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BUREAU OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC COMMERCE office of business economics

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INSTALLMENT DEBT is declining REPAYMENTS exceed new loans.


BUSINESS LOANS are currently stable at the first quarter peak.

note.- mortgage debt is for i-to-4-family houses; ausiness loans are for first is days of mar., june, sept., and dec. by reporting banks in ig cities; business loans outstanding are for all insured COMMERCIAL BANKS.

SOURCES OF DATA: FED. RES. BD., H. L. B. BD., AND F. D. I. CORP.
u. S. department of commerce, office of business economics

## THE <br> Susiness Situation

## By the Office of Business Economics

ECONOMIC activity in July reflected the continued divergence in the trends of business investment and Government procurement on the one hand, and of personal consumption on the other. Military procurement is rising at a steady pace and industrial facilities expansion is moving ahead at a high rate. Consumer expenditures show little change from the reduced rate of recent months, continuing low in relation to individuals' incomes.
Distributors are gradually adjusting their inventories to a position more in line with current sales to consumers. This adjustment is not complete, though both wholesalers and retailers reported a somewhat more than seasonal decline in June. Since the end of the first quarter, retailers have held their inventories substantially unchanged though sales declined nearly 4 percent. Manufacturers' stocks have risen further, but here part of the increase has been a direct result of the expansion in output of military and related goods. Some of the increase, however, continues to represent sales difficulties or requests by distributors for delay in shipments. A feature of the second quarter, as pointed out in the national income and product summary in this issue, was a record accumulation of total business inventories in this period. An important part of the increase represented unplanned accumulation resulting from centinuing large industrial production and deliveries, coupled with the marked drop in consumer buying.

## Rise in income and employment

The rise in nonagricultural employment of 850,000 from June to July reflected the prompt absorption of the usual seasonal influx of students and other workers which occurs at this time. As a result unemployment was at the lowest point for the month of July in the postwar years. The increase in civilian employment in the past year was accounted for in part by the large entries of women into the labor force. Currently the number of women in nonfarm work is equal to the peak employment year of World War II, though the proportion of women in relation to the total is less than during the earlier period.

## Some production reduced

The more than seasonal cutback which developed in the production of many types of consumers' goods in July, however, resulted in some reduction in employment in several such industries. These cuts were confined to limited segments of industry and the drop in industrial production from June to July was duc in large part to the extensive vacations taken in the latter month. With demand insufficient to support the volume of output in some lines of consumers' goods, and with others, such as automobiles, restricted by steel allocations, the practice of temporary shut-downs has been prevalent.

Prices as a whole showed only minor fluctuations during the month. However, prices of many raw materials which are little used in the defense industries declined, partly in response to improved supply prospects for farm products. Scattered reductions also appeared in semi-processed materials and in retail prices but finished goods quotations generally remained firm. Retailers in a variety of lines, however, continue to feature promotional sales offering reductions from regular price tags in order to stimulate buying by consumers and move high inventories. Some manufacturers likewise cut prices to move backed-up inventories.

Consumer buying has shown little change in recent months, remaining well below the rate in the first quarter of the year. With income continuing high-personal income in June at an annual rate of $\$ 251$ billion was 3 percent above the first quarter average-consumer buying in the last four or five months has represented an unusually low proportion of income available for spending. For the consumers' durable goods-where declines in sales have been substantialinstallment credit terms were relaxed by legislation. In the past six months the controls on consumer credit were designed to reduce inflationary pressures, and these restrictions have been a factor in the reversal of the upward trend in consumer credit outstanding, which is shown in the upper panel of the chart on page 1.

The defense program is continuing its gradual build-up and remains the dominant factor in the economy. It is making larger demands upon the equipment and tooling industries and absorbing increasing quantities of materials in preparation for larger deliveries of finished products scheduled in the months ahead. The rising defense activity follows the extensive placement of orders for military procurement items during the past three quarters. For the fiscal year ending June 30 the Department of Defense obligated $\$ 35$ billion for procurement and construction of which almost $\$ 28$ billion was for hard goods (aircraft, ships, tanks, weapons, ammunition and other equipment).

## Economic controls legislation extended

The final enactment of the defense production bill extends the major economic controls to the middle of 1952, with modifications mainly in the direction of liberalizing price and credit controls provisions. The allocation powers, under which resources are being diverted to essential military and military-supporting uses, were extended.
Price ceilings for nonfarm commodities are raised by permitting allowances for increases in both direct and indirect costs up to July 26, 1951, replacing the partial cost absorption for indirect expenses which had been a feature of general price ceiling regulations issued before July 1 of this year. The bill also provides that all retailers and wholesalers be permitted at least their percentage margin of profit over cost of materials during the month preceding June 24, 1950. This provision replaces the dollar margin regulation under the original price control bill, a substantial modification in view of the advance in the cost of materials in the past year. Rollbacks are limited to 10 percent for agricultural products. This cancels the projected rollbacks in beef prices which had already been reduced about 10 percent. Livestock slaughtering quotas are eliminated under the act. Rent controls are extended with authorization for a 20 percent increase above the level of June 30, 1947. Provision is made for the reimposition of ceilings in defense housing areas. The act also provides a limited relaxation of housing credit (Regulation X ) in defense areas.

Consumer credit (Regulation W) is liberalized by providing for longer amortization periods and for some products, smaller down payments.

## Prices change within a narrow range

The relaxation in economic controls comes at a time when prices have been relatively stable for several months. In June, consumers' prices did not advance for the first time in over a year. Wholesale prices have eased slightly in the past 2 or 3 months as sizable declines have developed in a number of raw materials. Declines in fats and oils and in textile fibers have been responsible for most of the 7 percent reduction in the weekly average of farm prices in the past 3 months, although grains and fruit prices were also somewhat lower. Among industrial raw materials, rubber and tin prices were lowered substantially.

The Bureau of Labor Statistics' index of 28 basic commodities at the end of July was down more than 15 percent from the peak reached in February. Half of the commodities had declined 10 percent or more in the 6 -month period and a third had declined at least 20 percent. Despite these declines, raw materials were still nearer the peak than to the pre-Korean level. Only barley and flaxseed oil were lower than at the date of the Korean invasion, and the average for the group was up about one-fourth.

## Apparel stocks high

The reduced rate of consumer buying following the spurt last January had its primary impact on durable goods sales, but some of the nondurable goods were also significantly affected. Among the major nondurable categories, apparel stores showed the sharpest decline in sales-nearly 20 per-cent-from January to June of this year, on a seasonally adjusted basis.

Chart 2.—Apparel Group: Retail Sales and Inventories


Source of data: U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Eeonomics.
Sales of these stores in June were about 5 percent low than in May. The dollar total was equal to the correspon ing month a year ago, but prices of apparel were more tha 10 percent higher, indicating a proportional drop in physic volume of goods sold.

During the past 12 months, as shown in chart 2 , doll sales, adjusted for seasonal influences, have fluctuated b tween the June rate and one about 10 percent higher, exce for the peak sales in January.

Meanwhile, the book value of inventories of apparel stor has tended upward throughout the past year; it is now abo one-fourth higher than a year ago. In comparison with $t$
first quarter of 1950 , when apparel inventories were generally well balanced in relation to sales, the stock-sales ratio is also one-fourth higher. This is about the same as the rise in stocks-sales ratios for all retail stores as well as for department stores, more than half of whose sales are apparel.

While the ratio for apparel stores is high, it has risen appreciably less than that of a number of the consumer durable goods stores including furniture and housefurnishings, household appliances and radio stores, where stocks are high and sales have declined below those of a year ago. A similar situation exists within the various departments of department stores, where apparel stocks are under better control than housefurnishings, major appliances, and television.

Despite the fact that sales have not picked up in recent months, department stores have managed to pare inventories. This was due to the earlier curtailment of orders which resulted in reduced receipts of merchandise. In fact, the curtailment of deliveries to apparel retailers has been accompanied by a considerable stock accumulation in the hands of textile and apparel manufacturers.

Some reduction has occurred in the prices of the principal raw materials in the apparel industry from the highs which were attained in the post-Korean upsurge. This has temporarily complicated the price situation-since firms in various stages of the apparel industry have high-priced inventories of finished goods in relation to current raw materials costs, but the upward trend of other costs has not been similarly reversed.

Wool prices more than doubled from mid-year 1950 to March of 1951. Total world output of wool in 1950-51 is estimated to be only slightly higher than in 1949-50, so that the price rise was principally a reflection of increased demand arising out of actual and anticipated defense needs impinging upon a relatively inelastic supply situation. The extent of the price rise was so great, however, that it may have had rather fundamental effects upon the demand for wool. It has spurred the development of new fibers and the improvement of existing ones for use in traditional "all-wool" fabric constructions. The effect of the widening use of the new substiutes and blending fibers, the cessation in further stockpiling of wool by the Government, and the slow retail sales have seen the major influences in the reduction in wool prices by ibout one-fourth at the end of July from the March peak. They are still about 50 percent higher than in the second fuarter of 1950 . Similar developments have occurred in the arpet class wools, where the price rise was greater than for tpparel, and sales of floor coverings have declined subtantially.
Raw cotton prices reached a high of 45 cents a pound in Larch of this year. Only a slight reduction occurred before uly 9, when the Government crop report of that date indiated 29.5 million acres of cotton in cultivation, an increase of early 60 percent over the low acreage of 1950 . During the ollowing 30 days, cotton fell to about 35 cents per pound, and his was accompanied by reductions in the price of cotton abrics and lower prices for sheets, towels, and some other roducts in which the value of the raw cotton forms a coniderable fraction of the price of the finished product. On .ugust 8, the Department of Agriculture estimated the otton crop at 17.3 million bales, 73 percent higher than the 950 crop.
The immediate effect of the decline and especially the rospective declines as indicated by future quotations in ber prices has been a curtailment in textile mill operations in ader to cut inventories all along the line.
In the past 3 years, as in the prewar period, per capita oparel purchases have been a relatively stable portion of iisposable income. Unlike a number of other segments of
consumers' expenditures, particularly the durable goods, they have shown no consistent tendency to rise or fall relative to income as income varies during the course of business cycles. But currently this is not the case. Consumer pur-

Table 1.-Personal Consumption Expenditures for Apparel

|  | Clothing and shoes personal consumption expenditures (billions of dollars) | Percent of disposable persona! income |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1929 | 9.2 | 11. 2 |
| 1930 | 7.9 | 10. 7 |
| 1931 | 6. 8 | 10.8 |
| 1932 | 5. 0 | 10. 5 |
| 1933 | 4. 6 | 10. 2 |
| 1934. | 5.6 | 10.9 |
| 1935 | 5.9 | 10. 2 |
| 1936 | 6. 5 | 9.8 |
| 1937 | 6. 7 | 9.4 |
| 1938. | 6. 6 | 10. 1 |
| 1939 | 7. 0 | 10. 0 |
| 1940 | 7. 4 | 9.8 |
| 1941 | 8. 8 | 9.6 |
| 1942 | 11. 0 | 9.4 |
| 1943 | 13. 7 | 10.3 |
| 1944 | 15.3 | 10. 4 |
| 1945 | 17. 1 | 11.3 |
| 1946 | 18. 6 | 11.7 |
| 1947 | 19. 1 | 11.3 |
| 1948 | 20. 1 | 10. 7 |
| 1949 | 18.9 | 10. 1 |
| 1950 | 18.8 | 9.2 |
| 1941: |  |  |
| First quarter | 20.4 | 9. 4 |
| Second quarter |  | D 8.5 |

${ }^{p}$ Preliminary.
Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.
chases of apparel in the second quarter were especially low in relation to disposable income. They comprised a smaller portion of disposable income than in any year of record, from 1929 to date, as shown in table 1.

## National Income and Product in the Second Quarter of 1951

Economic developments in the second quarter of 1951 were characterized by a further expansion of total output and a generally orderly continuation of the diversion of productive resources to defense purposes. This diversion was facilitated during the period by a marked reduction in the intensity of private demand and a resultant easing of inflationary pressures.

The gross national product increased to an annual rate of $\$ 326$ billion, as compared with $\$ 319$ billion in the first quarter. This increment in the market value of the Nation's output was somewhat smaller than other quarterly advances during the past year, owing to the tapering-off of the general rise in prices.

Federal Government purchases of goods and services for national defense expanded by an amount equivalent to the entire second-quarter growth of national product. Private acquisitions, in the aggregate, were stable. Final demand in the private sectors of the economy diminished, however, as expansion of exports and of fixed business investment did not offset sizable declines in personal consumption expenditures and residential building. With civilian production remaining high, a large increase in the rate of business inventory accumulation resulted.

Expansion of income continued, though likewise at a retarded rate, in the June quarter. Total national income, which measures output in terms of aggregate earnings arising from current production, cannot yet be specified for this period, because of the unavailability of satisfactory information on corporate profits. Components other than profits, however, advanced by less than $\$ 5$ billion (at amual rates), as compared with an $\$ 8 \frac{1}{2}$ billion rise in the first quarter.

Personal income-the sum of income receipts of persons from all sources--rose to $\$ 250$ billion in the April-June period, from $\$ 244$ billion in the previous quarter and $\$ 238$ billion in the final quarter of 1950 . The similarity in the magnitudes of these past two quarterly increments is accounted for by the irregular behavior of corporate dividend payments, which dampened the movement of personal income in the first quarter, but bolstered it in the second. Apart from this, the rate of increase was considerably reduced in the latter period.

The end of the second quarter marked the passage of a full year since the outbreak of warfare in Korea. During this year, largely because of the accelerating expansion of the national defense program and the reaction of consumers and businessmen to it, there have been important changes in the size and composition of the Nation's output.

## Sizable advance in production

The dollar value of the gross national product was 18 percent higher in the second quarter of 1951 than in the corresponding quarter a year ago. Roughly half of this increase stemmed from the general rise in prices, which were pushed

Chart 3.-Percentage Distribution of Gross National Product ${ }^{1}$

up rapidly during most of the year by heavy private and government demands and by rising costs. The sizable advance in physical volume-close to 9 percent-was made possible chiefly by expanded employment, the installation of large amounts of new productive facilities, and fuller utilization of existing productive capacity, although other factors-such as a somewhat longer workweek in certain Digitized for FRAinatkustries-also contributed.

While the mobilization program is still far from its announced objectives. it has already produced marked shifts in the use of the national product. The broad outlines of these shifts are illustrated in chart 3 , which compares the percentage distribution of total output among major groups of purchasers in the second quarter of this year with that prevailing in the last quarter before the mobilization effort began.

## Government absorbs larger share of output

The proportion of output bought by Federal, State, and local governments has risen from $14 \frac{1}{2}$ to $18 \frac{1}{2}$ percent, owing to the expansion of national defense purchases. The lattel absorbed nearly 10 percent of the gross national product in the second quarter of 1951 , as compared with $4 \frac{1}{2}$ percent 8 year earlier, and their share is scheduled to double again by mid-1952.

Gross private domestic and net foreign investment hart also increased in relative importance, with their combiner share rising from 17 to 20 percent. It is important to note however, that greatly increased accumulation of busines inventories, much of which represented work in process ol military orders, accounted for $2 \frac{3}{2}$ percentage points in thi advance. The proportion of total output going into fixer business investment was also somewhat higher, but th opposite was true of residential construction.

Accompanying these enlarged percentage shares fo government and private business was a decline from $68 / \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{t}$ 62 percent in the proportion of the national product pus chased by consumers. The extent of further changes i this proportion as the mobilization proceeds will depen principally upon three factors: Changes in total output, th actual size of the military program, and the degree to whic room for the expansion of defense production can be mad through a tapering-off of business investment, includin inventory accumulation.

Throughout the year covered by the above comparison the Government defense program was the basic driving for in the economy. Initially, however; its impact was primaril of an indirect character, being manifested chiefly in unprec dentedly heavy anticipatory buying by consumers and bus nesses. While the military program itself proceeded 1 increase steadily during the year, the private spending whic it induced was extremely erratic, especially in the case consumers.
The original spending rush subsided in the fall of 195 was renewed following the Chinese Communist interventic in Korea, then relapsed again in the early spring of this yes It was this irregular behaviour of private demand, with tot production pressing against the limits of economic resourc throughout, which, along with rising costs, shaped the cour or price movements over the period.
During the interlude between the two buying spurts, as after the second, business inventories absorbed the excess civilian production over sales, but prices softened. This w particularly true in the second quarter of this year, wh much of the inventory accumulation appeared to be inv untary, with distributors and manufacturers moving curtail it despite the solidity lent to the economic outlo by the military expansion.
In combination with the broad Government control p; grams taking effect early in the year, these shifts in t balance of demand and supply produced a marked easi of inflationary pressures during the second quarter. Tr this easing came at a time when the military program w just moving into high gear was possible only because of 1 extent to which the public had discounted in advance forthcoming direct impact.

## Federal fiscal position strong through mid-year

Moreover, attention may be called to the strength of the Federal Government's actual-as distinguished from its prospective-fiscal position during the mobilization period to date. The Treasury reported a cash surplus of about $\$ 7 \frac{1}{2}$ billion for the year ending June 30; and the Federal surplus on national income and product account-which differs from the cash surplus principally in recording corporate profits taxes on an accrual basis-amounted to about $\$ 15$ billion for the same period.

This sizable surplus emerged as a result of the fact that rising individual and corporate incomes, together with the new tax rates enacted last year, strongly affected Federal revenues well in advance of the major expansion of expenditures. The surplus was particularly large in the first quarter of 1951, and must have exerted a considerable restraining influence this spring, even though its anti-inflationary effects were previously overwhelmed by the rush of private spending. On a seasonally adjusted basis, it was halved in the second quarter by the upsurge of military expenditures, however, and will shortly disappear in the absence of new revenue legislation.

A detailed discussion of second-quarter product and income flows follows.

## Demand for Gross National Product

## Faster rise in government purchases

Combined Federal, State, and local government purchases of goods and services were at an annual rate of $\$ 60$ billion in he second quarter - $\$ 7$ billion higher than in the first. The ncrease, reflecting the gathering momentum of the national lefense program, topped that of the previous quarter by 2 billion. It was equal to the entire advance in gross ational product, as changes in other components were pproximately offsetting.
This situation contrasted with that prevailing during the revious 9 months, when private purchases had continued to bsorb the major portion of each quarterly increment in stal output.
Defense purchase of the Federal Government mounted to rate of $\$ 32$ billion annually, as compared with $\$ 25$ billion t the March quarter and $\$ 12 \frac{1}{2}$ billion in the first balf of 350 . Other Federal purchases, in combination, were virtuly unchanged from the first quarter, as were those of :ate and local governments.

## 'onsumer markets less active

Personal consumption expenditures, after a sharp spurt at e beginning of this year, slackened appreciably in the cond quarter. At an annual rate of $\$ 202$ billion, they were percent below the corresponding first-quarter figure. This op in the dollar value of consumer purchases reflected at ast a commensurate reduction in physical volume, as avere prices of consumer goods were slightly higher during the rril-June period than during the three preceding months.
Owing to the price rise already registered by the end of arch, consumer outlays during the second quarter exceeded, terms of current dollars, those of any prior quarters exot two-the third of last year and the first of this year. e quantity of goods and services bought for personal connption, however, was the lowest since the initial quarter 1950.

## ending rate uneven

The second-quarter dip in the volume and value of conner purchases occurred despite a further advance--about percent-in disposable personal income. For such a
sizable increment in disposable income to be accompanied by a 3 percent drop in consumption expenditures would be quite unusual under most circumstances. Throughout the past year, however, consumer spending in particular quarters has been to a considerable degree independent of concurrent changes in income, and exceptionally strong external influences have produced a highly uneven spending rate (see chart 4). Accordingly, the latest quarterly movement can to a large extent be characterized simply as the downward phase of another cycle--the second since mid-1950of intensified activity in retail markets.

Chart 4.-Disposable Personal Income: Consumer Spending

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Source of data: C.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.
The first of these buying waves was touched off last summer by the communist invasion of South Korea. Anticipating that shortages and price increases would accompany the prospective mobilization program, consumers engaged in a virtually unprecedented outburst of purchasing, widely supported by borrowing and the utilization of accumulated liquid assets, as well as by high and rapidly rising current incomes. A significant portion of the upsurge, however, represented mere acceleration of, rather than net additions to, intended purchases; and with the improvement of the military situation in Korea, retail spending subsided markedly in the fall.
When the original anticipatory motivations were revived by the Chinese intervention, another buying rush ensued. It began in December but was concentrated in the early part of the first quarter. Like the previous upsurge, it was founded in large measure upon acceleration of intended purchases, and subsided as the military position in Korea was gradually stabilized again.

Partly because of the carlice forward buying, which had built up consumers' stocks of durable and semidurable goods, the consuming public as a whole was disposed to save an unusually high proportion of current income during the second quarter of this vear. Retail purchases, after a relapse from the January-February bulge, remained fairly steady from March through mid-year at a level below the
average for the preceding 8 months, even though incomes continued to rise. This settling of demand, in combination with continued high output and accumalating inventories of consumption goods, resulted in a marked easing of the upward pressure on consumer prices.

## Influence of Government controls

Also contributing to the stability of consumer markets in recent months were the effects of several control programs instituted by the Federal Government under the Defense Production Act. The gencral price "freeze" announced at the end of January and further implemented in subsequent months, in addition to exerting direct restraint upon price increases, relieved some of the psychological impetus toward anticipatory purchases. At the same time, the regulation of consumer credit limited inflationary pressures stemming from installment buying, and the mortgage credit controls imposed under Regulation X had an indirect influence upon demand for furniture, household equipment, and other types of goods closely associated with the volume of residential construction.

## Decline primarily in durables

In line with the general pattern of fluctuations in consumption during the past year, the second-quarter downturn in consumer purchases was most pronounced in durable goods lines. Dropping from an annual rate of $\$ 31 \frac{1}{2}$ billion in the first quarter to $\$ 26$ billion in the second, outlays for durables accounted for the great bulk of the decline in total consumption expenditures.

Particularly affected were acquisitions of furniture and household equipment, which were cut by 25 percent, or over $\$ 31 / 2$ billion, at annual rates. Consumer expenditures for automobiles and parts were also curtailed substantially, dropping from an annual rate of $\$ 12 \frac{1}{2}$ billion to $\$ 11$ billion. The slackening of demand was more moderate for most other classes of consumer durables, where purchases fell off by an average of only about 5 percent.

## Demand for nondurables more stable

Consumer spending for nondurable goods, which has been much steadier than that for durables throughout the mobilization period, declined quite moderately in the second quarter. At an annual rate of $\$ 1091 / 2$ billion, this class of expenditures was less than 2 percent below the first-quarter rate.

There was virtually no change in aggregate food and beverage purchases, which represent about three-fifths of total outlays for nondurables. The previous rising trend was halted chiefly by a levelling-off of retail food prices.

Except for tobacco, all other major classes of nondurablegoods purchases shared in the second-quarter decline. Percentagewise, it was most marked in the case of semidurable housefurnishings, where the buying pattern has tended in recent quarters to parallel that for furniture and household appliances. Of greater quantitative significance, however, was a 4 percent decrease-nearly $\$ 1$ billion-in purchases of clothing.

Service expenditures, little affected by most of the erratic influences to which many other types of consumption have been subjected during the past year, continued to rise moderately in the second quarter. Increasing by $\$ 1$ billion, they reached an annual rate of $\$ 66$ billion.

## Expansion of domestic investment

Gross private domestic investment rose from an annual rate of $\$ 591 / 2$ billion in the first quarter to $\$ 631 \frac{1}{2}$ billion in the second. Primarily, the rise reffected a renewed upsurge in business inventory accumulation, which increased by $\$ 5$
billion to a rate of $\$ 14$ billion annually. Business outlays for new plant and equipment also advanced moderately, but the value of residential construction put in place fell more than $\$ 2$ billion (at annual rates) below the first-quarter figure-a drop of about one-sixth.

Although homebuilding activity has been diminishing gradually since the fall of 1950, the June quarter was the first to show a pronounced decline. In the main, this reduction can be attributed to the imposition last year of mortgage credit controls, requiring substantially higher down payments and shorter maturity schedules. The immediate impact of the controls was not marked, owing to the very larget backlog of exempt housing starts then under way. As this backlog was worked off, however, the controls began to takt effect.

## Plant and equipment outlays higher

Outside of the residential field, construction activity con tinued to expand in the second quarter. The most signifi cant advances were in industrial building, reflecting primaril pressing requirements for additional defense productio facilities. Public utility construction also moved upward though somewhat more moderately, while commercial build ing, which had shown a fairly marked growth in the latte part of 1950 , tapered off appreciably in the first half of th: year. The latter development stemmed partly from th extension of mortgage credit controls to commercial facilitir in January.

Purchases of producers' durable equipment contribute little to the second-quarter increment in fixed business in vestment. At an annual rate of $\$ 263 / 4$ billion, they we substantially unchanged from the March quarter. Accor, ing to the latest Commerce-SEC survey of plant and equi ment programs, however, the generally rising trend over t] past year may be expected to persist into the second ha of 1951 .
The large volume of installations of productive equipme: in the second quarter continued the recent heavier conce tration in manufacturing, especially in those segments whe increased capacity is required for production related to $t$ defense program. In connection with the promotion defense capacity, a special factor has been the selecti stimulus provided by the issuance on a sizable scale, of ct tificates of necessity under the accelerated tax amortizati program.

## Larger accumulation of inventories

A strong tendency toward accumulation of busin, inventories has been a principal feature of the econor throughout the current mobilization period. It was st merged during the third quarter of last year by the init post-Korean buying rush, but produced unusually las additions to stocks in each of the last three quarters, a especially in those during which there was a relaxation the rate of consumer spending.

In considerable measure, inventory accumulations hs represented expansion of work in progress on Governm orders. They have also reflected, however, a sizable bui up of stocks of civilian goods, stimulated by expectations future price rises and supply stringencies, as well as higher working-stock requirements associated with growth of sales.

This active inventory demand has been a material elem underlying the inflationary pressures which have char terized the mobilization period. Moreover, owing to assurance of a sustained high rate of economic activ engendered by the military expansion, business buy has been unusually insensitive to short-term shifts in c sumer demand. Both in the final quarter of 1950 anc the second quarter of this year, when consumption expe

Table 2.-National Income and Product, 1950, and First Two Quarters, $1951{ }^{1}$
[Billions of dollars]


Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.
Not available.
ures receded after emphatic spurts, the tempo of civilian oduction was generally maintained at a uniform pace. In each case, the resultant excess of output was absorbed business inventories. However, whereas this absorption as accomplished quite readily in the earlier period, a subantial portion of the accumulation of stocks from March rough June appears to have been unplanned and invol-
${ }^{3}$ Includes noncorporate inventory adjustment.
Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.
untary, resulting from more conservative purchasing by consumers than had been expected. During the second quarter, widespread efforts were made by businessmen to limit the growth of their inventory-sales ratios. These efforts, partially successful as far as distributors were concerned, played a key role in the general tapering-off of prices during the quarter.

The increase in inventory accumulation appeared wholly in the nonagricultural sectors of the economy, where the change amounted to a record $\$ 13$ billion, at annual rates, as compared with $\$ 8$ billion during the March quarter and $\$ 10 \%$ billion in the fimal 3 months of 1950 .

In terms of industrial distribution, the latest quarterly addition to nonfarm inventories differed markedly from that of the preceding period. Manufacturing accounted for just under half of the nonfarm increment in the first 3 months of this year, but for about 85 percent in the second quarter. Generally speaking, this concentration reflected the typically slower adjustment of manufacturing stocks than of distributors' inventories to a change in fimal demand.

Within the manufacturing sector, by far the largest increase was in holdings of finished goods. There was also a sizable expansion of goods in process, but stocks of purchased materials, which are subject to more immediate control by manufacturers under circumstances such as those prevailing in the spring of this year, rose only moderately.

In wholesale and retail trade combined, the second-quarter inventory accumulation was about one-third as large as that of the previous 3 months. Retailers, whose stocks had shown sizable growth through March, virtually stabilized them in the second quarter, despite the drop in their sales. Wholesale inventories, on the other hand, grew substantially faster in the second quarter than in the first.

## Reappearance of positive foreign balance

Net forcign investment increased by nearly $\$ 3$ billion (at annual rates) in the second quarter, from a negative balance of $\$ 21 / 2$ billion to a positive balance of $\$ 1 / 2$ billion. This shift followed a period of a year and a half during which United States exports other than those financed directly or indirectly by Government aid fell short of imports, with a consequent growth in dollar resources available to foreign countries.

The recent rise in net foreign investment stemmed wholly from expansion of exports, which began last fall to reflect a step-up in foreign procurement stimulated by essentially the same set of anticipatory considerations that underlar much of the upsurge in domestic buying. Shipments abroad at first were somewhat limited by competing domestic demands for the same output, but showed an accelerated rise when domestic demand pressures eased this spring.

United States imports responded more immediately than exports to the change in the economic outlook in the middle of 1950 . After rising rapidly through the first quarter of this year, however, imports remained stable in the June quarter, partly because their volume had already approached the maximum available under existing foreign supply conditions and partly because of a tapering-off of the earlier rapid adrance in unit values of imported goods.

## The Flow of Income

Total personal income advanced, in terms of seasonally adjusted annual rates, from $\$ 244$ billion in the first quarter to $\$ 250$ billion in the second. The over-all increase was of about the same magnitude as in the preceding quarter, though considerably smaller than the quarterly increments registered in the latter half of last year. The rate of adrance in those components of the total which are directly earned in current production, however, was only about three-fifths as great in the June quarter as in the previous period, when the aggregate movement was dampened by a substantial drop-not related to current profit experiencein the volume of corporate diridends.

## Increase in wages and salaries

Most of the $\$ 6$ billion rise in personal income from the first to the second quarter came from the continued expansion of wages and salaries. With an advance of $\$ 5$ billion, these reached a rate of $\$ 169$ billion annually-roughly onefifth higher than in the corresponding quarter a year ago.

As in other recent quarters, the largest proportionate increase was in Government payrolls. More than half of the rise here was in military pay, still reflecting the rapid build-up of the Armed Forces but the growth of civilian government wages and salaries-mainly in the Federal defense and economic stabilization agencies-was also an appreciable factor.

Private-industry payrolls in the second quarter exceeded $\$ 140$ billion, at annual rates, as compared with $\$ 137$ billion in the January-March period and $\$ 120$ billion in the second quarter of last ycar. The latest quarterly advance, like the preceding one, stemmed primarily from higher hourly earnings, although the further growth of employment continued to exert a significant influence, especially in durable-goods manufacturing industries.

The relative contributions of these two factors to payrol gains in the first half of this year contrasted with their roles during the latter half of $1950^{\circ}$, when expanding employmen: was the principal single element. Changes in the averag, workweek, which had also contributed to the gains las year, were of little consequence in the first 6 months of 1951

The second-quarter increase in private wages and salarie was centered, as has been the case throughout the mobiliza tion period, in manufacturing plants producing durabl goods. Although employment in some lines of production a such factories was curtailed, the slack was more than take: up by expansion of military output. In nondurable-good manufacturing establishments, on the other hand, pay roll levelled off after having increased fairly strongly for number of months.

In the large distributive industries group, payrolls ac vanced more slowly in the second quarter than in the firs chiefly because of the effects of less buoyant consumer dt mand upon retail trade activity. Despite this retardin influence, however, retail trade payrolls edged further up ward as a result of higher hourly earnings, and a steady rise $\mathbf{i}$ wholesale trade was maintained. Rail transportation als contributed to the increase for the distributive group.

## Small decline in proprietors' income

At an annual rate of $\$ 48$ billion in the April-June perio total proprietors' and rental income was down by $\$ 3 / 4$ billic from the previous quarter. The only significant chans among the components of this series was in earnings of uni corporated nonfarm businesses, where a small decline w: registered. The latter movement followed a bulge in the earnings in the first quarter, and reflected primarily $t]$ slackening of activity in retail markets as consumer demas receded from its January-February peak.

General stability also characterized the agricultural incor picture, with farm proprietors' earnings continuing at : annual rate of about $\$ 16$ billion-roughly one-third high than during the corresponding period a year ago. Neith in the case of livestock nor in that of crops did the seasonal adjusted volume of marketings vary appreciably from $t$ first to the second quarter.

Prices for both broad classes of farm output were drifti downward during the latter period, although for livesto they remained above the January-March a rerage. It w chiefly this shading-off of agricultural prices, especially 1 crops, which interrupted the rapid rise of farm income unc way during the three preceding quarters.

## Dividends rise again

Dividends, after being bolstered at the end of 1950 by an unprecedented volume of extra and special disbursements to stockholders-partly in anticipation of the higher Federal tax rates applicable to individual incomes this year-had dropped off in the first quarter. With corporate profits continuing high, however, dividends rose again in the second quarter. This recovery, bringing them to an annual rate of nearly $\$ 10$ billion, added $\$ 1$ billion to the personal income flow. It left the rate of dividend disbursements below that of the fourth quarter 1950, but higher than in any other three-month period.

## Second round of NSLI payments

Transfer payments held steady in the second quarter except for the commencement in April of the second National Service Life Insurance dividend payment to veterans. In contrast to last year's NSLI dividends, which totalled more than $\$ 21 / 2$ billion and were largely paid out within a few months, the current disbursements, involving only about one-fourth as large a sum, are being spread fairly uniformly over a 12 -month period.

## Steel Expansion and Demand

In the first 7 months of 1951, production of steel ingots and castings amounted to about 61.2 million net tons, or an annual rate of 105 million tons. With the capacity of the industry on January 1, 1951, at 104.2 million tons and increasing, the industry has averaged a production rate better that 100 percent of this figure.

Such a high rate of operation reflects the strong demand for steel arising from the continued high rates of production of civilian durable goods and the increasing private capital investment in plant and equipment, and the rising steel requirements of the defense and defense-supporting industrics. Following the outbreak of war in Korea, in June of last year, the steel industry sustained rates of output close to or in excess of rated capacity, so that stecl production in the second half of 1950 averaged 98 percent of capacity as against less than 96 percent in the first 6 months of that year.

## Large expansion in capacity

There have been few periods in the history of the industry when steel operations have been maintained for relatively long periods at or close to capacity. In the last 50 years these periods have been associated with the demands of wartime and defense economies and include World War I, World War II, and the subsequent postwar years. Even in the highly prosperous years of the 1920's, steel ingot output was significantly below capacity operations.
It is of interest to note that although ingot capacity has risen steadily in the last half century, the largest additions have always occurred in periods when steel production was bumping against existing capacity. In the period from January 1, 1914, to January 1, 1919, ingot capacity was expanded by 16.5 million tons, or 37 percent; from January 1, 1940, to JJanuary 1, 1945, by 12.5 million tons, or 15 percent; and from July 1, 1950, to July 1, 1953, on the basis of the projected expansion by the industry, the increase is expected to amount to 17.4 million tons, or about 17 pereent.

## STEEL CAPACITY EXPANSION AND PRODUCTION

Expansion in steel capacity in the past five decades has been roughly equal to the increase in peak annual production over the decades with compensating differences in the depression and World War il periods. The current capacity expansion conforms with past experience in matching a rise in demand.

hare 7


From a review of the past 5 decades it appears that although the stcel industry had operated below capacity over most of the period, its capacity additions, for a variety of reasons, have tended to approximate the increase in peak year demand for steel over the decades. Chart 5 shows the additions to ingot capacity during each of the decades since 1900, compared with the increase in steel production in the peak year of the decade from the peak production year of the preceding decade.

It may be noted that in each of the first 3 decades, from 1900-1930, the added capacity was about equal to the increase in production of peak years. In the depression decade of the 30 's the industry added 9 million tons to its ingot capacity while steel production of 56.6 million tons in 1937, the peak year of that decade, was 6.6 million tons below 1929, the peak production year of the previous decade.

In the decade of the 1940's, which included World War II, production over the peak years increased by 33 million tons as compared with additions to capacity during the decade of 17 million tons. Thus, in these two decades the differences were roughly compensating, so that over the two decades as a whole, the additions to capacity were about equal to the rise in production in peak years.

In the first year of the current decade, from January 1, 1950, to July 1, 1951, the expansion in steel capacity has been 6 million tons. This compares to the increase in production in the 7-year period from the decade peak in 1944 to the first half (at annual rate) of 1951 of 15.4 million tons. The expansion in capacity, as projected by the industry to the middle of 1953 , would conform with the past experience in which capacity additions have tended to match the increase in demand.

## More steel in the third and fourth quarters

Considering the current production and capacity trends of the steel industry, shipments of steel products in the second half of this year are likely to be at an annual rate of 83 million product tons. This is 3 million tons above the rate of the first half of this year and 14 millions above that of the first half of 1950 .

Allotments of steel to consumers in the fourth quarter of this year have been announced by the National Production Authority under the Controlled Materials Plan. These allotments add to a total tonnage of steel products in the fourth quarter at an annual rate of 96 million product tons, compared with an estimated new supply of 85 million tons. Although the allotments exceed the supply, on the basis of World War II experience, it was assumed that not all of the allotments made to the claimant agencies would find their way to the mills in the form of authorized orders from manufacturers, i. e., that the rate of "slippage" would be high. On this basis, it was assumed that the effective demand would be much closer to the supply. To make any unforeseen adjustment that would be required in the fourth quarter, 5 percent of the supply was withheld by the NPA from the allotments.

Only tentative estimates can be made at this time of the probable shipments of steel products to consuming industries in the fourth quarter of this year, on the basis of the announced allotments. A further complication in making comparisons with 1950 is that the classification of consuming industries in the allotments categories differ in many instances from the usual classification reported by the American Iron and Steel Institute.

Table 3 presents a comparison of the allotments in the fourth quarter by 11 major consuming groups with shipments in the first half of 1950 . In some categories the
estimates are rough in view of the difficulties of the classification problem. The final column of the table gives the probable distribution of the total estimated supply obtained by reducing the figures in the allotment distribution proportionatcly by the ratio of total supply to total allotments (including the 5 percent withheld). The allotment for military, atomic energy, ordinance and shipbuilding, however, were not reduced since steel for these purposes would have top priority and would flow in the amounts claimed by these agencies.

The use of a proportionate distribution for the other categories, in trimming down the allotments to the supply. is, of course, quite arbitrary. It is believed, however, that this procedure would not greatly distort the picture since some companies in each of the categories would cither not "cash in" all of their CMP allotments or would fail to obtain delivery on all of their allotments during the period.

Table 3.-Shifts in Shipments of Steel Products to Consuming Industries First Half of 1950 to Fourth Quarter 1951

| Item | First half 1950 shipments | Fourth quarter 1951 allotments | Fourth quarter 1951 estimated shipments ${ }^{3}$ | Percent change from first half 1950 to fourth |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Millions of net tons, at annual rate |  |  | 1951 |
| Automotive | 16.0 | 13.9 | 12.8 | -20 |
| Military, atomic energy, etc | 1.6 | 8.8 | 8.8 | +450 |
| Construction. | 5.0 | 10.6 | 9.8 | +96 |
| Railroad equipment | 4.3 | 7.6 | 7.0 | $+63$ |
| Petroleum | 6.8 | 7.2 | 6.6 | -3 |
| Containers | 5.6 | 6.5 | 6.0 | 7 |
| Exports | 2. 4 | 2. 7 | 2.5 | $+4$ |
| Consumer durables (other than autos) -..---- | 5.0 | 3.5 | 3.2 | $-36$ |
| Ordnance and shipbuilding (including maritime) | . 3 | 1.1 | 1.1 | $+267$ |
| Machinery and equipment (including farm). | 9.7 13.5 | 15.0 | 13.9 13.6 | +43 +1 |
| Total. | 70.2 | 91.6 | 85.3 | $+22$ |
| Reserves for program adjustment and self certification |  | 4.6 |  |  |
| Total allotments. |  | 96.2 |  |  |
| Estimated supply | 70.2 | 85.3 |  | --------- |

${ }^{1}$ Cialculated on the assumption that allotments are reduced proportionately to the total supply, except for direct military, ordnance and shipbuilding allotments.

WOTE. -The CMP allotments include 3 million tons of steel castings made by stent found Note.-The CMP allotments include 3 million tons of steel castings made by steel found ries not reported to the American Iron and Steel Institute. The Institute's figur
first half ol 1950 have been adjusted to include 1 million tons of such steel castings.
Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economies-based on reclassi Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economies-based on reclassi
fication of data of the American Iron and Stecl Institute for the first half of 1950 and allot fication of data of the American Iron and Sted Institute for the first half of 1950 and allot
ments for the fourth quarter 1951, plus the application of limitation orders as announced by ments for the fourth quarter 1951, plation Production Authority.

The most striking changes in the fourth quarter estimated shipments from those of the first half of last year are: (1) the sharp rise in the direct military; (2) the large increases in construction and machinery and transportation equipment; and, the sizeable curtailment for the automotive anc other consumer durable goods users.
The increase of about three-fifths in the shipments to the construction and machinery industries reflects the toolins up for defense as well as the expanded facilities programs o businessmen. The reduction in steel shipments to the auto motive industry is due to the curtailment in passenger ca production to 60 percent of the rate in the first half of 1950 or to about $1,100,000$ passenger cars. Since trucks anc repair parts are not cut back, the decline in steel shipment for the industry is estimated at 20 percent. A reduction o about 35 percent from the rate of steel consumed in the firs half of 1950 is in prospect for the producers of consume durables other than automobiles. Shipments of steel to th remaining consuming industries shown in the table are no expected to differ significantly from the rate of the first hal of last year.
(Continued on page 21)

Regional increases in PRIVATE NONAGRICULTURAL INCOME from 1949 to 1950 were quite uniform.


However, wide variations in regional movements in AGRIGULTURAL INGOME .....

and in GOVERNMENT INCOME PAYMENTS .....

together with the differing regional importance of these two sources, resulted in less uniform increases in TOTAL INCOME than in private nonagricultural income.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERGE, OFFICE OF BUSINESS ECONOMICS

By ROBERT E. GRAHAM, JR.

## State Income Payments in 1950

Income payments to individuals ${ }^{1}$ in 1950 were higher than in 1949 in every State of the Nation. Against the setting of a generally expansionary economic situation, total income moved up at similar rates throughout most sections of the country.

In all but five States total income in 1950 was at record levels, and in those five it was only slightly below the highs attained in 1947 or 1948.

Nationally, total income increased from $\$ 196$ billion in 1949 to $\$ 217$ billion in $1950-\mathrm{a}$ rise of 11 percent. On a regional basis, the largest relative gains were scored by the agricultural Northwest and the Southeast, where income rose 14 and 12 percent, respectively. Total income growth in the Central and Far West regions matched that of the country as a whole, while the 10 percent rise in New England and the Middle East was only a little less. The smallest income advance- 8 percent-occurred in the Southwest, which had outpaced all other regions in 1949.

Among the individual States, the largest increases were in Montana ( 23 percent), Nebraska (18 percent), and South Dakota ( 18 percent). In each of these States a large upsurge in farm income provided the prime impetus to the expansion of total income. Following the top-ranking advances in these three heavily agricultural States were increases of 16 percent in North Dakota and North Carolina and 15 percent in Delaware, Florida, and Mississippi. Five of these eight States (all' except Delaware, Florida, and North Carolina, where agriculture is much less important) are among the seven States which sustained the largest declines in both total income and agricultural income in 1949.

Because of the tendency for the 1949-50 income changes in most States to fall within a comparatively narrow range, regional shifts in the geographic distribution of income last year were not generally of appreciable magnitude. However, considerable regional pattern in the shifts is evidenced. As shown in table 1, in 15 of the 20 States of the Northwest and Southeast-the two regions where the relative income rise was largest-the rate of increase in total income equalled or exceeded that of the country as a whole. Furthermore, the eight States with the largest gains in 1950 are all, with the exception of Delaware, located in these two regions. Conversely, in the Southwest, New England, and Middle East, where percentage increases in total income were less than average, only four States experienced gains exceeding that for the country as a whole. In the Far West and Central regions, where income expansion kept pace with that of the Nation, nearly all States registered increases similar to the national average.

[^0]For the country as a whole, per capita income payments (total income divided by total population) were $\$ 1,436$ in 1950. This was 9 percent above the 1949 average of $\$ 1,320$ and higher than in any other year. For all regions except the Southwest, increases in per capita income approximated that for the Nation. In the Southwest the relative lag in total income, together with a further increase in population, resulted in a per capita income gain of only 6 percent in 1950.

Average incomes in 1950 ranged from $\$ 698$ in Mississippi to more than $\$ 1,900$ in Delaware and the District of Columbia. Others in the top rank included Delaware ( $\$ 1,909$ ), Nevada ( $\$ 1,875$ ), New York ( $\$ 1,864$ ), Connecticut ( $\$ 1,776$ ), Illinois ( $\$ 1,752$ ) and California ( $\$ 1,751$ ).
This article continues the series of reports on State income payments which have been published annually in the Survey of Current Business. It presents estimates for each State and the District of Columbia of total and per capita income payments for 1950. Also included are revised estimates of total income payments for 1948 and 1949 and of per capita income payments for 1940-49. The estimates of both total income and per capita income are shown for all years of the 1929-50 period, in tables 7 and 8 respectively.

The revisions of total income represent adjustments to revised national totals of certain components and incorporate better and more complete State data that became available in the past year. The revisions of per capita income stem, additionally, from the use of revised State population estimates. Intercensal population estimates of the Bureau of the Census, which are adjusted to the population counts of the 1940 and 1950 Censuses of Population, were used in computing per capita income in lieu of the unofficial estimates provided by the Bureau for use in last year's report.

## Income Changes from 1949 to 1950

The year 1950 opened on a strong note of recovery from the business downturn of 1949. The upward movement of economic activity characterizing the first 6 months of the year was sharply accelerated by developments following the outbreak of hostilities in Korea. Under the impact of new de-mand-pressures from business, consumers, and government, production forged ahead and prices rose sharply.
Income advanced in all major sectors of the economy from 1949 to 1950. However, there were wide differences among States in relative changes in income from agriculture, government, manufacturing, and the trade and service industries.

Table 1.-Percent Distribution of, and Relative Changes in, Total Income Payments, by States and Regions, Selected Years, 1929-50 ${ }^{1}$

| State and region | Percent distribution |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Pereent change |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1929 | 1940 | 1944 | 1945 | 1946 | 1947 | 1948 | 1949 | 1950 | 1929 to 1050 | 1940 to 1950 | $\begin{gathered} 1944 \text { to } \\ 1950 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 194 ; \text { to } \\ 1950 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1948 \text { to } \\ 1949 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1949 \text { to } \\ & 1950 \end{aligned}$ |
| Continental United States | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100. 00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | $+163$ | +186 | +42 | +27 | -3 | +11 |
| New England | 8. 22 | 8.07 | 6. 99 | 6. 90 | 6. 92 | 6.82 | 6.68 | 6.74 | 6.68 | $+114$ | +137 | +36 | +23 | -2 | $+10$ |
| Connceticut | 1.77 | 1.87 | 1. 76 | 1. 66 | 1. 64 | 1. 69 | 1.63 | 1. 63 | 1. 64 | $+144$ | $+151$ | +32 | $+27$ | -3 | +11 |
| Maine | . 54 | . 57 | . 57 | . 55 | . 54 | . 53 | . 53 | . 52 | . 50 | +141 | $+151$ | +23 | +18 | -5 | +i |
| Massachusetts | 4. 58 | 4.36 | 3. 55 | 3.57 | 3.62 | 3. 48 | 3.43 | 3. 51 | 3.46 | +49 | $+12 \overline{ }$ | $+38$ | +22 | -1 | +9 |
| New Hampshire. | . 37 | . 35 | . 28 | . 30 | . 32 | . 32 | . 31 | . 31 | . 31 | $+123$ | $+150$ | $-57$ | $+23$ | -3 | $+9$ |
| Rhode Island. | . 70 | . 67 | . 63 | . 61 | . 58 | . 58 | - 57 | . 51. | . 56 | +112 | +141 | +28 | $+23$ | -3 | $+11$ |
| Vermont. | . 26 | . 25 | . 20 | . 21 | . 22 | . 22 | . 21 | . 21 | . 21 | +108 | +141 | -49 | $+21$ | -5 | +11 |
| Middle East | 33.70 | 32. 06 | 27.68 | 27.96 | 28.31 | 27. 90 | 27.61 | 27.92 | 27.74 | $+116$ | +148 | +42 | $+25$ | -2 | $+10$ |
| Delaware | . 26 | . 31 | . 26 | . 25 | . 25 | . 25 | . 25 | . 27 | . 28 | $+179$ | $+155$ | +51 | +41 | +4 | +1.5 |
| District of Columbia | . 77 | 1.19 | . 99 | 1.03 | 1.01 | . 94 | . 90 | . 96 | . 95 | $+222$ | $+127$ | +36 | +19 | +4 | $+9$ |
| Maryland | 1. 34 | 1.61 | 1.68 | 1. 61 | 1. 59 | 1. 54 | 1.52 | 1.56 | 1.56 | $+206$ | $+177$ | -32 | $+24$ | 17 | +11 |
| New Jersey | 3. 96 | 4.14 | 3.81 | 3.69 | 3.62 | 3.53 | 3. 48 | 3.57 | 3.56 | $+137$ | $+147$ | +33 | $+25$ | -1 | +11 |
| New York. | 17.53 | 15. 60 | 12.73 | 13. 13 | 13.51 | 13. 23 | 13. 13 | 13.29 | 13. 03 | +95 | $+139$ | $+4.5$ | $+23$ | -2 | +1 |
| Pennsylvania | 8.88 | 8.21 | 7.31 | 7.30 | 7.37 | 7.39 | 7.29 | 7.29 | 7. 39 | +119 | +158 | +43 | +28 | -3 | +1: |
| West Virginia. | . 96 | 1.00 | . 90 | . 95 | . 96 | 1.02 | 1.04 | . 98 | . 97 | $+166$ | $+178$ | +53 | $+29$ | -8 | +1 |
| Southeast | 10.51 | 11.93 | 14. 29 | 14. 41 | 13. 90 | 13.75 | 13.76 | 13. 78 | 13.95 | $+249$ | $+235$ | $+38$ | $+27$ | -3 | $+1:$ |
| Alabama | . 97 | 1.01 | 1.29 | 1.31 | 1.22 | 1.24 | 1.23 | 1.18 | 1. 18 | +219 | $+236$ | +29 | +22 | $-7$ | +1: |
| Arkansas | . 68 | . 65 | . 66 | . 79 | . 79 | . 74 | . 78 | 1.3 | . 73 | $+181$ | $+220$ | $+36$ | +17 | -10 | $+1$ |
| Florida. | . 84 | 1. 19 | 1. 59 | 1. 60 | 1. 49 | 1.43 | 1.39 | 1. 49 | 1.55 | $+386$ | $+275$ | +39 | +32 | +4 | +1: |
| Georgia- | 1. 16 | 1.30 | 1. 58 | 1. 58 | 1. 52 | 1. 52 | 1. 48 | 1.49 | 1.54 | +251 | $+240$ | $+38$ | $+29$ | -2 | +1. |
| Kentucky | 1.17 | 1. 16 | 1.20 | 1.25 | 1.25 | 1.24 | 1.27 | 1. 26 | 1.24 | $+1: 9$ | $+206$ | $+46$ | $+26$ | -4 | +! |
| Louisiana | 1.04 | 1.12 | 1.33 | 1. 28 | 1. 19 | 1. 20 | 1. 25 | 1.35 | 1. 29 | $+226$ | +232 | $+37$ | $+38$ | $+5$ | $+1$ |
| Mississippi | . 66 | . 58 | . 80 | . 78 | . 70 | . 74 | . 76 | . 67 | . 20 | $+180$ | $+243$ | $+25$ | $+27$ | -14 | $+1$ |
| North Carolina. | 1.17 | 1. 49 | 1.65 | 1. 69 | 1. 76 | 1. 74 | 1.71 | 1. 71 | 1.79 | +302 | +243 | $+53$ | $+29$ | -3 | $+1$ |
| South Carolina. | . 53 | . 72 | . 84 | . 84 | . 83 | . 81 | . 83 | . 81 | . 81 | +302 | $+223$ | $+36$ | +24 | -6 | $+1$ |
| Tennessee. | 1. 10 | 1.22 | 1. 52 | 1. 59 | 1.49 | 1.48 | 1. 45 | 1.45 | 1. 46 | $+250$ | +242 | $+36$ | +25 | -3 | $+1$ |
| Virginia | 1.19 | 1.49 | 1. 73 | 1.70 | 1.66 | 1.61 | 1. 61 | 1. 64 | 1. 66 | $+265$ | +210 | $+36$ | $+27$ | -1 | $+1$ |
| Southwest | 5. 03 | 5. 15 | 6.21 | 6. 09 | 5.93 | 6.22 | 6.16 | 6. 60 | 6.43 | $+236$ | +257 | +47 | $+38$ | +4 | $+$ |
| Arizona. | . 30 | . 31 | . 39 | . 38 | . 38 | . 39 | . 41 | . 42 | . 43 | $+282$ | $+295$ | $+58$ | +45 | $-1$ | $+1$ |
| New Mexico. | $\stackrel{19}{ }$ | . 25 | . 28 | . 29 | . 29 | . 30 | . 30 | . 34 | . 35 | $+376$ | +303 | +80 | +56 | $+9$ | $+1$ |
| Oklahoma | 1.31 | 1.09 | 1.21 | 1.17 | 1.13 | 1. 15 | 1. 14 | 1.17 | 1. 10 | +121 | +188 | +29 | +24 | $-1$ | $+$ |
| Texas. | 3.23 | 3.50 | 4. 33 | 4.25 | 4. 13 | 4.38 | 4.31 | 4.67 | 4.55 | $+270$ | +272 | $+49$ | $+40$ | +5 | $+$ |
| Central. | 29.32 | 28.56 | 27.55 | 27. 65 | 28.09 | 28.35 | 29.22 | 28.48 | 28.55 | $+156$ | $+186$ | $+47$ | $+29$ | -5 | $+1$ |
| Illinois | 8.52 | 7.57 | 6. 72 | 6. 90 | 7.11 | 7.18 | 7.41 | 7. 15 | 7.06 | $+118$ | $+167$ | $+49$ | $+26$ | -6 | $+$ |
| Indiana. | 2.27 | 2.45 | 2.58 | 2. 62 | 2. 53 | 2. 58 | 2.67 | 2. 60 | 2.64 | $+206$ | $+209$ | $+45$ | $+33$ | -6 | +1 |
| Iowa. | 1.63 | 1. 63 | 1. 51 | 1. 56 | 1.74 | 1. 56 | 1. 88 | 1. 70 | 1. 72 | $+277$ | +203 | +61 | +25 | -12 | +1 |
| Michigan. | 4. 29 | 4.51 | 4. 73 | 4. 39 | 4.38 | 4. 61 | 4. 53 | 4. 56 | 4. 66 | +186 | +196 | +40 | +35 | -2 | +1 |
| Minnesota. | 1. 75 | 1.88 | 1. 60 | 1. 22 | 1. 84 | 1.85 | 1. 92 | 1.85 | 1.84 | $+177$ | +181 | +63 | +27 | -6 | +1 |
| Missouri | 2.67 | 2. 52 | 2. 39 | 2. 44 | 2. 36 | 2. 48 | 2. 57 | 2. 56 | 2. 56 | $+152$ | $+190$ | $+52$ | $+27$ | -3 | $+1$ |
| Ohio. | 5. 95 | 5.86 | 5. 85 | 5.80 | 5. 69 | 5.80 | 5.95 | 5. 79 | 5. 80 | +156 | $+183$ | $+40$ | +30 | -6 | +1 |
| W isconsin | 2.24 | 2.14 | 2.17 | 2. 22 | 2.24 | 2.29 | 2. 29 | 2.27 | 2.27 | $+167$ | +205 | +48 | +29 | -4 | +1 |
| Northwest | 4.75 | 4. 44 | 4.98 | 4.99 | 4.95 | 5. 30 | 5.23 | 4.98 | 5.11 | $+183$ | $+230$ | $+46$ | +31 | $-7$ | + |
| Colorado | . 77 | . 78 | . 75 | . 81 | . 81 | . 88 | . 86 | . 86 | . 86 | +194 | $+216$ | $+61$ | +35 | -3 | $+$ |
| Idaho. | . 28 | . 31 | . 35 | . 34 | . 36 | . 36 | . 36 | . 36 | . 35 | +232 | $+229$ | $+42$ | $+25$ | -3 | $+$ |
| Kansas. | 1.20 | 1.00 | 1. 30 | 1. 23 | 1.17 | 1.29 | 1. 18 | 1. 16 | 1. 18 | $+157$ | +239 | +29 | +28 | -4 | $t$ |
| Montana | . 39 | . 42 | . 36 | . 37 | . 39 | . 43 | . 44 | . 40 | . 44 | +195 | +199 | +72 | $+43$ | -11 | +: |
| Nebraska | . 92 | .75 | . 88 | . 87 | . 86 | . 84 | . 91 | . 85 | . 90 | +157 | $+245$ | $+46$ | $+33$ | $-10$ | $+$ |
| North Dakota | . 32 | . 31 | . 37 | . 37 | . 36 | . 47 | . 42 | . 36 | . 37 | $+207$ | +242 | $+45$ | +31 | -18 | $t$ |
| South Dakota | . 35 | . 32 | . 37 | . 40 | . 40 | . 42 | . 46 | . 37 | . 40 | $+200$ | $+257$ | +51 | $+28$ | -22 | $+$ |
| Utah | . 33 | . 35 | . 42 | . 42 | . 41 | . 41 | . 40 | . 41 | . 41 | $+225$ | $+233$ | $+37$ | $+27$ | 0 | $+$ |
| W yoming | .19 | . 20 | . 18 | . 18 | .19 | . 20 | . 20 | . 21 | . 20 | $+185$ | +191 | +61 | $+33$ | 0 | $-1$ |
| Far West | 8.47 | 9.79 | 12.30 | 12.00 | 11.90 | 11.66 | 11.34 | 11.50 | 11.54 | +258 | +237 | +33 | $+23$ | -2 |  |
| California | 6.31 | 7.39 | 8.96 | 8.83 | 8.88 | 8. 66 | 8.39 | 8.53 | 8. 53 | +255 | $+231$ | +35 | $+22$ | -1 | + |
| Nevada | . 09 | . 12 | . 14 | . 14 | . 14 | . 14 | . 13 | . 14 | . 14 | +305 | $+226$ | +41 | $+26$ | -1 | $+$ |
| Oregon | . 73 | . 83 | 1.09 | 1.06 | 1.04 | 1.08 | 1.07 | 1.05 | 1.07 | +285 | $+267$ | +39 | +31 | -4 | $+$ |
| Washington | 1. 34 | 1. 45 | 2. 11 | 1.97 | 1.84 | 1. 78 | 1. 75 | 1. 78 | 1. 80 | +254 | $+250$ | $+21$ | +25 | -2 | + |

The varying rates of change in these major income sources in relation to their differing importance in the economies of the various States (see table 6), tended to form patterns of generally offsetting change. On balance, then, aggregate income increased at broadly similar rates in most parts of the country.

In conformity with past experience, agricultural income proved the most volatile of the major income flows. The national rise of 6 percent in this component was the composite of changes on a State basis ranging from declines as large as one-fourth to increases up to two-thirds. Disparities in changes in government income payments stemmed largely from sharp increases in military payrolls, the disproportionate concentration of military installation in the two Southern regions, and the payment by some State governments of bonuses to veterans in either 1949 or 1950. Differential changes in factory payrolls reflected largely variations among the States and regions in the proportion of durable goods manufactures to total manufactures. As usual, geographic differences in changes in trade and service income were smaller than the changes in the primary flows. However, these differences were more disparate in 1950 than in the prior postwar period.

## Farm income

Nationally, the 6 percent rise in farm income from 1949 to 1950 was the smallest of any major income component, both in dollar volume and percentagewise. This rise reflected mainly the composite effects of the increase in farm prices which began in early 1950 and accelerated following the outbreak of hostilities in Korea; a small decrease in the aggregate volume of crop production (but, the 1950 crop was the third largest on record); a slight increase in total meat production; and a moderate rise in farm production expenses.

Although, on a Nation-wide basis, moderateness was the keynote in the change in most factors influencing farm income in 1950, this by no means held true among the individual States.

Nationally, a drop of nearly 40 percent in cotton producion, together with an increase of about two-fifths in average rice, resulted in a relatively small decrease in the value If cotton production in 1950. By States, however, there vere declines of one-fourth to more than one-third in North Zarolina, Texas, and Oklahoma, and gains ranging from me-tenth to more than two-fifths in Georgia, Mississippi, trizona, and California.
Similarly, for the country as a whole, the values of corn nd wheat production in 1950 were not too different from 949. In Texas, however, wheat production dropped 75 rercent, while in Montana it increased one-half and in Jebraska almost two-thirds. Changes in the value of corn roduction from 1949 to 1950 varied between small, but gnificant, declines of 3 and 4 percent, respectively, in llinois and Iowa to gains of nearly one-fourth in Nebraska ad Missouri.
Changes in agricultural income in 1950 were most proounced in the States of the Northwest and Southwest-the ost agricultural of the regions. In the Northwest, farm come increased one-fourth from 1949 to 1950 and total come went up 14 percent. In the Southwest, income from rriculture dropped one-sixth and total income rose only pereent.
The wide fluctuations in farm income in these two areasith their consequent impact upon changes in aggregate come-reflect, in the main, sharp declines in the value of th cotton and wheat production in Texas and Oklahoma; e nearly complete destruction of the wheat crop in New exico; an increase of more than two-fifths in the value of

Table 2.-Percent Changes, 1949 to 1950, in Total Income Payments and Selected Components, by States and Regions

| State and region |  | Agri-cultural income 1 | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { Non- } \\ \text { agrieal- } \\ \text { tural } \\ \text { income } \end{array}$ | Government income payments ${ }^{2}$ | Private nonagricultural income ${ }^{3}$ | Trade and service income ${ }^{4}$ | Manu-facturing pay rolls |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Continental United States | +11 | $+6$ | +11 | $+14$ | +11 | $+9$ | +13 |
| New England | +10 +11 | -5 -13 | +10 +12 | +8 +6 | +11 +13 | +8 +9 | +13 +15 |
| Maine. | +6 | -11 | +8 | $+7$ | +8 | +7 | $+9$ |
| Massachusetts | +9 | -3 | +10 | +9 | $+10$ | +7 | +11 |
| New Hampshire | $+9$ | 0 | $+10$ | +8 | $+10$ | $+10$ | +13 |
| Rhode Isiand | $+11$ | -10 | $+11$ | +6 | $+13$ | $+10$ | +16 |
| Vermont. | +11 | +14 | +10 | +9 | +11 | $+10$ | $+13$ |
| Middle East | +10 | +3 | $+10$ | +14 | $+9$ | +8 | +9 |
| Delaware | +15 | $+17$ | +14 | $+17$ | +14 | +11 | $+15$ |
| Distriet of Columbia | $+9$ |  | $+9$ | +11 | $+7$ | $+6$ | $+4$ |
| Maryland. | +11 | -3 | +11 | $+13$ | +11 | +11 | $+9$ |
| New Jersey | +11 | $+7$ | +11 | +11 | +11 | +11 | $+11$ |
| New York | +9 | +12 | +9 | +8 | +9 | +7 | +8 |
| Pennsylvania | $+12$ | -4 | +18 | +29 | $+10$ | +9 | $+10$ |
| West Virginia | $+9$ | -1 | +10 | +19 | +8 | $+7$ | $+8$ |
| Southeast. | +12 | +6 | +13 | +16 | $+12$ | +12 | +15 |
| Alabama | +11 | +3 | +12 | $+15$ | +12 | $+13$ | +14 |
| Arkansas | +11 | +8 | +11 | $+13$ | +11 | +10 | $+17$ |
| Florida. | $+15$ | +25 | +14 | +19 | +13 | $+12$ | +12 |
| Georgia | +14 | +14 | +14 | +19 | +13 | +11 | +19 |
| Kentucky | +9 | -16 | +14 | +19 | +12 | +11 | +16 |
| Lonisiana | +6 | -7 | $+8$ | $+5$ | $+8$ | $+11$ | $+10$ |
| Mississippi | +15 | +18 | +14 | $+19$ | +13 | +12 | $+23$ |
| North Carolina | +16 | +12 | $+16$ | +20 | $+16$ | $+14$ | $+17$ |
| South Carolina | +11 | +1 | +13 | +12 | $+13$ | +13 | +14 |
| Tennessee. | +12 | -6 | +14 | +17 | $+13$ | +11 | +14 |
| Virginia | $+12$ | +9 | $+12$ | $+17$ | $+10$ | $+10$ | +12 |
| Slouthwest. | +8 | -17 | +13 | +21 | +11 | +12 | $+13$ |
| Arizona. | +13 | +12 | +13 | +18 | $+12$ | $+12$ | +11 |
| New Mexcio | +14 | -13 | +19 | +25 | +17 | $+16$ | +42 |
| Oklahoma | +4 | -28 | +11 | +14 | +9 | $+12$ | +9 |
| Texas. | +8 | -17 | +13 | +23 | +11 | +11 | +13 |
| Central | $+11$ | +5 | +12 | +11 | +12 | $+10$ | $+15$ |
| Ilinois. | +9 | + 7 | +9 | +11 | +9 | +8 | +12 |
| Indiana. | +13 | $+1$ | +14 | +12 | +14 | +12 | +18 |
| Iowa. | +12 | +22 | +9 | +4 | $+10$ | $+10$ | $+10$ |
| Michigan | $+13$ | -8 | +14 | $+9$ | $+15$ | +12 | $+18$ |
| Minnesota | +10 | -5 | +13 | +20 | $+12$ | +11 | $+12$ |
| Missouri. | $+11$ | +14 | $+10$ | +14 | $+10$ | +9 | $+11$ |
| Ohio | +11 | -3 | $+12$ | +11 | $+12$ | $+10$ | +15 |
| Wisconsin | +11 | -1 | +12 | $+12$ | $+12$ | +12 | +15 |
| Northwest | +14 | +23 | +11 | +14 | $+10$ | +10 | +12 |
| Colorado | +11 | -12 | +14 | +18 | +13 | +12 | +15 |
| Idaho. | +9 | +4 | +11 | +15 | +11 | +9 | $+15$ |
| Kansas | +12 | $+17$ | +11 | $+13$ | $+11$ | +11 | +14 |
| Montana | +23 | $+64$ | +11 | +15 | $+10$ | $+10$ | + |
| Nebraska | +18 | +37 | +11 | +15 | +9 | +11 | $+10$ |
| North Dakota | $+16$ | +31 | $+8$ | +6 | $+9$ | +10 | 10 |
| South Dakota | +18 | +34 | +10 | +12 | $+9$ | +9 | +2 |
| Utah. | +9 | -2 | +10 | $+12$ | $+10$ | +10 | + |
| W yoming | +-8 | +12 | $+7$ | $+20$ | +3 | +7 | +3 |
| Far West - | +11 | $+17$ | $+11$ | $+14$ | +10 | $+7$ | +14 |
| California | +11 | $+15$ | +11 | +12 | $+10$ | $+7$ | $+15$ |
| Nevada. | $+13$ | $+6$ | +14 | $+30$ | +11 | $+12$ | $+16$ |
| Oregon. | +12 | $+20$ | $+12$ | +12 | $+11$ | $+9$ | +16 |
| Washington | +12 | +28 | +11 | +22 | +8 | +8 | +9 |

${ }^{1}$ Consists of net income farm proprietors (including value of change in inventories of crops and livestock), farm wages, and net rents to landlords living on farms.
${ }_{2}$ Consists of pay of State and local and of Federal civilian employees, net pay of the armed forces, family-allowance payments to dependents of enlisted military personnel, voluntary alotments of military pay to individuals, mustering-out payments to discharged servicemen, veterans benent payments (consisting of pensions and disability compensation, readjustment bonuses to veterans of World War II, cash terminal-leave payments and redemptions of terminal-leave bonds, adjusted compensation benefits, military reticement payments, national service life insurance dividend disbursements, and interest payments by Government on veterans loans), interest payments to individuals, public assistance and other direct relief, and benefit payments from social insurance funds.
${ }^{3}$ Consists of total income payments minus agricultural income and Government income payments.

4 Consists of wages and salaries and proprietors' income.
Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.
cotton production in Arizona; and large increases in the value of production of wheat, corn, and other grains in Montana. Nebraska, North Dakota, and South Dakota.

Though less pronounced than in the States of the Northwest and Southwest, fluctuations in farm income made major contributions toward swelling aggregate income in Florida, Mississippi, Delaware, Iowa, and the three Pacific Coast States. Declines in agricultural income were partly responsible for the below-average increases in total income in Kentucky, Louisiana, and Minnesota.

Table 3.-Percent Increases, 1940 to 1950, in Total Income Payments and Selected Components, by States and Regions

| State and region | Total ncome payments | Agri. cultural income ${ }^{1}$ |  | Government income payments | Private nonagiincome ${ }^{1}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Trade } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { service } \\ \text { ineome } \end{gathered}$ | Manu-facturing pay rolls |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Continental United | 186 | 198 | 186 | 218 | 179 | 196 | 219 |
| New England | 137 | 128 | 137 | 164 | 133 | 152 | 171 |
| Connecticut | 151 | 115 | 152 | 197 | 147 | 174 | 163 |
| Maine | 151 | 149 | 152 | 166 | 149 | 157 | 186 |
| Massachusetts | 127 | 108 | 128 | 154 | 123 | 141 | 173 |
| New Hampshire | 150 | 215 | 148 | 161 | 145 | 168 | 191 |
| Rhode Island.... | 141 | 54 | 141 | 173 | 136 | 158 | 169 |
| Vermont-- | 141 | 141 | 141 | 163 | 137 | 151 | 180 |
| Middle East | 148 | 126 | 148 | 173 | 144 | 165 | 188 |
| Delaware | 155 | 133 | 156 | 209 | 150 | 184 | 224 |
| District of Columbia | 127 |  | 127 | 145 | 114 | 165 | 144 |
| Maryland... | 177 | 127 | 179 | 303 | 160 | 216 | 171 |
| New Jersey | 147 | 168 | 146 | 174 | 143 | 179 | 169 |
| New York | 139 | 115 | 140 | 150 | 138 | 153 | 198 |
| Pennsylvania | 158 | 128 | 159 | 198 | 152 | 174 | 188 |
| West Virginia. | 178 | 104 | 182 | 215 | 176 | 205 | 188 |
| Southeast. | 235 | 176 | 246 | 318 | 228 | 239 | 271 |
| Alabama | 236 | 165 | 248 | 330 | 229 | 238 | 270 |
| Arkansas | 220 | 162 | 245 | 255 | 241 | 235 | 302 |
| Florida | 275 | 351 | 268 | 374 | 246 | 267 | 262 |
| Georgia | 240 | 146 | 257 | 324 | 242 | 238 | 304 |
| Kentucky | 206 | 135 | 219 | 272 | 207 | 224 | 280 |
| Louisiana | 232 | 181 | 238 | 324 | 218 | 239 | 266 |
| Mississippi | 243 | 206 | 258 | 315 | 237 | 270 | 284 |
| North Carolina | 243 | 210 | 250 | 339 | 232 | 245 | 251 |
| South Carolina | 223 | 112 | 248 | 234 | 252 | 229 | 316 |
| Tennessee. | 242 | 134 | 260 | 326 | 246 | 247 | 279 |
| Virginia | 219 | 184 | 223 | 344 | 192 | 208 | 226 |
| Southwest.. | 257 | 194 | 269 | 334 | 254 | 272 | 344 |
| Arizona | 295 | 392 | 278 | 273 | 280 | 282 | 350 |
| New Mexico | 303 | 143 | 344 | 336 | 347 | 313 | 687 |
| Oklahoma | 188 | 76 | 212 | 238 | 205 | 215 | 240 |
| Texas... | 272 | 228 | 280 | 383 | 260 | 284 | 364 |
| Central. | 186 | 192 | 186 | 184 | 186 | 191 | 226 |
| Illinois | 167 | 209 | 165 | 166 | 165 | 165 | 217 |
| Indiana. | 209 | 247 | 205 | 193 | 207 | 235 | 244 |
| Iowa | 203 | 221 | 196 | 210 | 193 | 209 | 269 |
| Michigan | 196 | 115 | 199 | 196 | 200 | 202 | 218 |
| Minnesota | 181 | 147 | 188 | 173 | 191 | 180 | 274 |
| Missouri | 190 | 258 | 183 | 209 | 179 | 186 | 237 |
| Ohio... | 183 | 162 | 184 | 194 | 182 | 191 | ${ }_{247}^{215}$ |
| Wisconsin... | 205 | 160 | 210 | 151 | 222 | 226 | 247 |
| Northwest | 230 | 284 | 217 | 201 | 222 | 238 | 287 |
| Colorado | 216 | 218 | 216 | 218 | 216 | 224 | 277 |
| Idaho | 229 | 249 | 224 | 180 | 237 | 216 | 293 |
| Kansas. | 239 | 258 | 235 | 212 | 241 | 256 | 352 |
| Montana. | 199 | 298 | 171 | 143 | 180 | 216 | 188 |
| Nebraska | 245 | 423 | 199 | 180 | 204 | 231 | 280 |
| North Dakota | 242 | 249 | 241 | 200 | 257 | 270 | 175 |
| South Dakota. | 257 | 334 | 222 | 188 | 235 | 267 | $\stackrel{236}{ }$ |
| Utah | 233 | 172 | 240 | 279 | 230 | 233 | $\stackrel{277}{ }$ |
| Wyoming... | 191 | 143 | 206 | 195 | 209 | 247 | 260 |
| Far West | 237 | 245 | 237 | 294 | 225 | 233 | 291 |
| California | 231 | 239 | 230 | 288 | 218 | 224 | 301 |
| Nevada | 226 | 311 | 218 | 237 | 213 | 309 | 571 |
| Oregon | 267 | ${ }_{225}^{225}$ | 271 | ${ }_{3}^{271}$ | 271 | 267 | 320 |
| Washington | 256 | 278 | 254 | 336 | 233 | 256 | 237 |

${ }^{1}$ For definition see footnotes to table 2.
Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

## Government income payments

There was a 14 percent rise from 1949 to 1950 in government income payments-the total of wages and salaries, interest, social insurance benefits, and other types of income disbursements to individuals by Federal, State, and local agencies. This rise stemmed almost entirely from the $\$ 2.7$ billion disbursement of Government life insurance dividends and from an increase of about one-third in the cash pay of military personnel stationed within the continental limits. The rise in government income payments other than insurance dividends and military pay was slight, and much smaller than the 1949-50 increase in private income.

The 1950 dividend disbursement was of considerable importance in swelling total incomes throughout the Nation. Because of its relatively uniform distribution, however, it had little effect on differences among States in the 1949-50 relative increases in government income payments.
On the other hand, the increase in military payrolls had a very differential impact on the government income pay-
ments distribution in 1950. Nearly one-half of all military payrolls were paid out at installations in the Southeast and Southwest in 1949. As a result of the heavy concentration of military payrolls in the two Southern regions, together with relatively large increases in them, these two areas scored above-average gains in income flowing from government.

Although in total a comparatively minor item, disbursements of State bonuses to veterans of World War II in either 1949 or 1950 were an important factor in some States in accelerating or dampening the flow of government income payments. State bonuses were mainly responsible for the substantial gains in government income payments in Pennsylvania, Minnesota, and Washington, and for the relative lags in Iowa, Louisiana, North Dakota, and Ohio. In most of these States, the unusually large or small relative increases in Government income payments had a noticeable effect upon the change in aggregate income.

In the Southeast, Southwest, and Middle East, government income payments buoyed the flow of total income. The gain of 16 percent in the Southeast, though only slightly larger than in the rest of the Nation, contributed materially to relative income growth in the region primarily because government as a source of income is of more importance here than in any other area-one-fourth again as important as ir the country as a whole. The 21-percent rise in government income payments in the Southwest was the largest in the Nation. It was primarily responsible for the region's top ranking 1949-50 rise in nonagricultural income and did mucl to ameliorate the effect of the large drop in agricultura income upon the region's total income stream.

The smallest increase in government income payment from 1949 to 1950 occurred in the New England region. Her the rise of only 8 percent-traceable to below-average in creases in all major types of governmental payments, botl Federal and State and local-was a dampening influence in the region's total-income expansion.

In the Central States, the only other region with a de creased share of Government income payments in 1950, th less-than-average importance of this income component i the region's economy tended to minimize the impact of th relative decline, and total income and private income move up at equal rates.

## Private nonagricultural income

As shown in the first chart (see also table 2), there wa marked geographic uniformity in the 1949-50 increases i private nonfarm income. In all 7 regions and in 38 of th States, the increase in private nonagricultural income w within 2 percentage points of the Nation-wide gain of 1 percent. The uniformity of changes in total income, whi considerable, was significantly less than that in private non farm income because of the unevenness of the movements i farm income and government income payments.

The most important influence underlying such variation as did occur in the State and regional increases in priva nonagricultural income was the differential impact of chang in factory payrolls.

The expansion of manufacturing wages and salaries la year-13 percent on a national basis-reflects chiefly tl recovery of the manufacturing industry by early 1950 fro the business downturn of 1949 ; the further upward mov ment of production in response to stepped-up business ar consumer demands (mostly for durables) in the mont immediately following the invasion of South Korea; and, to limited extent, the initial impact of the national defen program.

Following are the high lights of changes in factory payro in the regions where income growth was most affected.

1. Increases in factory payrolls of 17 percent in Connec
cut and 16 percent in Rhode Island were mainly responsible for bolstering the flow of private nonfarm income in New England-the area hardest hit by the drop in manufacturing activity in 1949. The large rise in Connecticut came from expansion of the State's highly important metal-working and machinery-producing industries. In Rhode Island, the sharp upturn in total factory payrolls centered in the textile industry, which accounts for almost half of all manufacturing wages and salaries in the State.
2. In the Central States, manufacturing payrolls increased 15 percent from 1949 to 1950 and were chiefly responsible for the region's top-ranking advance in private nonagricultural income. While in this region payrolls in all major types of manufactures moved up in 1950 at rates equalling or bettering those for the Nation, the main factor underlying manufacturing expansion in this area was the preponderance of durable goods industries.

In the Central States, payrolls of industries producing mainly durable goods form two-thirds of all factory payrollsa larger proportion than in any other region. As the most striking increases in manufacturing throughout the Nation occurred in the durable goods industries, the Central States were in a favorable position to participate in the expansion of factory payrolls.
3. In the Middle East, the 9-percent rise in factory pay-rolls- the smallest regional gain in the country-was a major factor in the flow of private nonfarm income. Although factory payrolls increased at less-than-average rates from 1949 to 1950 in all States of the Middle East except Delaware, the regional lag is attributable mainly to the comparative smallness of New York's 8-percent increase. This increase reflected, in part, the preponderance of nondurables in the State's manufacturing structure. However, in 4 major industries accounting for almost one-half of all factory payrolls in the State the 1949-50 increases fell below the country-wide average by a substantial margin.

Table 4.-Regional Changes in Total Income and in Private Nonagricultural Income, Selected Years

| Region | 1946 to 1950 |  | 1948 to 1950 |  | 1948 to 1949 |  | 1949 to 1950 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total income | Private nonagriincome | Total income | $\begin{gathered} \text { Private } \\ \text { nonagri- } \\ \text { cultural } \\ \text { income } \end{gathered}$ | Total income | Private nonagricultural income | Total income | Private nonagricultural income |
| United States | $+27$ | +31 | +8 | +8 | -3 | -3 | +11 | +11 |
| New England | +23 | +25 | +8 | +6 | -2 | -4 | +10 | +11 |
| Middje East | +25 | $+27$ | +8 | +6 | -2 | -3 | +10 | +9 |
| Southeast. | +27 | +36 | +9 | +10 | -3 | -2 | +12 | +12 |
| Southwest |  | +42 | $+12$ | +11 +8 | $\pm$ | 0 -3 | +8 +11 | $+11$ |
| Central | +29 +31 | +36 +41 $+\quad 20$ | +5 +5 | +8 +12 | -5 | -3 +1 | +11 +14 | +12 +10 |
| Far West. | +23 | +26 | +10 | +7 | -2 | -3 | +11 | $+10$ |

Sources: U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.
In Delaware, for the second successive year, a sharp increase in the State's important chemicals industry pushed factory payrolls up at above-average rates.

Though manufacturing activity was the major factor influencing changes in the flow of private nonagricultural income last year, relative changes in trade and service income in three regions are deserving of mention.

In the two Southern regions, all 15 States shared in these areas' considerably more-than-average increase in trade and service income. Particularly outstanding were the increases of 16 percent in New Mexico and 14 percent in North Caro-lina-the two largest in the Nation.

In the Far West, the sizable lag in trade and service income was the principal dampening factor in the growth of private nonfarm income. The relatively small increase in the trade
and service sector reflects, in part, the stability of income from motion-picture production in California.

## Comparative Movements of Total and Private Nonfarm Incomes

Private nonagricultural income is a measure which is of particular significance for evaluating short-run changes in regional economic activity. It eliminates from total income the direct effects of temporary, random elements reflected in the agricultural and governmental income flows-such as the vagaries of weather, crop damage from pests and insects, sharp variations in farm prices, disbursement of veterans' bonuses, and relocation of military personnel. These and other elements of this sort often obscure income changes in the large private nonfarm scetor and render total income an inappropriate measure of the more basic short-term developments in the State and regional economies.

