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The Business Situation

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By the Office of Business Economics

Business continued active in the opening weeks of the fall season, with the major economic sectors showing relatively small changes. Production schedules in a number of industries were trimmed to restrain inventory growth. The business picture continued to encompass mixed trends, however, and some industries were showing a firmer tone. Retail sales in October held at the September rate, following small reductions on a seasonally adjusted basis in the previous two months. Steel operations at 95 percent of capacity averaged above the reduced summer rate.

These developments were accompanied by some layoffs of workers though not on a widespread scale, and unemployment remained at its postwar low. Although in many manufacturing industries the usual seasonal expansion of employment did not materialize, in large part the moderate curtailment of manufacturing production has been brought about

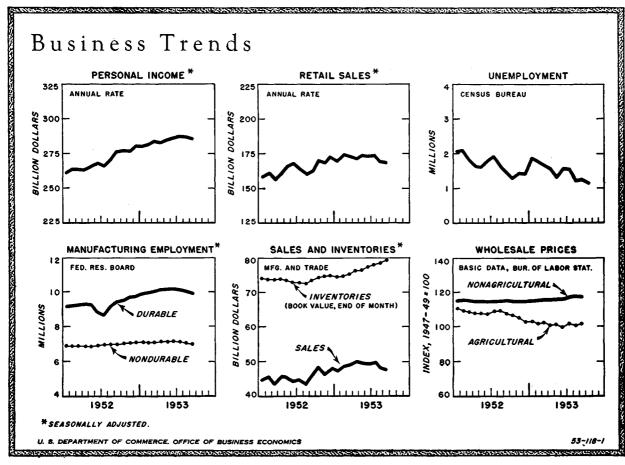
by a reduction in the workweek.

The value of total new construction put in place in October was above any preceding October and, on a seasonally adjusted basis, also above the third quarter rate. Commer-

cial, educational, and religious building rose contraseasonally in October. State and local government construction for highways, schools, and other public works declined less than usual. Other major categories of construction approximated the usual seasonal movement.

Recent business trends are summed up in the income and product data presented in a following section of this issue. These reflect the continuation of a high level of activity in the third quarter, which was marked by a slightly higher dollar amount of final purchases, but a slackened rate of inventory accumulation from the rate of the second quarter. Personal income was up for the quarter by \$2 billion to a seasonally adjusted annual rate of \$286½ billion, but drifted slightly lower during the quarter as the movement of wage payments in manufacturing industries reflected the reduction in man-hours worked.

September seasonally adjusted sales of nondurable goods producers were fractionally higher than in August, but shipments by durable goods makers were down about 4 percent. The September decline affected 8 of the 11 major durable



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goods groups, and brought total durable goods sales by manufacturers back to the rate at the beginning of the year. Manufacturers' inventories edged up by ¼ billion dollars, continuing the pattern of a declining rate of accumulation.

Net new orders received by manufacturers in September, seasonally adjusted, held steady at the August level but were 12 percent below the high rate of the spring quarter. Manufacturers' shipments were down 6 percent from the same period. Cancellations of defense contracts accentuated the size of the drop in new orders, and contributed to the reduction of nearly 8 percent from July to September in unfilled orders of durable goods producers, but the flow of new business was also off. Unfilled orders remaining are equal to 5 months of sales, and this large backlog is exerting an important stabilizing influence upon production and shipments.

Prices generally steady

Retail and wholesale price averages showed little change during September and October as divergent movements among component groups largely canceled out. At retail, the consumer price index edged fractionally upward in September as the 0.3-percent decline in food prices was more than offset by advances in all other major groups.

The most consistent price behavior shown by items entering into the consumer price index has been the tendency for rent and services to continue steadily upward, while commodity prices are on the average still a little below last year. It should be noted, however, that rent and service prices have risen considerably less than consumer commodity

prices from the prewar period.

In September, consumer commodity prices moved slightly higher, largely because of a 1-percent rise from August in apparel prices, as fall and winter clothing was priced for the first time since the end of the previous winter season, and smaller increases in fuel and housefurnishings prices. Although there has been a gradual upward movement since last February, prices of consumer commodities in September were still about 1 percent below those of September 1952 while rent was up 6 percent and other services up 4 percent.

In wholesale markets the price level, after a slight gain in September, moved fractionally lower in October and early November. The main feature of wholesale markets in this period has been the steadiness of nonagricultural manufactured goods prices and the easing tendency of raw materials, evidenced by a resumption of the decline of farm product and food prices and of industrial raw materials. Prices received by farmers were 2 percent lower on October 15 than a month earlier. Prices of raw metals and textile fibers, moving erratically, have averaged lower in recent weeks than in September.

Trend in employment

Employment gains in nonagricultural establishments from July to September have been less than usual for this season of the year, and employment is accordingly off a little on a seasonally adjusted basis. September employment was nevertheless 0.7 million above September of last year. The easing from July was almost entirely confined to manufacturing industries. Compared with September a year ago, however, factory employment was up and accounted for 500,000 of the 700,000 rise in the nonagricultural employment total. All other major industrial divisions were also higher except for mining and contract construction. The largest relative decline from a year ago occurred in mining where the number on the payrolls was 62,000, or 7 percent below September of 1952. This drop was all in coal mining where output has been more or less steadily on the downgrade since the wartime peak. A smaller decline took place in contract construction where employees on the payroll were 4 percent fewer in September than a year earlier.

The durable goods manufacturing industries as a whole, which had previously been showing the largest gains, experienced a larger seasonally adjusted decline in employment from the June peak than the nondurables. The declines in the durables were concentrated in the automobile, machinery other than electrical, primary metals, and lumber and wood products industries. Electrical machinery and ordnance were relatively unchanged. All major durable goods indus-

tries except lumber were above September 1952.

Employment in the nondurable manufactures group has also receded somewhat from the peak reached last spring, on a seasonally adjusted basis. In five of these lines, the number of employees on the payroll was slightly less than in the corresponding month of 1952—namely, the food products, tobacco manufactures, textiles, apparel, and leather products industries. The largest year-to-year gain tool place in paper and allied products.

Fewer hours worked

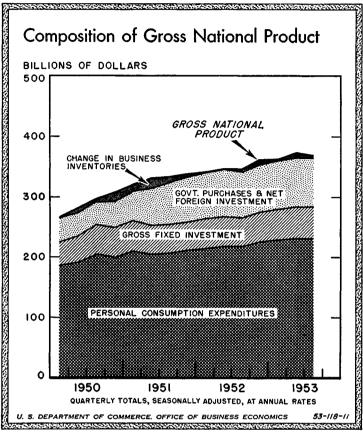
The trimming of production schedules has also been reflected in a moderate reduction since last spring in the manufacturing workweek, which BLS data show is now below corresponding months of last year. In large measure this has reflected a reduction in overtime work. The Bureau of the Census reported that in early October the proportion of manufacturing employees working more than 40 hours a week was 22 percent compared to 25 percent in August, 27 percent in the January–March quarter and 29 percent in October 1952.

Review of National Income and Product . . . in the Third Quarter

PRODUCTION and incomes continued high in the third quarter with only relatively small changes in most major markets of the economy. In August and September some income and product flows were below previous rates, but these reductions were generally moderate and, with the continued overall strength of demand, their effect on aggregate business activity was small.

The flow of personal income showed little change from the second quarter, rising by an annual rate of \$2 billion to \$286½ billion in the third. Although information on corporate earnings not distributed to individuals is not yet available, it seems likely that national income, which measures national output in terms of the incomes generated in production, was well sustained.

Gross national product, which represents national output in terms of the market value of goods and services produced, was at a seasonally adjusted rate of \$369 billion in the third quarter, \$3½ billion below the preceding quarter, but \$7 billion above the \$362 billion total of the opening quarter of the year. The decline from the second to the third quarter was due mainly to a reduced rate of inventory accumulation.



As can be seen from the following table, final purchases of gross national product, that is, gross national product less inventory change, have shown less fluctuation than the total since the beginning of last year. They increased sharply in the two periods following the strike-affected third quarter of 1952, less rapidly in the June 1953 quarter, and showed only a slight further gain from the second to the third quarter of this year.

[Billions of dollars at seasonally adjusted annual rates]

		T	F	Final purchases					
	Total GNP	Inventory increase	Total	Private	Govern- ment				
1952									
First quarter Second quarter Third quarter Fourth quarter	340. 4 345. 1 345. 3 361. 1	1. 5 . 7 4. 2 8. 5	338. 9 344. 4 341. 1 352. 6	264. 8 266. 7 263. 3 272. 2	74. 1 77. 7 77. 8 80. 4				
1953									
First quarterSecond quarter Third quarter	362. 0 372. 4 369. 0	2. 9 8. 8 4. 5	359. 1 363. 6 364. 5	276. 7 280. 1 280. 9	82. 4 83. 5 83. 6				

Both consumption and fixed investment contributed to the rise of private final purchases over this period, and there was also an expansion in Government purchases both for national

security and other purposes.

Weighing the evidence presented by both the income and product flows and their composition, it appears that aggregate business activity changed little from the second quarter to the third. However, some slackening in the rate of activity was perceptible during the course of the quarter. Personal income decreased both in August and September, due mainly to a reduction in manufacturing payrolls, but the September income rate was less than 1 percent below July and above any prior month.

Other measures covering significant sectors of economic activity on a monthly basis, such as retail trade, residential construction, and manufacturing sales and production, showed somewhat similar patterns. On the other hand, unemployment in September, at 1.2 million, was at its postwar low, and a further small decline was reported by the Cen-

sus Bureau for October.

Demand for Gross National Product

Third quarter personal consumption expenditures maintained the high \$231 billion annual rate of the preceding 3 months as the continued rise in consumer spending for services offset slight declines in outlays for durable and nondurable commodities. A moderate reduction in commodity purchases within the quarter was indicated by the seasonally adjusted monthly retail sales data, which were down about 2½ percent in August and September from July.

Consumer spending stable in aggregate

Consumer purchases of durable goods, at an annual rate of \$30½ billion were fractionally below the second quarter, due to a moderate reduction in automotive expenditures. Although below the April-June period, third-quarter expenditures for automobiles and parts were at an annual rate of almost \$14 billion, higher than in any other prior period except the unusual third quarter of 1950. These expenditures have been the most dynamic element in the durables total during the past several quarters. Since the first half of 1952 they have accounted for the bulk of the \$3½ billion (annual rate) increase in total hard good purchases and have largely governed their quarterly movement. Since shortages, controls, and steel availability have greatly affected postwar seasonal movements of automobile expenditures, the difficulties of correcting for normal seasonal variation should be noted.

In contrast to the automotive group, consumer expenditures for other durables have been comparatively stable in the aggregate over the past year and a half, fluctuating within a range of \$16 to \$17 billion. This stability did not, of course, extend to all of the component elements of this large and heterogeneous body of hard goods, many of which have displayed considerable diversity within this period.

Soft goods have followed a somewhat uneven course so far this year. They remained unchanged in the opening quarter (following the brisk rise in the Christmas quarter last year), rose moderately in the April-June period, and dropped by \$1 billion in the third quarter to an annual rate of \$121 This movement contrasts with the successive

quarterly increases during 1952.

Most of the third-quarter change was attributable to the sizable reduction in purchases of clothing and shoes which were about 5 percent below the second-quarter seasonally adjusted rate. The dollar value of food and beverages as well as other nondurable goods purchases was sustained, although physical volumes may have been reduced slightly since there were further price increases.

Table 1.—National Income and Product, 1952 and First Three Quarters, 1953 ¹

[Billions of dollars]

			[]	Billions o	f dollars]										
				U	nadjuste	d				Sease	onally ad	ijusted at	annual	rates	
Item	1952		19	52			1953			19	52			1953	
		I	II	ш	IV	I	II	III	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III
NATIONAL INCOME BY DISTRIBUTIVE SHARES															
National income	291, 6	70.7	71, 8	73.0	76, 1	75.7	77.4	(2)	286, 8	287.9	290, 4	301, 4	306.7	310, 7	(2)
Compensation of employees Wages and salaries Private Military Government civilian Supplements to wages and salaries	151. 1 10. 4 22. 2	46. 3 43. 8 35. 8 2. 5 5. 5 2. 4	47. 2 44. 7 36. 6 2. 6 5. 5 2. 5	48. 6 46. 3 38. 3 2. 6 5. 3 2. 4	51. 1 48. 8 40. 3 2. 6 5. 9 2. 3	50. 4 47. 8 39. 4 2. 6 5. 8 2. 6	51. 8 49. 1 40. 8 2. 6 5. 8 2. 6	52. 6 50. 2 42. 1 2. 6 5. 5 2. 4	187. 9 178. 6 146. 9 10. 1 21. 6 9. 3	189. 5 180. 1 147. 7 10. 4 22. 0 9. 5	194. 1 184. 4 151. 5 10. 6 22. 4 9. 6	201. 3 191. 3 158. 3 10. 4 22. 6 10. 0	204. 5 194. 5 161. 3 10. 4 22. 8 10. 0	208. 0 198. 0 164. 5 10. 6 22. 9 10. 0	210. 4 200. 6 166. 9 10. 5 23. 1 9. 8
Proprietors' and rental income ⁸	51. 2 26. 3 14. 8 10. 0	12. 6 6. 5 3. 7 2. 4	12. 9 6. 6 3. 8 2. 5	12. 9 6. 5 3. 8 2. 6	12.8 6.7 3.5 2.6	12. 7 6. 7 3. 4 2. 6	12. 4 6. 7 3. 1 2. 6	12. 3 6. 7 2. 9 2. 6	50. 5 26. 1 14. 7 9. 6	51. 5 26. 3 15. 3 10. 0	51. 5 26. 1 15. 2 10. 2	51. 1 26. 7 14. 0 10. 3	50. 8 27. 0 13. 4 10. 4	49. 7 27. 0 12. 3 10. 4	49. 1 26. 9 11. 6 10. 6
Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment Corporate profits before tax Corporate profits tax liability Corporate profits after tax Inventory valuation adjustment	40. 2 39. 2 20. 6 18. 6 1. 0	10. 1 10. 1 5. 3 4. 8	10. 0 9. 6 5. 1 4. 5	9. 7 9. 5 5. 0 4. 5	10. 4 10. 0 5. 2 4. 8	10. 7 10. 9 5. 9 4. 9 2	11. 3 11. 5 6. 0 5. 4 2	(2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (6	41. 7 41. 5 21. 8 19. 7	39. 9 38. 2 20. 1 18. 0 1. 7	37. 7 37. 0 19. 4 17. 5	41. 7 40. 3 21. 2 19. 1 1. 4	43.8 44.6 24.4 20.3 8	45. 2 45. 9 25. 0 20. 8 6	(2) (2) (2) (2) (2) -2. 6
Net interest	7. 0 30. 9	1. 7 7. 6	1. 7 7. 7	1.8 7.5	1.8 8.0	1.9 8.0	1. 9 8. 0	2. 0 7. 6	6. 7 30. 1	6. 9 30. 8	7. 1 31. 3	7. 4 31. 5	7. 6 31. 5	7. 7 31. 9	7. 9 31. 8
GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT OR EXPENDITURE															
Gross national product.	348, 0	83, 4	84, 4	85, 4	94, 7	89. 2	90, 8	91, 3	340. 4	345, 1	345. 3	361, 1	362, 0	372, 4	369, 0
Personal consumption expenditures	218. 1 26. 7 118. 8 72. 7	50. 7 5. 7 27. 2 17. 8	53. 7 6. 6 29. 0 18. 1	53. 0 6. 2 28. 7 18. 1	60. 7 8. 2 33. 8 18. 7	54. 3 6. 7 28. 3 19. 3	56. 9 7. 5 29. 9 19. 5	56. 3 7. 4 29. 3 19. 6	213. 7 26. 0 117. 2 70. 5	217. 2 27. 4 118. 0 71. 8	217. 2 25. 1 118. 7 73. 3	224. 4 28. 2 121. 1 75. 1	227. 7 30. 2 121. 2 76. 3	230. 4 30. 7 122. 1 77. 6	231. 0 30. 4 121. 3 79. 2
Gross private domestic investment	52. 5 23. 4 11. 1 12. 3 25. 4	14. 0 4. 9 2. 2 2. 8 6. 2	11. 1 5. 8 2. 8 3. 1 6. 9	13. 4 6. 5 3. 1 3. 4 5. 8	14. 0 6. 1 3. 0 3. 1 6. 5	15. 3 5. 3 2. 4 2. 8 6. 3	13. 5 6. 3 3. 0 3. 3 7. 0	14.6 7.0 3.3 3.7	50. 4 23. 3 11. 0 12. 4 25. 6	49. 6 23. 4 11. 0 12. 4	52. 3 23. 1 10. 8 12. 3 24. 9	57. 9 23. 9 11. 6 12. 3 25. 5	54. 0 25. 0 12. 2 12. 8 26. 2	61. 0 25. 3 12. 0 13. 4 26. 9	56. 5 24. 9 11. 5 13. 4 27. 1
Change in business inventories, total	3. 7 3. 1	2. 9 2. 7	-1. 7 -1. 9	1. 1 1. 0	1. 4 1. 3	3. 7 3. 7	.2	6.8 .7 .7	1. 5 . 6	25. 6 . 7 —. 1	4. 2 3. 6	8. 5 8. 1	20. 2 2. 9 2. 6	8.8 8.7	4. 5 4. 4
Net foreign investment.	2	. 5	.1	6	2	5	6	7	2. 1	. 5	-2.0	-1.6	-2.1	-2.5	-2.1
Government purchases of goods and services. Federal National security. National defense. Other national security. Other Less: Government sales. State and local.	77. 5 54. 2 48. 9 46. 5 2. 4 5. 8	18. 1 12. 7 11. 5 11. 0 . 6 1. 3 . 1 5. 4	19. 6 13. 7 12. 5 11. 8 . 7 1. 3 . 1 5. 9	19. 6 13. 7 12. 3 11. 6 . 7 1. 5 . 1 6. 0	20. 2 14. 1 12. 6 12. 2 . 5 1. 6 . 1 6. 1	20. 2 14. 4 12. 9 12. 3 . 6 1. 6 . 2 5. 8	21. 0 14. 7 13. 4 12. 8 . 6 1. 5 . 2 6. 2	21. 1 14. 6 13. 0 12. 6 . 4 1. 7 . 1 6. 5	74. 1 51. 0 46. 2 43. 9 2. 2 5. 4 . 5 23. 1	77. 7 54. 7 49. 8 47. 1 2. 7 5. 4 . 5 23. 0	77. 8 54. 6 49. 2 46. 4 2. 8 6. 0 . 6 23. 2	80. 4 56. 4 50. 5 48. 6 1. 9 6. 3 . 5 24. 0	82. 4 57. 4 51. 6 49. 4 2. 2 6. 5 . 7 24. 9	83. 5 58. 9 53. 5 51. 3 2. 3 6. 0 . 7 24. 6	83. 6 58. 4 52. 1 50. 4 1. 7 6. 8 . 5 25. 2
DISPOSITION OF PERSONAL INCOME	20. 1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.0	20.1	20.0	20. 2	24.0	24.0	24.0	20.2
Personal income	269.7	64, 4	66, 3	67, 7	71, 3	69. 1	70, 7	71, 4	262.8	266, 0	271, 4	278.3	281, 6	284, 4	286, 8
Less: Personal tax and nontax payments	34. 6 31. 1 3. 6	12.3 11.2 1.0	7.3 6.4 .9	8.1 7.3 .8	7.0 6.2 .8	12.7 11.5 1.2	7. 2 6. 2 1. 0	8.7 7.8 .9	34. 2 30. 7 3. 4	34. 3 30. 8 3. 5	34.8 31.2 3.6	35. 3 31. 6 3. 7	36. 2 32. 3 3. 8	36. 7 32. 8 3. 9	37. 0 33. 1 3. 9
Equals: Disposable personal income	235. 0 218. 1 16. 9	52. 1 50. 7 1. 4	59. 0 53. 7 5. 3	59. 6 53. 0 6. 6	64. 3 60. 7 3. 6	56. 4 54. 3 2. 1	63. 5 56. 9 6. 6	62. 6 56. 3 6. 3	228. 7 213. 7 15. 0	231. 7 217. 2 14. 5	236. 6 217. 2 19. 4	243. 0 224. 4 18. 6	245. 4 227. 7 17. 7	247. 7 230. 4 17. 2	249. 8 231. 0 18. 8
RELATION OF GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT, NATIONAL INCOME, AND PERSONAL INCOME															
Gross national product	348. 0	83, 4	84. 4	85, 4	94, 7	89, 2	90, 8	91, 3	340. 4	345, 1	345, 3	361, 1	362, 0	372, 4	369. 0
Less: Capital consumption allowances Indirect business tax and nontax liability Business transfer payments Statistical discrepancy Plus: Subsidies less current surplus of Government enterprises	27. 0 28. 1 . 9 . 5	6.4 6.6 .2 5	6.7 6.9 .2 -1.3 .1	6.7 7.2 .2 -1.7	7. 1 7. 4 . 2 3. 9 . 0	7.1 7.1 .2 8 .0	7.3 7.5 .2 -1.6 .0	7. 4 7. 6 . 2 (2) 1	25. 7 27. 0 . 9 . 0 . 1	26. 9 28. 0 . 9 1. 8 . 4	27. 0 28. 3 . 9 -1. 4 1	28. 2 28. 9 . 9 1. 6 2	28. 2 29. 3 . 9 -3. 1	29. 2 30. 1 . 9 1. 7 . 2	29. 6 30. 0 . 9 (2) 3
Equals: National income	291.6	70, 7	71,8	73. 0	76. 1	75, 7	77.4	(2)	286.8	287, 9	290, 4	301.4	306.7	310.7	(2)
Less: Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment. Contributions for social insurance. Excess of wage accruals over disbursements. Plus: Government transfer payments. Net interest paid by Government. Dividends. Business transfer payments.	40. 2 8. 6 1 12. 0 4. 9 9. 1	10. 1 2. 5 . 0 2. 9 1. 0 2. 1	10. 0 2. 2 . 0 2. 9 1. 4 2. 1	9.7 2.1 1 3.0 1.1 2.1 .2	10. 4 1. 9 . 0 3. 1 1. 4 2. 8	10.7 2.6 .0 3.2 1.1 2.2	11.3 2.3 .0 3.2 1.3 2.2	(2) 2. 1 . 0 3. 1 1. 1 2. 2 . 2	41.7 8.6 .1 11.5 4.9 9.1	39. 9 8. 6 . 0 11. 7 4. 9 9. 1 . 9	37. 7 8. 7 3 12. 2 4. 9 9. 1	41. 7 8. 8 . 0 12. 4 4. 9 9. 1	43.8 9.0 .0 12.6 4.9 9.2 .9	45. 2 9. 0 . 0 12. 6 5. 0 9. 4	(2) 8.8 .0 12.6 5.1 9.6
Equals: Personal income	269.7	64, 4	66, 3	67.7	71, 3	69, 1	70,7	71,4	262, 8	266, 0	271, 4	278.3	281.6	284.4	286.8
	<u> </u>				<u> </u>		1	l	l	l	1	<u> </u>	l		

Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.
 Not available.

3. Includes noncorporate inventory valuation adjustment. Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

The advance in consumer expenditures for services to a \$79 billion annual rate was at the same pace as in the two previous quarters. A considerable part of the third-quarter rise reflected price increases, particularly in housing rentals.

Domestic fixed investment stable

Fixed capital outlays, at \$52 billion, continued at approxi-

mately the second quarter rate.

Private nonfarm residential construction put in place in the third quarter was about \$\%\$ billion below the \$12 billion annual rate prevailing in the first half of the year. The seasonally adjusted monthly data indicate a fairly persistent, though gradual, decline from the end of the first quarter to the end of the third. This movement reversed the brisk rise from January to March—when the open winter was unusually favorable for construction activity—so that the level in September was the same as at the start of the year. For the 9-month period as a whole housing construction was 9 percent above the corresponding period of 1952.

The number of new units started this year has shown a larger percentage drop than construction put in place. The lesser decline in construction activity is attributable mainly to its normal lag behind housing starts, which were very high

at the end of 1952.

The substantial increase in commercial construction following the lifting of credit and materials controls last fall continued in the September quarter and raised these expenditures to a new high for the postwar period. Also at record rates were public utility construction outlays which have exhibited

sustained growth since the end of World War II.

The further expansion of commercial building and public utility outlays in the third quarter offset the declines in private industrial and farm construction. Industrial plant outlays have been edging downward since May and showed a sizable dip in September. For the third quarter as a whole, industrial building was running at about the same rate as in the latter half of 1952. The decline in farm construction has continued for about a year although its influence in the third quarter was relatively small. Recent developments in construction are analyzed elsewhere in this issue of the Survey.

Business expenditures for producers' durable equipment continued at the record \$27 billion annual rate in the third quarter with further advances in purchases by mining companies and some of the nondurable goods manufacturers

offsetting small declines in other industries.

Additions to stocks of durables

In the movement of business inventories, it is evident that the course of durable goods inventories has differed markedly

from that of nondurables.

The bulk of the advance in inventories since the strike-affected third quarter of last year has been in durable goods. Additions to durable goods inventories have reflected substantial replenishments that followed the widespread imbalances caused by the steel shortages as well as the subsequent buildup in many hard good lines, such as automobiles, which were carrying unusually low inventories in the earlier period of production controls. More recently, some backing up of stocks because of lower than expected sales also have been a contributing factor, affecting particularly third quarter inventories in retail trade.

In spite of wide quarterly swings, nondurable goods inventories at all levels (manufacturing, wholesale and retail) combined have displayed no general trend over the past year. Total nondurable goods inventories in September 1953 were only slightly higher than they had been the year

before.

Movement of foreign balance

The net foreign balance during the past year has reflected a moderate excess of imports over exports other than those matched by net grants and gifts abroad. The excess registered in each quarter has varied between \$1½ billion and \$2½ billion at seasonally adjusted annual rates, and so has had no marked effect upon the movement of gross national product.

The moderate shift in the third quarter was attributable primarily to a decline in foreign aid. Both total exports and imports of goods and services showed small declines which were largely offsetting.

Total government purchases unchanged

Total Federal, State, and local government purchases of goods and services maintained the \$83½ billion annual rate of the preceding quarter. A moderate decline in national security outlays was offset by increases in other Government expenditures at both the Federal and State and local levels. National security outlays were at an annual rate of \$52 billion in the third quarter.

Apart from the national security programs, Federal Government purchases were at an annual rate of nearly \$7 billion, up by almost \$1 billion at an annual rate from the preceding quarter, due in large part to an increase in the farm price support operations of the Commodity Credit Corporation. State and local government outlays for goods and services have been running close to \$25 billion this year, as compared with \$23½ billion for the year 1952. Payrolls and construction expenditures were the principal factors in this advance.

The Flow of Income

Personal income for the third quarter as a whole rose by \$2 billion to \$286½ billion at annual rates, but drifted down within the period. The September total was about the same as the June figure and about \$1½ billion below the July rate of \$287½ billion. The decline was confined mainly to manufacturing payrolls, with little change in the other components of the income flow.

Changes in payrolls

Total payroll disbursements in private industry reached an annual rate of \$167 billion—up \$2½ billion from the second quarter. This increase compared with average quarterly advances of \$3 billion during the first half of this year and about \$3½ billion during 1952.

In marked contrast to the situation over the past several quarters, almost all of the third-quarter increase in wages and salaries occurred in the nonmanufacturing industries. The distributive industries showed a larger rise than from the first to the second quarter, and the steady quarterly expansion of payrolls in the service industries was maintained. In both of these industries, however, monthly payrolls within the third quarter showed little change.

The major part of the declining rate of advance in total private payrolls since 1952 is attributable to manufacturing. The rate of growth of factory payrolls has diminished steadily since the unusually high fourth-quarter advance of last year which reflected the rebound from the steel strike, and virtually ceased in the third quarter.

Monthly data throw further light on recent developments in manufacturing. In the durable goods group a small decline in payrolls in August became more marked in September, extending to most industries. The largest changes occurred in transportation equipment (primarily in the automotive component where it is difficult to assess the role of seasonal factors), ordnance and primary metals, and the machinery group. For durables as a whole these declines offset most of the moderate payroll increase that had occurred during the preceding months of this year. Nondurable goods payrolls were off in September, principally in apparel, textiles, and leather. Changes in the other industries were fractional.

The decline in factory payrolls in August stemmed mainly from a moderate reduction in employment. The September decline reflected the combined effect of a contraseasonal drop in employment and a reduction in the length of the average

The reduction in average weekly hours was widespread industrially, and was more important than the employment factor. An unusual concentration of holidays in the payroll period for which the basic information is collected may, however, have contributed to the reduction in hours.

Average hourly earnings, in contrast, continued their gradual rise through the third quarter and moderated the effects of the recent changes in employment and hours on total wages.

Government wages and salaries continued at the secondquarter annual rate of \$33½ billion. A further advance in State and local Government payrolls counterbalanced the decline in Federal wage payments. Higher pay rates and, to a lesser extent, increased employment accounted for the rise in State and local payrolls, while the Federal wage bill primarily reflected a reduction in personnel.

Other income flows

Total proprietors' and rental income, at an annual rate of \$49 billion, was down by \$½ billion from the second quarter. The change reflected a decline in farmers' net income, as nonfarm business and professional earnings remained stable, and rental income continued to rise.

Recent trends in net and gross farm income were discussed in the October issue of the Survey. Rental income of persons, which has continued to rise over the past year as controls were lifted in many communities, showed a larger increase in the third quarter following the general removal of Federal rent controls on July 31 in all except defense areas.

Although registering only fractional increments in each quarter, corporate dividend payments have advanced by approximately \$\%2\$ billion since the third quarter of last year. Over the same period personal interest income has risen by \$1 billion to reach an annual rate of \$13 billion in the September quarter. Together these two income shares, which amount to over \$22½ billion, advanced by almost \$\%2\$ billion from second to third quarters.

Recent Construction Trends

CONSTRUCTION activity is expected to set a record this year. Work put in place in the ten months through October was 7 percent above the same period of last year. However, aggregate expenditures so far in the second half have been about 4 percent below the first half annual rate of \$35.4 billion if usual seasonal adjustments are applied; this may partially reflect last year's open winter. For some types of construction the intensity of demand has eased, although activity in other major segments continues upward.

Plentiful supplies have permitted the almost unrestricted use of materials, including steel, this year, in contrast to 1952 when Government limitations were still in effect. Building materials prices, however, and wage rates for construction labor advanced through July. With lower lumber prices, construction costs as measured by the Department of Commerce composite index, stabilized in August and September at a point 5 percent above the 1952 monthly average.

Current construction trends in particular private sectors reflect such special factors as the progress of defense programs and the reaction from last year's limitations on materials use. As the chart suggests movements in major components are divergent.

The construction phase of the facilities expansion program is well advanced and industrial construction is running below last year. On the other hand, programed capacity increases have resulted in a rise in public utility outlays during the year. Commercial construction has rebounded sharply from the reduced volume permitted when the post-Korean restrictions were in effect.

Nonfarm housebuilding activity continues high, though it is down from the rate reached early this year. Declining farm income has contributed to a reduction in farmers' outlays for new construction.

The most buoyant area this year has been commercial construction—comprising stores, restaurants, and garages, and office buildings, lofts and warehouses. Within the year, as may be seen by the chart, the movement in these expenditures has been steadily upward. Seasonally adjusted expenditures this October were almost one-third higher than outlays in the first quarter. Activity on these types of construction so far this year has been half again as large as in the like period of 1952; expenditures for stores are up two-thirds, and for the office building group, about two-fifths.

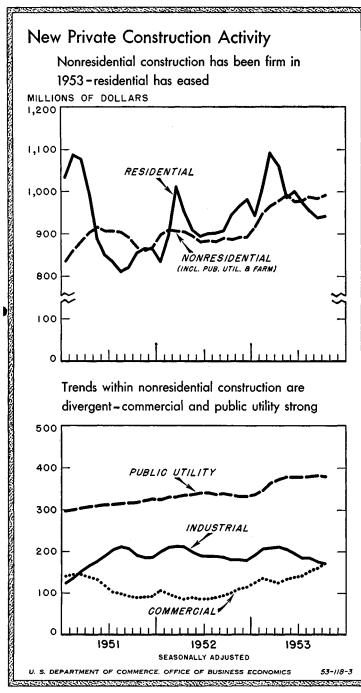
For the commercial group as a whole, the dollar value of work put in place in 1953 is likely to be above any previous year. In real terms 1953 volume appears as the highest since 1930 with the exception of 1946, a year in which inadequate price adjustments may have overstated the physical volume of work put in place.

While demand has been strong, the magnitude of the pickup over 1952 reflects to a considerable extent the elimination of restrictions on the use of steel, copper and aluminum, and the ending of credit restrictions under Regulation X, which limited mortgages to 50 percent of the value of commercial properties. With the easing and elimination of controls expenditures have increased steadily from their post-Korean low in the spring of 1952.

Store construction

Construction of stores, restaurants and garages in the postwar period has experienced pronounced fluctuations. The large volume of 1946 reflected the rush to build new stores and modernize existing properties following the elimination of wartime restrictions in the latter part of 1945.

It was also in 1946 that the peak occurred in the formation of new retail and service concerns, with almost 350,000 new businesses of this type begun. Activity fell off sharply in 1947 following the reimposition of limitations on the use of scarce building materials, which was occasioned by the Veterans' Emergency Housing Program. Removal of controls led to another rise in 1948, followed by a decline in 1949, recovery in 1950 and early 1951, and then the reductions forced by the Korean period. While the magnitude of current advances stems from the relaxation of these restrictions several considerations suggest considerable strength underlies the demand for new store construction.



Experience in the interwar period indicates that store construction has tended to follow residential building activity, which has been and continues high. Much of the postwar population growth and new household formation has been in new suburban areas, and the establishment

of shopping centers in these newly developed areas has been a major stimulus to store construction.

Between 1940 and 1950 the number of dwelling units in central cities of standard metropolitan areas increased by 19 percent, as against a 44 percent increase in the outlying parts of these areas, according to the Census of Housing. And the Business Census reports a net decline from 1939 to 1948 of almost 4 percent in the number of stores in metropolitan areas with central cities of over 250,000 population. This reduction was confined to the cities proper, which showed a 9-percent decline while the number of establishments in the outlying areas increased 6 percent. Sales in the central cities increased 177 percent over this period as against a 226-percent rise in the other areas. pattern appeared in almost all of the areas analyzed. Continuation of the trend to the suburbs is indicated by data on privately owned nonfarm housing starts in metropolitan areas, which show an increasing proportion being built outside of urban sections.

A further source of strength for store construction is the marked changes in operating methods and, as a consequence, in the types of stores required in some fields, notably food retailing. Supermarkets built today are substantially larger and costlier—in real terms—in comparison not only with prewar food stores but also with supermarkets built in the immediate postwar period. Moreover, remodeling and modernization of many existing retail food stores—and other stores as well—constitutes a strong aspect of current capital demand.

If should also be noted that outlays for store construction in recent years have been relatively low in comparison with the period of sustained high economic activity of the twenties. From 1925 to 1929, for example, store construction in 1947–49 prices averaged \$1.4 billion per annum, in contrast to an average of \$0.8 billion for the 1946–52 period and an estimated \$0.9 billion for 1953. Store construction is also low in relation to residential construction activity. Outlays for stores averaged 14 percent of new private housing outlays in the twenties as against 10 percent in the 1946–52 period and again this year.

The twenties may not, of course, provide a typical standard of comparison for store construction; this was a period when residential building was especially heavy and a major development of outlying sections of large cities and suburbs occurred.

Office buildings and warehouses

The rise over 1952 in office buildings and warehouses, though large, has been less pronounced than stores. Outlays had fallen by almost one-fourth—on a seasonally adjusted basis—from the first quarter of 1951 to the summer of 1952 as projects were subject to Government restrictions in the post-Korean defense buildup. The 1951 high point was exceeded, with controls lifted, by the first quarter of this year. After leveling off in the second quarter, outlays rose moderately in the third quarter and again in October (see table).

It was not until this year that office building and warehouse construction exceeded the high 1929 dollar value. In real terms, the physical volume of office building construction this year is about 10 percent lower than the annual average from 1920 through 1929 and is little more than half as large as the 1929 peak.

The lower physical volume today is due in part to classification differences. Prior to 1939 industrial warehouses were classified in this commercial category; currently such structures are embraced under industrial construction. The greater part of the difference, however, is genuine. Con-

struction of new loft buildings, structures used in light manufacturing in a few cities, is now uncommon. Moreover, far fewer large office buildings and skyscrapers are being constructed despite a recent pickup. Such structures accounted for a sizable proportion of commercial construction in this category in the late twenties. Some of the functions of these types of buildings are now embraced under other structure types; office and warehousing space may be included to a greater extent in industrial plants.

Table 2.—New Construction Activity

[Millions of dollars]

			Seasona	lly adjus	ted at an	nual rate
Type of construction	1951	1952		19)53	
			First quarter	Second quarter	Third quarter	October
Total new construction	30, 895	32, 638	35, 456	35, 360	34, 028	34, 272
Total, private	21, 564	21,812	23, 524	23, 980	23, 256	23, 196
Residential Nonresidential Industrial Warehouses, offices, and lofts Stores, garages, and restaurants Other nonresidential		11, 100 5, 099 2, 320 515 622 1, 642	12, 208 5, 612 2, 412 660 896 1, 644	12. 192 5, 788 2, 436 648 924 1, 780	11, 460 5, 792 2, 180 724 1, 088 1, 800	11, 292 5, 916 2, 052 864 1, 188 1, 812
Farm construction Public utilities		1,610 4,003	1, 536 4, 168	1, 496 4, 504	1, 452 4, 552	1, 428 4, 560
Total, public	9, 331	10,826	11,932	11,380	10,772	11,076
Residential Nonresidential Military and naval Highway and sewer All other public	887 3, 234	654 4, 119 1, 388 3, 552 1, 113	624 4, 496 1, 644 3, 984 1, 184	588 4, 392 1, 508 3, 724 1, 168	504 4, 024 1, 2!2 3, 932 1, 100	516 4, 236 1, 104 4, 116 1, 104

^{1.} Includes "all other private construction."

Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Business and Defense Services Administration.

Vacancy rates in large central city office buildings remain low. Construction of new buildings is of growing importance in the downtown sections of large cities in rapidly expanding areas like the South, Southwest, and Far West, while other large cities are also experiencing a revival of such construction. Furthermore, the trend of population has created demand for office space in suburban areas—generally in smaller buildings—to meet the needs of professional, financial, and service enterprises. Finally it should be noted that there has been a strong upward secular trend in the employment of persons requiring office space. Private nonfarm employment of persons in clerical and kindred occupations increased approximately 50 percent between 1940 and 1950, a much larger rise, both relatively and absolutely, than occurred in the thirties, or in the boom years of the twenties.

Public utility firm, industrial lower

Outlays by the utilities continue at a high rate. These have risen steadily this year, and through October were running some 10 percent above 1952. Each of the important components of this group—power, communication, and transportation—have been above 1952 with the largest gains in the electric utilities. Trade sources indicate that further capacity increases in electric power will boost outlays in this area during 1954.

Construction expenditures by the railroads have also been at record postwar rates in 1953—some 10 percent higher in the first 10 months than in the comparable 1952 period. The rails have been cutting back equipment outlays—reflecting primarily the near-completion of their diesel locomotive programs.

Industrial construction outlays in 1953 have been just slightly lower than in 1952 and above any other year, though exceeded also in 1946 and 1929 in real terms. Easing tendencies have been evident since this spring, with the third quarter about 10 percent below the first half rate after seasonal adjustment. This pattern is consistent with the passing of the peak of the construction phase of the defense facilities expansion program in manufacturing. However, total capital outlays of manufacturers, as reported in the plant and equipment surveys of OBE-SEC, were rising through the third quarter.

Residential construction eases

Private residential construction activity in October was at a seasonally adjusted rate of \$940 million a month, as compared with average monthly rates of just over \$1 billion in the first half and about \$950 million in the third quarter. For the first 10 months it was 8 percent above the comparable period a year ago, and it is likely that the year as a whole will exceed in dollar expenditure any other year except 1950. The size of the year-to-year gain reflects in part the carryover from the concentration of starts at the end of 1952.

The number of units started in the first 9 months of this year has slightly exceeded the same period last year. The seasonally adjusted trend has been mildly downward during most of the year from the rapid starts permitted builders by the open winter but some leveling off was apparent in the late summer. On a seasonally adjusted annual rate basis starts were at an annual rate of 1.1 million in the first three

quarters.

Public construction

Aggregate public expenditures for construction in 1953 ard likely to set a record—although their percentage increase from last year is smaller than that in private outlays Through October of this year 4 percent more work had been put in place than in the first 10 months of 1952, largely reflecting higher costs.

The year-to-year gain reflects the moderate upward movement during 1952; through most of this year the trend of public construction outlays has been downward, with seasonally adjusted expenditures in the third quarter 10

percent below the first quarter of 1953.

Federally financed construction has been largely responsible for this easing, as outlays financed with State and loca funds have continued to advance. In the first half of 195: the former had been running 11 percent higher than in the comparable 1952 period while State and local outlays were percent higher. Third-quarter comparisons over the year indicate a 5-percent decline in federally financed construction as against an 8-percent increase in the State and local sector.

Among the major categories, work on military and nava installations has shown an almost steady decline since Feb ruary, after seasonal adjustment, while Federal industria construction declined contraseasonally in the three summe months this year. Funds available for public construction projects associated with the defense buildup are still very substantial, although such construction appears to have passed its peak. Statutory reductions in the number of federally subsidized housing units for fiscal 1953 and 1954 have resulted in a downward trend, after seasonal adjust ment, in public residential construction throughout 1953.

On the other hand, highway construction has been firm this year and for the year as a whole will exceed \$3 billion Backlogs in this area, as well as in sewer and water facilities are especially heavy and the limiting factor appears to be the financial resources of State and local governments.

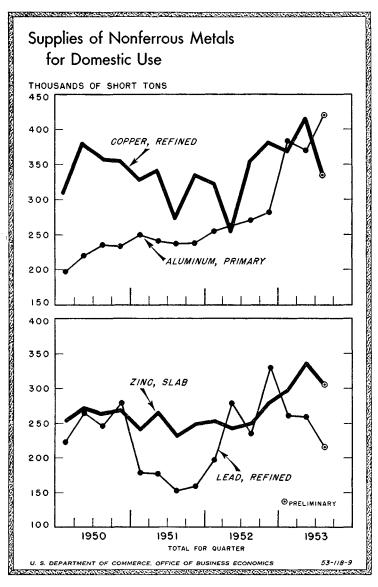
Metal Supplies and Prices

BY THE middle of this year, increased production and imports had brought supplies of the major metals to a level adequate to meet current requirements of industrial consumers, notwithstanding the continued large demands of the

defense and facilities expansion programs.

Industrial demand, which had risen greatly after June 1950

with the general expansion of the economy, has now leveled off or, in some instances, receded. Requirements for the defense program are no longer increasing and with business buying for the inventory buildup required after the steel



tieup a year ago slowing down, industries producing basic metals are currently operating under less pressure than in

The gradual improvement in the supply position of the metals as the defense buildup advanced was in large part the result of higher domestic production made possible by the expansion of basic facilities. More recently, the larger flow of imports, particularly for the nonferrous metals, has

supplemented supplies. This has been a factor only since the latter half of 1952, when more favorable price differentials, except for aluminum, and the reduction in foreign demand stimulated the flow of imports to this country following one and one-half years of exceptionally low receipts from foreign sources.

The growing adequacy of supplies has had only a minor impact on the general price structure of raw and semimanufactured metals, and this has been limited largely to the secondary materials where some easing tendencies have

developed.

With the increased availability of supplies, the National Production Authority controls on the production, distribution, and inventory of all materials have, insofar as they relate to civilian orders, been removed. The controlled materials plan for steel, copper, and aluminum ended July 1, 1953, after having been in operation for 2 years. It was replaced by the new "Defense Materials System" which provides set-asides of defense materials to meet the direct military, stockpile, and atomic energy programs. The Office of Price Stabilization controls on prices of metals and other materials and services, which went into effect in January 1951, were lifted last February and March.

Annual steel rate of 112 million tons

The basic steel industry continues to operate at a high rate although output is down moderately from the near-capacity volume of the first half of the year. In the third quarter, operations were at 93 percent of rated capacity and in October, usually a month of high operations, the rate advanced to 95 percent. This represented an annual rate of close to 112 million tons, higher than any period prior to October

Supplies of finished and semifinished steel products available for the domestic market (domestic production plus imports minus exports) have followed the pattern of raw steel output. Such supplies for the third quarter were about 1.8 million tons below the record 21.1 million tons available in the April-June period.

Domestic supplies since Korea have been aided somewhat by a relatively high rate of imports and unusually low volume of exports. In July and August 1953, imports averaged close to 200,000 tons per month whereas shipments to foreign countries were only slightly above this figure. In the 1947-49 period, exports exceeded imports by close to 400,000 tons

Since the last general increase in the early summer, the composite price of finished steel, according to the Bureau of Labor Statistics' wholesale price index, has remained unchanged. The change in the demand-supply situation is reflected in the elimination of premium prices, the disappearance from the market of high cost conversion steel, and also in some absorption of freight charges to competitive markets by producers.

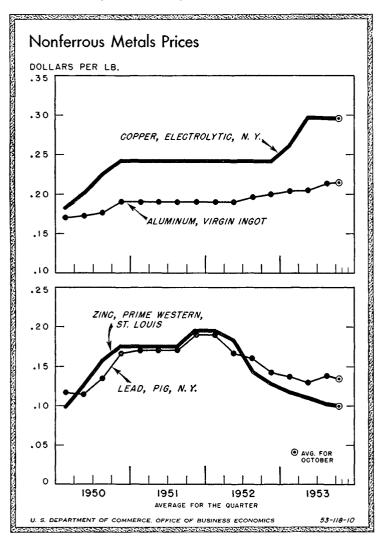
Nonferrous metal supplies

The chart shows the supply trend for four of the major nonferrous metals. The data represent new supplies available for the domestic market and the national stockpile; i. e., domestic production plus imports minus exports. totals for the third quarter of 1953 include an estimate of net

imports for the month of September. The figures do not take into account changes in inventories, nor do they include scrap metals except for small amounts in one or two cases where the quantities cannot be separated from the totals. For some of the metals scrap materials constitute an important addition to total supplies.

Aluminum supply up

Aluminum supplies, aided both by a record volume of domestic production resulting from new additions to capacity and, particularly in the past year, by substantially higher im-



ports, were expanding throughout the period shown in the chart. In the third quarter domestic aluminum production was at an annual rate of more than 1.3 million tons, an increase of more than one-third over last year's output. Additions to primary aluminum capacity since the first of the year totaled approximately 150,000 tons, bringing total rated capacity as of September 1953 to 1.4 million tons at an annual rate.

Of special interest is the rapid expansion in aluminum supplies relative to other nonferrous metals. On a tonnage basis, aggregate new supplies for the first 9 months of this year for the first time exceeded those for copper; they were one-fourth larger than zinc, and more than half again as large as lead. Some of the increase in aluminum production is going into the national stockpile under contract arrangements which give the Federal Government first call on a portion of production from new plants built under the Government-industry sponsored facilities expansion program.

Aluminum ingot prices have been stable since July at a level 5 percent above that at the end of the price control period.

Copper, lead, and zinc

For the other major nonferrous metals, supplies in the third quarter contracted sharply. This reflected in the main reduced imports but in the case of lead and zinc there was also some reduction in domestic mine production. In the preceding 12 months domestic supplies were greatly supplemented by unusually high receipts from sources abroad as foreign demand for these metals slackened considerably after 1951. In that year, when copper, lead, and zinc were in short supply, the strong worldwide demand coupled with relatively lower prices in this country had been important factors limiting United States imports of these metals.

Increased foreign supplies

In general, the consumption patterns for copper, lead, and zinc in the first nine months of 1953 were quite similar, with a record or near record high rate in the first half being

followed by some decline in the third quarter.

Since 1950, year-to-year changes in domestic production have been small, notwithstanding steps taken by the Government in cooperation with industry to increase production from domestic ores. Consequently, changes in the total supply of these metals have been influenced largely by variations in the flow of imports which have accounted for an increasing proportion of the Nation's available supplies. From mid-1952 to the middle of 1953 imports flowed in expanding volume. Under their impact the domestic supply situation was considerably improved.

Copper

New supplies of copper in the third quarter were off not only from the second quarter but also were well below a year ago. Imports of refined pigs and bars in the quarter just ended were only half as large as in the preceding three months, when foreign supplies first became more attractive by a reduction in the price of the metal in the London market to a level approximating the domestic price. In addition to regular sources, sizable quantities of refined copper were received from the Belgian Congo, Rhodesia, and the Union of South Africa. Imports from Chile, our most important foreign source, were reduced sharply in the third quarter from the high rate of the preceding 12 months, as the official price remained 36½ cents, delivered Connecticut Valley, compared with a domestic price of around 30 cents a pound.

Domestic mine production of copper has remained relatively steady in 1953. Many of the measures that have been taken to stimulate domestic production necessarily involved long-term programs so that increases from these sources have been slow and of small proportions. Some aid from the expansion projects now under way is expected to be realized by the end of this year or early 1954 but the full benefits are not likely to materialize for several more years.

Lead and zinc

In contrast with copper and aluminum, supplies of lead and zinc available for the domestic market were ample as

early as the second quarter of 1952.

The prices of foreign lead and zinc had ranged between 2 and 3 cents per pound above the domestic price through most of 1951. Imports for domestic consumption in that year were one-fourth for zinc and more than one-half for lead below the high volume received in 1950. The decline in

(Continued on page 20)

Investment in Production Equipment

1929-52

DEVELOPMENT of a new body of postwar data makes possible an analysis of the long-term growth and cyclical variability in private purchases of producers' durable equipment by product groups for the entire 1929–52 period. The analysis is in terms not only of current dollar values, but also of volumes (constant 1947 dollar values) and the price indexes, which are shown by product groups. Some of the principal conclusions are as follows:

1. Postwar expansion in private purchases of producers' equipment has been very large. While all product groups

participated, machinery increased most.

2. Both prices and quantities of equipment purchases were substantially higher in 1952 than in 1929, and there has been some tendency for equipment product groups with the least

price increase to show the greatest volume increase.

3. Equipment product groups displayed great cyclical variability in the volume of purchases, with expensive long-life types of equipment having the greatest fluctuations. As among product groups, there seemed to be no definite relationship during cycles between price and volume movements.

4. Judged on the basis of historical trends, producers' equipment purchases in recent years have been relatively high. Capital formation in the form of nonresidential construction, the other major component of business fixed capital, appears low when judged by the same standards.

5. Cyclical variations in the volume of equipment purchases and nonresidential construction generally have been substantially greater than those in consumer goods and services. In contrast, cyclical variations in the prices of producers' equipment have been less than those in the prices

of consumer goods and services.

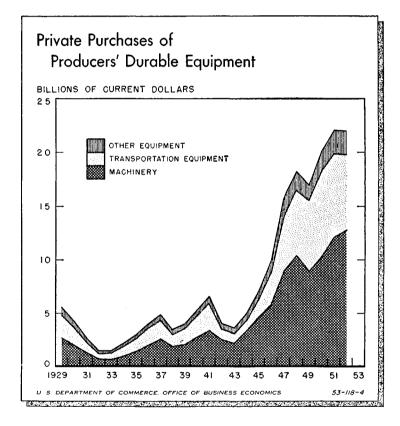
In connection with the new volume and price data it should be noted that they can take account of long-run improvements in quality only to a limited extent. Consequently, they show increases in volume that are somewhat smaller and increases in prices that are somewhat larger than would appear if full allowance for the quality factor could be made. In the short run, the price indexes probably show smaller variation than do effective prices, because full account cannot be taken of changes in discounts, premiums, and other conditions and terms of sale. Conversely, short-run changes in volume, which are derived by dividing values by price indexes, are somewhat larger than actual volume changes. Some of the principal conclusions in the article should be interpreted in the light of these limitations of the data.

Variations in purchases

The long-term growth and the sharp fluctuations in the current-dollar value of equipment purchases since 1929 are shown in the accompanying chart and in the top section of table 1. Private purchases of equipment were down very substantially from the 1929 peak in the early thirties. The

NOTE.—MR. WASSON IS A MEMBER OF THE NATIONAL INCOME DIVISION. MR. JOHN W. KENDRICK OF THE NATIONAL ECONOMICS DIVISION PREPARED THE CONSTANT-DOLLAR ESTIMATES OF PRODUCERS' DURABLE EQUIPMENT AND THE PRICE INDEXESTHAT ARE PRESENTED IN TABLES 6 AND 7 OF THIS ARTICLE.

incomplete recovery after 1933 was sharply but briefly interrupted by the recession of 1938. The subsequent revival was followed in 1941 by a shift from private purchases of equipment to government procurement under the military program. The Federal Government made large purchases of equipment for use in producing munitions and related products in both privately and publicly operated plants. The Federal Government also purchased substantial amounts of other equipment such as motor vehicles, construction machinery, and communication equipment for use by the combat forces.



Government purchases of durable equipment are not shown in the present series, which is confined to private purchases of new producers' durable equipment. The decline in private purchases during the years of the Second World War reached a low point in 1943.

In the postwar period, there was a marked upsurge in private equipment purchases, interrupted only by a slight decline in 1949. Even that year was higher than any year prior to 1948, and it was followed by increases which brought purchases to \$22 billion in 1951 and 1952. Preliminary indications suggest that equipment purchases in 1953 may be somewhat above that rate.

In terms of current dollars, producers' durable equipment purchases during the past 5 years have ranged from 3 to 4 times those of 1929. In terms of physical volume, purchases have averaged about twice as large. Equipment investment in this period served not only to meet replacement demands, including those deferred during the war and the prewar depression, but also to expand greatly the existing stock of equipment. As estimated in the June issue of the Survey, gross physical stocks of privately owned equipment increased about four-fifths between the end of 1941 and the end of 1952. The great bulk of this expansion occurred after 1945.

It is probable that equipment purchases have been stimulated not only by backlogs and new defense needs but also by the important technological advances which occurred during the period. These advances have made it possible to lower operating costs and thus increase the profitability of operating with new equipment as compared with prewar equipment. Technological advances have also led to the development and introduction of equipment designed to provide new types of products.

Shifts in composition

Purchases of all major groups of equipment were considerably larger in 1952 than in 1929, but by varying proportions. As can be seen from the chart and from table 1, a noteworthy change has been the increased relative importance of machinery and the relative decline of transportation equipment. Machinery purchases accounted for 58 percent of the total in 1952 as compared with 48 percent in 1929. Nonagricultural machinery, which rose from about 40 to 48 percent, was responsible for most of this shift. Corresponding figures for agricultural machinery—8 and 10 percent—indicate an increase of similar proportions. Among the nonagricultural machinery groups showing the largest relative increases were construction machinery, electrical machinery, mining and oilfield machinery, and metalworking machinery.

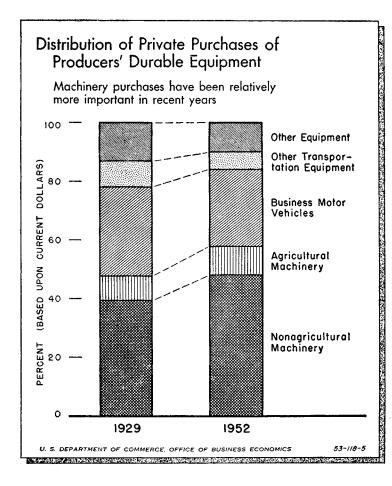
In contrast, the share of transportation equipment declined from 39 percent in 1929 to 32 percent in 1952, even though the group was up substantially in absolute terms. Transportation equipment, other than motor vehicles, consisting mainly of railroad equipment and ships but including also relatively small amounts of aircraft, fell from about 9 percent of the total in 1929 to 6 percent of the total in 1952. Railroad equipment and ships each declined in relative importance.

Business motor vehicles accounted for about 30 percent of the producers' durable total in 1929, but 26 percent in 1952, the relative decline occurring primarily in passenger automobiles. This decrease in the ratio of purchases of business motor vehicles to total equipment purchases has not held for all the postwar years. In 1949 and 1950 business motor vehicles formed a larger portion of the total than in 1929, and this will probably be the case for 1953 also. The decrease in expenditures for business motor vehicles in 1951 and 1952 may have been largely a consequence of supply limitations.

Purchases other than machinery and transportation equipment were also higher in 1952 than 1929, but accounted for only about 10 percent of the total as compared with 13 percent in the earlier year. In this group, business furniture and fixtures, fabricated metal products, and miscellaneous equipment all declined in relative importance. Only instruments showed a relative increase.

If the 1929 base of comparison is broadened by taking into account the information that is available concerning expenditure patterns in years immediately preceding 1929, the general impression of the currently greater importance of machinery purchases persists. The diminished importance of transportation equipment other than business motor vehicles continues to stand out clearly, and the relative downward trend of equipment other than machinery and

transportation equipment is further underscored. With respect to the share of automobiles, significantly different results are obtained depending on the year or years that are used as a basis for comparison.



While the foregoing examination was in terms of current dollars, the conclusions reached apply to the constant dollar distributions as well. Divergence in relative price movements of the component groups, although substantial, has not been sufficient to call for a qualification of the broad trends discussed.

Volume and prices, 1929-52

Changes in the physical volume and average price of the major types of equipment from 1929 to 1952 are compared in the accompanying chart. In the interpretation of these figures, it should be noted that quality improvement could be taken into account only to a limited extent. Volume increases would be larger and price increases smaller if it had been possible to take further account of the quality factor. Bars representing the percentage change in prices for the twenty equipment groups are arrayed from the smallest at the top to the largest at the bottom. Bars representing percentage changes in quantity are adjacent to the price-change bars for the same group. It will be noted that the five groups with the smallest price change have the largest percentage change in quantity. The relationship between price change and quantity change for the remaining fifteen groups, however, is quite erratic.

The basic causes giving rise to the inverse long-run associa-

^{1.} For about one-fourth of the product groups and the total, the indexes used as a measure of price movements are implicit deflators. In each of these, changes in the relative importance of the group components during the period have comparatively little effect on the magnitude of the price or volume changes discussed later in the text.

tion of quantities and prices are not known.² On the supply side, technological progress may result simultaneously in cost decreases and volume production. Alternatively, shifts in demand may expand the market and consequently reduce the relative cost of products that gain in favor.

Cyclical sensitivity of product groups

Purchases of producers' durable equipment are highly sensitive in the business cycle. This sensitivity is characteristic of each of the twenty product groups of equipment, but some are much more sensitive than others. This can be seen from table 2, which presents data for the years 1929-37, covering the only substantial cycle of the 1929-52 period. The table shows the decline from 1929 to the low point and the advance from the low point to the peak at the end of the cycle as percentages of the corresponding 1929 figure. For example, a 1929 high of 100 followed by a low of 40 in 1932 and a high of 90 in 1937 would be recorded as a decline of 60 percent and an advance of 50 percent of the 1929 high. The low point was 1932 or 1933, the year selected for any given product group being the one in which the constant dollar value for that group was the smaller. The peak for most groups and the total was 1937; but for three groups the peak for the constant dollar value was 1936 (mining machinery and trucks) or 1938 (ships); in each group the peak year of recovery was chosen.

In using the data several limitations should be kept in mind. In the first place, it is probable that the price quotations used in computing the price indexes somewhat understate the actual cyclical variability of prices, because they cannot take into full account variations in discounts, premiums, and other terms and conditions of sale which are factors in determining the effective price of the commodity. Conversely, the volume changes shown in the table, which are calculated by dividing values by price indexes, are probably somewhat smaller than the volume changes that actually occurred.

In using the data, two limitations should be kept in mind. In the first place the use of annual rather than quarterly or monthly data understates the amplitude of the change, and the amount of understatement may vary from one product group to another. Secondly, the growth element and irregular fluctuations are reflected in the percentage changes. In the short periods used, the growth element is seldom of major importance, but irregular fluctuations might be.

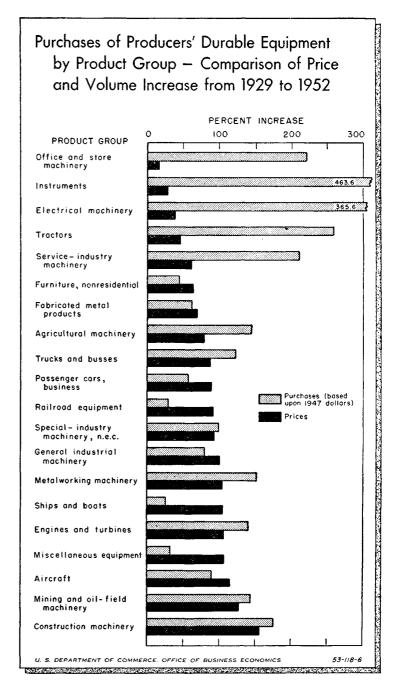
In the decline following 1929, the volume of producers' equipment purchases fell by 69 percent. Declines were substantial in all product groups, ranging from about 97 percent in aircraft to 48 percent in miscellaneous equipment. In the subsequent revival, the volume of equipment purchases rose an equivalent of 65 percent of the 1929 figure, with product groups ranging from 138 percent for ships and boats to 27 percent for miscellaneous equipment.

Among product groups, the greatest fluctuation in equipment purchases tended to occur in heavy transportation equipment and other equipment generally characterized as "heavy." These types of equipment are not only costly but have long periods of use, with the result that during declines purchases may often be deferred for substantial periods. Furthermore, some of them are used largely in industries which are subject to wide cyclical fluctuations.

From the table it can be seen that the greatest declines

occurred in railroad equipment, construction machinery, and aircraft. Among other groups falling more than the general average were tractors, agricultural machinery, metalworking machinery, ships and boats, engines and turbines, mining machinery, and electrical machinery.

In the subsequent revival, all but three of the ten product groups with the greatest advance were also included with the previously mentioned groups showing the greatest decline.



Ships and boats and tractors had the largest increases. These two groups and three others (metalworking machinery, engines and turbines, and trucks and busses) reached levels in the recovery which exceeded those of 1929.

Among the product groups with the smallest fluctuations were fabricated metal products,³ special industry machinery, office and store machinery, general industrial machinery, and nonresidential furniture and fixtures.

^{2.} The common tendency for above average increases in volume to be associated with less than average increases in price has an important bearing on index number work. Its effect is that composite measures of physical volume that are based on weights relating to the first or an early year of the period will in general increase more than measures that are based on weights relating to the last or a late year of the period. This is so because in composite measures of physical volume the individual quantity components are usually weighted by their relative prices. If the price-quantity relationships noted obtain, components showing larger than average percentage increases will tend to receive larger relative weights in the composite if early year rather than late year prices are used. For instance, in terms of 1929 prices, the 1929-52 increase in the volume of producers' durable equipment was 127 percent. In terms of 1952 prices it was approximately 118 percent—very similar to the 119 percent figure that can be derived from table 6, which is in terms of 1947 prices.

^{3.} This group consists largely of safes and vaults, stills, pressure and storage tanks (not including boilers), and fabricated plate steel for storage tanks.

The concurrent changes in equipment prices were much smaller than those in the volume of purchases. While the volume of purchases dropped 69 percent in the decline following 1929, equipment prices fell about 14 percent. In the subsequent revival, in which the rise in the volume of equipment purchases was 65 percent of the 1929 figure, the rise in equipment prices was 5 percent of the 1929 price. As a consequence of the moderate change in prices, changes in purchases measured in current prices were similar to the volume changes that have been discussed.

On the basis of the data contained in table 2, an examination was made of the price-volume relationships that obtained during this period. In contrast to the moderate inverse association of quantity and price changes that can be observed over longer periods, the short-run price-quantity relationships exhibit no definite pattern, either during the

decline or during the subsequent recovery.

The changes which occurred during the 1937-41 and 1948-52 periods also were examined, but the magnitudes of the post-1937 and post-1948 declines were small and the influence of noncyclical factors of relatively greater importance. Inspection of the evidence pertaining to these two periods did not reveal a pattern of change among the twenty equipment groups that appeared to be of more than historical significance.

Equipment Purchases and Gross National Product

The growth and fluctuations in the major types of producers' durable equipment since 1929 have been traced in detail in the previous section. The analysis may be broadened by introducing data on total private purchases of equipment for earlier periods and by relating these purchases to gross national product and some of its components.

Long-term growth

Equipment purchases during the period 1900-29, although affected by moderate fluctuations, nevertheless showed a fairly persistent rate of growth averaging about 3 percent a year (see chart). In contrast, the period following 1929 has been characterized by more extreme fluctuations, reflecting such major dislocations as the depression of the thirties and World War II. These dominate the picture and make it

impossible to isolate a clear-cut trend.

