# UNITED STATES <br> DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE <br> <br> WASHINGTON <br> <br> WASHINGTON <br> SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS 

## DECEMBER, 1925

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# COMPILED BY BUREAU OF THE CENSUS BUREAU OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC COMMERGE BUREAU OF STANDARDS 

## IMPORTANT NOTICE

In addition to figures given from Government sources, there are also incorporated for completevest of service figures from other sources generally accepted by the trades, the, authority and responsibitity,
for which are noted in the "Sources of Data" on pages 152-155 of the August, 1925, wsive

Subscription price of the Survey of Current Business is $\$ 1.50$ a year; single copies (monthly), 10 cenes; senimithal issues, 25 cents. Foreign subscriptions, $\$ 2.25$; single copies (monthly issues), including postage, 14 centef semiphyyal issues, 36 cents, Subscription price of Commerce Reports is $\$ 4$ a year; with the Survby, $\$ 5.50$ a yeary 14 ge remittances only to Superintendent of Documents, Washington, D. C., by postal money order, exprest order, endye York draft. Currency at sender's risk. Postage stamps or foreign money not accepted

## INTRODUCTION

The Surver of Current Business is designed to present each month a picture of the business situation by setting forth the principal facts regarding the various lines of trade and industry. At semiannual intervals detailed tables are published giving, for each item, monthly figures for the past two years and yearly comparisons, where available, back to 1913; also blank lines sufficient for six months have been left at the bottom of each table enabling those who care to do so to enter new figures as soon as they appear (see issue for August, 1925, No, 48). In the intervening months the more important comparisons only are given in the table entitled "Trend of business movements" as in the present number.

## ADVANCE SHEETS

Realizing that current statistics are highly perishable and that to be of use they must reach the business man at the earliest possible moment, the department has arranged to distribute advance leaflets every week to subscribers in the United States. The leaflets are usually mailed on Tuesdays and give such information as has been received during the preceding week. The information contained in these leaflets is elso reprinted in "Commerce Reports," issued weekly by the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce. The monthly bulletin is distributed as quickly as it can be completed and printed.

## BASIC DATA

The figures reported in the accompanying tables are very largely those already in existence. The chief function of the department is to bring together these data which, if a vailable at all, are scattered in hundreds of different publications. A portion of these data are collected by Government departments, other figures are compiled by technical journals, and still others are reported by trade associations.

## RELATIVE NUMBERS

To facilitate comparison between different items and render the trend of a movement more apparent, relative numbers (often called "index numbers," a term referring more particularly to a special kind of number described below) have been calculated. The relative numbers enable the reader to soe at a glance the general upward or downward tendency of a movement which can not so easily be grasped from the actual figures.

In computing these relative numbers the last prewar year, 1913 , or in some instances a five-year average, 1909-1913, has been used as a base equal to 100 wherever possible.
The relative numbers are computed by allowing the monthly average for the base year or period to equal 100. If the movement for a current month is greater than the base, the relative number will be greater than 100 , and vice versa. The difference between 100 and the relative number will give at once the per cent increase or decrease compared with the base period. Thus a relative number of 115 means an increase of 15
per cent over the base period, while a relative number of 80 means a decrease of 20 per cent from the base.
Relative numbers may also be used to calculate the approximate percentage increase or decrease in a movement from one period to the next. Thus, if a relative number at one month is 120 and for a later month it is 144 there has been an increase of 20 per cent.
In many instances comparable figures for the prewar years are not available, and in such cases the year 1919 has usually been taken as the base. For some industries 1919 can not be regarded as a proper base, due to extraordinary conditions in the industry, and some more representative period has been chosen. In many cases relative numbers of less importance have been temporarily omitted.

Most of the relative numbers appear in a special section of the semiannual issues, as in Tables 103 to 123 of the August, 1925, number, thus allowing easy comparison on a pre-war base for all items for which relatives could be computed.

## INDEX NUMBERS

When two or more series of relative numbers are combined by a system of weightings the resulting series is denominated an index number. The index number, by combining many relative numbers, is designed to show the trend of an entire group of industries or for the country as a whole, instead of for the single commodity or industry which the relative number covers. Comparisons with the base year or with other periods are made in the same manner as in the case of relative numbers.

## RATIO CHARTS

In many instances the charts used in the Surver of Current Business are of the type termed "Ratio Charts" (logarithmic scale), notably the Businese Indicator charts on page 2. These charts show the percentage increase and allow direct comparisons between the slope of one curve and that of any other curve regardless of its location on the diagram; that is, a 10 per cent increase in an item is given the same vertical movement whether its curve is near the bottom or near the top of the chart.

The difference between this and the ordinary form of a chart can be made clear by an example. If a certain item, having a relative number of 400 in one month, increases 10 per cent in the following month, its relative number will be 440 , and on an ordinary chart would be plotted 40 equidistant scale points higher than the preceding month. Another move ment with a relative number of, say, 50 also increases 10 per cent, making its relative number 55. On the ordinary (arithmetie) scale this item would rise only 5 equidistant points, whereas the previous item rose 40 points, yet each showed the same percentage increase. The ratio charts avoid this difficulty and give to each of the two movements exactly the same vertical rise and hence the slopes of the two lines are directly comparable. The ratio charts compare percontage changes, while the arithmetic charts compare absolute changes. close of the month, a complete picture of that month's operations, lncluding relative numbers, cumulative totals, text, and charts, can not be presented in printed form under 45 days after its close, but the adoance leafets described above glve considerable information as early as 15 days after its close, and present almost every week the latest data avallable.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE WASHINGTON

SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

COMPILED BY
BUREAU OF THE CENSUS : : BUREAU OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC COMMERCE : : BUREAU OF STANDARDS

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## PRELIMINARY SUMMARY FOR NOVEMBER

When allowance is made for the difference in the length of month, the gains in industrial output as recorded in October were extended in November in such commodities as pig iron, steel ingots, railroad locomotives, and sinc. Tin deliveries, the consumption of silk, the production of copper and cement, and the receipts of wool at Boston, on the other hand, were smaller than in October, but, except for wool receipts and tin deliveries, were larger than in November, 1924. Unfilled orders for steel and locomotives on November 30 were higher than at the end of October.

Sales by mail-order houses and 10 -cent chain stores declined seasonally from the previous month but were 13 and 11 per cent, respectively, higher than in November, 1924. Correspondingly, check payments and postal receipts in the 100 largest cities were smaller than in October but larger than a year ago. The demand for goods, as evidenced by carloadings, was greater than a year ago, the changes from October being almost completely of a seasonal character.

Traffic through the Sault Ste. Marie canals, though seasonally' smaller than in October, was considerably larger than in November, 1924.

Bills discounted by Federal Reserve banks increased in November and at the end of that month were almost three times as large as a year ago, while total reserves and the reserve ratio continued to decline. Loans and discounts of member banks continued to mount while investments were declining. Interest rates on call loans averaged higher than in October and were twice as high as a year ago, while rates on commercial paper, though higher than a year ago, showed relatively little change from the preceding month. Dividend and interest disbursements scheduled for payment during December were considerably higher than in either the previous month or a year ago, while average prices for industrial stocks: were lower in November than in October, though prices for railroad stocks averaged higher. Business failures were larger, both in number and in defaulted liabilities, than in either the preceding month or November, 1924. freight ton-miles," while the curve on bank debits has been adjusted for normal seasonsl varlations and that on manulacturing production for the varying number of working days]


## BUSINESS INDICATORS

The following table gives comparative relative numbers for a selected list of important business movements. It is believed that this table will prove useful, because it separates out from the large mass of material a comparatively small number of items which are often regarded as indicative of business in general.

The table has been divided into two parts, the first containing those items for which relative numbers can be calculated, using 1913 as a base. The second part contains items for which comparable data back to 1913 are not available. This latter group of relative numbers is calculated by letting the 1919 monthly average equal 100 . Care should therefore be exercised in comparing the absolute value of the two sets of data. In either group, however, the upward or downward trend of the relative numbers, compared to previous months, does reflect the present tendency in each item and will give a basis for business judgment.

Where avallable at the time of golng to press, December 15, November indicators have been Included, thus bringing this table up to date. It should be noted that the charts on page 2 show October data as the latest plotted, except for freight ton-miles, which shows September.

| COKMODITY | MONTHLY AVERAGE |  |  |  |  | 1924 |  |  |  |  | 1035 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1020 | 1921 | 1932 | 1933 | 1024 | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |
|  | 1913 monthly average $=100$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pig iron | 120 | 54 | 87 | 130 | 101 | 74 | 80 | 97 | 98 | 116 | 132 | 126 | 139 | 127 | 114 | 104 | 104 | 106 | 106 | 118 | 118 |
| Steel ingot | 135 | 64 | 114 | 144 | 122 | 101 | 112 | 124 | 124 | 141 | 168 | 149 | 166 | 142 | 137 | 127 | 122 | 136 | 138 | 154 | 155 |
| Copper | 99 | 88 | 80 | 120 | 128 | 130 | 124 | 134 | 133 | 131 | 144 | 134 | 145 | 137 | 137 | 136 | 133 | 132 | 132 | 138 | 132 |
| Cement (shipments) | 108 | 107 | 131 | 153 | 164 | 228 | 228 | 231 | 139 | 74 | 69 | 81 | 139 | 195 | 226 | 237 | 245 | 249 | 240 | 207 | 138 |
| Anthracite coal. | 98 | 90 | 58 | 104 | 99 | 93 | 100 | 101 | 80 | 97 | 97 | 94 | 93 | 98 | 107 | 102 | 112 | 116 | 5 | 1 | --..- |
| Bituminous coal | 119 | 87 | 85 | 118 | 101 | 90 | 106 | 121 | 106 | 116 | 130 | 98 | 94 | 85 | 89 | 93 | 99 | 113 | 117 | 133 | -.-- |
| Electric energy (gross revenue sales) | 283 | 312 | 349 | 407 | 434 | 386 | 397 | 427 | 462 | 506 | 522 | 480 | 457 | 448 | 429 | 421 | 419 | 429 | 450 | -... |  |
|  | 178 | 189 | 224 | 295 | 285 | 298 | 288 | 288 | 272 | 273 | 287 | 261 | 292 | 297 | 329 | 322 | 325 | 323 | 313 | 310 | --..- |
| Cotton (consumption) | 105 | 95 | 109 | 117 | 99 | 77 | 04 | 114 | 106 | 114 | 127 | 118 | 125 | 128 | 114 | 108 | 104 | 96 | 104 | 117 | 117 |
| Beef. | 119 | 113 | 126 | 130 | 133 | 135 | 146 | 167 | 148 | 134 | 146 | 105 | 128 | 131 | 132 | 127 | 145 | 135 | 144 | 173 |  |
| Pork | 113 | 117 | 130 | 160 | 151 | 115 | 103 | 118 | 152 | 191 | 190 | 152 | 115 | 109 | 116 | 136 | 107 | 96 | 97 | 122 |  |
| Unflled orders: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| United States Steel Corporation. | 170 | 90 | 96 | 102 | 68 | 56 | 59 | 60 | 68 | 82 | 85 | 89 | 82 | 75 | 69 | 63 | 60 | 59 | 63 | 70 | 78 |
| 8tocks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Crude petroleum | 127 | 152 | 234 | 287 | 338 | 349 | 350 | 348 | 346 | 338 | 335 | 337 | 337 | 340 | 344 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cotton (total). | 155 | 198 | 153 | 125 | 112 | 44 | 84 | 161 | 100 | 193 | 172 | 150 | 126 | 103 | 80 | 61 | 45 | 56 | 130 | 185 | 216 |
| Prices: 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wholesale index | 226 | 147 | 149 | 154 | 150 | 150 | 149 | 152 | 153 | 157 | 160 | 161 | 161 | 156 | 155 | 157 | 160 | 160 | 160 | 158 | 188 |
| Retail food | 203 | 153 | 142 | 146 | 140 | 144 | 147 | 149 | 150 | 152 | 154 | 151 | 151 | 151 | 152 | 156 | 160 | 160 | 159 | 162 | 167 |
| Retail coal, bituminous | 207 | 197 | 188 | 190 | 168 | 150 | 164 | 160 | 171 | 171 | 170 | 172 | 169 | 161 | 159 | 158 | 160 | 160 | 168 | 170 | -..- |
|  | 205 | 116 | 124 | 135 | 134 | 130 | 132 | 138 | 137 | 139 | 146 | 146 | 151 | 147 | 146 | 148 | 149 | 152 | 144 | 143 | 144 |
| Business finances: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Defaulted ifabilities | 108 | 220 | 228 | 197 | 198 | 242 | 150 | 158 | 136 | 198 | 238 | 176 | 148 | 163 | 162 | 161 | 151 | 163 | 134 | 129 | 157 |
| Price 25 industrial stocks | 184 | 136 | 168 | 185 | 198 | 205 | 201 | 202 | 213 | 231 | 233 | 238 | 235 | 233 | 245 | 248 | 258 | 272 | 280 | 300 | 300 |
| Price 25 railroad stocks | 67 | 64 | 75 | 72 | 81 | 86 | 85 | 84 | 92 | 95 | 96 | 98 | 95 | 92 | 86 | 06 | 97 | 101 | 102 | 103 | 106 |
| Banking: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clearings, New York City | 257 | 205 | 230 | 226 | 264 | 258 | 245 | 274 | 284 | 325 | 339 | 267 | 286 | 290 | 302 | 305 | 297 | 256 | 276 | 329 | 298 |
| Clearings, outside... | 275 | 212 | 230 | 276 | 284 | 265 | 277 | 314 | 290 | 317 | 322 | 273 | 309 | 308 | 297 | 317 | 323 | 283 | 813 | 353 | 310 |
| Commercial paper interest rate | 134 | 118 | 80 | 90 | 71 | 58 | 67 | 57 | 50 | 64 | 66 | 68 | 71 | 72 | 70 | 70 | 71 | 72 | 76 | 80 | 79 |
| Distribution: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Imports (value). | 294 | 140 | 177 | 212 | 201 | 170 | 192 | 208 | 188 | 224 | 232 | 223 | 258 | 233 | 210 | 218 | 218 | 228 | 234 | 250 | 253 |
| Exports (value). | 331 | 181 | 154 | 168 | 185 | 160 | 207 | 256 | 238 | 214 | 216 | 178 | 219 | 183 | 179 | 156 | 164 | 184 | 203 | 237 | 216 |
| Sales, mail-order | 284 | 188 | 204 | 259 | 284 | 211 | 279 | 364 | 351 | 411 | 308 | 290 | 318 | 322 | 262 | 271 | 248 | 255 | 809 | 464 | 386 |
| Transportation: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 137 | 105 | 115 | 139 | 131 | 133 | 143 | 158 | 139 | 128 | 135 | 123 | 129 | 123 | 136 | 131 | 139 | 153 | 151 | 161 | -**- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 015 m | nonth | ly av | erag | c- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lumber: | 102 | 86 | 117 | 133 | 129 | 139 | 135 | 140 | 126 | 110 | 121 | 122 | 136 | 143 | 146 | 151 | 141 | 154 | 168 | 157 |  |
| Building contracts. | 72 | 69 | 102 | 106 | 108 | 90 | 93 | 102 | 105 | 100 | 91 | 83 | 138 | 157 | 148 | 143 | 145 | 166 | 166 | 148 | 146 |
| Stocks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Heet. | 66 | 42 | 29 | 32 | 34 | 21 | 20 | 28 | 42 | 60 | 59 | 68. | 49 | 41 | 31 | 26 | 21 | 19 | 17 | 20 | 31 |
| Perk | 98 | 83 | 70 | 91 | 88 | 91 | 61 | 44 | 46 | 70 | 85 | 94 | 90 | 88 | 81 | 98 | 89 | 76 | 59 | 46 | 42 |
| Business finances: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bond prices (40 issues)... | 88 | 87 | 107 | 104 | 108 | 110 | 109 | 110 | 110 | 110 | 110 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 113 | 114 | 112 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 112 |
| Banklng: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Debits outside New York City .......---........... | 114 | 91 | 95 | 107 | 108 | 101 | 104 | 119 | 107 | 124 | 127 | 106 | 121 | 117 | 116 | 124 | 123 | 113 | 119 | 137 | 122 |
| Federal Reserve- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 132 | 91 | 28 | 34 | 19 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 16 | 14 | 22 | 21 | 21 | 21 | 24 | 24 | 30 | 33 | 30 | 32 |
| Total reserves.......................................- | 97 | 122 | 144 | 146 | 146 | 146 | 144 | 143 | 143 | 139 | 141 | 138 | 137 | 137 | 136 | 135 | 134 | 132 | 131 | 132 | 131 |
|  | 80 | 122 | 154 | 152 | 160 | 164 | 160 | 157 | 154 | 145 | 155 | 151 | 154 | 154 | 163 | 158 | 164 | 149 | 144 | 144 | 142 |

[^0]
## WHOLESALE PRICES IN NOVEMBER

[Bars denote percentages of increase or decrease in the wholesale prices of specinied commodities as compared with the same month of 1924 and 1923]


