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AT THE end of the third quarter, the pace of business activity was still being moderated by reduced industrial output and employment resulting from labor disputes. Nonagricultural income in September was at an annual rate of $\$ 366$ billion, the same as in August when employee compensation was lowered by the direct and indirect effects of the work stoppages, and especially the steel tieup. Agricultural income declined during the quarter. For the JulySeptember period as a whole, total personal income was about the same as in the second quarter, the recent downward drift offsetting the upswing during the earlier period.
Total output in the third quarter was marked by some further expansion in that portion of gross national production represented by goods and services for final use-that is, consumption, fixed investment, and Government purchasing. The advance in the total of these categories was not so large as in the preceding quarter, and the gross national output was lowered by the slackening of production of basic materials. This resulted in a drawing down of inventories which had been built up sharply in the spring. The drop in GNP followed four quarters of substantial advance.

With steel stocks being rapidly depleted, steps were initiated by the Government to effectuate a resumption of production. Production and industrial employment during October will reflect the continuing lowered volume of materials output as, through the first half of the month, the rate of steel operations remained at 13 percent of capacity.

## Employment steady

Nonagricultural employment, which had reached a peak seasonally adjusted rate of 52.6 million in mid-July and then dropped by 550,000 in August-mostly in industries directly affected by the work stoppages-held steady in September on a seasonally adjusted basis. The only major employment change was the rehiring of automobile workers as new-model assembly got underway. Employment in this industry was back to the July total. Elsewhere changes were relatively small with an increase in employment in the machinery industries and in State and local governments offsetting a modest drop in retail trade and contract construction. Little variation occurred in average hours worked, and earnings of production workers in manufacturing were rather stable from August to September.
Wage and salary disbursements, which account for 70 percent of personal income were down a little from August. Farm income was also lower. Some small increases occurred elsewhere so that total personal income in September at $\$ 379 \frac{1}{2}$, billion annual rate was off only a little from August.
Buying at retail stores dropped moderately in both August and September from the peak July rate, after adjustment for seasonal variations. The small decline from July to August occurred chiefly in sales of automotive dealers,
general merchandise and apparel stores; in part this was due to temporary factors. September declines appeared to have been more widespread among the different kinds of business.

For the third quarter as a whole, retail sales were at about the same rate as in the second quarter. With an increase in consumer expenditures for services, total personal consumption expenditures showed a further rise.

## Output continues below June rate

The cut in steel output beginning in mid-July affected the supporting industries promptly so that the full direct influence of the strike is shown in the August statistics for most series. Little further change in these data occurred in September. The indirect effects developed more gradually during the third quarter.

Another influence which affected output rather generally was the substantial curtailment in operations in August by the automotive industry and some expansion in September as new model assembly got underway. Industrial output was little changed in September as additional curtailments which appeared in some durable goods industries were about offset by advances in other industries.

Factory and mining output is now down roughly 5 percent from the record of June, primarily a reflection of the drop in output of steel, coal, and iron ore.

Output of bituminous coal fell sharply from June to July, seasonally adjusted, but picked up somewhat in August and advanced further in September. Current production is one-sixth below the high June output. The cutback in iron ore was much sharper, approximately 90 percent. Supplies of steel in early October still permitted high production in steel consuming industries though spot shortages, already evident in the auto industry, are spreading and stocks are being depleted at a high rate.

Elsewhere in manufacturing and mining, production has shown little net change since June as increases and decreases among the major industry groups have been generally offsetting.

The motor vehicle industry, the largest single consumer of steel, in August and September turned out an average of a little more than 300,000 passenger cars and trucks. Assemblies of the new 1960 passenger car models began on a modest scale late in August and increased steadily thereafter to a rate of 120,000 in the first week of October. The steel supply situation was a factor in the reduction of the workweek in a number of assembly plants, and some short fall is anticipated from the high October scheduled rate.

## New orders off

As operations slowed in the durable goods industries during August, the placement of new orders was also curtailed 10 percent from July on a seasonally adjusted basis. A hesitancy in placing and accepting orders was evident in all durable-goods industries except electrical machinery where new orders rose, after seasonal allowance. The declines were sharpest in primary metals and industrial machinery.

During July and August the reduced inflow of new orders about matched the volume of deliveries so that there has been little change in the value of backlogs on manufacturers' books. End-of-August unfilled orders-at $\$ 50.7$ billionwere $\$ 4$ billion higher than a year earlier.

Manufacturers' inventories after expanding sizably during the first half of the year showed only a small rise in July and then dipped $\$ 200$ million in August. The reduction centered in the primary and fabricated metal industries. In other durable-goods industries the liquidation of steel stocks was largely offset by accumulation of other types of inventories.

For the heavy-goods industries as a whole the drop was purchased materials; there was little change in the seasonal adjusted book values of other stocks.

Nondurable-goods inventories have continued relativel stable in the past few months. In the chemical indust there has been a slight upward trend.

## Freight traffic lower

One of the consequences of the steel strike is a decline i freight traffic. For the railroads, seasonally adjusted cal loadings in July and August were down about one-fifth. I the second quarter, rail carloadings had been running aroun 15 percent ahead of the low rate of a year earlier and ha about reached the average for 1957.
Approximately one-third of the decline in carloadings thi summer was in the broad miscellaneous category, principall.

Table 1.-Changes in Selected Business Activity Measures


Sources: Personal income-U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics: employment-U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; industrial productionBoard of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.
manufactured products. Coal carloadings were also down about one-sixth in August and the categories more directly related to the metals industry-coke and ore-were off more than two-thirds.

Intercity truck tonnage has been less affected. In the first half of the year, Class I and II motor carriers hauled a record tonnage, about one-fifth greater than in the comparable period of 1958, whereas in the first 6 weeks of the steel strike the increase over a year earlier narrowed to 10 to 13 percent. The trucking estimates were based upon 400 truck terminal reports from 34 metropolitan areas and cover general freight carriers.

## Rise interrupted in some areas

Since the basic course of economic activity during the third quarter was beclouded by industrial disputes, it is of interest to attempt to remove from the total those areas affected. This can be done only in broad terms since detailed data are not available. Table 1 gives the results
for three general measures of economic activity-nonfarm employment, personal income, and industrial production.

Employment and personal income decreased during the third quarter for the group of industries substantially affected, and production in this group showed a more pronounced drop. For the total of other industries there was a leveling off in each of the measures.

## GOVERNMENT PROGRAMS IN THE YEAR AHEAD

The implications for the business situation of Government programs for the current fiscal year ending June 30, 1960, can now be evaluated on the basis of data presented in the midyear budget review, recently released. This publication summarizes congressional action on the appropriation bills to implement the budget presented to Congress in January, and presents revised estimates of Federal receipts and expenditures.
In contrast with the $\$ 12.5$ billion deficit recorded for the past fiscal year, the budget is expected to be in balance, with receipts and expenditures both estimated at $\$ 79$ billion. Projected budgetary receipts are about $\$ 11$ billion higher than in the previous fiscal year, while expenditures are about $\$ 2$ billion less. The increase in receipts is comprised of $\$ 5$ billion in corporate income taxes, $\$ 4$ billion in individual income taxes, and almost $\$ 2$ billion in excise taxes and other sources.

The reduction in expenditures is expected despite a $\$ 1 \frac{1}{2}$ billion increase in interest costs, primarily because certain outlays made in fiscal 1959 are nonrecurring. These include the additional subscription to the capital of the International Monetary Fund, and the temporary antirecession outlays to extend the period of unemployment compensation and to purchase mortgages on low-cost housing.

Purchases of goods and services-the largest category of Federal Government expenditures and a component of gross

## Federal Fiscal Position in Year Ahead

## Deficit ends after 6 quarters



Note: Dota are on national income and product account
U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

59-10-2
national product-are also expected to decline moderately by $\$ 3 / 4$ billion to a total of $\$ 53$ billion.

Government purchases as a whole, including those of State and local government units, however, will be up further in the current fiscal year. Comprehensive budget information similar to the midyear review, covering the outlays of State and local governments is lacking, but on the basis of past trends and current developments in financing it seems likely that the upward movement of such outlays will continue at a rate more than sufficient to offset the reduction in Federal outlays.

## Federal fiscal position

A summary of the fiscal position of the Federal Government in terms of the administrative budget, the cash budget, and the national income and product accounts is shown in table 2. The estimates on income and product account are derived from the data presented in the midyear review; the definitions of Government receipts and expenditures have been adjusted to be consistent with the national income framework.

The $\$ 1$ billion surplus on income and product account for fiscal 1960, based on the income and expenditure assumptions underlying the midyear budget review, is somewhat greater than the cash budget surplus. Expenditures in total will be about $\$ 2$ billion less than cash budget expenditures because projected budgetary loans, the secondary market operations of the Federal National Mortgage Association, and the financial transactions of government sponsored enterprises are excluded from the national income and product account. Receipts will be about $\$ 1$ billion lower than the cash budget, reflecting mainly receipts of loan repayments and other recoveries of funds which are also excluded.

For the earlier periods shown in the table, the differences between the national income and product account deficit and that shown in the cash budget were more marked. The fiscal 1958 deficit on income and product account exceeded the cash budget deficit mainly because corporate tax accruals included in the former were about $\$ 3$ billion lower than corporate profits tax collections in the cash budget.

For fiscal year 1959, the deficit on income and product account was less than the cash budget deficit. Corporate profits tax accruals exceeded collections by about $\$ 31 / 2$ billion, reflecting the recovery of corporate profits during that fiscal year. Additionally, expenditures on income and product account did not include outlays for loans, mortgage purchases and other financial transactions which were greater in fiscal 1959 than in the previous year.

## Government demand for goods and services

Federal Government expenditures for goods and services, as noted earlier, are programed at $\$ 53$ billion, or about $\$ 3 / 4$ billion less than the amount recorded for the past year. Since the expected rate of purchases for the fiscal year as

Summary of Changes in Federal Expenditures: National Income and Product Account

| [Billions of dollars] |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | Fiscal year <br> 1958 to 1959 | Fiscal year <br> 1959 to <br> (est.) |
|  |  |  |  |

a whole is somewhat less than the annual rate, seasonally adjusted, recorded for the June quarter of this year, some decline over the next few quarters is implied in the estimated midyear budgetary totals. Shifts in the composition of the goods and services to be purchased are discussed below.

The outlook for State and local government purchases of goods and services, in the absence of overall budgetary statistics for these units, must be based on past trends and information presently available on expenditure programs, the probable course of revenues, and developments in financing. Increases in purchases by these units have averaged about $\$ 31 / 2$ billion a year for the last 3 fiscal years. These additional outlays have reflected in the main higher wage rates and a larger work force, as well as further rises in new construction for schools, highways, hospitals, and sanitary facilities.

An uptrend is expected to continue in the current fiscal year. Further increases in State and local government outlays are projected, bringing the total of these purchases to about $\$ 45$ billion. Other expenditures by these units, such as transfer payments and interest, are estimated at about $\$ 31 / 2$ billion in total, up fractionally from the past fiscal year. With receipts projected at $\$ 47$ billion, following recent trends, a small deficit of State and local governments on income and product account will continue.

## Changes in national defense program

The moderate decline in projected Federal purchases noted earlier is concentrated in the national defense component which in the past fiscal year amounted to $\$ 45 \frac{1}{2}$ billion and is planned at about $\$ 3 / 4$ billion less for the current fiscal year. The decline is programed mainly in expenditures for foreign military assistance, with only minor changes in the totals for other types of defense expenditures, comprising the military functions of the Defense Department, expenditures for atomic energy development, stockpiling, and space research.

Department of Defense military functions outlays are projected at a rate only fractionally lower than in fiscal 1959, but some shifts in the composition of these outlays are expected. Out of the $\$ 17 \frac{1}{2}$ billion for the procurement of major equipment and research and development, the combined outlays for aircraft and guided missiles will total the same as in the past fiscal year, about $\$ 11$ billion, with the continued rise in expenditures for guided missiles off-
Table 2.-Federal Government Receipts and Expenditures, 1958-60 [Billions of dollars]


Note.-The difference between the administrative budget and the cash budget is largely accounted for by the inclusion in the latter of trust fund transactions. The national income and product account includes trust fund transactions, but differs in definition from the cash budget in several important respects. Corporate profits taxes are recorded on an accrual rather than a cash collections basis; loan transactions are either omitted or involve differences for the lag between deliveries and payments for goods is incorporated.

Source: U.S. Treasury Department, U.S. Department of Commerce, and Budget Bureau.
setting a decline in conventional aircraft outlays. Scheduled increases in the outlays for ships-mainly nuclear poweredwill offset declines for the remaining military equipment items, such as ammunition, weapons, and vehicles. Research and development costs are also expected to increase.

Procurement under the foreign military assistance program, about $\$ 1 \frac{3}{4}$ billion in fiscal 1959 , is expected to be less by about $\$ \frac{1}{2}$ billion in the current fiscal year. The reduction is due to a deferment in the shipment of major items of equipment, such as aircraft and guided missiles. Support items like ammunition, weapons, and vehicles are expected to continue to be supplied at the current rate.


In addition to their direct effect on gross national product, changes in defense outlays may have an indirect impact on business inventories and plant and equipment outlays These gross national product components are affected not only by the current rate of defense purchases, but also by contracts placed with industry for the delivery of military items at a later date.

According to present plans, contract placements for major procurement and research and development will be only fractionally below the fiscal 1959 total. Shifts in the product composition of new orders as compared with the last fiscal year will of course occur. Also, as the year progresses, the total amount of new contract placements may change in the light of cost developments and technological changes.

Nondefense purchases of goods and services in total are programed to continue at about the same rate as in the past
fiscal year. Outlays by the Commodity Credit Corporation for the net acquisition of price-support crops, however, are estimated to be off by roughly $\$ 3 / 2$ billion. This reflects expected reductions in net acquisitions of cotton and wheat, offset in part by increased holdings of corn. Declines in price-support expenditures, however, will be balanced by planned increases in programs administered by the Federal Aviation Agency for air-traffic management and maintenance of flight facilities, and increased outlays for the conconservation and development of land and water resources.

While outlays for goods and services are scheduled to decline moderately, other Federal expenditures are expected to increase in total at the same rate as in the past year, about $\$ 4$ billion, to a $\$ 40$-billion level. These nonpurchase categories include transfer payments to individuals and foreign countries, grants-in-aid to State and local governments, interest costs, and subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises. As may be seen in the accompanying table, interest costs which were substantially unchanged from 1958 to 1959 , account for two-fifths of the $\$ 4$ billion increase from 1959 to 1960 . Transfer payments and grants-in-aid to State and local governments are scheduled to show smaller increases than in the previous year.

## AGRICULTURAL INCOME AND PRODUCTION

Farm production in 1959 is running a bit ahead of last year. The number of livestock on farms continues to increase, and crop production is estimated to be about as large as last year. Prices received by farmers have declined, and cash receipts from marketings are somewhat lower than last year. Government payments are also down from $\$ 1.1$ billion last year and prices paid by farmers for production items have shown some advance.

Net income of farm proprietors had risen to a little above $\$ 14$ billion in 1958. In each of the first two quarters of 1959 the annual rate declined about $\$ 1$ billion and then dropped $\$ 1.8$ billion in the third quarter. The average for the three quarters is about $\$ 12$ billion on a seasonally adjusted annual rate basis-back on the 1955-57 plateau. In terms of national income, the percentage originating in agriculture (including earnings of farm laborers) is running a little above 4 percent this year, as compared with 5 percent last year and about 41⁄2 percent in 1957.

The value of farm real estate rose to a new high in the summer of 1959, about 70 percent above the average for 1947-49. The strong secular uptrend in land values has been quite general and has persisted despite the fact that farm income in the past few years has averaged less than in the several years immediately following World War II.

## Another bumper crop

Until last year, crop production had been quite stable for a few years and had shown only a limited advance in a decade. Then in 1958 output was up by more than onetenth. A second bumper crop is being harvested this year. Although the composition of production is somewhat different from last year, the effects on prices have been cushioned by Government support activity, and there has been little change in the average of all crop prices from around 90 percent of the 1947-49 period.

Crop marketings are about the same as last year and well above any earlier period. Cash receipts are also about equal to last year, and except for 1947, when they were lower because of delayed marketings in the final quarter, receipts
are within the narrow range in which they have fluctuated for several years. Government payments are considerably lower this year than last year because of the discontinuance of the acreage reserve program of the soil bank.

The large crop in 1958 was accompanied by a sharp rise in net Government expenditures for income and price support in the fiscal year ended June 30, 1959, to $\$ 5.1$ billion from $\$ 3.2$ billion in the preceding year. The 1960 fiscal year budget, which is reviewed in another section of this issue provides for continuing high price support activity consistent with the large 1959 harvest, although net outlays are expected to be reduced (1) by increased foreign disposal of cotton at lower prices aided by increased export subsidy payments and (2) by the discontinuance of the acreage reserve program.

In the early part of 1959 crop receipts ran ahead of a year earlier, but they fell behind in the third quarter reflecting lower marketings than a year ago of wheat and other small grain crops. A stronger trend is anticipated in the final quarter as marketing of the larger cotton and corn crops gets under way.

Wheat production in 1959 is about equal to the 10 -year average of 1.1 billion bushels, and is down about one-fourth from last year's record. Because of a large rise in carryover, however, the supply of wheat for the crop year ahead is estimated at 2.4 billion bushels, a little above last year.

## Cotton price lower

Cotton acreage is up about one-fourth from last year and yield per acre is estimated to be at least as high or a little higher. The increased acreage planted reflects the discontinuance of the acreage reserve program in 1959. In addition, a small proportion of farmers elected the option (" $B$ ") which provides for increased allotments with lower support prices. The proportion of allotment acres not planted was unusually large in the southeast.

The carryover of cotton of 9 million bales in the United States this summer was about the same as last year but a larger part of it was held by the CCC. However, such holdings are well below the high of early 1956.
U.S. consumption of cotton was up a little in the past crop year with considerable strength developing as the year advanced. Exports were only about half as large as the year before. New lower prices have been established for CCC sales of cotton and the export subsidy has been increased from 6.5 cents to 8 cents per pound. The budget figures suggest a step-up in exports. Although most of the cotton produced this year (option "A") will be eligible for support at

Table 3.-Farm Production
$[1947-49=100]$

|  | 1956 | 1957 | 1958 | 1959 t |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Farm output. | 114 | 114 | 124 | 125 |
| All livestock and livestock products. | 122 | 121 | 125 | 128 |
| Meat animals.-- | 123 | 119 | 124 | 130 |
| Dairy products. | 110 | 111 | 111 | 110 |
| Poultry and eggs. | 136 | 137 | 145 | 149 |
| All crops..... | 106 | 106 | 118 | 118 |
| Feed grains .- | 112 | 122 | 134 | 143 |
| Hay and forage. | 109 | 122 | 125 | 115 |
| Food grains-.-. | 84 | 79 | 117 | 92 |
| Vegetables... | 109 | 104 | 106 | 103 |
| Sugar crops. | 108 | 124 | 124 | 134 |
| Cotton..... | 93 | 77 | 81 | 103 |
| Tobacco | 108 | 83 | 87 | 90 |
| Oil crops | 152 | 147 | 181 | 159 |

[^0]Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Research Service.
a price about 1 cent lower than last year, the sales price by the CCC has been lowered about 3 cents a pound and this reduction has been reflected in spot market prices of cotton.

## Feed surplus

Feed production is at a new high in 1959, as a large increase in corn more than offset reduced output of other feeds. Total supplies continue to increase despite a higher flow into consumption. Feed prices have edged lower this year, but larger declines have occurred for hogs and poultry prices so that the product-feed price ratios are less favorable for such producers; they are more favorable for dairy and beef feeding. Price support is available for all corn producers this season at a price (averaging $\$ 1.12$ ) which is above that for noncompliance loans of last year ( $\$ 1.06$ ) but is well below that for compliance loans ( $\$ 1.36$ ).

## Livestock and Products

A general expansion is taking place in livestock production. Increases in livestock on farms have been substantial and higher marketings of hogs, broilers, and eggs have brought sharply lower prices for these products which have reduced cash receipts from livestock and products in 1959 as compared with the near-record of 1958.

The upturn in the beef cattle cycle began last year and has continued in 1959. With abundant feed supplies and good pastures, farmers have been building up livestock herds. Fewer young stock have been sent to slaughter, and a sizable increase in beef heifers and steers on farms has occurred during the past 2 years.

So far, the rise in cows has been small and the calf crop has shown a correspondingly small increase. More cattle are on feed, however, and there has been a considerable increase in slaughter weight. The number of beef cattle slaughtered in 1959 has been running a little below last year, but total beef production is up a little and the quality of beef has been improved by a higher proportion of fed cattle marketings. The latter trend is expected to continue because of the larger numbers now being fed out, but feeding margins have narrowed as feeder cattle prices have risen. Prices of fed cattle have leveled off this year following 2 years of advance.

Pork production has been substantially higher in 1959. In the first 8 months of the year, the dressed weight of carcass in Federally inspected plants was about one-sixth above the corresponding period of 1958. Continued heavy slaughter is indicated on the basis of reports of farrowings and numbers of pigs on farms, but the rise over a year earlier shows some evidence of tapering off following a considerable expansion which has been accompanied by a drop in hog prices. In September, prices received for hogs averaged $\$ 13.40$ per hundredweight, about one-third lower than a year earlier.

Poultry and egg production have increased in 1959 and prices have declined, as shown in the accompanying chart. Although the expansion in production has tapered off, egg prices have made only partial recovery toward last year's levels and broiler prices remain near the lows of the year to date.
Dairy production has eased slightly this year and a declining proportion of dairy products has been purchased by the CCC for price support purposes. Consumption of fluid milk and ice cream has increased.

## AGRICULTURAL INCOME

## LIVESTOCK AND PRODUCTS








## Recent Changes in National Income

## and Corporate Profits

National income reached an annual rate of $\$ 404$ billion in the second quarter of this year. The spring advance, amounting to $\$ 14 \frac{1}{2}$ billion, was the sharpest recorded for any quarter during the current cyclical upswing.
There has been some reaction since, with declines in the areas of the economy most immediately affected by the steel strike, and expansion elsewhere slowing from the rapid pace of last spring. Some slackening in the rate of rise was to have been expected after a five-quarter rebound from a cyclical low, and in view of the stimulation of economic activity in the spring quarter by the anticipatory purchasing of primary metals and their products.
The pattern of spurt and reaction since last winter can be seen in the record for industry payrolls. (See chart.) It undoubtedly extended to corporate profits also. Though third-quarter data on profits are not available, the movement of corporate sales indicates a decline for the summer quarter following the rise of 12 percent registered in the April-June period.
Among the other types of national income, significant changes have occurred this year in interest and in the earnings of business proprietors. Interest has shown a further sharp expansion. Income of business and professional proprietors has continued upward, while the contraction in agriculture was extended in the third quarter. The latter contraction is evident also in the industrial distribution of the national income.

## Industry pattern

The industry pattern of nonfarm income mirrors the drop in earnings from the strike-affected industries along with a tapering of the upswing in a wide variety of other lines.

The decline in farm income, which is discussed elsewhere in this issue and illustrated in the chart on page 6, stemmed mainly from developments on the supply side, rather than any hasic shift in demand. The same is true of the drop in earnings from steel and copper production and from the associated mine operations and freight traffic, which was the main factor in the third quarter setback of national income. Primary metals manufacturing, mining, and transportation accounted for nearly $\$ 27$ billion (annual rate) of the allindustry payroll total for the spring quarter. In the summer quarter their payments were $\$ 3$ billion less. From the experiences in the steel strikes of 1952 and 1956 , it seems probable that these industries' profits likewise dropped several billion dollars last summer, at annual rates.

In terms of the GNP, the setback to production was visible mainly in the liquidation of steel and related inventories, through which a continued high demand was met even though basic steel production for the quarter averaged only about 22 percent of capacity, and for most of the period was down to around 13 percent.

The slowing of expansion elsewhere in the industrial structure, by contrast, was associated with a lessened rate of rise in final demand for goods by households. The increase in total final purchases in the third quarter was about threefifths as great as in the second. Consumer buying of new cars, household durables, and apparel showed relatively little
further change after having risen substantially in the spring; and expenditures for new housing, which had contributed $\$ 1$ to $\$ 2$ billion to the expansion of national output in each of the four preceding quarters, were reported off after midyear.
The indirect effects of these market shifts were limited but widely scattered. The downturn in residential construction, for example, affected the flow of income in the lumber industry, the stone, clay, and glass group, and furniture and household appliance manufacturing.

Considering as a group all the industries where the course of income reflected changes in final demand, payroll increases are seen to have continued on a wide front, but at a pace less than half that recorded for the second quarter overall. After having amounted to $3 \frac{1}{2}$ percent or nearly $\$ 8$ billion at an annual rate in the spring, expansion of wages and salaries in these industries slowed to 1 percent, or not quite $\$ 3$ billion, in the summer.

It is impossible to gage the amount of indirect distortion that the strikes may have caused among industries not immediately involved. Activity in the metal-using lines of manufacturing inevitably reflected the clouded supply outlook for steel and copper. More broadly, the unemployment and uncertainties of various kinds caused by the work stoppages no doubt contributed in some degree to the slowing of demand expansion last summer, which in turn was mirrored in the overall course of production and income outside the strike area.

Whatever the basic causes may have been, the slower growth of the overall national payroll in the third quarter was due as much, or more, to the tapering of the advance outside of primary metals, mining, and transportation as to the downturns in these industries.

## Spring rise in national income

For many lines, the third-quarter growth of income would appear in a more favorable light if it were not for the contrast with the second-quarter spurt. In a number of these lines, the spring rise involved an undetermined but clearly considerable amount of shifting forward in the time pattern of activity: Purchases and production which might have been left for the summer were completed in the spring instead.

The industrial composition of the second-quarter advance is seen in the national income figures, which can now be completed by inclusion of newly available corporate profits estimates.

In manufacturing, as table I-11 shows, both durables and nondurables lines registered substantial advances. The national income rise shown for the durables branch centered in the metal and metal product industries. A continued sharp increase in income from primary metals production reflected a high and rising volume of sales by the metal-using industries as well as a large-scale buildup of their stocks. The sum of profits and payrolls in primary metals manufacturing rose nearly one-fourth, or close to $\$ 2$ billion at annual rates, from the first quarter to the second.

Income gains were likewise marked in the major metalusing lines, including metal product fabrication, machinery,
and transportation equipment. As in basic steel, demand pressures associated with the prospect of a strike were strongly reinforced by the expansion of final demands independent of this factor. Besides the sharp rise in consumer spending for autos and other durables, there was an improved rate of recovery in sales of producers' durable equipment, and construction outlays advanced. Virtually every durable goods manufacturing industry experienced market gains arising out of these developments.

The growth of income from nondurables manufacturing was somewhat less widespread among the individual lines. Much of it centered in industries serving the expanded consumer market for clothing and shoes. Income from chemicals manufacturing continued its previous uptrend.

Income gains were also reported in nearly all the nonmanufacturing industries distinguished in the table. Earn-

## Payroll Changes in Recent Quarters

## Advance checked in third quarter

Billion Dollars

as drop in some industries

offsets gains elsewhere


Change from preceding quarter of seasonally adjusted annual rotes
U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics $59-10-5$
ings in mining and transportation again moved up fractionally, as the stimulus of higher receipts from steel and related industries partly offset the tendency to slower expansion noted previously in these lines. Income originating in trade and services continued to increase, and there was an advance in State and local government payrolls.

## Types of income

Most of the recent shifts in the type distribution of national income have been in line either with earlier trends or with past experience of cyclical processes such as have marked the current year.

Earlier trends have continued in interest and rent. Earnings in the form of interest have been rising with the growth of mortgage debt and time deposits. The advance of percentage yields on these financial assets has also been a factor this year. Persons' rental income is unchanged, landlords' expenses advancing more or less in line with gross rents.
The broad cyclical upswing in business activity has as usual been reflected in a sharp rise in profits, following the rapid decline in the period of lowered business activity in the latter part of 1957 and the early part of 1958. Though profits comprised only 20 percent of total income arising in corporate business at the end of last year, they accounted for close to 40 percent of the overall expansion of such income thereafter through the spring quarter. Compensation of corporate employees, after a contraction in 1957-58 which was absolutely and relatively much less than that in profits, rose more gradually this year, contributing threefifths of the income advance.
Besides the purely cyclical elements in these changes, again note should be taken of the effects of the situation in steel. This played a significant part not only in the third quarter but-via anticipatory effects-in the second quarter as well. Both payrolls and profits were enlarged last spring because of this factor.

## Corporate Profits

Corporate profits reached an annual rate above $\$ 50$ billion before taxes, and $\$ 27$ billion after taxes, in the second quarter of 1959. This was the first time these levels had ever been attained. In relation to total income, however, profits were still short of the margins recorded in previous periods of rapid business expansion such as $1950-51$ and 1955. Margins after taxes have varied with the pretax ratios in recent years, but at levels much lower than those recorded in prosperous prewar periods.

The spring rise carried profits as measured for national income purposes to a seasonally adjusted annual rate of $\$ 48$ billion for the first half of 1959 . This half-year rate (which is less distorted by special circumstances than was that for the spring quarter considered alone) compares with a previous high of $\$ 45$ billion reached in the second half of 1955.

Before-tax profits including inventory gains and losses were at an annual rate just under $\$ 50$ billion in the first half of the year. This was about $\$ 2$ billion above the previous top, which had been attained twice-in the latter half of 1950 when inventory gains were exceptionally large, and again in late 1955.

The expansion in before-tax book profits has been reflected about proportionately in net income after taxes. With dividends moving up only fractionally, the bulk of the recent increase has gone into undistributed profits, just as the preceding decline was reflected in a fall in this total. The payout ratio has dropped sharply, moving as usual inversely to after-tax net income. The ratio of 51 percent recorded in the first half compares with 76 percent when profits were at their recession low a year earlier.

Table 1-9.-National Income by Type of Income, SeasonallyAdjusted Quarterly Totals at Annual Rates, 1957-58 and First Three Quarters of 1959

| [Billions of dollars] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1957 | 1958 | 1958 |  |  |  | 1959 |  |  |
|  |  |  | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III ' |
| National income. | 366.5 | 366.2 | 355.8 | 358.9 | 369.5 | 380.4 | 389.4 | 403.9 | ${ }^{(2)}$ |
| Compensation of employees. | 255.5 | 256.8 | 252.5 | 253.2 | 258.5 | 262.9 | 269.9 | 278.9 | 279.3 |
| Wages and salaries. | 238.5 | 239.4 | 235. 2 | 236.0 | 241.1 | 245.1 | 250.9 | 259.4 | 259.5 |
| Private. | 198. 4 | 196.2 | 193.4 | 193.2 | 197.1 | 200.8 | 206.2 | 214.0 | 213.5 |
| Military. | 9.6 | 9.7 | 9.5 | 9.7 | 10.0 | 9.9 | 9.8 | 9.8 | 9.8 |
| Government civilian | 30.5 | 33.5 | 32.3 | 33.2 | 34.0 | 34.4 | 34.8 | 35.6 | 36.3 |
| Supplements to wages and salaries. $\qquad$ | 17.0 | 17.4 | 17.3 | 17.2 | 17.5 | 17.8 | 19.0. | 19.6 | 19.8 |
| Proprietors' income. | 44.5 | 46.6 | 46.1 | 45.9 | 46.8 | 47.4 | 46.9 | 46.6 | 45.1 |
| Business and professional | 32.7 | 32.4 | 31.6 | 32.0 | 32.6 | 33.2 | 33.7 | 34.5 | 34.8 |
| Farm. | 11.8 | 14.2 | 14.6 | 13.9 | 14.2 | 14.1 | 13.2 | 12. 1 | 10.3 |
| Rental income of persons | 11.5 | 11.8 | 11.7 | 11.8 | 11.9 | 11.9 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 12.0 |
| Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment | 41.7 | 36.7 | 31.5 | 33.8 | 38.0 | 43.5 | 45.5 | 51.0 | ${ }^{(2)}$ |
| Profits before tax | 43.3 | 37.1 | 32.0 | 33.6 | 38.3 | 44.6 | 46.5 | 52.6 | (2) |
| Profits tax liability | 21.1 | 18.2 | 15.7 | 16.5 | 18.8 | 21.9 | 22.6 | 25.6 | (2) |
| Profits after tax.-- | 22.2 | 18.9 | 16.3 | 17.1 | 19.5 | 22.7 | 23.8 | 27.0 | $\left.{ }^{2}\right)$ |
| Inventory valuation adjustment $\qquad$ | $-1.5$ | -. 4 | -. 4 | . 2 | $-.3$ | $-1.1$ | -. 9 | $-1.6$ | (2) |
| Net interest | 13.3 | 14.3 | 13.9 | 14.1 | 14.4 | 14.7 | 15.1 | 15.4 | 15.8 |

1. Estimate based on incomplete data.
2. Not available.

Table I-11.-National Income by Industry Division, Seasonally Adjusted Quarterly Totals at Annual Rates, 1957-58 and First Two Quarters of 1959

|  | 1957 | 1958 | 1958 |  |  |  | 1959 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | I | II | III | IV | I | II |
| All industries, total | 366.5 | 366.2 | 355.8 | 358.9 | 369.5 | 380.4 | $3 \times 9.4$ | 403.9 |
| Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries | 16.4 | 19.0 | 19. 1 | 18.7 | 19.0 | 19.1 | 18.2 | 17.2 |
| Manufacturing_ | 112.6 | 103.7 | 100.3 | 99.8 | 104.3 | 1105 | 1155 | 124.6 |
| Durable-zoods industries.-. Nondurable-goods indus- | 68.8 | 61.0 | 59.1 | 58.0 | 60.8 | 66.1 | 63.4 | 76.8 |
|  | 43.8 | 42.7 | 41.3 | 41.8 | 43.5 | 44.4 | 46.1 | 47.8 |
| Wholesale and retail trade...-- | 60.4 | 60.5 | 57.9 | 59.5 | 61.7 | 62.9 | 64.5 | 66.6 |
| Finance, insurance, and real | 34.7 | 36.6 | 36.0 | 36.3 | 36.7 | 37.4 | 38.2 | 39.0 |
| Transportation----.... | 17.2 | 16.4 | 16.0 | 15.9 | 16.5 | 17.1 | 17.5 | 17.7 |
| Communications and public | 13.5 | 14.4 | 14.0 | 14.3 | 14.4 | 14.7 | 15.2 | 15.5 |
| Services. | 40.0 | 41.6 | 40.7 | 41.3 | 42.0 | 42.5 | 43.2 | 44.3 |
| Government and Government enterprises. | 43.2 286 | 46.7 27.3 | 45.2 26.5 | 46.2 26.8 | 47.5 27.4 | 48.0 28.2 | 48.3 28.6 | 49.2 29.8 |
| Other. |  | 2.3 | 26.5 | 26.8 | 27.4 |  | 28.6 | 29.8 |

## Industrial distribution

In the accompanying text table, the industrial distribution of 1959 profits is compared with that at the previous peak reached in the final quarter of 1955.

As against the 1955 quarter, the latest results were particularly favorable in the utilities and in the "all other" category, the latter reflecting growth in finance and trade in particular. The advance in manufacturing profits was relatively much less, nondurables showing no gain in total over the earlier period.

The change from the first quarter of this year to the second quarter differed sharply: Expansion centered in manufacturing, particularly in hard good lines, while gains among nonmanufacturing industries were numerous but mostly small.

Table 1-14.-National Income by Corporate and Noncorporate Form of Organization, Seasonally Adjusted Quarterly Totals at Annual Rates, 1957-58 and First Two Quarters of 1959
[Billions of dollars]

|  | 1957 | 1958 | 1958 |  |  |  | 1959 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | I | II | III | IV | I | II |
| National income. | 366.5 | 366.2 | 355.8 | 358.9 | 369.5 | 380.4 | 389.4 | 403.9 |
| Income originating in corporate business | 203.1 | 194.4 | 187.7 | 189.0 | 196.2 | 204.8 | 212.5 | 224.6 |
| Compensation of employees. | 162.7 | 158.9 | 157.3 | 156.3 | 159.5 | 162.6 | 168.2 | 174.6 |
| Wages and salaries....... | 150.6 | 146.9 | 145.2 | 144.4 | 147.4 | 150.4 | 154.9 | 161.0 |
| Supplements to wages and | 12.2 | 12. 1 | 12.1 | 11.9 | 12.0 | 12.2 | 13.3 | 13.7 |
| Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjust- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 39.8 | 34.9 | 29.9 | 32.1 | 36. 1 | 41.6 | 43.7 | 49.3 |
| Profits before tax 1 | 41.4 | 35.3 | 30.3 | 31.8 | 36.4 | 42.7 | 44.6 | 50.9 |
| Profits tay liability | 21.1 | 18.2 | 15. 7 | 16.5 | 18.8 | 21.9 | 22.6 | 25. 6 |
| Profits after tax ${ }^{1}$ | 20.3 | 17.1 | 14.6 | 15.4 | 17.6 | 20.8 | 22.0 | 25.3 |
| Inventory valuation adjustment. | $-1.5$ | -. 4 | $-.4$ | . 2 | $-.3$ | $-1.1$ | $-.9$ | -1.6 |
| Net interest. | . 6 | . 6 | . 6 | . 6 | . 6 | . 6 | . 7 | . 7 |
| Income originating outside corporate business. | 163.4 | 171.8 | 168.0 | 169.9 | 173.3 | 175.6 | 176.9 | 179.3 |

1. Excludes corporate profits originating in the rest of the world sector.

Table V-2.-Sources and Uses of Gross Savings, Seasonally Adjusted Quarterly Totals at Annual Rates, 1957-58 and First Two Quarters of 1959

|  | 1957 | 1958 | 1958 |  |  |  | 1959 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | I | II | III | IV | 1 | II |
| Gross private saving | 68.2 | 67.5 | 64.2 | 65.0 | 69.3 | 71.9 | 72.9 | 76.4 |
| Personal saving. | 23.1 | 23.5 | 22.9 | 22.0 | 26.0 | 23.7 | 23.5 | 24.1 |
| Undistributed corporate profits. | 9.7 | 6.5 | 3.6 | 4.5 | 6.9 | 10.7 | 11.1 | 14.0 |
| Corporate inventory valuation adjustment | -1.5 | $-.4$ | -. 4 | . 2 | $-.3$ | -1.1 | -. 9 | -1.6 |
| Capital consumption allowance. | 36.9 | 37.9 | 37.5 | 37.6 | 38.0 | 38.5 | 39.3 | 39.9 |
| Excess of wage accruals over disbursements. | . 0 | . 0 | . 6 | . 6 | -1.3 | . 0 | . 0 | 0 |
| Government surplus on income and product transactions | 1.4 | -10.7 | -10.0 | -12.3 | -11.5 | -9.5 | $-5.5$ | -. 1 |
| Federal | 2.4 | $-9.1$ | -8.0 | -10.9 | -10.1 | $-7.8$ | -3.9 -1.6 | 5 |
| Gross investment. | 70.1 | 54.8 | 53.1 | 51.2 | 54.6 | 60.0 | 67.4 | 74.3 |
| Gross private domestic investment $\qquad$ | 66.6 | 54.9 | 52.4 | 51.3 | 54.2 | 61.3 | 69.8 | 77.5 |
| Net foreign investment.-...- | 3.5 | -. 1 | . 7 | -. 1 | 4 | $-1.3$ | -2.4 | -3.2 |
| Statistical discrepancy | 5 | -2. 1 | -1.2 | -1.5 | -3.3 | -2.4 | . 0 | -2.0 |

Table VI-10.-Corporate Profits (Before Tax) and Inventory Valuation Adjustment, by Broad Industry Groups, Seasonally Adjusted Quarterly Totals at Annual Rates, 1957-58 and First Two Quarters of 1959
[Billions of dollars]

|  | 1957 | 1958 | 1958 |  |  |  | 1959 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | I | II | III | IV | 1 | II |
| All industries, total..... | 41.7 | 36.7 | 31.5 | 33.8 | 38.0 | 43.5 | 45.5 | 51.0 |
| Manufacturing--.--... | 23.2 | 18.7 | 16.2 | 16.7 | 19.1 | 22.9 | 24.2 | 28.6 |
| Durable-goods industries.- | 13.1 | 9.5 | 7.9 | 8.2 | 9.3 | 12.6 | 13.0 | 17.0 |
| Nondurable-goods industries | 10.0 | 9.2 | 8.3 | 8.5 | 9.8 | 10.3 | 11.2 | 11.6 |
| Transportation, communications, and public utilities | 5.5 | 5.7 | 5.1 | 5.4 | 5.9 | 6.4 | 6.7 | 6.8 |
| All other industries. | 13.1 | 12.3 | 10.3 | 11.7 | 13.0 | 14.2 | 14.7 | 15.6 |

The first-to-second quarter movement was dominated by cyclical and other short-run forces; the comparison with 1955 brings out more clearly some of the longer-term trends.

## Corporate Profits Reflect Expanding Business in Second Quarter



The totals shown for nonmanufacturing groups have been somewhat less responsive to short-term swings than has manufacturing, and consequently reveal more clearly their tendency to long-run growth. For manufacturing, in contrast, this year's record underlines the responsiveness to short-term swings and suggests that the industry has not yet reached a cyclical position comparable with late 1955.

It is of interest to note the relative performance of larger as compared to smaller companies in the recent swing of profits. A limited amount of information on this matter which is available for manufacturing corporations gives little indication of any systematic difference by size of company. In the expansion which has taken place since early 1958-as in the previous contraction-large-company profits, sales, and margins have moved somewhat more rapidly than the average. This seems to be traceable in the main to

Corporate Earnings, Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates
[Billions of dollars]

|  | 1955 | 1959 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | IV | I | II |
| All industries, total_. | 45.8 | 45.5 | 51.0 |
| Manufacturing | 27.0 | 24.2 | 28.6 |
| Durable goods industries --. | 15.4 | 13.0 | 17.0 |
| Nondurable goods industries. | 11.6 | 11.2 | 11.6 |
| Transportation, communications, and public utilities. | 5.5 | 6.7 | 6.8 |
| All other industries.. | 13.2 | 14.7 | 15.6 |

industry rather than size differences, however, as certain heavy industries which are composed to a relatively great extent of large firms recorded a wider cyclical swing than did manufacturing as a whole. Group by group, the experience of large companies seems generally not to have differed in any regular fashion from that of the average concern.

## Profit margins

The 60 percent upswing in corporate earnings from their early 1958 low to mid-1959 has been in part the direct result of an advance on the order of one-fifth in the volume of business done by the corporations. About two-thirds of the increase in profits, however, represents a recovery of percentage margins from the recession lows.

Such a short-run widening of margins generally accompanies a rise in activity from recession levels. Operating efficiency improves as the pace of production moves up toward more nearly normal rates, and the presence of various charges not closely tied to sales results in a tendency for total costs to lag behind the movement of revenues in periods of expansion as well as during business declines.

Aggregate earnings of U.S. corporate business (as shown in table I-14, excluding net dividends and branch profits from abroad) amounted in the first half of this year to 21 percent of income originated and about 18 percent of corporate gross product.

Profits may also be compared with total corporate sales: The first-half ratio on this base was 6 percent. It should be kept in mind that the sales aggregate includes not only sales to final users but also a large volume of inter-business transactions; and that the ratio is affected by fluctuation over time in the proportion of inter-business sales to the total. Moreover, the margin on sales varies widely from one industry to another. The comments made below as to past variations in the profit ratio generally apply to the margin on sales as well as on income and gross product.
The accompanying chart shows the movement of profit ratios during the 1957-59 cyclical swing, against the background of a 10 -year record.
Margins turned down over a year and a half before the decline of general business started in late 1957. This is a pattern which has been noted in previous recessions also, as costs caught up with the slowing rise of revenues. The profits peak prior to the 1957-58 recession came toward the end of 1955 , as noted above, and this was also true of percentage margins. There followed a gradual decline in margins through mid-1957, and a further sharp fall accompanied the recession. This was arrested and then reversed early in 1958. A series of vigorous gains recorded during that year tapered as 1959 opened. In the second quarter, however, a renewed spurt accompanied the rise of activity in steel and other lines described above. By mid1959, the profit ratios were above 1957 and close to the high of 1955 .
Judging from past experience, the effect of the work stoppages on third-quarter profits may be expected to be more severe, at least in percentage terms, than the effect on payrolls. If this proves to be the case, the profits fraction of total income (and gross product) originating in corporate business may be assumed to have declined since midyear.
The experience of specific industries and companies has of course differed substantially from the averages shown in the chart. Nevertheless the swing from a 1955 high to a 1958 low and back appears to have been widely typical. In particular, it does not seem to have been affected in any marked way by changes in the relative importance of characteristically high-or low-margin industries in the total.

# Business Financing in 1959 

FINANCTAL developments in 1959 have featured generally expanded private demands for capital funds and large Government requirements. Money market conditions in the second half of the year are especially affected by high seasonal demands, as the Federal Government's tax receipts are temporarily low and private demands are rising to stock up for holiday business.

Under these conditions, the cost of borrowing has reached postwar highs. The interest rate on recent financing of the Federal Government, involving a 5 -percent rate on an intermediate-term issue, was the highest in several decades.

Stock prices, although down recently from their postwar highs, have been generally buoyant throughout most of the year, and with dividends relatively stable, yields are not only close to postwar lows but also below the average prevailing in the twenties.

The cyclical pattern of private demands has not presented a uniform picture. Housing purchases by consumers were rising through most of the recessionary phase of 1957 and 1958 partly in response to easing money market conditions which provided an improved flow of mortgage funds and partly because of antirecession steps taken by the Federal Government in support of home financing. As money markets tightened in the past year and the impact of Federal programs was reduced, housing activity has tapered and demand for new mortgage money has leveled off.

Short-term credit demands of individuals were modererated during the downswing but there was little net liquidation of indebtedness. Over the past year-and particularly in more recent months-consumers have been again increasing their short- and intermediate-term credit at a rapid pace.

The recent swing in business use of capital funds is clearly evident in table 1 showing half-yearly figures for nonfinancial corporations. During the first half of 1958 , when investment demand was close to the cyclical low, business firms were also reducing their financial assets and their short-term debt. In contrast, during the first part of 1959 working capital needs were up sharply and short-term borrowing was also increased.

Business demand for short-term funds was especially affected by the build-up of inventories in the January-June period, which reflected in part the usual response to the cyclical upswing of the economy and in part anticipatory purchasing to hedge against shortages due to impending work interruptions. The upward movement of inventories was arrested during the summer mainly by the drawing down of steel stocks, but business continued to expand its uses of borrowed funds for other fixed and working capital purposes.

## Corporate Sources and Uses of Funds

This article treats the uses of funds by corporations, and the sources from which they have been derived through the first half of 1959.

Expansion of fixed investment by corporations has been moderate in the recovery and, as may be seen from the table, outlays in plant and equipment in early 1959 were still well

[^1]below previous highs. This, however, is not unusual as in earlier recoveries fixed capital spending moved with a lagged response to the upswing in general business.

Total requirements and their financing were substantially higher in the first half of 1959 than in the 1956-57 prosperity phase. This reflects in part a difference in cyclical pbasing. The first part of this year reflected conditions of early recovery when the rate of expansion is typically greatest. In contrast, in the 1956-57 period, recovery had been in

## Corporate Capital Requirements and Financing


large part already achieved and expansion needs were not so large.

However, shifting seasonal influences also affected the financial patterns for the first half of 1959 as compared with the earlier prosperous periods. In particular, corporate Federal tax payments in 1956 were concentrated in the first half year, with the calculated figure for nonfinancial corporations representing $\$ 161 / 2$ billion out of the full-year total of $\$ 21 \frac{1}{2}$ billion. Under current legislation the larger firms, accounting for the bulk of Federal tax receipts from corporations, are now scheduled to pay taxes more evenly throughout the year. Calculated payments in the first half of 1959 came to $\$ 10$ billion, over $\$ 6$ billion less than in the comparable period of 1956, and in a much more even proportion of the estimated payments for 1959 as a whole. This evening out of the flow of tax payments tends to be reflected in the corporate sources and uses statement in a smaller reduction of liquid assets, and unpaid tax liabilities in the first balf of the year.

## Corporate uses of capital funds

In the chart the recent half-year data have been recombined to indicate the relative importance of the various sources and uses of funds in the recovery year ended last June. This picture is contrasted with the comparable expansion phases of 1950 and 1954-55.
It is clear that the recent experience has closely followed the past cyclical patterns. Fixed capital outlays have constituted 50 percent of total capital funds used in the most recent period-roughly the same as in 1954-55, but substantially higher than in 1950 when inventory expansion was of greater relative importance. The inventory increase in 1958-59 was relatively less than in the other two recovery years; this may be attributed to the difference in timing and, for 1950 , to the type of spurt that resulted from the outbreak of hostilities in Korea that year. Noteworthy also is the
larger share of liquid asset accumulation in the more recent period.

The chart, which focuses on the three recoveries--rather than the shifts over the cycle-shows the characteristic predominance of internal sources in these periods. This largely reflects the sharp recovery in profits when business begins to pick up. Long-term external financing has been of somewhat greater relative significance in the 1958-59 period; the issue of stocks, while a relatively minor source in the overall picture, has assumed a role greater than in either of the two preceding periods. The high proportion of short-term financing in 1950 was in large part a reflection of the predominance of inventory expansion in that period.

## Asset expansion in 1959

Corporate asset expansion in the first half of 1959 amounted to $\$ 25$ billion, by far the largest on record for this time of year. In the first part of 1958, the net expansion was less than $\$ 5$ billion, with business in the process of liquidating its inventories and customer financing and expansion of fixed assets contained at a relatively low volume.

The $\$ 25$ billion increase in early 1959 compares with an average $\$ 15$ billion rate in the prosperous first halves of 1956 and 1957. As already explained, this difference is largely attributable to the shifting influence of Federal tax payments, which, in the early periods, required a larger drawdown of cash resources in the first part of the year. Business firms improved their liquidity position in early 1959 after allowance for seasonal factors, as profits expanded while dividends were held stable, depreciation allowances continued their upward tendencies, and fixed capital demands responded rather slowly to the usual cyclical influences.

The recent swings in corporate uses of capital funds were concentrated in the manufacturing and mining industries, which normally account for about half of the total corporate demand; these firms accounted for two-thirds of the increase

Table 1.—Sources and Uses of Corporate Funds, Annual 1953-58, Half Years 1956-59 ${ }^{1}$

|  | 1953 | 1954 | 1955 | 1956 | 1957 | 1958 | 1st half |  |  |  | 2 d half |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1956 | 1957 | 1958 | 1959 | 1956 | 1957 | 1958 |
| Sources, total. | 30.4 | 22.2 | 50.3 | 47.9 | 39.5 | 30.2 | 16.8 | 16.3 | 5.0 | 26.2 | 31.1 | 23.2 | 25.2 |
| Internal sources, total | 19.7 | 19.8 | 26.6 | 27.8 | 27.7 | 25.6 | 14.1 | 14.2 | 11.5 | 16.0 | 13.7 | 13.5 | 14. 1 |
| Retained profits ${ }^{2}$ | 7.9 | 6.3 | 10.9 | 10. 5 | 9.0 | 6.0 | 5.6 | 5.1 | 1.8 | 5.8 | 4.9 | 3.9 | 4.2 |
| Depreciation..... | 11.8 | 13.5 | 15. 7 | 17.3 | 18.7 | 19.6 | 8.5 | 9.1 | 9.7 | 10.2 | 8.8 | 9.6 | 9.9 |
| External-long term sources, total. | 7.6 | 6.4 | 8.6 | 11.1 | 11.9 | 10.8 | 5.1 | 6. 2 | 5.6 | 4.7 | 6.0 | 5.7 | 5.2 |
|  | 2.3 | 2.1 | 2.7 | 3.2 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 1. 2 | 2. 2 | 1.8 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 1.3 | 1.7 |
| Bonds | 4.8 | 3.8 | 4.2 | 4. 7 | 7.0 | 6.0 | 2.2 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 1.9 | 2.5 | 3.6 | 2.7 |
| Other debt | . 5 | . 5 | 1.7 | 3.2 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.7 | . 6 | . 5 | . 7 | 1.5 | . 8 | . 8 |
| Short-term sources, total | 3.1 | $-4.0$ | 15.1 | 9.0 | -. 1 | -6. 2 | $-2.4$ | -4. 1 | $-12.1$ | 5.5 | 11.4 | 4. 0 | 5.9 |
| Bank loans | $-.1$ | $-1.1$ | 3.7 | 2.2 | . 3 | $-2.4$ | 2. 4 | 1.5 | $-1.3$ | 1.1 | $-.2$ | $-1.2$ | $-1.1$ |
| Trade payables... | . 4 | $-.2$ | 5. 5 | 5. 5 | $-.7$ | $-1.4$ | . 5 | $-1.9$ | $-4.7$ | 2.0 | 5.0 | 1. 2 | 3.3 |
| Federal income tax liabilities | -6 | $-3.1$ | 3.8 | $-1.7$ | -1.9 | -2.5 | -6.5 | $-4.9$ | -5.9 | $\begin{array}{r}.5 \\ \hline 19\end{array}$ | 4. 8 | 3.0 | 3.4 |
| Other- | 2.2 | . 4 | 2.1 | 3.0 | 2.2 | . 1 | 1.2 | 1.2 | -. 2 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.0 | . 3 |
| Uses, total | 28.6 | 23.8 | 50.6 | 45.0 | 37.9 | 29.8 | 15.6 | 15.1 | 4.6 | 24.7 | 29.4 | 22.8 | 25.2 |
| Increase in physical assets, total | 25.7 | 20.8 | 30.9 | 37.5 | 35.4 | 22.0 | 18.2 | 18.0 | 9.7 | 16. 8 | 19.3 | 17.4 | 12.3 |
| Plant and equipment..-. | 23.9 | 22.4 | 24.2 | 29.9 | 32.7 | 26.4 | 13.6 | 15.6 | 13.0 | 12.7 | 16.3 | 17.1 | 13.4 |
| Inventories (book vaiue) | 1.8 | $-1.6$ | 6.7 | 7.6 | 2.7 | -4.4 | 4.6 | 2.4 | $-3.3$ | 4.1 | 3.0 | . 3 | $-1.1$ |
| Increase in financial assets, total | 2.9 | 3.0 | 19.7 | 7.5 | 2.5 | 7.8 | -2.6 | -2.9 | $-5.1$ | 7.9 | 10. 1 | 5.4 | 12.9 |
| Receivables. | 1.1 | 2.2 | 11.9 | 8.8 | 3.3 | 2.7 | 3.2 | 1.6 | -1.8 | 5.3 | 5.6 | 1.7 | 4.5 |
| Consumer | 1.8 | . 7 | 3.3 | 1. 4 | . 8 | $-.4$ | $-.2$ | -. 6 | -1.5 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 1. 6 | 1.4 | 1.2 |
| Other | $-.7$ | 1.5 | 8.6 | 7.4 | 2.5 | 3.1 | 3.4 | 2.2 | $-.3$ | 5.3 | 4.0 | . 3 | 3.3 |
| Cash and U.S. Government secur | 1.8 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 5. 0 | -4.3 | $-1.9$ | 3. 4 | -8.0 | $-5.1$ | $-3.7$ | . 4 | 3.7 | 3.2 | 7.1 |
| Cash (including deposits)..... | . 2 | 2. 3 | 1.2 | . 2 | $-1$ | 2.4 | -2.2 | -2. 1 | $-.5$ | -1.4 | 2. 4 | 2.0 | 2.9 |
| U.S. Government securities. | 1.6 | $-2.3$ | 3.8 | -4.5 | -1.8 | 1.0 | $-5.8$ | -3.0 | -3.2 | 1.8 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 4.2 |
| Other assets. | ${ }^{(3)}$ | . 8 | 2.8 | 3.0 | 1.1 | 1.7 | 2.2 | . 6 | . 4 | 2.2 | . 8 | . 5 | 1.3 |
| Discrepancy (uses less sources) | -1.8 | 1.6 | . 3 | -2.9 | -1.6 | -. 4 | $-1.2$ | -1.2 | $-.4$ | -1.5 | $-1.7$ | -. 4 | . 0 |

1. Excludes banks and insurance companies.
2. Includes depletion.
3. Less than $\$ 50$ million.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, based on Securities and Exchange Commission and other financial data.
in requirements between early 1958 and early 1959. In contrast, utilities were little affected in their capital demands, and in 1959 expanded ownership of resources at a fairly even rate comparable with recent years.

Trade firms traced an intermediate pattern as a small inventory liquidation in 1957 and 1958 gave way to renewed expansion in the past year; other uses of funds by these concerns were fairly steady after allowing for seasonal influences.

Plant and equipment expenditures, although currently recovering on a wide front from the low in the third quarter of 1958, were still substantially below the pre-recession highs in most industries. In nonrail transportation and in the commercial groups capital investment has been above the earlier rate.


Reflecting the relative importance of physical stocks carried, the bulk of inventory change is accounted for by the manufacturing and trade industries. The cyclical swings in inventory change occurred in both these major groups but the fluctuation was substantially greater in manufacturing. As in the case of the all-industry total, both of these industries have exceeded the average rate of buildup prevailing in early 1956 and 1957, but the excess for trade has been relatively larger.

Corporations have also substantially increased their book credit to customers in the current upswing. It should be noted, however, that a substantial part of an increase in corporate receivables also involved a growth in payables, since in intercorporate dealings every new receivable has its counterpart in a new payable. Thus only the net difference between receivables and payables requires financing from "outside" sources. In recent years, corporations have on net balance been an important source of financing for their noncorporate customers and new money required for this purpose has risen fairly steadily over the past several years.

## Internal funds higher

Larger retained earnings resulting from growing after-tax profits and stable dividend payments, added to the steadily increasing depreciation allowances, has enabled corporations to generate from internal sources a substantial part of funds to finance their needs in 1959. Profits kept for business use in the first half of the year amounted to almost $\$ 6$ billion, compared with a postwar low of less than $\$ 2$ billion a year ago, when profits were depressed and dividends were maintained. Depreciation allowances continued their upward trend into 1959 , providing over $\$ 10$ billion of funds in the first half of the year.

## The role of accelerated depreciation

Depreciation allowances are currently and for some time have been the single most important source of corporate funds. These allowances have climbed each year and for every major industry group presented in table 2 over the postwar period. This steady expansion has more than offset the general tendency noticeable in the 1950's for retained profits to provide a lesser proportion of additional funds needed for corporate growth.

The basic fact underlying the growth of depreciation funds has been the rapid capital accumulation undertaken to extend existing productive facilities as well as to introduce new methods of production. However, two legal factors have also operated to raise the annual depreciation charge for all corporations to the present rate of $\$ 21$ billion. First, the Internal Revenue Act of 1950 , which permitted 5-year amortization of defense-related facilities, swelled depreciation allowances on $\$ 23$ billion of assets qualifying under this program. Corporations were permitted to amortize eligible facilities over a 5 -year period rather than over the much longer normal life of the assets. The last certifications under the 1950 act took place in 1955, so that the effect of this program is rapidly drawing to a close.

The second influence behind the steadily growing depreciation charges was provided by the Internal Revenue Code of 1954. Under the new code all corporations were given the choice of several alternative methods of depreciating new assets. Whereas the previous "straight-line" formula of depreciation involved charging to current expenses in equal annual sums the original cost of an asset over its designated life, the new provisions allow a write-off of about two-thirds of the purchase cost of an asset during the first half of its life. Corporations have increasingly adopted these faster methods.

It has been roughly estimated that one-sixth of recent depreciation charges can be attributed to the acts of 1950 and 1954. Since 1955, however, the growth in depreciation charges due to fast write-off has been primarily in response to the use of the 1954 provisions, since the impact of the Korean emergency amortization program began tapering off by that time.

## Security issues lower

While the bulk of corporate long-term financing is supplied from internally generated funds, business firms typically require some outside capital to round out their programs, and in some cases, notably the public utilities, sale of new securities meets a major part of capital requirements. Total long-term financing from external sources amounted to $\$ 41 / 2$ billion in the first half of 1959 , about $\$ 1$ billion less than in early 1958 and down by $\$ 11 / 2$ billion from the peak volume in 1957.
Of the principal users of security financing, only the electric and gas utilities (not shown separately in the "industry" table) continued net sales at rates comparable with

## Corporate Stock and Bond Yields


U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
a year ago. For this industry group, external long-term financing has constituted more than half of total requirements over the postwar period, whereas for all corporate business combined, the share has been less than one-fourth.

Manufacturers and the communications industry substantially reduced their external financing in early 1959. For the latter group, the lesser dependence on security sales was primarily a matter of timing and not especially associated with cyclical developments. However, the decline for manufacturers reflected substantially reduced need for such funds in view of the greatly improved internal flows at a time when fixed capital investments were still low.

## Bank loan expansion

Corporations have expanded their short-term bank borrowing in 1959. During the first half of the year the increase in loans amounted to more than $\$ 1$ billion, compared with a contraction of nearly $\$ 1.5$ billion a year ago. Over the first 6 months of the previous two prosperous years given for comparison, bank borrowing had expanded at an average rate of $\$ 2$ billion. This upward trend in bank loans was reversed during late 1957 and in the succeeding 18 months corporations liquidated their bank credit by nearly $\$ 4$ billion. This contraction of short-term credit which was in part associated with the liquidation of business inventories during most of this period also probably reflects some refinancing into longer term securities.

The first-half upturn in bank borrowing by corporations coincided with the quickened pace of inventory accumulation, evident particularly in manufacturing and trade. Of the major industry groups, only public utilities and communications made net repayments on bank loans during the first half of 1959. Most other groups contributed to the upswing in bank borrowing, with manufacturers showing the largest increase.

## Federal income tax liabilities

A substantial amount of temporary financing tends to be automatically provided in periods of business improvement in the form of accumulating Federal income tax liabilities which rise in proportion with expanded profits. Thus, in the recovery year ended last June, almost $\$ 4$ billion in funds was provided by the net increase in tax liabilities to the Federal Government. This compares with a liquidation of $\$ 3$ billion of tax obligations in the preceding 12 -month period.

Even the temporary availability of tax accruals as a means of financing has been reduced in recent years as corporations have been required to speed up tax payments.

The first part of the step-up took place gradually from 1951 to 1955 and changed the payment schedule from the traditional one-fourth in each of the four quarters following the tax year to one-half in each of the first two quarters. The second stage of acceleration was spread over the $1955-59$ period, and resulted in a gradual shifting of the schedule for the larger corporations, requiring them to start paying taxes in the year in which they accrue. Thus, in the third quarter of the current tax year, the larger firms file an estimated tax for that year, and pay one-fourth of the sum. The remainder is paid over the succeeding 9 months, with the difference between the estimate and actual being made up after the tax year is closed out.
The net effect of these changes has been to reduce the extent to which tax accruals can be used as a source of temporary financing, and in the recent period to smooth out the actual payments on incurred liabilities over the year. The process of changeover to the new system will be completed this year, and for the larger corporations, the only deviation from a four-quarter even payment schedule will result if the original tax estimate differs from actual. A penalty is provided if the estimate proves to be less than 70 percent of the liability shown on the final return.

## Shift in financing costs

The impact of recent financial developments has been strikingly reflected in costs of capital funds not only to corporations but to other users as well, including Governments and the consumer. Corporate long-term bond yields, as measured by Moody's series, are currently close to 5 percent, one-half of a percentage point higher than a year ago, and

1 point above the recession low. This series measures yields on seasoned issues; on newly issued securities, corporations are typically paying rates well above 5 . percent. As indicated earlier, costs of short-term borrowing have risen even more sharply in the recent business upturn.

The recent upturn in interest rates is a continuation of a postwar trend which started in 1950. As may be seen from the chart, long-term borrowing costs to corporations are not far from the average prevailing in the twenties, and a number of particular rates are currently above those reached in that earlier period. It must be noted, however, that the net borrowing costs to corporations may still be considered relatively low in historic perspective if one takes account of the higher tax rates currently prevailing. Since interest is deductible for tax purposes, the net cost to corporations in terms of after-tax earnings is roughly half the nominal rate, since the tax on profits is close to 50 percent. The comparable tax in the twenties ranged around 10 percent of profits.

The trend in yields on common stocks is in sharp contrast to that on borrowed funds. As may be seen from the chart, these are close to their postwar lows at the present time, even allowing for the most recent setback in stock prices. Dividend yields, which throughout most the postwar period were substantially above bond rates, have been for sometime below these latter yields.

## Higher interest payments

While present financial conditions are relatively favorable to equity financing, it is clear from the tabular information presented here that the bulk of outside financing by corporate business is raised by borrowing, with internal funds providing the principal source of equity capital. Thus, the rise in interest costs superimposed on the growing debt level has substantially raised fixed interest charges both absolutely and in relation to funds available for paying such costsprofits before taxes and interest payments. The accompanying chart portrays recent developments in this respect.
In perspective, however, the current burden of interest payments is still relatively low for most corporations, although well above that of the earlier postwar period. The all-industry ratio of 7 percent in 1950 was broadly representative of the early postwar conditions. Refinancing the bulk of the outstanding corporate debt at the reduced interest rates which became established in the late 1930's and war years was of primary importance in enabling corporations to

Table 3.-Corporate Liquidity Ratios, Selected Years 1947-59

| Midyear | Ratio to current liabilities |  | Ratio to sales 1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Liquid assets | Current assets | Liquid assets | Receiva- bles bles |
| 1947 | Units 0.70 | Units 2.13 | Percent 10.8 | Percent 9.6 |
| 1953 | . 52 | 1.98 | 9.3 | 13.1 |
| 1957. | . 39 | 1.87 | 7.3 | 14.9 |
| 1958. | . 41 | 1. 97 | 7.5 | 15.4 |
| 1959. | . 43 | 1.97 | 7.9 | 15.6 |

1. Sales represented in calculating these ratios are totals for the year except for 1959 which are based on first half 1959 sales, seasonally adjusted at annual rates.
Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics and Securities and Exchange Commission.
have a marked degree of flexibility in financial planning during the years immediately following World War II. The war-induced inflation further reduced the real burden of servicing corporate debt during this period.

The considerable change in the interest burden from the early postwar situation appears less striking when viewed against the historical background of the twenties, as may be seen from the chart. Compared with the nearly 30 percent of all corporate income absorbed by interest payments in the late 1920's, the current 13 percent ratio appears to provide considerable "elbow room" in financial planning.

