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By the Office of Business Economics

## Plant and Equipment Investment



RRECOVERY of the economy from the lows of last spring has been extended. Production has moved closer to the demand for final products which in turn has been advancing. Output continues below the peak reached about this time last year, but the difference is being narrowed.
Personal income rose again in August from July (exclusive of the lump-sum payment in the earlier month of the retroactive pay increase by the Government) to an annual rate of $\$ 3551 / 2$ billion as a result of another gain in employment. The August income rate was $\$ 31 / 2$ billion above the peak of August of last year, owing to a rise of $\$ 5$ billion in transfer payments.

Employment in nonagricultural establishments has been edging upward since spring. At $50 \frac{1}{2}$ million in August, this seasonally adjusted aggregate was up nearly $1 / 2$ million from March though 2 million under August of last year. The recent improvement has been widely distributed by industries. In addition, there has been some lengthening in the factory workweek in recent months.

Consumer buying continues to reflect the rise in personal income, and increases have been concentrated in nondurable goods and services. Individuals are still cautious about incurring new installment debt obligations. Thus, sales of new automobiles show no improvement and continue to run considerably below a year ago, with a change in trend not to be expected during coming weeks when the auto industry will be in an interim period of shifting over to the 1959 models.

## Rising factory sales

The strengthening of retail sales, the rise in Government purchases, and the slackening pace of inventory liquidation have been mirrored in a rise in sales of manufacturers. These had dropped 14 percent from the seasonally adjusted high in the summer of last year to the low in March of this year. Manufacturers' sales in July were 6 percent above the March low. Sales for many of the durable-goods industries, including primary and fabricated metals, electrical machinery, and industrial machinery, which had shown pronounced weakness during most of last year and through the winter months of this year, either firmed or increased moderately in the spring and summer.

The recent rise in manufacturers' new orders reflects in part the change in Federal Government programs and purchasing. As shown in detail later in this review, Federal programs have been stepped up. Order placement for major military procurement items was accelerated, especially in the second quarter of this year.
The increase in manufacturers' new orders began in May and further increases occurred in both June and July (sea-
sonally adjusted). Since new orders approvimated shipments, a firming of backlogs resulted following a long period of decline.

## Investment decline slows

Following the substantial inventory liquidation of the first half of the year at an annual rate of between $\$ 8$ and $\$ 9$ billion (nonfarm GNP basis), this drag on production has now lessened.

In July, the book value of business inventories was cut $\$ 500$ million, seasonally adjusted, compared with a monthly average of $\$ 700$ million in the second quarter. It is of interest to note also that whereas most of the liquidation in the first half of the year was concentrated in the durable goods, in July the liquidation was about equally divided between the durable- and nondurable-goods groups. The continued inventory decline coupled with rising business sales brought the inventory-sales ratio in July back to that of a year ago.

The latest quarterly survey of plant and equipment in-

## Expansion in Housing

## Most of the yariation since 1950 has been in government-aided starts



## Recently FHA-VA financing requests have expanded


vestment, pictured in the chart on page 1, and discussed in a subsequent section, shows that expenditures in the second quarter again fell below the projections by business, a continuation of the short-fall that characterized the two preceding quarters. The second-half expectations now reported indicate a firming in this important segment of demand.

Summing up, the current movements of major indicators point to a marked rise in national output and income during the third quarter.

## RESIDENTIAL CONSTRUCTION

The principal factor in the improved trend of residential construction activity in recent months has been the more liberal financing terms available since the beginning of the year.

At the time that seasonally adjusted housing starts were reaching a low point in early 1958, applications for FHA commitments on new housing construction were showing an expansion that has extended into the summer months. In the second quarter VA appraisal requests for new houses showed a sharp rise. These developments have been followed by a rise in housing starts and in residential construction activity. The commitments in recent months presage expansion in residential building in the period immediately ahead.

As shown in the accompanying chart, housing starts with conventional financing have continued at the steady pace which they have maintained for the past several building seasons.

Total private nonfarm housing starts dipped below 1 million on a seasonally adjusted annual rate basis in the first quarter, but climbed above the 1 million rate by May and have continued to rise in recent months, reaching $1,170,00$ ก in August.

Easing in the money market accompanying the business recession together with changes in residential financing arrangements through specific legislative and administrative actions earlier this year resulted in more favorable mortgage financing. Funds have been more readily available to builders and financing terms have become more attractive to home buyers.

For conventional financing, the number of starts has been about the same as last year. On the whole, funds for such financing came primarily from local thrift institutions whose supply of funds grows relatively steadily; also, these agencies have limited alternatives to mortgage financing. The terms of such lending have been affected, however. Thus, the interest rate on conventional mortgages, which was reported by the regional offices of FHA to have risen during the course of 1957, has declined in the first half of 1958.

Aside from the general easing in the money market, a series of developments have led to a revival in Governmentassisted residential financing. These include an increase in maximum rates which have made such loans more attractive to lending institutions and reduced the "discounts" which had become so substantial that they had discouraged sucu financing. For FHA, the increase in rates was made from $41 / 2$ to 5 percent in December 1956 and again from 5 to $5 \frac{1}{4}$ percent in August 1957. After the latter increase, the subsequent decline in otber types of business borrowing and the general relaxation in interest rates were accompanied by an increase in FHA lending.

The increase in VA maximum rate from $41 / 2$ to $43 / 4$ percent occurred in April 1958, following the enactment of the Emergency Housing law. This legislation also authorized the Federal National Mortgage Association to buy at par $\$ 1$ billion of FHA-VA mortgages on new houses priced up to $\$ 13,500$. At the same time the VA removed the 2 percent
downpayment requirement. A sharp rise followed in VA appraisal requests during the second quarter and continued into the summer months. FHA loan commitments, which had already begun to rise, registered a further advance.

By the end of August, all but $\$ 170$ million of the $\$ 1$ billion available for mortgage financing in the secondary market had been committed--more than half of it for VA mortgages. Meanwhile, the emergency period for which commitments were required to be made at par by the FNMA had expired (August 7). At the end of August the purchasing at par of the Government underwritten mortgages by FNMA was discontinued. For the remaining portion of the emergency fund, FHA loans are to be committed at between 98.5 and $100-$ i. e., with discounts ranging up to $11 / 2$ points. VA mortgage commitments will be made at $97 \%$. When the emergency fund for new houses priced up to $\$ 13,500$ is ex-
hausted, FNMA's authority to make new commitments for FHA-VA loans will end. After that such loans may be purchased by FNMA under its secondary mortgage operation or be sold in the secondary mortgage market in competition with conventional loans.

Another recent development affecting residential mortgage financing is the marked change in money market conditions. A stiffening in interest rates has developed, especially on short term obligations but long term rates have also advanced. Since the Government-underwritten mortgages are for fixed rates of interest, the attractiveness of such loans to lending institutions may be affected by increases in interest rates and in the demand for other types of loans. On the other hand, a substantial improvement in business conditions and purchasing power tend to broaden the market for housing.

# Government Programs in Relation to Business Trends 

Completion by Congress of legislative action on the appropriation bills for fiscal year 1959, and the publication by the Budget Bureau of the midyear budget review make possible an evaluation of the effect of the Federal budget on the general business situation for the period ahead. In summary, Federal expenditures for the current fiscal year are planned to exceed substantially the total for fiscal year 1958; budgetary receipts on the other hand are expected to decline somewhat; a deficit of $\$ 12$ billion for the current year is thus projected, as compared with $\$ 3$ billion for the year just ended.
Federal administrative budget expenditures are programed to total $\$ 79$ billion for fiscal 1959, approximately $\$ 7$ billion more than in fiscal 1958 (and about $\$ 5$ billion more than had been estimated for fiscal year 1959 in the Budget presented to Congress last January).

A review of Federal agency programs planned for the current year indicates that of the $\$ 7$ billion increase in expenditures, increased outlays for purchases of goods and sprvices will account for about $\$ 31 / 2$ billion. With. State and local government outlays expected to increase in the current year, following recent trends, all levels of government will provide greater demand for goods and services during the course of the next few quarters; some shifts in the composition of such expenditures are outlined below.

## Federal fiscal position

Budgetary receipts are expected to total $\$ 67$ billion in fiscal 1959 as compared with $\$ 69$ billion for the fiscal year just ended. Tax receipts on corporate profits are estimated at $\$ 31 / 2$ billion less, while income tax receipts from individuals are estimated to increase by $\$ 1$ billion, and employment Digitized for FRASER
taxes by about $\$ 1 / 2$ billion. In addition to the increased expenditures of $\$ 3 \frac{1}{2}$ billion for goods and services of the $\$ 79$ billion total projected for the current year, larger outlays for mortgage purchases, direct housing loans to veterans, advances to States for increased unemployment benefit payments, and more loans to small businesses are also planned.
A summary of the fiscal position of the Federal Government in terms of the administrative budget, the cash budget,

Table 1.-Federal Government Receipts and Expenditures 1957-59
[Billions of dollars]

|  | Fiscal Years |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1957 | 1958 | $\begin{gathered} 1959 \\ \text { (estimate) } \end{gathered}$ |
| Administrative budget: |  |  |  |
| Receipts------- | 71.0 | 69.1 | 67.0 |
| Expenditures--- | 69.4 | 71. 9 | 79.2 |
| Surplus or deficit (-) | 1. 6 | $-2.8$ | -12.2 |
| Cash budget: |  |  |  |
| Receipts_ | 82.1 | 81. 9 | 80.4 |
| Expenditures. | 80.0 | 83.3 | 94.1 |
| Surplus or deficit (-) | 2. 1 | $-1.5$ | $-13.7$ |
| National income and product account: |  |  |  |
| Receipts.- | 81.7 | 78. 3 | 82. 0 |
| Expenditures.-.-.- | 76.5 | 82.5 | 90. 0 |
| Goods and services | 49.6 | 51.0 | 54.5 |
| Other | 26. 9 | 31. 4 | 35. 5 |
| Surplus or deficit (-) ---.-.-. | 5. 2 | -4.2 | $-8.0$ |

Sturce: U. S. Treasury Department, Department of Commerce, and Budget Bureau.
and the national income and product accounts is shown in the accompanying table.

The difference between the surplus in the administrative budget and in the cash budget is largely accounted for by the operations of the old-age and survivors' insurance and other trust funds, which are included in the cash budget but are excluded from the administrative budget. The surplus on national income and product account also includes trust fund transactions, but this surplus differs in definition from

that in the cash budget in several important respects. Corporate profits taxes are recorded on an accrual rather than a cash collections basis; loan transactions are either omitted or involve differences in timing; acquisitions of financial and second-hand assets are excluded; and an adjustment for the lag between deliveries and payments for goods is incorporated.

Thus, in fiscal year 1958, the deficit on income and product account was greater than the cash budget deficit mainly because the corporate profits tax accruals included in the former were about $\$ 2$ billion lower than corporate profits tax collections in the cash budget.

For fiscal year 1959, however, the reverse is true; the deficit
on income and product account based on the income and expenditure assumptions outlined in the midyear budget review, is expected to be smaller than the cash budget deficit. Corporate profits tax accruals exceed tax collections because the former reflect the recovery of corporate profits projected in the budget review for the fiscal year; these accruals will not be fully reflected in tax collections until later. Also expenditures on income and product account do not include outlays for mortgage purchases, loans and other financial transactions, which are budgeted in amounts exceeding the fiscal 1958 totals.

A translation of the programs outlined in the midyear review, into the terms of the national income and product accounts, indicates that Federal Government purchases or goods and services, which are the largest component of expenditures, are expected to increase from a total of about $\$ 51$ billion in fiscal year 1958 to approximately $\$ 54 \frac{1}{2}$ billion in fiscal year 1959.

These outlays cover such items as compensation of employees, purchases of military and nondefense equipment, capital outlays for construction, and purchases of materials and supplies for current operations. Since the annual rate, seasonally adjusted, of Federal purchases for the second quarter of calendar year 1958, is about $\$ 52$ billion, only slightly above the fiscal year 1958 total, the future course of Federal purchases during the next few quarters is one of moderate quarterly increases if the planned total for the year is to be met.

In addition to purchases of goods and services, Federal expenditures of $\$ 351 / 2$ billion for transfer payments, grants-inaid to State and local governments, interest and subsidies are projected for the current year, as compared with $\$ 31 \frac{1}{2}$ billion for the year just ended. Transfer payments to individuals are expected to increase by about $\$ 2$ billion-reflecting larger benefit payments under the old-age and survivors' insurance program, unemployment benefit payments, and veterans compensation and pensions. Grants-in-aid to State and local governments will be up by about $\$ 11 / 2$ billion in total, the increase reflecting mainly grants for construction of highways.

## Government demand for goods and services up

Federal purchases of goods and services declined during the first half of the past fiscal year, but rose by the AprilJune quarter to a level fractionally above that of the AprilJune 1957 rate. Further increases in outlays for goods and services are projected for the quarters of the current fiscal year.

National defense purchases of goods and services, which comprise outlays by the Defense Department, expenditures for atomic energy development, foreign military assistance, stockpiling, and the new space agency are expected to increase in total by about $\$ 11 / 2$ billion over the amount recorded for the fiscal year just ended.

Some shifts in the composition of Defense Department expenditures are projected for the current year. Total ext penditures for major military end items are expected to decline fractionally. The planned decreases in aircraft procurement of $\$ 1$ billion from the high of $\$ 81 / 2$ billion recorded for fiscal 1958, will be offset by larger outlays for guided missiles and nuclear powered ships, but expenditure for other major items of procurement (ammunition, weapons, tanks) are planned at totals somewhat below those for 1958. Research and development costs are expected to amount to $\$ / 4$ billion dollars more than in fiscal 1958 and operation and maintenance costs, construction outlays and military personnel costs together are expected to increase more than $\$ 1$ billion over the 1958 totals.

Other defense programs are planned at amounts substantially unchanged-on balance-from the totals recorded for the fiscal year just ended. Higher expenditures for atomic energy development will be offset by declines for stockpiling of strategic and critical materials.

Federal purchases for purposes other than national defense are programed to increase by $\$ 2$ billion. About $\$ 1 \frac{1}{2}$ billion of this increase reflects larger outlays by the Commodity Credit Corporation for price support operations in the light of predicted bumper crops of wheat and feed-grains; greater expenditures for construction for public works and for general government activities are also projected.
The business situation is affected not only by direct outTays by the government but also by contracts let for goods and services to be delivered at a later date - which will have significance for expenditures to be made in subsequent fiscal years. In this connection, the amounts available to the Department of Defense for contracting for military end items are expected to be up fractionally in fiscal year 1959 from the
total for the previous year. These amounts reflect not only the increase in new obligationable authority voted by Con-gress- $\$ 15$ billion for fiscal year 1959 as compared with $\$ 11$ billion for fiscal 1958-but also the decline in the carryover of unobligated funds from the previous year. The amount of obligations to be incurred for major defense items and construction is planned to total $\$ 19$ billion in fiscal year 1959, as compared with about $\$ 18$ billion for fiscal 1958.
In the absence of overall budgetary data, estimated outlays of State and local governments for the current fiscal year must be based on recent and past trends of such expenditures. Outlays of these governments for goods and services over the past few fiscal years have increased about $\$ 2 \frac{1}{2}$ billion each year. Such outlays are expected to continue to increase, reflecting higher rates of expenditures for the construction of highways, schools and other community facilities. Compensation of employees also is expected to increase, as pay rates and number of employees rise.

# Plant and Equipment Programs, Second Half 1958 

BUSINESS fixed investment is expected to level out in the second half of 1958, according to the most recent survey of businessmen's expenditure anticipations conducted by the Office of Business Economics and the Securities and Exchange Commission in late July and August. Actual outlays in the second quarter of 1958 were below anticipations for the same period, although the third quarter programs, in aggregate, are the same as projected in the previous survey and the fourth quarter shows some increase.
While the expectations series has performed well at turning points in plant and equipment spending, they have still been subject to some error. A pattern of downward estimates in successive quarters has been noticeable in the recent downturn, as may be seen in the table below. It might thus be well to exercise some caution in interpreting the results and particularly the slight rise projected for the fourth quarter, though a firmer tendency in these programs is clearly indicated.


If spending for the full year 1958 turns out in accordance with the currently reported expectations, investment in 1958 would total $\$ 31$ billion. This amount is little different from the scheduled outlay derived from the second quarter survey, but is about $\$ 1$ billion less than had been anticipated in the

Postwar Downturns in Plant and Equipment Expenditures


Table 2.-Anticipated Percent Changes in Plant and Equipment Expenditures, 1957 to 1958

|  | As reported in- |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | March | $\begin{gathered} \text { Septem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ |
| Manufacturing | $-17$ | $-25$ |
| Durable goods | -22 | -28 |
| Nondurable goods. | -12 | -21 |
| Mining | -15 | $-25$ |
| Railroads | -38 | -46 |
| Transporiation, other than rail | -19 | -15 |
| Public utilities | 4. | 1 -9 |
| Commercial and other | - 13 | $-9$ |
| Total | -13 | $-16$ |

Sources: U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, and Securities and Exchange Commission.

March survey and $\$ 6$ billion less than the record total spent in 1957. Table 2 compares the anticipated changes in spending from 1957 to 1958 according to the March and the current survey, by major industry.
The major industries show small seasonally adjusted changes that are offsetting between the second and third quarters. Except for the railroads all the groups expect either to maintain or increase slightly their spending, after seasonal adjustment, in the final quarter of the year. The public utilities and commercial groups are the only ones in which spending rates anticipated in the fourth quarter are above the seasonally adjusted rates that prevailed in the first half of 1958 .

## Factors in the firming of programs

It is still too early to assess the reasons for the near-term firming in investment revealed in the latest survey, particularly when we are dealing with anticipations rather than actual results. Tentatively, however, the modest recovery so far in total output, the rising personal income disbursements, and the strength in consumer buying may be noted. It would appear that the improvement in sales and output in a large number of industries has had a salutary effect on investment plans for the latter part of this year. In the late spring and summer months, manufacturers' sales, which have risen on a seasonally adjusted basis, have tended to recover after their sharp setback.
It may be noted that machinery suppliers have been important beneficiaries in the rise in new orders, following the sizable decline throughout 1957 and early 1958.
Moreover, the present period is witnessing a repetition of a phenomenon that has been observed in past investment cycles-namely, that cycles in individual industries have differed with respect to amplitude, timing and duration of change-and this has tended to dampen the changes in overall investment. In manufacturing industries, for example, the relatively quick reversals in outlays that have been projected by firms in petroleum and nonelectrical machinery more than offset the continuing reductions in investment by steel and nonferrous metals producers. The scheduled improvement or maintenance of investment in gas and electric utilities, the airlines and retail trade are in sharp contrast to the rapidly falling programs of the railroads.

## Manufacturing investment

Seasonally adjusted outlays in this industry reached a peak in the third quarter of 1957 and fell by 30 percent to mid-1958. Programs of durable-goods producers, where the cutback had been sharper than the all-manufacturing average, indicate a leveling out in seasonally adjusted outlays after the second quarter, while some rise for the last 2 quarters of 1958 is shown in the plans of the nondurablegoods group.
Quarterly data on investment by individual manufacturing industries, from 1947 to 1958 are presented for the first time on a seasonally adjusted basis. (See table 4.) The adjuster) data should be helpful in permitting more detailed analyses of the important manufacturing series than has been possible up to now. Charts for a number of the leading manufacturing series were shown in the December 1957 Surver. The annual data from 1953 to date which are charted in this issue

highlight the very large declines that have occurred in most industries this year.

The iron and steel and nonferrous metals industries are continuing to reduce their investment throughout 1958, with fourth quarter plans off about one-half and two-thirds, respectively, from the 1957 peaks. The recent experience of sharp and longer than average decline is in keeping with the very pronounced cyclical swings in investment that have been evident in these industries in the post-war period. By way of contrast, both machinery industries currently expect their outlays to increase after the second quarter. In electrical machinery the second quarter of 1958 may mark the end of a 6 -quarter decline, but in nonelectrical machinery, the reduction appears to be of very short duration. The recent declines-as well as the previous upturns-in these groups have been much less pronounced than in primary metals.

The seasonally adjusted investment outlays by automobile and other transportation equipment producers are essentially flat this year. In automobiles the 1958 movement is in contrast with the sharp downward movement in outlays that took place in late 1956 and throughout 1957; in transportation equipment other than automobiles, investment had been declining since the third quarter of 1957.

The petroleum industry is responsible for much of the firming in seasonally adjusted outlays by manufacturers of nondurable goods in the second half of this year. Although there is an improvement in outlays between the first and second half of 1958 , expenditures for both periods are lower than those projected earlier this year. The industry has cut back its expenditures quite sharply since last year, especially for crude production.

Spending by the chemicals industry is expected to fall off between the first and second half of this year. Elsewhere in

Table 3.-Expenditures on New Plant and Equipment by U. S. Business, ${ }^{1}$ 1956-58


1. Data exclude expenditures of agricultural business and outlays charged to current ac-
2. Estimates for the year 1958 are based on actual expenditures for the first two quarters and anticipated expenditures for the remaining quarters of the year. These data were reported by business in late July and August 1958. The seasonally adjusted data include in addition to a seasonal correction, an adjustment when necessary for systematic tendencies
in anticipatory data. 3. Includes fabricated metal products, lumber products, furniture and fixtures, instruments, ordnance and miscellaneous manufactures.
3. Includes apparel and related products, tobacco, leather and leather products, and print ing and publishing.
Includes trade, service, finance, and construction. Figures for 1958 and seasonally adjusted data also include communications.

Note: Data for earlier years were published in the June 1956 Survey of Current Busi
NEss, p. 6. U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, and Securities and Exchange Commission.
nondurable goods, projected second half expenditure rates are either level or rising. The paper industry appears to be picking up its outlays in the second half, following a decline that began in early 1957. Investment by the food and beverage industry is scheduled to show some improvement in the last half while a leveling out is suggested in the programs of textile companies, following about 2 years of decline.

## Investment in nonmanufacturing industries

The railroads expect their capital investment to decline steadily throughout 1958. Scheduled work in the final quarter of the year is only one-half of the first quarter rate
and lower than at any time in the postwar period. It is of interest, however, that the 1958 total is somewhat higher than the annual figure reported in the survey conducted 3 months ago, with the second quarter seasonally adjusted rate unchanged from earlier expectations and the third quarter anticipation higher than was reported in the June survey.

Spending by the public utilities, which rose to a record high last summer after seasonal adjustment, fell somewhat from the third quarter of last year to the first quarter of this year, but now shows a rising trend to year-end. This movement since last summer's peak is attributable almost wholly to the spending programs of the gas utilities, notably the pipeline companies, whose capital spending has characteristically

Table 4.-Expenditures on New Plant and Equipment, Seasonally Adjusted, for Selected Manufacturing Industries, 1947-58


NOTE: Unadjusted quarterly data by manufacturing industry may be found in the June 1956 and March 1958 issues of the SUrvey. Seasonal factors that are used to adjust actual expenditure data may generally not be applied to anticipatory data. See footnote 2 to table 3.
been irregular because of the general dominance of a few large programs which have followed the granting of certificates from the Federal Power Commission. Spending by the group in 1958 is now about 3 percent higher than the programs reported in March and fourth quarter seasonally adjusted outlays are expected to be almost one-third above the recent low in the first quarter of 1958.

The electric utilities show comparatively little change since the peak reached in the 4 th quarter of 1957 . While outlays for 1958 are expected to be at record $\$ 4.4$ billion, or about 4 percent above last year, this group has moderately revised downward its initial 1958 programs.

Firms in transportation other than rail now expect to spend 15 percent less than they did in 1957, but this is a somewhat smaller decline than had been anticipated for 1958 in the March report. Downward revisions in spending by oil pipeline companies have been more than offset by the upward revisions of shipping firms and airlines. While the airlines now expect to spend less than in the record year 1957, their plans indicate a substantial rise in outlays between the third and fourth quarters of 1958 to the highest fourth quarter on record. Not much change is shown in the quarterly pattern reported by trucking firms, whose outlays this year are running more than one-fifth below those in 1957.

All the major groups in mining show sizable decreases from last year. Plans of petroleum and gas well drilling companies indicate some leveling in the rate of expenditure in the second half.

The decline in the commercial group that has been in progress since early 1957 appears to have come to a halt this year. Trends within the major group are mixed. Retail trade firms show a generally rising trend throughout 1958 while programs of communications firms are lower in the second half than in the first. Spending by construction companies, while well below 1957, also gives indications of leveling out.

## Comparison with earlier postwar declines

In view of the findings derived from the latest survey it may be of interest to compare the latest decrease with the two earlier postwar declines in plant and equipment expenditures. The chart compares the relative decrease in seasonally adjusted expenditures for manufacturing and nonmanufacturing industries from the peak attained in total investment in each cycle.

In intensity the recent investment downturn appears to be very similar in relative terms to the early postwar decline, but considerably more severe than the post-Korean drop. If present projections are not subsequently revised downward the duration of the latest downturn will be from 3 to 4 quarters, in contrast to a 4 -quarter drop in 1948-49 and 6 quarters in 1953-55.
In each of the three periods the falling off in manufacturing outlays was relatively sharper than in nonmanufacturing. In manufacturing the 1948-49 and 1957-58 periods are similar in terms of relative declines. In contrast with the 1953-early 1955 drop, which saw important offsetting increases in capital spending in the transportation equipment and stone, clay and glass industries, all major manufacturing industries declined in the earlier as well as in the most recent period.
The decline in nonmanufacturing as a whole in the latest cycle appears to be a little less pronounced than in 1948-49 but somewhat greater than in the post-Korean period. In the earliest downturn a rising trend in public utility spending acted as a strong offset to decreases elsewhere in nonmanufacturing, and in 1954-55 spending by commercial companies rose. Although investment in all major industry divisions is lower in mid-1958 than in the third quarter of 1957, the decrease in spending by the commercial group and public utilities has been very moderate, since there has been a rising seasonally adjusted trend in spending by these groups this year.

# Balance of Payments Stabilized During Second Quarter 

The decline in international receipts and payments which had started around the middle of last year did not continue during the second quarter and a small recovery, both in payments and receipts, seems to have occurred.

Recorded payments, seasonally adjusted, increased from the first quarter by about $\$ 100$ million to $\$ 6.5$ billion and receipts by about $\$ 50$ million to $\$ 5.7$ billion. (These figures exclude military grant aid.) The balance on unrecorded transactions, after allowance for seasonal variations, also changed in favor of foreign countries. As a result of transactions with the United States, the accumulation of gold and liquid dollar assets by foreign countries continued to rise, therefore, and reached an annual rate of well over $\$ 3$ billion.

Some of the changes in the second quarter balance of pay-
ments in favor of foreign countries may have been due to special circumstances which may not continue, such as the comparatively easy conditions on the capital market which facilitated a large volume of new security issues and the larger imports of foodstuffs, such as meat and vegetables, induced by temporary shortages and relatively high prices. Imports of coffee, which were less than current consumption during the first quarter, rose also but not more than to meet current requirements; inventories remained low.
Even if allowance is made for special developments and for continued market weaknesses in certain commodities and foreign countries which could affect some of our imports and exports, it may be concluded that the decline in our foreign business, which was evident between the middle of last year
and the first quarter of this year, has lost most of its momentum and leveled out during the second quarter.

## Imports stable

Merchandise imports increased slightly from the first to the second quarter, both before and after seasonal adjustment.

Among the major commodities or commodity groups with rising import values were foodstuffs (including a small rise in coffee); newsprint, pulp, and lumber; machinery including agricultural; aircraft; and miscellaneous manufactures, such as toys, clocks and watches, photographic goods, bicycles; and some industrial chemicals.

Commodity imports which declined included rubber, wool, jute, refined petroleum, and, by a small amount, also passenger cars. However, registrations of foreign cars continued to rise, so that no significance can be attached to the movement in imports.

Imports of metals as a whole increased slightly. In part, this was due to a seasonal rise in iron ore shipments from Canada, but such imports remained smaller than a year earlier. Some metals which had a comparatively sharp decline in prior months, such as nickel and tin, recovered somewhat. This applies also to iron and steel mill products.

Imports of some of those metals which previously had held up well weakened, particularly those of alvminum, copper, lead, zinc, and manganese. Lower prices, as well as lower quantities, were responsible for the decline in import values. Despite the weakening in imports, most of the impact of the decline in domestic demand was still absorbed by domestic producers and through increases in inventories. However, inventories of copper dropped in June and by the end of the second quarter were back at the March level. The market for copper as well as aluminum seems to have strengthened in recent weeks. The rise in steel production and in overall business activity should have a favorable effect on metal markets in general, and the need for further downward adjustments in imports appears to have diminished.

However, a rise in domestic demand for many metals may not raise imports proportionally because some of the

Table 5.--United States Balance of Payments Seasonally Adjusted (Excluding Military Grant Aid)

|  | 1957 |  |  |  | 1958 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | II | III | IV | I | II |
| United States payments, total | 6,786 | 7,060 | 6,556 | 6,786 | 6,414 | 6,511 |
| Imports, total --..... | 5,112 | 5, 070 | 5,208 | 5,316, | 4,923 | 4,910 |
| Merchandise--i--.-.-....... | 3, 214 | 3,251 | 3,382 | 3,444 | 3,045 | 3,094 |
|  | 1,899 | 1,819 | 1,826 | 1,872 | 1,878 | 1,816 |
| Remittances and pensions.- | 170 | 173 | 172 | 179 | 168 | 163 |
| Government grants and related capital outflows (net) | 746 | 762 | 620 | 468 | 598 | 587 |
| United States private and other Government capital outflows (net) 1 $\qquad$ | 757 | 1,055 | 556 | 823 | 725 | 851 |
| United States receipts, total | 6,905 | 6,930 | 6,646 | 6,356 | 5,659 | 5,715 |
| Exports, total | 6, 789 | 6, 803 | 6, 6128 | 6, 30 fi | 5,640 | 5, 703 |
| Merchandise.- | 5,051 | 4,930 | 4,843 | 4,503 | 3,997 | 3,979 |
| Services and military transactions. | 1,688 | 1,873 | 1,785 | 1,803 | 1,643 | 1, 724 |
| Foreign long-term investments in the United States | 166 | 127 | 18 | 50 | 19 | 12 |
| Errors and omissions (net receipts) ${ }^{1}$. | 377 | 197 | 310 | -8 | 185 | -37 |
| Increase in foreign gold and liquid dollar assets through transactions with the United States | -496 | - | -400 | 438 | 570 | 833 |

${ }^{1}$ Revised.
Source: U. S. Department of Conmerce, Office of Business Economics.
additional demand may be met by reducing inventories, and a rising share of the market is likely to be supplied by domestic producers who will reenter the market as prices firm up.

The major changes in imports between the first and second quarters of last year and this year are shown in the following table.

During the first quarter most of the decline in imports from the same period a year earlier was in coffee and metals, and smaller amounts in textile fibers, and wood and pulp.

During the second quarter coffee imports were higher than a year earlier, but rubber and metal imports were lower by a larger amount than during the previous quarter. For both quarters, foodstuffs other than coffee, such as meat, fruits, cocoa, and sugar, and manufactured goods were the principal items keeping imports relatively high.

The rise in foodstuff imports was due to special circumstances unrelated to changes in general business conditions, but served to blunt the impact of the recession on some foreign countries, particularly Canada and Mexico. Passenger cars and other manufactured goods, however, have gained a larger share in our imports and-since many are relatively low priced rather than luxury goods-their behavior during the recent recession has offset changes in those imports which usually move parallel to domestic business activity.

The area comparison of imports this year with those a year ago shows that the main impact of the decline fell on Canada, and to a lesser extent on Latin America. Imports from Asia and Africa (excluding Japan), however, were about as high as a year earlier (omitting the special transactions in lend-lease silver) and imports from the industrialized countries, Western Europe and Japan, were also unchanged. The rise in their sales of manufactured goods compensated for smaller shipments of raw materials, and semifinished products such as steel.

Other purchases from foreign countries, seasonally adjusted, seem to have declined from the first to the second quarter mainly because military expenditures did not advance so much as in the corresponding period in previous years. The first quarter figure was comparatively high, however, to make up for a slowdown in payments during the latter part of 1957 so that the decline since then does not indicate a change in the longer run trend.

## Investments up

The net outflow of funds through private investments and Export-Import Bank loans rose considerably from the first to the second quarter, but the increase was not fully reflected in the seasonally adjusted figure. Relative to previous years the increase was less in the net outflow of capital through long- and short-term bank loans while both direct investments and new issues of securities appear to have risen more than usual. Direct foreign investments were higher by a substantial margin than in any previous second quarter except for 1957, when payments for new oil concessions in Venczuela and exceptionally large security issues of direct investment companies raised the capital outflow.

Portfolio investments in foreign securities, which had risen sharply early in 1958 as conditions in the capital market became more favorable for new issues, continued to expand during the second quarter. Not only was the amount obtained by foreign borrowers higher than during the corresponding period in any previous postwar year, but more countries were represented among the borrowers. ("Other short-term private capital" includes $\$ 95$ million of loans taken over by private banks from the Export-Import Bank. The same amount was added to repayments of Government loans.)
(For more detail on private capital movements see the article "Private Foreign Investment" on p. 15 of this issue.)

## Export decline levels out

The decline in United States receipts from abroad since the second quarter of last year reflects primarily the drop in merchandise exports, and to a lesser extent lower revenues from transportation and lower incomes from United States direct investments abroad. The inflow of funds through long-term investments in the United States, principally in corporate securities which absorbed well over $\$ 100$ million of foreign funds during the second quarter of 1957, dwindled to negligible amounts during the second half of last year and has stayed low since then.

Change in Nonmilitary Merchandise Imports from the First Two Quarters of 1957 to the Same Periods in 1958

*Decline reflects mainly the return of lend-lease silver in 1957.

The decline in receipts did not continue during the second quarter of this year. Merchandise exports (excluding military items) after adjustment for seasonal variations remained at an annual rate of about $\$ 16$ billion, the same as in the first quarter, and preliminary estimates indicate that this rate was maintained also in July.
During the first quarter of this year it appeared that the decline in exports was mainly the result of lower purchases by Europe (which accounted for well over half of the export decline), Japan, and Canada. Latin America still bought about as much as a year earlier, although seasonal adjustment of the data indicated some decline from the second half of last year. A comparison of the second quarter export "ata with those for the same period last year shows that the share of Europe and Japan in the decline has considerably diminished, however, while the weakness in the Latin American market has become more apparent. Similar tendencies appear to have developed in the trade with comparatively less industrialized countries in Asia and Africa.

The changes in our foreign markets determined, of course, the changes in the commodity composition of our exports.

The relatively large decline in exports to Europe and Japan between the first quarters of 1957 and 1958 placed the major burden on foodstuffs, cotton, fuels (which had been
unusually high in early 1957 because of the closure of the Suez Canal), and metals, most of which are semimanufactures and scrap.

Manufactures seemed to have been relatively little affected during the first quarter of the year as exports to the countries to which most of them are shipped (with the exception of Canada) were comparatively well maintained.

Relative to last year, foreign markets for United States manufactures appeared to be weaker during the second quarter, while the decline from the same period last year in exports of foodstuffs, cotton, and petroleum was less significant. This reflects mainly the rise in exports of metals and machinery during the first half of last year, while exports of the other commodity groups declined at that time.

Receipts from services transactions during the second quarter include somewhat higher estimates for investment incomes than in the first quarter. Reports from corporations available in early September suggest that the downward trend in incomes which became evident last fall may have reached a low point during the first quarter of this year.

## Foreign reserves rise at record rate

Total recorded transactions (unadjusted for seasonal variations) showed a $\$ 620$ million increase in United States payments from the first to the second quarter and a $\$ 280$ million rise in United States receipts. Unrecorded transactions (errors and omissions) indicated a decline in net receipts by the United States of nearly $\$ 140$ million. Although this change in the unexplained residual is likely to reflect comparatively large margins of errors inherent in preliminary estimates, the size of the change, which appears even larger after seasonal adjustment, suggest some unrecorded outflows of capital from the United States.

The rise in foreign holdings of gold and liquid dollar assets resulting from the net outflow of funds from the United States nearly doubled, from about $\$ 560$ million in the first quarter to about $\$ 1,040$ million in the second. Much of this rise was due to seasonal factors, however, which tend to raise dollar receipts by foreign countries more than their payments in the second quarter of the year. After adjustment for these factors the increase in foreign holdings rose from about $\$ 0.6$ billion in the first quarter to approximately $\$ 0.8$ billion in the second.

It may be estimated that during the first half of this year, foreign countries and international institutions raised their gold reserves and liquid dollar assets by $\$ 1.9$ billion (including gold from other sources, such as newly mined supplies), and that at the end of June these holdings were $\$ 2.3$ billion higher than at the recent low during the third quarter of 1957. The gains since then have exceeded by about $\$ 1.4$ billion the losses during the preceding year, which included the closure of the Suez Canal and other developments which seriously affected the reserves of some of the major foreign countries. The rise in foreign gold and dollar holdings continued at a high rate after the end of the second quarter as indicated by partial data for July and August.

## Foreign gold purchase high

Several countries-mainly in Europe-converted their dollar earnings during the current period and in some instances dollars obtained previously into gold. Countries outside of Europe generally kept net increases in their liquid funds in the form of dollar assets. During the second quarter, $\$ 1,081$ million, approximately the equivalent of the net outflow of funds from the United States, was paid to foreign countries in gold, while total foreign holdings of liquid dollar assets did not change significantly. Foreign

Table 6.-Balance of Payments of the United States
[Millions of dollars]

${ }^{r}$ Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. $x$ Less than $\$ 500,000$, na Not available. nss Not shown separately.
by Area, First and Second Quarters, 1957 and 1958

gold purchases rose sharply in February of this year and continued at least through August. The total amount purchased during this period was about $\$ 13 / 4$ billion, approximately the same as in 1950 the previous peak year, following the devaluation of the pound sterling and other key currencies and the outbreak of hostilities in Korea.

Foreign gold purchases coincided with large foreign sales of United States Government securities. European holdings of long- and short-term United States Government securities declined by about $\$ 390$ million during the first quarter and $\$ 610$ million during the second. During the latter period other short-term investments in the United States were also reduced. Apparently, as the yield on Government and other securities declined, the loss in earn-

Change in Nonmilitary Merchandise Exports from the First Two Quarters of 1957 to the Same Periods in 1958
[Millions of dollars]

ings resulting from conversion of foreign dollar assets to gold diminished and some foreign countries resumed their traditional policies of keeping a higher proportion of their reserves in gold.

Nearly all of the increase in foreign gold and dollar assets accrued to the accounts of foreign official and banking institutions. Short-term dollar assets of private foreign accounts (other than banks) were nearly unchanged. This illustrates the greatly strengthened confidence in certain foreign currencies compared with last fall, when private foreign interests did not convert all their current dollar receipts into local currencies and thus withheld dollars from the foreign official reserves.

## Gains mainly by industrialized countries

The rise in gold and liquid dollar assets during the second quarter accrued mostly to Europe, Canada, and Japan. Canada's balances increased in part because of large issues of Canadian securities during the second quarter. The higher holdings of United States dollars presumably are temporary, however, until the newly acquired funds are utilized. Within Europe the increase in reserves was considerably more widespread than in the previous quarter. Among the countries showing major gains were the United Kingdom, Germany, Belgium, Italy, and the Netherlands.

Gold and dollar assets of the relatively less developed countries which depend for their earnings of foreign exchange mainly on exports of raw materials and foodstuffs, remained in the aggregate relatively stable. Among the Latin American countries, Mexico drew on its still relatively high re-
serves, and Brazil used most of the funds obtained during that period from the International Monetary Fund. Among the Asian and African countries, the Philippines, Egypt, and the Union of South Africa reduced their gold and dollar reserves by relatively large amounts.

The fact that the rise in foreign reserves was limited to the more advanced industrial nations, while the reserves of most of the other countries remained low with little room to maneuver, affects our export prospects.

## Effect on exports

A rise in reserves generally encourages, and is often a prerequisite to an expansion in foreign economies and consequently in their imports, including imports from the United States. Experience during the postwar period shows, however, that a rise in United States exports follows a rise in foreign gold and dollar assets only with some lag, and that this lag appears to have been longer for the countries of Western Europe than for the relatively less developed countries of Latin America, Africa, and Asia.

In contrast, a decline in United States exports to Western Europe appears to have followed more promptly a decline in reserves held by countries in that area, whereas the less advanced countries have taken more time to adjust their imports downward.

As a result of the comparatively long lags between rises in European reserves and in their purchases from the United States, and the relatively quick adjustments to declines during recent years, the total of European holdings increased rapidly. From about $\$ 8$ billion at the end of the third quarter of 1949 they rose to over $\$ 191 / 2$ billion at the middle of 1958. (These figures include dollars obtained from the International Monetary Fund amounting to $\$ 543$ million at the beginning and $\$ 1,107$ million at the end of this period.) In contrast, the countries of Latin America, Africa, and Asia, with the exceptions of Venezuela and Japan, raised their reserves over these years only by about $\$ 1.2$ billion, although the difference between the lowest and the highest point in that period was about $\$ 2$ billion.
Generally the less developed countries have large backlogs of unsatisfied demand for imports, resulting partly from

Foreign Reserves and United States Exports

|  | Western Europe |  |  |  | Latin America, Africa, Asia (excluding Japan, and Venezuela) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Start of increase: |  |  |  |  | II | 1949 | IV | 1952 |
| Gold and dollar holdings... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| United States exports-....- |  |  |  |  |  | 1950 |  | 1953 |
| Time lag in United States export rise in quarters | 5 |  |  | 7 |  | 4 |  | 3 |
| Start of decline: |  |  |  | 195619572 | $\begin{array}{rr}\text { II } & 1951 \\ \text { IV } & 1951 \\ & 2\end{array}$ |  | III | 195619576 |
| Gold and dollar holdings |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| United States exports Time |  | 1951 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

their development programs and partly from inflationary expansions of their domestic demand in excess of their ability to satisfy it. As a result, a higher outflow of dollars to these countries through higher U. S. imports, grants, or investments makes it possible that a larger portion of this demand is met. An upswing in our exports to these countries will depend, therefore, largely on general world market conditions for their principal export products, on our own business developments, and on Government assistance. Some rebuilding of their reserves, which have declined by about $\$ 700$ million over the last 2 years, may have to be
(Continued on Page 23)

# Private Foreign Investments Near $\$ 37$ Billion 

$I_{N}$N 1957, for the second successive year, private United States foreign investments were nearly $\$ 4$ billion. Direct investments by United States companies in their foreign branches and subsidiaries increased more than $\$ 3$ billion reaching a total book value of over $\$ 25$ billion by the end of 1957 .

Part of the expansion in direct investments in both 1956 and 1957 was attributable to large cash payments for newly acquired properties or oil leases, but most of the stepped-up outflow reflected continued expectations of strong long-run demand for basic materials here and abroad, coupled with a tendency to establish production facilities abroad to supply foreign markets.
Other private capital investment in 1957 totaled $\$ 1.1$ billion, mainly representing purchases of foreign dollar bonds and long- and short-term bank loans. The outflow was greatest in the first half of the year, and was offset to some extent by reduced market values of Canadian and other foreign-currency securities.

## Annual Additions to U. S. Direct Foreign Investments, By Area



In the first half of 1958 the net outflow of private capital was about $\$ 1,750$ million, nearly as high as the record amount of 1957 if extraordinary items are omitted. Direct investment flows, lacking any especially large transactions, were much lower than in the first half of 1957 , but new issues of foreign dollar bonds and foreign stocks reached record proportions in the first half of this year, and foreign lending by United States commercial banks is also continuing on a large scale. Although rising interest rates in the United States may discourage some foreign borrowing, the demand for short- and long-term financing by many countries remains high.

Large-scale private foreign investments supplied, directly and indirectly, an important part of the increase in the total demand for United States products in 1956 and the first half of 1957, when export shipments reached a peak. Although exports have since declined, the sustained outflow of capital has been a supporting element and may have contributed to the stabilization in United States export trade which has occurred since the first quarter of this year.

Earnings on private foreign investments advanced to a high of $\$ 3.7$ billion in 1957 , nearly $\$ 300$ million more than the 1956 amount, reflecting the rapidly growing amount of capital invested. Over two-thirds of the gain was accounted for by direct investments, even though much of the investment outlay in the past 2 years has been in properties which are not yet fully productive. Interest and dividend receipts from portfolio and short-term investments rose considerably as these investments expanded.

## Direct Investment

The geographic distribution of direct investment in 1957 showed as usual a concentration in the Western Hemisphere and Europe, which accounted for seven-eighths of the total. As shown in table 5 , investments in less developed countries since 1950 have been largely in petroleum and mining, with the notable exception of some Latin American countries where both local and foreign capital are now developing the industrial and market potential.

Resource development with the aid of foreign capital is often the most effective initial stimulus to rising national incomes, especially since it is usually accompanied by the construction of transportation and other public utilities. In this connection, it is significant that a number of investment projects just beginning or under consideration involve large outlays for resource development in areas where private United States investment has previously not been large.

[^0]Considerable amounts are being invested in certain areas, despite the economic and political instability which are major deterrents to investment activity.

## New high for Latin America

Over 40 percent of United States direct foreign investment during 1957 was in Latin America, far exceeding the record outlays of the previous year and raising the total investment in that area to $\$ 8.8$ billion. More than $\$ 900$ million was added to petroleum investments, with Venezuela accounting for about $\$ 770$ million, including some $\$ 360$ million paid for oil leases. By the end of 1957, United States direct investments in Venezuela had a book value of about $\$ 2.7$ billion, nearly one-third of the total for the area.

Petroleum investments in other Latin American countries were also rising in 1957, but were sizable in only a few where imports were being financed or exploration and development work was underway on a considerable scale. Undistributed earnings of Panamanian-flag tanker fleets, although showing as book investments in Panama, were probably utilized for investment elsewhere.

Mining investments in Latin America also spurted upward in 1957, largely reflecting increased activity in Mexico and Peru, while outlays in Chile remained steady. Although the market softened for most metals and minerals during 1957, bringing a sharp reduction in earnings-especially for Chilethe outlook is for continued and perhaps rising investments in this industry in Latin America.

Investment in public utilities in Latin America was also
stepped up in 1957, especially for installations in Cuba and Venezuela and shipping operating under the Panamanian flag. Earnings of public utilities were somewhat improved, in a few countries, allowing for larger reinvestments.
Additions to capital invested in manufacturing establish. ments in Latin America were $\$ 150$ million in 1957, slightly reduced from the 1956 amount as funds available out of earnings were lower. In Mexico, manufacturing investments rose by $\$ 63$ million, continuing the rapid growth o recent years, and in Brazil, an increase of $\$ 45$ million alsc carried forward a significant expansion of manufacturing capacity. A number of other countries in the area received a regular, though smaller, inflow of manufacturing investments from the United States.
Agricultural investments did not expand for the area as a whole in 1957, largely because of the sale of sizable existing properties and some short-term withdrawals of funds. Earnings were improved as the price of sugar continued strong. Investments in the trade and service industries were also lower than in 1956.

## Large investment in Canada

An addition of $\$ 870$ million was made to United States direct investments in Canada last year, where a large expansion of industrial facilities has been carried out in recent years. This total was under the 1956 record because earnings and reinvestments were reduced as economic activity declined.

Table 1.-International Investment Position of the United States by Area, 1956-1957

| [Millions of dollars] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total |  | Western Europe |  | Western European Dependencies |  | Other Europe |  | Canada |  | Latin American Republics |  | Other foreign countries |  | International institutions |  |
|  | $1956{ }^{r}$ | 1957 p | $1956{ }^{\text {r }}$ | 1957 * | $1956{ }^{\text {r }}$ | 1957 p | $1956{ }^{\text {r }}$ | $1957{ }^{p}$ | $1956{ }^{\text { }}$ | 1957 p | $1956{ }^{\text {r }}$ | $1957{ }^{p}$ | 1956 r | $1957^{p}$ | $1956{ }^{\text {r }}$ | 1957 |
| United States investments abroad, total. | 49,476 | 54,215 | 15,759 | 16,758 | 879 | 973 | 327 | 382 | 12,032 | 12,873 | 10,453 | 12,252 | 6,130 | 6,926 | 3,896 | 4,051 |
| Private investments. | 33, 000 | 36,812 | 6,137 | 6,793 | 858 | 955 | 29 | 27 | 12,029 | 12,867 | 9,355 | 11,013 | 4,172 | 4,586 | 420 | 571 |
| Long-term. | 30,082 | 33,588 | 5,224 | 5,778 | 827 | 928 | 14 | 22 | 11,693 | 12,542 | 8,251 | 9,743 | 3,653 | 4,404 | 420 | 571 |
| Direct,-- | 22, 177 | 25, 252 | 3,520 | 3,993 | 805 | 906 |  |  | 7,460 | 8,332 | 7,459 | 8, 805 | 2,033 | 3,216 |  |  |
| Foreign dollar bonds.-- | 2. 826 | 3. 255 | 185 | 193 |  |  | 3 | 3 | 1,672 | 1,907 | 135 | 123 | 411 | 458 | 420 | 571 |
| Other foreign securities Other | 3,022 2,057 | 2,663 2,418 | 573 946 | 516 1.076 | 22 | 22 | 11 | 19 | 2,289 | 1,987 316 | 39 618 | $\begin{array}{r}37 \\ 78 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 121 | 123 |  |  |
| Other | 2,001 | 2, 418 | 946 | 1,0.0 | 22 | 22 | 11 | 19 | 272 | 316 | 6.8 | 178 | 188 | 204 |  |  |
| Short-term. | 2,918 | 3,224 | 913 | 1,015 | 31 | 27 | 15 | 5 | 336 | 325 | 1,104 | 1,270 | 519 | 582 |  |  |
|  | 417 | 421 | 218 | 222 | 10 | 8 | 1 | 1 | 111 | 112 | 46 | 47 | 31 | 31 |  |  |
| Other.-. | 2,501 | 2, 803 | 695 | 793 | 21 | 19 | 14 | 4 | 225 | 213 | 1,058 | 1,223 | 488 | 551 |  |  |
| United States Government credits and claims.- | 16,476 | 17, 403 | 9,622 | 9,965 | 21 | 18 | 298 | 355 | 3 | 6 | 1,098 | 1,239 | 1,958 | 2,340 | 3,476 | 3, 180 |
| Long-term | 15, 219 | 15,548 | 8,929 | 9,077 | 21 | 18 | 297 | 305 | 1 |  | 973 | 1, 119 | 1,522 | 1, 555 | 3,476 | 3,474 |
| Short-term | 1,257 | 1,855 | 693 | 888 |  |  | 1 | 50 | 2 | 6 | 125 | 120 | 436 | 785 |  |  |
| Foreign assets and investments in the United States, total | 31,607 | 31,351 | 16,874 | 16,895 | 545 | 530 | 57 | 57 | 4,668 | 4,786 | 3,644 | 3,808 | 3,068 | 2,618 | 1,904 | 1,810 |
| Long-term investments | 13,354 | 12,840 | 9,008 | 8,682 | 275 | 253 | 39 | 36 | 2,735 | 2,619 | 965 | 910 | 278 | 276 | 54 | 64 |
| Direct | 4,547 | 4,788 | 2,847 | 2,984 | 20 | 20 |  |  | 1,498 | 1,590 | 134 | 135 | 48 | 59 |  |  |
|  | 6,961 | 6,091 | 4,965 | 4,415 | 165 | 139 | 22 | 19 | 1,003 | 884 | 560 | 493 | 136 | 122 | 20 | $1^{\circ}$ |
| Corporate, State and municipal bonds...... | 309 | -417 | 204 | 284 | 6 | 10 |  |  | 5 | ${ }^{6}$ | 53 | 64 | 87 | 8 | 34 | 4. |
|  | 1,537 | 1,544 | 992 | 999 | 84 | 84 | 17 | 17 | 139 | 139 | 218 | 218 | 87 | 87 |  |  |
| Short-term assets and United States Government obligations. | 18,253 | 18,511 | 7,866 | 8,213 | 270 | 277 | 18 | 21 | 1,933 | 2, 167 | 2,679 | 2,898 | 2,790 | 2,342 | 1,850 | 1,746 |
| Private obligations. | 9,488 | 9,877 | 3,625 | 3,896 | 216 | 221 | 11 | 14 | 1,031 | 1,348 | 2, 299 | 2,558 | 2,208 | 1,759 | 97 | 81 |
| Deposits | 8,056 | 8,052 | 2, 621 | 2,651 | 180 | 170 | 10 | 9 | 935 | 1,200 | 2,146 | 2,371 | 2,067 | 1, 572 | 97 | 79 |
| Other.-- | 1, 432 | 1,825 | 1,005 | 1,245 | 36 | 51 | 1 | 5 | 96 | 148 | 153 | 187 | 141 | 187 |  | 2 |
| United States Government obligations... | 8,765 | 8,634 | 4,240 | 4,317 | 54 | 56 | 7 | 7 | 902 | 819 | 380 | 340 | 582 | 583 | 1,753 | 1,665 |
| Long-term | 1,501 | 1,449 | , 504 | 541 | 23 | 23 | 5 | 5 | 281 | 371 | 260 | 245 | 31 | 36 | , 397 | 228 |
| Short-term.. | 2 7,264 | 27,185 | 3,736 | 3,776 | 31 | 33 | 2 | 2 | 621 | 448 | 120 | 95 | 551 | 547 | 1,356 | 1,43i |

1. Consists primarily of securities payable in foreign currencies, hut includes some dollar obligations, including participations in loans made by the International Bank for Recon obligations, including partic
struction and
2. Includes United States currency not distributed by area estimated at $\$ 847$ million at end of 1956 and 1957 .

Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.
$r$ Revised. $p$ Preliminary.

The outflow to Canada for most industries was again large, but only in petroleum was the 1956 total exceeded. In this industry, capital from the United States going into the development of Canadian resources rose to over $\$ 300$ million. Operations in all phases of the industry were expanded and some existing properties were acquired to further future operations. Investment activity may lessen in 1958, however, as production and earnings are affected by trade restrictions and ample world supplies. However, even some slackening would leave an outflow of major significance.

Manufacturing investments in Canada, although not growing quite so steeply as petroleum investments, are still much larger, accounting for over 40 percent of the outstanding United States direct investment in that country. In 1957, the increase in manufacturing investments was less than in the prior year, but this reflected a sizable reduction in retained earnings as profits declined. Capital outflows from the United States were up substantially, indicating the strength of the expansion drive despite reduced internal sources of funds.

Increases in mining investments were lower than in recent years, although in this industry also the slackened investment growth resulted from reduced reinvestment of earnings, with capital continuing to move from the United States at a slightly higher rate. While generally reduced prices for mineral products may have currently a dampening influence, further large investments in this industry, especially for iron ore, are anticipated.

United States trade, finance and service investments are large in Canada, totaling over $\$ 1.3$ billion at the end of 1957, and these continued to expand in line with the needs of the Canadian economy.

## Steady growth in Europe

Nearly $\$ 500$ million was added to direct investments in Western Eurepe in 1957, about 10 percent less than the 1956 amount, omitting the purchase from United Kingdom investors in 1956 of large petroleum properties in Trinidad and elsewhere. Manufacturing is the principal field for United States business capital in Europe, and these investments continued to grow at an annual rate of over $\$ 200$ million. The share of the United Kingdom in this increase was larger than usual in 1957, accounting for two-thirds of the rise.

Manufacturing investments in Germany were substantial, though less than in 1956; the flow to Italy was up considerably, but most countries showed reductions. Investment in the United Kingdom benefited from higher earnings which were a major source of funds for expansion of manufacturing plants.

Data for 1957 do not appear to show, as yet, an augmented flow of United States capital to continental Europe in anticipation of the Common Market arrangements. However, there are many indications that this flow could be substantial.

Another major field for United States investment in Europe is the petroleum industry, principally in refineries and distribution systems. Overall investment in this industry in 1957 was nearly $\$ 200$ million, which was not much less than the 1956 amount if the special transaction mentioned above is omitted. However, the share of the United Kingdom was up sharply to more than half of the total, and the continental countries, except Germany and the Netherlands, showed a reduced rate of investment, with the decline for Italy particularly severe. In view of scheduled expansions of refineries and other petroleum facilities, however, investment by this industry in a number of European countries is likely to continue in substantial amounts.

## Middle East

Despite recurring crises, the flow of United States direct investment capital to the Middle East area held at an annual rate of about $\$ 100$ million in 1956 and 1957. There were sharp fluctuations in the flow of funds to individual parts of the area, but these often reflected temporary variations in cash positions rather than trends in fixed investment or exploration and development. The latter activity is going forward extensively, and in addition to the sums accounted for as capital expenditures, roughly $\$ 25$ million was spent in essentially non-producing countries in the Middle East and North Africa in the search for additional reserves.

The current rate of capital outflow to this area is less than in earlier postwar years, when production was being rapidly expanded. Crude oil produced in the Middle East by United States operators, or as their share of joint operations, fluctuated widely as a result of the Suez crisis and later developments, but averaged 2 million barrels per day in 1957, about 50 percent of the total produced in the free world outside the Western Hemisphere. Major expenditures are in prospect for the area to develop new reserves in North Africa, in offshore locations, and in Iran, and in unproven areas.

Investments in Africa south of the Sahara increased by about $\$ 40$ million in 1957 , exclusive of shipping companies in Liberia. This was less than the 1956 rate, as there were sharp reductions in the outflow of capital for petroleum investment, especially for the Union of South Africa.

## Distribution of

U. S. Direct Foreign Investments, 1957

Book Values, $\$ 25.3$ Billion


Earnings, $\$ 3.3$ Billion


In the past year there has been a notable rise in interest by United States business concerns in the possible development of the mineral resources of parts of the African continent in which United States investment has been small or nonexistent. Some of the contemplated investments are comparatively large and could be significant steps in the economic development of this area.

A steady rate of investment was maintained in the Far East, yielding an increase in direct investments of about $\$ 175$ million for 1957. Additions to investments in Australia were about $\$ 50$ million, mainly for manufacturing plants. The rise in Indonesia largely reflected petroleum activities, and in Japan the principal industry showing increases was manufacturing, with petroleum also higher than in 1956.

Increases in the Philippine Republic were spread over several industries. Elsewhere in the Far East there was little growth of United States direct investments in 1957, and the total invested to the end of 1957, outside of the countries mentioned above, was comparatively small.

## Petroleum investment

On an industry basis, investments in the petroleum industry dominated the growth of direct investments in 1957, increasing by $\$ 1.7$ billion to a total book value of about $\$ 9$ billion. Over half of the rise was in Latin America, with Venezuela far in the lead. Output by United States companies in Venezuela reached a high of a little over 2 million

Table 2.-Value of Direct Investments Abroad, by Selected Countries and Years, and Major Industries, 1956-57

| Line | Countries | 1950 | 1953 | 1954 | 1955 | $1956{ }^{\text {r }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1957 D |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Total | ```Mining and smelt- ing``` | Petroleum | Manu-facturing | Public utilities | Trade | Other industries | Total | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { Mining } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { smelt- } \\ \text { ing } \end{array}$ | Petroleum | Manu-facturing | Public utilities | Trade | Other industries |
| 1 | All areas, total | 11,788 | 16, 286 | 17, 626 | 19, 313 | 22, 177 | 2,399 | 7,280 | 7,152 | 1,702 | 1,447 | 2, 197 | 25, 252 | 2,634 | 8,981 | 7,918 | 1,817 | 1,589 | 2, 312 |
| 2 | Canada | 3,579 | 5,242 | 5,871 | 6,494 | 7,460 | 940 | 1,768 | 3,196 | 340 | 424 | 793 | 8,332 | 996 | 2,154 | 3,512 | 351 | 472 | 847 |
| 3 | Latin American Republics, total. - | 4,735 | 6,034 | 6,244 | 6, 608 | 7,459 | 1,096 | 2,232 | 1,543 | 1,210 | 504 | 875 | 8, 805 | 1,238 | 3,161 | 1,693 | 1,291 | 536 | 886 |
| 4 |  | - 356 | 4,406 | - 424 | , 447 | +466 | ${ }_{(1)}^{11}$ | (1) | - 249 | -68 | , 44 | ${ }^{28}$ | 8,801 1,301 | (1) | ${ }^{(1)}$ | 256 659 | 177 179 | 45 159 | (1) 30 |
| 5 6 | Brazil.... | 644 540 | 1,017 | 1,049 633 | 1,115 | 1,218 | ${ }^{(1)}$ | 211 | 614 39 | ${ }_{\text {(1) }} 171$ | 148 | (1) 9 | 1, 301 | ${ }^{(1)}$ | ${ }_{(1)}^{227}$ | 659 | 179 | 159 | ${ }^{(1)} 10$ |
| 7 | Colombla | 193 | 233 | 636 260 | 674 27 | -676 298 | ${ }_{(1)}$ | 107 | 39 67 | ${ }_{43}$ | 45 | (1) 9 | 7297 | ${ }_{(1)}^{457}$ | ${ }_{106}$ | 39 62 | ${ }^{(1)} 43$ | 12 | $(1){ }^{10}$ |
| 8 | Cuba. | 642 | 686 | 713 | 736 | 777 | (1) | (1) | 66 | 322 | 36 | 290 | 850 | (1) | (1) | 80 | 344 | 35 | 292 |
| 9 | Mexico | 414 | 514 | 524 | 607 | 690 | 166 | 17 | 321 | ${ }^{93}$ | 74 | 19 | 787 | 191 | 18 | 384 | 97 | 76 | 22 |
| 10 | Peru. | 145 | 287 | 283 | 305 | 343 | 221 | (1) | 26 | ${ }^{(1)}$ | 30 | 33 | 400 | 258 | ${ }^{(1)}$ | 33 | (1) | 31 | 33 |
| 11 | Venezuela --......-......-........ | 993 | 1,291 | 1,366 | 1,428 | 1,829 | (1) | 1,411 | 78 | 37 | 74 | (1) | 2,683 | (1) | 2,179 | 97 | 55 | 80 | (1) |
| 12 | Central America, Dominican | 722 | 835 | 881 | 938 | 1,030 | 22 | 325 | 36 | 289 | 24 | 335 | 1, 132 | 27 | 392 | 39 | 315 | 31 | 328 |
| 13 | Other countries .........---------- | 86 | 108 | 111 | 119 | 132 | (1) | 20 | 46 | 11 | 18 | (1) | 151 | (1) | 34 | 44 | 12 | 22 | (1) |
| 14 | Western Europe, total ........-. . | 1,720 | 2, 369 | 2,639 | 3,004 | 3, 520 | 45 | 992 | 1,861 | 47 | 310 | 264 | 3,993 | 50 | 1,184 | 2, 077 | 54 | 337 | 291 |
| 15 | Belgium-..---------..........- | 65 | 108 | 116 | 134 39 | 150 |  | 38 | 88 | (2) | 21 | ${ }^{(1)} 3$ | 156 |  | 43 | 89 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 21 | ${ }^{(1)} 3$ |
| 16 | Denmark | 32 | 36 | 39 334 | 39 376 | 45 |  | +26 | 13 232 | (1) 5 | 5 | ${ }^{(1)}$ | 45 |  | 26 | 13 | (1) | ${ }_{6}^{6}$ | ${ }^{(1)}$ |
| 17 | France.- | 217 | 304 276 | 334 293 | 376 332 | 427 429 | (1) ${ }^{6}$ | 136 | 232 239 | ${ }_{(1)} 5$ | 19 | 30 30 | 457 496 | (1) 7 | 147 151 | 243 268 | $(1)^{6}$ | 23 48 | 33 29 |
| 19 | Italy.. | 63 | 95 | 126 | 157 | 207 |  | 108 | 57 | 1 | 8 | 33 | 233 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 108 | 73 | 1 | 10 | 42 |
| 20 | Netherlands | 84 | 125 | 140 | 162 | 186 | (1) | 102 | 43 | (1) | 25 | 13 | 213 | (1) | 119 | 44 | (1) | 24 | 14 |
| 21 | Norway. | 24 | 37 | 40 | 43 | 61 | (1) | 25 | 14 | (1) 2 | 2 | (1) | 62 | (1) | 23 | 15 | (I) 2 | 2 | ${ }^{(1)}$ |
| 22 | Spain... | 31 | 45 | 50 | 58 | 62 | (1) | 19 | 21 | (1) | 4 | 14 | 65 | (1) | 18 | 23 | (1) | 6 | 15 |
| 23 | Sweden | 58 | 74 | 83 | 96 | 115 |  | 50 | 48 | (1) | 7 | (1) | 118 |  | 49 | 51 | (1) | 7 | (1) |
| 24 | Switzerland. | 25 | 31 | 37 | 41 | 48 | (2) | 10 | 22 | (2) | 12 | 4 | 55 | (2) | 11 | 25 | (2) | 14 | 5 |
| 25 | United Kingdom | 847 | 1, 131 | 1,257 | 1,426 | 1,612 | 3 | 279 | 1,052 | 25 | 140 | 114 | 1. 899 | 3 | 394 | 1,201 | 26 | 150 | 126 |
| 26 | Other countries. | 70 | 107 | 124 | 140 | 177 | 17 | 88 | 33 | 3 | 26 | 10 | 194 | 23 | 95 | 34 | 3 | 28 | 10 |
| 27 | Western European dependencies, total. | 435 | 601 | 599 | 637 | 805 | 121 | 569 | 17 | 18 | 43 | 37 | 906 | 132 | 644 | 18 | 21 | 51 |  |
| 28 | Western Hemisphere.-.-.-.-. | 131 | 178 | 172 | 179 | 314 | 70 | 181 | (1) | 17 | 24 | (1) | 339 | 76 | 190 | (1) | 20 | 30 | (1) |
| 29 | Other areas.-...------ | 304 | 423 | 427 | 458 | 491 | 51 | 389 | (1) | 1 | 19 | (1) | 567 | 56 | 454 | (1) | 1 | 21 | (1) |
| 30 | Other countries, total. | 1,318 | 2,040 | 2, 273 | 2,570 | 2,933 | 197 | 1,718 | 536 | 87 | 166 | 228 | 3,216 | 218 | 1,839 | 618 | 100 | 193 | 247 |
| 31 | Australia... | 201 | 326 | 393 | 498 | 552 | 29 | (1) | 266 | (1) | 28 | 27 | 601 | 32 | (1) | 302 | (1) | 32 | 30 |
| 32 | India. | 38 | 68 | 92 | 95 | 108 |  | (1) | 33 | ( 2 | 10 | (1) | 110 |  | (1) | 36 | 2 | 10 | (1) |
| 33 | Indonesia | 58 | 88 | 65 | 86 | 118 | .-. | (1) | 24 | (1) | 3 | (1) | 150 |  | ( ${ }^{1}$ | 24 | (1) | 3 | (1) |
| 34 | Japan.- | 19 | 92 | 106 | 128 | 145 |  | (1) | 21 | 1 | 8 | (1) | 181 |  | (1) | 36 | 1 | 12 | (1) |
| 35 | Liberia. | 82 | 186 | 230 | 277 | 334 | (1) | 263 |  | 11 | (1) | 41 | 380 | (1) | 296 |  | 18 | (1) | 42 |
| 36 | New Zealand. | 25 | 34 | 40 | 42 | 47 | (1) | (1) | 19 | (1) | 11 | 1 | 51 | (1) | (1) | 20 | $\left.{ }^{1}\right)$ | 11 | 2 |
| 37 | Pbilippine Republic.-.-....-- | 149 | 188 | 217 | 229 | 267 | ${ }^{(1)} 8$ | (1) | 35 | ${ }^{67}$ | 53 | (1) 32 | 307 <br> 305 <br> 1 | ${ }^{(1)} 9$ | ${ }^{(1)}$ | 41 108 | ${ }^{73}$ | 61 38 | (1) 37 |
| 38 39 | Union of South Africa .-.-.-.-- | 140 606 | 212 847 | 216 914 | 259 957 | 288 1,073 | 84 54 | 69 912 | 94 44 | (1) | ${ }_{(1)}^{32}$ | ${ }^{(1)} 38$ | 307 1,131 | 92 59 | $\begin{array}{r}57 \\ 954 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 108 51 | (1) | (1) ${ }^{38}$ | ${ }^{(1)} 40$ |

${ }^{5}$ Revised.
p Preliminary

1. Included in total.

Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

Note: The following area changes apply to all tables: Through 1953, Northern and Southern Rhodesia and Nyasaland are included in "other areas" dependencies, line 29; in 1054 and later years they are included in "other countries," line 39. Through 1955, Morocco is included in "other areas" dependencies, line 29; in 1956 it is included in "other countrics," 29 ; in 1957 they are included in "other countries," line 39.
barrels per day during the Suez crisis, when Middle East production was cut back, and averaged 1.9 million barrels per day in 1957, up about 9 percent over 1956 putput.