In these circumstances a projection of pre-1929 tendencies into the present is hazardous, and conclusions derived from it should be given limited weight only, and checked against other evidence. With these qualifications in mind, it may be noted, however, that expenditures for producers' durable equipment in the late forties and in the early fifties were somewhat above a line that could be drawn in continuation of the 1900–29 trend. This seems reasonable when viewed in the context of the special factors—such as demand deferred during World War II and, subsequently, investment induced by the Korean war and the defense program—that contributed to a high level of producers' durable equipment purchases during the postwar period.

The sharp dips in the purchases line during the depression of the thirties and the war period should not be interpreted as indicating the size of backlogs that existed at the end of the war. During the depression much equipment was subject to less wear than normal and, consequently, was continued in use during the war even though it had passed the usual age for discard. In addition, in many instances heavier than normal repair expenditures made during the war served to reduce replacement purchases below what would be expected on the basis of data reflecting the experience of less unusual periods.

Moreover, equipment acquired by the government during the war constituted additions to productive capacity that are not reflected in the present series, which is confined to private purchases of newly produced equipment.

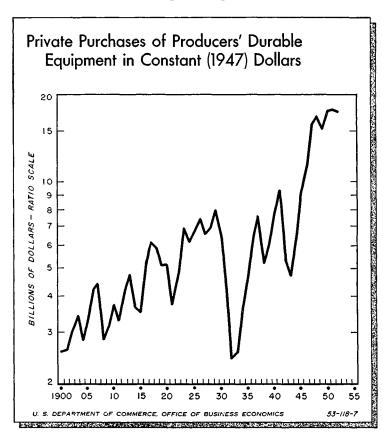
Equipment and nonresidential construction

The accompanying chart shows equipment purchases and nonresidential construction—the two major components of the business stock of fixed capital—as percentages of gross national product for the years 1920 to 1952. Equipment purchases and nonresidential construction were of roughly equal importance during the twenties—between 5 and 6 percent of total output. During the depression, however, equipment declined less than construction, and its subsequent recovery was quicker and much more pronounced.

Purchases of equipment during the postwar period have continued to constitute a much larger part of total output than nonresidential construction—about 6½ percent as compared with about 3 percent. Also, equipment has recently been a somewhat larger percentage of national output than during the twenties whereas the share of nonresidential construction has been markedly reduced. On a currentprice basis the difference in postwar experience is somewhat

reduced because of differential price movements.

One possible reason for the relatively better showing of equipment is that equipment prices have increased less than construction costs over this period. In 1952, for example, composite equipment prices were 1.8 times their 1929 level, whereas nonresidential construction costs were about 2.5 times those of 1929. These differential price changes may have had some influence upon the pattern of investment.



Another possible explanation is that technological advance may have been more rapid for equipment than for plant causing a relatively large demand to replace obsolescent equipment. Technological advance may also have been of a nature which required less plant per unit of equipment.

It is apparent that the quantitative importance of the price factor cannot be measured, and that it is conjectural whether technological advance operated in the manner assumed. Basically, we have no definitive explanation for the differential movement of gross investment in equipment and construction. A detailed analysis of industry shifts and of the influence of differences in average useful life on replacement demand might shed further light on the problem, as might a study of the procedures by which the two types of investment are financed.

Short-run variability

Attention has already been drawn to the great cyclical variability in producers' durable equipment. Table 3 compares changes in the value, volume, and prices of equipment during the downswing and recovery of the thirties with corresponding changes in total gross national product and selected components, and permits a further examination of this point. The method by which the entries of this table were calculated is similar to that described for table 2, and the limitations mentioned in that connection apply to the present table as well. In addition, the present table summarizes the characteristics of very broad expenditure groups and does not reveal divergent movements within these groups which may be significant.

It appears from this table that both in the downward phase of the great depression and during the limited recovery which was interrupted in 1937, the volume of producers' durable equipment fluctuated much more than that of total gross national product. Whereas durable equipment exhibited percentage changes from peak to trough and trough to peak approximating two-thirds the 1929 figure, the corresponding changes in gross national product were only

about one-third the 1929 figure.

In sharp contrast, changes in equipment prices were much smaller than those in the composite of all final product prices. During the declining phase of the cycle, for instance, equipment prices declined by 14 percent as compared with a decline of 24 percent in the overall index. This contrast, in a less striking form, was apparent also in the subsequent upturn.

An examination of the components of gross national product presented in table 3 shows that expenditures for equipment and construction are most volatile. Consumer durables rank next, with nondurables and services showing

the greatest stability.

In the downturn, construction declined more than equipment, but in the subsequent upturn its recovery was less pronounced. As can be inferred from the previous discussion, this differential movement is probably indicative of divergent long-term trends in the two components rather

than of a dissimilarity in their cyclical behavior.

Examination of the average prices of the broad components of private spending reveals that the prices of consumer goods and services experienced larger cyclical variation than those of producers' durable equipment. In other words, the components showing greater stability in volume were those undergoing larger fluctuations in price. It is of interest to note that the behavior of construction costs, as shown in table 3, does not fit into this general pattern. In this instance, an above-average variability in costs appears to have been associated with an above-average variability in volume.

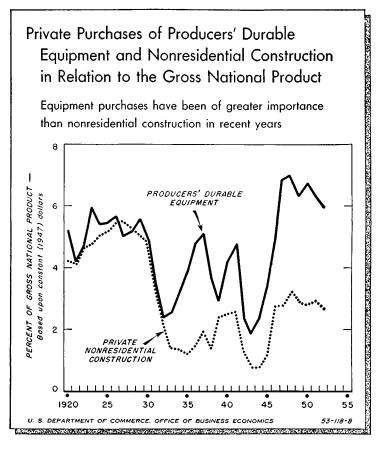
Cyclical downturns subsequent to the great depression of the thirties have been much less pronounced, and the relative impact of noncyclical factors has been greater. It is difficult, therefore, to make inferences as to cyclical behavior on the basis of the record of this period.

An examination of the data for the periods 1937-41 and 1948-52, both of which include a downturn and a subsequent

recovery, tends to confirm the generalizations that have been made about the volatility in the volume of equipment purchases and the comparative stability of equipment prices. The comparative behavior of durable equipment and consumption also conforms broadly to the pattern described for the years 1929–37. The most marked departure from that pattern is found in the case of construction, both residential and nonresidential, which behaved differently in each of these periods.

Nature of the new series

The new estimates of producers' durable equipment employ new basic data relating to the value, volume, and prices of producers' durable equipment which have become available during the past few years, mainly in connection with the 1947 Census of Manufactures, the 1948 Census of



Business, Census sample surveys of manufacturing for 1950, 1951, and 1952, quarterly metal working reports of the National Production Authority, and the revision of the Bureau of Labor Statistics index of wholesale prices.

In addition to the incorporation of these new data, the following features were introduced into the new series:

First, the Standard Industrial Classification as of November 1945 was adopted as the basis for grouping products for the entire period 1929 to 1952. This classification is used in the 1947 Census of Manufactures and in subsequent sample surveys, as well as most other governmental statistical series. Thus, users may identify the products included in each group. Construction machinery and mining machinery are shown separately in the following tables but as one group in the Standard Industrial Classification.

Second, the estimates cover only private equipment purchases subject to depreciation charges. They differ from those previously published by the Office of Business Economics in that the earlier estimates included also an allow-

Table 1.—Private Purchases of Producers' Durable Equipment 1929-52, Current and

	Table 1.—Private Purchases of Producers' Durable Equipment 1929–52, Current as											
Type of equipment	1929	1930	1931	1932	1933	1934	1935	1936	1937			
				Billion	s of current	dollars						
Producers' durable equipment, total	5. 6	4. 2	2.7	1.5	1.5	2.1	2.9	4.0	4. 9			
Machinery Agricultural machinery and tractors Nonagricultural machinery	$\begin{bmatrix} 2.6 \\ .5 \\ 2.2 \end{bmatrix}$	2.0 .4 1.6	1.3 .2 1.1	.7 .1 .6	.7 .1 .6	1.0 .1 .8	1.4 3 1.1	$\begin{bmatrix} 2.0 \\ .4 \\ 1.6 \end{bmatrix}$	2. 5 . 5 2. 0			
Transportation equipment Motor vehicles Other transportation equipment.	2. 2 1. 7 . 5	1.6 1.1 .5	1.0 .8 .2	.5 .4 .1	.6 .5	.9 .7 .1	1.1 1.0 .1	1.6 1.3 .3	1.8 1.4 .4			
Other equipment	.7	.6	.4	.3	.2	.3	.4	.4	.5			
				Billions of	constant (19	47) dollars		 				
Producers' durable equiyment, total	8.0	6.3	4. 2	2. 4	2. 6	3.6	4.8	6.6	7.6			
Machinery Agricultural machinery and tractors Nonagricultural machinery	3.6 .5 3.1	2.9 .5 2.4	2.0 .3 1.7	1. 2 . 1 1. 0	1.1 .1 1.0	$\begin{array}{c} 1.4 \\ .2 \\ 1.3 \end{array}$	2.1 .3 1.8	3.0 .5 2.5	3.6 .6 3.0			
Transportation equipment	3.3 2.5 .8	2.6 1.8 .8	1.6 1.3 .3	.9 .8 .1	1.1 1.0 .1	1. 6 1. 4 . 3	$\begin{array}{c} 2.2 \\ 2.0 \\ .2 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 3.0 \\ 2.5 \\ .4 \end{array}$	3.3 2.6 .7			
Other equipment	1.0	.8	. 6	4	.4	. 5	. 6	.7	.8			
				Percent	of current do	llar total						
Producers' durable equipment, total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100. 0	100.0	100.0	100.0			
Machinery	47. 6 8. 1 39. 5	47. 4 10. 0 37. 4	48. 8 8. 4 40. 4	48. 5 8. 0 40. 5	45. 2 5. 4 39. 8	$\begin{array}{c} 44.3 \\ 6.5 \\ 37.8 \end{array}$	48. 3 9. 2 39. 1	49. 4 9. 7 39. 7	52. 0 10. 3 41. 7			
Transportation equipment	39. 2 30. 4 8. 8	38.3 26.5 11.8	35. 5 29. 0 6. 5	33. 2 28. 9 4. 3	38.3 35.4 2.9	$\begin{array}{c} 41.0 \\ 34.6 \\ 6.4 \end{array}$	39. 5 35. 6 3. 9	40. 1 33. 5 6. 6	37.3 28.2 9.1			
Other equipment.	13. 2	14.3	15.7	18.3	16.5	14.7	12. 2	10. 5	10.7			
				Percent o	of constant de	ollar total		·				
Producers' durable equipment, total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0			
Machinery Agricultural machinery and tractors Nonagricultural machinery	45. 8 6. 9 38. 9	45. 5 8. 1 37. 4	47. 1 6. 5 40. 6	47. 0 5. 9 41. 1	42. 6 3. 5 39. 1	40. 5 4. 6 35. 9	43. 8 6. 9 36. 9	44.9 7.2 37.7	46. 9 7. 9 39. 0			
Transportation equipment Motor vehicles Other transportation equipment	$\begin{array}{c} 41.5 \\ 31.3 \\ 10.2 \end{array}$	41. 1 27. 7 13. 4	37. 8 30. 4 7. 4	35. 6 30. 7 4. 9	41. 9 38. 7 3. 2	45. 7 38. 6 7. 1	44.6 40.6 4.0	44. 9 38. 3 6. 6	43. 1 33. 8 9. 3			
Other equipment	12.7	13. 4	15. 1	17.4	15. 5	13.8	11.6	10. 2	10.0			
					·	'		1				

^{1.} Because of rounding, subtotals and totals may differ in some cases from the sum of their components.

Table 2.—Declines from 1929 and Subsequent Recovery through 1936–38 in Private Purchases of Producers' Durable Equipment, by Product Groups, Measured as a Percent of 1929

	Change	in currer	nt dollar pur	rchases	Chang	e in 1947	dollar purc	chases		Change	e in prices	
Product group	Decli	ine	Advar	ınce	Decli	line '	Adva	ance	Decli	line	Adva	ance
	Percent 1	Rank	Percent 2	Rank	Percent 1	Rank	Percent 2	Rank	Percent 1	Rank	Percent 2	2 Rank
Total producers' durable equipment	-74		- 61		-69		65		_14		_ 5	
Furniture and fixtures (nonresidential)		13 15		19 18			40 33	18 19	$-12 \\ -21$			11 5
Engines and turbines	$ \begin{array}{c c} -84 \\ -82 \\ -92 \end{array} $	9 6 8 3 10		3 2 8 6 10	84 83	8 4 5 3 9	137 68	4 2 10 13 12	$\begin{array}{c c} & 10 \\ -12 \end{array}$	19 20 15	-7 -8 16	18 19 7
Metalworking machinery Special-industry machinery General industrial machinery Office and store machinery Service industry and household machines Electrical machinery	$ \begin{array}{c c} -67 \\ -70 \\ -64 \\ -65 \end{array} $	4 16 14 19 17 7	58 61 49	4 12 9 16 14 7	-64 -63	6 17 14 15 19	53 55 72	3 17 15 14 8 7	$ \begin{array}{c c} -19 \\ -17 \\ -2 \end{array} $	7 9 18 4	22 20	
Trucks, busses, and trailers	-75 -98 -84	$\begin{array}{c c} 12 \\ 11 \\ 1 \\ 5 \\ 2 \end{array}$	52 44 147	11 15 17 1 5	97 81	11 7	68 48 138	5 11 16 1 6	—17	8 5 6	(*) 11 22	1:
Instruments	-64 -54	18 20		13 20	—57 —48	18 20		9 20				

^{*}Less than -0.5 percent. 1. Decline from 1929 to low year in cycle (1932 or 1933) expressed as a percentage of the 1929 figure for the group.

Advance from a low year in cycle (1932 or 1933) to next subsequent high year (1936, 1937, or 1938), expressed as a percentage of the 1929 figure for the group.
 Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

Constant (1947) Dollar Values, and Percentage Distributions in Current and Constant Dollars 1

1938	1939	1940	1941	1942	1943	1944	1945	1946	1947	1948	1949	1950	1951	1952
		l				Billions	of current d	lollars		<u></u> -		1		
3. 5	4.0	5. 2	6. 6	4.0	3. 6	4.9	7.1	10.0	15.8	18. 2	17. 1	20. 2	22. 1	22. 0
1. 9 . 4 1. 4	2. 0 . 4 1. 7	2. 7 . 4 2. 2	3. 3 . 6 2. 7	2. 5 . 4 2. 1	2. 2 . 2 2. 0	3.3 .6 2.7	4.7 .7 4.0	5. 7 . 6 5. 0	8. 9 1. 2 7. 7	10.3 1.7 8.6	8. 9 1. 9 7. 0	10.3 2.0 8.3	12. 1 2. 3 9. 8	12. 7 2. 1 10. 6
1. 2 . 9 . 3	$1.5 \\ 1.2 \\ .2$	2. 0 1. 5 . 5	2.5 1.9 .6	1.0 .4 .6	.9 .4 .5	1.0 .5 .5	1.6 1.1 .5	3. 1 2. 4 . 7	5. 2 4. 2 1. 0	6. 1 4. 9 1. 2	6. 6 5. 4 1. 2	8. 1 7. 1 1. 0	7. 8 6. 5 1. 3	7. 1 5. 8 1. 3
.4	. 5	. 5	.7	. 5	. 6	. 6	.9	1. 2	1.8	1.8	1.5	1.8	2. 2	2. 2
						Billions of	constant (194	17) dollars						
5. 2	6. 1	7.9	9.4	5. 3	4.8	6. 4	9.0	11.4	15. 8	16. 9	15. 2	17. 6	17. 8	17. 4
2. 6 . 5 2. 1	2. 9 . 5 2. 4	3. 7 . 6 3. 1	4. 4 . 8 3. 6	3. 2 . 5 2. 6	2.7 .3 2.5	4. 2 . 7 3. 5	5.8 .9 5.0	6. 6 . 7 5. 8	8. 9 1. 2 7. 7	9, 6 1, 5 8, 1	8. 0 1. 6 6. 4	8. 9 1. 6 7. 3	9. 5 1. 7 7. 8	10. 0 1. 6 8. 4
2. 0 1. 5 . 4	2. 5 2. 1 . 4	3. 4 2. 6 . 7	4.0 3.1 .9	1. 4 . 6 . 8	1.3 .6 .6	1.4 .8 .6	2. 1 1. 4 . 7	3. 4 2. 7 . 8	5. 2 4. 2 1. 0	5. 6 4. 5 1. 1	5. 9 4. 7 1. 1	7.1 6.2 .9	6. 5 5. 4 1. 1	5. 6 4. 5 1. 1
.6	.7	.8	1.0	. 7	.7	8	1.1	1.4	1.8	1.7	1.4	1.6	1.8	1.8
						Percent o	f current dol	llar total						
100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
54. 1 12. 5 41. 6	51. 4 9. 6 41. 8	51. 4 8. 6 42. 8	50. 9 9. 9 41. 0	62. 4 11. 1 51. 3	60. 1 5. 9 54. 2	67. 6 12. 2 55. 4	65. 4 9. 9 55. 5	57. 1 6. 5 50. 6	56. 0 7. 7 48. 3	56. 7 9. 6 47. 1	52. 2 11. 3 40. 9	51. 0 9. 9 41. 1	54. 8 10. 4 44. 4	57. 8 9. 7 48. 1
33. 7 25. 6 8. 1	36. 7 30. 4 6. 3	38. 1 28. 8 9. 3	38. 5 28. 9 9. 6	24. 1 9. 3 14. 8	24. 7 10. 9 13. 8	20. 1 10. 4 9. 7	22. 4 14. 8 7. 6	30. 6 23. 7 6. 9	32. 7 26. 3 6. 4	33. 6 27. 0 6. 6	39. 0 31. 7 7. 3	39. 9 35. 1 4. 8	35. 3 29. 3 6. 0	32. 1 26. 2 5. 9
12. 2	11.9	10. 5	10.6	13. 5	15.2	12.3	12. 2	12.3	11.3	9. 7	8.8	9.1	9. 9	10. 2
						Percent of	Constant do	llar total						
100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100 0	100. 0
49. 9 10. 0 39. 9	47. 3 7. 8 39. 5	46. 9 7. 1 39. 8	46. 6 8. 6 38. 0	59. 4 10. 2 49. 2	57. 7 5. 4 52. 3	66. 0 11. 5 54. 5	64. 8 9. 6 55. 2	57. 5 6. 5 51. 0	56. 0 7. 7 48. 3	56. 8 9. 1 47. 7	52. 3 10. 5 41. 8	50. 5 9. 1 41. 4	53. 4 9. 7 43. 7	57. 5 9. 0 48. 5
38. 1 29. 7 8. 4	41. 1 34. 8 6. 3	42.8 33.5 9.3	42. 9 33. 4 9. 5	27. 0 12. 1 14. 9	27. 2 13. 5 13. 7	21. 7 12. 3 9. 4	22. 9 15. 2 7. 7	29. 9 23. 3 6. 6	32. 7 26. 3 6. 4	33. 4 26. 7 6. 7	38. 6 31. 1 7. 5	40. 2 35. 2 5. 0	36. 6 30. 2 6. 4	$31.9 \\ 25.7 \\ 6.2$
12.0	11.6	10.3	10. 5	13.6	15. 1	12. 3	12. 3	12.6	11.3	9.8	9.1	9.3	10.0	10. 5

Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

Table 3.—Declines From 1929 and Subsequent Recovery Through 1937 in Selected Gross National Product Components, Each Measured as a Percentage of 1929

Component	Change do	in current llars		e in 1947 llars	Change in prices			
	Decline 1	Advance 2	Decline ¹	Advance 2	Decline 1	Advance 2		
Gross national product	-46 -74	33 61	-29 -69	33 65	-24 -14	7 5		
Nonresidential construction Residential construction	-82 -87	28 39	$^{-76}_{-82}$	24 39	$^{-27}_{-28}$	20 20		
Consumer durable goods Consumer nondurable goods	-63 -41	37 34	-52 -14	40 27	$-21 \\ -31$	7 14		
Consumer services	-35	14	-11	11	-27	. 6		

^{1.} Decline from 1929 to low year in cycle (1932 or 1933) expressed as a percentage of the 1929 figure for the component.

2. Advance from 1933 to 1937 expressed as a percentage of the 1929 figure for the component.

Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

Table 4.—Comparison of Published Series and New Series for Private Purchases of Producers' Durable Equipment, 1929-52

[F	Billions of do	llars]		
		Published serie	S I	
Year	Total 2	Capital out- lays charged to current expense ²	Excluding charges to current expense ²	New series
1929 1930 1931 1932 1933 1933 1934 1935 1936 1937 1938	6. 4 4. 9 3. 2 1. 8 1. 8 2. 5 3. 4 4. 5 5. 4 4. 0 4. 6	0.6 .5 .4 .3 .3 .3 .4 .5 .5	5.8 4.4 2.8 1.5 1.5 2.2 3.0 4.9 3.5	5. 6 4. 2 2. 7 1. 5 1. 5 2. 1 2. 9 4. 0 4. 9 3. 5 4. 0
1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946 1947 1947 1948	6. 1 7. 7 4. 9 4. 1 5. 7 7. 5 12. 3 17. 1 19. 9 18. 7	.7 .8 .6 .5 .6 .7 1.4 1.6 1.9	5. 4 6. 8 4. 3 3. 6 5. 2 6. 8 10. 9 15. 5 18. 0 17. 0	5. 2 6. 6 4. 0 3. 6 4. 9 7. 1 10. 0 15. 8 18. 2 17. 1
1950	22. 3 24. 6 25. 4	2. 1 2. 5 2. 8	20. 2 22. 1 22. 6	20. 2 22. 1 22. 0

Producers' durable equipment series now in use as a component of gross national product in the national income accounts.
 Because of rounding, parts may not add to total.
 Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

Table 5-Private Purchases of

[Millions of dollars]

(
Product group	S. I. C. No. ¹	1929	1930	1931	1932	1933	1934	1935	1936	1937		
Total producers' durable equipment		5, 568	4, 241	2, 683	1, 475	1, 460	2, 146	2, 895	3, 964	4, 855		
Furniture and fixtures (nonresidential) Fabricated metal products.	25 34	361 132	292 112	193 80	113 49	98 40	141 57	154 64	181 74	$^{236}_{\ 94}$		
Engines and turbines Tractors Agricultural machinery (except tractors) Construction machinery Mining and oil-field machinery	3521 3522	54 186 265 90 143	45 174 252 71 87	26 112 114 41 41	12 56 62 7 30	10 30 49 7 33	17 69 71 17 51	25 131 136 31 77	43 208 176 54 117	64 270 229 72 119		
Metalworking machinery Special-industry machinery, n. e. c. General industrial machinery Office and store machinery Service-industry and household machines Electrical machinery	356, 3591 357 358	233 497 440 201 186 443	149 288 314 144 147 339	89 210 225 104 117 230	35 133 134 73 65 108	37 151 130 72 61 80	73 186 173 88 74 132	130 227 240 115 92 193	195 309 335 140 134 246	267 368 400 172 168 396		
Trucks, buses, and trailers. Passenger cars ² . Aircraft Ships and boats. Railroad equipment.	3721	1, 105 41 75 374	423 701 17 109 374	291 488 9 83 82	155 271 1 18 45	186 331 8 12 22	307 436 15 21 101	388 643 8 9 97	508 822 7 57 196	523 849 19 65 356		
Instruments	38	81 161	69 134	51 97	34 74	29 74	32 85	41 94	51 111	75 113		

^{1.} Products are classified in accordance with Standard Industrial Classification of November 1945.

Table 6.—Private Purchases of Producers' Durable

[Millions of 1947 dollars]

Product group	S. I. C. No. ¹	1929	1930	1931	1932	1933	1934	1935	1936	1937
Total producers' durable equipment Furniture and fixtures (nonresidential) Fabricated metal products	25 34	7, 956 471 185	6, 317 376 161	4, 209 261 131	2, 450 163 83	2, 566 146 71	3, 561 206 86	4,822 230 96	6, 633 279 115	7, 607 336 132
Engines and turbines Tractors Agricultural machinery (except tractors). Construction machinery. Mining and oil-field machinery.	3522	85 203 346 169 239	74 185 326 134 146	48 125 147 81 72	22 64 81 15 56	19 32 58 14 61	28 78 87 33 91	38 149 182 59 140	67 242 234 102 213	93 310 294 125 197
Metalworking machinery. Special-industry machinery, n. e. e. General industrial machinery. Office and store machinery. Service-industry and household machines. Electrical machinery.	354 355 356, 3591 357 358 36	346 608 643 209 265 529	238 461 490 149 213 453	151 360 373 107 176 341	67 245 237 78 117 170	71 276 230 82 118 133	119 296 279 100 141 191	214 363 381 133 178 275	319 492 527 160 271 350	394 532 569 192 309 557
Trucks, buses, and trailers. Passenger cars ² Aircraft Ships and boats. Railroad equipment	3721	853 1, 635 65 123 623	658 1, 094 29 186 633	479 801 16 152 145	267 486 2 36 81	353 640 17 24 40	579 796 28 37 186	764 1, 195 15 16 161	1,002 1,539 13 99 327	981 1, 590 33 104 569
Instruments Miscellaneous equipment	(3) 38	88 271	78 233	59 184	38 142	38 143	41 159	54 179	67 215	101 189

^{1.} Products are classified in accordance with Standard Industrial Classification of November 1945.

Product group

Table 7.—Implicit Price Deflators for

[Index numbers, 1947=100]

S. I. C. No. 1929 1930 1933 1934 1936 1937 Total producers' durable equipment Furniture and fixtures (nonresidential) Fabricated metal products 70.0 76.6 71.4 $\begin{array}{c} 67.\,1 \\ 77.\,6 \\ 69.\,6 \end{array}$ 63. 7 74. 1 61. 2 60.3 68.5 66.1 60.0 66.9 66.463.8 70.2 71.325 34 69. 2 58. 8 67. 3 56. 7 65. 0 64. 3 63. 9 91. 8 76. 5 53. 3 59. 9 54. 5 89. 3 77. 4 50. 8 57. 2 54. 4 87. 5 76. 2 45. 8 53. 5 61. 5 88. 3 81. 3 52. 1 55. 8 64. 7 86. 1 75. 3 52. 7 55. 0 68. 5 87. 2 77. 9 57. 4 60. 5 60. 6 94. 3 77. 4 53. 2 65. 2 87. 7 74. 8 $\frac{351}{3521}$ 53.694.0Engines and turbines_____ Tractors
Agricultural machinery (except tractors)
Construction machinery
Mining and oil-field machinery 3522 3531 3531, 3532 59. 4 52. 1 54. 3 56. 6 93. 7 55. 7 63. 7 52. 3 54. 7 56. 5 87. 8 51. 7 60. 4 61. 2 62. 8 62. 0 88. 2 52. 4 69. 2 61. 2 62. 8 63. 6 87. 7 49. 4 70. 3 67. 7 69. 2 70. 3 89. 5 54. 3 71. 1 62. 5 62. 5 64. 1 96. 9 58. 8 58. 4 60. 4 96. 8 66. 5 67. 4 $\begin{array}{c} 60.7 \\ 62.6 \\ 63.0 \\ 86.2 \end{array}$ Metalworking machinery.
Special-industry machinery, n. e. c.
General industrial machinery.

Office and store machinery. 67. 4 66. 9 68. 4 96. 0 355 356, 3591 357 358 36 Office and store machinery.

Service-industry and household machines.

Electrical machinery. 70. 1 83. 7 69 0 51.6 70.3 69. 2 67. 6 62. 7 61. 1 60. 0 64. 3 64. 1 59. 3 58. 7 59. 1 60, 7 60, 9 54, 9 54, 8 56, 6 58. 0 55. 8 50. 4 50. 4 55. 6 52. 7 51. 7 47. 0 49. 5 55. 0 53, 0 54, 8 53, 3 56, 3 54, 3 50, 8 53, 8 53, 6 57, 1 60, 2 50. 7 53. 4 53. 1 57. 5 59. 9 53. 3 53. 4 57. 2 62. 3 62. 6 Trucks, buses, and trailers______Passenger cars______ $\frac{371}{371}$ 3721 373 374 Aircraft
Ships and boats
Railroad equipment 89.7 52.288.7 57.6 Instruments Miscellaneous equipment Miscellaneous equipment 53.6

Aircraft_

^{2.} Business portion of passenger automobiles is estimated at about 30 percent of total private purchases except during years 1942-45.

^{2.} Business portion of passenger automobiles is estimated at about 30 percent of total private purchases except during years 1942-45.

^{1.} Products are classified in accordance with Standard Industrial Classification of November 1945.

^{2.} Includes producers' share of the following: Miscellaneous manufactures (Group 39); Motorcycles (Group 3751); Transportation equipment, n. e. c. (Group 3799); Motor vehicle

Producers' Durable Equipment, 1929-52

[Millions of dollars]

1938	1939	1940	1941	1942	1943	1944	1945	1946	1947	1948	1949	1950	1951	1952
3, 456	3, 955	5, 236	6, 561	4,034	3, 615	4, 925	7, 116	9, 987	15, 839	18, 235	17, 066	20, 197	22, 136	22, 046
197	210	252	332	248	200	213	287	500	690	639	551	704	878	855
70	80	96	121	117	147	174	215	228	384	372	290	312	370	360
44	54	62	56	26	47	91	193	52	148	215	198	255	280	268
204	195	240	341	167	35	253	294	298	544	757	854	913	1, 096	976
229	183	209	309	280	180	349	414	351	676	985	1, 075	1, 077	1, 210	1, 161
62	57	80	88	74	66	38	273	323	408	503	343	511	576	640
79	90	119	215	117	112	164	293	301	352	567	485	544	735	792
153	214	475	667	629	592	481	575	646	711	664	522	746	932	1, 197
276	297	335	356	297	232	360	529	837	1,340	1, 453	1, 189	1, 403	1, 667	1, 574
292	322	344	367	249	290	504	738	863	1,170	1, 300	1, 069	1, 162	1, 531	1, 585
143	149	173	215	167	119	174	229	443	588	648	565	634	663	750
127	143	162	179	150	174	245	345	456	873	1, 276	891	941	834	926
263	328	493	549	359	325	672	776	1,129	2,061	1, 968	1, 730	2, 104	2, 597	2, 865
360	489	562	737	126	140	343	901	$\begin{array}{c} 1,376\\995\\156\\174\\359\end{array}$	2, 283	2, 613	2, 138	2, 861	2, 863	2, 466
524	715	948	1, 158	251	253	167	152		1, 889	2, 316	3, 269	4, 237	3, 622	3, 309
15	23	39	35	6	0	0	12		145	75	103	63	86	167
122	57	133	185	197	232	130	195		236	123	108	111	168	192
142	170	313	408	394	268	346	331		631	1, 004	1, 030	796	1, 075	935
57	71	61	59	32	67	69	179	226	335	355	315	389	517	588
97	108	140	184	148	136	152	185	274	375	402	341	434	436	440

^{3.} Includes producers' share of the following: Miscellaneous manufactures (Group 39); Motorcycles (Group 37511); Transportation equipment, n. e. c. (Group 3799); Motor vehicle heaters (no code); Textile mill products (Group 22); Lumber and wood products, except fur-

niture (Group 24); Saddlery, harness, and whips (Group 3192); Stone, clay, and glass products (Group 32).
Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

Equipment in Constant Dollars, 1929-52

[Millions of 1947 dollars]

								,						
1938	1939	1940	1941	1942	1943	1944	1945	1946	1947	1948	1949	1950	1951	1952
5, 212	6, 091	7, 906	9, 376	5, 310	4, 756	6, 364	9, 010	11, 417	15, 839	16, 887	15, 214	17, 641	17, 763	17, 417
288	312	371	459	314	256	270	366	594	690	596	507	620	6 S8	683
98	116	142	172	159	199	233	285	281	384	352	268	273	300	298
64	79	87	74	32	60	111	236	58	148	196	176	217	214	204
238	240	300	425	203	43	313	368	346	544	674	715	750	839	730
286	233	263	385	337	216	419	495	394	676	870	884	864	888	844
104	96	130	131	103	89	50	348	373	408	449	290	419	469	468
126	148	187	312	160	149	213	369	347	352	520	419	449	500	585
219	305	632	832	768	721	584	694	718	711	617	463	623	694	872
394	420	448	446	366	288	442	646	940	1, 340	1, 349	1, 050	1, 199	1, 280	1, 209
410	455	477	484	317	370	634	924	1,006	1, 170	1, 185	910	953	1, 107	1, 154
161	166	192	234	174	126	190	254	476	588	630	548	606	595	671
227	261	286	287	217	245	337	467	561	873	1, 218	850	895	741	823
374	475	708	761	477	438	907	1,037	1,339	2, 061	1, 896	1, 656	1, 943	2, 170	2, 463
602	830	926	1, 132	166	202	465	1, 090	1, 546	2, 283	2, 365	1, 848	2, 525	2, 343	1, 900
944	1, 293	1, 717	1, 997	478	442	315	281	1, 119	1, 889	2, 133	2, 878	3, 678	3, 018	2, 573
25	38	65	53	8	0	0	13	178	145	68	91	53	66	123
194	91	215	272	279	325	176	275	190	236	115	98	99	139	154
219	254	455	570	506	325	422	406	384	631	950	953	732	927	807
75	93	76	69	35	76	81	215	249	335	332	294	355	434	496
164	186	229	281	211	186	202	239	318	375	372	316	388	351	360

^{3.} Includes producers' share of the following: Miscellaneous manufactures (Group 39); Motorcycles (Group 37511); Transportation equipment, n. e. c. (Group 3799); Motor vehicle heaters (no code); Textile mill products (Group 22); Lumber and wood products, except

furniture (Group 24); Saddlery, harness, and whips (Group 3192); Stone, clay, and glass products (Group 32).

Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

Producers' Durable Equipment, 1929-52

[Index numbers, 1947=100]

1938	1939	1940	1941	1942	1943	1944	1945	1946	1947	1948	1949	1950	1951	1952
66. 3	64. 9	66, 2	70, 0	76. 0	76. 0	77. 4	79. 0	87. 5	100, 0	108, 0	112. 1	114, 5	124. 6	126. 9
68. 3	67. 4	68, 0	72, 3	79. 1	78. 1	79. 0	78. 5	84. 2	100, 0	107, 2	108. 6	113, 6	127. 7	125. 2
71. 4	68. 7	67, 4	70, 4	73. 8	73. 9	74. 6	75. 5	81. 1	100, 0	105, 8	108. 4	114, 3	123. 4	120. 9
68. 3	68. 0	71. 2	75. 4	80. 2	78. 4	81. 7	81. 9	90, 3	100. 0	109. 7	112. 8	117. 5	131, 1	131. 3
85. 8	81. 3	80. 0	80. 3	82. 4	81. 6	80. 0	79. 9	86, 1	100. 0	112. 4	119. 4	121. 7	130, 7	133. 7
80. 1	78. 6	79. 4	80. 3	83. 1	83. 2	83. 4	83. 6	89, 0	100. 0	113. 2	121. 6	124. 6	136, 2	137. 5
59. 4	59. 1	61. 7	67. 3	72. 0	74. 0	75. 9	78. 4	86, 5	100. 0	112. 0	118. 5	122. 0	135, 5	136. 8
62. 7	61. 0	63. 5	68. 8	73. 1	75. 0	76. 9	79. 4	86, 8	100. 0	109. 1	115. 7	121. I	135, 1	135. 3
69. 8	70. 2	75. 2	80, 2	81, 9	82. 1	82. 4	82, 9	90. 0	100, 0	107, 7	112. 8	119. 7	134. 4	137. 3
70. 1	70. 8	74. 8	79, 8	81, 2	80. 7	81. 5	81, 9	89. 0	100, 0	107, 7	113. 2	117. 0	130. 2	130. 2
71. 2	70. 7	72. 1	75, 9	78, 6	78. 3	79. 5	79, 9	85. 8	100, 0	109, 7	117. 5	121. 9	138. 3	137. 3
89. 1	89. 6	89. 9	92, 0	96, 2	91. 2	91. 8	90, 2	93. 1	100, 0	102, 9	103. 2	104. 7	111. 5	111. 8
56. 0	54. 7	56. 6	62, 4	69, 1	71. 1	72. 7	73, 9	81. 3	100, 0	104, 8	104. 8	105. 2	112. 6	112. 5
70. 4	69. 1	69. 6	72, 1	75, 2	74. 2	74. 1	74, 8	84. 3	100, 0	103, 8	104. 5	108. 3	119. 7	116. 3
59. 8 55. 5 59. 7 63. 0 64. 8	58. 9 55. 3 60. 0 62. 6 66. 9	60. 7 55. 2 60. 4 61. 8 68. 8	65. 1 58. 0 66. 1 68. 0 71. 6	75. 7 52. 5 73. 5 70. 5 77. 9	69. 4 57. 3 71. 4 82. 5	73. 8 53. 0 73. 7 82. 0	82. 7 54. 1 80. 7 70. 9 81. 5	89. 0 88. 9 87. 6 91. 5 93. 5	100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0	110. 5 108. 6 109. 7 107. 0 105. 7	115. 7 113. 6 113. 7 109. 8 108. 1	113. 3 115. 2 118. 8 112. 7 108. 7	122. 2 120. 0 130. 4 121. 3 116. 0	129, 8 128, 6 135, 3 125, 0 115, 9
76. 2	76. 1	80. 0	85. 8	90, 9	88. 6	85. 5	83.3	90. 6	100. 0	106. 9	107. 1	109. 6	119. 2	118, 5
59. 3	58. 2	61. 2	65. 4	70, 2	73. 0	75. 2	77.3	86. 2	100. 0	108. 0	108. 0	111. 9	124. 4	122, 3

heaters (no code); Textile mill products (Group 22); Lumber and wood products, except furniture (Group 24); Saddlery, harness, and whips (Group 3192); Stone, clay, and glass

products (Group 32).
Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

ance for purchases of durable equipment charged directly to current expense (e. g., hand tools).

The estimates by major product group are contained in three tables in this article. Table 5 presents the new estimates in current dollars. Table 6 presents them in constant (1947) dollars, and table 7 shows the implicit deflators obtained by dividing the current dollar by the constant dollar estimates.

The commodity flow method used in preparing the current dollar estimates is described in the 1951 National Income supplement.⁴ The general approach is discussed

under "Personal Consumption Expenditures for Commodities," pages 97–105 of the supplement. Its specific application of the method to producers' durable equipment can be found on pages 116–122. The procedure for obtaining the constant-dollar estimates and the implicit deflators is explained on pages 141–146 of the same publication.

The new estimates can be compared with the producers' durable equipment series currently published as a part of gross national product only after the equipment portion of capital outlays charged to current expense are subtracted from the latter. This is done in table 4 which presents a comparison of the published series on private purchases of producers' durable equipment and the new series for the period 1929–52.

Metal Supplies and Prices

(Continued from page 10)

receipts of foreign lead had a much greater impact upon domestic supplies than for zinc because imports of lead account for a much larger proportion of total domestic consumption than is the case for zinc.

By the end of 1951, under the impact of increasing world supplies and slackening foreign demand the London prices of these metals had started to drop toward those prevailing in the domestic market. As a result, imports were resumed on an increasing scale beginning in the second quarter of 1952. By the end of that year, the increase in supplies relative to demand had been reflected in declines of the domestic prices of these metals below the ceiling prices established by the Office of Price Stabilization, while prices in the free London market had fallen farther.

Zinc supplies continued to increase until the third quarter of this year when there was some decline in domestic mine production coupled with lower imports, but supplies were still higher than in any but the immediately preceding quarter. Despite the reduced volume, new supplies exceeded consumption so that stocks in the hands of producers have risen steadily and at the end of October were the highest of the postwar period.

In the case of lead, new supplies moved downward in 1953 with volume in the third quarter the lowest since the January–March period of 1952. Receipts of lead from foreign sources had been of record size in 1952, about 2½ times greater than in 1951 and 16 percent above the previous record established in 1950. In the fourth quarter of 1952, such receipts were exceptionally heavy and reflected to some extent the release of large tonnages held by the British Government when the free market in London was reopened on October 1, 1952.

Nonferrous metal price movements mixed

The elimination of scarcities has been reflected on the domestic market in prices of primary lead and zinc, which have been moving generally downward since early 1952, and of scrap metals.

From June 1950 to January 1951, when OPS price controls went into effect, prices of primary copper, lead, and zinc had advanced sharply (see chart). Imports constitute an important portion of domestic supplies for these metals, which in the absence of controls are traded in a world market where prices are highly sensitive to changes in world demand. Price advances in the precontrol period ranged from one-fourth for refined copper to nearly one-half for lead and zinc.

During the period of controls from January 1951 to early

1953 the price of domestic refined copper remained unchanged but consumers were permitted to buy foreign copper at a price above the domestic metal. Increases were also authorized for lead and zinc in late 1951 but before the end of the second quarter of 1952 market prices fell below official ceilings.

At the expiration of price controls, copper, which had been in a relatively tight supply position throughout the period of the defense buildup, immediately moved upward to around 30 cents per pound where it has remained. After the restoration of the free market in London in August, London prices declined and came into approximate balance with domestic prices. Negotiations between the Governments of the United States and Chile are in process over the disposition of large stocks, estimated at well over 100,000 tons, accumulated over the year and owned by the Chilean Government. In comparison with June 1950, the current domestic price for copper is up by about one-half.

The price of pig lead in October 1953, though down nearly one-third from its peak, was still moderately above the level of June 1950 while slab zinc, down nearly one-half, was below it

Scrap metal prices decline

Scrap prices of all basic metals are down from their peaks, with the size of the declines varying considerably. In the case of steel, copper, and aluminum scrap the declines began only this year, but in the case of lead and zinc they had set in during the spring months of 1952.

Prices of steel scrap, the latter utilized in varying proportions with pig iron in the production of steel ingots, twice since April has dipped and then risen. The price of No. 1 heavy melting scrap at Pittsburgh, a representative high grade scrap material, dropped from the ceiling price of \$44 per gross ton in April to \$39 in May. Subsequently, the price rebounded to over \$45 per ton but in September again dropped sharply to reach a low of about \$33 per ton in the first week of October. The decline, which coincided closely with the beginning of the Korean truce negotiations, reflected the uncertainty over the future rate of steel operations and some reduction in the rate of scrap purchases on the part of steel producers.

With the pickup in steel operations in October and some increase in the rate of scrap buying on the part of steel producers, scrap recovered to around \$38 per ton in the last week of October. An additional strengthening factor was the relaxation of export controls early in October on all grades of iron and steel scrap.

^{4.} The 1951 National Income supplement to the Survey of Current Business, available at \$1 from the Superintendent of Documents, Washington 25, D. C., or the various Department of Commerce field offices.

Monthly BUSINESS STATISTICS



Unless otherwise stated statistics through

THE STATISTICS here are a continuation of the data published in Business Statistics, the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey of Current Business. That volume (price \$1.50) contains monthly data for the years 1949 to 1952, and monthly averages for earlier years back to 1935 insofar as available; it also provides a description of each series and references to sources of monthly figures prior to 1949. Series added or revised since publication of the 1953 Supplement are indicated by an asterisk (*) and a dagger (†), respectively, the accompanying footnote indicating where historical data and a descriptive note may be found. The terms "unadjusted" and "adjusted" used to designate index numbers and dollar values refer to adjustment of monthly figures for seasonal variation.

Statistics originating in Government agencies are not copyrighted and may be reprinted freely. Data from private sources are provided through the courtesy of the compilers, and are subject to their copyrights.

1953

1952

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through									1900				
1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber
	<u>'</u>	GENE	RAL I	BUSIN	ESS II	NDICA	TORS	'	'		<u>'</u>		<u> </u>
NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT													
Seasonally adjusted quarterly totals at annual rates: National income, total	184. 4 151. 5			301. 4 201. 3 191. 3 158. 3 10. 4			194. 5 161. 3 10. 4			310. 7 208. 0 198. 0 164. 5 10. 6			210. 4 200. 6 166. 9 10. 5
Government civilian do Supplements to wages and salaries do Proprietors' and rental income, total do Business and professional do Farm do Rental income of persons do Corporate profits and inventory valuation ad-	51, 5 26, 1 15, 2 10, 2			22. 6 10. 0 51. 1 26. 7 14. 0 10. 3			22. 8 10. 0 50. 8 27. 0 13. 4 10. 4			22. 9 10. 0 49. 7 27. 0 12. 3 10. 4			23. 1 9. 8 49. 1 26. 9 11. 6 10. 6
justment, total bil. of dol Corporate profits before tax, total do Corporate profits tax liability do Corporate profits atter tax do Inventory valuation adjustment do Net interest do	37. 7 37. 0 19. 4 17. 5 . 7 7. 1			41, 7 40, 3 21, 2 19, 1 1, 4 7, 4			43. 8 44. 6 24. 4 20. 3 8 7. 6			45. 2 45. 9 25. 0 20. 8 6 7. 7			-2. 6 7. 9
Gross national product, total	345. 3 217. 2 25. 1 118. 7 73. 3			361. 1 224. 4 28. 2 121. 1 75. 1			362. 0 227. 7 30. 2 121. 2 76. 3			372. 4 * 230. 6 30. 7 122. 1 77. 6			369. 0 231. 0 30. 4 121. 3 79. 2
New construction	23. 1 24. 9 4. 2 -2. 0			57. 9 23. 9 25. 5 8. 5 -1. 6			54. 0 25. 0 26. 2 2. 9 -2. 1			61. 0 25. 3 26. 9 8. 8 -2. 5			56. 5 24. 9 27. 1 4. 5 -2. 1
$\begin{array}{ccc} total & bil. of dol\\ Federal (less Government sales) & do\\ National security ? & do\\ State and local & do\\ \end{array}$	77. 8 54. 6 49. 2 23. 2		i	80. 4 56. 4 50. 5 24. 0			82. 4 57. 4 51. 6 24. 9			83. 5 58. 9 53. 5 24. 6			83. 6 58. 4 52. 1 25. 2
Personal income, total	271. 4 34. 8 236. 6 19. 4			278. 3 35. 3 243. 0 18. 6			281, 6 36, 2 245, 4 17, 7			284. 4 36. 7 247. 7 17. 2			286. 8 37. 0 249. 8 18. 8
PERSONAL INCOME, BY SOURCE				1									
Seasonally adjusted, at annual rates: Total personal income	4. 9 52. 5 21. 2	277. 3 190. 2 84. 7 50. 0 22. 4 33. 1 186. 6 5. 0 51. 4 21. 3 13. 3	277. 2 191. 4 85. 6 50. 0 22. 5 33. 3 187. 8 5. 1 50. 0 21. 4 13. 1	280. 6 192. 5 87. 0 50. 1 22. 6 32. 8 188. 7 5. 1 51. 8 21. 5	280. 5 192. 8 86. 8 50. 2 22. 7 33. 1 188. 8 5. 1 51. 6 21. 6 13. 5	281. 0 194. 6 88. 0 50. 6 22. 8 33. 2 190. 9 5. 1 50. 2 21. 7 13. 3	283. 6 196. 2 196. 2 88. 8 50. 9 23. 2 33. 3 192. 4 5. 1 50. 7 21. 9 13. 7	282. 7 196. 6 88. 8 51. 0 23. 4 33. 4 192. 8 5. 1 49. 4 22. 0 13. 6	284. 7 198. 0 89. 3 51. 7 23. 5 33. 5 194. 2 50. 0 22. 1 13. 5	286. 3 199. 5 89. 8 52. 2 23. 9 33. 6 195. 6 5. 1 50. 1 22. 3 13. 5	287. 5 201. 2 90. 6 52. 9 24. 2 33. 5 197. 3 5. 1 49. 5 22. 4 13. 5	287.0 7201.0 790.2 752.9 724.1 733.8 7197.1 5.1 748.9 22.5 13.6	285. 8 199. 5 88. 7 52. 9 24. 2 33. 7 195. 7 5. 1 48. 9 22. 7 13. 6
bil. of dol	3. 9	3. 9	3.8	3.9	4. 1	3. 9	4.0	4.0	4.0	4. 2	4. 2	74.1	4.0
Total nonagricultural incomedo NEW PLANT AND EQUIPMENT EXPENDITURES	255. 7	258. 0	259, 1	261. 6	261, 1	263.3	265. 4	265. 5	267. 2	268, 8	270. 6	r 270. 7	269. 6
All industries, quarterly total mil. of dol. Manufacturing do Mining do Railroads do Transportation, other than rail do Public utilities do Commercial and other do	6, 244 2, 820 206 289 302 947 1, 680			7, 265 3, 367 229 357 335 1, 142 1, 835			904			7, 225 3, 280 212 358 339 1, 148 1, 887			1 7, 408 3, 425 244 331 358 1, 231 1, 820

Revised. ¹ Estimates for July-September based on anticipated capital expenditures of business; those for October-December 1953 appear on p. 4 of the September 1953 Survey.

Solution of July-September based on anticipated capital expenditures of business; those for October-December 1953 appear on p. 4 of the September 1953 Survey.

Solution of July-September based on anticipated capital expenditures of business; those for October-December 1953 appear on p. 4 of the September 1953 Survey.

Solution of July-September based on anticipated capital expenditures of business; those for October-December 1953 appear on p. 4 of the September 1953 Survey.

Solution of July-September 1953 Survey.

Solution of July-September based on anticipated capital expenditures of business; those for October-December 1953 appear on p. 4 of the September 1953 Survey.

Solution of July-September based on anticipated capital expenditures of business; those for October-December 1953 appear on p. 4 of the September 1953 Survey.

Solution of July-September based on anticipated capital expenditures of business; those for October-December 1953 appear on p. 4 of the September 1953 Survey.

Solution of July-September 1953 appear on p. 4 of the September 1953 Survey.

Solution of July-September 1953 Survey.

Solution of J

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through		19	052						1953				
1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber
	GENI	ERAT.	BUSIN	ESS I	· NDICAT	FORS_	–Conti	nued			1	1	
FARM INCOME AND MARKETINGS:	i					ĺ							
Cash receipts from farming, including Government payments, total mil. of dol. Farm marketings and CCC loans, total do	3, 465	r 4, 009	7 3, 326	7 2, 956	r 2, 834	7 1, 949	⁷ 2. 100	r 2, 001	r 2. 010	r 2, 193	r 2, 456	r 2, 494	3, 199
Cropsdo	r 3, 457 r 1, 825 r 1, 632	7 3, 995 7 2, 201 7 1, 794	7 3, 312 7 1, 697	r 2, 940 r 1, 478	7 2, 809 7 1, 395	r 1, 932 r 699	r 2, 075	7 1, 964 7 560	r 1, 976	7 2, 167 7 729	r 2, 442 r 1, 050	7 2. 486 7 1. 096	3, 194 1, 748
Livestock and products, total do Dairy products do	7 372 7 932	r 368	7 1, 615 7 356	7 1, 462 7 352	7 1.414 337 7 806	7 1, 233 311 7 68!	7 1, 401 357	7 1, 404 355	7 1, 460 407	7 1, 438 402	7 1, 392 386	7 1. 390 364	1, 446 329
Meat animals do Poultry and eggs do Indexes of eash receipts from marketings and CCC	r 314	r 1, 068 r 338	7 867 7 375	* 761 * 334	7 261	r 234	r 742 r 292	7 721 302	r 708 r 319	7 714 294	* 682 300	r 695 318	777 327
loans, unadjusted:	r 519	r 600	7 497	r 441	r 424	т 291	r 313	r 296	r 298	r 327	r 368	. 0=-	n 450
All commodities	r 645 r 430	7 778 472	r 600 r 425	7 522 7 385	r 493 r 372	r 247 r 325	7 238 7 369	r 198 r 370	7 182 7 384	7 258 7 379	371 7 366	7 375 7 387 7 366	p 473 p 597 p 381
Livestock and products do Indexes of volume of farm marketings, unadjusted: All commodities 1935–39 = 100.	r 189	7 218	7 180	r 173	7 168	r 118	r 125	r 122	r 125	r 138	r 157	r 156	p 191
Crops do Livestock and products do	r 225	7 263 7 184	7 191 7 172	r 183 r 165	7 187 7 153	r 95	r 86 r 155	* 73 * 159	773 7164	, 169	157 r 156	7 154 157	₽ 227 ₽ 164
INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION	101	101	1.2	10	1.70	101	100	100	101	105	100	10,	104
Federal Feserve Index of Physical Volume						1			ŀ				
Unadjusted, combined index1935-39=100	232	233	235	233	232	236	240	240	240	241	234	r 238	₽ 236
Manufacturesdo	242	245	246	246	245	250	255	254	r 254	r 253	246	r 250	p 247
Durable manufacturesdo	292	301	305	310	312	319	326	326	322	r 320	312	7 311	P 305
Iron and steeldo Lumber and productsdo	270 167	281 164	283 160	286 151	287 151	290 158	297 162	292 168	291 r 154	288 163	279 158	277 * 163	p 266 p 160
Furniture do	183 159	189 151	191 143	196 128	189 132	191 142	193 146	189 157	r 184 139	182 153	177 149	* 182 * 153	p 178
Machinery do Nonferrous metals and products do	$\frac{354}{225}$	363 237	371 241	385 246	393 250	398 259	406 259	402 263	r 399 262	* 397 259	387 7 248	389 + 236	p 385
Fabricating dododo	216 248	231 251	236 251	241 259	213 266	245 293	243 301	248 299	251 290	249 284	r 235 282	r 217 r 282	p 217
Stone, clay, and glass productsdo	232	235 267	226	214	209	216	227	230	238	236	233	r 241	p 243
Cement do- Clay products do-	263 167	173	252 167	231 165	209 155	212 157	224 161	249 161	259 • 159	259 r 163	267 157	269 r 159	p 157
Glass containersdo Transportation equipmentdo	$\frac{267}{353}$	262 371	245 376	210 392	$\frac{227}{391}$	24S 403	271 412	261 417	291 7 408	276 r 401	269 394	τ 385	p 376
Automobiles (incl. parts)do	247	265	272	282	283	297	308	314	r 306	r 297	290	r 272	p 261
Nondurable manufactures do Alcoholie beverages do do	201 159	200 173	199 163	193 142	191 134	194 144	197 161	196 165	198 164	199 174	192 r 184	7 202 172	p 201
Chemical productsdo Industrial chemicalsdo	305 567	309 578	313 595	314 598	311 595	313 598	318 605	322 614	r 321 r 621	323 7 628	323 636	7 322 7 637	p 324 p 635
Leather and productsdodododo	111 95	112 104	114 107	197 99	$\frac{117}{103}$	122 109	116 97	112 102	111 103	103 95	94 81	110 96	
Shoes do	123 192	118 178	120 165	112 161	126 153	131 149	129 151	119 151	116 + 157	108 r 163	102 172	119 r 182	p 184
Dairy productsdo Meat packingdo Processed fruits and vegetablesdo	173 154	133 169	106 190	107 208	98 199	109 166	128 166	162 159	202 154	225 156	221 149	214 + 150	p 170
	279	190	114	100	93	90	85	90	r 101	r 112	174	232	
Paper and products do Paper and pulp do Petroleum and coal products do Petroleum and coal pro	191 181	203 192	205 194	195 185	200 191	207 198	211 201	210 200	210 199	208 197	185 178	7 215 203	p 214
Coke	282 177	279 179	290 182	291 186	293 188	293 188	289 189	286 187	288 189	7 295 189	294 188	7 297 188	p 292
Gasoline do- Printing and publishing do-	234 166	225 180	233 183	229 172	230 168	231 178	225 187	225 187	230 187	238 178	245 161	7 246 174	p 240 p 179
Rubber products do	252 177	260 172	264 176	272 169	268 169	270 173	275 173	272 169	r 267 173	r 266 174	261 156	r 259 r 166	
Rayon deliveriesdo	145 377	142 361	149 356	141 337	140 350	149 338	148 352	141 355	143 367	142 367	113 359	139 r 346	
Wool textilesdo Tobacco productsdo	137 198	134 197	137 184	138 159	130 178	142 184	137 183	128 174	130 174	135 176	159		
Minerals do	180 180	166 167	170 177	163 176	159 172	158 179	157	163	166	172	r 169	7 172	p 172
Fuels	88	95 93	87 135	71	60	69	168 52	167 47	168 66	173 66	169 57	7 172 54	p 173
Crude petroleumdo	144 203 178	203 164	202 131	125 207 84	116 204 81	109 205 87	107 204 90	113 201 134	113 199 160	116 206 7 170	103 207	7 205	202 202
Metalsdododododo	228	230	234	235	236	240	243	241	240	7 170 240	7 168 232	7 168 7 235	p 163
Manufacturesdo	237	212	245	247	249	254	258	255	r 254	r 252	244	r 247	p 243
Durable manufacturesdo	290	300	304	313	316	322	328	326	321	r 319	311	, 309	p 303
Lumber and productsdodo	155 140	155 138	161 146	165 149	$\frac{171}{162}$	175 166	172 161	168 157	151 134	r 153 139	149 135	r 153 r 138	p 150 p 135
Nonferrous metalsdo Smelting and refiningdo	225 248	237 251 224	240 251	246 258	250 266	259 293	259 300	263 299	262 290	259 285	7 249 283	r 236 r 282	p 237 p 286
Stone, elay, and glass productsdo Cementdo Clay productsdo	222 227	231	221 233	221 254	223 257	233 279	238 273	232 262	231 246	233 242	231 243	r 231 238	p 232
Clay products do- Glass containers do-	161 261	163 254	162 242	160 225	168 232	166 255	169 271	165 261	160 271	7 164 279	155 280	r 154	» 150
Nondurable manufacturesdo	194	195	197	194	195	198	201	198	199	198	191	r 198	p 195
Alcoholic beveragesdodododo	155 302	162 304	180 308	166 309	158 310	159 310	173 314	164 319	155 7 321	152 7 325	7 160 326	161 r 325	2,322
Leather and products do.	112 97	112 103	113 103	107 100	116 103	119 101	117 98	112 102	111 104	104 97	95 85	116 97	
Dairy productsdodo	168 148	165 146	161 147	164 152	165 151	165 151	168 154	165 156	7 164 152	7 162 152	7 161 150	160 148	
Meat packingdo Processed fruits and vegetablesdo	170 143	169 147	170 124	176 128	169 143	174 143	179 155	171 148	154 + 155	157 7 146	157 134	7 168 122	p 182
Leather tanningdododododo	97 168 148 170	103 165 146 169	103 161 147 170	100 164 152 176	103 165 151 169	101 165 151 174	98 168 154 179	102 165 156 171	104 7 164 152 154	97 7 162 152 157	85 7 161 150 157	97 160 148 7 168	

r Revised. Preliminary.

‡Revised (beginning 1951) to incorporate more complete data. Revisions for January-August 1952 may be obtained upon request; those for 1951 will be available later.

caseasonal factors for a number of industries were fixed at 100 during 1939-42; data for these industries are shown only in the unadjusted series.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through		10	952			,			1953		-		,
1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March .	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber
	GENI	ERAL	BUSIN	ESS II	NDICA	TORS-	–Conti	nued	,	-			
INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION—Continued Federal Reserve Index of Physical Volume—Con.													
Adjusted & Continued Manufactures—Continued Nondurable manufactures—Continued Paper and products	192 181 165 187	203 192 176 190	205 194 175 181	196 185 168 172	200 191 173 179	207 197 180 194	211 201 183 194	209 199 181 184	209 199 184 174	207 197 179 169	186 179 173 154	* 216 204 * 182	₽ 214 ₽ 178
Minerals do	175 149	164 145	171 138	168 117	164 120	163 123	162 125	164 145	164 144	r 168 r 144	7 164 7 134	r 167 r 134	p 167
BUSINESS SALES AND INVENTORIES§	149	140	100	111	120	120	120	140	144	1144	, 194	104	7 134
Business sales (adjusted), total	46, 288 23, 663 11, 510 12, 154 9, 055 2, 793 6, 262 13, 570 4, 505 9, 065	48, 344 24, 753 11, 968 12, 785 9, 389 2, 931 6, 458 14, 202 4, 844 9, 358	46, 229 23, 430 11, 676 11, 754 8, 773 2, 737 6, 036 14, 026 4, 769 9, 257	48, 023 24, 276 11, 913 12, 363 9, 337 2, 962 6, 375 14, 410 4, 871 9, 539	47, 383 24, 292 12, 195 12, 097 8, 951 2, 777 6, 174 14, 140 5, 000 9, 140	48, 827 25, 170 12, 828 12, 342 9, 143 2, 929 6, 214 14, 514 5, 304 9, 211	49, 104 25, 469 12, 821 12, 648 9, 198 2, 952 6, 246 14, 437 5, 211 9, 225	49, 988 26, 850 13, 490 13, 360 8, 858 2, 897 5, 961 14, 280 5, 124 9, 156	49, 406 26, 226 13, 238 12, 988 8, 713 2, 846 5, 867 14, 467 5, 154 9, 313	49, 250 26, 172 13, 046 13, 126 8, 666 2, 892 5, 774 14, 412 5, 103 9, 309	49, 614 26, 514 13, 144 13, 369 8, 631 2, 799 5, 832 14, 469 5, 102 9, 367	r 48, 195 r 25, 398 r 12, 615 r 12, 783 r 8, 724 r 2, 829 r 5, 895 r 14, 073 r 4, 914 r 9, 159	47, 552 24, 876 12, 015 12, 862 8, 637 2, 725 5, 912 14, 039 4, 936 9, 103
3 3 3 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	73, 437 43, 224 23, 292 19, 932 9, 932 4, 964 4, 968 20, 281 8, 956 11, 325	74, 189 43, 415 23, 615 19, 800 10, 122 4, 986 5, 136 20, 652 9, 175 11, 477	74, 682 43, 596 23, 835 19, 761 10, 191 5, 084 5, 107 20, 895 9, 384 11, 511	74, 757 43, 824 24, 292 19, 532 10, 129 5, 079 5, 050 20, 804 9, 352 11, 452	74, 619 43, 766 24, 392 19, 374 10, 039 5, 084 4, 955 20, 814 9, 539 11, 275	74, 941 43, 848 24, 480 19, 368 10, 120 5, 219 4, 901 20, 973 9, 905 11, 068	75, 335 44, 056 24, 746 19, 309 10, 183 5, 336 4, 847 21, 096 10, 084 11, 012	76, 466 44, 566 25, 122 19, 444 10, 244 5, 322 4, 922 21, 656 10, 396 11, 260	76, 836 44, 970 25, 420 19, 550 10, 323 5, 349 4, 974 21, 543 10, 252 11, 291	77, 511 45, 525 25, 775 19, 750 10, 414 5, 276 5, 138 21, 572 10, 257 11, 315	78, 310 45, 792 25, 983 19, 809 710, 430 5, 424 75, 006 22, 088 10, 560 11, 528	7 78, 748 7 46, 195 7 26, 302 7 19, 894 7 10, 438 7 5, 538 7 4, 900 7 22, 115 7 10, 449 7 11, 666	79, 331 46, 438 26, 447 19, 991 10, 631 5, 536 5, 095 22, 262 10, 696 11, 566
MANUFACTURERS' SALES, INVENTORIES, AND ORDERS	,	,		,	,	1,	,	12,200		,	21,020	,	12,000
Sales: Value (unadjusted), totalmil, of dol	24, 700 11, 905 12, 795	26, 488 12, 787 13, 701	23, 408 11, 510 11, 898	24, 315 12, 172 12, 142	23, 888 11, 747 12, 141	23, 988 12, 089 11, 909	26, 738 13, 581 13, 157	26, 219 13, 456 12, 763	25, 302 12, 893 12, 410	25, 878 13, 305 12, 572	24, 536 12, 043 12, 493	r 25, 193 r 12, 234 r 12, 959	26, 019 12, 454 13, 565
Value (adjusted), total do Durable-goods industries, total do Primary metal do Frabricated metal products do Electrical machinery and equipment do Machinery, except electrical do Motor vehicles and equipment, n. e. s. do Transportation equipment, n. e. s. do Furniture and fixtures do Lumber products, except furniture. do Stone, clay, and glass products do Professional and scientific instruments do Other industries, including ordnance. do	23, 663 11, 510 2, 107 1, 156 1, 256 1, 966 1, 831 749 419 629 545 245 607	24, 753 11, 968 2, 198 1, 263 1, 205 2, 068 1, 842 812 410 678 553 277 663	23, 430 11, 676 2, 100 1, 177 1, 238 2, 060 1, 826 923 362 596 518 255 623	24, 276 11, 913 2, 048 1, 287 1, 259 2, 053 1, 920 819 362 727 497 310 629	24, 292 12, 195 2, 082 1, 397 1, 256 2, 138 2, 068 817 305 721 509 312 590	25, 170 12, 828 2, 115 1, 481 1, 342 2, 204 2, 164 837 315 766 571 311 723	25, 469 12, 821 2, 150 1, 446 1, 347 2, 137 2, 241 786 361 717 585 331 719	26, 850 13, 490 2, 296 1, 589 1, 316 2, 224 2, 344 878 373 800 538 365 766	26, 226 13, 238 2, 258 1, 507 1, 361 2, 097 2, 311 885 377 745 590 370 738	26, 172 13, 046 2, 172 1, 457 1, 478 2, 089 2, 255 816 367 752 597 353 710	26, 514 13, 144 2, 284 1, 515 1, 352 2, 308 894 348 766 587 381 716	* 25, 398 * 12, 615 * 2, 135 * 1, 354 * 1, 467 * 2, 014 * 2, 190 * 898 * 707 * 593 * 305 * 7586	24, 876 12, 015 1, 949 1, 307 1, 464 1, 948 1, 964 850 373 660 605 312 580
Nondurable-goods industries, total	3, 246	12, 785 3, 452 513 327 1, 188 1, 281 265 734 720 1, 660 2, 181 464	11, 754 3, 191 457 309 1, 084 1, 143 234 663 678 1, 532 2, 059 403	12, 363 3, 293 545 344 1, 151 1, 260 288 682 691 1, 558 2, 114 438	12, 097 3, 211 478 306 1, 108 1, 046 299 736 725 1, 667 2, 014 507	12, 342 3, 314 465 333 1, 113 1, 038 307 722 754 1, 715 2, 081 499	12, 648 3, 480 570 325 1, 127 1, 036 292 718 754 1, 767 2, 067 510	13, 360 3, 674 576 327 1, 345 1, 176 299 720 781 1, 808 2, 146 508	12, 988 3, 572 600 308 1, 242 1, 174 301 708 770 1, 781 2, 061 472	13, 126 3, 453 671 318 1, 185 1, 182 734 738 1, 734 2, 268 488	13, 369 3, 698 652 322 1, 207 1, 174 376 748 681 1, 749 2, 252 511	7 12, 783 7 3, 497 7 736 7 313 7 1, 066 1, 025 7 333 7 789 7 655 7 1, 665 7 2, 190	12, 862 3, 547 662 324 1, 002 1, 040 297 787 662 1, 722 2, 289
(nventories, end of month: Book value (unadjusted), totaldo Durable-goods industriesdo Nondurable-goods industriesdo	42, 660 23, 147 19, 513	42, 920 23, 385 19, 536	43, 243 23, 553 19, 690	43, 829 24, 045 19, 784	44, 037 24, 253 19, 784	44, 264 24, 539 19, 726	44, 551 24, 990 19, 560	44, 794 25, 332 19, 462	45, 287 25, 771 19, 516	45, 685 25, 980 19, 704	45, 746 26, 103 19, 643	r 45, 783 r 26, 223 r 19, 559	45, 827 26, 291 19, 536
By stages of fabrication: Purchased materialsdo. Goods in processdo. Finished goodsdo.	15, 836 12, 132 14, 692	16, 058 12, 272 14, 590	16, 236 12, 268 14, 739	16, 414 12, 516 14, 898	16, 106 12, 735 15, 195	16, 030 13, 044 15, 190	16, 052 13, 236 15, 263	15, 909 13, 371 15, 514	16, 028 13, 368 15, 891	16, 197 13, 451 16, 037	16, 324 13, 426 15, 996	r 16, 318 r 13, 406 r 16, 059	16, 522 13, 142 16, 164
Book value (adjusted), total	3, 031 5, 274 2, 636 2, 343 534 1, 006	43, 415 23, 615 3, 084 2, 362 3, 039 5, 275 2, 735 2, 472 2, 472 738 1, 019 874 778 1, 445	43, 596 23, 835 3, 165 2, 401 3, 032 5, 287 2, 853 2, 455 543 1, 054 852 785 1, 408	43, 824 24, 292 3, 122 2, 424 3, 096 5, 411 3, 009 2, 576 518 1, 066 850 808 1, 412	43, 766 24, 392 3, 156 2, 439 3, 120 5, 396 3, 017 2, 566 525 1, 072 872 809 1, 420	43, 848 24, 480 3, 080 2, 420 3, 137 5, 445 3, 050 2, 609 544 1, 076 890 808 1, 422	44, 056 24, 746 3, 070 2, 446 3, 200 5, 482 3, 139 2, 643 544 1, 092 900 794 1, 438	44, 566 25, 122 3, 083 2, 507 3, 302 5, 514 3, 265 2, 661 1, 086 920 799 1, 451	44, 970 25, 420 3, 132 2, 573 3, 382 5, 514 3, 313 2, 635 554 1, 089 935 807 1, 486	45, 525 25, 775 3, 175 2, 694 3, 419 5, 529 3, 338 2, 701 569 1, 094 953 818 1, 486	45, 792 25, 983 3, 238 2, 776 3, 458 5, 536 3, 341 2, 703 576 1, 087 7 951 829 1, 491	7 46, 195 7 26, 302 7 3, 364 7 2, 897 7 3, 493 7 5, 539 7 3, 352 7 2, 682 7 553 7 1, 108 7 937 7 842 7 1, 534	46, 438 26, 447 3, 458 2, 923 3, 471 5, 514 3, 311 2, 762 539 1, 145 911 834 1, 579

^{**}Revised. **Preliminary. 3 See note marked "3" on p. S-2.

