# SURUVEY OTS <br> CURIRENT BUSINESS 


U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE office of business economics

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BBUSINESS has sustained its active pace into the summer quarter as major sectors of the economy are apparently experiencing less than the usual seasonal slack. Consumer and investment demands, both buttressed by rising incomes, continue buoyant. Although prices of nonagricultural products have continued to edge upward in wholesale markets, agricultural prices have moved downward and the net change in the combined wholesale index has been slight. At the consumer level, price changes have been fractional throughout the January-June period.

Despite the stability of the comprehensive price averages, the strength of the business rise and particularly the strong supporting role played by credit expansion have been deemed sufficient warrant for taking steps to tighten the credit supply. In the 12 months between the end of July last year and this year, total loans of the reporting member banks of the Federal Reserve System increased $\$ 5.8$ billion or 15 percent, the largest expansion, both absolutely and relatively, for a similar period since the defense build-up of 1950-51. The credit expansion of the past year has been more general than that in the defense buildup period, however, with commercial, industrial, and agricultural loans up 9 percent, loans to security brokers and dealers up 40 percent, other loans on securities up 38 percent and real estate loans up 19 percent. From July 1950 to July 1951, the expansion was largely concentrated on commercial, industrial, and agricultural loans.

In these circumstances, the discount rates of 11 of the 12 Federal Reserve banks have been raised since the end of March by stages from $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 2 percent (to $2 \frac{1}{4}$ percent at the Cleveland bank) while home mortgage credit on Federal Government insured or guaranteed loans was tightened by increasing the required downpayments and shortening the maximum maturity periods. Minimum downpayments were increased by 2 percent of the price of the house and the maximum maturity period was reduced from 30 to 25 years.

## Income and employment

Personal income in June remained at a $\$ 301$ billion seasonally adjusted annual rate, unchanged from May as lower agricultural income offset slightly higher payrolls. Scattered work stoppages limited the size of the payroll advance.

The strong recovery in employment was extended further in July, with the total moving up to 65 million. Unemployment registered another substantial contra-seasonal decline.

Seasonally adjusted employment in nonagricultural establishments increased by 200 thousand in July; most major industry groups participated in the expansion. Manhours worked in nonagricultural industries contracted seasonally, since July is the peak vacation month.

Sales of retail stores in July moved ahead about 2 percent from the record rates of May and June, after seasonal adjust-
ment, according to the advance report of the Bureau of the Census. The largest increases were registered by general merchandise, furniture and appliance and apparel stores.

The strength in retail trade in recent months has widened to encompass practically all major store groups. In the durable sector automotive sales, which rose rapidly in the first quarter, have been maintained at high rates since then. At the same time, generally mounting sales in the other hard goods groups have contributed to the almost steady rise in the durables total so far this year.

Nondurable store sales, while generally confined to more modest advances, have also registered steady gains. Among the nondurables, drugstores, eating and drinking places, and gasoline service stations had the largest increases in the past 6 months, while the remaining groups including food and general merchandise stores moved up only slightly. No downtrend was evident in any major kind of business.

At the producers' level, sales by manufacturers rose 2 percent from May to June on a seasonally adjusted basis to exceed $\$ 27$ billion. The high rate to which manufacturing activity has risen since last summer can be judged from the fact that this year's January-June sales total of almost $\$ 155$ billion was nearly 3 percent above the corresponding 1953 amount, the previous high for a comparable period. Most of the increase over this time period is ascribable to sales of
nondurable goods manufacturers; sales of durable goods, notwithstanding their sharp recovery, aggregated only slightly more than in the first half of 1953 . The most rapid sales growth among major groups was recorded by the chemical industry, up 16 percent from early 1953 . Sales of tb ${ }^{-}$ petroleum and paper industries also showed sizable gains.

The continued rise of new orders received by manufacturers, which have been outrunning actual sales for the past half year, provides support for the high rate of manufacturing operations over the short run. The unfilled order backlog increased to over $\$ 49$ billion at the end of June. That total is nearly $\$ 3$ billion above the low point reached late in 1954, although it is only two-thirds of the unfilled order accumulation of June 30,1953 , when defense contracts, often for delivery relatively far into the future, comprised a larger proportion of the total.

With June output somewhat ahead of sales, the book value of seasonally adjusted inventories of merchants and manufacturers expanded by a further $\$ 400$ million during the month. Stocks held by manufacturers accounted for $\$ 250$ million of the total rise, with most of the expansion occurring in purchased materials and goods in process. But since sales are also rising, stock-sales ratios in both manufacturing and trade remain lower than a year ago.

# National Income and National Product A Review of the Second Quarter 

In the second quarter of 1955 the gross national product reached an annual rate of $\$ 385$ billion, up $\$ 10$ billion from the first. The increase was somewhat larger than in the two preceding quarters of recovery from the 1953-54 recession.

The alternative measure of national output, the national income, indicated a similar upturn through the first quarter of 1955 . This trend continued in the second quarter, but absence of the requisite data on corporate profits does not permit a complete measurement of the change at this time.

Personal income also rose during the business recovery, by $41 / 2$ percent from the third quarter of 1954 to the second quarter of the current year. This increase was less than the 7 percent rise in the total value of production over the same period, mainly because the latter was accompanied by a sharp advance in corporate profits, which was reflected in personal income only to the extent that it resulted in increased payments of dividends. In the preceding drop of national output personal income had been very well mantamed but profits underwent a marked reduction.

## Production exceeds 1953 high

The $\$ 385$ billion gross product rate for the second quarter of 1955 represented an advance of about 4 percent over the quarterly figure reached at the earlier high point in the spring of 1953.

These dollar figures, as well as other key magnitudes that will be analyzed in this review, are assembled in the table on page 3.

Since 1953 a rise has occurred in the average of prices at which the national product is sold. It is difficult to allow for this rise, especially on a quarterly basis, but such calculations as can be made suggest that the second quarter 1955 gain over the preceding peak was about 2 percent in physical terms.

## Shifts in output composition

This gain in production should be evaluated in the light of the substantial shifts in the composition of total output to which the economy had to adapt itself over the past two years. Over this period military purchases of gross national product were reduced by $\$ 13$ billion, or by about one quarter: Civilian purchases expanded to stimulate the increase in the value and volume of the national output. Large advances were recorded in consumer expenditures, especially for durable goods and for services, in private investment in construction, in net exports, and in State and local government expenditures for construction and current services.

Seen from the standpoint of the technical characteristics of the output flow rather than in terms of the major market shifts, production of durable commodities in the second quarter of 1955 was still somewhat below the peak reached in the second quarter of 1953. It will be recalled that the 1953-54 recession had its sharpest impact upon the production of these commodities. In contrast, nondurable goods production was moderately ahead. The major gains, however, were in construction and in services.

With one major exception, these generalizations hold also in real terms, when allowance is made for the change in prices: the disproportionate increase in services is seen to be a monetary phenomenon reflecting a larger-than-average rise in service prices. (Price movements were reviewed in the July issue of the Survey.)

## Spreading recovery

The incidence of the second quarter recovery was more widely diffused than that of the two preceding quarters. In these earlier periods residential construction and the automobile industry were outstanding in providing the upward thrust. Of a total increase of $\$ 17$ billion, at annual rates, in the gross national product from the third quarter of 1954 to the first quarer of 1955 about one-half was accounted for directly by purchases of automobiles for consumption and

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Second } \\ \text { Quarter } \\ \text { 195s } \\ \text { [Billions of } \end{gathered}$ | Third Quarter 1954 dollars, at annu | $\begin{gathered} \text { First } \\ \text { Quarter } \\ 1955 \\ \text { seasonally } \\ \text { il rates) } \end{gathered}$ | Second Quarter 1955 adjusted |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gross national product- | 369. 3 | 358.8 | 375. 3 | 384.8 |
| Personal consumption expenditures. | 231.4 | 237. 9 | 245. 8 | 250. 5 |
| Gross private domestic investment | 55.0 | 45. 9 | 54. 1 | 60. 1 |
| Change in nonfarm business inventories. | 5. 4 | $-5.4$ | 1. 5 | 4. 2 |
| Net foreign investment.--------- | -2.5 | $-.7$ | $-.4$ | $-.7$ |
| Government purchases of goods and services. | 85. 4 | 75. 8 | 75. 8 | 74. 9 |
| National security----------- | 53. 2 | 42.1 | 41.2 | 40. 4 |
| National income-------------------- | 307. 9 | 298. 7 | 311.4 | ---- |
| Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment. | 40. 5 | 33.1 | 39.6 |  |
| Other national income.---------- | 267. 4 | 265.6 | 271.8 | 278.5 |
| Personal income | 286. 7 | 287. 3 | 293. 6 | 300. 5 |
| Wage and salary disbursements.- | 199. 6 | 196. 1 | 200. 7 | 206. 5 |
| Disposable personal income. | 250. 9 | 254.5 | 261. 0 | 267. 1 |

business purposes and changes in automotive inventories in manufacturing and trade. In contrast, there was no further increase in the sum of these automobile components in the second quarter, when gross national product increased an additional $\$ 10$ billion. Needless to say, the economy continued to benefit from the pervasive influence of the high level of automobile production, but expansion was provided by other market demands, notably business investment and consumer expenditures other than for automobiles.

## Fixed business investment accelerates

Nonfarm residential construction, which had accounted for most of the advance in private construction activity over the past two years, increased further in the second quarter. On a monthly basis, it proceeded at an even rate during the first quarter, and showed a gain in April which was maintained in May and June. Although subject to irregular movements, the figures indicate a leveling in the rate of growth as compared with 1954.

Seasonally adjusted nonfarm residential building starts reached a peak in December 1954 and subsequently dropped
to a rate about 10 percent lower. Housing starts were maintained in the second quarter months, and were higher than in the months of 1954 with the exception of November and December. (The housing market was analyzed in the May issue of the Surver.)

In contrast, construction other than residential showed increased vigor in the current year, after changing little in the consecutive quarters of 1954. (See chart.) The shift was due largely to the accelerated growth of commercial construction, and an upturn in industrial construction, which

previously had been lagging. Rates of increase were highest in the earlier months of this year and have tapered somewhat since then. Purchases of producers' durable equipment turned up sharply in the second quarter.

Table 1.-National Income and Product, 1953, 1954, and First Half 1955
[Billions of dollars]


1. Includes noncorporate inventory valuation adjustment.

Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

The Plant and Equipment Survey shows that the industrial distribution of this upturn in business expenditures for plant and equipment is very broad. After widespread declines which were leveling out in the first quarter, all major industry groups were planning to extend capital outlays in the second, in the aggregate by about 9 percent. Manufacturing was up by 10 percent and most other industries showed increases of comparable magnitude.

## Inventory accumulation resumed

Accumulation of business inventories was resumed during the second quarter on a significant scale, and the swing from liquidation to build-up has been a potent factor in the general movement of business. Increases in the replacement cost of inventories contributed about one-fifth of the rise in book values through the second quarter. The inventory component of gross national product excludes this valuation element.

Through April, the accumulation of inventories that accompanied the business recovery was minor in the aggregate and highly selective in its industrial incidence. The small increase in the book value of manufacturing inventories that occurred between September of last year and April was more than accounted for by the transportation equipment industry, where most of it reflected automotive inventories. The book value of other manufacturing inventories was reduced somewhat in the aggregate. With work in progress inventories expanding with output, and finished goods inventories little changed, stocks of purchased goods and materials were reduced over these seven months of business recovery. In trade, virtually the entire increase in inventories between September and April reflected an accumulation of retail auto stocks. Wholesale inventories, and other retail inventories showed little change in the aggregate.
Inventory accumulation on a broader scale was resumed in May both in manufacturing and trade and continued in June. In manufacturing accumulation was no longer concentrated in transportation equipment but occurred in other durable and nondurable goods industries as well. Inventory book values increased in all manufacturing industries except primary metals and food, with the largest advances in fabricated metals, machinery, transportation equipment, textiles, and chemicals. Most of the increase was in purchased materials and work in progress. In trade also accumulation was no longer confined to automotive stocks. Three-fourths of the April to June gain was in other retail and in wholesale trade.

## Continued increase in consumption

Personal consumption expenditures continued as an outstanding element in the business expansion. The increase in the second quarter was about the same as the one which preceded it and compares with somewhat smaller prior increases since the first quarter of 1954.
The advance of disposable income (see chart) has been the main factor in the strength of consumer expenditures. However, willingness of consumers to spend a higher proportion of disposable income during the past year than was the case in 1953 contributed also; personal saving has been lower in spite of an increase of disposable income over this period.

During the recent recovery high automotive expenditures financed to a large extent by consumer credit were probably a factor in the stability of total personal saving despite the rise in disposable income.

In the second quarter, the largest increase in consumer spending was in nondurable goods. (See chart on p. 6.) Expenditures both for food and for clothing and shoes rose markedly after dipping in the first; other nondurables registered smaller gains. Service expenditures continued their steady increase. Spending for durables rose only moderately, reflecting fractional advances in automotive expenditures and in expenditures for furniture and household equip-

## Consumer Income, Spending, and Saving


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ment. Automobiles had been a major factor both in the fourth quarter and in the first quarter increase of consumption, and furniture and household equipment had contributed substantially to the latter.

## Other market demand steady

Only minor changes occurred in government purchases in the second quarter. Military expenditures for the basic defense program have been approximately stable in the past three quarters; the reduction in second quarter national security expenditures was due to random changes in disbursements under the related stockpiling, atomic energy, and foreign aid programs. State and local government outlays increased further, reflecting rising construction as well as expansion in current services.

Likewise, there were no major shifts in the net foreign market position. An improvement in the trade balance of the United States has been a significant factor supporting the economy over the past two years. According to preliminary information, the situation was approximately stable in the first half of this year, with total exports of goods and services (other than those financed by gifts and grants) slightly below total imports in both quarters.

## Broad advance in personal income

Personal income was at an annual rate of $\$ 3001 / 2$ billion for the second quarter as a whole, rising $\$ 7$ billion above the first, as compared with increases of about $\$ 3$ billion and $\$ 31 / 2$ billion in the two preceding recovery quarters. Most of the absolute increase occurred in wages and salaries, largely in private payrolls, although government payrolls were up also due to the military pay raise that became effective in April. (The bulk of the pay raise of Federal civilian employees, which was retroactive to March, will not be included in personal income until the third quarter, when it is disbursed; but it is included in the second quarter gross national product and national income, which are on a when-earned or accrual basis.)

Most other types of personal income also contributed to the second quarter rise, with business and professional income, interest and dividends, and transfer payments increasing in the aggregate by $\$ 1 \frac{1}{2}$ billion at an annual rate. Farm income was down by $\$ 1 / 2$ billion from the first quarter of the year.

While differing in some particulars, the general pattern of the second quarter rise was very similar by income type to that which has characterized the recovery period as a whole.

## Advance in corporate profits

As noted earlier, the increase of personal income did not match the increase in the total value of production since the third quarter of 1954 . The latter was accompanied by an increase in corporate profits, which was reflected in personal income only to the extent that it resulted in higher disbursement of dividends. The increase in the other components of corporate profits-tax liabilities and especially undistributed earnings-which was much sharper over this period, is not reflected in personal income.

Measures of corporate profits are now available through the first quarter. These mirror the recovery of national output that had occurred by that time, but do not yet reflect the wider diffusion of the gain which has become increasingly evident in the second quarter.

The rise of corporate profits since their third quarter 1954 low-about $\$ 7$ billion at annual rates-was concentrated in manufacturing. Manufacturing profits, which accounted for about one-half of the total in the third quarter of 1954, were responsible for four-fifths of the increase to the first quarter. Mining and transportation profits showed sharp recoveries also; gains in other industry divisions, such as trade and finance, were more moderate. Thus, in broad outline, the pattern of the profit increase was similar to that of the prior decline.

Within manufacturing the bulk of the rise occurred in the durable goods industries, largely in automobiles. The metal producing industries also made substantial gains; those registered by other durable goods industries through the first quarter were small. The profit rise in nondurable goods industries over the same period was more moderate in the aggregate but more widely spread. While it is possible to single out outstanding advances, such as in the textile, apparel, and chemical industries, most nondurable manufacturing industries participated significantly in the rise.

## Diffusion of payroll increase

In the second quarter, private payroll disbursements increased by $\$ 5$ billion at annual rates to a total of $\$ 1711 / 2$ billion. This compared with increases of $\$ 1 \frac{1}{2}$ billion and $\$ 2 \frac{1}{2}$ billion in the fourth quarter of 1954 and the first quarter

The second quarter increase reflected large gains both in April and May. The further advance in June was small. Work stoppages associated with contract negotiations in the automobile industry were an important retarding factor in the metal industries, but lower-than-previous rates of increase were registered in a number of other industries as well.

Personal Consumption Expenditures

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Three-fifths of the second quarter increase in private payrolls occurred in manufacturing and two-fifths in nonmanufacturing industries. This compares with a three-fourth-one-fourth distribution of the third to first quarter increase, and is indicative of the widening diffusion of the recovery.

The second quarter gain in nonmanufacturing payrolls was 2 percent, about four times that of the two previous quarters. It was widespread, affecting virtually all industry divisions, with construction and trade showing larger-thanaverage gains, and most others advancing by about 1 percent.

The payroll gain in manufacturing was $4 \frac{1}{2}$ percent, as compared with 3 percent in the previous quarter. Excluding salaries, wages of production workers advanced $5 \frac{1}{2}$ percent. Two-thirds of the increase was in durable goods and onethird in nondurables. The increase in manufacturing payrolls over the two preceding quarters had been concentrated more heavily in durables, which had accounted for ninetenths of the total advance.

The $4 \frac{1}{2}$ percent gain of nondurable goods manufacturing wages in the second quarter contrasted with only a small gain in the first, and no significant increase from the third to the fourth quarter of last year. All nondurable goods industries except tobacco shared in the recent increase; notable accelerations as compared with the prior quarter occurred in the food, textile, paper, printing, chemical, and petroleum and coal product industries.

In durable manufacturing there were large advances both in the metal and nonmetal industries, with gains in primary and fabricated metals and machinery especially prominent. The rate of growth of automotive payrolls was much reduced from the preceding quarters.

This distribution of the payroll increase was in marked contrast to that during the earlier part of the recovery period, when automobiles had accounted for about one-half of the total gain. Allowing for irregularities caused by the lumber stoppage last year, no significant contribution had come from the nonmetal durable goods industries during this period, and that of the primary and fabricated metal and machinery industries had been much more moderate.

The following tabulation summarizes the increasing industrial diffusion of the payroll gain which has been reviewed.
Quarter of 1954 to Second Quarter of 1955
[Percent] ter 1954 to ter 1955 to Quarter 1955 Quarter 195
Tota 100

| Manufacturing | 76 | 57 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Durable_ | 67 | 40 |
| Nondurable | 9 | 17 |
| Nonmanufacturin | 24 | 43 |

1. Excludes farm and domestic service payrolls and manufacturing salaries.

This gain has been the combined result of increased employment, hours, and hourly earnings. In the manufacturing industries, for which comprehensive data to analyze these components are available, it appears that an increase in man-hours worked accounted for about fourfifths of the second quarter wage change, with the lengthening of hours secondary to advances in employment. A moderate rise in hourly earnings was responsible for the remainder. In the prior increase of manufacturing payrolls, from the third quarter of 1954 to the first quarter of the current year, the relative influence both of hours and of hourly earnings appears to have been somewhat larger.

Comprehensive information to analyze the payroll rise in the nonmanufacturing industries in terms of these factors is not available. But it appears that earnings per employee have advanced less than in manufacturing during the recovery period, mainly because no comparable increase in the number of hours worked has taken place. If the summary table showing the composition of the payroll increase were stated in terms of employment, the increased importance of gains in the nonmanufacturing industries would be underscored.

## Recent Trends in Consumer Credit

The recovery in business activity since the middle of last year has been facilitated by readily available consumer credit. Short- and intermediate-term consumer credit outstanding reached $\$ 321 / 2$ billion by the end of June, an increase of $\$ 3.8$ billion, or 13 percent, from June of last year. Installment credit, which comprises almost $\$ 25$ billion, or more than three-fourths of the above total, accounted for $\$ 3.2$ billion of the entire rise over the year, and at the end of June was almost one-seventh higher than a year earlier.

Noninstallment credit accounted for the much less rapid rise of $\$ 0.6$ billion over the past year, with the bulk of this increase occurring in single-payment loans, which rose by 15 percent, and in charge accounts which, in June, were 8 percent above a year ago.

By far the largest single factor in the expansion of installment credit has been the booming sales of automobiles. In the past year the rise in automobile paper outstanding accounted for more than three-fifths of the total rise in con-
sumer credit. Total dollar sales of retail motor vehicle dealers in the first half of this year were almost one-fifth ahead of a year ago, with most of this gain reflecting the increased sales of new automobiles.

Since about three-fifths of total new car purchases in recent years have been made with the aid of installment credit it was to be expected that as sales rose credit purchasing would also increase. By the end of June of this year, total automobile paper outstanding was about onefourth above a year ago.

The recent expansion of outstanding installment credit reflected a sharp increase in new loans granted in 1955. (See chart.) Total new short-term installment borrowing by consumers in the first 6 months of the year amounted to $\$ 18$ billion on a seasonally adjusted basis, more than onefourth above loans made in the first half of 1954. Repayments on outstanding debt also increased over this period, but the gain was much less pronounced as might be expected
since repayments reflect largely past contractual arrangements and only to a minor extent developments in the current period.

## Liberal credit terms

The sharply increased consumer demand for short-term borrowed funds has occurred in a credit market which featured liberal loan terms. There are no overall quantitative data on these terms but scattered information suggests that the average duration of loans is at least as long as, if not longer than, that prevailing in any previous period.

A rough index of trends in loan duration may be derived from a comparison of average amounts of credit outstanding in any given interval with the repayments during that period. As outstandings rise relative to repayments, there is an indicated increase in the average duration of loans. The ratio of automotive credit outstanding to repayments is currently at a high point, slightly exceeding ratios for recent years and well in excess of prewar.

## CONSUMER CREDIT OUTSTANDING related to disposable personal income


U. S. department of commerce, office of business economics

During a good part of the earlier postwar period, the duration of loans was limited by credit controls. Once the $\checkmark \curvearrowright$ rean-period controls were lifted in May 1952, maturity $u-$ as tended to be lengthened fairly rapidly. However, maturity schedules apparently tended to stabilize in 1953 and little change was noted in 1954.
The apparent average lengthening in schedules this year does not appear to have been exceptionally great. It should be noted, however, that these overall averages may tend to conceal important changes in certain groups. For example, a considerable stretching of terms to fringe borrowers could
easily be hidden by a moderate shortening of terms on loans to persons more readily willing to assume somewhat higher monthly payments.
Down payments are also currently at or below previous lows, and this has been a factor in stimulating the use of credit in consumer purchasing in recent months.

## Consumer credit in perspective

The accompanying charts and table 2 place the present short-term credit position of consumers in historical perspective. The accompanying scatter diagram relates the amount of consumer credit to disposable personal income. The percentage lines are guideposts showing points at which any given amount of credit represents the indicated proportion of credit to income.

## Ratio of Consumer Credit Outstanding to Personal Consumption Expenditures



In noting this chart it should be borne in mind that the major part of consumer credit outstanding at any point of time is repaid in the following 12 months or less. Noninstallment credit is typically repaid over a few months. According to the Federal Reserve Board's Survey of Consumer Finances, one-fourth of installment debts outstanding at the survey date were to be paid off in 6 months and an additional 40 percent was payable in 6 months to a year. Less than one-tenth of this debt had more than 2 years to run.
As may be seen from the chart plotted on a ratio scale to emphasize rates of change, consumer short-term indebtedness is currently at a peak in relation to personal disposable income, equivalent to 12 percent of this income. In evaluating this fact it should be noted that there has been a strong long-term trend toward the use of borrowed funds in buying consumer goods. This in part reflects the changing pattern of consumption with relatively more weight being given in more recent years to large-ticket items which typically tend
to be bought on credit. Perhaps more important is the growing trend in the public acceptance of and improvements in the use of credit facilities. As these developments took place, and the risk elements in lending and borrowing were reevaluated, maturity schedules were also lengthened and downpayments reduced.

As the chart on page 8 suggests, there has also been some tendency to shift emphasis in the types of credit used in buying goods. The proportion of noninstallment credit to total consumer expenditures is currently well below prewar. This is in part a reflection of the lessened use of borrowed funds which are paid off in a lump sum (single-payment

## Installment Credit Extensions and Repayments Compared With Disposable Personal Income


loans), although open book credit is also of somewhat lessened relative importance currently as compared with prewar. Undoubtedly a good part of this credit use has been transferred to installment accounts which are today of much greater relative importance in consumer buying. It is also probable that some types of goods and services (such as clothing and vacation tours) which were formerly bought for cash or on charge account are now bought on time accounts more often than in the past.

## Credit and economic activity

The role of consumer credit may also be considered from the point of view of its influence on overall economic activity. During periods of rising activity, expansion of consumer credit supplements consumer incomes and hence tends to act as a further stimulant to demand. The reverse tends to be true when output and incomes are falling. Repayment of debt based on past contractual arrangements represents a

Table 2.-Automotive Installment Credit Outstanding and Repayments, Selected Years 1929-55

| Year | Monthly average |  | Ratio of eredit outstanding ments ments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Repayments in period |  |
| 1929. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Millions of } \\ & \text { dollars } \\ & \mathbf{1 , 3 3 4} \end{aligned}$ | Millions of dollars <br> 194 | Units 6.9 |
| 1941. | 2,513 | 286 | 8.8 |
| 1946 | 698 | 120 | 5.8 |
| 1950 | 5,759 | 607 | 9.5 |
| 1951. | 6, 261 | 789 | 7.9 |
| 1952 |  | ${ }_{948}^{871}$ | ${ }_{10}^{8.0}$ |
| 1954 | 10, 187 | 1,040 | 9.8 |
| First 6 months |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{1954}^{1953}$ | 8,963 10 1033 | ${ }_{1}^{913}$ | 9. 8 |
| 1955 | 11, 364 | 1,088 | 10.4 |

drain on incomes and hence tends to intensify the decline in activity. These shifts may, of course, be offset in any particular period by opposite changes in other components of consumer saving and dissaving.

A rough measure of the change in this influence of consumer credit may be had by comparing the net change in credit with total personal consumption expenditures. This year the influence of consumer credit on consumer markets appears to be at a high point. Whereas in 1954 credit underwent little net change, the increase in credit thus far in 1955 represented slightly more than 2 percent of consumer expenditures, about the largest proportion on record, and previously approached only in the early post-World War II period and in the period following the ending of Korean war credit controls in 1952.

## An Announcement

## INCOME BY STATES

In place of the information on State income payments which usually appears in August, a new series of State income estimates will be published next month in the September Survey of Current Business.

These estimates will conform to the personal income data included in the national income and product accounts.

In addition to modifications in definition, the new figures will incorporate a complete reworking of the statistics back to 1929. Developed over a period of years, the State personal income series constitutes a major improvement in the data hitherto available for business use.

The entire study is scheduled for publication next year in a major supplement to the Survey. The volume will contain complete descriptions of concepts and of sources and methods, breakdowns of the State personal income totals by type and industry for all years since 1929 , and an analysis of principal changes in the geographic income distribution over the past quarter of a century.

Summary information on the new basis is now being readied for publication next month.

# International Investments 

## and Earnings

UJNITED STATES private investments abroad increased by a record of nearly $\$ 3$ billion in 1954 to reach a total of more than $\$ 26 \frac{1}{2}$ billion at the end of the year. Half of the increase was in direct investments, as United States corporations continued to expand their foreign enterprises at a rapid rate.

Well over $\$ 10$ billion has been invested abroad by United States corporations since the war. The great expansion of foreign productive facilities represented by this investment has been of great importance in the improvement in economic conditions abroad. New industries and greater supplies of essential raw materials have generated increased employment, higher standards of living, and much greater capacity to produce goods for rising local consumption and for export to the rapidly expanding United States market. As the enterprises established abroad enter into production, the effect of their aggregate current output on foreign

Table 1.-International Investment Position of the United States in Selected Years, 1914-54
[Billions of dollars]

|  | $1914{ }^{1}$ | 1919 | 1930 | 1939 | 1946 | 1953 r | 1954 D |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States investments abroad...- | 3.5 | 7.0 | 17.2 | 11.4 | 18.7 | 39.6 | 42.2 |
| Private. | 3.5 | 7.0 | 17.2 | 11.4 | 13. 5 | 23.8 | 26.6 |
| Long-term | 3.5 | 6.5 | 15.2 | 10.8 | 12.3 | 22.3 | 24.4 |
| Direct | 2. 6 | 3.9 | 8.0 | 7.0 | 7.2 | 16.3 | 17.7 |
| Portfolio | . 9 | 2. 6 | 7.2 | 3.8 | 5. 1 | 6.0 | 6.7 |
| Short-term | na | . 5 | 2.0 | . 6 | 1. 3 | 1. 6 | 2.2 |
| United States Government ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  | 5. 2 | 15.7 | 15. 6 |
| Foreign investments in the United States | 7.2 | 4.0 | 8.4 | 9.6 | 15.9 | 23.6 | 26.8 |
| Long-term. | 6.7 | 3.2 | 5.7 | 6.3 | 7.0 | 9.2 | 11.0 |
| Direct | 1. 3 | -9 | 1.4 | 2. 0 | 2. 5 | 3.8 | 4.0 |
| Portfolio | 5. 4 | 2. 3 | 4. 3 | 4. 3 | 4.5 | 5.4 | 7. 0 |
| Short-term assets ${ }^{3}$ | . 5 | . 8 | 2.7 | 3.3 | 8.9 | 14.4 | 15. 7 |
| United States net creditor position... | $-3.7$ | 3.0 | 8.8 | 1.8 | 2.8 | 16.0 | 15. 4 |
| Net long-term. | $-3.2$ | 3.3 | 9.5 | 4. 5 | 10.5 | 28.5 | 23.6 |
| Net short-term | $-.5$ | $-.3$ | $-.7$ | $-2.7$ | $-7.6$ | $-12.6$ | $-13.1$ |

na-Not available

1. At June 30

Excludes World War I loans; includes some short-term assets.
. Includes United States Government obligations in 1946, 1953, and 1954.
Note.-Data for various years are not wholly comparable because of different sources and methods, but the data are adequate to show main trends over the period.
Source.-U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.
economies is very much greater than the net investment from the United States which may take place in any given year.

Major developments in United States direct investments abroad in 1954 included reductions in the rate of investment in petroleum and mining properties, largely resulting from the completion of several large projects, accompanied by rising investments in manufacturing and scattered increases
NOTE.-MR. PIZER AND MR. CUTLER ARE MEMBERS OF THE BALANCE OF PAYMENTS DIVISION, OFFICE OF BUSINESS ECONOMICS.
in other industries. Direct investments in Canada during 1954 continued to be much higher than in any other area, and there was some falling off in Latin America and the Middle East.

A striking development in 1954 was an increase of $\$ 1.4$ billion in the value of United States private investments in foreign securities and short-and-medium-term credits and assets abroad. Some $\$ 860$ million of this increase resulted from net capital flows from the United States, and the remainder reflected improved market values for the dollar bonds and local-currency bonds and equity securities of foreign countries.

The value of foreign-owned investments and assets in the United States also increased by about $\$ 3$ billion during 1954 , but the composition of these investments and the nature of the increase, was much different from that of United States investments abroad. Foreign-owned short-term dollar assets, including obligations of the United States Government, are the largest component of foreign holdings in the United States. Such assets rose by $\$ 1.3$ billion during the year.

In addition foreign countries purchased about $\$ 300$ million of gold from the United States, although gold holdings are not included in the tabulations of international investments as given in table 2. The major factors accounting for this improvement in reserves have been discussed regularly in the Survey of Current Business in quarterly reviews of the United States balance of payments, most recently in the issue for June 1955.

Foreign long-term direct and portfolio investments in the United States increased in value by $\$ 1.8$ billion in 1954 , but of this increase about $\$ 1 / 2$ billion represented the sharp rise in the market value of United States corporate stocks. The remainder, although relatively small, represents a considerable increase in foreign purchases of United States corporate stocks as well as continued moderate additions to foreign direct investments in the United States.
Though earnings on United States investments abroad were a record $\$ 2.8$ billion in 1954, the increase since 1951 has been quite modest when compared with the rapidly growing value of the investments. Out of this total nearly $\$ 650$ million was left abroad by direct-investment subsidiaries, mainly to finance continued expansion.

Earnings on foreign assets in the United States are smaller than earnings on United States investments abroad, partly because foreign holdings in the United States are primarily in the form of liquid assets, and the earnings total has risen more slowly since the war. Nevertheless, earnings on investments in the United States still constitute an important source of dollars for some countries. ${ }^{1}$

[^0] the Sunvey of Current Business for December 1953, January 1954, and May 1954, and in FOREIGN INVESTMENTS OF THE UNITED STATES, a special 1953 supplement to the SURVEY of Current Business.

## United States Investments Abroad

United States direct investment abroad have been built up at a very regular rate since 1946, reaching a total of $\$ 17.7$ billion by the end of 1954 .

Although the rate of progress has been steady, there have been changes from year to year in the emphasis on various areas of the world and on different industries. In 1954, unlike other recent years, there were no large individual projects which absorbed great amounts of capital. The only single development of special significance in the total was the establishment of United States-owned investment funds in Canada with a paid-up capital in 1954 of some $\$ 100$ million.

## United States Investments Abroad


U. S. department of commerce, office of business economics

55-44-8
The proportion of additions to direct investment going to Canada rose to 50 percent in 1954. The proportion going to Latin America was about 14 percent, about the same as in 1953 but much lower than in most earlier years. Europe's share of total 1954 investments was also 14 percent, about the same as in 1953, and there was some reduction in investments in other areas, mainly because petroleum investments in the Middle East were not as high.

Out of a total book value for direct investments of $\$ 17.7$ billion at the end of 1954, $\$ 5.9$ billion was in Canada and $\$ 6.3$ billion in Latin America. The increase in Canada since 1949, amounting to $\$ 2.8$ billion, has been far greater thán in any other area. Developments in major industries in 1954 were as follows:

## Petroleum

Net additions to petroleum investments abroad were down from $\$ 645$ million in 1953 to $\$ 420$ million in 1954. Net capital outflows and undistributed subsidiary earnings were each reduced by a little over $\$ 100$ million. Investments in Canada were $\$ 225$ million, slightly higher than in 1953 , and reflected continued activity in the exploration and develop-
ment of Canadian oil reserves. Expenditures for pipelines were much lower than in 1953, although large expenditures for such facilities will have to be made in the future.

The reduction in net investment in other areas is the result of a considerable number of varying types of transactions. In Latin America, petroleum investments have been comparatively small in recent years, and they dropped by $\$ 100$ million to less than $\$ 10$ million in 1954. However, practically the entire change was the result of large liquidations of accounts receivable for oil products delivered in 1953. A considerable amount of investment activity being carried out in the area is not reflected in these figures since it is either financed out of current charges for depreciation and amortization, or, in the case of exploration expenses, is charged against income.
Net additions to petroleum investments in Europe were down slightly, partly because of the sale of some properties to European interests, and also because of somewhat lower earnings available for reinvestment and the completion of some refineries. However, there was considerable interest in the development of oil reserves in various European countries.
Elsewhere, additions to petroleum investments in India, Australia, and Iran, as well as for additions to tanker fleets operating under the Liberian flag were larger than in 1953, but these increases were more than offset by the sale of certain properties to foreign interests, some withdrawals of surplus funds and a reduction of new Middle East investments, outside of Tran, to a relatively small amount. Investment in Iran will be much higher in 1955 as the United States companies participating in the new group organized to bring about a resumption of oil production in that country will be called on for substantial amounts of capital.
The great diversity of capital flows in the petroleum industry in 1954 is illustrated, in part, by table 6 showing the composition of the gross flows. Gross outflows were higher than in 1953 by nearly $\$ 200$ million, but gross inflows rose by $\$ 300$ million. Gross outflows were higher in every area except dependencies in the Middle East, but they were more than matched by rising inflows in Latin America, Western Europe, and various other countries.

## Manufacturing

Investments in manufacturing were quite substantial in 1954, reaching $\$ 425$ million and raising the total for this industry group to $\$ 5.7$ billion. As usual, a large part of earnings was ploughed back into the local economies; the companies reinvested $\$ 350$ million out of total earnings of $\$ 700$ million. Net capital outflows were $\$ 75$ million, in contrast to net inflows of $\$ 50$ million in 1953 .
Additions to manufacturing investments in Europe were unusually high, the $\$ 136$ million total reflecting larger reinvestments of earnings as total earnings rose sharply in line with heightened economic acitivity in the area. There was also a small net increase in capital flows to Europe. Most of the increased reinvestment was in the United Kingdom, while capital flows were higher to Belgium, the Netherlands and Sweden.
In Latin America the net investment in manufacturing was $\$ 100$ million in 1954 after a reverse flow of small proportions in 1953. Much of the change occurred in Brazil, where a heavy liquidation of overdue accounts in 1953 was followed by a relatively modest resumption of new credits in 1954. About 60 percent of subsidiary profits were left in this country, probably parily for investment and partly because of difficulties in making remittances. Virtually all of the earnings of manufacturing companies in Argentina were retained in that country, largely because they could not be transferred into dollars.

There were sizeable capital outflows for manufacturing to Colombia and Venezuela, but there was a continuation of net inflows from Cuba, Mexico and Uruguay.

Manufacturing investments in Canada were adversely affected by a minor decline in economic activity through most of 1954 . Earnings were reduced by $\$ 56$ million and undistributed profits were cut back nearly as much, as dividend payments changed little. Net capital flows to Canada normally finance only a small part of additions to investments and they were off by only a minor amount in 1954. In the rest of the world there was a small increase in manufacturing investments to a total of $\$ 54$ million. Australia accounted for $\$ 23$ million of the total, and the Union of South Africa for $\$ 10$ million.

## Mining and other industries

New investments in mining and smelting properties were sharply reduced in 1954 from the levels prevailing in the past few years. Most major projects in Canada and Latin America, primarily to develop iron ore and copper and nickel resources, were virtually completed. Although other large projects are in view they have not yet begun to absorb funds. Earnings of the mining enterprises were somewhat improved in 1954, as discussed below, but the amount reinvested did not increase proportionately.
To some extent, the 1954 drop in the rate of mining investments is not indicative of the position of permanent investments because of the experience of copper companies. These companies provided funds to finance mounting inventories in 1953 but recovered their outlays in 1954 when inventories were shipped to the United States and sold.

The turnabout in mining investments from 1953 to 1954 is clearly reflected in table 6 , showing gross capital flows. Mining and smelting is the only industry in which gross outflows were reduced while gross inflows climbed sharply.

Direct investments in trade and distribution facilities (other than those which are direct adjuncts of petroleum or manufacturing enterprises) continued to increase in 1954. There was some decline in Canada from the unusually high rate of additions in 1953, partly because there were no large new investments as in the previous year. An increased capital flow to Latin America was connected in part with a resumption of outflows to Brazil, and also resulted from sizable new investments in Colombia. In Europe there was a net inflow of capital derived from the sale of a large establishment in Germany, but investments out of earnings were higher. Additions to investments in public utilities remained quite small, but there was an increased capital flow to Latin America. There was also a trend in that area toward financing new capital expenditures through securities issued in local capital markets.

Net investment in "other" industries during 1954 was over $\$ 250$ million, bringing the total outstanding to $\$ 1.3$ billion. About $\$ 185$ million of the increase was in Canada, and of this about $\$ 100$ million represented the stock of investment funds newly established in Canada. These investment funds placed their capital primarily in the stocks and bonds of Canadian corporations, so that in their effect on the Canadian economy they resemble large-scale portfolio investments. Another large field for recent investment in Canada has been in finance companies, including consumer credit, and this accounted for a sizeable capital outflow in 1954. Other capital outflows were connected with such diverse fields as real estate, engineering and construction, and motion pictures.

Table 2.-International Investment Position of the United States, by Area, 1953-54

| [Millions of dollars] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total |  | Western Europe |  | Western <br> European dependencies |  | Other Europe |  | Canada |  | Latin American Republics |  | Other foreign countries |  | International institutions |  |
|  | $1953{ }^{\text {r }}$ | $1954{ }^{*}$ | $1953{ }^{r}$ | $1954{ }^{\text {p }}$ | 1953 r | 1954 | 1953 r | 1954 p | 1953 * | 1954 | 1953 : | 1954 | 1953 + | 1954 p | $1953{ }^{r}$ | $1954{ }^{p}$ |
| United States investments abroad, total............. | 39,567 | 42,229 | 13,974 | 14,372 | 710 | 683 | 334 | 331 | 8,790 | 9,721 | 7,981 | 8,670 | 3,907 | 4,503 | 3,871 | 3,949 |
| Private investments. | 23,847 | 26,609 | 4,207 | 4,809 | 647 | 648 | 14 | 15 | 8,771 | 9,706 | 7,051 | 7,710 | 2,732 | 3,217 | 425 | 504 |
| I ong-term | 22, 259 | 24,385 | 3,731 | 4.093 | 624 | 622 | 12 | 14 | 8,568 | 9,480 | 6, 399 | 6,747 | 2,500 | 2, 925 | 425 | 504 |
|  | 16,329 | 17,748 | 2, 369 | 2, 605 | 603 | 600 |  |  | 5,242 | 5,939 | 6,034 | 6, 256 | 2,081 | 2, 348 |  |  |
| Foreign dolar bonds | 2,383 | 2,720 | 2,82 328 | 2, 160 |  |  | 1 | 3 | 1,477 | 1,604 | 136 30 | $\begin{array}{r}143 \\ 3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | - 262 | 2,306 79 | 425 | 504 |
| Foreign currency securities | 2,048 | 2, 304 | 328 | 465 |  |  |  |  | 1, 630 | 1,727 | 30 | 33 | 60 | 79 |  |  |
| Other | 1. 499 | 1, 613 | 952 | 863 | 21 | 22 | 11 | 11 | 219 | 210 | 199 | 315 | 97 | 192 |  |  |
| Short-term- | 1, 5888 | 2, 224 | $\begin{array}{r}476 \\ 193 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 716 | 23 | 26 7 | 2 | 1 | 203 | 226 | 652 | 963 | 232 | 292 |  |  |
| Deposits. | 171 1,217 | 1. 502 | 193 283 | 296 420 | 16 | 7 19 | 1 | 1. | 93 110 | 111 | 51 601 | 57 906 | 26 206 | 30 262 |  |  |
| United States Government credits and claims.. | 15,720 | 15, 620 | 9,767 | 9,563 | 63 | 35 | 320 | 316 | 19 | 15 | 930 | 960 | 1,175 | 1,286 | 3,446 | 3,445 |
| Long-term. | 15,415 | 15,208 | 9, 541 | 9,311 | 62 | 33 | 312 | 308 | 18 | 14 | 927 | 954 | 1,109 | 1,143 | 3,446 | 3,445 |
| Short-term. | 305 | 412 | 226 | 252 | 1 | 2 | 8 | 8 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 6 | 66 | 143 |  |  |
| Foreign assets and investments in the United States, total. | 23,628 | 26,768 | 11,541 | 13,781 | 501 | 477 | 69 | 60 | 3,657 | 4, 078 | 2,687 | 3,035 | 2,379 | 2,339 | 1,955 | 2,160 |
| Long-term investments. | 9,172 | 11,025 | 6,020 | 7,340 | 188 | 228 | 29 | 34 | 2,019 | 2,332 | 684 | 822 | 210 | 239 | 22 | 30 |
| Direct. | 3,776 | 3, 981 | 2, 386 | 2, 533 | 19 | 20 |  |  | 1,188 | 1,246 | 138 | 136 | 45 | 46 |  |  |
| Corporate stocks. | 3, 650 | 5,254 | 2,525 | 3, 660 | 80 | 118 | 12 | 17 | 675 | 935 | 285 | 417 | 68 | 95 | 5 | 12 |
| Corporate, State, and municipal bonds | 269 | , 304 | 178 | 209 | 5 | 6 |  |  | 16 | 11 | 43 | 49 | 10 | 11 | 17 | 18 |
| Other. | 1,477 | 1,486 | 931 | 938 | 84 | 84 | 17 | 17 | 140 | 140 | 218 | 220 | 87 | 87 |  |  |
| Short-term assets and United States Government obligations | 14,456 | 15,743 | 5,521 | 6,441 | 313 | 249 | 40 | 26 | 1,638 | 1,746 | 2,003 | 2,213 | 2, 169 | 2,100 | 1,933 | 2,130 |
| Private obligations. | 7,637 | 8,459 | 3,146 | 3,561 | 218 | 210 | 33 | 19 | 642 | 721 | 1,689 | 1,941 | 1,826 | 1,912 | 83 | 95 |
| Deposits... | 6, 530 | 7,437 | 2, 434 | 2, 856 | 188 | 195 | 16 | 17 | 571 | 654 | 1,522 | 1, 829 | 1,716 | 1,798 | 83 | 88 |
| Other | 1,107 | 1,022 | 712 | 705 | 30 | 15 | 17 | 2 | 71 | 67 | 167 | 112 | 110 | 114 |  | 7 |
| United States Government obligations....-- | 6,819 | 7,284 | 2,375 | 2,880 | 95 | 39 | 7 | 7 | 996 | 1,025 | 314 | 272 | 343 | 188 | 1,850 | 2,035 |
| Long-term-1 | 1,019 | 1, 059 | 420 | 428 | 22 | 23 | 5 | 5 | 141 | 1, ${ }^{7}$ | 125 | 215 | 20 | 21 | , 286 | 360 |
| Short-term ${ }^{1}$ | 5,800 | 6,225 | 1,955 | 2,452 | 73 | 16 | 2 | 2 | 855 | 1,018 | 189 | 57 | 323 | 167 | 1,564 | 1,675 |

${ }_{r}$ Revised. $\quad p$ Preliminary

1. Total includes estimated United States currency not distributed by areas [in millions]: 1953, $\$ 839 ; 1954, \$ 838$. Also included are miscellaneous liabilities of various United States Government agencies amounting to $\$ 177$ million at the end of 1954.

Note.-For 1946-52 data see the Survey of Current Business, May 1954.
Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

## Investments in foreign securities

Investors in the United States owned foreign stocks and bonds with a market value of slightly more than $\$ 5.0$ billion at the end of 1954 , an increase of $\$ 500$ million for the year. The increase resulted from net purchases of foreign securities of a little over $\$ 100$ million, with improvements in the market prices of foreign corporate stocks accounting for most of the remainder.

About $\$ 2.7$ billion of the total holdings were in foreign bond issues payable in United States dollars, $\$ 0.5$ billion was in bonds payable in foreign currencies, and $\$ 1.8$ billion was in equity securities of foreign corporations (other than those controlled in the United States).

Securities issued in Canada accounted for the largest part of each category, including $\$ 1.6$ billion of United States dollar bonds, $\$ 450$ million of bonds payable in Canadian dollars, and $\$ 1.3$ billion of equity securities of Canadian corporations. Other sizeable holdings include about $\$ 500$ million of IBRD bonds, smaller holdings of dollar bonds of Germany, Israel, Australia, Japan, Italy, and Brazil, as shown in table 7, and about $\$ 400$ million of equity securities of European enterprises.

There was a heary liquidation of Canadian internal issues in 1954 as long-term interest rates in Canada were reduced much more than those in the United States, wiping out nearly all of the interest rate differential that is normally one of the strong inducements for United States investment in these securities. Canadian exchange rate fluctuations were also important in earlier years but were not a noticeable factor in 1954.

United States holdings of Canadian bonds denominated in United States dollars were similarly affected by 1954 trends in interest rates. New issues sold in the United States were relatively low at $\$ 167$ million, and over $\$ 130$ million of the total was sold in the first quarter of the year when there was still a substantial interest rate differential.

United States investors are taking a much greater interest in dollar bonds of other countries than at any time since the war, making possible the successful flotation of a $\$ 25$ million new issue by Australia late in 1954, followed in early 1955 by the sale of a $\$ 30$ million issue of Belgium and a $\$ 15$ million issue of Norway.

About $\$ 84$ million was added to the market value of United States holdings of foreign dollar bonds in 1954 as German issues were validated under the terms of the London agreement of 1953. This validation procedure is still in process and an estimated additional $\$ 20$ million of United States holdings may enter the market in 1955.

In 1954 United States investors purchased $\$ 88$ million of a $\$ 100$ million new issue of the International Bank offered in the United States and participations by United States financial institutions in new loans and purchases of outstanding loans of the Bank amounted to about $\$ 28$ million, of which some $\$ 15$ million was paid out. In the first half of 1955, participations and purchases totalled $\$ 29$ million, and about $\$ 8$ million was paid out. Thus, as of June 30, 1955, there was a backlog of some $\$ 34$ million which United States financial institutions had agreed to lend.

Greatly increased purchases by Americans of the equity securities of Canadian and European enterprises were also an important feature of United States investment abroad in 1954 and the first half of 1955. Net purchases of foreign equity securities in 1954 were a record $\$ 160$ million, not including some $\$ 100$ million of the shares of newly-organized Canadian investment funds mentioned above. Of the $\$ 160$ million, about $\$ 100$ million was invested in Europe and over $\$ 50$ million in Canada. Some $\$ 90$ million of the European total consisted of purchases of stock of companies organized
in the Netherlands, probably largely in securities recently listed on United States stock exchanges.

Purchases of Canadian stocks are a more common feature of United States investments abroad, although the 1954 total was unusually large.

Prices of corporate stocks rose in Western Europe and Canada, as they did in the United States, so that in addition to increases in holdings resulting from net purchases, nearly $\$ 300$ million was added to the market value of United States boldings through price increases.


These trends continued in the early months of 1955 , with reported net purchases by Americans of foreign stocks totaling $\$ 60$ million through April, including over $\$ 30$ million in Europe and a somewhat smaller amount in Canada.

The largest outflow of capital from the United States in 1954 was in the form of short- and medium-term credits to foreign borrowers by United States banks and commercial concerns. Short-term funds employed abroad increased nearly $\$ 650$ million, to reach a total of $\$ 2.2$ billion, while medium-term loans by financial institutions and commercial concerns rose by $\$ 115$ million to about $\$ 750$ million.

At present more than half of the short-term claims reported by banks are against Latin America, as well as sub-
stantial amounts of medium-term bank credits and commercial credits, as shown in table 9. The increase of over $\$ 400$ million in such credits to Latin America in 1954 was sufficient to finance over half of United States exports to Brazil and about 5 percent of United States exports to all other countries in the area combined.
The net outflow of nearly $\$ 500$ million in short-term banking credits includes $\$ 120$ million of net disbursements of Federal Reserve loans on gold collateral to central banks and an increase of about $\$ 100$ million in deposits and other claims payable in foreign currencies. Nearly all of the latter increase represented sterling deposits and claims, as United States banks placed funds in the London market when interest rates there provided a sufficient margin over domestic rates, after taking account of other costs. However, in the early months of 1955 there was a withdrawal of funds from the United Kingdom of about the same amount, despite an even wider differential in interest rate, indicating the continued strength of other considerations, especially the weakness of the forward sterling exchange rate and the rapidly growing domestic demand for bank loans.
Other short-term outflows reported by commercial banks included about $\$ 120$ million in loans to foreign official institutions, banks and others, an increase of about $\$ 60$ million in collections outstanding (mainly for the account of domestic customers), and about $\$ 80$ million of other short-term financing. In 1954 short-term credits by commercial concerns rose by nearly $\$ 100$ million, spread over many countries but with the largest increases reported for the United Kingdom and Brazil. Longer-term commercial credits expanded by about $\$ 20$ million.

## Foreign Assets and Investments in the United States



A very large part of the medium-term financing by banks as of the end of 1954 represented loans against which they held collateral in the form of gold or United States Government bonds, or which were guaranteed by the ExportImport Bank. The last category accounts for some $\$ 118$ million at the end of 1954 , including about $\$ 80$ million to Japan to finance exports of cotton, about $\$ 27$ million to Brazil, and $\$ 10$ million to Uruguay.
The net outflow of short-and-medium-term credits by banks and commercial concerns in the first half of 1955 , based on partial data, appears to have been about $\$ 50$
million, although the total was brought down by the liquidation of about $\$ 80$ million of sterling balances as well as the repayment of nearly $\$ 100$ million outstanding on a loan by commercial banks to the French Government.

Outstanding long-term credits to foreign countries and subscriptions to the International Bank and International Monetary Fund by the United States Government topped $\$ 15.2$ billion at the end of 1954 , but was slightly less than at the end of 1953. Repayments of $\$ 500$ million exceeded new loan disbursements of $\$ 300$ million, leading to the first annual postwar reduction in the amount outstanding. ${ }^{1}$ Net repayments continued in the first quarter of 1955.
Of the $\$ 11.8$ billion of long-term credits to foreign countries outstanding at the end of 1954, Western Europe and dependent areas had $\$ 9.1$ billion, Latin American Republics had $\$ 900$ million, and the largest amount elsewhere was $\$ 361$ million to India, of which $\$ 161$ million represents silver returnable in kind in 1957. Repayments in the year were mainly on the loans to Europe made soon after the war.
The United States Government also held short-term foreign assets valued at $\$ 412$ million at the end of 1954 . Most of these holdings are in the form of foreign-currency deposits arising out of the counterpart fund provisions of aid programs and deposits and claims arising from the sale of agricultural commodities abroad. These currencies are used for grants and loans to foreign countries and to defray certain United States expenses abroad. The net increase of about $\$ 100$ million in 1954, and a further increase of a like amount in the first quarter of 1955 , were a consequence of large sales of agricultural products which began late in 1953 and considerably exceeded disbursements.