Most of the Latin American increase was financed by larger capital outflows from the United States, and reinvested earnings were also higher. Parent companies in the United States were under considerable pressure to raise the funds required for expansion in this and other areas, and placed several large security issues in the United States capital market.

Petroleum investments in Canada were again large in 1957, and in Europe also the flow was maintained in substantial amounts, particularly to the United Kingdom and Germany. In the Middle East and North Africa, petroleum
accounted for practically all United States investment, with the outflow of somewhat over $\$ 100$ million about the same as in 1956. The rate of investment was considerably cut back elsewhere in Africa, and was also off in the Far East.

## Manfacturing sustained

Manufacturing currently ranks next to petroleum as a field for United States direct foreign investments, with additional investments of over $\$ 750$ million in 1957 raising the total value of such investments to $\$ 7.9$ billion. Investment in this industry was slightly less than in 1956 because of smaller reinvestments of earnings. The outflow of capital, on the other hand, rose substantially.

Table 3.-Direct Investment Capital Flows and Undistributed Earnings, by Selected Countries, 1956-57, With Major Industries for 1957
Table 4.-Direct Investment Earnings and Income, ${ }^{1}$ by Selected Countries, 1956-57, With Major Industries for 1957
[Millions of dollars]

| Table 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Table 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | line |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net capital outfiow |  |  |  |  |  | Undistributed subsidiary earnings |  |  |  |  |  | Earnings |  |  |  |  |  | Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1957 p |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1956 \text { r } \\ & \text { total } \end{aligned}$ | 1957 p |  |  |  |  | 1956 r | 1957 |  |  |  |  | 1956 r | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |
| total | Total | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Mining } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { smelt- } \\ \text { ing } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Petro- } \\ & \text { leum } \end{aligned}$ | Manu- facturing | Other <br> tries |  | Total |  | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { Petro- } \\ \text { leum } \end{array}$ | Manu- <br> facturing | Other industries |  | Total |  | Petroleam | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Manu- } \\ & \text { factur- } \\ & \text { ing } \end{aligned}$ | Other indus. tries |  | Total | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mining } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { smelt- } \\ & \text { ing } \end{aligned}$ | Petro- leum | Manu-facturing | Other industries |  |
| 1, 859 | 2,072 | 177 | 1,332 | 370 | 192 | 1,000 | 1,017 | 61 | 364 | 391 | 201 | 3, 120 | 3,330 | 281 | 1,623 | 852 | 574 | 2,120 | 2,313 | 220 | 1,259 | 461 | 373 | 1 |
| 512 | 584 | 39 | 322 | 160 | 63 | 367 | 274 | 17 | 56 | 151 | 50 | 720 | 641 | 71 | 95 | 348 | 127 | 353 | 367 | 54 | 39 | 197 | 77 | 2 |
| 592 | 1,104 | 130 | 828 | 91 | 55 | 241 | 251 | 12 | 101 | 60 | 78 | 1,041 | 1,166 | 102 | 701 | 124 | 238 | 800 | 915 | 90 | 600 | 64 | 160 | 3 |
| (2) ${ }_{35}$ | 15 48 4 | (1) | ${ }^{(1)} 7$ | $\begin{array}{r}-3 \\ 28 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 18 13 | 10 | ${ }_{35}^{21}$ | (1) | ${ }^{(1)} 9$ | 10 | 10 8 8 | 22 | 31 75 | ${ }_{\left({ }^{(2)}\right.}{ }^{2}$ | ${ }^{(2)}{ }_{17}$ | 15 | 15 | 12 | 10 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 5 | 5 | 4 |
| 33 | 24 | 25 | (1) | -1 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 18 3 | 3 2 2 | ${ }^{-2}$ | ${ }^{(1)}$ | 1 | $\stackrel{8}{2}$ | 93 | 50 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | (2) | $\stackrel{3}{2}$ | 24 6 | 90 | 48 | ${ }^{(2)} 44$ | (2) ${ }^{8}$ | 16 1 | 16 3 | ${ }_{6}^{5}$ |
| 24 | 9 | (1) | 10 | -4 | ( 1 | 1 | -9 | (1) | -11 | (2) | 3 | 23 | 17 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | -4 | 7 | 14 | 22 | 26 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 7 | 8 | 11 | 7 |
| $\stackrel{28}{28}$ | ${ }_{61}^{61}$ | ${ }^{(1)} 15$ | ${ }_{(2)} 7$ | 11 | 23 | 11 | 10 | ${ }^{(1)}$ | 1 | 2 | 6 | 51 82 | 66 | ${ }^{(2)} 17$ | 3 | 40 | 58 | 40 | 56 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 20 | 51 | 8 |
| ${ }_{27}^{33}$ | 61 47 | 15 37 | (2) | $\stackrel{43}{8}$ | 3 4 4 | 119 | 10 | 10 1 | (1) ${ }^{1}$ | (2) ${ }^{20}$ | 6 9 | 82 34 | 77 <br> 37 | 174 | ${ }_{(2)}{ }^{3}$ | 40 4 | 18 | 33 23 | 41 27 | 13 | (2) ${ }^{2}$ | 20 4 | 12 10 | 9 10 |
| 350 | 795 | (1) | 736 | 13 | 46 | 45 | 58 | (1) | 32 | 5 | 21 | 550 | 675 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 613 | 8 | 53 | 505 | 617 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 581 | 3 | 32 | 11 |
| 34 10 | 25 17 | (1) ${ }^{5}$ | 14 14 | -2 -1 | 9 4 4 | 58 5 | 86 1 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }_{(23}^{53}$ | (2) $^{4}$ | 28 2 | 99 12 | 131 |  | 55 -2 | 6 | 71 8 | 40 8 | 45 6 |  | 1 -2 | 2 1 | 43 6 | ${ }_{13}^{12}$ |
| $\stackrel{486}{7}$ | ${ }^{254}$ | 1 | 120 1 | 94 -1 | (2) ${ }^{40}$ | 204 9 | 236 6 | 7 | 70 4 | 124 2 |  | $\begin{array}{r}483 \\ 20 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}547 \\ 21 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 9 | ${ }_{163}{ }_{5}$ | 269 12 | 106 4 | 280 11 | ${ }_{15}^{311}$ | 2 | 92 1 | 145 10 | 72 4 4 | 14 15 |
| 5 | -1 |  | (1) | ${ }^{(2)}$ | $\bigcirc$ | 1 | ${ }^{(2)}$ |  | (1) | (2) | (2) ${ }^{1}$ | 3 | 3 |  | (3) | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 |  | (3) | 2 | 1 | 16 |
| 18 | 5 |  | -1 | 3 | 4 | 33 | 23 | (1) | 11 | 7 | 4 | 颜 | 46 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 17 | 22 | 8 | 18 | 23 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{6}$ | 14 | 3 | 17 |
| 66 | 48 | (1) | 34 | 21 | 3 | 29 | 30 | (1) | 6 | 12 | 12 | 53 | 61 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 8 | 36 | 17 | 24 | 31 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 2 | 24 | 5 | 18 |
| 35 | 15 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | -2 | 10 | 7 | 15 | 11 |  | 2 | 6 | 4 | 22 | 25 |  | 7 | 11 | 6 | 7 | 14 |  | 5 | 5 | 3 | 19 |
| 14 | 14 | (1) | ${ }^{4}$ | 1 | 8 | 10 | 14 | (1) | 12 | 1 | 1 | 19 | 22 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 13 | 2 | ${ }_{6}^{6}$ | ${ }_{9}^{9}$ | 9 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 2 | 5 | 20 |
| 10. | -2 | (1) | $\stackrel{(1)}{-2}$ | ${ }^{(2)}{ }^{(2)}$ | -2 | 3 <br> 2 | 3 4 | (1) | ${ }^{(1)} 1$ | 1 3 | $(2)^{1}$ | 5 <br> 3 | 5 <br> 5 | ${ }_{(2)}$ | 1 | ${ }_{3}^{2}$ | $\stackrel{2}{1}$ | 2 1 | ${ }_{2}$ | (2) | $\stackrel{(3)}{3}_{-1}$ | 1 | 1 | 21 22 |
| 16 | -1 |  | -2 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 1 | 2 | 4 |  | 1 | 3 | (2) | 7 | 12 |  |  | 7 | 4 | 5 | 8 |  | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 4 | 4 | 23 |
|  | 4 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 2 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 3 |  | -1 | 2 |  | 12 | 11 |  | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 7 | 4 | 8 | 8 |  | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 5 | 3 | 24 |
| ${ }^{3} 278$ | 157 | (2) | 86 3 | ${ }_{(2)}^{59}$ | $\stackrel{13}{2}$ | 85 | 128 10 | ${ }^{(2)} 5$ | 29 3 | 88 1 | (2) $^{10}$ | 271 16 | 326 11 | ${ }^{(3)} 7$ | 111 -2 | 165 | 5 | 186 | ${ }_{(3)}^{198}$ | 1 | 82 -6 | 77 1 | 39 4 | $2{ }_{2}^{25}$ |
| 38 | 66 | 5 | 57 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 4 | 37 | 34 | 6 | 18 | 1 | 9 | 219 | 239 | 52 | 164 | 2 | 21 | 182 | 205 | 46 | 147 | 1 | 12 | 27 |
| 19 | 13 | 3 | 8 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 1 | 12 | 12 |  | 1 |  | 9 | 40 | 50 | 31 | 7 |  | 11 | 28 | 38 | 30 | 6 |  | 2 | 28 |
| 20 | 53 | 1 | 49 | (2) | 3 | 25 | 22 | 4 | 17 | 1 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 179 | 189 | 21 | 157 | 2 | 10 | 154 | 167 | 16 | 141 | 1 | 10 | 29 |
| 201 | 64 |  |  | 25 | 30 | 151 | 222 |  | 118 | 56 | 29 | 656 | 737 | 47 | 499 | 109 | 82 | 505 | 515 | 28 | 381 | 53 | 52 | 30 |
| 17 | - ${ }_{-4}^{4}$ | (1) | (1) | -8 | $-6$ | $\stackrel{36}{6}$ | $\stackrel{47}{6}$ | (1) | (1) | 28 | 18 | 62 | 83 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 53 | 30 | ${ }^{26}$ | 36 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 25 | 12 | 31 |
| 28 | $-13$ |  | (1) | -1 | -12 |  | 44 | (1) ${ }^{--}$ | (1) | 3 | 43 | 35 | 52 |  | (2) | 2 | 49 | 31 | 7 |  | (2) | 1 | 6 | 33 |
| 4 | 19 |  | (1) | 6 | 13 | 13 | 17 |  | (1) | 9 | 8 | 21 | 27 |  | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 10 | 18 | 8 | 11 |  | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 1 | 10 | 34 |
| 39 | 15 | (1) | (1) | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 15 | 18 3 | 30 | (1) | (1) | (2) | $\stackrel{31}{2}$ | 38 | 48 8 8 | (2) | (2) |  | 48 4 | 19 4 | 18 | ${ }^{(2)}{ }^{(2)}$ | (2) ${ }^{(2)}$ |  | 18 2 | 35 36 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | ${ }^{(1)}$ |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 14 | 18 2 |  |
| $\begin{array}{r}9 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$ | -15 41 | $\left({ }^{(2)} 2\right.$ | -21 -29 | 4 9 | ${ }^{(2)} 3$ | 29 | 31 21 | 6 5 | 9 <br> 16 | ${ }^{(3)} 10$ | 6 1 | $\begin{array}{r}63 \\ 374 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}65 \\ 392 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 23 13 | 10 369 | 24 3 | 8 8 | 43 346 | 33 371 | 17 9 | 353 | 14 2 | $\frac{2}{7}$ | 38 39 |

${ }^{+}$Kevised.
p Preliminary ${ }^{1 .}$ Combined in "other industries."

1. Combined in "othe
2. Less than $\$ 500,000$.
3. In:rludes the purchase for $\$ 180$ million from British owners of a petroleum company with 3. In:rudes the purchase for $\$ 180$ million from Britishowners of a petroleum company with
asients located in the West Indies, Canada, and the United Kingdom. The necessary adjustuswets located in the west Indies, Canada, and the United $k$ ngdom. The necessary adjust
monts have been made in the value table to show the investment in the countries where ments have been mad
the assets are located.
${ }^{r}$ Revised.
Preliminary.
4. Income is the sum of dividends, interest, and branch profts; earnings is the sum of income.
and undistributed subsidiary earnings.
and undistributed subsidiary earnings
5. Less than $\$ 500,000$.

Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

Souree; I. S. Department of Commerce. Office of Business Fconomics.

Canada has received about 40 percent of United States direct manufacturing investments abroad in the past 2 years. Although manufacturing earnings in Canada were down sharply in 1957, additional capital supplied by parent companies was sufficient to offset most of the decline in investment funds available out of earnings.

In Western Europe, additions to manufacturing investments were maintained at an annual rate of over $\$ 200$ million. Investment in manufacturing in the United Kingdom predominates, with Germany and Italy receiving sizable, though lesser, amounts. In the rest of the world, manufacturing investments continued to rise significantly in Australia, the Enion of South Africa, and Japan.

## Other industries vary

Among other industries, mining and smelting investments showed a sizable increase in 1957, despite a sharp decline in earnings resulting from lower prices for metals and minerals. Capital moving to Latin America for mining investments rose steeply, with substantial amounts going to Chile, Peru and Mexico. A number of large new projects are in prospect for South America and the Caribbean area. Mining investments in Canada were substantial in 1957, though reinvested earnings were smaller. Sizable new projects are also underway in that country.

Public utility investments rose somewhat in 1957, although remaining comparatively low. Most of the investment went to Latin America, largely to Cuba, Venezuela and Brazil. Panamanian shipping companies reinvested substantial amounts and received additional sums from parent companies.
It is particularly difficult to trace the investments of the shipping subsidiaries, and sizable amounts shown for Panama or Liberia may actually be utilized elsewhere to meet the requirements of the parent companies. The growing number

## Annual Additions to U. S. Direct Foreign Investments, By Industry


of holding company arrangements also increases the difficulty of determining the countries in which actual investments are occurring.

Direct investments in agricultural enterprises resulted in a net reduction on balance because of the sale of sizable properties. Investments in trade, finance and service establishments abroad form a sizable portion of all direct investments, having an aggregate book value of $\$ 3.2$ billion at the end of 1957. The increase of $\$ 300$ million in 1957 was less than in 1956, largely because of reduced capital outflows to finance organizations in Canada. There were also reductions in these investments in several Latin American countries.

## Other Private Investments

Private United States capital for long-term portfolio investments abroad amounted to more than $\$ 800$ million in 1957, and about $\$ 300$ million of short-term private credits were extended to foreign borrowers. The combined total of $\$ 1.1$ billion was about equal to the 1956 amount, but the proportion of short-term capital was lower in 1957.
New issues of foreign dollar bonds sold in the United States totaled about $\$ 600$ million in 1957 . The greater part of the offerings came in the first half of the year, falling off iis the second half as the relative interest rates and exchange rate differential discouraged Canadian borrowers, that accounted for over half of the new issues sold in the year. Nearly $\$ 200$ million was also raised by the Internationl Bank for Reconstruction and Development, and small amounts were obtained by a growing list of other borrowers.
In the first half of 1958 , conditions were again conducive to foreign borrowing in the United States, and by the end of June, total sales of new foreign securities exceeded the full amount sold in the previous year. Moreover, there was a further extension of the list of borrowers, that included, besides Canada and the International Bank, the Netherlands, Norway, the European Coal and Steel Community, the Belgian Congo, Australia, Northern Rhodesia, Israel, and the Union of South Africa. Also sold in the United States market in early 1958 were large issues of stock by European petroleum companies. As in other postwar years, however, a large part of some of the issues was purchased by foreign investors rather than United States residents. In the period since June of this year, foreign bond issues have been minor, with recent increases in interest costs acting as a deterrent.
Net purchases by United States investors of outstanding foreign corporate stocks amounted to only $\$ 33$ million in 1957, compared with over $\$ 100$ million in 1956 . Purchases of such securities, principally issues of Canadian and large European corporations, had been substantial from 1953 to the time of the Suez crisis in 1956. Thereafter, purchases of Canadian issues continued in considerable volume, but there was a net liquidation of European stocks through 1957. In the first half of 1958, purchases of European stocks were resumed, reflecting generally prosperous conditions in these countries. Net purchases of outstanding foreign boudcontinued in 1957 and 1958 on a modest scale.
Loans extended to foreigners, both short-term and those with maturities of up to about 5 years, increased by a net amount of nearly $\$ 600$ million in 1957. As shown in table 7 , the total of these claims and loans outstanding at the end of 1957 was $\$ 4.1$ billion. Principal recipients of this financing in 1957 were France, the United Kingdom (partly to finance purchases of oil leases), Brazil, Mexico, Venezuela, and a few Asian countries.

The availability of bank financing has been important for these countries, and has helped to reduce the severity of
fluctuations in United States and world trade. Such credits are expanding at an even more rapid rate in 1958, and announcements of large bank loans to foreign governments in need of financing have been appearing with increasing frequency in recent months. Direct financing of exports by United States manufacturers and exporters provided an additional $\$ 80$ million in 1957, very largely to Latin American countries.

## United States Government claims and credits

Long-term United States Government credits and loans to foreign countries outstanding at the end of 1957 were about $\$: 330$ million higher than a year earlier, with gross disbursements during the year of nearly $\$ 1$ billion the highest since 1948, while repayments of about $\$ 660$ million were a record high. Over 40 percent of the net outflow, or about $\$ 145$ million, was to Latin America, mainly as Export-Import Bank loans. The net outflow to Western Europe was about the same, although both disbursements and repayments were larger than for Latin America. The outflow to Europe included a $\$ 250$ million drawing against the $\$ 500$ million Ex-port-Import Bank loan to the United Kingdom, which was provided at the time of the Suez crisis to support sterling area reserves. For most other European countries, repayments exceeded new loans. Although the net outflow to the rest of the world was small, this was the result of large repayments by India and Pakistan of silver loaned under lend-lease arrangements, while disbursements were as large as in the previous year.

Beginning in 1954, the fastest growing component of United States Government foreign assets has been the accumulation of foreign currencies, or equivalent claims, derived from the sale of surplus agricultural commodities. In 1957, the net short-term capital outflow associated with these assets was $\$ 6: 35$ million, but the increase in the value of these holdings recorded in table 1 is somewhat less because of declining exchange values of some of the foreign currencies. Detailed information regarding these Government transactions was given in the Survey of Current Business for April 1958.

## Earnings of United States Investments

Eamings of direct private foreign investments, which account for about seven-eighths of total earnings on foreign inrestments, increased by nearly 7 percent in 1957 to over $\$ 3.3$ billion. Virtually the whole increase flowed from the petroleum industry, reflecting generally maintained produc-tion-although declines in the Middle East early in the year were offset by increased output in Latin America-and a strong demand situation.
Petroleum earnings in 1957 accounted for nearly half of the direct investment total. Earnings of this industry in Latin America were $\$ 700$ million, rising substantially from the previous year's record as output in Venezuela was pushed upward early in the year to meet demands normally supplied from the Middle East. Earnings in Western Europe rose considerably, especially in the United Kingdom, reflecting intensified refinery operations. In other areas, principally the Middle East, earnings were up moderately over the 1956 figures, showing the recovery from the effects of the shutdowns during the Suez crisis.
Most other industries did not fare so well. Agriculture, public utilities, and trade, finance and service enterprises reported marginal gains over the 1956 results. In agriculture, profits of sugar properties were better with the improved sugar market, but other branches of the industry earned about the same amount as in 1956 .

## Earnings of U. S. Direct Foreign Investments, By Industry



Earnings of mining and smelting enterprises fell by nearly 20 percent in 1957, as metal and mineral prices reacted from earlier highs. Latin America experienced a reduction, and Canada and the Union of South Africa were also down considerably. In only a few countries where new properties were entering production was there an upturn in earnings of this industry.

Aggregate earnings of United States owned manufacturing plants abroad were about $\$ 850$ million in 1957 , only slightly lower than in 1956. However, earnings in Canada were cut substantially by the business recession in that country, while earnings in Europe were up considerably. Earnings in the United Kingdom were particularly strong, reflecting sustained high levels of production from expanded facilities, and there were sizable increases in Australia and the Union of South Africa.

The reinvestment of foreign earnings of United States corporations, amounting to about $\$ 1$ billion annually in 1956 and 1957, continued to be a major source of financing for expanding their foreign enterprises. Over half of the earnings of foreign subsidiary companies remained undistributed in 1957. A similar figure is not available for foreign branch operations, but since these are most prevalent in the petroleum industry, it is likely that the extraordinary expansion of this industry in 1957 relied heavily on current earnings for financing. ${ }^{1}$

Dividends and interest received from private portfolio and short-term investments abroad rose substantially in 1957 to a total of over $\$ 360$ million. About one-third of this income is earned on United States holdings of foreign dollar bonds, which have been expanding steadily and generally under conditions of rising yields. Rapidly growing long- and shortterm bank loans outstanding, at rising interest rates, have also resulted in larger interest receipts.
${ }^{1}$ A study of the sources and uses of funds of foreign branch and subsidiary investments b $_{3}$ now being prepared, and will be published in the Surver. It is expected that this study will develop new data on the extent to which internal sources of funds and foreign capital, in addi tion to parent company funds, supply the financing of plant and equipment expenditures and
other capital outlays abroad.

Canada accounts for nearly half of these income receipts, reflecting the concentration of long-term portfolio investments in Canada shown in table 1. A large part of the interest on bank loans and commercial credits is derived from Latin America.

## Foreign Investments in the United States

The flow of foreign capital to the United States for longterm investment fell off sharply in 1957 from the high of the previous year. Net foreign purchases of United States corporate stocks declined to about $\$ 145$ million from a postwar high of $\$ 256$ million in 1956 . Such purchases, mainly for European investors, reached a peak in the first half of 1957, but tightening of British exchange controls and declining prices of United States corporate stocks after July resulted in a net liquidation of sizable proportions, beginning in September and continuing in the early months of this vear

Table 5.-United States Direct Investments in Selected Areas, 1950 and 1957

| Area | 1950 |  |  |  | 1957 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Petroleum | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mining } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { smelting } \end{gathered}$ | Other | Total | Petroleum | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mining } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { smelting } \end{aligned}$ | Other |
| Middle East.... | 731 | 692 | 11 | 28 | 1,284 | 1,177 | 9 | 98 |
| Africa ${ }^{1} . . . . . .$. | 107 | 52 | 31 | 24 | 319 | 134 | 111 | 74 |
| Far East ${ }^{2}$. | 320 | 120 | 11 | 189 | 716 | 307 | 19 | 390 |
| Latin American Republies ${ }^{3}$ - | 4,445 | 1,233 | 628 | 2,584 | 8,308 | 2,861 | 1,238 | 4, 209 |
| European dependencies in the Western Hemisphere... | 131 | 70 | 38 | 23 | 339 | 190 | 75 | 74 |
| Total | 5,734 | 2,167 | 719 | 2,848 | 10,966 | 4,669 | 1,452 | 4,845 |

${ }^{1}$ Excludes the estimated value of ships registered in Liberia; excludes the Union of South Africa.
${ }_{2}$ Excludes Japan, Australia, and New Zealand.
${ }^{3}$ Excludes the estimated value of ships registered in Panama.
Table 6.-United States Holdings of Dollar Bonds of Specified Countries, Market and Par Values, 1950, 1956, 1957

| Countries | 1950 |  | 1956 |  | 1957 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Market value | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Par } \\ & \text { value } \end{aligned}$ | Market value | Par value | Market value | Par value |
| Total | 1,693 | 2,049 | 2,826 | 3,110 | 3,255 | 3,533 |
| Western Europe, total.. | 85 | 234 | 185 | 233 | 193 | 237 |
| Belgium. | 19 | 18 | 33 98 | 34 113 | 36 <br> 95 | 36 109 |
| Italy --. | 10 | 33 | 28 | 45 | 27 | 43 |
| Other... | 56 | 79 | 26 | 41 | 35 | 49 |
| Canada. | 1,106 | 1,065 | 1,672 | 1,721 | 1,907 | 1,934 |
| Latin American Republics, total. | 159 | 336 | 135 | 260 | 123 | 245 |
| Bolivia-..... | 5 | 38 | 5 | 38 | 6 | 38 |
| Brazil..... | 46 | 75 | 31 | 43 | 29 | 38 |
| Chile---- | ${ }_{28}^{29}$ | ${ }_{54}^{66}$ | 24 | 52 | 21 | ${ }^{50}$ |
|  | 28 51 | 54 103 | 21 54 | 37 90 | 18 49 | 88 |
| Other foreign countries, total........ | 117 | 189 | 414 | 457 | 461 | 503 |
| Australia | 87 | 95 | 99 | 103 | 100 | 103 |
| Israel.... |  |  | 267 | 267 | 314 | 314 |
| Japan. | 20 | 41 | 36 | 34 | 35 | 33 |
| Other. | 10 | 53 | 12 | 53 | 12 | 53 |
| International Bank for Reconstruction and Development. | 226 | 225 | 420 | 439 | 571 | 614 |

Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

This was offset to some extent by continued foreign purchases of United States corporate bonds.

Foreign direct-investment capital flows to the United States also declined in 1957 from the 1956 high, primarily reflecting a sharp drop in the inflow from Canada, which had been much larger than usual in 1956 because of the acquisition of interests in existing United States companies. In addition to increases financed by capital inflows of about $\$ 120$ million, United States subsidiaries of foreign companies reinvested nearly $\$ 125$ million out of earnings of a little more than $\$ 200$ million. Of the combined rise in book values of some $\$ 240$ million, the United Kingdom accounted for over $\$ 100$ million and Canada for about $\$ 90$ million.
Earnings of foreign investors on their holdings in the United States rose slightly in 1957 , reaching a total of $\$ 776$ million, as shown in table 8. Direct investments of foreigners in the United States earned about $\$ 325$ million, including about $\$ 125$ million of undistributed profits. Foreign investments in United States corporate stocks earned dividends, after withholding taxes, of over $\$ 230$ million. The largest increase in foreign earnings here, however, resulted from greater holdings of United States Government obligations at generally higher interest rates.

## Gains in reserves

Aggregate foreign holdings of gold (excluding Soviet bloc holdings) and liquid dollar assets were up by less then $\$ 200$ million for the year 1957 as a whole. Liquid dollar assets, as shown in table 1 , increased by over $\$ 250$ million, but during the year foreign countries sold $\$ 770$ million of gold to the United States. Offsetting the sale of gold to the United States were receipts into foreign official reserves of about $\$ 700$ million of newly mined gold and sales of Sovietbloc gold to the West. Thus, foreign official gold holdings declined by about $\$ 70$ million in 1957

Table 7.-Banking and Commercial Claims on Foreigners, by Selected Countries, 1953-57
[Millions of dollars]

| Oountrles | 1953 | 1954 | 1955 | 1956 | 1957 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total | Banking claims |  | Com. mercial claims |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Short term | Medium term |  |
| Total... | 1,723 | 2,400 | 2,825 | 3,523 | 4,131 | 2, 229 | 1,120 | 782 |
| Western Europe, total.--....... | 597 | 734 | 744 | 1,017 | 1,257 | 670 | 342 | 245 |
| Belgium.....-.... | 58 | 30 | 29 | 48 | 57 | 33 | 11 | 13 |
| France.-....----- | 177 | 125 | 30 | 40 | 138 | 114 | 3 | 21 |
| Germany.....--- | 39 | 82 | 110 | 190 | 178 | 140 | 13 | 25 |
| Norway-.-.-.--- | 15 | 19 | 58 | 97 | 125 | 23 | 97 | 5 |
| Turkey - .-....... | 26 | 56 | 113 | 106 | 98 | 76 |  | 22 |
| Kingdom.....- | 124 | 250 | 171 | 215 | 285 | 109 | 121 | 55 |
| Canada. | 169 | 175 | 258 | 303 | 335 | 154 | 69 | 112 |
| Latin America, total.-. | 686 | 1,094 | 1,306 | 1,549 | 1,812 | 963 | 575 | 274 |
| Brazil | 165 | 400 | 314 | 339 | 379 | 100 | 211 | 68 |
| Colombia....-. | 80 | 137 | 172 | 177 | 135 | 107 | 18 | 10 |
| Cuba............- | 63 | 121 | 209 | 232 | 239 | 113 | 101 | 25 |
| Mexico......-. - | 123 | 161 | 206 | 285 | 362 | 229 | 100 | 33 |
| Venezuela. | 62 | 88 | 173 | 213 | 274 | 173 | 55 | 46 |
| Asia, total............ | 189 | 300 | 407 | 517 | 580 | 386 | 87 | 107 |
| Israel.............- | 43 | 38 | 42 | 43 | 55 | 24 | 23 | 8 |
| Japan-----.-.-. | 42 | 139 | 149 | 201 | 196 | 145 | 9 | 42 |
| Other Asia...... | 104 | 123 | 216 | 273 | 329 | 217 | 55 | 57 |
| All other countries, total. | 82 | 97 | 110 | 137 | 147 | 56 | 47 | 44 |

Source: Treasury Bulletin, various issues.

The year 1957 was marked by wide fluctuations in the reserve positions of foreign countries. Losses of gold and dollars began toward the end of 1956, at the time of the Suez crisis, and intensified in the first quarter of 1957. In the second quarter, reserves gained considerably, partly because of extraordinary private capital outflows from the United States and also as a result of seasonal factors in other balance of payments transactions. Sizable losses reappeared in the third quarter, featured by speculative pressures against sterling and certain other European currencies. These pressures were alleviated after September by the strong measures taken by the British authorities, aided by the extension of a large Export-Import Bank loan. The overall balance of payments situation subsequently resulted in a sizable gain in foreign reserves.
The manner in which foreign countries came through the various pressures of events in 1956 and 1957 reflected in large part the quick action taken by the International Monetary Fund in supplying financial resources, particularly to the United Kingdom in 1956 and to France, India and many other countries in 1957. Most of the gold sales to the United States in both of these years came from holdings of the Fund, enabling aggregate dollar holdings of foreign countries to remain relatively stable.
In the first half of 1958, the accumulation of foreign reserves accelerated, as discussed in the Balance of Payments report beginning on page 9 of this issue. However, though the aggregate gain was very large, and is apparently continuing to the present, there are many countries that are

Table 8.-Earnings on International Investments, by Type, 1950-57

| [Millions of dollars] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1950 | 1952 | 1953 | 1954 | 1955 | 1956 r | 1957 D |
| Earnings on United States investments abroad, total | 2,068 | 2,704 | 2,686 | 2,871 | 3,343 | 3,611 | 3,898 |
| Direct investments, total. | 1,769 | 2,295 | 2,218 | 2,369 | 2,811 | 3, 120 | 3,330 |
| Dividends, interest, and branch profits............... | 1,294 | 1,419 | 1, 442 | 1,724 | 1,912 | 2, 120 | 2,313 |
| Undistributed profits of subsidiaries | 475 | 876 | 776 | 644 | 898 | 1,000 | 1,017 |
| Portfolio and short-term investments... | 190 | 205 | 216 | 230 | 258 | 297 | 363 |
| Interest on United States Government credits. | 109 | 204 | 252 | 272 | 274 | 194 | 205 |
| Earnings on foreign investments in the United States, total. | 478 | 472 | 571 | 544 | 631 | 699 | 776 |
| Direct investments, total | 281 | 234 | 306 | 300 | 320 | 309 | 325 |
| Dividends, interest and branch profits | 148 | 152 | 185 | 175 | 191 | 190 | 202 |
| Undistributed profits of subsidiaries | 138 | 82 | 121 | 125 | 129 | 119 | 123 |
|  | 166 | 174 | 179 | 185 | 217 | 236 | 250 |
| Interest on United States Government obligations. | 31 | 64 | 86 | 59 | 94 | 154 | 201 |
| + Revised. $\quad$ Preliminary.Source: U. S. Department of Com |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

not sharing in these gains, for various reasons, and for them the continued availability of private and Government funds from the United States, as well as capital from the international institutions and some foreign countries is extremely important.

## Balance of Payments

(Continued from p.14)
expected, however, which would have the effect of retarding the rise in our exports.
In the case of the more advanced countries, the backlog of import demand which was high after the war has gradually been absorbed and a rise in imports, both total and from the United States, cannot be expected to followed a rise in reserves automatically.

The length of this lag depends to a large extent upon developments in their domestic business and upon their agricultural production. In 1952, the rise in overall industrial production was interrupted, with substantial declines in the textile industry through the middle of that year and a general leveling out in the metals industries through the first 3 quarters of 1953.

The rise of industrial production in some of the major European countries has also slowed down during 1957 and the first half of this year. This change in business appears to have again been most important in the textile and base
metal industries. Stocks of coal have increased substantially and some excess capacity has appeared in the steel and nonferrous metal industries. Cotton, coal, and steel products are among the major export items by the United States to Europe and accounted for about 35 percent of the decline in United States exports to that area between the first half of 1957 to the first half of 1958. (Lower shipments of petroleum and foodstuffs including vegetable oils were responsible for 27 and 21 percent respectively of the total decline.)

An increase in exports to Europe cannot be expected until the upward movement in general business activity there is resumed. Since some of our exports, particularly of fuels and metals are supplementary to the local production, the rise in exports is likely to be slow as long as demands for these products in that area can be met from locally available supplies.

## Balance of Payments Statistical Supplement


#### Abstract

A comprehensive collection of data through the year 1956 for the balance of payments and the major types of international transactions, including trade grouped by economic categories, transportation, travel, Government grants and credits, private investments, and foreign gold and dollar assets has been prepared by the Balance of Payments Division of the Office of Business Economics. The publication is entitled Balance of Payments Statistical Supplement and may be purchased from the Superintendent of Documents, U. S. Government Printing Office, Washington 25, D. C., or from Field Offices of the Department of Commerce. Circa 200 pages, price $\$ 1.00$.


# $\eta_{\text {ew or }}$ Revised Statistical Series 

Personal Consumption Expenditures (Seasonally Adjusted Quarterly Totals at Annual Rates), 1946-57: Revised Data for Page S-9 1
[Billions of dollars]

| Year and quarter | Total | Durable goods |  |  |  | Nondurable goods |  |  |  |  | Services |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \begin{array}{c} \text { Turable } \\ \text { goods } \end{array} \end{gathered}$ | Automobiles and parts | $\begin{gathered} \text { Furniture } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { household } \\ \text { equip- } \\ \text { ment } \end{gathered}$ | Other |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Clothing } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { shoes } \end{gathered}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Food } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { alcoholic } \\ \text { beverages } \end{array}\right\|$ | Gasoline and oil | Other | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { services } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { House- } \\ \text { hold } \\ \text { operation } \end{gathered}$ | Housing | Transportation | Other |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| First quarter-1- | 137.3 | 12.7 | 2.3 | 7.3 | 3.2 | 80.8 | 18.0 | 46.3 | 2.7 | 13.7 | 43.9 | 6. 6 | 13.2 | 4.7 | 19.3 |
| Third quarter. | 152.7 | 17.4 | 4.6 | 9.4 9.4 | 3.5 | 87.7 | 19.0 | 50.7 | 3.1 | 14.5 14.9 | 478 | 6.7 | 14.0 | 5.3 | 21.5 |
| Fourth quarter..... | 155.4 | 18.6 | 5.6 | 9.7 | 3.3 | 88.1 | 18.0 | 51.8 | 3.3 | 14.9 | 48.7 | 6.9 | 14.4 | 5.4 | 22.0 |
| Annual total.. | 147.1 | 15.9 | 3.9 | 8.7 | 3.3 | 84.8 | 18.2 | 49.0 | 3.0 | 14.5 | 46.4 | 6.7 | 13.8 | 5.1 | 20.8 |
| 1047: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| First quarter-- | 159.4 | 19.1 | 5.6 | 10.1 | 3.4 | 90.7 | 18.4 | 53.1 | 3.4 | 15.9 | 49.6 | 7.1 | 14.7 | 5.4 | 22.3 |
| Second quarter | 163.9 167.2 | 20.3 20.8 | 6.4 | 10.6 11.2 | 3.4 3.4 3 | 93.0 94.2 | 18.5 18.9 | 54.4 55.0 | 3.6 3.7 | 18.5 16.6 | 50.6 52.2 | 7.3 7.5 | 15.1 15.8 | 5.5 5 | ${ }_{23.3}^{22.7}$ |
| Fourth quarter.... | 171.2 | 22.1 | 6.8 | 11.9 | 3.4 3.4 | 95.7 | 19.4 | 55.2 | 3.9 | 17.2 | 53.4 | 7.6 | 16.6 | 5.5 | 23.7 |
| Annual total. | 165.4 | 20.6 | 6.3 | 11.0 | 3.4 | 93.4 | 18.8 | 54.4 | 3.6 | 16.6 | 51.4 | 7.4 | 15.6 | 5.5 | 23.0 |
| 1048: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| First quarter--. | 174.7 177.5 | 21.6 22.6 | 6.9 7.1 | 11.3 12.1 | 3.4 3.4 | ${ }_{98.7}^{98.1}$ | 19.5 20.0 | 56.5 56.4 | 4.2 4.4 | 17.8 17.9 | 55.0 56.2 | 7.9 | 17.0 17.3 | 5.7 5.8 | 24.5 |
| Third quarter.- | 180.2 | 23.6 | 7.7 | 12.5 | 3.5 | 99.0 | 20.3 | 55.7 | 4.5 | 18.5 | 57.6 | 8.0 | 17.8 | 6.1 | 25.7 |
| Fourth quarter.-. | 180.8 | 23.1 | 7.9 | 11.7 | 3.4 | 99.2 | 20.7 | 55.6 | 4.6 | 18.3 | 58.5 | 8.0 | 18.2 | 6.2 | 26.0 |
| Annual total.. | 178.3 | 22.7 | 7.4 | 11.9 | 3.4 | 98.7 | 20.1 | 56.1 | 4.4 | 18.1 | 56.9 | 7.9 | 17.6 | 6.0 | 25.4 |
| 1949: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| First quarter-.- | 179.0 181.1 | 22.4 24.5 | 8.2 10.1 | 10.9 11.1 | 3.3 <br> 3.3 | ${ }_{97}^{97.8}$ | ${ }^{20.2}$ | 54.8 54.4 | 4.7 5.0 | 18.1 | 58.8 <br> 59.5 <br> 8 | 8.3 8.3 | 18.6 | 6.1 | 25.8 26.0 |
| Third quarter.- | 180.5 | 25.1 | 10.3 | 11.5 | 3.2 | 95.3 | 18.5 | 53.6 | 5.1 | 18.0 | 60.1 | 8.2 | 19.5 | 6.1 | 26.3 |
| Fourth quarter. | 184.0 | 26.3 | 10.4 | 12.7 | 3.2 | 96.3 | 19.0 | 53.7 | 5.2 | 18.5 | 61.5 | 8.7 | 20.0 | 6.1 | 26.6 |
| Annual total. | 181.2 | 24.6 | 9.8 | 11.5 | 3.3 | 96.6 | 19.3 | 54.1 | 5.0 | 18.2 | 60.0 | 8.4 | 19.3 | 6.1 | 26.2 |
| 1950: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| First quarter-- | 185.7 189.9 | 26.8 27.9 | 112.2 | 12.4 | 3.3 | 97.7 | 19.1 | 33.6 54.3 | 5.2 | 18.6 19.0 | 62.6 64.3 | 9.0 | 20.5 21.0 | 6.1 | 27.0 |
| Third quarter | 204.4 | 35.5 | 14.9 | 17.0 | 3.6 | 103.3 | 20.3 | 56.8 | 5.5 | 20.6 | 65.7 | 9.3 | 21.4 | 6.4 | 28.5 |
| Fourth quarter. | 200.1 | 31.2 | 13.8 | 14.0 | 3.5 | 102.0 | 20.1 | 56.3 | 5.5 | 20.1 | 66.9 | 9.6 | 21.9 | 6.5 | 28.8 |
| Annual total | 195.0 | 30.4 | 13.0 | 14.0 | 3.4 | 99.8 | 19.6 | 55.2 | 5.4 | 19.6 | 64.9 | 9.3 | 21.2 | 6.3 | 28.1 |
| 1951: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| First quarter- | 211.0 | 33.0 | 13.4 | ${ }_{15}^{15.9}$ | 3.7 | 110.2 | 21.9 | 61.2 | 5.8 | 21.3 | 68.3 | 9.9 | 22.4 | 6.7 | 29.2 |
| Second quarter | 208.8 | ${ }_{28.5}^{28.0}$ | 11.1 | 13.7 | 3.6 3.7 | 109.5 | 20.5 20.6 | 60.9 61.5 6 | 5.9 6.1 | 20.8 21.3 | 69.4 70.8 | 10.0 10.2 | 22.9 23.5 | 6.9 7.0 | ${ }^{29.6}$ |
| Fourth quarter.- | 213.4 | 28.4 | 10.6 | 14.0 | 3.8 | 112.7 | 21.6 | 62.3 | 6.3 | 22.4 | 72.3 | 10.4 | 24.2 | 7.1 | 30.6 |
| Annual total | 209.8 | 29.5 | 11.6 | 14.2 | 3.7 | 110.1 | 21.1 | 61.5 | 6.0 | 21.4 | 70.2 | 10.1 | 23.2 | 6.9 | 29.9 |
| 1952: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| First quarter. | 214.6 | 27.7 | 10.1 | 13.8 | 3.8 | 113.3 | 21.7 | 63.4 | 6.5 | 21.8 | 73.6 | 10.5 | 24.7 | 7.3 | 31.1 |
| Second quarter | 217.7 | 29.1 | 11.4 | 13.9 | 3.9 | 113.9 | 21.2 | 64.2 | 6.6 | 21.9 | 74.7 | 10.7 | 25.1 | 7.3 | 31.6 |
| Third quarter | 219.6 | 27.5 | 9.3 | 14.2 | 4.9 4.2 | 1115.9 | 22.1 | 64.7 65.1 | 6.8 | 22.3 | 76.2 | 10.9 | 25.6 | 7.5 | 32.2 |
| Fourth quarter. | 227.2 | 32.1 | 13.4 | 14.6 | 4.2 | 117.2 | 22.4 | 65.1 | 6.9 | 22.8 | 77.9 | 11.1 | 26.2 | 7.6 | 33.0 |
| Annual total. | 219.8 | 29.1 | 11.0 | 14.1 | 3.9 | 115.1 | 21.9 | 64.4 | 6.7 | 22.2 | 75.6 | 10.8 | 25.4 | 7.4 | 32.0 |
| 1953: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| First quarter | 230.9 | 33.2 | 14.4 | 14.6 | 4.2 | 118.1 | 22.5 | 65.3 | 7.1 | ${ }^{23.2}$ | 79.6 | 11.4 | 26.7 | 7.9 | 33. 7 |
| Second quarter | ${ }_{3}^{233.3}$ | 33.4 | 14.5 | 14.8 | 4.2 | 118.6 | 22.3 | 65.4 | 7.4 | ${ }_{23}^{23.5}$ | 81.2 | 11.7 | ${ }_{27.2}^{27.2}$ | 8.1 | 34.3 |
| Third quarter.- | 232.3 | 31.2 | 12.6 | 14.6 | 4.0 | 117.4 | 21.3 | 65.2 | 7.9 | 23.0 | 83.7 | 11.8 | 28.3 | 8.1 | 35.0 35.5 |
| Annual total. | 232.6 | 32.9 | 14.0 | 14.7 | 4.1 | 118.0 | 21.9 | 65.2 | 7.5 | 23.2 | 81.8 | 11.7 | 27.5 | 8.0 | 34.6 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| First quarter- | 233.7 | 31.2 | 12.4 | 14.7 | 4.1 | 117.9 | 21.8 | 65.4 | 7.9 | 22.8 | 84.6 | 11.9 | 28.6 | 8.0 | 36.0 |
| Second quarter | ${ }_{238}^{236.5}$ | ${ }_{32}^{32.2}$ | 13.2 13.3 18 | 14.8 14.6 | 4.2 | 118.8 | 21.8 21.7 | 65.8 66.5 | 7.9 8.0 | $\underline{23.4}$ | 85.5 | 12.0 | 28.9 29.2 | 7.9 | ${ }^{36.7}$ |
| Third quarter-. | $\stackrel{238.7}{243.2}$ | 32.3 33.9 | 13.5 14.5 | 15.0 | 4.4 | 121.0 | 22.4 | 67.2 | 8.2 | 23.3 | 88.3 | 12.5 | 29.7 | 8.0 | 38.1 |
| Annual total. | 238.0 | 32.4 | 13.4 | 14.8 | 4.3 | 119.3 | 21.9 | 66.2 | 8.0 | 23.2 | 86.3 | 12.1 | 29.1 | 7.9 | 37.1 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Socond quarter | 254.3 | 39.1 | 18.1 | 16.2 | 4.8 | 123.7 | 23.2 | 67.5 | 8.7 | 24.3 | 91.6 | 13.2 | 30.5 | 8.3 | 38.5 |
| Third quarter. | 260.9 | ${ }_{4}^{41.4}$ | 19.7 | 16.9 | 4.9 | 126.1 | 23.6 | 68.7 | 8.9 | 24.9 | 93.4 | 13.7 | 31.0 | 8.4 | 40.3 |
| Fourth quarter.- | 263.3 | 39.8 | 17.4 | 17.2 | 5.1 | 128.1 | 23.9 | 69.4 | 9.1 | 25.7 | 95.3 | 14.2 | 31.4 | 8.4 | 41.2 |
| Annual total.. | 256.9 | 39.6 | 18.3 | 10. 6 | 4.8 | 124.8 | 23.4 | 67.9 | 8.8 | 24.7 | 92.5 | 13.5 | 30.7 | 8.3 | 39.9 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| First quarter- | ${ }_{26 i 5}^{260.2}$ | 38.7 <br> 37.8 <br> 8 | ${ }_{15.1}^{16.0}$ | 17.4 | 5.3 <br> 5.3 | 129.6 130.9 | 24.1 | 70.3 | 9.2 9.5 | ${ }_{26.2}^{26.0}$ | ${ }_{98.6}^{96.9}$ | 14.4 14.7 | 31.8 32.3 | 8.5 | 42.1 |
| Third quarter. | 269.7 | 37.5 | 15.0 | 17.1 | 5.3 | 131.6 | $\stackrel{24.6}{24.3}$ | 71.3 | 9.6 | 26.1 | 100.6 | 14.9 | 33.1 | 8.6 8.5 | $\stackrel{43.0}{4.1}$ |
| Fourth quarter....... | 275.4 | 39.5 | 16.5 | 17.7 | 5.4 | 133.4 | 24.8 | 72.5 | 9.9 | 26.2 | 102.5 | 15.1 | 33.8 | 8.7 | 44.9 |
| Annual total.... | 269.4 | 38.4 | 15.6 | 17.4 | 5.3 | 131.4 | 24.5 | 71.2 | 9.6 | 26.1 | 99.6 | 14.8 | 32.8 | 8.6 | 43.5 |
| 1057: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| First quarter.- | 279 | 40.2 | 17.3 | 17.5 | 5.4 | 135.5 | 24.8 | 73.6 | 10.2 | 26.9 | 104.1 | 15.3 | 34.4 | 8.9 | 45.5 |
| Second quarter | 28.5 | 39.5 40.4 | 16.7 17 | ${ }_{17}^{17.5}$ | 5.4 5.6 | ${ }_{140.5}^{137.1}$ | 24.3 25.1 24 | 75.3 | 10.2 | 27.3 | 10.1 107.9 108 | 15.6 15.8 1.8 | 35.1 35.7 | 9.0 8.2 | 46.2 |
| Fourth quarter.- | 287.2 | 39.6 | 17.1 | 17.0 | 5.5 | 138.8 | 24.4 | 76.2 | 10.2 | 28.0 | 108.7 | 16.2 | 36.3 | 9.0 | 47.2 |
| Annual total. | 284.4 | 39.9 | 17.1 | 17.3 | 5.5 | 138.0 | 24.6 | 75.6 | 10.2 | 27.5 | 106.5 | 15.8 | 35.4 | 9.0 | 46.4 |

 Census of Business and numerous other data sources.

T
CHE STATISTICS here are a continuation of the data published in the 1957 edition of Business Statistics, biennial Statistical Supplement to the Survey of Current Bresness. That volume (price $\$ 2$ ) contains monthly (or quarterly) data for the years 1953 through 1956 and monthly averages for all years back to 1929 insofar as available; it also provides a description of each series and references to sources of monthly figures prior to 1953 . Series added or significantly revised since publication of the 1957 Business Statistics are indicated by an asterisk (*) and a dagger ( $\dagger$ ), respectively; certain revisions for 1956 issued too late for inclusion in the aforementioned volume appear in the monthly Surver beginning with the July 1957 issue. Except as otherwise stated, the terms "unadjusted" and "adjusted" refer to adjustment for seasonal variation.

Statistics originating in Government agencies are not copyrighted and may be reprinted freely. Data from private sources are provided through the courtesy of the compilers, and are subject to their copyrights.
[Averages for the year 1957 are provided in the May 1958 issue of the Survey]

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | July | August | $\int_{\text {Ber }}$ | October | Norember | Decem. ber | January | February | March | April | May | June | July | Auguet |

GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS

| NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Seasonally adjusted quarterly totals at annual rates: $\dagger$ National income, total. bil. of dol.- |  |  | 368.7 |  |  | 361.5 |  |  | 350. 6 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Compensation of employees, total...........do |  |  | 257.3 |  |  | 254.8 |  |  | 250.9 |  |  | 250.7 |  |  |
| Wages and salaries, total..---.---.........-do- |  |  | 240.5 |  |  | 238.0 |  |  | 234.4 |  |  | 234.2 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 199.9 |  |  | 197.4 |  |  | 192.7 |  |  | 191.8 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 9.8 |  |  | 9.5 |  |  | 9.4 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 30.8 |  |  | 31.1 |  |  | 32.3 |  |  | 32.8 |  |  |
| Supplements to wages and salaries_.........do. |  |  | 16.8 |  |  | 16.8 |  |  | 16.5 |  |  | 16.4 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 55.5 |  |  | 55.0 |  |  | 55.3 |  |  | 56.2 |  |  |
| Business and professionalơ-................do. |  |  | 31.7 |  |  | 31.3 |  |  | 30.6 |  |  | 30.7 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 11.8 |  |  | 11.5 |  |  | 12.6 |  |  | 13.4 |  |  |
| Rental income of persons. <br> Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjust- <br> ment, total...................................... of dol |  |  | 12.0 |  |  | 12.2 38.8 |  |  | 12.1 |  |  | 12.1 |  |  |
| Corporate profits before tax, total.........d. do..-- |  |  | 44.2 |  |  | 39.9 |  |  | 31.7 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Corporate profits tax liability............. do |  |  | 22.0 |  |  | 19.9 |  |  | 16. 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Corporate profits after tax---------.-- do- Inventory valuation adjustment |  |  | 22.1 -1.1 |  |  | 20.9 -1.1 |  |  | 15.5 -.3 |  |  | 5 |  |  |
| Net interest......................................do. |  |  | 12.8 |  |  | 12.9 |  |  | 13.0 |  |  | 13.1 |  |  |
| Gross national product, total.--------.----.- do. |  |  | 445.6 |  |  | 438.9 |  |  | 425.8 |  |  | 429.0 |  |  |
| Personal consumption expenditures, total...do. |  |  | 288.3 |  |  | 287.2 |  |  | 286.2 |  |  | 288.3 |  |  |
| Durable goods........................................ do <br> Nondurable goods $\qquad$ |  |  | 40.4 140.5 |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}39.6 \\ 138.8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}36.3 \\ 139.8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  | 35.6 141.4 |  |  |
| Services............................................- ${ }^{\text {do. }}$ |  |  | 107.4 |  |  | 118.7 |  |  | 110.1 |  |  | 111.3 |  |  |
| Gross private domestic investment, total....do. |  |  | 66.7 |  |  | 61.5 |  |  | 49.6 |  |  | 49.2 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 36.6 |  |  | 37.1 |  |  | 36.3 |  |  | 34.9 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 28.0 |  |  | 26.7 |  |  | 22.9 |  |  | 22.3 |  |  |
| Change in business inventories......-.....-do |  |  | 2.2 |  |  | -2.3 |  |  | -9.5 |  |  | -8.0 |  |  |
| Net foreign investment Government purchases of goods and services, total |  |  | 3.6 |  |  | 1.9 |  |  | 5 |  |  | . 5 |  |  |
| Government purchases of goods and services, total |  |  | 87.0 |  |  | 8. 3 |  |  | 89.5 |  |  | 90.9 |  |  |
| Federal (less Government sales) .-............ do |  |  | 50.9 46.9 |  |  | 50.5 46.10 46 |  |  | 50.9 45 |  |  | 51.9 46.0 |  |  |
| National security ? $\qquad$ do |  |  | 46.9 36.1 |  |  | 46.0 37.8 |  |  | 45.6 38.6 |  |  | 46.0 39.1 |  |  |
| Personal income, total......................... do. |  |  | 351.8 |  |  | 349.7 |  |  | 347.3 |  |  | 349.8 |  |  |
| Less: Personal tax and nontax payments..... do. |  |  | 43.1 |  |  | 43.0 |  |  | 42.3 |  |  | 42.3 |  |  |
| Equals: Disposable personal income..................... |  |  | 308.7 |  |  | 306.8 |  |  | 305.0 |  |  | 307.5 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 20.4 |  |  | 19.6 |  |  | 18.8 |  |  | 19.2 |  |  |
| PERSONAL INCOME, BY SOURCE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Seasonally adjusted, at annual rates: $\dagger$ <br> Total personal income. $\qquad$ bil. of dod.- | 351.8 | 352.1 | 351.4 | 350.6 | 350.2 | 348.4 | 348.2 | 346.4 | 347.1 | 348.1 | 344.9 | 352.0 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & +1354.2 \\ & r 1358.8 \\ & r \end{aligned}\right.$ | 355.6 |
| Wage and salary disbursements, total.......do.... | 240.5 | 240.8 | 240.2 | 238.6 | 238.0 | 237.3 | 235.1 | 233.2 | 232.6 | 232.0 | 233.1 | 235.8 |  |  |
| Commodity-producing mdustries.....-.-.- do...- | 103.3 | 103.1 | 102.4 | 101.5 | 101.0 | 99.8 | 97.9 | 95.6 | 95.3 | 95.0 | 95.6 | 96.6 | 97.1 | 97.4 |
|  | 64.0 32.8 | 64.2 32.9 | 64.2 32.9 | 63.5 32.9 38.9 | 63.6 <br> 32.9 <br> 8. | 43.7 33.2 | 183.5 <br> 33.1 <br> 8 | 63.4 33.2 | 62.9 <br> 33.3 <br> 8 | 62.4 33.4 | 62.6 33.4 | 63.3 33.6 | 63.5 $r 33.7$ | 63.6 33.8 |
|  | 40.4 | 40.6 | 40.7 | 40.7 | 40.5 | 4). 6 | 40.7 | 41.0 | 41.1 | 41.2 | 41.5 | 42.4 | 148.0 | 43.1 |
| Other labor income ...........................do..-- | 9.1 | 9.1 | 9.1 | 9.2 | 9.2 | 9.2 | 9.1 | 9.0 | 8.9 | 8.9 | 8.9 | 8.9 | -9.9 | 9.1 |
| Proprietors' and rental income ----.-........-do....- | 55.6 | 55.6 | 55.4 | 55.1 | 54.8 | 55.2 | 55.18 | 55.3 | 95.7 | 56.1 | 56.5 | 56.2 | -56.3 | 56.4 |
| Personal interest income and dividends.-.--do...- Transfer payments | 31.7 21.7 | 31.8 21.5 | 31.8 21.5 | 31.8 22.6 | 31.8 23.0 | 30.0 23.3 | 31.8 23.9 | 31.8 33.8 | 31.7 24.8 | 31.7 26.1 | 31.7 26.4 | 31.8 26.0 | +31.8 +26.5 | 31.9 |
| Less personal contributions for social insurance $\begin{gathered}\text { bill. of dol. }\end{gathered}$ | 21.7 6.7 | 21.5 6.7 | 21.5 6.6 | 22.6 6.6 | 23.0 6.6 | 23.3 6.6 | 23.9 6.7 | 23.8 6.7 | 24.8 6.6 | 26.1 6.6 | 26.4 6.7 | 26.0 6.7 | 26.5 7.0 | 20.7 0.8 |
| Total nonagricultural income...................do..... | 336.2 | 336.6 | 336.1 | 335.7 | 336.2 | 333.0 | 332.5 | 330.1 | 330.5 | 31.0 | 332.4 | 335.1 | ${ }_{+1}{ }^{3} 42.0$ | 338.9 |

- Revised. ${ }^{1}$ Italicized total exciudes and other footnoted figures include lump-sum retroactive salary payments to Federal employees; disbursements of $\$ 380$ million mulifiled by 12 (to put on annual rate basis) amounted to $\$ 4.6$ billion. $\dagger$ Revised series. Estimates of national income and product and personal income bave been revised back to $194 t^{\prime}$; revisions beginning 1946 appear on pp. 12 ff . of the July 1958 SCRVEY
onncludes inventory valuation adjustment. of Government sales are not deducted
§Personal saving is excess of disposable income over personal consumption expenditures shown as a component of gros pational product above.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | July | August | $\underset{\substack{\text { Septer } \\ \text { ber }}}{ }$ | October | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Novem. } \\ \text { ber } \end{array}$ | Decem- ber | January | February | March | April | May | June | July | August |

## GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS—Continued


 expenditures of business. Anticipated expenditures for the frar 1958, and comparative data for 1956-57, appear on p. 7 of this issue of the Survey.
 Annual data for $1946-57$ and monthly data back to. Tanuary 1956.
$\sigma^{2}$ Revistons for 1905 for the seasonally adjusted indexes of industrial production and consumer dumbles output appear on p. 18 of the July 1958 Strver.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | July | August | Soptember | October | November | Decem- ber | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary- } \end{aligned}$ | February | Mareh | $A_{\text {pril }}$ | May | June | July | August |

## GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS—Continued



* Revised. $\quad$ P Preliminary. $\sigma^{x}$ Sec corresponding note on p. S-2
 data for manufacturing are shown on $p$. S-4; those for retail and wholesale trade on pp. S-9, S-10, and S-11.
 August 195: SURVEY.

