Employment and population	Expenditures, U.S. Government 18 Explosives 25 Experiment (see also individual commodities) 1	Oil burners 34 Oils and fats 8, 29, 30 Orders, new and unfilled, manufacturers' 6
Finance 16-21 Foreign trade of the United States 21-23	Explosives 25 Exports (see also individual commodities) 1, 2, 21, 22 Express operations 23	Orders, new and unfilled, manufacturers'6 Ordnance13-15
Transportation and communications 23, 24		Paint and paint materials
Industry:	Failures, industrial and commercial	Panama Canal traffic 24 Paper and products and pulp 3,
Chemicals and allied products 24, 25	Farm income, marketings, and prices 1, 3, 7 Farm wages 16 Fats and oils 8, 29, 30	Parity ratio 5, 6, 8, 13-15, 19, 23, 36, 37 Passports issued 24
Electric power and gas26 Food and kindred products; tobacco26-30	Federal Government finance 18	Payrolls, indexes 14 Personal consumption expenditures 1, 2
Leather and products 30, 31	Federal Reserve banks, condition of 16 Federal Reserve reporting member banks 17 Fertilizers 8, 25	Personal income 2,3 Petroleum and products 4-6,
Lumber and manufactures 31 Metals and manufactures 32-34	Fire losses 10 Fish oils and fish 29	8, 11, 13–15, 19, 22, 23, 35, 36
Petroleum, coal, and products 35, 36 Pulp, paper, and paper products 36, 37	Flooring, hardwood 31 Flour, wheat 28	Plant and equipment expenditures 2, 20 Plastics and resin materials 25
Rubber and rubber products 37 Stone, clay, and glass products 38	Food products 4-8, 10, 11, 13-15, 19, 22, 23, 27-30	Population 12 Pork 28
Textile products 38-40 Transportation equipment 40	Foreclosures, real estate 10 Foreign trade 21-23 Foundry equipment 34	Postal savings 17 Poultry and eggs 3, 7, 29
Transportation equipments	Foundry equipment 34	Prices (see also individual commodities)
	Freight cars (equipment)       4, 40         Fruits and vegetables       7, 8, 22         Fuel oil       35, 36	Profits, corporate 1, 19 Public utilities 2-4, 7-9, 13-15, 18-21
INDIVIDUAL SERIES	Fuels 4, 8, 35, 36 Furnaces 34	Pullman Company
Advertising 10, 11, 16 Aerospace vehicles 40	Furniture 3, 4, 8, 10-15, 17 Furs 23	
Agricultural loans 16 Air carrier operations 23	Gas, output, prices, sales, revenues 4, 8, 26	Radiators and convectors 34 Radio and television 2, 13, 14, 16, 18-21, 23, 24, 40 Railways (local) and bus lines 13-15, 23
Aircraft and parts 3, 13-15, 40 Alcohol, denatured and ethyl 25	Gasoline 1, 35, 36 Glass and products 38	Railways (local) and bus lines 13-15, 23 Rayon and acetate 39
Alcoholic heverages 8, 10, 26	Glycerin 25	Real estate       10, 17, 18         Receipts, U.S. Government       18
Automobiles, etc. 1, 4-6, 8, 10, 11, 13-15, 19, 22, 40	Gold 2, 19 Grains and products 7, 8, 22-24, 27, 28 Grocery stores 11, 12	Recreation 7
	Gross national product 1, 2 Gross private domestic investment 1, 2	Rent (housing) 7 Retail trade 4, 5, 7, 9, 11-15, 17 Rice 27
Balance of international payments 2 Banking 16, 17	Gypsum and products 8, 38	Rice
Barley         27           Barrels and drums         33           Battery shipments         34	Hardware stores	Rubber and products 4-6, 8, 13-15, 23, 37 Rye 27
Beef and veal 28	Hides and skins 8, 30 Highways and roads 9, 10	Saving, personal 2
Beverages 4, 8, 10, 26 Blast furnaces, steel works, etc 13-15 Bonds, outstanding, issued, prices, sales,	Home Loan banks, loans outstanding 10	Savings deposits         17           Securities issued         19, 20
yields	Home mortgages 10 Hosiery 38	Services 1, 2, 13-15 Sheep and lambs 28
Brick 38 Broker's balances 20	Hotels14, 15, 24 Hours of work per week14	Shoes and other footwear 1, 8, 11, 12, 31 Silk, prices, imports, production 8, 39
Building and construction materials 8-10, 31, 36, 38 Building costs 9, 10	Housefurnishings 1, 4, 7, 8, 10-12 Household appliances and radios 4, 8, 11, 34	Silver
Business incorporations (new), failures 7 Business population 2	Housing starts	Steel ingots and steel manufactures 32, 33
Business sales and inventories 4,5 Butter 27	Imports (see also individual commodities) 1, 21-23 Income, personal 2, 3	Stock prices earnings sales etc 20 21
Cans (tinplate) 33	Income and employment tax receipts 18 Industrial production indexes:	Stocks, department stores 12 Stone, clay, and glass products 3-6,
Carloadings 23, 24 Cattle and calves 28	By industry 3, 4 By market grouping 3, 4	Stoves and ranges 34 Sugar 23, 29
Cereal and bakery products 8-10, 38 Cereal and bakery products 8	Installment credit 12, 17, 18 Installment sales, department stores 12	Sulfur         25           Sulfuric acid         25