Table 5.-Differentials and Relative Changes in Per Capita Income Payments, by States and Regions, Selected Years, 1929-50 ${ }^{1}$

| State and region | Percent of national per capita income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Percent change |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1929 | 1940 | 1944 | 1945 | 1946 | 1948 | 1949 | 1950 | $\begin{aligned} & 1940 \\ & 10 \\ & 1950 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1944 \\ 10 \\ 1950 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1949 \\ t 0 \\ 1950 \end{gathered}$ |
| Continental <br> United States. | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | $+150$ | +24 | $+9$ |
| New England | 123 | 126 | 112 | 110 | 111 | 106 | 107 | 108 | +115 | $+20$ | $+10$ |
| Connecticut | 135 | 144 | 130 | 125 | 122 | 120 | 121 | 123 | +114 | $+17$ | +11 |
| Maine. | 83 | 87 | 90 | 88 | 88 | 86 | 84 | 81 | $+133$ | +12 | +5 |
| Massachusetts | 132 | 133 | 112 | 112 | 114 | 106 | 109 | 111 | +169 | +23 | +11 |
| New Hampshire | 96 | 98 | 91 | 94 | 94 | 92 | 92 | 89 | $+129$ | +22 | +19 |
| Rhode Island... | 125 | 125 | 114 | 111 | 110 | 105 | 106 | 109 | $+118$ | $+18$ | +12 |
| Vermont. | 88 | 91 | 83 | 87 | 90 | 87 | 84 | 82 | $+127$ | +23 | $+7$ |
| Middle East | 136 | 131 | 118 | 120 | 119 | 116 | 117 | 117 | +123 | +23 | $+9$ |
| Delaware | 135 | 155 | 123 | 117 | 119 | 116 | 126 | 133 | +114 | +34 | $+15$ |
| Dist, of Col | 175 | 189 | 114 | 118 | 117 | 116 | 131 | 138 | +83 | +50 | +15 |
| Maryland. | 103 | 123 | 111 | 107 | 103 | 103 | 106 | 108 | +119 | +20 | +10 |
| New Jersey | 139 | 140 | 124 | 124 | 122 | 117 | 118 | 118 | $+110$ | $+17$ | $+8$ |
| New York | 165 | 150 | 132 | 138 | 137 | 131 | 131 | 130 | $+116$ | $+21$ | $+7$ |
| Pennsylvania | 113 | 109 | 105 | 106 | 106 | 104 | 104 | 106 | +143 | $+26$ | +11 |
| West Virginia. | 68 | 69 | 70 | 73 | 74 | 79 | 75 | 73 | +164 | $+30$ | +5 |
| Southeast. | 51 | 56 | 66 | 67 | 66 | 67 | 67 | 67 | $+198$ | $+25$ | $+9$ |
| Alabama | 45 | 47 | 61 | 61 | 59 | 60 | 58 | 58 | +211 | $\underline{+19}$ | +9 |
| Arkansas | 45 | 44 | 56 | 60 | 63 | 63 | 59 | 57 | $+225$ | +26 | +6 |
| Florida. | 71 | 81 | 87 | 88 | 85 | 78 | 83 | 84 | $+159$ | +19 | $+11$ |
| Georgia. | 48 | 55 | 66 | 67 | 65 | 66 | 66 | 67 | $+207$ | $+27$ | +11 |
| Kentucky | 55 | 54 | 61 | 64 | 64 | 66 | 65 | 63 | +195 | $+29$ | +6 |
| Louisiana | 61 | 62 | 71 | 70 | 65 | 70 | 76 | 73 | +192 | $+26$ | $+4$ |
| Mississippi | 40 | 35 | 50 | 50 | 48 | 54 | 48 | 49 | +242 | +20 | $+10$ |
| North Carolina-- | 45 | 55 | 61 | 64 | 67 | 65 | 64 | 66 | +201 | +33 | +12 |
| South Carolina-- | 37 | 50 | 58 | 59 | 61 | 62 | 60 | 58 | +190 | $+23$ | +5 |
| Tennessee. | 51 | 55 | 70 | 73 | 68 | 65 | 66 | 67 | +204 | +19 | $+11$ |
| Virginia. | 62 | 78 | 80 | 79 | 76 | 77 | 79 | 81 | +160 | $+25$ | $+11$ |
| Southwest | 68 | 70 | 82 | 80 | 79 | 82 | 88 | 85 | $+206$ | +28 | $+6$ |
| Arizona | 84 | 81 | 83 | 85 | 81 | 85 | 86 | 86 | +166 | +29 | $+9$ |
| New Mexico | 56 | 62 | 69 | 72 | 72 | 76 | 81 | 77 | $+212$ | +39 | +4 |
| Oklahom | 67 | 62 | 81 | 75 | 74 | 79 | 82 | 75 | +198 | +14 | $-1$ |
| Texas. | 68 | 72 | 84 | 82 | 80 | 83 | 90 | 89 | $+209$ | +31 | +7 |
| Central | 106 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 106 | 110 | 107 | 108 | +155 | $+27$ | +9 |
| Illinois | 137 | 126 | 115 | 119 | 122 | 128 | 123 | 122 | +141 | +31 | +8 |
| Indiana | 86 | 94 | 100 | 101 | 97 | 102 | 99 | 101 | +168 | +26 | +11 |
| Iowa. | 80 | 85 | 89 | 93 | 103 | 110 | 99 | 99 | +190 | $+37$ | $+9$ |
| Michigan | 110 | 113 | 115 | 106 | 105 | 107 | 108 | 110 | $+144$ | $+19$ | +11 |
| Minnesot | 83 | 89 | 84 | 90 | 96 | 98 | 94 | 93 | +161 | $+37$ | +7 |
| Missou | 90 | 88 | 90 | 92 | 96 | 98 | 98 | 98 | +177 | +35 | $+9$ |
| Ohio | 110 | 112 | 113 | 111 | 107 | 109 | 108 | 110 | +146 | +21 | $+11$ |
| Wisconsin | 93 | 90 | 97 | 99 | 100 | 102 | 102 | 100 | +177 | $+27$ | $+7$ |
| North west | 79 | 79 | 95 | 96 | 97 | 103 | 96 | 96 | $+203$ | +25 | +8 |
| Colorad | 91 | 90 | 88 | 96 | 95 | 104 | 102 | 97 | $+168$ | +36 | +3 |
| Idaho. | 76 | 77 | 89 | 92 | 98 | 95 | 92 | 90 | +191 | +25 | $+5$ |
| Kansas | 78 | 74 | 100 | 97 | 94 | 96 | 93 | 93 | $+216$ | +15 | $+9$ |
| Montana | 89 | 100 | 104 | 105 | 111 | 119 | 105 | 112 | +178 | +33 | $+15$ |
| Nebraska | 82 | 75 | 97 | 97 | 99 | 107 | 98 | 102 | +238 | +31 | +13 |
| North Dakota | 57 | 65 | 93 | 93 | 94 | 109 | 91 | 90 | +249 | +21 | +8 |
| South Dakota. | 61 | 66 | 90 | 97 | 101 | 115 | 90 | 91 | $+245$ | +25 | +10 |
| Utah | 79 | 83 | 91 | 90 | 87 | 88 | 91 | 89 | +166 | +20 | $+6$ |
| W yoming | 101 | 105 | 94 | 99 | 104 | 110 | 112 | 105 | +150 | $+38$ | $+2$ |
| Far West | 127 | 130 | 129 | 120 | 120 | 115 | 118 | 119 | $+129$ | +14 | +10 |
| California | 139 | 140 | 132 | 123 | 124 | 117 | 121 | 122 | +118 | +14 | $+10$ |
| Nevada. | 120 | 143 | 119 | 125 | 134 | 122 | 126 | 131 | $+128$ | $+36$ | +12 |
| Oregon | 94 | 100 | 112 | 108 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 106 | +165 | +17 | +10 |
| Washington.....- | 105 | 110 | 129 | 114 | 108 | 110 | 111 | 114 | +160 | $+10$ | +12 |

${ }^{1}$ Computed from data shown in table 8.
Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

This, of course, is not to suggest that comparisons of private nonfarm income over short periods can be used in any strict sense as measures of "trend"--that is, of the long-term basic tendency of income in the various States and regions to grow or decline in relation to the Nation. As discussed and emphasized in previous State income reports, regional income trends can best be measured through analysis of relative changes in total income over a considerable span, utilizing as the basis of reference years representing approximately comparable points on the business cycle. What is meant to be conveyed here is (1) the caution that short-run changes in total income-while relevant for certain types of marketing analysis and for a variety of other purposes for which the State income payments estimates are used-may be quite misleading as indicators of "fundamental" shifts in the geographic income distribution, and (2) the suggestion that changes in private nonfarm income generally are the more appropriate such indicator, particularly when they relate to years of cyclical

Table 6.-Major Sources of Income Payments in Each State and Region: Selected Components as a Percent of Total Income, 1940 and 1950

| State and region | Agricultural income ${ }^{1}$ |  | Government income payments 1 |  | Manufactur ing pay rolls |  | Trade and service income ${ }^{1}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1940 | 1950 | 1940 | 1950 | 1940 | 1950 | 1940 | 1950 |
| Continental United States | 7.2 | 7.5 | 14.5 | 16.2 | 20.3 | 22.6 | 25.5 | 26.3 |
| New England | 2.0 | 1.9 | 13.7 | 15.3 | 26.7 | 30.6 | 23.4 | 24.9 |
| Connecticut | 2.0 | 1.7 | 9.5 | 11.2 | 34.0 | 35.6 | 21. 2 | 23.1 |
| Maine | 6.0 | 5.9 | 16.0 | 16.9 | 23.3 | 26.5 | 23.5 | 24.0 |
| Massachusetts | 1.1 | 1.0 | 14.9 | 16.7 | 23.8 | 28.6 | 24.7 | 26.1 |
| New Hampshire | 2.7 | 3.4 | 14.8 | 15.5 | 26.8 | 31.2 | 23.4 | 25. 2 |
| R hode Island.-. | . 8 | . 5 | 15.3 | 17.4 | 30.6 | 34.2 | 21.8 | 23.3 |
| Vermont | 10.4 | 10.4 | 13.8 | 15.0 | 18.8 | 21.9 | 23.4 | 24.5 |
| Middle East. | 1.9 | 1.7 | 14.2 | 15. 6 | 21.2 | 24.6 | 26.2 | 28.1 |
| Delaware | 5.5 | 5.0 | 8.8 | 10.7 | 25.3 | 32.2 | 17.5 | 19.5 |
| District of Columbia |  |  | 43.3 | 46.6 | 2.8 | 3.0 | 24.0 | 27.9 |
| Maryland | 3. 6 | 2.9 | 13.0 | 18.9 | 21.1 | 20.6 | 23.9 | 27.1 |
| New Jersey | 1.6 | 1.8 | 12.2 | 13.6 | 30.4 | 33.1 | 22.1 | 25.0 |
| New York | 1.4 | 1.3 | 13.3 | 13.9 | 17.8 | 22.2 | 30.0 | 31.7 |
| Pennsylvania | 2.2 | 2.0 | 13.3 | 15.4 | 25.8 | 28.7 | 23.0 | 24.5 |
| West Virginia | 5.5 | 4.1 | 13.1 | 14.8 | 18.5 | 19.2 | 19.3 | 21.3 |
| Southeast | 15.2 | 12.5 | 16.4 | 20.5 | 15.7 | 17.4 | 25.0 | 25.3 |
| Alabama | 14.5 | 11.5 | 16.0 | 20.5 | 18.7 | 20.6 | 24.8 | 24.9 |
| Arkansas | 30.0 | 24.5 | 17.1 | 19.0 | 8.4 | 10.6 | 23.6 | 24.8 |
| Florida | 8.3 | 10.0 | 15.9 | 20.1 | 7.3 | 7.0 | 31.5 | 30.8 |
| Georgia | 15.7 | 11. 4 | 15.8 | 19.7 | 16.5 | 19.6 | 26.7 | 26.5 |
| Kentucky | 15.7 | 12.0 | 15.8 | 19.2 | 12.0 | 14.9 | 23.6 | 24.9 |
| Louisiana | 10.2 | 8.7 | 16.5 | 21.1 | 12.4 | 13.7 | 25.7 | 26. 2 |
| Mississippi | 27.6 | 24.6 | 19.0 | 22.9 | 10. 1 | 11.3 | 22.1 | 23.8 |
| North Carolina | 17.4 | 15.7 | 13.6 | 17.4 | 24.6 | 25.2 | 22.0 | 22.2 |
| South Carolina | 18. 2 | 12.0 | 19.2 | 19.9 | 21.7 | 27.9 | 22.4 | 22.8 |
| Tennessee | 14.4 | 9.8 | 15.8 | 19.6 | 18.6 | 20.6 | 25.6 | 26. 0 |
| Virginia | 9.8 | 8.8 | 18.6 | 25, 9 | 16.2 | 16.5 | 24.6 | 23.7 |
| Southwest | 15.8 | 13.1 | 15.5 | 18.9 | 8.0 | 10.0 | 25.0 | 26.0 |
| Arizona | 13.5 | 16.9 | 21.9 | 20.8 | 4. 6 | 5.2 | 25.8 | 25.0 |
| New Mexico | 20.6 | 12.4 | 21.7 | 23.4 | 2.4 | 4.7 | 23.2 | 23.8 |
| Oklahoma | 18.0 | 11.0 | 18.6 | 21.8 | 7.3 | 8.6 | 23.7 | 25.9 |
| Texas. | 15.1 | 13.3 | 13.6 | 17.6 | 9.0 | 11.2 | 25.4 | 26.3 |
| Central | 7.8 | 8.0 | 13.0 | 12.9 | 25.8 | 29.4 | 24.5 | 24.9 |
| llinois | 4.6 | 5.4 | 12.6 | 12.5 | 23.1 | 27.4 | 26.7 | 26.5 |
| Indiana | 7.4 | 8.3 | 12.8 | 12.2 | 30.7 | 34.2 | 21.8 | 23.7 |
| Towa | 28.4 | 30.1 | 12.8 | 13.1 | 10.6 | 12.9 | 22.0 | 22.3 |
| Michigan | 4.4 | 3.2 | 12.3 | 12.3 | 38.2 | 41.1 | 22.2 | 22.7 |
| Minnesota | 16.9 | 14.8 | 16.2 | 15.8 | 11.8 | 15.7 | 26.0 | 25.9 |
| Missouri. | 9.6 | 11.8 | 13.6 | 14.5 | 16.6 | 19.2 | 28.3 | 27.9 |
| Ohio | 4. 0 | 3.7 | 12.4 | 12.8 | 30.5 | 34.0 | 23.7 | 24.4 |
| Wisconsin | 11.7 | 10.0 | 14.8 | 12.2 | 26.1 | 29.8 | 23.0 | 24.6 |
| Northwest | 20.2 | 23.4 | 18.5 | 16.9 | 7.1 | 8.3 | 23.7 | 24.3 |
| Colorado | 10.9 | 10.9 | 20.8 | 20.9 | 8.4 | 10.0 | 26.7 | 27.3 |
| Idaho | 23.9 | 25.3 | 18.0 | 15.3 | 8.1 | 9.6 | 23.7 | 22.8 |
| Kansas. | 18.7 | 19.7 | 17.2 | 15.8 | 8.7 | 11.6 | 22.3 | 23.4 |
| Montana | 22.2 | 29.5 | 18.2 | 14.8 | 6.5 | 6.2 | 21.0 | 22.2 |
| Nebraska | 20.4 | 30.9 | 17.7 | 14.4 | 6.9 | 7.6 | 25.2 | 24.2 |
| North Dakota | 38.0 | 38.6 | 18.0 | 15.7 | 2.4 | 1.9 | 22.8 | 24.5 |
| South Dakota | 31.5 | 38.3 | 20.0 | 16.1 | 4. 0 | 3.8 | 22.7 | 23.3 |
| Utah | 11.4 | 9.3 | 18.8 | 21.4 | 8.7 | 9.9 | 25.3 | 25.4 |
| Wyoming | 23.0 | 19.2 | 18.7 | 18.9 | 4.3 | 5.3 | 19.5 | 23. 2 |
| Far West | 7.0 | 7.1 | 16.3 | 19.0 | 13.6 | 15.8 | 29.2 | 28.8 |
| California | 6.5 | 6. 7 | 16.0 | 18.7 | 12.5 | 15.2 | 30.1 | 29.5 |
| Nevada. | 8. 8 | 11. 1 | 17.6 | 18.2 | 1.8 | 3.8 | 24.9 | 31.3 |
| Oregon. | 10.2 | 9.1 | 15.1 | 15.3 | 18.4 | 21.0 | 27.2 | 27.3 |
| Washington | 7.3 | 7.7 | 18.5 | 22.8 | 17.6 | 16.7 | 26.2 | 20.2 |

1 For definition see footnotes to table 2.
Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Offee of Business Economics.

PERCENTAGE INCREASES, 1940 TO 1950, iN TOTAL INCOME PAYMENTS AND MAJOR COMPONENTS, BY REGIONS

comparability, such as those of full employment. When used for this purpose, the changes should be analyzed in terms of the detailed, component income flows and checked against the longer-run trends in total income, as summarized in the September 1948 and August 1950 Surveys.
The data in table 4 on changes by regions in total income and private nonfarm income in several recent periods may serve to illustrate this general thesis and to throw additional light on the regional postwar income flows.

It may be noted first that for the Southwest the private nonagricultural income measure sets in perspective the unusual volatility of income changes in this area since 1948. In 1949, the Southwest was the only region to register an increase in aggregate income. And, in 1950, it showed the smallest regional income rise. This irregularity in movement of total income reflected chiefly wide swings in agricultural income that ran counter to Nation-wide movements. In 1949, farm income dropped 22 percent nationally but rose 17 percent in the Southwest; and last year, when farm income increased 6 percent in the country as a whole, it declined 17 percent in the region.
Again, it is seen that in the Southeast total income advanced from 1946 to 1950 at a rate only equalling that
for the Nation, whereas the region's expansion in private nonfarm income substantially bettered the Nation-wide record. Analysis of more detailed data shows that the disparity in the two measures of income growth stemmed largely from the further sharp curtailment of military payments in 1947, which materially dampened the region's rise in total income. Since this was a factor of only temporary significance, an aggregate which eliminates it, such as private nonfarm income, provides a better measure of basic income flows.

In the Northwest, agriculture is of prime importance to the regional economy, and the movement of farm income has been especially irregular in this region. Therefore, farm income in the Northwest generally dominates short-run changes in total income and tends to mask a significant underlying development of the region's economic growththe striking expansion, relative to the Nation, of its nonfarm economy. Especially noteworthy in this connection is that the 5-percent rise in total income in the Northwest from 1948 to 1950 was the smallest of any region, whereas its 12 -percent increase in private nonagricultural income was the largest.

For recent periods, then, the estimates of private nonfarm income furnish a better measure of basic income changes in

Table 7.-Total Income Payments to Individuals, by States and Regions, 1929-50
[Millions of dollars]

| State and region | 1929 | 1930 | 1931 | 1932 | 1933 | 1934 | 1935 | 1936 | 1937 | 1938 | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 | 1946 | 1947 | 1948 | 1949 | 1950 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Continental United States | 82,617 | 73,325 | 61,971 | 47,432 | 46, 273 | 53,038 | 58,558 | 68,000 | 72,211 | 66, 045 | 70,601 | 75,852 | 92, 269 | 117,196 | 141,831 | 153, 306 | 157, 190 | 170,962 | 185, 339 | 202,007 | 196, 128 | 217,245 |
| New Englan | 6,792 | 6,282 | 5,623 | 4,481 | 4,264 | 4,678 | 5,031 | 5,673 | 5,900 | 5, 372 | 5,729 | 6,124 | 7, 367 | 8,965 | 10,248 | 10, 707 | 10, 828 | 11,831 | 12, 650 | 13,492 | 13, 211 | 14,511 |
| Connectic | 1. 459 | 1,337 | 1, 178 | 911 | 888 | 1,000 | 1,096 | 1, 267 | 1,356 | 1,199 | 1,301 | 1,417 | 1,837 | 2,334 | 2, 639 | 2,697 | 2,604 | 2, 808 | 3, 129 | 3, 294 | 3,195 | 3,556 |
| Maine ${ }^{1}$ | 449 | 432 | 381 | 298 | 297 | 323 | 353 | 398 | 408 | 377 | 400 | 431 | 505 | 680 | 872 | 881 | 867 | 921 | 984 | 1,067 | 1,017 | 1,083 |
| Massachuse | 3.787 | 3. 512 | 3,156 | 2, 555 | 2,386 | 2, 593 | 2, 757 | 3,093 | 3, 193 | 2,928 | 3, 106 | 3,309 | 3, 846 | 4,520 | 5,136 | 5,438 | 5,606 | 6, 186 | 6,455 | 6,928 | 6,874 | 7,520 |
| New Hampshir | 302 | 279 | 259 | 199 | 200 | 228 | 241 | 262 | 272 | 258 | 268 | 269 | 309 | 355 | 388 | 427 | 467 | 546 | 596 | 631. | 614 | 672 |
| Rhode Islai | 579 | 527 | 477 | 385 | 306 | 391 | 426 | 473 | 494 | 447 | 480 | 511 | 651 | 822 | 923 | 961 | 952 | 999 | 1,083 | 1, 143 | 1,105 | 1, 230 |
| Vermont. | 216 | 195 | 172 | 133 | 127 | 143 | 158 | 180 | 177 | 163 | 174 | 187 | 219 | 254 | 290 | 303 | 332 | 371 | 403 | 429 | 406 | 450 |
| Middle Eas | 27,840 | 25,609 | 22,031 | 17, 045 | 16, 337 | 18,299 | 19,577 | 22,448 | 23,481 | 21, 503 | 22,783 | 24,319 | 28, 203 | 33,449 | 39, 101 | 42, 431 | 43,965 | 48, 401 | 51,712 | 55,771 | 54,770 | 60,268 |
| Delaware | 218 | 182 | 167 | 128 | 127 | 147 | 161 | 192 | 205 | 178 | 203 | 239 | 278 | 328 | 384 | 403 | 399 | 432 | 469 | 510 | 531 | 609 |
| District of Columbia | 638 | 644 | 619 | 549 | 495 | 556 | 631 | 763 | 792 | 781 | 813 | 905 | 1,040 | 1,260 | 1,456 | 1, 518 | 1,617 | 1,727 | 1,743 | 1,825 | 1. 891 | 2, 057 |
| Maryland 1 | 1,106 | 1,036 | 927 | 743 | 720 | 815 | 871 | 1,000 | 1,067 | 1,000 | 1,074 | 1,222 | 1,516 | 2, 033 | 2, 449 | 2, 577 | 2,539 | 2, 723 | 2,851 | 3,065 | 3,054 | 3, 389 |
| New Jersey | 3,268 | 3,081 | 2, 713 | 2,151 | 1,985 | 2, 197 | 2,361 | 2, 690 | 2, 835 | 2,658 | 2,859 | 3, 138 | 3,676 | 4,572 | 5,420 | 5,838 | 5,797 | 6,188 | 6,545 | 7,039 | 6,993 | 7,744 |
| New York ${ }^{1}$ | 14,479 | 13, 346 | 11, 435 | 8,840 | 8,509 | 9,369 | 9,941 | 11,246 | 11, 635 | 10,759 | 11, 301 | 11,830 | 13, 384 | 15, 340 | 17, 762 | 19,506 | 20, 647 | 23, 096 | 24, 513 | 26,514 | 26,068 | 28,301 |
| Pennsylvan | 7,338 | 6, 638 | 5,580 | 4, 172 | 4,027 | 4,627 | 4,989 | 5,818 | 6, 174 | 5,438 | 5, 819 | 6,225 | 7, 404 | 8,822 | 10,377 | 11, 208 | 11, 469 | 12, 593 | 13, 701 | 14, 724 | 14, 302 | 16,058 |
| West Virgini | 793 | 682 | 590 | 462 | 474 | 588 | 623 | 739 | 773 | 689 | 714 | 760 | 905 | 1, 094 | 1,253 | 1,381 | 1,497 | 1,642 | 1,890 | 2, 094 | 1,931 | 2,110 |
| Southeast. | 8,681 | 7,127 | 6,064 | 4,979 | 5, 136 | 6,354 | 6,976 | 8,132 | 8,457 | 7,904 | 8,414 | 9,043 | 11,580 | 15, 594 | 19,722 | 21,907 | 22,662 | 23,786 | 25,494 | 27,802 | 27,022 | 30,301 |
| A labama | 802 | 617 | 512 | 419 | 419 | 537 | 585 | 699 | 711 | 652 | 681 | 763 | 1,037 | 1,437 | 1, 812 | 1,980 | 2,056 | 2,093 | 2, 300 | 2,479 | 2,305 | 2,561 |
| Arkansa | 562 | 393 | 332 | 287 | 288 | 342 | 389 | 470 | 479 | 456 | 478 | 493 | 658 | 908 | 1, 005 | 1, 161 | 1,248 | 1,383 | 1,373 | 1.585 | 1, 426 | 1.578 |
| Flordia | 695 | 635 | 546 | 439 | 425 | 516 | 584 | 711 | 773 | 751 | 819 | 900 | 1,062 | 1,469 | 2, 148 | 2, 433 | 2, 521 | 2,554 | 2, 649 | 2, 818 | 2,932 | 3,376 |
| Georgia | 956 | 798 | 667 | 560 | 596 | 735 | 800 | 907 | 920 | 863 | 901 | 986 | 1,241 | 1,648 | 2,176 | 2, 426 | 2,484 | 2, 597 | 2,817 | 2,991 | 2,931 | 3,351 |
| Kentucky | 964 | 794 | 679 | 530 | 534 | 636 | 713 | 847 | 902 | 793 | 839 | 880 | 1,042 | 1,336 | 1,695 | 1,839 | 1,967 | 2,145 | 2,298 | 2,575 | 2,469 | 2, 694 |
| Louisiana | 862 | 725 | 640 | 499 | 487 | 595 | 641 | 748 | 792 | 789 | 828 | 847 | 1,066 | 1,419 | 1,898 | 2,045 | 2,018 | 2,033 | 2, 230 | 2,525 | 2,645 | 2, 809 |
| Mississipp | 544 | 385 | 292 | 256 | 256 | 339 | 373 | 463 | 442 | 399 | 436 | 444 | 630 | 886 | 1, 105 | 1,221 | 1,224 | 1, 201. | 1, 374 | 1,530 | 1, 319 | 1,523 |
| North Caro | 966 | 812 | 690 | 576 | 677 | 845 | 915 | 1, 006 | 1,077 | 1,011 | 1,090 | 1, 131 | 1, 436 | 1,872 | 2, 270 | 2, 536 | 2. 651 | 3,012 | 3, 223 | 3,446 | 3,351 | 3, 880 |
| South Caro | 438 | 365 | 314 | 261 | 299 | 378 | 406 | 468 | 485 | 451 | 493 | 545 | 703 | 956 | 1,153. | 1,291 | 1,319 | 1. 420 | 1,508 | 1,681 | 1,583 | 1,762 |
| Tennessee | 905 | 743 | 622 | 498 | 516 | 661 | 721 | 846 | 880 | 801 | 853 | 927 | 1,221 | 1,530 | 2,003 | 2,329 | 2,495 | 2,544 | 2, 742 | 2,925 | 2, 840 | 3,171 |
| Virginia | 987 | 860 | 770 | 654 | 639 | 770 | 849 | 967 | 996 | 938 | 996 | 1, 127, | 1,484 | 2,133 | 2,457 | 2,646 | 2,678 | 2,834 | 2,980 | 3,247 | 3,221 | 3,599 |
| Southwest | 4,153 | 3,428 | 2,788 | 2,199 | 2,299 | 2,623 | 2,924 | 3, 402 | 3,804 | 3,583 | 3,756 | 3,908 | 4,734 | 6,608 | 8,741 | 9,514 | 9,575 | 10,125 | 11,526 | 12,453 | 12,940 | 13,957 |
| Arizona | 245 | 208 | 170 | 122 | 120 | 149 | 167 | 202 | 232 | 213 | 227 | 237 | 287 | 449 | 601 | 591 | 604 | 644 | 725 | 832 | 826 | 935 |
| New Mex | 161 | 137 | 116 | 86 | 90 | 113 | 131 | 162 | 177 | 165 | 179 | 190 | 222 | 300 | 380 | 425 | 456 | 490 | 558 | 619 | 673 | 766 |
| Oklahom | 1,079 | 844 | 659 | 507 | 537 | 583 | 666 | 753 | 841 | 767 | 796 | 829 | 956 | 1,335 | 1,639 | 1,853 | 1,839 | 1,926 | 2,130 | 2,301 | 2,286 | 2,388 |
| Texas | 2,668 | 2,239 | 1,843 | 1,484. | 1,552 | 1,778 | 1,960 | 2,285 | 2,554 | 2,438 | 2,554 | 2,652 | 3,269 | 4,524 | 6,121 | 6,645 | 6, 676 | 7,065 | 8,113 | 8,701 | 9,155 | 9,868 |
| Central | 24, 226 | 20,833 | 17,185 | 12,630 | 12,193 | 14, 139 | 16, 220 | 18,986 | 20,620 | 18,378 | 20,090 | 21, 664 | 26. 800 | 33, 520 | 39,704 | 42,252 | 43, 455 | 48,030 | 52, 529 | 59,029 | 55, 861 | 62,018 |
| Ininois | 7,036 | 5,903 | 4,813 | 3, 517 | 3,335 | 3,787 | 4, 222 | 4,909 | 5,395 | 4, 833 | 5,285 | 5,740 | 6,889 | 8,267 | 9.476 | 10, 297 | 10. 849 | 12, 160 | 13, 305 | 14,973 | 14, 034 | 15, 329 |
| Indian | 1,877 | 1,595 | 1,325 | 974 | 978 | 1, 167 | 1,312 | 1,571 | 1,713 | 1,522 | 1,688 | 1,858 | 2,437 | 3,112 | 3, 766 | 3, 959 | 4,113 | 4,327 | 4.784 | 5, 399 | 5, 096 | 5,735 |
| Iowa | 1,348 | 1,248 | 965 | 619 | 644 | 606 | 896 | 982 | 1,092 | 1,068 | 1,185 | 1,233 | 1,527 | 2,015 | 2,389 | 2,318 | 2,451 | 2, 982 | 2,894 | 3,798 | 3,327 | 3,737 |
| Michigan | 3,543 | 2,940 | 2, 413 | 1,816 | 1,641 | 2,131 | 2, 469 | 2,926 | 3,257 | 2,705 | 3,054 | 3,425 | 4,271 | 5,526 | 6,924 | 7,259 | 6,902 | 7, 495 | 8,550 | 9, 145 | 8,937 | 10, 128 |
| Minnesot | 1,443 | 1,325 | 1, 125 | 839 | 812 | 921 | 1,083 | 1,281 | 1,362 | 1,304 | 1,378 | 1,424 | 1,626 | 2,060 | 2,316 | 2, 456 | 2,699 | 3, 153 | 3,421 | 3,876 | 3,634 | 3,998 |
| Missour | 2,210 | 1,984 | 1,688 | 1,284 | 1,244 | 1,380 | 1,533 | 1,763 | 1,824 | 1,709 | 1,832 | 1,914 | 2,363 | 2,942 | 3,391 | 3,662 | 3,831 | 4,371 | 4,587 | 3, 203 | 5,027 | 5,560 |
| Ohio. | 4,920 | 4,251 | 3,564 | 2,610 | 2,601 | 3,066 | 3,447 | 4,072 | 4, 406 | 3,794 | 4,154 | 4,448 | 5, 646 | 7,022 | 8,417 | 8,967 | 9, 122 | 9, 719 | 10,753 | 12,016 | 11, 349 | 12,590 |
| Wisconsin | 1,849 | 1,587 | 1,292 | 971 | 9381 | 1,081 | 1,258 | 1,482 | 1,571 | 1, 443 | 1,514 | 1,622 | 2,041 | 2,576 | 3, 025 | 3,334 | 3,488 | 3,823 | 4,235 | 4,619 | 4,457 | 4,941 |
| Northwest | 3,927 | 3,592 | 2,824 | 1,931 | 1,953 | 2,250 | 2,627 | 3,029 | 3,238 | 2,974 | 3,099 | 3,363 | 4,109 | 6,087 | 7,135 | 7,631 | 7,842 | 8,454 | 9,824 | 10, 562 | 9,771 | 11,111 |
| Colorad | 633 | 580 | 478 | 362 | 358 | 404 | 446 | 538 | 584 | 526 | 563 | 589 | 695 | 990 | 1, 144 | 1, 157 | 1, 274 | 1, 380. | 1,626 | 1,732 | 1,686 | 1,864 |
| Idaho. | 230 | 204 | 153 | 112 | 115 | 146 | 165 | 201 | 223 | 207 | 213 | 232 | 278 | 423 | 487 | 537 | 540 | 608 | 671 | 723 | 698 | 763 |
| Kansas | 997 | 928 | 730 | 487 | 474 | 549 | 622 | 724 | 781 | 690 | 692 | 757 | 974 | 1,500 | 1,824 | 1,987 | 1,929 | 2, 000 | 2, 399 | 2,380 | 2, 288 | 2,567 |
| Montan | 325 | 264 | 213 | 158 | 158 | 212 | 250 | 283 | 299 | 271 | 288 | 321 | 372 | 472 | 531 | 558 | 579 | 669 | 797 | 878 | 782 | 960 |
| Nebrask | 764 | 749 | 578 | 344 | 374 | 378 | 476 | 534 | 549 | 509 | 523 | 569 | 655 | 1,047 | 1,220 | 1,343 | 1,370 | 1,478 | 1,554 | 1,846 | 1,667 | 1,961 |
| North Dako | 264 | 224 | 160 | 122 | 126 | 136 | 178 | 197 | 217 | 196 | 209 | 237 | 331 | 435 | 510 | 561 | 579 | 619 | 875 | 851 | 701 | 811 |
| South | 288 | 264 | 199 | 117 | 118 | 157 | 184. | 196 | 202 | 208 | 227 | 242 | 301 | 480 | 478 | 572 | 624 | 676 | 769 | 937. | 732 | 86 |
| Wtah | 272 | 239 | 195 | 143 | 143 | 165 | 192 | 224 | 247 | 235 | 243 | 265 | 329 | 524 | 693 | 644 | 658 | 694 | 759 | 806 | 810 | 883 |
| W yoming | 154 | 140 | 118 | 86 | 87 | 103 | 114 | 132 | 136 | 132 | 141 | 151 | 174 | 216 | 248 | 272 | 289 | 330 | 374 | 409 | 407 | 439 |
| Car Wes | 6,998 | 6, 454 | 5,456 | 4,167 | 4,091 | 4,695 | 5, 203 | 6,330 | 6,711 | 6,331 | 6,730 | 7,431 | 9,476 | 12,973 | 17,180 | 18,864 | 18,863 | 20,335 | 21, 604 | 22, 898 | 22,553 | 25,076 |
| Californ | 5,217 | 4,878 | 4, 151 | 3,182 | 3,113 | 3,530 | 3,904 | 4,730 | 5,047 | 4,772 | 5,047 | 5, 606 | 7,044 | 9,348 | 12, 444 | 13, 739 | 13,882 | 15, 180 | 16,043 | 16,937 | 16,731 | 18,542 |
| Nevada | 74 | 70 594 | ${ }_{62}{ }^{4}$ | 46 | 43 | 53 | $6_{62}{ }^{1}$ | 72 | 77 | 69 | 84 | 92 | 107 | 206 | 215 | 213 | 215 | 239 | 255 | 268 | 265 | , 300 |
| Oregon | 603 | 524 | 443 | 338 | 337 | 404 | 459 | 560 | 580 | 540 | 587 | 633 | 824 | 1,201 | 1,599 | 1,672 | 1,671 | 1,777 | 1,099 | 2, 150 | 2, $0 ¢ 8$ | 2,322 |
| Washington | 1,104 | 982 | 800 | 601 | 598 | 708 | 778 | 968 | 1,007 | 950 | 1,012 | 1,100 | 1,501 | 2,218 | 2,922 | 3,240 | 3, 085 | 3,139 | 3,307 | 3,543 | 3,489 | 3,912 |

1 See tootnote 2 , table 9 .
Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

Table 8.-Per Capita Income Payments, by States and Regions, 1929-50
[Dollars]

| State and region | 1929 | 1930 | 1931 | 1932 | 1933 | 1934 | 1935 | 1936 | 1937 | 1938 | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 | 1946 | 1947 | 1948 | 1949 | 1950 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Continental United States. | 680 | 596 | 500 | 380 | 368 | 420 | 460 | 531 | 561 | 509 | 539 | 575 | 693 | 876 | 1,059 | 1,160 | 1,191 | 1,211 | 1,293 | 1,383 | 1,320 | 1,436 |
| New England | 838 | 768 | 684 | 542 | 514 | 561 | 602 | 678 | 704 | 640 | 680 | 724 | 864 | 1, 047 | 1,225 | 1,294 | 1, 316 | 1,343 | 1,403 | 1,462 | 1, 411 | 1,554 |
| Connecticu | 918 | 830 | 725 | 558 | 540 | 605 | 659 | 758 | 808 | 710 | 764 | 827 | 1,055 | 1,293 | 1, 481 | 1, 513 | 1, 183 | 1, 482 | 1,610 | 1, 664 | 1, 593 | 1,766 |
| Maine | 566 | 540 | 473 | 367 | 364 | 394 | 428 | 480 | 490 | 450 | 474 | 499 | 569 | 769 | 1,021 | 1,040 | 1, 049 | 1,069 | 1,137 | 1, 193 | 1, 105 | 1, 161 |
| Massachuset | 897 | 825 | 738 | 594 | 553 | 597 | 634 | 713 | 737 | 677 | 719 | 764 | 879 | 1,038 | 1,210 | 1,296 | 1, 339 | 1, 380 | 1,402 | 1,468 | 1, 440 | 1,600 |
| New Hampshi | 652 | 599 | 551 | 422 | 420 | 478 | 502 | 544 | 562 | 531 | 548 | 561 | 665 | +796 | , 948 | 1,055 | 1, 117 | 1, 144 | 1,229 | 1, 276 | 1, 208 | 1,282 |
| Rhode Island | 851 | 767 | 695 | 562 | 533 | 573 | 626 | 691 | 714 | 639 | 678 | 716 | 909 | 1, 131 | 1,239 | 1, 320 | 1, 317 | 1, 328 | 1, 412 | 1, 458 | 1, 397 | 1,561 |
| Vermont.. | 601 | 542 | 476 | 369 | 351 | 397 | 439 | 501 | 493 | 454 | 483 | 521 | 622 | 736 | 1,890 | 1,959 | 1,031 | 1, 088 | 1,138 | 1, 198 | 1, 106 | 1,184 |
| Middle East | 926 | 841 | 717 | 552 | 526 | 586 | 623 | 711 | 740 | 674 | 709 | 751 | 867 | 1,038 | 1,242 | 1,363 | 1,430 | 1,446 | 1,515 | 1,603 | 1,542 | 1,676 |
| Delaware | 919 | 762 | 687 | 522 | 513 | 586 | 634 | 750 | 795 | 682 | 771 | 892 | 1,018 | 1,188 | 1, 376 | 1, 424 | 1, 390 | 1, 440 | 1,513 | 1,609 | 1,665 | 1,909 |
| District of | 1. 191 | 1,179 | 1,088 | 926 | 806 | 876 | 955 | 1,124 | 1,107 | 1,044 | 1,031 | 1,087 | 1,096 | 1,223 | 1,284 | 1, 328 | 1, 405 | 1,417 | 1, 473 | 1,600 | 1, 728 | 1,986 |
| Maryland. | 703 | 651 | 577 | 460 | 441 | 493 | 524 | 597 | 635 | 594 | 634 | 708 | 834 | 1,068 | 1,243 | 1, 284 | 1, 272 | 1,246 | 1, 314 | 1,427 | 1, 401 | 1,547 |
| New Jersey | 947 | 869 | 751 | 586 | 535 | 589 | 630 | 712 | 750 | 699 | 746 | 803 | 914 | 1, 116 | 1,328 | 1,444 | 1,474 | 1, 477 | 1, 557 | 1,613 | 1, 561 | 1,689 |
| New York | 1,125 | 1,023 | 871 | 671 | 644 | 705 | 743 | 837 | 861 | 791 | 825 | 863 | 984 | 1,155 | 1,384 | 1, 535 | 1,641 | 1, 662 | 1, 713 | 1, 810 | 1,735 | 1, 864 |
| Pennsylvania | 767 | 688 | 576 | 429 | 414 | 474 | 510 | 594 | 629 | 553 | 589 | 626 | 748 | 907 | 1,104 | 1,213 | 1,264 | 1, 286 | 1,368 | 1,441 | 1,374 | 1,523 |
| West Virginia | 464 | 393 | 336 | 261 | 265 | 326 | 342 | 402 | 417 | 369 | 378 | 398 | 477 | 587 | 712 | 807 | 875 | 895 | 995 | 1, 097 | 996 | 1,049 |
| Southeast. | 344 | 279 | 235 | 191 | 195 | 239 | 260 | 301 | 310 | 287 | 303 | 322 | 404 | 539. | 673 | 768 | 803 | 803 | 851 | 920 | 880 | 959 |
| Alabama | 305 | 232 | 191 | 155 | 154 | 197 | 213 | 253 | 256 | 233 | 242 | 269 | 364 | 503 | 630 | 702 | 732 | 713 | 775 | 830 | 767 | 836 |
| Arkansas | 305 | 211 | 177 | 153 | 152 | 180 | 204 | 246 | 249 | 236 | 246 | 254 | 345 | 480 | 547 | 655 | 716 | 758 | 756 | 875 | 777 | 825 |
| Florida | 484 | 431 | 363 | 287 | 272 | 325 | 360 | 423 | 445 | 418 | 442 | 468 | 516 | 676 | 888 | 1,013 | 1,045 | 1, 035 | 1,043 | 1,081 | 1,094 | 1,210 |
| Georgia | 329 | 274 | 227 | 189 | 200 | 245 | 264 | 298 | 301 | 280 | 290 | 316 | 387 | 508 | 672 | 1,761 | -794 | -788 | 855 | , 914 | -872 | 969 |
| Kentucky | 371 | 303 | 256 | 198 | 199 | 234 | 260 | 307 | 325 | 283 | 297 | 309 | 374 | 487 | 627 | 704 | 760 | 778 | 821 | 912 | 863 | 911 |
| Louisiana | 415 | 344 | 299 | 230 | 222 | 269 | 286 | 330 | 346 | 341 | 354 | 358 | 433 | 566 | 741 | 827 | 832 | 790 | 861 | 972 | 1,005 | 1,045 |
| Mississippi | 273 | 191 | 143 | 125 | 123 | 162 | 177 | 218 | 207 | 185 | 201 | 204 | 281 | 397 | 486 | 583 | 598 | 587 | 662 | 744 | 635 | 698 |
| North Carolina | 309 | 255 | 214 | 176 | 205 | 253 | 270 | 294 | 312 | 289 | 308 | 316 | 396 | 519 | 627 | 713 | 757 | 808 | 860 | 898 | 850 | 951 |
| South Carolina | 252 | 209 | 178 | 147 | 167 | 209 | 222 | 254 | 262 | 241 | 261 | 287 | 361 | 482 | 594 | 673 | 697 | 742 | 769 | 854 | 790 | 831 |
| Tennessee | 349 | 283 | 234 | 185 | 190 | 241 | 260 | 302 | 311 | 280 | 295 | 316 | 411 | 522 | 676 | 808 | 868 | 828 | 862 | 904 | 869 | 962 |
| Virginia. | 422 | 367 | 326 | 276 | 266 | 316 | 347 | 393 | 405 | 380 | 402 | 446 | 559 | 756 | 844 | 924 | 940 | 924 | 993 | 1,061 | 1,043 | 1,158 |
| Southwest. | 464 | 376 | 303 | 237 | 247 | 279 | 309 | 357 | 397 | 371 | 386 | 400 | 488 | 670 | 839 | 956 | 956 | 952 | 1,072 | 1,133 | 1,160 | 1,225 |
| Arizona. | 573 | 475 | 382 | 271 | 263 | 322 | 355 | 425 | 482 | 436 | 461 | 466 | 525 | 735 | 857 | 959 | 1,007 | 985 | 1,057 | 1, 169 | 1, 138 | 1,240 |
| New Mexic | 383 | 322 | 265 | 192 | 196 | 240 | 272 | 330 | 353 | 322 | 341 | 356 | 418 | 560 | 702 | 799 | 857 | 866 | 972 | 1, 046 | 1,065 | 1, 109 |
| Oklahoma | 455 | 352 | 275 | 212 | 226 | 246 | 281 | 319 | 358 | 327 | 340 | 359 | 467 | 652 | 736 | 940 | 894 | 895 | 990 | 1,088 | 1,076 | 1,070 |
| Texas | 465 | 383 | 312 | 248 | 257 | 292 | 319 | 369 | 409 | 387 | 401 | 413 | 498 | 678 | 880 | 972 | 978 | 972 | 1,105 | 1,148 | 1, 193 | 1,278 |
| Central | 720 | 612 | 503 | 369 | 355 | 411 | 469 | 546 | 589 | 521 | 565 | 606 | 748 | 937 | 1,131 | 1,219 | 1,255 | 1,289 | 1,380 | 1,519 | 1,415 | 1,546 |
| Illinois | 932 | 772 | 626 | 456 | 431 | 488 | 543 | 630 | 691 | 616 | 671 | 727 | 870 | 1,039 | 1,223 | 1,337 | 1,416 | 1,481 | 1,606 | 1,764 | 1, 627 | 1,752 |
| Indiana | 583 | 491 | 405 | 296 | 296 | 351 | 392 | 468 | 508 | 449 | 495 | 542 | 705 | ${ }^{8} 84$ | 1,083 | 1,156 | 1,199 | 1,176 | 1,283 | 1,413 | 1, 308 | 1,451 |
| Iowa | 546 | 504 | 388 | 248 | 258 | 242 | 357 | 391 | 434 | 423 | 468 | 488 | 619 | 833 | 1, 028 | 1,036 | 1,105 | 1,250 | 1,191 | 1,527 | 1,304 | 1,417 |
| Michigan | 745 | 608 | 503 | 382 | 348 | 455 | 524 | 606 | 659 | 535 | 591 | 648 | 795 | 1, 025 | 1,276 | 1,331 | 1,260 | 1,276 | 1, 410 | 1,481 | 1, 425 | 1, 583 |
| Minnesota | 566 | 515 | 433 | 320 | 307 | 346 | 403 | 473 | 500 | 474 | 497 | 511 | 593 | 773 | 906 | 975 | 1,066 | 1,160 | 1,227 | 1, 360 | 1,246 | I, 332 |
| Missour | 612 | 546 | 461 | 349 | 337 | 373 | 413 | 473 | 488 | 455 | 486 | 506 | 620 | 764 | 914 | 1,039 | 1, 101 | 1,168 | 1,205 | 1,358 | 1, 1,287 | 1,401 |
| Ohio | 748 | 638 | 532 | 388 | 386 | 453 | 507 | 598 | 646 | 554 | 603 | 642 | 814 | 1,009 | 1,226 | 1,311 | [1,326 | 1,296 | 1,387 | 1,512 | 1, 420 | 1,582 |
| Wisconsin | 634 | 539 | 435 | 325 | 312 | 357 | 413 | 484 | 510 | 466 | 485 | 516 | 651 | 843 | 1,004 | 1,124 | 1,184 | 1,216 | 1,316 | 1,416 | 1,340 | 1,431 |
| Northwest | 534 | 487 | 384 | 262 | 265 | 304 | 354 | 409 | 438 | 402 | 418 | 455 | 566 | 851 | 985 | 1,099 | 1,145 | 1,170 | 1,354 | 1,425 | 1,272 | 1,379 |
| Colorado | 616 | 558 | 455 | 342 | 336 | 376 | 412 | 493 | 532 | 475 | 505 | 520 | 611 | 871 | 977 | 1,023 | 1, 143 | 1,148 | 1,354 | 1, 442 | 1,350 | 1,392 |
| Idaho. | 518 | 455 | 336 | 241 | 242 | 304 | 338 | 406 | 444 | 406 | 411 | 443 | 540 | 851 | 962 | 1,029 | 1,100 | 1,192 | 1, 288 | 1,307 | 1,220 | 1,287 |
| Kansas | 532 | 498 | 402 | 267 | 258 | 298 | 337 | 395 | 430 | 382 | 383 | 423 | 558 | 863 | 1,006 | 1,164 | 1,157 | 1,133 | 1, 372 | 1,326 | 1,228 | 1,338 |
| Montana | 602 | 490 | 393 | 290 | 290 | 387 | 455 | 514 | 541 | 488 | 515 | 577 | 684 | 904 | 1,090 | 1, 208 | 1,251 | 1,346 | 1,548 | 1,641 | 1, 391 | 1,605 |
| Nebraska | 557 | 544 | 421 | 251 | 275 | 279 | 353 | 399 | 412 | 384 | 397 | 434 | 518 | 854 | 985 | 1, 122 | 1, 150 | 1,201 | 1,257 | 1,485 | 1,298 | 1,467 |
| North Dakota | 389 | 329 | 236 | 181 | 190 | 205 | 269 | 300 | 333 | 302 | 325 | $\stackrel{372}{ }$ | 537 | 741 | 927 | 1,075 | 1, 111 | 1,144 | 1,582 | 1,514 | 1, 202 | 1,298 |
| South Dakota | 417 <br> 537 | 382 <br> 470 | 289 379 | 171 | 172 | 232 313 | 273 | 294 419 | 306 459 | 318 434 | 351 443 | 379 478 | 492 585 | 822 | 1, 090 | 1,048 | 1, 153 | 1,222 | 1, 347 | 1,585 | 1,184 | 1,308 |
| Wtah. | 537 687 | 470 619 | 379 515 | 276 371 | 275 369 | 313 435 | 362 477 | 419 548 | 459 560 | 434 537 | 443 567 | 478 604 | 585 672 | 885 | 1,091 | 1,061 | 1, 066 | 1, 1,264 | 1,162 1,450 | 1,216 1,520 | 1, 196 | I, 271 1,509 |
| Far West | 865 | 775 | 642 | 481 | 465 | 524 | 571 | 684 | 714 | 662 | 692 | 748 | 907 | 1,165 | 1,438 | 1,502 | 1,429 | 1,449 | 1,532 | 1,586 | 1.553 | 1,711 |
| Californi | 946 | 854 | 710 | 533 | 511 | 568 | 617 | 734 | 769 | 714 | 741 | 803 | 951 | 1, 176 | 1, 463 | 1, 535 | 1, 466 | 1, 504 | 1,574 | 1,618 | 1, 594 | 1,751 |
| Nevada | 817 | 761 | 660 | 479 | 447 | 535 | 614 | 699 | 733 | 645 | 767 | 821 | 907 | 1, 549 | 1, 493 | 1,383 | 1,483 | 1,626 | 1,667 | 1,686 | 1, 667 | 1,875 |
| Oregon | 640 | 547 | 455 | 342 | 337 | 399 | 447 | 539 | 552 | 507 | 544 | 575 | 729 | 1,047 | 1,297 | 1,302 | 1,281 | 1,268 | 1,357 | 1,451 | 1,385 | 1,523 |
| Washington | 713 | 626 | 503 | 374 | 369 | 432 | 470 | 579 | 597 | 558 | 588 | 632 | 838 | 1, 162 | 1,420 | 1,495 | 1,357 | 1,310 | 1,451 | 1,523 | 1,470 | 1,642 |

Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics,
the various regions than do the estimates of total income payments. Of particular interest is the fact that the percentage increases in private nonfarm income for 1948-50 and 1946-50, as listed in table 4, reflect regional income changes which conform generally with the pattern of long-run trends. These trends signify declining percentage shares of the Nation's total income accruing to New England and the Middle East, rising shares to the Southeast, Southwest, Far West, and Northwest, and an approximately constant share to the large Central region.
The top-ranking income advance of the Southwest in the post-war period-paced by a phenomenal growth in manu-facturing-is clearly an acceleration of the region's long-run uptrend. The somewhat below-average expansion of income in the Far West, on the other hand, is not in line with the region's long-term relative growth. This region's postwar lag, however, may be traced in considerable part to a "non-trend" factor-namely, the particular composition of the Far West's economic structure, in which the types of industrial activity which experienced the largest relative expansion on a national basis in the earlier postwar boom (1946-48) are of less-than-average relative importance. This serves to remind that over a short period-even one covering cyclically comparable years of full employmentcove
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any income measure is apt to reflect special factors that disqualify it as a gauge of underlying trends.

## Regional Income Shifts Over the Past Decade

The remainder of this article discusses geographic income developments over the past decade-a period of tremendous economic growth in which the Nation's physical volume of output expanded by more than one-half, the population increased by 20 million persons, and unemployment was reduced from 8 million in 1940 (one-seventh of the labor force) to 2 million by the end of 1950 , virtually a practical minimum in relation to the enlarged labor force.

## Shifts in total income

The myriad of economic developments reflected in these summary statistics resulted in pronounced changes in the geographic distribution of income. Over this heterogeneous 10-year period, the dollar total of income payments in the Nation expanded from $\$ 76$ billion in 1940 to $\$ 217$ billion in 1950. On a regional basis, the rates of expansion in aggregate income differed significantly. By far the greatest relative increases occurred in the Southwest ( 257 percent), Far West (237 percent), Southeast ( 235 percent), and Northwest (230

percent). The rate of income growth over this period was the same in the large Central region (186 percent) as in the country as a whole, but it was substantially less in the Middle East (148 percent) and in New England (137 percent). The share of the Nation's total income received by the four regions of the South and West has increased 18 percent since 1940, whereas that of the Northeastern area (New England and the Middle East) has declined 14 percent. However the aggregate income in this last area, $\$ 75$ billion in 1950, still accounts for more than one-third of the national total.

The relative shifts in total income among individual States in the past decade accorded closely with the regional pattern. In the Southern and Western areas every State received a larger share of the Nation's total income in 1950 than in 1940. Conversely, each New England and Middle Eastern State received a smaller share. In every State of the Central region-in line with the over-all regional record-the percent of the Nation's total income received last year was about the same as at the start of the decade.

As revealed by the percentage distributions of total income given in table 1, these pronounced State and regional shifts in total income payments were largely accomplished by the close of the war period. In broad outline, the regional distribution of income in 1950 was similar to that in peak war year 1944, which in turn differed significantly from the prewar distribution.

The rapid changes in the regional income distribution which occurred during the war years were, in general, an acceleration of developments which had been emerging in the prewar period. In the Southern and Western regions the stimulus to income expansion during the war was unusually great, but, despite the impact of reconversion, these regions
have largely retained, or actually increased, the relative gains achieved in that period. On the other hand, the war provided a lesser impetus to the expansion of individual incomes in New England and the Middle East, and in the postwar period these two areas have not recouped the relative losses-that is, reductions in their shares of the Nation's income-sustained during the war.

## Sources of income change

Regional changes in major sources of income over the decade of the forties exhibited a striking uniformity generally paralleling the pattern of movements in total income. This is brought out clearly in the chart on page 16.

In New England and the Middle East, below-average increases occurred in factory payrolls, agricultural income, government income payments, and trade and service income. Moreover, the total-income gains scored by the Southeast, Southwest, Northwest, and the Far West were, with but few exceptions, the product of relative gains in all of these major component flows.

A further significant fact is that this uniform pattern of regional change in income sources stemmed from generally similar patterns obtaining in the individual States. As may be ascertained from analysis of the detail given in table 3 , in nearly all States the above-average or below-average increases in total income payments reflected above-average or below-average gains in income flowing from the manufacturing, agricultural, trade and service, and governmental sectors.

Despite the foregoing pattern, geographic differences in both rates of change and economic structure (see tables 3 and 6) made for significant variations in the contributions of the major component flows to the relative growth of total

Table 9.-State Income Payments, by Type of Payment, 1948-50 ${ }^{\text {1 }}$
[Millions of dollars]

| State | 1948 | 1949 | 1950 | State | 1948 | 1949 | 1950 | State | 1948 | 1949 | 1950 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States, total | 202,007 | 196, 128 | 217,245 | Louisiana, total | 2. 525 | 2,645 | 2,809 | Ohio, total. | 12,016 | 11,349 | 12,590 |
| Wages and salaries | 131, 087 | 130, 169 | 141, 632 | Wages and salaries. | 1,586 | 1,642 | 1,758 | Wages and salaries. | 8,352 | 8, 048 | 8,891 |
| Proprietors' income. | 38,529 | 31, 787 | 36, 217 | Proprietors' income. | 509 | 450 | 468 | Proprietors' income. | 1,749 | 1,415 | 1,570 |
| Property income. | 20,902 | 21, 603 | 24, 119 | Property income.--- | 231 | 236 | 263 | Property income. - | 1,200 | 1,230 | 1,358 |
| Other income.... | 11, 489 | 12,569 | 15, 277 | Other income.- | 199 | 317 | 320 | Other income.... | 715 | 656 | 771 |
| Alabama, total | 2,479 | 2,305 | 2,561 | Maine, total ${ }^{2}$ | 1. 067 | 1,017 | 1,083 | Oklahoma, total | 2,301 | 2,286 | 2,388 |
| Wages and salaries | 1,464 | 1,410 | 1,553 | Wages and salaries | 684 | 649 | 676 | Wages and salaries | 1.233 | 1,284 | 1,376 |
| Proprietors' income. | 652 | 512 | 570 | Proprietors' income | 193 | 150 | 157 | Proprietors' income | 1.641 | 1,560 | 1,515 |
| Property incorne...- | 164 | 162 | 178 | Property income... | 126 | 146 | 164 | Property income. - | 220 | 222 | 247 |
| Other income... | 199 | 221 | 260 | Other income | 64 | 72 | 86 | Other income...- | 207 | 220 | 250 |
| Arizona, total. | 832 | 826 | 935 | Maryland, total ${ }^{2}$ - | 3,065 | 3,054 | 3, 389 |  |  |  |  |
| Wages and salaries. Proprietors' income | 487 212 | 484 195 | 535 228 | Wages and salaries | 2,098 | 2, 100 | 2, 292 | Oregon, total --...-- Wages and salaries | 2, 1,388 | 2,068 1,374 | 1,496 |
| Property income. | 77 | 195 83 | $\stackrel{94}{ }$ | Property income. | 455 | 422 369 | 411 | Proprietors' income | - 459 | 366 | 446 |
| Other income...- | 56 | 64 | 78 | Other income..-- | 138 | 163 | 199 | Property income. | 194 | 200 | 221 |
| Arkansas, total | 1,585 | 1,426 | 1, 578 | Massachusetts, total | 6,928 | 6,874 | 7, 520 | Other incm | 109 | 128 |  |
| Wages and salaries. | 707 | 715 | 761 | Wages and salaries | 4.944 | 4,870 | 5,269 | Pennsylvania, total | 14,724 | 14,302 | 16,058 |
| Proprietors' income | 646 | 470 | 532 | Proprietors' income | 655 | 574 | 664 | Wages and salaries. | 10,510 | 10,140 | 10,959 |
| Property income... | 95 | 94 | 105 | Property income. | 880 | 910 | 1,004 | Proprietors' income | 1,967 | 1,700 | 1,962 |
| Other income...-- | 137 | 147 | 180 | Other income... | 449 | 520 | 583 | Property income. | 1,485 | 1,547 | 1,734 |
| California, total | 16.937 | 16,731 | 18,542 | Michigan, total | 9,145 | 8,937 | 10, 128 | Other income | 762 | 915 | 1,403 |
| Wages and salaries | 11, 011 | 10,963 | 11, 807 | Wages and salaries. | 6.696 | 6,628 | 7,533 | Rhode Island, total | 1,143 | 1,105 | 1,230 |
| Proprietors' income | 2,975 | 2,589 | 3, 122 | Proprietors' income | 1.235 | 1.020 | 1,134 | Wages and salaries. | 1,12 | 1.765 | 1,853 |
| Property income...- | 1,970 | 1,997 | 2,206 | Property income. | 791 | 816 | 914 | Proprietors' income | 104 | 90 | 106 |
| Other income. | 981 | 1,182 | 1,407 | Other income | 423 | 473 | 547 | Property income.- | 145 | 149 | 166 |
| Colorado, total. | 1,732 | 1,686 | 1,864 | Minnesota, total. | 3,876 | 3,634 | 3,998 | Other income | 82 | 101 | 105 |
| Wages and salaries. | 985 | 1,009 | 1, 108 | Wages and salaries | 2, 084 | 2,117 | 2,313 |  |  |  |  |
| Proprietors' income | 418 | 334 | 351 | Proprietors' income | 1,233 | 916 | 964 | South Carolina, total- | 1,681 1,094 | 1,583 | 1,762 1,163 |
| Property income | 199 | 209 | 242 | Property income. | 351 | 367 | 413 | Wages and salaries | 1,094 350 | $\begin{array}{r}1.064 \\ \hline 265\end{array}$ | 1,163 |
| Other income.. | 130 | 134 | 163 | Other income. | 208 | 234 | 308 | Proprietors' income | 350 118 | 265 118 | 301 |
| Connecticut, total | 3,294 | 3, 195 | 3,556 | Mississippi, total | 1,530 | 1,319 | 1,523 | Other income.. | 119 | 136 | 164 |
| Wages and salaries. | 2,351 | 2,233 | 2,481 | Wages and salaries | 624 | 634 | 706 |  |  |  |  |
| Proprietors' income | 330 | 299 | 338 | Proprietors' income | 676 | 447 | 533 | South Dakota, total | 937 | 732 | 863 |
| Property income. | 472 | 489 | 548 | Property income. | 100 | 92 | 106 | Wages and salaries | 318 | 326 | 343 |
| Other income. | 141 | 174 | 189 | Other income. | 130 | 146 | 178 | Proprietors' income | 532 | 306 | 406 |
| Delaware, total | 510 | 531 | 609 | Missouri, total | 5,203 | 5,027 | 5,560 | Property income | 56 | 56 44 | 65 49 |
| Wages and salaries | 345 | 364 | 414 | Wages and salaries. | 3, 116 | 3, 171 | 3,419 | Other income | 31 | 44 | 49 |
| Proprietors' income | 64 | 57 | 71 | Proprietors' income. | 1,270 | 1,000 | 1,154 | Tennessee, total | 2,925 | 2, 840 | 3,171 |
| Property income. | 83 | 85 | $\stackrel{97}{7}$ | Property income. | 503 | 520 | 586 | Wages and salaries | 1,782 | 1,773 | 1,986 |
| Other income.. | 18 | 25 | 27 | Other income | 314 | 336 | 401 | Proprietors' income | 1691 | 1.583 | 627 |
| District of Columbia, tota | 1,825 | 1,891 | 2, 057 | Montana, total | 878 | 782 | 960 | Property income | 227 | 230 | 254 |
| Wages and salaries | 1,406 | 1,479 | 1,590 | Wages and salaries | 422 | 446 | 473 | Other income. | 225 | 254 | 304 |
| Proprietors' income | 120 | 113 | 127 | Proprietors' income | 347 | 218 | 345 |  |  |  |  |
| Property income. | 195 | 192 | 202 | Property income | 70 | 75 | 86 | Texas total | 8,701 | 9,155 | 9,868 |
| Other income..--- | 104 | 107 | 138 | Other income.-- | 39 | 43 | 56 | Wages and salaries Proprietors' income | 5,200 2,127 | 5,432 $\mathbf{2 , 3 0 5}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 5, } \\ \mathbf{2}, 291 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| Florida, total. | 2,818 | 2,932 | 3,376 | Nebraska, total. | 1,846 | 1,667 | 1,961 | Property income. | 2,89 | 2,866 | 939 |
| Wages and salaries. | 1,718 | 1,768 | 1,961 | Wages and salaries | 810 | 838 | 896 | Other income. | 535 | 552 | 698 |
| Proprietors' income. | 502 | 533 | 662 | Proprietors' income. | 786 | 570 | 760 |  |  |  |  |
| Property income.- | 394 | 412 | 473 | Property income | 176 | 182 | 207 | Utah, total | 806 | 810 | 883 |
| Other income. | 204 | 219 | 280 | Other income | 74 | 77 | 98 | Wages and salaries | 521 | 535 | 577 |
| Georgia, total | 2,991 | 2,931 | 3,351 | Nevada, total | 268 | 265 | 300 | Proprietors' income | 177 | 163 | 179 |
| Wages and salaries | 1,876 | 1,895 | 2,117 | Wages and salaries.. | 163 | 161 | 181 | Other income. | 54 | ${ }_{56}$ | 65 |
| Proprietors' income.- | 654 | 547 | 651 | Proprietors' income. | 60 | 57 | 63 | Other income. | 54 | 56 |  |
| Property income. | 259 | 265 | 300 | Property income | 34 | 34 | 38 | Vermont, total | 429 | 406 | 450 |
| Other income. | 202 | 224 | 283 | Other income | 11 | 13 | 18 | Wages and salaries | 262 | 254 | 270 |
| Idaho, total. | 723 | 698 | 763 | New Hampshire, total | 631 | 614 | 672 | Proprietors' income | 89 | 68 | 84 |
| Wages and salaries | 379 | 396 | 424 | Wages and salaries.- | 432 | 413 | 444 | Property income. | 54 | 56 | 64 |
| Proprietors' income | 251 | 204 | 226 | Proprietors' income. | 87 | 77 | 86 | Other income...- | 24 | 28 | 32 |
| Property income | 55 | 57 | 62 | Property income | 74 | 77 | 88 |  |  |  | 3, 599 |
| Other income. | 38 | 41 | 51 | Other income | 38 | 47 | 54 | Virginia, totand salaries | 2,183 | 2,236 | 2,449 |
| Illinois, total. | 14,973 | 14,034 | 15,329 | New Jersey, total ${ }^{2}$ - | 7,039 | 6,993 | 7,744 | Proprietors' income | 611 | -514 | 588 |
| Wages and salaries | 10,003 | 9,747 | 10, 489 | Wages and salaries | 5,146 | 5,102 | 5,549 | Property income | 291 | 297 | 331 |
| Proprietors' income | 2,570 | 1,927 | 2,166 | Proprietors' income | 835 | 745 | 872 | Other income. | 162 | 174 | 231 |
| Property income | 1,625 | 1,673 | 1,864 | Property income... | 721 | 761 | 861 |  |  |  |  |
| Other income. | 775 | 687 | 810 | Other income. | 337 | 385 | 462 | Washington, total. | 3, 543 | 3,489 | 3, 912 |
| Indiana, total | 5,399 | 5,096 | 5,735 | New Mexico, total | 619 | 673 | 766 | Wroprietors' incom | 2, 317 | 2, 339 | 2, 602 |
| Wages and salaries | 3,498 | 3,451 | 3,880 | Wages and salaries. | 361 | 398 | 460 | Property income. | 638 | ${ }_{3}^{566}$ | 368 |
| Proprietors' income. | 1,245 | 953 | 1,059 | Proprietors' income | 159 | 166 | 173 | Other income..- | 214 | ${ }_{258}$ | 362 |
| Property income | 431 | 444 | 492 | Property income | 57 | 64 | 75 | Other income.- | 214 | 258 |  |
| Other income. | 225 | 248 | 304 | Other income | 42 | 45 | 58 | West Virginia, total | 2,094 | 1,931 | 2,110 |
| Iowa, total. | 3,798 | 3,327 | 3,737 | New York, total ${ }^{2}$. | 26,514 | 26, 068 | 28, 301 | Wages and salaries | 1,531 | 1,394 | 1,489 |
| Wages and salaries | 1,569 | 1,598 | 1,708 | Wages and salaries | 18,329 | 18, 195 | 19, 294 | Proprietors' income | 307 | 257 | 282 |
| Proprietors' income | 1,725 | 1,157 | 1,421 | Proprietors' income | 3, 227 | 2,772 | 3,247 | Property income. | 140 | 145 | 165 |
| Property income | 352 | 366 | 404 | Property income | 3,394 | 3,574 | 4,009 | Other income... | 116 | 135 | 174 |
| Other income. | 152 | 206 | 204 | Other income | 1,564 | 1,527 | 1,751 | Wisconsin, total | 4,619 | 4,457 | 4,941 |
| Kansas, total. | 2,380 | 2,288 | 2, 567 | North Carolina, total | 3,446 | 3,351 | 3,880 | Wages and salaries | 2,942 | 2,921 | 3,212 |
| Wages and salaries | 1,219 | 1, 284 | 1,374 | Wages and salaries | 2,072 | 2,079 | 2,378 | Proprietors' income. | 1,034 | 855 | 945 |
| Proprietors' income | 799 | 633 | 756 | Proprietors' income | 858 | 728 | 856 | Property income | 450 | 457 | 526 |
| Property income.. | 250 | 252 | 283 | Property income.. | 305 | 311 | 357 | Other income.-- | 193 | 214 | 258 |
| Other income... | 112 | 119 | 154 | Other income. | 211 | 233 | 289 |  |  |  |  |
| Kentucky, total | 2,575 | 2,469 | 2,694 | North Dakota, total | 851 | 701 | 811 | Wyoming, total | 409 | 407 | 439 |
| Wages and salaries | 1,477 | 1,455 | 1,618 | Wages and salaries | 321 | 324 | 340 | Proprietors' income | 102 | 266 90 | 103 |
| Proprietors' income | 702 | 588 | 579 | Proprietors' income. | 442 | 271 | 361 | Property income. | 31 | 32 | 36 |
| Property income. | 220 | 227 | 255 | Property income. | 55 | 55 | 62 | Other income... | 17 | 19 | 26 |
| Other lncome.... | 176 | 199 | 242 | Other income.-. | 33 | 51 | 48 | Other income..- | 17 | 19 |  |

${ }^{1}$ Comparable estimates for the years 1929, 1933, and 1939-41 were published in the August 1945 issue of the Survey of Current Business and for the years 1942-47 in the August 1950
issue of the Surver.
${ }^{2}$ The totals
${ }^{2}$ The totals shown here and in table 7 for the States footnoted are not strictly measures of the income received by residents. The totals for the District of Columbia, New York, and Maine are too high-and those for Maryland, Virginia, New Jersey, and New Hampshire here for the District of Columbia include income paid out to residents of Maryland and here for the District of Columbia include income paid out to residents of Maryland and in these two States. Estimates for New York include income paid to residents of New Jersey employed in New York, but do not include the income of New York residents employed in

New Jersey. Similarly, estimates for Maine include income paid to residents of New Hampshire employed in Maine. In the computation of per capita income for these 7 States, the by population. Following are the amounts (in millions) of the adjustments for 1950: Disby population. Following are the amounts (in millions) of the adjustments for 1950: District of Columbia,
$+480 ;$ Maine, $-158 ;$ New Hampshire, +15 . (The adjustments for Maine and New Hampshire were of more sizable magnitude in the war period.) Because of lack of data which would permit a breakdown of the amounts of adjustment according to their type-of-payment and industrial sources, it has not been feasible to publish on a residence-adjusted basis the estimates of total income and its sources for these States.
Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.
income in the various States and regions. The more important examples of such contributions are covered in the following brief summary.

Manufacturing payrolls were a key factor in the relative lag of total income over the decade in New England. Factory payrolls are a more important source of income in this region than in any other. From 1940 to 1950, however, payroll expansion in this basic industry was less in New England than in any section of the country. According to Census of Manufactures data, it may be noted, New England employed a smaller proportion of the Nation's total workers in 1947 than in 1939 in 17 of the 20 principal types of manufactures. These 17 included all five of the region's most important industries, employing one-half of its total number of factory workers.

By far the greatest regional increase in manufacturing since 1940 has occurred in the Southwest. Factory payrolls there in 1950 were $41 / 2$ times as large as in 1940. Although they were a prime factor in general income expansion in the region, factory payrolls accounted directly for only 10 percent of total income payments in the Southwest in 1950-a smaller share than in any region except the agricultural Northwest.

Government income payments increased threefold or more in the Southwest, Southeast, and Far West between 1940 and 1950 and provided an unusually important impetus to total-income growth in these regions. The chief element swelling total government disbursements to individuals in these areas was the relatively large concentration of military personnel in them.

Agricultural income played a larger role in the Northwest than in any other region in contributing to the expansion of individual incomes over the last decade. Farm income is much more important as a direct source of income in the Northwest than in any of the other regions. Moreover, the near quadrupling of this area's farm income over the period was the greatest regional increase. It is to be noted in this connection that in several of the agriculturally important Northwestern States farm income in 1940 had made only a partial recovery from depression and drought.

Agriculture was the only major income source in the Southeast and Southwest which did not advance at rates above the national average from 1940 to 1950. Of particular interest in this regard is the declining emphasis placed upon agriculture as an industry in these two areas. In 1940 nearly one-third of the employed labor force in the South was engaged in agriculture. By 1950 the proportion was down to one-fifth-a significantly larger reduction than that occurring nationally.

## Population

Population change is always a factor-though immeasur-able--influencing changes in total income.

From 1940 to 1950 the population of the continental United States rose 15 percent. In the New England, Middle East, Southeast, Central, and Northwest regions, the increase in population varied between 9 and 12 percent, and in the Southwest it amounted to 17 percent. It would not appear that in these six areas differences in population change had a major influence on the relative movements in total income. This generalization about the broad regions, it must be emphasized, does not apply uniformly on a State basis. In a number of individual States in the six regions, population movements differed widely from the national average and undoubtedly had considerable weight in total-income change.

In the Far West, population was a particularly important factor in the advance of total income payments. Over the 1940-50 period the population of this region expanded by almost one-half, and in each of the four States the increase was quite large.

## Per capita income

Changes in per capita incomes are one of the most fundamental regional economic developments which have occurred in the past decade. These changes record a considerable lessening of the relative differences in the average income levels of the various States and regions.

In each of the three regions where per capita income was highest in 1940-the Middle East, the Far West, and New England-the rate of increase in per capita income has been substantially below average. On the other hand, per capita incomes have moved up at considerably above-average rates since 1940 in the Southeast, Southwest, and Northwestthe three regions with the lowest income averages. In the Central States, per capita income was 5 percent above the national average in 1940 and 6 percent above it in 1950 .

As shown by the percentage data in table 5, the partial reduction in relative inequality in per capita income in the past decade is evident in quite striking degree on a State as well as regional basis, with only Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, and Washington registering movements counter to this pattern. Further to be noted is that the relative narrowing of per capita differentials was very largely accomplished, as was true of the shifts in total income, by the end of the war. The Far West is the only regional exception to this generalization. The margin of its per capita income above the national average-though still large-was further reduced after 1944.

## The Business Situation <br> (Continued from page 1)

## Steel for defense industries rising

Before the outbreak of war in Korea, in June of last year, the direct military program required an annual rate of less than 2 million tons of finished steel. Although, in the first quarter of 1951 , this rate doubled to 4 million tons, the increase was less than the rise in the total shipments of finished steel of 3.4 million tons (annual rate) from the first quarter of 1950 to the first quarter of this year. In spite of this larger expansion in steel deliveries, there has developed an increasingly tight situation in steel with the result that governmental action has become necessary to direct the available steel supply.

Three major factors account for the tight steel situation. First, production of military goods has been rising and will continue upward as the large volume of defense orders placed since the beginning of this year are translated into production. A rise in such output requires increasing consumption of steel. On the basis of present defense programs, requirements of steel for military purposes in the final quarter of this year will be at a rate more than twice that of the first quarter.

Second, in order to expand basic productive capacity, industry as a whole has been engaged in a vast plant and equipment expenditure program. The steel industry itself, for example, has a program of expansion which is expected to increase ingot capacity to 109 million tons by the end of this year and to 118 million tons by mid-1953, an increase of 12
(Continued on page 22)

## The Business Situation <br> (Continued from page 21)

million tons from the 106 million tons of capacity as of July 1, 1951. It is estimated that this facilities expansion requires nearly 2 million tons of finished steel. Other industries have also programmed large expansions which will require considerable tonnages of steel.
The growing tightness in steel was apparent in the fall of 1950 , stemming principally from the high production rates of consumers' and producers' goods which have continued into this year. Thus, even though in recent months residential housing activity has been declining and the output of many consumer durables has been curtailed, the reduced demand for steel on these accounts has not been enough to offset the rising steel requirements for defense production and for the industrial facilities expansion program.

Third, with the increase in the output of steel-consuming industries, steel inventories have risen in order to support the higher production rate. In some cases additional inventory accumulation has stemmed from fear of shortages and price uncertainties.
The increasing steel requirements for the defense and industrial facilities programs necessitated the expanding use of priority ratings for steel. In the first quarter of 1951 consumption of steel products for DO rated orders and for directed programs was 2 million tons, almost evenly divided between defense and transportation. In the second quarter priority rated orders expanded to 5 million tons, with electric power, petroleum, machinery and other programs receiving priority ratings for the first time. As of June 1, DO rated and program directed tonnages in the third quarter of this year were expected to exceed 11 million tons, or about 54 percent of the estimated 20.8 million tons of steel shipments in that quarter. As the Controlled Materials Plan develops, larger proportions of steel will be put under control.
While the estimate of the rated steel demand for the third quarter is not precise, in view of the rising defense and de-fense-supporting programs it is clear that the supply of steel available for the "civilian free area" will not be sufficient to maintain the demands originating from this area at the high rates prevailing earlier this year.

## Scrap situation

The programmed expansion of ingot capacity during the next 2 years requires larger quantities of raw materials, particularly scrap and iron ore, to support the higher steel
production potential. Currently, the iron and steel industry consumes in open-hearth furnaces about 46 percent scrap by volume in the scrap-pig-iron mix. Although this proportion has tended to decline in the last 15 years - from a high of 57 percent in 1935 to a low of 46 percent in 1950-it has remained fairly constant in the past. 4 years. Somewhat more than half of the required scrap is available from the waste of the various processes for producing iron and steel-the socalled home scrap. This portion is, therefore, directly dependent on the output of steel by the industry. With rising output in the postwar years, the absolute amount of home scrap available has also risen.

The remaining scrap needed by the industry is purchased, about two-fifths consisting of prompt industrial scrap, originating as waste of metal manufacturers such as the automobile and equipment producers, and the remainder being obsolete scrap. In recent years prompt industrial scrap has averaged about 13 percent of the consumption of finished products and this supply is dependent, therefore, on the output of the metalworking industries. While the amount of prompt industrial scrap is also proportionate to the shipments of steel products to these producers, significant variations in the ratio could result from changes in the amount of finished steel held in inventories by the steel consumers. In a period when inventories of steel products are being built up, for example, the return of the scrap to the steel industry would not be commensurate with the shipments of steel products. Since June 1950, the output of metal fabricators has increased steadily, thus resulting in an increasing supply of prompt industrial scrap.

Thus, normally about two-thirds of the total scrap requirements of the steel industry is returned as a result of its own activity and that of the metal fabricators. The question of adequacy of new scrap supplies, aside from their proper distribution among the consumers, revolves about the amount of obsolete scrap which can be gathered to meet the additional one-third required.

In a period of rapid expansion in steel output, such as has occurred in the past year and a half, a considerable lag occurs before new sources of obsolete scrap can be uncovered. To maintain the high steel production rates this year, the industry has had to draw down its inventories of purchased scrap. In view of anticipated increases in steel demand in the coming months, industry and other groups in cooperation with the Government have embarked on an intensive drive to collect available obsolete scrap so as to achieve a 1951 goal of 6.5 million tons of additional purchased scrap required by the steel industry for capacity operations.