## Foreign Investments in the United States

A record amount of just over $\$ 3$ billion was added in 1954 to the value of foreign long-term investments and liquid dollar assets in the United States, raising the total to $\$ 26.8$ billion. The largest gains were made in holdings of corporate stocks and short-term dollar assets. However, of the $\$ 1.6$ billion increase in the value of corporate stocks only $\$ 135$ million represented net capital flows to the United States; the remainder reflected the rise in market prices during the year. In the case of liquid assets, on the other hand, the increase of $\$ 1.3$ billion reffects the net result of transactions between the United States and other countries during 1954.
The rate of increase in foreign dollar assets appears to be somewhat lower in 1955, although still substantial.
Countries in Western Europe held over half of the total investments in the United States at the end of 1954 and accounted for two-thirds of the increase in the year. These countries hold the bulk of the corporate stocks, which scored sharp price increases, and also accounted for $\$ 900$ million out of a total increase of $\$ 1.3$ billion in short-term assets. Investors in these countries were also making sizeable new investments in United States corporate stocks and controlled enterprises.
Canadian investments in the United States increased $\$ 400$ million in 1954, although only about $\$ 50$ million resulted from net flows to the United States of Canadian capital, the remainder being reinvested earnings and price increases.
Latin American holdings in the United States are primarily short-term assets, which increased about $\$ 200$ million in the year. For some countries in the area, however, the gains resulted primarily from short- or medium-term credits received in the United States. In the case of Mexico there was a very substantial increase in dollar holdings beginning in June 1954 and still under way in the first quarter of 1955.
Dollar assets of the international institutions also rose about $\$ 200$ million in the year. Repayments to the Inter-

[^1]national Monetary Fund by a number of countries greatly exceeded drawings by members, and the International Bank received more funds from new subscriptions, earnings, new bond issues, repayments of principal, etc., than were disbursed on new loans.

## Long-term investments

Foreign holdings of United States corporate stocks have increased by about $\$ 2,750$ million since 1949 , reaching a total of over $\$ 5$ billion at the end of 1954 . However, only some $\$ 300$ million of the increase has resulted from net purchases in the United States market-over $\$ 2.4$ billion was added by the generally rising market values of United States corporate stocks.

Sharply rising stock prices in the United States and increased freedom for international capital movements in 1954 brought forth a postwar record amount of $\$ 135$ million of net foreign purchases of these securities. Purchases were especially heavy at the end of the year and continued to be fairly substantial in the early months of 1955. As shown in table 10, the bulk of the 1954 purchases were for Western Europe, especially the United Kingdom and Switzerland, and Latin America, but there were sizeable net sales by investors in Canada and the Netherlands. The same pattern continued in 1955. Apparently Canadian and Dutch investors
Value of U. S. Direct Investments Abroad


were attracted by the favorable prospects for corporate stocks of their own countries, as were United States investors.

Additions to foreign direct investments in the United States in 1954 were about $\$ 200$ million, somewhat lower than the 1953 amount but not much different from the average for the last few years. As in other postwar years, except 1953, most of the added investment came out of undistributed earnings of the United States enterprises. Although several large enterprises have been established in the United States in the last few years by British investors, the capital required has been largely derived from United States sources.

## Dollar and gold reserves

Foreign countries have been able to add very great amounts to their reserves of gold and dollars since the war, in spite of some temporary periods when losses were heavy. By the end of 1954 foreign holdings of short-term dollar assets and United States Government obligations totalled $\$ 15.7$ billion and foreign gold holdings were almost equal at $\$ 15.6$ billion. These holdings are by far the greatest ever reached and reflect a gain of about $\$ 9$ billion since 1946 and $\$ 5$ billion since 1952 .
Since gold reserves are not included in the tabulation of the international investment position of the United States, that statement does not fully reflect the improvement in the situation of foreign countries. However, after purchasing $\$ 1.2$ billion of gold from the United States in 1953, foreign countries reduced their purchases to about $\$ 300$ million in 1954 and they were further reduced in 1955. The falling off of purchases here partly reflects a decline in the overall gain in reserves by foreign countries, but there is also a decided tendency for monetary authorities to cut down their gold acquisitions when a certain level has been reached, and to place additional amounts into interest-bearing dollar assets.

Out of $\$ 15.7$ billion of foreign-owned short-term dollar assets and United States Government obligations at the end of 1954 , over $\$ 9.6$ billion was held by foreign official accounts and international institutions. Virtually the whole increase of $\$ 1.3$ billion in 1954 went into such accounts, rather than into private foreign accounts. In 1953, official accounts rose nearly $\$ 1$ billion while private accounts changed very little. The current tendency for private accounts to remain stable while official accounts grow, is associated with such factors as the increase in foreign purchases of United States corporate stocks, the growth of investment opportunities abroad, and the increasing ease with which dollar funds for working balances can be obtained as needed from official reserves.

## Earnings on International Investments

United States investments abroad earned about $\$ 2.8$ billion in 1954, including the undistributed portion of the earnings of direct-investment subsidiary companies. This total was about $\$ 160$ million higher than the 1953 amount, but there has been very little variation in the total since 1950 despite an increase of $\$ 9.4$ billion in United States investments abroad in the 4 -year period.

Direct-investment enterprises abroad continue to produce the greater part of earnings, accounting for $\$ 2.3$ billion in 1954 out of the $\$ 2.8$ billion total. This is about the same as the 1951 amount as various factors have tended to hold down total earnings relative to investment. Such factors include (1) a large amount of investment since 1950, particularly in petroleum and mining, had not yet reached the production stage by the end of 1954 or was not yet fully productive, (2) the intensive search for new sources of raw materials, together with development expenses, has been extremely costly and has either been reflected as operating
losses of new enterprises or lowered earnings of long-established enterprises, (3) some important properties are subject to accelerated depreciation, keeping earnings low even though output may increase sharply, (4) currency depreciation in a few countries in Latin America has drastically cut the dollar value of local-currency earnings, and (5) higher direct and indirect taxes, including discriminatory exchange rates, have also cut into earnings abroad.

Petroleum investments abroad, which currently account for some 42 percent of total direct-investment earnings, have been subject to most of the depressing factors mentioned above. In addition, earnings of the tanker fleets operated by the companies were very much reduced in the past few years by lower shipping rates. Thus, 1954 petroleum earnings of $\$ 960$ million were lower than in 1952-53, and only $\$ 60$ million higher than in 1951.

Table 3.-Value of Direct Investments Abroad, by Selected Countries, 1949-54, and Major Industries, 1953-54
[Millions of dollars]

$r$ Revised. $\quad{ }^{\circ}$ Preliminary

1. Included in total. 2. Less than $\$ 500,000$.
2. Thru 1953, Northern and Southern Rhodesia and Nyasaland are included in British Dependencies in Africa; in 1954, they are included in other countries in Africa.

Source: U. S. Department of Cormmerce, Office of Business Economics.

Earnings in Latin America were cut from 1951 to 1954 by a drop of some $\$ 70$ million in the return on tanker operations, although tanker rates are now moving upward. The United States share of production in the area increased by 150,000 barrels per day from 1951 to 1954 , yielding somewhat greater revenues from this source, but higher costs

## Earnings on International Investments


including rising exploration expenditures have held down net earnings. Earnings from Venezuelan operations continue to have the greatest importance, accounting for $\$ 340$ million out of the $\$ 380$ million total for Latin America in 1954.

Petroleum companies have raised their investment in Canada from about $\$ 400$ million in 1950 to about $\$ 1.2$ billion at present, but consolidated earnings of the companies remain at only $\$ 10$ million in 1954 because of large exploration costs. Earnings in Western Europe were reduced in 1954, possibly because of rising costs and also because the companies are also spending large amounts in this area to develop new oil fields.

Middle East earnings have scored the greatest rise since 1951, from $\$ 343$ million in 1951 to $\$ 413$ million in 1954 , reflecting an increase of nearly 900 thousand barrels per day in the amount of oil produced by United States owned companies.
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Manufacturing earnings abroad rose moderately in 1954 to a total of $\$ 705$ million. In the year there were divergent trends in different areas; in Canada there was a very sharp drop of some $\$ 50$ million as economic activity in the country went through a downturn similar to that in the United States, but this was approximately offiset by increased earnings in Western Europe, as output in these countries rose to unprecedented levels.

Earnings of mining properties rose in 1954, but in this industry also the total was still lower than in 1951 and 1952. Over $\$ 30$ million of the $\$ 50$ million increase was in Latin

Table 4.-Direct Investment Capital Outflows, by Major Areas and Industries, 1950-54

| Area and year | Total | Agriculture | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Mining } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { smelt- } \\ \text { ing } \end{array}$ | Petroleum | Manu-facturing | Public utilities | Trade | Other industries |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All areas, total: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $1954{ }^{\text {P }}$ | 761 | 21 | 110 | 302 | 75 | 16 | 28 | 209 |
| $1953{ }^{\text {r }}$ | 721 | -11 | 243 | 408 | $-53$ | 16 | 29 | 89 |
| 1952. | 850 | -8 | 278 | 248 | 211 | 23 | 17 | 80 |
| 1951.-------.------ | 528 | 24 | 100 | 93 | 190 | -8 | 58 | 70 |
| 1950---------------- | 621 | -9 | 87 | 248 | 192 | -2 | 68 | 37 |
| Canada: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1954 P | 469 | 1 | 85 | 202 | 24 | (1) | (1) | 157 |
| $1953{ }^{\circ}$ | 387 | (1) | 110 | 181 | 27 | 2 | 25 | 41 |
| 1952 | 420 | -1 | 134 | 122 | 121 | 1 | 2 | 42 |
| 1951. | 240 | (1) | 36 | 124 | 30 | -1 | 6 | 44 |
| 1950 | 287 | 2 | 29 | 122 | 88 | -6 | 32 | 21 |
| Latin American Republics: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1954 P............-. - | 102 | 18 | 18 | -22 | 32 | 16 | 33 | 6 |
| $1953{ }^{\text {r }}$ | 117 | -11 | 120 | 58 | -73 | 8 | -3 | 18 |
| 1952 | 277 | -4 | 120 | 32 | 80 | 21 | 11 | 18 |
| 1951 | 166 | 22 | 60 | -75 | 116 | -7 | 38 | 11 |
| 1950 | 40 | -7 | 29 | -69 | 64 | -3 | 18 | 7 |
| Western Europe: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $1954{ }^{\text {P }}$ | 36 |  | (1) | 23 | 3 | (1) | -13 | 23 |
| $1953{ }^{\text {r }}$ | 51 |  | (1) | 33 | -7 | (1) | 8 | 16 |
| 1952 | -8 |  | (1) | -24 | 6 | (1) | 2 | 8 |
| 1951----.-------...- | 62 |  | (1) | 37 | 17 | (1) | 7 | 1 |
| 1950... | 119 | (1) | (1) | 73 | 32 | 4 | 7 | 3 |
| Western European dependencies: ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | -6 | (1) | -5 | -4 | 1 | (1) | 1 | 2 |
| $1953{ }^{\circ}$ | 82 | (1) | 5 | 76 | (1) | (1) | 1 | 1 |
| 1952. | -5 | (1) | 18 | -23 | (1) | (t) | 1 | (1) |
| 1951 | 1 | (I) 1 | 2 | -2 | -2 | (1) | 2 | (1) |
| 1950 | 14 | (1) | 13 | -6 | 3 | 2 | 2 | (1) |
| Other countries: ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1954 D................ | 160 | 2 | 12 | 102 | 15 |  | 8 | 21 |
| 1953 r | 84 | (1) | 7 | 60 | -1 | 6 | -3 | 15 |
| 1952 | 166 | -2 | 6 | 142 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 13 |
| 1951 | 59 | 1 | 2 | 8 | 29 |  | 5 | 14 |
| 1950...-- | 161 | -4 | 16 | 127 | 6 | 1 | 9 | 6 |

2. Revised. $\quad$ P Preliminary $\quad$ 1. Less than $\$ 500,000$.
3. Through 1953, Northern and Southern Rhodesia and Nyasaland are included in Western Furopean dependencies; in 1954, they are included in Other countries.
Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.
America, reflecting the improved price and market situation for copper and other metals and the beginning of large scale production of iron ore. New legislation in Chile with respect to the copper companies should have the effect of reducing the arbitrarily high local-currency costs of operation.

Mining properties in Canada and other countries also experienced somewhat higher returns in 1954, reflecting rising prices and a strong demand for metals and minerals. Continued low earnings for agricultural properties abroad resulted from lower prices and output for sugar producers and considerable losses from floods and strikes in parts of Central America. There was some improvement in public utility earnings in the year, although they remained comparatively low.

Earnings of foreign subsidiary companies were slightly lower in 1954 than in the preceding year. The disposition of the earnings differed, with relatively more being distributed in dividends. The undistributed portion was $\$ 641$ million, compared with $\$ 776$ million in 1953 .

Manufacturing companies in Canada sharply reduced their reinvestment of earnings, as their overall earnings were reduced, but larger amounts were reinvested in Europe and Latin America. In the case of mining enterprises, a few unusually large dividend payments out of accumulated funds resulted in a smaller total of reinvested earnings. Although total petroleum earnings were higher than in 1953 a smaller proportion of the earnings of the companies was retained abroad
Dividends and interest received on foreign securities and loans held by private investors in the United States have been rising slowly since the war, reaching $\$ 229$ million in 1954. This total includes $\$ 75$ million of dividends, $\$ 93$
million of interest on foreign dollar bonds, and about $\$ 20$ million each of interest on foreign-currency bonds, mediumterm banking and commercial loans, and short-term credits.

About 60 percent of the interest received on United States holdings of dollar bonds comes from Canada and 15 percent from the International Bank. Holdings in most other countries have been so reduced, or the terms have been so modified, that interest payments on these debts have become a minor item in their balances of payments.

A very large part of the dividends and interest received on foreign-currency stocks and bonds comes from Canada and the United Kingdom, but dividends from the Netherlands and other countries will rise somewhat as a result of recent

Table 5.-Direct Investment Capital Flows and Undistributed Subsidiary Earnings, by Specified Countries and Industries, 1953-54 [Millions of dollars]




## r Revised. $\quad \boldsymbol{p}$ Preliminary

1. The gross capital outflow shown in each industry cell of this table represents the sum of the net capital outflows to those foreign subsidiaries and branches for which net outfiows were reported for each of the years covered. Conversely, the gross inflows shown for each cell represent the sum of the net inflows from those foreign subsidiaries and branches for which
inflows were reported in each year. It should be noted that the gross totals, but not the net inflows were reported in each year. It should be noted that the gross totals,
amounts, would change if the compilation were done on a quarterly basis.

Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.
Table 7.-United States Holdings of Dollar Bonds of Specified Countries, Market and Par Values, 1952-54
[Millions of dollars]

|  | 1952 |  | 1953 r |  | 1954 D |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Market Value | $\underset{\text { Value }}{\text { Par }}$ | Market Value | $\underset{\text { Value }}{\text { Par }}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Market } \\ \text { Value } \end{gathered}$ | Par <br> Value |
| All areas. | 2,244 | 2,620 | 2,383 | 2,751 | 2,720 | 2,916 |
| Western Europe...- | 84 | 231 | 82 | 223 | 160 | 218 |
| Belgium. | 17 | 17 | 17 | 17 | 15 | 15 |
| Denmark | 18 | 20 | 16 | 16 | 8 | 8 |
| Germany |  | 104 |  | 104 | 84 | 112 |
| Norway.- | 13 | 13 | 12 | $\stackrel{49}{12}$ | 11 | 11 |
| Other. | 10 | 27 | 10 | 25 | 11 | 24 |
| Canada | 1,384 | 1,390 | 1,477 | 1,492 | 1,604 | 1,573 |
| Latin American Republics.... | 147 | 306 | 136 | 289 | 143 | 279 |
| Bolivia | ${ }^{6}$ | 38 | 5 | 38 | 6 |  |
| Brazil | 40 | 64 | 37 | 58 | 37 | 54 |
| Chile-- | 26 | 61 | 22 | 56 | 22 | 54 |
| Other----- | 25 50 | $\stackrel{47}{96}$ | ${ }_{51}^{21}$ | $\stackrel{42}{95}$ | 25 63 | 40 93 |
| Other foreign countries.... | 229 | 274 | 263 | 305 | 309 | 347 |
| Australia | 86 | 93 | 86 | 87 | 94 | 94 |
| Israel-- | 97 | 97 | 136 | 136 | 173 | 173 |
| Japan, | 44 2 2 | 44 | $\stackrel{38}{3}$ | 38 <br> 44 | ${ }_{38}^{48}$ | ${ }_{44}^{36}$ |
| International Bank for Reconstruction and Development. | 400 | 419 | 425 | 44 442 | 504 | 49 499 |

r Revised.

1. Includes Eastern Euronary.

Source: United States Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.
Table 10.-Farnings on International Investments, by Type, 1950-54.
[Millions of dollars]

| Type of earnings | 1950 | 1951 | 1952 | 1953 r | 1954 D |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Earnings on United States investments abroad, total. | 2,068 | 2,634 | 2,704 | 2,642 | 2,807 |
| Direct investments, total | 1,769 | 2,244 | 2, 295 | 2, 174 | 2,306 |
| Dividends, interest and branch profits | 1,294 | 1, 492 | 1,419 | 1,398 | 1,665 |
| Undistributed profits of subsidiaries.- | 475 | 752 | 876 | 776 | 641 |
|  | 190 | 192 | 205 | 216 | ${ }_{22}^{229}$ |
| Earnings on foreign investments in the United States, total | 478 | 481 | 472 | 571 | 549 |
| Direct investments, total | 281 | 255 | 234 | 306 | 305 |
| Dividends, interest and branch profits. | 148 | 129 | 152 | 185 | 175 |
| Undistributed profits of subsidiaries | 133 | 126 | 82 | 121 | 130 |
| Portfolio investments--.-----.-.-.-.-.-....- | 166 | 179 | 174 | 179 | 185 |
| Interest on United States Government obligations | 31 | 47 | 64 | 86 | 59 |

r Revised.
p Preliminary.
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Table 8.-Banking and Commercial Claims on Foreigners, by Selected Countries ${ }^{1}$ 1953-54
[Millions of dollars]

| Oountries | December 31, 1953 r |  |  |  | December 31, 1954 p |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Banking claims |  | Commercial claims | Total | Banking claims |  | Commercial claims |
|  |  | Shortterm | $\underset{\substack{\text { Medium } \\ \text { term }}}{ }$ |  |  | Shortterm | Medium |  |
| Total | 1,723 | 905 | 325 | 493 | 2, 394 | 1,384 | 423 | 587 |
| Western Europe, total. | 597 | 236 | 207 | 154 | 726 | 396 | 121 | 209 |
| United Kingdom. | 124 | 71 | ${ }^{(3)}{ }_{151}$ | 53 | 246 | 169 | ${ }^{(3)} 9$ | 77 |
| France.-......... | 178 | 11 | (3) 151 | $\begin{array}{r}16 \\ 10 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 125 57 5 | ${ }_{41}^{14}$ | (3) 96 | ${ }_{16}^{15}$ |
| Germany. | 39 | 31 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 8 | 81 | 68 | 2 | 11 |
| Belgium. | 58 | 13 | 36 | 9 | 29 | 20 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 9 |
| Canada------------- | 169 | 56 | 22 | 91 | 175 | 76 | 13 | 86 |
| Latin America, total.-- | 687 | 470 | 62 | 155 | 1,097 | 732 | 167 | 198 |
| Brazil | 165 | 125 | 12 |  | 404 | 278 | 76 | 50 |
| Colombia | 80 | 57 | 10 | 13 | 137 | 107 | 12 | 18 |
| Cuba | 63 | 51 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 12 | 122 | 71 | 35 | 16 |
| Mexieo.............. | 125 | 93 | 8 | 24 | 161 | 116 | 18 | 27 |
| Venezuela.-.-.-...- | 62 | 42 | 1 | 19 | 87 | 63 | 3 | 21 |
| All other countries, total | 270 | 143 |  | 93 |  | 180 | 122 |  |
|  | 43 | 23 | 8 | 12 | 37 | 11 | 20 | 6 |
| Japan.------ | 42 | 26 | 1 | 15 | 140 | 50 | 74 | 16 |
| Union of South Africa. | 28 | 2 | 20 | 6 | 30 | 6 | 18 | 6 |

${ }^{r}$ Revised. $\quad p$ Preliminary.

1. Includes major categories of claims as reported to the Treasury Department regularly by banks and commercial concerns, but does, not include estimates for other types of claims included in table 2 as short-term or "other" long-term private investments.
2. Not including medium-term claims totaling $\$ 84$ million at the end of 1953 and $\$ 102$ mil3. Less than $\$ 500000$

Source: Treasury Bulletin, March and July 1955.

Table 9.-Foreign Holdings of Domestic Stocks, by Selected Countries, 1946-54
[Market values; millions of dollars]

|  | Value, year end |  |  | Change in 1954 |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Value, } \\ \text { year-end } \\ 1954 \text { p } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1946 | 1949 | 1953 r | Net foreign purchases | Price change |  |
| Total ${ }^{1}$ | 2,440 | 2,240 | 3,400 | 135 | 1,469 | 5,004 |
| Western Europe ${ }^{1}$-.-...-.-..... | 1,690 | 1,490 | 2, 350 | 116 | 1,019 | 3,485 |
|  |  | 68 57 | 103 100 | 11 | 44 | 150 |
| France- | 193 430 | $\begin{array}{r}57 \\ 312 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 100 374 | $\begin{array}{r}11 \\ -34 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}46 \\ 151 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 157 |
| Switzerland. | 505 | 522 | 903 | 56 | 394 | 1,353 |
| United Kingdom. | 418 | 450 | 744 | 79 | 330 | 1,153 |
| Other countries....-.------ | 82 | 81 | 126 | 1 | 54 | 181 |
| Western European dependencies. | 50 | 52 | 80 | 4 | 34 | 118 |
| Canada ${ }^{1}$-.------------------------ | 460 | 480 | 650 | -15 | 275 | 910 |
| Latin American Republics ${ }^{\text {T}}$.-..-- | 174 | 173 | 245 | 25 | 107 | 377 |
| All other ${ }^{\text {1 }}$. | 66 | 45 | 75 | 5 | 34 | 114 |

${ }^{r}$ Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary.

1. Grand total and area totals exclude the following holdings by United States citizens resident abroad approximately as given for 1941 in the Treasury Census, TFR 300 : Total, $\$ 250$ other countries, $\$ 10$ million. These amounts are included in table 2.
Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

Table 11.-Direct Investment Earnings by Industry, 1950-54

| [Millions of dollars] |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Industry | 1950 | 1951 | 1952 | $1953{ }^{\text {r }}$ | 1954 D |
| All industries | 1,769 | 2,244 | 2,295 | 2,174 | 2,306 |
| Agriculture... | 115 | 139 | 114 | 76 | 73 |
| Mining and smelting | 145 | 215 | 204 | 149 | 204 |
| Petroleum | 629 | 900 | 1,015 | 952 | 964 |
| Manufacturing | 623 | 690 | 644 | 676 | 698 |
| Public utilities | 60 | 59 | 64 | 63 | 75 |
| Trade | 116 | 142 | 145 | 133 | 149 |
| Other industries. | 81 | 98 | 110 | 125 | 143 |

[^2]Source: United States Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

United States purchases of corporate stocks. Most of the interest on medium- and short-term loans is received on amounts outstanding in Latin America, which have grown considerably in recent years. A small amount of interest is also earned on loans to United Kingdom entities and shortterm funds held in London.
Interest received on United States Government credits to foreign countries rose to $\$ 272$ million in 1954. About $\$ 200$ million of this amount came from Europe, largely the United Kingdom, France and Germany, and about $\$ 30$ million from Latin America.

Earnings of foreigners on their investments in the United States fell slightly to about $\$ 550$ million in 1954, primarily because of a lower return on United States Government obligations.

About 60 percent of foreign earnings in the United States are derived from direct investments. Major direct investments are in insurance and finance, petroleum, food and beverages, and a wide variety of manufacturing concerns. United States branches of foreign insurance companies earned about $\$ 45$ million in 1954, and the bulk of this was added to reserves in the United States. A major portion of the earnings of other enterprises is also reinvested here, resulting in a steady growth of foreign-owned enterprises since the war.

Most of the income on foreign portfolio investments here is derived from holdings of corporate stocks, which have been increasing sharply in value. However, the total amount of dividends paid has not expanded rapidly-since 1950 the increase has been about 10 percent, which is the same as the increase in all United States dividend payments.

Table 12.-Direct Investment Earnings ${ }^{1}$ and Income by Selected Countries, 1950-54, with Major Industries for 1954
[Millions of dollars]

r Revised p Preliminary

1. Income is the sum of dividends, interest, and branch profits; earnings is the sum of ome and undistributed subsidiary earnings.
2. Combined with "other industries.'
3. Includes Northern and Southern Rhodesia and Nyasaland in 1950-53.
4. IncludeNorthern and Southern Rhodesia and Nyasaland in 1954.

Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

THE STATISTICS here are a continuation of the data published in Business Statistics, the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey of Current Business. That volume (price $\$ 1.50$ ) contains monthly data for the years 1949 to 1952, and monthly averages for earlier years back to 1935 insofar as available; it also provides a description of each series and references to sources of monthly figures prior to 1949 . Series added or revised since publication of the 1953 Supplement are indicated by an asterisk (*) and a dagger ( $\dagger$ ), respectively, the accompanying footnote indicating where historical data and a descriptive note may be found. The terms "unadjusted" and "adjusted" used to designate index numbers and dollar values refer to adjustment of monthly figures for seasonal variation.

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| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1954 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | $\begin{gathered} \text { Septem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | October | November | Decern- ber | Janu- | Febru- | March | April | May | June | July |

GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS

$r$ Revised.
 27); for quarterly or monthly data prior to 1952, see the 1954 NATIONAL INCOME SUPPLEMENT.


| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1954 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | ${ }_{\substack{\text { Septem- } \\ \text { ber }}}^{\text {der }}$ | October | Novem- ber | Decem- ber | $\begin{gathered} \text { Janu- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July |

## GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS-Continued

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline NEW PLANT AND EQUIPMENT \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Unadjusted quarterly totals: \(\ddagger\) \\
All industries. mill. of dol.-
\end{tabular} \& 6,932 \& \& \& 6,640 \& \& \& 6,988 \& \& \& 5,847 \& \& \& 17,324 \& \\
\hline  \& 2,859 \& \& \& 2,645 \& \& ------.-- \& 2,965 \& \& \& 2, 249 \& \& \& 2,953 \& \\
\hline  \& 1,309 \& \& \& 1,207 \& \& \& 1,373 \& \& \& 1,063 \& \& \& 1,343 \& \\
\hline  \& 1,550 \& \& \& 1,438 \& \& \& 1,592 \& \& \& 1,186 \& \& \& 1,610 \& \\
\hline  \& 261 \& \& \& 251 \& \& --------- \& 244 \& \& \& 186 \& \& \& 239 \& \\
\hline Railroads \& 245 \& \& \& 179 \& \& \& 180 \& \& \& 179 \& \& \& 232 \& \\
\hline Transportation, other than rail \& 375 \& \& \& 374 \& \& \& 379 \& \& \& 359 \& \& \& 414 \& \\
\hline  \& 1,121 \& \& \& 1,060 \& \& \& 1, 109 \& \& \& 845 \& \& \& 1,185 \& \\
\hline  \& 2,071 \& \& \& 2,133 \& \& \& 2,110 \& \& \& 2,030 \& \& \& 2,302 \& ---------- \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Seasonally adjusted quarterly totals at annual rates: \\

\end{tabular} \& 26.92 \& \& \& 26.84 \& \& \& 26.18 \& \& \& 25.65 \& \& \& 127.86 \& \\
\hline  \& 11.09 \& \& ------ \& 10.98 \& \& --------- \& 10.68 \& \& \& 10.17 \& \& \& 11.22 \& \\
\hline Mining \& 1.04 \& \& \& 1.00 \& \& \& . 91 \& \& \& . 80 \& \& \& . 94 \& \\
\hline  \& . 91 \& \& \& . 80 \& \& \& . 988 \& \& \& + 74 \& \& \& . 80 \& \\
\hline  \& 1.44
4.37 \& \& \& 1.51
4.12 \& \& \& 1.53
4.01 \& \& \& 1.46 \& \& \& 1. 58 \& \\
\hline  \& 4.37
8.07 \& \& \& 8. 42 \& \& \& 8. 46 \& \& \& 8. 46 \& \& \& 4.37 \& \\
\hline FARM INCOME AND MARKETINGS \(\ddagger\) \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Cash receipts from farming, including Government payments, total mil. of dol.- \& 2,109 \& 2,205 \& 2, 481 \& 3, 190 \& 3, 506 \& 3, 191 \& 2,809 \& 2,571 \& 1,948 \& 1,921 \& 1,998 \& 1,919 \& \& \\
\hline Farm marketings and CCO loans, total \& 2,070 \& 2, 187 \& 2,469
1,111 \& 3,178 \& 3,497 \& 3,172 \& 2,779 \& 2,536 \& 1,917 \& 1, 888 \& 1,983 \& 1,902 \& P2,000 \& \\
\hline  \& 719
1,351 \& 1829
1,258 \& 1,111 \& 1, 1,398 \& 2,032 \& 1,655 \& 1, 474 \& 1,245 \& 738
1,179 \& 577
1,321 \& 1,645 \& 1,511
1,391 \& \(p 700\)
\(p 1,300\) \& \\
\hline  \& 1,380 \& 1, 360 \& -349 \& 1,326 \& 1,335 \& 1,320 \& 1,327 \& 1311 \& 1, 299 \& 1,348 \& 1,365 \& 1,396 \& P1,300 \& \\
\hline Meat animals \& 689 \& 628 \& 732 \& 796 \& 835 \& 885 \& 702 \& 741 \& 618 \& 671 \& 674 \& 673 \& \& \\
\hline  \& 243 \& 248 \& 262 \& 260 \& 278 \& 298 \& 261 \& 219 \& 243 \& 286 \& 272 \& 283 \& \& \\
\hline Indexes of cash receipts from marketings and CCC loans, unadjusted: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline All commodities \& \(\begin{array}{r}312 \\ 254 \\ \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& \begin{tabular}{l}
330 \\
328 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{l}
372 \\
393 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& 479
629 \& 528
718 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
479 \\
585 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& 419 \& 382
440 \& 289
261 \& 286 \& 299 \& 287 \& \& \\
\hline  \& - 254 \& 328
331 \& 393
357 \& 629
368 \& 718
386 \& 585
390 \& 521 \& 440
340 \& 261
310 \& 204
348 \& 228
352 \& 181 \& \& \\
\hline Indexes of volume of farm marketings, unadjusted: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& 142 \& 148 \& 163 \& 201 \& 222 \& 196 \& 176 \& 165 \& 129 \& 129 \& 130 \& 134 \& \& \\
\hline  \& 104 \& 132 \& 155 \& 233 \& 263 \& 199 \& 183 \& 167 \& 106 \& 79 \& 80 \& 67 \& \& \\
\hline  \& 171 \& 160 \& 168 \& 177 \& 191 \& 193 \& 171 \& 163 \& 146 \& 166 \& 169 \& 184 \& \& \\
\hline INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Federal Reserve Index of Physical Volume \(\dagger\) \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Unadjusted, combined index \(\dagger \ldots \ldots \ldots\) \& 124 \& 116 \& 123 \& 126 \& 130 \& 130 \& 128 \& 131 \& 135 \& 137 \& 138 \& \({ }^{\text {r }} 138\) \& -139 \& \({ }^{p} 133\) \\
\hline  \& 125 \& 116 \& 125 \& 127 \& 132 \& 132 \& 129 \& 133 \& 136 \& 140 \& 140 \& r 139 \& \(r 141\) \& p 134 \\
\hline  \& 135 \& 125 \& 132 \& 135 \& 140 \& 143 \& 143 \& 147 \& 151 \& 154 \& 155 \& 155 \& r 155 \& \({ }^{2} 149\) \\
\hline  \& 109 \& 94 \& 100 \& 103 \& 112 \& 118 \& 117 \& 129 \& 136 \& 142 \& 144 \& \({ }^{+143}\) \& \({ }^{+143}\) \& \({ }^{2} 126\) \\
\hline  \& 109 \& 96 \& 97 \& 102 \& 112 \& 122 \& 121 \& 130 \& 138 \& 146 \& 148 \& 151 \& 147 \& \\
\hline Primary nonferrous metals \& 149 \& 142 \& 139 \& 137 \& 142 \& 158 \& 160 \& 159 \& 167 \& 169 \& r 166 \& 166 \& \& \\
\hline Metal fabricating (incl. ordnance) --......-do...-- \& 147 \& 138 \& 144 \& 145 \& 150 \& 154 \& 156 \& 159 \& 162 \& 165 \& 166 \& -165 \& ¢ 164 \& \({ }^{\text {p }} 159\) \\
\hline Fabricated metal products...-..........-do....- \& 122 \& 116 \& 124 \& 124 \& 126 \& 125 \& 124 \& 124 \& 126 \& 130 \& \% 131 \& r 134 \& 135 \& p 133 \\
\hline  \& 137 \& 128 \& 138 \& 145 \& 150 \& 150 \& 146 \& 148 \& 152 \& 154 \& 152 \& 151 \& r 153 \& \(p 143\) \\
\hline  \& 125 \& 119 \& 118 \& 122 \& 121 \& \({ }_{206}^{121}\) \& 123 \& 126 \& 129 \& 132 \& \(\stackrel{5}{5} 13\) \& \({ }_{+} 135\) \& 137 \& p 130 \\
\hline Electrical machinery---------------- \({ }^{\text {do. }}\) \& 162 \& 145 \& 176 \& 189 \& 207 \& 206 \& 191 \& 191 \& 196 \& 195 \& г 189 \& \({ }^{1} 181\) \& \({ }^{\tau} 184\) \& p 167 \\
\hline Transportation equipment---.-.-.-.-.-. do. \& 175 \& 165 \& 165 \& 155 \& 159 \& 179 \& 191 \& 200 \& 205 \& 209 \& 213 \& 209 \& r 200 \& - 203 \\
\hline  \& 143 \& 125 \& 123 \& 81 \& 70 \& 144 \& 174 \& 195 \& 210 \& 215 \& 223 \& 205 \& 184 \& \\
\hline  \& 96 \& 78 \& 79 \& 74 \& 78 \& 93 \& 94 \& 98 \& 87 \& 104 \& 137 \& 132 \& 134 \& \\
\hline Aircraft and parts....-. .-...............do. \& 472 \& 469 \& 465 \& 470 \& 464 \& 471 \& 478 \& 479 \& 477 \& 479 \& 472 \& - 469 \& 466 \& \\
\hline Instruments and related products..---- do. \& -135 \& 132 \& 132 \& 137 \& 138 \& 140 \& 142 \& 140 \& 142 \& 145 \& 144 \& r 142 \& r 149 \& -148 \\
\hline  \& 100 \& 99 \& 107 \& 111 \& 113 \& 112 \& 112 \& 109 \& 113 \& 114 \& 111 \& 113 \& r 117 \& \({ }^{p} 113\) \\
\hline Lumber and products...-.-.-.......-.----- do.-.- \& 115 \& 91 \& 102 \& 123 \& 134 \& 123 \& 116 \& -117 \& \({ }^{5} 125\) \& 126 \& 128 \& 129 \& 137. \& p 126 \\
\hline Stone, clay, and glass products....-......-. - do. \& 131 \& 128 \& 134 \& 136 \& 139 \& 137 \& 134 \& 132 \& 134 \& 140 \& r 146 \& r 149 \& +155 \& \({ }^{p} 153\) \\
\hline  \& 127 \& 121 \& 130 \& 136 \& 140 \& 139 \& 134 \& 129 \& 134 \& 136 \& 133 \& 136 \& +139 \& p 135 \\
\hline Nondurable manufactures...-------.-.-.-...- do. \& 115 \& 107 \& 117 \& 119 \& 123 \& 120 \& 115 \& 119 \& 122 \& 125 \& 124 \& r 124 \& r 126 \& p 119 \\
\hline Food and beverage manufactures.............do. \& 109 \& 109 \& 115 \& 120 \& 117 \& 110 \& 101 \& 98 \& 97 \& 100 \& 101 \& 104 \& 112 \& \\
\hline  \& 106 \& 107 \& 117 \& 124 \& 118 \& 113 \& 104 \& 102 \& 99 \& 100 \& 100 \& 102 \& 108 \& \\
\hline  \& 108 \& 102 \& 108 \& 120 \& 127 \& 135 \& 136 \& 138 \& 124 \& 128 \& 118 \& 114 \& 114 \& \\
\hline  \& 98 \& 99 \& 98 \& 98 \& 199 \& 98 \& 98 \& 94 \& 95 \& 95 \& r94 \& r 97 \& 99 \& \\
\hline  \& 124 \& 118 \& 108 \& 107 \& 110 \& 97 \& 88 \& 84 \& 89 \& 101 \& 107 \& 113 \& \& \\
\hline  \& 114 \& 103 \& 96 \& 98 \& 107 \& 99 \& 84 \& 80 \& 86 \& 100 \& 106 \& 107 \& \& \\
\hline  \& 114 \& 92 \& 111 \& 109 \& 111 \& 103 \& 83 \& 105 \& 104 \& 105 \& 98 \& +109 \& \& \\
\hline  \& 93 \& 82 \& 97 \& 97 \& 103 \& 102 \& 98 \& 104 \& 108 \& 109 \& 109 \& 108 \& 108 \& \\
\hline Cotton and synthetic fabrics-.---------do.--- \& 96 \& 85 \& 101 \& 100 \& 109 \& 110 \& 104 \& 114 \& 116 \& 118 \& 118 \& 117 \& 110 \& \\
\hline  \& 70 \& 68 \& 74 \& 67 \& 69 \& 69 \& 70 \& 70 \& 72 \& 74 \& 79 \& -83 \& 86 \& \\
\hline Apparel and allied products.-.-----------do. \& 99 \& 91 \& 110 \& 101 \& 106 \& 107 \& 99 \& 113 \& 116 \& 123 \& \% 116 \& 113 \& 108 \& \\
\hline Learher and products \& 94 \& 87 \& 101 \& 94 \& 98 \& 94 \& 94 \& 105 \& 112 \& 113 \& - 105 \& -100 \& 105 \& \\
\hline Paper and allied products...........-..........do. \& 136 \& 120 \& 137 \& 137 \& 146 \& 140 \& 129 \& 140 \& 148 \& 152 \& 154 \& 153 \& 156 \& \\
\hline Pulp and paper \& 136 \& 116 \& 134 \& 133 \& 140 \& 139 \& 127 \& 140 \& 147 \& 150 \& 148 \& 151 \& \& \\
\hline Printing and publishing -------------.-.- do \& 119 \& 113 \& 116 \& 122 \& 125 \& 125 \& 123 \& 118 \& 121 \& 126 \& 126 \& 126 \& \(\bigcirc 126\) \& p119 \\
\hline Chemicals and allied products \& 144 \& 137 \& 144 \& 149 \& 155 \& 156 \& 156 \& 157 \& 162 \& 165 \& T 164 \& 164 \& 164 \& \\
\hline Industrial chemicals \& 152 \& 145 \& 150 \& 153 \& 160 \& 165 \& 166 \& 169 \& 176 \& - 184 \& \({ }^{*} 182\) \& 182 \& 184 \& \\
\hline  \& 124 \& 122 \& 124 \& 127 \& 126 \& 129 \& 129 \& 132 \& 134 \& 133 \& \(r 132\) \& \({ }^{*} 131\) \& r 136 \& \({ }^{p} 136\) \\
\hline Petroleum refining \& 131 \& 130 \& 131 \& 133 \& 132 \& 136 \& 140 \& 142 \& 144 \& 139 \& r 136 \& \({ }^{+} 135\) \& 142 \& \\
\hline  \& 121 \& 85 \& 94 \& 118 \& 132 \& 124 \& 128 \& 145 \& 144 \& 146 \& r 146 \& 145 \& 150 \& \\
\hline  \& 115 \& 116 \& 111 \& 111 \& 112 \& 114 \& 114 \& 117 \& 119 \& 118 \& 120 \& \({ }^{*} 122\) \& 122. \& D 122 \\
\hline  \& \({ }^{63}\) \& 57 \& 68 \& 70. \& 77 \& 75 \& 75 \& 77 \& 79 \& 71 \& 72 \& 77 \& 74 \& p 77 \\
\hline  \& 136 \& 133 \& 130 \& 129 \& 130 \& 136 \& 138 \& 142 \& 144 \& 144 \& 144 \& \% 140 \& 140 \& p 141 \\
\hline  \& 120 \& 108
130 \& 100
130 \& 98
129 \& 92
129 \& 79
126 \& 76
122 \& 79
115 \& 85
113 \& 86
122 \& 101 \& +131

+133 \& 141 \& <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

${ }^{7}$ Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ Estimates based on anticipated capital expenditures of business; those for the $3 d$ quarter of 1955 appear on $\mathbf{p} .4$ of the May 1955 Surver.
 $\dagger$ Revised series. For a detailed description of the revision and monthly and annual data beginning 1947 , see the December 1953 issue of the Federal Reserve Bullefin.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1954 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | Septem. ber | October | Novem. ber | Decem- ber | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July |

## GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS—Continued

| INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION-Continued <br> Federal Reserve Index of Physical Volume $\%$-Con. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adjusted, combined index..-.---------1947-49=100.. | 124 | 123 | 123 | 124 | 126 | 128 | 130 | 132 | 133 | 135 | 136 | 138 | 139 | p 140 |
|  | 125 | 124 | 125 | 126 | 128 | 130 | 131 | 133 | 134 | 136 | 138 | 140 | 141 | ${ }^{p} 143$ |
|  | 135 | 134 | 135 | 137 | 139 | 142 | 143 | 145 | 147 | 148 | r 151 | 153 | $\bigcirc 155$ | $p 157$ |
|  | 108 | 103 | 105 | 105 | 111 | 118 | 121 | 127 | 131 | 136 | 138 | -140 | $\bigcirc 142$ | ${ }^{p} 139$ |
| Metal fabricatin (incl ordnance) --------- do----- | 147 | 147 | 148 | 149 | 150 | 152 | 154 | 155 | 157 | 157 | 160 | 162 | 163 | ${ }^{p} 168$ |
| Fabricated metal products....------.---do..-- | 122 | 122 | 124 | 122 | 124 | 125 | 125 | 125 | 126 | 129 | 130 | ${ }_{+1}^{134}$ | 135 | ${ }^{p} 138$ |
|  | 139 | 141 | 144 | 147 | 147 | 148 | 145 | 145 | 146 | 146 | 149 +181 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } 151 \\ \Gamma 131 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | -155 | ${ }^{p} 158$ |
| Nonelectrical machinery -.---...........do-... | 124 | 125 | 125 | 125 | 123 | 122 | 120 | 124 | 125 | 126 | +131 | r 134 +183 | 136 | p 137 p 199 |
| Electrical machinery .----------.-.-.-- do-.-- | 170 | 173 | 181 | 189 | 194 | 188 | 193 | 187 | 187 | 184 | 185 | r 183 | r 194 | - 199 |
| Transportation equipment---.-.-.....-- - do...- | 170 | 170 | 166 | 167 | 169 | 175 | 187 | 191 | 193 | 195 | -197 | 199 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 194$ | ${ }^{\sim} 204$ |
| Instruments and related products....-.-.-do....- | 135 | 136 | 135 | 137 | 137 | 138 | 140 | 140 | 142 | 143 | 143 | -142 | -149 | p 153 |
|  | 104 | 106 | 109 | 109 | 110 | 108 | 108 | 109 | 109 | 112 | 113 | +117 | ${ }^{-122}$ | $p 122$ |
|  | 108 | 96 | 97 | 116 | 128 | 124 | 131 | 129 | 127 | ${ }^{+} 127$ | $\bigcirc 127$ | 128 | 133 | P131 |
| Stone, clay, and glass nroducts...---------do---- | 129 | 131 | 132 | 134 | 132 | 136 | 135 | 136 | 138 | 143 | '146 | r 149 | ${ }^{+153}$ | ${ }^{\circ} 156$ |
|  | 131 | 130 | 133 | 132 | 132 | 132 | 131 | 132 | 133 | 135 | 135 | 140 | '143 | P 145 |
| Nondurable manufactures.....-...-.........-do. | 116 | 114 | 114 | 115 | 117 | 118 | 119 | 121 | 121 | 124 | 125 | +127 | 128 | p 128 |
| Food and beverave manufactures...-...-. -do. | +107 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 106 | 106 | 107 | 106 | 109 | 110 | 110 | 109 |  |
| Tobaceo manufactures-.---.------------- do | 107 | 101 | ${ }_{94}^{99}$ | 102 | 102 | 100 | 101 | 107 | 106 | 107 | 103 | 109 |  |  |
| Textile-mill nroduets...-...-----.-----.- do | 93 | 95 | 94 | 95 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 103 | 103 | 104 | $\stackrel{109}{+114}$ | 109 | 116 |  |
| Apparel and allied nroducts..........-.-.-. - do. | 106 | 102 | 103 | 101 | 103 | 105 | 107 | 108 | 106 | 115 | ${ }^{5} 114$ | 117 | 116 |  |
| Leather and products..-..-.-.-.-.-........-do.-. | 95 | 100 | 96 | 91 | 94 | 96 | 100 | 105 | 104 | 105 | ¢ 105 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 105$ | 107 |  |
|  | 136 | 133 | 135 | 137 | 138 | 137 | 136 | 140 | 143 | 147 | 151 | 156 | 156 |  |
|  | 121 | 121 | 121 | 121 | 121 | 120 | 121 | 122 | 122 | 124 | ${ }^{+123}$ | 125 | $\bigcirc 127$ | ${ }^{1} 27$ |
| Chemicals and allied products.............-do. | 148 | 148 | 149 | 150 | 150 | 152 | 155 | 154 | 157 | 160 | 163 | 167 | 169 |  |
| Petroleum and coal products..-...........-do. | 124 | 122 | 121 | 125 | 124 | 127 | 129 | 131 | 134 | 134 | +136 ${ }^{1} 14$ | r 134 | ${ }^{*} 136$ | p 136 |
|  | 120 | 97 | 98 | 117 | 125 | 122 | 133 | 143 | 138 | 140 | r 144 | 147 | 149 |  |
|  | 114 | 112 | 109 | 108 | 109 | 113 | 116 | 120 | 123 | 121 | 120 | ${ }^{1} 121$ | + 123 | - 122 |
|  | 69 | 70 | 68 | 67 | 70 | ${ }^{69}$ | -7388 | 74 | 79 | 72 | 572 | ${ }^{181}$ | ז 86 | ${ }^{p} 87$ |
| Cride oil and natural gas.---------------- do - | 136 | 133 | 130 | 129 | 130 | 136 | 138 | 142 | 144 | 144 | 144 | +140 | 140 | ${ }^{p} 141$ |
|  | 99 | 91 | 83 | 82 | 81 | 86 | 103 | 110 | 114 | 113 | 100 | 110 |  |  |
|  | 122 | 125 | 121 | 121 | 121 | 125 | 127 | 126 | 124 | 132 | 129 | 128 |  |  |
| CONSUMER DURABLES OUTPUT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unadjusted, tofal output*--............ 1947-49=100 | 116 | 102 | 113 | 108 | 109 | 129 | 132 | 142 | 151 | 155 | ${ }^{+156}$ | ${ }^{\text {r }} 147$ | r 144 | p 138 |
| Major consumer durahles.....-...................do... | 125 | 107 | 121 | 111 | 111 | 142 | 149 | 163 | 174 | 179 | ${ }^{+180}$ | - 167 | $\bigcirc 160$ | ${ }^{p} 153$ |
|  | 143 | ${ }_{92}^{125}$ | 123 | 81 | 70 | 144 | 174 | 195 | 210 | 215 | 223 | 205 | $\ulcorner 184$ | ${ }^{p} 195$ |
|  | 112 | ${ }_{89}^{92}$ | 121 | 139 | 149 | 142 | 130 | 137 | 146 | 151 | $\bigcirc 145$ | - 136 | r 142 | ${ }^{\circ} 117$ |
|  | 93. | 88 | 102 | 108 | 111 | 118 | 109 | 108 | 111 | 114 | +111 | 109 | 113 |  |
|  | 112 | 88 116 | 101 | 122 | 124 | 116 | 108 | 124 | 138 272 | ${ }_{260}^{151}$ | ${ }^{7} 150$ | 145 189 | 154 |  |
|  | 165 | 116 90 | 234 94 | 279 | 338 | 324 | $\stackrel{24}{ }$ | 250 | 272 97 | ${ }_{99}$ | 228 99 | 189 $\times 102$ | 192 $r 106$ | 104 |
|  | 118 | 116 | 115 | 114 | 112 | 119 | 125 | 131 | 135 | 139 | r 144 | 145 | $r 147$ |  |
|  | 128 | 126 | 125 | 121 | 117 | 128 | 137 | 145 | 151 | 156 | r 163 | 164 | r 165 | p 174 |
|  | 136 | 127 | 121 | 110. | 104 | 127 | 149 | 160 | 172 | 179 | 190 | 189 | 180 | ${ }^{p} 195$ |
|  | ${ }_{96}^{123}$ | 127 | 131 | 132 | 131 | 130 | 129 | 133 | 135 | 138 | -142 | r 143 | r 154 | p 158 |
| Fumiture and floor coverings.---.-.-.-.-. do | 96 | 102 | 106 | 107 | 106 | 103 | 105 | 107 | 107 | 109 | 110 | 113 | 117 |  |
| Appliunces and beaters..-...........---.- do - | 110 | 114 | 109 | 112 | 110 | 114 | 115 | 128 | 131 | 137 | $\bigcirc 145$ | ${ }^{\top} 146$ | 152 |  |
| Radio and television sets.-...------.-.... do... | 243 | 241 | 270 | 267 | 270 | 259 | 242 | 225 | 226 | 222 | 226 | 222 | 269 |  |
|  | 96 | 93 | 91 | 98 | 98 | 97 | 96 | 98 | 99 | 100 | 100 | ${ }^{\text {\% }} 103$ | $\cdot 106$ | D 110 |
| BUSINESS SALES AND INVENTORIES§ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing and tradesales (adj.), total $\dagger$ - .-.- bil. of dol.- | 46.9 | 46.6 | 46.3 | 46.4 | 45.6 | 47.6 | 48.7 | 48.7 | 48.9 | 50.7 | 50.91 | r 51.7 | 52.3 |  |
|  | 23.3 | 23.2 | 23.1 | 23.0 | 22.5 | 24.0 | 24.1 | 24.3 | 24.6 | 26.0 | 26.0 | - 26.6 | 27.2 |  |
| Durable-goods industries....-.......--.-...- do. | 11.3 | 11.2 | 10.9 | 10.8 | 10.3 | 11. 3 | 11.6 | 11.9 | 12.0 | 12.9 | 12.8 | 13.3 | 13.5 |  |
| Nondurable-goods industries..-........-.-.-. - do...- | 12.1 | 12.1 | 12.2 | 12.2 | 12.2 | 12.7 | 12.5 | 12.4 | 12.6 | 13.1 | 13.2 | ${ }^{13.3}$ | 13.6 |  |
| Wholesale trade, total --.-.-.-.-...-.-....-- do. | 9.1 | 9.1 | 9.1 | 9.2 | 9.0 | 9.3 | 9. 5 | 9.5 | 9.5 | 9.7 | 9.6 | 9.7 | 9.7 |  |
| Durable-goods establishments.--...-.-.-.....do. | 2.9 | 3.0 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.9 | 3.0 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.3 | 3.3 |  |
| Nondurable-goods establishments.-----...- do-.-- | 6.2 | 6.1 | 6.1 | 6.3 | 6.2 | 6.3 | 6.5 | 6. 4 | 6.4 | 6.5 | 6.4 | 6.4 | 6.5 |  |
|  | 14.4 | 14.3 | 14.2 | 14.2 | 14.1 | 14.4 | 15.1 | 14.9 | 14.8 | 151 | 15.3 | 15.4 | 15.4 |  |
|  | 5.0 | 4.9 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 4.7 | 4.9 | 5.3 | 5.1 | 5.2 | 5.5 | 5.5 | 5.5 | 5.6 |  |
| Nondurable-goods stores.------------.....-. do....- | 9.4 | 9.4 | 9.4 | 9.4 | 9.4 | 9.4 | 9.8 | 9.7 | 9.6 | 9.6 | 9.7 | 9.9 | 9.8 |  |
| Manufacturing and trade inventories, book value, end of month (adjusted), totalt. .bil. of dol.. | 78.7 | 77.6 | 76.3 | 77.0 | 76.9 | 77.1 | 76.9 | 76.9 | 77.3 | 77.5 | 77.7 | '78.4 | 78.8 |  |
| Manufacturing, total† ...........................de. | 44.2 | 43.4 | 43.1 | 42.9 | 43.2 | 43.3 | 43.3 | 43.2 | 43.3 | 43.3 | 43.3 | 43.5 | 43.8 |  |
| Durable-goods industries.....-................... ${ }^{\text {do. }}$ | 24.6 | 24.0 | 23.8 | 23.7 | 23.9 | 24.0 | 24.0 | 24.0 | 24.0 | 24.1 | 24.2 | 24.3 | 24.5 |  |
| Nondurable-goods industries..----.-.-......-do....- | 19.6 | 19.4 | 19.2 | 19.2 | 19.3 | 19.3 | 19.2 | 19.2 | 19.2 | 19.2 | 19.1 | 19.2 | 19.3 |  |
| Wholesale trade, total .-.................--....- do | 11.9 | 11.8 | 11.8 | 11.7 | 11.7 | 11.7 | 11.5 | 11.5 | 11.7 | 11.6 | 11.7 | 11.8 | 11.8 |  |
| Durable-goods establishments-.......--..... do... | 5.8 | 5.8 | 5.8 | 5.8 | 5.9 | 5.91 | 5.7 | 5.7 | 5.7 | 5.7 | 5. 7 | 5.8 | 5.9 |  |
| Nondurable-goods establishments...----...- do-.-- | 6. 1 | 6. 0 | 5. 9 | 5.9 | 5.9 | 5.9 \| | 5.8 | 5.8 | 5.9 | 5.9 | 6.0 | 6. 0 | 5.9 |  |
|  | 22.6 | 22.4 | 22.5 | 22.4 | 22.0 | 22.1 | 22.1 | 22.2 | 22.4 | 22.6 | 22.8 | 23.0 | 23.2 |  |
|  | 10.4 | 10.2 | 10.3 | 10. 2 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.1 | 10.2 | 10.3 | 10.5 | 10.6 | 10.8 | 10.8 |  |
| Nondurable.goods stores | 12.2 | 12. 2 | 12. 2 | 12.2' | 12.0 | 12.1 | 12.0 | 12.1 | 12.0 | 12.1 | 12.2 | 12.3 | 12.4 |  |