## WHOLESALE PRICE COMPARISONS

Nork.-Prices to producer on farm products and market price of wool are Irom $\quad$. S. Department of Apriculture, Bureau of Aoricultural Economics; nonferrous matala from the Engineering and Mining Journal-Press. All other prices are from U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. As far as possible all quotations represent prices to producer or at mill. See diagram on page 4.

| cominodities | Unit | actual price(dollars) |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { PER CENT } \\ \text { INCREASE ( }+ \text { OR } \\ \text { DECREASE }(-) \end{gathered}$ |  | Reiative frice (1913 average $=100$ ) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { October, } \\ 1925 \end{array}$ | Novernber, 1925 | November, 1924 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Novem- } \\ \text { ber, } 1925, \\ \text { Irom } \\ \text { October, } \\ 1925 \end{gathered}$ | November, 1925, from November, 1924 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Octo- } \\ & \text { ber, } \\ & 1925 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No- } \\ & \text { vem- } \\ & \text { ber, } \\ & 1925 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No- } \\ & \text { vem- } \\ & \text { ber, } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ |
| FARM PRODUCTS-AVERAGE PRICE TO PRODUCERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wheat | Bushel. | 1. 364 | 1.488 | 1. 336 | +9.1 | +11. 4 | 172 | 188 | 169 |
| Corn | Bushel | . 830 | . 746 | . 996 | $-10.1$ | $\underline{-25.1}$ | 134 | 121 | 161 |
| Potatoe | Bushel. | 1. 256 | 1. ${ }^{181}$ | - 635 | +58.0 | +212.4 | 210 | 332 | 106 |
| Cottonseed | Ton... | 32. 82 | 27.64 | 33.57 | -15.8 | $-17.7$ | 151 | 127 | 154 |
| Cattle, beef | Pound. | . 0631 | . 0614 | . 0543 | $-2.7$ | +13.1 | 107 | 104 | 92 |
| Hogs | Pound. | . 1116 | . 1066 | . 0862 | $-4.5$ | +23.7 | 149 | 142 | 115 |
| Lamb | Pound. | . 1204 | . 1215 | . 1055 | +0.9 | +15.2 | 197 | 199 | 173 |
| FARM PRODUCTS-MARKET PRICE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wheat, No. 1, northern, spring (Chicago) | Bushel | 1. 549 | 1. 612 | 1. 529 | +4.1 | +5. 4 | 170 | 177 | 168 |
| Wheat, No. 2, red, winter (Chicago) | Bushel | 1.635 | 1.711 | 1. 574 | +4.6 | +8.7 | 166 | 174 | 160 |
| Corn, contract grades, No. 2, eash (Chicago) | Bushel. | . 828 | . 841 | 1. 130 | +1.6 | -25. 6 | 132 | 135 | 181 |
| Oats, contract grades, cash (Chicago) | Bushel. | . 402 | . 403 | . 524 | +0.2 | -23. 1 | 110 | 107 | 140 |
| Barley, fair to good, malting (Chicago) | Bushel | . 743 | . 715 | . 812 | -3.8 | -17. 2 | 119 | 114 | 138 |
| Rye, No. 2, cash (Chicago) .-.....-..---.-. | Busbel...... | ${ }^{25} 838$ | ${ }_{25} .850$ | 1.312 | $+2.3$ | -34 7 | 132 | 135 | 208 |
| Tobacco, burley, good leaf, dark red (Louisville) | Cwt | 25.00 .220 | 25.00 .208 | 24.50 .243 | 0.0 -5.5 | +2.0 -14.4 | 189 172 | 189 162 | 186 190 |
| Wool, $4 / 4$ blood combing, ohio and Pennsylvania | Pound | . 51 | . 54 | 61 | +5.9 | -11.5 | 204 | 216 | 244 |
| Cattle, steers, good to choice, corn fed (Chicago) | Cwt | 11.906 | 10.575 | 9.16 | -11.2 | +15.4 | 140 | 124 | 108 |
| Hogs, heavy (Chicago) | $\mathrm{CWH}^{\text {c }}$ | 11. 694 | 11. 320 | 9. 58 | $-3.2$ | +18.2 | 140 | 135 | 115 |
| Sheep, ewes (Chicago) | Cwt. | 6. 408 | 6.785 | 6. 330 | +5.9 | +7.2 | 137 | 145 | 135 |
| Sheep, lambs (Chicago). | Cwt. | 14.813 | 15. 250 | 13. 34 | $+3.0$ | +14.3 | 190 | 196 | 171 |
| FOOD |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Flour, standard patents (Minneapolis) | Barrel. | 8. 263 | 8. 538 | 8. 163 | +3.3 | +4.6 | 180 | 186 | 178 |
| Flour, winter straights (Kansas City) | Barrel | 7.410 | 7. 613 | 6.870 | +3.7 | +10.8 | 193 | 198 | 179 |
| Sugar, $98^{\circ}$ centritugal (New York)--.-- | Pound | . 039 | . 040 | . 058 | +2.6 | $-31.0$ | 110 | 115 | 166 |
| Sugar, granulated, in barrels (New York) --. ${ }^{\text {Cotor }}$ | Pound | . 050 | . 051 | . 073 | +2.0 | -30.1 | 117 | 120 | 169 |
| Cottonseed oil, prime summer yellow (New York) | Pound | . 099 | . 101 | . 110 | +2.0 | -8. 2 | 136 | 140 | 151 |
| - Beef, fresh carcass good native steers (Chicago) | Pound... | . 185 | . 178 | . 183 | -3.8 | -2.7 | 143 | 137 | 141 |
| - $\begin{aligned} & \text { Beef, } \\ & \text { Pork, } \\ & \text { smosh sted hams (Chicago).......... }\end{aligned}$ | Pound.- | . 283 | . 1482 | . .1295 | -10.6 -0.4 | +10.9 +37.6 | 172 170 | 170 | 198 123 |
| CLOTHING |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cotton yarns, earded, white, northern, mulespun, 22-1 cones (Boston) | Pound. | . 430 | . 407 | 446 | $-5.3$ | -8.7 | 174 | 164 | 180 |
| Cotton, print cloth, 27 lnches, $64 \times 60-7,60$ yards to pound (Boston)........ | Yard.... | . 067 | . 063 | . 067 | $-6.0$ | -6.0 | 194 | 182 | 195 |
| Cotton, sheeting, brown 4/4 Ware Shoals L.t L. (New York) --...........- | Yard. | . 108 | . 108 | . 106 | 0.0 | +1.9 | 176 | 176 | ${ }_{238}$ |
| Worsted yarns, 2/32's crossbred stock, white 1 ln skeln (Boston) | Pound...-- | 1. 650 | 1. 600 | 1. 850 | -3.0 | -8.7 | 212 | 206 | 238 |
| Women's dress goods, French, 35-36 inches at mills, serge | Yard... | . 800 | . 800 | 775 | 0.0 | +3.2 | 254 | 254 | 246 |
| Suitings, wool, dyed blue, 65-5t inches, 16 -ounce Middlesex (N. Y.) | Yard | 3. 600 | 3. 600 | 3. 690 | 0.0 | -2.4 | 233 | 233 | 239 |
| Silk, raw Japanese, Kansas, No. 1 (New York)...--..-- | Pound | 6. 664 | 6. 566 | 6. 174 | -1.5 | +6.3 | 183 | 180 | 170 |
| Hides, green salted, packer's heavy native steers (Chicago) | Pound. | . 174 | . 163 | 174 | $-6.3$ | -6. 3 | 95 | 89 | 95 |
| Hides, caliskins, No. 1, country, 8 to 15 pounds (Chicago) | Pound -.--- | ${ }^{200}$ | . 198 | ${ }^{203}$ | $-1.0$ | $-2.5$ | 106 | 105 | 107 |
| Leather, chrome calf, dull or bright " $B$ " grades (Boston) | Square foot. | . 460 | . 4760 | 460 | 0.0 $+\quad 2$ | 0.0 +1.1 | 171 | 171 | 171 |
| Leather, sole, oak, scoured backs, heavy (Boston) --..-- | Pound ..... | ${ }^{.} 4.460$ | ${ }^{6} .470$ | ${ }^{-465}$ | $+2.2$ | +1.1 | 103 206 | 1 | 104 |
| Boots and shoes, men's dress welt tan calf (St. Louis)....... | Pair-........ | 5.15 | 5.15 | 5. 00 | 0.0 | +3.0 | 163 | 163 | 158 |
| FUEL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Coal, bituminous, mine run lump, Kanawha (Cincinnati) | Short ton.- | 3.39 | 3. 39 | 3.39 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 154 | 154 | 154 |
| Coal, anthracite, chestnut ( New York tidewater) | Long ton--- | 11. 284 | 11. 290 | 11. 470 | $+0.1$ | -1.6 | 212 | 213 | 216 |
| Coke, Connellspille (range of prompt and cuture) (urnace-at ovens. | Short ton.- | ${ }^{6.53}$ | 6.888 | 3. 23 | +5.3 | +112.8 | 258 | $\stackrel{282}{170}$ | 132 |
| Petroleum, crude, Kansas-Oklahoma-at wells......... | Barrel...... | 1. 600 | 1. 588 | 1. 212 | $-0.7$ | +31.0 | 171 | 170 | 130 |
| Metals |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pig iron, foundry No. 2, northern (Pittsburgh) | Long ton... | 20.89 | 22. 14 | 21. 26 | +6. 0 | +4.1 | 131 | 138 | 133 |
| Pig iron, basic, valley furnace...- | Long ton...- | 18.63 | 19. 88 | 19.13 | +6.7 | +3.9 | 127 | 135 | 130 |
| Steel, billets, Bessemer (Pittsburgh) | Long ton... | 34. 25 | 34. 75 | 35. 50 | +1.5 | -2. 1 | 133 | 135 | 138 |
| Copper ingots, electrolytic, early delivery (New York) | Pound..... | . 1430 | . 1435 | . 1364 | $+0.3$ | +5.2 | 94 | 94 | 89 |
| Lead, pig, delivered, for early delivery (New York). | Pound...... | . 0951 | . 0974 | . 0869 | +2.4 | +12.1 | 218 | 223 | 199 |
| Tin, plg, for early delivery (New York). | Pound....- | . 6050 | . 6210 | . 5385 | +2.8 | +15.4 | 137 | 140 | 122 |
| Zinc, slpb, western (St. Louis) .................................................. | Pound.....- | . 0828 | . 0861 | . 0680 | +4.0 | +26.6 | 151 | 157 | 124 |
| BULLDING MATERIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lumber, pine, southern, yellow flooring, $1 \times 4$, " $B$ " and better (Hattiesburg district) | M feet. | 47. 41 | 48.27 | 42.48 | +1.8 | +13.6 | 206 | 210 | 184 |
| Lumber, Douglas fir, No. 1 , common, sis, $1 \times 8 \times 10$ (Washington) | M leet. | 16. 50 | 16. 50 | 16. 50 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 179 | 179 | 179 |
| Brick, common red, domestic building (New York) --.......-- | Thousand.. | 14.75 | 14.75 | 13.50 | 0.0 | +9.3 | 225 | 225 | 206 |
| Cement, Portland, net without bags to trade, f. o. b., plant (Chicago district) | Barrel. | 1. 70 | 1.65 | 1.75 | -2.9 | -5.7 | 168 | 163 | 173 |
| Steel beams, mill (Pittsburgh) | CWt | 1. 95 | 1. 95 | 1. 90 | 0.0 | +2.6 | 129 | 129 | 126 |
| Rubber, Para Island, fine (New York) | Pound | . 773 | . 853 | . 286 | +10.3 | +198.3 | 96 | 108 | 35 |
| Sulphuric acid, $66^{\circ}$ (New York) ...--- | Cwt | . 70 | . 70 | . 70 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 70 | 70 | 70 |

## EMPLOYMENT IN MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES BY MAJOR GROUPS

(Drawn from data compiled by J. S. Department of Labor, and representing weighted indexes based upon number of wage earners in the respective industries in 1919. A verage monthly employment $1923=100$. October, 1925 , is latest month plotted]


## BUSINESS SUMMARY

dlydex and relative numbers based on the 1919 monthly average as 100 -except unfilled orders which are based on the 1920 average-onable comparisons to be made of the relative condition of the several phases of business. The use of index and relative numbers is more fully explained on the inside front cover, and details of this summary are given in the table entltled "Indexes of Business," beginning on p. 23]

|  | $\underset{\text { yvarage }}{\substack{\text { Yequy }}}$ |  | 1024 |  |  | 1925 |  |  | PER CENT INCREASE ( + ) <br> OR DECREASE (一) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1923 | 1924 | August | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sep- } \\ \text { tember } \end{gathered}$ | October | August | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sop- } \\ & \text { tember } \end{aligned}$ | October | $\begin{gathered} \text { October, } 1925, \\ \text { from } \\ \text { September, } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { October, } 1925 \\ \text { from October, } \\ 1924 \end{array}$ |
| Production: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing (64 commodities-Adjusted) ${ }^{1}$ | 119 | 113 | 109 | 114 | 116 | 121 | 122 | 132 | +8.2 | +13.8 |
|  | 113 | 118 | 121 | 152 | 179 | 114 | 150 | 156 | +4.0 | -12.8 |
| Minerals. | 131 | 123 | 122 | 128 | 135 | 142 | 125 | 132 | +5.6 | -2.2 |
| Animal products | 117 | 117 | 108 | 110 | 112 | 107 | 105 | 115 | +9.5 | $-2.7$ |
| Crops. | 102 | 118 | 129 | 193 | 246 | 106 | 191 | 196 | +2.6 | -20.3 |
| Forest products | 121 | 119 | 124 | 119 | 123 | 131 | 129 | 135 | +4.7 | +9.8 |
| Electric power | 144 | 152 | 146 | 148 | 160 | 168 | 169 | 183 | +8.3 | +14.4 |
| Building (awards-floor space) | 106 | 108 | 90 | 93 | 102 | 166 | 155 | 148 | $-4.5$ | +45.1 |
| Stocks (45 commodities; seasonal adjustment) | 119 | 135 | 133 | 134 | 135 | 142 | 149 | 133 | $-10.7$ | -1.5 |
| Unfilled orders (relative to 1920) ......-. | 74 | 52 | 46 | 46 | 43 | 52 | 52 | 53 | +1.9 | +23.3 |
| Saleg (based on value) : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mail-order houses (4 houses) | 99 | 105 | 74 | 106 | 141 | 89 | 113 | 170 | +50.4 | +20.6 |
| Ten-cent chains ( 5 chains) -- | 165 | 185 | 172 | 169 | 203 | 195 | 191 | 237 | +24.1 | +16.7 |
| Wholesale trade .-....--- | 83 | 82 | 83 | 92 | 95 | 87 | 94 | 101 | +7. 4 | +6.3 |
| Department stores (359 stores) | 124 | 125 | 93 | 119 | 141 | 98 | 122 | 164 | +34.4 | +16.3 |
| Prices (recomputed to 1919 base): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Producers, farm products- | 65 75 | 64 7 | ${ }_{73}^{67}$ | 72 | 74 | 73 | 69 78 | 68 78 | -1.4 | +3.0 +4.1 |
| Retail food | 78 | 78 | 77 | 79 | 80 | 86 | 85 | 87 | +2.4 | +8.8 |
| Cost of living (including food) | 94 | 95 | 95 | 95 | 96 | 98 | 98 | 99 | +1.0 | +3.1 |
| Check papments ( 141 cities-Seasonal adjustment) | 103 | 109 | 112 | 110 | 109 | 125 | 127 | 132 | +3.9 | +21. 1 |
| Factory employment (1919 base) | 93 | 84 | 79 | 81 | 81 | 83 | 84 | 85 | +1.2 | +4. 9 |
| Transportation: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net freight ton-mile operation. | 115 | 108 | 110 | 118 | 131 | 126 | 125 |  |  |  |
| Car loadings (monthly total) --1------- Net available car surplus (end of mo.) | 119 25 | 116 139 | 139 117 | 119 70 | 151 59 | 154 98 | 123 85 | 159 66 | +29.3 -22.4 | $\begin{array}{r} +1.9 \\ +11.9 \end{array}$ |

1 See p. 28, Jan., 1926, issue (No. 41), for details of adjustment.

## COURSE OF BUSINESS IN OCTOBER

## GENERAL CONDITIONS

Business and industry was on a high level in October, manufacturing production showing the largest output on record, due largely to the high automobile production, although all principal groups of manufactures were higher than in September. Although seasonally larger, the raw material output was less than in October, 1924, the decline from a year ago being due to the small grain receipts and the shutdown in anthracite coal mining. Commodity stocks were slightly lower than the holdings of a year ago, and unfilled orders in the iron and steel and building material trades were considerably higher, although the building material orders were less than on September 30. Building awards were 5 per cent less than in September, but were 45 per cent higher than a year ago.

Trade indicators were also at a high mark in October, with increases of from 16 to 21 per cent over

October, 1924, recorded for mail-order houses, tencent chains and department stores, while wholesale trade increased 6 per cent. Increased trade activity is also reflected in the considerable increase in check payments over a year ago. Employment and pay roll payments also exceeded the October, 1924, figures. Carloadings were 2 per cent larger than a year ago, but the surplus of idle freight cars was 12 per cent larger than at the end of October, 1924. Foreign trade was higher than a year ago, in spite of a decline in exports.
Slight declines occurred from September in producers' and wholesale prices, but the retail food and cost-of-living indexes advanced. All the price indexes were from 3 to 4 per cent higher than a year ago, except food at retail, which was 9 per cent higher. Business failures continued to decline and stock prices to advance.