## New or Revised N** Statistical Series $^{\text {Sta }}$



New Construction : Revised Data for Page S-6 ${ }^{1}$-Continued
[Millions of dollars]

| Year and month | Total new con-struction | Private |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Public |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total ${ }^{2}$ | Residential (nonfarm) |  |  | Nonresidential building, except farm and public utility ${ }^{3}$ |  |  | Farm struction | Public utility | Total | Rential | $\begin{gathered} \text { Nonresi- } \\ \text { dential } \\ \text { build } \\ \text { ing }{ }^{3} \end{gathered}$ | Miliand naval | $\underset{\text { way }}{\text { High- }}$ | Conserand developmen | Other |
|  |  |  |  | New | Additions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Total | ing units | alterations | Total | Industrial | Commercial |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Annual totals-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1921 | 6, 004 | 4, 440 | 2,105 | 1,795 | 185 | 1,434 | 574 | 570 | 223 | 604 | 1,564 | 0 | 387 | 49 | 853 | 52 | 223 |
| 1922 | 7,647 9 932 | 5, ${ }_{7} \mathbf{9} 96$ 7810 | 3,360 4 4 400 | 2,955 3 3 | 200 | 1,457 1 1 | 467 549 | 613 716 | ${ }_{317}^{269}$ | ${ }_{187}^{787}$ | 1,684 | 0 | 481 | 25 | 876 | 48 | ${ }_{2}^{254}$ |
| 1924-- |  | 8, 7106 | 4,400 5,060 | 4,575 | 230 | 1,697 1,675 | 549 460 | 716 740 | 317 298 | $\xrightarrow{1,195}$ | $\xrightarrow{1,622} \mathbf{1 , 9 0 1}$ | 0 | 481 494 | 16 9 | 805 987 | 65 79 | ${ }_{332}^{255}$ |
| 1925.- | 11, 439 | 9,301 | 5,515 | 4,910 | 250 | 2,060 | 513 | 940 | 311 | 1,302 | 2, 138 | 0 | 573 | 8 | 1,082 | 73 | 402 |
| 1926 | 12, 082 | 9,938 | 5,600 | 4, 920 | 270 | 2, 513 | 727 | 1,107 | 297 | 1,415 | 2,144 | 0 | 603 | 11 | 1,067 | 61 | 402 |
| 1927 | 12, 034 | 9,625 | 5, 160 | 4. 540 | 290 | 2, 534 | 696 | 1,145 | 355 | 1,450 | 2,409 | 0 | 596 | 12 | 1,222 | 63 | 516 |
| 1928 | 11, 641 | 9,156 | 4,770 | 4,195 | 315 | 2,573 | 802 | 1,121 | 331 | 1,372 | 2, 485 | 0 | 638 | 15 | 1,289 | 72 | 471 |
| 1929 | 10,793 | 8,307 | 3,625 | 3, 040 | $\begin{array}{r}340 \\ 305 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 2, 694 | 949 | 1,135 | 307 | 1,578 | 2, 886 | 0 | 659 | 19 | 1,266 | 115 | 457 |
| 1930 | 8,741 6,427 | 5, 883 3,768 | 2,075 1,565 | 1,570 1,320 | 305 <br> 175 | 2,003 1,099 | ${ }_{221}^{532}$ | 893 <br> 454 | $\begin{array}{r}193 \\ 97 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,527 | 2, 2,858 2.659 | 0 | 660 612 | 40 | 1.516 | 137 156 | 516 496 |
| 1932 - | 3, 538 | 1,676 | ${ }_{6} 6.30$ | ${ }^{1} 485$ | 105 | ${ }^{1} 502$ | 74 | 223 | 37 | 467 | 1,862 | 0 | 415 | 34 | ${ }^{1} 958$ | 150 | 305 |
| 1933 | 2, 879 | 1,231 | 470 | 290 | 145 | 406 | 176 | 130 | 49 | 261 | 1,648 | 0 | 230 | 36 | 847 | 359 | 176 |
| 1934 | 3,720 4,232 | 1,509 | 625 1,010 | 380 710 | 200 <br> 250 <br> 20 | $\begin{array}{r}456 \\ 472 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 191 | ${ }_{211}^{173}$ | ${ }_{1}^{66}$ | 326 363 | 2,211 2 2 | 1 | 363 388 | $\stackrel{47}{ }$ | 1,000 | 518 | ${ }_{314}^{282}$ |
| 1935 | 4,232 | 1,999 | 1,010 | 710 | 250 | 472 | 158 | 211 | 126 | 363 | 2,233 | 9 | 328 | 37 | 845 | 700 | 314 |
| 1936 | 6,497 | 2,981 | 1,565 | 1,210 | 295 | 713 | 266 | 290 | 161 | 518 | 3, 516 | 61 | 701 | 29 | 1,362 | 658 | 705 |
| 1937 | 6,999 6,980 | 3,903 3,560 | 1,875 1,990 | 1,475 1,620 | 320 295 | 1, 085 | 492 232 | 387 <br> 285 | 207 171 | 705 | 3,096 3,420 | 93 <br> 35 | ${ }_{6}^{550}$ | ${ }_{62} 6$ | 1,226 |  | 585 679 |
| 1939 | 8,198 | 4, 389 | 2, 680 | 2,270 | 320 | 786 | 254 | 292 | 212 | 683 | 3,809 | 65 | 970 | 125 | 1,381 | 570 | 698 |
| 1940 | 8,682 | 5,054 | 2,985 | 2,560 | 335 | 1,025 | 442 | 348 | 240 | 771 | 3,628 | 200 | 615 | 385 | 1,302 | 528 | 598 |
| 1941 | 11, 957 | 6, 206 | 3, 510 | 3,040 | 375 | 1,482 | 801 | 409 | 310 | 872 | 5,751 | 430 | 1,646 | 1,620 | 1,066 | 500 | 489 |
| 1942. | 14, 775 | 3, 415 | 1, 715 | 1,440 | 225 | ${ }_{23}^{635}$ | 346 | $\begin{array}{r}155 \\ \hline 3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 260 | 786 | 10,660 | 545 | 3,685 | 5, 016 | 734 | 357 | 323 |
| 1944 | 5,259 | 2,186 | 815 | 570 | 220 | ${ }_{351}^{233}$ | 208 | $\stackrel{3}{56}$ | 283 | 725 | $\stackrel{\text { 6, }}{\substack{\text { 3,073 }}}$ | 211 | 1,361 | 2. 837 | ${ }_{362}^{446}$ | 163 | 292 139 |
| 1945 | 5,633 | 3, 235 | 1, 100 | 720 | 340 | 1,020 | 642 | 203 | 267 | 827 | 2,398 | 80 | 937 | 690 | 398 | 130 | 163 |
| 1946 | 12,000 | 9,638 | 4,015 | 3,300 | 570 | 3,341 | 1.689 | 1,132 | 856 | 1,374 | 2, 362 | 374 | 354 | 188 | 895 | 240 | 311 |
| 1947 | 16, ${ }_{21}{ }^{1672}$ | 13, 131 | 6,310 <br> 8,580 | 5, 450 <br> 77500 | 735 925 | - ${ }_{3}^{3.142}$ | 1,702 1,397 | 1, 856 | 1,272 1,397 1 | $\xrightarrow{2,338}$ | 3,496 4907 | 200 | 599 | 204 | 1,514 | 399 | 585 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 199 . \\ & 1950 \end{aligned}$ | 22,584 | 16, 181 | 8,267 | 7,257 | 825 | ${ }_{3}^{3,228}$ | ${ }^{1} 1972$ | 1, 1227 | 1, 292 | 3,316 | 6,403 | 359 | 2,068 | 137 | +1,129 | ${ }_{793}$ | 817 907 |
|  | 27,902 | 20, 789 | 12,600 | 11, 525 | 900 | 3,777 | 1,062 | 1,288 | 1,170 | 3,130 | 7,113 | 345 | 2,402 | 177 | 2.350 | 886 | 953 |
|  | Monthly data |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1942: January | 861 <br> 828 <br> 1,035 <br> 1,103 <br> 1,181 <br> 1,74 <br> 1,533 <br> 1,537 <br> 1,408 <br> 1,315 <br> 1,915 <br> 1,929 | 386 | $\begin{aligned} & 202 \\ & 170 \end{aligned}$ | 175146 | 21 | 102 |  |  | 19 | 62 | 475491 |  | 177 | 170182 | 4037 | 35272929 |  |
|  |  | 337 |  |  | 18 | 86 | 49 | 21 | 19 | 60 |  | 25 | 199 |  |  |  | 21 |
|  |  | ${ }_{354}^{337}$ | 177 | 150 | ${ }_{26}^{21}$ | 72 | 38 | 20 | 20 | 66 | ${ }_{79} 698$ | 28 | ${ }_{28}^{230}$ | 342 | ${ }_{58}^{42}$ | ${ }_{30}^{29}$ | ${ }_{29}^{27}$ |
|  |  | $\begin{array}{r}354 \\ 341 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 198 | 171 165 | ${ }_{28}^{26}$ | 60 <br> 50 | 28 28 | 18 17 | ${ }_{23}^{21}$ | 69 68 | $\begin{array}{r}749 \\ 840 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$ | ${ }_{33}^{28}$ | ${ }_{303}^{268}$ | 336 370 | $\stackrel{58}{73}$ | 30 <br> 30 | $\stackrel{29}{31}$ |
|  |  | 299 | 157 | 132 | 20 | 45 | 20 | 13 | 26 | 70 | 975 | 36 | 341 | 453 | 78 | 35 | 32 |
|  |  | 262 | 122 | 100 | 17 | 40 | 20 | 11 | 26 | 72 | 1,271 | 45 | 380 | 699 | 80 | 35 | 32 |
|  |  | ${ }_{241} 4$ | 107 | $\begin{array}{r}86 \\ 85 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 17 | 40 | 22 | 9 | 26 | ${ }_{68}^{73}$ | 1,209 | ${ }_{65}^{62}$ | 383 <br> 407 | 619 | 81 | 33 30 | $\stackrel{31}{29}$ |
|  |  | 241 228 | 106 | 85 84 84 | 18 17 | 41 37 | $\stackrel{24}{24}$ | 8 <br> 5 | 24 <br> 21 <br> 1 | ${ }_{65}^{68}$ | 1,167 1,087 | 65 70 | 407 <br> 372 | 561 514 514 | 75 75 | 30 29 | $\stackrel{29}{27}$ |
|  |  | 205 | 192 | 78 | 13 | 33 | ${ }_{23}^{24}$ | $\stackrel{5}{4}$ | 21 18 | 65 61 | 1,087 | 62 | ${ }_{354}^{372}$ | 514 430 | 56 | $\stackrel{24}{29}$ | 20 |
|  |  | 177 | 78 | 68 | 9 | 29 | 20 | 3 | 17 | 52 | 752 | 64 | 271 | 340 | 39 | 20 | 19 |
| Monthly average. |  | 285 | 143 | 120 | 19 | 53 | 29 | 13 | 22 | 66 | 888 | 45 | 307 | 418 | 61 | 30 | 27 |
| 1943: January | 821 | 147 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 18 | $\stackrel{43}{42}$ | ${ }_{6}^{622}$ | 5250 | 238 <br> 230 | 321287 | $\stackrel{22}{22}$ | 211824 | 2015 |
|  | 755 | 133 | 515050 | $\begin{array}{r}43 \\ 41 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 7 8 8 | 21 | 14 | ${ }_{2}^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 773 759 | 130 <br> 144 |  | 41 48 | ${ }^{8}$ | 1514 | 1010 | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | 23 <br> 26 | 44454 | 615611 | 70 72 | 218193198 | 271 | 33 | 24 <br> 24 <br> 24 | 22 <br> 29 |
|  | 778 | 144 | 60 | 48 58 | 11 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 72 |  |  |  | 24 27 27 |  |
|  | 755 | 176 | 81 | ${ }_{6}^{68}$ | 14 | 17 | 10 | ${ }_{3}^{3}$ | 29 | 48 | 579 | 88 78 79 | 169 169 | 224 | ${ }_{51}^{46}$ | 2930 | - ${ }^{33}$ |
|  | 752 | 178 | 87 | 69 | 16 | 152121 | 1113 | 3 | 30 <br> 31 <br> 1 | 485251 | 57453153 | 79 | 171150151 | 206 | 51 |  | ${ }_{32}$ |
|  | 722 | 191 |  |  |  |  |  | 4 3 3 |  |  |  | ${ }^{63}$ |  |  | 52 | 30 <br> 26 | 3027 |
|  | 648 <br> 588 | 190 <br> 183 <br> 1 | 868488 | 676668 | 1817 | 242222 | 161515 | 3 <br> 4 <br> 4 | 242020 | 494848 | $4{ }_{405}^{458}$ |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}26 \\ 22 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |
|  | 504 | 174 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 403 <br> 330 | 48 48 | 118 109 | 147 105 | ${ }_{33}^{44}$ | 22 19 | 262016 |
|  | 452 | 172 | 78 | 62 | 15 | 23 | 15 | 3 | 18 | 53 | 280 | 38 | 106 | 79 | 26 | 15 |  |
| Monthly average | 692 | 165 | 74 | 59 | 13 | 19 | 13 | 3 | 24 | 48 | 527 | 62 | $168 \quad 213$ |  | 37 | 24 | 24 |
| 1944: January | 442 | 156 | 71 | 57 |  | 22 | 15 |  | 18 | 45 | 286 | 33 | 122 | 81 | 23 | 16 |  |
| February | 422 | 154 | 66 | 52 | 13 | $\stackrel{22}{22}$ | 14 | 3 | 19 | 47 | 268 | 27 | 120 | 71 | 23 | 16 | 11 |
| March. | ${ }_{432} 4$ | 161 | ${ }_{6}^{64}$ | 50 | 13 15 | ${ }_{23}^{23}$ | $\begin{array}{r}14 \\ 15 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 3 3 3 | 20 23 | 53 57 | ${ }_{261}^{249}$ | $\begin{array}{r}23 \\ 22 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 122 | 60 67 | $\stackrel{21}{26}$ | 13 | 11 |
| May-. | 455 | 187 | 70 | 51 | 17 | 27 | 17 | $\stackrel{3}{4}$ | ${ }_{26}^{23}$ | 63 | 268 | $\stackrel{21}{22}$ | 118 | ${ }_{74}$ | 30 | 13 | 12 |
| June.- | 465 | 201 | 75 | 52 | 21 | 32 | 18 | 5 | 29 | 64 | 264 | 19 | 112 | 70 | 37 | 14 | 12 |
| July | 478 | 205 | 75 | 51 | 22 | 32 | 18 | 6 | 30 | 66 | 273 | 17 | 109 | 79 | 40 | 15 | 13 |
| ${ }_{\text {August }}$ | 484 | 209 199 | 74 69 | 49 | 22 | ${ }_{32}^{33}$ | 18 | $\stackrel{6}{5}$ | 30 | 70 | ${ }_{2}^{275}$ | 14 | 113 | 81 | 40 | 14 | 13 |
| October- | 436 | 187 | ${ }_{64}^{69}$ | 41 | $\stackrel{21}{20}$ | ${ }_{32}$ | 18 | 5 <br> 6 | 28 28 | 69 67 | 249 | 19 | 110 113 | 72 65 | 39 <br> 36 | 14 13 | $\stackrel{13}{13}$ |
| November | 405 | 181 | 62 | 37 | 22 | 35 | 20 | 7 | 20 | 63 | 224 | 8 | 103 |  |  | 12 | 10 |
| December. | 372 | 175 | 58 | 34 | 21 | 38 | 23 | 6 | 17 | 61 | 197 | 7 | 98 | 53 | 20 | 10 | 9 |
| Monthly average | 438 | 182 | 68 | 48 | 18 | 29 | 17 | 5 | 24 | 60 | 256 | 18 | 113 | 70 | 30 | 14 | 12 |
| 1945: January-- | 359 353 | 158 | 51 | 28 | 20 | 42 | 28 | 6 | 17 | 48 | 201 | 8 | 97 | 60 | 18 | 9 | ${ }^{9}$ |
| February | 353 <br> 389 | 155 171 18 | 44 45 | $\stackrel{24}{24}$ | 17 17 | 46 <br> 53 | 31 35 | ${ }_{8}^{6}$ | 17 | 48 55 | ${ }_{218}^{198}$ | 8 | $\begin{array}{r}94 \\ 103 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 62 67 | ${ }_{21}^{16}$ | 8 9 | 10 10 |
| April | 416 | 188 | 54 | 29 | 21 | 57 | 39 | 8 | 18 | 58 | 228 | 9 | 109 | 66 | 25 | 9 | 10 |
| May-- | 464 | 221 | 69 | 40 | 25 | 65 | 44 | 10 | 21 | 65 | 243 | 10 | 108 | 72 | 32 | 10 | 11 |
| June... | 488 511 | 249 281 | 80 98 | ${ }_{61}^{50}$ | 26 <br> 34 | 74 80 8 | 50 53 | 12 | $\stackrel{24}{28}$ | 70 | 239 230 | 10 | 87 |  |  | 10 | 13 |
| July-. | 511 526 | $\begin{array}{r}281 \\ 301 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}98 \\ 105 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 61 68 | 34 34 34 | 80 87 | 53 <br> 58 | 14 15 15 | 28 30 | 73 76 | 223 | 88 | 87 78 | 67 65 | ${ }_{45}^{42}$ | 11 | 15 17 |
| September | 510 | 327 | 115 | 77 | 35 | 98 | ${ }^{63}$ | 18 | 28 | 83 | 183 | 3 | 55 | 50 | 46 | 12 | 17 |
| October--- | ${ }_{541}$ | ${ }_{3}^{357}$ | 129 | 89 | ${ }_{3}^{37}$ | 114 | 70 | 24 | ${ }_{2}^{25}$ | 86 | 176 | 4 | 45 | ${ }^{50}$ | 45 | 13 | 19 |
| November | 541 543 | 394 <br> 43 | 147 163 | 106 124 | 38 36 | 139 165 | 80 91 | 35 <br> 47 | $\stackrel{22}{20}$ | 83 82 | 147 110 | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | 36 28 | 38 22 | 40 30 | 14 13 | 17 15 |
| Monthly average | 469 | 270 | 92 | 60 | 28 | 85 | 54 | 17 | 22 | 69 | 200 | 7 | 78 | 58 | 33 | 11 | 14 |

For footnotes see p. 24.

New Construction: Revised Data for Page S-6 ${ }^{1}$-Continued
[Millions of dollars]

| Year and month | Total new contion | Total ${ }^{2}$ | Private |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Public |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Residential (nonfarm) |  |  | Nonresidential building, except farm and public utility ${ }^{3}$ |  |  | Farm con-struc-tion | Public utility | Total | Residential | Nonresidential ing ${ }^{3}$ | Military naval | $\underset{\text { way }}{\text { High- }}$ | Conservation development | Other types |
|  |  |  |  | New | Additions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Total | ${ }_{\text {ing }}^{\text {units }}$ | alterations | Total | $\begin{gathered} \text { Indus- } \\ \text { trias- } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Com- } \\ \text { mercial } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Monthly data-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1946: January | 563 | 463 | 175 | 137 | 33 | 190 | 100 | 60 | 22 | 73 | 100 | 2 | 31 | 18 | 24 | 10 | 15 |
|  | 587 | 499 | 186 | 142 | 38 | 213 |  | 72 | 25 |  | 88 | 4 | 25 | 13 | 24 | 11 | 11 |
|  | 685 806 | 573 | 219 | 167 | 44 | 232 | 113 119 | 83 99 | ${ }_{4} 32$ | 87 | 112 | 9 | 25 | 13 | 36 | 12 | 17 |
|  | 806 939 | 672 776 | 266 317 | 205 249 | 51 <br> 56 | 287 281 | 119 128 | $\begin{array}{r}99 \\ 111 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 45 64 | 1100 | 134 163 | $\stackrel{12}{12}$ | $\stackrel{24}{26}$ | $\begin{array}{r}15 \\ 14 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 49 63 | 15 17 | 19 22 |
|  | 1,064 | 872 | 365 | 294 | 57 | 303 | 138 | 118 | 82 | 118 | 192 | 26 | 27 | 14 | 79 | 18 | 28 |
|  | 1, 189 | 951 | 404 | ${ }_{3}^{336}$ | 53 | 315 | 149 | 117 | 99 | 128 | 238 | 32 | 31 | 14 | 103 | 25 | 33 |
|  | 1, ${ }^{2} 206$ | 1,004 | 428 437 | 360 <br> 370 | 52 51 | 318 315 | 159 | $\begin{array}{r}109 \\ 98 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 115 | 137 <br> 141 <br> 1 | 266 <br> 283 | ${ }_{44}^{37}$ | $\begin{array}{r}34 \\ 38 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 18 | 113 | ${ }_{29}^{27}$ | 37 39 |
|  | 1,292 | 1,989 | 425 | 360 | 50 | 315 | 171 | 94 | 98 | 146 | 303 | 60 | 35 | 20 | 123 | 30 | 35 |
|  | 1,212 | 942 | 410 | 348 | 47 | 307 | 171 | 89 | 83 | 137 | 270 | 74 | 31 | 17 | 94 | 25 | 29 |
|  | 1,097 | 884 | 383 | 332 | 38 | 295 | 166 | 82 | 76 | 125 | 213 | 53 | 27 | 16 | 70 | 21 | 26 |
| Monthly average. | 1,000 | 803 | 335 | 275 | 48 | 278 | 141 | 94 | 71 | 115 | 197 | 31 | 30 | 16 | 75 | 20 | 26 |
| 1947: January | 1,017 | 838 | 358 | 310 | 35 | 275 | 159 | 71 | 76 | 125 | 179 | 40 | 27 | 13 | 49 | 19 | 31 |
| February |  | $\begin{array}{r}804 \\ 827 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$ | 338 <br> 347 | ${ }_{295}^{290}$ | ${ }_{41}^{36}$ | 259 | 155 | 63 54 | 80 <br> 88 | 123 | 179 | 40 26 | $\stackrel{29}{37}$ | 12 | 48 64 | ${ }_{21}^{20}$ | 30 39 |
| March | 1.026 | $\begin{array}{r}827 \\ 887 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 347 | 295 322 | 41 <br> 52 | ${ }_{239}^{241}$ | 145 <br> 142 | 54 55 | -88 | 146 <br> 159 <br> 189 | 199 | 26 17 | $\begin{array}{r}37 \\ 46 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}12 \\ 15 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 64 96 | $\stackrel{21}{25}$ | 39 46 |
| May | 1. 255 | 977 | 441 | 370 | 60 | 241 | 141 | 59 | 116 | 174 | 278 | 9 | 51 | 15 | 124 | 29 | 50 |
| June. | 1.407 | 1,088 | 497 | 421 | 66 | 250 | 140 | 67 | 127 | 207 | 319 | 9 | 51 | 15 | 157 | 34 | 53 |
| July--- | 1.527 | 1, 880 | 554 | 472 | 72 | 256 | 139 | 69 | 135 | 227 | 347 | 9 | 55 | 19 | 170 | 38 | 56 |
| ${ }_{\text {August }}^{\text {Septemb }}$ | 1,626 | 1, 252 | 604 | 518 | 76 77 | ${ }_{268}^{261}$ | 139 <br> 138 <br> 188 | 71 76 | 139 129 | 241 250 | 374 <br> 390 | ${ }_{8}^{11}$ | 57 61 | $\stackrel{22}{22}$ | 188 | ${ }_{44}^{42}$ | ${ }_{6}^{59}$ |
| October | 1, 745 | 1. 343 | 701 | 611 | 80 | 278 | 137 | 84 | 108 | 250 | 402 | 11 | 62 | 23 | 200 | 45 | 61 |
| November. | 1,685 | 1,352 | 737 | 651 | 77 | 290 | ${ }^{136}$ | 94 | 92 | 227 | 333 | 10 | 59 | 19 | 151 | 41 | 53 |
| December. | 1,533 | 1,282 | 703 | 631 | 63 | 284 | 134 | 93 | 82 | 209 | 251 | 10 | 64 | 17 | 78 | 36 | 46 |
| Monthly average | 1,386 | 1,094 | 526 | 454 | 61 | 262 | 142 | 71 | 106 | 195 | 291 | 17 | 50 | 17 | 126 | 33 | 49 |
| 1948: January | 1. 357 | 1,126 | 585 | 520 | 57 | 271 | 130 | 84 | 82 | 185 | 231 | 12 | 65 | 14 | 63 | 33 | 44 |
| February | 1. ${ }^{2} 107$ | 1. 033 | 491 | 430 510 | 52 55 | ${ }_{267}^{266}$ | 125 | 84 89 89 | 87 96 | 184 209 | 199 | 9 | ${ }_{74}^{61}$ | 12 | 48 | 30 | 39 |
| March. | 1, 1.87 | 1,153 1.267 | 575 659 | 510 572 | 58 76 76 | 268 | 1120 | 89 89 | 96 110 | 209 227 | 254 318 | 112 | 74 <br> 85 | 14 14 | $\begin{array}{r}67 \\ 104 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }_{42}^{37}$ | 52 |
| May. | 1,818 | 1. 415 | 755 | 648 | 93 | 279 | 111 | 99 | 129 | 245 | 403 | 11 | 96 | 14 | 163 | 50 | 69 |
| June | 2. 011 | 1,536 | 816 | 706 | 96 | 305 | 110 | 116 | 143 | 264 | 475 | 12 | 106 | 13 | 210 | 59 | 75 |
| July | 2, 126 | 1. 599 | 843 | 732 | 96 | 334 | 110 | 127 | 152 | 273 | ${ }_{5}^{527}$ | 13 | 119 | 14 | ${ }_{2}^{242}$ | 59 | 80 |
| August. | ${ }_{2}^{2.206}$ | 1, 633 | 853 <br> 835 <br> 8 |  | ${ }_{88}^{93}$ | 333 <br> 338 | 113 116 | 125 | 1156 | 286 | 573 560 | 17 | 133 | 15 | ${ }_{234}^{257}$ | 66 7 | 8 |
| Septembe | 2.174 <br> 2.078 | 1,614 1,540 | 835 <br> 791 | 732 | 88 | 338 332 | 116 116 | 122 113 | 143 | 2293 | 560 538 | 15 16 | 1148 | 15 13 13 | ${ }_{218}^{234}$ | 73 67 | 885 |
| November | 1,895 | 1,444 | 728 | 639 | 74 | 330 | 116 | 109 | 98 | 284 | 451 | 14 | 141 | 11 | 153 | 59 | 73 |
| December | 1,683 | 1,305 | 649 | 571 | 64 | 311 | 114 | 96 | 84 | 257 | 378 | 15 | 139 | 9 | 97 | 54 | 64 |
| Monthly average. | 1,798 | 1,389 | 715 | 625 | 77 | 302 | 116 | 104 | 116 | 250 | 409 | 13 | 108 | 13 | 155 | 52 | 67 |
| 1949: January | 1,516 | 1,158 | 560 | 492 | 54 | 290 | 110 | 85 | 83 | 221 | 358 | 16 | 139 | 8 | 89 | 43 | 63 |
| February | 1,404 |  |  | 420 |  | ${ }_{206}^{274}$ | 104 |  |  |  | 331 <br> 383 |  | 135 | 8 | 88 | 41 | 62 |
| March.-- | 1,508 1,632 | 1,125 1,183 | 5502 | 435 <br> 465 | 53 67 | 266 257 | 96 89 | 81 78 | 94 105 | 258 <br> 268 | 383 449 | 22 26 | 153 158 | 8 | $\begin{array}{r}84 \\ 127 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 47 58 | 69 71 |
| May. | 1,865 | 1, 311 | 637 | 544 | 76 | 262 | 81 | 86 | 121 | 285 | 554 | 25 | 167 | 9 | 205 | 70 | 78 |
| June. | 2.038 | 1,428 | 712 | 614 | 81 | 272 | 76 | 94 | 131 | 305 | 610 | 33 | 173 | 11 | 236 | 78 | 79 |
| July | 2.116 | 1,480 | 756 | 658 | 81 | ${ }_{271}^{273}$ | 72 | 93 | 138 | 305 | ${ }_{6} 636$ | 32 | 176 | 12 | 256 | ${ }_{76}$ | 84 |
| ${ }_{\text {S }}$ August | - 2,1194 | 1,513 <br> 1,514 | 781 810 | 688 716 | 77 78 | ${ }_{262}^{271}$ | 71 69 | 89 83 | 140 127 | 313 <br> 308 | 681 702 | 37 <br> 40 | 188 | 15 | ${ }_{255}^{275}$ | 79 80 | 87 |
| October-. | 2, 180 | 1,508 | 884 | 742 | 76 | 264 | 68 | $8_{84}^{88}$ | 104 | 299 | ${ }_{672} 80$ | ${ }_{41}^{40}$ | 220 | 15 16 | ${ }_{233}^{255}$ | 80 79 | $\stackrel{92}{86}$ |
| November | ${ }^{2} .053$ | 1,487 | 840 | 753 | 72 | 270 | 68 | 88 | 87 | 283 | 566 | ${ }^{36}$ | 182 | 14 | 184 | 74 | 76 |
| December. | 1,862 | 1, 401 | 806 | 730 | 61 | 267 | 68 | 86 | 75 | 246 | 461 | 34 | 160 | 12 | 117 | 68 | 70 |
| Monthly averege. | 1,882 | 1,348 | 689 | 605 | 69 | 269 | 81 | 86 | 108 | 276 | 534 | 30 | 172 | 11 | 177 | 66 | 76 |
| 1950: January | 1,719 | 1,294 | 744 | 682 |  | 257 | 69 | 79 | 74 | 210 | 425 | 35 | 154 | 10 | 102 | 55 |  |
| February | 1,617 | 1, 253 | 714 | 652 687 | 51 55 | ${ }_{249}^{252}$ | 70 | 77 | 77 | 201 | 364 | ${ }_{29}^{28}$ | 154 | 8 | ${ }^{63}$ | 49 | 62 |
| March.. | 1.779 <br> 2.007 | 1,330 <br> 1,478 | ${ }_{881}^{753}$ | 687 799 | 55 70 | 249 249 | 69 70 | 77 77 | 84 94 | 235 243 | 449 529 | $\stackrel{29}{29}$ | 171 | 8 | 112 | 60 72 | 69 73 |
| May. | 2,278 | 1,694 | 1,036 | 941 | 82 | 274 | 73 | 92 | 109 | 262 | 584 | 27 | 203 | 8 | 188 | 81 | 77 |
| June. | 2,565 | 1,892 | 1,178 | 1,072 | 92 | 305 | 78 | 110 | 118 | ${ }_{2}^{278}$ | ${ }_{6}^{673}$ | ${ }_{24}^{28}$ | 201 | 9 | 266 | 87 | 82 |
| July-.-- | -2, ${ }_{2}^{268}$ | 2,016 2,090 | -1,269 | 1,161 | ${ }_{93}^{93}$ | 324 <br> 333 | $\begin{array}{r}84 \\ 91 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | 116 | ${ }_{127}^{125}$ | 287 <br> 297 <br> 1 | 680 727 | $\begin{array}{r}24 \\ 27 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }_{213}^{202}$ | 10 | ${ }_{2}^{273}$ | 86 87 87 | 85 89 |
| Sugust | 2,817 <br> 2,848 | 2,090 2,095 | 1,322 1,322 | 1,212 1,211 | 93 <br> 94 | 333 354 3 | 91 101 | 1121 | 127 | 297 297 | 727 753 | $\stackrel{27}{28}$ | ${ }_{230}^{213}$ | 16 <br> 21 <br> 1 | 298 | 87 <br> 84 | 89 98 |
| October-. | 2,773 | 2,025 | 1,247 | 1,145 | 84 | 382 | 112 | 136 | 95 | 294 | 748 | 30 | 247 | 28 | 265 | 84 | 94 |
| November.- | - 2,538 | 1,901 1,721 | -1,, 131 <br> 1 | 1,040 | 73 62 | 403 395 | 120 125 | 149 140 | 81 | 279 247 | 668 513 | 31 30 | ${ }_{216}^{228}$ | ${ }_{24}^{26}$ | 221 103 | 76 65 | 86 75 |
| Monthly average | 2,325 | 1.732 | 1,050 | 960 | 75 | 315 | 89 | 107 | 98 | 261 | 593 | 29 | 200 | 15 | 196 | 74 | 88 |

${ }^{1}$ Estimates of the value of the new construction put in place are prepared jointly by the U.S. Department of Commerce and the U.S. Department of Labor.

The series has been revised to incorporate certain segments not formerly included. The principal additions are as follows: (1) In private residential building-(a) architects' and operations, prior to 1945; (d) additions and alterations; (e) dormitories; (f) other shelter principally motor courts, tourist cabins, and vacation cottages; (2) in other private construction(a) privately owned sewage disposal and water supply facilities; (b) privately owned toll bridges and roads, parks, playgrounds, race tracks, stadia, swimming pools, and similar recreational facilities; (3) in public construction-construction of atomic energy facilities.
In addition to inclusion of the new sub-series mentioned above, certain components have been revised. The principal changes are as iollows: (a) An adjustment has been made in the previous level of allowances for engineering and architectural fees and for land development costs and profits in some types of privatenonresidential building in line with allowances just introduced for other construction classifications, and similar adjustments have beenmade in
all categories of public construction expenditures; (b) the estimates of farm construction since 1940 have been revised upward on the basis of new information; (c) expenditures for the con struction of hotels formerly listed in the nonresidential building category have been shifted Federal work rel series on public construction (these expenditures were previously shown as a bary of the ponent of construction activity): (e) estimates of the value of construction done by the Civil ian Conservation Corps also have been added to the series on "Conservation and develop
"Statistical Supplement" to the May 1951 Con truction and Building Materials Repor
Includes a small amount not shown separately
Public industrial and commercial building not segregable from private construction,
15-32; amounts believed neyligible.
${ }^{4}$ Not available separately; included in total.


The data here are a continuation of the statistics published in the 1949 Statistical Supplement to the Survey of Current Business. That volume (price $\$ 1.25$ ) contains monthly data for the years 1945 to 1948 , and monthly averages for earlier years back to 1935 insofar as available; it also provides a description of each series and references to sources of monthly figures prior to 1945. Series added or revised since publication of the 1949 Supplement are indicated by an asterisk ( $\left.{ }^{( }\right)$and a dagger ( $\dagger$ ), respectively, the accompanying footnote indicating where historical data and a descriptive note may be found. The terms "unadjusted" and "adjusted" used to designate index numbers and dollar values refer to adjustment of monthly figures for seasonal variation.

Data subsequent to June 1951 for selected series will be found in the Weekly Supplement to the Surver.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1948 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1949 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1950 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1951 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | September | October | November | Decem- ber | January | February | March | April | May | June |

GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS


PERSONAL INCOME, BY SOURCE $\dagger$

| Seasonally adjusted, at annual rates: bil of dol |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  | Employer disbursements, total |
|  | Commodity-producing industries...-do |
|  | Distributive industries |
|  | Service industrie |
|  | Government .........-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-. do |
|  | Less employee contributions for social insur- <br>  |
|  | Other labor income....................... do. |
|  | Proprietors' and rental income...........- do |
|  | Personal interest income and dividends... do |
|  | Total transfer payments. |
|  | al nonagricultur |

New Puxprap fuymer
EXPENDITURES


$r$ Revised. ${ }^{1}$ Estimates for April-June 1951, based on anticipated capital expenditures of business.
trevised series. Quarterly estimates of national income, gross national product, and personal income and monthly estimates of personal income have been revised beginning 1948; for these revisions and for earlier revisions (covering data for 1946-47), see tables 41, 43, 45, and 48 in part $V$ of the Nationai Income Supplement to the Surver, July 1951.

TII Includes inventory valuation adjustment.
§Personal saving is excess of disposable income over personal consumption expenditures shown as a component of gross national product above.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1948 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1949 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1950 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1951 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | September | October | November | December | January | February | March | April | May | June |

GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS—Continued

| FARM INCOME AND MARKETINGS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cash receipts from farming, including Government payments, total $\ddagger$ mil. of dol. | ${ }^{\text {r }} 1.882$ | 2,356 | 2, 551 | 2,913 | 3,584 | 3,277 | 2.692 | 2. 539 | 1,899 | 2,071 | 2,137 | 2.153 | - 2.193 |
| Farm marketings and CCO loans, total... do..-- | -1,848 | 2, 343 | 2,543 | 2,906 | 3, 572 | 3, 261 | 2,672 | 2,510 | 1,873 | 2,019 | 2,088 | 2,120 | -2, 167 |
|  | - 557 | 1,058 | 1, 182 | 1,452 | 2,038 | 1,781 | 1,216 | ${ }^{965}$ | 557 | ${ }^{523}$ | 465 | 436 | ${ }^{p} 630$ |
| Livestock and products, total...............do...... | ${ }^{\text {r }}$ 1,291 | 1,285 | 1,361 | 1,454 | 1, 534 | 1,480 | 1,456 | 1.545 | 1.316 | 1,496 | 1,623 | 1,684 | D 1, 537 |
|  | ${ }^{+} 361$ | 351 | 323 | 305 | 301 | 276 | ${ }^{282}$ | 324 | 317 | 366 | 368 | 438 | ${ }^{\circ} 437$ |
|  | +689 | 701 | 792 | 883 | 950 | 870 | \$27 | 995 | 769 | 834 | 930 | 871 | ${ }^{2} 753$ |
| Poultry and egrs..................diond | ${ }^{\text {r }} 211$ | 214 | 229 | 248 | 268 | 319 | 329 | 215 | 220 | 275 | 288 | 309 | ${ }^{\text {- } 296}$ |
| Indexes of cash receipts from marketings and CCO loans, unadjusted: $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 275 | 353 | 383 | 437 | 538 | 484 | 402 | 378 338 | 281 | 303 | 313 | 319 | P 326 |
|  | 195 335 | 371 339 | 414 359 | 509 384 | 715 405 | 608 391 | 426 384 | 338 408 | 195 346 | 183 393 | 163 427 | 153 | ¢ 2200 |
| Indexes of volume of farm marketings, unadjustedif | 335 | 339 | 359 | 384 | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All commodities .-.---------------1935-39=100.- | 120 | 143 | 154 | 167 | 201 | 172 | 149 | 139 | $\begin{array}{r}104 \\ 79 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 111 | 113 | $\bigcirc{ }^{+117}$ | $\bigcirc 124$ |
| Crops. | 153 | 142 | 142 | 147 | 158 | 157 | 151 | 149 | 123 | 141 | 152 | 163 | -152 |
| Industrial production |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Federal Reserve Index |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unadjusted, combined index $\ldots-\ldots \ldots-1935-39=100 \ldots$ | 200 | 198 | 212 | 216 | 220 | 215 | 216 | 216 | 217 | 219 | 221 | 223 | - 223 |
| Manufactures..-.-.-...---...................do. | 209 | 207 | 221 | 224 | 229 | 226 | 227 | 226 | 228 | 231 | 232 | 233 | -233 |
|  | 238 | 237 | 249 236 | 253 | 263 253 | 260 | ${ }_{253}^{266}$ | 264 | 268 | \% 272 | ${ }_{264}^{278}$ | $\cdots$ | - 277 |
|  | ${ }^{231}$ | 228 | 236 177 | 245 179 | 253 176 | 246 168 | ${ }_{158}^{253}$ | 255 153 | 252 <br> 154 | '263 | $\begin{array}{r}264 \\ +169 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 263 | 261 |
| Lumber and products...-------------do...-- | 168 | 174 | 192 | 196 | 198 | 197 | 195 | 190 | 193 | -195 | $\checkmark 185$ | 173 | -165 |
|  | 160 | 155 | 170 | 170 | 165 | 153 | 140 | 134 | 134 | 141 | 161 | 165 | ${ }^{\circ} 163$ |
|  | 262 | 265 | 279 | 283 | 303 | 311 | 321 | 322 | 328 | ${ }^{+335}$ | - 336 | -336 | ${ }^{p} 336$ |
| Nonferrous metals and products --.....do.- | 206 | 202 | 212 | 216 | 223 | 226 | 227 | 224 | 217 | + 209 | - 210 | - 206 | ${ }^{p} 206$ |
|  | 202 | 199 | 212 | 219 | 225 | 228 | 230 | 226 | 215 | +202 | '204 | ${ }^{*} 199$ | ${ }^{2} 200$ |
|  | 218 | 207 | 212 | 209 | 217 | 221 | 219 | 220 | 222 | 225 | 225 | 224 | - 220 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products.....-...do. | 212 | 214 | 221 | 223 | 240 | 233 | 227 | 223 | 221 | 232 | -243 | r 241 | - 241 |
| Cement | 229 | 229 | 242 | 239 | 249 | 231 | 211 | 193 | 186 | 207 | 231 | 242 | 251 |
|  | 160 | 162 | 172 | 175 | 177 | 182 | 178 | 178 | 176 | 180 | 183 | 184 | $p 184$ |
| Olass containers .-....................- do | 232 | 234 | 223 | 229 | 269 | ${ }_{2}^{250}$ | 246 | 251 | 253 | 269 | 292 | 「275 | 266 |
| Transportation equipment............-. do...- | 277 | $\stackrel{262}{272}$ | ${ }_{273}^{287}$ | 285 | 271 | 249 | $\stackrel{260}{292}$ | 246 | 364 262 | 314 +265 + | - 309 -254 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \times \\ \mathrm{r} \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $p 316$ $\gg 249$ |
| Nondurable manufactures .-....-. . do | 184 | 182 | 198 | 201 | 201 | 197 | 196 | 196 | 196 | 194 | 195 | r 197 | ¢ 197 |
| Alcoholic beverages....-.-.-.............-. do. | 202 | 219 | 237 | 217 | 205 | 195 | 189 | 211 | 198 | 185 | 175 | 180 | 191 |
|  | 258 | 259 | 265 | 272 | 282 | 284 | ${ }_{2}^{288}$ | 288 | 291 | 296 | 297 | -298 | ${ }^{\square} 301$ |
|  | 451 | 453 | 458 | 465 | 488 | 497 | 504 | 506 | 510 | 524 | 530 | ${ }^{+538}$ | ${ }^{p} 50$ |
| Leather and products.-.-.---------.-. do. | 104 | 99 | 119 | 123 | 115 | 111 | 107 | 116 | 125 | 118 | 106 | $p 97$ |  |
|  | 100 | 87 | 106 | 109 | 107 | 111 | 106 | 108 | 120 | 104 |  | 88 |  |
|  | 107 | 178 | -189 | -190 | r 173 | ${ }^{-163}$ | r161 | 155 | 149 | 149 | ${ }^{+152}$ | $\stackrel{+158}{+158}$ |  |
| Manufactured food products........... do. | ${ }_{226}^{164}$ | 178 223 | -195 | -156 | -119 | +94 | - 90 | 90 | 101 | 120 | 153 | 196 | ${ }^{2} 1$ |
|  | 146 | 141 | 134 | 152 | 158 | 184 | 203 | 193 | 142 | 147 | 150 | 149 | 144 |
| Processed fruis and vegetables...--...do-..-- | 122 | 191 | 254 | 276 | 190 | 137 | 111 | 105 | 100 | 97 | ${ }^{+103}$ | ${ }^{*} 108$ | p 113 |
| Paper and products...-. .-....-.........-do. | 185 | 172 | 191 | 194 | 202 | 201 | 197 | 203 | 208 | 208 | ז 215 | - 212 | p 206 |
| Paper and pulp...........................- do- | 178 | 166 | 181 | 184 | 193 | 191 | 188 | 192 | 198 | 198 | \% 205 | 201 |  |
| Petroleum and coal products....-.-.-.-. do | 222 | 229 | 238 | 243 | 251 | 253 | 263 | 272 | 269 | 269 | +255 | 265 | p 273 |
|  | 177 | 176 | 176 | 178 | 183 | 178 | 182 | 187 | 183 | 184 | 185 | 186 |  |
| Printing and publishing-...............-do.. | 169 | 150 | 161 | 172 | 183 | ${ }_{250}^{182}$ | 179 | 164 | 176 | 179 | 188 | $\checkmark 179$ | ${ }^{p} 170$ |
|  | ${ }_{173}^{221}$ | 122 | ${ }_{189}^{236}$ | 244 191 1 | 250 197 | 250 193 | ${ }_{194}^{251}$ | 244 <br> 194 | ${ }_{1}^{235}$ | +239 | $\begin{array}{r}1238 \\ +185 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | +247 | ${ }^{p} 250$ |
|  | 173 <br> 132 | 123 | 185 | 152 | 192 | 158 | 158 | 193 | 174 | 175 | 153 | -190 | ${ }^{P} 185$ |
|  | 348 | 361 | 366 | 380 | 374 | 381 | 397 | 392 | 390 | 374 | 380 | r 377 | 373 |
|  | 161 | 134 | 172 | 171 | 180 | 164 | 160 | 156 | 144 | 133 | + 146 | 144 |  |
|  | 176 | 160 | 204 | 181 | 170 | 174 | 142 | 177 | 170 | 161 | 167 | 172 | 178 |
|  | 155 | 149 | 163 | 168 | 169 | 159 | 153 | 159 | 153 | 153 | 162 | ${ }^{+} 168$ | $p 179$ |
|  | 155 | 148 | 162 | 167 | 170 | 165 | 163 | 169 | 163 | 163 | 167 | -168 | P170 |
|  | 96 | 68 | 97 | 92 | 102 | 84 | 80 | 96 | 89 | 48 | 64 | r 83 | 86 |
| Bituminous coal. --...----------------- do | 136 | 109 | 142 | 144 | 151 | 138 | 143 | 151 | 125 | 127 | 133 | 126 | 133 |
|  | 168 | 171 158 | 177 170 | 184 171 | 184 161 | 184 | 178 | 184 | 185 | 189 92 | 191 +129 | 192 +166 | p 193 $p 172$ |
|  | 155 | 158 | 170 | 171 | 161 | 124 | 93 | 94 | 94 | 92 | -129 | +166 | - 172 |
|  | 199 | 196 | 209 | 211 | 216 | 215 | 218 | 221 | 221 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 222$ | 223 | 223 | - 222 |
|  | 208 | 206 | 218 | 220 | 225 | 224 | 229 | 231 | 232 | 234 | 234 | 233 | -238 |
| Durable manufactures .-.-.-.-............do. | 237 | 235 | 247 | 251 | 261 | 260 | 268 | 268 | 271 | 277 | +278 | 276 | $p 27$ |
| Lumber and products .--....-.-.-....... do. | 155 | 151 | 165 | 166 | 166 | 169 | 173 | 171 | 169 | 169 | 170 | 163 | ${ }^{p} 154$ |
|  | 144 | 140 | 151 | 150 | 150 | 155 | 162 | 162 | 156 | 156 | 162 | 158 | p 14 i |
|  | 207 | 202 | 212 | 216 | 223 | 226 | ${ }_{2}^{227}$ | ${ }_{219}^{224}$ | 217 | '209 | - 210 | r 206 | $p$ Por |
| Smelting and refining-----------.-.- do... | 219 | 208 | 212 | 209 | 217 | 221 | 218 | 219 | 222 | 225 | 225 | ¢ 224 | $p{ }^{221}$ |
| Stone, clay, and glass products......... do | 214 | 208 | 214 | 206 | 214 | $\stackrel{214}{ }$ | 232 | 238 | 245 | 252 | 243 | 231 | ${ }^{2} 239$ |
| Clay products | 161 | 161 | 167 | 169 | 168 | 175 | 173 | 191 | 186 | 189 | 189 | -184 | D 18: |
|  | 234 | 244 | 215 | 225 | 262 | 247 | 265 | 257 | 261 | 269 | 292 | +257 | 26 |
| Nondurable manufactures................. do . | 184 | 181 | 195 | 194 | 196 | 195 | 197 | 201 | 201 | 199 | -199 | r 198 | p 19; |
| Alcoholie beverages . .-.-.-...........--- - do.- | 184 | 206 | 248 | 203 | 182 | 207 | 208 | 248 | 225 | 207 | 187 | 179 | 17 |
|  | 261 | 263 | 269 | 271 | 277 | 280 | 284 | 287 | 288 | 292 | 295 | ${ }^{+} 298$ | p 30: |
| Leather and products...................do. ${ }^{\text {do. }}$ | 105 | 101 | 120 | 124 | 115 | 109 | 108 | 115 | 122 | 118 | 106 | +97 |  |
| Leather tanning ....-...-.............-do.... | 102 | 91 | 108 | 111 | 106 | 108 | 106 | 107 | 112 | 105 | -97 | 88 |  |
| Manufactured food products........--.-.do...- | 164 | 167 | 168 | 167 | 162 | 161 | 165 | 168 | 166 | -167 | 168 | 166 | $p 16$ : |
|  | 153 | 152 | 150 | 148 | 145 | 143 | 141 | 142 | 142 | 146 | 147 | 148 | 151 |
|  | 147 | 151 | 155 | 168 | 158 | 165 | 171 | 162 | 148 | 159 | 163 | 149 | 14. |
| Processed fruits and vegetables.......-do.... | 158 | 147 | 134 | 142 | 147 | 149 | 142 | 161 | 158 | 176 | -168 | . 166 | ${ }^{p} 14$ |

 -49, on p. 24 of the January 1951 issue.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1948 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1949 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1950 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1951 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | Septem- ber | October | November | Decem- ber | Jamuary | February | March | April | May | June |

## GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS—Continued

| Industrial production-Continued |  | 173 | 191 | 194 | 202 | 201 | 197 |  |  | 208 |  | r 212 | ${ }^{206}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adjustedor ${ }^{\text {a }}$-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manufactures-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Paper and products |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Paper and pulp .-..-.-.-.............. do..-- | ${ }_{177}^{185}$ | 166 | 181 | 185 | 193 | 191 | 197189175 | 204 | ${ }_{207}^{207}$ | 198 | ${ }_{204}^{214}$ | 200 |  |
| Printing and publishing--------------- do - | 170 | 162 154 | 169 197 | 172 | 179 | 174 |  | 170 | 177 179 | 176 | 183 177 | r +176 172 | $\stackrel{171}{ }$ |
|  | 170 | 154 | 197 | 172 | 165 | 171 | 153 | 177 | 179 | 170 | 177 | 172 | 171 |
|  | 151 | 144 | 159 | 163 | 166 | 160 | 157 | 164 | 158 | 158 | 164 | 165 | - 167 |
|  | 130 | 124 | 136 | 141 | 141 | 130 | 126 | 130 | 131 | 127 | 140 | 151 | p146 |
| BUSINESS SALES AND INVENTORIES§ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Business sales (adjusted), total $\dagger$. $\ldots$.......bil. of dol.. | 39.9 | 42.0 | 45.3 | 42.1 | 41.8 | 41.3 | 42.5 | 46.7 | 45.4 | 45.2 | 43.5 | ${ }^{-} 45.6$ | 44.3 |
|  | 19.8 | 20.3 | 23.0 | 21.2 | 21.2 | 21.1 | 21.3 | 23.2 | 22.6 | 23.4 | 22.4 | r 23.8 | 22.8 |
|  | 9.0 | 8.7 | 10.1 | 9.4 | 9.7 | 9.7 | 9.8 | 10.4 | 10.3 | 11.0 | 10.5 | 11.1 | 10.8 |
| Nondurable-goods industries $\dagger$-...........- do | 10.8 | 11.6 | 12.9 | 11.8 | 11.6 | 11.4 | 11.5 | 12.8 | 12.3 | 12.4 | 11.9 | 12.8 | 12.0 |
| Wholesale trade, total - .-...-...-...-.-.- do | 8.4 | 9.0 | 9.6 | 8.9 | 8.8 | 8.8 | 9.0 | 10.2 | 9.6 | 9.5 | 9.1 | $\begin{array}{r}19.6 \\ \\ \hline 9\end{array}$ | 9.6 |
| Durable-goods establishments..-......-.-. do. | 2.3 | 2.6 | 2.9 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.9 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.4 |
| Nondurable-goods establishments .......-do | 6.1 | 6.5 | 6.7 | 6.3 | 6.3 | 6.4 | 6.5 | 7.3 | 6.9 | 6.8 | 6.6 | 7.1 | 7.2 |
|  | 11.7 | 12.7 | 12.7 | 12.1 | 11.8 | 11.4 | 12.2 | 13.3 | 13.1 | 12.3 | 12.0 | 12.1 | 11.9 |
|  | 4.2 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 4.4 | 4.2 | 3.7 | 4.1 | 4.8 | 4.7 | 4.2 | 4.0 | 4. 0 | 3.9 |
|  | 7.5 | 8.0 | 8.0 | 7.7 | 7.6 | 7.7 | 8.1 | 8.5 | 8.4 | 8.1 | 8.0 | 8.1 | 8.0 |
| Business inventories, book value, end of month (adjusted), totalt -.......................bil. of dol | 54.2 | 53.2 | 54.5 | 56.4 | 58.7 | 60.3 | 61.6 | 62.4 | 64.4 | 66.5 | 68.6 | 69.9 | 70.4 |
|  | 30.0 | 29.8 | 29.9 | 30.7 | 31.8 | 33.0 | 34.1 | 34.9 | 35.5 | 360.5 | 37.8 | r 38.9 | 39.8 |
| Durable-goods industries $\dagger$ - | 13.9 | 13.9 | 13.9 | 14.1 | 14.4 | 15.1 | 15.8 | 16.2 | 16.7 | 17.0 | 17.6 | 18.3 | 18.9 |
| Nondurable-goods industries $\dagger$...-.-.-.-.-. - do | 16.1 | 15.9 | 16.0 | 16.7 | 17.3 | 17.9 | 18.3 | 18.7 | 18.8 | 19.4 | 202 | 20.6 | 20.9 |
| Wholesale trade, total --................-. do | 9.5 | 9.3 | 9.6 | 9.9 | 10.2 | 10.5 | 10.8 | 11.0 | 11. 1 | 11.4 | 11.8 | 12.0 | 11.9 |
| Durable-goods establishments.----....-. - do | 3.3 | 3.2 | 3.0 | 3.1 | 3. 3 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 38 | 3.9 | 4.0 | 4.3 | 4.5 | 4.6 |
| Nondurable-goods establishments......-- do | ${ }^{6} 4.2$ | ${ }_{6}^{6.1}$ | ${ }^{6} 5.5$ | ${ }_{6}^{6.8}$ | 6.9 16.7 | 76 16.8 | 7.2 16.8 | 7.3 17 | 7.3 | 7.4 | 7.5 | 7.5 | 7.3 |
| Retail trade, total ${ }_{\text {Durable-goods stores }}$ | 14.7 5 5.6 | $\begin{array}{r}14.1 \\ 5.1 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | ${ }_{5}^{15.15}$ | 15.8 5 5 | 16.7 6.5 | 16.8 6.6 | ${ }^{6.6}$ | 17.4 6.8 | 17.8 <br> 6.9 | 18.6 7 | 19.0 78 18 | ${ }^{+} 19.0$ | 18.7 7 |
|  | 6.6 9.1 | 9.0 | ${ }_{9.6}$ | 10.0 | 10.2 | 10.2 | 10.1 | 10.6 | 10.9 | 11.1 | 11.2 | r 11.0 | 10.8 |
| MANUFACTURERS' SALES, INVENTORIES, AND ORDERS $\dagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Value (unadjusted), total.......--....-mil. of dol.- | 19,426 | 18,682 | 22,802 | 21, 514 | 22, 832 | 21, 256 | ${ }^{21,763}$ | 22,888 | 21, 808 | 24,388 | 22, 423 | - 23,061 | 22,421 |
|  | 9,007 | 7,951 | 9,929 | 9,536 | 10,339 | 9,586 | 10, 104 | 10, 174 | 9,891 | 11,597 | 10,772 | r 10, 853 | 10, 829 |
| Nondurable-goods industries...-.-.-......--do. | 10,418 | 10,731 | 12,872 | 11,979 | 12,493 | 11,671 | 11,659 | 12,714 | 11,917 | 12,791 | 11,651 | - 12, 208 | 11, 592 |
| Value (adjusted), total ...--------......-do | 19,838 | 20,269 | 22,956 | 21, 154 | 21, 246 | 21, 112 | 21, 284 | ${ }^{23,166}$ | 22,646 | 23,399 | 22,389 | ז 23,838 | 22,775 |
| Durablegoods industries, total--.......- do | 9,030 | 8 8,670 | 10,060 | ${ }^{9}, 392$ | 9,671 | 9,730 | 9,794 | 10,398 | 10, 338 | 10,993 | 10,532 | ${ }^{\text {r } 11,077}$ | 10,814 |
| Iron, steel, and products.-----.-.-.---- do. | 2, 191 | 2, 178 | 2, 471 | 2, 345 | 2, 414 | 2,448 | 2, 591 | 2, 729 | 2, 642 | 2,790 | 2,703 | - 2,823 | 2,773 |
| Nonferrous metals and products...-.--do- | 566 | 558 | 606 | 1 591 | 1,131 | ${ }_{1}^{610}$ | 630 1,096 | ${ }_{1} 593$ | 584 | 607 | 594 | - 582 | 595 |
| Electrical machinery and equipment..-do.. | 955 | 924 | 1,129 | 1,116 | 1,131 | 1,108 | 1,096 | 1,240 | 1,254 | 1,249 | 1,158 | -1,246 | 1,188 |
| Machinery, except electrical ---......- do | 1,385 1,710 | 1,374 1,459 | 1,554 | 1,458 1,449 | 1,547 | 1,501 | 1,579 1,514 | 1,755 1,566 | 1,802 1,550 | 1,946 1,696 | 1,925 | $\stackrel{r}{2,004}$ | 1,972 |
| Motor vehicles and equipment--.....-do |  | 1,315 |  | + 379 | . 401 | , 402 | 1,396 | - ${ }_{396}$ | -1500 | 1,696 | 1,508 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \times \\ \mathbf{r} 502 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1, ${ }_{491}$ |
| Lumber and timber basic products.-.-.do- | 652 | 603 | 695 | 656 | 673 | 683 | 640 | 619 | 586 | 659 | 674 | r 698 | 767 |
| Furniture and finished lumber products do. | 404 | 409 | 485 | 433 | 437 | 449 | 403 | 461 | 454 | 537 | 480 | r 515 | 500 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products........-do | 481 | 469 | 540 | 513 | 542 | 566 | 519 | 588 | 587 | 603 | 538 | r 626 | 580 |
| Other durable-goods industries.-........-do. | 374 | 382 | 454 | 451 | 415 | 419 | 425 | 450 | 464 | 486 | 477 | - 471 | 446 |
| Nondurable-goods industries, total_......do. | 10,809 | 11,599 | 12,896 | 11,762 | 11,574 | 11,382 | 11,490 | 12,768 | 12,309 | 12,406 | 11,857 | r 12,762 | 11,961 |
| Food and kindred products....-.-......do | 3,136 | 3, 245 | 3,257 | 3,038 | 2,972 | 2,949 | 3,147 | 3, 559 | 3,297 | 3,331 | - 3, 326 | -3,825 | 3, 384 |
|  | 582 | 573 | 649 | 448 | 434 | 390 | 468 | 497 | 427 | 426 | 414 | r 488 | 500 |
| Tobacco manufactures.....-.-.-......... do | 277 | 287 | 299 | 261 | 271 | 282 | 270 | 307 | 300 | 280 | 280 | 296 | 287 |
| Textile-mill products..-.......-..........do. | 1,062 | 1,206 | 1,544 | 1,354 | 1,293 | 1,290 | 1,264 | 1,426 | 1,407 | 1,371 | 1,270 | -1,386 | 1,219 |
| Apparel and related products.---.-...-do | ${ }^{663}$ | 962 | 1,256 | 955 | 976 | 839 | 778 | 945 | 882 | 796 | 670 | r 670 |  |
| Leather and products ---.----------- do- | 317 | 349 528 | 381 | 335 | 324 | 287 | 270 | 338 | 365 | 337 | 284 | r 280 | 284 |
|  | 538 | 528 | 633 | 620 | 656 | 668 | 667 | 709 | 686 | 707 | 673 | - 700 | 676 |
| Printing and publishing--.-.-.-.-.-.-. do- | ${ }_{1}^{602}$ | ${ }_{1}^{596}$ | ${ }_{1}^{615}$ | ${ }_{6}^{633}$ | ${ }_{5}^{581}$ | ${ }_{576}^{576}$ | 585 | 692 | 731 | 763 | 716 | r 728 | 745 |
| Chemicals and allied products.-.......-. do. | 1,383 1,668 | 1,742 | 1,667 1,859 | 1,583 1,853 | $\begin{array}{r}1,550 \\ 1,834 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,529 1,870 | 1,512 1,827 | 1,703 1,791 | 1,631 | 1,732 | 1,631 | r 1,736 | 1,692 |
|  | $\begin{array}{r}1,668 \\ \hline 350 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1, 454 | + 457 | +404 | +405 | + 397 | - 424 | - 454 | 1.795 | 1,838 | 1,842 | ${ }^{+1,867}$ | 1,810 |
| Other nondurable-goods industries.-.-.-do.- | 231 | 221 | 280 | 280 | 278 | 304 | 278 | 347 | 353 | 363 | 311 | 350 | 290 |
| Inventories, end of month: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Book value (unadjusted), total | ${ }^{29,814}$ | ${ }^{29,796}$ | 29,742 | 30,418 | 31,562 | 32,904 | 34, 207 | 35, 278 | 35,794 | 36,675 | 37,787 | - 38,861 | 39,642 |
|  | 13,974 | 13,988 | 13,847 | 14, 050 | 14, 386 | 14,997 | 15,680 | 16,218 | 16,682 | 17, 113 | 17,664 | , 18, 451 | 18,960 |
| Nondurable-goods industries.-.-.-------.do...- | 15,840 | 15, 868 | 15, 894 | 16,368 | 17,176 | 17,907 | 18,528 | 19,060 | 19,112 | 19,562 | 20, 123 | - 20,410 | 20,682 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 6,828 | 6,998 | 7,163 | 7,380 | 7,668 | 7,770 | 8,011 | 8,563 | 8,976 | 9,375 | 9,804 | r 10, 045 | 10, 220 |
|  | 11,785 | 11, 287 | 10,696 | 10,658 | 10,833 | 11,336 | 11, 570 | 11, 689 | 11,739 | 12, 002 | 12, 492 | - 13, 248 | 13,785 |
| Book value (adjusted), total................do | 30,028 | 29, 830 | 29,858 | 30,732 | 31,770 | 33, 007 | 34, 061 | 34, 928 | 35,474 | 36,415 | 37, 849 | - 38,939 | 39, 847 |
| Durable-goods industries, total............do | 13,946 | 13,888 | 13,858 | 14, 072 | 14, 446 | 15, 119 | 15,782 | 16,248 | 16, 660 | 17, 001 | 17, 601 | - 18,304 | 18,914 |
| Iron, steel, and products.-----.-.-- do | 3,140 | 3,147 | 3, 191 | 3.228 | 3,308 | 3,404 | 3,431 | 3,458 | 3,532 | 3,519 | 3,608 | + 3, 727 | 3,845 |
| Nonferrous metals and products....-.-do. | 988 | ${ }^{973}$ | 1965 | 959 | ${ }^{971}$ | ${ }^{992}$ | 1,030 | 1,012 | 1,016 | 1,018 | 1,031 | ${ }^{+1,061}$ | 1,060 |
| Electrical machinery and equipment.--do | 1,658 | 1,633 | 1,630 | 1,632 | 1,666 | 1,751 | 1,902 | 1,968 | 2,032 | 2,103 | 2,206 | ${ }^{\text {r 2, }} 331$ | 2,462 |
| Machinery, except electrical-.-------.- do | 3, 225 | 3, 208 | 3,228 | 3,283 | 3, 368 | 3, 519 | 3,678 | 3, 801 | 3,932 | 4, 063 | 4, 203 | ${ }^{\sim} 4,350$ | 4,482 |
| Motor vehicles and equipment-........do | 1,793 | 1,803 | 1,773 | 1,839 | 1,935 | 2, 111 | 2, 191 | 2, 263 | 2,232 | 2,236 | 2, 348 | 2,397 | 2,428 |
| Transportation equipment, $n$. e. s-...-. do...- | 653 | ${ }_{6}^{660}$ | 663 | ${ }_{572}^{672}$ | ${ }^{687}$ | 754 | 835 | 950 | 1,012 | 1,122 | 1,168 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 12261$ | 1,352 |
| Lumber and timber basic products--.- do-...- | 588 | 576 | 550 | 560 | 572 | 583 | 628 | 631 | 672 | 678 | -717 | r 745 | 786 |
| Furniture and finished lumber products _ do do. | ${ }^{678}$ | 675 | 664 | 677 | 685 | 729 | 764 | 798 | 820 | 812 | - 837 | r 888 | 889 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products--------do-..-- | 538 | 542 | 534 | 530 | 541 | 550 | 581 | 600 | 626 | 658 | r 686 | r 706 | 736 |
| Other durable-goods industries.-.-.-..-do.... | 685 | 671 | 661 | 692 | 713 | 727 | 743 | 767 | 787 | 792 | r 797 | r 839 | 877 |

"Revised. "p Preliminary, onsee note marked " $\sigma$ "" on $p$. S-2.
SThe term "business" here includes only manufacturing and trade. Business inventories as shown on p. S-1 cover data for all types of producers, both farm and nonfarm.
tRevised series. Data on manufacturers' sales, inventories, and new orders have been revised beginning 1946. Revisions for $1946-49$ and appropriate explanations appear on pp. $16-23$ of
the October 1950 SURVET.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through | 1950 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1951 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1948 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1949 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | June | July | August | Septem- | October | November | December | January | February | March | April | May | June |

GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS-Continued

| MANUFACTURERS'SALES, INVENTORIES, AND ORDERS $\dagger$-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nondurable-goods industries, total mil. of dol - - Food and kindred products | 16,082 3,042 | 15,942 2,831 | 16,000 2,820 | 16,660 2,928 | 17,324 3,113 | 17,887 3,190 | 18,279 3,285 | 18,681 3,374 | 18,814 3,435 | 19,414 3,618 | 20,248 3,928 | $+20,635$ $+3,966$ | 20,933 3,921 |
| Food and kindred products..........-.-. do....- | 3,042 993 | 2,831 | 2,820 | 3,118 | 3,113 1,095 | 3,190 1,145 | 3,285 1,130 | 3,374 1,162 | 3,435 | 3,618 1,262 | 3,928 | $+3,966$ +1.283 | 3,921 |
|  | 1,482 | 1,467 | 1,562 | 1,680 | 1,706 | 1,717 | 1,718 | 1, 679 | 1,642 | 1,658 | 1,682 | + 1,705 | 1,690 |
| Textile-mill products. ----------------- do | 2,244 | 2,274 | 2,285 | 2,372 | 2,616 | 2, 768 | 2,838 | 3,005 | 3,046 | 3,110 | 3,262 | + 3, 351 | 3,462 |
| Apparel and related products.-------- do | 1,407 | 1,448 | 1,455 | 1,520 | 1,575 | 1,647 | 1,808 | 1,786 | 1,768 | 1,854 | 1,893 | r 1, 898 | 1,877 |
| Leather and products.....-...-.-.-.-.-.- do | 557 | 568 | 573 | 589 | 596 | 608 | 601 | 652 | 598 | 616 | 644 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 666$ | 682 |
|  | 704 | 695 | 671 | 678 | 690 | 699 | 734 | 778 | 791 | 833 | 873 | ז891 | 924 |
| Printing and publishing | 611 | 601 | 593 | 625 | 628 | 651 | 659 | 689 | 710 | 723 | 732 | \% 755 | 764 |
| Chemicals and allied products.-........... do | 2, 034 | 2,041 | 2,043 | 2, 108 | 2,187 | 2, 267 | 2,327 | 2,370 | 2,424 | 2,505 | 2, 617 | г 2,687 | 2,778 |
| Petroleum and coal products...-.------ do | 2, 018 | 2,046 | 2,050 | 2, 108 | 2,162 | 2,180 | 2,169 | 2,134 | 2. 133 | 2,164 | 2,230 | r2, 295 | 2,363 |
|  | 544 | 501 | 483 | 502 | 524 | 564 | 549 | 564 | 557 | 556 | '566 | 585 |  |
| Other nondurable-goods industries..... do | 448 | 433 | 416 | 432 | 432 | 452 | 461 | 488 | 507 | 514 | 538 | -554 | 605 |
| New orders, net (unadjusted), total...........do. | 20,666 | 22, 223 | 27, 323 | 23,760 | 24,704 | 22,371 | 23, 160 | 28,860 | 25,403 | 28,574 | 23, 927 | ${ }^{r} 23,318$ | 23,470 |
| Durable-goods industries, total....-.........-do..-- | 9,814 | 10,553 | 13, 863 | 11,500 | 12, 171 | 10,621 | 11,379 | 15, 123 | 13, 153 | 15, 478 | 12,614 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 11,773$ | 12,304 |
| Iron, steel, and products..................-do.-.-- | 2, 493 | 2, 724 | 3, 277 | 2,989 | 2,950 | 2,638 | 3,047 | 3,517 | 3,014 | 3,632 | 3, 156 | + 2,916 | 2,813 |
| Nonferrous metals and products.......... do | 557 | 637 | 814 | 683 | 666 | 661 | 554 | 658 | 602 | 696 | 699 | ${ }^{+} 523$ | 511 |
| Electrical machinery and equipment..... do | 1,035 | 934 | 1,572 | 1,423 | 1,439 | 1,257 | 1,480 | 1,527 | 1,601 | 1,780 | 1,413 | -1,560 | 1,410 |
| Machinery, except electricsi...-...-.-.-...- do | 1,527 | 1,764 | 2, 197 | 1,948 | 2,016 | 1,935 | 2,260 | 2,641 | 2,819 | 2,982 | 2, 481 | +2,434 | 2, 470 |
| Transportation equipment, except motor <br>  | 543 | 1,102 | 1,600 | 692 | 800 | 483 | 504 | 2,395 | 1,076 | 1,970 | 836 | 「788 | 1,309 |
| Other durable-goods industries.---........-do..- | 3,660 | 3,392 | 4, 404 | 3,765 | 4,300 | 3, 646 | 3,534 | 4,384 | 4,040 | 4,418 | 4,028 | r 3,552 | 3, 791 |
|  | 10,852 | 11,670 | 13,460 | 12,259 | 12,533 | 11, 750 | 11,781 | 13,738 | 12,250 | 13,097 | 11,313 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 11,545$ | 11, 166 |
| Unflled orders (unadjusted), total*..........do | 23,458 | 26,998 | 31, 519 | 33,764 | 35,636 | 36,728 | 38, 125 | 44.097 | 47,691 | 51, 878 | 53, 383 | + 53,640 | 54, 688 |
| Durable-goods industries........-.................do. | 19,569 | 22, 171 | 26, 105 | 28,070 | 29,902 | 30, 914 | 32, 190 | 37, 138 | 40,400 | 44, 281 | 46,124 | - 47, 043 | 48,518 |
| Iron, steel, and products.........-............do. | 5,866 | 6,593 | 7,348 | 7,923 | 8,286 | 8.540 | 8,990 | 9,800 | 10,322 | 11,022 | 11, 451 | r 11, 577 | 11,612 |
| Nonferrous metals and products.......... do..-. | 506 | 679 | 914 | 1,006 | 1,029 | 1. 031 | 915 | 990 | 1,030 | 1,082 | 1, 171 | r 1,123 | 1, 058 |
| Electrical machinery and equipment ..... do.... | 2,308 | 2, 434 | 2,940 | 3. 250 | 3,477 | 3, 594 | 3,850 | 4,187 | 4, 564 | 5,006 | 5,235 | ${ }^{+} 5,611$ | 5, 850 |
| Machinery, except electrical.-.........do...- | 3,277 | 3,758 | 4,433 | 4,909 | 5,363 | 5,818 | 6,389 | 7,372 | 8,464 | 9,412 | 9, 934 | r 10, 348 | 10,760 |
| Transportation equipment, except motor vehicles.-................................ mil. of dol. | 3,215 | 4,030 | 5, 255 | 5, 566 | 5,971 | 6. 068 | 6,143 | 8,157 | 8,847 | 10,354 | 10,696 | - 10,980 | 11,748 |
| Other durable-gonds industries .-.......-.- do...- | 4,398 | 4,678 | 5,214 | 5, 414 | 5, 776 | 5, 864 | 5,904 | 6, 633 | 7,172 | 7, 404 | 7, 637 | + 7,406 | 7, 490 |
| Nondurable-goods industries....-.-..........do....- | 3,888 | 4, 827 | 5,414 | 5,694 | 5,734 | 5.814 | 5,935 | 6,959 | 7,292 | 7,597 | 7,259 | '6,596 | 6,170 |

BUSINESS POPULATION

$r$ Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary.
$\dagger$ Revised series. See corresponding note on p. S-3.

 businesses beginning with the fourth quarter of 1948 . Revisions prior to the third quarter of 1949 will be shown later
$\sigma^{2}$ Data are from Dun \& Bradstreet, Inc. Scattered monthly revisions for the indicated series are shown on p. S-4 of the February 1950 Surver.

| Unless otherwise stated，statistics through 1948 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1949 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1950 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1951 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Septem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | October | Novem－ ber | Decem－ ber | January | Febru－ ary | March | April | May | June |

## COMMODITY PRICES



Prices received，all farm products $\ddagger$ §．．．1910－14 $=100 \ldots$ Crops．． Food grains
Feed grains and hay
Tobacco． Tobacco． Fruit Truck crops Oil－bearing crops
Livestock and product Meat animals． Dairy products．．
Ponltry and eggs

Prices paid：$\dagger$
All commodities．－．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．1910－14 $=100 \ldots$ Commodities used in living－． All commodities，interest，taxes，and ware do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． A1 commotities，interest，taxes，and ware rates

$$
1910-14=100 .
$$

Parity ratiof\％

## RETAIL PRICES

All commiodities（U．S．Department of Commerce
index）
Coal（U．S．Department of Labor indexes）： Anthracite．－ $\qquad$ Oct．1922－Sept． $1925=100$

Consumers＇price index（U．S．Dept．of Labor）：$\odot$


## Ap Food．．． Cereals and bakery products Dairy products． Fruits and vegetables． Meats，ponltry，and fish Fuel，electricity，and refrigeration Other fuels <br> Housefurnishings <br> Miscella

## WHOLESALE PRICES ${ }^{\circ}$

U．S．Department of Labor indexes：$\ddagger$ All commodities．
Economic classes：
Manufactured products
Raw materials Raw materials．．． Semimanufactured articles．
Farm product
Livestock and poultry
Commodities other than farm products．－．do
Foods
Cereal products
Fruits and vegetables
Meats，poultry，and fish
Commodities other than farm products and foods．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． $1926=100$ Brick and tile Brick and til Cement Paint and paint materials Chemicals and allied products．
 Drugs and pharmaceutical materials do－


Fuel and lighting materials Electricity Petroleum and products Hides and leather products． Hides and skins． Leather．

Housefurnishing goods Furnishings Revised．

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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
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| 苏荡 $0 \infty 0$ |  |  |  <br> งーロ00\％ |  Aoercer |  No000 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 甬 } \\ & \text { in } \end{aligned}$ |  moinconvivis worcoris | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 感笣 } \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{¢}{\infty}$ | \％ | 资 | 榢禹䢒 |  |
| 出荡荡 com is |  $0 \infty \sim 0$ | जag \＃ $\infty 000$ |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{8} \\ & \text { or } \end{aligned}$ |  <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sur } \\ & \text { en } \\ & 0, \end{aligned}$ | ¢ | 家 | N | 式気気気 |  |
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| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 気苟萝 } \\ & 1000 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  © Ontarnorn | $\underset{\sim}{\underset{\sim}{-}}$ |  <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 宗苑 } \\ & 0-8 \end{aligned}$ | 実 | $\stackrel{*}{*}$ | 薥 | CN0 |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & =-\infty \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  <br> 400nnーo | $\begin{aligned} & \text { H } \\ & \text { ch } \\ & \text { con } \end{aligned}$ |  <br>  |  | 谷 | － | N | 気式気 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sos } \\ & \text { Nos } \\ & \text { Non } \end{aligned}$ | 10 ENO $0 \times \infty$ $-\infty \times \infty$ |  |  |  |  |  NNONOOH | $\underset{\sim}{8}$ |  <br>  |  | 遃 | $\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\square}$ | N | 哭式愛 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Wos } \\ & \text { Oos } \\ & \text { io } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  NAOOOO | Gemo nNOOHET | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{0} \\ & \stackrel{0}{\circ} \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  Nouriverainicoo |  | 或 | 亚 | N |  |  |
|  |  <br> ONON |  |  <br> かいいが |  ANTDCH | 中品 oreoseros |  | $\begin{gathered} \stackrel{+}{+} \\ \stackrel{+}{\circ} \end{gathered}$ |  <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & 6-3 \\ & 60 \\ & 60 \end{aligned}$ | 第 | $\stackrel{\text { ® }}{\sim}$ | 8 | N式式 | N |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\infty} \\ & \stackrel{\leftrightarrow}{0} \\ & \text { os } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { क्ष웅 } \\ & \text { or } \end{aligned}$ |  | \％ | \％ |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  NON000ン |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\infty} \\ & \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  OAOANococrumon |  | N $\substack{\text { en } \\ \text { Or }}$ | $\stackrel{\text { ヶ }}{\sim}$ | \％ | 或过式 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Be } \\ & =0 \end{aligned}$ |  ジ心の |  |  |  annocor |  Nownes |  $\infty 00004$－ | $\stackrel{\stackrel{-\infty}{\circ}}{\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\sim}}$ |  $\infty$ जnionoco $-\infty 00$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 萑 } \\ & \text { On } \end{aligned}$ | 令 | $\stackrel{\text {－}}{\sim}$ | 茳 | N00930 |  |


 products， 332 ；meat animals，414；dairy products， 272 ；poultry and egss， 222 ．of Ratio of prices received to prices paid（ineluding interest，taxes，and wage rates）．

 old basis is 18 ． 5 ．or For actual wholesale prices of individual commodities，see respective commodities．
 Corrected indexes for January－May 1948 and 1949 are available upon request．

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1948 and descriptive notes are shown in the 194.9 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1950 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1951 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | Angust | Septem- ber | October | Noventber | December | January | February | March | April | Muy | June |

COMMODITY PRICES-Continued

| Wholesale Prices O-Continued $^{\text {P- }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| U. S. Department of Labor indexes: $\ddagger$-Continued Commodities other than farm prod., etc.-Con. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Metals and metal products.......... 1926=100.. | 171.9 | 172.4 | 174.4 | 176.7 | 178.6 | 180.4 | 184.9 | 187.5 | 188. 1 | 188.8 | 189.0 | 188.8 | 188.2 |
|  | 169.4 | 169.8 | 171.0 | 172.2 | 173.2 | 174.0 | 182.1 | 185.7 | 185.7 | 185.6 | 185.9 | 185.9 | 185. 9 |
|  | 148.4 | 150.6 | 356.3 | 166.1 |  | 181.7 |  | 187.9 |  | 183.5 | 184.1 | 182.8 | 178.2 |
|  | 156.4 | 156.5 | 164.6 | 166.9 | 177.2 | 182.5 | 183.6 | 183.7 | 183.7 | 183.7 | 183.7 | 183.7 | 183.7 |
|  | 136.8 | 142.6 | 149.5 | 158.3 | 163.1 | 166.8 | 171.4 | 178.2 | 181.1 | 183.2 | 182.8 | 181.9 | 177.6 |
|  | 143.9 | 144.3 | 145.2 | 146.7 | 147.7 | 151.4 | 155.4 | 161.6 | 163.9 | 163.9 | 183.9 | 163.9 | 163.9 |
|  | 173.8 | 190.7 | 206.8 | 221.6 | 225.7 | 231.7 | 236. 6 | 239.2 | 240.5 | 239.9 | 236.2 | 234.1 | 229.4 |
|  | 97.7 | 99.2 | 101.2 | 105. 3 | 109.2 | 111.4 | 113.7 | 315.2 | 113.8 | 11.3 .5 | 113.5 | 113. 5 | 113.1 |
|  | 39.9 | 40.7 | 41.3 | 41.7 | 42.5 | 42.7 | 43.0 | 43.1 | 43.1 | 43.1 | 43.1 | 43.1 | 43.1 |
|  | 49.3 | 60.3 | 65.6 | 64.9 | 65.3 | 69.9 | 75.0 | 86.1 | 90.8 | 90.8 | 85.2 | 76.3 | 73.2 |
| Woolen and worsted goods....-.......... do | 148.3 | 150.9 | 157.7 | 178.7 | 189.1 | 192.7 | 195.6 | 217.4 | 227.3 | 240.2 | 243.7 | 243.4 | 225.1 |
| Miscellaneous ..............--.-.........-do. | 114.7 | 119.0 | 124.3 | 127.4 | 131.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 67.0 155.6 | 68.7 159.8 | 75.0 163.9 | 77.4 167.1 | 78.1 173.4 | 82.3 178.7 | 82.5 189.0 | 82.8 196.5 | 82.8 196.5 | 82. 8 | 82.8 | 82.8 +196.8 | 82.8 |
| Paper and pulp.-.---.-.---------.-....do.- | 155.6 | 159.8 | 163.9 | 167.1 | 173.4 | 178.7 | 189.0 | 196.5 | 196.5 | 196.3 | 196.2 | 196.2 | 196.2 |
| PItRCHASING POWER OF THE DOLLAR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| As measured by- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wholesale prices...-.---............ 1935-39 = 100.- | 51.2 | 49.4 | 48.3 | 47.5 | 47.5 | ${ }^{46.8}$ | 45. 8 | 44.6 | 43.8 | ${ }^{43.7}$ | 43.8 | 44.0 | 44.2 |
|  | 58.8 49.2 | 58.1 48.0 | 57.7 47.6 | 57.3 47.6 | 56.9 47.5 | 56.7 47.4 | 55.9 46.2 | ${ }_{45}^{55.1}$ | 54.4 44.2 | 54.2 44.2 | 54.2 44.3 | 53.9 44.0 | 54.0 44.1 |