[^3]*New series. Compiled by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. For description of the index and back figures, see the May 1954 Federal Reserve Bulletin and subsequen $t$ issues.
§The term "business" here includes only manufacturing and trade. Business inventories as shown on p. S-1 cover data for all types of producers, both farm and nonfarm. Unadjusted data for manufacturing are shown on p. S-4; those for retail and wholesale trade, on po. S-9 and S-10.
thevised serics. Effective with the May and June 1955 issues of the SURYEY, data for manufacturers' sales, inventories, and orders have been adjusted to new benchmarks; the revision
mets data beginning 1951 (the back revisions for sales and inventories, except by stages of fabrication, appear on pp. 20 ff. of the May SURvEY; those for inventories by stages of fabrication affects data beginning 1951 (the back revisions for sales and inventories, except by stages of fabrication, appear on pp. 20 ff. of the May SURVEY; those for inventories by stages of fabrication
and for new and unfiled orders, on pp. 21 ff. of the June SURVEY).

| Uniess otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive motes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1954 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | September | October | November | Decerm. ber | January | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Febru- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | March | April | May | June | July |

## GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS—Continued

## MANUFACTURERS' SALEES, INVENTORIES,

Sales, value (unadjusted), total $\dagger \ldots \ldots . .$. ............. of dol. Durable $\qquad$ Primary metal -
Fabricated metal
Machinery (including electrical) Transportation equipment (includi-............. d Transportation equipment (including motor
 Other durable-soods industries

Nondurable-goods industries, total Food and beverage
Tobaceo
Paper.-
Cbemical.
Petroleum and coal
Rubber-
Other nondurable-goods indu tries .......................................................
Sales, value (adjusted), total $\dagger$ -
Durable-goods industries, total Primary metal.
Fabricated metal---1.Machinery (includins electrical)--...-.-.-. do Transportation equipment (including Lumber and furniture.
Stone, clay, and glass--.-.-.-.
Nondurable-goods industries, total $\qquad$
Nondurable-goods ind
Food and beverage Tood and
Textile
Chemical
Petroleum and coal
Rubber
Othor nondurable-goods industries
Inventories, end of month: $\dagger$
Book value (unadjusted), total -.................... do Durable-goods industries, total Primary metal. Fabricated metal
Machinery (ineluding electrical) Transportation equipment (ineluding -- do..vohicles) Lumber and furniture Stone, clay, and glass
Other durable-goods industries By stages of fabrication:


Nondurable-goods industries, total . . mil. of dol Food and beverage.. Tobacco Paper-Petroleum and coal Rubber.
 By ser nondurable-goods industries Purchased materiols.
 Foods in process

Inventories, end of month: $\dagger$
ook value (adjusted), total Durable-goods industries, tot $\qquad$ Primary metal. Fabricated metal
Mach inery (including electrical) Machmery (including electrical) ---- doTransportation equipment (including motor Lumber and furniture Stone, clay and glass --............. By stages of fabrication:
 Goods in process

Nondurable-goods industries, total ....mil. of dol. Food and beverage Tobacco Paper. Petroleum Publ
Other nondurable-goods industries By stages of fabrication: Purchased materials Goods in process

, Revised. †Revised series. See corresponding note on p. S-3.

| Unless otherwise stated, atatistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1954 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | Septem- ber | October | Novem- ber | Decem- ber | $\underset{\text { ary }}{\text { Janu- }}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July |

## GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS—Continued



## COMMODITY PRICES

| PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS <br> Prices received, all farm products§ $-\ldots-.-1910-14=100$. | 247 | 245 | 249 | 246 | 242 | 242 | 239 | 243 | 244 | 243 | 247 | 244 | 243 | 237 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 243 | 247 | 248 | 247 | 243 | 243 | 243 | 247 | 244 | 243 | 252 | 255 | 244 | 238 |
|  | 216 | 225 | 228 | 233 | 235 | 239 | 239 | 241 | 240 | 239 | 236 | 240 | 232 | 222 |
| Feed grains and hay .-.........................-do..... | 205 | 202 | 207 | 210 | 204 | 199 | 202 | 204 | 203 | 198 | 197 | 200 | 196 | 190 |
|  | 445 | 446 | 430 | 444 | 441 | 438 | 430 | 425 | 436 | 437 | 437 | 436 | 435 | 435 |
|  | 274 | 272 | 288 | 292 | 293 | 281 | 276 | 275 | 268 | 269 | 270 | 266 | 266 | 271 |
|  | ${ }_{127}^{236}$ | 228 | 234 | 248 | 220 | 210 | 218 | 216 | 203 | 204 | 216 | 209 | 239 | 235 |
| Commercial vegetables, fresh market.-.......do. | 197 | 228 | 199 | 173 | 190 | 226 | 221 | 257 | 258 | 262 | 270 | 308 | 230 | 223 |
| Oil-bearing crops------------------------- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ - | 283 | 286 | 294 | 276 | 275 | 277 | 279 | 274 | 270 | 264 | 261 | 259 | 256 | 257 |
|  | 249 | 244 | 249 | 245 | 241 | 241 | 236 | 240 | 245 | 243 | 242 | 234 | 242 | 237 |
|  | 296 | 278 | 282 | 274 | 265 | 261 | 253 | 263 | 264 | 260 | 269 | 260 | 276 | 261 |
|  | 229 | 238 | 245 | 254 | 262 | 266 | 264 | 258 | 255 | 248 | 241 | 236 | 235 | 242 |
|  | 169 | 172 | 179 | 162 | 154 | 159 | 155 | 163 | 190 | 199 | 185 | 175 | 176 | 178 |
| Prices paid: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All commodities and services..--.-.-.---.-....-do..-- | 265 | 263 | 264 | 263 | 262 | 262 | 261 | 264 | 264 | 265 | 265 | 263 | 263 | 262 |
| Family living items.------------------------ do----- | ${ }_{2}^{276}$ | ${ }_{2}^{277}$ | 277 250 | ${ }_{251}^{273}$ | 273 250 | ${ }_{251}^{272}$ | ${ }_{250}^{272}$ | ${ }_{254}^{273}$ | ${ }_{256}^{271}$ | ${ }_{278}^{273}$ | 274 | 274 | ${ }^{+} 274$ | ${ }^{274}$ |
| All commodities and services, interest, taxes, and wage ratest $1910-14=100$ | 252 282 | 247 280 | 250 282 | 251 280 | 250 279 | 251 279 | 250 279 | 254 283 | 256 283 | 256 284 | 254 284 | 251 282 | 250 282 | 248 281 |
|  | 88 | 88 | 89 | 88 | 87 | 87 | 86 | 86 | 87 | 86 | 87 | 87 | 86 | 84 |

$r$ Revised. tSee ccrresponding note on p. S-3. $\quad$ Includes textiles, leather, paper, and printing and publishing industries; unfilled orders for other nondurable-goods industries are
${ }^{\text {zero }}$. For these industries (food, beverages, tobacco, apparel, petroleum, chemicals, and rubber), sales are considered equal to new orders. orData are from Dun and Bradstreet, Inc. §Data for prices received have been revised back to January 1952 (see p. 28 of the July 1955 SURVEY for revisions prior to those shown above); for revised annual data for $1910-51$, see p . 23 of the April 1954 Surver. $\ddagger$ Revisions for $1937-53$ for prices paid and 1910-53 for parity ratio appear on p. 24 of the April 1954 Surver. $\oplus$ Ratio of prices received to prices paid (including interest, taxes, and wage rates).

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1954 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | Septem- | October | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Novem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Decem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Janu- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | $\overline{\substack{\text { Febru- } \\ \text { ary }}}$ | March | April | May | June | July |

COMMODITY PRICES-Continued

| RETAIL PRICES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All commodities (U. S. Department of Commerce index). $\qquad$ $1935-39=100$.. | 209.0 | 209.7 | 209.0 | 208.2 | 207.6 | 207.6 | 207.6 | 207.3 | 207.5 | 207.5 | 207.9 | - 207.7 | 207.8 |  |
| Consumer price index (U. S. Department of Labor): <br> All items <br> $1947-49=100$ | 115.1 | 115.2 | 115.0 | 114.7 | 114.5 | 114.6 | 114.3 | 114.3 | 114.3 | 114.3 | 114.2 | 114.2 | 1114.4 |  |
|  | 104.2 | 104.0 | 103.7 | 104.3 | 104.6 | 104.6 | 104.3 | 103.3 | 103.4 | 103.2 | 103.1 | 103.3 | 103.2 |  |
|  | 113.8 | 114.6 | 113.9 | 112.4 | 111.8 | 111.1 | 110.4 | 110.6 | 110.8 | 110.8 | 111.2 | 111.1 | 111.3 |  |
| Dairy product | 102.9 | 104.3 | 105. 1 | 105.8 | 106. 7 | 106.6 | 106.8 | 106.4 | 106. 1 | 105.4 | 104.6 | 104.0 | 104.1 |  |
|  | 117.1 | 120.1 | 114.7 | 110.5 | 111.1 | 109.6 | 108.4 | 110.6 | 110.7 | 112.0 | 117.5 | 120.2 | 119.5 |  |
|  | 111.1 | 109.7 | 107.6 | 106.7 | 103.9 | 103.5 | 102.2 | 102.4 | 102.5 | 102.3 | 103.0 | 102.1 | 103.8 |  |
|  | 118.9 | 119.0 | 119.2 | 119.5 | 119.5 | 119.5 | 119.7 | 119.6 | 119.6 | 119.6 | 119.5 | 119.4 | 119.7 |  |
|  | 107.6 | 107.8 | 107.8 | 107.9 | 108. 5 | 108.7 | 109.1 | 109.4 | 109.9 | 110.3 | 110.3 | 110.9 | 110.7 |  |
|  | 105.8 | 105.75 | 105.4 | 106.0 | 105. 6 | 105. 4 | 105.4 | 104.6 | 114.8 | 104.6 | 104.5 | 103.7 | 103.8 |  |
|  | 128.3 | 128.5 | 128.6 | 128.8 | 129.0 | 129.2 | 129.4 | 129.5 | 129.7 | 130.0 | 129.9 | 130.3 | 130.4 |  |
|  | 125.1 | 125.2 | 125.5 | 125.7 | 125.9 | 126. 1 | 126.3 | 126.5 | 126.8 | 127.0 | 127.3 | 127.5 | 127.6 |  |
|  | 112.7 | 113.3 | 113.4 | 113.5 | 113.4 | 113.8 | 113.6 | 113.7 | 113.5 | 113.5 | 113.7 | 113.9 | 114.7 |  |
| Reading and recreation .-.....................-- do. | 106.4 | 107.0 | 106. 6 | 106.5 | 106. 9 | 106.8 | 106.6 | 106.9 | 106. 4 | 106.6 | 106. 6 | 106.5 | 106. 2 |  |
|  | 128.9 | 126.7 | 126.6 | 126. 4 | 125.0 | 127.6 | 127.3 | 127.6 | 127.4 | 127.3 | 125.3 | 125.5 | 125.8 |  |
|  | 120.1 | 120.3 | 120. 2 | 120.1 | 120.1 | 120.0 | 119.9 | 119.9 | 119.8 | 119.8 | 119.8 | 119.9 | 119.9 |  |
| U.S. Department of Labor indexes: <br> All commodities....-.....................-. $1947-49=100$. | 110.0 | 110.4 | 110.5 | 110.0 | 109.7 | 110.0 | 109.5 | 110.1 | 110.4 | 110.0 | 110.5 | 109.9 | 110.3 | 110.6 |
|  | 94.8 | 96.2 | 95.8 | 93.6 | 93.1 | 93.2 | 89.9 | 92.5 | 93.1 | 92.1 | 94.2 | 91.2 | 91.8 | 89.5 |
| Fruits and vegetables, fresh and dried....-do. | 96.6 | 110.9 | 108. 3 | 99.8 | 101.9 | 103.2 | 96. 9 | 105. 2 | 103.8 | 104. 4 | 120.9 | 118.7 | 104.7 | 98.7 |
|  | 86.5 | 88.1 | 91.2 | 83.6 | 92. ${ }^{9}$ | 93.5 | 92.5 | 93.5 | ${ }^{93.1}$ | 92.2 | 81.0 | 92.4 | -90.3 | 86.7 |
| Livestock and live poultry --------------.- do. | 87.7 | 83.2 | 83.4 | 80.7 | 77.5 | 76.4 | 74.0 | 79.4 | 80.7 | 79.9 | 84.0 | 78.4 | 83.1 | 79.4 |
|  | 105.0 | 106. 5 | 106. 4 | 105. 5 | 103.7 | 103.8 | 103.5 | 103.8 | 103. 2 | 101. 6 | 102.5 | 102.1 | 103.9 | 103.1 |
| Cereal and bakery products.-.-..-......-- do | 113.5 | 114.0 | 113.2 | 113.8 | 114. 5 | 116.5 | 116.8 | 116.9 | 116.3 | 116.5 | 116.8 | 118.3 | 117.6 | 117.6 |
| Dairy products and ice cream-...-......do | 102.4 | $\stackrel{105.1}{104.7}$ | 105.9 104.8 | 106.6 105.0 | 108.7 105.5 | 108.8 105.5 | 108. ${ }^{106.0}$ | 107.0 104.6 | 107.2 <br> 104.4 | 107.2 104.8 | 106.9 | 104.0 | 104.6 | 106.0 104.6 |
| Meats, poultry, and fish............--...-- do. | 92.3 | 94.1 | 92.0 | 92.0 | 85.8 | 86.3 | 85.2 | 87.6 | 18.4 86.9 | 18.8 83.3 | 184.0 86.0 | 104. 85.7 | 104.5 91.4 | 104.6 88.5 |
| Commodities other than farm products and foods .-.....-.-......................... 1947-49=100.- | 114.2 | 114.3 | 114.4 | 114.4 | 114.5 | 114.8 | 114.9 | 115.2 | 115.7 | 115.6 | 115.7 | 115.5 | 115.6 | 116.5 |
| Chemicals and allied products.............do | 106.8 | 108.7 | 106.8 | 106.8 | 106.9 | 107.0 | 107.0 | 107.1 | 107.1 | 106.8 | 107.1 | 106.8 | 106.8 | 106.0 |
| Chemicals, industrial --........------ do | 117.0 | 117.1 | 117.4 | 117.4 | 117.6 | 117.7 | 117.4 | 117.3 | 117.4 | 117.5 | 118.0 | 117.6 | 117.8 | 118.2 |
| Drugs and pharmaceuticals $¢$...-------- do | 94.0 | 94.0 | 94.0 | 94.0 | ${ }^{93.6}$ | ${ }^{93.6}$ | 93. 6 | 93.6 | 93.3 | 93.1 | 93.2 | 93.2 | 93.0 | 92.8 |
| Fats and oils, inedible.....................- do | 55.7 | 52.0 | 53.5 | 54.0 | 56. 5 | 57. 8 | 59.3 | 61.8 | 61.0 | 55.4 | [13. 5 | 53.2 | $\bigcirc 53.8$ | 55.9 111.7 |
|  | 111.6 112.8 | 112.1 | 112.1 112.8 | 112.3 112.8 | 112.1 112.8 | 112.2 <br> 112.8 | 113.3 112.8 | 113.6 112.8 | 113.5 113.1 | 113.6 114.0 | 113.5 114.8 | 113.1 | 111.0 | 111.7 114 |
| Fuel, power, and lighting materials........ do | 107.8 | 106.2 | 106.9 | 106.9 | 106.9 | 107.4 | 107.5 | 108.5 | 108.7 | 108.5 | 107.4 | 107.0 | -106.8 | 106.9 |
|  | 104.7 | 104. 9 | 105.2 | 105.5 | 105.1 | 105.1 | 105. 2 | 105.2 | 105. 2 | 105.1 | 102.3 | 100.4 | 100.6 | 101.5 |
|  | 101.8 | 101. 8 | 102.4 | 101.2 | 101.8 | 103. 0 | 100.7 | 100.7 | 100.1 | 99.5 | 97.8 | 97.8 | -97.2 | 97.2 |
|  | 107.8 | 105. 4 | 105.4 | 106.0 | 105.8 | 107.3 | 110.2 | 113.0 | 116.3 | 116. 6 | 113.1 | 111.0 | ¢ 110.4 | 110.4 |
|  | 110.9 | 108.2 | 109.3 | 109.4 | 109.3 | 109.5 | 110.4 | 111.7 | 111.7 | 111.7 | 111.5 | 111.5 | 111.5 | 111.6 |
| Furniture, other household durables....-.-do. | 115.4 | 115.3 | 115.3 | 115.3 | 115.6 | 115.6 | 115.7 | 115.5 | 115. 4 | 115.1 | 115.1 | 115.1 | 115. 2 | 115.4 |
| Appliances, household .-...---...-.-.-- - ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 109.8 | 109.7 | 109.7 | 109. 4 | 109. 5 | 109. 1 | 109.4 | 108. 7 | 108. 5 | 107.2 | 107. 3 | 106.5 | 106.4 | 106. 5 |
| Furniture, household -.---..------------ do | 113.1 | 112.8 | 112.9 | 112.8 | 112.8 | 112.9 | 112.9 | 112.5 | 112.6 | 112.7 | 112.8 | 113.1 | +112.9 | 112.8 |
| Radio receivers...-.---...--....--------- do | 95.6 | 95.6 | 95.4 | 95.4 | 95.4 | ${ }^{959.4}$ | 95. 4 | 95.4 | 94.7 | 94.7 | 94.7 | 94.7 | 94.7 | 94.4 |
|  | 70.6 | 70.3 | 68.5 | 68.7 | 68.7 | 69.2 | 69.2 | 69.0 | 68.8 | 68.8 | 68.8 | 69.0 | -68.8 | 68.9 |
| Hides, skins, and leather products..........do. | 95.6 | 94.9 | 94.0 | 93.0 | 92.4 | 92.8 | 91.8 | 91.9 | 92.3 | 92.2 | 93.2 | 92.9 | r92.9 | 93.5 |
|  | 111.9 | 111.8 | 111.8 | 111.8 | 111.8 | 111.7 | 111.6 | 111.6 | 111.5 | 11.5 | 111.5 | 111.4 | r111. 4 | 11.4 |
| Hides and skins.-..-----------..........- do- | 60. 6 | 58.2 | 55.8 | 51.5 | 49.5 | 52.7 | 47.4 | 49.5 | 51.6 | 50.7 | 56.9. | 53.3 | 55.7 | 58.2 |
|  | 87.4 | 86. 5 | 84.4 | 82.9 | 82.1 | 82.0 | 81.5 | 81.2 | 82.2 | 82.1 | 83.6 | 85.0 | 83.8 | 85.1 |
| Lumber and wood products................do | 116.3 | 119.1 | 119. 1 | 119.3 | 119.8 | 119.9 | 120.0 | 120.3 | 121.2 | 121.4 | 122.4 | 123.5 | - 123.7 | 124.0 |
| Lumber.....................................do. | 115.5 | 118.6 | 118.7 | 119.0 | 119.5 | 119.6 | 119.8 | 120.0 | 121.4 | 121.8 | 122.9 | 124.2 | -124.7 | 125. 1 |
| Machinery and motive products............do. | 124. 3 | 124. 3 | 124.3 | 124.4 | 124.3 | 125. 3 | 125. 7 | 125. 8 | 126.1 | 126.1 | 126.3 | 126.7 | - 127.1 | 127. 2 |
| Agricultural machinery and equip----.-. do. | 122. 3 | 122.3 | 122. 1 | 121.9 | 122.0 | ${ }^{121.3}$ | 121.2 | 121. 5 | 121.6 | 121.5 | 121.5 | 121.5 | 121. 5 | 121. 5 |
| Construction machinery and equip-.-.-- do-..- | 131. 5 | 131.5 | 131.5 | 131.6 | 131.6 | 131. 8 | 132.6 | 133.2 | ${ }^{133.8}$ | 133.8 | 134.1 | 134.3 | ${ }^{\text {T } 134.7}$ | 134. 7 |
| Electrical machinery and equipment..... do. <br> Motor vehicles $\qquad$ do. | 118.9 | 125.8 118.9 | 118.9 | 118.9 | 118.6 | 126.7 121.0 | 126.8 <br> 121.7 | 126.8 121.7 | 126.7 121.5 | 126.4 <br> 121.5 | 126.4 121.9 | 122.0 | ${ }_{122.0}^{126.5}$ | 126.6 122.0 |
| Metals and metal products....--------.-. do | 127.1 | 128.0 | 128. 6 | 129.1 | 129.7 | 129.9 | 129.8 | 130.1 | 131.5 | 131.9 | 132.9 | 132.5 | -132.6 | 136.7 |
|  | 113.8 | 114.0 | 114. 1 | 114. 1 | 114.3 | 114.3 | 114.3 | 113.9 | 113.7 | 113.6 | 113.6 | 113.5 | 113.5 | 113.5 |
|  | 131.8 | 133. 6 | 133.8 | 134.1 | 135.0 | 135. 5 | 135. 0 | 135.8 | 135.8 | 136. 2 | 136.4 | 135.6 | r 135.8 | 143.1 |
| Nonferrous metals................-.-.....-do. | 123.7 | 124. 2 | 125.1 | 126. 2 | 127.4 | 127.2 | 127.6 | 127.9 | 133.7 | 134.3 | 138.3 | 137.8 | + 137.8 | 139.5 |
| Nonmetalic minerals, structural...-.......do. | 119.1 | 120.4 | 120.5 | 121.7 | 121.9 | 121.8 | 121.8 | 122.0 | 121.8 | 121.9 | 122.3 | 123.2 | r 123.7 | 125.4 |
| Clay products-.- | 132.0 | 132.0 | 132.3 | ${ }^{135.4}$ | 135. ${ }^{1}$ | 135.4 | 117.4 | 135.8 | 136.1 | 136.5 | 136.8 | 137.0 | 137.3 | 142. 3 |
|  | 117.5 | 117. 7 | 117.9 | 117.8 | 117.8 | 117.4 | 117.4 | 116. 7 | 117.0 | 118.2 | 118.2 | 118.2 | 118.3 | 118.3 |
|  | 122.1 | 12.1 | 122.1 | 122.1 | 122.1 | 122. 1 | 122. 1 | 122.1 | 122.1 | 122.1 | 122.1 | 122.1 | 122.1 | 122.1 |
| Pulp, paper, and allied products..-.......do.... | 115.8 | 116. 2 | 116.3 | 116.3 | 116. 3 | 116. 0 | 115.9 | 116.3 | 116.6 | 116.8 | 117.4 | 117.7 | 118.3 | 119.0 |
|  | 126.5 | 126. 5 | 126.5 | 126.5 | 126.5 | 126.5 | 126.9 | 127.5 | 128.0 | 128.0 | 128.0 | 128.9 | 129.2 | 130.7 |
|  | 126.1 | 126.8 | 126.4 | 126.9 | 128.5 | 131.4 | 132.0 | 136.8 | 140.6 | 138.0 | 138.3 | 138.0 | 140.3 | 143.3 |
|  | 129.3 | 129.3 | 129.6 | 129.6 | 129.6 | 134.9 | 134.9 | 139.9 | 142.4 | 142.3 | 142.3 | 142.3 | 142.3 | 142.3 |
| Textile products and apparel..............-do.. | 94.9 | 95.1 | 95.3 | 95.3 | 95.4 | 95. 2 | 95. 2 | 95.2 | 95.2 | 95.3 | 95.0 | 95.0 | r95. 2 | 95.3 |
|  | 98.1 | 98.4 | 98.6 | 98. 6 | 98. 6 | 98.4 | 98.4 | 98.2 | 98.2 | 983 | 98.0 | 98.0 | -98. 6 | 98.6 |
| Cotton products.-.------------1.------ do | 88.4 | 88.9 | 89.1 | 89.2 | 89.9 | 89.9 | 89.9 | 90.2 | 90.6 | 90.8 | 90.4 | 90.3 | 90.6 | 90.9 |
|  | 123.9 | 124.2 | 126.3 | 128.4 | 127.0 | 187.4 | 123.9 | 124.1 | 122.4 | 121.1 | 122.8 | 123.2 | 124.0 | 126.8 |
|  | 85.6 | 85.7 | 85.7 | 85.8 | 86.1 | 86.9 | 87.2 | 87.3 | 86.7 | 87.5 | 87.2 | 86.9 | 86.6 | 86.8 |
|  | 110.1 | 109.8 | 110.3 | 109.6 | 108.4 | 106.6 | 106.7 | 106.6 | 106.3 | 106.1 | 106.0 | 106.1 | 10.5 | 105.0 |
| Tobacco mfrs. and bottled beverages......do.. | 121.4 | 121.4 | 121.5 | 121.5 | 121.5 | 121.4 | 121.4 | 121.4 | 121.6 | 121. 6 | 121.6 | 121.6 | 121. 6 | 121. 6 |
| Beverages, alcoholic.----------..---.-- do | 114.2 | 114.2 | 114.3 | 114.3 | 114.3 | 114.3 | 114.3 | 114.3 | 114.6 | 114.7 | 114.7 | ${ }^{114.7}$ | 114.7 | 114.7 |
|  | 124.0 | 124.0 | 124.0 | 124.0 | 124.0 | 124.0 | 124.0 | 124.0 | 124.0 | 124.0 | 124.0 | 124.0 | 124.0 | 124.0 |
|  | 105.1 | 103.9 | 102.3 | 99.1 | 96.7 | 97.0 | 98.0 | 97.0 | 97.1 | 95.6 | 94.0. | 91.3 | 89.1 | 91.0 |
| Toys, sporting goods....................-do...- | 113.6 | 113.5 | 113.4 | 112.7 | 112.7 | 112.8 | 112.9 | 113.2 | 113.1 | 113.2 | 113.2 | 113.2 | 113.2 | 113.1 |
| PURCHASING POWER OF THE DOLLAR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| As measured by $\rightarrow$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wholesale prices-.-------------------1947-49=100-- | 90.9 | ${ }_{80} 90.6$ | 90.5 | ${ }_{87} 90.9$ | ${ }_{91} 91$ | 90.9 | 91.3 | 90.8 | 90.6 | 90.9 | 90.5 | 91.0 | 90.7 | 290.4 |
| Consumer prices..------..-------------------- do- | 86.9 | 86.8 | 87.0 | 87.2 | 87.3 | 87.3 | 87.5 | 87.5 | 87.5 | 87.5 | 87.6 | 87.6 | 287.4 |  |
|  | 87.91 | 87.3 | 87.8 | 89.0 | 89.4 | 90.0 | 90.6 | 90.4 | 90.3 | 90.3 | 89.9 | 90.0 | 289.8 |  |

 transferred from drugs, etc., to the "other chemicals" subgroup.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1954 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | September | October | November | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { Decem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{array}$ | January | February | March | April | May | June | July |

## CONSTRUCTION AND REAL ESTATE

| CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New construction (unadjusted), total $\ddagger$-....mil. of dol.- | 3,385 | 3, 556 | 3,693 | 3,674 | 3,503 | 3,329 | 3,092 | 2, 819 | 2,697 | 2,974 | 3,257 | 3,555 | ' 3,810 | 3,967 |
| Private, total | 2,273 | 2,387 | 2, 457 | 2,460 | 2,420 | 2,358 | 2, 263 | 2,072 | 2,003 | 2, 179 | 2,345 | 2,496 | - 2, 669 | 2, 774 |
|  | 1,193 | 1,267 | 1,313 | 1,327 | 1,321 | 1,293 | 1,258 | 1,122 | 1,049 | 1,170 | 1,298 | - 1,380 | -1,480 | 1,533 |
|  | 1, 050 | 1,125 | 1,175 | 1,195 | 1,195 | 1. 175 | 1. 150 | 1. 030 | 960 | 1, 070 | 1,170 | 1,230 | ${ }^{-1,315}$ | 1, 365 |
| Additions and alterations...-.---.-.-.---- do-.-- | 114 | 113 | 110 | 107 | 102 | 96 | 86 | 71 | 68 | 79 | 105 | 123 | ' 134 | 135 |
| Nonresidential building, except farm and public utility, total mil. of dol. | 530 | 551 | 556 | 558 | 554 | 564 | 552 | 542 | 549 | 559 | 562 | 590 | 634 | 667 |
|  | 161 | 158 | 159 | 162 | 170 | 178 | 184 | 186 | 187 | 186 | 184 | 183 | 189 | 197 |
| Commercial | 192 | 206 | 210 | 210 | 202 | 203 | 192 | 188 | 199 | 208 | 213 | 234 | - 259 | 276 |
|  | 157 | 164 | 167 | 153 | 126 | 106 | 93 | 92 | 95 | 103 | 114 | 131 | 141 | 148 |
|  | 382 | 393 | 409 | 410 | 407 | 383 | 348 | 302 | 297 | 333 | 357 | 379 | 398 | 410 |
|  | 1,112 | 1,169 | 1,236 | 1,214 | 1,083 | 971 | 829 | 747 | 694 | 795 | 912 | 1, 059 | r 1,141 | 1,193 |
|  | 407 | 420 | 437 | 410 | 390 | 366 | 351 | 342 | 316 | 354 | 366 | 379 | 394 | 392 |
|  | 90 | 90 | 97 | 98 | 101 | 95 | 88 | 82 | 78 | 83 | 99 | 110 | 113 | 115 |
|  | 400 | 440 | 479 | 492 | 389 | 320 | 214 | 155 | 150 | 180 | 255 | 360 | 410 | 460 |
|  | 215 | 219 | 223 | 214 | 203 | 190 | 176 | 168 | 150 | 178 | 192 | 210 | -224 | 226 |
| New construction (seasonally adjusted), totalo | 3,108 | 3,133 | 3, 199 | 3,199 | 3,136 | 3,254 | 3,429 | 3,428 | 3,451 | 3,442 | 3,493 | -3,531 | 3,501 | 3, 501 |
|  | 2,125 | 2, 180 | 2,226 | 2,247 | 2,238 | 2,269 | 2,350 | 2,396 | 2,435 | 2,446 | 2,498 | 2,502 | + 2,486 | 2,525 |
| Residential (nonfarm) ..-...-.-.---.-.-.-.-- do | 1,102 | 1,150 | 1,192 | 1,215 | 1,210 | 1,229 | 1,307 | 1,336 | 1,345 | 1,330 | 1,366 | 1, 366 | ' 1,358 | 1,381 |
| Nonresidential building, except farm and public utility | 523 | 530 | 534 | 530 | 525 | 537 | 539 | 552 | 582 | 604 | 622 | 626 | 622 | 639 |
|  | 131 | 129 | 128 | 127 | 126 | 125 | 124 | 123 | 122 | 121 | 120 | 119 | 117 | 116 |
|  | 360 | 361 | 362 | 363 | 364 | 365 | 366 | 368 | 371 | 375 | 376 | 376 | 376 | 376 |
|  | 983 | 953 | 973 | 952 | 898 | 985 | 1,079 | 1,032 | 1,016 | 996 | 995 | r 1,029 | - 1, 015 | 976 |
|  | 387 | 374 | 385 | 372 | 363 | 384 | 393 | 389 | 376 | 377 | 366 | 368 | - 375 | 350 |
|  | 314 | 309 | 318 | 314 | 266 | 320 | 393 | 344 | 341 | 321 | 319 | 340 | ${ }^{7} 325$ | 326 |
| CONTRACT AWARDS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Construction contracts awarded in 37 States (F. W. Dodge Corp.): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 59,741 | 60,996 | 61, 612 | 65, 832 | 67,701 | 54, 671 | 62, 394 | 56, 285 | 58, 456 | 75, 533 | 79, 184 | 75, 896 | 75, 141 |  |
|  | 1,733 | 1,837 | 1,573 | 1,816 | 1,965 | 1,499 | 1,829 | 1,504 | 1,581 | 2,135 | 2, 322 | 2,185 | 2, 255 |  |
|  | 1,108 | 1,156 | 1,064 | 1,227 | 1,332 | 1, 024 | 1,212 | 1,024 | 1,109 | 1,458 | 1,646 | 1,510 | 1,498 |  |
| Nonresidential buildings: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 5,367 | 5,744 4887 | 5,251 | 5,090 | 5,321 | 4,302 38 | 5,017 | 4,278 42,788 | 4, 41,8681 | 5,729 51,925 | 51,989 | 6, 107 51,736 | 57,218 |  |
| Floor area............................thous. of sq. ft-- | 49,014 | 48, 877 | 42,549 | -45,303 | 50, 258 | 38,559 491,090 | 51,396 | 564, 788 | 534,463 | 758,870 | 706,019 | 725, 755 | 842,618 |  |
|  | 656, 445 | 641, 513 | 550, 550 | 646,825 | 670,934 | 491,090 | 701, 427 | 564, 788 | 534,463 | 758,870 | 706, 019 | 725, 755 | 842,618 |  |
|  | 51, 414 | 51,988 | 53, 403 | 57, 928 | 59,900 | 48,656 | 55, 407 | 50,696 | 52, 583 | 67,539 | 70,088 | 66,558 | 65, 459 |  |
|  | 73,138 | 74, 756 | 70,591 | 78,995 | 85, 814 | 71, 778 | 77, 300 | 70, 031 | 74, 545 | 98, 806 | 107, 850 | 97, 248 | 95, 481 |  |
|  | 720, 266 | 745, 440 | 692,736 | 777, 332 | 851,824 | 708, 691 | 761, 577 | 690, 355 | 744, 102 | 989, 730 | 1, 070, 129 | 1,011, 310 | 951, 104 |  |
| Public works: $\quad$ Projects |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 979 | 1,234 | 1,803 | 2,301 | 2,610 | 2,887 |  |
| Projects | 287, 204 | 351, 895 | 262, 682 | 293,357 293 | 342, 592 | 204, 595 | 272, 910 | 173,657 | 247, 763 | 273,315 | 342,186 | 289,665 | 382,170 |  |
| Utilities: | 502 | 571 | 516 | 457 | 492 | 396 | 456 | 383 | 355 |  | 660 | 621 | 578 |  |
|  | 69,449 | 98,087 | 66,897 | 98,790 | 99,989 | 94, 474 | 92,923 | 75,650 | 54, 815 | 112,904 | 203, 751 | 158,335 | 79,317 |  |
| Value of contract awards (F. R. indexes): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total, unadjusted.............-.-.-.-.-. $1947-49=100 .$. | 240 | 225 | 229 | 234 | 231 | 232 | 211 | 215 | 228 | 264 | 290 | 296 | 294 |  |
|  | 251 | 236 | 243 | 254 | 256 | 254 | 237 | 241 | 266 | 307 | 336 | ${ }_{245}^{332}$ | 320 |  |
|  | 207 | 206 | 218 | 231 | 241 | 255 | 259 | 261 | 261 | 260 | 253 286 | 245 280 | 290 |  |
|  | 227 | 233 | 244 | 253 | 263 | 264 | 277 | 288 | 297 | 291 | 286 | 280 | 290 |  |
| Engineering construction: <br> Contract awards (ENR) § $\qquad$ mil. of dol.- | 1,161 | 1,575 | 1,271 | 1,479 | 996 | 1,215 | 1,373 | 1,295 | 1, 085 | 1,987 | 1,449 | 1, 727 | 1,882 | 1,684 |
| Highway concrete pavement contract awards: $\odot$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total_-.-.----------------------thous. of sq. yd.- | 10,472 | 7,624 | 8, 3911 | 7, 201 | 8,376 | 5,076 | 18.691 | 2, 600 | 2, 134 | 2, 021 | 8,480 2,855 | 1, 242 | 9, 2950 | - 948 |
|  | 4,504 | 3,437 | 3,408 | 4, 301 | 5,485 | 1,919 | ${ }_{1} \mathbf{3}, 689$ | 2,769 | 3, 635 | 3, 988 | 2, 279 | 3, 305 | 3,966 | 2,237 |
|  | 3,826 | 2,808 | 3,272 | 2,314 | 2,309 | 1,657 | ${ }^{1} 2,354$ | 1,765 | 1,520 | 3, 495 | 3, 336 | 4,213 | 4,376 | 2, 606 |
| NEW DWELLING UNITS (U. S. Department of Labor) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New permanent nonfarm dwelling units started: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unadjusted: <br> Total, privately and publicly owned ...thousands_ | 116.5 | 116.0 | 114.3 | 115.7 | 110.7 | 103.6 | 90.6 | 87. 6 | 89.9 | 113.8 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 132.0$ | 132.0 | 129.0 | 115.0 |
|  | 112.6 | 112.9 | 113.0 | 113.4 | 110.5 | 103.3 | 89.9 | 87.3 | 87.9 | 112.8 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 130.5$ | 129.5 | 126.5 | 114.2 |
|  | 83.9 | 84.6 | 81.4 | 80.6 | 80.2 | 75.4 | 69.0 | 67.8 | 64.9 | 86.0 | -95.4 | 95.1 | 94.1 | 83.7 |
|  | 3.9 | 3.1 | 1.3 | 2.3 | 2 | . 3 | . 7 | . 3 | 2.0 | 1.0 | r 1.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 8 |
| Seasonally adjusted at annual rate: ㅇ <br> Privately owned, total | 1,175.0 | 1,188.0 | 1,211.0 | 1,248.0 | 1,287.0 | 1,393.0 | 1,478.0 | - 1, 416.0 | 1,370.0 | 1,367.0 | -1,350.0 | 1,306.0 | 1,320.0 | 1,202.0 |
| Residential construction authorized (nonfarm; housekeeping units only), all permit-issuing places: $\dagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New dwelling units, total | 108.1 | 98.1 | 99.8 | 97.3 | 94.3 | 88.0 | 77.4 | 76.3 | 78.8 | 115.6 | 119.2 | 119.8 |  |  |
| Privately financed, total | 104.2 | 96.2 | 98.2 | 95.9 | 94.1 | 87.7 | 76. 0 | ${ }^{757} 9$ | 76.8 679 | 114.7 | 118.4 | 117.1 |  |  |
| Units in 1-family structures | 93.0 | 85.1 | 88.3 | 86. 7 | 84. 2 | 77.8 | 66.3 | 67.3 | 67.9 | 100.5 | 107. 4 | 104.3 |  |  |
|  | 3.0 | 3.1 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.9 | 2.1 | 2. 5 | 4.0 | 3.3 | 3.1 |  |  |
| Units in multifamily structures..............do...- | 8.2 | 8.1 | 7.0 | 6.4 | 7.2 | 7.1 | 6.8 | 6.5 | 6. 3 | 10.1 | 7.7 | 9.6 |  |  |
|  | 3.9 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 2 | . 3 | 1. 4 | . 3 | 2.1 | . 9 | . 8 | 2.7 |  |  |
| CONSTRUCTION COST INDEXES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Department of Commerce composite $\ddagger \ldots$..-1947-49 $=100$. | 121.2 | 122.0 | 121.9 | 122.1 | 122.6 | 122.4 | 122.5 | 122.6 | 122.7 | 123.2 | 123.9 | 124.3 | 125.3 |  |
| Aberthaw (industrial building) | 393 |  |  | 395 |  |  | 396 |  |  | 396 |  |  | 397 |  |
| American Appraisal Co., The: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A verage, 30 cities .----------------------1913=100.- | ${ }_{689} 68$ | 591 | 594 | 595 | 597 649 | 598 | 598 | 598 | 599 | 600 650 | 601 650 | ${ }_{6}^{602}$ | 604 654 |  |
|  | 639 624 | 640 624 | 642 625 | 649 629 | 649 629 | 649 629 | 649 629 | 649 629 | 649 629 | 650 630 | 650 | 654 626 | 654 627 | 664 629 |
|  | 530 | 530 | 539 | 539 | 545 | 545 | 545 | 545 | 550 | 551 | 553 | 553 | 556 | 568 |
| St. Louis | 594 | 595 | 596 | 596 | 598 | 599 | 599 | 599 | 600 | 601 | 601 | 601 | 601 | 604 |
| Associated General Contractors (all types) .....-do.... | 424 | 429 | 430 | 431 | 432 | 432 | 432 | 432 | 432, | 432 | 434 | 435 | 439 | 443 |

${ }^{r}$ Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ Data includes some contracts awarded in prior months but not reported
$\dagger$ Revisions for new construction for 1953 through March 1954 will be shown later; those for $1950-1952$ appear on $p .24$ of the September 1954 Surver. Minor revisions for the Department of Commerce construction cost index for 1952 and 1953 will be shown later; those prior to 1952 are shown in the May 1953 and May 1954 issues of the Construction and Building Materials Statistical Supplement. and June 1955 are for 5 weeks; other months. 4 weeks.
$\odot$ Data for June, August, and December 1954 and March and June 1955 are for 5 weeks; other months, 4 wecks.
$\dagger$ Revised series. These data cover nonfarm residential construction authorized in all places (both urban and rural) that require building permits; they replace the former urban-buildingDigitiserlesofhieh eovered new dwelling units authorized in all places defined as urban in the 1940 Census.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1954 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | Septem- ber | October | November | December | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July |

## CONSTRUCTION AND REAL ESTATE-Continued




DOMESTIC TRADE

| ADVERTISING |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Printers' Ink advertising index, adjusted |  |
| Combined ind | $947-49=100$ |
| Business pape | do |
| Magazines | do |
| Newspapers |  |
| Outdoor |  |
| Radio (network) |  |
| Television (netwo | $=1$ |
| Tide advertising index, unadjusted.....-1947-49 = 100 . |  |
| Radio advertising: |  |
| Cost of facilities, total.....--------.-- thous. of dol |  |
| Automotive, incl. a |  |
|  |  |
| Foods, soft drinks, confectionery.----------- do- |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Television ad vertising:* |  |
|  |  |
| Automotive, including accessories.....-.-.-.-. do. do. |  |
|  |  |
| Foods, soft drinks, confectionery------------10.- |  |
| Soaps, cleansers, etc.. |  |
| Smoking materials. do $\qquad$ <br> All other. $\qquad$ $\qquad$ do. $\qquad$ |  |
|  |  |
| Magazine advertising: $\ddagger$ |  |
| Cost, total. |  |
| Apparel and acc |  |
| Automotive, incl. a |  |
|  |  |
| Drugs and toiletries |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Household equipment and supplies...........-do...- |  |
|  |  |
| Industrial materials. |  |
| Soaps, cleansers, etc <br>  <br> All other.....-.-.................................................. |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Linage, total |  |
| Newspaper advertising: |  |
|  |  |
| Display, total |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Financial General. |  |
|  |  |

${ }^{r}$ Revised. $\quad p$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ Data reflect work stoppage in Douglas fir industries.
§Copyrighted data; see last paragraph of headnote, p. S-1. on Data reported at the beginning of each month are shown here for the previous month.
$\dagger$ Revised series. For data back to January 1947, see p. 28 of the July 1955 Surver.


(ABC, NBC, Columbia, and Du Mont). $\ddagger$ Revised to exclude magazine sections of newspapers. Comparable data prior to August 1953 will be shown later.

 1954 Nevised. Adional Income Supplement or the 1955 edition of Business Statistics (now in press).

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1954 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | September | October | Novem. ber | December | Janı1 ary | February | March | April | May | June | July |

DOMESTIC TRADE—Continued

| RETAIL TRADE-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All retail stores-Continued Firms with 11 or more stores: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Firms Estimated s?les (unadjusted), total ${ }^{\circ}$ - .mil. of dol | 2, 605 | 2,643 | 2,470 | 2,598 | 2, 802 | 2, 743 | 3,718 | 2,316 | 2, 255 | 2,632 | 2,906 | 2,721 | 2,778 |  |
|  | 171 | 139 | 131 | 170 | 183 | 186 | 296 | 126 | 113 | 174 | 212 | 178 | 176 |  |
| Men's and boys' wear stores.-..........- do...- | 16 | 11 | 10 | 13 | 17 | 20 | 32 | 12 | 10 | 14 | 17 | 15. | 16 |  |
| Women's apparel, accessory stores......- do-...- | 65 61 | 58 <br> 58 <br> 8 | 55 47 | ${ }_{63}^{62}$ | 68 | 71 54 | 119 | 48 <br> 41 <br> 1 | 44 37 | 67 56 | 81 79 | 72 62 | 66 64 |  |
|  | 61 | 63 | 60 | 60 | 64 | 61 | 92 | 60 | 57 | 60 | 64 | 62 | 62 |  |
| Eating and drinking places........---.-.-. do..-- | 57 | 58 | 58 | 57 | 57 | 54 | 58 | 53 | 50 | 56 | 56 | 58 | 60. |  |
| Furniture, homefurnishings stores..-----.-. do...- | 28 | 28 | 29 | 28 | 33 | 32 | 32 | 23 | 24 | 32 | 26 | 31 | 28 |  |
| General-merchandise group................do...- | 729 | 655 | 692 | 732 | 797 | 848 | 1,360 | 565 | 536 | 687 | 807 | 760 | 774 |  |
| Department stores...................-. do...- | 354 | 314 | 321 | 355 | 380 | 385 | 570 | 267 | 240 | 327 | 389 | 377 | 378 |  |
| Dry-goods, other general-merchandise stores mil. of dol.- | 104 | 94 | 104 | 8 | 120 | 125 | 203 | 80 | 73 | 93 | 116 | 105 | 110. |  |
| Variety stores...........-.............-. do..-- | 182 | 175 | 178 | 184 | 199 | 210 | 425 | 140 | 144 | 170 | 215 | 186 | 190 |  |
| Grocery stores | 1,069 | 1, 206 | 1, 029 | 1,077 | 1,183 | 1,081 | 1,288 | 1, 083 | 1,071 | 1,166 | 1,253 | 1,135 | 1,164 |  |
| Lumber, building materials dealers-.-.-.-. do-... Tire, battery, accessory stores ......................... | 70 59 | 70 | 72 52 | 75 49 | 71 51 | 68 49 | 58 74 | 50 42 | ${ }_{42} 4$ | 61 49 | 68 57 | 75 56 | ${ }_{60}^{80}$ |  |
| Estimated sales (adjusted), totalor | 2, 619 | 2,652 | 2, 655 | 2, 654 | 2, 607 | 2, 660 | 2, 798 | 2, 754 | 2,717 | 2,778 | 2, 774 | 2, 825 | 2, 784 |  |
| A pparel group ..........-.-.-...............do.... | 167 | 164 | 166 | 168 | 168 | 177 | 188 | 181 | ${ }^{169}$ | 178 | 175 | 181 | 172 |  |
| Men's and boys' wear stores.................do.... | 16 | 15 | 16 | 16 | 15 | 17 | 18 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 16 | 15 |  |
| Women's apparel, accessory stores...-...do...- | 66 | ${ }_{67}^{7}$ | 65 | 63 | 64 | ${ }_{5}^{67}$ | 73 | 69 | 66 | 68 | 70 | 71 | 67 |  |
| Shoe stores ${ }^{\text {D }}$ - | 54 | 54 64 | 55 63 | 57 <br> 64 | 59 63 | 59 63 | 62 66 | 62 63 | ${ }_{63}^{56}$ | 61 | 60 66 | ${ }_{64}^{61}$ | 57 |  |
| Eating and drinking places $\qquad$ do $\qquad$ | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 | 54 | 57 | 57 | 56 | 57 | 57 | 57 | 57 | 59 |  |
| Furniture, homefurnishings stores.-.-.---.- do | 28 | 31. | 29 | 29 | 30 | 27 | 27 | 31 | 30 | 30 | 28 | 28 | 28. |  |
|  | 740 | 730 | 748 | 745 | 722 | 745 | 820 | 812 | 758 | 802 | 795 | 800 | 780 |  |
| Department stores...-...-...-...-...-do.---- | 338 | 336 | 345 | 351 | 334 | 345 | 385 | 393 | 357 | 380 | 379 | 369 | 359 |  |
| Dry-goods, other general-merchandise stores mil. of dol. | 106 | 107 | 109 | 102 | 105 | 107 | 120 | 114 | 107 | 115 | 112 | 117 | 113 |  |
|  | 199 | 190 | 200 | 199 | 193 | 200 | 216 | 206 | 197 | 205 | 205 | 211 | 206 |  |
| Grocery stores .-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-..........-d. do.... | 1,098 | 1,128 | 1,119 | 1,120 | 1, 108 | 1,116 | 1,154 | 1, 127 | 1,164 | 1, 168 | 1,170 | 1, 193 | 1,184 |  |
| Lumber, building-materials dealers.........do.... <br> Tire, battery, accessory stores | 62 52 | 63 <br> 54 | 63 49 | 64 51 | 61 52 | 67 50 | 70 52 | 65 55 | 70 55 | 70 | 69 58 | 73 <br> 5 | 70 |  |
| Department stores: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accounts receivable, end of month: <br> Charge accounts <br> $-1947-49=100$. | 130 | 117 | 117 | 127 | 135 | 150 | 200 | 163 | 140 | 132 | 137 | 139 | 135 |  |
|  | 232 | 226 | 228 | 231 | 238 | 249 | 277 | 276 | 268 | 266 | 267 | 267 | 266 |  |
| Ratio of collections to accounts receivable: |  | 45 | 45 | 46 | 47 | 48 | 46 | 44 | 43 | 48 | 44 | 45 | 46 |  |
|  | 14 | 14 | 13 | 13 | 14 | 13 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 |  |
| Sales by type of payment: |  |  |  |  |  | 45 |  | 45 | 45 | 44 | 45 |  | 46 |  |
| Cash sqles Charge account sales | 44. | 42 | 43 | 44 | 44 | 44 | 43 | 43 | 43 | 44 <br> 4. | 44 44 14 | 44 | 43 |  |
|  | 10 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 11 | 11 | 11 |  |
| Sales, unadjusted, total U. S. $\ddagger+\ldots \ldots-{ }^{-1947-49=100}$ | 106 | 88 | 98 | 113 | 118 | 154 | 200 | 91 | 88 | 100 | 114 | 115 | ${ }^{2} 109$ | p 97 |
|  | ${ }^{+115}$ | 106 | 115 | 123 | 141 | 154 | 234 | 106 | 108 | 129 <br> 90 | 141 |  | ${ }^{7} 121$ |  |
|  | ${ }_{+107}^{107}$ | 77 86 | 83 98 | 113 | 110 | ${ }_{133}$ | 188 | 88 | 82 84 | $\stackrel{98}{98}$ | 1114 | 116 | ${ }^{\circ} 1111$ |  |
|  | 100 | 82 | 94 | 105 | 111 | 134 | 192 | 87 | 84 | 94 | 113 | 110 | - 104 |  |
|  | -114 | 11 i | 115 | 121 | 135 | 147 | 225 | 107 | 101 | 120 | 136 | 133 | ${ }^{\circ} 129$ |  |
|  | -111 | 99 | 107 | 116 | 124 | 133 | 205 | 94 | 89 | 104 | 123 | 119 | $p 113$ |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r}+97 \\ +97 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }_{73}^{84}$ | ${ }_{80}^{99}$ | 111 | 122 110 | ${ }_{132}$ | 180 184 | 80 84 | 81 81 | 88 91 | 108 <br> 97 | 108 99 | $p 95$ $p 98$ |  |
| New York | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } 97 \\ 104 \\ \hline 10\end{array}$ | 78 | 88 | 111 | 113 | 146 | 197 | 85 | 81 83 | 101 | 197 | 113 | ${ }^{\circ} 105$ |  |
| Phichmond | - 114 | 93 | 102 | 122 | 130 | 153 | 231 | 91 | -91 | 111 | 125 | 129 | $p 118$ |  |
|  | 110 | 89 | 100 | 111 | 123 | 137 | 193 | ${ }_{97}^{93}$ | 90 | 101 | 117 | 121 | ${ }^{2} 116$ |  |
|  | 105 | 100 | 111 | 112 | 116 | 134 | 209 | 97 | 93 | 97 | 112 | 116 | ${ }^{2} 113$ |  |
|  | 112 | 111 | 112 | 108 | 113 | 114 | 117 | 118 | 112 | 113 | 119 | 117 | ${ }^{\circ} 116$ | p 123 |
|  | -130 | 132 | 131 | 121 | 138 | 135 | 136 | 137 | 131 | 133 | 142 | 137 | ${ }^{7} 136$ |  |
|  | 106 | 107 | 104 | 109 | 110 | 110 | 111 | 114 | 109 | 105 | 107 | 111 | ${ }^{p} 107$ |  |
|  | 110 | 106 | 108 | 106 | 111 | 10 109 | 115 | 114 | 109 | 111 | 120 | 116 110 | \% ${ }^{p} 114$ |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r}107 \\ -130 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 105 | 127 | 114 | 129 | 130 | 134 | 135 | 125 | 131 | 140 | 137 | P 137 |  |
|  | r 118 | 121 | 116 | 110 | 118 | 116 | 123 | 126 | 113 | 116 | 129 | 119 | ${ }^{p} 120$ |  |
|  | ¢ 104 | 105 | 105 | 101 | 106 | 104 | 113 | 111 | 105 | 104 | 108 | 108 | $\bigcirc 102$ |  |
|  | ${ }^{+} 100$ | 101 | 105 | 102 | ${ }_{105}^{105}$ | 111 | 1105 | 106 | 100 | 103 | 101 | 101 | - 101 |  |
|  | - 129 | 117 | 120 | 115 | 124 | 124 | 133 | 124 | 119 | 128 | 129 | 130 | p 125 |  |
|  | 122 | 112 | 110 | 104 | 112 | 115 | 118 | 120 | 113 | 116 | 122 | 121 | ${ }^{5} 118$ |  |
|  | 114 | 115 | 115 | 110 | 116 | 114 | 118 | 124 | 115 | 116 | 122 | 122 | ${ }^{\circ} 122$ |  |
| Stocks, total U. S., end of month: $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r}+116 \\ \\ \hline 122\end{array}$ | 1124 | 124 | 129 | 138 124 | 139 124 | 110 | 123 | 112 | 123 | ${ }_{123}^{130}$ | 124 | ${ }^{p} 128$ |  |
| Mail-order and store sales: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total sales, 2 companies | 352,655 | 313, 704 | 327, 837 | 345, 570 | 370, 634 | 384, 428 | 523,056 | 266, 312 | 242, 847 | 319, 249 | 376, 049 | 370, 491 | 382, 031 | 347, 362 |
|  | -81, 318 | 694, 8182 | 77, 2091 | re81, 2982 | 88,435 282,199 | - 2900,598 | 131.875 | 231, 8185 | 52,271 <br> 190,576 | 242, 829 | 88, 2807 | 84, 88,725 | 83, 922 298,109 | - 274,182 |
| WHOLESALE TRADE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sales, estimated (unadj.), total.-.-.-.-...-mil. of dol.- | 9,470 | 9,510 | 9,460 | 9,630 | 9,470 | 9,630 | 9,600 | 8,690 | 8,450 | 9, 700 | 9,140 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \\ 3,320 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 10, 070 |  |
| Durable-goods establishments..-.-.-.-...-.-. - do...- | 3, 060 | 2, 870 | 2,980 | 3,090 | 3,100 | 3,020 | 3,010 | 2,720 | 2,800 | 3, 270 | 3,220 | 3,270 | 3,450 |  |
| Nondurable-goods establishments...--.-.-.-.-do...- | 6,410 | 6, 640 | 6, 480 | 6, 540 | 6,370 | 6,610 | 6, 590 | 5,970 | 5,650 | 6,430 | 5,920 | ${ }^{r} 6,050$ | 6,620 |  |
| Inventories, estimated (unadj.), total.....-.-.-.-. do...- | 11, 490 | 11, 500 | 11, 630 | 11,750 | 11, 940 | 11,920 | 11,560 | 11, 740 | 11,770 | 11,620 | 11, 570 | - 11,550 | 11,500 |  |
|  | 5,880 | 5, 720 | 5,710 | 5,640 | 5, 640 | 5,610 | 5,460 | 5, 650 | 5, 850 | 5,940 | 6, 000 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \sim \\ \hline \\ 5,060 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 6, 040 |  |
| Nondurable-goods establishments..---.-.....-do.-... | 5,610 | 5,780 | 5,920 | 6,110 | 6,300 | 6,310 | 6,100 | 6,090 | 5,920 | 5,680 | 5,570 | ${ }^{-5,490}$ | 5,460 |  |