Unless other wise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown
BUSINESS STATISTICS

| 1957 |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| July | August | Septem ber | October | November | Decem- her | Jamu- ary | February | March | $\mathrm{Al}_{\mathrm{mil}}$ | May | June | July | Augist |

## GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS-Continued

## MANUFACTURERS' SALES, INVENTORIES,



Inventories, end of month:



| Cnless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | July | August | $\begin{gathered} \text { Septem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | October | November | $\begin{gathered} \text { Decem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{\text { Janu- }}{\substack{\text { Jry }}}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August |

## GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS-Continued



## COMMODITY PRICES

Parity ratio $\oplus$. $\qquad$
$r$ Revised. §Corrections of March 1955 new orders figures in 1957 Business STatistics (mil.dol.): Unadjusted-total durable goods, 14,755; machinery, 4,093; seasonally adjustedtotal manufacturing, 26,$810 ;$ total durable goods, 13,$538 ;$ machinery, 3,885 . . Includes textiles, leather, paper, and printing and publishing industries; unfilled orders for other nondurable-
goods industries are zero.
qFor these industries (food, beverages, tobacco, apparel, petroleum, ehemicals, and rubber) sales are considered equal to new order \& Bradstret, Inc. ${ }^{*}$ New series; based on number of concerns listed in Dun \& Bradstreet Reference Book., Data back to 1934 are available upon requew orders. 1955 to incorporate the latest revisions in the grice series for individual commodities; unpubilshed revisions (prior to April 1957) will be shown later. $\quad$ (including interest, taxes, and wage rates).

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of bUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | July | Angust | Septem- | October | Novemher | December | Jamu- ary | February | March | April | May | June | July | Aumust |

COMMODITY PRICES-Continued


|  |
| :--- |
| 217.5 |
| 120.8 |
| 106.5 |
| 117.4 |
| 110.5 |
| 126.9 |
| 109.5 |
| 125.5 |
| 112.3 |
| 104.1 |
| 135.2 |
| 138.4 |
| 124.7 |
| 112.4 |
| 135.8 |
| 125.6 |
| 180.2 |
| 126.6 |




| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and <br> descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of <br> BUSINESS STATISTICS |
| :--- |

CONSTRUCTION AND REAL ESTATE

| CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY $\ddagger$ <br> New construction (unadjusted), total......mil. of dol. | 4.477 | 4. $\mathrm{fin}^{\text {\% }} 7$ | 4. 688 | 4, 609 | 4, 2018 | 3.791 | 3.380 | 3.153 | 3. 400 | 3.703 | 4. 054 | 4.397 | 4 6i42 | 4.803 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Private, total9 ................................. do.. | 3, 124 | 3,196 | 3. 185 | 3.143 | 3.020 | 2. 750 | 2.435 | 2.301 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3, 215 |
|  | 1,586 | 1.611 | 1. 611 | 1. 586 | 1,524 | 1.365 | 1. 165 | 1.083 | 1.177 | 1. $2 \mathrm{S8}$ | 1,407 | 1. 539 | +1.1441 | 1,718 |
| New dwelling units | 1. 155 | 1,180 | 1. 190 | 1,180 | 1. 140 | 1.050 | 895 | $\times 15$ | \$90 | 945 | 1. 000 | 1. 110 | 1,200 | 1, 280 |
| Additions and alterations $\qquad$ do |  |  | 374 | 357 | 333 | 245 | 220 | 219 | 234 | 295 | 356 | 377 | - 389 | 1,387 |
| Nonresidential bulldings, except farm and public utility, total \& ........................-...- mil. of dol. | 814 | 842 | 840 | 844 | 842 | 799 | 746 | 705 | 689 | 08 | 698 | 735 | 75 | 743 |
|  | 297 | 301 | 293 | 289 | $2 \times 7$ | 277 | 974 | 252 | 235 | 218 | 204 | 193 | 185 | 179 |
|  | 310 | 319 | 322 | 330 | 332 | 306 | 270 | 258 | 262 | 263 | 285 | 315 | 326 | 316 |
|  | 169 | 173 | 159 | 133 | 114 | 100 | 101 | 105 | 114 | 127 | 147 | 162 | 171 | 175 |
|  | 536 | 549 | 556 | 564 | 525 | 472 | 411 | 397 | 450 | 478 | 504 | 924 | 542 | 5.62 |
|  | 1.353 | 1. 471 | 1. 497 | 1. 466 | 1. $18 \%$ | 1.041 | 945 | 852 | 9.88 | 1. 120 | 1.281 | 1,418 | r 1, 514 | 1.588 |
| Nonresidential buildings ...-.-.-.-........-. ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 390 | 416 | 416 | 469 | 367 | 342 | 340 | 308 | 347 | 370 | 381 | 406 | - 417 | 422 |
|  | 121 | 142 | 138 | 132 | 108 | 97 | 87 | 73 | 77 | 80 | 88 | 95 | 105 | 120 |
|  | 539 | 577 | 607 | (60) | 425 | 350 | 260 | 240 | 265 | 335 | 500 | 880 | - 63.5 | 675 |
|  | 303 | 336 | 336 | 321 | 288 | 252 | 258 | 231 | 269 | 295 | 312 | 337 | - 357 | 371 |
| New construction (seasonally adjusted), total...-do..-- | 3.934 | 4, 034 | 4, 078 | 4. 166 | 4. 137 | 4. 211 | 4, 155 | 4, 079 | 4,0.53 | 3,960 | 3,929 | 3,969 | -4, 058 | 4,120 |
|  | 2,811 | 2,854 | 2, 870 | 2.912 | 2.917 | 2, 895 | 2.863 | 2.834 | 2. 792 | 2. 734 | 2,716 | 2. 343 | -2. 814 | 2, 856 |
| Residential (nonfarm) ...-..................do-.-- Nonresidential buildings, exept farm and public | 1,383 | 1.412 | 1. 432 | 1.461 | 1. 472 | 1. 461 | 1. 445 | 1,441 | $1.39 \%$ | 1.350 | 1.334 | 1,308 | r 1.431 | 1,506 |
|  | 787 | 803 | 795 | 798 | 796 | 790 | 769 | 748 | 742 | 733 | 733 | 729 | 724 | 702 |
|  | 300 | 301 | 290 | 283 | 231 | 272 | 469 | 252 | $\stackrel{940}{288}$ | 222 | 210 | 195 | 187 | 179 |
|  | $\stackrel{292}{133}$ | ${ }_{1}^{296}$ | 298 | 306 | 305 | 304 | 288 | 281 | 288 | 294 | 302 | 311 | 308 | 294 |
|  | 133 | 133 | 133 | 133 | 134 | 133 | 135 | 135 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 135 | 135 | 135 |
|  | 493 | 487 | 492 | 504 | 500 | 496 | 301 | 497 | 505 | 503 | 499 | 494 | 498 | 498 |
|  | 1.123 | 1,180 | 1,208 | 1. 254 | 1.220 | 1.316 | 1,293 | 1. 245 | 1.261 | 1.226 | 1. 213 | 1,226 | +1.254 | 1,264 |
| Nonresidential buildings....-..................do. | 357 | 374 | 380 | 391 | 381 | 385 | 378 | 355 | 370 | 376 | 371 | 379 | - 380 |  |
|  | 108 | 120 | 114 | 111 | 104 | 116 | 107 | 96 | 95 | 88 | 450 | 88 | 94 | 102 |
| Highway...........................................do..... | 391 | 393 | 410 | 451 | 443 | 538 | 510 | 56 | 50\% | 443 | 450 | 453 | r 460 | 459 |
| Construction contracts in 48 States (F. W. Dodge Corp.): $\dagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2,901 | 2,818 | 2, 550 | 2,614 | 2. 371 | 1. 982 |  |  | 2. 721 |  | 3,403 | 3, 820 | 3, 667 |  |
|  | 1,002 | 802 | ${ }^{816}$ | 787 | 867 | 734 | Ts | ${ }^{7} 189$ | 1.027 | 1,053 | 1. 463 | 1, 720 | 1.550 |  |
|  | 1. 898 | 2,016 | 1. 734 | 1,827 | 1. 504 | 1. 249 | 1,308 | 1. 185 | 1, 694 | 1.828 | 1. 939 | 2.100 | 2,058 |  |
| Nonresidential buildings: Floor area |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 71.642 961 | 68,569 1,008 | 64,011 866 | 66,362 910 | 61.260 8.8 | $\begin{array}{r}51.043 \\ \hline 699\end{array}$ | 54, 974 | 52. 313 | 6if. 450 | ${ }^{4} \times 8.836$ | 16,099 1,124 | 128. 128 | -1,0\% |  |
| Residential buildings: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Floor area-------------------.--- thous. of sq. ft.- | 117,373 | 116.905 | 105, 189 | 1016. 636 | 86. 424 | 17. 22.5 | 7. 6163 | 6, 6 | 97.332 | 113, 2 去 | 124.189 | 125.122 | 140, 037 |  |
|  | 1,287 | 1,284 | 1, 151 | 1, 165 | 130 | 789 | $\cdots$ | 727 | 1.081 | 1. 240 | 1.34i | 1.364 | 1. 557 |  |
| Public works: | 467 | 394 | 416 | 327 | 444 | 381 | 328 | 358 | 60 | \% | 71.3 | 4 | 723 |  |
| Utilities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 186 | 132 | 116 | 211 | 118 | 144 | 201 | 117 | 1\% $\%$ | 132 | 220 | (i)3 | 2.61 |  |
| Engineering construction: <br> Contract awards (ENR) § $\qquad$ | 1,589 | 1,805 | 1,247 | 1,700 | 1,232 | 967 | 1,259 | 1,175 | 1.34* | 1. $\mathrm{s} \times$ | 2.314 | 1.900 | 2.482 | 1,622 |
| Highway concrete pavement contract awards: $0^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 8,896 | 5,292 | 4.844 | 6, 663 | 3. 950 | ${ }^{2}$ 11, 388 | 5. 488 | 4,554 | 7.553 | 13, 32× | 11,637 | 11, 04.5 | 17. 842 |  |
|  | 845 | 336 | 282 |  |  | ${ }^{2} 779$ | 196 | 209 | 479 | 2.239 | 3,685 | 2, 475 | 6, 631 |  |
|  | 4,581 | 2, 497 | 1,791 | 3, 143 | 2, 355 | ${ }^{2} 7,817$ | 3,972 | 2, 640 | 5, 510 | 7. 439 | 4. 261 | 5,633 | 7.475 |  |
|  | 3,471 | 2,459 | 2, 771 | 2,775 | 1,530 | ${ }^{2} 2.890$ | 1,320 | I, 705 | 1,584 | 3. 615 | 3. 691 | 2. 938 | 3.73 | --- |
| NEW DWELLING UNITS <br> (U. S. Department of Labor) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New permanent nonfarm dwelling units started: Unadjusted: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total, privately and publicly owned..-thousands-. | 97.8 | 100.0 | 91.9 | 97.0 | 78.2 | 63.4 | 67.9 | 66.1 | 81.4 | 94.1 | $10 \times .5$ | 115.0 | 111.0 | 119.0 |
| Privately owned, total.....................do. | 93.9 | 96.8 | 90.2 | 88.4 | 75.7 | 62.5 | 172.9 | 61.0 | 77.3 | 94.2 | -111.3 | 104.5 | 107.3 | 108.8 |
| In metropolitan areas.......------------ do---- | 62.1 | 64.9 | 60.9 | 78.5 | 50.8 | 43.1 | 43.3 | 42.1 | 51.8 | 65.0 | -69.5 | 71.0 | 74. 1 | 75.8 |
|  | 3.9 | 3.2 | 1.7 | 8.6 | 2.5 | . 9 | 5.0 | 5.1 | 4.1 | 4.9 | -7.2 | 10.5 | 3.7 | 10.2 |
| Seasonally adjusted at annual rate: <br> Privately owned, total $\ddagger$ $\qquad$ do | 1,015.0 | 1,056.0 | 1,012.0 | 1,020.0 | 1,009.0 | 1,000. 0 | 1,020.0 | 915.0 | 918.0 | $4 \times 3.0$ | I. 0360 | 1.0900 | 1, 160.0) | 1,170.0 |
| Residentinl construction authorized, all permit-issuing places: <br> New dwelling units, total <br> thousands | 375.9 | 80.3 | 72.1 | - 79.2 | 58.7 | 49.8 | -54.6 | 80.7 | -1.2 | $\begin{array}{r} \\ \hline 8.0\end{array}$ | r 91.8 | , |  |  |
|  | ${ }^{3} 73.6$ | 78.0 | 70.8 | 74.8 | 55.5 | 48.8 | :3. 1 | 47.7 | 18.4 | +85. 4 | 86.1 | 88.3 |  |  |
| Units in 1 family structures.......-........do...- | ${ }^{3} 61.0$ | 63.0 | 58.3 | 60.5 | 45.1 | 38.2 | 40.4 | 36.4 | 52.2 | 66.3 | 48.0 | 71.1 |  |  |
| Units in 2 family structures ................do | 2.8 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 3.0 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 3.1 | 3.7 | 3.5 | 3.0 |  |  |
| Units in multifamily structu | 39.9 3 | 12.4 | 9.9 | 11.2 | 7.9 | 8.2 | 10. 4 | 9.1 | 13.2 | 15.3 | 14.7 | 14.2 |  |  |
| Publicly financed, total.-..---------------.- do..-- | ${ }^{3} 2.3$ | 2.3 | 1.3 | 4.4 | 3.2 | 1.0 | 1.4 | 2.9 | 2.7 | 2.6 | -5.8 | 7.2 |  |  |

+ Revised. $\quad p$ Preliminary.
${ }^{1}$ Indexes based on $1935-39=100$ are as follows: Measured by-wholesale prices, 44.0 (August); consumer prices, 48.3 (July).
${ }^{2}$ Data include some contracts awarded in prior months but not reported. ${ }^{3}$ Revisions for June 1957 for new dwelling units authorized (thous.: Totat, so.4; privately financed-total, 75.4; 1 family, 61.6; multifamily, 11.0; pulbicly financed, 50
$\ddagger$ Revisions for the indicated series appear in issues of Con
beck to 1946 in May 1958 issuc.
OIncludes data not hown separately.
¢ID ata prior to December 1956 are available upon request.
tReviscd series, reflecting nationwide coverage and new techniques for compiling data on residential buildings.
$\sigma^{7}$ Data for July, October, and Decminer 1957 and April and July 1958 are for 5 weeks; other mondhs, 4 weeks.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition BUSINESS STATISTICS | July | August | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Septem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | Octuber | Novem- | Decemi- ber | $\begin{gathered} \text { Janu- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | February | March | Apil | May | June | $J u l y$ | August |

## CONSTRUCTION AND REAL ESTATE-Continued

| CONSTRUCTION COST INDEXES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Department of Commerce composite $\ldots . .1947-49=100 \ldots$ | 138 | 138 | 138 | 138 | 138 | 137 | 137 | 137 | 137 | 138 | 138 | 139 | 139 |  |
| Aberthaw (industrial building) . . . . . . . . . $1914=100 \ldots$ |  |  |  |  |  | 452 |  |  |  |  |  | 48 |  |  |
|  | 668 | 668 | 670 | 672 | 672 | 6 | fi3 | 673 | 674 | 675 |  |  |  | 183 |
|  | 712 | 712 | 713 |  | 730 | 729 | 763 729 | 732 | ${ }_{737} 7$ | ${ }_{737} 7$ | -3: | ${ }^{680}$ | ${ }_{73}$ | 188 738 |
|  | 705 | 705 | 705 | 711 | 712 | 711 | 731 | 730 | 730 | 730 | 730 | 730 | 736 | 737 |
| San Francisco................................... do | 610 | 624 | 625 | 625 | 624 | 622 | 621 | 620 | 619 | 619 | 619 | 635 | 1:33 | 637 |
| St. Louis ....-.-..............-.-....-...... do | 660 | 660 | 660 | 661 | 165 | ¢6.4 | dif7 | 667 | 697 | 6.66 | 670 | 670 | 130 | 671 |
| A ssociated General Contractors (all types) .......do. | 488 | 488 | 490 | 400 | 491 | 490 | 493 | 493 | 493 | 494 | 498 | 498 | 502 | 503 |
| E. II. Boeckh and Associates: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average, 20 cities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brick and concrete......U. S. avg. $1926-29=100$ | 290.5 | 290.6 | 291.0 | 290.6 | 290. 7 | 291.1 | 291.5 | 291.4 | 290.7 | 291.4 | 292.2 | 294.7 | 296.1 | 29\%. 7 |
| Brick and steel..............................- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 284.7 | 284.8 | 285.0 | 284.5 | 284.3 | 284.4 | 284.4 | 284.2 | 282.8 | 283.0 | 283.5 | 285. 8 | 286.9 | 287.7 |
| Brick and wood......-- .-..................do | 283.1 | 283.2 | 283.2 | 282.3 | 282.1 | 282.3 | 282.4 | 281.5 | 280.7 | 281.1 | $\underline{2 \times 1.16}$ | 283.4 | 284.3 | 285.5 |
| Commercial and factory buildings: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brick and concrete......................... do. | 300.1 | 300.1 | 300.7 | 300.3 | 300.5 | 301.0 | 301.7 | 302.0 | 301.3 | 3012.3 | 313.4 | 305.9 | 305.6 | 308.3 |
|  | 300.2 | 300.2 | 300.8 | 300.3 | 300.5 | 300.8 | 301.2 | 301.3 | 314.8 | 301.7 | 302.5 | 304.5 | 305.8 | 306.6 |
| Brick and wood.-.............................do | 288.3 | 283.3 | 283.5 | ${ }_{292} 29$ | 282.2 | 282.3 | 282.5 | 282.1 | 281.4 | 281.8 | $\stackrel{282}{2} 2$ | 284.2 | 285.1 | 286.0 |
| Frame..........-...................................- do | 280.0 | 280.2 | 279.8 | 278.6 | 278.4 | 278.5 | 278.7 | 277.0 | 276.2 | 276.8 | 27.2 | 279.5 | 280.3 | 281.8 |
|  | 287.9 | 287.9 | 288.5 | 288.2 | 288.3 | 288.4 | 288.6 | 288.7 | 288.0 | 288.5 | 289.0 | 290.7 | 291.5 | 292.1 |
| Residences: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 288.5 275.1 | 283.6 275.2 | 283.6 275.0 | $2 \times 2.6$ 274.0 | 282.5 273.7 | 288.61 273.8 | 282.9 273.9 | 281.9 272.5 | ${ }_{271}^{281 .} 7$ | ${ }_{272}^{281.1}$ | $\stackrel{2 \times 2.2}{272.4}$ | 28.1 274.4 | 285.9 275.2 | 2865.3 276.5 |
| Engineering News-Record: ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ruilding .-............-.-.-.-.-.-. - - $1947-49=100 .$. | 152.9 | 152.6 | 152.8 | 152.8 | 152.7 | 152.8 | 152.5 | 152.6 | 152.8 | 153.3 | 154.1 | 155.1 | 155.5 | 158.2 |
|  | 163.0 | 162.9 | 162.7 | 162.8 | 162.9 | 184.1 | 164.2 | 164.3 | 164.6 | 165.9 | 167.2 | 168.3 | 168.7 | 170.7 |
| Bu. of Public Roads-Highway construction: composite, standard mile .....................1946=100. |  |  | 142.8 |  |  | 143.4 |  |  | 40.4 |  |  | 141.6 |  |  |
| CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Output of selected construction materials, index: Iron and steel products .-.................... $1947-49=100$. | 139.7 | 151.7 | 139.2 | 149.4 | 126.7 | 115.3 | 115.2 | 100.7 | 116.3 | 121.9 | 139.2 | 153.3 |  |  |
| Lumber and wood products................................. | 113.6 | 129.5 | 120.3 | 130.1 | 107.8 | 95.8 | 112.7 | 102.8 | 110.5 | 115.3 | 119.3 | 119.5 |  |  |
| Real estate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Houic mortgages insured or guaranteed by- <br> Fed hous Adm. Face amount thous of dal | 191,489 | 184, 794 | 173, 581 | 232,048 | 231, 192 | 248.540 | 306, 392 | 278, 834 | 319, 198 | 305, 559 |  | 342,568 |  |  |
| Vet. Adm.: Face amount.....................-. do.-- | 268, 492 | 251, 483 | 1294, 206 | 279,693 | 213, 029 | 176. 088 | 160, 352 | 141,697 | 123,176 | 85, 017 | 72, 703 | 97, 505 | 126, 720 |  |
| Federal Home Loan Banks, outstanding advances to member institutions.-.............................il. of dol. | 1,040 | 1.072 | 1.119 | 1.131 | 1.143 | 1.265 | 906 | 790 | 696 | 81 ¢ | 803 | 929 | 901 |  |
| New mortgage loans of all savings and loan associations, estimated total......................mil of dol.. | 969 | 1,001 | 391 | 980 | 768 | 734 | 723 | 704 | 819 | 920 | 1,019 | 1,107 | 1,180 |  |
| By purpose of loan: <br> Home construction do | 318 | 331 | 292 | 341 | 250 | 248 | 245 | 233 | 281 | 316 | 346 | 379 | 374 |  |
| Home purchase...-............................................. | 462 | 470 | 423 | 443 | 358 | 324 | 308 | 289 | 318 | 354 | 406 | 461 | 511 |  |
| All other purposes | 190 | 200 | 176 | 196 | 160 | 162 | 171 | 182 | 220 | 250 | 266 | 268 | 296 |  |
| New noufarm mortgages recorded ( $\$ 20,000$ and under), estimated total...................................... of dol. | 2.211 | 2. 208 | ${ }^{2}, 026$ | 2, 226 | 1,877 | 1,851 | 1,782 | 1,701 | 1,866 | 2.022 | 2,151 | 2,275 |  |  |
|  | 2, 7839 | - ${ }_{\text {2, }}^{8,354}$ | $\begin{array}{r}2,979 \\ 72 \\ \hline 264\end{array}$ | 3,018 77 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 2, } \\ 75 \\ 75 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 2, $\mathbf{9 1 , 5 1 9}$ | 3.276 99.918 | 1,929 103,853 | 18,477 102,722 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fire losses...-.-...-.-.-...-.-.-...........thous. of dol-- | 77,814 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 80, 33 | 90,048 | 80,782 |  |

DOMESTIC TRADE


[^1]

| Enless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | July | August | Septern- | October | Novem1 ber | Decem ber | Janu- ary | February | March | April | May | June | July | August |

## DOMESTIC TRADE-Continued

| ADVERTISING-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nouspaper advertising: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 204,045 \\ 56,490 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 216,437 \\ 58,103 \end{array}$ | 241,294 58,909 | $\begin{array}{r} 259,037 \\ 57,457 \end{array}$ | 249,980 52,316 | 239,625 46,007 | 197,123 49,376 | 188,297 45,896 | $\begin{array}{r} 227,825 \\ 53,704 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 228,010 \\ 53,490 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 240,879 \\ 56,766 \end{array}$ | 226,239 54,976 | $\begin{array}{r} 197,970 \\ 51,455 \end{array}$ |  |
|  | 147, 555 | 158,334 | 182, 29.5 | 201, 580 | 107, 664 | 193,618 | 147, 747 | 142, 401 | 174, 122 | 174, 520 | 184, 113 | 171. 263 | 146,516 |  |
|  | 14, 214 | 14,522 | 13,339 | 16, 188 | 19,476 | 10,584 | 11, 733 | 10, 499 | 11, 492 | 13,314 | 13, 729 | 12,564 | 10,349 |  |
| Financial | 4, 509 | 2,754 | 3,442 | 4,233 | 3,723 | 4,004 | 5, 643 | 3. 205 | 3,837 | 3,878 | 3,416 | 3, 816 | 4,405 |  |
|  | 24, 217 | 24,611 | 33, 294 | 38, 492 | 32, 294 | 26, 448 | 23, 431 | 28,355 | 32,017 | 32.660 | 34, 841 | 33,022 | 25, 806 |  |
|  | 104, 614 | 116,448 | 132, 220 | 142,667 | 142, 171 | 152, 582 | 106, 94] | 100.342 | 126,776 | 124. 668 | 132, 127 | 121, 860 | 105,055 |  |
| PERSONAL CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Seavonally adjusted quarterly totals at anmual rates: $\dagger$ Goods and services, total. bil. of dol. |  |  | 288.3 |  |  | 287.2 |  |  | 286.2 |  |  | 288.3 |  |  |
| Durable goods, total9 ........................-do |  |  | 40.4 |  |  | 39.6 |  |  | 36.3 |  |  | 35.6 |  |  |
| Antomobiles and parts. |  |  | 17.3 |  |  | 17.1 |  |  | 13.6 |  |  | 13.5 |  |  |
| Furniture and household equipment......do |  |  | 17.5 |  |  | 17.0 |  |  | 17.1 |  |  | 16.6 |  |  |
| Vondurable goods, totalo.....................do. |  |  | 140.5 |  |  | 138.8 |  |  | 139.8 |  |  | 141.4 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 25.1 |  |  | 24.4 |  |  | 23.9 |  |  | 24.0 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 77.1 |  |  | 76. 2 |  |  | 77.5 |  |  | 78.6 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 107.4 |  |  | 108.7 |  |  | 110.1 |  |  | 111.3 |  |  |
| Household operation....-...................-do |  |  | 15.8 |  |  | 16.2 |  |  | 16.4 |  |  | 16.7 |  |  |
| Transportation |  |  | 35.7 |  |  | 36.3 |  |  | 36.6 |  |  | 36.9 |  |  |
| RETAIL TRADE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All retail stores: <br> Estimated sales (unadjusted), total.......mil. of dol.. | 16,864 | 17,490 | 16,373 | 16,949 | 17, 133 | 19,844 | 15,286 | 13,783 | 15,549 | 16,273 | 17,364 | 16,603 | r 16,596 | 117,068 |
|  | 6,058 | 5,995 | 5. 615 | 5. 605 | 5. 514 | 5,909 | 4,810 | 4,290 | 4. 860 | 5. 261 | 5, 625 | 5. 590 | - 5, 444 | 15,463 |
| Automotive group --.--.-............do | 3,418 | 3, 352 | 3. ${ }^{1078}$ | 2.945 | $\stackrel{2}{2,977}$ | 3, 0009 | 2,810 | 2,471 | 2,789 | -2,934 | 3, 082 | 3,047 | ${ }^{+2,907}$ | ${ }^{1} 2,881$ |
| Motor-vehicle, other automotive dealers-do.... Tire, battery, accessory dealers............do..... | $\begin{array}{r}3,175 \\ \hline 242\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}3,126 \\ \hline 26\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}2,894 \\ \hline 184 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}2.753 \\ \hline 192\end{array}$ | 2,790 | $\begin{array}{r}2,780 \\ \hline 29\end{array}$ | 2,665 145 | 2, 338 | $\begin{array}{r}2,633 \\ \hline 156\end{array}$ | 2,751 183 | 2, 878 | $\begin{array}{r}2,842 \\ \hline 205\end{array}$ | 2, 6215 |  |
| Furniture and appliance group.-..........do...- | 863 | 912 | 853 | 919 | 962 | 1,144 | 777 | 719 | 772 | 761 | 840 | 847 | r 840 | 1886 |
| Furniture, homefurnishings stores ......do...- | 523 340 | 577 334 | 533 319 | 576 342 | 614 <br> 348 | 696 447 | 496 282 | 461 259 | 500 <br> 272 | 498 263 | 557 284 284 | $\begin{array}{r}539 \\ 308 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 528 312 |  |
| Lumber, building, hardware group........do. | 1,008 | 1,032 | 977 | 1,035 | 903 | 858 | 683 | 591 | 700 | 876 | 991 | 992 | 1,002 |  |
| Lumber, building-materials dealers......do. | 770 | 798 | 752 | 795 | 674 | 575 | 511 | 437 | 521 | 652 | 734 | 754 | , 775 |  |
| Hardware stores...........-.-.............-do | 238 | 234 | 225 | 240 | 229 | 283 | 172 | 154 | 178 | 224 | 257 | 238 | 227 |  |
|  | 10,806 | 11,495 | 10. 757 | 11,345 | 11,619 | 13, 844 | 10,476 | 9,493 | 10,688 | 11,012 | 11, 739 | 11,013 | - 11, 153 | 1 11,605 |
| Apparel group..-.-......--..--.-........- do | 855 | 967 | 1, 010 | 1,083 | 1,140 | 1,790 | -854 | 698 | 958 | 1,056 | 1,058 | ${ }^{963}$ | $\stackrel{\text { ¢ }}{\text { ¢ }}$ | 1936 |
| Men's and boys' wear stores.-......-...-do | 175 | 177 | 183 | 216 | 235 | 409 | 183 | 144 | 159 | 183 | 191 | 197 | 166 |  |
| Women's apparel, accessory stores...-...-do.... | 338 | 390 | 398 | 434 | 448 | 701 | 341 | 278 | 394 | 420 | 425 | 358 | 334 |  |
| Family and other apparel stores..-......-do <br> Shoe stores | 187 156 | ${ }_{178}^{22}$ | 239 189 | 258 175 | 175 | ${ }_{234}^{445}$ | 188 <br> 144 | 158 118 | 227 178 | 213 210 | 238 202 | 182 | 206 162 |  |
| Drug and proprietary stores ................do | 513 | 528 | 515 | 559 | 532 | 690 | 538 | 507 | 534 | 521 | 544 | 520 | ${ }^{5} 524$ |  |
| Eating and drinking places | 1,384 | 1,420 | 1. 291 | 1.263 | 1,205 | 1,238 | 1,133 | 1,027 | 1,124 | 1,171 | 1,272 | 1,283 | -1,372 | ${ }^{1} 1,391$ |
| Food group --.................-............d. do.... | 4,029 | 4,353 |  | 4. 102 | 4. 233 | 4, 258 | 4,126 | 3,778 | 4, 103 | 4, 048 | 4,418 | 4, 104 | ${ }^{*} 4,251$ | 14,421 |
|  | 3, 573 | 3. 876 | 3, 482 | 3. 647 | 3769 | 3, 742 | 3,662 | 3. 342 | 3,636 | 3. 575 | 3, 930 | 3,621 | r + $+1,767$ | 13, 314 |
| Gasoline service stations.---.-.---....-...... do | 1,383 | 1. 374 | 1,262 | 1,287 | 1, 262 | 1,286 | 1,209 | 1,122 | 1,214 | 1,252 | 1,335 | 1,331 | ${ }^{+1,410}$ | 11,43.5 |
| General-merchandise group 9 - | 1,540 | 1,774 | 1,696 | 1,838 | 2,008 | 3,095 | 1,376 | 1,201 | 1.553 | 1.667 | 1,784 | 1,651 | -1,576 | ${ }^{1} 1,804$ |
| Department stores, excl. mail-orderco...d do |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 664 | 904 | 963 | 1,035 | 961 | r 893 | ${ }^{11,035}$ |
| Mail-order (catalog sales) <br> Variety stores. | 1264 | 129 | ${ }_{272}^{117}$ | 138 <br> 288 <br> 1 | 159 310 | 209 606 | 105 221 | $\begin{array}{r}97 \\ 203 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 111 244 | 112 | 120 | 108 | 106 |  |
| Liquor stores | 346 | 370 | 335 | 350 | 379 | 345 | 316 | 296 | 323 | 323 | 233 364 | 266 337 | 362 |  |
| Estimated sales (seasonally adjusted), total..--do. | 17,034 | 17,030 | 16.919 | 16,714 | 16, 568 | 16, 846 | 16,718 | 16,089 | 16,066 | 16,502 | 10,562 | 16,58.1 | r 16, 721 | 116,922 |
| Durable-goods stores $¢$ | 5,839 | 5. 740 | 5, 722 | 5.612 | 5,6116 | 5,588 | 5,538 | 5, 055 | 5.020 | 5.163 | ¢, 235 | 5, 149 | + 5, 221 | ${ }^{15} 5,322$ |
| Antomotive group........................ do | 3, 304 | 3. 245 | 3. 190 | 3.180 | 3,159 | 3, 0887 | 3,094 | 2.741 | 2.665 | 2. 769 | 2,812 | 2, 736 | 2,803 |  |
| Motor-velticle, other automotive dealers-do- | 3, 085 | 3,037 | 2, 995 | 3.002 | 2,975 | 2, 899 | 2,906 | 2,565 | 2,485 | 2. 584 | 2,616 | 2,551 | 2,615 |  |
| Tire, battery, accessory dealers ..........do. | 218 | 208 | 194 | 178 | 184 | 188 | 188 | 176 | 180 | 185 | 196 | 185 | 187 |  |
| Furniture and appliance group | 877 | 897 | 902 | 838 | 870 | 895 | 869 | 852 | 868 | 827 | 840 | 843 | 851 |  |
| Furniture, homefurnishings stores......- do... | 536 | 564 | 574 | 520 | 546 | 561 | 561 | 546 | 553 | 532 | 543 | 546 | 541 |  |
| Honschold-appliance, radio stores.......do...- | 341 | 334 | 327 | 318 | 324 | 334 | 308 | 306 | 315 | 294 | 297 | 297 | 310 |  |
| Lumber, building, hardware group.......-do | 914 | 915 | 918 | 905 | 874 | 877 | 887 | 830 | 822 | 875 | 903 | 902 | 895 |  |
| Lumber, huilding-matertals dealers......do.... | 689 | 687 | 691 | 691 | 664 | 661 | 662 | 613 | 611 | 648 | 668 | 677 | 681 |  |
|  | 225 | 229 | 227 | 215 | 211 | 216 | 226 | 217 | 212 | 227 | 234 | 226 | 214 |  |
| Nondurable-goods stores¢...-................do....- | 11, 195 | 11, 290 | 11, 197 | 11.102 | 10,956 | 11,257 | 11, 180 | 11,033 | 11,046 | 11.339 | 11,327 | 11,432 | r 11, 500 | 1 11, 601) |
| Apparel group-.---...-.................... do..-- | 1,038 | 1,042 | 1,050 | 1,029 | 1,007 | 1,087 | 1,059 | 1,004 | 9.988 | 1, 045 | 1,013 | 1,012 | 1, 1060 | 1, ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| Men's and boys' wear stores -...-....-....do- | 218 | 220 | 215 | ${ }^{216}$ | 192 | 214 | 214 | 208 | 181 | 201 | 189 | 194 | 206 |  |
| Women's apparel, accessory stores......-do.. Family | ${ }_{231}^{412}$ | 443 | $\begin{array}{r}430 \\ 232 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | 415 | 407 | 432 | 412 | 380 | 392 | 404 | 395 | 392 | 414 |  |
| Family and other apparel stores.-.-.....-do | 231 176 | 188 | ${ }_{173}^{232}$ | 228 170 | 237 170 | 260 | 248 | ${ }_{2}^{237}$ | 234 | 253 | 247 | 250 | 257 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 186 | 118 | 181 | 188 | 182 | 176 | 183 |  |
| Drug and proprietary stores....-........-. ${ }^{\text {do... }}$ | 524 | 534 | 543 | 571 | 551 | 546 | 539 | 540 | 540 | 539 | 539 | 532 | 536 |  |
| Fating and drinking places..................do...- | 1,257 | 1,278 | 1. 235 | 1,215 | 1,233 | 1,228 | 1,233 | 1,186 | 1.199 | 1,237 | 1,248 | 1,228 | 1,247 |  |
|  | 4, 027 | 4,057 | 4. 112 | 4, 109 | 4,028 | 4,135 | 4,116 | 4, 167 | 4, 162 | 4. 217 | 4, 159 | 4, 272 | 4,216 |  |
|  | 3, 586 | 3,598 | 3, 643 | 3.651 | 3,585 | 3,671 | 3,635 | 3, 684 | 3,678 | 3. 731 | 3, 686 | 3, 781 | 3,734 |  |
|  | 1,281 | 1,272 | 1,255 | 1.250 | 1,254 | 1,260 | 1,290 | 1,282 | 1,267 | 1. 283 | 1, 297 | 1,274 | 1,306 |  |
| General-merchandise group $\%-\ldots . . .-{ }^{\text {a }}$ - ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 1,861 | 1,861 | 1,803 | 1,706 | 1,704 | 1,801 | 1,772 | 1,640 | 1,729 | 1.766 | 1,798 | 1,787 | 1,879 |  |
| Department stores, excl. mailordero | 132 | 130 | 121 | 124 | 119 | 130 | 129 | ${ }_{121}^{931}$ | 1,012 | 1,008 126 | 1,041 | 1, 0419 | 1, 089 |  |
|  | 305 | 302 | 302 | 293 | 285 | 300 | 316 | 278 | 276 | 289 | 290 | 295 | 313 |  |
|  | 362 | 354 | 364 | 352 | 342 | 361 | 350 | 354 | 348 | 365 | 359 | 381 | 376 |  |


| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of bUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | July | August | Septem- ber | October | $\begin{gathered} \text { Novem- } \\ \text { her } \end{gathered}$ | December | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | Augist |

DOMESTIC TRADE-Continued

| RETAIL TRADE-Continued | 23,660 | 24,040 | 24, 270 | 24, 500 | 25,28011,060 | 23.43010,880 | 23,36011,010 | $\begin{aligned} & 23,980 \\ & 11,220 \end{aligned}$ | 24,690111180 | $\begin{aligned} & 24,640 \\ & 11,3 \div 0 \end{aligned}$ | 24,360 <br> 11,270 |  | 23,48010,730 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All retail stores-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Estimated inventories: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 10,880 | 10,970 | 10,690 | 10,380 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 12,780 | 13,070 | 13.580 | 14, 120 | 14, 220 | 12,550 | 12,350 | 12, 760 | 13,220 | 13, 270 | 13,090 | - 12, 870 | 12,750 |  |
| Seasonally adjusted, total....-...............do. | 24,140 | 24,250 | 24,360 | 24, 220 | 24,330 | 24.470 | 24,460 | 24, 290 | 24, 100 | 23, 930 | 23,880 | - 24,070 | 23, 980 |  |
|  | 10,850 | 11,040 | 11, 120 | 10,950 | 11. 220 | 11. 420 | 11. 340 | 11. 220 | 11, 030 | 10, 770 | 10,790 | - 10.800 | 18.40 |  |
| Automotive group--.-.-..................-do. | 4,440 | 4, 620 | 4,690 | 4.460 | 4. 590 | 4. 760 | 4,820 | 4,790 | 4,670 | 4.480 | 4,410 | ${ }^{+4,370}$ | 4,210 |  |
| Furniture and appliance group..........-do | 1,960 | 1,990 | 1,950 | 1. 950 | 1.990 | 1.990 | 1. 950 | 1,930 | 1,900 | 1,870 | 1,920 | + 1,920 | 3, 920 |  |
| Lumber, building, hardware group......do. | 2, 130 | 2.090 | 2. 100 | 2, 100 | 2.170 | 2,210 | 2,210 | 2, 160 | 2,150 | 2, 130 | 2, 160 | 2,180 | 2.220 |  |
| Nondurable-goods stores $¢$. | 13,290 | 13.210 | 13,240 | 13,270 | 13.110 | 13,050 | 13, 120 | 13,070 | 13,070 | 13, 160 | 13, 090 | r 13, 270 | 13, 240 |  |
|  | 2.730 | 2,650 | 2. 690 | ${ }^{2}, 700$ | 2. 640 | 2, 730 | 2. 820 | $\stackrel{2}{2} 780$ | 2,720 | 2, 720 | 2.700 | $\stackrel{2}{2} 700$ | 2. 730 |  |
|  | 2,830 4,140 | 2,880 4,100 | 2, 860 | 2,840 4,180 | 2.830 | 2. 780 | - 2,840 | 2, 850 | $\stackrel{2,910}{3,00}$ | 2,960 | $\stackrel{2}{2,900}$ | $\stackrel{2}{2,950}$ | 2. 930 |  |
| General-merchandise group................do...- | 4, 140 | 4,100 | 4.090 | 4,180 | 4.150 | 4.160 | 4,090 | 4.060 | 3,990 | 3,950 | 3,960 | 4, 050 | 4. 0.30 |  |
| Firms with 4 or more stores: <br> Estimated sales (inadjusted), total..............do... | 3.894 | 4. 284 | 3.942 | 4. 236 | 4. 432 | 5. 818 | 3.763 | 3, 353 | - 3,920 | -4,051 | r 4, 417 | 4,073 | 4.045 |  |
| Firms with 11 or more stores: <br>  | 3,276 | 3,670 | 3, 315 | 3,604 | 3, 806 | 4, 722 | 3.210 | 2,864 | 3,356 | 3. 476 | 3,795 | 3, 473 | 3,465 |  |
| Apparel group $\%$..........-....................do. | 182 | 207 | 222 | 232 | 244 | 386 | 165 | 136 | 220 | 243 | 237 | 223 | 188 |  |
| Men's and boys' wear stores-.......--..--- do | 16 | 15 | 16 | 21 | 24 | 40 | 16 | 11 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 18 | 15 |  |
| Women's apparel, accessory stores-.......- do...... | 80 57 | 94 63 | ${ }_{71}^{90}$ | 96 64 | 103 66 | 167 101 | 6.6 52 | 57 43 | 95 65 | 100 82 | 102 75 | 72 | 81 61 |  |
| Drug and proprietary stores..................do. | 83 | 85 | 82 | 87 | 87 | 133 | 83 | 78 | 86 | 86 | 93 | 87 | 89 |  |
| Eating and drinking places...................d. do...- | 78 | 80 | 75 | 74 | 71 | 74 | 67 | 62 | 69 | 69 | 74 | 74 | 77 |  |
| Furniture, homefurnishings stores.-.........-do.... | 32 | 37 | 36 | 41 | 42 | 44 | 34 | 34 | 38 | 38 | 42 | 38 | 38 |  |
| General-merchandise group ${ }^{\text {P }}$.-.-.-....--- do. | 953 | 1,109 | 1. 054 | 1,136 | 1,239 | 1,913 | 830 | 716 | 942 | 1,033 | 1,096 | 1,028 | 983 |  |
| Department stores, excl. mail-order $\oplus$......do do | 568 | ${ }_{6} 654$ | 640 | 679 | 729 | 1.054 | 488 | 412 | 568 | 620 | ${ }^{666}$ | ${ }^{630}$ | 578 |  |
|  | 196 | 220 | 202 | 215 | 238 | 467 | 167 | 151 | 188 | 214 | 218 | 205 | 205 |  |
|  | 1, 69 | 1,59 | 1, 69 | $\begin{array}{r}1,478 \\ \hline 70\end{array}$ | 1,598 | 1.518 | 1,568 47 | 1,401 | 1,518 | 1,484 60 | 1,684 | 1, 71 | ${ }_{7}{ }^{2}$ |  |
| Tire, battery, accessory stores................... do | 80 | 73 | 62 | 68 | 67 | 93 | 54 | 50 | 56 | 68 | 81 | 80 | 81 |  |
| Estimated sales (seas. adj.), total 9 § .-.......... do. | 3,591 | 3,641 | 3,567 | 3,4f6 | 3,463 | 3,619 | 3,557 | 3,436 | 3,492 | 3,585 | 3.631 | 3,645 | 3,727 |  |
|  | 229 | 244 | 229 | 219 | 220 | 239 | 228 | 211 | 214 | 224 | 226 | 225 | 239 |  |
| Men's and boys' wear stores.---.....-...... do | ${ }_{95}^{23}$ | 103 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 21 | 20 | 17 | 17 | 17 | 18 | 18 | 22 |  |
| Women's apparel, accessory stores.......... do | 95 64 | 103 68 | 97 66 | 92 | 93 67 | 101 | 9.95 74 | 88 68 | 94 65 | 96 70 | 98 68 | ${ }_{68}^{98}$ | 70 |  |
| Drug and proprietary stores.................. do | 84 | 87 | 87 | 87 | 90 | 41 | 88 | 88 | 89 | 90 | 94 | 90 | 91 |  |
| Eating and drinking places.---....-.......... do...- | 74 | 76 | 72 | 71 | 73 | 72 | 72 | 72 | 71 | 71 | 73 | 73 | 73 |  |
| Furniture, homefurnishings stores.-.........-do. | 35 | 36 | 38 | 37 | 35 | 37 | 39 | 39 | 37 | 41 | 38 | 40 | 41. |  |
| General-merchandise group 9 .-.--.........do | 1,172 | 1,168 | 1, 132 | 1,051 | 1,043 | 1. 099 | 1.077 | 992 | 1,061 | 1,094 | 1,122 | 1,117 | 1. 174 |  |
| Department stores, excl. mail-order $\oplus$-...-- do | 710 | 699 980 | 685 | ${ }^{616}$ | ${ }_{212}^{612}$ | 645 | ${ }^{622}$ | 577 | ${ }^{635}$ | 650 | ${ }^{670}$ | ${ }_{681}^{681}$ | 705 |  |
|  | 230 1,453 | ${ }_{1}^{230}$ | 225 | 218 | 216 | 228 | 229 | 207 | 216 | 225 | 228 |  |  |  |
| Grocery stores --......-----.-.-.-..........do...- | 1,453 | 1,492 | 1,472 | 1,472 | 1,471 | 1,501 | 1,522 | 1, 527 | 1,504 | 1,540 | 1,537 | 1, 051 | 1.564 |  |
| Tumber, building-materials dealers.............do........... | 62 72 | ${ }_{68}^{61}$ | 62 68 | 59 67 | ${ }_{68}^{58}$ | 61 69 | 60 69 | 57 67 | $\stackrel{57}{66}$ | ${ }_{68}^{69}$ | 64 72 | 87 | 78 |  |
| Department stores: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accounts receivable, end of month:o ${ }^{7}$ <br> Charge accounts | 138 | 139 | 152 | 159 | 171 | 227 | 188 | 156 | 149 | 150 | 151 | 149 | 138 |  |
|  | 328 | 330 | 331 | 336 | 346 | 385 | 381 | 367 | 362 | 346 | 342 | 340 | 336 |  |
| Ratio of collections to accounts receivable: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 45 | 47 | 46 | 48 | 48 | 47 | 46 | 44 | 49 | 46 | 48 | 47 | 48 |  |
| Installment accounts.-..........-.............d. do...- | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 14 | 14 | 15 | 14 | 15 | 15 | 14 |  |
| Sales by type of payment: - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Charge account sales.-.-................................................. | 44 42 | 45 42 | 43 44 4 | 43 44 | 43 43 | 45 43 43 | 44 42 | 44 42 | 43 43 | 43 44 4 | $\stackrel{44}{43}$ | 44 | 44 |  |
|  | 14 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 12 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 13 | 13 | 14 | 14 |  |
| Sales, unadjusted, total U. S $\dagger \ldots \ldots \ldots . .-1947-49=100 \ldots$ | 111 | 127 | 139 | 134 | 162 | 241 | 100 | 95 | 116 | 123 | 130 | 126 | ${ }^{p} 113$ | -130 |
| Atlanta...-.....................................d. ${ }^{\text {do. }}$ | ${ }^{\text {r }} 143$ | 161 | 165 | 167 | 193 | 301 | 122 | 121 | 150 | 153 | 158 | ${ }^{+153}$ | ${ }^{2} 144$ |  |
|  | 90 | 102 | 122 | 117 | 144 | 232 | 91 | 84 | 100 | 109 | 117 | 115 | P93 |  |
|  | 104 | 124 | 136 | 127 | 153 | 221 | 92 | 86 | 107 | 112 | 122 | , 117 | -103 |  |
|  | 107 | 123 | 134 | 125 | 159 | 233 | 97 | 90 | 108 | 113 | 120 | 115 | $\bigcirc 107$ |  |
|  | 151 | 158 | 157 | 158 | 183 | 270 | 123 | 112 | 137 | 143 | 159 | 147 | r 144 |  |
|  | 128 | 141 | 149 | 142 | 161 | 246 | 103 | 99 | 121 | 131 | 145 | 136 | - 130 |  |
|  | 104 | 130 | 139 | 138 | 145 | 220 | 92 | 90 | 109 | 117 | 121 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 119$ | $\bigcirc 103$ |  |
|  | 92 | 1104 | 126 | 126 | 158 | 226 | 100 | 91 | 113 | 114 | 120 | 120 | ${ }^{\prime} 97$ |  |
|  | -96 | 110 | 134 | 132 | 171 | 236 | 95 | 86 | 118 | 125 | 128 | 121 | ${ }^{\square} 103$ |  |
|  | 118 | 135 | 150 | 148 | 178 | 272 | 103 | 96 | 126 | 136 | 144 | 135 | $\bigcirc 123$ |  |
|  | 114 | 132 | 143 | 138 | 163 | ${ }_{238} 23$ | 100 | 96 | 117 | 123 | 137 | ${ }^{-124}$ | $\bigcirc 114$ |  |
|  | 125 | 139 | 141 | 135 | 162 | 247 | 105 | 104 | 115 | 130 | 135 | 135 | $\bigcirc 124$ |  |
| Sales, seasonally adjusted, total U. St.........di. | 138 | 144 | 136 | 129 | 133 | 138 | 130 | 124 | 131 | 130 | 134 | 133 | :140 | : 148 |
|  | r 173 | 172 | 172 | 159 | 166 | 174 | 157 | 147 | 158 | 155 | 164 | + 176 | \% 174 |  |
|  | 125 | 130 | 114 | 116 | 118 | 128 | 116 | 111 | 114 | 114 | 117 | 115 | ${ }^{-130}$ |  |
|  | 131 | 139 | 130 | 121 | 125 | 130 | 121 | 115 | 124 | 118 | 124 | 119 | p 130 |  |
|  | 132 | 139 | 134 | 121 | 129 | 133 | 125 | 117 | 119 | 121 | 124 | 122 | $\bigcirc 132$ |  |
| Dallas | ${ }^{\text {r }} 169$ | 170 | 163 | 152 | 161 | $15: 16$ | 156 | 143 | 153 | 151 | 161 | 162 | $\bigcirc 162$ |  |
|  | r 146 | 147 | 147 | 136 | 139 | 142 | 138 | 135 | 144 | 136 | 148 | 141 | ${ }^{2} 17$ |  |
|  | 130 | 138 | 130 | 119 | 125 | 132 | 126 | 121 | 132 | 120 | 126 | -123 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 129$ |  |
|  | 126 | 135 | 122 | 119 | 124 | 128 | 125 | 115 | 127 | 121 | 124 | 124 | p 133 |  |
|  | 131 | 138 | 128 | 129 | 128 | 133 | 126 | 114 | 126 | 135 | 129 | 129 | P141 |  |
|  | 147 | 158 | 144 | 141 | 142 | 148 | 146 | 134 | 138 | 147 | 146 | 146 | 8153 |  |
|  | 139 | 147 | 145 | 126 | 135 | 141 | 132 | 125 | 134 | 130 | 136 | 133 | \%139 |  |
|  | 141 | 144 | 141 | 134 | 139 | 139 | 132 | 135 | 137 | 142 | 142 | 143 | -140 |  |


 (January-May 1956) aro available upon request.
$\sigma^{3}$ Revisions for 1956 appear in correspending note in the Mard 1958 srivey. $\dagger$ Revised series. sce comesponding note on $p$. S-11.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of bUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | July | August | September | October | Novem. ber | Decem- ber | January | February | March | April | May | June | Juls | August |

## DOMESTIC TRADE-Continued

| RETAIL TRADE-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Department stores-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 144 | 150 | 160 | 172 | 174 | 135 | 132 | 139 | 147 | 149 | 146 | 140 | 0138 |  |
| Seasonally adjusted.-.-..........................d.-....-- | ${ }^{1} 155$ | 153 | 154 | 155 | 154 | 150 | 147 | 146 | 142 | 143 | 144 | 148 | $p 148$ |  |
| Mail-order and store sales: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 179,987 308,538 | 193,815 344,491 | 188,603 314,876 | ' 107, 707 329,811 | 1 109,470 344,687 | [1149,473 | 160,329 236,561 | 155,098 208.771 | 171,468 264,740 | 192,615 303,708 | 189,194 339,121 | 183,199 322,188 | 181,387 315,358 | 192,465 343,279 |
| WHOLESALE TRADE : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sales, estimated (unadj.), total..............bil. of dol.- | 11.4 | 11.7 | 11. 2 | 12.3 | 11.1 | 10.7 | 10.4 | 9.5 | 10.2 | 10.7 | 10.9 | 10.9 | 11.1 |  |
| Durahle-goods establishments...-....-.......- do..-- | 4.3 | 4.3 | 4. 2 | 4.5 | 3.9 | 3.7 | 3.5 | 3.2 | 3.5 | 3.7 | 3.9 | 4.0 | 4.0 |  |
| Nondurable-goods establishments............-do...- | 7.1 | 7.4 | 7.0 | 7.8 | 7.1 | 7.0 | 6.9 | 6.3 | 6.8 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 6.9 | 7.2 |  |
| Inventories, estimated (unadj.), total..........-do....- | 12.5 | 12.7 | 12.8 | 12.9 | 13.0 | 12.5 | 12.5 | 12. 4 | 12.2 | 12.0 | 11.8 | ${ }^{+} 11.8$ | 11.6 |  |
| Durable-goods establishments.---------1.-.-. do..-- | 6.6 6 | 6.6 | 6. 7 | 6. 6 | 6. 6 | 6.4 | 6. 4 | 6. 4 | 6.4 | 6.3 | 6. 2 | 6.2 | 6.1 |  |
| Nondurable-goods establishments.....-.........do..-- | 5.9 | 6.1 |  |  | 6.4 | 6.1 | 6.1 | 6.0 | 5.9 | 5.7 | 5.5 | 5.6 | 5.5 |  |

## EMPLOYMENT AND POPULATION

| POPULATION <br> Population, United States: <br> Total, incl. Armed Forces overseas $\odot . . .$. thousands. | r 171,196 | r 171,474 | r 171,751 | \% 172,026 | r 172,281 | - 172,505 | - 172,738 | +172,956 | * 173,153 | -173,374 | - 173,588 | F 173,822 | F 174,064 | 174. 32 ; |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| EMPLOYMENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Noninstitutional population, estimated number 14 years of age and over, total_.............thousands.. | 120, 579 | 120,713 <br> 71,833 | 120, 842 | 120, 983 | 121, 109 | 121, 221 | 121, 325 | 121, 432 | 121, 555 | 121,656 | 121, 776 | 121, 900 | 121,993 | 122,092 |
| Total labor forec, including Armed Forces $\oplus . .$. do | 73,051 |  | 71,044 | 71, 299 | 70, 790 | 70, 458 | 69,379 | 69,804 | 70, 158 | 70,681 | 71,603 | 73, 049 | 73.104 | 72, 703 |
| Civilian labor force, total.....................-do | $70,228$$67,221$ | $68,994$$66,385$ | 68,225 | 68.513 | 68, 061 | 67, 770 | 66, 732 | 67, 160 | 67,510 | 68,027 | 68,965 | r 70, 418 | 70,473 | \%0, 065 |
|  |  |  | 65, 674 | 66. 005 | 64, 873 | ${ }^{64}$, 396 | 62.238 | 61, 988 | 62, 311 | 62, 907 | 64, 061 | 64, 981 | 65,179 | 65, 36.7 |
| Agricultural employm | $\begin{gathered} 7,772 \\ 59,449 \\ 3,007 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6,880 \\ 59,562 \end{array}$ | 6, 518 | 6.8 .37 | 5,817 | 5,385 | 4.998 | 4,830 | 5,072 | 5,558 | f, 272 | 6,900 | 6,718 | 6, 621 |
| Nonagricultural employment-.-------.-. ${ }^{\text {do }}$ |  |  | 59, 156 | 59. 168 | 59, 057 | 59. 012 | 57, 240 | 57, 158 | 57, 239 | 57,349 | 57, 789 | 58, 081 | 58,461 | 58, 746 |
|  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 59,562 \\ 2,609 \end{array}$ | 2, 552 | 2, 508 | 3,188 | 3,374 | 4.494 | 5,173 | 5. 198 | 5,120 | 4,904 | 5,437 | 5,294 | 4, 699 |
| Percent of civilian labor force: | $\begin{aligned} & 4.3 \\ & 4.2 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Seasonally adjuste |  | 3.8 4.3 | 4.5 | 4.7 | 4.7 4.9 | 5.0 | $\begin{array}{r} 6.7 \\ 5.8 \end{array}$ | 7.7 | 7.7 | 7.5 | 7.1 | 7.7 26.8 | \% 7.3 | $\frac{6.7}{7.6}$ |
| Not in labor force $\oplus$.-....----..........- thousands..- | 47, 528 | 48,880 | 49,797 | 49,684 | 50, 318 | 50,263 | 51,947 | 51.627 | 51,397 | 50, 975 | 50,173 | 48,851 | 48.889 | 49,389 |
| mployees in nonagricultural establishments:0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total, unadjusted (U. S. Dept. of Labor) .......do | 52, 229 | 52.477 | 52.692 | 52. 570 | 52.316 | 52, 61016.302 | 50,47715,865 | 49.77715.593 | 49,69015,355 | 49,726 | 49,949 | > 50, 413 | - 30,202 | ${ }^{5} 50,54$ |
| Manufacturing | 16.702 | 16, 949 | 16.913 <br> 9.734 <br> .7 | 16.783 | 16.561 |  |  |  |  |  |  | - 15, 206 | - 15, 172 | ${ }^{p} 15,489$ |
| Durable-goods industries | 9,7756,927 | $\begin{array}{r} 9.821 \\ 7.128 \end{array}$ |  | 9.718 | 9, 608 | 9, 429 | 9, 138 | 8,906 | 8,742 | 8,564 | 8,480 | -8,564 | -8,502 | p8, 884 |
| Nondurable-goods industries....--.......-. ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |  |  | 7, 169 | 7.1095 | 6. 953 | 6,873 | 6,727 | 6, 687 | 6, 613 | 6,540 | 6, 543 | -6, 642 | - 6, 670 | ¢ 6,9015 |
| Mining, total...................-..........-- - ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 824 | 828 | 818 | 8012 | 793 | 78810526204 | 16610123 | $\begin{array}{r}747 \\ 98 \\ 24 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}733 \\ 96 \\ \hline 23 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}716 \\ 91 \\ 20 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | 7119220 | $\begin{array}{r} 717 \\ 93 \\ 20 \\ r 190 \end{array}$ | + 707$\times 91$r | 2712$p 91$ |
| Metal | 11.5 | $\begin{array}{r} 114 \\ 27 \\ 229 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 112 \\ & 28 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1118 \\ & { }_{27} \end{aligned}$ | 10624 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r}31 \\ 223 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bituminous coal |  |  | 228 | 228 | 226 | 224 | 220 | 212 | 206 | 199 | 192 |  | r 180 | $p 187$ |
| Crude-petroleum and natural-gas production | 239 339 |  | 333 | 324 | 323 | 21 |  |  | 303 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nonmetallic mining and quarrying...-..-do. | 1163,046 | $\begin{aligned} & 340 \\ & 117 \end{aligned}$ | 117 | 116 | 114 | 111 | 106 | 103 | 105 | $\begin{aligned} & 299 \\ & 1010 \end{aligned}$ | 110 | ${ }_{r} 112$ |  |  |
| Contract construction |  | 3.057 | 3,018 | 2.956 | 2,805 | 2,612 | 2,387 | 2,173 | 2,316 | 2, 493 | 2,685 | + 2,806 | - 2.888 | $p 112$ $p, 942$ |
| Transportation and public utilities $¢ . . . . . .$. do | $\begin{aligned} & 4,194 \\ & 1,139 \end{aligned}$ | 4, 210 | 4,201 | 4.152 | 4,114 | 4.094 | 3,985 | 3,944 | 3,910 | 3.883 | 3,874 | +3,904 | 3.908 | D 3 , ¢04 |
| Interstate railroads |  |  | 1,135 | 1.112 | 1,977 | 1,063 | 1,014 | 990 | 966 | 952 | 946 | 956 |  |  |
| Local railways and bus lines | 104 | $\begin{array}{r}1,147 \\ \hline 104\end{array}$ | 103 | 103 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 102 | 97 | 97 | 97 | 96 |  |  |
| Trucking and warehous |  | 81678242589 | 832 | 832 | 832 | 825 | 790 | 783 | 780 | 770 | 774 | 790 |  |  |
| Telephone | $\begin{aligned} & 782 \\ & 42 \\ & 42 \end{aligned}$ |  | 772 | 767 | 767 | 765 | 760 | 756 | 749 | 744 | 738 | 733 |  |  |
| Telegraph. |  |  | 41 | 41 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 39 | 39 | 39 | 39 | 39 |  |  |
| Gas and electric u | 589 |  | 583 | 577 | 577 | 577 | 575 | 575 | 574 | 574 | 575 | 581 |  |  |
| Wholesale and retall trade....................- do | 11,229 |  | 11,349 | 11,387 | 11.557 | 12,076 | 11, 140 | 10,948 | 10,939 | 11.940 | 10,961 | -11,035 | -10,986 | 11, 008 |
|  | 3,0748,1558, | 11,236 3.984 1 | 3,081 | 3,197 | 3,103 | 3, 104 | 3,051 | 3,123 | 3.010 | 2,982 | 2,960 | - 2,980 | - 2,991 | r 3,003 |
| Retail trade ${ }_{\text {P }}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 8,152 \\ & 1,371 \\ & 1,564 \end{aligned}$ | 8,268 | 8, 290 | 8, 454 | 8,972 | 8,089 | 7,925 | 7,929 | 7,958 | 8,001 | -8,055 | ${ }^{\times 7} 7995$ | ${ }^{8} 8.005$ |
| General-merchandise stores-----.-.---- do | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{c} 1,100 \\ 1,365 \\ 1,570 \\ \hline, 809 \end{array} \end{aligned}$ |  | 1,441 | 1,471 | 1,582 | 1,939 | 1,386 | 1,316 | 1,332 | 1,352 | 1,358 | ${ }^{\text {r } 1,361}$ | r 1.331 | - 1, 337 |
| Food and liquor stores.-.-.-......-.-. do |  |  | 1, 577 | 1,585 | 1,612 | 1,626 | 1. 593 | 1,602 | 1. 5988 | 1. 592 | 1,594 | +1,594 | -1. 591 |  |
| Automotive and accessories |  | $\begin{array}{r} 1,564 \\ 807 \end{array}$ | 803 | 803 | 811 | 824 | 793 | 778 | 768 | 757 | 757 | , 756 | ${ }_{\square} \times 55$ | ${ }^{2} 755$ |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate.........-do | $\begin{aligned} & 2,396 \\ & 6,427 \end{aligned}$ | 2,394 <br> 6,404 | 2,366 | 2,361 | 2, 360 | 2,353 | 2, 344 | 2,343 | 2, 348 | 2,356 | 2,370 | + 2,391 | + 2,410 | 刀 2,410 |
| Service and miscellaneous $9 . .$. |  |  | 6.412 | 6.406 | 6. 367 | 6,318 | 6,241 | 6, 240 | 6, 267 | 6. 384 | 6,455 | - 6,488 | - 6,470 | p6,449 |
| Hotels and lodging places-.--------1.--- do | $\begin{aligned} & 687 \\ & 334 \end{aligned}$ | 627 <br> 329 | 547 526 | 505 | 496 | 487 | 473 | ${ }_{311} 78$ | 476 | 500 | 510 | 537 |  |  |
| Laundries. |  |  | 326 | 324 | 321 | 319 | 316 | 311 | 311 | 311 | 314 | 318 |  |  |
| Cleaning and dyeing pla | $\begin{array}{r} 171 \\ 7,411 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 164 \\ 7,399 \end{array}$ | 169 | 173 | 171 | 168 | 166 | 163 | 165 | 169 | 172 | 173 |  |  |
| Government |  |  | 7,625 | 7,723 | 7,759 | 8,067 | 7,749 | 7,789 | 7,822 | 7,850 | 7,870 | ${ }^{+} 7,866$ | -7,661 | ¢ 7,122 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 52,464 \\ & 16,876 \end{aligned}$ | 52, 457 | 52,224 | 52.015 | 51,758 | 51,516 | 51, 223 | 50, 575 | 50, 219 | 50, 054 | 50, 147 | +50,315 | + 50,431 | ¢ 00.029 |
| Manufacturing |  | $\begin{array}{r} 16,826 \\ 9,863 \end{array}$ | 16,678 | 16, 604 | 16, 455 | 16,252 | 15,965 | 15,648 | 15,389 | 15, 243 | 15, 202 | + 15,275 | r 15,319 | 215,354 |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 16,876 \\ 9,893 \\ 6,983 \end{array}$ |  | 9,726 | 9, 681 | 9, 562 | 9,393 | 9,155 | 8.895 | 8,717 | 8,566 | 8.498 | r 8, 556 | r 8, 601 | r8,619 |
| Nondurable-goods industries...-............do. |  | $6,963$ | 6,952 | 6,923 | 6. 893 | 6,859 | 6,810 | 6,753 | 6,672 | 6,677 | 6,704 | ${ }^{\text {r 6, }} \mathbf{7 1 9}$ | r6, 718 | 36, 63 |
|  | 8282,847 | $\begin{array}{r}820 \\ 2.805 \\ \hline 1178\end{array}$ | 814 | 802 | 789 | 784 | 766 | 747 | 733 | 723 | 718 | 713 | 711 | ${ }^{2} \mathbf{7 0 3}$ |
|  |  |  | 2,782 | 2,763 | 2,710 | 2,679 | 2,652 | 2,455 | 2, 573 | 2,624 | 2,698 | + 2,698 | - 2.699 | D2, 699 |
| Transportation and public utilities.....-...-do | 11,368 | 4, ,17911,402 | 4,170 | 4, 141 | 4, 104 | 4,070 | 4,045 | 3.990 | 3,930 | 3,890 | 3,877 | + 3,888 | 3,878 | , 3.884 |
| Wholesale and retail trade.--...-----........do |  |  | 11,349 | 11,315 | 11, 290 | 11, 237 | 11.395 | 11. 235 | 11.116 | 11,050 | 11,087 | r 11,105 | - 11, 123 | p 11,171 |
| Finance, insurance, and real | $\begin{gathered} 1,039 \\ 2,349 \\ 6.395 \\ 7638 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,3,02 \\ 6,372 \\ 6,694 \end{array}$ | ${ }^{2}, 3866$ | ${ }^{2,373}$ | 2,372 | 2, 389 | 2, 368 | 2,367 | 2,360 | 2,356 | ${ }^{2,370}$ | -2,367 | + 2.363 | p2,374 |
| Service and miscellaneou Government |  |  | ${ }^{6,380}$ | 6,343 $7 \times 74$ | 6,367 7671 | 6,382 7,747 | 6, 368 | 6,367 | 6,330 | 6,352 | 6,360 | +6,392 | -6,438 | n 6.417 |
| Government | 7,638 |  | 7,685 | 7,674 | 7,671 | 7,747 | 7,754 | 7, 766 | 7,788 | 7,816 | 7,835 | +7,877 | -7,900 | -7, 93.7 |