## Business liquidity

The three postwar cycles of business have been characterized by improving liquidity during the downswing in business and reduced relative availability of liquid resources during the "prosperity" phases. As measured by the ratio of cash and U.S. Government security ownership to sales, the postwar low in liquid assets was reached in the spring and summer of 1957. For sometime prior to the peak in business reached at that time, corporations had actually reduced their holdings of liquid assets. Indeed over the span of years from 1953 through 1957, corporations expanded their sales by more than one-fourth without substantially adding to their liquid assets.

The downward trend in liquid asset holdings was halted in 1958, and in the year ended last June ownership of "cash" assets increased by $\$ 7.5$ billion, the largest 12-month gain since World War II. Over this same period, sales were also
(Continued on page 20)

Table 2.-Sources and Uses of Corporate Funds by Industry, Years Ended June 30, 1957, 1958 and 1959

| [Billions of dollars] |
| :--- |

1. Includes depletion.
2. Less than $\$ 50$ million. , long-term bank loans, mortgages, and other long-term debt
3. Includes bonded debt, long-term bank loans, mortgages, and other long-term debt. mank loans, trade payables, Federal income tax liabilities, and miscellaneous current liabilities,

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, based on Securities and Exchange Commission and other financial data.

# U.S. Industry Expands Investment Abroad 

CAPITAL expenditures by U.S. companies to expand and modernize their productive facilities in foreign countries were reduced by about 14 percent in 1958 from the peak established in 1957. The contraction in 1958 was accounted for largely by the absence of large cash payments for petroleum leases such as occurred in 1957, and by the general leveling off of industrial activity abroad. Slower economic expansion was also reflected in a shift in inventories of the foreign enterprises from a substantial accumulation in 1957 to a net reduction in 1958.


The decline in foreign capital expenditures by U.S. companies in 1958 was considerably less than the decline in such domestic expenditures, especially for the manufacturing, mining, and petroleum industries. Expenditures by these industries for plant and equipment, both domestic and foreign, were about $\$ 20$ billion in 1957 and $\$ 15$ billion in 1958, with the proportion of foreign expenditures up from some 15 percent in 1957 to 17 percent in 1958 . These percentages would be somewhat higher if allowance were made for foreign expenditures not covered in these annual surveys. ${ }^{1}$

For 1959 a rise in capital outlays abroad by U.S. business is indicated by larger capital flows from the United States and by a tendency to reinvest a larger proportion of foreign earnings. This increase is in line with the upturn in industrial production in major foreign countries as well as in the United States. Sources of funds to finance additional expansion appear to be adequate, as earnings in the United States and abroad have recovered, and credit conditions in Europe are relatively favorable.

## Comparison with balance-of-payments data

Data collected in this second annual survey of the financing and capital expenditures of foreign enterprises controlled by U.S. companies continue to show that their gross investments abroad are much larger than the amount reflected in balance-of-payments data on net capital outflows from the United States and undistributed profits. In 1958, for instance, the book value of the U.S. interest in direct-investment enterprises abroad in the manufacturing, mining, and petroleum industries increased by $\$ 1.5$ billion, while expenditures for fixed capital abroad reported by the smaller group of companies covered in this report in these industries were $\$ 2.7$ billion.

Annual variations in plant and equipment expenditures abroad are much smaller than the combined changes in net capital outflows from the United States and undistributed profits from foreign operations, which represents the amount added to the U.S. interest in the book value of the foreign enterprises each year. While the latter amount for the mining, petroleum, and manufacturing industries declined from $\$ 2.7$ billion in 1957 to $\$ 1.5$ billion in 1958 , the change in expenditures for fixed capital abroad for the survey companies was from $\$ 3.2$ billion to $\$ 2.7$ billion.

[^2]Of course, each set of statistics is designed for a specific purpose; the capital outflow series relates primarily to the international transactions of the United States, while the data on sources and uses of funds relate primarily to the scope and impact of the investment activities of these enterprises in the countries in which they operate.

## Supply of Funds Reduced

Funds available to the foreign enterprises controlled by reporting companies fell from about $\$ 6.3$ billion in 1957 to $\$ 5.2$ billion in 1958. Net income was sharply reduced in the mining and petroleum industries but held up well in manufacturing and service industries. ${ }^{2}$ At the same time income paid out to parent companies and other owners rose somewhat over the previous year, so that funds retained abroad out of earnings for this survey group were cut by some $\$ 550$ million. A similar sharp drop in retained profits also occurred for domestic corporations.

Most of the drop in retained earnings abroad was in the petroleum industry, which utilized less funds as a result of lower investment activity and reductions in inventories. Income in this industry was down from the 1957 amount in most areas except the Middle East, but income paid out was not reduced to the same extent. Retained earnings were also lower in the mining industry, primarily because of lesser income receipts. In the manufacturing and service industries the amount and proportion of earnings retained abroad were about the same in 1958 as in 1957.

Financing provided by parent companies and other sources in the United States was about 40 percent lower in 1958, dropping from $\$ 1.3$ billion in 1957 to $\$ 0.8$ billion. This figure does not correspond closely to the net direct-investment capital outflow included in the balance-of-payments accounts because of differences in recording the flow of funds between U.S. companies and their foreign branches, as well as differences in the industries and companies covered, and in the treatment of certain capital flows. For the three major industry groups-mining, petroleum, and manufactur-ing-the balance-of-payments accounts, after adjustments for comparability, show a drop of $\$ 1.2$ billion from 1957 to 1958 in the amount of funds provided by parent companies and undistributed profits. Reports for the group of companies in these industries covered in this survey show a drop of $\$ 1$ billion.

In addition to funds supplied by parent companies, the foreign enterprises obtained sizable amounts from U.S. capital markets and, in a few cases, from the U.S. Government. About $\$ 185$ million was obtained from these sources in 1958, compared with $\$ 290$ million in 1957 . Nearly all of the public financing went to manufacturing, petroleum pipeline, and other enterprises in Canada. U.S. Government financing by the Export-Import Bank, amounting to $\$ 57$ million in 1958, was provided to mining and public utility operations in Latin America.

## Funds obtained abroad

The other major sources of funds available to the directinvestment enterprises abroad are charges for depreciation and depletion, and financing provided by capital markets or creditors, including foreign governments, in the countries in which they operate.

Depreciation charges on existing fixed assets continued to mount in 1958, rising by 14 percent from 1957 to a total of $\$ 1.3$ billion for the survey companies. This rate of increase is similar to the annual average rate of increase in the book

[^3]value of U.S. direct investments abroad since 1950. Relative to other sources of funds depreciation was rising in 1958, and accounted for 29 percent of all funds available.

Most of the rise in depreciation charges in 1958 was reported for manufacturing and petroleum companies. In the petroleum industry depreciation charges increased mainly in Latin America, where major expansions in investments have been carried out in the past few years. Such charges also increased substantially in Canada and the Middle East. For manufacturing, the greater part of the rise in depreciation charges was in Canada and Europe, also reflecting rapidly mounting investments.
Included in these figures for depreciation charges is about $\$ 60$ million of depletion charges, nearly all for petroleum companies and about equally divided between Canada and Latin America.

Foreign branches and subsidiaries of U.S. companies covered in this report obtained about three quarters of a billion dollars from foreign sources in 1958, compared with a little over $\$ 1$ billion in 1957. However, companies reduced their borrowing abroad proportionately less than they reduced

## U. S. Direct Foreign Investments

## Sources and Uses of Funds, 1957-58



U. 5. Depar!ment of Conmerce, Office of Business Economics $59-10-10$

Table 1.-Sources and Uses of Funds of U.S. Direct Foreign
[Millions of dollars]

dravings of funds from U.S. sources. Requirements for forcign financing are related largely to changes in working capital needs of the companies, and requirements for such financing were much reduced from 1957 to 1958, as receivables increased more slowly and inventories were sharply cut back. In fact, despite a reduction in foreigan borrewing, there appears to have beeu a decrease in net werking capital abroad for the survey companies as a whole, in contrast to an increase in 1957.

Reduced borrowing abroad was particularly notable in the petrcleum industry, and was also significant for manufacturing enterprises. Most of the change for the petroleum companies occurred in the Middle East and Frr East, reflecting a large increase in funds supplied from the C'uited States, a much lower rate of accumulation of receivables, and a liquidaticn of inventories abroad. In Westem Europe, however, the petroleum industry utilized over $\$ 300$ million of foreign financing, double the amount obtained in 1957.

Table 2.-Exploration and Development Expenditures Abroad by U.S. Petroleum Companies, 1957-53

|  | Total | Canada | Latin American Republics | Europe | Other areas |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1958-Total | 780 | 227 | 338 | 49 | 166 |
| Charged against income. | 375 | 133 | 118 | 31 | 93 |
| Other--....-..........--- | 405 | 94 | 220 | 18 | 73 |
| 1957-Total | 1,046 | 248 | 609 | 40 | 149 |
| Charged against income. | 326 | 129 | 98 | 24 | 75 |
| Other.-...-.-.-----... | 720 | 119 | 51. | 16 | 74 |

Note.-Data for reporting companies only.
Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

Large amounts of funds were needed by this industry for accelerated fixed investment in Europe, largely in refineries and marketing facilities, and the increase in borrewing abroad reflected the growing ability of European financial centers to supply funds for industrial expansion.

Although manufacturing enterprises abroad reduced their local borrowing in the aggregate, this resulted entirely from a sharp decline in Europe, in contrast with the cxperience of the petroleum companies. Manufacturing companies in Europe reduced their outlays for plant, and equipment as part of a general slowdown of industrial expansion in this area, and also required less funds to finance inventories and receivables. At the same time, larger amounts were provided by retained earnings and depreciation charges, so that sizable amounts of cash were probably accumulated.

Of the $\$ 3 / 4$ billion of financing obtained abroad in 1958, about $\$ 70$ million was raised by the sale of capital stock and the remainder represented increased liabilitics, including accrued taxes. Equity financing, therefore, continued to be a relatively small part of the total. Most of the equity finaucing was obtained by Canadian enterprises, with only minor amounts reported in Europe or Latin America.

## Plant Expansion Abroad

The continued modernization and expansion of productive facilities established abroad by U.S. companies is a major factor affecting the rate of economic progress in many countries as well as the size and character of world trade. New ventures are being developed or are under consideration in many countries to serve growing markets and utilize untapped reserves of raw material. However, most of the capital expenditures by U.S. industry abroad are

Investments in 1957 and 1958, by Area and Industry

${ }^{1}$ Less than $\$ 500,000$.
Note.-Detail may not add to totals because of rounding. Data for reporting companies only.
Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.
associated not with entirely new enterprises, but with the steady expansion of existing businesses. Of the $\$ 3$ billion of expenditures for plant and equipment reported for 1958, only about 15 percent related to enterprises established since 1950. The proportion for new enterprises would probably be somewhat higher, however, if all direct investments were covered, since newer enterprises are not as well represented in the survey.

About 88 percent of the funds available to the foreign enterprises (after income distributions) was expended for plant and equipment in 1958, compared with about 75 percent in 1957. In 1959, it seems likely that the amount of funds available from all sources and the amount spent for plant and equipment are both increasing.

## Petroleum investment slowed

Most of the reduction in capital expenditures abroad by U.S. companies from 1957 to 1958 took place in the petroleum industry. However, nearly all of the overall drop in outlays by this industry, amounting to $\$ 365$ million, represented the elimination of large payments for leases in Venezuela, so that other expenditures for plant and equipment were well maintained. Moderate reductions in capital expenditures were reported for Canada and a number of countries in Latin America, probably related to the adverse market conditions in 1958 for petroleum produced in these countries. In the Middle East, on the other hand, rising production encouraged a small rise in capital expenditures, and there were substantially higher outlays in several European countries where refinery expansions were in progress.

Capital expenditures abroad by manufacturing enterprises covered in these surveys fell 22 percent in 1958. Decreases were substantial in Canada, the United Kingdom, and some other European countries. In most of these countries the reduction in capital expenditures was part of a general slowdown in the rate of industrial expansion, although industrial production was again rising in the final months of the year. Small gains in capital outlays were reported for a number of Latin American countries.

Companies covered in this survey in the manufacturing category probably account for less than two-thirds of capital expenditures abroad by United States manufacturing enterprises. Since expenditures by the reporting companies totalled $\$ 626$ million, the overall total may have approached $\$ 1$ billion in 1958.
Mining companies raised their capital outlays abroad slightly in 1958, with gains reported in Canada and Latin America. Sustained expansion abroad in this industry contrasted with a sharp contraction in the United States. In other industries covered in the survey, the major change in 1958 was an increase in capital investment in Latin America for public utilities.

Expenditures in 1958 for the exploration and development of resources abroad by the petroleum enterprises covered in the survey totalled about $\$ 780$ million, somewhat higher than the amount for the previous year when the large lease payments in Venezuela are excluded. The gain was primarily in Latin America; a moderately lower rate of expenditure was reported for Canada. Over 40 percent of the total expenditures were in Latin America and about 30 percent in Canada.

Of the tetal of such expenditures, about $\$ 400$ million is included as part of the total for property, plant and equipment expenditures, while the remaining $\$ 375$ million was accounted for by charges against income and therefore does not appear in table 1. The combined total of capital expenditures and exploration and development outlays abroad for the petroleum companies in 1958 was over $\$ 2$ billion. However, this total does not include the activities of some of the newer exploration ventures, or of most of the foreign tanker operations conducted by U.S. companies.

## Inventories cut back

In contrast to an expansion of some $\$ 600$ million in 1957 , inventeries of the foreign enterprises controlled by U.S. companies were reduced in nearly all industries and areas in 1958. Inventories of petroleum companies accounted for most of the change in both years, with the general cutbacks in 1958 representing largely an adjustment of the unusual expansion in inventories stemming from the Suez crisis.

Manufacturing inventories were reduced only slightly overall, as moderate increases in most areas were more than offset by a sharp decline in Canada associated with the slowdown in business activity in that country until mid-year. Inventories of mining companies were liquidated in most areas as demand and prices were generally weak.

Inventories and receivables taken together absorbed less than $\$ 100$ million of the total funds available to the foreign enterprises in 1958, compared with about $\$ 1$ billion in 1959. One result of this change, as well as of other changes in the overall flow of funds, was a sizable accumulation of cash and securities reported under the heading of "other assets." This accumulation was largest in manufacturing enterprises operating in Canada and Europe, providing a readily available source of funds for continued expansion.

## Income distribution high

Remittances of dividends and branch profits rose somewhat in 1958, but there was considerable variation among industries. For the petroleum companies, income paid out in most areas exceeded or was close to total income. How-
ever, the proportion of income paid out by this industry tends to be somewhat overstated relative to other industries because a number of enterprises are still in the exploration stage and report sizable losses which offset the earnings of other enterprises. Also, companies often report remittances from branches as income distributions which, in the case of foreign subsidiaries, would be regarded as repayments of capital. Adjustments were made to some reports to show remittances in excess of current earnings as repayments of capital funds to the parent company. The general picture for the year in this industry, however, was one of sustained or slightly increased income distributions as the need for funds for other purposes declined.

The amount of income paid out by other major industry groups changed little between 1957 and 1958 although earnings were generally somewhat reduced.

Table 3.-Plant and Equipment Expenditures Abroad by U.S. Companies, 1957 and 1958
[Millions of dollars]


Note.-Data for reporting companies only
Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

# Business Financing in 1959 

(Continued from page 15)

expanding but not so rapidly as these assets, so that there was a modest improvement in the asset-sales ratio which was restored to the level reached in 1956. The improvement in liquidity as measured by the availability of cash resources was most noteworthy for manufacturing firms. However, even within this industry, there was no uniform pattern and the gains were largely concentrated in selected heavy goods lines.
Several other measures of financial conditions are presented in table 3. It may be noted that while the general tendency of corporations over the postwar period has been toward conservation of liquid assets, business firms have increasingly extended their customer financing both absolutely and in relation to sales. Taking total "quick" assets-cash, U.S. securities, and business receivables-as a share of gales, the proportion has remained remarkably stable for many years. Customer receivables have proved exceptionally sound over this period and their rise at the expense of "cash" assets has meant that corporate liquidity was maintained in better degree than appears when considering "cash" assets only.

It may be noted that over two-fifths of total current liabilities are covered by cash and U.S. Government securities. While this ratio is well below the early postwar experience, it compares favorably with most recent years and is above the low point reached in 1957. The same general picture is presented by the "current" ratio, i.e., the coverage of current liabilities by total current assets; this is once again close to 2 and exceeded substantially only by the ratios for the early postwar period.

All the aggregate financial ratios considered indicate that corporate business has improved its liquidity position since the last cycle peak. However, taking into account the expanding volume of business to be expected as the current upswing matures, it does not appear that corporations have any substantial excess of liquid resources at the present time. Although some further expansion could be achieved without reducing liquidity to that reached in 1957, a major spurt of investment would need to be supported from income generated from current operations or from funds raised in external markets.

TThe Statistics here are a continuation of the data published in the 1959 edition of Business Statistics, biennial Statistical Supplement to the Survey of Current Business. That volume (price \$2.25) contains monthly (or quarterly) data for the years 1955 through 1958 and monthly averages for all years back to 1929 insofar as available; it also provides a description of each series and references to sources of monthly figures prior to 1955 . Series added or significantly revised since publication of the 1959 Business Statistics are indicated by an asterisk (*) and a dagger ( $\dagger$ ), respectively; certain revisions for 1958 issued too late for inclusion in the aforementioned volume appear in the monthly Survey beginning with the July 1959 issue. Except as otherwise stated, the terms "unadjusted" and "adjusted" refer to adjustment for seasonal variation.

Statistics originating in Government agencies are not copyrighted and may be reprinted freely. Data from private sources are provided through the courtesy of the compilers, and are subject to their copyrights.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of bUSINESS STATISTICS | 1958 |  |  |  |  | 1959 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | August | Septem- ber | October | November | Decem- ber | January | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | Septem- ber |

GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS


Revised. on
$\S$ Personal saving is excess of disposable income over personal consumement sales are not deducted.
$\&$ Personal saving is excess of disposable income over personal consumption expenditures shown as a component of gross notional product above.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1958 |  |  |  |  | 1959 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | August | September | October | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { Novem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{array}$ | Decern- ber | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | Septem- ber |

## GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS-Continued

| PERSONAL INCOME, BY SOURCE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Seasonally adjusted, at annual rates: <br> Total personal income bil. of dol | 1362.4 | 364.2 | 364.3 | 367.5 | 366.9 | 369.0 | 371.0 | 375.4 | 379.0 | 381.3 | 383.8 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 383.4$ | + 380.0 | 379.6 |
| Wage and salary disbursements, total.......do. | ${ }^{1} 241.3$ | 242.5 | 242.1 | 246.1 | 247.0 | 248.7 | 250.1 | 254.0 | 257.3 | 259.8 | 261.7 | 261.5 | + 258.8 | - 258.2 |
| Commodity-producing industries, total...do. | 97.9 | 99.3 | 98.7 | 101.8 | 102.2 | 102.8 | 103.5 | 106. 3 | 108. 6 | 109.8 | 110.9 | 109.9 | r 106.8 | 106.1 |
| Manufacturing only--..........--........do- | 76.7 | 77.9 | 76.9 | 79.7 | 80.6 | 80.9 | 81.7 | 83.8 | 85.4 | 86.7 | 87.7 | 86.9 | $r 84.0$ | 84.1 |
| Distributive industries..-...-...-------.- do | 64. 3 | 64.1 | 64.1 | 64. 7 | 64.7 | 65.6 | 66.0 | 66.6 | 66.9 | 67.5 | 68.0 | 68.4 | +68.3 | 68.1 |
| Service industries.....-......................do | 35.0 | 35.0 | 35.2 | 35.3 | 35.6 | 35.6 | 36.0 | 36.4 | 36.8 | 37.1 | 37.2 | 37.3 | 37.6 | 37.7 |
|  | ${ }^{1} 44.1$ | 44.1 | 44.1 | 44.3 | 44.4 | 44.6 | 44.7 | 44.8 | 45.0 | 45.4 | 45.6 | 45.9 | ${ }^{+} 46.0$ | 46. 2 |
| Other labor income.........-.-.-..............- do | 9.3 | 9.3 | 9.3 | 9.4 | 9.4 | 9.6 | 9.7 | 9.8 | 9.9 | 9.9 | 10.0 | 10.1 | 10.1 | 10.2 |
| Proprietors' income: <br> Business and professional -...................... do | 32.6 | 32.8 | 33.2 | 33.1 | 33.4 | 33.5 | 33.7 | 34.0 | 34.3 | 34.5 | 34.7 | 34.9 | 34.9 | 34.7 |
|  | 14.2 | 14.3 | 14.2 | 14.1 | 14.2 | 13.5 | 13.2 | 12.9 | 12.2 | 12.0 | 12.1 | -11.4 | ${ }^{-} 10.0$ | 9.6 |
| Rental income of persons......-.............do. | 11.9 | 11.9 | 11.9 | 11.9 | 11.9 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 12.0 |
|  | 12.6 | 12.6 | 12.6 | 12.6 | 10.8 | 12.7 | 12.8 | 12.8 | 12.9 | 13.0 | 13.1 | 13.2 | 13.4 | 13.5 |
| Personal interest income......-............-. - do | 20.5 | 20.6 | 20.7 | 20.8 | 21.0 | 21.1 | 21.3 | 21.6 | 21.8 | 22.0 | 22.2 | 22.4 | r 22.7 | 23.0 |
| Transfer payments--.-.-...........do | 27.2 | 27.3 | 27.4 | 26.6 | 26.3 | 26.1 | 26.4 | 26.6 | 26.9 | 26.4 | 26.4 | 26.3 | r 26.5 | 26.8 |
| Less personal contributions for social insur...do.... | 7.1 | 7.1 | 7.1 | 7.1 | 7.1 | 8.1 | 8.1 | 8.2 | 8.3 | 8.3 | 8.4 | 8.4 | 8.4 | 8.3 |
| Total nonagricultural income................... do.... | ${ }^{1} 344.5$ | 346.1 | 346.3 | 349.6 | 348.8 | 351.6 | 353.8 | 358.5 | 362.7 | 365.3 | 367.8 | - 368.2 | ${ }^{+} 366.3$ | 366.2 |
| NEW PLANT AND EQUIPMENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unadjusted quarterly totals: <br> All industries. mil. of dol.- |  | 7,427 |  |  | 8,013 |  |  | 6,905 |  |  | 8,323 |  | 28,553 | -9,474 |
| Manufacturing-.................................. do |  | 2,664 |  |  | 2,932 |  |  | 2,456 |  |  | 3,021 |  | 3,152 | 3,815 |
| Durable goods industries .--.-.-...-.-.-. do |  | 1,257 |  |  | 1,376 |  |  | 1,144 |  |  | 1,450 |  | 1,541 | 1,885 |
| Nondurable goods industries....-.-.-.-...- ${ }^{\text {do. }}$ |  | 1,407 |  |  | 1, 556 |  |  | 1,312 |  |  | 1, 571 |  | 1,611 | 1,930 |
|  |  | 223 |  |  | 254 |  |  | 213 |  |  | 243 |  | 263 | 274 |
|  |  | 140 |  |  | 156 |  |  | 159 |  |  | 262 |  | 312 | 299 |
| Transportation, other than rail.-..............do |  | 320 |  |  | 413 |  |  | 408 |  |  | 527 |  | 545 | 544 |
|  |  | 1,633 |  |  | 1,717 |  |  | 1,199 |  |  | 1,474 |  | 1,541 | 1,626 |
| Commercial and other. |  | 2, 447 |  |  | 2,541 |  |  | 2, 470 |  |  | 2,796 |  | 2, 740 | 2,913 |
| Seasonally adjusted quarterly totals at annual rates: All industries_ bil. of dol |  | 29.61 |  |  | 29.97 |  |  | 30.62 |  |  | 32.51 |  | 234.29 | ${ }^{3} 35.34$ |
|  |  | 10.86 |  |  | 10. 58 |  | ---- | 11.20 |  |  | 11. 80 |  | 12.81 | 13. 72 |
| Durable goods industries...............- do |  | 5.16 |  |  | 4.86 |  |  | 5.26 |  |  | 5. 74 |  | 6. 28 | 6.65 |
| Nondurable goods industries ............... do |  | 5. 70 |  |  | 5. 72 |  |  | 5.94 |  |  | 6. 06 |  | 6.53 | 7.07 |
|  |  | 88 |  |  | . 97 |  |  | . 95 |  |  | 94 |  | 1.04 | 1. 06 |
|  |  | 63 |  |  | . 58 |  |  | . 63 |  |  | 1.00 |  | 1.41 | 1.12 |
| Transportation, other than rail |  | 1.29 |  |  | 1.62 |  |  | 1.71 |  |  | 2.08 |  | 2.19 | 2. 12 |
|  |  | 6.10 |  |  | 6. 26 |  |  | 5.80 |  |  | 5.82 |  | 5. 80 | 5.93 |
| Commercial and other...........-.-..---....- do |  | 9.85 |  |  | 9.96 |  |  | 10.33 |  |  | 10.87 |  | 11.04 | 11.39 |
| FARM INCOME AND MARKETINGS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash receipts from farming, including Government payments, total.............................. mil. of dol | 2,952 | 3,604 | 4, 031 | 3, 596 | 3,312 | 2,959 | 2,255 | 2, 133 | 2,200 | 2,205 | 2,336 | 2,676 | 2,605 | --..-- |
| Farm marketings and CCC loans, total........ do.... | 2,789 | 3,337 | 3,914 | 3,530 | 3,259 | 2,912 | 2,221 | 2, 107 | 2,179 | 2,180 | 2, 308 | 2,582 | 2.583 |  |
| Crops.-....-.........-.-.............. do.. | 1. 257 | 1,567 | 1,961 | 1,879 | 1,700 | 1,397 | 847 | 596 | , 616 | -637 | 819 | 1, 116 | 1,132 |  |
|  | 1. 532 | 1,770 | 1,953 | 1,651 | 1,559 | 1,515 | 1,374 | 1,511 | 1,563 | 1,543 | 1,489 | 1, 466 | 1,441 |  |
| Dairy products | 369 | 357 | 372 | 355 | 375 | 366 | 348 | 388 | 390 | 427 | 398 | 385 | 376 |  |
|  | 870 | 1,105 | 1,250 | 979 | 893 | 885 | 778 | 855 | 921 | 859 | 853 | 829 | 817 |  |
|  | 275 | 292 | 313 | 302 | 271 | 238 | 222 | 248 | 221 | 220 | 207 | 230 | 229 |  |
| Indexes of cash receipts from marketings and CCC loans, unadjusted: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 115 | 137 | 161 | 145 | 134 | 120 | 91 | 87 | 89 |  |  | 106 | 106 |  |
|  | 117 | 145 | 183 | 175 | 158 | 130 | 79 | 56 | 57 | 59 | 76 | 104 | 106 |  |
| Livestock and products...-....................... | 112 | 130 | 143 | 121 | 114 | 111 | 101 | 111 | 115 | 113 | 109 | 108 | 106 |  |
| Indexes of volume of farm marketings, unadjusted: <br> All commodities. <br> $1947-49=100$. | 127 | 147 | 177 | 160 | 146 | 130 | 103 | 96 | 96 | 99 | 108 | 121 | 118 |  |
|  | 132 | 160 | 209 | 197 | 173 | 144 | 90 | 58 | 53 | 57 | 80 | 114 | 110 |  |
| Livestock and products.--.................... do...- | 123 | 138 | 153 | 132 | 126 | 120 | 113 | 123 | 129 | 131 | 129 | 128 | 124 |  |
| INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Federal Reserve Index of Physical Volume |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unadjusted, combined index-.........-. . $1947-49=100$ | 136 | 140 | 143 | 144 | 140 | 142 | 147 | 149 | * 152 | 153 | 155 | ${ }^{1} 143$ | , 148 | P 150 |
|  | 138 | 141 | 145 | 146 | 141 | 144 | 150 | 152 | 155 | 156 | 158 | 147 | 151 | ${ }^{\text {¢ }} 154$ |
| Durable manufactures .-----------------.- do - | 140 | 146 | 149 | 155 | 152 | 154 | 160 | 163 | 166 | 169 | 172 | 157 | -154 | p 159 |
|  | 102 | 111 | 123 | 124 | 119 | 127 | 144 | ${ }^{+153}$ | 155 | 157 | 154 | - 96 | ${ }^{6} 63$ | p 63 |
|  | 105 | 114 | 129 | 128 | 127 | 136 | 156 | 170 | 171 | 170 | 164 | 76 | ${ }^{2} 20$ | $p 21$ |
| Primary nonferrous metals. ............. do | 128 | 139 | 150 | 157 | 162 | 163 | 169 | 167 | 169 | 168 | 174 | ${ }^{\text {r } 165}$ | 140 |  |
| Metal fabricating (incl. ordnance) . . . . . . . do | 150 | 156 | 158 | 167 | 168 | 168 | 172 | 174 | 176 | 179 | 182 | 175 | 174 | p 182 |
| Fabricated metal products. .-.......... do | 133 | $14]$ | 136 | 136 | 136 | 134 | 135 | 138 | 142 | 146 | 150 | 143 | -148 | $p 151$ |
|  | 142 | 151 | 150 | 153 | 152 | 156 | 162 | 164 | 165 | 170 | 175 | 166 | r 173 | P 184 |
| Nonelectrical machinery--......-...- do.. | 119 | 128 | 127 | 131 | 133 | 134 | 142 | 147 | 149 | 153 | 156 | 150 | '149 | D 156 |
| Electrical machinery -......--.-.-.-. . . do.. | 186 | 195 | 194 | 197 | 190 | 199 | 202 | 196 | 196 | 203 | 213 | 197 | - 219 | $\bigcirc 239$ |
| Transportation equipment9. ........... do | 173 | 170 | 184 | 211 | 214 | 211 | 212 | 215 | 217 | 215 | 214 | 209 | -189 | ${ }^{p} 194$ |
| Autos.-...-.-........................... do... | 53 | 37 | 71 | 160 | 161 | 154 | 149 | 163 | 164 | 162 | 158 | 150 | 71 | p 73 |
|  | 78 | 67 | 89 | 112 | 100 | 110 | 133 | 138 | 143 | 148 | 147 | 134 | +96 | p 116 |
| Aircraft and parts.-..................-do..-- | 573 | 583 | 582 | 591 | 595 | 587 | 587 | 583 | 580 | 572 | 571 | -566 | -569 | $\bigcirc 577$ |
| Instruments and related products .......do.... | 160 | 168 | 171 | 174 | 176 | 176 | 179 | 183 | 185 | 188 | 195 | +193 | ${ }^{-195}$ | - 199 |
| Furniture and fixtures...................... do .-. | 124 | 130 | 132 | 132 | 132 | 132 | 134 | 135 | 135 | 137 | 141 | 141 | ¢ 147 | ${ }_{5} 149$ |
|  | 130 | 127 | 131 | ${ }_{153}^{126}$ | 109 | 116 | 124 | 125 | 136 | 143 | 141 | ${ }^{+127}$ | 142 |  |
| Stone, clay, and glass products - --------- do-.-- | 155 | 160 | 155 | 153 | 145 | 141 | 145 | 156 | 166 | 171 | 177 | 175 | 178 | ${ }^{\circ} 177$ |
| Miscellaneous manufactures...-.......-....do.... | 135 | 143 | 147 | 144 | 137 | 133 | 137 | 139 | 142 | 145 | 149 | 145 | 157 | ${ }^{\circ} 161$ |

[^4] on p. 5 of the September 1959 SURvey. OIncludes data not shown separately.

| Unless other wise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of bUSINESS STATISTICS | 1958 |  |  |  |  | 1959 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | August | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Septem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{array}$ | October | Novem- | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Decem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary- } \end{aligned}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Septem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ |

## GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS-Continued

| INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION-Continued Federal Reserve Index of Physical Volume-Con. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Unadjusted index-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nondurable manufactures.-........ 1947-49 $=100 \ldots$ | 135 | 137 | $\stackrel{142}{129}$ | 138 | 130 | 135 | 140 109 | 141 109 | 143 | 143 | 144 | 136 +121 | 148 131 | p 149 |
|  | 126 | 131 134 | 129 130 1 | 120 | 110 112 | 107 110 | 109 110 | 109 108 | 114 | 117 | 122 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ +1218 \\ \hline 128\end{array}$ | 131 |  |
|  | 120 | 130 | 138 | 134 | 133 | 139 | 140 | 133 | 136 | 129 | 129 | 127 | 127 |  |
| Bakery products.-------.-............. do. | 102 | 102 | 103 | 101 | 101 | 98 | ${ }^{99}$ | 99 | 99 | 102 | 104 | 105 | 105 |  |
| Beverages---..-.--------------------- do..-- | 122 | 119 | 124 | 113 | 104 | 97 | 105 | 113 | 126 | 133 | 139 | 130 |  |  |
| Alcoholic beverages.----..-....-.-....- do..... | 104 | 108 | 124 | 111 | 94 | 91 | 100 | 109 | 119 | 124 | 123 | 112 |  |  |
|  | 130 | 125 | 130 | 128 | 103 | 121 | 130 | 121 | 129 | 128 | ${ }^{5} 125$ | 119 |  |  |
|  | 103 | 103 | 109 | 107 | 100 | 107 | 113 | 113 | 117 | 119 | 117 | 107 | 121 |  |
| Cotton and synthetic fabrics .---.-..... do- | 107 | 111 | 112 | 118 | 106 | 119 | 122 | 122 | 131 | 129 | 121 | 119 | 127 |  |
|  | ${ }^{76}$ | 75 113 | 75 | ${ }^{71}$ | 105 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Apparel and allied products..-.-.-.-.......do.... | 117 | 113 | 121 | 117 | 105 | 120 | 127 | 130 | 128 | 125 | 124 | 113 | 133 |  |
|  | 108 | 105 | 109 | 108 | 102 | r 111 | 120 | 116 | 113 | 112 | 110 | 101 |  |  |
| Paper and allied products...----.-.-.-.-.- do | 168 | 169 | 181 | 170 | 153 | 166 | 177 | 176 | 185 | 180 | 5180 $r$ | r 164 $r$ r | 184 |  |
|  | 159 | 159 | 171 | 164 | 148 | 161 | 171 | 171 | 179 | 175 | +177 | $\stackrel{157}{+1}$ | 176 |  |
|  | 136 | 142 | 147 | 146 | 140 | 139 | 142 | 148 | 150 | 150 | 148 | r 144 | 147 | p 154 |
| Chemicals and allied products....---.-.-.-do..-- | 182 | 187 | 195 | 195 | 195 | 198 | 202 | 204 | 209 | 207 | 206 | -199 | 207 |  |
| Industrial chemicals --1-------------- do-.-- | 190 | 202 | 211 | 214 | 217 | 219 | 226 | 231 | 237 | 237 | 241 | 232 | 240 |  |
| Petroleum and coal products.-----------do---- | 140 | 138 | 137 | 140 | 144 | 146 | 145 | 148 | 138 | 139 | 143 | ${ }^{+} 132$ | p 135 | ${ }^{p} 135$ |
|  | 149 127 | 148 | 148 | 151 | 157 | 150 | 158 158 | 154 159 | 147 138 | 146 132 | 151 | $\begin{array}{r} \\ \\ \\ 148 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }^{p} 153$ | ${ }^{1} 152$ |
|  | 120 | 123 | 124 | 123 | 124 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 123$ | 123 | 122 | 124 | 127 | 127 | ¢ 114 | r 116 | ${ }^{p} 116$ |
|  | 70 | 73 | 75 | 75 | 76 | 73 | 74 | 69 | 68 | 72 | 72 | 46 | 63 | p 65 |
| Crude oil and natural gas....-.-.-.-..........do | 142 | 145 | 144 | 147 | 151 | 152 | 150 | 149 | 149 | 148 | 147 | 144 | $p 144$ | ${ }^{2} 145$ |
|  | 96 | 107 | 107 | 93 | 81 | 86 | 31 | 91 | 105 | 135 | 133 | $\checkmark 90$ | 49 |  |
| Stone and earth minerals. .--------------..- do..-- | 153 | 158 | 156 | 151 | 139 | 131 | 130 | 138 | 152 | 157 | 162 | -163 | 166 |  |
| Seasonally adjusted, combined index.-------.- do | 136 | 137 | 138 | 141 | 142 | 143 | 145 | 147 | 150 | 153 | 155 | 153 | 149 | P 148 |
| Manufactures....................................- ${ }^{\text {do.. }}$ | 138 | 139 | 140 | 143 | 144 | 145 | 148 | 150 | 153 | 156 | 158 | 157 | r 153 | ${ }^{\square} 152$ |
| Durable manufactures....-.-.....--............ do. | 144 | 145 | 146 | 151 | 152 | 153 | 157 | 160 | 164 | 169 | 172 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 167$ | 159 | ${ }^{p} 158$ |
|  | 109 | 113 | 122 | 123 | 123 | 125 | 138 | 146 | 149 | 154 | 150 | -106 | r 67 | $p 64$ |
| Metal fabricating (incl ordnance) ..........do. | 156 | 155 | 156 | 163 | $10 \stackrel{5}{5}$ | 166 | 168 | 170 | 173 | 179 | 184 | 186 | 183 | D 183 |
| Fabricated metal products..............-do...- | 132 | 135 | 133 | 136 | 136 | 136 | 135 | 138 | 142 | 148 | 150 | 150 | $\stackrel{147}{ }$ | ${ }^{\text {P }} 145$ |
|  | 147 | 148 | 147 | 150 | 152 | 154 | 158 | 159 | 163 | 170 | 178 | 180 | $\bigcirc 180$ | ${ }^{p} 181$ |
| Nonelectrical machinery --.------....... do. | 126 | 129 | 130 | 133 | 132 | 132 | 138 | 142 | 145 | 150 | 156 | 156 | r 159 | $p 157$ |
|  | 188 | 186 | 180 | 183 | 190 | 199 | 198 | 192 | 198 | 209 | 222 | ${ }^{-227}$ | r 221 | ${ }^{p} 227$ |
| Transportation equipment...............-do....- | 186 | 178 | 183 | 203 | 204 | 204 | 204 | 207 | 211 | 244 | 216 | 218 | - 212 | ${ }^{\text {D }} 209$ |
| Autos, trueks, and parts .....-.-.-.-.-. do-.-- | 96 | 82 | 91 | 119 | 123 | 124 | 123 | 128 | 132 | 136 | 139 | 142 | $\ulcorner 133$ | ${ }^{p} 131$ |
| Other transportation equipment..---.- do-... | 321 | 322 | 321 | 327 | 322 | 322 | 322 | 322 | 327 | 327 | 326 | +327 | $\stackrel{r}{ } 325$ | ${ }^{p} 322$ |
| Instruments and related products....-- do | 162 | 166 | 169 | 173 | 175 | 176 | 179 | 181 | 183 | 189 | 197 | 199 | r 196 | D 197 |
| Furniture and fixtures..---....-.-.-.------ do. | 123 | 126 | 127 | 129 | 127 | 133 | 132 | 135 | 138 | 143 | 145 | 149 | -145 | ${ }^{2} 145$ |
| Lumber and products......--.-.-.-.-.-. do. | 120 | 118 | 120 | 125 | 125 | 127 | 126 | 129 | 136 | 139 | 133 | - 137 | 132 |  |
| Stone, clay, and glass products. .-........-do. | 150 | 157 | 149 | 151 | 148 | 147 | 149 | 158 | 166 | 170 | 174 | -180 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 175$ | ${ }^{p} 173$ |
|  | 134 | 137 | 138 | 137 | 134 | 137 | 137 | 141 | 147 | 150 | 152 | ¢ 156 | 155 | D 153 |
| Nondurable manufactures .-................-do. | 133 | 133 | 134 | 135 | 135 | 137 | 139 | 140 | 142 | 144 | ${ }^{1} 145$ | 146 | 146 | ${ }^{\text {p }} 145$ |
| Food and beverage manufactures.....-...- do. | 116 | 115 | 115 | 116 | 117 | 118 | 119 | 119 | 120 | 122 | 120 | $r 118$ | p 119 |  |
| Food manufactures.----.---.-.-........-d | 116 | 116 | 115 | 116 | 116 | 117 | 119 | 129 | 120 | 121 | 121 | r 118 | p 120 |  |
|  | 115 | 114 | 115 | 119 | 121 | 122 | 121 | 118 | 124 | 125 | 117 | 116 |  |  |
| Tobacco manufactures...-.-.....--..--....- do. | 121 | 121 | 120 | 126 | 126 | 121 | 130 | 121 | 134 | 124 | r 115 | 132 |  |  |
| Textile mill products..........-.-...-.-.- do. | 103 | 103 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 106 | 108 | 110 | 115 | 118 | 118 | r 123 | 121 |  |
|  | 114 | 116 | 118 | 117 | 116 | 118 | 119 | 121 | 123 | 127 | 128 | 130 | 129 |  |
|  | 103 | 104 | 108 | 113 | 108 | 109 | 109 | 106 | 112 | 118 | 111 | 115 |  |  |
| Paper and allied products................-do....- | 166 | 1177 | 171 | 168 | 166 | 167 | 172 | 173 | 176 | 180 | $\cdot 178$ | ${ }^{\text {r }} 184$ | 182 |  |
|  | 140 | 140 | 142 | 142 | 139 | 144 | 145 | 145 | 147 | 149 | 149 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 151$ | ${ }^{\text {r }} 152$ | ${ }^{\text {s }} 151$ |
| Chemicals and allied products...------.-. do. | 186 | 187 | 189 | 192 | 194 | 196 | 199 | 201 | 204 | 208 | ${ }^{+} 212$ | 211 | 213 |  |
| Industrial chemicals .-....------------ do---- | 196 | 204 | 209 | 212 | 214 | 216 | 222 | 226 | 232 | 234 | 246 | -245 | 248 |  |
| Petroleum and coal products..-- --.-----do.-.- | 139 | 135 | 137 | 139 | 142 | 143 | 144 | 149 | 143 | 142 | 143 | -135 | + ${ }^{\text {P }} 134$ | p 132 |
|  | 132 | 136 | 133 | 141 | 140 | 142 | 150 | 156 | 135 | 134 | 155 | 172 | 162 |  |
|  | 120 | 123 | 122 | 123 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 123 | 124 | 126 | 125 | ${ }^{+} 118$ | ${ }^{+117}$ | ${ }^{\text {p }} 116$ |
|  | 68 | 70 | 69 | . 72 | 73 | 69 | 74 | 72 | 71 | 73 | 73 | 56 | 61 | ${ }^{\circ} 62$ |
| Crude oil and natural gas.-.-------.-...-- - -do-.-- | 146 | 149 | 148 | 147 | 148 | 148 | 146 | 144 | 146 | 148 | 148 | 148 | p 148 | p 149 |
|  | 83 | 90 | 92 | 101 | 108 | 113 | 114 | 115 | 114 | 115 | 106 | -79 | 42 |  |
| Stone and earth minerals ................... do | 144 | 149 | 148 | 148 | 142 | 145 | 143 | 148 | 15.5 | 154 | 156 | -157 | 156 |  |
| CONSUMER DURARLES OUTPUT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unadjusted, total output......-.-.-..... $1947-49=100$. | 100 | 103 | 116 | 143 | 137 | 138 | 140 | 144 | 142 | 142 | 144 | 134 | - 119 | -131 |
| Major consumer durables.........................do | 94 | 96 | 113 | 155 | 147 | 145 | 150 | 155 | 154 | 154 | 154 | ${ }^{+} 140$ | ${ }^{5} 114$ | ${ }^{\text {p }} 130$ |
|  | 53 | 37 | 71 | 160 | 161 | 154 | 149 | 163 | 164 | 162 | 158 | 150 | 71 | ${ }^{p} 73$ |
| Major household goods . .-.-. -- -- -- .-. do | 130 | 150 | 151 | 153 | 138 | 140 | 154 | 151 | 148 | 149 | 152 | -132 | ${ }^{-153}$ | ${ }^{p} 182$ |
| Furniture and floor coverings....-.-.-.-.-. do | 118 | 126 | 131 | 130 | 130 | 130 | 135 | 136 | 135 | 133 | 135 | ${ }^{5} 133$ | 142 |  |
|  | 114 | 150 | 147 | 156 | 137 | 131 | 158 | 159 | 156 | 155 | 154 | ${ }^{*} 125$ | 141 |  |
| Radio and television sets.--.-..............do | 214 | 222 | 221 | 212 | 163 | 193 | 199 | 173 | 166 | 176 | 198 | 148 | 223 |  |
| Other consumer durables.....-..........-...... do . | 115 | 119 | 123 | 117 | 113 | 115 | 117 | 117 | 113 | 114 | 121 | $\checkmark 122$ | ${ }^{+130}$ | ${ }^{p} 134$ |
| Seasomally adjusted, total output.................d. do | 115 | 103 | 108 | 133 | 134 | 133 | 132 | 135 | 137 | 141 | 145 | 149 | ${ }^{+142}$ | p 139 |
| Major consumer durables............-.........-do. | 116 | 99 | 105 | 142 | 143 | 140 | 137 | 141 | 146 | 151 | 155 | 158 | ¢ 149 | 145 |
|  | 95 | 56 | 67 | 139 | 14:3 | 139 | 130 | 142 | 147 | 153 | 156 | 158 | $r 134$ | 122 |
| Major household goods .-.-.-...-.-......- do | 137 | 138 | 141 | 148 | 144 | 143 | 146 | 142 | 147 | 153 | 156 | $\begin{array}{r}\ulcorner \\ \cdot \\ \Gamma \\ \hline 147 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ז 164 | 167 |
| Fumiture and floor coverings....-......... do | 117 | 120 | 124 | 127 | 127 | 132 | 133 | 133 | 135 | 140 | 140 | $\bigcirc 147$ | 141 |  |
| Appliances and heaters-..................... do | 132 | 137 | 148 | 159 | 156 | 140 | 145 | 139 | 144 | 151 | 145 | $\bigcirc$ | 164 |  |
| Radio and television sets......-...........do | 207 | 197 | 166 | 174 | 162 | 181 | 185 | 179 | 189 | 195 | 235 | ${ }_{128}^{240}$ | 234 |  |
| Other consumer durables.-. . . . . . . . . . . . . . do | 112 | 113 | 114 | 113 | 114 | 118 | 119 | 121 | 115 | 117 | 124 | 128 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 127$ | ${ }^{p} 127$ |

$r$ Revised. $\quad p$ Preliminary. $\quad$ Includes data not shown separately.

| less otherwise stated，statistics through 1958 and | 1958 |  |  |  |  | 1959 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | August | Septem－ ber | October | $\begin{gathered} \text { Novem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | Decem－ ber | Janu－ ary | Febru－ ary | March | April | May | June | July | August | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Septem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ |

## GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS—Continued

BUSINESS SALES AND INVENTORIES§

| Mfg．and trade sales（seas．adj．），total．．．．．．．．bil．of dol． |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Wholesale trade，total－－．．．．．．． |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Retail trade，total |  |
| Durable goods stores |  |
|  |  |
| Manufacturing and trade inventories，book value，end of month（seas．adj．），total bil．of dol |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Wholesale trade，total．－－－－－－－－－－．．．．．．．．．．．．．．－${ }^{\text {do－}}$ |  |
| Durable goods establishments．．．－ |  |
|  |  |
| Retail trade，total |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

MANUFACTURERS＇SALES，INVENTORIES，


Rubber
ok value（unadjustod），total－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－do．
Durable goods industries，total 9 Iron and steel
Fabricated metal－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－
Machinery（including electrical）
Electrical
Transportation equipment． Motor vehicles and pa
umber and furniture． tone，clay，and glass
By stages of fabrication：
Purchased materials．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．－．bil．of dol Finished goods
Nondurable goods industries，totalo－mil．of dol． Food and beverage Tobacco． Pextile－ Chemical
 Rubber．
y staces of fabrication Goods in process Finiched groods
以 保 

|  のいとNのー ○ルッ |
| :---: |
|  |

26

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive nates are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1958 |  |  |  |  | 1959 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | August | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Septem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{array}$ | October | November | Decem- ber | January | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | Septem- |

GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS-Continued

| MANUFACTURERS' SALES, INVENTORIES, AND ORDERS-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Inventories, end of month-Continued <br> Book value (seas. adj.), total.................mil. of dol.- | 49,425 | 49, 296 | 49,337 | 49, 297 | 49, 179 | 49,489 | 49,921 | 50,454 | 51, 052 | 51,599 | 52, 138 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 52,241$ | 52,049 |  |
| Durable goods industries, total ¢ ...........-- do...- | 28,066 | 28, 048 | 27,932 | 27,877 | 27, 815 | 28, 106 | 28,408 | 28, 925 | 29, 361 | 29,734 | 30, 227 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 30,349$ | 30.136 |  |
| Primary metal-........------.-------- do | 4, 110 | 4,043 | 4,005 | 4, 0 F8 | 4, 111 | 4, 180 | 4, 267 | 4, 341 | 4,363 | 4,312 <br> 2 <br> 14 | 4, 201 | $+4,108$ $r$ $r$ | 3,987 |  |
|  | 2,418 2,777 | 2,399 2,842 | 2, 378 2,928 | 2,430 2,896 | 2, 2,897 <br> 88 | 2,, 51 2,962 | 2,627 <br> 3,008 | 2,644 <br> 3,120 | 2,645 <br> 3.175 | 2, 274 <br> 3,278 <br> 18 | 2,447 3,365 | $+2,354$ $+3,411$ | 2, 272 |  |
| Fabricated metal Machinery (including electrical) | 2,777 | 9, 9842 | $\stackrel{2,928}{9,026}$ | 2,896 8,954 | 2,897 <br> 8,904 | 2,962 9,008 | 3, <br> 9,008 <br> 106 | 3, 92120 | 3,175 9,346 | 3, ${ }^{\text {9,488 }}$ | 3, ${ }^{\text {9,725 }}$ | r r $\mathrm{9}, 41812$ | 3,324 9.820 |  |
|  | 3,419 | 3,386 | 3,345 | 3,366 | 3,342 | 3,360 | 3,406 | 3,458 | 3, 508 | 3,557 | 3,648 | + 3,667 | 3, 678 |  |
| Transportation cquipment.............- do. | 6,536 | 6, 751 | 6, 594 | 6,576 | 6,543 | 6,587 | 6, 673 | 6,854 | 7,031 | 7,167 | 7, 386 | + 7,397 | 7,335 |  |
| Motor vehicles and parts-...-..........do. | 2,553 | 2, 792 | 2, 651 | 2, 623 | 2,548 | 2, 490 | 2, 574 | 2, 680 | 2, 826 | 2,955 | 3. 149 | r 3, 175 | 3, 179 |  |
| Lumber and furniture-.-.------------- do | 1,742 | 1,732 | 1,721 | 1,730 | 1,740 | 1,724 | 1,712 | 1,719 | 1,731 | 1,759 | 1,764 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ r \\ r\end{array} 1,280$ | 1,848 |  |
|  | 1,220 | 1,212 | 1,221 | 1,223 | 1,200 | 1,207 | 1,207 | 1,216 | 1,235 | 1,254 | 1,276 | ${ }^{\text {r 1,270 }}$ | 1,249 |  |
| Purchased materials.......-.........-bil. of do | 7.4 | 7.5 | 7.7 | 7.6 | 7.5 | 7.7 | 7.8 | 8.1 | 8.3 | 8.5 | 8.9 | 8.9 | 8.7 |  |
|  | 11.3 | 11.3 | 11,3 | 11.3 | 11.3 | 11.4 | 11.4 | 11.5 | 11.7 | 11.8 | 11.9 | 11.9 | 11.9 |  |
| Finished goods | 9.3 | 9.2 | 9.0 | 9.0 | 9.0 | 9.0 | 9.2 | 9.3 | 9.3 | 9.4 | 9.5 | 9.5 | 9.5 |  |
| Nondurable goods industries, total 9 - . mil. of dol.- | 21,359 | 21, 248 | 21,405 | 21,420 | 21,364 | 21,383 | 21,513 | 21,529 | 21, 691 | 21,865 | 21,911 | - 21,892 | 21, 913 |  |
| Food and beverage.--.............-.....- do | 4,638 | 4, 598 | 4,694 | 4,676 | 4,670 | 4,700 | 4,752 | 4,797 | 4,870 | 4,967 | 4,928 | $r$ r, 847 | 4, 801 |  |
|  | 1, 838 | 1,838 | 1,857 | 1,861 | 1,920 | 1,881 | 1,893 | 1,876 | 1,868 | 1,873 | 1,819 | 1,838 | 1,864 |  |
|  | 2,524 1,418 | 2,499 1,405 | 2,490 1,423 | 2,456 1,419 | 2,444 1,443 | 2,449 1,458 | 2,457 1,452 | 2,463 1,455 | 2, <br> 1,482 <br> 18 | 2, <br> 1,487 | 2, 1,432 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \times \\ \times 1,534 \\ \hline 1,457\end{array}$ | 2,494 1,493 |  |
| Chemical | 3, 734 | 3,747 | 3. 760 | 3,767 | 3,739 | 3,727 | 3,727 | 3,702 | 3,696 | 3,730 | 3,768 | - 3,847 | 3,896 |  |
| Petroleumand coal.............-.---.......- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 3,274 | 3,271 | 3,276 | 3,324 | 3,264 | 3,281 | 3,307 | 3,320 | 3,367 | 3,380 | 3,366 | -3,314 | 3. 308 |  |
|  | 1,024 | 1,024 | 1,022 | 1,018 | 994 | 998 | 1,022 | 1,030 | 1,015 | 995 | 1,013 | r 1.075 | 1,077 |  |
| By stages of fabrication: <br> Purchased materials. bil. of dol | 8.7 | 8.6 | 8.7 | 8.6 | 8.6 | 8.6 | 8.6 | 8.6 | 8.7 | 8.8 | 9.0 | 9.0 | 8.9 |  |
|  | 3.0 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | $r 3.1$ | 3.1 |  |
|  | 9.7 | 9.7 | 9.8 | 9.9 | 9.8 | 9.8 | 9.9 | 9.9 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 9.9 | 9.8 | 9.9 |  |
| New orders, net (unadjusted), total.-......-mil, of dol.-- | 26,096 | 26,855 | 28,667 | 27,368 | 28, 033 | 28,215 | 28,916 | 31,868 | 30,994 | 30, 281 | 32,302 | r 29,449 | 28,625 |  |
| Durable goods industries, total 9 .---------- do- | 11, 807 | 12,301 | 13, 395 | 13.452 | 13,796 | 13, 897 | 14,759 | 16, 452 | 15,858 | 15, 131 | 16,936 | r 14,424 | 13, 176 |  |
| Primary metal-..------------------------- do | 2,006 | 2,136 | 2, 341 | 2,265 | 2, 294 | 2, 838 | 3,450 | 3,033 | 2,671 | 2,551 | 2, 583 | ${ }_{r} \mathrm{r} 1,749$ | 1,623 |  |
| Fron and steel | 1,332 | 1,382 1,673 | 1, $1,66{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1,445 1,393 | 1,534 1,429 | 2,011 1,462 | 2,575 | 2,064 | 1,738 | 1,600 1,668 | 1,731 1,775 | $r 977$ +1.793 | 1.762 |  |
| Machinery (including electrical) .---.......... do | 3,666 | 4,020 | 3,929 | 3,656 | 4,052 | 3,868 | 4,229 | 5, 193 | 4, 679 | 4,590 | 5,409 | r 4, 658 | 4,407 |  |
| Electrical .-.-.............................do | 1,475 | 1,762 | 1,722 | 1,676 | 1,885 | 1,518 | 1,628 | 2,133 | 1,791 | 1,716 | 2,370 | r 1.887 | 1,824 |  |
| Transportation equipment (including motor vehicles) ....................................-mil. of dol. | 1,866 | 1,630 | 2, 674 | 3,587 | 3, 501 | 3,057 | 2,884 | 3,614 | 3,792 | 3,333 | 4,039 | + 3, 161 | 2,355 |  |
| Nondurable goods industries, total.-.-----.... do | 14, 289 | 14,554 | 15, 272 | 13,916 | 14, 237 | 14,318 | 14, 157 | 15, 416 | 15, 136 | 15, 150 | 15,366 | ${ }^{\text {r } 15,025}$ | 15, 449 |  |
| Industries with unfilled orders Industries without unfilled orde | 3,139 11.110 | 3,096 11,458 | 3,420 11,852 | 3,213 10,703 | 3.026 11,211 | 3,112 11,206 | 3,313 10844 | 3,5.57 | 3,442 | 3,524 | 3,465 | $+3,203$ $+11,802$ | 3,405 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New orders, net (seas. ad | 26,096 | 27, 047 | 27, 903 | 27,797 | 28,365 | 28,502 | 29,702 | 30,229 | 31, 206 | 30,541 | 31,404 | - 30.827 | 29,066 |  |
| Durable goods industries, total $\circ$...-.-........ do. | 12, 177 | 12,859 | 13, 530 | 13, 574 | 13, 673 | 13,900 | 14,918 | 15, 323 | 15, 706 | 15, 241 | 16, 133 | r 15,493 | 14, 005 |  |
|  | 2,063 | 2,334 | 2,414 | 2, 262 | 2,210 | ${ }^{2}, 727$ | 3, 236 | 2, 681 | 2,826 | 2,479 | 2,578 | $+2,018$ +189 | 1, 670 |  |
| Fabricated meta | 1,359 1,523 | 1,553 1,578 | 1,558 1,602 | 1,417 1,601 | 1,489 <br> 1,458 | 1,934 <br> 1,523 <br> 1 | 2. 4 129 | 1,795 1,608 | 1,829 | 1, 1,85 | 1,714 | ${ }_{\text {¢ }}^{\text {r } 1,149}$ | $\begin{array}{r}924 \\ 1.678 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |
|  | 3,851 | 4, 242 | 3,975 | 4,019 | 4,047 | 3,937 | 4, 198 | 4,839 | 4,632 | 4, 626 | 4,922 | r 4, 893 | 4,637 |  |
|  | 1,578 | 1,849 | 1,703 | 1,872 | 1,890 | 1,564 | 1,682 | 2,094 | 1,822 | 1,744 | 2, 021 | r 1, 928 | 1,957 |  |
| Transportation equipment (including motor ve- <br>  | 2, 245 | 1,946 | 2,835 | 3,007 | 2,958 | 3, 038 | 3, 038 | 3,437 | 3,655 | 3,498 | 3, 841 | - 3,631 | 3,189 |  |
| Nondurable grods industries, total.-.-.......- do. | 13,919 | 14, 188 | 14, 373 | 14, 223 | 14,692 | 14, 602 | 14, 784 | 14,906 | 15,410 | 15, 300 | 15, 271 | ${ }^{r} 15,334$ | 15,061 |  |
| Industries with unfilled orders | 2,990 | 3, 127 | 3,196 | 3,150 | 3,289 | 3,143 | 3,381 | 3,453 | 3,662 | 3,524 | 3,269 | -3,384 | 3,259 |  |
| Industries without unfilled order | 10,929 | 11, 061 | 11, 177 | 11,073 | 11, 403 | 11,459 | 11,403 | 11,453 | 11,748 | 11, 736 | 12,002 | ${ }^{\text {r 1 }} 11,950$ | 11,802 |  |
| Unfilled orders, end of month | 46,700 | 46, 232 | 46,079 | 46, 718 | 46,797 | 47,683 | 49,097 | 50, 376 | 50, 485 | 50,093 | 50,402 | ${ }^{+} 50,605$ | 50,687 |  |
| Durable goods industries, total $\%$.....-.......- do.... | 43,963 | 43, 577 | 43,388 | 43,929 | 44, 008 | 44, 839 | 46, 097 | 47, 244 | 47, 292 | 46,696 | 46, 979 | r 47,183 | 47, 352 |  |
|  | 3, 800 | 3,867 | 3, 908 | 4, 174 | 4, 351 | 4, 991 | 6, 121 | 6. 362 | 6,086 | 5,626 | 4, $9: 0$ | - 4, 914 | 5. 376 |  |
|  | 2, 3109 | 2, 803 3,086 | $\stackrel{\text { 2,804 }}{3,068}$ | 2,971 3,046 | 3,140 3,060 | 3,717 3,105 | 4,743 3 316 | 4,882 <br> 3 <br> 382 <br> 0 | 4,587 <br> 3,312 <br> 18 | 4, 144 | 3, 562 | 3,540 $-3,243$ | 4,035 |  |
| Machinery (including electrical)-..--..........- do.. | 16,281 | 16,308 | 16, 125 | 16,045 | 16,012 | 16,083 | -16,187 | 16,785 | 16, 8.54 | 16,929 | 3,210 17,530 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \times \\ \hline 17,838 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 17,828 |  |
| Electrical --....-.-.-.-.-.-.-. do | 9, 530 | 9, 534 | 9, 391 | 9,339 | 9,381 | 9,319 | 9, 279 | 9,621 | 9,667 | 9,652 | 10, 154 | - 10, 341 | 10,343 |  |
| Transportation equipment (including motor vehicles) --......................................... mil. of dol | 16,647 | 16, 184 | 16, 270 | 16,649 | 16,504 | 16, 286 | 15,955 | 16, 078 | 16,233 | 16,001 | 16,366 | ${ }^{\text {r 16, }} 049$ | 15,779 |  |
| Nondurable goods industries, total $\oplus$.---........do | 2,737 | 2, 655 | 2, 691 | 2, 789 | 2,789 | 2, 844 | 3, 000 | 3,132 | 3, 193 | 3,397 | 3,423 | ${ }^{+} 3,422$ | 3,335 |  |
| BUSINESS POPULATION <br> Firms in operation, end of quarter (seasonally adjusted) thousands |  | 4,586 |  |  | 4,603 |  |  | 4,621 |  |  | 4, 645 |  |  |  |
|  | 12,234 | 12,932 | 13,633 | 12, 090 | 16,458 | 18, 765 | 15, 745 | 18,119 | 17,554 | 16,660 | 16, 157 | 16,562 | 14,329 |  |
| INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL FAILURES $O^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1,127 | 1,039 | 1,271 | 1,121 | 1, 082 | 1,273 | 1,161 | 1,263 | 1,292 | 1,135 | 1,244 | 1,071 | 1,135 |  |
|  | 106 | 87 | 99 | 97 | 88 | 96 | 104 | 117 | 121 | 104 | 111 | 100 | 122 |  |
|  | 158 | 163 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 188 | 164 | 185 | 166 | 172 | 167 | 137 | 181 |  |
|  | 206 | 187 | 215 | 190 | 185 | 215 | 207 | 210 | 202 | 199 | 203 | 203 | 187 |  |
|  | 549 | 506 | 657 | 550 | 515 | 642 | 582 | 625 | 671 | 567 | 633 | 518 | 542 |  |
|  | 108 | 96 | 124 | 108 | 18 | 132 | 104 | 126 | 132 | 93 | 130 | 113 | 103 |  |
| Liabilities (current), total..-----..--..--thous. of dol. | 50, 765 | 48, 103 | 47, 268 | 56,718 | 57,069 | 73, 564 | 58,592 | 65, 051 | 71,907 | 50,917 | 49, 197 | 51, 197 | 54, 501 |  |
|  | 3,126 | 2,046 | 5, 309 | 5,881 | 3,590 | 6,559 | 4,547 | 5,304 | 9,994 | 3,336 | 5, 069 | 3,147 | 3, 160 |  |
|  | 8,687 | 7,8.41 | 6, 771 | 9,483 | 10, 078 | 8, 274 | 6,911 | 11, 589 | 8,623 | 12, 262 | 8,519 | 11,328 | 12, 1061 |  |
|  | 15, 742 | 18, 167 | 12, 141 | 19,496 | 18,411 | 17,062 | 17, 444 | 22, 558 | 16,501 | 10, 835 | 12, 143 | 14, 592 | 18, 559 |  |
| Retail trade. | 14,347 | 14,112 | 16,103 | 16,549 | 14,397 | 33, 197 | 22,327 | 20,348 | 22, 839 | 19,638 | 18, 234 | 17,052 | 15, 362 |  |
|  | 8,863 | 5,937 | 6,947 | 5,309 | 10,613 | 8,472 | 7, 303 | 5,252 | 13, 950 | 4,846 | 5,232 | 5,078 | 5,359 |  |
| Failure annual rate (seas. adj.) No. per 10,000 concerns_- | 54.0 | 58.4 | 57.4 | 55.9 | 51.3 | 51.1 | 50.9 | 50.4 | 52.0 | 48.3 | 53.8 | 49.2 | 53.3 |  |

${ }^{-}$Revised. $\quad$ Includes data not shown separately


| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1058 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1958 |  |  |  |  | 1959 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | August | $\begin{gathered} \text { Septem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | October | Novem- ber | December | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary- } \end{aligned}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | Septem ber |

## COMMODITY PRICES

| PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Prices received, all farm products |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Cotton <br> Feed grains and hay |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Oil-bearing cropsPotatoes (inel. dry cdible beans) |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Prices paid: |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| All commodities and services, interest, taxes, and wage rates $1910-14=100$ |  |

Parity ratio §

## CONSUMER PRICES

(U.S. Department of Labor indexes)

|  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| cial group indexes:* |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| All items less she |  |  |
| All commodities |  |  |
| Nondura |  |  |
| Durab |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Food |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Fruits and vegetables |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Gas and electricit |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Housefurnis |  |  |
| Medical care |  |  |
| Personal care |  |  |
| Reading and recreation.---------------------.-. ${ }^{\text {do }}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Private |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Wholesale priceso ${ }^{7}$ (U.S. Department of Labor indexes) |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| All commodities. .-.-.-.-.-.--------------1947-49=100 |  |  |
| By stage of processing: |  |  |
| Crude materials for further processing--.-.... do .... <br> Intermediate materials, supplies, etc- <br> rimbed toodso $\qquad$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| By durability of product:* |  |  |
| Nondurable goods |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Commodities other than farm prod. and foods_.do.... |  |  |
| Chemicals and allied products |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Fertilizer materials |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Furniture, other household durables $\qquad$ do <br> Appliances, household. $\qquad$ $\qquad$ do <br> Radio receivers and phonographs $\qquad$ $\qquad$ do do. $\qquad$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |


| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of bUSINESS STATISTICS | 1958 |  |  |  |  | 1959 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | August | ${\underset{\text { Ser }}{ }}_{\text {Septem- }}$ | October | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Novem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Decem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | January | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | September |