CONSTRUCTION AND REAL ESTATE

| CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY $\dagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New construction, total.......-.......-.mil. of dol.- | 2, 565 | 2,696 | 2,817 | 2,848 | 2, 773 | 2,569 | 2, 234 | 2,100 | 1,973 | 2,188 | 2,387 | ¢ 2,551 | 2,702 |
|  | 1,892 | 2,016 | 2,090 | 2,095 | 2,025 | 1,901 | 1,721 | 1,586 | 1,518 | 1,603 | 1,673 | + 1,734 | 1,824 |
| Residential (nonfarm) | 1,178 | 1,269 | 1,322 | 1,322 | 1,247 | 1,131 | 1,003 | 902 | 827 | 852 | 882 | 「881 | 914 |
| Now dwelling units.---.-............- do | 1,072 | 1,161 | 1,212 | 1,211 | 1, 145 | 1,040 | 923 | 830 | 750 | 775 | 795 | r 785 | 810 |
| Additions and alterations-..-.-.....-- do |  |  |  |  |  | 73 | 62 | 55 | 60 | 61 | 71 | 80 | 88 |
| Nonresidential building, except farm and public utility, total..............---.-.-.-. - mil. of dol.. | 305 | 324 | 333 | 354 | 382 | 403 | 395 | 378 | 384 | 399 | 407 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 435$ | 461 |
|  | 78 | 84 | 91 | 101 | 112 | 120 | 125 | 129 | 135 | 142 | 150 | ${ }^{+162}$ | 117 |
| Commercial | 110 | 116 | 114 | 121 | 136 | 149 | 140 | 122 | 121 | 128 | 125 | 130 | 130 |
|  | 118 | 125 | 127 | 115 | 95 | 81 | 71 | 72 | 76 | 83 | 95 | 113 | 126 |
|  | 278 | 287 | 297 | 297 | 294 | 279 | 247 | 229 | 226 | 264 | 283 | 300 | 318 |
|  | 673 | 680 | 727 | 753 | 748 | 668 | 513 | 514 | 455 | 585 | 714 | r 817 | 878 |
|  | 28 | 24 | 27 | 28 | 30 | 31 | 30 | 33 | 36 | 42 | 44 | 46 | 50 |
| Nonresidential building Military and naval | ${ }^{201}$ | ${ }^{202}$ | 213 16 | 230 | 247 | 228 | 216 | 224 | 210 | 251 | 292 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 312$ | 313 |
|  | 266 | 273 | 295 | 298 | 265 | 221 | 103 | 95 | 65 | 110 | 169 | $\begin{array}{r}12 \\ 215 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ¢ 250 |
| Conservation and development.........-do | 87 | 86 | 87 | 84 | 84 | 76 | 65 | 60 | 49 | 64 | 73 |  | 83 |
|  | 82 | 85 | 89 | 92 | 94 | 86 | 75 | 73 | 66 | 79 | 86 | 92 | 95 |
| CONTRACT AWARDS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Construction contracts awarded in 37 States (F. W. Dodge Corp.): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 60,658 $1,345,463$ | [ $\begin{array}{r}60,942 \\ 1,420,181\end{array}$ | 70,449 $1.548,876$ | - $\begin{array}{r}50,284 \\ 1,286,541 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 49,604 $1.135,815$ | \% $\begin{array}{r}46,856 \\ 1.087,062\end{array}$ | - $\begin{array}{r}40,168 \\ 1,168.432\end{array}$ | 38, 121 | 42, 057 | 48, 376 | 49,498 | 52.700 | 44,755 |
| Total valuation-----------------thous. of dol- | 1,345, 463 | 1, 420, 181 | 1,548, 876 | 1, 286, 541 | 1,135, 815 | 1.087,062 | 1,168.432 | 1,043, 248 | 1,140.527 | 11,267. 450 | 1,374,991 | 2, 572, 961 | 1,408, 932 |
|  | 428,264 | 459, 921 | 437,770 | 364, 298 | 308.118 | 320, 426 | 381.330 | 305, 941 | 332,032 | 418,457 | 456, 319 | 1,474, 166 | 583,146 |
|  | 917, 199 | 960, 260 | 1,111, 106 | 922, 243 | 827, 697 | 766, 636 | 787, 102 | 737, 307 | 808. 495 | 848,993 | 918,672 | 1,098, 795 | 825,786 |
| Nonresidential buildings: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 5,090 | 5,085 | 5,987 | 5,094 | 4,830 | 4,868 | 4,532 | 4,614 | 3,198 | 4. 222 | 4, 259 | 4.421 | 4,463 |
|  | 45, 254 | 46,580 | 51,741 | 47,458 | 42, 583 | 41, 472 | 40, 069 | 43.971 | 37,099 | 43, 301 | 41. 473 | 44,804 | 41, 162 |
|  | 443,996 | 487, 115 | 540, 989 | 498, 725 | 426, 820 | 434,894 | 490, 375 | 461, 016 | 431, 166 | 469, 254 | 518, 021 | 1, 633, 908 | 553, 280 |
|  | 52,989 | 53, 268 | 62, 025 | 42,906 | 42,960 | 40.368 | 34, 152 | 32,455 | 37, 742 | 42, 497 | 43, 197 | 45,856 |  |
|  | 77.850 | 84, 323 | 89, 033 | 65, 069 | 64,945 | 60, 810 | 56, 353 | 49, 300 | 60, 859 | 65, 761 | 65, 180 | 73, 596 | 60,496 |
| Valuation-..-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-.........thous of dol-- | 628, 051 | 675, 080 | 754, 106 | 549, 585 | 529, 867 | 496, 682 | 478, 583 | 420, 918 | 531, 146 | 574, 569 | 590, 848 | 661,094 | 545,152 |
| Public works: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 22, 2 , 656 | 2,133 208,648 | 2,020 200,431 | 145, $\begin{array}{r}1,812 \\ \hline 12\end{array}$ | 1,445 119,633 | 1,235 106,572 | 1,151 160,227 | 773 128,536 |  | 1,318 166,435 | 1,583 | $\begin{array}{r}2,016 \\ \hline 8.868\end{array}$ | 2,204 |
| Utilities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 123,962 | 166,435 | 183, 080 | 186, 868 | 183, 973 |
|  |  | 456 |  | 472 | 369 | 385 | 333 | 279 | 279 | 339 | 459 | 407 | 500 |
| Valuation--------.-..............thous. of dol-- | 51,762 | 49,338 | 53,350 | 92, 503 | 59,495 | 48, 914 | 39, 247 | 32, 778 | 54, 253 | 57, 192 | 83, 042 | 91,091 | 126,527 |
| Value of contract awards (F. R. indexes) : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total, unadjusted--------------1923-25=100-- | 334 | 351 | 346 | 323 | 285 | 276 | 268 | 272 | 280 | 307 | 424 | - 435 | 441 |
| Residential, unadjusted..........---...-- do. | 358 | 372 | 358 | 332 | 285 | 272 | ${ }^{253}$ | 259 | 276 | 307 | 331 | ${ }^{5} 325$ | 324 |
| Total, adjusted - --.------------------- - | 291 | 325 | 334 | 321 | 299 | 306 | 332 | 333 | 323 | 304 | 373 | ${ }^{+} 361$ | 379 |
| Residential, adjusted.-......-.-.-.....-.-do.-. | 325 | 369 | 362 | 332 | 294 | 284 | 297 | 312 | 311 | 292 | 283 | r 276 | 295 |
| Engineering construction: <br> Contract awards (E. N. R.) § ....-- thous. of dol.- | 1, 253, 720 | 1,175, 138 | 1,164, 682 | 959, 530 | 950, 526 | 1,012,046 | 1, 424, 619 | 1,266, 892 | 1,271, 065 | 1, 406, 456 | 1,053, 434 | 1,267, 995 | 1,027, 087 |
| Highway concrete pavement contract awards: ( |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. .-........................thous. of $s q_{\text {d }}^{\text {d }}$ yd.- | 8, 351 | 5,832 | 6,589 | 4, 114 | 3,605 | 3,084 | ${ }^{1} 3,738$ | 5,650 | 4,836 | 4,920 | 4,959 | - 5,946 | 7,562 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{1} 28$ | 200 | 1,222 | 690 | 966 | 1,278 | 2,841 |
|  | 4,604 3,167 | 2,901 2,708 | 2,890 3,509 | 1, 2,333 <br> 18 | 1,634 1,920 | 1.314 | 12,065 11,645 | 3, 2,259 | 2,400 1,214 | 2,326 1,904 | $\underset{2,036}{1,957}$ | 2,329 2,339 | 1,939 2,782 |

${ }^{5}$ Revised. ${ }^{1}$ Data include some contracts awarded in prior months but not reported.
OFor actual wholesale prices of individual commodities, see respective commodities. \#See note marked "t" on p. S-5.
§Revised series. Data cover items not previously included; annual data beginning 1915 and monthly data beginning 1942 are shown on pp. $22-24$ of this issue of the Survey.
$\odot D a t a$ for August and November 1950 and January and May 1951 are for 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1948 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1949 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1950 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1951 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | Septem- ber | October | November | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Decem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | January | $\underset{\text { ary }}{\text { Febru- }}$ | March | April | May | June |

## CONSTRUCTION AND REAL ESTATE-Continued

| NEW DWELLING UNITS AND URBAN BUILDING |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New permanent nonfarm dwelling units started (U. S. Department of Labor) $\qquad$ number- | 144, 300 | 144, 400 | 141, 900 | 120,600 | 102, 500 | 87,300 | 93, 600 | 85, 900 | 80,600 | 93,800 | r96, 200 | 97,000 | ${ }^{1} 130,000$ |
| Urban building authorized (U. S. Dept. of Labor): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New urban dwelling units, total $\ddagger$.-....-number.- | ${ }^{83,657}$ | 84, 147 | 83, 181 | ${ }^{62,500}$ | ${ }^{56,873}$ | 49,129 | 59,551 | - 53,285 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \hline\end{array} 3,819$ | - 54,321 | -54, 213 | - 57, 731 | 84,085 |
| Privately financed, total --.-------.--- - do | 82, 934 | 79,473 | 79, 140 | 58,172 | 55. 210 | 44, 588 | 44, 697 | 49,579 | 39, 717 | 50,668 | 50,360 | 54, 302 | 46, 985 |
| Units in 1-family structures...---.-.-...-do | 66, 885 | 64.586 | 61,740 | 46, 498 | 43, 761 | 36, 244 | 34, 810 | 39,850 | 32, 958 | 41, 206 | 42,696 | 43, 911 | 37, 860 |
| Units in 2 -family structures. | 2,828 | 3,118 | 2,992 | 2,236 | 2, 323 | 2,056 | 1,747 | 2,813 | 2,111 | 2,816 | 2,843 | 2,472 | 2, 629 |
| Units in multifamily structures.......-do | 13, 221 | 11,769 | 14, 408 | 9, 438 | 9,126 | 6, 288 | 8, 140 | 6,916 | 4,648 | 6,646 | 4, 821 | 7,919 | 6,496 |
| Publicly financed, total--.-.-------.-.-do.-.- | 723 | 4,674 | 4,041 | 4,328 | 1,663 | 4,541 | 14,854 | -3,676 | -4, 102 | -3,653 | r 3,853 | - 3, 429 | 37, 100 |
| Indexes of urban building authorized: Number of new dwelling units $-\ldots 1935-39=100 \ldots$ | ${ }^{\text {r }} 482.9$ | 484.8 | 479.7 | 359,4 | 327.7 | 274.1 | 322.1 | 286.9 | 235.2 | 295.5 | 310.5 | + 319.8 | 274.3 |
|  | - 599. 2 | 608.7 | 627.3 | 484.6 | 497.3 | 404.4 | 460.2 | 433.7 | 334.7 | 440.2 | 444.2 | r 464.7 | 392.9 |
| New residential building --.-.-.-.-.....do | $\checkmark 928.8$ | 949.8 | 967.6 | 716.8 | 663.7 | 558.6 | 654.3 | 581.2 | 507.8 | 617.5 | 678.3 | -692. 3 | 585.1 |
| New nonresidential building...--------do | $\stackrel{+399.3}{ }$ | ${ }^{404.5}$ | 426.9 | 343.2 | ${ }^{425.1}$ | 323.4 | 374.8 | ${ }^{348.8}$ | 224.6 | 340.5 | 302.0 | r 308.8 | 256.6 |
| Additions, alterations, and repairs.-.-.do | ${ }^{\text {r }} 377.4$ | 371.8 | 382.6 | 329.8 | 311.9 | 268.6 | 249.7 | 322.8 | 231.2 | 300.5 | 287.3 | r 357.6 | 314.4 |
| CONSTRUCTION COST INDEXES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Department of Commerce composite ${ }^{*} \ldots-1939=100 \ldots$ Aberthaw (industrial building) | 217.6 311 | 221.0 | 225.0 | 226.5 330 | 226.7 | 227.6 | 230.4 339 | 232.9 | 234.6 | 234.7 357 | 236.0 | 237.0 | 237.2 373 |
| American Appraisal Company: ${ }_{\text {A verage }} 30$ cities | 498 | 502 | 508 | 513 | 515 | 514 |  | 523 |  | 525 |  |  |  |
|  | 518 | 519 | 526 | 536 | 542 | 541 | 543 | 550 | 550 | 550 | 556 | 557 | ${ }_{557}^{531}$ |
|  | 504 | 514 | 522 | 531 | 534 | 535 | 536 | 541 | 542 | 542 | 544 | 545 | 545 |
|  | 459 | 485 | 473 | 478 | 479 | $\stackrel{451}{5}$ | ${ }^{477}$ | 484 | 485 | 485 | 488 | 490 | 490 |
| St. Louis....---............-.-.........-do | 485 | 488 | 495 | 499 | 502 | 501 | 504 | 511 | 511 | 512 | 512 | 512 | 529 |
|  | 349 | 357 | 366 | 369 | 371 | 371 | 371 | 374 | 374 | 376 | 376 | 378 | 379 |
| E. H. Boeckh and Associates, Inc.: A verage, 20 cities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Apartments, hotels, and office buildings: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brick and concrete_ U. S. avg. $1926-29=100$ | 215.6 | 218.0 | 219.5 | 220.4 | 220.9 | 222.9 | ${ }^{224 .} 7$ | 228.2 | 229.6 | 230.5 | 230.7 | 232.6 | 233.0 |
| Brick and steel--..-....------------- do | 215.8 | 218.6 | 220.7 | 221.4 | 221.9 | 223.9 | 226.4 | 229.9 | 231.6 | 232.6 | 232.8 | 234.3 | 234.3 |
| Brick and wood-................do | 227.2 | 230.8 | 234.6 | 234.3 | 233.2 | 233.7 | 236.9 | 240.1 | 242.7 | 243.3 | 243.6 | 245.0 | 244.9 |
| Commercial and factory builings: | 218.3 | 220.3 | 221.4 | 222.3 | 222.9 | 224.8 | 226.3 | 230.0 | 231.3 | 232.1 | 232.2 | 234.5 | 233.9 |
|  | 216.9 | 219.0 | 220.7 | 221.3 | 221.5 | 223.4 | 225.9 | 230.0 | 231.9 | 232.6 | 232.7 | 234.5 | 234.5 |
| Brick and wood....-.....................-do | 222.4 | 225.4 | 228.4 | 228.4 | 227.9 | 229.3 | ${ }^{232.4}$ | 235.6 | 238.1 | 238.7 | 238.9 | 240.4 | 240.5 |
|  | 232.5 | ${ }^{236.4}$ | 241.5 | 240.7 | 238.9 | 237.9 | 241.3 | 244.5 | 247.1 | 247.7 | 248.0 | 249.0 | 248.7 |
| Steel...-- | 202.3 | 203.8 | 205.1 | 205.8 | 206.2 | 208.2 | 211.0 | 215.6 | 217.7 | 218.4 | 218.5 | 219.7 | 219.8 |
| Residences: Brick | 227.7 | 231.3 | 235.1 | 234.8 | 233.7 | 234.2 | 237.4 | 240.5 | 243.1 | 243.7 | 243.8 | 245.1 | 245.1 |
|  | 226.7 | 230.5 | 235.1 | 234.5 | 233.0 | 232.7 | 236.1 | 239.1 | 241.7 | 242.3 | 242.5 | 243.6 | 243.4 |
| Engineering News-Record: $\sigma^{7}$ <br> Building $\qquad$ $1913=100$. | 376.9 | 383.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 511.9 | 521.4 | 530.4 | 534.4 | 527.9 | 528.7 | 530.7 | 536.7 | 537.9 | 538.7 | 543.9 | 542.7 | $\begin{array}{r} 400.4 \\ 542.4 \end{array}$ |
| Bu. of Public Roads-Highway construction: <br> Composite, standard mile..........-1925-29 $=100$ _- | 140.0 |  |  | 146.2 |  |  | 155.7 |  |  | 159.7 |  |  | 161.8 |
| CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production of selected construction materials, index: <br>  <br> Adjusted. <br> do. | $\begin{aligned} & 171.5 \\ & 160.3 \end{aligned}$ | 162.3 152.5 | 192.2 169.8 | 179.3 166.8 | 186.2 168.1 | 173.2 174.8 | $\begin{aligned} & 155.6 \\ & 176.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} r \\ r \\ \Gamma \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ +142.5 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 168.6 \\ r 178.4 \end{array}$ | r 169.9 +170.9 | p 181.4 p 171.5 |  |
| real estate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Home mortgages insured or guaranteed byFed. Hous. Adm.: New premium paying |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Vet Adm. Principal amount* thous of dol.- | 182, 568 | 183, 559 | 217, 594 | 216,154 | 241, 423 | 235, 742 | 204, 030 | 224, 671 | 175, 821 | 180, 081 | 161, 584 | 164,669 | 146, 237 |
| Feteral Adm.: Principal amount* | 214, 433 | 234, 070 | 268, 611 | 258, 401 | 332, 201 | 356, 491 | 350, 366 | 360, 574 | 324, 755 | 293, 236 | 298, 950 | 291, 906 | 283, 195 |
| to member institutions....-.......-mil. of dol.. | 442 | 506 | 632 | 700 | 730 | 767 | 816 | 758 | 747 | 752 | 762 | 774 | 816 |
| New mortgage loans of all savings and loan associations, estimated total...............thous. of dol. | 527, 967 | 517, 163 | 556, 469 | 467, 585 | 449, 963 | 393, 857 | 370,681 | 384, 008 | 351, 142 | 440, 210 | 437, 967 | 475, 383 | 473,885 |
| By purpose of loan: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Home construction.-...........-.-.-.-.-.-.-. - do- | 189,363 | 188,938 214,412 | 183, 493 | 145, 222 | 140,655 | 123, 134 | 117,079 | 129, 183 | 112,008 | 141, 496 | 140, 567 | ${ }^{153,678}$ | 149, 225 |
|  | 42,093 | 38, 887 | 43, 410 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 219,001 } \\ 34,827 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | - | 182,98 <br> 32,002 | 163,447 36,579 | $\begin{array}{r}153,984 \\ 38,786 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 148,936 34,473 | 190,539 40,879 | $\begin{array}{r}193,359 \\ 39,685 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 213,666 38,687 | 219, 331 |
| Repairs and reconditioning.-.-...........-do | 22, 461 | 21,853 | 25, 575 | 20, 220 | 16, 951 | 13, 804 | 13,693 | 13,311 | 12,638 | 16,948 | 16, 285 | 18,870 | ${ }_{18,107}$ |
| All other purposes.---.......-.-.-.-.-do.-. | 50, 433 | 53,073 | 55, 902 | 48,115 | 44, 054 | 41, 939 | 39, 883 | 48,744 | 43,087 | 50,348 | 48,071 | 50, 482 | 48, 933 |
| New nonfarm mortgages recorded ( $\$ 20,000$ and under), estimated total ------- thous. of dol. | 1, 465, 469 | 1, 470, 812 |  |  | 1, 544, 410 | 1,457,073 | 1,320, 895 | 1,331,083 | 1,182,753 | 1, 369, 284 | 1,370, 848 | 1,443, 538 | 1, 422, 262 |
| Nonfarm foreclosures, adjusted index ${ }^{\text {Fire }}$ losses |  | 12.9 52,980 | 14.1 49,878 | $\begin{array}{r} 104 \\ 15,92 \\ 45,922 \end{array}$ | 13.1 49,953 | 11.9 55,790 | 12.8 66,820 | 12.9 68,686 | 12.6 69,136 | 12.1 71,507 |  |  |  |
| Fire losses.....-.----.-............-..thous. of dol.-- | 57,116 | 52,980 | 49,878 | 45, 222 | 49,953 | 55, 790 | 66,820 | 68,686 | 69,136 | 71,507 | 62,965 | 58, 744 | 56,403 |

## DOMESTIC TRADE

| ADVERTISING |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Advertising indexes, adjusted: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Printers' Ink, combined index | 333 | 311 | 318 | 336 | 365 | 377 | 371 | 394 | 388 | 377 | 393 | 394 | 385 |
|  | 321 | 316 | 341 | 338 | 342 | 342 | 319 | 347 | 344 | 343 | 338 | 355 | 350 |
|  | 320 | 306 | 297 | 310 | 322 | 344 | 338 | 302 | 314 | 296 | 337 | 324 | 303 |
|  | 328 | 288 | 327 | 302 | 360 | 359 | 372 | 356 | 380 | 327 | 340 | 323 | 331 |
|  | 294 | 273 | 269 | 278 | 282 | 287 | 272 | 283 | 281 | 280 | 286 | 286 | 283 |
|  | 309.9 | 280.0 | 298.8 | 317.2 | 308.8 | 309.1 | 290.1 | 318.8 | 335.5 | 324.2 | 332.9 | 328.4 | 328.9 |
| Radio advertising: Cost of facilities, total...............thous. of dol.- | 15, 146 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Automotive, incl. accessories.-.-.-.-.-.-.-. do---- | 15,146 457 | 12,288 | 12, 2297 | 13,931 325 | 16,170 339 | 15,794 $\mathbf{3 5 5}$ | 15,833 399 | 16,714 508 | 14,978 | 16,440 378 | 15,926 385 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r 16, } \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 14,872 303 |
|  | 4,193 | 3,349 | 3,648 | 3,969 | 4,649 | 4,415 | 4, 277 | 4, 695 | 4,082 | 4,452 | 4,535 | + 4,829 | 4,375 |
| Electric household equipment....-.-.-.-. do...- | 142 | 136 | 148 | 136 | 142 | 142 | 134 | 147 | 128 | 144 | 139 | 153 | 133 |
| Financial ------....-..................... do. | 249 | 226 | 239 | 244 | 228 | 234 | 259 | 251 | 248 | 303 | 276 | 288 | 294 |
| Foods, soft drinks, confectionery.........-do | 4, 366 | 3,513 | 3,371 | 3,843 | 4. 341 | 4,319 | 4,240 | 4, 699 | 4,248 | 4,683 | 4,443 | 4,607 | 3,954 |
| Gasoline and oil...-------------------- do. | ${ }_{1} 391$ | + 467 | ${ }^{475}$ | . 469 | 505 | +515 | , 563 | +579 | , 524 | . 549 | , 465 | r 479 | 454 |
|  | 1,791 | 1,310 | 1,431 | 1,664 | 1,877 | 1,786 | 1,831 | 1,813 | 1,625 | 1,659 | 1,647 | r 1,785 | 1,649 |
|  | 1,831 | 1,577 1,429 | 1,562 | 1,540 | 1.853 | 1, 781 | 1,797 | 1,844 | 1, 698 | 1,958 | 1,901 | 1,914 | 1,831 |
|  | 1,826 | 1,429 | 1, 387 | 1,742 | 2, 237 | 2,217 | 2,332 | 2,179 | 2,104 | 2,315 | 2,136 | 2,122 | 1,879 |


 Readjustment Act; figures prior to August 1949 are available upon request. ${ }^{2}$ Data reported at the beginning of each month are shown here for the previous month. Digitized forflifles data for apparel and household furnishings, shown separately prior to the October 1950 Survey.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through | 1950 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1951 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1948 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1949 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | June | July | August | September | October | November | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Decem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | January | February | March | April | May | June |

DOMESTIC TRADE—Continued

${ }^{+}$Revised
$\dagger$
Compara
IComparable data on magazine advertising cost (Publishers' Information Bureau, Inc.) are available back to January 1948 only;, Beginning with the October 1949 SURVEY, five new components are, shown "'marked with ss, etc." Revised data for January 1948 -May 1950 are available upon request. $\$$ See note marked "t"' above. equipment" and houselurnishings, etc. Reval consumption expenditures have been revised beginning 1946; revised figures for the grand total and for total durable and nondurable goods and services are shown as components of gross national product in table 43 in part $V$ of the National Income Supplement to the Surver, July 1951. Revised quarterly data for otber items for 1946-47 appear on p. 23 of the December 1950 SURVEY; revisions for those items for 1948-1st quarter 1950 will be shown later.

Dollar estimates of sales for all types of retail stores and for chain stores and mail-order bouses have been revised for various periods back to 1943 and revisions from August 1948 forward are shown beginning with the October 1949 Survey; specific periods for which the series have been revised are as stated in the notes below. Monthly data for 1946 - 48 for both sales and inventories of all types of retail stores (unadjusted and adjusted series) appear on pp. 21-23 of the October 1949 SURVEx. Data prior to 1946 and unpublished revisions are available upon request.
$\mp$ Revised beginning 1943 . $\sigma^{\prime}$ Revised beginning 1948.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1948 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1949 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1950 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1951 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | Septem- | October | November | December | January | February | March | April | May | June |

DOMESTIC TRADE—Continued

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline RETAIL TRADE-Continued \& \multirow[b]{4}{*}{2,591} \& \multirow[t]{4}{*}{} \& \multirow[t]{4}{*}{} \& \multirow[t]{4}{*}{} \& \multirow[t]{4}{*}{} \& \multirow[t]{4}{*}{} \& \multirow[t]{4}{*}{} \& \multirow[t]{4}{*}{} \& \multirow[t]{4}{*}{} \& \multirow[t]{4}{*}{} \& \multirow[t]{4}{*}{} \& \multirow[t]{4}{*}{} \& \multirow[t]{5}{*}{} \\
\hline All types of retail storest-Continued \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Estimated sales (unadjusted), total-Continued
Nondurable-goods stores 0 -Continued \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Nondurable-goods stores \(q\)-Continued \\

\end{tabular} \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Grocery and combinationo----......do \& 2,090 \& 2, 28.89 \& \(\stackrel{2,752}{2,205}\) \& 2,793
2,244 \& 2,620
2,082 \& 2, 2,126 \& 3,0819 \& 2,174 \& 2,095 \& 2,978
2,414 \& 2, 169 \& + 2 2, 324 \& \\
\hline  \& 501 \& 530 \& 547 \& 548 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{538
586
1} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\(\begin{array}{r}534 \\ 575 \\ \hline\end{array}\)} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{567
615} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{584} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\({ }_{535}^{496}\)} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{564
596
50} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{536
596} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{578
628
1} \& 2,419 \\
\hline  \& 581 \& 655 \& 629
1.379 \& 582 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \({ }^{13} 3\) \\
\hline General-merchandise group\$------- do \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1,320} \& 1,306 \& 1,379 \& 1,481 \& 1,442 \& 1,569 \& 2,429 \& 1,283 \& 1,129 \& 1,420 \& 1, 294 \& 1,414 \& 1,375 \\
\hline Department, including mail-orderş--do---- \& \& 855 \& 924 \& 1,008 \& 979 \& 1,080 \& 1,613 \& 881 \& 75 \% \& 933 \& 857 \& 929 \& 88.5 \\
\hline General, including general merchandise with food..........................mil. of dol \& 155 \& 166 \& 160 \& 160 \& 149 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{157} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{194} \& 139 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{129} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{155} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{149} \& 164 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{170} \\
\hline Dry goods and other general merchandise \(\begin{gathered}\text { mil. of dol } \\ \text { m }\end{gathered}\) \& 129 \& 124 \& 125 \& 136 \& 136 \& \& \& 119 \& \& \& \& 143 \& \\
\hline  \& 162 \& 161 \& 169 \& 177 \& 178 \& 185 \& 394 \& 143 \& 143 \& 199 \& 160 \& 178 \& 182 \\
\hline  \& 967 \& 974 \& 1,083 \& 1,045 \& 1,046 \& 1. 049 \& 1,414 \& 1,108 \& 1, 0.54 \& 1,142 \& 1,033 \& 1, 050 \& 1,026 \\
\hline  \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\({ }_{837} 130\)} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{840} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{946} \& 145 \& \({ }_{897}^{149}\) \& 164 \& 1, 268 \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{962} \& 143 \& \({ }_{9}^{154}\) \& \({ }_{8}^{136}\) \& \(\begin{array}{r}144 \\ \hline 909\end{array}\) \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{878} \\
\hline  \& \& \& \& 900 \& 897 \& 886 \& 1,146 \& \& 912 \& 987 \& 897 \& r 909 \& \\
\hline Estimated sales (adjusted), total.-.-.-.-.-. do \& 11,699 \& 12,700 \& 12,682 \& 12,133 \& 11,759 \& 11,387 \& 12, 194 \& 13,307 \& 13, 075 \& 12,324 \& 12,025 \& 12,075 \& 11,910 \\
\hline  \& 4,179 \& 4,679 \& 4,694 \& \({ }^{4,417}\) \& 4, 179 \& 3, 670 \& 4,099 \& 4, 772 \& 4, 223 \& 4,240 \& 3, 996 \& 3,968 \& 3, 881 \\
\hline Automotive group --..------.-.-.-....- do \& 2,485 \& 2.763 \& 2, 690 \& 2, 570 \& 2,399 \& 2,074 \& 2,389 \& 2,742 \& 2. 764 \& 2,427 \& 2,255 \& - 2, 261 \& 2,221 \\
\hline Motor-vehicle dealers..-.-------..-- - do \& 2,325 \& 2, 512 \& 2, 484 \& 2,389 \& 2,225 \& 1,910 \& 2,173 \& 2, 496 \& 2, 524 \& 2.207 \& 2,056 \& \(\stackrel{2}{2,075}\) \& 2,046 \\
\hline  \& \& 251 \& 206 \& 181 \& 174 \& 165 \& 216 \& 246 \& 244 \& 220 \& r 199 \& r 186 \& 175 \\
\hline Building materials and hardware group
mil. of dol_. \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1,026} \& 1,084 \& 1,1 \& 1,015 \& 986 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
\& 925 \\
\& 624
\end{aligned}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{988} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1,154} \& 1. 129 \& 1,084 \& 1,057 \& - 1, 063 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1,018} \\
\hline Building materials.-.-.-..-----........do \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{210} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{778
210} \& 684 \& 670 \& \& \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{741
241} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
223 \\
627 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}} \& 716 \& \% 700 \& \\
\hline  \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
189 \\
576 \\
\hline 8
\end{tabular}} \& \& \& 198 \& 192 \& 191 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
626 \\
213 \\
625 \\
\hline 18
\end{tabular}} \& 244 \& \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{206
579} \& 211 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{206
547} \\
\hline Homefurnishings group \& \& 739 \& 760 \& 727 \& 687 \& 576 \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{413} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{381} \& \& \& \(\bigcirc 547\) \& \\
\hline Furniture and housefurnishings .-.-.- do \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{329
248} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
\& 397 \\
\& 342
\end{aligned}
\]} \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 384 \\
\& 376
\end{aligned}
\] \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 367 \\
\& 360
\end{aligned}
\] \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
\& 348 \\
\& 339
\end{aligned}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
\& 318 \\
\& 258
\end{aligned}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{357
269} \& \& \& 356 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
335 \\
244 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\(\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \\ \\ 222 \\ \\ \\ \hline 18\end{array}\)} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{321
226} \\
\hline Household appliances and radios......do Jewelry stores \& \& \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 376 \\
\& 101
\end{aligned}
\] \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 360 \\
\& 104
\end{aligned}
\] \& \& \& \& 355
109 \& 349
100 \& 272
102 \& 244 \& \& \\
\hline Nondurable-goods stores...-..............-do. \& 7,519 \& 8,021 \& 7,987 \& 7,716 \& 7. 580 \& 7.717 \& 8,094 \& \& 8,352 \& 8,085 \& 8,029 \& \& \\
\hline Apparel group \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\(\begin{array}{r}7 \\ \hline 180 \\ 186 \\ \hline\end{array}\)} \& 778 \& \({ }^{788}\) \& -768 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\(\begin{array}{r}781 \\ \hline 189 \\ \hline 8\end{array}\)} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\(\begin{array}{r}79 \\ \hline 192 \\ \\ \hline 19\end{array}\)} \& 8819 \& 8,535
937 \& 844 \& \({ }^{8} 763\) \& 779 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{r 816

192} \&  <br>
\hline Men's clothing and furnishings.-.....-do. \& \& 190 \& 190 \& 184 \& \& \& 195 \& 238 \& 219 \& 175 \& 183 \& \& 779 <br>
\hline Women's apparel and accessories .-.-do \& 350 \& 344 \& 355 \& 352 \& 356 \& 366 \& 384 \& 414 \& 368 \& 342 \& 365 \& +372 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{189
106} <br>

\hline Family and other apparel...-.-.-.-.-do \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{| 109 |
| :--- |
| 126 |
| 18 |} \& 113 \& 110 \& 108 \& 106 \& 109 \& 114 \& 131 \& 119 \& 111 \& 109 \& 113 \& <br>

\hline  \& \& 131 \& 133
302 \& 125 \& 119
308 \& 126

309 \& | 126 |
| :--- |
| 308 | \& 154 \& 138 \& 135 \& 122 \& +139 \& 133 <br>

\hline  \& 305 \& ${ }_{911}^{295}$ \& 302
929 \& ${ }_{938}$ \& ${ }_{933}$ \& 309
929 \& ${ }_{957}$ \& 320 \& ${ }_{981}^{331}$ \& ${ }_{994} 33$ \& 319 \& +318 \& 325 <br>
\hline Eating and drinking places.------.-.--do \& 929 \& 911 \& 929 \& 938 \& 933 \& 929 \& 957 \& 984 \& 981 \& 994 \& 972 \& r979 \& 993 <br>
\hline Food group ....-.-.......................d. ${ }^{\text {do. }}$ \& 2,604 \& 2,754 \& 2,728 \& 2,640 \& 2,624 \& 2,718 \& 2.802 \& 2,840 \& 2,885 \& 2,883 \& 2,871 \& +2,920 \& 2,879 <br>
\hline Grocery and combination...-.-.-...-.-do \& 2, 107 \& 2, 226 \& 2,192 \& 2,127 \& 2,096 \& 2, 177 \& 2, 282 \& 2,278 \& 2,322 \& 2,323 \& 2,308 \& - 2,344 \& 2,320 <br>
\hline  \& 496 \& 528 \& 536 \& 514 \& 528 \& 540 \& 520 \& 562 \& 563 \& 560 \& 563 \& ${ }_{5}^{576}$ \& 560 <br>
\hline Filling stations \& 553 \& 601 \& 599 \& 564 \& 553 \& 579 \& ${ }^{6} 613$ \& 648 \& 647 \& 629 \& 608 \& 599 \& 601 <br>
\hline General-merchandise group ---....-- do \& 1,376 \& 1,605 \& 1,523 \& 1,445 \& 1,350 \& 1,365 \& 1,494 \& 1,638 \& 1,494 \& 1,381 \& 1,410 \& 1,427 \& 1,408 <br>
\hline Department, including mail-order .-...do \& ${ }_{983}^{919}$ \& 1,122 \& 1,037 \& 981
1,056 \& $\begin{array}{r}1895 \\ 1,042 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 906
1,025 \& 1,011
1,101 \& 1,123 \& 1,006 \& 903 \& 927 \& 932 \& 926 <br>
\hline Other retail stores..------.----------.- do. \& 983 \& 1,078 \& 1,127 \& 1,0.56 \& 1,042 \& 1,025 \& 1, 101 \& 1,168 \& 1,170 \& 1,102 \& 1,070 \& r 1, 049 \& 1,043 <br>
\hline Estimated inventories (adjusted), total.----do_ \& 14,720 \& 14, 125 \& 15, 076 \& 15,793 \& 16,697 \& 16,787 \& 16, 754 \& 17,422 \& 17.817 \& 18,642 \& 18,977 \& 18,958 \& -18,738 <br>
\hline Durable-goods stores. .-.---...--------- do \& 5,634 \& 5,135 \& 5,484 \& 5, 807 \& 6,482 \& 6,576 \& 6, 644 \& 6, 812 \& 6,896 \& 7,572 \& -7,812 \& + 7,917 \& P 7,893 <br>
\hline Automotive group--...-...............do \& 1,948 \& 1,574 \& 1,744 \& 1,781 \& 2,093 \& 2,101 \& 2,165 \& 2,161 \& 2,211 \& 2,543 \& - 2, 654 \& 2,782 \& ${ }^{\text {p } 2,803}$ <br>
\hline Building materials and hardware group
mill. of dol. \& 2,027 \& 2,021 \& 2,042 \& 2,192 \& 2, 296 \& 2,370 \& 2,445 \& 2,567 \& 2,507 \& 2,667 \& 2,703 \& -2,702 \& ${ }^{p} 2,709$ <br>
\hline Homefurnishings group.-............-. do.--- \& 1,189 \& 1,069 \& 1,214 \& 1,325 \& 1, 590 \& 1,593 \& 1,519 \& 1,552 \& 1,633 \& 1,789 \& 1,883 \& -1,864 \& ${ }^{-1,815}$ <br>
\hline  \& 470 \& 471 \& 484 \& 509 \& 503 \& 512 \& 515 \& 532 \& 545 \& 573 \& 572 \& +569 \& $p 566$ <br>
\hline  \& 9,080 \& 8,990 \& 9,592 \& 9,986 \& 10,215 \& 10, 211 \& 10, 110 \& 10,610 \& 10,921 \& 11,070 \& 11, 165 \& 11, 041 \& -10,845 <br>
\hline  \& 1,859 \& 1,835 \& 1,989 \& 2,038 \& 2,078 \& 2,093 \& 2, 076 \& 2,146 \& 2, 202 \& 2,220 \& 2, 333 \& + 2, 311 \& ${ }^{p} 2,358$ <br>
\hline Drug stores-1-----.-.-....-........-do \& ${ }_{6}^{618}$ \& 594 \& 619 \& ${ }^{620}$ \& 596 \& 588 \& 572 \& 623 \& ${ }^{650}$ \& 640 \& 652 \& ${ }^{660}$ \& ${ }^{p} 614$ <br>
\hline Eating and drinking places.-...........do \& 391 \& 420 \& 435 \& 456 \& 453 \& 490 \& 540 \& ${ }^{(1)}$ \& (1) 87 \& (1) \& ${ }^{(1)}$ \& ${ }^{(1)}$ \& (1) <br>
\hline  \& 1,625 \& 1,619 \& 1,779 \& 1,802 \& 1,789 \& 1,672 \& 1, 620 \& 1,785 \& (1) 874 \& ${ }_{(1)}^{1,88}$ \& 1, 817 \& ${ }^{7} 1,812$ \& ${ }^{5} 1,744$ <br>
\hline Filling stations - ${ }_{\text {General-merchandise }}$ \& -374 \& ${ }_{2} 392$ \& 377 \& ${ }^{385}$ \& $\begin{array}{r}361 \\ 3.340 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 331
3,390 \& $\begin{array}{r}322 \\ 3,409 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ \& (1) \& \& ${ }^{1} 780$ \& \& \& ${ }^{(1)}{ }^{1}$ <br>
\hline  \& 1,367 \& 1,325 \& 1,399 \& 1,504 \& 1,598 \& 1,647 \& 1,571 \& 1 12,483 \& ${ }_{1}^{12,535}$ \& - 2,567 \& 12,551 \& - 12,524 \& 12,538 <br>
\hline Chain stores and mail-order houses: $\dagger$ \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 2,380 \& 2, 496 \& 2,485 \& 2, 588 \& 2,498 \& 2, 522 \& 3,389 \& 2,342 \& 2,194 \& 2,692 \& 2,411 \& - 2,615 \& 2,647 <br>
\hline  \& 234 \& 186 \& 196 \& 262 \& 246 \& 246 \& 381 \& 198 \& 176 \& 301 \& 219 \& + 259 \& 258 <br>
\hline  \& 37 \& 24 \& 24 \& 41 \& 40 \& 44 \& 69 \& 36 \& 28 \& 41 \& 32 \& 35 \& 37 <br>
\hline  \& -108 \& 91 \& 98 \& 125 \& 121 \& 118 \& 182 \& 90 \& 85 \& 147 \& 109 \& +127 \& 118 <br>
\hline  \& 70 \& 56 \& 58 \& 75 \& 64 \& 64 \& 99 \& 55 \& 48 \& 89 \& 61 \& ${ }^{7} 77$ \& 83 <br>
\hline Automotive parts and accessories - --------do \& 58 \& 81 \& 67 \& 57 \& 49 \& 47 \& 87 \& 49 \& 86 \& ${ }^{53}$ \& 51 \& - 58 \& ${ }_{6} 9$ <br>
\hline Building materials-------------------- do \& +120 \& 126 \& 142 \& 136 \& 137 \& 111 \& 87 \& 96 \& 81 \& 90 \& 104 \& r 114 \& 112 <br>
\hline  \& 65
50 \& 66
51
51 \& $\stackrel{66}{59}$ \& 66
50
50 \& 68
52 \& 64
49
4 \& 97
54 \& $\stackrel{67}{5}$ \& 68
47 \& 73
53 \& ${ }_{5}^{66}$ \& ${ }_{54}^{68}$ \& 70 <br>
\hline Furniture and housefurnishings..---.-......do \& ${ }_{26}^{50}$ \& $\stackrel{39}{29}$ \& ${ }_{31}^{52}$ \& ${ }_{33}$ \& ${ }_{30}^{52}$ \& $\stackrel{49}{27}$ \& 34
39 \& ${ }_{23} 2$ \& $\stackrel{47}{23}$ \& $\stackrel{53}{25}$ \& $\stackrel{52}{23}$ \& $\begin{array}{r}54 \\ +26 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 53
24 <br>
\hline General-merchandise group .-.-.----.--- do. \& 621 \& 652 \& 656 \& 692 \& 671 \& 733 \& 1, 140 \& 554 \& 502 \& 656 \& 606 \& 6661 \& 6.56 <br>
\hline Department, dry goods, and general merchandise ........................... of dol \& 386 \& 420 \& 397 \& 427 \& 398 \& 423 \& 642 \& 319 \& 285 \& 378 \& 369 \& 406 \& <br>
\hline  \& 87 \& 84 \& 105 \& 105 \& 112 \& 143 \& 158 \& 104 \& 87 \& 99 \& 99 \& 93 \& 82 <br>
\hline  \& 137 \& 136 \& 142 \& 149 \& 150 \& 156 \& 326 \& 121 \& 120 \& 167 \& 135 \& -149 \& 153 <br>
\hline Grocery and combination.-..........-...-- do \& 826 \& 902 \& 843 \& 878 \& 840 \& 862 \& 1,037 \& 898 \& 876 \& 1,032 \& 913 \& r 980 \& 1,021 <br>
\hline Indexes of Sales: $\dagger$
Unadjusted, combined index $9 \ldots .1935-39=100$ \& 319.2 \& 328.8 \& 325.2 \& 341.2 \& 336.0 \& 346.1 \& 442.4 \& 315.0 \& 316.3 \& 338.0 \& 335.2 \& r 347.9 \& <br>
\hline Adjusted, combined index $¢$ \& 317.9 \& 354.7 \& 347.3 \& 331.9 \& 323.2 \& 323.9 \& 344.7 \& 366.9 \& 356.6 \& 342.3 \& ${ }_{343.3}^{335.2}$ \& $\begin{array}{r}347.9 \\ \hline 348.9\end{array}$ \& 341.6 <br>
\hline  \& 300.9 \& 301.8 \& 315.4 \& 314.3 \& 305.4 \& 309.5 \& 330.8 \& 354.1 \& 324.6 \& 312.2 \& 306.0 \& - 330.9 \& 319.6 <br>
\hline  \& 265.3 \& 274.8 \& 286.1 \& 281.1 \& 257.5 \& 269.9 \& 306.0 \& 313.9 \& 284.9 \& 230.9 \& 247.0 \& r 2677 \& 250.4 <br>
\hline  \& 387.9 \& 381.8 \& 393.5 \& 402.2 \& 407.1 \& 400.5 \& 431.2 \& 452.1 \& 414.1 \& 411.3 \& 413.9 \& r 427.8 \& 415.2 <br>
\hline  \& 235.4 \& 237.8 \& 254.7 \& 241.6 \& ${ }^{231.7}$ \& 242.5 \& 245.6 \& 281.5 \& 259.3 \& 260.5 \& 230.9 \& - 271.4 \& 265.5 <br>
\hline Automotive parts and accessories $\sigma^{\prime \prime}$.....do.. \& 291.3 \& 407.7 \& 339.1 \& 308.6 \& 271.0 \& 240.5 \& 322.1 \& 386.6 \& 386.9 \& 336.9 \& 307.9 \& - 304.0 \& 308.0 <br>
\hline  \& 396.6 \& 442.1 \& 450.7 \& 409.4 \& 403.0 \& 393.7 \& 398.3 \& 451.6 \& 436.0 \& 396.8 \& 391.3 \& - 380.6 \& 367.4 <br>
\hline Drug stores ----.-.......-.........-.-. do \& 222.0 \& ${ }^{221.2}$ \& 224.6 \& 227.8 \& 223.4 \& 219.9 \& 226.3 \& 234.0 \& 244.1 \& 241.2 \& 231.4 \& 229.8 \& 234.9 <br>
\hline Eating and drinking placeso'.----....-do. \& 221.7 \& 216.9 \& 220.4 \& 214.4 \& 214.6 \& 210.4 \& 218.1 \& 224.6 \& 221.9 \& 221.8 \& 225.6 \& +230.8 \& 230.0 <br>
\hline Furniture and housefurnishings ${ }^{\text {a }}$ General-....-. dorchandise \& 243.9
311.1 \& 314.9
369.7 \& 289.5 \& 293.4
321.5 \& \& 215.2
312.7 \& 248.4
333.0 \& 29.5
376.1 \& 270.7
347.3 \& 239.8
316.6 \& 231.6
326.8 \& +228.2
+33.6 \& 224.2 <br>
\hline General-merchandise group ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Department, dry goods, and general mer-- \& 311.1 \& 369.7 \& 347.3 \& 321.5 \& 300.1 \& 312.7 \& 333.0 \& 376.1 \& 347.3 \& 316.6 \& 326.8 \& ¢ 333.6 \& 319.5 <br>
\hline chandise $0^{7}$................... $1935-39=100$ \& 385.7 \& 477.7 \& 437.0 \& 400.8 \& 361.8 \& 381.7 \& 401.8 \& 475.9 \& 440.7 \& 385.8 \& 410.2 \& + 412.6 \& 395.0 <br>
\hline  \& 270.4 \& 342.8 \& 309.7 \& 269.2 \& 253.2 \& 290.7 \& 308.2 \& 343.8 \& 294.4 \& 273.4 \& 258.8 \& 281.3 \& 264.3 <br>
\hline  \& 224.0 \& 227.3 \& 236.9 \& 234.2 \& ${ }^{235.5}$ \& 223.4 \& 246.8 \& 248.9 \& 239.6 \& 238.1 \& 242.2 \& -247. 1 \& 239.0 <br>
\hline Grocery and combination..............do...- \& 378.9 \& 410.9 \& 402.2 \& 391.2 \& 394.8 \& 399.5 \& 424.4 \& 421.8 \& 427.6 \& 432.7 \& 437.7 \& + 444.3 \& 440.8 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

- Revised. ${ }^{1}$ Data for eating and drinking places and filling stations are included with those for other retail stores. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary.


| Unless otherwise stated，statistics through | 1950 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1951 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1948 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1949 Statistical Supplement to the Surve | June | July | Auzust | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Septem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Octo- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \begin{array}{c} \text { Nover } \\ \text { ber } \end{array} \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Decem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | January | Febru－ | Marc | A pril | May | June |

## DOMESTIC TRADE－Continued

| RETAIL TRADE－Continued |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Department stores |  |
| Accounts receivable，end of month |  |
| Charge accounts－．．．－－－．－． 1941 average $=100$ |  |
| Instalment accounts |  |
|  |  |
| Charge accounts． percent <br> Instalment accounts． do |  |
|  |  |
| Sales by type of payment： |  |
| Cash sales．．．．．－．－．－．－．．－．percent of total sales．－ |  |
| Charge account sales do <br> Instalment sales $\qquad$ $\qquad$ do．．．． |  |
|  |  |
| Sales，unadjusted，total U．S．．．．．．－1935－39＝100＿ |  |
|  |  |
| Boston． |  |
| Chicago． |  |
| Cleveland |  |
| Dallas． |  |
| Kansas City |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| New York |  |
| Richmond． |  |
| St．Louis |  |
|  |  |
| Sales，adjusted，total U．S．$\ddagger$ ．－．．．．．．．．．－．－．．．－${ }^{\text {do．．－．}}$ |  |
| Atlanta Boston |  |
|  |  |
| Chicago $\ddagger$ |  |
| Cleveland |  |
| Dallas $\ddagger$. |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Philadelphia |  |
| Richmond $\ddagger$ ．－ |  |
| St．Louis． do <br> San Franciscot $\qquad$ do |  |
|  |  |
| Stocks，total U．S．，end of month：$\ddagger$ |  |
|  |  |
| Unadjusted |  |
| Mail－order and store sales： |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Sears，Roebuck \＆Co．．．－－－－－－－－－－－－－－．－．${ }^{\text {do．}}$ |  |
| Rural sales of general merchandise： |  |
| Total U．S．，unadjusted．．．．．．．．．．．．．． $1935-39=100$ ． <br>  |  |
|  |  |
| South |  |
| Middle W |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| South |  |
| Middle West do． Far West． $\qquad$ |  |
|  |  |
| WHOLESALE TRADE |  |
| Service and limited－function wholesalers：$\ddagger$ |  |
| Sales，estimated（unadj．），total．．．．．．．mil．of dol．－ |  |
| Durable－goods establishments．．．－．－．．．．．－．do．．．－ |  |
| Nondurable－goods establishments．－．－．－．do．．．－ |  |
| Inventories，estimated（unadj．），total．．．．．．do Durable－goods establishments do． $\qquad$ Nondurable－goods establishments do $\qquad$ |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |


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EMPLOYMENT AND POPULATION

| POPULATION <br> Population，continental United States：$\$$ |
| :---: |
|  |  |
|  |
| Employment status of civilian noninstitutional population： |
| Estimated number 14 years of age and over， total． thousands |
|  |
| Female |
| Civilian labor force，total－．．．．．－．．．．．．．．．．．．－do． |
|  |
|  |  |
|  |
|  |
|  |  |
|  |
|  |
|  |
| Not in labor |


| 151， 483 | 151， 689 | 151，939 | 152， 196 | 152， 438 | 152，668 | 152， 879 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 109，392 | 109， 491 | 109， 587 | 109，577 | 109，407 | 109， 293 | 109， 193 |
| 53.061 | 53， 103 | 53， 113 | 53， 044 | 52， 812 | 52，643 | 52， 491 |
| 56，331 | 卧， 388 | 56， 474 | 56， 533 | 56， 595 | 56，650 | 56， 702 |
| 64， 866 | 64， 427 | 64， 867 | 63， 567 | 63，704 | 63，512 | 62，538 |
| 45，429 | 45，708 | 45， 818 | 44， 726 | 44， 268 | 44， 019 | 43，535 |
| 19，437 | 18，719 | 19，049 | 18，841 | 19，436 | 19，493 | 19，003 |
| 61， 482 | 61， 214 | 62，367 | 61， 226 | 61， 764 | 61， 271 | 60， 308 |
| 43， 229 | 43， 582 | 44， 154 | 43， 244 | 43，096 | 42，710 | 42，076 |
| 18， 253 | 17，632 | 18， 213 | 17，982 | 18，668 | 18，561 | 18，232 |
| 9，046 | 8，440 | 8， 160 | 7，811 | 8，491 | 7，551 | 6，234 |
| 52， 436 | 52，774 | 54， 207 | 53， 415 | 53， 273 | 53， 721 | 54，075 |
| 3，384 | 3，213 | 2，500 | 2，341 | 1，940 | 2， 240 | 2，229 |
| 44，526 | 45，064 | 44，718 | 46，010 | 45，704 | 45，782 | 46，657 |


| 153， 085 | 153，302 | 153，490 | 153，699 | 153，900 | 154， 122 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 109， 170 | 108，933 | 108， 964 | 108， 879 | 108，832 | 108，836 |
| 52， 419 | 52，140 | 52， 108 | 51， 980 | 51，883 | 51， 834 |
| 56， 751 | 56，793 | 56， 856 | 56， 899 | 56，949 | 57， 002 |
| 61，514 | 61，313 | 62，325 | 61，789 | 62， 803 | 63，783 |
| 43，093 | 42，894 | 43，379 | 43，182 | 43，508 | 44，316 |
| 18，421 | 18，419 | 18，946 | 18，607 | 19， 294 | 19，467 |
| 59，010 | 58， 905 | 60， 179 | 60，044 | 61， 193 | 61， 803 |
| 41， 433 | 41，300 | 42， 102 | 42， 154 | 42， 558 | 43， 149 |
| 17，577 | 17，605 | 18，077 | 17，890 | 18，635 | 18， 654 |
| ［6，018 | －5，930 | $\begin{array}{r}6,393 \\ 53 \\ 53 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 6，645 | $\begin{array}{r}7,440 \\ 53 \\ \hline 23 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}8,035 \\ 53 \\ 5 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| $\begin{array}{r}\text { r2，} \\ 2,503 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 52,46 2,407 | 2，147 | 53,40 1,744 | 53,63 1,609 | 53,768 1,980 |
| 47，658 | 47，619 | 46，638 | 47，092 | 46，029 | 45，053 |



## EMPLOYMENT-Continued Employees in nonagricultural establishments: $\dagger$ <br> Employees in nonagricultural establishment Total, unadjusted (U. S. Dept. of Labor)



Production workers in manufacturing industries: $\dagger$
Total (U. S. Dept. of Labor) -...-.-. - thousands

 Furniture and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass products.
Primary metal industries
Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling
 Primary smelting and refining of nonferrows metals chinery, transportation equipment) Heating apparatus (except electrical) and
 Electrical machinery-.......
Transportation equipment. Transportation e

Aircraft and parts
Ship and bo nt building-....................... Railroad equipment Miscellaneous mfg. industries.

Nondurable-goods industries Food and kindred products Meat products
Dairy products Dairy products.-...-......... Canning and preserving
Bakery products.-.-. Tobacco manufactures Textile-mill products.. Broad-woven fabric mills Apparel and other finished textile prodMen's and boys' suits and coats Men's and boys' furnishings and work clothing Women's outerwear

Printing, publishing, and allied industries
Newspapers - $\quad$ thousands. Commercial printing-

## r Revised. $\quad$ Preliminary. $\dagger$ Revised series. Beginning

Revised series. Beginning w



 o'Revisions for metal and bituminous-coal mining for August $1948-J u n e$ SUE; nondurable-goods industries, pp. $23-24$ of the October 1950 issue. Unpublished revisions will be shown later. o'Revisions for metal and bituminous-coal mining for August 1948-June 1949 are shown in note at bottom of p. S-il of the September 1950 SURVEY.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1948 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1949 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1950 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1951 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | Septem- ber | October | November | December | January | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Febru- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | March | April | May | June |

## EMPLOYMENT AND POPULATION-Continued

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline EMPLOYMENT-Continued \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Production workers in mfg. industriest-Con. \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline otal (U. S. Dept. of Labor)-Continued \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Nondurable-goods industries-Continued
Chemicals and allied products...thousands-. \& 482 \& 479 \& 491 \& 506 \& 523 \& 521 \& 524 \& 526 \& 532 \& 539 \& \({ }^{5} 537\) \& ¢ 530 \& p 529 \\
\hline Industrial organic chemi icals--.-......do...- \& 150 \& 152 \& 155 \& 158 \& 159 \& 160 \& 161 \& 163 \& 163 \& 167 \& 168 \& 170 \& \\
\hline Products of petroleum and coal.....---do-.-- \& 181 \& 182
139 \& 193 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
189 \\
145 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& 190 \& 191 \& 191 \& 190
147 \& 191 \& 192 \& 194
150 \& 194 \& \({ }^{p} 197\) \\
\hline  \& \(\begin{array}{r}138 \\ 199 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& \begin{tabular}{l}
139 \\
200 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{l}
147 \\
208 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& 145
215 \& 147
219 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
148 \\
222 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& 147
222 \& 147
222 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
148 \\
222 \\
\\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{l}
149 \\
220 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& 150
219 \& r \({ }_{\text {r }}^{151}\) \& \({ }^{5} 223\) \\
\hline Tires and inner tubes ---------..-.- do \& 88 \& 88 \& 90 \& 92 \& 92 \& \({ }^{93}\) \& \({ }^{92}\) \& 91 \& 91 \& 88 \& 88 \& 89 \& \\
\hline Leather and leather products ..........-do \& 343
24
224 \& 351
230 \& 370
237 \& \({ }_{237}^{372}\) \& 367
230 \& 360
226 \& 359
299 \& 364
234 \& 374
239 \& 371
237 \& \(\begin{array}{r}\text { 354 } \\ \hline 225\end{array}\) \& \({ }_{211}{ }^{331}\) \& \({ }^{p} 341\) \\
\hline Manufacturing production-worker employment index, unadjusted (U. S. Dept. of Labor) \& 147.3 \& 148.3 \& 156.3 \& 158.9 \& 160.3 \& 159.2 \& 159.4 \& 158.9 \& 161.0 \& r 161.0 \& ¢ 159.8 \& r 1586 \& \({ }^{p} 158.6\) \\
\hline Manufacturing production-worker employment index, adjusted (Federal Reserve) \(\dagger\).---1939=100 \& 148.9 \& 150.9 \& 155.0 \& 156.0 \& 157.7 \& 157.7 \& 158.1 \& 159.7 \& 161.3 \& 161.4 \& \({ }^{\text {r }} 161.5\) \& \({ }^{\text {r } 161.2}\) \& \({ }^{p} 160.2\) \\
\hline Miscellaneous employment data: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Federal and State highways, totals .....numbe
Construction (Federal and State)......do \& 312,091 \& 327, 886 \& 336,600 \& - \({ }^{327,953}\) \& 317,566
140,543 \& 291,399
116,639 \& 250, \({ }^{79,857}\) \& 228,239
62,181 \& \({ }_{56,363}^{221,485}\) \&  \& \({ }^{p}{ }_{p}^{252,36,216}\) \& \({ }^{\text {p }}\) p 280,022 \& \\
\hline Coistructione (State) \& 128, 470 \& 130, 168 \& 130, 714 \& 126, 664 \& 123, 493 \& 122,681 \& 118, 487 \& 114, 450 \& 113,856 \& 114, 118 \& \({ }^{p} 114,672\) \& \({ }^{\text {D } 118,484 ~}\) \& \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Federal civilian employees: \\
United States thousands.
\end{tabular} \& 1,819 \& 1,839 \& 1,913 \& 1,945 \& 1,977 \& 2,005 \& 2,024 \& 2, 082 \& 2,146 \& 2, 196 \& 2,240 \& 2,273 \& \\
\hline Washington, D.C., metropolitan area...do...- \& 214 \& 215 \& 218 \& 219 \& 222 \& 226 \& 228 \& 234 \& 240 \& 244 \& 247 \& 248 \& \({ }_{p}^{256}\) \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Railway employees (class I steam railways): \\

\end{tabular} \& 1,272 \& 1,279 \& 1,302 \& 1,315 \& 1,324 \& 1,322 \& 1,313 \& 1,286 \& 1,287 \& 1,309 \& 1,321 \& -1,324 \& p 1, 329 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Indexes: \\
Tnadjusted \(\qquad\) \(1935-39=100\).
\end{tabular} \& 121.6 \& 122.3 \& 124.5 \& 125.8 \& 126.6 \& 126.3 \& 125.1 \& 122.9 \& 122.8 \& -124.9 \& 126.1 \& p 126.5 \& \\
\hline  \& 120.0 \& 119.7 \& 121.9 \& 122.8 \& 122.5 \& 125.2 \& 127.1 \& 127.8 \& 125.9 \& r 128.0 \& 128.1 \& \({ }^{p} 127.0\) \& \({ }^{2} 125.2\) \\
\hline PAYROLLS \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Manufacturing production-worker payroll index, unadjusted (U. S. Dept. of Labor) \(\dagger \ldots\). \(1939=100\), \& 362.7 \& 367.5 \& 394.4 \& 403.2 \& 415.8 \& 414.6 \& 426.0 \& 424.0 \& 430.0 \& - 435.0 \& - 432.9 \& 428.3 \& \\
\hline LABOR CONDITIONS \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Average weekly hours per worker (U. S. Dept. of Labor): \(\dagger\) \& \& \& 41.2 \& 41.0 \& \& \& \& \& 40.9 \& 41.1 \& 41.0 \& \& \$40.8 \\
\hline All manufacturing industries..-.-.........hours-- \& \(\stackrel{40}{41.3}\) \& 41.5 \& 41.8 \& 41.7 \& 42.1 \& \({ }_{41.8}^{41.1}\) \& 42.2 \& 41.5 \& 41.6 \& 41.9 \& 42.0 \& 41.7 \& P41.9 \\
\hline Ordnance and accessories----------------- do- \& 40.7 \& 42.6 \& 42.6 \& 43.1 \& 43.2 \& 43.4 \& 42.5 \& 42.0 \& 42.7 \& ¢ 43.1 \& 42.8 \& r 42.9 \& p 42.5 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Lumber and wood products (except furni- \\
ture) \(\qquad\) hours
\end{tabular} \& 41.6 \& 41.1 \& 42.0 \& 41.2 \& 41.9 \& 41.0 \& 41.4 \& 40.5 \& 40.5 \& 40.6 \& +41.9 \& 41.7
41 \& p41.6 \\
\hline Sawmills and planing mills.--------- do-... \& 41.6 \& 40.9 \& 41.9 \& 40.1 \& 41.8 \& 40.7 \& 41.0 \& 40.0 \& 39.9 \& 40. 1 \& +41.4 \& 41.2 \& \\
\hline Furniture and fixtures .-.-...-.------- do..-- \& \({ }_{41.8}^{41.8}\) \& 41.0
40.9 \& 42.8
41.6 \& 42.6
41.5 \& \(\begin{array}{r}42.6 \\ 42.5 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& 42.6
42.3 \& 42.3
42.2 \& \({ }_{41.6}^{41.8}\) \& 42.2
41.3 \& 42.3
41.9 \& +41.0
+42.0 \& 41.7 \& \begin{tabular}{l} 
p \\
\hline
\end{tabular} 410.4 \\
\hline Stone, clay a and glass products.........do...-
Glass and
glass products...---.-. \& 40.2 \& 38.5 \& 39.8 \& 39.0 \& 41.4 \& \({ }_{41.3}^{42.3}\) \& \(\stackrel{41.0}{42.2}\) \& 40.6 \& 40.3 \& r 41.0 \& \({ }_{-41.3}\) \& 40.3 \& \\
\hline Primary metal industries...----------- do---- \& 40.8 \& 40.7 \& 41.1 \& 41.4 \& 41.9 \& 41.8 \& 42.3 \& 41.6 \& 41.1 \& r 41.8 \& 42.0 \& 41.6 \& p 42.3 \\
\hline Blast furnaces, steel works and rolling mills ...................................hours. \& 39.8 \& 39.9 \& 40.1 \& 40.2 \& 40.8 \& 40.8 \& 41.1 \& 40.6 \& 40.0 \& 41.3 \& 41.4 \& 40.8 \& \\
\hline Primary smelting and refining of nonferrous \& 40.9 \& 40.3 \& 40.9 \& 41.2 \& 41.5 \& 41.0 \& 41.7 \& 41.5 \& 41.3 \& ¢ 41.3 \& r 41.9 \& 41.7 \& \\
\hline Fabricated metal prod. except ordnance, ma- \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline chinery, transportation equipment) hours
Heating a \& 41.5 \& 41.1 \& 42.1 \& 42.1 \& 42.3 \& 41.9 \& 42.4 \& 41.8 \& 41.7 \& 42.1 \& 42.0 \& 41.8 \& \({ }^{p} 42.1\) \\
\hline Heating apparatus (except electrical) and plumber's supplies. \(\qquad\) hours. \& 40.7 \& 41.2 \& 41.9 \& 42.3 \& 42.4 \& 41.6 \& 42.1 \& 41.4 \& 41.5 \& 41.9 \& 41.6 \& 41.3 \& \\
\hline Machinery (except electrical)...-.........do...- \& 41.5 \& 41.6 \& 42.3 \& 42.4 \& 42.9 \& 43.0 \& 43.7 \& 43.4 \& 43.5 \& \({ }^{+} 43.8\) \& 43.9 \& 43.6 \& p 43.4 \\
\hline  \& 40.4
42.0 \& 40.6
41.5 \& 41.0
42.0 \& 41.4
40.9 \& 42.1
41.0 \& 41.8
40.1 \& 41.9
41.4 \& 41.4
39.9 \& 41.3
40.8 \& \(\begin{array}{r}\ulcorner \\ \\ \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& 41.5
40.8 \& \(\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ +40.5 \\ \hline 40.8\end{array}\) \& \(p\)
\(p\) \\
\hline  \& 42.8 \& 42.1 \& 42.3 \& 40.6 \& 41.1 \& 39.5 \& 40.9 \& 38.7 \& 39.9 \& - 40.3 \& 39.6 \& 39.6 \& \\
\hline  \& \begin{tabular}{l}
40.7 \\
38 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& 41.2 \& 42.4 \& 42.7 \& 41.9 \& 42.4 \& 43.3 \& 43.7 \& 43.3 \& 43.9 \& 44.0 \& 43.9
39 \& \\
\hline Ship and boat building and repairs.--do- \& \(\begin{array}{r}38.3 \\ 39.2 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& 38.1 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
39.2 \\
39.5 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& 38.3
40.4 \& 38.3
40.0 \& 38.7
40.2 \& 39.9
40.9 \& 38.7
41.0 \& 40.4
40.8 \& r

+40.2
41.1 \& +40.0
41.3 \& 39.9
41.2 \& <br>
\hline Instruments and related products.......do \& 40.7 \& $4 \mathrm{4C}$. \& 41.7 \& 42.5 \& 42.5 \& 42.4 \& 42.6 \& 41.8 \& 42.2 \& 42.3 \& 42.4 \& 42.2 \& P423 <br>
\hline Miscellaneous mfg. industries...........do...- \& 40.5 \& 40.3 \& 41.6 \& 42.1 \& 42.3 \& 42.2 \& 41.7 \& 41.3 \& 41.6 \& 41.5 \& -41.2 \& 40.7 \& ${ }^{2} 40.5$ <br>
\hline Nondurable-goods industries......-......do. \& 39.5 \& 39.8 \& 40.5 \& 40.1 \& 40.3 \& 40.3 \& 40.5 \& 40.2 \& 40.0 \& r 40.0 \& - 39.6 \& r 39.3 \& > 39.4 <br>
\hline Food and kindred products............-do..-- \& 41.8 \& 42.3 \& 41.9 \& 42.0 \& 41.6 \& 41.9 \& 42.3 \& 41.8 \& 41.0 \& $\stackrel{r}{ } 41.0$ \& 41.2 \& 41.6 \& p 42.0 <br>
\hline  \& 41.3
45.0 \& 41.8
45.3 \& 40.7
45.0 \& 4 \& 40.8
44.5 \& 43.4 \& 45.2
44.3 \& 42.8
44.1 \& 39.9
44.1 \& $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \times \\ \times 44.6 \\ \hline 4.4\end{array}$ \& 41.1
44.3 \& 41.5 \& <br>
\hline  \& 38.9 \& 41.4 \& 40.6 \& 44.1 \& 40.5 \& 38.6 \& 34.4 \& 38.3 \& 37.8 \& r 37.5 \& 38.6 \& 38.2 \& <br>
\hline Bakery products \& 41.9 \& 41.7 \& 41.8 \& 41.2 \& 41.4 \& 41.3 \& ${ }^{41.6}$ \& 41.3 \& 41.5 \& - 41.5 \& 41.6 \& 41.9 \& <br>
\hline  \& 42.0
38.3 \& 42.3
38.4 \& 41.3
39.5 \& 41.2
39.2 \& 41.0

38.3 \& | 40.9 |
| :--- |
| 37.8 | \& 40.6

38.9 \& 41.2
38.7 \& 40.3
37.9 \& $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } 40.5 \\ 36.8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \hline 30.7 \\ \hline 6.9 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 41.4

36.6 \& 37 6 <br>
\hline Textile-mill products....-...............-. - ${ }^{\text {do- }}$ \& 38.7 \& 39.0 \& 40.5 \& 40.7 \& 40.6 \& 40.7 \& 40.8 \& 40.6 \& 40.8 \& 40.5 \& 39.8 \& 38.8 \& ${ }^{p} 38.5$ <br>
\hline Broad-woven fabric mills......-.-.-.-.-. do..-- \& 39.2 \& 39.5 \& 40.8 \& ${ }^{41.1}$ \& ${ }^{40.9} 9$ \& 41.1 \& 41.4 \& ${ }^{41.3}$ \& 41.2 \& 41.2 \& 40.8 \& 40.0 \& <br>
\hline  \& 36.2 \& 37.0 \& 39.2 \& 38.9 \& 39.2 \& 38.7 \& 38.1 \& 37.9 \& 38.8 \& 38.1 \& 36.7 \& 35.2 \& <br>
\hline Apparel and other finished textile products \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Men's and boys' suits and coats \& 35.8
36.7 \& 36.2
36.9 \& 37.6
37.7 \& 35.7
35.4 \& 37.3
37.9 \& 36.9
37.9 \& 36.5
37.7 \& 36.9
37.6 \& 37.5
38.0 \& $\begin{array}{r}\text { \% } 37.4 \\ \\ \hline 38.6 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 36.5
37.2 \& r 35.3
36.0 \& \$35. 4 <br>
\hline Men's and boys' furnishings and work clothing $\qquad$ hours. \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 33.8 \& 34.7 \& ${ }_{36.2}^{38.0}$ \& 38.4 \& 38.3
34.7 \& 37.7
34.6 \& $3{ }_{35.1}^{37.0}$ \& 37.0
36.0 \& 37.4
36.7 \& +37.9
-35.9 \& 36.9

35.2 \& | 35.4 |
| :---: |
| 34 | \& <br>

\hline Paper and allied products-...-----.-.-do- \& 43.0 \& 43.3 \& ${ }^{44.0}$ \& 44.0 \& 44.0 \& 44.1 \& 44.5 \& 43.8 \& 43.4 \& 43.7 \& 43.6 \& 43.3 \& ¢ 43.1 <br>
\hline Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills --do----1 \& 43.8 \& 44.0 \& 44.6 \& 44.3 \& 44.5 \& 44.4 \& 44.9 \& 44.7 \& 44.5 \& 44.7 \& 44.7 \& 44.7 \& <br>
\hline Printing, publishing, and allied industries $\begin{gathered}\text { hours. }\end{gathered}$ \& 38.7 \& 38. 5 \& 38.9 \& 39.2 \& 39.0 \& 39.2 \& 39.8 \& 38.9 \& 38.4 \& - 38.9 \& 38.9 \& 38.7 \& P 38.7 <br>
\hline Newspapers--------------------.-. ${ }^{\text {do }}$ \& 37.2 \& 36.6 \& 36. 5 \& 36.9 \& 36.8 \& 37.2 \& 38.1 \& 35.8 \& 36.0 \& +36.6 \& 36.8 \& 36.8 \& <br>
\hline Commercial printing -..---.-.-.-.....do-.-- \& 39.6 \& 39.6 \& 40.1 \& 40.6 \& 39.9 \& 40.1 \& 41.0 \& 40.6 \& 39.4 \& 40.3 \& 40.0 \& 39.7 \& <br>
\hline Chemicals and allied products.........-do-...-
Industrial organic chemicals \& 41.4
40.8 \& 41.2
40.7 \& 41.6
40.7 \& 41.8
40.8 \& 42.0
40.9 \& 42.0
41.2 \& 42.12 \& 42.0
41.0 \& 41.8

40.8 \& |  |
| ---: |
| 41.9 |
| 41.9 | \& 41.8 \& r

41.8
41.3 \& ${ }^{8} 41.5$ <br>
\hline Products of petroleum and coal.--------do \& 41.0 \& 41.6 \& 40.6 \& 41.7 \& 41.6 \& 41.2 \& 41.2 \& 41.0 \& 40.6 \& - 40.6 \& 41.1 \& +40.9 \& P 40.8 <br>
\hline Petroleum refining.....-...------.-.-. do. \& 40.2 \& 41.0 \& 39.4 \& 41.2 \& 41.1 \& 40.7 \& 40.7 \& 40.7 \& 40.2 \& r 40.2 \& 40.8 \& 40.5 \& <br>
\hline Rubber products.-.-------...........- do \& 41.4 \& 41.2 \& 41.8 \& 41.9 \& 41.9 \& 41.5 \& 41.6 \& 40.4 \& 38.9 \& $\checkmark 40.0$ \& - 39.9 \& +41.3 \& ${ }^{5} 41 .{ }^{-}$ <br>
\hline Tires and inner tubes.-.---...-...-. do \& 40.6
37.2 \& 40.4
38.1 \& 40.8
39.2 \& 40.9
38.1 \& 40.2
37.8 \& 40.1
37.5 \& 39.9

38.3 \& | 38.4 |
| :--- |
| 38.7 | \& 35.5

39.2
30.2 \& $* 37.6$
+38.4
+3 \& $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \\ 36.7 \\ 36.4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& $\begin{array}{r}39.2 \\ \text { 35. } \\ \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& - <br>
\hline  \& 36.4 \& 37.7 \& 38.8 \& 37.6 \& 36.7 \& 36.0 \& 37.4 \& 38.3 \& 38.8 \& +37.9 \& 35.5 \& 34.2 \& <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

${ }^{\mathrm{r}}$ Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary.
 neering, supervisory, and administrative employees not shown separately.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1948 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1949 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1950 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1951 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | September | October | Novem- ber | Decem- ber | January | February | March | April | May | June |

## EMPLOYMENT AND POPULATION-Continued

| LABOR CONDITIONS-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Av-rage weekly hours per worker, etc. $\dagger$-Continued Nonmanufacturing industries: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mining: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }^{41.6}$ | 41.1 | 41.9 | ${ }_{3}^{42.2}$ | 43. 9 | 43.0 | 43.9 | 43.7 | 43.7 | 43.3 | r 43.9 $>$ | 44.1 |  |
|  | 32.6 34.7 | 34.8 34.6 | 33.2 35.5 | 34.5 35.5 | 37.2 36.1 | 31.0 36.4 | 32.8 38.5 | 35.9 37.6 | 30.2 34.1 | +23.1 +33.6 | r 21.5 34.0 | 30.1 33.4 |  |
| Crude-petroleum and natural-gas production: Petroleum and natural-gas production |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Petroenm hours | 40.0 | 41.6 | 40.3 | 40.5 | 41.4 | 40.6 | 40.2 | 40.6 | 40.5 | 40.6 | 41.2 | 40.8 |  |
| Nonmetallic mining and quarrying..... do.... | 44.9 | 44.6 | 45.2 | 45.1 | 45.8 | 44.9 | 43.5 | 43.3 | 42.0 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 43.6$ | 45.0 | 45.8 |  |
| Contract construction...........-...--..-do. | 38.0 | 37.9 | 38.6 | 37.7 | 38.5 | 38.0 | 37.3 | 37.1 | +35.7 | $\bigcirc 36.3$ | $+37.5$ | 38.3 |  |
| Nonbuilding construction.-.-...-.....- do | 42.0 | 41.5 | 42.7 | 41.5 | 42.5 | 40.9 | 40.2 | 39.4 | 37.7 | + 38.5 | +40.2 | 41.5 |  |
| Building construction --.-.-.-.-.-.-. do | 37.0 | 36.9 | 37.6 | 36.7 | 37.4 | 37.3 | 36.7 | 36.7 | + 35.3 | r 35.8 | r 36.8 | 37.6 |  |
| Transportation and public utilities: <br> Local railways and bus lines. $\qquad$ do | 45.3 | 45.1 | 44.8 | 45.1 | 45.3 | 45.6 | 46.3 | 45.9 | 46.0 | r 45.7 | 45.7 | 45.9 |  |
| Telephone..-.....---..--..---------- do | 39.1 | 39.4 | 39.3 | 39.6 | 39.4 | 38.0 | 39.1 | 38.9 | 39.2 | 38.9 | 38.7 | 38.9 |  |
|  | 44.9 | 45.0 | 45.0 | 44.6 | 44.8 | 44.4 | 44.8 | 44.5 | 44.7 | 44.6 | 44.6 | 45.4 |  |
| Gas and electric utilities-----.-....-.-.-do | 41.5 | 41.6 | 41.5 | 41.6 | 41.8 | 41.8 | 42.0 | 41.8 | 42.0 | 41.5 | 41.6 | 41.7 |  |
| Wholesale trade. | 40.6 | 40.9 | 40.9 | 40.7 | 40.9 | 40.8 | 41.2 | 40.8 | 40.6 | 40.6 | 40.7 | 40.9 |  |
| Retail trade: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General-merchandise stores .-...........do---- <br> Food and liquor stores. | 37.2 40.8 | 37.7 41.5 | 37.4 41.5 | 36.4 40.4 | 36.3 40.0 | 36.0 40.0 | 38.2 40.3 | 36.7 39.9 | 36.3 39.5 | 35.8 39.3 | $\begin{array}{r}+35.9 \\ +39.6 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 35.5 39.7 |  |
| Automotive and acessories dealers..................... | 45.9 | 45.7 | 45.6 | 45.6 | 45.9 | 45.8 | 46.0 | 45.7 | 45.5 | 45.4 | 45.4 | 45.4 |  |
| Service: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 43.8 | 43.8 | 44.0 | 43.8 | 44.0 | 43.6 | 43.9 | 43.4 | 43.2 | $r 43.3$ | 43.5 | 43.4 |  |
| Laundries Cleaning and dyeing plants...................do | 42.0 43.0 | 41.5 41.4 | 40.6 40.0 | 41.3 41.6 | 41.0 41.0 | 40.8 41.2 | 41.2 41.1 | 41.0 41.4 | 40.1 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } 40.9 \\ r \\ \hline 40.2\end{array}$ | ${ }_{42.3}^{41.2}$ | 41.3 |  |
| Industrial disputes (strikes and lock-outs): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Beginning in month: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Work stoppages - .-.................- number | ${ }_{278}^{483}$ | ${ }_{224}^{403}$ | ${ }_{346}^{635}$ | ${ }_{270}$ | 197 | 329 200 | 218 | 400 | ${ }_{350}$ | 350 | 350 | 400 | 750 |
| In effect during month: ${ }^{\text {a-------- }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | 61 | 18 | 220 | 14 | 105 | 15 | 90 |
|  | 768 | 732 | 918 | 820 | 801 | 605 | 423 | 550 | 550 | 550 | 550 | 580 | 560 |
| Workers involved...-.....-......-- - thousands..- | 373 | 389 | 441 | 450 | 330 | 308 | 114 | 215 | 300 | 280 | 235 | 250 | 260 |
| Man-days idle during month .-.-.--------do-.-- | 2,630 | 2,750 | 2, 666 | 3,510 | 2,590 | 2,050 | 912 | 1,200 | 1,700 | 2,300 | 1,850 | 1,750 | 1,600 |
| Percent of available working time. | . 34 | . 39 | . 32 | . 48 | . 32 | . 27 | .12 | . 15 | . 25 | . 29 | . 25 | . 22 | . 21 |
| U. S. Employment Service placement activities: <br> Nonagricultural placements .-..........thousands.- | 494 | 486 | 624 | 618 | 612 | 515 | 421 | 486 | 438 | 513 | 552 | 610 | 585 |
| Unemployment compensation: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Initial claims ---......---.........-------- do | 1,104 | 971 | 641 | 558 | 720 | 907 | 1,051 | 1,080 | 770 | 719 | 983 | 908 | 8 |
| Continued claims....----...............-- do. | 5,827 | 5,115 | 4,424 | 3, 293 | 3, 141 | 3,520 | 3,873 | 4,923 | 3,845 | 3, 627 | 3,534 | 3,977 | 3,704 |
| Benefit payments: Beneficiaries, weekly average | 1,388 | 1,158 | 983 | 806 | 652 | 734 | 832 | 983 | 883 | 807 | 740 | 773 | 21 |
| Amount of payments .-.........thous. of dol.- | 119,430 | 99,714 | 89,681 | 64,458 | 57,533 | 62,389 | 66, 969 | 91, 560 | 71,369 | 71, 584 | 62, 294 | 70,799 | 68,780 |
| Veterans' unemployment allowances: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 18 | 13 | 9 | 5 | 4 | 5 |  | 4 | ${ }^{3}$ | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Continued claims. | 128 27 | 112 | 92 | 55 | 30 6 | 24 | 25 6 | 27 6 | 19 | 15 | 9 | 6 | 5 |
| Amount of payments....--.....- thous. of dol.- | 2,526 | 2,209 | 1,988 | 1,126 | 629 | 487 | 464 | 554 | 391 | 315 | 197 | 146 | ${ }_{97}^{1}$ |
| Labor turn-over in manufacturing establishments: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accession rate_--monthly rate per 100 employees.- | 4.8 | 4.7 | 6.6 | 5.7 | 5.2 | 4.0 | 3.0 | 5.2 | 4.5 | 4.6 | 4.5 | 4.5 | จ4.8 |
| Separation rate, total................-.-.-.-. do...- | 3.0 | 2.9 | 4.2 | 4.9 | 4.3 | 3.8 | 3.6 | 4.1 | 3.8 | 4.1 | 4.6 | $r 4.8$ | P4.0 |
|  | $\cdot{ }_{9}$ | ${ }_{6}$ | . 6 | 4 | . 4 | 1.3 | . 3 | .$^{3}$ | 3 | . 3 | . 4 | 4 | $p .3$ |
| Lay-offs...... | . 9 |  | .6 | 7 | . | 1.1 | 1.3 | 1.0 | . 8 | 8 | 1.0 | 1.3 | p. 9 |
| WAGES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average weekly earnings (U. S. Department of Labor): $\dagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All manufacturing industries. .-.-.---.-. dollars.- | 58.85 | 59.21 | 60.32 | 60.64 | 61.99 | 62.23 | 63. 88 | 63.76 | 63.84 | 64.57 | 64. 74 | 「64. 55 | ${ }^{p} 65.44$ |
| Durable-goods industries.-.---------.-.- do...- | 62.86 61.90 | ${ }_{64}^{63.01}$ | 64.33 | 65.14 | 66. 39 | 66. 34 | 68.32 | ${ }_{69}^{67.65}$ | 68.18 | 「 69.30 $r$ | $\bigcirc{ }^{7} 69.72$ | +69.39 | ${ }_{p} 70.60$ |
| Ordnance and accessories - | 61.90 | 64.92 | 66.12 | 67.41 | 68.64 | 70.53 | 68.34 | 69.55 | 70.92 | ${ }^{r} 72.71$ | r 71.22 | r 72.37 | ${ }^{p} 70.85$ |
| Lumber and wood products (except furniture) | 56.28 | 56.27 | 58.30 | 57.84 | 58.83 | 57.03 | 57.59 | 55.73 | 56.13 | r 55.58 | r 59.62 | r 59.88 | ${ }^{p} 61.32$ |
| Sawmills and planing mills....-----.-do...- | 56.08 | 55.95 | 57.95 | 57.69 | 58.56 | 56.53 | 56. 83 | 54.84 | 55. 30 | 55.06 | 59. 04 | 59.49 |  |
| Furniture and fixtures..--..-........- do. | 52.50 | 52.03 | 54.87 | 55.42 | 56.27 | 56.87 | 56.77 | 56.93 | 58.15 | - 58.67 | - 57.15 | ${ }^{+} 56.06$ | > 56.02 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products........-do | 58.12 | 58.57 | 59.40 | 60.88 | 63. 11 | ${ }^{63.66}$ | 63. 60 | 63.48 | 63.15 | r 64.53 | -64.93 | r 64.76 | ${ }^{\square} 64.54$ |
| Glass and glass products...---------d. | 59.74 | 60.24 | 59.10 | 61.31 | 65. 66 | ${ }^{67.03}$ | 65.89 | 66.10 | 65.04 | +66.17 | r 66.74 | 65.49 |  |
| $\underset{\text { Plast furnaces, steel works, and colling mills }}{\text { Primary }}$ | 66.50 | 66.95 | 67.36 | 69.10 | 69.81 | 70.14 | 74.36 | 74.42 | + 73.12 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 75.11$ | r 75.89 | r 75.09 | ${ }^{\text {p }} 77.32$ |
| dallars.- | 66.63 | 67.83 | 67.37 | 69.30 | 68.87 | 69.03 | 75.21 | 76.41 | 74.16 | r 77.35 | -78.25 | 76.85 |  |
| Primary smelting and refining of nonferrous |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fabricated metal prod. (except ordnance, machinery transportation equipment) | 62.54 | 62.83 | 63.15 | 64.44 | 66.40 | 67.73 | 69.47 | 70.67 | 69.18 | - 69.14 | - 70.18 | 70.06 |  |
| dors dollars- | 62.87 | 62. 55 | 64.79 | 65.72 | 66. 66 | 66.20 | 68.26 | 67.80 | 68.18 | - 69.55 | - 69.55 | '69.22 | ${ }^{\text {P } 70.10}$ |
| Heating apparatus (except electrical) and plumbers' supplies |  |  |  |  |  |  | 68.88 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Machinery (except electrical) -..........-do.... | 65.69 | 66.35 | 67.98 | 68.94 | 71.00 | 72.03 | ${ }_{74.20}$ | 74.47 | 75.08 | -76. 43 | r 76.74 | , 76.34 |  |
| Electrical machinery-........--.........-do.-.-. | !8.62 | 59.44 | 60.15 | 61.48 | 64.12 | 64.33 | 65.15 | 64.42 | 64. 80 | r 65.34 | 66.11 | r 66.63 | ${ }^{p} 68.68$ |
| Transportation equipment.-...-----.-. do | 72.53 | 71.71 | 72.87 | 72.39 | 73.02 | 71.78 | 75. 18 | 72.06 | 74.05 | ${ }^{\text {r } 75.73}$ | ${ }^{\text {r } 75.50}$ | ${ }^{\text {r }} 74.50$ | > 75.99 |
| Automobiles...........................-do.- | 75.76 | 74.35 | 75.21 | 73.81 | 75.21 | 72.76 | 76.28 | 71.48 | 74. 29 | ${ }^{\text {r } 76.13}$ | ${ }^{7} 74.13$ | 74.01 |  |
| Aircraft and parts --.-....-....--.-.-. do.. | 65.32 | 66.54 | 68.94 | 71.18 | 70.18 | 71.78 | 75.08 | 76.78 | 75.86 | 77.35 | 77.31 | 77.44 |  |
| Ship and boat building and repairs...do.... | 62.39 | 64. 20 | 64.84 | 62.89 | 62.89 | 64.47 | 66.67 | 64.24 | 68.80 | -68.78 | ${ }^{+68.44}$ | 68.31 |  |
| Railroad equipment.-................ do | 64.56 | 64.40 | 65.29 | 68.72 | 69.04 | 69.51 | 72.52 | 72.41 | 71.16 | ${ }^{7} 75.13$ | r 76.82 | 76.38 |  |
| Instruments and related products...-.-do | 58.93 | 58.98 | 61.13 | 63.58 | 64.77 | 65.47 | 66.75 | 65.79 | 67.06 | ${ }^{+67.64}$ | ${ }^{\text {r } 67.88}$ | ז 68.36 |  |
| Miscellaneous mfg. industries .-.-.-.-.-do. | 52.69 | 52.47 | 54.87 | 64.04 | 56.98 | 57.01 | 57. 50 | 57.37 | 58.41 | ${ }^{5} 58.18$ | r 57.79 | ${ }^{\text {r } 57.51}$ | p 57.15 |


|  | 1950 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1951 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1988 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1949 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | June | July | August | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sentem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | October | $\begin{gathered} \text { Novem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Decem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | January | $\begin{gathered} \text { Febru- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | March | April | May | June |