${ }^{r}$ Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ Net sales. ${ }^{2}$ The exaggerated June-to-July increase results from technical difficulties in achieving precise seasonal adjustment factors for June; a more valid comparison may be made between July and May.
$\dagger$ Revised series. Indexes have been revised beginning January 1949 to reflect adjustment to Census of Business benchmarks for 1954 and the up-dating of the seasonal and Faster correc-
tions. Revisions for both unadjusted and seasonaly adjusted sales indexes for January 1949 -December 1956 (and scattered revisions beginning 1919 ) appoar on pe. 9 and 20 of the July 1958



prior to 1957 , see note in the December 1957 Surver and carlier issues. ${ }^{\circ}$. New series. Monthly rates, back to January 1947 , are available upon request. prior to 1957, see note in the December 1957 SURVEY and carlier issues. $*$ New series. Monthly rates, back to January 1947, are available upon request.
o' Data for employment, hours, and earnings have been adjusted to the 1 st guarter 1957 benchmark. The revision affects all series back to April 1956, exce
1956 for total nonagricultura, hours, and earnings have been adjusted to the st quarter 1957 benchmark. The revision affects all series back to april 1956 , except as follows: Back to Jinuary 1957) are arailable from the U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Washington $25, \mathrm{D}$. O . 1953 for anthracite mining hours and earmings. Unpublished revisions (prior to June

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | July | August | September | October | November | Decem. ber | January | February | March | April | May | June | July | August |

## EMPLOYMENT AND POPULATION-Continued

| EMPLOYMENT-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Production workers in manufacturing industries: $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total (U. S. Dept. of Labor)...-.-......-thousands-- | 12,784 | 13,020 | 12,993 | 12.896 | 12,694 | 12,449 | 12,024 | 11,767 | 11, 542 | 11,310 | 11, 245 | - 11.415 | - 11,373 | - 11,681 |
| Durable-goods industries......................dio.... | 7,445 | 7.489 | 7,414 | 7.413 | 7.322 | 7. 153 | 6, 869 | 6,653 | 6,502 | 6,337 | 6, 268 | -6,350 | r6.281 | ${ }^{p} 6,355$ |
| Ordnance and aceessories --..................do...- | 76 | 77 | 75 | 72 | 70 | 69 |  |  |  | 69 | 68 | ${ }^{68}$ | r 68 | ${ }^{p} 69$ |
| Lumber and wood products (except furniture) thousands. | 613 | 612 | 599 | 590 | 570 | 549 | 526 | 517 | 515 | 520 | 542 | 578 | - 579 | ${ }^{\boldsymbol{p} \times 8}$ |
| Sawmills and planing mills...............do. | 314 | 317 | 309 | 302 | 294 | 284 | 272 | 268 | 268 | 269 | 280 | 293 |  |  |
| Furniture and fxtures........................do | 310 | 319 | 321 | 319 | 314 | 309 | 299 | 295 | 290 | 283 | 284 | 287 | r 286 | p 299 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products .-------- do - .-- | 446 1408 | $\begin{array}{r}463 \\ \hline 180\end{array}$ | + 465 | ${ }^{460}$ | 453 | 440 | 419 | ${ }_{8}^{408}$ | 403 | 402 | 405 | 417 | $\stackrel{423}{ }$ | - 433 |
| Primary metal industries $9 .-$.............do... | 1,078 | 1,080 | 1,063 | 1.051 | 1.030 | 1,006 | 958 | 913 | 885 | 849 | 840 | 859 | r 852 | p 8 fil |
| Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills thousands_- | 542 | 540 | 533 | 522 | 508 | 402 | 462 | 140 | 427 | 407 | 408 | 423 |  |  |
| Primary smelting and refining of nonferrous metals................................. thousands | 53 | 53 | 52 | 51 | 51 | 51 | 50 | 47 | 45 | 44 | 42 | 41 |  |  |
| Fabricated metal prod. (except ordnance, machinery, transportation equip.)...-thousands. | 875 | 885 | 884 | 897 | 895 | 875 | 840 | 806 | 787 | 766 | 756 | ז773 | +764 | ${ }^{2} 881$ |
| Machinery (except electrical)..-............do...- | 1.243 | 1,216 | 1,223 | 1,204 | 1,179 | 1,159 | 1,134 | 1, 109 | 1. 090 | 1,061 | 1,029 | r 1,014 | r993 | p99\% |
| Electrical machinery-.......-.....-....- do | +846 | -860 | ${ }^{878}$ | 1.868 | + 851 | 1.825 | 1. 793 | 167 1.207 | $\begin{array}{r}1.749 \\ 1.153 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | + 729 | 1.715 1,081 | 716 +1.084 | $r 710$ +1.063 | ${ }^{p} 738$ |
|  | 1.364 596 50 | $\begin{array}{r}1,352 \\ 603 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}1.269 \\ 523 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}1,316 \\ 588 \\ \hline 80\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}1,337 \\ \hline 637\end{array}$ | 1,330 649 | 1,267 599 | $\begin{array}{r}1,207 \\ 546 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}1,153 \\ \hline 496\end{array}$ | 1,103 | 1,081 446 | + 1,084 | +1,063 | ${ }^{2} 1.021$ |
| Aircraft and parts.........................d.d...- | 574 | 563 | 551 | 339 | 511 | 498 | 490 | 484 | 483 | 479 | 468 | 478 |  |  |
| Ship and boat building and repars......do | 128 | 127 | 128 | 127 | 128 | 127 | 124 | 125 | 123 | 122 | 124 | 124 |  |  |
| Railroad equipment--..-.-...-....-- - do | 58 | 50 | 57 | 55 | 53 | 49 | 48 | $\stackrel{46}{4}$ | 45 | ${ }_{4}^{42}$ | 37 | ${ }_{199}$ |  |  |
| Instruments and related products.........-d | $\stackrel{221}{374}$ | 226 400 | 226 413 | ${ }_{412}^{22}$ | 223 400 | $\stackrel{220}{372}$ | ${ }_{351}^{215}$ | 211 | ${ }_{354}^{208}$ | 204 351 | 200 | 199 +355 | r 196 | 3203 0368 |
| Nondurable-goods industries .................do | 5,339 | 5,531 | 5, 579 | 5,483 | 5,372 | 5. 296 | 5,155 | 5,114 | 5,040 | 4,973 | 4,976 | -5,065 | 5, 092 | ${ }^{2} 5,3 \% 3$ |
| Food and kindred productso................do | 1.118 | 1,194 | 1,219 | 1,140 | 1,068 | 1, 027 | 969 | 951 | 942 | 949 | 978 | 1,039 | 1,085 | P 1, 188 |
|  | 260 | 258 | 262 | 263 | 265 | 259 | 248 | 239 | 233 | 231 | 239 | 245 |  |  |
| Dairy products.-.---...........................-do | 78 | 76 | 70 | 67 | 65 | 64 | 63 | 63 | 64 | 66 | 70 | 73 |  |  |
| Canning and preserving......................d | 228 | 301 | 323 | ${ }_{172}^{236}$ | 167 | 149 | 130 | 128 | 124 | 137 | 141 | 175 |  |  |
| Bakery products. | 173 | 172 | 172 | 172 | 170 116 | 168 | 165 106 | 165 105 | 163 | 163 106 | 164 112 | 167 |  |  |
| Reverages.. | 126 | 121 | 121 | 118 | 116 | 113 | 106 | 105 | 108 | 106 | 112 | 120 |  |  |
| Tobacco manufactures...........-.........-do. | 72 | 93 | 102 | 97 | 88 | 89 | 84 | 79 | 74 | 70 | 70 | 70 | ${ }^{5} 70$ | \% 89 |
| Textile-mill products ${ }^{\text {o }}$ - | 896 | 912 399 | ${ }_{9}^{913}$ | ${ }_{396}^{907}$ | 895 | 885 |  | 88.5 | 844 <br> 377 | 837 <br> 372 | 831 | 840 | 830 | 800 |
| Broadwoven fabric mills................- do...- | ${ }_{193}^{395}$ | 399 | 398 199 | 396 198 | 391 <br> 194 | ${ }_{186}^{391}$ | 384 177 |  | 377 177 | 372 180 | 366 183 | 367 189 |  |  |
| Knitting mills.-.-. fished textile products do..- | 193 | 200 | 199 | 198 | 194 | 186 |  | 178 | 177 |  | 183 | 188 |  |  |
| A pparel and other finshed textile products thousands.- | 1.023 | 1,082 | 1,081 | 1,071 | 1,066 | 1,055 | 1,037 | 1,051 | 1,018 | 987 | 985 | 994 | -992 | 01.043 |
| Paper and allied products.................do | 451 | 457 | 460 | 461 | 458 | 455 | 445 | 438 | 436 | 434 | 432 | +433 | +428 | \% 439 |
| Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills....-. do..... | 226 | 228 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 224 | 221 | 220 | 220 | 219 | 219 |  |  |
| Printing, publishing, and allied industries | 546 | 547 | 557 | 561 | 559 | 556 | 549 | 546 | 547 | 545 | 540 | 541 | r 539 | 342 |
| Chemicas and allied products ..-..........do...- | 537 | 538 | 542 | 542 | 537 | 533 | 525 | 519 | 519 | 519 | 510 | $r 500$ | r 499 | , 504 |
| Industrial organic chemteals.-.-.-.-....-do | 210 | 207 | 207 | 204 | 204 | 203 | 200 | 196 | 192 | 190 | 188 | 189 |  |  |
| Products of petroleum and coal.............do | 169 | 170 | 169 | 167 | 166 | 163 | 161 | 159 | 156 123 128 | 157 | 158 | 158 | r 158 | - 15 |
| Petroleum refining | 129 | 129 | 128 207 | ${ }_{210} 12$ | 126 | 125 | ${ }_{201}^{125}$ | 123 | 123 <br> 184 | 122 | 122 | 122 |  |  |
| Rubber products. <br> Tires and inner tubes | $\begin{array}{r}200 \\ 84 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 204 84 | 207 84 84 | $\begin{array}{r}210 \\ 84 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}209 \\ 84 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 208 84 | 201 82 | 191 | 184 76 | $\begin{array}{r}176 \\ 72 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 172 70 | 176 72 | r 175 | ${ }^{5} 180$ |
| Leather and leather products.-...---------- do | 327 | 335 | 330 | 327 | 327 | 326 | 323 | 326 | 320 | 300 | 302 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 314$ | 316 | 323 |
| Footwear (except rubher) .................do | 219 | 222 | 219 | 216 | 215 | 219 | 221 | 221 | 217 | 202 | 205 | 214 |  |  |
| Production workers in manufacturing industries, seaconally adjusted: $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 'Total | 12,967 | 12,913 | 12, 777 | 12,721 | 12, 780 | 12, 7117 | 12, 118 | 6,642 | 6, 1178 | 11,438 6,338 | - ${ }_{6}^{1,285}$ | r 11,484 $r 6,344$ | - 11,383 | p11, 5102 |
| Durable-goods industrics. | 7, 565 <br> 5,402 | 7,534 5,379 | 7,408 5,369 | 5,345 | 7.276 5.314 | 5,283 | 6, <br> 5 <br> 5,234 | 6,642 5,176 | 6,478 5,093 | \%, | 6, 5 5 |  | r $+6,883$ $+5,149$ | p 6,398 $\gg 5169$ |
| Production workers in manufacturing industries: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Indexes of employment: $\ddagger$ <br> Unadjusted | 103.4 | 105.3 | 105.0 | 104.3 | 102.6 | 100.6 | 97.2 | 95.1 | 93.3 | 91.4 | 91.0 | -92.3 | 91.9 | p94.4 |
| Scasonally adjusted.-.-----.........-- | 104.8 | 104.4 | 103.3 | 102.8 | 101.8 | 100.3 | 98.0 | 95.5 | 93.5 | 92.5 | 92.3 | 92.8 | 93.2 | p93. 5 |
| Itscellaneous employment data: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Federal civilian employees (executive branch): <br> United States, continental...............thousands. |  | 2, 184.7 | 2,152.7 | 2,128.9 | 2,121.0 | 12,443.4 | 2,110.5 | 2,113.4 | 2,114. 6 | 2, 123.6 | 2,123.8 | 2, 156. 7 | 164.6 |  |
| United States, continental...............thousands. Washington, D. C., metropolitan area.....do. | 2, 216.0 | ${ }_{214.3}$ | ${ }_{210.6}$ | 210.2 | $2,209.4$ | ${ }^{1} 211.7$ | 203.9 | ${ }^{2} \mathbf{2 0 3 . 6}$ | ${ }^{2} 204.5$ | ${ }_{204.7}$ | 204.8 | 209.2 | 209.8 |  |
| Railway employees (class 1 railways): <br> Total. | 1,041 | 1,040 | 1,028 | 1,007 | 972 | 953 | 913 | 888 | 866 | 853 | r 851 | ¢ 862 | $\bigcirc 86$ | 844 |
| Indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Seasonally adjusted.-.-...--....---------do...- | 76.5 | 76.7 | 76.9 | 77.1 | 74.5 | 72.8 | 67.9 | 66.8 | 65.6 | 65.0 | 63.1 | ${ }^{2} 63.4$ | ${ }^{p} 63.6$ | $p 643$ |
| PAYROLLS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing production-worker payroll index, unadjusted (U.S. Dept. of Labor) $\ddagger \ldots . . .1947-49=100$. | 160.9 | 164.6 | 164.7 | 162.6 | 160.7 | 157.3 | 149.9 | 144.9 | 143.6 | 139.6 | 140.9 | -144.9 | - 145.0 | ${ }^{p} 149.0$ |
| LABOR CONDITIONS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A verage weekly hours per worker (U. S. Dept. of Labor): $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All manufacturing industries..--...-.-.......... hours-. | 39.8 | 40.0 | 39.9 | $\begin{array}{r}39.5 \\ 2.3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}39.3 \\ 2.3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 39.4 2.0 | 38.7 | 38.4 1 | 38.6 16 | 38.3 | 38.7 | 39.2 19 | 39.2 $r 19$ | p 39.1 |
|  | 40.4 | 2.4 40.3 | 40.2 | 39.8 | 39.7 | 39.7 | 38.9 | 38.6 | 39.0 | 38.8 | 39.1 | 19.9 39.6 | 39.9 | ${ }^{p} 39.2$ |
|  | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.7 | r1.7 | $\bigcirc 2.0$ |
|  | 40.0 | 40.1 | 40.1 | 39.9 | 40.0 | 40.8 | 41.3 | 40.6 | 40, 7 | 40.7 | 40.6 | r 40.7 | ${ }^{-10.8}$ | - 40.3 |
| Lumber and wood products (except furniture) | 39.5 | 41.1 | 38.9 | 40.2 | 39.1 | 39.0 | 38.5 | 38.7 | 38.9 | 38.8 | 39.6 | r 40.5 | '39.8 | ${ }^{p}+1.10$ |
| Sawmills and planing mills...............do..-. | 38.8 | 40.5 | 39.2 | 39.8 | 38.8 | 33.4 | 37.9 | 38.1 | 38.6 | 38.5 | 39.7 | 40.7 |  |  |
| Furniture and fixtures .....................-do-- | 39.3 | 40.7 | 40.9 | 40.7 | 39.7 | 39.9 | 38.5 | 38.4 | 38.6 | 38.0 | 37.8 | - 38.8 | r 38.8 | - 39 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products.....-....-.-. do. | 40.4 | 40.8 | 40.7 | 40.5 | 40.1 | 39.8 | 39.2 | 38.6 | 39.1 | 39.0 | 39.7 | $\begin{array}{r} \\ + \\ \hline\end{array}$ | +40.0 +38. | 040.5 |
| Primary metal industries? ${ }^{\text {Plast }}$ furnaces, steel works, and roling mills | 39.7 | 39.3 | 39.4 | 38.5 | 38.2 | 38.1 | 37.2 | 36.8 | 37.1 | 36.9 | 37.3 | 38.3 | +38.7 | $\bigcirc 38.2$ |
| Blast furnaces, steel works, and roling hours.. | 39.4 | 38.7 | 38.8 | 38.0 | 37.7 | 37.2 | 36.4 | 35.7 | 36.4 | 36.3 | 36.7 | 37.7 |  |  |
| Primary smelting and refining of nonferrous | 40.5 | 4 | 40.2 | 40.1 | 40.1 | 10.3 | 40.1 | 40.2 | 70. 2 | 10.1 | 39.9 | 39.9 |  |  |

$r$ Revised. $\quad p$ Preliminary. Includes Post Office employees hired for Christmas season; there were about 327.300 such employex in rontinental U. S. in December 1957. $\ddagger$ See note marked $\sigma^{\prime}$ for p. S-11. o Includes data for industries not shown. o'Formerly "Automobiles." Data not affected.

| Unless otherwise stated，statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of bUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | July | August | Septem ber | October | Nover－ ber | Decem－ ber | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Febru- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | March | Ajril | May | June | July | August |

## EMPLOYMENT AND POPULATION—Continued

| LABOR CONDITIONS－Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A verage weekly hours per worker，etc．$\ddagger$－Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All manufacturing industries－Continued D）urable－goods industries－Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fabricated metal prod．（except ordnance，ma－ chinery，transportation equipment）．．．．hours | 40.7 | 40.9 |  | 40.7 | 40.5 | 40.2 | 39.3 | 38.9 | 39. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Machinery（except electrical）．－．．．．．．．．．．．．do． | 40.7 | 40.5 | 40.7 | 40.2 | 39.7 | 40.3 | 39.7 | 39.2 | 39.5 | 39.3 | 39.4 | 39.6 | － 39.4 | $p 40.2$ $>39.5$ |
| Electrical machinery ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．－${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 39.7 | 40.2 | 40.2 | 39.4 | 39.5 | 39.6 | 39.1 | 39.0 | 39.1 | 39.0 | 39.1 | 39.6 | ז 39.3 | ${ }_{p} 39.7$ |
|  | 39.6 | 40.1 | 39.7 | 39.5 | 40.6 | 40.2 | 38.8 | 38.6 | 39.4 | 39.3 | 39，7 | －39．8 | ＋ 39.6 | ＞ 39.8 |
| Motor vehicles and equipmento $0^{*}$ ．－．－．－．－do | 38.6 | 39．9 | 39.3 | 39.2 | 41.9 | 40． 1 | 37.3 | 37.3 | 38.3 | 38.4 | 38.9 | 39.1 |  |  |
| A ircraft and parts－．．．．．．．－．．．．．．．．．．．－－do． | 40.4 | 40.4 | 40.2 | 40.1 | 39.9 | 40.6 | 40.6 | 40.4 | 40．6 | 40．3 | 40.5 | 40.8 |  |  |
| Ship and boat building and repairs．．－－－do | 40.5 | 40.1 | 39.4 | 38.9 | 37.1 | 39.0 | 38.9 | 37.8 | 39.5 | 39.1 | 39.8 | 39.6 |  |  |
|  | 40.1 | 39.6 | 40.1 | 38.8 | 39.6 | 39.8 | 39.2 | 38.5 | 39.0 | 37.9 | 37.6 | 37.0 |  |  |
| Instruments and related products．．．．．．．．．－do． | 40.1 | 40.0 | 40.4 | 39.9 | 40.0 | 39.8 | 39.6 | 39.3 | 39.4 | 39.5 | 39.2 | 39.8 | 「39．7 | ヵ39 |
| Miscellaneous mfg．industries．．．．．．．．．．．．．－do． | 39.5 | 40.0 | 40.3 | 39.9 | 39.7 | 39.6 | 39.2 | 39.0 | 39.2 | 39.0 | 39.1 | 39.5 | ${ }^{1} 39.2$ | ¢ 39.3 |
| Nondurable－goods industries．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do | 39.4 | 39.5 | 39.6 | 39.0 | 38.8 | 39.0 | 38.3 | 38.1 | 38.1 | 37.7 | 38.1 | 38.7 | － 38.9 | \＄39．1 |
| A verage overtime ．－－．．．．．．．．．．．．．－．－．－．．．．do | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 2.1 | 2.2 | D 2.4 |
| Food and kindred products $\uparrow$ ．－．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do | 41.5 | 40.9 | 41.2 | 40.2 | 40.4 | 40.7 | 40.1 | 39.7 | 39.6 | 39.7 | 40.2 | － 40.7 | ＋41．0 | ¢ 40.8 |
| Meat products． | 40． 8 | 40.2 | 41.1 | 40.7 | 41.1 | 40.6 | 39.8 | 38.7 | 38.9 | 39.3 | 39.8 | 40.5 |  |  |
| Dairy products | 43.7 | 42.3 | 42.1 | 41.6 | 41.4 | 42.0 | 42.1 | 41.8 | 41.3 | 41.7 | 42.0 | 42.8 |  |  |
| Canning and preser | 41.4 | 40.7 | 41.0 | 38.2 | 37.2 | 38.0 | 38.0 | 37.3 | 37.2 | 37.4 | 38.6 | 37.7 |  |  |
| Bakery products． | 41.0 | 40.6 | 40.3 | 40.0 | 39.9 | 40.1 | 39.8 | 39.7 | 39.8 | 39.8 | 40.3 | 40.7 |  |  |
|  | 41.4 | 40.6 | 40.0 | 39.3 | 39.1 | 39.6 | 39.2 | 39.0 | 39.3 | 39.3 | 40.3 | 41.1 |  |  |
| Tobacco manufactures．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do． | 39.6 | 38.4 | 39.8 | 38.3 | 37.4 | 39.1 | 39.0 | 37.9 | 37.1 | 38.0 | 38.7 | － 39.7 | － 39.6 | ； 38.5 |
| Textile－mill products 9. | 38.6 | 39． 1 | 39.1 | 39． 1 | 38.6 | 38.9 | 37.6 | 37.8 | 37.6 | 36.6 | 37.3 | 38.4 | ＋ 38.5 | \％ 39.0 |
| Broadwoven fabric mills．．．－．．．．．．．．．－．．．．－do | 38.8 | 39.3 | 39.4 | 39.5 | 39.0 | 39.5 | 37.9 | 38.0 | 37.8 | 36.7 | 37.4 | 38.4 |  |  |
|  | 37.2 | 37.9 | 37.9 | 37.8 | 37.2 | 37.1 | 35.6 | 36． 2 | 36.4 | 35.2 | 36.5 | 37.5 |  |  |
| Apparel and other finished textile prod．．．．do | 36． 1 | 36.8 | 36． 7 | 35．9 | 35.4 | 35.2 | 35.1 | 35.1 | 34.7 | 34.5 | 34.8 | 35.0 | ＋ 35.6 | ${ }^{\square} 36.4$ |
| Paper and allied products．－．－．．．．．．．．．．．do． | 42.3 | 42.5 | 42．9 | 42.4 | 41.9 | 41.9 | 41.4 | 41.1 | 41.4 | 41.0 | 41.0 | － 41.8 | r 41.8 | ${ }^{2} 42.0$ |
| Pulp，paper，and paperboard mills．．．．．．do．．．． Printing，publishing，and allied industries | 43.4 | 43.3 | 43.6 | 43.4 | 42.9 | 43.2 | 42.7 | 42.2 | 42.3 | 42.1 | 42.0 | 42.6 |  |  |
| ，hours．．－ | 38.3 | 38.6 | 38.8 | 38.4 | 38.0 | 38.6 | 37.7 | 37.7 | 37.9 | 37.7 | 37.6 | $r 37.6$ | 「37．6 | \％ 37.9 |
| Chemicals and allied products．．．．．．．．．．．．do | 41.0 | 41.0 | 41.2 | 41.0 | 41.0 | 41.3 | 40.8 | 40.6 | 40.7 | 40.7 | 40.8 | 41.1 | － 40.7 | － 40.6 |
| Industrial organic chemicals．－．．．．．．．．．．．－do | 40.9 | 41.0 | 41.0 | 40.8 | 40.8 | 40.9 | 40.4 | 40.1 | 40.1 | 40.0 | 40.4 | 40.8 |  |  |
| I＇roducts of petroleum and coal．．．．．．．．．．．．．do | 41.5 | 40.6 | 41．5 | 40.6 | 40.7 | 40.8 | 40.4 | 39.9 | 40.1 | 40.5 | 40.5 | － 41.0 | r 41.0 | 4 |
| Petroleum refining．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 41.4 | 40.0 | 41.2 | 40.2 | 40.8 | 41.1 40.0 | 40.8 | 40.3 | ${ }^{40.6}$ | 40.7 | 40.3 | 40.8 |  |  |
|  | 41.3 | 40.9 41.0 | 40.6 40.3 | 40.1 39.1 | 40.0 39.2 | 40.0 39.2 | 38.2 36.9 | 37.3 35.1 | 38.0 370 | 37． 5 | 38.2 | － 39.1 | ＋ 39.2 | 9.4 |
| Leather and leather products．．．．．．．．．．－．－．．．．．．．do | 42.5 38.1 | 41.0 38.1 | 40.3 37.2 | 39.1 36.1 | 39.2 36.5 | 39.2 37.4 | 36.9 37.3 | 35.1 36.8 | 37.0 36.2 | 36.1 34.1 | 37.4 35.3 | 38.3 36.6 | r37．3 | 36.9 |
| Footwear（except rubber）．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do | 37.9 | 37.8 | 36． 6 | 36.1 | 35.7 | 36.9 | 37.2 | 36.4 | 35.5 | 32.9 | 34.4 | 36.0 |  |  |
| Nonmanufacturing industries： |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mining＊－．．．．．．．．．－．－．－．－．－．－．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do． | 40.7 | 40.7 | 41.0 | 40.2 | 39.0 | 39.7 | 38.8 | 38.3 | 37.9 | 37.4 | 38.1 | 39.6 |  |  |
| Metal | 40.6 | 41.2 | 41.3 | 39.8 | 39.4 | 39.7 | 39.7 | 39.5 | 39.1 | 38.4 | 37.8 | 38.3 |  |  |
|  | 32.3 | 30.1 | 34.8 | 30.9 | 29.0 | 26.6 | 30.5 | 27.5 | 25.0 | 22.3 | 25.8 | 30.8 |  |  |
| Bituminous coal $\qquad$ do | 36.3 | 36.5 | 36． 9 | 36.4 | 33.5 | 35． 5 | 34.0 | 33.1 | 31.7 | 30.0 | 31.1 | 34.5 |  |  |
| Petroleum and natural－gas production．hours．－ | 41.2 | 40.5 | 41.8 | 40.5 | 40.8 | 41.5 | 41.1 | 41.2 | 41.1 | 40． 6 | 40.4 | 41.0 |  |  |
| Nonmetallic mining and quarrying ．．．．．．．．do．．．． | 44．9． | 45． 6 | 45.0 | 44.7 | 42.6 | 42.1 | 41.5 | 39.9 | 41.2 | 42.3 | 43.7 | 44.1 |  |  |
| Contract construction． | 37.9 | 38.3 | 37.7 | 37.4 | 34.8 | 35.5 | 35.7 | 33.4 | 35.6 | 36.2 | 37.4 | 37.3 |  |  |
| Nonbuilding construction．．．．－．．－．．．．．．．．－do | 41． 8 | 42.1 | 40.8 | 40． 6 | 36.6 | 38.0 | 38.3 | 35.5 | 37.6 | 38.6 | 41.1 | 40.9 |  |  |
| Puilding construction－－－．－．－．．．．．．．．．．．do | 36.8 | 37.2 | 36.8 | 36.5 | 34.4 | 34． 9 | 35.2 | 33.0 | 35.2 | 35.5 | 36． 3 | 36.2 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Local railways and bus lines．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 43.7 <br> 39.5 | 43.4 38.9 | 43.5 <br> 38.8 | 43.0 39.2 | 42.9 40.0 | 43.1 38.6 | 42.6 38.0 | 42.5 | 42.6 37.8 | 42.7 | 43.0 | 42.9 |  |  |
|  | 42.2 | 41.9 | 41.9 | 41.5 | 411.0 | 38.6 40.9 | 41.1 | 38.2 41.0 | 41.8 | 37.7 41.4 | 37.8 42.0 | 38.2 41.9 |  |  |
|  | 41.2 | 41.0 | 41.0 | 41.0 | 41.0 | 41.2 | 40.8 | 41.0 | 40.4 | 41.8 | 40.5 | 40.7 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Retail trade（except eating and drinking places）$\%$ <br> hours | 40.4 | 40.4 | 40.4 | 40.2 | 40.0 | 40.4 | 40.1 | 39.8 | 39.9 | 39.6 | 40.0 | 40.2 |  |  |
|  | 38.6 | 38.6 | 38.1 | 37.6 | 37.5 | 38.3 | 37.8 |  | 37.8 |  |  |  |  |  |
| General－merchandise stores．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．．． | 34.6 | 34.9 | 34.2 | 33.7 | 33.7 | 36.0 | 33.9 | 34.8 | 34.4 | 34.2 | 34.3 | 34.9 |  |  |
| Food and liquor stores－－．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do | 37.9 | 37.8 | 36．7 | 36． 1 | 36.0 | 36． 2 | 35.9 | 35.8 | 35.8 | 35.8 | 35.9 | 36.5 |  |  |
| A utomotive and accessories dealers．．．．．．do | 43.9 | 43.9 | 43.8 | 43.6 | 43.5 | 43.7 | 43.8 | 43.3 | 43.7 | 43.7 | 43.8 | 43.8 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 40.3 | 40.6 | 40． 1 | 40.0 | 40.0 | 39.9 | 40.0 | 39.8 | 39.9 | 39.9 | 40.0 | 39.8 |  |  |
| Industrial disputes（strikes and lock－outs）： |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Werk stoppages．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．number．． | 415 | 370 | 335 |  |  |  |  |  | 200 | 275 |  | 350 |  |  |
|  | 129 | 136 | 243 | 95 | 68 | 31 | 90 | 45 | 165 | 110 | 150 | 160 | 160 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 603 | ${ }_{6} 601$ | 518 | 471 | 340 | 220 | 300 | 275 | 300 | 375 | 475 | 500 | 525 |  |
| Workers involved．－－－－．－．－．．．．．．．．．．．．．thousands．－ | 228 | 226 | 279 | 159 | 109 | 54 | 110 | 70 | 200 | 160 | 200 | 250 | 240 |  |
| Man－days idle during month．．－－－．－．－．－．．．．．d．do．．．－ | 2， 480 | 1，690 | 1，730 | 1，410 | 765 | 404 | 750 | 500 | 1，200 | 1，250 | 2，000 | 1，650 | 1，700 |  |
| U．S．Employment Service placement activities： <br> Nonagricultural placements．．．－．－．．．．．．．thousands． | 533 | 536 | 561 | 540 | 406 | 360 | 355 | 312 | 332 | 404 | 439 | 456 | 458 |  |
| Unemployment compensation，State and UCFE pro－ grams（Bureau of Employment Security）：： |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Initial claims．．．－．－．．．．－．．．．．．．－．－．．．．．－thousands．－ | 1， 266 | 842 | 1，032 | 1，193 | 1.346 | 2.024 | 2．285 | 1，815 | 1． 795 | 1.983 | 1，538 | 1，513 | 1，659 |  |
| Insured unemployment，weekly averages．．．．．．do．．．－ | 1． 285 | 1，151 | 1，167 | 1，237 | 1，513 | 2，112 | 2，877 | 3，163 | 3，276 | 3． 302 | 2，984 | 2，667 | 2，511 | 2， 203 |
| Percent of covered employment＊－－ | 3.1 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 3.0 | 3.6 | 5.1 | 6． 9 | 7.6 | 7.9 | 7.9 | 7.1 | 6.3 | 6.0 | 5． 2 |
| Benefit payments： |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Beneficiaries，weekly average．．．．．．．．．．thousands．． | 1，061 | 1， 022 | 975 | 1，020 | 1，146 | 1．639 | 2， 344 | 2.698 | 2，966 | 2，967 | 2，732 | 2，590 | 2， 234 |  |
| Amount of payments．－－－．．．．．．－．．．－thous of dol． | 130， 130 | 121，333 | 113，325 | 131，832 | 136． 627 | 207， 110 | 313．012 | 320， 181 | 370， 248 | 403， 845 | 363， 550 | 325， 039 | 305， 638 |  |
| Initial claims．－．．．．．．－－．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．thousands．． | 20 | 21 | 16 | 18 | 21 | 28 | 37 | 31 | 30 | 27 | 24 | 38 | 30 |  |
| Insured unemployment，weekly average．．．．．．．do．．．－ | 34 | 35 | 29 | 24 | 30 | 41 | 58 | 72 | 81 | 80 | 74 | 78 | 78 |  |
| Beneficiaries，weekly average．．．－．－．－－－．．．．．．－do | 41 | 43 | 39 | 28 | 32 | 46 | 96 | 82 | 96 | 96 | 87 | 89 | 92 |  |
| A mount of payments．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．thous．of doi．． | 4， 539 | 4.406 | 3，793 | 3，（143 | 3， 104 | 4，574 | 6，924 | 7，546 | 9，285 | 9，833 | 8，922 | 8，853 | 10， 151 |  |


insured unemployment in each month as a percentage of average covered employment for the most recent 12 －month period for which data are available（the lag for covered emplayne average may range from 6 to 8 months）；monthly data for January 1953 －September 1956 are available upon request
\＆Excludes data for persons eligible for compensation under temporary programs；in August 1958 ，fi39，000 insured unemployed were reported by 34 states participating in such prograns．

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | July | Angust | Septem- ber | October | November | Decem- ber | $\begin{gathered} \text { Janu- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August |

## EMPLOYMENT AND POPULATION-Continued

| LABOR CONDITIONS-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Labor turnover in manufacturing establishments: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A ccession rate.....-monthly rate per 100 employees.- | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.3 | 2.9 | 2.2 | 1.7 | 2.5 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 3.0 | $\bigcirc 3.8$ | $\bigcirc 3.2$ |  |
|  | 3.1 | 4.0 | 4.4 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 3.8 | 5.0 | 3.9 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 3.6 | +2.9 | -3.0 |  |
|  | . 2 | . 3 | . 2 | $\cdot{ }^{2}$ | . 2 | $\cdot 2$ | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 | . 1 | . 2 | $p .2$ |  |
| Lay-off.-----...--------------------------- do | 1.3 | 1.6 | 1.8 | 2. 3 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 3.8 | 2.9 | 3.2 | 3.0 | 2.4 | $r 1.8$ | D 1.8 |  |
| Quit--.-......-.-.-il | 1.4 | 1.9 .3 | 2.2 .2 | 1.3 .2 | . 9 | .7 | .8 .3 | . 7 | . 7 | . 7 | . 8 | . 8 | D. 8 |  |
| WAGES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A verage weekly gross earnings (U. S. Department of Labor): $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All manufacturing industries.--------.-.-. .dollars.- | 82.39 | 82.80 | 82.99 | 82. 56 | 82.92 | 82. 74 | 81.66 | 80.64 | 81.45 | 80.81 | 82.04 | 83.10 | 83. 50 | p 83.53 |
| Durable-goods industries......-..--.-.-....... do....- | 88.00 | 89.06 | 89.24 | 88.75 | 88. 93 | 88. 93 | 87.14 | 86.46 | 87.75 | 87. 30 | 88.37 | 89.89 | 89.83 | p 90.52 |
| Ordnance and accessories......-...........do. | 93.60 | 93.83 | 95.04 | 94.96 | 96.00 | 98.74 | 100.77 | 99.06 | 99.72 | 100.12 | 99.88 | r 100.94 | ${ }^{r} 101.18$ | p 99.94 |
| Lumber and wood products (except furniture) | 71.89 | 75.62 | 71.58 | 73.97 | 71.94 | 71.37 | 69.69 | 70.43 | 70.80 | 71.39 | 74.45 | ${ }^{7} 76.14$ | ' 74.82 | p 77.90 |
| Sawmills and planing mills............... do....- | 70.23 | 74.12 | 72.13 | 72.44 | 71.00 | 69.50 | 67.08 | 67.82 | 69.09 | 68. 92 | 73.05 | 74.48 |  |  |
| Furniture and fixtures...-...................do..... | 68.38 | 71.63 | 72.39 | 72. 04 | 69.87 | 70. 62 | 67.76 | 67.97 | 68.32 | 67.26 | 66.91 | - 69.06 | +69.06 | - 70.13 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products.............do.... | 82.82 | 84.05 | 84.66 | 84.65 | 84.61 | 83.58 | 82.32 | 80.67 | 81.72 | 81.51 | 82.97 | ${ }^{5} 84.63$ | - 84.40 | ${ }^{\circ} 85.46$ |
|  | 100.44 | 99.82 | 101.26 | 98.18 | 97.03 | 97.16 | 95.23 | 94.21 | 95.35 | 95. 20 | 96.23 | 99.96 | - 102.53 | p 102.38 |
| Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling milis dollars | 107. 17 | 105.65 | 107.09 | 103. 74 | 102.54 | 101.18 | 100.46 | 98.18 | 100. 46 | 101.91 | 101.66 | 106.31 |  |  |
| Primary smelting and refining of nonferrous metals | 95.58 | 97.36 | 97.28 | 97.44 | 96.64 | 97.53 | 97.04 | 98.09 | 97.69 | 97.04 | 96.96 | 96.96 |  |  |
| Fabricated metal prod. (exeept ordnance, machinery, transportation equip.) $\qquad$ dollars_- | 89.13 | 89.98 | 91.91 | 90.35 | 90.32 | 89.24 | 87.25 | 86.36 | 87.42 | 87.14 | 88.65 | ${ }^{+} 90.80$ | -91.20 | ${ }^{p} 92.06$ |
| Machinery (except electrical) .-.---.-..... do..-- | 93.61 | 93.15 | 94. 42 | 93.67 | 92. 50 | 94. 30 | 92.90 | 92.12 | 93.22 | 92. 75 | 93.38 | -94. 25 | -93.77 | P 94.01 |
|  | 81.39 | 82.81 | 83.21 | 81.95 | 82. 95 | 83.56 | 82.89 | 83.07 | 83.67 | 83.46 | 83.67 | 85.14 | - 84.50 | - 85.36 |
| Transportation equipment $\%$...............do | 95. 44 | 97.04 | 97.27 | 97.57 | 101.50 | 99.70 | 95. 45 | 94.96 | 97.32 | 97.07 | 98.85 | - 99.50 | - 99.79 | p 100.69 |
| Motor vehicles and equipment ${ }^{\text {P }}$.-......-do...-. | 94.96 | 98.55 | 99.04 | 99.18 | 107. 68 | 100.65 | 92.50 | 92.50 | 95.75 | 96.00 | 97.64 | 98.14 |  |  |
| A ircraft and parts | 94. 94 | 96.15 | 95.68 | 96. 24 | 96.16 | 99.06 | 98.66 | 98.58 | 99.06 | 98.33 | 100.44 | 103.22 |  |  |
| Ship and boat building and repairs | 96.80 | 97.04 | 96. 53 | 95.31 | 90.15 | 94. 77 | 94.14 | 91.85 | 96.78 | 95.80 | 97.51 | 97.02 |  |  |
|  | ᄃ 101.05 | 99.79 | 103.86 | 99.72 | 102.56 | 104.67 | 101.92 | 100.10 | 102.96 | 100.81 | 99.64 | 97.68 |  |  |
| Instruments and related products......... do | 84.21 | 84.00 | 86.05 | 84.99 | 85.20 | 85. 17 | 85.14 | 84.50 | 85.50 | 85. 72 | 85.46 | 87.16 | - 87.34 | D 87.52 |
| Miscellaneous mfg. industries..............- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 71.50 | 72.00 | 72.54 | 72.22 | 72.25 | 72.47 | 72.52 | 71.76 | 72.13 | 72.15 | 71.94 | 73.08 | ${ }^{+72.13}$ | - 72.31 |
| Nondurable-goods industries .........-....... do | 74. 47 | 74. 26 | 75.24 | 74.10 | 74.11 | 74.88 | 73.54 | 73.15 | 73.53 | 73.14 | 73.91 | 75.08 | :75.47 | - 75.46 |
| Food and kindred products $\%$.-.-..........- do | 79.27 | 77.71 | 78.69 | 77.99 | 79.18 | 80.18 | 80.60 | 79.80 | 79.60 | 79.80 | 80.80 | ${ }^{+} 81.81$ | -82.00 | -80.38 |
|  | 87.31 | 85.22 | 89.60 | 89.13 | 90.83 | 89.32 | 89.15 | 86.30 | 86.75 | 87.25 | 88.36 | 90.32 |  |  |
|  | 80.85 | 78.26 | 78.73 | 77.38 | 77.42 | 78.96 | 80.41 | 79.42 | 78.47 | 80.06 | 80.64 | 83.03 |  |  |
| Canning and preserving--...-.-.-.-.....- do | 64. 17 | 65.93 | 66. 42 | 62.65 | 60.64 | 63.84 | 64.98 | 63.41 | 62.87 | 64.70 | 65.62 | 63.34 |  |  |
|  | 77.40 | 76.33 | 76.17 | 76. 40 | 77.01 | 77.39 | 76.81 | 77.42 | 77.21 | 77.61 | 78.99 | 80.18 |  |  |
|  | 93.15 | 90.64 | 89.60 | 87.64 | 87.58 | 89.50 | 88.59 | 88.14 | 88.82 | 88.43 | 92.69 | 95.35 |  |  |
| Tohacco manufactures........................ do | 63.76 | 56.83 | 57.71 | 55.92 | 57.60) | 60.21 | 60.84 | 59.12 | 58.99 | 62.70 | 64.24 | - 66.30 | - 66.13 | - 61.99 |
|  | 57.90 | 58. 65 | 59.04 | 59.04 | 58.29 | 58.35 | 56. 40 | 56. 70 | 56. 40 | 54. 90 | 55.95 | 57.98 | ${ }^{*} 57.75$ | - 58.89 |
| Broadwoven fabric mills...--...---.-.-.-. do | 56. 26 | 56. 99 | 57. 52 | 57.67 | 56.94 | 57.28 | 54. 96 | 55. 10 | 54.81 | 52.85 | 53.86 | 55.68 |  |  |
| Knitting mills | 53.94 | 54.96 | 55. 33 | 5E. 19 | 54.31 | 54.17 | 51.98 | 52.85 | 53.14 | 51.74 | 53.29 | 54.75 |  |  |
| pparel and other finished textile products | 54.15 | 55.20 | 55. 42 | 53.49 | 53. 10 | 52.80 | 53.00 | 52.65 | 51.70 | 51.75 | 52.20 | 52.50 | ${ }^{+} 53.40$ | ${ }^{\text {² }} 54.96$ |
| Paper and allied products..------------ do..-- | 87.14 | 87.55 | 89.23 | 88.19 | 87.15 | 87.15 | 86. 11 | 85.49 | 86.11 | 85.69 | 86.10 | - 88.20 | - 88.62 | ${ }^{\text {p }} 89.46$ |
| Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills --..-do.-.-- | 95. 48 | 95. 26 | 96.79 | 96.35 | 95.24 | 95.96 | 94.37 | 93.26 | 93.48 | 93.04 | 93.24 | 95.42 |  |  |
| Printing, publishing, and allied industries <br> dollars | 95. 75 | 96.89 | 98.16 | 97.15 | 95. 76 | 18.04 | 95.76 | 96.14 | 97.02 | 96.14 | 97.01 | r 97.38 | r 97.38 | P98. 54 |
| Chemicals and allied products....-.-.-.....do...- | 92. 25 | 92.25 | 92. 70 | 91.84 | 92.66 | 93.34 | 92.62 | 92.57 | 92.39 | 92.39 | 93.43 | 94.94 | - 94.83 | ${ }^{p} 94.60$ |
| Industrial organic chemicals................do. | 98.16 | 98.40 | 98.81 | 98.33 | 98.74 | 99.39 | 08.17 | 97.44 | 97.84 | 98.00 | 98.98 | 100.37 |  |  |
| Products of petroleum and coal.............do | 111.64 | 109.21 | 113.30 | 110.03 | 111.11 | 111.38 | 109.89 | 108. 53 | 109. 07 | 110.97 | 110.16 | r 111.93 | ${ }^{+113.16}$ | ค 110.70 |
|  | 115.92 | 111. 60 | 117.01 | 113.36 | 115.87 | 116.31 | 115.06 | 113.24 | 114.09 | 115. 59 | 113.65 | 115.46 |  |  |
|  | 94. 16 | 92.84 | 92.97 | 93.03 | 93.20 | 92.40 | 87. 48 | 85.04 | 87.02 | 85.88 | 87.86 | - 91.10 | +92.12 | > 92.59 |
|  | 112. 20 | 107.83 | 107.20 | 105.18 | 106. 62 | 105.84 | 98. 52 | 93.02 | 98. 05 | 95.67 | 99.48 | 104.56 |  |  |
| Leather and leather products....---.......-do...-- | 58. 67 | 58. 67 | 57. 66 | 57.04 | 57.31 | 58.34 | 58.19 | 57.41 54.06 | 56.83 53.96 | 53.54 49.68 | 55.42 ¢1. 94 | 57.46 | + 57.82 | ${ }^{\text {p }} 57.56$ |
| Footwear (except rubber)-.....---....-- do...- | 56.09 | 56.32 | 54.90 | 54.15 | 53.91 | 55.35 | 56.17 | 54.06 | 53.96 | 49.68 | 81. 94 | 54.36 |  |  |
| Nonmanufacturing industries: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 104. 19 | 103. 79 | 106. 19 | 102. 91 | 99.84 | 102.03 | 99.72 | 98.81 | 97.02 | 94. 62 | 96.01 | 100.98 |  |  |
|  | 100. 28 | 101.35 | 102.84 | 98.70 | 96.92 | 97.27 | 98.27 | 96. 78 | 95. 40 | 92.93 | 91.10 | 92.69 |  |  |
|  | 81.72 | 80.07 | 92. 22 | 81.27 | 76.85 | 76. 76 | 81.74 | 73.79 | 66.25 996.35 | 58. 65 | 67. 60 | 80.39 |  |  |
| Bituminous coal | 112.17 | 110. 96 | 112.91 | 110. 466 | 102. 18 | 10\%. 42 | 103.36 | 1(0). 62 | 96.37 | 90.60 | 93. 30 | 104.19 |  |  |
| Crude-petroleum and natural-gas production: Petroleum and natural-gas production |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| dollars.- | 110.00 | 106. 52 | 113.28 | 106.92 | 109.34 | 111. 64 | 110. 56 | 110.83 | 110.97 | 108.81 | 107. 06 | 110.70 |  |  |
| Nonmetallic mining and quarrying.-.-...-do...- | 90.70 | 92.57 | 92.25 | 91. 19 | 86.40 | 86.31 | 84. 25 | 81.00 | 83.22 | 85. 45 | 89.59 | 110.85 |  |  |
| Contract construction.--...-.-.-.............. do.--- | 109. 15 | 111.07 | 110.84 | 109.96 | 103.01 | 105. 44 | 107.10 | 100. 53 | 106.44 | 107.88 | 111.08 | 110.41 |  |  |
| Nonbuilding construction....-.....-.......-do- | 110.7 | 112.41 | 110.16 | 109. 21 | 98.82 | 102. 60 | 103.79 | 96.21 | 101. 90 | 103. 45 | 110.56 | 109.61 |  |  |
| Building construction.-.-.................... ${ }^{\text {d }}$ do. | 1188.56 | 110.48 | 111.14 | 110. 23 | 104. 23 | 106. 45 | 108.06 | 101.64 | 107. 71 | 108.63 | 111.08 | 110.77 |  |  |
| Transportation and public utilities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Local railways and bus lines...-------.....do...- | 90.02 | 89.40 | 90.05 | 89.01 | 88.80 | 89.65 | 88.61 | 88.83 | 89.03 | 90.10 | 90.30 | 90.95 |  |  |
|  | 76.63 | 75.47 | 75.66 | 78. 22 | 79.20 | 77. 59 | 76. 38 | 76.78 | 76.36 | 76.53 | 73.11 | 78.69 |  |  |
|  | 88.62 | 87.99 | 87.99 | 87.15 | 85.69 | 85.89 | 85.90 | 86.10 | 86.52 | 87.35 | 89. 04 | 91.34 |  |  |
| Gas and electric utilities. $\qquad$ do. | 96.00 | 95.94 | 97.17 | 97. 58 | 97.58 | 98.88 | 97.51 | 98.81 | 97.77 | 99.55 | 98.42 | 100.12 |  |  |
| Wholesale and retail trade: <br> Wholesale trade. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| IWholesale trade $\qquad$ do Retail trade (except eating and drinking places) 8 | 85.24 | 85.24 | 86.05 | 85. 63 | 85.60 | 86.46 | 85.41 | 85.57 | 85.79 | 85.14 | 86.40 | 87.23 |  |  |
| , dollars.- | 64. 46 | 64.08 | 63.63 | 62. 79 | 62.25 | 62.43 | 63.50 | 63.50 | 63.13 | 63.50 | 63.88 | 65.32 |  |  |
| General-merchandise stores..--...-----.- do.--- | 45.67 | 45. 72 | 44.80 | 44.48 | 44.15 | 46. 08 | 45. 77 | 45. 69 | 45.75 | 45. 83 | 46.31 | 47.81 |  |  |
| Food and liquor stores....-.-..............do..-- | 6\%.46 | 67.28 | 66.43 | 65. 34 | 65.52 | 6.5. 52 | 65.70 | 65. 87 | 65.87 | 66.23 | 66.42 | 67.89 |  |  |
| Automotive and accessories dealers......do...- | 84.29 | 84.73 | 84.10 | 82.34 | 82.65 | 82.16 | 82.34 | 80.54 | 81.28 | 81.72 | 83.66 | 84.10 |  |  |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate: <br> lianks and trust companies. | 64.52 | 64.31 | 64.48 | 64.74 | 64.64 | 65.15 | 65.56 | 65. 60 | 65.53 | 65.60 | 65, 72 | 65.82 |  |  |
| Service and miscellaneous: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 43.93 43.38 |  |  | 44. 00 |  | 44.69 <br> 4.85 <br> 8.85 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 43.38 49.91 | 43.34 48.88 | 43.96 51.35 | 43.73 51.35 | 43.29 49.78 | 43.85 50.30 | 43.68 49.27 | 43.23 4. 4. | 43. 68 49.53 | 44.30 | 44.75 32.40 | 43. 26 |  |  |

Rerised, $\quad$ Preliminary,
$\ddagger$ See note marked " $\sigma^{\prime}$ " for p. S-11. o Includes data for industries not shown. o Formerly "Automobiles." Data not affected.


| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of bUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | July | August | Septem- ber | October | November | Decem- <br> ber | $\underset{\text { ary }}{\text { Janu- }}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August |

## EMPLOYMENT AND POPULATION—Continued



IData through 1956 shown in the 1957 edition of Business STATISTICS are based on adjustment factors; the 1956 figures therem have since been revised to reflect calculations from overtime hour now regularly collected. Revisions for 1956 appear in the August $195 \%$ SUR ver; the published estimates through 1955 are essentialy comparable.

recurest
*Vew series. A verage hourly earnings in the mining industry for January 1947 -F ebruary 1957 are available upon request. Wage rates for equipment operators are arithmetic averages of Wuye rates in 20 cities. The three types of eqipment covered are tractors (including hulldazers, on $70-100 \mathrm{~h}$. p. machines), power cranes and shovels ( $3 / 4$ cubie yard), and air compressors; for tutio Thek to Jamury 1956, see the December 1957 Survex.

| Tnless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | July | August | September | October | Novem. ber | December | January | February | March | April | May | June | July | August |

FINANCE


| Enless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | July | August | Septem- ber | Octriber | Novem- ber | $\underset{\substack{\text { Decom- } \\ \text { ber }}}{ }$ | $\underset{\substack{\text { Janu. } \\ \text { ary } \\ \text { ar }}}{ }$ | February | March | April | May | June | Tuly | August |

## FINANCE—Continued



\& Fffective May 1957 , for series $F$ and $H$ (series $J$ and $K$ discontinued after 1 pril 30 , 1957 :. Data through February 1958, however, include minor amounts due to late reporting or adjust ments on discontinued series ( $F, G, J, K$ ).
or Figures are not directly comparable from quarter to quarter, since activities covered vary. Data refleet the condition of activitiles (public-enterprise and intragovernmental funds, certain
 reported other than quarterly. Interagenes items are excluded except in the case of trist revolving funds.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and Uless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of descriptive notes are shown
BUSINESS STATISTICS
$\square$ 1957

|  | 1957 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| July | August | Septem- <br> ber | October | Nover. <br> ber |
| Decem- <br> her |  |  |  |  |

Janu- Febru$\cdots$

## FINANCE-Continued



| 99, 005 | 90, 374 | 99.812 | 100, 224 | 100, 507 | 101,043 | 101, 672 | 102.000 | 102, 385 | 102.717 | 103, 150 | 103, 634 | ${ }^{1} 104,58$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50, 480 | 50,604 | 50, 755 | 51.005 | 51, 122 | 51,237 | 51, 081 | 51,809 | 51,933 | 52, 17.5 | 52,304 | 52,552 | 53. 202 |  |
| 7,306 | 7,268 | 7,224 | 7, 233 | 7.135 | 6, 950 | 7, 113 | 7, 124 | 7,002 | 7.009 | 6,936 | 6,979 | 7. 258 |  |
| 2,323 | 2,333 | 2,340 | 2,352 | 2.362 | 2,375 | 2, 418 | 2,426 | 2,448 | 2,460 | 2,487 | 2,521 | 2. 561 |  |
| 14,339 | 14.375 | 14,426 | 14,504 | 14, 353 | 14.602 | 14,638 | 14,657 | 14,708 | 14. 742 | 14,750 | 14,812 | 14.962 |  |
| 3,837 | 3,842 | 3,843 | 3,845 | 3,845 | 3,846 | 3.839 | 3,838 | 3, 838 | 3,835 | 2,834 | 3,828 | 3.835 |  |
| 19,844 | 19,932 | 20,076 | 20,222 | 20, 368 | 20, 594 | 20,784 | 20,858 | 21,007 | 21,173 | 21,285 | 21,376 | 21. 223 |  |
| 2.993 | 3.018 | 3.010 | 3,021 | 3.028 | 3.007 | 2,997 | 3,004 | 3,077 | 3,084 | 3,095 | 3,132 | 3.159 |  |
| 1,622 | 1, 622 | 1,624 | 1,630 | 1.626 | 1,626 | 1. 1322 | 1,62\% | 1,634 | 1,638 | 1,038 | 1,649 | 1, 659 |  |
| 1,350 | 1,375 | 1,365 | 1,370 | 1. 381 | 1,357 | 1,356 | 1, 362 | 1. 422 | 1. 423 | 1,434 | 1,461 | 1. 477 |  |
| 34, 356 | 34, 547 | 34, 697 | 34, 859 | 34, 986 | 35, 230 | 35, 410 | 35,529 | 35,663 | 35, 773 | 35, 884 | 35,983 | 36. 183 |  |
| 31,794 | 31, 978 | 32, 122 | 32, 274 | 32,396 | 32,640 | 32, 816 | 32,926 | 33.049 | 33, 142 | 33.241 | 33, 330 | 33, 519 |  |
| 3,004 | 3,032 | 3, 059 | 3, 085 | 3,113 | 3, 134 | 3,156 | 3,187 | 3.214 | 3,244 | 3, 265 | 3,305 | 3. 303 |  |
| 3, 703 | 3,731 | 3,764 | 3, 802 | 3.833 | 3,863 | 3,896 | 3,927 | 3. 962 | 3.996 | 4,022 | 4,049 | 4. 091 |  |
| 1,113 | 1, 083 | 1. 128 | 1, 112 | 1,126 | 1.264 | 1. 170 | 1,113 | 1.132 | 1. 114 | 1,187 | 1,165 | 1. 227 |  |
| 3,356 | 3,359 | 3,399 | 3.340 | 3,389 | 3. 308 | 3. 362 | 3.431 | 3,404 | 3,331 | 3. 393 | 3,448 | 3.413 |  |
| 5,385 | 5,063 | 4. 689 | 6, 126 | 5, 221 | (6, 837 | 5. 513 | 4,959 | 5,784 | 5,565 | 5. 462 | 5. 162 | 5. 194 |  |
| 1. 106 | 779 | 685 | 1,538 | 848 | 2. 137 | 1,595 | 979 | 1,336 | 1,024 | 999 | 780 | 633 |  |
| 540 | 556 | 555 | 567 | 509 | 492 | 464 | 496 | , 550 | 544 | 595 | 559 | 530 |  |
| 3,739 | 3,728 | 3,449 | 4, 021 | 3.864 | 4. 208 | 3.454 | 3,484 | 3,898 | 3,997 | 3.868 | 3,823 | 4,033 |  |
| 232 | 225 | 200 | 244 | 246 | 292 | 249 | 254 | 272 | 274 | 274 | 257 | 267 |  |
| 910 | 880 | 805 | 977 | 979 | 957 | 839 | 820 | 923 | 956 | 924 | 889 | 949 |  |
| 770 | 784 | 72.5 | 826 | 796 | 861 | 688 | 676 | 767 | 776 | 753 | 746 | 799 |  |
| 306 | 298 | 273 | 316 | 292 | 327 | 273 | 286 | 309 | 308 | 320 | 305 | 334 |  |
| 428 | 436 | 433 | 477 | 455 | 481 | 398 | 404 | 461 | 486 | 476 | 498 | 495 |  |
| 156 | 159 | 152 | 165 | 157 | 169 | 137 | 147 | 167 | 174 | 167 | 171 | 166 |  |
| 333 | 332 | 320 | 364 | 331 | 384 | 321 | 333 | 362 | 378 | 361 | 370 | 381 |  |
| 145 | 138 | 130 | 154 | 146 | 175 | 127 | 134 | 148 | 158 | 155 | 149 | 166 |  |
| 419 | 437 | 374 | 455 | 121 | 518 | 388 | 403 | 451 | 452 | 439 | 439 | 4.6 |  |
| ${ }^{5} 551.1$ | 525.3 | 496.9 | 587.1 | 525.2 | 681.2 | 652.5 | 567.9 | 641.5 | 624.2 | 584.6 | 579.2 | 390.0 |  |
| 233.4 | 222.1 | 202.4 | 248.8 | 222.4 | 255.4 | 258.1 | 239.7 | 262.7 | 259.2 | 233.5 | 229.7 | 246.8 |  |
| 54.7 | 55.4 | 53.0 | 64.0 | 57.8 | 67.2 | 67.7 | 58.2 | 61.2 | 60.7 | 58.8 | 58.7 | 55.3 |  |
| -9.5 | 9. 7 | 0.1 | 10.2 | 9.2 | 8.8 | 11.4 | 9.8 | 10.0 | 10.6 | 10.5 | 10.1 | 10.2 |  |
| 46.5 | 44. 7 | 42.6 | 47.6 | 44.8 | 40.3 | 67.1 | 48.7 | 49.9 | 49.4 | 48.7 | 49.4 | 80.4 |  |
| 107.5 | 105.7 | 92.5 | 118.3 | 101.7 | 119.1 | 119.3 | 111.2 | 126.6 | 132.7 | 123.1 | 115.8 | 120.6 |  |
| 99.5 | 87.7 | 97.3 | 98.2 | 89.3 | 190.4 | 128.9 | 100.3 | 131.1 | 111.6 | 110.0 | 115.5 | 106. 7 |  |
|  |  | 2,476.7 |  |  | 2. 839.3 |  |  | 2, 669.9 |  |  | 2, 557. 2 |  |  |
|  |  | 413.6 |  |  | 474.9 |  |  | 441.1 |  |  | 439.0 |  |  |
|  |  | 297.1 |  |  | 365.9 |  |  | 344.0 |  |  | 275.9 |  |  |
|  |  | 283.5 |  |  | 29.4 |  |  | 312.3 |  |  | 291.9 |  |  |
|  |  | 204.7 |  |  | 2.4 .3 |  |  | 232.9 |  |  | 197.9 |  |  |
|  |  | 1,277.8 |  |  | 1, 447. 1 |  |  | 1,339.5 |  |  | 1,352. 5 |  |  |
| 22,627 | 22,626 | 22,635 | 22,691 | 22, 763 | 22. 51 | 22,784 | 22, 686 | 22. 394 | 21,900 | 21, 594 | 21.356 | 21,210 |  |
| -. 8 | -11.4 | -9.0 -958 | 36.9 | $-31.2$ | 2.0 | -37.3 | $-167.6$ | $-252.0$ | -471.5 | -355. 2 | -285.0 | $-164.3$ |  |
| 168 | ${ }^{1} 163$ | ${ }^{3} 358$ | 172 | ${ }^{206}$ | 18.140 | -551 | 2, 278 | 228 | 6.62 | 250 | 9,366 | 9, 328 |  |
| 2,825 | 28,738 | 19, 290 | 42,956 | 42,074 | 18.978 | 45,588 | 41, 149 | 6,206 | 26,097 | 18, 177 | 12,799 | 27,373 |  |
| 81,600 | 81, 000 | 79,500 | 82.000 | 78,700 | 77,700 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 56, 400 | 56, 100 | 55, 500 | 56,000 | 54, 800 | 53,900 | 55, 000 | 52, 400 | 55, 100 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12,800 5,800 | 12,600 5,800 | 13,100 5,700 | 13,900 6,500 | 13,100 5,100 | 12,900 5,500 | 13,200 4,400 | 12,500 4,400 | 13, 700 | 13, 400 | 13, 300 |  |  |  |
| 5,800 | 5, 800 | 5, 700 | 6,500 | 5,100 | 5, 500 | 4,400 | 4,400 | 4,300 | 4, 500 | 4,600 | 4,900 |  |  |
| 917 | 465 | 471 | 681 | 507 | 493 | 319 | 168 | 314 | 171 | 185 | 324 | 360 |  |
| 16, 241 | 14,695 | $\begin{array}{r}7,993 \\ \hline 906\end{array}$ | 5,786 | 33. 226 | 24,963 | 16,934 | 25,609 | 24, 413 | 12,322 | 4, 507 | 8, 329 | 4. 493 |  |
| $.903$ | . 909 | . 906 | . 906 | . 904 | . 898 | . 894 | . 886 | . 886 | . 886 | . 886 | . 886 | . $\times 86$ | Sist |
| 2,383 | 2,592 | 2, 382 | 2, 817 | 2,567 | 2,538 | 2,530 | 2, 295 | 2,449 | 2, 559 | 2,651 | 2,527 |  |  |
| 3,842 2,859 | 4, 628 | 4, 156 | 4,719 3,334 | 4, 218 | 3,142 3,029 | 4, 0682 | 4,583 | 3, 217 | +3,913 | 4,070 |  |  |  |
| 2,859 | 2,500 | 2,937 | 3,334 | 2, 731 | 3,029 | 3,520 | 3,589 | 2,465 | 3,123 | 2,597 | 3,243 | 2, 127 |  |
| 30,933 | 31, 133 | 31, 073 | 31, 090 | 31,661 | 31,834 | 30, 576 | 30, 554 | 30, 666 | 30,565 | 30,994 | 31, 172 | 31, 171 |  |
| 229,300 | 229, 000 | 229,500 | 231,100 | 231, 000 | 236, 372 | -231, 800 | p232, 500 | p235, 500 | D239, 200 | r238, 900 | -244, 300 | -242,200 |  |
| 3, 300 | 3, 200 | 3, 300 | 3, 300 | 3, 200 | 3, 270 | ᄃ 3, 300 | ³, 700 | ${ }^{p} 3,900$ | - 4, 000 | p 4,000 | > 4,000 | p 4,000 |  |
| 5, 000 | 5,700 | 5, 300 | 4,800 | 4. 500 | 5, 421 | p 3, 700 | - 4,900 | $p 7,100$ | ${ }^{2} 6,700$ | ${ }^{p} 6,800$ | P 10, 900 | ${ }^{\text {P 5 5, } 510}$ |  |
| 221, 000 | 220,000 | 220, 900 | 223,000 | 223, 300 | 227, 681 | -224, 800 | p223,900 | -224, 500 | p228, 400 | p228. 100 | -229,400 | p 232,700 |  |
| 106, 600 | 105, 100 | 105, 500 | 107,200 | 107, 200 | 110, 254 | -107, 600 | r105,600 | -104, 600 | p107, 200 | 1051,800 | -105,700 | - 108,200 |  |
| 86,700 27 | 87, 100 | 87, 700 | 88, 100 | 87.600 | 89, 126 | ~89,800 | ${ }^{290}, 900$ | p92, 5 (x) | ${ }^{\sim} 933,600$ | p94, 600 | p 95,900 | F 96,700 |  |
| 27,800 | 27.801 | 27,800 | 27,800 | 28,500 | 28, 301 | -27, 300 | p27, 400 | P27, 400 | $p 27,600$ | -27,800 | p 27, 800 | p 27,800 |  |
| 49.5 | 44.7 | 52.2 | 49.9 | 51.2 | $5 \times .4$ | 54.6 | 55.4 | 56.2 | 56.6 | 51.2 | 65. 7 | 54. 8 |  |
| 30.6 | 28.5 | 31.4 | 29.6 | 30.5 | 32.2 | 30.0 | 30.1 | 31.3 | 30.2 | 28.2 | r 31.4 | 刀20.9 |  |
| 23.6 | 22.1 | 24.1 | 22.7 | 23.5 | 24. 7 | 23.3 | ${ }^{\text {r } 22.8}$ | 22.2 | 22.1 | 22.0 | - 23.8 | 22.9 |  |


 of the SURVEY.
$\oplus D a t a$ for 1956 -A pril 1958 include revisions not distributed by areas; revised area data for 1926 are arailable upon request.
8 Or increase in earmarked gold ( - ).
\% Includes data for the following countries not shown sepurately: Mexico (through August 1957 only); Colombia; Chile; Nicaragua; Australia, and India.
The term "adjusted" denotes excluston of interbank and U. S. Covernment deposits; for demand deposits, also exclusion of cash items reported as in process of collection.
o'Includes Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago, Detroit, San Francisco, and Los Angeles.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | July | August | Septem- ber | October | Novem. ber | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Decem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | January | February | March | April | May | June | July | August |