$r$ Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. $\sigma^{7}$ Excludes comparatively small sales amounts for certain lines of trade.
Q Revised beginning 1953; not strictly comparable with earlier data. $\ddagger$ Data for 1946-53 have been revised to reflect changes in seasonal factors and other minor changes. Unpublished revisions (prior to July 1952) will be shown later.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1954 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | September | October | November | Decernber | January | $\begin{gathered} \text { Febru- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | March | April | May | June | July |

## EMPLOYMENT AND POPULATION

| POPULATION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Population, continental United States: <br> Total, incl. Armed Forces overseas $\oplus$. <br> thousands | 162, 184 | 162, 409 | 162, 667 | 162, 945 | 163, 210 | 163, 465 | 163, 699 | 163, 930 | 164, 158 | 164, 367 | 164, 595 | 164,799 | 165,023 | 165, 248 |
| EMPLOYMENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Noninstitutional population, estimated number 14 years of age and over, total§............-. - thousands | 116, 153 | 116, 217 | 116, 329 | 116,432 | 116,547 | 116,644 | 116, 763 | 116, 855 | 116,901 | 117, 051 | 117, 130 | 117, 236 | 117, 318 | 117, 404 |
| Total labor force, including Armed Forces..... do | 68,788 | 68,824 | 68,856 | 68,566 | 68,190 | 67, 909 | 66,811 | 66,700 | 66,550 | 66, 840 | 67,784 | 68, 256 | 69,692 | 70,429 |
|  | 65, 445 | 65,494 | 65, 522 | 65, 244 | 64, 882 | 64, 624 | 63, 526 | 63, 497 | 63,321 | 63, 654 | 64, 647 | 65, 192 | 66,696 | 67, 465 |
|  | 62,098 | 62, 148 | 62, 277 | 62, 145 | 62, 141 | 61, 732 | 60, 688 | 60, 150 | 59,938 | 60, 477 | 61,685 | 62, 703 | 64,016 | 64, 994 |
| Agricultural employment..--.-.-.-.----- do | 7,628 54,470 | 7,486 | $\begin{array}{r}6,928 \\ 55,349 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 74,527 | 7,239 54,902 | 65,154 | $\begin{array}{r}5,325 \\ 55,363 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}5,297 \\ 54,853 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}5,084 \\ 54,854 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 5,692 54.785 | 6,215 55,470 | 6,963 55,740 5 | - 76,681 | 7, 704 57.291 |
| Unemployed --------------1. | 54,347 3,347 | $\begin{array}{r}54, \\ 3,347 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 55,349 <br> 3,245 | 54, 3 3,100 | - ${ }_{\text {24, }}^{2} \mathbf{7 4 1}$ | - 2 2, 893 | 55,363 <br> 2,838 | 54,853 3,347 | 54,854 3,383 | $\begin{array}{r} 54.785 \\ 3,176 \end{array}$ | 55,470 2,962 | 55,740 2,489 | 56,335 2,679 | 57,291 2,471 |
|  | 47, 365 | 47, 393 | 47,473 | 47,865 | 48,357 | 48,735 | 49,952 | 50, 156 | 50, 352 | 50,212 | 49,346 | 48, 979 | 47, 626 | 46,975 |
| Employees in nonagricultural establishments:\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total, unadjusted (U. S. Dept. of Labor) --...do...- | 48,200 | 47.866 | 48, 123 | 48,490 | 48,580 | 48, 808 | 49.463 | 47,741 | 47,753 | 48, 212 | 48,643 | ${ }^{\sim} 48,918$ | - 49,487 | ${ }^{p} 49,465$ |
| Manufacturing ---------------1.-.-..- do | 15,835 | 15. 584 | 15,822 | 15,972 | 16, 007 | 16, 057 | 16, 050 | 15,925 | 16,060 | 16, 201 | 16, 255 | r 16, 334 | - 16, 563 | ${ }^{\nu} 16,557$ |
|  | 9,066 6,769 | 8,811 | 87820 | 8,887 | 9,002 | 9,121 | 9,144 | 9,113 | 9,220 | ${ }^{9,323}$ | 9,418 | r 9,501 | ${ }^{\text {r 9, } 615}$ | p 9,557 |
|  |  | 6,7 | 7,002 | 7,085 | 7,005 | 6,936 | 6,906 | 6,812 | 6,840 | 6,878 | 6,837 | 6,833 | 「 6,948 | ${ }^{\text {p }} 7,000$ |
|  | 771 | 760 | 763 | 744 | 743 | 749 | 747 | 741 | 7 | 39 | 739 | 742 | 60 | 48 |
| Anthracit | 36 | - 34 | ${ }_{35}^{98}$ | 34 | 43 | ${ }_{44}^{94}$ | ${ }_{43}^{93}$ | 43 | 40 | 988 | ${ }_{77}^{97}$ | ${ }_{34} 9$ |  | p 87 |
|  | 222 | 210 | 215 | 213 | 211 | 212 | 212 | 211 | 210 | 208 | 205 | 208 | r 211 | - 208 |
| Crude-petroleum and natural-gas production |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nonmetallic mining and quarrying........do...- | ${ }_{107} 05$ | 308 | 306 | 300 | 292 | 294 | 296 | 294 | 293 | 296 | - 295 | 297 |  |  |
| Contract construction | 2. 629 | 2,686 | 2,735 | 2,698 | 2,652 | 2, 598 | -104 | 2, 237 | 2,169 | - 2102 | - 105 | 106 +2.526 | ¢ 107 +2.615 | - ${ }^{\circ} 107$ |
| Transportation and public utilities.-........do | 4,017 | 4,029 | 4,018 | 4.023 | 4,005 | 3,986 | 3,996 | 3,927 | 3,937 | 3,966 | 3,939 | 3,997 | + 4, 085 | - 4,087 |
| Interstate railroads .-.------------------ do | 1,225 | 1,228 | 1,220 | 1,212 | 1,203 | 1,186 | 1,187 | 1,153 | 1,152 | 1,157 | 1,159 | 1,196 |  |  |
| Local railways and bus lines. ------------ do | 127 | 127 | 126 | 125 | 124 | 123 | 123 | , 122 | ${ }^{121}$ | , 121 | , 120 | $1{ }^{120}$ |  |  |
|  | 699 | 705 | 703 | 696 | 694 | 694 | 694 | 693 | 696 | 700 | $\checkmark 667$ | 674 |  |  |
|  | 41 | 41 | 41 | 41 | 41 | 41 | 42 | 41 | 41 | 41 | 42 | 42 |  |  |
| Wholesale and retail tr | 10,389 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wholesale trade......-.-------.---.............- do | 2,761 | 1.384 | 12,784 | 10,447 | 10,548 | 10,745 | 11,354 | 10,419 | 10,309 | 10,408 | 10,549 | 10, 534 | r 10,633 | p 10,624 |
|  | 7, 628 | 7,567 | 7,537 | 7,658 | 2,819 7.729 | 2,849 7,896 | 8, 8,494 | 2,817 | 2,806 7,503 | 2, 71895 | 2,804 7 | 2,801 7 7 7 | r 2,824 +7809 | ${ }^{p} \mathrm{p}, 8850$ |
| General-merchandise stores.....---.-.-.-. do. | 1,316 | 1,281 | 1,280 | 1,349 | 1,398 | 1,518 | 1.903 | 1,327 | 1,269 | 1,305 | 1,372 | -1,342 | r 1, 346 | ${ }^{\text {p }}$ \% 1,774 |
| Food and liquor stores .-.-...-.-.-.-.- do | 1,449 | 1,442 | 1,434 | 1,444 | 1,460 | 1,472 | 1,494 | 1,462 | 1,467 | 1,471 | 1,478 | 1,487 | r 1, 497 | p 1, 193 |
| Automotive and accessories dealers...-.- do | 765 | 764 | 760 | , 753 | 749 | ${ }^{1} 754$ | 1,767 | , 749 | , 749 | , 755 | 763 | +768 | $\stackrel{7}{7}$ | ${ }_{5} 784$ |
| Finance, insurance, and real est te.......-- do | 2. 128 | 2. 150 | 2,151 | 2,141 | 2,136 | 2,134 | 2, 136 | 2,124 | 2,132 | 2,150 | 2,161 | 2,171 | r 2, 207 | - 2,237 |
| Service and miscellaneous..-.-...-.........- do | 5,715 | 5,755 | 5,750 | 5,719 | 5,660 | 5,622 | 5. 588 | 5,533 | 5,536 | 5,571 | 5,674 | ${ }^{5} 5,733$ | r 5, 773 | - 5, 812 |
| Hotels and lodging places..--.-...........-do. | 522 | 580 | 579 | 512 | 474 | 466 | 463 | 456 | 462 | 463 | 480 | 491 |  |  |
|  | 337 | 338 | 332 | 329 | 330 | 328 | 327 | 326 | 324 | 325 | 329 | 334 |  |  |
|  | 167 | 162 | 156 | 157 | 160 | 158 | 155 | 153 | 150 | 154 | 157 | 160 |  |  |
|  | 6, 716 | 6,551 | 6, 563 | 6.746 | 6,829 | 6,917 | 7,166 | 6,835 | 6,873 | 6,922 | 6,927 | 6, 881 | r 6, 851 | -6,706 |
| Total, adjusted 9. | 48,170 | 48,048 | 48,029 | 48,020 | 48,129 | 48,386 | 48,380 | 48,398 | 48,440 | 48,766 | 48,881 | ז 40, 214 | r 49,483 |  |
|  | 15,942 | 15.733 | 15,688 | 15,739 | 15,835 | 15,972 | 15,992 | 15,993 | 16,091 | 16,229 | 16, 380 | - 16, 545 | r 16,673 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{l}$ 16,715 |
| Durable-goods industries.-.............--- do- | 9,070 | 8,912 | 8,856 | 8,881 | 8,975 | 9,082 | 9,105 | 9,124 | 9,211 | 9,300 | 9, 405 | $r{ }^{\text {r }} 7.523$ | 「9,616 | p9,662 |
| Nondurable-goods industries...-.-.---.--- do. | 6,872 | 6,821 | 6,832 | 6,858 | 6,860 | 6,890 | 6,887 | 6,869 | 6,880 | 6,929 | 6,975 | - 7,022 | r 7, 057 | - 7,053 |
| Mining---------------------------------- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 767 | 768 | 755 | 740 | 743 | 745 | 743 | 741 | 741 | 739 | 743 | r 749 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 756$ | D 756 |
| Contract construction | 2, 528 | 2,534 | 2, 532 | 2,521 | 2,502 | 2,522 | 2,476 | 2,458 | 2,410 | 2,478 | 2,499 | ${ }^{\text {r } 2,526}$ | r 2,514 | - 2,542 |
| Transportation and public utilities_.-.-.-.....do do | 4,001 10,455 | 4,000 10 | 3,989 10,475 | 4, 4007 | 3,995 <br> 10,443 | 3,976 10 | 3,986 | - 3,974 | 3,984 | 3,986 | 3,946 | 4, 000 | $\begin{array}{r} \\ r \\ \times \\ \hline\end{array}$ | P 4,056 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate.-.-.----.-.-. do | $\begin{array}{r}10,455 \\ \mathbf{2 , 1 0 7} \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 10,480 2,118 | 10,475 2,119 | 10,447 2,141 | $\begin{array}{r}10,443 \\ \mathbf{2 , 1 4 7} \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}10,496 \\ 2.145 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 10,575 | 10.574 2.145 | 10,541 | 10,633 | 10,600 2 161 | 10,655 | r $\begin{array}{r}10,701 \\ \cdot 2185\end{array}$ | p 10,756 |
| Service and miscellaneous ----.-.---------- do - | 5, 631. | 5,670 | 5,665 | 5.634 | 5,660 | 5,650 | 5,644 | 5,646 | 5,649 | 5,656 | 5,674 |  | r 5 5, 688 | p 2,204 $\gg 5,726$ |
|  | 6,739 | 6,745 | 6,806 | 6,791 | 6,804 | 6, 880 | 6,817 | 6,867 | 6,870 | 6,884 | 6,878 | 6,892 | r 6, 898 | - 6, 929 |
| Production workers in manufacturing industries: $\%$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total (U. S. Dept. of Labor) .--.-.-.-.-.thousands_ | 12,437 | 12,179 | 12,418 | 12,577 | 12.612 | 12.657 | 12.645 | 12,523 | 12,649 | 12,778 | 12,816 | r 12, 882 | ${ }^{\text {r 13, }} \mathbf{0 8 4}$ | ${ }^{p} 13,046$ |
|  | 7, 130 | 6, 876 | 6. 890 | 6.965 | 7,081 | 7,198 | 7, 218 | 7,182 | 7,282 | 7, 375 | 7,457 | -7,530 | r 7, 631 | ${ }^{\text {p }} 7,559$ |
| Ordnance and accessories. | 107 | 104 | 101 | 102 | 100 | 98 | 97 | 96 | 94 | 94 | +91 | r 90 | ${ }^{5} 90$ | ${ }_{\square} 90$ |
| thousands | 674 | 583 | 592 | 672 | 692 | 685 | 661 | 631 | 639 | 634 | 651 | -683 | r 720 | - 716 |
| Sawmills and planing mills..............-do..... | 366 <br> 277 | 318 <br> 275 | 325 290 | 371 | ${ }_{3}^{374}$ | 369 301 | 360 | 350 | ${ }_{26}^{353}$ | 355 | 360 | 371 |  |  |
| Furniture and fixtures | 4278 | 424 | 434 | ${ }_{437}^{298}$ | ${ }_{438}^{301}$ | 301 | 297 | 293 | 296 | 298 | 297 |  | $\begin{array}{r}r \\ \\ r \\ 401 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | D 298 |
| Olass and alassware, pressed or blown.--do. | 78 | 74 | 76 | 76 | 76 | 438 76 | 437 75 | 430 | 434 75 | ${ }^{442}$ | 450 77 |  | r 46 | p 458 |
| Primary metal industries.............do ${ }_{\text {Plast }}$ | 982 | 969 | 967 | 965 | 969 | 988 | 1,002 | 1,013 | 1,032 | 1,057 | 1,076 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 1,096$ | 1, 12 | p 1, 112 |
| Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills thousands- | 488 | 485 | 484 | 485 | 481 | 487 | 493 | 498 | 508 | 520 | 531 | 545 |  |  |
| Primary smelting and refining of nonferrous metals_-...-.-.-.-.-...................... | 52 | 52 | 52 | 50 | 49 | 53 | 53 | 53 | 53 | 53 | 54 | 54 |  |  |
| Fabricated metal prod. (except ordnance, machinery, transportation equipment) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 54 | 54 |  |  |
| Heating apparatus (except electrical) and - | 831 | 809 | 820 | 821 | 829 | 844 | 843 | 834 | 844 | 860 | 868 | 877 | r 88 | \$ 874 |
| plumbers' supplies $\qquad$ thousands | 96 | 94 | 100 | 102 | 103 | 103 | 100 | 97 | 100 | 103 | ${ }^{1} 103$ | 104 |  |  |
| Machinery (except electrical)................-do.---- | 1,154 | 1,111 | 1,095 | 1,097 | 1,093 | 1,092 | 1,106 | 1,109 | 1,125 | 1,144 | 1,164 | ${ }^{\text {r 1 , } 174}$ | r 1,185 |  |
| Electrical machinery -------.-.-.-.-.-.-.- do | 761 | 751 | 766 | 785 | 800 | 811 | 809 | 800 | , 803 | 803 | ${ }^{1} 804$ | 809 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 814$ | ${ }^{1} 812$ |
| Transportation equipment--.-----.-.-.- do | 1,328 | 1,279 | 1,238 | 1, 183 | 1,249 | 1,334 | 1,375 | 1,400 | 1,426 | 1,447 | 1,462 | r 1, 4.56 | ${ }^{\text {r 1, }} 150$ | ${ }^{\text {p } 1,438 ~}$ |
|  | 624 | 590 | 562 | 504 | 580 | 665 | 702 | 730 | 750 | 773 | ${ }^{1} 789$ | 792 |  |  |
|  | 543 | 537 | 528 | 531 | 522 | 524 | 525 | 523 | 523 | 520 | ${ }^{+} 518$ | 512 |  |  |
| Ship and boat building and repairs.....-do | 113 | 111 | 103 | 103 | 104 | 101 | 104 | 104 | 106 | 108 | 107 | 109 |  |  |
| Railroad equipment --.........-------- do | 41 | 33 | 36 | 36 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 41 | 40 | 41 | 42 |  |  |
| Instruments and related products.--------.-. ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 219 | 214 | 214 | 218 | 218 | 218 | 218 | 217 | 216 | 219 | 218 | 211 | r221 | 220 |
| Miscellaneous mfg. industries | 371 | 358 | 373 | 386 | 393. | 390 | 373 | 360 | 371 | 377 | 376 | r 379 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 384$ | ${ }^{\text {p }} 373$ |

R Revised. DPreliminary.
$\oplus$ Minor changes have been made for May 1950-October 1951. Revisions for November 1951-December 1953 will be shown later.
§Beginning July 1955, estimates relate to the calendar week which contains the 12 th of the month; earlier data relate to that containing the 8th of the month
back to 1939 for all employees (total), finance, etc., and Government divisions, and back to 1945 for the to adjust to the first quarter 1954 benchmark. Revisions back to 1953 for all series, back to 1939 for all employees (total), finance, etc., and Government divisions, and back to 1945 for the service, etc., division will be available within the next few manths upon request to the
Division of Manpower and Employment Statistics, Rureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor. Beginning September 1954 , the estimates of the number of employe by industry Division of Manpower and Employment Statistics, Rureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor . Beginning September 1954, the estimates of the number of employees by industry
division and the number and index of production workers in manufacturing industries (p. S-12) adjusted for seasonal variation are compiled by the U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. The BLS is currently using the seasonal factors formerly used by the Board of Governors, Federal Reserve System.

| Unleas otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1954 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | Septem- ber | October | November | $\begin{gathered} \text { Decem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{\text { ary }}{\text { Janu- }}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July |

## EMPLOYMENT AND POPULATION-Continued

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline EMPLOYMENT-Continued \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Production workers in mfg. industries 9 -Continued Total (U. S. Dept. of Labor)-Continued \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Nondurable-goods industries .-........-thousands.- \& 5,307 \& 5,303 \& 5,528 \& 5,612 \& 5,531 \& 5,459 \& 5,427 \& 5,341 \& 5. 367 \& 5,403 \& 5,359 \& + 5, 352 \& +5,453 \& p 5,487 <br>
\hline Food and kindred products......-.-.-.-.-. do..-- \& 1,086 \& 1,152 \& 1,238 \& 1, 268 \& 1,180 \& 1,111 \& 1,062 \& 1,007 \& 985 \& 991 \& 1,011 \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 1,035$ \& ${ }^{\text {r } 1,081}$ \& ${ }^{8} 1,161$ <br>
\hline  \& 247 \& 246 \& 251 \& 257 \& 262 \& 264 \& 264 \& 256 \& 250 \& 248 \& 246 \& 251 \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 87 \& 87 \& 85 \& 80 \& 76 \& 75 \& 72 \& 72 \& 73 \& 74 \& 78 \& 82 \& \& <br>
\hline Canning and preserving --.-------.-....- do \& 172 \& 235 \& 320 \& 347 \& 244 \& 179 \& 151 \& 135 \& 125 \& 128 \& 142 \& 144 \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 174 \& 176 \& 174 \& 173 \& 175 \& 175 \& 173 \& 168 \& 169 \& 169 \& -169 \& 171 \& \& <br>
\hline  \& $\begin{array}{r}127 \\ 82 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& ${ }_{83}^{133}$ \& 127 \& 110 \& 119 \& 118 \& 114 \& 107 \& 105
89 \& 109 \& 114 \& 119 \& \& <br>
\hline Tobacco manufactures...------------.-...- do \& $\begin{array}{r}82 \\ 973 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& -836 \& 102
974 \& ${ }_{978}^{110}$ \& 112 \& 103 \& 100 \& ${ }_{977}^{91}$ \& 89
985 \& $\begin{array}{r}83 \\ 985 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& $\begin{array}{r}80 \\ 983 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 80
+965 \& 182
974 \& p
$p 96$ <br>
\hline  \& 445 \& 430 \& 440 \& 440 \& 440 \& 440 \& 443 \& 444 \& 446 \& 445 \& 446 \& 437 \& \& <br>
\hline Knitting mills \& 197 \& 192 \& 202 \& 204 \& 204 \& 204 \& 200 \& 192 \& 196 \& 197 \& ${ }^{*} 196$ \& 196 \& \& <br>
\hline Apparel and other finished textile products $\begin{gathered}\text { thousands }\end{gathered}$ \& 990 \& 984 \& 1,054 \& 1,059 \& 1,057 \& 1,060 \& 1,073 \& 1,069 \& 1,101 \& 1,110 \& 1,057 \& 1.041 \& r 1,062 \& <br>
\hline Men's and boys' sults and coats.....do. \& 105 \& 103 \& 112 \& 111 \& 106 \& 101 \& , 108 \& 108 \& 110 \& ${ }_{110}$ \& $\stackrel{104}{ }$ \& 1005 \& 1, \& 1,040 <br>
\hline Men's and boys' furnishings and work clothing thousands. \& 267 \& 252 \& 273 \& 278 \& 281 \& 282 \& 277 \& 276 \& 285 \& 290 \& ${ }^{*} 287$ \& 290 \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 284 \& 296 \& 317 \& 312 \& 305 \& 315 \& 332 \& 335 \& 343 \& 343 \& 314 \& 295 \& \& <br>
\hline Paper and allied products-..-.-.-.-.-.- do \& 439 \& 433 \& 439 \& 445 \& 444 \& 444 \& 442 \& $\stackrel{437}{ }$ \& 437 \& 439 \& 441 \& ${ }^{444}$ \& 451 \& ¢ 4 <br>
\hline Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills --....do---- \& 223 \& 220 \& 222 \& 224 \& 222 \& 222 \& 223 \& 221 \& 222 \& 222 \& 223 \& 224 \& \& <br>
\hline Printing, publishing, and allied industries
thousands. \& 514 \& 508 \& 509 \& 518 \& 520 \& 518 \& 519 \& 512 \& 512 \& 516 \& 516 \& 516 \& - 520 \& p 519 <br>
\hline Newspapers.......-.---.....-------...- do. \& 147 \& 144 \& 144 \& 146 \& 147 \& 147 \& 148 \& 146 \& 145 \& 146 \& 147 \& 148 \& \& - <br>
\hline  \& 168 \& 167 \& 167 \& 170 \& 170 \& 169 \& 172 \& 170 \& 170 \& 171 \& - 171 \& 171 \& \& <br>
\hline Chemicals and allied products-.-........--do \& 521 \& 517 \& 520 \& 529 \& 534 \& ${ }_{235}^{533}$ \& 534 \& 534 \& 535 \& 548 \& 551 \& - 550 \& ${ }^{5} 545$ \& 540 <br>
\hline Industrial organic chemicals-.-...--...-- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ \& 201 \& 201 \& 201 \& 201 \& 202 \& 205 \& 206 \& 207 \& 209 \& 212 \& 214 \& 215 \& \& <br>
\hline Products of petroleum and coal \& 181 \& 181 \& 179 \& 177 \& 175 \& 173 \& 172 \& 169 \& 170 \& 172 \& 173 \& 175 \& 177 \& P 179 <br>
\hline  \& 140 \& 171 \& 139 \& 137 \& 135 \& 134 \& 133 \& 132 \& 132 \& 133 \& 132 \& 134 \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 196 \& 171 \& 175
66 \& 196
83 \& 202
84 \& 202
81 \& 207
85 \& $\begin{array}{r}109 \\ 85 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 209
87 \& 212
87 \& 211
r 89 \& r 216

9 \& '219 \& 21 <br>
\hline Leather and leather products \& 324 \& 328 \& 338 \& 331 \& 330 \& 332 \& 335 \& 336 \& 345 \& 347 \& 337 \& +331 \& , 343 \& 34 <br>
\hline  \& 217 \& 218 \& 224 \& 217 \& 213 \& 216 \& 222 \& 225 \& 228 \& 227 \& 222 \& 219 \& \& <br>
\hline Production workers in manufacturing industries, adjusted: $\%$ \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 12,546 \& 12,337 \& 12, 297 \& 12,346 \& 12, 445 \& 12,572 \& 12,580 \& 12, 586 \& 12, 673 \& 12,798 \& 12, 934 \& - 13,081 \& - 13, 197 \& p 13,211 <br>
\hline Durable-goods industries.....-----.-------- do- \& 7, 136 \& 6,979 \& 6,928 \& 6,957 \& 7,054 \& 7,159 \& 7,177 \& 7, 191 \& 7,269 \& 7, 350 \& 7,443 \& 「7,549 \& -7,635 \& - 7, 667 <br>
\hline Nondurable-goods industries...-.-....-.-... do . \& 5,410 \& 5,358 \& 5,369 \& 5,389 \& 5,391 \& 5,413 \& 5, 403 \& 5,395 \& 5,404 \& 5,448 \& 5,491 \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 5$, 532 \& '5,562 \& - 5, 544 <br>
\hline Production workers in manufacturing industries:\% \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline | Indexes of employment: |
| :--- |
| Unadjusted $1947-49=100 .$ | \& 100.5 \& 98.5 \& 100.4 \& 101.7 \& 102.0 \& 102.3 \& 102.2 \& 101.2 \& 102.3 \& 103.3 \& 103.6 \& - 104 \& -105.8 \& D 105.5 <br>

\hline  \& 101.4 \& 99.7 \& 99.4 \& 99.8 \& 100.6 \& 101.6 \& 101.7 \& 101.8 \& 102.5 \& 103.5 \& 104.6 \& 105.8 \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 106.7$ \& ${ }^{\text {D }} 106.8$ <br>
\hline Miscellaneous employment data: ${ }_{\text {F }}$ Federal civilian employees (executive branch): $\sigma^{7}$ \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Federal civilian employees (executive branch): $0^{\prime}$
United States, continental..........thousands. \& 2,137.6 \& 2,135,4 \& 2,130.9 \& 2,115.9 \& 2, 121.3 \& 2,138.7 \& 12,431.1 \& 2,113.2 \& 2,116. 4 \& 2,122.1 \& 2,127.4 \& 2,132.9 \& 2,157.4 \& <br>
\hline Washington, D. C., metropolitan area-....do...- \& 207.7 \& 207.4 \& 206.4 \& 204.7 \& 205.5 \& 206.0 \& ${ }^{1} 209.8$ \& 206.1 \& 207.0 \& 207.5 \& 207.3 \& 207.7 \& 211.3 \& <br>
\hline Railway employees (class I steam railways): \& 1, 104 \& \& 1,099 \& 1,092 \& 1,083 \& 1,064 \& 1059 \& 1,037 \& 1,033 \& 1,035 \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 1,104 \& 1,107 \& \& \& \& \& \& 1,083 \& 1,083 \& 1,03 \& 1,040 \& '1,081 \& ${ }^{\circ} 1,104$ \& <br>
\hline  \& 83.3 \& 83.6 \& 83.0 \& 82.5 \& 81.8 \& 80.4 \& 79.8 \& 78.2 \& 78.0 \& 78.1 \& - 78.4 \& -81.3 \& - 83.3 \& <br>
\hline  \& 81.5 \& 81.8 \& 81.5 \& 82.3 \& 83.5 \& 82.2. \& 81.5 \& 77.5 \& 78.1 \& 78.7 \& + 79.5 \& -80.2 \& p 81.5 \& <br>
\hline PAYROLLS \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Manufacturing production-worker payroll index, unadjusted (U. S. Dept. of Labor) $9 . . . . . . .-1947-49=100$ \& 135.8 \& 131.9 \& 134.8 \& 138.0 \& 139.1 \& 142.2 \& 143.1 \& 141.5 \& 144.4 \& - 146.6 \& 146.7 \& r150. 1 \& r 152.1 \& D 150.9 <br>
\hline LABOR CONDITIONS \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Average weekly hours per worker (U. S. Dept. of Labor):? \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& $\stackrel{40.3}{ }$ \& 40.8 \& 40. 7 \& ${ }^{p} 40.3$ <br>
\hline Durable-goods industries do.... Ordnance and accessories $\qquad$ do. $\qquad$ \& 40.0
40.1 \& 39.7
40.1 \& 40.1 \& 40.1 \& 40.4
40.5 \& 40.8
40.7 \& 41.1 \& 40.9
40.0 \& 41.1
40.5 \& 41.4
40.6 \& r
r 41.2
40.6 \& 41.6
40.8 \& 41.3
+41.0 \& $p$ p 40.7
$p 40.3$ <br>
\hline Ordnance and accessories \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& r 41.0 \& <br>
\hline Sawmill hd pours-- \& 40.9 \& 40.8 \& 41.5 \& 40.6 \& 41.5 \& 41. 1 \& 40.8 \& 40. 7 \& 40.8 \& 40.8 \& 40.4 \& 40.9 \& 41.8 \& 41. <br>

\hline  \& 39.6 \& | 41.7 |
| :--- |
| 39.4 | \& 40.6 \& 40.8 \& 41.2 \& | 41.5 |
| :---: |
| 40.9 | \& 40.9 \& 40.7 \& 41.2

41.3 \& ${ }_{41}^{41.3}$ \& $\begin{array}{r} \\ \\ \hline\end{array} 40.6$ \& 41.7 \& r 41.6 \& <br>
\hline Stone, clay, and plass products.............-do- \& 40.5 \& 40.3 \& 40.7 \& 40.7 \& 41.2 \& 41.2 \& 41.1 \& 40.6 \& 40.6 \& -41.3 \& - 41.3 \& 41.8 \& r 42.0 \& ¢ 41.7 <br>
\hline Glass and glassware, pressed or blown. do...- \& 38.8 \& 38.4 \& 39.1 \& 39.3 \& 39.7 \& 39.2 \& 39.5 \& 39.3 \& 39.6 \& 39.9 \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 39.6$ \& 39.4 \& \& <br>
\hline Primary metal industries --..--.-.-......do-..- \& 38.8 \& 38.3 \& 38.4 \& 38.5 \& 38.9 \& 39.5 \& 40.0 \& 40.4 \& 40.6 \& 40.9 \& ¢ 41.2 \& 41.7 \& ヶ 41.7 \& p 40.4 <br>
\hline Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills hours.- \& 38.0 \& 37.5 \& 37.3 \& 37.4 \& 37.7 \& 38.8 \& 39.1 \& 39 \& 39.8 \& 40 \& r 40.5 \& 41.0 \& \& <br>
\hline Primary smelting and refining of nonferrous \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 40.3 \& 39.8 \& 40.3 \& 39.4 \& 40.0 \& 40.3 \& 40.5 \& 40.6 \& 40.4 \& 40.5 \& 40.6 \& 40.8 \& \& <br>
\hline Fabricated metal prod. (except ordnance, machinery, transportation equipment) -hours \& 40.7 \& 40.0 \& 40.5 \& 40.7 \& 40.9 \& 41.2 \& 41.6 \& 41.1 \& 41.2 \& 41.4 \& 41.2 \& 41.6 \& 41.3 \& 41.0 <br>
\hline Heating apparatus (except electrical) and \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline plumbers' supplies . .-. --.----.-......hours.- \& 40.1 \& 39.1 \& 40.4 \& 40.0 \& 40.7 \& 40.1 \& 40.2 \& 39.3 \& 39.8 \& 40.2 \& 40.0 \& 40.4 \& \& <br>
\hline Machinery (except electrical)...............do.... \& 40.5 \& 40.1 \& 40.2 \& 40.3 \& 40.2 \& 40.4 \& 40.9 \& 40.8 \& 41.0 \& 41.4 \& r 41.6 \& 42.1 \& r 42.1 \& p 41.5 <br>
\hline Electrical machinery .-.......-..............do. \& 39.6 \& 39.3 \& 39.8 \& 40.1 \& 40.4 \& 40.7 \& 40.5 \& 40.3 \& 40.4 \& 40.5 \& ${ }^{5} 40.6$ \& 40.8 \& 40.5 \& $p 40.0$ <br>
\hline Transportation equipment.....-.-.-.-.-.-. do \& 39.9 \& 39.8 \& 40.2 \& 40.0 \& 40.4 \& 41.8 \& 42.5 \& 42.1 \& 42.4 \& 42.7 \& r 42.1 \& 42.7 \& - 40.4 \& - 40.4 <br>
\hline  \& 39.3 \& 39.2 \& 40.0 \& 39.8 \& 40.6 \& 42.9 \& 44.0 \& 43.0 \& 43.8 \& 44.3 \& \% 43.5 \& 44.4 \& \& <br>
\hline Aircraft and parts......-.-.-...............-do. \& 40.8 \& 40.7 \& 40.8 \& 40.8 \& 40.7 \& 41.2 \& 41.4 \& 41.5 \& 41.1 \& 41.3 \& $\bigcirc 40.7$ \& 41.0 \& \& <br>
\hline Ship and boat building and repairs.......do...- \& 39.1 \& 38.7 \& 39.0 \& 37.9 \& 38.4 \& 38.2 \& 39.2 \& 39.4 \& 39.5 \& 39.6 \& + 39.6 \& 39.9 \& \& <br>
\hline Railroad equipment. \& 38.6 \& 38.2 \& 38.4 \& 36.8 \& 38.2 \& 39.9 \& 40.4 \& 40.1 \& 39.4 \& 39.5 \& 40.0 \& 39.9 \& \& <br>
\hline Instruments and related products....-...-. do \& 39.8 \& 39.5 \& 39.5 \& 39.9 \& 40.1 \& 40.3 \& 40.5 \& 40.2 \& 40.5 \& 40.5 \& 40.3 \& 40.6 \& - 40.8 \& P40.2 <br>
\hline Miscellaneous mfg. industries.............-do.-.- \& 39.6 \& 39.0 \& 39.91 \& 40.0 \& 40.5 \& 40.5 \& 40.6 \& 40.2 \& 40.5 \& 40.6 \& $\bigcirc 40.1$ \& 40.5 \& ¢ 40.5 \& ¢ 40.2 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

${ }^{r}$ Revised. $\quad p$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ Includes temporary Post Office employees hired during Christmas season; there were about 304,300 such employees in all areas. O See corresponding note on p. S-11. $\dagger$ Revised to reflect use of new base period.
or Effective January 1953, employees of the General Accounting Office and Government Printing Office were transferred to the legislative branch; employment in these agencies at the end of January 1953 was as follows: Continental United States-GAO, 6,200; GPO, 7,700; Wash., D. C.-GAO, 4,600; GPO, 7,400. Also, the data beginning January 1953 exclude 1,300
employees of Howard University and Gallaudet College who are not now classified as Federal employees. In addition to the aforementioned exclusions, the January 1953 flgure for Conempoyees or Howard aniversity and
tinental U.S. S . reflects a downward revision of approximately 16,000 employees based on more accurate reports from the Post Office Department. Data beginning January 1954 include additional employees now classified as Federal employees although they are paid from funds appropriated to the District of Columbia.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1954 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | Septem- ber | October | November | December | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July |

## EMPLOYMENT AND POPULATION—Continued

| LABOR CONDITIONS-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A verage weekly hours per worker, etc.-Continued All manufacturing industries, etc.-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nondurable-goods industries $\uparrow$ +..............hours.- | 38.9 | 39.0 | 39.2 | 39.3 | 39.2 | 39.5 | 39.8 | 39.3 | 39.5 | 39.7 | 39.0 | 39.6 | 39.9 | - 39.7 |
| Food and kindred products.-.-...........-do.--- | 41.4 | 41.5 | 41.2 | 41.5 | 40.9 | 41.2 | 41.4 | 40.8 | 40.5 | 40.5 | 40.3 +40.0 | 41.1 | 41.5 | D 41.6 |
|  | 41.0 | 41.7 | 40.9 | 41.2 43.6 | ${ }_{4}^{41.5}$ | $\begin{array}{r}42.8 \\ 42.4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }_{42}^{42.8}$ | 41.7 | 43.0 | 40.51 | +40.0 +43.0 | 41.3 |  |  |
|  | 44.6 | 44.6 | 43.2 | 43.6 40.8 | 43.5 | ${ }_{36}{ }^{42 .} 7$ | ${ }_{38}{ }^{42} 8$ | 37.7 | ${ }_{38} 3$ | 48.01 | $\begin{array}{r} \\ +37.0 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 38.4 |  |  |
| Canning and preserving.-.-....-.-.-....- do....- | 38.6 <br> 41.4 | 39.4 41.1 | 40.6 40.8 | 40.8 41.0 | 38.5 40.7 | 36.7 40.6 | 38.2 40.9 | 37.7 40.4 | 38.2 <br> 40.5 | 38.0 <br> 40.4 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \text { 40. } \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 41.2 |  |  |
|  | $\stackrel{41.4}{41.1}$ | ${ }_{41.5}^{41.5}$ | 40.6 | 40.6 | 40.4 | 39.9 | 39.5 | 39.4 | 39.7 | 40.2 | - 40.5 | 40.8 |  |  |
|  | 38.3 | 37.9 | 38.5 | 39.4 | 40.1 | 36.9 | 38.4 | 37.7 | 37.0 | 37.6 | - 36.4 | 38.8 | - 39.4 | ${ }^{\text {p }} 38.1$ |
| Textile-mill products. | 37.8 | 37.8 | 38.5 | 38.6 | 39.2 | 39.8 | 40.2 | 39.6 | 40.0 | 40.0 | + 38.7 | 39.6 | 「39.8 | p 39.6 |
| Broad-woven fabric mills.................. do | 37.6 | 37.8 | 38.4 | 38.7 | 39.5 | 40.3 | 40.6 | 39.9 | 40.1 | 40.1 | 39.1 | 40.1 |  |  |
|  | 36.9 | 36.6 | 37.6 | 37.5 | 38.3 | 38.5 | 38.3 | 37.4 | 38.2 | 38.4 | ${ }^{-36.3}$ | 37.4 |  |  |
| Apparel and other finished textile products |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| hours.- | 35.0 | 35. 2 | 36.2 | 35.9 | 35.7 | 36. 1 | 36. 3 | 36. 0 | 36.7 | 37. 1 | 35.6 | 36.4 | 36.6 | p 36.1 |
| Men's and boys' suits and coats. $\qquad$ do $\qquad$ Men's and boys' furnishings and work clothing | 34.0 | 35.5 | 35.0 | 35.4 | 32.9 | 33.8 | 36.0 | 35.5 | 36.6 | 37.2 | r 34.2 | 8 |  |  |
| Women's outerwear ......-.............dours.-- | 35.4 <br> 33.7 | 35. 3.1 | 36.9 35.2 | 36.7 <br> 34.1 | 36.8 33.6 | 36.5 <br> 34.9 | 36.2 35.7 | 36.0 35.6 | 37.1 35.9 | 37.1 36.3 | $\begin{array}{r}35.6 \\ +35.4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 36. 6 |  |  |
|  | 42.4 | 42.4 | 42.6 | 42.6 | 42.7 | 42.8 | 42.7 | 42.3 | 42.5 | 42.8 | - 42.5 | 42.8 | 43.0 | p 4.0 |
| Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills .-....do.-.- | 43.6 | 43.8 | 43.6 | 43.6 | 43.7 | 43.8 | 43.8 | 43.7 | 43.8 | 44.0 | 43.7 | 44.0 |  |  |
| Printing, publishing, and allied industries bours. | 38.3 | 38.3 | 38.5 | 38.6 | 38.4 | 38.5 | 39.0 | 38. 2 | 38.4 | 38.8 | -38.5 | 38.8 | 538.7 | p 38.7 |
| Newspapers..-.-...........................do | 36.1 | 35.8 | 35.6 | 36.0 | 36.0 | 36.0 | 36.8 | 35.2 | 35.5 | 35.8 | 36.1 | 36.6 |  |  |
| Commercial printing-................................. | 39.0 | 39.5 | 39.4 | 39.4 | 39.4 | 39.5 | 40.2 | 39.6 | 39.8 | 40.2 | - 39.7 | 39.7 |  |  |
| Chemicals and allied products ...-.-.-.-.-. do | 41.2 | 40.9 | 40.9 | 41.2 | ${ }^{41.2}$ | 41.3 | 41.4 | 41.1 | 41.2 | 41.4 | ${ }^{5} 41.3$ | 41.3 | 41.4 | P 41.2 |
| Industrial organic chemicals.-...-.-.---- do | 41.0 | 40.5 | 40.5 | 40.9 | ${ }_{40}^{40.6}$ | 40.9 | 41.0 | 40.7 | 40.8 | ${ }_{41}^{41.0}$ | +40.9 | 41.0 |  |  |
| Products of petroleum and coal.......-.-.-. do.... | 41.4 <br> 41.0 | 41.1 40.8 | 41.0 | 41.2 40.6 | 40.6 40.4 | 40.9 40.8 | ${ }_{40}^{40.6}$ | ${ }_{40.9}^{40.8}$ | ${ }_{40.2}^{40}$ | 40.7 40.4 |  | 41.4 | 41.1 | p 40.7 |
| Rubher products | 40.2 | 39.4 | 39.1 | 39.3 | 40.4 | 41.1 | 41.8 | 41.3 | 41.3 | 41.0 | 41.8 | 41.8 | r 42.6 | 941.6 |
| Tires and inner tubes.....................-do | 40.2 | 38.5 | 37.4 | 38.3 | 39.3 | 40.4 | 41.6 | 41.1 | 40.7 | 40.3 | - 42.4 | 41.7 |  |  |
| Leather and leather products --.-----..--- do-.-- | 36.7 35 | 37.5 | 37.4 36.9 | 36.2 35.1 | ${ }_{34.3}^{35}$ | 37.0 | 37.8 37.2 | 37.9 | 38.8 | 38.5 | 36.6 | 36. 7 | 37. | ${ }^{\text {p }} 37.2$ |
|  | 35.9 | 37.2 | 36.9 | 35.1 | 34.3 | 35.9 | 37.2 | 37.5 | 38.5 | 38.1 | 36.0 | 36.0 |  |  |
| Mining: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }^{40.6}$ | 40.3 | 40.8 | 40.2 | 40.1 | 40.6 | 41.7 | 42.8 | 42.0 | 41.6 | ¢ 41.1 | 42.4 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 33.0 | 23.6 | 34.1 | 33.7 | 35.1 | 31.9 | 36.3 | 31.9 | - 28.8 | 30.8 |  |  |
| Bituminous coal Crude-petroleum and natural-gas production: | 33.2 | 30.4 | 33.1 | 32.6 | 35.3 | 35.6 | 37.1 | 37.1 | 37.8 | 36.9 | +37.2 | 37.5 |  |  |
| Petroleum and natural-gas production.. hours.- | 40.1 | 6 | 41.4 | 40.8 | 40.2 | 40.2 | 40.3 | 41.7 | 39.9 | 40.1 | 40.2 | 41.2 |  |  |
| Nonmetallic mining and quarrying-......-do...- | 44.9 | 45.2 | 45.1 | 44.7 | 44.9 | 44.4 | 43.4 | 42.4 | ${ }_{45}^{41.6}$ | ${ }^{43,6}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\ulcorner \\ \hline\end{array} 43.9$ | 45.0 |  |  |
|  | ${ }_{41.8}^{38.1}$ | ${ }_{42.3}$ | ${ }_{41.9}$ | 39.8 39.9 | 37.4 40.4 | 36.7 40.3 | ${ }_{38.4}{ }^{36.4}$ | 36.8 | ${ }_{37.9}$ | 36.6 <br> 39.6 | +36.0 +38.2 | 37.4 |  |  |
| Building construction ..........................do | 37.1 | 36.9 | 37.0 | 36.0 | 36.6 | 35.8 | 36.0 | 35.1 | 34.7 | 35.9 | 35.4 | 36.7 |  |  |
| Transportation and public utilities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Local railways and bus linest------------ do | 43.7 | 42.9 | 43.0 | 42.7 | 42.8 | 42.5 | 43.2 | 42.5 | 42.9 | 42.8 | 43.0 | 43.4 |  |  |
|  | 41.7 | 41.7 | 41.8 | 41.9 | 42.1 | 41.5 | 41.4 | 41.3 | 41.3 | 41.5 | 42.0 | ${ }_{42} 39$ |  |  |
| Gas and electric utilities-............................... | 41.2 | 41.5 | 41.3 | 41.7 | 42.0 | 41.4 | 41.4 | 40.9 | 40.9 | 40.8 | 40.9 | 1.0 |  |  |
| Wholesale and retail trade: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wholesale trade.-.----.-----.-.-.....do. | 40.4 | 40.4 | 40.4 | 40.4 | 40.5 | . 4 | 40.8 | 40.4 | 40.3 | 0.3 | [ 40.3 | 0. 7 |  |  |
| Retail trade (except eating and drinking places) | 39.3 | 39.8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General-merchandise stores...............-do.-.- | 35.3 | 36.2 | 36.0 | 35.2 | 34.9 | 34.6 | 37.1 | 35.3 | 35.1 | ${ }_{35.2} 2$ | 34.7 | 34.9 |  |  |
| Food and liquor stores.....-.-.-..........do | 38.8 | 39.6 | 39.3 | 38.7 | 38.0 | 38.1 | 38.4 | 38.0 | 37.9 | 37.6 | - 37.6 | 37.7 |  |  |
| Automotive and accessories dealers.....--do...- | 44.4 | 44.4 | 44.3 | 44.2 | 44.2 | 44.2 | 44.4 | 44.0 | 44.2 | 44.2 | r 44.2 | 44.1 |  |  |
| Service and miscellaneous: Hotels, year-round. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 41.9 | 40.8 | 41.8 39 | 41.9 | 41.7 | 42.0 | 41.8 | ${ }_{40}^{42.1}$ | 41.8 | 41.7 | $\begin{array}{r} \\ \hline\end{array} 11.6$ | 41.4 |  |  |
| Cleaning and dyeing plants...---.-.-........-d | 41.0 | 38.8 | 38.2 | 39.7 | 40.1 | 39.3 | 39.5 | 39.0 | 38.0 | 39.2 | r 39.7 | 40.9 |  |  |
| Industrial disputes (strikes and lock-outs): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Beginning in month: <br> Work stoppayes. <br> number | 358 | 370 | 328 | 31.5 | 285 | 220 | 153 |  | 250 |  | 325 | 375 | 500 |  |
| Workers involved...-......................thousands.- | 196 | 238 | 143 | 126 | 164 | 71 | 29 | 50 | 90 | 165 | 210 | 170 | 500 |  |
| In effect during month: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Work stoppages --..-----------.-...--- | 577 | 580 | 525 | 526 | 488 | 387 | 293 | 325 | 380 | 450 | 500 | 575 | 700 |  |
|  | 281 | 376 | 300 | 304 | 259 | 129 | 78 | 80 | 125 | 220 | 310 | 310 | 650 |  |
| Man-days idle during month----...------....-do-.-- | 2,390 | 3,800 | 3, 740 | 2, 410 | 1, 820 | 1,310 | 486 | 400 | 570 | 1,600 | 2,600 | 2,600 | 3,400 |  |
| Percent of available working time | . 26 | . 44 | 41 | . 27 | 21 | . 15 | . 05 | . 5 | . 07 | . 17 | . 30 | . 29 | . 36 |  |
| U. S. Employment Service placement activities: Nonarricultural placements................thousands. | 470 | 439 | 478 | 520 | 487 | 426 | 393 | 397 | 373 | 453 | 480 | 542 | 548 |  |
| Unemployment compensation, State laws (Bureau of Employment Security): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Initial claims $\dagger$-...-.-.-...--..........--thousands.- | 1,272 | 1,335 | 1,157 | 1, 123 | 1,100 | 1,194 | 1,450 | ${ }^{1} 1,519$ | 1,038 | 1,005 | 1,009 | 910 | 898 |  |
| Insured unemployment, weekly average*......do...- | 1,924 | 1,862 | 1,692 | 1,580 | 1,466 | 1,463 | 1,666 | 1,962 | 1,880 | 1,657 | 1,471 | 1,263 | 1,116 | D1,092 |
| Benefit payments: Beneficiaries, weekly average ...............d |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 100,959 | 167,980 | 162, 653 | 153, 737 | 135, 299 | 132,089 | 153,050 | 1170, 882 | 1,694 | 1,600 | 1,345 | 1,136 | 1,031 |  |
| Veterans' unemployment allowances:or |  |  |  |  |  | 132,083 |  |  | 165,469 | 178, 762 | 135, 779 | 117,402 | 105, 831 |  |
|  | 38 | 34 | 36 | 28 | 28 | 34 | 41 | 44 | 35 | 33 | 25 | 25 | 40 |  |
| Insured unemployment, weekly average-...--- do.... | 79 | 82 | 85 | 75 | 65 | 68 | 79 | 92 | 95 | 88 | 69 | 55 | 56 |  |
| Beneficiaries, weekly a verage-.--...---.......do...-- |  |  | 100 | 92 | 75 | 73 | 87 | 105 | 111 | 107 | 86 | 66. | 64 |  |
| Amount of payments.-.-........-- thous. of dol.- | 9,755 | 9,894 | 10,238 | 9,444 | 7,377 | 7,520 | 9,381 | 10, 198 | 10, 224 | 11,337 | 8,423 | 6,739 | 6,606 |  |
| Labor turnover in manufacturing establishments: Accession rate ...... monthly rate per 100 employees.- | 3. 5 | 2.9 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 3.6 | 3.3 | 2.5 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.8 | 4 |  |
| Separation rate, total...-..............-......-. do. | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.5 | 3.9 | 3.3 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 2.9 | 2.5 | 3.0 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 3.2 |  |
|  | 2 | . 2 | . 2 | - | 2 | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 | 3 | 3 | . 3 |  |
|  | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 1.1 | 1.3 | 1.2 | -1.1 | 1.2 |  |
|  | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.4 | 1.8 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 9 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 |  |
| Military and miscellaneous..---.....-.......do. | . 21 | .2 | . 3 | . 3 | . 2 | . 1 | . 2 | . ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | . 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |  |  |