## EMPLOYMENT AND POPULATION—Continued



|  |  | 空 ${ }^{\text {® }}$ | － | － | $\stackrel{-}{4}$ |  |  | 虫 <br> \＆్రి心్ర | 出 | 꽁ㅇㅇ Nos |  | 89오옥 <br> タ№． | むむすoy がずすO | B品出 |  <br>  | Po Pi f Now | 虫需 80 |  <br>  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 为 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { F } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \hline N \end{aligned}$ | \％ | － |  | －rem | べせ 읃 | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{*} \\ & \dot{\sim} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\stackrel{\stackrel{\theta}{-}}{\stackrel{\circ}{-}}$ | Soper <br>  |  <br>  | 88 88 |  M Mn | 気定突 | \＃ Nิ刃 |  <br>  |
| \％ |  | －＊＊ | － | 寉 | $\stackrel{-}{8}$ | － |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\circ} \\ & \dot{\circ} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ | ©氏日コ年 | जैञ <br>  |  |  <br>  | BR：c <br> 禺我员出 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { S\& } \\ & 888 \end{aligned}$ |  9 Sisw |
|  |  |  | 菏 | － | 䍃 | Wrrrre | 为 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{6} \\ & \overrightarrow{\mathrm{o}} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 8 \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 309 \\ & \text { Sos } \\ & \text { Hos } \end{aligned}$ |  cossers | さ®思今 |  <br>  |  | $$ |  <br>  |

rRevised．DPreliminary．†Revised series．See note marked＂$\dagger$＂on p．S－11．

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through | 1950 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1951 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1948 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1949 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | June | July | August | Septem- ber | October | November | December | January | $\begin{gathered} \text { Febru- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | March | April | May | June |

EMPLOYMENT AND POPULATION—Continued

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{14}{|l|}{WAGES-Continued} \\
\hline \multicolumn{14}{|l|}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Average bourly earnings, etc. \(\dagger-\) Continued \\
All manufacturing industries-Continued
\end{tabular}} \\
\hline Nondurable-goods industries-Continued \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& \begin{tabular}{l}
1.086 \\
1.208 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& 1.097
1.212 \& \({ }_{1.218}^{1.098}\) \& 1.072
1.228 \& 1.076
1.295 \& 1.307 \& \({ }_{1.313}^{1.124}\) \& 1.140
1.320 \& 1.139
1.322 \& +1.142 \& \({ }_{1.327}^{1.156}\) \& +1.328 \& \({ }^{\text {n }} 1.1 .36{ }^{1}\) \\
\hline  \& 1. 197 \& 1.203 \& 1. 208 \& 1.214 \& 1.300 \& 1.306 \& 1.313 \& 1.317 \& 1.316 \& -1.304 \& 1.323 \& 1.324 \& \\
\hline Kniting mills \& 1.156 \& 1.156 \& 1.165 \& 1.173 \& 1.216 \& 1. 238 \& 1. 240 \& 1. 265 \& 1. 269 \& +1.274 \& +1.279 \& 1.281 \& \\
\hline Apparel and other finished textile products \& 1.170 \& 1.194 \& 1.225 \& 1.207 \& 1.220 \& 1. 206 \& 1.257 \& 1. 285 \& 1.290 \& 1.264 \& 1.234 \& 1.235 \& p 1.251 \\
\hline Men's and boys' suits and coats .-... do - \& 1.335 \& 1. 334 \& 1.355 \& 1.349 \& 1.366 \& 1.387 \& 1. 474 \& 1. 469 \& 1.482 \& \% 1.480 \& \(r 1.468\) \& 1.466 \& \\
\hline Men's and boys' furnishings and work clothing .............................dollars. \& . 982 \& . 979 \& 985 \& 994 \& 1.002 \& 1.022 \& 1.043 \& 1.057 \& 1.061 \& \({ }^{+} 1.060\) \& 1.053 \& 1.052 \& \\
\hline Women's outerwear............-....---- do..-- \& 1. 357 \& 1.430 \& 1. 492 \& 1.442 \& 1.468 \& 1.398 \& 1.477 \& 1.528 \& 1. 528 \& -1.462 \& r 1.383 \& 1.386 \& \\
\hline Paper and allied products..............-do. \& 1.396 \& 1.417 \& 1. 426 \& 1.434 \& 1.438 \& 1.472 \& 1. 498 \& 1. 506 \& 1. 506 \& \({ }^{*} 1.514\) \& \({ }^{+1.519}\) \& r 1.522 \& P 1.527 \\
\hline Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills do \& 1.466 \& 1.494 \& 1.502 \& 1.510 \& 1.510 \& 1. 554 \& 1.573 \& 1.586 \& 1. 584 \& \({ }^{+1.584}\) \& \({ }^{r} 1.591\) \& 1.593 \& \\
\hline Printing, publishing, and allied industries \(\begin{gathered}\text { dollars. }\end{gathered}\) \& 1.879 \& 1.878 \& 1.881 \& 1.900 \& 1.903 \& 1.901 \& 1.920 \& 1.908 \& 1. 933 \& 1.947 \& \({ }^{\text {r }} 1.948\) \& -1.958 \& p 1.964 \\
\hline  \& 2. 171 \& 2. 164 \& 2. 160 \& 2. 198 \& 2. 203 \& \& 2. 242 \& 2. 210 \& 2. 221 \& -2. 244 \& +2.255 \& 2. 277 \& \\
\hline Commercial printing --...........-.--- do \& 1.813 \& 1.817 \& 1. 805 \& 1.813 \& 1.849 \& 1.831 \& 1. 844 \& 1.837 \& 1.859 \& - 1.874 \& r 1.869 \& 1.880 \& \\
\hline Chemicals and allied products. .-...--- do
Industrial
organic chemicals.-. \& 1.507
1.597 \& 1.529
1.622 \& 1.526
1.618 \& 1.535
1.655 \& 1.537 \& 1.560
1.683 \& 1.578
1.693 \& 1.595
1.710 \& 1.607
1.722 \& F

r 1.727 \& r
r 1.622
1.736 \& 1.634
+1.743 \& p 1.649 <br>
\hline Industrial organic chemicals...----.-.do \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& r 1.736 \& +1.743 \& <br>
\hline Products of petroleum and coal. .-....- do. \& 1.814 \& 1.829 \& 1.816 \& 1.841 \& 1.868 \& 1.901 \& 1. 901 \& 1.941 \& 1.932 \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 1.944$ \& ${ }^{+} 1.978$ \& -1.995 \& ${ }^{p} 2.019$ <br>

\hline Petroleum refining.-......---.-.----- do \& \& \& 1.911 \& \& 1.969 \& \& | 1.991 |
| :--- |
| 1.653 | \& \& 2.032 \& +2.037

+1.647 \& r2.080 \& 2.102 \& <br>

\hline  \& | 1.572 |
| :--- |
| 1.824 | \& 1.592

1.862 \& 1.585

1.863 \& | 1.589 |
| :--- |
| 1.845 | \& 1.582

1.819 \& | 1.603 |
| :--- |
| 1.838 | \& 1.653

1.910 \& 1.653
1.919 \& 1.629
1.886 \& +1.647
+1.899 \&  \& $\begin{array}{r}1.65 \\ 1.924 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& D 1.683 <br>
\hline Leather and leather products.............do. \& 1. 172 \& 1. 174 \& 1.186 \& 1. 200 \& 1.218 \& 1. 225 \& 1. 234 \& 1.248 \& 1. 261 \& +1.269 \& r 1.279 \& 1.283 \& p 1.273 <br>
\hline Footwear (except rubber) ............-do... \& 1. 122 \& 1.128 \& 1.144 \& 1.152 \& 1.165 \& 1.173 \& 1.177 \& 1.198 \& 1.211 \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 1.225$ \& 1.232 \& 1. 230 \& <br>
\hline \multicolumn{14}{|l|}{Nonmanufacturing industries:} <br>
\hline  \& 1. 524 \& 1. 537 \& 1. 539 \& 1.573 \& 1.591 \& 1.626 \& 1.675 \& 1. 701 \& 1. 681 \& -1.682 \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 1.695$ \& 1.695 \& <br>
\hline  \& 1.992 \& 1.971 \& 1.981 \& 1.984 \& 2. 032 \& 1.963 \& 1. 986 \& 1. 987 \& 2. 207 \& - 2.194 \& r 2.182 \& 2.215 \& <br>
\hline \multicolumn{14}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{}} <br>
\hline Crude-petroleum and natural-gas production: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline dollars \& 1.777 \& 1.817 \& 1.762 \& \& 1.876
1.398 \& 1. 877 \& 1.880
1.428 \& 1.894
1.431 \& 1. 905 \& ${ }^{r} 1.889$ \& ${ }^{r} 1.957$ \& 1.951 \& <br>
\hline Nonmetallic mining and quarrying.-... do- \& 1.375

1.941 \& | 1.366 |
| :--- |
| 1.954 | \& 1.366

1.968
1.98 \& 1.385
2.013 \& 2. 024 \& ${ }_{2}^{1.410}$ \& 1.428
2.074 \& 1.891
2.092 \& 1.447 \&  \& r
+1.472
-2.124 \& 1.480 \& <br>
\hline  \& 1.756 \& 1.776 \& 1.791 \& 1.828 \& 1.827 \& 1.844 \& 1. 880 \& 1. 896 \& 1.915 \& r1.927 \& +1.934 \& 1.927 \& <br>
\hline Building construction-....-----.-.-......do \& 1. 995 \& 2.006 \& 2.021 \& 2.067 \& 2.082 \& 2.093 \& 2. 120 \& 2.135 \& 2. 157 \& +2.163 \& r 2.170 \& 2.182 \& <br>
\hline \multicolumn{14}{|l|}{} <br>
\hline  \& 1.386 \& 1.395 \& 1. 392 \& 1.409 \& 1.426 \& 1.422 \& 1. 440 \& 1. 450 \& 1.469 \& 1.453 \& 1. 450 \& 1. 451 \& <br>
\hline Telegraph .-.---------..................do \& 1.430 \& 1.425 \& 1.422 \& 1.446 \& 1.445 \& 1.447 \& 1. 452 \& 1.451 \& 1. 451 \& 1. 449 \& 1.443 \& 1.452 \& <br>
\hline Gas and electric utilities-....-..........do. \& 1. 590 \& 1.599 \& 1.603 \& 1.619 \& 1.625 \& 1. 643 \& 1.670 \& 1. 690 \& 1. 699 \& -1.690 \& ${ }^{+} 1.692$ \& 1.703 \& <br>
\hline \multicolumn{14}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{}} <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline General-merchandise stores..........do do \& $$
\stackrel{.984}{1.270}
$$ \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
.990 \\
1.286
\end{array}
$$
\] \& .991

1.278 \& 1. 2992 \& $$
\begin{array}{r}
.992 \\
\mathbf{1 . 2 9 5}
\end{array}
$$ \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
.979 \\
1.310
\end{array}
$$
\] \& 1.869

1.313 \& \& 1.031 \& ${ }^{+1} 1.018$ \& ${ }^{-1} 1.031$ \& 1. 034 \& <br>
\hline Food and liquor stores...-.-.......do.
Automotive and acessories dealers...do. \& 1.
1.357 \& 1.286
1.354 \& 1.278
1.396 \& 1. 1.393 \& 1.393 \& 1.377 \& 1.381 \& 1.332 \& 1.334
1.432 \& 1.339
+1.438 \& $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ +1.344 \\ \hline 1.454\end{array}$ \& 1.355
1.463 \& <br>
\hline \multicolumn{14}{|l|}{Service:} <br>
\hline Hotels, year-round....................... do. \& . 761 \& . 765 \& . 771 \& . 783 \& . 788 \& . 795 \& . 801 \& . 804 \& . 811 \& r. 801 \& . 806 \& . 806 \& <br>
\hline  \& . 865 \& \& . 858 \& . 870 \& . 873 \& \& \& . 895 \& 895 \& 901 \& . 908 \& 916 \& <br>
\hline Cleaning and dyeing plants.--.-.-----do \& 1.024 \& 1.015 \& 1.004 \& 1.023 \& 1.028 \& 1.025 \& 1.029 \& 1.047 \& 1.042 \& +1.051 \& r 1.059 \& 1.064 \& <br>
\hline \multicolumn{14}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{Miscellaneous wage data: Construction wage rates (E. N. R.): \&}} <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 2.517 \& 2. 524 \& 2.544 \& 2.554 \& 2. 565 \& 2. 571 \& 2.577 \& 2. 604 \& ${ }_{2.615}^{1.838}$ \& ${ }_{2}^{1.619}$ \& ${ }_{2.619}^{1.595}$ \& 1.608 \& ${ }_{2}^{1.645}$ <br>

\hline | Farm wage rates, without board or room (quar- |
| :--- |
|  | \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 78 \& \& a. 82 <br>

\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Railway wages (average, elass I) ...........do...-- 1.555} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1. 1.279} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1.552} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1.586} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{aligned}
& 1.566 \\
& 1.23
\end{aligned}
$$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1.587} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1.603} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 1.585 \\
& 1.30
\end{aligned}
$$
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1. 659} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1.681} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1.716

1.23} \& 1.725 \& <br>
\hline Road-building wages, common labor-..---.do. \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

FINANCE


| 279 240 | 335 259 | 374 286 | 397 308 | 383 312 | 383 325 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1,816 |  |  | 1,838 |  |  |  |
| 980 |  |  | 988 |  |  |  |
| 931 |  |  | 941 |  |  |  |
| 246 | 246 | 251 | 269 | 305 | 331 |  |
| 589 | 606 | 606 | 582 | 546 | 519 |  |
| 107,113 | 98,509 | 115,490 | 110, 106 | 111,974 | 110, 132 | 125 |
| 43,781 | 38,757 | 50,067 | 44, 910 | 43, 837 | 43, 740 | 52 |
| 63, 332 | 59,752 | 65, 423 | 65, 196 | 68, 137 | 66,392 | 72 |
| 44, 284 | 43, 804 | 44,049 | 45,604 | 44,826 | 45, 448 | 47 |
| 18,703 | 18,466 | 18,820 | 20, 340 | 19,798 | 20,638 | 22 |
| 18,331 | 17,969 | 18,356 | 19, 572 | 19,252 | 19,693 | 20 |
| 22,982 | 22,886 | 22,389 | 22, 235 | 22,045 | 21,798 | 21 |
| 44, 284 | 43, 804 | 44,049 | 45, 604 | 44,826 | 45,448 | 47 |
| 18,316 | 18, 139 | 17,912 | 19,197 | 18,398 | 18,682 | 19 |
| $15,934$ | 16, 129 | 15, ${ }_{219} 9$ | 16,709 | 16,514 | 16,763 | 17. |
| 22, 921 | 22,841 | 22,947 | 22,997 | 23,075 | 23,397 | 13, |
| 55.7 | 55.8 | 54.8 | 52.7 | 53.2 | 51.8 |  |

${ }^{\text {r Revised. }}$ p Preliminary, †Revised series. See note marked " $\dagger$ " on p. S-11. "Rate as of July 1, 1951.
$\S$ Rates as of July 1, 1951: Common labor, $\$ 1.629$; skilled labor, $\$ 2.688$. ${ }^{\text {N New }}$ series. Comparable data prior to January 1948 are not available.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1948 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1949 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1950 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1951 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | Septem- ber | October | November | Decem- ber | January | February | March | April | May | June: |

FINANCE—Continued


| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1948 and descriptive notes are shown in the1949 Statistical Supplement to the Survey 1949 Statistical Supplement to the Surve | 1950 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1951 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Septem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | October | $\begin{gathered} \text { Novem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Decem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | January | $\begin{gathered} \text { Febru- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | March | April | May | June |

FINANCE-Continued

| FEDERAL GOVERNMENT FINANCE-Con, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Public debt and guaranteed obligations: <br> Grose debt (lirect) end of month totol |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross debt (direct), end or month, iotal mil. of dol. | 257,357 | 257, 541 | 257, 874 | 257, 216 | 256, 937 | 257,077 | 256,708 | 256, 125 | 255, 941 | 254, 997 | 254,727 | 255,093 | 255, 222 |
| Interest-bearing, total .-....-............. do.. | 255, 209 | 255, 403 | 255, 764 | 254, 968 | 254, 731 | 254.887 | 254, 282 | 253, 704 | 253, 382 | 252, 553 | 252, 280 | 252,729 | 252, 8.52 |
|  | 222, 853 | 222,884 | 223.059 | 221, 572 | 221.191 | 221, 156 | 220, 575 | 219, 712 | 219, 448 | 219,028 | 218,690 | 218, 480 | 218. 198 |
|  | 32,356 | 32, 518 | 32.705 | 33, 396 | 33. 539 | 33.732 | 33,707 | 33, 992 | 33, 933 | 33, 525 | 33, 590 | 34,049 | 34,653 |
| Noninterest bearing | 2, 148 | 2, 138 | 2, 110 | 2, 247 | 2,206 | 2,189 | 2,425 | 2, 421 | 2, 559 | 2,218 | 2,447 | 2,364 | 2,370 |
| Obligations guaranteed by U. S. Government, <br>  | 20 | 16 | 18 | 20 | 22 | 24 | 24 | 18 | 18 | 21 | 21 | 29 | 29 |
| U. S. savings bonds: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Amount outstanding, end of month-.....do-...- | 57,629 398 | 57,655 417 | $\begin{array}{r}57,451 \\ 350 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 57,473 310 | 58.027 971 | 58,096 436 4 | 58, 248 | 58, 191 | $\begin{array}{r}58,133 \\ 386 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 58,020 359 | 57,938 | 57, 842 | $\begin{array}{r}57,784 \\ \hline 299\end{array}$ |
|  | 451 | 505 | 537 | 475 | 497 | 448 | 509 | 653 | 528 | 560 | 583 | 477 | 475 |
| Government corporations and credit agencies: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Assets, except interagency, total .....mil of dol-- Lonns receivable, total (less reserves) | 24,118 12,502 |  |  | 24, 102 |  | ------ | 24, 635 <br> 13, 228 |  |  | 25,104 13,496 |  |  |  |
|  | 3, 773 |  |  | 12,684 |  |  | 13,884 3,884 |  |  | 3,931 |  |  |  |
|  | 1,316 |  |  | 1,387 |  |  | 1,528 |  |  | 1,721 |  |  |  |
| To aid railroads -.-.-.-......-...----- do | 113 |  |  | 113 |  |  | 110 |  |  | 108 |  |  |  |
| To aid other industries....-. --.........-do. | 515 |  |  | 539 |  |  | 458 |  |  | 473 |  |  |  |
| To aid banks - .-.-.-.-.-.-.......- do.. | ${ }_{451}^{3}$ |  |  | 2 |  |  | ${ }^{(1)}$ |  |  | (1) |  |  |  |
| To aid other financial institutions...-- - do | 451 |  |  | 708 |  |  | 824 |  |  | 76 |  |  |  |
|  | 6, 116 |  |  | 6, 103 |  |  | 6,078 |  |  | 6, 116 |  |  |  |
| All other --.......................do | 485 |  |  | 1998 |  |  | 531 |  |  | 564 |  |  |  |
| Commodities, supplies, and materials..-- do U. S. Government securities - ------- do | 2,186 2,101 |  |  | ${ }_{2}^{1,739}$ |  |  | ${ }_{2}^{1,774}$ |  |  | 1,764 |  |  |  |
| U. S. Government securities-.----------- do | 2,101 |  |  | 3,478 |  |  | $\stackrel{1}{2,075}$ |  |  | ${ }_{3}^{2} .162$ |  |  |  |
| Land, structures, and equipment ........do- | 2,924 |  |  | 2,931 |  |  | 2,945 |  |  | 2.951 |  |  |  |
|  | 923 |  |  | 1,073 |  |  | 1,141 |  |  | 1,264 |  |  |  |
| Liabilities, except interagency, total....... do | 2, 238 |  |  | 2,097 |  |  | 2,406 |  |  | 2,500 |  |  |  |
| Bonds, notes, and debentures: <br> Guaranteed by the United States.......do. | 18 |  |  | 19 |  |  | 23 |  |  | 19 |  |  |  |
|  | 774 |  |  | 1,108 |  |  | 1,190 |  |  | 1.247 |  |  |  |
|  | 1,446 |  |  | 970 |  |  | 1,193 |  |  | 1, 234 |  |  |  |
|  | 201 |  |  | 214 |  |  | 234 |  |  | 268 |  |  |  |
| U. S. Goverment interest.-.........---..---. do | 21,679 |  |  | 21,791 |  |  | 21,995 |  |  | 22,337 |  |  |  |
| Reconstruction Finance Corporation, loans and securities (at cost) outstanding, end of month, total - .-........................................ of dol. | 2,085 | 2,113 | 2,166 | ${ }^{2} 1,009$ | 2997 | 2899 | ${ }^{2} 893$ | 2890 | 2884 | 2883 | 2885 | 2882 |  |
| Industrial and commercial enterprises, including national defense. mil. of dol | 518 | 525 | 535 | 518 | 515 | 426 | 436 | 439 | 439 | 447 | 458 |  |  |
|  | 110 | 109 | 108 | 105 | 105 | 103 | 103 | 102 | 99 | 98 | 97 | 95 |  |
|  | 110 | 110 | 110 | 111 | 111 | 108 | 108 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 105 | 104 |  |
| States, territories, and political subdivisions do-...- | 25 | 25 | 25 | 24 | 24 | 23 | 23 | 22 | 22 | 20 | 20 | 20 |  |
| United Kingdom and Republic of the Philippines | 128 |  |  | 118 | 113 | 108 | 97 | 95 | 93 | 87 | 84 | 81 |  |
|  | 1,156 | 1,180 | 1,227 | 297 | 294 | ${ }_{293}^{198}$ | 292 | 290 | 290 | 89 | ${ }_{2}^{84}$ | ${ }_{83}^{81}$ |  |
|  | , 37 | ${ }^{1} 36$ | - 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 |  |
| LIFE INSURANCE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Assets, admited: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All companies (Institute of Life Insurance), estimated total | 61,307 | 61, 679 | 61.988 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 55,311 | 55,675 | 55, 909 | 56, 224 | 56,334 | -66,652 | 57, 158 | 57, 592 | 64,539 57,881 | 64,822 58,060 | 65,156 58,309 | 65,496 58,759 | 65,727 59,085 |
| 49 companies (Life Insurance Association of America), total -...-................ mil. of dol | + 54,473 | 54, 811 | 55, 078 | 55,381 | 55,669 | 55,932 | 56, 519 | 56,886 | 57,131 | 57,362 |  |  |  |
| Bonds and stocks, book value, total .-...do...- | $\begin{array}{r}\sim 37,709 \\ \sim \\ \hline 1539\end{array}$ | 37,781 | 37,731 | 37,758 | 37.548 | 37. 522 | 37,676 | 37, 593 | 37,577 | 37, 114 | 37, 342 | 37, 455 | 37, 486 |
| Govt. (domestic and foreign), total ....do |  | 15,366 | 15, 170 | 15,045 | 14.687 | 14.414 | 14, 221 | 14,064 | 13, 916 | 13, 514 | 13. 147 | 13,021 | 12, 741 |
| U.S. Government....-....---.-.-.- do | + 13, 259 | 13, 242 | 13.011 | 12, 839 | 12,502 | 12, 218 | 12,023 | 11, 865 | 11,718 | 11, 307 | 10,927 | 10,787 | 10,480 |
|  | $r 9,749$ $\times 2$ | 9,806 | 9,900 | 9,943 | 10.042 | 10,092 | 10, 187 | 10, 192 | 10,225 | 10, 303 | 10,350 | 10, 376 | 10, 457 |
|  | ${ }^{r} 2,951$ | 2,948 | 2, 961 | 2,973 | 2,988 | 2,987 | 2,998 | 3,011 | 3,005 | 3,008 | 3,005 | 3,017 | 3,024 |
|  |  | 9, 661 | 9, 699 | 9,797 | 9,831 | 10, 030 | 10, 270 | 10, 385 | 10,431 | 10, 589 | 10,839 | 11,041 | 11, 263 |
|  | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } 793 \\ +11,615 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 726 11,821 | 725 12,064 | 12, 712 | 848 12,570 | 799 12.866 | 10.789 13,252 | 863 13,573 | 792 13,848 | 908 14.141 | -977 | - 804 | -765 |
|  | $\stackrel{\text { r }}{\sim}$ | 1, 085 | 1,099 | 1,110 | 12,125 | 12.8186 1,136 | 13, 148 | $1{ }^{1,170}$ | 1,196 | 14, 1,218 | 14.397 1.239 | 14,675 1,263 | 14,921 1,283 |
|  | r 10,536 | 10,736 | 10,965 | 11,192 | 11.445 | 11,731 | 12, 104 | 12,403 | 12,652 | 12,923 | 13.158 | 13,412 | 13,639 |
| Policy loans and premium notes - ------ do | $\begin{array}{r}r \\ r \\ r \\ r \\ r\end{array} 1,175$ | 2,009 | 2,024 | 2,036 | 2,047 | 2,056 | 2. 067 | 2,078 | 2.089 | 2, 107 | 2,119 | 2,133 | 2, 145 |
|  | r $r$ $r 1,192$ | 1,207 | ${ }_{1}^{1,216}$ | 1,228 | 1,244 | 1,259 | 1,278 | 1,286 | 1,296 | 1,304 | 1,311 | 1,321 | 1,323 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,405 |  | 1,451) |
| Life Insurance Agency Management Association: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Insurance written (new paid-for-insurance): Value estimated total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Value, estimated total........-.-...-mil. of dol.- | 2, 303 | 2, 325 | 2, 540 | 2, 468 | 2, 595 |  |  | 2,068 | 2,354 | 2,463 | 2, 284 | 2,428 | 2, 295 |
| Group | ${ }_{454}^{431}$ | 515 413 | 349 <br> 414 <br> 1 | ${ }_{411}^{617}$ | 700 500 | 881 455 | 1,142 | 333 <br> 395 | 649 424 | 489 486 | ${ }^{316}$ | 411 | 343 |
|  | 1, 418 | 1,397 | 1,777 | 1,440 | 1,395 | 1,356 | 1, 442 | $\begin{array}{r}395 \\ 1,340 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { + } \\ 1,282 \\ \hline 24\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}1,586 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 466 1.502 | 505 1,512 | 1,477 |
|  | 96 | 96 | 117 | -89 | 95 | -95 | 94 | 105 | 92 | , 107 | ${ }^{100}$ | 1,96 | 1,493 |
|  | 324 | 312 | 361 | 294 | 320 | 333 | 323 | 336 | 318 | 381 | 369 | 368 | 356 |
| East North Central --.........-- | 292 | 284 | 346 | 302 | 299 | 293 | 300 | 281 | 273 | 326 | 322 | 324 | 315 |
|  | 128 | 127 | 169 | 140 | 128 | 120 | 146 | 120 | 114 | 137 | 126 | 133 | 134 |
|  | 168 | 175 | 239 | 177 | 162 | 147 | 162 | 147 | 147 | 173 | 172 | 172 | 166 |
|  | $\begin{array}{r}60 \\ 134 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 62 | 84 | 64 | 65 | 60 | 56 | 52 | 49 | 57 | 58 | 58 | 58 |
|  | 134 50 1 | $\begin{array}{r}125 \\ 51 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 185 64 | 135 55 | 121 48 | 111 | 129 59 | 115 | $\begin{array}{r}110 \\ 43 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}143 \\ 56 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 136 | 135 | 138 |
| Pacific..-- | 165 | 165 | 212 | 183 | 158 | 150 | 174 | 139 | 137 | 56 169 | 53 166 | +55 | 49 166 |
| Institute of Life Insurance: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Payments to policyholders and beneficiaries, estimated total................thous. of dol. | 330, 149 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 133, 973 | 117,588 | 131,433 | 115, 933 | 141, 339 | 305,847 136,412 | 345,502 137,352 | 370,946 157,309 | 304,142 | 366.291 153,724 | 336,397 146,005 | 338.335 149.159 | 338.256 142.116 |
| Matured endowments | 48, 117 | 36, 949 | 38, 190 | 35, 834 | 40,964 | 40, 493 | 39,566 | 50, 856 | 41. 556 | 47,349 | 43,726 | 43, 178 | 142.116 42,984 |
|  | 8,583 | 7,462 | 8,658 | 8,542 | 8,282 | 8, 381 | 8,222 | 9,487 | 7,959 | 8. 682 | 8,831 | 8,846 | 8,247 |
| Annuity payments | 21, 568 57,664 | 21,183 44,147 | 21,090 45,943 | 19,077 48,456 | 21.056 42.439 | 21,253 43,378 | 18,131 | 27.999 6609 | 22,573 4988 | 22,689 | ${ }^{21,715}$ | ${ }^{23,573}$ | 22, 512 |
|  | 60, 244 | - 50,442 | -57,024 | 48, 5207 | 50, 362 | 43,378 55,930 | 87,922 <br> 54,309 | 66,004 59,291 | 49,887 53,161 | 71,371 62,476 | 57,811 58,309 | 53,330 | 65,101 57,296 |

${ }^{+}$Revised. ${ }^{1}$ Less than $\$ 500,000$.
Excludes holdings of the Federal National Mortgage Association; this agency was transferred to the Housing and Home Finance Agency on Sept. 7, 1950.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through | 1950 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1951 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1948 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1949 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | June | July | August | September | October | Novem. ber | Decernber | January | February | March | April | May | June |

## FINANCE-Continued

| LIFE INSURANCE-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Life Insurance Association of America: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Promium income ( 39 cos.), total ..-thous of dol | 539,208 38 584 | 442,303 34.505 | 477,976 43,025 | 476,122 38,796 | ${ }_{4}^{452,453}$ | 491,850 43,806 | 757,998 67 596 | 550,671 44,905 | 511,135 49,579 | ${ }_{5}^{591,532}$ | 489, 571 | 525, 553 | ${ }_{5}^{548,412}$ |
|  | 72,477 | 67, 160 | 54, 865 | 48,948 | 53, 741 | 64, 141 | 180, 356 | 106, 132 | 68,709 | 71, 275 | 69,653 | 64, 029 | 51, 957 |
|  | 39,351 | 35,432 | 42, 113 | 30, 101 | 38,507 | 37, 849 | 60,672 | 49,667 | 44,655 | 48,500 | 43, 044 | 42, 184 | 42, 243 |
|  | 75, 220 | 61,966 | 66,011 | 75, 080 | 64,925 | 63, 386 | 111.091 | 77,056 | 67,666 | 80, 391 | 64, 519 | 65, 808 | 82, 265 |
|  | 313, 576 | 243, 240 | 271, 962 | 283, 197 | 248, 735 | 282, 668 | 338. 283 | 272, 911 | 280, 526 | 330, 801 | 264, 883 | 291, 597 | 312,859 |
| MONETARY STATISTICS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gold and silver: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Monetary stock, U. S . .-............mil. of dol.- | 24. 231 | 24, 136 | 23, 627 | 23,483 | 23,249 | 23, 037 | 22,706 | 22,392 | 22,086 | 21, 806 | 21, 805 | 21, 755 | p 21,756 |
| Net release from earmarks-...-.-.thous of dol. | -17.627 | -89,969 | -431, 378 | -65, 889 | -146, 220 | $-35,311$ | -237, 935 | -248,540 | -184, 357 | -111, 239 | 101.914 | -12,947 | 46, 270 |
|  | 2, 246 | 4. 069 | 46,368 4 4 | 108,448 119 | 95, 967 | 161,750 | 95,825 | 62,824 | 110, 136 | 125, 704 | 112, 842 | 43, 357 | 40,308 |
| Gold imports.-........ | - $\begin{array}{r}12,274 \\ \hline 66195\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 2, } \\ \hline 6456 \\ r 64 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 4. } 146 \\ r \\ \hline 67,430 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 11,998 $-65,605$ | 2,519 +67.026 | 35, 117 |  | 2,240 | 2,257 | 2,242 | 2, 245 | г 2, 398 | 3,840 |
| Production, reported monthly totalt.-...-. do. | 38, 940 | 38, 969 | 39,425 | 38, 443 | 38,306 | 37, 674 | 37, 138 | 37,815 | 35,594 | 37,951 |  |  |  |
|  | 12,913 | 12, 893 | 13, 177 | 12,771 | 13, 190 | 13, 258 | 13,407 | 13, 107 | - 12,148 | ¢ 13, 034 | 12,689 |  |  |
|  | 6,645 | 7,078 | 7, 890 | 7,846 | 8,170 | 7,545 | 6,960 | 5,917 | 5,196 | 5,784 | 5,529 |  |  |
| Silver: |  |  |  |  | 335 | 47 | 2,248 |  | 282 | 1,932 | 332 | r 273 |  |
|  | 6,126 | 10,408 | 8,904 | 17,371 | 12,350 | 13,870 | 10,602 | 10,629 10,999 | 8,101 | 7,674 | 10,016 | +7,015 | 16.828 |
| Price at New York ----------- dol. per fine oz- | . 728 | . 728 | . 728 | . 728 | . 751 | . 800 | . 800 | . 887 | $\stackrel{\text { r }}{ } .902$ | . 902 | . 902 | . 902 | . 884 |
| Production: ${ }^{\text {Canada }}$ (incl Newfoundland) ${ }^{\text {a }}$ thous of fine | 1,968 | 2,286 | 2,282 | 2,164 | 2,398 | 1,854 | 1,879 | 2,015 | 1,589 | 1,755 | 1,468 |  |  |
| Canada (incl. Newfoundland) Mexthous.of fine oz | 4, 400 | 3, 300 | 4,090 | 4,000 | 4,400 | 4,300 | 4,000 | r5,545 | -5,249 | r 1,903 |  |  |  |
| United States.........-.-.-.............-do...- | 2,669 | 4,102 | 3, 660 | 4, 222 | 2, 747 | 3,433 | 3,939 | 3,769 | 3,374 | 4,371 | 3,429 | 3,482 |  |
| Money supply: <br> Currency in circulation ..................mil. of dol | 27, 156 | 27, 010 | 27, 120 | 27, 161 | 27,228 | 27,595 | 27,741 | 27,048 | 27,188 | 27, 119 | 27,278 | 27, 519 | מ 27,805 |
| Deposits, adjusted, all banks, and currency out- |  |  | 174,800 | 175, 100 | 175, 900 | 176,900 | 179,906 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | - ${ }_{25,185}$ | 24,400 | 24, 500 | 24, 500 | 24, 600 | 24,900 | 25,398 | ${ }^{p} 184,600$ | ${ }^{-}$ | - 24,400 | $\begin{array}{r} 179,100 \\ p 24,60 \end{array}$ | $p 24,900$ | $\begin{gathered} p 180,500 \\ p 25,000 \end{gathered}$ |
| Deposits, adjusted, total, including U. S. de- | 148, 580 | 149, 500 | 150, 300 | 150, 600 | 151, 300 | 152,000 |  | ¢ 153,400 | D154,400 | p 154,500 | p 154,500 | p 153.600 | ${ }^{2} 155,500$ |
| Demand deposits, adjusted, excl. U.S. do..- | 85, 040 | 86, 500 | 87, 400 | 88,000 | 89, 200 | 90,300 | 92, 272 | p91,600 | ${ }^{-}$ | > 89, 000 | $\bigcirc 89,500$ | -89.500 | ${ }^{2} 89,500$ |
| Time deposits, incl. postal savings.... do. | 59, 739 | 59,400 | 59,100 | 59,000 | 59,000 | 58,700 | 59, 247 | p 59,000 | p 59,000 | ${ }^{\text {p 5 5, }} 100$ | ${ }^{\text {p 59, } 200}$ | ~ 59,300 | p 59,800 |
| Turn-over of demand deposits, except interbank and U.S. Government, annual rate: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New York City _-....-ratio of debits to deposits Other leading cities $\qquad$ | 30.7 20.2 | 31.0 20.3 | 33.8 19.9 | 34.2 21.5 | 30.7 20.9 | 31.4 21.7 | 37.2 23.0 | $\begin{aligned} & 32.9 \\ & 22.0 \end{aligned}$ | 30.7 21.5 | 35.5 22.5 | $\begin{aligned} & 32.5 \\ & 22.3 \end{aligned}$ | 33.0 +21.3 | 34.4 22.2 |
| PROFITS AND DIVIDENDS (QUARTERLY) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing corporations (Federal Reserve):* <br> Profits after taxes, total (200 cos.) ----mil. of dol | 1,046 |  |  | 1,245 |  |  | 958 |  |  | ${ }^{\text {P }} 898$ |  |  |  |
|  | 693 295 |  |  | 777 255 |  |  | 576 |  |  | $\bigcirc 530$ |  |  |  |
| Primary metals and products ( 39 cos.)..do.... <br> Machinery ( 27 cos.)................................ | 93 |  |  | 108 |  |  | 140 |  |  | p92 |  |  |  |
| Automobiles and equipment (15 cos.) ---do | 330 |  |  | 358 |  |  | 186 |  |  | ${ }^{p} 196$ |  |  |  |
| Nondurable goods, total (94 cos.) .-..--- do | 353 |  |  | 468 |  |  | 382 |  |  | ${ }^{p} 368$ |  |  |  |
| Food and kindred products ( 28 cos .)-- do...- | 141 |  |  | 178 |  |  | 59 |  |  | ${ }^{\text {P }} 5$ |  |  |  |
| Chemicals and allied products (26 cos.).-do.... <br> Petroleum refining ( 14 cos.) | 141 |  |  | 176 |  |  | 127 |  |  | ${ }^{p} 134$ |  |  |  |
| Dividends, total (200 cos.) --...............-. do | 393 |  |  | 583 |  |  | 873 |  |  | $p 467$ |  |  |  |
| Durable goods (106 cos.) --....---------do | 218 |  |  | 370 |  |  | 541 |  |  | p 269 |  |  |  |
| Nondurable goods (94 cos.) | 175 |  |  | 213 |  |  | 333 |  |  | ${ }^{p} 198$ |  |  |  |
| Electric utilities, profits after taxes (Fed. Res.) $\begin{gathered}\text { mil. of dol. }\end{gathered}$ | 212 |  |  | 171 |  |  | 211 |  |  | ¢ 229 |  |  |  |
| Railways and telephone cos. (see p. S-23). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SECURITIES ISSUED |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Commercial and Financial Chronicle: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Securities issued, by type of security, total (new capital and refunding) $\qquad$ mil. of dol | 1,285 | 579 | 795 | 943 |  | 752 | 840 | 519 | 834 | 1,233 | 1,064 | 1,161 |  |
| New capital, total.....--..........-.........d. do.-- | 954 | 505 | 555 | 707 | 651 | 598 | 630 | 442 | 649 | 1,022 | 920 | 916 |  |
| Domestic, total.-.-.-.-.-....................do- | 949 | 505 | 529 | 687 | 646 | 584 | 630 | 436 | 594 | 1,001 | 918 | 865 |  |
|  | 598 | 292 8 8 | 263 | 270 <br> 145 | 465 0 | 229 | 394 | 242 | 365 | 795 | 660 | 398 |  |
| Federal agencies | 1884 | 204 | 265 | 145 | 181 | 356 | $\begin{array}{r}98 \\ 138 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\stackrel{41}{ } 154$ | 181 | 158 | 29 | ${ }_{60}^{60}$ |  |
| Foreimn | $\stackrel{5}{5}$ | 0 | 26 | 19 | 5 | 14 | 130 | 154 | 18 | 21 | 2 | 80 |  |
|  | 330 | 75 | 240 | 236 | 143 | 154 | 210 | 77 | 184 | 211 | 144 | 215 |  |
|  | 330 | 75 | 190 | 219 | 77 | 154 | 210 | 77 | 184 | 180 | 144 | 215 |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r}276 \\ \hline 35 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\stackrel{21}{53}$ | 134 48 |  |  | 74 85 | 103 79 | 13 | 27 | 82 | 80 61 | 13 |  |
| Federal agencies-......................................................... | $\begin{array}{r}35 \\ 20 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 53 | 48 8 8 | 193 6 | 63 3 | 6.5 14 | 79 28 | 45 19 | 154 | 88 10 | 61 4 | 198 |  |
| Securities and Exchange Commission: $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Estimated gross proceeds, total...-..---.- do.. | 2,305 | 1,236 | 1,534 | 1,239 | 1,947 | 1,454 | 1,514 | 1,180 | 1,126 | 1,740 | -1,516 | r 1, 757 | 3,951 |
| By type of security: Bonds and notes, total................do | 2,051 | 1,159 | 1,480 | 1,160 | 1,754 | 1,383 | 1,412 |  | 1,084 | 1,545 | r 1, 220 | - 1,646 | 3,723 |
|  | 809 | 245 | 343 | 329 | 332 | 341 | ${ }^{166}$ | , 206 | ${ }^{1} 341$ | 814 | ; 528 | ${ }^{+} 637$ | 597 |
| Common stock | 160 | 47 | 18 | 48 | 88 | 23 | 59 | 34 | 34 | 143 | +196 | 89 | 152 |
|  | 93 | 30 | 36 | 30 | 106 | 48 | 43 | 34 | 8 | 52 | 100 | ${ }^{\text {r } 22}$ | 76 |
| By type of issuer: | 1,063 |  | 397 | 408 | 526 | 412 | 569 | 274 | 383 | 1,009 | r 824 | r 748 | 825 |
|  | 179 | 72 | 55 | 72 | 176 | 137 | 169 | 38 | 65 | 304 | $r 411$ | r 388 | 367 |
| Public utility $\dagger$ - | 555 | 58 | 215 | 160 | 238 | 164 | 175 | 134 | 222 | 155 | r 284 | ${ }^{2} 213$ | 253 |
|  | 77 | 10 | 39 | 10 | 19 | 19 | 70 | 44 | 26 | 30 | 20 | 14 | 26 |
| Communication* -.............-....-. do. | 65 | 20 | 10 | 7 | 16 | 15 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 426 | , 24 | 4 | 3 |
| Real estate and financial...-.-.-.-.-.do.... | 127 | 34 | 39 | 29 | 27 | 42 | 31 | 28 | 40 | 20 | - 36 | ${ }^{5} 5$ | 124 |
| Noncorporate, total.-.-.-................do...- | 1,242 | 913 | 1,137 | 831 | 1,422 | 1,042 | 945 | 906 | 742 | 731 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 692$ | ${ }^{\text {r }} 1,009$ | 3,126 |
| U.S. Government | 882 | 706 | 773 | 531 | 1,228 | 655 | 777 | 730 | 502 | 520 | 451 | 581 | 2,830 |
| State and municipal........-.-.-.-. - do..- | 359 | 205 | 299 | 279 | 189 | 384 | 166 | 175 | 185 | 162 | r 234 | 343 | 284 |

${ }^{-}$Revised. ${ }^{\circ}$ Preliminary.
pril 1949 and January-March (-). $\ddagger$ Revisions for January-May 1950, respectively, for total gold production (mil. of dol.) are: 64,009; 60,098; 66,415; 63,$029 ; 65,573$. Revisions for 1948 upon request; January-April 1950 figures as previously published include such production. $\stackrel{\text { OU }}{ }$. S . Government deposits at Federal Reserve banks are not included.
*New series. Data on profits and dividends cover large manufacturing corporations (total assets end of $1946, \$ 10,000,000$ and over); quarterly averages for $1939-48$ and quarterls data for 1946 -March 1948 are shown on p. 23 of the June 1950 SURVEF. Data on securities issued for manufacturing and communication for January 1948 -May 1949 are available upon request.
o Revisions for 1946-48 are available upon request. †Revised series. Data (covering electric, gas, and water companies) are available beginning January 1948 .

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1948 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1949 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1950 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1951 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | Septem- ber | October | November | December | January | February | March | Apri! | May | June |

## FINANCE—Continued

| SECURITIES ISSUED-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Securities and Exchange Commissiont-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New corporate security issues: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Estimated net proceeds, total.......-mil. of dol_Proposed uses of proceeds: | 1,049 | 318 | 392 | 399 | 514 | 406 | 562 | 269 | 378 | 994 | r 810 | r 739 | 812 |
|  | 618 | 214 | 222 | 300 | 306 | 306 | 345 | 243 | 314 | 845 | ${ }^{+626}$ | r 676 | 685 |
| Plant and equipment | 450 | 148 | 180 | 243 | 256 | 189 | 242 | 193 | 243 | 699 | - 504 | r 487 | 431 |
| Working capital ....---.-.-...- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 169 | 66 | 42 | 57 | 50 | 117 | 103 | 49 | 71 | 146 | +122 | +189 | 253 |
| Retirement of debt and stock, total. do | 377 | 45 | 152 | 62 | 177 | 88 | 168 | 25 | 57 | 121 | r 129 | ${ }^{5} 46$ | 112 |
| Funded debt.-------------...-- do | 305 | 20 | 136 | ${ }_{2}^{23}$ | 68 | 51 | 83 | 12 | 28 | ${ }^{68}$ | ${ }_{5} 13$ | r 14 | 54 |
|  | 66 | 23 | 10 | 31 | 92 | 24 | 84 | 11 | $\stackrel{27}{2}$ | 53 | ז 64 | r 26 | 49 |
|  | 54 | $\stackrel{2}{6}$ | 5 19 | $\begin{array}{r}8 \\ 37 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 17 31 | 12 | $\begin{array}{r}1 \\ 4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | $\stackrel{2}{6}$ | $\stackrel{0}{28}$ | +52 | $\begin{array}{r}r \\ \hline \\ \hline 18 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }^{9} 5$ |
| Proposed uses by major groups: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing, total*-............... do...- | 175 | 71 | 54 | 71 | 171 | 136 | 166 | 37 | 64 | 298 | $\bigcirc 405$ | + 384 | 361 |
| New money-- ${ }_{\text {Retirement }}$ debt and stock | $\begin{array}{r}115 \\ 38 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 48 21 | 28 15 | 45 | $\stackrel{59}{97}$ | 100 30 | 119 | $\stackrel{29}{8}$ | $\stackrel{53}{9}$ | 219 73 | - ${ }^{3} 901$ |  | 314 42 |
|  | 549 | 58 | 213 | 158 | 233 | 162 | 173 | 132 | 219 | 151 | - 278 | -209 | 249 |
|  | 365 | 44 | 105 | 139 | 172 | 122 | 140 | 126 | 199 | 97 | -230 | r 204 | 234 |
| Retirement of debt and stock ......do | 173 | 13 | 107 | 12 | 47 | 40 | 33 | 6 | 20 | 36 | r 20 | $\tau 3$ | 13 |
| Railroad, total......................... do | 76 | 10 | 39 | 10 | 19 | 19 | 69 | 44 | 26 | 30 | +20 | 14 | 26 |
|  | ${ }_{50}^{11}$ | 10 | 35 | 10 | 19 | 19 | ${ }_{56}^{13}$ | 4 | 8 | 30 | - 20 | 14 | $\stackrel{26}{0}$ |
| Refirement of debt and stock......do do. | 50 64 | $\begin{array}{r}0 \\ 20 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 4 10 | 0 7 | ${ }_{15}$ | 0 15 | 56 4 4 | $\stackrel{0}{2}$ | $\stackrel{18}{2}$ | 0 423 | 0 +24 | $\stackrel{0}{4}$ | 0 |
|  | 3 | 19 | ${ }_{6}$ | 5 | 12 | ${ }_{8}^{8}$ | 4 | 2 | 2 | 422 | r 24 | ${ }_{+}{ }_{4}$ |  |
| Retirement of debt and stock.....-do | 61 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 3 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) |
| Real estate and financial, total ...... do | 127 | 33 | 38 | 29 | 26 | 41 | 30 | 27 | 39 | 20 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 35$ | ${ }^{\text {r }} 50$ | 123 |
|  | 90 | 25 | 22 | 23 | 23 | 36 | 11 | 25 | 33 | 16 | +30 | $\begin{array}{r}5 \\ + \\ \hline 10\end{array}$ | 73 |
| Retirement of debt and stock . .....do .... <br> State and municipal issues (Bond Buyer): | 34 | 2 | 13 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 1 | 3 | 2 | r2 | - 10 | 49 |
| Long-term....-....................thous. of dol.- | 361,302 | 206, 855 | 322, 795 | 290,006 | 229, 427 | 394, 581 | 170,557 | 180, 040 | 205,771 | 169,623 | 237,662 | r 433, 960 | 283, 750 |
|  | 79, 256 | 136,896 | 172, 489 | 39, 998 | 123, 887 | 202, 771 | 176, 520 | 115, 289 | 158,609 | 89,529 | 191, 699 | r 162,557 | 99,018 |
| COMMODITY MARKETS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Volume of trading in grain futures: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 154 \\ & 370 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 167 \\ & 518 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1336 \end{aligned}$ | 143 275 | 132 253 | $\begin{aligned} & 243 \\ & 317 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{391}^{227}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 265 \\ & 449 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 186 \\ & 480 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 181 \\ & 426 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 155 \\ & 409 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{4} 224$ | 185 389 |
| SECURITY MARKETS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brokers' Balances (N. Y. S. E. Members Carrying Margin Accounts) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash on hand and in banks........-...mil. of dol. | 314 |  |  |  |  |  | 397 |  |  |  |  |  | 364 |
| Customers', debit balances (net) ..............-do.. | 1,256 | 1, 208 | 1,231 | 1,284 | 1,351 | 1,360 | 1,356 | 1,411 | 1,367 | 1,304 | 1,286 | 1,287 | 1,275 |
| Customers' free credit balances | 673 | 712 | 789 | 738 | 771 | 796 | 890 | 948 | 953 | 918 | 879 | 855 |  |
|  | 827 | 755 | 752 | 751 | 759 | 774 | 745 | 690 | 642 | 715 | 661 | 681 | 680 |
| Bonds |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average price of all listed bonds (N. Y. S. E.), <br>  | 100.94 | 101.25 | 101.33 | 101. 06 |  | 100.82 | 100. 93 | 101. 18 | 100.90 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 101.37 | 101.72 | 101.79 | 101. 52 | 101.27 | 101.30 | 101.45 | 101.69 | 101.38 | 99.77 | 99.24 | ${ }_{98} 98$ | ${ }_{98.37}$ |
| Foreign | 73.92 | 71.71 | 72.56 | 74.05 | 73.37 | 71.88 | 70.41 | 71.71 | 72. 56 | 71.94 | 71.85 | 71.70 | 71.78 |
| Standard and Poor's corporition: Industrial, utility, and railroad (A1+ issues): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Composite ( 17 bonds)* *-. dol. per $\$ 100$ bond... | 122.0 | 121.5 | 122.1 | 121.7 | 121.1 | 121.1 | 121.1 | 121.4 | 121.3 | 119.4 | 117.8 | 117.4 | 116.6 |
|  | 131.0 | 131.1 | 134.8 | 135.2 | 136.4 | 137.0 | 137.4 | 140.5 | 140.7 | 135.5 | 131.9 | 131.1 | 128.6 |
| U. S. Treasury bonds, taxable...............do- | 102.42 | 102. 24 | 102. 28 | 101.90 | 101.64 | 101.69 | 101.53 | 101.56 | 101.44 | 100.28 | 98.93 | 97.90 | 97.62 |
| Total, excluding U. S. Government bonds: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All registered exchanges: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 100,444 | 106, 848 | 82,962 | 68, 654 | 77,833 | 76, 914 | 97, 580 | 112, 608 | 77, 203 | 72, 842 | 106,614 | 69,822 | 54, 048 |
| Face value-.-.-.-....-...........do...- | 113, 114 | 132, 672 | 100, 627 | 84, 250 | 93, 748 | 94, 709 | 120, 019 | 135, 822 | 86, 108 | 83, 272 | 108, 793 | 80, 270 | 63, 267 |
| Market value........................- do. | 97,466 | 103,389 | 80,535 | 65, 795 | 74,681 | 74,646 | 95, 099 | 110,023 | 74, 563 | 70,081 | 104, 014 | 67, 378 | 51. 192 |
| Face value --....................-do | 109,088 | 128,381 | 97,044 | 80, 272 | 90, 132 | 91,786 | 116,476 | 132, 186 | 82, 658 | 79,406 | 105,659 | 77,369 | 60, 114 |
| New York Stock Exchange, exclusive of stopped sales, face value, totals thous. of dol | 105, 474 | 113,040 | 80, 583 | 76,484 | 83,982 | 87, 260 | 111, 222 | 120, 000 | 86, 996 | 76,668 | 76,030 | 67,814 | 55, 399 |
| U. S. Government $\qquad$ do. $\qquad$ | - 10 | 11237 | 8, 12 | -12 | 1,636 | 87, 13 | 11, 223 | 120,1 | 0 | 76, 9 | 1,946 | 67, 5 |  |
| Other than U. S. Government, totals .-. do | 105, 464 | 113,003 | 80,571 | 76, 472 | 82,346 | 87.247 | 111,199 | 119,999 | 86, 996 | 76,659 | 74,084 | 67, 809 | 55,399 |
| Domestic.....- | 97, 8,262 8,232 | $\begin{array}{r}105,879 \\ 7 \\ \hline 044\end{array}$ | 74,865 5 5 | 68,717 | 74, 340 | 78,641 | 101, 824 | 110, 535 | 77, 384 | 68,618 | 67, 413 | 61, 391 | 49, 191 |
| Value, issues listed on N. Y. S. E.: |  | 7,044 | 5,688 | 7,740 | 7, 981 | 8,602 | 9,355 | 9,446 | 9,592 | 8,009 | 6,601 | 6,408 | 6,179 |
| Market value, total, all issues§........mil. of dol. | 124,633 | 125, 209 | 125, 257 | 118,861 | 118, 417 | 118,507 | 115, 952 | 116, 165 | 115, 801 | 114,382 | 100, 247 | 99,938 |  |
|  | 122, 953 | 123, 581 | 123, 607 | 117, 158 | 116, 802 | 116, 870 | 114,347 | 114, 541 | 114, 163 | 112,758 | 98,630 | 98,278 | 96, 163 |
| Face value, total, all issues | 123,471 | 1,375 123,660 | 1,396 123,612 | 117,4518 | ${ }_{117}^{1,362}$ | ${ }_{117}^{1.385}$ | ${ }_{111}^{1.354}$ | ${ }_{\text {11, }}^{1,374}$ | 11,389 | 1,377 | 1,373 | 1,369 | 1,366 |
| Domestic.-.-. | 121, 298 | 121, 493 | 121, 437 | 115,409 | 115, 334 | 115, 367 | 112, 716 | 112, 643 | 112, 605 | 113,019 | - | 10,692 | 99,958 |
| Foreign. | 1,923 | 1,917 | 1, 024 | 1,959 | 1,857 | 1, 927 | 1,923 | 1,916 | 1,914 | 1,914 | 1,912 | 1,910 | -1,904 |
| Yields: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Domestic corporate (Moody's) ..................ercent.. By ratings: | 2.87 | 2.90 | 2.85 | 2.86 | 2.88 | 2.88 | 2.88 | 2.86 | 2.85 | 2.96 | 3.07 | 3.09 | 3.16 |
|  | 2.62 | 2.65 | 2.61 | 2.64 | 2.67 | 2.67 |  | 2.66 | 2.66 | 2.78 | 2.87 | 2.89 | 2.94 |
|  | 2.69 | 2.72 | 2.67 | 2.71 | 2.72 | 2.72 | 2.72 | 2.71 | 2.71 | 2.82 | 2.93 | 2.93 | 2.99 |
|  | 2. 90 | 2.92 | 2.87 | 2.88 | 2.91 | 2.92 | 2.91 | 2.89 | 2.88 | 3.00 | 3.11 | 3.15 | 3.21 |
| By groups: | 3.28 | 3.32 | 3.23 | 3.21 | 3.22 | 3.22 | 3.20 | 3.17 | 3.16 | 3.23 | 3.35 | 3.40 | 3.49 |
| Industrial --..........................-do. | 2. 66 | 2.69 | 2.66 | 2.68 | 2.70 | 2.70 | 2.70 | 2.69 | 2.69 | 2.81 | 2.89 | 2.90 | 2.96 |
|  | 2.81 | 2.83 | 2.80 | 2.84 | 2.85 | 2.86 | 2.87 | 2.85 | 2.86 | 2.96 | 3.07 | 3. 10 | 3.18 |
|  | 3.15 | 3.19 | 3.08 | 3.07 | 3.09 | 3.08 | 3.07 | 3. 03 | 3.01 | 3.11 | 3.24 | 3.28 | 3.33 |
| Bond Buycr (20 bonds) ...-.-.........-do.... | 2.00 | 1.85 | 1.83 | 1.85 | 1.75 | 1.75 | 1.70 | 1.58 | 1.63 | 1.82 | 1.94 | 2.07 |  |
| U. Standard Treasury bonds, taxable.............do...- | 2. 29 2. 33 | 2.09 2.34 | 1.90 | 1.88 2 2 | 1.82 | 1.79 | 1.77 | 1. 62 | 1.61 | 1.87 | 2.05 | 2.09 | 2. 22 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 2.38 | 2.38 | 2.39 | 2.39 | 2.40 | 2.47 | 2.56 | 2.63 | 2.65 |

$r$ Revised. ${ }^{1}$ Less than $\$ 500,000$.
$\ddagger$ Revisions for $1948-A p r i l ~ 1949$ and January-March 1950 are available upon request.
*New series. For S. E. C. data, see corresponding note on p. S-18. Bond prices are averages of weekly data for high-grade corporate issues; monthly data beginning 1900 are available upon
$\dagger$ IRevised series. See corresponding note on p. S-18.
of all listed bonds.

| Nriess otherwise stated, statistics through 1948 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1949 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1950 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1951 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | Septernber | October | November | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Decem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | January | February | March | April | May | June |

## FINANCE—Continued

| SECURITY MARKETS-Continued Stocks |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cash dividend payments publicly reported: $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dividend payments...--.-.-.---mil. of dol-- | 895.8 | 520.0 | 214.3 | 1.153.0 | 496. 4 | 242.1 | 2, 138.7 | 494.1 | 214.2 | 1,066. 2 | 516.4 | 209.5 | 1,116.3 |
|  | 73.4 | 113.4 | 41.5 | 73.6 | 87.6 | 38.0 | 198.8 | 105.9 | 39.5 | 70.9 | 83.1 | 40.1 | 76.4 |
| Manufacturing | 547.5 | 223. 7 | 108.0 | 798.5 | 220.8 | 129.1 | 1,459.3 | 174.0 | 105.2 | 688.3 | 204.3 | 107.9 | 729.6 |
|  | 65.9 | 5.1 | 3.3 | 76.6 | 5.9 | 2.5 | 139.1 | 4.0 | 1.8 | 77.1 | 8.0 | 1.4 | 87.8 |
| Public utilities: <br> Communications...................................... | 36.1 | 66.7 | 7 | 35.9 | 66.6 | . 6 | 39.8 | 72.2 | . 7 | 38.3 | 74.9 | 7 | 24.3 |
| Heat, light, and power-.......-..........-do | 62.4 | 55.3 | 42.0 | 61.4 | 50.6 | 43.4 | 75.3 | 49.5 | 41.5 | 67.4 | 54.4 | 44.7 | +9. 1 |
| Railroad........-............................- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 42.1 | 9.4 | 7.0 | 31.3 | 13.4 | 15.1 | 91.4 | 12.8 | 8.0 | 60.3 | 25.0 | 3.5 | 55.6) |
|  | 46.0 | 36. 1 | 7.4 | 52.0 | 43.0 | 8.3 | 87.4 | 64.9 | 15.2 | 40.3 | 54.9 | 8.5 | 47.8 |
|  | 22.4 | 10.3 | 4.4 | 23.7 | 8.5 | 5.1 | 47.6 | 10.8 | 2.3 | 23.6 | 11.8 | 2.7 | 25.4 |
| Dividend rates, prices, yields, and earnings, 200 common stocks (Moody's): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dividends per share, annual rate ( 200 stocks) | 3.34 | 3.39 | 3.63 | 3.66 | 3.84 | 4.04 | 4.06 | 4.11 | 4.11 | 4.11 | 4.15 | 4.15 | 4.15 |
|  | 3.53 | 3.59 | 3.91 | 3.95 | 4. 17 | 4. 40 | 4.44 | 4.49 | 4.48 | 4.49 | 4.52 | 4.51 | 4.53 |
| Public utility (24 stocks) | 1.74 | 1.78 | ${ }_{2}^{1.78}$ | 1.78 | 1.84 | 1.85 | 1.85 | 1.85 | 1.85 | 1.86 | $\begin{array}{r}1.87 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1.87 | ${ }_{9}^{1.87}$ |
| Railroad ( 25 stocks).. | 2.04 | 2.04 | 2.05 | ${ }_{2}^{2.15}$ | 2.24 | 2.45 2.60 | 2.47 | 2.54 | 2.55 | 2.55 | 2.58 | 2.58 | 2. 2.58 |
| Bank (15 stocks) --- | 2.48 2.41 | 2.48 2.43 | 2. <br> 2. 43 | 2.50 2.43 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 2. } \\ \text { 2. } \\ \text { 2 } 43 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 2. 2.60 | 2. 61 2.71 2. | 2.85 2.65 2.71 | 2.65 2.71 2.71 | 2.65 2.71 | 2.65 2.73 | 2.65 2.73 2.8 | 2.43 |
| Price per share, end of month (200 stocks). do | 54.09 | 54.98 | 56.80 | 58.87 | 59.13 | 59.37 | 61.80 | 65.01 | 65.57 | 64. 25 | 67.20 | 65.39 | (3.41) |
|  | 55.56 | 5f. 43 | 58.68 | ${ }^{61.27}$ | ${ }^{61.65}$ | 61.77 | 64.46 | 68.21 | 68.61 | 67.40 | 71. 15 | 68.88 | 66. 5.5 |
| Public utility (24 stocks) $\dagger$ | 31.07 | 29. 73 | 30.07 | 30.58 | 30.55 | 30. 34 | 30.81 | 31.86 | 32.82 | 31.77 | 31.78 | 31.99 | 31.71 |
|  | 29.49 | 34, 61 | 34.25 | 35.62 | 35.03 | 35.70 | 40.95 | 44.34 | 42. 90 | 40.52 | 42.17 | 40.04 | 36. As |
| Yield (200 stocks) -...--.................-percent.- | 6.17 | 6. 17 | 6. 39 | 6. 22 | 6.49 | 6.80 | 6. 57 | 6.32 | 6. 27 | 6.40 | 6.18 | 6.35 | 6.55 |
|  | ${ }^{6.35}$ | 6. 36 |  | 6.45 | 6. 76 | 7.12 | 6.89 | ${ }^{6.58}$ | ${ }^{6.53}$ | 6.66 | ${ }^{6.35}$ | ${ }^{6.55}$ | 6.79 |
| Puhlic utility (24 stocks) $\dagger$.-............... do | 5. 60 | 5. 99 | 5. 92 | 5.82 | 6. 02 | 6. 10 | 6. 00 | ${ }_{5}^{5.81}$ | 5. 64 | 5. 85 | ${ }^{5.88}$ | 5.85 | 5.90 |
| Railroad (25 stocks) | 6. 92 | 5. 89 | 5.99 | 6. 04 | 6. 39 | 6. 86 | 6. 03 | 5. 73 | 5. 94 | 6. 29 | 6. 12 | 6.44 | 7.13 |
| Bank (15 stocks) -----------------1.-- do. | 4. 54 | 4. 50 | 4. 50 | 4. 45 | 4.63 | 4.61 | 4.71 | ${ }^{4.73}$ | 4. 48 | 4.61 3.45 | 4.74 | 4.77 | 4. 36 |
|  | 3.41 | 3.74 | 3.51 | 3.27 | 3.22 | 3.43 | 3.43 | 3.52 | 3.52 | 3.45 | 3.41 | 3.49 | 3.48 |
| Earnings per share (at annual rate), quarterly: Industrial (125 stocks) ......................doliars. | 8.66 |  |  | 9.44 |  |  | 9.08 |  |  | p 7.75 |  |  |  |
|  | 2.58 |  |  | 2.54 |  |  | 2.62 |  |  | p 2.60 |  |  |  |
| Railroad ( 25 stocks) .......-.-.-.------- do | 6. 73 |  |  | 9.80 |  |  | 11.84 |  |  | p 3.47 |  |  |  |
| Dividend vields, preferred stocks, 11 high-grade (Standard and Poor's Corp.) .-...........percent. | 3.85 | 3.92 | 3.85 | 3.85 | 3.88 | 3.88 | 3.89 | 3.87 | 3.87 | 4.00 | 4.11 | 4.15 | 4. 17 |
| Prices: |  |  |  |  | 82.91 |  |  | 90.86 | 94.98 | 92.39 | 92.86 |  |  |
| Dow-Jones \& Co., Inc. (65 stocks) dol. per share.- Industrial (30 stocks) | 77.37 221.02 | 73.22 205.30 | 77.56 216.60 | 223.21 | 229.32 | 229.38 | 84.24 229.26 | 244.45 | 253.32 | 249.50 | 253.36 | 254.36 | 249.32 |
|  | 43.04 | 38.69 | 38.88 | 39.44 | ${ }^{40.63}$ | 40.41 | 39.59 | 42.06 | 42.87 | 43.03 | 42.36 | ${ }^{42.28}$ | 42.55 |
| Railroad (20 stocks) ---.................- do. | 54.96 | 56.46 | 62.48 | 65.93 | 69.09 | 68.32 | 74.04 | 82.05 | 88.09 | 82.66 | 82.59 | 81.37 | 78.04i |
| Standard and Poor's Corporation: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  <br> Combined index ( 416 stocks) - $1935-39=100$ |  |  |  |  |  | 156.1 |  | 168.6 | 174.7 | 170.3 | 172.3 |  | 171.7 |
| Combined index ( 416 stocks) $-1935-39=100 \ldots-$ Industrial, total ( 365 stocks) | 157.6 | 147.3 | 158.0 | 163.3 | 170.7 | 168.8 | 171.2 | 182.6 | 189.6 | 184.4 | 187.3 | 189.3 | 186.9 |
| Capital goods (121 stocks) ----------- do | 149.7 | 138.6 | 149.4 | 153.2 | 159.3 | 159.9 | 164.3 | 175.2 | 181.5 | 175.0 | 179.4 | 181.9 | 179.2 |
| Consumers' goods (182 stocks) ......-do | 154.6 | 141.8 | 149.1 | 15.4 | 164.9 | 160.2 | 157.8 | 165.9 | 171.0 | 169.0 | 168.8 | 167.9 | 163. 1 |
| Public utility (31 stocks).-.---...-. do | 111.5 | 103.0 | 104.2 | 104.9 | 106.2 | 105.0 | 104.4 | 108.6 | 111.0 | 111.2 | 110.2 | 110.5 | 110.2 |
| Railroad (20 stocks) | 107.1 | 109.7 | 120.6 | 125. 1 | 129.2 | 126.5 | 139.4 | 152.8 | 159.1 | 148.7 | 148.7 | 147.5 | 141.6 |
| Banks, N. Y. O. (19 stocks) ------1--- do | 108.5 | 102.2 | 104.6 | 105.8 | 105.4 | 104.6 | 105.2 | 106.3 | 109.8 | 110.2 | 106.1 | 105.6 | 105.4 |
| Fire and marine insurance (18 stocks) ....do | 171.0 | 157.1 | 159.2 | 168.7 | 175.1 | 180.2 | 184.2 | 185.7 | 180.5 | 180.7 | 181.9 | 183.4 | 182.7 |
| Sales (Securities and Exchange Commission): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total on all registered exchanges: <br> Market value $\qquad$ mil. of dol.- | 1,949 | 1,930 | 1,700 | 1,608 | 2,090 | 1,864 | 2. 261 | 2,969 | 2,086 | 1,683 | 1,547 | 2,027 | 1.337 |
|  | 72, 396 | 72,026 | 65,977 | 63,712 | 84,451 | 66,685 | 93, 209 | 122,363 | 82,631 | 67, 480 | 67,024 | 74,211 | 52, 456 |
| On New York Stock Exchange: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Market value...................-.-.mil. of dol.- | 1,680 | 1, f992 | 1,456 | 1,380 | 1.796 | 1, 618 | 1. 981 | 2,572 | 1,791 | 1,442 | 1,320 | 1,746 | 1,143 |
|  | 86, 257 | 57, 074 | 50,038 | 48, 009 | 64, 422 | 51, 231 | 72.737 | 91, 995 | 61, 534 | 53, 327 | 50,583 | 56,928 | 40, 667 |
| Exclusive of odd lot and stopped sales |  |  |  | 38,594 | 48,390 | 43, 085 | 59, 820 |  | 41,234 | 35,625 | 34, 290 | 38.457 | 27,402 |
| Shares listed, New York Stock Exchange: | 45,647 | 44, 549 | 38, 473 | 38, 594 | 48,390 | 4n, 88 | 59,820 | \%,181 | 41, 234 | 35, 625 |  |  | 27,402 |
| Market value, all listed shares ....--- mil. of dol.- | 80, 652 |  | 85, 053 | 88, 673 | 88, 525 |  |  | 99, 340 | 100, 246 | 98, 112 |  | 100.120 | 97, 920 |
| Number of shares listed.....-........-.-millions.- | 2,236 | 2,247 | 2,257 | 2, 272 | 2,325 | 2,333 | 2,353 | 2,384 | 2,391 | 2, 421 | 2,437 | 2,452 | 2,528 |

## INTERNATIONAL TRANSACTIONS OF THE UNITED STATES



| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through | 1950 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1951 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1948 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1949 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | June | July | August | Septem- ber | October | November | December | January | February | March | April | May | June |

## INTERNATIONAL TRANSACTIONS OF THE UNITED STATES—Continued

| FOREIGN TRADE $\ddagger$ <br> Indexes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Exports of U. S. merchandise: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 202 <br> 355 | 178 315 175 | ${ }_{308}^{172}$ | 200 368 | 195 366 | 209 396 | ${ }_{431}^{221}$ | 199 <br> 393 <br> 9 | ${ }_{435} 215$ | ${ }_{517}^{252}$ | 265 556 | 259 |  |
|  | 176 | 177 | 179 | 184 | 188 | 189 | 195 | 197 | 202 | 205 | 210 | 212 |  |
| Imports for consumption:9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 143 332 | 143 <br> 342 <br> 10 | 162 399 | 157 | 170 446 | ${ }_{411} 152$ | 152 | ${ }_{496}$ | 151 | 167 <br> 504 | 151 466 | 148 |  |
|  | ${ }_{232}^{332}$ | 342 240 | 399 | 404 257 | 446 263 | 411 271 | ${ }_{276}^{418}$ | 496 289 | $\begin{aligned} & 442 \\ & 293 \end{aligned}$ | 504 302 | 466 308 | 4612 |  |
| Agricultural products, quantity: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exports, domestic, total: <br> Unadjusted. $1924-29=100$ | 103 | 69 | 78 | 88 | 80 | 86 | 97 | 83 | 102 | 104 | 130 | 105 |  |
|  | 157 | 104 | 109 | 73 | 58 | 67 | 80 | 82 | 125 | 120 | 165 | 132 |  |
| Total, excluding cotton: Unadjusted | 102 | 98 | 101 | 120 | 116 | 117 | 129 | 119 | 141 | 155 | 190 | 155 |  |
|  | 124 | 125 | 109 | 98 | 90 | 101 | 117 | 123 | 179 | 181 | 231 | 174 |  |
| Imports for consumption: | 108 | 113 | 134 | 122 | 126 | 109 | 103 | 140 | 118 | 132 | 112 | 104 |  |
|  | 118 | 126 | 146 | 128 | 127 | 114 | 103 | 133 | 116 | 116 | 104 | 107 |  |
| Shipping Weight |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Water-borne trade: <br> Exports including reexports thous. of long tons | 5,586 | ${ }^{15} 5088$ | 1 5,457 | ${ }^{1} 5,817$ | ${ }^{15,885}$ |  | 14,474 | 14,225 |  | 1 6, 232 |  |  |  |
|  | 7,496 | 6,883 | 7,941 | 7,468 | 8,285 | 7,601 | 7.421 | 7.771 | 7, 283 | 7,533 |  |  |  |
| Value |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exports, including reexports, total _.....mil. of dol | 877 | 1779 | 1761 | 1911 | 1905 | 1976 | 11,063 | ${ }^{1} 973$ | ${ }^{1} 1,076$ | ${ }^{1} 1,284$ | ${ }^{11,374}$ | ${ }^{1} 1,351$ | ${ }^{11,293}$ |
| By geographic regions: | 36,500 | 29,211 | 23,446 | 26, 276 | 32,390 | 28,605 | 42,108 | 34, 514 | 35,365 | 50,114 | 48, 215 |  |  |
|  | 153,058 | 119,436 | 122, 991 | 133,783 | 120,204 | 148,450 | 153, 794 | 156,003 | 161, 848 | 211,078 | 233, 867 | 183, 568 |  |
|  | 279,681 | 177,928 | 184, 334 | 247,575 | 240,681 | 248, 050 | 284,380 | 244,429 | 299, 770 | 317.754 | 385, 297 | 366, 839 |  |
|  | 173, 978 | 166, 212 | 160, 515 | 179,853 | 200, 446 | 196,455 | 185, 903 | 195, 717 | 194,522 | 231, 962 | 263, 436 | 255, 691 |  |
| Southern North America-----.----.-.-.- do | 108,584 | 115, 565 | 115, 213 | 141, 857 | 122,630 | 133, 237 | 135, 004 | 130,037 | 120, 857 | 161,731 | 151, 902 | 139, 551 |  |
|  | 125,617 | 100, 430 | 108, 999 | 124, 143 | 113, 667 | 141, 201 | 150, 178 | 134, 230 | 142,598 | 173, 657 | 172, 102 | 173, 921 |  |
| Total exports by leading countries; Africa: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2,513 | 3,315 | 1,680 | 2, 442 | 2,359 | 3. 570 | 4,531 | 5,357 | 4,941 | 4,430 | 4,794 | 8,078 |  |
|  | 16,652 | 9,170 | 9,803 | 9,695 | 8,345 | 9.939 | 12,525 | 12, 436 | 10,866 | 19, 192 | 24, 574 | 28,875 |  |
| Asia and Oceania: <br> Australia, including New Guinea..........do. | 12,151 | 5,986 | 6,646 | 8,880 | 7,422 | 10,014 | 10,832 | 11,147 | 7,430 | 15,167 | 13, 168 | 8,099 |  |
| British Malaya...........................-. do | 1,980 | 1,757 | 1,369 | 2, 135 | 2,053 | 2. 441 | 1,556 | 4,217 | 4,893 | 4,304 | 5, 463 | 4,246 |  |
|  | 4,096 | 3,038 | 8,904 | 1,004 | 984 | 2,877 | 84 |  | 8 |  | 0 | 27 |  |
|  | 25,003 | 17,485 | 11.922 | 11, 491 | 15,547 | 20,434 | 24,042 | 28,277 | 19,696 | 34, 535 | 39,565 | 35,014 |  |
|  | 33, 407 | 33, 558 | 31, 103 | 45, 225 | 36,569 | 35. 247 | 42,818 | 38,815 | 57, 556 | 67,734 | 73,061 | 50, 146 |  |
| Indonesia-- ${ }_{\text {Republic of the Philippines..................-do }}^{\text {do }}$ | 5,522 22,214 | 3,518 17,073 | 4,001 16,500 | 6,468 17,004 | 5,887 16,508 | 7,223 19,988 | 9,465 24,303 | 8,858 19,604 | 10,475 17,980 | 18,415 24,107 | 15,799 27,241 | 15,340 24,026 |  |
| Europe: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 37, 664 | 14, 198 | 14, 118 | 24, 890 | 30,005 | 35,037 | 35,708 | 29, 209 | 26, 104 | 27,290 | 41,331 | 36, 553 |  |
| Germany-----..--------------------.- do | 57, 203 | 20, 135 | 25, 852 | 42, 652 | 33,471 | 40, 149 | 37, 587 | 32,381 | 49, 070 | 40,607 | 44,491 | 40, 823 |  |
| Italy-1. ${ }^{\text {Union }}$ of Soviet Soctalist Republics........do | 39, 623 | 17,674 9 | 18,627 | 23, 224 | 22,009 16 | 21, 785 | 38,365 51 | 28,425 7 | 41, 141 | 44,320 2 | 62,470 | 72, 193 |  |
| United Kingdom....------..............do | 24, 389 | 24,046 | 41,581 | 59,538 | 58, 109 | 49,790 | 47,563 | 41,900 | 55, 400 | 63, 507 | 69,621 | 54, 812 |  |
| North and South America: ${ }^{\text {a }}$, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada, incl. Newfoundland and Lahrador.-do. | 173, 928 | 166, 181 | 160, 511 | 179, 835 | 200, 431 | 196,437 | 185, 892 | 195, 716 | 194, 519 | 231, 956 | 263, 422 | 255, 648 |  |
| Latin-American Republics, total ........- do | 223, 697 | 200,074 | 214, 298 | 254, 457 | 225,732 | 263,456 | 273, 337 | 253.772 | 253,002 | 320, 247 | 310,720 | 299,956 |  |
|  | 14,774 27,696 | 8,963 28,024 | 11,600 33,693 | 10,506 39,494 | 11,440 30,066 | 14,624 44,766 | 12,774 <br> 44.648 | 11,970 36,902 | 16,320 44.378 | 16,333 49,196 | 19,010 45,877 | 20,231 54,528 |  |
| Chile--.......................................- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 5,697 | 4,333 | 4,785 | 4, 235 | 4, 527 | 6,094 | 10,430 | 8,963 | 9, 807 | 16, 538 | 13,277 | 16, 218 |  |
| Colom | 28,681 | 20,878 | 17,004 | 18,621 | 15,520 | 18,706 | 22,075 | 16,972 | 14,062 | 19,063 | 22,252 | 20,674 |  |
| Cuba | 36, 695 | 38,294 | 41, 116 | 53, 143 | 45, 018 | 42, 745 | 45. 465 | 46,374 | 44, 816 | 59, 630 | 52, 862 | 40, 760 |  |
| Mexico -----------------------------10 | 40, 328 | 40, 308 | 40,880 | 47,992 | 45, 501 | 56, 059 | 56,704 | 52,744 | 44,095 | 58,985 | 60, 785 | 60, 585 |  |
| Venezuela-.----------------------- - do | 34, 713 | 26, 238 | 30, 507 | 34, 923 | 35,383 | 36,779 | 37,759 | 37,880 | 34, 210 | 46, 260 | 45,523 | 38, 414 |  |
| Exports of U. S. merchandise, total.... mil. of dol . | 866 | ${ }^{1} 768$ | ${ }^{1} 750$ | ${ }^{1} 898$ | 1893 | 1965 | ${ }^{1} 1,050$ | ${ }^{1} 958$ | ${ }^{1} 1,060$ | ${ }^{1} 1,264$ | ${ }^{1} 1,357$ | 11,336 | ${ }^{1} 1,27$ |
| By economic crasses: Crude materials....-.-.-.........thous. of dol | 192, 101 | 107,814 | 141,600 | 175, 624 | 164, 321 | 173, 538 | 185, 765 | 146, 860 | 173, 870 | 173, 223 | 228,638 | 204, 614 |  |
|  | 58,281 | 57,324 | 56, 997 | 60, 246 | 65, 980 | 72,109 | 80, 112 | 79, 206 | 114, 190 | 122,980 | 163, 541 | 136, 659 |  |
|  | 50,342 | 55,475 | 41,500 | 56,099 | 53, 168 | 53, 544 | 57, 121 | 56, 976 | 59, 106 | 76, 218 | 83, 254 | 71,769 |  |
|  | 93,595 471,905 | 84,179 462,990 | 84,621 425,515 | 102,968 502,797 | 97,835 511,630 | 108, 003 | 117, 433 | 104, 770 | 109, 259 | 131,405 | 134,467 | 142, 139 |  |
| By principal commodities: |  |  | 425, 515 | 302, 797 | 511,630 | 562, 242 | 609, 161 | 570,040 | 604,041 | 757, 547 | 745, 071 | 781,278 |  |
| Agricultural products, total--....--- -- - do | 262,346 | 181, 143 | 199,080 | 252,815 | 233, 644 | 266,315 | 301, 173 | 253,072 | 307,401 | 329,889 | 419,941 | 353, 391 |  |
|  |  |  | 65,970 1289 | 75, 730 | 60, 389 | 79, 581 | 97,913 | 70, 348 | 98, 935 | 83, 753 | 117,761 | 94, 198 |  |
| Fruits, vegetables, and preparationsor ${ }^{2}$ do Grains and preparations.-....................... | 16,352 <br> 98984 | 13,746 <br> 73,850 | 12,899 62,012 | $\begin{array}{r}18,351 \\ 72,420 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 17,484 72,004 | 14,115 78,102 | 15,389 86.674 | 12,484 <br> 89,383 <br> 8. | 13,241 122,218 | 17,917 129.874 | 14,523 177,276 | 15,920 136,964 |  |
| Packing-house productsor | 12,732 | 11,581 | 13, 120 | 12,907 | 14,013 | 12,840 | 17,739 | 18,452 | 192,394 | -24,981 | 1729, ${ }^{\text {2939 }}$ | 26, 585 |  |
| Nonagricultural products, total --...- do. | 603, 879 | 586, 639 | 551, 153 | 644,919 | 659, 289 | 703, 121 | 748,419 | 704, 781 | 753,064 | 931, 484 | 935, 030 | 983, 069 |  |
| Aircraft, parts, and accessories 8 -do Automobiles, parts, and accessories or do | 9,854 69,099 | 3,103 62,927 | $\begin{array}{r}1,781 \\ 62996 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}3,821 \\ 62,705 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 2, ${ }^{2,438} 5$ | -2, 672 | 1,357 70,543 | 1,313 -812 | 1,320 87 | 1,981 | 1, 850 | 1, 007 |  |
| Automobiles, parts, and accessories ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ \$-do Chemicals and related products ${ }^{\circ}$.-..do | 69,099 65,210 | 62,927 53,412 | 62,996 57,396 | 62,705 <br> 65 | 59, 169 | 71, 567 | 70, 543 | 78, 281 | 87, 230 | 104, 869 | 107, 749 | 108, 275 |  |
| Copper and manufacturesor --..........-do. | 4,623 | 4,075 | 5,293 | $\stackrel{\text { ci, }}{5} 5$ | 61, 5 , 220 | re, 5,884 | 66,73 10,361 | 58,105 4,491 | 82,961 8,221 | 7,746 7 7 | 82,562 9,500 | 80,856 7 |  |
| Iron and steel-mill products...-.-.-.-.-.-do.-.-- | 47,956 | 34, 189 | 34,826 | 38,021 | 36, 353 | 39,888 | 39,949 | 46, 604 | 42,007 | 55, 384 | 48,071 | 50, 173 |  |
|  | 177, 522 | 198, 175 | 160, 821 | 197, 501 | 204, 169 | 220, 982 | 245, 786 | 227, 388 | 248,635 | 318,016 | 308, 215 | 324, 143 |  |
|  | 10, 022 | 9,807 | 10, 859 | 8,801 | 5, 984 | 7,838 | 8,460 | 8. 289 | 10,437 | 12,584 | ${ }^{13,621}$ | 13, 017 |  |
| Tractors, parts, and accessories* 8 ...-do. ${ }^{\text {do. }}$ | 19, 921 | 20,411 28,055 | 18,227 26,992 | 16,341 <br> 34,558 | 15,272 33,166 | 19,545 | 21, 996 | 24,064 39,929 | 21,503 | 31,173 <br> 45 | 31,765 | 28, 508 |  |
|  | 16,784 | 15, 578 | 12,857 | 19,530 | 19,800 | 16,325 | 17, 237 | 15, 494 | 31 <br> 13,59 | 45,834 16,237 | 47,733 17,895 | 49,239 15,687 |  |
| Other industrial $\mathrm{c}^{\text {a }}$.-....................- do | 77,508 | 72, 041 | 59,543 | 76, 212 | 75. 241 | 80, 790 | 88, 023 | 83, 131 | 79,358 | 102,417 | 101, 172 | ${ }_{98,440}$ |  |
| Petroleum and products .....-.-.-.-.-. do | 38,677 | 40,671 | 38, 144 | 45, 665 | 47,304 | 48, 530 | 53,973 | 40, 332 | 39, 345 | 56, 163 | 63,151 | 65,059 |  |
| Textiles and manufactures .-.-.---.....do.. | 44, 184 | 32,069 | 38,982 | 45, 133 | 51, 414 | 52,344 | 54,366 | 58, 770 | 59, 471 | 85, 550 | 79, 172 | 75, 649 |  |


| 1950 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1951 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| June | Juty | August | $\underset{\substack{\text { Septem- } \\ \text { ber }}}{\text { der }}$ | October | $\begin{gathered} \text { Novem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Decem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | January | $\underset{\substack{\text { Febru- } \\ \text { ary }}}{ }$ | March | April | May | June |