The term "business" here includes only manufacturing and trade. Business inventories as shown on p. S-1 cover data for all types of producers, both farm and nonfarm. Unadjusted data for manufacturing are shown on this page; those for retail and wholesale trade, on pp. S-8, S-9, and S-10.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through		19	52						1953				
1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septen ber
	GENI	ERAL	BUSIN	ESS II	NDICA	rors-	–Conti	nued					
MANUFACTURERS' SALES, INVENTORIES, AND ORDERS—Continued				•									
Inventories, end of month—Continued Book value (adjusted), total—Continued Nondurable-goods industries, total mil. of dol. Food and kindred products	19, 932 3, 443 1, 268 1, 726 2, 833 1, 725 541 973 734 3, 022 2, 788 877	19, 800 3, 488 1, 222 1, 726 2, 841 1, 609 549 960 744 3, 010 2, 777 874	19, 761 3, 450 1, 202 1, 742 2, 743 1, 618 545 974 775 3, 009 2, 805 897	19, 532 3, 332 1, 164 1, 778 2, 654 1, 665 548 1, 001 758 2, 968 2, 727 936	19, 374 3, 312 1, 153 1, 773 2, 606 1, 689 990 757 2, 915 2, 716 915	19, 368 3, 378 1, 184 1, 738 2, 618 534 992 746 2, 894 2, 713 887	19, 309 3, 275 1, 198 1, 731 2, 597 1, 674 553 990 755 2, 907 2, 726 903	19, 444 3, 241 1, 190 1, 750 2, 648 1, 678 755 2, 998 755 2, 969 2, 726 916	19, 550 3, 198 1, 184 1, 766 2, 671 1, 672 604 987 736 3, 005 2, 803 924	19, 750 3, 147 1, 183 1, 759 2, 762 1, 697 625 976 750 3, 122 2, 789 942	19, 809 3, 104 1, 187 1, 780 2, 786 1, 742 590 955 727 3, 149 2, 858 931	* 19, 894 * 7 3, 061 * 1, 119 * 1, 799 * 2, 809 * 1, 785 * 589 927 * 745 * 3, 207 * 2, 938 914	19, 99 3, 06 1, 06 1, 83 2, 82 1, 75 61 93 7, 3, 24 2, 98
New orders, net (adjusted), total do Durable-goods industries, total do Primary metal do Fabricated metal products do Electrical machinery and equipment do Machinery, except electrical do	24, 516 12, 328 2, 194 1, 375 1, 311 1, 883	24, 152 11, 452 2, 211 1, 289 1, 324 1, 926	23, 061 11, 441 1, 855 1, 169 1, 184 1, 999	24, 466 12, 011 1, 834 1, 203 1, 366 1, 965	24, 270 12, 080 2, 027 1, 408 1, 579 1, 784	25, 530 13, 138 2, 165 1, 390 1, 363 1, 813	24, 591 12, 023 2, 080 1, 322 1, 096 1, 894	25, 721 12, 621 2, 083 1, 330 1, 684 2, 202	25, 306 12, 444 2, 206 1, 527 1, 426 1, 956	25, 553 12, 456 2, 152 1, 233 1, 189 1, 946	24, 417 11, 078 1, 862 1, 359 1, 423 1, 652	* 22, 419 * 9, 541 * 1, 591 * 1, 309 * 1, 116 * 1, 595	22, 43 9, 63 1, 70 1, 13 93 1, 77
Transportation equipment, including motor vehicles and parts. mil. of dol. Other industries, including ordnance. do. Nondurable-goods industries, total. do. Industries with unfilled orders 9. do. Industries without unfilled orders 9. do.	3, 301 2, 265 12, 187 2, 823 9, 364	2, 252 2, 451 12, 700 2, 822 9, 878	2, 789 2, 445 11, 620 2, 525 9, 095	2, 991 2, 651 12, 456 2, 904 9, 552	2, 946 2, 335 12, 190 2, 960 9, 230	3, 824 2, 583 12, 392 2, 946 9, 446	2, 792 2, 838 12, 567 2, 811 9, 756	2, 415 2, 907 13, 100 2, 885 10, 215	2, 564 2, 765 12, 862 2, 895 9, 967	3, 160 2, 777 13, 097 2, 982 10, 114	1, 928 2, 854 13, 339 3, 003 10, 336	7 1, 695 7 2, 234 7 12, 878 7 2, 938 7 9, 941	1, 8: 2, 3: 12, 7: 2, 6: 10, 11
Unfilled orders, end of month (unadj.), totaldo. Durable-goods industries, totaldo. Primary metaldo. Fabricated metal productsdo. Electrical machinery and equipmentdo. Machinery, except electricaldo. Transportation equipment, including motor	75, 662 72, 305 8, 465 6, 383 11, 512 10, 942	74, 478 71, 256 8, 406 6, 335 11, 501 10, 651	73, 163 70, 049 8, 125 6, 209 11, 241 10, 438	72, 520 69, 605 7, 930 5, 994 11, 338 10, 226	73, 366 70, 230 7, 874 6, 305 11, 592 10, 102	73, 699 70, 492 7, 843 6, 247 11, 440 9, 871	73, 367 70, 201 7, 838 6, 263 11, 372 9, 665	72, 432 69, 328 7, 618 6, 194 11, 592 9, 558	71, 227 68, 051 7, 390 6, 096 11, 576 9, 313	70, 848 67, 476 7, 345 5, 779 11, 599 9, 010	69, 939 66, 693 7, 282 5, 688 11, 828 8, 863	7 67, 353 7 64, 335 7 6, 910 7 5, 559 7 11, 529 7 8, 615	64, 56 61, 57 6, 48 5, 29 11, 02 8, 29
vehicles and partsmil. of dol	28, 587 6, 417 3, 357	28, 249 6, 112 3, 223	28, 081 5, 954 3, 114	28, 380 5, 737 2, 915	28, 536 5, 820 3, 136	29, 128 5, 963 3, 208	28, 824 6, 238 3, 166	28, 067 6, 298 3, 104	27, 568 6, 110 3, 176	27, 757 5, 986 3, 372	26, 764 6, 268 3, 246	r 25, 550 r 6, 172 r 3, 018	24, 5 5, 9 2, 9

BUSINESS POPULATION

OPERATING BUSINESSES AND BUSINESS TURNOVER													
Operating businesses, end of quarter, total_thous_	4, 059, 0			4, 043, 4									
Contract constructiondodo	404. 4			403. 2									
Manufacturingdodo	300, 5			295. 4								-	
Service industriesdodo	868. 2			867. 2									
Retail tradedodo	1, 661, 1			1, 651. 3									
Wholesale tradedodo	211. 4			211.3									
All otherdodo	613. 3			615.0									
New businesses, quarterly totaldo	90. 2			80, 5					 	ļ			
Contract constructiondodo	16. 2			12. 3									
Manufacturingdo	8.6			8. 2									
Service industriesdo	15.3			14. 7									
Retail tradedo	33, 1			29. 6									
Wholesale tradedodo	3.9			3.7									
All otherdo	13. 2			12. 1									
									İ	1			
Discontinued businesses, quarterly totaldo	81.3			96.0									
Contract constructiondo	11. 2			13.6									
Manufacturingdodo	11. 2			13. 3 15. 7									
Service industriesdodo	12.9			15. 7 39. 4									
Retail tradedo	35. 2 3. 2			3. 7									
Wholesale tradedodododo	7.6			10. 4									
An other	1.0												
Business transfers, quarterly totaldo	101. 2			82. 5									
BUSINESS INCORPORATIONS♂												İ	
New incorporations (48 States)number_	7, 529	8, 223					1		0.000				
	1 '	0, 220	6, 741	8, 274	9, 468	7, 943	9, 659	9, 507	8, 968	8, 926	8, 703	7, 487	7, 433
INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL FAILURES♂		0, 220	6, 741	8, 274	9, 468	7, 943	9, 659	9, 507	8, 968	8, 926	8, 703	7, 487	7, 433
FAILURES♂	539	631	6, 741 590	8, 274 583	9, 468 647	7, 943 691	9, 659	9, 507	8, 968	8, 926 817	8, 703	7, 487	
FAILURES or number	539	,	·	,	647 39	691 49	739 63	693 48	697 66	817 74			686
Failures, total		631 52 88	590 61 62	583	647	691 49 86	739	693	697	817 74 99	724	700	686 31 89
FAILURES _G ² Failures, total number Commercial service do Construction do	36	631 52	590 61 62 121	583 43 76 131	647 39 78 130	691 49 86 132	739 63 85 154	693 48 86 140	697 66 70 143	817 74 99 145	724 43	700 49	686 31 89 144
Failures, total	36 50 107 288	631 52 88 146 291	590 61 62 121 280	583 43 76 131 288	647 39 78 130 334	691 49 86 132 348	739 63 85 154 361	693 48 86 140 344	697 66 70 143 344	817 74 99 145 419	724 43 64 164 380	700 49 92 148 340	686 31 89 148 336
FAILURES of Failures, total number Commercial service do Construction do Manufacturing and mining do	36 50 107	631 52 88 146	590 61 62 121	583 43 76 131	647 39 78 130	691 49 86 132	739 63 85 154	693 48 86 140	697 66 70 143	817 74 99 145	724 43 64 164	700 49 92 148	686 31 89 148 336
FAILURES of Failures, total number Commercial service do Construction do Manufacturing and mining do Retail trade do Wholesale trade do	36 50 107 288 58	631 52 88 146 291 54	590 61 62 121 280 66	583 43 76 131 288 45	647 39 78 130 334 66	691 49 86 132 348 76	739 63 85 154 361 76	693 48 86 140 344 75	697 66 70 143 344 74	817 74 99 145 419 80	724 43 64 164 380 73	700 49 92 148 340 71	686 31 89 144 336 85
FAILURES of Failures, total number Commercial service do Construction do Manufacturing and mining do Retail trade do Wholesale trade do Liabilities, total thous, of dol	36 50 107 288 58 20, 138	631 52 88 146 291 54	590 61 62 121 280 66	583 43 76 131 288 45	647 39 78 130 334 66 23,309	691 49 86 132 348 76 27, 273	739 63 85 154 361 76	693 48 86 140 344 75 27, 520	697 66 70 143 344 74 32,789	817 74 99 145 419 80 32,379	724 43 64 164 380 73 41,324	700 49 92 148 340 71 28, 529	686 31 89 144 333 84 33, 813
FAILURES of Failures, total number Commercial service do Construction do Manufacturing and mining do Retail trade do Wholesale trade do Liabilities, total thous of dol Commercial service do	36 50 107 288 58 20, 138 947	631 52 88 146 291 54 35,049 2,175	590 61 62 121 280 66	583 43 76 131 288 45 23,400 953	647 39 78 130 334 66 23, 309 868	691 49 86 132 348 76 27, 273 1, 180	739 63 85 154 361 76 31,082 1,387	693 48 86 140 344 75 27, 520 1, 765	697 66 70 143 344 74 32,789 3,536	817 74 99 145 419 80 32, 379 1, 759	724 43 64 164 380 73 41, 324 1, 210	700 49 92 148 340 71 28, 529 1, 077	686 31 89 144 336 84 33, 817 1, 286
FAILURES of Failures, total number Commercial service do Construction do Manufacturing and mining do Retail trade do Wholesale trade do Liabilities, total thous of dol Commercial service do Construction do	36 50 107 288 58 20, 138 947 2, 729	631 52 88 146 291 54 35, 049 2, 175 5, 167	590 61 62 121 280 66 18, 757 3, 027 1, 588	583 43 76 131 288 45 23, 400 953 5, 068	647 39 78 130 334 66 23, 309 868 2, 735	691 49 86 132 348 76 27, 273 1, 180 3, 378	739 63 85 154 361 76 31, 082 1, 387 3, 506	693 48 86 140 344 75 27, 520 1, 765 3, 748	697 66 70 143 344 74 32,789 3,536 2,511	817 74 99 145 419 80 32, 379 1, 759 3, 200	724 43 64 164 380 73 41, 324 1, 210 2, 789	700 49 92 148 340 71 28, 529 1, 077 3, 868	686 31 89 144 336 88 33, 817 1, 286 4, 451
FAILURES 07 Failures, total number Commercial service do do Manufacturing and mining do Retail trade do Wholesale trade do Liabilities, total thous, of dol Commercial service do Construction do Manufacturing and mining do do do do do do do d	36 50 107 288 58 20, 138 947 2, 729 6, 780	631 52 88 146 291 54 35, 049 2, 175 5, 167 13, 079	590 61 62 121 280 66 18, 757 3, 027 1, 588 5, 853	583 43 76 131 288 45 23, 400 953 5, 068 8, 458	647 39 78 130 334 66 23, 309 868 2, 735 9, 107	691 49 86 132 348 76 27, 273 1, 180 3, 378 8, 452	739 63 85 154 361 76 31, 082 1, 387 3, 506 12, 213	693 48 86 140 344 75 27, 520 1, 765 3, 748 10, 585	697 66 70 143 344 74 32, 789 3, 536 2, 511 13, 981	817 74 99 145 419 80 32, 379 1, 759 3, 200 11, 179	724 43 64 164 380 73 41, 324 1, 210 2, 789 17, 139	700 49 92 148 340 71 28, 529 1, 077 3, 868 10, 267	686 31 89 146 336 85 33, 817 1, 286 4, 451 13, 676
FAILURES of Failures, total number Commercial service do Construction do Manufacturing and mining do Retail trade do Wholesale trade do Liabilities, total thous of dol Commercial service do Construction do	36 50 107 288 58 20, 138 947 2, 729	631 52 88 146 291 54 35, 049 2, 175 5, 167	590 61 62 121 280 66 18, 757 3, 027 1, 588	583 43 76 131 288 45 23, 400 953 5, 068	647 39 78 130 334 66 23, 309 868 2, 735	691 49 86 132 348 76 27, 273 1, 180 3, 378	739 63 85 154 361 76 31, 082 1, 387 3, 506	693 48 86 140 344 75 27, 520 1, 765 3, 748	697 66 70 143 344 74 32,789 3,536 2,511	817 74 99 145 419 80 32, 379 1, 759 3, 200	724 43 64 164 380 73 41, 324 1, 210 2, 789	700 49 92 148 340 71 28, 529 1, 077 3, 868	7, 433 686 31 89 146 336 85 14, 286 4, 451 13, 676 9, 790 4, 614

r Revised. Preliminary.

§ Includes textiles, leather, paper, and printing and publishing industries; unfilled orders for other nondurable-goods industries are zero.

¶For these industries (food, beverages, tobacco, apparel, petroleum, chemicals, and rubber), sales are considered equal to new orders.

♂Data are from Dun & Bradstreet, Inc.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through		19	52		ļ				1953			Commence and the second	·
1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber
			СОМ	MODI	TY PR	ICES							
PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS													
Prices received, all farm products 1910-14=100. Crops	288 264 240 234 428 329 200 182 305	282 260 240 219 429 311 215 189 304	277 257 248 213 412 288 195 238 300	269 257 247 218 428 268 206 256 300	267 251 245 214 419 252 208 237 291	263 247 240 206 424 255 209 237 287	264 253 246 208 424 266 215 248 291	259 247 244 206 424 266 226 204 289	261 243 242 205 426 268 224 182 285	259 251 222 198 425 266 253 270 280	259 237 218 197 426 269 207 216 268	258 237 215 198 430 277 205 221 262	256 234 219 200 452 279 221 159 251
Livestock and products do. Meat animals do. Dairy products do. Poultry and eggs do.	309 349 307 227	301 328 316 228	295 310 318 238	280 291 309 221	281 303 296 218	277 305 286 206	274 301 277 216	270 299 264 218	277 317 257 218	267 299 254 213	280 318 261 223	276 305 267 230	276 299 274 231
Prices paid: All commodities	271 271 271 271	269 269 269 284	268 269 266 282	267 269 264 281	267 268 265 284	264 266 261 281	265 269 261 282	264 269 257 280	264 270 257 280	260 271 248 277	261 271 250 279	262 273 249 279	259 270 247 277
Parity ratio 9 ‡dodo	101	99	98	96	94	94	94	92	93	94	93	92	92
All commodities (U. S. Department of Commerce index)	211. 1	210. 7	210. 4	209. 6	209. 0	207. 8	208. 2	207. 9	208. 2	209. 7	210. 1	r 210. 1	210. 3
Consumer price index (U. S. Department of Labor): All items	114. 1 105. 8 115. 4 112. 5 111. 5 119. 2	114. 2 105. 6 115. 0 113. 2 111. 3 116. 9	114. 3 105. 2 115. 0 113. 3 115. 9 114. 3	114. 1 105. 1 113. 8 112. 7 115. 8 113. 0	113. 9 104. 6 113. 1 111. 6 116. 7 110. 9	113. 4 104. 6 111. 5 110. 7 115. 9 107. 7	113. 6 104. 7 111. 7 110. 3 115. 5 107. 4	113. 7 104. 6 111. 5 109. 0 115. 0 106. 8	114. 0 104. 7 112. 1 107. 8 115. 2 109. 2	114. 5 104. 6 113. 7 107. 5 121. 7 111. 3	114.7 104.4 113.8 108.3 118.2 112.0	115. 0 104. 3 114. 1 109. 1 112. 7 114. 1	1 115, 2 105, 3 113, 8 109, 6 106, 6 113, 5
Housing do.	114.8 105.0 108.1 118.3 118.8 112.1 107.3 127.7 115.9	115. 2 105. 0 107. 9 118. 8 118. 9 112. 3 107. 6 128. 4 115. 8	115. 7 105. 4 108. 0 119. 5 118. 9 112. 4 107. 4 128. 9 115. 8	116. 4 105. 6 108. 2 120. 7 119. 3 112. 5 108. 0 128. 9 115. 9	116. 4 105. 9 107. 7 121. 1 119. 4 112. 4 107. 8 129. 3 115. 9	116. 6 106. 1 108. 0 121. 5 119. 3 112. 5 107. 5 129. 1 115. 8	116. 8 106. 5 108. 0 121. 7 119. 5 112. 4 107. 7 129. 3 117. 5	117. 0 106. 5 107. 8 122. 1 120. 2 112. 5 107. 9 129. 4 117. 9	117. 1 106. 6 107. 6 123. 0 120. 7 112. 8 108. 0 129. 4 118. 0	117. 4 106. 4 108. 0 123. 3 121. 1 112. 6 107. 8 129. 4 118. 2	117. 8 106. 4 108. 1 123. 8 121. 5 112. 6 107. 4 129. 7 118. 3	118. 0 106. 9 107. 4 125. 1 121. 8 112. 7 107. 6 130. 6 118. 4	118. 4 106. 9 108. 1 126. 0 122. 6 112. 9 107. 8 130. 7 118. 5
WHOLESALE PRICES♂													110.0
U. S. Department of Labor indexes: All commodities	111.8	111.1	110. 7	109. 6	109. 9	109. 6	110. 0	109. 4	109. 8	109. 5	110. 9	110.6	111.0
Farm products do Fruits and vegetables, fresh and dried do Grains do Livestock and live poultry do	106. 6 115. 6 96. 9 99. 3	104. 9 111. 7 95. 0 94. 8	103. 6 113. 2 96. 5 93. 0	99. 2 112. 3 96. 1 86. 8	99. 6 107. 3 94. 6 92. 7	97. 9 102. 2 93. 1 91. 2	99. 8 105. 8 94. 7 91. 7	97. 3 106. 9 9 3 . 8 87. 5	97. 8 105. 4 93. 4 91. 7	95. 4 109. 9 84. 2 86. 8	97. 9 94. 7 85. 4 95. 9	7 96. 4 98. 0 86. 5 88. 1	97. 9 96. 0 88. 2 90. 6
Foods, processed	110. 3 106. 5 116. 4	108, 5 106, 4 115, 9	107. 7 107. 1 115. 5	104. 3 106. 8 113. 0	105, 5 106, 8 111, 9	105. 2 107. 6 110. 9	104. 1 108. 9 109. 7	103. 2 109. 2 108. 5	104. 3 109. 0 107. 9	103. 3 107. 9 107. 7	105. 5 108. 5 110. 0	104.8 * 108.4 110.7 * 104.7	106. 5 110. 4 111. 3
Meats, poultry, and fishdo	109. 4	104. 1	102. 0	93. 9	99. 3	98. 2	91. 2	89. 2	93. 8	91.6	97. 0	93. 6	97. 2
foods	113. 2 104. 0 114. 3 92. 1 48. 9 111. 0 107. 0	113. 0 103. 9 113. 9 92. 0 51. 0 111. 0 106. 5	112. 8 103. 5 112. 7 91. 9 53. 1 111. 1 106. 3	112. 9 103. 3 112. 3 91. 3 52. 8 113. 0 106. 1	113. 1 103. 6 112. 8 91. 5 53. 5 112. 9 106. 2	113. 1 103. 6 113. 1 91. 4 52. 7 112. 7 105. 9	113. 4 104. 2 113. 9 91. 6 59. 0 112. 8 106. 0	113, 2 105, 5 117, 0 93, 0 55, 9 113, 2 106, 0	113. 6 105. 5 118. 0 93. 1 49. 9 112. 9 106. 1	113, 9 105, 6 119, 2 93, 1 46, 6 110, 6 106, 1	114.8 106. 2 120. 2 93. 6 46. 7 113. 8 106. 1	7 114.9 106.3 120.2 93.5 7 46.9 113.8 106.3	114. 8 106. 7 120. 0 93. 5 51. 1 113. 0 107. 1
Fuel, power, and lighting materials do Coal do Electricity do Gas do Petroleum and products do Furniture and other household durables	106. 2 107. 6 101. 3 100. 3 108. 5	106. 6 113. 3 98. 5 100. 4 108. 5	106. 7 113. 6 98. 0 104. 9 108. 1	107. 2 116. 1 98. 5 104. 9 107. 9	107. 8 116. 3 99. 6 108. 0 107. 9	108. 1 115. 9 100. 7 109. 5 107. 9	108. 4 114. 4 100. 7 109. 5 109. 0	107. 4 111. 2 98. 0 109. 5 109. 3	107. 1 110. 8 97. 4 108. 2 109. 4	108. 3 111. 2 98. 5 108. 2 111. 1	111. 1 111. 8 98. 5 106. 1 116. 8	† 111. 0 † 111. 7 † 99. 1 † 105. 7 116. 5	111. 1 112. 3 99. 1 105. 7 116. 5
1947-49 = 100	$\left.\begin{array}{c} 112.0 \\ 107.3 \\ 112.6 \\ \end{array}\right.$	112. 0 107. 2 112. 6 93. 7	112. 1 107. 2 112. 8 93. 8	$ \begin{cases} 112.3 \\ 107.5 \\ 113.0 \\ 95.0 \\ 74.9 \end{cases} $	112. 7 107. 4 113. 2 95. 0 74. 5	112. 9 107. 4 113. 4 95. 5 75. 6	113. I 107. 9 I13. 6 95. 5 74. 9	113. 9 108. 0 113. 8 94. 9 74. 9	114. 1 108. 1 114. 0 94. 9 74. 9	114. 3 108. 1 114. 1 95. 4 75. 0	114. 7 108. 8 113. 8 95. 0 74. 3	114.8 108.9 + 113.8 95.0 + 74.0	114. 9 109. 1 114. 2 95. 0 74. 0
Hides, skins, and leather products do Footwear do. Hides and skins do. Leather do. Lumber and wood products do. Lumber do.	96, 5 110, 6 64, 4 89, 3 120, 4 120, 6	96. 6 110. 6 65. 0 89. 9 120. 2 120. 2	97. 6 111. 0 69. 2 90. 1 119. 7 120. 0	99. 0 112. 0 70. 6 92. 9 119. 7 119. 8	97. 3 112. 0 62. 1 92. 0 120. 5 120. 1	98. 0 112. 1 66. 5 91. 9 121. 1 120. 3	98. 1 112. 1 64. 8 93. 5 121. 7 120. 9	97. 9 111. 5 66. 4 92. 7 122. 2 121. 5	100. 4 111. 5 74. 8 97. 3 121. 8 121. 0	101. 0 111. 7 76. 3 98. 0 121. 5 120. 7	100. 0 111. 7 73. 4 96. 1 121. 1 120. 2	99. 9 111. 8 74. 6 95. 0 • 120. 4 • 119. 3	99. 7 111. 8 74. 2 94. 5 119. 2 118. 3
Machinery and motive productsdo Agricultural machinery and equipdo Construction machinery and equipdo Electrical machinery and equipment do Motor vehiclesdo	121. 5 121. 5 125. 8 119. 7 119. 7	121. 3 121. 5 125. 8 119. 0 119. 7	121. 4 121. 6 126. 2 119. 5 119. 7	121. 4 121. 7 126. 3 119. 6 119. 7	121. 5 121. 8 126. 2 119. 6 119. 8	121. 6 121. 8 126. 3 119. 7 119. 9	121. 8 122. 2 127. 1 119. 9 120. 0	122. 0 122. 3 128. 6 121. 3 118. 9	122. 4 122. 4 129. 1 122. 6 118. 6	122. 9 122. 6 129. 4 124. 2 118. 6	123. 4 122. 7 130. 8 124. 8 118. 6	* 123. 7 122. 3 * 130. 5 * 125. 6 118. 6	124. 0 122. 3 130. 9 125. 9 118. 6

Revised. Index on base previously used (1935-39=100) is 192.6. SOctober 1953 indexes: All farm products, 250; crops, 231; food grains, 223; feed grains and hay, 187; tobacco, 439; cotton, 274; fruit, 214; truck crops, 175; oil-bearing crops, 255; livestock and products, 267; meat animals, 273; dairy products, 283; poultry and eggs, 236. Revisions prior to August 1952 are available upon request. See Ratio of prices received to prices paid (including interest, taxes, and wage rates). The arms of the prices of individual commodities, see respective commodities.

### VIOLESALE PRICESy—Continued ### VIOLESALE PRICESy—Continued	Unless otherwise stated, statistics through		19:							1953				
WHOLESALE PRICESC—Continued	1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the		October	Novem- ber		January		March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber
***S. Power start of Labor Indoses—Conc.** Commodiffeed the band are prod. pt. ct.—Con.** Hosting equipment** Indoses A. 197-60.00 Hosting equipment** Indoses A. 197-60.00 Hosting equipment** Indoses A. 197-60.00 Hosting equipment** Indoses A. 197-60.00 Hosting equipment** Indoses A. 197-60.00 Hosting equipment** Indoses A. 197-60.00 Hosting equipment** Indoses A. 197-60			COM	MODI	ry Pr	ICES-	-Conti	nued					-	
Commentative when farm prod., etc.—Com. Heating explanations. ### 150.0 12.6 13.5 13.	WHOLESALE PRICES♂—Continued													
The products and appears of th	Commodities other than farm prod., etc.—Con. Metals and metal products. 1947-49=100. Heating equipment. do. Iron and steel. do. Nonferrous metals. do. Nonmetallic minerals, structural do. Clay products. do. Concrete products. do.	113. 7 127. 5 124. 7 113. 8 121. 3 112. 7	113. 7 127. 3 122. 9 114. 4 124. 0 112. 7	113. 6 127. 0 122. 5 114. 5 124. 0 112. 7	113. 6 127. 0 122. 3 114. 6 124. 0 112. 7	113. 8 127. 1 122. 5 114. 6 124. 0 112. 8	113. 9 127. 5 124. 4 114. 6 124. 0 112. 8	113. 9 127. 7 131. 5 115. 1 124. 3 112. 8	113. 8 127. 7 128. 2 116. 9 124. 6 114. 2	114. 4 128. 9 126. 6 117. 2 124. 7 115. 5	114. 6 130. 9 127. 6 118. 1 125. 1 115. 5	115. 1 135. 7 126. 4 119. 4 131. 1 115. 6	r 115.6 r 136.2 r 124.5 119.6 r 131.4 116.1	128. 4 115. 8 134. 8 122. 8 120. 7 131. 7 117. 4
Pirespace December	Paper. do. Rubber and products. do. Tires and tubes. do. Textile products and apparel do. Apparel do. Cotton products. do. Silk products. do. Synthetic textiles. do.	124. 0 126. 3 126. 3 99. 5 99. 3 98. 9 139. 3 89. 9	124. 9 126. 0 126. 3 99. 2 98. 4 99. 2 140. 0 89. 5	124. 9 126. 4 126. 3 98. 6 98. 3 98. 4 139. 3 89. 0	124. 9 127. 7 126. 3 98. 2 98. 3 97. 7 139. 7 87. 8	124. 9 127. 3 126. 3 98. 8 100. 0 97. 0 141. 4 88. 1	124. 9 126. 2 126. 3 98. 5 99. 9 96. 1 141. 4 88. 3	124. 9 125. 7 126. 3 97. 5 99. 6 93. 1 141. 4 87. 9	124. 9 124. 8 126. 3 97. 4 99. 9 92. 9 131. 6 88. 0	124. 9 125. 4 126. 3 97. 6 99. 9 93. 3 133. 0 87. 4	124, 7 125, 0 126, 3 97, 4 99, 4 93, 4 134, 7 87, 5	125. 1 124. 6 126. 4 97. 5 99. 3 94. 1 134. 7 87. 5	125. 9 * 123. 5 125. 1 97. 5 99. 3 * 94. 1 134. 7 86. 7	116. 126. 124. 126. 97. 99. 93. 134. 86.
Miller M	Beverages, alcoholicdo	110. 5	110. 5	110. 5	110. 5	110.1	110. 1	110.0	110.0	110.0	110.0	110.0	110.0	
Wholesele prices														
CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY:	Wholesale prices 1947-49=100 Consumer prices do do do do do do do do do do do do do	87.6	87. 6	87. 5	87. 6	87. 8	88. 2	88. 0	88. 0	87. 7	87. 3	87. 2	87.0	
New construction, total mill, of dol. 3, 160 3, 004 2, 885 2, 550 2, 361 2, 278 2, 521 2, 785 2, 94 3, 199 3, 270 7, 319		(CONST	RUCT	ION A	ND RI	EAL E	STATE			<u> </u>	Jangobilings - sys		
Private, total Residentian) Co. 2,022 2,031 1,032 1,705 1,70	CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY:												1	1
Residential (nonfarm).	New construction, total mil. of dol	3, 160	3, 094	2, 858	2, 550	2, 361	2, 278	2, 521	2, 735	2, 941	3, 199	3, 270	* 3, 319	3, 29
Industrial.	New dwelling units doAdditions and alterationsdo Nonresidential building, except farm and public	1, 045 930 97	1, 051 935 98	1, 024 915 91	942 850 74	816 735 63	758 675 64	863 770 74	944 830 94	1,007 880 105	1, 110 980 107	1, 111 975 112	7 1, 105 970 7 110	1, 07 95
Residential building	Industrial do Commercial do Farm construction do	190 101 162	193 105 133	194 113 112	193 112 97	201 109 97	204 112 100	198 114 108	193 113 120	192 129 138	187 152 148	178 165 155	179 7 168 158	17 17
Construction contracts awarded in 37 States (F. W. Dodge Corp.): Total projects	Residential	54 393 134 380 81	51 379 128 362 81	49 361 121 240 74	49 342 111 112 67	47 328 109 115 61	48 315 104 110 56	47 353 111 140	49 369 114 200 70	49 374 115 260 70	50 384 121 330 76	46 372 121 375 79	43 373 121 405 77	37 11
Dodge Corp.): Total projects.														
Projects number 4, 289 5, 161 4, 382 3, 589 3, 651 3, 529 4, 760 5, 416 5, 728 5, 020 6, 200 5, 267 Floor area. thous, of sq. ft 29, 257 38, 822 38, 788 51, 596 32, 343 31, 115 35, 566 44, 455 45, 640 35, 185 57, 374 40, 292 Valuation thous of dol 1, 272, 367 470, 520 461, 476 713, 100 406, 914 374, 321 449, 175 680, 330 582, 061 459, 230 764, 393 545, 851 Residential buildings: Projects number 40, 440 43, 312 35, 487 29, 808 30, 674 29, 900 44, 115 47, 761 44, 317 32, 745 44, 227 38, 524 70, 520 48, 996 51, 315 46, 658 65, 393 70, 602 66, 655 49, 797 70, 208 53, 242 70, 201 401, 2	Dodge Corp.): Total projects	2, 039, 203 1, 269, 355	1, 310, 958 410, 433	1, 248, 803 490, 650	1, 467, 384 477, 693	1, 075, 868 449, 779	1, 021, 310 350, 709	1, 347, 518 416, 577	1, 741, 542 672, 838	1, 606, 091 553, 760	1, 115, 509 372, 004	1, 793, 342 610, 348	1, 414, 408 532, 064	1, 741, 67 724, 68
Projects number thous of sq. tr. 56, 743	Projectsnumber Floor areathous, of sq. ft Valuationtheus, of dol	29, 257	38, 822	39, 788	51, 596	32, 343	31, 115	35, 566	44, 455	45, 640	35, 185	57, 374	40, 292	38,40
Projects number 1,828 1,665 1,330 911 835 778 1,247 1,849 2,094 1,874 2,336 2,335 Valuation thous of dol 176,652 152,455 195,265 195,265 134,114 152,793 135,326 219,157 293,569 288,783 138,257 269,600 304,917 Utilities: Projects number 439 404 364 353 315 294 362 409 405 430 552 408 409 405 430 63,633 181,590 56,125 93,095 73,986 93,756 97,526 54,938 105,942 56,080 Value of contract awards (F. R. indexes): Total, unadjusted 1947-49=100 209 201 177 166 156 151 180 205 195 197 189 7.216 Residential, unadjusted do 192 181 172 156 144 163 186 210 194 192 178 7.83 183 173 182 176 179 164 169 172 7.205 Residential, adjusted do 191 185 178 183 173 182 176 179 164 174 175 7.184 Engineering construction: Contract awards (ENR) thous of dol 952, 218 1, 446, 381 1, 079, 879 906, 976 1, 886, 520 1, 023, 021 1, 200, 048 1, 473, 244 1, 083, 795 1, 318, 070 1, 262, 992 1, 111, 213	Projects number Floor area thous, of sq. ft Valuation thous, of dol	56, 743	65, 489	55, 872	48, 996	51, 315	46,658	65, 393	70,602	66, 655	49, 797 463, 084	70, 206	53, 242	52, 47
Projects. number 439 404 364 3.53 315 294 362 409 405 430 532 408 Valuation thous of dol. 71,713 85,670 63,633 181,590 56,125 93,095 73,986 93,758 97,526 54,938 105,942 56,080 Value of contract awards (F. R. indexes): Total, unadjusted. 1947-49=100 209 201 177 166 156 151 180 205 195 197 189 7216 Residential, unadjusted. do. 192 181 172 156 144 163 186 210 194 192 178 7183 7183 7184 181 172 156 144 163 186 210 194 192 178 7183 7183 7184 181 172 181 181 180 181 181 180 181 181 181 181	Projectsnumber_ Valuationthous. of dol_							1, 247 219, 157	1, 849 293, 569		1, 874 138, 257		2, 335 304, 917	1, 79 269, 62
Total, unadjusted	Projects number								409 93, 756			532 105, 942		
Contract awards (ENR) \$thous. of dol. 952, 218 1,446,331 1,079,879 906,976 1,886,520 1,023,021 1,200,048 1,473,244 1,083,795 1,318,070 1,262,992 1,111,213	Total, unadjusted 1947-49=100 Residential, unadjusted do do do do do do do do do do do do do	192 207	181 210	172 196	156 205	144 190	163 173	186 177	179	194 161	192 169	178 172	r 183 r 205	17 20
	Engineering construction: Contract awards (ENR)§thous. of dol.	952, 218	1, 446, 381	1, 079, 879	906, 976	1, 886, 520	1, 023, 021	1, 200, 048	1, 473, 244	1, 083, 795	1, 318, 070	1, 262, 992	1, 111, 213	1, 116, 5
Highway concrete pavement contract awards: ○	Airports do do do do do do do do do do do do do	1, 691 1, 051	1, 512 1, 486	390 1, 193	2 2, 775	1, 226 2, 622	495 1, 481	3, 215	4,590	5, 237	278 3,315	973 4, 232	1,056 3,798	1, 10 4, 06

Revised. ¹ Indexes on base formerly used (1935-39=100) are as follows: Measured by—wholesale prices, 47.1; consumer prices, 51.9; retail food, 43.5.

awarded in prior months but not reported.

Fro actual wholesale prices of individual commodities, see respective commodities.

Revisions for 1950-July 1953 will be shown later.

Data for October 1952 and January, April, and July 1953 are for 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks.

Data for October and December 1952 and April, July and September 1953 are for 5 weeks: other months, 4 weeks.

	1												
Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	Septem- ber	October 19	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	1953 May	June	July	August	Septem ber
	CONST	RUCT	ION A	ND RI	EAL E	STATE	C—Con	tinued		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
NEW DWELLING UNITS AND URBAN BUILDING	l												
New permanent nonfarm dwelling units started (U.S. Department of Labor)	100, 800 54, 229 52, 528 42, 767 3, 588	101, 100 54, 409 52, 785 42, 655 3, 055	86, 100 40, 780 38, 305 30, 845 2, 521	71, 500 38, 170 34, 029 26, 309 2, 609	72, 100 38, 776 35, 103 26, 858 2, 511	79, 200 44, 857 40, 199 31, 401 2, 817	105, 800 65, 421 56, 153 44, 648 3, 360	111, 400 60, 196 57, 222 46, 074 3, 524	108, 300 55, 199 52, 742 42, 478 3, 296	104, 600 54, 053 51, 721 41, 351 2, 635 7, 735	96,000 47,133 46,563 36,975 2,896	94, 000 45, 881 44, 836 35, 673 2, 246	92, 000 46, 03 42, 78 33, 61 2, 38
Units in multilamity structures; do Publicly financed, total do Indexes of urban building authorized: Number of new dwelling units. 1947–49=100. Valuation of building, total do New residential building do New nonresidential building do Additions, alterations, and repairs do	6, 173 1, 701 118. 5 144. 1 156. 7 128. 2 133. 0	7, 075 1, 624 119, 9 147, 8 161, 2 132, 9 131, 9	4, 939 2, 475 88, 9 114, 3 117, 9 114, 6 100, 0	5, 111 4, 141 83. 1 108. 9 106. 6 119. 6 92. 8	5, 734 3, 673 85, 0 106, 6 107, 4 103, 5 99, 6	5, 981 4, 658 95, 8 120, 2 124, 9 118, 2 106, 8	8, 145 9, 268 142, 8 170, 0 193, 4 148, 7 131, 4	7, 624 2, 974 133, 7 183, 4 181, 4 200, 9 151, 2	6, 968 2, 457 120, 7 164, 4 164, 4 172, 5 145, 9	7, 735 2, 332 118. 0 160. 0 160. 3 159. 8 159. 5	6, 692 570 103, 3 159, 7 144, 9 184, 5 158, 0	6, 917 1, 045 7 99. 6 7 144. 9 7 141. 0 7 154. 4 7 137. 9	6, 79 3, 24 99. 141. 140. 141. 147.
CONSTRUCTION COST INDEXES		<u> </u>											
Department of Commerce composite 1947-49=100. A berthaw (industrial building)1914=100. American Appraisal Co., The:	120. 7 383	120. 6	120, 5	120. 6 383	122. 6	122.4	122. 4 383	122. 6	122. 9	124. 1 385	125. 2	125. 2	125. 39
Average, 30 cities	561 604 556 514 551 394	562 604 557 521 551 397	564 604 572 521 551 398	567 604 573 522 558 399	568 611 574 522 560 398	567 611 574 523 559 398	569 614 579 525 561 399	572 614 587 525 564 401	572 616 592 524 568 402	573 616 592 526 568 411	580 639 601 526 574 411	583 639 601 526 574 416	58 63 60 52 57 41
Apartments, hotels, and office buildings: Brick and concrete. U. S. avg. 1926-29=100. Brick and steel	246. 0 245. 2 254. 4	246. 4 245. 5 254. 2	246. 4 245. 3 253. 4	246. 3 245. 1 253. 3	246. 6 245. 6 254. 1	246. 5 245. 3 253. 9	247. 3 245. 9 254. 3	247. 7 246. 2 254. 6	249, 2 247, 4 255, 5	251, 3 249, 6 257, 1	254. 2 252. 2 259. 0	254. 9 253. 0 258. 7	258.
Brick and concrete do Brick and steel do Brick and wood do Frame do Steel do Residences: do	232. 2	249. 8 248. 2 250. 5 256. 8 232. 4	249. 7 248. 0 250. 0 255. 8 232. 3	249. 8 248. 5 249. 9 255. 5 232. 3	251. 0 248. 9 250. 6 256. 6 232. 6	251. 1 248. 9 250. 4 256. 4 232. 5	252. 6 249. 2 250. 8 256. 6 233. 1	253. 2 249. 5 251. 3 256. 6 233. 3	255, 2 251, 0 252, 3 257, 4 234, 2	257. 5 254. 7 254. 0 259. 2 239. 1	260. 5 257. 4 255. 8 261. 2 241. 2	261. 0 257. 8 256. 0 260. 0 241. 6	262. 258. 256. 259. 242.
Brick	254. 8 251. 5	254. 6 251. 2	253. 8 250. 3	253. 7 250. 1	254. 4 250. 9	254. 3 250. 8	254. 8 251. 2	255. 1 251. 4	256. 0 252. 0	257. 4 253. 5	259. 4 255. 4	259. 0 254. 6	258. 254.
3u. of Public Roads—Highway construction: Composite, standard mile 1946=100.	125. 6 129. 9 137. 5	126. 0 129. 9	125. 7 129. 7	125. 7 129. 6 138. 6	125. 8 129. 6	125. 7 129. 7	126. 1 130. 1 139. 4	126. 1 130. 0	126. 1 130. 9	128. 7 133. 4 133. 2	129. 2 135. 1	129. 0 134. 7	129. 134. 133.
CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS Production of selected construction materials, index:]			
Unadjusted	177. 6 165. 2	185, 2 167, 1	156. 1 157. 5	149, 0 168, 6	145. 6 170. 5	143. 1 173. 4	161. 5 170. 9	172. 2 173. 2	167.3 158.1	7 176. 1 7 164. 6	⁷ 173. 8 163. 3	» 177. 1 » 156. 4	
REAL ESTATE Tome mortgages insured or guaranteed by—													
Fed. Hous. Adm.: Face amount thous. of dol- Vet. Adm.: Face amount do- ederal Home Loan Banks, outstanding advances	184, 356 217, 292	211, 042 220, 008	183, 801 243, 087	206, 739 226, 936	211, 027 243, 300	189, 690 247, 529	193, 370 227, 910	201, 159 151, 570	187, 078 215, 950	185, 610 241, 928	203, 130 224, 596	193, 071 247, 905	185, 54 309, 42
to member institutions	715 616, 352	752 658, 787	791 522, 681	864 541, 295	683 497, 314	627 523, 210	639, 133	626 677, 941	644 690, 277	718 733, 216	700 757, 569	746 706, 631	684, 24
By purpose of loan: do Home construction	192, 667 285, 337 50, 457 26, 097 61, 794	207, 589 303, 107 54, 597 25, 997 67, 497	163, 074 243, 112 42, 379 20, 148 53, 968	161, 405 248, 448 49, 739 19, 730 61, 973	147, 444 222, 232 49, 011 18, 408 60, 219	164, 177 222, 353 52, 694 20, 253 63, 733	205, 584 266, 289 62, 308 25, 121 79, 831	225, 896 288, 443 60, 425 26, 062 77, 115	231, 676 295, 337 58, 627 27, 643 76, 994	241, 284 327, 046 59, 961 27, 307 77, 618	236, 513 355, 316 58, 476 27, 043 80, 221	217, 925 339, 956 51, 969 27, 438 69, 343	208, 13 328, 45 50, 67 27, 20 69, 78
New nonfarm mortgages recorded (\$20,000 and under), estimated total	1, 587, 523 11, 1 58, 949	1, 727, 343 11, 6 63, 958	1, 492, 390 10. 6 65, 129	1, 553, 457 11. 8 74, 127	1, 400, 615 13, 1 76, 659	1, 391, 203 13. 4 72, 706	1, 626, 602 13. 2 83, 471	1, 708, 623 14, 0 67, 362	1, 698, 634 12, 8 64, 239	1, 769, 259 13. 0 67, 644	1, 797, 760 74, 938	1, 709, 392 107, 713	68, 61
			DO	MEST	IC TR	ADE							
ADVERTISING					<u> </u>								
Printers' Ink advertising index, adjusted: Combined index. 1935–39 = 100. Business papers do Magazines do Newspapers do Outdoor do Radio do Television ♀ 1950–52 = 100.	456 547 387 318 344 264 155	475 529 420 340 378 268 157	473 570 408 330 371 256 159	488 539 394 323 373 265 162	465 556 390 338 382 238 160	466 564 411 332 369 235 154	500 571 421 361 398 249 178	498 564 426 350 391 249 181	507 570 429 357 399 241 191	512 565 438 356 387 246 198	541 560 420 362 412 278 238	504 578 382 7 354 394 265 197	52 57 41 37 39 25
Tide advertising index, unadjusted1947-49=100 * Revised. * Preliminary.	141.9	165.4	157. 6	127.3	119. 6	134. 4	164.9	171.6	174. 6	158. 6	126. 6	124.8	161.

Revised. Preliminary. Revised or January–July 1952 will be shown later. Minor revisions back to 1915 for the Department of Commerce construction cost index are shown in the May 1953 Construction and Building Materials Statistical Supplement.

See Copyrighted data; see last paragraph of headnote, p. 8-1.

That a reported at the beginning of each month are shown here for the previous month.

Notice that the base for television differs from that of other media. Indexes available for earlier periods are as follows: 1950, 37;1951, 110; 1952, 153; January-August 1952 (seasonally adjusted)—140; 143; 152; 153; 154; 154.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through		19	52						1953			T	1
1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber
		DO	MESTI	C TRA	DE(Continu	ıed						
ADVERTISING—Continued													
Radio advertising: Cost of facilities, total	12, 890 323 3, 254 337 331 3, 319 455 1, 623 1, 042 2, 206	15, 442 396 4, 287 464 308 3, 683 376 1, 704 1, 292 2, 930	14, 478 640 3, 787 474 285 3, 424 366 1, 482 1, 277 2, 744	14, 925 522 4, 278 357 323 3, 789 446 1, 588 1, 322 2, 301	13, 878 598 4, 212 388 215 3, 510 446 1, 192 1, 295 2, 022	12, 660 397 3, 846 329 203 3, 178 409 1, 118 1, 291 1, 890	14, 661 521 4, 403 349 234 3, 557 454 1, 324 1, 463 2, 357	14, 21\$ 508 4, 268 385 223 3, 606 402 1, 331 1, 415 2, 079	14, 107 511 4, 288 377 236 3, 549 372 1, 238 1, 420 2, 115	13, 246 557 4, 129 433 238 3, 046 386 1, 372 1, 370 1, 715	12, 226 607 3, 684 435 226 2, 985 412 1, 335 992 1, 550	11, 706 679 3, 399 366 290 2, 689 396 1, 268 876 1, 742	
Agazine advertising: †	56, 978 6, 469 4, 366 3, 127 6, 653 6, 883 2, 388	63, 494 5, 250 4, 775 3, 139 7, 556 9, 047 2, 924	63, 849 4, 296 5, 102 2, 363 7, 657 8, 753 3, 250	48, 083 3, 802 2, 507 942 5, 502 6, 957 4, 261	35, 018 1, 563 4, 033 1, 343 4, 461 5, 173 1, 480	50, 682 3, 271 4, 744 2, 099 6, 068 8, 758 2, 314	65, 645 5, 884 6, 199 3, 343 7, 018 9, 653 2, 606	65, 525 4, 593 6, 135 3, 832 6, 425 8, 230 2, 625	67, 606 5, 536 6, 400 4, 340 6, 572 7, 831 2, 630	57, 876 3, 771 5, 894 3, 498 7, 150 8, 016 2, 452	37, 505 932 4, 265 1, 832 5, 744 6, 179 1, 809	42, 740 4, 300 4, 977 1, 881 5, 429 6, 056 1, 402	
Household equipment and supplies	3, 688 2, 747 3, 774 1, 266 1, 437 14, 182	4, 590 4, 015 3, 981 1, 509 1, 480 15, 228 4, 898	4, 171 3, 290 4, 175 1, 429 1, 527 17, 838 4, 299	3, 209 1, 744 3, 118 818 1, 669 13, 555	1, 013 938 2, 639 830 1, 112 10, 434	2, 115 1, 555 3, 025 1, 272 1, 388 14, 074	4, 675 2, 551 3, 618 1, 699 1, 444 16, 954	5, 614 4, 178 4, 079 1, 711 1, 260 16, 844 4, 699	5, 561 3, 791 3, 996 1, 940 1, 700 17, 308	4, 570 2, 087 3, 891 1, 615 1, 677 13, 252	2, 117 647 2, 607 1, 073 1, 191 9, 109 3, 205		
Newspaper advertising: Linage, total (52 cities) do Classified do Display, total do Autonotive do Financial do General do Retail do	214, 509 54, 124 160, 385 7, 367 2, 596 29, 711 120, 709	245, 004 56, 593 188, 410 10, 383 2, 518 39, 411 136, 098	234, 873 52, 399 182, 474 10, 734 2, 400 34, 359 134, 981	219, 798 45, 563 174, 235 8, 847 2, 550 24, 506 138, 332	182, 718 50, 052 132, 666 9, 121 3, 808 21, 433 98, 304	186, 115 49, 479 136, 636 8, 720 2, 377 26, 537 99, 001	231, 721 58, 456 173, 264 10, 877 3, 017 33, 812 125, 559	233, 487 58, 194 175, 292 12, 535 2, 910 35, 090 124, 758	244, 446 62, 385 182, 061 13, 493 2, 549 36, 191 129, 828	215, 965 56, 330 159, 635 13, 550 2, 691 31, 171 112, 223	187, 997 53, 368 134, 629 11, 581 3, 074 24, 531 95, 442	198, 647 56, 553 142, 095 11, 417 2, 021 23, 034 105, 623	219, 558 54, 175 165, 383 11, 910 2, 515 31, 684 119, 275
POSTAL BUSINESS		ı											
Aoney orders issued (50 cities): Domestie: Numberthousands Valuethous. of dol	6, 711 127, 034	6, 764 125, 622	6, 275 114, 728	7, 299 131, 677	6, 672 121, 828	6, 423 120, 178	7, 928 150, 315	6, 946 128, 270	6, 385 117, 261	6, 657 126, 017	6, 299 119, 269	5, 856 117, 247	6, 281 122, 917
PERSONAL CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURES									·				
Geasonally adjusted quarterly totals at annual rates: Goods and services, total	217. 2			224. 4	* * * = * * * *		227. 7			230. 4			231. 0
Durable goods, total	25. 1 8. 8 12. 1 4. 3			28. 2 11. 5 12. 3 4. 4			12, 4			30.7 r 14.3 r 12.1 r 4.4			30. 4 13. 8 12. 3
Nondurable goods, total	2. 1 5. 2			121. 1 21. 5 73. 5 6. 1 2. 1 5. 2 12. 7			20. 9 74. 2 6. 2 2. 0 5. 2			122. 1 - 20. 9 - 74. 5 - 6. 3 - 2. 1 - 5. 4 - 13. 0			19. 9 74. 5 6. 5 2. 2
Services, total do Household operation do Housing do Personal services do Recreation do Transportation do Other services do	10. 9 24. 3 4. 2 4. 3 6. 0			75. 1 11. 3 24. 8 4. 2 4. 3 6. 1 24. 3			11. 3 25. 3 4. 3 4. 4 6. 2			77. 6 11. 5 25. 8 4. 3 4. 4 6. 3 25. 4			11.8 26.4 4.3 4.5 6.4
RETAIL TRADE													
All retail stores: Estimated sales (unadjusted), total. mil. of dol. Durable-goods stores	13, 620 4, 670 2, 353 2, 179	14, 819 5, 116 2, 681 2, 509	14, 008 4, 514 2, 319 2, 166	16, 910 5, 214 2, 378 2, 175	13, 054 4, 450 2, 546 2, 411	12, 329 4, 357 2, 501 2, 377	13, 956 4, 969 2, 848 2, 705	14, 167 5, 139 2, 919 2, 764	14, 665 5, 400 3, 093 2, 929	14, 578 5, 480 3, 033 2, 862	14, 385 5, 378 3, 068 2, 910	7 14, 176 7 5, 189 7 2, 838 7 2, 690	14, 169 5, 092 2, 740 2, 600
Tire, battery, accessory dealersdo. Furniture and appliance groupdo. Furniture, homefarnishings storesdo Household-appliance, radio storesdo Jewery storesdo Lumber, building, hardware groupdo. Lumber, building, materials dealersdo Hardware storesdodo	174 756 445 311 100 924 700 224	172 834 495 339 123 961 728 233	153 823 481 342 126 812 593 219	203 1, 039 571 469 338 878 588 290	136 676 374 302 96 684 518 166	124 656 355 301 89 660 492 167	143 676 391 285 95 788 588 200	155 676 397 280 101 868 649 219	163 752 455 297 104 897 662 234	171 796 453 343 108 965 733 232	158 741 411 330 87 961 725 236	7 148 7 785 7 435 7 350 91 7 964 7 736 7 228	139 773 411 362 90 968 737 232
Nondurable-goods stores	8, 950 910 196 365 184 165 374 1, 114	9, 703 1, 023 240 411 221 151 401 1, 122	9, 493 1, 003 259 384 216 144 385 1, 044	11, 696 1, 533 427 560 353 194 513 1, 109	8, 604 740 187 286 156 111 392 1,008	7, 972 616 145 254 126 91 387 940	8, 986 893 184 368 190 150 381 1, 055	9, 027 866 184 362 173 149 383 1, 024	9, 264 888 188 375 170 155 397 1, 085	9, 097 873 198 342 172 161 396 1, 093	9, 007 708 149 277 151 131 392 1, 181	* 8, 987 * 699 * 133 * 276 161 129 * 390 * 1, 188	9, 067 831 146 325 198 163 382 1, 140

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through		19	52						1953				
1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber
		DO	MESTI	C TRA	DE—	Contin	ued						
RETAIL TRADE—Continued													
All retail stores—Continued Estimated sales (unadjusted)—Continued Nondurable-goods stores—Continued Food group	3, 242 2, 641 866 1, 523 857 117 225 324 250	3, 440 2, 787 902 1, 773 979 137 258 398 283	3, 427 2, 763 852 1, 769 978 139 257 395 289	3, 555 2, 843 872 2, 799 1, 521 187 521 561 411	3, 395 2, 756 776 1, 239 673 88 186 293 229	3, 095 2, 526 752 1, 171 624 94 193 260 230	3, 301 2, 667 810 1, 466 810 115 232 309 242	3, 395 2, 742 826 1, 479 829 98 245 306 249	3, 485 2, 858 888 1, 536 879 98 235 324 261	3. 377 2. 781 916 1, 542 855 104 241 343 247	3, 478 2, 897 971 1, 346 708 87 233 318 268	73, 425 72, 858 7960 71, 460 7774 100 7242 7344 7269	3, 366 2, 786 906 1, 546 836 110 242 357 267
Estimated sales (adjusted), totaldo Durable-goods storesdo	13, 570 4, 505	14, 202 4, 844 2, 644	14, 026 4, 769 2, 548	14, 410 4, 871	14, 140 5, 000	14, 514 5, 304	14, 437 5, 211	14, 280 5, 124	14, 424 5, 154	14, 412 5, 103	14, 469 5, 102	7 14, 073 7 4, 914	14,039 4,936
Automotive group. Motor-vehicle, other automotive dealersmil. of dol. Tire, bettery, accessory dealersdo Furniture and appliance groupdo Furniture, homefurnishings storesod Household-appliance, radio storesdo	2, 292 2, 124 168 727 416 311	2, 490 154 754 449 305	2, 388 160 790 468 322	2, 617 2, 453 164 776 451 325	2, 738 2, 572 167 773 443 330	2, 951 2, 775 176 811 451 360	2, 802 2, 628 174 768 442 326	2, 856 2, 695 161 744 424 320	2, 871 2, 712 159 778 448 330	2, 816 2, 663 153 786 441 344	2, 836 2, 604 142 768 426 342	7 2, 629 7 2, 490 7 139 7 771 7 416 7 355	2, 669 2, 536 133 754 400 353
Jewelry stores do Lumber, building, hardware group do Lumber, building-materials dealers do Hardware stores do	122 831 614 217	130 832 618 214	121 841 622 219	123 847 631 216	127 846 629 218	134 876 648 229	138 915 681 234	130 861 652 209	114 852 634 218	113 848 633 215	111 872 637 235	106 r 900 r 671 r 229	108 891 667 224
Nondurable-goods stores	9, 065 870 212 345 170 143 384 1, 048	9, 358 930 226 361 194 149 399 1, 063	9, 257 897 216 358 177 146 398 1, 051	9, 539 987 232 389 206 160 411 1, 091	9, 140 891 210 342 193 146 414 1, 087	9, 211 883 210 346 188 138 412 1, 075	9, 225 916 209 355 204 148 397 1, 101	9, 156 865 199 348 185 132 405 1, 082	9, 270 915 204 375 189 147 404 1, 086	9, 309 919 195 382 193 149 402 1, 086	9, 367 900 196 357 196 152 393 1, 115	79,159 7812 7168 7320 193 7131 391 71,100	9, 103 787 157 311 180 140 391 1, 080
Food group	3, 398 2, 768 847 1, 517 838 107 247 325 268	3, 419 2, 770 854 1, 638 903 115 260 360 279	3, 362 2, 735 875 1, 586 884 111 239 352 256	3, 372 2, 730 893 1, 690 918 123 262 387 275	3, 353 2, 714 850 1, 543 852 109 237 345 254	3, 393 2, 743 869 1, 560 855 116 250 339 264	3, 376 2, 741 845 1, 582 870 118 254 340 263	3, 407 2, 773 855 1, 526 835 107 254 329 271	3, 367 2, 759 854 1, 628 902 118 265 343 268	3, 394 2, 785 868 1, 634 898 116 264 357 275	3, 434 2, 860 874 1, 636 874 119 286 356 283	7 3, 413 7 2, 834 7 880 7 1, 595 7 868 109 7 264 7 353 7 279	3, 448 2, 845 875 1, 543 825 103 264 351 277
Estimated inventories: Unadjusted, total. do. Durable-goods stores. do. Nondurable-goods stores do.	20, 434 8, 739 11, 695	21, 564 9, 125 12, 439	22, 059 9, 366 12, 693	19, 544 8, 838 10, 706	19, 896 9, 292 10, 604	20, 738 9, 789 10, 949	21, 967 10, 473 11, 494	22, 403 11, 014 11, 389	21, 946 10, 800 11, 146	21, 295 10, 419 10, 876	21, 421 10, 476 10, 945	r 21, 759 r 10, 273 r 11, 486	22, 325 10, 392 11, 933
Adjusted, total	20, 281 8, 956 2, 875 1, 693 486 2, 233 1, 669	20, 652 9, 175 3, 093 1, 643 500 2, 229 1, 710	20, 895 9, 384 3, 212 1, 643 499 2, 281 1, 749	20, 804 9, 352 3, 272 1, 639 490 2, 208 1, 743	20, 814 9, 539 3, 307 1, 659 496 2, 299 1, 778	20, 973 9, 905 3, 457 1, 662 491 2, 449 1, 846	21, 096 10, 084 3, 500 1, 651 488 2, 565 1, 880	21, 656 10, 396 3, 676 1, 706 492 2, 584 1, 938	21, 543 10, 252 3, 592 1, 703 482 2, 564 1, 911	21, 572 10, 257 3, 657 1, 669 503 2, 516 1, 912	22, 088 10, 560 3, 929 1, 714 492 2, 493 1, 932	r 22, 115 r 10, 449 3, 888 r 1, 691 496 2, 426 r 1, 948	22, 262 10, 696 4, 094 1, 728 500 2, 380 1, 994
Nondurable-geods stores do. Apparel group do. Drug and proprietary stores do. Food group do. General-merchandise group do. Other nondurable-goods stores do.	2, 748 752 2, 099	11, 477 2, 817 799 2, 091 3, 383 2, 387	11, 511 2, 830 801 2, 089 3, 424 2, 367	11, 452 2, 790 717 2, 183 3, 373 2, 389	11, 275 2, 703 760 2, 119 3, 384 2, 309	11, 068 2, 559 745 2, 047 3, 471 2, 246	11, 012 2, 506 710 2, 053 3, 497 2, 246	11, 260 2, 576 732 2, 060 3, 622 2, 270	11, 291 2, 573 708 2, 092 3, 622 2, 296	11, 315 2, 650 751 2, 040 3, 560 2, 314	11, 528 2, 735 777 2, 021 3, 636 2, 359	711, 666 2, 846 809 2, 059 3, 583 72, 369	11, 566 2, 813 818 2, 091 3, 538 2, 306
Firms with 11 or more stores: Estimated sales (imadjusted), total	2, 476 175 15 69 60 58 54 26	2, 744 191 21 76 53 61 56 30	2, 666 182 21 74 49 60 50 31	3, 457 293 35 119 80 87 55 32	2, 285 132 15 51 38 60 50 20	2, 145 119 13 47 36 57 47 22	2, 485 188 19 74 56 60 54 28	2, 546 180 17 70 60 60 56 24	2,604 180 17 72 58 62 58 30	2, 576 178 177 68 62 62 59 26	2, 460 142 11 59 49 63 61 24	7 2, 501 7 138 10 7 59 7 46 7 62 7 59 7 27	2, 510 176 13 65 61 60 57 25
General-merchandise group	735 346 100 180 930 78	856 396 131 201 1,015 81	835 366 135 203 1,020 64	1, 335 539 205 414 1, 056 53	556 248 83 142 1,039 51	543 233 78 144 939 47	684 302 103 172 999 54	718 338 104 183 1,013 62	747 376 102 177 1,050 63	750 362 108 184 1,015 68	652 306 92 172 1,038 67	705 7325 107 182 71,035 68	720 329 107 182 1,003 69
Tire, battery, accessory stores	2, 545 169 16 66 55 61 54 24	53 2, 622 180 19 71 53 61 54 28	2, 555 175 18 72 50 62 52 29	75 2, 638 195 20 80 56 62 52 22	43 2, 506 167 16 68 49 63 51 27	2, 570 168 18 66 52 62 52 52 27	2, 591 171 18 64 55 61 53 31	2, 579 171 17 69 51 63 56 26	56 2, 586 177 18 70 57 64 57	2, 618 174 17 69 56 64 59 26	57 r 2, 635 184 18 73 61 64 60 26	7 2, 578 7 169 16 7 69 55 63 7 57	2, 556 165 15 63 55 63 57 24
General-merchandise group	729 328 102 199 1,009 62 50	783 351 120 204 1,009 62 52	735 323 119 189 1,013 64 53	817 345 145 210 1,003 64 52	727 345 98 181 995 63	756 359 101 187 1,000 69 61	769 357 114 189 1,004 69 57	745 343 112 190 1,018 64 58	795 377 108 200 992 60 54	778 356 112 201 1,030 61 54	7 782 359 104 7 208 7 1, 045 61 47	735 7328 7109 198 71,044 762 50	710 311 105 199 1,062 60 47