COMMODITY PRICES-Continued


CONSTRUCTION AND REAL ESTATE

| CONSTRUCTION PUT IN PLACE <br> New construction (unadjusted), total $\qquad$ mil. of dol. | 4,666 | 4,745 | 4,760 | 4, 532 | 4,139 | r 3,750 | - 3, 530 | - 3, 862 | ¢ 4.300 | r 4, 761 | ${ }^{5} 5.161$ | -5,243 | ${ }^{5} 5,291$ | 5,097 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 3,126 | 3,157 | 3,176 | 3, 142 | 2,941 | 2, 620 | 2,498 | 2,735 | 3,015 | 3,292 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 3,524$ | +3,633 | ${ }^{+3,612}$ | 3,533 |
|  | 1,710 | 1,746 | 1,788 | 1,788 | 1,679 | 1,471 | 1.374 | 1. 562 | 1,799 | 1,972 | +2,096 | r 2,151 | r 2,135 | 2, 100 |
|  | 1,276 | 1. 327 | 1,362 | 1,375 | 1,329 | 1,170 | 1,080 | 1,230 | 1,370 | 1,473 | r 1,583 | +1,625 | r 1,614 | 1,590 |
| Additions and altcrations......-........--do-.-.- | 382 | 366 | 370 | 354 | 291 | 243 | 238 | 276 | 372 | 438 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 448$ | ${ }^{\text {r }} 453$ | r 450 | 440 |
| Nonresidential buildings, except farm and public vitity, total | 738 | 736 | 743 | 754 | 716 | 655 | 636 | 625 | 627 | 687 | 762 | 801 | 811 | 773 |
|  | 171 | 167 | 167 | 170 | 168 | 165 | 160 | 154 | 150 | 154 | 161 | 167 | 175 | 166 |
|  | 319 | 318 | 322 | 331 | 310 | 273 | 268 | 270 | 276 | 320 | 364 | 379 | 369 | 352 |
|  | 170 | 157 | 131 | 112 | 98 | 109 | 112 | 124 | 137 | 158 | 175 | 185 | 189 | 174 |
| Public utility.-.....................-..........do.... | 491 | 500 | 497 | 471 | 432 | 371 | 364 | 411 | 439 | 460 | 474 | ${ }^{+477}$ | 「488 | 466 |
|  | 1,540 | 1,588 | 1,584 | 1,390 | 1,198 | r 1, 130 | - 1,032 | - 1,127 | r 1, 285 | r 1,469 | ${ }_{\text {r }} \mathbf{1 , 6 3 7}$ | ${ }^{+} 1,610$ | ${ }^{\text {r }} 1,649$ | 1,564 |
|  | 430 | 427 | 429 | 386 | 367 | 359 | 326 | 367 | 385 | 386 | ${ }^{r} 408$ | ¢ 407 | - 410 | 382 |
|  | 129 | 155 | 164 | 166 | 118 | 107 | 91 | 100 | ${ }^{r} 119$ | ${ }^{-144}$ | r 159 | ${ }_{-} 130$ | r 135 | 136 |
|  | 611 | 627 | 620 | 494 | 388 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 348$ | ¢319 | +328 | r 419 | - 549 | r 654 | $\ulcorner 673$ | r 695 | 6.57 |
|  | 370 | 379 | 371 | 344 | 325 | 316 | 296 | 332 | 362 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 390$ | 416 | r 400 | + 409 | 389 |
| New construction (seasonally adjusted), total....do. | 4,042 | 4, 105 | 4,198 | 4,356 | 4,451 | ${ }^{r} 4,605$ | ${ }^{+} 4,639$ | ${ }^{\text {r 4, }}$, 883 | r 4, 683 | r 4,718 | r 4,705 | ${ }^{\text {r 4, }}$, 658 | ${ }^{4} 4,581$ | 4,418 |
|  | 2.789 | 2, 821 | 2,872 | 2,948 | 3,030 | 3,113 | 3, 127 | 3, 181 | 3,259 | 3,300 | r 3,287 | - 3,288 | ${ }_{\text {r 3, }}$ 245 | 3,182 |
| Residential (nonfarm) $\qquad$ do $\qquad$ | 1,500 | 1,535 | 1,590 | 1,653 | 1,733 | 1,793 | 1,812 | 1,867 | 1,952 | 1,981 | r 1,939 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 1,924$ | ${ }^{\text {r }} 1,875$ | 1,851 |
| Nonresidential buildings, except farm and public | 703 | 697 | 694 | 702 | 699 | 691 | 694 | 685 | 688 | 716 | 742 | 764 | 772 | 734 |
|  | ${ }_{4} 171$ | 167 | 165 | 167 | 166 | 160 | 160 | 156 | 153 | 157 | 163 | 170 | 175 | 168 |
|  | 300 | 297 | 295 | 298 | 300 | 304 | 308 | 305 | 311 | 334 | 344 | 351 | 347 | 329 |
|  | 131 | 131 | 131 | 132 | 131 | 147 | 144 | 146 | 144 | 143 | 146 | 146 | 145 | 146 |
| Public utility | 440 | 442 | 440 | 443 | 449 | 464 | 461 | 467 | 461 | 447 | 446 | - 438 | ${ }^{+} 436$ | 413 |
|  | 1,253 | 1,284 | 1,326 | 1,408 | 1,421 | ${ }^{\text {r 1, }} 192$ | ${ }^{\text {r }} 1,512$ | ${ }^{r} 1,502$ | ${ }^{\text {r }} 1,424$ | ${ }^{\text {r }} 14,418$ | ${ }^{\text {r }} 1,418$ | ז 1,370 | r 1,336 | 1. 256 |
| Nonresidential buildings..-...-...-.-........-do | 389 | 387 | 397 | 395 | 400 | 396 | 397 | 395 | 388 | 383 | ${ }^{+} 381$ | ${ }^{\text {r }} 380$ | + 370 | 346 |
| Military facilities | 109 | 124 | 134 | 160 | 135 | 127 | 125 | 133 | +143 +51 | ${ }^{5} 144$ | ז 139 | r 116 +50 | $\bigcirc 114$ | 108 |
|  | 438 | 442 | 457 | 510 | 524 | 600 | $\checkmark 613$ | $\bigcirc 596$ | '517 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 513$ | ${ }^{\text {r }} 511$ | +510 | $\bigcirc 504$ | 466 |

Revised. ${ }^{\text {P Preliminary }}$ a Revisions for January-July 1958 (mil. dol.): 266; 251; 235; 220; 204; 189; 180.
1 Indexes based on $1935-39=100$ are as follows: Measured by-wholesale prices, 43.7 (September); consumer prices, 47.9 (August).
ors $^{2}$ See corresponding note on p. S-6.
oncludes data not shown separately.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of bUSINESS STATISTICS | 1958 |  |  |  |  | 1959 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | August | September | October | November | December | Jant1ary | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | September |

## CONSTRUCTION AND REAL ESTATE-Continued

| CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Construction contracts in 48 States (F.W. Dodge Corp.): Valuation, total $\qquad$ _mil. of dol. | 3,467 | 3,216 | 3,309 | 2,594 | 2,282 | 2,319 | 2,307 | 3,340 | 3,778 | 3,542 | 3,659 | 3,657 | 3,084 |  |
|  | 1,233 | 1,049 | 1,071 | 927 | 887 | 800 | 800 | 869 | 1,207 | 1,094 | 1,167 | 1,186 | 850 |  |
| Private ownership... | 2, 234 | 2, 167 | 2, 238 | 1,667 | 1,395 | 1,519 | 1,507 | 2,471 | 2, 571 | 2.447 | 2,492 | 2, 470 | 2,234 |  |
|  | 1,079 | 892 | 955 | 775 | 748 | 818 | 704 | 913 | 1.187 | 1,072 | 1,055 | 1,191 | 961 |  |
| Residential. | 1,451 | 1,460 | 1,595 | 1,206 | 981 | 1.022 | 1,073 | 1,541 | 1,831 | 1,677 | 1,762 | 1,690 | 1,551 |  |
|  | 705 | 541 | 532 | 518 | 481 | 372 | 403 | 478 | 638 | 632 | 604 | 631 | 458 |  |
|  | 232 | 323 | 228 | 95 | 72 | 108 | 126 | 408 | 122 | 161 | 238 | 144 | 114 |  |
| Engineering construction: <br> Contract awards (ENR) \& $\qquad$ | 1,622 | 1,348 | 1,621 | 1,112 | 1,352 | 1,641 | 1,314 | 1,644 | 1,905 | 1,967 | 1,877 | 2,482 | 1,495 | 1, 538 |
| Highway concrete pavement contract awards: $0^{\prime \prime}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total -----------------.------- thous. of sq. yd.- | 11, 173 | 10,354 | 7, 905 | 8,589 | 10,261 | 8. 964 | 6. 756 | 7,255 | 9, 171 | 9,338 | 10.222 | 11,734 | 6, 971 | 6, 703 |
|  | 1,256 6.520 | 512 6,609 | 143 5,189 5 | 5. 694 | 794 6,775 | 2,076 4,775 | 9996 4,531 4,5 | 7981 4,333 4 | 848 5.115 | 8809 5,015 | 1.088 5,792 | 11.977 6,642 | $\begin{array}{r}464 \\ 2,469 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 283 3,000 |
|  | 3,398 | 3,233 | 2,572 | 2,288 | 2,692 | 2,114 | 1,229 | 1,941 | 3,207 | 3,515 | 3, 342 | 4,116 | 4,039 | 3,420 |
| NEW DWELLING UNITS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New permanent nonfarm dwelling units started: <br> Unadjusted: <br> Total, privately and publicly owned . -thousands | 124.0 | 121.0 | 115.0 | 109.4 | 91.2 | 87.0 | 94.5 | 121.0 | 142.2 | 137.0 | 136.7 | -128.8 | 129.0 | 120.4 |
|  | 114.6 | 110.9 | 112.9 | 107.0 | 89.5 | 84.1 | 93.5 | 118.1 | 137.4 | 133.5 | 131.1 | +127.4 | 124.8 | 117.0 |
|  | 78.3 | 76.9 | 78.3 | 72.3 | 62.8 | 59.7 | 60.8 | 80.2 | 93.3 | 91.8 | 90.5 | +87.3 | 84.6 | 81.4 |
|  | 9.4 | 10.1 | 2.1 | 2.4 | 1.7 | 2.9 | 1.0 | 2.9 | 4.8 | 3.5 | 5.6 | ${ }^{+} 1.6$ | 4.2 | 3.4 |
| Seasonally adjusted at anmual rate: <br> Privately owned, total. do_- | 1,228.0 | 1,255.0 | 1.303.0 | 1. 427.0 | 1.432.0 | 1,364.0 | 1,403.0 | 1,403.0 | 1,434.0 | 1,370.0 | 1,368.0 | 1,375.0 | 1,340.0 | 1,325.0 |
| Residential construction authorized, all permit-issuing places: <br> New dwelling units, total $\qquad$ thousands |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $1 \% 95.8$ $1+91.7$ | $\begin{array}{r}101.0 \\ 93.6 \\ \hline 8 .\end{array}$ | 100.8 98.7 | 83.1 81.0 | 69.3 67.7 | 71.3 68.5 | 72.3 71.4 | 109.6 108.4 | 122.9 | 113.6 110.6 | 112.9 109.4 | 102.7 |  |  |
| Units in 1-family structures..---------.-....- do | 72.9 | 75.3 | 79.0 | 60.6 | 50.2 | 49.0 | 52.5 | 81.4 | 88.4 | 84.1 | 85.2 | 80.4 |  |  |
| Units in 2-family structures. | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.7 | 3.3 | 2.9 | 3.2 | 3.4 | 5.5 | 5.3 | 4.8 | 4.4 | 4.1 |  |  |
| Units in multifamily structures.......--.-- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | ${ }^{+15.4}$ | 14,8 | 16.0 | 17.1 | 14.6 | 16.3 | 15.4 | 21.5 | 25.3 | 21.7 | 19.7 | 17.4 |  |  |
|  | ${ }^{1} 4.1$ | 7.4 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 1.6 | 2.8 | . 9 | 1.2 | 3.8 | 2.9 | 3.5 | . 8 |  |  |
| CONSTRUCTION COST INDEXES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Department of Commerce composite $\ddagger .--1947-49=100 \ldots$ American Appraisal Co., The: | 139 | 139 | 140 | 139 | 139 | 139 | 140 | 140 | 140 | 141 | 142 | 142 | 142 |  |
| A verage, 30 cities -.-.-.-.-.-............... 1913=100.. | 683 | 690 | 691 | 691 | 692 | 693 | 693 | 694 | 696 | 703 | 705 | 707 | 709 | 709 |
|  | 738 | 756 | 756 | 756 | 756 | 756 | 765 | 768 | 768 | 771 | 771 | 771 | 771 | 772 |
|  | 737 | 741 | 741 | 741 | 741 | 753 | 753 | 753 | 753 | 754 | 755 | 769 | 769 | 776 |
|  | 637 | 639 | 640 | 641 | 641 | ${ }_{672}^{641}$ | 672 | 641 | 644 672 | 688 | 6888 | ${ }_{689}^{658}$ | 659 | 66 |
|  | 671 503 | 504 | 504 | ${ }_{504}$ | 504 | 505 | 506 | 507 | 509 | 511 | 516 | ${ }_{522}$ | 690 522 | 689 525 |
| E. H. Bocckh and Associates: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average, 20 cities: <br> Apartments, hotels, and office buildings: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brick and concrete_..._U.S. avg. 1926-29=100_ | 296.7 | 296.9 | 298.3 | 298.8 | 299.6 | 301.1 | 301.2 | 301.4 | 302.8 | 304.7 | 307.6 | 308.4 | 308.9 | 309.2 |
|  | 287.7 | 288.0 | 289.6 | 290.1 | 290.7 | 291.9 | 292.1 | 292.2 | 293.5 | 295.2 | 297.5 | 298.2 | 298.6 | 298. 8 |
|  | 285.5 | 285.6 | 286.7 | 287.0 | 287.4 | 288.5 | 289.3 | 289.5 | 290.9 | 292.3 | 294.3 | 295.0 | 295.3 | 295.5 |
| Commercial and factory buildings: | 308.3 | 308.5 | 309.7 | 310.1 | 311.2 | 312.8 | 312.9 | 313.0 | 314.7 | 316.7 | 319.7 | 320.5 | 321.0 | 321.2 |
|  | 306.6 | 307.2 | 308.1 | 308.7 | 309.5 | 310.7 | 310.9 | 311.0 | 313.0 | 314. 7 | 317.3 | 318.0 | 318.4 | 318.6 |
|  | 286.0 | 286.2 | 287.1 | 287.4 | 287.8 | 288.9 | 289.5 | 289.7 | 290.8 | 292.3 | 294.1 | 294.7 | 295.0 | 295.1 |
| Frame | 281.8 | 281.8 | 282.7 | 282.9 | 283.2 | 284.5 | 285.7 | 286.0 | 287.7 | 289.1 | 291.1 | 291.8 | 292.0 | 292.2 |
| Steel | 292.1 | 293.2 | 293.8 | 294.4 | 245.0 | 295.9 | 296.0 | 296.1 | 298.6 | 299.9 | 301.7 | 302.2 | 302.5 | 302.6 |
| Residences: |  |  |  | 287.5 |  |  | 290.0 | 290.2 | 291.6 | 293.1 | 295.0 | 295.6 | 296.0 | 296.2 |
| Brick | 276.4 | 276.5 | $\stackrel{277.5}{28.3}$ | 277.7 | 278.0 | 279.1 | 280.2 | 280.4 | 282.0 | 283.3 | 285.0 | 285.6 | 285.9 | 286.1 |
| Engineering News-Record:- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 158.2 | 158.7 | 158.2 | 158.2 | 158.6 | 158.9 | 159.8 | 160.6 | 161.0 | 162.2 | 163.2 | 163.9 | 164.4 | 164.3 |
|  | 170.7 | 171.1 | 170.9 | 170.8 | 171.8 | 171.9 | 172.5 | 173.2 | 174.5 | 175. 5 | 178.1 | 179.1 | 179.4 | 179.1 |
| Bu. of Public Roads-Highway construction: Composite, standard mile (avg. for qtr.) _ $1946=100$ |  | 139.2 |  |  | 141.6 |  |  | 140.8 |  |  | 137.1 |  |  |  |
| CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Output index, composite, unadj. $\% \oplus \ldots . . .1947-49=100 .$. | 137.6 | 137.9 | 145.0 | 119.4 | 113.4 | 116.1 | 114.3 | 137.6 | r 149.9 +147 | $\begin{array}{r}r \\ \\ r \\ 152.1 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 161.6 |  |  |  |
| Seasonally adjusted $\odot \oplus$.-...................--do..... | 125.2 | 131.9 | 128.5 | 124.9 | 131.4 | 124.2 | 129.5 | 112.7 | r 147.5 | r 141.9 | 151.1 |  |  |  |
| Iron and steel products, unadj....................-do.....- | 129.3 | 131.4 | 134.2 | 112.1 | 108.2 | 109.8 | 110.0 | 140.0 | 160.8 | 162.1 | 191.2 |  |  |  |
| Lumber and wood products, unadj. $\oplus$.-.-.-......do-... | 130.7 | 131.3 | 142.8 | 117.9 | 117.0 | 121.5 | 119.0 | 131.4 | 142.6 | 141.5 | r 144.3 | 139.6 |  |  |
|  | 189.5 | 189.0 | 196.5 | 167.7 | 141. 1 | 111.3 | 100.0 | 145. 5 | 174.0 | 200.0 | 200.1 | 204.5 | 208.2 |  |
| Real estate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Home mortgages insured or guaranteed by- Fed. Hous. Adm.: Face amount...thous. of dol |  | 479, 877 | 500, 786 | 457, 422 | 510, 264 | 585, 280 | 506, 322 | 529,826 | 490, 161 | 477, 597 | 520,515 | 523,850 | 503, 596 |  |
|  | 155,860 | 189,350 | 239,396 | 216,058 | 257, 108 | 276,178 | 238, 320 | 260, 493 | 230, 597 | 211,489 | 221, 169 | 227, 297 | 202, 142 |  |
| Federal Horne Loan Banks, outstanding advances to member institutions. $\qquad$ mil. of dol | 939 | 1,010 | 1,083 | 1,123 | 1,298 | 1,146 | 1,101 | 1,087 | 1,183 | 1,246 | 1,537 | 1,557 | 1,665 |  |
| New mortgage loans of all savings and loan associations, estimated total.....................mil. of dol | 1,180 | 1,215 | 1,290 | 1,053 | 1.136 | 1,013 | 1,012 | 1,257 | 1,359 | 1,434 | 1,555 | 1, 529 | 1,421 |  |
| By purpose of loam: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 373 538 | 401 | 428 | 345 469 | 376 488 48 | 317 442 | 326 429 | 439 515 | 480 562 | 522 | 554 674 | 520 695 | ${ }_{6}^{472}$ |  |
|  <br> All other purposes............. | 538 269 | 537 277 | 570 291 | 469 239 | 488 272 | 442 254 | 429 257 | 515 303 | 562 317 | ${ }_{6011}^{611}$ | 674 327 | 695 315 | 662 287 |  |
| New nonfarm mortgages recorded ( $\$ 20,000$ and under), estimated total...-.--------.............-mil. of dol. | 2,535 | 2,596 | 2, 857 | 2,432 | 2, 629 | 2,352 | 2, 245 | 2,586 | 2,776 | 2,768 | 2,974 | 3, 100 | 2,871 |  |
|  | - 3,518 | - 3 , 830 | 3, 881 73,393 | 3,339 71,539 | $\begin{array}{r}3,522 \\ 100 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 112, 801 | 3,307 98,120 | $\begin{array}{r}3,933 \\ 99 \\ \hline 9\end{array}$ | 3,841 90,689 | 3,876 81,597 | 3,946 77,867 |  |  |  |
|  | 75,491 | 73,303 | 73,393 | 71,539 | 100,523 | 112,983 | 98, 120 | 99,610 | 90,689 | 81, 597 | 77,867 | 82,334 | 74, 660 |  |

${ }^{r}$ Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ Revisions for July 1958 for new dwelling units authorized (thous.): Total, 99.3 ; privately financed-total, 96.5 ; publicly financed, 2.8 .
§ Data for October 1958 and January, April, and July 1959 are for 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks.
$\sigma^{\circ}$ Data for September and December 1958 and A pril, July, and September 1959 are for 5 weeks; other months 4 weeks
for the previous month. $\quad$ \& Includes data for items not shown separately. $\oplus$ Revisions for 1955-58 are shown in the September 1959 SURVEY.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1958 |  |  |  |  | 1959 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | August | September | October | November | $\begin{gathered} \text { Decem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{\text { ary }}{\text { Janu- }}$ | Fehru- ary | March | April | May | June | July | August | $\underset{\text { Ser }}{\text { Senter- }}$ |

## DOMESTIC TRADE

| ADVERTISING |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Printers' Ink advertising index, scas. adjusted: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Combined index.....-.........---.-.-1947-49=100.. | 202 | 200 | 215 | 208 | 211 | 215 | 219 | 219 | 230 | 226 | 225 | 233 |  |  |
|  | 208 | 218 | 217 | 221 | 218 | 232 | 225 | 232 | 232 | 243 | 235 | 226 | $\cdots$ |  |
|  | 149 | 143 | 162 | 156 | 161 | 162 | 165 | 157 | 164 | 165 | 171 | 185 |  |  |
|  | 182 | 180 | 202 | 179 | 181 | 188 | 195 | 199 | 222 | 206 | 198 | 216 |  |  |
|  | 158 | 145 | 169 | 156 | 145 | 135 | 154 | 127 | 157 | 165 | 156 | 159 |  |  |
| Radio (network).ark) | 409 | 400 | 430 | 433 | 447 | 444 | 461 | 474 | 186 +467 | 458 | ${ }^{+} 471$ | 474 |  |  |
| Television advertising: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Network: | 41,509 | 42,417 | 52,526 | 52,009 | 53, 939 | 52,076 | 48,885 | 55,559 | r 52,143 | r 52, 211 | r 48,527 | 48.136 |  |  |
| Automotive, including accessories.........do | - ${ }_{3}, 136$ | 3, 870 | 5,178 | 3, 999 | 3,642 | 3, 884 | 3,632 | 4, 009 | 4,154 | 3,987 | 3, 406 | 3,000 |  |  |
|  | 12,274 | 11,363 | 14,537 | 13,962 | 15,408 | 15,370 | 13,863 | 15,468 | r 13,874 | 14,473 | ¢ 14, 422 | 13,961 |  |  |
| Foods, soft drinks, confectionery .-...-.-...-do.... | 8,877 | 9, 133 | 10,783 | 11,032 | 11,874 | 12,064 | 10, 848 | 11,643 | 10,015 | $r 10,142$ | -9,724 | 10, 144 |  |  |
| Soaps, cleansers, cte.-----------.-......... do | 4,556 | 4,815 | 5,084 | 4, 816 | 5. 554 | 5,453 | 5, 421 | 6,123 | 6,019 | ${ }^{+} 5,459$ | 5,323 | 5,668 |  |  |
| Smoking materials | 4,718 | 4,933 | 5,948 | 6,771 | 6, 031 | 6,764 | 6,112 | 7,025 | 6,059 | -6,138 | 5,829 | 6, 189 |  |  |
|  | 7,949 | 8,303 | 10,995 | 11,430 | 11,430 | 8,541 | 9,010 | 11,290 | 12,022 | - 12,013 | 9,822 | 9, 173 |  |  |
| Spross time costs, quarterly total............. do |  | 113, 184 |  |  | 149, 105 |  |  | 156,419 |  |  | 158,904 |  |  |  |
| Automotive, including accessories.......... do |  | 1,438 |  |  | 1,936 |  |  | 1.816 |  |  | 5, 744 |  |  |  |
| Drugs and toiletries .-............... do |  | 22, 378 |  |  | 30, 696 |  |  | 33.039 |  |  | 26.491 |  |  |  |
| Foods, soft drinks, confectionery--.------ do |  | 32, 282 |  |  | 52, 191 |  |  | 54, 125 |  |  | 51, 023 |  |  |  |
| Soaps, cleansers, etc......................... do |  | 16,0] 5 |  |  | 18, 261 |  |  | 21,268 |  |  | 23, 322 |  |  |  |
| Smoking materials_..........................-.- do |  | 8,330 |  |  | 5, 800 |  |  | 8.109 |  |  | 7.770 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 32,741 |  |  | 40, 221 |  |  | 38, 062 |  |  | 44, 554 |  |  |  |
| Magazine advertising: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 40,625 | 61,224 | 71,529 | 74, 915 | 54, 261 | 41,070 | 56,400 | 70,080 | 73, 862 | 73, 922 | 66, 405 | 46,054 | 51,025 |  |
| A pparcl and accessories ----.-.-----------.- do. | 4, 165 | 7, 450 | 5,273 | 4,410 | 3,479 | 1,767 | 2,935 | 4, 888 | 5, 244 | 5,042 | 2, 669 | ${ }^{683}$ | 4,483 |  |
| Automotive, incl accessories .-.---...-...... do | 3, 047 | 2, 742 | 6,355 | 9,727 | 4, 831 | 4, 950 | 4, 644 | 7,428 | 7.973 | 8,437 | 7,645 | 4,870 | 4,250 |  |
|  | 1,417 4893 | 3,478 <br> 58826 <br> 8 | 2,684 7006 | 2,534 7373 | $\begin{array}{r}695 \\ 492 \\ \hline 9\end{array}$ | 1,005 3,740 | 2, 783 | 3,317 6,723 | 4,635 | 3,724 | 3, 423 | 1,674 | 1, 5154 |  |
|  | 5,360 | 6, 879 | 9,080 | 9,617 | 7,141 | 5,578 | 9,071 | $\stackrel{9}{9} 145$ | 8,042 | 8,316 | 9, 128 | 7,926 | 8,292 |  |
| Beer, wine, liquors ....-.-.-.-...............-do...- | 2, 143 | 3,166 | 4,071 | 4,506 | 6,399 | 1,713 | 2,965 | 4,326 | 3,931 | 4, 195 | 4,224 | 3,587 | 3, 127 |  |
| Household equip., supplies, furnishings ....- do... | 2,065 | 4, 446 | 7,099 | 6, 608 | $\stackrel{3}{3,647}$ | ${ }_{2,271}^{2,}$ | 3, 681 | 5,306 | 7.674 | 7,797 | 5,963 | 3,014 | 3, 554 |  |
|  | 2,292 | 3,916 | 3,980 | 3,675 1,016 | 2, 708 | 2, ${ }^{295}$ | 2, 889 | 3,816 1,322 | 4,409 1,392 | 4, 690 | 4,423 1,002 | 3,675 603 | $\begin{array}{r}3,539 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |
| Smoking materials | 1,791 | 2,561 | 2,536 | 2,709 | 2,366 | 1,777 | 2,290 | 2, 426 | 2,082 | 2, 366 | 2,546 | 1,882 | 2,448 |  |
|  | 12,973 | 19,789 | 21,771 | 22,738 | 17,574 | 15,421 | 18,429 | 21,384 | 22,441 | 21, 809 | 18,031 | 12,569 | 14, 292 |  |
| Linage, total.---............-.....- thous. of lines - | 4, 032 | 4,990 | 4,942 | 4,678 | 3,637 | 4,069 | 4,510 | 5,320 | 5,278 | 4,747 | 4, 067 | 3,420 | 4,603 |  |
| Newspaper advertising linage ( 52 cities), total..-do-- | 211,567 | 224,642 | 259,226 | 252,862 | 230, 978 | 193, 525 | 196, 096 | 236, 459 | 255, 002 | 263, 826 | 236, 972 | 220,351 | 234, 381 |  |
|  | 55, 555 | 53, 406 | 55,071 | 53, 268 | 45,796 | 51, 738 | 50,742 | -59,326 | 63,152 | 68, 279 | 633.289 | 63, 390 | 67, 880 |  |
|  | 156,022 | 171,236 | 204, 155 | 199,594 | 185, 182 | 141,787 | 145, 353 | 177, 134 | 191,850 | 195, 547 | 173,682 | 156, 961 | 166, 501 |  |
|  | 10,028 | 8,938 | 17,092 | 13,565 | 8,458 | 8, 853 | 9,172 | 12,150 | 15,710 | 16,603 | 15,514 | 14,393 | 12,959 |  |
|  | 2,611 | 3,522 | 4,131 | 3, 672 | 4,264 | 5, 721 | 3,598 | 4, 801 | 4,783 | 4, 091 | 5. 212 | 5,035 | 3,399 |  |
|  | 23, 859 | 29,608 | 39,486 | 33,309 | 24,451 | 22,058 | 27,607 | 30, 720 | 35, 590 | 35, 738 | 31,373 | 25, 831 | 24, 390 |  |
|  | 119, 526 | 129, 167 | 143,447 | 149, 047 | 148, 008 | 105, 155 | 104,976 | 129,463 | 135, 767 | 139,115 | 121, 584 | 111,698 | 125, 754 |  |
| PERSONAL CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Seasonally adjusted quarterly totals at annual rates: Goods and services, total.................... . . bil. of dol. |  | 294.4 |  |  | 299.1 |  |  | 303.9 |  |  | 311.2 |  |  |  |
| Durable goods, totalo $9 . .$. |  | 37.1 |  |  | 39.8 |  |  | 41.3 |  |  | 44.1 |  |  |  |
| Automobiles and parts |  | 13.2 |  |  | 15.7 |  |  | 17.2 |  |  | 18.8 |  |  |  |
| Furniture and bousehold equipment....-. - do. |  | 17.6 |  |  | 17.8 |  |  | 17.7 |  |  | 18.8 |  |  |  |
| Nondurable goods, total 9 .-................... do |  | 143.1 |  |  | 143.6 |  |  | 145.3 |  |  | 147.7 |  |  |  |
| Clothing and shoes --..............-...-.- do |  | 26.7 |  |  | 26.6 |  |  | 26.7 |  |  | 27.8 |  |  |  |
| Food and alcoholic beverages |  | 76.6 |  |  | 77.0 |  |  | 77.8 |  |  | 79.0 |  |  |  |
| Gasoline and oil..........................-- - do. |  | 10.7 |  |  | 10.7 |  |  | 11.0 |  |  | 11.1 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 114.2 |  |  | 115.7 |  |  | 117.4 |  |  | 119.4 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 17.0 |  |  | 17.2 |  |  | 17.3 |  |  | 17.6 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 38.4 |  |  | 39.0 |  |  | 39.6 |  |  | 40.3 |  |  |  |
| Transportation |  | 9.1 |  |  | 9.2 |  |  | 9.3 |  |  | 9.3 |  |  |  |
| RETAIL TRADE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All retail stores: <br> Estimated sales (unadjusted), total.......mil. of dol. | 17,000 | 16,326 | 17,360 | 17,039 | 21,174 | 16,225 | 14,961 | 17,190 | 17, 589 | 18,600 | 18,708 | 18,332 | ${ }^{r} 18,054$ | ${ }^{1} 17,541$ |
|  | 5,361 | 5,080 | 5,379 | 5,343 | 6.390 | 5,121 | 4, 927 | 5,831 | 6, 208 | 6,435 | 6, 826 | 6,419 | ${ }^{\text {r 6, } 240}$ |  |
|  | 2,789 | 2,447 | 2, 613 | 2,756 | 3,214 | 3,017 | 2,899 | 3,464 | 3,566 | 3,696 | 3,880 | 3,579 | r 3, 410 | ( 2,950 |
| Motor-vehicle, other automotive dealers do... | 2,583 | 2,259 | 2,407 | 2, 561 | 2,965 | 2, 856 | 2, 748 | 3,283 | 3,349 | 3,471 | 3,641 | 3,343 | 3,178 |  |
| Tire, battery, accessory dealers .....--- do..-- | 206 | 188 | 205 | 195 | 249 | 161 | 151 | 181 | 217 | 225 | 239 | 236 | 232 |  |
| Furniture and appliance group --...-.-...do do | 872 | 850 | 932 | 937 | 1,176 | 784 | 746 | 808 | 839 | 899 | 978 | 916 | - 942 | 1919 |
| Furniture, homefurnishings stores.-.-.-.do-...- | 567 | 546 | 609 | 613 | 723 | 486 | 475 | 521 | 555 | 585 | 619 | 574 | 597 |  |
| Household-appliance, TV, radio stores-do...- | 305 | 304 | 323 | 325 | 453 | 298 | 271 | 287 | 284 | 314 | 359 | 342 | 345 |  |
| Lumber, building, hardware group........d. do. |  | 1,038 | 1,083 | 929 | 919 | 697 | 684 | 844 | 1,041 | 1,093 | 1,138 | 1,135 | 1,092 |  |
| Lumber, building-materials dealers...-.-do---- | 782 | 812 | 841 | 704 | 631 | 523 | 517 | 651 | 796 | 830 | 876 | 895 | 863 |  |
|  | 223 | 225 | 242 | 225 | 288 | 174 | 167 | 193 | 245 | 263 | 262 | 240 | 229 |  |
| Nondurable goods stores $\%$.-.-.-.........-. . do | 11,639 | 11,246 | 11,981 | 11,696 | 14,784 |  | 10,034 | 11,359 | 11,381 | 12, 165 | 11,882 | 11, 913 | + 11,814 | 111,793 |
| Apparel proup..................-...-.-.-.- do | 954 | 1,042 | 1,135 | 1,119 | 1,854 | 868 | 750 | 1, 101 | 996 | 1,128 | 1,077 | 924 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 958$ | ${ }^{11} 102$ |
| Men's and boys' wear stores...........-- do | 160 | 167 | 198 | 210 | 391 | 172 | 138 | 171 | 179 | 213 | 226 | 184 | 172 |  |
| Women's apparel, accessory stores .--..... do | 373 | 418 | 457 | 451 | 744 | 359 | 322 | 455 | 418 | 461 | 410 | 356 | 377 |  |
| Framily and other apparel stores.-------do | 236 | 256 | 287 | 273 | 459 | 183 | 160 | 257 | 217 | 246 | 243 | 213 | 231 |  |
|  | 185 | 200 | 194 | 185 | 260 | 154 | 130 | 218 | 182 | 208 | 198 | 171 | 178 |  |

r Revised. $\quad 1$ Advance estimate. $\quad$ Includes data not shown separately.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1958 |  |  |  |  | 1959 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | August | $\begin{gathered} \text { Septem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | October | November | December | January | February | March | April | May | June | July | Athast | $\begin{gathered} \text { Septem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ |

DOMESTIC TRADE-Continued

| RETAIL TRADE-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All retail stores-Continued <br> Estimated sales (unadjusted)-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Drug and proprietary stores.....-....mil of dol.. | 539 | 538 | 556 | 541 | 738 | 581 | 534 | 580 | 559 | 591 | 582 | 579 | ${ }^{5} 587$ | ' 578 |
| Eating and drinking places.-.---.-...........do.... | 1,406 | 1.276 | 1,280 | 1,204 | 1.243 | 1,158 | 1,070 | 1,157 | 1,215 | 1,336 | 1,372 | 1,458 | r 1.458 | ${ }^{1} 1.395$ |
|  | 4, 360 | 4, 068 | 4, 344 | 4,188 | 4. 475 | 4, 382 | 3, 869 | 4, 108 | 4,157 | 4, 437 | 4, 271 | 4.481 | r 4,295 | 14, 197 |
| Grocery stores | 3.877 | 3, 594 | 3,875 | 3.720 | 3.947 | 3,914 | 3,445 | 3,658 | 3,714 | 3,966 | 3,797 | 3,999 | - 3, 823 | ${ }^{1} 3,708$ |
| Gasoline service s | 1,448 | 1,346 | 1,384 | 1,338 | 1,369 | 1,282 | 1,197 | 1,318 | 1,348 | 1,427 | 1,450 | 1,516 | r1,504 | ${ }^{1} 1,396$ |
| General merchandise group\& ..............- do. | 1,768 | 1,781 | 1,932 | 2, 018 | 3. 358 | 1,444 | 1,359 | 1,733 | 1,774 | 1,892 | 1,879 | 1.701 | +1,843 | ${ }^{1} 1,916$ |
| Department stores, excl. mailorder .-.... do. | 1,013 | 1, 049 | 1,146 | 1,201 | 1,952 | 842 | 768 | 986 | 1,045 | 1,096 | 1, 107 | 970 | -1.057 | ${ }^{1} 1,126$ |
| Mail-order (catalog sales) ......-.-.....-. do | 120 | 129 | 147 | 161 | 234 | 108 | 114 | 134 | 132 | 137 | 126 | 120 | 138 |  |
| Variety stores....-...... | 298 | 289 | 305 | 308 | 649 | 223 | 232 | 300 | 262 | 299 | 301 | 257 | 304 |  |
|  | 381 | 360 | 384 | 390 | 596 | 354 | 324 | 356 | 345 | 381 | 373 | 403 | 397 |  |
| Estimated sales (seasonally adjusted), total..do..-- | 16, 860 | 16, 563 | 16.941 | 15,961 | 17. 603 | 17.455 | 17, 575 | 17,914 | 17, 053 | 18, 223 | 18, 189 | r 18.296 | 18,110 | ${ }^{\text {i }} 17,761$ |
|  | 5,215 | 5.095 | 5, 374 | 5.521 | 5. 825 | 5. 836 | 5. 869 | 6, 045 | 6, 137 | 6,100 | 6. 162 | -6, 160 | 6. 095 | ${ }^{1} 5,821$ |
| A utomotive group--.---..........---.-. do. | 2, 703 | 2, 600 | 2, 819 | 2,906 | 3. 256 | 3.258 | 3,249 | 3,340 | 3,396 | 3,375 | 3,476 | 3.454 | 3,350 |  |
| Motor-vehicle, other automotive dealers-do- | 2,510 | 2,412 | 2,625 | 2,702 | 3.060 | 3.047 | 3,045 | 3,128 | 3, 175 | 3. 154 | 3,268 | 3, 249 | 3, 135 |  |
| Tire, battery, accessory dealers ........-.do...- | 193 | 189 | 194 | 204 | 196 | 211 | 204 | 212 | 221 | 221 | 208 | 205 | 215 | --.---- |
| Furniture and appliance group .-........do | 891 | 858 | 871 | 883 | 868 | 880 | 889 | 902 | 918 | 940 | 936 | 929 | 952 |  |
| Furniture, homefurnishings stores ...... . do | 575 | 559 | 565 | 568 | 548 | 549 | 562 | 570 | 600 | 599 | 603 | 539 | 594 |  |
| Household-appliance, TV, radio stores. do...- | 316 | 299 | 306 | 315 | 321 | 331 | 327 | 332 | 318 | 341 | 333 | 340 | 358 |  |
| Lumber, building, hardware group........ do | 919 | 926 | 940 | 942 | 919 | 904 | 979 | 1,011 | 1,047 | 1,034 | 991 | 1,003 | 988 |  |
| Lumber, building-materials denters --..- do | 692 | 711 | 718 | 722 | 706 | 676 | 745 | 782 | -799 | 787 | 756 | 780 | 758 |  |
|  | 226 | 215 | 222 | 220 | 213 | 228 | 234 | 229 | 248 | 247 | 235 | 229 | 230 |  |
| Nondurable goods stores ¢ .-..................- do. | 11,645 | 11,468 | 11,567 | 11, 440 | 11.78 | 11, 619 | 11, 706 | 11,869 | 11,816 | 12, 123 | 12,027 | - 12.136 | ${ }^{+} 12.015$ | ${ }^{1} 11,940$ |
| Apparel group...-...........---.-.---- do | 1,094 | 1,042 | 1,068 | 1,033 | 1, 101 | 1.032 | 1, 082 | 1, 106 | 1,059 | 1,154 | 1,100 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 1.183$ | 1,096 |  |
| Men's and boys' wear stores .-.....--.-.- do | 202 | 191 | 193 | 181 | 199 | 188 | 197 | 201 | 203 | 228 | 217 | ${ }_{+}^{+295}$ | 217 |  |
| Women's apparel, accessory stores ....... do. | ${ }_{261}^{433}$ | 432 242 | 434 <br> 257 <br> 1 | 429 235 | 446 261 | 422 <br> 232 | 450 241 | ${ }_{261}^{47}$ | 428 <br> 240 | 454 273 | 435 260 |  | 437 |  |
| Family aud other apparel stores. ......... do. <br> Shoe stores...-..................................... do | 261 197 | 242 177 | 257 185 | 1235 | ${ }_{196}^{261}$ | ${ }_{190}^{232}$ | 194 | ${ }_{197}^{261}$ | 240 188 | 273 199 | 260 188 | r 267 +200 | 257 |  |
| Drug and proprietary stores............... do | 551 | 563 | 568 | 565 | 580 | 579 | 5199 | 592 | 579 | 592 | 596 | 592 | 600 |  |
| Eating and drinking places................. do | 1,255 | 1,221 | 1.244 | 1.232 | 1,243 | 1.262 | 1,243 | 1,240 | 1,283 | 1.304 | 1,312 | 1. 325 | 1. 296 |  |
|  | 4, 152 | 4,169 | 4,187 | 4,215 | 4,242 | 4. 243 | 4,274 | 4, 320 | 4,292 | 4,342 | 4, 300 | 4.289 | 4,305 |  |
|  | 3,688 | 3,686 | 3,726 | 3.754 | 3.72 | 3,767 | 3. 806 | 3.848 | 3, 836 | 3,875 | 3. 833 | 3.815 | 3, 834 |  |
|  | 1,340 | 1,338 | 1,358 | 1,342 | 1,356 | 1,367 | 1,368 | 1,376 | 1,381 | 1,386 | 1,388 | 1,404 | 1,392 |  |
|  | 1,918 | 1,817 | 1,805 | 1,777 | 1.887 | 1.826 | 1,855 | 1,883 | 1,935 | 2,000 | 1,961 | -2,030 | 1,989 |  |
| Department stores, excl. mail-order .-....do | 1,134 | 1,055 | 1,012 | 1,051 | 1,099 | 1.077 | 1.072 | 1,078 | 1,111 | 1,146 | 1, 151 | 1, 186 | 1,183 |  |
|  | 129 | 129 | 134 | 127 | 139 | ${ }_{213}^{136}$ | 144 | ${ }_{3}^{143}$ | 149 | 152 | 136 | +146 | 150 |  |
| Variety stores.-....-.-.-.................- do | 312 | 309 | 310 | 292 | 314 | 297 | 319 | 320 | 307 | 330 | 322 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 337$ | 315 |  |
|  | 372 | 380 | 384 | 366 | 384 | 376 | 387 | 400 | 358 | 387 | 410 | 411 | 399 |  |
| Estimated inventories: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unadjusted, total .-----..-...------------.- do | 23, 510 | 23, 680 | 24, 180 | 24.840 | 23.210 | 23, 400 | 24,030 | 24, 680 | 25. 270 | 25,010 | r 24,640 | r 24.640 $r$ | 24, 530 |  |
| Durable goods stores | 10,430 13,080 | 10,110 13,570 | 10.110 $14,0.0$ | 10,620 14,220 | 10, 12.50 | 10.920 12,480 | 11.210 12,820 | 11,500 <br> 13,090 | 11,930 13,340 | 11,940 13,070 | 11,830 $r 12,810$ | r 11,870 $r 12,770$ | 11,360 13,160 |  |
| Seasonally adjusted, total.-.-................- do. | 23, 860 | 23,680 | 23, 490 | 23,600 | 23, 980 | 24.190 | 24.120 | 24, 150 | 24,460 | 24,510 | r 24,800 | r 25,070 $r$ | 24, 880 |  |
|  | 10,660 | 10,480 | 10.250 | 10.460 | 10. 810 | 11.1.010 | 10.970 | 11, 120 | 11,290 | 11,450 | 11, 6f0 | r 11, 880 | 11,690 |  |
| Automotive group .-...................... do | 4,030 | 3,790 | 3. 650 | 3. 860 | 4. 150 | 4.420 | 4. 400 | 4,580 | 4,760 | 4,920 | 5,060 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } 5.240 \\ r \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 5. 000 |  |
| Furniture and appliance group.-....-.-- do | 1,960 | 1,980 | 1,980 | 1.980 | 1,950 | 1.960 | 1.960 | 1,940 | 1,920 | 1,940 | 1,960 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r 1, }, 990 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 2, 000 |  |
| Lumber, building, hardware group.....-do. | 2,220 | 2,260 | 2,240 | 2,240 | 2, 300 | 2,240 | 2,210 | 2,220 | 2,230 | 2,240 | 2,260 | 2,300 | 2,300 |  |
|  | 13,200 | 13,200 | 13,240 | 13.140 | 13, 170 | 13, 180 | 13, 150 | 13.030 | 13, 170 | 13,060 | ${ }^{-13,140}$ | - 13,190 | 13, 200 |  |
|  | 2,670 | $\stackrel{2}{2,700}$ | ${ }^{2}$, 680 | ${ }_{2}^{2.670}$ | 2. 680 | ${ }_{2}^{2} .740$ | 2. 730 | 2, 6600 | 2. 720 | 2. 690 | 2. 720 | $\begin{array}{r}+2,720 \\ -290 \\ \hline 98\end{array}$ | 2, 740 |  |
|  | 2,930 | 2, 880 | $\stackrel{2}{2} 890$ | 2.880 | $\stackrel{2}{2} 880$ | ${ }_{4}^{2.840}$ | 2.880 | 2,890 | 2,920 | ${ }_{4} 2.930$ | 2,920 $r$ 4,120 | - 2,960 | 2,940 4 |  |
| General merchandise group.....---...-- - . ${ }^{\text {do.- }}$ | 4,000 | 4,030 | 4,080 | 4,090 | 4,140 | 4.130 | 4,070 | 4,030 | 4, 060 | 4, 040 | ${ }^{r} 4,120$ | r 4.150 | 4,190 |  |
| Firms with 4 or more stores: <br> Estimated sales (unadjusted), total...................... | 4,278 | 4,128 | 4,533 | 4,483 | 6,023 | 3,970 | 3,608 | 4,181 | 4, 181 | 4,495 | 4,398 | 4. 316 | 4,298 |  |
| Firms with 11 or more stores: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Estimated sales (unadjusted) \% .........---....- do.. | 3,697 | 3,566 | 3,907 | 3,865 | 5. 178 | 3,420 | 3,113 | 3,626 | 3,643 | 3,932 | 3, 832 | 3,778 | 3,777 | - |
|  | 210 | 239 | 251 | 258 | 434 | 179 | 160 | 278 | 224 | 259 | 256 | 207 | 215 |  |
| Men's and boys' wear stores ..........----- do | 14 | 15 | 20 | 111 | 40 | 16 | ${ }_{69}^{12}$ | 114 | ${ }_{97}^{16}$ | ${ }_{113}^{20}$ | $\underline{20}$ | ${ }_{89}^{16}$ | 14 |  |
| Women's apparel, accessory stores <br> Shoe stores. | 95 67 | 101 78 | 107 72 | 111 | 114 | 74 <br> 55 | 69 50 | $\begin{array}{r}114 \\ 92 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 97 70 | $\begin{array}{r}113 \\ 82 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 106 82 | 68 | ${ }_{6}^{97}$ |  |
| Drug and proprietary stores...........---...-do. | 92 | 90 | 93 | 92 | 149 | 93 | 87 | 98 | 92 | 99 | 99 | 100 | 98 |  |
|  | 80 | 74 | 76 | 73 | 75 | 69 | 67 | 75 | 76 | 80 | 83 | 88 | 87 |  |
| Furniture, homefurnishings stores.-------.--do.---- | 39 | 41 | 47 | 47 | 47 | 33 | 35 | 39 | 41 | 39 | 39 | 36 | 39 |  |
| General merchandise group 9 .-...............do | 1,106 | 1,112 | 1.216 | 1,260 | 2,093 | 870 | 826 | 1,063 | 1,088 | 1,165 | 1, 174 | 1.063 | 1,164 |  |
| Department stores, excl. mail-order.-....-. do | 651 | 669 | 731 | 751 | 1,166 | 524 | 477 | ${ }_{6}^{614}$ | ${ }_{6}^{673}$ | 705 | 720 | ${ }^{636}$ | 687 |  |
|  | 229 | 220 | 234 | 239 | 509 | 168 | 176 | 233 | 201 | 231 | 235 | 221 | 236 |  |
|  | 1,608 | 1,461 | 1,648 | 1,567 | 1,659 | 1,676 | 1,470 | 1,542 | 1,565 | 1,697 | 1,572 | 1,679 | 1,580 |  |
| Lumber, building-materials deale | 75 | 75 | 78 | 69 | 55 |  | 48 | 59 | 70 | 76 | 82 | 82 | 81 |  |
| Tire, battery, accessory stores...-.----.-.-. - do | 79 | 69 | 76 | 72 | 101 | 62 | 59 | 69 | 82 | 89 | 89 | 88 | 86 |  |
|  | 3,771 | 3.685 | 3,695 | 3,698 | 3, 789 | 3,727 | 3,772 | 3,805 | 3,815 | 3, 935 | 3, 897 | - 3,984 | 3. 972 |  |
| Apparel group $¢$ | 250 | 237 | 235 | 240 | 258 | 240 | 250 | 251 | 232 | 256 | 253 | 266 | 254 |  |
| RTen's and boys' wear stores .-.....---.-.- do | 21 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 111 | 19 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 20 | 20 | 22 | 20 |  |
| Women's apparel, accessory stores.-.-----do. | 104 | 103 | 101 | 104 | 111 | 105 | 109 | 106 | 102 | 109 | 108 | 109 81 | 107 |  |
|  | 74 | 70 | 72 | 74 | 78 | 74 | 76 | 81 | 70 | 78 | 75 | 81 | 74 |  |
| Drug and proprietary stores.................. do. | 97 | 94 | 94 | 97 | 100 | 98 | 97 | 101 | 96 | 101 | 101 | 102 | 103 |  |
| Eating and drinking places .-.-.-.------.-. do...- | 75 | 71 | 73 | 74 | 72 | 75 | 77 | 77 | 78 | 79 | 80 | 「83 | 81 |  |
| Furniture, homefurnishings stores......----- do..-- | 39 | 43 | 40 | 42 | 39 | 40 | 42 | 41 | 42 | 40 | 40 | 39 | 39 |  |
|  | 1,201 | 1,134 | 1,134 | 1,102 | 1,135 | 1.125 | 1,145 | 1,154 | 1,198 | 1,249 | 1,233 | -1,289 | 1,273 |  |
| Department stores, excl. mail-order-.......do... | 729 | 673 | 664 | $6{ }^{688}$ | 651 | 669 | 666 | 671 | 716 | 737 | 748 | 778 | 778 |  |
|  | 242 | 236 | 240 | 223 | 243 | 228 | 242 | 248 | 236 | 260 | 253 | ${ }^{+} 261$ | 247 |  |
|  | 1,557 | 1,555 | 1,570 | 1,573 | 1. 597 | 1,575 | 1,599 | 1,607 | 1,602 | 1,629 | 1,610 | 1,619 | 1,635 |  |
| Lumber, building-materials dealers...........do....- | 66 75 | 64 73 | 67 74 | 71 76 | ${ }_{72}^{65}$ | 62 80 | 64 79 | 70 81 | 70 83 | 71 83 | 72 77 | 72 80 | 71 82 |  |

$r$ Revised. $\quad 1$ Advance estimate. of Includes data not shown separately.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1958 |  |  |  |  | 1959 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | August | September | October | Novem- ber | Decem- ber | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | $\text { Septem } \begin{gathered} \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ |

## DOMESTIC TRADE-Continued

| RETAIL TRADE-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Department stores: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 142 | 156 | 162 | 173 | 235 | 196 | 165 | 158 | 156 | 158 | 155 | 145 | 145 |  |
| Installment recounts....-.-.-..........-do .-- | 333 | 337 | 340 | 350 | 391 | 392 | 381 | 373 | 367 | 366 | 368 | 363 | 368 | --.. |
| Ratio of collections to accounts receivable: Charge accounts ........................................ | 47 | 48 | 50 | 48 | 49 | 47 | 46 | 48 | 47 | 47 | 49 | 47 | 46 |  |
| Installment accounts-.---..-...-...........-. do...- | 15 | 16 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 16 | 15 | 15 | 16 | 15 | 15 | .-... |
| Sales by type of payment: <br> Cash sales ......................ercent of total sales | 44 | 42 | 42 | 43 |  | 44 | 43 | 43 | 43 | 43 | 44 |  |  |  |
|  | 42 | 44 | 44 | 43 | 43 | 41 | 43 | 43 | 43 | 43 | 41 | 41 | 41 |  |
|  | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 13 | 15 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 15 | 15 | 15 |  |
| Sales, unadjusted, total U.S | 129 | 137 | 141 | 166 | 251 | 106 | 107 | 125 | 130 | 141 | 136 | 121 | ra 132 | ${ }^{p} 147$ |
|  | ${ }^{5} 166$ | 160 | 173 | 197 | 305 | 135 | 138 | 167 | 165 | 175 | 162 | 157 | ${ }^{\square} 177$ |  |
|  | 107 | 127 | 127 | 149 | 240 | 94 | 90 | 103 | 114 | 124 | 118 | 95 | ${ }^{p} 103$ |  |
|  | 121 | 129 | 129 | 154 | 228 | 94 | 96 | 114 | 123 | 134 | 130 | + 110 | ${ }^{\sim} 124$ |  |
|  | 124 | 129 | 129 | 154 | 244 | 96 | 103 | 117 | 123 | 132 | 127 | 115 | ${ }^{p} 126$ |  |
|  | 160 | 156 149 | 165 149 | 190 | 277 +261 | 133 | 126 +113 | 151 +134 | 157 +141 | 172 154 | 160 147 | 155 135 | $* 176$ $>157$ | .... |
|  | ${ }^{\text {r }} 129$ | 135 | 142 | 150 | 227 | 93 | 99 | 119 | 122 | 127 | 135 | 107 | p 132 |  |
|  | 105 | 129 | 135 | 160 | 235 | 104 | 100 | 112 | 116 | 126 | 125 | 100 | ${ }^{p} 102$ | -- |
|  | 115 | 135 | 143 | 179 | 251 | 101 | 102 | 124 | 128 | 138 | 132 | 108 | p 112 |  |
|  | 139 | 151 | 158 | 186 | 286 | 113 | 114 | 138 | 139 | 156 | 146 | 129 | ${ }^{p} 138$ |  |
|  | 136 | 143 | 144 | 161 | 250 | 105 | 109 | 128 | 129 | 149 | 130 | 120 | ${ }^{\text {p }} 138$ |  |
|  | 144 | 140 | 142 | 173 | 262 | 119 | 119 | 132 | 138 | 146 | 151 | 143 | ${ }^{p} 157$ |  |
| Sales, seasonally adjusted, total U.S..........do | 147 | 135 | 135 | 137 | 143 | 138 | 140 | 138 | 141 | 144 | 144 | +159 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 149$ | ${ }^{\text {p } 140}$ |
|  | ${ }^{\text {r }} 185$ | 167 | 165 | 170 | 176 | 173 | 168 | 167 | 175 | 182 | 186 | ${ }^{r} 190$ | ${ }^{p} 196$ |  |
|  | 137 | 119 | 125 | 122 | 132 | 119 | 120 | 116 | 120 | 124 | 118 | 133 | $p 132$ |  |
|  | 136 | 124 | 122 | 12 s | 134 | 124 | 129 | 129 | 130 | 135 | 133 | 140 | $p 139$ |  |
|  | 140 | 129 | 126 | 125 | 139 | 123 | 133 | 128 | 132 | 136 | 135 | 142 | $p 143$ |  |
|  | 172 | 162 | 159 | 166 | Iff) | 168 | 162 | 166 | 160 | 173 | 176 | 174 | $p 189$ |  |
|  | - 158 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 148$ | 144 | 149 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 151$ | 150 | ${ }^{+155}$ | ${ }^{+156}$ | ${ }^{+100}$ | T158 | -154 | 154 | ${ }^{2} 163$ |  |
|  | 137 | 126 | 123 | 130 | 136 | 127 | 133 | 141 | 127 | 131 | 139 | 134 | ${ }^{p} 140$ |  |
| New York | $\begin{array}{r}137 \\ +138 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 125 | 128 | 125 | 138 | 129 | 127 | 123 | 126 | 130 | 128 | 138 | ${ }^{p} 133$ |  |
| Philadelphia------------------------------10 | ${ }^{+138}$ | 129 | 140 | 135 | 142 | 134 | 134 | 129 | 142 | 139 | 140 | 148 | $p 135$ |  |
|  | 163 | 14.5 | 151 | 149 | 156 | 160 | 159 | 146 | 156 | 158 | 157 | 161 | $p 161$ |  |
|  | 151 | 144 | 131 | 133 | 148 | 138 | 141 | 144 | 138 | 148 | 140 | 146 | ${ }^{2} 154$ |  |
|  | ${ }^{\text {r }} 149$ | 140 | 141 | 149 | 148 | 150 | 155 | 155 | 153 | 154 | 161 | 161 | ${ }^{p} 161$ |  |
| Stocks, total U.S., end of month: $\dagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unadjusted | 144 | 157 | 170 | 173 | 136 150 | 136 | 143 | 153 | 158 | 153 | 148 | 148 | ${ }^{\text {P }} 156$ |  |
| Wholesale trade |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sales, estimated (unadj.), total .-.-.-....- bil. of dol | 11.3 | 11.9 | 12.8 | 11.5 | 12.0 | 11.1 | 10.7 | 11.9 | 12.2 | 12.3 | 12.8 | 12.7 | 12.2 |  |
|  | 4.1 | 4.4 | 4.7 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 4.5 | 4.7 | 4.8 | 5.1 | 4.9 | 4.7 |  |
| Nondurable goods establishments.----------. do..-- | 7.2 | 7.5 | 8.1 | 7.3 | 7.8 | 7.3 | 6.8 | 7.5 | 7.6 | 7.5 | 7.7 | 7.8 | 7.5 |  |
| Inventories, estimated (unadj), total.....--....- do...- | 11. 7 | 11.7 | 11.9 | 12.0 | 11.6 | 11.8 | 11.9 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 12.2 | 12.4 | 12.4 | 12.4 |  |
| Durable goods estahlishments . | 6.1 | 6. 1 | ${ }^{6.1}$ | ${ }^{6.1}$ | 6. 0 | 6.3 | 6.4 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 6.6 | 6.7 | 6.7 | 6.6 |  |
| Nondurable goods establishments .-.-........ . do. . | 5.6 | 5.6 | 5.8 | 5.9 | 5.7 | 5.6 | 5.6 | 5.6 | 6. 5 | 5.6 | 5.7 | 5.7 | 5.9 |  |

EMPLOYMENT AND POPULATION

| POPULATION <br> Population, United States: <br> Total, incl. armed forces overseas $\$$........thousands <br> EMPLOYMENT | 174. 326 | 174, 595 | 174,871 | 175, 136 | 175,376 | 175.602 | 1175,994 | : 176, 213 | 1176, 446 | 1 176,665 | 1176.890 | ${ }^{1177,128}$ | 1177, 399 | 1 178, 252 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Noninstitutional population, estimated number 14 years of age and over, total...........thousands | 122,092 | 122, 219 | 122,361 | 122,486 | 122,604 | 122,724 | 122,832 | 122, 945 | 123,059 | 123, 180 | 123, 296 | 123, 422 | 123,549 | 123,659 |
| Total labor force, including armed forces...... - do | 72, 703 | 71,375 | 71,743 | 71, 112 | 70.701 | 70, 027 | 70, 062 | 70,768 | 71,210 | 71,955 | 73, 862 | 73, 875 | 73, 204 | 72, 109 |
| Civilian labor force, total....................- do | 70,06765,367 | 68,74064,629 | $\begin{aligned} & 69,111 \\ & 65,306 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 68,485 \\ & 64.653 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 68,081 \\ & 63,97 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6.430 \\ & 62.706 \end{aligned}$ | 67.471 62.722 | $\begin{aligned} & 68.189 \\ & 63.828 \end{aligned}$ | 68.639 | 69. 405 66, 016 | $\begin{aligned} & 71,324 \\ & 67.342 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 71,338 \\ & 67,594 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 70,667 \\ & 67,241 \end{aligned}$ | 69,577664647 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Agricultural employment. .-.-.-----.--- do | 6,62158,7464,699 |  | 6,40458,9023,805 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 5, } \\ \text { 589 } \\ \text { 585 } \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 59,10244 | 58,0134,724 | 58,030 | ar.20358.625 | 59, 163 | 59,608 | 60, 111 | 60, 769 | 60, 884 | 6,24260,1053,230 |
| Nonapricultural employment---------- do |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 4,111 |  | 3, 833 |  |  | 4,749 | 4,362 | 3,627 | 3,389 | 3,982 | 3,744 | 3,426 |  |
| Percent of civilian labor forc Unadjusted | 6.77.6 | 6.07.2 | 5.57.1 | 5.6 | 6.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 6. 4 | 5.3 | 4.9 | 5.6 | 5.2 | 4.8 | 4. 6 |
| Scasonally adjusted |  |  |  | 5.9 | 6.1 | 6.0 | 6.1 | 5.8 | 5.3 | 4.9 | 4.9 | 5.1 | 5. 5 | 5.6 |
| Not in labor force...-.-.------------...... thousands | 49,389 | 50, 844 | 50,618 | 51,374 | 51, 909 | 52,697 | 52,770 | 52,177 | 51,849 | 51,225 | 49,435 | 49,547 | 50,345 | 51, 550 |
| Employees in nonagricultural establishments: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total, unadjusted (U.S. Dept, of Labor)...--. do.- | 50, 576 | 51, 237 | 51, 136 | 51, 432 | 51,935 | 50.310 | 50, 315 | 50,878 | 51, <br> 1630 <br> 18 | 51, 98216,187 | 16, 5250 | +$r$$r$$16,42,410$ |  | p 16,321p 9, 204p 7117 |
|  | 15,4628.5718 | 15,755 | 15,536 | 15,795 | 15,749 | 15,674 | 15,771 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 8,814 | 8,663 | 8,982 | 8,989 | 8,990 | 9.060 | 9,217 | 9,314 | 9,443 | 9,581 | ${ }^{\text {r 9, }} \mathbf{5} 23$ | 9.073 |  |
| Nondurable goods industries..------------ do | 6,891 | 6.941 | 6,873 | 6,813 | 6,760 | 6,684 | 6,711 | 6,752 | 6,720 | 6, 744 | 6,874 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 6,887$ | ${ }^{\text {r } 7,099}$ |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 708 \\ 89 \\ 18 \\ 185 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 711 \\ 91 \\ 19 \\ 187 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 708 \\ 91 \\ 19 \\ 189 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 712 \\ 94 \\ 20 \\ 191 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 713 \\ 93 \\ 20 \\ 192 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 704 \\ 94 \\ 20 \\ 192 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 693 \\ 94 \\ 18 \\ 188 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 688 \\ 94 \\ 16 \\ 180 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 694 \\ 96 \\ 15 \\ 176 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 701 \\ 97 \\ 15 \\ 176 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 713 \\ 98 \\ 15 \\ 178 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \mathrm{r} 719 \\ 97 \\ 17 \\ +171 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} r 633 \\ 61 \\ 15 \\ 135 \end{array}$ | p 607 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bituminous coal .-...............-. do..-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Crude-petroleam and natural-gas production thousands. | $\begin{aligned} & 305 \\ & 112 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 302 \\ & 113 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 297 \\ & 111 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | 297 | 301 | 309 | 311 | 369 |  |
| Nonmetallic miniug and rquarrying...-.....do |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 301 \\ & 107 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 296 \\ & 103 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 292 \\ 101 \end{gathered}$ | $\left.\frac{294}{104} \right\rvert\,$ | 110 | 112 | 113 | 114 | 114 |  |

${ }^{r}$ Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. a Revision for July 1958: 148. ${ }^{1}$ See note marked " 8 ".
$\dagger$ Revisions for January 1919-December i954 appar on p. 27 of the May 1959 Survey
Estimates for Alaska and Hawaii are included effective with February 1959 and September 1959, respectively.
$\oplus$ Monthly rates back to January 1947 are shown on p. 44 of the July 1959 Surver.

