SURVEY OF

CURRENT BUSINESS



U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
OFFICE OF BUSINESS ECONOMICS

SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS



No. 9

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The Business Situation

☆

By the Office of Business Economics

PERSONAL consumption and new construction, especially residential building, remain the strongest elements in the aggregate demand pattern, while defense production and fixed business investment pursue their gradual decline. Trimming of inventories continues as a deterrent to production in the durable-goods industries, especially at the primary stages. Overall, economic activity is holding at about the rate in evidence since last spring.

Employment was little changed in August as the usual pickup in nonagricultural jobs offset the drop in farm workers which customarily occurs at this season. The number of workers on nonfarm payrolls increased from July, but the gain was somewhat less than is usual for the month.

Buying by consumers has held to the steady pace of recent months, supported by the sustained flow of personal income—which was unchanged from June to July at a \$286½ billion seasonally adjusted annual rate—and in the most recent months by moderately increasing use of short-term consumer credit. August retail sales were slightly below July, after seasonal adjustment, but approximated the average rate of the second quarter.

Construction remains strong

New construction put in place in August aggregated \$3.1 billion, seasonally adjusted. Private construction, amounting to \$2.2 billion of the total, showed a rise after seasonal adjustment for the seventh consecutive month, with residential building accounting for most of the advance. Although the number of new private nonfarm dwelling units started in July was below June on a seasonally adjusted basis, the cumulative total of 770 thousand units begun in the first 7 months of the year was larger than in any other year except 1950.

Industrial construction has tapered off with the completion of many expansion programs, but other private nonresidential construction remains unprecedentedly large and well ahead of comparable months in recent years. Commercial and private institutional building is still in the process of catching up with demands deferred during the period of controls, and is strongly supported by the continued expansion of residential building.

Public construction also is active with nonresidential building and highway construction running substantially ahead of comparable months of recent years.

Inventories reduced further

Business whittled inventories down further in July. The seasonally adjusted book value of business inventories shrank from \$79.0 billion at the end of June to \$78.4 billion on July 31, about half the reduction occurring in manufacturing. Finished goods holdings of manufacturers showed the first substantial decline since manufacturing operations started to move lower last summer. In contrast purchased materials stocks, which had been moving downward, increased slightly

in July. Until quite recently most of the inventory reduction had been in purchased materials; in recent months the rate of liquidation of goods-in-process has been increasing.

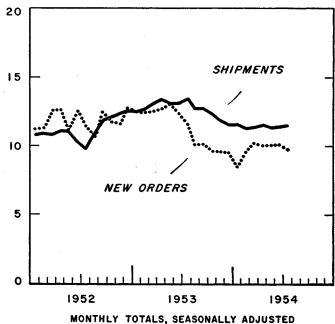
Industrial production continues below last year. Steel activity in August was maintained at about the same rate as in July, a little under 64 percent of January 1 listed capacity. Automobile producers turned out about 510 thousand cars and trucks as compared with 530 thousand in July and 615 thousand in August 1953. Indicative of the falling off of investment in equipment is the fact that output of trucks for the domestic market in the January-July period this year was one-fifth less than in the comparable period last year while the production of passenger cars for the home market was 11 percent less.

New orders stable

The flow of new orders for manufactured goods has been steady in recent months. After allowance for seasonal variations, new business placed with producers has totaled between \$22.5 billion and \$23 billion a month since March. This plateau is in contrast to the previous 12 months when new orders fell from almost \$26 billion to a low well under \$22 billion a month.

Durable-Goods Manufacturers' Shipments and New Orders

BILLIONS OF DOLLARS



OFFICE OF BUSINESS ECONOMICS. U. S. D. C.

54-35-1

Continued strong demand for nondurables has been a major stabilizing factor in recent months. July business was within 2 percent of the same month of 1953.

New orders for durables this summer have eased a little from the early spring rates but remain above new business at the turn of the year after allowance for seasonal factors. The July rate was 15 percent under July of last year. Two of the important stimulants to the spring rise in new business received by durable-goods producers were increased demand for construction materials and equipment and an increase in the placement of orders for defense goods.

Divergent industrial trends

Among nondurable-goods industries maintaining orders backlogs—textiles, leather, paper, and printing and publishing—the flow of new orders has exceeded shipments during this period. Backlogs at the end of July were some 10 percent above their rate last winter, though one-fifth

below July 1953.

Unfilled orders on durable-goods producers' books totaled \$48 billion at the end of July, or more than a third under the September 1952 peak. Most of the decrease occurred in the past 12 months, with every major industry experiencing a reduction in its backlog of both defense contracts and other orders. Also contributing to the unfilled order decline, there has been elimination of duplicate orders as supplies of materials have eased. This is especially the case in primary metals.

In absolute terms the largest decline in backlogs—\$10 billion of the total reduction of \$25 billion—occurred among transportation equipment producers. Relatively, however, this industry and electrical machinery have shown the smallest decline (30 percent). Fabricated metals and non-electrical machinery backlogs have been reduced nearly 40 percent from their 1952 highs. The greatest reduction has has occurred in primary metals where recent backlogs are less than half of their September 1952 total.

Unfilled order-sales ratios ease futher

Over the past year the backlog-sales ratio for durable-goods producers has dropped by nearly one-fourth to an average of a little over 4 months. In the first half of 1948—a period of high peacetime activity—the corresponding ratio averaged 3.4 months. Two industries—transportation equipment and electrical machinery—currently with unfilled-order-to-sales ratios of 6.7 and 6.5 respectively, account for the difference between the two periods. Each of the other durable-goods industries have ratios below the early 1948 average.

In the first half of 1950, prior to the sharp buildup in defense orders, the ratio for all durable-goods industries averaged about 2.6 months. This summer's ratio for each major durable-goods industry is higher than that covering the first half of 1950 except in primary and fabricated

metals.

Prices firm

Price indexes continue to reflect stability, with industrial commodities moving in a narrow range and farm products

responding largely to changing supplies or supply prospects. Farm products recovered appreciably in July and early August from the lows registered in June but turned downward again in late August with hogs lower and green coffee moving down from its high peak. Livestock prices generally were appreciably below the late spring.

Overall price stability in 1954 has resulted from divergent price movements canceling out as well as from lack of price change. Among the components of the consumer price index, for example, commodity prices as a group were slightly lower in July than in January while the prices of services and utilities, including rents, were somewhat higher. This con trast is somewhat blurred by seasonal movements, especially in the case of foods.

Table 1.—Wholesale Commodity Prices, Indexes of Major Groups
[1947-49=100]

| (-1 | 10 100) | | | | | |
|--|----------------------------|--|------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| TA | Janu- | July | Nun | aber of i sepa | ndexes s rately | shown |
| Item | ary 1954 | 1954 | Total | Higher | Lower | Un- changed |
| All commodities | 110, 9 | 110.4 | 1,623 | 379 | 439 | 805 |
| Farm productsProcessed foods | 97. 8 106. 2 | 96. 2 106. 4 | 91 138 | 42 50 | 45 55 | 4 33 |
| All other than farm products and foods | 114.6 | 114.3 | 1,394 | 287 | 339 | 768 |
| Textile products and apparel Hides, skins, and leather products Fuel, power, and lighting materials Chemicals and allied products Rubber and rubber products | 95. 3 110. 8 107. 2 | 95. 1 95. 0 106. 4 106. 7 126. 8 | 191 49 36 229 36 | 31 11 5 31 9 | 82 21 24 47 5 | 78 17 7 151 22 |
| Lumber and wood products | 117. 0 127. 2 124. 4 | 118. 9 116. 2 128. 0 124. 3 115. 3 | 63 54 174 366 87 | 23 6 59 61 20 | 20 13 34 42 33 | 20 38 81 263 34 |
| Nonmetallic minerals, structural Tobacco manufactures and bottled bev- erages Miscellaneous | 120. 9 118. 2 101. 1 | 120. 4 121. 4 103. 9 | 33 18 58 | 9 4 18 | 6 3 9 | 18 11 31 |

Source: Basic data, U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

In wholesale markets, about half of the 1,623 items in the Bureau of Labor Statistics' index for which series are shown separately were the same in July as in January (see table). Most farm products and foods moved upward or downward but the changes were largely offsetting. Among prices of commodities other than farm products and foods, a much larger proportion—55 percent—were unchanged in July from January.

The tendency for raw or semimanufactured materials prices to lag relative to those of manufactures persists. Based upon the comparison of July and January prices, this was particularly true of agricultural raw foods, chemicals, and fuels. Among forest products, the raw or semimanufactured materials declined in step with prices of manufactures until June and July when lumber prices jumped sharply as a result of the shorter supplies stemming from industrial disputes in the Northwest. Among metals and agricultural nonfoods, however, prices of raw or semimanufactured materials gained relative to manufactures between January and July largely due to appreciable rises in nonferrous metals and semifinished steel products, and to higher quotations for raw cotton, wool, leaf tobacco, and natural crude rubber.

Plant and Equipment Investment in 1954

Business Expects to invest \$26.8 billion in plant and equipment in 1954, according to data reported in the August survey of the Office of Business Economics-Securities and Exchange Commission. This total compares with the record \$28.4 billion which was invested in new productive facilities in 1953, and a 1952 total of \$26.5 billion.

The report also completes the quarterly pattern of the current year which is one of gradual decline from the peak reached in the third quarter of last year. Projected outlays derived from the current survey are at a seasonally adjusted annual rate of \$26.8 billion for the third quarter of 1954 and \$26.0 billion for the fourth quarter. Expected fourth-quarter expenditures are at a rate 9 percent below actual outlays in the corresponding quarter of 1953.

If present plans for the rest of 1954 are fulfilled, capital spending for the year of \$26.8 billion will not differ much from the \$27.2 billion that business said it would spend in the forecast made early this year. Relative differences between the earlier plans and the present survey are small in all major industry divisions, except railroads.

The indicated drop from the first to the second half of this year centers primarily in durable goods manufacturing, in railroads, and in gas utilities. Investment by electric power, mining and commercial companies provides a strong sustaining force in capital goods demand over this period.

Manufacturing trends

Investment by manufacturing concerns for the entire year is expected to toal \$11.3 billion, virtually the same as was projected by business in the annual survey, and about one billion dollars less than was spent last year.

The largest concerns in both durable and nondurable goods industries—those with assets of more than \$100 million—report that they expect to spend as much this year as in 1953.

Trends within the year by major sectors are somewhat different in that nondurable goods producers expect only a slight decline after the second quarter while the programs of durable goods manufacturers indicate a 10 percent drop over the same period. Running contrary to the latter trend are the programs of electrical machinery firms, which expect an increase, and of producers of nonautomotive transportation equipment, stone, clay and glass and machinery companies, which expect little change.

Chemicals and petroleum companies among the nondurable companies report increases in capital outlays from the second to third quarter, offsetting in part the declines reported by producers of food and beverages, paper and textiles. Most nondurable goods industries show very little change between the third and fourth quarters, after seasonal allowances.

Mixed trends in nonmanufacturing investment

The further reductions in railroad capital expenditures are expected to bring the fourth quarter to the lowest rate since the early postwar period. Reported investment for the year will total \$850 million, about one-third less than in 1953. A 28 percent decline in 1954 was anticipated by the rails in last February's survey.

This year's pronounced change follows two previous years of moderately declining railroad investment. In the earlier period the trend reflected the drawing to a close of large-scale modernization programs. More recently the need to cut expenditures in the face of lowered revenues and income

has been a factor. Unfilled orders for rolling stock this summer were lower than at any time in the postwar period.

Reports by gas and electric companies indicate comparative stability in the seasonally adjusted rate of investment in the first three quarters of this year; capital spending is expected to fall moderately in the final quarter, due primarily to reductions by the gas utilities. For the year as a whole expenditures are expected to total approximately \$4.3 billion, as compared to a record \$4.5 billion last year. The current programs of electric power companies are quite close to those projected early this year, while spending by gas companies will apparently decline somewhat more than they had expected.

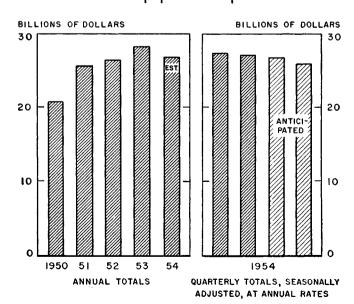
Programs of trade and service firms in the commercial group indicate a rising trend through this year. Most sectors in mining expect comparative stability in their expenditure rate after an increase from the first to the second quarter.

1954 investment vs. 1953

With anticipations for the fourth quarter now available it is possible to make a comparison of the preliminary figures for 1954 with the year 1953. As anticipated in the annual survey durables were down much more than nondurables, 11 percent as against 5 percent, with an overall decline in manufacturing of 8 percent. Outstanding in the durable goods field is the increase of about one-third in programs of automobile manufacturers, and the decreases of the same relative size by primary metals producers as their major expansion programs move towards completion. Machinery producers will also spend almost 15 percent less than last year while electrical machinery and stone, clay and glass producers expect to maintain last year's investment rate.

Variations in the nondurable area are less extreme than in durables. No large gains over last year are evident but food, paper and petroleum companies are investing at close to last year's levels. On the other hand, outlays by textiles, chemicals and rubber companies will be about 15 percent less than the investment of the year before.

Plant and Equipment Expenditures



OFFICE OF BUSINESS ECONOMICS, U. S. D. C.

54-35-2

Table 2.—Expenditures on New Plant and Equipment by U. S. Business,1 1951-54

[Millions of dollars]

| | | | | | | 19 | 953 | | | 19 | 054 | |
|---|----------------------|-----------------------------|---|-----------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| | 1951 | 1952 | 1953 | 1954 ² | Janu- ary- March | April– June | July- Septem- ber | Octo- ber- Decem- ber | Janu- ary- March | April– June | July– Septem- ber ² | Octo- ber- Decem- ber ² |
| Manufacturing | 10, 852 | 11, 632 | 12, 276 | 11, 332 | 2, 747 | 3, 192 | 2, 945 | 3, 392 | 2, 641 | 2, 932 | 2, 987 | 2, 771 |
| Durable goods industries Primary iron and steel Primary nonferrous Electrical machinery and equip- | 1, 198 | 5, 614 1, 511 512 | 5, 821 1, 340 456 | 5, 198 891 302 | 1, 331 326 112 | 1, 486 369 120 | 1, 376 322 109 | 1, 628 323 115 | 1, 224 210 77 | 1, 336 221 77 | 1, 384 240 84 | 1, 254 219 63 |
| ment Machinery except electrical Motor vehicles and equipment | 373 683 851 | 386 701 855 | 481 803 | 461 694 | 88 183 | 119 215 | 116 191 | 158 214 | 94 162 | 112 173 | 116 182 | 139 177 |
| Transportation equipment excluding motor vehicles | 219 397 1, 136 | 211 330 1, 107 | $ \begin{cases} 1, 168 \\ 339 \\ 1, 233 \end{cases} $ | 335 1, 004 | 230 75 317 | 252 88 322 | 275 84 278 | 411 92 316 | 322 75 283 | 402 86 264 | 409 94 258 | 376 79 199 |
| Nondurable goods industries | 5, 684 | 6, 018 | 6, 455 | 6, 134 | 1, 416 | 1, 707 | 1, 569 | 1, 764 | 1, 417 | 1, 597 | 1, 603 | 1, 517 |
| Food and beverages Textile mill products Paper and allied products Chemicals and allied products | 531 420 | 769 434 364 1, 386 | 818 351 431 1, 559 | 764 290 448 1, 322 | 196 96 86 353 | 237 96 103 417 | 189 77 117 376 | 196 82 125 414 | 205 75 110 337 | 207 81 125 320 | 193 71 113 330 | 158 62 100 335 |
| Petroleum and coal products Rubber products Other nondurable goods 4 | 150 | 2, 535 154 377 | 2, 762 158 376 | 2, 796 133 381 | 540 34 111 | 709 43 101 | 695 37 79 | 818 44 85 | 549 32 109 | 720 34 109 | 773 34 88 | 754 33 75 |
| Mining | 929 | 985 | 1, 011 | 1, 008 | 225 | 234 | 265 | 288 | 223 | 266 | 268 | 251 |
| Railroad | 1, 474 | 1, 396 | 1, 312 | 851 | 313 | 359 | 300 | 341 | 248 | 245 | 204 | 154 |
| Transportation, other than rail | 1, 490 | 1, 500 | 1, 464 | 1, 405 | 337 | 366 | 386 | 376 | 360 | 355 | 355 | 336 |
| Public utilities | 3, 664 | 3, 887 | 4, 548 | 4, 274 | 925 | 1, 158 | 1, 219 | 1, 246 | 910 | 1, 108 | 1, 179 | 1, 078 |
| Commercial and other 6 | 7, 235 | 7, 094 | 7, 778 | 7, 818 | 1, 792 | 1, 979 | 1, 984 | 2, 023 | 1, 859 | 2, 013 | 1, 987 | 1, 960 |
| Total | 25, 644 | 26, 493 | 28, 391 | 26, 687 | 6, 339 | 7, 289 | 7, 098 | 7, 666 | 6, 240 | 6, 918 | 6, 980 | 6, 549 |

Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates

[Billions of dollars]

| | | <u> </u> | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|--|--------------|---|--------|--------|--------|--------|--|--------|--------|--------|
| Manufacturing | | | | 12. 35 | 12. 26 | 12. 30 | 12. 22 | 11. 87 | 11. 37 | 11. 23 | 10. 74 |
| Mining | | | | . 96 | . 93 | 1.06 | 1. 10 | . 95 | 1.06 | 1. 05 | 1. 05 |
| Railroad | | | | 1. 34 | 1. 34 | 1. 30 | 1. 26 | 1.06 | . 92 | . 80 | . 65 |
| Transportation, other than rail | | | | 1. 38 | 1. 38 | 1. 59 | 1. 52 | 1. 47 | 1. 36 | 1. 39 | 1. 38 |
| Public utilities | | | | 4. 40 | 4. 64 | 4.72 | 4. 46 | 4. 29 | 4. 43 | 4. 30 | 4. 11 |
| Commercial and other 5 | | | | 7. 42 | 7. 92 | 7. 94 | 8. 00 | 7.84 | 8. 05 | 7. 98 | 8, 03 |
| | | | | | | | | and the same of th | | | |
| Total | | | | 27.84 | 28.48 | 28. 92 | 28. 56 | 27.48 | 27. 19 | 26. 75 | 25, 96 |
| | | | 1 | | | | Į. | 1 | | | |

^{1.} Data exclude expenditures of agricultural business and outlays charged to current account.

^{2.} Estimates are based on anticipated expenditures reported by business in August, 1954. In addition to seasonal adjustment, these quarters are adjusted when necessary for systematic tendencies in anticipatory data.

2. Includes fabricated metal products, lumber products, furniture

and fixtures, instruments, ordnance and miscellaneous manufactures. 4. Includes apparel and related products, tobacco, leather and leather

products and printing and publishing.5. Includes trade, service, finance, communication and construction. Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics and Securities and Exchange Commission.

Corporate Financing

Facilities expansion in 1954 described in the preceding section has necessitated near-record long-term financing by corporate business. This financing has, as in earlier post-war years, involved major reliance on internal sources although the new issues markets remain a substantial source of capital funds.

A major change in financing requirements was reflected in the working capital position of corporations. In every postwar year but 1949, corporations substantially increased their current assets. Last year the increase amounted to over \$4 billion, less than half the increase in 1952 and well below the expansion in 1950-51. In the current year, however, corporations made considerable reductions in their current assets, primarily in inventories and liquid assets. Indeed it would appear that the liquidation of short-term assets was of the same order of magnitude as expenditures on new fixed facilities so that, for the first time in the postwar period, corporate balance sheets showed little or no net increase in total assets.

While a good part of the reduction in current assets was seasonal in nature, the reduction in inventories has been persistent on a seasonally corrected basis, particularly on

the part of durable-goods manufacturers.

Short-term liabilities were liquidated to a somewhat greater extent than were current assets so that on balance there was need for new working capital funds. The rise in net working capital (current assets minus current liabilities) was, however, substantially less than in early 1953.

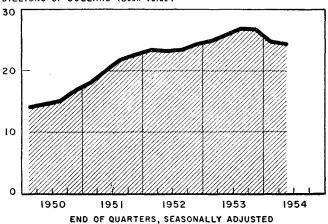
In 1953, total uses of capital funds by corporate business amounted to slightly more than \$28 billion, of which \$24 billion consisted of expenditures on plant and equipment. (Table 3).1 Facilities expansion in the first half of 1954 involved the use of \$11 billion of corporate funds, or 3 percent below the year-ago rate.

On the other hand, inventory adjustments resulted in a \$2 billion liquidation of corporate stocks during the first

Inventories ___

Durable-Goods Manufacturers

BILLIONS OF DOLLARS (Book Value)



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six months of this year. This contrasts with an increase of inventories of \$2.6 billion in the comparable period last At the same time, receivables were reduced in early 1954 whereas in the comparable period of 1953 corporations were extending book credit to their customers. The latter change reflects in part the reversal of trend in consumer credit buying which occurred over this period.

Table 3.—Sources and Uses of Corporate Funds, 1946-53 1

[Billions of dollars]

| | 1946 | 1947 | 1948 | 1949 | 1950 | 1951 | 1952 | 1953 |
|---|--|---------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|
| Total uses | 23, 2 | 32,7 | 28, 3 | 16,5 | 45, 3 | 39, 1 | 31.3 | 28, 4 |
| Plant and equipment | 12. 5 | 17.0 | 18.8 | 16.3 | 16.9 | 21.6 | 22. 4 | 24.1 |
| Increase in other assets—total | 10. 7 | 15. 7 | 9. 5 | . 2 | 28. 4 | 17. 5 | 8.9 | 4, 3 |
| Inventories | 11. 2 | 7. 1 | 4. 2 | -3.6 | 9.8 | 9. 4 | 1.8 | 2.6 |
| Receivables Consumer U. S. Government Other | $\begin{array}{c} 4.8 \\ 1.1 \\ -2.0 \\ 5.7 \end{array}$ | 7. 6 1. 5 2 6. 3 | 4.1 1.3 .2 2.6 | 1. 4 1. 2 -1. 0 | 13. 8 1. 6 . 2 12. 0 | 4.7 .5 1.4 2.8 | 6.0 1.9 .1 4.0 | . t 1. 5 2 -1. 2 |
| Cash and deposits | 1. 1 | 1.0 2.2 -1.2 | 1.0 .3 .7 | 3. 2 1. 2 2. 0 | 4.5 1.6 2.9 | 2.8 1.9 .9 | .3 .6 3 | 1. 2 . 1 1. 1 |
| Other assets | 6 | (2) | . 2 | (2) | .3 | . 6 | .8 | .4 |
| Total sources | 21.9 | 32, 4 | 29, 0 | 15, 3 | 43, 5 | 38.8 | 31,6 | 28, 3 |
| Retained profits 3 | 7. 2 | 11. 4 | 12.4 | 7. 6 | 12. 4 | 9. 1 | 7.5 | 8.3 |
| Depreciation | 4. 2 | 5. 2 | 6. 2 | 7.1 | 7.8 | 9, 0 | 10.1 | 11. 2 |
| Net new issuestotal Stocks Bonds | 2. 4 1. 3 1. 1 | 4. 4 1. 4 3. 0 | 5. 9 1. 2 4. 7 | 4, 9 1, 6 3, 3 | 3, 7 1, 7 2, 0 | 6.3 2.7 3.6 | 7. 9 3. 0 4. 9 | 7. 3 2. 4 4. 9 |
| Increase in other liabilities | 8. 1 | 11. 4 | 4.5 | -4.3 | 19. 6 | 14. 4 | 6.1 | 1. 5 |
| Mortgage loans | . 7 | . 7 | . 7 | . 6 | 1.0 | .9 | .7 | . 9 |
| Bank loans ShortLong | 3. 2 2. 1 1. 1 | 2. 6 1. 4 1. 2 | 1. 1 . 5 . 6 | -2.9 -1.7 -1.2 | 1.6 2.1 5 | 4. 5 3. 9 . 6 | 2. 4 1. 7 . 7 | (2) -, 5 |
| Trade payables U. S. Government Other | 3.7 8 4.5 | 4. 5 (2) 4. 5 | 1. 3 (2) 1. 3 | 3 (2) 3 | 8.8 .3 8.5 | 2. 7 . 9 1. 8 | 3. 6 . 9 2. 7 | 6 5 -, 1 |
| Federal income tax liabilities | -1. 6 | 2.1 | 1.0 | -2.2 | 7. 2 | 4. 4 | -2.6 | . 9 |
| Other liabilities | 2.1 | 1.5 | . 4 | . 5 | 1.0 | 1. 9 | 2.0 | . 8 |
| Discrepancy (uses less sources). | 1.3 | .3 | 7 | 1.2 | 1.8 | .3 | 3 | ,1 |

Excluding banks and insurance companies. Data for 1946 through 1951 have been adjusted to Internal Revenue Service statistics for those years.
 Less than \$50 million.
 Including depletion.

Corporations also reduced their liquid asset holdings sharply in the first half of this year—the drop being substantially greater than the \$3 billion decline in early 1953. In recent years there has tended to be a drain on cash resources in the heavy tax payment months of March and June, offset in the second half of the year by additions to liquid assets as tax payments tapered off.

Tax drain in 1954

The tax drain on cash resources of corporations was especially heavy in early 1954. The excess of Federal tax payments over new liabilities accrued in this period amounted to about \$7½ billion, or nearly \$5 billion more than in 1953. Some of the factors involved in this change are outlined in the following table (shown in billions of dollars):

^{1.} The data in this table are revised estimates adjusted to 1951 benchmark material which has just recently become available and incorporating the latest information for all years through 1953.

Source: U. S. Department of Commerce based on Securities and Exchange Commission and other financial data,

| | Firs | t half | Change - 1st half 1953 to |
|---|-------|--------|------------------------------|
| | 1953 | 1954 | 1st half 1954 |
| Tax payments. Due to changing effect of Mills amend- | 12. 9 | 15. 0 | 2. 1 |
| ment | | | 1. 4 |
| | 10. 2 | | -2.7 |
| Due to lower 1954 profits | | | -1.7 -1.0 |
| Due to change in effective tax rate 2 | | | - I. U |
| Accruals less payments | -2.7 | -7.5 | -4. 8 |

- Based on first quarter profits rate.
 See discussion of Federal Government finances in this issue of the Survey.

It is clear from these data that the two most important factors in the change from 1953 to 1954 were the fall in profits and the impact of the Mills amendment. The fall in profits meant in effect that there was a smaller volume of funds available from current operations to offset the heavy tax payments coming due. With respect to the Mills amendment, corporations were required to pay 90 percent of last year's tax liabilities in the first half of this year. The proportion last year was 80 percent.

The high seasonal fluctuations in corporate tax payments not only affects corporate financing but the money market in general and the U.S. Government security markets in particular. The recently enacted new tax law contains a provision aimed at ironing out these seasonal movements and at the same time placing corporations more nearly on a "pay

as you earn" tax schedule.

Internal financing continues dominant

In financing first half capital requirements, corporations continued to rely heavily on internal sources. Retained earnings in early 1954 were down from last year reflecting the lower volume of current earnings and the maintenance of relatively liberal dividends. On the other hand, depreciation allowances were increased, offsetting in substantial degree the lower earnings. These combined funds from operations were approximately one-half billion dollars lower than the \$10.5 billion retained in the first half of last year, but about \$1 billion higher than the volume of funds supplied by these internal sources in the comparable period in 1952.

It will be noted from table 3 that the absolute volume of long-term internal financing by corporations was fairly stable in the period from 1950 to 1953, ranging from \$18 billion to \$20 billion. During this period, total financing needs, while high even by postwar standards, were steadily reduced from the 1950 peak. Thus the relative importance of internal

financing increased steadily over the period.

This reflected in good part the changing pattern of financial requirements, especially the reduced need for new working capital. Needs for additional working capital, essentially short-term in nature, reached a postwar peak in the inflationary situation surrounding the outbreak of Korean hostilities in 1950. While corporations continued to add to their current assets after 1950, the amount of new funds needed decreased substantially in each succeeding year. These additions to current assets were financed for the most part from short-term sources, notably supplier credit (trade payables), bank loans, and Federal tax accruals.

Rising depreciation allowances

It may be observed that depreciation allowances have constituted the larger share of internal funds in the more recent period. This resulted mainly from the steady expansion of depreciation allowances, as the heavy facilities expansion programs of business added steadily to the base of depreciable assets and as the emergency accelerated amortization provisions which have been in effect since 1950 permitted faster writeoffs of defense-related facilities.

The Internal Revenue Code of 1954 incorporates as a permanent feature of the tax laws a more liberal policy for writing-off the cost of capital assets. The principal provision of the code dealing with this aspect of depreciation permits business firms to write off new facilities in the early years of the asset's life at a faster rate than was permitted under the former law. Since the total allowed depreciation has not been changed, the new provision shifts in effect the timing of depreciation deductions, with the relatively heavy early-life writeoffs being offset by relatively light deductions in the later stages of the asset's life.

New issues lower

In the first 6 months of the year, the net inflow of funds from the new issues market amounted to just under \$3.5 billion, about \$600 million less than was raised in the comparable period of 1953. This reduction was confined to new bond issues; net proceeds from stock sales were slightly higher than a year ago.

Among the major groups, the principal change from a year ago was the greatly reduced financing of firms supplying short-term credit to consumers. The "financial and real estate" group (which includes these firms) raised less than \$100 million through sale of debt issues in the first half of 1954, in contrast to the record sum of \$800 million raised in the comparable period of 1953.

Total net proceeds from sales of new stocks amounted to \$1.6 billion in the first 6 months of the year, \$200 million more than a year ago. The volume of new stock sold in the first half of this year reflects in part the conversion of a large amount of outstanding bonds into stocks in the communications industry and did not represent new money. Net proceeds of stock sales by this industry amounted to \$675 million in the first 6 months of the year, an increase of \$350 million from early 1953.

Stock sales by the utilities group amounted to about \$500 million in the first half of 1954, down slightly from the comparable period of 1953. The communications and utilities groups combined accounted for over three-fourths of total net proceeds from stock issues in the first half of the vear.

Table 3 shows that new issues have supplied a larger absolute and relative share of total corporate financial needs than was the case earlier in the postwar period. This is true not only for the bond market but for the stock market as well. No doubt this recent greater reliance on external markets is a reflection of the currently less liquid position of corporations as compared with the early postwar years when the excess liquid resources built up during the war period were an important source of financing for many firms. However, the relatively favorable terms of financing, including the higher values currently placed on equities in the stock market appears to be a factor as well.

Cost of financing lower

With the reduction in demand pressures on the capital market, the maintenance of relatively high rates of savings, and the active interest of monetary authorities in fostering credit ease, the cost of borrowed funds in mid-1954 was at the lowest point in the last few years. The average yield on corporate bonds, as measured by Moody's series, is currently at 3.1 percent, the lowest point since 1951. A year ago the yield was 3.5 percent. Short-term open market rates have declined even more sharply since last

summer's highs.

Yields on equity securities are likewise substantially reduced from last year. While corporate earnings are lower than a year ago, stock prices are higher. Thus the ratio of earnings to stock prices has fallen substantially in the last 12 months, and by the second quarter of 1954 was at a postwar low. The same general picture prevailed with respect to dividend yields. In the latter case, the lowered yields was almost entirely a reflection of improved stock prices since dividend policies of corporations have generally tended

to maintain or even to increase distributions over the past year.

Bank loans reduced

In readjusting their working capital position, corporations have reduced bank borrowing in 1954. This is a continuation of the changed conditions initiated last summer. Since that time, corporate business reduced outstanding bank loans by about \$1 billion. In the three preceding years these loans were increased by over \$8 billion, principally to finance inventory and other working capital expansion.

Government Expenditures and Income

Completion by Congress of action on the Federal budget for the fiscal year 1955 makes timely an evaluation of the trend in government spending and income in relation to the

movement of economic activity.

The accompanying chart on Federal budget receipts and expenditures shows the advance from 1950 to 1953, and the effects of the shift in budgetary policy in 1954 toward a balance at a reduced level of both expenditures and taxes. The charts reflect the substantial reductions from the peak during the Korean period in the amounts of new funds made available by the Congress for the operation of the various Federal Government agencies. By fiscal year 1954 new obligational authority was one-third under the high of \$93 billion appropriated in fiscal year 1952 and enactments for 1955 have been cut an additional 10 percent.

Budget expenditures of the year ended last June 30 totaled \$67.6 billion, \$6½ billion less than in fiscal year 1953. With budget receipts down only slightly, a two-thirds reduction in the administrative budget deficit was accomplished

during the past fiscal year.

The cash income of the Federal Government increased fractionally in fiscal year 1954, in part reflecting the rise in social insurance tax rates last January. With the reduction in expenditures, the cash income and cash outgo were in approximate balance last year as compared with a \$5.2 billion deficit in fiscal year 1953.

Federal purchases decline

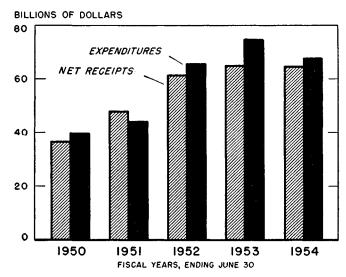
Most Federal spending is for goods and services including military and civilian pay rolls, new construction, procurement and services such as rent, utilities, and transportation.

Federal purchases were at an annual rate of about \$51 billion in the April-June quarter of 1954, off between \$10 and \$11 billion from the peak rate a year before. This was a factor in the \$14 billion reduction in the gross national product over the same period, although it should be stressed that there were also other shrinking components which were offset by increasing demand, most notably in consumption and residential construction.

Federal outlays moved downward in each quarter after the spring of 1953. Over the past year the reduction has applied to every major category of Federal purchases. Military payrolls are now lower by almost \$1 billion annually, and wages and salaries of Federal civilian employees have been lowered by \$½ billion. New construction expenditures have been cut and procurement is down sharply.

National security outlays which include Defense Department military expenditures and spending for foreign economic and military aid and for the atomic energy and stockpiling

Federal Budget Receipts and Expenditures



DATA: BUDGET BUR. & TREAS

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activities, comprise five-sixths of the total expenditures and most of the reduction was in this broad category. The outlook is for smaller purchases for the farm price support program this year and other non-national security spending is being gradually reduced; together these accounted for about \$1\% billion of the total \$11 billion decline by late spring 1954.

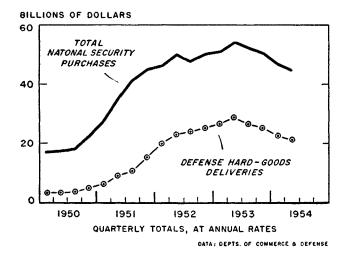
The downturn in national security purchases has been a fundamental development affecting business activity during the past year. Following three years of growth the peak was reached in the April–June quarter of 1953 at an annual rate of \$54 billion, more than three times the rate before the build-up began. At that time almost 15 percent of the gross national product was being channeled into the defense With the end of fighting in Korea, and as a result of the topping off of programs for some items and the reconsideration of the entire military program, the trend was reversed. By the second quarter of 1954 national security purchases had been reduced by one-fifth to an annual rate of \$44½ billion and then accounted for one-eighth of the gross national product, the smallest share since the autumn of 1951. Preliminary indications are that defense spending has continued to move downward thus far in fiscal year 1955.

Munitions deliveries

Most of the decline in national security expenditures occurred in defense hard goods. Expenditures in this category account for about one-half of all defense spending; they are roughly equal in amount to business spending for machinery and equipment.

National Security Purchases

- Are down one-fifth from the peak
- Most of the reduction is in hard goods

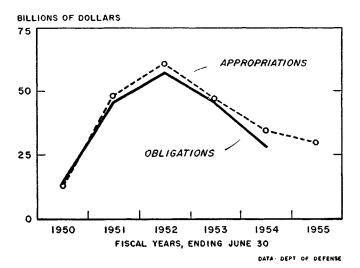


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Total outlays for munitions, however, represents a composite of expenditures for nine major groups of hard goods, ranging from civilian-type durable commodities to highly complex aircraft and electronics equipment with long lead-times in production. Thus, during the build-up since 1950, mobilization goals for the various kinds of hard goods were fulfilled at varying times. In the early stages of the program, expenditures for all types were rising but by late 1952 outlays for some types turned downward, partly off-setting further advances in the more complex items. By

Appropriations and Obligations for Defense Department Military Functions



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last year the groups with the longest lead-times were approaching a plateau.

For the past year the weight of these varying rates of expenditure changes has been such that total munitions deliveries have been declining, and the trend is continuing. The present annual rate, amounting to about \$20 billion, represents a reduction of \$8 billion from the peak rate in the spring of 1953.

The cutbacks in munitions schedules also meant that inventories which were previously being accumulated in support of the defense program could be reduced. Thus the effect on current production for defense was larger than that

indicated by the change in Federal spending.

Inventories of durable goods manufacturers almost doubled from January 1950 to September 1953, the rise amounting to more than \$12 billion stated in terms of book value. During this period large additions to durable goods inventories were necessary in order to support the rising trend of defense outlays and the expansion of capacity in industries vital to the mobilization base. Subsequently, these inventories have been reduced by \$2½ billion.

As a component of the gross national product, the change in the inventories of durable goods manufacturers was adding almost \$3 billion to final product in the second quarter 1953 as compared with \$5 billion of liquidations in the second quarter 1954, both at annual rates. Available information does not permit an estimate of that portion of this \$8 billion swing which may be attributed to the change in the course of munitions production but certainly the declining trend of defense hard goods orders and deliveries was a

principal factor.

The impact of the trend of defense expenditures on business activity over the past year is further revealed by comparing changes in defense obligations and total manufacturers' new orders for durable goods. For the year ended last June 30, Defense Department obligations, measuring new commitments against available funds, amounted to \$28 billion, almost \$18 billion less than in the previous year. Obligations for hard goods, amounting to \$5.6 billion in fiscal year 1954, accounted for \$15% billion of this decline. During the same period, manufacturers' new orders in the durable goods industries fell by more than \$27 billion, or almost 19 percent. (See chart on page 1.) These two magnitudes cannot be compared directly, since manufacturers' new orders include not only the Government prime contracts but also the subcontracts which flow therefrom. Nevertheless, the pattern is suggestive of the impact of the drop in defense hard goods obligations upon manufacturers' new orders.

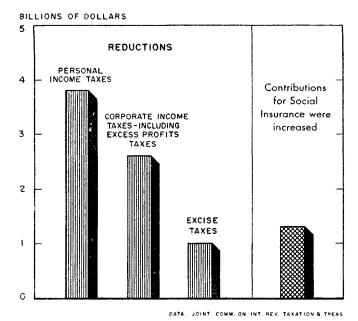
For the fiscal year ending next June 30, Congress enacted \$29.6 billion of new obligational authority for the military functions of the Defense Department as compared with \$34.5 billion for last year and a peak of \$60.5 billion for fiscal year 1952. With the large carryover from fiscal year 1954 total available funds are just short of the amount for last year. Obligations in recent months show some pickup from the lowered rate of the year before but even if, for the first time since 1950, obligations in fiscal 1955 equal or slightly exceed new authority for the year (\$29.6 billion), the increase from last year's \$28 billion of new obligations would be moderate. A somewhat higher proportion of new obligations in the hard goods category is indicated, however.

Tax cuts and transfer payments bolster income

Federal expenditures for transfer payments and interest increased during the past year, thereby partly offsetting the reduction in income resulting from lower production. The cut in tax liabilities was even more important in providing support to private income available for spending.

Federal Taxes

Substantial reductions were made effective during 1954



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Personal income tax liabilities are now lower than a year ago by almost \$4 billion on a full-year basis as a result of the cut in tax rates last January and the more recent revisions in the tax laws. In addition, excise taxes were reduced by \$1 billion annually, the excess profits tax was permitted to expire and the structural revisions contained many significant benefits for business. The full annual values of the tax cuts now in effect and of the increase in social insurance contributions also effective last January are depicted in the above chart.

The timing of these tax reductions was such that the effect on taxes actually collected from the public in fiscal year 1954 was relatively small with most of the revenue loss to be felt this fiscal year. Nevertheless, a stimulus to consumer and business spending was provided at the time that the cuts took effect.

Combining the rise in Federal expenditures other than for goods and services with the drop in personal tax and nontax receipts and taking account of the step-up in personal contributions for social insurance, close to \$6 billion is being added to the rate of disposable personal income as against a year ago. These programs have contributed to the moderate increase in total consumer spending for goods and services since spring 1953.

Federal corporate tax liabilities have absorbed a substantial portion of the drop in total corporation income during the past year. From the second quarter 1953 through January-March 1954, corporate profits before taxes had dropped by about one-fifth from their quarterly peak as compared with the 10 percent decline in profits after taxes. Over this period tax accruals fell by almost \$5 billion at annual rates, reflecting the expiration of the excess profits tax at the end of last December and, more important, the shrinkage in the tax base. The difference between corporate tax liabilities and payments during the past half year is treated in the accompanying analysis of corporate financing.

Government transfer payments were up by \$2 billion at annual rates from the second quarter of 1953 to the second quarter of 1954, with most of the advance due to larger un-

employment benefit payments. These benefit payments were at an annual rate of \$2.2 billion in the quarter just ended—2½ times the rate of a year ago. Other social security benefit payments continued to rise while transfer payments arising from the various veterans' benefit programs showed little change in the aggregate. Federal interest payments also continued to increase over this period.

The 1954 amendments to the Social Security Act provide for important changes in Federal old-age and survivors insurance benefit payments and contributions which also affect the fiscal outlook for the present year. Changes in the benefit formula, eligibility requirements, and other benefit provisions effective this month will increase transfer payments by more than \$1 billion on a full-year basis. The immediate impact, however, is not expected to be so large. As of next January coverage under this program will be extended to an additional 10 million persons and the taxable earnings base will be increased from \$3,600 to \$4,200. These provisions are expected to add about \$% billion to contributions during the first full year that they are in effect.

State and local expansion

The growth since the end of World War II in the market for goods and services provided by State and local governments continued during the past year and was an element of strength in the course of economic developments. In the quarter just ended, purchasing by these governments was at an annual rate of \$27 billion, up one-tenth from the rate a year before. This increase was half again as large as that in the previous year and considerably above the postwar average. With national economic activity declining, the share of the national output going to these governments moved up to 7.6 percent. Not since before the last World War has this proportion been so large—and it is still rising.

Construction outlays by these governments, now at an annual rate of about \$8 billion, accounted for one-half of the increase during the past year. This increase was larger than the amount by which total private new construction activity rose. Outlays for sewer and water facilities showed the largest relative increase while school and highway construction which account for a more important part of the total are both running one-fifth higher than a year ago.

Virtually all of this increase in State and local new construction occurred before March 1954. For the past six months these expenditures, allowing for seasonal movements, have been fairly stable at a high rate.

Employee compensation also increased, reflecting in part some further advance in average wages and salaries but due mostly to employment gains. Over 4½ million persons are now on the pay rolls of State and local governments, about 200 thousand more than a year ago. School employment increased at a much faster rate than the non-school portion.

Receipts and borrowing rise

State and local government income increased over the course of the past year notwithstanding the declines in national product and income. The advance, however, was only two-fifths as great as that in expenditures and was considerably less than in other recent years. With regard to particular types of taxes levied by these governments, income from sales and income taxes have been stable during the past year while property taxes increased steadily.

As receipts did not keep pace with the rising trend of expenditures, the small surplus a year ago, has been replaced

(Continued on p. 22)

Growth Characteristics of the Economy

Illustrated by the Chemical Industry

NE of the fundamental characteristics of the American economy has been and is its dynamic growth. While the expansion has been steady—cyclical fluctuations aside—at an annual rate which has approximated 3 percent in terms of the gross national product in constant prices, the forces contributing to growth have been in part foreseeable and in part unpredictable. Included in the former are such factors as population trends and growth of urban areas, while in the latter fall the results of basic discoveries and inventions, the flow of products and processes from the laboratories, and the direction of investments into new areas, new lines, and new products. Hence, it has been difficult in the past, as it is now in the present, to foresee clearly the direction from which economic stimuli to further growth will come, as well as to gauge the economic importance of products in the embroyonic industrial stage, such as atomic energy. The whole history of transportation is an illustration of this point.

To set in perspective and to illustrate this important market phenomenon, a section of OBE's study "Markets after the Defense Expansion," devoted to the 1952–55 period, evaluated the role of dynamic industries in the observed growth trend. Included was a brief review of the chemical industry, and it is the purpose of this article to bring this picture up to date and to elaborate upon a prime example of twentieth century growth.

The chemical industry since the turn of the century has expanded at a rate substantially in excess of that for all output and since 1939 the rate of growth has accelerated. During the past 12 months of downward adjustment in the general level of industrial activity chemical output has shown relatively little change.

Trend of Output

The accompanying chart shows this growth. The only significant interruption to the upward trend in chemical output in the 50 years covered, apart from the temporary adjustments associated with reconversion problems following the two wars, occurred during the depression years, 1930–32. Even then the decline was less than in other segments of the economy and the subsequent recovery more rapid. For sources of data in charts on pages 10 and 11, and the method of preparing the production indexes, see the note on page 11.

All three of the broad groups of chemical manufacturing measured in the chart have undergone rapid expansion. The industrial organics group, which includes plastic materials and where the development of new products and new techniques has been especially noteworthy, has shown the fastest rate of growth.

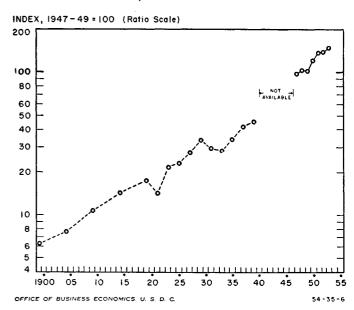
NOTE.—MR. HIRT IS A MEMBER OF THE CURRENT BUSINESS ANALYSIS DIVISION, OFFICE OF BUSINESS ECONOMICS.

Comparative growth patterns

To appraise the role of new and established products in relation to the growth of the chemical industry, historical series were compiled for some 240 chemicals and chemical products. The listing was limited to the available output data but it is believed that the coverage is sufficiently adequate to provide the general picture.

The list comprises many new materials and products as well as the old-established lines and ranges over the entire

Production of Chemicals and Allied Products, 1899 – 1953



field of chemical manufacturing.¹ It exemplifies the wide range of products and their long-term development.

The items were classified on the basis of output from 1940 through 1953 into three broad groups—fast growing defined as those having an average rate of growth over 7½ percent per year; moderately or slowly growing which are those with growth rates up to 7½ percent per year; and the declining products. For purposes of identification, they were regrouped into three classifications—industrial organic chemicals, industrial inorganic chemicals, and other chemicals and allied products—so that they correspond to the groupings in the Federal Reserve production index of chemicals and allied products.

^{1.} For definition of new products see note at bottom of table 2.

The diversity of trends for individual products—new and old established lines—from 1940 through 1953 can be seen from table 1. Representation of these differential movements in production is further illustrated in the chart.2

An analysis of the growth trends of these individual products and their relation to general business fluctuations

reveals certain basic characteristics:

1. Many synthetic products compete with, replace, or

are used as alternatives to natural products.

2. Many of the basic chemicals—acids, alkalies, sulfur, carbon black—are sensitive to changes in business cycles but after allowance for these influences they have maintained a substantial net rate of growth.

3. Most of the consumer products—soaps, cosmetics, drugs—are only little affected by fluctuations in business activity and for these items the growth rates have been

below the total industry annual growth.

4. Some old-established products—such as black blasting powder and arsenate—have shown declining trends over a long period of years.

Table 1.-Production Growth Rates for 240 Chemical and Allied Products, by Major Groups, 1940-53

| | | Number of | products | |
|--|-----------------------|-------------------------|--|-----------------|
| Annual rate of increase or decrease | Industrial organie | Industrial inorganic | Other chemicals and allied products | Total |
| Increasing By 7½ percent or more Up to 7½ percent Decreasing | 70 25 5 | 28 22 14 | 36 31 9 | 134 78 28 |
| Group total | 100 | 64 | 76 | 240 |

Of the 240 chemical and allied products covered, more than one-half are rapidly growing, one-third are moderately growing, and one-eighth are declining. Each of these three groups covers a variety of raw and semifinished materials and finished goods with long-established uses both for industrial and consumer purposes. New products as defined in the footnote at the bottom of table 2 accounted for over one-fourth of the total number of items in the fast-growing group, and the average rate of growth per year ranged from the very large initial advance for streptomycin to 12 percent for dichlorobenzene, ortho. Many of the new lines are still experiencing large growth rates.

A caution is perhaps in order about rates of growth since in initial periods output rises at a rapid pace which must inevitably fall as production enlarges. Consequently, the actual size of change as well as the relative size should be

noted in reviewing the tables and charts.

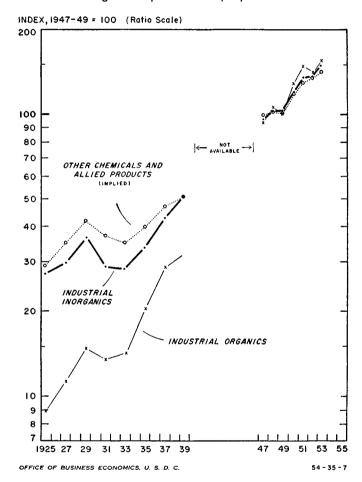
A large proportion of the products in the fast-growing group consisted of the old-established lines. Most of the heavy basic chemicals, the so-called workhorses of the industry—caustic soda, chlorine gas, hydrochloric acid, nitric acid, phosphoric acid, ammonia, and synthetic methanol—are included in this group. The combined output of these 7 raw materials has expanded 13 percent a year since 1940.

All of the moderately or slowly growing products are oldestablished lines with a market life of 25 years or more. This category includes among many others the dyes, old-line medicinals and flavor and perfume materials where demand generally reflects changes in consumer income. A few of the heavy basic chemicals—soda ash, sulphuric acid, benzene, and ethyl alcohol—also fall in the moderately expanding group. Production of these 4 materials combined has expanded an average of 5 percent a year since 1940.

Despite the substantial expansion in total industrial production and chemical output in particular over the past decade, there has been a slow but persistent decline in the output trends of 28 chemical products included in the list. About half of the decreases were under 5 percent a year.

Growth Trends of Major Chemical Groups

Industrial organics expand most rapidly



The reasons for these contrary trends vary from product to product. For example, soap has been declining steadily while the synthetic detergents have forged upward; lead and calcium arsenate have now been supplemented by the newer insecticides; zinc oxide and lead pigments have been displaced by titanium dioxide which has greater covering power; the market for black blasting powder has been taken over by high explosives (dynamite); and natural methanol and acetic acid have been almost entirely replaced by the synthetic materials.

the method of weighting.

^{2.} Sources of data in chart: Bureau of the Census and Business and Defense Services Administration of the U. S. Department of Commerce; U. S. Tariff Commission; Chemical Economics Handbook, Stanford Research Institute; Society of the Plastics Industry.

Note.—For the purpose of this article, the production index has been based on the Federal Reserve Board index of "chemicals and allied products," available since the beginning of 1947, and indexes based on Census of Manufactures data for earlier periods. These were calculated for census years from 1899 through 1939 by the National Bureau of Economic Research and, for 1947 relative to 1939, jointly by the Federal Reserve and the Bureau of the Census. Production indexes are not available for the intercensus years and from 1940 through 1946.

The indexes for industrial inorganic and organic chemicals beginning in 1947 are components of the Federal Reserve Index, and the "all other chemicals" index represents a combination of the remaining components of the Federal Reserve chemical index. For earlier years, the inorganic and organic chemical indexes are from the Stanford Research Institute; the "all other chemicals" index is derived as a residual from the independently calculated total index. A comparison of the Federal Reserve and the Stanford Research Institute indexes of organic and inorganic chemical production for the years 1947 through 1953 shows that the two sets of indexes moved fairly close together despite differences in the number of products used and in the method of weighting.

Table 2.—Production Trends of Selected New Chemical Products and Materials

| | and materials | | | | | |
|--|------------------------|--------------|------------------|---------------|------------|------------|
| | | | Pro | ductio | n | |
| Product | Unit of measure | | t year ilable | 1940 | 1946 | 1953 |
| | | Year | Quan- tity | 1010 | 1010 | |
| Streptomycin Penicillin salts, total | Thous. lbs | 1946 1944 | 3 3 | | 3 44 | 430 753 |
| Plastic pipe | Mill. lbs | 1950 | 5 | | 11 | 30 |
| 2-4-5-T and derivatives | Mill. lbs | 1950 | 2 | | | 11 |
| Polyethylene (Plastics) | Mill. lbs | 1943 | I | | 13 | 135 |
| Rubber, GR-S | Thous. lg. tons | 1942 | 2 | | 613 | 668 |
| Styrene, consumption | Mill. lbs | 1939 1939 | 1 | 2 2 | 406 73 | 799 469 |
| Polystyrene (Plastics) | Mill. lbs | 1939 | 1 1 | | 6 | 26 |
| Rubber, butyl | Thous. lg. tons | 1943 | î | | 7 3 | 79 |
| Argon | Mill. cu, ft | 1947 | 20 | | | 176 |
| Isobutylene, consumption. | Mill. lbs | 1935 | 1 | 4 | 199 | 1 230 |
| Pentaerythritol (Polyhydric) | Mill. lbs | 1940 1938 | (2) | $\frac{1}{2}$ | 14 26 | 56 155 |
| Synthetic detergents | Mill. lbs | 1935 | 2 | 30 | 275 | 2, 134 |
| Vitamins, total | Thous. lbs | | 9 | 56 | 2, 215 | 5, 132 |
| Benzene bexachloride | Mill. lbs | | 8 | | | 57 |
| Synthetic fibers, except rayon Melamine (Plastics) | Mill. lbs Mill. lbs | 1939 | 2 | 5 | 54 14 | 301 63 |
| Polymethacrylates (Plastics) | Mill. lbs | 1939 | i | 2 | 27 | 42 |
| DDT | Mill. lbs | 1944 | 10 | | 46 | 84 |
| Polyvinyls (resins), total (Plastics). | Mill. lbs | 1939 | 14 | 23 | 156 | 516 |
| Antibiotics, except streptomycin and penicillin. | Thous. lbs | 1950 | 220 | | | 441 |
| Methylene dichloride | Mill, lbs | 1944 | 9 | | 14 | 64 |
| Neoprene | Thous. lg. tons | 1939 | 2 | 3 | 48 | 80 |
| Sorbitol | Mill. lbs | | 1 | 2 | 8 | 1 25 |
| Maleic and other non-benezenoid- alkyd resins (Plastics). | Mill. lbs | 1935 | 1 | 7 | 54 | 76 |
| Perchloroethylene | Mill. lbs | 1940 | 12 | 12 | 3 59 | 152 |
| Methyl chloride | Mill. lbs. | 1935 | 2 3 | 3 | 29 | 40 20 |
| N-type synthetic rubber | Thous. lg. tons | 1941 | | | 6 | |
| Urea (Plastics) | Mill. lbs | 1930 | 2 | 22 | 77 | 194 |
| Monosodium glutamate | Mill. lbs | 1939 1940 | 1 24 | na 24 | na 86 | 15 207 |
| Coumarone-indene and petro- leum polymers (Plastics). | 171111, 100 | 1540 | 24 | 1 24 | 90 | 201 |
| Molybdate chrome orange (CP) | Thous. sh. tons | 1943 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 4 |
| Sulfa drugs | Thous. lbs | | 355 | 650 | 5, 103 | 4,672 |
| Dichlorobenzene, ortho | Mill. lbs | 1933 | 1 | 6 | 15 | 26 |
| | ı | | | | | • |

Note.—For the purpose of this analysis, new products were considered to be those which have been introduced in commercial production since 1930. It should be pointed out that the new products included in the tabulation consist in the main of chemical materials requiring further processing and, therefore, the many hundreds of final products or component parts fabricated from plastics and other chemical materials and introduced into the market in the past 25 years are not listed in the tabulation.

Sources: Bureau of the Census and Business and Defense Services Administration of the U.S. Department of Commerce; U.S. Tariff Commission; Chemical Economics Handbook, Stanford Research Institute; and Society of the Plastics Industry.

The role of new products

An important factor contributing to the growth of chemical manufacturing over the long-term has been the continual development through research of a wide range of new products for both industrial and consumer use.

Thus, important new products introduced before the mid-twenties included rayon, dyes, and certain types of synthetic plastics. Ammonia and nitric acid were first produced synthetically in 1925. Neoprene, a type of synthetic rubber, and nylon were developed in the thirties. But the period since 1939 has heralded important and far reaching discoveries, stimulated and to some extent forced by the wartime conditions.

Some of these new products are well known, such as the new synthetic fibers, rubber, and detergents, antibiotics and the agricultural chemicals. Output of chemical products which were just entering commercial production in 1939 plus those subsequently introduced, account, on the basis of a rough calculation for a representative sample of some of the more important items, for about 20 percent of the Federal Reserve Board production index of chemical and allied

products, and something under 2 percent of total industrial output.

New product patterns

An analysis of the production trends of newly developed products generally shows a variety of patterns. Three basic characteristics stand out:

- 1. Most successful new products have shown steep and almost uninterrupted growth trends though at varying rates.
- 2. Many new products after a rapidly growing initial phase have continued to expand but at a considerably reduced rate.
- 3. Some new products after rising rapidly in the early years of production have begun to level off or have

The growth rates and the magnitude of production gains for 36 relatively new products are presented in table 2. It should be pointed out, however, that a few of these products have been in production and on the market for only a short time so that their full market potentialities are still to be

As might be expected, the highest growth rates appeared in the more recently developed products such as streptomycin, plastic pipe, and polyethylene, while the less rapid growth rates were experienced in those products which have had a longer life span. Even so neoprene, for example, still has a 17 percent growth rate. With few exceptions, growth rates for new products from 1950 to 1953 were considerably below the longer-term experience.

For the 36 new chemical materials and products considered as a whole, the geometric average increase has been about 40 percent. The value of output of these new lines at manufacturers' prices totaled roughly \$3.5 billion to \$4 billion in 1953. This compares with about \$100-\$150

million in 1940.

Rise of plastics

The development of the plastics industry ranks high among the technological advances that have occurred in the past decade or so. Though plastics have been produced for many years, in a sense the industry is quite young. Many of the plastic materials used in present-day manufacturing were products developed during and since the war. In fact, the last war built up the industry as plastic materials demonstrated their usefulness both in the manufacture of goods which otherwise would have required materials, such as metals or wood, which were generally in short supply, and in the creation of new end products.

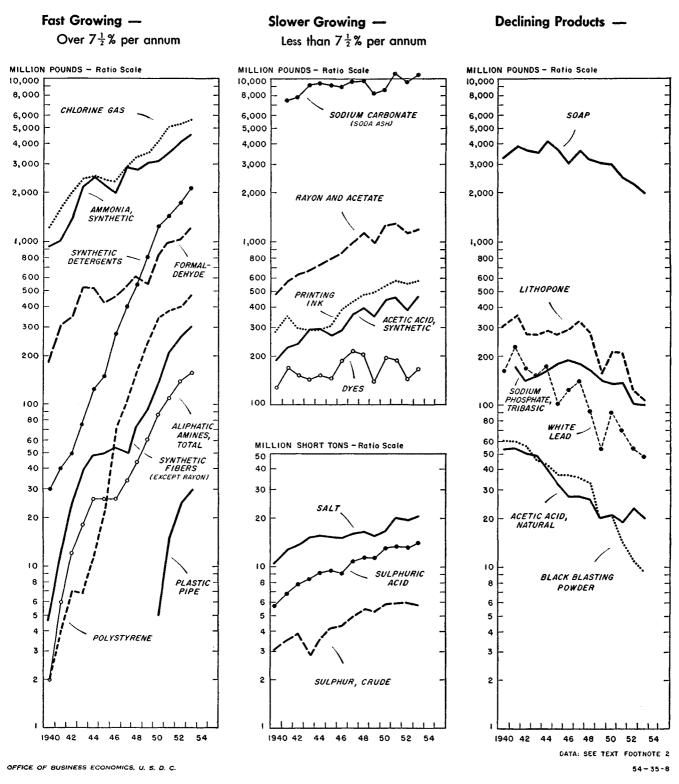
Output of plastic materials has been expanding at an average rate of about 20 percent per year since 1918. It is one of the largest areas in the synthetic organic field, accounting for close to 10 percent of the volume and 25 percent of the sales value of all synthetic industrial organics, which in 1953 totaled 29 billion pounds with a value over \$4 billion, according to reports of the U. S. Tariff Commission. Thus plastics have assumed a place of major importance in our industrial economy.

In 1919 output of plastics totaled 23 million pounds, largely cellulosic materials. Twenty years later, it had risen to 247 million pounds, and by 1953 to 2.8 billion pounds, or almost double the 1949 volume and well over 10 times the 1939 tonnage. Plastics volume, for example, approximates the present rate of aluminum production.

The sharply rising curve of total plastics production is depicted in the chart. The noncellulosic plastics, which account for about 95 percent of the total, have generally

na. Not available.
1. Data are for 1952.
2. Less than 500,000 lbs.

PRODUCTION TRENDS OF CHEMICAL PRODUCTS



followed a straight-line rapid growth trend throughout the period. The cellulose group of plastics, which are processed into finished consumer products as celluloid toys, games, buttons, and other items, have shown an irregular up-trend, with most of the rise occurring since 1941.

Many of the plastic products, a number of which are included in table 2, have reached volume production with increases in output for some of the individual materials especially striking.

The moderate dip in total output in 1952 reflected largely the adjustments which were occurring in many manufacturing industries beginning in the fall of 1951 and continuing for the most part through the first half of 1952. In 1953, plastics production reached a new peak, approximately 20 percent higher than in 1952. For the first half of this year output, while down 5 percent from the second quarter peak of 1953, was still slightly above the average for the year as a whole.

Expansion in Investment

The expansion of the chemical industry has in large measure resulted from an ever increasing scale of industrial research and developmental work over the past decades. Many of the larger chemical companies, according to a 1951 survey conducted by the U. S. Department of Labor in cooperation with U. S. Department of Defense, spend for such purposes a higher proportion of annual sales than most other major industries.

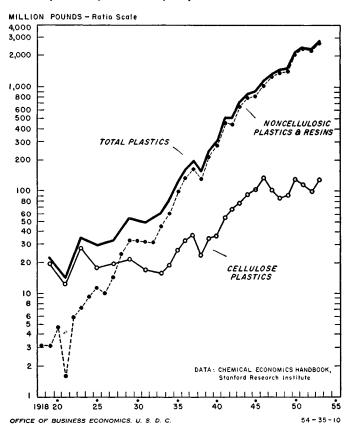
The chemical industry's expenditures for new plant and equipment have kept pace with the expanding outlays for research and development of new products. This investment has been at a very high rate throughout the postwar period and particularly since 1950, when the defense program necessitated the immediate installation of greatly expanded

production capacity of chemicals.

Despite the tremendous new capacity built during World War II the expanding peacetime markets for chemical products in the postwar years required additional substantial investments in new plants and facilities. From 1946 through 1953, outlays for new plant and equipment by the chemical industry averaged close to \$1.1 billion annually, aggregating \$8.5 billion over the 8-year period and representing 10 percent of the total for all manufacturing. Of this amount well over one-half was spent after 1950.

PLASTICS

Output Expands Rapidly



In the current year, investment expenditures have continued at a high rate; over \$1.3 billion will be spent. This is nearly one-fourth higher than the 1946-53 average though moderately below the record year of 1953 when close to \$1.6 billion was expended. Most of the drop this year reflects, of course, the tapering off of expenditures resulting from the completion of expansion goals set up under the facilities expansion program.

It should be noted that the investment in plant and equipment by the chemical industry also includes expenditures for facilities not related to chemical production. On the other hand, many of the petroleum companies are spending large sums of money for expansion into the chemical field which is becoming increasingly tied up with the development of petrochemicals, products derived from crude petroleum and natural gas. Similarly, many of the rubber companies are also finding it advantageous to extend their scope of operations into chemical lines through the production of synthetic rubber and related items.

Facilities programs for new products

A large proportion of the industry's investment in new plant and equipment is known to be budgeted for plants producing new products. Exact figures are not available to indicate the relative importance of expenditures earmarked for new product facilities and those set aside for established products. Figures compiled by the Bureau of the Census do suggest, however, that well over two-fifths of total expenditures for plant and equipment in the chemical industry since 1946 went into new plants producing industrial organic chemicals, the area where most of the new product development has been centered. Moreover, in a survey conducted in late 1952 by the Office of Business Economics it was indicated that large chemical manufacturing companies expected during the next several years to devote about one-half of their total investment—and three-fourths of their total expenditures for expansion—to new products.

Expansion in synthetic fibers

The record of synthetic fibers is typical of the expansion which has been associated with growth in investment.

Production of rayon and acetate, or the cellulosic fibers, amounted to 51 million pounds in 1925. By 1939 it had risen to 380 million pounds, and in 1953 the total reached 1.2 billion pounds. Rayon and acetate capacity, according to Textile Organon, has doubled since the end of the war, rising from 800 million pounds to 1.6 billion at the end of 1953. Present expansion plans call for an additional 100 million pounds by the end of 1955. It is obvious that this vast expansion is associated with a very high investment in new plant and equipment within the chemical industries and to some extent in related industries supplying raw materials.

Expenditures for new plant and equipment are not available for rayon but some indication is provided from applications for tax amortization certificates which show that a direct capital investment of about 75 cents is required for every new pound of additional rayon capacity installed.

For the noncellulosic fibers such as nylon and the more recently developed synthetic fibers the expansion of facilities

has likewise been of considerable magnitude.

The production of nylon, the first of the newer fibers, began late in 1939 with a plant capacity of approximately 4 million pounds. Constant expansion of facilities during the war and the immediate postwar years brought capacity for nylon and other types of noncellulosic fibers—Dacron, Orlon, Acrilan, Dynel, and others which were introduced at varying dates shortly after the war—to around 150 million pounds in 1950, of which about two-thirds represented nylon. At the end of 1953, capacity totaled 428 million pounds and this is expected to increase by two-fifths to a total of over 600 million pounds by the end of next year, a fourfold increase in 5 years. The contemplated investment in plant and equipment for the nylon expansion program alone since 1950 has been estimated, on the basis of tax amortization certificates approved, at over \$200 million. An equal amount is indicated for the newer fibers.

(Continued on p. 22)

International Trade and Domestic Business

 ${f R}$ ECENT developments in United States foreign trade have exerted on the whole a favorable influence on domestic business conditions. The relative stability of nonmilitary exports through 1953 and particularly the rise which set in during the early part of 1954 aided in minimizing the decline in national output. At the same time various factors discussed later enabled most foreign countries to maintain their sales to the United States at a relatively high rate. United States imports during January-June 1954 were only 7 percent below the near-record purchases in the first half of 1953. They were as large as in the second half of last year, and the trend this year has been upward.

The shipping strike which occurred in March 1954 was in part responsible for the significant gains in trade during the second quarter. Data for May and June indicate, however, that even without the strike, both exports and imports

would have been higher than in the first quarter.

Noteworthy also has been an expansion in services exchanged, and an accelerating trend toward the freeing of international transactions from Government controls in some of the major countries in Continental Europe, the sterling area, and in some of the Latin American Republics.

The relaxation of restrictions on international transactions has been made possible not only by the improved gold and dollar position of the countries concerned but also by their rising confidence in their own productive capacity and competitive ability, and in the maintenance of high output and incomes in the United States.

Among other factors contributing to this improvement has been the large expansion in foreign travel, which promises to provide nearly \$1.2 billion to foreign countries this year. Travel expenditures by United States residents in foreign countries during the first half of 1954 amounted to nearly \$400 million. In addition, travelers paid nearly \$100 million in fares to foreign carriers, and about \$110 million to United States steamship companies and airlines.

Payments by travelers during the first 6 months normally run about two-fifths of the annual total. On this basis, United States travel expenditures, excluding international fares, should reach nearly \$1 billion for the year 1954.

Although foreign restrictions on transactions with the United States have been considerably relaxed, and foreign grants and loans by the United States Government were further reduced, foreign countries added another \$200 million to their gold and liquid dollar assets through transactions with the United States in the second quarter bringing the total for the year ending in June to about \$1.7 billion.

Even though the overall rise was about \$200 million less in the second quarter than during the corresponding period of last year, the rise in such assets of the sterling area was about equal to that of last year. Continental Europe, in addition to reducing long-term debts to the United States,

NOTE,-MR. LEDERER AND MISS BRADSHAW ARE MEMBERS OF THE BALANCE OF PAYMENTS DIVISION, OFFICE OF BUSINESS ECONOMICS. FRANCES P. SASSCER, OF THE SAME DIVISION, PREPARED THE SECTION ON FOREIGN TRAVEL, AND DANIEL ROXON ASSISTED IN PREPARING THE MERCHANDISE TRADE ANALYSIS.

continued to expand its reserves, but at a slower rate. The nonsterling countries in Asia, mainly Japan, Siam and the Philippines, however, had to meet increasing deficits.

The accumulation of gold and dollar assets by Latin American as a whole was considerably smaller than a year earlier and there were sharply divergent trends within the area. Colombia, Venezuela and Cuba had substantial gains, while Brazil and Mexico had losses. A capital outflow from Mexico forced gold sales to the United States of \$80 million offset in part by an increase of \$34 million in Mexico-held dollar deposits.

MERCHANDISE TRADE

Merchandise exports from the United States aside from military end-items transferred under aid programs were \$200 million higher in the first half of 1954 than in the like period a year ago. About half of this rise consisted of raw cotton, vegetable oils, and other agricultural commodities. The improvement in these exports was facilitated by the disappearance of excess cotton inventories in the rest of the world and by the acceptance of foreign currencies by the Government in payment for agricultural exports over and above normal foreign purchases. Shipments under this program, which started late in 1953 and amounted in that year to less than \$15 million, exceeded \$100 million during January-

Among major agricultural products only grain and tobacco exports in the 6 months were below those of a year ago. The lower shipments of tobacco resulted entirely from the variation in timing of United Kingdom purchases. Sales during the crop year July 1953-June 1954 were actually higher than those of the preceding year. Grain exports, however, continued to decline in the first half of 1954. Emergency shipments to Pakistan had been completed at the end of 1953 and shipments to Europe continued to be adversely affected by increased production within Europe and imports from other sources.

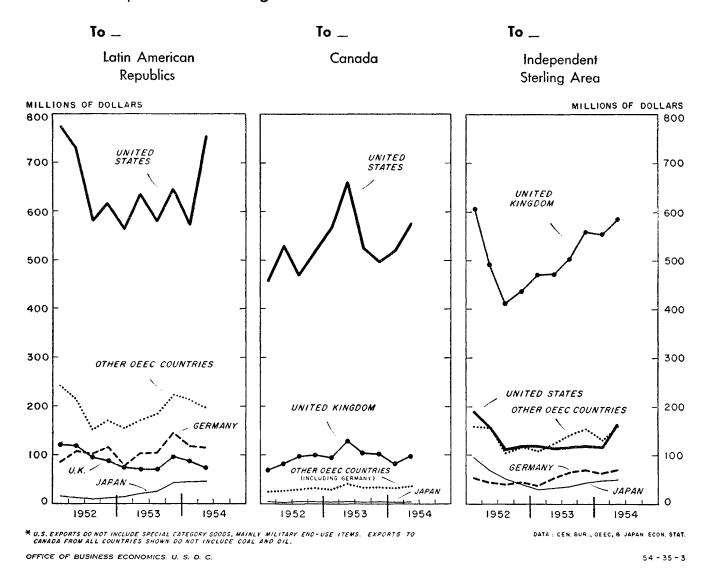
Exports and domestic production

Exports of nonagricultural goods in total also rose during the first half of this year though the effects of foreign sales upon domestic industries differed considerably. Greater exports of motor trucks and coaches, automobiles, railway passenger cars, and nonferrous metals during 1954 offset in part the reduced domestic sales of these products. The steel industry was also helped by foreign demand which offset in part the lower domestic shipments. Rising sales abroad aided the total sales of the chemical industry, which is the subject of a companion article in this issue of the

For some other industries—machine tools and metalworking machinery, tractors, freight cars, and coal—lower exports as compared with last year coincided with reduced domestic demands.

^{1.} The figure shown in table 4, line 5, for the first half of 1953 includes large transfers under the Korean relief program of supplies obtained overseas.

Nonagricultural Exports of the United States and of Other Major Manufacturing Countries *



Larger raw material exports

Producers of chemicals, metals, hides, wood and paper, and other basic materials were among those to benefit most from the growing export demand which developed in 1954. Exports of these products increased in importance relative to those of most types of producers' durable goods. In the latter category, the only major improvements were in truck exports and to a lesser extent in construction equipment.

The partial shift from exports of industrial equipment to shipments of basic materials reflected, to a degree, business developments in Canada and some other countries, as well as the decreasing backlog of European orders for machine tools and industrial equipment. At the same time, new or expanded industries abroad required greater imports of raw materials. In the first half of 1954 Western Europe's industrial production was substantially higher than a year earlier.

Moreover, some European countries expanded their inventories of copper and other basic metals and materials in recent months. These purchases may also have been stimulated by the resumption in August 1953 of private trading in copper on the London Metal Exchange and by the develop-

ment of more abundant supplies of metals, hides, and other raw materials in the United States where export controls were relaxed as domestic demands eased and inventories policies became increasingly conservative.

Exports of consumer goods fare well

Exports of consumer goods have also fared relatively better than shipments of capital equipment. This reflects the maintenance of high incomes in most foreign countries and the relaxation of import and exchange restrictions resulting from the improvement in foreign dollar reserves. Passenger car exports were the largest since the first half of 1951 and shipments of appliances also moved upward.

Among nondurables, exports of medicinals continued the steady improvement that began after the first quarter of 1953. Textile exports have remained relatively stable since the middle of 1952, as increased per capita consumption in major foreign markets has coincided with intensified competition from other textile exporting countries.

The rise in exports of consumer goods occurred despite declining sales to Canada, traditionally a leading market. Canadian purchases of passenger cars, appliances, and radios

and television sets were greatly curtailed during the current year as inventories grew relative to sales. Although the rate of spending by Canadian consumers was well maintained, their outlay on consumer durable goods was reduced while the amount spent for services and nondurables increased. These developments generally paralleled a similar movement which occurred somewhat earlier in the United States, and they forced cutbacks in Canadian production as well as in imports.

United States exports strongly competitive

The rise in nonagricultural exports during 1954 has demonstrated the strong competitive position of United States products in world markets. The accompanying chart indicates that United States exporters increased their sales to Latin America and the outer sterling area in the face of greatly intensified competition from other major manufacturing nations. Moreover, the United States continued to maintain its relative share in the Canadian market, although in the second quarter of 1954 exports to Canada had not yet recovered from the drop which began in mid-1953. In addition to the reduced exports of capital and consumer goods, lower shipments of coal and petroleum also contributed to the decline. The steady growth in the use of indigenous sources of petroleum and water power have steadily diminished Canadian requirements for imported fuel. Other exports, particularly tractors and other farm machinery, were adversely affected by the reduction in Canadian farm income.

Latin America buys more

While a year ago trade with Canada stood in the strongest position, in the first half of 1954 the Latin American market provided the greatest stimulus to United States nonagricultural exports.

Latin American countries taken together increased their purchases of almost all types of American goods, including passenger cars, medicinals and other consumer items; capital goods such as railway equipment, tractors and trucks and busses; and chemicals and other related items.

The chart indicates that other industrial countries increased their exports to Latin America during 1953. In 1954, however, these gains were somewhat modified as shipments declined from the peak value recorded during the last months of 1953. Nearly one-half of Latin America's purchases from these countries consisted of machinery and transport equipment while chemicals, steel and other raw materials made up an additional one-third of the total.

Latin America's rising imports can be attributed to a number of factors, chief of which was an ability to maintain sales to the United States and to increase exports to Europe. Dollar earnings through sales to the United States were sustained by rising coffee prices and increased petroleum and iron ore exports which offset the lower shipments of wool, copper and tin. At the same time, Latin America benefited by expanding markets in Western Europe for foodstuffs and industrial raw materials.

The need to replenish inventories was another factor behind the recent rise in Latin America's imports. The chart pictures the curtailment of imports by these countries in 1952 and early 1953, which was apparently excessive relative to the basic import requirements of countries such as Brazil. Brazil alone accounted for about three-fourths of the decline in United States nonagricultural exports to Latin America after the middle of 1952 and for at least a third of the new rise from the first to the second quarters of 1954

Markets in some Latin American countries—particularly Cuba, Chile, Argentina, and Peru—have been less favorable in 1954. In Cuba and Chile, incomes from the production

of sugar and copper, respectively, had declined. Although shipments to Mexico remained relatively high through mid-1954, having dropped off only slightly in June, the effects of the devaluation of the peso in April upon sales may be noticed later.

Sterling area markets improve

The rise in United States nonagricultural exports to the outer sterling area, particularly Australia and South Africa, also reflects the easing of import restrictions brought about by the improvement in sterling area reserves. The chart shows, however, that these countries had liberalized their imports from Japan, Germany, and other continental European countries early in 1953. Only in the second quarter of 1954 did the relaxation of discriminatory trade controls allow significantly greater imports from the United States, including those of passenger cars, textiles and industrial types of goods.

Nonagricultural exports to Western Europe and to other countries such as Japan and the Philippines showed only moderate variation from the 1953 pattern. On balance, exports to Western Europe rose somewhat in the first half of 1954, reflecting mainly the higher demand for metals, chemicals and other basic materials. The recent trade liberalization policies adopted by some European countries had only a limited effect upon United States sales of consumer goods, such as passenger cars, through the middle of 1954.

The moderately higher nonagricultural exports to Japan can also be accounted for by greater shipments of basic materials, particularly copper scrap and alloys, although these fell off during the second quarter of 1954. In general, the outlook for exports to Japan is somewhat uncertain due to the reduction in dollar receipts from United States military expenditures.