Inless otherwise stated, statistics through		19	52						1953				
1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem ber
		DO	MESTI	C TRA	DE—(Continu	ıed	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·	,		
RETAIL TRADE—Continued										İ			
Department stores: Accounts receivable, end of month: Charge accounts	118 190	128 201	138 211	183 231	147 226	126 224	123 222	122 220	124 220	123 219	114 214	113 218	15 25
Ratio of collections to accounts receivable: Charge accounts. Instalment accounts. Sales by type of payment:	47 18	50 18	48 17	48 17	47 17	44 15	49 17	46 15	46 15	47 15	46 15	45 15	4
Cash sales percent of total sales. Charge account sales do Instalment sales do	46 43 11	46 43 11	47 42 11	49 42 9	47 42 11	47 42 11	46 43 11	47 43 10	47 43 10	47 43 10	47 42 11	47 42 11	3
Sales, unadjusted, total U. S.; 1947-49 = 100 Atlanta. do Boston. do Chicago. do Cleveland. do Dallas. do Kansas City. do Minneapolis. do New York. do Philadelphia. do Richmond. do	113 7 125 7 110 110 110 7 127 115 108 102 110	120 132 111 116 119 134 120 124 113 120 132	134 145 127 129 139 145 132 120 127 143 142	196 221 193 186 194 215 196 175 181 194 214	85 97 83 83 87 101 86 74 80 82 83 83	88 102 80 85 89 101 91 80 81 85	103 124 95 101 107 117 103 92 93 106	104 117 101 104 103 117 106 97 95 103	115 131 106 114 115 127 115 107 101 118 128	108 114 103 110 111 118 111 98 99 105	89 102 76 89 89 104 91 84 75 83 96	98 114 79 7 98 104 116 104 97 75 92	p 11 p 15 p 16 p 16 p 16 p 16 p 16 p 16 p 16
St. Louis do San Francisco do Sales, adjusted, total U. 8.‡ do	116 115	126 118 115	134 136 111	189 208 115	83 91 111	89 94 112	104 102 115	105 105 110	118 117 117	110 112 115	86 101 113	100 109 r 112	p 10 p 11 p 10
Atlanta do Boston do Cleveland do Cleveland do Dallas do Kansas City do Minneapolis do New York do Philadelphia do St. Louis do San Francisco do Stocks, total U. S., end of month:	103 104 104 106 120 108 98 98 105 117 108	1129 111 112 115 128 114 108 107 112 1126 115 118	128 105 107 113 128 115 104 100 109 116 113 117	1129 107 114 117 128 118 110 103 111 123 115 117	1126 105 107 113 127 114 103 100 108 113 108 116	1124 106 110 115 125 115 105 100 112 117 113 116	1128 105 114 116 126 114 108 103 112 112 118 119	118 106 110 105 124 112 99 102 113 117 111	114 106 114 115 131 115 107 104 119 129 118	113 1128 103 112 118 134 118 106 102 110 119 122 121	1127 106 110 114 124 111 105 104 117 120 107	130 99 7 109 120 127 112 102 99 116 114 110	
Unadjusted	124 120	134 121	137 122	107 120	111 123	119 123	127 122	132 125	132 127	123 128	121 130	126 131	p 18
Total sales, 2 companiesthous, of dol Montgomery Ward & Cododosears, Roebuck & Cododo		418, 732 118, 142 300, 590	391, 569 108, 525 283, 045	546, 465 155, 594 390, 870	268, 261 62, 778 205, 483	258, 518 62, 171 196, 347	327, 550 87, 515 240, 036	345, 223 90, 564 254, 659	384, 048 95, 059 288, 989	380, 397 92, 804 287, 593	316, 298 78, 977 237, 320	339, 713 89, 164 250, 549	351, 98 91, 51 260, 43
ural sales of general merchandise: 1935-39=100 Total U. S., unadjusted 1935-39=100 East do South do Middle West do Total U. S., adjusted do East do South do Middle West do Far West do	316.8	378. 3 356. 9 445. 0 366. 8 410. 8 316. 3 310. 3 348. 2 312. 2 365. 5	432. 6 441. 5 478. 2 393. 7 500. 3 333. 8 310. 5 347. 0 299. 6 399. 0	554. 4 502. 9 585. 8 527. 9 662. 3 371. 8 330. 8 411. 7 351. 5 418. 4	253. 7 238. 6 281. 0 237. 2 286. 3 335. 1 314. 8 351. 2 316. 3 389. 0	277. 7 254. 3 308. 1 254. 7 301. 9 331. 8 306. 4 354. 1 318. 4 404. 1	322. 5 316. 3 349. 5 312. 1 352. 3 347. 9 326. 0 379. 9 327. 8 404. 9	293. 6 265. 8 313. 3 274. 9 340. 2 313. 3 285. 8 348. 9 287. 6 371. 8	308. 3 294. 1 320. 3 292. 9 339. 7 343. 7 327. 5 386. 4 330. 6 379. 1	316, 8 281, 7 334, 8 309, 9 369, 1 355, 2 313, 0 385, 3 338, 3	262. 6 228. 4 269. 1 250. 9 349. 5 353. 9 322. 6 385. 0 335. 9 428. 3	312. 7 278. 3 330. 8 291. 8 391. 4 339. 2 317. 3 368. 4 315. 1 400. 0	335. 295. 358. 315. 403. 308. 285. 323. 292. 356.
WHOLESALE TRADE ales, estimated (unadj.), total	9, 523 2, 983 6, 540 9, 925 4, 824 5, 101	10, 389 3, 254 7, 135 10, 177 4, 790 5, 387	9, 481 2, 797 6, 684 10, 202 4, 860 5, 342	9, 765 2, 853 6, 912 9, 965 4, 878 5, 087	8, 593 2, 457 6, 136 10, 111 5, 099 5, 012	8, 195 2, 619 5, 576 10, 255 5, 325 4, 930	8, 866 2, 910 5, 956 10, 434 5, 547 4, 887	8, 545 3, 009 5, 536 10, 376 5, 569 4, 807	8, 232 2, 823 5, 409 10, 354 5, 574 4, 780	8, 656 2, 975 5, 681 10, 323 5, 444 4, 879	8, 913 2, 902 6, 011 7 10, 260 5, 416 4, 845	7 8, 717 7 2, 844 7 5, 873 7 10, 300 7 5, 400 7 4, 900	9. 46 3, 0 6, 38 10, 5 5, 3 5, 19
		EMPI	LOYMI	ENT A	ND PO	PULA	TION						
POPULATION Copulation, continental United States: Total, incl. armed forces overseasthousands	157, 5 05	157, 768	158, 012	158, 233	158, 448	158, 657	158, 848	159, 068	159, 260	159, 473	159, 696	159, 959	160, 23
EMPLOYMENT Imployment status of civilian noninstitutional population: Estimated number 14 years of age and over, total thousands. Male do do Female do do	109, 906 52, 040 57, 866	110, 074 52, 144 57, 930	110, 198 52, 208 57, 990	110, 315 52, 265 58, 050	1 110, 648 1 52, 502 1 58, 146	110, 936 52, 698 58, 238	111, 210 52, 886 58, 324	111, 300 52, 932 58, 368	111, 398 52, 974 58, 424	111, 476 52, 996 58, 480	111, 542 53, 006 58, 536	111, 642 53, 052 58, 590	1 111, 7 1 53, 1 1 58, 6
Civilian labor force, total do Male do Gomer do	63, 698 43, 468 20, 230	63, 146 43, 196 19, 950	63, 646 43, 218 20, 428	62, 921 43, 240 19, 681	1 62, 416 1 43, 334 1 19, 082	62, 712 43, 692 19, 020	63, 134 43, 892 19, 242	62, 810 43, 898 18, 912	62, 964 43, 848 19, 116	64, 734 44, 862 19, 872	64, 668 45, 260 19, 408	64, 648 45, 056 19, 592	1 63, 5 1 43, 9 1 19, 6
Employed do. Male do. Female do.	62, 260 42, 604 19, 656	61, 862 42, 482 19, 380	62, 228 42, 404 19, 824	61, 509 42, 275 19, 234	1 60, 524 1 41, 974 1 18, 550	60, 924 42, 448 18, 476	61, 460 42, 784 18, 676	61, 228 42, 794 18, 434	61, 658 42, 950 18, 708	63, 172 43, 838 19, 334	63, 120 44, 236 18, 884	63, 408 44, 242 19, 166	1 62, 3 1 43, 1 1 19, 1
Agricultural employment do Nonagricultural employment do Unemployed do	7, 548 54, 712 1, 438	7, 274 54, 588 1, 284	6, 774 55, 454 1, 418	5, 697 55, 812 1, 412	1 5, 452 1 55, 072 1, 892	5, 366 55, 558 1, 788	5, 720 55, 740 1, 674	6, 070 55, 158 1, 582	6, 399 55, 268 1, 306	7, 926 55, 246 1, 562	7, 628 55, 492 1, 548	7, 274 56, 134 1, 240	1 7, 2 1 55, 0 1, 2

^{*}Revised. *Preliminary. 1 See note marked "3" for this page. *Revisions for August 1952: Total U. S., 113; Boston, 103; San Francisco, 117.

†Data for 1946-53 have been revised to reflect changes in seasonal factors and other minor changes. Unpublished revisions (prior to July 1952) will be shown later.

*Beginning in January 1953, materials from the 1950 Census have been used in estimating the labor force statistics. Accordingly, the figures prior to January 1953 are not entirely comparable with those for subsequent months. The new materials were introduced gradually over the 3-month period January-March 1953. As a result, estimates of employment were raised by approximately 400,000 and estimates of persons not in the labor force by about 200,000. The unemployment estimates were practically unaffected. In September 1953, a further revision in the estimating procedure was introduced, which again affected the level of employment, but not of unemployment. In comparing the estimates for any month prior to January 1953 with those for later months, the following rough adjustment factors could be added to the pre-1953 figure (or subtracted from the 1953 figure): Agricultural employment—January, 80,000; February; 160,000; March-August, 250,000; September-December, 450,000; nonagricultural employment—January, 50,000; February, 100,000; March-August, 150,000; September-December, minus 50,000; persons not in labor force—January, 70,000; February, 140,000; March-December, 200,000.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through		19	52						1953				
1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ar y	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber
	EMP	LOYMI	ENT A	ND PO	PULA'	TION-	–Conti	nued					
EMPLOYMENT—Continued													
Employees in nonagricultural establishments: Total, unadjusted (U. S. Dept. of Labor) Manufacturing do. Durable-goods industries do. Nondurable-goods industries do. Mining, total do. Metal do. Anthracite do. Bituminous coal do. Crude-petroleum and natural-gas production	48, 892 16, 680 9, 440 7, 240 886 100 63 339	49, 095 16, 778 9, 594 7, 184 871 99 63 330	49, 310 16, 874 9, 750 7, 124 871 101 62 331	50, 140 16, 952 9, 856 7, 096 870 102 62 331	48, 382 16, 884 9, 880 7, 004 866 102 61 331	48, 369 17, 013 9, 989 7, 024 856 101 60 325	48, 685 17, 135 10, 103 7, 032 846 100 57 318	48, 860 17, 077 10, 117 6, 960 835 100 51 310	49, 058 17, 040 10, 096 6, 944 831 100 56 300	7 49, 416 7 17, 162 7 10, 121 7 7, 041 7 835 101 54 299	7 49, 218 7 17, 055 7 9, 991 7 7, 064 7 824 100 48 290	7 49, 412 7 17, 253 7 10, 004 7 7, 249 7 830 100 50 290	ν 49, 608 ν 17, 189 ν 9, 935 ν 7, 254 ν 825 ν 100 ν 291
thousands Nonmetallic mining and quarrying do Contract construction do Transportation and public utilities do Interstate railroads do Local railways and bus lines do Telephone do Telegraph do Gas and electric utilities do	280 106 2,794 4,281 1,411 133 682 48 548	274 106 2,728 4,296 1,423 132 682 49 543	272 105 2, 648 4, 286 1, 413 132 684 49 539	273 102 2, 497 4, 293 1, 406 132 687 49 541	275 98 2, 303 4, 210 1, 368 126 685 49 541	272 98 2, 280 4, 210 1, 356 132 689 48 541	271 99 2, 301 4, 235 1, 361 131 694 48 543	272 102 2, 416 4, 244 1, 376 131 682 48 542	271 104 2, 509 4, 279 1, 387 131 697 49 544	7 276 7 105 7 2, 608 4, 315 7 1, 400 131 700 49 552	r 280 r 105 r 2, 663 r 4, 341 1, 409 131 710 48 559	284 r 106 r 2, 704 r 4, 334 1, 406 129 704 48 560	v 106 v 2, 670 v 4, 337
Wholesale and retail trade do Wholesale trade do Retail trade do General-merchandise stores do Food and liquor stores do Automotive and accessories dealers do Finance, insurance, and real estate do Service and miscellaneous do Hotels and lodging places do Laundries do Government do	1, 976 5, 364 494 344 174	10, 442 2, 752 7, 690 1, 505 1, 376 785 1, 973 5, 303 456 344 177 6, 704	10, 650 2, 780 7, 870 1, 626 1, 382 801 1, 973 5, 266 446 342 175 6, 742	11, 218 2, 787 8, 431 2, 013 1, 407 815 1, 978 5, 237 447 342 173 7, 095	10, 283 2, 747 7, 536 1, 407 1, 371 808 1, 969 5, 192 443 342 172 6, 675	10, 214 2, 743 7, 471 1, 355 1, 381 810 1, 977 5, 194 451 340 172 6, 625	10, 284 2, 730 7, 554 1, 396 1, 389 813 1, 993 5, 225 456 340 175 6, 666	10, 314 2, 713 7, 601 1, 397 1, 398 820 2, 014 5, 307 464 344 181 6, 653	10, 348 2, 712 7, 636 1, 406 1, 399 2, 025 5, 357 470 349 184 6, 669	7 10, 415 7 2, 729 7 7, 686 7 1, 402 7 1, 406 7 839 7 2, 046 7 5, 397 7 496 354 7 187 6, 638	7 10, 368 7 2, 740 7 7, 628 7 1, 353 7 1, 402 7 847 7 2, 072 7 5, 417 7 542 354 7 181 6, 478	7 10, 352 7 2, 739 7 7, 613 7 1, 354 7 1, 393 7 854 7 2, 074 7 5, 416 350 176 7 6, 449	P 10, 470 P 2, 736 P 7, 734 P 1, 408 P 1, 399 P 853 P 2, 054 P 5, 396
Total, adjusted (Federal Reserve) do Manufacturing do Mining do Contract construction do Transportation and public utilities do Wholesale and retail trade do Finance, insurance, and real estate do Service and miscellaneous do Government do	16, 412 880 2, 611 4, 259 10, 333	48, 664 16, 546 867 2, 574 4, 303 10, 390 1, 993 5, 303 6, 688	48, 857 16, 755 870 2, 571 4, 293 10, 366 1, 993 5, 292 6, 717	48, 957 16, 870 871 2, 548 4, 281 10, 397 1, 988 5, 290 6, 712	49, 014 16, 949 872 2, 531 4, 246 10, 437 1, 989 5, 298 6, 692	49, 113 17, 039 867 2, 562 4, 261 10, 445 1, 987 5, 300 6, 652	49, 148 17, 168 854 2, 529 4, 272 10, 390 1, 993 5, 305 6, 637	49, 154 17, 229 838 2, 517 4, 266 10, 402 2, 004 5, 307 6, 591	49, 297 17, 276 833 2, 484 4, 282 10, 466 2, 015 5, 304 6, 637	7 49, 486 7 17, 319 7 831 7 2, 508 4, 282 7 10, 521 7 2, 026 7 5, 317 6, 682	7 49, 516 7 17, 290 7 817 7 2, 512 7 4, 294 7 10, 538 7 2, 041 7 5, 337 6, 687	7 49, 313 7 17, 127 7 821 7 2, 504 7 4, 284 7 10, 507 7 2, 053 7 5, 336 7 6, 681	* 49, 136 * 16, 930 * 818 * 2, 495 * 4, 315 * 10, 509 * 2, 064 * 5, 315 * 6, 690
Production workers in manufacturing industries: Total (U. S. Dept. of Labor) thousands. Durable-goods industries do Ordnance and accessories do Lumber and wood products (except furniture)	13, 477 7, 634 132	13, 560 7, 774 132	13, 634 7, 916 134	13, 699 8, 010 137	13, 619 8, 020 139	13, 733 8, 115 142	13, 831 8, 211 147	13, 758 8, 215 150	13, 699 8, 179 156	r 13, 787 r 8, 190 r 158	7 13, 656 7 8, 038 161	r 13, 852 r 8, 050 r 159	p 13, 802 p 7, 993 p 161
Sawmills and planing millsdo Furniture and fixturesdo Stone, clay, and glass productsdo Glass and glassware, pressed or blown	751 448 316 455	728 440 322 459	730 433 329 461	704 420 330 458	676 406 329 451	677 404 332 453	688 408 333 459	701 416 329 462	713 422 322 461	7 731 7 432 317 465	717 7 424 7 316 7 455	7 724 432 7 318 7 463	r 707 r 316 r 467
Primary metal industries	87 1, 109 556 42	557 41	88 1, 126 557 41	561 41	87 1, 139 562 41	563 42	90 1, 145 564 42	91 1, 144 562 42	91 1, 138 562 43	1, 143 567 7 43	7 86 1, 133 569 7 44	7 1, 132 570 44	p 1, 111
thousands Heating apparatus (except electrical) and plumbers' supplies thousands. Machinery (except electrical) do Electrical machinery do Transportation equipment do Automobiles do Aircraft and parts do Ship and boat building and repairs do Railroad equipment do Instruments and related products do Miscellaneous mfg. industries do	862 121 1, 208 824 1, 355 674 474 138 58 230 393	888 124 1, 227 851 1, 411 701 501 137 59 234 408	903 125 1, 260 872 1, 450 735 510 137 56 237 415	922 125 1, 301 893 1, 484 750 524 140 58 240	931 122 1, 313 899 1, 509 769 531 139 58 241 393	942 124 1, 323 916 1, 543 798 538 137 59 241 404	952 124 1, 335 925 1, 574 821 542 137 63 244 410	952 125 1, 321 926 1, 576 831 533 139 62 244 411	952 123 1, 307 919 1, 556 816 532 135 61 244 413	r 956 r 123 r 1, 300 911 r 1, 548 r 803 r 535 r 136 63 245 r 415	7 937 120 7 1, 268 7 895 7 1, 510 7 773 7 538 134 54 242 7 403	122 1, 241 7 907 7 1, 499 757 543 130 58 7 240 7 419	p 950 p 1, 224 p 918 p 1, 473 p 245 p 422
Nondurable-goods industries	247 87 348 186 137 117	5, 786 1, 223 244 83 253 187 134 117 1, 135 503 236	5, 718 1, 142 254 80 172 187 132 109 1, 146 506 239	5, 689 1, 093 256 78 143 184 129 108 1, 146 508 236	5, 599 1, 045 249 76 132 179 124 101 1, 132 502 230	5, 618 1, 033 241 78 129 180 122 94 1, 134 502 232	5, 620 1, 025 238 80 123 180 125 87 1, 134 499 235	5, 543 1, 027 233 83 134 179 127 85 1, 119 494 233	5, 520 1, 051 233 87 146 181 132 85 1, 117 494 232	7 5, 597 7 1, 097 237 7 94 7 165 184 4 132 85 1, 122 497 232	7 5, 618 7 1, 183 240 94 7 244 184 7 140 85 1, 102 492 228	7 5, 802 7 1, 255 239 92 310 182 144 7 109 7 1, 110 488 233	
Apparel and other finished textile products. thousands. Men's and boys' suits and coats. do Men's and boys' furnishings and work clothing. thousands. Women's outerwear. do Paper and allied products. do Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills. do	1, 106 124 276 340 425 217	1, 103 123 279 330 432 219	1, 104 122 280 331 435 219	1, 114 121 280 347 441 224	1, 109 119 279 351 436 223	1, 137 124 284 360 437 223	1, 139 126 289 356 439 223	1,086 124 289 318 440 222	1, 061 125 288 298 440 222	7 1, 072 7 127 288 7 309 7 446 225	7 1, 047 7 118 274 313 443 225	289 338 451 227	ν 1, 079 ν 453
Printing, publishing, and allied industries thousands Newspapers do Commercial printing do Chemicals and allied products do Industrial organic chemicals do	497 146 158 512	504 146 160 518	505 147 161 518 188	505 147 162 518 189	498 144 161 516	497 144 159 519 189	499 146 159 526 190	498 146 158 526 191	499 148 158 517 192	7 502 148 159 7 513 195	7 499 147 158 511 196	500 147 158 r 513	p 510

Revised. Preliminary.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the		19	52						1953	,			
1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber
	EMP	LOYMI	ENT A	ND P)PULA	TION-	–Conti	nued		-			/ EPPERAL A
EMPLOYMENT—Continued													1
Production workers in mfg, industries—Con. Total (U. S. Dept. of Labor)—Continued Nondurable-goods industries—Continued Products of petroleum and coal thousands. Petroleum refining. do Rubber products. do Tires and inner tubes. do Leather and leather products. do Footwear (except rubber). do	190 145 208 90 7 352 229	189 144 213 90 352 225	188 144 217 91 355 226	187 144 219 92 359 232	186 144 219 92 359 236	186 144 219 91 364 238	186 144 221 92 363 238	188 144 221 92 355 232	188 143 220 93 344 226	190 145 220 92 7 351 7 231	191 146 214 91 7 344 7 224	190 146 216 90 7 351 229	p 189 p 216 p 342
Manufacturing production-worker employment index, unadjusted (U. S. Dept. of Labor)		100.0	110.0	110.0		111.0			-40.0				
Manufacturing production-worker employment index, adjusted (Federal Reserve)1947-49=100	109. 0 106. 8	109. 6 107. 8	110. 2 109. 2	110. 8 110. 0	110, 1 110, 6	111. 0 111. 2	111. 8 112. 0	111. 2 112. 4	110. 8 112. 6	r 111.5	* 110. 4 112. 4	111.1	p 111. 6
Miscellaneous employment data: Federal and State highways, total \$number. Construction (Federal and State)do. Maintenance (State)do.	334, 323 149, 271 126, 444	315, 261 138, 599 121, 337	284, 896 109, 889 119, 630	250, 904 77, 795 117, 558	239, 117 66, 668 116, 321	233, 697 65, 912 112, 723	240, 604 71, 537 112, 856	259, 370 91, 151 112, 583	280, 496 110, 780 114, 107	312, 091 131, 103 120, 212	7 326, 974 140, 319 124, 974	* 325, 386 * 138, 343 * 123, 676	
Federal civilian employees: United States	2, 390 247	2, 386 247	2.383 246	2, 378 245	2, 370 245	7 2, 348 244	7 2, 331 241	7 2, 313 238	r 2. 291 r 234	7 2. 291 234	2, 268 230	2, 245 227	° 2, 218
Total thousands Indexes:	1, 272 121. 3	1, 285 122. 5	1, 274 121. 4	1, 260 119, 8	1, 229 117. 1	1, 219 116. 1	1, 223 116, 5	1, 239 118. 1	1, 251 119. 3	1, 263 120, 4	1, 274 r 121, 5	r 1, 271	₽ 1. 259 ₽ 120. 0
Unadjusted	118.4	118. 5	120.3	121.7	121.8	119. 0	119. 4	120.0	119.8	118.8	118.9	⊅ 118. 5	
Manufacturing production-worker payroll index, unadjusted (U. S. Dept. of Labor)_1947-49=100. LABOR CONDITIONS	143. 3	145. 7	146. 3	150. 9	148.4	149.3	151.9	150. 0	149.9	± 170, 8	r 149. I	r 151.7	p 148. 6
Average weekly hours per worker (U. S. Dept. of													
Labor): All manufacturing industries hours Durable-goods industries do Ordnance and accessories do Lumber and wood products (except furni-	41. 9 42. 7	41. 4 42. 2 42. 3	41. 1 41. 9 41. 0	41. 7 42. 5 41. 7	41. 0 41. 8 41. 0	40. 9 41. 7 41. 6	41. 1 41. 9 41. 2	40. 8 41. 6 40. 7	40. 7 41. 5 41. 4	40. 7 41. 4 7 41. 3	40. 4 40. 9 7 41. 4	40. 5 41. 1 r 40. 9	p 39. 6 p 40. 4 p 40. 4
ture) hours Sawmills and planing millsdo. Furniture and fixturesdo Stone, clay, and glass productsdo. Glass and glassware, pressed or blown do. Primary metal industriesdo. Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling	41. 5 41. 3 42. 1 41. 4 39. 7 41. 1	41. 9 41. 7 42. 5 42. 1 40. 7 41. 3	41. 2 41. 1 42. 1 41. 3 39. 9 41. 4	41. 4 41. 0 42. 8 41. 5 40. 7 41. 8	40. 7 40. 3 41. 4 40. 6 39. 6 41. 7	41. 0 40. 6 41. 5 41. 0 39. 9 41. 4	40. 9 40. 4 41. 6 41. 3 40. 6 41. 7	41. 0 40. 7 41. 3 41. 1 39. 7 41. 2	40.8 40.5 40.9 41.2 39.8 41.3	41, 4 r 41, 2 41, 0 41, 1 r 40, 0 r 41, 4	41. 0 40. 8 7 40. 1 40. 9 7 38. 9 41. 2	7 41. 3 41. 6 7 41. 0 7 41. 1 39. 9 41. 2	ν 40. 3 ν 40. 6
millshours Primary smelting and refining of nonferrous	40.9	40.6	41.1	41.0	41.4	40.9	40.9	40.3	41. 1	r 40. 9	r 41. 1	41. 4	
metals hours Fabricated metal prod. (except ordnance, ma chinery, transportation equipment), hours Heating, proporting (or equipment)	41.7	41.4 42.5	41. 6 42. 4	41.8	41. 9 42. 4	41.7 42.2	41.7	41.6	41. 6 42. 1	7 41. 5 42. 0	41.5 + 41.3	40. 9 41. 4	
Heating apparatus (except electrical) and plumbers' supplies. hours Machinery (except electrical) do. Electrical machinery. do Transportation equipment do. Automobiles. do. Aircraft and parts. do. Slip and boat building and repairs. do. Raifroad equipment. do. Instruments and related products. do. Miscellaneous mfg. industries do.	41. 6 42. 2 41. 8 43. 6 40. 4 39. 8	42. 2 42. 7 41. 7 42. 6 43. 1 43. 0 39. 4 40. 0 42. 4 42. 1	41. 2 42. 6 41. 6 41. 9 43. 1 37. 8 40. 0 42. 5 42. 0	42. 1 43. 5 42. 1 42. 7 42. 4 43. 9 40. 2 41. 6 42. 8 42. 3	40. 5 43. 0 41. 7 41. 9 41. 4 43. 3 39. 6 40. 7 41. 8 41. 4	41. 0 42. 8 41. 2 41. 8 41. 7 43. 0 38. 3 40. 6 41. 7 41. 1	41. 0 43. 1 41. 5 41. 7 41. 8 42. 3 39. 2 40. 5 41. 9 41. 5	40. 7 42. 8 41. 3 41. 6 41. 9 42. 0 39. 7 40. 2 41. 2 41. 3	40. 5 42. 5 40. 8 41. 3 41. 5 41. 7 39. 7 39. 5 41. 6 40. 9	7 40.1 7 42.2 7 40.8 7 41.2 7 41.5 41.2 39.5 7 40.0 41.5 40.9	40. 0 r 41. 8 r 40. 2 40. 6 40. 4 41. 5 39. 1 40. 7 40. 0	39. 8 41. 8 7 40. 9 7 40. 5 39. 8 41. 8 39. 4 39. 3 41. 1 7 40. 5	v 41. 6 v 40. 3 v 39. 4
Nondurable-goods industries	41. 5 44. 4 42. 5 41. 8 41. 4 40. 3	40. 3 41. 8 41. 9 43. 4 40. 7 41. 6 40. 8 40. 8 40. 5 40. 6 39. 9	40. 1 41. 7 43. 4 43. 5 36. 2 41. 5 41. 2 38. 5 40. 4 40. 5 39. 8	40. 5 42. 1 44. 4 43. 6 37. 7 41. 3 40. 9 39. 2 40. 8 41. 0 39. 1	39. 8 41. 1 41. 7 43. 8 38. 2 40. 9 40. 3 38. 5 40. 1 40. 4 38. 0	39. 8 40. 7 40. 0 43. 9 38. 0 41. 2 40. 4 36. 9 40. 1 40. 2 38. 5	40. 0 40. 8 40. 3 43. 4 37. 6 41. 6 40. 2 37. 8 40. 0 40. 0 38. 7	39. 5 40. 4 39. 9 43. 2 36. 6 41. 2 40. 6 37. 2 39. 3 39. 7 37. 3	39. 5 41. 1 40. 6 44. 0 37. 6 41. 3 41. 6 37. 0 39. 4 40. 1 37. 2	7 39. 7 7 41. 7 7 41. 5 44. 7 7 38. 1 7 41. 9 7 42. 6 37. 0 7 39. 5 7 39. 9 7 37. 5	39. 6 r 41. 7 r 40. 8 44. 6 r 40. 0 41. 6 43. 2 37. 5 39. 1 39. 5 r 37. 4	40. 6 41. 4 42. 4 7 39. 1 38. 9 39. 2	» 41. 2
Apparel and other finished textile products hours. Men's and boys' suits and coatsdo	37. 2 36. 7	37. 2 36. 1	37. 2 35. 8	37. 3 36. 8	36. 7 36. 4	37. 3 37. 7	37. 7 38. 9	37. 0 37. 6	36. 5 37. 7	36. 4 r 36. 9	36, 1 r 36, 6		
Men's and boys' furnishings and work clothing hours Women's outerwear do Paper and allied products do Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills do Printing, publishing, and allied industries	38.2	39. 0 34. 7 43. 8 44. 2	38. 8 35. 2 43. 8 44. 4	38. 4 36. 2 44. 0 44. 5	37. 3 35. 9 43. 1 44. 0	37. 9 36. 4 43. 0 43. 9	38. 4 36. 3 43. 3	37. 8 36. 0 43. 0 44. 1	37. 3 35. 2 43. 0 44. 0	37. 4 r 34. 7 r 43. 1 r 44. 2	36. 8 7 34. 8 43. 1 44. 2	37. 3 35. 2 r 43. 2	p 42. 4
Newspapers do. Commercial printing do. Chemicals and allied products do. Industrial organic chemicals do. Products of petroleum and coal do. Rubber products do. Tires and inner tubes do. Leather and leather products do. Footwear (except rubber) do. Revised. Preliminary.	39. 3 36. 5 40. 5 41. 3 40. 7 41. 2 40. 5 41. 1 40. 7 38. 5	39. 0 36. 4 40. 4 41. 5 41. 0 40. 9 40. 2 41. 5 40. 7 38. 2 37. 2	39. 0 36. 3 40. 2 41. 7 41. 3 40. 9 40. 7 41. 1 40. 2 37. 6 36. 3	39. 5 37. 1 40. 8 41. 7 41. 2 40. 6 40. 5 41. 9 41. 1 39. 6 39. 3	38. 7 35. 4 40. 4 41. 2 40. 7 40. 6 40. 5 41. 1 40. 2 39. 3 39. 3	38. 6 35. 7 39. 9 41. 3 40. 3 40. 1 41. 3 40. 8 39. 4 39. 4		38. 9 36. 4 40. 2 41. 5 40. 9 40. 5 40. 3 41. 1 40. 7 37. 8 37. 2	39. 0 36. 7 40. 1 41. 5 41. 1 40. 6 40. 3 40. 4 37. 4 36. 7	38.8 • 36.5 • 40.0 • 41.4 • 40.8 • 40.7 • 40.0 • 38.2 • 37.8	7 38.6 36.0 40.1 41.1 7 40.8 7 41.4 41.2 7 40.7 7 40.6 38.1 37.9	39.6	p 41. 4

[§]Total includes State engineering, supervisory, and administrative employees not shown separately.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952		52			1953								
1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber
	EMP	LOYMI	ENT A	ND PO	PULA	TION-	–Conti	nued					
LABOR CONDITIONS—Continued													
A verage weekly hours per worker, etc.—Continued Nonmanufacturing industries: Mining:											,		
Metal. hours Anthracite do Bituminous coal do Crude-petroleum and natural-gas production: Petroleum and natural-gas production	44. 9 34. 1 38. 9	32. 1 32. 3	43. 5 35. 8 35. 5	43. 5 34. 5 36. 4	43. 0 28. 3 35. 4	42. 9 34. 7 32. 7	43. 1 26. 6 33. 1	43. 2 25. 3 32. 1	43. 8 31. 0 34. 4	r 43. 7 r 36. 8 r 36. 5	7 42. 9 7 33. 0 7 34. 3	44. 2 24. 7 37. 8	
hours Nonmetallic mining and quarrying do Contract construction do Nonbuilding construction do Building construction do	41. 3 46. 4 39. 8 43. 6 38. 8	40. 6 46. 4 39. 6 43. 1 38. 7	41. 5 44. 6 37. 5 39. 0 37. 1	40, 8 44, 0 38, 5 40, 1 38, 2	41. 2 42. 8 37. 2 38. 5 36. 9	40. 5 43. 2 37. 4 38. 9 37. 1	40. 7 44. 1 37. 1 38. 3 36. 8	40. 8 44. 8 37. 3 39. 0 36. 9	41. 2 45. 2 37. 9 40. 0 37. 3	7 40. 1 7 45. 7 7 38. 6 7 41. 9 7 37. 7	41. 3 45. 4 38. 1 41. 6 37. 2	38.6	
Transportation and public utilities: Local railways and bus lines do Telephone do Telegraph do Gas and electric utilities do Wholesale and retail trade:	39. 0 42. 6	45. 9 38. 9 42. 3 41. 6	45. 5 38. 9 41. 9 41. 9	46. 0 38. 8 42. 1 41. 6	44. 5 38. 6 41. 6 41. 7	44. 8 38. 3 41. 5 41. 2	44. 9 38. 2 41. 6 41. 2	45. 3 38. 3 41. 6 41. 1	45. 7 38. 7 42. 4 41. 2	7 45. 6 7 39. 0 42. 0 7 41. 5	7 44.7 39.0 42.0 7 41.8	44. 5 38. 6 42. 0 41. 5	
Wholesale tradedo Retail trade (except eating and drinking	40.7	40. 7	40. 7	40.9	40. 4	40. 5	40.4	40.3	40. 3	r 40. 4	r 40. 7	40.7	İ
places)hoursGeneral-merchandise storesdoFood and liquor storesdoAutomotive and accessories dealersdoService and miscellaneous:	39.8	39. 4 34. 8 39. 3 45. 4	39. 0 34. 4 39. 3 45. 1	39. 8 37. 0 39. 4 45. 4	39. 3 35. 0 39. 2 45. 3	39, 2 34, 7 39, 1 45, 0	39. 2 34. 7 38. 9 45. 0	39. 1 34. 8 38. 8 44. 9	39. 0 34. 7 38. 7 45. 0	39. 4 35. 4 7 39. 3 44. 9	40. 0 36. 2 39. 9 45. 0	40. 0 36. 0 39. 8 44. 9	
Hotels, year-round do. Laundries do. Cleaning and dyeing plants do.	42. 4 41. 0 41. 5	42. 4 40. 9 41. 9	42. 3 40. 5 40. 5	42.9 41.2 41.0	42. 4 41. 0 40. 2	42. 3 40. 5 39. 4	42. 1 40. 6 40. 2	42. 5 40. 8 40. 5	42. 1 41. 5 41. 9	42.0 r 40.9 r 41.3	42. 3 40. 2 39. 4	42. 9 39. 9 39. 0	
Industrial disputes (strikes and lock-outs): Beginning in month: Work stoppagesnumber Workers involvedthousands	522 250	459 450	269 99	179 34	350 200	350 120	450 180	500 275	525 270	500 250	475 260	450 230	375 110
In effect during month: Work stoppagesnumber Workers involvedthousands Man-days idle during monthdo Percent of available working time	700 378 3,390 .39	650 584 5,000 .53	475 215 1, 560 . 20	350 82 854 . 09	500 250 1, 250 . 15	550 200 1,000 .12	650 230 1,100 .12	700 350 2, 500 . 27	750 370 3, 000 . 34	725 400 3, 750 . 40	700 410 3,000 .30	675 400 2, 800 . 31	600 210 1, 550 . 17
U. S. Employment Service placement activities: Nonagricultural placementsthousands Unemployment compensation, State laws (Bureau	658	641	507	467	474	455	521	553	577	612	574	572	605
of Employment Security): Initial claimsthousands Continued claims fileddo Benefit payments:	568 2, 985	679 2, 746	690 2, 576	1, 126 3, 844	1, 074 4, 602	761 4, 223	831 4, 288	888 4, 081	802 3, 567	825 3, 587	1, 036 3, 648	807 3, 280	822 3, 224
Beneficiaries, weekly averagedo Amount of paymentsthous, of dol	631 62, 094	530 54, 227	536 47, 730	672 69, 068	953 94, 360	956 86, 827	930 92, 308	840 82,990	772 72, 144	734 72, 033	675 69, 175	679 64, 579	651 65, 300
Veterans' unemployment allowances: 5 ⁿ Initial claims thousands Continued claims filed do Amount of payments thous. of dol	(1)	(1)	² 17 ² 49 ² 988	26 93 2, 101	31 134 3, 274	24 152 3,671	23 168 4, 407	20 151 3,892	19 125 3, 144	24 127 3, 095	27 135 3, 322	24 130 3, 234	21 118 3, 042
$ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$.4 .7 3.5	5. 2 4. 2 . 4 . 7 2. 8	4.0 3.5 .4 .7 2.1	3. 3 3. 4 .3 1. 0 1. 7	4.4 3.8 .3 .9 2.1	4. 2 3. 6 . 4 . 8 2. 2	4.4 4.1 .8 2.5	4.3 4.3 .4 .9 2.7	4. 1 4. 4 . 4 1. 0 2. 7	5. 1 4. 2 . 4 . 9 2. 6 . 3	4.1 4.3 .4 1.1 2.5	7 4.3 7 4.8 . 4 1.3 2.9	p 4.0 p 5.3 p. 4 p 1.5 p 3.1 p. 3
WAGES													
Average weekly earnings (U. S. Department of Labor):													
All manufacturing industries	69. 63 75. 42 79. 85	70. 38 76. 38 78. 26	70. 28 76. 26 75. 03	72. 14 77. 78 76. 73	71. 34 76. 91 75. 85	71. 17 77. 15 77. 38	71. 93 77. 52 77. 46	71. 40 77. 38 76. 52	71. 63 77. 19 78. 25	71. 63 77. 42 78. 88	71, 51 76, 89 78, 66	71, 69 77, 27 r 78, 94	p 70. 49 p 76. 36 p 79. 59
dcllars Sawmills and planing millsdo Furniture and fixturesdo Stone, clay, and glass productsdo Glass and glassware, pressed or blown	67, 23 66, 91 62, 31 67, 48	66, 62 66, 72 63, 33 69, 47	65, 92 65, 76 63, 15 68, 97	65. 00 64. 37 64. 63 69. 31	63, 09 62, 47 62, 51 68, 21	63, 96 63, 34 62, 67 69, 29	64. 21 63. 43 63. 65 70. 21	65. 19 64. 71 63. 19 70. 28	66. 10 65. 61 62. 58 70. 86	r 67. 48 r 67. 16 62. 73 70, 69	67, 24 r 66, 50 r 61, 35 70, 76	r 68. 15 69. 47 r 62. 73 r 71. 51	P 66. 66 P 61. 66 P 71. 46
dollars. Primary metal industriesdo. Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills	63, 12 81, 79	64. 71 81. 77	64. 64 82. 80	65, 53 84, 02	64.15 84.65	66. 23 83. 21	67. 80 84. 23	67. 89 83. 22	68. 46 83. 84	r 68. 40 r 84. 87	7 66, 91 7 85, 70	68. 23 r 85. 70	₽ 85. 03
dollars Primary smelting and refining of nonferrous	87. 12	84. 45	86. 31	86. 51	89. 01	85, 89	85. 89	84. 63	86. 72	7 87. 53	7 90, 42	90. 67	
metals dollars Fabricated metal prod. (except ordnance, machinery, and trans. equip.) dollars	77. 56 74, 52	77. 00 75. 65	77. 79 75. 90	78. 58 78. 37	79. 61 76. 74	79. 65 76. 80	79. 27 77. 59	79. 46 77. 23	79. 46 77. 04	7 80. 10	* 80, 51 * 76, 41	80. 16 76. 59	p 75. 52
Heating apparatus (except electrical) and plumbers' supplies dollars. Machinery (except electrical) do Electrical machinery do	73. 39 79. 85	75. 12 80. 70 70. 89	73. 34 80. 94 70. 72	75. 78 83. 52 71. 57	72, 90 82, 99 71, 72	74, 21 83, 03 71, 28	74. 21 84. 05 72. 21	74. 48 83. 46 71. 86	73. 31 82. 88 70. 99	772.98 782.29 771.40	72. 80 r 81. 51 r 70. 75	72. 44 81. 93 7 72. 39	P 82. 37 P 71. 33
Transportation equipment do. Automobiles do. Aircraft and parts do. Ship and boat building and repairs do. Railroad equipment do. Instruments and related products do. Miscellaneous mfg. industries do. TRevised.	88. 20 84. 15 77. 16 76. 02 73. 43 62. 82	86. 48 92. 23 83. 42 75. 65 76. 80 74. 20 63. 99	85. 48 89. 25 84. 48 72. 95 76. 80 74. 38 64. 26	87. 11 90. 31 86. 04 77. 99 81. 12 75. 76 65. 57	85, 06 86, 94 85, 73 76, 03 79, 37 73, 57 64, 17	85. 69 87. 99 85. 14 76. 60 79. 98 73. 39 64. 12	85, 49 88, 20 84, 18 78, 79 81, 41 73, 74 64, 74	85. 70 88. 83 83. 16 80. 19 81. 61 72. 10 64. 43	84. 67 87. 15 82. 57 80. 19 79. 79 73. 22 64. 21	7 85. 70 7 89. 23 7 81. 99 79. 40 7 81. 20 7 73. 87 7 63. 80	* 84, 45 86, 86 * 82, 59 80, 77 * 78, 20 72, 04 62, 80	r 83, 43 84, 77 83, 18 80, 77 79, 78 r 73, 57 r 63, 59	ν 81. 56 ν 73. 89 ν 62. 25

"Revised. P Preliminary. Less than 500 claims. See note marked "c"."

Tigures beginning November 1962 include unemployment compensation benefits under the Veterans' Readjustment Assistance Act of 1952 (data compiled by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Employment Security) in addition to the allowances under the Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944 (data compiled by the Veterans Administration). The BEB data cover veterans with military service since June 1950 and include those filing for payments to supplement benefits under state programs but evolude veterans filing for payments to supplement benefits under the railroad unemployment insurance program; the number involved under the latter program is relatively small.

dess otherwise stated, statistics through		19	952	,					1953				ı
1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August	Sent bo
	EMP	LOYM	ENT A	ND PO	PULA	TION-	–Conti	nued					-
WAGES—Continued												1	
erage weekly earnings, etc.—Continued All manufacturing industries—Continued Nondurable-goods industriesdollars	62, 06	62, 06	62, 56	63, 59	62, 88	62.88	63, 60	62, 81	63, 20	r 63, 52	63, 76	63.76	p 63
Food and kindred products do Meat products do do do do do do do do do do do do do	63, 03 70, 55	63, 54 71, 65	64. 64 75. 08	65, 68 77, 26	65, 35 74, 23	64. 71 70. 00	65. 28 71. 33	64. 64 70. 62	66. 17 71. 86	7 67. 14 7 74. 29	7 66, 72 7 73, 03	7 66, 14 73, 08	₽ 6
Dairy productsdo Canning and preservingdo	65, 71 54, 40	64, 23 54, 13	65, 25 48, 51	65, 84 51, 65	67, 45 52, 72	67. 61 53. 20	65, 97 53, 02	66, 10 51, 61	67.32 52.26	68.39 r 51.44	7 69, 58 7 54, 00	68, 20 55, 22	
Bakery productsdo Beveragesdo	62, 70 71, 62	62, 40 70, 18	62. 67 72. 51	62.78 71.98	62, 58 70, 93	63. 04 71. 51	63, 65 71, 96	63. 45 73. 49	64, 02 76, 54	r 65, 36 r 79, 66	65.73 - 81,22	65, 83 80, 14	
Tobacco manufactures do Textile-mill products do	45, 54 54, 67	46.06 55.08	45, 05 55, 35	46, 26 55, 90	46, 59 54, 94	45, 39 54, 94	47, 63 54, 80	47. 62 53. 84	46. 99 53. 98	7 46, 99 7 53, 72	48, 00 53, 18	7 47, 70 7 52, 90	
Broad-woven fabric mills do Knitting mills do do	54, 14 50, 30	54, 81 51, 07	54. 68 50. 94	55, 35 50, 05	54, 54 49, 02	54, 27 50, 05	53, 60 50, 31	53, 20 48, 49	53. 73 48. 36	7 53, 47 7 48, 38	52, 93 r 47, 87	52.14 48.63	
Apparel and other finished textile products dollars. Men's and boys' suits and coatsdo	49. 10 55. 42	48, 73 54, 51	48. 36 53. 70	48. 86 54. 83	48, 81 54, 96	49, 98 57, 30	49, 76 59, 13	47. 73 56. 78	47, 09 56, 93	r 48, 05 r 58, 67	48, 37 7 57, 46	49, 78 59, 89	p
Men's and boys' furnishings and work	41.64	42. 51	42. 29	41. 47	40, 66	41.31	41, 86	41. 58	41.03	r 41. 51	40.85	41, 78	ĺ
Women's outerwear do Paper and allied products do	54. 32 70. 91	51, 70 71, 83	51. 74 72. 27	54, 30 72, 60	54, 93 71, 55	55, 69 71, 81	54, 45 72, 31	51. 84 71. 81	50. 34 72. 24	7 50.66 7 72.41	7 52.90 73.27	54. 91 73. 44	p
Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills do Printing, publishing, and allied industries	75, 68	76. 47	77. 26 83, 07	77. 43	77, 00 83, 21	77. 26 83. 76	77. 44 85. 24	77. 62 85. 19	77. 44 85. 80	7 78, 68 85, 36	79.56 r 84.92	79.74	
Newspapers dollars	83. 71 89. 06 81. 41	83, 07 88, 82 81, 61	88. 57 81. 20	84, 93 91, 64 83, 64	86, 38 82, 42	87. 82 82. 19	89. 28 83. 84	91. 36 84. 02	92.85 83.81	7 92. 35 84, 00	90.00	85, 36 90, 36 83, 81	
Commercial printing do. Chemicals and allied products do. Industrial organic chemicals	71. 04 76. 92	71. 38 77. 08	72. 56 78. 06	72. 98 78. 28	72, 51 77, 33	73. 10 77. 38	73. 87 79. 15	74. 29 79. 76	75. 12 79. 73	7 75, 35 80, 36	75.62 781.19	75. 26 80. 39	F
Industrial organic chemicals do. Products of petroleum and coal do. Petroleum refining do	88. 99 91. 94	87. 94 90. 85	87. 94 91. 98	88. 10 92, 34	88. 10 91. 94	87. 45 91. 03	87. 89 91, 71	88. 29 91. 88	89. 60 92. 57	7 88. 94 91, 94	7 91, 91 95, 58	7 91, 43 94, 13	1
Tires and inner tubes do	75, 21 86, 28	75, 53 85, 88	76. 86 87. 23	79, 19 90, 42	78, 09 89, 24	79.30 91.80	80, 29 93, 83	79.32 91.58	78. 18 91. 30	7 78. 55 7 89, 20	r 79, 37 r 91, 35	76,03 87,36	
Leather and leather products do Footwear (except rubber) do Sonmanufacturing industries:	51. 21 48. 77	51. 19 47. 99	50. 76 47. 19	53, 46 51, 09	53, 06 51, 48	53. 19 51. 61	53, 84 52, 00	51. 79 49. 10	51. 61 48. 81	r 52.33 r 49.90	52, 20 50, 03	7 51, 92 49, 24	
Mining.	05.76	04.61	85, 26	84, 83	84, 71	84, 08	84, 48	84. 67	86. 29	r 86, 96	r 00 27	01.05	
Metal do Anthracite do Bituminous coal do	85. 76 76. 73 87. 91	84. 61 71. 58 75. 58	80, 91 86, 27	85, 56 91, 73	70, 75 87, 79	86. 75 81. 42	65, 70 81, 76	61. 99 79. 61	77. 19 84. 97	7 91, 63 7 91, 25	* 88, 37 * 81, 51 * 84, 72	91, 05 60, 52	
Crude-petroleum and natural-gas production: Petroleum and natural-gas production	87.91	10.08	80. 21	91.73	01.19	01.42	81.70	75.01	04. 91	91, 25	84.72	94.12	
dollars Nonmetallic mining and quarryingdo	89. 21 75. 17	86. 48 75. 63	90. 47 73, 14	87. 72 71. 28	89. 40 70. 19	88. 29 70. 85	88. 73 72. 77	88. 13 74. 37	88. 99 75. 94	7 87. 02 7 76. 78	7 92, 93 77, 63	94.02 78.60	
Contract constructiondodo	91. 94 94. 18	92. 66 94. 39	88. 13 85. 02	90, 86 87, 02	88, 16 83, 93	89. 01 85. 19	88. 67 84. 26	89. 15 85. 02	90, 58 87, 20	7 92. 25 7 91. 34	7 91, 82 7 91, 94	93, 41 95, 42	
Building constructiondo	91.18	92. 11	88. 67	91.68	88. 93	89. 78	89.79	90.04	91. 01	⁷ 91, 99	91, 51	92.63	
Local railways and bus lines do Telephone do Go	77. 74 62. 79	77. 57 63. 80	77. 81 64. 57	78. 66 63. 63	76, 01 63, 69	76, 61 63, 58	76. 78 63. 03	77. 92 63. 20	79, 06 64, 63	78.89 65.13	7 78, 23 64, 35	78. 32 64. 08	
Gas and electric utilitiesdo	74. 55 76. 13	74. 87 76. 96	73. 74 78. 77	74. 10 78. 21	73. 63 78. 40	73. 46 77. 46	73, 63 77, 87	73. 63 78. 50	75. 90 79. 52	75.60 r 80, 22	74, 76 7 81, 09	74, 76 80, 93	
Wholesale and retail trade: Wholesale tradedoRetail trade (except eating and drinking	68.38	69. 19	69. 19	69. 53	69.08	69.66	69.89	70. 12	70. 93	7 71. 10	r 72.04	72.04	
places)dollars _ General-merchandise storesdo	53. 20 38. 12	53. 19 37. 93	52. 65 37. 15	52, 54 38, 48	53. 45 38. 85	53. 70 38. 17	53. 70 37. 82	53, 96 37, 93	54. 21 38. 52	55, 16 39, 65	56, 40 40, 54	56. 40 39. 96	
Food and liquor storesdo Automotive and accessories dealersdo	56. 52 70. 51	56, 59 71, 73	56, 99 71, 26	57. 13 71. 28	57, 62 71, 12	57. 48 71. 55	57, 57 72, 90	57. 81 74. 09	57. 66 74. 70	r 58, 95 74, 98	60, 25 r 75, 15	60. 10 74. 98	
Finance, insurance, and real estate: Banks and trust companiesdo	52. 41	53. 07	53. 42	53. 56	54. 29	54. 61	54, 40	54. 47	54. 65	r 54, 28	, 55, 04	54.82	
Service and miscellaneous: Hotels, year-rounddodo	36.89	37.31	37. 22	37. 75	37. 31	37. 65	37. 47	37. 83	37.89	38, 22	38, 49	38.61	
Hotels, year-round do Laundries do Cleaning and dyeing plants do	38. 95 46. 07	38. 86 46. 51	38. 88 44. 96	39, 55 45, 92	39. 36 45. 02	38. 88 43. 73	39. 38 45. 02	39, 58 45, 36	40. 67 48. 19	7 40, 08 7 47, 08	39, 40 7 44, 92	39, 10 44, 46	
rerage hourly earnings (U. S. Department of Labor): All manufacturing industriesdollars.	1. 69	1.70	1.71	1. 73	1.74	1, 74	1.75	1. 75	1. 76	1.76	1,77	1.77	
Ordnance and accessories do	1. 80 1. 87	1. 81 1. 85	1.82 1.83	1.83 1.84	1.84 1.85	1.85 1.86	1.85 1.88	1, 86 1, 88	1.86 1.89	1.87 1.91	1.88	1.88	
Lumber and wood products (except furni- ture) dollars	1.62	1. 57	1.60	1. 57	1, 55 1, 55	1. 56	1.57	1. 59	1. 62	1.63	1.64	1, 65	
Sawmills and planing mills do Furniture and fixtures do	1.62 1.48	1. 60 1. 49	1. 60 1. 50	1. 57 1. 51	1.51	1. 56 1. 51	1. 57 1. 53	1. 59 1. 53 1. 71	1. 62 1. 53 1. 72	7 1.63 1.53	r 1, 63 r 1, 53	1. 67 r 1. 53	
Stone, clay, and glass productsdo Glass and glassware pressed or blown dollars	1. 63 1. 59	1. 65	1. 67 1. 62	1. 67	1. 68 1. 62	1. 69 1. 66	1. 70 1. 67	1,71	1. 72	1, 72 r 1, 71	1, 73 1, 72	1.74	
Primary metal industries	1. 99	1. 98	2.00	2. 01	2. 03	2. 01	2. 02	2.02	2. 03	2, 05	7 2. 08	r 2. 08	
dollars Primary smelting and refining of nonferrous	2. 13	2. 08	2. 10	2. 11	2. 15	2. 10	2. 10	2. 10	2. 11	r 2, 14	7 2, 20	2. 19	
metals dollars Fabricated metal prod. (except ordnance,	1.86	1.86	1.87	1.88	1. 90	1.91	1.91	1. 91	1. 91	1.93	r 1. 94	1, 96	.
machinery, transportation equipment) dollars. Heating apparatus (except electrical) and	1.77	1.78	1. 79	1.81	1.81	1.82	1.83	1.83	1.83	1.84	1, 85	1.85	
plumbers' suppliesdollars	1.76 1.87	1.78 1.89	1.78 1.90	1.80 1.92	1, 80 1, 93	1. 81 1. 94	1.81 1.95	1. 83 1. 95	1.81 1.95	1.82 1.95	1, 82 1, 95	1, 82 1, 96	
Machinery (except electrical) do Electrical machinery do	1.68	1. 70	1.70	1. 70	1.72	1.73	1.74	1. 74	1. 74	1.75	1, 76	7 1.77	
Transportation equipment do do do do do do do do do do do do do	2. 01 2. 11	2.03 2.14	2. 04 2. 13	2. 04 2. 13	2.03 2.10	2, 05 2, 11	2.05 2.11	2.06 2.12	2. 05 2. 10	7 2. 08 2. 15	7 2.08 2.15	, 2.06 2.13	1
Aircraft and partsdoShip and boat building and repairsdo	1. 93 1. 91	1. 94 1. 92	1. 96 1. 93	1. 96 1. 94	1. 98 1. 92	1. 98 2. 00	1. 99 2. 01	1. 98 2. 02	1. 98 2. 02	7 1. 99 2. 01	r 1.99 2.05	1, 99 2, 05	
Railroad equipment do Instruments and related products do Miscollencous mfg. industries do	1. 91 1. 74	1. 92 1. 75 1. 52	1. 92 1. 75 1. 53	1. 95 1. 77 1. 55	1. 95 1. 76 1. 55	1. 97 1. 76 1. 56	2, 01 1, 76 1, 56	2, 03 1, 75 1, 56	2. 02 1. 76 1. 57	2.03 7 1.78	2, 00 1, 77	2.03 r 1.79	
Miscellaneous mfg. industriesdo Nondurable-goods industriesdo	1.51	1. 52 1. 54	1. 53	1. 55	1. 55 1. 58	1, 58	1. 59	1, 59	1. 57	r 1, 56 1, 60	1. 57 1. 61	1.57	
Food and kindred productsdo	1. 49 1. 70	1. 52 1. 71	1. 55 1. 73	1. 56 1. 74	1. 59 1. 78	1. 59 1. 75	1. 60 1. 77	1. 60 1. 77	1. 61 1. 77	1, 61 1, 79	1.60 1.79	7 1. 59 1. 80	
Dairy products do Canning and preserving do Bakery products do	1. 48 1. 28	1. 48 1. 33	1. 50 1. 34	1. 51 1. 37	1. 54 1. 38	1. 54 1. 40	1. 52 1. 41	1, 53 1, 41	1. 53 1. 39	1.53 • 1.35	* 1, 56 * 1, 35	1.55 1.36	
	1, 50	1.50	1.51	1. 52	1. 53	1. 53	1, 53	1. 54	1. 55	1, 56	1.58		1