| August | Septem- <br> ber | October | Novem- <br> ber | Decem- <br> ber | Janu- <br> ary | Febru- <br> ary | March | April | May | June | July | August |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## EMPLOYMENT AND POPULATION-Continued

| EMPLOYMENT-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Employees in nonagricultural establishments, unadjusted (U.S. Dept. of Labor)-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Contract construction.-.-.-.........thousands..- | 2,955 | 2,927 | 2,887 | 2,784 | 2, 486 | 2,343 | 2, 256 | 2,417 | 2,662 | 2,834 | 2,986 | r 3,035 | - 3, 101 | -3,024 |
| Transportation and public utilities $9 . . .-$--- do....- | 3,897 | 3,886 | 3,897 | 3.885 | 3.881 | 3,836 | 3,835 | 3,865 | 3,879 | 3,914 | 3.944 | г 3,949 | ${ }^{+} 3.922$ | + 3,907 |
|  | 958 | 960 | 961 | 951 | 952 | 929 | 931 | 936 | 943 | 957 | 968 | r 960 | 927 |  |
| Local railways and bus lines...-.-.-............... do | 95 | 95 | 94 | 94 | 94 | 93 | 93 | 93 | 92 | 92 | 93 | 92 | 92 |  |
| Trucking and warehousing-------.......... do | 787 | 781 | 811 | 823 | 830 | 803 | 810 | 823 | 828 | 841 | 854 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 856$ | 856 |  |
| Telephone----------------------------- -- | 726 | 719 | 714 | 713 | 709 | 708 | 705 | 704 | 704 | 704 | 706 | - 712 | 711 |  |
| Gas and electric utilities.------------------10 | 589 | 583 | 577 | 575 | 574 | 572 | 571 | 569 | $5 \overline{2}$ | 573 | 575 | 586 | 58.7 |  |
| Wholesale and retail trade.--..------------- | 11.011 | 11,151 | 11,225 | 11,382 | 11,976 | 11,052 | 10,990 | 11,083 | 11, 136 | 11,234 | 11,352 | + 11,324 | r 11,373 | - 11.480 |
|  | 2.994 | 3,016 | 3, 039 | 3,052 | 3,065 | 3.028 | 3,025 | 3,019 | 3, 024 | 3.026 | 3, 054 | г 3,069 | ${ }^{5} 3.074$ | ³.081 |
|  | 8,017 | 8,135 | 8,186 | 8, 330 | 8,911 | 8.024 | 7,965 | 8, 064 | 8.112 | 8, 208 | 8,298 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 8.2505$ | - 8.279 | p 8,399 |
| General merchandise stores.............. do | 1,351 | 1,421 | 1,474 | 1, 575 | 1,943 | 1,397 | 1, 349 | 1,388 | 1,388 | 1,416 | 1,422 | ${ }^{\tau} 1,397$ | 1,403 |  |
| Food and liquor stores.....-............-. - | 1,582 | 1,596 | 1,597 | 1,611 | 1,630 | 1. 583 | 1,598 | 1,599 | 1. 605 | 1. 611 | 1,617 | +1,600 | 1,608 |  |
| Automotive and accessories dealers......do | 757 | 755 | 755 | 763 | 781 | 766 | 768 | 772 | 782 | 788 | 796 | +799 | 800 |  |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | 2,413 | 2, 392 | 2,380 | 2, 374 | 2,373 | 2. 363 | 2, 371 | 2,386 | 2.403 | 2,413 | 2,442 | r 2,475 | $\tau^{\tau} 2,472$ | \% 2.450 |
|  | 6,452 | 6,472 | 6, 463 | 6, 426 | 6,384 | 6,314 | 6,333 | 6,377 | 6,511 | 6. 583 | 6, 623 | ${ }^{+} \mathbf{6 , 6 0 3}$ | ${ }^{\text {r }} \mathbf{6 , 5 8 9}$ | p 6,597 |
| Hotels and lodging places | 608 | 527 | 479 | 474 | 468 | 461 | 467 | 469 | 494 | 304 | 533 | $\tau 603$ | 604 |  |
|  | 314 | 312 | 311 | 309 | 307 | 307 | 304 | 305 | 308 | 312 | 317 | 318 | 316 |  |
| Cleaning and dyeing plants.-.---.------- do | 163 | 167 | 170 | 168 | 167 | 166 | 165 | 167 | 171 | 176 | 176 | 169 | 166 |  |
|  | 7,678 | 7,943 | 8,040 | 8,074 | 8,373 | 8,024 | 8,066 | 8,093 | 8,111 | 8,116 | 8,065 | r 7,837 | ${ }^{\text {r 7 }} 7812$ | p8.107 |
| Total, seasonally adjusted.....-....................do | 50, 570 | 50,780 | 50, 582 | 50.877 | 50, 814 | 51,086 | 51,194 | 51,456 | 51,887 | 52, 125 | 52, 407 | ${ }^{\text {r 52, } 558}$ | r 52,011 | p 51, 999 |
|  | 15,330 | 15,529 | 15, 358 | 15,693 | 15,701 | 15, 764 | 15,819 | 16,006 | 16, 182 | 16,372 | 16,527 | + 16, 580 | ${ }^{\text {r 16,039 }}$ | ${ }^{p} 16,093$ |
|  | 8,605 | 8,801 | 8,625 | 8,937 | 8,956 | 9,007 | 9,049 | 9, 192 | 9,319 | 9, 462 | 9,573 | r9,635 | r 9, 110 | p 9, 193 |
| Nondurable goods industries.------------do.---- | 6,725 | 6,728 | 6,733 | 6,756 | 6,745 | 6,757 | 6,770 | 6,814 | 6.863 | 6,910 | 6,954 | ${ }^{\text {r 6, }} 945$ | ${ }^{\text {r 6, }}$, 929 | - 6,900 |
| Mining------------------------------------10 | 701 | 707 | 708 | 708 | 709 | 704 | 693 | 688 | 701 | 708 | 709 | ז 714 | + 627 | $\nu 604$ |
|  | 2,711 | 2,698 | 2, 698 | 2. 690 | 2, 550 | 2, 650 | 2, 626 | 2,719 | 2, 829 | 2,787 | 2,799 | r 2,800 | r 2,809 | $\pm 2,759$ |
| Transportation and public utilities...---.....do | 3,867 | 3,858 | 3, 887 | 3,875 | 3,859 | 3. 894 | 3, 880 | 3,885 | 3,886 | 3.917 | 3, 928 | + 3,920 | ${ }^{\text {r 3 3, }} 893$ | p 3,879 |
| Wholesale and retail trade..-........--------- d | 11, 175 | 11, 151 | 11,154 | 11. 119 | 11, 143 | 11,216 | 11, 279 | 11, 263 | 11.333 | 11,363 | 11, 425 | + 11, 465 | +11,522 | ${ }^{p} 11,480$ |
| Finance, insurance, and real | 2.377 | 2,392 | 2, 392 | 2.386 | 2,385 | 2,387 | 2,395 | 2, 398 | 2,403 | 2,413 | 2,418 | +2,426 | + 2.435 | - 2, 450 |
| Service and miscellaneous.------------1.-- do | 6,420 | 6,440 | 6. 399 | 6.426 | 6,448 | 6,443 | 6, 462 | 6,441 | 6.479 | 6. 486 | 6,525 | ${ }^{\text {r 6, }} 5870$ | $\stackrel{r}{+6,556}$ | ${ }^{p} 6,564$ |
|  | 7,989 | 8,005 | 7,986 | 7.980 | 8,049 | 8,028 | s, 040 | 8,056 | 8,074 | 8, 079 | 8,076 | ${ }^{\text {r 8,083 }}$ | r 8, 130 | $p 8.170$ |
| Production workers in manufacturing industries, unadj.: Total (U.S. Dept of Labor) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 11,645 6,339 | 11,940 6,579 | 11,721 | 11, 981 | 11,930 | 11,855 | 11,937 6.794 | 12, 117 | 12,167 7,025 | 12,299 7,139 | 12,524 7,248 | ¢ 12,433 | + ${ }_{r}^{12,181}$ |  |
|  | 6,339 67 | 6,579 68 | 6,421 67 | 6.742 71 | 6,740 73 | 16.739 73 | 6,794 72 | $\begin{array}{r}6,937 \\ 73 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 7,025 73 | 7,139 73 | 7,248 73 | r 7,161 $r$ 72 | $r 6,696$ $r$ 72 | $\begin{array}{r} 06,816 \\ p 74 \end{array}$ |
| Ordnance and accessories. |  |  | , |  |  | 7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{\text {P }} 74$ |
| $\qquad$ <br> Sawmills and planing mill thousands.- | 581 297 | 590 297 | 594 <br> 298 | 579 290 | 565 282 | 547 275 | 537 <br> 273 <br> 15 | 552 277 | 568 285 | 594 | 624 302 | +627 +302 | $\begin{array}{r}+627 \\ +305 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | D 616 |
|  | 301 | 310 | 313 | 312 | 309 | 313 | 315 | 316 | 317 | 318 | 321 | +320 | +305 +323 |  |
| Stone, clay, and glass produets.-.-.-.------ do | 430 | 438 | 422 | 426 | 422 | 411 | 413 | 433 | 444 | 454 | 466 | 464 | r 467 | - 472 |
| Primary metal industries .-...-.-.-.-.-.....do.-.- | 864 | 897 | 899 | 930 | 943 | 952 | 979 | 1,015 | 1,037 | 1, 052 | 1,067 | 1,038 | - 625 | p 604 |
| Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills thousands.- | 428 | 445 | 457 | 459 | 464 | 469 | 489 | 515 | 529 | 537 | 543 | '521 | 131 |  |
| Fabricated metal productsor'---------.-- do | 788 | 822 | 791 | 827 | 824 | 820 | 817 | 829 | 840 | 853 | 866 | -847 | r 832 | p 849 |
| Machinery (except electrical) ------.--------- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 977 | 1,007 | 1,005 | 1, 020 | 1,038 | 1,057 | 1,090 | 1, 113 | 1,126 | 1, 153 | 1,167 | + 1, 149 | r 1, 141 | p 1, 153 |
| Electrical machinery .-----------.-......-- do. | 734 | 762 | 746 | 788 | 789 | 791 | 796 | 798 | 803 | 814 | 833 | + 836 | + 849 | p 878 |
| Transportation equipment $\%$.-.-.......---- do | 1,034 | 1,100 | 992 | 1, 199 | 1, 208 | 1,216 | 1, 203 | 1,226 | 1,229 | 1,233 | 1. 224 | ¢ 1,207 | ${ }^{+} 1,137$ | ${ }^{2} 1,201$ |
| Motor vehicles and equipment. .------. do | 402 | 463 | 358 | 554 | 567 | 581 | 568 | 591 | 594 | 600 | 598 | r 586 | 519 |  |
| Aircraft and parts ------.-.-.-.------.- do | 474 | 480 | 481 | 484 | 483 | 475 | 473 | 469 | 464 | 459 | 451 | r 449 | 448 |  |
| Ship and boat building and repairs......do | 118 | 118 | 118 | 122 | 119 | 121 | 120 | 123 | 126 | 126 | 124 | 121 | 117 |  |
| Instruments and related products. .-.-.-.-do | 199 | 205 | 207 | 209 | 210 | 209 | 213 | 216 | 216 | 219 | 224 | 221 | r 224 | p 228 |
| Miscellaneous mfg. industries.------....-- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 366 | 380 | 386 | 379 | 360 | 350 | 360 | 368 | 372 | 379 | 385 | + 380 | ${ }^{+} 401$ | \% 414 |
| Nondurable goods industries. .-.----.........do | 5,306 | 5,361 | 5, 300 | 5,239 | 5,190 | 5,116 | 5,143 | 5,180 | 5,142 | 5, 160 | 5,276 | + 5, 272 | r 5, 485 | จ 5,501 |
|  | 1,172 | 1,178 | 1, 115 | 1, 050 | 1,001 | 950 | 943 | 945 | 958 | 974 | 1,030 | - 1,062 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 1.169$ | p 1, 156 |
|  | 246 | 249 | 251 | 251 | 250 | 243 | 239 | 239 | 235 | 242 | 245 | ¢ 245 | 249 | ......... |
| Canning and preserving--------------- do | 307 | 312 | 237 | 178 | 148 | 129 | 129 | 134 | 148 | 147 | 180 | -219 | 310 |  |
|  | 166 | 166 | 106 | 164 | 162 | 159 | 159 | 158 | 159 | 160 | 162 | 163 | 165 |  |
|  | 86 | 96 | 94 | 85 | 83 | 79 | 76 | 72 | 70 | 69 | 70 | 67 | - 90 | - 100 |
|  | $85 \overline{5}$ | 860 | 863 | 867 | 862 | 856 | 860 | 866 | 869 | 874 | 883 | +872 | -887 | - 890 |
| Broadwoven fabric mills.-.----.-............do | 370 | 371 | 371 | 372 | 372 | 371 | 370 | 371 | 370 | 370 | 371 | - 368 | 372 |  |
|  | 195 | 196 | 197 | 195 | 190 | 186 | 189 | 193 | 196 | 200 | 205 | 201 | 210 |  |
| Apparel and other finished textile prod...do | 1.044 | 1,055 | 1,051 | 1.053 | 1, 056 | 1, 051 | 1, 078 | 1,085 | 1,055 | 1, 055 | 1,068 | 1,048 | -1,101 | ¢ 1,099 |
| Paper and allied products...-.........-- do | 442 | 447 | 447 | 446 | 443 | 440 | 440 | 441 | 443 | 446 | 453 | r 449 | + 453 | D 459 |
| Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills | 223 | 223 | 222 | 223 | 221 | 221 | 220 | 219 | 221 | 223 | 227 | 226 | 226 |  |
| Printing, publishing, and allied industries. .do.--- | 542 | 548 | 551 | 548 | 550 | 544 | 545 | 551 | 553 | 553 | 555 | 「552 | 「558 | - 566 |
| Chemicals and allied products.............- ${ }_{\text {do }}$ | 504 | 511 | 517 | 514 | 514 | 515 | 518 | 527 | 535 | 532 | 527 | 527 | -534 | ${ }^{\text {P } 537}$ |
| Industrial organic chemicals................-do. | 190 | 191 | 193 | 194 | 195 | 196 | 197 | 199 | 200 | 202 | 204 | 206 | 210 |  |
| Products of petroleum and coal....-.......do. | 157 | 158 | 153 | 156 | 155 | 154 | 150 | 160 | 159 | 159 | 160 | -158 | r 151 | P150 |
| Petroleum refining----------------.-...- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 121 | 120 | 116 | 120 | 119 | 119 | 115 | 122 | 122 | 122 | 122 | +120 | 114 |  |
| Rubber products-..---------------.-.-. - - do | 181 | 188 | 195 | 195 | 198 | 199 | 199 | 202 | 176 | 172 | 196 | +203 | $r 204$ | p 208 |
| Leather and leather products.......-.-. .-. . do.... | 323 | 321 | 315 | 324 | 329 | 329 | 333 | 331 | 324 | 325 | 334 | 335 | r 339 | \% 337 |
| Production workers in mfg., seasonally adjusted: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 11, 530 | 11,725 | 11,551 | 11,876 | 11,884 | 11, 941 | 11,979 | 12,149 | 12,303 | 12,481 | 12,600 | r 12,612 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 12,065$ | p 12,098 |
|  | 6,377 | 6,568 | 6,385 | 6,693 | 6,708 | 6,754 | 6,783 | 6,914 | 7,028 | 7, 162 | 7,244 | - 7, 275 | r6,736 | ${ }^{p} 6,808$ |
| Nondurable goods industries . .-..-.-...--.-. - do...- | 5,153 | 5.157 | 5,166 | 5,183 | 5,176 | 5,187 | 5,196 | 5,235 | 5,275 | 5,319 | 5,356 | -5,337 | -5,329 | ${ }^{\text { }}$ 5, 290 |
| Produetion workers in manufacturing industries: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Indexes of eroployment: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unadjusted.-...--------.-..........--1947-49=100.- | 94.1 | 96.5 | 94.8 | 96.9 | 96.5 | 95.8 | 96.5 | 98.0 | 98.4 | 99.4 | 101.3 | ${ }^{+} 100.5$ | +98.5 | ${ }^{2} 99.6$ |
|  | 93.2 | 94.8 | 93.4 | 96.0 | 96.1 | 96.5 | 96.8 | 98.2 | 99.5 | 100.9 | 101.9 | -102.0 | -97.5 | p97.8 |
| Miscellaneous employment data: <br> Federal civilian employees (executive branch): 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| United States.....-....-.-.-.-........-thousands.- | 2,164.7 | 2,146.7 | 2,145.7 | 2,145.5 | 12,460. 4 | 22, 142.8 | 22,140.6 | 22,142.6 | 22,147. 6 | 22,145.0 | 22,171.8 | ${ }^{2} 22,177.2$ | 22,178.2 |  |
| Washington, D.C., metropolitan area....-do...- | 208.9 | 206.5 | 206.9 | 207.2 | ${ }^{1} 215.5$ | 207.3 | 207.6 | 207.7 | 207.7 | 207.3 | 212.7 | 213.0 | 21.2 .3 |  |
| Railroad employees (class I railroads): <br> Total <br> thousands | 870 | 864 | 867 | 856 | 852 | 836 | 839 | 845 | 854 | 869 | 879 | r 870 | p 838 | \% 816 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 816 |
|  | 65.4 64.3 | 65.0 64.9 | 65.2 66.6 | 64.4 65.9 | 63.8 65.2 | 62.8 | 63.0 63.1 | 63.4 63.9 | 64.0 64.9 | 65.2 64.3 | 66.0 64.5 | r 65.5 +64.1 | p 63.5 p 62.4 | \% 61.8 $p 61.6$ |


ofncludes data for industries not shown. os Except ordnance, machinery, and transportation equipment.
FBeginning January 1959, figures include Federal civilian employees in Alaska; at the end of January 1959, such employees totaled 13 , 200 persons.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of bUSINESS STATISTICS | 1958 |  |  |  |  | 1959 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | August | September | October | November | December | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | Febraary | March | April | May | June | July | August | Septem ber |

## EMPLOYMENT AND POPULATION—Continued


r Revised. ${ }^{\text {P Preliminary }}$.
Includes data for industries not shown separately
$o^{\prime}$ Except ordnance, machinery, and transportation equipment.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1958 |  |  |  |  | 1959 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | August | Septem- ber | October | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \begin{array}{c} \text { Novem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Decem- ber | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Septem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ |

## EMPLOYMENT AND POPULATION-Continued



| -minno | minn | nner- | nomonn |  | \$ |  | $\stackrel{\sim}{0}$ | ¢0\% |  |  |  |  | ¢obox 0 | No |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ¢ ${ }_{\text {cosen }}$ |  | -6mas |  |  | $\underset{\infty}{\infty}$ |  | \$ | 108\% |  | 8\% | - \% \% ¢ |  | Clat |  |

$$
\begin{array}{r}
89 \\
89 \\
88 \\
\hline 8 \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1958 |  |  |  |  | 1959 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | August | Septemher | October | November | December | January | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | Septem- |

## EMPLOYMENT AND POPULATION-Continued

| HOURS AND EARNINGS-Continued <br> A verage hourly gross earnings (U.S. Department of Labor)-Continued <br> All manufacturing industries-Continued <br> Nondurable goods industries-Continued |  |  |  | 1.60 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ? 1.62+1.59 | $\begin{array}{ll} p & 1.55 \\ p & 1.59 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tobaco manufactures..-.-.-...........-dollars | 1.59 | 1. 50 | 1.52 |  |  | 1.64 | 1.651.53 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1.51 | 1.51 | 1. 52 | 1.52 | 1.65 |  |  | 1.69 | 1.72 <br> 1.57 <br> 1.8 | 1.74 <br> 1.58 <br> 1 | 1.73 <br> 1.58 <br> 1.5 | 1.76 1.58 |  |  |
| Broadwoven fabric mills .-...--..-.-. -- - - do..-- | 1.46 | 1.46 | 1. 46 | 1.46 | 1.47 | 1.47 | 1.47 | 1. 52 | 1.53 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1. 56 |  |
|  | 1.45 | 1.47 | 1. 47 | 1. 48 | 1.47 | 1.48 | 1.48 | 1. 49 | 1.49 | 1.49 | 1.49 | 1.48 | 1.49 |  |
| Apparcl and other finished textile prod .---do | 1.52 | 1. 53 | 1. 53 | 1. 52 | 1.52 | 1.53 | 1. 53 | 1. 53 | 1.52 | 1. 52 | 1.50 | 1.51 | 1. 52 | ${ }^{p} 1.53$ |
| Paper and allied products...-..........- do | 2. 13 | 2. 14 | 2. 14 | 2.14 | 2.15 | 2. 16 | 2.17 | 2.17 | 2. 18 | 2. 18 | 2. 20 | 2. 21 | 2. 22 | ${ }^{p} 2.23$ |
| Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills .--.-.do | 2. 26 | 2.27 | 2.27 | 2.28 | 2. 29 | 2. 29 | 2. 29 | 2. 29 | 2. 30 | 2.31 | 2.33 | 2.36 | 2. 37 |  |
| Printing, publishing, and allied industries.-do- | 2. 60 | 2.62 | 2.63 | 2. 62 | 2. 65 | 2. 63 | 2.65 | 2. 68 | 2. 68 | 2.68 | 2. 70 | +2.71 +2.44 | 2.71 | p 2.73 |
| Chemicals and allied products .-...-.-.-.-. - | 2.34 | 2. 34 | 2. 34 | 2.35 | 2.36 | 2. 36 | 2.37 | 2. 37 | 2. 36 | 2. 39 | 2.42 | 2. 44 | +2.44 | ${ }^{\circ} 2.46$ |
| Industrial organic ehemicals----------- do | 2. 49 | 2. 50 | 2. 51 | 2. 52 | 2. 52 | $\stackrel{2}{23}$ | 2. 52 | 2. 53 | 2. 53 | 2. 55 | 2.57 | $\begin{array}{r}+2.60 \\ + \\ + \\ \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 2. 60 |  |
| Products of petroleum and coal...-...-..-- do | 2.73 | 2.76 | 2.74 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2. 78 | 2.85 | 2.87 | 2.89 | 2.87 | 2.88 | +2.89 | 2.84 | ${ }^{\text {P } 2.90}$ |
| Petroleum refining..---.-------------- do | 2. 82 | ${ }_{2}^{2.85}$ | 2.83 | 2.85 | 2.85 | 2.86 | 2. 95 | 2.97 | 2.99 | 2.98 | 2. 98 | +3.00 | 2.95 |  |
|  | 2. 39 | 2. 39 | 2. 39 | 2.41 | 2.45 | 2.44 | 2.43 | 2.47 | 2.43 | 2.41 | 2.45 | +2.52 | 2.49 | ${ }^{\circ} 2.52$ |
| Leather and leather products .-...........-- -- | 1. 56 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.59 | 1.59 | 1. 60 | 1.60 | 1. 60 | 1.61 | 1.61 | 1.61 | 1.59 | 1.60 | \$1.61 |
| Nonmanufacturing industries: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2.55 | 2.56 | 2. 56 | 2.59 | 2. 60 | 2.64 | 2.67 | 2.66 | 2.65 | 2.67 | 2.68 | - 2.64 | 2.63 |  |
|  | 2.53 | 2.54 | 2. 54 | 2.54 | 2. 55 | 2. 56 | 2. 56 | 2. 58 | 2. 58 | 2. 60 | 2.61 | 2.58 | 2. 47 |  |
|  | 2. 59 | 2. 60 | 2.61 3.01 | 2.61 | 2.64 | 2. ${ }_{\text {2. }}^{\text {3 }} 16$ | 2.77 3.17 | $\stackrel{2.77}{ }$ | 2.75 | 2. 73 | 2.74 | 3. 23 | 2.75 |  |
| Petroleum and natural-gas production (except |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| contract services) $\qquad$ dollars | 2.66 | 2.69 | 2.67 | 2.72 | 2.68 | 2.71 | 2.81 | 2.80 | 2.79 | 2.80 | 2.80 | r 2.82 | 2.83 |  |
| Nonmetalic mining and quarrying-.----- do...- | 2.08 | 2. 10 | 2.11 | 2.11 | 2. 13 | 2. 12 | 2. 13 | 2.13 | 2. 14 | 2.15 | 2.17 | 2. 18 | 2. 19 |  |
|  | 3. 00 | 3. 04 | 3.04 | 3. 04 | 3. 10 | 3. 11 | 3. 10 | 3. 08 | 3. 07 | 3.07 | 3.07 | +3.10 | 3. 12 |  |
| Nonbuilding construction.---.-.---------- do | ${ }^{2.73}$ | 2. 78 | 2. 78 | 2. 73 | 2. 78 | 2.75 | $\stackrel{2.76}{3}$ | 2. 74 | 2. 75 | $\stackrel{2.76}{ }$ | 2.79 | 2.81 | 2.83 |  |
| Building construction--------------------10. | 3.09 | 3.13 | 3. 13 | 3. 14 | 3. 19 | 3. 19 | 3.18 | 3.17 | 3.17 | 3.17 | 3.17 | 「3. 20 | 3. 22 | -------- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Local railways and bus lines....-....-....-. do-...-- | 2. 2.12 | 2.14 2.08 | 2.13 2.09 | 2.14 2.09 | 2.16 2.10 | 2.17 2.11 | 2.18 2.12 | 2. 218 | 2.19 2.15 | 2.20 2.17 | 2.20 2.18 | 2.21 +2.19 | 2.22 2.19 |  |
|  | 2. 47 | 2.49 | 2.51 | 2.52 | 2.52 | 2.52 | 2.54 | ${ }_{2} .55$ | 2.55 | 2.56 | 2.57 | 2.58 | 2.59 |  |
| Wholesale and retail trade: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Retail trade (except eating and drinking places) $\%$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General merchandise stores dollars.- | 1.71 | 1.71 | 1.71 | 1.71 | 1. 68 | 1.74 | 1.74 | 1.74 | 1.75 | 1.76 | 1. 77 | $\begin{array}{r}1.77 \\ \hline 1.39\end{array}$ | 1.77 1 |  |
| General merchandise stores...--...----.-. do..... | 1.35 1.86 | 1.36 1.87 | 1.36 1.89 | 1.785 1.90 1.92 | 1.33 1.88 1.8 | 1.39 <br> 1.88 | 1.37 1.91 | 1.37 1.90 | 1.38 1.90 | 1.39 1.91 | 1.40 1.91 | r 1.39 1.93 | 1.40 1.92 | ---.-..-- |
| Automotive and accessories dealers.-----do.---- | 1.93 | 1.91 | 1.90 | 1.92 | 1.94 | 1.97 | 1.96 | 1.98 | 2.01 | 2.03 | 2.05 | r 2.05 | 2.03 |  |
| Service and miscellaneous:Hes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hotels, year-round.---------------------- do | 1. 12 | 1.13 | 1. 13 | 1. 14 | 1. 16 | 1. 15 | 1. 16 | 1. 15 | 1. 16 | 1.17 | 1. 18 | r 1.18 | 1.18 |  |
|  | 1.14 | 1.14 | 1. 14 | 1.14 | 1.14 | 1. 15 | 1. 15 | 1. 16 | 1. 16 | 1. 17 | 1. 17 | 1.17 1.37 | 1.17 |  |
| Cleaning and dyeing plants....--.-.-.-...-do..... | 1.33 | 1.33 | 1.34 | 1. 34 | 1.34 | 1.35 | 1.35 | 1. 36 | 1.36 | 1.38 | 1.38 | 1.37 | 1.37 |  |
| Miscellaneous wage data: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2. 468 | 2.472 | 2.477 | 2.480 | 2. 482 | 2. 504 | 2. 504 | 2. 503 | 2. 503 | 2. 535 | 2. 549 | 2.603 | 2.619 | 2.624 |
|  | 3.726 | 3. 741 | 3.753 | 3. 756 | 3. 764 | 3.781 | 3.792 | 3. 796 | 3. 796 | 3.818 | 3.846 | 3.885 | 3.904 | 3. 921 |
| Equipment operators-......-.-.-..........-- - do. | 3. 386 | 3. 389 | 3.390 | 3.393 | 3.394 | 3. 378 | 3.417 | 3.418 | 3.424 | 3. 444 | 3.449 | 3. 483 | 3.450 | 3. 526 |
| Farm wages, without board or room (quarterly) dol. per hr- |  |  | 88 |  |  | 1.03 |  |  | 99 |  |  | 1.00 |  | a. 89 |
| Railroad wages (average, class I) .............d do... | 2.456 | 2. 453 | 2.431 | 2. 568 | 2.529 | 2.546 | 2.587 | 2.531 | 2. 530 | 2. 549 | 2.537 | 2.521 |  |  |
| Road-building wages, common labor (qtrly)...do.... |  |  | 2.12 |  |  | 1.94 |  |  | 1. 99 |  |  | 2.14 |  |  |
| LABOR CONDITIONS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Labor turnover in manufacturing establishments: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accession rate, total...-- mo. rate per 100 emplozees New | 3.9 1.6 | 4.0 1.9 | 3.4 |  | 2.4 |  |  | 3.6 1.9 |  |  |  | -3.3 +2.2 + | ${ }^{p} 3.6$ |  |
|  | 1.6 <br> 3.5 | $\begin{array}{r}1.9 \\ 3.5 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1.7 3.2 1 | 1.3 2.8 | $\underline{1.1}$ | 1.5 | 1.7 2.6 | 1.9 2.8 | 2.0 3.0 | 2.2 2.9 | 3.0 2.8 | +2.2 +3.3 | ${ }^{p} 2.6$ |  |
|  | 1. 2 | 1.5 <br> 1.5 | 1.2 1.1 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 3. 1 | 1.6 8 8 | 1.8 | 1. 1 | 1.3 | 2.8 1.3 |  |  |  |
|  | 1.2 1.9 | 1.5 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 1.0 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { \% } \\ \mathbf{r} \\ \hline 1.4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }^{p} 1.8$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Work stoppages...-.--------.---------- | 403 | 471 | 391 | 305 | 136 | 225 | 200 | 250 | 350 | 400 | 450 | 425 | 425 |  |
| Workers involved ------.-.-.-.-.-----thousands.- | 162 | 324 | 463 | 224 | 58 | 75 | 75 | 90 | 175 | 175 | 185 | 650 | 170 |  |
| In effect during month: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 638 | 712 | 637 | 497 | 377 | 325 | 300 | 350 | 475 | 550 | 700 | 700 | 700 |  |
| Workers involved ...........-..........-thousands.- | 288 | 414 | 531 | 296 | 169 | 150 | 140 | 150 | 250 | 300 | 325 | 750 | 750 |  |
| Man-days idle during month.-.-.-.-.-.----- do...- | 2, 160 | 2,400 | 5,420 | 2, 210 | 2,430 | 2,000 | 1,500 | 1,000 | 2,500 | 2,750 | 2. 750 | 9,000 | 13,000 |  |
| EMPLOYMENT SERVICE AND UNEMPLOY. MENT INSURANCE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nonfarm placements .--------------------thousands. | 489 | 545 | 514 | 413 | 406 | 398 | 378 | 445 | 520 | 555 | 581 | 564 | 570 |  |
| Unemployment insurance programs: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Insured unemployment, all programst...-.---- do.. | 2,386 | 2,067 | 1,867 | 1,965 | 2,316 | 2,739 | 2, 596 | 2,282 | 1,936 | 1,593 | 1,414 | 1,477 | 1,451 | 1,369 |
| State programs: $\dagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Initial claims----------------.--------- do. | 1,240 | 1,174 | 1,246 | 1,246 | 1,910 | 1,772 | 1,263 | 1,123 | 1,086 | 880 | 973 | 1. 228 | 1,011 |  |
| Insured unemployment, weekly average...do | 2, 174 | 1,879 | 1,696 | 1,757 | 2,086 | 2,489 | 2,368 | 2,077 | 1,769 | 1,464 | 1, 298 | 1,333 | 1, 291 | 1,203 |
| Percent of covered employmento ${ }^{3}$. |  | 4.7 | 4.3 | +4.4 | 5.3 | 6.3 | 6.0 | 5.3 | 1.5 | , 3.8 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 3.1 |
| Beneficiaries, weekly average..-.-.- thousands... | ${ }^{12,044}$ | ${ }^{1} 1,767$ | 11, 556 | ${ }^{1} 1,487$ | ${ }^{11,739}$ | ${ }^{1} 2,166$ | ${ }^{1} 2,157$ | ${ }^{1} 1,968$ | ${ }^{1} 1,708$ | ${ }^{1} 1,390$ | :1,182 | 1,100 | 1,102 |  |
| Benefits paid...--...--.-.-.-....mil. of dol-- | 250.9 | 226.7 | 205.0 | 170.6 | 230.1 | 274.7 | 251.0 | 250.6 | 213.7 | 162.0 | 142.9 | 142.5 | 133.4 | - |
| Federal employees, insured unemployment $\underset{\text { thousands }}{ }$ | 33 | 31 | 31 | 33 | 34 | 39 | 39 | 38 | 34 | 30 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 27 |
| Veterans' program (UCX):* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Initial claims.--..---.............-thousands |  |  | 17 | 42 | 33 | 32 | 29 | 28 | 26 | 19 | 23 | 27 | 25 |  |
| Insured unemployment, weekly average..-do ... |  |  |  | 32 | 46 | 64 | 71 | 71 | 64 | 52 | 43 | 43 | 44 | 40 |
| Beneficiaries, weekly average .....-.......-do - .- |  |  |  | 14 | 38 | 55 | 66 | 68 | 65 | 53 | 43 | 39 | 42 |  |
|  |  |  |  | 1.7 | 5.1 | 7.1 | 7.7 | 8.7 | 8.5 | 6.5 | 5.6 | 5.3 | 5.2 |  |
| Railroad program: <br> Applications thousands | 21 | 20 | 17 | 20 | 22 | 17 | 8 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 8 | 87 |  |  |
| Insured unemployment, weekly average ...do.... | 119 | 118 | 113 | 121 | 125 | 122 | 94 | 76 | 58 | 39 | 35 | 67 |  |  |
| Benefits paid.....-.......................- | 19.9 | 18.1 | 19.1 | 16.0 | 19.8 | 20.3 | 13.8 | 12.5 | 9.1 | 8.6 | 21.2 | 18.9 |  |  |


O Includes data for industries not shown separately. $\$$ Rates as of October 1,1959 : Common labor, $\$ 2.624$; skilied labor, $\$ 3.931$; equipment operators, $\$ 3.540$.
†Beginning with this issue of the SURVEY, data are revised to include operations in Alaska and Hawaii; figures for State programs are also revised to exclude Federal cmployees' program hown separately below) except as noted.
o' Rate of covered employment expresses average insured unemployment in each month as a percentage of average covered employment for the most recent 12 -month period for which data
available (the lag for covered employment data may range rom 6 to 8 months).
*New series. Data relate to persons eligible for compensation under the Ex-Servicemen's Unemployment Compensation Act of 1958 (effective Oct. 27,1958 ).

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1958 |  |  |  |  | 1959 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | August | Sentem- <br> ber | October | November | Decemher | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | Angust | September |

FINANCE

| BANKING |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Acceptances and commercial paper outstanding: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bankers' aceeptances...-.....-...-.-.-.-.mil. of dol.- | 1,363 | 1,281 | 1.255 | 1,209 | 1, 194 | 1, 133 | 1,161 | 1,054 | 1,029 | 1,038 | 983 | 957 | 946 |  |
|  | 981 | 58 | 1 | 940 | 840 | 875 | 897 | 883 | 822 | 791 | 729 | 759 | 795 |  |
| Agricultural loans and discounts outstanding of agencies supervised by the Farm Credit Adm.: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 3,766 | 3.784 | 3, 802 | 3,791 | 3, 812 | 3, 868 | 3,959 | 4.073 | 4,184 | 4,294 | 4.400 | 4.470 | 4, 498 | 5, 511 |
| Farm mortgage loans: Federal land banks._do..- | 2,017 | 2. 036 | 2, 052 | 2,065 | 2,089 | 2, 109 | 2, 138 | 2, 175 | 2, 206 | 2,237 | 2. 262 | 2, 282 | 2. 300 | 2,318 |
|  | 453 | 473 | 507 | 526 | 510 | 519 | 518 | 518 | 515 | 513 | 526 | 542 | 549 | 576 |
|  | 1,295 | 1,275 | 1,243 | 1. 199 | 1,214 | 1.240 | 1.303 | 1,381 | 1,463 | 1,543 | 1,612 | 1,646 | 1,650 | 1,617 |
| Bank debits, total ( 344 centers) .-.-.-.-...-........-do. | 185. 849 | 195, 205 | 212,894 | 183,092 | 238,975 | 221,969 | 195, 779 | 223, 383 | 226,377 | 216, 017 | 228,615 | -235, 645 | 208, 131 | 215, 938 |
| New York City | 68,620 37,942 | 70,887 40,520 | 79,620 43,594 | 64,804 38,224 | 98.711 48,690 | 86,507 44,505 | 74,346 39 | 84,710 47 | 88,049 46,955 | 80,725 | 86, 598 | 89, 600 | 75, 233 | 81,067 |
|  | 37, 942 | 40, 520 | 43,594 | 38,224 | 48,690 | 44,505 | 39,635 | 47, 485 | 46,955 | 44, 646 | 46, 429 | + 48, 422 | 43,265 | 43, 259 |
| Federal Reserve banks, condition, end of month: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Reserve bank eredit outstanding, totalo-.--- do | 26, 739 | 26, 130 | 26, 675 | 28,006 | 27,755 | 27, 197 | 27,020 | 26,716 | 27,176 | 27,777 | 27, 337 | 28, 569 | 28. 181 | 52,739 27,865 |
| Discounts and advances......--.-.-.-...-. do | 555 | 255 | $40{ }^{-}$ | 717 | 64 | 462 | 632 | 327 | 500 | 984 | 421 | 1, 229 | 692 | , 330 |
| United States Government securities...-.-.-. do | 25,346 | 24, 286 | 25.443 | 26. 229 | 26,347 | 25.715 | 25.350 | 25,497 | 25.703 | 25,905 | 26, 044 | 26, 543 | 26,690 | 26, 563 |
|  | 20, 424 | 20,288 | 20, 105 | 20,019 | 19,951 | 19, 892 | 19,893 | 19,860 | 19,715 | 19,605 | 19,416 | 19,333 | 19,227 | 19, 203 |
|  | 51.471 | 51. 264 | 51, 538 | 53,254 | 53,095 | 52,223 | 52, 226 | 51,491 | 52. 346 | 52. 200 | 51.965 | 52, 724 | 52,013 | 52, 739 |
| Deposits, total 0 | 19,723 | 19.171 | 19.448 | 20,074 | 19.526 | 19,943 | 19,677 | 19, 285 | 19,542 | 19,687 | 18, 832 | 20, 042 | 19,364 | 19, 223 |
| Member-bank reserve balances | 18,538 | 18. 147 | 18.462 | 18. 994 | 18,504 | 18.878 | 18, 540 | 18.192 | 18.386 | 18.459 | 17,640 | 18,905 | 18,245 | 17, 760 |
| Federal Reserve notes in circulation...........do. | 26,961 | 26,871 | 27,003 | 27.529 | 27.872 | 27, 163 | 27, 022 | 26,965 | 26, 983 | 27,156 | 27, 402 | 27,499 | 27, 581 | 27, 515 |
| Ratio of gold certificate reserves to deposit and FR note labilities combined percent.- | 43.8 | 44.1 | 43.3 | 42.1 | 42. 1 | 42.2 | 42.6 | 42.9 | 42.4 | 41.9 | 42.0 | 40.7 | 41.0 | 41. 1 |
| All member banks of Federal Reserve System, averages of daily figures:* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 635 | 571 | 521 | 506 | 516 | 497 | 460 | 461 | 417 | 448 | 408 | 400 | 472 |  |
| Frre reserves | 252 383 | 476 95 | 425 96 | 486 20 | - 518 | 507 -59 | 508 -47 | 601 -140 | $\begin{array}{r}676 \\ -258 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}767 \\ -318 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 921 -513 | -957 | 1.007 |  |
|  | 383 | 95 |  |  | -41 |  |  | -140 |  | -318 | -513 | $-557$ | -535 |  |
| Weekly reporting member banks of Fed. Reserve System, condition, Wednesday nearest end of month: $\dagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Demand, adjusted $\Theta$ D.......................mil. of dol. | 59,613 | 60, 118 | 61, 541 | 61,520 | 63, 507 | 62, 791 | 61,268 | 60,057 | 62,016 | 60,240 | 60,835 | 62,214 | 60, 206 | 60, 157 |
| Demand, except interbank: <br> Individuals, partnerships, and corporations |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| mil. of dol_- | 61, 822 | 62,996 | 64,045 | 64, 229 | 68. 599 | 65, 168 | 64, 296 | 63, 125 | 64, 249 | 62,781 | 64,473 | 64, 539 | 63,004 | 64, 174 |
| States and pelitical subdivisions..-.-.-.-. do. | 4,657 | 4,577 | 4,396 | 4,585 | 4, 841 | 4. 719 | 4.583 | 4, 833 | 5, 124 | 4,761 | 4, 864 | 4, 699 | 4,606 | 4,631 |
| United States Government.....------------- ${ }^{\text {do. }}$ | 3,673 | 2,620 | 2,077 | 2,803 | 2,052 | 2,904 | 2,861 | 5,099 | 2,934 | 2,806 | 3,056 | 3,310 | 3,672 | 4,279 |
|  | 30,277 | 30, 164 | 30, 230 | 29,878 | 30,375 | 30,071 | 30, 128 | 30,337 | 30,388 | 30,644 | 30,967 | 30,754 | 30,702 | 30,735 |
| mil. of dol.- | 28,062 | 28,067 | 28,192 | 27,964 | 28,300 | 28, 101 | 28, 150 | 28,371 | 28, 411 | 28,628 | 29,022 | 28.924 | 28,960 | 29,058 |
| States and political subdivisions .-.-.-.....do. | 2,046 | 1,928 | 1,866 | 1,742 | 1,800 | 1,786 | 1,800 | 1,786 | 1,798 | 1,840 | 1,767 | 1,652 | 1. 569 | 1, 508 |
| Interbank (demand and vime) .-.--------------10 | 15, 430 | 15,242 | 14,733 | 14,802 | 16,429 | 14,039 | 13,742 | 14,991 | 13,790 | 14,058 | 14, 189 | 13, 199 | 13,964 | 14, 023 |
| Investments, total....-.-.-........................do. | 45,657 | 44,467 | 44,718 | 44,906 | 44,821 | 44,714 | 43,443 | 43,474 | 42,322 | 41, 333 | 40, 125 | 40,367 | 39,129 | 38, 225 |
| U.S. Government obligations, direct and guaranteed, total. mil. of dol. | 35,346 | 34, 103 | 34,351 | 34, 841 | 34, 627 | 34, 701 | 33,412 | 33, 123 | 31, 877 | 31,095 | 29,980 | 30, 242 | 29, 054 | 28,118 |
|  | 1,485 | 1,477 | 1, 882 | 2,546 | 2, 400 | 2, 193 | 2,351 | 2,676 | 2, 160 | 2,360 | 1,747 | 2, 753 | 2.297 | 1,990 |
|  | 4,502 | 4,345 | 4. 191 | 4,363 | 4,325 | 3,817 | 3,808 | 2,854 | 2,673 | 2,372 | 2,157 | 1,850 | 1,093 | 1,033 |
|  | 29, 269 | 28,281 | 28. 278 | $\underline{97} 988$ | 27,902 | 28,691 | 27,253 | 27, 593 | 27,044 | 26,363 | 26, 076 | 25,639 | 25, 664 | 25.095 |
|  | 10,311 | 10,364 | 10,3i7 | 10,015 | 10. 194 | 10,013 | 10,031 | 10,351 | 10,445 | 10, 238 | 10, 145 | 10, 125 | 10,075 | 10, 107 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 63.351 | 63.820 | 64.616 | 65,315 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 28,482 | 28, 585 | 28.990 | 29,478 |
| To brokers and dealers in securities............do | 1,852 | 1,830 | 1,660 | J.66 | 2, 569 | 2,146 | 1,939 | 2,309 | 2,226 | 2,149 | 2, 187 | 2,106 | 2,025 | 2, 036 |
| Other loans for purchasing or carrying securities mil. of dol | 1,288 | 1,271 | 1,280 | 1.27 | 1,315 | 1,30 | 1,381 | 1,430 | 1,418 | 1,742 | 1,410 | 1,438 | 1,438 | 1,355 |
| To nonbank financial institutions...----.-.- do. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5. 294 | 5. 439 | 5. 577 | 5, 545 |
|  | 10,856 | 10, 982 | 11, 189 | 11.374 | 11, 487 | 11, 505 | 11,599 | 11,694 | 11,820 | 11,669 | 12. 198 | 12.277 | 12, 342 | 12, 451 |
| Other loans.. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 16, 638 | 16,644 | 16, 710 | 16,573 |
| Money and interest rates:§ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 4.21 |  |  | 4.50 |  |  | 4.51 |  |  | 4.87 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 4. 10 |  |  | 4.29 |  |  | 4.29 |  |  | 4.71 |  |  |  |
| Fother northerin and eastern eities-..-..-- do |  | 4.21 |  |  | 4.50 |  |  | 4. 49 |  |  | 4. 90 |  |  |  |
| in sonthern and wertern cities................-do |  | 4.54 |  |  | 4.79 |  |  | 4.84 |  |  | 5.07 |  |  |  |
| Discount rate, end of mo. (N.Y.F.R. Bank)..-do | 1.75 | 2. 00 | 2.00 | 2. 50 | 2.50 | 2.50 | 2. 50 | 3.00 | 3.09 | 3.50 | 3.50 | 3.59 | 3.50 | 4. 010 |
| Federal intormediate credit bank loans.........do...-. | 3.09 | 3.02 | 8. 06 | 3.23 | 3. 64 | 3. 78 | 3.87 | 3.98 | 4. 07 | 4.25 | 4.53 | 4.82 | 5. 06 | 5. 07 |
|  | 5.08 | 5.08 | 5.13 | 5.13 | 5.13 | 5.17 | 5.17 | 5.21 | 5.33 | 5.48 | 5. 48 | 5. 52 | 5.60 | 5.71 |
| Open market rates, New York City: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bankers' acceptances (prime, 90 days) -...-.-do..-- | 1. 65 | 2. 39 | 2.75 | 2.75 | 2.75 | 2.75 | 2.75 | 2.88 | 2.98 | 3.17 | 3.31 | 3.45 | 3. 56 | 4.07 |
| Commercial paper (prime, 4-6 months) .-.....do...- | 1. 96 | 2.93 | 3.23 | 3.98 | 3. 33 | 3. 30 | 3. 26 | 3.35 | 3.42 | 3.56 | 3.83 | 3.98 | 3.97 | 4. 63 |
| Stock Exchange call loans, going rate.........do...-- | 3.50 | 3.65 | 3.75 | 3. 75 | 3.75 | 3.75 | 3. 75 | 3.75 | 3.75 | 3.96 | 4.19 | 4.25 | 4.25 | 4. 25 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Savings deposits, balance to credit of depositors: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New York State savings banks.....-....-mil. of dol..- | 19,453 | 19,641 | 19, 667 | 19.778 | 20, 044 | 20, 667 | 20, 119 | 20, 334 | 20, 277 | 20,335 | 20, 483 | 20, 374 | 20,406 | 20, 551 |
|  | 1,184 | 1,169 | 1. 158 | 1,146 | 1, 134 | 1. 121 | 1,107 | 1, 094 | 1. 082 | 1,070 | 1, 042 | 1, 023 | 1,007 | 992 |
| $r$ Revised. ${ }^{\text {P Preliminary }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\sigma^{7}$ Includes Roston, Philadelphia, Chicago, Detroit, San Franciseo, and Los Angeles. $\quad$ I Includes data not shown separately. <br> *New series (from Board of Governors of Federal Reserve System). Free reserves are excess reserves less borrowings; negative figures indicate net borrowed reserves. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\dagger$ Revised series, reflecting change in coverage and format; leaders indicate comparable data not available. Figures through 1958 on old basis appear in the 1959 edition of Business Statistics; January-June 1959 figures, in September 1959 Survey. <br> $\oplus$ For demand deposits, the term "adjusted" denotes exclusion of interbank and U.S. Gorernment deposits and of cash items reported as in process of collection; for loans, exclusion of loans to hanks (domestic commercial banks only, beginning July 1959) and deduction of valuation reserves (individual loan items are gross, i.e., before deduction of valuation reserves). <br> § For bond yields, see p. S-20. <br> I Data are as of end of consecutive 4-week periods ending in month indicated, except June figure which is as of June 30 (end of fiscal year). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1958 |  |  |  |  | 1959 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | August | $\underset{\text { Septem- }}{\substack{\text { her }}}$ | October | November | December | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | Februny | March | April | May | June | July | August | Septem- |

## FINANCE—Continued

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline CONSUMER CREDIT (Short-and Intermediate-term) \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Total outstanding, end of month . ..........mil. of dol.- \& 43, 128 \& 43, 144 \& 43, 164 \& 43,464 \& 45,065 \& 44, 415 \& 44, 071 \& 44,203 \& 44,916 \& 45,790 \& 46, 716 \& 47,256 \& 47,910 \& \\
\hline  \& 33, 165 \& 33, 079 \& 33, 052 \& 33, 126 \& 33, 865 \& 33,768 \& 33,751 \& 33,943 \& 34,453 \& 35, 029 \& 35,810 \& 36,449 \& 37, 049 \& \\
\hline  \& 14,514 \& 14,332 \& 14,164 \& 14,066 \& 14, 131 \& 14,155 \& 14, 223 \& 14,375 \& 14,686 \& 14,991 \& 15,419 \& 15,780 \& 16, 082 \& \\
\hline Other consumer goods paper--.-.............-do \& 8,254 \& 8,312 \& 8,411 \& 8, 528 \& 9,007 \& 8,881 \& 8 8,767 \& 8,721 \& 8,777 \& 8,911 \& 9,077 \& 9. 183 \& 9,314 \& \\
\hline  \& 2,091
8,306 \& 2, 107
8,328 \& 2,128
8,349 \& 2,146
8,386 \& 2,145
8,582 \& 2,125
8,607 \& 2,116
8,645 \& 2,127
8,720 \& 2,149
8,841 \& 2,198
8,929 \& \(\stackrel{\text { 2,240 }}{\mathbf{9}, 074}\) \& \(\xrightarrow[9,204]{\text { 2,282 }}\) \& 2, 323
9,330 \& \\
\hline By type of holder: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Financial institutions, total - .-.-..........- do \& 28,983 \& 28,758 \& 28,666 \& 28,648 \& 28,943 \& 29,016 \& 29,070 \& 29,324 \& 29, 825 \& 30, 333 \& 31,032 \& 31,656 \& 32, 194 \& \\
\hline Commercial banks.-.-.-.--------...-- do \& 12,655 \& 12, 607 \& 12,612 \& 12,617 \& 12,730 \& 12,856 \& 12,884 \& 13,028 \& 13, 312 \& 13,568 \& 13,882
0
350 \& 14,158
9
9 \& 14,388
9 \& \\
\hline  \& \(\begin{array}{r}9,083 \\ 2,578 \\ \hline 18\end{array}\) \& \(\begin{array}{r}8,891 \\ 2,591 \\ \hline 18\end{array}\) \& 8,777
2,613 \& 8,708
2,628 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
8,740 \\
2,664 \\
\hline 18
\end{tabular} \& 8,733
2,639 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
8,724 \\
2,681 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& 8,780
2,700 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
8,921 \\
2,754 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{l}
9,089 \\
2,802 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{l} 
3, 350 \\
2,881 \\
\hline 1
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{l} 
9, 592 \\
2,935 \\
\hline 8
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{l} 
9, 78.5 \\
2,990 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& \\
\hline Consumer finance compa \& 3, 294 \& 3,280 \& 3,274 \& 3,281 \& 3,381 \& 3,374 \& 3,372 \& 3,371 \& 3,379 \& 3,385 \& 3,416 \& 3,454 \& 3 3,488 \& \\
\hline  \& 1,373 \& 1,389 \& 1,390 \& 1,414 \& 1,428 \& 1,414 \& 1,429 \& 1,445 \& 1,459 \& 1,489 \& 1,503 \& 1,517 \& 1,543 \& \\
\hline  \& 4,182 \& 4,321 \& 4,386 \& \({ }^{4.478}\) \& 4,922 \& 4,752 \& 4,681 \& 4,619 \& 4,628 \& 4,696 \& 4,778 \& 4,793 \& 4,855 \& \\
\hline  \& 1,251
1,110 \& 1,393
1,110 \& 1,426
1,126 \& 1,474
1,149 \& 1,702
1,220 \& 1,615
1,183 \& 1,611 \& 1,581
1,129 \& 1,582
1,127 \& 1,606
1,128 \& 1,639
1,136 \& 1,626
1,140 \& 1, 1,156 \& \\
\hline  \& 1,110
440 \& 1,110 \& 1,126 \& \(\begin{array}{r}1,149 \\ \hline 124\end{array}\) \& 1,220 \& \(\begin{array}{r}1,183 \\ \hline 125\end{array}\) \& 1,166 \& \(\begin{array}{r}1,129 \\ \hline 130\end{array}\) \& 1,127 \& 1,128 \& 1,136 \& 1.140
473 \& 1, 156 \& \\
\hline Other. \& 1,381 \& 1,385 \& 1,407 \& 1,431 \& 1,575 \& 1,529 \& 1,477 \& 1,479 \& 1,480 \& 1,514 \& 1,542 \& 1,554 \& 1, 554 \& \\
\hline Noninstalment credit, total.....-...-..........do. \& 9,963 \& 10,065 \& 10.112 \& 10,338 \& 11, 200 \& 10,647 \& 10,320 \& 10,260 \& 10,463 \& 10,761 \& 10,906 \& 10,807 \& 10, 861 \& \\
\hline  \& \begin{tabular}{l}
3,453 \\
3 \\
\hline 954
\end{tabular} \& 3,495
4,033 \& 3,414
4
4 \& 3,499
4
4
297 \& 3,543
5,018 \& 3,464
4
4 \& 3,563
4
4 \& 3,618 \& 3,674 \& 3,779
4
4 \& 3,842
4,318 \& 3,807
4
4 \& 3,878 \& \\
\hline Charge accounts \(\qquad\) \& \(\stackrel{3}{2,954}\) \& 4,033
2,537 \& 4,191
2,507 \& 4, 297
2,542 \& 5,
2,639 \& 4, 504
2,679 \& \(\stackrel{4,04}{2,753}\) \& 3,883
2,759 \& 3,797
\(\mathbf{2 , 7 9 2}\) \& 4,220
2,762 \& \(\begin{array}{r}\text { 4, } \\ 2,746 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& 4, 272
2,728 \& - \(\begin{array}{r}\text { 4, } \\ 2,749 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& \\
\hline By type of holder: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Financial institutions - ---- -------------- do \& \(\begin{array}{r}3,453 \\ 3 \\ \hline 156\end{array}\) \& 3,495 \& 3,414 \& 3,499 \& 3,543 \& 3,464 \& 3,563 \& 3,618 \& 3,674 \& 3,779 \& 3,842
4,318 \& 3, 807 \& 3, 878 \& \\
\hline  \& 3,956 \& 4,033 \& 4,191 \& 4,297 \& 5,018 \& 4, 504 \& 4,004 \& 3,883 \& 3,997 \& 4, 220 \& 4,318 \& 4. 272

2 \& 4, 243 \& <br>
\hline Service credit...--------------------------- \& 2, 554 \& 2,537 \& 2,507 \& 2,542 \& 2,639 \& 2,679 \& 2,753 \& 2,759 \& 2,792 \& 2,762 \& 2,746 \& 2,728 \& 2.740 \& <br>
\hline Installment credit extended and repaid: Unadjusted: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline  \& | 3,385 |
| :--- |
| 1,193 | \& 3,297

1,105 \& 3,475 \& 3,338 \& $\begin{array}{r}4,350 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 3,321

1,248 \& | 3,247 |
| :--- |
| 1,258 | \& 3,786 \& 4,022 \& 4,053 \& 4,432 \& 4,292

1,707 \& 4,139 \& <br>

\hline | Automobile paper |
| :--- |
| Other consumer goods paper $\qquad$ do | \& 1,193 \& 1,105 \& 1,173 \& 1,091

1,054 \& 1,360
1,435
1 \& 1,248 \& 1,258 \& 1,476 \& 1,580
1,074 \& 1,568
1,124
1,124 \& 1,765
1,179 \& 1,707
1,113 \& 1, 1,116 \& <br>
\hline  \& 1,216 \& 1,199 \& 1,227 \& 1,193 \& 1,555 \& 1,187 \& 1,150 \& 1,328 \& 1,368 \& 1,361 \& 1,488 \& 1,472 \& 1, 421 \& <br>
\hline  \& 3,294 \& 3,383 \& 3,502 \& 3,264 \& 3,611 \& 3,418 \& 3,264 \& 3, 594 \& 3, 512 \& 3,477 \& 3,651 \& 3,653 \& 3, 539 \& <br>
\hline  \& 1,246 \& 1,287 \& 1,341 \& 1,189 \& 1,295 \& 1,224 \& 1,190 \& 1,324 \& 1,269 \& 1,263 \& 1,337 \& 1,346 \& 1,300 \& <br>
\hline Other consumer go \& 1,919
1,129 \& $\begin{array}{r}1935 \\ 1,161 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 1,185 \& $\begin{array}{r}1937 \\ 1,138 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& $\begin{array}{r}1956 \\ 1,360 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 1,012
1,182 \& 1953
1,121 \& 1,028
1,242 \& 1,018
1,225 \& 1990
1,224 \& 1,013 \& 1,007
1,300 \& 1985
$\mathbf{1}, 254$ \& <br>
\hline Adjusted: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 3,416 \& 3,326 \& 3,451 \& 3,594 \& 3,720 \& 3,799 \& 3,816 \& 3,749 \& 3,939 \& 4,045 \& 3,983 \& 4, 102 \& 4, 103 \& <br>
\hline  \& 1,142 \& 1,082 \& 1,199 \& 1,276 \& 1,420 \& 1,437 \& 1,454 \& 1,414 \& 1,502 \& 1,497 \& 1,487 \& 1,544 \& 1, 514 \& <br>
\hline Other consumer goods paper All other \& 1,018
1,256 \& 1,005
1,239 \& 1,005 \& 1,041
1,277 \& 1,002
1,298 \& 1,047
1,315 \& 1,057
1,305 \& 1,058
1,277 \& 1, 1,311 \& 1,154 \& 1,121
1,375 \& 1,129
1,429 \& 1, 1,439 \& <br>
\hline  \& 3,403 \& 3,376 \& 3,418 \& 3,447 \& 3,414 \& 3,412 \& 3,483 \& 3,431 \& 3,516 \& 3,602 \& 3, 531 \& 3, 602 \& 3,601 \& <br>
\hline Automobile paper \& 1,276 \& 1,246 \& 1,281 \& 1,243 \& 1,262 \& 1,252 \& 1,281 \& 1,265 \& 1,282 \& 1,320 \& 1,284 \& 1,317 \& 1. 306 \& <br>
\hline Other consumer goods \& 947 \& 949 \& 964 \& 1,001 \& 953 \& 956 \& 981 \& 983 \& 1,006 \& 1,003 \& 1,000 \& 1,009 \& 1,010 \& <br>
\hline All other..- \& 1,180 \& 1,181 \& 1,173 \& 1,203 \& 1,199 \& 1,204 \& 1,221 \& 1,183 \& 1,228 \& 1,279 \& 1,247 \& 1,276 \& 1.285 \& <br>
\hline FEDERAL GOVERNMENT FINANCE \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Budget receipts and expenditures: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Reccipts, total of dol. Receipts, net. $\qquad$
$\qquad$ do.. \& 6,280
4,838 \& 8,119
7,208 \& 3,446
2,769 \& 5,979
4,962 \& 6,848
6,180 \& 4,956
4,528 \& $8,1.52$
6,576 \& 10,722
8,426 \& 6,375
4,258 \& 8,155
5,425 \& 11,137
10,042 \& 3,936
3,246 \& 7.418
5.679 \& <br>
\hline Customs -- \& ${ }^{4} 87$ \& ${ }^{7}, 75$ \& ${ }^{2} 82$ \& 4, 72 \& ${ }^{6} 78$ \& ${ }^{4,86}$ \& $\bigcirc 70$ \& 8,42
89 \& - 8.8 \& 5,429 \& 10,94 \& - 94 \& -87 \& <br>
\hline Individual insome taxes.....-........---.-.- do. \& 3, 599 \& 3,909 \& 1,387 \& 3,735 \& 2,512 \& 2,944 \& 5,202 \& 2,938 \& 4, 002 \& 4,813 \& 4,236 \& 1,603 \& 4, 346 \& <br>
\hline  \& 316 \& 2,267 \& 374 \& 319 \& 2,419 \& 424 \& 362 \& 5,459 \& 477 \& 410 \& 4,786 \& 568 \& 368 \& <br>
\hline  \& 1,105 \& 549 \& 386 \& 816 \& 441 \& 321 \& 1,281 \& 857 \& 558 \& 1,488 \& 697 \& 332 \& 1,321 \& <br>
\hline Other internal revenue and reccipts...-.....- do \& 1,193 \& 1,320 \& 1,217 \& 1,038 \& 1,397 \& 1,192 \& 1,237 \& 1,378 \& 1,255 \& 1,355 \& 1,323 \& 1,339 \& 1.296 \& <br>
\hline  \& 6, 198 \& 6,633 \& 7,144 \& 6,237 \& 7,080 \& 6,776 \& 6, 331 \& 6,461 \& 6,427 \& 6, 164 \& 8,632 \& 6,557 \& 6. 305 \& <br>
\hline Interest on public debt .-.-.-- \& ${ }_{404}^{574}$ \& ${ }_{4}^{578}$ \& 600
454 \& ${ }_{4}^{607}$ \& 647
440 \& ${ }_{6}^{675}$ \& 630
440 \& 649 \& ${ }_{6}^{652}$ \& ${ }_{650} 6$ \& 704 \& 728 \& 724 \& <br>
\hline Yeterans' services and henefits .----...--...de \& \& 410 \& 454 \& 441 \& 440 \& 445 \& 440 \& 441 \& 361 \& 433 \& 431 \& 406 \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 3,605 \& 3,863 \& 4,225 \& 3,589 \& 4,212 \& 3,693 \& 3,596 \& 3,864 \& 3,898 \& 3,642 \& 4,474 \& 3, $7 \overline{7} 2$ \& \& <br>
\hline oll other expenditures.. \& 1,615 \& 1,783 \& 1,865 \& 1,599 \& 1,781 \& 1,963 \& 1,795 \& 1,507 \& 1,516 \& 1,439 \& 3.023 \& 1,651 \& \& <br>
\hline Public deht and guaranteed ohligations: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Gross debt (direct), end of month, total........do. \& 278,476 \& 278,666 \& 280, 211 \& 283, 060 \& 282, 922 \& 285, 801 \& 285, 104 \& 282, 034 \& 285, 353 \& 286, 303 \& 284, 706 \& 288, 682 \& ${ }^{290} 396$ \& 288, 296 <br>
\hline Interest bearing, total \& 276, 951 \& 275, 004 \& 278, 561 \& 281, $4 \times 5$ \& 280, 839 \& 283, 808 \& 283, 243 \& 280, 089 \& 283, 497 \& 284, 473 \& 281, 833 \& 285, 840 \& 287, 599 \& 285, 486 <br>
\hline  \& 230, 638 \& 229, 008 \& 233, 194 \& 236,313 \& 235, 999 \& 239,901 \& 239, 373 \& 236, 149 \& 240, 220 \& 240, 271 \& 237,078 \& 241,779 \& 242, 876 \& 241, 086 <br>
\hline  \& 1,525 \& 1,661 \& 1,650 \& 1,635 \& 2,084 \& 1,993 \& 1,861 \& 1,945 \& 1,856 \& 1,830 \& 2,873 \& 2, 842 \& 2,797 \& 2.810 <br>

\hline | Obligations guaranteed by U.S. Government, end |
| :--- |
|  | \& 108 \& 118 \& 112 \& 107 \& 109 \& 106 \& 112 \& 119 \& 107 \& 108 \& 111 \& 110 \& 111 \& 116 <br>


\hline | U.S. Satimes bonds: |
| :--- |
| Amonnt outsianding, end of month .....-.-.- do | \& 52,193 \& 52,118 \& 52,031 \& 51,971 \& 51,878 \& 51,624 \& 51, 520 \& 51,379 \& \& \& 50, 834 \& 50,536 \& 50. 287 \& 50, 012 <br>

\hline  \& 369 \& -352 \& 52,378 \& , 324 \& 51,370 \& ${ }^{51,486}$ \& ${ }^{51,383}$ \& 51,414 \& -350 \& ${ }^{51,278}$ \& -323 \& -350 \& 319 \& 300 <br>
\hline  \& 534 \& 523 \& 551 \& 481 \& 686 \& 867 \& 584 \& 653 \& 624 \& 586 \& 634 \& 775 \& 647 \& 468 <br>
\hline LIFE INSURANCE \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Institute of Life Insurance: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Bonds (book volue), domestic and foreinn to dol \& 105, 054 \& 105, 493 \& 106,053 \& 106, 540 \& 107.479 \& 108, 145 \& 108, 583 \& 108, 945 \& 109, 430 \& 109, 928 \& 110, 424 \& 111, 152 \& 111,644, \& <br>
\hline U.S. Government ................................... \& 53. 444 \& $\begin{array}{r}53,638 \\ 7,307 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 53,988
7,319 \& $\begin{array}{r}54,172 \\ 7,344 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 54,302
7,205 \& $\begin{array}{r}54,857 \\ 7,485 \\ \hline 2,78\end{array}$ \& 55,038
7.414 \& $\begin{array}{r}55,151 \\ 7 \\ 7 \\ \hline 209\end{array}$ \& 55,472
7,251 \& 55,730
7,235 \& 55,993
7
7
245 \& 56.284 \& 56,477
7354
7 \& <br>
\hline State, county, municipal (U.S.)............-do \& 2.597 \& 2,616 \& 2.641 \& 2,672 \& 2, 2885 \& 2,744 \& - 2,774 \& 2,840 \& 2,889 \& 2,968 \& - 8 2,991 \& 3, 385 \& 3, 115 \& <br>
\hline  \& 15,019 \& 15.085 \& 15,170 \& 15,183 \& 15,247 \& 15,306 \& 15,332 \& 15,443 \& 15, 439 \& 15.484 \& 16. 515 \& 15.527 \& 15, 336 \& <br>
\hline Roiroad (U.S.) \& 3,839
21,606 \& 3,835
21,700 \& 3,829
21,931 \& 3,828
22,043 \& 3,830
22.214 \& 3,817
22,348 \& - 3,812 \& 3,809
22,680 \& 3,798
22,880 \& 3,798
23,009 \& 3,796
23,194 \& r $\begin{array}{r}3,792 \\ 23,342\end{array}$ \& 3. 744
23,395 \& <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

- Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary.