Imports maintained

The movement of United States imports during the year ended June 1954 indicates that foreign dollar earnings were not greatly affected by the moderate decline in United States business activity. The value of general imports during the first half or 1954 was as high as in the preceding 6 months but the trend was upwards while it moved down in the preceding period. Compared with the first half of 1953 imports were only 7 percent lower.

Îmports for consumption shown in the chart indicate an even smaller decline. The reduction in imports relative to manufacturing production was less in the last year than that experienced in 1949.

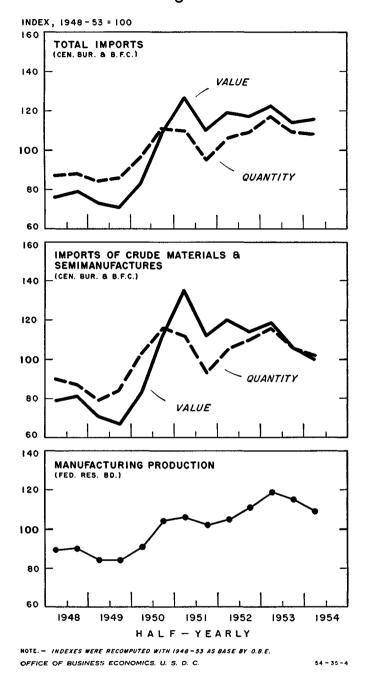
Role of coffee and cocoa prices

The explanation lies partly in the differing behavior of prices for imported foodstuffs during these two periods of declining business activity. In the first half of 1954 the upward surge in import unit values for cocoa and coffee was instrumental in maintaining the value of total imports. Coffee imports rose by \$150 million as compared with a year ago although the volume declined slightly. Cocoa imports were higher by \$30 million, despite a large drop in quantity.

were higher by \$30 million, despite a large drop in quantity. In 1949, in contrast, a sharp break in prices offset only partially by a rise in quantity, caused a significant reduction in the value of cocoa imports and thus reinforced the decline in the value of imports of other goods. At the same time, the rise in coffee imports by nearly \$100 million from 1948 to 1949 was due mainly to the greater volume of purchases rather than to higher prices. Not until 1950 did the imports reflect the sharp rise in coffee prices which began in the fall of 1949.

Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis

United States Imports for Consumption and Manufacturing Production



Strength in other prices

The greater relative strength in prices of imported crude materials and semimanufactures, as compared with the 1948–49 period, also cushioned the decline in the value of imports after the middle of 1953. As illustrated by the chart, the relative fall in the value of imports of raw materials in the year ended June 1954, was only slightly greater than the drop in the quantity of these imports. Raw material prices in the first half of 1954 averaged less than 5 percent below those prevailing a year ago.

Major adjustments in prices of some leading raw material imports such as wool, rubber, woodpulp, and lead, had occurred earlier in 1951 and 1952. Furthermore, commodities with stable or increased prices became more im-

portant in the overall import picture. Petroleum prices rose considerably after the first half of 1953 while imports were well maintained. Other commodities with relatively stable import unit values and a greater weight in total imports were newsprint, nickel, bauxite, tungsten, cobalt, and iron ore.

As manufacturing output abroad expanded in 1953 and 1954, foreign demand became relatively more important in determining the prices of some commodities traded on international markets. The effect upon prices of the reduction in United States demand was therefore offset, unlike in 1949 when production in Europe and Japan was still impeded by war-time dislocations.

In the case of wool, however, the high prices induced by heavy foreign buying were an important factor in reducing the value of our imports. As foreign prices rose above those in the United States, wool manufacturers switched to domestic wool and drew down inventories. In the second quarter of 1954, both imports and consumption recovered somewhat and stocks of foreign wool increased for the first time since the second quarter of 1953.

Other stabilizing factors

The decline in the volume of imports of crude and semimanufactured products was somewhat less relative to the decline in manufacturing production than in 1948–49. For several important commodities, like tin and rubber, most of the decline may be ascribed to changes around the middle of 1953 in Government imports for the strategic stockpile. During the second quarter of the current year the Government increased stockpile purchases again, particularly of tin and copper.

The relatively small decline in imports for private account may in part be attributed to the fact that for many import commodities, because of the decline in prices, the rise in inventories prior to the middle of 1953 was relatively small and that consequently imports did not have to be later reduced below the current rate of utilization. Lead and zinc may be the major exceptions.

Another factor stabilizing imports was the improved competitive position of imported materials. The decline in industrial demand for rubber, for instance, affected mainly the domestic production of the synthetic product, while the utilization of natural rubber increased steadily over the last year. Imports of iron ore from newly developed resources in Venezuela rose, although total consumption of iron ore declined.

Imports of several major items, such as petroleum and paper, for which domestic demand did not change materially were rather stable. On the other hand, there are still many raw materials for which imports absorb the major part of the impact in domestic business fluctuations. Among these are most nonferrous metals and hides and skins. The improvement in consumption of nonferrous metals during the second quarter of 1954 caused a new rise in imports, particularly of copper and lead.

A major element in the import decline since last year was the 50 percent decline in steel mill products. These commodities were generally not imported before the war, and postwar imports took place mainly in periods of domestic supply stringencies such as during and after the steel strike in 1952. Although steel supplies became more ample relative to demand in recent months, some foreign steel appears to have retained a market in this country as imports have stabilized during the second quarter of this year.

Imports of finished manufactures appear to have been well maintained. This applies not only to commodities which were imported before the war, but also to relatively new imports which were developed in recent years, such as automobiles, sewing machines, tractors, and electrical and office

The still rising trend in imports of these products offset in part the changes which could otherwise be expected from the adjustments in domestic business activity.

FOREIGN TRAVEL

As pointed out in the introductory section of this article, U.S. travelers are providing record dollar earnings to foreign countries this year. Americans are expected to spend a billion dollars abroad in 1954, and in addition pay out nearly \$200 million to foreign carriers for fares. This continues a well-established postwar uptrend which has seen the yearly number of travelers to overseas destinations rise with the expansion of facilities for their transportation. Both planes and ships have increased their capacity to satisfy the urge of Americans to go abroad. Travel to most of the nearby areas has also been in record volume. Details are now available through 1953 to appraise these movements.

American residents spent \$895 million in foreign countries during 1953. In addition, about \$180 million was spent for fares on foreign carriers and about \$200 million was paid to United States carriers for international transportation.

During the first half of 1954 the rate of increase in travel payments to foreign countries over the comparable 1953 period was nearly 5 percent. This gain occurred despite a leveling off of expenditures in Mexico and Canada during early 1954, as indicated in table 1. Also, travel payments to Europe in the first 6 months of 1953 were abnormally high as a result of an unusually heavy volume of tourist travel connected with the British coronation.

Table 1.—Estimated Numbers and Expenditures of United States Residents traveling in Foreign Countries, 1952-53 and First Half of 1954 1

| | Nu | mber o | | lers | | Expendillions | | |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| | | 19 | 53 | 1954 | | 19 | 53 | 1954 |
| | 1952 | Year | 1st half | 1st half | 1952 | Year | 1st half | 1st half |
| All countries | (*) | (*) | (*) | (*) | 811 | 895 | 378 | 398 |
| CanadaMexico | (*) | (*) | (*) (*) | (*) (*) | 257 180 | 282 192 | 83 101 | 85 98 |
| Total oversea areas | 772 | 827 | 403 | 434 | 374 | 421 | 194 | 215 |
| Europe and Mediterranean West Indies and Central America South America Other oversea countries | 332 382 39 19 | 376 396 32 22 | 161 215 17 11 | 174 231 17 12 | 256 78 25 15 | 306 76 20 20 | 132 42 11 9 | 145 46 11 13 |

Travel expenditures in Canada, which in 1953 had risen to \$282 million after leveling off from the previous high reached in 1948, showed a slight increase in the first half of 1954. Canada's share of United States travel dollars had remained about the same for the past 2 years—somewhat lower than during and immediately after the second world war, when a curtailment of oversea movements diverted travel to nearby foreign countries. Over half of American expenditures for travel in Canada in 1953 were made by individuals who went there by automobile, and they accounted for nearly 70 percent of total travelers.

Mexico with \$192 million received the second largest share of United States travel dollars in 1953, in spite of a decrease in the numbers of Americans traveling to the interior of

Mexico. This was more than offset by increased border expenditures, reflecting a growth in the number of service personnel in camps situated in the proximity of the border. During the first half of 1954 travel by United States residents to the interior of Mexico continued to decline. Devaluation of the peso in April 1954 did not affect travel payments in the second quarter. It is possible that the more favorable exchange rate will stimulate travel to Mexico later in the year, perhaps resulting in increased payments to Mexico.

The largest rise in absolute terms in United States travel expenditures in 1953 and the first half of 1954 occurred in the European and Mediterranean area. This was principally due to an increase in the number of travelers to Europe, reflecting a continuing growth in transportation facilities. Travel to Europe by air in 1953 increased by more than a fifth over 1952, while the numbers of travelers by sea rose by 7 percent. (See table 2.)

Table 2.—Estimated Expenditures and Numbers of United States Residents traveling in Europe and the Mediterranean Area, 1952-53 ¹

| | (milli | expend. ons of lars) | Number ele (thous | ers | Average (dol | expend, | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| | 1952 | 1953 | 1952 | 1953 | 1952 | 1953 | | |
| United States residents SeaAir | 256 156 100 | 306 179 127 | 332 194 138 | 376 207 169 | 767 800 722 | 812 858 755 | | |
| Native-born residents | 177 | 217 | 188 | 222 | 935 | 973 | | |
| | 105 | 126 | 102 | 116 | 1, 024 | 1, 075 | | |
| Air Foreign-born residents | 72 | 91 | 86 | 106 | 831 | 861 | | |
| | 79 | 89 | 144 | 154 | 548 | 578 | | |
| Sea | 51 | 53 | 92 | 91 | 553 | 580 | | |
| Air | 28 | 36 | 52 | 63 | 539 | 575 | | |

^{1.} Passenger fares and Government travel are excluded; for detailed definition see footnote, table 1, page 11, Survey of Current Business, June 1953.

Per capita expenditures of travelers to Europe increased in the third and fourth quarters of 1953 and the first quarter of 1954 by about 6 percent over the comparable periods of the preceding year, after having remained relatively stable since 1950.

Table 3.—Number and Expenditures of United States Residents Traveling in Europe and the Mediterranean Area, 1952-53, Total and Selected Countries 1

| | Numb trave (thous | elers | (mil | expend. lions of lars) | Average tures p (doll | |
|--|------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | 1952 | 1953 | 1952 | 1953 | 1952 | 1953 |
| Europe and Mediterra- | 332 | 376 | 256. 0 | 306. 0 | 767 | 812 |
| France United Kingdom Italy Switzerland | 193 159 145 115 | 212 192 160 128 | 60. 0 41. 0 50. 5 21. 5 | 68. 0 57. 0 55. 0 24. 0 | 310 260 344 186 | $320 \\ 296 \\ 342 \\ 189$ |
| Germany Benelux Scandinavia Spain Eire | 101 85 48 (*) 24 | $120 \\ 100 \\ 60 \\ 43 \\ 33$ | 23. 5 11. 5 15. 0 (*) 4. 5 | 26. 5 14. 0 20. 5 10. 0 6. 0 | 229 135 308 (*) 184 | 220 139 343 233 183 |

^{1.} Passenger fares and Government travel are excluded; for detailed definition, see footnote, table 1, page 11, SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS, June 1953.

Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, values based on questionnaire returns; numbers based on data of U. S. Department of Justice, Immigration and Naturalization Service.

Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, based on questionnaire returns.

^{*}Not available.

1. Passenger fares and Government travel are excluded; for detailed definition see footnote, table 1, page 11, SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS, June 1953.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, based on question-

France continued to receive the major portion of American tourist expenditures in Europe, \$68 million in 1953. (See table 3.) However, this represented a smaller share of the European total than in other recent years. The United Kingdom's share of United States travel payments reached a new high of \$57 million in 1953 as a result of visitors drawn to Great Britain by the Coronation. There was also an increase of about 10 percent over the preceding year in per capita expenditures. The influx of tourists to the British Isles in 1953 also resulted in higher expenditures in Eire.

Travel expenditures in the West Indies and Central America have leveled off during the last 3 years. A slight rise in travel volume has been accompanied by a shift in travel to the nearby British West Indies, where the average expenditure is somewhat lower than for the area as a whole.

Foreign travel to the United States

Expenditures by foreigners traveling in the United States reached an all-time high of \$527 million in 1953. This was about 3 percent higher than in 1952, compared with an average annual increase of nearly 10 percent during the preceding 6 years.

Canadians continued to account for over half of all foreign travel spending here. Receipts of \$307 million in 1953 topped the 1952 figure by \$13 million and exceeded American travel payments to Canada by \$25 million. Although the number of United States residents visiting Canada exceeded the number of Canadians traveling here, the per capita expenditure of Canadian travelers is higher.

Receipts from European travelers have stabilized at around \$40 million to \$45 million a year for the past 5 years.

Table 4.—Balance of Payments of the United States, by Area—

| | | | 1] | Millions | of dollars |] | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|---|-----------------|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---|
| | | | All areas | 3 | Wes | stern Eu | ope | | ern Euro pendenc | | East | ern Eu | rope | | Canada | |
| Line | Item | 1953 | 1954 | | 1953 | 1954 | | 1953 | 19 | 54 | 1953 | 1954 | | 1953 | 19 | 54 |
| | | II | I r | II p | II | I, | II Þ | II | I * | II » | II | Ιr | II p | II | I r | II p |
| 1 | Exports of goods and services, total | 5,732 | 4, 767 | 5, 699 | 2, 172 | 1,687 | 1,939 | 177 | 143 | 197 | 2 | 7 | 3 | 1, 149 | 888 | 1, 038 |
| 2 3 4 | Military transfers under aid programs, net, total ² | 1,383 1,322 61 | 826 784 42 | 996 940 56 | 1, 127 1, 079 48 | 660 625 35 | 681 637 44 | - | | - | | | | | (z) | |
| 5 6 7 8 | Other goods and services, total. Merchandise, adjusted. Transportation. Travel. | 4,349 3,197 314 145 | 3, 941 2, 849 290 107 | 4,703 3,511 322 148 | 1,045 745 128 12 | 1,027 713 122 9 | 1, 258 912 136 14 | 177 131 10 2 | 143 106 10 1 | 197 148 11 3 | 2 1 (*) | 7 5 (x) | $\frac{3}{2}$ $\frac{(z)}{(z)}$ | 1, 149 926 23 84 | 888 693 21 56 | 1,038 824 24 82 |
| 9 10 | Miscellaneous services: Private Government Income on investments: | 176 61 | 185 46 | 204 42 | 72 20 | 78 25 | 95 17 | 3 | (z) ³ | (z) ⁴ | 1 | (x) | (z) ¹ | 22 7 | 22 4 | 22 4 |
| 11 12 | Private Government | 426 30 | 417 47 | 439 37 | 51 17 | 44 36 | $\frac{62}{22}$ | 30 | 23 (x) | (2) | | <u>ī</u> - | (2) | 87 | 92 (z) | 82 (z) |
| 13 14 15 16 | Imports of goods and services, total Merchandise, adjusted (excluding military expenditures) Transportation Travel | 4, 250 2, 882 287 238 | 3,717 2,514 224 149 | 4, 129 2, 751 274 249 | 1, 257 588 153 96 | 1,065 447 105 33 | 1, 294 525 148 105 | 297 240 6 15 | 287 240 5 17 | 288 239 5 16 | 11 11 (z) | 9 8 (z) | 11 10 (x) | 791 631 23 58 | 641 527 20 25 | 750 590 22 60 |
| 17 18 19 | Miscellaneous services: Private Government (excluding military expenditures) Military expenditures Income on investments: | 74 63 600 | 80 52 592 | 82 56 608 | 53 25 278 | 60 20 324 | 60 24 359 | (z) 1 33 | (z) 2 22 | (x) 2 25 | | 1 (z) | (*) | 6 1 42 | 7 1 41 | $\begin{array}{c} 6 \\ 1 \\ 42 \end{array}$ |
| 20 21 | Private Government | 86 20 | 83 23 | 95 14 | 57 7 | 64 11 | 65 8 | 1 1 | (x) ¹ | (z) 1 | - | | | 25 5 | 16 4 | 27 2 |
| 22 | Balance on goods and services. | 1,482 | 1,050 | 1,570 | 915 | 622 | 645 | -120 | -144 | -91 | -9 | -2 | -8 | 358 | 247 | 288 |
| 23 24 | Unilateral transfers net, [to foreign countries (-)], total Private remittances | -2,063 -118 | -1,356 -106 | -1,458 -110 | -1,540 -57 | -988 -56 | -955 -57 | -5 -5 | -6 -5 | -6 -6 | -4 -4 | $-7 \\ -4$ | -6 -5 | -4 -2 | -1 1 | $\begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$ |
| 25 26 27 | Military supplies and services ² | $-1,383 \\ -521 \\ -41$ | $-826 \\ -392 \\ -32$ | -996 -321 -31 | $-1,127 \\ -345 \\ -11$ | -660 -266 -6 | $ \begin{array}{r} -681 \\ -210 \\ -7 \end{array} $ | | (x) -1 | (x) (x) | | -3 (x) | -1 (z) | -2 | (*) 2 | |
| 28 | United States capital net, [outflow of funds (-)], total | 35 | -206 | -345 | 146 | 142 | 27 | -12 | 21 | -3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | -6 | -248 | -132 |
| 29 30 31 32 | Private, net, total Direct investments Portfolio Short-term | 70 -216 196 90 | -328 -130 -239 41 | -316 -227 15 -104 | 93 4 72 17 | 14 -16 31 -1 | 24 -4 45 -17 | -15 -14 1 -2 | 18 13 1 4 | -1 3 (z) -4 | | | (z) | -7 -114 109 -2 | -257 -97 -155 -5 | -128 -132 11 -7 |
| 33 34 35 36 | Government, net, total Long-term capital outflow Repayments Short-term (net) | -35 -196 139 22 | 122 -54 151 25 | -29 -62 110 -77 | 53 -22 70 5 | 128 -18 121 25 | 3 -18 65 -44 | 3 -1 4 | 3 -1 4 (z) | $ \begin{array}{c c} -2 \\ -2 \\ \stackrel{(z)}{(z)} \\ \stackrel{(z)}{(z)} \end{array} $ | 1 | 1 (x) | 1 (z) | 1 1 | 9 -1 10 (z) | -4 -4 (z) (x) |
| 37 38 | Foreign capital net, [outflow of funds (-)], total | 298 10 | 443 10 | 252 58 | 466 | 325 24 | 387 58 | -5 1 | -10 1 | -13 1 | -1 | 2 | 1 (z) | -234 | 29 -14 | -69 -19 |
| 39 40 41 42 | ernment securities). Transactions in United States Government securities Short-term liabilities to foreign banks and official insts. Other short-term liabilities. Gold sales [purchases (-)]. | 18 333 -63 128 | 16 364 53 56 | 56 151 -13 8 | 9 440 17 103 | 13 292 4 63 | 24 305 72 | 2 -4 1 | -2 -9 | -11 -3 | -1 | 2 | 1 (z) | -180 -62 | 3 20 20 -1 | -27 -5 -18 -3 |
| 43 | Foreign capital and gold, total | 426 | 499 | 260 | 569 | 388 | 459 | -4 | -10 | -13 | -1 | 2 | 1 | -234 | 28 | -72 |
| 44 | Transfer of funds between foreign areas [receipts by foreign areas (-)] and errors and omissions. | 120 | 13 | -27 | -90 | -164 | -176 | 141 | 139 | 113 | 13 | 6 | 12 | -114 | -26 | -83 |

p. Preliminary. nss. Not shown separately. x. Less than \$500,000. r. Revised

in merchandise for the total sterling area, but not for the United Kingdom and the other component areas "special category" exports sold, or transferred under other aid programs. (For "special category" goods, see Foreign Trade Statistics Notes for February 1953 published by the Bureau of the Census.)

Exports of goods and services to the sterling area have been adjusted to exclude exports
of military end-use items and services financed under military aid programs, and to include

Most of these expenditures were made by business travelers. The easing of exchange restrictions by some European countries during the latter part of the period have not yet been reflected in a rise in travel to the United States by their residents.

Travel expenditures in the United States by Latin American residents continue to increase slowly as incomes in these countries rise and transportation facilities at lower rates become available.

BALANCE OF PAYMENTS

The table of the balance of payments of the United States brings together all of the transactions, and breaks them down into the major areas and types. The merchandise and travel accounts have been extensively reviewed in the preceding sections, and the very substantial improvement in the dollar reserve position of foreign countries was highlighted in the introductory part of this article.

There remains to be reviewed capital movements and Government aid, and a word to be said with regard to military expenditures which, as pointed out in last month's issue of the Survey, added \$2½ billion to foreign countries' dollar receipts in 1953. These expenditures by United States forces have continued to rise in Europe, but have contracted in the Far East. The rise this year in Europe was due mainly to increased payments on "offshore" procurement contracts, which reached \$150 million in the second quarter of 1954.

Capital movements

Within private capital movements, direct investments remained about as high in the second quarter of 1954 as last

Second Quarter 1953 and First and Second Quarters, 1954

[Millions of dollars]

| Lati | n Amer | ican | A 11 of | her cou | ıntuloa | Int | ternatio | nal | | | | | | | Ste | rling are | Pa 1 | | | | | | | |
|--|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|---|------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|---|---|--|---|-----------------------|----------------------|
| | epublics | 3 | Allot | ner cou | intries | in | stitutio | ns | | Total | | Unit | ed King | gdom | Otl | ner Eur | оре | De | pendenc | eies | Oth | er coun | tries | Line |
| 1953 | 19 | 54 | 1953 | 19 | 954 | 1953 | 19 | 54 | 1953 | 19 | 54 | 1953 | 19 | 54 | 1953 | 19 | 54 | 1953 | 19 | 54 | 1953 | 19 | 54 | Line |
| | Ι, | II » | II | I, | II » | II | I * | II » | II | I ' | II » | II | I * | Πp | II | I r | ΗP | II | I r | II » | II | Ιτ | II » | |
| 1, 097 | 1, 038 | 1, 238 | 1, 120 | 983 | 1, 264 | 15 | 21 | 20 | 578 | 545 | 681 | 253 | 244 | 284 | 12 | 9 | 10 | 91 | 72 | 94 | 193 | 192 | 258 | 1 |
| 8 8 | 11 10 1 | 13 12 1 | 248 235 13 | 155 149 6 | 302 291 11 | | | - | nss nss nss | nss nss nss | nss nss nss | nss nss nss | nss nss nss | nss nss nss | nss nss nss | nss nss nss | nss nss nss | nss nss nss | nss nss nss | nss nss | nss nss nss | nss nss nss | nss nss nss | 2 3 4 |
| 1, 089 768 81 37 | 1, 027 711 74 33 | 1, 225 892 82 39 | 872 625 72 10 | 828 616 63 8 | 962 726 69 10 | 15 1 | 21 5 | 20 7 | 578 365 57 10 | 545 355 51 8 | 681 438 56 11 | 253 138 33 4 | 244 136 31 3 | 284 140 35 5 | 12 10 | 9 9 (x) (x) | 10 8 (x) (x) | 91 54 5 2 | 72 42 5 1 | 94 56 5 2 | 193 134 19 4 | 192 140 15 4 | 258 199 16 4 | 5 6 7 8 |
| 42 7 | 42 6 | 43 7 | 24 27 | 28 11 | 28 14 | 12 | 11 | 11 | 56 5 | 57 8 | 7 4 6 | 44 2 | 44 3 | 60 3 | | (z) (z) | (z) (z) | 3 | (x) ² | (x) ³ | 9 3 | 11 5 | 11 3 | 9 10 |
| 147 7 | 155 6 | 152 10 | 109 5 | 98 4 | 110 5 | 2 | 5 | 2 | 76 9 | 65 1 | 87 9 | 28 4 | 27 | 37 4 | <u>2</u> | | 2 | 27 | 22 (z) | 28 (z) | 21 3 | 16 1 | 22 3 | 11 12 |
| 1,085 922 64 62 | 1, 099 935 57 67 | 1, 095 938 59 59 | 804 490 41 7 | 611 357 36 7 | 689 449 40 9 | 5 | 5 | 2 | 731 461 65 37 | 602 358 39 25 | 717 427 62 36 | 350 137 55 19 | 305 112 32 6 | 371 134 53 17 | 10 3 1 2 | 11 3 1 1 | 12 3 1 2 | 180 150 4 13 | 143 113 3 15 | 167 138 3 14 | 191 171 5 3 | 143 130 3 3 | 167 152 5 3 | 13 14 15 16 |
| 11 18 4 | 11 16 9 | 14 17 5 | 4 17 243 | 2 11 196 | 2 11 177 | 1 | 1 | (z) | 46 9 77 | 47 6 87 | 47 6 97 | 45 3 56 | 47 2 67 | 47 2 77 | 4 | (2) 6 | (x) 6 | 1 11 | (z) 1 10 | (z) 1 10 | 1 5 6 | (z) 3 4 | (z) 3 4 | 17 18 19 |
| 3 1 | 2 2 | 2 1 | 2 | (*) 2 | (z) 1 | 4 | 4 | <u>2</u> | 34 2 | 37 3 | 40 2 | 33 2 | 36 3 | 39 2 | | | | 1 | 1 | 1 | | $\begin{pmatrix} x \end{pmatrix}$ $\begin{pmatrix} x \end{pmatrix}$ | (x) | 20 21 |
| 12 | -61 | 143 | 316 | 372 | 575 | 10 | 16 | 18 | -153 | -57 | -36 | -97 | -61 | -87 | 2 | -2 | -2 | -89 | -71 | -73 | 2 | 49 | 91 | 22 |
| -31 -13 | -35 -12 | -40 -14 | -445 -37 | -309 -30 | -443 -29 | -24 | -10 | _7 | -110 -23 | -73 -19 | -59 -23 | -73 -9 | -53 -8 | -35 -11 | -9 -4 | -3 -3 | -4 -3 | -4 -4 | $\begin{bmatrix} -5 \\ -4 \end{bmatrix}$ | -5 -5 | -24 -6 | $-12 \\ -4$ | -15 -4 | 23 24 |
| -8 -9 -1 | -11 -10 -2 | -13 -10 -3 | -248 -143 -27 | -155 -103 -21 | -302 -93 -19 | -24 | -10 | | nss -84 -3 | nss -52 -2 | nss -34 -2 | nss -63 -1 | nss -44 -1 | nss -23 -1 | nss -5 | nss (z) (z) | nss (x) -1 | nss | nss (*) -1 | nss (x) (x) | nss -16 -2 | $\begin{array}{c} \text{nss} \\ -8 \\ (z) \end{array}$ | nss -11 (z) | 25 26 27 |
| -104 | 36 | -133 | 5 | -68 | -104 | 5 | -90 | -1 | 23 | 32 | 27 | 44 | 44 | -18 | | (x) | (*) | -9 | 2 | 1 | -12 | -14 | -10 | 28 |
| $ \begin{array}{r} 23 \\ -66 \\ 18 \\ 71 \end{array} $ | 49 6 5 38 | -136 -64 -4 -68 | -29 -26 -9 6 | -62 -36 -31 5 | -74 -30 -36 -8 | 5 | -90 -90 | -1 -1 (z) | 31 -5 22 14 | 34 -6 21 19 | -25 -1 -3 -21 | 10 20 14 | 38 7 13 18 | -23 5 -9 -19 | | (z) (z) | | -10 -11 1 | (z) 2 1 1 1 | $\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$ | -3 -4 1 | -6 -13 7 | -5 -10 6 -1 | 29 30 31 32 |
| -127 -147 20 | -13 -21 9 -1 | $-{20\atop 22\atop 1}$ | 34 26 43 17 | -6 -13 6 1 | -30 -18 22 -34 | | | | -8 -13 4 1 | $-2 \\ -10 \\ 2 \\ 6$ | $ \begin{array}{c c} -2 \\ -16 \\ 1 \\ 13 \end{array} $ | I -1 | 6 | $-\frac{5}{7}$ | | (x) (x) | (x) (x) (x) | $-\frac{1}{2}$ | $\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \\ 1 \\ (x) \end{bmatrix}$ | $ \begin{array}{c} -2 \\ -2 \\ (x) \\ (x) \end{array} $ | $ \begin{array}{r} -9 \\ -12 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{array} $ | -8 -9 1 (*) | -5 -7 1 1 | 33 34 35 36 |
| 104 | 114 | 127 | -56 | -72 | -138 | 24 | 55 | -43 | 189 | 107 | 218 | 169 | 126 | 212 | 2 | | | -5 | -2 | 8 | 23 | -17 | -2 | 37 |
| 4 | -3 | 12 | -1 | | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | -5 | 22 | 37 | -5 | 21 | 35 | | | | | 1 | 1 | | | 1 | 38 |
| $ \begin{array}{r} -1 \\ 108 \\ -7 \\ 23 \end{array} $ | 79 36 -10 | 40 59 16 54 | -49 -6 2 | (x) -72 0 9 | -1 -132 -8 | 5 17 -1 -1 | 52 1 -5 | -66 -7 | 9 181 4 41 | 18 55 12 (2) | -11 204 -12 50 | 9 155 10 40 | 18 78 9 | -11 195 -7 50 | 2 | | | -4 -1 1 | -3 $-(x)$ | 9 -2 | 28 -5 | $\begin{pmatrix} z \\ -20 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$ | (x) -3 | 39 40 41 42 |
| 127 | 104 | 73 | -54 | -63 | -138 | 23 | 50 | -50 | 230 | 107 | 268 | 209 | 126 | 262 | 2 | | | -4 | -2 | 8 | 23 | -17 | -2 | 43 |
| -4 | -44 | -43 | 188 | 68 | 110 | -14 | 34 | 40 | 10 | -9 | -146 | -83 | -56 | -122 | 5 | 5 | 6 | 106 | 76. | 69 | 11 | -6 | -64 | 44 |

^{2.} Includes loans and returns of military equipment.

for "all areas": 1953 II-581; 1954 I-306; 1954 II 112.

Note.—Net foreign investment equals balance on goods, services, and unilateral transfers

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

year, but the estimates for direct investments in Canada during the second quarter include about \$30 million for investment trusts organized in that country by American interests as a means of acquiring Canadian securities for long-term investment.

There was a considerable rise in international purchases and sales of corporate stocks, with Americans buying foreign stocks, particularly in Canada and the Netherlands, while investors in some European countries invested substantial

amounts in United States stocks.

The improved supply of capital in both Canada and Europe reduced the difference between United States and foreign interest rates, and thus practically eliminated new issues of foreign securities here. During the six months ending in March these flotations had resulted in a capital outflow of \$376 million. In fact, European countries found it advantageous to reduce their long-term debts to private United States banks during the second quarter. Furthermore, since June, the Netherlands has made substantial repayments before maturity on a reconstruction loan by the International Bank, and the United Kingdom returned to the International Monetary Fund \$112 million obtained in 1947 and 1948. The International Bank found it possible to obtain an increasing proportion of its capital requirements in Europe and Canada, and in July a private American corporation floated a loan in Europe.

Short-term United States capital reversed its movements from a net return flow which had lasted all through 1953 and the first quarter of 1954 to a net outflow of over \$100 Most of this outflow consisted of commercial credits on exports, particuarly to Brazil and Colombia. There was also an outflow of short-term funds to the United Kingdom, possibly in connection with the opening of the gold market and various commodity exchanges in that

country.

Government aid

The rise in military aid during the second quarter was due mainly to increased shipments of military equipment to

Growth Characteristics of the Economy Illustrated by the Chemical Industry

(Continued from p. 14)

Overall, it is estimated that the chemical industry has invested over \$1 billion for facilities to produce all types of synthetic fibers since the end of the war. By the end of 1955, additional substantial expenditures will be necessary to complete the present facilities expansion program.

The rapid large-scale development of the synthetic rubber industry provides a further illustration of the huge investment required in the development of a new product. Prior to the last war the only commercial synthetic rubber of consequence produced in this country was neoprene. This was first introduced in 1934 with production reaching only 2,000 tons by 1939. Within the space of a little over three years approximately \$700 million was invested in Governmentowned synthetic rubber producing facilities having a capacity of 1.000,000 tons.

Equally impressive has been the expansion in plastics manufacture. The expansion goal calls for capacity to produce 4.6 billion pounds of plastic materials by January 1, 1955, involving a total investment of \$450 million. The goal represents an increase of 2.5 billion pounds over actual production of 2.1 billion pounds produced in 1951. This program includes all the resins which are utilized to produce civilian, defense-supporting, and certain military end items.

Indochina prior to the conclusion of the armistice. smaller amount of other grants included about \$65 million as budget aid to France to meet the costs of the war in Indochina and \$15 million in British currency obtained through the sale of surplus agricultural goods, which was returned as grants to the United Kingdom to further the general aims of the mutual security program.

Repayments on long-term Government credits exceeded new loans by about \$50 million, and the short-term Government capital outflow reflects largely a net increase in holdings of foreign currency or claims arising from the sale of surplus agricultural materials. Thus, Government assistance to foreign countries to overcome basic deficiencies in their economies has declined more than the figures for Government

grants and capital movements indicate.

Second quarter summary

Omitting exports of military-end items supplied under military aid programs, and reducing net exports by about \$100 million to allow for the effects of the interruption of shipping during March, the balance of goods and services in favor of the United States during the second quarter amounted to approximately \$470 million. This amount was about \$120 million larger than the aggregate funds available to foreign countries from private remittances, Government transfer payments and long-term private investments. In part, therefore, United States exports during the second quarter were financed by special means such as short-term private credits or Government grants and acceptance of foreign currencies in payment for surplus agricultural products.

Except for the last quarter of 1953, which was affected by seasonally large incomes from foreign investments, this was the first time since the second quarter of 1952 that the balance due the United States on goods and services had not remained within the limit within which it could be financed without resort to such special means. On the whole however, the position of foreign countries mirrors further economic

improvement.

Government Expenditures and Income

(Continued from p. 9)

by a deficit. The differences in both cases, however, have been quite small relative to total revenues.

A major portion of the State and local new construction put in place during the past year was financed out of borrowed funds. From July 1953 through June 1954, these governments raised new capital amounting to \$6.6 billion, half again as much as in the previous year. The rate of borrowing has been unusually high since last January with the

trend toward self-liquidating projects a contributing factor.

The outlook for State and local purchases is for another year of increase close to the \$2 billion postwar average annual The heavy borrowings of recent months foreshadow a resumption of the long-term rising trend of new construction outlays; Federal-aid highway grants have been doubled for fiscal years 1955 and 1956, and school enrollments are up sharply again this fall, creating additional demands for teachers and school facilities. While the over-all increase in debt during the past year has been large, liquid assets held by State and local governments—mostly in sinking funds are still rising almost as fast as the debt. The course of revenues during this same period is dependent in part upon the trend of general economic conditions, but the tax structures of these governments tend to make receipts relatively insensitive to small changes in the national product and income.

New or Revised STATISTICAL SERIES

Bank Debits: Revised Series for Page S-15¹

[Millions of dollars]

| Month | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 | 1946 | 1947 | 1948 | 1949 | 1950 | 1951 | 1952 | 1953 |
|---|---|--|--|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | | То | tal (345 cente | rs) | | | | |
| January February March April | 57, 295 51, 245 63, 260 70, 352 61, 785 | 69, 175 67, 476 72, 576 62, 377 63, 343 | 79, 078 66, 762 78, 573 69, 424 76, 284 | 85, 942 72, 426 85, 438 84, 204 81, 894 | 91, 528 80, 224 92, 216 85, 770 86, 493 | 102, 929 88, 786 106, 229 100, 207 96, 184 | 103, 165 88, 534 107, 808 97, 288 97, 588 | 105, 067 94, 377 113, 300 100, 325 110, 342 | 136, 271 112, 797 141, 422 125, 537 127, 867 | 135, 801 125, 159 136, 275 134, 110 133, 000 | 145, 919 129, 163 153, 356 145, 567 141, 981 |
| June July August September October November | 57, 428 72, 927 63, 907 | 80, 360 70, 393 64, 489 67, 624 69, 423 73, 465 | 94, 031 74, 852 68, 714 68, 781 77, 061 76, 657 | 83, 502 88, 000 81, 113 80, 785 88, 368 84, 868 | 92, 381 91, 656 83, 607 90, 873 103, 347 91, 486 | 106, 341 101, 091 96, 634 102, 983 105, 064 101, 540 | 96, 049 97, 631 99, 412 99, 682 97, 707 | 117, 445 108, 706 127, 023 121, 469 123, 974 121, 368 | 131, 522 121, 196 122, 421 117, 940 135, 644 128, 972 | 139, 740 137, 313 122, 175 136, 048 150, 470 127, 647 | 153, 846 147, 957 134, 386 147, 699 149, 606 140, 992 |
| December Monthly average | 72, 207 | 87, 860 70, 713 | 94, 247 77, 039 | 100, 544 84, 757 | 114, 139 91, 977 | 119, 488 | 115, 251 100, 524 | 136, 716 115, 009 | 140, 965 128, 546 | 165, 115 136, 904 | 168, 596 146, 589 |
| • | <u>'</u> | | | | N | lew York Cit | У | <u> </u> | | <u> </u> | |
| January February March April May | 22, 861 27, 574 24, 671 | 26, 280 26, 308 28, 035 23, 175 22, 886 31, 911 | 33, 598 27, 543 31, 354 27, 454 30, 876 40, 270 | 37, 182 29, 896 35, 537 36, 079 33, 275 34, 525 | 33, 602 29, 177 33, 445 31, 001 30, 597 35, 527 | 36, 534 31, 495 39, 198 37, 461 35, 20 0 40, 220 | 38, 154 31, 736 39, 206 35, 586 36, 560 41, 984 | 38, 921 35, 213 42, 270 36, 811 41, 119 43, 582 | 47, 980 38, 838 52, 708 44, 962 44, 726 48, 151 | 47, 650 44, 418 49, 213 49, 745 48, 830 53, 385 | 52, 048 45, 749 53, 898 52, 038 50, 255 56, 623 |
| July August September October November December | 20, 056 26, 682 23, 338 21, 935 | 27, 932 23, 864 25, 953 26, 706 28, 095 36, 345 | 31, 877 27, 384 28, 186 32, 605 31, 294 40, 319 | 36, 300 29, 964 30, 569 32, 695 30, 736 40, 032 | 33, 936 28, 185 31, 715 36, 957 30, 953 43, 369 | 35, 515 32, 818 37, 223 37, 702 34, 574 45, 276 | 35, 773 35, 802 36, 789 35, 383 34, 781 44, 470 | 38, 632 49, 841 44, 690 43, 673 42, 997 51, 591 | 42, 563 40, 719 40, 174 47, 097 44, 100 52, 349 | 50, 472 42, 778 49, 131 54, 893 44, 209 63, 091 | 51, 79 45, 516 54, 88 54, 15 50, 47 65, 36 |
| Monthly average | 23, 423 | 27, 291 | 31, 897 | 33, 899 | 33, 205 | 36, 935 | 37, 185 | 42, 445 | 45, 364 | 49, 818 | 52, 733 |
| | | | | | 6 | other centers | ; 2 | | | | |
| January February March April May June | 15, 221 16, 240 13, 558 | 15, 817 15, 387 17, 421 14, 277 14, 695 18, 215 | 16, 797 14, 489 18, 191 15, 568 16, 757 20, 344 | 17, 875 15, 421 18, 980 17, 851 17, 808 17, 842 | 20, 115 17, 875 21, 376 18, 788 19, 376 20, 670 | 23, 042 20, 226 23, 885 21, 891 21, 071 22, 790 | 22, 347 19, 357 24, 538 21, 422 21, 203 22, 351 | 22, 606 20, 507 25, 420 22, 057 23, 930 25, 913 | 30, 183 24, 963 31, 227 27, 787 28, 538 28, 428 | 28, 937 26, 713 30, 007 28, 761 27, 974 29, 305 | 31, 660 28, 126 35, 339 32, 742 32, 283 33, 807 |
| July | 13, 794 17, 401 14, 538 14, 432 | 16, 020 14, 977 15, 071 16, 040 17, 142 19, 689 | 15, 666 14, 699 14, 648 16, 319 16, 250 20, 474 | 18, 453 17, 821 17, 438 19, 165 18, 474 21, 349 | 20, 317 19, 025 20, 280 23, 251 20, 911 24, 755 | 22, 469 21, 983 22, 300 23, 088 22, 342 25, 825 | 20, 646 20, 898 20, 969 21, 751 21, 147 24, 268 | 23, 320 26, 236 25, 997 26, 846 26, 312 29, 420 | 26, 548 27, 108 25, 939 29, 057 27, 700 29, 407 | 29, 483 25, 550 28, 611 32, 322 27, 064 35, 179 | 32, 683 29, 958 31, 425 31, 778 30, 477 35, 557 |
| Monthly average | 14, 625 | 16, 229 | 16, 684 | 18, 206 | 20,562 | 22, 576 | 21, 741 | 24, 880 | 28, 074 | 29, 159 | 32, 153 |

Turnover of Demand Deposits, Except Interbank and U. S. Government, Annual Rate: Revised Series for Page S-181 [Ratio of debits to deposits]

| Month | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 | 1946 | 1947 | 1948 | 1949 | 1950 | 1951 | 1952 | 1953 |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|---------------------------------|
| | | · | · · · · · · | · · · · · | N | ew York Cit | ty | | | • | |
| íanuary February March April May | 20. 2 18. 9 18. 2 23. 2 22. 8 20. 5 | 22. 0 23. 4 22. 9 19. 9 17. 9 25. 5 | 26. 7 24. 1 22. 7 20. 9 21. 5 29. 1 | 27. 9 25. 3 26. 9 27. 0 24. 3 25. 8 | 23. 5 23. 7 24. 1 22. 0 21. 6 25. 9 | 24. 8 24. 7 26. 7 26. 8 26. 3 29. 0 | 28. 6 26. 4 28. 2 26. 5 28. 0 30. 9 | 29. 0 29. 0 30. 1 28. 4 30. 0 31. 6 | 32. 5 30. 1 35. 1 32. 5 31. 0 33. 7 | 31. 2 32. 3 33. 6 34. 0 32. 8 37. 4 | 34. 35. 37. 35. 35. |
| uly August Jeptember October November December | 19. 1 15. 8 23. 1 20. 8 20. 2 21. 8 | 24. 5 18. 9 21. 6 20. 6 22. 2 28. 5 | 25. 1 19. 6 22. 4 22. 3 23. 5 30. 1 | 25. 9 20. 8 24. 0 22. 5 23. 3 28. 8 | 23. 5 19. 7 23. 3 25. 0 24. 3 29. 5 | 25. 9 24. 0 28. 3 27. 4 26. 9 32. 4 | 27. 6 25. 7 28. 6 26. 2 27. 3 31. 7 | 29. 0 34. 5 32. 8 30. 6 32. 3 36. 1 | 31. 1 27. 6 30. 6 31. 2 32. 1 35. 9 | 34. 4 29. 6 35. 4 36. 4 34. 1 41. 8 | 36. 32. 40. 35. 38. |
| Monthly average | 20. 4 | 22. 3 | 24. 1 | 25. 1 | 23. 8 | 26. 9 | 27. 9 | 31. 1 | 31. 9 | 34. 4 | 3 |

¹ Compiled by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. Data reflect change in number of reporting banks and centers.

Compiled by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. (The major revision was to eliminate debits to U. S. Government accounts and to time deposit accounts, and to increase the number of centers covered from 141 to 345.)

The revised series includes debits or charges to demand deposit accounts of individuals, partnerships, and corporations, and of State and local governments, and payments from trust funds on deposit in the banking department. The revised series excludes debits to U. S. Government deposit accounts, debits to time deposit accounts, and (like the former series) payments of certified and officers' checks, payments in settlement of clearing-house balances, charges to expense and miscellaneous accounts, corrections and similar charges, and debits to the accounts of other banks (i. e., to interbank accounts).

2 Includes Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago, Detroit, San Francisco, and Los Angeles.

New Construction: Revised Data for Page S-61

[Millions of dollars]

| | | | | | | Private | | ======================================= | | | | | | Public | | | |
|--|--|--|--|---|--------------------------------------|--|--|---|--|--|--|----------------------------------|--|--|--|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Year and month | Total new con- struc- | Total ² | Reside | ential (nor | nfarm) | Nonresid except utility | lential l farm and | ouilding, d public | Farm con- | Public | Total | Resi- | Nonresi- dential | Mili- tary | High- | Conservation | Other |
| | tion | | Total ³ | dwell- ing units | tions and altera- tions | Total ² | Indus- trial | Com- mercial | struc- tion | utility | | dential | build- ing | facilities | way | velop- ment | types |
| January February March March May June | 1, 755 1, 658 1, 813 2, 044 2, 323 2, 612 | 1, 333 1, 299 1, 372 1, 533 1, 752 1, 956 | 744 714 753 881 1,036 1,178 | 682 652 687 799 941 1,072 | 51 51 55 70 82 92 | 257 252 249 249 274 305 | 69 70 69 70 73 78 | 79 77 77 77 92 110 | 100 104 114 128 149 163 | 223 220 247 264 280 297 | 422 359 441 511 571 656 | 35 28 29 28 27 28 | 156 153 169 182 200 198 | 10 8 8 9 8 | 97 60 106 149 178 253 | 55 48 60 71 81 87 | 69 62 69 72 77 81 |
| July | 2, 760 2, 871 2, 901 2, 818 2, 613 2, 286 | 2, 084 2, 157 2, 160 2, 083 1, 952 1, 773 | 1, 269 1, 322 1, 322 1, 247 1, 131 1, 003 | 1, 161 1, 212 1, 211 1, 145 1, 040 923 | 93 93 94 84 73 62 | 324 333 354 382 403 395 | 84 91 101 112 120 125 | 116 114 121 136 149 140 | 174 178 165 138 118 104 | 306 313 312 309 293 266 | 676 714 741 735 661 513 | 24 27 28 30 31 30 | 200 210 227 244 227 218 | 10 16 21 28 26 24 | 273 286 292 260 218 100 | 86 86 84 83 75 65 | 83 89 89 90 84 76 |
| Monthly average | 2, 371 | 1, 788 | 1,050 | 960 | 75 | 315 | 89 | 107 | 136 | 278 | 583 | 29 | 199 | 15 | 189 | 73 | 78 |
| 1951 January February March April May June | 2, 157 2, 037 2, 261 2, 457 2, 660 2, 832 | 1, 632 1, 565 1, 658 1, 742 1, 840 1, 941 | 902 827 862 895 918 957 | 830 750 785 807 821 853 | 55 60 61 72 81 88 | 378 384 399 410 440 465 | 129 135 143 152 164 180 | 122 121 127 126 131 131 | 105 111 123 141 166 185 | 242 238 269 291 312 329 | 525 472 603 715 820 891 | 29 30 36 42 45 47 | 229 220 259 287 300 311 | 30 34 52 66 68 74 | 92 63 110 159 234 276 | 63 49 61 70 76 81 | 82 76 85 91 97 102 |
| July | 2, 911 2, 976 2, 953 2, 892 2, 654 2, 392 | 1, 979 1, 986 1, 972 1, 925 1, 834 1, 690 | 965 956 958 963 930 840 | 857 847 849 858 832 760 | 91 92 93 91 84 66 | 471 465 460 440 425 415 | 195 204 210 205 200 200 | 121 108 101 95 96 92 | 199 205 192 161 137 121 | 339 354 356 355 336 308 | 932 990 981 967 820 702 | 47 56 63 66 68 66 | 319 329 325 319 304 295 | 83 93 96 103 100 88 | 302 336 325 311 196 114 | 80 78 77 78 73 67 | 101 98 95 96 79 72 |
| Monthly average | 2, 599 | 1,814 | 914 | 821 | 78 | 429 | 176 | 114 | 154 | 311 | 785 | 50 | 291 | 74 | 210 | 71 | 89 |
| 1952 January February March April May June | 2, 196 2, 118 2, 362 2, 566 2, 784 2, 971 | 1, 535 1, 484 1, 638 1, 716 1, 844 1, 957 | 719 676 799 849 927 993 | 650 600 710 750 815 875 | 56 63 77 87 99 103 | 423 413 402 390 395 405 | 209 209 202 195 188 183 | 91 82 80 77 86 93 | 122 126 138 154 177 192 | 265 264 294 317 338 359 | 661 634 724 850 940 1,014 | 63 59 55 55 56 56 | 287 276 301 325 340 358 | 89 84 101 114 119 125 | 85 90 123 203 262 308 | 62 56 65 68 71 76 | 7! 69 79 8! 92 |
| July | 3, 070 3, 148 3, 190 3, 126 2, 894 2, 583 | 2, 023 2, 060 2, 055 2, 029 1, 953 1, 813 | 1, 028 1, 047 1, 045 1, 051 1, 024 942 | 910 930 930 935 915 850 | 101 99 97 98 91 74 | 414 421 434 441 443 433 | 181 183 190 193 194 193 | 99 98 101 105 113 112 | 202 205 188 155 131 115 | 370 379 381 375 347 314 | 1, 047 1, 088 1, 135 1, 097 941 770 | 54 56 54 51 49 49 | 371 391 392 383 366 346 | 128 134 134 128 121 111 | 321 334 376 359 244 115 | 77 76 81 81 74 67 | 96 97 98 98 87 82 |
| Monthly average | 2, 751 | 1, 842 | 925 | 823 | 87 | 418 | 193 | 95 | 159 | 334 | 908 | 55 | 345 | 116 | 235 | 71 | 87 |
| 1953 January February March April May June | 2, 394 2, 324 2, 563 2, 787 2, 960 3, 224 | 1, 647 1, 595 1, 750 1, 896 2, 013 2, 187 | 816 758 863 964 1,012 1,123 | 735 675 770 850 885 990 | 63 64 74 94 105 110 | 432 433 430 427 451 479 | 201 204 198 192 191 185 | 109 111 114 114 129 152 | 114 117 127 140 161 174 | 277 279 322 356 377 398 | 747 729 813 891 947 1,037 | 47 48 47 49 50 51 | 334 325 367 372 371 377 | 107 108 111 111 113 122 | 117 117 139 195 243 310 | 61 55 66 74 75 78 | 81 76 83 90 98 |
| July | 3, 325 3, 345 3, 362 3, 236 3, 024 2, 712 | 2, 218 2, 223 2, 200 2, 154 2, 077 1, 917 | 1, 126 1, 114 1, 093 1, 076 1, 034 951 | 990 980 965 950 915 850 | 112 110 103 101 94 78 | 489 493 505 511 523 507 | 176 174 177 177 177 177 | 165 169 175 179 192 182 | 182 185 170 140 118 103 | 408 420 422 417 393 347 | 1, 107 1, 122 1, 162 1, 082 947 795 | 46 44 46 46 43 39 | 373 376 380 374 353 350 | 122 120 118 101 96 78 | 382 395 428 379 286 174 | 77 74 73 70 66 61 | 10 11: 11: 11: 10: 9: |
| Monthly average | 2, 938 | 1, 990 | 994 | 880 | 92 | 473 | 186 | 149 | 144 | 368 | 948 | 46 | 363 | 109 | 264 | 69 | 97 |

¹ Estimates compiled jointly by the U. S. Department of Commerce and the U. S. Department of Labor. Revisions reflect minor changes in the basic source data.

2 Includes amounts not shown separately.

3 Includes data for nonhousekeeping units.

Monthly BUSINESS STATISTICS



Unless otherwise stated, statistics through

 $m T_{HE}$ STATISTICS here are a continuation of the data published in Business Statistics, the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey OF CURRENT BUSINESS. That volume (price \$1.50) contains monthly data for the years 1949 to 1952, and monthly averages for earlier years back to 1935 insofar as available; it also provides a description of each series and references to sources of monthly figures prior to 1949. Series added or revised since publication of the 1953 Supplement are indicated by an asterisk (*) and a dagger (†), respectively, the accompanying footnote indicating where historical data and a descriptive note may be found. The terms "unadjusted" and "adjusted" used to designate index numbers and dollar values refer to adjustment of monthly figures for seasonal variation.

Statistics originating in Government agencies are not copyrighted and may be reprinted freely. Data from private sources are provided through the courtesy of the compilers, and are subject to their copyrights.

| 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | July | August | Septem- ber | October | Novem- ber | Decem- ber | January | Febru- ary | March | April | May | June | July |
|--|----------------|----------------|------------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|--|----------------|------------------|----------------|---------------|----------------------------|-------------|
| | | GENI | ERAL | BUSIN | ESS II | NDICA | TORS | | · | | | | |
| NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Seasonally adjusted quarterly totals at annual rates: | | | | | | | İ | | | | | | |
| National income, totalbil. of doi. Compensation of employees, totaldo | - | - | 306. 2 211. 4 | | | 299, 9 208, 8 | l | | 298. 9 206. 4 | | | 206. 6 | |
| | | | 200.3 | | | 197. 6 | | | 194 6 | | | 194.9 | |
| Private do | | 1 | 166.7 | | | 164.1 | | | 161. 2 | | | 161.5 | |
| | | | | | l | 9.9 | | | 9.7 | | | 9.5 | |
| Government civilian do. Supplements to wages and salaries. do. Proprietors' and rental income, total do. Business and professional do. | | - | 23.4 | | | 23. 5 | | | 23.7 | | | 23.8 | |
| Proprietors' and rental income total do | | - | 11.1 | | | 11. 2 49. 1 | | | 11.8 49.4 | | | 11.7 49.0 | |
| Business and professional de do | | | 47. 8 26. 1 | | | 25, 9 | | | 25. 6 | | | 25. 9 | |
| | | | 11.1 | | | 12.3 | I | | 13.0 | | | 12.2 | |
| Rental income of personsdo | | | 10. 6 | | | 10.8 | | | 10.8 | | | 10.9 | |
| Cornorate profits and inventory valuation ad- | | | | | | 33, 1 | | | | | l | | |
| justment, total bil. of dol- Corporate profits before tax, total do | | - | 38. 3 40. 9 | | | 32.5 | | | 34. 1 34. 5 | | | | |
| Corporate profits tax liabilitydo | - | · | 21. 9 | | | 17. 4 | | | 17.0 | | | | |
| Corporate profits after taxdo | | | 19.0 | | | 15. 1 | | | 17.5 | | | | } |
| Corporate profits after taxdo Inventory valuation adjustmentdo | | | -2.6 | | | . 6 | | | 4 | | | .4 | |
| Net interestdo | | | 8.6 | | | 8.9 | | | 9.0 | | | 9.1 | |
| Gross national product, totaldodo | | | 367. 2 | | | 360. 5 | I | | 355.8 | | | 356.0 | |
| Personal consumption expenditures, total_do | - | | 231. 2 | | | 229. 7 | | | 230. 5 | | | 233. 1 | |
| Durable monts do | t | 4 | 30.3 | | | 28.0 | | | 28. 0 | | | 28.8 | 1 |
| Nondurable goodsdo | | . | 118.6 | 1 | | 118.7 | | | 118.8 | | | 120.0 | |
| Services | | | 82. 3 | | | 83. 0 | | | 83.6 | | | 84.3 | |
| Gross private domestic investment, total | | | 52, 4 | | | | | 1 | | | İ | 15.0 | |
| New constructiondo | | | 25.6 | | | 45, 5 25, 7 | | | 44. 5 26. 0 | | | 45.6 27.0 | |
| Producers' durable equipmentdo | | | 24. 8 | | | 24. 0 | | | 20. 0 22. 7 | | | 22. 4 | |
| Unange in business inventories do | | 1 | 2.0 | | | -4.2 | | | -4. 2 | | | -3.8 | |
| Net foreign investment do Government purchases of goods and services, | | | -1.8 | | | 6 | | | 1. 1 | | | -1.0 | |
| Government purchases of goods and services, | | | 0 | į. | | | i | ! | | | | | |
| total bil. of dol Federal (less Government sales) do. | | ·[| 85. 4 60. 3 | | | 86.0 | | | 81.9 | | | 78.3 | |
| National security Qdo | | | 52. 3 | | | 59. 8 50. 6 | | | 55. 0 46. 9 | | | 51.3 44.7 | |
| State and localdo | | | 25. 1 | | | 26. 2 | | | 26. 9 | | | 27. 0 | |
| | | 1 | | | 1 | | | | | | i | ļ | |
| Personal income, totaldo | | | 287. 5 | | | 287. 3 | | | 285. 1 | | | 285.7 | |
| Less: Personal tax and nontax paymentsdo Equals: Disposable personal incomedo | | - | 36. 3 251. 2 | | | 36.1 | | | 32.8 | | | 32.9 | |
| Personal saving § | | | 20. 0 | | | 251. 2 21. 5 | | | 252. 3 21. 8 | | | 252, 9 19, 7 | |
| PERSONAL INCOME, BY SOURCE | | | 20.0 | | | 21. 5 | | | 21.8 | | | 19.7 | |
| Seasonally adjusted, at annual rates: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total personal incomebil. of dol_ | 288. 2 | 286. 4 | 287. 7 | 287.8 | 287. 2 | 287. 0 | 284.9 | 285.0 | 285.0 | 284.4 | 286. 2 | r 286, 5 | 286.5 |
| Wage and salary disbursements, totaldo | 201. 4 | 200.6 | 199. 2 | 199.1 | 197. 9 | 196.0 | 194. 7 | 194. 7 | 194. 5 | 194.3 | 195. 0 | 7 195, 5 | 195.7 |
| Commodity-producing industriesdo | 89.8 | 89. 2 | 88.0 | 87. 9 | 87.0 | 85, 5 | 84. 5 | 84.6 | 84. 2 52. 0 | 83.7 | 84. 2 | r 84, 0 | 83.8 |
| Distributive industriesdo | 52.7 | 52.4 | 52. 5 | 52. 5 | 52.4 | 52. 1 | 51.9 | 51.8 | 52.0 | 52.0 | 52. 3 | r 52, 5 | 52.8 |
| Service industries do do Government do do do do do do do do do do do do do | 25. 3 33. 6 | 25. 2 33. 8 | 24. 9 33. 8 | 25. 0 33. 7 | 25. 0 33. 5 | 25, 0 33, 4 | 24. 8 33. 5 | 24. 9 33. 4 | 25. 0 33. 3 | 25. 2 33. 4 | 25. 2 | 7 25, 5 | 25, 5 |
| Other labor income do | 6.4 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 6.6 | 6,6 | 6.7 | 6, 6 | 6.6 | 33. 3 6. 6 | 6. 6 | 33. 3 6. 6 | ⁷ 33. 5 6. 6 | 33.6 6,6 |
| Proprietors' and rental incomedo | 47. 9 | 46.6 | 48.9 | 48.0 | 49, 1 | 50. 2 | 49, 6 | 49.6 | 48.9 | 48. 2 | 49.4 | r 49. 2 | 48.8 |
| Personal interest income and dividendsdo | 23.0 | 23. 2 | 23. 4 | 23. 5 | 23.7 | 23.8 | 23.9 | 23.9 | 23.9 | 24.0 | 24. 0 | 24, 1 | 24.1 |
| Transfer payments do do | 13. 6 | 13.6 | 13. 7 | 14.6 | 13.9 | 14.4 | 14.8 | 15.0 | 15.8 | 15.9 | 15.8 | 15, 8 | 15.8 |
| Less personal contributions for social insurance bil, of dol | 4. 1 | 4. 1 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.1 | 4.7 | 4.8 | 4 = | ا م ا | | | |
| Total nonagricultural incomedo | 273. 0 | 272.6 | 271. 9 | 272. 7 | 271.3 | 4. 1 269. 6 | 267. 9 | 268. 2 | 4. 7 268. 8 | 4. 6 269. 1 | 4.6 | 4.7 | 4.5 |
| NEW PLANT AND EQUIPMENT | -10.0 | | |] "'-" | 211.0 | 400. U | 201.9 | 200.2 | <u>⊿</u> 00. ∂ | 409.1 | 269. 7 | r 270.3 | 270.5 |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| All industries, quarterly total; mil. of dol. | | | 7.098 | | | 7, 666 | <u> </u> | | 6, 240 | | | 1 r 6, 918 | |
| Manufacturingdo | | | 2,945 | | | 3,392 | | | 2, 641 | | | 7 2, 932 | |
| Miningdo | | | 265 | | | 288 | | | 223 | | | 7 266 | |
| Kailroads do do | | | 300 | | | 341 | | | 248 | | | r 245 | |
| Manufacturing | | } | 386 | | | 376 | | | 360 | | | r 355 | |
| Commercial and otherdo | | | 1, 219 | | | 1, 246 | | | 910 | | | 7 1, 108 | |
| Revised. 1 Estimates for the 3d and 4th quar | | | | | unonditum | | | ' | 1,859 | | ' | 7 2,014 | |

Revised. ¹ Estimates for the 3d and 4th quarters of 1954, based on anticipated capital expenditures of business, appear on p. 4 of this issue of the Survey.

Ancides inventory valuation adjustment. \$Government sales are not deducted. \$Personal saving is excess of disposable income over personal consumption expenditures shown as a component of gross national product above. {Revised series. Quarterly estimates of national income and product have been revised back to 1939 (annual data, to 1929); quarterly and monthly estimates of personal income, back to 1929 (monthly revisions prior to May 1953 will appear in the forthcoming National Income Supplement). For quarterly data prior to 2d quarter 1953, see pp. 8 and 9 of the July 1954 Survey.

\$Revised series. Quarterly and monthly estimates of personal income, back to 1929 (monthly revisions prior to May 1953 will appear in the forthcoming National Income Supplement). For quarterly data prior to 2d quarter 1953, see pp. 8 and 9 of the July 1954 Survey.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the | CONTRACT OF SERVICE AND ADDRESS ASSESSED. | T | | 1 53 | 1 | | | l | | 1954 | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|
| 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | July | August | Septem- ber | October | Novem- ber | Decem- ber | January | Febru- ary | March | April | May | June | July |
| | GEN | ERAL | BUSIN | NESS I | NDICA | TORS- | —Conti | inued | | | | | |
| FARM INCOME AND MARKETINGS; | | | | | | | | | | | i | | |
| Cash receipts from farming, including Government payments, total mil. of dol. Farm marketings and CCC loans, total do. Crops do. Livestock and products, total do. Dairy products do. Meat animals do. Poultry and eggs do. Indexes of cash receipts from marketings and CCC | 2, 404 2, 390 996 1, 394 386 682 302 | 2, 461 2, 453 1, 060 1, 393 364 695 320 | 3, 169 3, 164 1, 718 1, 446 334 768 330 | 3, 700 3, 693 2, 169 1, 524 336 812 355 | 3, 443 3, 439 1, 865 1, 574 334 858 366 | 2, 986 2, 974 1, 550 1, 424 336 739 331 | 2, 629 2, 611 1, 195 1, 416 329 790 273 | 1, 960 1, 946 643 1, 303 313 703 267 | 2, 014 1, 990 538 1, 452 342 813 279 | 1, 914 1, 881 494 1, 387 345 758 258 | 2, 062 2, 033 589 1, 444 389 757 258 | 2, 176 2, 137 793 1, 344 380 684 241 | p 2, 300 p 2, 280 p 1, 030 p 1, 250 |
| loans, unadjusted: All commodities | 361 352 367 | 370 375 367 | 477 607 381 | 557 767 401 | 519 659 414 | 449 548 37 5 | 394 422 373 | 294 227 343 | 300 190 382 | 284 175 365 | 307 208 380 | 322 280 354 | |
| Indexes of volume of farm marketings, unadjusted: All commodities | 153 148 157 | 156 154 158 | 192 231 164 | 226 289 179 | 203 227 186 | 178 198 162 | 160 167 155 | 123 96 143 | 127 78 164 | 120 67 161 | 133 78 174 | 147 116 171 | |
| INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION Federal Reserve Index of Physical Volume† Unadjusted, combined index†1947-49=100 | 129 | 136 | 135 | 136 | 130 | 124 | 124 | 126 | 125 | 123 | 123 | 124 | <i>p</i> 11 |
| Manufactures do Durable manufactures do Primary metals do Steel do Primary nonferrous metals do Metal fabricating (incl. ordnance) do Fabricated metal products do Machinery do Nonelectrical machinery do Electrical machinery do | 130 147 124 137 143 161 135 148 138 | 137 153 130 138 141 166 140 157 137 | 137 151 127 134 147 164 137 158 137 200 | 138 154 129 136 147 167 137 161 138 205 | 132 146 122 129 146 158 130 154 135 | 125 140 110 114 145 155 126 149 137 172 | 126 140 115 115 145 155 124 146 132 172 | 128 141 113 114 147 155 123 147 134 172 | 127 139 108 106 147 153 121 145 132 172 | 125 137 137 105 147 156 120 141 128 166 | 124 136 108 108 147 147 121 138 126 162 | 125 125 110 109 151 146 122 137 125 163 | P 11 P 12 P 9 P 14 P 11 P 13 P 12 |
| Transportation equipment | 190 161 118 461 151 113 112 132 113 133 | 189 153 127 473 153 116 122 137 123 143 | 182 134 115 480 155 115 121 136 122 144 | 189 151 106 481 156 116 123 139 128 148 | 173 107 95 463 156 114 114 134 122 145 | 174 107 98 483 155 112 99 128 116 138 | 181 135 103 483 148 106 104 122 115 128 | 181 138 103 489 147 107 116 126 120 132 | 183 142 101 485 145 106 117 128 121 | 179 151 101 475 140 101 119 128 117 125 | 177 146 100 472 138 98 122 130 117 | 173 143 95 471 136 100 115 131 116 | 2 13 2 13 2 9 9 |
| Nondurable manufactures | 113 112 110 98 102 121 107 94 93 95 | 121 118 118 102 101 118 108 117 107 | 122 124 127 111 102 113 108 111 102 | 122 120 121 123 101 116 118 116 100 | 118 111 114 135 99 99 100 111 96 102 | 110 99 102 125 97 84 80 92 87 | 111 97 161 126 95 82 78 98 98 91 | 114 96 98 112 97 89 86 93 95 | 115 98 98 115 96 98 101 94 | 113 98 97 106 96 103 100 90 95 99 | 113 103 130 105 95 115 108 108 94 99 | 116 111 107 108 97 126 114 | p 10 p 11 |
| Apparel and allied products | 102 91 120 117 114 141 157 132 137 | 115 103 135 133 116 143 157 135 138 | 106 94 135 130 122 145 151 133 136 | 107 97 140 138 126 151 151 131 135 127 | 100 89 135 133 126 150 149 131 137 120 | 98 87 119 117 122 146 147 128 137 | 104 94 126 128 116 146 145 125 134 | 111 102 133 132 118 150 150 126 136 | 110 100 135 133 121 150 150 121 129 | 102 94 136 131 122 147 150 120 128 | 96 89 134 132 121 144 149 123 130 118 | 102 95 135 136 120 144 152 125 132 121 | P 11 P 13 |
| Minerals. do. Coal. do. Crude oil and natural gas. do. Metal mining. do. Stone and earth minerals. do. | 117 69 135 138 130 | 122 85 135 140 133 | 122 84 136 139 131 | 118 84 131 122 132 | 113 76 131 95 126 | 111 71 133 74 122 | 111 74 134 74 108 | 110 68 135 76 113 | 109 61 *137 73 114 | 109 58 7136 79 119 | 112 62 134 107 125 | 114 63 135 118 127 | P 10 |
| Manufactures | 137 139 157 136 171 142 164 145 200 | 136 138 157 137 171 140 165 145 203 | 133 135 152 130 166 135 161 141 200 | 132 134 151 128 166 134 159 141 193 | 129 131 146 122 159 130 152 136 184 | 126 127 142 113 156 126 146 133 172 | 125 127 140 111 154 126 143 130 169 | 125 126 139 109 151 123 141 130 163 | 123 124 135 103 147 120 138 125 163 | 123 125 134 103 146 119 138 125 163 | 124 126 135 106 147 121 137 124 163 | 124 125 135 109 146 122 140 123 171 | P 12 P 13 P 13 P 13 P 15 P 15 P 15 |
| Transportation equipment | 196 156 121 119 135 143 | 191 156 119 116 135 146 | 186 155 114 114 134 140 | 189 154 113 117 133 140 | 180 155 109 115 132 138 | 182 154 106 110 129 136 | 183 148 105 115 125 130 | 178 147 103 120 130 132 | 171 144 104 116 130 130 | 172 139 103 114 128 127 | 175 138 102 120 130 128 | 168 138 104 108 129 131 | P 16 P 13 P 10 |
| Nondurable manufactures do Food and beverage manufactures do Tobacco manufactures do Textile-mill products do Apparel and allied products do Leather and products do | 121 108 103 108 114 104 | 119 108 104 104 109 97 | 117 109 104 100 104 91 | 117 108 106 98 107 93 | 115 108 108 95 101 | 112 103 112 90 101 93 | 113 105 100 90 103 94 | 113 106 98 90 100 94 | 114 106 103 91 103 93 | 115 107 103 93 108 94 | 116 110 108 95 104 94 | 93 100 | |

Revised. **Preliminary.

1 Revised series. The index has been improved in this revision by (1) incorporation of a number of new series; (2) revision of weights, seasonal adjustment factors, and working-day allowances; (3) adoption of a more recent comparison base period; (4) use of improved industrial classifications, and (5) development of an independent set of annual indexes from the more comprehensive data available at yearly intervals. For a detailed description of the revision and monthly and annual data beginning 1947, see the December 1953 issue of the Federal Reserve Bulletin.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through | | | 19 | 53 | | | | | | 1954 | | | |
|--|---|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|--|
| 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | July | August | Septem- ber | October | Novem- ber | Decem- ber | January | Febru- ary | March | April | Мау | June | July |
| | GENI | ERAL | BUSIN | ESS II | NDICA' | rors- | –Conti | nued | | | | | |
| INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION—Continued Federal Reserve Index of Physical Volume†—Con. | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Adjusted—Continued Manufactures—Continued Nondurable manufactures—Continued Paper and allied products | 134 121 152 132 130 | 133 121 148 132 127 | 135 121 147 131 121 | 132 123 146 129 120 | 132 121 145 129 118 | 125 - 120 145 128 - 116 | 126 120 143 124 112 | 129 119 146 126 110 | 131 119 146 122 113 | 133 120 146 124 113 | 137 120 147 125 119 | 135 121 148 125 119 | » 121 » 148 » 123 |
| Minerals do Coal do Crude oil and natural gas do Metal mining do Stone and earth minerals do | 120 87 135 116 125 | 119 86 135 117 124 | 118 81 136 117 123 | 114 76 131 108 124 | 111 70 131 103 125 | 113 69 133 101 127 | 113 70 134 103 119 | 113 68 135 101 124 | 112 62 7 137 96 124 | 109 58 7 136 78 120 | 111 65 154 7 91 7 121 | 113 69 135 97 122 | » 111 » 70 » 130 |
| BUSINESS SALES AND INVENTORIES | | | | | | | | | | | | | Į |
| Manufacturing and trade sales (adjusted), total† mil. of dol. Manufacturing, total† do. Durable-goods industries do. Nondurable-goods industries do. Wholesale trade, total† do. Durable-goods establishments do. Nondurable-goods establishments do. Retail trade, total do. Durable-goods stores do. Nondurable-goods stores do. | 50, 398 26, 366 13, 410 12, 956 9, 563 3, 153 6, 410 14, 469 5, 102 9, 367 | 48, 138 25, 067 12, 730 12, 337 8, 998 3, 092 5, 906 14, 073 4, 914 9, 159 | 48, 652 25, 379 12, 698 12, 681 9, 291 3, 051 6, 240 13, 982 4, 865 9, 117 | 48, 284 25, 010 12, 376 12, 634 9, 234 2, 982 6, 252 14, 040 5, 029 9, 011 | 47, 518 24, 256 11, 867 12, 389 9, 158 2, 994 6, 164 14, 104 5, 005 9, 099 | 47, 209 24, 126 11, 576 12, 550 9, 151 3, 011 6, 140 13, 932 4, 626 9, 306 | 46, 450 23, 902 11, 580 12, 322 8, 926 2, 859 6, 067 13, 622 4, 436 9, 186 | 46, 714 23, 620 11, 278 12, 342 9, 122 2, 894 6, 228 13, 972 4, 745 9, 228 | 47, 094 24, 064 11, 385 12, 679 9, 130 2, 870 6, 260 13, 900 4, 858 9, 042 | 47, 636 24, 418 11, 502 12, 916 8, 976 2, 822 6, 154 14, 242 4, 882 9, 360 | 46, 914 23, 978 11, 344 12, 634 8, 892 2, 836 6, 056 14, 044 4, 730 9, 313 | 7 47, 769 7 24, 250 7 11, 395 7 12, 855 7 9, 080 2, 930 7 6, 150 14, 439 5, 024 9, 415 | 47, 956 24, 213 11, 456 12, 757 9, 111 2, 951 6, 150 14, 272 4, 911 12, 757 |
| Manufacturing and trade inventorics, book value, end of month (adjusted), total† mil. of dol. Manufacturing, total†, do. Durable-goods industries do. Nondurable-goods industries do. Wholesale trade, total†, do. Durable-goods establishments do. Nondurable-goods establishments do. Retail trade, total†, do. Durable-goods stores do. Nondurable-goods 81, 116 46, 485 26, 392 20, 093 11, 888 6, 223 5, 665 22, 743 10, 730 12, 013 | 81, 586 46, 888 26, 788 20, 100 11, 923 6, 259 5, 664 22, 775 10, 624 12, 151 | 82, 000 47, 087 26, 958 20, 129 11, 989 6, 245 5, 744 22, 924 10, 921 12, 003 | 81, 805 47, 044 26, 987 20, 057 12, 041 6, 278 5, 763 22, 720 10, 727 11, 993 | 81, 276 46, 909 26, 975 19, 934 11, 930 6, 127 5, 803 22, 437 10, 574 11, 863 | 81, 072 46, 722 26, 752 19, 970 11, 689 5, 789 22, 661 10, 668 11, 993 | 80, 688 46, 382 26, 526 19, 856 11, 785 5, 866 5, 919 22, 521 10, 688 11, 833 | 80, 390 46, 115 26, 168 19, 947 11, 854 5, 841 6, 013 22, 421 10, 584 11, 837 | 80, 093 45, 774 25, 900 19, 874 11, 756 5, 799 5, 957 22, 563 10, 486 12, 077 | 79, 516 45, 183 25, 345 19, 838 11, 643 5, 728 5, 915 22, 690 10, 412 12, 278 | 79, 372 44, 798 24, 926 19, 872 11, 770 5, 800 '5, 970 22, 804 10, 502 12, 302 | 7 78, 991 7 44, 526 7 24, 689 7 19, 837 7 11, 865 7 5, 768 7 6, 097 22, 600 10, 383 12, 217 | 78, 362 44, 208 24, 366 19, 842 11, 746 5, 759 5, 987 22, 408 10, 130 12, 228 |
| MANUFACTURERS' SALES, INVENTORIES, AND ORDERS | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sales:† Value (unadjusted), totalmil. of dol Durable-goods industriesdo Nondurable-goods industriesdo | 24, 700 12, 317 12, 383 | 25, 276 12, 484 12, 792 | 26, 163 12, 917 13, 246 | 26, 845 13, 223 13, 622 | 23, 792 11, 499 12, 293 | 23, 929 11, 615 12, 314 | 23, 062 10, 870 12, 192 | 22, 970 10, 968 12, 002 | 25, 300 12, 208 13, 092 | 24, 490 11, 814 12, 676 | 23, 263 11, 165 12, 098 | ⁷ 24, 374 ⁷ 11, 804 ⁷ 12, 570 | 22, 401 10, 393 12, 008 |
| Value (adjusted), total do_ Durable-goods industries, total do_ Primary metal do_ Fabricated metal products do_ Electrical machinery and equipment do_ Machinery, except electrical do_ Motor vehicles and equipment, n. e. s. do_ Transportation equipment, n. e. s. do_ Furniture and fixtures do_ Lumber products, except furniture do_ Stone, clay, and glass products do_ Professional and scientific instruments do_ Other industries, including ordnance do_ | 26, 366 13, 410 2, 335 1, 309 1, 462 2, 125 2, 381 1, 032 815 611 416 590 | 25, 067 12, 730 2, 154 1, 190 2, 209 2, 210 1, 031 380 776 582 326 544 | 25, 379 12, 698 2, 084 1, 219 1, 536 2, 163 2, 023 1, 008 370 726 607 355 607 | 25, 010 12, 376 1, 985 1, 139 1, 391 2, 039 2, 095 1, 140 364 715 575 353 580 | 24, 256 11, 867 1, 874 1, 150 1, 324 2, 068 1, 918 925 334 723 583 402 566 | 24, 126 11, 576 1, 645 1, 076 1, 349 1, 902 2, 046 947 345 731 540 423 572 | 23, 902 11, 580 1, 609 1, 176 1, 328 1, 959 2, 101 1, 005 659 517 364 537 | 23, 620 11, 278 1, 580 1, 132 1, 269 1, 968 1, 962 942 309 659 573 348 536 | 24, 064 11, 385 1, 528 1, 173 1, 355 1, 941 1, 981 931 317 688 569 253 549 | 24, 418 11, 502 1, 575 1, 223 1, 305 1, 939 2, 052 971 300 693 547 356 541 | 23, 978 11, 344 1, 505 1, 156 1, 291 1, 862 2, 083 940 317 680 601 354 555 | 7 24, 250 7 11, 395 7 1, 567 7 1, 180 7 1, 316 7 1, 901 7 1, 974 7 364 7 678 7 599 7 364 7 568 | 24, 213 11, 456 1, 544 1, 192 1, 329 1, 928 1, 813 1, 146 307 681 600 375 |
| Nondurable-goods industries, total do Food and kindred products do Beverages do Tobacco manufactures do Apparel and related products do Leather and leather products do Printing and publishing do Chemicals and allied products do Petroleum and coal products do Rubber products do Rubber products do | 12, 956 3, 796 570 301 1, 181 869 328 766 740 1, 720 2, 237 448 | 12, 337 3, 645 617 314 1, 098 891 264 735 676 1, 608 2, 081 | 12, 681 3, 836 662 315 1, 031 854 266 752 707 1, 640 2, 202 416 | 12, 634 3, 890 666 304 1, 038 910 243 738 745 1, 643 2, 062 395 | 12, 389 3, 771 635 339 1, 006 835 251 709 778 1, 606 2, 113 | 12, 550 3, 863 572 304 1, 040 873 267 701 774 1, 601 2, 186 369 | 12, 322 3, 802 626 292 992 857 259 680 748 1, 569 2, 149 348 | 12, 342 3, 681 648 291 1, 035 825 274 676 832 1, 590 2, 139 351 | 12, 679 3, 802 628 309 1, 060 806 290 730 776 1, 692 2, 198 388 | 12, 916 3, 977 677 395 1, 073 866 278 733 750 1, 720 2, 162 | 12, 634 3, 827 672 304 1, 115 826 297 714 769 1, 664 2, 089 257 | 7 12, 855 7 3, 844 7 649 7 299 7 1, 064 7 818 7 355 7 766 7 767 7 1, 724 7 2, 202 367 | 541 12, 757 3, 816 715 300 1, 040 933 367 753 7, 754 1, 627 2, 105 |
| Inventories, end of month:† Book value (unadjusted), total | 46, 436 26, 463 19, 973 16, 241 13, 698 16, 497 | 46, 489 26, 564 19, 925 16, 244 13, 645 16, 600 | 46, 646 26, 612 20, 034 16, 425 13, 551 16, 670 | 46, 529 26, 598 19, 931 16, 402 13, 351 16, 776 | 46, 532 26, 549 19, 983 16, 377 13, 149 17, 006 | 46, 947 26, 697 20, 250 16, 419 13, 304 | 46, 772 26, 598 20, 174 16, 023 13, 512 | 46, 355 26, 235 20, 120 15, 783 13, 285 | 45, 959 26, 042 19, 917 15, 371 13, 311 | 45, 351 25, 629 19, 722 14, 930 13, 212 | 44, 974 25, 336 19, 638 14, 826 12, 889 | 7 44, 675 7 24, 977 7 19, 698 7 14, 782 7 12, 665 | 44, 151 24, 443 19, 708 14, 934 12, 338 |
| Book value (adjusted), total do. Durable-goods industries, total do. Primary metal do. Fabricated metal products do. Electrical machinery and equipment do. Machinery, except electrical do. Motor vehicles and equipment, n. e. s. do. Transportation equipment, n. e. s. do. Furniture and fixtures do. Lumber products, except furniture do. Stone, clay, and glass products do. Professional and scientific instruments do. Other industries, including ordnance do. | 46, 485 26, 392 3, 382 2, 815 3, 366 5, 628 3, 435 2, 707 697 1, 068 879 866 1, 549 | 46, 888 26, 788 3, 456 2, 914 3, 424 5, 690 3, 476 2, 720 681 1, 096 875 875 1, 581 | 47,087 26,958 3,513 2,962 3,425 5,667 3,498 2,751 674 1,123 884 878 1,583 | 47, 044 26, 987 3, 507 3, 038 3, 484 5, 665 3, 445 2, 702 679 1, 121 901 881 1, 564 | 46, 909 26, 975 3, 488 3, 145 3, 489 5, 735 3, 377 2, 700 670 1, 090 878 882 1, 521 | 17, 224 46, 722 26, 752 3, 425 3, 131 3, 440 5, 647 3, 396 2, 769 642 1, 033 890 882 1, 497 | 17, 237 46, 382 26, 526 3, 388 3, 012 3, 342 5, 551 3, 482 2, 784 661 1, 022 907 895 1, 482 | 17, 287 46, 115 26, 168 3, 344 2, 948 3, 326 5, 512 3, 380 2, 732 666 1, 015 917 883 1, 445 | 17, 277 45, 774 25, 900 3, 354 2, 917 3, 248 5, 416 3, 296 2, 753 665 1, 025 1, 025 1, 025 1, 024 1, 446 | 17, 209 45, 183 25, 345 3, 226 2, 837 3, 167 5, 297 3, 189 2, 640 665 1, 010 916 883 1, 465 | 17, 259 44, 798 24, 926 3, 153 2, 768 3, 103 5, 222 3, 098 2, 652 661 1, 003 1, 003 1, 003 1, 004 888 1, 459 | 7 17, 228 7 44, 526 7 24, 689 7 3, 071 7 2, 831 7 3, 062 7 5, 148 7 3, 021 7 650 7 981 7 895 7 874 7 1, 465 | 16, 879 44, 208 24, 366 3, 110 2, 810 3, 015 5, 101 2, 921 2, 563 659 948 886 873 1, 480 |

^{**}Revised. **Preliminary. **Q See note marked "†" on p. S-2. \$The term "business" here includes only manufacturing and trade. Business inventeries as shown on p. S-1 cover data for all types of producers, both farm and nonfarm. Unadjusted data for manufacturing are shown on this page; those for retail and wholesale trade, on pp. S-8, S-9, and S-10. †Revised series. Data have been adjusted to more recent benchmarks; all revisions prior to 1953 are available upon request (most of the data published in the 1953 issue of Business Transities are now obsolete).