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through		1	952		<u> </u>				1953				
1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	EMP	LOYMI	ENT A	ND P	OPULA	TION-	–Conti	nued					4
WAGES—Continued													
Average hourly earnings, etc.—Continued All manufacturing industries—Continued													
Nondurable-goods industries—Continued Tobacco manufactures————————————————————————————————————	1. 13 1. 36	1. 14 1. 36	1. 17 1. 37	1. 18 1. 37	1. 21 1. 37	1. 23 1. 37	1. 26 1. 37	1. 28 1. 37	1. 27 1. 37	r 1, 27 1, 36	1, 28 1, 36	7 1, 22 1, 36	p 1. 21
Textile-mill products do Broad-woven fabric mills do. Knitting mills do. Apparel and other finished textile products	1. 35 1. 28	1, 35 1, 28	1. 35 1. 28	1. 35 1. 28	1. 35 1. 29	1. 35 1. 30	1. 34 1. 30	1. 34 1. 30	1. 34 1. 30	1.34 1.29	1. 34 1. 28	1. 33 1. 29	p 1. 37
Apparel and other finished textile products dollars. Men's and boys' suits and coatsdo Men's and boys' furnishings and work	1. 32 1. 51	1. 31 1. 51	1. 30 1. 50	1.31 1.49	1. 33 1. 51	1. 34 1. 52	1. 32 1. 52	1. 29 1. 51	1. 29 1. 51	r 1. 32 r 1. 59	1, 34 7 1, 57	1.36 1.61	» 1. 34
elothing dollars	1.09 1.53	1.09 1.49	1. 09 1. 47	1.08 1.50	1. 09 1. 53	1.09 1.53	1.09 1.50	1. 10 1. 44	1. 10 1. 43	r 1. 11 r 1. 46	1, 11 1, 52	1, 12	
Women's outerwear do_ Paper and allied products. do_ Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills do_ Printing, publishing, and allied industries	1. 63 1. 72	1. 64 1. 73	1. 65 1. 74	1. 65 1. 74	1. 66 1. 75	1. 67 1. 76	1, 67 1, 76	1. 67 1. 76	1. 68 1. 76	1. 46 1. 68 1. 78	1, 52 1, 70 1, 80	1, 56 1, 70 1, 80	₽1.74
	2. 13 2. 44	2. 13 2. 44	2. 13 2. 44	2. 15 2. 47	2. 15 2. 44	2. 17 2, 46	2. 18 2. 48	2. 19 2. 51	2. 20 2. 53	2. 20 2. 53	, 2, 20 2, 50	2, 20 2, 51	p 2, 24
Newspapers. do. Commercial printing. do. Chemicals and allied products. do. Industrial organic chemicals. do.	2. 01 1. 72 1. 89	2. 02 1. 72 1. 88	2. 02 1. 74 1. 89	2. 05 1. 75 1. 90	2. 04 1. 76 1. 90	2.06 1.77 1.92	2. 07 1. 78 1. 94	2. 09 1. 79 1. 95	2. 09 1. 81 1. 94	2, 10 1, 82 1, 96	7 2.09 1.84 7 1.99	2, 09 1, 84 1, 98	P 1,87
Products of petroleum and coaldo	2. 16 2. 27	2. 15 2. 26	2. 15 2. 26	2. 17 2. 28	2. 17 2. 27	2, 17 2, 27	2. 17 2. 27	2. 18 2. 28	2. 18 2. 28	2, 18	2, 22	r 2, 23	r 2. 29
Petroleum refining do	1. 83 2. 12	1.82 2.11	1. 87 2. 17	1. 89 2. 20	1. 90 2. 22	1. 92 2. 25	1. 93 2. 25	1. 93 2. 25	1. 94 2. 26	2, 27 7 1, 93 7 2, 23	2, 32 1, 95 2, 25	2, 33 7 1, 92 2, 24	
Tires and inner tubes do. Leather and leather products do. Footwear (except rubber) do. Nonmanufacturing industries:	1. 33 1. 28	1. 34 1. 29	1. 35 1. 30	1, 35 1, 30	1, 35 1, 31	1, 35 1, 31	1. 37 1. 33	1. 37 1. 32	1. 38 1. 33	1. 37 1. 32	1, 37 1, 32	r 1, 37 1, 32	p 1, 38
Mining: Metal	1. 91 2. 25	1, 91 2, 23	1. 96 2. 26	1. 95 2. 48	1. 97 2. 50	1, 96 2, 50	1. 96 2. 47	1. 96 2. 45	1. 97 2. 49	1, 99 2, 49	2.06 - 2.47	2.06 2,45	
Crude-petroleum and natural-gas production:	2. 26	2, 34	2. 43	2. 52	2. 48	2. 49	2. 47	2. 48	2. 47	r 2. 50	2. 47	2.49	
Petroleum and natural-gas production dollars Nonmetallic mining and quarryingdo	2, 16 1, 62	2. 13 1. 63	2. 18 1. 64	2, 15 1, 62	2. 17 1. 64	2. 18 1. 64	2. 18 1. 65	2. 16 1. 66	2. 16 1. 68	7 2. 17 7 1. 68	7 2, 25 1, 71	2, 26 1, 72	
Contract construction do	2, 31 2, 16 2, 35	2. 34 2. 19 2. 38	2. 35 2. 18 2. 39	2, 36 2, 17 2, 40	2. 37 2. 18 2. 41	2. 38 2. 19 2. 42	2, 39 2, 20 2, 44	2. 39 2. 18 2. 44	2. 39 2. 18 2. 44	7 2.39 7 2.18 2.44	7 2, 41 7 2, 21 2, 46	2. 42 2. 24 2. 47	
Building construction do Transportation and public utilities: Local railways and bus lines do Telephone do Telepranh do Gas and electric utilities do Welsendo and electric utilities do Welsendo and established whelsendo and es	1. 69 1, 61	1, 69 1, 64	1. 71 1. 66	1. 71 1. 64	1. 71 1. 65	1.71 1.66	1. 71 1. 65	1. 72 1. 65	1. 73 1. 67	, 1.73 1.67	1, 75 1, 65	1.76 1.66	
Telegraph do Gas and electric utilities do	1. 75 1. 83	1. 77 1. 85	1. 76 1. 88	1. 76 1. 88	1. 77 1. 88	1. 77 1. 88	1. 77 1. 89	1. 05 1. 77 1. 91	1. 79 1. 93	1, 80 1, 93	1. 78 1. 94	1.78 1.78 1.95	
Wholesale and retail trade: Wholesale trade	1. 68	1.70	1. 70	1, 70	1. 71	1.72	1. 73	1. 74	1. 76	r 1, 76	1.77	1,77	
places)dollarsdo General-merchandise storesdo Food and liquor storesdo	1, 34 1, 08 1, 42	1, 35 1, 09 1, 44	1, 35 1, 08 1, 45	1. 32 1. 04 1. 45	1. 36 1. 11 1. 47	1. 37 1. 10 1. 47	1. 37 1. 09 1. 48	1.38 1.09 1.49	1. 39 1. 11 1. 49	1, 40 1, 12 1, 50	1, 41 1, 12 1, 51	1, 41 1, 11 1, 51	
Automotive and accessories dealersdo	1. 56	1. 58	1. 58	1. 57	1. 57	1. 59	1.62	1. 65	1.66	1.67	1.67	1,67	
Service and miscellaneous: Hotels, year-round	. 87 . 95 1. 11	. 88 . 95 1. 11	. 88 . 96 1. 11	. 88 . 96 1. 12	. 88 . 96 1. 12	. 89 . 96 1. 11	. 89 . 97 1. 12	. 89 . 97 1, 12	. 90 . 98 1. 15	. 91 . 98 1. 14	. 91 . 98 1, 14	. 90 . 98 1. 14	
Miscellaneous wage data: Construction wage rates (ENR): Common labor	1, 803	1. 817	1, 817	1. 817	1. 817	1. 817	1. 821	1, 824	1, 824	1.852	1.877		
Skilled labor do Farm wage rates, without board or room (quar-	2. 909	2. 921	2. 937	2. 937	2.942	2. 946	2. 949	2. 950	2, 955	2, 979	3.021	1, 921 3, 062	1, 921 7 3, 073
terly) dol. per hr. Railway wages (average, class I) do. Road-building wages, common labor do.	1. 858	. 76 1. 853 1, 48	1, 906	1. 873	. 89 1. 873 1. 31	1. 902	1. 857	. 85 1. 862 1. 40	1. 877	1.867	.89 * 1.861 1,52	1.877	a.77
				FINA	<u> </u>								
		1		1 11 12	l					I			
BANKING Acceptances and commercial paper outstanding:													
Bankers' acceptances mil. of dol Commercial paper do Agricultural loans outstanding of agencies super-	454 565	449 591	478 575	492 539	487 504	490 511	468 507	455 464	417 441	428 408	435 429	478 451	515 475
vised by the Farm Credit Administration: Totalmil, of dol	2, 260			2, 221	*****		2, 253			2, 330			2, 310
Farm mortgage loans, total do Federal land banks do Land Bank Commissioner do	1, 088 1, 062 26			1, 102 1, 078 23			1, 128 1, 106 22			1, 156 1, 136 20			I, 177 1, 157 19
Loans to cooperatives do—Short-term credit—do—	369 803	414 775	433 725	421 697	408 696	386 720	365 760	333 794	313 825	320 855	319 866	312 854	331 802
Bank debits, total (345 centers)† do New York City do 6 other centers ♀ do	136, 067 49, 131 28, 611	150, 486 54, 893 32, 322	127, 665 44, 209 27, 064	165, 140 63, 091 35, 179	145, 988 52, 048 31, 660	129, 319 45, 749 28, 126	153, 511 53, 898 35, 339	145, 740 52, 038 32, 742	142, 167 50, 255 32, 283	154, 098 56, 623 33, 807	148, 128 51, 799 32, 683	134, 589 45, 516 29, 958	147, 873 54, 888 31, 422
Federal Reserve banks, condition, end of month: Assets, total mil. of dol	50, 479	51, 341	52, 492	51, 852	51, 948	51, 493	50, 202	50, 558	50, 389	50, 243	50, 466	49, 994	51, 130
Reserve bank credit outstanding, total do Discounts and advances do United States Government securities do	24, 747 477 23, 694	25, 855 1, 591 23, 575	26, 740 1, 895 23, 821	25, 825 156 24, 697	26, 478 1, 735	26, 194 1, 309	24, 927 485	25, 546 1, 014	25, 589 732	25, 414 64	26, 176 644	25, 958 343	26, 252 329
Gold certificate reserves do Liabilities, total do	22, 147 50, 479	22, 140 51, 341	22, 145 52, 492	21, 986 51, 852	23, 944 21, 790 51, 948	23, 875 21, 480 51, 493	23, 806 21, 367 50, 202	23, 880 21, 383 50, 558	24, 246 21, 356 50, 389	24, 746 21, 286 50, 243	24, 964 21, 085 50, 466	r 24, 989 20, 993 49, 994	25, 235 20, 933 51, 130
Deposits, total do Member-bank reserve balances do Excess reserves (estimated) do	21, 455 20, 066 319	22, 273 20, 616 620	22, 583 21, 149 795	21, 344 19, 950 —570	22, 515 20, 611 614	21, 770 20, 511 715	$ \begin{array}{r} 20,421 \\ 19,322 \\ -285 \end{array} $	21, 055 19, 740 351	20, 976 20, 069 806	20, 396 19, 561 102	21, 068 19, 607 590	20, 623 19, 278 7 476	20, 815 19, 309 493
Federal Reserve notes in circulation do Reserve ratio percent	25, 215 47. 5	25, 426 46. 4	25, 949 45. 6	26, 250 46. 2	25, 638 45. 3	25, 681 45. 3	25, 560 46. 5	25, 598 45. 8	25, 671 45. 8	25, 831 46. 0	25, 872 44. 9	25, 983 45. 0	26, 033 44. 7

Reserve notes in circulation 1. 25, 215 | 25, 226 | 25, 949 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25, 250 | 25,

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through		19	52		ļ	i			1953			,	
1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septen ber
			FINA	NCE-	–Conti	nued							
BANKING—Continued		İ											
ederal Reserve weekly reporting member banks, condition, Wednesday nearest end of month:													
Deposits: Demand, adjustedmil. of dol. Demand, except interbank:	53, 024	54, 314	55, 125	55, 373	55, 546	53, 811	, 51, 802	54, 176	53, 708	52, 820	53, 395	r 53, 059	52, 8
Individuals, partnerships, and corpora-	54, 526	55, 508	56, 171	58, 264	56, 112	55, 342	52, 785	54, 608	54, 185	54, 263	54, 082	r 53, 699	54, 6
tions mil, of dol States and political subdivisions do United States Government do	3, 568 3, 601	3, 614 3, 487	3, 610 3, 836	3, 798 3, 567	3, 894 2, 362	3, 790 3, 309	3, 828 3, 934	4, 241 1, 426	4, 041 1, 356	3, 975 2, 469	3, 736 5, 292	r 3, 834 r 4, 639	3, 7 4, 4
Time, except interbank, total do Individuals, partnerships, and corporations mil of dol	17, 095 16, 144	17, 198 16, 266	17, 241 16, 289	17, 533 16, 569	17, 499 16, 528	17, 622 16, 641	17, 698 16, 726	17, 792 16, 799	17, 917 16, 901	18, 068 17, 052	18, 085 17, 074	r 18, 093	18, 2 17, 2
tions mil. of dol. States and political subdivisions do Interbank (demand and time) do	761 12, 328	743 12, 241	756 12, 564	763 13, 689	770 12, 051	783 11, 863	777 11, 983	803 11, 382	829 $11,734$	826 12, 359	822 11, 568	823 r12, 056	12, 4
u. S. Government obligations, direct and guaranteed, total mil. of dol.	39, 642 32, 018	40, 315 32, 819	40, 796 33, 420	40, 382 32, 967	39, 626 32, 143	38, 936 31, 478	37, 180 29, 547	36, 864 29, 249	36, 542 29, 144	36, 896 29, 501	40, 225 32, 705	39, 318 r 31, 797	39, 1
Certificates do do	2, 568 2, 666	3, 681 2, 482	4, 545 2, 488	4, 163 2, 467	3, 710 2, 458	3, 156 2, 271	1, 701 2, 115	1, 583 2, 038	2, 043 1, 850	2, 514 2, 090	2, 855 4, 985	r 2, 289 4, 705	2, 3 5, 3
Bonds and guaranteed obligationsdo Notesdo Other securitiesdo	20, 404 6, 380 7, 624	20, 343 6, 313 7, 496	20, 259 6, 128 7, 376	20, 293 6, 044 7, 415	20, 000 5, 975 7, 483	20, 123 5, 928 7, 458	19, 881 5, 850 7, 633	19, 857 5, 771 7, 615	19, 599 5, 652 7, 398	19, 356 5, 541 7, 395	19, 425 5, 440 7, 520	19, 436 5, 367 7, 521	17, 2 6, 8 7, 8
oans (net), total do Commercial, industrial, and agricultural do To brokers and dealers in securities do	37, 081 21, 854	37, 639 22, 457	38, 452 23, 130	39, 104 23, 390	38, 687 23, 011	38, 775 22, 869	39, 647 23, 269	39, 437 23, 133	39, 439 22, 690	39, 649 22, 585	39, 381 22, 643	r 40, 067 r 22, 965	39, 7 23, 1
Other loans for purchasing or carrying securi-	1, 422	1, 444 751	1, 612 734	2,002	1, 543 799	1, 459 795	1, 561 808	1, 540 789	1, 547 779	1, 719 755	1, 830 763	71,850	1,7
Real-estate loans do. Loans of banks do. Other loans do.	5, 977 827	6, 032 621	6, 081 433	6, 095 151	6, 120 480	6, 147 708	6, 176 777	6, 214 611	6, 257 930	6, 302 948	6, 326 446	7 6, 365 762	6, 3
Other loansdodo oncy and interest rates:3 Bank rates on business loans:	6, 789	6, 904	7,039	7, 253	7, 335	7,405	7, 665	7, 760	7, 847	7, 960	7, 992	* 8,016	7,9
In 19 citiespercent_ New York Citydo	3, 49 3, 29			3. 51 3. 33			3, 54 3, 31			3. 73 3. 52			3. 3.
7 other northern and eastern cities do 11 southern and western cities do Discount rate (N. Y. F. R. Bank) do	3. 44 3. 84 1. 75	1.75	1. 75	3. 49 3. 84 1. 75	2.00	2.00	3, 50 3, 90 2, 00	2,00	2.00	3, 71 4, 05 2, 00	2, 00	2, 00	3. 4. 2.
Federal intermediate credit bank loansdo Federal land bank loansdo	2.71 4.17	2.71 4.17	2. 71 4. 17	2. 71 4. 17	2, 71 4, 17	2. 71 4. 17	2.72 4.17	2, 72 4, 17	2. 72 4. 17	2. 74 4. 17	2. 79 4. 17	2, 86 4, 17	2. 4.
Open market rates, New York City: Acceptances, prime, bankers', 90 daysdo Commercial paper, prime, 4-6 monthsdo	1.75 2.31	1.75 2.31	1.75 2.31	1.75 2.31	1, 82 2, 31	1.88 2.31	1.88 2.36	1, 88 2, 44	1. 88 2. 68	1. 88 2. 75	1. 88 2. 75	1.88 2.75	1. 2.
Call loans, renewal (N. Y. S. E.) do Time loans, 90 days (N. Y. S. E.) do	2, 63 2, 63	2. 63 2. 63	2, 63 2, 63	2, 63 2, 63	2, 63 2, 63	2. 63 2. 63	2. 63 2. 63	2, 90 2, 80	3. 22 3. 10	3. 25 3. 13	3. 25 3. 13	3. 25 3. 13	3. 3.
Yield on U. S. Govt. securities: 3-month bills	1.786 2.28	1. 783 2. 26	1, 862 2, 25	2. 126 2. 30	2.042 12.39	2. 018 2. 42	2. 082 2. 46	2. 177 2, 61	2. 200 2. 86	2, 231 2, 92	2. 101 2. 72	2. 088 2. 77	1.8
vings deposits, balance to credit of depositors: New York State savings banksmil. of dol.	12, 896 2, 572	12, 943 2, 562	13, 046 2, 555	13, 257 2, 548	13, 359 2, 537	13, 421 2, 524	13, 550 2, 510	13, 626	13, 702	13, 841	13, 881	13, 920	14, 0 2 2, 4
U. S. postal savingsdodo	2, 572	2, 362	2, 555	2, 946	2, 551	2, 324	2, 510	2, 496	2, 477	r 2, 458	₽2, 438	r 2, 419	2, 4
otal short- and intermediate-term consumer credit,	23, 414	24, 050	24, 525	25, 705	25, 508	25, 262	25, 676	26, 172	00 715	27, 051	07.017	07.404	27, 5
end of month mil. of dol. Instalment credit, total do Automobile paper do	17, 047	17, 572 7, 639	17, 927 7, 866	18, 639 8, 110	18, 785 8, 273	18, 860 8, 470	19, 267 8, 778	19, 656 9, 074	26, 715 20, 078 9, 379	20, 489 9, 630	27, 217 20, 854 9, 908	27, 434 21, 058 10, 067	$ \begin{array}{c c} 21, 1 \\ 10, 1 \end{array} $
Automobile paper do Other consumer-goods paper do Repair and modernization loans do	4, 669 1, 300 3, 690	4, 871 1, 347	4, 943 1, 376 3, 742	5, 301 1, 386 3, 842	5, 256 1, 378	5, 131 1, 377	5, 154 1, 383 3, 952	5, 185 1, 401	5, 231 1, 426	5, 289 1, 454 4, 116	5, 308 1, 476 4, 162	5, 314 1, 494	5, 3
Personal loansdo By type of holder: Financial institutions, totaldo	14, 203	3, 715 14, 614	14, 955	15, 423	3, 878 15, 665	3, 882 15, 876	16, 318	3, 996 16, 714	4, 042 17, 111	17, 496	17, 871	4, 183 18, 069	4, 1 18, 1
Commercial banksdo Sales-finance companiesdo Credit unionsdo	6, 967 4, 362	7, 189 4, 523 789	7, 352 4, 670 798	7, 576 4, 833 815	7, 696 4, 930 818	7, 808 5, 031 828	8, 047 5, 174 856	8, 253 5, 312	8, 433 5, 480	8, 604 5, 633	8, 744 5, 816 959	8, 801 5, 924	8, 8 6, 0
Otherdo	2, 101	2, 113	2, 135	2, 199	2, 221	2, 209	2, 241	2, 269	902 2, 296	935 2,324	2, 352	979 2, 365	1, 0 2, 3
Retail outlets, total do Department stores do Staristical do Staristica do Staristical do Staristica do Staristica do Staristica do Staristica do Staristica do Staristica do Staristica do Staristica do Staristica do Staristica do Staristica do Staristica do Sta	2, 844 990 796	2, 958 1, 042 821	2, 972 1, 019 839	3, 216 1, 101 900	3, 120 1, 068 865	2, 984 960 855	2, 949 931 844	2, 942 916 839	2, 967 923 842	2, 993 928 844	2, 983 913 845	2, 989 922 845	2, 9
Furniture stores do Automobile dealers do Other do Constant	301 757	313 782	324 790	336 879	343 844	352 817	364 810	376 811	390 812	401 820	415 810	426 796	4
Noninstalment credit, totaldo	6, 367 2, 033	6, 478 2, 033	6, 598 2, 109	7, 066 2, 108	6, 723 2, 129	6, 402 2, 079	6, 409 2, 142	6, 516 2, 147	6, 637 2, 162	6, 562 2, 047	6, 363 1, 938	6, 376 1, 986	6, 4
Single-payment loans do Charge accounts do Service credit do	2, 642 1, 692	2, 776 1, 669	2, 826 1, 663	3, 313 1, 645	2, 956 1, 638	2, 662 1, 661	2, 602 1, 665	2, 677 1, 692	2, 760 1, 715	2, 784 1, 731	2, 705 1, 720	2, 670 1, 720	1, 9 2, 7 1, 7
By type of holder: Financial institutionsdododo	2, 033 1, 793	2, 033 1, 801	2, 109 1, 821	2, 108 1, 852	2, 129 1, 858	2, 079 1, 839	2, 142 1, 882	2, 147 1, 878	2, 162 1, 851	2, 047 1, 768	1, 938 1, 683	1, 986 1, 720	1,9
Retail outlets do Service credit do do do do do do do do do do do do do	2, 642 1, 692	2, 776 1, 669	2, 826 1, 663	3, 313 1, 645	2, 956 1, 638	2, 662 1, 661	2, 602 1, 665	2, 677 1, 692	2, 760 1, 715	2, 784 1, 731	2, 705 1, 720	2,670 1,720	1, 7 2, 7 1, 7
FEDERAL GOVERNMENT FINANCE													
Budget receipts and expenditures: Receipts, totalmil. of dol	6, 875	3, 355	4, 731	6, 350	5, 232	6, 300	11,870	4,044	5, 140	10, 323	3, 619	5, 153	6, 4
Receipts, net do Customs do Income and employment taxes do	6, 585 52 5, 834	3, 099 65 2, 227	4, 151 44 3, 624	6, 003 51 5, 024	5, 061 51 4, 130	5, 479 43 5, 294	10, 502 56 10, 719	2, 849 54 3, 021	4, 380 51 3, 998	9, 744 51 9, 179	3, 308 52 2, 395	4, 568 47 4, 011	6, 0 5, 2
Miscellaneous internal revenue do All other receipts do	877 112	923 139	888 175	939 336	842 209	856 107	993 102	880 90	922 169	939 155	937 235	955 140	9
	6, 070 559	6, 383 572	5, 161 185	7, 124 1, 146	5, 737 235	5, 595 311	6, 187 563	6, 362 372	6, 241 179	7, 988 1, 882	6, 068 237	6, 042 206	6, 1
Expenditures, total do Interest on public debt do Veterans Administration do National defense and related activities do All other expenditures do	353 4,008	363 3, 723	354 3, 302	386 4,081	354 3, 632	349 3, 501	364 3, 789	351 3, 891	350 3, 746	349 4, 056	369 3, 890	351 3, 519	3, 78 1, 44
All other expenditures do	1, 150	1, 725	1, 319	1, 511		1, 434	1, 471	1, 749	1, 966	1, 701	1, 572	1, 966	ĩ,

r Revised. Preliminary.
Beginning January 1, 1953, includes 2½ percent bond of March 15, 1956-58, and 2½ percent bond of June 15, 1958.
Revisions for January-May 1952 will be shown later.
For bond yields see p. S-19.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through		19:							1953				
1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber
			FINA	NCE-	–Contii	aued							
FEDERAL GOVERNMENT FINANCE—Con.													
Public debt and guaranteed obligations: Gross debt (direct), end of month, total Interest bearing, total do Public issues do Special issues do Noninterest bearing do Obligations guaranteed by U. S. Government, end of month mil. of dol U. S. Savings bonds: Amount outstanding, end of month do Sales, series E through K do	262, 682 260, 577 222, 216 38, 360 2, 105 40 57, 871 330	264, 919 262, 820 224, 430 38, 390 2, 099 45 57, 903 347	267, 432 265, 345 226, 557 38, 788 2, 087 51 57, 958 303	267, 391 265, 293 226, 143 39, 150 2, 098 54 58, 046 375	267, 402 265, 323 226, 226 39, 097 2, 079 48 58, 237 504	267, 584 265, 489 226, 187 39, 302 2, 094 50 58, 368 414	264, 485 262, 380 223, 025 39, 354 2, 105 51 58, 468 440	264, 590 262, 550 223, 077 39, 474 2, 040 52 58, 509 382	266, 520 264, 445 224, 735 39, 710 2, 075 52 58, 014 371	266, 071 263, 946 223, 408 40, 538 2, 125 52 57, 977 370	272, 669 270, 603 230, 094 40, 594 2, 066 63 57, 962 402	273, 206 271, 145 230, 157 40, 988 2, 061 63 57, 940 371	272, 937 270, 744 229, 785 40, 958 2, 193 64 57, 882 368
Redemptionsdo Government corporations and credit agencies:	416	398	346	422	435	368	430	426	570	523	541	480	514
Assets, except interagency, total mil. of dol Loans receivable, total (less reserves) do To aid agriculture	28, 922 16, 890 4, 563 2, 437 84 480 (1) 716 7, 826 933 1, 377 2, 371 3, 436 3, 212 1, 636			29, 945 17, 826 5, 070 2, 603 82 516 (1) 864 7, 736 1, 095 1, 280 2, 421 3, 429 3, 213 1, 775			7, 713 872 1, 259 2, 645 3, 427 3, 240			718 7, 798 821			
Liabilities, except interagency, total do- Bonds, notes, and debentures: Guaranteed by the United States do-	2,774			3, 111			3, 224 48			3, 162 51			
Other	1, 301 1, 434 367			1, 330 1, 728			1, 107 2, 069 401			1, 131 1, 979 415			
U. S. Government interestdodo	25, 780			26, 456			26, 938			32, 576			
Assets, admitted: All companies (Institute of Life Insurance), esti-		:											
mated total mil. of dol. Securities and mortgages. do. 49 companies (Life Insurance Association of America), total mil. of dol. Bonds and stocks, book value, total do. Govt. (domestic and foreign), total do. U. S. Government. do. Public utility do. Railroad do. Other do.	71, 578 64, 205 r 63, 142 r 39, 550 r 11, 167 r 9, 075 r 11, 322 r 3, 316 r 13, 745	72, 034 64, 665 63, 159 39, 565 10, 924 8, 887 11, 346 3, 301 13, 994	72, 415 65, 010 63, 479 39, 757 10, 967 8, 935 11, 362 3, 314 14, 115	73, 034 65, 345 64, 092 39, 915 10, 867 8, 837 11, 409 3, 336 14, 304	73, 621 65, 948 64, 797 40, 473 10, 984 8, 926 11, 552 3, 397 14, 541	73, 943 66, 269 65, 084 40, 630 10, 983 8, 908 11, 610 3, 402 14, 634	74, 295 66, 598 65, 362 40, 778 10, 791 8, 711 11, 659 3, 403 14, 925	74, 686 67, 035 65, 686 41, 011 10, 816 8, 734 11, 708 3, 412 15, 075	75, 063 67, 330 65, 997 41, 123 10, 692 8, 726 11, 760 3, 412 15, 259	75, 403 67, 698 66, 262 41, 277 10, 602 8, 676 11, 827 3, 412 15, 436	75, 855 68, 105 66, 621 41, 451 10, 564 8, 634 11, 897 3, 418 15, 572	76, 244 68, 337 66, 944 41, 531 10, 565 8, 634 11, 952 3, 423 15, 591	76, 612 68, 709 67, 294 41, 739 10, 527 8, 585 12, 043 3, 429 15, 740
Cash do Mortgage loans, total do Farm do Other do Policy loans and premium notes do Real-estate holdings do Other admitted assets do	7 824 7 17, 249 1, 471 7 15, 777 7 2, 291 7 1, 528 7 1, 700	803 17, 311 1, 481 15, 830 2, 276 1, 540 1, 664	767 17, 411 1, 490 15, 921 2, 280 1, 550 1, 714	872 17, 583 1, 503 16, 080 2, 284 1, 655 1, 784	827 17, 774 1, 512 16, 262 2, 310 1, 658 1, 756	775 17, 894 1, 524 16, 370 2, 318 1, 663 1, 804	750 18, 038 1, 541 16, 496 2, 329 1, 669 1, 797	711 18, 182 1, 564 16, 618 2, 341 1, 687 1, 755	759 18, 306 1, 584 16, 722 2, 351 1, 694 1, 763	707 18, 444 1, 599 16, 845 2, 365 1, 702 1, 767	726 18,619 1,615 17,004 2,374 1,707 1,743	789 18, 716 1, 628 17, 087 2, 387 1, 726 1, 795	776 18, 818 1, 638 17, 180 2, 402 1, 732 1, 827
Life Insurance Agency Management Association: Insurance written (new paid-for insurance): Value, estimated total†	2, 589 492 503	2, 738 387 535	2, 594 417 508	3, 460 1, 061 451	2, 383 267 450	2, 663 427 534	3, 398 657 583	3, 295 677 543	3, 126 518 608	3, 227 600 543	2, 962 477 499	2, 853 504 526	2, 758 477 519
Ordinary, total do New England do Middle Atlantic do East North Central do West North Central do South Atlantic do East South Central do West South Central do Mountain do Pacific do	1, 594 104 347 340 140 199 67 156 59 182	1,816 122 411 384 160 219 77 162 68 212	1, 669 113 398 356 136 199 71 150 61	1, 948 124 426 429 172 230 84 174 79 230	1, 666 124 424 358 137 177 63 151 50 182	1, 702 117 412 371 140 193 67 156 56	2, 158 141 519 460 174 245 91 200 78 250	2, 075 137 487 444 171 241 91 191 75 237	2,000 131 483 427 165 237 82 178 73 226	2, 084 138 484 449 172 247 85 195 72 242	1, 986 126 460 436 172 233 83 176 68 232	1, 823 116 395 398 155 222 78 170 68 221	1, 762 110 371 383 153 219 84 164 69 209
Institute of Life Insurance: Payments to policyholders and beneficiaries, estimated total thous, of dol Death benefits do Matured endowments do Disability payments do Annuity payments do Surrender values do Policy dividends do Disiderity payments do Surrender values do Policy dividends do	322, 636 146, 410 34, 400 8, 253 28, 532 48, 768 56, 273	339, 557 154, 860 39, 111 9, 220 31, 605 52, 916 51, 845	304, 060 141, 626 22, 337 7, 874 28, 595 45, 127 48, 501	417, 402 168, 314 40, 498 9, 244 28, 870 53, 198 117, 278	399, 041 169, 068 42, 909 9, 851 42, 973 53, 217 81, 023	343, 743 158, 593 37, 059 8, 362 32, 946 49, 000 57, 783	410, 421 182, 781 40, 384 9, 479 35, 193 63, 630 78, 954	365, 145 164, 114 36, 314 8, 867 35, 049 58, 826 61, 975	355, 232 158, 288 37, 168 8, 834 35, 339 57, 485 58, 118	383, 861 169, 925 39, 094 8, 733 34, 018 60, 133 71, 958	361, 977 162, 438 36, 873 9, 265 33, 908 57, 780 61, 713	345, 385 157, 326 35, 611 7, 982 33, 904 55, 733 54, 829	383, 180 167, 530 37, 155 8, 683 33, 477 54, 548 81, 787
Life Insurance Association of America: Premium income (39 cos.), total	594, 231 66, 402 69, 008 47, 491 85, 313	555, 400 67, 052 76, 979 47, 442 71, 553 292, 374	554, 748 70, 958 67, 806 46, 061 68, 809 301, 114	847, 255 89, 441 173, 680 66, 567 107, 251 410, 316	606, 446 79, 568 100, 351 70, 794 71, 220	615, 102 66, 738 81, 624 48, 531 75, 359 342, 850	682, 325 77, 514 94, 784 58, 168 84, 593 367, 266	637, 446 91, 221 87, 337 60, 022 68, 094 330, 772	574, 765 77, 946 65, 634 48, 224 68, 740 314, 221	633, 800 75, 985 61, 039 55, 386 83, 828 356, 562	619, 800 81, 494 91, 674 60, 744 69, 080 316, 808	581, 965 73, 336 70, 363 53, 064 69, 463 315, 739	640, 679 82, 945 72, 779 55, 502 81, 955 347, 498

r Revised. 1 Less than \$500,000. \$Revisions for January-July 1952 are shown on p. S-17 of the October 1953 Survey.

													
Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem-	January	Febru-	March	April	1953 May	June	July	August	Septem-
	ber		1	NCE-	-Contir	ary nued	1						ber
		<u> </u>	l		<u> </u>		ì	1		<u> </u>			
MONETARY STATISTICS													
Gold:	23, 342 -13, 776 1, 244	23, 339 -92, 430 2, 988	23, 337 -29, 004 1, 580	23, 186 -263, 189 5, 587	22,986 $-171,747$ $3,867$	22, 662 -324, 127 3, 813	$\begin{array}{c} 22,563 \\ -106,511 \\ 4,262 \end{array}$	22, 562 -16, 814 2, 704	22, 537 -48, 857 1, 835	22, 463 -68, 516 3, 654	22,277 $-171,660$ $2,747$	22, 178 -78, 773 1, 881	22, 128 -54, 972 10, 100
Imports do Production, reported monthly total do Africa do Canada do	34, 590 66, 400 39, 400 13, 400	86, 465 70, 600 40, 100 14, 100	1, 872 64, 900 39, 000 13, 600	13, 697 66, 700 39, 000 13, 700 5, 900	1, 653 39, 300 13, 000	1, 827 37, 000 12, 490	7, 746 39, 300 13, 300	9, 685 38, 900 12, 900	7 1, 874 39, 400 12, 900	1, 690 38, 800 12, 700	2, 255	1,754	10, 039
United States do Silver:	6, 200 382 4, 499 . 833	6, 800 411 7, 778 . 833	6, 000 258 5, 009 , 833	270 4, 578 . 833	1,318 r 10,878 ,845	4, 300 506 7, 272 , 853	5, 200 144 r 13, 886 . 853	5, 200 883 6, 285 . 853	6, 100 230 5, 364 . 853	3, 578 7 11, 296 . 853	6, 800 307 6, 548 . 853	324 6, 243 . 853	403 11, 873 . 853
Production: Canada thous, of fine oz Mexico do United States do	1, 787 3, 107 3, 235	1, 854 9, 525 3, 682	2, 428 3, 877 2, 998	2, 521 3, 863 3, 093	2, 460 3, 870 3, 362	2, 255 4, 054 3, 112	2, 443 4, 394 3, 175	3, 066 1, 984 3, 018	2, 504 4, 850 2, 823	2, 452 2, 605 1, 909	2, 525	2, 652	
Money supply: Currency in circulation	29, 419 197, 900 2, 500 8, 100 187, 400 96, 400 64, 500 26, 600	29, 644 199, 900 2, 500 7, 200 190, 200 98, 600 64, 900 26, 700	30, 236 202, 700 2, 500 8, 600 191, 600 99, 400 64, 800 27, 400	30, 433 204, 220 2, 501 6, 918 194, 801 101, 508 65, 799 27, 494	29, 691 202, 100 2, 500 6, 200 193, 300 100, 500 66, 100 26, 800	29, 793 201, 000 2, 300 7, 100 191, 600 98, 300 66, 400 26, 900	29, 754 200, 600 2, 490 7, 100 191, 000 97, 400 66, 800 26, 900	29, 843 199, 100 2, 400 4, 600 192, 200 98, 000 67, 200 27, 000	29, 951 199, 100 2, 400 4, 600 192, 100 97, 500 67, 600 27, 000	30, 125 7 200, 360 7 2, 467 7 5, 333 7 192, 560 7 96, 898 7 68, 293 7 27, 369	30, 120 ^p 205, 100 ^p 2, 500 ^p 9, 600 ^p 193, 000 ^p 97, 400 ^p 68, 400 ^p 27, 200	30, 248 \$\mathbb{P}\$ 204, 800 \$\mathbb{P}\$ 2, 400 \$\mathbb{P}\$ 9, 000 \$\mathbb{P}\$ 193, 400 \$\mathbb{P}\$ 97, 500 \$\mathbb{P}\$ 68, 700 \$\mathbb{P}\$ 27, 300	₽ 2, 500 ₽ 8, 100
Turnover of demand deposits except interbank and U.S. Government, annual rate;† New York Cityratio of debits to deposits 6 other centers \$\rightarrow\$ do	35, 4 24, 3	36, 4 25, 0	34. 1 24. 1	41. 8 26. 9	34. 3 23. 9	35. 1 24. 4	37. 1 28. 3	35. 4 26. 0	35, 6 25, 5	38. 9 25. 9	36. 0 25. 0	32. 2 7 23. 0	p 40. 2 p 25. 1
PROFITS AND DIVIDENDS (QUARTERLY)]								
Manufacturing corporations (Fed. Trade and SEC):* Net profit after taxes, all industriesmil. of dol Food and kindred productsdo Textile-mill productsdo Lumber and wood products (except furniture)	2, 590 255 73			2, 965 195 78			2, 847 186 93			3, 031 219 83			
Paper and allied products Mil. of dol.	63 107 246 465 113			47 116 268 562 98			46 116 279 488 77						:
Primary nonferrous metal do Primary iron and steel do Fabricated metal products (except ordnance, machinery, and transportation equipment) mil. of dol	93 127 129			127 257 119			127 228 118			124 243 140			
Machinery (except electrical) do Electrical machinery do Transportation equipment (except motor vehicles, etc.) mil. of dol Motor vehicles and parts do	239 140 61 198			243 212 76 278			262 194 69 269		**	278 165 85 272			
All other manufacturing industriesdo Dividends paid (cash), all industriesdo	280 1, 231			290 1,730			298 1, 267			316 1, 287			!
Electric utilities, net profit after taxes (Fed. Res.) mil. of dol_ Railways and telephone cos. (see p. S-23).	207			244			288			p 246			
SECURITIES ISSUED													
Commercial and Financial Chronicle: Securities issued, by type of security, total (new capital and refunding) mill of dol.	962 808 800 363 0 437 9 154 154 72	11,381 11,225 1,157 852 0 305 8 158 158 82	873 629 601 292 130 179 28 311 311	1, 520 1, 197 1, 197 758 46 394 0 323 323 323	1, 185 1, 016 949 560 3 386 67 169 151	1, 114 1, 005 1, 002 624 13 365 4 109 109	1, 069 939 899 480 0 420 40 129 129 6	1, 041 942 927 588 15 323 15 99	1, 538 1, 323 1, 287 597 45 645 36 215 215	1, 626 1, 491 1, 465 1, 057 16 393 25 135 135			
Federal agencies do Municipal, State, etc. do	79 2	72 4	172 49	269 9	130 5	81 2	105 18	65 24	198	79 19			
Securities and Exchange Commission: Estimated gross proceeds, total	1, 331 1, 248 372	2, 047 1, 870 980	1, 108 1, 038 314	2, 079 1, 902 731	1, 783 1, 615 497	1, 592 1, 422 536	1, 604 1, 425 517	1, 667 1, 507 659	4, 630 4, 383 484	3, 053 2, 861 988	1,890 1,777 380	1,380 1,308 207	2, 576 2, 484 675
Corporate	46 37 455	170 6 1,157	49 20 384	119 58 908	116 51 664	123 47 706	116 62 696	124 35 818	165 82 731	159 33 1,179	82 31 492	65 7 279	47 44 44 766
Corporate, total	186 168 12 17 27 876 444	655 351 15 27 62 890 531 294	167 44 27 49 57 724 480 219	332 219 66 34 56 1,171 547 389	286 249 40 4 48 1,119 611 392	151 261 50 7 141 886 494 390	205 216 32 15 144 908 503 405	317 228 25 13 162 849 491	116 406 15 7 101 3, 899 3, 244 650	1, 179 289 342 23 44 418 1, 873 1, 454 416	155 198 10 14 34 1,397 884 512	36 85 21 32 95 1, 101 853 246	124 247 25 90 254 1,810 1,320 454

^{*} Revised. * Preliminary. ¹ Includes International Bank securities not shown separately. § or increase in earmarked gold (—).
† Revised series. Data reflect change in number of reporting banks and centers; figures prior to May 1952 will be shown later.
§ Includes Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago, Detroit, San Francisco, and Los Angeles.
*New series. Compiled jointly by the Federal Trade and Securities Exchange Commissions. Data are estimated totals based on reports from all manufacturing corporations registered with SEC, all nonregistered manufacturing corporations with total assets of \$5,000,000 and over at the end of 1949, and a sample of nonregistered manufacturing corporations with total assets of less than \$5,000,000 at the end of 1949. Comparable data beginning with the first quarter of 1951 are available upon request.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through		19	ī	ī	ļ				1953		1		
1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem ber
			FINA	NCE-	–Contir	nued							
SECURITIES ISSUED—Continued													
Securities and Exchange Commission—Continued New corporate security issues:			250										
Estimated net proceeds, totalmil. of dol Proposed uses of proceeds: New money total do	. 447 . 367	1,140	378 293	897 780	655 603	694 635	684 630	806 757	715 612	1, 161 1, 046	482 445	273 247	75 69
New money, total do Plant and equipment do Working capital do Retirement of debt and stock, total do	278 89	635 259	221 72 51 32 13	661 120	495 108	381 255	438 192	532 225	481 131	614 432	371 74	141 106	42 27
Funded debtdo	68 46 11	237 86 148	51 32	74 45 28	46 19 25	51 27 23	37 10 24	30 10 13	68 8 49	91 23 64	30 16 14	18 1 17	2
Other debt	. 10	3 11	5 34	1 43	2 6	1 8	3 17	7 18	10 35	4 24	1 7	(1) 8	3
Manufacturing, totaldodo	183 120	645 502	164 120	327 260	283 263	148 132	203 178	312 305	114 78	285 222	153 127	34	12
New money do Retirement of debt and stock do Public utility, total do	57 165	134 347	25 43	35 216	$\frac{18}{245}$	$\frac{13}{257}$	24 212	$\frac{4}{223}$	28 397	60 334	24 194	22 7 84	24
New money do Retirement of debt and stock do Railroad, total do	163 0 12	257 90 15	(1) 43 27	205 11 65	239 6 39	254 3 49	205 7 32	201 17 24	355 21 15	303 26 23	190 3 9	72 11 21	22
New moneydodododododododo	12	13	15 12	42 23 34	$\frac{26}{14}$	31 18	32	$\begin{array}{c} 24 \\ 0 \end{array}$	15 0	23 0	9	21 0	2
Communication, total do do New money do Retirement of debt and stock do do do do do do do do do do do do do	16 16	27 26 1	48 45 3	34 31 3	4 4 0	7 7 0	15 15 0	13 12 1	7 7 0	43 43 0	14 14 (1)	31 31 0	(1)
Real estate and financial, total do	27 17	61 52	56 37	56 54	47 44	140 138	142 129	162 152	99 94	415 396	34 32	94 93	25 24
New money do Retirement of debt and stock do State and municipal issues (Bond Buyer): Long-term thous, of dol. Short-term do	473, 750	8 309, 105	10 229, 897	403, 043	1 391, 872	362, 629	433, 142	348, 859	(1) 650, 210	3 443,040	521, 899	r 260, 063	453, 87
COMMODITY MARKETS	96, 518	161, 739	24, 376	292, 085	294, 085	110, 843	333, 219	144, 986	228, 600	151, 384	172, 444	r 366, 327	251, 03
Volume of trading in grain futures:	210	257	226	288	230	262	198	185	183	307	254	237	24
Corn mil. of bu wheat do	250	229	265	291	254	304	252	259	281	586	610	689	47
SECURITY MARKETS Brokers' Balances (N. Y. S. E. Members	;				i						!		
Carrying Margin Accounts) Cash on hand and in banksmil. of dol				343						282			
Customers' debit balances (net)do Customers' free credit balancesdo Money borroweddo	1,333 692 891	1,316 692 860	1,347 706 878	1, 362 724 920	1, 345 732 908	1,350 730 871	1, 513 744 966	1, 594 738 1, 068	1, 671 673 1, 193	1,684 653 1,216	1, 664 651 1, 161	1, 682 641 1, 182	1, 62 67 1, 07
Bonds Prices:								2,000	2,100	2,210	2,202	2,102	,,,,
Average price of all listed bonds (N. Y. S. E.), totals dollars Domestic do	97. 46	98. 05	98. 19	97. 81	97. 66	97. 15	96. 57	95. 46	94. 42	95, 30	95. 82	95, 58	96.7
Domestic do Standard and Poor's Corporation:	97. 87 76. 11	98. 50 75. 32	98. 62 75. 97	98. 25 75. 84	98, 09 75, 50	97. 56 75. 81	96, 99 74, 95	95, 84 75, 27	94. 79 74. 88	95. 69 74. 62	96. 22 74. 44	95, 96 74, 79	97. 1 75. 2
Industrial, utility, and railroad (A1+ issues): Composite (17 bonds)dol. per \$100 bond	115. 7	114. 7	115. 2	115. 3	114. 5	114. 0	113.4	111.7	109.8	108.8	110.7	111,4	110.
Domestic municipal (15 bonds)do U. S. Treasury bonds, taxabledo Sales:	126. 6 96. 86	125. 0 96. 44	125. 4 96. 96	125. 3 96. 32	124. 0 95. 68	122. 8 95. 28	121. 6 94. 31	121, 5 93, 25	119. 4 91. 59	115. 1 91. 56	115. 1 92. 98	116, 9 92, 89	116. 93. 4
Total, excluding U. S. Government bonds: All registered exchanges:	F2 00F	WA 055	E0 100			= 0.000 [
Market valuethous. of dol	56, 237 61, 325	76, 955 85, 250	73, 183 83, 953	94, 402 105, 865	75, 146 85, 722	70, 039 76, 831	76, 726 90, 067	71, 709 88, 128	61, 993 72, 496	69, 942 83, 260	56, 270 64, 949	46, 982 54, 677	53, 13 61, 89
Market valuedo Face valuedo New York Stock Exchange, exclusive of stopped	54, 113 58, 855	74, 892 82, 455	71, 599 81, 988	92, 009 102, 843	73, 014 82, 187	68, 483 74, 823	74, 547 85, 245	69, 691 83, 115	60, 227 69, 753	68, 208 80, 340	54,572 $62,723$	45, 364 52, 327	51, 95- 60, 23
sales, face value, total thous, of dol. U. S. Government do	61, 127 0	69, 082 25	$78,042 \\ 26$	86, 042 45	80, 397 0	60, 288	74, 757 1	7 6, 976	62, 085 34	68, 751 0	55, 874 0	47, 574 0	56, 308
Other than U. S. Government, totals dododo	61, 127 53, 624 7, 395	69, 057 61, 194 7, 777	78, 016 71, 608 6, 341	85, 997 79, 101 6, 819	80, 397 73, 417	60, 288 52, 940 7, 324	74, 756 65, 013	76, 976 64, 778	62, 051 54, 611	68, 751 60, 659	55, 874 48, 477	47, 574 41, 087	56, 308 49, 468
Foreign dodo	99, 712	100, 349	100, 551	100, 256	6, 912 100, 116	7, 324 100, 117	9, 650 99, 535	12, 002 98, 562	7, 372 98, 985	8, 024 99, 454	7, 293 100, 279	6, 455 100, 010	6, 798 93, 479
Domestic do Gorrestic do Foreign do Gorreste do Gorres	97, 838 1, 447 102, 315	98, 494 1, 430 102, 341	98, 621 1, 440 102, 405	98, 276 1, 492 102, 502	98, 200 1, 428 102, 510	98, 211 1, 432 103, 055	97, 638 1, 425 103, 066	96, 662 1, 429 103, 251	97, 094 1, 421 104, 830	97, 576 1, 411 104, 357	98, 419 1, 390 104, 651	98, 142 1, 395 104, 634	91, 599 1, 400 96, 620
Domestic do do Goriel do G	99, 963 1, 902	99, 993 1, 898	99, 999 1, 896	100, 025 1, 967	100, 109 1, 891	100, 666 1, 890	100, 665	100, 853 1, 899	102, 432 1, 898	101,966 1,891	102, 284 1,867	104, 654 102, 269 1, 865	94, 259 1, 861
Yields: Domestic corporate (Moody's)percent By ratings:	3. 19	3. 22	3. 20	3. 19	3. 22	3. 26	3. 31	3. 40	3. 53	3. 61	3. 55	3. 51	3. 54
Aaa	2. 95 3. 07 3. 22	3. 01 3. 08 3. 24	2. 98 3. 06 3. 24	2. 97 3. 05 3. 22	3. 02 3. 09 3. 25	3. 07 3. 14 3. 30	3. 12 3. 18	3. 23 3. 29	3. 34 3. 41	3. 40 3. 50	3. 28 3. 42	3. 24 3. 39	3, 29 3, 43
By groups:	3. 52	3. 54	3, 53	3. 51	3. 51	3. 30 3. 53	3. 36 3. 57	3. 44 3. 65	3. 58 3. 78	3, 67 3, 86	3. 62 3. 86	3. 56 3. 85	3, 56 3, 88
Industrial do Public utility do Railroad do	3. 02 3. 20 3. 36	3. 05 3. 22 3. 39	3. 05 3. 19 3. 37	3, 04 3, 19 3, 34	3. 07 3. 23 3. 36	3. 11 3. 29 3. 39	3. 16 3. 33 3. 43	3. 27 3. 44 3. 51	3. 39 3. 57 3. 63	3. 48 3. 62 3. 73	3. 42 3. 56 3. 67	3.37 3.54 3.61	3, 39 3, 58 3, 65
Domestic municipal:	l l	2. 38	2. 37	2, 38	2, 46	2. 63	2. 65	2. 68	2.81	3.04	2, 92	2.92	2.82
Bond Buyer (20 bonds) do Standard and Poor's Corp. (15 bonds) do U. S. Treasury bonds, taxable do	2. 33 2. 71	2. 42 2. 74	$\begin{array}{c c} 2.40 \\ 2.71 \end{array}$	2, 40 2, 75	2. 47 2. 80	2. 54 2. 83	$\begin{bmatrix} 2.61 \\ 2.89 \end{bmatrix}$	2. 63 2. 97	2. 73 3. 09	2. 99 3. 09	2. 99 2. 99	2, 89 3, 00	2. 88 2. 97

U. S. Treasury bonds, taxable do 2.71 2.74 2.71 2.75 2.80 2.81 2.89 2.97 3.09 2.99 2.99 2.89 2.87 Revised. Less than \$500,000. \$Sales and value figures include bonds of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development not shown separately; these bonds are included also in computing average price of all listed bonds.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through		19	52						1953				
1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septen ber
			FINA	NCE-	-Conti	ıued							
SECURITY MARKETS—Continued													
Stocks Cash dividend payments publicly reported: Total dividend payments mil of dol	1,166.5	540. 5	253, 0	1, 736. 1	548. 1	181. 3	1, 251. 1	561, 2	221.5	1, 249. 6	576. 0	220. 9	1, 235
Total dividend payments mil. of dol. Finance do Manufacturing do Mining do Public utilities:	78. 2 763. 5 87. 9	105. 2 203. 5 8. 0	64. 7 115. 2 2. 1	195. 2 1, 045. 5 141. 9	125. 6 170. 5 5. 0	44. 9 65. 0 2. 9	81. 4 821. 9 86. 9	103. 5 190. 1 7. 3	49. 0 100. 4 2. 6	87. 6 802. 2 87. 3	137. 0 200. 6 5. 6	52. 0 88. 0 2. 5	86 796 86
Table utilities:	46. 9 76. 8 42. 4	95. 0 60. 9 14. 6	1.0 52.2 2.9	49. 7 92. 6 88. 4	95. 7 64. 3 18. 2	. 9 42. 0 6. 9	46. 9 89. 0 57. 7	105. 0 63. 8 30. 6	1. 0 51. 8 3. 1	51. 1 94. 6 56. 4	104.3 66.3 14.1	1. 0 55. 4 10. 0	51 94 49
Trade do do do Dividend rates, prices, yields, and earnings, 200 common stocks (Moody's): Dividends per share, annual rate (200 stocks)	47. 2 23. 6	40. 3 13. 0	8. 1 6. 8	79. 2 43. 6	57. 0 11. 8	15. 5 3. 2	40. 3 27. 0	50. 1 10. 8	7. 6 6. 0	49. 0 21. 4	39. 2 8. 9	7. 6 4. 4	50
	3. 95 4. 20 1. 92	3. 95 4. 18 1. 92	3. 93 4. 17 1. 92	3. 93 4. 16 1. 92	3, 95 4, 16 1, 93	3. 95 4. 16 1. 94	3. 97 4. 16 1. 95	3. 98 4. 17 1. 96	3, 98 4, 17 1, 98	3. 97 4. 16 2. 01	3. 98 4. 15 2. 01	3. 99 4. 16 2. 07	3 4 2
Railroad (25 stocks) do Bank (15 stocks) do Insurance (10 stocks) do		2, 85 2, 68 2, 88	2. 87 2. 66 2. 98	2.87 2.75 2.98	2. 88 2. 84 2. 99	2. 91 2. 86 3. 01	3. 01 2. 89 3. 07	3. 01 2. 89 3. 09	3. 01 2. 89 3. 09	3. 03 2. 89 3. 09	3. 09 2. 89 3. 10	3. 11 2. 89 3. 10	3. 2. 3.
Price per share, end of month (200 stocks)do Industrial (125 stocks)do Public utility (24 stocks)do Railroad (25 stocks)dodo	71. 09 74. 58 36. 34 46. 57	71. 02 74. 35 36. 25 46. 43	74. 42 78. 20 37. 36 49. 74	76, 66 80, 89 37, 85 51, 66	76, 69 80, 37 38, 40 52, 19	75. 60 79. 15 38. 21 51. 17	74. 13 77. 64 37. 81 49. 56	72. 35 75. 56 36. 96 48. 48	72. 24 75. 45 37. 08 48. 97	71. 14 74. 28 36. 02 48. 40	72. 87 76. 24 36. 81 49. 03	69. 34 71. 85 37. 16 44. 39	69. 72. 37. 43.
Yield (200 stocks) percent Industrial (125 stocks) do Public utility (24 stocks) do Politon d (25 stocks) do	5, 56 5, 63 5, 28 6, 03	5. 56 5. 62 5. 30	5. 28 5. 33 5. 14	5. 13 5. 14 5. 07 5. 56	5. 15 5. 18 5. 03 5. 52	5, 22 5, 26 5, 08	5. 36 5. 36 5. 16 6. 07	5. 50 5. 52 5. 30 6. 21	5, 51 5, 53 5, 34	5. 58 5. 60 5. 58 6. 26	5. 46 5. 44 5. 46 6. 30	5. 75 5. 79 5. 57 7. 01	5. 5. 5. 7.
Railroad (25 stocks)	4. 23 3. 18	6. 14 4. 29 3. 15	5. 77 4. 19 3. 10	4. 18 2. 99	3. 32 4. 29 3. 07	5. 69 4. 32 3. 17	4. 44 3. 29	4. 60 3. 41	6. 15 4. 72 3. 41	4. 75 3. 50	4. 70 3. 40	4. 66 3. 46	3
Industrial (125 stocks) dollars Public utility (24 stocks) do Aailroad (25 stocks) do Dividend yields, preferred stocks, 11 high-grade (Standard and Poor's Corp.) percent.	6. 76 2. 61 7. 86			8. 54 2. 62 11. 71			7. 29 2. 70 6. 73			7. 80 2. 79 8. 37			.
Prices: Dow-Jones & Co., Inc. (65 stocks), dol. per share	105. 29	4. 16 103, 92	4. 12 107. 25	4. 11 111. 67	4. 16 112. 25	4. 21 111. 21	4. 23 112. 41	4. 33 107. 52	4. 38 108. 07	4. 47 104. 42	4. 37 106. 08	4. 30 106. 21	100
Industrial (30 stocks) do Public utility (15 stocks) do Railroad (20 stocks) do Standard and Poor's Corporation: Industrial, public utility, and railroad:	272. 40 50. 30 100. 43	267. 77 49. 59 99. 83	276. 37 51. 04 103. 19	285. 95 52. 06 109. 85	288, 44 52, 20 109, 99	283. 94 52. 57 109. 03	286. 79 53. 19 110. 24	275. 28 51. 59 104. 05	276, 84 50, 97 105, 58	266. 88 48. 66 103. 09	270. 32 49. 03 105. 68	272. 21 50. 40 103. 12	
Combined index (480 stocks) 1935-39=100 Industrial, total (420 stocks) do Capital goods (129 stocks) do Consumers' goods (195 stocks) do Cons	188. 2 204. 2 187. 6	183. 4 198. 4 182. 6	189. 8 205. 5 190. 2	197. 0 213. 7 198. 5	197. 6 214. 3 200. 4	195. 9 212. 0 197. 4	198, 0 214, 5 199, 8	190. 0 205. 5 191. 8	189. 6 205. 2 192. 3	182. 8 197. 5 183. 7	185. 5 200. 1 185. 9	187. 3 202. 1 188. 1	17 19 18
		169. 5 117. 4 166. 9 120. 1	175. 7 120. 9 172. 4 121. 5	183. 2 123. 3 184. 6 125. 1	184. 7 124. 0 185. 2 128. 3	183. 4 124. 4 181. 4 128. 2	185. 3 124. 9 184. 5 128. 1	177. 8 121. 5 173. 3 122. 3	177. 6 120. 8 174. 2 121. 3	170. 7 117. 2 169. 3 115. 3	171. 7 119. 2 173. 7 117. 6	172.8 121.1 170.2 121.4	11
Railroad (20 stocks)		215. 2	223. 1	230. 5	231.0	223. 8	223. 9 1, 906	216.0	1, 325	205. 1 1, 290	208. 5	215. 7 1, 119	20
Market value mil. of dol. Shares sold thousands On New York Stock Exchange: Market value mil. of dol.	1, 198 48, 989 1, 012	1, 316 62, 389 1, 121	1, 331 56, 903 1, 145	1, 906 78, 990 1, 647	1, 661 74, 299 1, 417	1,376 53,534 1,173	75, 473 1, 616	1, 783 83, 729 1, 541	58, 380 1, 129	63, 844	42, 528 903	42, 437 946	53,
Shares sold thousands Exclusive of odd lot and stopped sales (N. Y. Times) thousands	35, 165 24, 135	47, 653 25, 981	43, 340 30, 239	57, 885 40, 516	55, 897 34, 087	38, 540 30, 209	51, 812 42, 472	64, 111 34, 370	43, 936 25, 767	49, 757 26, 075	28, 809 22, 234	29, 841 23, 893	38, 27,
Shares listed, New York Stock Exchange: Market value, all listed sharesmil. of dol. Number of shares listedmillions.	112, 633 2, 769	112, 152 2, 773	117, 363 2, 777	120, 536 2, 788	120, 483 2, 802	119, 749 2, 814	118, 223 2, 819	114, 862 2, 840	115, 371 2, 862	113, 306 2, 878	115, 886 2, 882	110, 750 2, 889	110,
INTER	NATIO	ONAL	TRANS	SACTI	ONS O	F THI	E UNIT	red s	TATES	5			·
BALANCE OF PAYMENTS (QUARTERLY);													
Exports of goods and services, totalmil. of dol- Merchandise, adjusteddo Income on investments abroaddo Other servicesdo	3, 439 439			5, 355 4, 073 592 690			5, 425 4, 256 440 729			5, 742 4, 489 463 790	\		
Imports of goods and services, totaldo	3, 942 2, 698			4, 068 3, 000			4, 037 2, 984 111			4, 305 3, 123 107			-
Other servicesdo							942			1, 075			-
Unilateral transfers (net), total	-1, 298 -106			-1,468			-1, 908 -120 -1, 788		1	-2,020 -122 -1,898			-
U. S. long- and short-term capital (net), total_do Privatedo	-160 +39			-275 -347			$-209 \\ -219$			+28 +86 -58			-
Governmentdo Foreign long- and short-term capital (net)do	-199 - +769	}	-	+72 +152			+10 +155			+326			
Increase (-) cr decrease (+) in U. S. gold stock mil. of dol.	+7			+274			+603			+128			
Errors and omissionsdo § Number of stocks represents number currently			.	+30	-		-29	ļ				.	

Inless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the	G	19		Descri		73-1			1953		1 1		l g., ;
1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August	Septen ber
INTERNATI	ONAL	TRAN:	SACTI	ONS O	F THE	E UNIT	TED S	TATES	Cor	ntinued			
FOREIGN TRADE													
Indexes Cxports of U. S. merchandise:♂	244	244	240	280	256	239	975	970	290	070	070	00#	
Quantity 1936-38=100 Value do Unit value do	498 205	494 203	483 202	566 203	525 205	486 204	275 566 205	279 567 203	589 203	279 561 201	272 550 202	237 482 203	
nports for consumption:♂ Quantitydo Valuedo	151 429	169 471	138 388	180 499	162 445	149 413	174 484	175 486	158 434	164 451	158 435	147 407	
Unit valuedo ricultural products, quantity: Exports, U. S. merchandise, total:	284	279	280	277	276	278	277	278	276	275	276	278	
Unadjusted 1924–29=100 Adjusted do Total, excluding cotton:	77 62	93 70	88 70	110 92	96 96	78 95	90 105	82 102	77 99	70 96	73 99		
Unadjusted do do Adjusted do mports for consumption:	93	142 113	125 109	151 138	146 153	117 145	141 167	130 156	113 134	105 131			
Unadjusteddodo	111 116	116 119	90 92	128 126	121 116	101 99	121 108	126 119	104 106	105 113	100 111		
Shipping Weight ter-borne trade:												:	
Exports, incl. reexports—thous. of long tons General importsdo	7, 421 8, 342	7, 028 8, 879	6, 393 7, 847	5, 720 9, 629	5, 109 8, 814	4, 267 7, 703	4, 663 8, 644	6, 292 8, 942	6, 693 9, 280				
Value♂ ports, including reexports, total¶mil. of dol	1, 228	1, 215	1, 191	1,390	1, 291	1, 197	1,388	1,395	1, 446	1,376	1,348	r 1, 184	» 1,
Aricathous. of dol. Asia and Oceaniadododo	45, 162 147, 490	43, 825 171, 680	37, 338 160, 288	39, 363 202, 569	45, 039 177, 762	35, 534 164, 579	49, 047 185, 407	44, 398 169, 949	44, 794 178, 304	36, 772 156, 806	44, 428 171, 427	42, 155 163, 375	
Europe do Northern North America do do do do do do do do do do do do do	224, 642 245, 858	245, 900 256, 226 144, 276	247, 947 244, 874 132, 172	308, 240 225, 410 143, 558	267, 865 228, 242 131, 383	213, 679 230, 947	253, 195 266, 229 132, 902	249, 390 286, 975	246, 325 294, 784	218, 145 290, 129	197, 415 244, 829	195, 157 233, 792	
Southern North Americadodododo		134, 358	129, 516	136, 881	114, 781	121, 651 116, 184	118, 165	133, 837 122, 970	136, 492 130, 991	128, 061 128, 519	125, 391 113, 339	108, 452 122, 972	
frica: Egyptdo Union of South Africado	6, 742 15, 169	12, 313 14, 672	4, 556 13, 506	2, 563 16, 871	6, 733 19, 463	3,316 17,221	4, 739 24, 427	4, 454 18, 194	3, 958 18, 365	4,000 16,454	8, 234 18, 326	10, 191 14, 507	
sia and Oceania: Australia, including New Guineado British Malayado	12, 103 2, 900	16, 608 2, 862	10, 294 2, 436	16, 693 2, 852	11, 492 2, 274	9, 871 2, 636	9, 730 2, 505	7, 947 3, 264	9, 686 2, 560	7, 495 2, 205	9, 248 2, 982	7, 121 2, 530	
China⊙ dodo	14,000 40,279	13, 650 54, 819	0 14, 079 51, 158	28, 616 52, 745	17, 910 50, 414	0 26, 761 40, 796	28, 332 50, 549	10, 752 50, 826	12, 898 50, 255	14, 629 44, 912	7 22, 320 47, 209	0 17, 985 52, 443	
Indonesia do Republic of the Philippines do do do do do do do do do do do do do	9, 964 21, 384	9, 984 21, 516	13, 009 23, 988	11, 782 27, 774	10, 477 30, 816	7, 474 24, 799	7, 549 28, 394	8, 759 29, 245	6, 157 39, 177	9, 266 33, 715	10, 133 27, 724	11, 827 20, 110	
France do Germany do Italy do	21, 971 33, 776 18, 929	26, 941 47, 247 23, 853	26, 531 34, 796 23, 720	40, 819 40, 544 40, 572	30, 601 34, 182 36, 406	26, 610 28, 495 17, 145	34, 598 26, 426 24, 370	26, 562 26, 514 28, 004	39, 882 29, 471 27, 602	27, 339 25, 755 23, 474	18, 136 24, 688 16, 232	18, 718 23, 565 16, 151	-
Union of Soviet Socialist Republicsdo United Kingdomdododo	50, 962	52, 904	45, 577	61, 494	(1) 53, 139	1 47, 864	61, 703	(1) 53, 551	43, 743	39, 048	31, 229	40, 224	
Canada do Latin American Republics, total do Argentina do	245, 848 243, 516 13, 889	256, 211 261, 941 11, 241	244, 873 245, 879 10, 028	225, 408 265, 206 8, 527	228, 232 231, 142 6, 349	230, 946 221, 508 5, 413	266, 227 235, 796 6, 265	286, 973 238, 271 5, 942	294, 777 251, 969 8, 214	290, 101 242, 493 14, 177	244, 820 224, 732 6, 499	233, 871 220, 033 10, 095	
Brogil do	29.758	28, 908 10, 500 19, 004	25, 708 10, 083 21, 493	30, 423 13, 939 19, 451	23, 815 5, 951 19, 460	23, 481 5, 635 20, 121	22, 473 9, 072 19, 825	23, 850 6, 506 24, 231	24, 366 7, 118 26, 140	24, 661 7, 227 24, 441	19, 453 6, 637	23, 454 7, 244	
Clife do Colombia do Colombia do Mexico do Mexico do Colombia do Mexico do Mexico do Colombia do Colom	39, 606 46, 834 41, 828	45, 828 52, 628 43, 555	41, 194 51, 278 41, 576	40, 394 54, 292	39, 299 51, 858 39, 643	35, 896 46, 864	38, 925 54, 157 41, 051	30, 827 51, 980	34, 315 47, 794	32, 025 52, 218	22, 994 37, 068 52, 481	24, 441 27, 598 48, 174	
Venezuela do ports of U. S. merchandise, total mil. of dol sy economic classes: Crude materials thous. of dol	1, 217	1, 207	1, 181 169, 572	43, 012 1, 381	1, 280	41, 075 1, 185 110, 600	1, 379	43, 843 1, 383	46, 998 1, 435	41, 671 1, 368	41, 079 1, 340	39, 870 1, 175	
Crude foodstuffs	80, 212 50, 460	154, 874 97, 194 61, 645	89, 446 58, 876	180, 209 117, 364 65, 366	134, 540 109, 383 63, 603	86, 884 50, 879	118, 308 106, 265 56, 592	132, 539 82, 490 53, 747	139, 168 75, 029 55, 889	127, 324 67, 762 53, 977	96, 912 82, 004 60, 494	127, 461 71, 562 50, 821	
Semimanufactures Q do Finished manufactures Q do By principal commodities:	124, 291 815, 321	133, 390 759, 803	123, 295 739, 816	131, 426 886, 713	106, 815 865, 528	108, 222 828, 590	•	113, 055 1, 001, 069	i .	112, 146 1, 006, 585	110, 543 989, 715	106, 992 817, 796	
Agricultural products, total do Cotton, unmanufactured do Fruits, vegetables, and preparations do	220, 983 50, 569 16, 818	265, 022 61, 290 21, 051	272, 888 67, 142 21, 999	324, 483 90, 505 22, 531	268, 702 54, 468 19, 149	216, 627 47, 325 17, 838	250, 499 45, 064 20, 191	223, 535 38, 396 17, 925	221, 031 48, 278 22, 566	196, 193 41, 340 23, 686	196, 463 21, 156 20, 517	201, 207 35, 154 19, 617	
Grains and preparations do Packing-house products do Tobacco and manufactures do	90, 291 10, 706 35, 629	108, 911 13, 345 30, 816	98, 108 * 13, 165 31, 980	133, 552 13, 473 29, 264	127, 900 13, 272 24, 919	93, 764 13, 604 19, 003	114, 443 14, 242 33, 113	89, 567 15, 236 38, 129	76, 556 14, 890 30, 504	69, 467 15, 168 24, 845	90, 630 14, 795 19, 327	71, 321 14, 735 31, 668	
Nonagricultural products, totaldodododododo	996, 263 115, 751	941, 885 97, 815	908, 116 93, 992	1, 056, 596 114, 891	1, 011, 168 124, 610	968, 547 124, 383	1, 128, 114 151, 579	1, 159, 365 162, 186	1, 214, 281 142, 195	1, 171, 602 134, 401	1, 143, 205 112, 845	973, 426 97, 338	
Chemicals and related products do Coal and related fuels do Iron and steel-mill products do	60, 728 41, 379 55, 805	61, 577 35, 400 66, 336	58, 203 35, 150 59, 779	58, 674 25, 759 67, 751	57, 393 24, 778 45, 801	56, 273 18, 294 42, 914	66, 601 17, 651 46, 769	68, 459 29, 329 43, 436	71, 700 33, 831 45, 860	70, 433 35, 556 41, 841	65, 670 33, 107 36, 335	62, 260 37, 407 33, 139	
Machinery, totals do	202, 207 8, 003	216, 985 8, 260	195, 392 7, 389	219, 575 9, 442	241, 385 9, 191	224, 610 10, 345	270, 216 12, 973	271, 903 15, 201	274, 910 16, 278	263, 204 14, 705	234, 802 14, 032		
Agricultural do Tractors, parts, and accessories do Electrical§ do Metalworking§ do	49, 509	20, 451 49, 131 24, 966	15, 258 47, 728 21, 225	20, 328 54, 838 24, 673	26, 659 68, 899 28, 378	27, 561 62, 280 22, 318	32, 396 72, 492 29, 560	33, 468 75, 255 24, 691	32, 954 74, 554 26, 361	32, 890 72, 291 22, 818	26, 756 61, 924 21, 923		
Other industrialdodo	r 96, 981	r 104, 210	r 94, 136	r 100, 952	r 99, 986	, 93, 48 3	r 112, 544	r 113, 577	r 114, 166	110, 938	101, 273	94, 564	
Petroleum and products do Textiles and manufactures do	50,623	59, 144 58, 779	63, 144 55, 496	66, 650 r 55, 784	54, 787 r 52, 956	54, 693 50, 386	62, 408 58, 572	67, 092 53, 852	56, 083 58, 193	56, 958 52, 234	55, 787 47, 792	54, 461 45, 475	

Revised. ¹ Less than \$500. ♂Revisions for January–July 1952 will be shown later. ⊕ Excludes "special category" shipments and all commodities exported under foreign-aid programs as Department of Defense controlled cargo. ¶Total exports and data by economic classes and commodities include shipments under the Mutual Security Program. Total MSP shipments are as follows (mil. dol.): September 1952–September 1953, respectively—247.6; 173.1; 195.0; 275.8; 288.1; 272.3; 328.3; 339.8; 362.6; 371.1; 396.1; 274.1; 204.1. △ Excludes shipments under MSP and "special category" shipments on made under this program. ⊙ Including Manchuria beginning January 1952. ♀ Data for semimanufactures reported as "special category type 1" are included with finished manufactures. § Excludes "special category type 1" exports.