## FINANCE-Continued

| PROFITS AND DIVIDENDS (QUARTERLY) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Manufacturing corporations (Fed. Trade and SEC): Net profit after taxes, all industries. mil. of dol |  |  | 3.737 |  |  | 3.530 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Food and kindred products...................do. |  |  | 320 |  |  | 261 |  |  | 2. 220 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Textile mill products............................do do |  |  | 72 |  |  | 50 |  |  | 13 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lumber and wood products (except furniture) mil. of dol. |  |  | 42 |  |  | 27 |  |  | 13 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Paper and allied products |  |  | 128 |  |  | 114 |  |  | 101 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chemicals and allied products...-...-.........d. do.. |  |  | 446 |  |  | 424 |  |  | 341 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Petrolrum refining--.-...-.-...............- do. |  |  | 642 |  |  | 747 |  |  | 533 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stone, clay, and glass products |  |  | 176 |  |  | 153 |  |  | 51 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 118 |  |  | 104 |  |  | 84 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 293 |  |  | 267 |  |  | 159 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fabricated metal products (excent ordnance. machinery, and transport, equip.) ....mil. of dol |  |  | 179 |  |  | 968 |  |  | 80 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Machinery (except electrical) |  |  | 339 |  |  | 253 |  |  | 190 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Electrical machinery |  |  |  |  |  | 221 |  |  | 162 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Transportation equipment (exerpt motor vehicles, <br>  |  |  | 121 |  |  | 123 |  |  | 101 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicles and parts $\qquad$ do <br> All ather manufacturing industries |  |  | 233 |  |  | 346 |  |  | 213 |  |  |  |  |  |
| All other manufacturing industries. ...........do..... |  |  | 419 |  |  | 345 |  |  | 222 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dividends paid (eash), all industries.......... do. |  |  | 1,766 |  |  | 2.176 |  |  | 1.832 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Electric utilities, net profit after taxes (Fed. Res.) $\ddagger$ mil. of dol. |  |  | 326 |  |  | 357 |  |  | ${ }_{4} 4$ |  |  | 349 |  |  |
| Railways and telephone cos. (see pp. S-23 and S-24). <br> SECURITIES ISSUED |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Securitjes and Exchange Commission: $\ddagger$ <br> Estimated gross proceeds, total. .mil. of dol.. | 1,982 | 1,944 | 3,975 | 2,70.5 | 3.022 | 2.681 | 3,473 | 2, 487 | 3. 959 | 6.963 | 2, 160 | 「3,049 | 2.421 |  |
| By type of security: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r}1.730 \\ \hline 75 \\ \hline 75\end{array}$ | 1.837 840 | 3.858 907 | $\begin{array}{r}2,536 \\ \hline 944 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 2.849 671 | 2, 328 | 3,401 744 | 2, 2200 | 3,830 1.494 | ¢6.832 | 2, ${ }^{2} 594$ | $+2,953$ +866 | 2. 1319 |  |
|  | 231 | 76 | 97 | 101 | 150 | 343 | 44 | 182 | 1. 61 | -90 | 84 | 38 | 220 |  |
|  | 21 | 31 | 19 | 68 | 24 | $1]$ | 28 | 85 | 69 | 41 | 36 | 58 | 0 |  |
| By type of issuer: Corporate, total $\qquad$ do. | 1,028 | 947 | 1.023 | 1. 113 | 844 | 1. 114 | 816 | 875 | 1,623 | 1.232 | 714 | 963 | 1. 199 |  |
| Manufacturing-....-...................-- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 258 | 247 | 328 | 133 | 224 | 592 | 155 | 180 | ${ }^{240}$ | 640 | 193 | 319 | 548 |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r}43 \\ 248 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 18 254 | 25 | $\begin{array}{r}37 \\ 339 \\ \hline 18\end{array}$ | $\stackrel{22}{202}$ | 14 | 14 326 | 18 373 | 22 | 35 | $\begin{array}{r}7 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 15 | ${ }_{4}^{24}$ |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r}248 \\ 23 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 15 | $\begin{array}{r}424 \\ 24 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 3.3 <br> 18 | 302 16 | $\begin{array}{r}175 \\ 27 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 326 69 | $\begin{array}{r}18 \\ 17 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 415 40 | 320 20 | 345 12 | 41 | $\stackrel{110}{28}$ |  |
|  | 54 | 129 | ${ }_{6} 96$ | 372 | 93 | 41 | 86 | 36 | 800 | 79 | 41 | 12 | 102 |  |
|  | 348 | 228 | 84 | 101 | 130 | 93 | 111 | 211 | 50 | 42 | 79 | 83 | 5) |  |
| Noncorporate, total ㅇ....................... do. | 954 | 997 | 2, 952 | 1,592 | 2. 178 | 1,56i7 | 2, 655 | 1.613 | 2,336 | 5,731 | 1,447 | -2,086 | 1. 222 |  |
| U. S. Government | 800 | 392 595 | 2. 2642 | 894 188 | $\begin{array}{r}1.374 \\ \hline 639\end{array}$ | 9295 | ${ }_{782}$ | 407 899 | $\begin{array}{r}1.802 \\ \hline 524\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}4.269 \\ \hline 798\end{array}$ | 368 877 | $\underset{r}{1.411}$ | 418 |  |
| New corporate security issues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Estimated net proceeds, total.-.............-do.--- | 1,011 | 932 | 1,007 | 1.099 | 828 | 1,097 | 805 | 856 | 1,608 | 1, 213 | 699 | 948 | 1,176 |  |
| Proposed uses of proceeds: <br> New money, total do | 941 | 916 | 952 | 1.060 | 764 | 1.023 | 711 | 832 | 1,525 | 1.037 | 532 | 709 | , 031 |  |
| Plant and equipment....................-. -do...-. | 534 | 621 | 800 | 882 | 5.59 | 814 | 593 | 577 | 1,390 | 885 | 439 | 572 | 871 |  |
| Working capital ---.-.-.-.........-. - do.... | 407 | 294 | 151 | 178 | 205 | 210 | 119 | 255 | 135 | 152 | 93 | 137 | 157 |  |
| Retirement of sccurities $\qquad$ do <br> Other purposes do | ${ }_{6}^{8}$ | 9 <br> 8 | $\begin{array}{r}34 \\ 21 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}9 \\ 30 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}39 \\ 25 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 21 53 | 11 | 5 19 | $\begin{array}{r}47 \\ 35 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 72 104 | 99 68 | $\begin{array}{r}172 \\ 172 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 75 |  |
| State and muntipal issues (Bond Buyer): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Long-term-.-.-.-....-...-.............thous. of dol.. | 516, 182 | 595, 240 | 437, 163 | 682, 730 | 639, 335 | 640, 418 | 782.437 | 899,485 | 524,355 | 797,617 | 876. 838 | 553, 658 | 6033.076 |  |
|  | 271.697 | 272, 017 | 252, 251 | 302, 503 | 93, 579 | 459,3×2 | 232, 403 | 459,779 | 272, 890 | 356, 990 | 353, 774 | 263, 860 | 285.657 |  |
| SECURITY MARKETS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brokers' Balances (N. Y. S. E. Members Carrying Margin Accounts) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash on hand and in banks .-.............-mil. of dol.- | 327 | 332 | 339 | 354 | 325 | 342 | 328 | 312 | 312 | 322 | 312 | 324 | 331 |  |
|  | 2,917 | 2.863 | 2, 824 | 2, 6808 | 2. 859 | 2, 550 | 2,613 | 2, 682 | 2, 776 | 2,869 | 2,997 | 3, 168 | 3.169 |  |
|  <br> Money borrowed | 2,138 | 816 2,093 | 838 2.109 | 879 1,780 | 876 1,697 | 896 1,831 | 1,740 | 1,939 1,846 | 2954 1,990 | 985 2,051 | $\mathbf{9 7 9}$ 2,052 | 1,047 | 2. ${ }^{1,1880}$ |  |
| Bonds |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| rices: <br> Average price of all listed bonds (N. Y. S. E.), totals $\qquad$ | 89. 93 | 90.12 | 89.86 | 89. 67 | 92.67 | 94.85 | 95.38 | 96.18 | 96.87 | 97. 50 | 97.78 | 96.82 | 95.69 |  |
|  | 90.16 | 90.34 | 90.08 | 89.89 | 92.93 | 95. 12 | 95. 63 | 96. 43 | 97. 12 | 97.74 | 98.03 | 97.04 | 95. 89 |  |
|  | 75.93 | 75.44 | 75. 32 | 75.34 | 75.27 | 77.59 | 78.74 | 78.99 | 79.79 | 80.39 | 80.64 | 80.80 | 81.11 |  |
| Standard and Poor's Corporation: ${ }^{\text {Industrial, utility, and railroad ( }}$ (1+issues): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Composite ( 21 bonds) $0^{7}$...dol, per $\$ 100$ bond.- | 100.0 | 98.3 | 98.0 | 98.2 | 98.3 | 102.7 | 105.9 | 105.7 | 105.0 | 105.3 | 105.5 | 105.5 | 104.2 |  |
| Domestic municipal (15 bonds) .-..........--do..-- | 103.5 | 101.2 | 101.3 | 102.9 | 103.4 | 107.5 | 110.0 | 109.1 | 107.9 | 110.0 | 111.0 | 110.8 | 108.0 | 103. 7 |
| Sales: 8 . Treasury bonds, taxable¢................. do...- | 91.50 | 91.17 | 90.70 | 89.77 | 91.90 | 95. 63 | 96.48 | 96.20 | 96.34 | 98.23 | 97.94 | 97.17 | 94.78 | 91.51 |
| Sales: Total, excluding U. S. Government bonds: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All registered exchanges: <br> Market value |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Market value.-.-.-.-...........-.thous. of dol.- | 94,431 101,398 | $\begin{array}{r}78,750 \\ 85,758 \\ \hline 87\end{array}$ | 73,222 84,634 | $\begin{aligned} & 112,849 \\ & 130,206 \end{aligned}$ | 94,231 109,879 | 109, 562 129,460 | $\begin{aligned} & 112,769 \\ & 126,929 \end{aligned}$ | 80,411 89,912 | $\begin{aligned} & 148,045 \\ & 143,165 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 120,171 \\ & 127,627 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 119,914 \\ & 124,411 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 123,598 \\ & 129,481 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 121,140 \\ & 126,294 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| New York Stock Exchange: Market value.................................... |  |  |  |  | 93, 159 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fare value ---................................-do | 99,907 | 84, 401 | 83, 093 | 128.615 | 108.569 | 127,775 | 124,912 | 87, 914 | 141,614 | 125. 249 | 122, 367 | 127, 751 | 124. 171 |  |
| New York Stock Exchange, exclusive of stopped sales, face value, totals <br> U. S. Government $\qquad$ thous. of dol do. | 84, 054 | 74, 993 | 73,706 0 | 118, 623 | 99, 249 | 119, 125 | 117, 884 | 88,898 | 95, 197 | 116, 482 | 106, 176 | 113,936 | 113, 220 |  |
| Other than U. S. Government, total§-........do.... | 84,052 | 74, 793 | 73, 706 | 118, 623 | 99, 247 | 119, 125 | 117,880 | 88,898 | 95, 197 | 116,482 | 106, 176 | 113,936 | 113, 220 |  |
|  | 79,881 4.159 | 70,978 4,013 | 69,798 3,896 | 113,105 5,516 | 95,505 3,725 | 114,050 5,073 | 112, 166 | 84,293 4,572 | 90,058 5,140 | 111,368 | 101,236 <br> 4,941 | 107,332 6,598 |  |  |

* Revised. $\quad$ Preliminary.
$\ddagger$ Revisions for electric utilities (mil. dol.): 1955 (last 3 quarters) - 292; 285; 325; 1956 (1st-4th quarters) -372; 319; 301; 334. Revisions for securities issued (SEC) for January-March 19.7 will be shown later.
qIncludes data not shown separately
SData for bonds of the International Bank for Recorstruction and Development, not shown separately, are included in computing average price of all listed bonds.
$0^{\text {N }}$ Number of bonds represents number currently used; the change in the number docs not affect the continuity of series.
$\stackrel{\circ}{\circ}$ Prices are derived from arerage yjelds on basis of an assumed 3 pereent 20 -year bond. Comparable data back to January 1957 appear in the July 1958 Surver.


Revised. p Preliminary.
 on p. S-19.

For bonds due or callable in 10 years or more.
O Includes data not shown separately.
ond
Preiget shown in 1957 Business starsics, Comparable data prior to May 1957 will be shown later

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | July | August | Septem- ber | October | Novem- ber | December | $\underset{\text { ary }}{\text { Janu- }}$ | Febru: ary | March | April | May | June | July | August |

## INTERNATIONAL TRANSACTIONS OF THE UNITED STATES


 ©Adjusted for balance-of-payments purposes, mainly for valuation, coverage, and timing. orexades military expenditures.

 rivate relief shipments of food proincts, formerly included with finished mpnufuctures, have been shifted to the manufactured foodstuffs class.
 \$Excludes "special category" shipments and all commodities exported under foreign-aid programs as Dor earier years will be available later.
 " Sxipments) are as follows (mil. dol.): July 1957 -Iuly 1958 , respectively; $186.8 ; 141.2 ; 103.2 ; 74.1 ; 86.8 ; 95.3 ; 108.7 ; 99.5 ; 114.5 ; 121.7 ; 131.4 ; 98.7: 129.0$.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | July | August | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Septem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | October | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { Novem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{array}$ | Decem- <br> ber | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | Augast |

## INTERNATIONAL TRANSACTIONS OF THE UNITED STATES-Continued

| FOREIGN TRADE-Continued Value $\ddagger$-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Exports of C . S. merchandise, totalf. ......mil. of dol.- | 1,676. 1 | 1,664.0 | 1,526.0 | 1,660.3 | 1,668. 3 | 1,626.2 | 1,495.0 | 1,334.1 | 1,541.2 | 1,516.3 | 1,623.3 | 1,395.9 | 1, 405.3 |  |
| By cronomic classes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | -225, ${ }^{\text {97,468 }}$ | 105, 354 | 241,637 88,721 | 258,806 99,727 | 248, 808 | 252, 201 | 199, 188 | 159,906 89,367 | 178, 281 | 174,794 104,871 | 188, 10028 | 175, 194 |  |  |
| Manufactured foodstuff and beverages | 91, 358 | 79, 160 | 94, 222 | 94. 986 | 87,711 | 99, 880 | 75, 898 | 79, 937 | 101, 547 | 92,769 | 110, 436 | 103, 286 |  |  |
| Semimanufactures9................... | 264, 581 | 245,387 | 219,014 | 231.738 | 223, 85.5 | 208, 480 | 186, 490 | 168, 102 | 192.698 | 187, 441 | 207,546 | 168,914 |  |  |
| Finished manufactures \% | 997, 460 | 1,005,997 | 882, 433 | 975, 050 | 1,007,334 | 960, 505 | 928.349 | 836. 741 | 981, 219 | 956, 468 | 1,016,556 | 835, 751 |  |  |
| By princinal commodities: <br> Agricultural products, total $\oplus$ $\qquad$ | 314,962 | 313,623 | 332, 583 | 371,442 | 368, 471 | 394, 190 | 324, 064 | 285, 290 | 315,809 | 315,808 | 344,432 | 327, 847 |  |  |
|  | 63, 722 | 51, 751 | 56, 652 | 72, 792 | 79,750 | 94,977 | 79,516 | 66,767 | 70,438 | 72, 971 | 76,653 | 61,465 |  |  |
| Fruits, vegetables, and preparations | 31, 425 | 30, 771 | 31, 118 | 36, 919 | 31,088 | 28,510 | 24,968 | 30, 901 | 35,700 | 28, 897 | 34,414 | 37,684 |  |  |
| Grains and preparations. | 96, 032 | 104, 159 | 94, 873 | 97, 445 | 102, 099 | 104, 478 | 107,021 | 92,470 | 93, 548 | 112,300 | 95,094 | 111,836 |  |  |
| Packing-house product Tobacco and manufact | 23,092 | 18,460 35,366 | 23,503 63,169 | 21,373 | 22,755 41,367 | 22, 320 | 18,515 24,233 | 19,329 22,710 | 20,006 31,333 | 15,966 21,763 | 21,193 25,696 | 17,613 30,894 |  |  |
| Nonagricultural products, total $\oplus . . .$. .-mil. of dol.. Automobiles, parts, and accessories | 1,361. 1 | 1,350. 4 | 1,193.4 | 1,288.9 | 1,299.9 | 1,232.0 | 1,171.0 | 1,048.8 | 1,225.4 | 1,200. 5 | 1,278.9 | 1,068. 1 |  |  |
|  | 107, 832 | 110, 811 | 92, 280 | 100, 744 | 130, 884 | 140, 662 | 118,739 | 109, 461 | 121,320 | 122, 174 | 131,545 | 99, 730 |  |  |
| Chemicals and related products\% | 115,337 | 118, 924 | 105, 433 | 117, 125 | 115, 730 | 110,615 | 104, 178 | 106, 797 | 120, 220 | 114,245 | 127, 879 | 113, 255 |  |  |
| Iron and steel-mill products. $\qquad$ do | 77,921 | 81, 660 | 73,992 | 70, 913 | 58, 251 | 55, 351 | 46, 420 | 33,962 | 39,780 | 46. 083 | 45, 959 | 50,499 |  |  |
|  | 125, 459 | 114,950 | 101, 350 | 105, 988 | 93, 667 | 83, 757 | 74, 925 | 59,646 | 66, 559 | 66, 200 | 61,896 | 44,450 |  |  |
|  | 354, 308 | 347, 342 | 315, 433 | 349, 829 | 358, 357 | 379, 190 | 332, 520 | 295,933 | 363, 931 | 346,617 | 368, 201 | 319,371 |  |  |
|  | 12, 394 | 8,504 | 8, 635 | 8,253 | 7,067 | 7, 590 | 9, 003 | 9, 981 | 13. 194 | 13, 865 | 14, 803 | 10,926 |  |  |
| Tractors, Electrical | 28, 293 | 28, 604 | 29,793 | 30, 079 | 26, 478 | 23,319 8687 | 27, 252 | 27, 148 | 31, 507 | 29,855 | 31, 575 | 29,072 |  |  |
|  | 96, 853 | 87, 903 | 75, 179 | 87, 842 | 103, 188 | 86, 874 | 81,485 | 72, 100 | 88,995 | 87, 193 | 88,690 | 79, 281 |  |  |
| Electrical ${ }^{\text {Metalworking }}$ | 28,789 175,449 | 26,368 184,628 | 25,328 161,757 | 23,847 185,468 | 26,831 180,813 | 27,880 179,840 | 24, 839 174,222 | 18.872 155,881 | 27,819 186,319 | -28,094 | 35,366 181,420 | 28,583 |  |  |
| Petroleum and products $\qquad$ do.... <br> Textiles and manufactures $\qquad$ do. $\qquad$ | 62,007 | 63,962 | 38, 336 | 60,8 | 64, 884 | 52, 350 | 44267 | 41,359 | 1 | 50,846 | 0,759 | 39, 116 |  |  |
|  | 45, 259 | 53, 293 | 50,638 | 56, 712 | 58,335 | 55, 318 | 47,019 | 48,558 | 59, 138 | 62,647 | 52,754 | 43,840 |  |  |
|  | 1,146.5 | 1,042.5 | 1,008.7 | 1,147.9 | 1,043.2 | 1,141.1 | 1,095.3 | 961.5 | 1,071.1 | 1,057.2 | 1,063.0 | 1,036.6 |  |  |
| By geographic regions: <br> Africa. | 50, 001 | 38,884 | 39,755 | 44, 052 | 44, 272 | 53, 358 | 61, 528 | 47,635 | 62, 146 | 57,788 | 45, 095 | 45, 205 |  |  |
|  | 199,938 | 208, 472 | 196,003 | 207, 252 | 164, 755 | 187,313 | 185, 845 | 154, 773 | 196, 268 | 180, 512 | 175, 586 | 185,929 |  |  |
|  | 271,277 | 229, 092 | 246, 900 | 294, 463 | 259, 234 | 281, 286 | 265, 153 | 245, 451 | 257, 521 | 258, 6.51 | 270, 582 | 246, 891 |  |  |
|  <br> Southern North America................................... <br> Sonth America. do. | 263, 6558 | 247, 988 | 242,557 | 274,473 | 236, 375 | 235, 370 | 206, 123 | 186, 320 | 215, 404 | 207, 4167 | 219,851 | 236, 043 |  |  |
|  | 142,733 | 111, 153 | 104,788 | 113, 614 | 123. 276 | 136, 773 | 173, 262 | 143, 834 | 157, 701 | 171, 497 | 156, 556 | 149, 566 |  |  |
|  | 218, 873 | 206, 913 | 178,730 | 214, 043 | 215, 253 | 247, 038 | 203, 382 | 183, 510 | 182,068 | 181. 238 | 195, 287 | 172,968 |  |  |
| By leading countries: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Africa: | 1,237 | 1,146 | 2,714 | 1,163 | 2,314 | 1,434 | 6, 868 | 320 | 263 | 523 | 600 | 1,693 |  |  |
| Asia and Oceania: | 11,233 | 5,916 | 8,137 | 6,487 | 5,626 | 8,922 | ${ }^{1} 10,886$ | 18,115 | ${ }^{1} 10,394$ | 18,629 | ${ }^{17,527}$ | ${ }^{1} 9,340$ |  |  |
|  |  |  | 10,273 |  | 7,780 | 8,299 | 9,338 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Australia, includ British Malaya. | 20, 1992 | 15, 363 | 15,695 | 18,002 | 17,281 | 12,747 | 2 3, 088 | 23,437 | 22,042 | 2 2, 1886 | 2, 158 | 2 2, 859 |  |  |
|  | 34 | 41 | 30 | 87 | 100 | 20 | 28 | 17 | 89 | 888 | 836 | 729 |  |  |
| India and Pakistan | 22,951 | 17, 209 | 23,479 | 19,753 | 16, 186 | 21, 849 | 25, 564 | 19,401 | 24, 093 | 18, 007 | 17,377 | 13, 120 |  |  |
|  | 52,750 | 58,482 | 56, 426 | 59, 275 | 49.107 | 51,543 | 57,014 | 41,631 | 51,562 | 49.936 | 49,30.5 | 52, 299 |  |  |
| Indone | 17, 644 | 17,249 | 20,531 | 21.305 | 18,008 | 21, 524 | 13,142 | 12, 249 | 15,994 | 13, 110 | 14, 269 | 18, 137 |  |  |
| Republic of | 22, 196 | 21, 456 | 16,769 | 19,462 | 13.591 | 17,995 | 19,130 | 16,564 | 25, 745 | 25,472 | 26. 049 | 25,939 |  |  |
| Europe: France | 23, 224 | 19, 944 | 19,391 | 21,861 | 19,964 | 23,130 | 22, 237 | 20,696 | 18, 834 | 22,488 | 22,150 | 21,743 |  |  |
| East Germany | -135 | 1,534 | 1,422 | -417 | 1, 354 | , 459 | -5259 | 616 | 18,98 | -308 | -315 | 2,738 |  |  |
| West Germany | 47,592 | 51,220 | 47,681 | 64, 823 | 50, 535 | 57, 606 | 50,386 | 42,331 | 52,431 | 51,987 | 51, 140 | 48,180 |  |  |
|  | 21,527 | 21,665 | 17,872 | 24,853 2 21 | 20,381 | 23,459 | 23,721 714 | 16, 277 | 19,503 | 19,858 | 18.684 | 19,496 |  |  |
| Union of Soviet Socialist Republics............................ United Kingdom do. | 71,500 | 2,314 52,806 | 17,473 66,229 | 2, 71,284 | 67, ${ }^{2484}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 61,706 } \\ \hline 631\end{array}$ | 13714 13,382 | 65,467 65 | 1.462 74,812 | 1.096 64.725 | 2, 132 71.905 | 1937 59,914 |  |  |
| North and South America: <br> Canada $\mathrm{do}_{-}$ | 263, 599 | 247, 966 | 242, 301 | 274,345 | 236, 257 | 235, 349 | 209, 103 | 186, 295 | 215, 384 | 207, 362 | 219, 829 |  |  |  |
| Latin American Republics, total $\oplus$........do.... | 329, 824 | 290, 422 | 260, 995 | 298. 521 | 305, 809 | 350, 954 | 333, 718 | 295, 244 | 303,875 | 314,363 | 315, 147 | 279, 993 |  |  |
|  | 9,771 | 8, 081 | 8,006 | 8, 846 | 7,593 6744 | 10,504 | 8.272 53 | 8, 602 | 12,445 | 11,831 | 13, 737 | 8,103 |  |  |
| Crazil | 42, 174 17,668 | 42,580 14,595 | 48, 610 11,364 | 64, 117 14,659 | 67, 744 <br> 1.512 | 84,620 15.372 | 53, 369 12,689 | 43,461 13,150 | 35,023 12,802 | 46, 177 14.698 | 59,230 8,700 | 47, 667 12.102 |  |  |
| Color | 47,987 | 43, 161 | 24, 725 | 26,478 | 38, 210 | 33,392 | 23,788 | 29,624 | 28, 634 | 21.038 | 26,600 | 17, 084 |  |  |
| Cuba | 51, 710 | 41, 077 | 43, 858 | 37, 354 | 31, 892 | 23, 397 | 46, 295 | 46, 159 | 52,905 | 48.774 | 43, 845 | 51, 847 |  |  |
| Mexico | 34, 195 | 26, 794 | 28, 002 | 31,622 | 34, 276 | 47, 185 | 45,673 | 39,583 | 41,242 | 51,238 | 47, 835 | 30, 446 |  |  |
| Venezue | 79,961 | 74, 632 | 65, 452 | 73, 203 | 63,515 | 78,389 | 86, 241 | 71, 801 | 74, 986 | 71,091 | 68, 642 | 71, 236 |  |  |
| Imports for consumption, total.-------.-.-mill. of dol.- | 1,141.1 | 1,044.6 | 1,011.5 | 1,155.0 | 1,037.3 | 1,133. 5 | 1,109.0 | 956.4 | 1,064. 7 | 1,047.2 | 1,053.2 | 1,018.5 |  |  |
| By cconomic classes: ${ }^{\text {C }}$ | 290, 832 | 281, 569 | 278, 796 | 295, 436 | 243, 003 | 272,438 | 283, 726 | 218,262 | 228,499 | 218,605 | 217, 340 | 220, 609 |  |  |
| Crude foodstufl | 166, 423 | 139, 414 | 126, 579 | 161,277 | 192, 087 | 223, 588 | 186,604 | 157, 120 | 170, 364 | 182, 664 | 181, 771 | 134, 802 |  |  |
| Manufactured foods | 114, 640 | 105, 834 | 103, 794 | 119.873 | 98,517 | 101, 321 | 109,085 | 104, 934 | 128, 320 | 126, 746 | 128, 784 | 133. 180 |  |  |
| Semimanufactures......................--...-- -- do | 248, 496 | 233, 685 | 219, 863 | 245, 130 | 217, 739 | 241,073 | 220, 266 | 202, 836 | 228, 482 | 211,004 | 207,039 | 215, 765 |  |  |
| Finished manufactures | 320,756 | 284, 091 | 282, 477 | 333, 272 | 285, 494 | 295, 114 | 309, 287 | 273, 230 | 309, 006 | 308, 195 | 318,614 | 314, 136 |  |  |
| By mincipal commodities: $0^{7}$ Agricultural products, total | 323, 157 | 297, 429 | 288, 544 | 328, 307 | 331, 374 | 376, 136 | 356, 389 | 307, 198 | 339, 413 | 348,1663 | 342,460 | 290, 076 |  |  |
| Cocoa (cacao) beans, incl | 12, 474 | 4, 854 | 5,337 | 7,092 | 7,907 | 24, 460 | 18,349 | 18,772 | 20, 424 | 15,643 | 13,422 | 13,840 |  |  |
| Coffee | 109, 415 | 97, 339 | 81, 227 | 103, 161 | 131, 996 | J44, 890 | 116, 119 | 94. 564 | 93, 033 | 116, 466 | 118,785 | 76, 450 |  |  |
| Hides and skins. | 2, 887 | 4,578 | 4, 109 | 3, 973 | 3, 101 | 3, 221 | 3, 630 | 3, 410 | 4, 204 | 6, 403 | 4,638 | 5, 016 |  |  |
| Rubber, | 28, 289 | 30, 831 | 28, 341 | 32,117 33 | 27, 573 | 31,385 | 25,149 43 | 25,087 | 21, 919 | 18, 625 | 16, 281 | 13,742 |  |  |
| Woot and mohair, unmanufactured.-.-....-. do.- | 49,481 15,508 | 41,638 17,523 | 37,023 18,757 | 33,825 14,674 | - $\begin{aligned} & \text { 22, } 712 \\ & 11,877\end{aligned}$ | 19,322 11,243 | 43,366 17,607 | 44, 229 12.406 | 54, 866 16,401 | 50,903 15,461 | 43, 885 11,798 | 52, 102 |  |  |
| Nonagricultural products, total $\oplus$.----...-..- do... | 817,990 | 747,165 | 722, 965 | 826, 480 | 705, 966 | 757, 398 | 752, 580 | 649, 185 | 725, 258 | 699, 048 |  | 728,417 |  |  |
|  | 4, 927 | 4, 040 | 5, 850 | 4, 132 | 3,324 | 16,825 | 14, 130 | 9, 946 | 6,397 | 7,692 | -4,382 | 3,658 |  |  |
| Furs and manufactures. $\qquad$ do. $\qquad$ <br> Nonferrous ores, metals, and manufactures, total $\oplus-$------................................ | 107, 614 | 100, 755 | 101,365 | 107, 262 | 103, 227 | 113, 935 | 114, 375 | 79, 102 | 100,333 | 99, 513 | 88, 021 | 94, 299 |  |  |
| Copper, incl. ore and manafactures.....do..-- | 30, 900 | 26, 395 | 23,484 | 29, 443 | 26, 055 | 26, 185 | 40, 114 | 24, 813 | 26,238 | 26, 506 | 18,227 | 29, 146 |  |  |
| Tin, including ore............................ | 14,646 | 11, 034 | 11, 722 | 8,844 | 8,269 | 4. 527 | 5,863 | 5, 866 | 10, 761 | 9, 212 | 9, 603 | 12, 995 |  |  |
|  | 25, 844 | 28, 788 | 26, 954 | 32, 453 | 26,506 | 22, 870 | 22,066 | 24, 098 | 25, 558 | 23,572 | 22, 675 | 27, 778 |  |  |
|  |  | 51, 045 | 52, 523 | 59,576 | 50, 993 | 50, 199 | 50, 521 | 46, 185 | 48,712 | 53,096 | 52, 826 | 51, 684 |  |  |
|  |  | 139, 995 | 118, 432 | 136, 979 | 119,878 | 137,294 | 154, 029 | 126, 432 | 137, 056 | 127, 129 | 119, 784 | 141, 244 |  |  |
| ${ }^{-}$Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ Data include Southern British Africa ( 1957 monthly average imports, \$1,250). : For Colony of Singapore only (imports from Federation of Malayia, formerly included, totaled $\$ 7,557,000$ in January 1958). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| †tsee similar note on p. S-21. TSee similar note on p. S-21. OData for semimanufactures reported as "special category, type i" are included with fimished manufactures. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TIncludes data not shown separately. §Excludes 1 -percent sample and inclusion of fully compiled data on except for a few individual commodities. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { s "special } \\ & \text { n } \$ 100-\$ 2: \end{aligned}$ | category <br> 50 formal | type 1"e ntries (p) | xports. <br> ceionsi | $\begin{aligned} & \text { dBequin } \\ & \text { mised on } \end{aligned}$ | ang Janu | ry 1958 , | $\begin{array}{r} \text { figures } \mathbf{r} \\ \text { Com } \end{array}$ | ct chat | with ea | er perio | is not imom | mertan | d froma |


| Inless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | July | Angust | Septem- ber | October | November | December | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August |

## TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS

| TRANSPORTATION <br> Airlines |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operations on scheduled airlines: Viles flown revenue | 62, 058 | 63, 562 | (60) 707 | 61,398 | 57, 222 | 61, 637 | 616.558 | 53.713 | $r$ 59,455 | r 58,833 | 60, 356 | 62, 151 |  |  |
| Fxpress and freight ton-miles flown-.............do. do... | 21, 969 | 23, 651 | 23,007 | 24,180 | 20,684 | 21, 730 | 20.599 | 19,193 | ${ }^{r} 21,904$ | r 21,063 | 22,614 | 22, 660 |  |  |
|  | 7,552 | 7, 749 | -7,219 | 8,214 | 7,761 | 11,082 | 8. 275 | 7,829 | - ${ }^{\text {3, }} 629$ | $\stackrel{+}{\cdot 8,693}$ | -8,622 | 8, 038 |  |  |
| Pissengers originated, revenue ----.-.........-do. ${ }^{\text {do. }}$ | 3, 525 | 3.741 | 3,445; | 3,483 | 3,113 | 3,274 | 3,341 | 2,889 | r3, 274 | + 3,339 | 3,275 | 3,575 |  |  |
| Passenger-miles flown, revenue.................millions.- | 2,253 | 2,349 | 2. 100 | 2,015 | 1,790 | 2, $\mathbf{2 3 1}$ | 2,072 | 1.716 | 2,003 | 2,028 | 1,963 | 2.280 |  |  |
| Express Operations |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Transportation revenues................. thous. of dol-- | 24, 405 | 30, 770 | 31,961 | 34, 139 | 31,469 | 38,072 | 28, 265 | 25,781 | 29,931 | 29,428 | 28, 553 | 29.667 |  |  |
| Express privilege payments.........---...........do.-. | 7, 278 | 11,351 | 11. 192 | 12,779 | 9, 535 | 13, 115 | 6,997 | 4,865 | 9. 9.117 | -9,270 | 8,478 | 10,095 |  |  |
| Lacal Transit Lines |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fares, average cash rate $\oplus$.....-...............cents | 15.8 | 15.9 | 9 | 16.0 | 16.0 | 16.1 | 2 | 16.2 | 2 | 16.4 | 16.4 | 7 | 16.9 |  |
|  | 16.8 111.9 | 646 111.2 | ${ }^{664}$ | 114.3 | 1675 112.4 | 701 118.0 | 677 111.7 | 615 102.7 | 681 111.7 | 677 113.2 | 683 113.0 | 622 104.6 | 95 |  |
| Class I Motor Carriers (Intercity) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Carriers of property (quarterly totals): <br> Number of reporting carriers |  |  | ${ }_{980}^{837}$ |  |  | ${ }^{89} 836$ |  |  | 885878 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating revenues, total.-.--------- thous of dol.- |  |  | 980, 490 |  |  | ${ }^{995}{ }^{\text {97, } 1463}$ |  |  | 885.162 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Carriers of passengers (quarterly totals): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of reporting carriers...-. |  |  | ${ }_{125}^{150}$ |  |  | ${ }^{148}$ |  |  | 143 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating revenues, total....-.-.-.....thous. of dol- |  |  | 125, 552 |  |  | 97, 625 |  |  | 83, 113 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 103,380 72,094 |  |  | 92, 328 |  |  | 87, 205 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenue passengers carried...-...........thousands.. |  |  | 72, 194 |  |  | 64, 735 |  |  | 55,077 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Class I Rail ways |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Freight carloading (A. A. R.):0º |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total cars.............-.-..-............- thousands-- | 2,708 | ${ }^{+3,737}$ | 2. 851 | 2,920 | 3, 223 | 2, 221 | 2, 164 | 2, 108 | 2. 702 | 2, 105 | 2,729 | 2,489 | 2. 138 | 3,146 |
| Coke | $\begin{array}{r}405 \\ 41 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 683 55 5 | 544 41 18 | $\begin{array}{r}543 \\ 40 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 635 47 | $\begin{array}{r}461 \\ 33 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}457 \\ 28 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}427 \\ 28 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}533 \\ 30 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 366 21 | 467 26 | 467 23 | 259 20 120 | 560 29 |
|  | 149 | 209 | 149 | 148 | 175 | 132 | 136 | 139 | 166 | 131 | 169 | 148 | 128 | 192 |
| Grain and grain products....-..............-do. | 251 | 278 | 182 | 211 | 254 | 213 | 208 | 196 | 244 | 200 | 230 | 242 | 265 | 317 |
|  | 20 | 29 | 35 | 49 | 47 | 21 | 21 | 17 | 24 | 20 | ${ }^{27}$ | 18 | 15 | 24 |
|  | r 364 201 101 | 437 275 | ${ }_{217}^{323}$ | 289 | 191 | $\begin{array}{r}64 \\ 173 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 63 166 | $\begin{array}{r}54 \\ 179 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 74 239 | 56 185 | 149 | 208 | 204 164 1 | 276 237 |
| Miscrllaneous... | 1,277 | r 1.771 | 1.361 | 1.419 | 1,626 | 1,123 | 1,086 | 1,067 | 1,391 | 1,126 | 1,443 | 1,207 | 1,083 | 1.511 |
| Freight carloadings (Federal Reserve indexes): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 118 90 | 126 | 125 | 123 | 114 108 | 102 99 | ${ }_{97}^{99}$ | 93 <br> 89 <br> 8 | 94 85 | ${ }_{75}^{93}$ | 97 79 | 106 93 | 97 62 | 107 93 |
|  | 136 | 139 | 134 | 125 | 121 | 107 | 92 | 88 | 75 | 65 | 67 | 71 | 67 | 75 |
| Forest products.....-...-.......................- do | 127 | 135 | 125 | 121 | 116 | 112 | 115 | 111 | 108 | 106 | 112 | 118 | 110 | 125 |
| Grain and grain products....................do...- | 183 | 155 | 135 | 147 | 148 | 155 | 152 | 136 | 138 | 140 | 131 | 172 | 196 | 173 |
|  | $\begin{array}{r}36 \\ 331 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 42 305 | $\begin{array}{r}65 \\ 295 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}89 \\ 245 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}65 \\ 127 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 39 <br> 59 | 38 56 | 31 48 48 | 34 <br> 52 | 37 50 | $\begin{array}{r}38 \\ 112 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}32 \\ 182 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}28 \\ 188 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | -354 |
|  | ${ }_{33}$ | 35 | 36 | 35 | 32 | 28 | ${ }_{28} 8$ | 29 | 30 | 29 | 28 | 28 | 27 | 31 |
|  | 126 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 126 | 110 | 106 | 101 | 105 | 107 | 111 | 114 | 107 | 114 |
| Total, seasonally adjusted $\odot .-$---..............do | 113 | 121 | 115 | 114 | 112 | 110 | 109 | 101 | 100 | 95 | 97 | 103 | 93 | 104 |
|  | 90 | 113 | 117 | 112 | 108 | 99 | 97 | 89 | 85 | 75 | 79 | 93 | 62 | 93 |
|  | 140 | 145 | 136 | 127 | 121 | 102 | 87 | 83 | 74 | 6 | 68 | 73 | 69 | 79 |
| Forest products....-...-......-...............-do. | 126 | 129 | 116 | 115 | 118 | 125 | 128 | 115 | 118 | 106 | 108 | 114 | 110 | 119 |
| Grain and grain products....................do. | 152 | 143 | 120 | 147 | 151 | 165 | 152 | 139 | 150 | 159 | 149 | 199 | 164 | 160 |
| Livestock | 43 | 44 | 49 | 57 | 52 | 41 | 40 | 38 | 44 | 42 | 42 | 37 | 37 | 36 |
|  | 207 | 203 | 196 | 152 | 152 | 192 | 222 | 191 | 181 | 70 | 70 | 118 | 117 | 129 |
|  | 33 | 35 | 34 | 33 | 32 | 30 | 29 | 30 | 30 | 29 | 28 | 28 | 27 | 30 |
| Miscellaneous®............................... do...- | 125 | 133 | 124 | 123 | 121 | 117 | 116 | 110 | 108 | 108 | 110 | 110 | 106 | 113 |
| Fright-car surplus and shortage, daily average: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 20,437 9,285 | 12,749 6,829 | 11,756 | 12,781 5,913 | 19,965 9,275 | -54, $\mathbf{1 8 , 2 3 7}$ | 105, 35,032 | 112,229 34,259 | 110,576 33,844 | 124,247 37,036 | -129,834 | 83,218 39,354 | 92,047 29,034 | 61,094 17.588 |
|  | 4,278 | 84 | 668 | 133 | 2,376 | 23,057 | 52,482 | 57, 700 | 58, 148 | 67, 579 | 63,514 | 29,433 | 46,830 | 28, 959 |
|  | 1,608 | 2, 798 | 1,626 | 1,450 | 245 | 29 | 46 | 67 | 160 | 19 | 35 | 614 | 569 | 1,577 |
|  | -672 | 688 | ${ }^{418}$ | 518 | 127 | 23 | 18 | 4 | 31 | 8 | 6 | 399 | 525 | 1,441 |
|  | 859 | 2,015 | 1,162 | 903 | 92 | 0 | 1 | 17 | 0 | 0 | 21 | 183 | 17 | 60 |
| Financial operations: <br> Operating revenues, total $\%$ $\qquad$ mil. of dol. | -873.9 | 929.9 | 873.0 | 927.3 | 829.9 | 824.8 | 778.4 | 692.8 | 767.6 | 743.7 | 758.9 | 791.6 | 779.5 |  |
|  | r 735.7 | 788.8 | 747.2 | 800.2 | ${ }^{7110.3}$ | 676.5 | 660.2 | 589.9 | 655.0 | 630.8 | 643.7 | 666.0 | 648.5 |  |
|  | 61.2 | 68.8 701.3 | 56.4 673.1 | 52.5 697.6 | 52.9 666.0 | 65.0 683.6 | 57.7 650.0 | 48.7 599.4 | 50.5 623.6 | 51.5 609.9 | 53.6 621.4 | 63.0 620.4 | 65.4 |  |
| Operating expenses - dordity and equipment rents | 695.5 | 701.3 | 673.1 | 697.6 | 666.0 | 683.6 | 650.0 | 599.4 | 623.6 | 609.9 | 621.4 | 620.4 |  |  |
| Tax accruals, joint facility and equipment rents mil. of dol | 108. 6 | 132.2 | 115.7 | 130.1 | 99.7 | 82.1 | 96.6 | 84.4 | 100.0 | 96.9 | 93.6 | 104.1 |  |  |
| Not railway operating income...-.............do...- | 68.5 | 96.4 | 84.2 | 99.6 | 64.2 | 59.0 | 31.8 | 8. ${ }^{9}$ | 44.0 | 36.9 | 44, 0 | 67.2 | 51.6 |  |
| Net incomef $\ddagger$ | 48.2 | 79.5 | 63.7 | 79.8 | 45.2 | 73.6 | 16.7 | ${ }^{4} 10.7$ | 24.5 | 16.7 | 27.3 | 49.4 |  |  |
| Freight carried 1 mile...............mil. of ton-miles.. | 51, 624 | 57, 099 | 53, 162 | 55,629 | 50, 192 | 45,995 | 46, 508 | 41,300 | 46, 592 | 43,002 | 46,335 | 47,113 |  |  |
| Revenue per ton-mile.-.....................cents.- | 1.466 | 1. 405 | 1. 443 | 1.473 | 1.462 | 1. 504 | 1.468 | 1. 472 | 1. 454 | 1. 503 | 1.443 |  |  |  |
| Passengers carried 1 mile, revenue...---.--millions.-- | 2, 626 | 2, 537 | 1,997 | 1,821 | 1,776 | 2,259 | 1,966 | 1,621 | 1,719 | 1,764 | 1,831 |  |  |  |
| Waterway Traffic |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clearances, vessels in foreign trade: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tetal U. S. ports................thous. of net tons.- Foreign vessels | 14,811 11,357 | 15,629 12.229 | 13,552 10,905 | 14,164 11,359 | 12,774 10,238 | 11,912 9,894 | 11,571 9,547 | 9,759 7,910 | 11,680 9,550 | 11,692 9,546 | 13,107 10,588 |  |  |  |
|  | - 3 3,454 | 3,400 | 2, 647 | 2,810 | 2,536 | 2,018 | 2,024 | 1,849 | 2,130 | 2,146 | 2,519 |  |  |  |
| Pamama Canal: |  |  |  |  | 3, 994 | 4,058 | 3,735 | 3,420 | 4,055 | 3,863 | 4,072 | 3.911 |  |  |
| Total United States vessels | 1,087 | 1, 1 , 040 | 3,983 | +929 | 3, 832 | 4, 892 | ${ }^{3} 813$ | 3, 771 | +950 | ${ }^{3,853}$ | +930 | 1,087 |  |  |

${ }^{r}$ Revised. ${ }^{\circ}$ Deficit. p Preliminary.
$\oplus$ Revisions for 1956 for average cash fares are shown in the January 1958 SuRver and for operating revenues, in the April 1958 issue.
$\checkmark^{\circ}$ Data for August and November 1957 and March, May, and Angust 1958 cover 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks.
ORevisions for February and March 1955 and 1956 are footnoted in the A pril 1958 SURvex.
Includes data not shown separately.
$\ddagger$ Revision for June 1957, $\$ 57,700.000$.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | July | August | Septem- ber | October | November | Deceniher | January | February | March | April | May | June | July | August |

## TRANSPORTATION AND COMNUNICATIONS-Continued

| TRANSPORTATION-Continued Travel |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A verage sale per occupied room................dollars. . | 7.93 | 8. 79 | 8. 58 | 9.01 | \&, 81 | 7.98 | 8. 31 | 8.31 | 8.04 | 8.68 | 8.15 | 8.73 | 8.17 |  |
| Rooms occupied ............-..........percent of total. | 63 | 68 | 71 | 77 | 67 | 54 | 68 | 69 | 67 | ${ }^{69}$ | 68 | 89 | 8. 60 |  |
| Restaurant sales index ......-same month $1929=100$ | 252 | 270 | 271 | 272 | 262 | 241 | 259 | 254 | 243 | 265 | 303 | 280 | 242 |  |
| Foreign travel: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U. S. citizens: Arrivals.........-.-.-.----.-. ${ }^{\text {number }}$ | 149,640 | 186, 508 | 157,049 | 119, 148 | 95,909 | 93,952 | 95.814 | 93, 460 | 109, 116 | 105, 173 | 117.417 | 141, 362 |  |  |
| Departures...-----------.-.-.- do...- | 175, 608 | 144, 292 | 115, 945 | 95, 824 | 79, 431 | 100, 117 | 107, 711 | 100. 548 | 113,162 | 117.156 | 134, 768 |  |  |  |
|  | 85, 261 | 95, 866 | 102,092 | 81, 104 | 68,036 | 67, 926 | 606. 587 | 56, 307 | 77, 174 | 77, 151 | 86, 398 | 91,989 |  |  |
|  | 60, 425 | 61, 642 | 64, 213 | 55. 740 | 49, 478 | 61, 308 | 37, 206 | 45, 516 | 57, 642 | 60, 139 | 70, 774 |  |  |  |
|  | 51, 892 | 42,320 | 32, 089 | 30, 387 | 26. 262 | 28, 419 | 48, 238 | 56, 521 | 75,652 | 99, 054 | 88, 168 | 73,251 | 59,062 | 46,424 |
| National parks, visitors.......-.------....- thousands.. | 5,033 | 5,076 | 2,227 | 1. 073 | 430 | 342 | 382 | 371 | 410 | 188 | 1,350 | 3,095 | 5, 116 |  |
| Pullman Co.: <br> Revenue passenger-miles millions | 430 | 428 | 386 | 399 | 364 | 420 | 462 | 374 | 381 | 354 | 345 | 397 |  |  |
|  | f. 536 | 6,496 | 5. 870 | 6. 062 | 5,522 | 6. 382 | 7.044 | 5,765 | 5.938 | 5. 585 | 5,376 | 6,153 |  |  |
| COMMUNICATIONS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Telephone carriers: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 311,922 | 313, 230 | 315, 464 | 325, 268 | 564, 297 | 579,975 331,492 | 373,513 | 539, 330,850 | 333, 729 | 338, 933 | -388, 1614 | 590, 595 |  |  |
|  | 194,478 | 199, 107 | 181, 062 | 197,052 | 187, 063 | 19f, 124 | 191, 674 | 176, 685 | 192, 665 | 192, 266 | 196, 798 | 197, 218 |  |  |
| Operating expenses, before taxes..........-.-.-.-. do.... | 378,526 | 367, 918 | 354. 793 | 381, 304 | 366, 209 | 392. 194 | 381, 312 | 358, 127 | 374, 632 | 371, 723 | 369, 177 | 360, 538 |  |  |
| Net operating income.............................do. do... | 72,385 | 80, 707 | 80. 111 | 80.690 | 83, 700 | 79, 545 | 79.442 | 81, 826 | 84, 489 | 87, 478 | 93.071 | 97, 391 |  |  |
| Phones tn service, end of month....-. . thonsands.- | 54,444 | 54.677 | 54,923 | 55, 309 | 55, 536 | 55, 781 | 55, 959 | 56, 101 | 56, 244 | 56,426 | 56, 635 | 56,834 |  |  |
| Telegraph, cable, and radiotelegraph carriers: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wire-telegraph: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating revenues..-...........-....thous of dol.- Operating expenses, incl. depreciation...... do..- | 20,430 18,943 | 20,673 18,535 | 20,435 18,035 | 20.970 18,412 | 18,745 17,533 | 20,330 17 17 | 19.467 17.972 | 17,952 16.489 | 19,360 17,413 | 14,698 17.770 | 19,961 18,070 | 20,229 18,011 |  |  |
| Net operating revenues.-------------------.-. do. | 545 | 1.358 | 1,572 | 1.731 | 451 | 2,075 | 497 | 536 | 986 | 1.032 | 977 | 1,335 |  |  |
| Ocean-cable: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3,041 2,548 | 2,796 2,463 | 2, 840 2,471 | 3,243 2. 282 | 2.995 2.322 | 3.2048 $2.3 \times 7$ | 3,188 2,415 | 2,891 2,200 | 3,071 2,288 | 2,854 2,213 | 2,946 2,394 | 2,899 2,245 |  |  |
|  | 2,548 198 | 2.463 48 | 2, 471 | 2. 282 | 2,322 389 | 2. $3 \times 7$ | 2,415 464 | 2,200 418 | 2, 288 | 2, 213 | 2,394 +283 | 2, 245 |  |  |
| Radiotelegraph: |  | + 48 | , 92 | 600 | 390 | , 3139 |  | 3. 101 | . 313 | - 3 |  |  |  |  |
| Operating revenues | 3,450 2,739 | 3,411 2,637 | 3,410 2,684 | 3,660 2,771 | 3,260 2,648 | 3,439 2.895 | 3,432 2,815 | 3,101 2,646 | 3,343 2,737 | 3,340 2,705 | 3,508 2,814 | 3,395 2,724 |  |  |
| Operating expenses, incl. depreciation........ do <br> Net operating revenues. $\qquad$ do | $\begin{array}{r}2,739 \\ \hline 599\end{array}$ | 2,637 670 | 2,684 613 | 2,771 | $\begin{array}{r}2,648 \\ \hline 512\end{array}$ | 2.895 443 | 2,815 503 | 2,646 342 | 2, 737 | 2,705 522 | 2,814 | 2,724 |  |  |

CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS

| CHEMICALS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Inorganic chemicals, production: $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ammonia, synthetic anhydrous (commercial) short tons | 293,661 | 294,507 | 290,624 | 322, 557 | 310, 535 | 317, 199 | 326.896 | 286, 734 | 339, 015 | 329.837 | 348, 158 | 336, 309 |  |  |
| Calcium carbide (commercial) .-.-.-...........do. | 83,009 | 87,581 | 88,942 | 86, 587 | 86, 500 | 86,958 | 81,538 | 66, 849 | 75, 815 | 70, 464 | 73, 503 | 59,726 |  |  |
| Carbon dioxide, liquid, gas, and solid...-.......do | 102, 664 | 98,972 | 78,071 | 71,427 | 60, 075 | 79,685 | 58, 055 | 51, 892 | 50, 835 | 62, 141 | r 73, 598 | 84, 716 |  |  |
| Chlorine, gas.-...-.-.-.......- do | 383, 137 | 323, 404 | 329, 627 | 338, 297 | 319, 749 | 320, 994 | 311, 579 | 267, 513 | 288,817 | 277, 527 | 287, 890 | 279, 637 |  |  |
| Пydrochloric acid ( $100 \% \mathrm{HCl}$ ).................... do | 75,785 | 77,770 | 76, 550 | 81, 811 | 78, 331 | 78,049 | 76,398 | 64, 798 | 66,090 | 65, 560 | +67, 670 | 64, 291 |  |  |
|  | 210, 125 | 234, 772 | 217, 441 | 250,362 | 231. 100 | 247, 025 | 252,085 | 213, 289 | 242, 097 | 235, 477 | 210,050 | 175, 535 |  |  |
| Oxygen (high purity) | 2, 414 | 2, 647 | 2, 645 | 2,797 | 2, 620 | 2,435 | 2,650 | 2, 559 | 2, 592 | 2, 583 | г2,983 | 3, 067 |  |  |
| Phosphoric acld ( $50 \% \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{PO} \mathrm{O}_{4}$ ) Sodium carbonate (soda ash), synthetic ( $58 \% \mathrm{Na}$ ( ${ }^{\text {aO}}$ ) | 331, 608 | 353, 015 | 373, 648 | 384, 834 | 356, 873 | 340, 745 | 395, 400 | 373,109 | 428, 470 | 433, 672 | 422,968 | 384, 580 |  |  |
| short tons. | 358, 741 | 391, 615 | 368, 917 | 401,774 | 404, 143 | 372, 603 | 362, 799 | 346, 410 | 373,651 | 334, 966 | 345,987 | 338, 370 |  |  |
| Sodium bichromate and chromate............-do... | 6,286 | 8, 166 | 8,544 | 8,982 | 8, 693 | 9,276 | 8,765 | 7,210 | 7,976 | 6, 444 | 8.761 | 7,651 |  |  |
| Sodium bydroxide ( $100 \% \mathrm{NaOH}$ ) | 362,924 | 354, 015 | 367, 350 | 375,059 | 361, 583 | 361, 104 | 353,908 | 309, 177 | 333, 243 | 321,958 | 330.998 | r317, 146 |  |  |
| short tons. | 41,156 | 46,045 | 53, 867 | 58,500 | 47,670 | 43,344 | ${ }^{1} 41,302$ | ${ }^{1} 40,352$ | + 46, 597 | 138,557 | ${ }^{1} 34,636$ | 1 32,789 |  |  |
| Sodium sulfate (Olauber's salt and crude salt cake) short tons. | 65,448 | 65,552 | 63,650 | 74,754 | 72,709 | 66,179 | 70,037 | 60, 761 | 69,808 | 65.852 | -60.506 | 53, 232 |  |  |
| Sulfuric acid: <br> Production ( $100 \% \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ ) .....thous. of short tons.Price, wholesale, $66^{\circ}$, tanks, at works | 1,292 | 1,313 | 1,357 | 1,441 | 1,326 | 1,307 | 1,351 | 1,214 | I, 364 | 1297 | 1,310 | 1,216 |  |  |
| Organic chemicals: ${ }^{7}$ dol. per short ton-- | 22.35 | 22.35 | 22.35 | 22.35 | 22.35 | 22.35 | 22.35 | 22.35 | 22.35 | 22.35 | 22. 35 | 22.35 | - 22.35 |  |
| Acetic acid (synthetic and natural), production thous. of lb_ | 45, 643 | 51, 726 | 50, 725 | 48, 168 | 47,259 | 48,829 | 47, 517 | 39, 710 | 40, 210 | 40, 791 | 44, 279 | 47,906 |  |  |
| Acetic anhydride, production...--........-....d. do-..- | 67, 140 | 76, 886 | 81, 027 | 84,238 | 85, 266 | 86, 675 | 80, 808 | 78, 233 | 71, 259 | 67, 258 | -6,586 | 89,871 |  |  |
| Acetylsalicylic acid (aspirin), productio Alcohol, ethyl: | 943 | 1,240 | 1,569 | 1,907 | 1,774 | 2,034 | 2,144 | 1,778 | 2,022 | 1, 910 | 1,759 | 1,695 |  |  |
|  | -35, 709 | 41,481 | 39,048 | 41.109 | 42, 654 | 41,373 | 46, 363 | 39,345 | 42,733 | 42,146 | 44, 048 | 38,858 | 39,339 |  |
| Stocks, end of month, total | 28,542 | 28, 908 | 26, 043 | 24441 | 27, 775 | 33, 582 | 36, 190 | 29, 923 | 30, 444 | 31, 631 | 35, 551 | 37,738 | 37, 757 |  |
| In industrial alcohol bonded warehouses.. do. | 19,880 | 23, 517 | 20,780 | 20,360 | 23, 460 | 29, 296 | 31,694 | 25, 740 | 28,033 | 29.016 | 32,504 | 35,113 | 34, 840 |  |
| In denaturing plants........-.......-.-.-. do | 8, 666 | 5,390 | 5,263 | 4.081 | 4,315 | 4,287 | 4,496 | 4,183 | 2,410 | 2, 615 | 3, 048 | 2, 624 | 2,917 |  |
|  | 35, 910 | 37, 551 | 35, 180 | 41,087 | 38,319 | 35, 674 | 40.651 | 35, 535 | 39,009 | 40.413 | 39,499 | 35, 802 | 36. 320 |  |
| Withdrawn tax-paid | 725 | 812 | 901 | 942 | 1,163 | 741 | 758 | 1.050 | 763 | 882 | 898 | 800 | 600 |  |
| Alcohol, denatured: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production................-.-...thous, of wine gal | 19,403 | 20,648 | 19,041 | 22, 218 | 20, 672 | 19, 293 | 21.885 | 19, 122 | 20,990 | 21,756 | 21, 230 | 19,288 | 19,598 |  |
| Consumption (withdrawals) -...-.-.-.-.-.-.-. do | 19,005 5,561 | 21,534 4,607 | 18,042 5,576 | 22.985 4.978 | 21.808 3.870 | 19, 676 | 21,895 3,470 | 19,473 3,228 | 20,412 | 20,925 | 20,041 | 19, 385 | 18.831 |  |
| Stocks, end of month | 5,561 | 4,607 | 5,576 | 4,978 | 3,870 | 3,57] | 3,470 | 3,228 | 3,868 | 4, 436 | 5,949 | 5,865 | 6,808 |  |
| Creosote oil, production..-.-.----....thous. of gal.- | 9,171 | 10, 895 | 9, 812 | 10,244 | 9,936 | 9, 729 | 8,506 | 7,339 | 8,540 | 8,509 | 8,634 | 9,354 |  |  |
| DDT, production .-.......-...-..........thous. of lb.- | 11,058 | 9,306 | 9, 193 | 8, 932 | 9, 017 | 8,870 | 10,451 | 10,793 | 11, 881 | 11,351 | 12, 185 | 12,173 |  |  |
| Ethyl acotate ( $85 \%$ ), production..............- do | 8,038 | 7,416 | 6,938 | 9,801 | 9,002 | 9,074 | 6,281 | 5,314 | 6, 198 | 3,879 | 5,764 | 6,287 |  |  |
| Ethylene glycol, production...-....--.-......- do. | 106, 183 | 109, 117 | 105, 236 | 104, 543 | 106, 358 | 103,997 | 106,806 | 94,875 | 89,167 | 84, 730 | 89, 542 | 88, 210 |  |  |
| Formaldehyde ( $37 \%$ FCHO), production .-. do | 93, 383 | 103,324 | 105, 068 | 123, 410 | 117,081 | 104,46if | 111,467 | 104, 163 | 110, 881 | 98,319 | 103, 721 | 108,888 |  |  |
| Glycerin, refined, all grades: <br> Production. | 16,853 | 22,012 | 21,770 | 22,909 | 19,799 | 20, 46i5 |  | 17,840 | 18, 112 | 15,902 |  | 17,944 |  |  |
|  | 15,638 | 18,022 | 16, 762 | 18,692 | 16,211 | 14, 470 | 15, 628 | 14,731 | 15, 602 | 16,391 | 15, 1683 | 17,944 | 15,351 15,502 |  |
| Stocks, end of month------.---.-.-.-.-.-.-.- do | 52, 065 | 53,635 | 55, 4.52 | 54, 288 | 53,734 | 61. 149 | 191, 429 | 62, 163 | 60, 416 | 56,232 | 52,698 | 49,737 | 46, 324 |  |
| Metbanol, production: Natural | 186 | 165 | 101 | 107 | 134 | 148 | 165 | 167 | 196 | 180 | 195 | 175 |  |  |
|  | 16, 692 | 18,000 | r 16, 488 | 18, 6 fif 5 | 17, 747 | 19, 888 | 18, 197 | 16,965 | 18,585 | 16,430 | 19,162 | 16,092 |  |  |
| Phthalic anhydride, production........thous. of lb. | 27, 400 | 24, 240 | 29,653 | 30, 317 | 31,231 | 31,913 | 25,436 | 22,638 | 27.340 | 24.090 | 23.904 | 23,426 |  |  |


| Jnless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | July | August | Septem- ber | October | November | December | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August |

## CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS-Continued

| FERTILIZERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Jonsumption (10 States) $\oplus$. .-.... thous. of short tons.- | 286 | 185 | 301 | 411 | 334 | 287 | 314 | 433 | r 1,134 | 1,648 | 1,314 | 902 |  |  |
|  | 567, 635 | 582, 497 | 503,418 | 464,974 | 392,048 | 361, 631 | 310,929 | 289,916 | 361, 372 | 480,615 | 440, 893 | 492, 271 |  |  |
|  | 73, 414 | 87, 709 | 57, 439 | 89, 941 | 70, 852 | 72, 221 | 60,753 | 80, 534 | 40, 681 | 56, 565 | 30, 582 | 54, 721 |  |  |
|  | 437, 157 | 440, 652 | 394, 737 | 327, 238 | 264,064 | 272, 165 | 216,203 | 176, 185 | 254, 519 | 349, 964 | 340,998 | 389, 777 |  |  |
|  | 37, 482 | 26, 145 | 34, 449 | 20, 608 | 41,859 | 7,722 | 16,992 | 17,508 | 54, 118 | 52, 547 | 53,391 | 37, 403 |  |  |
| [mports, total $\%$------------------------------ do | 123, 050 | 181,947 | 180, 198 | 192, 190 | 205, 134 | 211, 548 | 298, 502 | 300, 212 | r 374,303 | 262.087 | 158, 349 | 139,356 |  |  |
| Nitrogenous materials, total $\%$...........-........- do. | 75, 805 | 105, 840 | 108, 899 | 106, 965 | 155, 271 | 160, 757 | 220, 121 | 137, 632 | r 158, 364 | 138, 295 | 87, 726 | 91, 075 |  |  |
|  | 26. 160 | 36, 049 | 36, 449 | 21,724 | 88, 290 | 50, 771 | 36, 109 | 33, 552 | 32, 862 | 39,395 | 36,903 | 52,527 |  |  |
|  | 11, 237 | 12, 027 | 7,256 | 17, 838 | 10, 079 | 9,439 | 14,813 | 7,926 | + 10,759 | 6,392 | 8,547 | 7. 169 |  |  |
| Potash materials .---------------.-..........-do | 18, 023 | 41,678 | 35, 839 | 41, 720 | 22,839 | 26, 194 | 39,905 | 124,828 | 23,560 | 55,731 | 7,494 | 11,858 |  |  |
| Price, wholesale, nitrate of soda, crude, f. o. b. cars, port warehouses. $\qquad$ dol. per short ton. | 48.00 | 48.00 | 48.00 |  | 49.75 | 49.75 | 49.75 | 49.75 | 49.75 | 49.75 | 49.75 | 49.75 | $p 49.75$ |  |
| Potash deliveries | 90,904 | 114, 455 | 158,612 | 113,306 | 160, 852 | 124, 833 | 173, 131 | 153, 573 | 245, 330 | 314,277 | 151,371 | 57, 283 | 114, 434 |  |
| Superphosphate ( $100 \%$ available phosphoric acid): | 165, 869 | 172,8 | 191.9 | 218,245 |  | 213 | 22 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 312,909 | 324,846 | 346,814 | 342,657 | 375,678 | 407,022 | 417, 598 | 410, 915 | 358, 747 | 274, 457 | 267, 418 | -172,619 |  |  |
| MISCELLANEOUS <br> Exnlosives (industrial), shipments: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Black blasting powder.-...-.-.-.......thous. of lb-- | 210 | 195 | 307 | 299 | 352 | 340 | 293 | 259 | 190 | 106 | 91 | 132 | 193 |  |
|  | 82,007 | 80,288 | 86,887 | 82, 141 | 69,603 | 68, 154 | 64, 719 | 58,393 | 61,394 | 64, 580 | 66,327 | 68,234 | 61, 432 |  |
| Sulfur (native): <br> Production. thous. of long tons | 460 | 470 | 445 | 462 | 446 | 472 | 461 | 415 | 429 | 403 | 415 | 384 | 359 |  |
| Stocks (producers'), end of month.............do.... | 4,153 | 4,173 | 4,273 | 4,305 | 4,355 | 4,423 | 4,540 | 4,621 | 4,621 | 4. 638 | -4,620 | 4, 662 | 4,721 |  |
| FATS, OILS, OILSEEDS, AND BYPRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Animal fats and greases: $\sigma^{7}$ Tallow, edible: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 22, 102 | 25,682 | 23,377 | 23,046 | 25, 786 | 23, 132 | 24,755 | 25, 698 | 22,503 | 22,592 | 27,379 | 25,253 | 24,348 |  |
|  | 23, 855 | 24, 260 | 24, 086 | 23, 850 | 23, 137 | 17, 763 | 20,791 | 25, 430 | 22,900 | 21, 443 | 24, 376 | 23.535 | 24, 859 |  |
| Stocks (incl. refined grades), end of month .-do. | 17, 107 | 16,900 | 15, 055 | 13,352 | 13, 901 | 19, 763 | 23,458 | 23,927 | 20,691 | 20,933 | 24, 047 | 23,812 | 20,838 |  |
| Tallow and grease (except wool), inedible: Productiont | 211, 120 | 227, 447 | 208,097 | 237,040 | 223, 282 | 211, 279 | 231, 653 | 203, 628 | 193, 459 | 199,340 | 205,720 | 199,863 | 204, 902 |  |
| Consumption, factory $\ddagger$ | 109, 670 | 152,561 | 140, 566 | 155,053 | 137, 141 | 132, 330 | 148, 147 | 126, 104 | 135,987 | 129, 185 | 128,091 | 127, 154 | 114,480 |  |
| Stocks (excl. refined grades), end of month_ do | 253, 161 | 247, 307 | 231, 469 | 239, 287 | 249, 102 | 270,070 | 267, 193 | 244, 655 | 230, 809 | 233,836 | 229, 349 | 240, 242 | 244,046 |  |
| Fish and marine mammal oils: $\triangle$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production $\ddagger$ - | 34, 146 | 25, 742 | 22, 958 | 23,743 | 8,387 | 6, 419 | 384 | 440 | 647 | 1,547 | 16, 248 | - 26,791 | 24, 569 |  |
| Consumption, factory $\ddagger$ | 12, 161 | 10,785 | 12, 249 | 13,753 | 10,640 | 12,329 | 10, 209 | 9,619 | 10,790 | 8, 576 | 3,320 | $+9,064$ +96501 | 8,362 |  |
| Stocks, end of month.- | 83, 788 | 77, 512 | 82,035 | 92,372 | 89, 110 | 78,480 | 71,148 | 66, 532 | 59,032 | 78, 123 | 84,732 | r96,601 | 104, 343 |  |
| egetable oils, oilseeds, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 436 | 464 | 486 | 661 | 641 | 599 | 614 | 528 | 552 | 526 | 511 | 450 | 457 |  |
| Consumption, crude, factory $\ddagger$.....-...........-do. | 420 | 464 | 438 | 585 | 537 | 531 | 606 | 540 | 559 | 565 | 568 | 539 | 464 |  |
| Stocks, end of month: $\ddagger$ Crude. | 492 | 462 | 478 | 511 | 609 | 675 | 659 | 648 | 668 | 641 | 592 | 526 | 520 |  |
| Refined | 313 | 272 | 242 | 269 | 306 | 325 | 337 | 348 | 411 | 431 | 395 | 351 | 312 |  |
|  | 77, 253 | 88, 234 | 68, 911 | 93, 305 | 55, 146 | 130, 156 | 89, 169 | 44, 651 | 78, 361 | 78,947 | 227, 641 | 130, 874 |  |  |
|  | 37, 157 | 39,481 | 30, 084 | 43, 555 | 39,887 | 50,799 | 49, 254 | 30, 341 | + 45,799 | 28,348 | 55, 750 | 34, 301 |  |  |
|  | 5,668 | 1,707 | 385 | 1. 885 | 1,157 | 987 | 1,795 | 3,496 | ${ }^{r} \mathbf{1}, 009$ | 1,041 | 17, 4 f.0 | 1.731 |  |  |
| All other vegetable oils...-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-...- do | 31, 489 | 37,774 | 38,699 | 41,670 | 38, 730 | 49,811 | 47, 459 | 26,845 | r 44,789 | 27,307 | 38, 290 | 32, 570 |  |  |
| Copra: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption, factory-..---------.-...-short tons.- | 26,663 | 25, 274 | 25,503 | 32,627 | 32, 450 | 32, 554 | 31,469 | 20, 334 | 22, 333 | 27, 108 | 31, 006 | 28,675 | 26,329 |  |
|  | 12,354 | 13, 504 | 9,824 | 15, 065 | 23, 979 |  | 16, 721 | 18, 122 | 10,761 | 9,602 | 13, 226 | 14,512 | 16, 221 |  |
|  | 30,015 | 22,787 | 22, 751 | 39,410 | 36, 483 | 30, 183 | 32, 120 | 16,416 | 12,857 | 29,668 | 32, 425 | 28,440 |  |  |
| Coconat or copra oil: Production: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 33,758 | 32,300 | 32,604 | 41,588 | 41, 069 | 41,574 | 4n, 167 | 25,146 | 28,490 | 35, 238 | 40, 162 | 36.716 | 33, 859 |  |
|  | 33, 108 | 35, 421 | 18,226 | 51, 702 | 34, 712 | 29, 178 | 36,367 | 36,425 | 37, 823 | 38, 745 | 36, 552 | 38,462 | 34, 506 |  |
| Consumption, factory: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 47,879 | 54, 793 | 32, 816 | 76,573 | 53, 019 | 48, 533 | 55, 516 | 52, 046 | 55, 078 | 54,932 | 51, 316 | 55, 274 | 49,230 |  |
|  | 32,050 | 35, 775 | 24, 595 | 41, 806 | 32, 532 | 29, 526 | 33, 107 | 30,766 | 34, 863 | 35,093 | 38,038 | 37,092 | 31, 065 |  |
| Crude. | 40, 617 | 36,976 | 52, 208 | 37,065 | 38,821 | 56,840 | 57,329 | 46, 641 | 41,368 | 45,930 | 43,508 | 41,881 | 49,339 |  |
| Refined | 9, 259 | 10,023 | 4,467 | 11, 245 | 11,913 | 12, 287 | 11,065 | 11, 163 | 12,485 | 11,505 | 8,619 | 8,707 | 10,700 |  |
| Imports. | 12,378 | 17,813 | 16,329 | 14, 238 | 14, 460 | 23, 099 | 19,776 | 10,589 | r 20,747 | 10,993 | 19,102 | 9,462 |  |  |
| Cottonseed: <br> Receipts at mills. $\qquad$ thous. of short tons | 101 | 238 | 504 | 1,140 | 932 | 925 | 273 | 81 | 36 | 12 | 5 | 12 | 81 |  |
| Consumption (erush) ------- -- | 120 | 142 | 346 | 1, 646 | 610 | 542 | 522 | 407 | 327 | 255 | 180 | 127 | 132 |  |
| Stocks at mills, end of month...----------.- do | 164 | 260 | 418 | 912 | 1,233 | 1,616 | 1,367 | 1,042 | 758 | 516 | 341 | 225 | 175 |  |
| Cottonseed cake and meal: Production | 58,531 | 71,002 | 166, 582 | 209, 82 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 251, 816 | 209, 556 | 209, 213 | 249, 383 | 261, 578 | 246, 341 | 241,455 | 224,694 | 198,037 | 189,776 | r $\begin{array}{r}81,357 \\ 182,734\end{array}$ | 162, 223 | $\begin{array}{r} 59,512 \\ 112,475 \end{array}$ |  |
| Cottonseed oil, crude: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 180, 716 | 182, 784 |  |  |  |
|  | 42,577 | 48, 393 | 114, 715 | 223,092 | 203,699 | 180, 635 | 174,440 | 140, 101 | 110,980 | 87,224 | 61, 675 | 43.206 | 45, 054 |  |
|  | 48,915 | 36,787 | 64, 027 | 108, 132 | 127,828 | 124,341 | 129,699 | 136,965 | 124,862 | 87, 442 | 71,433 | 45,678 | 37,972 |  |
| Cottonseed oil, refined: <br> Production. | 54,947 | 43,777 | 75, 529 | 130, 973 | 133,777 | 131.698 | 138,290 | 108, 729 | 109,427 | 108,425 | 74,534 | 66,351 |  |  |
| Consumption, factory 4 | 101, 717 | 103,764 | 94, 429 | 116, 520 | 109, 610 | 107, 956 | 115, 273 | 94,796 | 92,916 | 96,364 | 94,014 | 84, 589 | 82,658 |  |
|  | 14, 365 | 15, 048 | 15,571 | 18,008 | 15, 685 | 15, 619 | 17, 777 | 14,736 | 10,263 | 11.081 | 9,461 | 8,674 | 8,877 |  |
| Stocks, end of month $\ddagger \ldots$--.... mil. of lb - | 154 | 99 | 82 | 95 | 114 | 132 | 152 | 161 | 189 | 192 | 180 | 169 | 130 |  |
| Price, wholesale, drums (N. Y.) $\ldots$.-.... dol. per lb.- Flaxseed. | . 190 | . 185 | 180 | . 195 | 195 | 205 | . 205 | . 205 | 205 | . 20.5 | . 205 | .201 | ${ }^{\text {P. } 201}$ |  |
| Production (crop estimate)...........thous. of bu.. |  |  |  |  |  | 125, 754 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{2} 37,469$ |
| Oil mills: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3,055 | 3,373 | 2,981 | 2, 730 | 2, 373 | 2,069 | 1, 854 | 1,942 | 2,312 | 1,684 | 1,585 | 1,364 | 1,000 |  |
| Stocks, end of month | 2, 777 | 2,615 | 3, 707 | 3,794 | 4,662 | 4, 414 | 4, 719 | 4,155 | 2,847 | 2,127 | 1, 644 | 1,547 | 2,064 |  |
| Price, wholesale, No. 1 (Minneapolis) dol. per bu-- | 3.07 | 3.25 | 3. 40 | 3.40 | 3.35 | 3.42 | 3. 34 | 3.21 | 3. 10 | 2.99 | 2.96 | 3.00 | 3.23 | 3.10 |

- Rovised. $\quad{ }^{2}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ December 1 estimate of 1957 crop. ${ }^{2}$ September 1 estimate of 1958 crop.
 ginia, consumption in that State is as follows (thous. short tons): 1957-July-September, 79; October-December, 66; 1958-January-March, 219; April-June, 331.

 Consumption and stocks, March--May)
TConsumption figures for edible tallow exclude quantities used in refining; those for inedible tallow, etc., include such quantities.
 these oils held by producing firms.

| Unless other wise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | July | August | Septem- ber | October | November | Decem. ber | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Fobru- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | March | A pril | May | June | July | August |

## CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS-Continued

| FATS, OILS, ETC.-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Vegetable oils, oilseeds, and byproducts-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Linseed oil, raw: thous of lb | 61,488 | 68,387 | 58,787 | 52,829 | 45,699 | 39,771 | 35,847 | 37,788 | 44,166 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 38, 627 | 68,387 48,496 | 43,661 | -52,348 | 45,699 | 27, 308 | 35, 316 | 29, 177 | 44,166 | 32,888 32,226 | 30, 597 | 26,343 39,901 | 19,147 39,646 |  |
| Stocks at factory, end of month.-..........do...- | 71, 442 | 73, 249 | 72, 649 | 64,345 | 75, 380 | 89, 258 | 87, 429 | 95, 766 | 103, 080 | 99, 184 | 93, 066 | 77,364 | 57, 279 |  |
| Price, wholesale (Minneapolis) .-.......dol per lb.. | . 127 | . 133 | . 142 | . 148 | . 149 | . 150 | $\xrightarrow{.150}$ | $\xrightarrow{.} 148$ | . 143 | . 140 | $\stackrel{ }{ } .138$ | . | ¢. 137 |  |
| Soybeans: <br> Production (crop estimate) $\qquad$ thous. of bu. |  |  |  |  |  | 1479, 841 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{2} 560.77$ |
| Consumption, factory $\qquad$ do $\qquad$ | 24, 354 | 25,387- | 22, 245 | 28,084 | 29, 227 | 28,417 | 31, 091 | 27, 104 | 30,850 | 31, 477 | 32, 208 | 28, 706 | 29,956 | -560. 77 |
|  | 18,655 | 12, 778 | 6,370 | 66, 741 | 80, 467 | 78,863 | 70, 010 | 62, 897 | 57, 983 | 51, 747 | 40,879 | 36, 194 | 30,916 |  |
| Soybean oil: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production: <br> Crude. thous. of lb.- | 268, 757 | 276,614 | 244,415 | 306, 746 | 313, 366 | 299, 940 | 328, 321 | 288, 663 | 330, 112 | 335, 600 | 347, 301 | 310,913 | 327, 855 |  |
|  | 211, 177 | 241, 083 | 210, 216 | 252, 453 | 240,139 | 248, 735 | 292, 857 | 276,880 | 280, 886 | 290, 285 | 333, 009 | 299,924 | 251, 997 |  |
| Consumption, factory, refined $\ddagger$----......-- do...- | 202, 512 | 222, 759 | 221, 872 | 247,491 | 231, 439 | 249,682 | 285, 901 | 271,887 | 255, 936 | 299, 146 | 344, 673 | 307, 519 | 268, 445 |  |
| Stocks, end of month: $\ddagger$ <br> Crude. | 217, 629 | 199, 167 | 182, 123 | 194, 319 | 249,323 | 281, 268 | 261, 537 | 242, 552 | 264, 859 | 282, 648 | 245,125 | 222,903 | 243, 232 |  |
|  | 98,925 | 113, 725 | 103, 781 | 110, 813 | 125,027 | 124, 738 | 114, 704 | 116,994 | 142, 617 | 159, 474 | 147, 884 | 119, 796 | 120, 324 |  |
| Prict, wholesale, refined (N. Y.).......dol. per lb-- | . 175 | .175 | .170 | .170 | . 170 | . 170 | . 170 | . 170 | . 170 | . 170 | . 170 | . 166 | P. 155 |  |
| Margarine: <br> Production $\qquad$ thous. of lb- | 109,977 | 116,812 | 120,737 | 137, 803 | 128, 788 | 134, 716 | 150,862 | 135, 202 | 124, 382 | 131, 531 | 121,338 | 112,912 | 120,884 |  |
| Stocks (factory and warehouse), end of mo...do do | 25, 444 | 28,453 | 27,303 | 29, 391 | 32, 205 | 26, 392 | 28,930 | 34, 324 | 36,625 | 33, 163 | 34,520 | 33,906 | 120,804 |  |
| Price, wholesale, colored, delivered (eastern U. S.) dol. per Ib.. | . 275 | . 275 | 275 | . 275 | . 275 | . 275 | . 275 | . 275 | . 275 | . 275 | . 275 | ${ }^{r} .272$ | - . 265 |  |
| Shortening: <br> Production $\ddagger$ thous. of lb . | 131, 433 | 150, 503 | 160,293 | 176,608 | 168, 555 | 150,971 | 175, 410 | 167,332 | 149, 601 | 154, 348 | 158, 197 | 158, 180 | 151, 599 |  |
|  | 118,022 | 108, 393 | 112, 674 | 112,538 | 114, 493 | 120,337 | 116, 209 | 124, 689 | 134, 781 | 134, 633 | 132, 677 | 132, 324 | 122, 856 |  |
| PAINTS, VARNISH, AND LACQUER § <br> Factory shipments, total mil. of dol |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 145.5 | r 156.9 | 158.5 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 95.2 | r 106.2 | 106.5 |  |  |
| Industrial finishes. ------------------------- do |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 50.3 | ${ }^{r} 50.7$ | 52.0 |  |  |
| SYNTHETIC PLASTICS AND RESIN MATERIALS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production: <br> Cellulose acetate and mixed ester plasties: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sheets, rods, and tubes $\qquad$ thous. of lb_ | 2,872 | 3,580 | 4,186 | 3, 813 | 3,653 | 3, 885 | 3, 564 | 3,283 | 3, 823 | 3,752 | + 3 3,637 | ${ }^{3} 4,043$ |  |  |
| Molding and extrusion materials.-................ | 6,621 | 7,200 | 9, 098 | 9,663 | 7,624 | 7,778 | 6, 138 | 6, 677 | 7,653 | 6,452 | + 36,874 | 3 6, 176 |  |  |
| Nitrocellulose sheets, rods, and tubes............. do..... | $\bigcirc 233$ | , 318 | ${ }^{2} 281$ | , 330 | -339 | -360 | - 348 | - 290 | $\bigcirc 278$ | - 229 | - 246 | - 231 |  |  |
| Other cellulose plastics $\qquad$ | 341 | 511 | 495 | 546 | 344 | 259 | 874 | 671 | 736 | 775 | (3) | ${ }^{(3)}$ |  |  |
| Phenolic and other tar acid resins.-.-.-----.-. do.-. | 32,607 | 37, 043 | 37,406 | 45, 317 | 37,769 | 34, 379 | 38,813 | 32,500 | 33, 260 | 29,403 | r 30, 249 | 31, 176 |  |  |
|  | 38,889 | 46, 520 | 48, 496 | 52,759 | 47, 811 | 45,903 | 41,701 | 42, 216 | 45, 838 | 48, 359 | 48,515 | 47,513 |  |  |
| Urea and melamine resins.------------------ do. | 18,057 | 23,597 | 23,486 | 25, 933 | 22,926 | 23.094 | 25. 630 | 21,871 | 23, 901 | 22, 237 | ${ }^{+} 23,215$ | 21,049 |  |  |
|  | 63, 272 | 72, 263 | 72, 238 | 77, 088 | 71,535 | 66,458 | 68,977 | 58, 327 | 62, 698 | 54,436 | r 56,785 | 57,749 |  |  |
|  | 27,858 | 29, 228 | 29,993 | 32, 979 | 24,937 | 24, 055 | 27, 927 | 25,805 | 25,876 | 27, 914 | r 28,099 | 29,677 |  |  |
|  | 9,149 | 10,048 | 10, 442 | 10, 991 | 9,097 | 7,590 | 10,340 | 8,643 | 8,506 | 10,117 | 11,056 | 9,238 |  |  |
|  | 7, 209 | 7, 336 | 6,664 | 7,976 | 6,589 | 6.546 | 7. 533 | 7,910 | 8.637 | 9,966 | 10,868 | 10,743 |  |  |
|  | 55,357 | 58,343 | 60, 184 | 62, 552 | 62,936 | 68, 510 | 69,522 | 61, 801 | 72, 121 | 66,813 | 70,963 | 68,068 |  |  |
|  | 14,428 | 15,313 | 15,874 | 17.681 | 16,046 | 14, 741 | 15,677 | 12,938 | 14, 478 | 15, 313 | 15,834 | 15,343 |  |  |

ELECTRIC POWER AND GAS

| ELECTRIC POWER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Production (utility and industrial), total $\ddagger$ | 61, 191 | 62, 649 | 58,335 | 60, 297 | 58, 667 | 60,888 | 62, 216 | 56,219 | 59, 158 | 55,785 | 57, 528 | 58, 196 | 61,327 | -- |
| mil of kw. -hr-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Electric utilities, By fuels...... | 54, <br> 43,534 | 55.449 45,416 | 51, 513 42,291 | 53,157 43,116 | 51,788 40,886 | 54, 41,597 | 55,363 42,838 | 50,056 39,082 | 52,623 39,917 | 49,489 36,491 | 51,183 37,574 | 51,927 40,343 | 51,991 43,383 |  |
|  | 10, 814 | 10,033 | 9,282 | 10, 041 | 10,902 | 12, 432 | 12,525 | 10,974 | 12,706 | 12,999 | 13, 609 | 11, 584 | 11, 608 |  |
| Privately and municipally owned utilities. do. | 43, 532 | 44,585 | 41,742 | 42, 956 | 41,651 | 43,653 | 44,454 | 40,238 | 41,693 | 39, 062 | 40,698 | 41,976 | 44,479 |  |
| Other producers (publicly owned) .-.........d. ${ }^{\text {do }}$ - -- | 10,816 | 10, 863 | 9,831 | 10, 201 | 10, 137 | 10,376 | 10,910 | 9,817 | 10, 930 | 10, 427 | 10, 485 | 9,951 | 10,512 |  |
| Industrial establishments, total_.....-.-....... do | 6,843 | 7, 200 | 6, 762 | 7, 140 | 6,879 | 6, 860 | 6, 853 | 6, 164 | 6,535 | 6,296 | 6, 345 | 6,269 | 6,336 |  |
|  | 6, 628 | 6,999 | 6, 559 | 6,918 | 6,631 | 6,568 | 6, 544 | 5, 874 | 6, 206 | 5,976 | 6,031 | 5,990 | 6,082 |  |
|  | 215 | 201 | 203 | 222 | 249 | 291 | 309 | 289 | 329 | 320 | 314 | 279 | 253 |  |
| Sales to ultimate customers, total (EEI) $\ddagger . . . . . . .$. do | 46. 349 | 47,976 | 47,382 | 46,304 | 46,042 | 47,062 | 48,433 | 46,987 | 46,703 | 45,263 | 44, 707 | r 45, 746 |  |  |
| Commercial and industrial: <br> Small light and power-do | 8,585 | 8,839 | 8,680 | 7,969 | 7,772 | 7,932 | 8,144 | 7,961 | 7,831 | 7,699 | 7, 782 | r 8,419 |  |  |
| Large light and power-----.-.------------- do | 23, 068 | 24, 026 | 23,845 | 24, 120 | 23, 367 | 22,911 | 22,603 | 21,649 | 22, 156 | 21,889 | 22, 155 | r 22,439 |  |  |
|  | 316 | 322 | 315 | 326 | 331 | 362 | 376 | 349 | 352 | 326 | 305 | 291 |  |  |
| Residential or domestic.-......-.................-do | 11,710 | 11, 906 | 11,897 | 11,493 | 12, 322 | 13, 553 | 14,919 | 14, 691 | 14,026 | 13, 144 | 12, 173 | + 12,061 |  |  |
|  | 1,258 | 1,339 | 1,189 | 908 | 741 | 730 | 776 | 762 | 787 | 728 | 798 | 1,021 |  |  |
| Street and highway lighting-----------------do | 357 | 388 | 415 | 457 | 491 | 516 | 529 | 477 | 463 | 423 | 398 | 380 |  |  |
|  | 995 | 1,007 | 985 | 989 | 982 | 1,012 | 1,037 | 1,054 | 1,041 | I, 020 | 1,047 | 1,077 |  |  |
| Interdepartmental | 60 | 59 | 56 | 42 | 36 | 46 | 49 | 44 | 48 | 35 | 50 | 57 |  |  |
| Revenue from sales to ultimate customers (Edison <br>  | 777, 509 | 796, 383 | 793, 263 | 771,174 | 773, 505 | 798,014 | 824, 613 | 811, 224 | 797, 337 | 776, 596 | 763,006 | 786, 752 |  |  |
| GAS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Residential (incl, house-heating) -----------do |  |  | 2,996 |  |  | 2,928 |  |  | 2,944 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industrial and commercial.-.........---...-. do |  |  | 210 |  |  | 207 |  |  | 207 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sales to consumers, total....-------mil. of therms.. |  |  | 302 |  |  | 592 |  |  | 958 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Residential (incl. house-heating) -----------do. |  |  | 179 |  |  | 431 |  |  | 756 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industrial and commercial_--.-............-do. |  |  | 115 |  |  | 153 |  |  | 195 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenue from sales to consumers, total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Residential (incl. house-heating) ---.......-- do |  |  | 34, 922 |  |  | 63, 192 |  |  | 99, 655 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 13, 132 |  |  | 16,653 |  |  | 23,151 |  |  |  |  |  |
| $r$ Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ December 1 estimate of 1957 crop. ${ }^{2}$ September 1 estimate of 1958 crop. ${ }^{3}$ Effective May 1958 , data for "other cellulose plastics" are combined with sheets, etc., and molding and extrusion materials. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1956; electric-power sales and revenue, January-December 1956. Electric-power production revisions for January-December 1956 appear on p. 20 of the March 1958 SUR YE Y . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | n, March 1958 will |
| be published later. <br> $\sigma^{\text {aThotals include data not shown separately. Revis }}$ | ns for | $\text { and } 2 \mathrm{~d}$ | uarters | 1956 an | 1st qua | $1957 a r$ | availab | upon r | uest. |  |  |  |  |  |


| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of buSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  | 1953 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | July | August | Septem- ber | October | November | Decem- ber | $\underset{\text { ary }}{\text { Janu- }^{2}}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August |

## ELECTRIC POWER AND GAS-Continued

| GAS-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Natural gas (quarterly) : ${ }^{7}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Customers, end of quarter, total.........-thousands.- |  |  | 26, 815 |  |  | 27, 509 |  |  | 27,901 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Residential (incl. house-heating)............-- do..--- |  |  | 24,778 2,009 | ---... |  | 25,341 2,138 |  |  | 25, 674 | ----- |  |  |  |  |
| Industrial and commercial.-----------------do.--- |  |  | 2,009 |  |  | 2, 138 |  |  | 2,194 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sales to consumers, total --.-...-.-.-mil. of therms |  |  | 14, 223 |  |  | 19, 139 |  |  | 25, 130 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Residential (incl. house-heating).-.-.......-- do...- |  |  | 2, 055 |  |  | 6,474 |  |  | 11,832 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industrial and commercial.-.-.-.-.------.-.-do.--- |  |  | 11,296 |  |  | 11,818 |  |  | 12,345 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenue from sales to consumers, total_thous. of dol.- |  |  | 602, 220 |  |  | 1,007,524 |  |  | 1,490,593 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Residential (incl. house-heating) |  |  | 241,943 |  |  | 573,113 410,165 |  |  | 970,484 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industrial and commercial.----------------do- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

FOODSTUFFS AND TOBACCO

| ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Beer: <br> Production thous. of bbl | 9, 803 | 8,354 | 6. 838 | 6,769 | 5,247 | 5,952 | 6. 774 | 6.273 | 7277 | 7465 | 8.675 | 9,568 | 2 |  |
|  | 9, 191 | 8,482 | 6.884 | 6,517 | 5, 723 | 6,420 | 5. 938 | 5,235 | 6,253 | 6,746 | 7,963 | 8,580 | 8,945 |  |
|  | 11,469 | 10,805 | 10,333 | 10, 135 | 9,337 | 8,495 | 8,941 | 9,618 | 10,233 | 10, 527 | 10,760 | 11, 223 | 11, 446 |  |
| Distilled spirits: thous of tax gal |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | - 8,475 | 11,002 | 23,650 | 34,060 | 21,866 | 19,412 | 19,732 | 18,808 | 19,770 | 18.886 | 16,538 | 12,208 | 7,672 |  |
| thous. of wine gal.- | 15, 121 | 16,994 | 16, 047 | 20, 808 | 22, 052 | 24,352 | 14, 515 | 14,632 | 16, 426 | 15,785 | 18, 192 | 16,935 |  |  |
| Tax-paid withdrawals...-.-...--thous. of tax gal. | 10, 316 | 11,568 | 13,786 | 19,463 | 16, 014 | 11, 042 | 10, 279 | 10, 990 | 12, 523 | 11,590 | 13, 158 | 13, 802 | 11,411 |  |
| Stocks, end of month-.-.......---.-.-.-.-.-do.--- | 848, 118 | 845, 122 | 842, 191 | 838, 122 | 836, 771 | 842, 162 | 849, 714 | 853, 894 | 858, 371 | 863,089 | 862, 770 | 858,281 | 8:22, 617 |  |
| Imports | 2,211 | 1,942 | 2,579 | 3, 532 | 3, 644 | 3,129 | 1,744 | 1,848 | 1,815 | 1,987 | 2,385 | 1,978 |  |  |
|  | 4,048 | 5, 262 | 8,214 | 12,189 | 11,743 | 11,917 | 11,951 | 11,477 | 12,676 | 11,710 | 10,337 | 7, 563 | 4,282 |  |
| Tax-paid withdrawals..-....-...-.......-......-do....- | 4,177 | 5,482 | 7, 604 | 10, 283 | 9.170 | 5, 787 | 5. 520 | 6, 009 | 6,285 | 5,734 | 6,511 | 6,955 | 5. 219 |  |
|  | 741, 197 | 739,048 | 736, 320 | 734, 308 | 733, 948 | 737, 587 | 742, 111 | 745, 319 | 749, 043 | 751,881 | 752,486 | 750, 628 | 747, 634 |  |
|  | 2,024 | 1,740 | 2,332 | 3,159 | 3,310 | 2,770 | 1, 570 | 1,640 | 1,632 | 1,768 | 2, 143 | 1,736 |  |  |
| Whisky thons. of proof gal.- | 5, 332 | 5,611 | 7,227 | 10,532 | 8,931 | 6,256 | 4,915 | 5,531 | 5,888 | 5, 632 | 6,431 | 6,406 | 5,922 |  |
| Whisky $\qquad$ Wines and distilling materials: | 4,171 | 4,219 | 5, 918 | 9,023 | 7,553 | 5, 095 | 3, 805 | 4,586 | 4,870 | 4,523 | 5,094 | 5,066 | 4,837 |  |
| Effervescent wines: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production ....---.-.-.-.-.-...- thous. of wine gal.- | 155 | 336 | 172 | 187 | 178 | 218 | 251 | 272 | 289 | 281 | 208 | 284 | 159 |  |
| Taxable withdrawals...---.---------------- do. | 105 | 155 | 184 | 276 | 329 | 308 | 166 | 119 | 138 | 154 | 183 | 199 | 146 |  |
| Stocks, end of month.-.-------------------- do | 1,877 | 2,039 | 2,007 | 1,892 | 1,722 | 1, 609 | 1,668 | 1,814 | 1,949 | 2, 060 | 2,069 | 2, 140 | 2. 140 |  |
|  | 36 | 49 | 59 | 96 | 104 | 141 | 52 | 34 | 38 | 44 | 67 | 53 |  |  |
| Still wines: Production | 1,049 | 4,132 | 42, 227 | 69, 443 | 12,774 | 3, 727 | 2,410 | 1,720 | 2,059 | 1,757 | 1,061 | 1,414 | 1,336 |  |
| Taxable withdraw | +9,228 | 10,888 | 13, 680 | 15, 355 | 12, 476 | 12,332 | 11,507 | 10,792 | 12, 732 | 11, 520 | 11,378 | 11,066 | 10, 117 |  |
| Stocks, end of mon | -130, 155 | 122, 608 | 149,569 | 206, 200 | 203, 882 | 190,765 | 181, 670 | 171, 126 | 160, 482 | 148,906 | 139, 483 | 127, 200 | 115,921 |  |
| Imports. | 457 | , 509 | -620 | 848 | 813 | -908 | -622 | - 488 | - 531 | . 653 | - 777 | - 589 |  |  |
| Distilling materials produced at wineries....-. do | 1,192 | 10,566 | 97,449 | 123, 025 | 25,263 | 5,044 | 3,192 | 1,091 | 1,861 | 1,074 | 742 | 1,527 | 2,154 |  |
| DAIRY PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Butter, creamery: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (factory) $\ddagger$-------.-.-.-.-- thous. of lb.- | 127. 180 | 108,955 | 91, 265 | 100, 540 | 93, 770 | 106,330 | 118, 135 | 112,390 | 129,400 | 131.340 | 150, 735 | 145, 125 | 126,930 |  |
| Stocks, cold storage, end of month---------do---- | 176,061 .601 | 171,815 .607 | 145,262 .624 | 126,921 .613 | 109,373 607 | 87,312 609 | 86, 114 | 87, 684 | 106, 315 | 115, 548 | 135, 492 | 170, 575 | r190, 439 | 176. 557 |
| Price, wholesale, 92 -score (New York) .-_dol. per lb_Cheese: | . 601 | . 607 | . 624 | . 613 | . 607 | . 609 | . 604 | 604 | . 599 | . 588 | . 586 | 586 | 586 |  |
|  | 137, 160 | 118, 535 | 101, 035 | 99,580 | 89, 180 | 97, 670 | 100,330 | 94, 935 | 116, 205 | 128,345 | 156, 600 | 156,300 | 135, 850 |  |
|  | 105, 135 | 89, 155 | 72,835 | 68,810 | 59, 180 | 64, 625 | 67, 605 | 64, 740 | 80, 255 | 93, 075 | 118,870 | 118,970 | 101, 705 |  |
| Stocks, cold storage, end of month | 500, 206 | 513, 280 | 502,852 | 468,427 | 440,677 | 410,524 | 380.531 | 353, 469 | 339, 873 | 328,349 | 330, 770 | 353, 801 | r 364,804 | 364, 894 |
|  | 454, 504 | 466, 815 | 458, 427 | 429,443 | 404,135 | 376, 618 | 344, 943 | 318. 444 | 307, 487 | 293, 270 | 295, 554 | 315, 778 | ${ }^{+} 319,160$ | 316,989 |
| Imports | 2,850 | 3,208 | 3,214 | 5,144 | 4,892 | 5,871 | 4,562 | 3,898 | 4,923 | 4,220 | 4,776 | 4,360 |  |  |
| Price, wholesale, American, single daisies (Chicago) $\qquad$ dol. per 1b.- | . 388 | . 388 | . 391 | . 392 | . 392 | .396 | . 395 | . 395 | . 394 | . 380 | . 384 | . 388 | . 389 |  |
| Condensed and evaporated milk: <br> Production, case goods: $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Condensed (sweetened) ..................thous. of 1 | 6,050 | 4,500 | 3,950 | 4,475 | 3,300 | 3,350 | 4,150 | 2, 700 | 4, 250 | 6. 050 | 5,000 | 6,300 | 5, 250 |  |
| Evaporated (unsweetened) .......-.-.-.-.-.-. do | 244, 250 | 216,500 | 170,900 | 162,500 | 137, 200 | 143,500 | 145, 000 | 135, 000 | 175, 900 | 209, 200 | 283, 000 | 270,000 | 249, 500 |  |
| Stocks, manufacturers', case goods, end of month: Condensed (sweetened) | 8,406 | 7, 517 |  | 6, 034 | 6, 469 |  | 5,384 |  |  | 6,690 | 7,009 | 8,147 | 29, 7,622 |  |
|  | 421, 722 | 438, 666 | 428,868 | 379,641 | 262, 925 | 215, 5 , 465 | 5,384 158,966 | 108, 106 | 87, 190 | 6,690 107,167 | 187, 764 | 8,147 269,570 | $\begin{array}{r} 7,622 \\ 330,803 \end{array}$ |  |
| Exports: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Condensed (sweetened) | 3,153 | 3,350 | 1,712 | 2,504 | 1,513 | 1,568 | 2, 183 | 2,781 | 1,752 | 1,710 | 5,435 | 2,633 |  |  |
|  | 12, 149 | 19,897 | 15,762 | 16,375 | 10,854 | 12,038 | 9,547 | 6,881 | 7,322 | 6,353 | 9,781 | 11,928 |  |  |
| Evaporated (unswectened)..........-dol. per case.. | 6.06 | 6.06 | 6.05 | 6.05 | 6.08 | 6. 14 | 6.15 | 6.15 | 6.15 | 6.12 | 6.10 | 6.11 | 6.11 |  |
| Fluid milk: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 11,597 | 10,736 | 9, 538 | 9,379 | 8,771 | 9,346 | 9,800 | 9,482 | 10,944 | 11,413 | 12, 889 | 12,378 | 11,469 | 10,593 |
| Utilization in mfd, dairy products-.---.-.-. do.--- | 4.593 +3.08 | 3,929 | 3,307 | 3,454 | 3,148 | 3,510 | 3,771 | 3,565 | 4,217 | 4,462 | 5,308 | 5, 163 | 4. 533 | 10, |
| Price, wholesale, U. S. average_.-.-.-dol. per 100 lb -- | r 3.98 | 4.16 | 4.40 | 4.56 | 4.62 | 4.51 | 4.42 | 4.33 | 4.16 | 3.88 | 3.74 | 3.68 | +3.87 | ${ }^{p} 4.07$ |
| Dry milk: <br> Production: $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dry whole milk..------------------thous. of lb.- | 8,700 | 7,000 | 6, 700 | 8,200 | 7,300 | 8,400 | 7,100 | 5,500 | 6,000 | 6, 800 | 8,300 | 7,950 | 6,750 |  |
| Nonfat dry milk solids (human food) .-...-.-do...- | 151, 500 | 119, 200 | 89, 400 | 100, 460 | 104, 200 | 127, 700 | 142, 700 | 135, 100 | 165, 700 | 177,700 | 214,000 | 207, 000 | 157, 000 |  |
| Stocks, manufacturers', end of month: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 13,941 | 12,736 | 11,095 | 11,671 | 11,013 | 8. 964 | 9,423 | 7, 281 | 7,503 | 8,178 | 8,995 | 10,067 | 10, 143 |  |
| Nonfat dry milk solids (human food) $\ddagger \ldots .$. | 154, 706 | 131, 546 | 107, 023 | 92, 804 | 83, 253 | 85, 688 | 87, 334 | 82, 238 | 89,345 | 85, 002 | 120, 320 | 144, 860 | 134, 860 |  |
| Exports: <br> Dry whole milk | 4,561 | 5,168 | 2,681 | 3,666 | 3,722 | 5,350 | 3,000 | 3,610 | 1,823 | 2,133 | 3,250 | 2,348 |  |  |
| Nonfat dry milk solids (human food) | 19,491 | 24, 192 | 29, 588 | 30,260 | 28,929 | 11, 203 | 13,052 | 3,756 | 10,117 | 33,009 | 6, 723 | 31,053 |  |  |
| Price, wholesale, nonfat dry milk solids (human food), U. S. average.......................-dol. per lb.- | . 152 | . 153 | . 153 | . 152 | . 154 | . 154 | . 154 | . 153 | ren .152 | . 141 | . 137 | 31, .136 | . 137 |  |

o'Totals include data not shown separately. Revisions for 1 st and 2 d quarters of 1956 and 1 ist quarter 1957 are available upon request
O Data beginning July 1957 exclude production of wines and vermouth; for July $1956-J$ une 1957 , such production totaled $146,000 \mathrm{gal}$.
$\ddagger$ Revisions for the indicated items and for the periods specified are available upon request as iollows: Butter, cheese (total and American), dry whole milk, and nonfat dry milk solids (pro-
duction)-January 1955-September 1956; condensed milk and evaporated milk-January-September 1956; fluid milk-January-December 1956; nonfat dry milk solids (stocks)-January 1954-
December 1956.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and nless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of descriptive notes are shown
BUSINESS STATISTICS

## 1957

July 1958

FOODSTUFFS AND TOBACCO-Continued

| Apples: FRUITS AND VEGETABLES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{\text {tr }} 118,548$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2126, 813 |
|  | 144 | 56 | 808 | 3, 466 | 2,768 | 3,212 | 3,199 | 3, 102 | 3, 464 | 2,115 | 1,340 | 440 | -176 | +30 |
| Stocks, cold storage, end of month.....thous. of bu.- | 229 | 340 | 12,215 | 48,634 | 45, 621 | 37, 368 | 25, 310 | 18,229 | 9,412 | 4,195 | 1,188 | 364 | +140 | 183 |
| Citrus fruits, carlot shipments. $\qquad$ no. of carloads.- | 7,299 | 5,797 | 4,514 | 4. 734 | 6,505 | 8,573 | 7,059 | 6,043 | 6,323 | 6,114 | 7,500 | 5,388 | - 4,429 | 3,670 |
| Frozen fruits, juices, and vegetables: Stocks, cold storage, end of month: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fruits .-........-.-.................thous of lb. | 498, 120 | 550, 700 | 566, 338 | 545, 092 | 522, 747 | 494, 275 | 443, 980 | 402, 077 | 361, 732 | 297, 391 | 316. 493 | 425,922 | 502, 334 | 542,461 |
|  | 504, 187 | 445, 713 | 398, 485 | 337, 273 | 274, 368 | 288, 625 | 362, 743 | 413, 994 | 439,761 | 490, 771 | 513, 471 | 464, 068 | -412.398 | 355.472 |
|  | 726,872 | 873,685 | 984,765 | 993, 230 | 957,089 | 881, 717 | 780, 616 | 698, 325 | 621, 568 | 576,539 | 535,770 | 550, 078 | -650, 924 | 799,838 |
| Potatoes, white: <br> Production (crop estimate) $\qquad$ thons. of ewt |  |  |  |  |  | 1+239,539 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2259,046 |
| Shipments, carlot | 10,849 | 9,388 | 10,146 | 12,738 | 13,270 | 13,612 | 16,743 | 16,711 | 20,306 | 15, 320 | 17,475 | 16,909 | r 10.973 | 6,697 |
| Price, wholesale, U. S. No. 1 (New York) dol. per 100 lb .- | 3. 328 | 3.841 | 3. 290 | 3. 708 | 3. 350 | 3.288 | 3.800 | 3.808 | 5. 300 | 5.675 | 4.675 | r 4,783 | ${ }^{\text {p }} 3,317$ |  |
| GRAIN AND GRAIN PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exports (barley, corn, oats, rye, wheat) .-thous. of bu.- | 49,117 | 60,195 | 49,873 | 55, 497 | 60, 335 | 64, 199 | 64, 831 | 52,391 | 48,840 | 65,912 | 55, 585 | 64,050 |  |  |
| Barley: <br> Production (crop estimate) $\qquad$ |  |  |  |  |  | 1435,695 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2466, 301 |
|  | 15,403 | 22,973 | 11,556 | 14, 071 | 12,357 | 13,947 | 14,995 | 11,860 | 9,604 | 7,676 | 9,694 | 13, 532 | 10,637 | 31, 833 |
| Stocks, domestic, end of month: <br> Commercial. | 40, 120 | 44, 894 | 44, 855 | 41. 471 | 39, 203 | 37, 306 | 31,766 | 29,080 | 25,073 | 20,068 | 15,921 | 31.040 | 41,601 | 45,220 |
| On farms including malts |  | 305 | 275,531 3,820 |  |  | 209,236 10,366 | 9,011 | 7,179 | 149,199 8,153 |  | 10,382 | 3 62,462 9,602 |  |  |
| Prices, wholesale (Minnea |  | 300 | 3,820 |  |  | 10, 366 | 9,011 | 7,179 | 8,153 |  | 10, 382 | 9, 602 |  |  |
|  | 1.139 | 1.176 | 1. 228 | 1. 264 | 1. 248 | 1.224 | 1. 230 | 1. 250 | 1. 259 | 1. 289 | 1. 311 | 1. 310 | 1.328 | 1. 204 |
|  | 1. 055 | 1. 115 | 1. 160 | 1. 197 | 1. 174 | 1. 142 | 1.172 | 1. 185 | 1.187 | 1. 216 | 1. 218 | 1.215 | 1.229 | 1.146 |
| Corn: <br> Production (crop estimate) mil. of bu-- |  |  |  |  |  | 13,403 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{2} 3,589$ |
| Grindings, wet process..---------------- thous. of bu-- | 11, 661 | 12, 321 | 11, 716 | 12,952 | 11, 682 | 10,511 | 11, 822 | 11,336 | 11, 638 | 12,064 | 12,139 | 12,053 | 11, 732 |  |
| Receipts, interior primary markets..............do. | 17,375 | 21,525 | 16, 864 | 20, 520 | 39,700 | 53, 974 | 46,017 | 29, 586 | 37,744 | 43, 900 | 26,039 | 24,303 | 22,440 | 23,259 |
| Stocks, domestic, end of month: Commercial. | 139,360 | 128,029 | 120.317 | 110, 211 | 105, 664 | 107, 362 | 112,728 | 110,864 | 111,375 | 112,538 | 110, 526 | 107.833 | 99,309 | 90,926 |
|  |  |  | 3419.6 |  |  | 2, 457. 5 |  |  | 1, 672.7 |  |  | 1,025.9 |  |  |
| Exports, including meal and flour .....-thous of bu.- | 10,549 | 18,643 | 13.867 | 15, 141 | 20,530 | 22,360 | 20,108 | 16,045 | 7,063 | 15,414 | 11,185 | 10, 753 |  |  |
| Prices, wholesale: <br> No. 3, yellow (Chicago) dol. per bu-- | 1. 337 | 1. 312 | 1. 262 | 1. 189 | 1.157 | 1. 148 | 1. 108 | 1.128 | 1. 165 | 1. 288 | 1.311 | 1. 350 | 1. 344 | 1.340 |
| Weighted average, 5 markets, all grades.....do | 1.336 | 1. 260 | 1. 184 | 1.151 | 1. 103 | 1.032 | 1. 005 | 1. 067 | 1.081 | 1.201 | 1. 258 | 1.284 | 1.273 | 1.255 |
| Oats: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (crop estimate) ....-.-.-.-.-.-. mil. of bu_. |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{1} 1,308$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{2} 1,419$ |
| Receipts, interior primary markets.-.- thous. of bu-- | 10,607 | 26, 275 | 7,805 | 7,278 | 5,090 | 6,196 | 5,418 | 4,111 | 6,758 | 5,174 | 4,125 | 6,533 | 14,915 | 32, 517 |
| Stocks, domestic, end of month: <br> Commercial. | 16,083 | 24, 314 | 25,420 | 22, 225 | 18,046 | 15, 135 | 12,971 | 12,600 | 10,846 | 8,698 | 5,804 | 8,452 | 13, 113 | 31,445 |
|  |  |  | 1,056,555 |  |  | 853, 776 |  |  | 542, 592 | 8, 60 | 5,804 | 375, 124 | 13, 113 | 31,445 |
|  | 1,411 | 3, 490 | 1,694 | 2,133 | 2, 802 | 3,031 |  | 1,914 | 5. 559 | 2,597 | 4,131 | 2,684 |  |  |
| Price, wholesale, No. 3, white (Chicago) dol per bu-- | . 662 | . 674 | . 650 | . 632 | . 750 | . 646 | . 647 | . 654 | . 662 | . 685 | . 633 | . 641 | 664 | . 642 |
| Rice: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (crop estimate) .-..--.-. thous of bags ¢ .- |  |  |  |  |  | 1 43, 130 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 247,747 |
| California: Receints, domestic, rough $\ldots$.......thous of lb |  |  | 33, 195 | 105, 545 | 60, 968 | 46.960 | 65, 842 | 65,374 | 34, 390 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 39, 704 | 33, 239 | 45, 839 | 35, 592 | 33,836 | 27, 681 | 43, 117 | 38,961 | 31, 809 | 35,958 | 38,140 | 52, 702 | 115, 7924 | $\begin{aligned} & 169,218 \\ & 112,412 \end{aligned}$ |
| Stocks, rough and cleaned (cleaned hasis), end of month. thous of lb. | 42, 424 | 42,469 | 17,151 | 49,380 | 55,802 | 58, 179 | 58,335 | 59,873 | 49, 433 | 47,331 | 43, 025 | 47, 735 | 46,736 | 47,663 |
| Southern States (Ark., La., Tenn., Tex.): <br> Receipts, rough, at mills. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Receipts, rough, at mills do <br> Shipments from mills, milled rice $\qquad$ do.--- | 126,704 | 89, 787 | 124, 672 | 1,181, 798 | 141, 132 | 98,760 104,282 | -74,187 | 75,812 143,910 | 132, 4268 | 31,464 110,265 | 12,323 86,687 | $\begin{array}{r} 19,067 \\ 104,771 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 30,9655 \\ 127,503 \end{array}$ |  |
| Stocks, domestic, rough and cleaned (cleaned basis), end of month. mil. of 1 b | 376.5 | 256.4 | 472.0 | 989.9 | 1,064. 4 | 999.6 | 913.0 | 820.2 | 676.3 | 561.7 | 507.7 | 504.4 | 370.5 |  |
|  | 109,789 | 37, 884 | 147, 210 | 94, 713 | 97, 996 | 86,378 | 53,896 | 110,835 | 150,219 | 116,030 | 41,678 | 96,815 |  |  |
| Price, wholesale, head, clean (N. O.).-.dol. per b-- | . 095 | . 094 | . 093 | . 095 | . 045 | . 096 | . 096 | . 098 | . 098 | . 103 | . 101 | . 101 | p. 102 |  |
| Rye: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (crop estimate)...-...---- thous. of bu.- |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{1} 26,528$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{2} 34,093$ |
| Receipts, interior primary markets |  |  |  |  |  | 544 4.488 | 3 215 | ${ }_{2}^{257}$ | 236 | ${ }^{206}$ | 1,047 | 5. 516 | 2, 202 | 2, 982 |
| Stocks, commercial, domestic, end of month--do-.-- | 6,692 1. 246 | 7,515 1. 281 | 7,684 1.304 | 6, 209 1. 306 | 5,378 1.330 | 4, 1888 I. 334 | 3,512 1.284 | 2,938 1.323 | 2,336 1.335 | 1,866 1.354 | 1,816 1.386 | 3, 969 | 5,717 | 6.596 1.158 |
| Price, wholesale, No. 2 (Minneapolis)..-dol. per bu-- | 1. 246 | 1. 281 | 1. 304 | 1. 306 | 1.330 | 1. 334 | 1.284 | 1.323 | 1.335 | 1.354 | 1. 386 | I. 228 | 1.215 | 1.158 |
| Wheat: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (crop estimate), total..........mil, of bu-- |  |  |  |  |  | 1947.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{2} 1,446.5$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1239.9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2275.7 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1707.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{2} 1,170.8$ |
| Receipts, interior primary markets ....thous of bu- | 107, 434 | 65, 777 | 35,801 254,510 | 20, 674 | 26,913 | 20,595 | 28, 823 | 28, 937 | 26,612 | 24, 153 | 20, 509 | 33, 261 | 95, 634 | 83, 264 |
| Disappearance (quarterly total)...............do.... |  |  | 254, 510 |  |  | 221, 703 |  |  | 265, 269 |  |  | 244,540 |  |  |
| Stocks, end of month: <br> Canada (Canadian wheat) $\qquad$ do $\qquad$ | 401, 176 | 396, 776 | 382, 848 | 370, 043 | 367, 214 | 377, 420 | 380,072 | 373,483 | 361, 862 | 355,159 | 347, 510 | 370, 607 | 394,941 |  |
| United States, domestic, totalo ${ }^{\text {T}}$.........mil. of bu-- |  |  | 1,603.4 |  |  | 1,384.8 |  |  | 1,122.3 |  |  | ${ }^{3} 880.8$ |  |  |
| Commercialf -......---....------ thous of bu- | 411, 584 | 437, 937 | 412.237 | 417,052 | 398,347 | 360,602 | 362, 829 | 356,640 | 335, 916 | 346, 820 | 338, 279 | ${ }^{3} 304,782$ | 447,554 | 491.062 |
| Interior and merchant mills, elevators, and warehouses. thous. of bu |  |  | 714, 403 |  |  | 659,994 |  |  | 535,579 |  |  | 347,429 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 393, 898 |  |  | 291,629 |  |  | 176, 246 |  |  | 3 50, 291 |  |  |
| Exports, total, including flour-...-.......-.....-do | 32, 252 | 34, 346 | 30, 425 | 30, 999 | 29,774 | 27, 861 | 33,516 | 27, 184 | 32, 164 | 34, 962 | 29,887 | 40, 741 |  |  |
|  | 27,819 | 29,497 | 25,845 | 25,656 | 24,097 | 23, 490 | 27,813 | 22,479 | 26, 823 | 28, 620 | 24,799 | 34,963 |  |  |
| Prices, wholesale: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| No. 1, dark northern spring (Minneapolis) dol. per bu | 2. 435 | 2. 361 | 2. 382 | 2. 428 | 2. 439 | 2.390 | 2.375 | 2. 365 | 2.383 | 2.417 | 2. 433 | 2. 473 | 2. 432 | 2. 172 |
| No. 2, hard winter (Kansas City) .--.-.....do...- | 2. 135 | 2.112 | 2. 121 | 2. 132 | 2.201 | 2. 182 | 2. 211 | 2. 200 | 2.273 | 2. 262 | 2.271 | 1. 902 | 1. 835 | 1. 846 |
| No. 2, red winter (St. Louis) .-..-----........do....- | 2. 110 | 2. 108 | 2. 139 | 2. 178 | (4) | 2. 278 | 2. 258 | (4) | (4) | 2. 282 | (4) |  | 1.786 | 1. 785 |
| Weighted avg., 6 markets, all grades...........do....- | 2. 221 | 2. 289 | 2. 302 | 2. $324{ }^{3}$ | 2.356 | 2.301 | 2. 304 | 2. 28.5 | 2. 326 | 2.351 | 2.383 | 2. 271 | 1. 960 | 2. 063 |

$r$ Revised. $\quad$ p Preliminary. $\quad:$ December 1 estimate of 1957 crop. ${ }^{2}$ September 1 estimate of 1958 crop.
3 Old crop only; new grain not reported until beginning of new crop year (July for barley, oats, and wheat; October for corn). $\quad$ No quotation.

in the October 1957 Survey. §Excludes a small amount of pearl barley. o Bars of 100 lb .
"The total includes wheat owned by Commodity Credit Corporation and stored off farms in its own steel and wooden bins; such data are not included in the breakdown of stocks.
IData for March, June, September, and December are not strictly compartble with those for other months, largely because of somewhat smaller coverage of the quarterly reports.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of bUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | July | August | September | October | November | Decem- ber | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August |