‡Revised data beginning December 1949 appear on p. 22 of the June 1954 Survey.

| S-4 | | SURV | EY OI | F CUR | RENT | BUS | INESS | | | | \$ | Sepeemb | er 1954 |
|---|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through | | | 19 | 53 | | | ! | | | 1954 | | | |
| 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | July | August | Septem- ber | October | Novem- ber | Decem- ber | January | Febru- ary | March | April | May | June | July |
| | GEN | ERAL | BUSIN | ESS II | NDICA' | TORS- | —Conti | nued | | | | | |
| MANUFACTURERS' SALES, INVENTORIES, AND ORDERS—Continued | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Inventories, end of month†—Continued Book value (adjusted), total—Continued Nondurable-goods industries, totalmil.of dol. Food and kindred productsdo Beveragesdo Tobacco manufacturesdo | 20, 093 3, 433 1, 242 | 20, 100 3, 411 1, 186 | 20, 129 3, 445 1, 139 | 20, 057 3, 468 1, 142 | 19, 934 3, 511 1, 129 | 19, 970 3, 525 1, 155 | 3, 524 1, 162 | 19, 947 3, 589 1, 161 | 19, 874 3, 598 1, 196 | 19, 838 3, 596 1, 188 | 19, 872 3, 544 1, 195 | 7 19, 837 7 3, 492 7 1, 209 | 19, 842 3, 474 1, 176 |
| Tobacco manufactures do Textile-mill products do Apparel and related products do Leather and leather products do Paper and allied products do Printing and publishing do Chemicals and allied products do | 1, 804 2, 666 1, 866 568 1, 030 755 | 1, 839 2, 646 1, 876 562 1, 024 | 1, 834 2, 612 1, 907 574 1, 038 | 1, 811 2, 614 1, 862 577 1, 044 | 1, 789 2, 543 1, 845 570 1, 050 | 1,812 2,513 1,901 582 1,044 | 1, 842 2, 464 1, 872 581 1, 034 | 1, 840 2, 455 1, 863 573 1, 048 | 1, 833 2, 442 1, 791 573 1, 050 | 1, 865 2, 412 1, 762 580 1, 047 | 1, 877 2, 412 1, 790 581 1, 061 | 7 1, 887 7 2, 422 7 1, 762 7 595 7 1, 046 | 1, 939 2, 389 1, 763 580 1, 024 |
| Printing and publishingdo Chemicals and allied productsdo Petroleum and coal productsdo Rubber productsdo | 3, 108 2, 696 925 | 773 3, 142 2, 744 897 | 772 3, 169 2, 731 908 | 768 3, 140 2, 750 881 | 776 3, 107 2, 747 867 | 752 3, 093 2, 725 868 | 769 3, 067 2, 697 844 | 762 3, 080 2, 719 857 | 767 3, 072 2, 703 849 | 3, 061 2, 738 812 | 756 3, 053 2, 790 810 | 7 748 7 3, 085 7 2, 771 820 | 759 3, 141 2, 777 |

20, 955 8, 930 12, 025

21, 594 9, 631 1, 666

1,000 1,089 886 1,800

2, 084 2, 106 11, 963 2, 318 9, 645

60, 789 58, 227 5, 355 4, 798 10, 687 8, 545

23, 726 5, 116 2, 562

23, 282 9, 830 13, 452

22, 163 9, 677 1, 500 843 1, 039 1, 798

2, 127 2, 370 12, 486 2, 617 9, 869

63, 626 60, 796 5, 640 5, 052 11, 279 8, 785

24, 338 5, 702 2, 830

21, 448 9, 347 12, 101

22, 026 9, 567 1, 450 1, 045 949 1, 613

2, 289 2, 221 12, 459 2, 691 9, 768

58, 308 55, 959 5, 108 4, 643 10, 317 8, 156

23,044

4, 691 2, 349

20, 882 8, 687 12, 195

20, 749 8, 475 1, 205 746 987 1, 378

2, 198 1, 961 12, 274 2, 631

56, 128 53, 776 4, 729 4, 435

10, 059 7, 770

22, 322 4, 461 2, 352

21, 526 9, 495 12, 031

22, 016 9, 629 1, 278 932 1, 264 1, 599

2, 255 2, 301 12, 387 2, 862 9, 525

54, 684 52, 303 4, 448 4, 201 9, 962 7, 435

21, 740 4, 517 2, 381

10, 779 13, 078

22, 859

10, 206 1, 269

948

1,677

2, 922 2, 434 12, 653

2, 830 9, 823

53, 241 50, 874 4, 202 3, 994

9, 489

21,658

4, 448 2, 367

10, 290 12, 654

23, 017

10, 021 1, 353 954

1,705

2, 683 2, 277 12, 996

2.925

51, 695 49, 350 3, 964 3, 823 9, 261

21, 188 4, 286 2, 345

21, 708 9, 472 12, 236

22, 819 10, 050 1, 273 918

1, 000 1, 657

2, 820 2, 382 12, 769 3, 030 9, 739

50, 140 47, 657 3, 667 3, 629 8, 952 6, 523

20, 789 4, 097 2, 483

^r 23, 089 ^r 10, 297 ^r 12, 792

⁷ 22, 876 ⁷ 9, 985 1, 450 ⁷ 1, 153 ⁷ 905

^r 1, 793

r 2, 242 r 2, 442 r 12, 891 r 2, 988 r 9, 903

r 48, 855 r 46, 150 r 3, 422 r 3, 637 r 8, 627 r 6, 301

r 20, 184 r 3, 979 r 2, 706

21, 784

9, 863 11, 921

22, 500 9, 763 1, 204 986 1, 101 1, 630

2, 357 2, 485 12, 737 2, 874 9, 863

48, 238 45, 620 3, 287 3, 589 8, 607 6, 245

19, 705 4, 187 2, 618

BUSINESS POPULATION

| | | · | | | | | | | | | , | | , |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-----------------|------------------|
| OPERATING BUSINESSES AND BUSINESS TURNOVER | | ļ | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Operating businesses, end of period, totaltthous_ | | | | | | 4, 185. 3 | | | | | | | |
| Contract constructiondododo | | | | | | 431. 3 321. 8 | | | | } | | | |
| Service industriesdo | | | | | | 739.0 | | | | | | | |
| Retail trade do | | | | | | 1, 849, 9 | | | | | | | |
| Wholesale tradedodo | | | | | | 285. 6 | | | - | | | | |
| All otherdo | | | | | | 557. 5 | | | | | - - | | |
| New businesses, semiannual total total | | | | | | 141, 2 | | | | | | | |
| Contract constructiondo | | | | | | 23. 9 | | | | | | | |
| Manufacturingdo | | | | | | 10. 4 23. 1 | | | | | | | |
| Service industriesdo Retail tradedo | | | | | | 58.1 | | | | | | | |
| Wholesale trade | | | | | | 8.6 | | | | | | | |
| All otherdo | | | | | | 17. 1 | | | | | | | |
| Discontinued businesses, semiannual total † do | | | | | | 161. 6 | | | | | | | |
| Contract constructiondo | | | | | | 24.9 | | | | | | | |
| Manufacturingdo | | | | | | 15. 2 | | | | | | | |
| Service industriesdo | | | | | | 25. 9 | | | | | | | |
| Retail tradedo | | - | | | | 67. 3 | | | | | | | |
| Wholesale tradedodo | | | | | | 8. 0 20. 3 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | ļ | |
| Business transfers, semiannual total†do | | | | | | 151.2 |] | | | | | | |
| BUSINESS INCORPORATIONS♂ | | | | ļ | | | | | | | | | [|
| New incorporations (48 States)number. | 8, 703 | 7, 487 | 7, 433 | 8, 267 | 7, 269 | 8,915 | 9, 543 | 8, 533 | 10, 514 | 10, 272 | 9, 280 | 9, 748 | 9, 409 |
| INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL FAILURES♂ | | | | | | l. | | | | | | | |
| Failures, totalnumber_ | 724 | 700 | 686 | 840 | 815 | 813 | 867 | 926 | 1, 102 | 975 | 943 | 965 | 856 |
| Commercial servicedo | 43 | 49 | 31 | 75 | 66 | 64 | 60 | 74 | 87 | 66 | 81 | 81 | 80 |
| Constructiondodo | 64 | 92 | 89 | 89 | 97 | 89 | 86 | 109 | 143 | 96 | 111 | 132 | 95 |
| Manufacturing and miningdo | 164 | 148 | 145 | 188 | 175 | 193 | 192 | 207 | 198 | 200 | 200 | 208 | 165 |
| Retail tradedodo | 380 73 | 340 71 | 336 85 | 404 84 | 389 88 | 382 85 | 450 79 | 449 | 551 | 535 | 460 | 455 | 417 |
| | 18 | '1 | 00 | 84 | 00 | 00 | 19 | 87 | 123 | 82 | 81 | 89 | 99 |
| Liabilities, totalthous. of dol | 39, 830 | 28, 529 | 33, 817 | 37, 076 | 36, 795 | 43, 754 | 29, 592 | 47, 774 | 57, 280 | 42, 512 | 38, 494 | 41,613 | 32, 230 |
| Commercial servicedo | 1,210 | 1,077 | 1, 286 | 3,848 | 2, 687 | 1,871 | 3, 134 | 4,341 | 3, 506 | 1,648 | 2, 961 | 2,045 | 2, 524 |
| Constructiondodododo | 2,789 | 3,868 | 4, 451 | 4, 366 | 4, 621 | 4, 154 | 3, 166 | 4,082 | 7, 255 | 3, 692 | 3, 674 | 4, 514 | 4, 958 |
| Retail tradedo | 17, 139 11, 282 | 10, 267 10, 275 | 13, 676 9, 790 | 14, 956 9, 671 | 13, 568 11, 083 | 23, 731 9, 757 | $ \begin{array}{c} 11,431 \\ 8,623 \end{array} $ | 23, 043 11, 770 | 15, 359 26, 043 | 20, 568 12, 030 | 15, 621 | 18, 454 | 9, 936 |
| Wholesale tradedo | 7, 410 | 3, 042 | 4, 614 | 4, 235 | 4, 836 | 4, 241 | 3, 238 | 4, 538 | 5, 117 | 4, 574 | 11, 739 4, 499 | 11,722 4,878 | 9, 622 5, 140 |
| | 1 ., | ., | -, 1 | 1,250 | 2,000 | -, | 3, 2,0 | 1,000 | 0 | 1,014 | 7, 700 | 7,310 | 0, 140 |

r Revised. †Revised series. For manufacturers' inventories and orders, see corresponding note on p. S-3. Beginning 1953, data for operating businesses and business turnover will be published on a semiannual basis; revised annual data for number of operating businesses (1929-52), new and discontinued businesses (1940-52), business transfers (1944-52) by industry, and revisions for first three quarters of 1952 for all series as above (except transfers) are shown in the January 1964 Survey. § Includes textiles, leather, paper, and printing and publishing industries; unfilled orders for other nondurable-goods industries are zero. †For these industries (food, beverages, tobacco, apparel, petroleum, chemicals, and rubber), sales are considered equal to new orders.

The provided have been described by the provided hav

23, 83**2** 11, 588 12, 244

24, 525 11, 600 1, 957 1, 073

2, 347 2, 889 12, 925 2, 983 9, 942

72, 720 69, 366

6, 910 5, 728 12, 520 9, 793

27, 767 6, 648 3, 354

10, 133 12, 539

22, 339 10, 139 1, 751 1, 214

1, 134 1, 676

1, 882 2, 482 12, 200 2, 636

9, 564

70, 116 67, 015 6, 562 5, 609 12, 204 9, 512

26, 559 6, 569 3, 101

23, 235 10, 090 13, 145

22, 661 10, 110 1, 635 1, 041

1, 082 1, 843

2, 114 2, 395 12, 551 2, 626

9, 925

67, 188 64, 188 6, 103 5, 517 11, 718 9, 118

25, 658 6, 074 3, 000

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through | | | 19 | 53 | | | | | | 1954 | | | *************************************** |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | July | August | Septem- ber | October | Novem- ber | Decem- ber | January | Febru- ary | March | April | Мау | June | July |
| | | | COM | MODI' | TY PR | ICES | | | | | | | |
| PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Prices received, all farm products .1910-14=100 Crops | 260 237 218 204 426 270 193 252 268 | 255 232 215 205 430 278 185 207 263 | 257 235 219 207 452 280 204 191 251 | 249 229 223 194 439 275 189 198 255 | 249 234 229 195 433 269 205 218 263 | 254 238 230 205 427 260 237 224 269 | 259 240 233 207 420 254 222 271 268 | 258 237 236 208 443 258 210 233 269 | 256 239 238 208 443 263 212 246 275 | 257 240 234 208 443 267 217 225 283 | 258 249 227 207 446 272 215 279 286 | 248 244 216 205 445 274 240 283 | 247 248 225 202 446 272 228 243 286 |
| Livestock and productsdo | 280 319 261 223 | 276 305 265 229 | 276 299 275 230 | 266 273 282 234 | 263 267 288 224 | 269 285 282 218 | 277 309 274 213 | 277 315 267 208 | 271 316 257 188 | 271 333 237 178 | 267 331 230 168 | 251 299 229 168 | 247 286 237 171 |
| Prices paid: All commodities and services | 261 271 250 278 94 | 7 261 273 7 248 279 91 | 259 270 247 277 93 | 258 270 246 276 90 | 259 270 248 277 90 | 260 270 250 278 91 | 263 271 254 282 92 | 264 271 255 282 | 264 272 255 283 90 | 265 273 256 283 91 | 267 276 256 284 91 | 265 276 252 282 88 | 263 277 247 280 88 |
| RETAIL PRICES All commodities (U. S. Department of Commerce | | | | | | | | | | | | | i I |
| index)1935-39=100 | 210. 1 | 210. 1 | 210. 3 | 210.0 | 208, 9 | 209. 1 | 209. 5 | 208.9 | 208.3 | 208.1 | 208.7 | 209. 0 | 209. 6 |
| Consumer price index (U.S. Department of Labor): All items | 114. 7 104. 4 113. 8 108. 3 118. 2 112. 0 | 115. 0 104. 3 114. 1 109. 1 112. 7 114. 1 | 115. 2 105. 3 113. 8 109. 6 106. 6 113. 5 | 115. 4 105. 5 113. 6 110. 1 107. 7 111. 1 | 115. 0 105. 5 112. 0 110. 5 107. 4 107. 0 | 114. 9 105. 3 112. 3 110. 3 109. 2 107. 8 | 115. 2 104. 9 113. 1 109. 7 110. 8 110. 2 | 115. 0 104. 7 112. 6 109. 0 108. 0 109. 7 | 114. 8 104. 3 112. 1 108. 0 107. 8 109. 5 | 114, 6 104, 1 112, 4 104, 6 110, 0 110, 5 | 115. 0 104. 2 113. 3 103. 5 114. 6 111. 0 | 115. 1 104. 2 113. 8 102. 9 117. 1 111. 1 | 1 115. 2 104. 0 114. 6 104. 3 120. 1 109. 7 |
| Housing | 117. 8 106. 4 108. 1 123. 8 121. 5 112. 6 107. 4 129. 7 118. 3 | 118. 0 106. 9 107. 4 125. 1 121. 8 112. 7 107. 6 130. 6 118. 4 | 118. 4 106. 9 108. 1 126. 0 122. 6 112. 9 107. 3 130. 7 118. 5 | 118. 7 107. 0 108. 1 126. 8 122. 8 113. 2 108. 6 130. 7 119. 7 | 118. 9 107. 3 108. 3 127. 3 123. 3 113. 4 108. 9 130. 1 120. 2 | 118. 9 107. 2 108. 1 127. 6 123. 6 113. 6 108. 9 128. 9 120. 3 | 118, 8 107, 1 107, 2 127, 8 123, 7 113, 7 108, 7 130, 5 120, 3 | 118. 9 107. 5 107. 2 127. 9 124. 1 113. 9 108. 0 129. 4 120. 2 | 119. 0 107. 6 107. 2 128. 0 124. 4 114. 1 108. 2 129. 0 120. 1 | 118. 5 107. 6 106. 1 128. 2 124. 9 112. 9 106. 5 129. 1 120. 2 | 118. 9 107. 7 105. 9 128. 3 125. 1 113. 0 106. 4 129. 1 120. 1 | 118. 9 107. 6 105. 8 128. 3 125. 1 112. 7 106. 4 128. 9 120. 1 | 119. 0 107. 8 105. 7 128. 5 125. 2 113. 3 107. 0 126. 7 120. 3 |
| WHOLESALE PRICES♂ | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| U. S. Department of Labor indexes: All commodities1947-49=100 | 110. 9 | 110. 6 | 111.0 | 110. 2 | 109.8 | 110.1 | 110. 9 | 110.5 | 110. 5 | 111.0 | 110.9 | 110.0 | 110. 4 |
| Farm productsdo Fruits and vegetables, fresh and drieddo Grainsdo Livestock and live poultrydo | 97. 9 94. 7 85. 4 95. 9 | 96. 4 98. 0 86. 5 88. 1 | 98.1 96.0 88.3 90.6 | 95. 3 94. 2 87. 9 82. 0 | 93. 7 94. 2 89. 3 78. 4 | 94. 4 89. 8 90. 6 83. 9 | 97. 8 91. 2 91. 3 91. 8 | 97. 7 89. 7 91. 6 91. 3 | 98. 4 89. 6 93. 0 92. 4 | 99. 4 97. 4 92. 9 94. 9 | 97. 9 104. 4 91. 2 93. 0 | 94. 8 96. 6 86. 5 87. 7 | 96. 2 110. 9 88. 1 83. 2 |
| Foods, processed | 105. 5 108. 5 110. 0 105. 0 97. 0 | 104.8 108.4 110.7 104.7 93.6 | 106. 6 110. 8 111. 3 104. 7 97. 4 | 104. 7 112. 0 112. 7 104. 9 88. 9 | 103. 8 112. 6 113. 9 104. 7 86. 2 | 104. 3 112. 2 111. 3 103. 9 89. 7 | 106. 2 112. 4 109. 4 103. 8 96. 4 | 104. 8 112. 7 107. 4 103. 0 92. 9 | 105. 3 112. 6 106. 1 103. 0 92. 8 | 105. 9 113. 2 103. 0 | 106. 8 113. 3 101. 7 | 105. 0 113. 5 102. 4 104. 7 92. 3 | 106. 4 114. 0 105. 1 104. 7 94. 1 |
| $ \begin{array}{ccccc} Commodities & other than farm & products & and \\ foods & & 1947-49=100 \\ Chemicals & and & allied & products & & do \\ Chemicals & industrial & & do \\ Drugs & pharmaceuticals & cosmetics & do \\ Fats & and & oils & inedible & & & do \\ Fertilizer & materials & & & do \\ Prepared & paint & & & & do \\ \end{array} $ | 114.8 106.2 120.2 93.6 46.7 113.8 110.7 | 114.9 106.3 120.2 93.5 46.9 113.8 110.7 | 114. 7 106. 7 120. 0 93. 5 51. 1 113. 0 111. 0 | 114. 6 106. 7 119. 5 93. 5 53. 3 112. 9 112. 1 | 114. 5 107. 2 119. 2 93. 5 58. 0 112. 9 112. 7 | 114. 6 107. 1 118. 6 93. 8 58. 6 113. 9 112. 7 | 114. 6 107. 2 118. 4 93. 9 61. 2 114. 0 112. 8 | 114. 4 107. 5 118. 4 93. 9 63. 5 114. 0 112. 8 | 114. 2 107. 4 117. 9 93. 9 60. 5 114. 0 112. 8 | 114. 5 107. 2 117. 4 94. 0 59. 8 114. 1 112. 8 | 114. 5 107. 1 117. 3 94. 0 59. 3 114. 0 112. 8 | 114. 2 106. 8 117. 0 94. 0 55. 7 111. 6 112. 8 | 114. 3 106. 7 117. 1 94. 0 52. 0 111. 9 112. 8 |
| Fuel, power, and lighting materials do Coal do Electricity do Gas do Petroleum and products do Furniture and other household durables | 111. 1 111. 8 98. 5 106. 1 116. 8 | 111. 0 111. 7 99. 1 105. 7 116. 5 | 110. 9 112. 3 98. 0 106. 0 116. 5 | 111. 2 112. 5 98. 5 106. 6 116. 6 | 111. 2 112. 5 99. 6 106. 3 116. 3 | 111.1 112.5 100.7 109.6 114.9 | 110. 8 111. 9 100. 7 111. 8 114. 2 | 110. 5 110. 9 101. 3 113. 5 113. 5 | 109. 2 107. 9 102. 9 111. 5 111. 5 | 108. 6 104. 1 101. 8 112. 3 112. 1 | 108. 2 104. 6 101. 8 109. 0 111. 7 | 107. 8 104. 7 101. 8 107. 8 110. 9 | 106. 4 104. 9 101. 8 107. 8 108. 2 |
| 1947-49 = 100 | 114. 7 108. 8 113. 8 95. 0 74. 3 | 114. 8 108. 9 113. 8 95. 0 74. 0 | 114. 9 109. 1 114. 2 94. 8 74. 2 | 114. 8 109. 0 114. 2 94. 8 74. 2 | 114. 9 109. 0 114. 1 94. 3 74. 2 | 115.0 109.1 114.1 94.3 74.0 | 115. 2 109. 6 114. 2 96. 1 73. 5 | 115.1 109.7 113.9 96.1 73.8 | 115, 0 109, 5 113, 7 95, 7 73, 8 | 115, 6 109, 9 113, 6 95, 7 73, 8 | 115. 5 109. 9 113. 5 95. 7 73. 8 | 115. 4 109. 8 113. 1 95. 6 70. 6 | 115, 3 109, 7 112, 8 95, 6 70, 4 |
| Hides, skins, and leather products do Footwear do Hides and skins do Leather do Lumber and wood products do Lumber do | 100. 0 111. 7 73. 4 96. 1 121. 1 120. 2 | 99. 9 111. 8 74. 6 95. 0 120. 4 119. 3 | 99. 7 111. 8 74. 2 94. 5 119. 2 118. 3 | 97. 1 111. 7 64. 4 90. 4 118. 1 117. 2 | 97. 1 111. 8 64. 3 90. 4 117. 3 116. 3 | 95. 6 111. 8 57. 7 88. 7 117. 4 116. 4 | 95. 3 111. 9 56. 8 88. 1 117. 0 115. 9 | 94. 9 111. 9 55. 4 87. 4 116. 8 115. 5 | 94. 7 111. 9 56. 0 86. 3 116. 7 115. 6 | 94. 6 111. 9 56. 5 86. 0 116. 2 115. 3 | 96. 0 111. 9 62. 5 87. 6 116. 1 115. 0 | 95. 6 111. 9 60. 6 87. 4 116. 3 115. 5 | 95. 0 111. 8 58. 2 86. 4 118. 9 118. 5 |
| Machinery and motive productsdoAgricultural machinery and equipdoConstruction machinery and equipdoElectrical machinery and equipment.doMotor vehiclesdo | 123. 4 122. 7 130. 8 124. 8 118. 6 | 123. 7 122. 3 130. 5 125. 6 118. 6 | 124. 0 122. 3 130. 9 126. 2 118. 6 | 124, 1 122, 4 131, 0 126, 5 118, 5 | 124. 2 122. 5 131. 1 126. 6 118. 5 | 124. 3 122. 5 131. 1 126. 8 118. 5 | 124. 4 122. 7 131. 2 126. 8 118. 9 | 124. 5 123. 0 131. 5 126. 8 118. 9 | 124. 5 122. 3 131. 7 126. 8 118. 9 | 124. 4 122. 3 131. 6 126. 5 118. 9 | 124. 4 122. 6 131. 5 126. 0 118. 9 | 124.3 122.3 131.5 125.9 118.9 | 124. 3 122. 3 131. 6 125. 9 118. 9 |

| | | | 100 | :9 | | | | | | 1054 | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | July | August | Septem- ber | October | Novem- ber | Decem- ber | January | Febru- ary | March | 1954 April | May | June | July |
| | | COM | IMOD | ITY PI | RICES- | –Conti | nued | | | | | | |
| WHOLESALE PRICES -Continued | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| U. S. Department of Labor indexes:—Con. Commodities other than farm prod., etc.—Con. Metals and metal products 1947-49=100. Heating equipment do. Iron and steel do. Nonferrous metals do. Nonmetallic minerals, structural do. Clay products do. Concrete products do. Gypsum products do. | 129. 3 115. 1 135. 7 126. 4 119. 4 131. 1 115. 6 122. 1 | 129. 4 115. 6 136. 2 124. 5 119. 6 131. 4 116. 1 122. 1 | 128. 5 115. 8 134. 6 122. 8 120. 7 132. 0 117. 4 122. 1 | 127. 9 115. 8 133. 4 122. 1 120. 7 132. 0 117. 4 122. 1 | 127. 9 115. 8 133. 6 122. 3 120. 8 132. 1 117. 4 122. 1 | 127. 5 115. 5 132. 8 122. 1 120. 8 132. 1 117. 2 122. 1 | 127. 2 115. 3 132. 0 121. 5 120. 9 131. 9 117. 2 122. 1 | 126. 2 114. 8 131. 0 119. 8 121. 0 131. 9 117. 6 122. 1 | 126. 3 114. 4 130. 6 121. 2 121. 0 132. 0 117. 3 122. 1 | 126. 8 114. 5 131. 1 123. 4 120. 8 132. 0 117. 3 122. 1 | 127. 1 113. 9 131. 8 123. 6 119. 3 132. 0 117. 3 122. 1 | 127. 1 113. 8 131. 8 123. 7 119. 1 132. 0 117. 5 122. 1 | 128. 0 114. 0 133. 6 124. 2 120. 4 132. 0 117. 9 122. 1 |
| Pulp, paper, and allied products | 115.8 125.1 124.6 126.4 97.5 99.3 94.1 134.7 87.5 111.7 | 116. 2 125. 9 123. 5 125. 1 97. 5 99. 3 94. 1 134. 7 86. 7 111. 8 | 116. 9 126. 5 124. 0 126. 4 96. 9 98. 5 93. 7 134. 7 86. 7 111. 2 | 117. 5 126. 6 124. 2 130. 1 96. 5 98. 7 92. 4 135. 8 85. 9 111. 6 | 117. 3 126. 8 124. 3 130. 1 96. 2 98. 7 91. 6 136. 5 85. 2 111. 5 | 117. 1 126. 8 124. 8 130. 1 95. 8 97. 9 90. 9 139. 3 85. 5 112. 1 | 117. 0 126. 8 124. 8 130. 3 96. 1 99. 1 90. 4 142. 1 85. 4 111. 0 | 117.1 126.8 124.6 130.3 95.3 98.8 88.8 135.8 85.4 109.0 | 116. 6 126. 8 124. 9 130. 3 95. 0 98. 6 88. 5 135. 1 84. 9 109. 3 | 116. 3 126. 8 125. 0 129. 3 94. 7 98. 2 88. 5 132. 3 84. 6 109. 2 | 115. 8 126. 5 125. 1 129. 3 94. 8 98. 2 88. 3 121. 6 85. 2 109. 5 | 115. 8 126. 5 126. 1 129. 3 94. 9 98. 1 88. 4 123. 9 85. 6 110. 1 | 116. 2 126. 5 126. 8 129. 3 35. 1 38. 5 88. 9 124. 2 85. 6 109. 8 |
| Tobacco mfrs. and bottled beveragesdo Beverages, alcoholicdo Cigarettesdo | 115. 6 110. 0 124. 0 | 115. 6 110. 0 124. 0 | 116. 2 111. 2 124. 0 | 118. 1 114. 9 124. 0 | 118. 1 114. 9 124. 0 | 118, 1 114, 9 124, 0 | 118. 2 115. 0 124. 0 | 118.0 114.6 124.0 | 117. 9 114. 6 124. 0 | 121. 5 114. 6 124. 0 | 121. 4 114. 3 124. 0 | 121. 4 114. 2 124. 0 | 121. 4 114. 2 124. 0 |
| PURCHASING POWER OF THE DOLLAR | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| As measured by— Wholesale prices | 90. 2 87. 2 87. 9 | 90. 4 87. 0 87. 6 | 90. 1 86. 8 87. 9 | 90. 7 86. 7 88. 0 | 91. 1 87. 0 89. 3 | 90. 8 87. 0 89. 0 | 90. 2 86. 8 88. 4 | 90. 5 87. 0 88. 8 | 90. 5 87. 1 89. 2 | 90. 1 87. 3 89. 0 | 96. 2 87. 0 88. 3 | 90. 9 86. 9 87. 9 | 1 90. 6 1 86. 8 1 87. 3 |
| | (| CONST | FRUCT | TON A | ND R | EAL E | STATI | E | | ·— | <u>, </u> | <u></u> | <u>'</u> |
| CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY; | | | | | | - | | | | | | | |
| New construction, totalmil. of dol_ | 3, 325 | 3, 345 | 3, 362 | 3, 236 | 3, 024 | 2, 712 | 2, 440 | 2, 348 | 2, 568 | 2, 814 | 3, 004 | 3, 358 | 3, 512 |
| Private, total | 2, 218 1, 126 990 112 489 | 2, 223 1, 114 980 110 493 | 2, 200 1, 093 965 103 | 2, 154 1, 076 950 101 511 177 | 2, 077 1, 034 915 94 523 177 | 1, 917 951 850 78 | 1, 714 816 730 63 486 | 1, 643 758 675 61 474 | 1, 791 863 770 71 469 | 1, 937 980 860 96 | 2, 115 1, 092 955 111 490 | 7 2, 277 1, 183 1, 040 114 | 2, 387 1, 252 1, 110 113 |
| Industrial do Commercial do Farm construction do. Public utility do | 176 165 182 408 | 174 169 185 420 | 177 175 170 422 | 177 179 140 417 | 177 192 118 393 | 177 182 103 347 | 179 164 102 303 | 474 176 157 106 298 | 173 154 114 338 | 169 151 127 358 | 165 167 145 379 | 164 7 189 157 398 | 161 203 164 410 |
| Public, total do Residential do Nonresidential building do Military and naval do Highway do Conservation and development do Other types do | 1, 107 46 373 122 382 77 107 | 1, 122 44 376 120 395 74 113 | 1, 162 46 380 118 428 73 117 | 1, 082 46 374 101 379 70 112 | 947 43 353 96 286 66 103 | 795 39 350 78 174 61 93 | 726 36 354 65 130 51 90 | 705 35 347 61 125 46 91 | 777 34 367 61 160 53 102 | 877 32 383 66 230 59 107 | 979 31 387 63 320 63 115 | 7 1, 081 29 7 395 7 84 385 67 121 | 1, 125 26 407 81 415 69 127 |
| Construction contracts awarded in 37 States (F. W. | | | | | | | | | | | } | | |
| Dodge Corp.): Total projectsnumber Total valuationthous. of dol Public ownershipdo Private ownershipdo | 610, 348 | 532, 064 | 42, 586 1, 741, 673 724, 682 1, 016, 991 | 50, 049 1, 892, 388 689, 264 1, 203, 124 | 41, 379 1, 394, 050 483, 160 910, 890 | 35, 777 1, 299, 764 478, 814 820, 950 | 38, 361 1, 151, 987 363, 087 788, 900 | 40, 787 1, 221, 260 435, 799 785, 461 | 55, 659 1, 527, 517 484, 191 1, 043, 326 | 65, 521 1, 691, 868 476, 550 1, 215, 318 | 65, 641 1, 925, 253 669, 239 1, 256, 014 | 59, 741 1, 733, 264 624, 890 1, 108, 374 | 60, 996 1, 836, 935 681, 024 1, 155, 911 |
| Nonresidential buildings: Projectsnumber. Ploor areathous. of sq. ft. Valuationthous. of dol. Residential buildings: | 6, 209 57, 374 764, 393 | 5, 267 40, 292 545, 851 | 4, 675 38, 407 783, 266 | 5, 316 52, 435 758, 130 | 4, 199 40, 368 611, 857 | 3, 804 36, 450 540, 338 | 3, 661 33, 937 473, 077 | 3, 871 32, 259 468, 712 | 4, 936 41, 561 532, 060 | 5, 406 45, 971 605, 427 | 5, 647 51, 913 672, 288 | 5, 367 49, 014 656, 445 | 5, 744 48, 877 641, 513 |
| Projectsnumber_ Floor areathous. of sq. ft_ Valuationthous. of dol | 44, 227 70, 206 653, 407 | 38, 554 53, 242 507, 560 | 35, 712 52, 470 507, 430 | 42, 610 65, 908 634, 582 | 35, 668 50, 247 484, 168 | 30, 492 46, 614 433, 500 | 33, 442 48, 156 462, 482 | 35, 621 52, 706 508, 773 | 48, 718 69, 631 667, 737 | 57, 531 80, 422 796, 133 | 57, 019 84, 946 825, 300 | 51, 414 73, 138 720, 266 | 51, 988 74, 756 745, 440 |
| Public works: Projectsnumber_ Valuationthous. of dol Utilities: | 2, 336 269, 600 | 2, 335 304, 917 | 1, 796 269, 625 | 1, 693 270, 064 | 1, 177 239, 827 | 1, 153 226, 634 | 951 134, 304 | 1,007 191,855 | 1, 623 209, 986 | 2, 040 219, 400 | 2, 427 324, 032 | 2, 458 287, 104 | 2, 693 351, 895 |
| Projectsnumber Valuationthous. of dol | 105, 942 | 56, 080 | 403 181, 352 | 229, 612 | 335 58, 198 | 99, 292 | 82, 124 | 51, 920 | 117, 734 | 70, 908 | 103, 633 | 502 60, 449 | 571 98, 087 |
| Value of contract awards (F. R. indexes): Total, unadjusted 1947-49 = 100 Residential, unadjusted do Total, adjusted do Residential, adjusted do | 189 178 172 175 | 216 183 205 184 | 221 181 218 180 | 220 178 230 183 | 201 170 224 176 | 168 151 208 177 | 161 154 195 185 | 171 180 196 201 | 194 216 191 205 | 225 251 196 213 | 234 257 193 216 | 240 251 207 227 | 233 243 213 240 |
| Engineering construction: Contract awards (ENR)thous. of dol | 1, 262, 992 | 1, 111, 213 | 1, 116, 572 | 1, 469, 252 | 794, 315 | 1, 510, 921 | 766, 320 | 766, 601 | 933, 637 | 1, 439, 441 | 1, 436, 942 | 1, 160, 753 | 1, 574, 986 |
| Highway concrete pavement contract awards:⊙ Totalthous. of sq. yd. Airportsdo. Roadsdo. Streets and alleysdo. ' Revised. ¹ Indexes on base formerly used (! | 3, 453 | 7,810 1,056 3,798 2,956 | 7, 187 1, 102 4, 066 2, 019 | • | 3, 258 100 1, 774 1, 384 | ² 6,605 148 ² 4,336 ² 2,121 | 1, 748 1, 852 1, 125 | 4, 036 1, 299 1, 007 1, 729 | 6, 075 1, 078 2, 347 2, 649 | 7, 791 1, 211 4, 005 2, 575 | 6, 255 1, 480 1, 820 2, 954 | 10, 342 2, 141 4, 375 3, 826 | 7, 624 1, 379 3, 437 2, 808 e contracts |

⁷ Revised. 1 Indexes on base formerly used (1935-39=100) are as follows: Measured by—wholesale prices, 47.4; consumer prices, 51.9; retail food, 43.2. 2 Data include some contracts awarded in prior months but not reported. 3 Por actual wholesale prices of individual commodities, see respective commodities. 1 Revisions for 1950-53 appear on p. 24 of this issue of the SURVEY. 3 Data for July, October, and December 1953 and April and July 1954 are for 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks. 3 Data for July and September 1953 and March and June 1954 are for 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks.

| | | | | | | | | | | ~ | | | |
|---|---|--|--|---|--|---|--|--|--|---|--|---|----------------------------------|
| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | July | August | Septem- ber | 53 October | Novem- | Decem- | January | Febru- ary | March | 1954 April | May | June | July |
| | CONST | ruct | · | ND R | | | E—Con | | | | | | |
| NEW DWELLING UNITS AND URBAN BUILDING | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| New permanent nonfarm dwelling units started (U. S. Department of Labor) | 96, 700 47, 267 46, 697 37, 015 2, 906 6, 776 570 | 93, 200 45, 621 44, 539 35, 689 2, 254 6, 596 1, 082 | 95, 100 46, 149 42, 900 33, 626 2, 399 6, 875 3, 249 | 90, 100 43, 381 43, 143 34, 536 2, 676 5, 931 238 | 81, 500 35, 707 34, 150 27, 807 2, 098 4, 245 1, 557 | 65, 800 32, 753 31, 987 24, 156 2, 028 5, 803 766 | 66, 400 33, 669 31, 855 23, 185 1, 489 7, 181 1, 814 | 75, 200 38, 916 37, 784 29, 705 1, 882 6, 197 1, 132 | 95, 200 55, 546 53, 596 43, 349 2, 488 7, 758 1, 951 | 107,700 57,773 56,807 47,082 2,526 7,199 966 | 107, 000 53, 663 52, 871 44, 592 2, 199 6, 080 792 | 120, 000 63, 409 59, 526 49, 865 2, 422 7, 239 3, 883 | 112,00 |
| Indexes of urban building authorized: Number of new dwelling units. 1947-49=100 Valuation of building, total. do. New residential building. do. New nonresidential building. do. Additions, alterations, and repairs. do. | 103. 3 159. 7 144. 9 184. 5 158. 0 | 99. 6 144. 9 141. 0 154. 4 137. 9 | 100. 9 144. 7 143. 3 144. 7 149. 6 | 94. 8 141. 8 133. 8 156. 6 138. 0 | 78. 5 121. 5 109. 7 145. 8 109. 7 | 71. 7 109. 9 96. 2 137. 7 97. 4 | 73. 6 108. 4 95. 2 132. 2 93. 1 | 84, 2 115, 1 113, 7 122, 3 103, 9 | 119. 9 160. 3 165. 9 164. 8 129. 5 | 126. 9 171. 6 180. 5 160. 3 143. 2 | 117.3 163.7 170.1 164.4 137.8 | 137, 9 191, 5 190, 4 191, 5 161, 8 | |
| CONSTRUCTION COST INDEXES Department of Commerce composite 1947-49=100- | 7 123. 0 | r 122. 9 | r 122. 7 | r 122. 5 | r 122, 5 | r 122. 3 | 121. 9 | 121.0 | r 121. 2 | r 121. 0 | r 121. 3 | r 122. 0 | 123. |
| Aberthaw (industrial building) | 580 639 601 526 574 411 | 583 639 601 526 574 416 | 583 639 601 521 574 417 | 584 640 604 524 572 418 | 585 641 609 525 576 418 | 392 585 641 609 525 576 418 | 584 641 623 522 576 422 | 585 641 624 522 576 420 | 586 641 624 529 579 420 | 585 639 623 530 577 422 | 586 639 623 530 577 422 | 589 639 624 530 504 424 | 59 64 62 53 59 42 |
| Apartments, hotels, and office buildings: Brick and concrete. U. S. avg. 1926-29=100. Brick and steel | 254. 2 252. 2 259. 0 | 254. 9 253. 0 258. 7 | 255. 8 253. 5 258. 3 | 255. 6 253. 2 257. 3 | 256. 0 253. 7 257. 4 | 256. 3 253. 8 257. 1 | 254. 9 251. 9 255. 2 | 254. 3 250. 9 253. 7 | 254. 0 250. 7 253. 7 | 254. 2 250. 2 252. 8 | 255. 7 251. 3 253. 9 | 256. 1 251. 5 254. 7 | 257. 252. 256. |
| Brick and concrete do Brick and steel do Brick and wood do Frame do Steel do Residences: do | 260. 5 257. 4 255. 8 261. 2 241. 2 | 261. 0 257. 8 256. 0 260. 0 241. 6 | 262. 0 258. 7 256. 0 259. 0 242. 3 | 261. 9 258. 6 255. 2 257. 6 242. 5 | 262. 2 258. 9 255. 3 257. 8 242. 8 | 262. 5 259. 1 255. 1 257. 2 243. 0 | 261. 4 257. 9 253. 5 254. 7 241. 9 | 260. 4 257. 3 252. 5 252. 5 241. 3 | 260. 2 257. 2 252. 5 252. 7 241. 2 | 261. 0 257. 4 251. 9 251. 5 241. 2 | 262. 9 258. 8 253. 1 252. 6 242. 2 | 263. 4 259. 3 253. 6 253. 9 242. 4 | 265 261 254 255 244 |
| ### Brick | 259. 4 255. 4 129. 2 135. 2 | 259. 0 254. 6 128. 9 134. 8 | 258. 8 254. 1 129. 0 135. 0 | 257. 8 252. 9 129. 0 135. 1 | 257. 9 253. 0 128. 9 134. 9 | 257. 7 252. 6 129. 2 135. 5 | 255. 7 250. 5 129. 3 135. 7 | 254. 2 248. 3 129. 2 135. 5 | 254. 2 248. 9 129. 5 135. 8 | 253. 4 247. 4 129. 7 136. 5 | 254. 5 248. 3 130. 1 137. 2 | 255. 3 249. 3 131. 3 138. 6 | 256 250 134 141 |
| Composite, standard mile | | | 133. 9 | | | 131. 8 | | | 127. 7 | | | 127.0 | |
| Production of selected construction materials, index: Unadjusted 1939=100 Adjusted do REAL ESTATE | 174. 0 163. 5 | 177. 5 156. 8 | 178. 6 166. 1 | 185. 7 167. 6 | 160. 1 161. 6 | 147. 1 166. 4 | 138. 7 162. 4 | 143. 8 174. 3 | r 167. 0 r 176. 7 | 171. 8 172. 8 | 7 173. 6 7 164. 1 | » 176, 5 » 165, 0 | |
| Forme mortgages insured or guaranteed by— Fed. Hous. Adm.: Face amount | 203, 130 229, 347 700 | 193, 071 247, 905 746 | 185, 545 309, 429 801 | 193, 538 291, 656 819 | 172, 353 284, 905 865 | 173, 057 252, 433 952 | 183, 443 247, 561 751 | 154, 255 268, 144 677 | 161, 872 225, 681 630 | 152, 886 249, 213 613 | 146, 580 269, 616 608 | 164, 217 308, 931 675 | 154, 5 298, 6 |
| tions, estimated total | 757, 569 236, 513 355, 316 58, 476 27, 043 80, 221 | 706, 631 217, 925 339, 956 51, 969 27, 438 69, 343 | 684, 245 208, 137 328, 453 50, 671 27, 204 69, 780 | 688, 142 218, 785 318, 359 52, 094 27, 059 71, 845 | 585, 915 190, 304 265, 424 45, 705 19, 454 65, 028 | 583, 538 187, 422 258, 641 48, 324 19, 672 69, 479 | 494, 859 151, 935 217, 119 47, 548 15, 992 62, 265 | 539, 359 176, 074 219, 846 54, 959 19, 314 69, 166 | 710, 130 245, 604 288, 212 66, 397 25, 602 84, 315 | 731, 533 256, 844 297, 895 66, 174 25, 176 85, 444 | 728, 369 254, 361 301, 497 65, 105 26, 420 80, 986 | 809, 987 283, 088 341, 421 } 185, 428 | |
| under), estimated total thous of dol. Nonfarm foreclosures, adjusted index 1935-39=100. Fire losses thous, of dol. | 1,797,760 14.8 74,938 | 1, 709, 392 14. 2 107, 713 | 1, 728, 508 13. 6 68, 613 | 1, 745, 841 14. 2 68, 551 | 1, 548, 645 13, 1 68, 064 | 1, 622, 326 14, 7 83, 440 | 1, 372, 242 14. 6 86, 493 | 1, 425, 193 16. 3 78, 928 | 1, 783, 519 17. 4 84, 821 | 1, 792, 991 77, 933 | 1, 804, 499 62, 282 | 1, 990, 092 65, 533 | 39, 58 |
| | | | DO | MESTI | C TRA | ADE | | | | | | _ | |
| ADVERTISING | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Printers' Ink advertising index, adjusted:† Combined index 1947-49=100 Business papers do Magazines do Newspapers do Outdoor do Radio (network) do Television (network) 9 1950-52=100 | 167 159 133 160 142 77 226 | 155 164 121 156 136 73 187 | 164 164 132 167 136 71 185 | 166 162 140 162 140 66 206 | 167 183 137 160 145 67 211 | 162 168 135 164 153 69 216 | 164 165 138 162 144 64 225 | 161 166 136 152 130 64 224 | 165 166 133 159 140 66 234 | 165 163 134 160 138 60 240 | 167 173 133 159 146 59 250 | 173 173 144 164 147 56 264 | 1 1 1 1 2 |
| Fide advertising index, unadjusted1947-49=100_r Revised. r Preliminary. 1Minor revisions back to 1915 for the Department | | 124.8 | 161.8 | 188.8 | 183.3 | 146, 4 | 130.3 | 146.7 | 172.8 | 180.0 | 180. 9 | 168. 4 | 131 |

r Revised. r Preliminary.

1Minor revisions back to 1915 for the Department of Commerce construction cost index are shown in the May 1953 Construction and Building Materials Statistical Supplement.

\$Copyrighted data; see last paragraph of headnote, p. S-1.

a Data reported at the beginning of each month are shown here for the previous month.

†Revised series. Data reflect the adoption of a more recent comparison base (except for television) and adjustments of the radio and television components to cover only the network portion of these media. Revisions prior to January 1953 will be shown later.

9 Notice that the base for television differs from that of other media.

• Revised indexes for May 1953: Total valuation of building, 166.1; new nonresidential building, 176.9; additions, etc., 147.8.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the | | | 19 | 1 | l Nor | Docum | | Fob | 1 | 1954 | 1 | 1 | ı |
|---|--|--|--|---|--|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|---|
| 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | July | August | Septem- ber | October | Novem- ber | Decem- ber | January | Febru- ary | March | April | May | June | Jul y |
| _ | | DO | MEST | IC TR | ADE | Contin | ued | | | | | | |
| ADVERTISING—Continued | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Radio advertising: thous. of dol. Cost of facilities, total | 12, 226 607 3, 684 435 226 2, 985 412 1, 335 992 1, 550 | 11, 707 679 3, 363 366 290 2, 690 396 1, 304 876 1, 742 | 12, 145 739 3, 466 408 291 2, 666 345 1, 368 929 1, 933 | 13, 829 979 3, 901 310 287 3, 101 338 1, 429 1, 271 2, 214 | 13, 667 1, 034 3, 658 249 222 2, 988 461 1, 399 1, 331 2, 324 | 14, 185 896 3, 935 284 255 3, 256 539 1, 482 1, 333 2, 185 | 13, 286 774 3, 710 251 238 3, 012 640 1, 263 1, 183 2, 214 | 12, 205 781 3, 393 253 235 2, 798 509 1, 253 1, 068 1, 914 | 13, 895 1, 063 3, 713 278 254 3, 136 577 1, 428 1, 161 2, 286 | 12, 267 785 3, 413 297 242 2, 648 441 1, 358 812 2, 271 | 7 12, 112 957 7 3, 315 258 236 2, 476 328 1, 287 867 2, 388 | r 10, 736 669 r 3, 187 217 228 r 2, 361 341 r 1, 195 709 r 1, 886 | 9, 567 761 2, 259 222 220 2, 453 460 1, 080 575 1, 537 |
| Magazine advertising: ‡ do Cost, total. do Apparel and accessories. do Automotive, incl. accessories. do Building materials do Drugs and tolletries. do Foods, soft drinks, confectionery. do Beer, wine, liquors. do | r 37, 944 r 984 r 4, 263 r 1, 824 r 5, 805 r 6, 219 r 1, 876 | 42, 740 4, 300 4, 977 1, 881 5, 429 6, 056 1, 402 | 60, 152 7, 110 4, 484 3, 428 6, 419 7, 433 2, 062 | 72, 670 5, 856 5, 770 3, 604 7, 915 10, 010 3, 126 | 69, 846 5, 071 5, 405 2, 193 7, 555 9, 599 3, 888 | 47, 531 3, 725 2, 617 1, 094 5, 109 7, 035 4, 165 | 38, 847 1, 971 4, 657 1, 741 4, 920 6, 400 1, 287 | 52, 302 3, 274 4, 726 2, 351 6, 422 9, 073 2, 037 | 64, 830 5, 013 6, 237 3, 516 6, 825 9, 905 2, 490 | 66, 705 6, 004 5, 769 4, 224 6, 803 8, 499 2, 743 | 69, 914 6, 043 6, 825 4, 742 6, 736 8, 407 2, 640 | 56 580 3. 532 5, 297 3. 653 6, 960 8, 207 2, 416 | 38, 001 867 3, 923 1, 749 5, 446 6, 687 1, 986 |
| Household equipment and supplies | r 2, 129 r 749 r 2, 550 r 1, 074 r 1, 203 r 9, 266 3, 205 | 1, 592 1, 501 2, 986 1, 165 1, 379 10, 071 | 3, 788 3, 077 3, 678 1, 300 1, 581 15, 793 4, 965 | 4, 985 4, 596 4, 640 1, 661 1, 754 18, 753 | 3,874 3,826 4,999 1,446 1,603 20,386 4,406 | 2, 975 1, 904 3, 277 618 1, 702 13, 310 3, 161 | 854 1, 169 2, 638 896 1, 211 11, 102 3, 655 | 2, 398 1, 709 3, 190 1, 137 1, 431 14, 553 | 4, 217 2, 742 3, 818 1, 594 1, 943 16, 530 4, 754 | 4, 586 3, 624 4, 082 1, 615 1, 564 17, 192 4, 551 | 5, 194 3, 734 4, 083 1, 862 1, 889 17, 759 4, 284 | 3, 532 1, 847 3, 813 1, 406 1, 914 14, 003 3, 214 | 1,803 714 2,777 844 1,227 9,978 3,104 |
| Newspaper advertising: | 187, 997 53, 368 134, 629 11, 581 3, 074 24, 531 95, 442 | 198, 647 56, 553 142, 095 11, 417 2, 021 23, 034 105, 623 | 219, 558 54, 175 165, 383 11, 910 2, 515 31, 684 119, 275 | 244, 370 55, 833 188, 537 14, 312 2, 776 39, 186 132, 263 | 241, 346 50, 718 190, 629 12, 579 2, 789 37, 773 137, 488 | 224, 299 43, 297 181, 001 10, 048 2, 897 27, 608 140, 449 | 182, 932 46, 054 136, 878 10, 192 4, 071 22, 626 99, 989 | 180, 732 44, 499 136, 233 9, 240 2, 457 26, 573 97, 963 | 216, 155 50, 024 166, 131 11, 336 3, 099 34, 084 117, 611 | 233, 264 51, 778 181, 486 14, 147 3, 065 33, 979 130, 295 | 234, 644 55, 689 178, 955 14, 647 2, 905 34, 896 126, 506 | 216, 570 52, 080 164, 540 15, 129 2, 921 31, 312 115, 179 | |
| POSTAL BUSINESS | | | | | | | | , | | | | | |
| Money orders issued (50 cities): Domestic: | 6, 299 119, 269 | 5, 856 117, 247 | 6, 281 122, 917 | 6, 556 119, 218 | 5, 995 113, 791 | 6, 669 125, 106 | 6, 112 116, 272 | 6, 501 | 7, 199 | 7, 180 | | | |
| PERSONAL CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURES | · | | | ŕ | ĺ | · | | | | | | | |
| Seasonally adjusted quarterly totals at annual rates:† Goods and services, totalbil. of dol | | | 231. 2 | | | 229. 7 | | | 230, 5 | | | 23 3. 1 | |
| Durable goods, total do Automobiles and parts do Furniture and household equipment do Other durable goods do | | | 30. 3 13. 5 12. 9 3. 9 | | - | 28. 0 11. 7 12. 6 3. 7 | | | 28.0 11.6 12.8 3.6 | | | 28. 8 12. 6 12. 4 3. 9 | |
| Nondurable goods, total | | | 118.6 19.4 71.9 6.7 2.5 5.2 12.9 | | | 118. 7 19. 5 71. 9 6. 9 2. 4 5. 1 12. 9 | | | 118.8 19.5 72.0 6.9 2.4 5.2 12.8 | 1 | | 72. 5 7. 0 2. 4 5. 3 | |
| Services, total | | | 82. 3 12. 2 28. 0 4. 4 4. 4 7. 1 26. 1 | | | 83. 0 12. I 28. 6 4. 4 4. 3 7. 2 26. 4 | | | 29. 0 4. 4 | | | 12. 1 29. 3 4. 5 4. 6 7. 2 | |
| RETAIL TRADE | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| All retail stores: Estimated sales (unadjusted), total_mil. do_ Durable-goods stores | 14, 385 5, 378 3, 068 | 14, 176 5, 189 2, 838 | 14, 082 5, 003 2, 737 | 14, 951 5, 319 2, 926 | 13, 955 4, 742 2, 531 | 16, 444 4, 944 2, 279 | 12, 339 3, 861 2, 124 | 12, 065 4, 070 2, 254 | 13, 540 4, 768 2, 771 | 14, 324 4, 963 2, 841 | 14, 246 5, 020 2, 832 | 14, 658 5, 458 3, 095 | 14, 390 5, 0 22 2, 747 |
| mil. of dol_ Tire, battery, accessory dealersdo Furniture and appliance groupdo Furniture, homefurnishings storesdo Household-appliance, radio storesdo | 2, 910 158 741 411 330 | 2, 690 148 785 435 350 | 2, 594 143 724 389 334 | 2,770 156 830 475 355 | 2,388 143 813 465 348 | 2, 099 180 1, 000 535 465 | 2, 014 110 670 364 307 | 2, 142 112 652 362 290 | 2, 644 127 690 398 292 | 2, 699 143 695 407 288 | 2, 695 137 739 444 296 | 2, 936 159 758 438 319 | 2, 588 159 733 422 310 |
| Lumber, building, hardware groupdo Lumber, building-materials dealersdo Hardware storesdo | 961 725 236 | 964 736 228 | 943 712 231 | 968 711 256 | 862 623 239 | 861 564 297 | 627 462 165 | 654 482 172 | 738 542 196 | 808 587 221 | 849 620 229 | 908 686 232 | 909 687 233 |
| Nondurable-goods stores do do Apparel group do Men's and boys' wear stores do Women's apparel, accessory stores do Family and other apparel stores do Shoe stores do Drug and proprietary stores do Eating and drinking places do Revised. | 9,007 708 149 277 151 131 392 1,181 | 8, 987 699 133 276 161 129 390 1, 188 | 9,080 840 156 324 192 167 377 1,147 | 9, 632 902 177 361 205 158 394 1, 134 | 9, 213 866 196 340 194 137 384 1, 051 | 11, 500 1, 364 352 524 291 196 516 1, 096 | 8, 478 678 160 271 132 115 407 988 | 7, 996 604 134 250 116 103 394 962 | 8, 772 715 152 297 143 124 401 1, 004 | 9, 361 949 198 379 188 185 398 1, 035 | 9, 227 821 184 337 149 152 406 1, 100 | 9, 200 852 204 326 163 159 406 1, 134 | 9, 368 722 154 283 147 138 407 1, 221 |

r Kevised.

2 Unpublished revisions for magazine advertising for January 1952-February 1953 will be shown later.

2 Unpublished revisions for magazine advertising for January 1952-February 1953 will be shown later.

3 Revisions prior to 2d quarter 1953 for the grand total, total durable and nondurable goods, and services are shown as components of gross national product in table 5 on pp. 8 and 9 of the July 1954 Survey; those for the subgroups will appear in the forthcoming National Income Supplement.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the | | | | 953 | Nto | D | | Trake. | | 1954 | (| | |
|--|--|---|---|--|--|--|---|---|---|---|---|--|---|
| 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | July | August | Septem- ber | October | Novem- ber | Decem- ber | January | Febru- ary | March | April | Мау | June | July |
| | | DO | MESTI | C TRA | DE— | Contin | ued | | | | | | |
| RETAIL TRADE—Continued | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| All retail stores—Continued Estimated sales (unadjusted)—Continued Nondurable-goods stores—Continued Food groupmil. of dol Grocery storesdo Gasoline service stationsdo. | 3, 478 | 3, 425 | 3, 350 | 3, 567 | 3, 291 | 3, 618 | 3, 357 | 3, 112 | 3, 340 | 3, 422 | 3, 447 | 3, 385 | 3, 689 |
| | 2, 897 | 2, 858 | 2, 783 | 2, 997 | 2, 740 | 3, 018 | 2, 837 | 2, 607 | 2, 799 | 2, 866 | 2, 886 | 2, 833 | 3, 121 |
| | 971 | 960 | 908 | 914 | 898 | 914 | 855 | 800 | 870 | 903 | 955 | 989 | 1, 052 |
| General-merchandise group do- Department stores, excl. mail-order do do Mail-order (catalog sales) do Variety stores do Other general-merchandise stores do Liquor stores do do | 1, 346 708 87 233 318 268 | 1, 460 774 100 242 344 269 | 1, 551 844 110 240 357 275 | 1, 714 934 112 264 403 298 | 1, 753 963 140 257 394 294 | 2, 748 1, 477 181 526 564 462 | 1, 167 624 75 176 292 269 | 1, 142 599 82 188 273 256 | 1, 330 724 94 198 314 266 | 1, 567 863 94 249 361 266 | 1, 478 819 86 222 350 262 | 1, 514 830 96 231 358 250 | 1, 334 697 77 228 332 280 |
| Estimated sales (adjusted), totaldo Durable-goods storesdo Automotive groupdodo Motor-vehicles, other automotive | 14, 469 | 14, 073 | 13, 982 | 14, 040 | 14, 104 | 13, 932 | 13, 622 | 13, 972 | 13, 900 | 14, 242 | 14, 044 | 14, 439 | 14, 272 |
| | 5, 102 | 4, 914 | 4, 865 | 5, 029 | 5, 005 | 4, 626 | 4, 436 | 4, 745 | 4, 858 | 4, 882 | 4, 730 | 5, 024 | 4, 911 |
| | 2, 836 | 2, 629 | 2, 667 | 2, 859 | 2, 776 | 2, 509 | 2, 285 | 2, 502 | 2, 738 | 2, 728 | 2, 581 | 2, 826 | 2, 640 |
| dealersmil . of dol. | 2, 694 | 2, 490 | 2, 530 | 2,718 | 2, 630 | 2,365 | 2, 148 | 2, 349 | 2, 595 | 2, 582 | 2, 449 | 2, 682 | 2,490 |
| Tire, battery, accessory dealersdo | 142 | 139 | 137 | 141 | 147 | 144 | 137 | 153 | 143 | 146 | 132 | 144 | 150 |
| Furniture and appliance groupdo | 768 | 771 | 712 | 746 | 754 | 738 | 784 | 779 | 758 | 777 | 769 | 740 | 775 |
| Furniture, homefurnishings storesdo | 426 | 416 | 380 | 429 | 432 | 418 | 443 | 453 | 433 | 440 | 436 | 423 | 447 |
| Household-appliance, radio storesdo | 342 | 355 | 332 | 317 | 322 | 320 | 341 | 326 | 326 | 337 | 333 | 317 | 328 |
| Lumber, building, hardware groupdo | 872 | 900 | 880 | 856 | 893 | 820 | 827 | 849 | 784 | 781 | 800 | 818 | 846 |
| Lumber, building-materials dealersdo | 637 | 671 | 657 | 618 | 657 | 597 | 599 | 619 | 570 | 566 | 582 | 598 | 614 |
| Hardware storesdo | 235 | 229 | 223 | 238 | 236 | 223 | 228 | 230 | 214 | 215 | 217 | 220 | 231 |
| Nondurable-goods stores do Apparel group do Men's and boys' wear stores do Women's apparel, accessory stores do Family and other apparel stores do Shoe stores do | 9, 367 | 9, 159 | 9, 117 | 9, 011 | 9, 099 | 9, 306 | 9, 186 | 9, 228 | 9, 042 | 9, 360 | 9, 313 | 9, 415 | 9, 361 |
| | 900 | 812 | 796 | 768 | 787 | 868 | 845 | 878 | 807 | 876 | 822 | 885 | 858 |
| | 196 | 168 | 168 | 155 | 167 | 188 | 187 | 199 | 196 | 200 | 194 | 207 | 184 |
| | 357 | 320 | 310 | 299 | 314 | 354 | 339 | 341 | 308 | 340 | 330 | 354 | 348 |
| | 196 | 193 | 175 | 169 | 163 | 167 | 163 | 177 | 164 | 182 | 160 | 179 | 178 |
| | 152 | 131 | 144 | 146 | 143 | 158 | 156 | 162 | 140 | 153 | 138 | 146 | 144 |
| Drug and proprietary stores do | 393 | 391 | 387 | 383 | 394 | 408 | 430 | 416 | 410 | 416 | 410 | 412 | 40: |
| | 1, 115 | 1, 100 | 1, 077 | 1,070 | 1, 054 | 1, 064 | 1, 066 | 1,099 | 1, 049 | 1, 105 | 1, 102 | 1, 128 | 1, 14' |
| | 3, 434 | 3, 413 | 3, 444 | 3,400 | 3, 375 | 3, 432 | 3, 378 | 3,396 | 3, 362 | 3, 366 | 3, 434 | 3, 434 | 3, 44; |
| | 2, 860 | 2, 834 | 2, 843 | 2,842 | 2, 838 | 2, 890 | 2, 857 | 2,831 | 2, 831 | 2, 835 | 2, 872 | 2, 860 | 2, 88' |
| | 874 | 880 | 877 | 897 | 910 | 933 | 936 | 916 | 915 | 938 | 954 | 956 | 95: |
| General-merchandise group | 1, 636 | 1, 595 | 1, 548 | 1,528 | 1,571 | 1, 629 | 1, 505 | 1, 528 | 1, 490 | 1, 606 | 1, 539 | 1, 581 | 1, 569 |
| | 874 | 868 | 832 | 840 | 857 | 870 | 823 | 822 | 806 | 857 | 840 | 854 | 865 |
| | 119 | 109 | 103 | 96 | 106 | 118 | 96 | 100 | 98 | 104 | 100 | 103 | 104 |
| | 286 | 264 | 262 | 249 | 252 | 260 | 236 | 250 | 226 | 250 | 234 | 249 | 250 |
| | 356 | 353 | 352 | 343 | 356 | 381 | 349 | 357 | 360 | 394 | 365 | 374 | 355 |
| | 283 | 279 | 285 | 274 | 278 | 308 | 316 | 297 | 289 | 292 | 270 | 280 | 27 |
| Estimated inventories:† Unadjusted, total | 22, 112 | 22, 448 | 23, 023 | 23, 584 | 23, 628 | 21, 208 | 21, 369 | 22, 046 | 23, 321 | 23, 351 | 23, 016 | 22, 131 | 21, 84 |
| | 10, 706 | 10, 547 | 10, 615 | 10, 589 | 10, 459 | 9, 876 | 10, 233 | 10, 476 | 10, 913 | 11, 080 | 10, 898 | 10, 489 | 10, 22 |
| | 11, 406 | 11, 901 | 12, 408 | 12, 995 | 13, 169 | 11, 332 | 11, 136 | 11, 570 | 12, 408 | 12, 271 | 12, 118 | 11, 642 | 11, 618 |
| Adjusted, total do Durable-goods stores do Automotive group do Furniture and appliance group do Lumber, building, hardware group do | 22, 743 | 22, 775 | 22, 924 | 22, 720 | 22, 437 | 22, 661 | 22, 521 | 22, 421 | 22, 563 | 22, 690 | 22, 804 | 22, 600 | 22, 408 |
| | 10, 730 | 10, 624 | 10, 921 | 10, 727 | 10, 574 | 10, 668 | 10, 688 | 10, 584 | 10, 486 | 10, 412 | 10, 502 | 10, 383 | 10, 180 |
| | 3, 810 | 3, 737 | 3, 937 | 3, 875 | 3, 768 | 3, 748 | 3, 895 | 3, 868 | 3, 807 | 3, 773 | 3, 821 | 3, 751 | 3, 66 |
| | 1, 981 | 1, 987 | 2, 038 | 2, 028 | 1, 994 | 2, 039 | 1, 984 | 1, 994 | 2, 013 | 1, 992 | 2, 018 | 2, 001 | 1, 92 |
| | 2, 555 | 2, 531 | 2, 520 | 2, 424 | 2, 419 | 2, 495 | 2, 437 | 2, 351 | 2, 313 | 2, 315 | 2, 322 | 2, 302 | 2, 29 |
| Nondurable-goods stores | 12, 013 | 12, 151 | 12, 003 | 11, 993 | 11, 863 | 11, 993 | 11, 833 | 11, 837 | 12, 077 | 12, 278 | 12, 302 | 12, 217 | 12, 228 |
| | 2, 628 | 2, 593 | 2, 573 | 2, 573 | 2, 527 | 2, 521 | 2, 594 | 2, 612 | 2, 726 | 2, 811 | 2, 713 | 2, 685 | 2, 715 |
| | 2, 214 | 2, 352 | 2, 324 | 2, 314 | 2, 289 | 2, 344 | 2, 394 | 2, 416 | 2, 437 | 2, 578 | 2, 586 | 2, 566 | 2, 533 |
| | 3, 923 | 3, 897 | 3, 842 | 3, 857 | 3, 823 | 3, 858 | 3, 673 | 3, 668 | 3, 732 | 3, 665 | 3, 738 | 3, 721 | 3, 730 |
| Firms with 11 or more stores: Estimated sales (unadjusted), total | 49 63 | 2, 501 138 10 59 46 62 59 27 | 2, 524 171 13 65 59 60 60 25 | 2,760 188 18 73 57 64 59 | 2,587 176 20 69 48 60 53 32 | 3, 457 287 35 113 81 88 57 33 | 2, 240 120 12 45 37 60 50 22 | 2, 150 113 10 45 36 57 49 25 | 2, 429 155 14 58 48 59 54 31 | 1 2, 687 212 18 81 73 62 54 27 | 1 2, 603 165 14 66 57 61 55 32 | 1 2, 605 171 16 65 61 61 57 28 | 1 2, 643 139 11 58 55 66 58 28 |
| General-merchandise groupdo Department storesdo Dry-goods, other general-merchandise | 652 | 705 | 726 | 798 | 801 | 1, 282 | 501 | 510 | 604 | 737 | 697 | 729 | 658 |
| | 306 | 325 | 335 | 372 | 352 | 509 | 223 | 220 | 278 | 346 | 347 | 354 | 316 |
| stores mil. of dol. Variety stores do. Grocery stores do. Lumber, building-materials dealers do. Tire, battery, accessory stores do. | 92 | 107 | 107 | 121 | 121 | 194 | 76 | 71 | 84 | 108 | 96 | 104 | 94 |
| | 172 | 182 | 183 | 202 | 199 | 410 | 133 | 144 | 155 | 198 | 174 | 182 | 177 |
| | 1,038 | 1,035 | 1,014 | 1, 132 | 1,001 | 1, 129 | 1, 097 | 1,000 | 1,086 | 1,128 | 1, 114 | 1,069 | 1, 200 |
| | 67 | 68 | 71 | 70 | 58 | 50 | 41 | 47 | 54 | 60 | 64 | 70 | 70 |
| | 57 | 55 | 47 | 53 | 49 | 72 | 37 | 39 | 43 | 50 | 49 | 59 | 58 |
| Estimated sales (adjusted), total | 2, 635 | 2, 572 | 2, 562 | 2, 532 | 2, 569 | 2, 620 | 2, 543 | 2, 585 | 2, 584 | 1 2, 613 | 1 2, 595 | 1 2,619 | 1 2, 655 |
| | 184 | 169 | 165 | 168 | 173 | 188 | 164 | 167 | 167 | 175 | 160 | 167 | 16- |
| | 18 | 16 | 15 | 15 | 17 | 20 | 14 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 14 | 16 | 17- |
| | 73 | 69 | 63 | 65 | 68 | 75 | 64 | 67 | 62 | 69 | 63 | 66 | 65 |
| | 61 | 55 | 55 | 54 | 51 | 56 | 54 | 54 | 56 | 56 | 53 | 54 | 5- |
| | 64 | 63 | 63 | 63 | 63 | 63 | 62 | 62 | 61 | 64 | 63 | 63 | 6- |
| | 60 | 57 | 59 | 57 | 55 | 54 | 54 | 56 | 55 | 55 | 54 | 55 | 5- |
| | 26 | 26 | 25 | 27 | 30 | 23 | 29 | 30 | 30 | 29 | 28 | 28 | 33 |
| General-merchandise groupdo Department storesdo Dry-goods, other general-merchandise | 782 359 | 735 328 | 716 317 | 698 317 | 723 321 | 760 318 | 693 312 | 715 324 | 718 330 | 736 344 | 702 322 | 740 338 | 73 33 |
| stores mil. of dol. Variety stores do. Lumber, building-materials dealers do. Tire, battery, accessory stores do. | 104 208 1,045 61 47 | 109 198 1,044 62 50 | 105 199 1,066 56 47 | 103 190 1,059 53 51 | 109 196 1,060 57 52 | 130 203 1,064 59 | 103 186 1, 082 56 51 | 104 195 1,087 61 52 | 105 191 1,090 61 49 | 105 192 1,088 60 51 | 99 187 1, 120 62 48 | $\begin{array}{c} 106 \\ 199 \\ 1,698 \\ 62 \\ 52 \end{array}$ | 107 196 1, 128 67 56 |

Revised. ¹ Excludes motor vehicle dealers' sales; such data are also excluded from this series for months prior to April 1954. Motor vehicle dealers' sales for April through July (mil. dol.): Unadjusted—21; 18; 20; 16; adjusted—20; 16; 18; 16. †Revised series. See corresponding note on p. S-3.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through | | | 1/ | 953 | | 1954 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|------------------|------------------|---------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------------|----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------------------|---------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | July | August | Septem- ber | October | Novem- ber | Decem- ber | January | Febru- ary | March | April | May | June | July | | | | | |
| | DOMESTIC TRADE—C | | | | | | | | Continued | | | | | | | | | |
| RETAIL TRADE—Continued | | | | | | | | | | | | - | | | | | | |
| Department stores: | | | | | | | | ļ | | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts receivable, end of month: Charge accounts1947-49=100 | 114 | 113 | 125 | 132 | 146 | 194 | 159 | 138 | 127 | 131 | 130 | 130 | 117 | | | | | |
| Instalment accountsdo Ratio of collections to accounts receivable: | 214 | 218 | 222 | 229 | 238 | 259 | 252 | 243 | 236 | 236 | 233 | 232 | 226 | | | | | |
| Charge accountspercent | 46 | 45 | 46 | 48 | 47 | 46 | 45 | 43 | 48 | 45 | 46 | 47 | 45 | | | | | |
| Instalment accounts \(\frac{1}{2} \)do Sales by type of payment: | 13 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | | | | | |
| Cash salespercent of total sales | 47 | 47 | 46 | 46 | 46 | 48 | 47 | 46 | 46 | 46 | 47 | 46 | 47 | | | | | |
| Charge account sales do do do do do do do do do do do do do | 42 11 | 42 11 | 44 10 | 43 11 | 44 10 | 43 9 | 42 11 | 43 11 | 43 11 | 44 10 | 43 10 | 44 10 | 12 | | | | | |
| Sales, unadjusted, total U. S.‡1947-49=100 | 89 | 98 | 112 | 115 | 136 | 192 | | 86 | 89 | 110 | 106 | 106 | 11 2 88 | | | | | |
| Atlanta do | 102 | 114 | 122 | 130 | 146 | 219 | 83 94 | 101 | 110 | 129 | 120 | 114 | ₽ 106 | | | | | |
| Boston do do Chicago do do | 76 89 | 79 98 | 112 113 | 107 112 | 129 137 | 194 188 | 83 82 | 81 83 | 86 86 | 108 109 | 102 108 | 106 108 | ₽ 77 ₽ 86 | | | | | |
| Cleveland | 89 | 104 | 114 | 115 | 142 | 187 | 83 82 80 94 | 80 98 | 82 | 105 | 98 | 100 | p 82 | | | | | |
| Dallas do do do | r 105 91 | 116 104 | 119 109 | 128 114 | 144 129 | 209 189 | 94 83 | 98 86 | 102 90 | 119 110 | 119 109 | 112 108 | p 111 p 97 | | | | | |
| Kansas City do do Minneapolis do do do do do do do do do do do do do | 84 | 97 | 110 | 118 | 121 | 171 | 83 75 | 83 | 79 | 101 | 104 | 96 | ₽ 83 | | | | | |
| New York do Philadelphia do | 75 83 | 75 92 | 102 108 | 110 114 | 129 142 | 178 188 | 81 80 | 83 84 | 85 91 | 101 109 | 98 104 | 7 99 104 | р 73 г 78 | | | | | |
| Richmonddo | r 68 | 97 | 121 | 122 | 144 | 211 | 80 | 89 | 97 | 123 | 113 | r 112 | ₽ 93 | | | | | |
| St. Louisdo San Franciscodo | 86 101 | 100 109 | 109 111 | 119 111 | 136 131 | 185 195 | 83 85 | 88 86 | 92 88 | 112 107 | 106 107 | 110 105 | p 90 | | | | | |
| Sales, adjusted, total U. S.tdo | 113 | 112 | 107 | 110 | 113 | 112 | 107 | 109 | 105 | 111 | 108 | 112 | p 100 p 112 | | | | | |
| Atlantado | 127 | 130 99 | 119 | 128 107 | 128 107 | 127 | 122 | 123 | 117 | 127 | 122 | 129 | ₽ 132 | | | | | |
| Boston do do Chicago do | 106 110 | 109 | 105 106 | 107 | 113 | 108 115 | 105 106 | 109 107 | 102 101 | 105 111 | 102 108 | 106 110 | ₽ 107 ₽ 106 | | | | | |
| Clevelanddo | 114 | 120 | 109 | 110 | 115 | 112 | 104 | 104 | 92 | 104 | 98 | 107 | p 105 | | | | | |
| Dallas do do Kansas City do do do do do do do do do do do do do | 7 125 111 | 127 112 | 112 103 | 122 108 | 127 112 | 125 114 | 119 110 | 121 109 | 115 103 | 120 113 | 123 109 | 127 115 | p 132 p 118 | | | | | |
| Minneapolisdo | 105 | 102 | 100 | 103 | 105 | 107 | 104 | 108 | 95 | 100 | 104 | 103 | p 103 | | | | | |
| New Yorkdo Philadelphiado | 104 117 | 99 116 | 98 104 | 104 106 | 102 108 | 101 | 101 106 | 102 111 | 99 106 | 102 | 100 105 | 102 109 | ₽ 101 ₽ 109 | | | | | |
| Richmond | r 122 | 114 | 114 102 | 117 108 | 118 | 121 | 109 | 117 | 118 | 122 | 114 | 120 | p 116 | | | | | |
| St. Louisdo San Franciscodo | 107 117 | 110 113 | 1102 | 108 | 114 112 | 113 109 | $\frac{108}{108}$ | 112 107 | 108 111 | 114 111 | 106 114 | 122 114 | p 113 p 116 | | | | | |
| Stocks, total U. S., end of month: | 121 | 126 | 132 | 141 | 142 | 109 | 100 | 114 | 100 | 107 | 100 | | | | | | | |
| Unadjusteddododo | 130 | 131 | 132 | 128 | 142 | 109 | $\frac{108}{120}$ | 114 119 | 126 121 | 127 120 | 126 121 | 116 122 | p 115 p 124 | | | | | |
| Mail-order and store sales: | 316, 298 | 339, 713 | 251 000 | 377, 007 | 373, 870 | F11 057 | 231,649 | 000 007 | 070.044 | 222 000 | 225 =00 | | | | | | | |
| Total sales, 2 companies thous, of dol. Montgomery Ward & Co. do | 78, 977 | 89, 164 | 351, 988 91, 513 | 99, 860 | 98, 349 | 511, 657 138, 930 | 52, 587 | 228, 687 53, 131 | 278, 044 67, 406 | 333, 209 83, 562 | 335, 726 78, 109 | 352, 655 81, 318 | 313, 704 69, 881 | | | | | |
| Sears, Roebuck & Codo | 237, 320 | 250, 549 | 260, 475 | 277, 147 | 275, 521 | 372, 727 | 179, 062 | 175, 556 | 210,638 | 249, 647 | 257, 617 | 271, 337 | 243, 822 | | | | | |
| Rural sales of general merchandise: Total U. S., unadjusted 1935-39=100 | 262. 6 | 312. 7 | 335. 3 | 333. 5 | 427.3 | 541.0 | 235, 7 | 252.3 | 260.7 | 293. 3 | 272, 3 | 291, 1 | 240. 7 | | | | | |
| Eastdo | 228. 4 269. 1 | 278. 3 330. 8 | 295, 9 | 311.5 | 434.6 468.2 | 487.5 | 212.2 | 222.7 | 237. 2 | 254. 6 | 248.8 | 254.4 | 202. 9 | | | | | |
| Southdo Middle Westdo | 250. 9 | 291.8 | 358. 6 315. 0 | 377. 7 320. 5 | 400.8 | 560. 9 520. 4 | $251.1 \\ 225.4$ | 269. 2 234. 1 | 287. 2 244. 6 | 314.3 274.6 | 284, 1 253, 7 | 292. 4 289. 1 | 252. 5 230. 2 | | | | | |
| Far Westdo | 349.5 | 391. 4 339. 2 | 403. 7 | 396. 8 288. 5 | 461. 7 324. 7 | 648.6 | 275.4 | 284.3 | 299. 4 | 344. 4 | 329. 2 | 354. 9 | 322. 4 | | | | | |
| Total U. S., adjusteddododo | 353. 9 322. 6 | 317.3 | 308. 7 293. 8 | 288. 3 | 305.6 | 353. 4 314. 5 | 310.0 279.2 | 307.6 281.9 | 299. 6 266. 5 | 322.3 268.0 | 309. 4 282. 7 | 313. 0 276. 5 | 312.6 281.8 | | | | | |
| Southdo | 374.3 | 368.4 | 323. 6 | 300. 2 277. 5 | 339.8 | 386.0 | 326. 1 | 324.3 | 330. 1 | 349. 2 | 338. 2 | 324.9 | 323. 7 | | | | | |
| Middle Westdo Far Westdo | 335. 9 428. 3 | 315. 1 400. 0 | 292. 8 356. 0 | 353. 0 | 305, 0 368, 2 | 341.9 407.2 | $296.6 \\ 377.2$ | 296.3 364.5 | 281. 2 374. 2 | 295. 2 378. 5 | 281. 9 378. 4 | 310, 9 369, 7 | 299. 0 379. 3 | | | | | |
| WHOLESALE TRADE | | | | | | | | | | | | 500.1 | 018.9 | | | | | |
| Sales, estimated (unadj), total†mil. of dol_ | 10, 186 | 9,386 | 9, 759 | 9,907 | 9, 231 | 9, 152 | 8,014 | 8, 103 | 9, 135 | 8, 751 | 8, 526 | 7 9, 465 | 9,539 | | | | | |
| Durable-goods establishments do Nondurable-goods establishments do | 3, 150 7, 036 | 3, 096 6, 290 | 3, 296 6, 463 | 3, 344 6, 563 | 2, 973 6, 258 | 2, 959 6, 193 | 2, 425 5, 589 | 2, 628 5, 475 | 2, 928 6, 207 | 2, 902 5, 849 | 2, 781 5, 745 | 3, 060 7 6, 405 | 2.875 6,664 | | | | | |
| Inventories, estimated (unadj.), totaldo | 11,607 | 11,750 | 12,013 | 12, 214 | 12, 153 | 11, 697 | 11, 937 | 11,914 | 11,843 | 11,601 | 11,553 | 11,488 | 11,503 | | | | | |
| Durable-goods establishmentsdo Nondurable-goods establishmentsdo | 6, 107 5, 500 | 6,094 5,656 | 6, 077 5, 936 | 6, 044 6, 170 | 5, 902 6, 251 | 5, 678 6, 019 | 5, 863 6, 074 | 5, 947 5, 967 | 6, 053 5, 790 | 6, 022 5, 579 | 6, 047 5, 513 | 7 5, 881 7 5, 607 | 5,720 5,783 | | | | | |

EMPLOYMENT AND POPULATION

| | 1 | | 19 | 953 | | | 1954 | | | | | | | | |
|--|----------|----------|----------------|-----------|---------------|---------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--|
| | July | August | Septem- ber | October | Novem- ber | Decem- ber | January | Febru- ary | March | April | May | June | July | August | |
| POPULATION | , | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 159, 629 | 159, 889 | 160, 154 | 160, 408 | 160, 654 | 160, 873 | 161, 100 | 161,331 | 161, 542 | 161, 763 | 161, 969 | 162, 187 | 162, 414 | 162, 670 | |
| EMPLOYMENT | , ' | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | j ' | 1 | | | | | | i | | |
| Total labor force, including Armed Forces:§ | | 1 1 | 1115, 342 | 115, 449 | 115, 544 | 115, 634 | 115, 738 | 115, 819 | ! ' | 115, 987 | 116, 083 | 116, 153 | 116, 219 | 116, 329 | |
| (New sample) do | | | | | | | 66, 292 | 67, 139 | 67, 218 | 67, 438 | 67, 786 | 68, 788 | 68, 824 | 68, 856 | |
| (Old sample)do Civilian labor force, total (New sample)do | 68, 253 | 68, 238 | 1 67, 127 | 66, 954 | 66, 874 | 66, 106 | 65, 589 62, 840 | 66, 905 63, 725 | 63, 825 | 64, 063 | 64, 425 | 65, 445 | | 0- 500 | |
| (Old sample)do | 64,663 | 64,648 | 1 63, 552 | 63, 404 | 63, 353 | 62,614 | | 63, 491 | 00, 820 | 01,000 | 04, 420 | 00,440 | 65, 494 | 65, 522 | |
| Employed (New sample) do | 1 | | . | | . | | 59, 753 | 60,055 | 60, 100 | 60, 598 | 61, 119 | 62,098 | 62, 148 | 62, 276 | |
| (Old sample)dodo | 65, 120 | 63, 408 | 1 62, 306 | 62, 242 | 61, 925 | 60.764 | 59,778 | 60, 106 | | | | | | | |
| Agricultural employment: (New sample)do | | 1 | 1 | 1 ' | 1 ' | 1 | 5, 284 | 5, 704 | 5, 875 | 6, 076 | 6, 822 | 7, 628 | 7,486 | 6, 928 | |
| (Old sample) do | 7,628 | 7,274 | 17, 262 | 7, 159 | 6,651 | 5, 438 | | 5,626 | | | 0,022 | ., 020 | 4,400 | 0, 920 | |
| Nonagricultural employment: | | 1 ' | 1 ' | 1 ' | · | 1 | | | | | | | | | |
| (New sample)do (Old sample)do | | | 1 55, 044 | | | 55, 326 | 54, 469 54, 433 | 54, 351 54, 480 | 54, 225 | 54, 522 | 54, 297 | 54, 470 | 54, 661 | 55, 349 | |
| Unemployed (New sample) \$do | 90,400 | 1, 240 | 1, 321 | 1, 301 | | | | 3, 671 | 3, 725 | 3, 465 | 3, 305 | 3, 347 | 3, 346 | 3, 245 | |
| (Old sample)do | 1,548 | 1, 240 | 1 1, 246 | | | 1,850 | 2,359 | 3,385 | | | | 0,01. | 0,010 | 0, 420 | |
| Not in labor force (New sample)dodol | | | . | . | | | 49, 447 | 48, 679 | 48, 696 | 48, 549 | 48, 297 | 47, 365 | 47,395 | 47, 473 | |
| (Old sample)do | , 46,874 | 46, 994 | 1 48, 215 | 1 48, 495 | 48,671 | 49, 528 | 50, 149 | 48,915 | | | | l | 1 | : : | |

(Old sample) do. | 46,874 | 46,994 | 148,215 | 48,495 | 48,671 | 49,528 | 50,119 | 48,915 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ...