1	J.)52		<i>l</i>				1953				
Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber
ONAL	TRANS	5ACTIC	JNS O'	F THE	UNIT	ED S	CATES	Con	tinued			
			<u> </u>	1	1		'				1	
'	200	1	1	1	1 220	1		320		1	-27	2.00
876, 107	1 1	1 1	' '	922, 265	1	1 ' '	1 ' '	901, 626	1 1	907, 885		
30, 325 150, 077 170, 379	34, 972 165, 295 190, 700	124, 144	56, 798 185, 444 201, 012	53, 935 170, 575 180, 449	45, 119 140, 520 172, 292	48, 568 154, 992 214, 543	61, 716 177, 403 207, 845	53, 510 164, 010 194, 857	175, 200	7 43, 008 145, 703 204 207	44, 570 145, 040 178, 985)
206, 861	219, 224	202, 260	228, 973	183, 865	184, 930	214, 918	212, 304	210, 185	222, 790	203, 799	204, 274	·
84, 550 233, 916	86, 231 221, 665		134, 628 245, 399	137, 275 196, 165	121, 436 191, 632	150, 420 220, 799	147, 441 205, 696	103, 991 178, 074	101, 994 188, 900	103, 028 208, 140		
423	323	1, 851	7, 739	6, 840	2, 334	2, 328	4, 554	2, 497	1, 262	1, 589	786	
1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1		6, 361 8, 561		1
. 590	19, 976 1, 272	20, 262 518	30, 961 256	24, 527 678	17, 148 818	19, 848 571	23, 325	20, 540 499	19, 247 265	15, 403 601	15, 220 1, 538	}
24, 231 23, 625	24, 648 24, 631	19, 926 20, 919	27, 472 24, 666	27, 177 23, 045	22, 358 15, 439	23, 865 22, 032	26, 082 22, 330	21, 935 21, 150	22, 579 22, 563	19, 486 23, 727	15, 559 26, 493	}
18, 914 18, 994	22, 773 18, 873		21, 282 15, 787	19, 506 19, 422	18, 854 20, 750	18, 547 19, 716	19, 347 23, 937	18, 023 25, 929	22, 056 34, 882	20, 974 24, 992	14, 910	5
11, 717	15, 473	12, 552	14, 289	14, 161	12, 939	17, 355	18, 784	14, 409	17, 905	20, 483	13, 963	3
11,019	17, 264	14, 124	17, 577	13, 497	10, 153	15, 381	12, 123	13, 209	11, 549	12,725	11, 470)
42, 762	46, 056		42, 717	37, 535	44, 874	51, 361	46, 934	45, 656		1, 134 53, 866		
206, 065 305, 424	218, 880 287, 126	250, 443	228, 942 355, 952	183, 853 311, 272	184, 887 294, 594	214, 909 351, 998	212, 272 337, 552	210, 174 266, 724	222, 624 274, 477	203, 624 294, 732		5
16, 444 88, 896	19, 574 76, 739	15, 737 57, 678	22, 245 81, 653	22, 642 57, 817	15, 042 58, 576	20, 886 67, 596	18, 549 59, 677	14, 577 43, 197	16,093 48,619	27, 731 56, 753	9, 964 48, 030)
36, 518 36, 324	31, 261 30, 066	27, 778 28, 165	36, 895 41, 975	24, 844 33, 519	26, 314 31, 029	28, 143 37, 494	27, 304 43, 764	27, 170 35, 066	30, 403 34, 121	20, 278 41, 713	17, 238 42, 827	3
36, 755 25, 202	24, 431 29, 486		26, 468 51, 490	36, 600 41, 928 34, 575	32, 773 37, 861	48, 713 44, 221 29, 259	50, 054 39, 573	40, 255 26, 993	39, 495 28, 774	40, 680 26, 207	45, 095 23, 263	3
34, 804 880, 441	32, 964 966, 133	32, 585 796, 195	35, 814 1,022,526		34, 751 847, 414	39, 259 991, 841	33, 573 997, 691	37, 208 891, 102	34, 216 925, 613	35, 643 892, 595		
205, 172 177, 201	268, 444 162, 055		246, 727 229, 543	235, 401 190, 685	207, 846 175, 810	233, 896 207, 899		219, 125 150, 643		215, 902 157, 746		
101, 914 220, 571	89, 410 243, 927	74, 802 208, 513	80, 176 275, 415	85, 457 226, 328	76, 307 221, 684	106, 062 243, 141	104, 214 260, 145	99, 315 239, 091	105, 274 260, 284	101, 226 232, 061	95, 442 221, 050	2
175, 582	202, 297	179, 020	190, 664	175, 509	165, 766	200, 844	193, 696	182, 928	183, 667	185, 661	169, 383	3
359, 095 6, 344	371, 275 2, 897	8, 653	410, 953 24, 650	382, 547 20, 084	335, 271 15, 120	405, 857 13, 101	422, 200 17, 662	331, 416 17, 390	17, 282	327, 459 13, 754	9, 343	3
126, 550 3, 936	109, 608 4, 854	95, 080 3, 713	149, 133 5, 437	123, 611 5, 315	121, 604 4, 794	150, 361 5, 936	148, 425 8, 765	87, 985 8, 110	88, 607 9, 162	102, 599 6, 199	92, 939 6, 502	2
30, 807 40, 161	32, 648 19, 528	13, 708	18, 080	33, 282	31, 237	44, 450	44, 531	29, 106 42, 786	30, 217 49, 431	26, 445 43, 058 27, 815	43, 779	9
521, 346	594, 870	505, 860	611, 573	530, 833	512, 143	585, 985	575, 491	559, 686	596, 635	565, 136	533, 004	
114, 504	122, 889	103, 083	144, 037	114, 937	119, 542	122, 919	127, 389	118, 906	137, 901	113, 638	100, 902	
23, 611	41,844 30,693	40, 616 20, 889	49, 717 26, 806	34, 452 30, 687	43, 039 24, 555	36, 298 29, 169	47, 099 24, 139	44, 041 22, 652	52, 083 23, 259	41, 501 19, 501	31, 704 17, 607	
26, 605 49, 899	27, 071 51, 003	27, 323 48, 289	29, 675 53, 694	26, 031 46, 106	24, 219 43, 841	24, 039 49, 808	23, 677 51, 661	25, 003 48, 600	27, 082 50, 828	22, 828 48, 314	27, 800 51, 934	
52, 230	64, 466	54, 332	71, 635	65, 360	57, 702	64, 539	56, 802				58, 201	
TRA	NSPUI	RTATI	ON AN	ID CO!	MMUN	ICATI	IONS	1	1		T	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	'	1	1	1	
35, 566			3 5, 632		33, 836	37, 707	37, 681	39, 550	39, 517	41, 782	42,004	.
13, 720 5, 225	15, 826 5, 731	14, 566 5, 554	16, 591 7, 947	14, 459 5, 574	13, 133 5, 346	14, 967 5, 971	14, 065 5, 829	13, 992 5, 874	14, 033 5, 557	13, 426 5, 541	13, 650 5, 352	
2, 128 1, 121, 868			1,839					2, 265 1, 218, 245		2, 354 1, 305, 097		
33, 934		32, 426	43, 768	30, 918	29, 977		33, 121	31, 032	32, 613	29, 890	31, 162	,
13, 819	15, 295		17, 782	11, 253	10, 698			11, 410		10, 536		
12.1949			12. 5042	12. 5890	12. 6716	12. 7330	12. 7818			12.8941	12. 9386	
969 117, 600	1, 042 132, 000	126, 100		953 127, 300	120, 300	1, 004 130, 900	129, 200	126, 600		878 120, 500	831 121, 500	
1	1		1	1	1	1	1	1		1	1	
1,007 520,136			1, 001 587, 689			1, 066 583, 773						
490, 157 28, 637			575, 386			546, 096 32, 588						
1	1	1		1	1	1						
146	٠,		27	- ,	1	166		1	. 168			1
166 118, 351 95, 555 99, 819		-				86, 813			102, 976		-	-
	ber	September October September October DNAL TRANS 876, 107	ber	September	September	September	September	Septem	Septem	September October November December ONAL TRANSACTIONS OF THE UNITED STATES—Continued S70, 107 918, 088 894, 618 1,002, 224 922, 265 855, 928 1,004, 240 1,012, 404 901, 626 933, 789 907, 885 1,000, 224 922, 265 85, 928 1,004, 240 1,012, 404 901, 626 933, 789 907, 885 1,000, 224 922, 265 85, 928 1,004, 240 1,012, 404 901, 626 933, 789 907, 885 1,000, 224 922, 265 85, 928 1,004, 240 1,012, 404 1,01	September October November December	
Omerating Manchuria beginning January 1952.
†Data have been revised (beginning August 1945) to include fares charged by transit companies operating in cities having a 1950 population of 25,000 or over; earlier data prior to August 1952 will be shown later.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through		1	952	,					1953			,	
1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber
TRA	ANSPO	RTATI	ON A	ND CO	MMUN	ICATI	ONS—	Contin	ued				
TRANSPORTATION—Continued													
Class I Steam Railways Freight carloadings (A. A. R.): The state of t	- 2 264	9 904	4 001	0.071	0.050	0 #0*	0.000	0.054	0.000	2 004	0.064	4.000	3, 153
Total cars thousands Coal do Coke do	7 3, 364 636 57	3, 294 439 58	4, 001 713 74	2, 671 517 60	3, 352 631 75	2, 731 470 61	2, 802 451 59	2, 957 455 55	3, 883 626 71	3, 204 540 56	2, 964 397 50	4,022 678 64	532 49
Forest products do Grain and grain products do Livestock do	179 + 186 49	178 221 66	225 253 67	164 168 36	203 219 40	173 159 26	175 170 27	179 166 32	217 215 41	186 219 29	172 236 25	238 254 38	176 198 40
Oredododo	+ 388 289	357 302	371 360	85 265	96 318	78 274	83 288	245 281	438 346	369 268	378 257	473 347	361 271
Miscellaneous do Freight carloadings (Federal Reserve indexes): Total, unadjusted 1935–39=100.	1, 579 145	1, 673 138	1, 938 138	1, 377 120	1, 770 121	1, 490 119	1, 549 122	1, 544 127	1, 929 132	1, 537 133	1, 450 128	1,930 134	1, 526 137
Coal do do Forest products do do do do do do do do do do do do do	135 187 151	93 185 146	123 195 149	111 200 135	108 193 139	97 191 140	92 186 142	96 175 144	106 182 143	105 176 151	94 162 147	112 162 153	114 162 148
Grain and grain productsdodododo	138 93	157 117	144 95	123 66 77	128 59	112 46	119 47	117 58	124 58	158 52	166 46	142 55	147 78
Oredo Merchandise, I. c. ldo Miscellaneousdo	352 48 155	314 48 158	258 47 150	43 135	70 42 138	69 43 1 40	79 45 14 6	231 44 146	315 45 148	328 43 146	341 42 141	331 44 146	324 45 150
Total, adjusteddo Coaldo	134 135	128 93	134 123	131 111	134 108	130 97	132 92	129 96	130 106	128 105	123 94	130 112	126 114
Cokedo Forest productsdo Grain and grain productsdo	189 140 123	188 139 157	195 152 147	191 152 131	184 154 128	181 146 114	184 142 130	178 144 133	183 137 141	179 145 155	167 146 138	169 145 131	164 137 131
Livestock do do do do do do do do do do do do do	70 2 35	76 2 33	76 2 33	69 248	$\frac{62}{278}$	57 275	60 273	66 237	65 237	$\frac{60}{212}$	60 213	58 221	59 216
Merchandise, l. c. l	45 144	46 145	46 144	45 144	44 151	45 149	45 154	44 148	45 146	43 142	42 139	145 145	43 139
Car surplus, total number Box cars do Gondolas and open hoppers do	5, 693 331 113	8, 914 25 6, 996	5, 294 33 2, 030	24, 003 8, 113 10, 456	79, 262 21, 625 46, 558	69, 294 8, 145 51, 776	73, 260 7, 429 56, 584	58, 597 5, 584 43, 375	40, 222 12, 461 16, 278	25, 302 7, 511 7, 400	32, 717 2, 315 23, 982	21, 134 2, 761 9, 715	11, 074 1, 710 1, 202
Car shortage, total do do do do do do do do do do do do do	12,028 3,822	14, 194 8, 235	7, 075 4, 253	792 449	827 564	1, 376 768	1, 745 976	1, 501 602	2, 269 1, 385	4, 129 3, 111	3, 934 3, 400	2,486 1,769	3, 546 2, 530
Gondolas and open hoppersdo Financial operations: Operating revenues, totalthous. of dol	7, 691 r 942, 157	5, 169 985, 215	2, 472 908, 004	935, 061	137 863, 001	194 812, 968	203 919, 617	341 905, 605	527 901, 634	673 924, 362	925, 949	525 924, 754	953 904, 263
Freight do Ao Passenger do Operating expenses do Ao Ao Ao Ao Ao Ao Ao Ao Ao Ao Ao Ao Ao	796, 028 70, 581 674, 594	838, 101 66, 027 707, 483	769, 593 65, 025 661, 229	762, 543 84, 069 711, 367	713, 727 79, 199 661, 684	684, 368 64, 738 621, 092	779, 580 67, 052 1 696, 914	765, 798 67, 093 1 673, 704	763, 046 66, 880 680, 508	776, 260 75, 342 688, 949	773, 517 79, 704 701, 399	773, 524 76, 799 689, 467	763, 094 66, 111 673, 210
Tax accruals, joint facility and equipment rents thous, of dol. Net railway operating income	r 146, 252 r 121, 311	157, 064 120, 669	136, 088 110, 687	114, 091 109, 602	121, 242 80, 075	114, 076 77, 800	129, 134 93, 570	130, 392 101, 509	125, 733	135, 740	130, 122 94, 428	133, 651 101, 636	131, 112 99, 942
Net income ‡do Operating results:	94, 456	92, 073	84, 158	141, 852	57, 595	55, 943	71, 997	77, 241	95, 393 74, 420	99, 673 79, 232	71, 988	81, 526	99, 942
Freight carried 1 milemil. of ton-miles Revenue per ton-mile	58, 213 1, 430 2, 696	58, 066 1, 503 2, 481	56, 975 1, 417 2, 416	50, 753 1, 552 3, 118	51, 756 1, 458 2, 943	47, 714 1, 502 2, 389	53, 227 1, 536 2, 491	52, 570 1, 523 2, 499	56, 296 1, 429 2, 490	55, 194 1, 474 2, 830	53, 746 1, 509 3, 106	57, 490 1, 416 2, 965	
Waterway Traffic Clearances, vessels in foreign trade:								, ,	ŕ				
Total U. S. ports thous. of net tons. Foreign do United States do	9, 723 6, 523 3, 200	9, 637 6, 467 3, 170	8, 687 5, 813 2, 874	8, 560 5, 994 2, 565	8, 064 5, 713 2, 351	7, 271 4, 947	8, 134 5, 521						
Panama Canal: Totalthous, of long tons	2,888	3, 261	2, 866	3, 057	3, 037	2, 324 3, 009	2, 613 3, 233	3, 182	3, 153	3, 265	3, 236	3, 265	2, 934
In United States vesselsdo Travel	1, 148	1, 236	1, 077	1, 109	940	947	1, 168	1, 256	1,064	1,045	1,029	1, 056	1,004
Hotels: Average sale per occupied roomdollars Rooms occupiedpercent of total	6. 91 78	7. 13 83	7. 17 72	6. 49 63	6. 69 76	6. 77 78	6. 49 76	7. 14 78	6. 51 77	7. 04 77	6. 71 71	7. 44 73	7. 26 76
Restaurant sales indexsame month 1929=100 Foreign travel:	251	259	241	233	249	245	230	264	274	270	239	250	256
U. S. citizens, arrivals number U. S. citizens, departures do Emigrant aliens departed do Immigrant aliens admitted do Possports issuad	63, 766 r ² 2, 110	73, 084 55, 698 r 1, 579	60, 671 50, 824 71, 383	56, 399 53, 130 71, 631	59, 980 63, 018 1, 477	63, 298 71, 506 1, 476	74, 917 76, 349 2, 236	69, 358 86, 172 2, 314	69, 711 85, 632 1, 945				
National parks, visitors thousands	13, 402 25, 062 1, 603	16, 178 21, 497 982	16, 225 17, 109 375	15, 957 19, 466 237	12, 699 26, 700 253	10, 656 40, 199 328	13, 428 47, 501 419	13, 992 57, 560 599	14, 251 53, 901 1, 030	16, 089 44, 057 2, 439	36, 929 4, 004	26, 472 4, 040	23, 999 2, 005
Pullman Co.: Revenue passenger-miles millions Passenger revenues thous, of dol.	718 9, 113	717 9, 064	665 8, 368	766 9, 664	919 11,610	741	748 9, 817	696	656	693	656	627	,
COMMUNICATIONS Telephone carriers:	0,110	3,001	0,000	3,004	11,010	9, 388	9,017	9, 132	8, 622	9, 120	8, 652	8, 208	
Operating revenues thous, of dol_ Station revenues do	357, 925 210, 387	370, 929 216, 164	359, 634 214, 751	380, 586 223, 190	374, 578 222, 116 124, 327	363, 949 219, 159	378, 836 223, 607	380, 115 225, 848	385, 809 228, 180	386, 901 228, 995	388, 856 227, 324		
Tolls, messagedo Operating expenses, before taxesdo	120, 911 255, 480	127, 665 261, 973	117, 549 251, 155	129, 766 273, 404	124, 327 260, 513	116, 260 248, 719	126, 615 264, 660	125, 153 262, 177	128, 219 278, 219	128, 304 267, 821	1		
Net operating incomedo Phones in service, end of monththousands	40, 878 41, 419	44, 112 41, 621	43, 950 41, 786	50, 534 42, 068	45, 507 42, 116	46, 270 42, 298	45, 385 42, 488	47, 354 42, 670	47, 103 42, 850	47, 586 42, 956	43, 386		
Telegraph, cable, and radiotelegraph carriers: Wire-telegraph: Operating revenuesthous. of dol	17, 251	17, 842	15, 881	18, 962	16, 937	16 022	10 045	17 510	17 077	10 401	17 015	17 001	
Operating expenses, incl. depreciationdo Net operating revenuesdo	17, 251 15, 534 974	15, 850 1, 253	15, 881 14, 761 435	16, 225 2, 370	15, 937 15, 487 655	16, 033 14, 178 1, 097	18, 245 15, 325 2, 136	17, 710 15, 187 1, 734	17, 977 15, 835 1, 346	18, 401 15, 802 1, 820	17, 617 16, 332 528	17, 221 15, 709 816	
Ocean-cable: Operating revenues Operating expenses, incl. depreciation do	2,377 1,779	2, 470 1, 804	2, 272 1, 820	2, 603 1, 919	2, 456 1, 875	2, 293 1, 778	2, 617 1, 869	2, 276 1, 846	2, 257 1, 855	2, 315 1, 777	2,344 1,946	2, 370 1, 803	
Net operating revenuesdo Radiotelegraph: Operating revenuesdo	383 2, 461	438 2, 611	256 2,391	436 2,799	360 2, 453	296 2,346	2, 657	2, 545	194 2,480	333 2, 550	180 2, 533	355	
Operating expenses, incl. depreciation do Net operating revenues	2, 090 259	2, 160	2, 069 267	2, 297 489	2, 133 192	1, 992 222	2, 130 390	2, 166 299	2, 480 2, 100 249	2, 130 2, 130 288	2, 333 2, 174 232	2, 139	

Revised. ¹ March data include operating expenses amounting to \$17,700,000 which are applicable to the months of December 1952-February 1953; April data, \$2,400,000 applicable to December 1952-March 1953. ² Revisions for July and August 1952: 3,369; 2,706. ‡Revised data for August 1952, \$81,190,000. o³D ata for November 1952 and January, May, and August 1953 are for 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through		19	52						1953				
1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber
			~ ~					~					

CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS

	С	HEMI	CALS	AND A	ALLIEI) PRO	DUCT	S					
CHEMICALS													
Inorganic chemicals, production:‡ Ammonia, synthetic anhydrous (commercial)													
Short tonsdodo	(1)	184, 319 (¹)	178, 562 (¹)	193, 507	188, 882 419	173, 857 926	189, 644 534	188, 173 276	192, 424 216	185, 194 (1)	185, 515 (1)	193, 932 (1)	
Calcium carbide (commercial)do Carbon dioxide, liquid, ga s , and soliddo Chlorine, gasdo	47, 947 r 65, 340 r 209, 906	56, 315 r 54, 882 r 229, 511	56, 150 + 46, 117 + 219, 536	61, 903 + 45, 562 + 224, 868	65, 788 44, 463 231, 017	61, 913 43, 997 217, 261	68, 946 52, 950 233, 081	68, 391 51, 823 235, 596	69, 703 66, 194 241, 177	65, 371 77, 859 235, 153	69, 603 83, 907 7 241, 110	66, 498 82, 974 237, 835	
Hydrochloric acid (100% HCl) dodo	7 57, 908	r 62, 050	⁷ 62, 178 381	* 65, 369	66, 056 709	60, 570 1, 194	65, 960 1, 144	65, 270 1, 444	65, 890 964	63, 342 822	62, 46 3	63, 073	
Lead arsenate (acid and basic) do Nitric acid (100% HNO ₃) do Oxygen (high purity) mil. of cu. ft. Phosphoric acid (50% H ₃ PO ₄) short tons. Soda ash, ammonia-soda process (98–100%	134, 588 2, 023 r 186, 282	140, 866 2, 251 r 206, 792	147, 180 2, 175 r 181, 350	157, 508 r 2, 296 r 177, 178	156, 824 2, 278 207, 747	139, 178 2, 161 199, 765	146, 594 2, 336 214, 811	141, 444 2, 182 210, 153	134, 352 2, 197 218, 427	134, 227 2, 035 198, 325	140, 268 r 1, 992 195, 728	144, 624 2, 125 209, 923	
Na ₂ CO ₃) short tons Sodium bichromate and chromate do Sodium hydroxide (100% NaOH) do do do do do do do do do do do do do	349, 218 r 7, 426 r 242, 114	405, 778 r 8, 644 r 260, 156	431, 598 ⁷ 8, 234 ⁷ 256, 495	414, 557 + 8, 339 + 259, 598	422, 365 8, 490 269, 311	370, 735 7, 440 256, 482	423, 755 8, 034 274, 614	432, 747 9, 234 278, 970	438, 427 10, 534 288, 216	390, 988 11, 414 277, 495	408, 351 10, 177 282, 175	414, 642 10, 273 274, 365	
Sodium silicate, soluble silicate glass (anhydrous) short tons.	r 45, 147	r 60, 995	44, 373	r 45, 891	41, 181	41, 950	49, 941	57, 708	54, 037	44, 433	41, 270	36, 639	
Sodium sulfate, Glauber's salt and crude salt cake short tons Sulfuric acid:	r 69, 413	75, 070	r 76, 068	r 81, 436	81, 814	73, 221	80, 383	79, 776	78, 422	78, 818	r 75, 609	77, 869	
Production (100% H ₂ SO ₄)do Price, wholesale, 66°, tanks, at works	1,076,337	r 1,164,978	⁷ 1,159,217	r 1,192,921	1, 184, 405	1, 116, 994	1, 270, 151	1, 206, 913	1, 257, 882	1,163,791	⁷ 1,155,529	1, 118, 288	
Organic chemicals:	20.00	20.00	20.00	20.00	20.00	20.00	20.00	20.00	20.00	22. 35	22. 3 5	22. 35	2 22. 35
Acetic acid (synthetic and natural), production thous, of ib. Acetic anhydride, production do Acetylsalicylic acid (aspirin), production do Acetylsalicylic acid (aspirin), production.	32, 781 74, 404 807	38, 746 80, 829 1, 189	39, 241 69, 515 1, 145	42, 985 72, 855 1, 137	39, 858 67, 175 1, 120	33, 894 61, 361 1, 115	44, 211 71, 448 1, 195	40, 688 67, 380 1, 342	42, 105 71, 065 1, 278	40, 219 74, 568 1, 117	48, 871 7 82, 359 959		
Alcohol, ethyl: Productionthous, of proof galdodo	36, 439 87, 430	35, 839 85, 838	31, 552 81, 702	42, 182 83, 245	46, 161 84, 263	45, 013 77, 701	46, 837 64, 238	44, 681 74, 492	43, 394 78, 581	40, 645 72, 519	39, 034 75, 501	31, 934	
In industrial alcohol bonded warehouses thous of proof gal In denaturing plantsdo Used for denaturationdo Withdrawn tax-paiddo	48, 430 39, 000 31, 249 2, 057	46, 419 39, 419 35, 172 2, 058	42, 281 39, 421 34, 286 2, 101	44, 833 38, 412 40, 638 1, 448	52, 686 31, 577 35, 349 1, 815	56, 948 20, 753 40, 320 1, 892	54, 592 9, 646 56, 224 2, 171	55, 022 19, 470 34, 435 2, 105	54, 872 23, 709 35, 640 2, 030	53, 812 18, 707 37, 469 2, 206	53, 731 21, 770 36, 557 2, 106	30, 361 21, 514 35, 346 1, 944	
Alcohol, denatured: Productionthous. of wine gal. Consumption (withdrawals)do	16, 987 16, 799	19, 226 19, 166	19, 613 18, 428	28, 417 23, 665	19, 037 20, 225	21, 659 17, 583	30, 199 25, 169	18, 414 23, 105	19, 201 21, 845	20, 126 23, 309	19, 649 20, 890	19, 058 17, 861	
Alconol, denatured: Production thous of wine gal Consumption (withdrawals) do Stocks do Cresote oil, production thous of gal Ethyl acetate (85%), production thous of lb Glycerin, refined (100% basis): High gravity and yellow distilled:	7, 326 12, 277 7, 984	7, 347 12, 868 7, 363	8, 548 13, 666 8, 082	8, 285 12, 785 8, 375	7, 084 12, 631 6, 925	9, 689 10, 813 7, 222	14, 909 11, 505 7, 685	10, 207 12, 386 7, 423	8, 855 14, 015 6, 004	6, 844 13, 570 8, 200	5, 575 11, 448 7, 343	13, 704 4, 995	
Production	7, 279 6, 975 12, 066	7, 602 8, 101 11, 447	7, 043 7, 102 11, 006	6, 898 6, 219 11, 370	6, 701 6, 503 12, 998	6, 762 6, 276 12, 697	8, 097 6, 866 14, 856	7, 380 7, 092 15, 660	6, 993 6, 787 1 5, 912	7, 653 6, 265 17, 999	5, 1 5 1 6, 037 16, 591	5, 235 6, 400 15, 834	7, 783 6, 498 16, 529
Chemically pure: do Production do Consumption do Stocks do	10, 040 7, 991 17, 173	11, 147 8, 886 16, 211	10, 629 7, 527 15, 336	11, 663 7, 608 14, 595	12, 181 8, 233 16, 069	13, 258 7, 552 17, 644	14, 722 8, 217 20, 146	13, 276 7, 897 21, 323	14, 331 7, 698 24, 049	12, 234 9, 021 25, 774	10, 747 8, 536 25, 580	12, 797 8, 899 25, 813	11, 322 8, 877 24, 605
Methanol, production: Natural (100%) thous. of gal. Synthetic (100%) do Phthalic anhydride, production thous. of lb.	r 228	7 188 13, 367 19, 036	r 173 13, 329 20, 480	r 166 15, 544 19, 978	153 14, 027 20, 013	148 11, 890 18, 481	184 13, 275 21, 841	192 12, 469 17, 519	204 12, 553 18, 181	189 12, 683 18, 059	146 14, 326 20, 375	165 13, 861 19, 659	
FERTILIZERS		ļ			1			İ			} }		
Consumption (12 States) \$thous. of short tons. Exports, totalshort tons. Nitrogenous materialsdo Phosphate materialsdo Potash materialsdo	. 28,068	559 242, 814 7, 955 219, 806 12, 602	572 169, 991 7, 850 148, 848 7, 848	685 141, 260 7, 345 113, 557 8, 686	924 140, 760 5, 946 116, 482 6, 637	1, 324 161, 193 5, 336 139, 696 9, 161	2, 030 199, 096 6, 853 179, 311 7, 814	1, 863 227, 068 14, 628 201, 527 6, 734	910 230, 296 5, 650 214, 016 6, 101	426 311, 892 7, 367 295, 012 5, 463	219 272, 139 6, 425 254, 557 5, 507	2 228 306, 740 5, 484 287, 477 6, 913	
Imports, total do Nitrogenous materials, total do Nitrate of soda do	228, 999 181, 487 69, 563	220, 929 170, 367 69, 842	193, 988 138, 598 66, 738	194, 599 140, 058 50, 743	232, 080 180, 359 41, 722	296, 708 245, 377 37, 565	364, 728 291, 591 75, 600	417, 574 330, 194 88, 419	299, 677 239, 888 92, 119	249, 670 205, 411 86, 555	168, 940 132, 082 19, 489	166, 587 133, 866 22, 949	
Phosphate materials do do do do do do do do do do do do do	6, 460 33, 020	10, 856 25, 556	26, 124 16, 698	8, 735 31, 923	12, 400 27, 654	4, 521 30, 831	11, 610 29, 031	11, 527 40, 955	5, 080 13, 819	10, 719 9, 596	8, 434 14, 686	8, 694 9, 288	
Price, wholesale, nitrate of soda, crude, f. o. b. cars, port warehousesdol. per short tonshort tonsshort tonsshort tonsshort tons	57. 00 149, 678	57. 00 142, 726	57. 00 127, 884	57. 00 133, 733	57. 00 139, 339	57. 00 167, 733	57. 00 214, 470	57. 00 183. 982	57. 00 142, 816	57. 00 108, 479	57. 00 130, 816	57. 00 133, 370	p 53, 00 132, 228
Superphosphate (100% A.P.A.) of Production short tons. Stocks, end of month do	167, 152 253, 343	188, 722 252, 582	165, 229 251, 707	169, 459 271, 922	174, 796 279, 846	174, 494 257, 996	200, 068 206, 673	215, 197 163, 678	196, 945 181, 727	164, 600 214, 636	r 151, 444 r 231, 501	160, 623 243, 433	
NAVAL STORES			İ										
Rosin (gum and wood): Production, semiannual totaldrums (520 lb.). Stocks, end of perioddo Price, gum, wholesale, "WG" grade (N. Y.), bulk	904, 650						769, 520 \$ 859, 380						
dol. per 100 lb. Turpentine (gum and wood): Production, semiannual totalbbl. (50 gal.)	8. 70	8. 50	8. 50	8. 40	8. 90	8. 80	8. 80 233, 670	8. 60	8. 60	8.35	8, 45	8. 60	▶ 7. 73
Stocks, end of perioddo Price, gum, wholesale (N. Y.)dol. per gal	. 62				-				.60		•	-	

r Revised. P Preliminary. 1 Not available for publication. 2 Data for 10 States, excluding Indiana and Missouri. 3 Revisions for March 1952: Rosin 722,580 drums; turpentine, 184,450 bbl. 1 Revisions prior to September 1952 will be shown later. States represented are: North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Tennessee, Arkansas, Louisiana, Texas, Oklahoma, Indiana, and Missouri. According to quarterly reports from Virginia and semiannual reports from Kentucky, consumption in those States is as follows (thous. short tons): Virginia—1952—July-September, 90; October-December, 100; 1953—January-March, 319; April-June, 322; Kentucky—1952, July-December, 225; 1953, January-June, 453.

3 Prior to the October 1953 Survey, data were shown in short tons of 18% A. P. A. (available phosphoric acid).

nless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the	Septem-	195	Novem-	Decem-		Febru-			1953				Septem
1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	ber	October	ber	ber	January	ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	ber
	CHEMI	CALS	AND .	ALLIE	D PRO	DUCT	S—Co	ntinue	d				
MISCELLANEOUS													
plosives (industrial), shipments: Black blasting powderthous. of lb. High explosivesdo	1,010 66,177	1, 184 66, 621	1,016 59,840	902 56, 709	1,056 56,212	812 56,871	710 58, 876	634 63, 170	553 64, 562	503 64, 765	579 61, 167	754 68, 135	9 67, 8
lfur: Productionthous. of long tons Stocksdo	429	431 3,065	436 3,054	423 3,069	419 3, 130	382 3,089	472 3, 043	480 3,001	455 2, 867	419 2, 920	424 2, 960	451 3, 037	3, 0
FATS, OILS, OILSEEDS, AND BYPRODUCTS					į								
imal fats, greases, and oils: Animal fats:					ļ								
Production thous. of lb. Consumption, factory do. Stocks, end of month do.	. 110,119	358, 024 128, 965 296, 004	367, 547 104, 045 327, 150	431, 751 105, 973 406, 370	427, 887 113, 586 460, 719	343, 522 127, 834 453, 996	344, 181 128, 956 449, 299	331, 952 125, 007 443, 138	311, 131 126, 654 431, 798	300, 366 116, 414 413, 191	291, 364 101, 330 380, 414	7276, 369 107, 346 318, 383	282, 0 121, 6 280, 9
Ireases: Productiondo Consumption, factorydo	43, 600 37, 100	54, 838 44, 866	55, 434 34, 533	57, 588 32, 518	57, 636 39, 197	51, 541 35, 222	51,090 40,361	52,056 34,996	52, 336 33, 926	50, 838 32, 625	46, 140 23, 966	45, 152 31, 879	43, 30,
Stocks, end of monthdo Pish oils: Productiondo	13,407	9, 268	107, 530 5, 743	3, 037	117, 840 486	115,820	109,800	1,844	105,053 8,000	99, 715 18, 087	106,866 27,357	103, 388 28, 839	102, 30,
Consumption, factory do Stocks, end of month do setable oils, oilseed s, and byproducts: egetable oils, total:	11, 763 89, 990	15, 957 103, 115	14, 975 92, 801	10, 832 90, 117	17, 820 76, 380	14, 599 65, 644	11,930 51,459	11, 443 47, 180	12, 989 46, 731	10, 672 46, 797	11, 148 51, 287	10, 246 74, 408	12, 90,
Production, crudemil. of lb. Consumption, crude, factorydo	413	627 566	592 532	566 562	572 551	488 521	510 546	457 525	415 458	369 446	322 378	379 426	
CrudedoRefineddo		1, 049 474	1,096 578	1,115 689	1, 147 777	1, 112 872	1, 102 967	1,074 1,044	1,052 1,072	985 1,095	970 1,077	7 912 1. 052	1,
Exports thous of lb Imports, total do Paint oils do All other vegetable oils do	32, 922	30, 808 36, 190 3 664 32, 526	41, 414 37, 953 2, 494 35, 459	35, 276 33, 425 733 32, 692	18, 102 33, 909 441 33, 468	17, 699 25, 247 877 24, 369	18, 875 33, 521 554 32, 966	15, 467 60, 054 2, 481 57, 573	18, 942 44, 941 2, 336 42, 604	7 15, 915 39, 291 2, 644 36, 647	18, 714 34, 838 1, 194 33, 644	24, 499 30, 146 2, 826 27, 320	
opra: Consumption, factory short tons. Stocks, end of month do. Imports do	_ 10,070	35, 228 16, 591 43, 529	30, 262 12, 324 25, 218	29, 524 12, 900 23, 426	27, 095 26, 583	19, 014 19, 969	28, 611 11, 277 29, 029	31, 031 17, 729 38, 517	25, 546 18, 786 18, 883	29, 421 14, 416 24, 683	23, 958 15, 997 21, 759	28, 337 72, 839	29 17
econut or copra oil: Production: Crudethous, of lb. Refineddo	41, 096 38, 003	45, 425 41, 035	38, 622 31, 423	37, 619 30, 958	34, 491 27, 041	24, 232 29, 174	36, 332 29, 922	39, 520 26, 942	32, 318 26, 959	37, 590 29, 970	31, 280 26, 372	35, 997 31, 411	37, 31,
Consumption, factory: Crude do Refined do Stocks, end of month:	56, 545 34, 112	61, 323 35, 858	47, 506 26, 344	47, 818 27, 401	42, 439 24, 030	45, 998 25, 409	44, 820 27, 093	41, 591 23, 201	43, 527 23, 063	45, 273 27, 053	39, 125 22, 478	45, 597 27, 318	47, 29,
Crudedo Refineddo Importsdo	46, 974 7, 616 10, 137	42, 465 8, 334 14, 152	45, 915 8, 415 16, 162	47, 506 7, 980 13, 615	44, 552 8, 241 10, 846	30, 782 7, 677 5, 298	36, 744 7, 429 9, 069	41, 411 8, 809 19, 011	38, 685 8, 759 9, 896	41, 113 7, 723 7, 079	41, 803 8, 732 8, 013	37, 393 9, 019 11, 774	46 9
ottonseed: Receipts at millsthous. of short tons. Consumption (crush)do Stocks at mills, end of monthdo	_ 521	1,757 782 2,010	1, 097 719 2, 388	539 666 2, 261	222 655 1,827	100 550 1,391	38 480 949	28 377 614	14 266 361	44 208 197	113 155 155	276 182 250	1
ottonseed cake and meal: Production short tons Stocks at mills, end of month do ottonseed oil, crude:	248, 660 81, 857	379, 384 115, 114	348, 802 144, 420	317, 680 155, 303	310, 755 194, 047	262, 173 210, 115	231, 782 208, 612	181, 730 178, 690	129, 515 1 140, 897	99, 667 1 122, 619	75, 673 1 91, 549	86, 379 1 69, 948	241 1112
Production thous of lb. Stocks, end of month do ottonseed oil, refined:	156, 459 103, 809	249, 604 162, 946	231, 827 188, 505	213, 966 178, 154	211, 130 178, 757	180, 541 170, 739	165, 269 149, 973	133, 124 115, 605	95, 387 84, 671	74, 529 56, 418	55, 418 42, 451	57, 397 37, 830	157 89
Production do. Consumption, factory do. In margarine do. Stocks, end of month \$ do. Price, wholesale, drums (N. Y.) dcl. per lb.	103, 262 32, 434	173, 856 119, 867 29, 288 343, 165	190, 034 86, 397 24, 707 445, 493	198, 592 95, 697 26, 480 544, 572	104, 450 29, 016	99, 752 25, 781	169, 882 90, 754 23, 109 811, 815	159, 289 92, 053 18, 144 881, 275	119, 424 79, 258 17, 430 916, 453	96, 142 75, 610 19, 744 935, 273	67, 740 68, 663 15, 664 928, 561	59, 998 83, 622 16, 724 918, 585	97 89 18 927
'laxseed: Production (crop estimate)thous. of bu_	1	, 191	. 193	. 195	. 228	. 179	. 233	. 233	. 233	. 233	. 220	7.206	3 39
Oil mills: Consumption do. Stocks, end of month do. Price, wholesale, No. 1 (Minn.) dol. per bu	2, 303 5, 461 4. 17	2, 903 6, 154 4. 08	2, 699 5, 621 4. 10	2, 285 4, 967 4, 10	2, 627 4, 355 4, 04	2, 065 3, 679 3, 90	1, 924 2, 822 3, 95	1, 680 2, 136 3, 84	1, 221 2, 063 3, 76	1,609 1,449 3.65	1, 311 2, 064 3, 50	2, 200 1, 738 3, 56	$\begin{bmatrix} 2\\2 \end{bmatrix}$
inseed oil, raw: Production thous, of lb Consumption, factory Stocks at factory, end of month do Price, wholesale (Minneapolis), dol. per lb,	51, 841 616, 537	58, 017 53, 608 622, 079 . 151	54, 620 47, 674 626, 611 . 150	46, 016 42, 335 634, 959 . 148	51, 336 41, 602 643, 703 . 146	41, 300 41, 599 641, 675 . 148	39, 027 43, 085 636, 113 . 151	34, 663 42, 864 626, 180 . 152	24, 497 42, 697 599, 768 . 150	31, 975 41, 131 588, 812 . 145	26, 764 45, 511 575, 613 . 138	43, 904 49, 644 7 562, 033 . 142	55 46 562
oybeans: Production (crop estimate)	14, 969	22, 507 85, 496	21, 997 89, 783	2 291, 682 21, 397 79, 852	21, 550 65, 741	18, 679 55, 817	20, 437 49, 613	19, 201 44, 764	20, 670 34, 380	17, 291 26, 905	16, 338 18, 865	18, 684 7, 613	3 259, 15, 15,
oybean oil: Production: Crudethous. of lb. Refineddo.	155, 632 166, 542	238, 300 199, 066	230, 609 173, 576	226, 935 198, 811	231, 000 202, 969	200, 412 186, 396	221, 783 203, 529	208, 414 198, 287	226, 293	190.086	179, 503	208, 660	172
Consumption, factory, refineddo Stocks, end of month:	187,729 98,287	210, 621 124, 629	171, 950 139, 602	182, 331 153, 674	195, 424 166, 204	175, 466 156, 308	190, 474 158, 194	182, 488 156, 951	175, 291 162, 942 190, 873	185, 566 166, 319 166, 767	155, 987 155, 641 176, 495	200, 180 191, 992 161, 242	214 220 111
Refined	96, 020 . 156	75, 677	73, 545 . 161	83, 716	87,118	88, 275 . 191	98, 342 . 208	103, 952	100, 864	106, 456 . 208	93, 779	82, 103	68

Revised. Preliminary. See note marked "\seen." Estimate for 1952. October 1 estimate. Revision for February 1952; 58,897,000 lb. \sqrt{lncludes stocks owned by the Commodity Credit Corporation (beginning May 1953 for cake and meal and beginning 1952 for refined oil).

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through		19	52						1953				
1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber
	CHEMI	CALS	AND .	ALLIEI) PRO	DUCT	S—Cor	ntinued	.			. !	
FATS, OILS, ETC.—Continued													
Vegetable oils, oilseeds, and byproducts—Con. Margarine:		1											
Production thous of lb. Stocks (factory and warehouse) do. Price, wholesale, vegetable, colored, delivered (eastern U. S.) dol. per lb.	125, 694 18, 615	123, 403 23, 362 . 284	105, 480 21, 694 . 284	116, 840 25, 283	126, 580 23, 412	114, 037 25, 364 , 284	113, 421 23, 911	93, 279 23, 105	89, 896 20, 817	103, 203 20, 246	89, 753 23, 366	96, 053 18, 372	114, 574 19, 350 P, 264
Shortening: Production. thous. of lb. Stocks, end of month do	140, 171 74, 126	178, 057 86, 653	126, 622 93, 678	131, 749 93, 668	141, 878 87, 976	134, 857 97, 290	137, 161 92, 646	141, 998 108, 894	118, 229 127, 912	106, 815 126, 538	105, 858 113, 700	130, 906 100, 911	152, 322 89, 440
PAINTS, VARNISH, AND LACQUERS		110 854	04 700	01.050	107 700	404 174	101 100	100 501	101 001	400 000	404.050		
Factory shipments, totalthous. of dol. Industrial salesdodo	117, 026 44, 636 72, 390	119, 754 49, 002 70, 752	94, 769 40, 808 53, 961	91, 050 41, 536 49, 514	107, 729 42, 960 64, 769	106, 176 43, 788 62, 388	121, 132 49, 645 71, 487	129, 534 52, 035 77, 499	131, 004 52, 352 78, 652	133, 275 50, 970 82, 305	7 124, 953 7 48, 641 7 76, 312	121, 738 47, 936 73, 797	
SYNTHETIC PLASTICS AND RESIN MATERIALS Production:													
Cellulose acetate and mixed ester plastics: Sheets, rods, and tubes thous. of lb. Molding and extrusion materials do. Nitrocellulose, sheets, rods, and tubes do. Other cellulose plastics do.	2, 223 6, 109 581 303	2, 852 6, 679 589 468	2, 345 5, 629 506 529	2, 659 5, 780 556 456	2, 360 5, 992 610 532	2, 575 6, 207 593 521	3, 348 7, 102 706 713	3, 184 7, 044 659 602	3, 243 6, 073 662 683	3, 590 6, 770 691 594	2, 718 5, 349 522 476	2, 846 6, 259 597 449	
Phenolic and other tar acid resins do Polystyrene do Urea and melamine resins do Vinyl resins do Alkyd resins do Rosin modifications do Miscellaneous resins do	30, 996 27, 484 16, 942 32, 764 31, 224 9, 488 18, 078	39, 144 37, 919 19, 868 39, 247 33, 936 8, 639 21, 728	35, 539 38, 515 18, 315 39, 881 27, 644 8, 914 21, 274	34, 474 37, 043 20, 473 41, 654 31, 002 7, 840 21, 925	35, 305 32, 938 17, 883 44, 506 32, 978 8, 705 21, 788	32, 975 34, 374 16, 196 41, 028 31, 228 8, 246 21, 304	40, 843 40, 233 20, 111 46, 721 36, 439 9, 420 22, 946	41, 551 35, 764 18, 498 46, 295 34, 274 8, 882 22, 458	38, 299 39, 374 19, 856 46, 790 32, 980 8, 700 23, 204	37, 633 36, 013 19, 442 44, 884 32, 600 8, 480 23, 870	32, 361 32, 399 13, 745 40, 392 31, 420 10, 555 19, 176	35, 764 38, 678 16, 347 43, 592 28, 969 9, 399 19, 268	
	1	EI	<u> </u> LECTR	IC PO	WER /	AND C	AS					<u> </u>	
ELECTRIC POWER							<u> </u>	1	<u> </u>				
Production (utility and industrial), total								İ					
Electric utilities, total	38, 723 33, 346 25, 985 7, 361	40, 571 34, 868 27, 815 7, 053	39, 365 33, 781 27, 217 6, 564	42, 389 36, 536 28, 279 8, 257	42, 656 36, 663 27, 402 9, 261	39, 165 33, 597 24, 603 8, 995	42, 993 36, 969 26, 771 10, 197	41, 510 35, 627 25, 923 9, 705	41, 995 35, 982 25, 695 10, 288	42, 733 36, 827 27, 732 9, 095	43, 927 38, 030 29, 276 8, 755	44, 497 38, 497 30, 043 8, 454	42, 923 37, 038 29, 449 7, 589
Other producers do Industrial establishments, total do By fuels do By water power do Sales to ultimate customers, total (Edison Electric	28, 618 4, 728 5, 378 5, 064 314	30, 283 4, 586 5, 703 5, 438 265	29, 372 4, 409 5, 584 5, 343 241	31, 450 5, 086 5, 853 5, 533 321	31, 432 5, 231 5, 994 5, 571 423	28, 431 5, 166 5, 567 5, 149 418	31, 249 5, 720 6, 024 5, 572 452	30, 239 5, 388 5, 882 5, 426 456	30, 294 5, 688 6, 013 5, 578 435	31, 317 5, 510 5, 905 5, 511 395	32, 209 5, 821 5, 897 5, 563 334	32, 331 6, 166 6, 000 5, 718 282	31, 285 5, 752 5, 886 5, 611 275
Sales to ultimate customers, total (Edison Electric Institute 1	29, 224	29, 279 5, 235	29, 353 5, 187	30, 676 5, 414	31, 616 5, 594	30, 875 5, 411	31, 664 5, 345	31, 346 5, 287	30, 991 5, 356	31, 358 5, 620	31, 951 6, 081	ļ	
Large light and powerdo. Railways and railroadsdo. Residential or domesticdo. Rural (distinct rural rates)do. Street and highway lightingdo. Other public authoritiesdo.	6, 819 1, 016 288	14, 825 426 6, 951 765 321 712	14, 587 433 7, 460 600 342 710	14, 888 480 8, 259 525 364 714	14, 810 475 9, 081 540 363 720	14, 741 440 8, 627 575 327 718	15, 684 462 8, 383 683 325 734	15, 663 436 8, 033 854 290 731	15, 749 412 7, 614 809 272 727	16, 037 394 7, 438 801 255 758	15, 942 380 7, 479 1, 006 259 752		
Interdepartmental. do Revenue from sales to ultimate customers (Edison Electric Institute)‡. thous. of dol.	- 43	521, 062	34	32 550, 591	33 569, 334	38 557, 643	49 560, 606	51 554, 637	53 549, 247	55 555, 798	52		
GAS♂	. 021, 201	321,002	027, 420	000,001	305, 304	337,043	300, 000	334, 037	048, 247	330, 195	566, 985		
Manufactured and mixed gas (quarterly): Customers, end of quarter, total thousands. Residential (incl. house-heating) do. Industrial and commercial do. Sales to consumers, total mil. of therms. Residential do. Industrial and commercial do. Revenue from sales to consumers, total	6, 260 471 545 269			474 804 493			6, 552 6, 081 467 1, 095 748 336			. 485			
Residential (incl. house-heating) thous. of dol. Industrial and commercial do. Natural gas (quarterly): Customers, end of quarter, total thousands.	57, 595 26, 026			80, 986	1		146, 648 108, 093 37, 524 19, 690			111, 643 78, 965 31, 899 19, 721			
Residential (incl. house-heating) do do do do do Sales to consumers, total mil. of therms Residential (incl. house-heating) do	17, 278 1, 418 9, 600 1, 345			17, 802 1, 533 13, 593 4, 175			18, 078 1, 591 16, 249 6, 757			18, 138 1, 562 12, 606 3, 510			
Revenue from sales to consumers, total thous. of dol- Residential (incl. house-heating)do Industrial and commercialdo	127, 274			556, 696 308, 596 232, 052			756, 107 477, 947 265, 043			524, 442 280, 128 232, 779		.	

^{*}Revisions for 1952 appear in the September 1953 Survey; those for 1951 will be shown later.

\$Revisions for 1952 for electric-power production and for gas are shown in the October 1953 Survey.

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{Revisions for 1952 for ele

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through	1	19	52		1				1953				
1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber
	•	FO	ODST	UFFS	AND T	OBAC	CO	······································					<u> </u>
ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES													
Fermented malt liquors: Production	7, 132 7, 182 10, 597	6, 844 6, 852 10, 132	5, 787 5, 908 9, 598	6, 686 6, 774 9, 096	6, 621 5, 707 9, 606	6, 191 5, 630 9, 789	7, 683 6, 658 10, 324	8, 167 7, 198 10, 720	7, 791 7, 118 10, 905	8, 753 8, 083 11, 062	9, 905 9, 210 11, 104	9, 458 8, 905 11, 005	8, 338 8, 756 10, 013
Production	15, 324 r 11, 510 921, 480 1, 575	20, 691 19, 463 15, 909 909, 081 2, 048	12, 265 18, 966 15, 013 898, 143 2, 360	10, 558 22, 785 10, 216 894, 492 2, 204	10, 321 13, 398 8, 872 892, 357 1, 183	9, 548 13, 597 9, 124 890, 328 1, 302	12, 539 14, 785 11, 311 887, 827 1, 735	12, 116 15, 277 10, 785 886, 619 1, 469	11, 812 16, 139 10, 799 884, 315 1, 636	11, 469 14, 686 10, 839 881, 824 1, 594	9, 632 14, 306 9, 735 878, 764 1, 521	7, 282 14, 024 9, 371 7 873, 616 1, 490	15, 378 12, 633 867, 166
Whisky: Production	3, 208 6, 204 754, 200 1, 443	3, 859 9, 053 745, 181 1, 826	3, 683 8, 312 737, 913 2, 162	5, 782 5, 676 735, 172 1, 977	6, 836 5, 320 734, 248 1, 063	6, 939 5, 307 733, 138 1, 185	8, 295 6, 149 732, 448 1, 639	8, 053 5, 917 731, 757 1, 337	7, 232 5, 608 730, 843 1, 504	7, 674 5, 499 730, 916 1, 465	5, 680 4, 793 729, 729 71, 415	3, 974 5, 241 7 725, 979 1, 350	7, 26 7, 30 722, 16
Rectified spirits and wines, production, total thous. of proof gal Whiskydodododo	8, 585 7, 504	11, 446 10, 116	11, 536 10, 455	7, 732 6, 614	6, 103 5, 091	6, 634 5, 721	8, 313 7, 217	7, 683 6, 500	7, 934 6, 659	8, 047 6, 739	6, 902 5, 656	6, 248 5, 171	8, 93 7, 74
Production thous, of wine gal. Tax-paid withdrawals do. Stocks, end of month do. Imports do. Still wines:	62 112 1, 467 40	90 158 1,384 64	82 182 1, 274 86	77 197 1, 139 96	151 97 1, 183 33	73 68 1, 178 23	101 88 1, 185 40	249 86 1, 343 39	151 101 1, 386 44	148 • 97 1, 427 46	82 67 1, 435 31	112 95 1, 448 30	
Production do Tax-paid withdrawals do Stocks, end of month do Imports do Distilling materials produced at wineries do	20, 940 11, 993 162, 350 324 49, 009	66, 382 13, 822 219, 565 513 124, 199	25, 764 12, 333 233, 390 589 55, 656	6, 622 11, 637 225, 069 589 17, 406	2, 442 10, 303 215, 550 396 2, 786	1, 265 9, 963 205, 265 295 722	1, 212 12, 161 191, 805 478 1, 075	1, 097 11, 739 179, 567 486 1, 561	1, 221 10, 938 169, 669 409 534	1, 126 9, 804 158, 739 453 674	876 7, 098 152, 280 409 1, 839	1, 679 8, 576 143, 810 325 4, 020	
DAIRY PRODUCTS							,			İ			
Butter, creamery: Production (factory)thous. of lb_ Stocks, cold storage, end of monthdo_ Price, wholesale, 92-score (New York)dol. per lb	94, 885 111, 319 . 732	89, 575 102, 177 . 716	76, 420 83, 951 . 699	95, 855 72, 723 . 678	106, 000 85, 737 . 670	102, 960 99, 557 . 668	122, 585 132, 790 . 668	133, 995 149, 876 . 659	156, 550 193, 609 . 658	157, 010 257, 447 . 656	138, 085 309, 894 . 656	119, 645 334, 853 . 661	96, 73 323, 69 . 67
Production (factory), total	99, 235 73, 905 262, 467 231, 503 6, 486	89, 090 63, 270 256, 885 225, 317 5, 939	78, 110 53, 290 242, 509 210, 029 5, 734	84, 840 55, 330 238, 803 205, 178 4, 454	87, 025 58, 375 227, 499 194, 286 6, 982	84, 975 59, 935 218, 371 186, 776 3, 559	105, 285 78, 875 232, 255 201, 425 4, 912	118, 535 92, 625 262, 606 231, 524 4, 503	149, 075 118, 645 313, 276 279, 886 4, 944	151, 415 121, 645 373, 855 339, 812 4, 183	128, 460 102, 000 420, 281 385, 445 2, 121	114, 330 88, 730 445, 575 410, 733 2, 824	97, 50 72, 45 459, 40 425, 49
Price, wholesale, American, single daisies (Chicago)dol. per lb_Condensed and evaporated milk:	. 465	. 463	. 457	. 431	. 427	. 422	. 411	. 407	. 408	. 406	.105	. 405	. 40
Production, case goods: Condensed (sweetened)	3, 250 243, 500 8, 354	3, 725 208, 000 7, 190	3, 275 167, 100 7, 519	4, 575 171, 750 8, 320	5, 050 170, 600 8, 662	4, 550 160, 000 10, 154	4, 300 201, 750 9, 489	4, 480 243, 500	5, 350 322, 600 8, 688	3, 775 327, 600 9, 579	2, 675 264, 500 6, 993	2, 390 228, 500	2, 30 170, 00
Condensed (sweetened) thous of lb- Evaporated (unsweetened) do Exports:	508, 805	493, 073	447, 175	3 82, 563	313, 741	262, 904	238, 043	7, 849 262, 319	366, 926	475, 333	511, 696	6, 066 524, 007	5, 12 481, 19
Condensed (sweetened) do Evaporated (unsweetened) do Price, wholesale, U. S. average: Evaporated (unsweetened) dol. per case.	1, 484 5, 764 6. 39	1, 361 12, 342 6, 40	1, 071 7, 740 6. 39	365 6, 539 6, 33	2, 334 8, 956 6, 27	1, 527 7, 785 6. 21	2, 423 11, 106 6, 12	1, 969 8, 827 5, 96	2, 718 13, 439 5, 92	539 14, 848 5, 79	2, 916 11, 957 5, 76	5. 81	10, 44 5, 7
Fluid milk: Productionmil. of lb. Utilization in mfd. dairy productsdo Price, dealers', standard gradedol. per 100 lb Dry milk:	9, 126 3, 553 5. 54	8, 664 3, 247 5, 65	7, 891 2, 769 5. 70	8, 389 3, 250 5. 63	8, 706 3, 458	8, 533 3, 346 5, 40	10, 100 4, 059 5, 27	10, 854 4, 522 5. 05	12, 610 5, 435 4. 92	12, 349 5, 492 4. 87	11, 508 4, 742 4. 98	10, 494 • 4, 146 5. 06	9, 21 3, 36 5, 1
Production: Dry whole milk thous of lb. Nonfat dry milk solids (human food) do Stocks, manufacturers', end of month:	6, 175 50, 590	5, 475 45, 100	4, 840 43, 000	5, 840 65, 950	7, 400 78, 000	7, 150 80, 300	8, 250 108, 700	8, 100 124, 900	9, 200 148, 400	9, 390 142, 350	10, 170 113, 200	10, 175 91, 900	8, 04 67, 05
Dry whole milk do Nonfat dry milk solids (human food) do Exports: Dry whole milk do	22, 273 153, 762 2, 599	20, 212 135, 177 3, 186	17, 009 124, 553 3, 695	15, 181 127, 715 3, 694	15, 411 132, 265 3, 495	12, 844 128, 820 2, 850	13, 311 132, 555 5, 371	13, 391 130, 487 3, 824	14, 930 154, 334 3, 394	14, 443 159, 895 2, 920	13, 615 133, 300 4, 378	14, 165 116, 264 6, 105	11, 513 86, 653
Nonfat dry milk solids (human food)do Price, wholesale, nonfat dry milk solids (human food), U. S. averagedol. per lb.	2, 515 . 167	3, 365	4, 196	8, 851	2, 706 . 163	1, 690 . 160	2, 260 . 158	8, 073 . 153	7, 832	5, 131	14, 323 .146	7, 801	. 14
FRUITS AND VEGETABLES Apples:													
Production (crop estimate) thous, of bu. Shipments, carlot no. of carloads. Stocks, cold storage, end of month thous, of bu.	1, 432 6, 221	5, 578 26, 892	2, 630 24, 941	1 92, 489 2, 748 20, 061	2, 525 15, 265	2, 671 10, 775	2, 762 6, 386	2, 290 3, 278	1, 536 1, 377	655 306	267 128	180 509	\$ 97, 26: 68: 8, 23
Citrus fruits, carlot shipmentsno. of carloads Frozen fruits, stocks, cold storage, end of month	5, 136	5, 366	6, 420	13, 256	10, 915	10, 891	11, 256	11, 332	12, 331	12, 317	9,011	6, 564	6, 77
thous of lb. Frozen vegetables, stocks, cold storage, end of month	556, 897 530, 091	532, 993 576, 522	493, 402 569, 974	455, 479 534, 933 1 347, 504	481, 129 494, 893	496, 233 450, 265	449, 348 419, 899	441, 235 384, 285	456, 980 361, 217	487, 259 384, 292	568, 132 468, 377	602, 001 573, 601	576, 343 675, 013
Shipments, carlot no. of carloads. Price, wholesale, U. S. No. 1 (New York) dol. per 100 lb.	16, 508 6. 188	21, 536 4, 792	17, 282 5. 481	18, 300 4, 971	23, 101 5. 369	20, 694 5. 317	24, 871 3, 969	19, 337 4. 013	19, 142 4. 085	25, 238 2. 917	15, 464 2, 230	11, 871 3. 165	² 373, 939 15, 508 • 3. 062

Revised. Preliminary. 1 Estimate for 1952. 2 October 1 estimate.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through	İ	19	52						1953				
1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber

FOODSTUFFS AND TOBACCO—Continued

Exports, principal grains, including flour and meal thous of bu. 38,870 d5,105 d0,301 56,854 52,516 39,353 d8,094 38,306 33,654 30,849 37,260 32,034 27,008 27,008 27,009
Barley: Production (crop estimate)
Barley: Production (crop estimate)
Stocks, domestic, end of month:
Prices, wholesale (Minneapoils): No. 2, malting. No. 3, straight. do. 1. 626 1. 631 1. 598 1. 612 1. 581 1. 485 1. 505 1. 457 1. 456 1. 395 1. 446 1. 387 1. 531 1. 440 1. 420 1. 511 1. 479 1. 344 1. 344 1. 344 1. 344 1. 344 1. 344 1. 344 1. 345 1. 521 1. 588 1. 531 1. 440 1. 420 1. 511 1. 479 1. 346 1. 344 1. 344 1. 344 1. 344 1. 344 1. 344 1. 345 1. 521 1. 588 1. 531 1. 440 1. 420 1. 511 1. 479 1. 446 1. 387 1. 265 1. 236 1. 374 1. 344 1. 344 1. 344 1. 344 1. 344 1. 344 1. 344 1. 344 1. 345 1. 521 1. 588 1. 531 1. 440 1. 450 1. 387 1. 466 1. 470 1. 486 1. 470 1. 480
Prices, wholesale (Minneapoils): No. 2, malting. No. 3, straight. do. 1. 626 1. 631 1. 598 1. 612 1. 581 1. 485 1. 505 1. 457 1. 456 1. 395 1. 446 1. 387 1. 531 1. 440 1. 420 1. 511 1. 479 1. 344 1. 344 1. 344 1. 344 1. 344 1. 344 1. 344 1. 345 1. 521 1. 588 1. 531 1. 440 1. 420 1. 511 1. 479 1. 346 1. 344 1. 344 1. 344 1. 344 1. 344 1. 344 1. 345 1. 521 1. 588 1. 531 1. 440 1. 420 1. 511 1. 479 1. 446 1. 387 1. 265 1. 236 1. 374 1. 344 1. 344 1. 344 1. 344 1. 344 1. 344 1. 344 1. 344 1. 345 1. 521 1. 588 1. 531 1. 440 1. 450 1. 387 1. 466 1. 470 1. 486 1. 470 1. 480
Production (crop estimate)mil. of bu
Receipts, principal markets do 21, 567 48, 645 56, 549 33, 489 22, 037 18, 195 21, 403 19, 601 20, 621 24, 600 24, 231 25, 011 25, 234 Stocks, domestic, end of month: Commercial do 18, 186 31, 204 60, 880 62, 039 00 farms. mil. of bu 171.4 2171.
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Prices, wholesale: No. 3, white (Chicago)
No. 3, white (Chicago) dol. per bu (1) 1. 962 2. 135 2. 109 2. 081 (1) 2. 095 (1) (2) (4) (4) 1. 618 (1) 1. 570 (1) 1. 586 (1) 1. 575 (1) 1. 569 (1) 1. 575 (1) 1. 57
Oats: Production (crop estimate) mil. of bu 11, 268 11, 268 21, 205 Receipts, principal markets thous of bu 10, 705 5, 573 4, 735 13, 979 6, 708 6, 884 6, 796 4, 714 4, 854 7, 780 17, 033 24, 375 8, 784
Starky domestic and of months
On farms do 1,006,932 791,661 278 279 238 261 935 286 328 358 452 327 977,015
Price, wholesale, No. 3, white (Chicago) dol. per bu920 .907 .904 .919 .881 .800 .797 .782 .772 .752 .760 .770 .743
Rice: Production (crop estimate)thous. of bags \(\text{\sigma} \)
California: Receipts, domestic, roughthous. of lb. 12, 593 177, 837 154, 481 110, 166 88, 012 89, 398 90, 896 72, 663 96, 375 78, 020 79, 454 13, 815 13, 388 Shipments from mills, milled ricedo 3, 298 61, 546 66, 808 93, 444 69, 705 78, 442 49, 060 76, 436 63, 242 55, 941 49, 364 54, 191 4, 953
Stocks, rough and cleaned (cleaned basis), end
Southern States (Ark., La., Tenn., Tex.): Receipts, rough, at millsthous. of lb., 1, 098, 656 1, 338, 113 369, 394 219, 191 127, 747 61, 571 17, 044 8, 169 9, 937 15, 567 6, 261 450, 783 950, 658
Shipments from mills, milled rices
Exports do 101,657 199,214 149,231 203,922 199,698 80,638 114,383 113,180 62,057 63,625 124,125 55,863 Price, wholesale, head, clean (N. O.) dol. per lb 104 105 106 108 108 108 108 121 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124
Rye: Production (crop estimate)thous, of bu
Receipts, principal markets do 815 328 302 2, 470 321 239 240 1, 488 1, 201 502 3, 285 2, 917 2, 698 2, 892 2, 685 2, 254 2, 320 3, 373 3, 627 3, 630 3, 755 4, 288 6, 240 1, 1861 1, 914 1, 978 1, 920 1, 831 1, 751 1, 753 1, 614 1, 516 1, 388 1, 268 1, 249 1, 156
Wheat: Production (crop estimate), totalmil. of bu
Spring wheat do 1238.6 2284.9 Winter wheat do 11,052.8 287.3
Disappearance do 7210, 336 249, 807 263, 986 720, 818 186, 641
Canada (Canadian wheat) do 224, 407 242, 463 237, 465 251, 212 261, 241 265, 465 272, 551 268, 135 255, 780 239, 783 267, 564 287, 303 305, 420 United States, domestic, total 3 40 1, 103, 275 840, 836 840, 836 3 562, 270 1, 539, 243
Commercial do. 313, 561 293, 700 276, 075 259, 257 240, 968 231, 647 217, 258 211, 909 205, 929 329, 330 342, 428 351, 632 359, 213 11, 752 246, 186 246, 186 318, 328 457, 631
Merchant mills do 150, 243 128, 199 101, 691 3 58, 408 134, 477 On farms do 510, 819 399, 412 268, 440 3 72, 840 562, 253
Exports, total, including flour
Prices, wholesale: No. 1, dark northern spring (Minneapolis)
dol. per bu 2.470 2.504 2.511 2.533 2.490 2.492 2.521 2.529 2.588 2.492 2.443 2.474 2.514 No. 2, hard winter (Kansas City) do 2.409 2.416 2.458 2.445 2.402 2.358 2.395 2.387 2.355 2.036 2.086 2.175 2.175 No. 2, red winter (St. Louis) do 2.288 2.329 2.306 2.329 2.355 (4) 2.270 2.145 1.793 1.808 1.822 1.899
Weighted avg., 6 markets, all gradesdo 2.474 2.519 2.567 2.568 2.530 2.505 2.551 2.529 2.530 2.265 2.202 2.439 2.533
Wheat flour: Production: Flourthous, of sacks (100 lb.) 19, 714 21, 081 18, 671 18, 990 19, 783 17, 041 18, 565 17, 351 17, 695 18, 035 18, 720 18, 177 19, 442
Operations, percent of capacity 84.7 82.7 88.9 79.3 87.3 79.0 78.0 73.5 78.8 76.6 75.6 81.1 86.7 Offal short tons 396,826 424,466 377,270 380,119 397,704 336,676 363,955 341,898 347,478 356,570 371,059 364,650 393,577
Grindings of wheat thous. of bu 45, 901 49, 088 43, 458 44, 107 45, 968 39, 435 42, 903 40, 103 40, 904 41, 767 43, 344 42, 198 45, 328 5tocks held by mills, end of quarter
thous of sacks (100 lb.) 4, 834 4, 152 4, 544 4, 903 1, 656 1, 718 7, 2, 250 1, 690 1, 593 1, 328 1, 471 1, 624 1, 795 1, 472 777 Prices, wholesale:
Spring, short patents (Minneapolis) dol. per sack (100 lb.) Winter, hard, short patents (Kansas City).do 5.375 5.500 5.625 5.5

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through		19	52						1953				
1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber
	FC	ODST	UFFS	AND T	ГОВАС	CO(Continu	ed		•			
LIVESTOCK													
Cattle and calves: Slaughter (federally inspected): Calves thous. of animals. Cattle do. Receipts, principal markets do. Shipments, feeder, to 9 corn-belt States do. Prices, wholesale:	496 1, 215 2, 641 577	602 1, 390 3, 143 1, 117	510 1, 151 2, 379 691	523 1, 252 2, 023 263	453 1, 313 1, 877 192	422 1, 170 1, 609 86	535 1, 299 1, 952 124	541 1,371 2,019 161	504 1, 345 2, 055 160	586 1, 450 2, 440 184	616 1, 498 2, 258 211	602 1, 494 2, 559 265	687 1, 644 2, 770 446
Beef steers (Chicago)dol. per 100 lb Steers, stocker and feeder (Kansas City)do Calves, vealers (Chicago)do	32. 19 23. 57 31. 50	32. 09 22. 76 33. 00	31. 37 22. 31 33. 00	28. 77 20. 50 29. 00	26. 04 21. 73 30. 50	23. 41 20. 91 33. 50	21, 98 21, 19 29, 00	21, 50 19, 91 25, 50	21. 83 19. 80 27. 50	21. 73 15. 22 19. 50	24. 26 16. 75 23. 00	24. 79 15. 78 7 23. 50	25, 41 15, 07 20, 98
Hogs: Slaughter (federally inspected) thous. of animals Receipts, principal marketsdo Prices: Wholesale, average, all grades (Chicago)	4, 290 2, 540	5, 492 3, 099	5, 772 3, 326	7, 251 4, 233	6, 267 3, 571	4, 550 2, 562	4, 962 2, 785	4, 325 2, 358	3, 643 2, 031	3, 607 2, 119	3, 276 1, 837	3, 396 1, 867	4, 059 2, 169
Hog-corn price ratio bu. of corn equal in value to 100 lb. of live hog- Sheep and lambs:	19.11 11.1	18. 55 12. 1	16. 76 11. 4	16. 52 10. 7	17. 98 12. 0	19.39 13.5	20.50	21. 88 14. 2	23. 54 15. 5	23. 24 15. 5	23. 29 16. 5	22. 97 15. 9	24. 18 15. 9
Slaughter (federally inspected) thous. of animals_ Receipts, principal marketsdo Shipments, feeder, to 9 corn-belt Statesdo Prices, wholesale:	1, 243 2, 119 750	1,427 2,228 830	1, 069 1, 289 335	1, 218 1, 267 215	1, 289 1, 295 158	1,088 1,038 90	1, 190 1, 173 122	1, 100 1, 115 99	1, 015 1, 147 131	1, 055 1, 108 102	1, 108 1, 159 136	1, 158 1, 483 291	1, 366 1, 822 547
Lambs, average (Chicago)dol. per 100 lb. Lambs, feeder, good and choice (Omaha)do	25. 50 23. 10	23. 88 21. 25	22. 62 20. 50	21.62 19.18	21. 50 20. 52	22. 38 20. 01	23. 12 20. 83	24. 00 (1)	25. 12 (¹)	25. 50 (1)	25. 38 17. 94	23, 38 17, 78	19, 25 15, 57
MEATS							[
Total meats (including lard): Production (inspected slaughter)mil. of lb. Stocks (excluding lard), cold storage, end of month mil. of lb Exports	1, 527 587	1, 819 557	1,742	2, 127 922	1, 999 1, 038	1,572 1,043	1,712 990	1, 649 929	1,537 818	1, 617 749	1, 579 638	1, 525	1, 675 452
Berf and veal: Production (inspected slaughter)thous. of lb_ Stocks, cold storage, end of month	713, 624 184, 158 1, 150	55 801,489 214,594 1,365	59 662, 271 252, 306 1, 153	734, 974 286, 299 1, 319	65 775, 091 287, 258 877	63 701, 489 274, 457 1, 272	779, 450 256, 439 1, 368	826, 083 234, 891 1, 794	812, 729 210, 274 1, 965	859, 894 190, 408 2, 848	877, 290 163, 626 3, 073	860, 476 155, 672 2, 973	925, 007 155, 378
Lamb and mutton: Production (inspected slaughter) thous. of lb. Stocks, cold storage, end of month do. Pork, including lard, production (inspected slaughter) thous. of lb.	52, 839 12, 553 760, 409	61, 726 16, 002	47, 505 17, 580	56, 616 21, 912	61, 371 20, 816	53, 166 23, 670	58, 129 19, 945	52, 458 17, 493	. 385 46, 755 14, 720	44, 558 13, 461	47, 324 10, 410	49, 401 7 9, 460 614, 699	57, 474 9, 892
Pork, excluding lard: Production (inspected slaughter)	571, 228 290, 931 5, 673	955, 425 715, 279 234, 894 5, 768	765, 850 319, 643 7, 386	984, 200 489, 152 8, 742	841, 949 595, 546 8, 605	816, 995 601, 403 604, 813 9, 983	874, 686 650, 145 569, 204 7, 745	770, 875 570, 190 538, 025 5, 210	677, 203 502, 422 459, 755 6, 392	712, 978 533, 230 414, 227 6, 768	654, 193 489, 360 350, 825 6, 694	469, 818 265, 981 5, 865	692, 034 531, 761 198, 077
Hams, smoked, compositedol. per lb. Fresh loins, 8-12 lb. average (New York).do	. 571	. 569 . 515	. 552 . 449	. 559 . 402	. 581 . 424	. 595 . 464	. 602 . 479	. 592 . 523	. 619 . 567	. 650 . 576	. 683 . 597	. 675 . 570	p . 623 . 543
Lard: Production (inspected slaughter)thous. of lb. Stocks, dry and cold storage, end of month†.do Exportsdo Price, wholesale, refined (Chicago)dol. per lb	138, 047 143, 223 26, 611 . 143	175, 664 111, 912 43, 043 . 143	194, 381 136, 610 46, 638 . 133	256, 269 210, 994 44, 347 . 113	234, 448 241, 760 50, 867 . 120	157, 799 241, 890 45, 881 . 125	164,072 239,009 39,862 .135	146, 255 225, 936 40, 675 . 135	128, 166 200, 621 33, 841 .150	130, 863 169, 311 28, 908 . 140	120, 175 109, 342 23, 192 . 163	105, 809 55, 637 34, 505 . 183	116, 615 42, 439 P. 233
POULTRY AND EGGS													
Poultry: Receipts, 5 marketsthous. of lb Stocks, cold storage, end of monthdo Price, wholesale, live fowls, heavy type, No. 1 (Chicago)dol. per lb	64, 955 182, 786	81, 748 279, 191 . 225	74, 618 294, 424 . 250		38, 884 261, 072 . 310	34, 125 220, 606 , 318	39, 046 174, 243	40, 934 140, 371 . 345	44, 435 123, 485 . 325	46, 431 117, 876 . 245	46, 075 112, 460	46, 364 r 127, 340 . 255	
Eggs: Production, farm millions Dried egg production thous. of lb. Stocks, cold storage, end of month:	4, 081 1, 069	4, 371 758	4, 480 957	5, 037 685	5, 441 442	5, 328 1, 168	6, 298 2, 120	6, 094 2, 131	5, 872 2, 453	5, 051 1, 914	4, 642 2, 088	4, 346 1, 959	4, 206
Shell thous of cases. Frozen thous, of lb. Price, wholesale, extras, large (Chicago) dol. per doz.	1,709 123,661 . 553	1,000 95,333 .631	72, 462 . 560	1	120 34, 980 . 454	248 42,419 . 443	65, 201 . 495	98, 978 . 497	1, 431 132, 294 . 486	1, 513 159, 755 . 517	1, 199 152, 835 . 531	* 133, 427 . 587	110, 056 . 624
MISCELLANEOUS FOOD PRODUCTS													
Confectionery, manufacturers' salest_thous. of dol- Cocoa: Importslong tons_ Price, wholesale, Accra (New York) _dol. per lb_	1	113, 845 4, 210 . 340	13, 272		87, 060 32, 530 . 318	83, 063 24, 705 . 300	81, 213 21, 775 . 328	77, 096 27, 425 . 339	63, 522 28, 493 . 334	56, 041 26, 164 . 346	48, 895 20, 859 . 385	7 63, 792 13, 574 . 386	
Coffee: Clearances from Brazil, total thous, of bags To United States do Visible supply, United States do Imports do Price, wholesale, Santos, No. 4 (New York)	1,045 889 1,869	1, 456 846 611 1, 615	893 529 1 , 396	817 691 2, 207	788 712 1,841	1, 160 757 776 1, 815	2, 249	999 526 634 2,149	860 411 511 1,256	1,149 685 666 1,278	860 361 531 1,470	1, 286 744 582 1, 320	1, 122 813
Fish: dol. per lb. Fish: Landings, fresh fish, 5 portsthous. of lb. Stocks, cold storage, end of monthdo	54, 114 190, 493	. 540 49, 126 200, 944	31, 529	26, 363	1	23, 689 142, 040			. 553 47, 314 113, 581	75, 903 142, 655	75, 392 169, 686	60, 155 176, 680	

⁷ Revised. ^p Preliminary. ¹ No quotation. [†] Revised series. Compiled by the *U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census*, representing factory and warehouse stocks of rendered and refined lard; data prior to June 1952 will be shown later. [‡] Revisions for 1952 are shown in the August 1953 Survey.

1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey HSCELLANEOUS FOOD PRODUCTS—Conugar: Cuban stocks, raw, end of month	1	October ODST	November	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber
ngar: Cuban stocks, raw, end of month	1	ODST	UFFS					ſ	ſ	f		1	Der
ngar: Cuban stocks, raw, end of month				AND T	ГОВАС	co—c	Continu	ed					
Cuban stocks, raw, end of month													
thous. of Spanish tons. United States: Deliveries and supply (raw basis): Production and receipts:	- 3, 170	2, 895	2, 620	2, 170	1, 970	2, 679	3, 801	4,906	4, 676	4,364	3, 908	3, 218	2, 658
Production	91, 126 725, 621 237, 299	602, 545 387, 590 273, 166	732, 540 226, 961 108, 362	388, 838 194, 722 123, 853	69, 484 469, 755 149, 498	34, 014 398, 576 143, 730	37, 407 627, 988 192, 443	59, 948 854, 355 248, 129	12, 283 530, 430 235, 756	51, 262 628, 878 180, 490	26, 860 607, 226 234, 674	37, 059 614, 989 182, 958	117, 506 563, 878 237, 561
Deliveries, total	750,622 748,299 72,323	680, 035 677, 919 2, 116	519, 868 518, 373 1, 495	596, 070 593, 793 2, 277	576, 630 574, 789 1, 841	546, 884 545, 674 1, 210	878, 155 876, 548 1, 607	588, 583 587, 001 1, 582	599, 440 597, 627 1, 813	790, 640 779, 785 10, 885	886, 890 885, 168 1, 722	7778, 556 7777, 391 71, 165	844, 285 842, 825 1, 456
Stocks, raw and refined, end of month thous. of short tons. Exports	697 649	1, 045 12, 376	1, 518 625	1, 602 527	1, 587 377	1, 513 10, 356	1,306 441	1,392 685	1,423 9,095	1, 312 14, 326	$1,103 \\ 11,473$	966 21, 879	851
Raw sugar, totaldododo	305, 205 240, 343 63, 861	124, 473 96, 836 17, 875	120, 331 102, 213 9, 599	158, 151 129, 183 25, 224	270, 596 205, 264 59, 642	260, 306 178, 519 81, 667	361, 182 303, 479 55, 438	341, 775 274, 851 62, 664	325, 791 222, 582 93, 039	393, 731 221, 650 165, 748	339, 220 238, 565 91, 880	330, 805 266, 009 64, 421	
Refined sugar, totaldo From Cubado Prices (New York):	46, 738 43, 590	40, 675 35, 160	2, 618 0	7, 198 350	37, 924 32, 493	28, 173 25, 614	46, 834 39, 549	55, 961 48, 433	54, 782 46, 720	40, 271 40, 226	38, 937 37, 178	47, 760 44, 598	
Raw, wholesale dol. per lb. Refined: dol. per 5 lb. Wholesale dol. per jb.	. 065	. 066 . 495 . 086	. 064 . 495 . 086	. 060 . 494 . 085	.060 1.495 .085	. 062 . 493 . 083	. 064 . 490 . 086	. 064 . 495 . 086	. 064 . 495 . 086	. 064 . 495 . 086	. 064 . 498 . 086	. 064 . 500 . 087	ν. 06- . 50' ν. 08'
ea, importsthous. of lb.	9, 506	7, 430	5, 530	6, 931	10, 466	7, 949	10, 590	11, 141	7, 943	9, 215	7, 506	7, 766	
eaf: Production (crop estimate)mil. of lb_ Stocks, dealers' and manufacturers', end of quar-				² 2, 255									\$ 2,03
ter, totalmil. of lb_ Domestic:	3, 951			4, 491 341			4, 498 391			4, 035 368			
Cigar leafdo. Air-cured, fire-cured, flue-cured, and miscellaneous domesticmil. of lb. Foreign grown:	3,410			3, 963			3, 922			3, 472			1
Cigar leaf do do do do do do do do do do do do do	18 161 50, 451	42,072	43, 793	19 168 36, 934	30, 746	22.900	19 167 41,020	50, 103	35, 682	18 177 33, 263	24, 649	40. 511	
mports, including scrap and stemsdo Janufactured products:	9, 174	9, 585	8, 025	7,736	8, 918	8, 291	9, 085	7, 961	8, 787	9, 578	7, 662	9, 268	
Consumption (withdrawals):	20, 051 7, 366 9, 406 3, 279	21, 342 7, 936 9, 781 3, 625	16, 123 6, 378 6, 843 2, 903	16, 369 6, 469 6, 662 3, 237	16, 683 6, 394 6, 893 3, 396	16, 385 6, 638 6, 639 3, 108	17, 947 7, 138 7, 458 3, 352	18, 326 6, 935 8, 064 3, 328	17, 806 7, 246 7, 494 3, 066	18, 170 7, 347 7, 430 3, 393	15, 999 7, 194 6, 300 2, 504	17, 814 6, 879 7, 569 3, 367	
Cigarettes (small): Tax-freedo Cigars (large), tax-paid\$thousands_ Manufactured tobacco and snuff, tax-paid\$	4, 325 34, 950 498, 518	4, 294 37, 372 548, 196	3, 408 30, 386 528, 081	2, 859 30, 066 448, 045	2, 649 32, 498 431, 158	2, 394 32, 212 542, 594	3, 856 34, 105 469, 164	2, 703 31, 607 477, 520	2, 658 30, 587 507, 629	3, 130 33, 304 501, 499	3, 339 29, 914 463, 787	2,770 •34,658 •497,670	
Exports, cigarettes millions. Price, wholesale, cigarettes, manufacturer to	19,315	20, 791 1, 304	15, 653 1, 244	15, 786 1, 626	16, 804 1, 306	15, 480 1, 348	17, 056 1, 813	17, 887 1, 331	17, 488 1, 482	17, 812 1, 119	15, 862 1, 32 1	617, 539 1, 158	
wholesaler and jobber, f. o. b. destination dol. per thous_	3. 555	3, 555	3. 555	3. 555	3. 555	3, 555	3. 938	3.938	3.938	3. 938	3. 938	3. 938	» 3, 93

HIDES AND SKINS									!				
Imports, total hides and skinsthous. of lb_Calf and kip skinsthous. of pieces_	11, 965 194	13, 761 97	8, 918 142	14, 147 182	12, 429 137	11,264 72	13, 093 217	18, 407 123	18, 166 253	20, 258 268	15, 602 187	13, 646	
Cattle hides do do do do do do do do do do do do do	90 2, 804	45 2, 796	$\frac{21}{2,307}$	50 3, 771	20 3, 673	38 2, 464	2, 870	31 3,055	$\frac{21}{3,032}$	47 2, 731	121 3, 168	26 2, 121	
Sheep and lamb skinsdodo	1, 105	2,064	720	1, 195	1,392	1, 431	1,759	4,466	3, 826	4,629	1,688	2, 760	
Prices, wholesale (Chicago): Calfskins, packer, heavy, 9½/15 lbs_dol. per lb_Hides, steer, heavy, native, over 53 lbsdo	. 475 . 160	. 488 . 160	. 513 . 170	.488 .165	. 488 . 120	. 550 . 137	. 563 . 128	.513	.613 .153	. 625 . 150	. 513 . 158		501 170
LEATHER												1	
Production:											Į		
Calf and kip thous, of skins Cattle hide thous, of hides	967 1, 881	1, 045 2, 224	846 1, 963	994 2, 102	930 2, 123	857 2, 006	936 2,020	871 2, 133	849 2, 117	827 1, 998	685 1,815	790 1, 979	
Goat and kidthous. of skins_	2, 330	2, 937	2, 572	2, 102	2, 123	2, 709	3, 172	2, 133	2, 922	3, 121	2,828	2, 354	
Sheep and lambdodo	2, 551	2, 942	2, 442	2, 244	2, 215	2, 368	2, 319	2, 435	2,618	2, 520	2, 103	2, 567	
Exports: Sole leather:													
Bends, backs, and sidesthous. of lb	75	25	24	65	57	82	42	23	65	24	23	21	
Offal, including belting offaldodo	51	25 92	13	43	96	33	76	73	55	53	75	21	
Upper leather thous, of sq. ft_	2, 288	3, 125	2, 512	2, 818	3,000	2, 743	2, 996	4,002	3, 959	3,492	2,825	2,840	
Prices, wholesale: Sole, bends, light, f. o. b. tannerydol. per lb	. 695	. 690	.685	. 705	. 705	.680	.690	. 680	.725	.720	. 690	. 690 p. 6	699
Upper, chrome calf, B and C grades, f. o. b. tan- nerydol. per sq. ft	. 928	. 938	. 955	. 987	. 968	1.000	1.013	1.007	1.125	1, 127	1.082	1.042 1.0	042

r Revised. Preliminary. Corrected; data in October Survey erroneously shown.
Revised beginning 1953 to represent price for New York and Newark for January-June; thereafter, for New York and northern New Jersey.
Estimate for 1952. 3 October 1 estimate.
Revised to represent data based on number of stamps used by manufacturers; revisions prior to May 1952 will be shown later.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through		19				ı	,		1953				
1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber
	L	EATHI	ER AN	D PR	ODUCT	rs—Co	ntinue	d		·	,		
LEATHER MANUFACTURES	İ				1								
Shoes and slippers: Production, totalthous, of pairs.	44, 100	46, 341	38, 932	42, 033	45, 268	44,872	48, 723	44, 968	41, 858	40, 824	40, 297	42, 804	
Shoes, sandals, and play shoes, except athletic, total thous. of pairs By types of uppers:0	37, 842	39, 185	32, 659	37, 303	41, 778	40, 967	44, 079	40, 193	36, 979	35, 790	34, 972	36, 539	
All leatherdo Part leather and nonleatherdo	33, 906 3, 936	35, 057 4, 128	29, 080 3, 579	32, 750 4, 553	36, 278 5, 500	35, 336 5, 631	37, 520 6, 559	33, 898 6, 295	31, 986 4, 993	31, 745 4, 045	31, 630 3, 342	33, 255 3, 284	
By kinds: Men's	8, 775 1, 826	9, 339 1, 709	7, 866 1, 442	9, 010 1, 539	8, 953 1, 558	8, 745 1, 515	9, 125 1, 622	8, 979	8, 532	8, 136	7, 560	7, 963 1, 696	
Women's do Misses' and children's do	19, 419 5, 040	19, 446 5, 553	15, 580 4, 882	18, 028 5, 585	21, 718 6, 257	21, 005 6, 298	22, 945 6, 527	1, 474 20, 765 5, 436	1, 574 18, 490 5, 139	1, 595 18, 161 5, 077	1, 637 18, 687 4, 603	19,077 5,107	
Infants' and babies' do Slippers for housewear do	2, 782 5, 638	3, 138 6, 442	2, 889 5, 668	3, 141 4, 161	3, 292 2, 946	3, 404 3, 369	3, 860 4, 059	3, 539 4, 271	3, 247 4, 375	2, 821 4, 533	2, 485 4, 790	2, 696 5, 697	
Athleticdodododo	264 356	286 428	237 368	229 340	226 318	238 298	265 320	279 225	280 224	258 243	269 266	296 272	
Exports do Prices, wholesale, f. o. b. factory: May's and beyes a refords dress cottle hide	386	433	346	305	293	388	468	353	348	253	313	421	
Men's and boys' oxfords, dress, cattle hide upper, Goodyear welt1947-49=100_Women's oxfords (nurses'), side upper, Good-	108. 5	108. 5	109. 0	110. 3	110. 3	110. 3	110. 3	110. 3	110. 3	110.3	110.3	110. 3	p 110. 3
year welt 1947-49 = 100 Women's and misses' pumps, suede split do	113. 3 112. 9	113. 3 112. 9	114. 5 112. 9	117, 1 113, 4	117, 1 113, 4	117. 1 113. 4	117. 1 113. 4	117. 1 110. 7	117. 5 110. 7	118. 1 110. 7	118.1 110.7	7 118. 1 110. 7	p 118. 1 p 110. 7
		LUN	IBER	AND N	'ANUI	- FACTU	RES	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
LUMBER—ALL TYPES	Ì				<u> </u>								-
Exports, total sawmill products	48, 534 227, 340	40, 949 255, 581	44, 358 241, 379	60, 595 243, 479	54, 326 189, 269	62, 158 195, 457	47, 247 238, 076	58, 631 219, 381	53, 192 242, 183	53, 765 270, 350	53, 037 253, 021	54, 245 264, 389	
National Lumber Manufacturers Association:⊕ Production, totalmil. bd. ft	3, 532	3, 574	3,074	2, 860	2, 977	2, 945	3, 288	3, 521	3, 204	3, 428	3, 337	3, 437	3, 470
Hardwoodsdo	704 2,828	695 2, 879	694 2, 380	620 2, 240	660 2, 317	680 2, 265	641 2, 647	660 2, 861	545 2,659	622 2, 806	674 2,663	765 2, 672	790 2,680
Shipments, total do. Hardwoods do. Softwoods do.	3, 526 689	3, 599 723	3, 077 711	2, 882 633	3, 043 708	2, 955 741	3, 374 786	3, 589 806	3, 311 704	3, 408 688	3, 207 647	3, 218 661	3, 207 627
Stocks, gross (mill and concentration yards), end		2, 876	2, 366	2, 249	2, 335	2, 214	2, 588	2,783	2,607	2,720	2, 560	2, 557	2, 580
of month, totalmil. bd. ft_ Hardwoodsdo Softwoodsdo	8, 355 3, 259 5, 096	8, 331 3, 231 5, 100	8, 327 3, 214 5, 113	8, 306 3, 201 5, 105	8, 221 3, 153 5, 068	8, 211 3, 092 5, 119	8, 125 2, 947 5, 178	8, 090 2, 801 5, 289	7, 951 2, 642 5, 309	7, 739 2, 576 5, 163	7, 851 2, 604 5, 247	8,068 2,708 5,360	8, 314 2, 871 5, 443
SOFTWOODS Douglas fir:							·		·				
Orders, new do Orders, unfilled, end of month do	890 780	925 756	774 753	823 811	910 888	862 921	971 925	1,032 925	814 894	847 838	811 878	693 786	779 746
Production do Shipments do	959 1,003	923 949	785 777	812 764	860 829	848 820	966 952	942 978	885 863	883 888	751 759	789 776	817 806
Stocks, gross, mill, end of month do Exports, total sawmill products M bd. ft	917 18, 856	892 15, 843	899 14, 105	948 16, 455	978 22, 029	1,007 17,815	1, 021 22, 393	1,018 30,276	1,008 29,067	1,002 18,058	982 21, 390	995 17, 968	1,006
Sawed timberdo Boards, planks, scantlings, etcdo Prices, wholesale:	7, 268 11, 588	7, 462 8, 381	4, 156 9, 949	4, 984 11, 471	6, 693 15, 336	6, 663 11, 152	6, 800 15, 593	14, 691 15, 585	16, 245 12, 822	7, 138 10, 920	12, 528 8, 862	7, 499 10, 469	
Dimension, No. 1 common, 2" x 4", R. L. dol. per M bd. ft	86. 576	86. 576	86. 310	84. 945	84. 665	84. 105	83. 405	82. 845	79. 009	78. 064	77. 252	r 76. 972	⊅ 75.148
Flooring, B and better, F. G., 1" x 4", R. L. dol. per M bd. ft		120. 418	122. 051	124. 460	124. 460	125, 105	126. 232	127.049	126. 396	126. 396	126.085		p 125.858
Southern pine:⊕ Orders, newmil. bd. ft Orders, unfilled, end of monthdo	776 372	802 376	677 372	599 295	758 320	692 350	752 356	803 383	739 376	709 344	714 306	673 287	693 269
Production do Shipments do	747 769	787 798	670 681	708 676	767 733	700 662	767 746	830 776	754 746	767 741	764 752	707 692	707
Stocks, gross (mill and concentration yards), end of monthmil. bd. ft.	1, 552	1, 541	1, 530	1, 562	1, 596	1,634	1, 655	1, 709	1, 717	1,743	1, 755	1,770	1, 766
Exports, total sawmill productsM bd. ft	5, 317 1, 152	4, 300 1, 104	6, 163 1, 776	11, 517 1, 529	9, 345 1, 327	7, 379 3, 016	5, 821 1, 621	5, 123 1, 139	5, 262 1, 335	5, 590 1, 126	7, 981 2, 619	8, 549 810	
Boards, planks, scantlings, etcdo Prices, wholesale, composite: Boards, No. 2 and better, 1" x 6" x R. L.	4, 165	3, 196	4, 387	9, 988	8, 018	4, 363	4, 200	3, 984	3, 927	4, 464	5, 362	7, 739	
dol. per M bd. ft Flooring, B and better, F. G., 1" x 4" x S/L	81. 483	81. 572	81. 921	82. 113	81. 402	81. 180	80. 675	80. 487	79. 439	78. 748	78. 227	r 77, 614	<i>p</i> 77. 684
Western pine: dol. per M bd. ft	158. 358	158, 971	158. 971	158. 971	159. 583	159. 706	159. 360	158. 748	156. 604	156. 604	157, 829	r 157, 523	₱ 157. 523
Orders, new mil. bd. ft. Orders, unfilled, end of month do	719 675	737 657 740	592 614	614 628	610 670	531 657	586 643	65 3 665	646 650	718 679	714 400	664 355	678 342
Production do Shipments tocks, gross, mill, end of month do	702 650 1,810	740 706 1,844	572 561 1,855	462 550 1,767	426 518 1,675	429 444 1,660	554 550 1, 664	676 631 1,709	629 611 1,727	746 688 1,557	761 685 1, 633	782 711 1,704	767 690 1, 781
Price, wholesale, Ponderosa, boards, No. 3 common, 1" x 8" dol. per M bd. ft	83. 23	81. 55	81. 31	82. 65	83. 61	83. 64	84.07	85.00	85. 04	84. 92	83, 26	* 81. 10	p 76. 11
SOFTWOOD PLYWOOD;						30.01		35.03	20.01	32.53	33.20	32.20	15.11
Productionthous. of sq. ft., 3%" equivalent_ShipmentsdoStocks, end of monthdo	295, 381 292, 584 104, 049	307, 321 306, 791 104, 894	237, 048 241, 589 100, 925	270, 059 272, 669 96, 916	289, 083 290, 689 97, 619	302, 975 301, 638 99, 103	339, 259 338, 115 100, 073	351, 913 344, 257 107, 562	334, 309 335, 972 106, 057	345, 269 341, 083 110, 662	7 281, 542 7 278, 267 7 113, 512	254, 756 253, 635 113, 871	
HARDWOOD FLOORING	102,010	101,001	200,020	00,010	.,,018	55,100	200,010	101,002	200,001	110,002	110, 012	110,011	
Maple, beech, and birch: Orders, new	3, 450	3, 900	3, 650	3, 800	4, 300	4,850	4, 525	5, 075	4, 150	5, 250	4, 275	4, 400	3, 300
Orders, unfilled, end of monthdo Production do	9, 650 3, 900	9, 600 4, 200	9, 600 3, 200	9, 650 3, 900	9, 325 4, 000	9, 650 3, 900	9, 900 4, 200	10, 350 3, 875	10, 450 3, 500	10, 050 4, 150	9, 800 3, 100	9, 500 3, 950	8, 450 4, 100
Shipments do Stocks, mill, end of month do	2, 950	3, 800 10, 175	3,350 10,000	3, 650 10, 200	4, 050 10, 275	3, 550 10, 550	4, 250 10, 525	4, 125 10, 600	4, 050 10, 100	5, 150 8, 950	4, 350 8, 025	4, 300 7, 650	3, 850 7, 650

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through		19	52						1953				
1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber
	LUN	IBER	AND I	MANUI	FACTU	RES—	Contin	ued					
HARDWOOD FLOORING—Continued						:							
Oak: M bd. ft Orders, new M bd. ft Orders, unfilled, end of month do Production do Shipments do Stocks, mill, end of month do	81, 178 61, 132 82, 021 84, 132 73, 260	87, 303 57, 998 91, 034 94, 691 69, 603	63, 707 50, 843 76, 794 74, 393 72, 004	73, 232 56, 093 72, 716 67, 982 76, 738	89, 979 66, 898 78, 157 78, 556 76, 339	87, 638 76, 823 72, 283 77, 265 69, 323	98, 269 86, 161 79, 615 85, 226 62, 064	84, 222 86, 584 84, 371 88, 359 55, 268	65, 466 77, 419 77, 825 80, 635 52, 458	62, 004 62, 965 79, 466 79, 821 52, 083	73, 043 60, 034 81, 390 83, 100 50, 373	74, 238 54, 735 78, 243 79, 537 49, 079	73, 874 52, 885 81, 474 79, 581 50, 971
		мет	TALS A	AND N	IANUF	ACTU	RES			·			<u> </u>
IRON AND STEEL													
Foreign trade: Iron and steel products (excl. advanced mfrs.): Exports, total short tons. Scrap do. Imports, total do. Scrap do.	367, 876 21, 991 142, 336 8, 024	448, 197 39, 176 221, 304 5, 133	387, 319 19, 790 177, 224 11, 767	440, 042 20, 672 205, 599 8, 092	328, 091 12, 147 149, 371 5, 254	283, 903 24, 012 136, 349 10, 846	313, 602 16, 033 181, 185 10, 185	293, 087 17, 417 266, 254 11, 255	306, 774 17, 699 261, 581 3, 138	285, 251 19, 416 269, 806 15, 032	251, 365 15, 988 312, 969 22, 083	233, 702 35, 513 272, 106 18, 669	
Consumption, total	6, 477 3, 270 3, 207 7, 045 1, 388 5, 658	7,007 3,573 3,434 7,033 1,428 5,605	6, 676 3, 444 3, 231 6, 936 1, 350 5, 586	6, 820 3, 490 3, 330 6, 902 1, 322 5, 580	7, 008 3, 579 3, 429 6, 632 1, 314 5, 317	6, 499 3, 343 3, 156 6, 722 1, 295 5, 427	7, 321 3, 724 3, 597 6, 569 1, 248 5, 321	6, 974 3, 585 3, 390 6, 694 1, 295 5, 400	7, 050 3, 572 3, 478 6, 603 1, 343 5, 260	6, 665 3, 489 3, 176 6, 395 1, 344 5, 051	7 6, 204 7 3, 295 7 2, 909 7 6, 560 7 1, 451 7 5, 109	№ 2,896 № 6,859 № 1,564	
Ore All districts: Mine production thous of long tons. Shipments do. Stocks, at mines, end of month do Lake Superior district: Shipments from upper lake ports do. Consumption by furnaces do. Stocks, end of month, total do. At furnaces do. On Lake Erie docks do. Imports do. Manganese ore, imports (manganese content) thous of long tons.	15, 912 16, 301 8, 500 14, 389 7, 657 41, 532 36, 206 5, 326 1, 172	14, 271 15, 588 7, 183 13, 013 8, 048 47, 839 41, 669 6, 140 1, 065	9, 448 11, 531 5, 119 9, 295 7, 826 51, 208 44, 318 6, 890 1, 012	3, 260 2, 970 5, 449 427 8, 220 45, 172 39, 055 6, 116 746	3, 387 2, 002 6, 824 0 8, 293 37, 077 31, 967 5, 110 681	3, 214 1, 909 8, 149 0 7, 396 29, 949 25, 741 4, 207 576	4, 113 2, 181 10, 031 313 8, 257 22, 065 19, 026 3, 039 576	9, 971 10, 486 9, 516 8, 404 7, 764 21, 575 18, 816 2, 757 780	14, 287 15, 002 8, 851 13, 597 8, 358 26, 247 23, 198 3, 049 966 103	15, 368 15, 663 8, 556 13, 745 8, 056 32, 070 28, 526 3, 544 1, 125	15, 719 16, 534 7, 739 14, 497 8, 239 38, 829 34, 443 4, 386 1, 148		51, 767 44, 612 7, 155
Pig Iron and Iron Manufactures													
Castings, gray iron: Orders, unfilled, for sale	1, 451 1, 119 630 168, 367 75, 950 45, 849	1, 392 1, 233 689 168, 609 88, 062 52, 922	1, 309 1, 061 594 167, 842 76, 099 46, 708	1, 316 1, 142 619 173, 494 80, 680 50, 485	1, 333 1, 162 622 174, 809 87, 249 53, 272	1, 332 1, 136 607 175, 088 86, 515 51, 963	1, 376 1, 264 675 177, 776 94, 481 57, 025	1, 306 1, 277 683 174, 514 95, 923 57, 757	1, 272 1, 186 642 160, 387 82, 050 48, 011	1, 246 1, 196 648 151, 016 86, 514 50, 819	1, 233 1, 056 573 137, 251 77, 111 45, 413	120, 801 73, 855	
For sale do. Pig iron: thous. of short tons. Consumption do. Stocks (consumers' and suppliers'), end of month thous. of short tons. Prices, wholesale: Composite do. dol. per long ton.	6, 164 6, 007 1, 864 56, 31	6, 515 6, 510 1, 830 56, 31	6, 227 6, 128 1, 897 56, 31	6, 510 6, 367 1, 964 58, 31	6, 564 6, 478 1, 852	5, 882 5, 832 1, 884 54, 73	6, 677 6, 577 1, 895 54, 73	6, 231 6, 236 1, 876 54, 73	6, 587 6, 546 1, 887 54, 73	6, 373 6, 251 1, 977 54. 80	6, 516 r 6, 249 2, 298 56, 22	6, 472 9 6, 353 9 2, 368 56, 23	6, 202
Basic (furnace)do Foundry, No. 2, f. o. b. Neville Islanddo	54, 50 55, 00	54. 50 55. 00	54, 50 55, 00	54. 50 55. 00	54, 50 55, 00	54. 50 55. 00	54, 50 55, 00	54, 50 55, 00	54, 50 55, 00	54. 50 55. 00	56, 00 56, 50	56. 00 56. 50	₽ 56. 60 ₽ 56. 50
Steel, Crude and Semimanufactures Steel castings: Shipments, total short tons For sale, total do Railway specialties do Steel forzings:	158, 392 121, 402 19, 930	165, 155 124, 626 22, 610	148, 259 110, 467 22, 287	161, 733 122, 166 25, 972	167, 211 126, 819 26, 752	175, 675 137, 592 33, 156	182, 181 141, 873 34, 364	179, 615 140, 051 34, 035	165, 649 126, 380 29, 552	164, 665 125, 984 30, 381	139, 577 105, 687 22, 925	141, 340 107, 941 25, 026	
Orders unfilled, total do. Shipments, for sale, total do. Drop and upset do. Press and open hammer do. Steel invols and steel for eastings:	1, 391, 998 149, 642 107, 966 41, 676	1, 393, 137 178, 475 130, 515 47, 960 9, 808	1, 398, 863 155, 630 112, 622 43, 008 9, 440	1, 207, 058 180, 538 133, 851 46, 687 9, 691	1, 206, 550 183, 545 137, 221 46, 324 9, 898	1, 199, 151 183, 709 135, 682 48, 027 8, 933	1, 197, 291 200, 152 147, 701 52, 451 10, 168	1, 081, 838 196, 441 140, 510 55, 931 9, 546	1, 239, 057 191, 189 134, 686 56, 503 9, 997	1, 135, 343 185, 323 132, 580 52, 743 9, 404	71,080,582 7 155,288 7 112,848 42,440 9,276	² 974, 153 ³ 150, 512 ³ 110, 926 ³ 39, 586 9, 406	
Production thous of short tons. Percent of capacity! Prices, wholesale: Composite, finished steel dol. per lb. Steel billets, rerolling (producing point)	.0498	. 0498	.0498	. 0498	99 , 0498	. 0498	.0498	. 0498	. 0501	. 0513	. 0524	. 0524	. 0524
dol. per short ton Structural steel (producing point)dol. per lb Steel scrap, heavy melting (Pittsburgh) dol. per long ton	59, 00 . 0420 44, 00	59. 00 . 0420 44. 00	59. 00 . 0420 44. 00	59. 00 . 0420 44. 00	59. 00 . 0420 44. 00	59. 00 , 0420 44. 00	59. 00 . 0420 44. 00	59, 00 . 0420 44, 00	2 62.00 2 .0413 39.50	\$ 69, 00 \$. 0413 40, 50	\$ 72.00 \$.0438 44.50	² 72.00 ² .0438 45.50	p 2 72. 00 p ? . 0438 p 40. 50
Steel, Manufactured Products												1	
Barrels and drums, steel, heavy types: Orders, unfilled, end of monththousands Shipmentsdo. Stocks, end of monthdo.	5, 733 2, 188 41	5, 396 2, 277 36	4, 884 1, 892 28	4, 949 2, 046 48	5, 174 1, 798 62	5, 052 1, 670 63	4, 878 1, 981 68	4, 804 2, 068 90	4, 393 2, 054 81	4, 459 2, 086 90	3, 901 1, 975 117	4, 013 2, 026 94	4, 052 1, 950 123

^{*}Revised. **Preliminary. 1 See note marked "3" for this page. 2 Data beginning May 1953 represent quotations for a substituted series. 3 Data beginning August 1953 represent estimated industry totals based on forge shops whose shipments in 1947 accounted for over 90 percent of total shipments; earlier data are estimated totals based on a different sample.

3 Beginning January 1953, new weighting factors have been introduced and delivered prices eliminated. Quotations comparable with earlier prices may be derived by adding \$1.58 (plus a very small adjustment for any freight-rate increases) to the stated prices.

1 For 1953, percent of capacity is calculated on annual capacity as of January 1, 1953, of 117,547,470 tons of steel; 1952 data are based on capacity as of January 1, 1952, of 108,587,670 tons.

November 1953		SURV	EY O	F CUI	RENT	BUS	INESS	;					S-33
Unless otherwise stated, statistics through		19	52						1953				
1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber
	ME	TALS	AND I	MANUE	FACTU	RES-	Contin	ued			•	<u>-</u>	
IRON AND STEEL—Continued													
Steel, Manufactured Products—Continued		1											
Cans, metal, shipments (in terms of steel consumed), total short tons. Food do do Nonfood do Shipments for sale do Commercial closures, production millions. Crowns, production thousand gross. Steel products, net shipments: Total thous of short tons.	460, 155 348, 500 111, 655 405, 368 1, 146 33, 060 6, 542	355, 318 240, 136 115, 182 306, 570 1, 229 33, 467 7, 156	245, 036 152, 116 92, 929 208, 128 992 24, 875 6, 648	256, 739 158, 612 98, 127 219, 682 1, 138 27, 002 7, 105	269, 597 167, 764 101, 833 227, 068 1, 186 26, 616	252, 084 151, 200 100, 884 215, 587 1, 138 24, 696 6, 533	279, 372 161, 854 117, 518 238, 914 1, 296 27, 627 7, 437	304, 201 174, 879 129, 322 255, 358 1, 338 27, 772 7, 162	304, 743 177, 976 126, 767 259, 360 1, 307 29, 317 7, 209	357, 201 220, 481 136, 720 311, 009 1, 348 31, 605 6, 950	7 446, 772 299, 306 7 147, 466 7 407, 362 7 1, 281 30, 752 6, 583	506, 215 360, 564 145, 651 457, 387 1, 260 29, 155 6, 499	
Bars, hot rolled—All grades do Reinforcing do Semimanufactures do Pipe and tubes do Plates do Rails do Sheets do Strip—Cold rolled do Hot rolled do Structural shapes, heavy do Tin plate and terneplate do Wire and wire products do	787 181 352 797 649 148 1 , 639 156 192 386 412 447	846 197 377 861 709 156 1,819 207 412 435 497	828 153 350 783 679 145 1,714 166 194 416 388 443	865 211 395 857 720 153 1,843 179 196 422 373 454	853 146 358 832 714 166 1,851 190 203 418 433 458	779 156 335 804 659 148 1, 695 167 183 395 373 435	894 173 415 902 707 168 1, 982 205 210 416 448 471	838 155 357 880 650 150 2,007 194 206 414 442 447	873 159 352 828 698 161 2,003 187 214 417 459 449	843 157 329 847 614 162 1,924 190 210 397 441 426	794 166 295 801 587 156 1, 957 151 161 414 405 328	750 148 252 778 586 150 1,921 188 195 391 390 378	
NONFERROUS METALS AND PRODUCTS			•								,		
Aluminum: Production, primary	76, 882 307, 644	77, 312 364, 395	74, 639 296, 613	83, 419 334, 147	89, 895 294, 415	92, 649 283, 599	104, 460 350, 094	102, 071 355, 895	105, 464 345, 619	104, 152 427, 849	109, 285 390, 184	110, 545 442, 171	
dol. per lb. Aluminum fabricated products, shipments, total. mil. of lb. Castings do. Wrought products, total do. Plate, sheet, and strip do. Brass sheets, wholesale price, mill dol. per lb. Copper:	211. 2 45. 4 165. 7 95. 8 . 402	235. 5 51. 6 183. 9 107. 6 . 402	. 0750 212. 1 46. 5 165. 6 98. 2 . 402	. 0750 232. 0 53. 3 178. 7 103. 7 . 402	. 0750 243. 6 55. 6 187. 9 110. 7 . 402	. 0825 240. 7 54. 9 185. 7 109. 2 . 402	. 0995 273. 7 59. 4 214. 3 127. 1 . 429	281. 0 61. 6 219. 4 129. 2 . 429	. 0838 266. 7 57. 6 209. 1 123. 6 . 429	. 0936 261. 8 56. 8 205. 0 121. 3 . 429	. 1000 7 254. 1 51. 7 202. 5 123. 5 . 429	. 0900 241. 4 50. 9 190. 5 117. 9 . 429	, 0900
Production: Mine production, recoverable copper short tons	75, 127	79, 401	75, 521	75, 764	77, 594	72, 367	80, 807	79, 621	80, 829	73, 646	76, 461	* 75, 574	75,679
Crude (mine or smelter, including custom intake)	82, 426 98, 930 135, 486 71, 456 20, 945 67, 473 25, 261 42, 212 . 2420	84, 824 105, 770 138, 759 59, 760 18, 226 59, 901 21, 019 38, 882 . 2420	80, 436 100, 075 125, 338 69, 237 13, 016 59, 144 23, 930 35, 214 . 2420	85, 239 113, 965 143, 088 58, 858 16, 257 70, 150 24, 381 45, 769 . 2420	81, 625 108, 010 125, 133 59, 836 8, 079 50, 055 23, 506 26, 549 . 2420	83, 653 101, 538 117, 204 60, 944 6, 030 62, 360 33, 204 29, 156 . 2497	101, 825 112, 016 1133, 462 55, 807 8, 645 52, 397 20, 496 31, 901 2929	95, 890 112, 660 142, 282 48, 382 6, 551 71, 110 39, 573 31, 537 . 2990	93, 197 117, 929 146, 215 52, 762 8, 669 67, 098 32, 132 34, 966 . 2968	84, 948 124, 480 139, 300 58, 126 7, 278 81, 341 40, 391 40, 950 . 2969	88, 063 112, 570 104, 481 77, 100 13, 317 66, 200 48, 201 17, 999 . 2969	82, 705 106, 749 106, 985 78, 825 18, 848 48, 466 32, 205 16, 261 . 2961	. 2962
Ore (lead content): Mine production Receipts by smelters, domestic ore do	30, 386 32, 919	33, 523 33, 770	29, 160 30, 537	29, 542 32, 769	30, 660 30, 697	29, 458 30, 388	30, 715 32, 660	31, 137 31, 557	29, 051 28, 793	28, 472 30, 753	26, 444 27, 339	7 26, 164 27, 709	26, 177 27, 637
Refined (primary refineries): Production	42, 791 45, 818 31, 837	51, 521 40, 970 37, 718	49, 806 48, 261 35, 686	48, 651 39, 370 43, 560	47, 295 35, 529 52, 760	45, 423 36, 811 58, 949	47, 993 42, 242 62, 371	46, 729 39, 487 69, 608	43, 187 48, 914 63, 879	36, 880 44, 140 56, 569	40, 210 35, 652 61, 017	38, 022 40, 836 58, 103	
dol. per lb Imports, total, except mfrs. (lead content)	. 1600	. 1440	. 1416	. 1413	. 1419	. 1350	. 1340	. 1268	. 1275	. 1341	. 1368	. 1400	. 1374
Tin: short tons. Production, pig\$ long tons. Consumption, pig, total\$ do. Primary\$ do. Stocks, pig, end of month, total\$ do. Government\$ do. Industrial\$ do.	2, 686 6, 399 4, 200 25, 314 15, 534 9, 780	59, 392 3, 612 7, 261 4, 709 24, 840 14, 266 10, 574	41, 305 4, 210 6, 636 4, 311 24, 321 13, 659 10, 662	85, 133 4, 027 6, 965 4, 499 25, 993 13, 265 12, 728	48, 002 4, 250 7, 410 4, 809 22, 504 10, 589 11, 915	3, 592 7, 012 4, 441 19, 433 8, 003 11, 430	36, 410 4, 071 7, 788 5, 162 17, 629 5, 206 12, 423	42, 810 3, 968 7, 680 5, 192 16, 029 4, 402 11, 627	3, 286 7, 562 4, 985 13, 592 2, 135 11, 457	4, 989 13, 391 1, 935	r 30, 796		
Imports: Ore (tin content) Bars, blocks, pigs, etc. Price, wholesale, Straits (N. Y.) John Der Ib Zinc:	1, 136 7, 686 1, 2138	4, 869 6, 883 1, 2123	2, 177 5, 850 1, 2127	3, 277 7, 180 1, 2147	3, 862 7, 703 1, 2150	4, 101 5, 251 1. 2150	4, 573 6, 686 1. 2140	1, 915 7, 229 1. 0111	2, 017 6, 739 . 9746	4, 230 5, 495 . 9295	2, 798 5, 821 . 8163	1, 214 6, 992 . 8068	. 8231
Mine production of recoverable zinc_short_tons_Slab zinc: Production	48, 748 76, 019 78, 129 69, 343 94, 541	53, 346 80, 588 79, 787 71, 659 95, 342	48, 899 78, 563 90, 756 81, 439 83, 149	49, 789 81, 363 77, 352 71, 175 87, 160	54, 035 81, 994 80, 679 77, 573 88, 475	76, 899 71, 710 67, 729 93, 664	51, 803 83, 485 77, 285 72, 388 99, 864	51, 335 80, 459 86, 043 78, 211 94, 280	47, 940 82, 422 84, 250 75, 648 92, 452	46, 413 81, 617 76, 784 72, 612 97, 285	42, 252 80, 825 74, 204 69, 498 103, 906	41, 034 83, 241 69, 250 65, 450 117, 897	40, 647 81, 144 57, 547 55, 167 141, 494
dol. per lb. Imports, total (zinc content)	. 1398 14, 976 1, 357 4, 468	. 1330 21, 322 2, 939 6, 105	. 1250 23, 235 2, 555 7, 027	.1250 27, 232 1, 532 3, 686	. 1259 27, 658 911 6, 804	.1148 27, 475 984 7, 837	. 1103 54, 767 3, 859 29, 020	.1100 51, 609 473 26, 601	.1100 75, 808 338 47, 708	.1100 102, 632 143 64, 206	.1100 66, 834 182 41, 600	.1098 54, 950 49 38, 882	. 1018
Blocks, pigs, etcdo HEATING APPARATUS, EXCEPT ELECTRIC	9, 151	12, 278	13, 653	22, 014	19, 943	18, 654	21, 888	24, 535	27, 762	38, 283	25, 052	16, 019	

Boilers, radiators and convectors, cast iron:
Boilers (round and square):
Shipments.....thous. of lb.
Stocks, end of month.....do.
Radiation:
Shipmentso.....thous. of sq. ft...
Stocks, end of montho.....do... 4, 729 5, 032 4, 962 4, 199 3, 814 3, 422 2, 634 4, 044 2, 621 4, 028 2, 435 4, 625 1, 740 5, 310 1, 821 6, 745 2, 590 3, 859 2, 477 9, 085 * Revised. ** Preliminary. \$Substituted series. Compiled by the U. S. Department of Interior, Bureau of Mines; monthly data beginning January 1951 are available upon request. Government stocks represent those available for industrial use. 3 Data beginning June 1953 are compiled by The Institute of Boiler and Radiator Manufacturers and represent substantially complete coverage of shipments of cast iron radiators and convectors.

11, 522 60, 568

12, 955 65, 219

10, 990 73, 761

9, 286 83, 423

12, 831 89, 479

14, 088 54, 618

29, 455 63, 833

33, 552 55, 159

23, 088 51, 470

		19:	52						1953				
Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber
	ME	TALS	AND I	MANUI	FACTU	RES—	Contin	ued	···.	<u></u>			
HEATING APPARATUS♂—Continued													
Boilers, range, shipmentsnumber_Oil burners:	22, 245	20, 957	19, 220	19, 941	26, 768	24,737	29, 828	29, 873	25, 667				
Orders, unfilled, end of month do do do	66, 080 104, 128	57, 874 119, 401	42, 595 72, 884	37, 505 53, 272	37, 658 49, 026	43, 469 45, 345	38, 986 56, 336	48, 960 53, 904	53, 657 64, 173	74, 416	79, 735	95, 444	
Stocks, end of monthdoStoves and ranges, domestic cooking, excl. electric:	43, 016	36, 099	39, 473	46, 781	49, 915	58, 324	67, 262	78, 784	86, 387	86, 635	81, 190	77, 745	
Shipments, totalnumber_ Coal and wooddodo Gas (incl. bungalow and combination)do	223, 296 9, 655 202, 156	266, 024 10, 523 242, 348	206, 210 8, 411 188, 626	197, 118 8, 911 178, 706	187, 745 8, 723 170, 675	205, 872 8, 089 187, 702	228, 602 8, 125 210, 048	238, 851 7, 420 220, 939	197, 483 5, 075 181, 682	179, 651 5, 435 167, 070	171, 491 5, 796 159, 515	203, 758 7, 006	
Kerosene, gasoline, and fuel oildo	11, 485	13, 153	9, 173	9, 501	8, 347	10, 081	10, 429	10, 492	10, 726	7, 146	6, 180	9, 231	
Stoves, domestic heating, shipments, totaldododo	573, 969 161, 293	669, 871 182, 654	377, 757 121, 278	197, 416 36, 401	145, 700 12, 061	124, 334 11, 735	147, 598 17, 218	137, 623 20, 782	154, 965 25, 503	216, 485 27, 617	7 297, 809 47, 056	396, 069 51, 841	
Gasdo Kerosene, gasoline, and fuel oildo Warm-air furnaces (forced-air and gravity air-flow),	246, 502 166, 173	310, 694 176, 523	175, 446 81, 033	115, 821 45, 194	57, 487 76, 152	60, 568 52, 031	78, 544 51, 836	72, 366 44, 475	78, 136 51, 326	116, 059 72, 809	153, 104 r 97, 649	221, 333 122, 895	
shipments, totalnumber	117, 238 55, 146	127, 691 59, 849	90, 639 45, 722	64, 882 33, 896	57, 778 31, 426	55, 368 29, 815	64, 115 32, 748	67, 543 37, 260	70, 814 37, 755	92, 2 94 49, 3 14	r 90, 953 r 46, 939	109, 237 54, 079	
Gas do Oil do Solid fuel do	46, 578 15, 514	51, 490 16, 352	35, 383 9, 534	26, 163 4, 823	22, 101 4, 251	21, 662 3, 891	27, 353 4, 014	26, 812 3, 471	28, 297 4, 762	36, 296 6, 684	r 38, 318 r 5, 696	47, 210 7, 948	
Water heaters, gas, shipments*do MACHINERY AND APPARATUS	179, 897	192, 831	174, 030	184, 269	191, 754	196, 601	211, 404	211, 405	185, 873	172, 243	170, 356	159, 730	
Blowers, fans, and unit heaters, quarterly:	}												
Blowers and fans, new orders thous, of dol- Unit heater group, new orders do-	33, 223 14, 545			33, 117 16, 625			41, 857 12, 223			50, 790 14, 943			
Foundry equipment (new), new orders, net 1937-39=100.	365. 9	335.8	258. 1	343.3	301.0	257.3	396.7	303.0	294. 4	446.8	440.8	633.3	317. 2
Furnaces, industrial, new orders, net: Electric processing thous. of dol. Fuel-fired (except for hot rolling steel)do	1, 412 2, 472	2, 459 1, 520	1, 241 2, 396	1, 634 3, 235	1, 655 3, 540	1, 672 3, 996	1, 301 3, 607	1, 796 3, 017	1, 799 2, 609	2, 095 2, 550	2, 241 1, 983	1,711	834 3, 003
Machine tools: New orders 1945-47 = 100.	302. 4	243.3	205. 4	225. 2	255. 8	282. 1	327, 0	276, 8	2, 609	273, 4	247.3	5, 454 7 286, 9	p 218. 9
Shipmentsdo Pumps, steam, power, centrifugal and rotary, new	368.3	357.8	342, 5	355, 0	361. 6	354. 5	375. 9	372.7	356. 0	342. 2	267. 6	r 299. 6	p 328. 7
ordersthous, of dol.	5, 258	5, 534	4, 130	6, 575	5, 752	6, 521	8, 255	7,758	4, 629	5, 690	5, 533	4,886	4,845
ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT Batteries (automotive replacement only), ship-							ŧ	i					
ments	2,874	3, 112	2, 168	1, 975	1, 571	1, 162	1, 202	1, 245	1, 455	2,004	2, 528	* 2,707	2,853
Refrigerators, indexf	69. 2 237, 541	62. 3 292, 474	77. 2 254, 297	74. 8 249, 032	93.3 255, 886	106. 0 246, 007	107. 6 329, 294	95. 7 268, 548	80. 5 252, 404	88.3 197, 506	87. 0 159, 446	63. 0 7 188, 536	227, 253
Washers do Radio sets, production do do do do do do do do do do do do do	287, 919 1 970, 109	335, 616 870, 338	298, 641 1, 037, 864	317, 914 21,498,258	282, 453 1, 093, 142	333, 601 1, 192, 439	353, 972 11,549,203	294, 960 1, 158, 936	295, 393 1, 108, 991	313, 005 11,163,831	233, 191 674, 459	296, 589 991, 637	349, 342 11,216,525
Television sets (incl. combination), productions number Insulating materials and related products:	1 755, 665	724, 117	780, 486	2 921, 086	719, 234	730, 597	1 810, 112	567, 878	481, 936	1 524, 479	316, 289	603, 760	1 770, 085
Insulating materials, sales billed, index† 1947-49=100	141.8	161, 2	154.8	176.3	174. 2	176.5	190. 2	189.1	173.9	174.4	150.0	153.0	
Fiber products: Laminated fiber products, shipments⊕	0.000	0.110	0.000	10.100	10 407	10.000	*** 070	11 000	10.000	10.000	2 070		0.000
Vulcanized fiber: Consumption of fiber paperthous, of lb	8, 223 3, 759	9, 110 4, 160	8, 956 3, 658	10, 196 4, 198	10, 427 4, 466	10,609 4,360	11,072 4,843	11, 322 4, 701	10, 268 4, 452	10, 299	8,872 4,033	8, 505 4, 197	9, 222
Shipments of vulcanized products thous, of dol	1, 380	1,694	1, 463	1, 671	1,725	1,791	1,895	1,882	1, 999	1,870	1,645	1,720	1,653
Steel conduit (rigid) and fittings, shipments short tons	25, 456	21, 171	20, 213	25, 780	21, 946	23, 188	26,058	22, 182	22, 206				
Motors and generators, quarterly: New orders, index†	149. 0			157.8			156.8						
New ordersthous. of dolthous. of dolthous.	36, 946 35, 210			36, 954 36, 541			41, 127 39, 639			46, 319 45, 863			
Direct current motors and generators, 1–200 hp: New ordersthous, of dol	9, 269			8, 807			7, 512			8, 821			
Billings do	<u> </u>			10, 152			8, 858			10, 064			
	<u>F</u>	ETRO	LEUM	, COA	L, AN	D PRC	DUCT	<u>'S</u>	1	i	<u> </u>	1	
Anthracite:	0 =21	4 010	0.405	0.150	0.000	0.005	0.004	* 00=	0.700	0.000	0.477	F 0 070	0.510
Productionthous, of short tons. Stocks in producers' storage yards, end of month thous, of short tons.	3, 761 1, 314	4, 213 1, 300	3, 405 1, 479	3, 178 1, 709	2, 626 1, 674	2, 365 1, 623	2, 284 1, 635	1, 987	2, 783 1, 608	2, 886 1, 654	2, 475 1, 726	7 2, 378 1, 759	2, 546 1, 786
Exportsdo	496	498	465	166	180	149	140	91	271	323	220	254	1,750
Retail, composite \mathcal{Q} dol. per short ton Wholesale, chestnut, f. o. b. car at mine_do	14. 219	14, 681	14. 681	16.013	26, 97 16, 013	26. 97 16. 013	26. 97 16. 013	26. 95 14. 619	25, 53 14 , 619	25, 53 14, 944	26. 16 15. 319	26, 16 r 15, 550	P 15, 754
Bituminous: Productionthous, of short tons_ Industrial consumption and retail deliveries,total	46, 885	32, 744	41, 060	42, 723	39, 445	34, 265	36, 250	37, 025	37, 255	38, 800	35, 045	40, 275	41, 095
thous, of short tons Industrial consumption, totaldo	34, 503 28, 327	38, 864 31, 928	36, 967 31, 911	41, 278 33, 982	41, 424 33, 428	37, 006 30, 113	37, 596 31, 840	34, 368 30, 051	31, 954 29, 230	31, 545 28, 704	32, 491 29, 289	7 33, 497 7 29, 478	34, 282 28, 957
Beehive coke ovensdo Oven-coke plantsdo	615 8, 230	509 8, 641	556 8, 447	665 8, 899	759 8, 923	712 8, 067	840 8, 956	792 8, 583	847 8, 993	767 8, 725	656 9,035	r 649 r 8, 946	581 8, 541
Cement millsdododo	679 8, 494	699 9, 582	725 9, 604	786 10, 388	764 10, 170	687 8, 877	709 9, 123	8, 618	8, 293	668 8, 758 2, 168	9, 287	682 9,390	9, 409
Railways (class I) dodosteel and rolling mills dodo	2, 852 538 6 010	3, 128 623 8, 746	3, 031 653 8, 905	3, 046 698 9, 500	2, 833 679	2, 448 617 8, 705	2, 560 625 9, 027	2, 413 559 8, 499	2, 334 474 7, 507	2, 168 454 7, 164	2, 191 449 6, 085	2, 227 424 7, 160	2, 134 421 7, 202
Other industrial do Retail deliveries do do do do do do do do do do do do do	6, 919 6, 176	8, 746 6, 936	8, 895 5, 056	7, 296			9, 027 5, 756	8, 422 4, 317	7, 597 2, 724	2, 841	6, 985 3, 202	4, 019	7, 203 5, 325
r Revised. p Preliminary. 1 Represents 5 v ♂Revisions for January–July 1952 will be shown	vecks' prod	uction.	2 Represo	nts 6 week	3' product:	ien. guinment	producers l	has been et	rtailed by	the Bures	n of the Ca	mene. Aata	hoginning

^{**}Revised. **p Preliminary. 1 Represents 5 weeks' production. 2 Represents 6 weeks' production. 3 Revisions for January-July 1952 will be shown later. The survey covering all heating and cooking equipment producers has been curtailed by the Bureau of the Census; data beginning June 1953 are estimated industry totals based on reports from manufacturers representing over 95 percent of the industry (except for shipments of coal and wood heating stoves and oil burners which are based on reports from producers accounting for over 91 percent of the total).