## SUMMARY OF INDEXES OF BUSINESS

## PRODUCTION

Manufacturing production in October made a new high record, both as to actual figures and relative to the number of working days in the month, standing at 137 per cent of the 1919 average in actual output and 132 when adjusted for length of working time. The previous high record was in May, 1923. Increases over September output occurred in all industry groups, the miscellaneous group being the most marked, as its increase of 25 per cent was largely due to the record output of automobiles, after relatively small figures for August and September. The other group increases over September ranged from 4 to 11 per cent, the combined index showing a gain of 8 per cent over September output when account is taken of the larger number of working days in October. Compared with a year ago, manufacturing production in October was

14 per cent higher, all groups increasing except foodstuffs, textiles, and leather. The largest increases over a year ago were in the miscellaneous group, due to large automobile output, and in the iron and steel group.

In contrast to the high level of manufacturing output, raw material production and marketings were 13 per cent below a year ago, the increase in 1925 from September to October being considerably less than normal. The mineral output was almost as high as a year ago, in spite of the virtual shutdown in anthracite mining, as all other minerals except silver were produced in greater quantity than a year ago.

The marketing of animal products increased almost 3 per cent over a year ago, although receipts of wool, hogs, sheep, and eggs were less than in October, 1924. Compared with September, only receipts of wool and eggs and the catch of fish declined.

RELATIVE PRODUCTION, STOCKS, AND UNFILLED ORDERS FOR MANUFACTURED COMMODITIES
[1920 monthly average $=100$. This chart shows stocks of manufactured commodities only, while adjustment has been made for both stocks and production for their respective seasonal movements. Unfilled orders are principally those for iron, steel, and building materials. October, 1925, is latest month plotted]


The decline of 20 per cent in marketings of crops was chiefly responsible for the fall in the raw material marketings from a year ago. Grain and fruit marketings were much smaller than in October, 1925, and marketings of miscellaneous crops also declined, while cotton products and vegetables had larger marketings than a year ago.

Forest products' output increased 10 per cent over a year ago, the only group decline occurring in pulp wood. Compared with the September output, gum and distilled wood showed decreases, despite the increases registered over a year ago.

## COMMODITY STOCES

Actual stocks of commodities on hand on October 31 were 2 per cent larger than at the end of the previous month, but when seasonal conditions are taken into account, the index number shows a decline of 11 per cent, all groups declining except manufactured foodstuffs, while the raw foodstuff group showed the greatest decrease. Compared with October, 1924, the adjusted stock index shows a slight decline, the decline in foodstuffs, both raw and manufactured, overbalancing the increases in the other commodities.

SALES
The unfilled order index of iron and steel and building materials increased 2 per cent during October, iron and steel unfilled orders being 13 per cent above those recorded at the end of September, while building material orders declined. Compared with a year ago, unfilled orders were 23 per cent higher, iron and steel gaining 27 per cent and building materials 16 per cent.
The index of wholesale trade increased 7 per cent over September, with all groups participating, while the increase over October, 1924, amounted to 6 per cent, only groceries showing a decline in sales.
Sales of mail-order houses were 50 per cent larger in October than in September and 27 per cent higher than a year ago, the October sales setting a new high record for this type of trade. Sales of ten-cent, grocery, and shoe chains each increased from 24 to 30 per cent over September, while other chains made smaller increases. Compared with a year ago, all classes of chains made increased sales, grocery chains leading with a gain of 31 per cent, while cigar chains showed sales only 5 per cent larger. Departmentstore trade increased 34 per cent over September, more than the usual seasonal gain, and were 16 per cent above a year ago. Stocks held by department stores were 1 per cent higher than a year ago.

## PRICES

Average prices received by farmers in October showed a decline of less than 1 per cent from September, gains in the fruit and vegetable and dairy
and poultry groups almost neutralizing the declines in grain, meats, and cotton products, while the unclassified group showed no change. Farm prices stood 4 per cent higher than a year ago, with fruits and vegetables, meat animals and dairy products and poultry higher, and grain, cotton products, and the unclassified group lower.

The wholesale-price index of the Department of Labor declined 1 per cent from September, owing to decreases in farm products, food, and chemicals, while clothing, fuels, metals, and miscellaneous groups advanced. The index stood at 4 per cent above a year ago, all items being higher except house-furnishing goods, which reached a new low postwar level in October. The miscellaneous group was 15 per cent higher than a year ago, due largely to the increased price of rubber. As regrouped by the Federal Reserve Board, the only increases over September were in producers' goods and in mineral products in the raw product group. Compared with a year ago, however, all groups were higher except agricultural products, with the animal product group making the greatest gain. The commercial index numbers both increased slightly during October.

The cost-of-living index rose 1 per cent over September, due to gains of 2 per cent in food and 1 per cent in fuel and light costs, the other groups remaining stationary. Compared with a year ago, food costs were 9 per cent higher, and fuel and light and sundries slightly higher, while shelter and clothing costs declined, the combined index showing an advance of 3 per cent over October, 1924.

COMPARISON OF WHOLESALE PRICE INDEX NUMBERS, BY GROUPS
[Relative prices, 1913=100. October, 1925, is latest month plotted]


## EMPLOYMENT

The index of factory employment increased 1 per cent over September only the miscellaneous group registering a decline. Compared with a year ago, almost 5 per cent more workers were employed in industry, with the foodstuff group alone showing a decrease. Metals other than iron and steel, vehicles, and chemicals made the greatest relative gains over a
year ago, all showing 10 per cent advances or better. Pay-roll payments in October were almost 7 per cent greater than in September, all groups gaining over the previous month, the increase of 17 per cent in metals other than iron and steel being especially marked. Compared with October, 1924, factory pay rolls were 8 per cent higher, all groups showing increases except leather, which remained unchanged.

## REVIEW BYYPRINCIPAL BRANCHES OF INDUSTRY AND COMMERCE

## TEXTILES

October wool receipts at Boston declined seasonally from the previous month, receipts of both domestic and foreign wool being less than in September. Boston wool receipts were greater than in October, 1924, however, due to the large increase in receipts of foreign wool. Imports of unmanufactured wool were larger than in either the previous month or a year ago; imports for the first 10 months of this year were also greater by 32 per cent than for the corresponding period of last year. The consumption of wool by textile mills in October was 7 per cent greater than for the previous month but fell considerably short of a year ago. Wool machinery also showed a considerable increase in activity from the previous month, all classes of equipment participating except cards and carpet looms. Prices of raw wool were slightly higher than in September, while prices of yarn and of suitings remained unchanged.

Consumption of Cotron, Wool, and Silk
[October, 1925, is latest month plotted]



Cotton ginnings up to the end of October exceeded last season by 15 per cent. Exports of raw cotton were very much greater than for either the previous month or a year ago. Stocks both at mills and warehouses increased 40 per cent over the previous month and were substantially greater than at the end of October, 1924.

Raw Cotton Consumption and Exports
[October, 1925, is latest month plotted]


In the table below are given the average wholesale prices of carded cotton yarns in the New Bedford market from 1921 to date.

Wholesale Prices of Cotton Yarns, Carded, Single Warp, 40/1s, New Bedford ${ }^{1}$
[Dollars per pound]

| MONTH | 1921 | 1922 | 1923 | 1924 | 1925 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| January | \$0.450 | \$0. 564 | \$0.680 | \$0.683 | \$0.547 |
| February | . 451 | . 645 | . 672 | . 637 | . 569 |
| March.. | . 403 | . 533 | . 701 | . 607 | . 589 |
| April. | . 371 | . 520 | . 703 | . 615 | . 580 |
| May | . 375 | . 532 | . 643 | . 620 | . 558 |
| June. | . 371 | . 559 | . 610 | . 597 | . 543 |
| July . | . 380 | . 576 | . 503 | . 589 | . 543 |
| August. | . 398 | . 572 | . 560 | . 578 | . 547 |
| September | . 400 | . 584 | . 618 | . 556 | . 563 |
| October-- | . 574 | . 606 | . 624 | . 543 | . 562 |
| November | . 559 | . 627 | . 680 | . 539 |  |
| December. | . 555 | . 632 | . 694 | . 552 |  |
| Monthly average. | . 447 | . 571 | . 648 | . 593 |  |

[^1]The consumption of raw cotton by textile mills was considerably greater than in September and was slightly larger than a year ago. For the first 10 months of 1925 cotton consumption by textile mills
was 18 per cent greater than for the corresponding months of last year. Machinery activity in the cotton industry was also greater than in September, 1925, or in October, 1924. The business of cotton finishing plants continued to increase. Prices of raw cotton were somewhat less than either the previous month or a year ago. This decline, however, was not reflected in the prices of cotton yarn and cloth, which averaged slightly higher than either the previous month or a year ago.

Imports of raw silk were 14 per cent less than in September but were much larger than a year ago. Consumption of silk as shown by deliveries, on the other hand, exceeded that either of September or a year ago, and as a result stocks declined from both prior periods. The prices of raw silk continued to
increase, averaging 16 per cent higher than in October, 1924.

## IRON AND STEEL

Shipments of iron ore from the mines were less than in September but 25 per cent greater than a year ago. Shipments up to the end of October exceeded those of last year by 23 per cent. Stocks of iron ore continued to increase, but were slightly less than those at the end of October of last year. The consumption of iron ore and the production of pig iron were considerably greater than for the preceding month or for a year ago. The number and capacity of furnaces in blast at the end of October also increased from both prior periods. Prices of pig iron averaged slightly higher than in September.

PRODUCTION OF PIG IRON AND UNITED STATES STEEL CORPORATION'S UNFILLED ORDERS


The production of steel ingots was greater than for either the previous month or a year ago, the cumulative production for the first 10 months of 1925 being 20 per cent in excess of the corresponding period of last year. Bookings of steel castings also exceeded those of the previous month, but were somewhat smaller than those reported in October, 1924, due to the decline in the bookings of railroad specialties. Unfilled orders of the United States Steel Corporation exceeded those at the end of September by 10 per cent and were 17 per cent greater than at the end of October, 1924. The production, shipments, and sales of steel sheets exceeded those of either the previous month or a year ago. The production and shipments of steel barrels was also considerably greater than for either September, 1925, or for October, 1924, although stocks and unfilled orders declined in October, as compared with the previous month. Steel prices showed little change from the previous month, although they were slightly less than a year ago. Bookings and shipments of structural steel and bookings of steel plate increased substantially over September and also over a year ago

NONFERROUS METALS
Copper production at domestic mines was larger than for either the previous month or a year ago, bringing the total for the year thus far up to 7 per cent above the 1924 period. The world production of blister copper was 11 per cent larger than in September and 7 per cent larger than a year ago, and the output for the first 10 months of 1925 was 5 per cent

Copper Production and Exports
[October, 1925, is latest month plotted]

greater than for the same period of 1924. Exports of copper were considerably less than in either September, 1925, or in October, 1924, although the total shipments abroad were 4 per cent greater during the first 10 months of this year than during the same period of last year. Prices averaged slightly less than in the previous month but were 11 per cent greater than a year ago.

Tin: Imports, Visible Supply, and Dhliveries to Mills October, 1925, is latest month plotted]


Stocks of tin in the United States were slightly larger than for either the previous month or a year ago, an increase in imports from the previous month being accompanied by a decline in deliveries of tin to consuming establishments. The wholesale price averaged higher than for either prior period.

A further increase in the number of zinc retorts in operation took place in October, and as a result the production of zinc was 7 per cent greater than in September. Stocks of zinc continued to decline, being but one-fifth the total reported at the end of October, 1924. Wholesale prices of zinc continued to rise, being 31 per cent greater than in October of last year.

The production of lead was 18 per cent greater than in September and 10 per cent larger than a year ago, making the total for the first 10 months of this year 9 per cent larger than during the same period of 1924. Lead prices were unchanged from the previous month but were 15 per cent higher than a year ago.

## FUELS

The production of bituminous coal was 14 per cent greater than in September and 10 per cent greater than a year ago, the increase for the year thus far being 6 per cent over the same period of last year. Prices showed little change from either the previous month or a year ago. Anthracite output was practically at a standstill, owing to labor disagreements.

Production of Bituminous and Anthracite Coal
[October, 1925, is latest month plotted]


The production of coke continued to increase, both types of coke also making large gains over October, 1924. Production of beehive coke for the first 10 months of this year was practically the same as a year ago, while the by-product output was 17 per cent greater. Prices of coke increased sharply from September and were more than double those of a year ago.

The output of crude petroleum, though slightly less than in September, was 7 per cent larger than a year ago, while stocks were reduced. Production and stocks of refined oils were all larger than a year ago except production of kerosene.

Production of Beehive and By-Product Coke
[October, 1925, is latest month plotted]


## AUTOMOBILES

After a period of low activity, during August and September, due to changes in styles, the October production of automobiles was the largest in the history of the industry. The production of trucks, on the other hand, was considerably less than in the previous month, although it was 41 per cent greater than in October, 1924. For the first 10 months of this year, automobile production was 11 per cent greater and truck production 32 per cent greater than for the corresponding period of last year.

## Passenger Automorile Prodoction

lOctober, 1925, is latest month plotted. Cumulative curve shows production through October]


RUBBER
Imports of rubber were 31 per cent greater than in September but 11 per cent less than a year ago, making the total imports for the first 10 months of this year larger by 19 per cent than those in the same period of 1924. The production of all types of tires and tubes declined from the previous month, while shipments increased, a decline in stocks resulting. Prices of rubber again increased, averaging 31 per cent higher than in September and almost treble the price of a year ago.

## HIDES AND LEATHER

Imports of hides and skins in October were less than for either the previous month or for a year ago, all classes of skins being imported in smaller quantities than in September and all classes except goat skins falling short of the imports of a year ago. Prices of hides showed little change from the previous month but were slightly higher than a year ago.

Exports of sole leather were 14 per cent greater than in September and were 3 per cent less than a year ago, making the total of such exports for the first 10 months of 1925 smaller by 13 per cent than for the corresponding period of last year. Exports of upper leather, on the other hand, while practically the same
as in September, were 6 per cent greater than a year ago. Leather prices remained unchanged from the previous month.

The October production of boots and shoes was 5 per cent greater than for the previous month. October exports also exceeded those of September but were less than in October, 1924. Shoe prices were the same as for the previous month and were only slightly higher than a year ago.

## PAPER AND PRINTING

The production and shipments of wood pulp, both mechanical and chemical, exceeded those of the preceding month, but fell somewhat short of last October. Stocks of both kinds of wood pulp declined from September 30, stocks of chemical wood pulp also being smaller than a year ago. Imports of wood pulp increased from September, those of mechanical wood pulp being larger and those of chemical being smaller than in October, 1924. The price of chemical wood pulp was slightly higher than for either the previous month or a year ago.
The production and shipments of newsprint paper exceeded those of either the previous month or of October, 1924. Imports also increased over both periods, while stocks declined. The production of book, wrapping, fine, and other grades of paper was larger in October than in the previous month, the production of wrapping and fine paper also being larger than a year ago. Stocks showed little change from the previous month, those of book and fine paper increasing and those of wrapping and other paper diminishing.

Newsprint Paper Prodoction and Mill Stocks
[October, 1925, is latest month plotted]


Building costs showed little change from the previous month, but were slightly lower than a year ago. Contracts awarded for building construction in 36 States were less than in September, both in square footage and in value. All classes of buildings partici-
pated in the decline with the exception of residential buildings, which increased both in square footage and in value, and industrial buildings, which increased in_value. October building awards were much larger
than a year ago, while, for the first 10 months of 1925, marked increases were shown in the construction of all- types of buildings over the corresponding period of 1924.

COMPARISON OF AUTOMOBILE PRODUCTION AND NEW BUILDING CONTRACTS


The production of lumber in October was larger than in the previous month, or than a year ago, for most species reported, walnut, northern hemlock, North Carolina pine and California white pine showing decreases from the previous month and redwood and walnut decreases from a year ago. Shipments also exceeded those of either prior period, except in the case of redwood, which declined from September, and of western pine, North Carolina pine and walnut, which were less than for either prior period. Orders for southern pine and redwood exceeded those of either September, 1925, or October, 1924, although orders for Douglas fir declined from both periods. Stocks of lumber were larger than for the previous month, although stocks of California white pine and western pine decreased from October, 1924. For the first 10 months of this year, production, shipments and orders exceeded those of the corresponding months of last year, with the exception of declines in the production of redwood and hemlock.

The following tables present data on lumber and its products recently made available:

${ }^{1}$ Computed from weekly reports of the Southern Cypress Manufacturers' Association, covering from 12 to 18 companies each week and prorated to a normal weekly capacity of $6,258,283$ feet, the overlapping weeks in each month being also prorated to obtain a monthly figure.