Chain-store sales, firms with 4 or more and 11 or more stores 12 Cheese 27	Instruments and related products 3, 13-15 Insulating materials 34	Superphosphate 25 Tea imports 29
Cheese	Insurance, life 18, 19 Interest and money rates 17 Inventories, manufacturers' and trade 4-6, 11, 12	Tea imports 29 Telephone, telegraph, cable, and radiotelegraph carriers 13-15, 19, 20, 24
Civilian employees Federal 14	Inventory-sales ratios 5 Iron and steel 3, 5, 6, 8, 10, 19, 22, 23, 32, 33	Television and radio4, 8, 10, 11, 34 Textiles and products 3, 5, 6, 8, 13-15, 10, 22, 38-40
C!ay products 8, 38 Coal 4, 8, 13-15, 22-24, 35 Cocoa 23, 29 Coffee 23, 29	Labor advertising index, disputes, turnover 16	Tin. 23, 33 Tires and inner tubes. 8, 11, 12, 37 Tobacco and manufactures 4-8, 10, 13-15, 30 Tractors 22, 34
Coffee 23, 29 Coke 23, 24, 35	Labor force 12 Lamb and mutton 28	Tobacco and manufactures 4-8, 10, 13-15, 30 Tractors 22, 34
Coke 23, 24, 35 Communications 13–15, 19, 20, 24 Confectionery, sales 29	Lard 28 Lead 33	trade (manufacturing, wholesale, and re-
Construction: 9 Costs 9, 10	Leather and products	Transit lines, local       23         Transportation       1, 2, 7, 23, 24         Transportation equipment       3-6, 13-15, 19, 40
Costs 9, 10 Employment, hours, earnings, wages 13–16 Highways and roads 9, 10	Linseed oil 3, 7, 8, 24, 28 Loans, real estate, agricultural, bank, brokers'	Travel 23 24
Housing starts 9 New construction put in place 1, 2, 9	(see also Consumer credit) 10, 16, 17, 20	Truck trailers 40 Trucks (industrial, motor) 34, 40
Consumer credit 17, 18 Consumer expenditures 1, 2	Lubricants 35, 36 Lumber and products 3, 5, 6, 8, 10-15, 19, 31	Unemployment and insurance
Consumer goods output, index 3, 4	Machine tools 34	U.S. Government finance
7   7   7   7   7   7   7   7   7   7	Machine tools 34 Machinery 3, 5, 6, 8, 13–15, 19, 22, 34 Mail order houses, sales 11	Vacuum cleaners 34
Cotton, raw and manufactures	Manmade fibers and manufactures 8,39 Manufacturers' sales, inventories, orders 4-6	Variety stores
Cottonseed cake and meal and oil 30 Credit, short- and intermediate-term 17, 18	Manufacturing employment, production workers, payrolls, hours, earnings	Vegetables and fruits 7, 8, 22 Vessels cleared in foreign trade 24
Crude oil and natural gas 4, 13-15, 35	Manufacturing production indexes 3, 4 Margarine 29 Meats and meat packing 3, 7, 28	Veterans' benefits 16, 18
Currency in circulation19	Medical and personal care	Wages and salaries1, 3, 14-16 Washers and driers34
Dairy products 3, 7, 27 Debits, bank 16	Metals	Water heaters 34 Waterway traffic 24
Debt, U.S. Government 18 Department stores 11, 12, 17	Monetary statistics 19	Wheat and wheat flour 28 Wholesale price indexes 8 Wholesale price indexes 4
Deposits, bank	Money supply	Wholesale trade 4, 5, 12 Wood pulp 5, 8, 23, 40 Wool and wool manufactures 7, 8, 23, 40
Distilled spirits 26 Dividend payments, rates, and yields 3, 18-21 Drug stores, sales 11, 12	Motor vehicles 1, 4-6, 8, 10, 11, 13-15, 19, 22, 40 Motors and generators 34	Zinc 33, 34

Digit led for FRASER http://fraser.stlouisfed.org/ Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis OFFICIAL BUSINESS First-Class Mail

▶ The Office of Business Economics announces

## BALANCE OF PAYMENTS STATISTICAL SUPPLEMENT

## REVISED EDITION

Covering about 40 years, this comprehensive array of statistical information on the balance of payments of the United States, with revised and internally consistent data organized for ready reference, includes:

Specially constructed tables on MERCHANDISE TRADE since 1923, giving exports and imports by economic end-use categories.

Full details on international TRAVEL expenditures and receipts, freight and shipping, miscellaneous services and private remittances.

U.S. Government: military and non-military expenditures abroad; credits, grants, and other economic assistance; receipts for interest and principal.

PRIVATE FOREIGN INVESTMENTS: detailed data on values, capital flows, earnings, income receipts; data on sources and uses of funds of direct investments; short-term and portfolio capital flows.

- PRICE, \$1.25]-

Orders may be placed with the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington 25, D.C., or with any U.S. Department of Commerce Field Office. Check or money order should be sent with orders.

Digitized for FRASER http://fraser.stlouisfed.org