F Revised.
$\S$ Data for various nonthry through september 1959 include minor amounts due to late reporting or adjustments on discontinued series (F, G, J, K).

| Unless otherwise stated，statistics through 1958 an | 1958 |  |  |  |  | 1959 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | August | Septern－ | October | Novem－ ber | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Decem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | Jana－ ary | Febru－ ary | March | April | May | June | July | August | $\begin{gathered} \text { Septem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ |

FINANCE－Continued

| LIFE INSURANCE－Continued | 3，151 | 3，191 | 3，187 | 3，198 | 3，359 | 3， 365 | 3，387 | 3，421 | 3，439 | 3，459 | 3，486 | 3，547 | 3，557 | －－－－－－－－． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Institute of Life Insurance－Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Assets，all U．S．life insurance companies－Con． Stocks（book value），domestic and foreign，total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| stocks（book value），domestic and foreign，mil．of dol．－ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1，658 | 1， 657 | 1，654 | 1，651 | 1，646 | 1， 640 | 1，639 | 1，643 | 1，647 | 1，654 | 1，663 | 1，659 | 1，670 |  |
| Common（U．S．） | 1，469 | 1，508 | 1，504 | 1，516 | 1， 678 | 1， 689 | 1，709 | 1，739 | 1，752 | 1，764 | 1，783 | 1， 845 | 1，845 |  |
|  | 36，323 | 36， 462 | 36，648 | 36，794 | 37， 097 | 37， 211 | 37， 350 | 37， 486 | 37， 602 | 37， 737 | 37，894 | r 38， 108 | 38， 282 |  |
|  | 33， 645 | 33，776 | 33， 955 | 34， 093 | 34， 388 | 34， 510 | 34，635 | 34， 753 | 34， 851 | 34，958 | 35， 094 | r 35,335 | 35,496 |  |
|  | 3，355 | 3，368 | 3，395 | 3，415 | 3，376 | 3，393 | 3．414 | 3，450 | 3，469 | 3，493 | 3，522 | 「 3， 583 | 3，603 |  |
| Policy loans and premium notes．．．．．．．．．．．．－． do | 4，114 | 4， 138 | 4， 162 | 4， 183 | 4， 204 | 4，225 | 4， 253 | 4， 284 | 4， 317 | 4， 346 | 4，380 | 4，389 | 4， 423 |  |
|  | 1，210 | 1，209 | 1，190 | 1，242 | 1， 365 | 1，282 | 1，225 | 1，211 | 1，187 | 1，197 | 1，200 | 1，185 | 1，204 |  |
| Other assets ．．．．．．－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－10．－ | 3，457 | 3，487 | 3，483 | 3， 536 | 3，716 | 3，812 | 3，916 | 3，942 | 3，944 | 3，966 | 3，949 | 4，056 | 4，100 |  |
| Life Insurance Agency Management Association：Insurance written（new paid－for insurance）： |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Insurance written（new paid－for insurance）：$\ddagger$ <br>  | 5， 188 | 5，153 | 5，614 | 5，326 | 7， 169 | 4，791 | 5，154 | 5， 896 | 5，718 | 5，593 | 6，097 | 5，492 | 5，475 |  |
|  | － 878 | －667 | 765 | 733 | 2， 185 | 780 | 904 | 793 | 835 | 754 | 1，091 | － 703 | 6，986 |  |
|  | 588 | ${ }_{5}^{597}$ | ${ }^{621}$ | ${ }^{631}$ | 535 | 490 | 567 | 636 | 575 | 633 | 598 | 541 | 541 |  |
|  | 3，722 | 3， 889 | 4，228 | 3，962 | 4， 449 | 3，521 | 3， 683 | 4，467 | 4，308 | 4，206 | 4，408 | 4，248 | 3，948 |  |
| New England．．．．－－－．－．－．－．－．－．．．．．．．．．．．．－${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 235 | 241 | 273 | 269 | 270 | 230 | 232 | 278 | 261 | 255 | 266 | 269 | 249 |  |
|  | 814 | 837 | 958 | 951 | 994 | 833 | 835 | 1，004 | 951 | 921 | 960 | 903 | 841 |  |
| East North Central－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－1．－do | 753 | 788 | 860 | 793 | 865 | 698 | 716 | 879 | 869 | 836 | 861 | 852 | 778 |  |
| West North Central．－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－do． | 311 | 324 | 340 | 303 | 368 | 289 | 307 | 363 | 351 | 345 | 361 | 364 | 333 |  |
|  | 463 | 489 | 517 | 495 | 532 | 412 | 459 | 563 | 536 | 526 | 546 | 530 | 510 |  |
|  | 173 | 192 | 197 | 178 | 200 | 155 | 170 | 211 | 200 | 202 | 214 | 190 | 186 |  |
|  | 365 | 394 | 402 | 357 | 443 | 355 | 373 | 449 | 426 | 427 | 449 | 422 | 380 |  |
|  | 158 | 162 | 177 | 161 | 213 | 140 | 159 | 183 | 189 | 189 | 201 | 189 | 173 |  |
| Pacific（incl．Alaska）－－－－－－－－－－－－．－．．．－do．－－－ | 449 | 462 | 504 | 454 | 564 | 407 | 433 | 538 | 525 | 505 | 550 | 529 | 492 |  |
| Institute of Life Insurance： |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Payments to policyholders and beneficiaries，esti－ mated total． mil．of dol．．． | 537.0 | 577.8 | 594.0 | 536.6 | 746.2 | 665.4 | 595.3 | 674.0 | 625.2 | 582.0 | 635.9 | 586.9 | $56 \overline{7} .8$ |  |
|  | 222.6 | 233.1 | 244.4 | 214.8 | 264.5 | 267.8 | 246.9 | 278.0 | 261.4 | 241.3 | 265.7 | 247.1 | 245.2 |  |
| Matured endowments．．．．－．．－－－－－－－－－－－－．－．do． | 50.9 | 57.4 | 60.4 | 65.4 | 88.8 | 65.9 | 54.9 | 58.4 | 54.2 | 48.7 | 51.9 | 47.4 | 44.2 |  |
| Disability payments．．－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－．－do． | 9.5 | 10.1 | 9.9 | 9.0 | 9.7 | 11.4 | 9.8 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.1 | 10.0 | 9.9 | 9.3 |  |
|  | 48.7 | 47.9 | 53.9 | 46.7 | 47.5 | 67.5 | 54.7 | 52.9 | 54． 2 | 52.9 | 55.8 | 54.6 | 52.3 |  |
|  | 108.3 | 119.0 | 120.2 | 103.7 | 135.8 | 118.7 | 117.5 | 137.5 | 131， 9 | 119.2 | 128.6 | 124.7 | 112.5 |  |
| Life Insurance Association of America：－－－－－－－－－1000 | 97.0 | 110.3 | 105.2 | 97.0 | 199.9 | 134.1 | 111.5 | 137.2 | 113.5 | 109.8 | 123.9 | 103.2 | 104.3 | －－－－－－－－－ |
|  |  | 2，604． 2 |  |  | 2，818．4 |  |  | 2， 786.8 |  |  | 2．684．2 |  |  |  |
| Accident and health．－．．．．．．．－．．．－－－－－－－－－－－${ }^{\text {do }}$ |  | 2， 451.7 |  |  | 466.6 |  |  | 485.7 |  |  | 491.5 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 284.1 |  |  | 338.4 |  |  | 337.5 |  |  | 251.2 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 313.7 |  |  | 289.4 |  |  | 314.4 |  |  | 318.1 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 192． 6 |  |  | 244.5 |  |  | 227.3 |  |  | 188.3 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 1，362．1 |  |  | 1．479．4 |  |  | 1，442．0 |  |  | 1，435． 1 |  |  |  |
| MONETARY STATISTICS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gold and silver： |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gold： <br> Monetary stock，U．S．（end of mo．）mil of dol |  |  |  | 20，609 |  | 20，476 | 20，479 | 20，442 | 20，305 | 20， 188 | 19，705 | 19， 626 | 19，524 |  |
| Net release from earmark§－．．．．．．．．．．－－－－．－－－do．．－－ | $-196.7$ | $-220.2$ | $-189.0$ | －96．9 | $-79.3$ | －65．6 | －13．0 | －48．0 | $-127.5$ | $-136.5$ | －491．7 | －98．1 | $-176.3$ |  |
|  | 88 | 8，706 | 68 | 42 | 56 | 0 | 198 | 203 | 69 | 230 | 76 | 244 | 142 |  |
|  | 3，829 | 79，914 | 5，425 | 11，751 | 12，278 | 10，272 | 10，048 | 18，499 | 3，280 | 9，805 | 15， 477 | 25， 726 | 75，943 |  |
| Production，reported monthly total ¢ ．－．－．－－do．．．－ | 83,100 | 85， 000 | －87，200 | －83，600 | r 83， 600 | 83.100 | 80,100 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 57， 900 | 58，300 | 58，900 | 58，500 | 57，700 | 59， 500 | 57， 800 | 61,200 | 62， 900 | 64， 200 | 64， 900 |  |  |  |
|  | 12， 800 | 13,100 | 14．000 | 12，900 | 13， 200 | 13， 200 | 12，500 | 13，200 | 13，200 | 13,300 | 12， 500 |  |  |  |
|  | 5，400 | 6， 200 | 6，700 | 5， 500 | 5， 900 | 4，200 | 4，100 | 3，800 | 3，800 | 4， 100 | 4，600 |  |  |  |
| Silver： | 727 | 744 | 204 | 113 | 90 | 134 | 99 | 103 | 2， 160 | 1，246 | 270 | 2，981 | 119 |  |
|  | 4，882 | 5，980 | 10， 197 | 5，160 | 9，219 | 5，356 | 6，172 | 5， 220 | 3，772 | 5，241 | 5， 894 | 4，826 | 7，892 |  |
|  | ． 888 | ． 887 | ． 900 | ． 901 | ． 899 | ． 902 | ． 904 | ． 914 | ． 914 | ． 914 | ． 914 | ． 914 | ． 914 | ． 914 |
| Production： |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada $\qquad$ thous．of fine oz－－ | 2，884 | 2,856 4,431 | 2,390 3,880 | 2， 644 | 2,918 3,886 | 3,094 3,680 | 2，265 | 2,782 3,600 | 2,692 3,691 | 2,499 3,256 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } 2,677 \\ 3,838 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 2， 8198 |  |  |
|  | 3,930 2,651 | 4， 431 2,614 | 3,880 3,831 | 3,551 2,505 | 3,886 3,426 | 3,680 2,330 | 3,315 2,827 | 3,600 2,823 | 3,691 2,946 | 3.256 2,641 | 3,838 3,219 | 3,994 2,609 | 1.472 |  |
| Money supply（end of month，or last Wed．） | 2， | 2， 81 | 3，831 | 2， 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Currency in circulation．．．．．．－．－．－．．．－．－．－．－bil．of dol．－ | 31.4 | 31.2 | 31.4 | 32.0 | 32.2 | 31． 1 | 31． 1 | 31.3 | 31.3 | 31． 6 | 31.9 | $\begin{array}{r}31.9 \\ \hline 2512\end{array}$ | 32.0 |  |
|  | 243.4 | 242.6 | 245.1 | 248.2 | 252.0 | 249． 6 | 247.1 | 246.7 | 249.7 | 249.2 | 249.1 | 「251． 2 | ${ }^{2} 251.1$ | 252.1 |
| Foreign banks deposits，net－－－－－－－－－－－－．－．do．．－－－ | 3.9 7.0 | 3.8 5.7 | 3.8 4.9 | 3.7 7.1 | 3.9 5.6 | 3.8 6.0 | 3.7 5.7 | 3.9 5.1 | 3.7 5.8 | 3.7 6.4 | 3.6 5.6 | 3.4 +6.0 | 3.3 +7.0 | 3.3 7.5 |
| U．S．Government balances．．．．．－－．－．－－－－－－－－－do．．．－－ | 7.0 | 5.7 | 4.9 | 7.1 | 5.6 | 6.0 | 5.7 | 5.1 | 5.8 | 6.4 | 5.6 |  | ＇7．0 | 7.5 |
| Deposits（adjusted）and currency，totalq．．．．．do． | 232.5 | 233.1 | 236.4 | 237.5 | 242.6 | 239.8 | 237.7 | 237.6 | 240.3 | 239.1 | 239.9 110 | $r$ $r$ | － 240.8 | 241.3 |
| Demand deposits，adjusted甲－．．．－．－．－．．．．－－do．－－－ | 107.5 97.0 | 108.1 | 111．0 | 111．9 9 | 115.5 98.3 | 113.8 98.4 | 111.3 98.7 | 110.3 99.5 | 112.5 99.9 | 110.7 | 110.7 | $\begin{array}{r}r \\ r \\ r \\ \\ \hline\end{array} 112.8 .8$ | 111.1 101.2 | 111.3 101.6 |
|  | 97.0 | 97.2 | 97.5 | 96.8 28.8 | 98.3 | ${ }^{98.6} 4$ | 98.7 27.7 | 99.5 27.9 | 99.9 27.9 | 100.3 28.1 | 100.9 28.3 | r 100.8 $r$ | 101.2 +28.5 | 101.6 28.5 |
| Currency outside banks．．．．．．．－．－．－－．．．．do－．${ }^{\text {Turnover of demand deposits except interbank and }}$ | 28.0 | 27.9 | 28.0 | 28.8 | 28.7 | 27.6 | 27.7 | 27.9 | 27.9 | 28.1 | 28.3 | ${ }^{\text {r } 28.4}$ | － 28.5 | 28.5 |
| Turnover of demand deposits except interbank and U．S．Government，annual rate： |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New York City－－－－－－－－－ratio of debits to deposits＿－ | 46.4 | 49.4 | 50.1 | 47.4 | 58.2 | 54.0 | 54.1 | 54.5 | 56.2 | 54.9 | 56.8 | 58． 4 | 50.0 | $\begin{array}{r}56.2 \\ p 32 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
|  | 27.4 | 30.3 | 29.8 | 30.0 | 33.2 | 30.3 | 31.0 | 34.2 | 33.9 | 32.9 | 32.7 | 33．6 | ${ }_{p}^{p} 30.4$ | ${ }^{p} 32.2$ |
|  | 21.7 | 23.6 | 23.1 | 23.8 | 24.9 | 23.2 | 24.1 | 24.0 | 23.9 | 24.8 | 25.0 | 25.4 | ${ }^{p} 23.4$ | p 25.1 |
| PROFITS AND DIVIDENDS（QUARTERLY） |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing corporations（Fed．Trade and SEC）：$\bigcirc$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3，821 |  |  | 4，858 |  |  |  |
| Net profit after taxes，all industries．．．．．．．．mil．of dol．－ Food and kindred products |  | 3,320 323 |  |  | 4,036 320 |  |  | 3， 258 |  |  | ＋317 |  |  |  |
| Food and kindred products <br> Textile mill products． $\qquad$ do $\qquad$ |  | 329 |  |  | 78 |  |  | 80 |  |  | 110 |  |  |  |
| Lumber and wood products（except furniture） mil．of dol |  | $\begin{array}{r} 74 \\ 126 \end{array}$ |  |  | 57 148 |  |  | 43 136 |  |  | 81 166 |  |  |  |

＊Revised．p Preliminary． 958 will be shown later．\＆Or increase in earmarked gold（－）．

I The term＂adjusted＂denotes exclusion of interbank and U．S．Government deposits；for demand deposits，also exclusion of cash items reported as in process of collection．
${ }^{7}$ Includes Boston，Philadelphia，Chicago，Detroit，San Francisco，and Los Angeles
 previously published data．Comparable data for 1 st quarter of 1958 are available upon request．

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1958 |  |  |  |  | 1959 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | August | September | October | Novem- ber | December | $\underset{\text { ary }}{\text { Janu- }}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | Septern- ber |

FINANCE—Continued

r Revised. $\quad$ Preliminary.

8 Data include bonds of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development not shown separately; these bonds are included in computing the average price of all listed bonds.
O Number of bonds represent number currently used; the change in the number does not affect the continuity of series.
4 Prices are derived from average yields on basis of an assumed 3 percent 20 -year bond.

| 1958 |  |  |  |  | 1959 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| August | September | October | November | $\begin{gathered} \text { Decem- } \\ \text { her } \end{gathered}$ | January | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | Septem- |

FINANCE-Continued

| SECURITY MARKETS-Continued Bonds-Continued <br> Yields: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Domestic corporate (Moody's) . --- --...-- - . percent. | 4.17 | 4. 39 | 4.42 | 4. 40 | 4.38 | 4.41 | 4. 43 | 4. 40 | 4.47 | 4.60 | 4.69 | 4.72 | 4.71 | 4.82 |
| By ratings: | 385 | 4.09 | 4.11 | 4.09 | 408 | 412 | 414 | 4.13 | 4.23 |  |  | 4.4 |  |  |
|  | 3. 98 | 4.20 | 4.21 | 4.21 | 4.18 | 4.22 | 4.24 | 4.23 | 4.32 | 4. 46 | 4. 56 | 4. 58 | 4.58 | 4. 52 |
|  | 4.19 | 4.40 | 4.45 | 4.43 | 4.42 | 4.43 | 4.43 | 4.40 | 4.45 | 4.61 | 4.71 | 4.75 | 4.74 | 4.87 |
| Baa. | 4.67 | 4.87 | 4.92 | 4.87 | 4.85 | 4.87 | 4.89 | 4.85 | 4.86 | 4.96 | 5.04 | 5.08 | 5.09 | 5.18 |
| By groups: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3.94 4.16 | 4.24 <br> 4.41 | 4.25 4.46 | 4.23 4.40 | 4.24 4.39 4 | 4.28 4.43 | 4.31 4.46 4 | 4.28 4.43 | 4.35 4.49 | 4.46 4.67 | 4.55 4.77 | 4.58 <br> 4.79 | 4. 4.70 | 4.88 4.89 |
|  | 4. 42 | 4. 52 | 4. 56 | 4.56 | 4. 52 | 4.53 | 4.51 | 4.51 | 4.56 | 4.67 | 4.76 | 4.79 | 4. 56 | 4.68 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bond Buyer ( 20 bonds) $\qquad$ do.... <br> Standard and Poor's Corp. (15 bonds) .......do... | 3.52 <br> 3.74 | 3.54 3.96 3 | 3.38 3.94 3.8 | 3.30 <br> 3.84 | 3.40 3.84 | 3.45 3.87 | 3.29 <br> 3.85 | 3.33 3.76 | 3.50 <br> 3.84 | 3.61 3.97 | 3.81 4.04 | 3.59 <br> 4.04 | 3.72 <br> 3.96 | 3.72 4.13 |
| U.S. Treasury bonds, taxable §.................. do. | 3.60 | 3. 75 | 3.76 | 3.70 | 3. 80 | 3.90 | 3.92 | 3.92 | 4.01 | 4.08 | 4.09 | 4.11 | 4. 10 | 4. 26 |
| Stocks |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash dividend payments publicly reported: <br> Total dividend payments......--.............mil. of dol. | 321.0 | 1,723.1 | 819.5 | 314.1 | 2,139.0 | 873.7 | 387.1 | 1,798.6 | 810.7 | 317.9 | 1,821.1 | 852.9 | 331.2 | 1,843. 7 |
|  | 73.6 | 119.2 | 173.3 | 79.0 | 268.9 | 192.3 | 134.4 | 123.7 | 150.2 | 71.4 | 130.4 | 177.4 | 75.7 | 128.6 |
|  | 123.9 | 1, 143.2 | 271.8 | 117.4 | 1, 337.5 | 269.6 | 118.0 | 1, 184.6 | 275.8 | 124.5 | 1,210.6 | 276.5 | 127.8 | 1,217.4 |
| Mining | 2.3 | 110.7 | 8.5 | 2.5 | 141.0 | 7.8 | 2.5 | 105.4 | 8.5 | 3.2 | 108. 3 | 7.6 | 2.5 | 106.3 |
| Public utilities: Communications | 1.4 | 71.6 | 174.4 | 1.3 | 73.4 | 175.1 | 1.4 | 72.1 | 175.8 | 1.6 | 73.2 | 192.8 | 1.5 | 83.5 |
|  | 91.1 | 151.3 | 100.5 | 91.5 | 161.7 | 100.5 | 93.4 | 156.6 | 105.7 | 94.8 | 160.3 | 107.9 | 96.5 | 165.9 |
|  | 5.8 | 59.0 | 19.4 | 2.8 | 73.8 | 29.8 | 6.1 | 81.2 | 21.0 | 2.5 | 62.1 | 17.7 | 5.5 | 60.0 |
|  | 14.4 | 41.5 | 65.4 | 13.2 | 50.8 | 88.2 | 23.1 | 45.0 | 60.2 | 13.3 | 48.0 | 65.4 | 13.7 | 49.9 |
|  | 8.5 | 26.6 | 6.2 | 6.4 | 31.9 | 10.4 | 8.2 | 30.0 | 7.5 | 6.6 | 28.8 | 7.6 | 8.0 | 32. 1 |
| Dividend rates, prices, yields, and earnings, common stocks (Moody's): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dividends per share, annual rate (200 stocks) dollars -- | 5. 26 | ${ }_{5}^{5.25}$ | 5.27 | ${ }_{5}^{5.22}$ | 5. 5.24 | ${ }_{5}^{5.27}$ | 5.35 | 5. 35 | 5.39 <br> 5 | 5.41 580 | 5.41 580 | 5.41 5 80 | 5. 5.39 | 5.39 5.77 |
|  | ${ }_{2.51}^{5.71}$ | ${ }_{2}{ }^{5.51}$ | 2. 51 | 5.63 <br> 2.52 | 2. 57 | 2.59 | ${ }_{2} .59$ | 2.59 | 2.60 | 2.60 | 2.60 | 2.60 | 2. 62 | 2. 63 |
|  | 3.27 | 3.25 | 3.32 | 3.35 | 3.40 | 3.40 | 3. 40 | 3.40 | 3. 40 | 3. 40 | 3.37 | 3.37 | 3. 41 | 3.41 |
| Bauk (15 stocks) | 3.76 | 3.77 | 3.77 | 3.77 | 3.77 | 3.78 | 3.78 | 3.81 | 3.81 | 3.81 | 3.81 | 3.81 | 3.81 | 3. 82 |
| Insurance (10 stocks) .-.-.-------------.-- - do | 4.07 | 4.07 | 4.07 | 4.07 | 4.23 | 4.23 | 4.23 | 4.23 | 4.23 | 4.26 | 4.26 | 4.31 | 4. 33 | 4. 33 |
| Price per share, end of month (200 stocks) \& ...do_ | 134.46 | 141.29 | 144.82 | 147.66 | 156.81 | 156.98 | 156.96 | 155.86 | 163.87 | 166.31 | 164.71 | 170.35 | 169. 21 | 161. 30 |
| Industrial (125 stocks) .-..........-.......... do | 153.48 | 161.34 | 165.03 | 168.37 | 177.75 | 176. 93 | 175.43 | 174.47 | 184.82 | 188.58 | 187.48 | 196.07 | 194. 70 | 184. 64 |
| Public utility ( 24 stocks).-.-................ - do | 57.20 | 59.38 | 61.08 | 62.18 | 66.37 | 66.66 | 67.40 | 68.12 | 67.24 | 66.28 | 64.25 | 66.49 | 67.39 | 65.69 |
| Railroad (25 stocks) . .-. - .-. .-.-.-.-. .-. . . . . do | 61.12 | 66.43 | 69.12 | 72.71 | 73.80 | 74.82 | 75.48 | 73.93 | 76.95 | 77.47 | 78.55 | 77.38 | 74.35 | 71. 49 |
|  | 3.91 | 3.72 | 3.64 | 3.54 | 3.34 | 3.36 | 3.41 | 3.43 | 3.29 | 3.25 | 3.28 | 3. 18 | 3.19 | 3.34 |
| Industrial (125 stocks) --.................... do. ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 3. 72 | 3.54 | 3.45 | 3.34 | 3.17 | 3.21 | 3.26 | 3.28 | 3.11 | 3.08 | 3.09 | 2.96 | 2.96 | 3. 13 |
| Public utility (24 stocks) .-......--........... - do | 4.39 | 4.23 | 4.11 | 4.05 | 3.87 | 3.89 | 3.84 | 3. 80 | 3.87 | 3. 92 | 4. 0.5 | 3.91 | 3. 89 | 4. 00 |
|  | 5.35 | 4.89 | 4.80 | 4.61 | 4. 60 | 4.54 | 4. 50 | 4. 60 | 4.42 | 4.39 | 4.29 | 4. 36 | 4. 59 | 4. 77 |
| Bank (15 stocks).............................. do | 4.43 | 4.15 | 4. 14 | 4.09 | 4.003 | 3.92 | 3. 69 | 3. 95 | 3. 98 | 3.73 | 3. 77 | 3.57 | 3.57 | 3.73 |
| Insurance (10 stocks) ............-.-........... - do | 2.97 | 2.98 | 2.75 | 2.68 | 2.54 | 2.51 | 2.48 | 2.53 | 2.57 | 2.67 | 2.71 | 2.67 | 2. 74 | 2. 97 |
| Earnings per share (at annual rate), quarterly: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industrial (125 stocks) --.-......---....... dollars . |  | 8. 10 |  |  | 10.70 |  |  | 10.30 |  |  | -11. 60 |  |  |  |
| Public utility (24 stocks) -------------1.-. - do |  | 3.60 |  |  | 3. 63 |  |  | 3.69 |  |  | 8.75 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 9.09 |  |  | 9.52 |  |  | 4.12 |  |  | 8.15 |  |  |  |
| Dividend yields, preferred stocks, 14 high-grade (Standard and Poor's Corp.)................ percent | 4.45 | 4. 58 | 4. 64 | 4. 65 | 4. 63 | 4.54 | 4. 52 | 4.48 | 4.51 | 4. 68 | 4.79 | 4.75 | 4.70 | 4. 80 |
| Prices: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dow-Jones averages ( 65 stocks) | 174. 55 | 179.36 | 186. 56 | 193. 59 | 196.91 | 206.21 | ${ }^{205} .02$ | 210.19 | 212. 12 | 214.78 <br> 630 | 212.34 <br> 63151 <br> 8.50 | ${ }^{221.03}$ | 219.84 | 210.97 |
| Industrial (30 stocks) | 507.55 | 521.82 | 539.85 | ${ }^{557.10}$ | ${ }^{5666} 43$ | 592.29 | ${ }_{9}^{590.72}$ | ${ }_{93}^{609.12}$ | 616.99 <br> 0.98 | 630.80 91.33 | 631.51 86 | 662.81 89.10 |  | ${ }_{87}^{635.47}$ |
| Public utility (15stocks) Railroad (20 stocks) | 78.71 132.32 | 80.06 136.96 | 82.07 | 85.56 153.80 | 88.09 155.00 | 91.66 163.87 | 91.03 161.69 | 93.68 162.56 | 92.58 165.30 | 91.33 166.54 | 86.70 164.46 | 89.10 169.09 | 91.24 163.24 | 87.67 155.38 |
| Standard and Poor's Corporation | 132.32 | 136.90 | 146.52 | 153.80 | 155.00 | 163.87 | 161.69 | 162.56 | 165.30 | 100.54 | 164.40 | 169.09 | 103.24 | 155.38 |
| Industrial, public utility, and railroad: $0^{7}$ <br> Combined inder ( 500 stocks) $\ldots-\ldots$. . . . 1941-43 $=10$ | 47. 70 | 48.96 | 50.95 | 52.50 | 53.49 | 55. 62 | 54.77 | 56.15 | 57.10 | 57.96 | 57.46 | 59.74 | 59.40 | 57.05 |
| Industrial, total (425 stocks) ¢ ............ do. | 51.00 | 52.40 | 54.55 | 56. 11 | 57.09 | 59.30 | 58.33 | 59.79 | 60.92 | 62.09 | 61.75 | 64.23 | 63.74 | 61.21 |
| Capital goods (129 stocks) .-.-.........-do | 49.75 | 51.34 | 53.60 | 55. 20 | 56. 84 | 58.98 | 59.33 | 61.67 | 62.10 | 64.81 | 65.52 | 67.82 | 66.73 | 64. 16 |
| Consumers' goods (196 stocks) .-.......do. | 37.44 | 38. 90 | 40.65 | 42.47 | 43.31 | 44.65 | 44.23 | 45. 10 | 45.87 | 47.12 | 47.09 | 49.82 | 49.11 | 48. 15 |
| Public utility (50 stocks)..--............ do. | 37. 50 | 37.97 | 39.15 | 40.75 | 42. 05 | 43. 96 | 43.71 | 4.5. 06 | 45.12 | 44.30 | 42.58 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 44.77$ | 45.15 | 43. 59 |
|  | 28.43 | 29.51 | 31.23 | 33.07 | 33. 70 | 35. 53 | 35.20 | 35. 47 | 35.94 | 36.07 | 36.02 | 36.86 | 35.56 | 33.78 |
| Banks: | 21.47 | 22. 54 | 23.28 | 23.55 | 24.03 | 24.56 | 25.23 | 26.30 | 24.70 | 25. 15 | 25.77 | 26.98 | 27.25 |  |
| Outside N.Y. City (17 stocks) --......... do . | 42.62 | 43.98 | 45.25 | 46. 68 | 48.16 | 50.35 | 50.08 | 52.09 | 51.37 | 50.47 | 51.15 | 53.00 | 53.43 | 53.02 |
|  | 28.72 | 28.54 | 29.49 | 31.83 | 33.42 | 34.96 | 34. 78 | 35. 60 | 34.22 | 33.39 | 31.66 | 33.28 | 33.57 | 31. 56 |
| Sales (Securities and Exchange Commission): Total on all registered exchanges: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alarket value.............-..........-mil. of dol.. | 3. 350 | 3,442 | 4, 823 | 3, 991 | 4. 368 | 4.982 | 3.790 | 5,308 | 4, 805 | 4. 901 | 4,325 | 4, 630 | 3.572 |  |
| On Sew York Stock Exchange:------ - - - | 115, 724 | 115,052 | 161,286 | 130,626 | 146, 227 | 166.998 | 133, 963 | 186, 246 | 149, 631 | 146, 658 | 123, 504 | 133, 148 | 102, 919 |  |
| Afarket value...................... mil. of dol | $2.89 \%$ | 2,922 | 4.172 | 3. 407 | 3. 6 ¢ | 4. 195 | 3.143 | 4. 330 | 3.934 | 4,119 |  | 3,929 | 3, 025 |  |
| Shares sold...-.-.-------.-......-- thousands.- | 83, 502 | 80,695 | 118, 112 | 91, 504 | 96. 12.4 | 105, 627 | 80.337 | 108.433 | 91,630 | 95, 517 | 82,027 | 91, 386 | 69, 805 |  |
| Exclusive of odd lot and stopped sales (N.Y. <br>  | 62, 373 | 71,972 | 95,987 | 74,346 | 75.016 | 83.253 | 65, 993 | 82, 450 | 75.887 | 70,969 | 64,351 | 70, 889 | 51,052 | 57, 518 |
| Shares listed, New York Stock Exchange: mil of doll |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 237,509 4,906 | 248,388 4,916 | 255.117 4.933 | 261.828 4,959 | $\begin{array}{r} 276.6665 \\ 5,017 \end{array}$ | 280.826 5,075 | 288.105 | 283.202 5,106 | 294.256 5,163 | 209.044 | 298,785 5,463 | $\begin{array}{r} 309,520 \\ 5,502 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 304.569 \\ 5.510 \end{array}$ |  |

$r$ Rerised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ Includes $\$ 2.71$ reiroactive mail pay increase.
§For bonds due or callable in 10 years or more.
Q Includes data not shown separately.
of Number of stocks represents number currently used; the change in number does not affect continuity of the series.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of buSINESS STATISTICS | 1958 |  |  |  |  | 1959 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | August | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Septem. } \\ \text { ber } \end{array}$ | October | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \begin{array}{c} \text { Novem } \\ \text { ber } \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Decem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janul } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | Febru- | March | April | May | June | July | August | ${ }_{\substack{\text { Septem- } \\ \text { ber }}}$ |

INTERNATIONAL TRANSACTIONS OF THE UNITED STATES

| BALANCE OF PAYMENTS (QUARTERLY) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Exports of goods and services, total.---.--mil. of dol. |  | 6, 120 |  |  | 6,673 |  | ----- | 5, 866 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Military transfers under grants, net...--.-...-do ..-- |  | 549 | ------- |  | 531 |  | -------- | 485 | ------- |  |  |  |  |  |
| Merchandise, adjusted, excluding military trans- <br>  |  | 3, 806 |  |  | 4,176 |  |  | 3,798 |  |  | 4,069 |  |  |  |
| Income on investments abroad --.-...------.- do..-- |  | 703 |  |  | 913 |  |  | 635 |  |  | , 684 |  |  |  |
| Other services and military transactions.------do.--- |  | 1,062 |  |  | 1,053 |  |  | 948 |  |  | 1,048 |  |  |  |
| Imports of goods and services, total............-.-do |  | 5,372 |  |  | 5, 425 |  |  | 5, 422 |  |  | 5,968 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 3,124 |  |  | 3,517 |  |  | 3, 604 |  |  | 3, 885 |  |  |  |
| Income on foreign investments in U.S.-.-.-.-- do |  | 164 |  |  | 188 |  |  | 180 |  |  | 194 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 841 |  |  | 838 |  |  | 801 |  |  | 821 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 1,243 |  |  | 882 |  |  | 837 |  |  | 1,068 |  |  |  |
| Balance on goods and services ..........--------- do |  | +748 |  |  | +1, 248 |  |  | +444 | -..------ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unilateral transfers (net), total.---------------- do---- |  | -1,090 |  |  | $-1,147$ |  |  | -1, 104 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  <br> Government $\qquad$ |  | -123 -967 |  |  | -142 $-1,005$ |  |  | -140 |  |  | -134 |  |  |  |
| U.S. long- and short-term capital (net), total.-. do. |  | -783 |  |  | -892 |  |  | -472 |  |  | -2,300 |  |  |  |
| Private...------------------------------------- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ |  | -451 |  |  | -726 |  |  | -383 |  |  | -611 |  |  |  |
|  |  | -332 |  |  | -166 |  |  | -89 |  |  | -1,689 |  |  |  |
| Foreign long- and short-term capital (net).---.-.do |  | +424 |  |  | +531 |  |  | +819 |  |  | +1,961 |  |  |  |
| Gold sales [purchases (-)]-.------------------ do |  | $+483$ |  |  | +347 |  |  | $+96$ |  |  | +741 |  |  |  |
| Errors and omissions.--------------------------- do- - - |  | +218 |  |  | -87 |  |  | +217 |  |  | $+297$ |  |  |  |
| FOREIGN TRADE Indexes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exports of U.S. merchandise: <br> Quantity |  | 257 |  | 300 | 282 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 567 | 254 | 650 | 649 | 613 | 568 | 519 | $\stackrel{270}{591}$ | 5 | ${ }_{630}^{291}$ | 266 578 | $p 275$ $p 596$ |  |  |
|  | 215 | 216 | 216 | 216 | 218 | 219 | 219 | 219 | 219 | 217 | 217 | p 217 |  |  |
| Imports for consumption: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Quantity ---------------------------------------------- | 171 | 191 | 206 | 193 | 520 | $\stackrel{203}{553}$ |  | 231 | 219 589 | 624 | 240 651 | $p$ P 223 $>603$ |  |  |
|  | 275 | 273 | 273 | 274 | 273 | 272 | 271 | 269 | 269 | 271 | 271 | - 270 |  |  |
| Agricultural products, quantity: <br> Exports, U.S. merchandise, total: <br> Unadjusted $1952-54=100$ | 134 | 131 | 155 | 151 | 152 | 142 | 115 | 135 | 134 | 152 | 142 | 152 |  |  |
|  | 167 | 141 | 140 | 127 | 124 | 133 | 111 | 125 | 139 | 155 | 161 | 198 |  |  |
| Cotton (incl. linters), seas. adj | 127 | 99 | 62 | 94 | 67 | 53 | 52 | 78 | 76 | 82 | 77 | 100 |  |  |
| Imports for consumption, total: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 89 96 | -94 | 123 | 115 | 118 | 103 90 | 113 | 127 | 118 | 114 | 108 | +968 |  |  |
|  | 112 | 109 | 111 | 120 | 126 | 106 | 109 | 113 | 103 | 110 | 110 | 118 |  |  |
| Complementary imports, seas. adj .-.-------do.---- | 84 | 98 | 132 | 112 | 99 | 81 | 194 | 110 | 101 | 131 | 106 | 98 |  |  |
| Shipping Weight |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Water-borne trade: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exports, incl. reexports8---------thous. of long tons-- | 10,240 12,830 | $\mathbf{9 , 0 1 3}$ 13,614 | 9,591 $\mathbf{1 5 , 1 8 2}$ | 8,890 12,944 | 7,031 15,057 | 7,650 14,739 | 6,149 13,995 | 7,023 15,503 | 7,327 12,392 | 8,624 314,159 |  |  |  |  |
| Value |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exports (mdse.), including reexports, total 9 mil. of dol- | 1,396. 4 | 1,360.9 | 1,598.9 | 1,596.2 | 1,513.6 | 1,400. 4 | 1,280.2 | 1,456. 3 | 1,468.0 | 1,551.8 | 1,425.7 | 21,468. 6 | 1,396. 7 |  |
| By geographic regions: $\triangle$ - | 1,300. 4 | 1,360. | 1, |  |  | 1, 20.1 | 1,280.2 |  | 1, | 1,551.8 | 1, 25.7 | 2, 468.6 | 1,306. 7 |  |
|  | 46.6 | 36.2 | 40.5 | 73.7 | 46.8 | 58.3 | 36.3 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 80.9$ | 52.8 | 55.1 | 67.2 | 49.6 | 22. 6 |  |
|  | 218.4 | 212.2 | 224.0 | 247.9 | 250.8 | 248.4 | 227.7 | 263.9 | 246.1 | 254.4 | 253.6 | 249.2 | 240.6 |  |
|  | 359.4 | 345.0 | 416.2 | 412.0 | 384.0 | 366.2 | 304.8 | ${ }^{r} 337.2$ | 351.4 | 365.6 | 332.0 | 372.4 | 366.9 |  |
|  | 265.9 | 290.3 | 322.1 | 283.5 | 278.0 | 262.0 | 274.7 | 321.2 | 327.1 | 349.5 | 353.9 | 320.9 | 297.6 |  |
| Southern North America.-.................---- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 163.3 | 168.4 | 183.7 | 161.7 | 166.5 | 142.9 | 136.5 | 141. 7 | 151.0 | 149.0 | 149.2 | 153.0 | 138.0 |  |
|  | 192.8 | 158.1 | 185.5 | 187.3 | 205.3 | 170.7 | 144.6 | 167.1 | 165.4 | 185.4 | 158.0 | 168.1 | 160.7 |  |
| By leading countries: $\triangle$ <br> Africa: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| United Arab Republic (Egypt Region) .....do... | 4.3 | 3.2 | 4.3 | 5.9 | 4.5 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.7 | 10.5 | 11.7 | 10.2 | 6.1 | 10.0 |  |
|  | 19.1 | 12.7 | 15.4 | 17.5 | 17.8 | 18.0 | 14.6 | 19.6 | 18.3 | 19.4 | 18.8 | 18.3 | 20.0 |  |
| Asia and Oceania: <br> Australia, including New Guinea $\qquad$ do. | 12.7 | 21.4 | 18.4 | 22.9 | 13.3 | 16.0 | 14.2 | 15.3 | 15.4 | 18.5 | 17.9 | 21.3 | 30.3 |  |
|  | 1.7 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 18.5 2.9 | 2.4 | 2.8 | 2.2 |  |
|  | 32.3 | 39.0 | 36.8 | 36.9 | 38.5 | 51.2 | 38.2 | 51.7 | 42.0 | 40.7 | 41.9 | 35.3 | 29.2 |  |
|  | 64.1 | 51.3 | 59.9 | 67.3 | 81.0 | 75.7 | 72.8 | 73.5 | 73.3 | 70.8 | 71.8 | 80.5 | 70.1 |  |
|  | 4.0 | 3.5 | 4.1 | 3.3 | 4.8 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 5.0 | 4.5 | 4.8 | 4.4 | 7.5 | 8.1 |  |
|  | 24.0 | 22, 1 | 27.9 | 34.2 | 25.0 | 16.5 | 16.6 | 23.7 | 20.8 | 24.9 | 26.9 | 22.9 | 22.4 |  |
|  | 31.6 | 25.4 | 33.3 | 32.1 | 33.2 | 27.5 | 23.2 | 24.6 | 28.2 | 30.7 | 20.9 | 23.5 | 21.7 |  |
|  | (1) | 0 | (1) | . 1 | 0 | 0 | . 1 | (1) | (1) | . 3 | . 4 | (1) | 0 |  |
|  | 61.1 | 53.8 | 67.8 | 62.2 | 62.7 | 52.3 | 52.0 | 56.5 | 60.4 | 56.9 | 56.9 | ${ }^{5} 61.4$ | 62.0 |  |
| Italy | 35.0 | 34.7 | 35.9 | 42.3 | 35.3 | 36.4 | 25.7 | 34.5 | 28.7 | 32.2 | 31.8 | 36.0 | 30.3 |  |
| Union of Soviet Socialist Republics.....-.- do..--- | (1) | (1) | . 3 | . 6 | 1.4 | 1.5 | . 9 | . 1 | 90.4 | . 1 | . 41 | . 6 | . 1 |  |
| United Kingdom...------...------..----- do---- | 58.3 | 74.3 | 102.1 | 81.8 | 85.5 | 67.0 | 61.8 | 50.9 | 60.2 | 68.9 | 61.2 | 60.2 | 62.5 |  |
| North and South America: <br> Canada | 265.8 | 290.3 | 322.1 | 283.5 | 278.0 | 262.0 | 274.7 | 321.1 | 327.1 | 349.5 | 353.9 | 320.9 | 297.6 |  |
| Latin American Republics, total $\%$.....----do.. | 337.2 | 307.4 | 344.6 | 325.6 | 350.5 | 293.0 | 260.5 | 289.0 | 296.6 | 312.6 | 288.7 | 301.2 | 279.2 |  |
|  | 26.5 | 18.8 | 23.2 | 26.4 | 30.6 | 18.1 | 15.3 | 13.2 | 14.2 | 15.8 | 18.6 | 22.9 | 26.2 |  |
| Brazil-------------------------------- do- | 49.5 | 39.9 | 45.0 | 39.5 | 58.1 | 41.6 | 29.1 | 46.2 | 36.2 | 43.3 | 28.4 | 27.4 | 30.8 |  |
| Chile.--------------------------------- ${ }^{\text {do_ }}$ | 15.3 | 10.5 | 13.8 | 11.2 | 10.7 | 10.4 | 11.1 | 10.8 | 10.4 | 14.2 | 10.3 | 11.4 | 9.5 |  |
|  | 16.2 | 12.8 | 15.0 | 15.6 | 13.9 | 16.4 | 14.2 | 15.4 | 17.4 | 20.2 | 17.2 | 18.4 | 18.0 |  |
|  | 42.2 | 45.7 | 53.1 | 43.2 | 40.5 | 32.7 | 32.8 | 31.1 | 33.4 | 38.1 | 40.1 | 39.6 | 36.6 |  |
|  | 68.7 | 61.5 | 73.3 | 60.8 | 71.8 | 57.8 | 55.6 | 59.9 | 63.2 | 56.9 | 62.4 | 65.4 | 57.4 |  |
|  | 60.0 | 54.1 | 64.5 | 71.6 | 69.5 | 63.0 | 55.8 | 60.9 | 63.4 | 69.7 | 63.0 | 65.7 | 54.4 |  |

[^5]|  | 1958 |  |  |  |  | 1959 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | August | September | October | November | December | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Febru- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | March | April | May | June | July | August | Septem- |

INTERNATIONAL TRANSACTIONS OF THE UNITED STATES—Continued

| FOREIGN TRADE-Continued Value-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Exports of U.S. merchandise, totaly .-......mil. of dol.- | 1,382.0 | 1,351. 1 | 1,584. 1 | 1,581.6 | 1,493.6 | 1,384. 8 | 1,266.0 | 1,441.3 | 1,452.1 | 1,535.3 | 1,409.5 | 1,454.0 | 1,384. 1 |  |
|  | 160.4 | 160.7 | 199.1 | 195.8 | 161.4 | 143.4 | 113.3 | 134.0 | 131.9 | 141.1 | 133.6 | 138.6 | 130.6 |  |
|  | 120.0 | 108.8 | 114.6 | 109.0 | 124.1 | 130.0 | 107.8 | 120.1 | 113.4 | 131.2 | 122.1 | 137.9 | 117.2 |  |
| Manufactured foodstuffs and beverages......do. | 77.3 | 88.7 | 104.4 | 87.9 | 90.9 | 78.6 | 65.8 | 76.7 | 78.8 | 90.6 | 92.1 | 96.1 | 99.3 |  |
|  | 186.5 | 182.6 | 222.4 | 213.4 | 191. 9 | 189.2 | 175.8 | 191.9 | 203.6 | 214.9 | 203.3 | 213.5 | 208.3 |  |
|  | 837.7 | 810.2 | 943.5 | 975.6 | 925.2 | 843.6 | 803.3 | 918.6 | 924.5 | 957.5 | 858.4 | 867.8 | 828.7 |  |
| By principal commodities: <br> Agriculturad products, totalor $\qquad$ do. | 293.4 | 297.2 | 357.6 | 341.8 | 337.5 | 310.0 | 249.5 | 292.0 | 296.5 | 325.1 | 304.9 | 327.2 | 298.2 |  |
| Cotton, unmanufactured.-.---.-...........do...- | 28.4 | 30.2 | 25.2 | 45.6 | 39.8 | 30.0 | 26. 5 | 36.3 | 31.7 | 31.1 | 29.7 | 15.9 | 11.6 |  |
| Fruits, vegetables, and preparations.......do...- | 28.2 | 31.6 | 40.4 | 28.8 | 28.7 | 23.4 | 24. 5 | 27.3 | 29.5 | 33.1 | 37.5 | 32.2 | 35. 6 |  |
| Grains and preparations.-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-. do | 120.4 $1+18.0$ | 110.4 18.9 | 117.1 22.1 | 109.5 24.2 | 119.5 19.1 | 130.1 23.7 | 104.7 20.0 | 118.6 21.4 | 111.0 20.6 | 129.8 22.4 | 122.5 22.4 | $\begin{array}{r}132.5 \\ 23.8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 119.5 23.5 |  |
|  | 36.3 | 52.6 | 71.3 | 47.8 | 43.0 | 26.4 | 18.8 | 31.8 | 24.6 | 26.5 | 26.1 | 26.0 | 39.2 |  |
| Nonagricultural products, totalor.............do...-- | 1,088.6 | 1,053.8 | 1,226.5 | 1,239.8 | 1,156.1 | 1,074.8 | 1,016.4 | 1,149.3 | 1,155.6 | 1,210.1 | 1,104.6 | 1,126.7 | 1,085.9 |  |
| Automobiles, parts, and accessories....-.-. do..-- | 84.1 | 80.4 | 97.3 | 114.9 | 127.7 | 104.0 | 104.2 | 118.0 | 118.1 | 118.3 | 105.2 | 101.1 | 83.5 |  |
| Ohemicals and related products§...........do...- | 109.5 | 106.1 | 119.9 | 117.9 | 113.5 | 115.2 | 116.6 | 122.2 | 119.5 | 130.1 | 121.2 | 122.9 | 123.1 |  |
|  | 55.6 42.7 | 47.9 45.9 | 47.6 60.1 | 42.7 57.5 | 31.8 44.6 | 34.3 45.1 | 25.6 44.0 | 29.9 51.0 | 31.9 52.7 | 34.2 53.6 | 29.4 58.5 | 36.8 54.1 | 39.8 35.3 |  |
|  | 298.8 | 289.3 | 316.1 | 319.8 | 313.9 | 287.8 | 291.2 | 326.9 | 354.0 | 356.3 | 329.2 | 319.4 | 308.1 |  |
|  | 8.7 | 8.1 | 7.9 | 8.1 | 8.3 | 8.5 | 10.8 | 14.1 | 16.2 | 15.8 | 16.3 | 15.1 | 11.7 |  |
| Tractors, parts, and accessories...-------do.--- | 23.2 | 22.5 | 24.1 | 18.2 | 17.8 | 22.3 | 25.8 | 31.7 | 33.8 | 35.1 | 34.9 | 32.3 | 27.5 |  |
|  | 76.2 | 80.2 | 89.2 | 91.7 | 92.8 | 70.1 | 71.9 | 81.2 | 80.8 | 88.6 | 74.8 | 78.0 | 77.9 |  |
|  | 27.7 150.3 | 22.5 142.3 | 27.6 152.7 | 33.2 154.9 | 35.7 143.0 | 29.3 142.9 | 25.4 142.3 | 27.1 158.1 | 32.0 166.5 | 32.4 169.6 | 24.2 164.4 | 21.7 157.4 | 24.9 152.2 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Petroleum and products----------...-.-. do.--- | 52.9 | 44.7 | 49.0 | 51.0 | 39.4 | 40.8 | 35.7 | 39.2 | 45. 2 | 42.7 | 42.0 | 42.8 | 38.3 |  |
| Textiles and manufactures.-.-.-.-.------.- do..-- | 46.9 | 46.7 | 54.8 | 49.5 | 47.7 | 44.6 | 42.8 | 53.5 | 49.3 | 54.4 | 47.8 | - 47.4 | 52.1 |  |
| General imports, total | 950.2 | 1,074.0 | 1,141.8 | 1,089.0 | 1,253.4 | 1,154.2 | 1,118. 1 | 1,300.9 | 1,220.9 | 1,263.8 | 1,369.4 | 1,248. 4 | 1,189.8 |  |
| By geographic regions: | 25.7 | 38.0 | 46.2 | 35.9 | 53.5 | 43.6 | 47.9 | 59.7 | 57.0 | 42.3 | 49.8 | 43.8 | 40.6 |  |
|  | 181.5 | 178.3 | 193.7 | 181.6 | 209.8 | 216.7 | 198.1 | 240.7 | 239.0 | 231.4 | 264.8 | 246.0 | 253.4 |  |
|  | 251.3 | 285.3 | 319.8 | 316.1 | 353.6 | 339.6 | 312.4 | 370.6 | 376.6 | 393.9 | 399.7 | 406.7 | 341.6 |  |
|  | 210.0 | 257.9 | 252.2 | 230.0 | 233.0 | 184.9 | 193.9 | 227.9 | 234.5 | 264.7 | 301.6 | 267.6 | 249.5 |  |
| Southern North America | 110.3 | 125.7 | 120.2 | 123.3 | 161. 1 | 163.7 | 160.8 | 175.1 | 139.7 | 138.2 | 143.3 | 122.9 | 103.2 |  |
|  | 171.4 | 188.7 | 209.7 | 202.1 | 242.5 | 205.7 | 205.1 | 226.9 | 174.2 | 193.3 | 210.1 | 161.3 | 201.5 |  |
| By leading countries: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| United Arab Republic (Egypt Region) ...-d | .6 | .2 | . 1 | . 3 | . 3 | 4.5 | . 7 | 6.6 | 1. 1 | 4 | 1. ${ }^{4}$ | 1.9 | 4 |  |
|  | 4.3 | 8.2 | 8.4 | 5.2 | 10.7 | 7.8 | 10.6 | 9.0 | 10.4 | 7.6 | 11.1 | 9.4 | 5.9 |  |
| Asia and Oceania: <br> Australia, including New Guinea.-...-.-.-- do | 4.6 | 4.3 | 8.4 | 5.4 | 10.6 | 10.8 | 12.5 | 11.7 | 19.8 | 16.7 | 18.3 | 17.3 | 17.3 |  |
|  | 2.3 | 2.7 | 4.1 | 2.9 | 4.1 | 3.6 | 2.9 | 2.6 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.5 |  |
|  | 14.6 | 18.8 | 14.6 | 16.3 | 20.7 | 20.3 | 16.6 | 22.0 | 23.0 | 21.9 | 20.3 | 20.0 | 19.6 |  |
|  | 60.8 | 55.4 | 64.1 | 62.3 | 66. 3 | 66.6 | 60.4 | 83.1 | 79.5 | 78.1 | 88.9 | 91.3 | 88.4 |  |
|  | 11.4 | 15.3 | 18.4 | 14.1 | 16. 4 | 17.6 | 18.1 | 12.6 | 15.9 | 13.6 | 22.9 | 15.1 | 14.0 |  |
|  | 24.5 | 22.2 | 20.5 | 21.4 | 15.5 | 19.9 | 18.8 | 27.4 | 25.8 | 27.8 | 29.4 | 30.9 | 34.4 |  |
| Europe: <br> France $\qquad$ do | 24.2 | 23.7 | 31.5 | 30.0 | 36.2 | 32.1 | 28.6 | 34.3 | 33.8 | 43.4 | 42.0 | 43.5 | 37.8 |  |
|  | 1.1 | + ${ }^{1}$ | . 9 | 5.2 | . 6 | . 4 | . 3 | . 3 | .$^{3} \cdot 3$ | . 3 | 8.9 | . 6 | . 2 |  |
| West Germany --............-.-................... do. | 48.8 | 55.8 | 57.2 | 57.3 | 65.5 | 65.2 | 60.1 | 70.6 | 75.2 | 75.2 | 80.2 | 80.7 | 66.8 |  |
|  | 23.2 20 | 20.1 1.9 | 33.2 2.3 | 26.1 | 31.9 | 26.8 4.2 | 25.2 3.1 | 28.6 2.3 | 29.2 1.5 | 31.9 1.0 | 32.5 1.8 | 33.6 2.0 | 34.5 2.3 |  |
| Union of Soviet Socialist Republics-.-.-.-. do <br> United Kingdom | 2.0 60.3 | 1.9 78.0 | 2.3 82.8 | 84.3 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 84. } \\ \hline 6\end{array}$ | 4.2 82.0 | 3.1 79.9 | 2.3 89.7 | 95.7 | 1.0 102.5 | 1.8 98.0 | 2.0 106.7 | 2.3 85.6 |  |
| Nerth and South America: Canada | 209.4 | 257.7 | 252.1 | 229.6 | 233.0 | 184.7 | 193.8 | 227.9 | 234.5 | 264.5 | 301.4 | 267.5 | 249.3 |  |
| Latin American Republics, | 248.2 | 276.0 | 289.7 | 292.7 | 354.1 | 313.7 | 316.9 | 345.2 | 286.9 | 306.1 | 322.2 | 259.4 | 280.7 |  |
|  | 8.7 | 11.2 | 11.4 | 11.4 | 17.1 | 12.0 | 8. 6 | 13.2 | 10.9 | 12.1 | 15.7 | 8.6 | 9.7 |  |
|  | 36.2 | 44.3 | 49.9 | 51.2 | 69.4 | 43.3 | 52.5 | 60.8 | 49.5 | 53.8 <br> 15.8 | 38.5 17.3 | 31.5 15.1 | 70.6 |  |
|  | 13.3 | 11.8 | 13.7 | 13.2 | 19.3 | 20.9 | 15.5 | 17.0 | 15.6 | 15.8 | 17.3 | 15.1 | 14.7 |  |
|  | 29.1 | 30.3 | 36.5 | 31.4 | 25.9 | 22.8 | 28.4 | 23.9 | 22.7 | 30.8 | 31.4 | 28.0 | 27.4 |  |
|  | 39.9 | 44.3 | 32.7 32.6 | 34.2 | 35.9 | 29.3 | 32.9 | 43.6 | 50.1 | 49.7 40.4 | 54.4 34.9 | 56.2 27.2 | 43.6 |  |
| Mexico. <br> Venezuela | 25.0 64.5 | 30.8 68.7 | 32.6 77.7 | 35.3 75.0 | 43.2 87.5 | 46.3 84.7 | 49.9 82.1 | 53.2 91.8 | 42.6 61.4 | 40.4 62.4 | 34.9 86.9 | 27.2 57.6 | 24.8 60.7 |  |
| Imports for consumption, total.........-..........-do. | 961.4 | 1,071.7 | 1,153.3 | 1,084.8 | 1,229.1 | 1,134. 5 | 1,113.3 | 1,274.0 | 1,209.0 | 1,247. 3 | 1,335. 5 | 1,236.1 | 1,190.7 |  |
| By economic classes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 220.1 | 238.8 | 244.5 173.0 | 222.7 159.5 | 266.6 192.6 | 262.7 | 243.8 | 255.7 176.4 | 236.6 153.9 | 246.0 161.0 | 287.9 136.6 | 116.2 | 251.8 144.9 |  |
|  | 119.4 | 131.1 | 130.3 | 128.6 | 128.3 | 120.1 | 110.8 | 130.3 | 142.6 | 142.1 | 147.7 | 149.1 | 137.0 |  |
|  | 197.8 | 236.8 | 241.2 | 219.4 | 259.9 | 242.5 | 255.5 | 303.9 | 258.2 | 261.5 | 306.1 | 270.8 | 253.8 |  |
|  | 303.7 | 327.8 | 364.2 | 354.6 | 381.7 | 363.7 | 337.6 | 407.7 | 417.8 | 436.6 | 457.2 | 455.2 | 403.1 |  |
| By principal commodities: <br> Agriculturel products, total $\sigma^{7}$ $\qquad$ do. | 284.6 | 302.8 | 334.9 | 316.0 | 369.4 | 328.4 | 333.8 | 370.8 | 353.7 | 360.8 | 336.8 | 317.1 | 351.6 |  |
| Cocoa (cacao) beans, incl. shells.------.-. do..-- | 5.1 | 6.2 | 7.2 | 7.5 | 34.1 | 18.3 | 12.7 | 14.8 | 15.6 | 16.5 | 14.9 | 9.4 | 9.4 |  |
|  | 73. 2 | 83.5 | 109.0 | 100.6 | 103.5 | 79.6 | 108. 2 | 106.0 | 84.3 | 93.0 | 74.3 | 61.6 | 99.5 |  |
|  | 4.7 | 3.5 | 4.5 | 4.0 | 5.2 | 6.4 | 5.5 | 9.7 | 8.9 | 7.9 | 9.0 | 7.4 | 5.6 |  |
| Rubber, crude, including guayule...------ do- | 19.1 | 20.2 | 22.8 | 22.5 | 30.8 | 32.7 | 29.5 | 28.9 | 26.2 | 28.4 | 29.1 | 32.1 | 32.0 |  |
|  | 41.4 | 43.5 | 32.0 | 30.6 | 32.1 18.0 | 35.9 | 37.7 18.7 | 47.5 23.8 | 46.6 21.9 | 51.5 21.0 | 52.3 18.7 | 58.1 15.2 | 48.3 |  |
| Wool and mohair, unmanufactured..-...-do..-- | 9.2 | 11.3 | 16.1 | 15.6 | 18.0 | 21.3 | 18.7 | 23.8 | 21.9 | 21.0 | 18.7 | 15.2 | 14.7 |  |
| Nonagricultural products, totalor-..-....-- do..-- | 676.8 | 768.9 | 818.4 | 768.8 | 859.7 | 806.1 | 779.5 | 003.1 | 855.4 | 886.5 | 998.7 | 919.0 | 839.1 |  |
| Furs and manufactures.---.-.-.---.----- do. | 3.6 | 4.8 | 3.3 | 3.7 | 21.4 | 15.1 | 10.0 | 9.8 | 8.5 | 7.9 | 8.9 | 6.5 | 4.5 |  |
| Nonferrous ores, metals, and mfs., total $0^{7}$.-do...- | 57.6 | 93.8 | 72.2 | 74.2 | 81.5 | 81.3 | 70.7 | 91.4 | 86.4 | 91.9 | 111.0 | 94.8 | 87.7 |  |
| Copper, incl. ore and manufactures...-.-do...- | 7.3 | 8.6 | 18.2 | 19.3 | 20.8 | 15.3 | 16.2 | 20.8 | 17.2 | 20.6 | 26.6 | 19.9 | 22.2 |  |
| Tin, including ore-.-.----------------- do-- | 7.2 | 7.7 | 8.9 | 6.4 | 9.2 | 13.1 | 9.5 | 10.2 | 9.4 | 8.9 | 19.7 | 5.7 | 5.5 |  |
|  | 25.5 | 28.5 | 29.2 | 27.7 | 28.4 | 29.5 | 27.2 | 26.7 | 29.5 | 27.7 | 29.9 | 29.9 | 28.5 |  |
|  | 46. 1 | 48.7 | 55.2 | 55.9 | 54. 3 | 43.2 | 44.2 | 51.7 | 54.1 | 60.3 | 59.5 | 54.2 | 54.9 |  |
|  | 123.8 | 129.1 | 142.7 | 135.6 | 166.7 | 158.5 | 166.7 | 173.4 | 102.6 | 98.9 | 142.2 | 「 93.9 | 102.8 |  |

Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ Revision for July 1958 (mil. dol.): 19.5.
 § Excludes "special category, type 1" exports.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1958 |  |  |  |  | 1959 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | August | $\begin{gathered} \text { Septem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | October | $\begin{gathered} \text { Novem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \begin{array}{c} \text { Decem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Febru- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | March | April | May | June | July | August | $\begin{gathered} \text { Septem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ |

## TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS

| TRANSPORTATION Airlines§ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Scheduled domestic trunk carriers: <br> Financial operations (quarterly totals): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating revenues, total $\frac{\square}{\text {............... mil. of dol }-1 .}$ |  | 403.9 |  |  | 371.6 |  |  | 1407.6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 401.9 |  |  | 365.3 |  |  | 1404.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 365.8 |  |  | 327.6 |  |  | ${ }^{1} 367.4$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | ${ }^{25.1}$ |  |  | 24.7 |  |  | 124.8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 8.6 |  |  | 10.2 |  |  | ${ }^{1} 10.0$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating expenses (incl. depreciation) .--.-.do |  | 365.8 |  |  | 337.2 |  |  | ${ }^{1} 391.6$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 21.8 |  |  | 16.7 |  |  | 18.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating results: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Miles flown, revenue....-..---..-...--thousands.- | 64, 193 | 61,693 | 59,370 | 49,046 | 46, 180 | 1 57,866 | 56,659 | 64.795 | ${ }^{63,029}$ | 64, 041 | 64, 060 | 65,898 |  |  |
| Express and freight ton-miles flown.-.-.....- do...- | 28, 224 | 28.187 | 29,487 | 24, 262 | 25, 379 | ' 23,406 | 23,478 | 28.326 | 26,963 | 27,787 | 28, 545 | 27, 844 |  |  |
| Mail ton-miles flown .-.-.-..---------.----- do----- | 8, ${ }^{8,698}$ | 8. 189 <br> 3.432 | 9.123 | 8,347 2,957 1 | 11,834 2.740 1 | 19,078 13,255 1 | 8.728 3.126 1 | 9,993 <br> 3,705 | 9,588 3,743 | 9,563 <br> 3.819 | 9. 4.114 | 9,130 <br> 3,983 |  |  |
| Passenger-miles flown, revenue------------millions.- | 2,381 | 2,100 | $\stackrel{3}{2,101}$ | 1,777 | 1,779 | 12,061 | 1,921 | 2,305 | 2,260 | 2,295 | 2, 629 | $\stackrel{3}{2,593}$ |  |  |
| Express Operations |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Transportation revenues . .-...........--thous. of dol.- | 30, 449 | 33.940 | 33, 363 | 30,671 | 41. 998 | 29,420 | 29,049 | 33,966 | 31, 403 | 30,471 | 32,231 | 29,406 |  |  |
|  | 10, 474 | 12,268 | 11, 832 | 8,737 | 16, 154 | 8,136 | 8,414 | 13,075 | 11, 839 | 11, 330 | 13,029 | 10, 401 |  |  |
| Local Transit Lines |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fares, average cash rate $\qquad$ cents Passengers carried, revenue $\qquad$ millions | $\begin{array}{r}17.2 \\ \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 17.3 641 | $\begin{array}{r} 17.3 \\ 695 \end{array}$ | 17.5 635 | 17.6 693 | 17.6 <br> 641 | 17.7 605 | 17.7 673 | 17.7 668 | ${ }_{6}^{17.8}$ | 17.9 630 | 18.0 597 | $\begin{gathered} 18.1 \\ 571 \end{gathered}$ |  |
|  | 104.5 | 104.8 | 116.7 | 108.9 | 122.2 | 111.3 | 105.9 | 115.8 | 117.4 | 115.9 | 110.9 | 112.2 |  |  |
| Class I Motor Carriers (Intercity) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Carriers of property (quarterly totals): <br> 入umber of reporting earriers. |  | 875 |  |  | 872 |  |  | 907 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating revenues, totul.................-mil. of dol- |  | 966.7 |  |  | 1. 102.2 |  |  | 1,073.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 925.0 |  |  | 1,062. 3 |  |  | 1,025.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Freight carried (revenuc)--------------mil. of tons.- |  | 58.0 |  |  | 65.7 |  |  | 65.9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Carriers of passengers (quarterly totals): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of reporting carriers........... |  | 139 |  |  | 142 |  |  | 136 |  |  | 138 |  |  |  |
| Operating revenues, total....-.......---. mil. of dol. |  | 126.2 |  |  | 102.3 |  |  | 90.6 |  |  | 109.8 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 10 (1) 8 |  |  | 91.5 |  |  | 85.8 |  |  | 93.9 |  |  |  |
| Passengers carried (revenue)-.--....-------millions.- |  | 63.6 |  |  | 59.1 |  |  | 51.9 |  |  | 57.9 |  |  |  |
| Class I Railroads |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Frejght carloadings (A. A. R.): ${ }^{\text {¢ }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total cars.------------------------...- thousands | 3,149 | - 2,571 | 2,733 | 3,135 | 2, 186 | 2,742 | 2,291 | 2,398 | 2, 489 | 3, 419 | 2,813 | 2, 249 | 2,712 | 2, 190 |
|  | 569 | 460 | 477 | 583 | 467 | 557 | 446 | 412 | 407 | 546 | 471 | 251 | 491 | 403 |
|  | 29 | ${ }_{156}^{28}$ | 31 | $\begin{array}{r}42 \\ 100 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 34 | 42 | 38 | 44 | 44 | 55 | 42 | ${ }^{28}$ | 15 | 12 |
|  | 193 | 156 | 161 | 190 | 135 | 176 | 148 | 158 | 155 | 206 | 164 | 154 | 211 | $i 63$ |
| Grain and grain products.---......--------.- do. | 317 | 214 | 264 | 291 | 201 | 267 | 214 | 204 | 191 | 243 | 240 | 242 | 265 | 201 |
|  | 24 | 34 | 50 | 40 | 18 | 24 | 15 | 19 | 22 | 28 | 17 | 15 | 24 | 32 |
|  | ${ }_{237}^{277}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \\ +222 \\ +200 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }_{191}^{210}$ | 174 | 56, | 76 | ${ }_{6}^{62}$ | 75 | 127 | 365 | 319 | 190 | 54 | 35 |
| Miseeltimeous | 1, 512 | r 1,2057 | 1,349 | 1,596 | 1, $\begin{array}{r}121 \\ \hline 156\end{array}$ | 1, 1928 | 168 1,199 | 176 1,312 | 1,373 | 209 1,767 | 1, $\begin{array}{r}162 \\ \hline 97\end{array}$ | [ $\begin{array}{r}156 \\ 1,214\end{array}$ | 1, $\begin{array}{r}205 \\ 448\end{array}$ | 165 1,179 |
| Freight carloadings, seas. adj. indexes (Fed. Res.): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 104 | 106 | 109 | 110 | 109 | 111 | 111 | 113 | 115 | 118 | 115 | 96 | 95 | 96 |
|  | 93 | 99 | 98 | 100 | 100 | 94 | 92 | 84 | 85 | 92 | 92 | 61 | 81 | 87 |
|  | 79 | 93 | 101 | 112 | 109 | 104 | 113 | 136 | 141 | 144 | 136 | 81 | 40 | 12 |
|  | 119 | 121 | 124 | 128 | 126 | 133 | 125 | 127 | 127 | 130 | 129 | 129 | 130 | 127 |
| Grain and grain products.....-......---......-do.....- | 160 | 141 | 188 | 169 | 157 | 156 | 154 | 155 | 153 | 159 | 169 | 143 | 135 | 132 |
| Ore | 36 129 | $\begin{array}{r}49 \\ 134 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}57 \\ 122 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}43 \\ 122 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}33 \\ 165 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}38 \\ 221 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 34 218 218 | $\begin{array}{r}42 \\ 229 \\ \hline 28\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}44 \\ 173 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}44 \\ 173 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 35 | 38 | ${ }_{25}^{37}$ | 46 |
|  | 30 | 31 | 29 | 28 | ${ }_{27}$ | 26 | 278 | 229 28 | ${ }_{27}^{173}$ | $\begin{array}{r}173 \\ 27 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 180 | 88 | 26 | $\stackrel{21}{26}$ |
|  | 113 | 115 | 117 | 119 | 117 | 120 | 123 | 128 | 133 | 134 | 129 | 114 | 108 | 108 |
| Financial operations: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 833.7 | 846.9 | 903.0 | 809.5 | 836.8 | 784.2 | 748.3 | 857.9 | 856.4 | 879.5 | 899.8 | 821.6 | 774.4 |  |
|  | 700.0 | 724.5 | 777.2 | 688.7 | 684.9 | 660.5 | 637.8 | 734.6 | 736.8 | 756.9 | 765.7 | 687.3 | 642.7 |  |
|  | 64.1 | 52.1 | 50.5 | 51.2 | 66.9 | 57.9 | 49.0 | 51.4 | 48.3 | 50.5 | 61.5 | 64.2 | 62.4 |  |
| Operating expenses. $\qquad$ do Tax accruals, joint facility and equipment rents | 629.9 | 630.1 | 651.2 | 623.8 | 656.0 | 644.5 | 609.2 | 655.5 | 652.7 | 667.9 | 674.2 | 658.5 |  |  |
| mil. of dol- | 111.9 | 123.3 | 137.1 | 105.5 | 103.2 | 103.5 | 99.3 | 123.2 | 121.3 | 124.2 | 136.3 | 114.2 |  |  |
|  | 91.8 74.5 | 93.6 72.7 | 114.7 96.8 | 80.2 63.1 | 77.6 88.4 | 36.2 21.5 | 39.8 20.0 | 79.1 58.0 | 82.3 62.4 | 87.5 71.7 | 89.4 72.6 | 48.9 31.3 | 39.9 |  |
| Operating results: mile |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Freight earricd 1 mile.-.-.-.-.-....-mil. of ton-miles-- | 51, 174 | 50, 164 | $\begin{array}{r}54,643 \\ \hline 1460\end{array}$ | 50, 131 | 46.661 | 47,625 | 45,360 | 51.232 | 51.231 | 55,440 | 53,597 | 46, 179 |  |  |
|  | 1.417 2.368 | 1.475 1.806 | 1.460 1,706 | 1.416 1.689 | 1.488 | 1.434 1,924 | 1.441 1.567 | 1.462 1,705 | 1.474 1,582 | 1.421 1.691 | $\stackrel{1}{1.467}$ |  |  |  |
| Waterway Traffic |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clearances, vessels in foreign trade: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total U.S. ports ------------.--thous. of net tons-- | 13,606 | 12,916 | 13, 702 | 12,538 | 12, 472 | 12,687 | 11.010 | 12. 365 | 11,837 | 13.886 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 11. 227 | 10,741 | 11,292 | 10, 357 | 10,526 | 10,948 | 9,398 | 10,428 | 9,785 | 11, 501 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2, 379 | 2,175 | 2,410 | 2,181 | 1,946 | 1,739 | 1,612 | 1,937 | 2,052 | 2,385 |  |  |  |  |
| Panama Cand: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total ------------.-.....thous. of long tons-- | 4,080 | 3,494 | 4,098 | 4,072 | 4, 106 | 4,365 | 4,231 | 4,726 | 4,264 | 4, 861 | 4,748 | 4,837 | 4,542 | 4,334 |
|  | 986 | 949 | 873 | 988 | 846 | 953 | 853 | 1,055 | 964 | 1,344 | 1,290 | 1,218 | 1,114 | 1,091 |