$r$ Revised. ${ }^{2}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ Beginning 1955 includes data relative to UCFE (January 1955 initial claims, 29,000; beneficiaries, 2,700; benefits paid, $\$ 307,000$ ).
$\ddagger$ Revised to include only privately operated lines; data shown in the March 1954 Surver and earlier issues cover both privately operated and government-operated lines
trevised series. Beginning with the February 1954 SURVEY, data have been revised to exclude transitional claims and, therefore, more closely represent instances of new unemployment. tuted for the series on number of continued claims filed. The insured unemployment Security. Data for insured unemployment for continental U. S. (excluding Alaska) have been substiunemployment and the time the claim is filed, so that the adjusted series refers to the week in which unemployment actually occurred. The monthly figures are averages of weekly data adjusted for split weeks in the month on the basis of a 5 -day week. Weekly averages for 1952 appear in the February 1954 SURVEY. $\%$ See corresponding note on p. S-11.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1954 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | Septem- | October | November | December | $\underset{\text { ary }}{\text { Janu- }}$ | Febru- ary | March | April | May | June | July |

## EMPLOYMENT AND POPULATION—Continued



Revised
Revised. $\quad$ P Preliminary.
O See corresponding note on p. S-11
$\ddagger$ Revised series. See note marked " $\ddagger$ " at bottom of p. S-13.

| Unless otherwise stated，statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1954 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Septem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | October | Novem－ ber | $\begin{gathered} \text { Decem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | Janu－ ary | Febru－ ary | March | April | May | June | July |

## EMPLOYMENT AND POPULATION—Continued

| WAGES－Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Average hourly gross earnings（U．S．Department of of Labor）： 9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All manufacturing industries．．．．－．．．．．．．．－．－．dollars．－ | 1． 81 | 1． 80 | 1.79 | 1.81 | 1． 81 | 1.83 | 1.83 | 1.84 | 1.85 | 1.85 | 1.86 | 1.87 | 1.87 | ${ }^{p} 1.88$ |
| Durable－goods industries．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．－－－－－do．．－－ | 1.91 1.98 | 1.91 1.99 | 1.91 2.00 | ${ }_{2}^{1.93}$ | 1.93 2.01 | 1．94 2.01 | 1.95 2.02 | 1．96 | 1．96 | 1.97 | $\begin{array}{r}+1.98 \\ +2.03 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1.99 2.03 | 1.99 2.04 | $p 2.00$ $p 2.05$ |
| Ordnance and accessories | 1.98 | 1．99 | 2.00 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 2． 02 | 2.03 | 2.03 | 2.03 | 2.03 | 2.03 | 2.04 | $D 2.05$ |
| dollars．－ | 1.67 | 1． 54 | 1.58 | 1.66 | 1.68 | 1.67 | 1.64 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.62 | $r 1.66$ | 1.66 | 1．72 | \＄1．72 |
| Sawmills and planing mills．．－－－－－－．－．．．－do ．－． | 1． 67 | 1． 55 | 1．59 | 1． 68 | 1.69 | 1.66 | 1． 63 | 1． 64 | 1.64 | 1． 63 | ${ }^{+1.66}$ | 1． 66 |  |  |
| Furniture and fixtures．．．－．．－－－－－－－－－－－－．－．do．．－－ | 1． 57 | 1． 57 | 1.57 | 1． 58 | 1． 58 | 1． 58 | 1． 59 | 1．58 | 1.59 | 1.59 | 1． 60 | 1．59 | 1.61 | ${ }^{p} 1.61$ |
| Stone，clay，and glass products．－．．－．．．－．do－ | 1． 75 | 1． 77 | 1.77 | 1． 79 | 1．78 | 1.81 | 1． 80 | 1.81 | 1.81 | 1.81 | 1.82 | 1.84 | 1.86 | p1．88 |
| Glass and glassware，pressed or blown．．．－do－－－－ | 1.79 | 1.81 | 1.81 | 1． 82 | 1． 82 | 1． 86 | 1． 85 | 1． 84 | 1．83 | 1． 86 | 1.87 | 1． 86 |  |  |
| Primary metal industries－．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． Blast furnaces，steel works，and rolling mill | 2.08 | 2.11 | 2.10 | 2.14 | 2.13 | 2.14 | 2.14 | 2.16 | 2.15 | 2.16 | 2.17 | 2.18 | r2．21 | －2．24 |
|  | 2． 19 | 2.24 | 2.21 | 2.27 | 2.24 | ． 25 | 2． 25 | 2.27 | 2.26 | 2.27 | －2． 28 | 2.28 |  |  |
| Primary smelting and refining of nonferrous metals． dollars． | 1.97 | 2.00 | 1.98 | 2.02 | 2.01 | 2.00 | 00 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 2.02 |  |  |
| Fabricated metal prod．（except ordnance，ma－ chinery，transportation equipment）＿dollars | 1.89 | 1.89 | 1.90 | 1.91 |  | 1.93 | 1.94 |  | 1.95 | 1.95 | 1.95 |  |  |  |
| Heating apparatus（except electrical）and－ |  |  |  |  | 1.92 | 1.93 | 1.94 | 1．95 | 1.95 | 1.95 | 1.95 | 1.96 | 1.95 | p 1.96 |
| plumbers＇supplies．．－．－－．．．－－－．－．－－dollars．－ | 1． 86 | 1.85 | 1.86 | 1． 88 | 1． 89 | 1． 89 | 1． 91 | 1.91 | 1.91 | 1.91 | 1.91 | 1.91 |  |  |
| Machinery（except electrical）．－－－－－－－．．．－．．－do．－－－ | 1.80 1.82 | 2．01 | 2.01 1.81 | 2.03 1.82 | 2．${ }_{1} 83$ | $\stackrel{2.03}{1.84}$ | 2.04 | 2.03 | 2.04 | 2.05 | 2.06 | 2.07 | 2.08 | ${ }^{p} 2.08$ |
|  | 1.82 | 1.82 | 1.81 | 1.82 | 1.84 | 1.84 | 1.84 | 1.85 | 1.85 | 1.86 | 1.86 | 1.87 | 1.86 | p 1.88 |
| Transportation equipment－．．－－．．．．－．－．．．．do | 2． 12 | 2.12 | 2.13 | 2． 16 | 2.16 | 2.18 | 2.19 | 2.20 | 2.20 | 2.21 | 2． 20 | 2.22 | r2．18 | 2.20 |
|  | 2.17 | 2.17 | 2． 20 | 2.24 | 2． 23 | 2.25 | 2． 26 | 2．25 | 2.26 | 2.27 | － 2.25 | 2.28 |  |  |
| Aircraft and parts | 2.08 | 2.08 | 2．09 | ${ }_{2}^{2.10}$ | 2． 10 | 2.12 | 2． 12 | 2．14 | 2.14 | 2.14 | 2.14 | 2.14 |  |  |
| Ship and boat building and repairs．－．－－－do．．．－ | 2.06 2.11 | 2.11 | ${ }_{2.13}^{2.08}$ | 2.08 | 2． 11 | 2． 10 | 2． 2． 20 | 2.10 | 2.10 | 2.09 | 2．10 | 2.10 |  |  |
|  | 1.83 | 1.84 | 1.83 | 1.85 | 1． 85 | 1.85 | 1.86 | 1.87 | 2．18 | 2．13 | 2． 208 | 1． 87 | －1．91 | p 1.91 |
| Miscellaneous mfg．industries．－．－－－．－．．．．－．－．－do． | 1.60 | 1.60 | 1． 59 | 1.61 | 1.61 | 1.61 | 1.63 | 1． 64 | 1． 64 | 1.64 | 1.64 | 1.65 | r1．64 | 刀1． 65 |
|  | 1． 66 | 1.66 | 1.65 | 1． 665 | 1． 66 | 1． 67 | 1． 67 | 1.68 | 1.68 | 1.68 | 1.69 | 1.70 | 1．70 | 1．71 |
| Food and kindred products．．．．．．．－－－－－－－do | 1． 67 | 1． 67 | 1．64 | 1． 65 | 1． 1.67 | 1． 70 | 1． 71 | 1． 72 | 1.73 | 1.73 | 1． 74 | 1.74 | －1．72 | ${ }^{\text {P } 1.73}$ |
|  | 1． 1.85 | 1.87 1.61 | 1.86 1.62 | 1． 1.83 | 1． 88 | 1． 94 | 1.91 | 1． 91 | 1.90 | 1.92 | 「1．90 | 1． 92 |  |  |
|  | 1.38 | 1.39 | 1.38 | 1.38 | 1． 38 | 1.41 | 1.45 | 1．63 | 1． 1.47 | 1．65 | 「1．65 | 1． 19 |  |  |
|  | 1． 65 | 1． 67 | 1． 67 | 1.68 | 1.68 | 1． 68 | 1． 69 | 1． 69 | 1.70 | 1.69 | 1.69 | 1． 70 |  |  |
|  | 1.96 | 1.98 | 1.94 | 1.95 | 1． 95 | 1． 98 | 1.98 | 1.97 | 1.98 | 1.99 | 2.01 | 2.02 |  |  |
| Tobacco manufactures．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．－．do． | 1.35 | 1.36 | 1．29 | 1． 24 | 1． 24 | 1． 29 | 1.30 | 1.33 | 1.34 |  | 1． 39 | 1.41 | －1． 41 |  |
| Textile－mill products．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do． | 1． 36 | 1． 36 | 1.36 | 1.36 | 1． 37 | 1.37 | 1.37 | 1.37 | 1.38 | 1.37 | 1.37 | 1.38 | ＋1．37 | ${ }^{\text {D }} 1.37$ |
| Broad－woven fabric mills．－－－．－．．．．－．．．．－do．．．－ | 1．32 | 1.31 | 1．32 | 1.32 | 1． 32 | 1． 32 | 1．32 | 1.32 | 1．33 | 1.32 | 1.33 | 1.33 |  |  |
|  | 1.31 | 1.30 | 1.30 | 1.31 | 1.31 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1． 32 | 1． 33 | 1． 32 | 1.32 | 1.32 |  |  |
| Apparel and other finished textile products dollars． | 1.33 | 1.34 | 1.35 | 1.36 | 1． 34 | 1.34 | 1.35 | 1.35 | 1.35 | 1.34 | r1．32 | 1.32 | 1.33 | D 1.34 |
| Men＇s and boys＇suits and coats．．．．．．．．．do．－ | 1.62 | 1． 60 | 1.63 | 1.62 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.62 | 1． 63 | 1．63 | 1.63 | 1.62 | 1.64 |  |  |
| Men＇s and boys＇furnishings and work clothing $\qquad$ dollars | 1.13 | 1.12 | 1.13 | 1.14 | 1． 13 | 1.14 | 1．13 |  | 1.13 |  |  | 1.13 |  |  |
|  | 1． 44 | 1． 49 | 1.51 | 1.53 | 1． 50 | 1.48 | 1． 50 | 1． 1.15 | 1.51 | 1．14 | 1.13 +1.43 | 1.43 |  |  |
|  | 1.75 | 1． 76 | 1.76 | 1．77 | 1．78 | 1．78 | 1．78 | 1.79 | 1．79 | 1.80 | 1.81 | 1． 81 | 1．83 | ． 84 |
| Pulp，paper，and paperboard mills | 1.83 2.28 2. | 1． 86 | 1.86 2.27 | 1.88 2.29 | 1． 288 | 1． 87 | 1.88 2.31 |  | 1． 88 | 1．89 | 1．91 | 1． 90 |  |  |
| Printing，publishing，and allied industries do－ | 2． 28 <br> 2.59 <br> 18 | 2． 27 2． 57 2 | 2． 27 <br> 2.58 <br> 1 | 2.29 2.63 | 2． 29 2． 62 | 2.30 2.62 | 2.31 2.65 | 2.31 2.60 2.60 | 2．83 | 2． 244 | ＋2．33 | 2.34 2.67 | 2.35 | 2． 36 |
|  | 2． 18 | 2.17 | 2.16 | 2.18 | 2． 19 | 2． 20 | 2.21 | 2.21 | 2.62 2.21 | ${ }_{2}^{2.63}$ | ＋2．65 | 2． 24 |  |  |
| Chemicals and allied products．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．－do． | $\stackrel{1.92}{2}$ | 1． 94 | 1.93 | 1.93 | 1． 91 | 1.93 | 1． 93 | 1.94 | 1.95 | 1.94 | ＋1．97 | 1.97 | \％ 200 | P2．02 |
| Industrial organic chemicals－．－．－．－．－．．．．．．do | 2.05 | 2.08 | 2.06 | 2.08 | 2.06 | 2.07 | 2.06 | 2.07 | 2.08 | 2.09 | 2.13 | 2.11 |  |  |
| Products of petroleum and coal．．．．－．－．－．．．do． | 2． 27 | 2.30 | 2.27 | 2.32 | 2． 28 | 2.29 | 2.28 | 2.28 | 2.27 | 2.30 |  | 2.35 | 2.37 | 2.3 |
|  | ${ }^{2.37}$ | 2． 39 | 2．36 | 2.41 | 2.37 | 2.38 | 2.37 | 2．37 | 2.36 | 2.30 2.40 | 2．34 | 2.46 | 2.3 | ${ }^{\text {p }} 2.38$ |
|  | 1．98 | 1． 94 | 1．94 | 1．97 | ${ }_{2}^{2.01}$ | 2.02 | 2． 03 | 2.03 | 2.04 | 2.04 | ＋2．07 | 2.08 | r2．71 | P2． 10 |
| Leather and leather product | 1． 299 | 2.26 1.37 | 2.29 1.37 | 2.25 1.38 | 2.30 1.39 | 2．34 | 2.36 1.38 | 2． 37 | 2． 37 | 2．37 | ＋2．41 | 2．42 | 40 | －．．．．．． |
| Leatwear（except rubber）．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 1.33 | 1.31 | 1.32 | 1.33 | 1.33 | 1．39 | 1.38 1.32 | 1．39 1.33 | 1．39 | 1． 39 | 1． 40 | 1.31 | －1．40 | D 1.39 |
| Nonmanufacturing industries： |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1.33 | 1.34 | 1.34 | 1.34 |  |  |  |
| Mining： <br> Metal $\qquad$ do | 2.06 | 2.07 | 2.05 | 2.08 | 2.08 | 2.09 | 2.10 | 2.11 | 2.10 | 211 | $\times 210$ | 2.12 |  |  |
|  | 2.65 | 2． 52 | 2． 50 | 2.41 | 2.53 | 2.53 | 2.56 | 2.41 | 2.61 | 2.51 | $r 2.60$ | 2.52 |  |  |
| Bituminous coal．．．－．．．．．－．－．－．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．．－ | 2． 50 | 2.48 | 2.48 | 2.49 | 2.48 | 2.48 | 2.48 | 2.48 | 2.50 | 2． 49 | 2.50 | 2.51 |  |  |
| Crude－petroleum and natural－gas production： |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Petroleum and natural－gas prod．－．－．－－dollars．－ | 2． 26 | ${ }_{2}^{2.28}$ | ${ }^{2 .} 27$ | ${ }_{1}^{2.28}$ | 2.26 | 2.26 | 2.25 | 2.29 | 2.24 | 2.28 | r 2.33 | 2.35 |  |  |
| Nonmetallic mining and quarrying－－．－．－．－do．．－－ | 1．75 | 1.78 2.52 | 1.77 <br> 2.54 |  |  | 1．77 | 1．76 | 1．77 | 1．78 | 1．77 | 1．79 | 1． 281 |  |  |
|  | $\stackrel{1}{2.51}$ | $\stackrel{2.52}{2.31}$ | 2.54 2.32 | 2.33 | 2.56 2.33 | 2.57 2.34 2 | 2． 2 293 | 2． 2.51 | 2． <br> 2.39 <br>  <br> 29 | 2.57 2.31 2. | 2． 57 | 2． 26 26 24 |  |  |
|  | 2.58 | 2.58 | 2.60 | 2.62 | 2.63 | 2.63 | 2． 65 | 2．65 | 2.65 | 2.63 | ${ }_{2.63}^{2.34}$ | 2.63 |  |  |
| Transportation and public utilities： | 1.81 | 1． 83 | 1.82 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1． 74 | 1.78 | 1.82 <br> 1.74 | 1.79 | 1.83 | 1.83 1.83 | 1.84 1.80 | 1.85 1.79 | 1.85 | 1.85 | 1． 86 | 1.86 |  |  |
|  | 1.85 | 1.85 | 1.85 | 1.86 | 1.86 | 1.85 | 1.86 | 1.86 | 1.86 | 1.88 1.86 | 1.82 1.87 | 1.88 |  |  |
| Gas and electric utilities．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．－d．．．．．． | 2.00 | 2.02 | 2.02 | 2.05 | 2． 07 | 2.06 | 2.05 | 2.06 | 2.07 | 2.06 | r 2.07 | 2.07 |  |  |
| Wholesale and retail trade：do | 1.83 | 1.84 | 1.84 | 1.85 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1.88 | 1.84 | 1.84 | 1.85 | 1.85 | 1.85 | 1． 86 | 1.86 | 1.86 | 1.88 | 1.89 | 1． 90 |  |  |
| dollas dollars． | 1． 46 | 1.47 | 1． 46 | 1．46 | 1.47 | 1.46 | 1．44 | 1.48 | 1.48 | 1.48 | 1.49 | 1.50 |  |  |
| General－merchandise stores．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．．－－ | 1． 17 | 1． 17 | 1． 16 | 1．16 | 1．16 | 1.16 | 1.13 | 1.18 | 1.17 | 1.17 | 1.17 | 1． 18 |  |  |
| Food and liquor stores．－．．．－．－．－．．．．．．．．do | 1． 1.78 | 1． 58 | 1． 1.58 | 1.59 1.69 | 1． 60 | 1.61 | 1． 60 | 1． 61 | 1.61 | 1.61 | 1.61 | 1．63 |  |  |
| Automotive and accessories dealers．．－．－．do． | 1.72 | 1． 72 | 1.71 | 1.69 | 1． 69 | 1． 69 | 1．72 | 1．72 | 1.74 | 1.78 | 1.81 | 1.83 |  |  |
| Service and miscellaneous： |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.90 | 1.91 | 1． 08 | ． 98 | ． 99 | ． 98 | ． 98 | ． 97 | ． 97 | ． 98 |  |  |
|  | 1． 20 | 1.18 | 1.19 | 1.19 | 1． 19 | 1． 119 | 1． 1.19 | 1． 01 | 1.01 | 1.01 | 1.01 | 1.02 |  |  |
| Miscellaneous wage data： |  |  |  |  |  | 1.19 | 1.19 | 1.19 | 1.19 | 1． 20 | ${ }^{1} 1.19$ | 1.21 |  |  |
| Construction wage rates（ENR）：§ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Common labor－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－．－dol．per hr－－ | 1． 979 | 1.997 | 2.009 | 2.016 | 2． 018 | 2． 022 | 2． 022 | 2． 022 | 2.019 | 2.021 | 2.025 | 2． 050 | 2． 0.059 | 2.073 3.247 |
| Farm wage rates，without board or room（quarterly） | 3.133 | 3.147 | 3.148 | 3.169 | 3.180 | 3.184 | 3． 186 |  | 3.188 | 3． 190 | 3.190 | 3.207 | 3． 227 |  |
| Railway wages（average，class I）dol．per hr．－ |  | 87 |  |  | 75 |  |  | 88 |  |  | 85 |  |  | ． 88 |
| Railway wages（average，class I）－－－－－－－－－－－－－do．－－－ | 1.916 | 1.932 | 1． 919 | 1.937 | 1． 944 | 1． 942 | 1.928 | 1.949 | 1.977 | 1． 925 | 1.946 | 1.942 |  |  |
| Road－building wages，common labor．．．－－－－－－－do．．．－ |  | 1.51 |  |  | 1． 58 |  |  | 1.64 |  |  | 1.74 |  |  |  |

 $\$ 2.087$ ；skilled labor，$\$ 3.264$ ．

| Unless other wise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1954 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | September | October | November | $\begin{gathered} \text { Decem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | January | February | March | April | May | June | July |

FINANCE

| BANKING <br> Acceptances and commercial paper outstanding: <br> Bankers' acceptances..............................il. of dol.- <br> Commercial paper do | $589$ | $\begin{aligned} & 589 \\ & 747 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 563 \\ & 794 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 609 \\ & 803 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 687 \\ & 762 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 768 \\ 769 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 873 \\ & 733 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 869 \\ & 713 \end{aligned}$ | 831 | 807 | $\begin{aligned} & 7 \\ & 623 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 686 \\ & 572 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 655 \\ & \mathbf{5 7 2} \end{aligned}$ | --.-.-.-.-. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 703 | 681 |  |  |  |  |
| Agricultural loans and discounts outstanding of agencies supervised by the Farm Credit Adm.: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2,368 |  |  | 2,381 |  |  | 2,305 |  |  | 2,434 |  |  | 2, 605 |  |
| Farm mortgage loans, total | 1,257 |  |  | 1,275 |  |  | 1,293 |  |  | 1. 347 |  |  | 1,408 |  |
| Federal land banks...-------.-.-.------- do | 1,242 |  |  | 1,261 |  |  | 1, 281 |  |  | 1, 336 |  |  | 1,408 |  |
| Land Bank Commissioner.............-......do. | 15 |  |  | 14 |  |  | 13 |  |  | 12 |  |  | 0 |  |
| Loans to cooperatives...-.-.-.-...-........-- - do | 304 808 | 319 | 325 814 | 339 | 369 | 377 658 | 364 648 | 368 | 355 | 339 | 325 | 318 835 | 319 878 |  |
| Other loans and discounts.-.-.-.-.-.-.-...-. - do | 808 | 822 | 814 | 767 | 703 | 658 | 648 | 662 | 696 | 747 | 792 | 835 | 878 |  |
| Bank debits, total ( 345 centers) $\dagger$-----.-----------do..-- | 163, 501 | 154,848 | 151,504 | 149, 898 | 152,322 | 156, 843 | 186,317 | 163,388 | 149, 738 | 178, 917 | ${ }^{1} 158,289$ | ${ }^{1} 167,710$ | 1177,908 | ${ }^{1} 161,741$ |
|  | 64, 965 | 61,155 | 58,316 | 56, 744 | 58,792 | 58, 787 | 73, 817 | 62,642 | 57,091 | 67, 242 | 57,634 | 62, 211 | 67, 634 | 58, 904 |
|  | 33, 785 | 31, 556 | 31,526 | 30, 922 | 30, 706 | 32, 230 | 38,217 | 33, 531 | 31, 595 | 39,908 | 34, 494 | 36,570 | 37, 569 | 34, 123 |
| Federal Reserve banks, condition, end of month: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Assets, total......-.-.-.---.-.-.-.---mil. of dol.- | 50, 759 | 49,746 | 49,174 | 49,778 | 50,035 | 50, 863 | 50, 872 | 49,626 | 49,442 | 49,434 | 49,913 | 49,306 | 49,666 | 50, 488 |
| Reserve bank credit outstanding, total....-. do...- | 25, 642 | 25, 183 | 24, 696 | 25, 183 | 25, 401 | 25, 944 | 25, 885 | 24,960 | 24, 769 | 24, 667 | 24, 988 | 24, 780 | 24, 601 | 25, 719 |
| Discounts and advances.-------.-.......-do. | 37 | 184 | 200 | 132 | 297 | 398 | 143 | 475 | 485 | 391 | 560 | 460 | 128 | 754 |
| United States Government securities......do | 25, 037 | 24, 325 | 24, 023 | 24, 271 | 24,381 | 24,888 | 24, 932 | 23,885 | 23,605 | 23,613 | 23,612 | 23,662 | 23,607 | 24, 091 |
|  | 21, 239 | 21, 220 | 21, 117 | 21, 129 | 21, 079 | 21,030 | 21,033 | 21,038 | 21,032 | 21,027 | 20, 985 | 20,988 | 20, 994 | 20,994 |
| Liabilities, total | 50, 759 | 49, 746 | 49,174 | 49,778 | 50, 035 | 50, 863 | 50,872 | 49,626 | 49,442 | 49, 434 | 49,913 | 49,306 | 49,666 | 50, 488 |
| Deposits, total | 20, 808 | 20, 454 | 19, 805 | 20, 264 | 20, 373 | 20,457 | 20,371 | 20, 138 | 19,879 | 19,806 | 20, 158 | 19,685 | 19,268 | 20.451 |
| Member-bank reserve balances..-.......-. do | 19,011 | 18,702 | 18,316 | 18, 676 | 18,722 | 18, 985 | 18,876 | 18,918 | 18, 562 | 18, 283 | 18, 495 | 18, 221 | 18,066 | 18,999 |
| Excess reserves (estimated) .................do | 599 | -939 | 744 | 952 | 471 | 518 | 258 | 581 | 471 | 412 | 334 | 192 | -73 | p 720 |
| Federal Reserve notes in circulation.........do....- | 25, 588 | 25, 567 | 25,566 | 25,601 | 25.706 | 26,081 | 26,253 | 25,640 | 25,609 | 25,528 | 25,496 | 25, 656 | 25,868 | 25,945 |
| Federal Reserve weekly reporting member banks, condition, Wednesday nearest end of month: $\ddagger$ | 5. 8 | 46.1 | 46.5 | 46.4 | 45. 7 | 45.2 | 45.1 | 6.0 | 46.2 | 46.4 | 46.0 | 46.3 | 46.5 | 45.3 |
| Deposits: Demand, adjusted.-.-...-.-.-..........mil. of dol.- -1. | 53,319 | 54, 949 | 54, 066 | 55, 043 | 55,472 | 56, 414 | 58, 445 | 57,639 | 56, 270 | 55, 590 | 56, 969 | 56,011 | ${ }^{\text {「 } 56,156}$ | 55, 865 |
| Demand, except interbank: <br> Individusls, partnerships, and corporations mil. of dol.- | 54 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 58,317 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| States and political subdivisions...-....-do...- | 4, 329 | 4, 033 | 3,939 | 3,756 | 3, 3 , 865 | 3,956 | 3,939 | 58,317 <br> 4,232 | 57,762 3,960 | 56,474 4,062 | 57,921 | 57,624 4,361 | 57,376 4,258 | 6,984 3,963 |
|  | 4,085 | 2,091 | 3,247 | 2,605 | 3,793 | 4,223 | 2,597 | 2,320 | 2,633 | 2,534 | 3, 105 | 3,148 | 3, 224 | 3, 374 |
|  | 19,637 | 19,808 | 19,887 | 19, 915 | 20, 122 | 19,941 | 20,169 | 20, 198 | 20, 280 | 20,329 | 20,319 | 20,363 | 20, 449 | 20,333 |
| Individuals, partnerships, and corporations mil. of dol. | 18, 304 | 18,337 | 18,433 | 18,520 | 18,699 | 18,555 | 18, 806 | 18,864 | 18,930 | 18,990 | 18,969 | 19,037 | 19,173 | 19, 104 |
| States and political subdivisions..-----.-.do. | 1,146 | 1,285 | 1,257 | 1,195 | 1,220 | 1,183 | 1,154 | 1,126 | 1,145 | 1,132 | 1,142 | 1,113 | r 1, 059 | 1,018 |
| Interbank (demand and time) .........---.-.-. do | 13,870 | 13,406 | 13,772 | 13,791 | 14,301 | 14, 113 | 14, 273 | 13, 651 | 13, 402 | 13, 085 | 12,988 | 12,974 | -13,058 | 13, 339 |
| Investments, total...-.....-.-..------------- do | 41,945 | 42, 492 | 44, 237 | 44, 194 | 46,088 | 45, 669 | 45, 526 | 44, 783 | 43, 590 | 41,932 | 42, 960 | 41, 724 | r 40, 798 | 40,765 |
| U. S. Government obligations, direct and guaranteed, total...............................-. mil. of dol.- | 33, 724 | 34, 221 | 35, 862 | 35, 696 | 37,358 | 37,106 | 36,902 | 35,799 | 34, 599 | 32,885 | 33, 983 | 33,026 | r 32, 076 | 31,975 |
|  | 2, 619 | 3, 045 | 3, 135 | 2,868 | 2,500 | 2,378 | 2,543 | 2,065 | 1,816 | 1,286 | 1,750 | 1,081 | r 1, 019 | 1,160 |
|  | 2, 777 | 2,754 | 2,559 | 2,504 | 2,369 | 2,240 | 2,768 | 2,551 | 1,633 | 1,117 | 1,911 | 1,171 | ${ }^{7} 743$ | 932 |
| Bonds and guaranteed obligations..------ do | 21,654 | 21,742 | 23, 515 | 23, 654 | 23, 801 | 23, 936 | 23, 391 | 23, 102 | 22,076 | 21, 806 | 21,682 | 21, 490 | - 21, 313 | 21,077 |
|  | 6, 674 | 6,680 | 6,653 | 6,670 | 8,688 | 8,552 | 8,200 | 8,081 | 9, 074 | 8,676 | 8, 640 | 9,284 | 9, 001 | 8, 806 |
|  | 8,221 | 8,271 | 8,375 | 8,498 | 8,730 | 8,563 | 8,624 | 8,984 | 8,991 | 9,047 | 8,977 | 8,698 | $\ulcorner 8.722$ | 8,790 |
|  | 38,950 | 38, 254 | 37,967 | 38,495 | 38,844 | 40, 114 | 41, 008 | 40,483 | 40,751 | 41,448 | 41, 818 | 42,440 | - 43, 674 | 44,113 |
| Commercial, industrial, and agricultural....do. | 21, 884 | 21, 524 | 20,798 | 21, 015 | 21, 104 | 22, 214 | 22, 486 | 21, 926 | 22, 241 | 22, 597 | 22,545 | 22, 636 | ${ }^{\text {r } 23,501}$ | 23, 550 |
| To brokers and dealers in securities .-.....-. do....- | 2, 379 | 2,005 | 2,228 | 2,403 | 2,466 | 2,367 | 2,688 | 2,582 | 2, 374 | 2,483 | 2,660 | 2, 742 | ${ }^{\text {r 2, }} \mathbf{6 7 8}$ | 2,775 |
| Other loans for purchasing or carrying securities mil of dol | 899 | 75 | 04 | 941 | 991 | 1,037 | 1,113 | 1,056 | 1,080 |  | 1,108 | 1,155 | r 1,190 | 1,190 |
|  | 6, 671 | 6,718 | 6,831 | 6,902 | 6,997 | 7,083 | 7,176 | 7,279 | 7,359 | 7,474 | 7,570 | 7,719 | -7,873 | 7,993 |
|  | 7, 772 | 7,787 | 7,866 | 7,893 | 7,949 | 8,075 | 8,205 | 8,346 | 8,408 | 8, 488 | 8,652 | 8,910 | ${ }^{*} 9,153$ | 9,340 |
| Money and interest rates:§ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bank rates on business loans: | 3.60 |  |  | 3.56 |  |  | 3.55 |  |  | 3.54 |  |  | 3. $56{ }^{\text { }}$ |  |
| In 19 cities | 3. 34 |  |  | 3.29 |  |  | 3. 30 |  |  | 3.29 |  |  | 3.30 |  |
| 7 other northern and eastern cities.......... do | 3.61 |  |  | 3.57 |  |  | 3.55 |  |  | 3.55 |  |  | 3.55 |  |
| 11 southern and western cities....-........-do | 3. 98 |  |  | 3.95 |  |  | 3.90 |  |  | 3.87 |  |  | 3.95 |  |
| Discount rate (N. Y. F. R. Bank) | 1. 50 | 1. 50 | 1. 50 | 1. 50 | 1. 50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1. 50 | 1.50 | 1. 50 | 1.75 | 1.75 | 1.75 |  |
| Federal intermediate credit bank loans.---..-. do | 2.08 | 2.04 | 2. 00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 1.96 | 1.90 | 1.79 | 1.79 | 1. 79 | 1.83 | 1.92 | 2.08 |  |
| Federal land bank loans .-.-.----.-.........-do | 4. 17 | 4. 17 | 4.17 | 4.17 | 4.17 | 4.17 | 4.17 | 17 | 4.17 | 4.17 | 4.17 | 4.17 | 4.17 |  |
| Open market rates, New York, City: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Acceptances, prime, bankers' 90 days....-.-. do | 1. 1.55 | 1.25 | 1.25 | 1.25 1.31 | 1.25 1.31 | 1.25 1.31 | 1.25 | 1.33 <br> 1.47 | 1.38 | 1.38 | 1.43 .190 | +1.50 | 1. 50 | 1. 50 |
| Commercial paper, prime loans, renewai ( 4 - 6 months. .-...- do | 1.56 3.00 | 1.45 3.00 | 1.33 3.00 | 1.31 3.00 | 1.31 3.00 | 1.31 3.00 | 1.31 3.00 | 1.47 3.00 | 1.68 | 1.69 3.00 | 1.90 $\mathbf{3 . 0 0}$ | 2.00 3.00 | 1.00 3.00 | 2. 11 |
| Call loans, renewal (N. Y. S. E.) | 3. 2.88 | 3. 2.88 | 3. 00 2.88 | 3. 00 2.88 | 3.00 2.88 | 3.00 2.88 | 3. <br> 2.88 | 3.00 2.88 | 3.00 2.88 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.01 |
| Time loans, 90 days (N. Y.S. E | 2.88 | 2.88 | 2.88 | 2.88 | 2.88 | 2.88 | 2.88 | 2.88 | 2.88 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | . 650 | . 710 | . 892 | 1.007 | . 987 | . 948 | 1.174 | 1.257 | 1.177 | 1.335 | 1. 620 | 1. 491 | 1. 432 | 1. 622 |
| 3-5 year taxable issues. .------.-.-.-.-.- do | 1.79 | 1.69 | 1. 74 | 1.80 | 1.85 | 1.90 | 1.94 | 2.11 | 2.18 | 2.30 | 2.39 | 2.40 | 2.42 | 2. 54 |
| Savings deposits, balance to credit of depositors: | 14,914 | 14,943 | 14,993 | 15,112 | 15,150 | 15, 252 | 15,475 | 15,558 |  | 70 | 15,764 | 15,830 | 15,985 | 22 |
| New York State savings banks.............. mil. of dol U. S. postal savings <br> do. | 2,251 | 2, 230 | 2,209 | 2,189 | 2,172 | 2,154 | 2,137 | -2,116 | 2,095 | p 2,074 | ${ }^{1} 2,051$ | -2, 029 | p 2, 008 |  |
| CONSUMER CREDIT (Short- and Intermediateterm) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total outstanding, end of month \% ........mil. of dol.. | 28, 666 | 28,725 | 28,736 | 28, 856 | 28,975 | 29,209 | 30, 125 | 29,760 | 29,518 | 29,948 | 30,655 | 31, 568 | 32,471 |  |
|  | 21, 717 | 21, 849 | 21,901 | 21,935 | 21,952 | 22,014 | 22,467 | 22,436 | 22, 508 | 22,974 | 23, 513 | 24,149 | 24,914 |  |
|  | 10, 168 | 10, 298 | 10, 349 | 10,365 | 10, 340 | 10, 296 | 10,396 | 10, 459 | 10, 641 | 11,053 | 11, 482 | 11,985 | 12,561 |  |
|  | 5,367 | 5,328 | 5,294 | 5,287 | 5, 324 | 5,398 | 5, 668 | 5, 609 | 5, 484 | 5,479 | 5, 492 | 5,555 | 5, 639 |  |
| Other consumer-goods paper.-.....-.....------ - do----- | 1,635 | 1,637 | 1,642 | 1,642 | 1,637 | 1, 631 | 1,616 | 1,574 | 1,550 | 1,530 | 1,534 | 1,546 | 1,562 |  |
| Personal loans...--------- | 4,547 | 4,586 | 4,616 | 4,641 | 4,651 | 4,689 | 4,787 | 4,794 | 4,833 | 4,912 | 5,005 | 5,063 | 5,152 |  |
|  | 18, 538 | 18,671 | 18, 731 | 18,753 | 18,726 | 18,719 | 18,935 | 18,977 | 19, 153 | 19,613 | 20, 127 | 20,718 | 21, 432 |  |
| Commercial banks | 8,783 | 8,763 | 8,731 | 8,688 | 8,637 | 8, 586 | 8,633 | 8,651 | 8,688 | 8,844 | -9,020 | 9,228 | -91,495 |  |
|  | 6, 060 | 6,189 | 6,256 | 6, 294 | 6,315 | 6,325 | 6,421 | 6,462 | 6,570 | 6, 808 | 7,077 | 7,390 | 7,747 |  |
|  | 1,207 | 1,228 | 1,250 | 1,267 | 1,270 | 1,282 | 1,293 | 1,282 | 1,298 | 1,330 | 1,360 | 1,395 | 1,434 |  |
|  | 2, 488 | 2, 491 | 2,494 | 2, 504 | 2,504 | 2,526 | 2,588 | 2,582 | 2,597 | 2, 631 | 2,670 | 2,705 | 2,756 |  |
|  | 3,179 | 3,178 | 3,170 | 3,182 | 3,226 | 3,295 | 3,532 | 3,459 | 3,355 | 3,361 | 3,386 | 3,431 | 3, 482 |  |
| Department stores | 1,037 | 1,032 | 1,032 | 1,041 | 1,063 | 1,098 | 1,201 | 1,158 | 1,108 | 1, 123 | 1,138 | 1,150 | 1,160 |  |
|  | 820 | 818 | 821 | 822 | 830 | 846 | 890 | 862 | 848 | 838 | 834 | 842 | 851 |  |
| Automobile dealers........-.....--.-.-.-.- do | 379 | 386 | 389 | 390 | 390 | 390 | 394 | 397 | 404 | 420 | 437 | 457 | 481 |  |
|  | 943 | 942 | 928 | 929 | 943 | 961 | 1,047 | 1,042 | 995 | 980 | 977 | 982 | 990 |  |

PRevised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ Data are for 344 centers.
$\oplus$ Revised to cover
O'Includes Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago, Detroit, San Francisco, and Los Angeles.
$\ddagger$ Revised beginning 1952 to expand coverage of the series by making a net addition of 8 banks. Revisions for January-May 1952 will be shown later.
$\odot$ Net loans less loans to banks.
§For bond yields see p. S-20. §Revisions for 1952 appear on p. 24 of the June 1954 SURVEY. Data beginning 1953 have been revised to incorporate more comprehensive information; unpublished revisions (for January-September 1953) will be shown later.

| Unless otherwise stated，statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1954 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | Septem－ ber | October | Novem． ber | Decem－ ber | Janu－ ary | Febru－ ary | March | April | May | June | July |




Assets，excent interagency，total．．．．．．．mil．of dol． Loans receivable，total（less reserves）－－．．．．．．．do．．． To aid agriculture－ To aid hemeo
Commodities，supplies，and materials
U．S．Government securities．
do．－－
other securities and investments
Land．structures，and equipment．
Liabilities，except interagency，total
Bonds，notes，and debentures．
$\qquad$
Other liabilities
Privately owned interest．－．
U．S．Government interest．
LIFE INSURANCE
Institute of Life Insurance：${ }^{7}$


|  | 気岛品品密志 | ¢ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\stackrel{\infty}{\sim}$ |
|  |  | $$ |
|  |  |  |
|  |  | $\infty$ <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 |
|  <br>  | 受 | ¢ <br> ¢ <br> ¢ <br> 0 |


|  2 O |  | 品 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| O－cono |  | $\stackrel{\infty}{\sim}$ |

$\begin{array}{r} \\ \\ 6,974 \\ 2,481 \\ 2,735 \\ 1,758 \\ 2,481 \\ 2,735 \\ 1,758 \\ \\ 3,159 \\ 1,569 \\ 708 \\ 882 \\ 2,693 \\ 1,157 \\ 713 \\ 823 \\ 3,035 \\ 1,472 \\ 741 \\ 822 \\ 2,562 \\ 1,096 \\ 683 \\ 783 \\ \hline\end{array}$


| Uniess otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1954 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | September | October | Novem. ber | December | $\begin{gathered} \text { Janu- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July |

## FINANCE-Continued



Revised op Preliminary

| Unless otherwise stated statistics throurh 1952 and | 1954 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | June | July | August | Septem- ber | October | November | Decem- ber | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July |

FINANCE-Continued

## securities issued

Commercial and Financial Chronicle:
Securities issued, by type of security, total (new capital and refunding) New capital, total Corporate. Federal agencies Municipal, State, etc Refunding, total Domestic, tota
Corporate_Federal agencies Municipal, State, ete
 By type of security:

Bonds and notes, total.-..............................
Cornorate. Common stock
Preferred stock
By type of issuer: Corporate, total Manufacturing Mublic utilit Railroad Communication Real estate and finat cial Noncorporate, total State and municipal...
New corporate security issues:
Estimated net proceeds, total Proposed uses of proceeds: New money, total. .Wlant and equipment Retirement of securities Other purposes
Proposed uses by major groups: Mantufacturing, total New money - -.............. Retirement
Mining, total. Retircment of securities Public utility, total Retirement of securities Railroad, total New money
Retirement of scourities Communication, total.New money ---.-.---Real estate and financial, total Retirement of securities


## COMMODITY MARKETS




[^4]$\ddagger$ Revisions for 1952 -February 1953 and January-March $1!54$ will be shown later.
§Data for bonds of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, not shown separately, are also included in computing average price of all listed bonds.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1954 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | Septem ber | October | November | December | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\text { ary }}{\text { Febru- }}$ | March | April | May | June | July |

## FINANCE-Continued

| SECURITY MARKETS-Continued Bonds-Continued Sales-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New York Stock Exchange, exclusive of stopped sales, face value, totals. $\qquad$ thous. of dol | 77, 847 | 83,871 | 76, 251 | 59, 575 | 67,945 | 97, 202 | 126, 487 | 101, 100 | 79,992 | 81,373 | 80.570 | 76, 572 | 99, 554 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | , |  |  |  |  | 0 |  |  |
| Other than U.S. Government, totals | 77, 847 | 83.861 | 76. 246 | 59, 574 | 67, 940 | 97. 202 | 126, 487 | 101, 096 | 79, 988 | 81, 373 | 80, 570 | 76, 572 |  |  |
| Domestic.--............-.-.---... | 68,552 | 74, 966 | 68, 307 | 50, 574 | 57, 516 | 88, 096 | 118, 359 | 93, 655 | 73. 110 | 73.806 | 74,930 | 64, 444 - |  |  |
| Foreign | 9, 238 | 8,781 | 7.878 | 8,965 | 10.362 | 9.009 | 8, 051 | 7,356 | 6,819 | 7,547 | 5,592 | 12,041 |  |  |
| Value, issues listed on N. Y. S. E. <br> Market value. total, ali issues $\qquad$ mil. of dol.- | 105,582 | 105. 727 | 109.495 | 109.350 | 109,395 | 109, 139 | 108.517 | 105,476 | 104, 518 | 104, 349 | 104, 344 | 104, 459 | 104, 282 |  |
|  | 103,474 | 103. 608 | 107.382 | 107, 232 | 107, 269 | 107.012 | 104. 442 | 103,351 | 102, 427 | 102,266 | 102, 138 | 102,314 | 102, 181 |  |
| Foreign_--7, | 1,437 104,835 | 1,445 104,700 | 108, 814 | 1.448 108.778 | 108, 965 | 109,003 | 1.403 106,438 | 1,456 106,491 | 1.433 106,204 | 1.428 105,806 | 106, 1849 | 1,487 106,200 | 1,443 106,513 |  |
| Domestic................. | 102, 32.5 | 102, 268 | 106, 322 | 106, 280 | 106, 477 | 106, 516 | 103.995 | 103,985 | 103, 713 | 103.334 | 103, 696 | 103, 694 | 104,061 |  |
|  | 1,844 | 1,837 | 1.829 | 1,833 | 1,823 | 1.822 | 1,778 | 1,841 | 1,836 | 1,818 | 1,833 | 1,851 | 1,797 |  |
| Yields: Domestic corporate (Moody's) ............percent. | 3. | 3. 15 | 3.14 | 3.13 | 3.13 | 3.13 | 3.13 | 3.15 | 3.18 | 3. 20 | 3.21 | 3. 23 | 3. 23 | 3. 24 |
| Domestic corporate (Moody's).-.-.-....-.- percent.- By ratings: | 3. 10 | 3.15 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 21 |  |  | 3.24 |
|  | 2.90 | 2.89 | 2.87 | 2.89 | 2.87 | 2.89 | 2.90 | 2.93 | 2.99 | 3.02 | 3.01 | 3.04 | 3.05 | 3.06 |
|  | 3. 06 | 3.04 | 3.03 | 3.04 | 3.04 | 3. 04 | 3.04 | 3. 06 | 3. 10 | 3. 13 | 3.13 | 3. 15 | 3.14 | 3.14 |
| A | 3. 18 | 3. 17 | 3. 15 | 3.13 | 3. 14 | 3. 1.3 | 3. 14 | 3. 15 | 3. 17 | 3.18 | 3. 19 | 3. 21 | 3.22 | 3. 24 |
|  | 3.49 | 3. 50 | 3.49 | 3.47 | 3. 46 | 3. 45 | 3.45 | 3. 45 | 3.47 | 3. 48 | 3. 49 | 3. 50 | 3.51 | 3. 52 |
| By groups: | 3.10 | 3.10 | 3.07 | 3.07 | 3. 06 | 3. 06 | 3.07 | 3. 08 | 3. 12 | 3.14 | 3.14 | 3. 17 | 3.18 | 3.18 |
|  | 3. 15 | 3. 13 | 3.12 | 3.13 | 3.11 | 3. 10 | 3. 10 | 3. 12 | 3.15 | 3.17 | 3.17 | 3. 19 | 3. 21 | 3. 22 |
|  | 3.23 | 3.23 | 3.21 | 3. 22 | 3.23 | 3. 22 | 3. 23 | 3.25 | 3. 28 | 3.31 | 3. 30 | 3. 32 | 3.31 | 3.32 |
| Domestic municinal: Bond Buyer (20 bonds) | 2.40 | 2.26 | 2.26 | 2.35 | 2.33 | 2.33 | 2.36 | 2. 43 | 2.45 | 2.42 | 2.40 | 2.39 | 2. 48 |  |
| Bond Buyer (20 bonds) --..-(15 bonds)......-. do..... | 2. 48 | 2. 31 | ${ }_{2} 23$ | 2.39 2.29 | 2.32 | 2. 29 | 2.38 2.33 | ${ }_{2}^{2.39}$ | 2.42 | 2.45 | 2. ${ }^{\text {2. } 43}$ | 2.41 | 2.48 2.48 | 2.62 |
| U. S. Treasury bonds, taxable............-.-.-. - do...- | 2.54 | 2.47 | 2.48 | 2. 51 | 2. 52 | 2.55 | 2.57 | 2.65 | 2.72 | 2.71 | 2.77 | 2.75 | 2. 76 | 2.87 |
| Stocks |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash dividend payments publicly reported: $\dagger$ |  |  |  |  | -613 6 |  |  | r 721.1 | + 259.5 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | -1, 818.4 | 125.4 +1 | ${ }_{r}{ }_{61} 16$ | + ${ }^{2} 928.8$ | - 108.0 | ${ }^{2} 72.8$ | $\begin{array}{r}1,2389 \\ \text { r } 23 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | r 142.0 | $\bigcirc$ | $1,391.0$ 7910 | - 118.8 | 62.0 | 1, 93.6 |  |
|  | - 814.9 | ${ }^{r} 143.7$ | r 171.7 | + 822.9 | ${ }^{+} 211.5$ | -104.8 | + 1, 261.8 | ${ }^{\text {r } 233.7}$ | '85.5 | + 869.2 | ${ }^{\text {r } 235.2}$ | 104.8 | 909.6 |  |
|  | 「88.3 | ${ }^{7} 7.6$ | ${ }^{5} 4.6$ | r 87.8 | r 11.4 | 1.6 | +138.2 | ${ }^{5} 4.7$ | '2.2 | , 100.1 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 7.1$ | 3.3 | 104.0 |  |
| Public utilities: | ¢ 38.5 | r 116.7 | 1.7 | $r 39.1$ | +113.3 | 1.3 | r 42.5 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 121.8$ | . 3 | - 39.3 | 4 | , 4 | 4 |  |
|  | r 105.4 | r 81.8 | -63.3 | r 108.6 | +88.8 | -62.2 | -118.0 | $\bigcirc 81.1$ | $\bigcirc 67.9$ | ${ }^{+} 111.0$ | +85. ${ }^{120}$ | 61.9 | 112.9 |  |
|  | ${ }^{\text {r }} 54.9$ | ${ }^{+} 13.0$ | +9.5 | $\bigcirc 51.1$ | - 20.5 | -4.4 | ¢88.9 | ¢ 32.9 | ${ }^{+10.2}$ | $\checkmark 64.5$ | - 23.9 | 4.5 | 62.5 |  |
|  | -37.3 | + 48.4 | -13.4 | - 38.9 | + 52.7 | -8.4 | $\stackrel{47.6}{ }$ | $\bigcirc 93.5$ | $\stackrel{17.0}{ }$ | ${ }^{\text {r }} 38.7$ | + 57.0 | 8.3 | 38.6 |  |
|  | ${ }^{\text {r } 25.8}$ | ${ }^{\text {r }} 7.0$ | 7.4 | r 25.0 | ${ }^{+7.4}$ | -5.6 | ${ }^{+} 42.2$ | ' 11.4 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 4.6$ | +26.6 | -15.5 | 5.1 | 28.7 |  |
| Dividend rates, prices, yields, and earnings, common stocks (Moody's): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dividends per share, annual rate (200 stocks) dollars | 4. 22 | 4.24 | 4.22 | 4. 22 | 4. 23 | 4. 42 | 4. 43 | 4. 48 | 4. 56 | 4. 59 | 4. 60 | 4.62 | 4. 63 | 4. 66 |
| Industrial (125 stocks) ----------------...- do...- | 4. 47 | 4.47 | 4. 43 | 4.43 | 4.46 | 4.72 <br> 2.13 <br> 3 | 4. 23 | 4.79 | 4.90 | 4.92 | 4. 93 | 4. ${ }_{21} 9$ | ${ }^{4.95}$ | 5. 00 |
|  | 3.14 | 3.15 | $\stackrel{2.15}{3.15}$ | 2.15 | 3.15 | 3. 17 | 3.14 | 3.19 | 3. 23 | ${ }_{3.23}^{2.18}$ | 2. ${ }^{\text {3. }} 36$ | 3. 36 | 3. 40 | 3. 23 |
|  | 3. 01 | 3.01 | 3.05 | 3. 07 | 3.08 | 3. 09 | 3. 15 | 3. 15 | 3.15 | 3.14 | 3.15 | 3.15 | 3.15 | 3.15 |
|  | 3.37 | 3.37 | 3.37 | 3.37 | 3.37 | 3.37 | 3.37 | 3. 39 | 3. 39 | 3.49 | 3. 49 | 3.49 | 3. 49 | 3.49 |
| Price per share, end of month ( 200 stocks) ...--do. | 87.60 | 91.97 | 88.91 | 94.65 | 92.64 | 100. 60 | 105. 40 | 106. 21 | 108. 30 | 108.90 | 111.68 | 111. 49 | 119.66 | 123.15 |
|  | 94.34 | 98.49 | 95.06 | 102.88 | 100. 66 | 110.13 | 115.64 | 116.83 | 118.49 | 117.61 | 122.40 | 122. 15 | 133.41 | 137. 85 |
| Public utility (24 stocks) | 43.91 | 46. 67 | 45.44 | 45. 90 | 44.18 | 46.33 | 47. 56 | 46. 94 | 48. 59 | 47.97 | 49.12 | 48.54 | 49. 21 | 51.39 |
| Railroad (25 stocks) | 50.91 | 52.98 | 50.01 | 51.47 | 52. 29 | 58.38 | 64.27 | 64.35 | 67.42 | 67.42 | 72.21 | 71. 63 | 72. 96 | 71.63 |
| Yield (200 stocks) _---.------.-...........-- percent | 4.82 | 4. 61 | 4.75 | 4.46 | 4. 57 | 4. 39 | 4. 20 | 4.22 | 4.21 | 4.21 | 4.12 | 4. 14 | 3.87 | 3. 78 |
|  | 4. 74 | 4.54 | 4.66 | 4.31 | 4. 43 | 4. 29 | 4. 09 | 4. 10 | 4. 14 | 4. 18 | 4.03 | 4. 05 | 3. 71 | 3. 63 |
|  | 4. 85 | 4. 56 | 4. 69 | 4. 64 | 4. 82 | 4. 60 | 4. 50 | 4. 56 | 4. 40 | 4. 54 | 4.44 | 4. 55 | 4.53 | 4. 34 |
| Railroad ( 25 stocks) .----------------....... do. | 6. 28 | 5.95. | 6. 30 | 6. 12 | 6. 02 | 5. 43 | 4. 88 | 4.96 | 4.79 | 4. 79 | 4.65 | 4.69 | 4. 66 | 4.77 |
|  | 4. 59 | 4.35 | 4.32 | $\stackrel{4.39}{ }$ | 4. 50 | 4. 26 | 4. 09 | 4. 14 | 4.06 | 3. 89 | 3. 94 | 4.06 | 4. 01 | 3. 95 |
|  | 2.88 | 2.73 | 2.79 | 2.77 | 3.00 | 2.74 | 2.52 | 2.58 | 2.51 | 2.58 | 2. 50 | 2.49 | 2.40 | 2.45 |
| Earnings per share (at annual rate), quarterly: <br> Industrial (125 stocks) | 8.49 |  |  | 7.63 |  |  | 9.43 |  |  | - 9.70 |  |  | จ 10.90 |  |
|  | 2.85 |  |  | 2.88 |  |  | 2.94 |  |  | 3.03 |  |  | P3. 10 |  |
|  | 4.58 |  |  | 6. 42 |  |  | 9.97 |  |  | 7.00 |  |  | $p 8.95$ |  |
| Dividend yields, preferred stocks, 14 high-grade (Standard and Poor's Corp.) ..........ercent | 05 | 04 | 01 | 3.98 | 3.93 | 3.92 | 3.93 | 3.98 | 00 | 4, 01 | 3. 98 | 3. 98 | 3.98 | 3.96 |
| Prices: <br> Dow.Jones \& Co. Inc. (65 stocks) _... dol, per sha | 122.69 | 127.66 | 129.76 | 130. 40 | 131.54 | 137.84 | 145.81 | 147.98 | 151.70 | 152.75 | 158. 35 | 157.89 | 162.77 | 166. 90 |
| Industrial (30 stocks) ...........-...........do.. | 327.91 | 341.27 | 346.06 | 352.71 | 358.30 | 375.50 | 393.84 | 398.43 | 410.25 | 408. 91 | 422. 99 | 421.55 | 440.79 | 462.16 |
|  | 57.92 | 59, 43 | 61.01 | 61.04 | 59.43 | 60.12 | 6I. 43 | 62. 39 | 63.29 | 63.87 | 64.56 | 64.06 | 64. 23 | 65.51 |
| Railroad (20 stocks) --...---.-.-.-.-.-.....d. do. | 110.89 | 116.65 | 118.29 | 116.03 | 118.41 | 126.95 | 130.64 | 142. 45 | 145.64 | 149.06 | 157.51 | 157. 75 | 161.16 | 158.98 |
| Btandard and Poor's Corporation: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industrial, public utility, and railroad: $\sigma^{7}$ Combined index ( 480 stocks) $\ldots \ldots-1935-39=100$ | 221.8 | 231.1 | 236.4 | 238.5 | 243.5 | 252.2 | 264.5 | 268.8 | 278.1 | 277.5 | 286.2 | 285.0 | 300.7 |  |
|  | 244.0 | 254.5 | 260.6 | 264.4 | 271.4 | 282.0 | 296.7 | 301.9 | 312.4 | 310.8 | 321.5 | 319.7 | 340.5 | 359.6 |
| Capital goods (128 stoeks) ------...... do | 241.6 | 255.9 | 257.2 | 257.3 | 262.5 | 278.5 | 296.8 | 302.7 | 316.2 | 315.3 | 330.2 | 331.9 | 356.2 | 369.1 |
| Consumers' goods (195 stocks) .......... do | 191.2 | 202.4 | 207.3 | 209.4 | 214.8 | 221.2 | 228.7 | 232.2 | 235.0 | 233.8 | 241.0 | 239.8 | 250.6 | 270.0 |
| Public utility (40 stocks) | ${ }_{175 .}^{135 .} 9$ | 139.5 | 142.3 | 140.7 | 139.4 | 141.4 | ${ }^{144.0}$ | 145. 1 | 149.6 | 150.4 | 151.8 | 152.3 | 153.4 | 156.4 |
|  | 175.7 | 184.1 | 187. 2 | 182.0 | 186.7 | 196.7 | 217.5 | 222.4 | ${ }^{231.9}$ | 237.9 | 252.1 | 250.9 | 258.9 | 256.1 |
| Banks. N. Y. C. (12 stocks) --------......- do do | 125, 8 | 131.3 | 135.7 | 135.4 | 135.9 | 138.0 | 147. 6 | 150.5 | 153.9 | 157.3 | 164.2 | 156.7 | 157.2 | 158. 4 |
| Fire insurance (16 stocks) Sales (Securities and Exchange Commission) | 265.1 | 283.3 | 293.3 | 284.1 | 274.8 | 278.5 | 295.9 | 302.3 | 311.1 | 312.4 | 322.5 | 327.0 | 331.4 | 334.5 |
| Sales (Securities and Exchange Commission): Total on all registered exchanges: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total on all registered exchanges: Market value........................... |  | 2.453 | 2.752 |  | 2371 | 2987 | 3,714 | 3996 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 88,057 | 89,573 | 97, 292 | 81, 723 | 88,329 | 101,956 | 135, 762 | 142, 277 | 131,480 | + 135,042 | 105, 677 | $\begin{array}{r}2,675 \\ 98 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$ | 116,222 |  |
| On New York Stock Exchange: mil of dol |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1,823 | 2,144 | 2, 410 | 1,852 | 2,031 | 2,577 | 3, 196 | 3.438 | 3,067 | 3, 277 | 2,734 | 2,316 | 2,784 |  |
| Shares sold- Exclusive of odd lot and stopped sales (N. Y. | 61, 602 | 67,359 | 70, 004 | 53,201 | 61,725 | 71,843 | 93,705 | 96,769 | 90, 745 | 91, 252 | 71,171 | 68,645 | 79, 175 |  |
| Times)..................thousands. | 42, 225 | 51, 854 | 56, 928 | 41,232 | 44, 169 | 63,930 | 76,456 | 74,646 | 60,815 | 66, 865 | 53,788 | 45, 427 | 58, 148 | 48,459 |
| Shares listed, New York Stock Exchange: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Market value, all listed shares............mil. of dol.- | 139, 188 | 145, 843 | 142, 284 | 150, 659 | 148, 163 | 160, 986 | 169, 149 | 171,155 | 175, 588 | 175, 806 | 181, 386 | 182, 830 | 194, 406 |  |
| Number of shares listed.-..----------------millions.- | 3,047 | 3, 063 | 3, 071 | 3,093 | 3, 094 | 3,107 | 3,174 | 3, 208 | 3, 236 | 3, 262 | 3, 284 | 3,341 | 3,434 |  |


| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1954 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | Steptember | October | Noventber | Decem- ber | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | Febru- ary | Marcb | April | May | June | July |

## INTERNATIONAL TRANSACTIONS OF THE UNITED STATES

Exports of goods and services, total........-mil. of dol.
 Merchandise, adjusted, excluding military transIncome on investments abroad.-.---.-.-.-.
Other services and military transactions.
Imnorts of goods and services, total $\qquad$ do
Merchandise, adjusted $\sigma^{\prime}-\cdots$.-.-.
Income on foreign investments in
Military expenditures
Balance on goods and services
Unilateral transfers (net), total
 Private. do...
Foreign long- and short-term capital (net)...... do... Gold sales [purchases (-)] .-.-.....................................
Errors and omissions.
do..