*New series. Compiled by the *Gas Appliance Manufacturers' Association* beginning June 1953 and by the *U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, for earlier months; data represent total shipments of gas water heaters based on reports from manufacturers representing 98 percent of the total industry. Monthly data prior to August 1952 will be shown later.

†Revised series, reflecting use of new base period; data prior to August 1952 will be shown later.

‡Radio production comprises home, portable battery, automobile, and clock models; television sets include combination models. Data for September 1952 and March, June, and September 1952, 6 weeks; other months, 4 weeks.

• Prevised to represent weighted average price of anthracite stove based on quotations in 6 cities as follows: Baltimore, Boston, Laconia (N. H.), Madison (Wis.), Middletown (Conn.), and New York.

Septem-												
ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber
PETRO	LEUM	, COA	L, AN	D PRO	DUCT	S—Co	ntinued	l				•
75 83, 298	77 77, 951	76 75, 970	38 76, 745	73, 346	9 71, 385	9 70, 235	73 70, 531	79 72, 912	73 76, 026	72 74, 752	73 77, 997	80, 978
81, 492 15, 728	76, 369 14, 437	74, 212 13, 637	75, 036 14, 430	71, 857 13, 400	70, 110 13, 381	69, 187 13, 276	69, 473 13, 408	71, 660 13, 897	74, 475 14 545	73, 153 13, 221	7 76, 387	79, 3 45 15, 883
1, 746 37, 722	1, 624 36, 393	1, 607 36, 195	1, 540 35, 891	1, 362 34, 771	1, 245 33, 906	1, 106 33, 926	1, 057 34, 649	1, 106 35, 880	1, 226 36, 955	1, 197 37, 767	1, 341 38, 758	1, 454 39, 713
1, 236	1, 156	1,085	1,089	983	943	940	922	935	961	918	919	2, 639 956 18, 700
1,806	1,582	1,758	1, 709	1, 489	1, 275	1,048	1, 058	1, 252	1, 551	1, 599	1,610	1,633
a 3, 765	3,010	2, 981	2, 330	2, 207	1, 584	1, 575	3, 150	3, 437	3, 516	3, 441	3, 830	
				15, 03	15.03	15, 04	14. 95	14.75	14. 71	14.81	14.83	
5. 655 6. 680	6. 016 6. 951	6. 028 7. 020	6. 032 7. 064	5. 931 7. 076	5. 923 7. 058	5. 857 6. 853	5, 831 6, 446	5. 810 6. 428	5. 796 6. 491	5, 796 6. 572	7 5. 698 7 6. 6 65	₽ 5, 698 ₽ 6, 719
r 5, 805	6, 117	5, 961	6, 264	6, 284	5, 681	6, 299	6,032	6, 282	6, 127	6, 340	r 6, 311	6, 032
2,838	2, 541	2, 445	2, 177	2, 075	1, 995	1, 973	2,009	2, 135	2, 129	2, 221	r 2, 376	2, 475
2, 132 706	1, 957 583	1, 920 524	1, 736 441	1, 672 402	1,641 354	1, 581 392	1, 541 467	1,606 529	1, 572 557	7 1, 529 692	1,598 778	1, 624 851
52	41	62	103 54	51	43	39	52	53	53	39	48	
14. 75	14. 75	14. 75	14. 75	14. 75	14. 75	14. 75	14. 75	14. 75	14. 75	14, 75	14.75	14.75
												ļ
1, 677 195, 528	1,790 202,044	1, 773 194, 611	1, 690 205, 645	1, 957 203, 214	1, 828 183, 736	1, 807 202, 458	2, 059 193, 389	2, 378 r 198, 086	1, 973 197, 837	2, 468 204, 701		
210, 510	213, 358	211, 456	215, 504	218, 288	195, 133	217, 073	203, 425	217, 074	212, 433	220, 197	222, 048	
264, 723 65, 241	269, 776 66, 084	267, 852 63, 777	271, 928 66, 275	272, 250 65, 902	273, 589 66, 451	275, 665 69, 077	280, 487 71, 181	280, 308 71, 011	283, 715 73, 527	284, 976 74, 269		
181, 580 17, 902	185, 900 17, 792	185, 625 18, 450	187, 852 17, 801	188, 480 17, 868	189, 163 17, 975	188, 897 17, 691	191, 494 17, 812	191, 556 17, 741	191, 879 18, 309	192, 450 18, 257	192, 366 19, 004	
1,664 a 18,632	1, 526 20, 135	1, 805 16, 823	2, 960 20, 141	2, 211 18, 507	2, 011 16, 292	2, 171 20, 221	2, 833 18, 516	1, 611 20, 729	1,824 21,559	1, 232 19, 175	1, 321 19, 125	
2. 570	2, 570	2, 570	2. 570	2. 570	2. 570	2. 570	2, 570	2. 570	2. 820	2, 820	2.820	2.820
36, 887	45, 183 37, 321	45, 310 38, 984	46, 768 40, 351	47, 379 40, 515	42, 153 35, 704	46, 157 38, 931	42, 730 36, 572	43, 393 37, 120	43, 860 37, 151	7 44, 682 37, 942	44, 539 37, 894	
28, 836 41, 267	39, 347 50, 395	47, 176 48, 304	60, 535 60, 109	63, 778 57, 557	52, 552 48, 531	50, 773 52, 769	38, 533 47, 192	28, 574 44, 729	30, 389 43, 045	7 25, 140 7 41, 330	26, 435 41, 362	
6, 047 2, 618	7, 160	7, 772 2, 622	8, 598 2, 516	7, 702 2, 055	6, 809 1, 831	8, 083 1, 884	7, 152 1, 757	6, 087 1, 735	6, 116 1, 938	6, 347 2,008		6, 155
6, 342	6, 975	6, 354	6, 782	7,403	5, 924	6, 774	7,075	7,090	6,747	6, 720	6, 531	
117, 252 56, 200	120, 721 53, 052	116, 096 53, 069	99, 582 48, 706	1 80, 655 45, 910	67, 167 44, 178	59, 802 41, 600	61, 349 39, 572	73, 706 41, 795	84, 504 43, 801	* 102, 394 * 47, 966		
a 3, 269 1, 194	2, 840 1, 373	2, 949 1, 271	2, 546 1, 292	2, 135 1, 367	3, 673 1, 339	3, 091 1, 724	2, 942 1, 972	2, 592 1, 591	2,715 1,646	2, 143 1, 400	1, 460 1, 728	
008	008	008	008	008	008	008	900	003	003	003	003	p.093
. 900	. 900	. 900	. 900	. 900	. 850	. 850	. 850	. 850	. 950	1.050	1.100	p 1. 100
7, 156	12, 230	12, 455	13, 061 17, 829 26, 842	13, 434 17, 066	11, 313 13, 884 20, 468	11, 135 12, 092 18, 697	8, 256	5, 603	5, 467	5, 982	4,945	
655	358	358	372	325	429	728	857	500	904	404	384	
. 108	. 108	. 108	. 108	. 108	. 108	. 108	. 108	. 103	. 103	. 103	. 103	p. 103
3, 433 9, 745	4, 940 3, 711 9, 869	2,800	4, 416 2, 993 11, 021	3,032	2,931	3, 229	3,625	3, 444 10, 873	4, 293 3, 470 10, 611	3,905	4, 627 3, 646 9, 684	
a 1, 070	1,054	938	908	890	628	1, 127	919	1,012	1,020	1,105	1, 084	
	75 83, 298 81, 492 15, 728 1, 746 37, 722 3, 487 1, 236 21, 573 1, 806 23, 765 5, 655 6, 680 7, 355 7, 5, 805 323 2, 838 2, 132 706 97 752 14, 75 1, 677 195, 528 210, 510 264, 723 65, 241 181, 580 17, 902 1, 664 21, 677 2, 618 6, 342 117, 252 56, 200 23, 269 1, 194 .098 .900 10, 498 7, 156 35, 021 655 .108 4, 694 3, 433 9, 745 21, 070 .270	75 77 83, 298 77, 951 81, 492 76, 369 15, 728 14, 437 1, 746 1, 624 37, 722 36, 393 3, 487 3, 041 1, 236 1, 156 21, 573 19, 718 1, 806 1, 582 -3, 765 3, 010 5. 655 6, 016 6. 680 6, 951 7, 355 75, 805 7, 805 6, 117 323 314 2, 838 2, 541 2, 132 1, 957 706 706 583 97 52 41 14. 75 14. 75 1, 677 1, 790 195, 528 97 52 41 14. 75 14. 75 1, 677 2, 1, 957 706 98, 202, 044 98 210, 510 213, 358 264, 723 269, 776 65, 241 66, 084 181, 580 183, 900 17, 902 17, 792 1, 664 1, 526 - 18, 632 20, 135 2, 570 2, 570 45, 053 45, 183 36, 887 37, 321 28, 836 45, 183 36, 887 37, 321 28, 836 39, 347 41, 267 50, 395 6, 047 7, 160 2, 618 6, 975 117, 252 120, 721 56, 200 53, 052 - 3, 269 2, 840 1, 194 1, 373 . 098 . 990 10, 498 10, 919 7, 156 203 35, 021 33, 289 655 358 . 108 108 4, 694 4, 940 3, 433 3, 711 9, 745 9, 869 - 1, 070 1, 054 . 270 . 260	75	75	75	75 77 76 38 11 9 83, 298 77, 951 75, 970 76, 745 73, 346 71, 385 81, 492 76, 369 74, 212 75, 936 71, 887 70, 110 1, 746 1, 624 14, 437 13, 467 14, 430 13, 340 13, 381 3, 17, 722 36, 303 36, 195 35, 801 34, 771 33, 906 21, 236 1, 156 1, 585 1, 768 1, 769 1, 489 1, 743 1, 806 1, 582 1, 758 1, 709 1, 489 1, 273 3, 765 3, 010 2, 981 2, 330 2, 207 1, 584 1, 806 6, 951 7, 702 7, 064 7, 076 7, 038 5, 655 6, 016 6, 028 6, 032 5, 931 5, 923 6, 680 6, 117 5, 961 6, 264 7, 284 5, 81 7, 355 328 356 427 483 451 5, 931 7, 385 <td> Total Property</td> <td> To To To To To To To To</td> <td> S3, 298</td> <td> To To To To To To To To</td> <td>7.5 7.7 7.6 38 11 9 9 9 7.3 7.9 7.3 7.2 83. 298 77, 951 75, 970 76, 745 73, 346 71, 385 70, 235 70, 531 72, 912 76, 926 74, 732 81. 402 76, 360 74, 212 75, 156 71, 877 70, 110 69, 187 69, 473 71, 600 774, 475 73, 153 81. 402 76, 360 74, 212 75, 156 17, 877 70, 110 69, 187 69, 473 71, 600 774, 475 73, 153 81. 402 76, 360 36, 150 71, 877 71, 877 70, 110 69, 187 69, 473 71, 600 774, 475 73, 153 81. 402 77, 921 14, 157 13, 10, 177 14, 10, 12, 10, 12, 12, 12, 13, 13, 13, 13, 13, 14, 14, 157 14, 157 13, 15</td> <td>7.75</td>	Total Property	To To To To To To To To	S3, 298	To To To To To To To To	7.5 7.7 7.6 38 11 9 9 9 7.3 7.9 7.3 7.2 83. 298 77, 951 75, 970 76, 745 73, 346 71, 385 70, 235 70, 531 72, 912 76, 926 74, 732 81. 402 76, 360 74, 212 75, 156 71, 877 70, 110 69, 187 69, 473 71, 600 774, 475 73, 153 81. 402 76, 360 74, 212 75, 156 17, 877 70, 110 69, 187 69, 473 71, 600 774, 475 73, 153 81. 402 76, 360 36, 150 71, 877 71, 877 70, 110 69, 187 69, 473 71, 600 774, 475 73, 153 81. 402 77, 921 14, 157 13, 10, 177 14, 10, 12, 10, 12, 12, 12, 13, 13, 13, 13, 13, 14, 14, 157 14, 157 13, 15	7.75

^{*} Revised. P Preliminary. 1 New basis. Comparable data for December 1952 (thousand barrels): Distillate fuel, 98,895; kerosene, 27,529.

Revisions for 1952, not heretofore published, are as follows (units as above): Fituminous coal, exports—May, 4,890; June, 4,910; July, 4,026; crude petroleum, imports—January, 16,464; February, 14,236; March, 14,405; June, 17,327; July, 17,831; fuel oil, distillate, exports—April, 2,879; lubricants, exports—June, 1,300.

†Revised series. Data represent weighted averages based on quotations in 26 cities for all sizes of bituminous coal.

	1	1959											
Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the	Septem-	19	Novem-	Decem-	_ 1	Febru-	35 1		1953	<u>.</u>			Septem-
1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	ber	October	ber	ber	January	ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	ber
	PETRO	LEUM	, COA	L, ANI) PRO	DUCT	S—Cor	ıtinued	[
PETROLEUM AND PRODUCTS—Continued													
Refined petroleum products—Continued Motor fuel:													
Gasoline (including aviation): Production, totalsthous, of bbl Gasoline and naphtha from crude oils	105, 225	105, 907	104, 772	107, 581	107, 413	96, 796	105, 897	101, 389	107, 243	106, 943	114, 123	114, 321	
thous, of bbl Natural gasoline used at refineriesdo	93, 114 9, 186	93, 563 9, 759	92, 720 9, 317	95, 097 9, 451	95, 609 9, 292	86, 221 8, 378 2, 197	93, 963 8, 930	90, 359 8, 088	96, 091 8, 255	95, 051 8, 948	7 101, 563 9, 511	101, 833 9, 502	
Natural gasoline sold to jobbers do Domestic demand	2, 925 100, 095	2, 585 103, 689	2, 735 91, 326	3, 033 95, 817	2, 512 89, 634	2, 197 86, 458	3, 004 98, 158	2, 942 102, 044	2, 897 105, 918	2, 944 114, 703	3, 049 112, 960	2, 986 109, 124	
Finished gasoline do do do do do do do do do do do do do		111, 770 58, 180	121, 645 63, 809	127, 792 70, 581	141, 746 79, 746	149, 069 87, 232	153, 315 89, 513	148, 924 84, 695	147, 371 82, 322 9, 044	137, 863 78, 429	135, 724 75, 545	137, 972 77, 262	
Unfinished gasolinedo Natural gasoline and allied products _ do Exportsdo	8, 925	8, 292 8, 890 2, 396	7, 864 8, 584 3, 447	8, 236 7, 807 3, 970	8, 772 7, 575 2, 652	8, 804 7, 748 2, 349	9, 416 8, 268 2, 513	9, 108 8, 849 3, 239	9, 044 10, 359 2, 185	8, 333 11, 054 2, 018	8, 192 11, 253 4, 113	8, 078 11, 959 2, 509	
Prices, gasoline: Wholesale, refinery (Oklahoma, group 3)		,	,			·				ì	4, 113		
Wholesale, regular grade (N. Y.) do	.104	. 104 . 129 . 202	. 104 . 129 . 201	. 104 . 129 . 203	. 104 . 129 . 203	.104 .129 .206	.104 .129 .208	.104 .129 .206	. 104 . 129 . 206	. 104 . 129 . 221	. 114 . 142 . 222	. 114 . 142 . 220	p. 114 p. 142 , 220
Aviation gasoline: Production, totalthous. of bbl	1 - 7, 001	r 7, 442	77,342	7,476	r 6, 967	r 6, 597	7, 341	7, 263	7, 907	7, 811	7, 793	8, 153	
100-octane and above	1 r 5, 549 1 r 8, 267 1 r 4, 280	7 6, 458 7 8, 558 7 4, 827	r 5, 973 r 8, 594 r 4, 611	7 6, 050 7 9, 283 7 4, 851	7 5, 992 7 9, 673 5, 241	5, 815 9, 425 4, 887	5, 942 9, 882 5, 168	6, 065 9, 601 4, 910	6, 748 9, 828 5, 348	6, 830 9, 163 4, 900	6, 568 9, 516 5, 253	7, 013 9, 941 5, 700	
Asphalt:⊙ Productiondo Stocks, refinery, end of monthdo	8, 113 4, 157	7, 739 3, 797	5, 493 5, 007	4, 118 6, 321	3, 890 7, 525	3, 921 8, 687	4, 689 9, 732	5, 330 10, 473	6, 451 10, 834	7, 680 9, 586	8, 243 8, 429	8, 366	
Wax: Productionthous. of lb_	105,000	113, 120	106, 680	113, 400	105, 840	99, 680	121, 800	118, 720	122, 920	123, 480	111, 440	7, 094 111, 160	
Stocks, refinery, end of monthdo Asphalt products, shipments: Asphalt roofing, totalthous. of squares	168, 000	158, 480 6, 765	156, 520 4, 241	161,000 2,918	160, 440 3, 111	150, 360 2, 966	148, 400 3, 800	140, 840 5, 161	142, 800 5, 390	141, 680 5, 192	140, 840 5, 505	146, 720 6, 327	5, 855
Roll roofing and cap sheet: Smooth-surfaceddo	1, 332	1, 438	943	670	721	669	817	1,062	1,029	1,018	1, 210	1, 413	1, 265
Mineral-surfaced do- Shingles, all types do- Asphalt sidings do-	1, 570 3, 526 195	1, 661 3, 666 230	1, 033 2, 265 170	773 1, 475 123	$767 \\ 1,623 \\ 131$	695 1, 602 114	886 2, 097 105	1, 078 3, 022 120	1, 197 3, 164 109	1, 108 3, 066 98	1, 147 3, 148 119	1, 346 3, 568 144	1. 338 3. 252 154
Saturated felts short tons	61, 432	67, 533	52, 472	40, 598	46, 292	43, 423	50, 646	64, 339	62, 520	57, 264	59, 738	71,876	63, 185
		PUI	LP, PA	PER,	AND I	PRINT	ING						
PULPWOOD AND WASTE PAPER													
Pulpwood: Receiptsthous. of cords (128 cu.ft.).	2, 355	2, 255	2, 150	2, 247	2, 432	2, 283	2, 260	1, 987	1, 875	2, 259	* 2, 436	2, 697	
Consumption do Stocks, end of month do Waste paper:		2, 351 5, 917	2, 224 5, 843	2, 131 5, 929	2, 367 6, 006	2, 148 6, 132	2, 405 5, 989	2, 375 5, 598	2, 406 5, 063	2, 370 4, 947	2, 176 r 5, 205		
Receipts short tons Consumption do Stocks, end of month do	693, 247 698, 420	786, 664 775, 224	685, 279 704, 127	696, 981 666, 765	687, 220 708, 058	647, 080 682, 469	742, 150 741, 071	762, 156 750, 702	723, 385 732, 924	718, 942 734, 350	7 656, 745 633, 320	696, 141 732, 770	
WOOD PULP	496, 775	510, 317	492, 249	521, 737	509, 058	476, 575	474, 106	484, 184	473, 084	456, 525	r 480, 559	430, 677	
Production: Total, all gradesthous. of short tons.	1, 310	1, 461	1, 394	1, 346	1, 483	1, 356	1, 512	1, 467	1, 518	1, 483	1, 352	r 1, 546	1, 448
Dissolving and special alphashort tons.	60, 401	65, 441 761, 522	59, 762 739, 059	49, 548 700, 304	58, 871 784, 840	49, 214 715, 468	56, 401 810, 905	51, 686 783, 586	57, 914 812, 940	63, 469 800, 485	45, 587 724, 651	68, 163 7 844, 347	64, 270 776, 254
Sulphiae (paper grades) do Soda do Groundwood do Defibrated, exploded, etc. do	186, 823 32, 320 187, 254	205, 110 36, 628 204, 312	190, 129 35, 173 189, 874	186, 072 36, 004 195, 395	205, 504 36, 875 210, 319	186, 191 34, 782 192, 325	203, 364 37, 084 206, 012	200, 232 33, 717 201, 951	201, 416 35, 828 209, 324	188, 431 35, 639 199, 893	168, 730 31, 325 190, 159	7 192, 556 37, 544 205, 005	183, 200 35, 531 192, 932
Stocks, own purp at purp mins, end of month:		94, 631	91, 463	89, 521	93, 629	88, 308	89, 186	99, 431	99, 650	98, 260	97, 351	92, 031	96, 092
Total, all grades short tons Sulphate (paper grades) do Sulphite (paper grades) do	146, 712 42, 769 32, 722	149, 404 42, 786 31, 489	154, 700 43, 809 32, 513	154, 327 47, 159 29, 111	164, 777 46, 920 35, 175	158, 036 39, 166 32, 592	165, 367 42, 186 36, 738	164, 671 41, 427 40, 609	173, 013 41, 965 42, 354	175, 179 36, 343 42, 988	154, 215 36, 725 38, 319	7 163, 100 42, 459 7 37, 636	152, 930 40, 491 28, 206
Sulphite (paper grades) do Soda do Groundwood do	2, 321 26, 681	2, 282 22, 563	2, 641 22, 394	2, 403 25, 115	$1,861 \\ 28,094$	1, 936 31, 683	2, 190 33, 052	1, 711 34, 740	1, 348 37, 271	1, 497 35, 187	1, 582 32, 525	1,874 31,204	2, 677 27, 538
Exports, all grades, total do_ Imports, all grades, total do_	11, 388 162, 273	11, 560 170, 340	11, 712 200, 853	12, 031 223, 596	13, 489 191, 287	6, 228 170, 648	10, 449 167, 154	12, 646 175, 608	8, 672 191, 660	11, 885 198, 103	13, 285 164, 819	9, 236 186, 928	
Dissolving and special alphadododododo	61, 045	25, 272 63, 100 55, 403	23, 787 73, 992 72, 840	20, 672 85, 810 91, 096	19, 387 81, 119 66, 125	16, 415 72, 752 58, 599	20, 359 69, 852 55, 693	21, 523 71, 088 62, 430	20, 354 83, 397 61, 564	23, 614 84, 371 61, 293	23, 848 64, 004 52, 050	79, 701 62, 304	
Soda do Groundwood do	2, 494	2, 257 23, 593	2, 298 27, 107	2, 623 22, 731	2, 560 21, 302	2, 427 19, 664	3, 205 17, 278	3, 030 16, 694	2, 429 23, 462	2, 604 25, 572	2, 499 21, 853	2, 594 19, 380	
PAPER AND PAPER PRODUCTS													
All paper and paperboard mills: Paper and paperboard production, total thous, of short tons.	2, 027	2, 279	2, 104	2, 023	2, 205	2,066	2, 281	2, 265	2, 263	2, 263	2.042	2.907	
Paper (incl. building paper)do Paperboarddo	969 941	1, 080 1, 075	992 997	977 936	1, 053 1, 032	987 967	1,077 1,076	1,084 1,056	1,085 1,052	1,067 1,071	981 941	1,081 1,099	
Building board dodo	_l 118	124	115	109	119	112	128	125	126	125	120	117	·

r Revisions for January—August 1952 are as follows (thous. bbl.): Production—total—6,511; 6,206; 6,996; 6,185; 5,163; 6,066; 6,725; 7,237; 100-octane and above—5,480; 5,002; 5,873; 5,195; 4,358; 5,147; 5,584; 6,104; stocks—total—8,501; 8,547; 8,622; 7,676; 7,961; 7,48; 7,427; 8,018; 100-octane and above—July, 3,920; August, 4,496.
§Comparable data for January—July 1952 are available upon request.
©Prior to the October 1953 Survey, data were shown in short tons (5.5 bbl. per ton).

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through	1	1	952						1953	,			
1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ar y	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber
	PU	LP, P	APER,	AND	PRINT	ING—	Contin	ued 					
PAPER AND PAPER PRODUCTS—Con.	1												
Paper, excl. building paper, newsprint, and paper-									<u> </u>				
board (American Paper and Pulp Association): Orders, newshort tons_ Orders, unfilled, end of monthdo	806, 359 775, 071	890, 965 807, 502	759, 399 765, 444	824, 431 793, 397	886, 474 817, 728	811, 295 820, 807	922, 907 866, 131	856, 801 853, 842	856, 552 837, 262	r 857, 394 r 841, 175	r 852, 239 r 899, 416	846, 000 886, 245	872, 000 914, 795
Production doShipments do	756, 433 749, 676	850, 605 858, 541	798, 316 800, 447	800, 190 796, 778	874, 859 862, 142	809, 914 803, 669	882, 601 877, 582	881, 403 869, 011	872, 696 873, 123	7 852, 103 7 853, 480	7 785, 661 7 793, 993	860, 245 859, 000	852, 000 852, 000
Stocks, end of monthdo Fine paper:	428, 169	421, 514	420, 669	424, 307	437, 021	439, 583	444, 322	456, 707	456, 255	r 490, 105	r 481, 777	482, 700	480, 840
Orders, newdo Orders, unfilled, end of monthdo	91, 582 47, 201	105, 800 44, 011	92, 300 38, 408	92, 205 37, 023	104, 433 41, 996	100, 915 42, 247	114, 747 48, 125	111, 120 49, 915	103, 939 44, 030	r 106, 914 44, 180	r 110, 108 r 60, 482	106, 000 57, 450	98, 000 54, 500
Production do Shipments do do do do do do do do do do do do do	100, 268 93, 032	111, 288 108, 990	98, 393 96, 903	95, 799 93, 590	104, 212 99, 460	99, 778 96, 998	108, 326 108, 867	111, 896 109, 255	112, 343 109, 820	r 108, 556 r 106, 764	r 91, 846 r 93, 799	113, 000 109, 000	103, 000 101, 000
Stocks, end of monthdodo	100, 109	102, 407	103, 897	106, 106	110, 858	109, 930	109, 109	111,740	114, 265	r 116, 057	^r 114, 104	118, 100	116, 000
Orders, newdo Orders, unfilled, end of monthdo	298, 047 464, 640	313, 784 486, 189	248, 823 458, 860	315, 082 486, 018	305, 091 491, 465	285, 911 495, 190	339, 405 528, 013	294, 237 518, 375	297, 385 515, 610	308, 394 524, 410	r 310, 681 r 553, 744	288, 000 528, 700	300, 000 550, 000
Productiondo Shipmentsdo	256, 921 255, 797	293, 743 292, 235	277, 372 276, 152	284, 647 287, 924	305, 873 299, 644	282, 239 281, 305	307, 094 306, 583	305, 703 303, 514	302, 870 300, 510	298, 215 299, 593	* 280, 905 * 281, 347	316, 000 313, 000	287, 000 286, 000
Stocks, end of monthdo Price, wholesale, book paper. "A" grade, Eng- lish finish, white, f. o. b. mill _dol. per 100 lb_	141, 820	143, 328	144, 548	r 141, 271	147, 500	148, 463	148, 974	151, 165	153, 525	151, 800	r 151, 358	154, 350	158, 000
Coarse paper:	13. 55	13. 55	13. 55	13. 55	13. 55	13. 55	13. 55	13. 55	13. 55	13. 72	13.80	13. 80	p 13. 80
Orders, new short tons. Orders, unfilled, end of month do	259, 527 170, 090	294, 513 184, 550	263, 053 173, 218	259, 890 175, 106	291, 690 180, 285	264, 708 178, 315	296, 149 182, 329	278, 359 173, 820	290, 418 168, 430	7 272, 040 7 164, 575	r 270, 964 r 178, 095	285, 000 194, 000	300, 000 205, 000
Productiondododo	245, 051 244, 705	272, 503 280, 050	267, 705 274, 385	259, 194 258, 302	289, 853 286, 510	266, 787 266, 678	293, 058 292, 135	287, 262 286, 865	292, 593 295, 808	7 279, 036 7 275, 893	* 256, 249 * 257, 445	268, 000 269, 000	295, 000 293, 000
Stocks, end of monthdo	130, 595	124, 480	119, 232	120, 260	123, 600	123, 705	124, 628	125, 025	121,810	r 124, 950	r 123, 757	122, 750	124, 500
Canada (incl. Newfoundland): Productiondo Shipments from millsdo	461, 508	502, 791	463, 435	463, 377	473, 640	439, 167	484, 276	480, 316	480, 239	463, 193	491, 254	484, 507	467, 431
Stocks, at mills, end of monthdo United States:	462, 404 141, 119	486, 159 157, 751	498, 987 122, 199	463, 064 122, 512	467, 627 128, 525	408, 610 159, 082	441, 512 201, 846	498, 889 183, 273	467, 656 195, 856	486, 389 172, 660	494, 212 169, 702	498, 506 155, 703	482, 598 140, 536
Consumption by publishersdo Productiondo	379, 669 92, 301	425, 981 r 97, 144	416, 974 89, 842	386, 627 86, 659	351, 775 93, 789	346, 035 82, 892	420, 956 91, 911	408, 874 88, 194	429, 562 92, 405	381, 186 90, 727	340, 044 88, 121	359, 133 90, 824	385, 386 85, 966
Shipments from millsdo Stocks, end of month:	90, 645	97, 789	90, 429	83, 007	93, 908	83, 208	94, 505	89, 004	91, 168	89, 640	90, 755	92, 295	85, 824
At mills do do do do do do do do do do do do do	9, 306 582, 209	8, 661 561, 016	8, 074 527, 525	11, 726 530, 651	11, 607 556, 022	11, 291 555, 508	8, 697 518, 985	7, 887 515, 063	9, 124 483, 059	10, 211 484, 762	7, 577 514, 320	6, 106 539, 622	6, 248 548, 537
In transit to publishers do Imports do	77, 578 422, 887	69, 364 432, 597	97, 206 410, 430	81, 258 452, 263	89, 767 391, 816	93, 225 377, 700	85, 618 422, 878	91, 272 436, 024	69, 684 405, 424	76, 270 428, 210	81, 719 404, 365	91, 010 436, 879	77, 414
Price, rolls, contract, delivered to principal ports dol. per short ton	122.00	125. 25	125. 25	125. 25	125. 25	125. 25	125. 25	125. 25	125. 25	125. 25	125.75	125.75	» 125, 75
Paperboard (National Paperboard Association): Orders, new	1, 065, 800	1, 076, 300	1, 020, 500	1, 077, 600	971, 800	968, 700	1, 156, 300	1, 101, 800	1, 040, 100	}	973, 300	1, 105, 200	1, 139, 300
Orders, unfilled, end of month do Production, total do	459, 900 955, 700	453, 000 1, 142, 200	457, 400 1, 004, 900	478, 400 1, 029, 100	455, 100 985, 500	437, 300 973, 800	567, 500 1, 072, 900	539,000	459, 800 1, 073, 400	567, 000 1, 092, 000	522, 500 939, 700	467, 400 1, 122, 400	590, 800 1, 069, 600
Percent of activity	88	96	96	85	91	95	95	95	96	93	81	98	94
Shipping containers, corrugated and solid fiber, shipments mil. sq. ft. surface area.	6,780	7, 518	6, 828	6, 771	6, 363	6, 398	7, 292	7,059	6, 806	7, 012	6, 459	7, 041	7, 198
Folding paper boxes, value: New orders1947-49=100	163. 0	174. 1	146. 8	147. 4	160. 7	154. 9	183. 1	169. 4	162. 5	174. 6	162. 6	176. 9	160. 5
Shipmentsdo	158.0	170.8	141. 6	147. 4	148. 0	138. 4	158. 6	153. 4	152. 7	155. 6	143. 9	158.4	169. 2
PRINTING													
Book publication, totalnumber of editions_ New booksdo	949 796	1, 118 930	1, 263 1, 034	893 709	814 629	1,031 811	1, 031 805	852 701	1, 359 1, 069	993 815	736 568	1, 014 800	844 738
New editionsdo	153	188	229	184	185	220	226	151	290	178	168	214	106
		RUBE	BER A	ND RU	BBER	PROL	OUCTS						
RUBBER Natural rubber:													
Consumption long tons	39, 274 84, 190	45, 110 82, 861	41, 749 86, 243	44, 790 95, 260	47, 766 97, 730	45, 231 94, 151	50, 707 98, 627	49, 375 108, 892	46, 889 113, 532	48, 224 112, 959	43, 929 118, 825	r 43, 732 r 119, 332	45, 283 122, 876
Stocks, end of monthdo Imports, including latex and guayuledo Price, wholesale, smoked sheets (New York)	51, 034	55, 599	48, 776	78, 090	63, 921	48, 455	56, 785	60, 578	56, 126	61, 423	54, 661	44, 156	122, 370
Chamical (synthetic):	. 275	. 270	. 290	. 300	. 295	. 272	. 260	. 244	. 250	. 245	. 239	r . 234	p.235
Production long tons Consumption do Stocks, end of month do	58, 352 66, 668	62, 553 73, 963	60, 540 66, 240	65, 740 71, 635	69, 482 72, 810	66, 970 68, 888	81, 408 77, 903	82, 952 77, 221	85, 302 72, 234	80, 227 71, 751	79, 360 61, 299	68, 299 r 59, 241	60, 677 58, 457
Stocks, end of monthdo Exportsdo Reclaimed rubber:	141, 837 1, 573	133, 042 1, 525	123, 745 1, 148	118, 987 1, 323	117, 875 1, 487	114, 099 1, 264	116, 089 1, 713	122, 041 1, 500	132, 109 2, 299	143, 789 1, 781	159, 486 1, 923	r 169, 152 1, 996	167, 518
Production	21, 732	27, 405	22, 684	25, 606	26, 784	24, 373	27, 699	28, 714	26, 839	26, 315	23, 001	r 22, 532	23, 340
Consumption do Stocks, end of month do	23, 131 31, 430	26, 830 31, 463	22, 896 30, 176	24, 300 30, 664	25, 356 31, 244	24, 098 30, 631	27, 334 30, 280	26, 483 31, 263	25, 213 31, 763	24, 637 32, 791	23, 414 31, 506	⁷ 22, 666 ⁷ 30, 318	22, 181 30, 238
TIRES AND TUBES													
Pneumatic casings: Production thousands.	7, 387	8, 635	7, 361	7, 920	8, 238	8 236	9, 407	9, 262	8, 987	8, 572	8, 173	7,416	
Shipments, total do Original equipment do	8, 044 2, 827	7, 888 3, 200	5, 820 2, 665	6, 214 2, 916	7, 882 3, 004	8, 236 7, 243 3, 263	8, 256 3, 570	8, 913 3, 798	8, 942 3, 200	9, 279 3, 537	9, 555 3, 616	8, 798 3, 130	
Replacement equipmentdo	5, 075 142	4, 574 114	3, 069 86	3, 161 137	4, 794 84	3, 895 85	4, 598	5, 001 115	5, 604 139	5, 601 142	5, 793 146	5, 523 145	
Export. do	9, 963 154	10, 821 95	12, 272 85	14, 110 95	14, 118 86	15, 295 121	16, 456 96	16, 872 112	16, 973 135	16, 259 137	14, 883 137	13, 550 142	
Inner tubes: Productiondo	5, 389	6, 217	5, 115	5, 642	6, 130	6, 428	7, 470	7, 544	6, 940	7, 035	6, 395	5, 679	
Shipments do Stocks, end of month do	5, 981 10, 304	5, 892 10, 386	4, 573 10, 910	4, 863 12, 036	7, 538 10, 169	6, 364 10, 308	6, 555 11, 242	6, 760 12, 155	6, 586 12, 5 92	6, 907 12, 811	7, 302 12, 097	6, 529 10, 228	
Exportsdo	104	55	60	48	46	49	69	80	80	59	65	57	
Revised. Preliminary.	-												·

r Revised. Preliminary.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	Septem- ber	October	Novem-	Decem-	January	Febru-	March	April	1953 May	June	July	August	Septem-
.,	1	[CLAV	ber		ary							ber
		ONE,	CLAI	, AND	GLAS	os Pro	DDUC	15	,				
ABRASIVE PRODUCTS													
Coated abrasive paper and cloth, shipments reams	174, 449	182, 612	176, 845	164, 085	168, 910	184, 754	193, 830	206, 348	178, 323	183, 075	172, 177	160, 350	186, 236
PORTLAND CEMENT													
Production thous, of bbl. Percent of capacity	23, 010 99 26, 240	24, 181 101 27, 222	22, 048 95 19, 771	20, 881 87 13, 740	18, 855 79 13, 520	17, 325 80 14, 155	20, 215 84 20, 813	21, 802 94 20, 891	23, 399 97 22, 924	22, 698 97 26, 400	24, 134 100 26, 480	24, 289 101 27, 092	23, 795 102
Shipmentsthous. of bbl_ Stocks, finished, end of monthdo Stocks, clinker, end of monthdo	9, 584 5, 352	6, 546 4, 360	8, 823 4, 329	15, 957 5, 385	21, 294 7, 445	24, 464 8, 899	23, 865 9, 706	24, 773 9, 556	25, 247 9, 215	21, 545 8, 669	19, 196 7, 679	16, 401 6, 613	27, 417 12, 823 4, 943
CLAY PRODUCTS	3,332	-,	,,,,,	,,,,,,,	,,	0,000	,,,,,,	, , , ,	0,210	0,000	1,000	0,010	1,010
Brick, unglazed:	541, 121	EE7 001	479, 951	444, 660	201 041	977 100	447 707	407.007	400.000	F00 070	FO1 000	F00 050	
Production thous, of standard brick Shipments do Price, wholesale, common, composite, f. o. b.	533, 658	557, 001 557, 890	479, 951	388, 269	391, 241 353, 088	377, 166 375, 051	447, 707 439, 031	485, 905 495, 613	499, 936 496, 994	533, 073 544, 733	521, 922 r 540, 237	526, 678 517, 921	
plantdol. per thous Clay sewer pipe, vitrified:	27. 409	27. 409	27. 409	27. 409	27. 409	27. 410	27. 577	27. 789	27. 791	27. 839	27. 957	27, 957	p 28. 097
Production short tons Shipments do	145, 352 150, 773	151, 442 160, 969	130, 372 120, 650	135, 639 98, 404	113, 227 94, 920	124, 673 106, 651	143, 156 136, 741	142, 147 135, 874	139, 598 131, 359	145, 562 140, 039	136, 631 145, 519	139, 095 148, 165	
Structural tile, unglazed: Productiondodo	81,071	80, 975	71, 635	77, 123	81, 541	73, 976	79, 890	80, 799	78, 329	80, 701	84, 175	83, 177	
Shipmentsdo	80, 295	85, 354	70, 638	63, 923	63, 050	68, 020	74, 735	80, 474	83, 583	85, 114	83, 281	76, 567	
Glass containers:													
Production thous of gross Shipments, domestic, total do-	10, 100 9, 688	10, 704 10, 119	8, 837 8, 253	8, 250 7, 889	9, 293 8, 602	9, 000 8, 510	10, 680 12, 170	10, 291 9, 242	11, 002 10, 504	10, 861 10, 225	10, 586 9, 853	11, 489 10, 646	10, 214 10, 572
General-use food: Narrow-neek fooddodo	1, 464	1, 220	722	653	862	825	1, 293	1,006	1, 284	923	824	1,090	1,649
Narrow-neek food do- Wide-mouth food (incl. packers' tumblers, jelly glasses, and fruit jars) thous of gross- Beverage (returnable and nonreturnable)	2, 736	2, 818	2, 200	2, 109	2, 485	2, 403	3, 266	2, 308	2, 909	2, 839	2, 765	3, 392	2, 984
thous. of gress Beer bottlesdo	476 768	666 570	312 530	484 714	385 535	497 572	828 883	1, 033 967	1, 149 1, 111	1, 317 1, 181	1,127 1,393	716 1, 274	440 1,104
Liquor and winedodo Medicinal and toiletdo	1, 035 2, 111	1, 380 2, 298	1, 387 2, 093	961 1, 927	$911 \\ 2,356$	929 2, 270	1, 418 3, 071	906 1,869	1,040 1,984	994 1,879	901 1,815	903 2, 048	1,098 2,077
Chemical, household and industrialdo Dairy productsdodo	772	859 307	742 264	756 285	808 260	804 212	1, 102 308	925 229	816 210	871 221	794 234	923 299	895 325
Stocks, end of monthdod	9, 594	9, 854	10, 106	10, 167	10, 427	10, 677	8, 970	9, 741	9, 909	10, 234	10, 646	11, 193	10, 526
Production thous, of dozens Shipments do	3, 816 4, 050	5, 696 6, 012	5, 191 4, 693	4, 960 4, 428	5, 975 5, 399	6, 387 5, 541	6, 778 5, 908	6, 029 5, 886	6, 049 5, 951	5, 296 4, 800	3, 861 4, 931	5, 705 5, 389	
Stocks do- Table, kitchen, and householdware, shipments	8, 389	8, 035	8, 431	8, 911	8, 724	9, 566	10, 230	10, 582	10, 705	11, 089	9, 953	10, 107	
thous, of dozens	3, 308	4, 374	3, 666	3, 295	3, 652	3, 656	3, 667	3, 549	3, 533	2, 741	2,739	3, 252	
GYPSUM AND PRODUCTS Crude gypsum, quarterly total:													
Imports thous, of short tons Production do	1, 218 2, 164	 -		716 2, 033			444 1, 863		-	822 1,887			
Calcined, production, quarterly totaldo Gypsum products sold or used, quarterly total:	1,846			1, 723						1,798			
Uncalcined short tons Calcined:	603, 095			610, 738			608, 516			566, 785			
For building uses: Base-coat plastersdo Keene's cementdo	533, 226 13, 337			424, 371 12, 125			411, 877 12, 963			432, 369 13, 401			
All other building plasters do Lath thous, of sq. ft.	165, 283 645, 548			16I, 130 570, 922			168, 692 579, 491			196, 988 593, 756			
Tiledododo	6, 265 902, 174			6, 507 935, 541			4, 730 926, 229			7, 181 942, 793			
Industrial plastersshort tons	58, 438			65, 195			66, 339			66, 893			
			TEX	TILE I	PRODU	JCTS							
CLOTHING	1												
Hosiery: Productionthous. of dozen pairs Shipmentsdo	14, 104 15, 184	15, 687 16, 819	13, 987 15, 118	13, 342 12, 949	14, 360 13, 555	13, 8 5 7 13, 724	14, 304 14, 356	14, 077 12, 862	13, 260 11, 192	13, 100 12, 328	11, 452 11, 964		13, 592 14, 929
Stocks, end of monthdo	28, 199	27, 067	25, 935	26, 399	27, 217	27, 343	27, 317	28, 540	30, 617	32, 065	31, 553		29, 132
COTTON													
Cotton (exclusive of linters): Production: Ginningsthous, of running bales	r 5, 710	10, 786	13, 420	13, 988	14, 715		1 14, 952				349	1, 166	210,788
Crop estimate, equivalent 500-lb. bales thous. of bales	3, 710	10, 780	15, 420	10, 900	14, 710		r 1 15, 137				949	1,100	3 16, 093
Consumption bales. Stocks in the United States, end of month,	7 737, 054	4915, 593	759, 737	697, 984	4893, 806	765, 778	772, 176	4905, 071	747, 789	741, 929	4 739, 050	725, 849	702, 425
total¶thous, of bales Domestic cotton, totaldo	15, 763 15, 705	14, 563 14, 512	13, 482 13, 431	12, 355 12, 299	11, 199 11, 125	10, 203 10, 125	9, 201 9, 117	8, 119 8, 025	7, 129 7, 031	6, 181 6, 084	5, 502 5, 409	19, 289 19, 204	18, 837 18, 757
On farms and in transitdo Public storage and compressesdo	10, 779 3, 977	6, 610 6, 644	4, 555 7, 437	2, 949 7, 779 1, 571	1, 988 7, 442 1, 695	1, 401 6, 906 1, 819	858 6, 366 1 802	719 5, 491	621 4, 691 1, 719	470 4,005	259 3, 706	14, 329 3, 682 1, 193	11, 687 5, 815
Consuming establishmentsdo Foreign cotton, totaldo		1, 258 51	•	55	1, 695 74	78	1, 892 84	1, 817 94	97	1, 609 97	1, 444 93	1, 193	1, 254 80
⁷ Revised. ⁹ Preliminary. ¹ Total ginnings ‡Revisions for 1952 are shown in the August 1953	s of 1952 cro 3 Survey.	op. 3 Gir a Inclu	nnings to 1 des lamina	November 1 ted board,	l. Nove	nber 1 est	imate of 19 nt board.	953 crop. Total g	Data co	ver a 5-wee end of mor	k period. ith indicate	ed.	

r Revised. r Preliminary. 1 Total ginnings of 1952 crop. 2 Ginnings to November 1. November 1 estimate of 1953 crop. 4 Data cover a 5-week period. Revisions for 1952 are shown in the August 1953 SURVEY. Includes laminated board, reported as component board. Total ginnings to end of month indicated. Data for October 1952 and January, April, and July 1953 cover 5-week periods and for other months, 4 weeks; stocks are for end of period covered.

		*											
Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	Septem-	October October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	1953 May	June	July	August	Septem
		TEX	TILE		UCTS-		nued			<u> </u>	<u> </u>		1
COTTON—Continued										Ì			
Cotton (exclusive of linters)—Continued bales Exports description Imports description Prices (farm), American upland cents per lb Prices, wholesale, middling, ½%, average, 10 average, 10 markets cents per lb Cotton linters:¶ consumption thous of bales Production do Stocks, end of month do	240, 501 10, 909 39. 1 38. 9 88 168 582	296, 025 7, 735 36. 8 36. 7 1 108 1 256 706	337, 208 12, 362 34. 1 34. 8 109 233 837	465, 966 33, 268 31. 7 33. 1 114 211 901	291, 829 25, 322 29. 8 32. 5 1 111 1 207 1, 047	259, 475 27, 055 30. 2 32. 9 110 174 1, 079	246, 467 12, 495 31, 5 33, 2 137 152 1, 097	208, 208 33, 122 31. 5 33. 0 1 128 1 119 1, 126	260, 905 15, 938 31, 7 33, 4 131 83 1, 063	220, 226 11, 430 31. 5 33. 2 123 66 1, 050	114, 632 8, 375 31. 9 33. 4 1103 149 987	193, 304 9, 130 32. 8 33. 0 121 60 986	33. 32. 12 17 1,08
COTTON MANUFACTURES					_,	_,	_,,	3,	,	,,,,,			, , , ,
Cotton cloth: Cotton broad-woven goods over 12 inches in width, production, quarterly 3mil. of linear yards. Exports	2, 314 61, 830 3, 980	70, 866 6, 433	67, 119 3, 522	2, 531 58, 627 7, 634	54, 833 3, 647	51, 908 2, 779	2, 612 48, 672 6, 295	55, 304 6, 887	62, 247 6, 311	2, 606 57, 382 4, 924	47, 359 4, 399	45, 368	
Mill marginscents per lb Denim, 28-inchcents per yd Print cloth, 39-inch, 68 x 72do. Sheeting, in gray, 40-inch, 48 x 44-48do. Choth yarn, natural stock, on cones or tubes: Prices, wholesale, f. o. b. mill:	29. 72 40. 7 19. 3 17. 8	32. 55 40. 7 19. 3 17. 8	33. 05 40. 7 18. 3 17. 8	34. 12 40. 7 18. 5 17. 3	34. 40 40. 7 18. 3 17. 1	33. 92 40. 7 19. 3 17. 0	32. 52 38. 8 18. 6 17. 0	32. 01 38. 8 18. 4 16. 9	31. 98 38. 8 18. 4 17. 3	32. 82 38. 2 18. 5 18. 0	32, 56 38, 2 18, 3 18, 0	32. 97 38. 2 18. 3 18. 0	32. 7 v 37. v 17. v 18.
20/2, carded, weavingdol. per lb_ 36/2, combed, knittingdo	. 767 1. 080	. 762 1, 082	. 745 1. 075	. 728 1. 047	. 709 1. 018	.702 1.018	. 692 1. 014	. 690 1. 002	.679 .995	. 675 2. 984	3.978	. 660 r3. 972	p.65 p2.96
Spindle activity (cotton system spindles):¶ Active spindles, last working day, totalthous_ Consuming 100 percent cotton	21, 432 20, 041 9, 768 501 9, 134 135, 1	21, 612 20, 215 1 12, 341 499 1 11, 525 1 134. 8	21, 583 20, 180 9, 870 506 9, 219 137. 0	21, 632 20, 290 9, 183 483 8, 637 130, 9	21, 680 20, 314 1 12, 282 501 1 11, 521 1 135, 7	21, 622 20, 277 10, 179 518 9, 561 140, 2	21, 575 20, 221 10, 251 513 9, 635 139, 5	21, 259 19, 926 112, 353 501 111, 608 136. 7	21, 377 20, 013 10, 133 507 9, 489 138. 6	21, 201 19, 824 9, 938 497 9, 330 136, 1	21, 344 20, 007 1 10, 126 405 1 9, 484 1 110. 9	21, 391 20, 063 9, 857 493 9, 279 134. 8	21, 32 20, 03 9, 58 49 9, 04 133.
RAYON AND ACETATE AND MFRS.												•	
Filament yarn and staple: Shipments, domestic, producers': Filament yarn	81. 0 26. 7 54. 9 15. 5 4, 995	75. 0 24. 1 58. 4 17. 8 3, 872	73. 6 26. 8 59. 1 15. 9 3, 687	71. 2 25. 1 64. 4 17. 4 3, 691	76. 7 24. 1 64. 0 18. 8 5, 513	70. 9 18. 5 62. 9 16. 4 6, 260	80. 8 21. 9 61. 2 16. 4 10, 892	78. 3 24. 1 60. 2 22. 9 11, 351	81. 5 26. 6 57. 9 26. 1 6 , 069	80. 2 27. 2 56. 9 29. 8 7, 241	78. 6 26. 7 59. 1 32. 8 7, 557	72.0 723.9 765.1 737.0 5,592	63. 22. 70. 36.
Prices, wholesale: Yarn, viscose, 150 denier, filament, f. o. b. shipping point. Staple, viscose, 1½ denier. do. Rayon and acetate broad-woven goods, production, quarterly	. 780 . 400 475, 053	.780 .400	.780 .400	.780 .366 516, 323	.780 .366	. 780 . 366	. 780 . 366 510, 371	.780 .366	.780 .336	.780 .336 515,627	.780 .336	.780 .336	p.78 p.33
SILK													
Imports thous, of lb. Price, wholesale, white, Japanese, 20/22 denier, 87% (AA), f. o. b. warehouse dol. per lb. WOOL	1, 363 5. 43	1, 071 5. 47	716 5. 43	1, 032 5. 45	901 5. 55	585 5. 56	640 5. 53	573 5, 05	666 5. 12	593 5, 21	698 5. 21	812 5. 20	p 5, 1
Consumption, mill (clean basis):¶; Apparel class	31, 136 10, 920 28, 118	138, 280 113, 240 64, 994	28, 480 11, 296 20, 316	26, 900 12, 116 29, 686	1 34, 360 1 13, 690 40, 933	29, 564 12, 656 28, 487	30, 000 12, 812 31, 569	1 36, 490 1 14, 320 29, 791	31, 396 9, 736 25, 093	7 31, 272 10, 308 21, 994	1 32, 225 1 7, 770 30, 622	29, 556 10, 500 19, 169	
mports, clean content	17, 786 3 1, 596 1, 120	48, 714 1. 665 1. 168	10, 025 1, 725 1, 225	15, 366 1, 725 1, 225	21, 381 1. 725 1. 225	18, 443 1, 725 1, 225	17, 254 1, 722 1, 185	19, 489 1, 737 1, 201	14, 956 1. 752 1. 194	15, 141 3 1. 748 1. 199	13, 463 1. 725 1. 189	10, 780 1. 725 1. 174	1, 72 1, 20
in bonddoi. per lb WOOL MANUFACTURES	³ 1. 425	⁸ 1. 535	³ 1. 625	³ 1. 675	³ 1. 725	³ 1. 725	³ 1. 750	3 1. 775	³ 1. 775	³ 1. 775	1. 778	3 1.780	3 1. 78
fachinery activity (weekly average):]								-				
Looms: Woolen and worsted: Pile and Jacquardthous. of active hours. Broaddo Narrowdo.	166 • 1,811 19	169 1,893 18	165 1,880 18	159 1, 935 17	160 1,867 18	169 1, 932 17	155 1,875 16	142 1, 811 16	133 1,894 15	133 1, 921 17			
Carpet and rug: Broaddo	134 52	138 54	139 52	144 56	138	163	164 56	144	130	121			
Spinning spindles: do. Wooten	75, 293 86, 475 155	74, 918 86, 856 154	74, 495 83, 067 141	71, 199 81, 630 146	69, 128 81, 597 147	74, 241 91, 448 160	73, 319 92, 363 152	68, 683 83, 040 150	73, 638 86, 815 158	75, 902 92, 413			
Woolen and worsted yarn: Production, total \$\frac{1}{2}\$	59, 492 8, 048 38, 940 12, 504 2, 134	174, 165 1 9, 550 1 48, 815 1 15, 800 2, 122	57, 792 7, 212 37, 280 13, 300 2, 122	55, 312 5, 884 35, 492 13, 936 2, 122	1 64, 560 1 6, 970 1 42, 175 1 15, 415 2, 122	57, 148 6, 488 36, 320 14, 340 2, 110	57, 940 7, 116 36, 576 14, 248 2, 122	1 69, 235 1 9, 185 1 43, 065 1 16, 985 2. 134	57, 524 7, 688 38, 080 11, 756 2, 146	8, 300 38, 860	2. 170		

^{*} Revised. * Preliminary. 1 Data cover a 5-week period. 2 Specifications changed; quotations beginning June 1953 not comparable with earlier data. 3 Nominal price.

* Preliminary. 1 Data cover a 5-week period. 2 Specifications changed; quotations beginning June 1953 not comparable with earlier data. 3 Nominal price.

* Preliminary. 1 Data cover a 5-week periods and for other months, 4 weeks; stocks and number of active spindles are for end of period covered. 4 Previsions of wool are compiled by the U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census; dutiable wool covers essentially the apparel class; data prior to April 1952 will be shown later.

* Revisions for 1952 are shown in the August 1953 Survey.

* Revisions for broad-woven goods for first and second quarters of 1952 are shown in the October 1953 Survey.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the		19					ı		1953				
1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem ber
		TEX	TILE 1	PRODU	UCTS—	-Conti	nued						
WOOL MANUFACTURES—Continued													
Woolen and worsted woven goods, except woven felts.‡ Production, quarterly, totalthous. of lin. yd Apparel fabrics, total	87, 933 78, 903 14, 064 64, 839 26, 612 38, 227 9, 030 4, 962			95, 779 83, 506 9, 923 73, 583 30, 712 42, 871 12, 273 7, 200			6, 818			91, 897 79, 155 4, 325 74, 830 39, 143 35, 687 12, 742 7, 161			
Other nonapparel fabrics	4, 068 111. 3 107. 2	111. 3 107. 2	111. 3 107. 2	5, 073 112. 5 103. 9	112. 5 104. 7	113. 9 104. 7	5, 825 113. 9 105. 3	113. 9 105. 8	113. 9 105. 3	5, 581 113. 9 105. 3	113. 9 105. 3	7 112. 9 103. 6	112. 103.
		TRA	NSPO	RTATI	ON E	QUIPM	ENT			<u> </u>			
AIRCRAFT													
Civil aircraft, shipmentsnumber Exports 9do	337 57	293 96	268 84	254 97	365 107	382 82	358 81	402 112	417 119	339 104	402 154	350 138	v 35
MOTOR VEHICLES													
Factory sales, total number Coaches, total do Domestic do Passenger cars, total do Domestic do Trucks, total do Domestic do	551, 159 387 330 438, 397 425, 266 112, 375 99, 375	604, 261 389 260 471, 808 459, 958 132, 064 116, 449	519, 536 319 244 405, 111 394, 313 114, 106 102, 504	535, 027 231 189 418, 982 406, 156 115, 814 103, 648	565, 172 254 218 453, 319 435, 129 111, 599 97, 879	583, 001 190 189 486, 071 467, 440 96, 740 86, 212	700, 685 236 189 566, 320 545, 961 134, 129 122, 043	723, 532 145 141 596, 633 577, 971 126, 754 114, 787	643, 487 367 339 549, 677 531, 544 93, 443 82, 433	661, 992 380 359 587, 549 570, 826 74, 063 66, 063	705, 132 376 368 599, 134 581, 870 105, 622 92, 788	7 615, 382 7 447 7 407 513, 457 501, 055 101, 478 89, 911	573, 68 34 34 475, 28 465, 73 98, 05 86, 91
Exports, total 9 do- Passenger cars 9 do- Trucks and busses 9 do-	20, 087 10, 564 9, 523	22, 028 9, 410 12, 618	22, 072 9, 015 13, 057	20, 993 9, 455 11, 538	27, 121 14, 136 12, 985	27, 938 15, 941 11, 997	27, 257 15, 372 11, 885	28, 675 16, 704 11, 971	28, 511 16, 455 12, 056	22, 661 14, 397 8, 264	23, 564 13, 544 10, 020	24, 524 11, 862 12, 662	
$ \begin{array}{cccc} Truck\ trailers,\ production,\ total{\it d}^{\bullet} & do. \\ Complete\ trailers & do. \\ Vans & do. \\ All\ other & do. \\ Trailer\ chassis & do. \end{array} $	4, 887 4, 552 2, 280 2, 272 242	5, 465 5, 149 2, 708 2, 441 260	4, 908 4, 610 2, 464 2, 146 250	5, 392 5, 033 2, 560 2, 473 248	5, 858 5, 318 2, 588 2, 730 223	6, 009 5, 353 2, 586 2, 767 286	6, 740 6, 327 2, 823 3, 504 311	8, 850 8, 452 2, 990 5, 462 334	9, 781 9, 414 3, 166 6, 248 327	9, 708 9, 309 2, 778 6, 531 357	9, 285 8, 947 2, 526 6, 421 320	9, 703 7 9, 447 2, 629 7 6, 818 205	
Registrations: New passenger carsdododo	318, 870 65, 381	383, 385 77, 486	360, 236 70, 431	399, 906 69, 949	386, 221 72, 606	396, 558 68, 616	486, 368 79, 672	528, 278 91, 127	540, 575 86, 366	542, 193 77, 199	533, 783 76, 161	502, 430 76, 673	453, 80 78, 29
RAILWAY EQUIPMENT													
American Railway Car Institute: Shipments: Freight cars, total number Equipment manufacturers, total do Domestic do Railroad shops, domestic do Passenger cars, total do Equipment manufacturers, total do Domestic do Railroad shops, domestic do	3, 935 2, 052 1, 879 1, 883 13 13 13 0	5, 592 3, 103 2, 963 2, 489 11 11 11 0	6, 098 4, 201 4, 032 1, 897 11 11 11 0	7, 968 5, 893 5, 769 2, 075 20 20 20 0	8, 103 6, 094 5, 972 2, 009 15 15 15	7, 789 6, 072 6, 063 1, 717 17 17 17 17	6, 725 4, 958 4, 952 1, 767 39 39 39	6, 870 4, 768 4, 737 2, 102 37 37 37 37	6, 969 4, 312 3, 958 2, 657 27 27 27 0	6, 918 4, 014 3, 559 2, 904 26 26 26 0	6, 817 4, 643 4, 196 2, 174 37 37 37 0	5, 701 3, 512 3, 368 2, 189 42 42 42 42 0	6, 33 4, 09 3, 46 2, 23 3
Association of American Railroads: Freight cars (class I), end of month: \$ Number ownedthousands. Undergoing or awaiting classified repairs thousands	1,757	1, 755 89	1, 756 90	1, 757 88	1, 759 88	1, 762 89	1, 764 89	1, 765 88	1, 767	1, 767 91	1,769 92	1,771	1, 77
Percent of total ownership	5. 6 73, 609 42, 171 31, 438	5. 1 74, 728 41, 381 33, 347	5. 2 72, 400 40, 355 32, 045	5. 0 67, 138 35, 803 31, 335	5. 0 66, 368 36, 550 29, 818	5. 1 63, 711 34, 891 28, 820	5. 0 59, 354 32, 732 26, 622	54, 333 30, 141 24, 192	89 5. 0 50, 717 29, 351 21, 366	5. 2 45, 804 26, 880 18, 924	5. 2 40, 119 22, 908 17, 211	92 5, 2 40, 224 21, 497 18, 727	5. 37, 55 20, 65 16, 90
Steam, undergoing or awaiting classified repairs number. Percent of total on line.	2, 125 12. 5	2, 015 12. I	1, 939 11. 9	1,890 11.9	1, 851 12. 0	1, 835 12. 1	1, 784 12. 1	1, 656 11. 5	1, 547 11. 1	1, 437 10. 6	1, 315 10. 0	1,336 10.4	1, 21 9.
Orders, unfilled: Diesel-electric and electric locomotives, total number of power units. Steam locomotives, totalnumber	1,006 2I	1, 011 19	894 17	943 15	948 14	1, 057 12	843 10	861 8	675 7	564 6	511 5	405 4	54
Exports of locomotives, totaldo INDUSTRIAL ELECTRIC TRUCKS AND TRACTORS	43	49	49	51	38	40	47	40	45	39	61	46	
Shipments, total number Domestic do Export do	. 488	588 549 39	622 585 37	741 674 67	704 669 35	779 743 36	832 794 38	732 690 42	677 640 37	945 902 43	673 591 82	626 576 50	79 73 6

Revised. Preliminary.
Revisions for 1952 are shown in the August 1953 Survey.
Data exclude all military-type exports.
Total includes production of converter dollies not included in the detail; prior to January 1952, production of these types was included in the "all other" and "total complete trailers" categories.
Not including railroad-owned private refrigerator cars.

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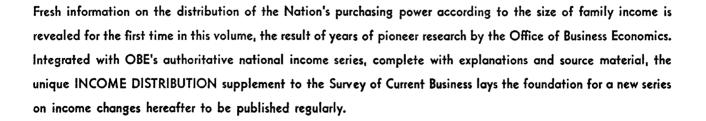
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