Plywood ${ }^{1}$

| MONTH, 1925 | Bookings | Shipments | Unfilled orders |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Square feet of surface |  |  |
| April. | 3, 610, 613 | 4, 685, 524 | 4, 164, 782 |
| May. | 3, 678, 158 | 3, 980, 092 | 4,255,887 |
| June. | 3, 855, 390 | 4,420, 218 | 4,440,400 |
| July | 4, 456, 689 | 4, 123, 987 | 5, 002, 599 |
| August. | 5, 014, 010 | 4, 179, 225 | 6, 416,777 |
| September | 4, 571, 384 | 4, 973, 545 | 6, 627, 911 |
| October. | 5, 512,061 | 4, 832, 621 | 7,518,341 |

[^2]Pacific Coast Plywood ${ }^{1}$

' Compiled by the Pacific Coast Plywood Manufacturers' Association from reports
of 6 mills. of 6 mills.
The production of flooring increased substantially both from the previous month and from a year ago. Orders booked and shipments, however; did not keep pace with production, those for maple flooring declining from the previous month, while orders for oak flooring showed only a slight increase. Unfilled orders for flooring declined sharply from September, although exceeding those at the end of October, 1924.

Production, shipments, and orders of paving brick declined from the previous month while cancellations were somewhat larger. Production and orders, however, were larger than for a year ago, only shipments declining from October, 1924. Unfilled orders, however, were considerably smaller than for either prior period. A slight increase in the production of

- Portland cement as compared both with the previous month and a year ago was accompanied by declines from both periods in shipments which resulted in an increase in stocks. Cement prices were slightly lower in the Chicago district although remaining the same elsewhere.

Cement: Production, Shipments and Stocks


Concrete paving contracts declined sharply from the previous month and were somewhat smaller than in October, 1924, although the awards for road building showed a smaller decline than did the total.

Shipments of all classes of enameled sanitary ware, except miscellaneous goods, increased both from the previous month and from a year ago. New orders, on the other hand, were uniformly smaller than in September but, except in the case of miscellaneous
goods, were considerably larger than a year ago. Stocks of sanitary ware showed no pronounced tendency, those of baths and lavatories increasing from the previous month while those of sinks and miscellaneous goods declined. Unfilled orders at the end of October were uniformly lower than at the end of either the previous month or of October, 1924. Orders, shipments and stocks of vitreous china sanitary plumbing fixtures also increased from the previous month while unfilled orders declined, as shown by the following table compiled from reports of 35 manufacturers, covering almost the entire industry:

| Vitreous China Plumbing Fixtures (Number of pieces, A grade or regular selection) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MONTH, 1925 | Orders received | Shipments | Unfilled orders | Stocks on hand |
| July... | 199,909 | 266, 987 | 514, 062 | 303, 271 |
| August | 207, 977 | 277, 822 | 444, 217 | 308, 105 |
| Septomber | 191, 231 222,199 | 243,515 246,596 | 392,533 368,136 | 323,023 369,022 |
|  |  |  |  | 36, |

CHEMICALS AND OILS
Imports of potash and of nitrate of soda were much smaller than in September, 1925, or October, 1924. For the first 10 months of this year, however, imports of each of these commodities showed substantial increases over the corresponding period of last year.

Imports of Potash and Nitrate of Soda
[October, 1925, is latest month plotted]


Exports of fertilizer declined from both the previous month, and a year ago, although the cumulative exports up to the end of October exceeded those of last year by 6 per cent. Exports of vegetable dyes were considerably greater than in September and almost as large as a year ago. Exports of coal-tar dyes, on the other hand, declined from the previous
month but were larger than a year ago For the year to date, exports of both vegetable and coal-tar dyes have been substantially larger than for the corresponding period of last year.

Receipts of turpentine and rosin continued to decline, turpentine receipts also being less than in October, 1924. Stocks" of rosin also |declined slightly from the end of September, ?and were 21 per cent less than a year ago. Imports and exports of vegetable oils were much larger in October than in either the previous month or a year ago, exports for the year to date increasing over the corresponding period of last year, while imports declined. Despite a large seasonal increase in the production of cottonseed oil, cottonseed stocks continued to mount. Stocks of cottonseed oil also exceeded those of either the previous month or October, 1924, while the price was less than in either prior period.
Production, consumption and stocks of acid phosphate increased in October, over a year ago. Details are given in the following table:

Acid Phosphate ${ }^{1}$
[Reduced to tons of 16 per cent available phosphoric acid, which is equivalent to 320 pounds per ton]

|  | August, | September, 1925 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { October, } \\ & 1925 \end{aligned}$ | October, $1924$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States: |  |  |  |  |
| Production. | 285,003 | 301, 347 | 372,044 | 328,343 |
| Stocks, end of month | 1,471,305 | 1,476,664 | 1, 686, 223 | 1, 447, 590 |
| Consumption ${ }^{\text {' }}$-.... | 122, 710 | 335, 804 | 187, 361 | 1, 125, 069 |
| Northern States: ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Production. | 105, 836 | 92,643 | 139,765 | 103, 169 |
| Stocks, end of month | 604, 244 | 424,753 | 503,748 | 481, 826 |
| Consumption ${ }^{\text {a }}$.-. | 92,724 | 280,747 | 66,345 | 49,158 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Production. | 179,167 | 208, 704 | 252, 279 | 225, 174 |
| Stocks, end of month | 867, 061 | 1,051,911 | 1, 182, 475 | 965, 764 |
| Consumption ${ }^{2}$ - | 20,986 | 55, 057 | 121, 016 | 75, 911 |

I Compiled by the National Fertilizer Association from reports of acidulators representing about 80 per cent of the industry; figures in greater detail are obtainable from the association.
${ }^{2}$ Figures computed by adding production to stocks at the beginning of month and subtracting from this sum the stocks at the end of the month, hence indicating disappearance or shipments from plants and not, actually, fertilizer used.
The south line of Virginia projected westward marks the division between the northern and southern States for the purposes of this report.

Receipts of flaxseed at the two northern centers were less than for either the previous month or a year ago. Shipments, on the other hand, exceeded those of the previous month but were much smaller than in October, 1924, while stocks were larger than at the end of either prior period. Shipments of linseed oil and oil cake continued to increase seasonally, oil shipments being smaller and cake shipments larger than a year ago.

## CEREALS

The visible supply of wheat in the nited States was smaller than for either the previous month or a year ago, while the visible supply in Canada considerably exceeded that of either comparative period. Wheat movement also declined sharply both from the previous month and from October, 1924. Prices averaged slightly less than in September but were from 4 to 7 per cent higher than a year ago.
[October, 1925, is latest month plotted]


The corn crop, according to the November estimate of the Department of Agriculture, was 20 per cent larger than for last year. The October trade in corn, however, was only slightly larger than in September and was much smaller than a year ago, while prices declined from both comparative periods. Trade ins oats continued to decline seasonally, the receipts being less than one-half those of a year ago. Chicago prices of contract grades were only slightly higher than in September and were 23 per cent less than a year ago.
Receipts of barley were much smaller than in either the previous month or a year ago. Exports also declined from both periods, although, for the first 10 months of 1925, exports were almost double those of the corresponding period of last year. Barley prices averaged lower than in either September or October, 1925.

Despite the smaller crop of rye this year, prices continued to decline, being 34 per cent less than a year ago. October receipts at the principal markets were smaller and exports of rye were negligible.

Wheat: Receipts, Exports and Visible Supply
[October, 1925, is latest month plotted]


Shipments of rice from New Orleans continued to increase, although falling short of October, 1924. Exports also increased from the previous month but were much smaller than a year ago.

Car-lot shipments of apples, potatoes, onions, and citrus fruits increased from the previous month and except in the case of citrus fruits were larger than a year ago. Receipts of hay, however, were smaller than for either prior period.

## MEATS AND DAIRY PRODUCTS

The movement and local slaughter of cattle and calves increased considerably from September and was slightly higher than a year ago. Cold-storage holdings increased over the previous month but were considerably less than at the end of October, 1924. Exports, on the other hand, were less than for either the previous month or a year ago, the cumulative total for the first 10 months of 1925 also falling considerably short of the total for the corresponding period of last year. Beef prices averaged lower than in September, although they showed an increase over October, 1924.

The movement and slaughter of hogs continued to increase seasonally but were 15 per cent less than a year ago. For the first 10 months of 1925 hog movement and slaughter were 19 per cent less than for the corresponding period of last year. Exports of pork products declined in October as compared both with the previous month and with a year ago, making the total exports for the first 10 months 30 per cent below those of last year. Cold-storage holdings continued to decline and prices of hogs and of pork products were uniformly lower than in recent months.
Production, Exports, and Storage Holdings of Pori and Pork Products
[October, 1925, is latest month plotted]


The movement of sheep continued to increase seasonally, while local slaughter declined both from the previous month and from a year ago. Cold-storage holdings were seasonally larger than at the end of September but less than half those of a year ago. Prices of ewes averaged slightly higher and those of lambs slightly lower than for September, although

Imports of coffee for the season thus far were 16 per cent less than for the corresponding period of last year. Receipts of Brazilian coffee were less and shipments greater than in September, while both receipts and shipments were less than a year ago. For the year thus far, the movement of Brazilian coffee has been considerably less than for the corresponding period of last year.

Tea imports were larger than in either the previous month or in October, 1924, making the 10 -month total 9 per cent larger than for the corresponding period of last year.

## TOBACCO

Tobacco consumption increased both from the previous month and from a year ago, with the exception of cigarettes, the consumption of which was slightly smaller than in September. Exports werelarger than in September but less than a year ago. Estimates of the tobacco crop by the Department of Agriculture indicated a somewhat larger crop than last year, but, in the face of this, prices remained steady.

## SHIPPING

Vessel construction in October declined somewhat from the previous month but was considerably larger than a year ago. For the year to date, however, the total tonnage of vessels completed exceeded that of last year, the increase in the tonnage of steel seagoing vessels more than offsetting the decline in the tonnage of other vessels. The tonnage clearances of vessels engaged in foreign trade exceeded those of the previous month but were slightly less than a year ago, increases in clearances of American vessels more than offsetting the decline in clearances of vessels of foreign registry. River traffic was active during the month, the tonnage carried from Pittsburgh to Wheeling being considerably larger than for either the previous month or a year ago.

## RAILROADS

Carloadings for the five weeks ending in October were slightly larger than for the corresponding weeks of last year, despite declines in carloadings of grain and of coal as compared with a year ago.

Shortage, Surplus, and Bad-Order Fieight Cars
[October, 1925 , is latest month plotted]


Shipments of locomotives by the principal manufacturers were less than either the previous month or for a year ago. New orders, however, increased so that the unfilled orders at the end of October were at the highest point since July, 1924.

## DISTRIBUTION MOVEMENT

Sales by the leading mail-order houses were 50 per cent greater than in September and 27 per cent above those of a year ago. The five-and-ten-cent stores showed increases in sales of from 18 to 27 per cent over the previous month and were also considerably larger than in October, 1924. During the first 10 months of 1925 , sales of the leading mail-order houses and chain stores totaled from 11 to 17 per cent greater than for the corresponding months of last year.

- Magazine and newspaper advertising in October exceeded that of the previous month by more than 20

per cent and was also considerably greater than in October, 1924. The following table shows the class and amount of national advertising in newspapers of 44 identical cities, as compiled by Printers Ink.

National Advertising in Newspapers
[Number of lines for 44 identical cities]

|  | June | July | August | Sept. | October |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | 24, 030, 002 | 18, 933,978 | 20,379, 631 | 24, 668, 100 | 31, 358, 856 |
| Automobile advertising | 3, 299, 019 | 3, 849, 085 | 6, 275,985 | 5,246, 217 | 5, 616,488 |
| Automobile accessories | 1,749, 082 | 1,382, 178 | 1,244, 408 | 1, 488, 319 | 1, 375,948 |
| Cigars, eigarettes, and tobacco. | 1,210, 447 | 1,331, 776 | 1, 048,335 | 891,552 | 1,838,196 |
| Financial | 1,074,855 | 996, 762 | 653,293 | 902,686 | 1, 022,765 |
| Food, groceries, beverages. | 4, 269, 249 | 3,971,791 | 2,602, 860 | 2,922, 431 | 4, 406,185 |
| Fotels and resort | 952,702 | 883, 297 | 464,355 | 221,432 | 290,611 |
| Household furnitur | 425,731 | 204, 856 | 425, 846 | 1,037, 279 | 1, 153, 148 |
| Men's clothing | 506,933 | 208,872 | 74, 563 | 393, 280 | 577,893 |
| Musical instruments | 106, 665 | 38,370 | 49,372 | 69,341 | 231,593 |
| Radio and electrical | 406,587 | 292,397 | 312, 430 | 743,807 | 1, 121,402 |
| Railroads and steamships | 2,530, 307 | 2, 010, 835 | 1,570,418 | 1,474, 620 | 1,466, 963 |
| Shoes | 246, 211 | 132,712 | 42,479 | 243, 291 | 294, 421 |
| Toilet articles and medical preparations | 3, 501, 249 | 3,367, 983 | 2,990, 192 | 3, 843,637 | 6,302,583 |
| Women's wear | 84, 467 | 34, 003 | 31, 204 | 236, 493 | 422,289 |
| Miscelloneous. | 3, 606,498 | 229, 061 | 2, 593, 891 | 4,696, 639 | 5, 058, 371 |

Postal receipts were considerably larger in October than in either the previous month or the corresponding month a year ago. For the year to date the postal receipts in the large cities exceeded the corresponding 1924 period by more than 8 per cent.
Sales ey Mail-Order Houses and Ten-Cent Chain Stores
[October, 1925, isl atest month plotted]


Tax receipts on fire-arm sales were 8 per cent less than in September and 24 per cent less than a year ago. For the first 10 months of this year, however, the sales of fire-arms exceeded those of last year by 10 per cent. Receipts from taxes on theater admissions and on stock issues, transfers, and conveyances were much larger in October than in either the previous month or a year ago.

## LIFE INSURANCE

October sales of life insurance showed a pronounced increase over those of the previous month or a year ago, all classes of policies participating in this increase, with the exception of a decline in the amount of group insurance as compared with October, 1924. For the year to date, the number of new policies was 14 per
cent and the amount 20 per cent greater than for the first 10 months of last year. By districts the sale of ordinary life insurance made the greatest gain from the previous month in the western manufacturing district. Compared with a year ago, however, the southern district showed the greatest gain, while for the year to date the western agricultural district recorded the greatest and the southern district the least increase over the corresponding months of last year.

October premium collections increased considerably from the previous month and from October, 1924, premiums from group insurance showing the largest percentage of gain from each prior period. The assets of life insurance companies continued to increase and showed little change in composition, except in the slight decline in holdings of Government bonds.

## EANKING

Check payments, both for New York City and for the country outside, increased substantially from the previous month, while for the year to date New York check payments were 20 per cent greater and those outside New York 13 per cent greater than for the corresponding period of last year.

Federal reserve discounts were 7 per cent smaller at the end of October than a month previous, but were more than two and a half times as large as in October, 1924. Notes in circulation, investments and reserves were slightly larger than at the end of September, but considerably less than a year ago, while deposits were slightly larger than for either comparative period. The reserve ratio remained the same as in the previous month, but was considerably lower than at this time last year.

Little change took place in the financial condition of member banks, all items showing a slight increase from the previous month and only investments being less than a year ago. Interest rates continued to rise, the rate for call money averaging double that of a year ago, while commercial paper was 40 per cent higher.

Loans, Discounts, and Total Investments of Federal Reserve Member Banks
[October, 1925, is latest month plotted]


Savings deposits increased in October throughout a considerable section of the country, declines taking place only in the New York, St. Louis, Kansas City, and San Francisco districts. Compared with a year ago, all sections of the country showed increases.

Agricultural financing during October showed slight increases in the outstanding loans of all agencies except the War Finance Corporation.

## PUBLIC FINANCE

The outstanding Government debt continued to decline, while money in circulation increased. October customs receipts were larger than for either the previous month or a year ago, although for the 10 months thus far the total was only 2 per cent above
that of last year. For the year to date total ordinary receipts were 4 per cent less and expenditures 6 per cent greater than for the corresponding period of last year.

## CORPORATE FINANCE

The number of business failures was greater in October than in the previous month, all classes of firms participating in the increase, except agents and brokers, which remained the same. The liabilities of defaulting concerns, however, continued to decline, despite an increase in the liabilities of manufacturing establishments. Over the 10 -month period an increase in the number of failures was accompanied by a decline of 20 per cent in the liabilities of failing concerns.

BUSINESS FAILURES, BY CLASSES OF ESTABLISHMENTS
[Data plotted are 12 months' moving monthly averages. October, 1925, is latest month plotted]


Dividend payments in October were 9 per cent greater than a year ago, street railway companies making the greatest relative gain. For the year to date dividend payments increased 5 per cent and interest payments 6 per cent over the corresponding period of last year.

Prices of stocks averaged considerably higher during October than during either the previous month or a year ago, the greatest increase from either period being shown in industrial stocks. Sales of stocks
on the New York Exchange continued to increase and were almost three times as large as in October, 1924. Bond prices showed little change, although the prices of all classes except industrial bonds averaged slightly less than in the previous month. Bond sales were larger than in September for both Government and miscellaneous issues, but were less than a year ago, due to the smaller number of Government bonds sold.