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through | | | 195 | 53 | | | | | | 1954 | | | |
|--|--|---|---|---|---|--|---|---|---|---|--|---|---|
| 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | July | August | Septem- ber | October | Novem- ber | Decem- ber | January | Febru- ary | March | April | Мау | June | July |
| | EMP | LOYMI | ENT A | ND PO | PULA | TION- | –Conti | nued | | | | | |
| EMPLOYMENT—Continued | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Employees in nonagricultural establishments: Total, unadjusted (U. S. Dept. of Labor) thousands | 49,716 | 49, 962 | 50, 200 | 50, 180 | 49, 851 | 50 107 | 40 147 | 47, 880 | 47, 848 | 40.000 | - 47 025 | n 40 150 | - 47 004 |
| Manufacturing | 17, 336 10, 190 7, 146 836 106 | 17, 537 10, 192 7, 345 844 105 | 17, 510 10, 145 7, 365 839 105 | 17, 301 10, 072 7, 229 826 105 | 16, 988 9, 897 7, 091 829 105 | 50, 197 16, 765 9, 773 6, 992 822 106 | 48, 147 16, 434 9, 591 6, 843 805 104 | 16, 322 9, 480 6, 842 790 103 | 16, 234 9, 389 6, 845 772 102 | 48, 068 16, 000 9, 260 6, 740 749 98 | 7 47, 935 7 15, 836 9, 152 7 6, 684 7 737 99 | 9 48, 150 9 15, 888 9 9, 121 9 6, 767 9 748 9 100 | p 47, 824 p 15, 638 p 8, 873 p 6, 765 p 735 p 100 |
| Anthracitedo Bituminous coaldo Crude-petroleum and natural-gas production | 49 275 | 50 276 | 50 276 | 269 269 | 49 271 | 266 266 | 261 | 45 252 | 42 237 | 39 220 | 29 213 | ₽ 28 ₽ 214 | p 202 |
| thousands Nonmetallic mining and quarrying do Contract construction do Transportation and public utilities do. Interstate railroads do Local railways and bus lines do Telephone do Telegraph do Gas and electric utilities do | 1,410 128 716 44 | 303 109 2, 825 4, 274 1, 407 127 710 43 566 | 298 109 2, 866 4, 265 1, 394 126 704 43 560 | 295 108 2, 889 4, 257 1, 383 128 706 44 556 | 297 106 2, 789 4, 216 1, 354 128 705 43 556 | 298 104 2, 632 4, 187 1, 329 127 704 43 556 | 295 99 2, 349 4, 069 1, 266 127 701 42 555 | 291 98 2, 356 4, 039 1, 244 126 701 41 554 | 292 99 2, 415 3, 992 1, 215 126 700 41 555 | 291 101 2,535 4,008 1,206 125 700 42 556 | 292 r 103 r 2, 634 r 4, 008 1, 216 124 699 41 557 | # 301 # 104 # 2,730 # 4,029 # 1,228 # 122 # 699 # 41 # 563 | p 105 p 2, 794 p 4, 041 |
| Wholesale and retail trade | 7, 641 1, 334 1, 386 820 2, 067 5, 607 596 347 168 | 10, 392 2, 770 7, 622 1, 340 1, 376 825 2, 067 5, 601 596 343 163 6, 422 | 10, 523 2, 774 7, 749 1, 403 1, 386 823 2, 041 5, 566 525 338 167 6, 590 | 10, 669 2, 808 7, 861 1, 476 1, 405 827 2, 040 5, 506 490 338 170 6, 692 | 10, 828 2, 831 7, 997 1, 581 1, 415 830 2, 034 5, 467 477 337 170 6, 700 | 11, 361 2, \$30 8, 531 1, 960 1, 429 839 2, 040 5, 435 475 335 167 6, 955 | 10, 421 2, 794 7, 627 1, 369 1, 401 825 2, 033 5, 377 467 333 165 6, 659 | 10, 310 2, 792 7, 518 1, 305 1, 406 818 2, 044 5, 380 474 330 163 6, 639 | 10, 305 2, 780 7, 525 1, 319 1, 399 812 2, 057 5, 406 474 329 164 6, 667 | 10, 496 2, 762 7, 734 1, 409 1, 420 808 2, 075 5, 506 488 331 171 6, 699 | 10, 375 7 2, 746 7, 629 7 1, 339 7 1, 416 809 2, 081 5, 563 7 502 7 334 171 6, 701 | p 10, 424 p 2, 757 p 7, 667 p 1, 333 p 1, 422 p 811 p 2, 106 p 5, 600 p 526 p 337 p 173 p 6, 625 | P 10, 379 P 2, 779 P 7, 600 P 1, 290 P 1, 413 P 812 P 2, 126 P 5, 643 |
| Total, adjusted (Federal Reserve) Qdododo | 49, 905 17, 507 | 49, 849 17, 400 | 49, 707 17, 263 | 49, 711 17, 125 | 49, 422 16, 901 | 49, 109 16, 704 | 48, 812 16, 497 | 48, 607 16, 349 | 48, 441 16, 262 | 48, 268 16, 122 | 48, 178 16, 039 | 48, 119 | » 47, 997 |
| Mining do Contract construction do Transportation and public utilities do Wholesale and retail trade do Finance, insurance, and real estate do Service and miscellaneous do Government do | 844 2, 611 4, 251 10, 544 | 836 2,616 4,243 10,548 2,036 5,518 6,652 | 835 2, 679 4, 247 10, 523 2, 041 5, 484 6, 635 | 826 2,725 4,245 10,563 2,050 5,506 6,671 | 825 2, 708 4, 205 10, 577 2, 044 5, 494 6, 668 | 818 2, 686 4, 176 10, 579 2, 050 5, 490 6, 606 | 805 2, 581 4, 118 10, 577 2, 054 5, 487 6, 693 | 794 2, 618 4, 087 10, 543 2, 065 5, 490 6, 661 | 772 2, 654 4, 012 10, 552 2, 067 5, 488 6, 634 | 753 2, 641 4, 015 10, 524 2, 075 5, 506 6, 632 | 744 2, 634 4, 011 10, 494 2, 081 5, 508 6, 667 | 15, 997 744 2, 625 4, 013 10, 491 2, 085 5, 517 6, 647 | p 15, 785 p 742 p 2, 636 p 4, 012 p 10, 508 p 2, 095 p 5, 566 p 6, 658 |
| Production workers in manufacturing industries: Q Total (U. S. Dept. of Labor) thousands. Durable-goods industries do Ordnance and accessories do Lumber and wood products (except furniture) | 13, 875 8, 194 199 | 14, 070 8, 195 194 | 14, 061 8, 161 194 | 13, 852 8, 088 193 | 13, 534 7, 910 187 | 13, 319 7, 791 184 | 13, 002 7, 616 177 | 12, 906 7, 520 165 | 12, 818 7, 430 150 | 12, 590 7, 309 137 | 7 12, 437 7 7, 208 7 125 | p 12, 484 p 7, 180 p 120 | p 12, 233 p 6, 933 p 118 |
| Sawmills and planing millsdo Furniture and fixturesdo Stone, clay, and glass productsdo Glass and glassware, pressed or blown | 727 397 314 458 | 731 399 315 466 | 721 393 315 467 | 713 388 313 465 | 695 377 308 459 | 654 359 301 448 | 617 344 293 428 | 627 343 292 427 | 643 347 290 429 | 649 351 283 428 | 679 361 277 427 | p 704 p 372 p 275 p 428 | p 596 p 274 p 424 |
| Primary metal industries do- Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling | 82 1, 143 | 1, 138 | 1, 129 | 1, 112 | 1,088 | 83 1,074 | 77 1, 049 | 78 1, 027 | 1,010 | 78 991 | 78 976 | ₽77 ₽985 | p 971 |
| mills thousands Primary smelting and refining of nonfer- rous metals thousands Fabricated metal prod. (except ordnance, ma- chinery, transportation equipment) | 571 | 572 | 561 51 | 555 50 | 542 49 | 534 48 | 522 48 | 511 | 502 48 | 491 47 | r 483 | ₽490 ₽48 | |
| thousands Heating apparatus (except electrical) and plumbers' supplies | 934 107 1, 295 918 1, 559 779 575 135 60 242 405 | 942 108 1, 268 932 1, 547 758 584 132 63 240 422 | 939 108 1, 262 941 1, 520 721 596 132 62 242 430 | 924 107 1, 254 933 1, 507 715 592 128 62 242 434 | 902 1,240 913 1,449 686 567 128 59 243 425 | 875 97 1, 238 883 1, 487 707 586 126 60 241 407 | 92 1, 230 855 1, 470 677 602 125 59 237 386 | 864 91 1, 220 839 1, 435 655 596 122 55 233 393 | 852 91 1, 202 827 1, 409 637 592 120 53 229 389 | 840 89 1, 187 811 1, 380 625 585 116 48 224 | 7 833 90 1, 165 791 1, 342 7 601 7 575 115 7 44 220 | P 830 P 92 P 1, 150 P 778 P 1, 321 P 590 P 111 P 42 P 215 | p 209 |
| Nondurable-goods industries do Food and kindred products do Dairy products do Canning and preserving do Bakery products do Beverages do Tobacco manufactures do Textile-niil products do Broad-woven fabric mills do | 5, 681 1, 202 252 90 264 183 134 84 1, 085 | 5, 875 1, 289 253 89 343 181 138 105 1,093 503 | 5, 900 1, 326 254 84 372 182 135 112 1, 088 | 5, 764 1, 224 263 79 253 182 130 109 1, 067 | 5, 624 1, 149 273 76 184 180 125 101 1,046 | 5, 528 1, 083 267 74 149 177 120 104 1, 028 | 5, 386 1, 024 256 73 132 173 115 97 | 5, 386 1, 009 250 74 125 175 112 90 995 | 5, 388 1, 009 246 77 126 174 115 84 989 | 380 5, 281 1, 011 241 80 135 174 117 82 979 | 374 7 5, 229 7 1, 031 239 84 7 144 7 172 122 82 7 969 | p 374 p 5, 304 p 1, 078 p 247 p 88 p 163 p 174 p 128 p 82 p 980 | p 362 p 5, 300 p 1, 148 |
| Knitting mills do. Apparel and other finished textile products thousands. Men's and boys' suits and coats do. | 1,066 114 | 1, 121 125 | 502 216 1,099 125 | 1, 103 124 | 1,085 | 1,084 | 466 190 1,062 | 463 194 1,088 | 1, 101 | 455 192 1,030 | 985 | ₽ 457 ₽ 196 ₽ 989 | » 977 |
| Men's and boys' furnishings and work clothing thousands. Women's outerwear do. Paper and allied products. do. Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills. do. Printing, publishing, and allied industries | 279 | 294 330 447 221 | 292 311 450 222 | 290 313 448 221 | 285 312 446 220 | 121 275 331 442 221 | 268 333 438 219 | 271 344 437 218 | 275 349 436 219 | 268 314 433 217 | 261 287 7 433 218 | p 110 p 263 p 283 p 436 p 219 | p 430 |
| Printing, publishing, and allied industries thousands. Newspapers | 507 144 165 546 | 510 144 164 550 229 | 521 147 168 555 226 | 525 147 170 552 222 | 522 147 169 548 220 | 525 148 173 540 217 | 514 142 171 540 214 | 514 143 169 536 207 | 517 146 168 539 204 | 516 146 168 534 202 | r 515 r 147 r 167 525 201 | ₽ 518 ₽ 147 ₽ 168 ₽ 518 ₽ 201 | » 514 |

Revised. P Preliminary.

Q Data for employment and hours and earnings have been revised effective with the June 1954 Survey to adjust to the first quarter 1953 benchmark. Revisions beginning 1951 (except for adjusted employment) are available upon request to the Division of Manpower and Employment Statistics, Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor: back figures for the seasonally adjusted employment series, further revised in the August 1954 Survey, are available upon request to the Board of Governors, Federal Reserve System.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the | | | 19 | 53 | 37. | | | | | 1954 | <u> </u> | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|---|--|--|
| 1932 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | July | August | Septem- ber | October | Novem- ber | Decem- ber | January | Febru- ary | March | April | Мау | June | July |
| | EMP | LOYM | ENT A | ND PO | PULA | TION- | Conti | nued | | | | | |
| EMPLOYMENT—Continued | | | | | | | | | |) | | | |
| Production workers in mfg. industries Q—Con. Total (U. S. Dept. of Labor)—Continued Nondurable-goods industries—Continued Products of petroleum and coal thousands— Petroleum refining—do— Rubber products—do— Tires and inner tubes—do— Leather and leather products—do— Footwear (except rubber)—do— | 190 144 219 94 343 223 | 191 145 221 93 349 227 | 188 143 221 93 341 220 | 185 141 216 90 334 213 | 184 141 210 87 334 215 | 181 139 209 87 332 219 | 178 138 206 86 332 222 | 178 138 203 85 339 225 | 177 137 199 85 338 226 | 176 137 195 83 325 218 | r 179 r 138 197 84 r 315 r 211 | p 180 p 139 p 199 p 86 p 324 p 218 | p 182 |
| Manufacturing production-worker employment index, unadjusted (U. S. Dept. of Labor) ? | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Manufacturing production-worker employment index, adjusted (Federal Reserve) 9, 1947-49=100 | 112. 2 113. 6 | 113. 8 112. 7 | 113. 7 111. 7 | 112. 0 110. 6 | 109. 4 | 107. 7 107. 1 | 105. 1 105. 6 | 104. 3 104. 6 | 103. 6 103. 8 | 101. 8 102. 7 | 100. 5 102. 1 | № 100. 9 № 101. 8 | p 98.9 |
| Miscellaneous employment data: Federal civilian employees (executive branch):5' United States, continental thousands. Washington, D. C., metropolitan area do Railway employees (class I steam railways): Total thousands. Indexes: Unadjusted 1935-39=100. | 2, 255. 1 218. 6 1, 274 121. 5 118. 9 | 2, 231. 9 215. 4 1, 271 121. 2 118. 7 | 2, 204. 6 213. 0 1, 258 120. 0 117. 1 | 2, 179. 4 210. 5 1, 248 119. 0 115. 2 | 2, 177. 0 209. 6 1, 222 116. 4 | 1 2, 454. 6 1 212. 9 1, 190 113. 2 115. 0 | 2, 157. 9 207. 7 1, 139 108. 6 112. 9 | 2, 149. 0 207. 3 1, 114 106. 2 108. 9 | 2, 147. 3 207. 2 1, 089 | 2, 141. 6 206. 9 1, 081 | 7 2, 134. 5 205. 8 1, 091 104. 1 | r 2, 126, 0 r 206, 5 1, 104 p 105, 2 | 2, 134. (206. 2 1, 107 |
| Adjusteddodo | 110. 9 | 110.7 | 117.1 | 115. 2 | 115. 4 | 113.0 | 112.9 | 108.9 | 106. 5 | 104.8 | 104. 5 | p 103. 8 | p 103. 4 |
| Manufacturing production-worker payroll index, unadjusted (U. S. Dept. of Labor) 91947-49=100 | 151.1 | 154.0 | 153. 4 | 152. 6 | 148.0 | 147. 2 | 140.8 | 140. 5 | 138. 4 | 135. 0 | 135. 1 | p 136. 7 | p 132. 5 |
| LABOR CONDITIONS | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Average Weekly hours per worker (U. S. Dept. of Labor): ? All manufacturing industries hours. Durable-goods industries do. Ordnance and accessories do. Lumber and wocd products (except furniture). Sawmills and planing mills do. Furniture and fixtures. Go. Glass and glassware, pressed or blown do. Primary metal industries do. Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills. Primary smelting and refining of nonferrous metals. Primary smelting and refining of nonferrous metals. Heating apparatus (except electrical) and plumbers' supplies. Machinery (except electrical) do. Electrical machinery. Machinery (except electrical) do. Electrical machinery. Mo. Automobiles do. Aircraft and parts do. Railroad equipment. Mo. Instruments and related products. Mo. Miscellaneous mfg. industries. Nondurable-goods industries. Food and kindred products. Mo. Bakery products. David Mo. Beverages. Mo. Beverages. Mo. Beverages. Mo. Teatile-mill products. Mo. Textile-mill products. Mo. Textile-mill products. Mo. Textile-mill products mills. | 40. 3 40. 8 41. 2 40. 7 40. 4 39. 9 40. 9 40. 8 41. 2 41. 3 40. 1 40. 1 40. 1 40. 7 41. 5 39. 5 39. 6 39. 7 40. 7 | | 36. 9 40. 6 41. 0 40. 1 40. 4 40. 5 40. 4 39. 3 40. 2 40. 0 41. 3 40. 7 39. 0 41. 7 40. 5 40. 3 39. 9 41. 4 38. 1 39. 0 41. 2 41. 3 41. 9 41. 1 39. 0 41. 7 39. 1 39. 0 41. 7 39. 7 39. 7 39. 7 | 40. 3 41. 0 40. 9 40. 8 41. 1 41. 1 39. 7 40. 3 40. 2 41. 4 41. 3 42. 0 40. 4 40. 9 40. 8 41. 6 38. 5 39. 5 41. 4 41. 0 39. 3 41. 5 42. 1 43. 2 40. 1 41. 3 40. 3 41. 5 42. 1 41. 1 41. 2 39. 5 41. 4 41. 3 41. 4 41. 3 41. 4 41. 4 | 40. 0 40. 6 39. 9 40. 0 40. 1 40. 7 40. 6 39. 4 39. 8 39. 6 41. 7 41. 0 39. 3 41. 6 40. 1 40. 1 41. 6 37. 8 38. 7 41. 4 40. 7 41. 6 37. 8 38. 7 41. 7 41. 0 39. 4 40. 1 40. 1 | 40. 2 40. 8 40. 9 40. 2 40. 4 40. 7 39. 8 39. 2 41. 9 41. 5 39. 6 39. 6 41. 3 41. 3 | 39. 4 40. 1 40. 0 39. 4 39. 2 39. 6 39. 7 39. 0 39. 3 38. 9 41. 7 40. 7 38. 6 41. 2 39. 3 40. 5 41. 0 39. 2 39. 9 39. 4 38. 5 40. 9 40. 6 38. 0 39. 2 39. 3 30. 2 37. 7 40. 8 38. 3 | 39. 6 40. 2 40. 0 40. 1 40. 2 40. 1 40. 4 39. 6 38. 6 37. 8 40. 6 40. 6 39. 3 41. 3 39. 9 40. 2 39. 5 41. 2 39. 5 41. 2 39. 5 41. 2 39. 5 41. 2 39. 5 41. 2 39. 5 41. 2 39. 5 41. 2 39. 5 39. 7 39. 5 41. 2 39. 5 39. 7 39. 5 41. 2 39. 5 39. 7 39. 5 39. 7 30. 5 39. 7 30. 5 39. 7 30. 5 39. 7 30. 5 39. 7 30. 7 | 39. 5 40. 0 40. 0 40. 6 40. 1 39. 6 38. 0 36. 8 39. 9 40. 4 39. 3 41. 1 39. 5 41. 0 39. 5 41. 0 39. 3 40. 1 39. 6 40. 1 40. 1 | 39.0 39.7 39.7 39.7 40.2 40.2 40.4 3.3 38.4 40.5 39.1 40.5 39.6 39.2 40.4 40.5 39.6 39.2 40.4 40.5 38.5 39.6 39.2 39.5 43.3 36.2 40.9 40.5 36.2 37.1 37.1 40.2 39.5 36.2 37.1 37.1 37.1 37.1 37.1 37.1 37.1 37.1 | 39.3 39.9 40.0 39.9 40.5 38.8 740.4 739.0 738.4 740.0 40.7 39.5 740.6 740.9 40.7 39.1 738.5 39.6 740.4 739.4 40.7 39.1 738.5 39.6 740.4 738.4 738.1 73 | # 39.1 # 39.8 # 39.8 # 39.7 # 39.0 # 41.4 # 41.1 # 44.7 # 41.1 # 41.1 # 41.3 # 38.3 | ν 39. 7 ν 39. 1 ν 39. 1 ν 41. 5 |
| Knitting millsdo Apparel and other finished textile products hours | 37. 2 36. 0 | 37. 7 36. 6 | 36. 0 34. 9 | 37. 6 36. 1 | 37. 2 35. 6 | 37. 1 35. 9 | 36. 1 34. 8 | 37. 0 36. 1 | 38. 0 36. 9 36. 2 | 37. 2 35. 6 34. 3 | 37. 1 36. 1 r 34. 9 | ₽ 36, 9 | P 35. |
| Men's and boys' suits and coatsdo_ Men's and boys' furnishings and work clothingbours. Women's outerweardo_ Paper and allied productsdo_ Pulp, paper, and paperboard millsdo_ Printing, publishing, and allied industries | 36. 8 36. 9 34. 6 43. 2 44. 5 | 37. 4 37. 3 35. 3 43. 3 44. 4 | 35. 4 36. 1 32. 5 42. 7 43. 7 | 36, 2 36, 7 34, 1 43, 0 43, 8 | 35. 7 35. 8 34. 3 42. 9 44. 0 | 36. 6 35. 7 35. 5 42. 8 44. 0 | 34. 9 34. 4 34. 5 41. 9 43. 4 | 36. 0 35. 9 35. 7 41. 9 43. 3 | 35. 6 36. 1 35. 9 42. 1 43. 4 | 32. 9 34. 6 33. 8 41. 6 42. 8 | 7 32. 9 7 34. 8 7 34. 8 42. 1 43. 2 | p 33, 9 p 35, 2 p 33, 9 p 42, 5 p 43, 7 | » 42, |
| Newspapers | 38. 7 36. 0 40. 0 41. 2 41. 0 41. 4 41. 2 40. 5 40. 2 38. 1 37. 9 | 38. 9 36. 0 40. 1 41. 0 40. 6 41. 1 40. 6 39. 8 39. 1 37. 8 37. 3 | 38. 9 36. 2 40. 0 41. 4 40. 8 41. 2 40. 7 39. 0 37. 8 35. 5 34. 4 | 39. 0 36. 3 40. 2 41. 1 40. 1 40. 8 40. 3 39. 1 37. 8 36. 0 34. 6 | 38. 8 36. 3 40. 1 41. 3 40. 4 40. 8 40. 7 39. 4 38. 5 36. 1 34. 7 | 39. 3 37. 4 40. 5 41. 5 40. 7 40. 7 40. 7 39. 2 37. 3 37. 7 37. 2 | 38. 4 35. 6 39. 9 41. 1 40. 5 40. 5 38. 7 37. 5 37. 6 37. 4 | 38. 2 35. 6 39. 3 41. 1 40. 4 40. 3 40. 2 38. 9 37. 4 38. 0 37. 9 | 38. 6 35. 7 39. 8 41. 1 40. 2 40. 2 38. 5 36. 6 37. 7 37. 3 | 38. 1 35. 9 39. 3 41. 1 40. 3 40. 2 38. 7 37. 9 35. 6 34. 9 | 38. 2 7 36. 1 7 39. 1 7 40. 9 40. 5 41. 2 7 41. 0 7 39. 7 7 39. 4 7 35. 4 7 34. 5 | P 30. 1 P 41. 4 P 41. 0 P 41. 4 P 41. 0 P 40. 5 P 40. 9 P 36. 7 | p 40. 9 |

Preliminary. Includes temporary Post Office employees hired during Christmas season; there were about 289,000 such employees in *cll areas*.

Sec corresponding note on p. 8-11.

Data beginning January 1953 have been revised to exclude the employees of the General Accounting Office and Government Printing Office. At the end of January 1954, employment in these agencies was as follows: Continental United States—GAO, 5,800; GPO, 7,100; Wash., D. C.—GAO, 4,300; GPO, 6,900.

| | | | 19 | 53 | | | 1 | | | 1954 | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|----------------------|
| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | July | August | Septem- ber | October | Novem- ber | Decem- ber | January | Febru- ary | March | April | Мау | June | July |
| | EMP | LOYMI | ENT A | ND PO | PULA | TION- | –Conti | nued | | ! | | | 1 |
| LABOR CONDITIONS—Continued | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Average weekly hours per worker, etc.—Continued Nonmanusacturing industries: 9 Mining: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Metalhours_ Anthracitedo Bituminous coaldo Crude-petroleum and natural-gas production: | 42. 7 34. 1 34. 4 | 43. 9 25. 2 37. 3 | 44. 0 28. 5 34. 6 | 43. 2 29. 6 36. 2 | 43. 2 25. 6 32. 6 | 44. 0 26. 2 33. 3 | 43. 6 28. 6 33. 2 | 41. 7 29. 7 32. 0 | 40. 5 25. 6 29. 7 | 39. 8 26. 2 28. 9 | 7 40. 0 7 25. 4 7 30. 9 | p 40. 7 p 36. 4 p 33. 6 | |
| Petroleum and natural-gas production hours_ Nonmetallic mining and quarrying do Contract construction do Nonbuilding construction do Building construction do | 41. 4 45. 4 38. 1 41. 7 37. 1 | 41 7 45. 9 38. 6 42. 5 37. 6 | 40. 7 45. 0 36. 9 39. 9 36. 1 | 40. 3 45. 9 38. 6 42. 2 37. 7 | 41. 4 44. 5 37. 2 39. 4 36. 7 | 40, 2 44, 0 36, 8 39, 1 36, 3 | 40. 7 41. 0 34. 3 36. 0 33. 9 | 40. 3 42. 9 36. 7 39. 8 36. 0 | 40. 2 42. 9 37. 0 39. 7 36. 4 | 40. 2 43. 4 37. 0 39. 3 36. 5 | 7 41.3 7 44.5 37.5 40.6 7 36.7 | * 40.0 * 44.9 * 38.1 * 41.9 * 37.0 | |
| Transportation and public utilities: Local railways and bus lines tdo Telephonedo Telegraphdo Gas and electric utilitiesdo | 45. 3 39. 0 42. 0 41. 7 | 45. 0 38. 7 42. 0 41. 5 | 44. 9 39. 4 42. 1 41. 8 | 44. 3 38. 6 41. 6 41. 5 | 44. 1 38. 8 41. 2 41. 7 | 44. 5 38. 5 41. 1 41. 6 | 44. 4 38. 2 40. 9 41. 3 | 43. 4 38. 0 41. 4 41. 1 | 43. 2 38. 2 41. 2 41. 0 | 43. 1 38. 2 42. 1 41. 0 | r 43.3 r 38.5 42.1 41.0 | p 43.6 p 38.6 p 41.7 p 41.2 | |
| Wholesale and retail trade: Wholesale trade Retail trade (except eating and drinking places) hours | 40. 5 39. 9 | 40. 4 39. 8 | 40. 4 39. 1 | 40. 6 38. 9 | 40. 5 38. 8 | 40. 7 39. 2 | 40. 2 39. 0 | 40. 2 39. 1 | 40. 2 39. 1 | 40. 2 39. 1 | 40. 5 38. 9 | \$ 40.5 \$ 39.4 | |
| General-merchandise storesdo Food and liquor storesdo Automotive and accessories dealersdo Service and miscellaneous: | 36. 1 39. 9 44. 9 | 35, 8 40, 0 44, 6 | 34. 8 39. 2 44. 3 | 34. 6 38. 3 44. 6 | 34. 5 38. 3 44. 5 | 36. 3 38. 6 44. 4 | 34. 9 38. 3 44. 2 | 35. 0 38. 2 44. 4 | 35. 2 38. 3 44. 4 | 35. 5 38. 3 44. 5 | 34. 9 37. 9 44. 4 | p 35. 6 p 38. 7 p 44. 6 | |
| Hotels, year-rounddo Laundriesdo Cleaning and dyeing plantsdo | 42. 2 40. 1 39. 2 | 42. 3 39. 9 38. 9 | 42. 0 40. 2 40. 0 | 42. 3 40. 1 40. 1 | 42. 2 40. 0 39. 3 | 41. 9 40. 6 39. 9 | 41. 8 39. 7 38. 2 | 42. 0 39. 8 38. 6 | 41. 9 39. 6 39. 2 | 41. 7 40. 4 42. 0 | 7 41. 8 40. 3 7 40. 1 | p 41. 9 p 40. 6 p 40. 9 | |
| adustrial disputes (strikes and lock-outs): Beginning in month: Work stoppagesnumber Workers involvedthousands In effect during month: | 534 293 | 484 238 | 420 119 | 379 175 | 281 100 | 145 76 | 250 80 | 200 50 | 225 100 | 300 130 | 350 180 | 350 180 | |
| Work stoppagesnumber_ Workers involvedthousands Man-days idle during monthdo | 841 491 3,880 .39 | 763 393 2,880 .32 | 721 211 1,700 . 19 | 658 240 1,650 .17 | 502 175 1,570 .18 | 354 173 1,880 . 20 | 400 150 1,000 .12 | 350 100 750 . 09 | 375 150 1,300 .14 | 450 200 1, 200 . 13 | 500 230 1, 750 . 21 | 550 280 2, 200 . 24 | 3, |
| S. Employment Service placement activities: Nonagricultural placements thousands nemployment compensation, State laws (Bureau of Employment Security): | 574 | 572 | 605 | 544 | 433 | 378 | 353 | 333 | 391 | 428 | 439 | 470 | |
| Initial claims† thousands. Insured unemployment, weekly average* do Benefit payments: Beneficiaries, weekly average do | 980 861 675 | 795 816 679 | 817 779 651 | 918 840 656 | 1, 241 1, 115 809 | 1, 616 1, 509 1, 124 | 1,749 2,034 1,592 | 1, 340 2, 170 1, 864 | 1, 392 2, 175 1, 953 | 1, 442 2, 181 1, 894 | 1, 227 2, 070 1, 850 | 1, 272 1, 924 1, 818 | 1, |
| Amount of payments thous. of dol- etans' unemployment allowances: thousands Initial claims thousands Insured unemployment, weekly average do | 69, 175 18 27 | 64, 579 16 27 | 65, 300 15 24 | 66, 104 | 78, 979 24 | 120, 780 33 | 158, 418 39 | 179, 284 35 | 215, 650 38 87 | 200, 837 | 185, 601 29 | 190, 959 38 | 167, |
| Amount of payments thous. of dol. | 30 3, 322 | 32 3, 234 | 3, 041 | 23 25 2,600 | 31 32 3, 096 | 45 47 5, 043 | 64 69 6, 599 | 78 89 8, 085 | 103 10, 840 | 82 101 10, 153 | 77 94 8, 975 | 79 97 9, 755 | 9 |
| Accession ratemonthly rate per 100 employees Separation rate, total | 4.1 4.3 .4 1.1 | 4.3 4.8 .4 1.3 | 4.0 5.2 .4 1.5 | 3.3 4.5 .4 1.8 | 2.7 4.2 .3 2.3 | 2. 1 4. 0 . 2 2. 5 | 2.8 4.3 .2 2.8 | 2. 5 3. 5 . 2 2. 2 | 2.8 3.7 .2 2.3 | 2. 4 3. 8 . 2 2. 4 | 2.7 3.3 .2 1.9 | 73.5 3.1 .2 1.7 | P |
| Quitdo Military and miscellaneousdo WAGES | 2.5 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 2.1 | 1.5 .3 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 1.0 .2 | 1.1 | 1. 0 | 1.1 | p |
| verage weekly gross earnings (U. S. Department of Labor): 9 | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | |
| All manufacturing industries dollars Durable-goods industries do Ordnance and accessories do Lumber and wood products (except furniture) | 71.33 76.70 77.87 | 71, 69 77, 27 78, 12 | 71. 42 77. 14 79. 13 | 72. 14 77. 90 78. 94 | 71, 60 76, 73 76, 21 | 72. 36 77. 52 78. 94 | 70, 92 76, 59 77, 60 | 71, 28 76, 38 78, 40 | 70. 71 76. 00 79. 19 | 70. 20 75. 43 78. 21 | 771.13 76.21 78.80 | p 71. 68 p 76. 40 p 79. 79 | p 70 p 75 p 79 |
| dollars Sawmills and planing millsdo Furniture and fixturesdo Stone, clay, and glass productsdo | 67. 16 65. 85 61. 05 70. 58 | 66, 91 67, 40 62, 99 71, 10 | 66. 97 67. 06 62. 78 71. 10 | 67. 32 67. 82 64. 12 72. 10 | 65, 20 65, 76 63, 49 71, 05 | 64. 32 64. 64 63. 90 71, 23 | 62, 65 62, 72 61, 78 69, 48 | 63. 76 63. 92 62. 16 70. 70 | 64. 40 64. 96 62. 56 70. 30 | 65. 93 65. 77 61. 00 70. 18 | 7 67. 03 7 67. 23 60. 53 7 71. 10 | ^p 68, 21 ^p 68, 56 ^p 6 2, 33 ^p 71, 10 | P 65 |
| Glass and glassware, pressed or blown dollars. Primary metal industriesdo Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills | 67. 08 85. 07 | 68. 46 85. 28 | 69. 17 85. 63 | 69. 08 83, 82 | 70. 13 82. 78 | 69. 34 82. 78 | 68. 64 81. 74 | 70. 09 79. 52 | 70. 49 78. 28 | 68. 94 77. 90 | 7 69, 81 7 79, 49 | p 69. 45 p 81. 12 | ₽81 |
| dollars_ Primary smelting and refining of nonferrous metalsdollars_ | 89, 76 80, 34 | 90. 20 81. 16 | 90. 80 85. 08 | 88, 04 82, 39 | 86, 33 82, 98 | 85. 46 82. 54 | 84. 80 83. 40 | 81. 27 79. 98 | 79. 12 78. 20 | 79. 39 78. 41 | * 81, 22 * 78, 40 | p 84. 10 | 1 |
| Fabricated metal prod. (except ordnance, ma- chinery, and trans. equip.)dollars. Heating apparatus (except electrical) and plumbers' suppliesdollars. | 76. 41 72. 98 | 76, 59 72, 80 | 75. 70 71. 76 | 77, 23 74, 56 | 76, 67 72, 31 | 78. 02 73. 63 | 76. 92 | 76. 33 | 75. 95 | 75. 39 | r 77. 33 | p 76. 92 | ₽ 7€ |
| Machinery (except electrical). do. Electrical machinery. do. Transportation equipment do. Automobiles do Aircraft and parts do. | 81. 73 70. 58 84. 86 87. 91 82. 59 | 82, 12 71, 63 85, 70 88, 58 83, 60 | 82. 57 72. 09 84. 23 86. 58 | 83. 58 71, 91 85, 89 88, 13 | 82, 78 72, 14 84, 84 87, 02 | 84, 42 72, 36 85, 88 87, 42 | 71. 80 82. 40 70. 74 85. 86 89. 79 | 73. 10 82. 60 72. 22 84. 82 85. 72 | 73. 10 82. 20 71. 28 84. 21 84. 93 | 70. 66 81. 00 70. 56 84. 82 87. 26 | 73. 28 81. 61 71. 50 785. 67 788. 34 | p 74. 40 p 81. 00 p 71. 68 p 84. 19 p 84. 89 | p 8(p 7) p 84 |
| Afterna and parts. do. Ship and boat building and repairs. do. Railroad equipment. do. Instruments and related products. do. Miscellaneous mfg. industries. do. | 82, 59 80, 98 77, 99 71, 86 61, 93 | 83, 60 81, 16 78, 16 73, 16 63, 74 | 83. 21 78. 87 80. 73 74. 16 63. 36 | 84. 03 79. 70 81. 77 74. 93 65. 19 | 84, 03 78, 62 80, 11 74, 75 65, 12 | 85. 27 82. 37 82. 76 75. 17 65. 53 | 83. 23 78. 66 82. 32 72. 22 63, 43 | 85. 28 81. 12 82. 95 73. 12 64. 16 | 84. 46 81. 95 81. 93 72. 76 64. 00 | 83. 43 80. 70 80. 08 72. 07 62. 72 | 83. 84 80. 94 7 80. 85 72. 07 7 63. 43 | p 84. 25 p 80. 16 p 82. 11 p 72. 83 p 63. 52 | р 72 р 62 |

Revised. * Preliminary.

§ See corresponding note on p. S-11.

‡ Revised to include only privately operated lines; data shown in the March 1954 Survey and earlier issues cover both privately operated and government-operated lines.

†Revised series. Beginning with the February 1954 Survey, data have been revised to exclude transitional claims and, therefore, more closely represent instances of new unemployment. *New series. Compiled by the U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Employment Security. Data for insured unemployment for continental U. S. (excluding Alaska) have been substituted for the series on number of continued claims filed. The insured unemployment series is derived by adjusting the number of weeks of unemployment for the lag between the week of justed for split weeks in the month on the basis of a 5-day week. Weekly averages for 1952 appear in the February 1954 Survey.

Beginning with the February 1954 Survey data for veterans' unemployment allowances cover only unemployment compensation benefits under the Veterans Readjustment Assistance Act of 1952. The figures for initial claims exclude transitional claims; the insured unemployment figures exclude claims from veterans which were filed to supplement benefits under State or railroad unemployment-insurance programs to eliminate duplicate counts in the State data shown above; the number of beneficiaries and the amount of payments include all veterans whether or not the payments supplement benefits under either State or railroad insurance programs.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through | | | 19 | 953 | | | | | - | 1954 | | | |
|--|-------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | July | August | Septem- ber | October | Novem- ber | Decem- ber | January | Febru- ary | March | April | May | June | July |
| | EMP | LOYMI | ENT A | ND PO | OPULA | TION- | —Conti | nued | | | | | ' |
| WAGES—Continued | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Average weekly gross earnings, etc. 9—Continued All manufacturing industries—Continued Nondurable-goods industries—dollars— | 63. 76 | 63. 76 | 63. 57 | 63. 67 | 63. 73 | 64. 45 | 63. 53 | 64. 02 | 64. 02 | 62. 87 | r 63. 91 | r 64. 74 | ₽ 64. 74 |
| Food and kindred products do Meat products do Dairy products do Canning and preserving do Canning and preserving do Dairy products do Canning and preserving do Reches reductions and preserving do Mean do Mean de Me | 66.72 | 65. 25 72. 67 | 67. 04 76. 18 | 67. 23 77. 89 | 68. 31 82. 51 | 68. 15 76. 54 | 68. 71 76. 78 | 67. 64 73. 05 | 67. 87 73. 05 | 67. 54 72. 68 | 7 68. 54 7 74. 74 | p 69. 55 p 76. 04 | ₽ 69. 72 |
| Dairy productsdo | 72.85 69.73 54.00 | 68. 51 54. 14 | 69. 84 55. 34 | 68. 26 54. 54 | 67. 94 49. 95 | 68. 73 53. 44 | 69. 39 55. 04 | 69. 71 54. 38 | 69. 12 53. 95 | 68. 85 52. 85 | 69. 01 7 54. 72 | p 71. 52 p 53. 52 | |
| Bakery products | 65. 73 80. 60 | 65. 41 79. 19 | 66.88 80.90 | 65. 67 77. 33 | 65. 60 75. 41 | 66. 42 75. 39 | 66. 10 75. 06 | 66. 42 76. 80 | 66, 50 77, 79 | 67, 08 78, 57 | 67. 65 78. 18 | p 68. 31 p 80. 56 | |
| Tobacco manufacturesdo | 47. 87 53. 18 | 47. 46 53. 04 | 46. 92 51. 65 | 48. 07 52. 33 | 47. 49 52. 33 | 49. 13 52. 61 | 45. 97 50. 86 | 46.31 52.06 | 47. 52 51. 68 | 49. 01 50. 46 | r 49. 98 r 51, 10 | р 51.71 р 51.41 | ^p 51. 79 ^p 51. 2 |
| Textile-mill productsdo Broad-woven fabric millsdo Knitting millsdo | 52. 93 47. 99 | 52. 14 48. 63 | 50.79 46.80 | 50. 94 49. 26 | 51. 21 48. 73 | 51.34 48.60 | 49. 13 47. 65 | 50. 03 48. 84 | 50. 16 48. 71 | 48, 73 46, 99 | 48. 97 47. 65 | р 49.76 р 48.34 | |
| Knitting millsdo Apparel and other finished textile products dollars | 47.88 | 49.78 | 47. 12 | 48. 74 | 48.06 | 48. 82 | 47.68 | 49. 46 | 49. 59 | 45. 62 | r 46. 07 | ₽ 46.55 | p 47. 1 |
| Men's and boys' suits and coatsdo Men's and boys' furnishings and work | 57.41 | 60. 59 | 57. 35 | 58. 64 | 57. 48 | 58. 19 | 55. 84 | 57. 96 | 57.32 | 52. 64 | 7 52. 97 | p 54. 92 | |
| elothing dollars Women's outerwear do dollars | 40. 96 52. 59 | 41. 78 54. 72 | 40.79 49.40 | 41. 84 51. 83 | 40. 81 50. 76 | 40. 70 53. 61 | 39. 56 52. 44 | 41. 29 54. 62 | 41. 15 54. 93 | 39. 10 49. 01 | 7 39. 67 7 49. 76 | ν 39. 78 ν 48. 82 | |
| Paper and allied productsdo Pulp, paper, and paperboard millsdo Printing, publishing, and allied industries | 73. 44 80. 10 | 73. 61 79. 92 | 73. 87 80. 85 | 73. 53 79. 72 | 73. 36 80. 08 | 73. 62 80. 08 | 72. 07 78. 55 | 72. 07 78. 37 | 72. 83 78. 99 | 71, 55 77, 47 | 72. 83 + 78. 19 | ₽ 73. 95 ₽ 79. 97 | ⊅ 74. 2 |
| donars | 84.75 90.36 | 85, 58 90, 36 | 87. 14 93. 03 | 86. 58 | 86. 14 92. 57 | 88. 43 | 86.02 90.07 | 85. 95 90. 42 | 86.85 | 86. 11 | 86. 71 | p 86. 94 | p 86, 7 |
| Newspapers do Commercial printing do Chemicals and allied products | 83. 60 76. 63 | 83. 81 76. 26 | 93. 03 84. 80 77. 83 | 92. 93 85. 63 76. 04 | 85. 41 76. 82 | 96. 87 86. 67 77. 61 | 90.07 85.79 76.86 | 84. 50 76. 86 | 90, 68 85, 57 | 92. 26 84. 50 | 7 93, 86 7 84, 46 | | |
| Industrial organic chemicalsdo | 81. 59 92. 32 | 80. 79 92. 06 | 83. 64 94. 35 | 80. 60 91. 80 | 81. 20 92. 21 | 81. 81 91. 98 | 81. 41 91. 53 | 81, 20 90, 68 | 76, 86 81, 20 90, 45 | 77, 27 82, 62 91, 08 | 777, 71 82, 62 793, 52 | p 79.07 p 84.05 p 94.39 | ₽ 78.9 |
| Industrial organic chemicalsdododo | 96.00 78.98 | 95. 00 77. 21 | 97. 68 74. 88 | 94. 71 75. 07 | 96. 46 75. 65 | 96. 05 75. 66 | 95. 58 75. 08 | 94. 47 75. 47 | 94. 47 74. 31 | 94. 87 75. 08 | 7 97. 17 7 77. 81 | p 97. 58 p 81. 00 | : |
| Tires and inner tubesdo | 90. 45 51. 82 | 87. 58 51. 79 | 83. 54 48. 99 | 83. 16 49. 68 | 85. 09 49. 82 | 82. 43 52. 03 | 82. 88 51. 89 | 83. 03 52. 44 | 80. 89 52. 40 | 84. 14 49. 13 | 7 88. 65 7 49. 21 | p 94, 48 p 51, 01 | » 51. 3 |
| Leather and leather productsdo Footwear (except rubber)do | 49. 65 | 49. 24 | 45. 41 | 45. 67 | 45. 80 | 49. 10 | 49. 37 | 50. 41 | 49. 98 | 46. 42 | r 45. 89 | | |
| Nonmanufacturing industries: Mining: do | 88. 82 | 92. 19 | 94. 16 | 90. 29 | 90. 72 | 92. 40 | 92.00 | 85.49 | 82, 62 | 81. 19 | r 82.00 | p 83, 44 | |
| Metal do do Anthracite do Bituminous coal do do do do do do do do do do do do do | 83. 89 84. 97 | 61. 49 92. 88 | 70.40 86.15 | 73. 41 89. 78 | 63. 49 81. 17 | 64. 71 82. 25 | 70. 93 82. 34 | 74. 84 79. 04 | 63. 74 73. 06 | 64. 45 71. 67 | 7 62. 74 7 76. 32 | p 91, 36 | |
| Crude-petroleum and natural-gas production: Petroleum and natural-gas production | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | , | ! |
| dollarsNonmetallic mining and quarryingdo | 92. 74 77. 63 | 93. 83 79. 41 | 92. 39 79. 20 | 90. 27 80. 33 | 94. 39 76. 99 | 90. 45 76. 12 | 92. 80 70. 93 | 91. 08 73. 79 | 90. 45 74. 22 | 90. 45 75. 08 | 7 94, 58 7 77, 88 | ₽ 78, 58 | |
| Contract constructiondo Nonbuilding constructiondo | 91. 82 92. 57 | 94. 18 96. 05 | 90.77 90.97 | 96. 11 97. 48 | 93.00 91.01 | 92. 37 89. 93 | 87. 12 83. 88 | 92. 85 91. 14 | 93. 24 90. 12 | 92, 87 89, 60 | 7 94. 50 7 93. 79 | P 95. 63 | |
| Building constructiondo Transportation and public utilities: | 91.64 | 93. 62 | 90. 97 | 95. 76 | 93. 59 | 93. 29 | 87.46 | 93. 24 | 94. 28 | 94. 17 | 7 94. 69 | p 95, 46 | ļ |
| Local railways and bus lines t do | 77. 92 64. 35 | 77. 40 64. 24 | 78. 13 68. 16 | 77. 53 66. 01 | 77. 18 67. 90 | 77. 43 65. 84 | 78, 59 65, 70 | 77. 25 65. 74 | 77. 33 65. 70 | 77. 58 66. 09 | 7 77. 94 7 67. 38 | ₽ 78, 92 ₽ 67, 16 | |
| Telephone do Telegraph do Gas and electric utilities do Gas | 74. 76 81. 32 | 74. 76 81. 34 | 77. 46 82. 76 | 74. 05 82. 17 | 73. 34 82. 98 | 73. 16 82. 37 | 72. 80 81. 77 | 73. 69 80. 97 | 73. 75 80. 77 | 75. 78 80. 77 | 75, 78 81, 59 | р 77. 15 р 82. 40 | |
| Wholesale and retail trade: Wholesale trade Retail trade (except eating and drinking | 72.09 | 71.91 | 72. 72 | 72. 67 | 72. 50 | 73. 26 | 72. 76 | 72. 36 | 72. 76 | 73. 16 | r 73. 93 | p 74, 12 | |
| places)dollars | 56. 26 40. 07 | 56. 12 39. 74 | 55. 52 38. 98 | 55. 24 38. 75 | 55. 10 38. 64 | 54. 49 39. 93 | 55, 77 40, 14 | 55, 91 39, 90 | 55. 91 40. 13 | 55. 91 39. 76 | 56. 41 7 39. 91 | P 57, 52 | |
| Food and liquor storesdo | 60. 25 74. 98 | 60. 40 74. 48 | 60. 37 73. 10 | 59. 37 74. 48 | 59. 75 74. 32 | 59. 83 72. 37 | 59. 75 71. 60 | 59. 59 72. 82 | 59. 75 73. 26 | 59. 76 59. 75 74. 76 | 7 59. 82 7 75. 75 | P 61 15 | |
| Automotive and accessories dealersdo Finance, insurance, and real estate: | 54. 90 | 55.00 | 55. 03 | 55. 36 | 55. 33 | 55. 68 | 56. 51 | 56. 79 | 56. 47 | 56. 76 | 7 57. 19 | | |
| Banks and trust companiesdo Service and miscellaneous: Hotels, year-rounddo | 38. 40 | 38. 49 | 39.06 | 39.76 | 39. 67 | 39, 81 | 39.71 | 39. 90 | 39. 81 | 39. 62 | 7 40. 13 | » 39. 81 | |
| I Aundries do | 39. 30 44. 69 | 39. 10 44. 35 | 39. 80 46. 40 | 39.70 | 40.00 45.98 | 40.60 46.68 | 39. 70 | 39. 80 45. 55 | 39. 60 46. 26 | 40. 80 50. 40 | 40. 30 + 47. 32 | p 41. 01 p 49. 08 | |
| Average hourly gross earnings (U. S. Department of Labor): 9 | | | | 13702 | | 1 | 1 | 10000 | 10.20 | 00.10 | 37.02 | | : |
| All manufacturing industriesdollarsdo | 1.77 1.88 | 1. 77 1. 88 | 1. 79 1. 90 | 1.79 1.90 | 1. 79 1. 89 | 1.80 1.90 | 1.80 1.91 | 1.80 1.90 | 1.79 1.90 | 1.80 1.90 | 7 1. 81 1. 91 | Р 1, 81 Р 1, 91 | p 1.8 |
| Ordnance and accessoriesdo | 1.89 | 1.91 | 1. 93 | 1.93 | 1.91 | 1.93 | 1.94 | 1.96 | 1. 97 | 1. 97 | 1. 97 | ₽ 1, 98 | ₽ 1 , 9 |
| ture) dollars do dollars do do | 1. 65 1. 63 | 1. 64 1. 64 | 1. 67 1. 66 | 1.65 1.65 | 1. 63 1. 64 | 1. 60 1. 60 | 1. 59 1. 60 | 1. 59 1. 59 | 1. 61 1. 60 | 1. 64 1. 62 | I. 68 1. 66 | P 1.68 P 1.66 | p 1. 5 |
| Furniture and fixtures | 1. 53 1. 73 | 1. 54 1. 73 | 1. 55 1. 76 | 1. 56 1. 75 | 1. 56 1. 75 | 1. 57 1. 75 | 1. 56 1. 75 | 1. 55 1. 75 | 1. 56 1. 74 | 1. 56 1. 75 | 1, 56 7 1, 76 | ν 1, 57 ν 1, 76 | p 1. 5 p 1. 7 |
| Glass and glassware pressed or blown dollars | 1.72 2.08 | 1.72 2.08 | 1.76 2.13 | | 1.78 2.08 | 1.76 2.08 | 1. 76 2. 08 | 1.77 2.06 | 1. 78 | 1. 80 2. 05 | r 1, 79 | p 1.79 p 2.05 | |
| Primary metal industriesdo Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills dollars_ | 2.08 | 2. 08 | 2. 13 | 2. 19 | 2. 18 | 2.18 | 2. 18 | 2. 15 | 2.06 | 2. 03 | r 2. 16 | | ^p 2. 1 |
| Primary smelting and refining of nonferrous | 1.95 | 1. 97 | 2.06 | | 1.99 | 1. 97 | 2. 10 | 1. 97 | 1.96 | 1. 97 | 1. 96 | | |
| metals dollars Fabricated metal prod. (except ordnance, machinery, transportation equipment) | 1.00 | 1.01 | 2.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.07 | 2.00 | 1 | 1.00 | 1.01 | 1.00 | 1, | |
| dollars Heating apparatus (except electrical) and | 1.85 | 1.85 | 1.86 | 1.87 | 1.87 | 1.88 | 1.89 | 1.88 | 1.88 | 1.88 | r 1. 90 | ₽ 1.89 | p 1. 9 |
| plumbers' supplies dollars Machinery (except electrical) do | 1. 82 1. 96 | 1. 82 1. 96 | 1.84 1.98 | 1, 85 1, 99 | 1.84 1.99 | 1.85 2.01 | 1.86 2.00 | 1.86 2.00 | 1.86 2.00 | 1. 84 2. 00 | 1. 86 2. 01 | P 1, 80 P 2, 00 | p 2. 0 |
| Electrical machinery do Transportation equipment do | 2.08 | 1. 76 2. 08 | 1.78 2.09 | 1. 78 2. 10 | 1. 79 2. 10 | 1. 80 2. 11 | 1.80 2.12 | 1.83 2.11 | 1. 80 2. 10 | 1.80 2.11 | 1. 81 2. 11 | p 1. 81 p 2. 11 | p 1. 8 |
| Automobilesdododo | 2. 16 1. 99 | 2. 15 2. 00 | 2. 17 2. 01 | 2. 16 2. 02 | 2. 17 2. 02 | 2. 18 2. 04 | 2. 19 2. 05 | 2. 17 2. 07 | 2. 15 2. 06 | 2. 16 2. 06 | 2. 16 2. 06 | P 2, 07 | |
| Ship and boat building and repairs do | 2.05 | 2.06 2.03 | 2.07 2.07 | 2. 07 2. 07 | 2. 08 2. 07 | 2. 08 2. 09 | 2. 07 2. 10 | 2.08 2.10 | 2. 08 2. 09 | 2. 08 2. 08 | 2. 07 7 2. 10 | ₽ 2, 05 ₽ 2, 10 | |
| Railroad equipment do Instruments and related products do Miscellaneous mfg. industries do | 1.56 | 1. 78 1. 57 | 1.80 1.58 | 1.81 1.59 | 1. 81 1. 60 | 1. 82 1. 61 | 1. 81 1. 61 | 1.81 1.60 | 1. 81 1. 60 | 1. 82 1. 60 | 1. 82 1. 61 | P 1, 83 P 1, 60 | p 1. 8 |
| Nondurable-goods industriesdo Food and kindred productsdo | 1.61 1.60 | 1. 61 1. 58 | 1. 63 1. 60 | 1.62 1.62 | 1. 63 1. 65 | 1. 64 1. 65 | 1. 65 1. 68 | 1. 65 1. 67 | 1. 65 1. 68 | 1.65 1.68 | 1. 66 1. 68 | p 1, 66 p 1, 68 | p 1. € |
| Meat products do Dairy products do Canning and preserving do Reference do | | 1. 79 1. 55 | 1. 84 1. 58 | 1.85 1.58 | 1. 91 1. 58 | 1. 84 1. 58 | 1.85 1.61 | 1.84 1.61 | 1.84 1.60 | 1. 84 1. 59 | 1.85 r 1.59 | p 1.60 | |
| Dakery productsdo | 1.00 | 1. 35 1. 58 | 1. 34 1. 60 | 1. 36 1. 59 | 1. 35 1. 60 | 1. 41 1. 62 | 1. 46 1. 62 | 1. 45 1. 62 | 1. 47 1. 63 | 1. 46 1. 64 | 1. 44 1. 65 | p 1, 39 | |
| Revised. *Preliminary. | 1.87 | 1.89 | 1.94 | 1. 90 | 1.89 | 1.88 | 1.91 | 1. 92 | 1, 94 | 1. 94 | 1. 94 | r 1.96 | |

^{&#}x27;Revised. → Preliminary.

See corresponding note on p. S-11.

‡Revised series. See note marked "‡" at bottom of p. S-13.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the | July | August | Septem- | 53 October | Novem- | Decem- | January | Febru- | March | 1954 April | Mon | Inna | Inle |
|--|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | • | | ber | | ber | ber | | ary | MARCH | April | May | June | July |
| | EMP | LOYMI | ENT A | ND PO |)PULA | TION- | —Conti | nued | | | 1 | | ······································ |
| WAGES—Continued | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | |
| A verage hourly gross earnings, etc. Q—Continued All manufacturing industries—Continued Nondurable-goods industries—Continued | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Tobacco manufactures dollars Textile-mill products do Broad-woven fabric mills do | 1. 28 1. 36 1. 34 | 1. 22 1. 36 1. 33 | 1. 20 1. 37 1. 34 | 1. 22 1. 37 1. 33 | 1, 24 1, 37 1, 33 | 1. 25 1. 37 1. 33 | 1. 27 1. 36 1. 31 | 1. 29 1. 37 1. 32 | 1. 32 1. 36 1. 32 | 1. 35 1. 36 1. 31 | 7 1. 34 7 1. 37 1. 32 | p 1, 35 p 1, 36 p 1, 32 | p 1. 37 p 1. 36 |
| Knitting millsdo Apparel and other finished textile products dollars | 1. 29 1. 33 | 1. 29 1. 36 | 1. 30 1. 35 | 1. 31 1. 35 | 1. 31 1. 35 | 1. 31 1. 36 | 1. 32 1. 37 | 1. 32 | 1.32 1.37 | 1. 32 1. 33 | 1. 32 1. 32 | p 1. 31 | ν 1. 34 |
| Men's and boys' suits and coatsdo Men's and boys' furnishings and work | 1. 56 | 1.62 | 1.62 | 1.62 | 1. 61 | 1.59 | 1.60 | 1.61 | 1. 61 | 1.60 | 1.61 | p 1.62 | |
| clothing dollars. Women's outerwear do. Paper and allied products do. Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills do. Printing, publishing, and allied industries | 1. 11 1. 52 1. 70 1. 80 | 1. 12 1. 55 1. 70 1. 80 | 1. 13 1. 52 1. 73 1. 85 | 1. 14 1. 52 1. 71 1. 82 | 1. 14 1. 48 1. 71 1. 82 | 1. 14 1. 51 1. 72 1. 82 | 1. 15 1. 52 1. 72 1. 81 | 1. 15 1. 53 1. 72 1. 81 | 1. 14 1. 53 1. 73 1. 82 | 1. 13 1. 45 1. 72 1. 81 | 7 1. 14 7 1. 43 1. 73 7 1. 81 | p 1. 13 p 1. 44 p 1. 74 p 1. 83 | » 1. 75 |
| Newspapersdo | 2. 19 2. 51 | 2. 20 2. 51 | 2. 24 2. 57 | 2, 22 2, 56 | 2, 22 2, 55 | 2. 25 2. 59 | 2. 24 2. 53 | 2, 25 2, 54 | 2. 25 2. 54 | 2. 26 2. 57 | 2. 27 r 2. 60 | p 2, 27 p 2, 60 | ₽ 2. 26 |
| Commercial printingdo Chemicals and allied productsdo Industrial organic chemicalsdo | 2. 09 1. 86 1. 99 | 2. 09 1. 86 1. 99 | 2. 12 1. 88 2. 05 | 2. 13 1. 85 2. 01 | 2. 13 1. 86 2. 01 | 2. 14 1. 87 2. 01 | 2. 15 1. 87 2. 01 | 2. 15 1. 87 2. 01 | 2. 15 1. 87 2. 02 | 2. 15 1. 88 2. 05 | 2. 16 1. 90 2. 04 | » 2. 17 » 1. 91 » 2. 05 | » 1. 93 |
| Products of petroleum and coaldo Petroleum refiningdo | 2. 23 2. 33 | 2. 24 2. 34 | 2. 29 2. 40 | 2. 25 2. 35 | 2. 26 2. 37 | 2. 26 2. 36 | 2. 26 2. 36 | 2. 25 2. 35 | 2. 25 2. 35 | 2. 26 2. 36 | r 2. 27 r 2. 37 | р 2. 28 р 2. 38 | r 2. 29 |
| Rubber products | 1. 95 2. 25 1. 36 | 1. 94 2. 24 1. 37 | 1. 92 2. 21 1. 38 | 1. 92 2. 20 1. 38 | 1. 92 2. 21 1. 38 | 1. 93 2. 21 1. 38 | 1. 94 2. 21 1. 38 | 1. 94 2. 22 1. 38 | 1. 93 2. 21 1. 39 | 1, 94 2, 22 1, 38 | 1. 96 2. 25 1. 39 | p 2.00 p 2.31 p 1.39 | p 1. 95 |
| Footwear (except rubber)do Nonmanufacturing industries: Mining: | 1.31 | 1. 32 | 1. 32 | 1. 32 | 1. 32 | 1. 32 | 1. 32 | 1. 33 | 1. 34 | 1. 33 | 1. 33 | ₽ 1. 33 | |
| Metal do do do do do do do do do do do do do | 2. 08 2. 46 2. 47 | 2. 10 2. 44 2. 49 | 2. 14 2. 47 2. 49 | 2. 09 2. 48 2. 48 | 2. 10 2. 48 2. 49 | 2. 10 2. 47 2. 47 | 2. 11 2. 48 | 2. 05 2. 52 | 2. 04 2. 49 2. 46 | 2. 04 2. 46 2. 48 | 2. 05 2. 47 | 2.05 2.51 | |
| Bituminous coal do Crude-petroleum and natural-gas production: Petroleum and natural-gas production | 2. 24 | 2, 25 | | | | | 2.48 | 2.47 | | | r 2. 47 | » 2. 49 | |
| dollars | 1.71 2.41 2.22 | 1. 73 2. 44 2. 26 | 2. 27 1. 76 2. 46 2. 28 | 2, 24 1, 75 2, 49 2, 31 | 2. 28 1. 73 2. 50 2. 31 | 2, 25 1, 73 2, 51 2, 30 | 2. 28 1. 73 2. 54 2. 33 | 2. 26 1. 72 2. 53 2. 29 | 2. 25 1. 73 2. 52 2. 27 | 2, 25 1, 73 2, 51 2, 28 | 2. 29 1. 75 7 2. 52 7 2. 31 | P 2. 26 P 1. 75 P 2. 51 P 2. 30 | |
| Building constructiondo Transportation and public utilities: Local railways and bus lines ‡do Telephonedo | 2. 47 1. 72 | 2. 49 1. 72 | 2. 52 1. 74 | 2, 54 1, 75 | 2. 55 1. 75 | 2. 57 1. 74 | 2. 58 1. 77 | 2.59 | 2. 59 1. 79 | 2. 58 1. 80 | r 2. 58 | ₽ 2. 58 ₽ 1. 81 | |
| Telephone do Telegraph do Gas and electric utilities do | 1. 65 1. 78 1. 95 | 1. 66 1. 78 1. 96 | 1. 73 1. 84 1. 98 | 1. 71 1. 78 1. 98 | 1, 75 1, 78 1, 99 | 1.71 1.78 1.98 | 1. 72 1. 78 1. 98 | 1. 73 1. 78 1. 97 | 1, 72 1, 79 1, 97 | 1. 73 1. 80 1. 97 | 1, 75 1, 80 1, 99 | p 1.74 p 1.85 p 2.00 | |
| Wholesale and retail trade: Wholesale tradedo Retail trade (except eating and drinking | 1.78 | 1.78 | 1.80 | 1.79 | 1.79 | 1, 80 | 1.81 | 1. 80 | 1. 81 | 1. 82 | 1. 83 | p 1. 33 | |
| General-merchandise stores do do do do do do do do do do do do do | 1.41 1.11 | 1.41 | 1. 42 1. 12 | 1. 42 1. 12 | 1, 42 1, 12 | 1. 39 1. 10 | 1. 43 1. 15 | 1. 43 1. 14 | 1. 43 1. 14 | 1. 43 1. 12 | 1.45 * 1.15 | p 1. 46 | |
| Food and liquor storesdo Automotive and accessories dealersdo Service and miscellaneous: | 1. 51 1. 67 | 1. 51 1. 67 | 1. 54 1. 65 | 1. 55 1. 67 | 1. 56 1. 67 | I. 55 1. 63 | 1. 56 1. 62 | 1. 56 1. 64 | 1, 56 1, 65 | 1, 56 1, 68 | 1. 57 1. 71 | p 1. 58 p 1. 71 | |
| Hotels, year-round do Laundries do Cleaning and dyeing plants do | . 91 . 98 1. 14 | . 91 . 98 1. 14 | . 93 . 99 1. 16 | . 94 . 99 1. 17 | . 94 1. 00 1. 17 | . 95 1. 00 1. 17 | . 95 1. 00 1. 18 | 1. 00 1. 18 | 1. 00 1, 18 | . 95 1, 01 1, 20 | . 96 1. 00 1. 18 | p. 95 p 1. 01 p 1. 20 | |
| Construction wage rates (ENR):§ Common labordol. per hr | 1.877 | 1, 921 | 1. 921 | 1. 927 | 1. 933 | 1. 933 | 1, 944 | 1. 944 | 1. 944 | 1. 947 | 1, 964 | 1, 979 | 1. 997 |
| Skilled labordo Farm wage rates, without board or room (quarterly)dol. per hr | 3. 021 | 3, 062 | 3.073 | 3. 085 | 3. 086 | 3. 086 | 3, 095 | 3. 095 | 3. 100 | 3, 100 | 3. 112 | 3. 133 | 3. 147 |
| Railway wages (average, class I)do Road-building wages, common labordo | 1. 861 1. 52 | 1.877 | 1. 883 | 1. 895 1. 57 | 1, 928 | 1. 908 | 1. 943 1. 61 | 1. 961 | 1. 902 | 1. 913 1. 46 | 1.939 | 1. 916 | 1. 51 |
| | | | | FINA | NCE | | | | | | | | |
| BANKING | | | | | | | | | i | | | | <u> </u> |
| Acceptances and commercial paper outstanding: Bankers' acceptancesmil. of dol | 435 429 | 478 | 515 | 517 | 534 | 574 | 586 | 545 | 580 | 623 | 616 | 589 | 589 |
| Commercial paper doAgricultural loans outstanding of agencies supervised by the Farm Credit Administration: | 128 | 451 | 475 | 535 | 582 | 552 | 620 | 701 | 720 | 672 | 618 | 656 | 749 |
| Total mil. of dol_ Farm mortgage loans, totaldo Federal land banksdo | | | 2, 310 1, 177 1, 157 | | | 2, 189 1, 197 1, 180 | | | 2, 271 1, 228 1, 212 | | | 2, 368 1, 257 1, 242 | |
| Land Bank Commissioner do Loans to cooperatives do Short-term credit do | 319 866 | 312 854 | 19 331 802 | 372 714 | 378 651 | 17 373 620 | 360 619 | 356 647 | 16 350 693 | 335 734 | 312 772 | 15 304 808 | 319 822 |
| Bank debits, total (345 centers) † do | 147, 957 51, 799 | 134, 386 45, 516 | 147, 699 54, 888 | 149, 606 54, 152 | 140, 992 50, 470 | 168, 596 65, 367 | 154, 289 62, 306 | 141, 933 56, 115 | 171, 260 67, 913 | r 154, 665 60, 479 | r 149, 716 59, 535 | 163, 407 64, 965 | 154, 859 61, 155 |
| Federal Reserve banks, condition, end of month: | 32, 683 | 29, 958 | 31, 422 | 31, 778 | 30, 477 | 35, 557 | 30, 806 | 29, 341 | 36, 666 | 33, 152 | 31, 159 | 33, 785 | 31, 556 |
| Assets, total mil. of dol. Reserve bank credit outstanding, total do Discounts and advances do | 50, 466 26, 176 644 | 49, 994 25, 958 343 | 51, 130 26, 252 329 | 50, 969 26, 550 413 | 51, 150 26, 133 369 | 52, 315 26, 880 28 | 50, 509 25, 437 156 | 50, 692 25, 688 350 | 50, 704 25, 316 147 | 50, 089 25, 382 172 | 50, 494 25, 781 245 | 50, 759 25, 642 37 | 49, 746 25, 183 184 |
| United States Government securities do Gold certificate reserves do Liabilities, total do Gold certificate reserves do Gold certific | 24, 964 21, 085 50, 466 | 24, 989 20, 993 49, 994 | 25, 235 20, 933 51, 130 | 25, 348 20, 897 50, 969 | 25, 095 21, 348 51, 150 | 25, 916 21, 354 52, 315 | 24, 639 21, 274 50, 509 | 24, 509 21, 270 50, 692 | 24, 632 21, 278 50, 704 | 24, 632 21, 283 50, 089 | 24, 812 21, 293 50, 494 | 25, 037 21, 239 50, 759 | 24, 325 21, 220 49, 746 |
| Deposits, totaldo Member-bank reserve balancesdo Excess reserves (estimated)do | 21, 068 19, 607 590 | 20, 623 19, 278 476 | 20, 815 19, 309 493 | 21, 030 19, 460 634 | 20, 669 19, 434 347 | 21, 422 20, 160 763 | 20, 688 19, 384 368 | 20, 934 19, 412 591 | 20, 773 19, 194 505 | 20, 898 19, 528 684 | 21, 143 19, 563 | 20, 808 19, 011 | 20, 454 18, 702 |
| Federal Reserve notes in circulation do- Reserve ratio percent | 25, 872 44. 9 | 25, 983 45. 0 | 26, 033 44. 7 | 26, 134 44. 3 | 26, 455 45, 3 | 26, 558 44, 5 | 25, 885 45. 7 | 25, 757 45. 6 | 25, 487 46, 0 | 25, 472 45, 9 | 672 25, 544 45, 6 | 599 25, 588 45. 8 | 939 25, 567 46, 1 |
| Revised. Preliminary. | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Revised. P Preliminary.