${ }^{*}$ Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. 1 See note marked "§."
§ Data beginning 1059 include operations intra-Alaska and intra-Hawaii, not included in earlier figures.
OIncludes data not shown separately.
OTDat for August and November 1958, and January, May, and August 1959 cover 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks.
$\ddagger$ Revision for July $1958, \$ 31,000,000$.
$\ddagger$ Revision for July $1958, \$ 31,000,000$.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of buSiness statistics | 1958 |  |  |  |  | 1959 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | August | Septem- <br> ber | October | Novem- ber | Decem- ber | $\begin{gathered} \text { Janu- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Febru- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | March | April | May | June | July | August | $\underset{\substack{\text { Septem- } \\ \text { ber }}}{ }$ |

## TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS—Continued

| TRANSPORTATION-Continued Travel |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hotels: <br> Average sale per occupied room $\qquad$ dollars | 9.14 | 8.84 | 9.37 | 9.07 | 8.22 | 8. 56 | 8. 64 | 8.28 | 9.11 | 8.48 | 9.08 | 8.42 | 9.41 | 9.28 |
| Rooms oceupied | 65 | 89 | $\stackrel{75}{7}$ | -65 | 8. 54 | 67 | 69 | 66 | - 72 | 8. 68 | 9.69 | 8. 60 | 9.4 | 70 |
| Restaturant sales index $\dagger$-.-.-. same month $1951=100 .-$ | 108 | 108 | 113 | 106 | 113 | 117 | 118 | 114 | 116 | 121 | 117 | 117 | 110 | 116 |
| Foreign travel: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U.S. citizens: Arrivals.-.-.-....-.-....... thousinds.- | 243 | 188 | 141 | 109 | 105 | 115 | 117 | 150 | 139 | 143 | 165 | 199 |  |  |
|  | 173 | 129 | 105 | 91 | 115 | 118 | 128 | 148 | 144 | 159 | 224 |  |  |  |
|  | 111 | 112 | 87 | 73 | 75 | 74 | 65 | 82 | 82 | 95 | 99 | 105 |  |  |
|  | 91 | 79 | 70 | 60 | 77 | 60 | 54 | 66 | 64 | 79 | 99 |  |  |  |
| Passports issued and renewed.-------..------ do | 47 | 38 | 34 | 28 | 30 | 48 | 58 | 86 | 95 | 93 | 84 | 65 | 51 | 44 |
|  | 5,572 | 2,061 | 1,333 | 584 | 411 | 428 | 478 | 630 | 746 | 1,348 | г 3,158 | 5,306 | 5,612 |  |
| Pullman Co.: <br> Revenue passenger-miles millions | 346 | 283 | 305 | 297 | 415 | 370 | 318 | 311 | 268 | 255 | 301 | 302 |  |  |
|  | 5,347 | 4,389 | 4,726 | 4,645 | 6,440 | 5,845 | 6, 130 | 5,063 | 4,356 | 4,124 | 4,813 | 4,829 |  |  |
| COMMUNICATIONS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Telephone carriers: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 599.6 | 601.1 | 620.0 | 602.7 | 635.3 | 624.7 | 610.1 | 641.3 | 643.5 | 648.4 | 652.5 | 656.6 |  |  |
|  | 339.3 204.7 | 344.0 201.6 | 351.7 212.1 | 348.8 197.1 | 357.9 219.1 | 357.3 208.8 | 354.6 197.2 | 359.8 223.3 | 363.9 219.2 | 364.7 222.6 | 367.5 224.5 | 366.2 229.3 |  |  |
| Operating expenses, before taxes | 362.2 |  | 383.5 | 360.5 | 398.8 | 376.9 | 363.9 | 387.9 | 387.4 | 388.9 | 392.8 | 408.5 |  |  |
|  | 100.0 | 100.5 | 100.4 | 102.6 | 99.7 | 102.1 | 101.8 | 105.1 | 106.5 | 108.2 | 107.8 | 103.2 |  |  |
| Phones in service, end of month....----.-. millions.- | 57.3 | 57.6 | 57.9 | 58.1 | 58.5 | 58.7 | 59.0 | 59.2 | 59.6 | 59.9 | 60.1 | 60.4 |  |  |
| Telcaraph, cabie, and radiotelegraph carriers: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wire-telegraph: <br> Oprating revenues <br> thous. of dol |  |  | 22,706 | 19,053 | 20, 257 | 20,938 | 19.921 | 22, 381 | 21,878 | 21,920 | 22,828 | 21, 897 |  |  |
| Operating expenses, incl depreciation...-.do.. | 18, 483 | 18,873 | 19,594 | 17,585 | 16,612 | 18,657 | 17,275 | 18,676 | 18, 485 | 18,920 | 18,960 | 19,720 |  |  |
|  | 1,679 | 1, 726 | 2,506 | - 926 | 3,287 | 1,264 | 1,680 | 2, 664 | 2,355 | 1,959 | 2,849 | 1,171 |  |  |
| Ocean-cable: <br> Operating revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2,575 2,362 | 2,830 $\mathbf{2 , 2 1 1}$ | 3,006 2,239 | 2,682 2,011 | 3,095 | 3,015 2,281 | 2,801 2,211 | 2,960 | 3,021 2,356 | 2,888 2,413 | 3,055 2,385 | 3,094 2,364 |  |  |
| Net operating revenues--------------------- do | - 40 | 2, 357 | 505 | 432 | - 637 | 464 | 349 | 430 | 395 | 214 | 435 | 411 |  |  |
|  | 3,588 | 3,645 | 3,856 | 3,458 | 3,876 | 3. 722 | 3,506 | 3,884 | 3,949 | 3,824 | 4,039 | 4, 002 |  |  |
| Operating expenses, incl. depreciation.......do | 2, 688 | 2,837 | 2,887 | 2, 804 | 3, 185 | 2,929 | 2, 720 | 2,923 | 2,922 | 2,949 | 3,004 | 3,080 |  |  |
| Not operating revenues.-...------.-.-........... do. | 798 | 701 | 876 | 560 | 619 | 668 | 651 | 829 | 900 | 750 | 899 | 810 |  |  |

## CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS




| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of bUSINESS STATISTICS | 1958 |  |  |  |  | 1959 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | August | Septem- ber | October | November | December | $\underset{\text { ary }}{\text { Janu- }}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | Septem- |

## CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS-Continued

| FERTILIZERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Consumption (10 States)§.......- thous. of short tons | 200 | 340 | 435 | 367 | 329 | 411 | 581 | 1,491 | 1,799 | 1.488 | 789 | 316 | 256 |  |
|  | 486, 231 | 477, 045 | 412,294 | 396,415 | 341,862 | 338, 184 | 447,716 | 476, 844 | 464, 114 | 471, 229 | 473, 002 | 530, 043 | 462, 443 |  |
| Nitrogenous materials..-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-.---.-.- do. | 45, 502 | 25, 558 | 70,755 | 67, 836 | 64, 223 | 53, 558 | 122, 223 | 83, 044 | 43. 281 | 39,42: | 40,778 | 62,390 | 34, 861 |  |
|  | 391,706 | 399, 136 | 300, 839 | 262, 518 | 214,930 | 249, 661 | 276, 337 | 319,4=0 | 354,754 | 375, $5=8$ | 393, 906 | 438, 590 | 368, 917 |  |
|  | 38,256 | 46,594 | 29,577 | 53, 373 | 41, 441 | 25,648 | 30,316 | 62,689 | 58,321 | 40, 118 | 26, 446 | 25, 334 | 40, 171 |  |
|  | 174,920 | 234, 742 | 239,379 | 167, 444 | 191,448 | 136, 003 | 222,337 | 271, 328 | 304, 488 | 210, 864 | 233,441 | 371, 174 | 323, 819 |  |
| Nitrogenous materials, total $\bigcirc$ | 107, 992 | 137, 158 | 144,484 | 56, 333 | 128, 743 | 82, 371 | 126,272 | 153, 100 | 163,525 | 129.819 | 143,529 | 287, 017 | 200, 980 |  |
|  | 27, 279 | 30, 108 | 55, 972 | 12, 060 | 49,875 | 23,4=6 | 28, 019 | 48,461 | 45, 283 | 53, 239 | 38,837 | 45, 418 | 32,651 |  |
|  | 10,294 | 21, 610 | 11, 110 | 5,394 | 12,942 | 4,003 | 14, 243 | 10,987 | 8, 642 | 9, 864 | 33, 270 | 25, 985 | 6,122 |  |
| Potash materials.-------.------------------- do- | 36,820 | 37, 224 | 56,584 | 30, 160 | 31,863 | 28,390 | 45,387 | 48, 412 | 51, 184 | 15,349 | 20, 582 | 34, 857 | 93,022 |  |
| Potash delivertes $\qquad$ do Superphosphate and other phosphatie fertilizers ( $100 \%$ <br> A.P.A.): | 221,480 | 115, 781 | 205, 581 | 102, 269 | 249, 613 | 113, 247 | 166, 899 | 276, 146 | 360,096 | 193, 210 | 85, 226 | 114, 563 | 223, 688 |  |
|  | 147, 263 | 170,431 | 210, 373 | 211, 183 | 215, 867 | 225, 616 | 236, 354 | 265, 920 | 257, 522 | 241, 899 | 188,788 | 169,247 | 178. 067 |  |
| Stocks, end of month....................-........................... <br> MISCELLANEOUS PRODUCTS | 366, 491 | 336, 078 | 323, 380 | 359, 511 | 378, 734 | 385,448 | 383, 647 | 299, 965 | 179, 589 | 160, 279 | 240, 179 | 284, 881 | 292,913 |  |
| Explosives (industrial), shipments: <br> Black blasting powder.thous. of lb | 238 | 305 | 269 | 209 | 208 | 352 | $20{ }^{\circ}$ | 127 | 316 | 208 | 124 |  |  |  |
|  | 73, 594 | 77, 177 | 79,494 | 70,349 | 70,643 | 61,215 | 67,404 | 73, 523 | 86,6.7 | 80, 427 | 80,696 | 72,245 | 75, 282 |  |
| Paints, varnish, and lacquer, factory sbipments; <br> Total shipments.................................... of dol. | 149.2 | 145.6 | 1410 | 123.0 | 108.7 | 125.5 | 120.7 | 150.7 | 170.7 | 173.0 | 175.9 | 166.7 | 158.4 |  |
|  | 92.7 | 92.1 | 83.1 | 70.1 | 57.3 | 71.2 | 67.7 | 87.7 | 103.0 | 104.1 | 106.5 | 102.9 | 98.4 |  |
|  | 56.5 | 53.5 | 57.9 | 52.9 | 51.4 | 54.3 | 53.0 | 63.0 | 67.7 | 68.9 | 69.4 | 63.8 | 60.0 |  |
| Sulfur (native): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stocks (producers'), end of month_............ do...- | 4,666 | 4,652 | 4,530 | 4,462 | 4,442 | 4,427 | 4,376 | 4,325 | 4,248 | 4,156 | 4,079 | $\begin{array}{r} r 318 \\ +3,988 \end{array}$ | $3,876$ |  |
| SYNTHETIC PLASTICS AND RESIN MATERIALS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cellulose acetate and mixed ester plastics: <br> Sheets, rods, and tubes...................thous. of lb. |  | 3,947 |  |  | 4,238 | 4,580 | 3,852 | 3,713 | 4,634 | 3, 882 | 4, 028 | 4,437 |  |  |
| Molding and extrusion materials.-.-.-.......- do.-- | 8,734 | 8,215 | 10,035 | 8,542 | 8,432 | 8,810 | 7,954 | 9,049 | 9,432 | $\stackrel{3}{3,882}$ | 8,292 | 8,012 |  |  |
| Nitrocellulose sheets, rods, and tubes.----------- do----- | ${ }^{2} 29$ | ${ }^{223}$ | ${ }^{10} 271$ | ${ }^{227}$ | ${ }^{161}$ | ${ }^{294}$ | ${ }^{2} 80$ | ${ }^{288}$ | ${ }^{2} 317$ | ${ }^{8} 1815$ | 304 | -250 |  |  |
| Phenolic and other tar acid resins.--------.-. do | 34, 270 | 39,900 | 46, 205 | 43,786 | 44, 295 | 44,008 | 41,819 | 47,956 | 44,943 | 46,567 | r 46,320 | 39,952 |  |  |
| Polystyrene- | 47, 199 | 55, 257 | 58, 823 | ${ }^{62}, 560$ | 61, 003 | ${ }^{62,} 241$ | 60,905 <br> 87 | 73,706 | 67, 625 | 73,915 | 72, 312 | 65, 723 |  |  |
| Urea and melamine | 25,128 69,672 | 28,302 82,133 80 | 30, 108 | 27,692 85,649 | 26,503 81,563 | 29,162 83,69 | 27,693 82,937 | 30,064 92 936 | 31, 565 | 30,370 98 98 | 33,967 | 23, 470 |  |  |
| Vinyl resins. | 69,672 28,314 | 82,133 30,375 | 88, 858 | 85, $\mathbf{2 6 , 2 4 2}$ | 81,763 26,901 | 83,69 30,683 | 82,937 29,649 | 92, 310 34,023 | $\mathbf{9 2 , 1 2 2}$ <br> 36 | 98, <br> 358 <br> 58 | $\stackrel{98,405}{34,395}$ | 94, <br> 30 |  |  |
| Rosin modifications..---.-.-...-------------.- do-. | 11, 076 | 10, 665 | 11,327 | 10,382 | 10, 14.5 | 10,469 | 10, 194 | 10,604 | 12,413 | 12,518 | 12,601 | 10,705 |  |  |
|  | 7,991 | 8,730 | 12,433 | 9,246 | 10.842 | 11,041 | 10, 712 | 14, 783 | 15,691 | 14, 068 | 13.680 | 11,686 |  |  |
| Polyethylene resins | 68,064 15,820 | 75,252 15,816 | 79,309 19,386 | 78,666 18,666 | 83,692 19,137 | 87,329 123,057 | 78,419 121,592 | 97, 133 126,164 | 98,312 125,903 | 104,549 124,192 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 98,907 } \\ \hline 26,468\end{array}$ | 100,477 122,398 |  |  |

## ELECTRIC POWER AND GAS

| ELECTRIC POWER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Production (utility and industrial), total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 63,280 56,645 | 60,689 53,993 | 62,416 55,357 | 60,875 53,921 | 66,324 59,211 | 67,227 59,943 | 60,968 54,158 | 65,889 58,352 | 63,394 55,807 | 65,381 57,661 | 67,390 59,840 | 68,539 61,695 | 69,562 63,084 |  |
| By fuels............. | 45, 451 | 43, 258 | 44, 543 | 43, 376 | 48,458 | 48, 652 | 43, 487 | 46, 327 | 43,637 | 45, 924 | 48, 586 | 60,212 | -63, 5127 |  |
|  | 11, 194 | 10,735 | 10,814 | 10,545 | 10, 753 | 11, 292 | 10,671 | 12,025 | 12, 170 | 11,737 | 11, 254 | 11, 482 | 10,957 |  |
| Privately and municipally owned utilities...do | 45, 760 | 43, 767 | 44,853 | 43, 587 | 48,090 | 48,688 | 43,938 | 47,369 | 45,376 | 46,872 | 49,001 | 50.037 | 51, 263 |  |
| Other producers (publicly owned) ....-......-do | 10,885 | 10,226 | 10,504 | 10,334 | 11, 121 | 11, $2: 56$ | 10,220 | 10, 983 | 10,431 | 10,790 | 10, 839 | 11,658 | 11,821 |  |
| Industrial establishments, total...-...--....-- do. | 6,634 | 6,696 | 7,060 | 6,953 | 7,113 | 7, 284 | 6, 810 | 7,537 | 7,587 | 7,720 | 7,550 | 6,844 | 6,478 |  |
|  | 6,382 | 6,466 | 6,822 | 6,690 | 6,870 | 6,999 | 6,554 | 7,247 | 7, 264 | 7,411 | 7,284 | 6,608 | 6,261 |  |
|  | 253 | 230 | 238 | 263 | 243 | 285 | 256 | 290 | 323 | 309 | 267 | 236 | 217 |  |
| Sales to ultimate customers, total (EEI) .--..... do | 48,997 | 49, 233 | 48,338 | 47,845 | 50,337 | 52,461 | 51, 140 | 51,427 | 50,434 | 50,410 | 52, 120 | 52, 661 |  |  |
| Commercial and industrial: <br> small light and power.......-...-........................ | 9,494 | 9,366 | 8,699 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 23, 445 | 23,878 | 24,335 | 23, 817 | 24,447 | 24, 301 | 23,826 | 25,052 | 25,049 | 25,743 | 26,550 | 25, 531 |  |  |
|  | 293 | 289 | 300 | 304 | 372 | 355 | 339 | 333 | 307 | 289 | 282 | 277 |  |  |
|  | 12,893 | 12,943 | 12,462 | 12, 898 | 14, 420 | 16,363 | 15,741 | 14,848 | 13, 907 | 12,975 | 13, 008 | 13,681 |  |  |
|  | 1,313 | 1, 1748 | 900 493 | 794 | 791 560 5 | 868 563 | 860 509 | ${ }_{497}^{921}$ | 1,083 | 1,088 | 1, 191 | 1, 408 |  |  |
|  | 419 1,079 | 448 1,083 | 493 1,096 | 526 1,094 | 1, $\begin{array}{r}560 \\ 1,127\end{array}$ | 563 1,149 | 509 1,171 | 1,167 | 154 1,150 | 1,424 1,161 | 1,193 | 1,170 |  |  |
|  | ${ }^{1} 61$ | ${ }^{1} 56$ | ${ }^{1} 53$ | 188 | 1, 56 | 1, 51 | ${ }^{1} 47$ | 1,60 | + 56 | ${ }^{1} 16$ | 1, 59 | , 65 |  |  |
| Revenue from sales to ultimate customers (Edison Electric Institute) .-................................... of dol. | 836.9 | 840.9 | 821.5 | 814.7 | 849.0 | 885.7 | 872.3 | 859.0 | 842.7 | 842.0 | 867.2 | 886.2 |  |  |
| GAS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manufactured and mixed gas (quarterly): $\ddagger$ <br> Customers end of quarter, total o......thousands. |  | 3, 010 |  |  | 2,899 |  |  | 2,878 |  |  | 2,866 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 2, 811 |  |  | 2, 709 |  |  | 2,686 |  |  | 2, 674 |  |  |  |
| Industrial and commercial.----------------.- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ |  | 197 |  |  | 188 |  |  | 191 |  |  | 189 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 302 |  |  | 609 |  |  | 960 |  |  | 511 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 181 |  |  | 444 |  |  | 748 |  |  | 344 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 116 |  |  | 159 |  |  | 205 |  |  | 154 |  |  |  |
| Revenue from sales to consumers, total $\circ$ mil. of dol |  | 47.1 |  |  | 82.9 |  |  | 121.7 |  |  | 70.9 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 34.1 |  |  | 64.5 |  |  | 97.6 |  |  | 53.5 |  |  |  |
| Industrial and commercial.---------------- do |  | 12.7 |  |  | 17.9 |  |  | 23.4 |  |  | 16.7 |  |  |  |

$r$ Revised. $\quad$ P Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ Beginning 1959 includes protective coatings; earlier data (which exclude such coatings) are not comparable.
 nsumption in that State is as follows: (thous. short tons): 1958-July-September, 76; October-December, 84; 1959-
$\quad$ Includes data not shown separately. $\ddagger$ Revisions for 1 ist and 2 d quarters of 1958 are available upon request.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1958 |  |  |  |  | 1959 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | August | September | October | November | December | $\begin{gathered} \text { Janu- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | September |

## ELECTRIC POWER AND GAS-Continued



FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS; TOBACCO

| ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Beer: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 7,680 | 7,227 | 6, 824 | 5, 810 | 6,834 | 6,353 | 5, 894 | 7,702 | 8,679 | 8,672 | 9,586 | 9.648 | 8,689 |  |
| Taxable withdrawals.----------------------- do | 8,184 | 7,185 | 6,893 | 5,852 | 6,651 | 5,565 | 5,346 | 6,717 | 7,510 | 7,969 | 8, 823 | 9,307 | 8, 602 |  |
|  | 10,470 | 10,053 | 9,586 | 9,212 | 9,005 | 9,437 | 9,631 | 10,161 | 10,842 | 11, 069 | 11,314 | 11, 116 | 10,698 |  |
| Distilled spirits (total): | 9,758 | 24,794 | 39,878 | 25,0 | 24, 177 | 21,966 | 20,431 | 22,076 | 23, 407 | 21,961 | 19, 264 | 11, 235 | 15,624 |  |
| Consumption, apparent, for beverage purposes | 9,758 | 24, 794 | 39,878 | 2. | 24,17 | 21, | 20, | 2, | 23, 407 | 21,961 | 19, 264 | 11, 235 | 15, 624 |  |
| thous. of wine gal.- | 17, 407 | 16,562 | 21, 547 | 21,259 | 25, 806 | ${ }^{1} 15,134$ | ${ }^{1} 15,328$ | 118,674 | 117, 153 | 1 18, 175 | ${ }^{1} 18,634$ | ${ }^{1} 17,259$ |  |  |
| Taxable withdrawals..-....-----thous. of tax gal | 13, 056 | 13, 809 | 19,727 | 15,870 | 10, 175 | 11,043 | 11,545 | 12,978 | 13, 354 | 13,972 | 12, 817 | 12,909 | 15,085 |  |
|  | 845, 697 | 845,026 | 843, 626 | 844,385 | 854, 946 | 861, 884 | 866,203 | 872,725 | 878, 849 | 884, 492 | r 888,850 | 884, 237 | 881, 204 |  |
| Imports..---------------------thous. of proof gal.- | 2, 052 | 2,947 | 3, 392 | 4,277 | 3,280 | 1,801 | 1,851 | 2,330 | 2, 548 | 2, 669 | 2,517 | 2,377 | 2,750 |  |
| Whisky: | 4,033 | 9,172 | 15, 188 | 14,220 | 16,343 | 14,441 | 13,994 | 14,468 | 15,509 | 14,532 | 12,131 | 6,747 | 7,193 |  |
|  | 6,815 | 7,062 | 10, 374 | 14,699 | 16,343 5,347 | 14, 5 5,901 | 13, 6,311 | 14,468 6,635 | 18, 611 | 14,532 6,599 | 12, ${ }^{\text {5, }} 967$ | 5,720 | 5,676 |  |
|  | 742,319 | 741, 769 | 742,531 | 744,602 | 753, 073 | 759, 106 | 763, 704 | 768, 349 | 774, 235 | 779,245 | 782, 853 | 781, 225 | 777, 675 |  |
| Imports .-......-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-.thous. of proof gal. - | 1,815 | 2,587 | 3,010 | 3,875 | 2,898 | 1,568 | 1,680 | 2, 054 | 2,280 | 2,359 | 2, 236 | 2,112 | 2,449 |  |
| Rectified spirits and wines, production, totalo ${ }^{\text {to }}$ thous. of proof gal.. | 5,946 | 6,865 | 10,892 | 8,849 | 5, 776 | 5, 141 | 6,144 | 6, 304 | 6, 379 | 6, 803 | 6,444 | 5,979 | 6,755 |  |
|  | 4,533 | 5, 429 | 9, 069 | 7,480 | 4,536 | 3, 939 | 5,013 | 5,046 | 5, 069 | 5,316 | 4,972 | 4.703 | 5,173 |  |
| Wines and distiling materials: Effervescent wines: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production........-.---.-.-.-....thous. of wine gal.- | 259 | 113 | 201 | 185 | 268 | 224 | 321 | 381 | 295 | 301 | 349 | 305 | 285 |  |
|  | 136 | 212 | 306 | 353 | 389 | 197 | 149 | 189 | 177 | 216 | 268 | 167 | 204 |  |
|  | 2,243 | 2,124 | 1,986 | 1,795 | 1, 635 | 1,645 | 1,797 | 1,974 | 2, 069 | 2,138 | 2, 188 | 2,308 | 2, 326 |  |
|  | 38 | 58 | 99 | 131 | 123 | 37 | 43 | 50 | 56 | 68 | 62 | 46 | 52 |  |
| Still wines: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2,987 | 5 | 1,766 |  | 10 | 3 |  |
| Taxable withdrav | 11, 037 | 12,668 | 13, 945 | 12, 631 | 13,487 | 11,349 | 11,173 | 13,334 | 11,870 | 10,921 | 11,284 | 9,671 | 10, 406 |  |
| Stocks, end of month | 109, 499 | 145, 116 | 209, 363 | 212,516 | 200, 303 | 190,040 | 177, 318 | 169, 404 | 157, 280 | 149,563 | 138, 082 | 126,029 | 117, 477 |  |
| Imports_--------- | 580 | 677 | 154 827 | , 979 | 946 | 522 | , 522 | 703 | 668 | 889 | 696 | 552 | 690 |  |
| Distilling materials prod | 13, 298 | 115,853 | 154,877 | 35,661 | 13,353 | 3,111 | 1,579 | 2,537 | 2,531 | 4,474 | 2,880 | 2,184 | 21,677 |  |
| DAIRY PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Butter, creamery: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (factory) $\ddagger$ - | -98,550 | r86,929 | - 92,520 | - 89, 99] | r 107, 237 | r 116, 300 | r 108, 190 | r12 1,395 | 7126, 845 | -143, 390 | r 135, 605 | r 112,485 | 90, 890 |  |
| Stocks, cold storage, end of month_-.-.......do | 178,352 | 145, 671 | 119, 703 | 93, 347 | 69, 295 | 63, 708 | 64, 033 | 63, 294 | 82, 278 | 104, 138 | 138, 224 | 148, 060 | r131, 988 | 92,363 |
| Price, wholesale, 92 -score (New York)..-dol. per 1b.Cheese: | . 594 | . 613 | . 598 | . 594 | 613 | . 588 | . 589 | . 588 | 588 | 587 | 588 |  | 609 |  |
|  | r115, 492 | r 103, 465 | r 101, 266 | -93,380 | + 99,867 | r 100, 495 | r 96, 570 | r 116, 720 | r 128, 225 | r 153, 335 | r 150,075 | r 129,355 | 113, 440 |  |
|  | r 84,246 | r 71, 126 | r 66, 281 | r 59,551 | ${ }^{\text {r 61, }} 971$ | +65, 690 | + 64, 155 | r 78,055 | r 90,750 | 114, 410 | ${ }^{r} 112,310$ | r 94, 085 | 81,350 |  |
| Stocks, cold storage, end of month, total........do...- | 363, 026 | 350, 449 | 327, 843 | 302,999 | 293, 189 | 269, 469 | 260, 100 | 257, 271 | 283,189 | 310, 107 | 347, 725 | 371, 620 | r 375,833 | 362, 902 |
| American, whole milk.--------------------- do---- | 315, 275 | 304, 842 | 282, 444 | 257,405 | 249, 042 | 235, 998 | 227, 830 | 226, 083 | 248,748 | 272, 216 | 307, 301 | 330, 626 | r 334, 261 | 320, 830 |
| Imports | 2,840 | 4,197 | 5,755 | 6,277 | 6, 648 | 5, 320 | 4,853 | 5, 649 | 4,879 | 4,268 | 5,148 | 3, 906 | 3,614 | -----...- |
| Price, wholesale, American, single daisies (Chicago) dol. per lb_- | . 389 | . 390 | . 391 | . 390 | . 384 | . 381 | . 382 | . 382 | . 380 | . 380 | . 380 | . 380 | . 382 | . 385 |
| Condensed and evaporated milk: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production, case goods: $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Condensed (sweetened)------------thous. of lb-- | - 4,387 | - 5, 128 | $\stackrel{7}{4,344}$ | ${ }^{7} 3,862$ | +4,186 | $r$ r 4,220 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r 4,880 } \\ \hline 140\end{array}$ | ${ }^{\text {r 5 5, }} 230$ | + 5, 310 | T5,725 | 6, 100 | 6, 160 | 5, 430 |  |
| Evaporated (unsweetened) --------7--.-.--do.--- | r216,293 | r184,702 | r161, 624 | r131,902 | r 138,605 | 143, 500 | 140,900 | r 182, 600 | 208, 200 | г272, 400 | 269, 600 | 235, 200 | 216, 200 |  |
| Condensed (sweetened)......-.-...-.thous. of lib.- | 5,838 | 7,440 | 5,956 | 5,604 | 4,537 | 3,936 | 3, 791 | 5,087 | 4,859 | 5,741 | 6,444 | 5, 715 | 5,666 |  |
|  | 373, 684 | 387, 966 | 353, 048 | 274, 851 | 190, 141 | 135, 833 | 92, 420 | 83,814 | 106, 198 | 193, 121 | 288,979 | 333, 008 | 375, 249 |  |
| Exports: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Condensed (sweetened) - | 2,486 3,338 | 3,112 4,358 | 2,922 8,568 | 3,962 29,793 | 2,985 19,853 | 2,691 5,057 | 3,127 2,083 | 2,708 5,131 | 3,854 4,362 | 3,486 4,524 | 2, 653 5,983 | 5,002 17,003 | 3.563 10,669 |  |
|  | 3,338 | 4,358 | 8,568 | 29,793 | 19,853 | 5, 057 | 2, 083 | 5,131 | 4, 362 | 4,524 | 5,983 | 17,003 | 10,669 |  |
| Price, manufacturers' average selling: <br> Evaporated (unsweetened) $\qquad$ _dol. per case.- | 6.15 | 6.15 | 6.14 | 6.14 | 6.15 | 6.16 | 6.17 | 6.17 | 6.17 | 6.15 | 6.16 | 6.15 | 6.16 |  |
| Fluid milk: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production on farms ...----------------mil. of lb.- | 10,487 | 9,492 | 9, 455 | 8,889 | 9,371 | 9,754 | 9, 344 | 10,667 | 11,171 | 12,595 | 12,152 | 12,224 | 10,335 | 9,413 |
| Utilization in manufactured dairy products...-do..-- | 3,681 | 3,255 | 3,293 | 3,127 | 3,490 | 3,725 | 3,490 | 4,083 | 4,328 | 5, 076 | 4,922 | 4,130 |  |  |
| Price, wholesale, U.S. average_.-...-dol. per 100 lb . | 4.05 | 4.32 | 4.46 | 4.49 | 4.44 | 4.34 | 4.22 | 4.06 | 3.89 | 3.75 | 3. 70 | 3.90 | r 4.09 | p 4.35 |
| Dry milk: ${ }_{\text {Prod }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production: $\ddagger$ Dry whole milk..................-......thous. of Ib.- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | r 7, \% 11349 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } 7,990 \\ \hline 90\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}r \\ 8,480 \\ \hline 99\end{array}$ | + ${ }^{6}, 956$ | -6,815 | $r 8,300$ $r 138$ | r 7, 400 | r 8, $\times 150$ | $r 7,750$ $r 178$ | $\begin{array}{r}r 8,800 \\ r 211 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $r 8,900$ +200000 | $\begin{array}{r}r 7,100 \\ r 150 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 6,600 117,500 |  |
| Nonfat dry milk (human food) -------------do----- Stocks, manufacturers', end of month: | \% 113, 954 | r 90, 587 | r99, 159 | r 102, 444 | r 126, 263 | ${ }^{+138,250}$ | r 132, 450 | r 157, 400 | r 178, 200 | r211, 200 | r200, 000 | r 150, 400 | 117,500 |  |
| Dry whole milk.-....-.-................-- do. | 9,189 | 9,515 | 9, 273 | 7,282 | 6,211 | 6,390 | 6, 203 | 6,025 | 6,235 | 6, 864 | 7,055 | 7,490 | 7,282 |  |
| Nonfat dry milk (human food) -.......-.-.-...- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 113,936 | 95,315 | 82,383 | 79, 744 | 87, 113 | 87, 475 | 86,460 | 78,807 | 88,636 | 125, 248 | 144, 615 | 132, 496 | 114, 533 |  |
| Exports: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1.393 |  |
| Dry whole milk - ---------- Nonfat dry milk | 1,888 22,450 | 9,024 7,551 | 2,340 10,698 | 3,798 10.822 | 1,875 32,366 | 3,961 12,524 | 1,577 | 1,812 13,743 | 1,779 19,885 | 1, 53,505 | 2,203 21,920 | 2,560 35,105 | 1.393 |  |
| Price, manufacturers' average selling, nonfat dry milk (human food) $\qquad$ dol. per lb.- | 22,180 .137 | . 136 | 10,088 .136 | 10,32 .136 | 32,36 .136 | 12,524 .136 | . 136 | 183 | 19,885 .136 | res .135 | . 135 | . .136 | . 135 |  |

-Revised. p Preliminary. $\quad 1$ Data for Alaska, included beginning January 1959, are as follows (thous. of wine gallons): January-July-30; $26 ; 32 ; 49 ; 45 ; 51 ; 40$.
O Totals include data not shown separately. Revisions for 1st and $2 d$ quarters of 1958 (back to 1952 for total sales and total revenue) are available upon request.
o'Data beginning July 1958 exclude production of wines and vermouth; for July 1957-June 1958, such production totaled il2, 000 gal.
 orated milk-January-July 1958; dry whole milk-January 1952-December 1955 and January-July 1958; nonfat dry milk-January 1954 -July 1958.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1958 |  |  |  |  | 1959 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | August | Septeraber | October | November | $\begin{gathered} \text { Decem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | January | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | Septem- ber |

## FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS; TOBACCO-Continued

| FRUITS AND VEGETABLES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Apples: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (crop estimate) ---------- - thous. of bu-- |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{1} 126,610$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{2} 115,84$ |
| Shipments, carlot-------.-.---- No. of carloads.- | 33 | 838 | 2,366 | 1,790 | 2,494 | 27,136 | 1,997 | 2, 225 | 2.249 | 1,545 | -893 | $\begin{array}{r}5883 \\ \hline 306\end{array}$ | ${ }_{+} 191$ | 13, 290 |
| Stocks, cold storage, end of month...--thous. of bu-- | 175 | 16,401 | 54, 123 | 47,409 | 37,547 | 27,955 | 20,912 | 14,244 | 7,876 | 3,893 | 1,577 | 306 | ¢ 307 | 13, 760 |
| Citrus fruits, carlot shipments.--...--No. of carloads.- | 3,880 | 2,696 | 2,263 | 4,112 | 9, 065 | 7,809 | 7,016 | 8,285 | 8,846 | 8,592 | 7, 037 | r 8,938 | г 7,068 | 9,041 |
| Frozen fruits, juices, and vegetables: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stocks, cold storage, end of month: | 536, 253 | 539,084 | 530, 821 | 511, 597 | 493, 172 | 458, 198 | 404, 354 | 361, 374 | 305, 726 | 286, 046 | 362,245 | 498, 221 | \% 533, 934 | 532,765 |
| Fruit juices and purees.-...............-.........do | 356, 516 | 292, 215 | 245, 039 | 206, 758 | 222, 711 | 297, 741 | 396, 238 | 418, 899 | 487,091 | 595, 481 | 633, 096 | 573, 275 | +517,051 | 437,688 |
| Vegetables..-.-....-.......-.................- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 793, 100 | 860, 752 | 904, 594 | 899, 570 | 846, 853 | 761, 248 | 687, 121 | 647, 899 | 637, 920 | 593, 334 | 623, 129 | 730, 596 | r871,747 | 914,673 |
| Potatoes, white: <br> Production (crop, estimate) thous. of cwt |  |  |  |  | 1265,729 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{2} 243,543$ |
| Shipments, carlot ............-.-.-. No. of carloads.- | 6,623 | 9,085 | 10,368 | 10,100 | 12,271 | 15,333 | 14,383 | 17,297 | 17, 155 | 16,437 | 16,426 | r 8,938 | r 7,068 | 9,041 |
| Price, wholesale, U.S. No. 1 (New York) $\begin{gathered}\text { dol. per } 100 \mathrm{lb} .-\end{gathered}$ | 3.213 | 3.125 | 2.863 | 3.225 | 2.888 | 2.925 | 3.130 | 2.783 | 4.219 | 5. 000 | 5.450 | 4. 090 | D 3.635 |  |
| GRAIN AND GRAIN PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exports (barley, corn, oats, rye, wheat) --thous. | 68, 248 | 60,046 | 63,597 | 61,601 | 69,439 | 73, 190 | 58,932 | 64, 140 | 62, 830 | 72, 163 | 70,769 | 82,792 | 65,228 |  |
| Barley: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (crop estimate) | 31, 833 | - 19, 824 | 17, 430 | 10,746 | $\begin{array}{r} 470,449 \\ 13,606 \end{array}$ | 14,238 | 12,37 | 12, | 12, | 11, 430 | 13,731 | 21,156 | 32,227 | -2408,442 |
| Stocks, domestic, end of month: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Commercial.-...... | 45,005 | 44,270 | 48,520 | 47, 924 | 46,918 | 47, 149 | 47,639 | 43,524 | 39, 222 | 35,645 | 35, 140 | 34,988 | 39,474 | 40, 991 |
| On farms.--- | 13,684 | 306,800 10,678 | 622 | 7, 135 | 225,368 12,912 | 11, | 5,994 | 151,372 7,715 | 6. 918 | 4,474 | 64,227 12,077 | 14,368 | 14,782 | 251, 656 |
| Prices, wholesale (Minneapolis): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| No. 2, malting..........................-dol. per bu.- | 1.204 | 1.182 | 1.182 | 1.172 | 1.190 | 1.169 | 1.214 | 1.180 | 1.228 | 1.235 | 1. 207 | 1.165 | 1.167 | 1.174 |
|  | 1.146 | 1. 137 | 1.145 | 1.132 | 1.163 | 1. 139 | 1.175 | 1.139 | 1.183 | 1.197 | 1. 155 | 1. 160 | 1. 120 | 1. 094 |
| Corn: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 12 | 12,333 | 13, 802 | 11. 531 | 13,800 11,539 | 411,742 | 411,759 | 412,547 | 412,751 | 412.724 | ${ }^{4} 13.545$ | 412,685 | 113,863 | 4,420 |
| Receipts, interior primary marke | 23, 259 | 27,006 | 33, 229 | 47, 306 | 29,600 | 28,38 | 33, 166 | 36, 402 | 42, 520 | 28, 388 | 34, 702 | 24, 226 | 21, 592 |  |
| Stocks, domestic, end of month: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Commerical. | 91, 470 | 88,563 | 90, 153 | 109, 234 | 100, 026 | 97, 973 | 105, 231 | 109, 792 | 120,285 | 121, 421 | 116, 813 | 104, 622 | 101, 876 | 103, 022 |
| Exports, including meal and four.-.--thous. of bu | 13,389 | 17,052 | 15,698 | 20,564 | -19,277 | 16,444 | 16,721 | 13,597 | 16,679 | 21,452 | 19,737 | 22,339 | 15,094 |  |
| Prices. wholesale: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| No. 3, yellow (Chicago) Weighted average, 5 markets, all grades per bu | 1.340 1.255 | 1.266 1.115 | 1.149 1.068 | 1.117 1.074 | 1.167 1.096 | 1.171 1.098 | 1.179 1.101 | 1.207 1.130 | 1.283 1.218 | 1.290 1.225 | 1.289 1.246 | $\begin{aligned} & 1.265 \\ & 1.222 \end{aligned}$ | 1.272 1.203 | 1.163 1.116 |
| Oats: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (crop estimate) .-.........-.-. mil. of hu- |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{1} 1,422$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 21,075 |
| Receipts, interior primary markets.---thous. of bu- | 32,517 | 12,292 | 5,162 | 3,672 | 7,381 | 9,140 | 5,741 | 7,206 | 6,474 | 9,140 | 9,348 | 19,975 | 18,379 |  |
| Stocks, domestic, end of month: Commercial. ------------ | 31, 451 | 38.519 | 33, 943 | 28,297 | 25 | 23,01 | 22,183 | 20 | 19,659 | 17,298 | 14, | 21,754 | 29,246 | 53 |
| On farms ------------------------1.-.-.- do |  | 1,202, 549 |  |  | 952, 566 |  |  | 587, 576 |  |  | ${ }^{3} 299,734$ |  |  | 898, 819 |
| Exports, including oatmea | 2,120 | 866 | 1,830 | 2,100 | 3,122 | 4,040 | 3,328 | 2,218 | 2,200 | 2,345 | 4,412 | 9,330 | 45 |  |
| Price, wholesale, No. 3, white (Chicago).-dol. per bu | . 642 | . 621 | . 612 |  | . 698 | . 699 | . 676 | . 676 | . 700 | . 694 | . 700 | . 701 | . 704 | . 68 |
| Rice: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (crop estimate) --------thous. of bags $\%$-- |  |  |  |  | 147,015 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{2} 51,603$ |
| Caliormia: Receipts, domestic, rough.......-----thous. of $1 \mathrm{~b}_{2}$ | 169, 218 | 125, 914 | 168,809 | 92, 469 | 92,062 | 133, 123 | 90,282 | 115,677 | 110,076 |  | 3,618 | 127, 557 |  |  |
| Shipments from mills, milled rice...-.....-. do.-.- | 112, 412 | 105, 497 | 57,019 | 45, 755 | 54, 010 | 60,326 | 92, 837 | 77, 788 | 68,975 | 50,769 | 62, 920 | 74, 501 | 42,687 | 37, 521 |
| Stocks, rough and cleaned (cleaned basis), end of month ...............................thous. of 1 b .- | 47, 663 | 28,329 | 73,4 | 78,73 | 74,87 | 93, |  |  |  | 57,281 | ,3 | 5,578 | - 45,664 | 26,875 |
| Southern States (Ark., La., Tenn., Tex.): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Receipts, rough, at mills | 143,466 78,804 | 641,449 120,794 | $\|1,075,108\|$ | 312,735 120,766 | 196,864 113,685 | 135,098 131,856 | 68,465 141,994 | 98, 119 11986 | 29,009 170,607 | 36,041 156,838 | 61,418 209,588 | 34,322 140284 | ${ }_{150,912}^{250,976}$ |  |
| Shipments from mills, milled rice $\qquad$ do Stocks, domestic, rough and cleaned (cleaned | 78, 804 | 120,794 | 163, 518 | 120, 766 | 113, 685 | 131, 856 | 141, 994 | 119,870 | 170,607 | 156,838 | 209, 588 | 140,284 | 150, 912 |  |
| Stocks, domestic, rough and cleaned (cleaned basis), end of month. mil. of lb. | 321.0 | 535.1 | 1,115.2 | 1,172. 1 | 1,182. 3 | 1,137.1 | 1,038.0 | 867.0 | 723.8 | 617.1 | 488.9 | 592.2 | 365.8 |  |
| Exports | 112,349 | 133,979 | 135, 699 | 69,316 | 55,606 | 69,613 | 55, 341 | 131,368 | 91, 533 | 137, 551 | 175,264 | 142,268 | 204,780 |  |
| Price, wholesale, head, clean (N.O.) -- dol. per lb | . 101 | . 091 | . 093 | . 091 | . 093 | . 094 | . 093 | . 091 | . 089 | . 089 | . 093 | ${ }^{r} .091$ | p. 089 |  |
| Rye: <br> Production (crop estimate) $\qquad$ thous. of bu.. |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{1} 32,485$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{2} 20,996$ |
| Receipts, interior primary markets..-------.-do..-- | 2,982 | 1,095 | 843 | 408 | 420 | 1,042 | 830 | 1,001 | 557 | 1,042 | 594 | 2,758 | 4,017 |  |
| Stocks, commercial, domestic, end of month ...do. | 6,596 | 6,284 | 6,277 | 5,495 | 4,973 | 4,271 | 3,680 | 3, 374 | 3,122 | 2,093 | 2,820 | 4,979 | 7,613 | 8,703 |
| Price, wholesale, No. 2 (Minneapolis)..-dol. per bu... | 1.158 | 1.253 | 1. 262 | 1.231 | 1. 230 | 1.274 | 1.289 | 1.311 | 1.303 | 1.250 | 1.260 | 1.242 | 1. 261 | 1. 256 |
| Wheat: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (crop estimate), total...-....-mil. of b |  |  |  |  | 11,462.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,117.4 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 1282.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 2908.1 2909 |
|  | 83,264 | 56,821 | 36, 172 | 28,747 | $11,179.9$ $\mathbf{2 9 , 3 9 4}$ | 31,988 | 30,387 |  | 20,453 | 31,988 | 51,078 | 86,660 | 51, 258 | 2909.3 |
| Disappearance (quarterly total) ........-.......-d |  | 203, 260 |  |  | 322, 743 |  |  | 282, 282 |  |  | 266, 073 |  |  |  |
| Stocks, end of month: <br> Canada (Canadian wheat) $\qquad$ do | 388, 003 | 381, 512 | 372, 660 | 371,059 | 379, 269 | 380, 133 | 375, 434 | 374, 184 | 376, 435 | 359, 558 | 368, 623 | 406, 382 | 398, 930 |  |
| United States, domestic, totalor |  | 2, 141.1 |  |  | 1,820.2 |  |  | 1.540.7 |  |  | ${ }^{3} 1,276.7$ |  |  |  |
| Commercial (at terminal cities) it thous. of bu-- | 491,068 | 472, 590 | 475, 989 | 456,812 | 422,047 | 420, 989 | 433, 776 | 419,579 | 432, 427 | 418, $700^{-6}$ | ${ }^{3} 391,378$ | 539,068 | 556, 360 | 557, 542 |
| Interior mills (incl. merchant), elevators, and warehouses ...........................thous. of bu |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 940,838 \\ & 643,900 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 854,305 \\ & 456,581 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 761,126 \\ & 282,989 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | ${ }^{3} 114,908$ |  |  | 447,305 |
| Exports, total, including flour-.-...-.........-. ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 37,280 | 30,489 | 36, 152 | 31,092 | 34,038 | 40,911 | 31, 727 | 40,391 |  | 43,607 | 34,408 | 36,322 |  |  |
|  | 33, 345 | 26,387 | 29,587 | 25, 927 | 28, 744 | 35, 427 | 28,410 | 36,851 | 31, 521 | 36, 826 | 26,762 | 33, 439 | 25, 634 |  |
| Prices, wholesale: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| No. 1, dark northern spring (Minneapolis) dol. per bu_- |  |  | 2. 266 | 2. 250 |  |  | 2. 227 |  | 2.215 | 2. 282 | 2.310 | 2.295 |  |  |
| No. 2, hard winter (Kansas City).-.........do..--- | 1. 846 | 1.951 | 1.974 | 1. 999 | 1.984 | 1. 998 | 2.028 | 2.067 | 2.090 | 2.030 | 1.916 | 1.936 | 1.993 | 2. 013 |
| No. 2, red winter (St. Louis) | 1.785 | 1.819 | 1. 923 | 1.930 | 1.948 | 2.037 | 2.041 | 2.018 | 1.904 | 1.885 | 1.773 | 1.801 | 1.867 | 1.881 |
| Weighted avg., 6 markets, all grades | 2.063 | 2.174 | 2.213 | 2. 220 | 2.208 | 2. 187 | 2. 162 | 2. 195 | 2. 191 | 2.212 | 2. 122 | 2.087 | 2. 248 | 2.246 |

$r$ Revised. $\quad p$ Preliminary ${ }^{1}$ December 1 estimate of 1958 crop. $\quad 2$ October 1 estimate of 1959 crop
${ }^{3}$ Old crop only; new grain not reported until beginning of new crop year (July for barley, oats, and wheat; October for corn). 4 Data beginning January 1959 are on standard 17 -percent moisture basis; prior thereto, on basis of varying moisture content (from 12 to 25 percent). January 1959 figure comparable with earlier data is $11,885,000$ bushels. 5 No quotation.
§Excludes a small amount of pearl barley. O Bags of 100 lb .
or The total includes wheat owned by Commodity Credit Corporation and stored off farms in its own steel and wooden bins; such data are not included in the breakdown of stocks.
GData for March, June, September, and December are not strictly comparable with those for other months, largely because of somewhat smaller coverage of the quarterly reports.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1958 |  |  |  |  | 1959 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | August | September | October | November | December | January | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Septem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ |

FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS; TOBACCO—Continued

| GRAIN AND GRAIN PRODUCTS-Continued <br> Wheat flour: <br> Production: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Flour--..---------.- thous. of sacks (100 lb.).- | 20, 220 | 21,504 | 23, 385 | 20, 191 | 21,072 | 21,584 | 18,861 | 20,595 | 19,454 | 20,272 | 20, 187 | 19,944 |  |  |
| Operations, percent of capacity- | 87.7 | 93.2 | 92.5 | 96.7 | 87.0 | 93.3 | 85.6 | 84.8 | 80.0 | 87.4 | 82.7 | 78.1 |  |  |
| Offal----7.---------------thous. of short tons-- | 382 46.266 | 48,875 | 435 53,084 | 375 45,825 | 390 47950 | 400 48,959 | 351 42884 | 382 46.720 | $\begin{array}{r}360 \\ 44 \\ \hline 113\end{array}$ | 375 953 | 376 46056 | 374 |  |  |
| Grindings of wheat thous. of bu.- <br> Stocks held by mills, end of quarter <br> thous. of sacks ( 100 lb .) | 46, 266 | 48,875 4,441 | 53,084 | 45,825 | 47,950 4,353 | 48,959 | 42,884 | 46,720 4,519 | 44, 113 | 45,953 | 46,056 4,389 | 45, 445 |  |  |
|  | 1,711 | 1,784 | 2,854 | 2,245 | 2,302 | 2,384 | 1,442 | 1,539 | 2,368 | 2,948 | 3,324 | 1,253 | 1,862 |  |
| Prices, wholesale: <br> Spring, short patents (Minneapolis) <br> dol. per sack ( 100 lb .) - | 5.695 | 5.870 | 5. 830 | 5. 760 | 5. 580 | ${ }^{1} 5.430$ | ${ }^{1} 5.450$ | ${ }^{1} 5.450$ | ${ }^{1} 5.420$ | 15.630 | 15.690 | r15.730 | D 5.550 |  |
| Winter, hard, short patents (Kansas City)..do..-- | 5.050 | 5. 230 | 5. 465 | 5. 400 | 5. 125 | 14.850 | 15.025 | 14.975 | 15.005 | ${ }^{15.185}$ | 14.975 | ${ }^{1} 5.065$ | D 5.070 |  |
| Cattle and calves: LIVESTOCK |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Slaughter (federally inspected): | 424 | 471 | 541 | 441 | 474 | 424 | 377 | 423 | 406 | 358 | 366 | 382 | 359 | 415 |
|  | 1,479 | 1,561 | 1,647 | 1,302 | 1,437 | 1,441 | 1. 219 | 1,334 | 1, 433 | 1,412 | 1,473 | 1,557 | 1,450 | 1,539 |
| Receipts, principal markets | 1,783 | 2, 440 | 2,670 | 1,907 | 1,793 | 1,751 | 1,416 | 1,753 | 1,759 | 1,633 | 1,793 | 1,699 | 1,855 |  |
| Shipments, feeder, to 9 corn-belt States.------do | 364 | 815 | 1,273 | 897 | 352 | 386 | 291 | 344 | 477 | 349 | 295 | 329 | 444 |  |
| Prices, wholesale: Beef steers (Chicago) .....-.-.-.-. dol. per 100 lb - | 25.91 | 26.65 | 26.70 | 26.79 | 27.01 | 27.81 | 27.44 | 28.22 | 29.32 | 28.82 | 28.15 | 27.61 | 27.36 | 27.48 |
| Steers, stocker and feeder (Kansas City) .-... do..-- | 24.46 | 25. 47 | 25. 80 | 26. 46 | 25. 81 | 26. 10 | 25.97 | 27.78 | 28. 63 | 28.69 | 27.24 | 26. 47 | 25.96 | 25.38 |
| Calves, vealers (Chicago)...----------------- do...- | 31.50 | 32.00 | 32.00 | 33.50 | 32.50 | ${ }^{2} 36.50$ | ${ }^{3} 36.00$ | ${ }^{2} 33.00$ | ${ }^{2} 35.00$ | ${ }^{2} 35.00$ | ${ }^{2} 30.50$ | 228.50 | 230.00 |  |
| Hogs: Slaughter (federally inspected) ....thous. of animals.- | 4,515 | 5. 219 | 5,911 | 5,258 | 5,814 | 5,885 | 5,686 | 5,733 | 5,652 | 4,970 | 4,902 | 5,184 | 4,977 | 5,767 |
| Receipts, principal markets..--------------- do. | 2,295 | 2,633 | 2, 897 | 2,509 | 3,015 | 2,993 | 2,751 | 2, 900 | 2,899 | 2, 551 | 2,635 | 2,623 | 2,539 |  |
| Prices: <br> Wholesale, average, all grades (Chicago) dol. per 100 lb .- | 20.87 | 20.04 | 18.76 | 18.06 | 17.42 | 16. 25 | 15. 32 | 15.72 | 15. 77 | 15. 59 | 14.94 | 13.02 | 13.56 | 13. 20 |
| Hog-corn price ratio <br> bu. of corn equal in value to 100 lb . of live hog.. Sheep and lambs: | 17.6 | 17.6 | 17.8 | 19.0 | 17.2 | 16.1 | 14.8 | 14.5 | 13.8 | 13.5 | 12.9 | 11.8 | 12.4 | 12. 3 |
| Slaughter (federally inspected) ...- thous. of animals.- | 950 | 1,045 | 1,131 | 883 | 1,061 | 1,322 | 1,080 | 1,143 | 1,101 | 1,017 | 1,056 | 1, 107 | 1,010 | 1,177 |
| Receipts, principal markets --------------- do | 1,035 | 1,357 | 1,273 | 817 | 937 | 1,128 | 875 | 1,009 | 1,005 | 962 | 936 | 912 | 1,061 |  |
| Shipments, feeder, to 9 corn-belt States -------do | , 356 | 565 | 636 | 222 | 121 | 163 | 153 | 120 | 156 | 192 | 168 | 220 | 431 |  |
| Prices, wholesale: <br> Lambs, average (Chicago) dol. per 100 lb .- | 24.00 | 22.00 | 22.25 | 21.88 | 19.75 | 18.62 | 18.62 | 21.25 | 21.50 | 24.75 | 25.25 | 22.50 | 22.00 | 20.62 |
| Lambs, feeder, good and choice (Omaha)....do.... | 22.23 | 22. 78 | 23.03 | 22.56 | 20.88 | 19.75 | 19.71 | 19.55 | 19.88 | 20.28 | 20.62 | 19.46 | 19.50 | 19.08 |
| Total meats: MEATS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (carcass weight, leaf lard out), inspected slaughter | 1,742 | 1,914 | 2, 125 | 1,832 | 2,048 | 2.084 | 1,862 | 1,950 | 2,013 | 1,890 | 1,916 | 1,991 | 1,840 |  |
| Stocks (excluding lard), cold storage, end of month mil. of lb_ | 333 | 317 | 346 | 419 | 462 | 499 | 582 | 602 | 660 | 647 | 582 | 513 | r 432 | 406 |
|  | 46 | 47 | 65 | 67 | 49 | 68 | 78 | 66 | 63 | 73 | 72 | 87 | 75 |  |
|  | 86 | 83 | 74 | 71 | 85 | 80 | 66 | 64 | 94 | 84 | 101 | 87 | 88 |  |
| Beef and veal: <br> Production, inspected slaughter. do | 898.4 | 948.8 | 1,019.2 | 816.4 | 919.7 | 929.7 | 783.1 | 855.4 | 912.3 | 898.2 | 926.9 | 975.7 | 902.7 |  |
| Stocks, cold storage, end of month....-- thous. of lb-- | 125, 234 | 132,938 | 149,210 | 171,633 | 189.655 | 189, 467 | 186, 850 | 184, 641 | 184, 291 | 184, 571 | 177, 562 | 172, 748 | +170, 816 | 176,672 |
|  | 1,680 | 2,514 | 3.027 | 2, 161 | 2. 619 | 1,919 | 1,470 | 1, 850 | 2,039 | r2, 283 | 1,759 | 2, 124 | 2,190 |  |
|  | 44.097 | 46.679 | 41,019 | 38, 181 | 43, 764 | 42, 574 | 38, 945 | 28,767 | 52, 579 | 43, 688 | 56,785 | 58,401 | 70,218 |  |
| Price, wholesale, beef, fresh, steer carcasses, choice (600-700 lbs.) (New York) .-..-.-....-.-. dol. per lb.- | . 451 | . 456 | . 455 | . 452 | . 462 | . 481 | . 482 | . 485 | . 494 | . 491 | . 480 | . 469 | . 461 | 473 |
| Lamb and mutton: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production, inspected slaughter---.-..thous. of lb-- | 42,973 | 47,691 | 51,785 | 41,780 | 51, 927 | 66, 846 | 55, 104 | 57, 520 | 54, 888 | 48, 144 | 48, 010 | 50,008 | 45,719 |  |
| Stocks, cold storage, end of month .-...-..-.-.-do-..-- | 10,969 | 9,927 | 9,913 | 9,280 | 9, 189 | 10,118 | 11,053 | 10,991 | 13, 478 | 15,730 | 16,614 | 17, 374 |  |  |
| Pork (including lard), production, inspected slanghter mil. of lb.- | 800.6 | 917.4 | 1,054.4 | 973.7 | 1,076.2 | 1,087.0 | 1,023. 5 | 1,036.6 | 1,046.2 | 944.0 | 941.3 | 965.4 | 892.0 |  |
| Pork (excluding lard): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production, inspected slaughter ----.--thous. of lb.- | 610, 151 | 698,914 | 793,024 | 730, 133 | 800, 301 | 812, 884 | 771, 769 | 775, 119 | 781,917 | 698,326 | 701, 039 | 713,515 | 670, 330 |  |
| Stocks, cold storage, end of month --...------- do | 149, 128 | 127, 088 | 134. 361 | 184, 438 | 206.414 | 240, 489 | 319,951 | 337, 120 | 380,997 | 365, 360 | 313, 141 | 248, 352 | 183, 745 | 163, 145 |
| Exports-------------------------------------- do | 3, 506 | 3, 627 | 5. 134 | 5,789 | 4,831 18,918 | 4,976 18,404 | 7,500 12,900 | +4,824 | 4,431 18,829 | 5,709 15,689 | 4. 801 15.705 | 5,788 | 6.825 |  |
| Prices, wholesale: | 15, 335 | 13,837 | 15,989 | 16.931 | 18,918 | 18, 404 | 12,900 | 16, 538 | 18,829 | 15,689 | 15, 705 | 15,678 | 11,885 |  |
| Hams, smoked, composite | 570 504 | . 536 | . 521 | . 5493 | 571 478 | 539 480 | .500 .430 | . 506 | . 496 | . 496 | .490 .496 | ${ }^{+} .464$ | ?. 4451 | 480 |
| Fresh loins, $8-12 \mathrm{lb}$, average (New York) $-\ldots-$ do $\ldots$.-- Lard: | 504 | . 548 | . 521 | . 497 | . 478 | 480 | . 430 | . 422 | . 453 | . 463 | . 496 | . 457 | . 446 | . 80 |
| Production, inspected slaughter - ---...thous, of lb... | 139,355 | 159,979 | 190, 814 | 177,557 | 201. 269 | 200, 784 | 183,679 | 191, 489 | 193, 530 | 179, 111 | 175, 734 | 183,991 | 161,921 |  |
| Stocks, dry and cold storage, end of month..--do...- | 49, 827 | 45, 774 | 54, 166 | 67, 938 | 95, 000 | 109, 100 | 117,900 | 132, 200 | 146, 900 | 158, 200 | 147, 800 | 135, 600 | 100, 300 |  |
|  | 26,778 | 25, 177 | 39,322 | 40, 352 | 26, 129 | 42,149 | 56, 521 | 41, 910 | 41,248 | 45, 163 | 46, 840 | 58,365 | 39, 535 |  |
| Price, wholesale, refined (Chicago) ......dol. per lb | . 170 | . 155 | . 158 | . 145 | 128 | . 124 | . 121 | . 120 | . 123 | . 120 | . 120 | . 113 | p. 108 |  |
| POULTRY AND EGGS <br> Poultry: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Slaughter (commercial production) ......-. mil. of lb.Stocks, cold storage (frozen), end of month | 547 | 602 | 689 | 604 | 521 | 402 | 346 | 393 | 432 | 497 | 482 | 475 | 545 |  |
| thous, of lb... | 196, 202 | 278,649 | 408, 089 | 377, 235 | 346, 603 | 331, 835 | 293. 562 | 250, 298 | 215, 310 | 199,037 | 196, 847 | 196, 438 | r 226,474 | 276,948 |
|  | 103, 562 | 160, 808 | 254, 849 | 207,845 | 162,055 | 160, 476 | 140,510 | 112, 252 | 86,699 | 67,688 | 64, 816 | 66,885 | 87, 115 | 132, 747 |
| Price, in Georgia producing area, live broilers $\begin{gathered}\text { dol. per } 1 \mathrm{lb} \\ \text { _- }\end{gathered}$ | . 166 | . 155 | . 152 | . 150 | . 141 | . 175 | . 165 | . 170 | . 155 | . 152 | . 150 | . 150 | . 145 | 148 |
| Eggs: <br> Production on farms mil. of cases $\%$ | 13.0 | 12.5 | 13.4 | 13.7 | 14.6 | 14.9 | 14.1 | 16.5 | 16.1. | 15.9 | 14.3 | 13.7 | 13.1 | 12.6 |
| Stocks, cold storage, end of month: <br> Shell. <br> thous. of cases_ | 494 | 290 | 207 | 140 | 53 | 57 | 52 | 107 | 532 | 1,004 | 1,054 | 888 | +739 | 556 |
|  | 133, 777 | 116,645 | 93, 687 | 73,403 | 57, 082 | 47,085 | 45,701 | 55, 015 | 85, 119 | 119,273 | 149, 175 | 152, 105 | + 149,086 | 136, 313 |
| Price, wholesale, extras, large (delivered; Chicago) dol. per doz.- | . 391 | . 463 | . 423 | . 406 | . 365 | . 356 | . 343 | . 315 | . 263 | . 245 | . 275 | . 291 | . 312 | . 407 |
| MISCELLANEOUS FOOD PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cocoa (cacao) beans: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 5,931 .463 | 6.325 .427 | 7,821 .374 | 8,439 .438 | 41,190 .410 | 22,271 .368 | 15,357 .358 | 19,202 .378 | 20,215 .368 | 20,885 .378 | 18,668 .381 | 12,593 $r$ | 12,710 р. 370 |  |


 parable with data through December 1958 (January 1959 price at Chicago, $\$ 33.00$ ). © Cases of 30 dozen.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1958 |  |  |  |  | 1959 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | August | Septem- ber | October | November | December | January | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | $\begin{gathered} \text { Septem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ |

## FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS; TOBACCO-Continued

| MISCELLANEOUS FOOD PRODUCTS-Con. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Coffee (green): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Inventories (roasters', importers', dealers'), end of quarter-..................................... |  | 1,826 |  |  | 2,114 |  |  | 2, 410 |  |  | 2, 278 |  |  |  |
| Roastings (green weight), quarterly total ..... do...- |  | 4, 910 |  |  | 5,570 |  |  | 5,829 |  |  | 4,987 |  |  |  |
|  | 1,247 | 1, 478 | 2,052 | 1,886 | 2, 0377 | 1,588 | 2, 279 | 2, 252 | 1,781 | 1,840 | 1,508 | 1, 253 | 2,159 |  |
| From Brazil Price, wholesale, Santos, No. 4 (New York) |  | 585 |  |  | 877 | 514 |  | 1,119 | 725 | 827 | 614 | 469 | 1.275 |  |
| Confectionery, manufacturers' sales.... thous. of dol... | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 73, } \\ \hline 180 \\ \hline 188\end{array}$ | 125, ${ }^{4501}$ | 126, ${ }^{.491}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ 114,465 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ 102,278 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | .415 108,520 | + 410 104,287 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ 9678 \\ \hline 185\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} .378 \\ 88,415 \end{array}$ | .376 74,019 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 72, } \\ \hline 139\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}.378 \\ \hline 66,868\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} .366 \\ 75,213 \end{array}$ |  |
| Fish: <br> Stocks, cold storage, end of month . .... thous. of lb.- | 187, 678 | 109,656 | 210, 531 | 217, 556 | 214, 516 | 187, 786 | 153, 778 | 141, 027 | 142, 584 | 161, 252 | 176, 594 | -200, 907 |  |  |
| Sugar: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cuban stocks, raw, end of month thous. of Spanish tons. | 2,190 | 1,740 | 1,257 | 873 | 654 | 667 | 1,452 | 2,776 | 4, 106 | 4,391 | 4,076 | 3,350 | 2, 821 |  |
| United States: <br> Deliveries and supply (raw basis): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production and receipts: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production...--...-.-.-.-----short tons. | 15, 274 | 104, 377 | 647, 374 | ${ }^{825} 6882$ | 588, 066 | 186, 671 | 73, 925 | 42,367 | 45, 312 | 44, 259 | -47,436 | 22,778 |  |  |
| Entries from off-shore, totalo .....-...-- do.... | 835, 632 <br> 242 <br> 189 | 593, 578 229,523 | 4102, 904 | 297,890 | 180,075 70,250 | 593,251 77,556 | 438.836 141,154 | 596, 387 152,535 | 612,751 | 637,787 136,094 | 736,911 240,470 | 714,619 197,555 | 618, 316 |  |
| Hawaii and Puerto Rico. do | 242,597 | 229,523 | 135, 314 | 120,859 | 70, 255 | 77, 556 | 141, 154 | 152, 535 | 171,633 | 136,094 | 240, 470 | 197, 555 | 181, 940 |  |
|  | 915,902 | 876,505 | 786,725 | 624, 045 | 849, 564 | 572, 154 | 547,786 | 717,767 | 733, 510 | 975, 454 | 781,190 | 897, 874 |  |  |
| For domestic consumption .-.-.-.-.-.-. do | 904, 092 | 868, 846 | 778, 259 |  |  | 565, 056 | 542, 834 | 712, 198 | 723,503 | 968,782 | 774, 670 | 886, 772 |  |  |
| For export ......-.-.-..... | 11,810 | 7, 659 | 8, 466 |  |  | 7,098 | 4,952 | 5,569 | 10,007 | 6,672 | 6,520 | 11, 102 |  |  |
| Stocks, raw and refined, end of month thous. of short tons_- | 830 | 691 | 1,040 | 1,695 | 1,873 | 1,916 | 1,912 | 1,828 | 1,755 | 1,463 | 1,469 | 1,282 |  |  |
|  | 328 | 362 | 623 | 4, 121 | 468 | 519 | 492 | 507 | 981 | 371 | 548 | 620 | 399 |  |
| Imports: | 326, 335 | 349, 935 | 260,611 | 258, 853 |  | 292,962 | 297, 859 | 387, 484 | 383, 165 | 416, 193 | 404, 287 | 425, 156 | 414, 243 |  |
|  | 220, 034 | 270, ${ }^{348}$ | 191,899 | 194,854 | 292, 777 | 186, 624 | 169, 797 | 250, 080 | 313, 744 | 327, 645 | 307, 761 | 309, 828 | 278, 112 |  |
| From Philippine Islands..-----.-----.--do..- | 104, 160 | 53, 2 C0 | 59,025 | 37,039 | 2,965 | 54, 467 | 70,835 | 111, 170 | 69,399 | 88, 510 | 96, 525 | 115, 329 | 125, 158 |  |
| Refined sugar, total.........--...........-. ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 44,836 | 38,805 | 26, 284 | 15, 143 | 3,047 | 31,364 | 45, 886 | 50,361 | 55, 477 | 61, 197 | 77,860 | 99, 534 | 23, 212 |  |
| From Cuba | 39,796 | 29, 135 | 18,884 | 3,936 | 1,050 | 23,049 | 37, 552 | 42,586 | 44, 502 | 51, 487 | 68, 113 | 88, 733 | 5,099 |  |
| Prices (New York): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | . 062 | . 064 | . 065 | . 063 | . 065 | . 062 | . 060 | . 058 | . 057 | . 063 | . 063 | . 063 | D. 064 |  |
|  | . 552 | . 552 | . 553 | . 552 | . 553 | 553 | 539 | . 552 | . 551 | 549 | 553 | 554 | . 550 |  |
| Wholesale (excl. excise tax) ....-.-.dol. per 1b-- | . 086 | . 086 | 86 | 086 | . 086 | 086 | 085 | . 085 | . 083 | 083 | 086 | 086 | p. 086 |  |
|  | 8,784 | 7,278 | 8,546 | 8,555 | 11, 121 | 8,498 | 8,635 | 9,057 | 10,949 | 10,071 | 8,983 | 9,696 | 8,228 |  |
| Baking or frying fats (incl. shortening):* <br>  <br> Stocks (producers' and warehouse), end of month |  |  |  |  | 173.1 | 187.3 | 198.0 | 197.0 | 189.4 | 185.9 | 183.5 | 147.2 | 186.8 |  |
| Salad or cooking oils:* mil. of lb-- |  |  |  |  | 131.7 | 113.3 | 119.3 | 123.4 | 136.4 | 140.7 | 142.5 | 116.7 | 114.6 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 153.5 | 140.9 | 137.7 | 157.3 | 158.5 | 164.3 | 186.0 | 155.2 | 147.6 |  |
| Stocks (producers' and warehouse), end of month mil. of lb. |  |  |  |  | 55.6 | 60.5 | 74.0 | 68.1 | 66.6 | 58.5 | 51.6 | 48.7 | 40.3 |  |
| Margarine: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production --..-...-.-.-.-.....-.....-.....-do.. | 118.0 | 136.6 | 143.6 | 129.0 | 148.3 | 149.4 | 149.0 | 132.1 | 123.6 | 115.7 | 122.7 | 115.7 | 118.9 |  |
| Stocks (producers' and warehouse), end of month mil. of 1 b | 30.8 | 26.8 | 34.7 | 32.2 | 38.4 | 34.0 | 38.4 | 41.5 | 43.2 | 36.3 | 33.5 | 33.9 | 34.3 |  |
| Price, wholesale (colored; delivered; eastern U.S.) dol. per lb. | . 265 | . 265 | . 262 | . 262 | . 262 | . 262 | . 262 | . 250 | . 250 | . 243 | . 250 | 253 | p. 253 |  |
| FATS, OILS, AND RELATED PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Animal and fish fats: $\triangle$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 30.5 | 25.3 | 26.2 |  | 25.3 | 25.9 | 27.0 |  |
| Production (quantities rendered) Consumption (factory) | 28.9 | 25.0 | 30.0 | 27.5 | 119.7 | 23.6 | 28.9 | 25.5 | 23.1 | 25.1 | 24.2 | 21.0 | 26.8 |  |
| Stocks (factory and warehouse), end of month |  |  |  |  | 133.1 | 31.3 | 31.1 | 29.8 | 29.6 | 30.3 | 28.5 | 28.2 | 23.9 |  |
| Tallow and grease (except wool), inedible: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (quantities rendered)..............do..... Consumption (factory) do. | 211.4 139.1 | 208.7 148.7 | 244.4 148.3 | 235.1 128.3 | 224.1 $\times 137.7$ | 240.0 148.6 | 229.6 143.1 | 221.6 159.2 | 236.5 169.9 | 236.6 148.0 | 226.8 150.6 | $\begin{gathered} 240.0 \\ 119.1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 235.5 \\ & 145.3 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Stocks (factory and warehouse), end of month |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 22 8 |  |
| Fish and marine mammal oils: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production....-...-.-...................- do | 30.9 | 27.9 | 8.7 | 7.8 | 13.8 | . 6 | . 1 | . 3 | 3.1 | 18.5 | 36.1 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 34.0$ | 28.0 |  |
| Consumption (factory) $\odot$ (factory and warehouse), end of month $\odot$ | 10.6 | 12.9 | 12.2 | 9.6 | 10.5 | 7.0 | 5.4 | 6.2 | 6.3 | 6.9 | 6.8 | ${ }^{5} 6.8$ | 5.8 |  |
| mand mareuse, of lb. | 113.2 | 113.3 | 120.0 | 106.3 | 99.8 | 110.2 | 133.7 | 117.6 | 103.4 | 117.2 | 125.9 | ${ }^{-129.7}$ | 121.6 |  |
| Vegetable oils and related products: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Vegetable oils (total crude and refined): Exports | 105.7 | 114.6 | 92.0 | 44.2 | 109.7 | 130.4 | 42.0 | 71.7 | 177.2 | 186.4 | 91.6 | 234.1 | 169.0 |  |
|  | 42.0 | 51.2 | 46.7 | 39.8 | 43.6 | 37.0 | 37.7 | 50.0 | 50.7 | 50.4 | 44.0 | 49.1 | 39.1 |  |
| Coconut oil: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production: Crude | 38.9 | 35.1 | 37.4 | 30.5 | 30, 4 |  | 28.9 | 28.9 | 38.4 | 36.5 | 41.4 | 34.0 |  |  |
|  | 41.3 | 34.9 | 40.7 | 28.3 | 29.2 | 31.2 | 27.7 | 26.1 | 36.0 | 36.4 | 35.4 | 29.1 | 34.3 |  |
| Consumption in end products -....-....-. do---- |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{1} 39.3$ | 42.1 | 43.2 | 42.8 | 50.1 | 51.5 | 51.0 | 39.5 | 53.6 |  |
| Stocks, crude and refined (factory and warehouse), end of month |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{1} 63.5$ | 59.1 | 47.3 | 47.2 | 47.8 | 44.8 | 39.9 | 49.0 | 44.6 |  |
|  | 19.4 | 21.5 | 20.8 | 15.5 | 15.6 | 14.5 | 8.9 | 17.4 | 22.9 | 21.3 | 15.1 | 17.8 | 14.1 |  |
| Corn oil:* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 23.8 | 23.4 | 25.8 | 22.3 | 22.9 | 21.7 | 22.8 | 25.5 | 25.0 | 25.4 | 26.9 | 24.4 | 26.7 |  |
| Refined $\oplus$-----....-.---------------- do- | 20.4 | 20.0 | 23.4 | 21.9 | 20.4 | 22.2 | 21.8 | 25.1 | 26.2 | 28.0 | 25.3 | ${ }_{26}^{27.1}$ | 27.8 |  |
| Consumption in end products.........do |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{1} 17.8$ | 17.0 | 21.9 | 26.0 | 28.0 | 24.9 | 26.7 | 26.7 | 29.4 |  |
| Stocks, crude and refined (factory and warehouse), end of month ........................................ of lb.. |  |  |  |  | 130.6 | 30.7 | 29.2 | 27.9 | 31.2 | 30.5 | 30.8 | 29.6 | 26.9 |  |

${ }^{r}$ Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ Beginning December 1958 includes amounts for hydrogenated fats (vegetable and animal) and other fats and oils "in process"; strictly comparable data for earlier months not available.

ORags of 132.276 lb . YIncludes data not shown separately. §Price for New York and northeastern New Jersey.
New series; comparable data prior to December 1958 not a vallable, except for corn oil which may be obtained from Census reports. $\triangle$ For data on lard see $p$. S-28.
IConsumption data exclude quantities used in refining (except data for inedible tallow prior to October 1958 which include such quantities). ©Consumption figures exclude data for cod, cod-liver, and other liver oils, and stocks include only the quantities of these oils held by producing firms. $\oplus$ Production of refined oils covers once-refined oils (alkali refined).

| Unless other wise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of bUSINESS STATISTICS | 1958 |  |  |  |  | 1959 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | August | September | October | November | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Decem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Janu- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | September |

FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS; TOBACCO-Continued

| FATS, OILS, AND RELATED PRODUCTS-Con. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Vegetable oils and related products-Con. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption (crushings) ......thous. of short tons .. | 14.6 | 306.8 | 711.2 | 590.2 | 546.9 | 547.1 | 440.1 | 432.6 | 323.5 | 179.2 | 116.6 | 97.4 | 149.3 |  |
| Stocks (at oil mills), end of month...-.-.-...d. do..-- | 331.4 | 506.8 | 1,437.5 | 1,951. 1 | 1,929.9 | 1, 507.4 | 1,126.2 | 722.8 | 405.5 | 233.1 | 130.0 | 100.3 | 265.5 |  |
| Cottonseed cake and meal: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production-....----...--..------------ do | 69.4 | 135.1 | 328.6 | 280.4 | 260.3 | 252.3 | ${ }_{2}^{201.8}$ | 195.2 | 151.5 | 85.9 | 55.1 | 45. 5 | 70.1 |  |
| Stocks (at oil mills), end of month----------do | 78.4 | 71.2 | 116.1 | 106.7 | 78.5 | 79.6 | 103.8 | 139.8 | 166.4 | 170.5 | 153.7 | 116.3 | 87.8 |  |
| Cottonseed oil: Production: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 48. 1 | 96.3 | 238.7 | 202.4 | 184.6 | 188.1 | 152.6 | 148.9 | 116.5 | 65.4 | 41.5 | 35.0 | 50.3 |  |
|  | 47.0 | 70.4 | 144.0 | 142.4 | 1150.1 | 143.1 | 113.9 | 116.8 | 106.3 | 69.9 | 60.8 | 40.6 | 51.2 |  |
| Consumption in end products-.-----------do. |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{1} 102.9$ | 95.7 | 96.7 | 97.5 | 98.2 | 93.7 | 90.2 | 73.6 | 75.7 |  |
| Stocks, crude and refined (factory and warehouse), end of month. mil. of lb . |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{1} 385.6$ | 422.2 | 433.3 | 477.2 | 410.0 | 344.3 | 273.5 | 214.2 | 166.1 |  |
| Price, wholesale (refined; drums; N.Y.)..dol. per lb.- | . 201 | . 180 | .173 | . 174 | . 174 | . 160 | . 160 | . 160 | . 160 | . 179 | . 179 |  |  |  |
| Flaxseed: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption (erushings) -.-. thous. of short tons | 52.4 | $\begin{array}{r}71.7 \\ 164 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 72.0 <br> 158 | $\begin{array}{r}62.9 \\ 147 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 60.6 1086 | 63.8 79.3 | 46.6 60.6 | 52.8 | 31.6 | 46.8 | 37.9 48 | 54.8 | 81.7 |  |
| Stocks (at oil mils), end of month Price, wholesale (No. ; Minneapolis) .-.d. dol. per bu-- | 83.1 3.10 | 164.3 3.00 | 158.1 2.99 | 147.5 2.97 | 108.6 3.00 | 79.3 2.99 | 60.6 2.97 | 28.1 2.99 | 13.7 3.01 | 58.6 <br> 3.03 | 48.7 3.01 | 70.0 2.97 | 67.7 3.28 | 3.42 |
| Linseed oil: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production, crude (raw) $\qquad$ mil. of lb Consumption in end products | 37.2 | 51.5 | 52.3 | 45.5 | 43.7 124.7 | 45.5 26.9 | 33.4 29.9 | 37.3 32.6 | 22.4 37.8 | 33.5 40.8 | 26.8 39.0 | 39.3 36.1 | 58.9 38.8 |  |
| Stocks, crude and refined (factory and warehouse), |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{1} 131.4$ | 150.4 | 141.3 | 152.6 | 132.7 | 121.9 | 97.4 | 92.9 | 105.0 |  |
| Price, wholesale (Minneapolis).-.-.-...dol. per lb.- | . 136 | . 131 | 132 | . 130 | . 129 | 126 | . 128 | . 128 | 126 | 125 | . 125 | . 125 | ${ }^{\circ} .127$ |  |
| Soybeans: <br> Consumption (crushings) -.---thous. of short tons | 948.6 | 752.0 | 1,004. 1 | 1,005.9 | 1,033.3 | 1,100.6 | 1,019.0 | 1,080.3 | 1,037.5 | 1,091.6 | 994.7 | 957.4 | 888.8 |  |
| Stocks (at oil mills), end of month--------- do ---- | 419.7 | 416.1 | 2,943.4 | 3,231.1 | 2,958.3 | 2,829.3 | 2, 593.5 | 2, 219.8 | 1,846.3 | 1,520.2 | 1,346.5 | 1,090. 8 | 501.9 |  |
| Soybean cake and meal:* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1,481. 1 | 1, 182.6 | 1,570.1 | $1,577.9$ 162.6 | $1,636.4$ 110.6 | $1,745.2$ 136.4 | 1,575.4 | $1,677.4$ 186.6 | ${ }^{1,596.2} 2$ | $1,685.0$ 299.2 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,540.4 \\ 306.4 \end{array}$ | $\xrightarrow{1,491.4}$ | 1, 395.4 |  |
| Stocks (at oil mills), end of month..................... Soybean oil: | 169.2 | 96.1 | 130.1 |  |  | 136.4 | 169.4 | 186.6 |  |  |  |  | 193.0 |  |
| Production: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 340.9 | 269.8 | 352.6 | 351.2 | 359.9 | 385.5 | 355.3 | 380.8 | 365.6 | 385.5 | 355.2 | 344.1 | 318.6 |  |
|  | 279.7 | 281.4 | 274.8 | 294.0 | 312.9 | 308.8 | ${ }^{301.9}$ | 303.8 | 321.7 | $\stackrel{277.9}{ } 9$ | 307.9 | 257.7 | 283.1 |  |
| Consumption in end products...-............do. |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{1} 278.7$ | 275.9 | 276.8 | 286.0 | 282.9 | 278.7 | 308.9 | 255.1 | 268.5 |  |
| Stocks, crude and refined (factory and warehouse), <br>  |  |  |  |  | 1324.0 | 380.4 | 455.2 | 476.0 | 512.6 | 512.6 | 472.9 | r 464.4 | 386.6 |  |
| Price, wholesale (refined; N.Y.) --...... dol. per Ib-- | . 155 | . 155 | . 155 | . 157 | 157 | 150 | . 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | ${ }^{p} .145$ |  |  |
| TOBACCO |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (crop estimate) .-.-..........-mil. of lb, |  |  |  |  | 2 1,736 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{3} 1,8$ |
| Stocks, dealers' and manufacturers', end of quarter, total mil. of Ib |  | 4,708 |  |  | 4,977 |  |  | 4,841 |  |  | 4,449 |  |  |  |
| Exports, including scrap and stems---- thous. of lb | 39, 831 | 58,767 | 83, 620 | 54, 713 | 48, 889 | 27, 470 | 17,019 | 33, 219 | 24, 180 | 24, 951 | 25,777 | 23,562 | 38,865 |  |
| Imports, including scrap and stems....------- | 12,827 | 12,326 | 14, 133 | 11,609 | 10,659 | 13,624 | 11,804 | 12, 883 | 11,429 | 13, 306 | 12,671 | 13,481 | 13,324 |  |
| Production, manufactured tobacco, total $\qquad$ do | 15, 242 | 16,111 | 17,724 | 13,455 | 13,465 | 14,951 | 13,855 | 14,542 | 15,381 | 14, 180 | + 15,368 | 14,094 | 14,702 |  |
| Chewing, plug, and twist.-...............-. - do. | 5,689 | ${ }^{6,095}$ | 6,495 | 5, 394 | 5,255 | 5,919 | 5,433 | 5, 404 | 5,712 | 5,487 | 6,041 | 6. 065 | 5. 484 |  |
| Smoking.------------------------------- do | $\stackrel{6}{6} 477$ | 6, 894 | 7,748 | 5,481 | 5. 274 | 6,083 | 5, 647 | 6, 143 | 6,758 | 6,003 | 6,442 | 5, 896 | 6, 255 |  |
|  | 3, 076 | 3,122 | 3,481 | 2,580 | 2,936 | 2,949 | 2,775 | 2,995 | 2,912 | 2,689 | r 2,885 | 2,133 | 2,963 |  |
| Cigarettes (small): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2,964 | 2,995 | 3,291 40895 | 2,657 | 2, ${ }_{\text {2, }}$ | 2, 636 | 2,674 | 2,783 | 3,216 38,097 | 2,974 | r 3, 240 $r 38,413$ | -3,514 | $\stackrel{3}{3}, 003$ |  |
|  | 39,644 535,995 | 38,076 546,698 | 40,895 591,711 | 34,820 618,107 | 33,953 402,108 | 36,242 441,969 | 34,614 453,367 | 35,493 511,721 | 38,097 525,850 | 37,252 618,105 | r 38,413 $\mathrm{r} 650,072$ | 39,908 514,695 | 40,926 529,145 |  |
| Manufactured tobacco and snuff, tax-maid |  | 670 | 17,240 | 13,207 | 13,472 | 14,526 | 13,518 | $14,32.5$ | 15,044 | 14,080 | r 15, 227 | 13,148 | 14,503 |  |
|  | 1,788 | 1,532 | 1,813 | 1, 325 | 1,297 | 1,350 | 1,428 | 1,478 | 1,600 | 1,621 | 1,598 | 1,938 | 2,042 |  |

LEATHER AND PRODUCTS


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 3,867 | 3,649 | 5,231 | 5,080 | 3,997 | 3,882 | 4,142 |
| 200 | 201 | 241 | 224 | 146 | 165 | 119 |
| 379 | 351 | 514 | 451 | 389 | 341 | 380 |
| 4,713 | 3,486 | 4,470 | 4,036 | 5,186 | 6,381 | 5,468 |
| 2,515 | 1,749 | 2,371 | 1,442 | 1,433 | 1,905 | 2,332 |
| 1,172 | 1,318 | 1,580 | 1,474 | 2,150 | 2,576 | 1,958 |
| .500 | .500 | .525 | .550 | .650 | .650 | .675 |
| 133 | .118 | .128 | .133 | .118 | .123 | .133 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 646 | 600 | 699 | 644 | 727 | 689 | 626 |
| 1,983 | 2,025 | 2,331 | 2,044 | 2,162 | 2,153 | 2,046 |
| 1,122 | 1,507 | 1,829 | 1,525 | 1,768 | 1,973 | 1,747 |
| 2,470 | 2,353 | 2,581 | 2,419 | 2,379 | 2,400 | 2,396 |
| 986 | 1,335 | 1,823 | 1,532 | 1,126 | 1,342 | 1,234 |
| 4,578 | 3,569 | 3,952 | 3,982 | 2,767 | 2,988 | 2,633 |
| .630 | .635 | .635 | .640 | .657 | .657 | .697 |
| 1,188 | 1.192 | 1.198 | 1.218 | 1.308 | 1.308 | 1.308 |

1.188
\% Revised. p Preliminary.
${ }^{1}$ Beginning December 1958 includes amounts for hydrogenated fats (vegetable and animal) and other fats and oils "in process." Strictly comparable data for earlier months are not avai able.
${ }^{7}{ }^{2}$ December 1 estimate of 1958 crop. ${ }^{3}$ October 1 estimate of 1959 crop.
${ }^{7}$ Production of refined oils covers only once-refined (alkali refined)
*New series; data prior to August 1958 are available from reports of the compiling agency (Bureau of the Census).
$\%$ Includes data for items not shown separately.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1958 |  |  |  |  | 1959 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | August | $\underset{\text { ber }}{\text { Septem- }}$ | October | November | December | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | Septem- ber |

## LEATHER AND PRODUCTS—Continued

| LEATHER MANUFACTURES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Shoes and slippers: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 50, 388 | 50, 131 | 53, 270 | 45, 015 | 48, 216 | 53, 333 | 54, 258 | 57, 547 | 56, 048 | 51, 444 | 53,428 | 51, 354 | 54,672 |  |
| total. $\qquad$ thous. of pairs. | 42,411 | 41,594 | 43,615 | 37, 153 | 43, 272 | 49, 472 | 48,948 | 51,476 | 49, 044 | 44,737 | 46,375 | 44, 344 | 46, 059 |  |
| By kinds: <br> Men's do.... | 8, 144 | 8,733 | 9,157 | 8,220 | 9, 150 | 9,675 | 9,580 | 10,425 | 10, 523 | 9,498 | 9,305 | 8,325 | 9,142 |  |
|  | 2,111 | 2,198 | 2,023 | 1,703 | 1,990 | 2,187 | 2,233 | 2,318 | 2,195 | 2,110 | 2,158 | 2,451 | 2,284 |  |
|  | 23,702 | 22,012 | 22,759 | 18,846 | 22, 269 | 26.229 | 26,269 | 27,797 | 26, 875 | 24, 161 | 25,535 | 24, 655 | 25.264 |  |
| Misses' and children's.-.-.----------.-.- do. | 5,768 | 5,835 | 6, 484 | 5,500 | 6, 420 | 7,670 | 7,321 | 7, 398 | 6, 239 | 5,902 | 6, 395 | 6.367 | 6,370 |  |
|  | 2,686 | 2,816 | 3, 192 | 2,884 | 3,443 | 3,711 | 3,545 | 3,538 | 3,212 | 3,066 | 2,982 | 2,546 | 2,999 |  |
| Slippers for housewear.....-.----..-.-.......-do.- | 7,110 | 7,619 | 8. 593 | 6, 898 | 3,957 | 3,073 | 4,397 | 4,925 | 5,786 | 5,519 | 5,796 | 5,889 | 7,341 |  |
|  | 419 | 462 | 571 | 443 | 482 | 475 | 534 | 631 | 635 | 665 | 698 | 592 | 653 |  |
|  | 448 | 456 319 | 491 436 | ${ }_{244}^{521}$ | 505 | 313 | 379 256 | 515 | 583 | 523 | 559 | 529 | 619 |  |
| Exports---.---.-.-.-.-. | 303 | 319 | 436 | 244 | 162 | 186 | 256 | 292 | 285 | 255 | 215 | 214 | 233 |  |
| Prices, wholesale, f.o.b. factory: <br> Men's and boys' oxfords, dress, cattle hide upper, Goodyear welt $\qquad$ $1947-49=100$ | 124.4 | 124.4 | 124.4 | 124.4 | 124.4 | 124.4 | 124.4 | 124.6 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 129.5 | 136.0 |  |
| Women's oxfords, elk side upper, Goodyear welt $1947-49=100$ | 133.9 | 133.9 | 135.1 | 134.8 | 134.8 | 134.8 | 134.8 | 134.8 | 138.8 | 142.7 | 142.7 | 142.7 | 150.6 |  |
| Women's pumps, low-medium quality......- do...-- | 118.7 | 118.7 | 119.5 | 119.5 | 120.2 | 120.2 | 120.2 | 120.2 | 130.4 | 132.0 | 132.0 | 132.0 | 132.0 |  |

## LUMBER AND MANUFACTURES

| LUMBER-ALL TYPES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| National Lumber Manufacturers Association: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production, total.------.-..........-----mil. bd. ft.- | 3, 056 | 3,143 | 3, 272 | 2,731 | 2, 716 | 2, 650 | 2, 642 | 2,964 | 3,121 | 3, 163 | 3, 216 | 3, 136 | 3,171 |  |
|  | ${ }_{2} 595$ | ${ }^{619}$ | $\begin{array}{r}593 \\ 269 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }_{2} 599$ | + 5188 | - 5404 | $\begin{array}{r}554 \\ 2.088 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | - 597 | 603 5 518 | $\begin{array}{r}639 \\ +524 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 599 2617 | +623 | +643 |  |
| shipments, | 3,103 | 3,195 | 3,266 | 2,660 | 2, 268 | 2, 662 | 2, 682 | 3,111 | 3,271 | 3,221 | 3,217 | 3,146 | 3,137 |  |
| Hardwoods. | 570 | 574 | 599 | 611 | 526 | 546 | 585 | 591 | 599 | 593 | 558 | 538 | 607 |  |
|  | 2,533 | 2, 621 | 2,667 | 2, 049 | 2,142 | 2,116 | 2,097 | 2,520 | 2, 672 | 2,628 | 2,659 | 2,608 | 2,530 |  |
| Stocks (gross), mill, end of month, total........do | 9,070 | 9,018 | 9, 025 | 9,096 | 9, 144 | 9,132 | 9,091 | 8,945 | 8,846 | 8,779 | 8,778 | 8,782 | 8, 816 |  |
| Hfardwoo | 3, 502 | 3,547 | 3, 541 | 3, 529 | 3,531 | 3, 531 | 3, 500 | 3,506 | 3, 510 | 3,555 | 3.597 | 3,682 | 3,717 |  |
| Softwoods | 5. 568 | 5,471 | 5,484 | 5,567 | 5,613 | 5,601 | 5, 391 | 5,439 | 5,336 | 5,223 | 5,181 | 5. 100 | 5,099 |  |
| Exports, total sawmill products......-....-.-. M bd. ft.. | 77,962 | 67, 480 | 62, 292 | 56, 648 | 56, 670 | 48, 454 | 45, 213 | 86,748 | 52, 812 | 59,320 | 65, 969 | 66,833 | 70, 181 |  |
| Imports, total sawmill products....-.-.-.........do.... | 334, 024 | 390, 936 | 339, 377 | 312, 828 | 309, 872 | 257, 384 | 258,844 | 333, 370 | 337, 937 | 357,910 | 490, 723 | 447, 255 | 373, 098 |  |
| Douglas fir: SOFTWOODS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 750 | 693 | 636 | 570 | 742 | 696 | 603 | 709 | 779 | 791 | 636 | 775 | 671 |  |
| Orders, unfilled, end of month.-...----.......-d. ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 727 | 643 | 519 | 512 | 600 | 660 | 681 | 662 | 678 | 735 | 579 | 658 | 633 |  |
|  | 683 | 727 | 778 | 619 | 631 | 641 | 588 | 706 | 729 | 717 | 760 | 671 | 667 |  |
|  | 713 | 777 | 760 | 577 | ${ }_{6}^{654}$ | ${ }_{6}^{636}$ | 582 | 729 | 763 | 734 | 792 | 695 | 696 |  |
| Stocks (gross), mill, end of month...--.------do..-- | 889 | 839 | 858 | 900 | 877 | 882 | 887 | 865 | 882 | 857 | 826 | 812 | 786 |  |
| Exports, total sawmill products...-.-.---. M bd. ft.- | 18, 424 | 21, 260 | 16, 152 | 17, 152 | 21, 673 | 20, 731 | 16,574 | 23, 724 | 21,723 | 20,377 | 28, 196 | 20,361 | 24, 146 |  |
|  | 8, 560 | 10, 124 | 8,342 | 7,430 | 9,254 | 10, 197 | 7.437 | 14, 191 | 9,561 | 12,007 | 17,510 | 11, 164 | 13, 190 |  |
| Boards, planks, scantlings, etc.....-.------- do...- | 9,864 | 11, 136 | 7,810 | 9,722 | 12,419 | 10,534 | 9, 137 | 9, 533 | 12, 162 | 8,370 | 10,686 | 9,197 | 10, 956 |  |
| Prices, wholesale: <br> Dimension, construction, dried, $2^{\prime \prime} \times 4^{\prime \prime}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| , dol. per M bd. ft-- | 180.577 | 83.202 | 81.543 | 79.072 | 78.659 | ${ }^{1} 79.907$ | 82.279 | 84. 668 | 86.032 | 87.698 | 89.825 | r 89.576 | p 89.576 |  |
| dol. per M bd. ft. | 115. 675 | 120.750 | 120.582 | 121.002 | 121.002 | 1121.072 | 123.808 | 127.212 | 127.720 | 127.988 | 129.959 | ${ }^{+130.103}$ | ${ }^{\text {p1 }} 130.871$ |  |
| Southern pine: Orders, new-.................---........mil. bd. ft.-- | 688 | 655 | 660 | 570 | 506 | 566 | 577 | 702 | 715 | 702 | 680 | 695 | 669 |  |
| Orders, unfiled, end of month----...........-do.-- | 252 | 245 | 207 | 194 | 173 | 188 | 219 | 248 | 255 | 281 | 278 | 261 | 277 |  |
|  | 574 | 596 | 675 | 587 | 582 | 584 | 554 | 636 | 661 | 646 | 642 | 675 | 614 |  |
|  | 631 | 662 | 698 | 583 | 527 | 551 | 546 | 673 | 708 | 676 | 683 | 712 | 653 |  |
| Stocks (gross), mill and concentration yards, end of month mil. bd. ft | 1,854 | 1,788 | 1,765 | 1,769 | 1,824 | 1,857 | 1,865 | 1,828 | 1,781 | 1,751 | 1,710 | 1,675 | 1,634 |  |
| Exports, total sawmil products....-.-.-....... M bd. ft.- | 5,690 | 7,254 | 7,143 | 5,676 | 6,845 | 5, 103 | 4, 855 | 5,950 | 5,917 | 7,500 | 5,756 | 8,457 | 6,520 |  |
|  | 909 | 1,654 | 1,605 | 1,211 | 974 | 1,129 | 1,002 | 1,241 | 1,033 | 1,932 | 739 | 1,639 | 1,074 |  |
| Boards, planks, scantlings, etc----.-........-do...- | 4,781 | 5,600 | 5,538 | 4,465 | 5,871 | 3,974 | 3, 853 | 4, 709 | 4,884 | 5,568 | 5,017 | 6,818 | 5,446 |  |
| Prices, wholesale, composite: <br> Boards, No. 2 and better, $\mathbf{1}^{\prime \prime} \times 6^{\prime \prime}$, R. L. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| dol. per M bd. ft.- | 75.921 | 76.726 | 77.482 | 178.574 | 78.181 | 78.239 | 78.184 | 78.688 | ${ }^{1} 79.806$ | 180.296 | 80.768 | r 81.074 | ${ }^{\text {® }} 81.277$ |  |
| oring, B and better, F. G., $1^{\prime \prime}$ x $4^{\prime \prime}$, S. L. <br> dol. per M bd. ft | 136. 782 | 136.782 | 137.656 | 137.656 | 136.752 | 137.128 | 136.902 | 137.279 | ${ }^{1} 138.486$ | ${ }^{1} 137.928$ | 138.009 | ${ }^{\text {r } 138.254}$ | ${ }^{p} 138.254$ |  |
| Western pine: Orders new |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 723 512 | 783 483 | 716 <br> 378 | ${ }_{346}^{546}$ | 747 439 | 657 483 | 6.51 488 | 775 | 776 490 | 805 468 | 748 426 | 817 414 | 762 357 |  |
|  | 847 | 836 | 844 | 612 | 653 | 555 | 617 | 658 | 752 | 787 | 825 | 825 | 886 |  |
| Shipments-.. | 816 | 801 | 821 | 578 |  |  |  | 736 | 814 | 827 | 790 | 829 | 818 |  |
|  | 1,918 | 1,953 | 1,976 | 2, 010 | 2,009 | 1,951 | 1,923 | 1,845 | 1,783 | 1,743 | 1,778 | 1,774 | 1,842 |  |
| Price, wholesale, Ponderosa, boards, No. 3 common, $1^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{x} 8^{\prime \prime}$............................................ per M bd. ft- | 67.600 | 69.260 | 70. 770 | 71. 070 | 70.790 | ${ }^{2} 74.940$ | 273.470 | ${ }^{2} 75.970$ | ${ }^{2} 80.290$ | 282.460 | 283.540 | -2 82.310 | ${ }^{2} 880.985$ |  |
| HARDWOOD FLOORING AND PLYWOOD |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Flooring: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Maple, beech, and birch: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 11,350 | 3,275 11,125 | 3,250 11,025 | - 31,725 | 3,400 13,100 | 3,600 12.725 | 3,050 12,800 | 3,500 13,325 | 4,125 13,150 | 3,850 13,275 | 4.200 12,900 | 3,800 12,950 | 3.800 12,350 |  |
|  | 3,575 | 3,750 | 3,600 | 3,250 | 3, 400 | 3,150 | 3,150 | 3, 500 | - 3 3,650 | - | 3,050 | 3, 050 | 3,250 |  |
|  | 3, 850 | 3,375 | 3,200 | 3,175 | 2, 500 | 2,750 | 3,000 | 3,175 | 3,950 | 3,425 | 4,300 | 3,750 | 3,850 |  |
| Stocks (gross), mill, end of month............-do...-- | 8,850 | 9,200 | 9,750 | 9,900 | 10,850 | 11, 225 | 11, 400 | 11,675 | 11,600 | 11,580 | 10,225 | 9.625 | 8,950 |  |
| Oak: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 58, 334 | 53, 875 | 41, 084 | 35, 596 | 33, 271 | 54, 134 | 72, 518 | 77,913 | 80, 928 | 74, 152 | 62, 506 | 76,880 55,819 | 79,379 51,417 |  |
|  | 78,505 | 82, 603 | 89, 426 | 71, 184 | 70,641 | 75,119 | 70, 769 | 77, 302 | 85, 913 | 84,994 | 89, 322 | 90, 003 | 86,499 |  |
|  | 83, 190 | 82, 947 | 86,594 | 66,745 | 61, 194 | 74, 853 | 76,666 | 82,964 | 89,343 | 86, 197 | 89, 274 | 85, 582 | 85, 596 |  |
| Stocks (gross), mill, end of month..-........-do | 75, 588 | 74, 097 | 76, 877 | 79, 370 | 88,261 | 84, 693 | 77, 062 | 70, 029 | 64, 889 | 63, 686 | 63, 734 | 65, 454 | 66, 357 |  |
| Plywood (except container and packaging), qtrly total: $\ddagger$ Shipments (market) ......M sq. ft., surface measure.. |  | 215,615 |  |  | 228, 249 |  |  | 235, 882 |  |  | 229, 196 |  |  |  |

$r$ Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ Not entirely comparable with data prior to month noted. ${ }^{2}$ Not comparable with data through 1958 ; price is for boards, No. $3,1^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{x} 12^{\prime \prime}$, R. L. ( $6^{\prime}$ and 0 ver). $\ddagger$ Revisions for 1st qtr. 1957-2d qtr. 1958, respectively (units as above): 205,637; 195,812; 198,706; 191,276; 178,241; 181,467.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of business statistics | 1958 |  |  |  |  | 1959 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | August | Septem- | October | $\begin{gathered} \text { Novem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Decerm- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | Janu- ary | Febru- ary | March | April | May | June | July | August | Septern- ber |

METALS AND MANUFACTURES

${ }_{4}$ Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ Independent iron and steel foundries only. ${ }^{2}$ Not entirely comparable with composite through 1958; see note marked " 8 ". ${ }^{3}$ Nominal.
4 Including blast furnace production of ferroalloys.
*New series. Data (from Bureau of the Census) for January-July 1958 are as follows (units as above); Exports-326; 242; 264; 267; 244; 163; 169; imports-71; 68; 92; 114; 118; 126; 171.
$\ddagger$ \$Scattered revisions for January 1957-July 1958 are available upon request. ${ }_{-1}$ For 1959, percent of capacity is calculated on annual capacity as of January 1, 1959, of 147,633,670 tons of steel; for 1958, as of January 1, 1958 (140,742,570 tons).
$\AA$ Represents the weighted average of consumers' buying prices (including brokerage), delivered, at following markets: Pittsburgh district, Chicago, Philadelphia, Birmingham, Los igitized for FApgelesp(through 1958 only), San Francisco (beginning 1959).

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1958 |  |  |  |  | 1959 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | August | Septem- ber | October | November | December | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | Septem- |

## METALS AND MANUFACTURES-Continued

| IRON AND STEEL-Continued <br> Steel, Manufactured Products-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bars and tool steel, total.......thous. of short tons.- | 719 | 810 | 887 | 821 | 839 | 888 | 938 | 1,211 | 1,282 | 1,337 | 1,518 | 606 |  |  |
| Bars: Hot rolled (incl. light shapes).......-. do...- | 455 | 518 | 594 | 559 | 579 | $6: 3$ | 656 | 825 | 845 | 890 | 909 | 368 |  |  |
|  | 180 | 193 | 184 | 152 | 143 | 134 | 141 | 217 | 254 | 256 | 346 | 142 |  |  |
| Cold finished...---...--..................do. | 79 | 94 | 102 | 102 | 110 | 123 | 133 | 159 | 172 | 181 | 191 | 88 |  |  |
|  | 567 | 561 | 625 | 533 | 527 | 679 | 706 | 930 | 1,113 | 1,141 | 1,261 | 554 |  |  |
|  | 252 | 263 | 283 | 251 | 237 | 268 | 279 | 362 | 403 | 429 | 491 | 192 |  |  |
|  | 560 | 633 | 917 | 157 | 200 | 498 | 526 | 714 | 821 | 830 | 818 | 314 |  |  |
| Sheets and strip (incl. electrical), total.......--do | 1,744 | 2,102 | 2,338 | 2,317 | 2,506 | 2,648 | 2,714 | 3,185 | 3,215 | 3,174 | 3,590 | 1,563 |  |  |
|  | $\stackrel{474}{ }$ | 617 | , 687 | , 653 | ${ }^{2} 694$ | ${ }^{2} 731$ | , 784 | , 928 | -956 | , 947 | 1,154 | 1593 718 |  |  |
| Fabricated structural steel:--------------------- do | 800 | 965 | 1,074 | 1,132 | 1,253 | 1,339 | 1,330 | 1,557 | 1,524 | 1,496 | 1,607 | 718 |  |  |
| Fabricated structural steel: <br> Orders, new (net) $\qquad$ thous. of short tons. | 226 | 256 | 59 | 243 | 197 | 236 | 294 | 255 | 295 | 242 | 291 | 259 | 197 |  |
| Shipments- | 298 | 314 | 307 | 271 | 267 | 224 | 216 | 260 | 291 | 294 | 365 | 239 | 220 |  |
| Backlog, end of month.-.-.-....------------- do...- | 2,119 | 2,047 | 1,913 | 1,839 | 1,809 | 1,794 | 1,864 | 1,873 | 1,922 | 1,768 | 1,717 | 1,679 | 1,772 |  |
| NONFERROUS METALS AND PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ahuminum: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production, primary, domestic. thous. of short tons.- | 125.4 | 125.9 | 139.8 | 141.0 | 152.3 | 156.7 | 142.1 | 157.2 | 155.2 | 163.9 | 167.3 | 179.2 | 172.8 |  |
| Estimated recovery from scrap $\oplus$.........-.-.-. - do..... Imports (general): | 22.8 | 26.3 | 32.5 | 26.7 | 31.0 | 30.0 | 29.1 | 32.0 | 34.6 | 33.1 | 34.4 | 31.3 |  |  |
| Metal and alloys, crude...........--------- do | 15.1 | 46.4 | 22.1 | 18.8 | 25.3 | 12.7 | 9.7 | 14.2 | 14.0 | 22.8 | 30.5 | 30.8 | 31.6 |  |
|  | 2.6 | 2.4 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 4.4 | 3.7 | 4.3 | 4.5 | 5.0 | 4.6 |  |
| Stocks, primary (at reduction plants), end of month thous. of short tons... | 145.2 | 124.3 | 124.2 | 138.5 | 146.1 | 175.1 | 183.8 | 159.2 | 131.5 | 112.7 | 88.6 | 80.4 | 94.0 |  |
|  | . 2678 | . 2680 | . 2680 | . 2680 | . 2680 | . 2680 | . 2680 | . 2680 | . 2680 | . 2680 | 2680 | . 2680 | . 2680 | 2470 |
| Aluminum shipments: <br> Mill products and pig and ingot (net) ..... mil. of $\mathrm{Ib}_{\mathrm{H}}$ | 301.1 | 374.7 | 347.7 | 302.5 | 333.0 | 359.8 | 331.6 | 385.9 | 423. 2 | 452.1 | r 523.1 | 509.3 |  |  |
|  | 213.4 | 231.2 | 254.3 | 216.3 | 235.4 | 236.3 | 231.8 | 271.6 | 294.9 | 320.8 | - 341.4 | 373.0 |  |  |
| Plate and sheet. | 110.0 | 119.3 | 130.4 | 114.5 | 121.7 | 122.7 | 122.7 | 150.8 | 155.4 | 170.2 | r 182.6 | 195.4 |  |  |
| Castings§ | 45.0 | 52.8 | 55.7 | 55.8 | 59.5 | ${ }^{1} 68.9$ | 68.4 | 73.4 | 73.0 | 68.3 | 66.5 | 56.9 |  |  |
| Copper: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production: <br> Mine, recoverable copper-...-thous. of short tons | 66.2 | 82.1 | 91.1 | 94.4 | 95.3 | 97.1 | 87.9 | 98.2 | 100.7 | 101. 4 | -94.2 | + 87.4 | 53.1 |  |
| Refinery, primary-.............................do...- | 104.6 | 114.7 | 121.1 | 126.8 | 138.6 | 128.0 | 120.6 | 131.8 | 130.2 | 124.6 | 128.7 | 125.7 |  |  |
| From domestic ores...............--------- do | 73.7 | 82.6 | 88.6 | 99.6 | 108.3 | 102.0 | 95.7 | 101.4 | 102.9 | 98.9 | 101.4 | 94.2 |  |  |
| From foreign ores | 30.9 | 32.1 | 32.5 | 27.2 | ${ }^{30.2}$ | 26.0 | 24.9 | 30.4 | 27.3 | 25.8 | 27.3 | 31.5 |  |  |
| Secondary, recovered as refined.-....-......-do | 18.7 | 16.1 | 19.1 | 20.3 | 17.1 | 21.3 | 21.0 | 22.7 | 26.2 | 22.6 | 21.7 | 19.9 |  |  |
| Imports (general): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Refined, unrefined, scrap $\oplus$.-.-.-...........-- do | 29.4 | 34.3 | 28.2 | 47.8 | 40.8 | 43.9 | 31.3 | 37.2 | 31.5 | 35.8 | 60.3 | 44. 8 | 38.4 |  |
|  | 4.2 | 5.2 | 2.9 | 11.1 | 4.5 | 2.9 | 3.5 | 3.8 | 5.0 | 11.8 | 19.3 | 10. 7 | 12.9 |  |
| Exports: <br> Refined, scrap, brass and bronze ingots. .... do | 43.9 | 36.6 | 47.3 | 49.6 | 52.3 | 27.9 | 25.0 | 23.0 | 24.2 | 19.2 | 16.0 | 13.7 | 18.8 |  |
|  | 40.6 | 32.2 | 43.1 | 44.5 | 45.6 | 22.2 | 20.8 | 19.4 | 20.6 | 15.3 | 12.6 | 11.4 | 16.6 |  |
| Consumption, refined (by mills, etc.) .-.......-do | 116.3 | 115.0 | 137.1 | 122.0 | 127.0 | 126.1 | 126.1 | 138.8 | 147.2 | 139.9 | 146.8 | p 88.5 | p 118.7 |  |
| Stocks, refined, end of month, total............-do | 316.4 | 268.7 | 207.2 | 189.1 | 181.8 | 181.8 | 183.5 | 181.4 | 169.2 | 187.8 | 181.7 | ¢ 230.2 | p 192.1 |  |
| Fabricators'--------------------1.-.-.-- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 118.4 | 110.9 | 101.0 | 118.2 | 126.7 | 126.7 | 124.6 | 123.2 | 120.2 | 125.3 | 139.7 | ${ }^{p} 178.3$ | ${ }^{p} 158.9$ |  |
| Price, bars, electrolytic (N.Y.) ...-.-...dol. per Ib | . 2609 | . 2608 | . 2731 | . 2867 | . 2858 | . 2864 | . 2962 | . 3103 | . 3130 | . 3116 | . 3110 | . 3008 | . 2989 | . 3102 |
| Copper-base mill and foundry products, shipments (quarterly): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brass mill products..-.-.-.-..............-mil. of lb.. |  | 419 |  |  | 533 |  |  | 575 |  |  | 578 |  |  |  |
| Copper wire mill products $\oplus$.-----....-......... do. |  | 359 |  |  | 398 |  |  | 405 |  |  | 412 |  |  |  |
| Brass and bronze foundry products............- do |  | 190 |  |  | 225 |  |  | 240 |  |  | 262 |  |  |  |
| Lead: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mine, recoverable lead....... thous. of short tons. | 19.6 | 19.6 | 21.2 | 21.4 | 22.7 | 23.4 | 21.4 | 21.0 | 21.2 | 20.1 | 21.4 | - 19.5 | 21.7 |  |
| Secondary, estimated recoverable $\oplus$-..--.-.... do. | 24.9 | 28.7 | 33.3 | 30.2 | 32.3 | 33.8 | 31.8 | 29.4 | 31.7 | 31.3 | 30.5 | 30.5 |  |  |
| Imports (general), ore $\oplus$, metal..-............- do | 39.8 | 53.8 | 36.7 | 34.8 | 51.1 | 34.7 | 24.3 | 54.9 | 33.6 | 40.7 | 38.4 | 35.3 | 25.1 |  |
| Consumption, total ---------------1.---.-- do | 84.5 | 90.2 | 92.6 | 84.4 | 84.6 | 88.4 | 84.2 | 85.1 | 91.3 | 96.2 | 95.8 | 89.6 |  |  |
| Stocks, end of month: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Producers', ore, base bullion, and in process $\oplus$ (ABMS) .........-.-.-.--- thous. of short tons Refiners' (primary), refined and antimonial $\oplus$ | 113.8 | 107.8 | 93.5 | 94.0 | 101.6 | 104.8 | 96.9 | 103.6 | 97.8 | 88.2 | 89.9 | 89.6 | 83.9 |  |
| thous. of short tons.- | 168.5 | 170.0 | 168.7 | 178.6 | 197.7 | 208.2 | 214.3 | 209.8 | 197.0 | 170.9 | 132.6 | 142.0 |  |  |
|  | 101.4 | 106.7 | 117.5 | 118.3 | 116.0 | 118.1 | 114.6 | 123.4 | 124.0 | 132.5 | 153.9 | 154.9 |  |  |
| Scrap (lead-base, purchased), all consumers - do | 34.9 | 31.7 | 37.0 | 46.4 | 54.7 | 49.2 | 40.3 | 37.4 | 34.8 | 37.1 | 41.8 | 45.5 |  |  |
| Price, pig, desilverized (N.Y.)...-.-.-.-.dol. per 1b..- | . 1086 | . 1087 | . 1264 | . 1300 | . 1300 | . 1267 | . 1156 | . 1141 | . 1119 | . 1190 | 1200 | 1200 | .1229 | 1300 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Imports (for consumption): <br> Ore $\oplus$ + long tons |  |  | 115 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 74$ | 94 | 3,416 | 48 | 54 | 18 | 37 | 3,783 |  | 61 |  |
|  | 3, 558 | 3,655 | 4,232 | 3,001 | 4, 227 | 2,989 | 4, 374 | 4,662 | 4,214 | 3,845 | 4, 4,984 | 2, 547 | 2, 399 |  |
| Estimated recovery from scrap, total $\oplus . .-$---- - do | 1,820 | 1,710 | 2,025 | 1,800 | 1,850 | 1,950 | 1,880 | 1,955 | 2,150 | 2,010 | 1,980 | 1,745 |  |  |
| As metal-..----------------------------10 | ${ }^{260}$ | ${ }^{3} 300$ | $\begin{array}{r}340 \\ 6940 \\ \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }_{5}^{265}$ | -330 | -260 | 6 235 | 7 255 | \% 275 | 7255 | 7 315 | 5 250 |  |  |
| Consumption, pig, total | 6,065 | 6,380 | 6,940 | 5,630 | 6,135 | 6, 860 | 6,785 | 7,510 | 7,755 | 7,455 | 7,935 | 5, 600 | 4,760 |  |
|  | 4,250 | 4,350 | 4,710 | 3.650 | 4,115 | 4,490 | 4,245 | 4,700 | 4,880 | 4,995 | 4,995 | 3,210 | 2,185 |  |
| Exports, incl. reexports (metal) .-----1.........-do |  | 30 |  | 69 | 205 | 112 | 103 | 153 | 110 | 31 | 155 | 54 | 106 |  |
| Stocks, pig (industrial), end of month..--.-.do--- | 21,820 | 20,690 | 20,560 | 20,065 | 21, 444 | 21, 160 | 22,425 | 21,755 | 21, 700 | 20,950 | 22.645 | 22,995 | 22,675 |  |
| Price, pig, Straits (N.Y.), prompt_-.-.-. dol. per lb.- | . 9494 | . 9401 | . 9647 | . 9896 | . 9897 | . 9935 | 1. 0271 | 1. 0303 | 1. 0250 | 1.0304 | 1.0415 | 1.0231 | 1. 0233 | 1. 0243 |
| Zine: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| thous. of short tons.. | 29.9 | 30.7 | 32.7 | 33.3 | 35.8 | 35.4 | 35.7 | 36.4 | 37.7 | 37.7 | 35.9 | r 31.4 | 31.0 |  |
| Imports (general): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 26.3 | 31.2 | 24.0 | 33.0 | 48.1 | 50.2 | 51.2 | 36.9 | 49.0 | 41.9 | 45.8 | 47.4 | 34. 9 |  |
| Metal (slab, blocks) .-...........----.-.-.- do. | 16.9 | 20.9 | 18.3 | 12.8 | 18.7 | 15.0 | 6.8 | 16.0 | 6.5 | 17.2 | 17.7 | 17.1 | 9.1 |  |
| Consumption (recoverable zinc content): | 8.0 | 9.0 | 8.0 | 8.0 | 8.8 | 8.2 | 7.4 | 8.3 | 8.2 | 8.8 | 8.4 | 8.7 |  |  |
|  | 15.4 | 17.4 | 18.4 | 20.4 | 19.4 | 17.9 | 17.6 | 21.5 | 22.8 | 22.1 | 22.0 | 15.3 |  |  |
| Slab zinc: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (primary smelter), from domestic and foreign ores .................thous. of short tons. | 58.5 | 59.0 | 61.0 | 61.1 | 71.1 | 71.3 | 65.9 | 74.8 | 71.0 | 71.9 | 70.5 | 68.5 |  |  |
| Secondary (redistilled) production, total.....-do.... | 4.5 | 4.7 | 4.3 | 4.1 | 4.4 | 5.1 | 5.3 | 5.2 | 5.4 | 5.6 | 5.0 | 4.6 |  |  |
| Consumption, fabricators', total..............do....- | 70.0 | 75.0 | 82.8 | 75.2 | 79.0 | 79.5 | 77.0 | 87.4 | 90.1 | 88.1 | 96.0 | 65.4 |  |  |
|  | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | . 4 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | . 3 | . 2 | . 2 | . 7 | . 4 | . 1 | . 2 | .1 | . 2 |  |
| Stocks, end of month: Producers', smelter (AZI) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 203.9 |  | 169.4 |  | 192.0 | 193.0 |
|  | $\underline{63.5}$ | ${ }_{62.3}^{28.1}$ | 27.3 | 181.6 | 199.3 | 88.1 | 20.5 83.4 | 279.2 | 27.9 76.3 | 76.4 | -86.2 | 180.2 |  | 193.0 |
| ri | . 10 | 100 | 10 | 1137 | 11 | . 1150 | 1142 | 1100 | - | 1100 | . 1100 | ${ }^{1} 1100$ | . 1100 | 133 |

r Revised. ${ }^{\circ}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ See note marked " $\S . " \quad{ }^{2}$ Less than 100 short tons.
$\oplus$ Basic metal content.
§ Beginning January 1959, data are based on larger sample; shipments for January and February 1959, comparable with data through 1958 , are 62.9 and 62.8 million pounds.
o'Includes secondary smelters' stocks of refinery shapes.
$\ddagger$ Scattered revisions for January 1957-July 1958 are available upon request.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1958 |  |  |  |  | 1959 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | August | September | October | November | Decem- ber | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary- } \end{aligned}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | September |

## METALS AND MANUFACTURES-Continued

## heating apparatus, except electric

Radiators and convectors, cast iron:
Shipments.-.-.------mil. of sq. ft. of radiation. Oil burners: $\triangle$
 Stoves and ranges, domestic cooking, incl. built-ins: $\triangle \sigma^{-7}$
 Coal and wood
 Kerosene, gasoline, and fuel oil.............................


Warm-air furnaces (forced-air and gravity air-flow),
 Oas
Solid fuel


Blowers, fans, and unit heaters, quarterly totals:
Blowers and fans, new orders.-----------mil. of dol.
Unit-heater group, new orders.............................. Foundry equipment (new), new orders, net $\quad$ monthly average shipments, $1947-49=100$ Furnaces, industrial, new orders, net:

Industrial trucks (electric), shipments:
Hand (motorized) ....-. .-...............................
 shipments

Machine tools (metal-cutting and metal-forming):


Other machinery and equipment, quarterly shipments: Construction machinery (selected types), total of Tractors, tracklaying (crawler), total. mil. of dol. Tractors, wheel (contractors' off-highway) .-. do.-. Tractor shovel loaders, integral units only (wheel Farm machines and equipment (selected products), Tractors, wheel (excl. garden and contractors' offhighway types) .................................... of dol Pumps (steam, power, centrifugal, and rotary), new

## ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT

Batteries (automotive replacement only), shipments
Household electrical appliances:
Ranges (incl. built-ins), domestic and export sales
Refrigeration, output (seas. adj.) $\begin{gathered}\text { thousands }\end{gathered}$
Vacuum cleaners (standard type), sales billed
Washers, sales billed (domestic and export) $\odot_{--d o}$...