## GOLD AND SILVER

The October receipts of gold at the mint were 64 per cent greater than those of the previous month and were slightly larger than a year ago, although the cumulative total for the year remained 3 per cent less than for the corresponding months of 1924 . The Rand output was slightly larger than in September and smaller than a year ago. Imports and exports of gold were both much larger than for either the previous month or for October, 1924.

Gold Trade Balance, Showing Excess of Imports and. Exports
[October, 192\%, is latest month plotted]


Silver production was slightly larger than in September, but 12 per cent less than a year ago, the cumulative production being 2 per cent less than for the corresponding months of last year. Imports and exports of silver increased substantially over September, but were smaller than a year ago, cumulative
imports being 11 per cent less and exports 7 per cent less than for the corresponding months of last year. Silver prices averaged slightly less than in September, but slightly higher than a year ago.

## FOREIGN EXCHANGE AND TRADE

Rates of exchange with England, France, and Italy declined from the previous month, while those with the other principal countries remained stationary or increased, Brazilian exchange showing the greatest gain. All countries showed increases in the rate of exchange as compared with October, 1924, with the exception of France, Italy, and Belgium. Both imports and exports of merchandise increased over the previous month, imports being larger and exports smaller than a year ago.


## APPARENT CONSUIMPTION OF BUTTER ${ }^{1}$

| Montr | 1917 | 1918 | 1919 | 1920 | 1921 | 1922 | 1923 | 1924 | 1925 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Thousands of pounds |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 113,449 | 108,540 | 98,853 | 103,830 | 118,793 | 125, 824 | 133,001 | 142, 849 | 138,884 |
| February | 103, 002 | 89,582 | 93,511 | 96, 882 | 108, 397 | 114,948 | 116, 821 | 130,846 <br> 140 | 127,753 |
| March | 118, 331 | 96,887 | ${ }_{115}^{11,567}$ | 108, 363 | 126, 575 | 134,488 138,617 | 135,855 148,133 | 140,809 154,822 | 143,108 150,604 |
| April | 126, 293 | 113,123 | 115, 567 | 121, 277 | 139, 511 | 138,617 | 148, 133 | 154, 822 | 150, 604 |
| May.. | 167,464 | 158,741 | 161,573 | 155,916 | 175, 366 | 190, 141 | 184, 706 | 191,908 | 195, 286 |
| June... | 174, 582 | 158, 326 | 148, 898 | 164, 201 | 173, 176 | 175, 053 | 186,512 | 187, 201 | 179, 629 |
| July.-- | 161,394 | 141, 098 | 153,579 | 148,557 | ${ }^{166,677}$ | 170,247 167 | $\begin{array}{r}181,754 \\ 182 \\ \hline 195\end{array}$ | 176,275 175,439 | 170,728 177,438 |
| August | 156, 273 | 145, 589 | 146,659 | 147, 110 | 167,613 | 167,365 | 182, 195 | 175, 439 | 177, 438 |
| September. | 151,301 | 143,071 | 136,601 | 137, 956 | 146,475 | 158,980 | 161,127 | 167, 540 | 172,328 |
| October..-. | 132, 780 | 121, 727 | 131, 870 | 129,568 | 146, 782 | 152,601 | 155, 672 | 161,158 | 163,609 |
| November. | 119, 207 | 100,783 | 115,998 | 120, 211 | 124,883 | 133,983 | 141,285 | 148,757 |  |
| December. | 133, 227 | 108, 146 | 107, 657 | 119, 719 | 131,485 | 133, 806 | 139,709 | 156,398 |  |
| Monthly average. | 138, 109 | 123,796 | 126, 844 | 129,466 | 143, 811 | 149, 671 | 155, 564 | 161, 175 |  |

1 Compiled by U. S. Department of Agriculture, Bureau of Agricultural Economics, representing the disappearance of butter into trade. These data are computed from production (comprising actual factory data plus aliowance for production on farms), imports, and the difference in cold-storage holdings.

## EVAPORATED AND CONDENSED MLLK-WHOLESALE PRICES

| Month | 1913 | 1914 | 1915 | 1916 | 1917 | 1918 | 1919 | 1920 | 1921 | 1922 | 1923 | 1924 | 1925 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | evar | ATE | HK |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Price per case of $48 \mathbf{1 6 - o u n c e ~ t i n s , ~ N e w ~ Y o r k ~ ( d o l l a r s ~ p e r ~ c a s e ) ~}{ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | \$3. 50 | \$3.60 | \$3.00 | \$3. 50 | \$4. 46 | \$5. 75 | \$6.88 | \$6. 19 | \$5. 03 | \$4. 17 | \$4. 83 | \$4. 61 | \$4. 16 |
| February. | 3. 50 | 3.60 | 3.00 | 3. 50 | 4.65 | 5. 58 | 6. 56 | 6. 72 | 5. 25 | 3.85 | 4.73 | 4. 64 | 4. 18 |
| March | 3.50 | 3.60 | 3. 00 | 3. 50 | 4. 67 | 5.25 | 5. 59 | 5.73 | 5. 55 | 3.91 | 4.74 | 4. 57 | 4.16 |
| April. | 3.50 | 3.25 | 3. 00 | 3. 50 | 4.88 | 5.13 | 5. 63 | 5. 28 | 5.78 | 3.85 | 4.71 | 4.24 | 4.08 |
| May | 3.50 | 3.25 | 3.00 | 3.58 | 5. 13 | 4. 88 | 5.81 | 6. 03 | 5.75 | 3.82 | 4. 66 | 4.18 | 4.09 |
| June. | 3. 50 | 3.25 | 3. 00 | 3. 65 | 5. 40 | 4. 50 | 6. 14 | 6. 25 | 5. 22 | 3. 85 | 4.68 | 4.07 | 4.33 |
| July..- | 3. 50 | 3.25 | 3. 00 | 3. 65 | 5. 50 | 5. 13 | 6. 55 | 6. 10 | 4.83 | 3. 91 | 4.73 | 3. 87 | 4.46 |
| August | 3. 52 | 3.42 | 3.00 | 3. 73 | 5.50 | 5.70 | 6. 75 | 6.48 | 5.09 | 3. 99 | 4.71 | 3.88 | 4.51 |
| September | 3. 60 | 3. 50 | 3.00 | 3.75 | 5. 50 | 6. 00 | 6. 65 | 6. 19 | 4.88 | 4.09 | 1.68 | 3. 92 | 4. 49 |
| October-- | 3. 60 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4. 44 | 4.70 | 3.89 | 4.49 |
| November | 3. 60 3.60 | 3.50 3.25 | 3.25 3.45 | 4. 15 4.40 | 5. 56 5.75 | 6.84 6.88 | 6.81 6.34 | 5. 80 5.47 | 4.65 4.20 | 4.88 4.93 | 4.70 4.61 | 3.92 3.99 |  |
| Monthly average. | 3.54 | 3.41 | 3.07 | 3. 74 | 5.21 | 5.68 | 6.36 | 6.01 | 5. 10 | 4.14 | 4.71 | 4.15 |  |
|  | CONDENSED MILK |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Pricelper case of $\mathbf{4 8 1 4 - o u n c e ~ t i n s , ~ N e w ~ Y o r k ~ ( d o l l a r s ~ p e r ~ c a s e ) ~}{ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | \$4.70 | \$4.70 | \$4. 50 | \$4. 95 | \$5. 86 | \$7. 56 | \$8. 18 | \$9.06 | \$10.75 | \$5. 28 | \$6. 15 | \$6. 29 | \$5. 88 |
| February | 4.70 4.70 | 4. 50 4.50 | 4. 50 4.53 | 4. 95 <br> 4.95 | 6. 05 | 7. 78 | 8. 7.08 | 8. 81 | ${ }_{8.00}^{9.13}$ | 5. 00 4.73 | 6.15 | 6.30 | 5.88 |
| April.-- | 4.70 4.70 | 4. 50 | 4. 60 | 5.15 | 6. 6.63 | 7.00 | 7.49 | ${ }_{8.63}$ | 8.08 7.38 | 5.00 | 6.24 6.24 | 6.28 6.20 | 5.88 5.88 |
| May | 4.70 | 4. 50 | 4. 60 | 5. 23 | 7.00 | 6. 75 | 7.73 | 9. 25 | 7.13 | 4.88 | 6.27 | 6.08 | 5. 88 |
| June. | 4.70 | 4.50 | 4.60 | 5.25 | 7.00 | 6. 50 | 8. 06 | 10. 55 | 6. 81 | 4.88 | 6.28 | 5.90 | 5. 88 |
| July. | 4.70 | 4.50 | 4. 60 | 5. 25 | 7.00 | 6. 84 | 8. 33 | 10. 22 | 5.88 | 4. 93 | 6. 33 | 5. 63 | 5.86 |
| August. | 4.70 | 4.50 | 4.60 | 5.25 | 7.00 | 7.25 | 8.50 | 9.95 | 6. 45 | 5.15 | 6.33 | 5.75 | 5.85 |
| September. | 4. 70 | 4.75 | 4.60 | 5. 25 | 7.00 | 7. 35 | 8. 30 | 9.72 | 6.08 | 5. 29 | 6.20 | 5.81 | 5.88 |
| October- | 4. 70 | 4.75 | 4. 68 | 5. 50 | 7.00 | 7.73 | 8. 61 | 9. 19 | 6. 04 | 5. 72 | 6. 20 | 5.85 | 6.08 |
| November | 4.70 4.70 | 4.50 4.50 | 4.70 4.90 | 5.80 5.80 | 7.13 7.50 | 8.10 8.10 | 8. 8.82 | 10.50 10.50 | 5.88 5.43 | 6.11 6.00 | 6. 26 6.28 | 5.85 5.87 |  |
| Monthly average | 4.70 | 4.56 | 4.62 | 5.28 | 6.80 | 7.37 | 8.21 | 9.50 | 7.06 | 5.25 | 6.24 | 5.99 |  |

: Averageot weekly prices compiled by U. S. Departinent of Lahor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.
MONTHLY WHOLESALE PRICES OF PRINT CLOTH
64 by 60, $381 / 2$ inches, 5.35 yards to the pound, New York ${ }^{1}$

| Monte | 1013 | 1914 | 1915 | 1916 | 1917 | 1918 | 1919 | 1920 | 1921 | 1922 | 1923 | 1924 | 1925 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Dollars per yard |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January . | \$0.053 | \$0.053 | \$0.038 | \$0.048 | \$0.075 | \$0. 120 | \$0. 109 | \$0. 228 | \$0. 085 | \$0.086 | \$0. 107 | \$0. 105 | \$0.092 |
| February | . 053 | . 052 |  | . 048 | . 064 | $\cdot 137$ | . 082 | . 223 | . 078 | -079 | . 1100 | . 097 | . 093 |
| Mpril.-- | .053 | . 050 | . 041 | . 054 | . 086 | . 182 | .110 | . 258 | . 0666 | . 075 | .108 | . 091 | .094 |
| May. | . 050 | . 049 | . 047 | . 057 | . 088 | . 181 | . 134 | . 236 | . 067 | . 081 | . 100 | . 089 | . 093 |
| June | . 051 | . 050 | . 039 | . 055 | . 104 | . 186 | . 186 | . 238 | . 065 | . 088 | . 098 | . 091 | . 093 |
| July | . 051 | . 044 | . 038 | . 058 | . 108 | . 165 | . 180 | . 188 | . 086 | . 088 | . 088 | . 091 | . 098 |
| August. | . 049 | . 044 | 037 | . 061 | . 104 | . 155 | . 166 | . 163 | . 073 | . 085 | . 089 | . 093 | . 096 |
| September. | . 054 | . 040 | . 041 | . 065 | . 095 | . 155 | . 156 | . 145 | . 090 | . 089 | . 100 | . 087 | . 098 |
| October... | . 057 | . 037 | . 045 | . 074 | . 1107 | . 155 | . 178 | . 1088 | . 093 | . 0938 | . 099 | . 087 | . 097 |
| December. | . 055 | . 036 | . 046 | . 078 | .120 | . 155 | . 201 | . 080 | . 087 | . 100 | .112 | .090 |  |
| Monthly average | . 053 | . 046 | . 041 | . 061 | . 095 | . 159 | . 146 | . 182 | . 077 | . 086 | . 103 | . 091 |  |

${ }^{1}$ Average of weekly prices compiled by U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

## INDEXES OF BUSINESS

The index numbers presented in this table are designed to show the trend in production, prices, trade, etc., in various groups of industry and commerce. They consist in general of weighted combinations of series of individual relative numbers; often the individual relative numbers making up the series are also given. The function of index and relative numbers is explained on the inside front cover. A condensed form of this table is given on page 7 .

|  | Maximum since$\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. 1, } \\ & 1020 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mini- } \\ & \text { minm } \\ & \text { since } \\ & \text { Jan. } 1, \\ & \text { I922, } \end{aligned}$ | 1824 |  |  | 1925 |  |  | PER CRNT DNCREASE ( + ) or decreabe ( - ) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | August | September | October | August | September | October | October, 1925, from September, 1925 | October, 1925, from October, 1924 |
| PRODUCTION <br> (Relative to 2919 monthly average as 100 ) Baw materials <br> Grand total. | 179 | 73 | 121 | 152 | 179 | 114 | 150 | 156 | +4.0 | -12.8 |
| Total | 146 | 62 | 122 | 128 | 135 | 142 | 125 | 132 | +5. 6 | -2. 2 |
| Petroleum | 216 | 105 | 196 | 189 | 190 | 212 | 205 | 204 | $-0.5$ | +7. 4 |
| Bituminous coal | 137 | 41 | 93 | 109 | 125 | 116 | 121 | 137 | +13.2 | +9.6 |
| Anthracite coal. | 121 | 0 | 97 | 104 | 105 | 121 | 5 | 1 | -80. 0 | -99.0 |
| Iron ore * ...... | 241 | 0 | 85 | 78 | 71 | 109 | 94 | 89 | $-5.3$ | +25. 4 |
| Copper. | 148 | 17 | 132 | 126 | 137 | 135 | 134 | 140 | +4.5 | +2.2 |
| Lead. | 185 | 74 | 158 | 166 | 168 | 164 | 157 | 185 | +17.8 | +10.1 |
| Zinc | 136 | 38 | 102 | 99 | 112 | 122 | 125 | 124 | -0.8 | +10.7 |
| Gold | 131 | 57 | 94 | 109 | 129 | 89 | 80 | 130 | +62. 5 | +0.8 |
| Silver- | 145 | 80 | 115 | 117 | 119 | 105 | 103 | 104 | +1.0 | $-12.6$ |
| ANIMAL PRODUCTS (marketinga) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 138 | 80 | 108 | 110 | 112 | 107 | 105 | 115 | +9.5 | +2. 7 |
| Wool | 227 | 19 | 183 | 83 | 62 | 115 | 42 | 33 | $-21.4$ | -46. 8 |
| Cattle and calve | 143 | 58 | 94 | 125 | 133 | 109 | 105 | 136 | $+29.5$ | +2.3 |
| Hogr.............. | 177 | 64 | 86 | 86 | 107 | 68 | 73 | 91 | +24. 7 | $-15.0$ |
| Bheop | 153 | 54 | 89 | 134 | 146 | 91 | 116 | 141 | +21. 6 | -3. 4 |
| Egge* | 245 | 30 | 89 | 73 | 62 | 88 | 78 | 60 | -2.6 | -3. 2 |
| Poultry | 390 | 21 | 92 | 100 | 138 | 88 | 95 162 | 139 | +146.3 | +0.7 |
| Fish.- | 163 | 45 | 115 | 115 | 117 | 155 | 162 | 122 | -24.7 | +4.3 |
| Mill (New York) | 190 | 94 | 141 | 134 | 136 | 143 | 141 | 138 | -2. 1 | +1. 5 |
| CROPS (marketinga) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 246 | 49 | 129 | 193 | 246 | 106 | 191 | 196 | +2.6 | -20.3 |
| Grains | 242 | 43 | 227 | 231 | 242 | 138 | 156 | 106 | -32. 1 | $-56.2$ |
| Vegetablea | 254 | 58 | 107 | 161 | 228 | 105 | 199 | 234 | +17.6 | +2.6 |
| Fruits * | 405 | 50 | 163 | 260 | 357 | 152 | 332 | 274 | $-17.5$ | -23. 2 |
| Cotton products* | 310 | 19 | 38 | 175 | 278 | 75 | 234 | 310 | +32.5 | +11.5 |
| Miscellaneous crops* | 170 | 19 | 43 | 88 | 120 | 56 | 110 | 114 | +3.6 | $-5.0$ |
| Total | 135 | 61 | 124 | 119 | 123 | 131 | 129 | 135 | +4. 7 | +9.8 |
| Lumber | 137 | 59 | 122 | 118 | 121 | 135 | 132 | 137 | +3.8 | +13.2 |
| Pulpwood. | 164 | 51 | 90 | 96 | 121 | 59 | 72 | 103 | +43.1 | -14.9 |
| Gum (rosin and turpentine) | 267 | 20 | 245 | 215 | 169 | 231 | 216 | 178 | $-17.6$ | +5.3 |
| Distilled wood..------.-. | 149 | 24 | 89 | 88 | 98 | 106 | 104 | 100 | $-3.8$ | +2.0 |
| MANUPACTUEING |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand total (adjusted for working days). | 132 | 71 | 109 | 114 | 116 | 121 | 122 | 132 | +8.2 | +13.8 |
| Grand total (unadjusted) .-............. | 137 | 64 | 109 | 114 | 121 | 121 | 122 | 137 | +12. 3 | +13.2 |
|  | 129 | 77 | 117 | 112 | 112 | 108 | 106 | 112 | +5.7 | 0. 0 |
| Textiles. | 130 | 54 | 78 | 92 | 111 | 91 | 97 | 108 | +11.3 | -2. 7 |
| Iron and steel | 147 | 32 | 87 | 95 | 105 | 116 | 118 | 130 | +10.2 | +23.8 |
| Lumber.- | 166 | 57 | 138 | 135 | 144 | 160 | 158 | 166 | +5.1 | +15.3 |
| Leather..... | 115 | 63 | 81 | 87 | 96 | 90 | 89 | 96 | +7.9 | 0.0 |
| Paper and printing- | 121 | 69 | 102 | 102 | 113 | 106 | 106 | 118 | $+11.3$ | +4.4 |
| Chemicals, oils, etc. | 188 | 92 | 143 | 148 | 165 | 171 | 174 | 188 | +8.0 | +13.9 |
| Stone and clay products. | 164 | 69 | 141 | 134 | 143 | 162 | 148 | 164 | +10.8 | +14.7 |
| Metals, excepting iron and steel......-- | 195 | 71 | 165 | 164 | 163 | 186 | 183 | 191 | +4.4 | +17. 2 |
|  | 132 | 70 | 115 | 118 | 123 | 120 | 123 | 132 | +7.3 +25.4 | +7.3 |
|  | 148 | 37 | 111 | 120 | 121 | 118 | 118 | 148 | +25.4 | +22.3 |

Fivet uations between maximum and minimum due largely to seasonal conditions.