Shipping Weight
Water-borne trade:


## Value $\ddagger$

Exports, including reexports, totalf.........mil. of dol. By geographic regions: $\triangle$ Asia and Ocoania-. Northern North America Southern North America South America.
Total exports by leading countries:- $\triangle$ Africa:
Union of South Africa-.............................................
Asia and Oceania:
Australia, including Now Guinea Aritish Malava
China, inchading Manchuria
India and Pakistan
Japan.-
 $\qquad$ Republic of the Philippines.................................. Europe:
France Germany
Union of Soviet Socialist Republics. United Kingdom
North and South America:
$\qquad$
Latin American Republies, total. Argentina


Colombia. Mexico.
Venezuela
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ thous. of dol.
$\qquad$ --....-do do.-do--do--do... ----

## 

$$
\begin{array}{r}
3, \\
21, \\
14
\end{array}
$$

$r$ Revised. $\quad$ Preliminary.
Revisions prior to Jume 1954 for balance of payments and prior to February 1954 for foroign trade will be shown later.

 1954-June 1955 respectively-359.3; 267.6; 200.4; $152.8 ; 103.7 ; 85.1 ; 97.6 ; 85.3 ; 94.7 ; 92.2 ; 93.9 ; 131.1: 128.0$.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1954 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | Septem- her | October | Novem- <br> ber | Decem- ber | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Fehru- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | March | April | May | June | July |

## INTERNATIONAL TRANSACTIONS OF THE UNITED STATES-Continued

| FOREIGN TRADE-Continued Value $\ddagger-$ Continued | 1,462.2 | 1,281.3 | 1,145.8 | 1,100.8 | 1,251.8 | 1,233.8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Exports of U.S. merchandise, totaif--.....-. - mil. of dol.- <br> By economic classes: | 1,462.2 | 1,281.3 | 1,145.8 | 1,100.8 | 1,251.8 | 1,233.8 | 1,300.5 | 1,154.8 | 1,219.2 | 1,328.3 | 1,249.2 | 1,298. 4 |  |  |
| Crude materials.-....-.-.-............. thous. of dol. | 168, 724 | 123. 005 | 122.112 | 126.763 | 224, 601 | 217, 117 | 205,172 | 154, 147 | 147, 396 | 152, 284 | 136,249 | 139.720 |  |  |
|  | 64, 646 | 65, 493 | 55, 637 | 46.362 | 64, 289 | 66, 968 | 83, 506 | 76, 151 | 83, 133 | 96, 344 | 57, 198 | 63.056 |  |  |
| Manufactured foodstuffs and beverages.....-do | 62, 022 | 55, 430 | 53, 281 | 59, 721 | 68,071 | 74, 759 | 65.893 | 58, 047 | 64,069 | 69,368 | 61, 703 | 59.948 |  |  |
|  | 152,316 | 154, 748 | 1.51. 742 | 141.344 | 163.610 | 156,999 | 171,260 | 171, 268 | 182,326 | 189, 490 | 191, 186 | 199.952 |  |  |
|  | 1,014,464 | 882, 628 | 762,983 | 726.610 | 731, 209 | 717, 988 | 774, 653 | 695,160 | 742,247 | 821, 849 | 802,899 | 844, 737 |  |  |
| By princinal commodities: <br> Agricultural products, total | 266, 444 | 213, 215 | 190, 438 | 193, 805 | 311,857 | 332, 475 | 340. 225 | 274, 908 | 275, 815 | 295, 209 | 209, 808 | 227, 919 |  |  |
|  | 83, 706 | 43, 290 | 35,403 | 38,164 | 67, 842 | 74, 457 | 94, 622 | 63,545 | 59,010 | -69, 564 | 45, 680 | 43,376 |  |  |
| Truits, vegetables, and preparations......-. do | 28, 481 | 23, 505 | 19, 756 | 20, 448 | 25,379 | 27, 273 | 20, 722 | 18,690 | 20, 314 | 24, 869 | 22, 690 | 24,182 |  |  |
|  | 58,095 | 62, 149 | 58. 200 | 49, 063 | 63, 30 \% | 61, 785 | 79, 725 | 73, 059 | 81, 444 | 102, 102 | 59,074 | 64, 053 |  |  |
| Packing-house products | 19, 647 | 21,245 | 18, 435 | 16, 781 | 21, 992 | 24. 527 | 24, 231 | 22,920 | 21, 895 | 20, 743 | 22,380 | 18,784 |  |  |
| Tobacco and manufactures ...............-.-. - do | 23, 215 | 23, 040 | 22,216 | 37,827 | 75, 505 | 46,073 | 31,980 | 25, 564 | 22,986 | 26,769 | 15, 573 | 18,060 |  |  |
| Nonagricultural products, total......-mil. of dol | 1,195.7 | 1,068. 1 | 955.3 | 907.0 | 940.0 | 901. 4 | 960.3 | 879.9 | 943.4 | 1,033. 1 | 1,039.4 | 1,070.5 |  |  |
| Automobiles, parts, and accessories _ thous. of dol.. | 113, 054 | 104, 694 | 83,181 | 81,306 | 80, 934 | 91, 071 | 111,625 | 108.742 | 117,489 | 136, 261 | 148, 117 | 142,967 |  |  |
| Chemicals and related products§ơ' | 91, 051 | 87. 448 | 85.411 | 81, 626 | 93, 036 | 80, 120 | 85, 995 | 79, 781 | 84, 057 | 93, 307 | 99, 271 | 89,224 |  |  |
| Coal and related fuels .----..-.-............ ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 29,701 | 25. 617 | 31, 925 | 28, 696 | 35, 601 | 31, 731 | 27, 942 | 20, 230 | 27, 087 | 22, 942 | 40, 085 | 41,248 |  |  |
| Iron and steel-mill products.....-.-......... do | 39,644 | 41,668 | 43,375 | 41,204 | 45, 600 | 41,439 | 53,990 | 55, 766 | 57, 373 | 66, 739 | 68,432 | 65,908 |  |  |
|  | 243, 083 | 231, 186 | 204. 731 | 211,075 | 214,854 | 228, 909 | 234, 655 | 225, 870 | 240,035 | 267, 878 | 267,587 | 266, 714 |  |  |
|  | 10.722 | 11, 818 | 10, 089 | 8, 192 | 7, 236 | 7.437 | 7,752 | 8. 872 | 10,362 | 12, 601 | 13, 750 | 13,340 |  |  |
| Tractors, parts, and accessories.--------- d | 27,921 | 27, 363 | 26,706 | 22, 577 | 23, 378 | 24, 518 | 25,818 | 26,062 | 28,616 | 31,694 | 31, 595 | 30, 975 |  |  |
| Electrical | 63, 568 | 61, 270 | 50,096 | 57, 547 | 58,775 | 61, 437 | 59,353 | 64, 074 | 69, 554 | 71, 538 | 77, 458 | 74, 544 |  |  |
| Metalworking | 19,885 | 15,235 | 20, 621 | 13, 482 | 14, 180 | 17.044 | 16, 712 | 14,872 | 15,258 | 16,685 | 15, 734 | 17, 810 |  |  |
| Other industrial | 110, 631 | 104, 985 | 89,231 | 98. 596 | 99, 743 | 106,971 | 112, 747 | 100,900 | 103, 915 | 121, 187 | 116, 778 | 116,546 |  |  |
| Petroleum and productss ${ }^{3}$ | 65, 494 | 56, 575 | 53, 402 | 46, 892 | 57, 114 | 55, 383 | 55, 218 | 46,356 | 46,769 | 49,973 | 49,338 | 56, 416 |  |  |
| Textiles and manufactures | 49,684 | 45,461 | 48, 997 | 51, 017 | 57, 434 | 53, 627 | 54, 588 | 47,261 | 49,627 | 63, 286 | 57, 278 | 51, 435 |  |  |
| General imports, total.--..-.........................- ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 946, 371 | 821, 662 | 824,341 | 780, 641 | 763, 470 | 838,772 | 941, 772 | 870,118 | 849,673 | 1,018,253 | 870, 748 | -966,097 | 939,500 |  |
| By geographic regions: | 57, 234 | 42, 317 | 40,599 | 31,571 | 37,873 | 44, 288 | 57, 877 | 45, 383 | 50, 760 | 65, 146 | 56, 291 | 54.848 |  |  |
|  | 155, 595 | 133, 020 | 148, 552 | 142,988 | 127, 342 | 129,904 | 121, 314 | 151, 478 | 140,966 | 188, 066 | 159, 534 | 196. 449 |  |  |
|  | 178, 348 | 159, 983 | 162, 231 | 171,242 | 182, 073 | 196,704 | 208, 253 | 163, 328 | 180,016 | 225, 224 | 179,647 | 195, 678 |  |  |
| Northern North America.......-.-.-.-------- ${ }^{\text {d }}$ d | 219,569 | 201, 800 | 206, 364 | 204.787 | 201, 670 | 211, 045 | 215, 641 | 183, 452 | 183, 830 | 212, 694 | 204, 344 | 229, 672 |  |  |
| Southern North America.-.-.-...-.............- ${ }^{\text {d }}$ d | 108, 450 | 91, 546 | -90, 176 | 68,946 | 69, 231 | 72. 250 | 107, 012 | 144, 987 | 138,177 | 145, 133 | 116,981 | 121, 274 |  |  |
| South America | 227, 177 | 192, 996 | 176. 423 | 161, 109 | 145, 284 | 184, 580 | 231,674 | 181, 486 | 155,926 | 181, 988 | 153,951 | 168. 179 |  |  |
| By leading countries: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Africa: | 1,658 | 1,646 | 1,947 | 727 | 610 | 490 | 1,370 | 1,500 | 1,821 | 4,515 | 3,381 | 1,417 |  |  |
| Union of South | 7,779 | 9,418 | 7, 708 | 5,737 | 6,851 | 6,248 | 5,972 | 7,512 | 7,914 | 10,593 | 6,321 | 10.905 |  |  |
| Asta and Oceania: <br> Australia, including New Guinea <br> do | 9,655 | 9,611 | 10,578 | 13,883 | 7,626 | 7,768 | 6,979 | 15, 830 | 4,158 | 13,854 | 13,297 | 15. 518 |  |  |
| Australia, including New Guinea <br> British Malava | 18,848 | 12, 182 | 17, 496 | 13, 519 | 15,765 | 15,001 | 14,552 | 11,634 | 15,904 | 20,906 | 19,629 | 22.967 |  |  |
| China, including Manchuria------------------ do | -189 | 19, 118 | ${ }^{17} 261$ | -695 | ${ }^{2} 569$ | , 951 | 17.726 | ${ }^{1} 843$ | -814 | 1,034 | 16,744 | 28.341 |  |  |
| India and Pakistan..... | 16, 816 | 19,305 | 17,499 | 19.039 | 15.268 | 17, 250 | 17,047 | 21, 893 | 21, 189 | 25,701 | 1.6, 666 | 28, 378 |  |  |
| Japan.-- | 23,672 17 1796 | 22,235 <br> 10 <br> 97 | 27,434 16230 | 27,336 <br> 13,537 | 24,360 18,383 | 27, 043 | 25,038 14,238 | 34, 416 | 22, 17.843 | 34,509 18,376 | 28,171 | 33.923 16.605 |  |  |
| Indonesia --..-----.-.-.-.-................ do | 17,596 31,781 | 10,997 <br> 27,814 | 16,230 | 13, 2365 |  | 13,462 15,873 | 14,238 9,814 | 15, ${ }_{16}, 728$ | 17,843 <br> 17,830 | 18,376 22,673 | 18, 22,620 | 16.605 31,614 |  |  |
| Republic of the Philippines | 31,781 | 27,814 | 24, 604 | 22,665 | 17,435 | 15,873 | 9,814 | 16, 728 | 17,830 | 22,673 | 22,620 | 31,614 |  |  |
| Europe: France | 14,683 | 13, 065 | 12,674 | 12,126 | 14,985 | 15, 843 | 14, 044 | 12,805 | 13,166 | 19, 836 | 16,047 | 14,962 |  |  |
| Germany | 24, 522 | 20, 950 | 24, 841 | 23,635 | 25,380 | 29,920 | 23, 842 | 21, 926 | 22, 514 | 31, 949 | 26, 166 | 27,954 |  |  |
| Italy... | 10, 754 | 9,724 | 11, 804 | 10,954 | 14, 308 | 14,824 | 14, 188 | 9,740 | 13, 486 | 21, 298 | 14.183 | 14, 121 |  |  |
| Union of Soviet Soclalist Repablics.........d | 1,146 | ${ }^{999}$ | 1,038 | 1, 604 | -524 | 890 | 5919 | ${ }^{5} 692$ | 1,147 | 866 | ${ }_{5} 810$ | 1,291 |  |  |
|  | 45,022 | 39,562 | 38,860 | 42,386 | 41,263 | 35,455 | 57,110 | 35,510 | 48,687 | 55, 466 | 50,370 | 50, 886 |  |  |
| North and South America: Canada. | 219,527 | 201, 558 | 206, 260 | 204, 599 | 201, 624 | 210,750 | 215,620 | 183, 423 | 183, 774 | 212,656 | 204, 327 | 229, 640 |  |  |
|  | 318,072 | 268, 345 | 252,360 | 216,332 | 194, 206 | 237,374 | 311,869 | 297, 404 | 265,568 | 297, 526 | 251, 193 | 271. 605 |  |  |
| Argentina.-.-.-.-.------ do | 11,526 | 11, 415 | 8,942 | 8, 1816 | 6,526 | 5,894 | 6,962 | 7,585 | 9,222 | 13, 198 | 11,048 | 10.593 |  |  |
|  | 39,957 | 38, 961 | 34, 560 | 34, 181 | 59, 125 | 55, 1343 | 96, 842 | 56, 449 | 36,045 14,990 | 40, <br> 1787 <br> 17 | 43, 923 | 42.437 |  |  |
|  | - 37,372 | 23,680 57,54 | 14,818 51,583 | 15,285 <br> 34,594 | 6,724 15,554 | 13,044 37,097 | 15,003 40,430 | 12, 726 | 14,990 32,812 | 17,482 | 17,258 | 17,087 |  |  |
| Colombla | 72,757 38.472 | -57, 547 | 31, 3867 | 34, 984 | 19, 791 | 14,992 | 17,689 | 38,412 | 34, 524 | 32, 45 | 196, 810 | 31. 609 |  |  |
| Cuba. <br> Mexico | 26, 742 | 19,534 | 24,365 | 19,558 | 20, 950 | 21,042 | 27, 850 | 40,976 | 41,797 | 40, 474 | 32,353 | 38.528 |  |  |
| Venezue | 40,757 | 37, 938 | 38,674 | 40,138 | 37,412 | 48,550 | 51, 792 | 47, 716 | 46, 602 | 58, 568 | 44,190 | 46.579 |  |  |
| Imports for consumption, total.-.-....-.-.-.....- ${ }^{\text {do....- }}$ | 972, 886 | 820, 107 | 826, 495 | 776, 900 | 761,288 | 831, 593 | 930,835 | 861,971 | 843,518 | 1,004,776 | 872, 528 | 958, 550 | 942,500 |  |
| By economic classes: Crude materials | 227, 154 | 186, 377 | 207, 907 | 197, 687 | 182, 049 | 185,505 | 206, 347 | 201, 555 | 204, 433 | 254, 171 | 224, 817 | 237, 283 |  |  |
| Crude foodstuffs | 199, 964 | 159,320 | 142, 498 | 115,049 | 123, 591 | 163, 018 | 242, 022 | 198, 253 | 169,294 | 178,541 | 146, 713 | 174, 931 |  |  |
| Manufactured foodstuffs and beverages-.---- do | r 110, 824 | 93, 660 | 96,615 | -86,540 | 76, 189 | 82,040 | 71,546 | 86, 843 | 82,655 | 104, 408 | 92, 409 | 95, 657 |  |  |
|  | 242, 391 | 191, 254 | 193, 869 | 194, 874 | 186, 315 | 203, 156 | 218, 178 | 198,595 | 208,996 | 229, 998 | 210, 859 | 236, 122 |  |  |
| Finished manufactures | 192, 550 | 189, 496 | 185, 606 | 182, 751 | 193, 145 | 197, 873 | 192, 742 | 176,725 | 178,140 | 237, 657 | 197, 730 | 214, 557 |  |  |
| By principal commodities: | 372, 588 | 301, 116 | 304, 751 | 260, 137 | 252, 491 | 288, 050 | 360, 957 | 358,689 | 318,945 | 372, 284 | 310,490 | 348, 658 |  |  |
| Agricula ${ }^{\text {Cocoa }}$ or cacao beans, incl. shelis.------------ | 28, 824 | 23, 267 | 16.180 | 17,291 | 12,822 | 18,788 | 30,821 | 19,085 | 22,471 | 26,086 | 18,019 | 11, 452 |  |  |
|  | 127, 506 | 101, 748 | 90, 416 | 64, 886 | 75, 993 | 106,079 | 174, 374 | 140, 179 | 107, 899 | 105, 413 | 90, 882 | 120, 060 |  |  |
|  | 4,885 26 | 4, 696 17610 | 4, 896 | 3,686 22.564 | 3,967 24,371 | 3,752 23,188 | 3,171 24,480 | r ${ }^{37,924} \mathbf{7 1 9}$ | $\begin{array}{r}3,506 \\ 30,358 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 6,181 39,470 | 4,342 40,661 | 6,554 39 391 |  |  |
| Rubber, crude, including guayule......... do- | 26,949 47,699 | 17, 610 | 27, 414 | 22,564 30,611 | 24,371 16,651 | 23,188 12,880 | 24,480 10 | 27,719 36,502 | 30,358 36,335 | 39,470 44,384 | 40,661 37,144 | 39,591 38,674 |  |  |
|  | 47, 699 21,963 | 39,445 19,022 | 41,740 19,047 | 30,611 18,312 | 16,651 17,689 | 12,880 15,689 | 10,423 15,444 | 36,502 21,593 | 36,335 17,518 | 44,384 26,404 | 37,144 23,629 | 38,674 23,605 |  |  |
| Wool and mohair, unmanufactured.......- do | 21, 963 | 19,022 | 19, 047 | 18,312 | 17,689 | 15,689 | 15,444 | 21,593 | 17,518 | 26, 404 | 23,629 | 23,605 |  |  |
| Nonagricultural products, total | 600, 298 | 518,991 | 521,744 | 516.764 | 508, 797 | 543, 543 | 569,878 | 503, 282 | 524,574 | 632, 491 | 554,039 | 609, 893 |  |  |
|  | 5,375 | 6,570 | 4,805 | 5,297 | 2, 838 | 2,124 | 11,990 | 9,394 | 9,975 | 7,853 | 6. 452 | 8,672 |  |  |
| Nonferrous ores, metals, and manufactures, total thous. of dol. | 153,496 | 97, 134 | 96, 196 | 89, 048 | 73, 290 | 82, 972 | 97, 324 | 75,003 | 88, 207 | $95,320$. | 98,363 | 109, 207 |  |  |
| Copper, incl. ore and manufactures.....-do..-- | 48.889 | 37, 312 | 32, 542 | 31,767 | 17, 797 | 25, 758 | 28, 382 | 23, 363 | 29,485 | 31, 129 | 30, 495 | 30, 885 |  |  |
|  | 19,782 | 8,982 | 16, 055 | 13, 660 | 16, 108 | 17,041 | 14, 974 | 11, 672 | 15, 037 | 15,099 | 12,093 | 14,093 |  |  |
|  | 28, 048 | 23,884 | 25, 087 | 25, 560 | 25, 421 | 27,068 | 22, 675 | 22, 402 | 22, 210 | 28, 288 | 21, 945 | 25, 250 |  |  |
| Newsprint. | 52, 529 | 47, 011 | 52, 018 | 47, 487 | 49, 651 | 54, 281 | 52,963 | 46,732 | 43, 200 | 51,451 | 50, 320 | 52, 767 |  |  |
|  | 67,816 | 64, 714 | 63, 109 | 64.401 | 67,032 | 74,077 | 87,896 | 85, 202 | 84, 760 | 95, 062 | 74,215 | 76,546 |  |  |

$r$ Revised. $\quad p$ Preliminary. $\quad \ddagger$ Revisions prior to February 1954 will be shown later. I See similar note on p. S-21.
OData for semimanufactures reported as "special category, type 1" are included with finished manufactures.
$\sigma^{\prime}$ Exports of jet fuel (totaling $\$ 1,719,000$ in 1953) are included with petroleum and products beginning January 1954; with chemicals prior thereto.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1954 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | September | October | Novem- <br> her | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Decem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { arry } \end{aligned}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July |

## TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS


$r$ Revised. $\quad{ }^{p}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ Beginning January 1955 , data include local service operations of one carrier.
 §Data have be

 $\mathcal{O}^{7}$ Data for July, October 1954 and January, April, and July 1955 are for 5 weeks; other months. 4 weeks.
 shown later. $\ddagger$ Revised data for May 1954, $\$ 39,952,000$.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and
descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey

| 1954 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| June | July | August | September | October | November | December | January | February | March | April | May | June | July |

## TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS—Continued

| Average sale per occupied room...............dollars.- | 7.25 | 6.91 | 7. 66 | 7.55 | 7.71 | 7. 76 | 6.89 | 7. 17 | 7. 25 | 7.02 | 7.65 | 6.98 | 7. 61 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rooms occupied.-------------.---- percent of total - | 75 | 66 | 72 | 74 | 77 | 71 | 59 | 73 | 74 | 75 | 73 | 74 | 74 |  |
| Restaurant sales index....... same month $1929=100$ | 267 | 237 | 248 | 253 | 262 | 250 | 229 | 252 | 252 | 241 | 259 | 277 | 280 |  |
| Foreign travel: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 92,068 130,168 | 113,018 <br> 127,507 | 146,742 94,034 | 126,750 $73,9 \times 4$ | 88, <br> 606 <br> f., <br> 198 | 73,293 $56,1 \geqslant 5$ | 72,780 <br> 69,840 | 69,272 76,638 | 85, 8 , 524 | 91, 935 | 90.092 104.604 |  |  |  |
|  | 57, 066 | 62, 056 | 64, 504 | 70, 574 | 56,752 | 50,477 | 48,675 | 45, 881 | 41, 745 | 51, 586 | 57, 129 |  |  |  |
| Departures* | 52, 266 | 46. 236 | 43.530 | 45. 403 | 40, 100 | 35, 154 | 41.779 | 30, 472 | 30, 235 | 38,963 | 40. 232 |  |  |  |
| Passports issued and renewed..................-do..-- | 53, 432 | 36, 707 | 34. 263 | 26, 023 | 21,659 | 22.000 | 25,005 | 34, 356 | 40, 173 | 56,399 | 60, 675 | 71, 055 | 71, 626 | 40.624 |
|  | 2, 472 | 4,127 | 4, 213. | 2.010 | 1,104 | 428 | 277 | 318 | 309 | 437 | 690 | 1,162 | 2,547 |  |
| Pullman Co.: <br> Revenue passenger-miles $\qquad$ millions.- | 621 | 577 | 640 | 574 | 583 | 540 | 571 | 702 | 587 | 600 | 543 | 521 |  |  |
| Passenger revenues.......---........... thous. of dol. | 8,167 | 7,601 | 8,422 | 7.543 | 7.647 | 7,042 | 7,474 | 9. 224 | 7,710 | 7,884 | 7,129 | 6,823 |  |  |
| COMMUNICATIONS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Telephone carriers:? |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 415,760 243,104 | 414, 837 240,459 | 421, 5682 | 246, 4271 | 431,443 251,172 | 431,914 252,812 | 448,387 257,149 | 441, 354 258,047 | 429, 188 | 454,235 260,606 | 449,942 <br> 261,586 | 457.793 263,022 |  |  |
|  | 138, 921 , | 139, 800 | 144, 225 , | 141, 432 | 145, 088 | 143, 034 | 154, 870 | 146, 783 | 137,976 | 157, 059 | 151, 080 | 157. 307 |  |  |
|  | 285, 347 | 287.388 | 286, 027 | 293, 280 | 290.427 | 292. 307 | 311,916 | 289, 318 | 281, 240 | 307, 210 | 299, 165 | 306. 503 |  |  |
|  | 49,889 | 61, 957 i | 55.790 | 52. 414 | 59.615 | 58.930 | 58,457 | 62, 143 | 60, 261 | 59,123 | 61, 148 | 61.220 |  |  |
| Phones in service, end of month ---.-.-.-- thousands.- | 44.621 | 44, 766 | 44, 920 | 45.129 | 45,345 | 45,568 | 45,858 | 46,093 | 46.310 | 46, 545 | 46, 746 | 46.961 |  |  |
| Telegraph, cable, and radiotelegraph carriers: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wire-telegraph: Operating revenues........-.........thous. of dol | 17.768 | 17, 111 | 18,072 | 18, 447 | 18. 267 | 17, 843 | 19,733 | 17, 552 | 16,996 | 19,859 | 18,920 | 19,598 |  |  |
| Operating expenses, incl. depreciation.......do... | 15. 445 | 15.803 | 15, 555 | 15,861 | 1.5. 552 | 15,513 | 17,479 | 15,953 | 14,880 | 16,332 | 15,825 | 16.446 |  |  |
|  | 1.499 | 494 | 1,741 | 1,856 | 2.023 | 1.660 | 973 | 737 | 1,302 | 2.677 | 2, 254 | 2,300 |  |  |
| Ocean-cable: <br> Operating revenues | 2, 848 | 2, 704 | 2, 595 | 2, 743 | 2.733 | 2, 781 | 3,011 | 2,676 | 2, 452 | 2,933 | 2,579 | 2. 771 |  |  |
| Operating expenses, incl depreciation------ do..- | 1,999 | 1,918 | 1,967 | 1,794 | 1.721 | 1,853 | 1,862 | 2,104 | 1.972 | 2.068 | 2,088 | 2,131 |  |  |
|  | 579 | 525 | 377 | 701 | 761 | 668 | 864 | 301 | 220 | 599 | 236 | 367 |  |  |
| Radiotelegraph: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating revenues | 2,620 2.191 | 2. 2129 | 2, 55 | 2,611 2,320 | 2. 2.112 | 2, 2,249 | 2,998 | 2, 754 2,272 | 2, 635 | 2. 2.303 | 2,689 <br> 2,275 | 2,743 2,317 |  |  |
| Operating expenses, incl. depreciation......-. do..-- Net operating revenues....-. | 2. ${ }_{285}$ | 2. 217 | 2. 179 | 2, 320 | 2. 112 | 2, 2400 | 2,353 540 | 2, ${ }^{273}$ | $\begin{array}{r}2.198 \\ \mathbf{3 5 1} \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 2. 306 | 2, 275 | $\begin{array}{r}2,317 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  |

## CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS

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 for over 90 percent of the annual gross operating revenues of the industry. $\ddagger$ Revisions for 1952 (also 1951 for ammonia and hydrochloric acid) will be shown later.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1954 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | Septem ber | October | Nover- ber | Decem- ber | January | Fehruary | March | April | May | June | July |

## CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS-Continued



| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1954 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | September | October | November | December | January | February | March | April | May | June | July |

## CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS-Continued

| FATS, oILS, ETC.-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Vegetable oils, oilseeds, and byproducts-Con. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Flaxseed: Production (crop estimate) $\ldots . . . . . . . . . . t h o u s . ~ o f ~ b u . ~$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | 141, 534 |  |  |  |  |  |  | - 43.752 |
| Oil mills: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption-----------------.-....-- do | $\stackrel{2}{2,248}$ | 2, 596 | 3,545 | 4,058 | 3,575 | 2,988 | 2, 752 | 2,341 | 1,884 | 3,138 | 1,861 | 2,014 | 1,552 |  |
| Stocks, end of month --......----......do |  | 1,782 | 1,946 |  | 4,009 | 6,085 |  |  |  | 2, 559 | 1,654 |  |  |  |
| Price, wholesale, No. 1 (Minneapolis).dol. per bu-- | 3.88 | 3.63 | 3.47 | 3.41 | 3.39 | 3.37 | 3.38 | 3.35 | 3.36 | 3.25 | 3.24 | 3.34 | 3.35 | 3.29 |
| Linseed oil, raw: | 44, 293 | 50, 223 | 69,697 | 79,719 | 68,821 | 58,487 | 54, 165 | 46, 204 | 37, 058 | 59, 703 | 36,801 | 40707 | 30, 891 |  |
| Consumption, factory-...-.-.-.-.........-do. | 39, 263 | 41, 176 | 43, 111 | 53, 989 | 41, 254 | 44,051 | 39, 683 | 34, 933 | 40, 974 | 43,533 | 45,085 | 43619 | 50, 888 |  |
| Stocks at factory, end of month ${ }^{\text {r }}$ - --.-.-. .do | 331, 862 | 231, 572 | 218, 100 | 224, 903 | 195, 183 | 214, 023 | 186, 697 | 181, 927 | 164, 731 | 171, 597 | 161,853 | 139,750 | 110, 324 |  |
| Price, wholesale (Minneapolis)....-...-dol. per lb-- | . 153 | . 160 | . 160 | . 152 | . 145 | . 135 | . 126 | . 123 | 125 | . 123 | . 125 | . 131 | . 131 | p. 132 |
| Soybeans: Production (crop estimate) ...........thous. of bu... |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{1} 342,795$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | 20, 043 |
| Consumption, factory ..........................do...- | 15, 437 | 15,361 | 14,795 | 11,140 | 21,735 | 22,197 | 21, 181 | 21,483 | 19,777 | 19,525 | 20,03i | 21,012 | 22,-119 | -42,04 |
| Stocks, end of month...---.-.....................-do | 24, 598 | 15,321 | 4,894 | 9,218 | 37, 312 | 50,740 | 44,613 | 33, 243 | 24,355 | 17,549 | 12,912 | 10, 200 | 10,775 |  |
| Soybean oil: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production: thous. of $\mathrm{lb}_{\text {.- }}$ | 171,614 | 173, 189 | 166, 116 | 125, 318 | 235, 894 | 239, 625 | 227, 765 | 230, 957 | 214, 068 | 210,643 | 218, 083 | 229, 163 | 243, 635 |  |
|  | 175, 831 | 127, 217 | 171, 296 | 148,712 | 198,863 | 210, 262 | 204, 180 | 205, 325 | 187, 174 | 219, 803 | 199, 755 | 217, 411 | 224, 826 |  |
| Consumption, factory, refinedo'.-.-.-.......-do...- | 180,938 | 146, 845 | 169,920 | 169, 341 | 200, 722 | 204, 223 | 196, 475 | 192, 795 | 185, 616 | 219,097 | 194, 676 | 211, 230 | 216, 075 |  |
| Stocks, end of month: <br> Crude | 114, 142 | 132, 221 | 117, 683 | 73,503 | 91,115 | 96,887 | 109, 016 | 118, 602 | 128, 114 | 107,732 | 104, 438 | 94, 695 |  |  |
|  | 96, 919 | 78, 743 | 78, 679 | 53, 722 | 54,679 | 59,988 | 66,755 | 80, 090 | 73,078 | 68, 183 | 66, 197 | 64, 702 | 67,247 |  |
| Price, wholesale, refined (N. Y.).....-.dol. per lb-- | . 209 | . 209 | . 213 | . 203 | . 203 | . 192 | . 195 | . 194 | . 194 | . 187 | . 186 | . 188 | . 191 | D. 185 |
| Margarine: <br> Productionor thous. of | 90, 334 | 87, 339 | 105, 344 | 118, 051 | 117,979 | 134,717 | 116,346 | 124, 476 | 119, 803 | 125,781 |  | 112,569 | 105, 024 |  |
|  | 24,643 | 22, 810 | 23, 762 | 19, 824 | 23,615 | 19,952 | 27, 279 | ${ }^{2} 23,763$ | ${ }^{2} 25,467$ | ${ }^{2} 28,390$ | 26,428 | 2 23, 484 | 2 25,580 |  |
| Price, wholesale, vegetable, colored, delivered (eastern U. S.) |  | . 283 | . 283 | . 283 | . 27 | . 267 | . 273 | 273 | 273 | . 273 | . 273 | 3 | ${ }^{.273}$ | D. 273 |
| Shortening: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 151,717 | 112,336 | 160, 463 | 164,422 | 182, 323 | 186,148 | 178, 888 | 172, 515 | 168, 263 | 187,778 | 159, 921 | 182, 210 | 188,782 |  |
|  |  | 98, 826 | 104, 414 | 96, 260 | 108,083 | 106,657 | 122, 760 | ${ }^{2} 119,826$ | ${ }^{2} 128,537$ | ${ }^{2} 150,179$ | 2158,191 | ${ }^{2} 145,034$ | ${ }^{2} 154,234$ |  |
| PAINTS, VARNISH, AND LACQUER \& |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Factory shipments, total .-..-...........-thous. of dol.- | 131, 226 | 118, 024 | 121, 584 | 114, 934 | 107, 498 | 103, 132 | 93, 633 | 109, 796 | 104, 023 | 133,311 | 135,089 | 143, 397 | 148, 851 |  |
| Industrial sales | 85, 395 | 76, 412 | 76, 542 | 72,009 | 64, 108 | 49,448 59 | 41, 818 | 64, 479 | + 49,660 | 54,072 |  |  | 56, 329 |  |
| SYNTHETIC PLASTICS AND RESIN |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cellulose acetate and mixed ester plastics: <br> Sheets, rods, and tubes. <br> thous. of lb. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sheets, rods, and tubes ..-.-----....................... | ${ }_{6} \mathbf{3}, 416$ | 5,193 | 7,134 | 3,430 7,840 | 3,074 7,520 | 7, 350 | 6,470 | 6,908 | 7,177 | 7,422 | $\begin{array}{r}3,265 \\ 7,574 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 3,247 7,758 |  |  |
| Nitrocellulose sheets, rods, and tubes......-...-. ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 431 | 271 | , 366 | ${ }^{362}$ | ${ }_{3} 32$ | 316 | , 329 | ${ }^{414}$ | ${ }^{1} 364$ | 483 | 427 | ${ }^{4} 403$ |  |  |
|  | 430 | 371 | 548 | 586 | 416 | 508 | 452 | 553 | 559 | 744 | 584 | 561. |  |  |
| Phenolic and other tar acid resins......-.......do. | 29, 592 | 21,680 | 28,824 | 33,519 | 33, 057 | 32,893 | 33, 010 | 34, 394 | 37,195 | 41, 459 | 39,448 | 39,866 |  |  |
| Polystyrene | 33, 250 | 28, 086 | 31, 808 | 37,352 | 39,196 | 36,495 | 35, 205 | 36, 860 | 36, 360 | 44, 185 | 41, 824 | 42, 550 |  |  |
|  | 18,174 | 13, 378 | 18, ${ }^{183}$ | 19,588 | $\begin{gathered} 21,132 \\ 10,070 \end{gathered}$ | ${ }_{46}^{21,281}$ | 20, 344 | 20,698 | 20,676 | 24, 596 | 23, 711 | 22, 636 |  |  |
|  | 43,814 <br> 31,988 | 28, 08.48 | 34,341 27,540 | 44,389 27,411 | 48, 970 27,943 | 46,532 28,487 | 49,773 30,285 | 53,782 <br> 31 | 51, 650 31,909 | 59,767 <br> 3898 <br> 8.89 | 56,773 | 60,217 38,444 |  |  |
| Rosin modifications | 10,344 | 9,760 | 9,396 | 9,767 | 9,702 | 10, 259 | 9,209 | 11, 353 | 10,478 | 12,126 | - 12,096 | 11,820 |  |  |
|  | 23,722 | 22, 342 | 26, 581 | 27,773 | 32,671 | 33, 204 | 36, 105 | 35, 806 | 37,041 | 42,259 | ${ }^{-47,846}$ | 48, 567 |  |  |

## ELECTRIC POWER AND GAS



| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1954 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | $\underset{\text { ber }}{\text { Septem- }}$ | October | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Novem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Decem. } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Febru- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | March | April | May | June | July |

## ELECTRIC POWER AND GAS—Continued



| 5,876 | 5,831 |  |  | 5,763 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5,447 | 5,408 |  |  | 5, 341 |  |
| 487 |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 808 \\ 502 \end{gathered}$ | 536 280 |  |  | 840 545 |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 592 \\ 299 \end{gathered}$ | 280 |  |  | 545 |  |
| 109, 536 | 77, 386 |  |  | 114, 157 |  |
| 78, 500 | 52,728 |  |  | 83, 301 |  |
| 30,400 | 24, 239 |  |  | 30, 242 |  |
| 21, 220 | 21, 344 |  |  | 22,027 |  |
| 19,546 | 19,707 |  |  | 20, 257 |  |
| 1, 1488 | 1,611 |  |  | 1,742 |  |
| 13,198 3,755 | 11, 237 |  |  | 15,243 4,692 |  |
| $\stackrel{3}{8,873}$ | 8,989 |  |  | 9, 7954 |  |
| 575,082 | 410, 366 |  |  | 691, 519 |  |
| - 314,607 | 166,266 328,550 |  |  | 384, ${ }^{3868}$ |  |
| 240, 605 | 328, 550 |  |  | 286, 716 |  |



FOODSTUFFS AND TOBACCO


| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1954 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | September | October | November | $\begin{gathered} \text { Decem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{\operatorname{ary}}{\text { Janu- }}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July |

## FOODSTUFFS AND TOBACCO-Continued

| FRUITS AND VEGETABLES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A pples: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (crop estimate) .....-.-......... thous. of bu... | 848 | 501 | 197 | 34 | 3, 435 | 2,787 | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} r 1 \\ 109,512 \\ 2,886 \end{array}\right\|$ | 2,471 | 2,413 | 2,498 | 2,187 | 1,860 | 802 | ${ }^{2} 107,389$ |
| Stocks, cold storage, end of month....-thous. of bu-- | 440 | 162 | 245 | 6, 959 | 30, 896 | 30, 995 | 24, 878 | 18,975 | 13, 194 | 7,793 | 4, 114 | 1,677 | 376 | 202 |
| Citrus fruits. carlet shipments........-no. of carloads._ | 9,217 | 6,697 | 4,743 | 4,422 | 5,027 | 7, 269 | 11,610 | 9,445 | 8,678 | 9,503 | 9,304 | , 73 | -9,755 | 7,563 |
| Frozen fruits, juices, and vegetables: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stocks, cold storage, end of month: | 221,658 | 336, 630 | 374, 543 | 399, 606 | 413, 657 | 399, 410 | 377,950 | 348, 163 | 309,152 | 268, 216 | 222, 407 + | + 208.365 | 250, 582 | 381, 825 |
|  | 500, 819 | 458, 007 | 401, 550 | 338, 537 | 294, 319 | 253, 837 | 248, 001 | 296, 333 | 357, 503 | 386, 726 | 451,283 | - 513, 638 | 492, 970 | 415,937 |
|  | 443,724 | 492, 594 | 602, 309 | 698, 084 | 709, 915 | 689, 266 | 649, 321 | 576, 981 | 505, 428 | 456, 995 | 426,679 | - 396, 454 | 418, 876 | 481, 636 |
| Potatoes, white: Production (crop estimate) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{2} 398715$ |
| Shipments, carlot | 21,142 | 12,549 | 11,-887 | 14,864 | 15,992 | 12,788 | 14, 141 | 18,281 | ,750 | 22,498 | 20, 86 | 18,502 | -24,735 | 9,932 |
|  | 3.375 | 054 | 835 | 089 | 3. 400 | 3.663 | 3.698 | 325 | 342 | 3.750 | 7.167 | ${ }^{\text {r } 6.508}$ | 4.131 | p 2.565 |
| Grain and grain products |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exports, principal grains, including flour and meal thous. of bu_ | 27, 907 | 31,570 | 26,962 | 21,842 | 29,743 | 29,395 | 41, 106 | 35,658 | 43, 297 | . 778 | 29,690 | 29,620 |  |  |
| Barley: |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1370126 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 391. 152 |
| Receipts, principal markets | 7,685 | 8,238 | 28,856 | 17, 168 | 14, 376 | 15,140 | 10,070 | 16,321 | 8,975 | 10,311 | 7,140 | , 112 | 18,249 | 24, 067 |
| Stocks, domestic, end of month: | 9.121 | 11,932 | 20,050 | 23, 495 | 24, 258 | 26. 946 | 27,517 | 27,141 | 23, 121 | 21,184 | 19,701 | 16,954 |  | 31.574 |
| On farms... | 35.2 |  |  | 226, 695 |  |  | 165, 805 |  |  | 117, 470 |  |  | ${ }^{3} 44,041$ |  |
| Exports, including malt | 2, 507 | 4, 927 | 1,825 | 2, 791 | 3,214 | 3, 160 | 4, 201 | 1,326 | 3, 761 | 5,019 | 3,534 | 4,776 |  |  |
| Prices, wholesale (Minneapolis): No. 2, malting | 1.490 | 1.456 | 1.397 | 1.429 | 1.454 | 1.456 | 1.490 | 1. 441 | 1.431 | 1.439 | 1. 443 | 1.421 | 1.412 | 1. 279 |
|  | 1.375 | 1. 323 | 1. 290 | 1.328 | 1.378 | 1.364 | 1. 290 | 1.350 | 1.413 | 1.342 | 1.342 | 1. 291 | 1. 220 | 1. 131 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 10,326 | 10,041 | 10, 609 | 10, 918 | 12,163 | 12, 102 | 11,670 | 10,954 | 10, 836 | 949 | 621 | 11, 524 | 11,912 | 10,938 |
| Receints, principal markets.-.....................d. do..-- | 25, 151 | 24, 105 | 29,369 | 21, 352 | 21, 371 | 53, 835 | 30, 975 | 27,831 | 19, 423 | 15,530 | 13,028 | 18, 433 | 19,683 | 17,535 |
| Stocks, domestic, end of month: Commercial | 15, | 12,866 | 14,831 | 18,052 | 20,560 | 50,873 | 60.2 | 62, 809 | 63, 192 | 56, 199 | 46,385 | 41,315 | 36, 803 | 27,070 |
| On farms |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2,070 |  |  | 1,410.0 |  |  | 938.0 |  |
| Exnorts, including meal...............-thous. of bu-- | 5,098 | 5,185 | 6,912 | 3,629 | 4,977 | 3, 853 | 9,569 | 7,226 | 9,840 | 11, 434 | 4,784 | 4,408 |  |  |
| Prices, wholesale: ${ }_{\text {No, }}$, vellow (Chicago) .............dol. per bu_ | 1. |  | 1.652 | 39 | 1. 540 | 481 | 1. | 524 | 95 | . 463 | 1. 460 | 1.482 | . 473 | 72 |
| Weighted average, 5 markets, all grades..-.-do...- | 1.577 | 1.5 | 1.610 | 1.601 | 1. 52 | 1.462 | 1. 450 | 1.448 | 1. 434 | 1. 390 | 1. 439 | 1.487 | 1. 483 | 1. 490 |
| Oats: |  |  |  |  |  |  | 11 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 21.625 |
| Production (crop $\qquad$ thous. of bu. | 7,241 | 16,842 | 25,750 | 10,638 | 7,231 | 7,840 | 10,510 | 12,704 | 8,193 | 7,159 | , 392 | 8,629 | 8, 371 | 23, 146 |
| Stocks, domestic, end of month: |  | 11,72 | 24,900 |  | 26, 27 | 19,992 | 20,0 | 20,448 | 20, |  | 15 | 14, |  | 23,085 |
| cial <br> On farms | 202,778 |  |  | 1,182, |  |  | 922, 637 |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{3} 249,507$ |  |
| Exports, including oatmeal.-.-.-.-.-.-.-. do | 209 | ${ }^{217}$ | 272 | 345 | 348 | 779 | 701 | 1,862 | 1,260 | 3,061 | 1,782 | 1,527 |  |  |
| Price, wholesale, No. 3, white (Obicago). dol per bu-. | .763 | 70 | . 721 | . 758 | . 786 | 851 | 839 | . 814 | . 797 | . 771 | . 712 | . 708 | . 710 | (4) |
| Rice: |  |  |  |  |  |  | 553 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7.974 |
| Production |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Recelpts, domestic, rough .-........thous. of lb.- | 52,410 | 36,656 | 11, 471 | 10,373 | 145, 678 | 93,881 | 85, 157 | 31, 945 | 129,028 | 125, 049 | 119, 108 | 142, | 133, 772 | 89, 733 |
| Shipments from mills, milled rice --.-....do | 36, 159 | 29,573 | 28,807 | 7,676 | 36,349 | 29, 233 | 33,125 | 28,489 | 70,745 | 133, 373 | 101, 451 | 93, 542 | 117, 056 | 59,811 |
| Stocks, rough and cleaned (cleaned hasis), end of month .............................thous. of Ib. | 43, 304 | 35,968 | 13, 287 | 11,861 | 66,674 | 96, 857 | 117,630 | 109, 027 | 127, 276 | 5,952 | 67, 491 | 72,04 | 47,693 | 49, 203 |
| Southern States (Ark., La, Tenn., Tex.): | 51,924 | 48,217 | 447,848 | 1,113,665 | 721,412 | 173, 728 | 62,941 | 50,954 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Receipts, rough, at mills $\qquad$ | 102, 436 | 118, 490 | 172,842 | 216,034 | 197,656 | 121,645 | 98, 056 | 113, 344 | 112,015 | 133, 727 | 115, 091 | - 88.903 | 15, 685 |  |
| Stocks, domestic, rough and cleaned (cleaned basts), end of month <br> mil. of 1 b | 327.3 | 272.0 | 361.3 | 821.8 | 1,071.8 | 1,049.6 | 987.9 | 916.5 | 784.8 | 653.8 | 610.1 |  | 495. |  |
|  | 47,048 | 42, 229 | 74, 435 | 112, 973 | 98, 694 | 61, 983 | 44, 623 | 42,515 | 25,011 | 112,005 | 75, 114 | 123, 393 |  |  |
| Price, wholesale, head, clean (N. O.). dol. per lb. | . 085 | . 086 | . 075 | . 074 | . 083 | . 094 | 094 | . 094 | . 094 | . 094 | . 105 | r. 113 | . 113 | p. 1 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (crop estimate) .....-........thous. of bu_ | 1,684 | 1,006 |  |  |  |  | - 23,688 |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{2} 28.448$ |
| Stocks, commercial, domestic, end of month...d. ${ }^{\text {de... }}$ | 8 8,445 | 11,708 | 12,115 | 12,047 | 12, 161 | 11,662 | 10,94C | 8,984 | 9,374 | 8,779 | 8,498 | 6,679 | r 6,496 | 8.673 |
| Price, wholesale, No. 2 (Minneapolis) ...dol. per bu.. | 1.061 | 1. 250 | 1.275 | 1. 428 | 1.370 | 1.321 | 1.300 | 1. 420 | 1. 396 | 1. 322 | 1.246 | 1. 233 | 1. 142 | 1.042 |
| Wheat: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (erop estimate), total...-..--mil. of bu |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1969.8 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2911.0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{1} 17790$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{2}^{2} 2681.6$ |
| Receipts, principal markets-.-.-...-.--- | 60.332 | 105, 576 | 54,867 | -77, 508 | 29,456 | 22,438 | 25,923 | 28,032 | 19, 823 | 27,482 | 24,105 | 38,43 | 45,199 | 101, 574 |
|  | 228, 888 |  |  | 195, 401 |  |  | 211, 230 |  |  | 「 252, 208 |  |  | 196, 545 |  |
| Stocks, end of month; |  | 379, 215 | 365, 6 | 335, 421 | 334, 15 | 337, |  | 357, 1 | 348, |  |  | 322, 419 |  |  |
| United States, domestic, totalo ${ }^{\text {co.-.-.-.-. mil. of bu.- }}$ | - 3902.4 |  |  | 1, 676.6 |  |  | 1,465.9 |  |  |  |  | 32, | 1,020.0 |  |
| Commercial - .-....-.--------thous of bu-- | ${ }^{3} 296,715$ | 394, 600 | 414,580 | 422,772 | 413,49 | 387, 159 | 374, 369 | 366,942 | 356, 237 | 351,913 | 351, 749 | $\stackrel{-764,462}{ }$ | 380, 409 | 427,416 |
| Interior mills, elevators, and warehouses | - 332,096 |  |  |  |  |  | 518, 051 |  |  | r 430, 732 |  |  | 398, 623 |  |
|  | ${ }^{3} 63,829$ |  |  | 158, 981 |  |  | 126, 382 |  |  | ${ }^{\text {r 101, } 475}$ |  |  | 60, 144 |  |
|  | ${ }^{3} 99,038$ |  |  | 429, 474 |  |  | 315, 689 |  |  | 207, 920 |  |  | 38, 241 |  |
| Exports, total, including flour...................do. | 20,092 | 20, 896 | 17,952 | 15,075 | 20, 924 | 21.603 | 26, 193 | 24, 455 | 27,924 | 33, 109 | 19.498 | 18,904 |  |  |
|  | 17,089 | 17,379 | 14,960 | 12, 074 | 17,082 | 17, 527 | 22, 331 | 21, 036 | 23, 846 | 28, 184 | 14, 373 | 14, 745 |  |  |
| Prices, wholesale: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| No. 1, dark northern spring (Minneapolis) | 2.642 | 2. 643 | 2.578 | 2.695 | 2.747 | 2.708 | 2.758 | 2.729 | 2. 756 | 2. 708 | 2.668 | 2.742 |  |  |
| No. 2, hard winter (Kansas City) ..............do | 2.153 | 2. 324 | 2.352 | 2.389 | 2.411 | 2. 439 | 2.465 | 2.443 | 2.410 | 2. 456 | 2. 461 | 2. 531 | 2. 190 | 2. 160 |
| No. 2, red winter (St. Louls) .-..................do | 1.852 | 1. 967 | 2.101 | 2.162 | 2. 147 | 2. 266 | 2.280 | 2.338 | 2. 230 | 2. 205 | 2. 204 | 2.278 | 1. 948 | - 1.968 |
| Weighted avg., 6 markets, all grades | 2. 293 | 2. 358 | 2.578 | 2.659 | 2. 678 | 2. 672 | 2. 646 | 2.635 | 2. 610 | 2. 603 | 2. 593 | 2. 666 | 2. 428 | 2. 262 |
|  |  | Iagust | mat | of 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{3}^{\text { }}$ Revised. $\quad$ Pld crop only; new grain not reported until be <br> \& Bags of 100 lb .; prior to the October 1953 SURve <br> ot The total includes wheat owned by the Commod | ning of $n$ <br> Credit <br> Credit | ew crop y shown in Corporatio | ear (July thous. of n and sto | for barle bu. of 45 red of fa | , oats, an ns in its 0 | wheat: wn steel | October and woode | for corn). <br> bins; su | ${ }^{4}$ No q | uotation. | d | the breakd | down |  |


| Unless otherwise stated, statistics throngh 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1954 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | Septem- ber | October | November | Decem. ber | January | Fehruary | March | April | May | June | July |