Q See corresponding note on p. S-11.

1 Revised series. See note marked "t" at bottom of p. S-13.

Revised series. See note marked "t" at bottom of p. S-13.

Revised series. Bank debits have been revised to include additional centers and to represent debits to demand deposits; Data for January 1943-53 appear on p. 23 of this Survey.

Tacludes Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago, Detroit, San Francisco, and Los Angeles.

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Tacludes Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago, Detroit, San Francisco, and Los Angeles.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through | | | 195 | i3 | | | | | | 1954 | | | |
|--|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | July | August | Septem- ber | October | Novem- ber | Decem- ber | January | Febru- ary | March | April | May | June | July |
| | | | FINA | NCE- | -Contir | nued | | | | | | | |
| BANKING—Continued | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Federal Reserve weekly reporting member banks, condition, Wednesday nearest end of month: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Deposits: Demand, adjustedmil. of dol | 53, 395 | 53, 059 | 52, 814 | 54, 692 | 54, 376 | 53, 217 | 55, 588 | 53, 913 | 51, 812 | 54 , 108 | 53, 930 | 53, 319 | 54, 949 |
| Demand, except interbank: Individuals, partnerships, and corpora- tionsmil. of dol | 54, 082 | 53, 699 | 54, 639 | 55, 965 | 55, 727 | 57, 817 | 55, 831 | 54, 791 | 52, 824 | 51, 488 | 54, 597 | 54, 715 | 55, 360 |
| tions mil, of dol. States and political subdivisions do United States Government do | 3, 736 5, 292 18, 085 | 3, 834 4, 639 18, 093 | 3,711 4,434 18,253 | 3,612 2,346 18,426 | 3, 685 3, 410 18, 383 | 3, 963 2, 594 18, 718 | 4, 093 2, 275 18, 779 | 3, 908 2, 424 18, 917 | 4, 232 3, 838 19, 050 | 4, 308 2, 671 19, 124 | 4,418 2,982 19,359 | 4, 329 4, 085 19, 637 | 4, 033 2, 091 19, 808 |
| Time, except interbank, totaldo Individuals, partnerships, and corpora- tionsmil, of dol | 17, 074 | 17,083 | 17, 259 | 17, 374 | 17, 311 | 17, 596 | 17, 619 | 17, 734 | 17, 771 | 17, 854 | 18,041 | 18, 304 | 18, 337 |
| tions mil. of dol. States and political subdivisions do. Interbank (demand and time) do. Investments, total do. | 822 11, 568 40, 225 | 823 12, 056 39, 318 | 804 12, 452 39, 196 | 865 12,773 39,244 | 882 13, 062 40, 254 | 932 13, 860 40, 282 | 970 12, 948 40, 697 | 994 12, 983 40, 133 | 1, 087 13, 017 38, 738 | 1, 078 12, 794 49, 177 | 1,129 13,040 41,300 | 1, 146 13, 870 41, 945 | 1, 285 13, 406 42, 492 |
| U. S. Government obligations, direct and guaranteed, totalmil. of dol | 32, 705 | 31, 797 | 31,663 | 31,795 | 32,792 | 32, 800 | 32, 989 2, 517 | 32, 292 | 30, 850 | 32, 160 | 33,196 | 33, 724 | 34, 221 |
| Billsdo Certificatesdo Bonds and guaranteed obligationsdo | 2, 855 4, 985 19, 425 | 2, 289 4, 705 19, 436 | 2, 317 5, 522 17, 250 | 2,388 5,502 17,251 | 2,394 5,399 18,541 | 2, 569 5, 303 18, 517 | 2, 517 4, 764 18, 952 | 2, 084 4, 097 21, 313 | 2, 076 2, 737 21, 388 | 2, 987 3, 045 21, 598 | 2, 428 2, 684 21, 502 | 2, 619 2, 777 21, 654 | 3,045 $2,754$ $21,745$ |
| Notes do do do do do do do do do do do do do | 5, 440 7, 520 | 5, 367 7, 521 | 6, 574 7, 533 | 6,654 7,449 | 6, 458 7, 462 | 6, 411 7, 482 | 6, 756 7, 708 | 4, 798 7, 841 | 4, 649 7, 888 | 4, 530 8, 017 | 6, 582 8, 104 | 6, 674 8, 221 | 6, 686 8, 271 |
| Loans (net), totaldododododododododo | 39, 381 22, 643 1, 830 | 40, 067 22, 965 1, 850 | 39, 705 23, 103 1, 763 | 40, 294 23, 301 1, 663 | 40, 268 23, 134 1, 877 | 41, 020 23, 380 2, 248 | 39, 963 22, 638 2, 180 | 39, 401 22, 407 1, 907 | 39, 317 22, 763 1, 758 | 38, 941 22, 183 1, 744 | 39, 219 21, 599 2, 141 | 39, 136 21, 884 2, 379 | 38, 952 21, 524 2, 00 |
| To brokers and dealers in securitiesdo Other loans for purchasing or carrying securi- tiesmil. of dol | 763 6, 326 | 732 | 726 6, 397 | 724 6, 438 | 748 | 868 6, 481 | 826 6, 486 | 811 6, 478 | 847 6, 522 | 849 6, 553 | 915 6, 592 | 899 | 878 |
| Real-estate loansdo Loans of banksdo Other loansdo | 446 7, 992 | 6, 365 762 8, 016 | 402 7,935 | 806 7, 983 | 6, 449 703 7, 978 | 646 8,019 | 541 7, 924 | 679 7, 754 | 7, 825 | 500 7, 753 | 895 7,721 | 6, 671 186 7, 772 | 6, 718 699 7, 78 |
| Money and interest rates: | | | 3.74 | | | 3, 76 | | | 3.72 | | | 3, 60 | |
| Bank rates on business loans: In 19 cities. percent. New York City. do. 7 other northern and eastern cities. do. 11 southern and western cities. do. | | | 3. 52 3. 71 | | | 3, 51 3, 79 | | | 3. 50 3. 74 | | | 3, 34 3, 61 | |
| 11 southern and western citiesdo Discount rate (N. Y. F. R. Bank)do Federal Intermediate credit bank loansdo | 2.00 2.79 | 2.00 2.86 | 4.10 2.00 2.93 | 2.00 2.97 | 2.00 2.97 | 4. 10 2. 00 2. 97 | 2, 00 2, 97 | 1.75 2.56 | 4. 03 1. 75 2. 50 | 1. 50 2. 50 | 1. 50 2. 08 | 3. 98 1. 50 2. 08 | 1. 50 2. 0 |
| Open market rates, New York City: | 4. 17 | 4. 17 | 4.17 | 4.17 | 4. 17 | 4.17 | 4. 17 | 4, 17 1, 69 | 4.17 | 4. 17 | 4. 17 1. 25 | 4. 17 | 4.17 |
| | 1. 88 2. 75 3. 25 | 1, 88 2, 75 3, 25 | 1, 88 2, 74 3, 25 | 1.88 2.55 3.25 | 1.88 2.32 3.25 | 1.88 2.25 3.25 | 1. 88 2. 13 3. 25 | 2.00 3.25 | 1.48 2.00 3.13 | 1. 25 1. 77 3. 00 | 1. 25 1. 59 3. 00 | 1. 25 1. 56 3. 00 | 1. 25 1. 45 3. 00 |
| Acceptances, prime, bankers, 30 days do. Commercial paper, prime, 4-6 monthsdo Call loans, renewal (N. Y. S. E.)do Time loans, 90 days (N. Y. S. E.)do Yield on U. S. Govt. securities: | 3, 13 2, 101 | 3.13 | 3. 13 | | 3.13 | 3.13 | 3, 13 1, 214 | 3. 13 | 2. 98 | 2.88 1.011 | 2.88 | 2.88 | 2. 88 |
| 3-month billsdodododo | 2. 72 | 2. 088 2. 77 | 1.876 2.69 | 2.36 | 1. 427 2. 36 | 1. 630 2. 2 2 | 2.04 | 1.84 | 1. 053 1. 80 | 1.71 | 1.78 | . 650 1. 79 | . 710 1. 69 |
| New York State savings banks mil. of dol. U. S. postal savings dodo | 13, 881 2, 438 | 13, 920 2, 419 | | | 14, 141 2, 374 | 14, 341 2, 360 | 14, 442 2, 343 | 14, 500 2, 326 | 14, 651 2, 310 | 14, 694 2, 291 | 14,768 • 2,271 | 14, 914 p 2, 252 | 14, 943 p 2, 230 |
| CONSUMER CREDIT (Short- and Inter- mediate-Term) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total outstanding, end of month‡ mil, of dol. Instalment credit, total‡ do Automobile paper do Other consumer-goods paper do Repair and modernization loans do | 27, 581 21, 004 | 27, 810 21, 218 | 21, 347 | 21, 486 | 28, 252 21, 586 | 28, 896 21, 807 | 21, 444 | 27, 478 21, 151 | 27, 151 20, 900 | 27, 330 20, 909 | 27, 520 20, 932 | 7 27, 791 7 21, 12? | 27, 83 21, 24 |
| Automobile paper do Other consumer-goods paper do Appair and modernization loans | 9, 973 5, 351 1, 516 | 10, 136 5, 362 1, 534 | 10, 232 5, 352 1, 562 | 5,366 | 10, 358 5, 406 1, 604 | 10, 289 5, 605 1, 606 | | 9, 915 5, 377 1, 570 | 9, 800 5, 220 1, 554 | 9, 798 5, 188 1, 554 | 9,838 5,142 1,565 | 9, 980 r 5, 134 1, 563 | 10, 10 5, 09 1, 56 |
| Personal loans | 4, 164 18, 000 | 4, 186 18, 205 | 4, 201 | 4, 198 | 4, 218 | 4, 307 18, 534 | 4, 278 | 4, 289 17, 999 | 4, 326 17, 845 | 4, 369 | 4,387 17,896 | 4, 445 18, 069 | 4, 48 |
| Financial institutions, total do Commercial banks do Sales-finance companies do Credit unions do | | 8, 879 5, 924 | 8, 893 6, 005 | 8,908 6,093 | 18, 495 8, 881 6, 147 | 8,856 6,147 | 8, 723 6, 062 | 8, 534 5, 974 | 8, 452 5, 892 | 8, 417 5, 901 | 8,386 5,944 | 8, 401 6, 060 | 18, 13 8, 37 6, 18 |
| Credit unions do Other do Retail outlets, total do | 988 2,378 3,004 | 1,009 2,393 3,013 | 2,401 | 2, 397 | 1, 050 2, 417 3, 091 | 1,064 2,467 3,273 | 1,043 | 1, 055 2, 436 3, 152 | 1,074 2,427 3,055 | 1. 096 2, 445 | 1,115 2,451 3,036 | 1, 145 2, 463 7 3, 053 | 1, 16 2, 46 3, 04 |
| Department stores do | 1 925 | 931 813 | 943 811 | 957 812 | 983 826 | 1.068 866 | 1, 031 836 | 1, 094 814 | 1, 056 795 388 | 1,058 | 1,051 787 | 7 1, 061 785 | 1,05 78 |
| Furniture stores. do Automobile dealers. do Other do | 386 883 | 396 873 | | | | 407 932 | | 393 851 | 388 816 | | 390 808 | 397 810 | 40 80 |
| Noninstalment credit, total do- Single-payment loans do- | 6, 577 2, 079 | 6, 592 2, 131 | 2, 130 | 2, 131 | 2, 100 | 7, 089 2, 127 | 2,083 | 6, 327 2, 054 2, 550 | 6, 251 2, 073 | 6, 421 2, 105 | 6,588 2,181 | 6, 669 2, 215 | 6, 58 2, 19 |
| Charge accounts do Service credit do By type of holder: | 1, 793 | 2, 668 1, 793 | 1,786 | 1,738 | 1 | 3, 249 1, 713 | 1, 705 | 1, 723 | 2, 438 1, 740 | 1, 750 | 2,639 1,768 | 2,679 1,775 | 2, 61 1, 78 |
| Financial institutions do Retail outlets do Savido Rodit | 2, 079 2, 705 1, 793 | 2, 131 2, 668 1, 793 | 2,716 | 2,811 | 2, 100 2, 840 1, 726 | 2, 127 3, 249 1, 713 | 2,893 | 2, 054 2, 550 1, 723 | 2, 073 2, 438 1, 740 | 2, 566 | 2,181 2,639 1,768 | 2, 215 2, 679 1, 775 | 2, 19 2, 61 1, 78 |
| Service creditdo Instalment credit extended and repaid: Q Unadjusted: | | | | | | | | | ĺ | | | | |
| Extended, totaldo Automobile paperdo Other consumer-goods paperdo | 2, 602 1, 226 622 | 2, 436 1, 126 619 | 1,089 | 1, 121 | 2, 297 974 646 | 2, 598 947 824 | 1, 869 750 517 | 1,864 776 470 | 2, 285 985 540 | 998 | 2, 299 1, 005 589 | 7 2, 603 1, 202 7 624 | 2, 47 1, 13 59 |
| All otherdo Repaid, totaldo | 2, 233 | 691 2, 222 | 675 2, 260 | 697 2, 347 | 677 2, 197 | 827 2, 377 | 602 2, 232 | 618 2, 157 | 760 2, 536 | 723 2, 306 | 714 2,276 | 777 2, 413 | 74 2, 34 |
| Automobile paperdo Other consumer-goods paperdo All otherdo | 945 604 684 | 963 608 651 | | 654 | 953 606 638 | 1, 016 625 736 | 627 | 945 588 624 | 1, 100 697 739 | 626 | 965 626 685 | 1,060 632 721 | 1, 01 63 70 |
| Adjusted: Extended, totaldo | 2, 498 | 2, 358 | 2, 409 | 2, 393 | 2, 441 | 2, 331 | 2, 211 | 2, 243 919 | 2, 200 | 2, 272 | 2,224 | r 2, 398 | 2, 37 |
| Automobile paperdo Other consumer-goods paperdo All otherdo | 1, 117 662 719 | | 600 707 | 589 687 | 1, 080 631 730 | 1, 035 593 703 | | 586 738 | 924 566 710 | 621 | 943 577 704 | 1, 075 7 614 709 | 1, 03 63 71 |
| Repaid, total do Automobile paper do Other consumer-goods paper do | 2, 183 | 2, 273 967 | 2, 252 962 | 2, 249 963 | 2, 294 1, 006 | 2, 283 1, 015 | 2, 301 977 | 2, 320 1, 028 | 2, 412 1, 042 | 2, 308 1, 009 | 2,333 988 | 2,354 1,038 | 2, 29 98 63 |
| Other consumer-goods paperdo All otherdo | 609 653 | 643 663 | | | 619 669 | 604 664 | 636 688 | 612 680 | 667 703 | | | 628 688 | 67 |

Revised. Preliminary.
†Revised beginning 1952 to expand the coverage of the series by making a net addition of 8 banks. Revisions for January-May 1952 will be shown later.

©For bond yields see p. S-19.
†Data beginning 1952 have been revised in accordance with recent benchmark materials; revisions for 1952 appear on p. 24 of the June 1954 Survey.

© For a description of these new data and for figures prior to February 1953, see the January and March 1954 issues of the Federal Reserve Bulletin.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through | | | 19 | 53 | | | | | | 1954 | | | |
|--|---|---|---|---|---|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | July | August | Septem- ber | October | Novem- ber | Decem- ber | January | Febru- ary | March | April | Мау | June | July |
| | | _ | FINA | ANCE- | –Contii | ıued | | | | | | | |
| FEDERAL GOVERNMENT FINANCE | | | | | | - | | | | | | | |
| Budget receipts and expenditures: \$ Receipts, total | 3, 619 3, 293 52 2, 395 937 235 | 5, 153 4, 475 47 4, 011 955 140 | 6, 402 5, 988 50 5, 218 981 152 | 2,894 2,645 51 1,698 1,019 | 5, 144 4, 605 47 3, 947 968 182 | 5, 403 5, 132 48 4, 133 919 304 | 4, 619 4, 458 39 3, 538 749 293 | 7 6, 425 5, 444 41 7 5, 366 860 159 | 13,013 11,434 44 11,865 954 149 | 3, 956 2, 751 52 2, 865 860 179 | 5, 037 3, 592 44 3, 946 877 170 | 11, 241 10, 539 49 10, 135 852 204 | 3, 148 2, 827 45 2, 059 790 254 |
| Expenditures, total \(\frac{Q}{2} \) | 6, 052 237 369 3, 890 1, 556 | 5, 948 206 351 3, 519 1, 873 | 6, 066 560 327 3, 787 1, 392 | 5, 462 354 340 3, 647 1, 121 | 5, 333 164 349 3, 540 1, 280 | 6, 336 1, 294 376 3, 465 1, 201 | 5, 058 245 343 3, 001 1, 468 | 1 4, 707 372 345 2 3, 568 422 | 5, 555 588 340 2 3, 830 797 | 5, 296 350 383 2 3, 691 872 | 5, 203 249 352 23, 374 1, 228 | 7, 115 1, 752 376 2 v 4, 059 928 | 4,827 213 336 3 p 3,048 1,231 |
| Public debt and guaranteed obligations: Gross debt (direct), end of month, total do Interest bearing, total do Public issues do Special issues do Noninterest bearing do Obligations guaranteed by U. S. Government, end of month mil. of dol. U. S. Savines bonds: Amount outstanding, end of month do Sales, series E through K do | 272, 669 270, 603 230, 009 40, 594 2, 066 63 57, 962 402 | 273, 206 271, 145 230, 157 40, 988 2, 061 63 57, 940 371 | 272, 937 270, 744 229, 785 40, 958 2, 193 64 57, 882 368 | 273, 386 271, 291 230, 403 40, 888 2, 095 66 57, 860 384 | 275, 209 273, 128 232, 115 41, 013 2, 081 74 57, 889 368 | 275, 168 272, 881 231, 684 41, 197 2, 287 76 57, 934 423 | 274, 849 272, 632 231, 623 41, 009 2, 216 75 57, 918 561 | 274, 782 272, 536 231, 466 41, 070 2, 246 77 57, 960 515 | 270, 235 267, 823 226, 821 41, 002 2, 412 77 58, 050 602 | 271, 047 268, 855 227, 806 41, 049 2, 192 80 58, 106 511 | 273, 475 271, 280 229, 913 41, 367 2, 195 80 58, 159 464 | 271, 260 268, 910 226, 681 42, 229 2, 350 81 58, 189 523 | 270, 984 268, 681 226, 528 42, 152 2, 303 21 58, 129 508 |
| Redemptions | | 480 | 514 37, 141 18, 502 5, 512 2, 986 8, 010 2, 246 2, 259 2, 586 3, 429 7, 911 | 489 | 438 | 38, 937 19, 883 6, 810 2, 930 8, 043 2, 303 2, 514 2, 602 3, 425 8, 062 | 704 | 560 | 598 39, 313 19, 877 7, 370 2, 858 7, 987 1, 838 2, 696 2, 969 3, 425 8, 035 | 538 | 510 | 628 | 693 |
| Liabilities, except interagency, total do. Bonds, notes, and debentures do. Other liabilities do. Privately owned interest do. U. S. Government interest do. | | | 2, 075 424 | | | 5, 075 1, 257 3, 818 434 33, 429 | | | 4,920 | | | | |
| Assets, admitted: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| All companies (Institute of Life Insurance), estimated total mil. of dol. Securities and mortgages. do. 49 companies (Life Insurance Association of America), total. mill. of dol. Bonds and stocks, book value, total. do. Govt. (domestic and foreign), total. do. U. S. Government. do. Public utility. do. Railroad. do. Other. do. do. | 75, 855 68, 105 66, 621 41, 451 7 10, 563 7 8, 633 11, 897 3, 418 15, 572 | 76, 244 68, 337 66, 944 41, 531 10, 565 8, 634 11, 952 3, 423 15, 591 | 76, 612 68, 709 67, 294 41, 739 10, 527 8, 585 12, 043 3, 429 15, 740 | 77, 121 69, 124 67, 685 41, 976 10, 517 8, 566 12, 132 3, 451 15, 875 | 77, 552 69, 478 68, 046 42, 120 10, 476 8, 480 12, 213 3, 461 15, 971 | 78, 201 69, 992 68, 587 42, 317 10, 435 8, 427 12, 295 3, 484 16, 102 | 78, 866 70, 544 68, 989 42, 607 10, 509 8, 407 12, 325 3, 505 16, 267 | 79, 251 70, 884 69, 337 42, 801 10, 541 8, 414 12, 447 3, 507 16, 307 | 79, 649 71, 238 69, 652 42, 942 10, 461 8, 306 12, 548 3, 499 16, 433 | 80, 114 71, 645 70, 024 43, 087 10, 464 8, 287 12, 621 3, 520 16, 482 | 80, 547 71, 997 70, 364 43, 233 10, 475 8, 194 12, 655 3, 525 16, 578 | 80, 981 72, 361 70, 716 43, 362 10, 316 8, 011 12, 766 3, 574 16, 705 | 81, 510 72, 737 71, 160 43, 509 10, 230 7, 861 12, 820 3, 573 16, 886 |
| Cash do Mortgage loans, total do Farm do Other do Policy loans and premium notes do Real-estate holdings do Other admitted assets do Life Insurance Agency Management Association: Insurance written (new paid-for insurance) | 726 18, 619 1, 615 17, 004 2, 374 1, 707 1, 743 | 789 18, 716 1, 628 17, 087 2, 387 1, 726 1, 795 | 776 18, 818 1, 638 17, 180 2, 402 1, 732 1, 827 | 776 18, 950 1, 648 17, 302 2, 413 1, 745 1, 824 | 777 19, 098 1, 654 17, 444 2, 425 1, 752 1, 875 | 911 19, 321 1, 666 17, 655 2, 436 1, 740 1, 862 | 889 19, 410 1, 674 17, 736 2, 447 1, 769 1, 868 | 793 19, 525 1, 685 17, 840 2, 460 1, 778 1, 980 | 790 19, 689 1, 697 17, 992 2, 480 1, 792 1, 959 | 799 19,885 1,714 18,171 2,494 1,801 1,959 | 818 20, 028 1, 728 18, 300 2, 507 1, 812 1, 966 | 807 20, 197 1, 744 18, 453 2, 523 1, 838 1, 989 | 842 20, 366 1, 759 18, 607 2, 536 1, 854 2, 053 |
| Life Insurance Agency Management Association: Insurance written (new paid-for insurance): Value, estimated total; mil. of dol. Group and wholesale; do. Industrial; do. Ordinary, total of do. New England do. Middle Atlantic do. East North Central do. West North Central do. South Atlantic do. East South Central do. West South Central do. Mountain do. Pacific do. | 2, 919 453 508 1, 958 126 460 436 172 233 83 176 68 232 | 2, 851 479 535 1, 837 116 395 398 155 222 78 170 68 221 | 2, 757 453 528 1, 776 110 371 383 153 219 84 164 69 209 | 2,870 387 572 1,911 128 431 424 160 237 85 170 72 234 | 3, 038 523 559 1, 956 128 450 426 156 233 83 177 67 222 | 3, 735 1, 050 485 2, 200 144 490 467 189 263 88 197 86 260 | 2, 584 428 444 1, 712 122 418 375 143 180 72 153 59 191 | 2,779 418 551 1,810 124 439 402 151 195 75 168 60 197 | 3, 424 492 602 2, 336 538 505 201 261 96 216 216 244 274 | 3, 183 467 572 2, 144 137 515 452 177 250 90 201 75 247 | 3, 286 602 607 2, 077 141 480 440 173 252 84 184 72 251 | 3, 138 431 555 2, 152 137 495 452 184 258 87 200 75 264 | 3, 154 641 520 1, 993 123 440 424 177 239 84 184 766 247 |
| Institute of Life Insurance: Payments to policyholders and beneficiaries, estimated total thous. of dol Death benefits do Matured endownents do Disability payments do Annuity payments do Surrender values do Policy dividends do Life Insurance Association of America; | 361, 977 162, 438 36, 873 9, 265 33, 908 57, 780 61, 713 | 345, 385 157, 326 35, 611 7, 982 33, 904 55, 733 54, 829 | 383, 180 167, 530 37, 155 8, 683 33, 477 54, 548 81, 787 | 359, 570 155, 700 40, 792 8, 678 33, 732 60, 153 60, 515 | 352, 150 152, 387 39, 862 8, 717 35, 971 58, 376 56, 837 | 481, 224 191, 711 49, 345 9, 495 37, 426 64, 579 128, 668 | 437, 531 172, 796 50, 744 10, 242 49, 115 65, 474 89, 160 | 374, 908 163, 906 40, 856 8, 573 35, 062 62, 825 63, 686 | 461, 416 196, 916 49, 479 10, 241 38, 682 79, 293 86, 805 | 408, 692 171, 065 45, 376 9, 573 36, 458 72, 312 73, 908 | 377, 515 158, 955 41, 416 8, 804 34, 379 67, 400 66, 561 | 427, 419 183, 689 45, 644 8, 861 37, 859 71, 445 79, 921 | 386, 791 158, 681 40, 535 9, 041 39, 763 66, 530 72, 241 |
| Life Insurance Association of America; Premium income (39 cos.), total | 619, 800 81, 653 91, 674 60, 744 69, 080 316, 649 | 581, 965 73, 494 70, 363 53, 064 69, 463 315, 581 | 640, 679 83, 104 72, 779 55, 502 81, 955 347, 339 | 602, 574 79, 316 83, 589 52, 442 69, 001 318, 226 | 627, 683 84, 481 80, 719 56, 284 77, 031 329, 168 | 942, 298 96, 825 204, 911 71, 221 118, 852 450, 489 | 669, 865 88, 698 101, 219 77, 237 90, 155 312, 556 | 639, 410 82, 273 86, 309 57, 444 70, 623 342, 761 | 722. 082 87. 704 89, 843 66, 055 85, 132 393. 348 | 619, 537 90, 562 80, 333 56, 866 67, 571 324, 205 | 627, 606 86, 381 79, 300 49, 621 74, 642 337, 662 | 82, 751 63, 721 83, 043 | |

revised. Preliminary. 1 See note marked "\$." 2 Data beginning February 1954, representing expenditures for National security, are not strictly comparable with earlier figures. \$Effective with February 1954, data are reported on a budgetary basis; they are not entirely comparable with earlier data which are as originally shown in the daily Treasury Statement. \$Eginning July 1953, appropriations of receipts to the Railroad Retirement Account are deducted from budget receipts and therefore are excluded from budget expenditures. \$Revised data for January-July 1952 for new paid-for insurance written are shown on p. S-17 of the October 1953 Survey; revisions for 1951-52 for premium income will be shown later.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through | | | 19: | 53 | | | | | | 1954 | | | |
|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|
| 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | July | August | Septem- ber | October | Novem- ber | Decem- ber | January | Febru- ar y | March | April | May | June | July |
| | | | FINA | NCE- | -Contin | ued | | | | | | | , |
| MONETARY STATISTICS | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Gold and silver: Gold: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Monetary stock, U. S. mil. of dol. Net release from earmarks thous. of dol. | 22, 277 -171, 700 | 22, 178 -78, 800 | 22, 128 -55, 000 | 22, 077 -72, 500 | 22, 028 -35, 100 | 22, 030 -21, 200 | 21,956 $-43,300$ | $ \begin{array}{r} 21,958 \\ -9,900 \\ 202 \end{array} $ | 21, 965 -2, 000 389 | 21, 969 37, 500 | 21, 973 -48, 400 | 21, 927 -16, 900 | -72,700 |
| Exports do | 2,747 2,255 67,000 | 1, 881 1, 754 66, 000 | 10, 100 10, 039 65, 700 | 3, 752 4, 306 64, 900 | 2, 668 2, 114 64, 300 | 3, 526 2, 081 64, 400 | 7, 074 1, 555 | 303 1,930 | 9, 397 | 1, 088 3, 517 | 774 2, 004 | 541 3, 831 | 852 2, 400 |
| Africa do do do do do do do do do do do do do | 40,600 12,900 | 40, 400 11, 500 | 39, 800 11, 700 | 40, 500 10, 000 | 39, 900 r 9, 600 | 40, 300 9, 600 | 40, 800 10, 300 | 39, 300 10, 900 | 42, 400 12, 900 | 41, 900 12, 500 | 13, 400 | | |
| United Statesdo | 6,800 | 6, 200 324 | 6, 200 403 | 6, 800 25 3 | 6, 200 198 | 6, 100 282 | 5, 100 314 | 4, 900 128 | 5, 400 182 | 4, 900 190 | 5, 000 134 | 6, 100 167 | 227 |
| Exportsdodo | 6, 548 . 853 | 6, 243 . 853 | 11, 873 . 853 | 6, 497 . 853 | 5, 091 . 853 | 3, 870 .853 | 4, 412 . 853 | 5, 618 . 853 | 6, 326 . 853 | 4, 843 , 853 | 5, 124 . 853 | 5, 956 , 853 | 7, 146 . 853 |
| Production: Canadathous, of fine oz Mexicodo | 2, 354 3, 063 | 2, 029 2, 752 | 2, 067 6, 045 | 2, 098 2, 514 | 2, 207 5, 077 | 2, 361 6, 678 | 2, 553 4, 065 | 7 2, 050 4, 203 | 7 2, 314 2, 299 | 7 2, 706 2, 328 | 2, 508 | 2, 748 | |
| United Statesdodo | 2,525 | 2, 652 | 2, 301 | 3, 558 | 2, 511 30, 807 | 3, 751 | 3, 372 | 3, 163 | 3,775 | 3, 643 | 3, 229 | 3, 609 | 1, 997 |
| Currency in circulationmil, of doldo | 30, 120 205, 100 2, 500 | 30, 248 204, 800 2, 400 | 30, 275 204, 900 2, 500 | 30, 398 205, 500 2, 600 | 207, 100 | 30, 781 209, 175 2, 694 | 29, 981 • 207, 100 • 2, 800 | 29, 904 206, 200 2, 900 | 29, 707 205, 100 3, 000 | 29, 735 206, 200 3, 100 | 29, 379 207, 600 3, 100 | 29, 922 p 209, 400 p 3, 260 | 29, 892 209, 200 209, 200 |
| U. S. Government balancesdo | 9,600 193,000 | 9,000 193,400 | 8, 100 194, 300 | 5,700 197,300 | 2, 700 7, 000 197, 400 | 5, 564 200, 917 | p 4, 400 p 199, 800 | ₽ 5,800 ₽ 197,400 | ^p 6, 900 ^p 195, 200 | ⊅ 5, 800 ⊅ 197, 300 | ₽ 6, 400 ₽ 198, 000 | ₽ 7, 590 ₽ 198, 760 | ₽ 5, 100 ₽ 200 , 600 |
| Demand deposits, adjusted do Time deposits do Currency outside banks do | 97, 400 68, 400 27, 200 | 97, 500 68, 700 27, 300 | 97, 700 69, 100 27, 500 | 100,300 69,600 27,400 | 100, 200 69, 300 27, 900 | 102, 451 70, 375 28, 091 | p 102, 300 p 70, 600 p 26, 900 | \$\bigsip 99,600 \$\bigsip 71,000 \$\bigsip 26,900 | P 96, 700 P 71, 700 P 26, 900 | № 98, 600 № 72, 000 № 26, 700 | 98,700 72,500 26,800 | \$\begin{align*} \$P 98, 300 \\ \$P 73, 360 \\ \$P 27, 100 \end{align*} | p 100, 100 p 73, 700 p 26, 800 |
| Furnover of demand deposits except interbank and U.S. Government, annual rate: | | · | | | | | | , , | | | ļ | <u> </u> | , |
| New York Cityratio of debits to deposits_ 6 other centers 9dododododo | 36. 0 25. 7 19. 2 | 32, 2 23, 6 17, 8 | 40, 2 25, 9 19, 3 | 35, 8 23, 9 18, 4 | 38, 4 26, 4 20, 2 | 43.1 26.8 19.7 | 42. 7 24. 1 18. 6 | 42. 7 25. 5 19. 2 | 44. 6 29. 2 19. 7 | 41. 3 27. 5 18. 8 | 41.9 25.5 18.8 | 44. 2 - 26. 8 19. 7 | 41.6 25.6 18.8 |
| PROFITS AND DIVIDENDS (QUARTERLY) | 1 | 11.0 | 10.0 | 10 | ••• | 10.7 | 10.0 | 10.2 | 10.7 | 24,5 | | 157, 7 | 10.0 |
| Manufacturing corporations (Fed. Trade and SEC):* Net profit after taxes, all industriesmil. of dol | | | 2,871 | ļ | | 2, 591 | | | 2, 595 | | | | |
| Food and kindred productsdodo | 1 | | 275 77 | | | 190 33 | | | 174 32 | | | ! | |
| Paper and allied products do | | | 47 116 | | | 24 105 | ļ | | 14 114 | | | - | - |
| Chemicals and ained productsdo | | | 252 545 | | | 238 624 80 | | | 282 543 | 1 | | l | 1 |
| Stone, clay, and glass productsdo Primary nonferrous metaldo Primary iron and steeldo | | | 121 104 236 | | | 109 205 | | | 68 99 167 | | | 1 | |
| Fabricated metal products (except ordnance, machinery, and transportation equipment) | | | 142 | | } | 103 | | | | | i I | | |
| Machinery (except electrical)dodo | | | | | | 184 163 | | | 84 229 173 | | | 1 | |
| Transportation equipment (except motor vehicles, etc.) mil. of dol. Motor vehicles and parts do | | | 68 236 | | | 80 233 | | | 90 | | | i | l |
| All other manufacturing industriesdo Dividends paid (cash), all industriesdo Electric utilities, net profit after taxes (Fed. Res.) | . | | 282 1, 244 | | | 218 1, 796 | | | 291 236 1, 302 | | | | |
| Electric utilities, net profit after taxes (Fed. Res.): mil. of dol. Railways and telephone cos. (see p. S-23). | t - | | 235 | | | 268 | | | 324 | | | | |
| SECURITIES ISSUED | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Commercial and Financial Chronicle: Securities issued, by type of security, total (new | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| capital and refunding) mil. of dol. New capital, total do Domestic, total do | 1, 210 1, 142 | 644 497 | 11, 442 | 1, 111 1, 033 974 | 898 783 762 | 2, 324 2, 219 2, 161 | 1 1, 117 1 977 | 830 758 745 | 1, 304 1, 167 | 1, 537 1, 346 | | | |
| Corporate do Gorporate do Gorpo | 1, 141 584 30 | 495 239 0 | 1, 266 705 99 | 421 76 | 358 0 | 1,388 | 835 441 0 | 315 32 | 1, 087 490 39 | 1, 329 485 114 | | | |
| Municipal, State, etcdo Foreigndo | 527 | 255 3 | 462 8 | 477 59 | 404 22 | 773 58 106 | 393 44 | 398 13 | 557 81 | 730 17 | | | |
| Refunding, totaldo Domestic, totaldo Corporatedo | 69 | 146 146 3 | 98 98 2 | 78 78 7 | 115 115 24 | 106 106 36 | 140 140 20 | 72 72 15 | 136 136 71 | 191 191 112 | | | |
| Federal agencies do do Municipal, State, etc do Securities and Exchange Commission: | . 56 | 140 | 94 | 67 | 88 | 62 | 115 4 | 55 | 58 | 76 | | | |
| Securities and Exchange Commission: F Estimated gross proceeds, totaldo By type of security: | 1, 928 | 1, 453 | 2, 593 | 2, 291 | 3, 506 | 2, 736 | 1, 655 | 1, 386 | 1, 913 | 1, 947 | 4, 386 | r 2, 438 | 1,94 |
| Bonds and notes, total do Corporate do | 407 | 1, 381 263 | 2, 507 676 | 2, 064 375 | 3, 400 353 | 2, 642 1, 385 | 462 | 1, 297 366 | 1, 699 513 | 1,726 408 | 4 , 184 647 | 7 2, 189 808 | 1, 81 92 |
| Common stock do Preferred stock do By type of issuer: | 82 31 | 65 7 | 48 44 | 210 18 | 69 37 | 51 43 | 90 20 | 63 27 | 144 69 | 111 110 | 73 130 | 118 131 | 8 4 |
| Corporate, total do Manufacturing do do do do do do do do do do do do do | . 135 | 336 48 | | 603 57 | 459 101 | 1, 478 423 | 571 136 | 456 53 | 726 110 | 628 88 | 850 208 | 1, 057 311 | 1,05 41 |
| Miningdo Public utilitydo | - 21 214 | 7 98 | 246 | 41 362 | 19 249 | 38 202 | 34 279 | $\frac{20}{272}$ | 29 367 | 41 314 | 36 507 | 76 448 | 29 |
| Railroad do Communication do Real estate and financial do | - 10 21 43 | 9 31 124 | 25 90 246 | | 10 6 45 | 60 611 48 | | 30 7 52 | 16 31 90 | 31 26 52 | 1 41 27 | 7 9 160 | 193 |
| Noncorporate, total do U. S. Government do do do do do do do do do do do do do | 1, 408 884 | 1, 117 853 | 1, 831 1, 320 | 1, 689 1, 070 | 3, 047 2, 610 | 1, 258 423 | 1, 083 561 | 930 515 | 1, 186 602 | 1, 319 511 | 3, 537 2, 669 | 7 1, 381 523 | 89: 508 |
| State and municipaldo Revised. * Preliminary. 1 Includes Inte | | 260 Bank securi | | i 483 own separa | telv. | 777 | 399 | 414 | 522 | 735 | 783 | * 855 | 258 |

Revised. Preliminary. Includes International Bank securities not shown separately.

Or increase in earmarked gold (—). Hierore in number of reporting banks and centers. Monthly figures for 1943-53 for New York City are shown on p. S-23 of this issue of the Survey; revised data for other reporting centers will be shown later.

Includes Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago, Detroit, San Francisco, and Los Angeles.

New series. Compiled jointly by the Federal Trade and Securities and Exchange Commissions. Data are estimated totals based on reports from all manufacturing corporations registered with SEC, all nonregistered manufacturing corporations with total assets of less than \$5,000,000 at the end of 1949. Comparable data beginning with the first quarter of 1951 are available upon request.

Revision for 1950-ist quarter 1953 for electric utilities (net profit after taxes) and for 1952-February 1953 for SEC data on securities issued will be shown later.

| Jnless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | July | August | Septem- ber | 53 October | Novem- ber | Decem- ber | January | Febru- ary | March | 1954 April | Мау | June | July |
|--|--|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--|----------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--------------|
| | <u>. </u> | | FINA | NCE_ | -Conti | nued | | | · ' | | | | |
| SECURITIES ISSUED—Continued | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Securities and Exchange Commission —Continued | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 |
| New corporate security issues: Estimated net proceeds, totalmil. of dol | 510 | 330 | 757 | 590 | 451 | 1, 464 | 563 | 448 | 713 | 616 | 836 | 1,041 | 1,0 |
| Proposed uses of proceeds: New money, totaldodo | 459 | 270 | 691 | 550 | 406 | 1, 413 | 531 | 410 | 590 | 471 | 614 | 812 | 6 |
| Plant and equipmentdo Working capitaldo | 364 95 | 161 109 | 423 268 | 430 120 | 301 105 | 1, 111 303 | 485 46 | 338 72 9 | 473 117 | 389 82 | 472 142 | 635 177 | 5 |
| Retirement of securitiesdo Other purposesdo | 27 24 | 5 55 | 4 62 | 12 28 | 22 23 | 26 25 | 18 13 | 9 29 | 53 70 | 129 16 | 183 38 | 182 47 | : |
| Proposed uses by major groups: Manufacturing, totaldo | 133 | 46 | 132 | 56 | 99 | 418 | 134 | 52 | 107 | 86 | 204 | 305 | |
| New money do | 108 | 33 | 93 | 50 | 77 | 400 | 111 16 | (1) 46 | 95 0 | 76 | 181 | 256 21 | |
| Mining, totaldo | 19 | 6 5 | 5 3 | 38 37 | 18 17 | 37 34 | 32 29 | 18 | 29 28 | 39 | 34 32 | 74 61 | ĺ |
| New money do Retirement of securities do do do do do do do do do do do do do | 0 209 | (1) 97 | 242 | (1) 356 | 0 245 | 1 200 | 276 276 | 0 269 | 362 | 25 12 | 501 | 0 442 | |
| Public utility, totaldododo | 206 | 86 | 227 | 334 5 | 225 16 | 184 | 275 | 258 0 | 306 46 | 309 237 73 31 | 327 173 | 381 60 | |
| Retirement of securitiesdo Railroad, totaldodo | . 9 | 9 9 | 24 | 6 | 10 | 59 | (¹) 48 | 30 | 16 | 31 | 1 | 7 | |
| New moneydodododo | 9 | l ŏ | 24 | 6 0 | 10 0 | 59 0 | 48 0 | 23 7 7 7 | 14 2 | 19 12 | 0 | 7 0 | |
| Communication, total do New money do do do do do do do do do do do do do | 20 15 2 | 30 29 | 89 88 | 13 11 | 5 5 | 608 608 | 26 25 | 7 | 30 22 | 26 25 | 40 40 | 9 8 | |
| Retirement of securitiesdo Real estate and financial, totaldo | . 43 | (1) | (1) | 0 80 | 0 45 | 0 47 | (1) | 0 51 | 0 88 | $\begin{cases} 0 \\ 51 \end{cases}$ | 0 26 | 0 159 | |
| New money do Retirement of securities do | 32 | (1) 92 | 239 | 74 | 44 0 | 40 1 | $\begin{array}{c} 11 \\ 0 \end{array}$ | 40 | 54 0 | 18 25 | 22 1 | 59 97 | |
| State and municipal issues (Bond Buyer): Long-termthous, of dol | 521, 899 | 260, 063 | 475, 595 | 482, 876 | 410, 562 | 777, 141 | 399, 429 | 414, 306 | 569, 850 | 735, 074 | 782, 572 | r 854, 718 | 257. |
| Short-termdo | 172,444 | 366, 327 | 251, 039 | 294, 113 | 190,858 | 218, 734 | 304, 473 | 438, 195 | 2 66, 676 | 249, 648 | 244, 326 | 7 176, 741 | 332, |
| COMMODITY MARKETS | |] | | | | | 1 | | | | | | |
| Tolume of trading in grain futures: Cornmil. of bu Wheatdo | 254 610 | 237 689 | 243 476 | 262 318 | 268 371 | 210 310 | 158 250 | 136 244 | 160 369 | 183 413 | 116 344 | 117 369 | |
| SECURITY MARKETS | } | | 1 | | | | | l | | | | l | 1 |
| Brokers' Balances (N. Y. S. E. Members Carrying Margin Accounts) | | | | | | | | ļ | | | | | |
| Cash on hand and in banksmil, of dol | 1,664 | 1, 682 | 1, 624 | 1,641 | 1,654 | 297 1, 694 | 1,690 | 1,688 | 1,716 | 1, 786 | 1,841 | 309 1,857 | 1, |
| Customers' debit balances (net)do Customers' free credit balancesdo Money borroweddo | 651 | 641 | 674 1,070 | 672 1,098 | 682 1, 127 | 709 | 741 1, 108 | 768 1,062 | 787 1, 054 | 819 1, 094 | 836 1, 186 | 838 1, 173 | 1, |
| Bonds | 1,101 | 1,102 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1, 12. | 1, 110 | 1,100 | 1,002 | 1,001 | 1,094 | 1,100 | 1,110 | , ,, |
| Prices: Average price of all listed bonds (N. Y. S. E.), | | | Ì | | | | | | | | | | |
| totaldollars. | 95. 82 96. 22 | 95, 58 | 96, 74 97, 18 | 97. 59 98. 03 | 97. 30 | 98.32 | 99.32 99.74 | 100. 28 100. 68 | 100. 64 101. 04 | 101.00 | 100.00 | 100. 71 | 100 |
| Domestic do Goral Foreign do Goral do G | 74. 44 | 95, 96 74, 79 | 75. 25 | 75, 70 | 97. 72 75. 78 | 98. 74 76. 30 | 77. 17 | 77. 49 | 78. 34 | 101.41 78.17 | 100. 40 77. 64 | 101. 12 77. 90 | 78 |
| Standard and Poor's Corporation: Industrial, utility, and railroad (A1+ issues): | 110.7 | . | 110.0 | | | 110 5 | | | | | | | |
| Composite (17 bonds)dol, per \$100 bond_ Domestic municipal (15 bonds)do | 110.7 | 111.4 116.9 | 110.9 116.9 | 112. 5 119. 7 | 113. 6 121. 4 | 113. 5 122. 3 | 114.6 123.6 | 116. 5 125. 4 | 117. 9 125. 6 | 118.1 123.9 | 117. 5 123. 6 | | 111 |
| U. S. Treasury bonds, taxabledo | 92. 98 | 92.89 | 93. 40 | 95. 28 | 94. 98 | 95. 85 | 97. 42 | 98. 62 | 99. 87 | 109.36 | 99. 68 | 99. 49 | 100 |
| Total, excluding U. S. Government bonds: All registered exchanges: | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | |
| Market value thous, of dol- Face value do | 56, 270 64, 949 | 46, 982 54, 677 | 53, 136 61, 895 | 62, 397 77, 035 | 48, 741 56, 894 | 87, 702 97, 078 | 79, 128 91, 677 | 80,038 91,416 | 83, 039 92, 499 | 74, 769 83, 764 | 73, 721 84, 141 | 73, 701 82, 290 | 92, 102, |
| New York Stock Exchange: | 54, 572 | 45, 364 | 51, 954 | 60, 529 | 47, 433 | 86, 220 | 77, 099 | 78, 470 | 81, 229 | 72, 601 | 72, 116 | 72, 013 | 90, |
| Face value. do New York Stock Exchange, exclusive of stopped sales, face value, total \$thous. of dol | 62, 723 | 52, 327 | 60, 238 | 74, 607 | 55, 102 | 94, 863 | 88, 276 | 88, 486 | 89, 996 | 81, 102 | 82, 136 | 80, 225 | 100, |
| U. S. Government | _ 0 | 47, 574 0 | 56, 308 | 64, 037 | 59, 622 | 69, 272 | 86, 352 0 | 75,856 | 79, 181 | 75, 169 | 73, 779 | 77, 847 | 83, |
| Other than U. S. Government, total do do | _ 55, 874 | 47, 574 41, 087 | 56, 308 49, 468 | 64, 029 57, 153 | 59, 622 53, 034 | 69, 271 62, 126 | 86, 352 72, 247 | 75, 850 62, 595 | 79, 181 65, 421 | 75, 166 64, 443 | 73, 779 64, 860 | 77, 847 68, 552 | 83, 74. |
| Foreigndo Value, issues listed on N. Y. S. E.: | 7, 293 | 6, 455 | 6, 795 | 6, 727 | 6, 499 | 6, 861 | 13, 970 | 13, 102 | 13, 691 | 10, 629 | 8,822 | 9, 238 | 8, |
| Market value, total, all issuesmil. of dol. Domesticdo | 100, 279 98, 419 | 100, 010 98, 142 | 93, 472 91, 599 | 94, 572 92, 613 | 96, 506 94, 549 | 99, 828 97, 871 | 101, 246 99, 162 | 107, 646 105, 557 | 107, 976 105, 867 | 108, 356 106, 255 | 105, 094 102, 990 | 105, 582 103, 474 | 105, 103, |
| Foreign dodo | 1,390 104,651 | 1,395 104,634 | 1,400 96,620 | 1, 406 96, 904 | 1,406 99,184 | 1, 406 101, 539 | 1, 421 | 1, 424 107, 346 | 1, 441 107, 286 | 1, 440 107, 288 | 1, 436 105, 091 | 1, 437 104, 835 | 103, |
| Domestic doForeign do | 102, 284 | 102, 269 | | 94, 471 1, 858 | 96, 754 1, 856 | 99, 122 1, 842 | 99, 419 | 104, 843 1, 838 | 104, 782 1, 839 | 104, 781 1, 843 | 102, 577 | 102, 325 | 102, |
| Yields: Domestic corporate (Moody's) percent | | 3,51 | 3. 54 | 3. 45 | 3.38 | 3.39 | | 3, 23 | 3, 14 | 3, 12 | 1, 849 3, 13 | 1,844 | 1, |
| Ry ratings: | ł | 3.24 | 3. 29 | 3. 16 | 3.11 | 3.13 | ľ | 2.95 | 2, 86 | 2, 85 | 2, 88 | 3. 16 | 2 |
| Aaa | 3. 42 3. 62 | 3.39 3.56 | 3, 43 | 3. 33 3. 47 | 3. 27 | 3. 28 3. 40 | 3, 22 | 3.12 | 3.03 | 3.00 | 3.03 | 2, 90 3, 06 | 3 |
| Baado | 3 . 86 | 3, 36 | | 3. 47 | 3. 40 3. 75 | 3. 40 3. 74 | | 3. 25 3. 61 | 3. 16 3. 51 | 3. 15 3. 47 | 3. 15 3. 47 | 3. 18 3. 49 | 3 |
| By groups: Industrial do Public utility do Railroad do Domestic municipal: | 3.42 | 3.37 | 3.39 | 3. 33 | 3. 27 | 3. 28 | | 3.12 | 3, 05 | 3.04 | 3.06 | 3. 10 | 3 |
| Railroad do | 3. 56 3. 67 | 3, 54 3, 61 | 3. 58 3. 65 | 3. 46 3. 56 | 3. 38 3. 51 | 3. 37 3. 52 | | 3. 23 3. 35 | 3. 14 3. 24 | 3. 13 3. 19 | 3. 13 3. 21 | 3. 15 3. 23 | 3 |
| Demostic monicipal: | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | l . | I | 1 | | 1 | 1 |
| Domestic municipal: Bond Buyer (20 bonds)do Standard and Poor's Corp. (15 bonds)do | 2. 92 2. 99 | 2, 92 2, 89 | 2. 82 2. 88 | 2, 69 2, 72 | 2, 60 2, 62 | 2. 58 2. 59 | | 2.39 2.39 | 2. 44 2. 38 | 2. 49 2. 47 | 2. 51 2. 49 | 2. 40 2. 48 | 2 |

Revised. Preliminary 1 Less than \$500,000.
† Revisions for 1952—February 1953 will be shown later.
\$Sales and value figures include bonds of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development not shown separately; these bonds are included also in computing average price of all listed bonds.

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| | | | 19: | ======================================= | | | | | | 1954 | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | July | August | Septem- ber | October | Novem- ber | Decem- ber | January | Febru- ary | March | April | May | June | July |
| | ······································ | ······································ | FINA | NCE- | –Conti | nued | · · · · · · · · · | | · · · · · · · · | | | ······································ | |
| SECURITY MARKETS—Continued | | | | | | | | | | | | | · |
| Stocks Cash dividend payments publicly reported: Total dividend payments mil. of dol | 576. 0 137. 0 | 220. 9 52. 0 | 1, 235. 3 86. 4 | 553.3 100.1 | 232. 4 52. 5 | 1, 715. 2 170. 6 | 689. 5 134. 7 | 244. 1 68. 9 | 1, 274. 5 78. 7 | 588. 3 108. 0 | 227. 6 55. 8 | 1, 252. 5 \$6. 4 | 525. 8 130. 6 |
| Manufacturingdo Miningdo | 200. 6 5. 6 104. 3 | 88. 0 2. 5 1. 0 | 796. 1 86. 2 51. 8 | 205, 9 6, 9 104, 0 | 102. 0 2. 5 1. 1 | 1, 081. 7 141. 3 43. 7 | 239. 8 8. 3 104. 4 | 84. 2 1. 9 1. 1 | 833, 1 93, 9 39, 4 | 212, 5 6, 8 107, 6 | 96. 7 2. 1 1. 1 | 816. 5 94. 5 38. 4 | 149. 9 2. 3 107. 2 |
| Public utilities: Communications | 66. 3 14. 1 39. 2 8. 9 | 55. 4 10. 0 7. 6 4. 4 | 94. 7 49. 3 50. 8 19. 9 | 65, 9 17, 4 41, 8 11, 3 | 57. 0 2. 9 7. 8 6. 4 | 100. 3 87. 4 48. 8 41. 4 | 68. 0 32. 3 92. 3 9. 6 | 56. 9 10. 1 17. 0 4. 0 | 102. 3 60. 0 43. 8 23. 2 | 70. 2 21. 7 51. 3 7. 2 | 57. 3 2. 9 7. 6 4. 1 | 100. 7 55, 2 37, 4 23, 4 | 66, 3 13, 7 48, 2 7, 1 |
| Dividends per share, annual rate (200 stocks) dollars. Industrial (125 stocks) | 3. 98 4. 15 2. 01 3. 09 2. 82 3. 10 | 3. 99 4. 16 2. 07 3. 11 2. 82 3. 10 | 3. 98 4. 15 2. 07 3. 11 2. 82 3. 10 | 4.06 4.25 2.07 3.13 2.83 3,12 | 4. 08 4. 26 2. 09 3. 21 2. 87 3. 16 | 4, 08 4, 27 2, 09 3, 21 2, 97 3, 26 | 4, 11 4, 30 2, 09 3, 25 3, 01 3, 26 | 4, 14 4, 34 2, 11 3, 24 3, 01 3, 28 | 4. 14 4. 34 2. 13 3. 11 3. 01 3. 37 | 4, 18 4, 41 2, 13 3, 11 3, 01 3, 37 | 4. 22 4. 47 2. 13 3. 11 3. 01 3. 37 | 4, 22 4, 47 2, 13 3, 14 3, 01 3, 37 | 4, 24 4, 47 2, 13 3, 15 3, 01 3, 37 |
| Price per share, end of month (200 stocks)do Industrial (125 stocks)do. Public utility (24 stocks)do. Railroad (25 stocks)do | 72.87 76.24 36.81 49.03 | 69, 34 71, 85 37, 16 44, 39 | 69. 51 72. 09 37. 20 43. 61 | 72, 59 75, 90 38, 59 45, 18 | 73, 79 76, 97 39, 70 45, 56 | 73, 50 77, 06 39, 61 43, 18 | 77, 11 81, 37 40, 87 46, 58 | 77. 85 81. 98 41. 42 46. 80 | 80. 56 85. 53 42. 56 46. 40 | 84, 67 90, 76 42, 91 47, 16 | 86, 51 92, 86 43, 79 49, 63 | 87, 60 94, 84 43, 91 50, 91 | 91, 97 98, 49 46, 67 52, 98 |
| Yield (200 stocks) percent. Industrial (125 stocks) do. Public utility (24 stocks) do. Railroad (25 stocks) do. Bank (15 stocks) do. Insurance (10 stocks) do. Earnings per share (at annual rate), quarterly: | 5. 46 5. 44 5. 46 6. 30 4. 59 3. 40 | 5. 75 5. 79 5. 57 7. 01 4. 55 3. 46 | 5. 73 5. 76 5. 56 7. 13 4. 53 3. 40 7. 76 | 5.59 5.60 5.36 6.93 4.45 3.35 | 5. 53 5. 53 5. 26 7. 05 4. 28 3. 32 | 5. 55 5. 54 5. 28 7. 43 4. 61 3. 26 8. 08 | 5, 33 5, 28 5, 11 6, 98 4, 72 3, 20 | 5. 32 5. 29 5. 09 6. 92 4. 77 3. 08 | 5. 14 5. 07 5. 00 6. 70 4. 81 3. 17 | 4, 94 4, 86 4, 96 6, 59 4, 66 3, 08 | 4, 88 4, 81 4, 86 6, 27 4, 62 2, 94 | 4, 82 4, 74 4, 45 6, 28 4, 59 2, 88 | 4, 31 4, 54 4, 56 5, 95 4, 35 2, 73 |
| Industrial (125 stocks) dollars. Public utility (24 stocks) do. Railroad (25 stocks) do. Dividend yields, preferred stocks, 11 high-grade | | | 2.85 8.49 | | | 2. 78 8. 76 | | | 7. 75 2. 81 3. 14 | | | r 8, 25 r 2, 85 r 4, 60 | |
| (Standard and Poor's Corp.) percent. Prices: Dow Jones & Co., Inc. (65 stocks) dol. per share. Industrial (30 stocks) do. Public utility (15 stocks) do. Railroad (20 stocks) do. Standard and Poor's Corporation: | 4. 37 106. 08 270. 32 49. 03 105. 68 | 4. 30 106. 21 272. 21 50. 40 103. 12 | 4, 30 100, 98 261, 90 49, 16 94, 46 | 4. 19 103, 58 270, 73 50, 53 95, 44 | 4. 15 105. 82 277. 10 51. 57 97. 23 | 4. 20 106. 74 281. 15 52. 54 96. 37 | 4, 15 103, 86 286, 64 53, 33 98, 17 | 4. 08 111. 55 292. 13 54. 39 102. 44 | 4. 04 113. 11 299. 15 55. 64 101. 38 | 4. 02 115. 94 310. 92 56. 39 102. 01 | 4. 03 120. 74 322. 86 57. 37 108. 62 | 4, 05 122 69 327, 91 £7, 92 110, 89 | 4, 04 127, 66 341, 27 59, 43 116, 65 |
| Industrial, public utility, and railroad.\(^1\) | 185. 5 200. 1 185. 9 171. 7 119. 2 173. 7 117. 6 208. 5 | 187. 3 202. 1 188. 1 172. 8 121. 1 170. 2 121. 4 215. 7 | 179. 2 192. 6 180. 2 165. 4 119. 6 156. 1 119. 6 209. 7 | 183. 4 197. 2 186. 7 168. 8 122. 2 156. 7 122. 6 215. 5 | 187. 5 202. 3 192. 2 171. 0 123. 6 158. 5 124. 8 225. 6 | 190. 7 206. 2 197. 0 172. 9 125. 2 156. 9 124. 3 229. 4 | 195. 4 211. 9 201. 0 177. 0 126. 7 159. 5 122. 8 238. 0 | 199. 6 216. 5 204. 8 178. 1 128. 8 165. 8 121. 7 243. 7 | 204. 9 222. 9 211. 7 180. 5 131. 0 165. 4 120. 7 248. 1 | 212. 7 233. 1 225. 3 184. 6 132. 5 163. 7 121. 8 249. 1 | 219. 8 241. 5 235. 9 189. 2 134. 9 173. 0 124. 8 260. 6 | 221, 8 244, 0 241, 6 191, 2 125, 0 175, 7 125, 8 265, 1 | 231, 1 254, 5 255, 9 202, 4 139, 5 184, 1 121, 3 282, 3 |
| Sales (Securities and Exchange Commission): Total on all registered exchanges: Market valuemil. of dol Shares soldthousands | 1, 073 42, 528 | 1, 119 42, 437 | 1, 248 53, 392 | 1, 170 50, 610 | 1, 188 52, 290 | 1, 568 65, 081 | 1, 533 64, 873 | 1,700 60,104 | 2, 043 75, 234 | 2, 173 84, 949 | 2, 122 • 84, 979 | 2, 165 88, 072 | 2, 453 89, 573 |
| On New York Stock Exchange: Market valuemil. of dol Shares soldthousands | 903 28, 809 | 946 29, 841 | 1, 068 38, 011 | 995 36, 557 | 1. 010 37, 872 | 1, 344 45, 458 | 1, 296 47, 313 | 1,458 43,482 | 1,751 52,932 | 1, 879 62, 793 | 1, 846 61, 746 | 1,823 61,602 | 2,144 67,359 |
| Exclusive of odd lot and stopped sales (N. Y. Times)thousands | 22, 234 115, 886 2, 882 | 23, 893 110, 750 2, 889 | 27, 172 110, 479 2, 892 | 25, 728 115, 428 2, 902 | 26, 684 117, 478 2, 918 | 36, 159 117, 257 2, 927 | 33, 375 123, 190 2, 931 | 33, 295 124, 906 2, 937 | 44, 132 129, 122 2, 943 | 43, 867 134, 586 2, 967 | 41, 913 137, 928 2, 979 | 42, 225 139, 183 3, 047 | 51, 854 145, 843 3, 063 |
| INTER | NATI(| DNAL ' | TRANS | SACTI | ONS O | <u> </u> | i E UNI | <u> </u> | ! | <u> </u> | | 9,771 | |
| BALANCE OF PAYMENTS (QUARTERLY); | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | Ī | |
| Exports of goods and services, totalmil. of dol_Merchandise, adjusted | | . | 4, 916 3, 728 450 738 | | | 5, 230 3, 972 585 673 | | | 7 4, 767 7 3, 633 7 464 7 670 | | | 4, 451 | : ! |
| Imports of goods and services, total do Merchandise, adjusted o Income on foreign investments in U. S do Military expenditures do Other services o do | | | 653 | | | 3, 939 2, 596 143 679 521 | | | 7 3, 717 7 2, 514 7 106 7 592 7 505 | | | 109 608 | |
| Balance on goods and servicesdo Unilateral transfers (net), totaldo | ļ | 1 | +677 -1, 352 | | | +1, 291 -1, 375 | | | r + 1,050 r - 1,356 | | | 1,570 | |
| Privatedo Governmentdo | | | -120 -1, 232 | | | -1.373 -117 $-1,258$ | | | r = 1,356 r = 106 r = 1,250 | | | -1,458 -110 $-1,348$ | |
| U. S. long- and short-term capital (net), total.do Private | l <u>.</u> | | | | | -213 -192 -21 | | | r -206 r -328 r +122 | | | -345 -316 -29 | |
| Foreign long- and short-term capital (net)do Increase (—) or decrease (+) in U. S. gold stock mil. of dol | | | +448 +302 | | | +232 +130 | | | +443 +56 | | | +252 +3 | |

r Revised. Preliminary.
§ Number of stocks represents number currently used; the change in the number does not affect the continuity of series.

‡ Revisions for 1946-53 appear on pp. 16 and 17 of the July 1954
Survey.

Seculdes military expenditures.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the | | | | 53 | `,, I | | | | | 1954 | <u> </u> | i | 1 |
|---|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------|
| 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | July | August | Septem- ber | October | Novem- ber | Decem- ber | January | Febru- ary | March | April | May | June | July |
| INTERNATION | ONAL | TRAN | SACTI | ONS O | F THI | E UNI' | TED S | TATES | SCor | ıtinued | l | | |
| FOREIGN TRADE | | | | | | | | | | | ľ | | |
| Indexes | | | | į | | | | | | | | | |
| Exports of U. S. merchandise: 7 Quantity 1936-38=100 | 274 | 237 | 249 | 248 | 248 | 270 | 218 | 238 | 225 | 284 | 281 | 296 | |
| Valuedo Unit valuedo mports for consumption:0 | 553 202 | 482 203 | 511 205 | 508 204 | 506 204 | 550 203 | 443 203 | 479 202 | 457 203 | 578 203 | 570 203 | 600 203 | |
| mports for consumption: σ^{ϵ} | 158 435 | 147 407 | 162 453 | 145 401 | 149 409 | 159 437 | 149 | 144 398 | 153 426 | 161 460 | 741 | 164 | |
| Unit value dogricultural products, quantity: | 275 | 278 | 279 | 277 | 275 | 276 | 411 276 | 277 | 279 | 285 | 405 286 | 474 289 | |
| Exports, U. S. merchandise, total: Unadjusted 1924-29=100. | 73 | 73 | 81 | 78 | 87 | 90 | 72 | 82 | 89 | 90 | 92 | 92 | |
| Total, excluding cotton: | 99 | 89 | 67 | 59 | 70 | 73 | 69 | 94 | 97 | 114 | 119 | 132 | ì |
| Unadjusteddo Adjusteddo | 126 157 | 115 120 | 130 107 | 122 98 | 135 116 | 123 108 | 100 99 | 107 125 | 114 123 | 119 141 | 133 156 | 120 150 | |
| Imports for consumption: Unadjusteddododododo | 100 111 | 91 99 | 116 119 | 87 86 | 99 101 | 107 106 | 103 100 | 95 94 | 101 90 | 115 108 | 96 98 | 106 114 | |
| Shipping Weight | | | | | 1.77 | 100 | 100 | 31 | 30 | 103 | 90 | 114 | |
| ater-borne trade: Exports, incl. reexports—thous. of long tons | 7, 018 | 6, 889 | 6, 581 | 6,408 | 5, 776 | 4, 887 | 3, 751 | 3. 855 | 3, 965 | 5, 616 | | | |
| General importsdodo | 8, 994 | 8, 590 | 9, 187 | 8, 688 | 8, 830 | 9, 148 | 8, 435 | 8, 198 | r 8, 799 | 8, 211 | | | |
| xports, including reexports, totalmil. of dol | 1,357 | 1, 184 | 1, 254 | 1, 251 | 1, 244 | 1,349 | 1, 091 | 1, 180 | 1, 123 | 1,422 | 1, 398 | 1, 474 | p 1, 29 |
| By geographic regions: △ Africathous, of dol | 44, 413 | 42, 128 | 50,689 | 32, 386 | 37, 917 | 39, 953 | 36, 195 | 40, 384 | 28, 815 | 61, 293 | 49, 322 | 59, 900 | |
| Asia and Oceania do. Europe do. Northern North America do. Southern North America do. | 173, 574 197, 874 244, 942 | 165, 318 190, 346 233, 453 | 191, 936 239, 015 238, 492 | 171, 760 243, 996 | 198, 150 246, 392 | 231, 508 296, 108 | 169, 867 218, 351 | 197, 658 245, 441 | 174, 333 222, 037 | 234, 446 304, 407 | 202, 604 278, 147 | 181, 712 292, 575 | |
| Northern North America | 125, 598 114, 647 | 108, 546 123, 362 | 136, 806 132, 871 | 246, 993 142, 480 129, 313 | 224, 566 130, 196 133, 791 | 210, 795 146, 649 152, 227 | 199, 403 131, 036 116, 841 | 207, 846 129, 771 | 244, 985 115, 000 96, 228 | 256, 825 166, 830 | 268, 314 7 132, 571 | 242, 929 125, 654 | |
| otal exports by leading countries:△ Africa: | 111,011 | 120,002 | 1,02,011 | 125, 516 | 100,701 | 102, 227 | 110, 541 | 123, 924 | 90, 226 | 177, 354 | 146, 626 | 159, 837 | |
| Egyptdo Union of South Africado | 8, 234 18, 351 | 10, 191 14, 430 | 4, 428 17, 036 | 3, 280 13, 586 | 4, 224 13, 412 | 2, 692 16, 053 | 2, 545 18, 083 | 2,724 19,390 | 4, 028 12, 147 | 3, 794 28, 412 | 3, 407 21, 447 | 3, 429 21, 323 | |
| Asia and Oceania: Austrelia, including New Guineado British Malayado | 9, 248 2, 982 | 7, 121 2, 530 | 13, 657 2, 417 | 9, 277 2, 065 | 19, 015 2, 542 | 18, 394 2, 996 | 8, 710 1, 576 | 13, 046 2, 691 | 11,685 1,926 | 14, 986 2, 262 | 18, 323 | 14, 383 | |
| China | 24, 185 | 19,549 | 27, 976 | 21, 969 | 24, 072 | 2, 550 0 19, 845 | 10,019 | 2, 691 0 17, 369 | 13, 293 | 24, 617 | 2, 857 0 21, 326 | 2, 275 0 13, 364 | |
| Indonesiado | 47, 200 10, 246 | 51,956 11,827 | 61,092 8,327 | 62, 760 7, 533 | 75, 263 8, 156 | 83, 229 8, 131 | 75, 879 6, 876 | 83, 167 7, 112 | 72, 885 5, 943 | 79, 064 7, 126 | 61, 723 8, 740 | 55, 914 8, 317 | |
| Republic of the Philippinesdo | 27, 767 | 20,862 | 30, 603 | 28, 803 | 23,610 | 33, 300 | 20, 551 | 25, 808 | 25, 857 | 35, 048 | 26, 467 | 23, 878 | |
| France do Germany do J | 18, 351 24, 764 16, 977 | 18, 705 23, 266 16, 555 | 31, 477 26, 890 22, 142 | 29, 889 40, 023 16, 368 | 23,772 33,368 | 30, 837 37, 905 | 22,920 $31,759$ | 27, 649 39, 292 | 20, 329 44, 769 | 31,693 44,609 | 25, 439 38, 289 | 34, 072 34, 337 | |
| Italy dodo | 32, 144 | 0 34,364 | 0 60, 461 | 10, 508 1 50, 781 | 24, 101 2 50, 003 | 27, 685 1 61, 665 | $22,145 \ 0 \ 44,560$ | 21, 625 3 49, 820 | 15, 627 2 39, 828 | 27, 925 2 44, 601 | 26, 955 1 | 32, 186 23 | |
| North and South America: Canadado | 244, 934 | 233, 442 | 238, 472 | 246, 985 | 224, 532 | 210, 788 | 199, 399 | 207, 840 | 244, 982 | 256, 819 | 48, 226 268, 311 | 47, 777 242, 833 | 1 |
| Latin American Republics, totaldo Argentinado | 226, 247 6, 499 | 220, 505 9, 924 | 256, 548 12, 512 | 257, 574 6, 617 | 250, 198 10, 812 | 283, 025 11, 498 | 235, 987 9, 527 | 242, 599 7, 748 | 202, 407 4, 594 | 325, 675 8, 183 | 264, 358 6, 058 | 262, 902 | |
| Brazildo Chiledo | 20, 265 6, 637 22, 994 | 23, 847 7, 244 24, 301 | 29, 088 8, 528 24, 571 | 21, 686 11, 471 | 24, 792 9, 583 | 33, 387 12, 933 | 25, 030 5, 241 | 31, 347 4, 580 | 23, 900 5, 050 | 46, 781 7, 586 | 40, 603 5, 494 | 42, 518 | |
| Colombia | 37, 276 52, 481 | 27, 585 48, 258 | 38, 108 54, 668 | 25, 560 37, 157 65, 339 | 24, 841 36, 154 54, 172 | 27, 887 39, 008 63, 087 | 21, 221 33, 185 | 22, 743 34, 305 | 17, 312 28, 386 | 33, 673 40, 234 | 29, 510 36, 721 | 31, 354 34, 109 | |
| Colombia | 41, 429 1, 349 | 40, 061 1, 175 | 37, 446 1, 245 | 46, 411 1, 238 | 44, 763 1, 234 | 47, 883 1, 340 | 53, 159 39, 202 1, 079 | 56, 622 41, 001 1, 168 | 57, 758 34, 652 1, 114 | 62, 270 56, 372 1, 409 | 53, 953 47, 433 1, 389 | 48, 165 41, 618 | |
| Crude materialsthous, of dol | 96, 978 | 120, 432 | 145, 424 | 152, 414 | 159, 762 | 186, 780 | 133, 430 | 134, 323 | 137, 969 | 157, 721 | 144, 214 | 7 1, 463 168, 747 | |
| Crude foodstuffs do Manufactured foodstuffs and beverages do Semimanufactures Q do | 82, 121 60, 573 | 73, 443 50, 676 | 82, 105 55, 525 | 70, 148 60, 607 | 69, 739 76, 108 | 55, 534 68, 016 | 44, 835 54, 783 | 53, 436 63, 030 | 55, 716 64, 984 | 65, 788 62, 689 | 73, 746 67, 124 | 65, 699 | |
| Finished manufactures 9do | 110, 630 998, 506 | 105, 998 824, 689 | 123, 970 837, 978 | 129, 479 825, 435 | 127, 476 800, 689 | 154, 668 874, 642 | 131, 682 714, 482 | 141, 730 775, 785 | 133, 096 722, 730 | 165, 744 957, 355 | 151, 879 951, 972 | 151, 959 | |
| By principal commodities: Agricultural products, totaldo Cotton, unmanufactureddo | 196, 812 21, 175 | 196, 970 35, 154 | 245, 254 37, 165 | 242, 957 40, 168 | 280, 338 44, 570 | 301, 461 68, 347 | 204, 987 54, 136 | 235, 570 | 243, 765 | 258, 227 | 254, 467 | 267, 290 | |
| Fruits, vegetables, and preparationsdo Grains and preparationsdo | 20, 617 90, 883 | 19, 726 73, 083 | 20, 044 88, 178 | 22, 243 77, 878 | 20, 031 85, 747 | 18, 294 70, 227 | 15, 755 55, 895 | 71, 415 19, 169 66, 052 | 80, 369 22, 105 59, 301 | 78, 980 21, 274 65, 146 | 64, 484 27, 766 70, 262 | 83, 706 28, 400 58, 979 | |
| Packing-house productsdo Tobacco and manufacturesdo | 14, 795 19, 327 | 14, 735 25, 696 | 15, 525 52, 876 | 16, 124 41, 531 | 20, 174 40, 868 | 22, 167 52, 532 | 15, 950 26, 710 | 20, 005 16, 451 | 15, 060 17, 826 | 21, 800 22, 355 | 22, 339 23, 085 | 19, 647 23, 215 | |
| Nonagricultural products, totaldo | 1,151,996 112,876 | 978, 267 97 538 | 999, 749 | 995, 125 | 953, 437 | 1, 038, 179 | 874, 224 | 932, 734 | 870, 730 102, 837 | 1, 151, 071 | 1, 134, 467 | 1, 195, 773 | |
| Automobiles, parts, and accessories do— Chemicals and related productss—do— Coal and related fuels | 65, 670 33, 107 | 97, 538 62, 010 36, 438 | 99, 481 77, 759 35, 593 | 88, 891 70, 601 35, 164 | 82, 773 69, 931 27, 837 | 94, 660 82, 305 | 100, 614 64, 245 | 113, 927 73, 166 | 66, 613 | 147, 193 103, 184 | 134, 634 86, 590 27, 964 | 113,054 90,425 | |
| Coal and related fuelsdo Iron and steel-mill productsdo | 36, 335 | 33, 229 | 36, 227 | 38, 481 | 39, 424 | 18, 483 44, 615 | 18, 261 39, 822 | 15, 669 39, 077 | 15, 521 35, 791 | 23, 309 49, 984 | 27, 964 38, 650 | 29, 701 39, 682 | |
| Machinery, total§dodododo | 238, 612 14, 032 | 214, 577 12, 411 | 238, 343 11, 367 | 221, 589 7, 416 | 213, 727 6, 682 | 248, 795 7, 831 | 192, 899 8, 846 | 217, 501 11, 107 | 198, 970 13, 170 | 297, 191 15, 210 | 258, 435 14, 035 | 243, 638 | |
| Agricultural do Tractors, parts, and accessories do Electricals do | 26, 756 62, 529 | 23, 922 58, 240 | 27, 081 62, 069 | 24, 828 64, 098 | 24, 479 58, 717 | 27, 993 65, 096 | 20, 027 56, 513 | 24, 829 56, 890 | 24, 211 51, 613 | 32, 154 77, 461 | 30, 369 66, 361 | 27, 762 | |
| Electrical | 22, 777 103, 624 | 16, 619 96, 106 | 21, 519 105, 424 | 19, 868 94, 783 | 18, 125 95, 010 | 23, 064 112, 997 | 16, 235 82, 577 | 20, 699 94, 039 | 11, 859 90, 927 | 22. 761 135, 186 | 18, 539 117, 097 | 19, 760 | |
| Petroleum and products do do do | 55, 787 47, 793 | 54, 461 45, 007 | 55, 009 56, 302 | 53, 910 55, 935 | 58, 430 | 61, 315 | 51, 575 | 51, 614 | 45, 500 | 59, 119 | 59, 772 | 65, 494 | |

Petroleum and products. do. 55, 787 54, 461 55, 009 53, 910 58, 430 61, 315 51, 575 51, 614 45, 500 59, 119 59, 772 65, 494 Textiles and manufactures. do. 47, 793 45, 007 56, 302 55, 935 53, 218 55, 214 47, 532 52, 312 43, 961 65, 593 51, 469 49, 768 78 evised. Preliminary. Revised. Preliminary. Revised. Preliminary. Revised. Preliminary. Total exports and data by economic classes and commodities include shipments under the Mutual Security Program. Total MSP shipments under MSP and "special category" shipments not made under this program. Olincluding Manchuria beginning January 1952.

Q Data for semimanufactures reported as "special category type 1" exports.