INDEXES OF BUSINESS-Continued

|  | Maxi- <br> mum since Jan. 1, 1920 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mini- } \\ & \text { mum } \\ & \text { since } \\ & \text { Jan. } 1 . \\ & \text { 1920. } \end{aligned}$ | 1924 |  |  | 1928 |  |  | PRR CRNTINCREASE ( + ) ordecrease (-) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | August | $\text { Sepp } \text { tember }$ | October | August | September | Octo- ber | October, 1925, from September, 1925 | $\begin{gathered} \text { October, } \\ \text { 1925, from } \\ \text { October, } \\ 1924 \end{gathered}$ |
| STOCKS <br> (Relative to 1919 monthly average as 100) (Corrected for seasonal variation) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 153 | 91 | 133 | 134 | 135 | 142 | 149 | 133 | -10. 7 | -1. 5 |
| Raw foodstuffs | 233 | 73 | 156 | 145 | 147 | 158 | 160 | 113 | -29. 4 | $-23.1$ |
| Raw materials for manufac | 189 | 89 | 100 | 118 | 130 | 124 | 161 | 151 | -6. 2 | +16.2 |
| Manufactured foodstuff | 115 | 58 | 87 | 90 | 86 | 78 | 79 | 77 | +2. 5 | -5. 8 |
| Manufactured commodities | 183 | 86 | 164 | 165 | 160 | 183 | 181 | 176 | -2.8 | $+10.0$ |
| Total (Unadjusted Index) | 162 | 84 | 120 | 127 | 142 | 125 | 140 | 143 | +2. 1 | +0.7 |
| Raw foodstuffs | 236 | 70 | 114 | 119 | 145 | 118 | 133 | 120 | $-9.8$ | $-17.3$ |
| Raw materials for manuf | 201 | 68 | 83 | 116 | 168 | 93 | 159 | 201 | +26. 4 | +19.6 |
| Manufactured foodstuffe. | 115 | 56 | 102 | 100 | 93 | 91 | 87 | 79 | $-9.2$ | $-13.2$ |
| Manufactured commodities | 177 | 88 | 159 | 157 | 157 | 171 | 171 | 171 | 0.0 | +8.9 |
| UNFILLED ORDERS <br> (Relative to 1920 monthly averagn as 100) (Iron, Steel, and Bullding Materials) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total (8 commodities) | 116 | 411 | 46 | 46 | 43 | 52 | 52 | 53 | +1. 9 | +23.3 |
| Iron and steel... | 112 | 32 | 32 | 34 | 34 | 36 | 38 | 43 | +13.2 | +26.5 |
| Building materials | 153 | 25 | 107 | 97 | 81 | 121 | 109 | 94 | $-13.8$ | +16.0 |
| WHOLESALE TRADE <br> (Relstive to 3019 monthly average as 100) (Distributed by Federal Beserve Districts! |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand total, all classes. | 126 | 60 | 83 | 92 | 95 | 87 | 94 | 101 | +7. 4 | +6.3 |
| Hardware (10 districts) | 129 | 59 | 93 | 106 | 110 | 98 | 109 | 122 | +11.9 | $+10.9$ |
| Shoes (8 districts) .-.. | 136 | 43 | 56 | -69 | 67 | 65 | 72 | 77 | +6.9 | +14.9 |
| Groceries (11 districts) | 135 | 62 | 83 | 93 | 100 | 83 | 92 | 98 | +6.5 | $-2.0$ |
| Drugs (7 districts) --- | 133 | 88 | 107 | 117 | 128 | 108 | 120 | 132 | $+10.0$ | +3.1 |
| Dry goods (8 districts) | 150 | 58 | 102 | 116 | 104 | 106 | 112 | 117 | +4.5 | +12.5 |
| Meats .---.-.------ | ${ }^{1} 89$ | 46 | 68 | 71 | 78 | 78 | 82 | 89 | $+8.5$ | +14.1 |
| RETAIL TRADE <br> (Relative to 1919 monthly average as 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  | ; |
| Mail-order Houses (4 houses) | 170 | 49 | 74 | 106 | 141 | 89 | 113 | 170 | +50.4 | +20.6 |
| Chain Stores: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ten-cent (5 chains) | 366 | 84 | 172 | 169 | 203 | 195 | 191 | 237 | +24.1 | $+16.7$ |
| Music (4 chains)..- | 214 | 55 | 91 | 110 | 124 | 128 | 136 | 141 | +3.7 | +13. 7 |
| . Grocery (27 chains) | 315 | 119 | 201 | 210 | 240 | 243 | 243 | 315 | +29.6 | +31.3 |
| Drug (9 chains) | 187 | 109 | 152 | 145 | 159 | 171 | 169 | 179 | + 5.9 +6.9 | +12.6 |
| Cigar (3 chains) | 193 | 106 | 138 | 137 | 144 | 142 | 142 | 151 | +6.3 | +4.9 |
| Candy (5 chains) | 282 | 109 | 180 | 189 | 199 | 202 | 202 | 215 | +6. 4 | +8.0 |
| - Shoe (6 chains)..- | 186 | 72 | 108 | 124 | 138 | 120 | 129 | 164 | $+27.1$ | +18.8 |
| Department Stores: <br> Sales ( 359 stores) | 210 | 80 | 93 | 119 | 141 | 98 |  |  |  |  |
| Stocks (314 stores) | 151 | 100 | 126 | 137 | 147 | 131 | 143 | 149 | +34.4 +4.2 | +16.3 +1.4 |
| EMPLOYMENT. <br> (Relative to 1923 monthly average as 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number employed, by industries: Total, all classes |  |  | 85 | 87 | 88 | 90 | 91 | 92 | +1. 1 | +4. 5 |
| Food products. --. |  |  | 95 | 97 | 97 | 90 | 92 | 95 | +1.1 +3.3 | +4. 1 |
| Textiles |  |  | 81 | 84 | 86 | 87 | 87 | 90 | +3.4 | +4. 7 |
| Iron and steel |  |  | 79 | 80 | 81 | 85 | 86 | 87 | +1.2 | +7. 4 |
| Lumber |  |  | 93 | 93 | 94 | 93 | 94 | 94 | 0. 0 | 0. 0 |
| Leather-- |  |  | 87 | 91 | 92 | 93 | 95 | 95 | 0. 0 | +3.3 |
| Paper and printing |  |  | 98 | 100 | 101 | 99 | 100 | 102 | +2.0 | +1.0 |
| Chemicals .- |  |  | 84 | 88 | 89 | 91 | 97 | 98 | +1.0 | $+10.1$ |
| Stone, clay, and glass |  |  | 96 | 95 | 95 | 99 | 100 | 101 | +1.0 | +6.3 |
| Metals, except iron and steel |  |  | 81 | 79 | 85 | 91 | 94 | 99 | +5.3 | +16.5 |
| Tobacco products. - |  |  | 93 | 95 | 88 | 90 | 92 | 95 | +3.3 | +8.0 |
| Vehicles..--- |  |  | 84 | 84 | 85 | 91 | 92 | 95 | +3.3 | +11.8 |
| Miscellaneotis. |  |  | 80 | 82 | 84 | 90 | 90 | 89 | $-1.1$ | +6.0 |

[^3]INDEXES OF BUSINESS-Continued


## TREND OF BUSINESS MOVEMENTS

The following table contains a summary of the monthly figures, designed to show the trend in important industrial and commercial movements. These data represent continuations of the figures presented in the latest semiannual number (August, 1925), in which monthly figures for 1924 and 1925 may be found, together with explanations as to the source and exact extent of the figures quoted. The figures given below should always be read in connection with those explanations. Data on stocks, unfilled orders, etc., are given as of the end of the month referred to. For explanations of relative numbers, including base periods, see introduction on inside front cover.

${ }^{4}$ Revised.
Quarter ending June 30, 1925.
Quarter ending Sept. 30, 1925.
2 Quarter ending Sept. 30, 1925.
Quarter ending Sept. 30, 1924.

## TREND OF BUSINESS MOVEMENTS-Continued



TREND OF BUSINESS MOVEMENTS—Continued


## TREND OF BUSINESS MOVEMENTS-Continued



TREND OF BUSINESS MOVEMENTS-Continued


- See table on p. 14 of the October, 1925, issue for further data.

TREND OF BUSINESS MOVEMENTS-Continued


TREND OF BUSINESS MOVEMENTS—Continued

${ }^{4}$ Revised.
${ }^{8}$ Nine months' cumulatives, Jan. 1 to Sept. 30.

TREND OF BUSINESS MOVEMENTS—Continued

| Where available November data have been included in this table. The cumulatives shown are in most instances, however, only through October and, where designated by a footnote, through September. Detailed data for items shown here may be found on pages 29 to 151 of the August, 1925, "Survey" | 1925 |  |  |  | 1024 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PER CENT IN- } \\ & \text { CREASE ( }+ \text { ) OR } \\ & \text { DECREASE }(-) \end{aligned}$ |  | cumulative total FROM JANUARY 1 tHROUGE OCTOBER 31 |  | Percentin-crease(+)or de-crease$(-)$1925from1924 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | August | Septem- ber | October | Novem. | $\underset{\text { ber }}{\text { Septem- }}$ | October | $\begin{gathered} \text { Novem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | October, 1925, from Sep-tember, 1925 | October, 1925, from October, 1924 | 1924 | 1925 |  |
| GLASS AND OPTICAL GOODS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Illuminating glassware: <br> Net orders | 44.1 | 45.9 | 50.6 |  | 48.7 | 45.8 | 43.5 | +10.2 | +10.5 |  |  |  |
| Actual production-...-.-per ct. of capacity | 40.6 | 150.1 | 51.0 |  | 37.7 | 45.7 | 51.0 | +1.8 | +11.6 |  |  |  |
| Shipments billed...-.-. per ct. of capacity-- | 40.8 | 47.8 | 51.9 |  | 44.3 | 48.3 | 45.5 | +8.6 | +7.5 |  |  |  |
| BUILDING CONSTREUCTION AND |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rental advertisements: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Portland, Oreg -------.-.------- | 1,298 | 1,510 | 1,429 |  | 1,302 | 1,299 | 1,246 | -5. 4 | $+10.0$ | 10,880 | 12,263 | +12.7 |
|  | 9,058 | 8,497 | 7,079 | ,136 | 7,508 | 6,226 | 5,058 | $-16.7$ | +13.7 | 49,094 | 51,986 | +5.9 |
| Real estate conveyances (41 cities) .-. number... | 145, 571 | 149,156 | 165, 375 |  | 131,430 | 150,824 | 130, 824 | +10.9 | +9.6 | 1,421,251 | 1,534,804 | +8.0 |
| Euilding Costs (Index Numbers) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Building materials: <br> Frame house, 6 -room, lst of following mo... |  |  |  |  | 202 | 195 | 196 | +0.5 | -0.5 |  |  |  |
| Brick house, 6 -room, 1st of following mo.... | 193 | 195 | 196 |  | 203 | 199 | 193 | +0.5 | -1.5 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brick, steel frame .-.-.---.-.-.index number-. | 200 | 199 | 199 |  | 206 | 206 | 205 | 0.0 | -3.4 |  |  |  |
| Reinforced concrete-..---.-.-inder number.- | 200 | 200 | 201 |  | 203 | 202 | 201 | +0.5 | -0.5 |  |  |  |
| Construction and Losses |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industrial buildings .....--thous. of sq. ft-- | 4,773 | 8,843 | 7,231 |  | 4,216 | 4,478 | 4,101 | -16.3 | +61.5 | 41, 226 | 54,516 | +32.2 |
| Residential buildings.....-thous. of sq. ft.- | 52,096 | 46,790 | 52, 238 |  | 28, 236 | 32, 143 | 34, 779 | +11.6 | +62.5 | 354, 374 | 441, 922 | +24.7 |
| Educational buildings....-. thous. of sq. ft-- | 5,246 | 4,744 | 3,937 |  | 4,857 | 4,127 | 2,825 | -17.0 | -4.6 | 52, 163 | 52,137 | 0.0 |
| Other public and semi- <br> public buildings <br> thous. of sq ft |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | -34.5 | +29.2 |  |  |  |
| Qrand total..-......-.- thous. of sq. ft.- | 88, 594 | 86, 167 | 82, 577 |  | 51,631 | 55,087 | 55, 258 | $-4.2$ | +49.9 | 597, 543 | 746,731 | +25.8 +25.0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Commercial buildings.......thous. of dolls_ Industrial buildings.........thous. of dolls- | $\begin{gathered} 105,849 \\ 22,693 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 80,171 \\ & 43,298 \end{aligned}$ | 55,912 63,316 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 43,316 \\ & 35,222 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 55,969 \\ & 29.033 \end{aligned}$ |  | -30.3 +46.2 | + $\begin{array}{r}\text {-0.1 } \\ +118.1\end{array}$ | 502,391 290,121 | $\begin{aligned} & 706,567 \\ & 371,109 \end{aligned}$ | +40.6 +27.9 |
| Residential buildings.-......thous. of dolls.-- | 263, 485 | 250, 417 | 262, 726 |  | 143, 706 | 166, 199 | 191, 319 | +4.9 | +58.1 | 1,691,926 | 2, 181, 647 | +28.9 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Public works and utilities...thous. of dolls... | 96, 000 | 79,668 | 66, 007 |  | 52,034 | 101, 224 | 57,455 | -17.1 | $-34.8$ | 630, 836 | 736,783 | +16.8 |
| Grand total ........-.--thous of dolls..- | 589, 690 | 548, 217 | 519,528 |  | 344, 316 | 410,091 | 379, 660 | $-5.2$ | $-26.7$ | 3,778, 146 | 4, 846, 689 | +28.3 |
| Fire losses: <br> United States and Canada. .thous. of dolls. | 23,349 | 25, 396 | 23,991 | 30,320 | 29, 612 | 27, 944 | 39,082 | -5.5 | $-14.1$ | 293,970 | 273,510 |  |
| Great Britain..........thous. of $£$ sterling.-. | ${ }_{575}$ | 395 | 2647 | 30,320 | ${ }_{398}$ | ${ }_{510}$ | ${ }^{392}$ | +63.8 | +26.9 | 6,819 | 6, 077 | -8.2 |
| athern pine: Lumber |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (computed)........ M ft. b. m.- | 488, 035 | 481, 936 | 484, 840 |  | 466,639 | 463,009 | 424, 187 | +0.6 | +4.7 | 4, 593, 974 | 4, 808, 175 | +4.7 |
| Shipments (computed).......... M ft. b. m-- | 489, 390 | 491, 568 | 496,022 |  | 457, 732 | 493, 650 | 482,758 | +0.9 | +0.5 | 4, 607,044 | 4, 740, 791 | +2.9 |
| Orders (computed) .-...........M. M ft. b. m-- | 501, 976 | 501, 395 | 511,706 |  | 1444, 858 | 506, 478 | 524,194 | +2.1 | +1.0 | 4, 612, 272 | 4,780, 050 | +3.6 |
| Stocks, end of mo. (computed) -M ft. b. m.- | 1, 183, 800 | 1,181, 906 | 1, 199, 328 |  | 1,115,375 | 1, 080, 026 | 1,026, 246 | +1.5 | +11.0 |  |  |  |
|  | 49, 029 | 43, 993 | 48, 932 |  | 64, 893 | 73, 121 | 56,962 | +11.2 | $-33.1$ | 705, 180 | 679, 057 | $-3.7$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production.-.....-....-......-M It. b. m.- | 559, 559 | 568,960 | 600, 295 |  | 480, 328 | 542,996 | 515, 680 | +5.5 | +10.6 | 4,903, 531 | 5, 416, 982 | +10.5 |
| Shipments (computed).......-M M f. b. m.- | 563,740 | 575, 227 | 600, 743 |  | 488, 383 | 503,156 | 465, 106 | +4.4 | +19.4 | 5, 052, 599 | 5, 601, 414 | +10.9 |
| New orders.-.....................M it. b. m.- | 589, 104 | 564, 484 | 649, 264 |  | 517, 033 | 637, 898 | 566, 274 | -2.7 | -13.9 | 5,024, 397 | 5,543, 219 | +10.3 |
| Exports, lumber | 34, 299 | 49, 225 | 61, 457 |  | 54,777 | 45, 489 | 46, 139 | +24.8 | +35.1 | 537, 470 | 491, 380 | -8.6 |
| Exports, timber-....-.-.......M $\mathrm{Mt}$. b. m.. | 20, 298 | 27,078 | 34, 014 |  | 32,766 | 39,092 | 23,758 | +25.6 | $-13.0$ | 436, 005 | 265, 532 | +39.1 |
| California redwood: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (computed) ........M M f. b. m.- | 47,182 | 39,451 | 44, 089 |  | 32,907 | 44,532 | 53, 507 | +11.8 | -1.0 | 473, 624 | 435, 815 | -8.0 |
| Shipments (computed).-.-....M ft. b. m.- | 47,941 | 38,620 | 36, 641 | 38, 216 | 36,610 | 32,755 | 41, 104 | -5. 1 | +11.9 | 372, 700 | 388, 978 | +4.4 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 125, 582 | 129, 970 | 145,665 |  | 104, 829 | 102, 239 | 89, 684 | +12.1 | +42.5 | 746, 117 | 1,066, 598 | +43.0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shipments (computed) .-..........M $\mathrm{Mt}$. b. m.- | 160,097 | 4151, 410 | 140,097 |  | 141, 336 | 144, 203 | 125, 977 | -7.5 | -2.2 | 1,348, 920 | 1, 421, 128 | +5.4 |
| Stocks end of mo. (computed) _- M ft. b. m- | 1,006, 021 | 41,037,717 | 1, 127, 472 |  | 1, 081, 443 | 1, 128, 395 | 1,116,779 | +8.6 | -0.1 |  |  |  |
| North Carolina pine: <br> Production (computed) $\qquad$ M ft. b. m.- |  | 63,504 | 62,538 |  | 49,518 | 51,849 | 58,821 | $-1.5$ | +20.6 | 487,069 | 547, 323 | +12.4 |
| Shipments (computed)..............M ft. b. m.-. <br> Northern pine: | 53,018 | 55, 979 | 51, 352 |  | 44, 191 | 56, 042 | 53, 844 | $-8.3$ | -8.4 | 493, 276 | 519,519 | +5.3 |
| Northern pine: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Laroduction.................... Mft f. m . | 63, 407 | 45,825 | 38, 491 |  | 56, 369 | 41,333 | 9, 185 | $-16.0$ | -6.9 | 485, 314 | 508, 305 | +4.7 |
| Shipments................--M M ft. b. m.- | 53,085 | 50, 465 | 55, 485 |  | 51, 460 | 52,985 | 38,529 | +9.9 | +4.7 | 457, 940 | 462,423 | +1.0 |
| Orders received.-...........-.-M M f. b. m.- | 53, 152 | 42,994 | 49,856 |  | 42, 313 | 39,696 | 41,976 | +16.0 | +25.6 | 440, 205 | 420,707 | $-4.4$ |
| Production. $\qquad$ M It. b. m.Shipments $\qquad$ M ft. b. m.. | 15,356 11,144 | 12,144 <br> 11,194 | 9, 9,881 |  | 13,290 12,567 | 12,381 10,108 | 2,314 5 | -23.6 -11.7 | -25.0 | 121,753 130,860 | 131,947 102,981 | +8.4 -21.3 |