## INTERNATIONAL TRANSACTIONS OF THE UNITED STATES-Continued

| FOREIGN TRADE §-Continued Value-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General imports, total.....----......- thous. of dol.. | 685,859 | 707, 884 | 819,481 | 857, 864 | 922, 004 | 851,694 | 864, 105 | 1,022,077 | 906,960 | 1,099,619 | 1,024,385 | 1,017, 653 | 929,900) |
| By geographic regions: | 36,660 | 33,364 | 39, 295 | 63,316 | 39,318 | 35, 332 | 55, 917 | 55, 589 | 44,570 | 66,867 | 69.466 | 76,362 |  |
|  | 149,525 | 150,435 | 160, 086 | 167, 384 | 217,060 | 215, 443 | 199,742 | 248, 983 | 186,905 | 267, 120 | 262,083 | 242, 527 |  |
|  | 99, 455 | 100, 902 | 120, 581 | 136, 150 | 162,936 | 166, 036 | 156, 408 | 180,538 | 173, 819 | 193,877 | 181, 774 | 189, 426 |  |
|  | 178,535 | 103, 438 | 160, 379 | 179,020 | 201, 005 | 186, 366 | 185, 695 | 184,551 | 154,072 | 190, $\mathrm{f03}$ | 191,378 | 202. 221 |  |
| Southern North America | 87, 653 | 94, 499 | 119, 593 | 97.831 | 93, 729 | 86,252 | 91. 228 | 116, 409 | 127,442 | 128.920 | 117, 700 | 99, 760 |  |
|  | 134, 031 | 165,155 | 219,547 | 214, 162 | 207, 956 | 162, 264 | 175, 115 | 236, 007 | 220,152 | 252, 233 | 201, 983 | 207,357 |  |
| By leading countries: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 202 | 304 | 5,965 | 19.735 | 235 | 355 | 3, 268 | 4,572 | 486 | 291 | 19,652 | 12,936 |  |
| Tnion of South Africa..........-.-.-.-.- do | 11,878 | 8,773 | 12,225 | 15,543 | 16,357 | 11,363 | 17, 779 | 14, 830 | 15,611 | 15,896 | 15,036 | 12, 805 |  |
| Asia and Oceania: Australia, including New Guinea_.....dodo | 7,421 | 8,972 | 9.883 | 9,593 | 5,546 | 17,099 | 19,770 | 12,255 | 9,458 | 42, 114 | 58. 236 | 62,048 |  |
| British Malaya | 25,516 | 23, 932 | 30,227 | 24,749 | 31, 723 | 39.460 | 38, 230 | 54. 828 | 34,089 | 38, 989 | 35. 187 | 24,378 |  |
|  | 11, 728 | 12, 159 | 11. 746 | 14, 639 | 19,647 | 13.767 | 16, 196 | 12. 688 | 5. 700 | 4,879 | 2. 722 | 2, 886 |  |
| India and Pakistan............-.-.-...--- do | 22, 418 | 22, 004 | 21,333 | 29,883 | 33,022 | 27. 691 | 20. 254 | 36.775 | 27,293 | 37, 549 | 38,003 | 32, 117 |  |
|  | 15,580 | 13, 758 | 16,744 | 18,582 | 21,641 | 19.792 | 17.617 | 17,639 | 16, 650 | 20,101 | 17, 360 | 26, 809 |  |
|  | 13,505 | 10, 280 | 15, 485 | 13,875 | 21,801 | 20,321 | 23, 281 | 33,603 | 18,965 | 25, 550 | 19,631 | 19.526 |  |
| Republic of the Pbilippines.----------- do | 20,420 | 19,393 | 20,622 | 21,026 | 26,043 | 21,347 | 19,348 | 21,606 | 31,287 | 29,451 | 31, 181 | 30, 339 |  |
| Europe: | 7, 701 | 8,262 | 12,614 | 13, 888 | 15,476 | 19, 283 | 21, 176 | 24,789 | 24,403 | 31, 525 | 26, 305 | 28,006 |  |
|  | 6, 175 | 6, 268 | 8,528 | 11, 136 | 15,162 | 16, 152 | 14,734 | 18,090 | 14,257 | 18,913 | 18, 212 | 21. 224 |  |
|  | 7, 161 | 6,590 | 9,412 | 10,390 | 16,579 | 13,904 | 11,945 | 13,003 | 12, 572 | 13, 590 | 13,411 | 10, 901 |  |
| Union of Soviet Socialist Republics.-. do | 3,017 | 4,300 | 2,182 | 6,420 | 2,130 | 1,439 | 1,899 | 2,259 | 2, 153 | 1,338 | 2, 207 | 1,593 |  |
| United Kingdom...............---.-.-.- do | 27, 174 | 26,373 | 36,380 | 31,473 | 39,085 | 42,580 | 32,758 | 37.269 | 38, 606 | 37, 650 | 43,107 | 45,768 |  |
| North and Sonth America: <br> Canada, inel. Newfoundland and Labrador <br> thous. of dol. | 178, 259 | 163,310 | 160,342 | 178, 845 | 200, 804 | 186,356 | 185, 686 | 184, 421 | 153,828 | 190, 578 | 191, 213 | 202, 214 |  |
| Latin-American Republics, total...... do..-- | 207, 295 | 245, 564 | 321, 473 | 297, 200 | 283,301 | 230,537 | 245, 665 | 330,511 | 328,939 | 363, 269 | 303, 305 | 291, 467 |  |
|  | 13,840 | 17,432 | 18, 624 | 17,211 | 18,138 | 17,392 | 13,977 | 27,157 | 25,881 | 34, 749 | 32,875 | 29,975 |  |
|  | 37,912 | 64,998 | 83, 679 | 85, 034 | 82, 152 | 68, 733 | 63, 046 | 85, 395 | 84, 856 | 100, 668 | 64, 452 | 68, 564 |  |
|  | 16,621 | 7,977 | 15, 070 | 14, 223 | 15, 613 | 13,534 | 19,521 | 15,341 | 16, 007 | 15, 400 | 27, 584 | 22, 004 |  |
|  | 15,587 | 26,091 | 42,650 | 40, 474 | 38,642 | 22,675 | 20, 605 | 35, 041 | 27,002 | 27, 616 | 19,237 | 27, 162 |  |
|  | 29,078 | 34, 124 | 54, 253 | 42,976 | 38, 238 | 24, 143 | 18,506 | 30.822 | 39,915 | 43, 546 | 41, 214 | 33, 026 |  |
|  | 25.337 | 22, 251 | 2f, 502 | 28. 716 | 27,247 | 31, 216 | 35, 124 | 31, 548 | 29,646 | 32, 936 | 28,990 | 26, 464 |  |
| Venezuela | 26,959 | 26, 882 | 29,824 | 26,783 | 28,972 | 25, 078 | 24,905 | 28, 834 | 26,076 | 27, 002 | 26,038 | 30, 792 |  |
| Imports for consumption, total...--...........-de | 679, 365 | 701,378 | 817, 771 | 824,319 | 913,535 | 841,014 | 856, 668 | 1,016,795 | 906, 443 | 1,033,994 | 956, 735 | 945, 784 | 914,300 |
| By economic classes: | 184, 242 | 184,216 | 222,891 | 224,467 | 255,478 | 254. 801 | 269, 9 | 330, 604 | 2e2,993 | 311, 267 | 330, 569 |  |  |
|  | 119,916 | 154,611 | 181, 499 | 179,484 | 172,039 | 142.245 | 148, 150 | 207, 212 | 201,301 | 233, 869 | 159, 212 | 171, 290 |  |
| Manufactured foodstuffs and beverages. . do. | 75, 144 | 83, 114 | 103, 782 | 88, 151 | 87,431 | 73.251 | 63,637 | 77, 052 | 86, 132 | 92, 968 | 89,477 | 91, 453 |  |
| Semimanufactures.....................-. - . do. | 180, 499 | 162, 642 | 184, 146 | 196,600 | 239, 423 | 214,670 | 228,064 | 238, 583 | 199,906 | 225, 746 | 214, 050 | 213, 285 |  |
|  | 119, 565 | 116,796 | 125, 453 | 135, 617 | 159, 164 | 156,043 | 146, 875 | 163,343 | 136, 112 | 170, 145 | 163, 428 | 174, 478 |  |
| By principal commodities: | 289, 210 | 331,731 | 410, 125 | 393,070 | 405, 193 |  |  | 507.460 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 28.274 | 105, 153 | 130, 836 | 128,376 | 112, 567 | $\begin{array}{r}363,730 \\ 88,085 \\ \hline 1,48\end{array}$ | 356,298 84,083 | 507,460 | 476,223 139,327 | $\begin{array}{r}538,646 \\ 152,933 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 470,002 96,645 | 100, 701 |  |
|  | 12,026 | 11, 664 | 12,481 | 10,598 | 12,968 | 11, 418 | 8,444 | 11, 454 | 8,516 | 10,728 | 10.918 | 13,022 |  |
| Rubber, crude, including gnayule.......do | 33, 853 | 29,994 | 39, 824 | 41, 109 | 58,922 | 68,370 | 71,309 | 101, 076 | 63,447 | 74, 345 | 65, 026 | 51.853 |  |
| Silk, unmanufactured...-......------- do. | 1,422 | 1,706 | 1.249 | 2,571 | 3,159 | 2, 521 | 2,020 | 2, 102 | 1,838 | 2,081 | 1,626 | 1,216 |  |
| Sugar ................. | 31, 109 | 34, 213 | 53,309 | 40, 156 | 35,033 | 17, 494 | 14, 564 | 29,381 | 41,017 | 40, 491 | 39, 717 | 33,985 |  |
| Wool and mohair, unmanufactured....do...- | 31, 044 | 39, 247 | 46. 864 | 36,757 | 33.394 | 38,936 | 38,250 | 66, 291 | 53, 692 | 84, 903 | 104, 779 | 84, 660 |  |
| Nonagricultural products, total.....--- do. | 390, 155 | 369, 648 | 407, 646 | 431. 249 | 508, 343 | 477, 284 | 500,370 | 509, 335 | 430, 220 | 495, 348 | 486, 734 | 493, 473 |  |
| Furs and manufactures | 5,300 | 8,308 | 6,281 | 13,689 | 14, 279 | 9,313 | 11, 032 | 14,130 | 10,258 | 11,769 | 16,565 | 8,534 |  |
| Nonferrous ores, metals, and manufactures, total <br> thous. of dol | 80, 180 | 63, 981 | 76,417 | 68, 044 | 88, 887 | 79, 044 | 104,726 | 91,740 | 61, 194 | 76,057 | 69,182 | 57,303 |  |
| Copper, incl. ore and manufactures. do | 32, 771 | 12,779 | 14,598 | 16, 649 | 29, 633 | 19, 744 | 28, 118 | 23, 466 | 22, 662 | 17,952 | 21,909 | 23, 230 |  |
| Tin, including ore $\qquad$ do $\qquad$ | 14,911 | 21, 230 | 24, 016 | 17,413 | 19,788 | 15, 243 | 19, 158 | 27,066 | 15, 443 | 23, 219 | 13, 297 | 8,002 |  |
|  | 23, 945 | 20,830 | 21, 577 | 23, 073 | 26, 335 | 27, 974 | 27, 808 | 32,313 | 30, 808 | 30, 773 | 29.166 | 38, 588 |  |
|  | 40, 544 | 38,410 | 34, 066 | 38, 933 | 42,000 | 37, 142 | 41. 058 | 39, 742 | 32,942 | 44,222 | 39, 287 | 43,525 |  |
| Petroleum and products...-......-.-...- do | 47, 299 | 45, 413 | 50, 255 | 47,790 | 55, 338 | 50,736 | 53,950 | 59, 661 | 50,307 | 50, 246 | 51,259 | 52,415 |  |

TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS

| TRANSPORTATION <br> Airlines |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operations on scheduled airlines: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Miles flown, revente.................- ${ }^{\text {thousands.- }}$ | 28,591 | 28,860 | 28, 778 | 27, 564 | 28,552 | 26. 067 | 27,926 | 28,445 | 25, 316 | 29,780 | 29,085 | 30, 813 |  |
| Express and freight carried...-....-..-short tons.-- | 20, 717 | 18, 134 | 21,776 | 22. 540 | 25,489 | 22. 780 | 25,014 | 19,758 | 21, 182 | 21, 662 | 18, 111 | 19,085 |  |
| Express and freicht ton-miles flown. - thousands.. | 12,367 | 11, 654 | 13,707 | 13, 672 | 15, 171 | 13,918 | 14,892 | 12, 258 | 13, 087 | 13, 620 | 11, 287 | 11, 903 |  |
| Mail ton-miles flown.......-.---..........-- do...- | 3,498 | 3, 252 | 3,775 | 3,762 | 4,245 | 4, 112 | 6, 232 | 4, 463 | 4,704 | 5, 124 | 4, 541 | 5,035 |  |
| Passengers carried. revenue..................-d do. | 1,539 | 1,459 | 1,562 | 1,490 | 1,563 | 1,326 | 1,365 | 1,421 | 1,324 | 1,660 | 1,708 | 1, 804 |  |
| Passenger-miles flown, revenue...-.-.---.-- - do...- | 762, 097 | 723, 803 | 749,845 | 719, 494 | 735,180 | 620, 156 | 684,444 | 722, 163 | 663, 767 | 835, 920 | 834, 685 | 859, 130 |  |
| Express Operations |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating revenues.-..------........thous. of dol.- | 18,174 | 17,226 | 17, 647 | 17.697 | 17,318 | 18,312 | 21,890 | 18, 294 | 18,007 | 19,377 | 18, 769 | 18,895 |  |
|  | d 5 | 223 | 178 | 176 | 189 | 194 | 195 | 61 | 39 | 80 | 24 | 6 |  |
| Local Transit Lines |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fares, average cash rate .-.----------.-.-. cents | 10.0681 | 9.9708 | 10.0341 | 10.0608 | 10.0827 | 10.1630 | 10.1995 | 10. 2360 | 10. 26776 | 10.4185 | 10. 4818 | 10. 5231 | 10. 5231 |
| Passengers carried, revenue..----------millions.- | ${ }_{1}{ }_{11} 1,137$ | 1,048 | 1,099 | 11,094 | 1,177 | 1. 116 | 1.183 | 1,168 | 1. 050 | 1,174 | 1,097 | 1,117 | 1,048 |
| Operating revenues $\ddagger$...-..............thous, of dol.- | 117, 400 | 113,000 | 121, 600 | 114, 300 | 125, 800 | 123, 100 | 137, 200 | 125, 300 | 117, 100 |  |  |  |  |
| Class I Steann Railways |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Freight carloadings (A. A. R.) : $0^{7}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total cars.------------------------thousands.- | 3,905 | 3,018 | 3,374 | 4,220 | 3,531 | 3,240 | 3, 629 | 3, 009 | 2, 700 | 3,785 | 3,152 | 3, 233 | 4,039 |
|  | r 706 | 469 | 617 | 787 | 657 | 599 | 742 | 632 | 546 | 689 | 546 | 537 | 710 |
|  | 73 | 58 | 59 | 75 | 64 | 63 | 75 | 64 | 61 | 81 | 61 | 65 | 83 |
|  | 227 | 176 | 202 | 239 | 191 | 182 | 218 | 187 | 164 | 229 | 193 | 197 | 241 |
|  | 229 | 222 | 215 | 246 | 225 | 223 | 256 | 214 | 182 | 247 | 198 | 178 | 216 |
|  | 36 | 26 | 31 | 62 | 66 | 50 | 49 | 38 | 24 | 35 | 34 | 33 | 34 |
|  | 388 | 329 | 324 | 409 | 301 | 223 | 96 | 68 | 65 | 101 | 216 | 330 | 452 |
| Merchandise, l. c. l | 400 | 306 | 352 | 438 | 354 | 332 | 380 | 308 | 284 | 425 | 324 | 309 | 366 |
|  | +1,845 | 1,433 | 1,574 | 1,963 | 1,673 | 1,569 | 1,814 | 1,498 | 1,373 | 1,979 | 1,580 | 1,582 | 1,937 |

R Revised. "Deficit.
§See note marked " $\ddagger$ " on p. S-21. $\ddagger$ Revisions for January $1947-\mathrm{May} 1948$ appear in corresponding note on p. S-22 of the August 1949 Survex.
§See note marked " $\ddagger$ '" on p. S-21. $\ddagger$ Revisions for January $1947-\mathrm{May} 1948$ appear in corresponding note on p. S-22 of
o'Data for June. September, and December 1950 and March and June 1951 are for 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1948 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1949 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1950 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1951 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | Septem- | Oetoher | Novernber | Decem- ber | January | $\begin{gathered} \text { Febru- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | March | April | May | June |

## TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS-Continued

| TRANSPORTATION-Continued Class 1 Steam Railways-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Freight carloudings (Federal Reserve indexes): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 135 | 137 |
|  | 131 116 | 130 105 | 140 126 | 145 135 | ${ }_{135}^{147}$ | 139 | 129 | 133 | 119 | 132 | 112 | 111 | 120 |
| Coke | 188 | 190 | 186 | 198 | 201 | 198 | 204 | 209 | 197 | 204 | 193 | 208 | 212 |
|  | 150 | 149 | 163 | 160 | 154 | 154 | 145 | 153 | 137 | 147 | 156 | 166 | 158 |
|  | $\begin{array}{r}133 \\ 51 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | 162 48 | 150 57 | $\begin{array}{r}143 \\ 95 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 116 | 162 90 | 148 | 153 | $\begin{array}{r}131 \\ 44 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 138 49 | 139 | 127 | 49 |
|  | 277 | 298 | 285 | 298 | 262 | 188 | 62 | 61 | 60 | 70 | 193 | 296 | 321 |
|  | 52 | 51 | 56 | 57 | 56 | 54 | 50 | 50 | 46 | 54 | 51 | 48 | 47 |
| Miscellaneous...............................-d. do | 142 | 141 | 149 | 154 | 158 | 152 | 142 | 145 | 133 | 149 | 149 | 149 | 148 |
|  | 127 | 126 105 | 135 | 134 <br> 135 | 136 135 | 136 | 129 | 146 | 129 | 112 | 112 | 111 | 120 |
|  | 192 | 195 | 194 | 201 | 206 | 198 | 194 | 199 | 186 | 202 | 197 | 210 | 217 |
| Forest products....-..........-.........-- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 144 | 148 | 155 | 148 | 146 | 157 | 162 | 170 | 143 | 147 | 156 | 154 | 152 |
| Grain and grain products................-- - ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 130 | 135 | 139 | 128 | 159 | 166 | 158 | 153 | 134 | 150 | 158 | 141 | 123 |
| Livestock | $\underline{61}$ | $\begin{array}{r}61 \\ 186 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 190 | 198 | 184 | 18 | 199 | 243 | 241 | 241 | 212 | 212 | 207 |
|  | 52 | 51 | 56 | 55 | 54 | 53 | 52 | 52 | 48 | 53 | 51 | 48 | 47 |
|  | 138 | 140 | 147 | 142 | 145 | 146 | 151 | 158 | 141 | 157 | 151 | 148 | 144 |
| Freight-car surplus and shortage, daily average: Car surplus, total | 6,625 | 8,311 | 4,346 | 3,583 | 2,405 | 4, 926 | 6, 258 | 5,677 | 2, 6 ¢ 80 | 2,387 | 8,601 | 8,300 | 21.677 |
|  | 6,025 1,949 | 8, 231 | 4,346 16 | 3,588 8 8 | 2,405 9 | 4,926 | $\bigcirc$ | ${ }^{5} 705$ | 2, 87 | ${ }^{2} 7$ | ${ }_{2} 24$ | 1,203 | 15,463 |
|  | 513 | 4,389 | 39 | ${ }_{3}^{30}$ | ${ }^{2} 113$ | ${ }^{386}$ | -975 | 1,138 | 572 | ${ }^{724}$ | 2, 812 | 934 | ${ }_{9} 133$ |
| Car shortage, | 11,491 5,845 | 21,154 13.875 | 38,064 21,846 | 34,381 <br> 19,444 | 35,135 19,620 10. | 24,696 13.838 | 14,798 8,998 | 19.267 12,006 | 29,977 19 | 32,365 24,275 | 14,603 9 9,484 | 9, <br> 4,768 | 9,721 3,065 |
| Coxal cars | - 4,748 | 6,103 | 14, 101 | 13, 243 | 14,349 | 10, 245 | 4. $9 \times 9$ | 6,528 | 8,518 | 5,323 | 3,815 | 3,929 | 5,641 |
| Financial operations (unadjusted): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 888.716 | 855, 753 |
| Operating revenues, total...........thous. of dol..- Freight................................ | 649.228 | 639, 729 | 848,110 | 725,014 | 784, 544 | 710, 808 | 673, 554 | 848, 73.6 | ${ }_{600,157}$ | 741,001 | 722,012 | 752, 588 | 710, 732 |
|  | 71. 660 | 76, 006 | 78, 220 | 71.623 | 66, 271 | 65.885 | 79. 271 | 78, 158 | 663, 836 | 70. 569 | 66,762 | 70, 657 | 80,641 |
|  | 588, 763 | 579, 116 | 626, 265 | 600,697 | 635, 021 | 618,611 | 645, 422 | 645,246 | 610,060 | 679,662 | 668,850 | 693, 820 | 677, 685 |
| Tax accruals, joint facility and equipment rents | 100, 372 | 109, 134 | 141, 467 | 148, 712 | 155, 733 | 133, 590 | 169.190 | 125,792 | 86,740 | 117,550 | 112.000 | 119,977 | 114, 138 |
| Net railway operating income..............do.... | 90.047 | 83, 910 | 122,064 | 122,622 | 134, 629 | 110,001 | 113.319 | 77, 691 | 18, 959 | 78. 263 | 70, 595 | 74, 937 | 63, 930 |
| Net incomet .-...--.......-.........-.... do-.-- | 72,050 | 58,622 | 95.829 | 98, 965 | 107, 863 | 86, 146 | 120.060 | 54,926 | ${ }^{\text {d } 3,518}$ | 51, 187 | 44, 685 | 49, 225 |  |
| Financial operations, adjusted: <br> Operating revenues, total. mil. of dol | 791.4 | 771.9 | 832.5 | 857.6 | 884.6 | 863.0 | 941.6 | 863.5 | 783.4 | 854.2 | 872.7 | 855.1 |  |
|  | 663.4 | 646.1 | 699.2 | 711.1 | 747.2 | 710.8 | 708.3 | 7200 | 633.6 | 716.8 | 738.6 | 719.1 |  |
| Rassenger-.. | 69.2 691.5 | 689.7 | 69.8 744.3 | 74.9 | 67.7 776.2 | 7698 | 849.4 | 81.6 765.8 | 742.5 | 783.1 | 799.7 | 793.5 |  |
| Net railway operating income..................do- | 100.0 | 86.1 | 88.2 | 108.5 | 108.4 | 103.2 | 91.6 | 97.7 | 40.9 | 71.1 | 73.1 | 61.6 |  |
|  | 69.7 | 54.1 | 54.8 | 72.8 | 74.3 | 70.5 | 59.5 | 65.7 | 10.9 | 38.9 | - 40.7 | 21.2 |  |
| Oprright carried 1 mile -...........mil. of ton-miles... | 51, 865 | 51,982 | 59,403 | 57,940 | 62,017 | 54, 817 | 54, 608 | 56,510 | 48,367 | 59,069 | 56,908 | 58.764 |  |
| Revenue per ton-mile.-...................cents..- | 1.326 | 1. 305 | 1.325 | 1. 320 | 1. 332 | 1.363 | 1.310 | 1.319 | 1.308 | 1. 325 | 1.337 | 1.3+2 |  |
| Passengers earried 1 mile, revenue.....-.milions..- | 2,830 | 3,042 | 3,125 | 2, 818 | 2,573 | 2,500 | 3,058 | 3,003 | 2,415 | 2,718 | 2,583 | 2,638 |  |
| Waterway Traffic |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clearances, vessels in foreign trade: Total U.'S. ports |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 8,130 4,860 | 4,648 | 8, 5 5,359 | 5, 8.45 | 8,220 5,165 | 7,364 4,320 | 7,244 4,207 | 6.516 4.019 | 6,860 4.216 | 8,250 4.660 | 9,299 5,216 | 10.161 5.980 |  |
|  | 3,271 | 2,999 | 3, 251 | 3, 267 | 3,055 | 3,044 | 3,037 | 2,497 | 2,644 | 3,590 | 4,083 | 4, 181 |  |
| Panama Canal: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 2,562 \\ & 1,460 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,857 \\ & 1,668 \end{aligned}$ | 2,452 1,477 | 2,356 1,307 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 2, } \\ 1,158 \\ \hline 15\end{array}$ | 21023 | $\xrightarrow{2,216} 1$ | 2,338 1,104 | 2,433 1,032 | 2,713 1,237 | 2,668 1,360 | $\begin{aligned} & 2,695 \\ & 1,286 \end{aligned}$ | 2,632 1,170 |
| Hotels: Travel |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A verage sale per occupied room.........-dollars.- | 5. 64 | 5. 43 | 6.13 | 5.98 | 6.17 | 6. 27 | 5.78 | 5.95 | 5.97 | 5.83 | 6. 36 | 5.79 | 8. 32 |
| Rooms occupied-..............percent of total.- | 84 | 77 | 81 | 84 | 86 | 79 | 66 | 79 | 81 | 78 | 82 | 81 |  |
| Foreign travel: | 238 | 207 | 231 | 232 | 228 | 225 | 208 | 228 | 224 | 214 | 244 | 251 | 25 |
|  | 56, 902 | 78,030 | 96, 425 | 88, 706 | 59,768 | 46, 242 | 44, 810 | 52, 209 | 59,093 | 63, 969 | 60.854 |  |  |
|  | 88, 305 | 180,854 | ${ }^{1} 61.804$ | ${ }^{1} 44,776$ | ${ }^{1} 36,058$ | 131, 869 | ${ }^{\text {I }} 39,453$ | 148,561 | ${ }^{1} 57,074$ | ${ }^{1} 64,845$ | 1 57,982 |  |  |
|  | 3,384 | 3, 803 | 2.921 | 2,468 | 2,075 | 1,599 | 2,283 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 18,215 | ${ }^{p} 17,905$ | ${ }^{p} 18,575$ | $p 15,452$ | $p$ 14,090 | ${ }^{p} 16,288$ | ${ }^{\text {p }} 20,263$ | p 18,519 | p 12,395 | p 15, 281 | p 14, 542 | р 17,914 |  |
|  | 41, 233 | 21, 635 | 18, 037 | 13,827 | 12,734 833 | 12, 115 | 10,614 242 | 16, ${ }_{2}^{632}$ | $\begin{array}{r}17,067 \\ \hline 259\end{array}$ | 26, 113 | 30. 227 | 35,678 920 | 39,653 |
| National parks, visitors...--.-.-...-.-- thousands.-- | 1,930 | 3, 271 | 3,300 | 1,474 | 833 | 326 |  |  | 259 | 376 | 541 | 920 |  |
|  | 861 | 850 | 930 | 936 | 955 | 871 | 947 | 1,222 | 823 | 883 | 805 | 766 |  |
| Passenger revenues....................thous. of dol... | 8,009 | 7,826 | 8,444 | 8,513 | 8,658 | 7,905 | 8,608 | 11, 151 | 8,666 | 9,264 | 8,500 | 8,075 |  |
| COMMUNICATIONS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Telephone carriers: $\dagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 287,467 169,767 | 289,528 <br> 169,124 | 300,617 <br> 172 <br> 180 | ${ }_{173}^{292,847}$ | 303.234 <br> 178.120 | 298,071 <br> 178.184 <br> 981 | 311.414 181.781 |  | 301, 961 | 319.021 | 312,404 |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r}169,767 \\ 98,275 \\ \hline 18\end{array}$ | 109, 616 | 108, 189 | 173, 9260 | 104, 346 | 118,184 98,941 | 181, 189 | 184,531 108,897 | $\begin{array}{r}181,037 \\ 99 \\ \hline 9.495\end{array}$ | 185,045 111.979 | 184,934 105,507 |  |  |
| Operating expenses, before taxes .-............. do | 204, 849 | 205, 664 | 211, 798 | 205, 109 | 212,572 | 208, 249 | 222, 491 | 219, 140 | 2091150 | 222, 296 | 216, 413 |  |  |
| Net operatin¢ income--............--.....do | 33, 929 | 41, 489 | 35, 337 | 39. 584 | 41,369 | 40, 861 | 40, 921 | 41, 025 | 39.475 | 41, 444 | 41, 242 |  |  |
| Phones in service, end of month ----- thousands.- | 37,304 | 37,441 | 37, 620 | 37, 790 | 37,987 | 38, 166 | 38, 437 | 38,619 | 38,803 | 39.029 | 39,213 |  |  |
| Telegraph, cable, and radiotelegraph carriers: Wire-telegraph: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating revenues ....-....... thous of dol.. | 15,378 | 14,738 | 16, 022 | 15, 041 | 15. 531 | 15, 251 | 16,643 | 15, 610 | 14,545 | 16,391 | 15,014 | 16, 235 |  |
| Operating expenses, incl. depreciation....do..-- | 13, 086 | 13, 272 | 13,716 | 13,364 | 13, 358 | 13, 439 | 14,505 | 13,855 | 12,924 | 13,996 | 13, 282 | 14, 199 |  |
|  | 1,469 | 671 | 1,525 | 940 | 1,461 | 1,135 | 1,485 | 880 | 764 | 1,521 | 882 | 1,157 |  |
| Operating revenues .-.-..................do. | 1,943 | 2,189 | 2, 295 | 2, 254 | 2, 265 | 2. 232 | 2,638 | 2,508 | 2,180 | 2,326 | 2,215 | 2, 227 |  |
| Operating expenses, incl. depreciation...-do...- | 1,552 | 1,563 | 1,581 | 1, 553 | 1,569 | 1,470 | 1,691 | 1,650 | 1,642 | 1,683 | 1, 1338 | 1,736 |  |
|  | 207 | 418 | 510 | 507 | 494 | 590 | 632 | 616 | 337 | 427 | 364 | 267 |  |
| Operating revenues.--.-...-.........do | 2,055 | 2, 228 | 2,408 | 2, 244 | 2,331 | 2,326 | 2,583 | 2, 621 | 2,302 | 2.476 | 2,3.50 | 2,491 |  |
| Operating expenses, incl. depreciation....do. Net operatingrevenues................ | 1,781 | 1,808 | 1,795 | 1,819 | 1,787 | 1,804 | 2,057 | 1,959 | 1, 838 | 1,954 | 1,895 | 1,968 |  |
| Net operating revenues...-.-.-.-.----...do | 175 | 325 | 525 | 335 | 453 | 437 | 453 | 548 | 350 | 409 | 332 | 394 |  |

[^1]1 Dataceclude departures via international land borders; land-border departures during the 12 months ended June 1950 amounted to less than 1 percent of total departures
†Revised series. The coverage has been reduced from 100-120 to 55 carriers (except for January 1948-December 1949 when data covered 53 carriers); however, the comparability of the series, based on annual operating revenues, has been affected by less than 3.0 percent. Also, data are now shown after elimination of intercompany duplications for the Bell System; annual data prior to 1948 and monthlx figures for January-July 1948 on the revised basis will be available later. Data relate to continental United States.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1948 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1949 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1950 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1951 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | Scitem- ber | October | November | December | January | $\underset{\text { Febru- }}{\text { ary }}$ | March | April | May | June |

## CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS

| CHEMICALS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Inorganic chemicals, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| short tons | 127, 295 | 125, 027 | 124.617 | 128,596 | 136, 736 | 141.373 | 146. 280 | 148, 931 | 133,871 | 147, 289 | 147. 560 | 146,915 |  |
| Calcium arsenate (commercial) ......thous. of 1b.- | 9,334 | 10, 274 | 8. 920 | 2, 850 | 3. 390 | 3, 140 | 2. 614 | 3,900 | 4,352 | 5,342 | 6,566 | 6,196 |  |
|  | 56,482 | 52,388 | 55, 237 | 55,323 | 57,436 | 54, 320 | 58,770 | 61, 961 | 50,035 | 60, 225 | 62, 557 | 65,310 |  |
| thous of lb_ | 131.314 | 139, 130 | 133.728 | 107, 708 | 94, 156 | 82, 902 | 73.546 | 73,542 | 67,076 | 86,012 | r 112,008 | 144,006 |  |
| Chlorine, gas ---- | 187,721 | 173,788 | 173, 117 | 165, 828 | 187, 666 | 185, 537 | 192. 5104 | 197.967 | 182, 994 | 207, 106 | 200.298 | 209, 024 |  |
| Hydrochloric acid ( $100 \% \mathrm{HCl}$ ) + - | 50,635 | 51,288 | 51.521 | 52.785 | 58.492 | 57.893 | 57, 389 | 57, 110 | 50, 944 | 57,467 | - 57.043 | 58, 442 |  |
| Lead arsenate (acid and basic) ........thous of lb.- | 2,326 |  |  | 2, 196 | 2.924 | 3, 598 | 4,632 | 5, 114 | 5,082 | 4,672 | 2, 670 | 1,838 |  |
| Nitric acid ( $100 \% \mathrm{HNO}_{3}$ ) -..----.-.-.-short tons.-- | 104. 604 | 105, 831 | 105, 206 | 107, 210 | 119, 661 | 124,376 | 133,483 | 133, 264 | 116, 122 | 125, 732 | 118, 132 | 115, 283 |  |
|  | 1.404 | 14,400 | 1, 512 | 1, 529 | 1, 666 | 1. 647 | 1,703 | 1,742 | 1, 542 | 1, 819 | 1, 812 | 1. 865 |  |
| Phosphoric acid ( $50 \% \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{PO}_{4}$ ) _........short tons Soda ash, ammonia-soda process ( $98-100 \%$ | 135, 526 | 141, 107 | 136, 187 | 131, 302 | 142, 103 | 142, 534 | 132,912 | 151, 187 | 141, 496 | 163, 673 | - 152, 577 | 155, 018 |  |
| Nancos )-........................short tons.- | 291, 681 | 185, 885 | 180. 849 | 170, 142 | 334, 296 | 370.64 | 43.706 | 445, 389 | 2, 517 | 461. 412 | 439,773 | 458, 217 |  |
| Sodium bichromate and chromate--------- do---- | 8,135 200836 | ${ }_{\text {(1) }} .492$ | ${ }_{\text {(1) }}^{5} \mathbf{6 4 9}$ | (i) ${ }^{418}$ | ${ }_{\text {(1) }}^{8,424}$ | 8.877 233.284 | 9.670 244,883 | 10,170 248,449 | 9,936 297178 | 12.171 | 11,321 $\times 252$ | 11, 858 |  |
| Sodium hydroxide (100\%\% NaOH )-.-.-.-.-do-..- | 200, 836 | (1) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | (1) | ${ }^{(1)}$ | 233, 284 | 244, 883 | 248, 449 | 227, 178 | 258, 596 | r 252,169 | 264, 281 |  |
| Sodium silicate, solubie sincate glass (anhy- drous). | 40, 899 | 29,929 | 32, 278 | 37, 707 | 47,317 | 55,544 | 54, 708 | 56,300 | 51, 485 | 53,338 | 45, 132 | 47,602 |  |
| Sodium sulfate, Glauber's salt and crude salt cake-.................................-short tons. | 49,567 | 54,725 | 61,820 | 70,333 | 77, 157 | 75, 882 | 80, 924 | 75,296 | 75, 267 | 79,517 | 77,452 | 83,339 |  |
| Sulphuric acid ( $100 \% \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ ): <br> Productiont do | 1,039,938 | 1,047, 544 | 1,051,694 | 1,057,851 | 1, 137, 367 | 1, 121, 357 | 1, 183, 514 | 1, 162,351 | 1,051, 004 | 1,172, 100 | 1,133,353 | 1, 142, 882 |  |
| Price, wholesale, $66^{\circ}$, tanks, |  |  |  |  | 19.33 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| rganic chemicals: | 17.75 | 17.75 | 17.75 | 17.75 | 19.33 | 19.85 | 19.97 | 20.00 | 20.00 | 20.00 | 20.00 | 20.00 | 0.00 |
| Acetic acid (synthetic and natural), production thous. of lb. | 37, | 39,520 | 41, 593 | 38,300 | 42,476 | 40,218 | 36,352 | 41,321 | 36, 941 | 43,069 | 42,176 | (1) |  |
| Acetic anhydride, production.............d | 74, 992 | 80,743 | 83,012 | 77.963 | 77,364 | 78,221 | 79,462 | 82,240 | 70, 155 | 85, 553 | 84,358 | 88,816 |  |
| A cetylsalicylic acid (aspirin), production..do | 921 | 672 | 1,080 | 1.116 | 1,081 | 885 | 766 | 967 | 1,090 | 1,013 | 1,078 | 1,283 |  |
| Alcohol, denatured: <br> Production. thous. of wine $g$ | 19, 14 | 18,719 | 17.733 | 16,708 | 19, 273 | 16,582 | 21, 265 | 17,839 | 16,288 | 21, 440 | 28, 198 | 28,063 | 23,322 |
| Consumption (withdrawals) .-........... do | 18,517 | 18,204 | 17, 120 | 18,474 | 18,727 | 16. 861 | 19, 888 | 19,340 | 16,340 | 20, 448 | 22,002 | 29,184 | 23,944 |
|  | 2,099 | 2, 611 | 3,199 | 1,467 | 2,012 | 1,744 | 3,118 | 1, 604 | 1,533 | 2,517 | 8,713 | 8,944 | 8,793 |
| Alcohol, ethyl: Production. | 31, 10 | 31,727 | 33, 098 | 37,391 | 40, 910 | 35.2 | 34,763 | 41,466 | 34,721 | 35, 629 | 37,740 | 46, 179 | 5,767 |
|  | 23, 248 | 21,619 | 24,580 | 29,432 | 36. 597 | 44.096 | 44.010 | 54,761 | 59,641 | 65,962 | 71,001 | 91, 085 | 99,683 |
| In industrial alcohol bonded warehouses do | 22, 284 | 20,489 | 23.886 | 29.088 | 35, 979 | 42,735 | 43, 251 | 52, 075 | 57, 299 | 59, 548 | 62,087 | 72, 221 | 74,411 |
| In denaturing plants. .-................ ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 964 | 1,130 | 694 | 344 | 619 | 1,331 | 759 | 2, 686 | 2,342 | 6,414 | 8,914 | 18,864 | 25, 272 |
| Withdrawn for denaturation | 35, 468 | 33, 018 | 27, 870 | 26,611 | 31, 151 | 23, 813 | 20. 910 | 22,941 | 22,876 | 31, 340 | 30, 922 | 36, 180 | 31,628 |
| Withdrawn tax-paid.----------------- do | 4,188 | 4,986 | 6,928 | 3,660 | 3, 122 | 31.877 | 3,035 | 5.080 | 3, 881 | 2, 9337 | 2,051 | 1,719 | 1,161 |
| Creosote oil, production .-.-.-.....thous of | 12, 769 | 10,929 | 11. 510 | 11, 407 | 11,756 | 11.747 | 13,373 | 11,851 | 11.668 | 12, 997 | 12,971 | 12,703 |  |
| Ethyl acetate ( $85 \%$ ), production....- thous. of lb_ Glverin, refined ( $100 \%$ basis): | 5,624 | 5,646 | 7,737 | 7,922 | 8,168 | 7,824 | 7,665 | 11,749 | 7,861 | 9,307 | 10,463 | 9, 235 |  |
| High gravity and yellow distilled: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 8,079 | 4, 822 | 7,419 | 7,631 | 8,222 | 8,821 | 8,829 | 8, 450 | 7,753 | 8,635 | 7,603 | 7,882 | 6,314 |
| Consumption | 7,961 | 7,239 | 8, 581 | 8. 007 | 8,850 | 8. 994 | 8.257 | 8.038 | 7.629 | 7, 591 | 7,541 | 8,211 | 7,173 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Stocks } \\ & \text { Cheminally pu } \end{aligned}$ | 15, 132 | 13,518 | 12, 297 | 12,855 | 13,070 | 14,180 | 15. 983 | 17,646 | 17, 204 | 18,644 | 18,820 | 19,026 | 18,664 |
| Production | 9. 932 | 7,430 | 12,262 | 12,098 | 13, 435 | 11,827 | 12.968 | 14, 199 | 13,499 | 14,326 | 13, 299 | 11.098 | 10,575 |
| Consumpti | 8,011 | 7,399 | 9,007 | 8,450 | 8.363 | 8,246 | 7,961 | 8. 774 | 7, 687 | 8,423 | 7,473 | 8,263 | 7,003 |
| Stocks.- | 22, 537 | 18,444 | 17,787 | 18, 172 | 19,368 | 19.115 | 20, 132 | 21,920 | 23, 580 | 26,046 | 27,411 | 27,399 | 27,787 |
| Methanol, production: Natural (100\%) |  |  | 184 | 183 | 177 | 182 | 162 | 170 | 156 | 174 |  | 59 |  |
| Synthetic (100\%) | 10,417 | 11,125 | 11,395 | 12,984 | 12,308 | 13,474 | 14,621 | 15,615 | 13,200 | 15,349 | 15,278 | 14,614 |  |
| Phthalic anhydride, production-.---thous. of ib.- | 16,209 | 17,615 | 18,367 | 19,031 | 19,902 | 18,237 | 20, 250 | 19,839 | 19,035 | 22, 114 | 21, 437 | 21, 141 |  |
| FERTILIZERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption (14 States) $\dagger$....- thous. of short tons.- | 408 | 325 | 385 | 551 | 598 | 737 | ${ }^{8} 845$ | 21,523 | 21,308 | 21.622 | ${ }^{2} 1.407$ | 2994 |  |
| Exports, total.....-.-.-................-short tons.- | 450.744 | 250, 642 | 226, 631 | 283.942 | 189, 531 | 206,658 | 145, 250 | 161. 690 | 151,354 | 209, 649 | 244.818 | 285, 718 |  |
| Nitrogenous materials...-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-. - do | 128, 730 | 90, 482 | 83, 193 | 50, 081 | 34, 229 | 31, 506 | 28.470 | 15,907 | 16, 181 | 15, 430 | 17.176 | 29, 032 |  |
|  | 289,520 | 141,469 | 129.904 | 213. 503 | 139,759 | 148,979 | 77,061 | 136, 398 | 117, 286 | 177, 554 | 201, 917 | 238, 165 |  |
|  | 7,147 111.954 | 10,989 50,974 | 7.095 70,484 | $\begin{array}{r}12,741 \\ 129.288 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}11,984 \\ 199,190 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 9,626 154,905 | 78.889 167.832 | 6,496 215,934 | 8,846 230,892 | 8,399 259,450 | 13,407 344.573 | 7,286 282.314 |  |
|  | 83, 783 | 37, 835 | 54,762 | 104,447 | 147,304 | 97, 106 | 123, 172 | 143, 421 | 128.087 | 165,929 | 212. 781 | 214,588 |  |
| Nitrate of soda | 40,269 | 1,110 | 7,990 | 51,717 | 70,666 | 34, 134 | 50.064 | 54,690 | 58,676 | 74, 451 | r 94,291 | 86, 037 |  |
| Phosphate materials.---.---------------- do | 15,321 | 3, 298 | 7,153 | 11.496 | 4,542 | 5, 503 | 9. 187 | 5. 296 | 7,786 | 12, 834 | 8,918 | 7. 934 |  |
| Potash materials | 1,056 | 2,518 | 3,407 | 3,365 | 33,814 | 43,723 | 29,343 | 58,309 | 77, 413 | 63, 701 | 31, 105 | 23, 122 |  |
| Price, wholesale, port warehouses..-------.--dol. per short ton | 51.50 | 50 | 51.50 | 51.50 | 51.50 | 1.50 | 51.50 | 53. 50 | 3.50 | 53. 50 | 50 | 50 | 5. 51 |
| Potash deliveries .-.-.-...................---short tons.- | 134, 624 | 97,301 | 107,056 | 114,710 | 114, 210 | 113,400 | 125,31 | 121, 153 | 105, 636 | 128, 661 | 115, 369 | 110.76 | 101,663 |
| Superphosphate (bulk): Production |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 850,941 \\ 1,194,074 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 732.499 \\ 1,313,007 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 866.723 \\ 1,250,575 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 876.023 \\ 1,224,030 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 953,689 \\ 1,157,052 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 948,92 \%: \\ 1,150,886 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 974,544 \\ 1,207,228 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 985,805 \\ 1,194,507 \end{array}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} 968,233 \\ 1,125,418 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1.107,048 \\ 953,785 \end{array}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} 1,052,257 \\ r 832,185 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left[\begin{array}{l} 1,031,919 \\ 7918,991 \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{r} 875,460 \\ 1,089,612 \end{array}$ |
| NAVAL STORES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production, quarterly total......drums ( 520 lb .) <br> Stocks, end of quarter . .-...................... | $\begin{aligned} & 566.830 \\ & 936,460 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 594,250 \\ & 873,340 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 542,770 \\ & 711.430 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 433.180 \\ & 558,580 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Price, gum, wholesale. "WG"grade (Sav.), bulk" dol. per 100 lb | 4.93 | 5.59 | 6.11 | 6.61 | 7.26 | 8.27 | 8.43 | 8.90 | 8.90 | 8.90 | 8.90 | 8.90 | 8.911 |
| Turpentine (gum and wood); |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production, quarterly total........-bbl. (50 gal.).- | 191, 200 |  |  | 194, 430 |  |  | 159,820 |  |  | 128, 760 |  |  |  |
| Price, gum, wholesale (Savannab)..dol. per gal. | . 40 | . 41 | . 46 | . 64 | . 71 | . 87 | 80 | . 87 | . 92 | . 92 | . 92 | . 79 | . 78 |




 and Drug Reporter, has been substituted for the "H" grade formerly shown. Data beginning 1935 are shown on p. 24 of the September 1950 SURVEX.

| Caless otherwise stated, statistics through 1948 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1949 Statistical Supplenent to the Survey | 1950 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1951 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | $\underset{\text { ber }}{\text { Septem }}$ | October | November | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Decem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | January | $\underset{\text { Febru- }}{\substack{\text { Fary }}}$ | March | April | M:ay | Jun. |

## CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS-Continued

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline MISCELLANEOUS \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Explosives (industrial), shipments: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Black blasting powder---.-........ thous. of lb-- \& 1,148 \& 1,235 \& 1,837 \& 1,912 \& 2, 058 \& 1.626
59 \& 1.955 \& 1,772 \& 1,407 \& 985 \& \({ }^{936}\) \& 743 \& 78 \\
\hline  \& 59,805 \& 55, 128 \& 68,581 \& 60, 822 \& 64, 557 \& 59,724 \& 56,378 \& 51,896 \& 49,211 \& 54, 277 \& 59, 128 \& 63, 285 \& 60, 的: \\
\hline Production .-.-.-.......................- Iong tons.. \& 487, 845 \& 466,063 \& 436,612 \& 446, 245 \& 440,262 \& 424. 269 \& 435. 290 \& 452,060 \& 7 \& \({ }^{453} \mathbf{6 8 5}\) \& 19.312 \& 43 \& 121.110 \\
\hline  \& 2,956,333 \& 2,975, 927 \& 2, 935, 503 \& 2, 853, 688 \& 2, 822,913 \& 2, 762, 528 \& 2,654. 530 \& 2. 736,188 \& 2, 759,837 \& 2, 796,784 \& 2, 750,305 \& 2. 711,267 \& 2, 719, 521 \\
\hline FATS, OILS, OILSEEDS, AND BYPRODUCTS \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Animal fats, greases, and oils: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Animal fats: \\
thous. of lb
\end{tabular} \& 299. 189 \& 255, 357 \& 272, 295 \& 260, 795 \& 300, 360 \& 354, 641 \& 393, 136 \& 411,375 \& 236, 747 \& 318, 211 \& - 308.408 \& -326, 209 \& 3118, \(25 ;\) \\
\hline  \& 96,559 \& 74, 577 \& 130, 289 \& 127, 332 \& 129, 658 \& 119,095 \& 147, 760 \& 155, 320 \& 145, 597 \& 148, 635 \& 117, 4106 \& 117, 213 \& 101, 1+4 \\
\hline Stocks, end of month ...........................- \({ }^{\text {do }}\) \& 388, 296 \& 346, 257 \& 297, 756 \& 240, 930 \& 221, 073 \& 246,609 \& 274, 271 \& 322, 583 \& 302, 854 \& 266, 213 \& 261,037 \& 266, 198 \& 273, 38 \\
\hline Greases: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Production. \& 53, 266 \& 45, 750 \& 52. 282 \& \({ }^{50,521}\) \& 53,751 \& 58, 898 \& 60, 254 \& 60, 830 \& 51, 119 \& 51,696 \& 48,086 \& 54. 892 \& 32, 63:31 \\
\hline  \& 40, 163
122920 \& 30,615
118.590 \& 46.388
110.950 \& 50,402 \& 58,114
86,676 \& 47,615
82816 \& \begin{tabular}{l} 
63, 567 \\
92 \\
\hline 536
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{l}
67,535 \\
99 \\
\hline 9
\end{tabular} \& 58,455
88,661 \& 55,344
82568 \& 47,750
86779 \& 48. 118 \& 40. \(\times 41\) \\
\hline Fish oils, end of month \& 122,920 \& 118,590 \& 110,950 \& 94, 200 \& 86,676 \& \& \& 99, 139 \& 88,661 \& 82, 568 \& 86,779 \& 94, 307 \& M, \%s) \\
\hline  \& 17,506 \& 23, 113 \& . 486 \& 22,517 \& 22,961 \& 11, 247 \& 10.006 \& 4,519 \& 836 \& 716 \& 890 \& 9. 189 \& 19.082 \\
\hline Consumption, factory .....-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-. - do \& 13,990 \& 14,401 \& 18. 145 \& 18,152 \& 20,467 \& 17,025 \& 15.301 \& 16,998 \& 14,780 \& 13, 634 \& 11. 543 \& 10, 443 \& 10. 194 \\
\hline Stocks, end of month --.........-.-.-.- do \& 148,093 \& \({ }^{1} 49,440\) \& \({ }^{159,821}\) \& \({ }^{1} 75,917\) \& \({ }^{1} 68,503\) \& \({ }^{1} 69,024\) \& \({ }^{1} 72,207\) \& \({ }^{1} 64,635\) \& 163,177 \& \({ }^{1} 54,817\) \& \({ }^{1} 45,921\) \& \(r^{162,053}\) \& \({ }^{1} 77,911\) \\
\hline Vegetable oils, oilseeds, and byproducts: Vegetable oils, total: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Production, crude...................-mil. of lb.- \& 354 \& 368 \& 381 \& 431 \& 560 \& 571 \& 545 \& 550 \& 474 \& 501 \& 428 \& 420 \& 371 \\
\hline Consumption, crude, factory--.---.---....do \& 375 \& 330 \& 456 \& 430 \& 497 \& 523 \& 470 \& 542 \& 484 \& 517 \& 434 \& 398 \& 342 \\
\hline Stocks, end of month: \& 1758 \& 1787 \& 1736 \& 1826 \& 1884 \& 1960 \& \({ }^{1} 1,023\) \& \({ }^{1} 1,065\) \& 11,071 \& \({ }^{1} 1,048\) \& 1,045 \& , 062 \& ,023 \\
\hline  \& 363 \& 297 \& 214 \& 189 \& 216 \& 269 \& \({ }^{297}\) \& 321 \& \({ }^{1,0156}\) \& 416 \& 461 \& 443 \& 419 \\
\hline  \& 38,327 \& 32, 421 \& 17,627 \& 40,406 \& 47,330 \& 41,546 \& 63,350 \& 33,189 \& 30, 036 \& 47, 188 \& 61,070 \& 64, 624 \& \\
\hline  \& 40,639 \& 33,922
9 \& 52,839 \& 66. 112 \& 62,848 \& 46. 535 \& 55, 328 \& 56, 214 \& 44, 440 \& 46,174
5
5 \& 36,723
4619 \& 45. 093 \& \\
\hline Paint oils
All other \& 10,389
30,250 \& 9,988
\(\mathbf{2 3 , 9 3 4}\) \& 14,530
38,309 \& 19,834
45,277 \& 15,022
47,827 \& 12.406 \& 11,048
44,280 \& 8,976
47,238 \& 2,430
42,010 \& 5,036
41,138 \& 4,619
32,104 \& 7,677
37,415 \& \\
\hline Copra: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Consumption, factory....-........-short tons. \& 27, 134 \& 21, 050 \& 37, 356 \& 40, 929 \& 45,619 \& 35, 393 \& 31, 828 \& 33.187 \& 29,697 \& 37,616 \& 33, 340 \& 38,365 \& 26.769 \\
\hline Stocks, end of month \& 10,342
26,064 \& 16,295
36,449 \& 14,968
43,286 \& 16,417
52,213 \& 17,740
52,841 \& 27,890
55,996 \& 27.851
38.743 \& 23.092
52.396 \& 40,324
57897 \& 30,386
41,987 \& 34,241
31,621 \& 22,926
28,100 \& 20.732 \\
\hline Coconut or copra oil: \& \& \& \& \& \& 55,980 \& \& \& \& 41,987 \& 31,621 \& 28, 100 \& \\
\hline Production: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& 34, 211 \& 26,668 \& 48,420 \& 53,167 \& 60,334 \& 46, 555 \& 40, 306 \& 42,166 \& 37,531 \& 48,0 \& 42,026 \& 49. 264 \& 35.112 \\
\hline  \& 22,909 \& 20,727 \& 30, 529 \& 30,744 \& 33,316 \& 26, 559 \& 25, 545 \& 32,099 \& 25,683 \& 31,844 \& 28, 277 \& 26, 499 \& 23, 224 \\
\hline Consumption, factory:
Crude \& 39,642 \& 35,324 \& 53.311 \& 888 \& 56, 479 \& 47.343 \& \& 5, 812 \& \& 6. 197 \& \& \& \\
\hline Refined \& 21,673 \& 17,639 \& 28,798 \& 27, 246 \& 28, 553 \& 23, 262 \& 23,818 \& 28, 118 \& 24,438 \& 27, 784 \& 27, 626 \& 25,060 \& 24, 108 \\
\hline Stocks, end of month: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& \({ }_{7,756}\) \& \({ }_{7}^{(1)} 9\) \& 6, 286 \& 144,709
6,975 \& 161,989
8,962 \& 164,536
10,276 \& 183,938
10,211 \& 190,487
11,824 \& 193,482

11,505
1 \& 1
103,572

12,813 \& $\begin{array}{r}1101,745 \\ 10,239 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& $\begin{array}{r}1 \\ \begin{array}{r}106,153 \\ 10,336\end{array} \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& $$
\begin{array}{r}
194,075 \\
8,469
\end{array}
$$ <br>

\hline Imports. \& 9, 724 \& 4,767 \& 9,586 \& 9,390 \& 24, 248 \& 11,536 \& 18,719 \& 18,728 \& 10,311 \& 12,903 \& 12,696 \& 9, 493 \& <br>
\hline Cottonseed: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Receipts at mills.-.......thous. of short ton \& 47 \& 128 \& 220 \& 600 \& 1,123 \& 793 \& 369 \& 148 \& 56 \& 37 \& 15 \& 15 \& <br>
\hline Consumption (crush) -...................-do \& 208 \& 178 \& 228 \& 404 \& 621 \& 564 \& 433 \& 448 \& 319 \& 229 \& 164 \& 117 \& 96 <br>
\hline Stocks at mills, end of month............do.
Cottonseed cake and meal: \& 334 \& 285 \& 276 \& 472 \& 974 \& 1,202 \& 1,138 \& 838 \& 575 \& 393 \& 244 \& '142 \& 70 <br>
\hline Production \& 93, 264 \& 80, 988 \& 104, 675 \& 180, 934 \& 276, 465 \& 251,982 \& 193, 620 \& 198, 130 \& 144, 994 \& 106, 323 \& 74, 216 \& r 48,437 \& 43,989 <br>
\hline Stocks at mills, end of month.............-do.. \& 163,360 \& 136,002 \& 121, 179 \& 153,478 \& 214, 226 \& 207, 924 \& 190, 875 \& 199, 134 \& 165, 276 \& 130,717 \& 105,949 \& r 94,795 \& 89,767 <br>
\hline Cottonseed oil, crude: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline  \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& 68,051 \\
& 50,748
\end{aligned}
$$ \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 57,790 \\
& 47,667
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
72,730 \\
43,033
\end{array}
$$

\] \& $\begin{array}{r}121,808 \\ 63, \\ \hline 10\end{array}$ \& $\begin{array}{r}195.045 \\ 89,685 \\ \hline 18\end{array}$ \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
182,355 \\
98,408
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 188.678 \\
& 100,065
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 144.222 \\
& 105,049
\end{aligned}
$$
\] \& 103,897

87,973 \& 77,628

60,610 \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& 54,719 \\
& 48,528
\end{aligned}
$$ \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \begin{array}{l}
r 38,305 \\
r \\
r
\end{array} 0,018
\end{aligned}
$$
\] \& 34,127

22,329 <br>
\hline Cottonseed oil, refined: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& $\begin{array}{r}80,792 \\ 114 \\ \hline 183\end{array}$ \& $\begin{array}{r}59,523 \\ 118,382 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 78. 244 \& 85,825
116937 \& 143, 075 \& 160, 209 \& 122,009 \& 126,329 \& 110.864 \& 95,400 \& 65, 744 \& 54, 149 \& 35,473 <br>
\hline Consumption, factor \& 114,983 \& 118, 382 \& 155.135 \& 116, 937 \& 112, 573 \& 116, 590 \& 107, 832 \& 119.877 \& 92. 265 \& 76, 811 \& 62, 876 \& 63, 388 \& 64, 121 <br>
\hline In oleomargarine \& 144,039 \& ${ }^{2} 211,698$ \& ${ }^{2} 35.496$ \& ${ }^{2} 26,052$ \& $2{ }^{2} 26,749$ \& ${ }^{2} 33,460$ \& ${ }^{2} 30.587$ \& 235,140 \& $2{ }^{2} 23,196$ \& ${ }^{2} 23,497$ \& ${ }^{2} 18,355$ \& ${ }^{2} 19.644$ \& 2 19, 203 <br>
\hline Stocks, end of month .-...-.-........... \& 225,034 \& 167,553 \& 97,930 \& 73,621 \& 107, 144 \& 155, 036 \& 171,591 \& 180, 709 \& 204,544 \& 226, 525 \& 231, 652 \& 226, 997 \& 194, 120) <br>
\hline Flaxseed: dol. per lb \& . 162 \& . 176 \& . 196 \& . 205 \& . 208 \& . 237 \& 237 \& . 262 \& (4) \& ( ${ }^{\text {c }}$ \& (9) \& ( ${ }^{\text {( })}$ \& ${ }^{(4)}$ <br>
\hline Production (crop estimate) ......._thous. of bu \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 263 \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Oil mills: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 37,981 <br>
\hline  \& 3, 270 \& 4,119 \& 2,946 \& 3,963 \& 3, 469 \& 3,549 \& 3. 648 \& 3,051 \& \& 3, 739 \& 3,376 \& 3,484 \& 3,769 <br>
\hline Stocks, end of month.-------.........- do \& 2, 255 \& 2,195 \& 2,505 \& 5,111 \& 6,177 \& 9.362 \& 9,007 \& 8,670 \& 8,075 \& 6. 109 \& 5,579 \& 5.565 \& 5,245 <br>
\hline Price, wholesale, No. 1 (Minn.) \& 4.03 \& 3.84 \& 3. ${ }^{0}$ \& 3. 55 \& 0
3.26 \& \& \& \& 0
4.84 \& ${ }^{5}{ }^{(6)}$ \& 0
4 \& ${ }^{(6)} 4$ \& <br>
\hline Linseed oil: \& \& \& \& 3.55 \& 3.26 \& 3. 15 \& 3.87 \& 4.55 \& 4.84 \& 4.89 \& 4.0 \& \& 3.58 <br>
\hline  \& 63, 490 \& 82, 216 \& 57.809 \& 77,316 \& 68.708 \& 72.635 \& 74,946 \& 60, 551 \& 63, 724 \& 74, 953 \& 67, 511 \& 70,002 \& <br>
\hline Consumption, factory---...-.-.-........do. \& 44. 990 \& 50, 031 \& 65, 721 \& 58, 402 \& 54, 657 \& 51,553 \& 49,610 \& 60,401 \& 60,317 \& 68, 188 \& 61,588 \& 60, 826 \& 59, 105 <br>
\hline Stocks at factory, end of month .......do do-- \& 551, 263 \& 569, 973 \& 561. 185 \& 561,102 \& 556, 577 \& 591, 636 \& 609, 867 \& 613, 664 \& 608, 807 \& 601, 736 \& 605, 329 \& 620, 533 \& 623, 49.1 <br>
\hline Price, wholesale (N. Y.) ..........-.dol. per Ib.-
Soybeans: \& . 189 \& . 187 \& . 188 \& 186 \& . 170 \& . 172 \& . 195 \& . 224 \& . 236 \& . 240 \& . 242 \& . 234 \& .90) <br>
\hline Production (crop estimate).......thous. of bu.. \& \& \& \& \& \& \& ${ }^{3} 287,010$ \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Consumption, factory ....-----.........- do \& ${ }^{13,913}$ \& 15,637 \& 15, 416 \& 13, 634 \& 19.570 \& ${ }^{22 .} 799$ \& 24, 687 \& 25,075 \& 22, 470 \& 24,737 \& 21,918 \& 21,260 \& 17, 842 <br>
\hline Stocks, end of month \& 28,478 \& 19,315 \& 9, 003 \& 2,484 \& 57, 878 \& 81, 201 \& 77, 163 \& 78,682 \& 72,988 \& 62, 798 \& 53, 983 \& 42, 192 \& 33.347 <br>
\hline Production: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Crude \& 141, 705 \& 159, 261 \& 157, 026 \& 137,695 \& 190, 723 \& 216, 217 \& 235, 609 \& 240, 745 \& 215, 973 \& 240, 426 \& 212,077 \& 209, 264 \& 176,33: <br>
\hline  \& 132, 235 \& 109,087 \& 166, 442 \& 145, 546 \& 153, 276 \& 170,013 \& 163, 893 \& 201, 298 \& 171,360 \& 201,472 \& 180, 217 \& 163, 260 \& 139, 1-4 <br>
\hline Consumption, factory, refined \& 120, 525 \& 100, 548 \& 162,308 \& 149,258 \& 156, 275 \& 167,065 \& 160, 038 \& 184, 543 \& 162, 202 \& 165,942 \& 141, 076 \& 157.851 \& 134, 59\% <br>
\hline Crude......-...-..................-.-. - do \& 88, 338 \& 104,423 \& 75.971 \& 53,358 \& 65, 896 \& 81, 162 \& 99,828 \& 113,499 \& 131, 235 \& 130, 692 \& 125, 870 \& 124,800 \& 177, 38:3 <br>
\hline Refined \& 77, 528 \& 73, 394 \& 67, 121 \& 60, 116 \& 51, 274 \& 51,045 \& 54, 237 \& 65,175 \& 70,495 \& 95.790 \& 129.607 \& 110,641 \& 113.71.5 <br>
\hline Price, wholesale, edible (N. Y.).-. dol. per lb-- \& . 171 \& . 174 \& 185 \& . 203 \& . 191 \& . 215 \& . 250 \& . 268 \& . 266 \& . 278 \& . 282 \& 258 \& 113.225 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

$r$ Revised. ${ }^{1}$ Data for crude palm, coconut, castor, and sperm oil are excluded from the pertinent items for June-August; beginning September 1950, these oils have been restored ou a commercial stocks hasis.
${ }_{2}^{2}$ Compiled by the U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census.
${ }^{3}$ December 1 estimate. ${ }^{4}$ No quotation. ${ }^{5}$ July 1 estimate. ${ }_{6}$ Less than 500 bushels.
$\dagger$ Revised series. Begming in the September 1949 Survey, data include oleomargarine of vegetable or animal origin.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1948 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1949 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1950 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1951 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | Septem- ber | Oetober | Novernber | December | January | February | March | April | May | June |

## CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS—Continued

| FATS, OILS, ETC.-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Vegetable oils, oilseeds, etc.-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oleomargarine: <br> Production. thous. of lb.. | 69, 334 | ${ }^{1} 89,425$ | ${ }^{1} 84,129$ | ${ }^{1} 64,829$ | ${ }^{1} 74,234$ | 193,852 | 189,959 | ${ }^{1} 112,813$ | 179,493 | 191,137 | ${ }^{1} 71.394$ | 180,344 | 171,301 |
| Stocks (factory and warehouse)*-.....do... | 24,247 | 12, 193 | 21,383 | 16, 811 | 14,807 | 12,645 | 14,150 | 19,905 | 21.811 | 22,987 | 20.056 | 17.959 | 19,685 |
| Price wholesale, vegetable, delivered (eastern <br> U.S.) dol. per lb | . 244 | 249 | . 264 | . 269 | . 264 | . 279 | . 294 | . 316 | . 324 | . 324 | . 324 | . 316 | . 304 |
| Shortenings and componnds: thous of 1 b | 115,440 | 101,037 | 180, 280 | 150,820 | 142, 215 | 155, 333 | 144, 092 | 160, 179 | 138,518 | 112,025 | 98.840 | 106, 416 |  |
|  | 117, 648 | 71.189 | 180,544 | 71.852 | 85, 962 | 81, 121 | 103, 583 | -88,956 | 138,818 99,623 | 123, 554 | 98.840 152.844 | 151, 602 | 86, 140,550 |
| PAINT SALES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Paint, varnish, lacquer, and filler, total | 108,910 | 99,212 | 122, 629 | 103, 323 | 99,384 | 87,384 | 82,117 |  | 99,792 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 108, 98.634 | 89,857 | 117, 16.5 | 103,323 93,170 | 90, 366 | 79,599 | 74,474 | 101,046 | 99,792 90,969 | $113,4.36$ 103,693 | 106,060 96,651 | 110,639 $\times 100,175$ | 104,673 94,506 |
|  | 36,719 | 33, 008 | 42, 161 | 38, 417 | 41, 114 | 37,575 | 35, 111 | 41,149 | 37,361 | 44,387 | 41, 786 | r 41, 357 | 38,972 |
|  | 61,915 | 56,849 | 69,004 | 54, 753 | 49, 252 | 42, 024 | 39,363 | 59, 898 | 53, 608 | 59, 306 | 54, 864 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 588,817$ | 55, 634 |
|  | 10,276 | 9,354 | 11,465 | 10,153 | 9,018 | 7,785 | 7,643 | 10,072 | 8,823 | 9,743 | 9,410 | r 10, 464 | 10, 167 |
| SYNTHETIC PLASTICS AND RESIN MATERIALS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production:* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Celmose acetate and mixed ester plasties: Sherts, rods, and tubes..-... thous. of 1 b .- | 2, 072 | 2, 397 | 2,585 | 2,719 | 2,831 | 2,659 | 2,812 | 3,154 | 2,589 | 2,986 | 3,261 | 2895 |  |
| Molding and extrusion materials........do..- | 6, 603 | 7,240 | 8.389 | 7,248 | 8,643 | 6,696 | 7,069 | 7,205 | 5,802 | 6,215 | 6. 707 | 6, 100 |  |
| Nitrocellulose, sheets, rods, and tubes..... do.... | 628 | 563 | 798 | . 638 | 711 | 706 | 873 | 730 | 6688 | 807 | 695 | 726 |  |
| Other cellulose plasties....................-. do...- | 817 | 830 | 1,111 | 1, 150 | 1,329 | 1, 069 | 815 | 1,334 | 1,056 | 1,252 | 1.044 | 1,152 |  |
| Phenolic and other tar acid resins...........do. | 32, 415 | 25,901 | 38, 128 | 36,905 | 36, 367 | 34, 529 | 36, 227 | 40, 848 | 32, 541 | 39, 852 | r 37.586 | 39, 292 |  |
|  | 25, 170 | 26, 570 | 27,993 | 29,377 | 29,658 | 30, 110 | 25, 398 | 24, 593 | 21, 717 | 25, 162 | 25,498 | 27, 236 |  |
|  | 15, 059 | 13, 505 | 17, 994 | 16. 237 | 16, 658 | 17, 602 | 17, 178 | 19,872 | 17,360 | 21,460 | г 22,342 | 18, 265 |  |
|  | 32,596 | 34,376 | 36, 142 | 35. 138 | 39, 036 | 33, 731 | 36, 772 | ${ }^{2} 34,400$ | ${ }^{2} 31,813$ | ${ }^{2} 377,880$ | ${ }^{2} 39.260$ | ${ }^{2} 39,730$ |  |
|  | 25,539 | 22,760 | 25,806 | 25, 718 | 26, 614 | 24, 161 | 24, 218 | ${ }^{2} 30,180$ | ${ }^{2} 28.224$ | ${ }^{2} 33,891$ | ${ }^{2} 232,576$ | ${ }^{2} 32,019$ |  |
|  | 9, 500 | 9,348 | 12, 832 | 10, 738 | 12,087 | 11. 683 | 11, 118 | 11, 646 | 10,882 | 11, 996 | ${ }^{+} 10,805$ | 9, 436 |  |
|  | 21,772 | 21,567 | 23, 969 | 24. 893 | 26,807 | 24,890 | 27, 428 | ${ }^{2} 16,295$ | 214.264 | ${ }^{2} 16,563$ | ${ }^{2} 14.040$ | ${ }^{2} 16,140$ |  |

ELECTRIC POWER AND GAS

| ELECTRIC POWER $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Production (utility and industrial), total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Electric utilities, total...................do.-. | 26,685 | 26,780 | 28,869 | $\begin{array}{r}32,680 \\ 27 \\ \hline 74\end{array}$ | -39, 291 | 34,002 29.006 | 3,779 30,632 | 36.726 31.418 | 33,102 28,219 | 36,172 <br> 30,920 | 34,431 29,293 | 35,136 29,871 | 34,966 29,940 |
|  | 18,701 | 19, 273 | 21,338 | 20, 231 | 21,763 | 21.345 | 21,944 | 22,539 | 20,012 | 21,699 | 20,283 | 21, 334 | 21,819 |
| By water power | 7,984 | 7,507 | 7,531 | 7,543 | 7,388 | 7, 661 | 8,689 | 8. 879 | 8. 207 | 9, 221 | 9,010 | 8,537 | 8,021 |
| Privately and municipaly owned utilities mil. of $\mathrm{kw} . \mathrm{hr}$ | 22,952 | 22,914 | 24.780 | 23,744 | 25, 189 | 25, 073 | 26. 268 | 26, 990 | 24, 156 | 26, 551 | 25, 246 | 25, 852 | 25,778 |
| Other producers............-...........-. - do...- | 3,734 | 3, 866 | 4,090 | 4,030 | 3, 962 | 3,933 | 4,365 | 4. 427 | 4.063 | 4.369 | 4,048 | 4,019 | 4,062 |
| Industrial establishments, total.............do.... | 4,923 | 4,846 | 5.005 | 4, 876 | 5, 158 | 5,066 | 5, 146 | 5. 308 | 4, 883 | 5, 252 | 5,138 | 5,265 | 5,126 |
|  | 4,484 | 4,459 | 4,647 | 4.511 | 4,781 | 4,699 | 4,748 | 4. 872 | 4,469 | 4, 843 | 4,683 | 4,836 | 4,736 |
|  |  |  |  | 366 | 376 | 367 | 398 | 436 | 413 | 409 | 455 | 429 | 390 |
|  | 22,694 | 22,637 | 23,777 | 24, 157 | 24,458 | 24,673 | 25,640 | 26,690 | 25,966 | 26, 001 | 25.940 | 25,467 |  |
| Commercial and industrial: <br> Small light and power................................ | 4,107 | 4,277 | 4,367 | 4, 434 | 4,321 | 4,332 | 4,443 | 4,733 | 4.652 | 4, 565 | 4. 556 | 4,482 |  |
|  | 11,547 | 11,266 | 12,236 | 12,301 | 12,611 | 12,556 | 12, 596 | 12,694 | 12,351 | 12,772 | 12,868 | 12,937 |  |
| Railways and railroads-.....................do.... | 5450 | ${ }_{5} 437$ | 456 | ${ }^{447}$ | 476 | 494 | 557 | - 574 | 531 | 541 | 457 | 465 |  |
|  | 5,072 | 5,034 818 | 4,991 | $\begin{array}{r}5,256 \\ 836 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 5. 638 | 5.803 | 6. 560 | 7.189 473 | 6.974 | 6, 593 | 6. 339 | 5,949 |  |
| Rural (distinct rural rates)....-.....-......- do | 694 <br> 192 | 818 200 8 | 874 219 | 836 <br> 249 | 631 280 68 | $\begin{array}{r}522 \\ 300 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 478 | 473 319 | 476 <br> 282 <br> 8 | 546 279 | 724 <br> 254 | 708 231 |  |
|  | 583 49 | 564 | 589 | 593 | 613 | 625 | 638 | 664 | 659 | 654 | 656 | 648 |  |
|  | 49 | 46 | 46 | 42 | 42 | 41 | 47 | 44 | 42 |  | 47 | 47 |  |
| Electric Institute)......................thous. of dol. | 414, 734 | 412. 437 | 421,090 | 430, 680 | 435, 286 | 440, 961 | 458, 072 | 474,794 | 467, 200 | 460, 900 | 456. 779 | 451,677 |  |
| GAS $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manufactured and mixed gas (quarterly): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Customers, end of quarter, total Residential (incl. house-heating) | 9,617 8,960 |  |  | 9,154 8,537 |  |  | 9,127 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industrial and commercial......---.-.-do. | 649 |  |  | 8, 609 |  |  | ${ }^{8} 816$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sales to consumers, total...........-mil. of cu. ft. . | 146, 059 |  |  | 97,507 |  |  | 134,603 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }^{93,636}$ |  |  | 55,747 |  |  | 87, 847 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industrial and commercial ........-......do. | 51, 194 |  |  | 41,040 |  |  | 45,495 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenue from sales to consumers, total thous. of dol. | 146, 139 |  |  | 108,008 |  |  | 139, 521 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Residential (incl. house-heating).........do.... | 107,005 |  |  | 77,182 |  |  | 102, 147 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industrial and commercial .-.-----....-. - do | 38,225 |  |  | 30, 238 |  |  | 36, 455 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Natural gas (quarterly) : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Customers, end of quarter, total ......thousands.- |  |  |  | 14, 490 |  |  | 15,076 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Residential (incl. house-heating) .....-...- do.--- | 12,783 |  |  | 13,339 |  |  | 13,830 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 882, 1,143 |  |  | 1,137 740 818 |  |  | ${ }^{1.231}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Residential (incl, house-heating) .........do..-- | 255,373 |  |  | 108, 884 |  |  | 297, 143 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industrial and commercial ....-.----..-do...- | 601.037 |  |  | 597, 808 |  |  | 659, 976 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenue from sales to conisumers, total thous. of dol | 319, 382 |  |  | 229, 031 |  |  | 372223 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Residential (incl. house-heating).........do...- | 175, 734 |  |  | 92,812 |  |  | 206, 351 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industrial and commercial. .-.............do....- | 139, 144 |  |  | 130, 304 |  |  | 159,895 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

${ }^{5}$ Revised. ${ }^{1}$ Compiled by the U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. $\quad{ }^{2}$ Beginning January 1951, the comparability of the data has been affected by the foilowing changes. in classification and coverage: Vinyl resins, sheeting and film, originally reported on a total-weight basis are now shown on a resin-content basis; alkyd resins inelude all other uses, previously reported with miscellancous resins (all other uses for January 1951, 1,137 thous. 1b.); miscellancous resins exclude all petroleum resins (petroleum resins for January $1951,14,283$ thous. 16 .). production of synthetic plastics and resin materials, compiled by the $U$. S. Tariff Commission beginning July 1948 , are essentially comparable with the series for shipments and consumption (reported by the Bureau of the Census) previously shown here, except for inventory changes (which tend to balance out over a short period) and the inclusion of reports from a few additional companies. Data for alkyd resins and rosin modifications are not available prior to 1949.
$\ddagger$ Revisions for January-July 1949 for electric-power production and for the first two quarters of 1949 for the gas series will be shown later.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1948 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1949 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1950 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1951 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | Septem- ber | October | Novernber | $\underset{\substack{\text { Decern } \\ \text { ber }}}{ }$ | January | Fibruary | March | April | May | June |