## FOODSTUFFS AND TOBACCO-Continued

| GRaIN AND GRAIN PRODUCTS-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wheat flour: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Proluction: | 18,868 | 20,317 | 20,583 | 22,069 | 19,565 | 19,751 | 21,715 | 19,254 | 20,465 | 19.394 | 19,321 | 19, 205 | 20, 423 |  |
| Operations, percent of capacity | 79.0 | 85.2 | 95.1 | 88.6 | 90.5 | 86.9 | 91.2 | 88.9 | \$9. 1 | ${ }_{80} 8.6$ | 84.1 | 83.4 | 84.7 |  |
|  | 365,966 | 394, 942 | 399,353 | 431,000 | 381,503 | 384, 794 | 420,749 | 372. 246 | 395, 284 | 373,280 | 371, 214 | 369, 539 | 391,8f3 |  |
|  | 43, 420 | 46,794 | 47,309 | 50,804 | 45,016 | 45,394 | 49,882 | 44, 180 | 46, 739 | 44,464 | 44, 278 | 44, 046 | 46,848 |  |
| Stocks held by mills, end of quarter <br> thous. of sacks ( 100 lb .) |  |  | 5, 189 |  |  | 4,905 |  |  | 4, 976 |  |  | 4, 291 |  |  |
|  | 1,903 | 2,081 | 1,966 | 2,293 | 2,437 | 1,876 | 2,448 | 2,020 | 2,293 | 2,722 | 2,184 | 2,480 |  |  |
| Prices, wholesale: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| dol. per sack ( 100 lb .).- | 6. 210 | 6. 005 | 6,010 | 6. 1355 | 6. 215 | 6. 160 | 6. 100 | 6. 090 | 5. 980 | 5. 990 | 5. 975 | 6. 270 | P 6.025 |  |
| Winter, hard, short patents (Kansas City) _do...- | 5. 800 | 5. 575 | 5.575 | 5.585 | 5.635 | 5.880 | 5. 675 | 5. 750 | 5.610 | 5. 750 | 5. 550 | 5. 350 | P 5.125 |  |
| LIVESTOCK |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cattle and calves: <br> Slaughter (federally inspected): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Calves | 596 | 615 | 638 | 742 | 598 | 569 | 547 | 468 | 518 | 486 | 438 | 430 | 435 | 424 |
|  | 1,759 | 1,726 | 1,627 | 1,801 | 1, 515 | 1,473 | 1,630 | 1,309 | 1, 360 | 1,383 | 1,4e8 | 1,506 | 1,561 | 1,479 |
| Receipts, principal markets---------10 | 2, 312 | 2, 207 | 2, 497 | 2, 8181 | 2, 158 | 1,953 | 1,894 | 1,542 | 1,818 | 1,729 | 1, 697 | 1, 846 | 1,820 |  |
| Shipments, feeder, to 9 corn-belt States....-...-do-.--- | 272 | 475 | 679 | 1,190 | 973 | 603 | 341 | 256 | 285 | 302 | ${ }^{2} 27$ | 267 | 249 |  |
| Becf steers (Chicago) $\qquad$ dol. per 100 lb -- | 24.76 | 25.45 | 24.84 | 24.48 | 25.06 | 25.74 | 26.31 | 26. 65 | 28.28 | 28. 59 | 28.27 | 27. 67 | 26.75 | 25.91 |
| Steers, stocker and feeder (Kansas City) ....do | 20.74 | 20.33 | ${ }^{20 .} 11$ | 20.18 | ${ }^{21.41}$ | 22.68 | 23.02 | 24. 35 | 25.79 | 26.83 | 27.16 | 25.38 | 25.43 | 24.46 |
| Calves, vealers (Chicago).-...-.-............-do.. | 22. 50 | 24. 50 | 25.50 | 26.50 | 27.50 | 29.00 | 30.00 | 32. 50 | 31.50 | 34.00 | 33.50 | 31. 00 | ${ }^{-} 31.00$ |  |
| Hogs: <br> Slaughter (federally inspected) | 4,185 | 4, 418 | 5,060 | 6, 094 | 5,505 | 5,523 | 5,531 | 4,453 | 4,818 | 4.963 | 4,444 | 4,209 |  |  |
|  | 2, 294 | 2,326 | 2, 599 | 3, 1.14 | 2,780 | 2,974 | 2,868 | 2,244 | 2,499 | 2,580 | - 2 2, 304 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 4, } \\ 2,226 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 4, 2 2,196 | 4,515 |
| Prices: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wholesale, average, all grades (Chicago) | 19. 39 | 20.37 | 19.12 | 17.16 | 16.79 | 17.95 | 18.71 | 19.77 | 20.81 | 20.26 | 21.58 | 21.82 | 21.88 | 20.87 |
| Hog-corn price ratio <br> bu. of corn equal in value to 100 lb . of live hog.- | 15.7 | 16.3 | 16.6 | 15.9 | 17.0 | 18.2 | 19.9 | 20.6 | 20.3 | 18.0 | 18.9 | 18.2 | 18.1 | 17.9 |
| Sheep and lambs: <br> Slaughter (federally inspected) ....thous. of animals | 1,200 | 1,111 | 1,104 | 1,210 | 958 | 978 | 1,061 | 940 | 1,000 | 1,149 | 1,122 | , 042 | , 013 | 950 |
| Slaughter (federally inspected) ....thous. of animals <br> Receipts, principal markets | 1,108 | 1,059 | 1,308 | 1,463 | 930 | 912 | ,908 | 795 | , 908 | 988 | 1,026 | 828 | 864 | 950 |
| Shipments, feeder, to 9 corn-belt States..-------do-- | 222 | 352 | 502 | 690 | 248 | 190 | 144 | 121 | 117 | 106 | 144 | 138 | 265 |  |
| Prices, wholesale: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lambs, average (Chicago) -........-dol. per 100 lb .Lambs, feeder, good and choice (Omaha) ...do........... | 23.75 20 | 23.75 21.14 | 21.88 | 21.05 | ${ }_{22.06}^{22.00}$ | 22.62 21.30 | 22.53 | 23.33 | 22.12 22.9 | 21.00 22.22 | ${ }_{(1)}^{22}$ | ${ }_{(1)}^{24}$ | 24.50 22.92 | $\begin{aligned} & 24.00 \\ & 22.93 \end{aligned}$ |
| meats |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (carcass weight, leaf lard out), inspected slaughter. -mil. of lb | 1,851 | 1,828 | 1,858 | 2, 169 | 1,920 | 1,032 | 2,051 | 1,622 | 1,720 | 1,804 | 1,776 | 1,756 | 1,799 |  |
| Stocks (excluding lard), cold storage, end of month or | 395 | 330 | 305 | 318 | 370 | 403 | 429 | 425 | 418 | 453 | 422 | 396 | r 360 | 332 |
| Exports (including lard).......................-do. | 58 | 46 | 56 | 65 | 63 | 57 | 50 | 53 | 54 | 35 | 55 | 48 |  |  |
|  | 26 | 42 | 33 | 49 | 37 | 59 | 49 | 55 | 45 | 64 | 73 | 74 |  |  |
| eef and veal: <br> Production, inspected slaughter $\qquad$ do | 1,019.8 | 1,010.4 | 960.7 | 1,065.9 | 896.1 | 884.7 | 998.1 | 789.7 | 809.5 | 839.0 | 885.5 | 901.9 |  |  |
| Stocks, cold storage, end of month | 116,063 | 120, 414 | 113,584 | 118, 864 | 142, 236 | 146, 840 | 146,743 | 125,940 | 118,766 | 111,937 | 107,468 | 115, 947 | \% 122.481 | 130,455 |
|  | 11,637 | 1,774 | 9,699 | 2,770 | 2,483 | 4, 698 | 2,252 | 2,152 | 1,973 | 1,173 | 2, 562 | 1, 405 |  |  |
|  | 11,796 | 30,730 | 18, 591 | 33,245 | 20,489 | 40,708 | 28, 459 | 37, 709 | 27, 221 | 39,218 | 39, 535 | 41, 543 |  |  |
| Price, wholesale, beef, fresh, steer carcasses, choice ( $600-700 \mathrm{lbs}$ ) (New York) -..............dol. per Ib | . 430 | . 448 | . 438 | . 422 | . 436 | . 447 | . 461 | . 469 | . 490 | . 482 | . 478 | . 477 | . 468 | . 451 |
| Lamb and mutton: <br> Production inspected slaughter. $\qquad$ thous. of lb | 53,385 | 49,725 | 49,650 | 54, 870 | 44, 053 | 46, 843 | 52,305 | 47. 381 | 50, 225 | 57, 821 | 54,820 | 47, 330 | 45, 517 |  |
| Stocks, cold storage, end of month-----......-do.- | 6,399 | 5,194 | 5,745 | 5,616 | 5,309 | 5,206 | 4,756 | 4,381 | 4,861 | 6,674 | 10, 431 | 11, 985 |  |  |
| Pork (including lard), production, inspected slaughter mil. of 1 h - | 777.7 | 767.4 | 847.8 | 1,048.6 | 979.8 | 1,000.8 | 1,000.2 | 784.9 | 859.9 | 907.7 | 835.5 | 807.0 | 806.4 |  |
| Pork (excluding lard): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 577, 734 204,404 | 579,219 147,143 | 639,808 134,085 | 788,160 138,412 | 730,191 163,656 | 742,467 193,981 | 736,659 218,449 | -584, 204 | 648, 238 224,322 | 680,920 260,147 | 619,424 242,839 | 604, 733 | $\begin{array}{r} 603,764 \\ \cdot 173,147 \end{array}$ | 146, 218 |
|  | 5,034 | 4,559 | 3,888 3,864 | 4,269 | 5,379 | 5,938 | 4,180 | 5, 141 | 4, 092 | 3, 664 | 4, 235 | 5, 506 |  |  |
|  | 11,121 | 7,040 | 9,399 | 10,202 | 12,402 | 11,844 | 14,437 | 12,535 | 12, 767 | 15, 227 | 15, 472 | 14. 443 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 565 |  | 「. 573 |  |  |
| Hams, smoked, composite---.-.-.......dol. per lb. <br> Fresh loins, 8-12 Ib. average (New York) ....do | $\begin{array}{r} 543 \\ .512 \end{array}$ | . 525 | . 516 | . 480 | . 473 | . 469 | . 496 | . .587 | 524 | . 519 | . 556 | . 572 | $\begin{array}{r} p .558 \\ .552 \end{array}$ | 504 |
| Lard: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Praduction, inspected slaughter---.-. thons. of $\mathrm{b}_{-}$. | 101, 808 | 137, 7 , 60 | - | 67, ${ }_{6} 89$ | 182, 78.918 | 101, 20.5 | 191,087 | -91,398 | 154, 8151 | 165,288 86,580 | -86,673 | -66, 474 | $\begin{array}{r} 147,505 \\ 55,124 \end{array}$ |  |
| Trports $\qquad$ do | 34, 874 | 24,421 | 30,532 | 43,376 | 36, 566 | 33, 321 | 32, 905 | 35, 762 | 36, 299 | 21, 608 | 36, 986 | 31, 376 |  |  |
| Price, wholesale, refined (Chicaso)......dol. per 1b-. | . 165 | . 160 | . 168 | . 158 | . 150 | . 148 | . 145 | . 145 | . 158 | . 153 | . 154 | $\stackrel{r}{\text { r. }} 155$ | D. 155 |  |
| POULTRY AND EGGS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poultry: <br> Receints, chilied and frozen, 5 markets. thous of lb. | 60, 319 | 62,975 | 68,397 | 79,337 | 87,423 | 78, 059 | 52,697 | 47, 217 |  | 56, 191 | 62, 308 | 59,833 | 65,74 ${ }^{6}$ |  |
| Stocks, cold storage (frozen), end of month....do .-. | 185, 138 | 202, 178 | 261, 146 | 377, 207 | 362,059 | 316, 455 | 301, 382 | 255,948 | 214, 135 | 177, 125 | 145, 553 | 139,981 | r 147, 113 | 194, 153 |
| Price, in Georgia producing area, live broilers* $\begin{gathered}\text { dol. per lb. }\end{gathered}$ | . 205 | 95 | . 170 | . 100 | 160 | 160 | 195 | 195 | 210 | . 180 | . 190 | . 200 | 185 | 170 |
| Egrgs: Production on farms...-......................milions | 4,752 | 4,569 | 4,418 | 4,602 | 4,606 | 5,054 | 5,251 | 4,753 | 5,458 | 5,495 | 5,543 | 5.031 | 4,875 | 7,673 |
| Dried egg production------------------- thous. of lb-- | 2,888 | 1,840 | 1,350 | 1,190 | 954 | 673 | 1,695 | 2,053 | 1,671 | 2,711 | 2,978 | 2,843 | 2,157 |  |
| Stocks, cold storage, end of month: Sheli |  |  |  | 552 | 302 | 209 | 171 | 105 |  | 322 |  |  |  |  |
| Frozen $\qquad$ thous of 1 b -- | 176,721 | 164, 728 | 147, 430 | 124, 272 | 99, 230 | 74,505 | 63,766 | 59,778 | $\begin{array}{r} 79 \\ 52,688 \end{array}$ | 68, 274 | $100,624$ | 134, 218 | -139, 779 | 133,885 |
| Price, wholesale, extras, large (Chicago) dol. per doz | . 361 | . 408 | . 462 | . 490 | . 496 | . 437 | . 355 | . 382 | 434 | . 380 | . 360 | . 352 | 2.357 |  |
| MISCELLANEOUS FOOD PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Confectionery, manufacturers' sales......thous. of dol. | - 60,049 | 74,812 | 117, 739 | 126,988 | 117, 193 | 105, 970 | 99,923 | 97, 278 | 89,372 | 88,618 | 74,415 | ${ }^{\text {r 6 }}$ 6, 653 | 66. 105 |  |
| Cocoa (cacao) beans: Imports (inel shells) |  |  |  |  |  |  | 22,715 | 22, 109 | 22, 719 | 17, 525 | 14,913 | 14,823 |  |  |
|  | ${ }^{2} .305$ | . 321 | , 346 | . 354 | - ${ }^{\text {. } 427}$ | . 399 | 415 | 443 | 437 | 430 | . 460 | r. 483 | D. 489 |  |

Confectionery, manufacturers sales.....- thous. of dol--
Cocoa (cacao) beans:
Imports (inel shells)
r Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ No quotation. ${ }^{2}$ Prices paid delivered; not strictly conuparable with prices through June 1958, which are f. o. b.
O Prior to $^{\circ}$ Pris7, figures include data for sausage and sausage-room products and edible offal; figure for December 1956 comparable with those beginn
606,490,000 lb.
*Substituted series; midmonth prices as reported by U. S. Department of Agriculture. Comparable priees for January 1956-January 1957 are shown in the April 1958 Surver.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | July | August | September | October | Novernber | Dcermber | January | February | March | April | May | June | Juls | August |

FOODSTUFFS AND TOBACCO-Continued

| MISCELLANEOUS FOOD PRODUCTS-Con. Coffee: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Clearances from Brazil, total.......-thous. of bags $0^{\text {r }}$... | 1, 025 | 1, 102 | 1,250 | 1,330 | 1,609 | 1,125 | 741 | 598 | 752 | 1, 143 | 1,338 | 751 | 754 |  |
|  | 1,606 | 1, 596 | 1,686 | 1,825 | 1,115 | 1,737 | 435 | 282 | 534 | 1,762 | -905 | 393 | 364 | ------ |
|  | -954 | 927 | 1,005 | +794 | 1980 | 922 | 1,044 | 926 | 774 | 821 | -982 | 1,110 | 838 |  |
|  | 1, 579 | 1,445 | 1,247 | 1,684 | 2,132 | 2,338 | 1,831 | 1,477 | 1,474 | 1,931 | 2,023 | 1,311 | 83 |  |
| Price, wholesale, Santos, No. 4 (New York) dol. per lb- | . 565 | . 545 | . 533 | . 540 | . 553 | . 553 | . 553 | 540 | 550 | . 538 | . 513 | . 485 | . 470 | . 460 |
| Fish: <br> Stocks, cold storage, end of month $\qquad$ thous. of lb.- | 168, 485 | 190,995 | 204, 922 | 206, 660 | 205, 186 | 191,008 | 156,695 | 121, 201 | 110,574 | 101, 999 | 113,827 | 133, 551 | 162, 226 |  |
| Sugar: <br> Cuban stocks, raw, end of month thous. of Spanish tons. | 2, 445 | 1,945 | 1,620 | 1,370 | 862 | 663 | 636 | 1,704 | 3,029 | 3,804 | 3,840 | 3.239 | 2. 690 |  |
| United States: <br> Deliveries and supply (raw basis): <br> Production and receipts: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 37, 006 | 51, 685 | 138,695 | 589,229 | 726, 744 | 617,197 | 226,381 | 58,959 | 28,552 | 41, 680 | 73, 245 | 53,686 |  |  |
| Entries from off-shore, total..---------- do...- | 694, 255 | 653, 440 | 533,398 | 472, 464 | 411,510 | 112,725 | 491, 963 | 478, 438 | 562, 195 | 578, 036 | 489, 769 | 614, 660 | 631,860 |  |
| Hawaii and Puerto Rico....................do. | 232, 497 | 245, 582 | 141,310 | 193,831 | 147, 394 | 72, 334 | 20,627 | 52,739 | 62, 392 | 106, 732 | 103, 300 | 113, 400 | 196, 965 |  |
| Deliveries, total.-...-.------------------ do | 878, 655 | 833, 099 | 782, 327 | 711, 151 | 627,447 | 786,372 | 581,287 | 625, 207 | 693, 569 | 711, 181 | 746, 725 | 814, 694 |  |  |
| For domestic consumption.-.----------- do | 874, 727 | 829, 565 | 779, 501 | 708, 582 | 623, 570 | 782, 586 | 571, 700 | 619, 226 | 685,783 | 703,039 | 740, 595 | r 808,697 | 878,076 |  |
| For export.-....-.-.............-....- do...-- | 3, 858 | 3,534 | 2,826 | 2,569 | 3, 877 | 3,786 | 9,587 | 5,981 | 7,786 | 8,142 | 6, 130 | 5,997 |  |  |
| Stocks, raw and refined, end of month thous. of short tons.- | 1,180 | 1,000 | 823 | 1, 213 | 1,757 | 1,877 | 1,952 | 1,880 | 1, 748 | 1,629 | 1,503 | 1,326 | 1,131 |  |
|  | 985 | 2,239 | 355 | 1,199 | 403 | 523 | 437 | 276 | 370 | 872 | 259 | 2,031 |  |  |
| Imports: <br> Raw sugar, total | 382, 958 | 315, 157 | 314, 463 | 302, 281 | 201, 698 | 175, 430 | 365,676 | 349, 316 | 435, 666 | 412, 238 | 359,653 | 425, 692 |  |  |
|  | 285, 931 | 219, 754 | 266, 466 | 246, 465 | 179, 885 | 103, 748 | 301, 479 | 279, 172 | 435,666 | 288, 253 | 232,638 | 329,818 |  |  |
| From Philippine IsIand | 76,293 | 66, 836 | 40, 117 | 33, 394 | - 0 | 27,465 | 40, 422 | r 50,400 | 129, 275 | 116. 057 | 121. 136 | 95, 874 |  |  |
| Refined sugar, total | 48, 604 | 49,376 | 20,508 | 15,632 | 5,871 | 5,320 | 45, 482 | 57, 621 | 39, 337 | 50, 508 | 45, 737 | 50, 753 |  |  |
| Trom Cuba | 43, 918 | 41,029 | 8,270 | 4,185 | 1,262 | 2,830 | 37, 556 | 44, 942 | 33, 636 | 40,214 | 36, 483 | 41,948 |  |  |
| Prices (New York) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Raw, wholesale..------------------- dol. p Refined: | . 066 | . 062 | . 062 | . 062 | . 061 | . 061 | . 062 | . 062 | . 059 | . 062 | 063 | 063 | p. 063 |  |
|  | . 532 | . 534 | . 536 | . 536 | . 537 | . 538 | . 539 | . 538 | 539 | . 539 | 540 | 550 | . 550 |  |
| Wholesale (excl. excise tax) ---- dol. per lb-- | . 085 | . 085 | . 084 | . 084 | . 084 | . 084 | . 084 | . 084 | . 084 | . 084 | . 084 | . 084 | p. 084 |  |
|  | 8,437 | 8, 202 | 7,396 | 7,936 | 6,393 | 8, 689 | 8,509 | 6,909 | 9,723 | 9,687 | 9,954 | 6,143 |  |  |
| TOBACCO |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Leaf: <br> Production (crop estimate) $\qquad$ mil. of 1 b |  |  |  |  |  | 11,661 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{2} 1,751$ |
| Stocks, dealers' and manufacturers', end of quarter, total mil. of 1 b . |  |  | 4,918 |  |  | 5,149 |  |  | 5, 014 |  |  | 4,609 |  | 1,75 |
| Domestic: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 298 |  |  | 278 |  |  | 336 |  |  | 316 |  |  |
| Air-cured, fire-cured, flue-cured, and miscel- <br> laneous domestic $\qquad$ |  |  | 4, 403 |  |  | 4,631 |  |  | 4,423 |  |  | 4,030 |  |  |
| Foreign grown: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cicar leaf -------------------------------- do |  |  | 26 |  |  | 25 |  |  | 27 |  |  | 26 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 190 |  |  | 215 |  |  | 228 |  |  | 237 |  |  |
| Exports, including scrap and stems---- thous. of lb.- | 28, 447 | 40,988 | 77, 042 | 74, 386 | 47, 625 | 42, 718 | 23, 879 | 23, 096 | 35. 552 | 22, 789 | 24,055 | 32, 247 |  |  |
| Imports, including scrap and stems.............do...- | 11, 715 | 9,383 | 11, 837 | 11,849 | 9,454 | 9,219 | 11,808 | 10,620 | 7, 277 | 8, 894 | 13,305 | 10, 298 |  |  |
| Manufactured products: <br> Production, manufactured tobacco, total.......do... | 13, 608 | 16, 584 | 15,674 | 17,519 | 13,951 | 12,386 | 15,203 | 13,640 | 14, 638 | 15, 487 | 16,086 | 15,351 | 13.681 |  |
|  | - 5 , 846 | 16,584 6,592 | 6, 128 | 6, 696 | 13, 492 | 12,386 | 6,074 | 13,640 5,198 | 14,638 5,349 | 15,487 5,792 | 16,086 6,133 | 15,351 6,071 | 13, 5 5,703 |  |
|  | 5, 499 | 6,785 | 6,564 | 7,514 | 5, 665 | 4,595 | 6,027 | 5,594 | 6,590 | 6, 863 | 6,909 | 6,368 | 5, 813 |  |
|  | 2, 264 | 3, 207 | 2,982 | 3,309 | 2,794 | 2,848 | 3,102 | 2, 848 | 2,699 | 2, 831 | 3,043 | 2,913 | 2,165 |  |
| Consumption (withdrawals): Cigarettes (small): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2,979 | 2,763 | 2,819 | 2,646 | 2,575 | 3,092 | 3,014 | 2,522 | 2,624 | 2,604 | 2,765 | 2,679 | 2, 840 |  |
|  | 35, 248 | 38, 013 | 34,684 | 38,248 | 31,545 | 26,406 | 35, 843 | 31,369 | 32,968 | 35, 669 | 37,645 | 38,642 | 36, 820 |  |
|  | 478, 149 | 525, 171 | 500,346 | 562, 622 | 574, 369 | 383, 665 | 444, 127 | 394, 236 | 439, 638 | 490, 051 | 542,127 | 502, 876 | 511, 637 |  |
| Manufactured tobacco and snuff, tax-paid thous. of lb_- | 13,747 | 16,619 | 15, 272 | 16,847 | 13, 725 | 12, 228 | 14,961 | 13,161 | 14,366 | 15,208 | 15,654 | 14,889 | 13,694 |  |
|  Price, cigarettes (regular), manufacturer to whole- | 1,588 | 1,524 | 1,353 | 1,220 | 1,568 | 1, 720 | 1,342 | 1,255 | 1,388 | 1,414 | 1,728 | 1,577 |  |  |
| saler and jobber, f. o.b. destination dol. per thous-- | 4. 281 | 4. 281 | 4. 281 | 4.281 | 4. 281 | 4. 281 | 4. 281 | 4. 281 | 4.281 | 4.281 | 4.281 | 4. 281 | ${ }^{\text {p }} 4.281$ |  |

## LEATHER AND PRODUCTS


${ }^{r}$ Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ December 1 estimate of 1957 crop. ${ }^{2}$ September 1 estimate of 1958 crop.
${ }^{3}$ Data for offal included with bends, ete. ${ }^{4}$ Beginning January 1958, includes lining leather. In 1957, exports of lining leather averaged 204 thous. sq. ft. per month. $\wp^{\prime} B a g s$ of 132 lb . §Data represent price for New York and Northeastern New Jersey. of Includes data not shown separately.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | July | August | Septem- ber | October | Novem- ber | Decem- ber | January | February | March | April | May | June | July | August |

## LEATHER AND PRODUCTS-Continued



## LUMBER AND MANUFACTURES

| LUMBER-ALL TYPES $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| National Lumber Manufacturers Association: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production, total.-.-.-.-.-------------mil. mil bd. ft.- | 2,728 | 3, 107 | 2, 888 | 3, 024 | 2, 493 | 2, 192 | 2, 476 | 2, 327 | 2, 544 | 2, 5989 | 2,732 | 2, 810 | 2, 716 |  |
| Hardwoods $\qquad$ | 2, 258 | 2,562 | 2, 2,394 | 2, 518 2,506 | 2,035 | 1891 1,801 | 2,038 | 1,883 1 | 2,064 | 2,132 | 2, 2,265 | 2,829 2,281 | 2 2 236 |  |
|  | 2,813 | 3, 147 | 2, 866 | 3, 091 | 2,473 | 2,259 | 2, 464 | 2, 302 | 2, 542 | 2,746 | 2, 851 | 2,856 | 2, 825 |  |
|  | 429 | 524 | 525 | 548 | 509 | 479 | 490 | 518 | 490 | 477 | 478 | 481 | 444 |  |
|  | 2,384 | 2,623 | 2,341 | 2,543 | 1,964 | 1,780 | 1,974 | 1,784 | 2,052 | 2,269 | 2,373 | 2,375 | 2,381 |  |
| Stocks (gross), mill, end of month, total.......do | 9,696 | 9, 655 | 9,672 | 9,611 | 9, 602 | 9,538 | 9,557 | 9, 528 | 9,494 | 9,384 | 9, 265 | 9,220 | 9,098 |  |
|  | 3,767 | ${ }^{3,788}$ | 3,792 | 3,762 | 3,710 | 3,622 | 3. 578 | 3,495 | 3,449 | 3,430 | 3,417 | 3,465 | 3.499 |  |
| Softwoods | 5,929 | 5,867 | 5,880 | 5,849 | 5,892 | 5,916 | 5,987 | 6,033 | 6,045 | 5,954 | 5,848 | 5,755 | 5,599 |  |
| Exports, total sawmill products $\odot \ldots \ldots . . .{ }^{\text {a }}$ - M bd. ft. | 76, 729 | 80, 875 | 51, 871 | 64, 426 | 54,838 | 56,600 | 93,662 | 46, 258 | 61, 591 | 57, 181 | 69,793 | 57,785 |  |  |
| Importe, total sawmill products ©....-.-......-do...- | 293, 852 | 264, 043 | 269, 268 | 292, 977 | 231, 223 | 241, 873 | 187, 507 | 195, 840 | r247, 476 | 238, 044 | 258, 851 | 290, 069 |  |  |
| SOFTWOODS $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Douglas fir: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 679 | ${ }_{644}^{644}$ | ${ }_{514}$ | 663 | 578 | 554 | ${ }_{63} 6$ | 549 | 652 | 774 | 774 | 661 | 807 |  |
| Orders, unflled, end of month...---------...- do | 620 | 546 704 | 516 | 468 687 | 472 598 59 | 476 523 50 | 506 659 | ${ }_{6} 492$ | 518 657 | 580 685 | 633 705 | ${ }_{661}^{571}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 690 \\ & 590 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Shipments. | 676 | 717 | 643 | 711 | 574 | 550 | 601 | 563 | 626 | 712 | 722 | 723 | 688 |  |
| Stocks (gross), mill, end of | 1,024 | 1,011 | 1,013 | 995 | 993 | 966 | 1,029 | 1,037 | 1,068 | 1,064 | 1,048 | 986 | 882 |  |
| Exports, total sawmill products $\odot \ldots \ldots . .-\mathrm{Cl}^{\text {M bd.ft. }}$ | 27,416 | 26,588 | 34, 586 | 24,977 | 22, 234 | 26,798 | 21,876 | 19, 204 | 20,639 | 22,052 | 23,857 | 20,766 |  |  |
|  | 13, 142 | 9, 560 | 17, 712 | 10, 848 | 9,859 | 13,785 | 11,052 | 8,167 | 10, 270 | 10, 160 | 10, 044 | 9,423 |  |  |
| Boards, planks, scantlinss, etc..........-.... do...- | 14, 274 | 17,028 | 16, 874 | 14, 129 | 12,375 | 13,013 | 10,824 | 11,037 | 10,369 | 11,892 | 13,813 | 11, 343 |  |  |
| Prices, wholesale: <br> Dimension, construction, dried, $2^{\prime \prime} \times 4^{\prime \prime}$, R. L |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| dol. per M bd. | $80.77 \theta$ | 80.299 | 78.853 | 78. 614 | 77.414 | 75. 607 | 75.981 | 76. 201 | 75.834 | 75. 589 | 76.073 | 75.950 | ${ }^{\text {p }} 75.950$ |  |
| Flooring, C and better, F. G., $1^{\prime \prime} \times 4^{\prime \prime}$, R. L. <br> dol. per M bd. ft... | 126. 151 | 125. 538 | 123.039 | 122.071 | 120.614 | 119.511 | 118. 286 | 117.674 | 114.305 | 112.498 | 111. 169 | 111. 169 | p 110.613 |  |
| Southern pine: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 668 219 | 689 206 | 642 203 | 688 186 | 503 140 | 467 144 | 573 <br> 148 | 494 151 | 151 | 610 184 | ${ }_{191}^{608}$ | 597 194 | 638 195 |  |
|  | 640 | 660 | 622 | 687 | 558 | 530 | 623 | 506 | 573 | 562 | 558 | 580 | 60 |  |
|  | 667 | 702 | 645 | 705 | 549 | 463 | 569 | 491 | 571 | 577 | 601 | 594 | 637 |  |
| Stocks (gross), mill and cencentration yards, end of month ...........- .................................. ml bd. | 1,956 | 1,914 | 1,891 | 1,873 | 1, 882 | 1,949 | 2,003 | 2,018 | 2,020 | 2,005 | 1,962 | 1,948 | 1,911 |  |
| Exports, total sawmill products.-......... M bd. ft.- | 9,008 | 6,600 | 7,152 | 7,398 | 5,921 | 7,085 | 5,875 | 6,447 | 6,236 | 7,287 | 6,754 | ${ }^{6,521}$ |  |  |
|  | 1,489 | 1,631 | 1,504 | 1,583 | 830 | 743 | 1,678 | 853 | 1,087 | 1,800 | 1,115 | 1, 410 |  |  |
| Boards, planks, scantlings, etc....-.---......do...- | 7,519 | 4,969 | 5,648 | 5,815 | 5,091 | 6, 342 | 4, 197 | 5,594 | 5, 149 | 5,487 | 5,639 | 5,111 |  |  |
| Prices, wholessle, composite: <br> Boards, No. 2 and better, $1^{\prime \prime} \times 6^{\prime \prime}$, R. L. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| dol. per M bd. ft-- | 77. 272 | 76.759 | 76.308 | 76. 490 | 76.921 | 77. 101 | 75.833 | 75.600 | 74. 643 | 74. 496 | 75.045 | r 75.149 | p 75.284 |  |
| del. per M bd. ft. | 146. 794 | 145. 224 | 145.224 | 144. 979 | 144.979 | 143. 999 | 143.262 | 143.262 | 142.352 | 140.672 | 140.014 | +137.624 | ¹36.895 |  |
| Western pine: <br> Orders, new mil. bd. ft-- | 683 | 687 | 643 | 709 | 460 | 563 | 545 | 455 | 394 | 658 | 640 | 659 | 783 |  |
| Orders, unfiled, end of month.................. do. | 439 | 381 | 391 | 375 | 320 | 360 | 384 | 369 | 334 | 467 | 421 | 410 | 403 |  |
|  | 656 | 782 | 701 | 728 | 544 | 496 | 466 | 477 | 511 | 556 | 655 | 678 | 710 |  |
|  | ${ }^{674}$ | 775 | 664 | 725 | 515 | 523 | 521 | 470 | 524 | ${ }_{8} 625$ | 685 | 671 | 699 |  |
| Stocks, gross, mill, end of month ---.-....do-.-- | 1,979 | 1,986 | 2,023 | 2,026 | 2,052 | 2,028 | 1,974 | 1,981 | 1,968 | 1,899 | 1,869 | 1,876 | 1,887 |  |
| Price, wholesale, Ponderosa, boards, No. 3 common, <br>  | 72.370 | 70.500 | 68.810 | 67. 690 | 66. 900 | 66.870 | 67.350 | 67.090 | 67. 520 | 67.930 | 68.530 | r 68.530 | ${ }^{p} 68.030$ |  |
| HARDWOOD FLOORING |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Maple, bceech, and birch: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, new--..-...-.........-.-........ M bd. ft.- | 4, 200 | 5, 150 | 3, 350 | 3,650 | 3, 225 | 2, 350 | 3,625 | 2,750 | 2,700 | 3,725 | 3,200 | 3,600 | 3,800 |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r}14,950 \\ 3,150 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 14,250 4,100 | 15,300 3,850 | 13,950 4,200 | 13,500 3,500 | 12,800 3,450 | 13,200 3,650 | 13,100 2,900 | 13,025 3,025 | 13,500 3,050 | 13,525 3,125 | 12,400 3,100 | 11,560 3.500 |  |
|  | 3, 800 | 4,700 | 3,000 | 3, 750 | 3, 275 | 2, 850 | 3,350 | 2, 600 | ${ }_{2}, 625$ | 3, 150 | 3,425 | 4,300 | 4, 100 |  |
| Stocks (gross), mill, end of month.-....---..- -do. | 8,350 | 8, 050 | 8,850 | 9,350 | 9,475 | 10, 050 | 10, 250 | 10, 750 | 11, 125 | 12,000 | 10,825 | 9,550 | 9,150 |  |
| Oak: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 69,516 47,896 | 77,597 44,113 | 70,080 41,516 | 79,633 38,815 | 63,549 35,063 | 52,671 34,277 | 67,600 37,864 | 64,824 43,738 | 70,590 45,822 | 87.723 55.360 | 80,068 56,108 | 72, 949 51,891 | 75,867 52.030 |  |
| Production.. | 73, 581 | 81, 533 | 74, 516 | 81, 570 | 67, 745 | 59, 611 | 69, 384 | 60, 580 | 66, 416 | 71, 535 | 73,987 | 75. 231 | 77, 877 |  |
|  | 73,722 | 81, 380 | 75, 681 | 84, 222 | 67,301 | 55, 926 | 64, 013 | 56,986 | 67,033 | 78, 185 | 80,553 | 78,011 | 77, 888 |  |
| Stocks (gross), mill, end of month...-.-.......dio...- | 101, 770 | 101,923 | 100, 758 | 95, 291 | 93, 293 | 96, 978 | 100, 122 | 103, 716 | 101, 086 | 92, 963 | 84, 457 | 81,677 | 80, 587 |  | - Revised. p Proliminary.

Revisions for production for January 1955-July 1956 will be shown later.
$\ddagger$ Revisions for January 1954 -July 1956 are shown on p. 24 of the November 1957 Survey.
$\stackrel{+}{\circ}$ Revisions for lumber (Mibd. ft.) : Exports--11 types---December 1955, 82,699; January 1957, 57,251; Douglas fir, December 1956-total, 38,034; sawed timber, 22,675; imports, all types Nowember 1956, 277,636.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | July | August | Septem- ber | October | November | Decem- <br> ber | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August |

## LUMBER AND MANUFACTURES-Continued

| PLYWOOD |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hardwood (except containar and packaging): $\ddagger$ Shipments (market), quarteny total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 199, 165 |  |  | 189,915 |  |  | -175, 231 |  |  | 175, 719 |  |  |
| Softwood (Douglas fir only), production --...-.-do..-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| M ${ }^{\text {M }}$ sq. ft., $3 \mathrm{~s}^{\prime \prime}$ equivalent.- | 412, 559 | 467, 882 | 450, 513 | 512, 401 | 440,025 | 435, 850 | 497, 092 | 457, 023 | 469, 448 |  |  |  |  |  |

## METALS AND MANUFACTURES

| Foreign trade: IRON AND STEEL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Iron and steel products (exel. advanced mfrs.): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exports, totalt----------.-- thous of short tons.- | 1, 169 | 1, 190 | 916 457 | 1.026 563 | 1,048 620 | 713 323 | 708 341 | 524 249 | 648 335 | 643 <br> 347 | 653 369 | 490 |  |  |
| Imports, total $\ddagger$ | 216 | 198 | 121 | 175 | 127 | 159 | 108 | 99 | r 132 | 137 | 149 | 187 |  |  |
|  | 18 | 23 | 16 | 24 | 19 | 13 | 16 | 12 | 20 | 9 | 15 | 22 |  |  |
| Iron and Steel Scrap |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production and receipts, total...thous. of short tons.- | 6,040 | 6,463 | 6, 140 | 6, 190 | 5,291 | 4,779 | 4,514 | 3,919 | 4,314 | 4,000 | 4,208 | ${ }^{\tau} 4,619$ | - 4,236 |  |
|  | 3,489 | 3, 743 | 3,576 | 3,792 | 3,350 | 3, 009 | 2,943 | 2,456 | 2,583 | 2,358 | 2,527 | + 2, 802 | - 2.466 |  |
|  | 2,551 | 2,720 | 2, 564 | 2, 398 | 1,941 | 1,770 | 1,571 | 1,463 | 1,731 | 1,641 | 1,681 | ${ }^{5} \mathrm{l}, 817$ | - 1,770 |  |
| Consumption, total | 5, 485 | 5, 935 | 5,638 | 5, 974 | 5, 442 | 4,795 | 4,561 | 3,910 | 4, 164 | 3,841 | 4,326 | r 4,938 | p 4,164 |  |
| Stocks, consumers', end of month....------.-.-.-. do | 7,866 | 8,393 | 8,895 | 9,112 | 8,968 | 8,949 | 8,906 | 8,906 | 9,060 | 9,239 | 9,124 | r 8,807 | p 8, 874 |  |
| Ore |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Iron ore: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All districts: | 14, 303 | 14,370 | 12,933 | 11. 337 | 4,974 | 3,258 | 3,375 | 3, 051 | 3,012 | r 2,997 | 5, 439 | 8,118 |  |  |
|  | 15, 886 | 15, 187 | 13, 516 | 12, 834 | 5,348 | 1, 559 | 1, 455 | 1,239 | 1,411 | ${ }^{2}$ 1,534 | 5,208 | 9,071 |  |  |
| Stocks, at mines, end of month.-.--....-....- do. | 8,322 | 7,504 | 6,921 | 5,425 | 4,838 | 6,536 | 8, 742 | 10,633 | 12, 228 | 13,693 | 13, 993 | 12,972 |  |  |
| Lake Superior district (U. S. and Canadian ores) Shipments from upper lake ports........-do | 14, 212 | 13, 172 | 11,828 | 11,005 | 4,066 | 19 | 0 | 10, | 0 | 13,68 63 | 4,061 |  | 9, 589 |  |
| Consumption by furnaces.---------------------- | 17,157 | 13, 7,039 | 11, 792 | 6, 538 | 5, 741 | 4,989 | 4,780 | 3,996 | 4, 236 | 3, 564 | 4,061 | 8,041 | 4, 258 | 9,324 |
| Stocks, end of month, tota | 37, 148 | 43, 951 | 49,464 | 54, 844 | 54, 532 | 49, 668 | 44, 688 | 40, 530 | 36, 213 | 32,564 | 32, 012 | 35, 887 | 41, 313 |  |
| At furnaces- | 33, 975 | 40, 380 | 45,323 | 50, 174 | 49,894 | 45, 300 | 40, 703 | 36, 445 | 32, 445 | 29,048 | 28,529 | 32, 277 | 37,687 |  |
|  | 3, 173 | 3,571 | 4,141 | 4,669 | 4,638 | 4,368 | 3,986 | 4,085 | 3,768 | 3. 516 | 3,483 | 3,610 | 3,826 |  |
|  | 4, 403 | 3,933 95 | 3,852 56 | 3,862 89 | 2, 590 | 1,956 | 1,785 | 1,460 | + 1, 568 | 1,736 | 2, 257 | 3,008 |  |  |
| Manganese ore, imports (manganese content) ....do ${ }_{\text {- }}$.- | 101 | 95 | 56 | 89 | 95 | 76 | 99 | 88 | ${ }^{r} 101$ | 78 | 71 | 46 |  |  |
| Pig Iron and Iron Manufactures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Castings, gray iron: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| thous. of short tons.. | 880 | 826 | 805 | 740 | 705 | 676 | 638 | 632 | 590 | 582 | 570 | 573 |  |  |
|  | 954 | 1,076 | 990 | 1, 100 | 949 | 864 | 868 | 753 | 796 | 807 | 820 | r 868 | p 791 |  |
|  | 523 | 597 | 563 | 601 | 483 | 444 | 436 | 390 | 447 | 457 | 472 | 542 |  |  |
| Castings, malleable iron: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, unfilled, for sale, end of mo.......short tons.- | 80,694 | 84, 876 | 83, 385 | 82. 995 | 80, 074 | 74, 863 | 67, 292 | 59,047 | 54, 330 | 47,664 | 46,603 | 48,260 |  |  |
|  | 57,748 | 65, 426 | 62,457 | 77, 667 | 67, 604 | 60, 425 | 62, 734 | 54,650 | 51,708 | 50, 695 | 48,306 | 51, 882 | ${ }^{p} 42,308$ |  |
|  | 34,876 | 39, 644 | 38, 397 | 45, 989 | 38, 085 | 34, 343 | 34,920 | 31,006 | 29,624 | 29,388 | 26,656 | 31,077 |  |  |
| Production .-.....-....--------- thous. of short tons | 6, 692 | 6,781 | 6,628 | 6,519 | 5,780 | 5,279 | 4,854 | 4,064 | 4, 464 | 3,827 | 4,074 | 4,423 | 4,304 |  |
|  | 6,226 | 6,462 | 6,322 | 6,350 | 5,683 | 5,114 | 4, 714 | 3,978 | 4,283 | 3,784 | 4,135 | 4,546 | ${ }^{p} 4,280$ |  |
| Stocks (consumers' and suppliers'), end of month thous. of short tons.- | 3, 224 | 3,457 | 3,632 | 3, 707 | 3,695 | 3,817 | 3,886 | 3,873 | 4, 022 | 4, 032 | 3,923 | ${ }^{\text {r 3,831 }}$ | - 3,855 |  |
| Prices, wholesale: |  |  |  |  | 3, | 3,817 | 3,886 | 3,873 | 4,022 | 4, 032 | 3,523 | - 831 | -3,855 |  |
|  | 65.23 | 65.95 | 65.95 | 65.95 | 65.95 | 65.95 | 65.95 | 65.95 | 65.95 | 65.95 | 65.95 | 65.95 | 65.95 | 65.95 |
|  | 64.50 | 66.00 | 66.00 | 66.00 | 66.00 | 66.00 | 66.00 | 66.00 | 66.00 | 66.00 | 66.00 | 66.00 | p 66.00 |  |
|  | 66.50 | 66.50 | 66.50 | 66. 50 | 66.50 | 66.50 | 66.50 | 66.50 | 66.50 | 66.50 | 66.50 | 66.50 | $p 66.50$ |  |
| Steel, Crude and Semimanufactures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Steel castings: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shipments, total _short tons.- | 122,018 | 145,926 | 139,002 | 146,397 | 127, 115 | 120, 787 | 120,722 | 103,297 | 106, 233 | 91, 464 | 87, 002 | r 92, 8681 | ${ }^{p} 69,875$ |  |
|  | 90.037 | 111,080 | 105, 611 | 113. 216 | 98, 436 | 92, 125 | 94, 717 | 79, 708 | 82, 195 | 69,121 | 66, 086 | 71, 624 |  |  |
|  | 22, 803 | 33, 641 | 29,718 | 31, 477 | 26, 892 | 23, 403 | 22,545 | 16,647 | 16, 180 | 11,956 | 10,416 | 14, 185 |  |  |
| Steel forgings (for sale): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 11, | 10,46 | 14, 185 |  |  |
| Orders, unfilled, end of mo.....thous, of short tons.- | 430.7 | 417.5 | 306.9 | 400.6 | 364.5 | 342.8 | 317.9 | 288.4 | 265.9 | 241.9 | 240.1 | r 242.0 | 257.5 |  |
|  | 104.1 | 115.4 | 116.9 | 125.6 | 104.8 | 98.5 | 107.8 | 93.1 | 92.3 | 82.5 | 78.5 | 86.6 | 67.6 |  |
| Drop and upset | 79.1 | 88.4 | 86.3 | 93.6 | 79.3 | 73.5 | 81.5 | 69.9 | 69.1 | 60.6 | 56.7 | 65.3 | 51.0 |  |
| Press and open hammer.-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-. do..-- | 25.0 | 27.0 | 30.6 | 31.9 | 25.4 | 25.1 | 26.3 | 23.2 | 23.1 | 21.9 | 21.8 | 21.3 | 16.6 |  |
| Steel ingots and steel for castings: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 8, 909 | 9, 234 | 8,978 | 9, 198 | 8,393 | 7, 420 | 6. 754 | 5,782 | 6, 255 | 5,533 | 6,301 | 7,127 | г 6.420 | ${ }^{p} 7,285$ |
| Percent of capacity $0^{\text {², }}$ - | ${ }^{79}$ | 88 | 88 | 81 | 177 | 66 | 957 | 054 | 85. | 848 | 853 | 62 | r 54 | ${ }_{0} 61$ |
|  | 125.2 | 129.8 | 130.4 | 129.3 | 121.9 | 104.3 | 94.9 | 90.0 | 87.9 | 80.4 | 88.6 | 103.5 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 90.3$ | -102.4 |
| Prices, wholesale: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Composite, finished steel (carbon) .......dol. per lb_Steel billets, rerolling, carbon, f. o. b. mill | . 0677 | . 0677 | . 0677 | . 0677 | . 0677 | . 0677 | . 0677 | . 0677 | . 0677 | . 0677 | . 0677 | . 0677 | . 0077 | . 0695 |
| dol. per short ton.- | 92.50 | 92.50 | 92.50 | 92. 50 | 92.50 | 92. 50 | 92. 50 | 92. 50 | 92.50 | 92.50 | 92.50 | 92.50 | p92. 50 |  |
| Structural shapes (carbon), f. o. b. mili_- dol. per Ib.Steel scrap, No. 1, heavy melting (Pittsburgh) | . 0594 | . 0594 | . 0594 | . 0694 | . 0594 | . 0094 | . 0594 | . 0594 | . 0594 | . 0594 | . 0594 | . 0594 | p. 0594 |  |
| dol. per long ton.. | 55.50 | 55.50 | 49.50 | 38.50 | 32.50 | 31.50 | ${ }^{1} 33.00$ | ${ }^{1} 33.50$ | ${ }^{1} 35.00$ | 1,234.00 | ${ }^{1} 32.00$ | ${ }^{1} 36.00$ | ${ }^{1} 136.00$ |  |
| Steel, Manufactured Products |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Barrels and drums, steel, heavy types (for sale):由 Orders, unfilled, end of month ............thousands |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, unfilled, end of month $\qquad$ thousands Shipments. $\qquad$ do. $\qquad$ | 2,193 2,143 | 2,143 2,120 | 2,076 1,907 | 2,026 2,135 | 1,763 1,759 | 1,820 1,649 | 1,767 1,846 | 1,703 1,692 | 1,781 1,796 | 1,690 1,814 | 1,602 | 1,646 1,883 |  |  |
|  | -86 | 79 | 72 | 80 | 60 | 7.0 | ${ }^{1} 79$ | 1,89 | 81 | 1,87 | 1, 932 | 1,880 |  |  |
| Cans, metal, shipments (in terms of steel consumed), total for sale and own use. $\qquad$ short tons.- | 452, 994 | 546, 237 | 405.894 | 406, 575 | 285,436 | 292.210 | 323,648 | 305,458 | 352, 212 | 319,748 | 365, 343 | 407, 699 |  |  |
|  | 271.056 | 369, 117 | 346, 941 | 260, 450 | 169, 411 | 168. 314 | 190,949 | 181,864 | 213, 521 | 1;8, 441 | r $\begin{array}{r}305,348 \\ 19846\end{array}$ | 407,669 $r 222,295$ | 15.624 284,168 |  |
|  | 181, 938 | 177, 120 | 148.953 | 156. 120 | 116, 025 | 123. 504 | 132,699 | 123, 594 | 138.691 | 141, 307 | r 166, 697 | r 185.374 | 189.156 |  |
|  | 404. 235 | 488, 185 | 430, 362 | 348, 333 | 242,053 | 248, 644 | 269, 259 | 258,637 | 304, 212 | 261, 744 | 305, 622 | 350, 452 | 414. 530 |  |
| Closures (for glass containers), production $\ddagger$.--millions.- | 1,371 | 1,571 | 1,476 | 1,558 | 1.366 | 1,315 | 1,588 | 1,453 | 1,654 | 1,583 | 1,444 | 1, 434 | 11. |  |
| Crowns, production.-.-.-.---.-.-.-.--thousand gross.- | 31,041 | 31,914 | $2 \overline{7}, 684$ | 25,306 | 18.533 | 19,990 | 33,992 | 32,549 | 22,795 | 21,462 | 23,135 | 27, 713 |  |  |

${ }^{r}$ Revised. $\quad p$ Preliminary, $\quad 1$ Not strictly comparable with quotations prior to January 1958. 2 Nominal.


 units per month.

| Unless other wise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of bUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | July | August | Septem- ber | October | Novem- ber | December | $\begin{gathered} \text { Janu- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Febru- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | March | April | May | June | July | August |


| IRON AND STEEL-Continued Steel, Manufactured Products-Continued Steel products, net shipments: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total (all grades) .-........ thous. of short tons. | 5,877 | 6, 230 | 6, 172 | 6, 551 | 5,606 | 5,093 | 5,215 | 4,263 | 4,449 | 4,373 | 4,649 | 5,746 | 4,082 |  |
| Semifinished products....------............-do | 273 | 272 | 261 | 26.3 | 242 | 213 | 206 | 184 | 207 | 178 | 193 | 232 | 120 |  |
| Structural shapes (heavy), steel piling.-.....do | ${ }_{6}^{634}$ | 636 | 597 | 641 | 589 | 548 | 484 | 296 | 317 | 337 | 388 | 448 | 295 |  |
|  | 792 | 732 | 778 | 764 | 462 | 636 | 524 | 435 | 471 | 401 | 404 | 502 | 321 |  |
| Rails and accessories. | 192 | 174 | 162 | 143 | 133 | 100 | 109 | 90 | 101 | 105 | 104 | 109 | 51 |  |
| Bars and tool steel, total ---.-.-.------- do | 752 | 882 | 836 | 896 | 783 | 645 | 682 | 572 | 626 | 628 | 685 | 906 | 587 |  |
| Bars: Hot rolled (incl. light shapes) .-.-.-- do | 489 | 569 | 545 | 617 | 538 | 455 | 468 | 385 | 399 | 376 | 415 | 542 | 344 |  |
| Reinforcing d $\qquad$ | $\begin{array}{r}172 \\ 84 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 188 97 | 182 101 | 163 110 | 142 96 | 100 84 | 118 89 | 107 75 | 141 80 | 176 71 | 191 73 | 274 85 | 175 63 |  |
|  | 859 | 914 | 800 | 889 | 736 | 653 | 615 | 508 | 454 | 511 | 592 | 740 | 513 |  |
| Wire and wire products...-......-...-.-.-. do | 218 | 250 | 250 | 264 | 227 | 195 | 234 | 204 | 240 | 251 | 285 | 354 | 197 |  |
|  | 460 | 494 | 417 | 370 | 321 | 271 | 559 | 475 | 516 | 565 | 491 | 522 | 514 |  |
| Sheets and strip (incl. eleetrical), total.......do | 1, 698 | 1,895 | 2,011 | 2,319 | 2,113 | 1,831 | 1. 811 | 1,499 | 1,517 | 1,396 | 1,508 | 1, 932 | 1,484 |  |
|  | ${ }_{791}^{531}$ | 550 900 | 579 979 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { ¢ } \\ \hline 141 \\ \hline 147\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 616 \\ 1,025 \end{array}$ | ${ }_{911} 51$ | 511 873 | 735 | 416 | 387 628 | ${ }_{661}^{437}$ | 574 <br> 852 | 414 |  |
| Fabricated structural steel: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, new (net) $\dagger$....--...---- - thous. of short tons.- | 213 | 184 | 221 | 181 | 218 | 141 | 162 | 186 | 196 | 208 | 224 | 287 | 331 |  |
|  | 342 | 3884 | 339 |  | ${ }_{3}^{334}$ | ${ }_{2}^{320}$ | 317 | - 283 | 337 $\mathbf{2 , 5 4 2}$ | 324 2,387 | 328 | 329 | 291 |  |
| Backlog, end of month $\dagger$---..........---........- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 3,907 | 3,707 | 3, 521 | 3,322 | 3,233 | 2, 959 | 2.778 | 2,727 | 2, 542 | 2,387 | 2,211 | 2,19 | 2, 220 |  |
| NONFERROUS METALS AND PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aluminum: <br> Production, primary, domestic.-..........short tons | 142,041 | 143, 449 | 129, 278 | 133, 759 | 135.024 | 140, 036 | 139.910 | 121, 980 | 134,019 | 124, 999 | ${ }^{1} 126,327$ | 1 115, 325 |  |  |
| Fstimated recovery from serap $\oplus$...............-do | 31,976 | 32, 555 | 32,978 | 34, 869 | 32, 030 | 28,580 | 28,565 | 23, 095 | 24,277 | 24, 128 | 22, 630 |  |  |  |
| Imports (general): Metal and alloys, crude | 15,76 | 14, 183 | 11,803 | 14, 076 | 17,857 | 24,880 | 18,320 | 17,343 | '24, 949 | 11,283 | 14,076 | 15, 127 |  |  |
|  | 1,545 | 1,817 | 1,775 | 2,279 | 1, 764 | 1,767 | 2,009 | 1,603 | ${ }^{\text {r 2,016 }}$ | 1,938 | 2,024 | 2,128 |  |  |
|  | . 2710 | . 2810 | . 2810 | . 2810 | . 2810 | 2810 | . 2810 | . 2810 | . 2810 | 2610 | 2610 | 2610 | . 2610 | 2678 |
| Aluminum shipments: ${ }_{\text {Mill products and pig and ingot (net) } \ldots \text {....mil. of }}$ | 370.6 | 298.1 | 301.9 | 320.0 | 280.5 | 292.1 | 269.8 | 235.2 | 251.4 | 278.0 | 283.4 | 304.3 |  |  |
|  | 249.6 | 224.3 | 216.0 | 232.8 | 187.0 | 177.5 | 193.7 | 179.0 | 190.1 | 211.5 | 217.3 | 228.6 |  |  |
| Plate and sheet | 130.6 | 117.8 | 111.3 | 121.6 | 95.2 | 90.0 | 102.0 | 93.9 | 100.8 | 113.0 | 115.7 | 118.8 |  |  |
| Castings $\triangle$ | 52.2 | 55.7 | 58.7 | 64.1 | 58.9 | 53.1 | 57.8 | 50.7 | 50.5 | 44.9 | 44.1 | 40.7 |  |  |
| Copper: <br> Production: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mine, recoverable copper $\triangle$..-.-.---..-short tons. | 84,969 | 87, 113 | 87, 120 | 89, 132 | 90, 089 | 90, 386 | 90, 255 | 81, 717 | 87, 234 | 84, 107 | 78,391 | -68,252 | 2 |  |
| Refinery, primary ---------------------- do- | 109,296 | 109, 791 | 100, 265 | 115, 234 | 127, 951 | 132, 303 | 123,862 | 109, 100 | 104, 530 | 103, 689 | 107, 431 | 103, 197 | 94,963 |  |
|  | 83, 275 | 80, 754 | 74, 395 | 78, 296 | 86, 063 | 94, 389 | 88,487 | 78,455 | 76, 757 | 75, 560 | 83, 091 | 78, 597 | 67,912 |  |
| From foreign ores------1.-.------------ do | 26,021 | 29,037 | 25,870 | 36,938 | 41,888 | 37, 914 | 35, 375 | 30,645 | 27,773 | 28,129 | 24, 340 | 24, 600 | 27, 051 |  |
| Secondary, recovered as ref̂ne | 15,883 | 16,932 | 14, 897 | 18,654 | 17,940 | 15,624 | 16,758 | 16,883 | 16, 277 | 19,253 | 19,349 | 18, 200 | 15, 131 |  |
| Imports (general): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 54, 303 | 47, 899 | 42,390 | 54, 741 | 46, 650 | 47, 720 | 53, 182 | 47, 603 | ${ }^{*}$ 48,945 | 52,627 | 31,698 | 58, 900 |  |  |
| Refined.-.-----.----------------------- do | 14, 386 | 10, 212 | 10,486 | 12, 431 | 18, 427 | 11, 206 | 16, 280 | 15, 320 | + 20, 542 | 14, 940 | 9,015 | 19,558 |  |  |
| Exports: <br> Refined, scrap, brass and bronze ingots.......do |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Refined, scrap, brass and bronze ingots......-do Refined. | 34,519 24,420 | $\stackrel{23,435}{28,135}$ | 27,057 | 20,076 | 35,689 30,897 | 26, 223 | - 29,338 | 21, 18,903 | 27,539 22,584 | 23,920 | 43,746 | $\begin{aligned} & 25,192 \\ & 21,232 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| Consumption, refined (by mills, ete.) .-....-.-- do | 80, 757 | 113, 180 | 108, 864 | 128,064 | 108,395 | 102,425 | 106, 152 | 93, 237 | -94,621 | r 91, 820 | r 85.143 | + 108, 704 | p80, 259 |  |
| Stocks, refined, end of month, total...------- do | 305,763 | 309, 564 | 293,540 | 269,700 | 279,398 | 288,3f0 | 301, 807 | 329, 242 | 364, 803 | - 375.005 | + 379,069 | -367, 317 | p360, 104 |  |
| Fabricators' | 120,636 | 120,901 | 123,942 | 109,439 | 123,730 | 124,640 | 132, 139 | 136, 107 | 136, 623 | 136, 679 | +137, 508 | r 137, 420 | ${ }_{p 136,432}$ |  |
| Price, bars, electrolytic (N. Y.)...-.-.--- dol. per lb. Copper-base mill and foundry products, shipments (quarterly): | . 2869 | 2810 | 2644 .451 | . 2634 | . 2634 | 6632 474 | . 2511 | . 2440 | .2402 416 | . 2425 | 2430 | 2469 +422 | . 2567 | 2609 |
| Copper wire mill products $\oplus$.-........-.-...-. do |  |  | 366 |  |  | 373 |  |  | 333 |  |  | ${ }^{+} 324$ |  |  |
| Brass and bronze foundry products............d. |  |  | 211 |  |  | 213 |  |  | 202 |  |  | 187 |  |  |
| Lead: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production: Mine, recoverable lead $\triangle$................short tons | 27,306 | 27, 806 | 25,006 | 28,6 | 24, 042 | 25, 982 | 25, 801 | 23,632 | 18,307 | 25,664 | 24,225 | 22,776 | 21,135 |  |
| Secondary, estimated recoverable $\oplus$.-....-...do | 26,670 | 33, 908 | 33, 682 | 38, 856 | 36, 283 | 30, 741 | 31, 715 | 28,909 | 26,329 | 29, 811 | 28, 266 | 26, 586 |  |  |
| Imports (general), ore $\oplus$, metal | 43, 297 | 41, 013 | 36, 218 | 47, 952 | 45, 292 | 57,701 | 51,015 | 39,601 | - 67,865 | 53, 597 | 59,984 | 50, 794 |  |  |
| Consumption, total | 85,569 | 103, 442 | 95,790 | 105,337 | 86,385 | 79, 298 | 82, 100 | 71, 700 | 78, 000 | 79,400 | 75, 800 | 80,000 |  |  |
| Stocks, end of month: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Producers', ore, base bulion, and in process $\oplus$ (ABMS) ........................................ Refiners' (primary), refined and antimonial $\oplus$ | 134,039 | 122,340 | 116,093 | 111,683 | 102, 401 | 116, 314 | 119, 461 | 115, 728 | 117,830 | 120, 553 | 112, 739 | -112, 734 | 118,519 |  |
| Consumers, tatal short ton | 67, 296 | 60, 029 | 54, 002 | 58, 211 | 70, 101 | 90, 777 | 100, 303 | 118,677 | 127, 938 | 142, 232 | 154, 105 | 162, 476 |  |  |
|  | 92, 601 | 96.624 | 103,910 | 105,634 | 116, 630 | 122, 433 | 127,489 | 113, 871 | 113, 950 | 111, 599 | 119, 167 | 113,470 |  |  |
| Scrap (lead-base, purchased), all consumers - -do | 45,063 .1400 | 43,633 .1400 | 45,877 .1400 | 49,495 $\quad .1369$ | 44, 979 .1350 | 48,102 .1300 | 44, 401 .1300 | 41, 178 .1300 | 44, 569 .1300 | 42,543 .1200 | 39,211 .1171 | 35,310 .1122 | , | 86 |
| Tin: ${ }_{\text {Pre, }}$ pig, desilverized N |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 212 | 271 | 276 | 297 | 290 | 275 | 200 | 211 | 256 | 265 | 207 | 298 |  |  |
| Imports (for consumption), bars, pigs, ete.....do Consumption, pig, total. | 6, 388 | 5,171 | 5,565 | 4, 602 | 3, 780 | 2,335 | 2,900 | 2,915 | ${ }^{\text {r 4, }}$, 267 | 3,173 | $\stackrel{2}{2,621}$ | 4, 510 |  |  |
|  | 6, 470 | $\begin{array}{r}7,220 \\ 4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }^{6,660}$ | 6, 975 | 5, 925 | 5,365 | 6,320 | 5,685 | $\begin{array}{r}5,920 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }^{6,000}$ | 5,775 | 5,840 |  |  |
|  | 4, 345 | 4,835 116 | 4, ${ }^{105}$ | 4, 195 | 3, 590 | 3, ${ }^{190}$ | 3,950 | 3,720 | 3,880 | 3,975 | 3,830 | 3,885 |  |  |
| Exports, incl. reexports (metal) --..ent.-...-...d. do | 21,315 | 21,950 | 23. 285 | 23, 275 | 23, ${ }^{1355}$ | 22,423 | 20,596 | 20,055 | 21, ${ }^{228}$ | 19,655 | 18,920 | 20,480 |  |  |
| Price, pim, Straits (N. Y.), prompt.......dol. per lb. | . 9646 | . 9415 | . 9331 | . 9184 | . 8923 | . 9232 | . 9268 | . 9375 | . 9433 | . 9298 | ${ }^{18,9449}$ | - 9462 | . 9489 | 9494 |
| Mine production, recoverable zinc $\triangle$...--short tons.. | 43,345 | 43,090 | 35, 514 | 39,746 | 36,043 | 39,895 | 38,708 | 33, 545 | 35,624 | 39,405 | + 35,834 | +32, 971 | 29,442 |  |
| Imperts (general): |  |  | 44, 223 | 46,269 | 48,171 | 48,629 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Metal (slab, blocks) | 21, 899 | - 42,568 | 15, 525 | 21, 776 | 16,083 | 22,069 | 12, 889 | 15, 307 | -16, 901 | 13, 554 | 11, 864 | 13, 304 |  |  |
| Slab zinc: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (primary smelter), from domestic and <br>  | 80,577 | 78,845 | 72,767 | 76, 349 | 74, 633 | 81, 666 | 78, 194 | 65, 459 | 69,040 | 66, 572 | 67, 167 | 63, 595 |  |  |
| Secondary (redistilied) production, total....do... | 5,202 | 5,321 | 4, 888 | 5, 143 | 5, 121 | 4,604 | 4,149 | 2,895 | 3,234 | 3,642 | 3,851 | 3,372 |  |  |
| Consumption, fabricators', total.-....----- do | 65, 123 | 74, 562 | 75,976 | 87, 898 | 76, 595 | 67, 421 | 69,295 | 60, 437 | 59,978 | 58, 432 | 61, 907 | 68, 690 |  |  |
| Exports- | 3, 769 | 789 | 446 | 518 | 156 | 222 | 413 | 343 | 11 | 136 | 79 | 10 |  |  |
| Stocks, end of month: <br> Producers', smelter (AZI) ............................ do | 146, 179 | 149, 296 | 153, 766 | 155, 925 | 152,513 | 166, 660 | 180, 346 | 189, 189 | 203, $6: 11$ | 221, 171 | 240,670 | 252,979 | 257, 911 | 251, 529 |
| Consumers' | 72, 288 | 74,078 | 71, 919 | 71,844 | 74,095 | 85,006 | 87, 169 | 81,584 | 75,955 | 71,820 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 70,224$ | 63, 630 |  |  |
| Price, prime Western (St. Louis) .....-dol. per Ib- | . 1001 | 1000 | . 1000 | . 1000 | . 1000 | . 1000 | . 1000 | . 1000 | . 1000 | . 1000 | . 1000 | 1000 | . 1000 | . 1000 |
| ne oxide (zinc content of ore consumed) short tons | 7,599 | 8,630 | 6,554 | 7,031 | 6,603 | 5,618 | 6, 174 | 5,8 | 6,819 | 6,041 | 6,070 | 6,376 | 6,879 |  |

$r$ Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary: ${ }^{1}$ Source: American Bureau of Metal Statistics.
$\dagger$ Data for 1947-57 have been revised to incorporate adjustments to materials from the 1954 Census of Manufactures. Monthly data for 1947-56 will be shown later.
$\triangle$ Revisions for aluminum castings (1955) and copper, lead, and zinc mine production (1956) will be shown later.
${ }^{7}$ Data in 1957 Business STATISTCS represent total production (both primary and secondary).

| 1957 |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| July | August | September | October | November | $\begin{gathered} \text { Deeem. } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | January | Fcbruary | March | April | May | June | July | August |

METALS AND MANUFACTURES-Continued

HEATING APPARATUS, EXCEPT ELECTRIC
Radiators and convectors, cast iron:
shipments_-.-.-. thous. of sq. ft. of radiation. Oil burners:
Shipments
Stocks, end of month----------------------number
Stoves and ranges, domestic cooking, excl. electric
Shipments, totai .-.-number
Gas (incl. buncalow and combination) Kerosene gasoline and fuel ill
toves, domestic heating, shipments, total $\oplus$.
Coal and wood.