TREND OF BUSINESS MOVEMENTS-Continued


TREND OF BUSINESS MOVEMENTS-Continued

| Where available November data have been included in this table. The cumulatives shown are in most instances, however, only through October and, where designated by a footnote, through September. Detaiied data for items shown here may be found on pages 29 to 151 of the August, 1925, "Survey" | 1925 |  |  |  | 1924 |  |  | PER CENT inCrease ( + ) or Decrease (-) |  | cumulative total from january 1 tHROUGH OctoBER 31 |  | Percentin-crease(+)or de-crease$(-)$1925from1924 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | August | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Septem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | October | Novem- ber | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Septem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | October | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Novem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | October, 1925, from Sep-tember, 1925 | October, 1925, from October, 1924 | 1924 | 1925 |  |
| BUILDING CONSTRUCTION AND HOUSING-Continued <br> Floor and Wall THe |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production..........-.-.-.......-thous. of sq. ft-- | 4, 809 | - 5,092 | 5,313 |  | 4,090 | 4,404 | 3,882 | +4.3 | +20.6 | 43, 128 | 43, 479 | +0.8 |
| Shipments, quantity..............thous. of sq. ft-- | 4,867 | 4, 178 | 5,470 |  | 3,770 | 4,047 | 3, 280 | +5.6 | +35.2 | 37, 820 | 43,647 | +15.4 |
| Shipments, value.-..-...........thous. of dolls.- | 1,788 | 41,892 | 2,027 |  | 1,308 | 1,462 | 1,170 | +7.1 | +38.6 | 12,648 | 15,710 | +24.2 |
| Stocks, end of month.-.......-thous. of sq. ft -- | 6,624 | ${ }^{4} 6,617$ | 6,542 |  | 7, 533 | 7,821 | 7,910 | -1.1 | -16.4 |  |  |  |
| Ceramic mosaic White wall tile (standard) dolls. per sq. ft | .24 .40 | .24 .40 | . 24 |  | . 24 | . 24 | . 24 | 0.0 0.0 | 0.0 |  |  |  |
| Architectural Terra Cotta |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bookings: <br> Quantity $\qquad$ $\qquad$ net tons <br> value. thous. of dolls. | 15,451 2,002 | 18,550 2,156 | 12,341 1,607 | 13,864 1,696 | 11,471 1,184 | 9,526 954 | 10,374 1,106 | -33.5 -25.5 | +29.6 +68.4 | 124, 006 | 138, 754 | $+11.9$ |
| Portiand Cement |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production...-....-.-.-.........thous. of bbls-- | 16,419 | 15,939 | 15,992 | 13,639 | 14,519 | 14, 820 | 13, 141 | $+0.3$ | +7.9 -1.8 | 125, 283 | 136,833 | +9.2 |
| Shipments.-.-....-.-.-........thous. of bbls-. | 18,383 | 17,711 | 15,309 | 10, 169 | 16, 827 | 17, 160 | 10, 289 | -13.6 | -10.8 | 129,952 | 139, 620 | +7.4 |
| Stocks, end of month ------.... thous. of bbls- - | 11, 052 | 10,247 | ${ }^{4} 10,979$ | 14, 450 | 8,404 | 6,073 | 8,928 | +6.7 | +80.0 |  |  |  |
| Price: <br> Chicago district $\qquad$ dolls. per bbl. Lehigh Valley $\qquad$ dolls. per bbl. | 1.75 1.75 | 1.75 1.75 | 1.70 1.75 | 1.65 1.75 | 1.75 1.75 | 1.75 1.75 | 1.75 | -2.9 0.0 | -2.9 0.0 |  |  |  |
| Highways |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Concrete paving contracts awarded: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total.-...-.-.-.-....-.-.thous. of sq. yds-- | 9,594 | 9, 730 | 6, 135 |  | 6,839 | 6, 806 | 3,000 | $-36.9$ | -9.9 | 82, 184 | 95,436 | +16.1 |
| Roads | 6,368 | 4,087 | 3, 711 |  | 8,818 | 3,211 | 1,891 | -9.2 | +15.6 | 51, 555 | 59, 729 | +15.9 |
| Estimated cost..............thous. of dolls.- | 278, 662 | 291,549 | 292, 662 |  | 344,905 | 333, 121 | 311, 178 | +0.4 | -12.1 | 2, 893, 019 | 2, 769,549 | -4.3 |
| Distance................................-miles.- | 11, 839 | 12, 186 | 12, 188 |  | 15, 712 | 15, 538 | 14, 390 | 0.0 | -21.6 | 147, 972 | 123,331 | -16.7 |
| Roofing |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Preparing roofing: <br> Shipments $\qquad$ thous. of roof squares.- | 3,003 | 3, 176 | 3,473 |  | 3,192 | 3,227 | 2, 416 | +9.4 | +7.6 | 26,794 | 23,773 | -11.3 |
| Dry roofing felt: <br> Production. tons.- | 22,794 | 23, 272 | 23, 946 |  | 19,245 | 20, 445 | 17,327 | +2.9 | +17.1 | 174,367 | 208, 148 | +19.4 |
| Stocks, end of month.-----.........-tons-- | 3,951 | 3,231 | 2,556 |  | 1,850 | 1,768 | 1,946 | -20.9 | +44.6 |  |  |  |
| Sanitary Ware |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Baths, enamel: <br> Orders shipped number |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | +35.7 | 998, 750 | 1,145,660 | +14.7 |
|  | 120,441 | 124,933 | 85, 555 |  | 104, 68.373 | 98,980 | 90,112 | +0.7 | +-3.8 | 908, | 1,145,600 | +14. 7 |
|  | 129, 113 | 121, 235 | 109, 711 |  | 88,913 | 77,361 | 77,068 | $-9.5$ | +41.8 | 987, 559 | 1, 190, 074 | +20.5 |
| Lavatories, enamel: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stocks, end of month...-..........-number.. | 218, 728 | 205, 012 | 239, 269 |  | 147, 318 | 161,474 | 171,999 | +16.7 | +48.2 | 1,153, 78 | 1,310, 435 |  |
| Orders received.----.-...........-number.- | 144, 573 | 144, 267 | 123, 337 |  | 93, 358 | 93, 415 | 82,765 | -14.5 | +32.0 | 1,053, 129 | 1, 335, 192 | $+26.8$ |
| Sinks, enamel: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stocks, end of month........-.-.-. | 252, 703 | 239, 654 | 201, 847 |  | 197, 832 | 215, 939 | 228, 438 | -15.8 | -6.5 |  |  |  |
| Orders received.-----..........-number.- | 141, 633 | 143,765 | 124, 613 |  | 92,604 | 95, 717 | 91, 340 | $-13.3$ | +30.2 | 1,141, 892 | 1,331, 573 | $+16.6$ |
| Miscellaneous, enamel: <br> Orders shipped. number.- | 58,747 | 56,701 | 50,716 |  | 75, 312 | 71,508 | 50,716 | -10.6 | -29.1 | 750, 201 | 649,983 | -13.4 |
| Stocks, end of month...............number-. | 160,085 | 151,433 | 142, 542 |  | 132, 121 | 158, 351 | 151, 675 | -5.9 | -10.0 |  |  |  |
| Orders received .-..............--number..- | 63, 884 | 57,524 | 46, 415 |  | 62, 581 | 55, 261 | 48, 674 | -19.3 | $-16.0$ | 651, 518 | 588,867 | -9.6 |
| Unfilled orders, end of month: <br> Baths. $\qquad$ number- | 113,328 | 107, 316 | 79,437 |  | 131, 904 | 79, 444 | 64,876 | -26.0 | 0.0 |  |  |  |
|  | 260, 171 | 261, 737 | 192, 576 |  | 286, 783 | 206, 332 | 174, 127 | $-26.4$ | $-6.7$ |  |  |  |
| CHEMICALS AND OILS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Potash $\qquad$ long tons. <br> Nitrate of soda $\qquad$ long tons. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 21,041 92 | 29,451 56,764 | 17,455 48,587 |  | 19, 438 | 30, 525 | 27,867 65,664 | -40.7 -14.4 | -42.8 -31.0 | 168,876 859,666 | 214,468 997,898 | +27.0 +16.1 |
| Exports: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sulphuric acid................ thous. of lbs.. | 441 | + 4788 | 383 |  | 1,252 |  | 842 | -19.9 | -54.9 | 9,482 | 6,547 | -31.0 |
| Total fertilizer ................................. | 94, 089 | 110, 558 | 87, 568 |  | 76,457 | 102, 371 | 78, 366 | -20.8 | -14.5 | 900, 858 | 955, 702 | +6.1 |
| Vegetable.........-.-........................... <br> Coal tar-.............................................. | $\begin{array}{r} 430,554 \\ 2,205,476 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 235,796 \\ 2,511,898 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 333,986 \\ 1,717,766 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 187,401 \\ & 970,880 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 355,104 \\ 1,079,935 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 224,963 \\ 1,267,978 \end{array}$ | +41.6 +31.6 | $\begin{array}{r} -5.9 \\ +59.1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,608,347 \\ 13,423,517 \end{array}$ | 3,169,167 <br> 20, 956, 301 | +21.5 +56.1 |
| Price index numbers: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Crude drugs - --...............index number-- | $\begin{aligned} & 190 \\ & 177 \end{aligned}$ | 196 179 | 195 | 191 | 142 | 142 | 148 | -0.5 +6.7 | -8.0 +34.5 |  |  |  |
| Drugs and pharmaceuticals index number.- | 158 | 158 | 158 | 157 157 | 142 | 142 | 148 | +6.7 0.0 | +34.5 +1.3 |  |  |  |
| Chemicals ....-.-...........-index number.- | 112 | 113 | 113 | 113 | 111 | 110 | 112 | 0.0 | +2.7 |  |  |  |
| Oils and fats.............index number-- | 158 | 156 | 158 | 156 | 143 | 147 | 151 | +1.3 | +7.5 |  |  |  |
| Price, sulphuric acid $66^{\circ} \mathrm{N} . \mathrm{Y}^{\text {. .index }}$ number..- | . 70 | . 70 | . 70 | . 70 | . 70 | . 70 | . 70 | 0.0 | 0.0 |  |  |  |