FOODSTUFFS AND TOBACCO

| ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fermented malt liquors: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production .-...........-.........thous. of bbl | 9,368 | 9,241 | 9,040 | 6,870 | 6,391 | 6, 166 | 5, 893 | 6,872 | 6,075 | 7,514 | 7,476 | 8,402 | 8,965 |
| Tax-paid withdrawals....................-- do. | 8,696 | 8,511 | 8,621 | 6,845 | 6,913 | 6,019 | 6,163 | 5, 894 | 5, 237 | 6,675 | 6,449 | 7,697 | 8, 187 |
| Stocks, end of month. | 10,982 | 11,196 | 11,078 | 10,648 | 9,692 | 9,451 | 8,815 | 9,440 | 9,921 | 10,341 | 10,910 | 1,107 | 11,362 |
| Distilled spirits: <br> Production thous. of tax gal | 21,358 | 21,695 | 33,042 | 41,863 | 47,852 | 38, 254 | 35,444 | 36,063 | 28, 605 | 35, 339 | 28, 620 | 27,803 | 25,807 |
| Consumption, apparent, for beverage purposes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| , thous. of wine gal | 13,615 | 18,757 | 20, 280 | 15,473 | 15,177 | 17.630 | 24,564 | 20, 725 | 18, 161 | 15, 108 | 11,674 | 13,035 |  |
| Tax-paid withdrawals........thous. of tax gal. . | 8,091 | 10,537 | 16, 142 | 11,348 | 10,128 | 11,064 | 12,061 | 16, 986 | 13,606 | 10, 273 | 5,315 | 7,001 | 7,274 |
| Stocks, end of month.....-..............do.... | 708, 562 | 712, 863 | 720, 296 | 737,771 | 760, 806 | 780, 654 | 795, 181 | 808, 922 | 820, 073 | 843, 250 | 865, 164 | 884, 516 | 901, 106 |
|  | 1,291 | 1,832 | 1,692 | 1,461 | 1,706 | 2,189 | 1,856 | 1,474 | 1,316 | 1,387 | 1,277 | 1,309 |  |
| Production.--.-.-.-.........thous. of tax gal | 12,521 | 10,339 | 15,072 | 17,758 | 20,536 | 22, 241 | 19,244 | 20, 207 | 16,235 | 19,979 | 14,727 | 15,912 | 13,273 |
| Tax-paid withdrawals.................... do | 5,228 | 6,575 | 9,869 | 6,455 | 5,939 | 6,557 | 6, 899 | 9,772 | 7,811 | 6, 107 | 3,076 | 3.713 | 3,641 |
| Stocks, end of month ....--.-............-do | 643,280 | 645, 268 | 647, 062 | 656, 999 | 670, 213 | 684, 031 | 694, 210 | 701, 634 | 707, 672 | 720, 712 | 731,629 | 542,588 | 751, 241 |
| Imports | 1,196 | 1,719 | 1, 534 | 1,322 | 1, 543 | 1,994 | 1,638 | 1,311 | 1,160 | 1,247 | 1,155 | 1,209 |  |
| ectified spirits and wines, production, total ol thous. of proof gal.. | 9, 109 | 10, 233 | 16,230 | 11,081 | 10,233 | 11, 112 | 11,063 | 14,834 | 12, 227 | 8,436 | 4,836 | 6,019 | 5, 896 |
| Whisky --.-.-............-............... do | 7,612 | 8,749 | 14,029 | 9,741 | 9,037 | 10,177 | 10,153 | 13,523 | 11, 170 | 7,269 | 3,834 | 5,239 | 5,240 |
| Production--.-.............. . thous of wine gat | 98 | 44 | 116 | 73 | 77 | 83 | 60 | 85 | 149 | 68 | 195 | 180 |  |
| Tax-paid withdrawals ............-.-...-do | 78 | 53 | 87 | 111 | 148 | 168 | 170 | 86 | 66 | 78 | 53 | 82 |  |
|  | 1,619 | 1,605 | 1,627 | 1,579 | 1,499 | 1,398 | 1,267 | 1,259 | 1,327 | 1,306 | 1,438 | 1,525 |  |
| Still wines: |  | 27 | 41 | 44 | 68 | 119 | 118 | 49 | 35 | 39 | 38 | 36 |  |
| Production | 887 | 758 | 4, 250 | 41,610 | 59,214 | 15,253 | 4,818 | 2,081 | 1,711 | 2,301 | 1,367 | 1,565 |  |
| Tax-paid withdrawal | 7,588 | 8,236 | 11,367 | 11, 271 | 12,657 | 11. 768 | 10, 778 | 11, 246 | 9,680 | 10,598 | 8,869 | 8,394 |  |
| Stocks, end of month | 127, 000 | 117, 335 | 109,347 | 143, 694 | 194, 870 | 198,490 | 187, 747 | 176,428 | 166, 912 | 158,371 | 150, 596 | 142,987 |  |
| Distiling materials prod | 347 216 | 255 1,509 | $\begin{array}{r}12,813 \\ \hline 276\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}38,229 \\ \hline 931\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 459 \\ 124,020 \end{array}$ | 562 36,337 | 534 10.855 | 353 1,460 | 309 $\mathbf{1}, 007$ | - 388 | ${ }_{703}$ | 398 |  |
| DAIRY PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Butter, creamery: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (factory) $\ddagger$ - .-........... thous. of lb.. | ${ }^{\text {r } 167,025}$ | 146, 760 | 124,960 | 103,035 | 91,930 | 75, 910 | 79,000 | 86,675 | 81, 270 | 93,700 | 104, 395 | r 134, 545 | 143, 855 |
| Stocks, cold storage, end of month | $\begin{array}{r}185,167 \\ \hline 599\end{array}$ | 230, 063 | 239, 614 | 234, 111 | 208, 228 | 159, 873 | 105,192 | 75,329 | 52,507 | 33,378 | 32, 207 | ${ }^{\text {r 42, } 590}$ | 73,853 |
| Price, wholesale, 92 -score (New York) dol. per Ib-- |  | . 603 | . 614 | . 633 | . 642 | . 647 | 664 | 698 | . 694 | 671 | . 670 | 701 | . 686 |
| Production (factory), total - .-. . . . - thous. of lb_ | ${ }^{+143,665}$ | 124, 370 | 107, 395 | 89,560 | 80,035 | 67,030 | 67,925 | 71,035 | 70, 6 | 89, 2 | 100, 140 | r 131.695 | 141, 200 |
| American, whole milk $\ddagger$ - .-.-.-.----...... do | r 115, 675 | 99, 180 | 84,395 | 67,900 | 58,095 | 45,830 | 45, 265 | 49,495 | 49,585 | 64, 565 | 75, 190 | - 102, 515 | 112, 040 |
| Stocks, cold storage, end of month, total...do | 254, 246 | 280, 948 | 316,661 | 326,907 | 310,240 | 261, 259 | 212, 493 | 179,577 | 160.621 | 155, 095 | 169,822 | ז 197, 412 | 232, 363 |
| American, whole milk..........-........- do | 229,785 | 256, 395 | 287, 977 | 292,421 | 276, 930 | 233, 733 | 187, 157 | 155, 117 | 137, 397 | 130, 655 | 144, 441 | +169, 553 | 202, 012 |
| Imports ${ }_{\text {Price }}$ wholesale, American, single dajies (chi- | 4,355 | 3, 564 | 8,937 | 6,854 | 5,185 | 4.885 | 3,618 | 5,479 | 9,063 | 4,447 | 3, 212 | 2, 639 |  |
| Price, wholesale, American, single daisies (Chicago) dol. per Ib | 347 | 341 | 349 | . 354 | 360 | 363 | 386 | 447 | 45 | . 437 | . 407 | 414 | 420 |
| Condensed and evaporated milk: Production: $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Condensed (sweetened): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 30,750 | 31,000 | 28,350 | 21, 200 | 19,575 | 15, 100 | 18,350 | 18, 400 | 16,390 | 21,525 | 22, 785 | 36,850 | 35, 275 |
| Case goods .-.-.-....-.-.-..........do | 5,230 | 4, 850 | 6, 200 | 5,900 | 5,325 | 4, 260 | 4,135 | 5,435 | 5,025 | 4,350 | 4,375 | 5,850 | 6,275 |
| Evaporated (unsweetened), case goods .-do | 348, 800 | 302, 100 | 284, 300 | 232,600 | 202,000 | 159, 000 | 156, 300 | 182,000 | 190,000 | 258, 600 | 289,500 | 388, 000 | 370, 250 |
| Condensed (sweetened) $\qquad$ thous. of lb . | 9,733 | 7,368 | 7,016 | 9,409 | 9, 296 | 10,49 | 6,883 | 7,598 | 6,753 | 9,501 | 8,325 | 9,566 |  |
| Evaporated (unsweetened).................do...- | 343, 988 | 340,962 | 349, 397 | 388, 620 | 383,161 | 316, 666 | 159, 559 | 88,859 | 113,207 | 91,682 | 148, 505 | 222, 603 | 426, 747 |
| Exports: <br> Condensed (sweetened) |  | 2,699 | 741 | 983 | 1,378 | 4,327 | 2,411 | 1,123 | 1,969 |  |  |  |  |
| Evaporated (unsweetened).......-........-d | 16,905 | 6,291 | 11, 741 | 18,075 | 8,199 | 8,225 | 9,352 | 8,337 | 8,995 | 13,874 | 22,487 | 24,368 |  |
| Prices, wholesale, U. S. average: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Condensed (sweetened) - .i.......dol. per case. | 9.10 | 9.10 | 9.30 | 9.30 | 9. 50 | 9. 50 | 9.72 | 10.49 | 10.80 | 10.80 | 10.80 | 10.80 | 10.80 |
| Fluid milk: |  |  |  | 5.3 | 5.3 | 5.3 | 5.63 | 6.0 | 6.15 | 6.16 | 6.16 | 6.16 | 6.14 |
|  | 12,538 | 11,870 | 10,620 | 9,396 | 9,081 | 8,402 | 8,523 | 8,960 | 8,527 | 9, 690 | 10,328 | 11,856 | 12.553 |
| Utilization in mfd. dairy products .-.....do .-. | 5,749 | 5,078 | 4,392 | 3,633 | 3,246 | 2,678 | 2,738 | 2,999 | 2.905 | 3,536 | 3,937 | 5, 101 | 5,330 |
| Price, dealers', standard grade....dol. per 100 lb .- | 4. 29 | 4.39 | 4.52 | 4. 62 | 4.79 | 4.84 | 4.88 | 4.98 | 5.09 | 5.08 | 5.05 | 5.00 | 4.9 |
| Production: $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dry whole milk ...-...-.-.........thous. of lb | 13,200 | 11,550 | 11, 885 | 10,400 | 11,300 | 9,920 | 9,850 | 10,784 | 12,090 | 16,330 | 7,030 | 7,750 |  |
| Nonfat dry milk solids (human food) .-...do-. | 116, 750 | 90, 000 | 60,950 | 42,900 | 35, 800 | 30, 550 | 39,480 | 42, 000 | 40, 150 | 53, 000 | 66, 750 | 94, 600 | 102,500 |
| Stocks, manufacturers', end of month: Dry whole milk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 13, 219 | 13, 935 | 13,630 | 12,503 | 13, 284 | 11,644 | 10,231 | 10, 784 | 13,811 | 14,464 | 16,564 | 19, 190 | 22,241 |
| Nonfat dry milk solids (human food) ..... do Exports: | 93, 263 | 82, 722 | 59,017 | 42,445 | 31, 444 | 23,498 | 22,030 | 22,545 | 39,959 | 26,791 | 42,580 | 76, 123 | 110, 013 |
| Dry whole milk --.-.....................-do | 6,118 | 4,643 | 4,711 | 5,966 | 6,047 | 5,308 | 5,334 | 4,644 | 4,483 | 6,613 |  |  |  |
| Nonfat dry milk solids (human food).....do. | 17, 124 | 17,704 | 21,028 | 17,957 | 20, 010 | 18, 994 | 15,070 | 9,369 | 13, 653 | 26,535 | 15,881 | 7,177 |  |
| Price wholesale, nonfat dry milk solids (human food), U.S. average.....................dol. per lb. | 117 | . 117 | . 118 | . 119 | . 121 | . 124 | 127 | 131 | . 133 | 137 | . 144 | . 145 | 14 |
| FRUITS AND VEGETABLES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Apples: <br> Production (crop estimate) ....... thous of bu |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shipments, carlot .-................. of carloads.- | 554 | 254 | 339 | 1,265 | 6,114 | 5,427 | 4,041 | 3780 | 3883 |  |  |  | ${ }^{2} 121,916$ |
| Stocks, cold storage, end of month..thous. of bu_- | 165 | 115 | 102 | 7,321 | 34,451 | 40, 032 | 33, 621 | 27, 273 | 20, 135 | 12, 891 | 6,1831 | r 1,703 r 2844 | 515 |
| Citrus fruits, carlot shipments......no. of carloads.- | 9, 463 | 7,514 | 5,988 | 5,676 | 4, 994 | 6,551 | 14,032 | 10, 944 | 9,849 | 11,994 | 10,958 | r $\mathrm{r} 12,658$ | 10,425 |
| Frozen fruits, stocks, cold storage, end of month | 356, 409 | 414,557 | 461,956 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Frozen vegetables, stocks, cold storage, end of |  |  | 461,956 | 466, 335 | 497,878 | 479,35 | 449,989 | 431, 711 | 408,361 | 390,64 | 361,867 | ${ }^{\mathrm{r}} 418,666$ | 481, 707 |
|  | 235,955 | 283, 334 | 361,366 | 430,576 | 457,573 | 454, 011 | 425, 170 | 375,269 | 328, 520 | 294, 223 | 272, 111 | 「 270,206 | 290, 244 |
| Production (crop estimate) ..........thous of bu |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1439.500 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shipments, carlot. ${ }^{\text {Price, wholesale, U. S. No. } 1 \text { (New York) }}$ | 24, 176 | 12,864 | 11,632 | 15,024 | 15, 279 | 13,513 | 13,702 | 18,588 | 17,165 | 22,836 | 20,735 | r 21, 168 | 22, 430 |
| dol. per 100 lb .. | 3.242 | 2.650 | 3.485 | 2.636 | 2.128 | 2. 515 | 3.121 | 3.039 | 3.315 | 2.926 | 4. 005 | 4.107 | 3.733 |

[^2]Revisions prior to 1949 are shown on p. 24 of the August 1950 SURVEF; those for January-October 1949 , on p. S-27 of the January 1951 issue.

| Unless otherwise stated. statistics through 1948 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1949 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1950 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1951 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | September: | October | Novem- ber | December | January | Febraary | March | April | May | June |

## FOODSTUFFS AND TOBACCO-Continued

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
GRAINS AND GRAIN PRODUCTS \\
Exports, principal grains, including flour and meal thous. of bu
\end{tabular} \& 29,218 \& 29,755 \& 28, 18.5 \& 27,395 \& 29,581 \& 33, 944 \& 39,857 \& 41,338 \& 56.316 \& 59,384 \& 81,788 \& 61.613 \& \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Barley: \\
Production (crop estimate) \(\qquad\) do
\end{tabular} \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 1301,009 \& \& \& \& \& \& \(2 \mathrm{262,590}\) \\
\hline  \& 7,217 \& 5,894 \& 16,968 \& 21,441 \& 13, 503 \& 12,581 \& 9.821 \& 8,909 \& 6,663 \& 8, 801 \& 9,703 \& 6,822 \& 6.819 \\
\hline Stocks, domestic, end of month: Commercial. \& 25, 924 \& 25, 984 \& 28,593 \& 33.429 \& 34,026 \& 34, 541 \& 32, 625 \& 31.635 \& 30, 165 \& 27,476
88
88 \& 24,692 \& 24, 585 \& 24,285 \\
\hline  \& 30, 9291 \& 1,119 \& 1,252 \& 180.508
2,582 \& 2,588 \& 3, 599 \& 139,338
4,181 \& 2, 247 \& 4. 559 \& 88,889
6,173 \& 6,084 \& 2, 515 \& 40, 194 \\
\hline Prices, wholesale (Minneapolis):--.-.- dol. per bu--
No. 2, malting \& 1.687 \& 1. 692 \& 1. 545 \& 1. 529 \& 1. 488 \& 1.561 \& 1. 568 \& 1.687 \& 1. 742 \& 1.738 \& 1. 625 \& 1. 517 \& 1. 388 \\
\hline No. 3, straight \& 1. 601 \& 1.649 \& 1. 484 \& 1.451 \& 1.394 \& 1.476 \& 1.512 \& 1.617 \& 1. 673 \& 1.628 \& 1. 445 \& 1. 365 \& 1. 261 \\
\hline Corn: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Production (crop estimate) ............mil. of bu..
Grindings, wet process \& 10,682 \& 11,371 \& 12,096 \& 11,973 \& 11.932 \& 11.778 \& 13.131
10.867 \& 12,864 \& 11,182 \& 13,004 \& 10.893 \& 10, 860 \& 3,295
10,769 \\
\hline Receints, principal markets....-.----- \& 26,726 \& 26,697 \& 33,367 \& 23, 264 \& 24,371 \& 52,010 \& 42.716 \& 54,945 \& 34, 227 \& 33,010 \& 25,664 \& 21,914 \& 21, 155 \\
\hline  \& 1,060.4 6,644 \& \& \& 486.2
5,317 \& \& \& 2.160 .5
11,151 \& \& 11,621 \& 1.353 .1
12.979 \& 15, 035 \& 8.895 \& 814.9 \\
\hline Exports, including meal ...............thous. of bu.Prices, wholessle: \& 6,644 \& 7, 117 \& 10.938 \& 5,317 \& 7,176 \& 10,355 \& 11, 151 \& 8,825 \& 11,621 \& 12,979 \& 15, 035 \& 8,895 \& \\
\hline No. 3, white (Chicago) - .-....... dol. per \& \({ }^{(3)}\) \& \({ }^{(3)}\) \& \({ }^{(3)}\) \& \({ }^{(3)}\) \& 1.528 \& 1. 7680 \& \({ }^{(3)}\) \& \({ }^{(3)}\) \& \({ }^{(3)} 818\) \& \({ }^{(3)}\) \& 1. 889 \& 1. 870 \& (3) \\
\hline No. 3, yellow (Chicago)
Weighted a \& 1. 489 \& 1. 1.556
1.530 \& 1.534
1.511 \& \begin{tabular}{l} 
1. 541 \\
1.498 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& 1. 1.462 \& 1. 581 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
1.686 \\
1.55 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& 1. 738
1. 395 \& 1. 818 \& 1.770
1.645 \& 1.799
1.703 \& 1.774 \& 1. 1.615 \\
\hline Oats: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Production (crop estimate) - ----....mil. of bu-- \& \& \& \& 11.013 \& 8,977 \& 7,211 \& \(\begin{array}{r}1 \\ 1 \\ 7,465 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& \& \& \& \& \& 2

7
7 <br>
\hline Receipts, principal markets ---.--thous. of bu--
Stocks, domestic, end of month: \& 7.313 \& 9,066 \& 17, 102 \& 11,013 \& 8,977 \& 7,21 \& 7,370 \& 6,783 \& 4. 267 \& 5,605 \& 8.263 \& 9. 588 \& 7,923 <br>
\hline Commercial. \& 11, 268 \& 12,510 \& 18,235 \& 22, 020 \& 20, 381 \& 18,226 \& 17.698 \& 17.585 \& 15. 231 \& 13, 823 \& 13,030 \& 14.971 \& 14.889 <br>
\hline On farms Exports including oatmeal \& 192,392
579 \& 1,055 \& 333 \& 1,168,742 \& 366 \& $43 \overline{7}$ \& 907,660
324 \& 285 \& 447 \& 559,676
1,190 \& 726 \& $\pm 40$ \& 264, 557 <br>
\hline Price, wholesale, No. 3, white (Chicar \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline dice. doi. per bu- \& 947 \& 890 \& 781 \& 816 \& . 812 \& 928 \& 97 \& 995 \& 996 \& . 993 \& 98 \& . 931 \& 855 <br>
\hline Production (crop estimate) . . . . . . . .thous. of bu.. \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 1 84, 380 \& \& \& \& \& \& 294.07 t <br>
\hline California:
Receipts, domestic, rough . . .-. - thous. of ib \& 111,988 \& 109, 357 \& 65. 702 \& 16, 204 \& 163, 842 \& 58,484 \& 42, 174 \& 58, 298 \& 50, 618 \& 5, 169 \& 42,524 \& 4.961 \& 2, 33) <br>
\hline Shipments from mills, milled rice--...do - \& 110,244 \& 73, 299 \& 73, 675 \& 11, 100 \& 24,661 \& 37, 295 \& 58,099 \& 28,657 \& 34.374 \& 25, 414 \& 37,536 \& 30, 167 \& 30.734 <br>
\hline Stocks, rough and cleaned (cleaned basis), end of month $\dagger$ thous. of 1 b . \& 50, 908 \& 47,911 \& 14, 179 \& 14, 274 \& 91.714 \& 90,474 \& 57, 204 \& 64, 573 \& 62, 221 \& 64, 246 \& 53.497 \& 56.873 \& 65.013 <br>

\hline | Southern States (Ark., La., Tenn., Tex.): |
| :--- |
| Receipts, rough, at mills $\odot$........thous. of lb | \& \& 41,154 \& 289, 728 \& 715, 391 \& 999, $6: 38$ \& 402, 280 \& 126, 718 \& 101,464 \& 78,659 \& 58, 548 \& 36. 447 \& 9.933 \& 5. 42 x <br>

\hline Shipments from mills, milled rice- \& 142,501 \& 126,695 \& 145, 146 \& 266, 891 \& 225, 808 \& 170, 603 \& 167, 798 \& 185,318 \& 149,397 \& 125, 950 \& 87,562 \& 7\%.132 \& 99, 134 <br>
\hline Stocks, domestic, rough and cleaned (cleaned basis), end of month $\dagger$.............thous. of lb. \& 188, 747 \& 90, 151 \& 132, 419 \& 328, 120 \& 757, 612 \& 857.876
81.93 \& 776, 126 \& 663,977 \& 569.695 \& 482. 688 \& 419.822 \& 356.857 \& 279.413 <br>
\hline Exports† \& 82, 607 \& 197, 345 \& 83,407 \& 162, 532 \& 107,336 \& 81, 930 \& 77,914 \& 67, 999 \& 66. 834 \& 64, 163 \& 43, 343 \& 13.024 \& <br>
\hline Price, wholesale, head, clean (N. O.) - dol per lb.- \& . 081 \& . 085 \& . 090 \& . 085 \& . 089 \& . 099 \& 098 \& 099 \& . 100 \& 105 \& . 105 \& . 105 \& . 104 <br>
\hline Rye: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 122.977 \& \& \& \& \& \& 2 $25,64 \times$ <br>
\hline Receipts, prineipal markets................. do..- \& 722 \& 1,484 \& 2,986 \& 1,576 \& 887 \& 665 \& 2,689 \& 533 \& 415 \& 465 \& 1.029 \& (i) \& <br>
\hline Stocks, commercial, domestic, end of month do...- \& 5,900 \& 5,786 \& 7,174 \& 7,694 \& 7,518 \& 7,716 \& 7, 871 \& 7,363 \& 6,861 \& 5,851 \& 4,036 \& 2.733 \& 2.004 <br>
\hline Price, wholesale, No. 2 (Minn.) .... dol. per bu-- \& 1.418 \& 1.483 \& 1.382 \& 1.388 \& 1.369 \& 1.463 \& 1. 627 \& 1. 764 \& 1. 894 \& 1.878 \& 1.923 \& 1.883 \& 1.834 <br>

\hline | Wheat: |
| :--- |
| Production (crop estimate), total .....mil. of bu | \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 11,026.8 \& \& \& \& \& \& ${ }^{2} 1.070 .1$ <br>

\hline Spring wheat \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 1276.1 \& \& \& \& \& \& ${ }_{2}^{2} 363.4$ <br>
\hline  \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline Receipts, principal markets.........thous. of bu Disappearance, domestic .........................do. \& $$
\begin{array}{r}
38,820 \\
+239,736
\end{array}
$$ \& 82.214 \& 61,948 \& 45,302

245,370 \& 48,301 \& 39,472 \& 33,
206,

2067 \& 26, 192 \& 21,333 \& $$
\begin{array}{r}
28,407 \\
295,183
\end{array}
$$ \& 48,928 \& 51,853 \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
31,013 \\
326,926
\end{array}
$$
\] <br>

\hline Stocks, end of month:
Canada (Canadian w \& \& 97, 810 \& 85,886 \& 158, 1 \& 197.072 \& 212,742 \& 221, 5 \& 214,390 \& 204, 220 \& 188,379 \& 168,777 \& 166.795 \& 167,086 <br>
\hline Canada (Canadian wheat) - United States, domestic, totalo.......- do \& 436, 760 \& \& \& 1,205,052 \& \& \& 999, 987 \& \& \& r 715,959 \& \& \& 395,043 <br>
\hline Commercial --....................-do..... \& 168, 497 \& 219, 702 \& 256, 411 \& 260, 104 \& 261, 313 \& 253,690 \& 247,318 \& 227, 821 \& 206, 379 \& 193,663 \& 177.355 \& 177.369 \& 157, 848 <br>
\hline Interior mills, elevators, and warehouses thous. of bu.- \& 129, 522 \& \& \& 319. 150 \& \& \& 282, 191 \& \& \& r 200, 827 \& \& \& 87,437 <br>
\hline  \& 55,934 \& \& \& 137. 422 \& \& \& 129,357

335,670 \& \& \& $$
\begin{array}{r}
r \\
\begin{array}{r}
101,052 \\
217,261
\end{array}
\end{array}
$$ \& \& \& 74.018

72.738 <br>
\hline On farms
Exports, total, including flour \& 67,907
21,490 \& 20,319 \& \& 483,642
19,112 \& \& 19,557 \& 335,670
24.140 \& 29,958 \& \& 217.261
38,529 \& ¢ 59, 523 \& \& 72,738 <br>
\hline Wheat only $\qquad$ \& 17, 635 \& 14,789 \& 12,446 \& 15, 799 \& 16,487 \& 16, 367 \& 19,456 \& 24, 608 \& 34,324 \& 33,023 \& 52, 129 \& 42,320 \& <br>

\hline | Prices, wholesale: |
| :--- |
| No. 1, dark northern spring (Minneapolis) | \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline No ard winter (Kansas City) dol. per bu.. \& 2. 2446 \& 2. 2.530 \& 2. 2.440 \& 2. 22120 \& 2. 366
2.179 \& 2.385 \& 2.460
2.346 \& 2. 2.493 \& 2. 2602

2. 476 \& 2. 2.501 \& 2. 3.432 \& | 2.537 |
| :--- |
| 2.384 |
| .384 | \& 2. 2.488 <br>

\hline No. 2, hard winter (Kansas City) --.......do..... \& 2. 160 \& $\stackrel{2}{2} 190$ \& 2. 163 \& 2. 144 \& 2. 127 \& 2. 204 \& 2.329 \& 2. 455 \& 2. 529 \& 2. 444 \& 2.476 \& 2.305 \& 2. 191 <br>
\hline Weighted avg., 6 markets, all grades..... do. \& 2. 297 \& 2. 300 \& 2. 285 \& 2. 285 \& 2. 243 \& 2. 268 \& 2. 355 \& 2. 414 \& 2. 507 \& 2. 408 \& 2. 440 \& 2. 121 \& 2.345 <br>
\hline Wheat flour: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Production: $\dagger$ Flour $\quad$ thous of sacks ( 100 lb ) \& \& \& 21,079 \& 18.869 \& 18.811 \& 18,498 \& 19,6.8 \& 22.24 \& 18,762 \& 19,737 \& \& 18.356 \& <br>
\hline Operations, percent of capacity \& 68.9 \& 81.6 \& 79.6 \& 82.3 \& 74.5 \& 76.8 \& 85.8 \& 88.4 \& 82.3 \& 78.7 \& 72.5 \& 74.6 \& 72.0 <br>
\hline Offal ..........................-. short tons.- \& 353, 333 \& 382.753 \& 422.168 \& 374. 335 \& 374, 874 \& 374.024 \& 389, 965 \& 441,830 \& 372, 315 \& 385,312 \& 337, 876 \& 367.000 \& 342,001 <br>
\hline Grindings of wheat $\dagger$.....-.-....... thous of bu-- \& 41,065 \& 44, 175 \& 49,099 \& 43, 807 \& 43, 719 \& 42,905 \& 45.546 \& 51, 519 \& 43,558 \& 45.820 \& 39,919 \& 43,007 \& 39,948 <br>
\hline Stocks held by mills, end of month thous. of sacks ( 100 lb .) \& 4,635 \& \& \& 4. 931 \& \& \& 5. 011 \& \& \& 4,803 \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 1,655 \& 2, 373 \& 1,308 \& 1.422 \& 1,127 \& 1.369 \& 2,011 \& 1,867 \& 2,089 \& 2. 363 \& 3, 173 \& 2.148 \& -------- <br>

\hline | Prices, wholesale: |
| :--- |
| Standard patents (Minneapolis) | \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline  \& 5.688
5.002 \& 5. ${ }^{\text {5 }} 1930$ \& 5. 5.9162 \& 5.978
5.150 \& 5. 244 \& 5. 284 \& 5. 480 \& 5. 569 \& 6.306

5.819 \& | 6. |
| :--- |
| 5.64 | \& ${ }^{6} 5.185$ \& 5. 559 \& 5. ${ }^{5} .912$ <br>

\hline
\end{tabular}

$r$ Revised. ${ }^{t}$ December 1 estimate. ${ }^{2}$ July. 1 estimate. ${ }^{3}$ No quotation. $\quad$.

revisions for exports (1933-3
ings will 1948) and those for stocks (prior to August 1949) are available later



| Unless otherwise stated, statistics throuqh 1948 and descriptive notes are shown in the1949 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1950 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1951 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | $\left\|\begin{array}{c}\text { Septem. } \\ \text { ber }\end{array}\right\|$ | Oetober | Norem- ber | ${ }_{\substack{\text { Deenm- } \\ \text { ber }}}$ | January | $\stackrel{\text { Februt }}{\text { ary }}$ | Mareh | ${ }_{\text {April }}$ | May | e |

## FOODSTUFFS AND TOBACCO—Continued

| LIVESTOCK |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cattle and calves: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Slaughter (Federally inspected): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Calves.-.-.......---.-.-. - thous. of animals.- | 485 | 443 | 484 | 488 | 515 | 505 | 445 | 433 | 374 | 447 | 406 | 414 | 406 |
|  | 1,066 | 1,070 | 1,184 | 1.196 | 1. 169 | 1,151 | J, 110 | 1,160 | 887 | 965 | 894 | 986 | 787 |
| Receipts, principal markets | 1.715 | 1. 759 | 2,046 | 2.311 | 2,795 | 2. 210 | 1. 694 | 1.827 | 1,364 | 1,442 | 1. 552 | 1,555 | 1,345 |
| Shipments, feeder, to 8 corn-belt States . . . do. | 160 | 152 | 239 | 447 | 763 | 485 | 251 | 183 | 121 | 131 | 151 | 124 | 111 |
| Prices, wholesale: Beef steers (Chicago) | 30.13 | 30.67 | 30.09 | 30.57 | 30.49 | 31.41 | 33.03 | 34. 10 | 34.88 | 35. 62 | 35.95 | 35.71 | 35. 68 |
| Steers, stocker and feeder (Kansas City) do. | 27.44 | 27. 48 | 26.90 | 26.90 | 26.92 | 28.46 | 29.45 | 31.88 | 34.42 | 35. 12 | 35. 64 | 34.29 | 32.83 |
| Calves, vealers (Chicago) ..................do | 29.00 | 29.60 | 32.00 | 32.88 | 31.70 | 32.38 | 32.38 | 35.90 | 38.38 | 36.50 | 38.90 | 37.25 | 38.31 |
| Hogs: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Slaughter (Federally inspected) thous. of animals.- | 4, 154 | 3.314 | 3,626 | 4,137 | 5,102 | 6. 144 | 6.777 | 6,584 | 4,159 | 5,117 | 4,989 | 4, 952 | 4,700 |
| Receipts, principal markets .------------ do. | 2,592 | 2, 234 | 2,345 | 2, 431 | 2,955 | 3.678 | 3,991 | 4,070 | 2, 713 | 3, 061 | 3.060 | 3, 080 | 2,856 |
| Prices: <br> Wholesale, average, all grades (Chicago) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| dol. per 100 ]b- | 18. 18 | 20.65 | 21.55 | 21. 10 | 19.41 | 18.04 | 18. 52 | 20.37 | 22. 26 | 21.62 | 21.01 | 20.77 | 21.07 |
| Hog-corn ratio <br> bu. of corn equal in value to 100 lb . of live hog.Sheep and lambs: | ¢ 13.4 | 14.9 | 15.0 | 14.7 | 14.0 | 13.0 | 12.2 | 13.0 | 13.8 | 13.2 | 12.7 | 12.4 | 13.0 |
| Sheep and lambs: <br> Slaughter (Federally inspected) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| chous, of animals. | 1,019 | 960 | 1,076 | 1,063 | 1,081 | 969 | 918 | 1.058 | 740 | 738 | 657 | 657 | 811 |
| Receipts, principal markets .-.-...-.---.- do | 1,207 | 1. 149 | 1,466 | 2,001 | 1,790 | 1,185 | 3,048 | 1,139 | -673 | 716 | 807 | +956 | 964 |
| Shipments, feeder, to 8 corn-belt States....- do | 166 | 153 | 355 | 576 | 591 | 238 | 252 | 110 | 119 | 93 | 157 | 258 | 164 |
| Prices, wholesale: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lambs, avcrage (Chicago) do. per 100 lb .- | ${ }_{(1)}^{27.75}$ | ${ }_{(1)}^{27.25}$ | 27.12 27.42 | 27.62 28.50 | 28.25 28.90 | 29.50 29.22 | 31.38 30.74 | 34.75 33.62 | (1) 25 | ${ }_{(1)}^{40.50}$ | ${ }_{\text {(1) }}^{39.25}$ | ${ }_{(1)}^{35.50}$ | ${ }_{\text {(i) }}^{35.00}$ |
| Meats |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total meats (including lard): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (inspected slaughter) --....mil. of lb. | 1. 501 | 1. 366 | 1,449 | 1, 478 | 1,621 | 1.809 | 1.948 | 1.975 | 1,334 | 1,537 | 1,479 | 1,537 | 1,442 |
| Stocks, cold storage, end of month ........ do. | 769 | 649 | 542 | 469 | 457 | 103 | 840 | 1,049 | 1,007 | 984 | 967 | ז 908 | 849 |
|  | 50 | 45 | 42 | 31 | 27 | 36 | 56 | 63 | 45 | 66 | 77 | 79 |  |
| Beef and veal: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (inspected slanghter) -- thous, of 1b.- | 628.277 67.291 | 626.299 66.051 | 696,567 79,919 | 704,754 89,485 | 686,636 103,894 | 669.181 124,307 | 650,935 160.544 | 686,992 172,291 | 527,293 157,531 | 576,081 139,378 | 537, <br> 117,89 | 595,451 $-105,463$ | 483,836 92,591 |
|  | 1.990 | 1. 578 | 1,831 | 1, 829 | 1,561 | - 783 | 791 | 1,172 | -924 | $\begin{array}{r}1307 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }^{495}$ | - 385 |  |
| Price, wholesale, beef, fresh, steer carcasses, good ( 600 -700 lbs.) (New York).-.........dol. per lb | . 488 | 498 | . 486 | . 491 | . 486 | . 493 | . 531 | 2.533 | ${ }^{2} .561$ | ${ }^{2} .576$ | 2.578 | ${ }^{2} .583$ | ${ }^{2} .578$ |
| Lamb and mutton: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (inspected slaughter) ...-thous, of 1 b . | 43. 597 | 41,543 | 47,225 | 46, 644 | 47,326 | 43, 293 | 41.964 | 50,187 | 36, 188 | 36, 529 | 32.603 | 31, 456 | 35,892 |
| Stocks, cold storage, end of month.........do | 6. 681 | 6. 079 | 5,998 | 6,486 | 7. 994 | 9,416 | 10, 479 | 10,072 | 9,474 | 7,727 | 5. 435 | r 5, 862 | 5,400 |
| Pork, including lard, production (inspected slaughter) ..................................thous. of lb | 829.338 | 697, 727 | 705, 016 | 726,906 | 886,656 | 1,096, 444 | 1, 255, 175 | 1,237,582 | 770, 708 | 924, 237 | 908. 712 | 910,332 | 922, 354 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stocks, cold storage, end of month .-....... do | 469.361 | 394, 402 | 303.588 | 210,544 | 219,758 | 324, 300 | 499,408 | 668.007 | 641, 565 | 648,384 | 654, 497 | - 616.231 | 575,989 |
|  | 3.851 | 4. 481 | 3, 572 | 3,284 | 3,425 | 5, 504 | 10, 403 | 9,591 | 7. 755 | 5, 486 | 3, 710 | 4,488 |  |
| Prices, wholesale: (Chicaco) dol per lb |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hams, smoked (Chicago)---.-.-dol per lb-- Fresh loins, $8-10 \mathrm{lb}$ average (New York) do-. | .548 .480 | .611 .579 | . 586 | . 551 | 482 467 | .498 .408 | .536 .414 | .571 .430 | .579 .489 | .573 .461 | .853 .463 | 559 474 | .565 .488 |
| Miscellancous meats and meat products, stocks, cold storage, end of month: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Edible offal..................---.-...thous. of lb.- | 43, 875 | 41,288 | 39, 744 | 38,157 | 38,932 | 47, 876 | 58,903 | 63,808 | 56,674 | 53, 081 | 31. 146 | r 49,069 | 46,736 |
| Canned meats and sausage and sausage-room products. ................................. thous. of lb. | 45.952 | 34, 893 | 37,014 | 35,608 | 34, 162 | 37, 199 | 40,374 | 45,708 | 52,530 | 57,376 | 63.254 | +61,637 | 59, 200 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (inspected slaughter) --......... do | 163, 743 | 133, 375 | 135,697 | 131. 253 | 161,749 | 200.922 | 242.183 | 249.441 | 146, 508 | 175, 502 | 173.137 | 179, 686 | 182, 936 |
| Stocks, cold storage, end of month .-........ do | 136.258 | 106. 613 | 75, 496 | 58, 241 | 52. 128 | 57. 794 | 69.857 | 89.321 | 89, 433 | 78,352 | 75.171 | + 68.6839 | 69,004 |
|  | 38.855 | 33, 156 | 33, 126 | 21,653 | 17, 871 | 26,014 | 38. 227 | 47,486 | 32, 277 | 55, 519 | 66, 995 | 68.083 |  |
| Price, wholesale, refined (Chicago) .-.dol. per lb... | 142 | 174 | . 190 | . 181 | . 165 | . 178 | . 197 | . 215 | . 218 | . 213 | . 203 | . 198 | . 200 |
| Poultry: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Receipts, 5 markets...-.-.-.-.-- thous. of lb.- | 36,707 | 41,632 | 39, 168 | 53, 859 | 72,338 | 87,741 | 82, 807 | 38,436 | 27,972 | 34, 806 | 35. 273 | 43.097 | 22,380 |
| Stocks, cold storage, end of month .-.....do...- | 122, 328 | 103, 367 | 105, 179 | 140, 352 | 217.999 | 269, 640 | 281. 972 | 284, 623 | 242, 023 | 192,913 | 147.203 | r 125, 359 | 112, 161 |
| Price, wholesale, live fowls (Chicago) dol. per lb-- | . 208 | . 229 | . 262 | 239 | . 220 | . 232 | 241 | . 272 | 301 | . 324 | . 334 | . 314 | . 286 |
| Eggs: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 5,224 17,146 | 4,687 11,098 | 4,274 | 3,947 3,739 | 4,074 | 3.977 | 4, 351 | 5.021 | 5, 203 | 6,340 | 6. 318 | 6, 156 | 5,270 |
| Dricel egg production_--..-.------ thous. of lb- | 17,146 | 11,098 | 5,199 | 3,739 | 1,984 | 1,366 | 637 | 1,681 | 1,843 | 2. 159 | 2,027 | 3,235 | 2,652 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Frozen---.---------------------thous. of $1 b_{-}$ | 188.476 | 174, 761 | 155,369 | 133,002 | 104,378 | 75,582 | 47,310 | 31,157 | 32,712 | 62,298 | 109,253 | +162,659 | $\begin{array}{r} 29,427 \\ 190,553 \end{array}$ |
| Price, wholesale, extras, large (Chicago) $\dagger$ dol. per doz. | . 342 | . 398 | . 412 | . 503 | . 560 | . 577 | . 577 | . 425 | . 449 | . 468 | . 475 | . 478 | . 517 |
| MISCELLANEOUS FOOD PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Candy, sales by manufacturers.......thous. of dol | 37. 542 | 33, 788 | 53, 723 | 71,989 | 75, 588 | 68,029 | 61,906 | 61,844 | 56,278 | 54,027 | 46,463 | 44, 604 | 41,036 |
| Cocoa: Imports .-........................long tons.- | 35. 712 | 26,475 | 19,849 | 13,494 | 12,830 | 14,596 | 32. 204 | 29.648 | 26,482 | 48,483 | 25,526 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clearances from Brazil, total ..... thous. of hags .- <br> To United States | 1.198 | 1,517 | 1,687 | $\begin{array}{r}1,721 \\ \hline 99\end{array}$ | 1,684 | 1,251 | 1.350 | 1. 362 | 「 1,691 | 1,447 | 966 | 1.281 | 837 |
| To Cnited States. | 803 609 | 1.170 | 1,095 | 999 | 974 | 713 | 977 | 1,033 | 1,304 | 934 | 655 | 847 | 572 |
| Visible supply, United States....----.-..... do. | 609 976 | + 715 | 719 2099 | 797 1987 | 768 1.729 | +750 | 741 1.355 | -728 | 1, 830 | 952 | 730 | 707 | 639 |
| Imports wholestle, Santos, No. 4 (New York) | 976 | 1,804 | 2, 099 | 1,987 | 1,729 | 1,381 | 1,355 | 2, 224 | 2,128 | 2,344 | 1,456 | 1,485 |  |
| dol. per lb. | . 478 | . 538 | . 553 | . 561 | . 530 | . 519 | . 540 | . 551 | . 555 | . 548 | . 545 | . 544 | 536 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stocks, cold storage, end of month ........ do.... | 116, 897 | 137.307 | 153,625 | 158, 473 | 166, 105 | 165, 394 | 157. 722 | 130, 880 | 106,834 | 96,367 | 88.803 | 105,944 | 127,351 |
| r Revised. ${ }^{1}$ No quotation. ${ }^{2}$ (rrade numes approximately one level higher beginning January 1951 ; designated as "choice". <br> $\dagger$ Revised series. U. S. Department of Agriculture data replace the series for U. S. standards published prior to the October 1949 issue of the Surver. Data for September 1944 to December 1948 are shown on p. 24 of the June 1950 Survef. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Unless otherwise stated, statistich through | 1950 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1951 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1948 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1949 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | June | July | August | Septernber | October | Novem. ber | December | January | February | March | April | May | June |

FOODSTUFFS AND TOBACCO-Continued

| MISCELLANEOUS FOOD PRODUCTS-Con. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sugar: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| thous. of Spanish tons - | - 3,349 | 2,721 | 2, 176 | 1,825 | 1,186 | 641 | 246 | 506 | 1,538 | 2, 488 | 3,538 | 3,838 | 3,137 |
| United States: <br> Deliveries and supply (raw basis): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production and receipts: Production. . . . . short tons._ | 45, 324 | 26,003 | 90,775 | 129,607 | 594, 565 | 866, 935 | 531,464 | 111,686 | 66, 422 | 40,570 | -34,751 | 18,463 | 47,954 |
|  | 550, 711 | 587, 920 | 731,339 | 628,737 | 450, 538 | 320, 519 | 203, 654 | 235, 737 | 553, 832 | 564, 059 | 567, 747 | 563, 138 | 620, 832 |
| Hawaii and Puerto Rico------------10 | 210, 870 | 231, 972 | 224,624 | 237, 608 | 149,352 | 131, 587 | 84, 803 | 21, 153 | 104, 596 | 164, 129 | 171, 703 | 260, 011 | 284, 460 |
| Deliveries, total......-....................do | 864, 963 | 1,191,606 | 949,970 | 662, 336 | 515, 189 | 523, 250 | 688,617 | 653, 208 | 556,093 | 533, 772 | 532, 257 | 1, 104, 322 | 824,919 |
| For domestic consumption.-...-....-. do | 861,976 | 1,189,474 | 945, 923 | 653, 505 | 504, 709 | 510,224 | 681,353 | 646, 583 | 546, 803 | 524, 495 | 520,335 | 1,094,004 | 821, 213 |
| For export . . . . - .-.---------------- | 2,987 | 2,132 | 4,047 | 8,831 | 10,480 | 13,026 | 7,264 | 6,625 | 9,290 | 9,277 | 11,922 | - 10,318 | 3,706 |
| Stocks, raw and refined, end of month thous. of short tons.. | 1,178 | 635 | 487 | 605 | 1. 152 | 1,768 | 1.836 | 1,591 | 1.612 | 1,722 | 1,818 | 1,285 | 1,090 |
| Exports, refined sugar ..............-short tons.- | 56, 021 | 7,925 | 1,897 | 2,006 | 1,782 | 5,012 | 7,160 | 1,344 | 1,978 | 3,933 | 16,670 | 21,079 |  |
| Imports: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rrom Cuba | 216, 334 | 236, 455 | 390, 383 | 323, 203 | 275, 485 | 144, 820 | 123,431 | 234,282 | 285, 682 | ${ }_{266,755}^{344,}$ | - $\begin{array}{r}344,583 \\ 242\end{array}$ | 175, 481 |  |
| From Philippine Islands ${ }^{\text {co }}$.-..........-d | 53, 401 | 61,963 | 52, 413 | ${ }^{25,087}$ | 25, 776 | 11, 103 | 8,401 | 13,029 | 83, 189 | 78, 165 | 102,344 | 109, 636 |  |
| Refined sugar, total.......................d. | 27,029 | 37, 310 | 52, 784 | ${ }^{25,736}$ | 12, 109 | 396 | 400 | 21,011 | 21, 050 | 39,364 | 39, 665 | 36, 841 |  |
| From Cubs | 22,998 | 27, 487 | 52, 267 | 21,132 | 11,895 | 286 |  | 20,910 | 20,600 | 39,364 | 39,465 | 36, 534 |  |
| Price (New York): Raw, wholesale. | . 058 | . 060 | . 062 | . 062 | . 082 | . 062 | . 063 | . 061 | . 060 | . 059 | . 058 | .063 | . 066 |
| Refined: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Retail..........................dol. per 5 lb.- | . 454 | 452 | 491 | . 489 | 482 | 480 | 480 | 487 | . 490 | . 488 | . 501 | . 480 | . 482 |
| Wholesale.....................-- dol. per 1b- | . 076 |  | . 080 | . 081 |  | . 081 | . 081 | . 081 | . 081 | . 081 | . 081 | . 082 | . 084 |
| Tea, imports..........................thous. of lb.- | 9, 745 | 10,874 | 8,787 | 8,752 | 12,733 | 8,662 | 5,992 | 7,536 | 7,065 | 9.627 | 11, 756 | 7. 208 |  |
| Lear: TOBACCO |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (crop estimate) .............mil. of lb.- |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{1} 2,056$ |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{3} 2,303$ |
| Stocks, dealers' and manufacturers', end of quar- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Air-cured, fire-cured, flue-cured, and miscellaneous domestic mil. of lb | 2,960 |  |  | 3,160 |  |  | 3,492 |  |  | 3,355 |  |  | 2,973 |
| Foreign grown: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 18 |  |  | 18 |  |  | 16 |  |  | 16 |  |  | 17 |
| Cigarette tobacco..............-.-..- do --- | 148 |  |  | 142 |  |  | 150 |  |  | 172 |  |  | 180 |
| Exports, including scrap and stems...-thous. of lib.- | 22, 533 | 24, 225 | 46, 762 | 72,980 | 68.037 | 52,679 | 44, 441 | 31,550 | 20, 215 | 29,448 | 32, 804 | 25, 718 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manulactured products: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production, manufactured tobaceo, total...do | 20,980 | 16,578 | 23,069 | 21,431 | 23,417 | 19,063 | 14,526 | 19,810 | 18.150 | 19,677 | 18,706 | 20, 145 |  |
| Chewing, plug, and twist.-.---------..- do | 7,881 9,333 | 6,839 <br> 6 <br> 6 <br> 911 | 8,870 10,267 | r 7 7,627 | $\begin{array}{r}7,877 \\ 11,918 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 8,894 | 5,902 5,626 | 8,510 | 7,069 | 7,328 | 6,674 | ${ }_{9} 7103$ |  |
| Snuff.-- | 3,766 | 2,828 | 3,932 | 3,203 | 3,622 | 3,285 | 2,998 | 3,708 | 3, 293 | 3, 565 | 8,789 3,299 | 3, 501 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cigarettes (smail): <br> Tax-free |  |  |  | 3,048 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 32, 815 | 27,374 | 39, 126 | $\begin{array}{r}3,048 \\ 30,846 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 3, 29, 238 | 29,837 29,825 | 2,619 25,000 | - 33,444 | - ${ }^{38,003}$ | 30, 360 | 3,159 29,524 | - 32,976 | 32,042 |
| Cigars (large), tax-paid.........-thousands.. | 471, 152 | 400, 566 | 587,406 | 503, 738 | 553,776 | 544, 792 | 374,800 | 458,877 | 435, 074 | 455, 351 | 444,006 | 478, 693 | 502, 592 |
| Manufactured tobacco and snuff, tax-paid thous. of lb .- |  | 16, 204 | 23,531 | 20,851 | 22,322 |  | 13,498 |  |  |  |  |  | 19,091 |
| Exports, eigarettes .......-.-......-.-millions.- | 1,422 | 1,484 | 1,554 | 1,181 | 1,043 | 1,061 | 1,053 | 1,235 | 1,153 | 1,564 | 1,381 | 1.401 |  |
| Price, wholesale (composite), cigarettes, i. o. b., destination. $\qquad$ dol. per thous. | 6. 862 | 6. 862 | 7.056 | 7.056 | 7.056 | 7.056 | 7.056 | 7.056 | 7.056 | 7.056 | 7.056 | 7.056 | 7.056 |

LEATHER AND PRODUCTS

 - Revised. ${ }^{1}$ December 1 estimate. ${ }^{2}$ July 1 estimate. ${ }^{3}$ No quotation. $\boldsymbol{o}^{7}$ See corresponding note on p. S-30 of the October 1949 Survex.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1948 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1949 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1950 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1951 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | September | October | November | December | January | February | March | A pril | May | June |
| LEATHER AND PRODUCTS-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Leather manufactures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production, total $\qquad$ thous. of pairs Shoes, sandals, and play shoes, except athletic, | 39,070 | 35, 465 | 48,770 | 43,928 | 44,083 | 38, 236 | 35,894 | 44, 885 | 42,380 | - 46, 176 | 38,732 | 37,392 |  |
| total | 34, 221 | 30,954 | 41, 824 | 37,355 | 36,720 | 32, 285 | 32, 588 | 41,451 | 38,862 | r 42,009 | 34,715 | 33,468 |  |
| By types of uppers: $\sigma^{\pi}$ <br> All leather- $\qquad$ do | 31, 192 | 28,748 | 38, 671 | 34, 483 | 33, 942 | 29,971 | 30,239 | 37, 272 | 35,357 | 37,785 | 30,638 | 29,480 |  |
| Part leather and nonleather-...-....-do- | 3,127 | 2, 141 | 3,011 | 2, 706 | 2,761 | 2,313 | 2,401 | 3,106 | 3,439 | 4, ${ }^{3,154}$ | 4,077 | 3,988 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Youths and boys | 1,418 | 1,334 | 1,777 | 1, 689 | 1,607 | 1,317 | 1,193 | 1,250 | 1,155 | 1,235 | 1,025 | 1,199 |  |
| Women's | 16,756 | 16,595 | 22, 300 | 18,810 | 17,677 | 14,784 | 15,309 | 20,689 | 19,634 | - 21,176 | 17,316 | 15,453 |  |
| Misses' and children's | 4,632 | 3, 959 | 5, 267 | 4,807 | 4,941 | 4, 601 | 4,874 | 5,937 | ${ }^{5}, 487$ | 5, 553 | 4,207 | 4, 204 | - |
| Infants' and babies'--------------- do - | 2,861 4,242 | 2, 169 4,026 | 2,961 | 2,, 894 5,783 | 3, ${ }_{6} \mathbf{2 1 7}$ | 2,960 5,362 | 3,037 <br> 2 <br> 288 <br> 8 | -3.552 | $\begin{array}{r}3,249 \\ 3 \\ \hline 17\end{array}$ | 3,447 <br> 3 <br> 152 | $\begin{array}{r}2,863 \\ 3 \\ \hline 178\end{array}$ | 2,909 <br> 3 |  |
|  | 4,242 319 | 4,026 | 6, 199 | $\begin{array}{r}5,783 \\ \hline 363 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}6,630 \\ \hline 39 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 5,362 316 | 2,858 273 | ${ }^{2} \times 1913$ | $\begin{array}{r}3,017 \\ \hline 278 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}3,552 \\ \hline 39\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}3,478 \\ \hline 299\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}3,391 \\ \\ 255 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |
|  | 288 | 222 | 392 | 427 | 394 | 273 | 175 | 244 | 223 | 276 | 240 | 278 |  |
| Prices, wholesale, factory, Goodyear welt, leather sole: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Men's black calfoxford, plain toe_dol. per pair.. | 9. 555 | 9.678 | 10.045 | 10. 131 | 10.388 7 | 10. 388 | 10.682 | 11.368 | 11. 760 | 11.760 | 11.760 | ${ }^{11 .} 760$ |  |
| Men's black ealf oxford, tip toe-.-.-....-do...- Women's black kid blucher oxford | 6.750 5.150 | 6.750 5.150 | 7. 5. 150 | 7.225 5.150 | 7.350 5.150 | ${ }_{(3)}^{7.750}$ | 7.975 5.150 | 8.560 5.150 | 8.800 36.250 | 8.800 36.250 | 8.800 $\mathbf{3 6 . 2 5 0}$ | 8.800 36.250 | 8. 688 S 6.250 |
| Women's black kid blucher oxtord--..---do. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## LUMBER AND MANUFACTURES

| LUMBER-ALL TYPES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Exports, total sawmill productst.........M bd ft.. | 50, 589 | 44,852 | 37,772 | 40,658 | 39,397 | 52, 991 | 66,445 | 54,685 | 68, 282 | 75,971 | 64,934 | 83, 538 |  |
| Imports, total sawmill products.......-.-.-do.-.- | 357, 413 | 338, 658 | 339,051 | 374,698 | 394, 922 | 259, 024 | 240, 937 | 204, 528 | 179,627 | 230, 252 | 232, 274 | 213, 085 |  |
| National Lumber Manufacturers Association: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r}3,579 \\ \hline 754 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 3,338 761 | 3,950 829 | $\begin{array}{r}3,717 \\ 848 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}3,687 \\ 829 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 3,356 776 | $\begin{array}{r}3,009 \\ \hline 05 \\ \hline 0\end{array}$ | 3, 005 | $\begin{array}{r}2,763 \\ \hline 634\end{array}$ | 3,288 | 3,469 760 | $\begin{array}{r}3,793 \\ \hline 806\end{array}$ | 3. 6869 |
|  | 2, 825 | 2,577 | 3,121 | 2,869 | 2,858 | 2,580 | 2, 304 | 2, 292 | 2,129 | 2,512 | 2.709 | 2.987 | 2,823 |
| Shipments, tot | 3,600 | 3, 265 | 3,758 | 3,637 | 3,553 | 3,285 | 2,878 | 3, 199 | 2,884 | 3,448 | 3. 454 | 3,474 | 3,171 |
| Hardwoods--------------------------- | 783 | -703 | 780 | \%788 | 791 | 743 |  | 705 | 688 |  | 786 |  | 632 |
|  | 2,897 | 2,562 | 2,978 | 2,859 | 2, 762 | 2,542 | 2, 227 | 2, 494 | 2,196 | 2,661 | 2,668 | 2,782 | 2,539 |
| Stocks, gross (mill and concentration yards), end of month, total $\odot$ mil. bd. ft | 6,096 | 6,170 | 6,361 | 6,441 | 6, 555 | 6,645 | 6. 763 | 6,552 | 6,431 | 6, 285 | 6,300 | 6, 584 |  |
| Hardwoods | 1, 992 | 2,050 | 2,099 | 2,168 | 2, 203 | 2,237 | 2,291 | $\stackrel{2}{299}$ | 6,431 2,244 | 2, ${ }_{233}^{6,285}$ | 2, 207 | $\stackrel{\text { 2,321 }}{ }$ | ${ }_{2} 7.526$ |
|  | 4,104 | 4,120 | 4, 262 | 4,273 | 4, 352 | 4,408 | 4,472 | 4, 253 | 4,187 | 4,052 | 4,093 | 4,263 | 4,585 |
| SOFTWOODS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 905 | 889 | 989 | 848 | 832 | 940 | 969 | 1,085 | 734 | 1,008 | 963 | 966 | 742 |
| Orders, unfiled, end of month¢...........do | 845 | 976 | 1,044 | 896 | 754 | 734 | 733 | 1,006 | 942 | 925 | 890 | 889 | 704 |
|  | 886 | 794 | 1,083 | 1,009 | 1,007 | 909 | 860 | 913 | 817 | 904 | 978 | 1,045 | 954 |
|  | 938 | 757 | 921 | 996 | 974 | 960 | 840 | 942 | 798 | 1,025 | 998 | 1,012 | 882 |
| Stocks, gross, mill, end of month $\odot . .$. .-. do | 579 | ${ }^{616}$ | 778 | 790 | 806 | 766 | 773 | 732 | 752 | 631 | 611 | 607 | 717 |
| Exports, total sawmill products..........M bd. ft.- | 20,731 | 20, 200 | 17,461 | 17,087 | 19,555 | ${ }_{0}^{23.083}$ | 33,603 | 25, 280 | 36, 804 | 36,536 | 36,743 | 43,359 |  |
| Sawed timber | 4,682 | 6,684 | 5, 324 | 6,796 | 6,661 | 9, 043 | 13,769 | 6,933 | 6,977 | 11,421 | 11,784 | 13,792 |  |
| Boards, planks, scantlings, etc-........... do | 16,049 | 13,516 | 12, 137 | 10,291 | 12,894 | 14,040 | 19,834 | 18,347 | 29,827 | 25, 115 | 24,959 | 29, 567 |  |
| Prices, wholesale: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 475.430 | ${ }^{\text {s }} 82.389$ | 87.050 | 88.953 | . 940 | 79.026 | 78.090 | 682.032 | ${ }^{6} 83.377$ | ${ }^{8} 83.902$ | 683.943 | 683.937 | ${ }^{8} 82.278$ |
|  | 4111.770 | -119. 539 | 126.063 | 128.922 | 129.933 | 130.458 | 132.397 | ${ }^{\text {® }} 131.635$ | ${ }^{6} 131.720$ | ${ }^{0} 132.700$ | ${ }^{6} 132.700$ | ${ }^{6} 132.700$ | ${ }^{6} 132.700$ |
| Southern pine: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, new - .-.-......-........-mil. bd. ft | 840 | 914 | 844 | 760 | 751 | 624 | 633 | 905 | 651 | 785 | 678 | 689 | 605 |
| Orders, unfilled, end of month . .-. .-......-do. | 469 | 576 | 488 | 414 | 391 | 378 | 361 | 486 | 452 | 449 | 392 | 331 | 299 |
|  | 797 859 | 757 807 | 831 932 | 790 834 | 815 774 | 778 695 | 709 | 732 780 | 652 685 | 769 788 | 7762 | 816 750 | 695 |
| Stocks, gross (mill and concentration yards), end |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 788 | 735 | 750 | 637 |
| of month .-.......................-mil. bd. ft | 1,471 | 1,421 | 1,320 | 1,276 | 1,317 | 1,400 | 1,517 | 1,469 | 1,436 | 1,417 | 1,444 | 1,510 | 1,568 |
| Exports, total sawmill products .-.-.-.-M bd. ft.- | 11,999 | 10,448 | 8,324 | 5,501 | 6,976 | 10.607 | 10,571 | 9,328 | 8, 224 | 12, 061 | 9,087 | 10,695 |  |
|  | 2, 866 | 2,683 | 2,445 | 1,544 | 2, 270 | 3,051 | 2,527 | 2,108 | 1,813 | 3,405 | 1,573 | 3,457 |  |
| Boards, planks, scantlings, etc-..........do.... | 9, 133 | 7,765 | 5,879 | 3,957 | 4,706 | 7,556 | 8,044 | 7, 220 | 6,411 | 8,656 | 7,514 | 7,238 |  |
| Prices, wholesale, composite: ${ }_{\text {Boards, No. } 2 \text { common, } 1^{\prime \prime} \times 6^{\prime \prime} \text { or } 8^{\prime \prime} \times 12^{\prime}}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| dol. per M bd. ft | 72.182 | 74. 568 | 81.773 | 87.225 | 82.954 | 79.027 | 78.822 | 79.883 | 80.173 | 80.533 | 80.037 | 79.182 | 78.298 |
| Flooring, $B$ and better, F. G., $1^{\prime \prime} \times 4^{\prime \prime} x{ }^{12-14^{\prime}}$ <br> dol. per M bd. ft- | 142.657 | 144.776 | 148.405 | 154. 295 | 153. 204 | 153. 204 | 152 | 152. 286 | 150. 448 | 150.920 | 149.836 | 149. 210 | 149.210 |
| Western pine: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, new ----..-....------......mil. bd. | 828 | 803 | 851 | 766 | 747 | 617 | 619 | 583 | 456 | 565 | 683 | 740 |  |
| Orders, unfilled, end of month....-.-......do | 758 | 778 | 823 | 804 | 786 | 765 | 770 | 749 | 725 | 709 | 731 | 742 | 754 |
| Production $\ddagger$-.........-.-......................d. ${ }^{\text {do. }}$ | 837 | 766 | 879 | 771 | 735 | 616 | 500 | 388 | 406 | 548 | 659 | 792 |  |
|  | 789 | 733 | 806 | 734 | 721 | 606 | 564 | 502 | 445 | 541 | 630 | 701 | ${ }^{723}$ |
| Stocks, gross, mill, end of month -.......-do | 1,341 | 1,374 | 1,447 | 1,484 | 1,498 | 1,515 | 1,451 | 1,337 | 1,298 | 1,305 | 1,334 | 1,427 | 1,551 |
| Price, wholesale, Ponderosa, boards, No. 3 common, $1^{\prime \prime} \times 8^{\prime \prime}$ dol. per M bd. ${ }^{3}$ com- | 68.53 | 70.84 | 74.69 | 78.68 | 81.38 | 82.52 | 84.47 | 83.73 | 84.51 | 85.35 | 87.07 | 86.45 | 85.73 |
| SOFTWOOD PLYWOOD |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production........thous. of sq. ft ., $38^{\prime \prime}$ equivalent . | 223, 051 | 150, 764 | 244, 051 | 229,340 | 250, 782 | 243, 761 | 233, 634 | 265, 090 | 255, 408 | 279, 415 | + 964,094 | 284, 391 |  |
|  | 230, 444 | 146, 607 | 237, 558 | 233, 608 | 249,789 | 243, 149 | 243, 319 | 252, 975 | 247, 892 | 283, 104 | - 263, 884 | 275, 411 |  |
| Stocks, end of month..........................do...- | 50, 836 | 55, 129 | 60,695 | 56,721 | 58,498 | 57,703 | 47, 747 | 59,039 | 66, 156 | 60,610 | ${ }^{+59,080}$ | 67, 388 |  |
| HARDWOOD FLOORING |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Maple, beech, and birch: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 5,425 | 8, 550 | 11,650 | 5,950 | 5,475 | 5,400 | 4,700 | 7,700 | 6,225 | 5,200 | 5,075 | 3,775 | 4.300 |
| Orders, unflil | 12, 475 | 15, 625 | 19,575 | 19,675 | 19,100 | 19,600 | 18,900 | 20,400 | 21,025 | 20,550 | 20,000 | 19,025 | 17,350 |
| Production. | 5,425 | 4, 500 | 5, 825 | 5,375 | 5,900 <br> 5 | 5,650 | 5.700 | 5,950 | 5,750 | 5,800 5875 | ${ }_{5}^{5,700}$ | 5,400 | 5,550 |
| Shipments.-- | 6,550 7,000 | 5,650 5,700 | 7,500 | 6,100 3,425 | S,750 $\mathbf{3 , 5 7 0}$ | 5,500 3,775 | 5,125 4,250 | 6,250 4,075 | 5,300 4,575 | 5,875 4,550 | 5,425 4,875 | ${ }_{5}^{4,825}$ | ${ }_{5}^{5,375}$ |

Revised. ${ }^{2}$ Excludes "special category" items. ${ }^{2}$ No quotation. ${ }^{3}$ Substituted series. Data are for nurses' oxford, rubber toplift; comparable figure for January 1951 is $\$ 5.920$. ${ }^{4}$ Estimated; based on index computed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. ${ }^{\text {s Data for July-December } 1950 \text { represent a composite of quotations from a larger number of companies. } 6 \text { Beginning }}$ §Data beginning 1949 have been revised to include reports from additional companies (acoounting for about 4 percent of total production in 1949) and, therefore, are not comparable with earlier figures; revisions for January-May 1949 will be shown later.
mall The figures include a comparatively small number of "other footwear" which is not shown separately from shoes, sandals, etc., in the distribution by types of uppers; there are further

 revisions beginning 1929 for Douglas fir (formerly designated as West Coast woods) and for total lumber production and shipments (beginning 1934) and stocks (1936, 1938) are available upon Digitizequest.FRevisipns for January 1948-July 1949 for total lumber and softwoods are shown on p. S-30 of the October 1950 SURvEr.

| Unless otherwise stated，statistics through 1948 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1949 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1950 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1951 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | Septem－ ber | October | Novem－ ber | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Decem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | January | Febru－ ary | March | April | May | June |

## LUMBER AND MANUFACTURES－Continued

| HARDWOOD FLOORING－Continued | 84，${ }_{9}^{8,721}$ | 98，438 | 99，968 | ${ }^{82,785}$ | 71， 035 | 62， 788 | 67， 585 | ${ }_{113}^{113,234}$ | 83， 274 | 81， 813 | 68， 904 | 65， 806 | 51，757 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Oak：${ }^{7}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders， Orders， unfiled，end of month |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders，unfiled，end of month．．．．．．．．．．．．－．do．．．－－ | 91，${ }^{9649}$ |  | 194， 237 | 91， 905 | 89,879 <br> 93 | －93，040 | 681，885 | －91， 9035 | 93， 7919 | － 93,865 | 82,645 87,050 | 65,620 94,499 | － 812,269 |
|  | 95，087 | 86，019 | 103， 947 | 90， 535 | 93， 131 | 86，031 | 73，944 | 89， 731 | 78， 129 | 90，960 | 81， 866 | 85， 922 | 71， 488 |
| Stocks，mill，end of month－．－－．．．．．．．．－－－－－do．．．－ | 24，696 | 21， 977 | 17， 267 | 17，791 | 18， 539 | 25， 548 | 33， 489 | 34， 199 | 35， 489 | 38， 186 | 43， 370 | 51，947 | 61， 728 |

METALS AND MANUFACTURES


## Pig Iron and Iron Manufactures

Castings，gray iron§：

Steel castings：


|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ث } \\ & 8 \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\underset{\substack{8 \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline}}{\substack{0}}$ |  |  <br>  | Nロ世 <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 品品 } \\ & \text { 日8 } \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{5}{6}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { erer } \\ & \text { 芯䔍 } \end{aligned}$ | 出禺象品 <br>  |  | $\stackrel{8}{8}$ |  | 多式第 | Un－crnven <br>  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ner | $\begin{aligned} & \text { t } \\ & \text { er } \end{aligned}$ |  | 若 | \& |  | जn 휸 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ! } \\ & \text { eis } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  | \& \%is | $\infty$ |  |  | comernner Sis |  |
| Nos | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \& } \\ & \text { g } \end{aligned}$ |  | 若 | $\begin{array}{r} \infty \\ 8 \\ 8 \end{array}$ |  | Noい <br>  | 合合 888 | 菏 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { erer } \\ & \text { y } \\ & \text { Ny } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | ¢ |  |  | nt－crnous そgion |  |
| Nos |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { O} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\infty} \\ & \hline \infty \end{aligned}$ | \％ |  |  | 出出虫 g－7e | 荟 | crer |  |  | 잉 |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 出 } \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cly } \\ & \text { Gity } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \dot{8} \\ & \stackrel{8}{\infty} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \infty \\ \hdashline \text { 令 } \end{array}$ |  |  | 合合荅 888 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { H } \\ & \text { Hig } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ers } \\ & \text { or } \\ & \text { \& } 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 9 |  |  | म－ <br>  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 占 } \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \& } \\ & \text { GH } \\ & \text { G } \end{aligned}$ | $\dot{8}$ | O~O |  |  | 合空 8 | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{*} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{*} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { serer } \\ & \text { cise } \\ & \text { cos } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 9 |  |  | N－ <br>  |  |


| 261， 104 | 307， 817 | 266， 896 | 353， 630 | 299， 781 | 296.948 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 16，479 | 9，766 | 18，339 | 19，683 | 22，651 | 21，337 |  |
| 482， 903 | 479， 284 | 402，678 | 403， 012 | 387， 593 | 377， 895 |  |
| 98， 700 | 66， 902 | 46，017 | 54， 489 | 19，875 | 17，041 |  |
| 6， 004 | ${ }^{1} 6,692$ | ${ }^{1} 5,978$ |  |  |  |  |
| 3， 092 | ${ }^{1} 3,321$ | 12,963 |  |  |  |  |
| 2，912 | 13，372 | 13,015 |  |  |  |  |
| 5，240 | ${ }^{1} 5,462$ | 14,951 |  |  |  |  |
| 1，490 | ${ }^{1} 1,337$ | 11，302 |  |  |  |  |
| 3，751 | ${ }^{1} 4,125$ | ${ }^{1} 3,649$ |  |  |  |  |
| 3，362 | 3， 812 | 3，315 | 3， 525 | 8，795 | 14．362 |  |
| 2，997 | 2，183 | 2，028 | 2，453 | 8，837 | 14，990 |  |
| 5， 856 | 7，476 | 8，762 | 9，829 | 9， 757 | 9，128 |  |
| 873 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 6， 211 | 12， 664 | 13， 166 |
| 7，289 | 7，327 | 6，435 | 7，372 | 7，235 | 7,761 | 7,499 |
| 37， 169 | 30， 227 | 24， 123 | 17，335 | 15，072 | 19，772 | 26， 423 |
| 31， 771 | 25,658 4,569 | 20,324 3,799 | 14，919 | 13，258 | 17，696 | 23,731 2,692 |
| 5,398 376 | 4,569 620 | 3,799 573 | 2,417 661 | 1,813 741 | 2，075 | 2，692 |
| 88 | 59 | 69 | 81 | 83 | 49 |  |
| 2，012 | ${ }^{1} 2,298$ | 12，392 | ${ }^{1} 2,390$ | 12.337 | 12,228 |  |
| 1，182 | ${ }^{1} 1,364$ | ${ }^{1} 1,234$ | ${ }^{1} 1,440$ | ${ }^{1} 1,363$ | ${ }^{1} 1,396$ |  |
| 653 | 1762 | 1685 | 1818 | 1767 | 1796 |  |
| 65，942 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 194，950 | ${ }^{1}$ 234， 060 | 1255， 347 | 1267,169 | 1－276，463 | 1274,954 |  |
| 91，510 | 192，508 | ${ }^{1} 888,950$ | ${ }^{1} 101,667$ | 197， 276 | ${ }^{1} 100,800$ |  |
| 51， 091 | ${ }^{1} 54,817$ | ${ }^{1} 54,915$ | ${ }^{1} 60,265$ | ${ }^{1} 57,554$ | ${ }^{1} 61,373$ |  |
| 5，693 | 5，894 | 5．176 | 6，016 | 5，888 | 6，173 | 5.978 |
| 5，676 | ${ }^{1} 6,011$ | ${ }^{1} 5,292$ |  |  | －－－－－－－．－ |  |
| 1，481 | ${ }^{1} 1,775$ | ${ }^{1} 1,698$ |  |  |  |  |
| 53． 19 | 53． 58 | 53.58 | 53． 58 | 53.61 | 53.61 | 53.61 |
| 51． 63 | 52.00 | 52.00 | 52． 00 | 52． 00 | 52.00 | 52.00 |
| 52.50 | 52.50 | 52.50 | 52． 50 | 52． 50 | 52.50 | 52． 50 |
| 155， 258 | ${ }^{1} 174,056$ | ${ }^{1} 163,976$ | ${ }^{1} 190,665$ | r1 181， 908 | ${ }_{1} 189,172$ |  |
| 113， 692 | 1124,002 | 1117， 156 | ${ }^{1} 134,184$ | ${ }^{1} 129,059$ | ${ }^{1} 131.042$ |  |
| 34， 061 | ${ }^{+141,586}$ | ${ }^{1} 41,754$ | ${ }^{1} 43,320$ | ${ }^{1} 40,818$ | ${ }^{1} 39,194$ |  |
| 673， 823 | 708， 784 | 781， 234 | 874， 598 | 924， 202 | 948， 636 |  |
| 562， 239 | 595， 875 | 636，611 | 697， 335 | 736， 701 | 746， 744 |  |
| 111， 584 | 112，909 | 144， 623 | 177， 263 | 187， 501 | 201， 862 |  |
| 127，784 | 138， 413 | 128， 799 | 160， 917 | 153， 947 | 156， 340 |  |
| 97， 786 | 108， 842 | 97，448 | 118， 039 | 112， 074 | 114， 096 |  |
| 29，998 | 29， 571 | 31，351 | 42，878 | 41，873 | 42， 244 |  |
| 8,355 98 | 8，843 | 7，766 | 9，071 | 8，841 | －9，094 | 8，657 |
| 98 | 100 | 97 | 102 | 103 | 103 | 101 |
| ． 0461 | ． 0468 | ． 0471 | ． 0471 | ． 0471 | ． 0471 | ． 0471 |
| 62.72 .0400 | 62.72 .0400 | 62.72 0400 | 62.72 | 62.72 | 62.72 | 62.72 |
|  |  |  | ． 0400 | ． 0400 | ． 0400 | ． 0400 |
| 46.50 | 47.75 | 46． 63 | 45． 00 | 45.00 | 45.00 | 45．00 |
| 9， 024 | 9， 517 | 9，938 | 10， 614 | 10，660 | 10，451 |  |
| 2,604 25 | 2， 766 | 2，313 | 2， 762 | 2， 384 | 2，605 4 |  |


| Enless otherwise stated. statistics through 1948 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1949 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1950 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1951 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | Tuls | August | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {Septem- }}^{\text {ber }}$ | Oetober | Novem- ber | Decem- ber | January | $\begin{gathered} \text { Fehru- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | March | April | May | Tun" |

## METALS AND MANUFACTURES-Continued

| IRON AND STEEL-Continued <br> Steel, Manufactured Products-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cans, metal, shipments (in terms of steel consumed), total | 356, 117 | 396,681 | 551, 451 | 431, 161 | 349,858 | 301, 350 | 352, 487 | 271,782 | 239, 543 | 268, 022 | 276, 145 | 3018.227 |  |
| Foon | ${ }^{228,767}$ | ${ }^{264,343}$ | 395, 266 | 310. 916 | 230, 772 | 192.709 | 235, 523 | 180. 492 | 148,689 | 124,956 | 169, 462 | 206.185 |  |
|  | ${ }_{312,661}^{127,350}$ | ${ }_{364,504}^{13238}$ | ${ }^{1566}$ 48, 186 | -123,245 <br> 382 <br> 891 | [13, ${ }^{119}$, 218 | $\xrightarrow{108,641}$ | 116,964 |  | - 200,824 | ${ }^{10324,066}$ | -106,683 | - ${ }_{259,347}^{1020}$ |  |
| Commercial closures, production.---...--million | 1,105 | 1,124 | 1, 527 | 1,451 | 1,520 | 1,330 | 1,275 | 1.485 | 1,344 | 1,536 | 1,485 | 1.404 | 1.302 |
| Crowns, production | 33,036 | 33,836 | 36,613 | 30, 291 | 28,758 | 29,260 | 26,807 | 30, 925 | 29,040 | 34,006 | 31,453 | 30.282 | 27.432 |
| Stee products, net shipments: Total - | 6, 192 | 5.669 | 6. 326 | 6,145 | 6,504 | 6,051 | 6,433 | 6,905 | 5,776 | 7, 105 | 6,635 | 6.939 | 6,646 |
| Bars, hot rolled-Carbon and alloy-.---- do | ${ }^{693}$ | 596 |  | - 151 | ${ }^{753}$ |  |  |  |  | 792 |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}734 \\ 152 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ |
| mimanufectures Remforeing...---.-...-. do | 229 | 120 250 | ${ }_{282}$ | 269 | 1397 307 | ${ }_{280}^{152}$ | ${ }_{3}^{152}$ | ${ }_{320}^{155}$ | $\begin{array}{r}141 \\ 258 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | 1306 | ${ }_{272}$ | ${ }_{293}^{162}$ | ${ }_{292}^{152}$ |
|  | 807 | 703 | 801 | 770 | 740 | 648 | ${ }_{717}$ | 744 | 631 | 824 | 757 | 801 | 770 |
|  | 447 |  | 454 |  | 542 | 540 | 551 | 631 | 522 | 681 | 653 | ${ }_{116}$ | 685 |
| R:ils | 186 | 152 | 158 | 154 | 147 | 131 | 140 | 158 | 115 | 160 | 162 | 166 | 161 |
| Sheets | 1,735 | 1.728 | 1.756 | 1,697 | 1,839 | 1,673 | 1,843 | 1,977 | 1,641 | 1.937 | 1,821 | 1.847 | 1,739 |
| Strip-Cold rolled | 157 | ${ }_{177}^{115}$ | ${ }_{214}^{170}$ | ${ }_{210}^{159}$ | 172 | 170 | 178 | ${ }_{237}^{184}$ | 167 | 189 | 184 |  | 180 |
| Structural shapes, heav | 361 | 347 | 343 | 355 | 374 | 389 | 365 | 409 | ${ }_{353}^{197}$ | ${ }_{452}^{238}$ | $\stackrel{12}{12}$ | 430 | 470 |
| T'in plate and terneplate | ${ }_{4}^{438}$ | ${ }_{3}^{420}$ | ${ }^{467}$ | ${ }_{4} 24$ | 388 | ${ }^{376}$ | 401 | 408 | 299 | 397 |  |  | 425 |
| Wire and wire products..................do | 471 | 354 | 495 | 433 | 495 | 484 | 452 | 510 | 442 | 524 | 495 | 13 | 49; |
| nonferrous metals and products |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aluminum: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production, primary ................- Short ton | $\begin{array}{r} 60,400 \\ 167,154 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 63,518 \\ 182,954 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 63,006 \\ 207,852 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 59,449 \\ 213,408 \end{array}$ | 62,915 149,449 | $\begin{array}{r} 62,276 \\ 203,2769 \\ { }_{2} 9 \end{array}$ | 65.897 | $\underset{926,515}{67,954}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 62,740 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 70.022 \\ 2029 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 67,701 \\ 027 \\ \hline 2020 \end{gathered}$ | ( $\begin{array}{r}67,721 \\ 180.141\end{array}$ | 67 , |
| Price, wholesale, serap castings (N. Y .) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| , dol. per | . 0864 | . 0882 | . 0985 | . 1107 | . 1388 | . 1541 | . 1575 | . 1575 | . 1575 | . 1600 | . 1723 | . 1725 | . 17 |
| bricated products, shipments, mil of | 175.1 | 163.8 | 208.9 | 207.4 | 210.1 | 197.2 | 199.0 | 210.3 | 190.5 | ${ }^{2} 206.6$ | ${ }^{2} 192.2$ | 185.5 |  |
| astings. |  |  | 39.9 | 42.1 | 47.3 |  | 46.0 | 42.5 | 40.8 | 42.2 |  | 10.5 |  |
| Wrought products, tot | ${ }_{92}^{137.5}$ | ${ }_{90}^{133.6}$ | 169.1 113.0 1 | (165.3 | 162.8 1006.8 108 | 350.4 99.7 | 153.0 101.6 | 167.8 113.1 18 | ${ }^{2} 149.7$ | ${ }^{2} 164.4$ | ${ }^{2} 152.0$ | 145.0 |  |
| Brass sheets, wholesale price, mililo.-...dol. per it | . 336 | . 342 | ${ }_{.} 342$ | ${ }^{1} 363$ | . 369 | . 378 | . 378 | $\xrightarrow{1378}$ | ${ }^{\text {9.378 }}$ | . 378 | . 378 | 377 | . 3.6 |
| ner: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mine production, recoverable copper |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| short tons..- | 74,828 | 72, 582 | 80, 222 | 76, 666 | 77,800 | 81, 957 | ,712 | 352 | 73, 012 | 83, 104 | 82, 55 | 83, 8 | ,994 |
| Crude (mine or smelter, including custom in take) | 96, 754 | 85, 378 | 93, 138 | 86,678 | 90,542 | 90,148 | 91, 218 | 86,961 | 81, 598 | 91, 243 | 90, 794 | -96,541 | 87,08i |
| Refined--------....------------.- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 113,961 | ${ }_{96,}^{9688}$ | 108, 465 | 111, 842 | 110, 435 | 101,410 | 109, 464 | 110. 144 | 101, 054 | 112, 933 | 103,494 | 113, 513 | 105, 127 |
| Deli veries, refined, domestic------------- do | (125,016 | 96.006 | ${ }^{112,107}$ | [119,529 | ${ }^{121,806}$ | ${ }_{511} 11$ | ${ }_{4}^{121,954}$ | ${ }^{108} 5188$ | 99, 985 | 116,793 | 114,744 | 118. 113 | 114, 1103 |
| Stocks, refined, end of month |  | 48, 290 | 50, 1022 | 5. 18 |  | 51,800 | 49, 940 |  | 59,324 |  | 512,800 |  | 60,912 |
| Exports, refined and manntactures.-.-.-.-- do | 1, 17 | 9, 98 | 33, ${ }^{12,250}$ | 12.036 | ${ }_{66} 11,525$ | 12,225 <br> 38,823 | 20, 905 | ${ }^{8} 8.729$ | 16,027 | 14,457 |  | ${ }^{13,481}$ |  |
| Imports, to | ${ }_{39}$ | 13, ${ }^{29}$ |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{\text {25, } 863}$ |  | ${ }^{36,062}$ | ${ }_{2}^{43,812}$ | ${ }^{46,622}$ |  |
| Refned | ${ }_{47,319}$ | 16,235 | 25, 372 | ${ }_{27,673}$ | 28,625 | 20, 159 | 27, 298 | 19,965 | ${ }_{22,845}^{22,005}$ | - ${ }_{15,110}$ | ${ }_{19}^{24,765}$ | ${ }_{21,729}^{24,89}$ |  |
| Price, wholesale, eleetrolytic (N. Y.) dol. per ib | . 2200 | . 2220 | . 2227 | . 2290 | . 2420 | . 2420 | . 2420 | . 2420 | . 2420 | $\stackrel{+}{.2420}$ | . 2420 | . 2420 | . 2420 |
| ead: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ore (lead content): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Meceipts by smelters, domestic ore - .-...do | 35, 811 | 32, 283 | ${ }_{952}$ | 36,912 | 35, 394 | -34,069 | $\begin{aligned} & 36.175 \\ & 36,099 \end{aligned}$ | 35.481 <br> 33,965 | 33,870 31,977 | 37,096 <br> 36,040 | + ${ }_{\text {+ }}^{34,587}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 34,005 \\ 33,198 \end{array}$ | 32,399 <br> 32.244 |
| Refined (primary refineries |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production | 490 |  |  | 49,958 |  | , 725 | 23 | 48,878 51,200 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\underset{67,709}{41}$ | 47, <br> 67,495 | - 51,898 |  | - | 35,619 | - $\begin{aligned} & \text { 51, } 260 \\ & 33,232\end{aligned}$ | - ${ }_{27}^{49,128}$ | 50,927 27.259 | 42.033 <br> 29.437 | 40,963 <br> 33,420 | 40,041 33,308 |
| Price, wholesale, pig, desilverized (N. Y.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| dol. per | 1181 | 1166 | 293 | 1580 | 1604 | 1700 | 1700 | 170 | 17 | 170 | . 1700 | .1700 | 1710 |
| total, except mirs. (jead content) short tons. | 41,523 | 35,646 | ,412 | 41, 831 | 43,810 | 61,002 | 114,69 | 31, 526 | 12,898 | 14,918 | 21,628 | 11. 201 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 6,478 | 2,574 | - 2,717 | 3, 130 7,092 | - $\begin{aligned} & 3,653 \\ & 7,059\end{aligned}$ | 3,529 6,678 | 3, 6.799 , 789 | -3,566 <br> 6,456 | 3,423 | 3,491 | 3.395 | 3,420 |  |
| Stocks, pig, end of | ${ }^{142,644}$ | ${ }^{142,512}$ | 143,717 | ${ }^{141,442}$ | 142.020 | 142, 697 | 140.995 | ${ }^{1} 38,840$ | 137,933 | -38,159 | ${ }^{1} 36.172$ |  |  |
| Govern! | ${ }^{20,623}$ | ${ }^{18,254}$ | ${ }^{19,623}$ | 17, 804 | 17,486 | 18, 554 | 18,618 | 17, 783 | 17,753 | 18, 151 | 17, 733 |  |  |
| Indus | 20, 117 | 22, 780 | 21,910 | 22,587 | 23,666 | 22,931 | 21, 931 | 20,728 | 19,352 | 19,676 | 18, 244 |  |  |
| Imports ${ }_{\text {Ore }}^{\text {Ofin }}$ (tintent |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bars, hlocks, pigs, etc | 8.613 | 11,621 | 8, 254 | 5.136 | ${ }_{6}^{6,357}$ | 5,008 | 4,019 | 5,836 | ${ }_{2}^{2,213}$ | 4,405 | ${ }_{2,273}^{2,29}$ | 1,203 |  |
|  | . 7770 | . 8988 | 1. 0205 | 1. 1.129 | 1.1335 | 1.3768 | 1.4478 | 1.7172 | 1. 8268 | 1.4546 |  | 1.3996 | 1.1895 ${ }^{\circ}$ |
| ${ }^{\text {zinc: }}$ Mine production of recoverable zinc.- short to | 50, 625 | 48, 423 | 56, 221 | 79 | 79 | ,60 | 55,12 | 59,6 | 56.878 | ${ }^{60}, 6$ | - 56,4 | -58.233 | 56,669 |
| Slabzinc: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Productio |  | 77,868 84.116 | 73,399 <br> 79,365 | 77, ${ }^{71.057}$ | 79, 997 | 79,226 79,079 | ${ }_{7}^{79,9} 8$ | 80,930 | 70,285 <br> 6983 <br> 68 | 80, 80 | 77, 862 | 80.430 | 77,679 |
| Shipments, | 68,214 | 67. 119 | 69, 073 | 70, 656 | 71, 596 |  | 72,333 | 72, 068 | -64, 88 | ${ }^{800.462}$ | -7, 6195 | $\bigcirc$ |  |
| Stocks, end of month | 26, 665 | 20,417 | 14, 451 | 10, 267 | 9, 108 | 9,255 | 8, 884 | 10, 212 | 11, 117 | 11, 105 | 14,548 | 17,411 | 15.791 |
| Price, wholesale, prime Western (St. Louis) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 1750 |
| Imports, total (zinc content) ......... short ${ }^{\text {s }}$ | 662 | 38,824 | 58, 685 | 35, 137 | ${ }_{39}{ }_{6}, 456$ | 34, 150 | 31,744 | 37, 163 | 23, 519 | 26, 375 | ${ }^{23,938}$ | ${ }_{31.684}$ |  |
| For smelting, refining, and export -....... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3,292 | 3,100 | 3, 220 | 2.263 |  |  |
| Ore (zinc content) .--...................- do | 30, 141 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 15.594 |  |  | 13.599 |  |
| Bloeks, pigs, ete. | 13,385 | 18, 357 | 12,617 | 15, 413 | 12,841 | 13,485 | 11, 147 | 8, 564 | 4,825 | 7,363 | 10,750 | 15,816 |  |
| heating apparatus, except |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boilers, radiators and convectors, cast iron: Boilers (round and square): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 19,386 100,994 | 25,747 87,568 | 40,329 72,295 | 40,153 58,577 | 38,488 48,885 | 25,754 48,483 | 17.399 48,763 | ${ }^{21.262}$ | 19,438 <br> 52,712 | -19,456 | ${ }_{6}^{12.898}$ | 10.43, |  |
| Radiati |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shipments --...-.-......-.thous. of sq. ft- | ${ }_{7,81}^{3,513}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4,020 \\ & 6,531 \end{aligned}$ | 6,449 4,846 | 5,714 4,020 | 5,798 3,200 | 5,127 2,766 | $\xrightarrow{4,372}$ | ${ }^{4.675}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4,312 \\ & 3,099 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4,655 \\ & 3,77 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,550 \\ & 4,842 \\ & 4,8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2.413 \\ 6,905 \end{gathered}$ |  |