1953 1954 Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey Decem-ber Septem-ber Novem-ber Febru-July August October March April May July January June

INTERNATIONAL TRANSACTIONS OF THE UNITED STATES—Continued

| | | i | | | | | | | | | | ï | |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-------------|
| FOREIGN TRADE—Continued | | | ı | | | | | | | | | | |
| Value♂—Continued | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General imports, totalthous, of dol_ By geographic regions; | 907, 623 | 841, 048 | 925, 328 | 813, 167 | 848, 948 | 907, 692 | 833, 003 | 809, 724 | 857. 214 | 957, 201 | 828, 797 | r 946, 74 4 | p 832, 000 |
| Africado | 43, 010 | 44, 568 | 44, 537 | 48, 269 | 50, 059 | 59, 790 | 55, 750 | 60, 948 | 49, 774 | 70, 444 | 55, 330 | 57, 234 | |
| Asia and Oceaniado | 145, 452 204, 181 | 144, 884 178, 909 | 154, 099 202, 287 | 139, 020 | 134, 647 | 126, 544 | 124, 751 | 118, 915 | 119, 609 | 159, 985 | 144, 867 | | |
| Europe do Northern North America do do do do do do do do do do do do do | 204, 181 | 204, 332 | 202, 287 | 197, 997 201, 636 | 196, 115 207, 908 | 184, 572 211, 715 | 159, 916 161, 137 | 155, 743 172, 593 | 147, 645 203, 182 | 197, 417 185, 912 | 159, 112 193, 338 | | |
| Southern North Americado | 102, 930 | 94, 714 | 80, 389 | 60, 378 | 72, 240 | 104, 949 | 129, 787 | 133, 550 | 143, 987 | 133, 205 | 110, 380 | | |
| South Americado | 207, 936 | 173, 642 | 239, 686 | 165, 871 | 187, 978 | 220, 122 | 201, 663 | 167, 977 | 193, 022 | 210, 239 | 165, 766 | 226, 320 | |
| By leading countries: Africa: | | | | | | i | | | | | | | |
| Egyptdo | 1, 589 | 786 | 1,632 | 606 | 975 | 1, 149 | 1,433 | 1, 178 | 3, 037 | 4,083 | 2, 244 | 1,658 | |
| Union of South Africado | 6, 361 | 7, 273 | 7, 099 | 6, 918 | 7, 637 | 8, 248 | 6, 613 | 6,846 | 9.170 | 8, 253 | 9, 790 | 7, 782 | |
| Asia and Oceania: | 8, 561 | 13, 020 | 8, 828 | 7, 523 | 12, 436 | 10 105 | 10.072 | 0 961 | 4.000 | 15 474 | 0.046 | 0.090 | |
| Australia, including New Guineado British Malayado | 15, 332 | 14, 854 | 14, 669 | 14, 884 | 12, 436 | 12, 105 13, 898 | 12, 273 11, 484 | 8, 361 10, 523 | 4, 989 11, 476 | 15, 474 13, 137 | 9, 046 14, 780 | 9, 636 | |
| ChinaOdo | 601 | 1,538 | 537 | 1, 291 | 361 | 917 | 633 | 435 | 374 | 1,958 | 348 | | |
| India and Pakistando | 19, 421 23, 727 | 15, 559 26, 491 | 18, 891 | 21, 353 | 20, 085 | 19, 903 | 20,375 | 20, 932 | 21, 491 | 20, 656 | 17, 928 | | |
| Japando Indonesiado | 23, 727 | 26, 491 14, 912 | 23, 489 20, 228 | 21, 917 14, 597 | 21, 557 14, 291 | 17, 867 13, 169 | 17, 693 12, 577 | 15, 563 12, 369 | 16, 178 10, 714 | 29, 510 13, 542 | 22, 764 13, 052 | | |
| Republic of the Philippinesdo | 24, 654 | 22, 287 | 27, 353 | 20, 157 | 19, 493 | 17, 759 | 18, 535 | 19, 338 | 19, 393 | 29, 362 | 23, 658 | 31, 313 | |
| Europe: | 00 451 | 10.000 | | | | | | | 1 | | | | |
| Francedododo | 20,471 $24,388$ | 13, 963 22, 889 | 14, 385 25, 169 | 14, 292 25, 411 | 14, 984 22, 892 | 12, 626 20, 939 | 11,008 21,511 | 10, 901 17, 965 | 10. 278 18. 983 | 15, 259 28, 603 | 12, 229 21, 750 | | |
| Italy | 12, 725 | 11.470 | 12, 161 | 14, 701 | 18.142 | 13, 336 | 8,776 | 11,655 | 10, 900 | 12,719 | 10, 865 | 26, 132 10, 754 | |
| Union of Soviet Socialist Republicsdo | 1,134 | 585 | 594 | 929 | 624 | 577 | 711 | 717 | 854 | 1,342 | 1,065 | 1.146 | |
| United Kingdomdo | 54, 076 | 44, 527 | 48, 132 | 44, 790 | 42, 512 | 40, 769 | 36, 911 | 37, 464 | 37. 861 | 48, 370 | 40, 429 | 45, 042 | |
| North and South America: | 203, 938 | 204, 159 | 203, 842 | 201.441 | 207, 660 | 211, 639 | 161, 075 | 172, 540 | 203, 150 | 185, 879 | r 193, 328 | 219, 782 | |
| Latin American Republics, totaldo | 294, 529 | 253, 655 | 305, 023 | 212, 168 | 239, 125 | 301, 367 | 309, 645 | 277, 769 | 317, 260 | 324, 694 | 261, 327 | | |
| Argentinado | 27, 731 | 9, 959 | 11, 173 | 11, 426 | 7, 513 | 6, 333 | 5,103 | 7, 410 | 10, 447 | 13, 539 | 7, 112 | 11,526 | |
| Brazil | 56, 775 20, 278 | 48, 030 17, 178 | 100, 594 11, 744 | 56, 969 13, 511 | 79, 480 6, 892 | 91, 144 8, 099 | 80, 984 13, 832 | 49, 765 13, 782 | 61, 501 14, 183 | 84, 707 12, 410 | 44, 991 17, 863 | 39, 997 | |
| Colombia | 41, 713 | 42, 827 | 52, 658 | 27. 286 | 35, 061 | 51, 134 | 37, 954 | 39, 911 | 41, 881 | 38, 629 | 38, 236 | 37, 154 72, 747 | |
| Cubado | 40, 680 | 45, 095 | 37, 530 | 19, 641 | 17, 528 | 22, 429 | 33, 624 | 36, 710 | 43, 656 | 48,058 | 49, 413 | 38, 256 | |
| Mexicodo | 26, 207 35, 643 | 23, 263 35, 791 | 18,442 41,035 | 19, 619 35, 845 | 21, 101 35, 564 | 27, 187 | 31, 695 42, 639 | 34,023 | 40, 354 | 37,854 | 23, 457 | 26, 748 | |
| Venezueladododododo | 892, 610 | 835, 452 | 928, 130 | 822, 015 | 838, 233 | 42, 225 895, 958 | 842, 609 | 38, 067 816, 706 | 47, 129 873, 400 | 41, 598 943, 076 | 38, 634 829, 731 | 40, 113 | |
| By economic classes: | 1 ' | | | | 1 | | | ' | | | | | |
| Crude materialsdo | 216, 033 157, 752 | 202, 744 146, 711 | 226, 108 208, 542 | 210, 097 | 197, 488 | 203. 527 | 206, 580 | 196, 282 | 208, 531 | 197, 819 | 203, 466 | 225, 389 | |
| Crude foodstuffsdodo | 101, 752 | 95, 351 | 208, 542 99, 423 | 141, 224 81, 572 | 193, 546 79, 388 | 247, 291 75, 445 | 232, 843 81, 626 | 202, 984 88, 067 | 208, 506 97, 908 | 241, 098 123, 309 | 168, 214 106, 112 | 199, 968 110, 872 | |
| Semimanufacturesdo | 231, 868 | 221, 208 | 211, 458 | 199, 990 | 185, 154 | 186, 412 | 174, 988 | 166, 544 | 182, 716 | 182, 939 | 175, 124 | 242, 584 | |
| Finished manufacturesdo | 185, 576 | 169, 438 | 182, 598 | 189, 132 | 182, 657 | 183, 282 | 146, 572 | 162, 829 | 175, 740 | 197, 910 | 176, 814 | 192, 794 | |
| By principal commodities: Agricultural products, totaldo | 327, 435 | 302, 521 | 382, 231 | 272, 174 | 321,877 | 372, 263 | 371, 131 | 339, 756 | 361, 964 | 427, 679 | 327, 860 | 372, 183 | |
| Cocoa or cacao beans, incl. shellsdo | 13, 754 | 9, 343 | 7, 551 | 6, 250 | 5, 849 | 23, 929 | 35, 681 | 25, 102 | 11. 940 | 16, 317 | 15, 049 | 28,824 | |
| Coffeedo | 102, 599 | 92, 939 | 155, 948 | 90, 356 | 131, 057 | 174, 929 | 162, 458 | 140, 745 | 158, 351 | 175, 751 | 106, 465 | 127, 551 | |
| Hides and skinsdo | 6, 405 26, 445 | 6, 502 21, 683 | 6, 667 27, 375 | 4, 226 21, 881 | 4, 103 23, 177 | 3, 775 19, 704 | 3, 474 18, 678 | 3, 132 17, 080 | 4, 215 18, 855 | 6, 016 19, 461 | 6, 693 21, 401 | 4, 885 26, 949 | |
| Rubber, crude, including guayuledo Sugardo | 43, 058 | 43, 779 | 40, 400 | 20, 588 | 15, 937 | 16, 916 | 32, 006 | 36, 852 | 45, 467 | 52, 405 | 42, 948 | 47, 699 | |
| Wool and mohair, unmanufactureddc | 27, 815 | 19,485 | 21, 904 | 20, 546 | 16, 908 | 14, 580 | 19, 404 | 14,636 | 18, 975 | 22, 523 | 19, 576 | 21, 963 | |
| Nonagricultural products, totaldo | 565, 175 | 532, 931 5, 596 | 545, 898 | 549, 842 | 516, 357 | 523, 695 | 471, 478 | 476, 951 | 511, 436 | 515, 397 | 501, 870 | 599, 424 | |
| Furs and manufacturesdo Nonferrous ores, metals, and manufactures | 5, 506 | 3, 390 | 5, 186 | 3, 917 | 3, 081 | 7, 924 | 6, 844 | 7, 540 | 5, 023 | 6, 424 | 7, 173 | 5, 375 | |
| totalthous. of dol | 113, 520 | 109, 185 | 105, 522 | 97, 177 | 87, 639 | 88, 697 | 91,097 | 88, 875 | 96,889 | 88,069 | r 98, 182 | 153, 634 | |
| Copper, incl. ore and manufacturesdo | 41,501 | 31,009 | 35, 075 | 31, 509 | 19, 236 | 19, 305 | 20, 899 | 32, 246 | 26, 202 | 27, 982 | 31, 201 | 48, 889 | |
| Tin, including oredo Paper base stocksdo | 19, 384 22, 824 | 17, 585 27, 802 | 14, 997 25, 755 | 17, 840 26, 606 | 16, 215 24, 712 | 18, 737 23, 381 | 18, 911 20, 657 | 12, 629 24, 873 | 13, 665 24, 920 | 12, 286 20, 532 | 11, 223 20, 115 | 19, 782 | |
| Newsprintdo | 48, 314 | 51, 934 | 48, 122 | 52, 514 | 49, 444 | 53, 630 | 42, 423 | 46, 515 | 53, 567 | 47, 597 | 49, 478 | 52, 529 | |
| Petroleum and productsdo | 59, 457 | 58, 201 | 67, 861 | 64, 157 | 67, 400 | 76, 506 | 70, 314 | 66, 982 | 74, 328 | 61, 873 | 65, 596 | 67, 059 | |
| | 1 | 1 | | [| ı | <u> </u> | I | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS

| | | | 7 | | | | _ | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|-------------------|---|---|---|---|---|-----------------|
| TRANSPORTATION Airlines | | | | İ | | | | | | | | ! ! ! | |
| Operations on scheduled airlines: Miles flown, revenue | 41, 782 13, 426 5, 541 2, 354 1, 305, 097 | 42, 004 13, 650 5, 352 2, 409 1, 332, 565 | 40, 238 14, 768 5, 400 2, 334 1, 261, 366 | 40, 935 16, 380 6, 313 2, 321 1, 225, 997 | 37, 765 14, 485 6, 134 2, 015 1, 064, 211 | 39, 361 16, 945 8, 834 2, 083 1, 166, 586 | 6, 093 2, 023 | 37, 345 12, 880 6, 070 2, 038 1, 116, 969 | 41, 402 14, 735 6, 816 2, 256 1, 256, 754 | 41, 602 14, 987 6, 778 2, 493 1, 341, 682 | 42, 758 14, 780 6, 344 2, 520 1, 363, 093 | 42, 344 14, 669 6, 199 2, 701 1, 525, 215 | |
| Express Operations | | | | | | | | | | | | | İ |
| Transportation revenuesthous. of dol Express privilege paymentsdo | 29, 890 10, 536 | 31, 162 12, 166 | 33, 728 14, 438 | 34, 161 15, 157 | 30, 626 11, 918 | 38, 974 16, 557 | 27, 425 8, 768 | 27, 850 9, 502 | 33, 063 13, 977 | 31, 215 12, 492 | 28, 003 9, 903 | 31, 588 12, 760 | |
| Local Transit Lines | | ĺ | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fures, a verage cash rate†⊕cents Passengers carried, revenue⊕millions Operating revenues⊕thous, of dol. | r 12. 9135 r 872 120, 500 | r 12. 9620 r 830 r 121, 400 | 7 13. 0084 7 870 7 118, 200 | r 13. 0506 r 942 r 132, 800 | 7 883 | 7 13. 2426 946 7 142, 100 | | 13. 3692 803 1119, 400 | 7 13, 4114 905 7 130, 300 | 7 13. 5422 874 7 130, 400 | 834 | 806 | 13. 7363 749 |
| Class I Motor Carriers (Intercity) | | | 1 | | | | 1 | | | | | | |
| Carriers of property (quarterly totals):\$ Number of reporting carriers. Operating revenues, total thous. of dol. Expenses, total do. Revenue freight carried thous. of tons. | | | 1, 057 598, 401 574, 547 32, 727 | | | 598, 137 605, 884 | | | 559, 906 546, 324 | | | | |
| Carriers of passengers (quarterly totals): Number of reporting carriers | | | 166 115, 868 95, 247 92, 853 | | | 90,005 | | | 78, 935 81, 034 | | | | |

**Revised. **Preliminary. **Revisions for 1952 and January 1953 will be shown later. Oincluding Manchuria beginning January 1952.

§ It should be noted that data for 1938-44 shown in Business Statistics (1953 edition) are not comparable with subsequent data in that volume and in the Survey beginning with the October 1953 issue. The data through 1944 cover reporting intercity common carriers of all types of commodities, whereas later data are for carriers of general commodities only (i. e., they exclude carriers of special commodities and intercity contract carriers.). Data for 1945 for carriers of all types, comparable with earlier data, are as follows: Number of reporting carriers. 1,408; operating revenues, \$185,132,000; expenses, \$184,708,000; revenue freight carried, 25,539,900 tons.

†Data have been revised (beginning August 1945) to include fares charged by transit companies operating in cities having a 1950 population of 25,000 or over, revisions prior to August 1952 will be shown later.

Digitized for FF@Revisions for January-June 1953 (units as above): Fares, 12.5949; 12.6814; 12.7426; 12.7806; 12.8249; 12.8692; operating revenues, 125,700; 118.700; 129.200; 129,100; 126,500; 121,000; passengers carried (January 1953), 946.

http://fraser.stlouisled.org/
Federal Reserve Rapk of Stationary 1953.

| September 1954 | | SURV | EY O | F CUF | RRENT | r BUS | INESS | ; | | | | | S-23 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|---|---|---|
| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through | | | 19 | 953 | | | | | | 1954 | | | |
| 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | July | August | Septem- ber | October | Novem- ber | Decem- ber | January | Febru- ary | March | April | Мау | June | July |
| TR | ANSPO | RTAT | ION A | ND CO | MMUN | NICATI | ONS— | Contin | ued | | | | |
| TRANSPORTATION—Continued Class I Steam Railways | | | | • | | | | | - | | | | |
| Freight carloadings (A. A. R.):\(\sigma^*\) Total cars | 1,827 | 4, 022 678 64 238 254 38 473 347 1, 930 | 3, 153 532 49 176 198 40 361 271 1, 526 | 4, 024 668 63 222 279 76 377 359 1, 980 | 2, 797 485 47 168 188 47 179 259 1, 423 | 2, 413 451 43 150 155 32 68 236 1, 279 | 2, 967 584 49 175 208 37 80 286 1, 548 | 2, 462 421 37 158 173 24 63 253 1, 332 | 2, 412 383 34 156 166 28 58 261 1, 325 | 2, 445 378 31 157 162 31 79 253 1, 356 | 3, 345 507 37 205 228 38 303 309 1, 718 | 2,730 439 29 163 214 23 285 235 1,342 | 3, 251 433 35 178 312 31 351 290 1, 621 |
| Total, unadjusted 1935–39=100 Coal do | 162 147 166 46 341 42 141 | 112 162 153 142 55 331 44 146 | 114 162 148 147 78 324 45 150 | 110 160 144 157 108 263 45 149 | 104 155 142 137 86 160 43 140 | 97 142 120 112 56 62 38 124 | 100 126 122 124 56 58 38 122 | 107 87 116 128 122 43 55 40 126 | 105 78 105 126 117 51 51 41 125 | 108 79 96 127 118 55 88 40 128 | 84 93 133 127 53 224 39 130 | 85 93 132 158 41 255 38 129 | 114 80 91 120 181 47 255 38 126 |
| Total, adjusted | 94 167 146 138 60 | 130 112 169 145 131 58 221 44 145 | 126 114 164 137 131 59 216 43 139 | 126 110 163 136 157 70 172 44 137 | 122 104 155 145 140 69 172 42 134 | 117 97 135 135 119 58 201 40 132 | 120 100 120 136 124 58 231 39 133 | 117 87 109 133 124 54 222 41 134 | 112 78 104 126 127 64 177 41 132 | 111 79 98 127 134 62 136 39 | 112 84 94 128 144 58 136 39 128 | 111 85 95 127 155 7 54 164 38 125 | 109 80 94 119 151 54 159 38 |
| Car surplus, total number Box cars do Gondolas and open hoppers do Car shortage, total do Box cars do Gondolas and open hoppers do Financial operations: | 3, 400 246 | 21, 134 2, 761 9, 715 2, 486 1, 769 525 | 11, 074 1, 710 1, 202 3, 546 2, 530 953 | 7, 173 730 1, 609 4, 346 3, 326 915 | 25, 326 3, 381 16, 656 1, 388 1, 125 167 | 85, 062 17, 637 56, 383 153 119 15 | 126, 957 33, 501 79, 358 366 247 20 | 112, 442 22, 045 78, 680 465 330 22 | 130, 775 21, 318 98, 605 200 181 | 136, 335 22, 908 100, 848 261 245 0 | 126, 845 23, 609 88, 590 393 375 15 | 86, 150 19, 070 56, 783 699 689 0 | 95, 994 11, 937 74, 775 740 716 24 |
| Operating revenues, total thous, of dol- Freight do. Passenger do. Operating expenses de. Tax accruals, joint facility and equipment rents thous, of dol. | 7 925, 959 7 773, 526 79, 704 7 701, 413 7 130, 124 | 924, 754 773, 524 76, 799 689, 467 133, 651 | 904, 263 763, 094 66, 111 673, 210 | 934, 304 794, 329 62, 747 693, 896 133, 076 | 832, 363 702, 006 61, 766 657, 496 96, 310 | 815, 400 661, 347 74, 531 697, 038 | 749, 826 617, 122 69, 994 626, 806 90, 446 | 722, 334 602, 716 57, 437 586, 934 90, 983 | 802, 534 674, 217 58, 546 629, 993 | 765, 963 637, 994 59, 645 611, 773 | 765, 121 638, 974 60, 395 616, 844 89, 396 | 803, 521 666, 029 69, 271 625, 337 98, 504 | 779, 794 642, 540 72, 464 618, 597 90, 094 |
| Net railway operating income do. Net income do. Operating results: Freight carried 1 mile mil. of ton-miles. Revenue per ton-mile cents. Passengers carried 1 mile, revenue millions. Waterway Traffic | 7 94, 422 71, 988 53, 746 1, 509 3, 106 | 101, 636 81, 526 57, 490 1, 416 2, 965 | 99, 942 80, 493 54, 039 1, 470 2, 514 | 107, 331 87, 679 57, 276 1, 453 2, 367 | 78, 526 58, 960 49, 763 1, 466 2, 297 | 77, 917 72, 108 45, 166 1, 520 2, 770 | 32, 574 17, 594 46, 107 1, 411 2, 635 | 44, 418 21, 545 43, 047 1, 459 2, 129 | 69, 628 48, 864 46, 190 1, 509 2, 191 | 60, 041 38, 709 45, 224 1, 467 2, 221 | 58, 881 38, 659 49, 117 1, 363 2, 285 | 79, 680 58, 970 47, 637 1, 443 2, 644 | 71, 103 |
| Clearances, vessels in foreign trade: Total U. S. ports. thous. of net tons. Foreign do. United States do. Panama Canal: Total. thous. of long tons In United States vessels. do. | 9, 943 6, 755 3, 188 3, 236 1, 029 | 9, 552 6, 702 2, 850 3, 265 1, 056 | 9, 793 6, 699 3, 093 2, 934 1, 004 | 9, 388 6, 488 2, 900 3, 115 1, 058 | 8, 654 5, 776 2, 878 3, 104 952 | 8, 069 5, 657 2, 412 3, 587 1, 026 | 7, 692 5, 431 2, 262 3, 159 969 | 7, 707 5, 373 2, 334 2, 901 777 | 7, 684 5, 268 2, 417 3, 533 946 | 8, 822 5, 886 2, 936 3, 408 977 | 3, 475 1, 038 | 3, 377 1, 031 | 2, 954 878 |
| Travel Hotels: Average sale per occupied roomdollars. Rooms occupiedpercent of total. Restaurant sales indexsame month 1929=100. | 6. 71 71 239 | 7. 44 73 250 | 7, 26 76 256 | 7. 49 80 262 | 7. 53 71 243 | $\begin{array}{c} 6.75 \\ 60 \\ 231 \end{array}$ | 6, 96 72 242 | 7. 04 75 247 | 6, 75 74 232 | 7. 43 73 251 | 6. 71 75 277 | 7. 25 75 267 | 6. 91 66 237 |
| Foreign travel: U. S. citizens: Arrivals | 101, 430 119, 703 55, 838 43, 029 36, 929 4, 004 | 123, 344 91, 919 56, 963 42, 878 26, 472 4, 040 | 116, 023 69, 703 62, 355 41, 839 23, 999 2, 005 | 83, 717 56, 746 52, 454 35, 906 21, 103 1, 102 | 67, 611 50, 160 44, 460 31, 127 18, 351 434 | 64, 038 55, 462 43, 379 35, 332 21, 398 296 | 59, 348 64, 303 41, 127 26, 556 29, 069 286 | 62, 290 68, 680 34, 617 24, 835 34, 695 364 | 76, 011 76, 910 44, 905 30, 565 53, 990 395 | 72, 722 87, 138 52, 115 37, 804 58, 430 654 | 78, 460 91, 220 756, 386 39, 479 56, 776 1, 190 | 91, 787 56, 960 53, 432 2, 472 | 36, 707 4, 127 |
| Revenue passenger-miles millions Passenger revenues thous, of dol COMMUNICATIONS | 656 8, 652 | 627 8 , 2 68 | 614 8, 076 | 644 8, 447 | 593 7, 760 | 8, 010 | 783 10, 278 | 620 8, 151 | 621 8, 160 | 576 7, 559 | 565 7, 415 | 621 8, 167 | |
| Telephone carriers: \$\footnote{O}\$ Operating revenues thous, of dol_Station revenues do_Tolls, message do_ | 388, 856 227, 324 131, 298 | 383, 186 225, 723 126, 940 | 385, 576 228, 827 125, 827 | 399, 936 234, 531 133, 915 | 395, 803 235, 545 128, 289 | 410, 793 240, 455 137, 870 | 399, 014 238, 752 127, 521 | 388, 373 235, 457 120, 348 | 410, 977 241, 184 136, 479 | 408, 652 241, 991 133, 437 | 411, 182 241, 779 135, 373 | 415, 760 243, 104 138, 921 | |
| Operating expenses, before taxes | 279, 484 43, 386 43, 105 | 266, 141 46, 779 43, 234 | 272, 718 44, 997 43, 387 | 276, 315 50, 474 43, 582 | 271, 313 50, 842 43, 750 | 289, 333 52, 273 43, 963 | 271, 649 50, 381 43, 915 | 264, 804 48, 323 44, 040 | 287, 136 48, 277 44, 188 | 280, 195 50, 511 44, 350 | 279, 732 51, 845 44, 514 | 285, 347 49, 889 44, 621 | |
| Telegraph, cable, and radiotelegraph carriers: Wire-telegraph: Operating revenues thous, of dol. Operating expenses, incl. depreciation do. Net operating revenues do. Ocean-cable: | 1 | 17, 221 15, 709 816 | 17, 233 15, 477 1, 070 | 17, 340 15, 543 1, 157 | 15, 872 14, 570 689 | 17, 991 15, 721 1, 668 | 15, 795 14, 818 164 | 15, 255 13, 873 593 | 17, 525 15, 074 1, 628 | 17, 089 14, 824 1, 442 | 16, 730 15, 004 904 | 15, 445 1, 499 | |
| Operating revenues | 2, 344 1, 946 180 2, 533 2, 174 | 2, 370 1, 803 355 2, 420 2, 139 | 2, 574 1, 820 522 2, 471 2, 092 | 2, 609 1, 951 428 2, 586 2, 168 | 2, 487 1, 836 442 2, 403 2, 097 | 2, 892 1, 946 704 2, 711 2, 381 | 2, 480 1, 862 390 2, 435 2, 166 | 2, 485 1, 839 433 2, 346 2, 069 | 2, 860 1, 876 731 2, 647 2, 211 | 2, 635 1, 898 501 2, 490 2, 153 | 2, 724 1, 940 539 2, 516 2, 157 | 1, 999 579 2, 620 2, 191 | |
| Net operating revenuesdo | 232 | 164 | 249 | 301 | 194 | 226 | 134 | 144 | 311 | 208 | 222 | 285 | |

^{*}Revised. & Data for July, August, and October 1953 and January, May, and July 1954 are for 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks. IRevised data for June 1953, \$79,224,000.

*New series. Compiled by the U.S. Department of Justice, Immigration and Naturalization Service. Data relate to the arrivals and departures of aliens, by sea and by air, between ports of the United States and noncontiguous foreign territory. These statistics do not include border crossers, seamen, military personnel, traffic between continental United States and insular possessions, and cruise travelers. Data prior to 1953 will be shown later. (Old series covered emigrant and immigrant aliens only.)

*Pata beginning January 1954 cover 38 companies (those having an annual gross operating revenue of \$1,000,000 or more). However, the smaller number of companies continues to account Digitized for FRASER

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| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through | | | 19 | 953 | | | | | | 1954 | | | |
|--|---|---|---|---|--|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|--------------------------------------|
| 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | July | August | Septem- ber | October | Novem- ber | Decem- ber | January | Febru- ary | March | April | May | June | July |
| | C | HEMI | CALS | AND A | ALLIE | D PRO | DUCT | s | | | | | |
| CHEMICALS | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Inorganic chemicals, production: Ammonia, synthetic anhydrous (commercial) short tons Calcium arsenate (commercial) dodo | 185, 515 (¹) 69, 603 | 193, 932 | 195, 484 (1) | 198, 556 | 194, 886 (¹) | 199, 907 | 209, 972 | 206, 358 (1) | 237, 535 | 232, 246 (1) | 249, 837 | 216, 786 (¹) | |
| Calcium carbide (commercial) do Carbon dioxide, liquid, gas, and solid do Chlorine, gas do do Chlorine, gas do Chlorine | 83, 907 241, 110 | 66, 498 82, 948 238, 619 | 64, 860 73, 793 228, 826 | 65, 562 58, 615 239, 360 | 61, 201 48, 238 227, 830 | 65, 499 48, 269 227, 040 | 65, 321 45, 521 227, 955 | 53, 554 46, 564 206, 337 | 65, 072 50, 648 234, 640 | 60, 295 58, 934 231, 336 | 59, 984 65, 720 247, 890 | 56, 544 76, 725 242, 928 | |
| Hydrochloric acid (100% HCl) do Lead arsenate (acid and basic) do Nitric acid (100% HNO ₃) do Oxygen (high purity) mil. of cu. ft Phosphoric acid (50% H ₃ PO ₄) short tons Soda ash, ammonia-soda process (98-100% | 62, 463 (1) 140, 268 1, 992 195, 728 | 63, 425 0 144, 624 2, 125 214, 732 | 64, 936 0 145, 824 2, 034 202, 463 | 66, 494 (1) 159, 421 2, 114 222, 797 | 64, 029 (¹) 157, 485 1, 933 204, 545 | 62, 806 278 164, 122 1, 891 196, 946 | 62, 36 2 1, 026 161, 134 1, 908 248, 636 | 57, 666 1, 063 152, 456 1, 765 234, 740 | 62, 396 1, 084 155, 156 1, 863 264, 625 | 61, 351 1, 539 148, 261 1, 742 264, 979 | 63, 270 1, 055 157, 705 1, 823 263, 086 | 60, 122 323 149, 383 1, 768 240, 342 | |
| Na ₂ CO ₃) short tons. Sodium bichromate and chromatedo Sodium hydroxide (100% NaOH) do Sodium silicate, soluble silicate glass (anhydrous) | 408, 351 10, 177 282, 175 | 414, 642 10, 273 274, 676 | 395, 896 8, 363 260, 747 | 408, 829 8, 580 276, 413 | 394, 015 7, 954 262, 119 | 378, 658 7, 752 260, 651 | 371, 622 8, 126 267, 083 | 370, 311 7, 810 240, 529 | 424, 112 8, 525 278, 210 | 404, 856 9, 294 276, 481 | 413, 268 9, 530 287, 773 | 378, 233 8, 968 289, 484 | |
| short tons Sodium sulfate, Glauber's salt and crude salt cake | 41, 270 75, 609 | 44, 436 77, 869 | 48,050 | 64,740 | 52, 489 | 43, 957 | 46,608 | 49, 184 | 58, 458 | 49, 144 | 54, 730 | 50, 383 | |
| Sulfuric acid: short tons | | 1,131,309 | 78, 067 1,115,524 | 81, 479 1,210,900 | 79, 857 1,207,586 | 72, 868 1, 166, 896 | 71, 468 1,182,419 | 70,615 | 70, 787 1,223,936 | 64, 569 1,193,680 | 65, 409 | 62, 785 1, 128, 858 | |
| Production (100% H ₂ SO ₄)dodo | 22. 35 | 22. 35 | 22, 35 | 22. 35 | 22. 35 | 22.35 | 22. 35 | 1, 092, 447 22. 35 | 22. 35 | 22.35 | 22. 35 | 22. 35 | p 22, 35 |
| Acetic acid (synthetic and natural), production thous. of lb. Acetic anhydride, production do Acetylsalicylic acid (aspirin), production do Alebala ctyri | 48, 871 82, 359 959 | 44, 546 75, 406 1, 111 | 40, 595 72, 051 1, 071 | 36, 579 62, 567 1, 298 | 36, 515 49, 075 1, 056 | 40, 132 51, 786 987 | 38, 979 51, 863 1, 105 | 28, 804 47, 823 1, 213 | 39,012 48,469 1,192 | 37, 113 52, 836 1, 337 | 7 31, 754 53, 336 1, 072 | 30, 537 50, 342 1, 227 | |
| Production thous, of proof gal. Stocks, total de la lacohol bonded warehouses | 39, 034 75, 490 | 31, 934 71, 878 | 28, 995 65, 274 | 29, 033 58, 565 | 30, 245 56, 514 | 26, 312 54, 152 | 27, 112 51, 403 | 23, 912 47, 590 | 32, 594 46, 976 | 35, 465 44, 347 | 36, 521 46, 531 | 37, 268 51, 132 | 34, 608 55, 777 |
| thous, of proof gal_ In denaturing plants | 7 53, 721 21, 770 36, 557 2, 106 | 50, 364 21, 514 35, 346 1, 944 | 47, 978 17, 296 33, 538 2, 218 | 41, 108 17, 457 34, 685 1, 538 | 38, 322 18, 192 31, 583 1, 194 | 35, 762 18, 390 27, 880 962 | 33, 204 18, 199 28, 122 982 | 28, 138 19, 452 26, 171 1, 113 | 26, 183 20, 794 33, 664 978 | 24, 978 19, 368 33, 676 644 | 25, 850 20, 681 32, 636 725 | 30, 779 20, 353 32, 357 835 | 35, 690 20, 087 27, 603 697 |
| Production thous, of wine gal. Consumption (withdrawals) do. Stocks do. Crossoto oil, production thous, of gal. Ethyl acctate (85%), production thous, of b. Olycerin, refined (100% basis): | 4 19, 649 7 20, 893 5, 575 11, 448 7, 343 | 19, 058 17, 861 6, 803 13, 683 4, 995 | 18, 083 18, 317 6, 552 12, 272 7, 356 | 18, 781 17, 109 8, 230 12, 114 6, 478 | 17, 057 16, 580 8, 702 13, 533 5, 165 | 15, 149 17, 451 6, 412 11, 485 5, 859 | 15, 213 16, 210 5, 421 10, 208 5, 909 | 14, 171 13, 332 6, 603 9, 852 3, 018 | 18, 176 17, 206 7, 637 14, 792 6, 000 | 18, 172 18, 430 7, 377 15, 750 7, 849 | 17, 574 17, 582 7, 377 15, 417 6, 436 | 17, 511 17, 394 7, 483 15, 052 6, 039 | 14, 906 15, 678 6, 704 |
| High gravity and yellow distilled: Production do Consumption do Stocks do Chemically pure: | 5, 1 5 1 6, 037 16, 591 | 5, 235 6, 400 15, 834 | 7, 783 6, 498 16, 529 | 6, 103 6, 883 15, 384 | 7, 135 6, 136 16, 712 | 5, 798 5, 630 17, 259 | 6, 325 5, 820 17, 464 | 6, 675 5, 756 18, 294 | 6, 804 5, 576 19, 084 | 5,013 6,461 18,422 | 5, 475 6, 685 18, 775 | 5, 985 6, 169 19, 201 | 3,740 5,753 16,791 |
| Productiondo Consumptiondo Stocksdo | 10,747 8,536 25,580 | 12, 797 8, 899 25, 813 | 11, 322 8, 877 24, 605 | 15, 966 9, 618 26, 142 | 11, 203 8, 558 25, 144 | 15, 142 8, 718 27, 689 | 12, 743 8, 706 28, 645 | 11, 238 8, 809 27, 986 | 14, 099 9, 647 28, 941 | 13, 113 9, 229 29, 259 | 11, 654 8, 418 27, 120 | 14,023 9,193 27,161 | 10, 196 8, 662 23, 520 |
| Methanol, production: Natural (100%)t | 146 14, 326 20, 375 | 165 13, 861 19, 659 | 139 13, 603 18, 459 | 126 13, 941 16, 235 | 173 13, 973 18, 848 | 165 14, 151 19, 133 | 164 12, 459 21, 409 | 169 12, 063 19, 215 | 172 14, 580 20, 277 | 170 14, 079 23, 258 | r 162 12, 905 20, 233 | 151 13, 147 19, 652 | |
| FERTILIZERS | | | | | ļ | ĺ | | | | } | | | |
| Consumption (12 States) \$thous, of short tons. Exports, total \$\frac{1}{2}\$ short tons. Nitrogenous materials \$\frac{1}{2}\$ do Phosphate materials \$\frac{1}{2}\$ do Potash materials \$\frac{1}{2}\$ do | 202 272, 139 6, 425 254, 557 5, 507 | 2 228 296, 632 5, 484 277, 369 6, 913 | 237, 215 5, 063 212, 130 7, 958 | 307, 471 15, 029 274, 173 6, 967 | 2362 248,717 7,023 223,316 6,831 | 2 399 302, 167 38, 206 252, 284 7, 325 | 2512 211, 682 25, 205 180, 810 4, 590 | 2 1, 111 197, 702 40, 160 148, 378 6, 519 | 2 1, 772 273, 388 16, 766 242, 731 10, 444 | 2 1, 717 239, 183 13, 292 209, 516 10, 057 | 2 974 310, 071 6, 966 292, 538 8, 526 | 2 454 262, 196 21, 272 227, 693 10, 716 | |
| Imports, total | 168, 940 132, 082 19, 489 8, 434 14, 686 | 166, 587 133, 866 22, 949 8, 694 9, 288 | 179, 010 139, 272 7, 561 7, 813 10, 732 | 207, 352 142, 088 0 19, 907 21, 597 | 152, 784 112, 153 39, 832 8, 783 18, 320 | 183, 504 143, 369 45, 769 9, 553 20, 864 | 242, 713 204, 033 65, 277 13, 062 11, 271 | 252, 607 207, 263 44, 464 10, 909 13, 324 | 338, 283 259, 781 89, 083 3, 725 33, 633 | 338, 161 243, 103 85, 533 14, 898 38, 073 | 250, 103 179, 594 67, 517 20, 591 8, 079 | 225, 784 178, 599 98, 419 14, 157 3, 049 | |
| Price, wholesale, nitrate of soda, crude, f. o. b. cars, port warehousesdol. per short ton | 57, 00 130, 815 | 57, 00 133, 370 | 53, 00 132, 228 | 53. 00 117, 982 | 53. 00 123, 839 | 53, 00 125, 933 | 53, 00 155, 234 | 53.00 196, 283 | 53. 00 261, 059 | 53.00 221,146 | 53. 00 147, 975 | 53. 00 80, 319 | p 53.00 100,591 |
| Productionshort tons_ Stocks, end of monthdo | 155, 831 241, 028 | 165, 429 253, 737 | 164, 870 257, 903 | 172, 830 257, 069 | 161, 878 274, 533 | 173, 747 290, 794 | 183, 643 306, 774 | 187, 464 286, 325 | 227, 694 234, 936 | 216, 618 185, 090 | 182, 637 198, 809 | 165, 969 247, 638 | |
| NAVAL STORES | | | | | | | | | | [| | | |
| Price, gum, wholesale, "WG" grade (N. Y.) | 0.45 | | 927, 010 911, 120 | | 0.05 | 0.00 | | | 817, 950 828, 080 | | | | |
| Turpentine (gum and wood): Production, semiannual totalbbl. (50 gal.) Stocks, end of perioddo | 8. 45 | 8. 60 | 8. 70 297, 270 213, 770 | 8. 75 | 8.85 | 9,00 | 9.00 | 9.00 | 9. 00 240, 580 196, 910 | 8.75 | 8. 75 | 8, 65 | p 8, 54 |
| Frice, spirits, wholesale (N. Y.)dol. per gal. | | 1 .59 | 1 .59 | | | | . 61 | .60 | . 60 | .60 | . 60 | . 60 | p. 60 |

r Revised. P Preliminary. 1 Not available for publication. 2 Data for 10 States, excluding Indiana and Missouri. Revisions for 1952 (also 1951 for ammonia and hydrochloric acid) will be shown later. States represented are: North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Tennessee, Arkansas, Louisiana, Texas, Oklahoma; prior to August 1953, also Indiana and Missouri. According to quarterly reports from Virginia and semiannual reports from Kentucky, consumption in those States is as follows (thous, short tons): Virginia—1952—July—September, 90; October—December, 100; 1953—January—March, 319; April—June, 322; July—September, 79; October—December, 80; 1954—January—March, 305; April—June, 315; Kentucky—1952—July—December, 225; 1953—January—June, 433.

6 Profro to the October 1953 Survey, data were shown in short tons of 18% A. P. A. (available phosphoric acid).

6 Revisions for July 1952 (units as above): Production, 19,047; consumption, 17,456; stocks 9,126.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the | <u></u> | I | Cantom I | | No | T | | To l | i | 1954 | 1 | | T |
|--|--|--|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | July | August | Septem- ber | October | Novem- ber | Decem- ber | January | Febru- ary | March | April | May | June | July |
| | CHEMI | CALS | AND | ALLIE | D PR | ODUCI | rs—Co | ntinue | e d | | | | |
| MISCELLANEOUS | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Explosives (industrial), shipments: Black blasting powderthous. of lb. High explosivesdo | 579 61, 167 | 754 68, 135 | 918 6 7, 850 | 1, 000 70, 924 | 971 62,886 | 1, 027 54, 621 | 1, 061 52, 752 | 1, 035 55, 303 | 941 54, 756 | 931 55, 918 | 786 55, 330 | 541 58, 489 | 527 55, 395 |
| Production. thous. of long tons. Stocks do | 2, 960 | 451 3, 037 | 416 3, 059 | 431 3, 057 | 370 3, 023 | 437 3, 022 | 469 3, 090 | 437 3, 170 | 472 3, 239 | 3, 190 | 465 3, 193 | 455 3, 203 | 472 3, 259 |
| FATS, OILS, OILSEEDS, AND BYPRODUCTS | | | : | | | | | | | | | | ! |
| Animal fats, greases, and oils: Animal fats: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Production thous, of lb. Consumption, factory do. Stocks, end of month do. Greases: | 292, 573 101, 664 380, 414 | 277, 578 107, 680 318, 383 | 283, 269 121, 964 280, 903 | 335, 478 135, 646 249, 836 | 368, 503 129, 803 252, 586 | 364, 171 128, 876 264, 848 | 354, 916 124, 832 269, 246 | 309, 854 123, 883 257, 901 | 325, 234 133, 470 268, 342 | 310, 169 118, 886 262, 682 | 304, 763 119, 467 262, 393 | 309, 102 7 113, 337 245, 855 | 452, 271 89, 573 251, 266 |
| Production doConsumption, factory doStocks, end of month doFish oils: | 46, 873 24, 062 106, 866 | 45, 885 31, 975 103, 388 | 44, 435 30, 420 102, 327 | 48, 678 36, 801 91, 557 | 52, 507 36, 026 86, 410 | 49, 098 29, 540 81, 970 | 49, 251 27, 084 83, 322 | 47, 667 29, 878 74, 698 | 46, 502 31, 977 72, 430 | 47, 681 28, 431 64, 371 | 49, 641 22, 696 69, 182 | 46, 879 r 24, 157 r 68, 582 | 46, 072 19, 147 72, 512 |
| Production do do Consumption, factory do Stocks, end of month do Vegetable oils, oilseeds, and byproducts: | 27, 357 11, 148 51, 287 | 28, 839 10, 246 74, 408 | 30, 052 12, 035 90, 397 | 15, 939 12, 762 92, 126 | 2, 933 11, 138 79, 383 | 5, 296 9, 302 72, 711 | 840 9, 070 68, 768 | 371 9, 171 46, 297 | 358 10, 697 41, 170 | 2, 066 13, 768 37, 253 | 8,317 11,047 34,753 | 19, 164 11, 407 44, 101 | 25, 903 11, 038 56, 026 |
| Vegetable oils, total: Production, crude t | 322 378 970 | 379 426 | 451 • 477 | 614 560 | 592 572 | 596 546 | 595 537 | 545 523 | 542 556 | 475 521 | 429 495 | 382 445 | 366 346 |
| Crudedododo | 1,077 | 928 1, 052 | 925 1, 050 | 961 1, 084 | 947 1, 149 | 1,005 1,260 | 1, 025 1, 323 | 995 1,337 | 985 1, 323 | 7 915 1, 307 | 793 1, 223 | 709 71,150 | 529 1,088 |
| Exports thous of lb. Imports, totalt do. Paint oils do. All other vegetable oilst do. | 19, 163 34, 838 1, 194 33, 644 | 24, 499 30, 146 2, 826 27, 320 | 18, 622 32, 396 2, 193 30, 203 | 34, 728 33, 438 2, 028 31, 410 | 57, 676 38, 229 8, 186 30, 043 | 80, 988 44, 439 7, 453 36, 986 | 41, 846 29, 458 3, 816 25, 642 | 83, 113 21, 315 2, 746 18, 569 | 119, 801 24, 502 1, 368 23, 134 | 78, 866 43, 953 9, 017 34, 036 | 109, 314 28, 821 1, 410 27, 411 | 155, 012 39, 926 4, 402 35, 525 | ******** |
| Copra: | 23, 958 15, 997 22, 263 | 28, 337 • 72, 838 | 29, 498 17, 895 37, 371 | 33, 743 16, 198 29, 423 | 27, 497 13, 272 25, 371 | 27, 066 12, 504 27, 274 | 30, 074 15, 715 34, 128 | 23, 030 15, 130 26, 476 | 29, 646 12, 569 26, 231 | 27, 480 8, 181 19, 201 | 27, 599 10, 433 27, 726 | 29, 949 14, 877 33, 603 | 26, 871 16, 446 |
| Production: | 31, 280 26, 372 | 35, 997 31, 411 | 37, 129 31, 763 | 43, 066 28, 843 | 35, 028 25, 938 | 35, 294 26, 569 | 38, 337 27, 982 | 29, 498 26, 618 | 38, 415 37, 407 | 35, 863 32, 939 | 35, 481 30, 122 | 38, 165 32, 263 | 34, 925 23, 211 |
| Consumption, factory: Crudedododododododo | 39, 210 22, 478 | 45, 682 27, 318 | 47, 583 29, 108 | 46, 930 27, 356 | 42, 633 23, 010 | 42,755 22,369 | 43, 428 22, 544 | 45, 550 27, 788 | 57, 539 33, 455 | 50, 243 30, 309 | 46, 739 27, 072 | 48, 879 28, 659 | 35, 503 20, 608 |
| Stocks, end of month: do | 41, 803 8, 732 8, 013 | 37, 393 9, 019 11, 774 | 46, 250 9, 540 10, 975 | 53, 116 11, 260 12, 258 | 54, 809 13, 650 17, 550 | 66, 970 13, 843 15, 868 | 69, 403 16, 249 13, 625 | 60, 680 10, 691 6, 709 | 49, 372 10, 625 7, 051 | 45, 345 8, 884 14, 648 | 43, 216 10, 437 9, 741 | 44, 313 10, 950 9, 905 | 52, 308 10, 121 |
| Cottonseed:† Receipts at millsthous. of short tons Consumption (crush)dodo Stocks at mills, end of monthdo Cottonseed cake and meal:† | 113 155 155 | 276 182 250 | 1, 323 510 1, 064 | 1, 857 778 2, 143 | 1, 393 763 2, 773 | 810 718 2,865 | 237 712 2, 390 | 113 624 1, 879 | 50 598 1,332 | 28 470 891 | 22 356 556 | 21 270 307 | 128 207 229 |
| Production short tons Stocks at mills, end of months do Cottonsed oil crude: | 75, 673 91, 549 | 86, 379 69, 948 | 241, 458 112, 687 | 371, 321 163, 838 | 361, 549 163, 022 | 340, 919 109, 700 | 334, 973 109, 229 | 294, 423 146, 087 | 278, 124 167, 313 | 219, 851 177, 739 | 161, 713 193, 472 | 126, 729 198, 062 | 103, 175 203, 321 |
| Production thous of lb_Stocks, end of menth do | 55, 418 42, 451 | 57, 397 37, 830 | 157, 634 89, 090 | 251, 701 134, 001 | 249, 924 143, 804 | 232, 230 148, 742 | 234, 465 183, 105 | 207, 447 184, 165 | 200, 632 184, 799 | 161, 955 129, 705 | 124, 212 84, 728 | 94, 884 54, 013 | 77, 097 42, 249 |
| Production t de Consumption, factory t do In margarinet do Stocks, end of month \$t do Price, wholesale, drums (N, Y.) dol. per lb Flaxseed: | 67, 740 68, 663 15, 664 928, 561 220 | 59, 998 83, 622 16, 724 918, 585 206 | 97, 992 89, 270 18, 144 927, 026 . 190 | 179, 751 133, 253 29, 477 966, 498 .204 | 221, 226 151, 011 30, 204 1, 016, 037 211 | 209, 548 135, 286 30, 952 1,109,455 , 206 | 183, 279 131, 421 35, 314 1, 152, 554 . 201 | 188, 791 141, 894 34, 600 1, 177, 790 . 193 | 197, 063 167, 032 38, 165 1,174,667 203 | 178, 107 176, 259 38, 113 1,155,168 213 | 151, 578 174, 462 33, 425 71,069,238 213 | 106, 431 139, 760 27, 384 7 995, 638 224 | 78, 738 108, 802 24, 141 955, 553 p. 224 |
| Production (crop estimate) thous. of bu. Oil mills: Consumption do. Stocks, end of month do. | 1, 311 2, 064 | 2, 200 | 2, 452 1, 943 | 2, 627 | 2, 547 | ¹ 36, 813 | 2, 687 | 2, 519 | 2, 266 | 1, 954 | 2, 079 | 2, 248 | ² 46, 244 2, 596 |
| Price, wholesale, No. 1 (Minn.)dol. per bullinseed oil, raw: Productionthous, of lb | 3. 50 26, 764 | 1, 738 3, 56 43, 904 | 3, 85 48, 842 | 4, 720 3, 88 52, 411 | 5, 164 3, 93 50, 558 | 4, 467 4, 02 57, 831 | 4, 173 4, 00 52, 087 | 3, 183 3, 89 50, 439 | 2, 323 3, 93 44, 419 | 1, 359 3, 92 38, 784 | 596 3, 99 40, 343 | 7 1, 179 3, 88 44, 293 | 1, 782 3, 63 50, 223 |
| Consumption, factory, do. Stocks at factory, end of month! do. Price, wholesale (Minneapolis). dol. per lb. Soybeans: Production (crop estimate). thous, of bu. | 45, 511 575, 613 . 138 | 49, 644 562, 033 . 142 | 45, 690 558, 139 . 156 | 42, 288 559, 631 . 160 | 37, 932 535, 722 . 160 | 36, 434 521, 297 . 153 | 42, 280 481, 025 . 148 | 32, 012 464, 289 . 140 | 36, 362 466, 099 . 145 | 37, 349 438, 266 . 141 | 35, 141 375, 137 , 142 | 39, 263 331, 862 . 153 | 41, 176 231, 572 p. 166 |
| Consumption, factory do Stocks, end of month do Soybean oil: Production: | 16, 338 18, 865 | 18, 684 7, 613 | 15, 652 16, 631 | 21, 284 61, 401 | 20, 284 61, 710 | 1 262, 341 20, 758 58, 531 | 20, 778 54, 485 | 18, 873 56, 948 | 19, 252 52, 297 | 17, 649 43, 209 | 17, 545 33, 454 | 15, 437 24, 598 | ² 303, 577 15, 361 15, 321 |
| Crude thous, of lb. Refined do. Consumption, factory, refined to do. Stocks, end of month: do. | 179, 503 155, 987 156, 262 | 208, 660 200, 180 192, 613 | 173, 756 212, 568 219, 116 | 229, 966 214, 418 219, 229 | 219, 304 192, 662 188, 649 | 226, 320 180, 481 174, 446 | 228, 433 191, 788 174, 010 | 208, 706 186, 529 181, 253 | 213, 372 188, 570 183, 214 | 194, 526 180, 911 187, 113 | 193, 327 186, 097 182, 924 | 171, 614 175, 831 180, 938 | 173, 189 127, 217 146, 815 |
| Crudedo. Refined†do. Price, wholesale, refined (N. Y.)dol. per lb. Revised. Preliminary. Estimate for 1953 | 176, 495 93, 779 . 208 | 161, 242 82, 103 . 166 | 105, 352 69, 052 . 170 | 87, 907 62, 353 . 188 | 88, 437 74, 423 , 196 | 122, 021 82, 193 , 197 | 142, 947 99, 466 . 192 | 138, 111 95, 000 . 185 | 140, 958 98, 466 194 | 142, 208 98, 429 . 204 | 127, 599 103, 331 . 204 | 114, 142 96, 919 . 209 | 132, 221 78, 743 • 209 |

r Revised. ** Preliminary. 1 Estimate for 1953. 2 August 1 estimate of 1954 crop. 2 Revisions for 1952 will be shown later. 3 Includes stocks owned by the Commodity Credit Corporation (beginning May 1953 for cake and meal and beginning 1952 for refined oil).

| Inless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the | | | 195 | 33 | | | | | 1 | 1954 | | | i |
|---|---|---|---|---|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----------------------------|
| 1952 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | July | August | Septem- ber | October | Novem- ber | Decem- ber | January | Febru- ary | March | April | May | June | July |
| | CHEMI | CALS | AND . | ALLIEI | PRO | DUCT | S—Cor | ntinued | l | | | | |
| FATS, OILS, ETC.—Continued | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Vegetable oils, oilseeds, and byproducts—Con. Margarine: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Production do | 89, 753 23, 366 .274 | 96, 053 18, 372 | 114, 574 19, 350 | 136, 217 16, 382 | 107, 419 22, 021 | 107, 291 21, 779 | 131, 959 23, 393 | 124, 242 26, 516 | 116, 538 23, 867 | 118, 586 21, 219 .273 | 102, 844 25, 462 | 90, 334 24, 643 . 283 | 87, 33 22, 81 p , 28 |
| hortening: Production | 105, 858 113, 700 | 130, 906 100, 911 | 152, 322 89, 440 | . 264 172, 988 84, 703 | . 283 191, 747 75, 793 | . 283 139, 943 93, 926 | . 283 132, 504 92, 000 | 155, 909 93, 443 | 178, 279 88, 576 | 180, 323 83, 881 | 177, 934 96, 309 | 151, 717 115, 786 | 112, 33 98, 85 |
| PAINTS, VARNISH, AND LACQUER§ | | · | , | , | , | ŕ | , | ŕ | ŕ | | | | |
| Tactory shipments, total thous, of dol. Industrial sales do | 124, 953 48, 641 76, 312 | 121, 687 47, 970 73, 717 | 119, 213 45, 793 73, 420 | 116, 432 46, 734 69, 698 | 98, 539 40, 709 57, 830 | 92, 557 40, 217 52, 340 | 104, 632 39, 877 64, 755 | 100, 013 39, 915 60, 098 | 117, 808 46, 792 71, 016 | 124, 629 46, 778 77, 851 | 123, 071 45, 275 77, 796 | 131, 870 46, 502 85, 368 | |
| SYNTHETIC PLASTICS AND RESIN | 1 13,522 | 10,121 | 10,120 | 00,000 | 07,000 | 02,010 | 01,100 | 00,000 | 12,020 | ,,,,,,,,, | | | |
| MATERIALS Production: Cellulose acetate and mixed ester plastics: Sheets, rods, and tubes | 2, 717 5, 349 522 | 2, 848 6, 259 597 | 3, 387 7, 393 644 | 3, 664 7, 478 650 | 2, 999 5, 803 633 | 3, 483 6, 226 631 | 2, 747 5, 367 563 | 2, 816 5, 168 598 | 3, 301 6, 257 662 | 2, 716 6, 478 554 | 2, 812 5, 370 483 | 3, 323 6, 509 431 | |
| Other cellulose plasticsdo | 476 | 449 | 427 | 441 | 401 | 486 | 412 | 486 | 524 | 428 | 401 | 430 | |
| Phenolic and other tar acid resins do— Polystyrene do— Urea and melamine resins do— Vinyl resins do— Alkyd resins do— | 32, 362 32, 399 13, 745 40, 392 31, 420 | 35, 299 38, 672 16, 347 43, 592 28, 809 | 38, 266 32, 807 17, 010 40, 381 28, 548 | 35, 895 28, 717 17, 635 41, 170 31, 922 | 32,348 25,760 17,839 39,129 27,693 | 30, 265 25, 908 16, 955 37, 357 30, 673 | 30, 842 30, 941 17, 646 40, 636 28, 475 | 29, 987 33, 376 19, 148 39, 810 28, 587 | 35, 421 37, 252 19, 958 46, 303 32, 796 | 31, 567 36, 889 17, 892 43, 413 31, 055 | 32, 805 35, 039 18, 630 42, 163 30, 152 | 43, 814 31, 980 | |
| Rosin modifications do do do Miscellaneous resins do do do do do do do do do do do do do | 10, 555 19, 176 | 9, 399 19, 268 | 8, 37 5 22, 055 | 10, 161 24, 970 | 9,627 26,351 | 9, 543 26, 099 | 9, 661 24, 535 | 11, 215 25, 134 | 10, 855 26, 381 | 11, 473 25, 448 | 12, 138 r 25, 500 | 10, 344 23, 722 | |
| | | EL | ECTR | IC PO | WER A | AND G | AS | | <u></u> | | <u> </u> | | |
| ELECTRIC POWER | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | |
| Production (utility and industrial), total; | 43, 993 | 44 554 | 40.014 | 43, 820 | 40.274 | 47 110 | 45 450 | 40.007 | 45 100 | 40.057 | 42.500 | 44.075 | 45.0 |
| Electric utilities, total do By fuels do By water power do Frivately and publicly owned utilities | 38, 070 29, 300 | 44, 554 38, 534 30, 080 8, 455 | 42, 914 37, 028 29, 440 7, 588 | 37, 658 30, 490 7, 168 | 42, 374 36, 429 29, 454 6, 975 | 45, 118 39, 083 30, 404 8, 679 | 45, 478 39, 423 30, 524 8, 899 | 40, 887 35, 211 26, 647 8, 564 | 45, 166 38, 918 28, 998 9, 921 | 42, 857 36, 835 26, 925 9, 910 | 43, 529 37, 429 27, 079 10, 350 | 44, 975 38, 901 29, 315 9, 586 | 45, 9 40, 0 31, 8, |
| Other producersdodo | 32, 221 5, 849 5, 923 | 32, 350 6, 184 6, 020 | 31, 282 5, 746 5, 886 | 32, 259 5, 399 6, 162 | 31, 187 5, 242 5, 945 | 33, 497 5, 587 6, 035 | 33, 227 6, 196 6, 055 | 29, 478 5, 733 5, 676 | 32, 719 6, 199 6, 247 | 30, 913 5, 923 6, 021 | 31,007 6,422 6,100 | 32, 535 6, 366 6, 074 | 33, 6, 5, |
| By fuels. do. By water powerdo. ales to ultimate customers, total (Edison Electric Institute); | 5, 590 333 31, 989 | 5, 739 281 33, 001 | 5, 611 275 32, 735 | 5, 879 284 32, 350 | 5, 665 280 31, 919 | 5, 668 366 33, 040 | 5, 664 391 34, 235 | 5, 291 385 33, 112 | 5, 781 467 33, 032 | 5, 573 448 32, 885 | 5, 672 427 32, 483 | 5, 681 393 33, 119 | 5, |
| Commercial and industrial: 3 do Small light and power do Large light and power do Railways and railroads do | 6, 068 15, 981 380 | 6, 253 16, 553 371 | 6, 191 16, 286 369 | 5, 917 16, 178 393 | 5, 785 15, 668 401 | 5, 927 15, 765 445 | 6, 104 15, 668 459 | 5, 902 15, 294 399 | 5, 794 15, 734 439 | 5, 802 15, 865 397 | 5, 805 16, 075 374 | 6, 119 16, 440 | |
| Residential of domestic | 7, 479 1, 006 259 764 | 7, 546 1, 180 284 758 | 7, 651 1, 120 309 757 52 | 7, 833 870 345 768 | 8, 248 645 367 762 | 9, 104 584 394 778 | 10, 163 612 395 787 | 9, 719 606 352 792 | 9, 239 663 342 768 | 8, 942 756 311 763 | 8, 321 818 290 747 | 273 | |
| Interdepartmentaldo teverne from sales to ultimate customers (Edison Electric Institute)†thous, of dol GAS | 52 | 56 573, 651 | 52 575, 288 | 46 572, 424 | 571, 296 | 589, 705 | 47 611, 624 | 48 596, 954 | 53 589, 223 | 585, 598 | 53 579, 131 | 56 587, 473 | |
| (anufactured and mixed gas (quarterly): | | | 1 | | | |] | | | | | İ | |
| Customers, end of quarter, total thousands. Residential (incl. house-heating) do Industrial and commercial do Sales to consumers, total mil. of therms | | 1 | 5.982 | | | 6, 113 5, 668 442 759 | | | 5, 971 5, 533 436 1, 121 | | | | |
| Residential dodo | | | 263 268 | | | 463 287 | | | 793 319 | | | | |
| Residential (incl. house-heating) thous. of dol Industrial and commercial do atural gas (quarterly): | I | | 54, 049 | | | 107, 700 76, 534 30, 416 | | | 148, 544 111, 142 36, 608 | | | : | |
| Customers, end of quarter, total thousands. Residential (incl. house-heating) do. Industrial and commercial do. Sales to consumers, total mil, of therms. | | | 18, 310 1, 518 10, 502 | | | 20, 667 19, 003 1, 640 14, 099 | | | 21, 006 19, 296 1, 684 17, 921 | | | | |
| Residential (incl. house-heating) do Industrial and commercial do Revenue from sales to consumers, total thous, of dol | | | 1, 435 8, 405 371, 928 | | | 4, 021 9, 114 597, 998 | | | 7, 675 9, 594 881, 043 | | | | |
| Residential (incl. house-heating) do | | | 148, 604 | | | 325, 396 255, 373 | | | 561, 557 303, 423 | | | | |

r Revised. Preliminary.
Grevisions for production (September 1951-September 1952) and for stocks (December 1951-September 1952) will be shown later.
§ Revisions for 1952 appear in the September 1953 Survey; those for 1951 will be shown later.
Revisions for 1952 for electric-power production and for gas are shown in the October 1953 Survey; those for electric-power sales and revenues, in the October and November 1953 issues.

| Inless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the | | | 195 | ಶಿತ | G | | | | | 1954 | | | 1 |
|--|----------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------------------|------------------------|---------------------|
| 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | July | August | Septem- ber | October | Novem- ber | Decem- ber | January | Febru- ary | March | April | May | June | July |
| | | FO | ODST | UFFS | AND T | ГОВАС | CO | | | | | | |
| ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fermented malt liquors: Production thous, of bbl. | r9,869 | 9, 458 | 8, 339 | 7, 606 | 5, 649 | 5, 954 | 5, 797 | 5, 909 | 7, 918 | 7, 949 | 8, 556 | 9, 547 | 9, 3 |
| Production thous of bbl. Tax-paid withdrawals do Stocks, end of month do | 79, 211 | 8, 905 11, 005 | 8, 757 10, 013 | 6, 941 10, 091 | 5, 644 9, 830 | 6, 176 9, 223 | 5, 162 9, 498 | 5, 434 9, 605 | 6, 607 10, 406 | 7, 011 10, 680 | 7, 239 11, 541 | 8, 646 11, 846 | 8, 8 |
| Distilled spirits: Production thous, of tax gal | 7 9, 582 | 7, 282 | 15, 375 | 28, 896 | 19, 754 | 15, 930 | 13, 120 | 14, 405 | 16, 387 | 14, 636 | 13, 876 | 13, 905 | 9, 8 |
| Consumption, apparent, for beverage purposes | 14, 306 | 14, 024 | 16, 341 | 18, 731 | 19, 465 | 22, 805 | 12, 528 | 12,671 | 15, 736 | 14, 519 | 15, 365 | 14, 975 | 3, |
| Tax-paid withdrawalsthous, of tax gal | 7 9, 734 878, 764 | 9, 371 873, 616 | 12, 633 | 17, 257 | 16,690 | 10, 479 | 8,650 | 10, 156 | 12,718 | 12,029 | 11,853 | 12, 143 | 9, |
| Stocks, end of month do | 1, 521 | 1, 490 | 867, 166 2, 159 | 861, 353 2, 967 | 857, 234 2, 743 | 859, 297 2, 207 | 861, 381 1, 336 | 862, 917 1, 456 | 864, 231 1, 529 | 864, 016 1, 694 | 864, 004 1, 520 | 864, 343 1, 761 | 863, |
| Whisky: Productionthous. of tax gal | r 5, 640 | 3, 974 | 7, 263 | 10, 094 | 9, 435 | 9, 270 | 8, 301 | 9, 020 | 10, 029 | 9, 862 | 9, 579 | 9, 139 | 5, |
| Production thous of tax gal Tax-paid withdrawals do Stocks, end of month do Imports thous of proof gal | 4, 793 729, 730 | 5, 241 725, 979 | 7, 301 722, 169 | 9, 406 718, 330 | 9, 102 715, 087 | 5, 982 716, 4 39 | 4, 878 717, 441 | 5, 315 718, 413 | 6, 272 718, 516 | 5, 998 718, 726 | 5, 748 719, 567 | 5, 732 720, 713 | 721, |
| Importsthous. of proof gal_tectified spirits and wines, production, total § ‡ | 1,415 | 1,350 | 1,970 | 2,773 | 2, 524 | 1, 990 | 1, 218 | 1, 328 | 1, 395 | 1, 551 | 1,388 | 1, 616 | |
| Rectified spirits and wines, production, total § ‡ thous. of proof gal Whisky | 7 6, 892 7 5, 650 | 6, 248 5, 171 | 8, 930 7, 740 | 11, 470 9, 964 | 10, 668 9, 455 | 6, 885 5, 850 | 5, 533 4, 634 | 5, 745 4, 834 | 7, 400 6, 349 | 6,605 5,823 | 6, 851 5, 996 | 7, 091 6, 126 | 5, 4, |
| Vines and distilling materials: | | | | | , , , , , | , | -, -, | 1, 501 | 3,510 | 3,520 | , | 0,120 | |
| Production thous of wine gal Tax-paid withdrawalst do Stocks, end of month do Imports do | 82 67 | 112 95 | 106 131 | 96 174 | 76 197 | 81 198 | 99 84 | 233 69 | 147 | 109 74 | 223 95 | 186 112 | |
| Stocks, end of month! | 1, 435 31 | 1,448 30 | 1, 416 45 | 1, 320 | 1,186 | 1,052 | 1,060 | 1, 217 | 1, 272 | 1, 297 | 1, 418 | 1, 478 | |
| | 876 | 1,679 | 17, 237 | 64 | 88 | 121 | 27 | 23 | 28 | 44 | 44 | 41 | { |
| Production do Tax-paid withdrawals do Stocks, end of month do | 7, 098 152, 280 | 8,576 | 10, 979 | 64, 847 12, 819 | 20, 755 12, 440 | 4, 148 12, 966 | 1, 398 9, 120 | 1, 286 10, 038 | 1, 477 12, 353 | 1, 403 10, 443 | 1, 112 9, 841 | 891 10, 469 | |
| Stocks, end of month: Imports Ooistilling materials produced at wineries; do | 409 | 143, 810 325 | 149, 723 425 | 206, 868 500 | 214, 956 699 | 202, 631 707 | 193, 413 313 | 179, 769 322 | 170, 754 404 | 159, 755 582 | 150, 766 494 | 140, 525 459 | |
| | 1,839 | 4, 020 | 44, 669 | 128, 626 | 35, 234 | 4, 971 | 1, 670 | 1, 556 | 2, 128 | 486 | 593 | 5, 501 | |
| DAIRY PRODUCTS | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| eutter, creamery: Production (factory)‡thous. of lb Stocks, cold storage, end of monthdo | 138, 085 309, 894 | 119, 645 | 96, 730 | 92, 375 | 90, 765 | 108, 240 | 118, 465 | 115, 910 | 142, 295 | 141, 305 | 163, 815 | 159, 755 | 129, |
| Price, wholesale, 92-score (New York)dol. per lb | 656 | 334, 853 . 661 | 323, 077 . 670 | 311, 574 . 682 | 290, 598 . 676 | 281, 702 . 666 | 294, 047 . 659 | 304, 233 . 658 | 346, 542 . 651 | 375, 584 . 583 | 421, 997 . 577 | 7 468, 453 . 575 | 505, |
| Production (factory), totaltthous. of lb | 128, 460 | 114, 330 | 97, 500 | 87, 775 | 82, 390 | 91, 175 | 98, 735 | 97, 190 | 115, 555 | 126, 930 | 156, 480 | 153, 645 | 126, |
| American, whole milkt do Stocks, cold storage, end of month, total do do do do do do do do do do do do do | 102, 000 420, 280 | 88, 730 445, 575 | 72, 450 460, 488 | 61, 505 448, 787 | 56, 230 432, 325 | 63, 225 432, 008 | 72, 135 427, 464 | 70, 810 424, 657 | 86, 575 450, 299 | 97, 400 487, 209 | 123, 090 521, 763 | 122, 345 7 567, 541 | 99, |
| American, whole milkdo | 385, 445 2, 121 | 410, 733 2, 824 | 426, 383 5, 540 | 416, 095 3, 602 | 400, 983 7, 186 | 401, 168 5, 860 | 397, 990 2, 233 | 396, 344 3, 162 | 426, 049 4, 163 | 460, 566 4, 851 | 494, 770 4, 236 | 7 538, 051 4, 510 | 569. |
| Price, wholesale, American, single daisles (Chicago)dol. per lb. | .405 | . 405 | .407 | . 424 | . 427 | . 415 | . 403 | , í | · ' | | | 1 | - |
| ondensed and evaporated milk: Production, case goods: | | | 1 | . 121 | | . 110 | . 405 | . 393 | .383 | . 375 | . 370 | . 369 | |
| Condensed (sweetened)thous. of lb | 2,719 262,400 | 2,390 | 2,300 | 3,000 | 3, 175 | 1, 800 | 2, 350 | 1, 875 | 2, 150 | 2, 480 | 1, 675 | 1, 775 | 1, |
| Evaporated (unsweetened)dodo | 1 | 228, 500 | 170,000 | 162, 200 | 152, 500 | 155, 700 | 163, 600 | 156, 900 | 194, 900 | 243, 100 | 316,000 | 310, 500 | 266, |
| Evaporated (unsweetened)do | 7, 041 511, 683 | 6, 066 524, 007 | 5, 123 481, 196 | 5, 248 410, 255 | 6, 047 339, 808 | 4, 897 262, 913 | 4, 753 192, 760 | 4, 784 127, 681 | 4, 997 102, 638 | 5, 353 127, 497 | 5, 242 231, 456 | 5, 010 320, 487 | 381, |
| Exports: Condensed (sweetened)do | 2, 916 | 937 | 1,085 | 658 | 128 | 747 | 46 | 62 | 56 | 77 | 96 | 22 | 002, |
| Evaporated (unsweetened)dodo | 11, 957 | 10, 449 | 13, 997 | 11, 337 | 14, 427 | 6, 119 | 8, 215 | 13, 228 | 11, 397 | 8, 901 | 12, 312 | 14, 773 | |
| Evaporated (unsweetened)dol. per case | 5. 76 | 5. 81 | 5, 79 | 5, 80 | 5.85 | 5. 82 | 5. 76 | 5. 73 | 5. 69 | 5. 44 | 5. 39 | 7 5.45 | |
| Production: mil, of lb. Utilization in mfd. dairy products dodo | 11, 603 4, 742 | 10, 624 4, 146 | 9, 306 3, 374 | 8, 878 3, 174 | 8, 359 3, 062 | 8, 907 3, 505 | 9, 172 3, 796 | 8, 980 | 10, 713 | 11,345 | 13, 178 | r 12, 663 | |
| Price, dealers', standard gradedol. per 100 lb_ Dry milk: | 4. 99 | 5.05 | 5. 15 | 5. 20 | 5. 23 | 5. 18 | | 3, 711 5. 03 | 4, 514 4. 96 | 4, 746 4, 76 | 5, 658 4, 62 | 5, 534 4, 58 | |
| Production:† Dry whole milkthous, of lb | 10, 050 | 10, 050 | 8, 620 | 9,000 | 0 490 | 7 070 | | | | | | | 1 |
| Nonfat dry milk solids (human food)do | 114, 750 | 91, 900 | 67, 050 | 65, 150 | 8, 420 68, 290 | 7, 970 94, 250 | 6, 360 103, 350 | 6, 165 102, 300 | 6, 175 131, 650 | 10, 525 138, 350 | 10, 925 164, 750 | 10, 560 153, 000 | 8, 110, |
| Stocks, manufacturers', end of month: Dry whole milk | 13, 560 | 14, 110 | 11, 512 | 11, 716 | 11, 316 | 10, 220 | 9, 602 | 8, 510 | 7, 629 | 8, 692 | 10, 397 | 11, 956 | 12, |
| Nonfat dry milk solids (human food)do | 131,826 | 114, 632 | 84, 421 | 67, 925 | 67, 893 | 74, 094 | 81, 056 | 88, 377 | 85, 449 | 83, 435 | 105, 792 | 111, 482 | 92, |
| Dry whole milkdodododododo | 4, 378 14, 323 | 6, 105 7, 801 | 3, 648 3, 676 | 3, 014 4, 854 | 3, 004 15, 357 | 4, 844 7, 004 | 1, 584 18, 674 | 2, 671 15, 802 | 2, 826 20, 107 | 4, 906 4, 655 | 5, 729 16, 896 | 4, 322 31, 787 | |
| Price, wholesale, nonfat dry milk solids (human food), U. S. averagedol. per lb_ | .146 | . 146 | . 147 | . 149 | . 152 | . 153 | . 152 | . 151 | . 149 | . 146 | .143 | . 142 | |
| FRUITS AND VEGETABLES | | | į | | | ,,,,,, | . 102 | , 101 | . 140 | . 140 | .140 | .142 | |
| pples: Production (crop estimate)thous, of bu | | | | | | 109 977 | | | | | | | |
| Shipments, carlotno. of carloads_ Stocks, cold storage, end of month_thous, of bu | 279 128 | 180 509 | 709 7, 886 | 3, 717 | 2, 567 | 1 92, 877 2, 796 | 2, 357 | 2, 119 | 3, 061 | 2, 394 | 1,899 | 7 848 | ² 101, |
| , | | | | 27, 485 | 25, 331 | 19, 894 | 14, 943 | 10, 679 | 6, 095 | 3, 267 | 1, 302 | r 440 | - |
| Prozen fruits, carlot shipmentsno. of carloads Prozen fruits, stocks, cold storage, end of month | 8, 982 | 6, 582 | 6,948 | 5, 890 | 6,851 | 12, 595 | 10, 145 | 9, 270 | 10, 655 | 11, 202 | 11, 411 | r 9, 121 | 6, |
| rozen vegetables, stocks, cold storage, end of | 568, 132 | 602,000 | 580, 866 | 581, 707 | 571, 377 | 568, 443 | 593, 592 | 635, 626 | 605, 956 | 619, 011 | 702, 561 | r 722, 477 | 797, |
| monththous, of lb. | 468, 377 | 573, 603 | 688, 353 | 737, 428 | 722, 108 | 704, 585 | 630, 201 | 562, 581 | 510, 944 | 469, 050 | 444, 834 | ⁷ 443, 724 | 482, |
| Duratura Comment | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Production (crop estimate) thous, of bu_Shipments, carlot no. of carloads_Price, wholesale, U. S. No. 1 (New York) | 15, 744 | 11, 860 | 15, 797 | 17, 866 | 14, 758 | ¹ 373, 711 15, 453 | 20, 402 | 18, 870 | 23, 925 | 19, 630 | 20, 528 | , 21, 046 | ² 344, 4 |

Price, wholesale, U. S. No. I (New York)
dol. per 100 lb... 2. 220 3. 165 3. 060 3. 325 3. 313 3. 050 2. 981 2. 981 3. 081 3. 500 3. 981 7. 3. 375 7. 4. 057

*Revised. **Preliminary. 1** Estimate for 1953. 2** August 1 estimate of 1954 crop.

*Data beginning July 1953 exclude production of wines and vermouth; for July 1952–June 1953 such production totaled 88,000 gallons.