Electronic tubes and semiconductors, factory sales
Insulating materials and related products: Insulating materials, sales billed, index
$1947-49=100$
Steel conduit (rigid), shipments........ thous. of ft
Motors and generators, quarterly:
New orders, index--------1 New orders, gross Billings.-
Direct current motors and generators, $1-200 \mathrm{hp}$ :- $\mathrm{I}^{-1}$ New orders, gross. Billings .

|  |  |
| ---: | ---: |
|  |  |
| 2.1 |  |
| 5.0 |  |
|  |  |
| 42.9 |  |
| 42.0 |  |
| 168.8 |  |
| 4.5 |  |
| 157.4 |  |
| 6.9 |  |
| 272.2 |  |
| 35.0 |  |
| 184.4 |  |
| 52.7 |  |
|  |  |
| 130.8 | 85.4 |
| 34.9 |  |
| 3.9 |  |
| 211.6 |  |


|  |  |
| ---: | ---: |
|  |  |
| 2.6 |  |
| 4.1 |  |
| 74.6 | 7 |
| 35.3 | 3 |
| 194.9 | 22 |
| 5.7 |  |
| 182.5 | 21 |
| 6.7 |  |
| 344.9 | 3 |
| 58.1 |  |
| 229.2 | 255. |
| 57.6 |  |
|  |  |
| 161.4 | 1 |
| 103.9 | 1 |
| 43.8 |  |
| 5.6 |  |
| 224.7 | 25. |



| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of bUSINESS STATISTICS | 1958 |  |  |  |  | 1959 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | August | Septem- | October | November | Decern- | January | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | Septern- |

## PETROLEUM, COAL, AND PRODUCTS

| Anthracite: COAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Production.-.................-. thous, of short tons-- | 1,750 | 2, 050 | 1,966 | 1,559 | 1,959 | 2, 194 | 1,557 | 1,508 | 1,503 | 1,388 | 1,683 | 1,142 | -1,515 | 1,703 |
| Stocks in producers' storage yards, end of mo.do- | 446 | 501 | 527 | 580 | 406 | 329 | 298 | 281 | 329 | 372 | 395 | 411 | 442 |  |
|  | 158 | 235 | 252 | 198 | 192 | 181 | 166 | 108 | 79 | 158 | 106 | 119 | 108 |  |
| Retail, stove, composite.......-dol. per short ton | 27.76 | 27.80 | 27.95 | 28.13 | 28.14 | 28.26 | 28.81 | 28.80 | 28.75 | 27.44 | 27.34 | 27.48 | 27.49 |  |
| Wholesale, chestnut, f.o.b. car at mine......-do... | 13.685 | 13.951 | 14.343 | 14.413 | 14.413 | 14.413 | 14.966 | 14.763 | 13. 391 | 13. 391 | 13.391 | - 13.811 | ${ }^{2} 13.811$ |  |
| Bituminous: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production-..-.-.-.-..-.-.-.--thous. of short tons.-- | ar 34, 420 | +36,956 | - 40, 205 | - 34, 802 | r 39,799 | 35,730 | 33,760 | 34,820 | 34, 460 | 34, 860 | 36, 010 | r 24,260 | 30, 020 | 32,530 |
| Industrial consumption and retail deliveries, total thous. of short tons. | ar 28, 199 | r 29,468 | - 32,454 | r 32,325 | r 36,484 | 35,683 | 33,312 | 34,752 | 30,925 | 30, 253 | 29, 221 | -26, 217 | 25, 001 |  |
|  | 12,381 | 12,087 | 13,094 | 13,265 | 15,715 | 15,907 | 14, 002 | 14,400 | 12, 632 | 12,718 | 13,249 | 13, 391 | 13,806 |  |
|  | 197 | 215 | 281 | 282 | 363 | 339 | 304 | 286 | 241 | 189 | 152 | 133 | 131 |  |
| Manufacturing and mining industries, total_-do- | ar 13,417 | + 14, 203 | -15,514 | + 15, 599 | ${ }^{\text {r 16,475 }}$ | 16,394 | 15,452 | 17, 260 | 16,352 | 16, 174 | 15.303 | r 11. 319 | 9,322 |  |
| Coke plants (oven and beehive) ---...----do. | ar 6, 181 | ${ }^{\text {r 6, }}$, 439 | -7,310 | -7,509 | ${ }^{+7,885}$ | 7,864 | 7,784 | 8,861 | 8,613 | 8,830 | 8. 561 | ${ }^{+5,136}$ | 3,009 |  |
| Retail deliveries to other consumers.....--- do | 2,063 | 2, 826 | 3,428 | 3,068 | 3,900 | 3, 040 | 3,551 | 2,802 | 1,634 | 1,018 | 1,059 | 1,248 | 1,622 |  |
| Stocks, industrial and retail dealers', end of month, total. thous. of short tons | 72, 256 | 74,020 | 77,807 | 77,212 | 76, 285 | 71, 203 | 69, 167 | 65,868 | 65,739 | 67, 659 | 70, 369 | r 65.374 | 66, 613 |  |
|  | 48,041 | 49,508 | 50,653 | 50, 326 | 48,752 | 45, 121 | 43, 024 | 41, 939 | 42, 292 | 43, 686 | 44,932 | 43,493 | 45,376 |  |
|  | 402 | 402 | 409 | 387 | 345 | 360 | 349 | 337 | 276 | 266 | 271 | 249 | 246 |  |
| Manufacturing and mining industries, total do | 22, 813 | 23,093 | 25,683 | 25,410 | 26,242 | 24,969 | 25, 139 | 23,073 | 22,686 | 23,077 | 24, 369 | ${ }^{\text {r 20, }} 700$ | 19,929 |  |
| Oven-coke plants.---------------------10.- | 10, 119 | 10,523 | 11,666 | 12,336 | 12,957 | 12, 128 | 11, 852 | 11,684 | 11, 569 | 11,837 | 12, 428 | r9,278 | 8,442 |  |
| Retail dealers | 1,000 | 1,017 | 1,062 | 1,089 | 946 | 753 | 655 | 519 | 485 | 630 | 797 | 932 | 1,062 |  |
| Exports | 5,484 | 4,626 | 4,510 | 4,086 | 2,920 | 3,142 | 2,288 | 2,824 | 3,148 | 3,303 | 2,894 | 3. 677 | 4,001 |  |
| Prices: ${ }_{\text {Retail, }}$ composite.-.-.....-.....-dol. per short ton | 16.31 | 16.60 | 16.49 | 16.81 | 16.83 | 16.98 | 16.99 | 17.00 | 16.94 | 16.58 | 16.55 | 16.65 | 16.72 |  |
| Wholesale: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Screenings, indust. use, f.o.b. ear at mine-- | 5.325 | 5. 326 | 5. 329 | 5. 291 | 5. 280 | 5. 332 | 5. 334 | 5.341 | 5. 206 | 5. 174 | 5.173 | -5.175 | ${ }^{\text {- } 5.170}$ |  |
| Domestic, large sizes, f.o.b. car at mine---do | 7.569 | 7.659 | 7.784 | 7.822 | 7.841 | 8. 013 | 8. 013 | 7.775 | 7. 359 | 7.313 | 7.459 | - 7.585 | ${ }^{\circ} 7.710$ |  |
| Production: COKE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | - ${ }_{4,284}^{41}$ | 57 4,458 | 65 | 72 | 84 | 82 | 92 5,437 | 137 | 152 | 133 | 121 | r 59 | 40 |  |
| Petroleum coke § | -637 | 4,458 604 | 5,053 | ${ }_{5}^{548}$ | 5,437 687 | 5,683 | $\begin{array}{r}5,437 \\ \hline 636\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}6,262 \\ \hline 736\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}6,074 \\ \hline 617\end{array}$ | 6,244 693 | $\begin{array}{r}5,923 \\ \hline 24\end{array}$ | 2,310 663 | 1,543 |  |
| Stocks, end of month: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oven-coke plants, total--------------------- do | 4,007 | 3,993 | 3, 896 | 3,882 | -3, 813 | 3,793 | 3,709 | 3,587 | 3,423 | 3,154 | 2,900 | 2,195 | 2,299 |  |
|  | 2, 588 | 2,577 | 2, 507 | 2,482 | 2,411 | 2, 366 | 2, 274 | 2,158 | 2,042 | 1,835 | 1,643 | 861 | 985 |  |
| At merchant plants........................-- - ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 1,419 | 1,416 | 1,389 | 1,400 | ${ }^{+} 1,402$ | 1,427 | 1,435 | 1,429 | 1,381 | 1,320 | 1,257 | 1,335 | 1,314 |  |
|  | 821 | 845 | 882 | 931 | 964 | 995 | 1,041 | 1,094 | 1,094 | 1, 131 | 1,178 | 1,203 |  |  |
|  | 25 | 28 | 42 | 42 | 33 | 29 | 31 | 33 | 35 | 61 | 41 | 41 | 29 |  |
| Price, oven foundry coke (merchant plants), f.o.b. Birmingham, Ala.-....-..........dol. per short ton. | 28.85 | 28.85 | 28.85 | 28.85 | 28.85 | 29.23 | 30.35 | 30.35 | 30.35 | 30.35 | 30.35 | 30.35 | 30.35 | 30.35 |
| PETROLEUM AND PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Crude petroleum: <br> Oil wells completed $\qquad$ number |  |  |  | 2,383 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Price at wells (Oklahoma-Kansas)------ dol per bbl- | 1,842 | 3.07 | 3, 387 | 3, 387 | 3, 387 | 2.97 | 2.97 | 2.97 | 2.97 | 2.149 2.97 | 2.97 | 2.97 |  |  |
| Runs to stills..--.-.------------.-...thous. of bbl- | 242, 537 | $\begin{array}{r} 232,884 \\ 85 \end{array}$ | 238, 695 | 233, 279 | 246,781 86 | 255, 124 | 227, 562 | 254, 422 | 235,982 | 244,789 | 239, 607 | 244, 316 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All oils, supply and demand: <br> New supply, total thous. of bbl |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 288, 130 | 286,355 | 295, 812 | 287, 512 | 315, 389 | 315, 524 | 292, 471 | 318,918 | 286, 201 | 296, 418 | 295, 505 | 280, 418 |  |  |
| Crude petroleum......-- | 215, 114 | 212,972 | 216, 304 | 209, 518 | 221,210 | 223, 926 | 201, 435 | 222,839 | 217,685 | 223,806 | 212,489 | 210,311 |  |  |
| Natural-gas liquids, benzol (blended), etc.-do. | 24, 564 | 23, 989 | 25, 074 | 25, 246 | 26,790 | 26,697 | 25, 091 | 27,328 | 26, 162 | 26,638 | 25, 950 | 26, 190 |  |  |
| rmports: <br> Crude do $\qquad$ | 29, 865 | 29, 927 | 28,885 | 29,026 | 33,434 | 28,664 | 29,467 | 28,113 | 22, 270 | 29,089 | 36.147 | 27, 510 |  |  |
|  | 18,587 | 19,467 | 25, 549 | 23, 222 | 33,955 | 36, 237 | 36, 478 | ${ }_{40}{ }^{28} 638$ | 20,084 | 16,885 | 20,919 | 16, 407 |  |  |
| Change in stocks, all oils (decrease,-) | 18,554 | 22,135 | 6,173 | 8,464 | -42,509 | $-35,136$ | -2, 628 | 7, 295 | 6,766 | 33, 433 | 17, 313 | 2,610 |  |  |
|  | 269,576 | 264, 220 | 289,639 | 279,048 | 357,898 | 350,660 | 295, 099 | 311,623 | 279,435 | 262,985 | 278, 192 | 277,808 |  |  |
| Exports: Crude petroleum...........................-do...- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 334 | 170 | 330 | 275 | 74 | 352 | 97 | 178 | 230 | 267 | 192 | 174 |  |  |
|  | 9,078 | 8,656 | 8,426 | 8,888 | 6,837 | 7,998 | 6,439 | 7.297 | 7,963 | 7,067 | 7,600 | 7,264 |  |  |
| Domestic demand, total9 ------------------ do | 260, 164 | 255, 394 | 280,883 | 269, 885 | 350, 987 | 342, 310 | 288, 563 | 304, 148 | 271, 242 | 255, 651 | 270, 400 | 270, 370 |  |  |
|  | 129, 925 | 120, 389 | 125, 097 | 110,587 | 120, 305 | 114,720 | 99,759 | 118,995 | 124,917 | 127, 049 | 133, 695 | 137, 141 |  |  |
| Kerosene-------------...-.---------- do | 5,272 | 6,031 | 9,008 | 10, 114 | 17,616 | 17,997 | 13, 113 | 10,693 | 5,980 | 4, 013 | 4, 552 | 6,063 |  |  |
| Distillate fuel oil ------------------------ do | 31,915 | 38,056 | 47,319 | 57, 010 | 97, 574 | 95, 234 | 74, 102 | 67, 218 | 47,682 | 37, 474 | 36,438 | 34, 161 |  |  |
|  | 39,019 | 37, 070 | 45, 049 | 44, 642 | 62, 799 | 62,940 | 57,436 | 59, 281 | 45, 130 | 37,776 | 40,442 | 36, 068 |  |  |
|  | 7,260 | 8,684 | 9,678 | 7, 100 | 8, 121 | 8,086 | 7,203 | 7,568 | 8,589 | 7,476 | 7,914 | 8,983 |  |  |
| Lubrican | 3,520 | 3, 362 | 3,529 | 3,498 | 3,440 | 3,504 | 2, 746 | 3,799 | 3,577 | 3,831 | 3, 900 | 3, 671 |  |  |
|  | 13, 206 | 12,599 | 11,227 | 6, 343 | 3,892 | 3,635 | 3,160 | 5,798 | 6,971 | 9,367 | 12, 562 | 13, 440 |  |  |
|  | 12,302 | 12,610 | 14,060 | 15,455 | 21,999 | 22,710 | 17, 864 | 16,617 | 14, 787 | 13,632 | 14,839 | 15, 165 |  |  |
|  | 794, 533 | 816, 668 | 822, 841 | 831, 305 | 788,796 | 754, 390 | 751, 762 | 759, 057 | 765, 823 | 799, 256 | 816, 569 | 819, 179 |  |  |
| Crude petroleum ------------------------.- do | 244, 810 | 251, 701 | 255, 345 | 257, 446 | 262, 730 | 258, 108 | 260, 040 | 254,940 | 257, 564 | 264, 525 | 272, 505 | 264, 994 |  |  |
|  | 26, 182 | 27,437 | 27, 894 | 27,349 | 22,752 | 18,008 | 17,651 | 19,524 | 22,589 | 27,210 | 29,976 | 31, 296 |  |  |
|  | 523, 541 | 537, 530 | 539,602 | 546, 410 | 503, 314 | 478, 274 | 474, 071 | 484, 593 | 485, 670 | 507, 521 | 514, 088 | 522, 889 |  |  |
| Refined petroleum products: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grasolne (incl. aviation): | 127,787 | 120, 010 | 121, 539 | 120, 877 | 128, 537 | 127, 508 | 111, 523 | 126, 219 | 118, 105 | 123, 879 | 124,580 | 127, 991 |  |  |
|  | 2,551 | 2, 524 | 2, 389 | 2,649 | 2, 160 | 1, 575 | 1,682 | 1,262 | 2,243 | 2, 002 | 1,814 | 2,056 |  |  |
| Stocks, end of month: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 166,131 \\ 11,220 \end{array}$ | 164, 375 | 157, 576 <br> 12, 544 | 165,888 | 174, 526 | 187, 472 <br> 11, 603 | 197,468 12,899 | 204,648 13,964 | 197,841 | 193,106 12,534 | $\begin{gathered} 183,022,022 \\ 13,056 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 172,755 \\ 19 \\ 520 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| Prices (exel aviation): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wholesale, refinery (Okla., group 3).-dol. per gal.- | . 120 | . 120 | . 120 | 116 | . 116 | . 115 | . 115 | . 120 | . 120 | . 120 | . 115 | . 110 |  |  |
| Retail (regular grade, excl. taxes), service stations, 55 cities........................dol. per gal. |  | . 215 |  | . 204 | 206 | 210 | . 211 | . 213 | 211 | . 212 | . 213 | . 217 | . 218 | 21 |

[^6] $a$
27,$120 ; 25,989 ; 25,647 ; 26,272 ;$ manufacturing and mining industries $-16,690 ; 14,813 ; 15,119 ; 13,271 ; 13,028 ; 12,662 ; 12,685 ; ~ c o k e ~ p l a n t s-6,777 ; 5,819 ; 6,197 ; 5,503 ; 5,619 ; 5,652 ; 5,689$

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1958 |  |  |  |  | 1959 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | August | Septem- ber | October | Novem- ber | December | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | september |

## PETROLEUM, COAL, AND PRODUCTS-Continued

| PETROLEUM AND PRODUCTS-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Refined petroleum products-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 12, 127 | 11. 142 | 10,843 | 10,464 | 10,690 | 10,269 | 9,979 | 9,845 | 10,099 | 10,567 | 10,828 | 10,930 |  |  |
|  | 1,765 | 1,633 | 1,470 | 1,722 | 1,507 | 823 | 1,117 | 746 | 1,518 | 1,408 | 1,180 | 1,356 |  |  |
| Stocks, end of month................--.---- do | 10, 183 | 10, 564 | 10, 778 | 11, 476 | 12,300 | 13, 186 | 14,437 | 14, 884 | 14,408 | 14, 325 | 14, 623 | 12,887 |  |  |
| Kerosene: ${ }_{\text {Production }}$ | 8,202 | 8,544 | 9,778 | 10.500 | 11,593 | 12,978 | 11,686 | 9,484 | 8,269 | 7,574 | 7.314 | 6. 967 |  |  |
| Stocks, end of month................---------- | 28,662 | 31, 259 | 31,877 | 32, 120 | 26, 040 | 21,090 | 19, 725 | 18,688 | 21,003 | 24, 597 | 27,364 | 28,328 |  |  |
| Price, wholesale, bulk lots (N.Y. Harbor) dol. per gal_ | . 101 | . 104 | 104 | 104 | . 109 | . 112 | . 117 | . 117 | . 112 | . 107 | . 101 | . 101 |  |  |
| Distillate fuel oil: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r}52,878 \\ 1,243 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 53,506 1,538 | 56,372 1,174 | 54,364 1,035 | 60,595 1,727 | $\begin{array}{r}66,124 \\ 1,556 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 60,458 1,585 | 61,610 3,467 | 52,181 1,877 | 54, 295 | 53,745 1,841 | 53,279 1,055 |  |  |
|  | 1,906 | 1,570 | 1,102 | 2,025 | 987 | 1,261 | 856 | 1,427 | 951 | 1,112 | 1,182 | , 886 |  |  |
| Stocks, end of month -----do | 139, 862 | 155, 412 | 164, 686 | 161. 192 | 125, 101 | 96, 849 | 84, 071 | 80,662 | 86, 222 | 102, 863 | 120, 962 | 140, 388 |  |  |
| Price, wholesale (N.Y. Harbor, No. 2 fuel) dol. per gal. | . 096 | . 099 | . 099 | 099 | . 104 | . 107 | . 112 | . 112 | . 107 | . 102 | . 096 | . 096 |  |  |
| Kesidual fuel oil: <br> Production thous. of bbl | 29,789 | 29, 197 | 29,738 | 29,361 | 34, 246 | 34,622 | 31,493 | 32, 569 | 28, 104 | 27,874 | 27,448 | 25,514 |  |  |
|  | 11, 024 | 10, 139 | 16,564 | 15,945 | 23, 058 | 26,153 | 26, 354 | 31, 409 | 14,984 | 13,861 | 14,671 | 11,272 |  |  |
|  | 2,271 | 2,782 | 2, 488 | 1,997 | 1, 814 | 3,234 | 2, 345 | 2,703 | 2,572 5 5,327 | 1,950 | 2,499 | 2,145 |  |  |
|  | 67, 230 | 67,670 | 67,045 | 66,223 | 59,508 | 55, 214 | 54, 178 | 57, 210 | 53, 327 | 55, 821 | 55, 479 | 54, 509 |  |  |
| Price, wholesale (Okla., No. 6 fuel).-- dol. per bbl.- Jet fuel: | 1.30 | 1.30 | 1. 40 | 1.50 | 1.60 | 1.70 | 1.90 | 1.90 | 1.80 | 1.80 | 1.60 | 1.60 |  |  |
|  | 6, 551 | 7,061 | 6, 558 | 5, 804 | 6,982 | 6,112 | 6,218 | 7,958 | 7,154 | 7,060 | 7,331 | 7,974 |  |  |
| Stocks, end of month..-------.-.-.-.-.....- do | 6,253 | 6,145 | 5,373 | 5,184 | 5,871 | 6.257 | 6,499 | 7, 879 | 7,842 | 7,960 | 7,995 | 7,995 |  |  |
| Lubricants: <br> Production $\qquad$ | 4, 564 | 4,162 | 4,519 | 4,313 | 4,692 | 4,360 | 3,941 | 4,652 | 4,751 | 4,754 | 4,615 | 4,958 |  |  |
|  | 1,403 | 978 | 1,262 | 1,168 | 977 | 1,051 | 9 961 | 1, 174 | 1, 411 | 1,181 | ${ }_{8}^{1,231}$ | 1,281 |  |  |
| Stocks, end of month --.-.---------.-- do | 10,215 | 10,037 | 9,765 | 9,412 | 9,687 | 9,494 | 9,728 | 9,407 | 9,170 | 8,912 | 8,396 | 8,402 |  |  |
| Price, wholesale, bright stock (midcontinent, f.o.b. <br>  | . 230 | . 230 | . 230 | . 230 | . 230 | . 230 | . 230 | . 230 | . 230 | . 230 | . 230 | . 230 |  |  |
| Asphalt: <br> Production $\qquad$ thous. of | 10,785 | 10,352 | 9,384 | 6,949 | 4,524 | 4,510 | 4.379 | 6,769 | 7,674 | 9,281 | 10, 582 | 11,515 |  |  |
|  | 10,256 | 8,696 | 7,351 | 8,416 | 9,757 | 11,252 | 12.726 | 14, 270 | 15, 235 | 15,351 | 14, 228 | 12,853 |  |  |
| Liquefied petroleum gases: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 4,846 7,767 | 4,691 8,312 | 4, 506 9,708 | 4,773 11,033 | 5,602 16,338 | 5, 171 17,383 | 5, 51.353 | 6,134 10,813 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{5 ,}, 861 \\ & 9,314 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{5 , 7 7 1} \\ & 8,251 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5,636 \\ & 9,504 \end{aligned}$ | 5,657 <br> 9,875 |  |  |
| Transfers from gasoline plants .-.-.....-. do-.- | 7,767 | 8,312 | 9,708 | 11,033 | 16,338 | 17,383 | 12,784 | 10,813 | $\text { 9, } 314$ | $8,251$ | $\text { 9, } 504$ | $9,875$ |  |  |
| refineries) .-.-.-.-.....-...........thous. of bbl-- | 20,339 | 21,863 | 22,316 | 21,970 | 17,323 | 11,956 | 11, 154 | 13,318 | 17,051 | 21, 737 | 24, 544 | 26,819 |  |  |
| Asphalt and tar products, shipments: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asphalt roofing, total. <br>  | 7,507 | 6,096 2,486 | 5, 880 <br> 2,377 | 3,864 1,472 | 2, 381 | 2,698 1,029 | 3,365 1,221 | $\begin{array}{r}6,950 \\ \mathbf{2 , 5 2 4} \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 3,985 $\mathbf{1 , 3 7 9}$ | 4,749 <br> 11 | 5,563 <br> 1,880 | 6,163 2,079 | 5,916 <br> 2,112 |  |
|  | 4,696 | 3, 611 | 3,503 | 2,391 | 1,540 | 1,669 | 2, 144 | 4,426 | 2,606 | 3,182 | 3,743 | 4, 083 | 3,804 |  |
|  | 110 | 114 | 132 | 97 | 59 | 54 | 67 | 110 | 53 | 62 | 69 | 88 | 87 |  |
|  | 169 | 197 | 188 | 113 | 68 | 76 | 69 | 107 | 143 | 159 | 156 | 176 | 168 |  |
| Asphalt board products. .-...-......-thous. of sq. .ft-- | $\begin{array}{r}1,926 \\ 109 \\ \hline 94\end{array}$ | 1,925 | $\begin{array}{r}1,842 \\ 81 \\ 81 \\ \hline 18\end{array}$ | 1, 153 | 1, 058 | [950 | 66,678 | 120,484 | 2,206 80,148 | 1,870 83,830 | $\begin{array}{r}2,087 \\ 93 \\ \hline 178\end{array}$ | 2, 280 | 87,721 |  |
|  | 109, 794 | 86,761 | 81, 137 | 65, 787 | 54,392 | 58,927 | 66, 678 | 120,966 | 80, 148 | 83, 830 | 93, 477 | 102,080 | 87, 528 |  |

## PULP, PAPER, AND PRINTING



| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1958 |  |  |  |  | 1959 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | August | Septem- ber | October | November | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Decem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | January | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | Septem- ber |
| PULP, PAPER, AND PRINTING-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| APER AND PAPER PRODUCTS-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Paper, except building paper, newsprint, and paperboard (American Paper and Pulp Association): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, new 9 -.----thous. of short tons Orders, | 829.4 715.0 | 805.9 657.4 | 906.2 686.5 | 852.4 697.4 | 819.5 640.3 | 923.2 601.6 | 900.0 669.6 | ${ }_{704.6}^{975.0}$ | 1, 009.2 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } 934.5 \\ +722.4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } 928.3 \\ r \\ 738.4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 2805.0 2710.0 |  |  |
|  | 1,007.5 | 984.6 | 1,102.0 | 1,007.1 | 986.8 | 1,054.7 | 1,000.2 | 1,082. 1 | 1,142.7 | '1, 120.6 | r 1,086.2 | 2762.0 |  |  |
|  | 841.4 | 796.1 | 901.1 | 1,813.5 | 797.5 | 1,873.3 | 1,836.3 | ${ }^{897.3}$ | ${ }^{950.3}$ | ${ }_{-} \mathrm{r} 934.4$ | ${ }_{r}{ }^{+} 921.3$ | 2760.0 |  |  |
|  | 514.6 | 504.6 | 541.6 | 531.6 | 537.8 | 534.0 | 542.4 | 540.0 | 552.7 | r 553.6 | ${ }^{-} 550.8$ | 2473.0 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 74.9 | 65.5 | 70.1 | 73.0 | 66.6 | 78.6 | 89.7 | 101.6 | 109.7 | -102.0 | -103.4 $r$ 14 | 110.0 |  |  |
|  | 130.9 | 133.2 | 144.3 | 133.9 | 138.0 | 138.4 | 135.9 | 148.0 | 152.0 | r 149.2 | ${ }^{*} 146.4$ | 129.0 |  |  |
| Shipments | 122.4 | 111.0 | 128.7 | 125.4 | 118.7 | 141.9 | 137.5 | 148.5 | 150.3 | r 148.9 r 127 | $r$ $r$ $r$ $r$ 146.5 | 127.0 |  |  |
| Stocks, end of month..--------------------- do | 123.9 | 116.9 | 130.7 | 136.0 | 145.9 | 131.3 | 129.6 | 129.1 | 128.2 | r 127.3 | ¢ 130.2 | 124.0 |  |  |
| Printing paper:Orders |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 461.5 | 398.7 | 414.4 | 441.2 | 394.8 | 329.3 | 360.8 | 391.2 | 430.5 | - 407.8 | $\stackrel{+434.4}{ }$ | 448.0 |  |  |
|  | 347.8 | 328.1 | 358.3 | 325.7 | 329.0 | 358.2 | 329.1 | 370.6 | 383.8 | + 378.6 | +373.4 +580 | 335.0 |  |  |
|  | 347.6 221.2 | ${ }^{324.3}$ | 356.0 227.3 | ${ }_{226}^{326.4}$ | 329.3 226.6 | 353.2 2365 | 326.8 238.8 | 362.5 246.9 | 388.6 248.0 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } 376.4 \\ ז \\ \hline 250\end{array}$ | r 380.7 $r$ $r$ | 337.0 2460 |  |  |
| Price, wholesale, book paper, "A" grade, English | 221.2 15.95 | 225.1 15.95 | 227.3 15.95 | 226.7 15.95 | 226.6 15.95 | 236.5 15.95 | 238.8 15.95 | 246.9 15.95 | 248.0 16.28 | r 250.3 16.28 | r 248.0 16.28 | 246.0 +16.45 | p 16.45 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, new Orders, unfiled, end of month.-.-.-.- thous. of short tons.- | 317.1 134.9 | 323.5 139.6 | 359.2 152.8 | 312.0 143.1 | 298.0 131.0 | 330.4 147.5 | 327.1 168.1 | 332.2 159.5 | 343.5 164.8 | r 346.6 r 161.4 | r 326.8 +149.9 | 301.0 152.0 |  |  |
|  | 314.3 | 309.2 | 350.5 | 326.5 | 298.0 | 320.6 | 311.7 | 327.9 | 352.2 | + 346.5 | - 331.8 | 298.0 |  |  |
|  | 315.6 | 307.2 | 354.8 | 309.0 | 294.9 | 319.8 | 316.2 | 324.9 | 353.8 | r 343.2 | ${ }^{+} 328.5$ | 296.0 |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Newsprint: } \\ & \text { Canada (incl. Newfoundland): }\end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shipments from mil | 491.9 | 495.3 | 555.1 | 527.7 | 494.3 | 465.9 | 416.2 | 453.2 | 577.5 | 589.1 | 535.6 | 547.0 | 531.1 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shipments from mills | 142.0 | 139.7 | 158.7 | 150.6 | 148.8 | 155.1 | 155.0 | 159.2 | 168.6 | 166.8 | 161.4 | 156.5 | 167.7 |  |
| Stocks at mills, end of mont | 25.1 | 22.6 | 18.6 | 20.6 | 16.5 | 27.1 | 21.7 | 24.3 | 16.9 | 22.5 | 29.0 | 21.7 | 27.8 |  |
| Stocks at and in transit to publishers, end of month ${ }^{7}$ - <br> thous. of short tons. | 387.6 | 413.0 | 470.0 | 465.2 | 394.3 | 394.9 | 384.5 | 457.7 | 466.5 | 484.2 | 428.9 | 400.1 | 423.0 |  |
|  | 724.4 | 697.2 | 655.3 | 632.8 | 651.7 | 651.8 | 636.3 | 578.5 | 567.9 | 562.4 | 579.8 | 625.8 | 642.8 |  |
| Imports $\qquad$ do $\qquad$ | 367.7 | 391.6 | 439.5 | 431.3 | 432.1 | 341.6 | 351.6 | 410.3 | 430.7 | 477.0 | 458.2 | 434.1 | 434.4 |  |
| Price, rolls, contract, delivered to principal ports <br> dol. per short ton. | 134.40 | 134.40 | 134.40 | 134.40 | 134.40 | 134.40 | 134.40 | 134.40 | 134.40 | 134.40 | 134.40 | 134.40 | ${ }^{p} 134.40$ |  |
| Paperboard (National Paperboard Association): Orders, new .-...-...-...-.-.......thous. of short tons. | 1,256.9 | 1,309.2 | 1,400.0 | 1,224.6 | 1,249. 1 | 1,168. 6 | 1,255.9 | 1,381. 1 | 1,384.2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, unfiled, end of month....................do...-- | 407.3 | ${ }_{1} 482.8$ | 1,427.6 | 1,224.6 | ${ }^{1,2405.3}$ | - 375.6 | 1,23. 42 | 1, 498.7 | 1,507.4 | 1, 497.8 | $1,378.6$ 478 | 1,280.4 | 1, 5107.4 | 532.0 |
|  | 1,302.0 | 1,255. 1 | 1,408. 3 | 1,269.6 | 1,203.0 | 1,196.0 | 1,215.2 | 1,346.2 | 1,351.2 | 1,388.0 | 1,386. 7 | 1,209. 5 | 1,418.7 | 1,360.1 |
| Paper products: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shipping containers, corrugated and solid fiber, shipments mil. sq. ft. surface area | 8,752 | 9,032 | 9,876 | 8,107 | 7,967 | 8,391 | 8,118 | 8,982 | 9,208 | 9,121 | 9,121 | 8,908 | 9,486 | 10,034 |
| Folding paper boxes, index of physical volume:Consumption of boxboard Shipments of boxes.................................................. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 129.2 \\ & 129.2 \end{aligned}$ | 135.6 133.1 | $\begin{aligned} & 139.7 \\ & 139.1 \end{aligned}$ | 117.5 118.3 | 122.7 129.1 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \\ \mathrm{r} \\ \mathrm{r} \\ \mathrm{r} \\ \hline 117.5\end{array}$ | +139.4 +117.9 | F 146.7 $\sim$ $\sim$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \hline \\ r \\ \hline 124.6\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \\ \mathrm{r} \\ \hline 1232.4\end{array}$ | r +137.1 -129.8 | $\begin{array}{r} \ulcorner 134.6 \\ +121.4 \end{array}$ | ¢ 137.2 +127.7 | 135.9 133.1 |
| PRINTING |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Book publication, total...--.-.....number of editions.- | 679 | ${ }^{1} 1,023$ | 1,217 | 1,307 | ${ }^{1} 11,728$ | 469 | 1,073 | 11,574 | 1,299 | 1,280 | ${ }^{1} 11,500$ | 1,048 | ${ }^{1} 1188$ | 864 |
|  | 552 127 | 1881 1152 | 1,007 210 | 1,092 215 | $\begin{array}{r}11,411 \\ 1 \\ \\ \hline 17\end{array}$ | 368 101 | 873 200 | 11,334 1240 | $\begin{array}{r}1,022 \\ \hline 277\end{array}$ | 968 312 | 11,120 1 1380 | ${ }_{226}^{822}$ | 1946 $\times 1243$ | 684 180 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 180 |

## RUBBER AND RUBBER PRODUCTS

| Natural rubber: RUBBER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 39,380 | 44, 743 | 48,875 | 43,031 | 46, 891 | 49,913 | 47,345 | 51,991 | 41, 483 | 38.777 | 47,786 | 47,545 | 46, 914 |  |
| Stocks, end of month ...........-.-...........--do..- | 85, 666 | 82, 622 | 77, 859 | 74, 969 | 77, 807 | 82, 487 | 79,657 | 78, 871 | 78, 157 | 82, 983 | 84, 727 | 80,059 | 80, 106 |  |
| Imports, including latex and guayule.-........do...- | 39,057 | 41,343 | 45, 136 | 41,819 | 54,492 | 54,950 | 48,917 | 48, 584 | 44,347 | 45,450 | 46, 048 | 47, 527 | 45.359 |  |
| Price, wholesale, smoked sheets (New York) per lb | 288 | . 294 | . 313 | . 324 | 299 | 301 | 301 | 315 | . 340 | . 366 | . 346 | . 350 | 370 | 3. 400 |
| Synthetic rubber: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 87, 321 | 90,979 79 | 100, 981 | 102, 496 | 101, 655 | 108,504 | 102, 297 | 111,377 | 108, 477 | 109, 951 | 106, 716 | 114,316 | 119,031 |  |
|  | 183, 921 | 182, 840 | 178, 534 | 183, 511 | 186, 283 | 187,043 | 187, 181 | 183, 866 | 182,939 | 191,763 | 179,569 | 176, 604 | 91, 183,516 |  |
|  | 12,873 | 13, 100 | 17,151 | 17,078 | 17, 177 | 17, 762 | 16, 143 | 22, 150 | 25,990 | 27,941 | 28,193 | 26, 261 | 23.729 |  |
| Reclaimed rubber: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 22, 432 | 22,596 | 26,523 | 22,396 | 24, 800 | 25,790 | 25, 290 | 29,310 | 21,671 | 19,401 | 26, 119 | 27, 863 | 25, 276 |  |
|  | 19,461 | 21, 899 | 23, 708 | 21,401 | 23,379 | 25,002 | 24,471 | 27,869 | 22, 380 | 20, 496 | 24,998 | 23,942 | 22,914 |  |
| Stocks, end of month .-.........................-d. - do. | 27, 961 | 26,676 | 27, 340 | 27, 680 | 29,063 | 27, 157 | 27, 504 | 27, 582 | 25, 131 | 23, 554 | 23, 448 | 25,949 | 26, 165 |  |
| TIRES AND TUBES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pneumatic casings: <br> Production thousands | 7,762 | 8,277 | 9,344 | 8,393 | 9,376 | 10, 184 | 10,270 | 11,350 | 8,025 | 7,796 | 10,294 | 11,223 | 9,683 |  |
|  | 7,848 | 7,912 | 8,454 | 7,788 | 8,892 | 9,806 | 8, 551 | 10, 557 | 10, 999 | 9,726 | 10, 237 | 10,532 | 7,957 |  |
|  | 1,055 | 1,442 | 1,838 | 3, 369 | 4,057 | 2,960 | 2,805 | 3,336 | 3,594 | 3,291 | 3,392 | 3. 588 | 1,249 |  |
|  | 6,679 | 6,365 | 6,476 | 4,320 | 4, 711 | 6, 742 | 5, 611 | 7, 117 | 7,297 | 6,356 | 6,756 | 6. 832 | 6. 595 |  |
| Export | 115 | 105 | 140 | 100 | 124 | 104 | 135 | 117 | 109 | 79 | 90 | 112 | 114 |  |
|  | 18, 521 | 18,925 | 19,913 | 20, 403 | 20,988 | 21, 399 | 23,019 | 23,862 | 20,872 | 18,727 | 19,088 | 19,877 | 21,730 |  |
|  | 111 | 109 | 86 | 118 | 113 | 101 | ${ }^{23}$ | 92 | 103 | ${ }^{96}$ | ${ }^{73}$ | 79 | 91 |  |
| Inner tubes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3,305 | 3, 390 | 3,768 | 3,319 | 3,491 | 3,806 | 4, 094 | 4,459 | 3,380 | 2,752 | 3,683 | 4,345 | 3,716 |  |
|  | 3,331 | 3,498 | 3,567 | 2,899 | 3,411 | 4,800 | 4,316 | 4,435 | 3,928 | 3,275 | 3,872 | 3,948 | 3, 592 |  |
| Stocks, end of month ----------------------- do---- | 7,664 | 7,657 | 7,869 | 8, 372 | 8,617 | 7, 533 | 7,364 | 7,629 | 7,219 | 6,849 | 7,000 | 7, 560 | 7,848 |  |
| , Exports (Bur, of Census) .-....................... do...- | 108 | 69 | 77 | 71 | 89 | 123 | 69 | 75 | 77 | 80 | 63 | 54 | 67 |  |

[^7]| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1958 |  |  |  |  | 1959 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | August | $\begin{array}{\|} \text { Septem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{array}$ | October | Norember | December | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Septem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ |

STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS

| PORTLAND CEMENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Production, finished cement-------------thous. of bbl | 31, 675 | 31, 597 | 32.847 | 28.031 | 23,590 | 18,604 | 16,710 | 24,329 | 29,093 | 33,428 | 33, 455 | 34, 182 | 34,800 |  |
|  | ${ }^{31.65}$ | 1, 98 | ${ }^{3} 98$ | 28. 86 | 720 | 14, 5.5 | 54 | ${ }^{2} 72$ | 20, 88 | 38, 96 | 38, 100 | - 99 | , 100 |  |
| Shipments, finished cement.-.-.------- thous. of bbl. | 34, 432 | 35.031 | 36,880 | 24,758 | 16,817 | 14, 544 | 14,943 | 23, 250 | 30, 423 | 33, 278 | 36, 361 | 37,370 | 37, 111 |  |
| Stocks, end of month: <br> Finished $\qquad$ do.- | 27, 883 | 24, 445 | 20,41,5 | 23,686 | 30, 800 | 34, 838 | 36,680 | 37,711 | 36, 378 | 36,527 | 33, 605 | - 30,415 | 28,104 |  |
|  | 18,872 | 15,360 | 12,494 | 12, 124 | 15,479 | 20,364 | 25, 183 | 27, 662 | 27,544 | + 26,037 | 23, 109 | - 19,981 | 16,005 |  |
| CLAY CONSTRUCTION PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shipments: <br> Brick, unglazed (common and face) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Structural tile, except facing mil. of standard of short tons-- | 635.1 48.7 | 661.4 47.4 | 696.7 54.0 | 580.3 46.5 | 425.8 37.9 | 365.1 38.3 | 388.6 34.6 | 597.7 40.1 | 685.2 49.8 | 629.1 48.0 | 737.4 49.6 | $\begin{array}{r}723.9 \\ 50.8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  |
| Sewer pipe and fittings, vitrified ............do-- | 184.0 | 186.1 | 190.0 | 152.5 | 118.1 | 101.4 | 99.8 | 153.4 | 185.7 | 182.0 | 194.9 | 195.9 |  |  |
| Facing tile (hollow), glazed and unglazed mil. brick equivalent.- | 41.4 | 39.8 | 43.4 | 37.2 | 37.5 | 32.6 | 28.6 | 30.8 | 36.2 | 37.6 | 38.4 | 40.3 |  |  |
| Floor and wall tile and accessories, glazed and unglazed ----....-................................. of sq. ft | a 18.8 | 19.3 | 21.4 | 17.6 | 18.5 | 17.6 | 18.0 | 19.8 | 21.7 | 21.5 | 22.2 | 22.3 |  |  |
| Price index, brick (common), f.o.b. plant or N.Y. dock $1947-49=100$ - | 135.3 | 135.7 | 135.7 | 136.3 | 137.1 | 137.9 | 137.9 | 138.2 | 138.5 | 139.1 | 139.1 | 139.6 | 139.4 |  |
| glass and glass Prodducts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Flat glass, mfrs.' shipments (qtrly. total) thous. of dol. |  | 57,611 |  |  | 40, 070 |  |  | 57, 269 |  |  | 78, 102 |  |  |  |
| Sheet (window) glass, shipments.-....--...-...do...- |  | 27, 497 |  |  | 21,181 |  |  | 28,438 |  |  | 35, 186 |  |  |  |
| Plate and other flat glass, shipments..-----.-.-. do. |  | 30, 114 |  |  | 18, 889 |  |  | 28,831 |  |  | 42, 916 |  |  |  |
| Olass containers: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 13,431 | 12,583 | 13,217 | 11,455 | 10,515 | 11,504 | 11,416 | 11,518 | 13, 226 | 13,354 | 13,713 | 13,757 | 14,944 |  |
| Shipments, domestic, total.-.-.-.-..--------- do | 13,663 | 13,314 | 12,683 | 10,487 | 10,505 | 11,036 | 10,347 | 11,929 | 12,384 | 13,242 | 13,585 | 13, 109 | 19,712 |  |
| General-use food: <br> Narrow-neck food $\qquad$ | 2,007 | 2,369 | 1,407 | 927 | 977 | 1,124 | 1,065 | 1,208 | 1,240 | 1,305 | 1,316 | 1,466 | 2,850 |  |
| Wide-mouth food (incl. packers' tumblers, jelly glasses, and fruit jars)............ thous. of gross.. | 4, 520 | 4, 271 | 3,867 | 3. 224 | 3,218 | 3,297 | 3,101 | 3,375 | 3,271 | 3,569 | 3,850 | 3,753 | 5,922 |  |
|  | 594 | 462 | 664 | 593 | 804 | 573 | 549 | 961 | 1,119 | 1,378 | 1,558 | 1,272 | 1,054 |  |
| Beer bottles --.----------------1.-------- do- | -994 | ${ }^{811}$ | ${ }^{686}$ | +639 | ${ }^{867}$ | 693 137 | ${ }^{643}$ | ${ }^{872}$ | 1,328 | 1,670 | 1,432 | 1,381 | 1. 662 |  |
|  | 1,178 3,083 | 1,290 2.871 | 1,577 | 1,312 2,751 | 1,030 2,580 | 1,137 2,952 | 1,097 2,724 | 1,247 3,090 | 1,222 $\mathbf{2} 882$ | 1,240 2,839 | $\begin{array}{r}1,297 \\ 2,837 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | 2, 244 <br> 4,184 |  |
| Chemical, household and industrial.---......do. | 1,068 | 1,048 | 1,045 | ${ }^{2} 882$ | ${ }^{2} 823$ | 1, 107 | 1,025 | 1,130 | 1,178 | 1, 101 | 1, 148 | 1, 114 | 1,519 |  |
|  | 219 | 192 | 176 | 159 | 206 | 153 | 143 | 136 | 144 | 140 | 147 | 159 | 277 |  |
|  | 18,956 | 17,971 | 18,176 | 18, 820 | 18,537 | 18,771 | 18,938 | 19,341 | 19,943 | 19,832 | 19,774 | 20, 195 | 15, 120 |  |
| GYPSUM AND PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Crude gypsum, quarterly total: <br> Imports <br> thous. of short tons |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 2, ${ }_{2}, 667$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1,196 \\ & 2,649 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 841 \\ 2,327 \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{1}, 780 \\ & \mathbf{2}, 834 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Calcined, production, quarterly total.....-.......do. |  | 2,310 |  |  | 2,102 |  |  | 2,033 |  |  | 2,459 |  |  |  |
| Gypsum products sold or used, quarterly total: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Uncalcined uses --------.----- thous. of short tons... |  | 915 68 |  |  | 1,060 |  |  | 774 70 |  |  | 1,061 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Plasters: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 377 |  |  | 318 |  |  | 310 |  |  | 375 |  |  |  |
| All other (incl. Keene's cement)-----....- do..-- |  | 341 |  |  | 292 |  |  | 257 |  |  | 333 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 620.7 |  |  | 542.9 |  |  | 496.6 |  |  | 637.7 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 1,399.6 |  |  | 1,393.0 |  |  | 1,342.0 |  |  | 1,603.6 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 51.4 |  |  | 77.6 |  |  |  |

## TEXTILE PRODUCTS

| APPAREL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hosiery, shipments ...........thous. of dozen pairs.. | 14, 181 | 14, 264 | 16,001 | 13,448 | 11, 774 | 13,593 | 12, 684 | 12,891 | 12,228 | 10,926 |
| Men's apparel, cuttings: $\downarrow$ - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tailored garments: Suits................-thous. of units.- | - 1,528 | - 1,344 | r 11.790 | r 1,616 | r11,680 | 1,612 | 1,608 | 1,940 | 1,768 | 1,700 |
|  | $\stackrel{+}{+532}$ | $\xrightarrow{\sim} 444$ | +1470 | $\stackrel{+}{\text { r }} 320$ | r $\times 1240$ | , 200 | +248 | 1345 | +488 | 524 |
| Coats (separate), dress and sport.-..........-do | ${ }^{7} 752$ | $r 628$ | $\because 690$ | ${ }^{\text {r }} 736$ | $r 1855$ | 884 | 912 | 1870 | 912 | 980 |
| Trousers (separate), dress and sport..........-do | 5,788 | +5,612 | -16,490 | +5,476 | ${ }^{1} 16,155$ | 6,552 | 6,456 | 18,000 | 7,992 | 8,324 |
| hirts (woven fabrics), dress and sport thous. of doz | + 1,720 | r 1,700 | r 12,035 | + 1,684 | r 1 1,705 | 1,752 | 1,740 | ${ }^{1} 1,860$ | 1,812 | 1,768 |
| Work clothing: <br> Dungarees and waistband overalls $\qquad$ do | - 240 | r 240 | -1290 | ¢ 240 | ${ }^{\text {r } 185}$ | 224 | 284 | ${ }^{1} 325$ | 356 | 04 |
|  | - 296 | r 328 | $\bigcirc 1395$ | r 304 | ${ }^{-1310}$ | 360 | 336 | 1350 | 376 | 340 |
| Women's, misses', juniors' outerwear, cuttings: $\triangle$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Coats................................-- - thous. of units. | r 28388 -18928 | r 2,363 +19118 |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}2,273 \\ 21 \\ \hline 183\end{array}$ | 2, ${ }_{269}$ |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r}\text { + } 18,928 \\ r \\ \hline 804\end{array}$ | + 19,118 +656 | r 20,972 $r$ 722 |  | + 18,083 $r$ 763 | 20,698 1,610 | 21,383 1,505 | 26,343 1,042 | $\begin{array}{r}28,481 \\ \hline 553 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | 25,470 483 |
| Waists, blouses, and shirts..........--thous. of doz | +1,210 | - 1,233 | + 1, 374 | -1,055 | $\bigcirc 944$ | 1,280 | 1,307 | 1,412 | 1,396 | 1,340 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $r$ Revised. $\quad \boldsymbol{p}$ Preliminary. a Revisions for January-July 1958 (mil. sq. ft.): 16.4; 14.2; 16.2; 16.6; 18.2; 18.3; 18.3. ${ }^{1}$ Data cover a 5 -week period. <br> § Comprises sheathing, formboard, and laminated board. <br> - Data for October and December 1958 and March and June 1959 cover 5 -week periods and for other months, 4 weeks. <br> $\triangle$ Revisions for January 1957-July 1958 are available upon request. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1958 |  |  |  |  | 1959 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | August | September | October | November | Decem- ber | January | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Septern- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ |

## TEXTILE PRODUCTS-Continued


 period. ${ }^{6}$ Less than 500 bales, ${ }^{7}$ Data cover 14 weeks; other periods, 13 weeks. ${ }^{8}$ Data are for month shown. ${ }^{8}$ Minor break in comparability; comparable price for August 1958 , $\$ .933$. § Total ginnings to end of month indicated, except as noted.
covered. for October and December 1958 and March and June 1959 cover 5 -week periods and for other months, 4 weeks; cotton stocks and number of actober 1958 for production of linters and for that part of stocks "at oil mills" are in thousands of equivalent coo-pound bales (earlier data in thousands of running bales). October 1958 figures comparable with data shown through September (thous. of bales): Production, 208; total stocks, 777.


| Untess otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1958 |  |  |  |  | 1959 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | August | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Septem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | October | November | Decem- ber | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Septem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ |

TEXTILE PRODUCTS-Continued

| WOOL AND MANUFACTURES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wool prices, raw, clean basis, Boston: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Good French combing and staple: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1.875 | 1.125 | 1.843 | 1. 849 | 1.125 | 1.088 .908 | 1.870 | 1.875 .860 | 1.165 | 1.225 | 1.225 | 1.285 | 1.325 | 1.305 |
| Australian, 64s, 70 s , good topmaking, in bond...do | 1.175 | I. 175 | 1.075 | 1.025 | I. 025 | 1.025 | 975 | . 975 | 1. 035 | 1.075 | 1.075 | 1.115 | 1.125 | 1. 135 |
| Knitting yarn, worsted, 2/20s-50s/56s, Bradford system, wholesale price $1947-49=100$ | 93.5 | 93.5 | 91.0 | 88.5 | 90.5 | 90.5 | 80.3 | 90.5 | 94.8 | 99.8 | 102.2 | 102.2 | 106.0 |  |
| Woolen and worsted woven goods, except woven felts: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production, quarterly total.......- thous. of lin. yd.- |  | 69, 174 |  |  | ${ }^{1} 66,291$ |  |  | r 72,466 |  |  | 83, 586 |  |  |  |
| Apparel fabries, total.---------.--------.-. do.. |  | 66, 897 |  |  | 163,708 |  |  | ${ }^{7} 70,377$ |  |  | 81,542 |  |  |  |
| Other than Government orders, total......do-. |  | 65, 089 |  |  | 1 162,225 |  |  | r 69.413 |  |  | 81, 224 |  |  |  |
| Men's and boys' |  | 23,142 |  |  | ${ }_{1}^{1} 26,809$ |  |  | r 33, 159 |  |  | 35, 929 |  |  |  |
| Women's and children's. |  | 41,947 |  |  | ${ }^{1} 35.416$ |  |  | 36. 254 |  |  | 45, 295 |  |  |  |
| Prices, wholesale, suiting, f.o.b mill: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 106.7 97.3 | 109.7 90.8 | 106.7 89.1 | 104.5 89.1 | 104.5 89.1 | 104.5 89.1 | 105.6 90.8 | 10.7 90.8 | 103.7 90.8 | 10.4 90.8 | ${ }_{90.8}^{10.4}$ | 105.4 92.4 | 195.4 |  |

## TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT

| AIRCRAFT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Manufacturers of complete types: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aircraft, engines, propellers, parts, etc.: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, new (net), quarterly total....-mil. of dol-- |  | 2, 2,792 |  |  | 2,974 2,947 |  |  | 2, 558 |  |  | 3,006 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 12,799 |  |  | 2,947 |  |  | 12,558 |  |  | $\stackrel{2}{2,824}$ |  |  |  |
|  |  | 13,035 7,130 |  |  | 13,71 6,933 |  |  | 12, 675 |  |  | 12,887 6,304 |  |  |  |
| Civilian aircraft: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shipments-..-.-.------------.------thous. of dol-- | 30,776 | 24, 401 | 49,328 | 34,881 | 37,672 | 49,590 | 49,805 | 34, 014 | 68, 142 | 81, 212 | 65,098 | -88, 444 | 95. 280 |  |
|  | 1,106.0 | 855.2 | 1,545.6 | 1,107.1 | 1,258.9 | 1,452.8 | 1,440.0 | 1,185. 7 | 1,849.5 | 2,091.8 | 1,804.7 | +2,160.0 | 2,286.9 |  |
| Exports (eommercial and civilian).......thous. of dol.- | 26,768 | 13,279 | 8,064 | 9,767 | 9,951 | 12,991 | 4, 213 | 4,168 | 8,576 | 2,778 | 5,162 | 20,467 | 14, 414 |  |
| MOTOR VEHICLES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 250, 460 | 149,256 | 342, 324 | 605, 334 | 709,078 | 635,664 | 577, 093 | 686, 612 | 702,952 | 660, 278 | 674,689 | 663, 444 | 315, 983 | p2338,800 |
|  | 265 | ${ }_{216}^{216}$ | 149 | 167 | 208 | 169 | 143 | 245 | ${ }^{253}$ | 282 | 267 | 233 |  | ${ }^{2} 2120$ |
|  | 259 | 212 | 149 | 124 | 165 | 112 | 141 | 200 | 251 | 235 | 242 | 209 |  |  |
|  | 194, 974 | 102, 687 | ${ }_{26}^{272,241}$ | 511,885 | 608, 730 | 539,451 | 476,977 | 575, 012 | 585, 789 | 545, 001 | 554, 878 | 548, 524 | 255, 831 | p2258,200 |
|  | 192,770 | 98, 009 | 263, 491 | 497, 218 | 594, 188 | 527, 588 | 466, 564 | 563, 849 | 575, 268 | 535, 195 | 545, 660 | 541,458 | 252,556 |  |
|  | 55,221 47,030 | - $\begin{aligned} & 46,353 \\ & 34,232\end{aligned}$ | 69,934 <br> 55 | 93,282 79,618 | 100,140 82,688 | 96,044 81,599 | 99,973 83,775 | ${ }_{93,060}^{111,355}$ | 116,910 98,906 | -114, 995 | 119,544 100,462 | 114, 687 | 60,070 47,882 | p280,400 |
|  | 47,030 | 34, 232 | 55, 865 | 79,618 | 82,688 | 81,599 | 83, 775 | 93, 060 | 98, 906 | 95, 561 | 100, 462 | 92, 186 | 47,882 |  |
|  | 15,326 | 15, 267 | 14, 755 | 18,873 | 35,641 | 24, 248 | 21,319 | 31, 452 | 26,586 | 26, 211 | 27, 078 | 22, 154 | 16, 929 |  |
| Passenger cars (new and used) .-.................do | 5,060 | 7,425 | 6, 546 | 11, 333 | 15,458 | 11, 520 | 10,700 | 10,758 | 11, 971 | 10,746 | 8,497 | 7,467 | 5, 160 |  |
| Trucks and buses. | 10,266 | 7,842 | 8,209 | 7,540 | 20.183 | 12,728 | 10,619 | 20,694 | 14,615 | 15,465 | 18,581 | 14.687 | 11, 769 |  |
|  | 36,875 | 36, 170 | 42, 255 | 38,916 | 54,824 | 55,728 | 50,916 | 58, 207 | ${ }^{60,567}$ | 69,019 | 64, 832 | 68.647 | 50, 181 |  |
| Passenger cars (new and used) $0^{2}$----------...... do | 36,020 | 34, 592 | 41,245 | 37, 569 | 53,218 | 54, 075 | 49.167 | 56,474 | 57,898 | 66, 765 | 62, 860 | 66,516 | 49, 120 |  |
| Production, truck trailers: $\Delta$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Complete trailers, total.--.--------.-------- - do | 3,866 | 4,426 | 4, 807 | 4,182 | 4, 832 | 4,883 | 4, 827 | 5,503 | 6, 218 | 6, 141 | 6. 617 | 5. 826 | 5,539 |  |
| Vans-....-.-.......-.-.-.-.-..........-.- do-.-- | $\begin{array}{r}3,037 \\ \hline 296\end{array}$ | 2, 3393 | 2,825 260 | 2,443 245 | 2, 8888 | 2,908 330 | 2,684 435 | 2,916 | 3,271 | $\begin{array}{r}3,227 \\ \hline 280\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}3,863 \\ \hline 289\end{array}$ | 3,439 243 | 3, 314 |  |
| Trailer chassis, produced for sale separately...-do..-- | 296 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Registrations: $\odot$ New passenger cars | ${ }^{3} 370,856$ | ${ }^{3} 317,070$ | 3321, 285 | 3334, 876 | 3511, 284 | 419,512 | 423,703 | 496,717 | 573,777 | 582, 266 | 584, 816 | 564, 985 | 532, 279 |  |
|  | 363, 981 | 360,716 | ${ }^{3} 56,234$ | ${ }^{3} 55,222$ | 373,891 | 61,776 | 64, 688 | 77, 593 | 91, 805 | 86, 566 | 86,914 | 88,948 | 88, 137 |  |
| RAILROAD EQUIPMENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| American Railway Car Institute: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2,182 | 2, 296 | 1,811 | 2,256 |  | 1,972 | 2, 506 | 2,808 |  | 3,468 | 4,219 | 4,334 | 4,890 | 2,491 |
| Equipment manufacturers, total.---------do..- | 1,307 | 1,153 | 759 | 1,319 | 1,584 | 1,014 | 1,677 | 1,777 | 2,334 | 2,373 | 3,196 | 3, 197 | 3,629 | 1,491 |
|  | 1,307 | 1,055 | 606 | 905 | 1,442 | 982 | 1,657 | 1,766 | 2,334 | 2,263 | 2,927 | 3,136 | 3,629 | 1,481 |
| Railroad and private-line shops, domestic.-do | 875 | 1, 143 | 1, 052 | 937 | 1,179 | 958 | 829 | 1,031 | 1,407 | 1,095 | 1,023 | 1,137 | 1.261 | 1,000 |
|  | 1,873 | 1,670 | 666 | 6,525 | 3,706 | 4,328 | 1,922 | 10,792 | 3,777 | 5,203 | -8,044 | 4,159 | 1,753 | 945 |
| Equipment manufacturers, total...--....... do.. | 871 | 1,628 | ${ }_{6}^{606}$ | 4.628 | 2,004 | 1,390 | 1,411 | 7,367 | 3,240 | 3,415 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } 7,228 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 2,519 | 1,753 | 943 |
|  | 771 | 1,543 | 606 | 4,398 | $\stackrel{2}{2}, 004$ | 1,069 | 1,292 | 7,367 | 3,199 | 3,415 | r 7,288 | 2,519 | 1,753 | 943 |
| Railroad and private-ine shops, domestic. do..-- | 1, 002 |  | 60 | 1,897 | 1,702 | 2,938 | 511 | 3,425 | 537 | 1,788 | 816 | 1,640 |  | 2 |
| Unfilled orders, end of month, total....--.... do.- | 26,166 | 25,524 | 24,059 | 28,167 | 27,659 | 29, 822 | 29,240 | 35, 927 | 35,969 | 37, 249 | 41, 084 | 40,359 | 37, 202 | 35,646 |
| Equipment manufacturers, total---------- do-- |  | 5,221 |  |  |  |  | 8. 536 | 14,129 | 15,041 | 16, 128 | 20, 170 | 19,442 | 17,546 | 16,988 |
| Domestic $\qquad$ do---- | 4, 184 | 4,679 | 4,259 | 7,791 | 8,404 | 8,448 | 8.085 | 13,689 | 14, 551 | 15,748 | 20, 059 | 19,392 | 17,516 | 16,968 |
| Railroad and private-line shops, domestic.-do...- | 21,427 | 20,303 | 19,411 | 20,171 | 19,192 | 21,022 | 20,704 | 21,798 | 20,928 | 21, 121 | 20,914 | 20,917 | 19,656 | 18.658 |
| Passenger cars (equipment manufacturers) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shipments, total $\qquad$ do..-- | 0 | 3 3 3 |  | 4 | 2 | 0 0 | ${ }_{0}$ | 0 | 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 5 |
|  | 55 | 52 | 43 | 44 | 36 | 36 | 72 | 132 | 132 | 132 | 157 | 157 | 153 | 198 |
|  | 49 | 46 | 37 | 38 | 36 | 36 | 72 | 132 | 132 | 132 | 157 | 157 | 153 | 198 |
| Association of American Railroads: Freight cars (class I). 8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number owned or leased, end of month_...-thous. | 1,741 | 1,737 | 1,733 | 1,729 | 1,726 | 1,724 | 1,722 | 1,717 | 1,707 | 1,703 | 1,702 | 1,701 | 1,702 |  |
| Held for repairs, percent of total owned..------- | 8.3 | 8.4 | 8.2 | 8.4 | 8.6 | 8.9 | 9.2 | 8.8 | 8.3 | 8.1 | 7.9 | 8.1 | 8.4 |  |
| Locomotives (class 1): <br> Diesel-electric and electric: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Owned or leased, end of mo. No. of power units.- |  | 28, 181 |  |  | 28, 303 |  |  | 28, 395 |  |  | 28,615 |  |  |  |
| Serviceable, end of month .----------do-- |  | 26, 729 |  |  | 26,838 |  |  | 26, 822 |  |  | 27, 211 |  |  |  |
| Installed in service (new), quarterly total do..-- |  | 27 |  |  | 96 |  |  | 204 |  |  | 298 |  |  |  |
| Unfilled orders, end of month .-..--......-do.... |  | 403 |  |  | 561 |  |  | 589 |  |  | 413 |  |  |  |
| Exports of locomotives, total (railroad-service and industrial types) $\qquad$ | 94 | 80 | 95 | 62 | 96 | 59 | 33 | 42 | 26 | 19 | 13 | 29 | 8 |  |

$r$ Revised. $\quad{ }^{p}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ Data cover 14 weeks; for other periods, 13 weeks. ${ }^{2}$ Preliminary estimate of production. ${ }^{3}$ Excludes registrations for Oregon; data to be revised later. $0^{12}$ Data cover complete units, chassis, and bodies. Revisions for January and July 1958, respectively, are as follows (units): Total-40,766; 45,256; cars-39,830; 43,595.
$\triangle$ Revisions for 1957 are available upon request.
©Data beginning January 1959 include new registrations in Alaska.
$\ddagger$ Scattered revisions back to 1955 are available upon request.
§Excludes railroad-owned private refrigerator cars.


Advertising
Agricultural employment
Agricultural loans and foreign trade......-16, 21, 22 Aircraft and parts
Airline operations
Alcohol, denatured and ethyl

3, $7,9,2$
Apparel-and asphalt and tar products_1,
Asphalt and
and Automobiles....... 2, 3, 9, 12, 13, 14,

Bakery products
3, 12, 13
Balance of payments
Banking
Barrels and drums
Battery shipments.
Beef and veal
Beverages ............-7, $3,4,12,13,15,26$
Blast furnaces, steel works, etc.
12, 13, 14
Bonds, outstanding, issued, prices, sales,
Book publication
Brass
Brick
Brokers loans and balances
Building and construction materials .....- 8, 9, 10, 36
Building costs_
Business incorporations (new), failures
Business sales and inventories
Cans (metal), closures, crowns
Cattle and calves
Cement and concrete products
$7,8,38$
Cereal and bakery products
Chain-store sales, firms with 4 or more and 11
Cheese-
Chemicals _.... $3,4,5,6,12,13,14,15,19,22,24$
Cigarettes and cigars---
Clay products.
Coal.
Coffee
Communications......................................23, $12,14,19,20$,
Confectionery, sales
Construction:

## Costs

Dwelling units
Highways and roads
New construction, dollar value
Consumer creat
Consumer durables output, index
Consumer price index
Copper
62,33
27
Cost of living (see Consumer price index)
Cotton, raw and manufactures........ 3, 6, 7, 22, 39
Credit, short-and intermediate-term

Currency in circulation
3, 11, 13, 14, 15,

Dairy products
2, 6, 26
Debits, bank
Debt, U.S. Government
Department stores
10, 11,
Deposits, bank.--.-
. 16,
Disputes, industria
$2,19,20$
Dividend payments, rates, and yields
Dwelling units, new
14, 15
Earnings, weekly and hourly
Eating and drinking places
Eggs and poultry.
Electrical machinery and equip
2, 6,18

Employment estimates and indexes
Tngineering construction


Glass and products
Generators and motors

## Gold.

18,21
27,28

Grains and produ

Gross national product
Gross private domestic investmen
Gypsum and products
7, 38
Hardware stores.
Heating apparatus

## Highways and roads

## Iogs

## Hogs. <br> ome Loan banks, loans outstanding

Home mortgages
Hosiery
$12,13,14,15,2$
Hours of work per we
Housefurnishings................6, 9,10
Household appliances and radios....... 6,34
Imports (see also individual commodities).... 21,22
Imports (see also individual commodities)
21,22
1
Income, personal and employment tax receipts.
Industrial production indexes.
Installment credit
Installment sales, department stores
Instruments and related products
$2,3,12,13,1$
Insulating materials
Insurance, life
2,3,12
Interest and money rates
Inventories, manufacturers' and trade
$4,10,11$
$4,5,7,8,12,14,19,22,32,33$

## Kerosene

Labor disputes, turnover
Labor forc
Lamb and mutton
Lard.

Linseed oil
$2,6,23,28$
Loans, real estate, agricultural, bank, brokers
(see also Consumer credit) ........-8,16, 17, 19

## Locomotives

Lumber and products
35, 36
$3,4,5,7,8,9,10,12,13,14,18,31$
Machinery......... $2,-3,-4,-7,12,13,14,19,22,34$
Mail-order sales, catalog...........
Manufacturers' sales, inventories, orders
Manufacturing employment, production work
Mans, payrolls, hours, earnings.... 11, 12, 13, 14,
Margarine
Meats and meat packing $\cdots \cdots, \overline{3},-\cdots, 12,13,14,28$
Medical and personal care.,.1.,.........
Metals_... $2,3,4,5,7,11,12,13,14,19,32,33$
Mill
Mining and minerals.- $2,3,11,12,13,14,15,19,2$
Monetary statistics
Money supply
Mortgage loans........................................................ 16 ,
Motor carriers
Motor vehicles... 4, 5, 7, 9, 10, 12, 13, 14, 15, 19, 40
National income and product.
National parks, visits.
National security expenditures.
Newsprint

Nonferrous metals.......................2, 7, 19, 22, 3
Noninstallment credit
Oil burners
Oils and fats, greases.......................................................... 30
Orders, new and unfilled, manufacturers
$12,13,14$

Paint and paint materials
Panama Canal traffic

$4,5,7,12,13,14,15,18,22,36$,
Parity ratio
Passports issued
Payrons, indexe
ersonal consumption expendizures
Personal saving and disposable income
$4,5,6,12,13,14,15,19,22,35$
Plant and equipment expenditures
Plastics and resin materials
Plywood, hardwood.
Population.
Porkal asvings
2, $6, \begin{array}{r}16 \\ \hline\end{array}$
Poultry and eggs
Prices (see also individual commodities)
Consumer price index-....-.
Received and paid by fa
Wholesale price indexes
Printing and publishing............... $3,12,13,14,15,37$
Profits, corporate........................1, 13, 18, 19
Public utilities........2, $6,7,12,13,14,15,19,20,26$
Pulliman Company
Pullman Company
Pulp and pulpwood
Pumps
Radiators and convectors
-- 34
Radio and television.......................................... 34
Railroads $\quad$ (local) and bus lines......................12, 13, 14, 15, 23
Railways
Rayon and acetate
Real estate-........................
Receipts, U
Refrigeration appliances, output
Rents (housing
8, 16

Retail trade, all retail stored, firms with 4 or
more and 11 or more stores, general merchan
dise, department stores. $4,5,9,10,11,13,14,15,17$
Roofing and siding, asphalt
Rubber and products. $3,4,5,7,12,13,14,15,22,37$
Saving, personal

Sheep and lambs.
12, 13, 14
Ship and boat building
12,13
$7,9,10$
Silk, prices, imports, production.-...................................... 79

Spindle activity, cotton
30
39
Steel ingots and steel manufactures (see also
Iron and steel)....................................2,32,33
Steel scrap
Stocks, department stores
Stocks, dividends, prices, yields, earnings,
sales, listings
Stone, clay,
Stoves and ranges.. $3,4,5,12,13,14,19,38$

## Sugar

Sulfuric acid
Sulfuric acid....
22, 29

elephone, telegraph, cable, and radiotele-
graph carriers
Televiaion and radio-.-.
 Tin.

4, $5,7,1$
Tires and inner tubes............-7, $9,10,37$
Tools, machine $-\ldots, 5,7,-7,12,13,14,15,22,30$
34 Tractors.
Trade, retail and who................................ 34
Transit lines, local
$5,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,17,20$
Transportation and transportation equip.
ment. $2,3,4,5,6,9,12,13,14,15,19,22,23,24$, 40
Truck trailers
24
40
40
Unemployment and compensation.
$16,17,11,15$
U.S. Government finance....................... $2,6,7,12,13,14,15,19,20,26$

Vacuum cleaners
34
Variety stores
34
10
30
Vegetable oils.
Vegetables and fruits................................................................... 27

Wages and salaries.
$1,2,13,14,15$
Washers he
Wheat and wheat flour
Wheat and wheat flour-...........................27, 28
Wood pulp.....................................................
Wool and wool manufactures....... 3, 6, 7, 22, 39, 40

## D.S. Income and 0utput

\{NOW AVAILABLE\}

$\mathcal{A}$RECENTLY completed compilation of new and revised income and product data for the period beginning with 1946, for use in conjunction with the 1954 National Income supplement.

The text includes an analysis of the American economy as viewed through the national income accounts, a discussion of the development of the accounts over the past quarter century and of the needed directions of future research, and a review and evaluation of the statistical basis of the estimates.

Orders may be placed with the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington 25, D.C., or with any Field Office of the
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Based on data available Oct. 12.

[^1]:    NOTE.-MR. KENADJIAN AND MR. DER RICKSON ARE MEMBERS OF THE NATIONAL ECONOMICS DIVISION, OFFICE OF BUSINESS ECONOMICS.

[^2]:    I See the Survey of Current Business of Jan., 1959, pp. 20-24, for a description of the coverage and procedures used in these surveys. Data for 1957 have been revised and adjusted to a minor extent to correspond to the coverage for 1958. Based on ratios of earnings, reporting companies account for about three quarters of U.S. direct foreign investments, but coverage varies from nearly complete coverage in petroleum to about 60 percent in manufacturing. Data in this article cover only companies reporting in the annual survey, unless otherwise noted.

    NOTE.-MR. PIZER AND MR. CUTLER ARE MEMBERS OF THE BALANCE. OF PAYMENTS DIVISION, OFFICE OF BUSINESS ECONOMICS.

[^3]:    ${ }^{2}$ Earnings of direct foreign investments in 1958 are discussed in the Survey of Curent Business for August 1959, pp. 25-32 $520403^{\circ}-59-3$

[^4]:    ${ }^{r}$ Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ Includes lump-sum retroactive salary payments to Federal employees. ${ }^{2}$ Estimates for July-September based on anticipated capital expenditures of business. ${ }^{3}$ Estimates for October-Degember based on anticipated capitar expenditures of business. Anticipated expenditures for the year 1959, and comparative data for 1957-58, appear

[^5]:    $r$ Revised, ${ }_{p}$ Preliminary, 1 ess than $\$ 50,000$
     §xxcludes "special category" shipments and all commodities exported under foreign-aid programs as Department of Defense controlled cargo.
     tion" shipments) are as follows (mil. dol): August 1958-August 1959, respectively-113.2;121.6; 181.3; 188.5; 135.0; 114.5; 96.7; 81.2; 125.1; 140.9; 78.1; 114.6;97.1.
    $\triangle$ Excludes "special category" shipments. of Includes countries not shown separately.

[^6]:    ${ }_{a}$ Revised. ${ }^{\circ}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{\circ}$ Includes data not shown separately, § Includes nonmarketable catalyst coke.

[^7]:    $\begin{aligned} & r \text { Revised. } \\ & \text { tation. }\end{aligned} \begin{gathered}p \text { Preliminary. }\end{gathered}{ }^{1}$ Data for months noted cover 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks. ${ }^{2}$ July data exclude estimates for tissue and miscellaneous papers. quotation. o Data exclude estimates for "tissue paper." $\sigma^{7}$ As reported by publishers accounting for about 75.5 percent of total newsprint consumption in 1957 .