## FOODSTUFFS AND TOBACCO-Continued


${ }^{r}$ Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ No quotation.
${ }^{\dagger} \dagger$ Revised series. Compiled by the U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, representing factory and warehouse stocks of rendered and refined lard; data prior to June 1952 $\ddagger$ Revisions for 1952 and January-May 1953 are shown in the August 1954 SURver.

| Unless otherwise stated. statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1954 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | Septem. ber | October | November | December | January | February | March | April | May | June | July |

## FOODSTUFFS AND TOBACCO-Continued

| MISCELLANEOUS FOOD PRODUCTS-Con. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fish: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Landings, fresh fish, 5 ports .-......-thous. of lb.. | 75, 834 | 84, 605 | 73, 274 | 47, 478 | 48, 307 | 35, 270 | 25,716 | 20,787 | 27, 170 | 33, 068 | 41,507 | 54,490 |  |  |
| Sugar: ${ }^{\text {a }}$, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 139,582 |  |
| Cuban stocks, raw, end of month |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 2,812 | 2,637 | 2,447 | 2,037 | -1,888 | 2,513 | 4,288 | 4,688 | 4,478 | 3,988 | 3,638 |
| Deliveries and supply (raw basis): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production and receipts: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 56, 392 | 44, 495 | 96, 464 | 131,000 | 601, 213 | 797, 114 | 549, 214 | 149, 465 | 43, 747 | 55,429 | 48,992 | 37, 866 |  |  |
| Entries from off-shore --.-.-.-.-.-........do. | 598, 368 | 544, 041 | 759, 214 | 471, 248 | 426, 594 | 202, 728 | 215, 486 | 317, 409 | 443, 730 | 558, 851 | ${ }^{630}, 496$ | 634,000 | 476, 796 |  |
| Hawail and Puerto Rico................do | 190, 496 | 159, 787 | 228, 846 | 200, 094 | 283.327 | 134, 861 | 146, 234 | 29,065 | 102, 247 | 171.995 | 208,785 | 234,789 | 173,424 |  |
|  | r 809, 312 | 772, 819 | 793, 324 | 790, 762 | ${ }_{642}^{642,776}$ | 629, 590 | ${ }_{669}^{671,196}$ | 569, 000 | 572,995 <br> 569 | 711, 171 | 625,097 <br> 619 <br> 159 |  | ${ }_{820}^{822,275}$ |  |
| For domestic consumption...-........-- do | ${ }^{807.176}$ | 770, 119 | 792, 922 | 786, 379 | 642, 462 | 626, 133 | 669, 122 | 567, 000 | 569, 723 | 706, 617 | 619,459 |  | 820, 5131 |  |
| For export <br> Stocks, raw and refined, end of month | r 2, 136 | 2, 780 |  | 4,383 | 314 | 3,457 | 2,074 | 2, 468 | 3, 272 | 4, 554 | 5,638 |  | 1,734 |  |
| - thous. of short tons.- | ${ }^{\text {r }} 1,442$ | 1,239 | 1,108 | 929 | 1,261 | 1,748 | 1,927 | 1,889 | 1, 8231 | 1,781 | 1,753 | - 1,612 | 1,322 |  |
|  | 458 | 439 | 439 | 474 | 351 | 467 | 690 | 583 | 541 | 418 | 604 | 411 |  |  |
|  | 370,023 | 285, 305 | 333, 189 | 282, 688 | 155, 555 | 118,165 | 101, 453 | 329, 562 | 303,089 | 344, 404 | 300, 954 | 323, 786 |  |  |
|  | 201, 573 | 165, 368 | 231, 782 | 160, 492 | 120, 246 | 77,843 | 87,990 | 263, 644 | 229, 478 | 256, 507 | 204, 315 | 130,787 |  |  |
| From Philippine Islands..--.-............-do | 162,623 | 115, 160 | 96, 432 | 86, 036 | 35, 309 | 29,774 | 3,051 | 65, 840 | 73, 610 | 87, 894 | 92, 960 | 189,845 |  |  |
|  | ${ }_{50,048}$ | 64,165 60 | 40, 555 | 2,585 | 2, 6940 | 859 | 679 50 | 23,063 | - $\begin{aligned} & \text { 42, } \\ & 30\end{aligned}$ | 68.783 | 46, 308 | 38, 816 |  |  |
|  | 50, 110 | 60,609 | 39,455 | $54(1$ | 640 | 103 | 50 | 14, 144 | 30,933 | 54, 288 | 45, 905 | 38,371 |  |  |
| Raw, wholesale... | . 061 | . 062 | . 061 | 60 | . 059 | . 062 | . 060 | 060 | 060 | . 058 | . 059 | . 060 | . 060 | p. 06 |
| Refined: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Retail 9 <br> Wholesale $\qquad$ dol. per 5 lb | . 502 | .502 | .500 | $.502$ | $\begin{array}{r} 498 \\ .085 \end{array}$ | . 498 | . 498 | .498 | ${ }_{085}^{497}$ | . 494 | ${ }^{.495}$ | . 0895 | . 084 | b. 084 |
|  | 9,828 | 5,786 | 5,765 | 7,114 | 6,599 | 7,175 | 8,494 | 10, 198 | 10,225 | 15. 459 | 7,842 | 7,615 |  |  |
| Leaf: TOBACCO |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ter, total mil. of 1 b | 4,084 |  |  | 4, 242 |  |  | 4,774 |  |  | 4,818 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Air-cured, firecured, flue-cured, and miscel- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Foreign grown: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 17 |  |  | 149 |  |  | 18 |  |  | 19 |  |  |  |  |
| Exports, including serap and stems...-.thous. of | 26,787 | 28,964 | 29,262 | 59,066 | 98.549 | 58.315 | 39, 278 | 30,927 | 28,033 | 36, 867 | 18,643 | 21,269 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manufactured products: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production, manufactured tobacco, total.....- do | 17, 883 | 14, 657 | 18,363 | 18,866 | 18,252 | 16,983 | 14, 566 | 16, 251 | 15,698 | 18,618 | 16,636 | 17,886 | 18, 110 |  |
| Chewing, plug, and twist | 7,435 | ${ }_{5}^{6,411}$ | 7,196 | 7,105 | 7,021 | 6,857 |  | 6,536 | 6,012 | 7,253 |  |  | 7,363 |  |
| Snuff | ${ }_{3}^{6} 939$ | 2,184 | 3,555 | 3,399 | 3,017 | 3,193 | 3,104 | 3, 199 | 3,309 | 3,711 | 3, 349 | 3,349 | 3,606 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cigarettes (small): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2,798 | 2,759 | 2, 201 | 3,395 | 31, 272 | - 3,298 | 2, 805 | -2,644 | 2,516 | 2,672 | 2, 39 | -2,339 | 2,723 |  |
| Tax-paid | $\begin{array}{r}34,998 \\ 510,197 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | - 434,978 | 34,568 526,817 | 31, 964 503,475 | 31,593 501,498 | 29,699 573,184 | r ${ }_{265,651}$ | 30,438 408,334 | - 28.6595 | 33,695 467,522 | r $\begin{array}{r}28,788 \\ 445,701\end{array}$ | 34, 498 | 35, 648 |  |
| Cigars (large), tax-paid§ | 510, 197 | 434, 978 | 526, 817 | 503, 475 | 501,498 | 573, 184 | 425, 958 | 408, 334 | 399, 885 | 467, 522 | 445, 701 | 516,022 | 510,219 |  |
| thous of lb | 17,643 | 14, 275 | 17,902 | 18,487 | 17, 219 | 16.790 | 14, 842 | 15, 924 | 14,968 | 18,242 | 16,320 | 17,308 | 17, 555 |  |
| Exports, cigarettes <br> Price, wholesale, cigarettes, manufacturer to whole saler and jobber, f. o.b. destination dol. per thous. | 1,310 | 1,273 | 1,006 | 1,200 | 1,342 | 1,432 | 1,399 | 1,109 | 1,447 | 1,243 | 1,208 | 1,169 |  |  |
|  | 3.938 | 3, 938 | 3.938 | 3.938 | 3. 938 | 3.938 | 3. 938 | 3. 938 | 3.938 | 3. 938 | 3. 938 | 3,938 | 3. 938 | 3. 938 |

## LEATHER AND PRODUCTS


${ }^{5}$ Revised. ${ }_{1}$ Estimate of ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. ${ }_{2}$ August 1 estimate of 1955 crop. $\quad{ }^{3}$ Revisions for April 1954 (in thous.): Calf and kip, 711; cattle hide: 2,037; goat and kid, 2,157. ORevisions for 1952 are shown in the April 1954 SURVEY.
OData represent price for New York and Northeastern New Jersey.
\&Revised to represent data based on number of stamps used by manufacturers; revisions prior to May 1952 will be shown later.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1954 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | Septem- ber | October | November | December | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July |

## LEATHER AND PRODUCTS-Continued

| LEATHER MANUFACTURES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Shoes and slippers: $\dagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production, total-............................thous. of pairs.- <br> By types of uppers: | 43, 533 | 41, 051 | 48,523 | 42, 795 | 42,883 | 41,630 |  | 48, 424 | 48, 971 | 57, 398 | 47, 979 | r 47, 160 | 49, 590 |  |
|  | 36, 135 | 34,290 6761 | 39,888 <br> 8625 | 34, 217 | 34, 016 | 32, 783 | 36,426 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Part leather and nonleather-............do-.-- | 7,398 | 6,761 | 8,625 | 8, 578 | 8,867 | 8,833 | 7,739 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| total $\qquad$ thous. of pairs. | 38,772 | 36, 154 | 41, 737 | 35, 787 | 35, 349 | 34, 763 | 39, 039 | 45, 477 | 45,322 | 52, 611 | 43, 344 | - 41, 992 | 43, 422 |  |
| By kinds: | 7,812 | 6,783 | 7,848 | 7, 508 | 8,089 | 7,876 | 8,934 | 9,041 | 8,928 | 10, 037 | 9,321 | - 8, 916 | 8,887 |  |
| Youths' and boys'.-.......................-do | 1,734 | 1,658 | 1,953 | 1,685 | 1,621 | 1,451 | 1,585 | 1,914 | 1,851 | 2, 244 | 1,807 | -1,726 | 1,961 |  |
|  | 20, 722 | 20,791 | 23, 065 | 18, 351 | 17,611 | 16, 621 | 19,606 | 24,605 | 24,876 | 29,405 | 23, 832 | - 23, 038 | 23, 529 |  |
|  | 5,370 <br>  <br>  <br> 134 | ${ }^{4,856}$ | 6, 172 | 5, 513 | 5, 262 | 5,733 | 6,345 | 6,432 | 6,444 | 7,099 |  | + ${ }_{+}^{5,366}$ | 5,918 |  |
| Infants' and babies'.----.-.-.-.-.-.........- do | 3, <br> 4 <br> 4,346 | 2,066 4,561 | 2, 749 6,315 | 2,730 6,447 | 2, <br> 6,969 <br> 989 | 3, 6827 | 3,469 3,757 | 3,485 $\mathbf{2 , 4 2 9}$ | 3,223 3,098 | 3,835 4,215 | 3,136 4,133 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } 2,946 \\ \hline\end{array} 4,688$ | 3, 127 5,566 |  |
|  | 4,346 <br> 80 | 4,568 <br> 288 | ${ }^{6,315}$ | -6848 | ${ }^{6} 931$ | $\begin{array}{r}6,420 \\ \hline 290\end{array}$ | ${ }^{3,737}$ | ${ }^{2}, 331$ | , 337 | $\begin{array}{r}4,215 \\ \hline 70\end{array}$ | 4, 369 | $\stackrel{+352}{ }$ | , 342 |  |
|  | 135 | 108 | 178 | 273 | 264 | 150 | 132 | 187 | 214 | 202 | 133 | 127 | 260 |  |
| Exports-...-. | 06 | 280 | 347 | 367 | 403 | 328 | 283 | 303 | 372 | 09 | 336 | 2 |  |  |
| Prices, wholesale, f. o. b. factory: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Men's and boys' oxfords, dress, cattle hide upper, Goodyear welt.........................1947-49=100 | 110.0 | 110.0 | 110.0 | 110.0 | 110.0 | 110.0 | 110.0 | 110.0 | 110.0 | 110.0 | 110.0 | 110.0 | 110.0 | 110.0 |
| Women's oxfords (nurses'), side upper, Goodyear $1947-49=100$ | 117.5 | 117.5 | 117.5 |  |  | 116.8 | 116.8 | 116.8 | 116.8 |  |  | 116.8 |  |  |
| Women's and misses' pumps, suede split....do.... | 112.3 | 112.3 | 112.3 | 112.3 | 112.3 | 112.3 | 112.3 | 112.3 | 112.3 | 112.3 | 112.3 | 112.3 | 112.3 | ${ }^{112.3}$ |

LUMBER AND MANUFACTURES

| LUMBER-ALL TYPES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Imports, total saw mill products-.................-do.-. | 257, 836 | 340, 991 | 354, 922 | 232,608 | 294, 520 | 298, 175 | 281, 350 | 251, 556 | 273, 137 | 289,940 | 262,035 | 314, 087 |  |  |
| National Lumber Manufacturers Association: $\oplus$ ( |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3, 665 | -699 | ${ }^{2}, 639$ | ${ }^{3}, 629$ | 3, 648 | - ${ }_{601} 1$ | ${ }^{3}, 586$ | 2, 560 | 2, 6205 | 3, 629 | - 312 | - ${ }_{622}$ | ${ }^{3}, 635$ |  |
| Softwoods. | 2,459 | 2,025 | 2,317 | 2,650 | 2,715 | 2,553 | 2,499 | 2,229 | 2, 322 | 2. 734 | 2, 629 | 2,802 | 2,946 |  |
| Shipments, tot | 3,264 | 2,838 | 2,969 | 3,238 | 3,339 | 3, 061 | 3,067 | 2,823 | 2,962 | 3,477 | 3,451 | 3,505 | 3,735 |  |
| Hard woods | , 565 | ${ }^{582}$ | ${ }^{558}$ | ${ }^{582}$ | ${ }^{646}$ | ${ }^{588}$ |  | 584 | ${ }^{667}$ | ${ }^{658}$ | ${ }_{697}$ |  |  |  |
|  | 2,699 | 2, 256 | 2,411 | 2, 656 | 2, 693 | 2,473 | 2,479 | 2,239 | 2, 295 | 2,819 | 2,754 | 2,827 | 3,047 |  |
| Stocks, gross (mill and concentration yards), end of month, total yards, end | 9,274. | 9, 107 | 9,096 | 9,135 | 9, 134 | 9, 251 | 9, 270 | 9,236 | 9, 200 | 9,087 | 8,918 |  | 8,695 |  |
|  | 3,790 | 3,854 | 3,935 | 3,982 | 3,959 | 3,997 | 3,995 | 3,972 | 3,910 | 3,882 | 3,797 | 3,740 | 3,688 |  |
| Softwoods..-.-.................................-do | 5,484 | 5, 253 | 5,161 | 5,153 | 5,175 | 5,254 | 5,275 | 5,264 | 5,290 | 5,205 | B, 121 | 5,107 | 5,007 |  |
| Douglas fir: $\oplus$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 801 | 396 | 432 | 634 | 742 | 756 | 889 | 754 | 729 | 904 | 44 | 815 | 891 |  |
| Orders, unfilled, end of month.----.-.------.-do. | 892 | ${ }_{331}^{933}$ | 913 | ${ }_{726} 83$ | ${ }_{83}^{779}$ | 873 | 801 | 889 | 810 | 792 | ${ }_{792} 86$ | 888 | 888 |  |
|  | 648 | ${ }_{35}^{331}$ | 427 | 726 | 832 | 833 | 829 | 787 | 810 | 886 | 792 | 817 | ${ }_{917}^{838}$ |  |
|  | 772 841 | ${ }_{817}^{355}$ | 793 | 714 <br> 804 | 796 840 | ${ }_{881} 8$ | ${ }_{879}^{832}$ | ${ }_{941}^{725}$ | 1, ${ }^{748}$ | 922 | ${ }_{926} 8$ | ${ }_{918}^{83}$ | 917 840 |  |
|  | 30, 393 | 9, 506 | 13, 534 | 16, 119 | 24,742 | 33, 151 | 32,448 | 30,088 | 46, 704 | 31,815 | 42,880 | 40,082 |  |  |
|  | 10, 329 | 3,188 | 3,975 | 4,872 | 10,078 | 13,645 | 8,398 | 14,055 | 25,572 | 17, 636 | 20,551 | 17,644 |  |  |
| Boards, planks, scantlings, etc. $\ddagger$...............do | 20,064 | 6,318 | 9, 559 | 11, 247 | 14,664 | 19,506 | 24,050 | 16,033 | 21, 132 | 14, 179 | 22,329 | 22, 438 |  |  |
| Prices, wholesale: <br> Dimension, No. 1 common, $2^{\prime \prime} \times 4^{\prime \prime}$, R. L. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 76.951 | 81.592 | 81.779 | 84. 482 | 86.849 | 83.699 | 82.999 | 83.972 | 85. 534 | 85.071 | 85.624 | r 87.115 | 87.535 | p 88.056 |
| dol. per M bd.ft | 125.440 | 126. 671 | 126. 671 | 127.68 | 2.953 | 131.361 | 131.361 | 131.361 | 132. 178 | 132.178 | 132.178 | 132. 178 | 131.867 | p 131. 867 |
| Southern pine: $\oplus$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, new Orders unflled, end of month | 860 <br> 355 | 800 331 | 697 <br> 297 | 681 290 | ${ }_{276}^{670}$ | 652 259 259 | ${ }_{239}^{630}$ | 702 276 | ${ }_{3}^{673}$ | 746 | 753 | 775 | 789 |  |
|  | 675 | 693 | 651 | 634 | 636 | 649 | 694 | 666 | 672 | 784 | ${ }_{738}^{290}$ | ${ }_{776} 28$ | 764 |  |
|  | 766 | 824 | 731 | 688 | 684 | 669 | 650 | 665 | 646 | 776 | 736 | 780 | 800 |  |
| Stocks, gross (mill and corcentration yards), end of month mil. bd. ft |  |  |  | 1,770 |  | 1,702 | 1,746 | 1,747 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 8,043 | 7, 022 | 6, 329 | 5,867 | 8,427 | 8,605 | 7,442 | 6,500 | 7,737 | 9,497 | 8,434 | 8,930 | 1,743 |  |
|  | 1,770 | 1,798 | 1,202 | 1,573 | 2,897 | 3, 135 | 3,104 | 2,648 | 2,529 | 3, 050 | 2,151 | 1,967 |  |  |
| Boards, planks, scantlings, ete------------do...- | 6,273 | 5, 224 | 5,127 | 4, 294 | 5,530 | 5,470 | 4,338 | 3,752 | 5,208 | 6,447 | 6,283 | 6,963 |  |  |
| Prices, wholesale, composite: <br> Boards, No. 2 and better, $1^{\prime \prime} \times 6^{\prime \prime}, R . L$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| dol. per M bd. ft <br> Flooring, B and better, F. G., $1^{\prime \prime} \times 4^{\prime \prime}$, S. L | 70.633 | 4. 624 | 74.327 | 75.218 | 75.923 | 78.021 | 78.199 | 78.480 | 78.471 | 77.527 | 77. 256 | 77. 702 | 77.174 | ${ }^{\text {p }} 77.448$ |
| dol. per M bd.ft.- | 151.471 | 150. 981 | 151.557 | 151.680 | 152.170 | 152.170 | 151.839 | 151.609 | 150. 996 | 150.996 | 150. 384 | ${ }^{\text {r } 149.426 ~}$ | 149. 426 | p 149.426 |
|  | 803 | 724 | 795 | 763 | 835 | 702 | 676 | 597 | 598 | 696 | 766 | 742 | 860 |  |
| Orders, unfilled, end of month...--..........-. do | 463 | 499 | 516 | 459 | 422 | 382 | 439 | 485 | 477 | 493 | 543 | 513 | 514 |  |
|  | 730 | 643 | 801 | 862 | 828 | 688 | 612 | 491 | 535 | 633 | 迷 | 770 | 880 |  |
|  | 746 |  | 778 | 821 | 798 | 662 | 619 | 551 | 590 | 680 | 716 | 772 | 859 |  |
| Stocks, gross, mill, end of month --.-.-. do | 1,696 | 1,652 | 1,676 | 1.716 | 1,746 | 1,771 | 1,764 | 1,703 | 1,648 | 1,601 | 1,567 | 1,565 | 586 |  |
| Price, wholesale, Ponderosa, boards, No. a common, $1^{\prime \prime} \times 8^{\prime \prime}-\ldots$............................... per M bd. ft. | 69.36 | 70.65 | 71.51 | 71.62 | 1.38 | 72.07 | 71.96 | 72.26 | 74.18 | 75.17 | 77. 20 | - 78.49 | 80.50 | p 80.50 |
| HARDWOOD FLOORING |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Maple, beech, and birch: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 5,650 | 5,150 | 5,200 | 4, 050 | 4,300 | 3,700 | 3,950 | 4,850 | 4,625 | 5,500 | 4, 650 | 4,550 | 5, 250 |  |
|  | 11, 150 | 11, 3 300 | 12,000 4,800 | 11, 4,750 | 11,380 4 4 3 | $\begin{array}{r}11,650 \\ 4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 11,700 4.450 | 12,550 | 13,425 | 14,650 | 15, 125 | 15, 300 | 15, 550 |  |
|  | 4,850 | 4,650 | 4,650 | 4,400 | $\stackrel{4}{4,900}$ | 3, 500 | ${ }_{3,950}^{4,}$ | 4,000 | - | 4,000 | 4,000 | 4,450 |  |  |
| Stocks, mill, end of month.-.---------..-...- do. | 9,500 | 8,200 | 8,500 | 8,875 | 9,200 | 10,350 | 11,050 | 11,050 | 10,900 | 10, 775 | 10,550 | 9,800 | 9,300 |  |
|  | 99, 934 |  |  | 100, 481 | 91, 449 | 81, 496 | 89,816 | 116,741 | 107, 966 | 111,554 | 108, 916 | 98,351 |  |  |
| Orders, unfiled, end of month........................ | 71, 364 | 73, 118 | 77, 983 | 79, 782 | 73,083 | 64, 301 | 65,157 | 87,013 | 98, 574 | 108, 122 | 111, 682 | 104, 996 | 100, 159 |  |
|  | 92, 604 | 90, 587 | 96, 999 | 99, 590 | 100, 488 | 97, 746 | 97, 834 | 93, 476 | 90,400 | 106, 193 | 100, 543 | 105, 896 | 111, 772 |  |
| Shipments | 95,213 | 93, 690 | 99, 597 | 100, 172 | 101, 216 | 94,988 | 88, 960 | 94, 885 | 91, 321 | 107, 090 | 104, 160 | 105, 337 | 111, 732 |  |
| Stocks, mill, end of month .-.-..---------..--d.-...- | 57, 486 | 54,383 | 51, 268 | 47, 984 | 47, 256 | 49, 524 | 57, 375 | 52,966 | ${ }_{52,045}$ | 50, 301 | 44, 633 | 45, 400 | 44, 154 |  |
| $r$ Revised. $\quad$ Preliminary. <br> $\dagger$ Revised from 1950 forward to reflect adjustments $t$ <br> $\oplus$ Revised monthly data will be shown later as foll | $1953 \text { beng }$ | mark m <br> all typ | terials; Janua | $\begin{aligned} & 950-52 \mathrm{ant} \\ & \mathrm{y} ~ \\ & \hline 1950-\mathrm{M} \end{aligned}$ | ual total arch 1954 | and mo <br> Doug | $\mathrm{hly}_{\mathrm{fr}}^{\mathrm{fr}} \mathrm{dat}$ | r Janı | $\begin{aligned} & \text { y-Sep } \\ & \text { Iarch } \end{aligned}$ | S | will be | hown lat |  |  |
| Western pine, January 1950-March 1954. <br> $\ddagger$ Revisions for 1952 for exports of Douglas fir sawmil | product | will be s | own late | 1950- | Ch | Douglas | ir, Jan | 1952- | rch | Sou | pine, | anuary | 1951-M |  |


| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1954 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | $\underset{\text { Sepr }}{\substack{\text { Septem- }}}$ | October | November | Decem- ber | $\underset{\text { ary }}{\text { Janu- }}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July |
| LUMBER AND MANUFACTURES-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| PLYWOOD |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Softwood (Douglas fir only), production* <br> M sq. ft., $3 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ equivalent. | 266, 451 | 141, 689 | 207, 060 | 386, 812 | 392, 579 | 394, 659 | 392, 810 | 393, 101 | 389, 408 | 444, 081 | 412, 756 | 418, 950 | 416, 207 | 321, 111 |

METALS AND MANUFACTURES


## Steel, Manufactured Products

Barrels and drums, steel, heavy types:
Orders, unfilled, end of month
Shipment

${ }_{*}$ Revised. $\quad$ Preliminary.
indicated. Series. Data for hardwood plywood are compiled by the U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census; they cover all known market producers of hardwood types, except
Douglas fir plywood production is compiled by the Douglas Fir Plywood Association. Data presented are total industry figures, based on reports from plants controlling, on the average approximately 90 percent of industry capacity. The monthly totals are estimated from weekly reports by prorating split weeks on the basis of a 5 -day workweek ,with allowance for generally observed holidays.

Data for production and receipts of iron and steel scrap are compiled by the U. S. Department of Interior, Bureau of Mines; data prior to 1953 are not available for publication.
. In the 1952 edition or the export schedule, certain items (pipe hitings, welding rods, bolts, fabricated structural and other shapes) were transferred from the steel-mill products to the metal manufactures category. The data through 1952 as shown in the 1953 erition of Business statistics were adjusted to include exports of these commodities for comparability with the earlier data. Exports beginning January 1953 as published in the March 1953 Surver and subsequent issues exclude these items which averaged 21,300 short tons per month in 1953 .

O Revisions for 1952 are shown in the April 1954 Survey
$\ddagger$ For 1955, percent of capacity is calculated on annual capacity as of January 1, 1955, of $125,828,310$ tons of steel; for 1954, data are based on capacity as of January 1,1954 ( $124,330,410$ tons) .

| Untess otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1954 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Septem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | October | $\begin{gathered} \text { Nover- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Decem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March | Amil | May | June | July |

## METALS AND MANUFACTURES-Continued



Aluminum:
Production, primary .. ....................... short tons.
 4 fuminum fabricated products, shipmerits, total Castings
 Pate and sheet $\oplus$.................................................... Brass she
Copper:


Price wholesale pig desilverized (N. Y.) dol. perih
Imports, total, except mirs. (lead content) of
Tin:



 Imports:
 Price, wholesale, Straits (N. Y.).................. per ih zinc

Mine production of recoverable zinc..... short tons Slab zinc: Production
Shipments, tot

Domestic............ $\qquad$
 Price, wholesale, prime Western (St. Louis)
Imports, total (zinc content)................short tons For smelting, refining, and
For domestic consumption:
Ore (zinc content) ${ }^{r}$ Revised lants only.
$\oplus$ Date berinning Janury 1055 are not strictly comparable with earlier dat dew survey are from 1 to 2 million pounds less than would have been calculated under the former method

Q Revisions for 1052 imports 2 pounds less than wourd have bee
 represent those available for industrial use.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and
Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey

| 1954 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| June | July | August | September | October | November | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Decem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | January | February | March | April | May | June | July |

## METALS AND MANUFACTURES-Continued



## MACHINERY AND APPARATUS

Blowers, fans, and unit heaters, quarterly:
Blowers and fans, new orders.........thous. of dol Blowers and fans, new orders-.
Foundry equipment (new), new orders, net $\dagger$--do.. Furnaces, industrial, new orders, net:
Flectric processing Fuel-fired (except for hot rolling steel).-.-......do... Machine tools (metal-cutting types):
New orders _-.-- mo. avg. shipments, $1945-47=100$
 Pumps, steam, power, centrifugal and rotary, new Tractors (except contractors' off-high way and garden), Tractors (except contractors'
quarterly through 1954:*



## ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT

Batteries (automotive replacement only), ship-
ments Household electrical appliances, sales billed:
Refrigerators, index $\dagger$.......................... 1947-49=100.

 Radio sets, production
Television sets (incl. combination), productions Insulating materials and related products: thousands. Insulating materials, sales billed, index $\dagger$
Fiber products:
Laminated fiber products, shipments $\Theta$

## Vulcanized fiber:

Consumption of fiber paper thous. of Consumption of fiber paper --.......thous. of lbSteel conduit (rigid), shipments*.....thous. of feet Steel conduit (rigid, shipments:-..-- $\quad$ Motors and generators, quarterly: of New orders, index $\dagger$.
Polyphase induction motors, $1-200 \mathrm{hp}$; Billings
Direct enrent motors and generators, $1-200 \mathrm{hp}$ : ${ }^{\text {do }}$
 Billings. -

| 2, 208 | 1,937 | 3, 315 | 3,217 | 3, 354 | 2, 700 | 1,956, | 1,675 | 1,970 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7,903 | 7,438 | 6,765 | 6,478 | 5,915 | 5,400 | 5,434 | 5,876 | 6, 106 |
| 68,798 | 65, 184 | 90,662 | 102, 888 | 101,916 | 67,660 | 46, 882 | 57, 282 | 58,041 |
| 80, 845 | 75,345 | 72,238 | 57, 306 | 53,174 | 53,978 | 57, 125 | 50,686 | 51, 163 |
| 187,944 | 145,829 | 196, 180 | 222, 839 | 216, 956 | 190, 328 | 160. 494 | 167, 752 | 200, 306 |
| 4,206 | 4,351 | 6,294 | 7,708 | 7,320 | 6,652 | 5, 586 | 5,564 | 5,527, |
| 174, 806 | 134,896 | 180, 210 | 204, 947 | 197, 984 | 174, 549 | 146, 135 | 153, 065 | 186, 436 |
| 8,932 | 6,582 | 9,676 | 10, 184 | 11,652 | 9,127 | 8,773 | 9, 123 | 8,343 |
| 180, 323 | 203, 901 | 261, 936 | 351, 135 | 417, 185 | 284,688 | 110, 245 | 75,004 | 90, 897 |
| 10, 935 | 23, 443 | 36, 879 | 55, 091 | 66, 824 | 37, 823 | 9.094 | 4, 824 | 4.422 |
| 111, 796 | 114, 195 | 156,343 | 205, 345 | 257, 606 | 195, 337 | 74, 513 | 41, 646 | 38, 228 |
| 57, 592 | 66,263 | 68, 714 | 90,699 | 92, 755 | 51, 528 | 26,638 | 28,534 | 48,247, |
| 95,359 | 92,463 | 130, 486 | 148, 370 | 137.820 | 107, 615 | 81, 130 | 85, 476 | 79,537 |
| 57, 229 | 53. 116 | 75, 062 | 82, 023 | 79,022 | 64, 312 | 50, 34] | 50, 923 | 47, 740 |
| 33, 923 | 35, 474 | 48,655 | 57, 503 | 50, 963 | 38,594 | 28, 055 | 31, 899 | 28, 917 |
| 4,207 | 3,873 | 6,769 | 8,844 | 7,835 | 4,709 | 2,734 | 2,654 | 2,880 |
| 202, 574 | 186,528 | 202,990 | 201, 405 | 198, 001 | 175, 550 | 163,458 | 200, 001 | 214, 703 |
| 62,311 |  |  | 37, 685 |  |  | 39,739 |  |  |
| 14, 586 |  |  | 14,840 |  |  | 16,087 |  |  |
| 86. 4 | 68.8 | 75.6 | 68.3 | 147.5 | 61.4 | 113.9 | 81.0 | 90.4 |
| 986 | 457 | 1,053 | 986 | 2,403 | 1,190 | 1,246 | 1,148 | 976 |
| 3,642 | 973 | 1,116 | 1,241 | 1,936 | 1,534 | 4,100 | 3, 543 | 4,390 |
| 185.2 | 124.7 | 147.9 | 180.9 | 148.9 | 119.5 | 202.9 | 203.0 | 209.4 |
| 276.3 | 205.7 | 203.7 | 213.4 | 191.0 | 179.5 | 203.4 | 167.3 | 168.2 |
| 5,176 | 4,733 | 6,706 | 5,050 | 3,828 | 5,224 | 4,787 | 5,220 | 6,709 |
| 197, 786 |  |  | 144, 167 |  |  | 157, 655 | 66,178 | 71,786 |
| 123, 055 |  |  | 81, 126 |  |  | 87, 716 | 41,431 | 45,807 |
| 74, 731 |  |  | 63,041 |  |  | 69,939 | 24,747 | 25,979 |
| 1,834 | 2, 288 | 2,481 | 2, 728 | 2,667 | 2,410 | 1,796 | 1,478 | 1,647 |
| 81.6 | 93.0 | 70.6 | 73.4 | 51.0 | 47.2 | 61.7 | 96.0 | 94.0 |
| 195.8. | 193.6 | 185.4 | 238.2 | 263.2 | 237.9 | 217.0 | 250.1 | 262.7 |
| 303.5 | 242.9 | 293.2 | 379.7 | 339.2 | 308. 4 | 264.8 | 357.4 | 353.2 |
| ${ }^{1} 837.7$ | 438.1 | 785.5 | 1932.3 | 997.8 | 1, 098. 7 | ${ }^{1} 1,261.6$ | 1,068.1 | 1, 089.7 |
| ${ }^{1} 544.1$ | 307.0 | 633.4 | 1947.8 | 921.5 | 858. 5 | ${ }^{1} 833.4$ | 654.6 | 702.5 |
| 123.8 | 92.3 | 111.4 | 123.2 | 116.7 | 123.9 | 138.3 | 132.0 | 137.0 |
| 9,521 | 7,739 | 8,857 | 10,337 | 9,528 | 9,506 | 10,535 | 9,426 | 10,076 |
| 3,128 | 2,566 | 3,373 | 3,062 | 3,251 | 2,964 | 3,794 | 4,037 | 3,918 |
| 1,236 | 1,037 | 1,152 | 1,217 | 1,301 | 1,350 | 1,540 | 1,571 | 1,565 |
| 26, 171 | ${ }^{2} 28,544$ | ${ }^{2} 28,076$ | 227,616 | ${ }^{2} 27,622$ | 2 29,645 | ${ }^{2} 25,911$ | 2 24,049 | ${ }^{2} 25,898$ |
| 152.5 |  |  | 129.7 |  |  | 156. 7 |  |  |
| 36,817 |  |  | 33, 448 |  |  | 34, 476 |  |  |
| 35,675 |  |  | 33, 501 |  |  | 36, 184 |  |  |
| 7,958 |  |  | 6,755 |  |  | 8,130 |  |  |
| 10, 183 |  |  | 7,337 |  |  | 9,942 |  |  |

## PETROLEUM, COAL, AND PRODUCTS



|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 2,226 | 1,939 | 2,117 | 2,253 | 2,194 | 2,500 | 2,816 |
| 1,223 | 1,244 | 1,328 | 1,405 | 1,504 | 1,293 | 1.293 |
| 217 | 147 | 240 | 273 | 403 | 359 | 348 |
| 24.40 | 24.41 | 24.62 | 24.66 | 24.96 | 25.19 | 25.40 |

## r Revised. $\quad$ Preliminary. $\quad 1$ Represents 5 weeks' production. 2 Data beginning July 1954 are for 13 companies; earlier data. 11 companies.


 rectors.
*New series. For source of data and brief description, see corresponding note on P. S-34 of September 1954 Survey.
Revised to reflect use of new base period. Comparahle data for $1934-53$ for all serms (except for foundry equipment) appear on p. 28 of the February 1955 Survey.
 March, and June 1955 cover 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks.
$\oplus$ Data beginning January 1954 cover 19 companies.
Data for polyphase induction motors cover 33 companies through 30 quarter 1954 and 34 thereafter; for direct current motors and generators, 27 companies.

and New York.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1954 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Septem. } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | October | $\begin{gathered} \text { Novem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Decem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{\text { Febru- } \\ \text { ary }}}{ }$ | March | April | May | June | July |

PETROLEUM, COAL, AND PRODUCTS—Continued

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Bituminous: \(0^{7}\) COAL-Continued \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Production........................thous. of short tons--
Industrial consumption and retail deliveries, total \& 30,690 \& 27,707 \& 33, 484 \& 34, 471 \& 36,652 \& 37, 158 \& 38, 151 \& 36,580 \& 35, 545 \& 37, 060 \& 34,620 \& - 38,620 \& 36,540 \& 36,660 \\
\hline thous. of short tons. \& 25, 335 \& 24,937 \& 26, 453 \& \& \& 31,538 \& 35,500 \& 36, 332 \& 33,766 \& 35, 094 \& 31, 163 \& \& 31, 315 \& \\
\hline Industrial consumption, total.........------ do... \& 23, 256 \& 22, 836 \& 23, 585 \& 23, 491 \& 25,783 \& 26,996 \& 29,713 \& 30,099 \& 27, 913 \& 30, 232 \& 28, 324 \& \(\xrightarrow{\text { r } 29,088}\) \& 28, 675 \& \\
\hline Beehive coke ovens...-------------------- do \& 6. \({ }^{49} 9\) \& 6, \({ }^{45} 8\) \& 6, \({ }_{6}{ }^{52}\) \& 6, \({ }^{56} 9\) \& 7, \({ }_{246}^{46}\) \& 54
7,438 \& - \({ }^{66}\) \& 8, \({ }^{98}\) \& 7,631 \& \begin{tabular}{|r}
169 \\
8,755
\end{tabular} \& 196
8.519 \& \& \({ }_{8}^{246}\) \& \\
\hline Cement mills-- \& 576 \& ,675 \& 693 \& 6,674 \& \({ }_{7} 740\) \& \({ }^{7} 719\) \& \({ }^{7} 775\) \& 8, 755 \& 7,631
670 \& 8,707 \& 8,572 \& \({ }^{8}, 714\) \& \({ }^{8,523}\) \& \\
\hline Electric-power uti \& 9,029 \& 9,133 \& 9,568 \& 9,456 \& 10,076 \& 10,435 \& 11,633 \& 11,750 \& 10,840 \& 11,234 \& 9,906 \& 10, 505 \& 10,808 \& \\
\hline Railways (class I). \& 1,254 \& 1, 278 \& 1,384 \& 1,233, \& 1,375 \& 1,449 \& 1,544 \& 1,415 \& 1, 271 \& 1,278 \& 1,203 \& 1,240 \& 1,159 \& \\
\hline  \& \& 315 \& 306 \& \& 360 \& 432 \& \& \({ }^{506}\) \& 504 \& 511 \& \& \& 385 \& \\
\hline  \& 2,
2,279 \& \(\begin{array}{r}\text { 4, } \\ \mathbf{2}, 109 \\ \hline 109\end{array}\) \& 5, 155
2,868 \& \(\underset{3,622}{ }\) \& 5, 940
4,397 \& 6,469
4,542 \& 7,194
5,787 \& 7, 7,238 \& 6,892
5,853 \& 7,578
4.862 \& \(\begin{array}{r}7,411 \\ \hline 889\end{array}\) \& 7,093 \& 6,887 \& \\
\hline Consumption on vessels (bunker fuel) \& \& \& \& \& \& \& , \& \& \& \& 2,839 \& 2,355 \& 2, \(6 \pm 0\) \& \\
\hline Stocks, industrial and retail dealers', end of month, total thous. of short tons. \& 62
69,646 \& 67, \({ }^{585}\) \& 47
68,566 \& 47
69,691 \& 70, 352 \& 47
71,041 \& 69, 201 \& 65, 869 \& 63,751 \& 63,664 \& 64, \({ }^{44}\) \& \(\begin{array}{r}\text { 35 } \\ \hline 66,356\end{array}\) \& 69, 45 \& \\
\hline Industrial, total -..............................do \& 68, 803 \& 66, 286 \& 67, 656 \& 68,765 \& 69.458 \& 70, 118 \& 68, 391 \& 65, 166 \& 63, 130 \& 63, 022 \& 63, 270 \& 65, 471 \& 68,310 \& \\
\hline  \& 12,659 \& 11, 125 \& 11, \({ }^{181}\) \& 11, 869 \& 12, 198 \& 12, 484 \& 12,335 \& 11,476 \& 11,066 \& 10,776 \& 10,702 \& 11, 516 \& 12,747 \& \\
\hline  \& 1, 144 \& 1,123 \& 1,184 \& 1,233. \& 1,287 \& 1,373 \& 1,311 \& 1,155 \& 1,082 \& 963 \& \& F1,015 \& 1, 140 \& \\
\hline  \& 39,125
18811 \& 38,848
1,662 \& 39,708
1,657 \& 40,462 \& 40, 889 \& 41, 072 \& 39,711 \& 38, 395 \& 36,796 \& 37.035 \& 37, 376 \& 38, 347 \& 39, 225 \& \\
\hline  \& 1,811
708 \& 1,662
639 \& 1,657 \& 1,597
612 \& 1,496 \& 1,540 \& 1,475 \& 1,397 \& 1,340
509 \& 1.249 \& 1, 219 \& 1,192 \& 1, 235 \& \\
\hline  \& 13, 356 \& 12,889 \& 12,915 \& 12,992 \& 12,979 \& 13, 057 \& 12,953 \& 12, 487 \& 12, 337 \& 12, 494 \& 12,469 \& 12,840 \& 13,405 \& \\
\hline  \& 43 \& 900 \& 910 \& 926 \& 894 \& 3 \& 810 \& 703 \& 621 \& 642 \& 731 \& 885 \& 1,142 \& \\
\hline  \& 3, 136 \& 2,832 \& 333 \& 2,940 \& 3,527 \& 3,092 \& 2,481 \& 1,804 \& 2,539 \& 2,282 \& 4,569 \& 717 \& \& \\
\hline Prices: \& 14.70 \& 14.73 \& 14.78 \& . 89 \& 14,98 \& 15.04 \& 15.08 \& 15.10 \& 10 \& 15.10 \& 15.0 \& \& 14.81 \& \\
\hline Wholesale: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 14.81 \& \\
\hline Screenings, indust. use, f. o. b. car at mine do...- \& 4. 525 \& 4. 506 \& 4. 498 \& 4.493 \& 4.488 \& 4. 484 \& 4. 482 \& 4.481 \& 4.481 \& 4. 480 \& 4. 401 \& \(\stackrel{4.377}{ }\) \& r 4.390 \& p 4.395 \\
\hline Large domestic sizes, f. o. b. car at mine...do_ \& 6. 440 \& 6.586 \& 6.711 \& 6.875 \& 6. 955 \& 6. 961 \& 6.951 \& 6.951 \& 6.949 \& 6.920 \& 6. 369 \& '6.371 \& r 6.423 \& \({ }^{\text {p } 6.578}\) \\
\hline COKE \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Production:
Beehive \(\qquad\) thous. of short tons \& \({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F} 35\) \& \({ }^{\text {r }} 34\) \& ז 44 \& \(\stackrel{40}{ }\) \& +33 \& , 40 \& 43 \& 61 \& 67 \& 06 \& 12 \& r 140 \& 153 \& \\
\hline Oven (byproduct).------.-.-...................-do. \& 4, 618 \& \({ }^{\text {r 4, } 601}\) \& - 4, 486 \& - 4.465 \& r 5.063 \& -5,207 \& -5,580 \& 5,745 \& 5,327 \& 6,131 \& 6,014 \& 6.287 \& 6.002 \& \\
\hline  \& 371 \& 420 \& 412 \& 410 \& 456 \& 444 \& 471 \& 457 \& 436 \& 486 \& 438 \& 475 \& \& \\
\hline tocks, end of month: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& \begin{tabular}{l}
2,973 \\
\hline 1,609
\end{tabular} \& \({ }^{2,843}\) \& \({ }^{2}, 856\) \& \({ }^{2}, 017\) \& \({ }^{2,851}\) \& 2,804 \& 「 2, 942 \& \(\stackrel{2}{2,748}\) \& 2,614 \& 2, 526 \& 2,485 \& 2,346 \& 2,191 \& \\
\hline At furnace plants \& 1,609 \& 1,619 \& 1,624 \& 1,693 \& 1,638 \& 1,597 \& 1,624 \& \({ }^{1}, 654\) \& 1,632 \& 1,579 \& 1,529 \& 1,373 \& 1,230 \& \\
\hline Petroleum coke. \& , 355 \& , 384 \& +395 \& 1,224
402 \& 1,213 \& 1,207 \& +1,421 \& 1, 449 \& \({ }_{474}^{981}\) \& 946
476 \& \({ }^{996}\) \& \({ }_{473}^{973}\) \& 961 \& \\
\hline  \& 46 \& 25 \& 34 \& 14 \& 34 \& 33 \& 50 \& 29 \& 43 \& 39 \& 29 \& 42 \& \& \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
dol. per short ton.- \\
PETROLEUM AND PRODUCTS
\end{tabular} \& 14.75 \& 14.75 \& . 75 \& 4.75 \& 14.25 \& 13.75 \& 13.75 \& 13.75 \& 13.75 \& 13.75 \& 13.75 \& 13.75 \& 13.75 \& 13.75 \\
\hline Crude petroleum: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& 2, 298 \& 2,867 \& 2,534 \& 2,298 \& 2,370 \& 2,379 \& 2,743 \& 2,486 \& 2,340 \& 2,738 \& 2,787 \& 2,594 \& \& \\
\hline  \& 195,000 \& 194, 037 \& 191, 190 \& 184, 588 \& 190, 198 \& 190, 367 \& 198, 213 \& \begin{tabular}{|c}
209,600 \\
90
\end{tabular} \& 191, 392 \& 213, 454 \& 206,600 \({ }_{87}\) \& 206, 983 \& \& \\
\hline Consumption (runs to stills).........-thous. of bbl-- \& 208, 408 \& 214, 402 \& 212, 708 \& 208, 155 \& 211, 851 \& 209, 244 \& 224, 382 \& 228, 737 \& 211, 365 \& 228, 594 \& 214,080 \& 225, 296 \& \& \\
\hline Stocks, end of month:
Gasoline-bearing in U. S., total. .............do. \& 282, 888 \& 282, 665 \& \& \& \& \& \& 260, 156 \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline At refineries.....-....---.......................do. \& 75,188 \& 74, 574 \& 70, 659 \& 67, 989 \& 68, 292 \& 67, 814 \& 67, 309 \& 67,916 \& 66, 574 \& 68, 829 \& 71,215 \& 271, 293 \& \& \\
\hline At tank farms and in pipeline \& 188, 788 \& 189, 123 \& 188, 260 \& 185, 568 \& 179, 582 \& 177, 659 \& 172, 081 \& 172, 635 \& 172,429. \& 176, 193 \& 184, 317 \& 185,771 \& \& \\
\hline On leases \& 18, 913 \& 18,968 \& 19, 010 \& 18,945 \& 19,472 \& 19,093 \& 18, 995 \& 19,605 \& 19,627 \& 19, 408 \& 19,700 \& 19,884 \& \& \\
\hline  \& 1,372 \& 1,073 \& 1,349 \& 509 \& 1,521 \& 1,047 \& \& 381 \& 976 \& 771 \& 1,431 \& \& \& \\
\hline Imports (Oklahoma-Kansas) at wells .-......dol per bbl- \& \({ }^{21,160}\) \& 21, 014 \& 20, 853 \& 20, 219 \& 19,065 \& 20, 260 \& 23,066 \& 20, 799 \& 21, 103 \& 24, 480 \& 20,818 \& 23, 106 \& \& \\
\hline Price (Oklahoma-Kansas) at wells...... dol. per bbl.. \& 2.820 \& 2. 820 \& 2. 820 \& 2.820 \& 2. 820 \& 2.820 \& 2.820 \& 2. 820 \& 2.820 \& 2.820 \& 2.820 \& 2.820 \& 2.820 \& -2.820 \\
\hline Refined petroleum products: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Production: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Distillate fuel oil \(\ddagger\).-...............-thous. of bbl_- \& \({ }^{1} 41,966\) \& 1 43, 892 \& : 45,048 \& 145,415 \& 147,890 \& \({ }^{1} 48,666\) \& ' 51, 718 \& \({ }^{1} 53,926\) \& 151,719 \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Residual fuel oilł \(\ddagger\)----------------------- do..-- \& 33,691 \& 33, 749 \& 33, 131 \& 32,569 \& 33, 047 \& 33, 593 \& 36,806 \& 38, 276 \& 34, 683 \& 36, 722 \& 33, 288 \& 34, 426 \& \& \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
omestic demand: \\
Distillate fuel oil \(\ddagger\) \(\qquad\) do
\end{tabular} \& \({ }^{1} 27,217\) \& \({ }^{1} 26,864\) \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& 37,753 \& 35, 617 \& 36,934 \& 38,904 \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 44,895 \\
\& 42,415
\end{aligned}
\] \& 46, 045 \& 54,055 \& \[
\begin{array}{r}
173,801 \\
55,880
\end{array}
\] \& 1 68,513
51,386 \& \[
\begin{array}{r}
158,252 \\
51,475
\end{array}
\] \& 137,177
43,668 \& 1

31,726
41,848 \& \& <br>
\hline Consumption by type of consumer: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& ${ }_{7}^{4,287}$ \& 4, 444 \& 4,842 \& 4,903 \& 5,310 \& 5,820 \& 7,687 \& 8,912 \& 7,432 \& 6, 813 \& 5,678 \& 4,884 \& \& <br>
\hline Vessels (bunker oil) \& 6,378 \& 6,475 \& 5,928 \& 6,331 \& 7,818
6,119 \& 8,192
5,981 \& 8,467

6,022 \& | 8,093 |
| :---: |
| 5,916 | \& 7,699

5,803 \& 8,268
6,379 \& 7,635 \& 7,688
6,708 \& \& <br>

\hline | Stocks, end of month: |
| :--- |
| Distillate fuel oil | \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline  \& 50, 216 \& 54, 365 \& :116, 5132 \& ' 128,061 \& ${ }^{1} 139,128$ \& ${ }^{1} 133,886$ \& ${ }^{1} 108.144$ \& ${ }^{1} 86,692$ \& ${ }^{1} 69,283$ \& ${ }^{1} 62,457$ \& 170,139 \& 183,559 \& \& <br>
\hline Expo \& \& \& 56,332 \& 56, 702 \& 56,541 \& 54,891 \& 52, 105 \& 49,457 \& 46, 042 \& 44,970 \& 43,838 \& 45, 083 \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 2,176 \& 1,693 \& 1,434 \& 1,525 \& 2,192 \& \& \& \& 19 \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Residual fuel oil.-------------...-..---- do. \& 1,793 \& 1,831 \& 1,580 \& 1,546 \& 1,239 \& 1,771 \& 1,720 \& 2,819 \& 2,985 \& 2, 231 \& 2,535 \& 2, 256 \& \& <br>
\hline Prices, wholesale:
Distilate (New
York Harbor, No. 2 fuel) \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline Residual (Okla., No. 6 fuel) .-.-.-.dol. per bal... \& $$
\begin{array}{r}
.092 \\
\text { 1.c }
\end{array}
$$ \& . 0000 \& . 092 \& . 092 \& . 096 \& . 096 \& . 102 \& . 102 \& . 102 \& 102 \& 102 \& 101 \& 101 \& <br>

\hline Kerosene: \& \& \& 1.150 \& 1.150 \& 1.250 \& 1.350 \& 1. 400 \& 1.500 \& 1.500 \& 1. 500 \& 1.500 \& +1.600 \& ${ }^{+1.700}$ \& ${ }^{\text {P } 1.750}$ <br>
\hline Production-------------------..-.thous. of bbl-- \& 19, 177 \& ${ }^{1} 9,156$ \& 19,357 \& 19,018 \& \& ${ }^{1} 10,619$ \& ${ }^{1} 11,796$ \& ${ }^{1} 12,665$ \& ${ }^{1} 10,471$ \& 1,080 \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 19,537 \& ${ }^{14} 4,920$ \& ${ }^{1} 6,196$ \& ${ }^{1}$ 6,555 \& 19,261 \& 112,748 \& 118,330 \& 1 17,071 \& 115, 003 \& 110,940 \& 15,799 \& 13,878 \& \& <br>
\hline Stocks, end of month........-.-..........---- do \& 1 ${ }^{188,184}$ \& ${ }^{1} 31,953$ \& ${ }^{1} 34,949$ \& ${ }^{1} 37,099$ \& ${ }^{1} 37,140$ \& ${ }^{1} 34,547$ \& ${ }^{1} 27,826$ \& ${ }^{1} 23,266$ \& ${ }^{1} 18,291$ \& 1 18, 187 \& ${ }^{1} 21,486$ \& 126,375 \& \& <br>
\hline Price, wholesale, bulk lots (New York Harbor) \& \& \& \& 250 \& 188 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 300 \& \& <br>
\hline \& \& \& . 100 \& 100 \& 104 \& . 104 \& . 110 \& . 110 \& . 110 \& . 110 \& . 110 \& . 108 \& 108 \& p. 108 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

 duction-from gasoline, 3,588; from kerosene, ${ }^{7}$ Revisions for Jannary-September from distillate, 311 ; domestic demand, 4, 972 ; stocks, 3,480 .