*Revisions prior to December 1952 are available upon request as follows: Beginning 1951 for cheese, condensed milk, and nonfat dry milk solids; beginning 1952 for butter, evaporated milk, and dry whole milk. Revisions for January—December 1952 for third milk production are shown in corresponding note in the March 1954 Survey; those for July 1952–March 1953 for rectified spirits and wines and wines and distilling materials appear in the June 1951 issue.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through | | | 19 | 53 | | | | | | 1954 | | | |
|--|-------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | July | August | Septem- ber | October | Novem- ber | Decem- ber | January | Febru- ary | March | April | Мау | June | July |
| | FC | ODST | UFFS | AND T | говас | CO(| Continu | ed | | | | | |
| GRAIN AND GRAIN PRODUCTS | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Exports, principal grains, including flour and meal thous, of bu | 37, 322 | 31, 996 | 35, 075 | 30, 780 | 31,072 | 25, 483 | 19, 855 | 24, 986 | 23, 469 | 30, 062 | r 32, 628 | 27, 764 | |
| Barley: Production (crop estimate)do | | | | | | 1 241, 015 | | | | | | | ² 372, 648 |
| Receipts, principal marketsdo Stocks, domestic, end of month: | 8, 037 9, 070 | 25, 503 12, 188 | 15, 698 14, 631 | 11, 510 12, 609 | 8, 235 12, 222 | 8,860 12,659 | 8, 613 11, 085 | 12, 386 10, 277 | 8, 566 8, 922 | 7, 594 7, 119 | 6, 531 6, 500 | 7, 685 9, 121 | 8, 238 11, 932 |
| Commercial do On farms do Exports, including malt do On farms | 960 | 2, 209 | 148, 842 2, 478 | 3, 865 | 2, 175 | 107, 770 951 | 416 | 422 | 74, 913 526 | 846 | *872 | 3 34, 945 2, 702 | |
| Prices, wholesale (Minneapolis): No. 2, maltingdol. per bu_ No. 3, straightdodo | 1. 420 1. 236 | 1, 511 1, 374 | 1. 479 1. 344 | 1.516 1.417 | 1. 515 1. 438 | 1, 513 1, 436 | 1.520 1.474 | 1. 509 1. 441 | 1. 483 1. 374 | 1. 505 1. 396 | 1. 518 1. 456 | 1. 490 1. 375 | 1. 456 1. 323 |
| Corn: | • | | | | | 1 3, 177 | | 2,2 | | | | | ŀ |
| Production (crop estimate) mil. of bu Grindings, wet process thous. of bu Receipts, principal markets do | 9, 772 24, 231 | 10, 629 25, 011 | 10, 769 25, 234 | 12, 438 52, 068 | 10, 515 48, 836 | 10, 240 18, 424 | 10, 021 21, 389 | 10, 232 25, 032 | 11, 466 24, 741 | 11, 127 22, 798 | 10, 263 25, 835 | 10, 326 25, 151 | 2 2, 824 10, 041 24, 105 |
| Starks domestic and of month: | 10, 218 | 9, 459 | 9, 365 3 329. 6 | 23, 072 | 45, 703 | 43, 106 2, 138. 5 | 38, 221 | 35, 338 | 33, 793 1, 468, 8 | 21, 704 | 16, 984 | 15, 945 | 12, 866 |
| Commercial do. On farms mil. of bu Exports, including meal thous, of bu Prices, wholesale: | ٤, 381 | 8, 741 | 10, 469 | 13, 512 | 13, 146 | 10,808 | 6, 860 | 8, 045 | 7, 703 | 8, 221 | 7, 101 | 986. 1 5, 098 | |
| No. 3, white (Chicago)dol. per bu No. 3, yellow (Chicago)do Weighted average, 5 markets, all gradesdo | 1, 579 1, 511 | 1, 603 1, 550 | 1, 618 1, 658 1, 568 | 1. 561 1. 461 1. 443 | 1. 491 1. 448 1. 439 | 1, 563 1, 530 | 1.553 1.521 | 1. 655 1. 553 1. 495 | 1. 560 1. 502 | 1. 571 1. 504 | 1.585 1.532 | 1. 630 1. 610 1. 577 | 1. 622 1. 614 1. 581 |
| Oats: Production (crop estimate) mil. of bu_Receipts, principal markets thous, of bu_ | 17, 033 | 24, 375 | 8, 784 | 5, 908 | 6, 187 | 1 1, 216 8, 131 | 4 540 | 4, 660 | 4, 886 | 4,602 | | 7, 241 | ² 1, 529 16, 842 |
| Stocks, domestic, end of month: | 18, 348 | 22, 945 | 27, 122 | 22, 908 | 18, 453 | 18, 295 | 4, 542 15, 066 | 13, 406 | 8, 648 | 4, 750 | 5, 818 4, 600 | 4,872 | 11, 729 |
| On farms dodo | 452 | 327 | 984, 324 305 | 296 | 310 | 778, 541 462 | 136 | 192 | 450, 335 363 | 227 | 118 | 3 204, 050 209 | |
| dor, per but | . 760 | . 770 | . 743 | .752 | .742 | .794 | .814 | . 788 | . 781 | . 792 | .770 | . 763 | . 708 |
| Rice: Production (crop estimate)thous. of bars Q_California: | | | | | | 1 52, 529 | | | | | | | ² 61, 360 |
| Receipts, domestic, roughthous. of lb_Shipments from mills, milled ricedoStocks, r/augh and cleaned (cleaned basis), end of monththous. of lb_ | 79, 454 49, 364 49, 517 | 13, 815 54, 191 6, 282 | 13, 388 4, 953 9, 373 | 194, 685 54, 068 83, 259 | 154, 646 122, 947 72, 152 | 129, 132 79, 990 86, 161 | 149, 459 125, 900 65, 802 | 135, 181 104, 782 55, 934 | 118, 669 78, 605 59, 246 | 84, 516 66, 150 54, 741 | 61, 873 48, 757 | 52, 410 36, 159 43, 304 | 36, 656 29, 573 |
| Southern States (Ark., La., Tenn., Tex.): Receipts, rough, at millsthous. of lb_ | 6, 261 | 450, 783 | 950, 658 | 1, 227, 523 | 520, 281 | 180, 844 | 171, 225 | 133, 848 | 84, 161 | 36, 832 | 47, 454 37, 382 | r 51, 92 4 | 35, 968 48, 217 |
| Shipments from mills, milled ricedo Stocks, domestic, rough and cleaned (cleaned basis), end of monththous. of lb_ | 84, 077 29, 640 | 127, 449 188, 443 | 212, 755 572, 192 | 315, 693 1, 040, 286 | 250, 994 1, 112, 950 | 204, 667 1, 000, 652 | 243, 252 859, 670 | 169, 918 770, 187 | 161, 955 654, 571 | 100, 069 573, 654 | 124, 217 390, 586 | , 102, 436 327, 311 | 118, 490 |
| Exports do Price, wholesale, head, clean (N. O.) dol. per lb | 125, 925 . 124 | 56, 803 . 093 | 113, 178 . 085 | 153, 150 | 245, 765 . 094 | 207, 046 | 189, 258 . 094 | 200, 503 . 093 | 155, 677 | 88, 483 . 090 | 99, 510 • 090 | 47, 048 . 085 | 271, 963 p. 086 |
| Rye: Production (crop estimate)thous, of bu_ | | | | | | 1 17, 998 | | | | | | | 2 23, 293 |
| Receipts, principal marketsdo Stocks, commercial, domestic, end of month_do Price, wholesale, No. 2 (Minn.)dol. per bu_ | 1, 136 3, 755 1, 268 | 1, 916 4, 288 1, 249 | 2, 663 6, 240 1, 156 | 924 5, 923 1, 226 | 4,877 6,008 1.249 | 1,713 11,028 1,287 | 11, 002 1. 313 | 433 10, 309 1, 249 | 231 9, 811 1, 151 | 667 8, 953 1. 116 | 921 8, 782 1, 101 | 1, 684 8, 445 1, 061 | 1, 006 11, 708 1, 250 |
| Wheat: Production (crop estimate), totalmil. of bu_ | | | | | | 1 1, 168. 5 | | | | | | | 2 977. 3 |
| Spring wheatdo Winter wheatdo Receipts, principal marketsthous, of bu | . | | 40, 988 | | 31,822 | 1 291.0 1877.5 18,403 | 20, 715 | 20, 883 | 22, 028 | 19, 660 | 26, 953 | 60, 332 | ² 201. 6 ² 775. 9 105, 576 |
| Receipts, principal markets thous of bu Disappearance do Stocks, end of month: Canada (Canadian wheat) do do do do do do do do do do do do do | 267, 564 | Į. | 189, 834 305, 420 | | | 209, 412 377, 855 | | | 205, 514 354, 795 | | | 228, 626 | |
| United States, domestic, total of \(\) dododo | | 334, 589 | 1,524,519 342, 163 | 335, 882 | 327, 168 | 1,316,205 316,765 | 311, 573 | 303, 727 | 1,111,648 298, 934 | 348, 139 295, 060 | 339, 201 291, 191 | 349, 007 3 902, 854 3 296, 715 | 379, 215 394, 609 |
| Interior mills, elevators, and warehouses thous, of bu Merchant mills | | | 458, 641 134, 477 | | | 424, 292 123, 467 | | | 379, 630 104, 778 | | | 3 307, 575 3 63, 829 | |
| On farmsdo. Exports, total, including flourdo. Wheat onlydo. | 26, 529 | | 563, 569 21, 824 19, 066 | 13, 107 | 15, 441 12, 112 | 424, 057 13, 262 9, 670 | 12, 393 9, 610 | 16, 327 13, 824 | 267, 873 14, 877 11, 677 | 20, 768 17, 249 | 24, 537 21, 526 | 3 102, 997 19, 755 16, 752 | |
| Prices, wholesale: No. 1. dark northern spring (Minneapolis) | | | | | | | | | | | | 10,732 | |
| dol. per bu No. 2, hard winter (Kansas City)do. No. 2, red winter (St. Louis)do Weighted avg., 6 markets, all gradesdo | 2.086 | 2. 175 1, 822 | 2, 514 2, 217 1, 899 2, 533 | 2. 621 2. 288 1. 882 2. 562 | 2. 623 2. 337 2. 015 2. 578 | 2. 601 2. 375 2. 051 2. 596 | 2. 577 2. 379 2. 194 2. 537 | 2, 576 2, 393 2, 226 2, 570 | 2. 602 2. 417 2. 327 2. 545 | 2. 620 2. 447 2. 210 2. 589 | 2, 669 2, 370 2, 105 2, 544 | 2, 642 2, 153 1, 852 2, 293 | 2. 643 2. 324 1. 967 2. 358 |
| Wheat flour: Production: | | | | | | | | | | 2.000 | 014 | 2.233 | 2.005 |
| Flourthous, of sacks (100 lb.) | . 75.8 | 81.2 | 19, 469 86. 8 | | 17, 972 83. 9 | 18, 355 77. 7 | 18, 962 88, 6 | 17, 361 81, 7 | 18, 871 77. 0 | 17, 217 73. 5 | 16, 685 74. 9 | 18, 041 77, 4 | 18, 022 77. 2 |
| Offalchort tons_ Grindings of wheatthous, of bu_ Stocks held by mills, end of quarter | 371,608 | 365, 199 | 394, 122 45, 393 | | 362, 741 41, 836 | 366, 297 42, 571 | 380, 153 43, 971 | 344, 611 40, 222 | 376, 594 43, 729 | 339, 250 39, 874 | 327, 804 38, 582 | 363, 478 41, 913 | 361, 956 41, 902 |
| Exports thous, of sacks (100 lb.) Prices, wholesale: | 1, 480 | 776 | 4, 589 1, 184 | 1, 537 | 1, 429 | 4,476 1,538 | 1, 195 | 1,074 | 4, 470 1, 373 | 1, 510 | 1, 292 | 4, 046 1, 289 | |
| Spring, short patents (Minneapolis) dol. per sack (100 lb.) Winter, hard, short patents (Kansas City).do | 5, 925 5, 275 | | 6, 250 5, 855 | 6. 470 5. 950 | 6.500 | 6.355 | 6.335 | 6.390 | 6. 355 | 6, 400 | 6. 510 | 6.765 | » 6. 957 |
| Revised. Preliminary. Estimate f r Old crop only; new grain not reported until b | 1053 2 | Ammust 1 Ac | timata of 1 | 1054 aran | | | | 6.095 | 6.055 | 6.035 | 6. 135 | ¹ ⁷ 6, 145 | ^p 6.053 |

August 1 estimate of 1954 CTD.

3 Old crop only; new grain not reported until beginning of new crop year (July 100 barley, oats, and wheat; October for corn).

4 No quotation.

4 Bags of 100 lb.; prior to the October 1953 Survey, data were shown in thous. of bu. of 45 lb.

5 The total includes wheat owned by the Commodity Credit Corporation and stored off farms in its own steel and wooden bins; such data are not included in the breakdown of stocks.

5 Revised beginning May 1953 to exclude CCC-owned wheat in the mothball fleet.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | July | August | Septem- ber | October | Novem- ber | Decem- ber | January | Febru- ary | March | 1954 April | May | June | July |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| The spring of all the spring of the spring o | FC | ODST | UFFS | AND T | ГОВА(| CCO(| Continu | ıed | | | | | |
| LIVESTOCK | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cattle and calves: Slaughter (federally inspected): Calves. thous. of animals. Cattle. do. Receipts, principal markets. do. Shipments, feeder, to 9 corn-belt States do. Prices, Wholesale: Beef steers (Chicago). dol, per 100 lb. | 616 1, 498 2, 258 211 24. 26 | 602 1, 494 2, 559 265 24. 79 | 687 1, 644 2, 770 446 25. 41 | 776 1, 782 3, 095 773 25, 35 | 658 1, 609 2, 997 643 24, 83 | 634 1, 653 2, 342 286 23, 65 | 546 1, 541 2, 245 206 23, 93 | 518 1, 302 1, 844 184 22. 96 | 660 1, 511 2, 320 220 22. 88 | 598 1, 417 2, 040 217 23, 77 | 561 1, 439 2, 165 181 23, 54 | 622 1, 570 2, 309 130 23, 49 | 640 1, 622 2, 296 174 23, 47 |
| Steers, stocker and feeder (Kansas City)doCalves, vealers (Chicago)dodo | 16.75 23.00 | 15, 78 23, 50 | 15, 07 21, 00 | 15, 74 22, 50 | 17, 56 22, 00 | 17. 63 22. 50 | 19, 83 27, 00 | 20. 02 28. 00 | 19. 81 26. 00 | 20, 62 26, 00 | 20, 44 23, 00 | 18, 20 21, 00 | 16. 1 2 p 20. 0 0 |
| Receipts, principal markets do Prices: Wholesale, average, all grades (Chicago) | 3, 276 1, 837 | 3, 396 1, 867 | 4, 059 2, 169 | 4, 994 2, 665 | 5, 540 2, 950 | 5, 194 2, 721 | 4, 712 2, 503 | 3, 883 2, 098 | 4, 554 2, 450 | 3, 853 2, 068 | 3, 380 1, 909 | 3, 453 1, 991 | 3, 3 25 1, 89 6 |
| Hog-corn price ratio bu. of corn equal in value to 100 lb. of live hog- Sheep and lambs: | 23, 29 r 16, 1 | 22. 97 15. 9 | 24, 18 15, 9 | 21. 54 15. 9 | 20, 80 15, 0 | 23, 69 16, 2 | 24, 82 17, 3 | 25. 45 17. 7 | 25. 63 17. 2 | 26.75 18.3 | 24.79 17.5 | 21, 43 14, 6 | 19, 7 5 14, 1 |
| Slaughter (federally inspected) thous. of animals. Receipts, principal marketsdo Shipments, feeder, to 9 corn-belt Statesdo Prices, wholesale: | 1, 108 1, 159 136 | 1, 158 1, 483 291 | 1, 366 1, 822 547 | 1, 529 2, 026 754 | 1, 159 1, 412 292 | 1, 227 1, 182 185 | 1, 241 1, 190 197 | 1, 090 1, 032 175 | 1, 149 1, 128 188 | 1, 096 1, 203 202 | 1, 045 1, 133 147 | 1, 200 1, 189 90 | 1, 209 1, 137 100 |
| Lambs, average (Chicago)dol. per 100 lb Lambs, feeder, good and choice (Omaha)do | 25. 38 17. 94 | 23. 38 17. 78 | 19. 25 15. 57 | 19.00 16.41 | 19. 25 18, 22 | 19. 25 18. 00 | 20, 6 2 19, 14 | 21, 25 20, 26 | 24. 25 21. 44 | 27.75 22.31 | 25. 88 (¹) | 24.00 (1) | 21. 25 (1) |
| Total meats (including lard): Production (inspected slaughter) mil. of lb Stocks (excluding lard), cold storage, end of month mil. of lb Exports do | 1, 579 638 50 | 1, 525 532 50 | 1, 675 460 40 | 1, 913 460 36 | 1, 941 593 59 | 1, 952 717 60 | 1,836 762 45 | 1, 517 755 57 | 1, 772 732 33 | 1, 609 706 58 | 1, 563 653 64 | 1,683 +605 47 | 1,641 525 |
| Beef and veal: Production (inspected slaughter)thous. of lb Stocks, cold storage, end of monthdo Exportsdo Price, wholesale, beef, fresh, steer carcasses, choice | 877, 290 163, 626 3, 073 | 860, 476 153, 672 2, 973 | 925, 007 159, 376 2, 273 | 994, 342 183, 864 2, 942 | 897, 620 215, 353 13, 685 | 939, 793 269, 668 3, 848 | 895, 446 247, 894 1, 067 | 761, 153 219, 002 5, 848 | 886, 182 186, 362 840 | 828, 596 160, 002 4, 464 | 838, 154 138, 622 1, 250 | 905, 294 7 127, 141 1, 088 | 920, 803 123, 126 |
| (660-700 lbs.) (New York)dol. per lb Lamb and mutton: Production (inspected slaughter)thous. of lb Stocks, cold storage, end of monthdo Pork, including lard, production (inspected slaughter)thous. of lb | 47, 324 10, 410 654, 193 | 49, 401 9, 460 614, 699 | 57, 474 10, 113 692, 034 | 64, 856 10, 762 853, 449 | 51, 566 11, 151 991, 497 | 57, 079 12, 232 954, 712 | . 431 59, 522 11, 460 | . 396 53, 274 10, 808 | 55, 672 9, 445 830, 303 | 52, 190 8, 897 727, 839 | . 408 48, 262 8, 135 | .405 51,950 79,450 | 52, 385 8, 344 |
| Prok, excluding lard: Production (inspected slaughter) | 489, 360 350, 825 6, 694 | 469, 818 265, 981 5, 865 | 531, 761 200, 597 5, 176 | 648, 115 181, 279 4, 843 | 743, 793 266, 170 4, 419 | 710, 666 326, 812 7, 708 | 881, 313 658, 662 393, 307 5, 136 | 702, 169 526, 049 413, 507 4, 407 | 628, 446 418, 283 3, 832 | 547, 809 420, 917 1, 200 | 676, 709 505, 239 384, 643 7 3, 658 | 725, 640 538, 092 7 346, 024 4, 016 | 667, 645 491, 002 278, 555 |
| Hams, smoked, compositedol. per lb Fresh loins, 8-12 lb. average (New York).do Lard: Production (inspected slaughter)thous, of lb | . 683 . 597 120, 175 | . 675 . 570 105, 809 | . 623 . 543 116, 615 | . 544 . 516 149, 478 | . 558 . 452 180, 413 | . 657 . 509 | . 673 . 550 162, 245 | . 638 . 541 128, 867 | . 660 . 540 147, 106 | . 671 . 574 131, 394 | . 669 . 626 125, 254 | 7 . 646 . 587 137, 369 | p. 611 . 598 |
| Stocks, dry and cold storage, end of month do Exports do | 109, 342 33, 193 . 163 | 55, 637 34, 505 . 183 | 42, 439 24, 412 . 233 | 45, 205 19, 402 , 205 | 51, 462 3 2, 8 57 . 193 | 74, 322 38, 187 . 205 | 75, 525 33, 607 . 208 | 72, 920 39, 558 213 | 78, 945 23, 359 . 208 | 74, 024 40, 774 233 | 69, 278 50, 908 . 205 | 65, 689 33, 365 . 190 | 129, 394 58, 065 . 205 |
| POULTRY AND EGGS Poultry: | ļ | | | İ | | | | | | | | | |
| Receipts, 5 markets. thous. of lb. Stocks, cold storage, end of mouth. do. Price, wholesale, live fowls, heavy type, No. 1 (Chicago). dol. per lb. | 46, 075 112, 459 | 46, 364 127, 341 . 255 | 56, 985 176, 385 | 69, 572 259, 086 . 235 | 79, 448 287, 152 | 65, 890 275, 888 . 250 | 37, 325 266, 626 . 250 | 35, 734 241, 692 . 280 | 41, 189 217, 456 | 39, 205 184, 743 | 43, 216 167, 499 | 47, 393 , 151, 147 | 42,779 141,138 |
| Eggs: Production, farm millions Dried egg productionthous. of lb. Stocks, cold storage, end of month: | 4, 624 2, 092 | 4,329 1,979 | 4, 190 1, 441 | 4,600 1,144 | 4,784 1,310 | 5, 239 1, 242 | 5,448 1,698 | 5, 476 1, 865 | 6, 605 3, 140 | 6, 271 3, 104 | 6, 071 3, 178 | 5, 251 2, 388 | 7. 165 4, 766 1, 869 |
| Shell thous, of cases Frozen thous, of lb. Price, wholesale, extras, large (Chicago) dol. per doz. | 1, 199 152, 835 . 531 | 827 133, 427 . 587 | 494 109, 869 . 624 | 288 86, 867 .613 | 137 61,014 .543 | 42, 030 479 | 75 38, 244 472 | 135 41,639 | 91, 940 . 403 | 728 136, 488 | 1, 348 166, 983 | † 1, 639 † 186, 189 - 351 | 1, 432 184, 567 |
| MISCELLANEOUS FOOD PRODUCTS | | | | | | | | | | | • | | |
| Confectionery, manufacturers' salest thous, of dol Cocoa or cacao beans:long tons | 50,000 20,859 | 65, 000 13, 574 | 105, 000 10, 587 | 111,000 8,504 | 110,000 8,026 | 97, 000 30, 242 | 85, 262 43, 394 | 79, 619 27, 028 | 83, 931 11, 905 | 74, 768 14, 265 | 59, 390 11, 991 | 7 61, 415 22, 215 | 49, 784 |
| Price, wholesale, Accra (New York)dol, per lbCoffee: Clearances from Brazil, totalthous. of bags To United Statesdo Visible supply, United Statesdo Imports do Price, wholesale, Santos, No. 4 (New York) | . 385 860 361 531 1, 470 | 386 1, 286 744 582 1, 320 | . 403 1, 870 1, 122 812 2, 130 | . 400 1, 544 873 628 1, 261 | 1,814 1,164 778 1,848 | . 468 1, 725 1, 055 723 2, 489 | . 542 1, 219 662 1, 009 2, 275 | . 535 962 539 829 1, 913 | . 578 1, 409 795 735 1, 940 | 1,060 485 637 1,922 | . 639 454 183 694 1, 098 | . 648 468 146 832 1, 256 | *, 689 599 266 941 |
| Fite, wholesale, Santos, No. 4 (New York) dol. per lb Landings, fresh fish, 5 portsthous. of lb Stocks, cold storage, end of monthdo | , 593 75, 393 169, 686 | . 615 60, 195 176, 680 | . 615 45, 034 174, 640 | . 600 38, 680 176, 047 | . 585 34, 247 179, 370 | 23, 951 176, 249 | . 725 17, 456 154, 570 | . 760 28, 128 138, 468 | . 858 41, 267 112, 288 | . 870 41, 526 110, 328 | . 855 59, 549 118, 806 | . 870 75, 861 140, 009 | 163, 697 |

Stocks, cold storage, end of month.......do....! 169, 686 | 176, 680 | 174, 640 | 176, 047 | 179, 370 | 176, 249 | 154, 570 | 138, 468 | 112, 288 | 110, 328 | 118, 806 | 140, 009 | 163, 697 |

*Revised. ***Preliminary.**I No quotation.

*Revised series. Compiled by the U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, representing factory and warehouse stocks of rendered and refined Eard; data prior to June 1952 will be shown later.

*Revisions for 1952 and January—May 1953 appear in the August 1954 Survey.

| | | | 7. | 953 | | | | | | 1054 | | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | July | August | Septem- ber | October | Novem- ber | Decem- ter | January | Febru- ary | March | 1954 April | May | June | July |
| | FC | ODST | UFFS | AND 7 | ГОВАС | CO—(| Continu | ıed | | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | |
| MISCELLANEOUS FOOD PRODUCTS—Con. | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sugar: Cuban stocks, raw, end of month thous. of Spanish tons | 3, 602 | 3, 218 | 2, 658 | 3, 078 | 2, 083 | 1, 737 | 1, 607 | 2, 437 | 3, 316 | 4, 341 | 4, 316 | 3, 991 | 3, 712 |
| United States: Deliveries and supply (raw basis): Production and receipts: Production | 26, 860 | 37, 059 | 117, 506 | 643, 637 | 812, 373 | 473, 347 | 137, 932 | 57, 480 | 27, 365 | 51, 311 | 60, 519 | 56, 392 | |
| Entries from off-shoredo Hawaii and Puerto Ricodo Deliveries, totaldo | 607, 226 234, 674 r 887, 287 | 614, 988 182, 958 778, 556 | 563, 878 237, 561 844, 285 | 461, 177 238, 494 641, 490 | 254, 321 97, 620 580, 278 | 117, 126 61, 688 801, 571 | 320, 741 52, 886 506, 430 | 507, 709 108, 657 7 561, 418 | 522, 494 147, 957 r 823, 814 | 762, 870 287, 257 | 617, 552 181, 301 + 659, 135 | 598, 368 190, 496 ** 808, 299 | 544, 041 159, 784 757, 220 |
| For domestic consumptiondo For exportdo Stocks, raw and refined, end of month | r \$85, 517 r 1, 770 r 1, 090 | 777, 391 1, 165 966 | 842, 829 1, 456 851 | 639, 991 1, 499 | 574, 693 5, 585 | 800, 569 1, 002 1, 693 | 7 504, 421 2, 009 | 7 559, 043 2, 375 | 7 822, 844 970 | ⁷ 569, 756 4, 670 | 7 655, 707 3, 426 | r 807, 168 r 1, 131 r 1, 484 | 755, 212 2, 078 |
| thous, of short tons. Exports | 11, 473 339, 220 | 21, 879 330, 805 | 526 321, 374 | 303 180, 291 | 1, 691 3, 897 140, 910 | 596 157, 648 | 1, 668 631 275, 725 | 1, 612 745 305, 487 | 1, 479 276 363, 956 | 1, 625 1, 039 428, 735 | 1, 625 291 331, 129 | 458 370, 023 | 1, 282 |
| From Cubado From Philippine Islandsdo Refined sugar, totaldo | 238, 565 91, 880 38, 937 | 266, 009 64, 421 47, 760 | 201, 899 92, 486 27, 116 | 118, 650 56, 920 2, 057 | 86, 401 45, 512 4, 220 | 118, 711 38, 640 301 | 238, 950 36, 267 20, 151 | 236, 902 66, 165 35, 595 | 282, 575 81, 33€ 54, 938 | 292, 522 136, 208 | 227, 304 103, 825 57, 212 | 201, 573 162, 623 60, 048 | |
| From Cuba | 37, 178 | 44, 598 | 26, 437 . 064 | 250 | . 061 | . 060 | 13, 694 | 29, 570 | 50,062 | 51, 375 45, 753 . 062 | 52, 728 . 061 | 50, 110 | P. 061 |
| Refined: Retail 9 | . 498 . 086 7, 506 | . 500 . 087 7, 766 | . 502 . 087 10, 364 | . 503 . 087 9, 491 | . 500 . 085 6, 851 | . 497 . 085 8, 760 | . 497 . 085 10, 004 | . 493 . 085 11, 580 | . 499 . 086 10, 783 | . 503 . 086 18, 079 | . 502 . 086 13, 984 | . 502 . 086 9, 823 | . 502 r. 086 |
| TOBACCO Leaf: Production (crop estimate) mil. of ib Stocks, dealers' and manufacturers', end of quar- | | | | | | ¹ 2, 057 | | | | | | | ² 2, 105 |
| ter, total mil. of lb. Domestic: Cigar leaf do. Air-cured, fire-cured, flue-cured, and miscel- | | | 4, 225 340 | | | 4, 513 319 | · • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • | | r 4, 538 | | | 4, 080 350 | |
| laneous domesticmil. of lb_ Foreign grown: Cigar leafdo Cigarette tobaccodo | | | 3, 703 18 163 | | | 3, 995 18 181 | | | 3, 967 18 183 | | | 3, 545 17 167 | |
| Exports, including scrap and stemsthous. of lb_ Imports, including scrap and stemsdo | 24, 649 7, 662 | 32, 121 9, 268 | 68, 694 10, 475 | 56, 183 9, 269 | 52, 327 8, 549 | 68, 638 7, 582 | 30, 390 8, 125 | 19, 019 7, 875 | 21, 715 9, 133 | 27, 560 9, 528 | 28, 593 8, 701 | 26, 787 9, 188 | |
| Manufactured products: Production, manufactured tobacco, total do Chewing, plug, and twist do Smoking. do Good Chewing, plug, and twist do Chewing, plug, and twist do Chewing | 15, 999 7, 194 6, 301 2, 504 | 17, 814 6, 879 7, 569 3, 367 | 18, 833 7, 249 8, 302 3, 281 | 19, 273 7, 473 8, 424 3, 376 | 16, 170 6, 808 6, 307 3, 055 | 14, 735 5, 978 5, 373 3, 384 | 15, 502 6, 796 5, 549 3, 157 | 15, 561 6, 389 6, 078 3, 093 | 18, 476 6, 865 7, 900 3, 711 | 17, 369 6, 723 7, 356 3, 290 | 17, 243 6, 906 7, 030 3, 307 | 17, 883 7, 435 6, 953 3, 495 | |
| Tax-free millions Tax-paid do Cigars (I _s ree), tax-paid\$ thousands Manufactured tobacco and snuff, tax-paid\$ | 3, 339 29, 914 463, 787 | 2, 770 34, 658 497, 670 | 3, 585 33, 598 518, 748 | 2, 813 34, 860 540, 124 | 3, 535 30, 338 547, 704 | 3, 534 29, 141 443, 532 | 2, 700 28, 858 401, 693 | 2, 638 26, 676 406, 560 | 2, 865 32, 295 476, 514 | 2, 485 30, 499 445, 991 | 2, 487 31, 863 483, 650 | 2, 798 34, 998 510, 197 | |
| Exports, cigarettes millions. Price, wholesale, cigarettes, manufacturer to wholesaler and jobber, f. o. b. destination | 15, 862 1, 321 | 17, 539 1, 158 | 18, 103 1, 535 | 18, 580 1, 178 | 15, 825 1, 241 | 15, 213 1, 416 | 14, 997 1, 274 | 14, 688 1, 183 | 18, 079 1, 254 | 17, 402 1, 415 | 16, 944 1, 339 | 17, 643 1, 310 | |
| dol. per thous | 3. 938 | 3. 938 | 3, 938 | 3. 938 | 3, 938 | 3. 938 | 3, 938 | 3. 938 | 3, 938 | 3, 933 | 3. 938 | 3. 938 | P 3. 938 |
| | ī | L | EATH | ER AN | D PRO |)DUC'I | is | | 1 | | 1 | 1 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| HIDES AND SKINS Imports, total hides and skinsthous, of lb | 15, 807 | 13, 646 | 15, 353 | 10, 934 | 9, 454 | 8, 770 | 8, 232 | 7, 436 | 9, 372 | 13, 492 | 14, 633 | 11 554 | |
| Calf and kip skins thous of pieces Cattle hides do Goat and kid skins do Sheep and lamb skins do | 187 91 3, 168 1, 893 | 188 26 2, 121 2, 760 | 150 41 2, 666 2, 680 | 208 40 1,726 1,157 | 23 2, 364 1, 230 | 81 36 2, 034 1, 033 | 123 20 2, 051 1, 087 | 7, 430 59 77 1, 550 898 | 54 50 1, 839 | 26 13 2, 440 | 101 10 2, 268 | 11, 554 150 33 2, 166 | |
| Prices, wholesale (Chicago): Caliskins, packer, heavy, 9½/15 lbsdol. per lb Hides steer, heavy, native, over 53 lbsdo | .513 | . 513 . 170 | . 500 | .400 | . 468 | . 438 . 123 | .413 .120 | . 413 . 103 | 2, 158 . 413 . 103 | 3, 288 . 413 . 108 | 3, 757 . 475 . 128 | 4, 385 . 455 . 118 | . 425 . 123 |
| Calf and kip | 685 1, 815 2, 821 2, 139 | 790 1, 978 2, 354 2, 590 | 839 1, 894 2, 240 2, 439 | 804 2, 079 2, 566 2, 407 | 724 1, 904 2, 101 2, 189 | 846 1,978 2,350 1,820 | 801 1, 953 2, 262 1, 669 | 791 2,015 2,330 1,870 | 762 2, 117 2, 732 2, 219 | 712 2, 039 2, 149 2, 001 | 706 r 2, 016 2, 124 2, 172 | 748 2, 027 2, 477 2, 141 | |
| Exports: Sole leather: Bends, backs, and sidesthous. of lb. Offal, including belting offaldo Upper leatherthous. of sq. ft. | 23 75 2,825 | 21 21 2, 840 | 52 63 3, 383 | 67 56 2, 996 | 51 68 2, 929 | 26 39 3, 159 | 21 29 3, 160 | 57 23 3, 438 | 27 29 2, 733 | 78 58 | 93 15 | 48 116 | |
| Prices, wholesale: Sole, bends, light, f. o. b. tannerydol. per lb. Upper, chrome calf, B and C grades, f. o. b. tannerydol. per sq. ft. | . 690 | . 690 1. 042 | .690 1.042 | . 670 | . 675 . 998 | . 655 | . 665 | . 660 | . 660 | 4, 950 . 660 . 962 | 3,779 .690 .985 | 2, 951 r. 680 r. 988 | . 680 |
| Upper, chrome calf, B and C grades, f. o. b. tan- | 54 crop. | | | | | | 1 | | | | | 7, 988 | İ |

Estimate for 1983.
 August 1 estimate of 1954 crop.
 Revisions for 1952 are shown in the April 1954 Survey.
 Deta for January-June 1963 represent price for New York and Newark; thereafter, for New York and Northeastern New Jersey.
 Revised to represent data based on number of stamps used by manufacturers; revisions prior to May 1952 will be shown later.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the | | | 19: | 53 | | | | | | 1954 | | - | ı |
|---|------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | July | August | Septem- ber | October | Novem- ber | Decem- ber | January | Febru- ary | March | April | Мау | June | July |
| | L | EATH | ER AN | D PR | ODUC | rs—Co | ntinue | d | | | | | |
| LEATHER MANUFACTURES | | | | | | | | | | | i | | |
| Shoes and slippers: Production, totalthous. of pairs | r 40, 485 | 42, 804 | 39, 902 | 40, 121 | 33, 522 | 38, 200 | 40,098 | 41, 328 | 47, 170 | 42, 306 | 36, 790 | 41, 224 | 39,003 |
| By types of uppers: All leatherdo | 33, 890 | | | | | 31, 987 | 33, 333 | 33, 873 | 37, 944 | 33, 109 | 30, 389 | 34, 587 | 32, 841 |
| Part leather and nonleatherdo Shoes, sandals, and play shoes, except athletic, | 6, 595 | | | | | 6, 213 | 6, 760 | 7, 486 | 9, 226 | 9, 197 | 6, 401 | 6, 637 | 6, 162 |
| total thous, of pairs By kinds: | r 35, 160 | 36, 539 | 33, 376 | 33, 183 | 28, 011 | 34, 389 | 37, 460 | 38, 391 | 43, 357 | 38, 336 | 33, 279 | 36, 825 | 34, 481 |
| Men'sdo Youths' and boys'do | 7, 560 1, 637 | 7, 963 1, 696 | 7, 670 1, 457 | 8,006 1,390 | 6, 801 1, 124 | 8, 087 1, 362 | 7, 851 1, 470 | 7, 625 1, 455 | 8, 367 1, 711 | 7, 857 1, 543 | 6, 963 1, 509 | 7, 631 1, 716 | 6, 650 1, 644 |
| Women'sdo Misses' and children'sdo | 7 18, 875 4, 603 | 19, 077 5, 107 | 16, 602 4, 883 | 15, 690 5, 130 | 12, 921 4, 363 | 16, 490 5, 386 | 19, 472 5, 465 | 20, 717 5, 432 | 23, 947 5, 713 | 21, 096 4, 756 | 17, 652 4, 370 | 19, 604 4, 821 | 19, 802 4, 366 |
| Infants' and babies'do Slippers for houseweardo | 2, 485 4, 790 | 2, 696 5, 6 97 | 2, 764 5, 981 | 2, 967 6, 407 | 2, 802 5, 039 | 3, 064 3, 305 | 3,202 $2,123$ | 3, 162 2, 419 | 3, 619 3, 263 | 3, 084 3, 376 | 2, 785 3, 082 | 3, 053 3, 989 | 2, 019 4, 188 |
| Athleticdodo | 269 266 | 296 272 | 283 262 | 273 258 | 262 210 | 290 216 | 239 276 | 247 271 | 266 284 | 275 319 | 260 169 | 271 139 | 222 112 |
| Exports do h factory | 313 | 421 | 446 | 419 | 330 | 251 | 239 | 411 | 370 | 484 | 272 | , 30e | |
| | 110.3 | 110.3 | 110.3 | 110.3 | 110, 3 | 110.3 | 110.3 | 110.3 | 110. 3 | 110. 3 | 110. 0 | 110.0 | 110.0 |
| upper, Goodyear welt. 1947-49=100. Women's oxfords (nurses'), side upper, Goodyear welt. 1947-49=100. | 118.1 | 118.1 | 118.1 | 118. 1 | 117.5 | 117.5 | 117.5 | 117.5 | 117. 5 | 117.5 | 117. 5 | 117.5 | 117. 5 |
| Women's and misses' pumps, suede split_do | 110. 7 | 110. 7 | 110. 7 | 110. 7 | 112.3 | 112.3 | 112, 3 | 112.3 | 112. 3 | 112. 3 | 112. 3 | 112. 3 | 112. 3 |
| | | LUN | IBER . | AND N | 1ANUI | FACTU | RES | | | | | | |
| LUMBER-ALL TYPES | | İ | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Exports, total sawmill products | 53, 037 253, 021 | 54, 245 246, 389 | 52, 777 253, 650 | 50, 919 243, 520 | 48, 733 220, 063 | 54, 109 197, 952 | 43, 657 135, 528 | 74, 200 211, 621 | 70, 262 233, 515 | 65, 723 215, 884 | 69, 742 188, 115 | 65, 298 255, 505 | |
| National Lumber Manufacturers Association:⊕ Production, total mil. bd. ft | 3, 351 | 3, 429 | 3, 486 | 3, 540 | 3,078 | 2,875 | 2,749 | 2, 901 | 3, 358 | 3, 310 | 3, 273 | 3, 116 | 3, 052 |
| Hardwoods do do do do do do do do do do do do do | 675 2, 676 | 765 2, 664 | 790 2, 696 | 792 2,748 | 718 2,360 | 638 2, 237 | 643 2, 106 | 680 2, 221 | 690 2, 668 | 660 2,649 | 634 2, 639 | 617 2, 499 | 648 |
| Shipments, total do Hardwoods do | 3, 228 647 | 3, 238 661 | 3, 230 627 | 3, 252 650 | 2, 875 624 | 2, 706 550 | 2, 604 526 | 2, 808 612 | 3, 353 599 | 3, 387 603 | 3, 169 565 | 3, 293 524 | 3, 200 540 |
| Softwoods do Stocks, gross (mill and concentration yards), end | 2, 581 | 2, 577 | 2, 603 | 2, 602 | 2, 251 | 2, 156 | 2, 079 | 2, 196 | 2, 754 | 2, 784 | 2, 604 | 2, 768 | 2, 660 |
| of month, totalmil. bd. ft Hardwoodsdo | 7,823 2,604 | 8, 034 2, 708 | 8, 290 2, 871 | 8, 577 3, 012 | 8, 782 3, 107 | 8, 950 3, 194 | 9, 132 3, 311 | 9, 221 3, 379 | 9, 227 3, 470 | 9, 183 3, 528 | 9, 288 3, 598 | 9, 111 3, 690 | 8, 959 3, 746 |
| Softwoods dodo | 5, 219 | 5, 326 | 5, 419 | 5, 565 | 5, 675 | 5, 756 | 5, 821 | 5, 842 | 5, 757 | 5, 655 | 5, 690 | 5, 421 | 5, 213 |
| SOFTWOODS Douglas fir:⊕ | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Orders, newdo Orders, unfilled, end of monthdo | 826 878 | 707 786 | 795 746 | 826 715 | 753 717 | 798 750 | 813 777 | 863 855 | 1, 033 865 | 944 763 | 951 874 | 884 899 | 369 895 |
| Productiondo Shipmentsdo | 762 774 | 780 790 | 828 822 | 830 848 | 758 742 | 753 757 | 763 779 | 791 778 | 963 1,013 | 941 1, 037 | 858 831 | 712 850 | 342 365 |
| Stocks, gross, mill, end of monthdo Exports, total sawmill products‡ | 977 21, 3 90 | 987 17, 968 | 992 24, 986 | 974 24, 422 | 991 22, 120 | 987 28, 161 | 1,002 21,440 | 1, 011 39, 609 | 961 40, 917 | 898 27, 592 | 925 36, 218 | 787 30, 393 | 791 |
| Sawed timber: | 12, 528 8, 862 | 7, 499 10, 469 | 12, 993 11, 993 | 11, 842 12, 580 | 10, 505 11, 615 | 10, 619 17, 542 | 8, 490 12, 950 | 19, 937 19, 672 | 15, 285 25, 632 | 5, 866 21, 726 | 13, 991 22, 227 | 10, 329 20, 064 | |
| Prices, wholesale: Dimension, No. 1 common, 2' x 4'', R. L. | 0,002 | 20, 100 | 11,000 | 12,000 | 11,010 | 11,042 | 12, 000 | 10,012 | 20, 002 | 21, 720 | 22, 221 | 20,004 | |
| dol. per M bd. ft Flooring, B and better, F. G., 1" x 4", R. L. | 77. 252 | 76. 972 | 75. 187 | 74.347 | 73. 122 | 73. 409 | 73, 395 | 73. 941 | 75. 054 | 74. 767 | 75. 180 | 7 76. 951 | p 81. 568 |
| dol. per M bd.ft | 126.085 | 126.085 | 125. 930 | 125. 113 | 123.978 | 125. 612 | 124, 950 | 125, 922 | 125. 922 | 125, 767 | 125.767 | r 125. 440 | ₽ 126.669 |
| Orders, new mil. bd. ft. Orders, unfilled, end of month do | 714 306 | 673 287 | 693 269 | 660 237 | 623 230 | 531 202 | 595 201 | 680 251 | 742 257 | 693 238 | 735 261 | 892 | 832 331 |
| Production do Shipments do | 764 752 | 707 692 | 707 711 | 767 692 | 673 630 | 651 559 | 684 596 | 687 630 | 761 736 | 714 712 | 690 712 | 355 707 | 725 856 |
| Stocks, gross (mill and concentration yards), end of month mil. bd. ft. | 1, 755 | 1,770 | 1, 766 | 1,841 | 1,884 | 1, 976 | 2,064 | 2, 121 | 2, 146 | 2, 148 | 2, 126 | 798 | 1,904 |
| Exports, total sawmill productsM bd. ft Sawed timberdo | 7, 981 2, 619 | 8, 549 810 | 3, 952 1, 105 | 4, 662 1, 005 | 4, 901 1, 098 | 5, 700 640 | 3, 986 1, 268 | 6, 380 1, 528 | 5, 512 923 | 6, 414 1, 601 | 6, 806 1, 564 | 2, 035 8, 043 | |
| Boards, planks, scantlings, etcdo Prices, wholesale, composite: | 5, 362 | 7, 739 | 2, 847 | 3, 657 | 3,803 | 5,060 | 2, 718 | 4, 852 | 4, 589 | 4, 813 | 5, 242 | 1, 770 6, 273 | |
| Boards, No. 2 and better, 1" x 6" x R. L. dol. per M bd.ft | 78. 227 | 77. 614 | 77. 703 | 76. 545 | 76, 549 | 75, 665 | 74.359 | 72, 092 | 72. 271 | 71, 030 | 70. 268 | - 70 000 | » 74. 398 |
| Flooring, B and better, F. G., 1" x 4" x S/L dol, per M bd. it | 157. 829 | 157. 523 | 157. 523 | 157. 217 | 156, 298 | 155. 685 | 155, 379 | 155.379 | 154. 154 | 152, 929 | 151. 471 | 7 70. 633 | P 151.032 |
| Western pine:⊕ Orders, newmil. bd. ft | 714 | 664 | 678 | 722 | 491 | 547 | 472 | 512 | 662 | 673 | 675 | 151. 471 | 7151.032 |
| Orders, unfilled, end of month do | 400 761 | 355 782 | 342 767 | 380 759 | 317 583 | 342 512 | 366 395 | 383 444 | 418 568 | 427 638 | 410 720 | 793 463 | 499 635 |
| Shipments do Stocks, gross, mill, end of month do | 685 1, 633 | 711 1, 704 | 691 1, 781 | 684 1, 856 | 554 1,885 | 523 1,874 | $\frac{447}{1,822}$ | 496 1, 770 | 628 | 664 | 692 | 724 740 | 679 |
| Price, wholesale, Ponderosa, boards, No. 3 common, 1" x 8"dol. per M bd. ft | 83, 26 | 81. 10 | 76, 11 | 70.84 | 70.04 | 70.65 | 71, 71 | 70.90 | 1, 710 71. 01 | 1, 684 70, 64 | 1, 712 70. 16 | 1,696 | 1, 652 p 69, 36 |
| HARDWOOD FLOORING | 100 | | 13.11 | 10.01 | 10.04 | 10.00 | 1 | 10,50 | 71.01 | 70.04 | 70. 10 | r 69. 3 6 | 1 7 119, 30 |
| Maple, beech, and birch: | | | _ | | _ | | | | | | | | |
| Orders, newM bd. ftOrders, unfilled, end of monthdo | 4, 275 9, 800 | 4, 400 9, 500 | 3, 300 8, 450 | 3, 975 8, 100 | 3, 575 7, 850 | 5, 150 9, 250 | 3, 850 9, 300 | 4, 200 9, 450 | 4, 550 10, 000 | 4, 350 10, 450 | 3, 900 10, 550 | 5, 650 11, 150 | 5, 150 11, 300 |
| Productiondo Shipmentsdo | 3, 100 4, 350 | 3, 950 4, 300 | 4, 100 3, 850 | 4, 750 3, 925 | 3, 775 3, 750 | 4, 300 3, 825 | 3, 950 3, 750 | 3, 900 3, 650 | 4,600 3,900 | 3, 950 3, 950 | 3, 450 3, 750 | 3, 950 4, 850 | 3, 450 4, 650 |
| Stocks, mill, end of monthdo | 8, 025 | 7, 650 | 7, 650 | 8, 500 | 8, 675 | 9, 300 | 9, 750 | 9, 850 | 10, 500 | 10, 650 | 10, 350 | 9, 500 | 8, 200 |
| Orders, new dodododododododo | 73, 043 60, 034 | 74, 238 54, 735 | 73, 874 52, 885 | 76, 085 50, 082 | 68, 178 46, 584 | 70, 910 47, 688 | 80, 206 54, 743 | 89, 079 68, 085 | 99, 618 76, 534 | 84, 824 74, 554 | 78, 781 66, 643 | 99, 934 71, 364 | 95, 444 73, 118 |
| Production do Shipments do | 81, 390 83, 100 | 78, 243 79, 537 | 81, 474 79, 581 | 86, 213 84, 572 | 76, 703 73, 924 | 81, 218 71, 221 | 77, 282 73, 151 | 75, 518 75, 737 | 89, 459 89, 853 | 90, 062 | 86, 999 | 92, 604 | 90, 587 |
| Stocks, mill, end of monthdo | 50, 373 | 49,079 | 50, 971 | 52, 612 | 55, 391 | 64, 149 | | 68, 070 | 66, 173 | 90, 926 62, 495 | 86, 688 61, 090 | 95, 213 57, 486 | 93, 690 54, 383 |

^{*} Revised. ** Proliminary.

* Brevised monthly data (for production, shipments, and stocks; also orders, except for all types of lumber) are available upon request as follows: January 1950-February 1953 for Douglas fir; January-December 1951 for Southern pine; January 1950-February 1953 for Western pine.

* Hevisions for 1952 for exports of sawmill products (softwoods) will be shown later.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the | | | Septem- | 1 | Novem- | Decem- | | Febru- | | 1954 | | | |
|---|------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|------------------|
| 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | July | August | ber | October | ber | ber ber | January | ary | March | April | May | June | July |
| | LU | MBER | AND | MANUI | FACTU | RES- | -Contir | ued | | | | | |
| PLYWOOD | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Hardwood (except container and packaging):* Shipments (market), quarterly total | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| M sq. ft., surface measure Inventories (for sale), end of quarterdo Softwood (Douglas fir only), production* | | | i . | | | | 4 | | ^r 167, 888 ^r 34, 681 | | | 165, 286 30, 828 | |
| M sq. ft., 36" equivalent. | 279, 972 | | | | | | 358, 393 | 318, 019 | 376, 994 | 355, 285 | 342, 385 | 266, 451 | 141,68 |
| | | ME | TALS . | AND N | IANUI | FACTU | RES | | | | | | |
| IRON AND STEEL | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Foreign trade: Iron and steel products (excl. advanced mfrs.): | 251, 365 | 235, 664 | 049 571 | 970 422 | 077 197 | 000 005 | 911 000 | 200 400 | 015 007 | 200 514 | 970 700 | 327, 602 | |
| Exports, total 9 O short tons - do do do do do do do do do do do do do | 15, 988 318, 519 | 37, 475 272, 106 | 243, 571 25, 477 241, 726 | 270, 433 30, 041 210, 830 | 277, 137 36, 065 190, 054 | 326, 635 51, 953 144, 488 | 311, 926 59, 408 86, 632 | 300, 433 66, 790 70, 461 | 315, 967 103, 464 86, 837 | 360, 844 65, 419 103, 449 | 270, 706 40, 561 123, 273 | 102, 562 139, 924 | |
| Imports, total 9dodo | 22, 083 | 18, 669 | 14, 438 | 7, 104 | 9, 897 | 2, 294 | 1, 325 | 2,016 | 1, 355 | 3, 121 | 11,073 | 14, 650 | |
| Iron and Steel Scrap Production and receipts, total*_thous. of short tons | 6, 368 | 6, 644 | 6, 174 | 6, 057 | 5, 700 | 5, 588 | 4, 974 | 4, 806 | 5, 103 | 4, 893 | 5, 090 | » 5, 221 | |
| Home scrap produced*dodo | 3, 594 2, 775 | 3, 675 2, 969 | 3, 607 2, 567 | 3, 693 2, 364 | 3, 472 2, 228 | 3, 472 2, 116 | 3, 241 1, 733 | 3, 010 1, 767 | 3, 181 1, 921 | 2, 974 1, 919 | 2, 951 2, 140 | p 2, 964 p 2, 258 | |
| Consumption, totaldo Stocks, consumers', end of monthdo | 6, 204 6, 560 | 6, 314 6, 893 | 6, 043 7, 033 | 6, 304 6, 780 | 5, 672 6, 816 | 5, 253 7, 152 | 5, 123 7, 004 | 4, 912 6, 940 | 5, 194 6, 811 | 5, 133 6, 571 | 5, 350 6, 315 | р 5, 219 р 6, 316 | |
| Ore | | | • |] | | | | | | | | | |
| All districts: Mine production thous. of long tons | 15, 719 | 15, 473 | 15, 143 | 12, 290 | 6, 392 | 3, 183 | 3, 068 | 2,982 | 3, 117 | 4, 466 | 9, 818 | 11,610 | 10, 99 |
| Shipmentsdo Stocks, at mines, end of monthdo Lake Superior district: | 16, 534 7, 739 | 16, 281 6, 913 | 15, 457 6, 614 | 13, 512 5, 396 | 6, 998 4, 800 | 2, 099 5, 877 | 1, 749 7, 041 | 1, 653 8, 399 | 1, 597 9, 920 | 3, 059 11, 327 | 10, 573 10, 580 | 12, 399 9, 790 | 11, 98 8, 79 |
| Shipments from upper lake portsdo Consumption by furnacesdo | 14, 497 8, 239 | 15, 237 8, 150 | 13, 214 7, 699 | 11, 538 8, 131 | 5, 300 7, 522 | 7,022 | 0 6, 996 | 5, 787 | 5, 932 | 1, 525 5, 287 | 9, 952 5, 376 | 10, 608 * 5, 396 | 11, 01 5, 15 |
| Stocks, end of month, totaldo | 38, 829 34, 443 4, 386 | 45, 579 39, 988 5, 591 | 51, 767 44, 612 | 55, 699 47, 419 | 54, 981 46, 896 | 48, 815 41, 145 | 41, 974 34, 797 | 36, 386 29, 661 | 30, 587 24, 553 | 26, 142 20, 690 | 29, 563 24, 147 | 7 34, 996 7 29, 187 | 40, 72 34, 53 |
| On Lake Erie docks do Manganese ore, imports (manganese content) | 1,148 | 1, 109 | 7, 155 1, 137 | 8, 280 1, 085 | 8, 085 965 | 7, 671 948 | 7, 178 836 | 6, 725 795 | 6, 035 844 | 5, 452 932 | 5, 416 1, 119 | 5, 809 1, 496 | 6, 18 |
| thous, of long tons | 127 | 89 | 90 | 134 | 71 | 112 | 110 | 92 | 74 | 98 | 93 | 83 | |
| Pig Iron and Iron Manufactures Castings, gray iron: | | | | | | | | | j | | | | |
| Orders, unfilled, for salethous, of short tons Shipments, totaldo | 1, 233 1, 056 | 1, 223 1, 069 | 1, 170 1, 106 | 1, 076 1, 142 | 977 1, 004 | 955 1, 032 | 872 932 | 865 936 | 842 1, 047 | 826 995 | 775 943 | 804 987 | |
| For saledo Castings, malleable iron: Orders, unfilled, for saleshort tons | 573 137, 251 | 589 120, 801 | 612 114, 523 | 650 104, 046 | 564 93, 156 | 553 95, 612 | 488 85, 565 | 492 81, 579 | 553 74, 219 | 528 69, 094 | 67,040 | 556 60, 163 | |
| Shipments, total do For sale do do | 77. 111 45, 413 | 73,855 45,415 | 74, 333 45, 466 | 73, 473 | 63, 435 37, 500 | 72, 126 39, 657 | 70, 288 38, 266 | 69, 078 37, 792 | 84, 342 47, 125 | 74, 515 39, 102 | 67, 856 37, 306 | 72,820 41,121 | |
| Pig iron: Productionthous. of short tons | 6, 516 | 6,472 | 6, 202 | 6, 498 | 6,063 | 5, 779 | 5, 580 | 4,811 | 4, 959 | 4, 503 | 4, 624 | 4,724 | 4, 62 |
| Consumption do Stocks (consumers' and suppliers'), end of month thous, of short tons. | 6, 249 2, 298 | 6, 353 2, 368 | 6, 024 2, 511 | 6, 421 2, 527 | 5, 963 2, 600 | 5, 703 2, 800 | 5, 525 2, 764 | 4, 809 2, 829 | 4, 892 2, 858 | 4, 505 2, 809 | 4, 691 2, 729 | » 4, 816 » 2, 610 | 1 |
| Prioce wholesale | 56, 22 | 56, 23 | 56. 10 | 56, 03 | 56.03 | 56.03 | 56, 03 | 56.03 | 56.03 | 56.03 | 56, 03 | 56.03 | 56.0 |
| Composite dol. per long ton_Basic (furnace) do | 56. 00 56. 50 | 56. 00 56. 50 | 56, 00 56, 50 | 56, 00 56, 50 | 56.00 56.50 | 56, 00 56, 50 | 56, 00 56, 50 | 56. 00 56. 50 | 56, 00 56, 50 | 56. 00 56. 50 | 56, 00 56, 50 | 56, 00 56, 50 | |
| Steel, Crude and Semimanufactures | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Steel castings: Shipments, totalshort tons For sale, totaldo | 139, 577 105, 687 | 141, 340 107, 941 | 135, 303 102, 880 | 140, 702 | 114, 088 | 123, 281 91, 017 | 122, 758 | 116, 520 88, 699 | 122, 310 | 105, 788 | 94, 610 | 100, 022 | |
| Railway specialtiesdo Steel forgings; | 22, 925 | 25, 026 | 24, 108 | 106, 788 25, 354 | 84, 945 17, 784 | 18, 685 | 93, 577 20, 058 | 17, 756 | 92, 271 15, 502 | 78, 754 10, 768 | 70, 596 9, 337 | 72, 881 8, 596 | |
| Ordere unfilled for cale do | 1,080,582 | 1 974, 153 1 150, 512 | 882, 034 153, 173 | 797, 523 155, 772 | 740, 127 143, 239 | 650, 533 142, 603 | 637, 896 138, 926 | 539, 194 126, 888 | 486, 547 130, 224 | 459, 575 115, 795 | 430, 617 107, 121 | 409, 194 113, 089 | |
| Shipments, for sale, total do. Drop and upset do. Press and open hammer do. Steel ingots and steel for castings: | 112, 848 42, 440 | 1 110, 926 1 39, 586 | 110, 305 42, 868 | 112, 803 42, 969 | 103, 113 40, 126 | 98, 915 43, 688 | 101, 523 37, 403 | 94, 164 32, 724 | 95, 529 34, 695 | 86, 446 29, 349 | 80, 939 26, 182 | 86, 185 26, 904 | |
| Percent of capacity:thous. of short tons | 9, 276 93 | 9, 406 94 | 8, 883 92 | 9, 463 95 | 8,690 90 | 7, 946 80 | 7, 951 75 | 7, 083 74 | 7, 290 69 | 6, 971 68 | 7, 473 71 | 7, 364 72 | 6, 65 |
| Prices, wholesale: Composite, finished steeldol. per lb Steel billets, rerolling, f. o. b. mill | .0524 | . 0524 | . 0524 | . 0524 | . 0524 | . 0524 | . 0524 | . 0524 | . 0524 | . 0524 | . 0524 | . 0524 | . 05 |
| Structural steel, f. o. b. milldol. per lb | 72.00 .0438 | 72, 00 . 0438 | 72.09 .0438 | 72.00 .0438 | 72,00 .0438 | 72.00 .0438 | 72, 00 . 0438 | 72.00 .0437 | 72. 90 . 0437 | 72.00 .0437 | 72.00 .0437 | 72.00 .0437 | F 74. |
| Steel scrap, heavy melting (Pittsburgh) dol. per long ton | 44. 50 | 45, 50 | 40. 50 | 36. 50 | 36.50 | 33, 50 | 30, 50 | 28. 50 | 25, 50 | 26. 50 | 29, 50 | 29. 50 | i |
| Steel, Manufactured Products | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Barrels and drums, steel, heavy types: Orders, unfilled, end of monththousands Shipmentsdodo stocks, end of montbdo | 3, 901 1, 975 117 | 4, 013 2, 026 94 | 4, 052 1, 950 123 | 3,748 2,101 90 | 3, 404 1, 848 88 | 3, 231 2, 003 78 | 3, 533 1, 600 71 | 3, 141 1, 681 68 | 3, 066 1, 950 73 | 3, 238 1, 892 67 | 3, 101 1, 908 62 | 3, 208 2, 038 67 | 3, 10 1, 8 |

*New series. Data for hardwood plywood are compiled by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census; they cover all known market producers of hardwood types, except as indicated. Earlier figures on a comparable basis are not available.

Douglas fir plywood production is compiled by the Douglas Fir Plywood Association. Data presented are total industry figures, based on reports from plants controlling, on the average, approximately 90 percent of industry capacity The monthly totals are estimated from weekly reports by prorating split weeks on the basis of a 5-day workweek, with allowance for generally observed holidays. Later figures for 1953 will be published as they are made available by the compilers in their current reports.

Data for production and receipts of iron and steel scrap are compiled by the U.S. Department of Interior, Bureau of Minet; data prior to 1953 are not available for publication.

On the 1952 edition of the export schedule, certain items (pipe fittings, welding rods, bolts, fabricated structural and other shapes) were transferred from the steet-mill products to the metal manufactures category. The data through 1952 as shown in the 1953 edition of Businzss Statistics were adjusted to include exports of these commodities for comparability with the earlier data. Exports beginning January 1953 as published in the March 1953 Survey and subsequent issues exclude these items which averaged 21,300 short tons per month in 1953.

§ Revisions for 1952 are shown in the April 1954 Survey.

‡For 1954, percent of capacity is calculated on annual capacity as of January 1, 1954, of 124,330,410 tons of steel; 1953 data are based on capacity as of January 1, 1953, of 117,547,470 tons.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | July | August | Septem- | October | Novem- | Decem- | Ionner | Febru- | Mari | 1954 | M | T | T 1 |
|--|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|-----------------|
| 1955 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | | | ber | | ber | ber | January | ary | March | April | May | June | July |
| | ME | TALS | AND I | MANUF | FACTU: | RES— | Contin | ued | | | | | |
| IRON AND STEEL—Continued | } | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Steel, Manufactured Products—Continued | | | } | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cans, metal, shipments (in terms of steel consumed), total short tons. Food do do | 446, 772 299, 306 | 506, 215 360, 564 | 484, 561 346, 645 | 368, 917 239, 111 | 314, 408 190, 280 | 192, 403 123, 416 | 264, 708 161, 320 | 260, 053 157, 880 | 291, 408 164, 484 | 323, 903 187, 779 | 7 317, 332 7 179, 790 | 381, 781 223, 632 | |
| Food | 147, 466 407, 362 1, 281 | 145, 651 457, 387 1, 259 | 137, 916 432, 830 1, 226 | 129, 806 329, 545 1, 283 | 124, 128 280, 289 1, 097 | 68, 987 155, 000 1, 137 | 103, 388 224, 580 1, 089 | 102, 173 225, 597 1, 207 | 126, 924 252, 096 1, 410 | 136, 124 278, 292 1, 386 | 137, 542 275, 979 1, 308 | 158, 149 339, 278 | 1.2 |
| Commercial closures, production millions. Crowns, production thousand gross. Iteel products, net shipments: | 30,752 | 29, 155 | 27, 244 | 24,746 | 22, 378 | 21, 972 | 24, 581 | 2 6, 572 | 31,680 | 31, 285 | 29, 767 | 1, 449 32, 026 | 28, 6 |
| Total thous, of short tons. Bars: Hot rolled, all gradesdo | 6, 583 794 166 | 6, 499 750 148 | 6, 401 723 163 | 6, 727 758 161 | 5, 904 607 140 | 5, 685 586 125 | 5, 728 569 111 | 5, 365 549 113 | 5, 584 546 | 5, 288 479 | 5, 423 494 | 5,887 532 | 4.4 |
| Reinforcingdo Semimanufacturesdo Pipe and tubesdo | 295 801 | 252 778 | 232 833 | 232 864 | 190 728 | 190 714 | 169 664 | 165 664 | 125 161 748 | 146 153 765 | 163 136 731 | 211 157 786 | |
| Pine and tubesdo Platesdo Railsdo | 587 156 | 586 150 | 586 162 | 644 164 | 600 182 | 633 185 | 572 178 | 529 178 | 544 166 | 457 122 | 442 82 | 421 108 | |
| Sheets doStrip: Cold rolled dodo | 1, 957 151 161 | 1, 921 188 195 | 1, 864 191 192 | 2, 003 194 180 | 1, 768 169 | 1, 674 140 | 1, 738 123 | 1, 519 113 | I, 496 112 | 1, 481 99 | 1, 539 94 | 1, 657 107 | 1, |
| Hot rolleddo Structural shanes, heavydo Tin plate and terneplatedo | 414 405 | 391 390 | 393 340 | 442 361 | 151 443 303 | 116 481 266 | 127 473 411 | 116 438 393 | 120 437 475 | 111 384 445 | 125 353 607 | 140 373 600 | |
| Wire and wire productsdo NONFERROUS METALS AND PRODUCTS | 328 | 378 | 349 | 329 | 270 | 264 | 292 | 314 | 366 | 375 | 394 | 423 | |
| luminum: | 109, 285 | 110, 545 | 109, 333 | 100 010 | 107 000 | 110 001 | | *** *** | | | | | |
| Production, primaryshort tons_ Imports, bauxitelong tons_ Price, wholesale, scrap castings (N. Y.) | 390, 184 | 442, 171 | 402, 340 | 108, 219 363, 945 | 105, 636 400, 077 | 110, 291 434, 958 | 116, 247 438, 392 | 110, 483 462, 577 | 122, 339 474, 966 | 120, 434 435, 681 | 125, 138 451, 744 | 120, 758 457, 748 | 126, 1 |
| dol. per lb lluminum fabricated products, shipments, | . 1000 254. 0 | . 0900 241, 4 | 237.4 | . 0825 241. 2 | . 0996 199. 9 | . 1033 200, 8 | .0892 | .0875 | . 0892 | . 1037 | . 1092 | . 1000 | , 10 |
| total mil. of lb. Castings do Wrought products, total do | 51. 2 202. 8 | 50, 4 191, 0 | 53.3 184.1 | 55. 1 186, 1 | 51.0 148.9 | 51.6 149.2 | 205. 4 51. 4 153. 9 | 196. 5 51. 2 145. 3 | 226. 2 56. 2 170. 0 | 227, 2 53, 0 174, 2 | 216. 3 47. 7 168. 7 | 232, 3 48, 1 184, 2 | 170 |
| Plate and sheet (https://doi.org//doi.org//doi.org//doi.org//doi.org//doi.org//doi.org//doi.org//doi.org//doi.org//d | 123. 4 . 429 | 117. 8 . 429 | 111.8 .417 | 113.6 .417 | 89. 4 . 417 | 91.2 .417 | 84.3 .417 | 80. 5 . 417 | 93. 0 . 417 | 96. 9 . 417 | 94. 9 . 417 | 7 102. 0 7 1, 444 | 9. |
| Copper: Production: Mine production, recoverable copper | | | | | | | | | ' | | | | |
| short tons Crude (mine or smelter, including custom in- | 76, 492 | 75, 581 | 75, 4 42 | 80,005 | 75, 165 | 77, 019 | 74, 697 | 65, 299 | 71, 289 | 68, 383 | 71, 424 | r 72, 984 | 66, 3 |
| take)short tons Refineddo | 88, 063 122, 036 104, 481 | 81, 953 108, 974 106, 985 | 86, 748 114, 760 | 92, 435 126, 138 | 85, 714 119, 230 | 88, 732 123, 296 | 84, 216 111, 553 | 74, 428 103, 496 | 81, 100 117, 546 | 77, 463 112, 617 | 78. 231 108, 403 | r 85, 329 112, 121 | 73, 7 107, 0 |
| Deliveries, refined, domestic | 77, 100 13, 317 | 78, 825 18, 064 | 104, 886 72, 907 18, 249 | 110, 519 84, 303 18, 870 | 100, 908 93, 274 15, 827 | 112, 244 89, 193 26, 416 | 77, 091 108, 121 30, 472 | 89, 017 118, 417 25, 499 | 95, 795 125, 759 19, 043 | 104, 579 124, 523 | 111,005 82,111 29,767 | 106, 252 69, 181 | 97, 4 63, 9 |
| Imports, tettal Q do Unrefined, including scrap Q do | 66, 200 48, 201 | 48, 348 32, 087 | 57, 676 48, 261 | 51, 095 35, 351 | 32, 414 26, 011 | 32, 261 19, 116 | 34, 790 20, 533 | 55, 617 41, 155 | 43, 214 31, 961 | 31, 235 46, 547 32, 372 | 51, 974 32, 118 | 26, 046 81, 833 35, 316 | |
| Price, wholesale, electrolytic (N. Y.) dol. per lb. | 17, 999 . 2969 | 16, 261 . 2961 | 9, 415 . 2962 | 15, 744 . 2960 | 6, 403 . 2965 | 13, 145 . 2967 | 14, 257 2967 | 14, 462 . 2967 | 11, 253 . 2969 | 14, 175 2970 | 19, 856 . 2970 | 46, 517 • 2970 | , 29 |
| ead: Ore (lead content): Mine productionshort tons | 26, 364 | 26, 083 | 26, 474 | 26, 652 | 24, 671 | 27, 107 | 24, 695 | 27, 443 | 29, 316 | 26, 844 | 25, 395 | * 26, 209 | 25, 1 |
| Mine production short tons. Receipts by smelters, domestic ore do Refined (primary refineries): | 27, 339 40, 210 | 27, 709 38, 022 | 27, 637 42, 154 | 27, 934 | 26, 904 52, 562 | 28, 812 | 26, 202 | 29, 342 | 31, 520 | 28, 508 | 25, 762 | 28, 266 | 26, 9 |
| Production do Shipments (domestic) do Stocks, end of month do do Stocks. | 35, 652 61, 017 | 40, 836 58, 103 | 41, 598 58, 490 | 44, 741 44, 987 58, 236 | 43, 234 67, 494 | 48, 687 35, 007 81, 152 | 48, 518 37, 108 92, 496 | 42, 046 36, 551 97, 981 | 50, 808 47, 837 100, 927 | 46, 730 47, 161 100, 441 | 49, 139 40, 183 109, 302 | 42, 317 46, 987 104, 626 | 35, 7 37, 1 |
| Price, wholesale, pig, desliverized (N. Y.) dol. per lb | . 1368 | . 1400 | . 1374 | .1350 | . 1350 | . 1 350 | .1326 | . 1282 | . 1294 | . 1390 | . 1400 | . 1411 | 93,0 |
| Imports, total, except mfrs. (lead content) 9 short tons | 30, 796 | 41, 234 | 22, 029 | 34, 107 | 39, 873 | 30, 570 | 43, 043 | 46, 957 | 51, 708 | 49, 126 | 62, 089 | 64, 014 | |
| Production, pig\$ long tons. Consumption, pig, total\$ do do do do do do do do do do do do do | 3, 151 6, 580 4, 329 | 2,798 6,619 | 2, 962 6, 855 | 3, 011 6, 519 | 2, 964 5, 826 | 2, 986 6, 182 | 2, 957 6, 260 | 3, 232 6, 350 | 3, 804 7, 190 | 3, 207 7, 230 | 2, 235 7, 210 | 1,425 7,400 | |
| Primary 6. do Stocks, pig, end of month, total 6. do Government 8. do | 16, 932 4, 935 | 4, 257 20, 340 7, 536 | 4, 276 23, 466 10, 436 | 4, 001 26, 164 13, 086 | 3, 698 28, 460 15, 717 | 3, 822 32, 928 18, 467 | 4, 060 35, 674 22, 767 | 4, 230 39, 389 26, 646 | 4,720 38,204 | 4, 850 33, 371 | 5, 100 19, 581 | 5, 100 12, 925 | |
| Industrial§do | 11, 997 | 12,804 | 13, 030 | 13, 078 | 12, 743 | 14, 461 | 12, 907 | 12, 743 | 26, 650 11, 554 | 22, 152 11, 219 | 6, 842 12, 739 | 12,925 | • • • • · · · · |
| Ore (tin content) dodododo | 2, 798 5, 821 . 8163 | 1, 214 6, 992 . 8068 | 1, 910 5, 372 , 8231 | 2, 376 6, 388 . 8085 | 3, 329 5, 067 . 8219 | 3, 648 5, 802 , 8461 | 2, 781 6, 176 | 2, 417 3, 987 | 1, 346 5, 383 | 1, 217 5, 021 | 16 5, 828 | 3, 100 6, 859 | |
| inc: Mine production of recoverable zincshort tons | 42, 305 | 40, 965 | 39, 188 | 38, 771 | 36, 460 | 37, 745 | . 8483 38, 852 | . 8504 38, 122 | . 9188 41, 252 | . 9612 39, 945 | . 9353 40, 031 | . 9421 r 40, 436 | . 96 38, 3 |
| Slab zinc: Productiondo Shipments, totaldo | 80, 825 74, 204 | 83, 241 69, 250 | 81, 211 57, 547 | 84, 031 | 75, 891 68, 685 | 79, 116 | 78, 561 | 68, 020 | 71, 186 | 70, 258 | 73, 654 | 71, 540 | 70, 7 |
| Domestic do Stocks, end of month do | 69, 498 103, 906 | 65, 450 117, 897 | 55, 167 141, 561 | 67, 175 65, 470 158, 417 | 63, 617 165, 623 | 63, 896 55, 487 180, 843 | 60, 692 54, 865 198, 712 | 66, 738 57, 781 199, 994 | 70, 080 66, 929 201, 100 | 70, 618 67, 152 200, 740 | 64, 566 61, 859 2 09, 828 | 80, 244 72, 262 | 73, 8 59, 1 |
| Price, wholesale, prime Western (8t. Louis) | . 1100 | . 1098 | . 1018 | . 1000 | . 1000 | . 1000 | .0976 | . 0938 | . 0964 | . 1025 | . 1029 | 201, 124 . 1096 | 198, 0 . 11 |
| Imports, total (zinc content) short tons. For smelting, refining, and export 9 do For domestic consumption: | 66, 834 182 | 54, 950 49 | 53, 446 124 | 61, 532 325 | 48, 538 2, 831 | 73, 246 4, 454 | $66,323 \\ 2,455$ | 63, 908 6, 704 | 77, 774 1, 264 | 39, 112 2, 054 | 50, 847 45 | 128, 786 1, 239 | |
| Ore (zine content) 2do Blocks, pigs, etcdo | 41, 600 25, 052 | 38, 882 16, 019 | 42, 0 62 11, 260 | 51, 095 10, 112 | 36, 198 9, 500 | 58, 352 10, 440 | 52, 419 11, 449 | 48, 525 8, 679 | 61, 332 15, 178 | 21, 439 15, 619 | 40, 594 10, 208 | 108, 773 18, 771 | |
| HEATING APPARATUS, EXCEPT ELECTRIC | | | | | | | | | | | 20,200 | , 111 | |
| adiators and convectors, cast iron: A | 2, 591 | 3,345 | 2 200 | 9.040 | 0.700 | 0.00* | 0.015 | | | | | | |
| bil burners; | 8, 404 | 7, 909 | 3, 336 7, 152 | 3, 840 6, 327 | 2, 782 5, 986 | 2, 095 5, 957 | 2, 041 6, 126 | 1,896 6,292 | 1, 732 6, 906 | 7 1, 738 7, 453 | 1,745 7,696 | 2, 208 7, 903 | |
| Shipments number Stocks, end of month do | 79, 735 r ² 81, 205 | 95, 622 77, 835 | 100, 955 7 67, 625 | 103, 493 71, 700 | 62, 010 7 65, 250 | 44, 631 r 76, 872 | 44, 966 75, 110 | 43, 174 71, 251 | 47, 370 77, 203 | 48, 565 84, 276 | 51, 220 82, 995 | 66, 807 80, 845 | |

*Revised. * Preliminary. ¹ Specifications changed; not comparable with earlier data. ² Revisions for January-June 1953 (number): 37,648; 58,337; 67,296; 78,798; 86,402; 86,651.

† Revised. * Preliminary. ¹ Specifications changed; not comparable with earlier data. ² Revisions for January-June 1953 (number): 37,648; 58,337; 67,296; 78,798; 86,402; 86,651.

† Revisions for 1952 imports are shown in the April 1954 Survey. Comparable figures for December 1953 (mil. lb.): Total wrought products, 150.7; plate and sheet, 90.9.

† Substituted series. Compiled by the U. S. Department of Interior, Bureau of Mines: monthly data for 1951 and 1952 appear on p. 24 of the March 1954 Survey. Government stocks represent those available for industrial use.