Kerosene, gasoline, and fuel oil-....-................................ shipments, total $\oplus$.......................................... Gas
Oil
Solid fuel
Water heaters, gas, shipments

## MACHINERY AND APPARATUS

Blowers, fans, and unit heaters, quarterly totals:
Blowers and fans, new orders...........thous. of dol Unit-heater group, new orders-................
Foundry equipment (new), new orders, net
Foundry equipment (new), new orders, net
mo, avg. shipments, $1947-49=100$.
Furnaces, industrial, now orders, net:
Fuel-fired (except for hot rolling stecl) thous of dol
Industrial trucks (electric), shipments:



Machine tools (metal-cutting and metal-forming): $\dagger$ New orders (net), total...-.-....................... of dol. Domestic. $\qquad$


Other machinery and equipment, quarterly shipments: Construction machinery (excavating and earthFarm machines and equipment (selected products, excluding tractors) ${ }^{\text {ot }}$-................thous. of dol.

Tractors (except garden), total, incl. contractors' off-highway wheel-type tractors o $\oplus$....units.

 Whel-type (exc. contractors' of-highway) units
Value.

Pumps (steam, power, centrifugal, and rotary), new

## ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT

Batteries (automotive replacement only), shipments
Household electrical appliances: Refrigeration, output (seas. adj.) $\oplus \ldots-1947-49=100$ Vacuum cleaners (standard type), sales billed thousands



Insulating materials and related products:
Insulating materials, sales billed, index $\quad 1947-49=100$.
Vulcanized fiber products: Consumption of fiber paper-....-.-. thous of lbShipments of vulcanized products...-thous. of dol-
Steel conduit (rigid), shipments...........thous. of ft.
Motors and gencrators, quarterly:
New orders, index --...-.-.-.-.-1947-49 $=100$
Polyphase induction motors, $1-200 \mathrm{hp}$ : Bew order
 Direct current motors and generators, 1-200 hp: 1 Billings


| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of buSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | July | August | Septerm- ber | October | Novem- ber | Decem- ber | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Febru- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | March | April | May | June | July | August |

## PETROLEUM, COAL, AND PRODUCTS

| COAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Production.--.-.-.-...-.----- thors. of short tons.- | 1,478 | 2, 294 | 2,173 | 2, 262 | 1,928 | 1,826 | 2, 197 | 1,782 | 1,501 | 1, 571 | 1,639 | 1,995 | - 1,400 | 1.779 |
| Stocks in producers' storage yards, end of mo.do.. | 308 | 394 | 516 | 532 | 510 | 500 | 420 | 291 | 275 | 283 | 341 | 366 | 395 |  |
|  | 289 | 449 | 477 | 329 | 240 | 270 | 225 | 200 | 137 | 117 | 190 | 232 |  |  |
| rices: <br> Retail, stove, composite_---.--dol. ner short ton | 27.98 | 28.02 | 28.40 | 28.56 | 28.90 | 28.90 | 29.14 | 29.14 | 29.14 | 28.21 | 27.66 | 27.63 | 27.76 |  |
| Wholesale, chestnut, f. o. b. car at mine --...do.-- | 14.036 | 14. 105 | 14.532 | 15.022 | 15.092 | 15.512 | 15.512 | 15. 512 | 15. 512 | 13.279 | 13.279 | 13.279 | P 13.678 |  |
| Bituminous: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production $\qquad$ thous. of short tons. Industrial consumption and retail deliverics. total | 34, 270 | 43,046 | 40,745 | 45,473 | 38,317 | 36,989 | 37, 700 | 31,450 | 31,930 | 29,940 | 30,310 | ${ }^{\text {¢ }} 33,762$ | 23,880 | 34, 180 |
| - | 30, 810 | 32,888 | 32,302 | 35,696 | 34, 328 | 35, 16,5 | 36,784 | 33,653 | 32.319 | 27,130 | 26,044 | + 25,650 | 2f, 294 |  |
| Industrial consumntion, total \& ....-.......... do.. | 29, 380 | 30, 846 | 29.833 | 32, 186 | 31, 169 | 31, 242 | 31,778 | 28,622 | 28,692 | 24,932 | 24,477 | - 24, 199 | 24, 840 |  |
| Electric-power utilities...---.-....----- .-. do | 12, 443 | 13,034 | 12, 469 | 13, 521 | 13,345 | 13,646 | 14,563 | 13,352 | 13, 165 | 11, 290 | 11, 012 | 11, 183 | 11, 821 |  |
|  | 9, 033 | 9, 043 | 8, 751 | 8,727 | 7, 870 | 7, 242 | 6, 697 | 5,758 | 6,130 | 5,446 | 5,555 | 5,577 | 5, 6.41 |  |
| Reehive coke ovens -------------------- do | 229 | 249 | ${ }_{4}^{224}$ | 195 569 | 142 | 128 <br> 680 | 84 | 783 | 72 | ${ }_{60}^{60}$ | ${ }^{65}$ | $\begin{array}{r}r \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}54 \\ 438 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |
|  | 4433 | 436 | 452 | 569 | ${ }_{7}^{621}$ | ${ }_{680}^{681}$ | 800 | 787 | 734 | 583 | 759 | 486 | 438 |  |
| Cement mills \& O ( mfg and mining indust | 442 5996 | 6 | $\begin{array}{r}734 \\ 6,414 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $7 \begin{array}{r}789 \\ 7.594\end{array}$ | 786 | 817 | 706 | 615 | 626 | 629 | 700 | 718 | 729 |  |
| Other mfg. and mining indust | 5,996 | 6,446 | 6,414 | 7,594 | 7,685 | 8, 123 | 8,407 | 7, 592 | 7, 562 | 6,556 | 6, 150 | 5,806 | 5,829 |  |
| Railroads (class I) | 621 | 671 | 619 | 626 | 607 | 584 | 521 | 452 | 400 | 320 | 276 | 227 | 191 |  |
| Bunker fuel (foreign and lake vess | 183 | 185 | 170 | 165 | 113 | 22 | , | 3 | 3 | 48 | 160 | $r 124$ | 137 |  |
| Retail deliveries to other consumers 8 ------- do | 1,430 | 2, 042 | 2, 469 | 3, 510 | 3,159 | 3, 223 | 5,006 | 5,031 | 3,627 | 2,198 | 1,567 | 1,451 | 1,454 |  |
| Stocks, industrial and retail dealers', end of month, totals thous. of short tons | 75, 260 | 77, 889 | 80, 021 | 81, 583 | 81, 520 | 80,779 | 77,355 | 72, 264 | 70,922 | 71, 296 | 72,613 | 74, 646 | 71, 144 |  |
| Industrial, totals --...........-............ do... | 74, 318 | 76, 899 | 79,011 | 80, 649 | 80, 532 | 79, 868 | 76, 617 | 71,692 | 70, 409 | 70,749 | 71, 931 | 73, 789 | 70,217 |  |
| Electric-nower utilities. .---------------- do | 47, 508 | 49, 085 | 50, 488 | 51, 238 | 51,070 | 50, 289 | 48,707 | 46, 025 | 45, 055 | 45, 662 | 47, 296 | 48, 770 | 47, 290 |  |
|  | 11,717 | 12,504 | 13, 014 | 13, 938 | 14,002 | 14, 092 | 13,217 | 12,096 | 11,906 | 11,782 | 11, 585 | 11,784 | 10,040 |  |
| Steel and rolling m | 729 | 780 | 714 |  | 652 |  | 602 | 590 | 589 | 6,21 | ${ }^{613}$ | 680 | 540 |  |
| Cement mills | 1,342 | 1,371 | 1,450 | 1. 531 | 1,573 | 1,524 | 1,364 | 1,228 | 1,128 | 1,060 | 1,073 | 1,144 | 1,093 |  |
| Other industrial | 12,357 | 12,505 | 12,693 | 12, 630 | 12,617 | 12,667 | 12,072 | 11, 142 | 11,141 | 11, 074 | 10,853 | 11,016 | 10, 840 |  |
| Railroads (class | 665 | 654 | 664 | 625 | 618 | 645 | 655 | 611 | 590 | 550 | 511 | 495 | 414 |  |
| Retail deale | 942 | 990 | 1,010 | 934 | 988 | 911 | 738 | 572 | 513 | 547 | 682 | 857 | 927 |  |
| Fxports | 7,300 | 7,405 | 6, 583 | 6,435 | 5,268 | 4,901 | 4, 104 | 2,933 | 3,629 | 4,412 | 4,351 | 4,828 |  |  |
|  | 16.07 | . 14 | . 38 | 6. 52 | 16.58 | . 61 | 16.62 | 16. 63 | 16.66 | 16.63 | 16.18 | 16.16 | 28 |  |
| Wholesale: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Screenings, indust. use, f. o. b. car at mine...do Large domestic sizes, f. o. b. car at mine...do | ${ }^{5.509}$ | 5. 597 | 5.572 | 5.575 | 5. 565 | 5. 5.59 | 5. 539 | 5. 555 | 5. 561 | 5.449 | 5.449 | - 5.443 | p 5.388 |  |
| Large domestic sizes, f. o. b. car at mine...do | 7.282 | 7.405 | 7.558 | 7.611 | 7.665 | 7.724 | 7.709 | 7.709 | 7. 709 | 7.182 | 7.154 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 7.122$ | ${ }^{\square} 7.244$ |  |
| Production: COKE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Reehivet-------------....-. thous of short tons | ${ }_{r}^{r} 144$ | ${ }^{r} 157$ | ${ }^{r} 143$ | $\begin{array}{r}r 123 \\ \hline 6.166\end{array}$ | ${ }^{\text {r }} 90$ | ${ }^{\tau} 81$ | ${ }_{7} 48$ | 38 | ${ }^{7} 40$ | ${ }^{+34}$ | 736 80 | $\begin{array}{r}45 \\ \hline 88 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 31 |  |
|  | ${ }^{\text {r 6, }} 376$ | ${ }^{+6,383}$ | r 6,168 | ${ }^{+} 6,166$ | ${ }^{\text {r 5 5, } 541}$ | ${ }^{\sim} 5,098$ | 4,715 | 4,041 | 4, 302 | 3, 802 | 3,862 | 3,889 | 3,928 |  |
| Petroleum coke \% | 519 | 562 | 553 | 599 | 586 | 607 | 646 | 560 | 592 | 627 | 665 | 593 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2,423 1,781 | 2,545 1,829 | 2,599 1,816 | 2,764 1,947 | $\stackrel{2,973}{2,095}$ | 3, 137 <br> 2,183 <br> 1 | 3, 3 200 | 3,347 2,312 | 3,478 2,346 | 3,721 2,479 | 3,886 2,580 |  | 3. ${ }^{3} 888$ |  |
| At merchant plan | 642 | 716 | 783 | 817 | 868 | 954 | 1,027 | 1,035 | 1,133 | 1,243 | 1,306 | r 1, 346 | 1,398 |  |
| Petroleum coke. | 400 | 401 | 435 | 459 | 501 | 507 | 559 | 576 | 622 | 669 | 728 | 725 |  |  |
|  | 66 | 87 | 81 | 60 | 56 | 50 | 41 | 33 | 32 | 16 | 25 | 30 |  |  |
| Price, oven foundry coke (merchant plants), f. o. b. Birmingham, Ala.o $0^{7}-\ldots-\ldots$.-......... dol. per short ton.- | 28.85 | 28.85 | 28.85 | 28.85 | 28.85 | 28.85 | 28.85 | 28.85 | 28.85 | 28.85 | 28.85 | 28.85 | 28.85 | 88.85 |
| PETROLEUM AND PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Crude petroleum: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2,181 212,771 | 2,823 210,043 | 2,353 206,590 | r $\begin{array}{r}2,761 \\ 212,106\end{array}$ | 2,105 204,484 | 214, ${ }^{2,152}$ | $r$ 212,572 212 | r1, 851 | - 1 1,704 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 18,624$ | ${ }^{+} 2.160$ | 1,980 |  |  |
| Production..........-.-.-.-.-. thous. of bhl | 212, 771 | 210,043 | 206,590 | 212, 106 | 204, 484 | 214,793 | 212, 810 | 190, 651 | 194, 472 | 188, 631 | 193, 215 | 190, 240 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - 81 | 1815, 79 | ${ }^{82}$ | 83 |  |  |
| Consumption (runs to stills)...---.-.-.thous. of bbl.Stocks, end of month: | 243, 412 | 250, 847 | 237, 606 | 237. 143 | 230, 773 | 242, 305 | 237, 827 | 210, 663 | 228,050 | 215,657 | 229, 754 | 225,803 |  |  |
| Stocks, ent of month: ${ }_{\text {Gasoline-begring in }}$ U. S., total...............do. | 288, 241 | 283,388 | 280,469 | 284, 517 | 281, 769 | 281, 813 | 284, 539 | 285, 048 | 278, 534 | 273, 959 | 263, 105 | 253, 550 |  |  |
|  | 75, 961 | 75,841 | 74, 575 | 77,737 | 74, 340 | 76, 576 | 79,736 | 77,069 | 77, 556 | 76,981 | 72, 351 | 71, 419 |  |  |
| At tank farms and in pipelines.--------- do | 190,058 | 185, 097 | 183, 044 | 184, 129 | 184, 557 | 183, 526 | 183, 043 | 186, 877 | 179,464 | 176, 112 | 169,908 | 161.373 |  |  |
|  | 22, 222 | 22,450 | 22,850 | 22,651 | 22, 872 | 21, 711 | 21, 760 | 21, 102 | 21, 514 | 20,866 | 20,846 | 20,758 |  |  |
|  | 1,197 | 995 | 739 | 1,007 | 926 | 1,088 | 425 | 213 | 838 | 643 | 503 | 216 |  |  |
|  | 42,048 | 41, 130 | 32, 800 | 37,651 | 28,392 | 31, 281 | 34, 237 | 27,485 | + 32,406 | 27,608 | 31,613 | 34,460 |  |  |
| Price (OElahoma-Kansas) at wells-...--dol. per bbl-. Refined petroleum products: | 3.07 | 3.07 | 3.07 | 3.07 | 3.07 | 3.07 | 3.07 | 3.07 | 3.07 | 3.07 | 3.07 | 3.07 |  |  |
| Refined petroleum products: Fucl oil: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Distillate fucl oil.----------------thous. of bbl | 54, 236 | 55,979 | 53, 164 | 52, 863 | 52,006 | 58,455 | 57, 120 | 48,179 | 51, 149 | 47, 032 | 50,723 | 48.342 |  |  |
|  | 33, 776 | 33,754 | 32,987 | 32,602 | 32, 059 | 35, 398 | 33, 803 | 31, 054 | 31, 468 | 28,412 | 28, 537 | 27,346 |  |  |
| Domestic demand: <br> Distillate fuel oil. $\qquad$ do | 31, 120 | 33,674 | 38,362 | 48,669 | 60,029 | 74,760 | 83, 604 | 82, 169 | 62,298 | 46, 221 | +37, 290 | 31,715 |  |  |
|  | 39, 060 | 40,365 | 36,079 | 43, 102 | 45,972 | 53, 719 | 56,356 | 50,398 | 46, 294 | 41, 491 | + 35.816 | 35, 571 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 5,510 | 5,790 | 5,644 | 6, 421 | 6,684 | 7. 048 | 7,257 | 6, 442 | 5,950 | 5,017 | 4,784 | 5,343 | 6,102 |  |
| Railways (class I) Vessels (bunker oii) | 7,659 | 7,906 | 7,687 | 8,146 | 7,596 | 7,833 | 7,812 | 7,319 | 7,826 | 7,304 | 6,665 | 16.918 |  |  |
|  | 7,976 | 8,345 | 7,874 | 8,101 | 7,345 | 7, 168 | 7, 462 | 6, 456 | 6,886 | 7,491 | 7,351 | 6,629 | 7,130 |  |
|  | 138, 359 | 159, 124 | 173, 269 | 176,388 | 166, 763 | 149,449 | 122,375 | 87,906 | 75,315 | 76,239 | 89, 160 | 105,311 |  |  |
|  | 49,621 | 52, 645 | 58, 727 | 60,025 | 59,622 | 59, 959 | 57,562 | 55, 095 | 54,929 | 57,975 | 61, 589 | 63,864 |  |  |
| $\underset{\text { Distillate fuel oil }}{\text { Exprta }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Distillate fuel oil | 2, 643 | 2,447 | 1,332 | 2,022 | 2,239 | 1,825 | 1,364 | 1,657 | 1,902 | 1,057 | 1,436 | 1,138 |  |  |
|  | 2,516 | 2,332 | 1,574 | 2, 279 | 1,898 | 1,804 | 1,418 | 1, 046 | 1,769 | 1,218 | 2,506 | 1,952 |  |  |
| Prices, wholesale: <br> Distillate (N. Y. Harbor, No. 2fuel) dol. per gal.- | 109 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 101 | 099 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Residual (Okla., No. 6 fuel) .-....-dol. per bbl- | 2.15 | 2.05 | 1. 95 | 1.75 | 1.75 | 1. 75 | 1.75 | 1. 25 | 1. 10 | $\begin{array}{r} 1.20 \\ 1.20 \end{array}$ | 1. 20 | 1. 20 |  |  |
| Kerosene: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 7,718 | 7, 804 | 8,284 | 8.230 | 9,709 | 11, 042 | 11,204 | 10,651 | 10, 436 | 8, 102 | 7,036 | 6,978 |  |  |
| Domestic demand..............................do | 4,948 | 4, 828 | 6, 486 | 10, 085 | 11,442 | 14,593 | 17,459 | 16,524 | 11, 020 | 6,091 | 4,379 | 4, 278 |  |  |
| Stocks, end of mon | 31, 713 | 34,576 | 36, 382 | 34.384 | 32, 696 | 29, 200 | 23,073 | 17, 202 | 16,706 | 18,729 | 21, 437 | 24, 167 |  |  |
| Exports |  | 225 | 67 | 211 |  | 93 | 45 | 71 | 82 | 73 | 56 | 58 |  |  |
| Price, wholesale, bulk lots (New York Harbor) | . 114 | . 110 | . 110 | 110 | 110 | . 110 | 110 | . 106 |  |  | . 098 | . 098 |  |  |

${ }^{5}$ Revised. $\quad{ }^{p}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ Revision for June 1957: 7,251,000 barrels.
§Data for total industrial consumption, retail deliveries, total industrial and retail stocks, and for the indicated components have been revised to new benchmarks; bunker fuel figures
now include fuel on lake vessels. Revisions for the affected items are available on annual basis from 1933 forward and on monthly basis beginning January 1954 .
fRevisions for January-June 1957 (thous. short tons): Beehive- $247 ; 255 ; 270 ; 221 ; 182 ; 157 ;$ oven-6,613; 5,973; 6,$640 ; 6,229 ; 6,460 ; 6,215$. Revisions for 195b are available upon request.
of ncubstituted series (averages of weekly quotations from Steel magazine); data prior to May 1957 will be shown later.

| Unless otherwise stated，statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | July | August | Septem－ ber | October | Novem－ ber | Decem－ brr | Janu－ ary | Febru－ ary | March | April | May | June | July | August |

## PETROLEUM，COAL，AND PRODUCTS－Coatinued

PETROLEUM AND PRODUCTS－Continued
Refined petroleum products－Continued
Lubricants：

Stocks，refinery，end of month
 Tulsa） Motor fuel
Gasoline（including aviation）： Production，total．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．
Gasoline and naphtha from crude oil Natural－gas liquids：
Used in other gasoline blends，eto－－－．－．do－
Domestic demand
Stocks．end of month：
inished gasolin
$\qquad$ ＿do．．． At remneries Natural－gas liquids
Exports（motor fuel，gasoline，jet fuel）．．．．．．．．do．．． Prices，gasoline：
Wholesale，refinery（Okla．，group 3）dol．per gal Retail（regular grade，exel．taxes），service sta－ tions， 54 cities．
Aviation qasoline：
Production，total Stocks，end of month，total． 100－octane and above．
Jet fuel：
$\qquad$
Domestic demand $\qquad$
$\qquad$ fobl
do．．．
do．．． Production Stocks，
Production Wax：©
Production－ Stocks，refinery，end of month $\qquad$ Asphalt and tar products，shipments：
Asphalt roofing，total
Roll roofing and cap sheet：
Roll roofing and cap
do．．．
Shingles，all types
Asphalt sidings．－．．．．．．．．．
Saturated felts．
N－x

## －





| 4． 432 | 4，221 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2， 872 | 2，959 |
| 10， 864 | 11，284 |
| 1， 044 | 799 |
| ． 255 | ． 255 |
| 124， 034 | 119，265 |
| 109， 437 | 106，450 |
| 13，192 | 12，192 |
| 1，405 | 623 |
| 112，691 | 107，281 |
| 186， 253 | 196，855 |
| 103， 555 | 113， 724 |
| 10，523 | 10.260 |
| 21， 567 | 18，407 |
| 1，529 | 1，558 |
| ． 120 | ． 120 |
| ． 217 | 211 |
| 9，428 | 9，305 |
| 6． 7801 | 7，023 |
| 14.868 | 14，069 |
| 8，521 | 8.139 |
| 4， 613 | 4，542 |
| 4，713 | 6，484 |
| 4，749 | 4，801 |
| 4， 703 | 4，047 |
| 10，463 | 11，790 |
| 478 | 440 |
| 666 | 702 |
| 2，594 | 2，975 |
| 420 | 526 |
| 658 | 700 |
| 1，517 | 1， 748 |
| 48 | 62 |
| 716 53 | 6000 |
| 53，418 | 63，344 |



|  | 式完 |  |  |  | N | $\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\omega}$ | $8$ |  | $$ | $\underset{\sim}{\square}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.0 \\ & 0.9 \\ & 0.8 \\ & 0.8 \end{aligned}$ | 荷 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { تN } \\ & \text { H8 } 80.8 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 式芯 | $$ | 080 <br> ※丳突 |  | $\underset{\sim}{N}$ | $\stackrel{a}{\square}$ | 㥕 |  | $\begin{gathered} 4 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \hdashline 0 \end{gathered}$ |  |  | N00000 |  |



## PULP，PAPER，AND PRINTING

| PULPWOOD AND WASTE PAPER | 2086 |  |  | 3.226 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3,184 \\ & 3,063 \end{aligned}$ | 2,8012,7146,878 | 2,7892,953 | $\begin{aligned} & 2,394 \\ & 2,846 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,568 \\ & 2,840 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,632 \\ r 2,788 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 2,6482,6495 | ｜lo． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pulpwood： |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Receipts ．－．－－－－－－－．－．－．thous．of cords（128 cu．ft．）．－ |  | 3，276 | 2，941 |  | ${ }^{2,766}$ | 2，813 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 2,360 \\ & 2,642 \\ & 6,385 \end{aligned}$ | 3,047 6,706 | $\begin{aligned} & 2,858 \\ & 6,705 \end{aligned}$ | 3，196 | 3，002 | 2，638 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Waste paper： |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption－．－－－－－．．．．．．．．－．．．．．．－．．．．．．．－short tons | $\begin{aligned} & 613,716 \\ & 505,401 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 723.279 \\ & 475,135 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 713,496 \\ & 462,417 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 782,049 \\ & 473,977 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 678,765 \\ & 488,311 \end{aligned}$ | $645,156$$523,173$ | $\begin{aligned} & 689,836 \\ & 516,248 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 667,698 \\ & 493,363 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 706,478 \\ & 495,159 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 711,151 \\ & 507,037 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 726,031 \\ & 489,218 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{r} 723,730 \\ \times 476,659 \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 683,562 \\ & 488,352 \end{aligned}$ | －．．．．．．．． |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| WOOD PULP |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production： |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total，all grades ．－．－．－．－．．．．－thous．of short tons ．－ | 1，590． 2 | 1，894． 9 | 1，742．8 | 1，961． 1 | 1，850．6 | 1，606． 1 | 1，853． 8 | 1，677．8 | 1，809．7 | 1，731．4 | 1，741．6 | 1， 729.2 | 1，636． 1 |  |
|  | 74.7 | 80.1 | 78.8 | 1．91．4 | 87， 0 | 67．4 | ${ }^{98.3}$ | 73.9 | 76．3 | 65.4 | 75.9 | －79．7 | 64.9 |  |
|  | 857.5 | 1，063．2 | 969.0 | 1．086． 9 | 1，037． 3 | 872.9 | 1，016．3 | 934.2 | 1，019．8 | ${ }^{970.1}$ | 962.8 | ${ }^{+} 964.0$ | 924.9 |  |
|  | 182.3 | 210.2 | 192.1 | 234.3 | 208.8 | 191.7 | 224.4 | 188.4 | 210.4 | 208.9 | 195.5 | 189.9 | 168.9 |  |
|  | 232.0 | 251.3 | 227.4 | 246.2 | 237.0 | 227.1 | 247.5 | 234.1 | 244.4 | 243.5 | 252.9 | 235.0 | 283.4 |  |
| Defibrated or exploded－－．．．－．－．．．．．．－．－．－．－do．．－－ | 88.3 | 1100.4 | 178．5 | 106.5 | 94.0 | 82.1 | ＋96．2 | 89．4 | 94.8 | 84．4 | 93．5 | 95.9 | 96.1 |  |
| Soda，semichem，sereenings，damaged，etc．．do．－－－ | 155.5 | 189.8 | 178.9 | 195.8 | 186.5 | 164.9 | 171.1 | 157.7 | 164.0 | 159.1 | 160.9 | ＋164．8 | 157.9 |  |
|  | 879.1 | 873.0 | 852.1 | 880.3 | 904.9 | 888.6 | 889.5 | 894.7 | 920.2 | 919.6 | 929.5 | － 944.4 |  |  |
|  | 213.0 | 213.7 | 200.3 | 217.6 | 239.9 | 225.0 | 250.2 | 261.9 | 266.1 | 276.5 | 283.5 | － 293.1 | 278.4 |  |
|  | 559.7 | 556． 1 | 553.4 | 564.3 | 561.5 | 562.5 | 542.2 | 536.4 | 558.9 | 547.4 | 550.8 | 560.2 |  |  |
|  | 106． 3 | 103.3 | 98.5 | 98.5 | 103.5 | 101.1 | 97.1 | 96.3 | 95.1 | 90.7 | 95.2 | 91.2 | 85.9 |  |
| Exports，all grades，total－．－．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do． | 58.3 | 46.2 | 48.7 | 36.8 | 39.6 | 66.5 | 46.1 | 43.7 | 49.9 | 42.7 | 41.7 | 47.4 |  |  |
| Dissolving and special alpha．．．．．．－－－－－－－．－．．．．do． | 25.9 | 18.1 | 2¢． 0 | $1{ }^{16.3}$ | 12.9 | 31.9 | 18.2 | 18．9 | 22.8 | 16．5 | 19.6 | 22.4 |  |  |
| All other－．－－．．．．．．．．．．－．－．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．－${ }^{\text {do．}}$ | 32.5 | 28.1 | 22.7 | 20.5 | 26.7 | 34.6 | 27.9 | 24.8 | 27.2 | 26.2 | 22.1 | 25.0 |  |  |
| Imports，all grades，total ．－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－．－do． | 173.7 | 184.3 | 174.3 | 206． 1 | 173.6 | 148.1 | 141.5 | 161.5 | ＋ 178.7 | 167.4 | 151.1 | 18.6 |  |  |
|  | 11.4 |  | 10.0 | 12.3 | 8.8 | 6.2 | 4.5 | 5． 2 | 7.5 | 8.7 | 6.5 | 10.2 |  |  |
|  | 162.3 | 175．0 | 164.4 | 193.8 | 164.8 | 142.0 | 137.0 | 156.3 | － 171.1 | 158.6 | 144.6 | 175.4 |  |  |


| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | July | August | September | October | Novem- ber | Decem- <br> ber | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August |

## PULP, PAPER, AND PRINTING—Continued

| Paper and paper Products |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All paper and board mills, production: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Paper and board, total.-.-.....thous, of short tons-- | $\underset{\substack{2,243 \\ r \\ 1 \\ \hline 95 \\ \hline}}{ }$ | 2, 668 | 2,519 | 2,796 | 2,543 | 2, 299 | 2, 528 | 2,372 | 2, 536 | 2,500 | 2,518 | г 2, 504 | 2,370 |  |
|  | $r 995$ $\times 1,010$ | 1, 1,238 | 1,061 | 1, 1,301 | 1,108 1,194 | 1,050 1,038 | 1,149 1,143 | 1,056 1,092 | 1,127 1,170 | 1,137 1.112 | 1,108 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \times \\ \times 1,091 \\ \hline 1,150\end{array}$ | 1.019 1,085 |  |
|  | ${ }^{\text {r }} 9$ | 16 | 12 | 13 | 12 | 13 | 13 | 12 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 11 | 10 |  |
| Construction paper and board................-. - do. | 229 | 263 | 255 | 277 | 228 | 199 | 224 | 213 | 227 | 239 | 257 | ${ }^{\text {¢ } 252}$ | 255 |  |
| Paper, excl. building paper, newsprint, and paperboard (American Paper and Pulp Association): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, new o --.-.-.-.-. thous. of short tons.- | 764.8 | 799.6 | 764.7 | 849.0 | 765.0 | 770.1 | 827.4 | 760.8 | 791.7 | 783.0 | 799.4 |  |  |  |
| Orders, unfilled, end of month ${ }^{\text {P }}$------------ do- | 721.4 | 704.9 | 693.9 | 704.0 | 636.5 | 684.6 | 652.0 | 599.5 | 602.2 | 581.2 | 560.2 |  |  |  |
|  | 858.8 | 1,001. 4 | 926.6 | 1, 0660.7 | 974.6 | 954.1 | 997.2 | 912.2 | 981.8 | 994.5 | 966.5 |  |  |  |
| Shipments ${ }^{\text {S }}$ - | 716.2 471.3 | 837.7 479.1 | 772.4 484.0 | 863.2 496.7 | 803.2 513.5 | 764.2 520.6 5 | 824.5 507.6 | 740.6 508.7 | 775.3 545.3 | 806.2 550.0 | 798.8 546.6 |  |  |  |
| Fine paper: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 117.1 | 119.1 | 106.7 | 116.0 | 114.0 | 107.1 | 122.8 | 120.9 | 124.8 | 120.9 | 127.0 |  |  |  |
| Orders, unflled, end of month..------------- do Production | 89.3 | $\begin{array}{r}83.2 \\ 132.8 \\ \\ \hline 18 .\end{array}$ | 75.5 | 70.0 136.3 | 64.5 127.0 | $\begin{array}{r}59.4 \\ 124.0 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 66.9 128.9 | 75.9 123.0 | 70.3 136.3 | $\begin{array}{r}71.7 \\ 132.8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 73.3 |  |  |  |
|  | 101.7 | 132.8 | 127.7 | 136.3 | 127.0 | 124.0 | 128.9 | 123.0 | 136.3 | 132.8 | 131.2 |  |  |  |
|  | 97.9 | 128.1 | 117.1 | 125.3 | 118.7 | 113.8 | 124.0 | 115.4 | 124.8 | 122.3 | 125. 5 |  |  |  |
|  | 109.5 | 106.8 | 110.8 | 115.1 | 125.0 | 130.0 | 130.7 | 131.1 | 130.5 | 139.2 | 138.7 |  |  |  |
| Printing paper: <br> Orders, new. do | 326.4 | 318.8 | 310.3 | 353.2 | 321.5 | 330.6 | 343.6 | 323.6 | 316.2 | 338.1 | 340.0 |  |  |  |
| Orders, unfilled | 441. 1 | 428.0 | 421.5 | 434.7 | 395.5 | 421.7 | 418.7 | 368.5 | 334.9 | 354.6 | 334.5 |  |  |  |
|  | 314.5 | 343.6 | 308.3 | 349.8 | 330.9 | 314.3 | 342.9 | 315.1 | 334.8 | 342.8 | 348.3 |  |  |  |
| Shipments | 314.8 | 337.8 | 305.2 | 350.2 | 331.5 | 320.2 | 342.6 | 308.0 | 308.5 | 345.6 | 339.0 |  |  |  |
| Stocks, end of month --.--------------- do | 208.8 | 214.4 | 217.5 | 217.1 | 215.9 | 209.9 | 210.2 | 217.3 | 240.1 | 237.3 | 246.5 |  |  |  |
| Price, wholesale, book paner, "A" grade, English finish, white, f. o. b. mill............dol. per 100 lb .. | 15.88 | 15.88 | 15.88 | 15.88 | 15.88 | 15.88 | 15.88 | 15.88 | 15.95 | 15. 95 | 15.95 | 15.95 | p 15.95 |  |
| Coarse paper: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 277.2 <br> 150.5 <br> 10.8 | 314.6 115.4 | 301.5 <br> 159.0 | 325.1 <br> 158.9 | 283.2 137.5 | 281.3 137.9 | 312.2 130.1 | 273.5 <br> 120.3 <br> 28. | 299.4 | 277.0 119.8 | 285.5 <br> 115.5 |  |  |  |
|  | 252.1 | 315.3 | 291.5 | 335.4 | 308.9 | 282.9 | 304.6 | 280.1 | 300.3 | 297.4 | 279.9 |  |  |  |
|  | 258.9 | 319.0 | 302.4 | 332.2 | 304.4 | 282.4 | 306.6 | 275.5 | 296.1 | 288.3 | 289.1 |  |  |  |
|  | 120.6 | 105.5 | 102.5 | 105.0 | 113.0 | 115.6 | 111.6 | 109.7 | 113.4 | 115.3 | 103.4 |  |  |  |
| Newsprint: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada (incl. Newfoundland): <br> Production. $\qquad$ do | 549.2 | 560.3 | 486.6 | 548.7 | 504.9 | 435.3 | 498.3 | 473.8 | 521.8 | 522.6 | 548.0 | 482.5 |  |  |
| Shipments from mill | 578.8 | 524.0 | 512.9 | 544.4 | 220.5 | 471.4 | 474.8 | 435.2 | 471.1 | 582.7 | 561.4 | 480.6 | 523.2 |  |
| Stocks at mills, end of month-------------- do | 109.9 | 206.2 | 179.9 | 184.1 | 163.6 | 132.5 | 155.9 | 194.6 | 245.2 | 235.1 | 221.8 | 223.6 | 208.8 |  |
| United States: <br> Consumption by publishers. $\qquad$ do | 373.5 | 386.4 | 434.3 | 485.4 | 453.0 | 436.3 | 385.9 | 364.7 | 434.4 | 423.3 | 438.0 | 409.2 | 364.5 |  |
|  | 144.4 | 156.5 | 133.8 | 146.8 | 140.4 | 138.7 | 157.0 | 140.4 | 148.4 | 148.6 | 149.0 | 141.8 | 134.9 |  |
| Shipments from milis. | 143.1 | 153.7 | 132.7 | 145.3 | 143.1 | 135.1 | 158.8 | 138.7 | 151.0 | 149.2 | 146. 7 | 138.6 | 137.8 |  |
| Stocks, end of month: At mills | 13.2 | 15.9 | 17.0 | 18.5 | 15.7 | 19.3 | 17.6 | 19.3 | 16.7 | 16.0 | 18.3 | 21.5 | 18.6 |  |
| At publishers. | 653.4 | 704.9 | 673.4 | 665.2 | 623.0 | 595.4 | 602.0 | 612.2 | 590.7 | \%88. 4 | 588.3 | 592.8 | 620.2 |  |
|  | 101.5 | 100.6 | 107.7 | 87.3 | 94.8 | 79.6 | 108. 1 | 107.5 | 99.1 | 106.5 | 94.9 | 75.0 | 77.9 |  |
| Imports | 495.0 | 404.1 | 413.9 | 472.3 | 406.9 | 403.7 | 399.5 | 369.8 | - 391.8 | 421.0 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 416.7$ | 422.3 |  |  |
| Price, rolls, contract, delivered to principa ports | 134.40 | 134.40 | 134.40 | 134.40 | 134. 40 | 134.40 | 134.40 | 134.40 | 134. 40 | 134.40 | 134. 40 | 134.40 | D 134.40 |  |
| Paperboard (National Paperboard Association): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, new $\ddagger$--.-.----........thous. of short tons.- | 1, 119.5 | 1,246. 4 | 1,233.2 | 1,353.0 | 1, 135.1 | 1,090.0 | 1,047,9 | 1,059.9 | 1,173.7 | 1,113,9 | 1, 175.6 | 1, 147. 3 | 1,130. 3 | 1,247. 7 |
| Orders, unfilled, end of month-------------- do-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1373.0 | 1351.9 | 1305.2 | 348.6 | 356. 5 | 465.5 | 1, 4187 |
|  | 998.8 77 | $1,292.9$ 94 | $1,167.8$ 91 | $1,349.2$ 97 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,245.5 \\ 92 \end{array}$ | 1,057.2 | $1,081.7$ 80 | $1,044.3$ 86 | $1,171.2$ | $1,112.9$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,103.5 \\ 85 \end{array}$ | $1,125.6$ 86 | $\begin{array}{r} 1.033 .2 \\ 76 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,284.4 \\ 03 \end{array}$ |
| Paper products: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shippint containers, corrugated and solid fiber, shipments $\ddagger$.-...-.-.------- mil. sq. ft. surface area | 7,549 | 9,066 | 8,425 | 9,437 | 8,065 | 6,825 | 7,697 | 7,013 | 7,483 | 7,543 | 7,944 | 7,690 | 7,833 | 8,738 |
| Foiding paper boxes, index of physical volume:* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption of boxboard .-.-.-.-.-. $1947-49=100$ - <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & 127.6 \\ & 115.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 137.3 \\ & 132.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 139.3 \\ & 134.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 138.6 \\ & 144.6 \end{aligned}$ | 117.7 122.2 | 115.8 121.9 | 128.4 122.8 | 129.4 | 131.7 124.2 | 129.3 116.6 | 120.5 120.5 | 126.3 120.7 | 139.7 |  |
| PRINTING |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Book publication, total............number of editions.- | 1,013 | 694 | 1,113 | 1,336 | 1,408 | 1,271 | 579 | 1,051 | 1,302 | 1,109 | 1, 151 | 1,344 | 972 | 679 |
|  | 794 219 | ${ }_{156}^{538}$ | 1826 187 | 1,132 | 1,176 | 1,043 228 | 478 101 | 821 230 | 1,087 | ${ }_{228}^{883}$ | 921 | 1,137 | 752 290 | 552 |
|  | 219 | 156 | 187 | 204 | 232 | 228 | 101 | 230 | 215 | 226 | 230 | 207 | 220 | 127 |

## RUBBER AND RUBBER PRODUCTS

| RUBBER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Natural rubber: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 39,724 9888 | 44,846 99,093 | 43,585 103,243 | 48,685 102,496 | 43,723 98,224 | 38,203 101,401 | 42,597 104,979 | 36,711 110,880 | 38,191 112.863 | $\begin{array}{r}36,608 \\ 107,897 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 36,014 100.985 | 37,607 <br> 91 <br> 79 | $\begin{array}{r}34,235 \\ 85 \\ \hline 57\end{array}$ |  |
|  | 44, 760 | 48,951 | 44,188 | 49, 371 | 44, 583 | 53,922 | 45,564 | 46,017 | r 40,444 | -34,930 | 102,061 | -98, 279 | 85, 37 |  |
| Price, wholesale, smoked sheets (New York) <br> dol. per lb | . 329 | . 324 | . 301 | . 295 | . 265 | 53, 228 .285 | 45, 264 .275 | 4, 263 .263 | - 266 | 34, . 269 | 32, . 253 | r. 263 | . 281 | 298 |
| Synthetic rubber: |  |  |  |  | . 285 | . 285 | . 275 |  |  |  |  |  | 28 | 2 |
| Production....---------------------------long tons-- | 80, 810 | 93,421 | 94,537 | 106, 401 | 106,030 | 103,779 | 102, 716 | 81,755 | 83,641 | 73, 757 | 76, 411 | 74,050 | 77,083 |  |
|  | 68,769 163,648 | 78,985 161,688 | 77,372 160,507 | 88,497 164,705 | 75, 132 | 67,386 $198,=85$ | 72,625 210,397 | 64,230 208,914 | 66,040 209,468 | 66,613 199,226 | 66, 304 191.929 | 69, 806 183,721 | 63,865 181,524 |  |
|  | 19,817 | 18,113 | 14,696 | 16,697 | 16, 549 | 19,620 | 19,082 | 14, 565 | 20,512 | 15,780 | 19, 222 | 15, 308 |  |  |
| Reclaimed rubber: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production--------------------------------- - ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 20,632 | 20,611 | 20, 075 | 26,650 | 22, 286 | 20, 286 | 21,159 | 18,319 | 19,601 | 19, 818 | 18,942 | 20,549 | 17,753 |  |
|  | 19,639 | 22, 387 | 21,664 25,983 | 24,878 27,171 | 20,545 27,855 | 18,229 29,323 | 21,186 29,569 | 18,130 28,838 | 19,300 | 19,746 29,440 | 20.104 27.862 | 20,652 27,763 | 18,350 26,442 |  |

* Revised. preliminary.

P Data exclude estimates for "tissue paper."
tRevisions will be shown later as follows: January 1954-March 1957 for paperboard; January 1955-February 1957 for shipping containers.
*New series, replacing indexes of value of orders entered and shipments billed. Data are available back to January 1947.

| Unless other wise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | July | August | September | October | November | December | January | Febru. ary | March | April | May | June | July | August |

## rubber and rubber products-Continued

| TIRES AND TUBES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pneumatic casings: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 8, 293 |  |  |
| Production-....-.----.--------...-----thousands.- | 8,443 | 8,917 | 8,641 | 9, 708 | 8,248 | 7,615 | 7,814 | 7,314 | 7,573 | 7,477 | 7,653 | 8,293 | 7,288 |  |
|  | 9, 840 | 9.833 | 7,723 | 8.154 | 7,171 | 6. 560 | 8, 271 | 6,737 | 7,543 | 8.175 | 8, 503 | 9. 231 | 9.573 |  |
|  | 3,068 | 3. 214 | 1,688 | 2, 621 |  | 3,070 |  |  | 2,114 |  |  |  | 2.120 |  |
| Replacement equipment | 6.646 126 | 6, 488 | 5,992 133 | 5,350 182 15 | 3. 630 | 3,342 148 | 5,511 | 4,374 110 | 5,334 95 | 6,183 116 | 6, ${ }^{620} 110$ | 7.182 117 | 7.442 |  |
|  | 19,316 | 18, 477 | 19, 393 | 20,985 | 22, 171 | 23, 225 | 22,769 | 23,392 | 23,446 | 22,658 | 21,834 | 20, 920 | 18,604 |  |
|  | 120 | 139 | 124 | 136 | 142 | 163 | ${ }^{1} 161$ | ${ }^{1} 97$ |  | ${ }^{1} 93$ | 189 | 189 |  |  |
| Inner tubes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2,941 | 3, 134 | 3,365 | 3, 764 | 3, 243 | 2,778 | 3, 344 | 3,444 | 3,685 | 3,624 | 3,530 | 3,476 | 2. 890 |  |
|  | 3,708 | 3,683 | 3,483 | 3,172 | 2, 736 | 2,717 | 4,309 | 3,296 | 3,764 | 3, 243 | 3,035 | 3,602 | 3,466 |  |
| Stocks, end of month $\qquad$ do. $\qquad$ <br> Exports do.- $\qquad$ | 6,287 63 | 5,966 74 | 6,174 77 | 6,909 $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ | 7,444 83 | 7,671 84 | 6,700 $\stackrel{1}{2} 182$ | $\begin{array}{r}6,983 \\ \hline 76\end{array}$ | 7,066 $\mathbf{2} 73$ | $\begin{array}{r}7,609 \\ \hline 80\end{array}$ | 8.189 89 | 8,156 8 8 | 7,680 |  |

## STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline PORTLAND CEMENT \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Production, finished cement...-.---.....-thous. of bbl.. \& 20, 287 \& 31,406 \& 30, 884 \& 30, 121 \& 25,014 \& 22,386 \& 18,230 \& 14, 125 \& 18.038 \& 24,001 \& 29.274 \& 30,078 \& 29,833 \& \\
\hline Percent of capacity. \& \& 104 \& 104 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 20,90 \& \\
\hline Shipments, finished cement.........-.--- thous of bbl.- \& 25,827 \& 35,732 \& 30,707 \& 31, 164 \& 21,039 \& 17,023 \& 13,717 \& 10,968 \& 17,686 \& 25,563 \& 30,770 \& 30, 513 \& 32, 536 \& \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Stocks, end of month: \\
Finished
\end{tabular} \& 24,345 \& 20,018 \& 20, 250 \& 19,213 \& 23,187 \& 28,566 \& 33, 235 \& 36,383 \& 3¢,734 \& 35,170 \& 33,673 \& - 33.350 \& 30, 647 \& \\
\hline  \& 17,979 \& 13, 881 \& 11, 016 \& 9,444 \& 11, 326 \& 14, 776 \& 19,168 \& 24, 526 \& 28, 235 \& 28, 409 \& 26,587 \& - 24,372 \& 22,506 \& \\
\hline CLAY PRODUCTS \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Brick, unglazed (commercial and face): \\
Productionet thous of standard brick
\end{tabular} \& 593, 044 \& 625, 020 \& 583, 681 \& 611.704 \& 532, 650 \& 460, 664 \& 408, 100 \& 338,619 \& 422,800 \& 541,649 \& \& 580, 880 \& \& \\
\hline  \& 609,478 \& 634, 291 \& 569, 602 \& 602, 404 \& 478, 223 \& 385, 040 \& 347, 749 \& 269, 485 \& 436, 589 \& 569, 075 \& r 598,554 \& 616, 518 \& \& \\
\hline Price, wholesale, common, composite, f. o. b. plant dol. per thous \& 30.914 \& 30. 816 \& 30.816 \& 30.816 \& 30.816 \& 31.069 \& 30. 904 \& 30.904 \& 30.951 \& 30.951 \& 30.951 \& 30.951 \& \({ }^{\text {p }} 30.928\) \& \\
\hline Clay sewer pipe and fittings, vitrified: \(\sigma^{7}\) \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& 153,639
153,730 \& 157,908
168,799 \& 143,587
150,045 \& 173,215
164,643 \& 145, 230 \& 123, 524 \& 133, 193 \& 108, 154 \& 117, 507 \& 117,536 \& 144,005 \& 149,773 \& \& \\
\hline  \& \& 168, 79 \& 150,045 \& 164, 643 \& 117,11 \& 87, 927 \& 100,950 \& 72, 35 \& 114, 563 \& 142, 501 \& 155, 448 \& 165, 812 \& \& \\
\hline  \& \({ }^{62,183}\) \& 54, 320 \& 46, 081 \& 49,628 \& 45, 805 \& 44, 437 \& 43, 741 \& 35. 115 \& 40, 822 \& 50, 131 \& 51,763 \& 52,460 \& \& \\
\hline  \& 57,873 \& 50, 904 \& 45,825 \& 49, 266 \& 38,727 \& 37, 152 \& 37, 883 \& 30,716 \& 41, 392 \& 48,889 \& 52, 750 \& 52, 251 \& \& \\
\hline Glass Products \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Glass containers: \\
Production. thous. of gross.-
\end{tabular} \& 12,622 \& 14, 200 \& 12,410 \& 13, 174 \& 11,457 \& 10,767 \& 11, 714 \& 10,899 \& 12,216 \& 11, 158 \& 12,201 \& 12,721 \& 12,716 \& \\
\hline Shipments, domestic, total........---....---- do. \& 12, 273 \& 17,968 \& 9,140 \& 12,461 \& 11,954 \& 9,294 \& 10,644 \& 10,546 \& 11,015 \& 10,914 \& 12, 275 \& 12, 176 \& 12,024 \& \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
General-use food: \\
Narrow-neck food \(\qquad\) do.
\end{tabular} \& 1,350 \& 2,501 \& 1,554 \& 1,398 \& 1,085 \& 779 \& 941 \& 889 \& 996 \& 1,082 \& 1,157 \& 1,198 \& 1,219 \& \\
\hline Wide-mouth food (incl. packers' tumblers, jelly glasses, and fruit jars) ..........-thous. of gross.. \& 3,604 \& 5,811 \& 2,720 \& 3, 604 \& 3,356 \& 2,669 \& 3, 272 \& 2, 773 \& 3,181 \& 3,210 \& 3,511 \& 3,615 \& 3,931 \& \\
\hline  \& 1,177 \& 818 \& 350 \& 371 \& 594 \& 903 \& 894 \& 1,446 \& 788 \& 696 \& 966 \& 1,096 \& 936 \& \\
\hline  \& 1,397 \& 1,343 \& 495 \& 773 \& 765 \& 546 \& 582 \& 1599 \& 855 \& 1,079 \& 1,498 \& 1.467 \& 1,260 \& \\
\hline  \& 905
2,678 \& 1, \begin{tabular}{l}
1,955 \\
3,952 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& 832
2,304 \& 1,546
3,486
3,58 \& 1.441
3,414 \& 986
2,517 \& 965
2989
2,891 \& 1,018
2,891 \& 1,197
2829 \& 1,045
2,727 \& 1,155
2,812 \& -1,159 \& 1, 285 \& \\
\hline Chemical, household and industrial.-------- do- \& - \({ }^{2} 983\) \& 1,398 \& \(\begin{array}{r}2,690 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& 1, 1,077 \& 1, 123.5 \& -740 \& \({ }^{2} \times 187\) \& - 832 \& -932 \& - \({ }^{24}\) \& 1,039 \& \({ }^{2,945}\) \& 2,996 \& \\
\hline  \& 179 \& \({ }^{310}\) \& 195 \& \({ }^{206}\) \& 234 \& 154 \& 152 \& 138 \& 139 \& 128 \& 137 \& 141 \& 130 \& \\
\hline Stocks, end of month.........-.................-do... \& 18, 204 \& 14,124 \& 17,125 \& 17,471 \& 16,580 \& 17,834 \& 18,051 \& 18, 196 \& 19, 132 \& 19,027 \& 18,825 \& 19,145 \& 19, 312 \& \\
\hline GYPSUM AND PRODUCTS \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Crude gypsum, quarterly total: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& \& \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 1,350 \\
\& 2,555
\end{aligned}
\] \& \& \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 1,061 \\
\& 2,279
\end{aligned}
\] \& \& \& \(r\)

2,378 \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Calcined, production, quarterly total............do..... \& \& \& 2, 130 \& \& \& 1,862 \& \& \& 1,790 \& \& \& 1, 894 \& \& <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline | Gypsum products sold or used, quarterly total: |
| :--- |
|  | \& \& \& 793, 531 \& \& \& 854, 662 \& \& \& 588, 120 \& \& \& 911, 199 \& \& <br>

\hline  \& \& \& 78,948 \& \& \& 76,674 \& \& \& 63, 642 \& \& \& 56,381 \& \& <br>
\hline Building uses: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline | Plasters: |
| :--- |
| Base-coat ...................................................... | \& \& \& 385, 268 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline All other (incl. Keene's cement) \& \& \& 370, 959 \& \& \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& 303,17 \\
& 303,223
\end{aligned}
$$ \& \& \& \[

203,812
\] \& \& \& 300, 732 \& \& <br>

\hline  \& \& \& 621.4 \& \& \& 529.3 \& \& \& 499.3 \& \& \& 478.2 \& \& <br>
\hline  \& \& \& 1,155. 4 \& \& \& 1,060. 5 \& \& \& 1,093.0 \& \& \& 1,087.6 \& \& <br>
\hline All otherO------------------------------- - ${ }^{\text {do }}$ \& \& \& 61.4 \& \& \& 51.0 \& \& \& ${ }^{3} 37.9$ \& \& -------- \& ${ }^{3} 52.6$ \& \& <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

[^2]${ }^{2}$ Data beginning January 1958 include all inner tubes, new or used, except aireraft; earlier duta include only antomotive tubes (passenger-car, truck, and bus). Exports of types included in 1958. but cormerly excluded, averaged 14,000 ber month in 1957 . ${ }^{3}$ Excludes data for tile.
$\sigma^{\circ}$ Revisions to be published later are as follows: 1954 (anmual data only); 1955 (annual and monthy); 1956 (January-August),
©Comprises sheathing, formboard, tile, and laminated board.
NOTE FOR RAYON AND ACETATE STAPLE (PLUS TOW) PRODUCTION AND STOCKS, p. S-39.-Beginning January 1953, data exclude all figures for acetate staple plus tow. (It should be noted that for $1954-57$, data as published for staple and tow exclude the greater part of acetate tow for cigarette filtration purposes.) For the years $1955-57$, production of acetate staple plus tow (included in total staple through 1957) a veraged 14.1 mil. lb. per quarter.

| Unless oflerwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | July | August | $\underset{\text { ber }}{\text { Septem- }}$ | October | November | $\begin{gathered} \text { Decem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August |

TEXTILE PRODUCTS
 $r$ Revised. $\quad$ Preliminary. 1 Data cover a 5 -week 1958 crop. ${ }^{6}$ Revised to include stocks held by warchouses not formerly reporting; data for August 1956-June 1957 are understated by an unknown amount. 7 Data are for month shown. $\ddagger$ Excludes shipments of men's slipper socks. Comparable data for January-March 1957 appear in the June 1958 SUR veY. IData for July and October 1957 and January, April, and July 1958 cover 5 week periods and for other months, 4 weeks; cotton stocks and number of active spindles are for end of period covered.
©Estimates beginning December 195 for men's apparel and January 1958 for women's, etc., are based on revised samples and are not strictly comparable with those for earlier months.

\&Total gimings to end of month indicated, except as noted. $\quad$ Includes data not shown separately. $\quad \Delta$ Revisions for $1955-57$ are available upon request.

| 1957 |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| July | August | Septem- ber | October | November | Decem- ber | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August |

TEXTILE PRODUCTS—Continued


## TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT



|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 2,948 |  |  | 3.133 |  |  | 2.859 |  |  | 2,806 |  |  |
|  |  | 14. 431 |  |  | 14,531 |  |  | r 14.531 |  |  | 13.722 |  |  |
|  |  | 9,249 |  |  | 8,942 |  |  | ${ }^{r} 8,694$ |  |  | 8,011 |  |  |
| 70, 649 | 62,900 | 54,911 | 45,687 | 47, 213 | 44.858 | 62,311 | 05,046 | 35, 133 | 47, 496 | 35, 113 | 25, 455 | 41,037 |  |
| 2,006.0 | 1,950.6 | 1,641.1 | 1,4.56. 5 | 1.120.8 | 1.430.8 | 1,909.0 | 1,891. 4 | 1,313.2 | 1,606. 4 | 1,293. 4 | 1,068. 1 | 1, 404.1 |  |
| 21,894 | 31,298 | 19,409 | 27, 753 | 17, 647 | 14,310 | 22, 652 | 27,971 | 19,535 | 16,655 | 18,887 | 10,966 |  |  |
| 582,012 | 611,749 | 381,683 | 380, 176 | 678,598 | 642,856 | 558, 520 | 467, 585 | 433, 472 | 300, 712 | 427,600 | 413,065 | 2-388,600 | p2230,000 |
| 309 | 315 | 243 | 233 | 241 | 267 | 327 | 308 | 312 | 344 | 241 | 77 | P 2860 | $F^{2} 255$ |
| 302 | 281 | 187 | 232 | 206 | 283 | 295 | 293 | - 313 | 290 | 206 | 70 |  |  |
| 484. 718 | 521,242 | 318.279 | 291.064 | 583, 783 | 5.50 .212 | 4,8,416 | 396, 221 | 370, 4134 | 322, 142 | 352,076 | 342, 223 | -2321,200 | 12180,300 |
| 474,635 | 513, 290 | 315, 168 | 232, 510 | Stai, $1+1$ | 536,364 | 40, 684 | 363, 515 | 34f, 297 | 308,904 | 340, 509 | 334, 311 |  |  |
| 6, 985 | 90, 152 | (13, 131 | 88, 879 | 14, 54, | 87.327 | 79, 7,7 | $7 \mathrm{7}, 026$ | 73, 664 | 73, 886 | 75, 283 | 70.760 | - ${ }^{-167,000}$ | 139,500 |
| 76,856 | 7, 212 | 51, 16 | 73.707 | 75.928 | 72,080 | 4, 0108 | 54, 120 | 57,636 | 50,029 | 58,493 | 56.109 | - | , |
| 24, 211 | 27.459 | 17.987 | 18.0.53 | 30, 324 | 34. 502 | 28,752 | 23, 374 | 27, 791 | 27, 126 | 30, 280 | 20.815 |  |  |
| 9, 542 | 9. 977 | 5. 611 | 6. 273 | 14, 0 (2) | 19. 68 | 14.622 | 12. 5.51 | 13, 475 | 12, 412 | 13, 695 | 9,714 |  |  |
| 14. 6.19 | 13.482 | 12.374; | 11. 70 | 1, 32, | 11.8.9 | 13, 830 | 10), 823 | 14,316 | 14,724 | 16. 585 | 11, 101 |  |  |
| 23,373 | 24,400 | 19.919 | 27.79 | 219, 9, | 31,319 | 37.688 | 30, 469 | r 36,881 | 38,073 | 36,355 | 30. 117 |  |  |
| 22,794 | 23. 608 | 19.200 | 26, 439 | 29, 174 | 30, 429 | 36, 762 | 28,944 | r 35, 590 | 86,465 | 34,981 | 28.835 |  |  |
| 4.328 | 5. 473 | 4.871 | 4.818 | 4. 142 | 3.780 | $+3.507$ | r 3.324 | r 3, 5f3 | r 3, 716 | ${ }^{\text {r 4,009 }}$ | 3, 897 | 3, 9,6 |  |
| 4.181 | 4. 504 | 4.372 | 4. 582 | 3. 785 | 3. 460 | r3,282 | r 3,0\% | + 3,330 | +3,465 | r 3,722 | 3, 928 | 3, 712 |  |
| 2,114 | 2,567 | 2, bit | 2,556 | 2,050 | 1,891 | r 1,74 | r 1,60t | + 1, 120 | r 1,690 | 1,826 | 1,779 | 1,785 |  |
| 543,264 | 491,839 | 195,217 | 463,795 | 408, 634 | 513, 136 | 381, 982 | 333, 580 | 400.501 | 418,255 | 423, 484 | 410,607 |  |  |
| 79,117 | 77,053 | 78, 156 | 76, 890 | 61, 420 | 62, 160 | 52, 368 | 49, 136 | 55, 450 | 63, 403 | 63, 238 | 63,995 |  |  |
| 7,893 | 8, 887 | 8,500 | 8,328 | 7. 260 | 6,507 | 7,371 | 5,511 | 6,072 | 5,311 | 3,588 | 2,407 | 2,113 |  |
| 4,882 | 4,716 | 4,947 | 4,850 | 4,033 | 3. 802 | 4,988 | 3, 721 | 4,592 | 3,778 | 2,218 | 1,179 | 1,050 |  |
| 4,685 | 4,587 | 4, 897 | 4,817 | 8. 915 | 3. 469 | 4, 830 | 3. 526 | 4,426 | 3,630 | 2,164 | 1. 179 | 1,080 |  |
| 3, 061 | 4, 171 | 3, 553 | 3,478 | 3. 227 | 2,705 | 2,383 | 1,790 | 1,480 | 1,533 | 1,370 | 1,228 | 1,033 |  |
| 1,058 | 2, 352 | 3,162 | 2,208 | 1,090 | 3,467 | 401 | 287 | 193 | 278 | 1,371 | 317 | 811 |  |
| 782 | 582 | 1,658 | 528 | 977 | 3,088 | 375 | 208 | 192 | 178 | 1,320 | 187 | 811 |  |
| 782 | 568 | 1,658 | . 522 | 957 | 3, 064 | 375 | 208 | 192 | 178 | 1, 320 | 187 | 376 |  |
| 276 | 1. 770 | 1,504 | 1,680 | 113 | 379 | 26 | 79 | 1 | 100 | , 51 | 130 | 0 |  |
| 86,489 | 80, 477 | 73, 15) | 6e, Stio | (00. 238 | 50,60 | 49,370 | 44, 138 | 38,249 | 32,982 | 30,406 | 27.77 | 26, 4 49 |  |
| 39,804 | 36, 203 | 32,954 | 28,602 | 25, 4.12 | 2., 4 : $\%$ | 19,797 | 16,276 | 11,854 | 8,232 | 6,975 | 5,444 | 5,149 |  |
| 38, 604 | 34,984 | 31,785 | 27,460 | 24.308 | 23, 761 | 19.214 | 15, 888 | 11, 632 | 8,158 | 6, 955 | 5, 424 | 4, 69.4 |  |
| 46,625 | 44, 27.4 | 40, 196 | 38,258 | 34.706 | 32, 180 | 29,573 | 27, 862 | 26,395 | 24,750 | 23,431 | 22,333 | 21,300 |  |
| 27 | 43 | 187 | 387 | 5 | 37 | 39 | 18 | 10 | 0 | 2 | 16 | 20 |  |
| 15 | 40 | 185 | 376 | 5 | 37 | 39 | 18 | 10 | 0 | 2 | 16 | 20 |  |
| 721 | 678 | 507 | 143 | 134 | 97 | 80 | 67 | 63 | 63 | 61 | 45 | 25 |  |
| 717 | 677 | 492 | 130 | 134 | 97 | 80 | 67 | 57 | 57 | 55 | 39 | 19 |  |
| 1,731 | 1,735 | 1, 739 | 1, 732 | 1, 745 | 1,747 | 1,749 | 1, 750 | 1, 752 | 1,751 | 1, 749 | 1,747 | 1,741 |  |
| 4.9 | 5.0 | 4.9 | 4.9 | 5.0 | 5.1 | 5.4 | 5.8 | 6.1 | 6.6 | 7.1 | 7.6 | 8.0 |  |
| 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |  |  | 2 |  |  |
| 18.1 | 17.4 | 17.7 | 21.0 | 22.2 | 21.5 | 23.6 | 25.3 | 26.9 |  |  | 29.4 | -------- |  |
| 27, 548 | 27, 602 | 27, 670 | 27. 695 | 27, 859 | 27,932 | 29,047 | 28,093 | 28, 134 |  |  | 28, 182 |  |  |
| 26, 462 | 26,580 | 26, 569 | 23, 702 | 26, 773 | 20.827 | 26, 059 | 26, 811 | 26,865 |  |  | 26,922 |  |  |
| 112 | 73 | 99 | ${ }_{20}^{56}$ | 160 | 81 | 120 | 50 | 67 |  |  | ${ }^{3} 74$ |  |  |
| 395 | 320 | 296 | 205 | 488 | 443 | 323 | 273 | 206 |  |  | 134 |  |  |
| 55 | 50 | 51 | 69 | 68 | 68 | 68 | 49 | 80 | 84 | 79 | 42 |  |  |

 $\dot{\ddagger}$ Beginning with the March 1958 Surver, the price is expressed as an index, 1947-49=100. Monthly data for 1947-56 are shown at the bottom of p. S-38 of the March 1958 Surver.
$\oplus$ Data beginning January 1958 exclude exports of new cargo transports, included in earlicr data. in 1907 , such exports were valued at $\$ 1.4$ million.
*New series (from Bureau of the Census). Data cover complete units, chassis, and bodies. § Excludes railroad-owned private refrigerator cars.
© Beginning with the $2 d$ quarter 1958, data are reported on a quarterly basis. it Revisions for wool (1956-A pril 1957) and truck trailess (1957) are available upon request.

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[^0]:    NOTE.-MR. PIZER AND MR. CUTLER ARE MEMBERS OF THE BALANOE OF PAYMENTS DIVISION, OFFICE OF BUSINESS ECONOMICS.

[^1]:    Linage, total.-.-.........................-. - thous. of lines.

[^2]:    $r$ Revised. $\quad{ }^{p}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ Data for motorcycle tires are excluded beginning January 1958.