0 Revisions for January-September 1952 and January-October 1953 will be shownl later.
tRevised series.
Data represent weighted averages based on quotations in
o Includes nonmarketable catalyst coke. Such production for January in 26 cities for all sizes of bituminous coal.
204.

Revisions for 1952 appear on p. S- 35 of the February and March 1954 issues of the Survey.
8Revised to represent all quantities of fuel oil and diesel fuel purchased by class I railways (incl. switching and terminal companies), whether for locomotive, station, shop, or other use.
Comparable data prior to August 1953 will be shown later. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Revisions for 1954 (thous. short tons): Beehive; January-May-165; 63; 36; 37; 33; oven, February-May-4,831; 5,118; 4,668; 4,782.

| Unless otherwise stated. statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1954 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | $\int_{\text {Septer }}^{\substack{\text { ber }}}$ | October | $\begin{gathered} \text { Novem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | December | January | February | March | April | May | June | July |

PETROLEUM, COAL, AND PRODUCTS—Continued

| PETROLEUM AND PRODUCTS-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Refined petroieum products-Continued Lubricants: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production.-....-.-.-..................thous. of bbl .- | 4,508 | 4,386 | 4,563 | 4,522 | 4,475 | 4,470 | 4,544 | 4,565 | 3,992 | 4,602 | 4,691 | 4,740 |  |  |
|  | 3,189 | 3,419 | 3,374 | 3,308. | 3,285 | 3,086 | 2,961 | 3,180 | 2,901 | 3, 665 | 3,589 | 3,766 |  |  |
| Stocks, refinery, end of month ................ do | 9,599 | 9, 251 | 9,035 | 9,230 | 9,183 | 9, 475 | 9,702 | 10, 162 | 10,087 | 9,779 | 9,615 | 9,430 |  |  |
|  | 1,429 | 1,264 | 1,341 | 967 | 1,180 | 1,035 | 1,295 | 892 | 1,094 | 1,179 | 1,211 | 1,097 |  |  |
| Price, wholesale, bright stock (midcontinent, <br> f. o. b. Tulsa).-.........................dol. per gal | 180 | 180 | . 180 | 180 | . 180 | . 180 | 180 | . 180 | . 180 | . 180 | . 180 | 180 | . 180 | p. 180 |
| Motor fuel: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production, total .....-.-....-. thous. of bbl | ${ }^{1} 104,481$ | 1 107, 893 | 1108,250 | 1105,325 | 1107,167 | 1105,896 | 1111,753 | 1112, 808 | 1102,342 | 1109,838 | 1 105, 069 | 1111,459 |  |  |
| Gasoline and naphtha from crude oil thous of bbl | 91, 956 | 195,092 | 194,798 | 192, 126 | ${ }^{1} 93,595$ | 192,249 | 198,878 | 199,419 | 190,424 | 197,207 | 192,793 | 198,716 |  |  |
| Natural gasoline used at refineries........do...- | 9,423 | 9,828 | 10, 334 | 10, 487 | 10,612 | 10, 604 | 10,099 | 10, 857 | 9,451 | 10, 067 | 9,486 | 10, 027 |  |  |
| Natural gasoline sold to jobbers-.--...-.do...- | 3, 102 | 2,973 | 3,118 | 2,712 | 2,960 | 3, 043 | 2,776 | 2, 532 | 2, 467 | 2,564 | 2,790 | 2, 716 |  |  |
| Domestic demand.-..-.........................d | ${ }^{\text {'113, }} 037$ | 1112,231 | 1110,223 | 1104,706 | ${ }^{1} 105,607$ | ${ }^{1} 102,393$ | 1104,258 | 196,397 | 188,464 | 1 105,684 | 1111,116 | 1115,407 |  |  |
| Stocks, end of month: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1156,526 | ${ }^{1} 149,045$ | ${ }^{1} 144,615$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1142,437 \\ \\ 147 \\ 7 \end{array}$ | ${ }^{1} 141,046$ | ${ }^{1} 142,163$ | ${ }^{1} 146,679$ | 1159,486 | 1170,422 | 1 172, 396 | ${ }^{1} 165,413$ | ${ }^{1} 158,552$ |  |  |
|  | 185,569 8,878 | 179,989 | ${ }^{1} 77,159$ | $\begin{array}{r} 174,786 \\ 8.479 \end{array}$ | $173,571$ | $\begin{array}{r} 174,291 \\ 8,441 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 180,970 \\ 8,721 \end{array}$ | $192,092$ | 1 101, 070 | 1101,119 | ${ }^{1} 93,285$ | 185,132 |  |  |
|  | 8,878 14,998 | 8,965 15,703 | 8,553 15,379 | 8,479 15,358 | 8,615 15,868 | 8,441 15,168 | 8,721 14,038 | 10,076 12,973 | 11, 221 | 11, 576 | 10, 188 | 10, 199 |  |  |
| Natural gasoline and allied products.....do..-- | 14, 998 | 15,703 | 15,379 | 15, 358 | 15, 868 | 15, 168 | 14,038 | 12,973 | 12,004 | 12, 805 | 13, 460 | 14,976 |  |  |
| Exports (motor fuel, gasoline, jet fuel) \$ .-. | 2,712 | 2,341 | 2,084 | 2, 202 | 2,384 | 2,056 | 2,154 | 1,765 | 1,641 | 1,559 | 1,642 | 2,138 |  |  |
| Prices, gasoline: <br> Wholesale, refinery (Oklahoma, group 3) dol per gal | . 108 | 105 | . 105 | . 105 | . 105 | . 105 | . 105 | . 105 | . 105 | . 105 | . 105 | r. 108 | 108 | p. 108 |
| Wholesale, regular grade (N. Y)......-.-.-do.. | . 135 | 135 | . 125 | . 125 | . 125 | . 125 | . 125 | . 125 | . 125 | . 125 | . 125 | . 125 | . 125 | D. 125 |
|  | . 216 | . 214 | . 217 | . 213 | . 213 | . 213 | . 213 | . 211 | . 212 | . 214 | . 216 | 215 | . 214 | . 219 |
| A viation gasoline: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 8,490 6,870 | 8,182 6 | 8, 699 | 7,709 | 7,966 | 7, 717 | 8,561 7,008 | 8,019 | 7, 245 | 8,217 5,934 | 7, 6788 | 8,771 |  |  |
|  | 9, 268 | 9,572 | 9, 962 | 9, 796 | 9, 876 | 9,506 | 9,218 | 10, 130 | 10, 302 | 10, 030 | 9, 605 | 9,675 |  |  |
|  | 5, 242 | 5,483 | 5,799 | 5,841 | 6, 051 | 5, 730 | 5, 569 | 6,113 | 6,380 | 6,063 | 6,098 | 6,124 |  |  |
| Asphalt: $\odot$ Prode |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 7,775 9,579 | 8,850 | 8,726 | 7,999 | 7, 413 | 5,371 | 4, 200 | 4,246 8,623 | 4, 230 | 5,067 | 6, 278 | 7,827 |  |  |
| Wtocks, refinery, end of month.................do.-.- | 9,579 | 8,542 | 7,150 | 5,912 | 5, 702 | 6,165 | 7,175 | 8,623 | 9, 888 | 10, 869 | 11, 779 | 11, 524 |  |  |
|  | 409 | 433 | 408 | 453 | 450 | 485 | 404 | 433 | 427 | 466 | 441 | 423 |  |  |
| Stocks, refinery, end of month------------.- do..-- | 609 | 597 | 571 | 567 | 572 | 580 | 562 | 579 | 578 | 542 | 552 | 554 |  |  |
| Asphalt products, shipments: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asphalt roofing, total. $\qquad$ thous. of squares.Roll roofing and cap sheet: | 6,524 | 5,291 | 6,069 | 7,103 | 6,129 | 5,149 | 3,134 | 3,190 | 3,264 | 5,533 | 6,099 | r 5,972 | 6.933 |  |
|  | 1,161 | 993 | 1,153 | 1,364 | 1,248 | 989 | 568 | 603 | 652 | 1,134 | 1,088 | r 986 | 1. 134 |  |
|  | 1,328 | 1,129 | 1,343 | 1,572 | 1,338 | 1,157 | 674 | 686 | 687 | 1, 063 | 1,100 | - 1,115 | 1,315 |  |
| Shingles, all types | 4,035 | 3,169 | 3,573 | 4, 167 | 3,543 | 3,002 | 1,892 | 1,902 | 1,925 | 3,336 | 3,912 | - 3.870 | 4,485 |  |
|  | 150 | 113 | 145 | 151 | 142 | 124 | 84 |  | 79 | 125 | 98 | r 91 | 108 |  |
|  | 90, 715 | 71,057 | 74,951 | 92, 242 | 74, 223 | 71,952 | 56,707 | 62,720 | 81,326 | 112, 726 | 89,320 | ${ }^{*} 77,040$ | 109,358 |  |

PULP, PAPER, AND PRINTING

| PULPWOOD AND WASTE PAPER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pulpwood: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Receipts .-.-.-......- thous. of cords (128 cu. ft.).- | 2, 308 | 2, 304 | 2, 488 | 2,487 | 2,701 | 2,557 | 2,645 | 2,823 | 2,690 | 2,647 | 2,189 | 2,416 | 2.718 |  |
|  | 2,475 | 2, 266 | 2, 515 | 2,414 | 2,644 | 2,579 | 2,417 | 2,680 | 2,512 | 2,862 | 2, 752 | 2,842 | 2.834 |  |
| Stocks, end of month | 4,693 | 4,737 | 4,708 | 4,794 | 4,854 | 4,840 | 5,070 | 5,386 | 5,563 | 5,348 | 4,785 | 4,359 | 4,243 |  |
| Waste paper: | 692, 151 | 593, 086 | 670,672 | 671, 957 | 697, 893 | 682, 749 | 674,021 | 655, 291 | 643, 881 | 785, 696 | 743, 006 | + 795, 214 | 775, 004 |  |
|  | 696,500 | 576,537 | 694, 972 | 683, 164 | 702, 283 | 678, 695 | 643, 691 | 686, 004 | 676, 121 | 785,023 | 733, 154 | +793,855 | 782, 727 |  |
|  | 447, 988 | 466, 326 | 440, 130 | 419, 126 | 414, 332 | 422, 740 | 454, 263 | 428, 747 | 397, 734 | 398, 987 | + 407, 295 | r 408, 530 | 401, 714 |  |
| WOOD PULP |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total, all grades. $\qquad$ thous. of short tons. Dissolving and special alpha $\qquad$ short tons | $\begin{array}{r}r \\ \\ 64,583 \\ \hline 8 .\end{array}$ | 1,416 55,302 | 1,605 71,702 | 1,505 61,825 | 1,686 74,840 | 1,635 75,558 | 1,494 71,775 | $\begin{array}{r}1,658 \\ 77 \\ \hline 78\end{array}$ | 1,570 72,169 | 1,781 82,068 | $\begin{array}{r}1,710 \\ 70 \\ \hline 992\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r 1, } \\ \text { 91, } \\ 541 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,753 |  |
| Dissolving and special alpha............short tons.---.-.-. | r 834,205 | 743, 809 | 865,602 | 802,452 | 921, 7447 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 75, } \\ 891,868 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 779,533 | 87, 177 | 859, 769 | 82, 961,048 | 70, ${ }^{1792}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 91, } \\ 9871 \\ 983 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 89,200 \\ 971,442 \end{array}$ |  |
| Sulphite (paper grades) .-.-.................-.-.-.- do. | 200, 217 | 182,706 | 207, 051 | 195,329 | 208,075 | 199, 166 | 190,937 | 210,378 | 194, 737 | 223, 270 | 226, 064 | 215, 292 | 209,951 |  |
|  | 40, 123 | 27,634 | 38, 769 | 31, 407 | 34,620 | 35, 369 | 33, 068 | 36,043, | 34, 580 | 38,377 | 37, 534 | 37, 728 | 37, 393 |  |
|  | 202, 546 | 193, 596 | 203, 727 | 200, 111 | 210, 356 | 207, 820 | 203, 628 | 212,089 | 205, 815 | 233, 917 | 221, 661 | + 226, 424 | 213, 572 |  |
| Defibrated, exploded, etc | 108, 715 | 105,428 | 105, 102 | 104,055 | 109, 301 | 104,053 | 102, 368 | 103, 911 | 94, 903 | 110, 592 | 106, 167 | +110. 519 | 106, 917 |  |
| Stocks, own pulp at pulp mills, end of month: Total, all grades | ${ }^{\text {r 188, }} 567$ | 174, 276 | 177, 846 | 176,083 | 182,082 | 195, 442 | 157,626 | 173,972 | 166,660 | 157, 297 | 157, 450 | +165.623 | 174, 343 |  |
| Sulphate (paper grades) | ${ }^{+} 53,050$ | 51,060 | 49, 317 | 49, 791 | 57, 239 | 61, 184 | 44,067 | 48,954 | 54,587 | 53, 628 | 52,158 | 53,906 | 51, 517 |  |
| Sulphite (paper grades).-.--...........-.......-do | 41,138 | 33, 876 | 33, 518 | 36, 929 | 38, 384 | 42, 645 | 32,020 | 37, 132 | 35, 437 | 32, 767 | 35, 737 | 32, 870 | 35, 417 |  |
|  | 4,873 | 4,315 | 4,008 | 2,995 | 2,777 | 2,760 | 2,975 | 3, 206 | 2,673 | 2, 696 | 3, 196 | 3,173 | 3,563 |  |
| Groundwood.------------------------------ do | 28,707 | 26, 289 | 25, 218 | 22, 749 | 21,251 | 20,852 | 18,440 | 18,366 | 17, 960 | 19,320 | 22, 583 | - 23.247 | 24, 284 |  |
| Exports, all grades, | 30,680 | 59,623 | 44, 894 | 49,790 | 44, 131 | 39,932 | 53,394 | 48,968 | 62, 264 | 54, 430 | 55,532 | 49,338 |  |  |
|  | 192, 698 | 163, 559 | 172, 705 | 171, 727 | 174, 891 | 206, 427 | 169, 498 | 160, 267 | 149, 146 | 208, 589 | 159, 580 | 181, 105 |  |  |
| Dissolving and special alpha.-.-................. do | 21, 413 | 20, 340 | 18,178 | 22, 724 | 16, 881 | 19,078 | 16, 675 | 10, 206 | 13, 761 | 19,083 | 18, 815 | 19, 225 |  |  |
|  | 89, 151 | 78,867 | 80, 693 | 72, 923 | 83, 849 | 88, 053 | 72, 462 | 68, 046 | 67, 875 | 94, 981 | 68,068 | 77, 829 |  |  |
|  | 60, 188 | 43,738 | 48, 551 | 51, 432 | 51,624 | 68, 646 | 52, 242 | 54, 894 | 46,000 | 69,680 | 51, 879 | 62, 114 |  |  |
|  | 3,585 | 2, 477 | 3,154 | 3,876 | 3,201 | 3,018 | 3, 321 | 2, 733 | 3,388 | 4,259 | 3,128 | 3,532 |  |  |
| Groundwood.--------------------------------- | 17,043 | 17,670 | 21, 117 | 19,951 | 18,548 | 26,028 | 24, 174 | 23, 748 | 17,622 | 19, 834 | 17,306 | 17, 589 |  |  |
| PAPER AND PAPER PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All paper and paperboard mills: <br> Paper and paperboard production, total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| thous. of short tons . | r 2, 277 | 1,991 | 2, 288 | 2, 214 | 2,367 | 2,294 | 2, 161 | 2,345 | 2, 249 | 2,575 | 2,457 | 2,545 | 2,548 |  |
| Paper (incl. building paper) --......-------.- do.... | 1,094 | ${ }^{9} 93$ | 1,117 | 1,090 | 1,150 | 1, 110 | 1,067 | 1,140 | $1,086$ | 1,251 | 1,198 | 1,223 | 1,217 |  |
|  | +1, 049 | 891 | 1,040 | 993 | 1,077 | 1,051 | 971 | 1,066 | 1, 036 | 1,181 | 1,126 | 1,183 | 1,204 |  |
|  | 133 | 127 | 132 | 131 | 140 | 133 | 123 | 138 | 127 | 144 | ${ }^{133}$ | 1,139 | 1, 127 |  |
| rRevised. ${ }^{2}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ See note" 1 " on $p$. <br> $\ddagger$ Revisions for 1952 appear on p. S- 35 of the Februar <br> §Revised effective with the October 1954 issue of th | -35. y and Mar SURVEY | ch 1954 is <br> cover | les of the msindic | SURVEY. ted. | Asphalt | -5.5 bbl. | 1 short | n; wax-1 | $\mathrm{bbl} .=28$ |  |  |  |  |  |


| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistica Supplement to the Survey | 1954 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | $\begin{gathered} \text { Septem. } \\ \text { her } \end{gathered}$ | October | $\begin{gathered} \text { Novem. } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \begin{array}{c} \text { Decem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Januu } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\text { Febry- }}{\substack{\text { ary }}}$ | March | April | May | June | July |

## PULP, PAPER, AND PRINTING-Continued

## PAPER AND PAPER PRODUCTS-Continued

 Paper, excl, building paper, newsprint, and paperboard (American Paper and Pulp Association): $\ddagger$Opders, new, Orders, new, Orrlers, unfilled, end of month-. Production Shipments
Stocks end of month. Fine paper:

|  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |

Orders, unfiled, end of month. Production Slocks, and of month
Printing paper:
Orders, new. Production
Shipments
Storks, end of month
Price wholesale, book paper "A" grade, English finich, white, f. o. b. mill A dol per 100 lb Coarse paper:
Orders, new Orders, new
Orders, unfled, end of month
Orders, unfilled, end of month Production Shipments, end of month.
Newsprint:
Canada (incl. New foundland)
Production -......................

stocks, at mills, end of month
Consumption
Production by publishers
Shipmetion from mills
Stocks, end of month:
At mills.
At publishers
In transit to publishers.
Tmiports.
Price, rolls, contract, delivered to prineipal ports
Paperboard (National Paperboard Association):
Orders, new................................
Orders, unfilled, end of month
Production, total
Prodiction, total
Paper prodicts
Shipping containers, corrugated and solid fiber, shipments $\dagger$.............-....-mil. sa. ft. surface area
Folding paper boxes, value:
Now orders
Shipments.
$1947-49=100$

## PRINTING

Book publication, total............. number of editions New books
New editions

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 881, 303 | 813,521 | 881, 0.41 | 867,980 | 885, 680 | 874, 399 | 899.528 | 9\%2, 198 | 919.462 | r3, 049, 167 | -956, 872 | 964, 000 | 969.000 |  |
| 540, 506 | 888, 982 | 609, 967 | 612, 394 | 598, 202 | 586, 500 | 6006, 314 | 713,450 | 701,823 | -756. 796 | T 749.665 | 762, 000 | 7990000 |  |
| 869,849 | 758, 760 | 888, 960 | 861.811 | 915,483 | 889, 438 | 852, 704 | 929,531 | 879,740 | - 999.586 | - 951,692 | 958, 000 | 939, 000 |  |
| 873, 889 | 756, 183 | 881, 206 | 856,917 | 904, 536 | 885, 529 | 856. 746 | 930, 057 | 878, 503 | r $1,007,283$ | - 938.841 | 952, 000 | 935,000 |  |
| 414.421 | 410.362 | 421,584 | 428, 204 | 432, 502 | 437.830 | 436.197 | 445, 704 | 420,633 | + 413.523 | + 420.964 | 415.000 | 419.000 |  |
| 110,655 | 97.310 | 106, 820 | 108, 552 | 115, 249 | 114, 110 | 121.404 | 117,488 | 124. 258 | r 133, 436 | r 124.811 | 124,000 | 133, 000 |  |
| 54, 190 | 64, 215 | 63,587 | 63, 230 | (61, 590 | 49, 454 | 62.182 | 62.044 | 72.464 | + 75,623 | $\bigcirc 76.858$ | 84,000 | 94.000 |  |
| 113,292 | 91.363 | 112, 279 | 110, 331 | 119, 167 | 116, 306 | 118, 147 | 121.499 | 116.663 | - 127,720 | + 120, 674 | 120,000 | 126, 010 |  |
| 112, 059 | 91. 221 | 106, 813 | 107, 736 | 113.274 | 111.707 | 116.191 | 124.603 | 121.485 | ז 134, 092 | ${ }^{r} 120.014$ | 120.000 | 126.000 |  |
| 100, 256 | 98, 804 | 104. 741 | 109, 274 | 109.693 | 110.621 | 115. 608 | 111,117 | 107, 514 | - 101.471 | - 96.469 | 85, 000 | 92.000 |  |
| 319.246 | 290, 954 | 297, 809 | 307, 601 | 308, 604, | 292, 411 | 324, 111 | 345, 687 | 313, 528 | + 362, 385 | r 319, 279 | 316,000 | 354, 000 |  |
| 265, 175 | 292,307 | 295, 870 | 302, 427 | 294, 559 | 200, 34,5 | 3(1), 129 | 375, 230 | 359, 160 | - 382, 387 | -372.66if | 368,000 | 410.000 |  |
| 299.890 | 256, 760 | 308.034 | 299, 596 | 311, 139 | 302. 431 | 290. 383 | 313,879 | 295. 390 | r 343.915 | r 317. 244 | 315, 000 | 320.000 |  |
| 305, 524 | 255, 885 | 306,918 | 297, 900 | 310.483 | 303,304 | 207, 364 | 309, 920 | 292,067 | - 344. 114 | ${ }^{+} 313.101$ | 317,000 | 322,000 |  |
| 149,540 | 150, 515 | 151. 600 | 163, 295 | 153.95] | 153, 078 | 146, 48, | 150,441 | 153,774 | ${ }^{+} 153,545$ | r 157.718 | 156,000 | 152.000 |  |
| 13. 80 | 13.80 | 13.80 | 13.80 | 13.80 | 13.80 | 13.80 | 14.00 | 14.10 | 14. 10 | 14. 10 | 14.10 | 14.10 | p 14. 11 |
| 278,907 | 265, 092 | 302, 502 | 283, 590 | 285. 726 | 290, 966 | 289, 546 | 307, 833 | 304,226 | ${ }^{\text {r 354. }} 187$ | - 318, 330 | 319,000 | 293, 000 |  |
| 111,330 | 124, 685 | 140,375 | 138, 597 | 139.413 | 132.982 | 128.452 | 152, 290 | 149,012 | \% 176, 421 | ז 172.067 | 181.000 | 169, 000 |  |
| 285, 178 | 25,2,002 | 293, 602 | 281.316 | 301.887 | 297, 084 | 278, 058 | 302. 253 | 293, 127 | ${ }^{5} 331,643$ | - 309,958 | 315,000 | 300.000 |  |
| 279.933 | 249.880 | 289.863 | 280.946 | 302.127 | 297, 30t | 281.499 | 298, 916 | 287, 841 | r 332, 755 | - 310, 330 | 311,000 | 300,000 |  |
| 97, 445 | 95, 108 | 90, 898 | 99, 935 | 98, 711 | 96,021 | 90, 5.5 | 105,718 | 88, 954 | ${ }^{+90,437}$ | -84, 50, | 88,000 | 90, 000 |  |
| 490, 726 | 503,979 | 503, 145 | 491, 153 | 225. 906 | 522, 109 | 500, 119 | 490, 822 | 479,286 | 549,129 | 518, 627 | 521.322 | 507. 774 |  |
| 523,966 | 481, 686 | 518,844 | 482, 559 | 541.835 | 542, 994 | 505.987 | 466, 253 | 464, 060 | 512.033 | [40, 516 | 525,000 | 543, 424 |  |
| 152, 394 | 174, 687 | 158,988 | 167, 582 | 151, 743 | 130,858 | 124, 990 | 149,559 | 164, 785 | 191.881 | 169, 992 | 166,314 | 130, 664 |  |
| 384, 414 | 338, 471 | 300. 825 | 388,321 | 437, 191 | 420, 422 | 407.080 | 383, 520 | 365, 221 | 438,895 | 431,788 | 455, 404 | 422, 246 |  |
| 96, 564 | 96, 324 | 99. 402 | 96, 592 | 110,32x | 106,479 | 109,217 | 115,577 | 109, 924 | 125, 456 | 120,917 | 133, 487 | 131,212 |  |
| 96, 148 | 96,597 | 98, 503 | 98, 202 | 107, 407 | 107.920, | 111,526 | 113,882 | 110,597 | 125, 065 | 121.098 | 131,093 | 133,370 |  |
| 7,927 | 7,654 | 8,643 | 7,033 | 9.954 | 8,513 | 6, 204 | 7,899 | 7,226 | 7,617 | 7,436 | 9,830 | 7. 172 |  |
| 453, 407 | 481, 612 | 508, 703 | 490, 2513 | 448.907 | 434, 131 | 439, 446 | 417,757. | 412, 197 | 383, 069 | 369, 230 | 340, 438 | 345, 172 |  |
| 80.566 | 71,086 | 66, 190 | 64, 763 | 77, 057 | 88,372 | 76,917 | 131, 058 | 87, 686 | 82, 644 | 78.792 | 86, 432 | 86,398 |  |
| 438, 833 | 393, 098 | $43 \% 107$ | 304, 943 | 415, 231 | 455, 406. | 445.761 | 392,506 | 364, 320 | 435,767 | 421.245 | 446, 714 |  |  |
| 125.75 | 125.75 | 125.75 | 125.75 | 125.75 | 125. 78 | 125.75 | 125.75 | 125.75 | 125.75 | 125.75 | 125.75 | 125.75 | $\pm 125.75$ |
| 1,028.9 | 960.4 | 1,039.7 | 1.094. 7 | 1,088.0 |  | 1,063.0 | 1,020.3 | 1,085.0 | 1,311.7 | 1,163. 1 | 1,248. 4 | 1,239.0 | 1,082. 4 |
| 1359.8 | 300.3 | 1331. 7 | 408.8 | 390.5 | $343.2$ | 3633 | 450.7 | 1523.4 | 515.7 | 1,507.6 | 621.0 | 582. 21 | 602. 9 |
| $1,044.1$ <br> 89 | 908.9 74 | 1,065. 2 | $1,004,3$ 88 | 1, 103.7 ${ }^{94}$ | $1,096.0$ 93 | 1,054.4 | $1,013.3$ 92 | 1,043.1 | 1, 214.1 | 1,142.2 | 1,187.2 | 1,210. 96 | 1,019.2 |
| 7,032 | 6,412 | 7, 209 | 7, 444 | 7,666 | 7,245 | 7,041 | 6,808 | 6,870 | 8,226 | 7,863 | 7,948 | 8,171 | 7.098 |
| 203.3 | 173.7 | 199.8 | 194.1 | 187.2 | 167.9 | 179.8 | 184. 6 ! | 176.5 | 193.7 | 188.0 | 183.6 | 198.7 |  |
| 179.9 | 159.9 | 183.9 | 180.0 | 186.9 | 177.1 | 168.2 | 172.2 | 151.7 | 178.8 | 167.9 | 167.0 | 179.8 |  |
| 781 | 923 | 802 | 888 | 1, 408 | 941 | 860 | 971 | 950 | 1,102 | 1,175 | 1,069 | 993 | 920 |
| 644 | 714 | 661 | 754 | 1, 198 | 811 | 701 | 771 | 756 | 855 | 965 | 838 | 800 | 692 |
| 137 | 209 | 141 | 134 | 210 | 130 | 159 | 200 | 194 | 247 | 210 | 231 | 193 | 228 |

## RUBBER ANI RUBBER PRODUCTS

| Natural rubher: RUBBER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 54, 253 | 37, 894 | 38,069 | 52, 412 | 55,976 | 53, 320 | 25.096 | 56,911 | 50, 997 | 58, 472 | 52.963 | r 54,746 | 56, 567 |  |
|  | 104, 541 | 109.564 | 124,810 | 119.191 | 115,970 | 105,025 | 102.94 .3 | 101,050 | 97, 189 | 102, 058 | 101, 620 | - 106.650 | 100. 459 |  |
|  | 66,698 | 40,601 | 59, 124 | 48,618 | 49, 432 | 45,474 | 43. 507 | 49, 941 | 50, 880 | 61, 250. | 61, 113 | (61, 042 |  |  |
| Chemieal (synthetic): dol. | . 231 | . 244 | . 23 | . 241 | . 260 | 27 | . 288 | . 325 | . 354 | 13 | 23 | 314 | 348 | 400 |
| Production.....---.-----................. long tons.- | 45, 954 | 46,964 | 48,807 | 51,384 | 55,644 | 55,018 | 38,456 | 69.929 | 67, 679. | 78.506 | -75,705 | - 81.974 | 78. 158 |  |
| Consamption | 57, 195 | 41, 502 | 42, 051 | 53, 588 | 56, 369.9. | 57. 287 | 64, 130 | 68,379 | 67,614 | 77, 118 | 72,046 | $r 85,409$ | 79, 479 |  |
|  | 157, 172 | 162,944 | 170, 159 | 101, 682 | 161, 167 | 156,905 | 150.175 | 147, 813 | 141, 666 | 143, 513 | 141, 418 | r 142.981 | 135, 331 |  |
|  | 2,032 | 3,228 | 3,018 | 2, 161 | 3,294 | 2,908 | 2. $61{ }^{2}$ | 3,422 | 3. 148 | 4,454 | 5, 564 | 5,740 |  |  |
| Reclamed rubher: <br> Production | 22, 207 | 17,907 | 15, 444 | 22,332 | 23.444 | 22,915 | 25, 762 | 25, 237 | 25,332 | 29,574. | 26, 678 | + 27,911 | 30.436 |  |
| Consumption....................................d. do | 22, 321 | 16, 301 | 17,660 | 19,926 | 22,098 | 22,321 | 24, 546 | 25,322 | 24,333 | 28,674 | 26, 609 | - 27,652 | 29,208 |  |
|  | 30, 845 | 31,304 | 27,692 | 29,632 | 36, 395 | 29,451 | 30, 746 | 29,656 | 30, 125 | 30,311 | 30, 068 | + 29.528 | 29, 576 |  |
| TIRES AND TUBES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pneumatic casings: $\sigma^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production ....-.-.-......-.-.-.-.-...... thousands .- | + 8, 797 | -6,359 | ${ }^{+} 5,426$ | - 7, 277 | r 7, 867 | -7.624 | -8. 442 | 9,040 | 8,745 | 10,083 | 9,153 | 9,949 | 10,703 |  |
|  | -9,084 | -8,878 | + 8.050 | ${ }^{\text {r 6. }} 2685$ | ${ }^{r} 6,264$ | ${ }^{-6,840}$ | -7.344 | 8,911 | 8,272 | 9, 967 | 9,937 | 9, 805 | 10, 234 |  |
|  | ${ }^{+} 2.889$ | - 2.782 | - 2,527 | 1,601 | 1,868 | 3, 124 | 3,707 | 3,785 | 3,833 | 4,780 | 4,457 | 4, 352 | 3, 931 |  |
| Replacement equipment----.................. do | - 6, ${ }^{1635}$ |  <br>  <br>  <br>  | + ${ }^{+5,405} 12$ | $\begin{array}{r}+4,533 \\ \hline 130\end{array}$ | + 4.248 | $\begin{array}{r}+3,558 \\ +158 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { + } 3.468 \\ \hline 168 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 4,96179 | 4,281 | 4, ${ }^{926}$ | 5, 315 | 5, 361 | 6. 129 |  |
| Stocks, end of mont | - 15, 252 | 12,640 | 9,985 | ${ }^{\text {r 11, } 193}$ | 12.799 | 13, 676 | -14, 762 | 14,949 | 15,368 | 15,609 | 14, 890 | 14, 936 | 15,460 |  |
| Exports. | 167 | 136 | 116 | 131 | 120 | 143 | 141 | 134 | 155 | ${ }^{150}$ | 15. | 154 |  |  |
| Inner tubes: ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r}5 \\ \hline \\ \hline 6.735 \\ \hline 10.45\end{array}$ | '4, 131 | $+3,728$ $+5,661$ |  | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \\ +3,946 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | +3, 242 | - 3.200 | 3,089 | 2, 850 | 3, 234 | 2.836 | 3,005 | 3,136 |  |
| Shipments | -6,614 | r 6 6, 328 | '5,661] | ${ }^{\sim} 4.049$ | +3.2171 | - 2,691 | -2.569 | 4, 116 | 2, 862 | 3,327 | 3,250 | 3, 233 | 3.568 |  |
| Stocks, end of month..............-.............. do | - 10,378 | $\begin{array}{r}8,429 \\ \hline 67\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}6,588 \\ \hline 73\end{array}$ |  <br> +7.296 <br>  | 8, 613 | 8,7069 69 | r 9,519 70 | 8,252 58 | 8, 244 | 8,217 <br> 96 | 7,963 87 | 7,735 62 | 7,326 |  |

- Revised. p Preliminary
$\ddagger$ Revisions for 1947 -April i 1955 for paper will be shown later; data prior to 1947 for unfilled orders and stocks of paper are on a different basis from revised figures. hence not comparable. Revisions for January 1953-April 1955 for shipping containers will be shown later; those for various months in 1952 for rubber imports appear in the May 1954 STRVEY. $\sigma^{\circ}$ Data for production, shipments, and stocks have been revised beginning January 1953. Revisions for January-May 1953 and January-May 1954 are available upon request.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1954 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | Septem- ber | October | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Novem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | Decem- ber | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | Febru- ary | March | April | May | June | July |

## STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS



## TEXTILE PRODUCTS



| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1954 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \begin{array}{c} \text { Septem- } \\ \text { her } \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | October | Novem ber | $\begin{gathered} \text { Decem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July |

TEXTILE PRODUCTS—Continued

| COTTON |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cotton (exclusive of linters) : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ginnings§ .-..........thous. of running bales |  | ${ }^{5} 388$ | - 1,695 | - 5,690 | r 9, 689 | - 12, 455 | 113,017 | r2 13,413 |  | ${ }^{5} 13,618$ |  |  |  | 313 |
| Crop estimate, equivalent $500-\mathrm{lb}$. bales $\begin{gathered}\text { thous of bales }\end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 7778,558 | 541, 553 | 667, 443 | 4815, 315 | 706, 603 | 703, 697 | 4 801, 748 | 711, 286 | 720, 815 | 4,892, 892 | 696, 354 | 703, 240 | 4849, 116 | 728 |
| Stocks in the United States, end of month, total thous of bales | 10, 183 | 9,728 | 21,996 | 20,992 | 19,948 | 18,863 | 17, 580 | 16, 463 | 15,351 | 14, 295 | 13, 461 | 12,588 | 11,479 |  |
| Domestic cotton, total----------.............do. | 10, 106 | 9,653 | 21,917 | 20,921 | 19,884 | 18,804 | 17,516 | 16, 401 | 15, 242 | 14, 236 | 13, 395 | 12,517 | 11,408 |  |
| On farms and in transit....-............... do |  | 255 | 12,631 | 8,990 | 5.803 | 3,484 | 2,057 | 1,190 | 731 | 556 | 459 | 442 |  |  |
| Public storage and compresses...-.......... do | 8,189 | 8,224 | 8,304 | 10,862 | 12,733 | 13,803 | 13, 824 | 13,445 | 12,668 | 11,848 | 11, 162 | 10,399 | 9,705 |  |
| Consuming establishments.-.-..-...-....-do | 1,358 | 1, 174 | 982 | 1,069 | 1,348 | 1,517 | 1,635 | 1,767 | 1,843 | 1,832 | 1,774 | 1,676 | 1,471 |  |
|  | 77 | 75 | 79 | 71 |  | 59 | 63 | 62 | 109 | 58 | 66 | 71 | 70 |  |
|  | 434, 934 | 227, 855 | 189, 585 | 199, 322 | 350, 853 | 389, 625 | 496, 566 | 334, 157 | 307, 456 | 369, 241 | 239, 330 | 230,690 |  |  |
| Importsp.anm American upland | 8,177 32.3 | 8.719 32.2 | 9,941 | ${ }_{6}^{6,538} 8$ | 6,635 | 6,898 33.2 | 10, 122 | 16,489 32.5 | 16,805 31.7 | 28,374 | 16,594 | 12,493 |  |  |
|  | 32.3 |  |  | 34.6 |  | 33.2 |  | 32.5 | 31.7 |  | 31.9 | 31.5 | 31.4 | 32.1 |
|  | 34.2 | 34.4 | 34.2 | 34. | 34.3 | 33.9 | 34.1 | 34.2 | 34.2 | 33.7 | 33.6 | 33.9 | 34.0 | 33.8 |
|  | 4 | 96 | 112 | ${ }_{4}^{4} 100$ | 117 | 117 | ${ }_{4} 113$ | 125 | 115 | ${ }_{4}^{4} 137$ | 135 | 142 | 4129 |  |
|  | 1,548 | 1,533 | 1,525 | 1,587 | 1,666 | 1,763 | 1,785 | 1,831 | 1,827 | 1,793 | 1,738 | 1,666 | 1,559 |  |
| Cotton manufactures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cotton cloth: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cotton broad-woven goods over 12 inches in width, production, quarterly $\sigma^{\prime} . . . .$. .mil. of linear yards. | 2,454 |  |  | 2, 302 |  |  | 2,497 |  |  | p 2, 596 |  |  |  |  |
| Exports...-.-.....................thous of sq. yd... | 49,318 | 48,282 | 47, 160 | 50,809 | 55, 822 | 48,511 | 52,641 | 44, 123 | 47, 427 | 64, 552 | 47,886 | 49,821 |  |  |
|  | 4, 283 | 4,355 | 5,110 | 7,622 | 6,907 | 10,887 | 9,953 | 7,683 | 7,035 | 10,940 | 8, 481 | 9,492 |  |  |
| $\qquad$ cents per lb- | 26.50 | 26.48 | 26.51 | 26.00 | 26.60 | 20.80 | 26.50 | 27.29 | 27.37 | 27.78 |  |  |  |  |
| Denim, 28 -inch | 34.9 | 34.7 | 35.9 | 35.9 | 35.9 | 35.9 | 35. 1 | 34.9 | 34.9 | 34.9 | 34.9 | 34.9 | 34.9 | ${ }^{2} 34.9$ |
|  | 15.4 | 15.8 | 16.3 | 16.5 | 16.5 | 16.3 | 15.9 | 16.5 | 16.5 | 16.3 | 16.0 | 15.8 | 16.0 | - 16.3 |
| Sheeting, in gray, 40 -inch, $48 \times 44-48$--..-- do | 16.3 | 16.3 | 16.4 | 16.4 | 16.5 | 16.6 | 16.6 | 16.6 | 16.6 | 16.6 | 16.5 | 16.3 | 16.1 | p16. 1 |
| Cotton yarn, natural stock, on cones or tubes: Prices, wholesale, f. o. b. mill: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20/2, carded, weaving .-...............-dol, per lb.- | . 633 | . 636 | . 633 | . 633 | . 642 | . 637 | . 642 | . 659 | . 664 | . 665 | . 664 | . 663 | 665 | P. 667 |
|  | . 921 | . 917 | . 917 | . 919 | . 931 | . 931 | 933 | . 931 | . 947 | . 947 | . 945 | . 945 | . 949 | D. 954 |
| Spindle activity (cotton system spindles): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Active spindles, last working day, total....-.thous.. | ${ }^{5} 20,603$ | - 20,626 | 20,633 | 20,634 | 20.696 | 20,782 | 20, 626 | 20,782 | 20, 954 | 20, 892 | 20,674 | 19,824 | 19,840 |  |
| Consuming 100 percent cotton-.-.-.-------do | 19,285 | - 19, 299 | 19,306 | 19, 276 | 19, 295 | 19,348 | 19, 136 | 19,282 | 19,429 | 19,365 | 19,160 | 18,302 | 18, 335 |  |
| Spindle hours operated, all fibers, total..-mil. of br.. | 510, 927 | - 7, 151 | 9, 171 | ${ }^{4} 11,222$ | 9,735 | 9,464 | ${ }^{4} 11,059$ | 9,934 | 10, 046 | 412,400 | 9,594 | 9,678 | 4 11, 789 |  |
| A verage per working day --..--------- do | ${ }^{\text {r }}{ }^{5} 446$ | r +376 +6579 |  | ${ }_{4}{ }^{4} 104585$ | ${ }_{9}^{493}$ | 8.485 |  | 497 | 511 |  |  | 484 | 481 |  |
| Consuming 100 percent cotton - .----------- do | r 4510,198 $r 45122.7$ | + + +103.579 | 8,583 126.2 | ${ }^{4} 10,455$ | 9,042 136.3 | 8,768 1346 | ${ }_{4}^{4} 10,239$ | ${ }_{1} 9,184$ | 9.9299 | ${ }^{4} 11,485$ | ${ }_{8}^{8,854}$ | 8.937 | ${ }^{4} 10,867$ |  |
| RAYON and acetate and mprs. |  |  |  |  |  | 134.6 |  | 138. |  | , | 130. | 13.7 | ${ }^{1} 10.0$ |  |
| Filament yarn and staple: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shipments, domestic, producers': mil of lb |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 57.9 | 53.1 | 53.2 | 62.1 | 64.2 | 66.9 | 70.4 | 65.8 | 67.9 | 83.9 | 77.5 | ${ }^{7} 70.5$ | 69.9 |  |
|  | 35.7 | 32.1 |  | 32.4 |  | 33.5 | 34.9 | 35.4 | 33.0 | 39.1 | 33.0 | 30.2 | 30.6 |  |
|  | ${ }^{67.0}$ | 70.2 | 73.2 | 64.8 | 61.4 | 58.9 | 55.6 | 55.5 | 50.4 | r 44.4 | 39.3 | r 40.0 | 43.5 |  |
|  | 3 38.166 | 2,940 | 5,785 | 7,535 | 8,300 | ${ }_{9} 33.6$ | 12, |  | ${ }^{25.8}$ | ${ }^{2} 2.1$ | 22.1 | 21.0 | 19.6 |  |
| Prices, wholesale: |  |  |  |  |  | 9, | 12, 6 | 11,90, | 11,350 | 17,734 | 18,604 | 18,800 |  |  |
| Yarn, viscose, 150 denier, filament, f. o. b. shipping point dol. per 1 b | . 788 | . 780 | .780 | .780 | . 780 |  |  | . 780 |  | . 830 | 830 |  |  |  |
| Staple, viscose, $11 / 2$ denier ------------- do- | . 336 | . 336 | . 336 | . 336 | . 336 | . 336 | . 336 | . 336 | . 336 | . 336 | . 336 | . 336 | . 336 | p. 336 |
| Rayon and acetate broad-woven goods, production, quarterly ${ }^{\circ}$. $\qquad$ thous. of linear yards.- | 383, 248 |  |  | 407, 576 |  |  | 464, 888 |  |  | 475, 691 |  |  |  |  |
| SILK |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Silk, raw: <br> Imports thous of ib | 843 | 654 | 90 | 567 | 14 | 777 | 692 |  | 812 | 879 |  | 658 |  |  |
| Price, wholesale, white, Japanese, $20 / 22$ denier, $87 \%$ (AA), f. o. b. warehouse------....-- dol. per lb | 4.53 | 4.55 | 4.68 | 4. 83 | 4.75 | 4.78 | 4. 60 | 4.61 | 4.5 | 4.46 | 4. 56 | 4. 58 | 4. 60 | p 4.76 |
| WOOL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption, mill (clean basis). $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }^{4} 27,852$ | 21,085 | $\stackrel{23,705}{9}$ | 424,405 | 19,850 | 18,740 | 422,598 | 21,349 | 22,725 | ${ }^{4} 27,121$ | 22,722 | - 23, 495 | $\pm 27,369$ |  |
|  | 48,964 | 5, 479 | 9,185 | 411,498 | 9,459 | 9,095 | ${ }^{4} 11,070$ | 9,960 | 10, 195 | ${ }^{4} 12,676$ | 10, 217 | 10,336 | 4 11, 536 |  |
|  |  | 19,012 | 18,478 | 17,757 | 16,998 | 13,897 |  | 19,629 | 17,956 | 26,938 | 23,703 | 23,578 |  |  |
| Apparel class (dutiable), clean content*-----.-do---- | 12,385 | 8,989 | 9,401 | 8,085 | 8,316 | 7,884 | 7,828 | 12,029 | 9,313 | 13,071 | 11, 565 | 11,688 |  |  |
|  | 1.767 | 1.756 | 1.762 | 1.771 | 1.712 | 1.600 | 1. 560 | 1.550 | 1.556 | 1.535 |  |  |  |  |
| Bright fleece, 56 s -58s, clean basis-...-...-do | 1. 187 | 1.166 | 1.211 | 1.220 | 1. 196 | 1.075 | 1.135 | 1.146 | 1.191 | 1.138 | 1.095 | 1.072 | 1.066 | 1.086 |
|  | 1.725 | 1.725 | 1.725 | 1.725 | 1. 725 | 1.675 | 1.625 | 1. 525 | 1. 475 | 1. 475 | 1.475 | 1. 475 | 1.475 | 1.475 |

${ }^{r}$ Revised. ${ }^{2}$ Preliminary. ${ }_{1}$ Ginnings to December 13. ${ }^{2}$ Ginnings to January 16. ${ }^{3}$ Total ginnings of 1954 crop. ${ }^{4}$ Data cover a 5 -week period. ${ }^{8}$ Revisions for JanuaryMay 1954 (units as above): Active spindles-total, 20,879; 20,898; 20,867; 20,744; 20,618; consuming cotton, 19,634; 19,671; 19,620; 19,450; 19,318; spindle hours-total, 9,$160 ; 9,230 ; 11,466 ; 8,989$; 8,936; average per day, 458; 469; 459; 457; ;477; consuming cotton, 8,$646 ; 8,702 ; 10,807 ; 8,469 ; 8,371 ;$ operations-124.9; 128.1; 125.5; 125.2; 122.7. ${ }^{6}$ August 1 estimate of 1955 crop. IData for June, September, and December 1954 and March and June 1955 cover 5 -week periods and for other months, 4 weeks; stocks and number of active spindles are for end of period P Revisions for 1952 appear in corresponding note in April 1954 SURVEY.
${ }^{*}$ New series. Imports of wool are compiled by the U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census; dutiable wool covers essentially the apparel class; data prior to April 1952 will be shown later.
$\ddagger$ Revisions for 1952 are shown in the August 1953 SURvey. $O^{\text {PR}}$ Revisions for broad-woven goodsfor first and second quarters of 1952 are shown in the October 1953 SURVEx.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952 and | 1954 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| descriptive notes are shown in the 1953 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | June | July | August | September | October | November | December | January | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Febru- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | March | April | May | June | July |

TEXTILE PRODUCTS—Continued

| wool manufactures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Knitting yarn, worsted, 2/20s-50s/56s, Bradford system, wholesale price. dol. per 1b, | 2.043 | 2.043 | 2.037 | 2.037 | 2.013 | 1.989 | 1.928 | 1.928 | 1.916 | 1.916 | 1.879 | ' 1.867 | 1.867 | ${ }^{\text {P }} 1.867$ |
| Woolen and worsted woven goods, except woven felts: $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 63, 595 |  |  | 72, ${ }_{6} \mathbf{4} 604$ |  |  | 74,972 69,476 |  |  | 68,941 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 570 |  |  | 458 |  |  | 1,208 |  |  | 1,823 |  |  |  |  |
| Other than Government orders, total .-.-. do . | 62,989 |  |  | 67, 146 |  |  | 68.268 |  |  | 67, 118 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 30, 078 |  |  | 28, 043 |  |  | 34, 338 |  |  | 35, 754 |  |  |  |  |
| Women's and children's...-----.---.-...- do .- | 32, 911 |  |  | 39, 103 |  |  | 34, 230 |  |  | 31, 364 |  |  |  |  |
| Nonapparel fabrics, total .-.-.-.-.......-.-.-. do | 5,881 |  |  | 4,889 |  |  | 5,496 |  |  | 4,569 |  |  |  |  |
| Blanketing--..--...-.-.-.-...........- do | $\stackrel{3,346}{ }$ |  |  | 2,949 |  |  | 2, 554 |  |  | 2.614 |  |  |  |  |
| Other nonapparel fabrics Prices, wholesale, | 2,535 |  |  | 1,940 |  |  | 2,942 |  |  | 1,955 |  |  |  |  |
| Flannel, 12-13 oz./yd., $57^{\prime \prime} / 60^{\prime \prime} . . . . . .1947-49=100 \ldots$ | 112.9 | 112.9 |  | 112.9 |  |  |  | 112.1 |  | 112.1 | 112.1 | 112.9 | 112.9 |  |
| Gabardine, 101/2-121/2 oz. yd ., $56^{\prime \prime} / 60^{\prime \prime} \bigcirc \ldots . .$. do... | 103.6 | 103.6 | 103.6 | 103.6 | 103.6 | 103.6 | 103.6 | 103.6 | 97.3 | 97.3 | 97.3 | 97.3 | 97.3 | 97.3 |

## TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT



${ }^{2}$ Preliminary estimate of production based on Ward's Automotive Reports. Production for preceding month: 649,000 passenger cars; 120,000 trucks.
$\ddagger$ Revisions for 1952 are shown in the August 1953 Surver.
ange does not affect the comparability of the series.
DRevised exe all military-type exports. Scattered monthly revisions for 1952 for motor vehicles will be shown later.
or Revised beginning 1952 to include production of converter dollies; data as revised are comparable with fgures through 1951 shown in the 1953 issue of Business Staristics. Revisions $\oplus$ Excludes railroad shops except when noted.
*New series; monthly data prior to 1953 (except for trucks and tractors) will be shown later.
§Not including railroad-owned private refrigerator cars.
१Revised exports for May 1952, 41 locomotives.


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Freight cars (equipment)
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nd produ
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# Stocks, department stores (see also Invent <br> tories) department stores (see also Inven- 


extiles $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots,-\cdots, 12,13,14,15,18,22,38,40$
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$\qquad$

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[^0]:    1. Data for earlier years for many of the series contained in this article may be found in
[^1]:    1. For a detailed discussion of United States Government grants and credits in 1954 see the
    Survey of Current Business, April Survey of Current Business, April 1955.
[^2]:    ${ }^{r}$ Revised. $\quad>$ Preliminary.

[^3]:    Revised, $\quad$ Preliminary, $O$ See note marked " $\dagger$ " on p. S-2.

[^4]:    Revised. ${ }^{1}$ Includes International Bank securities not shown separately. ${ }^{2}$ Less than $\$ 500,000$.