† Data are compiled by The Institute of Boiler and Radiator Manufacturers and represent substantially complete coverage of shipments of cast iron radiators and convectors. ¹ Revisions for January-July 1952 are shown in a footnote on p. 8-33 of the January 1951 Survey.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the | | | | 053 | N7 | | | -, i | | 1954 | | | |
|---|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|----------------------|---------------|
| 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | July | August | Septem- ber | October | Novem- ber | Decem- ber | January | Febru- ary | March | April | Мау | June | July |
| | ME' | TALS | AND N | MANUF | ACTU | RES | Contin | ıed | | | | | |
| HEATING ADDADATUS 2 Carriered | | | | | | | 1 | | | 1 | | | |
| HEATING APPARATUS [→] —Continued Stoves and ranges, domestic cooking, excl. electric: | | | | ļ | | | | | | | | | |
| Shipments, totalnumber | 171, 491 5, 796 | 203, 752 7, 006 | 227, 248 9, 636 | 222, 942 7, 543 | 176, 297 6, 876 | 150, 392 5, 516 | 151, 397 4, 683 | 168, 062 6, 110 | 203, 584 5, 643 | 186, 951 5, 876 | 176, 925 3, 468 | 187, 944 4, 206 | |
| Coal and wooddo Gas (incl. bungalow and combination)do | 159, 515 | 187, 515 | 209, 249 | 205, 038 | 159, 270 | 134, 904 | 137, 768 | 153, 515 | 188, 519 | 172, 762 | 164, 228 | 174,806 | |
| Kerosene, gasoline, and fuel oildo | 6, 180 - 2 312,887 | 9, 231 418, 084 | 8, 363 502, 681 | 10, 361 7 423, 656 | 10, 151 7 260, 150 | 9, 972 r 103, 223 | 8, 946 88, 689 | 8, 437 74, 542 | 9, 422 94, 395 | 8, 313 126, 819 | 9, 229 125, 981 | 8, 932 180, 323 | |
| Stoves, domestic heating, shipments, totaldodo | 47, 056 2 168,182 | 51, 841 243, 348 | 67, 332 - 262, 997 | 55, 517 7 244, 963 | 27, 610 r 172, 467 | 11,028 - 64,070 | 4, 471 40, 791 | 6, 117 33, 364 | 7, 242 44, 691 | 6, 804 77, 109 | 6, 474 76, 427 | 10, 935 111, 796 | |
| Gasdo Kerosene, gasoline, and fuel oildo | 97, 649 | 122, 895 | 172, 352 | 123, 176 | 60, 073 | 28, 125 | 43, 427 | 35, 061 | 42, 462 | 42, 906 | 43, 080 | 57, 592 | |
| Warm-air furnaces (forced-air and gravity air-flow), shipments, total△number | r 2 90, 119 | 108, 206 | r 125, 110 | , 120, 463 | 7 85, 783 | r 63, 612 | 57, 192 | 57, 217 | 69, 280 | 72, 488 | r 82, 462 | 95, 325 | |
| Gas | 46, 939 38, 318 | 54, 014 47, 210 | 59, 736 56, 280 | 58, 374 53, 203 | 43, 137 37, 895 | 33, 495 27, 984 | 30, 927 23, 862 | 30, 505 24, 267 | $\frac{39,870}{26,827}$ | 43, 566 26, 882 | 7 49, 661 30, 210 | 57, 301 33, 838 | |
| Solid fueldo | 5, 696 | 7, 948 | 10, 165 | 9,890 | 5, 546 | 2,806 | 2, 403 | 2, 445 | 2, 583 | 2,040 | ^r 2, 591 | 4, 186 | |
| Water heaters, gas, shipments*do | 170, 356 | 159, 730 | 171, 779 | 185, 388 | 148, 855 | 135, 054 | 161, 152 | 171, 490 | 184, 043 | 196, 767 | 191, 660 | 202, 574 | |
| MACHINERY AND APPARATUS | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Blowers, fans, and unit heaters, quarterly: Blowers and fans, new ordersthous. of dol | | | 41,863 | | | 43, 197 | | | ⁷ 49, 495 | | | 62, 049 | |
| Unit heater group, new ordersdo | | | 16, 912 | | ļ- | 16, 699 | | | 13, 661 | | | 14, 586 | |
| Foundry equipment (new), new orders, net; mo. avg. shipments, 1947-49=100 | 159. 2 | 236. 3 | 127. 7 | 87.2 | 150.0 | 161. 2 | 173.8 | 99. 9 | 82.7 | 125.3 | 80, 8 | 86.4 | 68.8 |
| Furnaces, industrial, new orders, net: Electric processing thous. of dol. | 2, 241 | 1,711 | 834 | 1, 531 | 1, 166 | 909 | 1, 356 | 994 | 2,042 | 1, 262 | 3,051 | 986 | 457 |
| Fuel-fired (except for hot rolling steel)do | 1, 983 | 5, 454 | 3, 003 | 1,868 | 1, 690 | 1, 624 | 1, 832 | 1, 686 | 1, 119 | 1,711 | 2, 423 | 3, 642 | 973 |
| Machine tools (metal-cutting types): New ordersmo. avg. shipments, 1945-47=100 | 247.3 | 286. 9 | 223. 7 | 198.7 | 146. 6 | 149.8 | 173. 5 | 159.8 | 169. 6 | 142.8 | 139. 5 | r 185. 2 | p 123. 9 |
| Shipments dodo | 267. 6 | 299. 6 | 328. 3 | 348. 4 | 320. 2 | 301.4 | 319.4 | 323. 1 | 327. 2 | 302.7 | 270. 3 | 1 276, 3 | ₽ 204.7 |
| ordersthous, of dol | 5, 533 | 4, 886 | 4, 845 | 5, 097 | 4,634 | 4, 645 | 4, 057 | 4, 272 | 5, 093 | r 5, 319 | 5,007 | 5, 176 | 4, 733 |
| Tractors (except garden), quarterly:* Shipments, totalOdodo | | | 7 206, 5 44 | | | 149, 094 | | | 173, 955 | | | 212, 321 | |
| Wheel type (excl. contractors' off-highway) thous, of dol | | | 112,028 | | | 76, 524 | | | 105, 302 | | | 123, 685 | |
| thous. of dol Tracklayingdo | | | 84, 615 | | | 66, 201 | | | 60, 207 | | | 74, 731 | |
| ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT | | | | | | Ì |] | | | | | | |
| Batteries (automotive replacement only), ship- | 2, 528 | 2,707 | 2,852 | 2,825 | 2, 173 | 1,890 | 1, 788 | 1, 422 | 1 104 | 1, 150 | 1, 391 | , 1, 834 | 2, 287 |
| mentsthousands Domestic electrical appliances, sales billed: | | ĺ | | 1 | | | | | 1, 194 | Ĺ | | 71,004 | 2, 201 |
| Refrigerators, index† | 87. 4 159, 446 | 62, 6 188, 536 | 62. 2 227, 253 | 46. 4 249, 383 | 35. 2 216, 227 | 53. 1 190, 773 | 95. 0 221, 233 | 91.0 199,035 | 89.0 276,464 | 73. 0 220, 849 | 74. 0 209, 434 | 195, 781 | 193, 607 |
| Washers do | 233, 191 | 296, 589 | 349, 342 | 319,066 | 244, 144 | 200, 034 | 256, 596 | 306, 639 | 317, 939 | 272, 593 | 254, 017 | 309, 012 | 246, 846 |
| Television sets (incl. combination), productions | 674, 459 | 991, 637 | 11,216,525 | 1, 052, 493 | 1, 065, 785 | 11,101,115 | 871, 981 | 769, 232 | 1 940, 352 | 745, 235 | 722, 104 | 1 837, 655 | 438, 061 |
| number Insulating materials and related products: | 316, 289 | 603, 760 | 1 770, 085 | 680, 433 | 561, 237 | 1 449, 787 | 420, 571 | 426, 933 | 1 599, 606 | 457, 608 | 396, 287 | 1 544, 142 | 306, 985 |
| Insulating materials, sales billed, index† | 149.8 | 152.8 | 152.6 | 154. 4 | 129, 6 | 133. 1 | 124, 0 | 120. 0 | 136.0 | 124. 0 | 110.0 | |] |
| Fiber products: 1947-49=100 | 145.0 | 102.0 | 102.0 | 104.4 | 120.0 | 133.1 | 124.0 | 120.0 | 130.0 | 124.0 | 116.0 | | |
| Laminated fiber products, shipments⊕ thous. of dol | 8,872 | 8, 505 | 9, 222 | 9, 591 | 8,879 | 8,894 | 8, 345 | 8, 160 | 9, 598 | 9, 235 | 8, 843 | 9, 521 | 7, 739 |
| Vulcanized fiber: Consumption of fiber paperthous. of lb | 4, 033 | 4, 197 | 4, 287 | 4, 287 | 3, 591 | 3, 571 | 3, 346 | 3, 370 | 3,850 | 3, 266 | 3, 431 | 3, 128 | 2, 566 |
| Shipments of vulcanized products | | i ' | | | | | ł | | | | | | |
| thous, of dol_Steel conduit (rigid), shipments*thous, of feet | 1,645 34,048 | 1,720 16,871 | 1, 653 17, 057 | 1,716 | 1, 367 17, 488 | 1, 405 17, 756 | 1, 421 16, 13 3 | 1, 451 17, 230 | 1, 535 20, 306 | 1,388 20,770 | 1, 237 21, 784 | 1, 236 26, 171 | 1,037 |
| Motors and generators, quarterly: | | | 171.3 | | | 144.6 | | | 152.0 | | | | |
| New orders, indext 1947-49=100. Polyphase induction motors, 1-200 hp: | | ŀ | 1 | | | | 1 | ļ | | | | | |
| New orders thous. of dol_Billings do | | | 42, 088 41, 186 | | | 36, 341 37, 804 | | | 35, 208 36, 304 | | | 36, 817 35, 675 | |
| Direct current motors and generators, 1-200 hp. ¶ New orders thous. of dol | | | 7, 917 | | <u> </u> | 7, 883 | | | 9, 533 | | | 7, 958 | |
| Billingsdo | | | 9, 521 | | | 11,490 | | | 9, 131 | | | 10, 183 | |
| | · | ETDO | TETIM | | T 4 N.7 | n pna | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | C | <u> </u> | | | | |
| | <u> </u> | EINU | LEUM | , COA | L, AIN. | D PRC | DUCT | <u> </u> | i | 1 | | | |
| COAL | | 1 | | į | | | İ | | | | | | |
| Anthracite: Productionthous: of short tons | 2, 475 | 2,378 | 2, 650 | 2, 904 | 2, 315 | 2, 370 | 2, 632 | 2, 354 | 2, 204 | 1, 958 | 1,877 | 2, 226 | 1, 939 |
| Stocks in producers' storage yards, end of month thous, of short tons_ | 1,726 | 1, 759 | 1,786 | 1,870 | 1, 929 | 1, 916 | 1,726 | 1,656 | 1,384 | 1,340 | 1, 252 | 1, 223 | 1,244 |
| Exportsdo | 220 | 254 | 324 | 365 | 247 | 159 | 246 | 193 | 130 | 152 | 145 | 217 | |
| Prices: Retail, composite \(\frac{1}{2} \)dol. per short ton Wholesale, chestnut, f. o. b. car at minedo | 26. 16 | 26. 16 | 26, 19 | 26, 23 | 26, 34 | 26.34 | 26. 36 | 26. 36 | 26. 36 | 26.05 | 24. 40 | 24.40 | 24. 41 |
| Bituminous:d | 15. 319 | 15, 550 | 15. 756 | 15. 508 | 15. 533 | 15. 533 | 15. 533 | 15. 533 | 15. 533 | 12.850 | 13. 381 | 13, 588 | p 13, 588 |
| Production thous, of short tons Industrial consumption and retail deliveries, total | 34, 954 | 40, 265 | 40, 994 | 40, 583 | 35, 465 | 37, 082 | 34, 055 | 29, 657 | 31, 456 | 28, 380 | 29, 050 | ⁷ 30, 660 | 27, 650 |
| thous, of short tons | 32, 476 | 33, 492 | 34, 298 | 36, 650 | 35, 769 | 39, 057 | 39, 772 | 32, 962 | 34, 134 | 27, 958 | 26, 477 | 25, 535 | 24, 937 |
| Industrial consumption, total do Beehive coke ovens do | 29, 274 641 | 29, 473 644 | 28, 973 585 | 30, 942 585 | 30, 398 491 | 31, 914 476 | $31,436 \\ 258$ | 26, 560 106 | 27, 969 59 | 24, 487 56 | 23, 831 47 | 23, 256 49 | 22, 836 45 |
| Oven-coke plants do Cement mills do do | 9, 0 35 686 | 8, 946 682 | 8, 553 668 | 8, 767 701 | 8, 352 | 8, 298 | 8,050 | 6, 901 | 7, 298 | 6,658 | 6. 811 | 6, 593 | 6, 581 |
| Electric-power utilitiesdo | 9, 287 | 9, 390 | 9, 409 | 9, 917 | 686 9, 865 | 737 10, 571 | 735 10, 620 | 624 8, 798 | 676 9, 614 | 625 8, 438 | 641 8, 435 | 576 9,029 | 675 9, 133 |
| Railways (class I) doSteel and rolling mills do | 2, 191 449 | 2, 227 424 | 2, 134 421 | 2, 239 469 | 2,096 481 | 2, 092 555 | 1, 939 566 | 1, 610 476 | $\frac{1,601}{532}$ | 1,347 411 | 1, 356 381 | 1, 254 339 | 1, 278 315 |
| Other industrialdodo | 6, 985 | 7, 160 | 7, 203 | 8, 262 | 8, 427 | 9, 185 | 9, 268 | 8, 045 | 8, 189 | 6, 952 | 6, 160 | 5, 416 | 4, 809 |
| Retail deliveries do Revised, Preliminary Represents 5 v | 3, 202 | 4, 019 | 5, 325 | 5,708 | for Januar | 7, 143 v=1uno 105 | | 6, 402 | 6, 165 | 3, 471 | 2,646 | 2, 279 | 2, 101 |
| 227,914; gas type, 67,830; 71,214; 86,279; 79,492; 85,831; | 127,488; w | arm-air fui | naces—tot | al, 57,725; 5 | 55,284; 63,67 | у-эине 195 4; 66,962; 7 | o (number) 0,205; 89,460 | . пеатид). | stoves—to | тат, 156,043; | ; 134,980; 15 | 5,333; 144,7 | 49; 162,660; |

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^{*}Revised. **Preliminary. 1*Represents 5 weeks' production. 2*Revised shipments for January-June 1953 (number): Heating stoves—total, 156,043; 134,880; 155,333; 144,749; 162,660; 227,914; gas type, 67,830; 71,214; 86,279; 79,492; 85,831; 127,488; warm-air furnaces—total, 57,725; 55,284; 63,674; 66,662; 70,205; 80,460.

*Revisions for January-July 1952 for heating apparatus and January-September 1952 for bituminous coal will be shown later.

*New series. Water-heater shipments are compiled by the *Gas Appliance Manufacturers' Association beginning June 1953 and by the *U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, for earlier months; data represent total shipments of gas water heaters based on reports from manufacturers representing 98 percent of the total industry; monthly data prior to August 1952 will be shown later.

Tractor shipments are compiled by the *U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, from quarterly reports received from active manufacturers of complete tractors; data represent total shipments reported by all producers of the specified types of tractors; (annual totals berinning 1922 are available upon request; data for the first three quarters of 1952 are shown in the January 1954 Survey). For description of new series for steel conduit, see note at bottom of p. 8-35. TRevised to reflect use of new base period.

Olneludes contractors' off-highway wheel-type tractors. TRevised series, reflecting use of new base period; data prior to August 1952 will be shown later.

§Radio production comprises home, portable battery, automobile, and clock models; television sets include combination models. Data for September and December 1953 and March and June 1954 cover 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks.

Data for January-October 1953 cover 17 companies, November-December, 18, and beginning January 1954, 19 companies.

1 Data beginning 3duarter 1953 for polyphase induction motors cover 33 companies. For direct current motors and generators, data for all quarters shown cover 27 companies (except lat

| | | | | ×===== | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------------------------|---|---|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--------------------------|
| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | July | August | Septem- ber | October | Novem- ber | Decem- ber | January | Febru- | March | 1954 April | Мау | June | July |
| | PETRA | LEUM | | T ANI | | | S Co | · | <u> </u> | | <u> </u> | | <u> </u> |
| | | LECM | , COA | L, AIN | JINO | DUCI |)—-CO | | 1 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | <u> </u> |
| COAL—Continued | | | | | | | | | | | | | <u> </u> |
| Bituminous—Continued Consumption on vessels (bunker fuel) thous. of short tons | 72 | 73 | 66 | 66 | 54 | 19 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 29 | 52 | 62 | 55 |
| Stocks, industrial and retail dealers', end of month, total thous. of short tons. | 74, 752 | 77, 997 | 81,005 | 82, 719 | 82, 381 | 80, 614 | 75, 741 | 75, 194 | 72, 033 | 70, 595 | 69, 432 | 69, 646 | 67, 186 |
| Industrial, totaldo Oven coke plantsdo | 73, 153 13, 221 | 76, 387 14, 698 | 79, 372 15, 910 | 81,009 16,609 | 80, 642 16, 720 | 79, 075 16, 486 | 74, 531 14, 885 | 74, 029 14, 730 | 71, 146 13, 887 | 69, 611 12, 856 | 68, 606 12, 596 | 68, 803 12, 659 | 66, 286 11, 125 |
| Other code plants | 1, 197 37, 767 | 1, 341 38, 758 | 1, 454 39, 713 | 1,505 40,468 | 1, 541 40, 487 | 1, 461 39, 770 | 1, 290 38, 090 | 1, 173 37, 969 | 1,068 37,468 | 1, 071 37, 504 | 1,090 38,299 | 1, 144 39, 125 | 1, 123 38, 848 |
| Steel and rolling millsdo | 2, 576 918 17, 474 | 2, 533 919 18, 138 | 2, 639 956 | 2, 605 1, 028 | 2, 562 1, 008 | 2, 570 977 | 2, 432 931 | 2, 350 887 | 2, 167 830 | 2, 049 798 15, 333 | 1,839 740 14,042 | 1,811 708 | 1,662 |
| Retail dealers do | 1, 599 | 1,610 | 18, 700 1, 633 | 18, 794 1, 710 | 18, 324 1, 739 | 17, 811 1, 539 | 16, 903 1, 210 | 16, 920 1, 165 | 15, 726 887 | 984 | 826 | 13, 356 843 | 12,889 |
| Exportsdo | 3, 441 | 3, 709 | 3, 432 | 3, 377 | 2,712 | 1, 720 | 1, 414 | 1, 294 | 1, 449 | 2, 462 | 3, 100 | 3, 136 | |
| Prices: Retail, composite†dol. per short ton | 14.81 | 14.84 | 14. 99 | 15.07 | 15. 10 | 15. 12 | 15. 14 | 15. 13 | 15. 12 | 14. 99 | 14.70 | 14. 70 | 14.73 |
| Wholesale: Mine run, f. o. b. car at minedo Prepared sizes, f. o. b. car at minedo | 5. 796 6. 572 | 5. 698 6. 665 | 5. 698 6. 721 | 5. 724 6. 811 | 5. 716 6. 811 | 5. 716 6. 807 | 5, 681 6, 837 | 5. 607 6. 787 | 5. 481 6. 429 | 5. 403 6. 375 | 1 6. 398 2 4. 538 | r 1 6. 440 r 2 4, 525 | p 1 6. 607 p 2 4. 502 |
| COKE Production: | | | | | | | ` | | | | | | J |
| Beehive thous of short tons Oven (byproduct) Petroleum coke of do | a r 414 a r 6, 369 | ⁷ 421 ⁷ 6, 341 | ⁷ 372 ⁷ 6, 061 | 7 364 7 6, 211 | 7 307 7 5, 915 | r 280 r 5, 825 | 166 5, 647 | 65 4,824 | 37 5, 110 | 35 4, 658 | 30 4, 772 | 31 4,609 | 27 4, 591 |
| Stocks, end of month: | 374 | 384 | 377 | 364 | 380 | 386 | 387 | 325 | 395 | 386 | 379 | 371 | 2.049 |
| Byproduct plants, total do At furnace plants do At merchant plants do Petroleum coke do do do do do do do do do do do do do | 2, 221 1, 529 692 | 2, 376 1, 59 8 778 | 2, 475 1, 624 850 | 2, 513 1, 630 883 | 2, 658 1, 698 959 | 2, 727 1, 682 1, 045 | 2, 787 1, 715 1, 072 | 2,744 1,649 1,096 | 2, 719 1, 525 1, 194 | 2,860 1,579 1,281 | 3, 012 1, 657 1, 355 | 2, 973 1, 609 1, 364 | 2,843 1,619 1,224 |
| Petroleum coke do do do do do do do do do do do do do | 141 | 154 48 | 157 39 | 121 40 | 137 34 | 172 | 209 36 | 222 26 | 269 29 | 299 24 | 331 36 | 355 46 | 1, 224 |
| Exportsdo Price, beehive, Connellsville (furnace) dol. per short ton | 14. 75 | 14. 75 | 14. 75 | 14.75 | 14. 75 | 14. 75 | 14, 75 | 14. 75 | 14. 75 | 14. 75 | 14. 75 | 14. 75 | 14. 75 |
| PETROLEUM AND PRODUCTS | | | | | | | | | | | | | ļ |
| Crude petroleum: Wells completed:number | 2, 471 | 2, 156 | 2, 228 | 2, 489 | 2, 194 | 2, 253 | 2, 599 | 2, 169 | 2, 563 | 2, 486 | 2, 467 | 2, 298 | |
| Productiont thous. of bbl. Refinery operations percent of capacity. Consumption (runs to stills) thous. of bbl. | 204, 701 94 220, 197 | 204, 059 95 222, 048 | 196, 717 93 210, 686 | 194, 108 91 213, 017 | 188, 315 93 209, 599 | 193, 378 92 215, 892 | 193, 453 91 215, 366 | 178, 603 91 197, 914 | 201, 702 88 214, 620 | 198, 440 86 204, 336 | 200, 593 89 218, 178 | 195, 000 88 208, 408 | |
| Stocks, end of month: Gasoline-bearing in U. S., totaldo | 284, 976 | 285, 352 | 289, 614 | 287, 541 | 283, 021 | 276, 676 | 270, 811 | 266, 918 | 271,867 | 280, 310 | 282, 250 | 285, 155 | - |
| At refineriesdododododo | 74, 269 192, 450 | 73, 982 192, 366 | 73, 991 197, 175 | 72, 959 195, 972 | 71, 634 192, 585 | 72, 738 185, 165 | 70, 661 180, 876 | 70, 916 177, 242 | 73, 068 180, 304 | 75, 852 185, 995 | 75, 503 187, 770 | 75, 187 191, 055 | |
| On leases do do | 18, 257 | 19, 004 1, 321 | 18, 448 1, 109 | 18, 610 1, 178 | 18, 802 1, 052 | 18, 773 1, 378 | 19, 274 1, 588 | 18, 760 795 | 18, 495 873 | 18, 463 1, 418 | 18, 977 1, 258 | 18, 913 1, 372 | |
| Exportsdo Importsdo Price (Oklahoma-Kansas) at wellsdol. per bbl | 19, 287 2, 820 | 19, 125 2. 820 | 21, 876 2, 820 | 19, 190 2, 820 | 17, 919 2. 820 | 19, 841 2. 820 | 17, 932 2, 820 | 17, 643 2. 820 | 21, 683 2. 820 | 17, 259 2. 820 | 20, 145 2. 820 | 20, 441 2, 820 | ₽ 2.82 0 |
| Refined petroleum products: Fuel oil: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Production: Distillate fuel oiltthous, of bbl Residual fuel oiltdo | 44, 682 37, 942 | 44, 539 37, 894 | 43, 433 36, 098 | 45, 331 36, 716 | 43, 901 36, 684 | 44, 663 38, 652 | ³ 45, 474 39, 398 | ³ 43, 256 34, 754 | ⁸ 45, 204 36, 222 | \$ 41, 218 34, 215 | ³ 42, 531 35, 582 | ³ 41, 966 33, 691 | |
| Domestic demand: Distillate fuel oiltdo | 25, 140 | 26, 435 | 34, 597 | 34, 379 | 44, 061 | 64, 013 | 3 74, 809 | 3 52, 840 | 3 54, 222 | 3 38, 269 | 3 28, 966 | 3 27, 440 | |
| Residual fuel oil‡do Consumption by type of consumer: Electric-power plantsdo | 41, 330 6, 338 | 41, 362 6, 537 | 42, 697 6, 158 | 44, 349 6, 780 | 47, 280 6, 907 | 54, 092 7, 619 | 54, 976 8, 285 | 46, 978 | 48, 902 | 42, 392 | 39, 417 4, 250 | 38, 074 | |
| Railways (class I)do Vessels (bunker oil)do Stocks, end of month: | 2,008 6,733 | 1, 811 6, 578 | 1, 671 6, 746 | 1, 745 6, 259 | 1, 428 6, 099 | 1, 237 6, 612 | 1, 031 6, 031 | 5, 699 873 5, 494 | 6, 456 815 5, 985 | 638 6, 381 | 720 6, 289 | 4, 291 838 6, 378 | 4, 446 6, 475 |
| Stocks, end of month: Distillate fuel oildo Residual fuel oildo | 102, 394 47, 966 | 119, 542 50, 007 | 126, 709 50, 516 | 135, 409 50, 820 | 133, 381 51, 267 | 111, 944 49, 370 | ³ 81, 044 47, 474 | ³ 70, 390 47, 119 | ³ 60, 270 44, 249 | ³ 61, 721 44, 362 | ³ 73, 581 47, 009 | ³ 86, 325 50, 216 | |
| Exports: Distillate fuel oildo Residual fuel oildo | 2, 143 1, 400 | 1, 460 1, 728 | 2, 031 1, 659 | 2, 386 2, 088 | 2, 156 1, 912 | 2, 362 1, 514 | 1, 616 1, 365 | 1, 275 1, 756 | 1, 516 2, 110 | 1, 911 1, 637 | 1, 992 2, 006 | 2, 176 1, 793 | |
| Prices, wholesale: Distillate (New York Harbor, No. 2 fuel) | | · | | | ĺ | ŕ | | | | | | | |
| Residual (Okla., No. 6 fuel) dol. per bbl | . 093 1. 050 | . 093 1. 100 | . 093 1. 100 | . 098 1. 200 | . 100 1. 350 | . 095 1. 450 | . 095 1. 500 | . 100 1. 450 | . 097 1. 200 | . 095 1. 150 | 1. 100 | . 092 r 1. 000 | p . 089 p 1. 000 |
| Production thous. of bbl. Domestic demand do Stocks, end of month do | 9, 945 5, 982 | 9, 940 4, 945 | 9, 897 7, 802 | 11,007 9,725 | 10, 624 11, 947 | 11, 704 18, 229 | ³ 12, 086 ³ 18, 287 | ³ 11, 542 ³ 12, 682 | ³ 10, 943 ³ 12, 990 | ³ 9, 665 ³ 6, 893 | ³ 9, 350 ³ 4, 861 | ³ 9, 177 ³ 4, 537 | |
| Stocks, end of monthdododododo | 31, 143 404 | 35, 711 384 | 37, 280 469 | 38, 161 325 | 36, 271 469 | 29, 070 623 | ³ 22, 013 418 | ³ 20, 183 609 | ³ 17, 533 564 | ³ 19, 656 584 | \$ 23, 892 158 | ³ 28, 184 229 | |
| Lubricants: dol. per gal | . 103 | . 103 | . 103 | . 108 | . 110 | . 105 | . 105 | . 110 | . 107 | . 105 | . 102 | . 102 | » . 100 |
| Production thous. of bbl. Domestic demand do do | 4, 321 3, 905 | 4, 627 3, 646 | 4, 562 3, 563 | 4, 647 3, 384 | 4,553 3,211 | 4, 572 3, 041 | 4, 408 2, 994 | 4, 221 2, 720 | 4, 376 3, 579 | 4, 204 3, 321 | 4, 566 3, 208 | 4, 508 3, 189 | |
| Stocks, refinery, end of monthdo Exportsdo | 9, 879 1, 105 | 9, 684 1, 068 | 9, 700 924 | 9, 726 1, 190 | 9, 846 1, 184 | 10, 070 1, 193 | 10, 472 965 | 10, 646 1, 282 | 10, 385 1, 002 | 9, 745 1, 456 | 9, 764 1, 281 | 9, 599 1, 429 | |
| Price, wholesale, bright stock (midcontinent, f. o. b. Tulsa)dol. per gal | . 225 | . 205 | . 205 | . 205 | . 205 | . 195 | . 190 | . 190 | . 190 | . 180 | . 180 | . 180 | ₽.180 |

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through | | | 19 | 53 | | | | | | 1954 | | | |
|---|--|---|---|---|--|---|--|---|---|--|--|--|---------------------------------|
| 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | July | August | Septem- ber | October | Novem- ber | Decem- ber | January | Febru- ary | March | April | May | June | July |
| I | PETRO | LEUM | , COA | L, ANI |) PRO | DUCT | S—Cor | ıtinued | | | | | |
| PETROLEUM AND PRODUCTS—Continued | | ļ | | | | | 1 | | | | | | ***** |
| Refined petroleum products—Continued Motor fuel: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Gasoline (including aviation): Production, total;thous. of bbl_ Gasoline and naphtha from crude oil; | 114, 123 | 114, 321 | 107, 729 | 109, 061 | 108, 623 | 112, 473 | 1 106, 373 | 1 97, 330 | 1 104, 612 | 1 102, 120 | 1 107, 952 | 1 104, 481 | |
| hous, of bbl Natural gasoline used at refineriesdo Natural gasoline sold to jobberstdo | 101, 563 9, 511 3, 049 112, 960 | 101, 833 9, 502 2, 986 | 95, 644 9, 991 2, 094 | 96, 166 10, 380 2, 515 | 95, 722 10, 145 2, 756 | 99, 525 9, 873 3, 075 | 1 94, 336 9, 633 2, 404 | 1 85, 244 8, 987 3, 099 | 1 91, 851 9, 240 3, 521 | 1 90, 074 8, 861 3, 185 | 1 95, 241 9, 441 3, 270 | 1 91, 956 9, 423 3, 102 | |
| Domestic demand:do Stocks, end of month: Finished gasolinedo | 135, 724 | 109, 124 137, 972 | 106, 158 136, 192 | 106, 037 136, 398 | 99, 210 142, 472 | 100, 225 151, 129 | 1 89, 852 1 163, 532 | ¹ 86, 206 | 1 101, 549 1 173, 060 | 1 103, 866 1 168, 301 | 1 104, 418 1 168, 660 | 1 113, 037 1 156, 526 | |
| At refineries do Unfinished gasoline do Natural gasoline and allied productsdo Exports do | 75, 545 8, 192 11, 253 2, 762 | 77, 262 8, 078 11, 959 2, 509 | 76, 698 7, 992 12, 636 3, 013 | 74, 930 8, 097 13, 193 2, 018 | 78, 021 8, 2 75 12, 223 2, 560 | 86, 761 8, 829 10, 428 2, 411 | 1 97, 997 8, 172 10, 334 2, 083 | 106, 821 7, 743 10, 575 2, 348 | 1 104, 344 8, 237 11, 447 1, 333 | 1 99, 155 8, 705 12, 295 1, 888 | 1 96, 241 8, 946 13, 871 2, 401 | 1 85, 569 8, 878 14, 998 2, 822 | |
| Prices, gasoline: Wholesale, refinery (Oklahoma, group 3) dol. per gal Wholesale, regular grade (N. Y.)do | .114 .142 | .114 .142 | .114 .142 | .114 .142 | . 113 | . 111 . 141 | .111 .137 | . 108 . 135 | . 108 . 135 | . 108 . 135 | . 108 . 135 | .108 | p, 106 p, 135 |
| Retail, service stations, 50 citiesdo A viation gasoline: Production, totalthous. of bbl | 7, 793 | 220 8, 153 | . 220 7, 894 | . 218 7, 337 | 7, 074 | 7, 676 | . 218 7, 245 | 6,991 | 7, 359 | 7, 209 | . 218 7. 567 | . 135 . 216 7, 990 | . 214 |
| Stocks, total dodododododododo | 6, 568 9, 516 5, 253 | 7, 013 9, 941 5, 700 | 6, 655 10, 099 5, 640 | 5, 994 10, 678 5, 965 | 6, 120 10, 162 5, 856 | 6, 230 10, 172 5, 498 | 6, 156 10, 773 5, 759 | 5, 580 11, 099 5, 380 | 6, 220 11, 486 5, 719 | 5, 806 11, 685 5, 582 | 6, 569 12, 400 6, 632 | 7, 157 10, 637 5, 301 | |
| Asphalt:© Productiondodo Stocks, refinery, end of monthdo Wax:© | 8, 243 8, 429 | 8, 366 7, 094 | 7, 689 5, 709 | 7, 081 5, 541 | 5, 181 6, 244 | 3, 888 7, 314 | 3, 447 8, 370 | 3, 956 9, 589 | 4, 895 10, 970 | 5, 392 11, 530 | 6, 888 11, 383 | 7, 775 9, 579 | |
| Productiondo | 398 503 | 397 524 | 420 510 | 436 530 | 434 558 | 420 538 | 442 598 | 420 619 | 478 644 | 434 612 | 474 663 | 409 609 | |
| Asphalt roofing, totalthous. of squares_ | 5, 590 1, 223 | 6, 412 1, 426 | 5, 939 1, 278 | 5, 811 1, 259 | 4, 126 911 | 2, 698 596 | 2, 565 573 | 2, 846 637 | 3, 824 866 | 4, 923 1, 005 | 5, 374 * 1, 021 | 7 6, 484 1, 146 | 5, 251 978 |
| Roll roofine and cap sheet: Smooth-surfaced | 1, 182 3, 185 123 | 1,381 3,605 148 | 1,373 3,289 158 | 1,394 3,158 185 | 1, 030 2, 185 138 | 661 1,441 107 | 673 1,319 89 | 670 1, 540 94 | 843 2, 175 116 | 1, 011 2, 907 113 | 1, 076 3, 277 114 | 1,309 4,029 151 | 1,110 3,162 115 |
| Saturated feltso short tons | 67, 690 | 81,386 | 71, 550 | 76, 120 | 60, 241 | 48, 872 | 47, 989 | 93, 417 | 55, 760 | 58, 865 | 76, 110 | 89, 561 | 69, 904 |
| | | PUI | LP, PA | PER, | AND I | PRINT | ING | | | | | | |
| PULPWOOD AND WASTE PAPER | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Pulpwood: Receipts | 2, 436 2, 176 5, 205 | 2, 697 2, 470 5, 433 | 2, 494 2, 306 5, 628 | 2, 522 2, 548 5, 601 | 2, 367 2, 380 5, 582 | 2, 220 2, 157 5, 639 | 2, 393 2, 387 5, 639 | 2, 388 2, 191 5, 835 | 2, 292 2, 473 5, 672 | 2,000 2,371 5,288 | 2, 035 2, 457 4, 867 | 7 2, 308 7 2, 475 7 4, 699 | 2, 264 2, 240 4, 723 |
| Waste paper: short tons Receipts. do Consumption. do Stocks, end of mouth. do | 656, 745 633, 320 | 705, 640 743, 467 | 732, 704 748, 809 | 772, 202 754, 254 | 682, 394 667, 762 452, 079 | 646, 134 620, 455 | 620, 217 648, 266 | 628, 731 639, 813 | 719, 354 716, 052 | 686, 600 668, 050 | 662, 742 672, 590 | 692, 151 696, 500 | 600, 213 585, 912 |
| Stocks, end of mouth | 480, 559 | 441, 216 | 424, 945 | 442, 481 | 452, 079 | 478, 791 | 454, 246 | 443, 016 | 447, 363 | 462, 590 | 453, 259 | 447, 988 | 463, 648 |
| Production: Total, all gradesthous, of short tons | *1,350 | 1, 546 | 1, 434 | 1, 573 | 1, 504 | 1, 337 | 1, 487 | 1,362 | 1,541 | 1, 484 | 7 1, 574 | r 1, 562 | 1, 408 |
| Dissolving and special alphashort tons. | 45, 587 | 68, 163 844, 347 192, 556 | 64, 270 | 51,716 | 63, 116 | 45,016 | 59, 370 | 61, 837 | 63, 338 832, 420 210, 086 | 56, 703 | 60,742 | 64, 784 | 54, 212 744, 114 174, 974 |
| Sulphite (paper grades) | 31, 325 190, 159 97, 351 | 37, 544 205, 005 92, 031 | 35, 531 186, 093 89, 092 | 38, 485 202, 922 96, 853 | 35, 442 189, 442 91, 576 | 34, 343 | 38, 590 201, 614 82, 246 | 35, 213 185, 446 76, 057 | 40, 182 209, 157 80, 987 | 37, 841 200, 064 96, 615 | 39, 831 202, 487 107, 026 | 40, 123 + 202, 546 108, 715 | 27, 634 193, 596 105, 428 |
| Stocks, own pulp at pulp mills, end of month: Total, all grades short tons. Sulphate (paper grades) do Sulphite (paper grades) do Soda do Groundwood do | 154, 215 36, 725 38, 319 | 163, 100 42, 459 37, 636 | 153, 880 40, 615 28, 206 | 145, 601 43, 100 28, 028 | 156, 634 43, 766 29, 492 | 148, 629 41, 252 32, 808 | 155, 081 42, 188 33, 457 | 159, 946 44, 248 32, 363 | 164, 003 44, 329 33, 262 | 161, 745 | 178, 010 52, 093 37, 351 | 7 188, 667 7 53, 150 7 41, 138 | 172, 916 51, 364 33, 302 |
| | 1, 582 32, 525 | 1, 874 31, 204 | 2, 677 27, 555 | 3, 208 25, 849 | 3, 298 25, 980 | 2, 957 27, 298 | 3, 754 28, 436 | 3, 657 29, 056 | 3, 608 29, 494 | 3, 388 29, 965 | 4, 373 30, 851 | 4, 873 28, 7 07 | 4, 315 26, 289 |
| Exports, all grades, total do Imports, all grades, total do Dissolving and special alpha do do | 13, 285 160, 774 23, 848 | 9, 236 186, 924 22, 303 | 11, 712 179, 473 22, 911 68, 156 | 17, 958 183, 914 24, 125 | 17, 162 174, 942 23, 603 | 28, 965 177, 164 17, 232 | 14, 291 144, 406 16, 210 | 19,675 171,833 18,302 | 26, 896 178, 770 20, 451 | 24, 229 152, 845 22, 309 | 34, 328 150, 868 17, 823 | 30, 680 192 698 21, 413 | |
| Dissolving and special airbia do Sulphated do Sulphite (paper grades) do Soda do Groundwood do do do | 63, 381 48, 628 2, 499 21, 853 | 79, 701 62, 304 2, 594 19, 380 | 68, 156 60, 714 3, 259 23, 417 | 68, 156 57, 870 3, 726 26, 765 | 62, 278 60, 768 3, 328 23, 086 | 76, 627 57, 990 3, 297 20, 862 | 60, 617 46, 507 3, 048 16, 386 | 73, 943 54, 757 2, 912 21, 309 | 76, 531 57, 522 3, 502 19, 301 | 2,555 | 47, 105 3, 287 | 89, 151 60, 188 3, 585 | |
| PAPER AND PAPER PRODUCTS | 41,000 | 10,000 | -0, 111 | 20, 703 | 20,000 | 20, 502 | 10, 330 | 21, 009 | 19, 301 | 15, 866 | 18, 710 | 17, 043 | |
| All paper and paperboard mills: Paper and paperboard production, total | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| thous. of short tons. Paper (incl. building paper)do Paperboarddo Building boarddo | 2,042 981 941 120 | 2, 298 1, 082 1, 100 117 | 2, 225 1, 065 1, 053 107 | 2, 409 1, 158 1, 134 116 | 2, 186 1, 046 1, 031 109 | 916 | 1,066 996 | 2,043 1,014 923 106 | 2, 303 1, 136 1, 041 126 | 986 | | 7 2, 272 1, 094 7 1, 045 7 133 | 1, 998 972 899 127 |

^{*}Revised. *Preliminary. 1 See note ''3' onp. S-35. TRevisions for 1952 (old basis) appear on p. S-36 of the February 1954 Survey; revisions for 1952 (comparable with data for 1953) will be shown later. ©Asphalt—5.5 bbl. =1 short ton; wax—1 bbl. =280 lb. ©Revisions for 1951 for saturated felts and 1952 for wood-pulp imports will be shown later.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through | | | 19 | 53 | | | 1954 | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|---|--|
| 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | July | August | Septem- ber | October | Novem- ber | Decem- ber | January | Febru- ary | March | April | Мау | June | July | |
| | PU | LP, P | APER, | AND | PRINT | ING— | Contin | ued | | | · · | | | |
| PAPER AND PAPER PRODUCTS-Con. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Paper, excl. building paper, newsprint, and paper-board (American Paper and Pulp Association):‡ Orders, new short tons. Orders, unfilled, end of month do Production do Shipments do Stocks, end of month do | 852, 229 679, 219 785, 661 795, 157 392, 543 | 861, 210 670, 616 868, 688 867, 756 395, 664 | 871, 848 695, 869 854, 827 848, 200 396, 041 | 917, 863 654, 898 936, 711 937, 805 391, 840 | 801, 866 617, 679 857, 709 847, 182 401, 698 | 818, 131 589, 958 838, 559 834, 170 406, 868 | 875, 002 584, 558 883, 841 884, 315 394, 618 | 800, 817 561, 091 832, 975 817, 427 406, 158 | 939, 598 592, 116 927, 526 916, 598 412, 529 | 843, 494 547, 633 874, 583 878, 354 410, 021 | 842, 664 533, 513 866, 691 858, 753 417, 883 | 541, 595 850, 000 846, 000 | | |
| Fine paper: Orders, new | 110, 098 78, 603 91, 846 93, 699 90, 330 | 104, 843 72, 745 108, 168 108, 020 86, 504 | 100, 159 69, 503 108, 598 105, 535 91, 638 | 109, 887 59, 259 115, 846 116, 817 86, 660 | 95, 228 52, 406 106, 106 100, 050 92, 554 | 96, 009 49, 334 104, 122 100, 360 99, 271 | 102, 345 56, 967 103, 041 106, 930 92, 357 | 100, 984 58, 725 102, 297 101, 987 93, 035 | 114, 482 57, 995 115, 847 110, 927 95, 555 | 108, 483 57, 500 111, 501 109, 879 97, 819 | 108, 088 56, 195 110, 232 107, 486 99, 229 | 55, 000 111, 000 110, 000 100, 000 | | |
| Orders, new do. Orders, unfilled, end of month | 310, 681 340, 284 280, 905 282, 611 150, 218 | 280, 988 313, 732 308, 446 301, 142 157, 512 | 314, 921 344, 560 294, 782 292, 487 159, 694 13, 80 | 311, 553 317, 830 321, 420 315, 040 164, 379 | 274, 906 312, 937 296, 073 299, 811 160, 641 | 302, 577 311, 864 289, 628 290, 655 159, 614 | 298, 488 291, 065 306, 062 304, 212 161, 460 | 265, 291 268, 590 283, 994 279, 074 166, 420 | 342, 798 294, 740 322, 188 323, 037 165, 570 | 279, 943 258, 238 303, 684 311, 678 157, 576 | 288, 055 249, 500 298, 138 300, 216 155, 498 | 260,000 285,000 | » 13. 80 | |
| Coarse paper: | 270, 964 140, 651 256, 249 257, 445 74, 160 | 308, 039 168, 164 286, 756 287, 776 77, 120 | 288, 155 166, 131 283, 163 280, 828 75, 060 | 313, 043 167, 392 313, 984 317, 495 75, 423 | 268, 476 149, 353 290, 817 284, 222 81, 453 | 260, 940 121, 145 279, 291 281, 243 76, 356 | 293, 628 126, 855 297, 093 290, 916 85, 460 | 272, 375 127, 052 278, 203 271, 865 86, 525 | 296, 475 124, 040 302, 944 297, 929 88, 295 | 276, 225 117, 975 276, 575 277, 423 85, 870 | 273, 217 112, 185 283, 606 278, 859 91, 916 | 277, 000 111, 000 283, 000 273, 000 93, 000 | | |
| Canada (incl. Newfoundland): Production | 491, 254 494, 212 169, 702 | 484, 507 498, 506 155, 703 | 467, 431 482, 598 140, 536 | 510, 772 506, 544 144, 764 | 473, 176 491, 450 126, 490 | 473, 325 488, 571 111, 244 | 476, 151 452, 470 134, 925 | 457, 927 437, 780 155, 072 | 515, 482 481, 487 189, 067 | 500, 199 503, 292 185, 974 | 497, 221 497, 561 185, 634 | 490, 726 523, 966 152, 394 | 503, 979 481, 686 174, 687 | |
| Consumption by publishers | 340, 044 88, 121 90, 755 7, 577 | 359, 133 90, 824 92, 295 6, 106 | 385, 386 85, 966 85, 824 6, 248 | 429, 509 97, 112 96, 288 7, 072 | 427, 904 92, 385 90, 847 8, 610 | 388, 237 89, 656 90, 240 8, 026 | 363, 057 96, 284 95, 132 9, 178 | 345, 642 88, 197 86, 219 11, 156 | 400, 311 98, 115 100, 585 8, 636 | 414, 877 89, 839 88, 968 9, 557 | 422, 157 96, 670 98, 716 7, 511 | 394, 444 96, 564 96, 148 7, 927 | 338, 471 96, 324 96, 597 7, 654 | |
| At miblishers do. In transit to publishers do. Imports do. Price, rolls, contract, delivered to principal ports dol. per short ton. | 514, 320 81, 719 404, 365 125, 75 | 539, 622 91, 010 436, 879 125, 75 | 548, 537 77, 414 402, 053 125, 75 | 514, 419 80, 803 437, 867 125, 75 | 464, 899 87, 468 412, 584 125, 75 | 477, 800 73, 969 448, 251 125, 75 | 470, 536 88, 739 356, 455 125, 75 | 488, 503 96, 457 391, 503 125, 75 | 495, 871 85, 178 454, 297 125, 75 | 484, 226 81, 181 399, 824 125, 75 | 446, 739 72, 390 419, 631 125, 75 | 453, 407 80, 566 438, 833 125. 75 | 481, 612 71, 086 • 125, 75 | |
| Paperboard (National Paperboard Association): Orders, nrw. short tons. Orders, unfilled, end of month. do Production, total. do Percent of activity. | 973, 300 525, 400 939, 700 81 | 1, 105, 200 482, 400 1, 122, 400 98 | 1, 139, 300 537, 900 1, 069, 600 94 | 1, 078, 600 423, 700 1, 170, 700 97 | 1, 021, 400 385, 700 1, 051, 000 94 | 1, 011, 200 392, 400 992, 200 79 | 885, 400 330, 800 939, 700 89 | 921, 700 321, 000 926, 800 89 | 1, 140, 400 424, 900 1, 064, 400 90 | 997, 400 369, 100 1, 014, 600 88 | 1, 086, 600 364, 209 1, 056, 500 90 | 1, 033, 000 359, 800 1, 054, 600 89 | 964, 300 390, 300 916, 761 75 | |
| Shipping containers, corrugated and solid fiber, shipments! | 6, 541 162. 6 1 145. 5 | 7, 152 176. 9 7 160. 1 | 7, 518 160. 5 7 171. 1 | 7, 382 172. 7 7 179. 7 | 6, 730 149. 5 7 154. 6 | 6, 3 56 156, 4 7 155, 8 | 5, 815 174. 0 161. 9 | 5, 966 182. 3 166. 0 | 7, 153 214. 7 183. 0 | 6, 952 198. 6 180. 2 | 6, 714 164. 5 163. 2 | 6, 785 203. 1 177. 9 | 6, 250 173, 7 158, 1 | |
| PRINTING | 736 | 1 014 | 844 | 1 200 | 1.070 | 074 | 000 | 070 | | | 4 000 | | | |
| Book publication, totalnumber of editionsdo New booksdo New editionsdo | 568 168 | 1, 014 800 214 | 738 106 | 1, 323 1, 132 191 | 1, 079 867 212 | 974 789 185 | 826 650 176 | 878 707 171 | 1, 102 855 247 | 1, 101 894 207 | 1, 391 1, 101 290 | 781 644 137 | 923 714 209 | |
| | | RUBB | ER A | ND RU | BBER | PROD | UCTS | | ı | l | · | 1 | | |
| RUBBER | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Stocks, end of month do Imports, including latex and guayulet do Price, wholesale, smoked sheets (New York) dol, per lb. | 43, 929 118, 825 54, 661 | 43, 732 119, 332 44, 156 | 45, 225 121, 618 58, 625 | 46, 744 114, 191 46, 729 | 43, 251 112, 677 49, 743 | 42, 400 112, 316 45, 947 | 46, 960 112, 679 47, 140 | 46, 897 115, 228 42, 645 | 53, 709 112, 829 47, 721 | 51, 451 106, 564 49, 855 | 51, 398 104, 377 55, 983 | 7 54, 253 7 104, 541 66, 698 | 37, 650 109, 869 | |
| Dhemical (synthetic): Production | 79, 360 61, 299 159, 486 1, 923 | 68, 299 59, 241 169, 152 1, 996 | 60, 677 58, 652 167, 625 2, 244 | 57, 170 58, 515 166, 724 1, 712 | 57, 221 52, 670 166, 523 2, 359 | 59, 373 50, 902 175, 845 2, 688 | 57, 299 50, 173 180, 839 1, 397 | 53, 356 49, 060 183, 405 2, 103 | 55, 835 56, 060 184, 284 2, 923 | 47, 581 53, 654 174, 983 2, 358 | 46, 554 52, 628 167, 583 2, 759 | 45, 954 7 57, 195 7 157, 172 2. 032 | 46, 964 41, 324 163, 219 | |
| Reclaimed rubber: Production | 23, 001 23, 414 31, 506 | 22, 532 22, 666 30, 318 | 23, 360 22, 409 30, 147 | 23, 534 21, 944 30, 692 | 21, 191 19, 638 31, 226 | 21, 208 18, 858 32, 319 | 19, 960 19, 114 31, 865 | 21, 000 19, 461 32, 393 | 23, 305 22, 882 32, 148 | 21, 628 21, 883 31, 359 | 21, 184 20, 536 31, 105 | 7 22, 207 7 22, 321 7 30, 845 | 17, 863 16, 214 31, 910 | |
| Pneumatic casings of Production thousands Shipments, total do Original equipment do Replacement equipment do Steport do Stocks, end of month do Go | 8, 153 9, 554 3, 615 5, 794 145 14, 883 | 7,398 8,797 3,129 5,524 144 | 7, 131 7, 423 2, 837 4, 439 148 | 7, 666 7, 565 3, 152 4, 241 172 | 6, 567 5, 081 2, 218 2, 728 135 | 6, 482 5, 663 2, 617 2, 902 143 | 6, 299 7, 002 2, 891 3, 993 118 | 7, 042 6, 308 2, 634 3, 557 117 | 7, 981 7, 629 3, 163 4, 350 116 | 8,065 8,243 3,131 4,935 176 | 7, 965 8, 319 3, 020 5, 115 184 | 8, 796 9, 079 2, 890 6, 029 160 | 6, 360 8, 884 2, 782 5, 948 155 | |
| Stocks, end of month 00 | 6, 391 7, 294 12, 097 | 13, 550 142 5, 675 6, 523 10, 226 | 13, 280 158 5, 652 5, 714 11, 845 99 | 13, 446 137 5, 758 5, 956 10, 904 75 | 14, 854 132 4, 742 4, 003 11, 611 70 | 15, 706 137 4, 537 4, 622 11, 874 68 | 14, 977 106 5, 395 6, 834 10, 107 50 | 15, 709 119 5, 896 5, 617 10, 448 61 | 16, 077 80 6, 399 6, 013 10, 869 | 15, 906 178 6, 266 6, 001 11, 234 | 15, 504 193 5, 909 6, 002 11, 170 | 15, 218 167 5, 739 6, 631 10, 379 | 12, 640 4, 132 6, 265 8, 429 | |

r Revised. P Preliminary. 1 Revisions for January-June 1953 (1947-49=100): 149.7; 139.9; 160.4; 155.1; 154.4; 157.3.

The visions for 1947-April 1953 for paper will be shown later; data prior to 1947 for unfilled orders and stocks of paper are on a different basis from revised figures, hence not comparable. Revisions for January 1952-February 1953 for shipping containers and for various months in 1952 for rubber imports appear in the May 1954 Survey.

3 Data for production, shipments, and stocks have been revised beginning January 1953. Revisions prior to June 1953 are available upon request.

| | | | 953 i | | | ļ | | | 1954 | | | |
|----------------------|--|---|--|---|---------------------|---|---|------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| July | August | Septem- ber | October | Novem- | Decem- ber | January | Febru- ary | March | April | Мау | June | July |
| SI | TONE, | CLAY | , AND | GLAS | SS PR | ODUC1 | rs | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 172, 177 | 160, 350 | 186, 236 | 202, 356 | 167, 782 | 187, 434 | 166, 452 | 158, 773 | 179, 124 | 163, 553 | 162, 256 | 177, 518 | 142, 26 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 100 | 101 | 102 | 103 | 97 | 84 | 74 | 78 | 7 20, 097 84 | 93 | 97 | 97 | 25, 46° 10° |
| 26, 480 19, 204 | 27, 092 16, 445 | 27, 433 12, 859 | 27, 556 10, 049 | 19, 494 13, 083 | 14, 130 19, 231 | 11, 143 25, 869 | 15, 202 27, 562 | * 18, 751 * 28, 905 | r 23, 589 | 24, 911 25, 412 | | 27, 62 17, 44 |
| 7, 829 | 6, 652 | 5, 001 | 4, 109 | 4, 022 | 5, 349 | 8, 240 | 10, 091 | 11, 925 | 11,681 | 10, 392 | 8, 585 | 7, 13 |
| | | i | | | | | | | | | | |
| 529, 116 546, 014 | 533, 992 523, 507 | 538, 515 559, 519 | 545, 504 553 979 | 496, 810 474 163 | 456, 985 380 495 | 377, 536 204, 766 | 376, 203 382 387 | 473, 662 | 514, 238 532, 442 | * 522, 589 * 527, 964 | 554, 413 | |
| 1 | , | , | | | · · | | | | , | ' | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | » 28. 19 |
| 137, 889 145, 608 | 140, 372 148, 249 | 146, 314 148, 030 | 145, 718 154, 689 | 136, 317 124, 789 | 132, 725 95, 623 | 118,054 84,965 | 123, 951 100, 596 | 145, 251 129, 280 | 138, 364 143, 050 | 136, 696 139, 563 | 151, 249 150, 497 | |
| | 85, 193 | | | | | | · · | | | 1 ' | 86, 670 | |
| 84, 583 | 77, 760 | 76, 829 | 83, 163 | 74, 672 | 62, 907 | 55, 146 | 64, 521 | 77, 972 | 80, 703 | 81, 331 | 83, 562 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 10,068 | 12,058 | 10,720 | 11,616 | 10,094 | 9,328 | 10,009 | 9, 748 | 11, 200 | 10, 751 | 11, 548 | 11, 219 | 10, 81 |
| | · 1 | ĺ | | | ' | | - | , | · · | 1 1 | , i | 9, 87 |
| 849 | 1, 122 | 1,698 | 1,063 | 758 | | 805 | 779 | 1, 364 | 1, 145 | 1, 365 | 1, 037 | 92 |
| 2,773 | 3, 401 | 2, 992 | 3,017 | 2, 582 | 2, 649 | 2,842 | 2, 593 | 3, 392 | 2, 519 | 2,869 | 2,803 | 2, 94 |
| 1, 441 | 1, 319 | 1, 142 | 940 | 573 | 727 | 514 | 549 | 916 | 817 | 1,168 | 1, 234 | 91 1, 13 |
| | | 1,147 $2,332$ | | | | | | 1, 358 3, 013 | 923 1, 985 | | 1,033 | 85 2,03 |
| 848 | 989 | 959 | 958 | 746 | 744 | 878 | 930 | 1,096 | 933 | 932 | 971 | 84 |
| 10, 881 | 11, 249 | 10, 762 | 11, 233 | 11, 633 | 10, 932 | 11,520 | 12, 563 | 11, 991 | 13, 099 | 13, 745 | 13, 708 | 21 14, 32 |
| 3, 861 4, 931 | 5, 705 5, 389 | 4, 810 4, 785 | 5, 450 5, 716 | 4,635 | 4, 124 3, 914 | 5, 180 4 399 | 5, 355 5, 064 | 6, 067 5, 654 | 6, 075 6, 152 | 5, 651 6, 225 | 4, 963 5, 399 | |
| 9, 953 | 10, 107 | 10, 075 | 10, 267 | 10, 716 | 10, 184 | 10, 356 | 9, 980 | 10, 272 | 9, 852 | 9, 297 | 8, 850 | |
| 2, 739 | 3, 252 | 3, 793 | 3, 725 | 3, 015 | 2, 444 | 2, 750 | 3, 122 | 3, 802 | 3, 148 | 2, 987 | 2, 827 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 1, 190 | | | 737 | | | 507 | | | | |
| | | 2, 198 1, 867 | | | 2, 139 1, 789 | | | 1, 854 1, 690 | | | | () |
| | | 680, 235 | | | | | l I | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 473, 536 12, 081 | l | | 10, 588 | | | 372, 016 10, 909 | | | | |
| | | 231, 835 | | | | | | 193, 391 | | | | |
| | | 7, 301 | | | 7,437 | 1 | | 6, 710 | | | | |
| | | 59, 866 | | | 61,008 | | | | | | | |
| | | TEX | TILE | PROD | UCTS | | | 3 | | | | |
| | | | Ī | <u> </u> | | | | | | | | |
| 12,031 | 14, 105 | 14, 983 | 15, 117 | 13, 555 | 11, 924 | 12, 675 | 13, 126 | 14, 274 | 12.628 | 10, 844 | 12. 215 | 10, 72 |
| , | , | , | ' | , | | | · | | | | | |
| í 456 | 652 | 562 | 1 576 | 347 | 1 285 | 2 256 | 276 | í 295 | 320 | 392 | 1 510 | 94 |
| • | · · | | | | | , | · · | | 4,800 | 4, 464 | 1 4, 440 | 3, 12 |
| ¹ 1, 493 | 1,462 | 1, 590 | 11,805 | 1, 491 | 11, 526 | ² 1, 520 | 1,668 | ¹ 1, 850 | 1,692 | 1, 476 | ¹ 1, 430 | 1, 18 |
| 1 376 1 357 | 371 419 | 396 394 | 1 440 1 414 | 278 336 | 1 234 1 339 | 2256 2372 | 348 392 | 1 355 1 445 | 384 360 | 340 356 | 1 345 1 385 | 2 |
| | | | | | | l . | | | | | | |
| | i . | | 1 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 6, 508 53, 331 | | | 5, 711 53, 358 | ² 2, 200 ² 19, 332 | 2, 442 20, 356 | 3, 187 26, 870 | 1, 542 26, 720 | 771 24, 465 | 1,650 21,091 | 2, 21 16, 57 |
| | 24, 134, 100 26, 480 19, 204 7, 829 529, 116 546, 014 27, 957 137, 889 145, 608 86, 223 84, 583 10, 068 10, 268 849 2, 773 1, 128 1, 441 9, 2047 848 242 10, 881 3, 861 4, 931 9, 953 2, 739 11, 285 1, 446 13, 370 11, 493 1376 | STONE, 172, 177 160, 350 24, 134 24, 289 101 26, 480 27, 092 19, 204 16, 445 7, 829 533, 992 546, 014 523, 507 27, 957 27, 957 137, 889 140, 372 145, 608 12, 058 10, 268 11, 114 849 1, 122 2, 773 3, 401 1, 128 717 1, 441 945 2, 047 2, 319 84, 583 242 302 10, 881 11, 249 3, 861 5, 705 4, 931 5, 389 9, 953 10, 107 2, 739 3, 252 12, 031 14, 105 11, 285 1, 713 1, 456 652 13, 370 3, 829 11, 493 1, 462 1, 376 371 | July August ber ber September STONE, CLAY 172, 177 160, 350 186, 236 24, 134 24, 289 23, 795 16, 480 27, 092 27, 432 19, 204 16, 445 12, 859 7, 829 6, 652 5, 001 529, 116 533, 992 538, 515 546, 014 523, 507 559, 519 27, 957 27, 957 28, 100 137, 889 140, 372 146, 314 145, 608 148, 249 148, 030 86, 223 85, 193 84, 430 76, 829 10, 268 10, 720 10, 268 11, 114 11, 045 849 1, 122 1, 698 2, 773 3, 401 2, 992 1, 128 717 440 1, 441 1, 319 1, 142 940 945 1, 142 2, 047 2, 319 2, 332 3, 861 5, 705 4, 810 4, | Text Text | Tuly | STONE | STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCT 172,177 | Tuly | Tuly | Tuly | | |

^{*}Revised. *Preliminary. ¹ Data cover a 5-week period. ² See note marked "*" for change in sample coverage beginning January 1954. †Revisions for 1952 are shown in the August 1953 SURVEY. 3¹ Includes laminated board (reported as component board), also sheathing and formboard. ¶Data for July, October, and December 1953 and March and June 1954 cover 5-week periods and for other months, 4 weeks.

*New series. Compiled by the U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. Data are estimated industry totals derived as follows: Men's apparel—estimates beginning January 1954 are based on a monthly sample survey of manufacturers, accounting for approximately 75 percent of the total 1952 production; data prior to 1954 are based on a sample covering establishments that accounted for about 90 percent of the total 1951 cuttings of these items. Women's outerwear—based on reports from establishments classified in the women's principal outerwear industries for the specified items; monthly data beginning January 1954 are estimated from reports of producers that account for appoximately 75 percent of total output; quarterly estimates prior to 1954 were based on reports from 2,500 establishments accounting for about 90 percent of total shipments in 1951. Cuttings for 1950 and 1951 will be shown later; data for 1952 (except men's divigarees, etc.) are shown at bottom of p. S-38 of the December 1953 Survey. Cuttings of men's dungarees and waistband overalls for January—December 1952 and January 1954 appear in the April 1954 Survey.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through | | | 19 | 53 | | | <u> </u> | | | 1954 | | | |
|---|--|--|---|---|--|---|--|---|---|---|---|--|---|
| 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | July | August | Septem- ber | October | Novem- ber | Decem- ber | January | Febru- ary | March | April | May | June | July |
| | | TEX | TILE | PRODI | UCTS- | –Conti | nued | • ; | | | | | |
| COTTON | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 |
| Cotton (exclusive of linters): Production: Ginningsthous, of running bales_ Crop estimate, equivalent 500-lb, bales | 346 | 1, 166 | 5, 542 | 10, 769 | 14, 279 | 14, 279 | 116, 119 | | ² 16. 317 | | | | ø 1, 694 |
| Consumption thous. of bales bales | 3 742, 064 | 725, 849 | 702, 425 | 3 872, 128 | 684, 990 | ³ 757, 152 | 678, 827 | 684, 367 | ² 16, 465 ³ 845, 036 | 660, 209 | 645, 875 | 3 781, 767 | 4 11, 832 542, 577 |
| Stocks in the United States, end of month, total total thous of bales. Domestic cotton, total do do On farms and in transit do Public storage and compresses. do Consuming establishments. do Foreign cotton, total do Exports bales. Imports o do Publics (farm). American upland cents per lb. | 5, 605 5, 510 259 3, 808 1, 443 94 114, 730 8, 375 31. 9 | 19, 284 19, 204 14, 329 3, 682 1, 193 84 193, 304 9, 130 32. 8 | 19, 800 19, 720 12, 650 5, 815 1, 254 80 199, 809 20, 209 33, 1 | 18, 723 18, 640 7, 810 9, 368 1, 462 83 217, 307 7, 776 32. 5 | 17, 808 17, 733 5, 002 11, 186 1, 545 75 242, 848 8, 510 31, 8 | 16, 690 16, 625 3, 056 11, 925 1, 644 375, 035 11, 070 30. 7 | 15, 733 15, 672 1, 913 12, 058 1, 701 61 296, 651 6, 503 30, 1 | 14, 682 14, 619 1, 369 11, 462 1, 788 63 385, 420 12, 866 30, 4 | 13, 498 13, 433 1, 169 10, 495 1, 769 66 429, 659 16, 258 31, 1 | 12, 280 12, 205 824 9, 698 1, 683 75 417, 713 24, 163 31, 6 | 11, 263 11, 182 734 8, 907 1. 541 31, 679 32, 2 | 10, 224 10, 147 641 8, 150 1, 356 77 434, 934 8, 177 32, 3 | 9, 576 9, 500 255 8, 071 1, 174 76 |
| Imports o do. Prices (farm), American upland cents per lb. Prices, wholesale, middling, 1946", average, 10 markets cents per lb. | 33. 4 | 33. 0 | 32.8 | 32.7 | 32. 7 | 32.6 | 33. 2 | 34.0 | 34. 2 | 34. 2 | 34. 4 | 34. 2 | 34. 4 |
| Cotton linters: ¶ Consumption thous of bales Production do Stocks, end of month do | 7 3 104 3 49 7 1, 082 | 121 60 986 | 122 172 1,081 | ³ 124 ² 247 1,177 | 111 240 1, 297 | ³ 111 ³ 221 1, 376 | 113 222 1,428 | 95 197 1, 457 | ³ 99 ³ 189 1, 542 | 105 150 1, 590 | 108 115 1,637 | ³ 113 ³ 84 1, 589 | 96 64 1, 546 |
| COTTON MANUFACTURES | | | | | | | İ | | | | | | |
| Cotton cloth: Cotton broad-woven goods over 12 inches in width, production, quarterly ormil. of linear yards. Exportsthous. of sq. yd. Imports of sq. yd. Prices, wholesale: | 47, 359 4, 399 | 45, 355 4, 594 | 2, 424 54, 916 6, 267 | 47, 444 4, 651 | 46, 093 7, 193 | ⁶ 2, 558 49, 493 6, 306 | 45, 560 4, 777 | 50, 457 4, 649 | 2, 481 44, 578 3, 988 | 64, 206 6, 242 | 47, 243 4, 730 | 2, 431 49, 818 4, 202 | |
| Mill marginscents per lb. Denim, 28-inchcents per yd. Print cloth, 39-inch, 68 x 72do. Sheeting, in gray, 40-inch, 48 x 44-48do. Cotton yarn, natural stock, on cones or tubes: Prices, wholesale, f. o. b. mill: | 32. 56 38. 2 18. 3 18. 0 | 32. 97 38. 2 18. 3 18. 0 | 32. 74 37. 2 17. 9 18. 0 | 31. 44 36. 9 17. 5 17. 8 | 29, 59 36, 9 16, 5 17, 5 | 29. 13 34. 9 15. 9 17. 5 | 28, 56 34, 9 16, 0 17, 3 | 27. 18 34. 9 15. 8 16. 8 | 26. 84 34. 9 15. 4 16. 8 | 26. 75 34. 9 15. 4 16. 5 | 26, 28 34, 9 15, 3 16, 3 | 26, 50 34, 9 15, 4 16, 3 | 26. 48 p 34. 7 p 15. 8 p 16. 3 |
| 20/2, carded, weavingdol. per lb_ 36/2, combed, knittingdo | . 670 . 978 | . 660 . 972 | . 655 . 964 | . 643 | . 636 . 939 | . 630 . 927 | . 625 . 921 | . 630 . 921 | . 632 . 921 | . 630 . 921 | . 627 . 917 | *.633 . 921 | r. 635 r. 917 |
| Spindle activity (cotton system spindles):¶ Active spindles, last working day, total_thous_ Consuming 100 percent cottondo. Spindle hours operated, all fibers, total.mil. of hr_ Average per working daydo Consuming 100 percent cottondo Operations as percent of capacity | 21, 344 20, 007 3 10, 126 405 3 9, 484 3 110. 9 | 21, 391 20, 063 9, 857 493 9, 279 134. 8 | 21, 322 20, 039 9, 582 491 9, 044 133. 9 | 21, 244 19, 953 311, 853 479 311, 192 3130. 6 | 21, 252 19, 990 9, 232 474 8, 719 129. 1 | 20, 933 19, 695 3 10, 246 436 3 9, 683 3 118, 8 | 20, 897 19, 652 9, 145 457 8, 631 124. 7 | 20, 888 19, 656 9, 231 469 8, 697 128. 1 | 20, 872 19, 626 3 11, 454 458 3 10, 799 3 125, 3 | 20, 715 19, 457 8, 991 457 8, 475 125. 3 | 20, 627 19, 325 8, 932 447 8, 366 122, 6 | 20, 646 19, 332 3 10, 939 447 3 10, 216 3 122. 8 | 20, 606 19, 286 7, 066 372 6, 578 102. 4 |
| RAYON AND ACETATE AND MFRS. | | | | | | | | | | | İ | : | |
| Filament yarn and staple: Shipments, domestic, producers': Filament yarnmil. of lb_ Staple (incl. tow)do Stocks, producers', end of month: | 78. 8 27. 0 | 72. 0 23. 8 | 63. 6 22. 8 | 64. 6 26. 0 | 62. 9 25. 5 | 53, 9 21, 9 | 55. 9 24. 3 | 55, 5 24, 1 | 60. 8 29. 2 | 60, 5 28, 9 | 58. 4 32. 1 | r 57. 8 35. 7 | 53. 1 32. 1 |
| Filament yarn do Staple (incl. tow) do Imports. thous. of lb Prices, wholesale: | 59. 6 32. 9 7, 557 | 65. 1 37. 0 5, 733 | 72. 1 35. 8 3, 355 | 74. 3 34. 0 2, 006 | 71. 3 29. 9 2, 277 | 77. 2 32. 7 1, 775 | 78. 6 33. 1 1, 215 | 75. 9 30. 9 1, 691 | 75. 4 28. 3 2, 264 | 69. 8 28. 3 3, 509 | 68. 5 27. 9 2, 178 | 7 67. 0 7 28. 0 3, 106 | 70.3 28.9 |
| Yarn, viscose, 150 denier, filament, f. o. b. shipping point | . 780 . 336 | . 780 | . 780 . 336 469, 215 | .780 | . 780 . 336 | . 780 . 336 6422, 167 | . 780 . 336 | . 780 . 336 | . 780 . 336 390, 590 | . 780 . 336 | . 780 . 336 | . 780 . 336 . 268, 000 | p. 780 p. 336 |
| SILK | | ļ | | | | | | | | | | | } |
| Silk, raw: Imports | 698 5. 21 | 814 5. 20 | 643 5, 18 | 695 5. 23 | 414 5, 27 | 521 5, 43 | 465 5, 58 | 44 9 5. 39 | 366 5. 23 | 1, 0 5 1 5. 07 | 671 5, 03 | 843 4, 53 | p 4, 55 |
| WOOL | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Consumption, mill (clean basis): \$\frac{1}{4}\$ Apparel class | 3 32, 630 3 7, 450 30, 622 13, 463 | 30, 596 10, 708 19, 169 10, 780 1, 725 | 28, 332 10, 012 22, 761 13, 267 | \$29, 930 \$11, 790 20, 774 11, 237 | 18, 868 9, 032 16, 322 8, 094 | ³ 20, 590 ³ 10, 685 12, 889 8, 182 1, 725 | 18, 653 9, 840 17, 135 9, 355 | 19, 737 9, 788 14, 277 7, 154 | 3 24, 520 3 11, 738 17, 823 10, 576 | 21, 735 9, 237 22, 051 10, 753 | 23, 040 8, 319 19, 868 10, 458 | 3 28, 138 3 9, 286 21, 603 12, 385 | |
| Bright fleece, 56s-58s, clean basis do | 1. 189 1. 778 | 1. 174 | 1.200 | 1. 200 | 1, 204 8 1, 780 | 1. 205 5 1. 779 | 1. 205 | 1. 196 1. 775 | 1. 122 5 1. 725 | 1. 160 | 1. 184 | 1. 767 1. 187 5 1. 725 | 1, 756 1, 166 1, 725 |

^{**}Preliminary. * Revised. 1 Ginnings to Jan. 16. 2 Total ginnings of 1953 crop. 3 Data cover a 5-week period. 4 September 1 estimate of 1954 crop. 3 Nominal price. 4 Total ginnings to end of month indicated. 4 Data for July, October, and December 1953 and March and June 1954 cover 5-week periods and for other months, 4 weeks; stocks and number of active spindles are for end of period covered.

2 Revisions for 1952 appear in corresponding note in April 1954 Survey.

*New series. Imports of wool are compiled by the U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census; dutiable wool covers essentially the apparel class; data prior to April 1952 will be shown later.

‡Revisions for 1952 are shown in the August 1953 Survey.

*Revisions for 1952 are shown in the October 1953 Survey.

*Revisions for 1952 are shown in the October 1953 Survey.

| Inless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the | 1 | | 195 | 53 | | | ļ | | | 1954 | | | |
|---|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|
| 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | July | August | Septem- ber | October | Novem- ber | Decem- ber | January | Febru- ary | March | April | Мау | June | July |
| | | TEX | TILE 1 | PRODU | JCTS- | -Conti | nued | | | | | | |
| WOOL MANUFACTURES | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Knitting yarn, worsted, 2/20s-50s/56s, Bradford system, wholesale pricedol. per lb Woolen and worsted woven goods, except woven felts: | 2. 170 | 2. 158 | 2. 122 | 2. 110 | 2. 098 | 2. 098 | 2. 073 | 2. 037 | 2. 025 | 2.037 | 2, 037 | 2. 043 | » 2. 043 |
| Production, quarterly, totalthous. of lin. ydApparel fabrics, totaldodo | | | 85, 959 73, 471 | | | 1 70, 885 1 62, 810 | | | 54, 666 47, 843 | | | | |
| Government orders do Other than Government orders, total do Mon's and hove' | | | 3, 336 70, 135 29, 201 | | | 1 4, 116 1 58, 694 1 27, 820 | | | 535 47, 308 25, 048 | | | | |
| Men's and boys'do Women's and children'sdo Nonapparel fabrics, totaldo | | | 40, 934 12, 488 | | | 1 50, 874 1 8, 075 | | | 22, 260 6, 823 | | | | |
| Nonapparel fabrics, totaldo Blanketingdo Other nonapparel fabricsdo | | | 8, 044 4, 444 | | | $\begin{array}{c} 15,717 \\ 12,358 \end{array}$ | | | 3,726 3,097 | | | | |
| Other nonapparel fabrics | 113. 9 105. 3 | 112. 9 103. 6 | 112, 9 103, 6 | 112, 9 103, 6 | 112, 9 103, 6 | 112. 9 103. 6 | 112.9 103.6 | 111. 5 103. 6 | 112, 1 103, 6 | 112, 1 102, 6 | 112. 1 103, 6 | 112. 9 103. 6 | 112. 103. |
| | | TRA | NSPO | RTATI | ON E | QUIPM | IENT | | | | | | |
| AIRCRAFT | | | | | | | | [| | | | | |
| Civil aircraft, shipmentsnumber _ Exports Qdodo | 402 154 | 350 138 | 359 92 | 235 146 | 275 137 | 250 105 | 278 92 | 240 65 | 312 106 | 359 116 | 309 95 | 316 67 | 29 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES | | | | | | | | | 200 | 1.0 | | | |
| Factory sales, total | 70 2, 899 376 | 614, 655 447 | 574, 631 348 | 621, 238 519 | 452, 987 371 | 484, 707 424 | 7 551, 134 7 405 | 7 534, 145 7 328 | r 633, 003 | 631, 769 379 | 7 588, 562 7 274 | r 598, 876 r 351 | 530, 41 24 |
| Domestic do do do do do | 368 596, 901 | 407 512, 730 | 344 476, 232 | 496 528, 814 | 288 378, 906 | 393 389, 628 | * 365 454, 562 | 7 322 446, 676 | 7 289 531, 529 | 348 534, 667 | 7 251 497, 062 | 7 349 507, 055 | 19 451, 66 |
| Domesticdo Trucks, totaldo Domesticdo | 579, 602 105, 622 | 500, 322 101, 478 | 466, 654 98, 051 | 516, 969 91, 955 | 370, 511 73, 710 | 373, 666 94, 655 | 435, 139 96, 167 | 425, 392 87, 141 | 510, 024 191, 177 | 515, 192 96, 723 | 478, 889 91, 226 | 489, 994 7 91, 470 | 437, 02 78, 50 |
| | 92, 788 | 89, 911 | 86, 919 | 79, 541 | 64, 781 | 80, 227 | 83, 563 | 72, 468 | 85, 154 | 79, 439 | 73, 712 | 74, 250 | 62, 16 |
| Exports, total 9do Passenger cars 9do Trucks and busses 9do | 23, 585 13, 544 10, 041 | 24, 656 11, 862 12, 794 | 22, 881 10, 455 12, 426 | 19, 823 8, 951 10, 872 | 23, 557 10, 040 13, 517 | 21, 578 10, 884 10, 694 | 29, 700 16, 448 13, 252 | 31, 433 18, 195 13, 238 | 21, 780 12, 177 9, 603 | 45, 079 24, 198 20, 881 | 37, 479 18, 296 19, 183 | 30, 254 14, 697 15, 557 | |
| Truck trailers, production, total do do do do do do do do do do do do do | 9, 201 8, 883 | 9, 616 9, 413 | 9,809 9,612 | 8, 304 8, 133 | 7, 793 7, 603 | 5, 592 5, 196 | 4,724 4,585 | 4, 667 4, 502 | 5, 000 4, 741 | 4, 746 4, 535 | 4, 844 4, 638 | 5, 258 4, 987 | 3, 68 3, 46 |
| Vans do do do do do do do do do do do do do | 2, 538 6, 345 318 | 2, 641 6, 772 | 2, 294 7, 318 | 2, 610 5, 523 | 2, 539 5, 664 | 2, 316 2, 880 | 1,899 2,686 | 1, 767 2, 735 | 1,879 2,862 | 1,865 2,670 | 1, 934 2, 704 | 2, 479 2, 508 | 1, 85 1, 60 |
| Trailer chassisdo | 910 | 203 | 197 | 171 | 193 | 396 | 139 | 165 | 259 | 211 | 206 | 271 | 22 |
| New passenger carsdo New commercial carsdo | 533, 783 76, 161 | 502, 430 76, 673 | 453,806 78,319 | 504, 697 82, 661 | 450, 311 72, 596 | 413, 937 68, 659 | 340, 698 60, 694 | 369, 592 60, 843 | 480, 731 72, 583 | 508, 192 7 75, 332 | 520, 959 78, 209 | 7 596, 719 7 85, 858 | |
| RAILWAY EQUIPMENT | | | <u> </u> | | | | İ | | | | | | |
| American Railway Car Institute: Freight cars: | | | | | | | | | Į | | 1 | | |
| Shipments, totalnumber_ Equipment manufacturers, totaldo | 7,096 4,823 | 6, 001 3, 718 | 6, 666 4, 305 | 8, 963 5, 636 | 6, 574 4, 173 | 4, 752 3, 169 | 5, 101 3, 815 | 4, 041 3, 014 | 4, 826 3, 796 | 4, 195 3, 138 | 3, 658 2, 513 | 2, 683 1, 263 | 2, 05 95 |
| Domesticdo Railroad shops, domesticdo | 4, 376 2, 273 | 3, 574 2, 283 | 3, 675 2, 361 | 5, 631 3, 327 | 3, 912 2, 401 | 2, 873 1, 583 | 3, 658 1, 286 | 2, 947 1, 027 | 3, 793 1, 030 | 2, 981 1, 057 | 2, 028 1, 145 | 1, 230 1, 420 | 70 1, 09 |
| Passenger cars, equipment manufacturers:⊕ Orders, unfilled, end of month, total*do | 822 | 780 | 759 | 715 | 736 | 712 | 686 | 690 | 636 | 572 | 541 | 500 | 50 |
| Domestic do Shipments, total do do do do do do do do do do do do do | 667 37 37 | 625 42 42 | 600 34 | 560 46 42 | 422 44 | 398 27 | 384 29 | 405 40 | 374 59 | 330 64 | 314 41 | 285 44 | 31 |
| Domesticdodo Association of American Railroads: | 31 | 42 | 34 | 42 | 44 | 26 | 17 | 22 | 36 | 44 | 26 | 30 | 3 |
| Freight cars (class I), end of month: \{\} Number owned | 1,769 | 1, 771 | 1, 772 | 1,775 | 1,777 | 1,77€ | 1, 777 | 1, 775 | 1,773 | 1,771 | 1, 768 | 1,764 | 1,75 |
| Undergoing or awaiting classified repairs thousands. Percent of total ownership | 92 5. 2 | 92 5. 2 | 94 | 90 | 92 | 88 | | 94 | 98 | 104 | 112 | 116 | 11 |
| Orders, unfilled | 40, 119 22, 908 | 40, 224 21, 497 | 5, 3 37, 554 20, 651 | 5. 1 33, 159 15, 405 | 5. 2 30, 703 13, 911 | 4, 9 27, 678 12, 256 | 5, 1 23, 537 9, 153 | 5. 3 20, 548 6, 784 | 5. 6 16, 896 4, 068 | 5. 8 13, 964 2, 132 | 6. 3 12, 169 | 6.6 | 6. 10, 33 |
| Railroad shopsdodo | 17, 211 | 18, 727 | 16, 903 | 17, 754 | 16, 792 | 15, 422 | 14, 384 | 13, 764 | 12,828 | 11, 832 | 1, 214 10, 955 | 1, 793 9, 636 | 1, 73 8, 60 |
| Steam, undergoing or awaiting classified repairs number | 1,315 | 1,336 | 1, 216 | 1, 223 | 1,222 | 1,232 | | 1, 210 | 1, 222 | 1, 169 | 1, 180 | 1, 117 | 1,08 |
| Percent of total on line | 10. 0 511 | 10. 4 | 9.7 | 10. 0 628 | 10. 2 659 | 10. 5 571 | 10. 6 486 | 10. 8 521 | 11. 2 | 11.1 | 11.4 | 11.1 | 11. |
| Exports of locomotives, totalnumber | 61 | 46 | 48 | 37 | 65 | 46 | 37 | 33 | 365 | 300 54 | 170 46 | 124 36 | 13 |
| INDUSTRIAL ELECTRIC TRUCKS AND TRACTORS | | | | | | 20 | } | | 20 | 34 | 10 | 30 | |
| Shipments, totalnumber | 673 591 | 626 576 | 797 | 877 | 677 | 673 | 523 | 467 | 473 | 366 | 445 | 445 | 41 |
| Domesticdo Exportdo | | 576 50 | 735 62 | 845 32 | 632 45 | 630 43 | 485 38 | 437 30 | 448 25 | 344 22 | 417 28 | 389 56 | 36 4 |

Revised. P Preliminary. 1 Data cover a 14-week period; other data, 13 weeks.
1 Revisions for 1952 are shown in the August 1953 SURVEY.
2 Data exclude all military-type exports. Scattered monthly revisions for 1952 for motor vehicles will be shown later.
3 Revised beginning 1952 to include production of converter collies; data as revised are comparable with figures through 1951 shown in the 1953 issue of Business Statistics. Revisions for January-September 1952 are shown in the December 1953 SURVEY.
4 Excludes railroad shops except when noted.
5 Net including railroad-owned private refrigerator cars.
4 Revised exports for May 1952, 41 locomotives.

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| Highway |
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| Highway |
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