${ }^{r}$ Revised. ${ }^{1}$ Includes small amount not distributed. ${ }^{2}$ Data beginning February 1951 include figures for 30 companies (which operate captive extruding departments) not previousiy $\dagger$ Revised series. Data beginning 1949 have been revised to exclude figures for secondary refineries; revisions prior to 1949 will be published later. The production figures (corresponding those formerly designated as primary) include some secondary lead produced by primary refineries.
$\sigma^{2}$ Substituted series. Compiled by the American Metal Market; data represent average of daily closing prices (prior series was based on averages for the day).
\$Government stocks represent those available for industrial use.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics throunh 1948 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1949 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1950 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1951 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | Aurust | Scpitem- ber | October | November | December | January | February | March | April | May | June |

METALS AND MANUFACTURES—Continued


## PETROLEUM, COAL, AND PRODUCTS

| Anthracite: COAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production.-.-.-------.-.-. - thous. of short tons-. | 4,196 | 2,875 | 4,417 | 3,882 | 4,313 | 3,379 | 3,360 | 4,199 | 3,522 | 2,183 | 2. 602 | 3, 622 | 3,743 |
| Stocks in producers' storage yards, end of month thous. of short tons. - | 556 | 637 | 878 | 1,035 | 1, 208 | 1,416 | 1. 268 | 1,068 | 815 | 740 | 732 | 747 | 792 |
|  | 345 | 275 | 318 | + 480 | 461 | 346 | 328 | 1,374 | 323 | 197 | 227 | 414 |  |
| Prices, composite, chestnut: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 20.36 | 20. 76 | 21. 26 | 21.52 | 21. 74 | 21.90 | 22.06 | 22.14 | 23.24 | 23.48 | 23.35 | 22.50 | 22.82 |
|  | 16.356 | 16. 498 | 16.636 | 16.739 | 16.886 | 16.980 | 17. 121 | 17. 134 | 18.540 | 18.497 | 18.062 | 17.818 | 18.007 |
| Bituminous: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production--.....-----.-........ thous. of short tonsIndustrial consumption and retail deliveries, total | 45,823 | 35,109 | 50, 083 | 47, 297 | 51,376 | 45,512 | 47, 497 | 51,470 | 40,451 | 44,862 | ${ }^{\text {r 4 }} 41,965$ | 43,390 | 44,014 |
| (hous, of short tons.- | 33, 248 | 33,819 | 37, 954 | 36,957 | 38.887 | 40, 033 | 44, 875 | 46,376 | 41,300 | 41,665 | 36,031 | ${ }^{5} 33.733$ | 33, 004 |
| Industrial consumption, total...-........-do...- | 28,763 | 28,581 | 30, 836 | 30, 202 | 32,902 | 33, 270 | 35,596 | 36.095 | 32, 150 | 34, 345 | 31, 185 | - 30, 554 | 29,434 |
| Beehive coke ovens.--...................- do...- | 864 | 795 | 1,006 | 903 | 1,000 | 891 | 980 | 1.105 | 1,038 | 983 | 905 | ז 974 | ${ }_{8} 971$ |
| Byproduct coke ovens | 8,072 | 8,340 | 8,183 | 8, 057 | 8. 480 | 8,006 | 8,473 | 8. 633 | 7,665 | 8,584 | 8,413 | 8,708 | 8,465 |
| Cement mills. | 636 | 625 | 670 | 652 | 705 | 749 | 799 | 745 | 638 | 712 | ¢885 | 695 | 685 |
| Electric-power utilities...-.-.-.-.-.-.-. - do | 6,779 | 6,797 | 7,782 | 7,456 | 8,186 | 8,451 | 9,024 | 9,286 | 8,300 | 8, 714 | 7,583 | 7,664 | 7, 728 |
| Railways (class I) --. .-.----......-..... do | 4,727 | 4,750 | 4,988 | 4,972 | 5,360 | 5,329 | 5,615 | 5.717 | 4,901 | 5, 398 | 4,798 | 4.367 | 3,985 |
| Steel and rolling mills........-.-.-.-. .-. do | 558 | 539 | 583 | -553 | 611 | 668 | 795 | 848 | 765 | 767 | 671 | 609 | 568 |
|  | 7,127 | 6. 735 | 7,624 | 7,609 | 8. 560 | 9, 176 | 9.910 | 9.761 | 8,843 | 9,197 | 8,130 | 7,537 | 7,032 |
| Retail deliveries | 4, 485 | 5,238 | 7,118 | 6,755 | 5.985 | 6,763 | 9,279 | 10, 281 | 9,150 | 7,320 | 4,846 | 3,179 | 3, 570 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| believed to account for about 85 percent of the total orders and shipments of the industry. See note in 1949 Statistical Supplemevt for description of tools included in the index. Monthly |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

data for 1937-50 are siown on p. 24 of the April 1951 SURVEY.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through <br> 1948 and descriptive notes are shown in the <br> 1949 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1950 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1951 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | Septem- ber | October | November | Decem- ber | January | Fehruary | March | A pril | May | June |

## PETROLEUM, COAL, AND PRODUCTS—Continued

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline COAL-Continued \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Bituminous-Continued \\
Comsumption on vessels (bunker fuel)
\end{tabular} \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Stocks, industrial and retail dealers, end of month-- \& 82 \& 88 \& 78 \& 87 \& 84 \& 83 \& 40 \& 27 \& 37 \& 41 \& 90 \& 107 \& \\
\hline Stneks, industrial and retail dealers', end of month, total. thous. of short tons. \& 51,376 \& 51.979 \& 58,964 \& 64, 293 \& 70.478 \& 72. 131 \& 72.516 \& 74, 006 \& 70,662 \& 71, 425 \& 72,081 \& 74, 807 \& 76,992 \\
\hline Industrial, total-.-.---.-...................-do..... \& 49, 198 \& 49.751 \& 56, 620 \& 61, 836 \& 67, 714 \& 69. 389 \& 70.054 \& 71, 766 \& 68, 754 \& 69, 813 \& 70,550 \& 73, 109 \& 75, 258 \\
\hline Byproduct coke ovens .-.-.-............ do. \& 11, 280 \& 10, 395 \& 12,353 \& 13,964 \& 15.666 \& 16.329 \& 16,776 \& 16,960 \& 16, 374 \& 16,751 \& 16. 462 \& 16, 175 \& 16, 247 \\
\hline  \& 902 \& 944 \& 1,089 \& 1. 181 \& 1,283 \& 1.361 \& 1,369 \& 1,418 \& 1,318 \& 1,243 \& 1,232 \& 1,266 \& 1,333 \\
\hline Electric-power utilities....-...-------.-. \({ }^{\text {do }}\) \& 19,505 \& 20, 581 \& 22,925 \& 24,940 \& 26.668 \& 27. 529 \& 27, 121 \& 27,006 \& 25, 875 \& 26, 529 \& 27, 571 \& 29, 826 \& 31,060 \\
\hline Railways (class I) .-..................... do \& 3.802 \& 3. 238 \& 3, 746 \& 3,646 \& 4, 172 \& 4,513 \& 5, 105 \& 5,311 \& 5,046 \& 4.854 \& 4,739 \& 4,567 \& 4,999 \\
\hline Steel and rolling mills \& 951 \& 891 \& 928 \& 968 \& 989 \& 1.005 \& 1,012 \& 1,074 \& 1,044 \& 1,091 \& 1,143 \& 1,232 \& 1,195. \\
\hline Other industrial...................-.....- \({ }^{\text {do }}\) do \& 12, 758 \& 13, 702 \& 15, 579 \& 17, 137 \& 18.936 \& 18,652 \& 18, 671 \& 19,997 \& 19,097 \& 19,345 \& 19,403 \& 20,043 \& 20, 424 \\
\hline  \& 2,178 \& 2. 228 \& \({ }^{2,344}\) \& 2,457 \& 2,764 \& 2.742 \& 2,462 \& 2, 240 \& 1,908 \& 1.612 \& 1,531 \& 1,698 \& 1,734 \\
\hline  \& 2,657 \& 2,728 \& 2,956 \& 2,923 \& 3,085 \& 2, 582 \& 1,827 \& 2, 257 \& 2,412 \& 3,207 \& 4,752 \& 5,507 \& \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Prices, composite: \\
Retail. dol. per short ton.-
\end{tabular} \& 16.09 \& 16.12 \& 16.31 \& 16.47 \& 16. 74 \& 16.77 \& 16.80 \& 16. 86 \& 16.94 \& 16.97 \& 16.94 \& 16. 66 \& 16. 64 \\
\hline Wholesale: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Mine run \\
Prepared sizes.
\end{tabular} \& 8.707
9.394 \& 8.689
9.380 \& 8.698
9.464 \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 8.699 \\
\& 9.562
\end{aligned}
\] \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 8.713 \\
\& 9.582
\end{aligned}
\] \& 8.735
9.582 \& 8.741
9.582 \& 8.741
9.582 \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 8.967 \\
\& 9.76
\end{aligned}
\] \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& \text { 8. } 967 \\
\& 9.661
\end{aligned}
\] \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 8.944 \\
\& 9.944
\end{aligned}
\] \& 18.911

9.402 \& | 19.694 |
| :--- |
| 19.438 | <br>

\hline Production: COKE \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 581 \& 501 \& 653 \& 592 \& 644 \& 578 \& 626 \& 715 \& 603 \& 651 \& 573 \& +625 \& 632 <br>
\hline  \& 5,657 \& 5,868 \& 5,765 \& 5,671 \& 6. 006 \& 5,666 \& 5,981 \& 6,077 \& 5,399 \& 6,042 \& 5,911 \& 6, 122 \& 5,943 <br>
\hline Petroleum coke--............................-d. \& 304 \& 318 \& 315 \& 283 \& 289 \& 288 \& 301 \& 327 \& 288 \& 297 \& 286 \& 335 \& <br>
\hline Stocks, end of month: Byproduct plants, tot \& 724 \& 818 \& 827 \& 855 \& 984 \& 1,102 \& 1. 106 \& 1,100 \& 1,069 \& 1,266 \& 1,410 \& 1,445 \& 1.395 <br>
\hline At furnace plants.. \& 612 \& 642 \& 599 \& 584 \& 661 \& , 752 \& ${ }^{813}$ \& ${ }^{1} 905$ \& ${ }^{1} 932$ \& 1,134 \& 1,219 \& 1,211 \& 1,135 <br>
\hline  \& 111 \& 176 \& 228 \& 271 \& 323 \& 351 \& 293 \& 195 \& 137 \& 132 \& 191 \& 233 \& 26. <br>
\hline  \& 129 \& 125 \& 101 \& 104 \& 85 \& 74 \& 82 \& 86 \& 116 \& 118 \& 125 \& 123 \& <br>
\hline  \& 22 \& 39 \& 34 \& 37 \& 41 \& 46 \& 42 \& 54 \& 51 \& 50 \& 59 \& 62 \& <br>
\hline Price, beehive, Connelisville (furnace)
dol. per short ton.- \& 14. 250 \& ${ }^{*} 14.250$ \& 14.250 \& 14. 250 \& 14. 250 \& 14.250 \& 14.625 \& 14.750 \& 14.750 \& 14.750 \& 14.750 \& 14.750 \& 14.750 <br>
\hline PETROLEUM AND PRODUCTS \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Crude petroleum: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 2,334 \& 2,200 \& 2,276 \& 2,023 \& 2,019 \& 2. 211 \& 2,008 \& 1,917 \& 1,518 \& 1,895 \& ¢ 1,769 \& 2,074 \& <br>
\hline Production...-1.-.-.----.........thous. of bercent of capat \& 161,332 \& 170, 017 \& 175,594 \& 176, 636 \& 182, 894 \& 176.725
93 \& 177, 276 \& 183, 110 \& 166,041 \& 187, 624 \& 183, 800 \& 191, 264 \& <br>
\hline Refinery operations
Consumption (runs to stilis) \& 169,663 \& 182.
1830 \& 188, 078 \& 181, 778 \& 94
188, 393 \& a3
182,539 \& 94

190,448 \& | 189 |
| ---: |
| 96 |
| 19958 | \& 96

183,745 \& \%
200
20.535 \& 91
185,488 \& 199, 524 \& <br>
\hline Stocks, end of month: $0^{0}$ \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Gasoline-bearing in U. S., total.........-.do. \& 242, 287 \& 240, 270 \& 237, 393 \& 242, 311 \& 246, 424 \& 249, 525 \& 248,463 \& 243, 107 \& 235,247 \& 233.824 \& 243, 180 \& 248, 418 \& <br>
\hline  \& 63, 639 \& 62, 845 \& 61,247 \& 60. 884 \& 61,993 \& ${ }^{61,053}$ \& 63,328 \& 60, 377 \& 56,260 \& 58. 671 \& 63, 366 \& 65.365 \& <br>
\hline At tank farms and in pipelines.......- do \& 162. 506 \& 160. 254 \& 159,357 \& 164, 303 \& 167,490 \& 171,343 \& 167, 941 \& 164,555 \& 161,556 \& 157, 710 \& 162, 444 \& 165,510 \& <br>
\hline  \& 16, 142 \& 17, 171 \& 16,789 \& 17, 124 \& 16,941 \& 17,129 \& 17, 194 \& 18, 175 \& 17,431 \& 17,443 \& 17,370 \& 17,553 \& <br>
\hline Exports........................................... do. \& 3,095 \& 3,274 \& 3,096 \& 2,654 \& 4,033 \& 3,229 \& 2,917 \& 2,913 \& 2,471 \& 2.640 \& 3,615 \& 1,791 \& <br>
\hline  \& 14,359 \& 13,575 \& 15,307 \& 14, 607 \& 15,496 \& 13,269 \& 15,185 \& 16,192 \& 12,699 \& 14,305 \& 15, 141 \& 16, 019 \& <br>
\hline Price (Oklahoma-Kansas) at wellst-dol. per bbl-- \& 2. 570 \& 2.570 \& 2.570 \& 2.570 \& 2.570 \& 2.570 \& 2. 570 \& 2. 570 \& 2. 570 \& 2. 570 \& 2. 570 \& 2.570 \& 2. 570 <br>
\hline Refined petroleum products: Fuel oil: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Production: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Distillate fuel oil...............thous. of bbl.- \& 31, 112 \& 32, 253 \& 33, 765 \& 35, 392 \& 37, 723 \& 36,530 \& 41, 628 \& 44, 244 \& 39,742 \& 41, 129 \& 35, 139 \& 37, 500 \& <br>
\hline  \& 32,058 \& 35, 338 \& 35, 585 \& 35, 343 \& 38,759 \& 37, 202 \& 40,475 \& 42,397 \& 38,696 \& 41,771 \& 36,908 \& 39, 202 \& <br>

\hline | Domestic demand: |
| :--- |
| Distillate fuel oil | \& 19,705 \& 23, 864 \& 26, 785 \& 24,864 \& 29,320 \& 35, 411 \& 55,343 \& 57,331 \& \& 45,046 \& 32, 185 \& \& <br>

\hline  \& 39,055 \& 40, 743 \& 44, 762 \& 42, 668 \& 45. 980 \& 47,977 \& 56, 198 \& 56,223 \& 51,101 \& 53,568 \& ${ }_{-} \mathbf{4 0 , 8 4 1}$ \& 44, 104 \& <br>
\hline Consumption by type of consumer: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Electric-power plants....-.-...........do. \& 5,275 \& 5,324 \& 6,043 \& 5,899 \& 6. 145 \& 6.194 \& 6. 281 \& 6,417 \& 5,573 \& 5. 527 \& 4,811 \& 4, 508 \& 4,544 <br>
\hline Railways (class I) \& 4,117 \& 4, 029 \& 4, 284 \& 4, 117 \& 4.474 \& 4, 247 \& 4, 207 \& 4. 204 \& 3,594 \& 4. 251 \& 3,889 \& 3,658 \& <br>
\hline  \& 5,039 \& 4,477 \& 5,422 \& 4,772 \& 4, 980 \& 4,545 \& 5,125 \& 4,664 \& 5,008 \& 5,846 \& 6,753 \& 6,663 \& <br>

\hline | Stocks, end of month: |
| :--- |
| Distillate fuel oilo. $\qquad$ do | \& 53,679 \& 61,664 \& 68,426 \& 78,270 \& 85, 643 \& 86, 113 \& 71,948 \& 58, 424 \& 47,587 \& 42,978 \& 44,736 \& 55.273 \& <br>

\hline Residual fuel oil.--.........................do- \& 40, 124 \& 42, 165 \& 40, 979 \& 41,966 \& 45, 004 \& 45.048 \& 40, 750 \& 40,317 \& 39,409 \& 37, 516 \& 36,910 \& 39,317 \& <br>
\hline Exports: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Distillate fuel oil \& 626 \& 1,011 \& 809 \& 916 \& 1,124 \& 935 \& 801 \& 660 \& 643 \& 773 \& 1,361 \& 1, 884 \& <br>
\hline  \& 1,398 \& 935 \& 1,221 \& 802 \& 632 \& 1,071 \& 1,32i \& 663 \& 644 \& 1,077 \& 982 \& 2,679 \& <br>

\hline | Prices, wholesale: |
| :--- |
| Distillate (New York Harbor, No. 2 fuel) $\dagger$ | \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline  \& 1.081
1.625 \& .081
1.620 \& . 1.650 \& 1. ${ }^{\text {. } 680}$ \& .088
1.650 \& . 091 \& . 1.701 \& . 099 \& . 0991 \& . 091 \& . 091 \& . 091 \& . 50 <br>
\hline Kerosene: \& \& \& \& \& \& 1.650 \& 1.60 \& 1.750 \& 1.750 \& 1.750 \& 1.750 \& 1.750 \& 1. 750 <br>
\hline  \& 8,477 \& 9,091 \& 9.828 \& 9,989 \& 10, 264 \& 10, 255 \& 11, 261 \& 12.715 \& 11,475 \& 12.371 \& 11,511 \& 10, 698 \& <br>
\hline  \& 4,629 \& 6,926 \& 7,035 \& 7,920 \& 9,486 \& 12,737 \& 16,817 \& 15.633 \& 14,789 \& 11.788 \& 8, 678 \& 5,877 \& <br>
\hline Stocks, end of month....-.......-........do \& 21, 117 \& 23, 151 \& 25,803 \& 27,677 \& 28, 292 \& 25, 526 \& 19, 723 \& 16.673 \& 13, 150 \& 13,657 \& 16,262 \& 20,331 \& <br>
\hline  \& 26 \& 77 \& 61 \& 113 \& 136 \& 205 \& 214 \& 46 \& 125 \& 40 \& 185 \& 667 \& <br>

\hline | Price, wholesale, bulk lots (New York Har- |
| :--- |
|  | \& . 092 \& . 092 \& . 093 \& . 096 \& . 098 \& 101 \& . 101 \& . 101 \& . 101 \& . 101 \& . 101 \& \& . 101 <br>

\hline  \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& . 101 \& . 101 \& . 101 <br>
\hline  \& 4,002 \& 4, 151 \& 4,686 \& 4,646 \& 4,987 \& 4,906 \& 5,068 \& 5,061 \& 4,339 \& 5. 108 \& 5,175 \& 5,454 \& <br>
\hline Domestic demand......-.----..-........-do. \& 3,588 \& 3,339 \& 3, 822 \& 3,511 \& 3,907 \& 3. 322 \& 3,012 \& 3,539 \& 3,115 \& ${ }^{\text {r 3, }} 691$ \& 3, 550 \& 3,850 \& <br>
\hline Stocks, refinery, end of month...-......-do...- \& 7,736 \& , 7.427 \& 7,145 \& 6,950 \& 6,973 \& 7.283 \& 7,849 \& 3. 160 \& 8,386 \& 8. 209 \& 8,393 \& 8.451 \& <br>
\hline Exports---.-.-.-. ${ }_{\text {Price, }}$ \& 910 \& 2 1,099 \& 2 1, 101 \& 2 1, 281 \& 2992 \& 21.222 \& ${ }^{2} 1,402$ \& ${ }^{2} 1,157$ \& 2934 \& ${ }^{2} 1,533$ \& ${ }^{2} 1,377$ \& ${ }^{2} 1.477$ \& <br>
\hline f. o. b. Tulsa) †..................... dol. per gal. \& . 181 \& . 199 \& . 220 \& . 255 \& 268 \& 270 \& . 282 \& . 290 \& . 290 \& 290 \& . 290 \& . 290 \& 290 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

 May 1951, $\$ 9.088$; prepared sizes, May 1951, $\$ 9.414$. ${ }^{2}$ Excludes "special category" exports not shown separately for security reasons.
o'Includes stocks of heavy crude in California



 *New series. Compiled by the U. S. Department of Labor, Rureau of Labor Statistics. Prices are for bulk lots, exeluding
shown on p. 20 of the March 1951 Surver; prices were inadvertently quoted as dollars per gallon instead of dollars per barrel.

ONew basis. Beginning January 1950, coverage was increased to include one East Coast terminal not previously reporting.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1948 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1949 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1950 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1951 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | Augnst | Septem- ber | October | November | Decem. ber | January | Febru. ary | March | April | May | June |

## PETROLEUM, COAL, AND PRODUCTS—Continued

| PETROLEUM AND PRODUCTS-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Refined petroleum products--Continued Motor fucl: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All types: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production, total .........thous. of bbl. | 85, 181 | 91.017 | 92.710 | 87,539 | 90.917 | 87.322 | 90, 945 | 94,132 | 83.752 | 93.378 | 87,319 | 90,811 |  |
| Gasoline and naphtha from crude petroleum ............................thous. of bbl | 75. 128 | 80, 365 | 82,367 | 7¢. 939 | 79.815 | 76, 808 | 80, 229 | 83, 773 | 74,335 | 82, 140 | 76,826 | 85,691 |  |
| Natural gasolineand allied products..do...- | 14,254 | 15. 002 | 15. 449 | 15.466 | 16.476 | 16,256 | 17.241 | 17,314 | 15,631 | 17, 780 | 16, 708 | 1f,646 |  |
| Sales of 1. p. g. for fuel, etc., and transfers of cycle products thous. of bbl | 4, 201 | 4,350 | 5, 106 | 4, 866 | 5,374 | 5. 742 | 6.525 | 6, 955 | 6,214 | 6,542 | 6,215 | 5.526 |  |
| Used at refineries .--------------- do- | 7,321 | 7. 506 | 8.510 | 8. 520 | 9.302 | 8. 968 | 9.011 | 8,045 | 7,028 | 7,997 | 7,803 | 8.274 |  |
| Domestic demand..----------------- do | 90. 170 | 91. 707 | 94.537 | 86.766 | 89.126 | 82. 718 | 81,063 | 80.554 | 72. 717 | 86, 846 | 87,430 | 100, 188 |  |
| Stocks, gasoline, end of month: <br> Finished casoline total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 130,501 |  |  |
| Finished gasoline. total do <br> At refineries | 106,026 61.771 | 102.769 58.891 | 99.423 56,743 | 97,904 55,676 | 97.844 55.560 | 100.995 57.934 | 108,669 64,276 | 120,473 76,160 | 129,537 84,250 | 133,465 85,096 | 130,501 79.357 | 123,830 73,652 |  |
| Unfinished gasoline --------.------- do | 8. 048 | 8, 286 | 7,644 | 7.844 | 7.920 | 8.010 | 8,100 | 8,006 | 7.706 | 7.991 | 8,687 | 8.431 |  |
| Natural gasoline and allied products do | 8, 151 | 8, 730 | 8. 667 | 8. 581 | 8. 226 | 7.636 | 7,355 | 7,474 | 7,842 | 8. 109 | 8.522 | 9.079 |  |
|  | 1,431 | 1 1,452 | 1997 | ${ }^{1} 1,853$ | ${ }^{1} 1.823$ | ${ }^{1} 1.486$ | 12,109 | 11,132 | ${ }^{1} 1,097$ | ${ }^{1} 1,950$ | ${ }^{1} 1.976$ | 12.239 |  |
| Price, gasoline: <br> Wholesale, refinery (Oklahoma), grotup 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wholesale tank wagon ( N Y dol. per yal.- | . 101 | . 102 | .103 .147 | . 104 | .104 .147 | .104 <br> .147 | . 101 | . 104 | . 104 | . 104 | .104 | 104 | 104 |
| Retail, service stations, 50 cities...--do | . 202 | . 205 | . 203 | . 201 | . 199 | .202 | .207 | .206 | .206 | . 205 | .203 | 200 | 201 |
| Aviation gasoline: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production, total.-.....-.-.-.-. thous. of bbl | 3,954 | 4. 264 | 4. 896 | 5,107 | 5. 604 | 5. 468 | 5.909 | 5,789 | 5.010 | 6, 113 | 5, 523 | 6. 265 |  |
| 100-octane and above...----.-....-.-. - do. | 2. 859 | 3. 320 | 4,152 | 3.929 | 4. 247 | 4, 198 | 4.883 | 4.091 | 4,144 | 5.017 | 4. 464 | 4. 900 |  |
| Stocks, total ---.-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-. do | 6, 593 | 6. 656 | 6,133 | 6,000 | 6. 579 | 7,215 | 7.220 | 7,813 | 8,255 | 8,566 | 8.590 | 8. 595 |  |
| 100-octane and above | 3,023 | 3. 226 | 3.260 | 2,970 | 3. 256 | 3, 802 | 3,744 | 3,518 | 3.837 | 4. 048 | 4.053 | 4.006 |  |
| Asphalt: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1.043.800 | 1. 173.300 | 1. 246.000 | 1, 197, 600 | 1.140.200 | 875,500 | 717,100 | 681,500 | 643,300 | 806,500 | 915, 600 | 1, 123,600 |  |
| Stocks, refinery, end of month.......-....do..-- | 1, 155, 300 | 1. 051,500 | 790.000 | 742, 400 | 670.200 | 785, 500 | 962, 400 | 1, 108,000 | 1,282,700 | 1. 468,000 | 1,572.500 | 1,546.900 |  |
| War: Production | 98,840 | 96.320 | 113,960 | 114, 800 | 107. 240 | 120.120 | 122.080 | 124, 600 | 108. 640 | 122, 640 | 122.360 |  |  |
|  | 158,480 | 161. 560 | 151.760 | 145, 880 | 135, 240 | 135. 800 | 141,120 | 144, 760 | 139.440 | 140,840 | 152, 600 | 162.400 |  |
| Asphalt products, shipments: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asphalt roofing, total $\qquad$ thous. of squares.Roll roofing and cap sheet: | 6,246 | 5,960 | 7,044 | 6. 256 | 6,744 | 6,306 | 5,262 | 5,259 | 4. 354 | 5,357 | 4.795 | 4,900 |  |
|  | 1, 201 | 1,146 | 1,372 | 1,333 | 1,553 | 1,559 | 1,410 | 1.352 | 1. 148 | 1. 290 | 1.052 | 1,038 |  |
| Mineral-surfaced | 1. 251 | 1. 219 | 1. 481 | 1.347 | 1,528 | 1. 466 | 1,168 | 1,241 | 996 | 1. 203 | 1. 016 | 1. 034 |  |
|  | 3. 793 | 3. 594 | 4. 191 | 3.575 | 3, 663 | 3,282 | 2,684 | 2, 666 | 2, 210 | 2.864 | 2. 727 | 2, 828 |  |
|  | 141 | ${ }_{61}^{136}$ | ${ }^{176}$ | 56166 | 209 | 213 | 171 | 202 | 170 | 193 | 139 | 147 |  |
|  | 63,313 | 61,021 | 64.922 | 56, 157 | 59,937 | 59,335 | 56, 481 | 71,675 | 61, 158 | 71,673 | 64,999 | 67.044 |  |

PULP, PAPER, AND PRINTING

| PULPWOOD AND WASTE PAPER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pulpwood: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Receipts.-.-.-.-....-thous. of cords (128 cu. ft.) -- | 1,836 |  | 2,326 2,093 | 2,042 | $\begin{array}{r}2,083 \\ \hline 160\end{array}$ | ${ }_{2}^{2,113}$ | 2,121 | 2,487 | 2,169 | 2,339 | + 1, 968 | 2. 214 |  |
|  | 1,983 3,392 | 1,864 3,491 | 2,093 3,724 | 1,982 3,780 | 2,160 3,704 | 2, 108 | 2,014 3,815 | 2,149 4,155 | 1,985 4,336 | 2. 257 4,419 | r 2.224 4.179 | 2.339 4.050 |  |
| Waste paper: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 639, 504 | 568.893 | 711,910 | 688.843 | 776, 402 | 751,411 | 740,953 | 818,506 | 824.075 | 904. 918 | ${ }^{\text {r } 878,247}$ | 887.009 |  |
|  | 639,505 354,200 | 560,469 362,209 | 732,001 348,450 | 687.173 342,677 | 756,727 377,351 | 752,065 362,549 | 715,429 386,552 | 797, 339 412,699 | 840.384 416.826 | 870.516 450,186 | - 850,183 $+479,554$ | 895.063 475,521 |  |
| WOOD PULP |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total, all grades Bleached sulphate.........thous. of short tons-.-- -short tons.-- | 1,221 147,158 | 1,166 144,591 | 1,322 149,488 | 1,232 144,773 | 1,370 177,134 | 1,326 168.086 | 162. 2222 | 1,349 183,559 | 1,238 163,912 | 1,402 188,992 | 1,414 192,303 | 1,484 198.043 | 1,399 188,388 |
|  | 469, 188 | 454, 886 | 513, 779 | 4688 | 529,945 | 511.043 | 467, 746 | 526. 488 | ${ }_{490}{ }^{1986}$ | 551,605 | 540.138 | 198,043 | - 337,458 |
| Bleached sulphite-...---...............-. do | 172, 920 | 160. 826 | 187,933 | 171, 788 | 192.824 | 187. 622 | 169,696 | 195, 541 | 177, 141 | 197, 086 | 193, 598 | 204, 644 | 191, 105 |
| Unbleached sulphite ...-.-..................do. | 57, 643 | 53, 735 | ${ }^{63,566}$ | 63,712 | 67.324 | 688. 334 | 68.152 | 67, 698 | 60, 351 | 66, 461 | 68.017 | 65, 900 | 63,243 |
|  | 47, 249 | 41, 723 | 47, 382 | 43.949 | 38, 128 | 36. 731 | 34, 931 | 38, 821 | 35, 545 | 38,611 | 38, 122 | 40,607 | 34,908 |
|  | 188,297 | 172, 495 | 193, 498 | 187, 878 | 204, 512 | 199.068 | 197, 756 | 215, 190 | 195. 426 | 215.998 | 209, 937 | 222,535 | 210, 681 |
| Defibrated, exploded, etce ---...........do | 78,001 | 80, 570 | 93,800 | 86.153 | 89,124 | 86.249 | 84.495 | 52, 000 | 50, 000 | 67,000 | 98, 000 | 106,000 | 101,000 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 11, 448 | 12,886 | 13, 022 | 13,595 | 14,573 | 14. 424 | 10, 162 | 10,515 | 12, 255 | 13,787 | 13.112 | 12,994 | 15,04,5 |
| Unhleached sulphate.......-.-...-.-.-.....do | 7,787 | 8,804 | 9. 540 | 9,415 | 9,620 | 9,659 | 9, 708 | 9,441 | 8.871 | 7,500 | 9,499 | 10.171 | 12.958 |
| Bleached sulphite ..........................do | 25, 667 | 21, 701 | 24,558 | 18,215 | 19.446 | 18.547 | 13,534 | 20,309 | 21,760 | 20,129 | 21.632 | 24,583 | 2¢, 111 |
|  | 13, 552 | 13, 313 | 12, 282 | 14, 290 | 13,787 | 12,854 | 12,525 | 12. 595 | 11, 502 | 11, 799 | 13. 144 | 11. 158 | 10,973 |
| Soda | 1,590 | 1,314 35,614 | 1,830 33,580 | 750 31,077 | 29, 515 2909 | 683 29.842 | 1,040 33 | ${ }^{55} 597$ | -648 | 1,039 | 862 | 571 | 1,088 |
| Groundwood | 36, 325 | 35, 614 | 33, 580 | 31,077 | 29,309 | 29, 842 | 33,043 | 35, 161 | 37, 282 | 38, 261 | 39.953 | 40. 487 | 40,84i |
|  | 7,891 | 6,754 | 7,818 | 10, 223 | 6. 479 | 8,882 | 18.888 | 14,761 | 14. 457 | 11,520 | 19.048 | 22, 872 |  |
| Imports, all grades, total.......................do. | 225, 369 | 177, 749 | 186, 225 | 192,495 | 207. 456 | 208, 867 | 204, 658 | 219,455 | 205, 766 | 198, 432 | 180, 206 | 229, 223 |  |
|  | 40, 444 | 29, 779 | 35, 754 | 29,312 | 44. 529 | 35. 204 | 35,783 | 31, 307 | 52,915 | 36, 395 | 41, 549 | 50, 949 |  |
| Unbleached sulphate.........-..............-. do Bleached dulphite | 48,899 59,980 | 34,330 47.022 | 40,953 46,193 | 34,382 <br> 58,365 | 36,736 47,779 4 | 28.388 59,107 | $\begin{array}{r}36,472 \\ 57.207 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 40, 390 <br> 54.707 | 34.478 48.343 | 27, 134 52.128 5. | 22.080 46,365 | 38,367 <br> 52.719 <br> 2. |  |
| Unbleached sulphite.-.-.....................-. do | 44,916 | 43.018 | 34, 465 | 44,997 | 53,955 | 52, 220 | 43, 220 | 55,357 | 44,564 | 46, 934 | 40,067 | 52.363 |  |
|  | 2,851 | 2,707 | 3. 205 | 2, 868 | 3,368 | 2,936 | 2,614 | 3,114 | 2,357 | 3, 025 | 3,007 | 2,995 |  |
| Groundwood...---.-...........................-d. ${ }^{\text {do. }}$ | 25,974 | 20, 149 | 24,891 | 21, 708 | 20, 080 | 29,675 | 28,673 | 33, 637 | 22,328 | 31, 722 | 26, 241 | 30,655 |  |
| PAPER AND PAPER PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All paper and paperboard mills: <br> Paper and paperboard production, total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| thous. of short tons.- | 2,029 | 1,813 | 2,184 | 2.085 | 2, 233 | 2,193 | 2,096 | 2,252 | 2. 101 | 2,372 | -2,319 | 2. 410 |  |
| Paper (incl. building paper) ................do.... | 1,033 | 939 | 1,062 | 1.024 | 1,088 | 1,061 | 1,037 | 1,098 | 1. 023 | 1. 146 | ${ }^{-1,101}$ | 1,148 |  |
| Paperboard...-.-..............-.-....-- do...- | 890 | 784 | 1,002 | 946 | 1. 025 | 1,015 | 946 | 1,063 | 985 | 1. 114 | 1,091 | 1,130 |  |
| Building board........-....................do... | 106 | 90 | 120 | 114 | 121 | 118 | 113 | 92 | 92 | , 113 | +127 | 132 |  |

$r$ Revised. 1 Excludes "special category" exports not shown separately for security reasons.
$\dagger$ Revised series, Beginning with the October 1950 Survey, prices have been revised to exclude Federal and State taxes; comparable figures for $1935-49$ are shown on p. 24 of the January 1951 SURVEY.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1948 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1949 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1950 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1951 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | Septem- ber | October | November | December | January | February | March | April | May | June |

PULP, PAPER, AND PRINTING-Continued

| PAPER AND PAPER PRODUCTS-Con. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Paper, excl. building paper, newsprint, and paperboard (American Paper and Pulp Association): $\dagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, new----.-.-..........--short tons.- | 847, 356 | 916. 494 | 974.653 | 852, 625 | 870, 578 | 815, 448 | 821,664 | 937, 879 | 821, 801 | 964, 941 | 906, 748 | 904, 000 | 861, 000 |
| Orders, unfilled, end of month .-..........do. | 554,672 | 747. 500 | 876. 300 | 913, 297 | 912, 860 | 877, 359 | 858,760 | 932,405 | 884, 769 | 984, 495 | 1,016,525 | 996, 500 | 995, 000 |
|  | 818, 109 | 716, 851 | 837, 275 | 806, 044 | 866,740 | 847, 408 | 825, 242 | 871, 450 | 821, 858 | 917, 112 | 874,087 | 921,000 | 859, 000 |
|  | 822, 024 |  | 845, 813 | 815,574 | 870, 994 | 852.096 | 840, 249 | 862, 728 | 817,717 | 916, 683 | 875, 577 | 923,000 | 861, 000 |
| Stocks, end of month......................do | 337, 442 | 330, 201 | 320, 572 | 310,663 | 305, 900 | 300, 855 | 285, 368 | 295, 545 | 292,998 | 293, 423 | 291, 710 | 289, 580 | 298, 500 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, unfiled, end of month............do | 61. 355 | 110. 150 | 143, 200 | 145. 772 | 147, 840 | 138, 575 | 131,785 | 139, 145 | 146, 200 | 140,035 | 146, 480 | 140,000 |  |
|  | 103, 500 | 83. 588 | 111.310 | 106, 764 | 112. 207 | 110. 119 | 104, 131 | 111, 113 | 99,753 | 115, 661 | 113, 223 | 117,000 |  |
|  | 106,950 | 88,350 | 116, 050 | 111, 635 | 113. 203 | 112, 035 | 109, 129 | 111,600 | 96, 800 | 116, 276 | 111, 302 | 116,000 |  |
| Printing paper: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, unfiled, end of month --.........do | 249, 880 | 319,735 | 387, 600 | 414, 165 | 406, 400 | 395, 050 | 393, 160 | 436, 520 | 384, 199 | 475, 400 | 489, 770 | 480, 500 |  |
|  | 272,989 | 238, 532 | 286, 288 | 280, 203 | 296. 292 | 290, 561 | 287, 910 | 299, 097 | 281, 526 | 312, 477 | 296, 203 | 313,000 |  |
|  | 273, 605 | 239, 608 | 286, 755 | 281, 172 | 297, 782 | 296, 460 | 290, 427 | 295, 103 | 281,062 | 310, 190 | 297, 185 | 314, 000 |  |
| Stocks, end of month --.-.---->---- do | 117,640 | 116,635 | 116, 225 | 115, 310 | 113, 870 | 107, 860 | 105, 230 | 109, 225 | 109,689 | 111, 975 | 110,990 | 109,990 |  |
| Price, wholesale, book paper, "B" grade, English finish, white, f. o. b. mill_-dol. per 100 lb | 11.30 | 11.65 | 11.6 | 11.78 | 15 | 2.15 | 53 | 12.65 | 2. 65 | 2.65 | 12. 65 | 12.65 | 12.65 |
| Coarse paper: <br> Orders, new short to | 295, 568 | 312,314 | 300, 665 | 276, 858 | 298, 200 | 281, 340 | 277, 572 | 302, 740 | 274, 607 | 315,065 | 291, 445 | 308,000 |  |
| Orders, unfilled, end of month...-.-.-....do | 164, 792 | 216, 315 | 227, 570 | 227, 700 | 231, 200 | 224,050 | 215,870 | 229, 830 | 227, 800 | 234.820 | 239, 175 | 238,000 |  |
|  | 296,312 | 258, 575 | 286, 396 | 273, 636 | 292, 751 | 292. 380 | 279.967 | 293, 119 | 275, 284 | 306,009 | 285, 187 | 307,000 |  |
|  | 296, 157 | 260, 790 | 289, 407 | 276, 705 | 294, 692 | 288, 472 | 285.750 | 288, 775 | 276, 635 | 308, 044 | 287,090 | 309,000 |  |
| Stocks, end of month...-..................- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 86,608 | 84,382 | 81,352 | 78, 265 | 76,305 | 80,115 | 74, 240 | 78,585 | 77, 233 | 75, 198 | 73, 295 | 71, 295 |  |
| Newsprint: <br> Canada (incl. Newfoundland): $0^{\circ}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production................--.............- do | 440,967 | 439, 255 | 466, 443 | 437, 579 | 456, 443 | 456, 743 | 430, 551 | 453,019 | 425,097 | 472,963 | 447, 551 | 485, 723 | 464,332 |
| Shipments from mills .-.....................do | 440, 777 | 463, 339 | 417, 589 | 485, 165 | 465, 253 | 477, 708 | 448,775 | 423, 343 | 400, 833 | 473, 503 | 443, 288 | 486, 340 | 475, 034 |
| Stocks, at mills, end of month.............do | 159,957 | 135,873 | 184,727 | 137, 141 | 128, 331 | 107,366 | 89, 142 | 118, 818 | 143, 082 | 142, 542 | 146, 805 | 146, 188 | 135, 486 |
| United States: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 365, 324 |
|  | 88,420 | 88, 127 | 92, 877 | 86, 411 | 91, 305 | 87,980 | 85, 355 | 92, 691 | 84,381 | 94, 015 | 88, 888 | 96, 420 | 94, 073 |
| Shipments from milis | 89,928 | 85, 433 | 92, 950 | 85, 809 | 92, 779 | 85, 141 | 87, 776 | 92, 991 | 84, 896 | 92, 630 | 90,740 | 93, 422 | 97,016 |
| Stocks, end of month: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 303, 524 | 339,424 | 376, 900 | 372, 943 | 356, 782 | 334, 783 | 328.018 | 346, 258 | 331, 440 | 349,308 | 322, 750 | 332, 601 | 358, 294 |
|  | 78,935 | 93, 140 | 81,095 | 94, 271 | 88, 332 | 98, 499 | 36,942 | ${ }_{39,866}$ | 111,019 | ${ }^{95.893}$ | 95, 340 | 86, 522 | 94, 331 |
|  | 441,239 | 415,424 | 367, 604 | 419,123 | 449, 183 | 385, 659 | 418,044 | 399, 333 | 333, 814 | 449,037 | 396, 897 | 439, 586 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, unfiled, end of month ...............do | 394, 100 | 524,400 | 729, 100 | 714,900 | 694,700 | 722,000 | 617. 200 | -761, 800 | 758, 610 | 1, 704, 900 | 646, 900 | 1, 658, 700 | 548, 000 |
| Production, total | 907, 600 | 816, 900 | 1, 017, 300 | 954, 400 | 1.023, 100 | 1,012,700 | 940. 500 | 1,056, 600 | 975, 100 | 1, 107, 300 | 1, 049, 100 | 1,128, 200 | 1, 058, 500 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| shipments --.......-mil. sq. ft. surface area.- | 6, 232 | 6,075 | 7, 653 | 7,229 | 7,679 | 7,289 | 7,105 | 7,577 | 6,618 | 7,965 | 7,315 | 7,288 | 6,341 |
| Folding paper boxes, value: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New orders-.-.-. ...---.-................ $1936=100$ | $\begin{aligned} & 540.8 \\ & 518.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 586.9 \\ & 424.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 904.5 \\ & 603.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 745.0 \\ 619.9 \end{array}$ | 731.2 671.7 | $\begin{aligned} & 710.7 \\ & 666.1 \end{aligned}$ | 690.5 | $\begin{aligned} & 904.1 \\ & 738.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 875.6 \\ 725.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 879.4 \\ & 851.9 \end{aligned}$ | 737.7 | $\begin{aligned} & 699.3 \\ & 815.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 613.3 \\ & 755.5 \end{aligned}$ |
| PRINTING |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Book publication, total......number of editions.- |  | 850 | 766 | 962 | 1,138 | 1,028 | 1.157 | 776 | 793 | 1.130 | 878 | 969 | 1,145 |
| New books ...................................- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 566 | 6.50 | 618 | 816 | 877 | 811 | 915 | 601 | 613 | 861 | 678 | 759 | 879 |
|  | 208 | 200 | 148 | 146 | 261 | 217 | 242 | 175 | 180 | 269 | 200 | 210 | 266 |

## RUBBER AND RUBBER PRODUCTS

| Vatural rubber: RUBBER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 63,333 | 61, 402 | 64, 297 | 61. 281 | 69, 178 | 51, 340 | 44,999 | 44, 586 | 37, 572 | 35,335 | 39,508 | ${ }^{*} 42,445$ | 40,589 |
|  | 99,457 | 93, 653 | 87, 146 | 87, 409 | 83, 215 | 81.658 | 89, 215 | 93, 079 | 87.242 | 76,312 | 71, 679 | r 68.498 | 69, 231 |
| Imports, including latex and guayule .....do... | 77,876 | 62, 004 | 72,703 | 61, 153 | 78,740 | 73, 393 | 69, 261 | 92, 454 | 54, 687 | 63, 053 | 54, 963 | 42,371 |  |
| W York) dol. per lb- | . 309 | . 384 | . 521 | . 558 | . 638 | . 732 | . 714 | . 735 | . 734 | . 722 | . 675 | . 660 | . 660 |
| Chemical (synthetic): | 38, 569 | 43, 820 | 43,950 | 44, 460 | 44, 690 | 48,417 | 52,199 | 60,952 | 56,415 | 65, 286 | 66, 414 | 70, 441 | 74, 188 |
|  | 48,608 | 43,687 | 50, 379 | 49, 550 | 54, 507 | 48, 261 | 53,364 | 58,584 | 53,308 | 65, 587 | 58,787 | - 65,027 | 66,546 |
|  | 65, 346 | 67,085 | 63,654 | 59,059 | 51, 751 | 51, 636 | 52,758 | 55, 453 | 59, 35 | 60, 614 | 65, 793 | $\times$ 70,276 | 79,905 |
| Exports ----------------------------- | 634 | 724 | 631 | 645 | 678 | 581 | 749 | 577 | 620 | 533 | 585 | 617 |  |
|  | 25,869 | 24,374 | 27,312 | 29,648 | 32,685 | 30.171 | 32,480 | 32, 924 |  | 35, 094 |  |  |  |
|  | 25, 253 | 22,377 | 26,151 | 29, 250 | 32, 785 | 30, 260 | 29, 905 | 32,455 | 28, 792 | 32,678 | 32,428 | r 34,148 | 31, 358 |
|  | 28, 470 | 30,371 | 31, 793 | 33, 395 | 33,530 | 33, 960 | 35, 708 | 35, 843 | 36, 885 | 38, 334 | 39,064 | + 39,098 | 39,742 |
| TIRES AND TUBES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pneumatic casings: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production.-.-..-----------------thousands.- | 8,455 | 8,297 | 8,194 | 7,833 | 8,667 | 7,521 | 6,819 | 6,764 | 5,887 | 6,693 | 6, 540 | 7,116 |  |
| Shipments, total..-.-.-.---------------- do | 10,171 | 12,002 | 10,579 | 8,216 | 8, 684 | 7,494 | 7,562 | 6,961 | 6,174 | 7,235 | 6. 255 | ${ }^{6,730}$ |  |
|  | 6,056 | 8,884 | 4,093 6,369 | 3, 813 4,292 | 3,783 4,750 | 3,214 4.130 | 3,245 4,188 | 3,035 | ${ }_{3,058}^{3,02}$ | $\stackrel{3,620}{3,493}$ | 2,755 3,413 | $\stackrel{3}{2,692}$ |  |
|  | ${ }^{111}$ | ${ }^{8,106}$ | $\bigcirc 116$ | 4, 111 | ${ }^{4} 151$ | 4.130 | 4,188 129 | 3,812 114 | $\begin{array}{r}3,058 \\ 114 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 3, ${ }^{123}$ | 3,413 88 | 3, 912 |  |
| Stocks, end of month .-........-..............-. do | 10,792 | 7,004 | 4,794 | 4,374 | 4,382 | 4, 810 | 3,794 | 3,552 | 3,307 | 2,804 | 3,047 | 3,442 |  |
|  | 94 | ${ }^{173}$ | 175 | ${ }^{1} 107$ | ${ }^{1} 108$ | 1152 | 1116 | 199 | ${ }^{1} 79$ | ${ }^{1} 120$ | ${ }^{1} 106$ | 188 |  |
|  | 7,458 | 6,936 |  | 7,093 |  | 6,629 | 6,035 | 5,950 | 5,144 | 5,828 |  |  |  |
| Shipments....-..---......................-. - ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 8,544 | 9,738 | 9,257 | 7,586 | 7,378 | 6,099 | 6, 379 | 6,595 | 5,910 | 6,593 | 5 5,593 | 5,585 |  |
| Stocks, end of month | 11, 946 | 8,422 | 6,619 | 6, 198 | 6, 400 | 6. 963 | 6.725 | 3,852 | 5,154 | 4,595 | 4,657 | 5,071 |  |
|  | 55 | 33 | 33 | 50 | 68 | 102 | 7 | 56 | 36 | 58 | 63 | 52 |  |

"Revised. ${ }^{1}$ Excludes "special category" exports not shown separately for security reasons.
ofData for 1937-48 (incl. Newfoundland are shown on pp. 22 and 23 of the May 1950 Surver. Further revisions for stocks at mills, end of December, are shown at bottom of p. S-37 of
the June 1950 SURVEF.
tRevised data for $1948-49$ will be published later.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1948 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1949 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1950 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1951 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | September | October | November | December | January | February | March | April | May | June |

## STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS

| ABRASIVE PRODUCTS <br> Coated abrasive paper and cloth, shipments reams. <br> PORTLAND CEMENT | 165, 781 | 151. 278 | 258, 575 | 206, 809 | 197, 500 | 177,371 | 155,823 | 189, 440 | 184, 326 | 206, 940 | 179, 507 | 191, 138 | 162,002 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 20, 001 | 20,709 94 | 21,884 | 20,945 | 22,461 ${ }_{102}$ | 20,226 95 | 19,116 87 | 17,433 79 | 15,201 76 | 18,708 82 | 20,184 91 | 21, 929 | 21,984 ${ }^{99}$ |
|  | 24.749 | 23, 167 | 25, 144 | 22,910 | 24,167 | 19,791 | 12,477 | 12.237 | 11, 294 | 17,692 | 20,953 | 24, 894 | 24,935 |
| Stocks, finished, end of month...............do...- | 15. 298 | 12,848 | 9,608 | 7,642 | 5,945 | 6,382 | 13,018 | 18, 222 | 22, 127 | 23, 139 | 22, 363 | 19,390 | 16, 439 |
| Stocks, clinker, end of month $\qquad$ <br> ClAY PRODUCTS | 7,346 | 6,388 | 4,900 | 4,029 | 2,852 | 2,962 | 3,925 | 5,473 | 7,097 | 8,036 | 8,194 | -7,482 | 6,618 |
| Brick, unglazed: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Productiont............thous. of standard brick.- | 649,930 | 599, 337 | 675, 227 | 630,472 | 660, 309 | 590,905 | 450, 800 | 470, 730 | 408, 766 | 550, 274 | ${ }^{552}$ 52,481 | $\begin{aligned} & 605,304 \\ & 599,905 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Price, wholesale, common, composite, f.o.b. plant dol. per thous.- | 24.721 | 25.032 | 25. 208 | 25.616 | 25.866 | 26.057 | 26.378 | 26.549 | 26.589 | 26. 602 | 26. 588 | 26. 591 | 26.604 |
| Clay sewer pipe, vitrified: <br> Productiont short tons | 144,680 | 136,780 | 154, 284 | 155,678 | 154, 904 | 131, 668 | 127, 951 | 137, 211 | 122,046 | 139,653 | 142, 356 | 144, 666 |  |
|  | 160, 686 | 153,788 | 163, 664 | 152,847 | 156, 610 | 129,489 | 114, 439 | 124, 503 | 96,487 | 125, 328 | 134, 777 | 141,774 |  |
| Structural tile, unglazed: <br> Production $\ddagger$. | 119,729 | 118, 564 | ${ }^{119,340}$ | 115,975 | 119,729 | 105, 879 | 95, 265 | 108,816 | 98, 593 | 110, 146 | 105, 268 | 106,045 |  |
|  | 127,351 | 125, 376 | 136,438 | 120, 108 | 119,054 | 104, 304 | 85, 471 | 103, 293 | 89,645 | 108,738 | 108, 653 | 108, 866 |  |
| GLASS PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Glass containers: thous of gross |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production Shipments, domestic, total | $\stackrel{9,125}{9,045}$ | 8,870 9,141 | 11,132 | 10,437 | 10,612 8,967 | $\stackrel{9}{8,404}$ | $\stackrel{9}{9,153}$ | 10,279 9,499 | $\stackrel{8,563}{8,201}$ | 10, 250 | $\stackrel{11}{9,583}$ | 10,849 | 10,489 9,847 |
| General-use food: <br> Narrow-neck food ....-.............................. Wide-mouth food (incl. packers' tumblers) | 819 | 844 | 1,170 | 1,572 | 953 | 669 | 786 | 835 | 931 | 1,116 | 1,067 | 999 | 908 |
| thas orrs) | 2,375 | ${ }^{12,476}$ | 3,204 | 2,672 | 12,474 | 12,145 | 12,272 | ${ }^{1} 2,410$ | 12,129 | ${ }^{1} 2,472$ | 12,332 | ${ }^{12,666}$ | ${ }^{12,410}$ |
| Beverage (returnable and nonreturnable) $\begin{gathered}\text { thous. of gross }\end{gathered}$ | 1,064 | 845 | 492 | 305 | 340 | 325 | ${ }^{654}$ | 457 | ${ }_{545}$ | 497 | 617 | 803 | 969 |
|  | 715 908 | 700 1,095 | $\begin{array}{r}669 \\ 1,551 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}582 \\ \text { 1, } 343 \\ \hline 2\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 1 } \\ \text { 1, } 275 \\ \hline 2\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}459 \\ 1,257 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r}450 \\ 1,543 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}541 \\ 1,425 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1, ${ }^{978}$ | 1,190 | 1,468 | 1,786 |
|  | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 1 } \\ \mathbf{1}, 849 \\ \hline 18\end{array}$ | 1,095 1,909 | 2,501 | - ${ }_{2}^{1,343}$ | 2, ${ }_{\text {2 }} \mathbf{1 , 2 8 5}$ | 2, 235 | 2, ${ }_{2}, 317$ | 2, ${ }_{\text {2, }}$, 643 | 1,425 $\mathbf{2}, 183$ | -1, 3 , 740 | 2, 389 | - 2,4280 | 730 1,965 |
| Chemical, household and industrial--..-do. | 724 | 649 | 819 | 822 | 779 | 687 | 791 | 844 | 724 | 883 | 823 | 878 | 823 |
|  | 280 | 290 | 385 | 369 | 354 | 327 | 404 | 324 | 285 | 313 | 235 | 271 | 255 |
| Fruit jars and jelly glasses-.------------ do | - 312 | 1 8 8 8 | 6.342 | 197 4865 | ${ }_{6}^{(1)} 123$ | ${ }_{7}^{(1)} 079$ | ${ }_{6}{ }^{1}$ ) 776 | ${ }_{7}^{(1)} 240$ | ${ }_{7}^{(1)} 631$ | ${ }_{8091}$ | ${ }^{(1)}$ | ${ }^{(1)}$ | ${ }^{(1)}$ |
| Stocks, end of month--...- | 9,382 | 8,931 | 6, 743 |  |  |  |  |  | 7,631 | 8,091 | 9,293 | 9,426 | 9,714 |
| Tumblers: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production...-.-....-..........thous. of dozens.-. | 5,635 5,699 | 5.209 5 5,264 | 6,548 7,222 | $\mathbf{5 , 9 2 5}$ $\mathbf{6 , 0 7 0}$ | 6,994 5,498 | 6, 5,876 | 5,702 5,253 | 6,959 6,831 | 6,506 6,132 | 7,570 | 6,854 | 7,292 6,760 | 6,384 5,737 |
| Stocks | 8,719 | 8,667 | 8,091 | 8,118 | 8,877 | ${ }^{9}, 593$ | 9,887 | 9,602 | 9,940 | 10,340 | 10,933 | 11,381 | 11,974 |
| Table, kitchen, and householdware, shipments thons. of dozens.. | 3,117 | 2. 530 | 3, 671 | 3, 356 | 3,846 | 3,313 | 3,218 | 3,667 | 3,364 | 3,998 | 3,439 | 3,408 | 2,682 |
| GYPSUM AND PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Crude gypsum, quarterly total: <br> Imports.- <br> -------------------- thous. of short tons. | 704 1,923 |  |  | 1,105 2,199 |  |  | 2, ${ }^{965}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}613 \\ \text { 2. } 102 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  |  |
| Calcined, production, quarterly total --.......do....- | 1, 1,769 |  |  | 2,199 2,049 |  |  | 2,355 1,950 |  |  | 2,1, 1028 <br> 18 |  |  |  |
| Gypsum products sold or used, quarterly total: <br> Uncalcined.................................-short tons.. | 549,472 |  |  | 580,024 |  |  | 626, 833 |  |  | 660,470 |  |  |  |
| Calcined: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Base-coat plasters .-.....................d. ${ }^{\text {do.... }}$ | 584, 766 |  |  | 693, 948 |  |  |  |  |  | 512,238 |  |  |  |
| Keene's cement--.-...-.-.............do | 13, 642 |  |  | 15, 863 |  |  | 15,200 |  |  | 14, 328 |  |  |  |
| All other building plasters...- Lhous.-... of do do | -1366, 821 |  |  | 156,429 |  |  | 147,409 |  |  | 137,878 <br> 710,197 |  |  |  |
|  | 10,765 |  |  | 13, 449 |  |  | 12,012 |  |  | 10,002 |  |  |  |
|  | 725, 128 |  |  | 759, 260 |  |  | 807, 734 |  |  | 849, 933 |  |  |  |
| Industrial plasters......................-short tons .- | 61,725 |  |  | 66,674 |  |  | 74, 208 |  |  | 73, 186 |  |  |  |

TEXTILE PRODUCTS

| CLOTHING |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hosiery: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production...-.............thous. of dozen pairs.- | 12,520 | 10, 295 | 14,986 | 14, 194 | 14,874 | 15,000 | 12, 817 | 14,971 | 14,337 | 14,736 | 13,149 | 12,925 | 12,205 |
| Shipments.-.-...-.-...........................- do | 11, 918 | 11, 429 | 16, 584 | 15,590 | 15, 791 | 14,796 | 11, 842 | 14, 637 | 14, 601 | 14, 621 | 11,905 | 10,985 | 11,446 |
|  | 28,613 | 27, 480 | 25,882 | 24,486 | 23, 569 | 23, 774 | 25, 456 | 25, 789 | 25, 526 | 25, 642 | 26,886 | 28,826 | 29, 585 |
| COTTON |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cotton (exclusive of linters): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption <br> Stocks in the United States, end of month, totall. $\qquad$ thous. of bales. | 841, 868 | 606,878 | 807,840 | 968, 484 | 835, 155 | 1,008,872 | 784, 057 | 1,040, 891 | 894,602 | 2 10, $\mathbf{9 1 1}, 654$ | 980,906 | 832,612 | 4 17,266 818,714 |
|  | 811,868 |  | -807,810 | -68, | - | 1,08,872 | -781, | 1,010,801 | 801,602 |  | -8,00 |  |  |
|  | 7,463 | 6,846 6,749 | 15,087 15,001 | 13,771 13,695 | 12,681 12,613 | 11, 366 | 10,174 10,117 | 8,681 8,638 | 7,852 7,764 | 6,373 6,261 | 5,059 4,957 | 3,786 3,667 | 2,887 $\mathbf{2 , 7 7 7}$ |
| Domestic cotton, total --.-.-.-......-..... do...- | 642 | 350 | 9,374 | 7,643 | 4, 816 | 2, 538 | 1,512 | 792 | 881 | , 388 | -278 | 60 | 2,777 |
| Public storage and compresses .-.-.----- do------ | 5,357 | 5,161 | 4,545 | 4,871 | 6,358 | 6,984 | 6,651 | 5,626 | 4,603 | 3, 560 | 2, 406 | 1,586 | 1,031 |
| Fonsuming establishments | 1,356 | 1,23898 | 1,08286 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,181 \\ 18 \end{array}$ | 1,43968 | 1,789 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,955 \\ 57 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,220 \\ 44 \end{array}$ |  | 2,313 | 2,274 | 2,021 | 1,696 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 88 | 102 | 102 | 118 | 110 |
| ${ }^{5}$ Revised. ${ }^{1}$ Data for wide-mouth food containers include jelly glasses in July 1950, and both jelly glasses and fruit jars beginning October $1950 . \quad$ 'Total ginnings of 1950 crop. <br> ${ }^{3}$ Ginnings to August 1. 4 August 1 estimate of 1951 crop. <br> $\ddagger$ Data revised for 1950 . Revisions for January-A pril will be shown later. <br> O Includes laminated board, reported as component board. $\S$ Total ginnings to end of month indicated. <br> IData for June, September, November 1950 and January and April 1951 cover 5 -week periods and for other months, 4 weeks; stock data are for end of period covered. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through1948 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1948 and descriptive notes are shown in the1949 Statistical Supplement to the Survey | 1950 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1951 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Septem- } \\ & \text { beer } \end{aligned}$ | October | $\begin{gathered} \text { Novem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | Decem- | January | $\begin{gathered} \text { Febru- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | March | April | May | June |

TEXTILE PRODUCTS—Continued

| COTTON-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cotton (exclusive of linters)-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 740,533 1,490 | $\begin{array}{r}264,982 \\ 23 \\ \hline 3\end{array}$ | 355,975 4,730 | 372, ${ }_{28}$ | 283,816 | ${ }_{371,870}^{9}$ | 448, ${ }_{6} 407$ | 316,626 2,342 | 428, 939 | 354, 302 | 480, 085 | 371, 417 |  |
| Prices received by farmers..............cents per ib. | 29.9 | 33.1 | 37.0 | 40.0 | 38.9 | 41.1 | 40.4 | 41.3 | 41.8 | 342.7 | 43.2 | 42.5 | 42.0 |
| Prices, wholesale, middling, $15 / 6^{\prime \prime}$, average, 10 markets ................................. 1 lb | 33.8 | 37.1 | 38.1 | 40.7 | 39.8 | 42.2 | 42.6 | 44.2 | ${ }^{(1)}$ | 45.1 | 45.2 | 45.2 | 45.2 |
| Cotton linters: 9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption....................thous. of bales.- | ${ }^{+132}$ | 「115 | 149 | 124 | 129 | 118 | 110 | 116 | 110 | 125 | 111 | 115 | 96 |
| Production---.-----.-....................- do- | 58 | 49 | 68 | 132 | 207 | 189 | 145 | 151 | 105 | 77 | 52 | 36 | 31 |
|  | ' 477 | 436 | 340 | 337 | 409 | 461 | 518 | 542 |  | 517 |  | 398 |  |
| COTTON MANUFACTURES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cotton cloth: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cotton broad-woven goods over 12 inches in width, production, quarterly ....-mil. of linear yards | 2, 401 |  |  | 2,398 |  |  | 2,639 |  |  | 2,835 |  |  |  |
| Exports..............-....-.thous. of sq. yd.- | 52,322 | 35, 935 | 45, 633 | 50, 973 | 50, 162 | 45,715 | 53,549 | 57,472 | 57,643 | 79,574 | 73,942 | 72,409 |  |
|  | 4, 596 | 1,905 | 2,918 | 2,570 | 2,796 | 4,608 | 3,593 | 4,948 | 10, 223 | 7,486 | 3,950 | 4,807 |  |
| Mill margins $\ddagger$.-...........-.....cents per lb-. | 31.66 | 35.96 | 43.58 | 48.69 | 49.36 | 48.39 | 50.21 | 50.12 |  | 49.80 | 45. 60 | 42.57 | 40.37 |
| Denim, 28 -inch --.-.-.-----...cents per yd.- | 31.8 | 32.6 | 34.5 | 36.0 | 36.4 | 37.8 | 38.3 | 38.3 | 38.3 | (1) | (1) | 39.4 | 41.0 |
| Print cloth, $381 / 2$-inch, $64 \times 60 \ldots$ and | 17.2 | 17.5 18.5 | 19.8 21.8 | 22.4 | 21.5 24.5 | 21.9 24.8 | 22.5 25.0 | 22.9 25.0 | 23.0 25.0 | 23.0 | 20.6 25.0 | 19.4 25.0 | ${ }_{(1)}^{19.0}$ |
| Cotton yarn, Southern, prices, wholesale, mill: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 25.0 | 25.0 |  |  |  |
| 22/1, carded, white, cones-.........--dol. per lid | . 605 | . 6741 | .776 .925 | 1.833 1.007 | .851 1.072 | .877 1.147 | .887 1.166 | . 1.172 | . 921 1.176 | 1.921 | 1. 921 | .915 1.176 | 1. 867 |
| Spindle activity (cotton system spindles): 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Active spindles, last working day, total..thous.- | 21,474 | 21,794 | 21, 845 | 21, 945 | 22, 149 | 22, 153 | 22,084 | 22, 292 | 22, 221 | 22, 246 | 21, 134 | 21,770 | 22, 145 |
| Consuming 100 percent cotton...........-do | 20, 221 | 20,525 | 20,540 | 20,609 | 20,758 | 20,751 | 20,730 | 20,900 | 20,885 | 20,957 | 19,903 | 20,516 | 20, 910 |
| Spindle hours operated, all fibers, total mil.of hr .. | 11, 076 | 7,754 | 10, 333 | 12, 638 | 10,713 | 12,979 | 9,942 | 13, 273 | 11, 069 | 11, 083 | 12,447 | 10,399 | 10, 281 |
|  | - $\begin{array}{r}452 \\ -1036\end{array}$ |  | 9517 |  | ${ }^{542}$ | 530 | 523 | 542 | 563 | 554 | 505 | 533 | 514 |
| Consuming 100 percent cotton-............do....- | 10,376 123.0 | 7,307 $\mathbf{1 1 0 . 9}$ | 9,711 140.2 | 11,860 139.7 | 10,041 146.9 | 12,171 | $\stackrel{9,376}{ }$ | 12,459 1459 | 10,394 | 10,436 | 11,699 | ${ }_{1} 974$ | 9,677 138.9 |
| Rayon and manufactures and silk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rayon yarn and staple fiber: Consumption: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 78.0 | 79.7 | 85.1 | 79.0 | 82.5 | 80.5 | 86.9 | 79.0 | 75.0 | 85.9 | 80.0 | -82.0 | 82.0 |
| Staple fiber....-.-.........--..........do.- | 24.5 | 25.8 | 27.6 | 25.5 | 25.4 | 25.6 | 29.4 | 25.7 | 25.0 | 27.0 | 26.9 | r 28.9 | 25.9 |
| Stocks, producers', end of month: Filament yarn. | 14.4 | 13.1 | 10.5 | 10.0 | 10.5 | 11.2 | 6.1 | 10.3 | 10.5 | 8.4 |  | $r 11.3$ |  |
|  | 5.9 | 4.6 | 3.9 | 2.8 | 3.7 | 3.5 | 2.0 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 4.0 | 3.6 | ז 4.7 | 4.2 |
|  | 7,323 | 6,653 | 7,463 | 8,960 | 12,457 | 12,958 | 11,845 | 12,075 | 8,581 | 7,373 | 8,770 | 5,311 |  |
| Prices, wholesale: 150 denier frst aulity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Yarn, viscose, 150 denier, first quality, minimum filament......................dol. per lb | . 710 |  | . 740 | . 755 | . 760 |  | . 770 |  | . 780 | . 780 | 780 |  | . 780 |
| Staple fiber, viscose, $11 / 2$ denier-........do--.- | . 350 | . 355 | . 370 | . 370 | . 370 | . 370 | . 400 | . 400 | . 400 | . 400 | . 400 | . 400 | . 400 |
| Rayon broad-woven goods, production, quarterly thous. of linear yards | 551, 842 |  |  | 569,460 |  |  | 602,000 |  |  | - 630,093 |  |  |  |
| Silk, raw: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 744 | 1,033 | 902 | 1,307 | 1,500 | 1,152 | 727 | 748 | 628 | 576 | 499 | 395 | ........ |
| dol. per lb. <br> WOOL | 2.68 | 3.05 | 3.42 | 3.40 | 3.51 | 3.72 | 4.11 | 25.35 | 25.62 | 25.62 | 25.21 | 24.58 | 24.37 |
| Consumption (scoured basis):§ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Apparel class.------------------...thous. of lb.- | 39, 765 | 28, 816 | 38, 948 | 44, 390 | 38,004 | 38,695 | 28,896 | 40, 255 | 29,656 | 27,944 | 42, 500 |  |  |
|  | 18, 445 | 9,608 | 15,788 | 18,360 | 16, 704 | 18,380 | 14, 364 | 16, 590 | 13, 248 | 12,716 | 13, 000 |  |  |
| Prices, wholesale, Boston: | 55, 249 | 68,773 | 74,833 | 56,832 | 49,254 | 51,584 | 42,994 | 73, 139 | 50, 179 | 66,761 | 74,701 | 55, 243 |  |
| Raw, territory, 64s, 70 s , 80s, scoured..dol. per lb.- | 1.760 | 1.800 | 2.045 | 2. 481 | 2. 469 | 2.540 | ${ }^{3} 2.650$ | ${ }^{3} 3.340$ | ${ }^{3} 3.600$ | 3 3.750 | ${ }^{3} 3.338$ | 3.130 | 2.850 |
| Raw, bright fleece, 56 s, greasy, 47 percent shrink- <br>  | . 678 | . 702 | . 778 | . 892 | . 909 | . 973 | ${ }^{3} 1.131$ | ${ }^{3} 1.420$ | ${ }^{3} 1.535$ | 1.564 | 1.325 | 1. 236 | 1.125 |
| Australian, 64s, 70s, good topmaking, scoured, in bond. .................................... dol. per lb. | 1.775 | 1.775 | 1. 965 | 2. 725 | ${ }^{2} 2.515$ | ${ }^{3} 2.560$ | ${ }^{2} 2.600$ | ${ }^{3} 3.240$ | ${ }^{2} 3.450$ | 33.600 | ${ }^{3} 3.275$ | ${ }^{3} 3.010$ | ${ }^{3} 2.825$ |
| WOOL MANUFACTURES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Machinery activity (weekly average): \& Looms:© |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Woolen and worsted: thous of active hours |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2, 214 | 1,933 | 2,391 | 2,346 | 2,502 | 2,346 | 2,275 | 2,272 | 1,984 | r 1,858 | 2,250 |  |  |
|  | 2, 25 | 1, 26 | -30 | , 18 | ${ }^{2} 17$ | ${ }^{2} 13$ | ${ }^{2} 15$ | 20 | ${ }^{2} 2$ | ${ }_{r} 22$ | 21 |  |  |
| Carpet and rug: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 76 | ${ }_{51}$ | ${ }_{83}$ | 81 | 92 | ${ }_{85}$ | ${ }_{87}$ | ${ }_{85}^{163}$ | ${ }_{86} 8$ | ${ }^{168} 8$ | ${ }_{73}$ |  |  |
| Spinning spindles: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 85,662 102,418 | 74,410 85,975 | r6, 115, 302 | 87, 513 115,284 | 91,915 120,695 | 78,103 110,948 | 76,483 102,780 | $\begin{array}{r}78,464 \\ \hline 108,779\end{array}$ | 76,973 495,260 |  | - $\begin{array}{r}76,734 \\ 111,730\end{array}$ |  |  |
|  | -187 | 85, 167 | - 233 | - 227 | - 233 | -191 | -176 | 194 | ${ }^{164}$ | 139 |  |  |  |
| Wool yarn: ${ }_{\text {Production, }}$ totals |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | -8,725 | ${ }_{5}^{51,964}$ | -8, 884 | -8, 8185 | 7,832 | 8,105 | 6,084 | 8,300 | $r \times 7,312$ | ${ }_{r} 46,816$ | 48,655 |  |  |
| Weaving | 49,380 | 34,860 | 44, 796 | 52,970 | 44, 180 | 48.075 | 37, 480 | 48,440 | r 47,048 | ${ }^{\sim} 435,460$ | ${ }^{4} 50,375$ |  |  |
|  | 19,450 | 10,240 | 16,668 | 19, 260 | 17,724 | 20,300 | 16, 100 | ${ }^{4} 21,045$ | r 15, 908 | ${ }^{\text {r } 15,468}$ | 17,555 |  |  |
| Price, wholesale, worsted yarn (Bradford weaving system) $2 / 32 \mathrm{~s} . . . . . . . . . .--$ - dol. per lb.. | 2.975 | 2.975 | 2.975 | 3.665 | 4.125 | 4. 175 | 4. 175 | 4.754 |  |  |  |  |  |

 tested; December 1950 quotation, $\$ 4.55$. ${ }^{2}$ Nominal price. 4 Includes operations on the American system in cotton mills which were previously reported as cotton-system spindle operations; data beginning 1951, therefore, are not strictly comparable with earlier figures. For January 1951, the activity of these spindles not previously attributed to the worsted-system amounted to approximately 5.3 million active hours weekly and 1.2 million pounds of yarn spun.

IData for June, September, November 1950 and January and April 1951 cover 5 week periods and for other months, 4 weeks; stock data and number of active spindles are for end of $\ddagger$ Scattered.
*Tcattered monthly revisions beginning 1944 (to incorporate new quotations for two constructions previously included at OPA ceiling prices) are available upon request.
§'Substatitated series. see note marked $0^{\prime \prime}$ at bottom of $\rho$. S-s or the July 1950 SUR VEx
weight.

Unless otherwise stated，statistics through 1948 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1949 Statistical Supplement to the Survey

| 1950 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1951 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| June | July | August | Septem－ ber | October | Novem－ ber | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Decern. } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | January | Febru－ ary | March | April | May | June |

TEXTILE PRODUCTS－Continued


## TRANSPORTATION EQUTPMENT

| AIRCRAFT |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| MOTOR VEHICLES |  |
|  |  |
| Coaches，total do $\qquad$ Domestic $\qquad$ <br> do |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Domestic． |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Exports，total $\ddagger$－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－${ }_{\text {do }}$ |  |
| Passenger cars do <br> Trucks $\ddagger$ $\qquad$ do $\qquad$ $\qquad$ |  |
|  |  |
| Truck trailers，production，total．－．．．－．－．．．．．．－do．．．．－ |  |
|  |  |
| Vans <br> All other |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Registrations： |  |
|  |  |
| New comm |  |

## RAILWAY EQUIPMENT

A merican Railway Car Institute：
Shipments：
Freight cars，total．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．
Equipment manufacturers， Domestic
Railroad shops，domestic
Equipment manufacturers，total Domestic－．．－．－．－．－．－．－．
ssociation of American Railroads：
 Undergoing or awaiting classified repairs Percent of total ownership．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．
 Railroad shops comotives（class I），end of month
Steam，undergoing or awaiting classified repairs Percent of total on line．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． Orders，unfilled
Steam locomotives，total．．．－．－．－．．．．．．．．．number． equipment manufacturers． $\qquad$ Railroad shops．．．－－－－
Other locomotives，total Equipment manufacturers． Equipment man
Railroad shops．

Exports of locomotives，total． Other

|  | 出い出 |  | $\underset{-\infty}{\infty}$ | －No <br>  | － |  |  |  | №w |  | 岗 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

321
94
$\square$
$\left[\begin{array}{r} \\ 204 \\ 40\end{array}\right.$




[^0]:    1 "Income payments to individuals" is a measure of the income received from all sources during the calendar year by the residents of each State. It comprises income received by individuals in the form of wages and salaries, net income of proprietors (including farmers), dividends, interest, net rents, and other items such as social insurance benefits, relief, veterans pensions and benefits, and allotment payments to dependents of military personnel. For a more detailed definition of income payments and a brief description of sources and methods used in preparing the estimates, see the "Technical Notes" section of the article in the August 1950 issue of the Survey of Current Business.
    NOTE.-MR. GRAHAM IS A MEMBER OF THE NATLONAL INCOME DIVI. SION, OFFICE OF BUSINESS ECONOMICS.

[^1]:    $r$ Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{〔}$ Deficit. $\ddagger$ Revised data for May 1950, $\$ 39,409,000$.

[^2]:    $*$ Revised. 1 December 1 estimate. $\quad$ July 1 estimate.
    ${ }^{7}{ }^{7}$ TRipures beghning July 1950 exclude production of wines and vermouth; for July 1949-Jume 1950 , such production totaled 83,000 gallons.