TREND OF BUSINESS MOVEMENTS-Continued

| Where available November data have been included in this table. The cumulatives shown are in most instances, however, only through October and, where designated by a footnote, through September. Detailed data for items shown here may be found on pages 29 to 151 of the August, 1925, "Survey" | 1925 |  |  |  | 1924 |  |  | per cent increase ( + ) or Decrease ( - ) |  | cumulative total from january 1 THROUGH OCTOBER 31 |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Per } \\ \text { cent } \\ \text { in } \\ \text { crease } \\ \text { (+) } \\ \text { cr de- } \\ \text { crease } \\ (-) \\ 1925 \\ \text { from } \\ 1924 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | August | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Septem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | October | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Novem- } \\ & \text { Der } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Septem. } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | October | $\underset{\substack{\text { Novem- } \\ \text { ber }}}{ }$ | October, from Septem ber, 1925 | October, 1925, from October, 1924 1924 | 1924 | 1925 |  |
| CHEMICALS AND OILS-Continued Wood Chemicals |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production --...-.-.-.-.....-- thous. of libs--- | 11, 971 | 11,114 12,051 | 11,042 12,224 |  | 8,449 10,025 | 9,803 12,047 | 10,327 11,698 | -0.6 +1.4 | +12.6 +1.5 | 108,363 97,109 | 113,626 111,238 | +4.9 +14.5 |
| Stocks, end of month-...-.-.-- thous. of lbs.- | 16, 804 | 14,974 | 13, 535 |  | 18,070 | 15, 259 | 11, 890 | $-9.6$ | -11.3 |  |  |  |
| Exports-...----------.---- thous. of lbs.- | 1,231 | 1,340 | 426 |  | 2,402 | 1,367 | 3,512 | -68.2 | $-68.8$ | 18,614 | 14,498 | --22.-1 |
| Price _-dolls. per cwt.. | 2.75 | 2.75 | 2.75 | 3. 00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 0.0 | -8.3 |  |  |  |
| Methanoduction...........---.............galls.- | ${ }^{4} 577,883$ | 529,090 | 543, 366 |  | 464, 702 | 539, 333 | 562,828 | +2.7 | +0.7 | 5, 809 | 5,764 | -0.8 |
| Shipments or used.-.-..-......-.-.--- galls.- | ${ }^{4} 625,258$ | ${ }^{4} 600,446$ | 749, 959 |  | 578, 381 | 621, 412 | 627, 586 | +24.9 | +20.7 | 5,874 | 5,838 | -0.6 |
| Stocks, end of month..................-galls.United States-d | 41,568,557 | 41,475,583 | 1, 294, 655 |  | 1,656, 499 | 1, 551, 678 | 1, 372, 786 | -12.3 | -16.6 |  |  |  |
| Purchased by refiners...............galls... Consumed by refiners.-......---galls | - 4385,423 | 454,391 619,182 | $\begin{aligned} & 681,985 \\ & 905,952 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 22, 188 | 12,200 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Methanol, refined: <br> United States- d |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stocks, end of month............galls.- | 32,007 | 40, 129 | 32, 443 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exports --.-................-....-galls-- | 9,881 .58 | 15,320 4.58 | 19,558 | . 58 | 19,747 .68 | 50,901 .69 | 42, 218 | +27.7 0.0 | $\begin{array}{r} -61.6 \\ -15.9 \end{array}$ | 563, 109 | 322, 650 | -42.7 |
| Wood at chemical plants: Consumption (carbonized) .-..........cords.. | 61, 519 | 59, 144 | 58, 244. |  | 49,850 |  | 55,011 | -1.5 |  | 628, 333 | 608, 417 | -3. 2 |
| Stocks, end of month................cords.- | 529, 294 | 4 493, 843 | 476, 235 |  | 645, 956 | 633,428 | 538,798 | $-3.6$ | $-24.8$ | 62, 33 | 608, 417 | -3.2 |
| Daily capacity: | 4,639 | 4,639 | 4,639 |  | 4, 819 | 4,819 | 4,819 | 0.0 | -3. 7 |  |  |  |
|  | 3,728 | 3,668 | 3, 668 |  | 3.724 | 3,784 | 3,712 | 0.0 | $-3.1$ |  |  |  |
| Shut down---.-...-.-.......-...........cords.- | 459 | 507 | 745 |  | 926 | ${ }^{7} 7$ | 581 | +46.9 | +5.1 |  |  |  |
| Ethyl Alcohol |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production -.-.-.-............-.thous. of gals-- | 18,550 | 19,859 |  |  | 13, 118 | 15, 962 | 16,452 |  |  | ${ }^{5} 944,066$ | ${ }^{5} 131,858$ | +40.2 |
| Withdrawn for denaturation--.thous. of gals.- | 16,823 7 | 18,021 |  |  | 12, 012 | 14, 515 | 16,211 |  |  | ${ }^{811,428}$ | ${ }^{\text {b }} 115,843$ | +42.3 |
| Warehouse stocks, end of month_thous. of gals.- | 7,831 | 8,913 |  |  | 2,632 | 2,881 | 1,975 |  |  |  |  |  |
| (Bla\&k powder, permissibles, and other high |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production--.--.........------thous. of libs.-- | 37, 436 | 35,844 | 33,049 |  | 37, 158 | 41, 030 | 33,973 | -7.8 | -19.5 | 339,700 | 346, 283 | +1.90 |
|  | 37, 429 | 35,454 |  |  | 37,062 | 39, 236 |  | -5.8 | -14.8 | 347, 074 | 347, 554 | +0.1 |
|  | 36,402 16,585 | 33,020 17,335 | 32,594 16,309 |  | 35, 777 | 36,554 18,194 | 32,513 18,355 | $-5.3$ | -10.8 | 329, 625 | 333, 846 | +1.3 |
| Naval Stores |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Price, southern, in barrels e <br> Tow York dolls per gal | 1.013 | 1.121 | 1. 128 | 1.116 | . 887 | . 880 |  | +0.5 | +16.4 |  |  |  |
| Rosin (3 prineipal ports): |  |  |  |  |  | . 880 | . 851 | +0.6 | +28.2 |  |  |  |
| Net receipts--...---.-.-.-------- barrels.- | 122, 022 | 115, 023 | 100,264 |  | 113, 209 | 92,962 | 105,007 | -12.8 | +7.9 | 883, 320 | 912,782 | +3.3. |
| Stocks, end of month---1----.-- barrels.- | 202, 247 | 181, 940 | 181, 613 |  | 273, 721 | 228, 614 | 228, 673 | -0.2 | -20.6 |  |  |  |
| New York................. dolls. per bbl.- | 10.89 | 14, 19 | 15.88 | 15.94 | 6. 12 | 7.16 | 7.60 | +11.9 | +121.8 |  |  |  |
| Fats and Oils |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Imports Oleomaragine: | 47,316 | 32,057 | 52, 179 |  | 46, 118 | 40, 924 | 55,582 | +62.8 | +27.5 | 702,625 | 534, 903 | $-23.9$ |
| Oleomaragine: <br> $\begin{array}{l}\text { Production }\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption...............-.thous. of lbs.- | 17,068 | 20,057 | 25,612 |  | 20, 202 | 19,217 | 17,115 | $+27.7$ | $+33.3$ | 192, 760 | 182, 776 | -5.2 |
| Cottonseed |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cottonseed stocks, end of month...-...--tons.- | 189, 542 | 776, 017 | 1, 270, 770 |  | 390, 049 | 873,368 | 1, 184, 803 | +63.8 | +45. 5 |  |  |  |
| Cottonseed oll: <br> Stocks, end of month.........thous. of lbs.- | 18,041 | 55,972 | 91,976 |  | 44, 222 | 83.497 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production--.-.............thous. of libs-- | 33, 814 | 142, 939 | 232, 5696 |  | 92, 379 | 213,659 | 231, 359 | +62.7 | +8.8 | 716, 572 | 1, 052,163 | +46.8 |
| Price, New Y ork..---------. dolls. per lb.- | . 113 | . 107 | . 099 | . 101 | . 108 | . 113 | . 110 | -7.5 | -12.4 |  |  |  |
| Flaxseed |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Minoeapolis and Duluth: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Receipts --.-.-......-----thous. of bushs-- | 1, 412 | 5,593 | 5,515 |  | 3,664 | 10,242 | 8,474 | -1.4. | -46.2 | 17,036 | 18, 431 | +8.2 |
| Shipments....-.-..........thous. of bushs.- Stocks | 602 291 | 1,965 2,453 | 2, 593 3,302 |  | 1,747 1,063 | 6,097 2,455 | 6,792 2,096 | +32.0 +34.6 | -57.5 +34.5 | 9,901 | 7,623 | $-23.0$ |
| Stocks---7.............-thous. of bushs-- | 291 | 2, 453 | 3,302 |  | 1,063 | 2,455 | 2,096 | +34.6 | +34.5 |  |  |  |
| Minneapolis. --....-.-...-thous of lbs.- | 10,881 | 13,840 | 17,769 | 14,676 | 8,883 | 18,564 | 17,947 | +28.4 | -4.3 | 96,727 | 135, 023 | +40. 5 |
| $\qquad$ thous. of lbs.- | 24, 490 | 24,916 | 33, 958 | 35, 190 | 15,955 | 29, 281 | 29,572 | +36.3 | +16.0 | 147, 589 | 223,643 | +51. 5 |

TREND OF BUSINESS MOVEMENTS-Continued

${ }^{1}$ Revised. Total crop estimated at first of month following that indicated. Data for a year ago represent final estimates of the 1924 crop.
${ }^{-1}$ Total crop estimated at first of month following that in 23 of the November, 1925, issue for earlier data.
${ }^{\text {A See p. }} 23$ of the November, 1925, issue for earlier data.

TREND OF BUSINESS MOVEMENTS—Continued


TREND OF BUSINESS MOVEMENTS—Continued

| Where available November data have been included in this table. The cumulatives shown are in most instances, however, only through October and, where designated by a footnote, through September. Detailed data for items shown here may be found on pages 29 to 151 of the August, 1925, "Survey" | 1925 |  |  |  | 1924 |  |  | per cent inCREASE ( + ) OR decrease (-) |  | cumulative total <br> FROM JANUARY 1 <br> throvgh octo- <br> BER 31 |  | Percentin-crease(+)or de-crease$(-)$1925from1924 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | August | $\underset{\text { ber }}{\substack{\text { Septem- }}}$ | October | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Novem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | Septem- ber | October | $\underset{\text { ber }}{\text { Novem- }}$ | Octo- ber, 1925, from Sep- tem- ber, 1925 | Octo- <br> ber, <br> 1925, <br> from <br> Octo- <br> 1924 | 1924 | 1925 |  |
| FOODSTUFFS-Continued Poultry |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Receipts of 5 markets...........-thous. of lbs.- | 17, 466 | 18, 804 | ${ }^{4} 27,507$ | 62, 272 | 20,093 | 27, 263 | 61,784 | +46.3 | +0.9 | 222, 033 | 193, 140 | 17.0 |
| (end of month) $\qquad$ thous. of lbs- | 47,946 | 44, 345 | ${ }^{4} 53,787$ | 86,742 | 40,070 | 55, 139 | 87, 939 | $+21.3$ | -2.5 |  |  |  |
| Fish |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total catch, prin. fishing ports.--thous. of lbs.- | 26, 839 | 28, 184 | ${ }^{21,186}$ |  | 19,937 | 20,215 | 14, 040 | $-24.8$ | +4.8 | 177, 663 | 214, 236 | $+20.6$ |
| Cold-storage holdings, 15 th of mo.thous. of libs_Canned salmon, shipments...................cases. | $\begin{array}{r}47,474 \\ \hline 757,479\end{array}$ | r $\begin{array}{r}55,447 \\ 1,205,930\end{array}$ | 1, 580,3888 | 61, 822 | 56, 607 928,769 | r $\begin{array}{r}67,025 \\ 1,085,539\end{array}$ | 70,406 687,168 | +5.3 +13.7 | +12.9 +26.3 | 5, 200,096 | 5, 433,047 | +4.5 |
| Butter: Datry Products |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Receipts, 5 markets....-.-.-.-thous. of lbs.. | 55, 064 | 45,005 | 43,468 | 75,455 | 47,467 | 41,949 | 30,161 | -3.4 | +3.6 | 524, 161 | 500,344 | -6.5 |
| Cold-storage holdings, cream- <br> ery (end of month) ...........thous. of lbs. | 128,403 | 114, 172 | - 94, 916 | 74, 813 | 153,494 | 135, 018 | 100, 832 | -16.9 | -29.7 |  |  |  |
| Wholesale price, 5 markets...dolls. per lb... | . 448 | . 488 | . 514 | . 511 | . 342 | . 385 | . 418 | +5.3 | +33.5 |  |  |  |
| Cheese: Receipts, 5 markets .........thous. of lbs.- | 22,472 | 20, 520 | 21,029 | 17,059 | 18,854 | 17,479 | 14,883 | +2.5 | +20.3 | 185, 248 | 190,782 | +3.0 |
| Cold-storage and holdings, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| American (end of month) .-thous. of lbs.- | 76, 512 | 78, 582 | 4 71,913 | 66,507 | 73, 153 | 67,905 | 58,705 | -8. 5 | +5.9 |  |  |  |
| Eggs: <br> Wholesale price, 5 markets...dolls. per lb_- | 241 | . 241 | . 252 | . 254 | . 203 | . 197 | . 202 | +4.6 | +27.9 |  |  |  |
| Receipts, 5 markets..-...-.-. thous. of lbs.- | 1,042 | 930 | 409 | 433 | 876 | 747 | 456 | $-23.8$ | -5.3 | 14,424 | 14,418 | 0.0 |
| Cold-storage holdings (case) thous of cases.. | 9, 873 | 8,612 | ${ }^{4} 6,322$ | 3,780 | 7,409 | 5,267 | 3, 102 | -26.6 | +20.0 |  |  |  |
| Milk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Condensed milk: <br> Manufacturer's total stocks- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Case grods-............... thous. of lbs.- | 46, 757 | 42, 209 | 34,792 |  | 22, 616 | 18,070 | 14,604 | $-17.6$ | +92.5 |  |  |  |
| Bulk goods ---.-.-.-....thous. of lbs-- | 9,437 | 7,340 | 6,327 |  | 15,476 | 13,974 | 11,802 | $-13.8$ | -54.2 |  |  |  |
| Case goods................thous. of lbs.- | 39,425 | 33, 888 | 28,487 |  | 16,766 | 13,282 | 10,650 | -15.9 | +114.5 |  |  |  |
| Bulk goods.-..............-thous. of libs.-- | 3,074 | 3,346 | 3,210 |  | 7,744 | 6,330 | 6,212 | -6.1 | -49.3 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manufacturer's total stocks, case goods thous. of lbs.- | 155, 654 | 157,381 | 144, 324 |  | 164,538 | 147, 596 | 133,093 | $-8.3$ | -2.2 |  |  |  |
| Manufacturer's unsold stocks, <br> case goods $\qquad$ | 119,858 | 121, 745 | 108, 185 |  |  |  | 100,639 |  | -3.9 |  |  |  |
| Exports .-...------------------------- | 9,967 | 13, 339 | 5,771 |  | 15, 892 | 16,335 | 10,818 | $-56.8$ | -64. 7 | 123,458 | 94,830 | $-23.2$ |
| Powdered milk: <br> Sales less re-sales $i$ $\qquad$ thous. of lbs. | 3,948 | 3,636 | 4,416 |  | 3,800 | 3,496 | 2,969 | +21.5 | +26.3 | 40,818 | 41,6 | +2.2 |
| Manufacturer's total stocks ${ }^{\text {c-- }}$ - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | +2.2 |
| Case goods...-...--------thous. of lbs.- | 549 | 527 | 465 |  | 162 | 319 | 180 | -11.8 | +45.8 |  |  |  |
| Bulk goods ----------- thous. of lbs.- | 9,228 | 8,289 | 6,729 |  | 14,156 | 11,827 | 8,805 | -18.8 | -43.1 |  |  |  |
| Manufacturer's unsold stocks ${ }^{\text {- }}$ <br> Case roods.................thous. of lbs | 549 | 527 | 465 |  | 162 | 319 | 180 | -11.8 | +45.8 |  |  |  |
| Bulk goods...................thous. of libs.- | 6,496 | 5,607 | 4,136 |  | 11,091 | 9,367 | 6, 029 | -26.2 | +55.8 |  |  |  |
|  | 291 | 392 | 201 |  | 290 | 1,262 | 1,260 | -48.7 | -84.1 | 3,782 |  | $-19.9$ |
| Receipts. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boston (includ. cream) --thous. of qts.- | 17,227 | 16, 305 | 16, 277 |  | 15, 861 | 15,506 | 14, 226 | -0.2 | $+5.0$ | 161,486 | 166,585 | +3.2 |
| Greater New York .....thous. of cans.- | 2,673 | 2,647 | 2,587 |  | 2,501 | 2,550 | 2,403 | -2.3 | $+1.5$ | 25, 060 | 27,043 | +7.9 |
| Production, Minneapolis....-thous. of lbs ${ }_{--}$ | 21,730 | 18,322 | 19,417 |  | 17, 804 | 18,038 | 17,303 | +6.0 | +7.6 | 214, 994 | 235, 065 | +9.3 |
| Production, Minneapolis_.....thous. of lbs_- | 390 | 290 | 290 |  | 327 | 305 | 274 | 0.0 | -4.9 | 4,847 | 4,384 | -9.5 |
| Raw Sugar |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 287, 057 | 321,620 | 240, 100 |  | 307, 838 | 242, 353 | 155, 161 | -25.3 | -0.3 | 3,385, 955 | 3,548, 501 |  |
|  | 438,767 | 459,875 | 385,647 |  | 419,818 | 344,404 | 221, 836 | -16.1 | +12.0 | 4, 173, 872 | 4,500,872 | +7.8 |
| Stocks at refineries <br> (end of month) long tons.. | 235, 725 | 187, 739 | 95, 511 |  | 154,835 | 66,522 | 32,772 | -49.1 |  |  |  |  |
| Refined, exports.-.-.-..................long tons.- | 67, 327 | 40,624 | 21, 614 |  | 24, 510 | 5,388 | 1,843 | -46. 8 | +301. 2 | 193, 888 | 308, 882 | +59.3 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Prices: <br> Wholesale, $96^{\circ}$ centrifugal, <br> N. Y <br> dolls. per lb. | . 044 | . 043 | . 039 | . 040 | . 060 | . 060 | . 058 | -9.3 | -35.0 |  |  |  |
| Wholesale, granulated, N . Y --dolls. per lb-- | . 054 | . 054 | . 050 | . 051 | . 071 | . 073 | . 073 | -7.4 | -31.5 |  |  |  |
| Retail, granulated, N. Y.-.-dolls. per lb-- | . 062 | . 062 | . 059 |  | . 078 | . 081 | . 082 | -4.8 | -27.2 |  |  |  |
|  |  | . 127 | . 124 |  | . 156 | . 160 | . 147 | -2.3 | -22.5 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 158,009 | 125,011 |  | 159,772 | 85,762 | 43,574 | -20.9 | +45.8 |  |  |  |
|  | 333, 838 | 371, 200 | 281, 210 |  | 333, 991 | 194,683 | 148,987 | -24.2 | +44.4 | 3,726,417 | 4,351,364 | +16.8 |
| Stocks, end of month...-.-.-.---.long tons.- | 822, 799 | 594, 378 | 460, 709 |  | 273, 426 | 145, 422 | 41, 460 | -22. 5 | +216.8 |  |  |  |
| Coffee |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Imports_...-.-...-.-..............thous. of lbs.- | 97,696 | 133, 463 | 111, 920 |  | 83,637 | 133,497 | 116, 349 | -16. 1 | -16.3 | 1, 186, 107 | 1,039,391 | -12.4 |
| Visible supply: <br> Worla thous. of bags.- |  | 5,087 | 5,082 |  | 5,653 | 5,734 | 5,661 | -0.1 | -11.4 |  |  |  |
| United States.-.-.............thous. of bags.-- | ${ }^{850}$ | , 716 | ${ }_{583}$ | -789 | -738 | ${ }^{\text {8 }} 772$ | ${ }^{5} 803$ | $-18.6$ | $-24.5$ |  |  |  |
| Receipts, total, Brazil --.......-.thous. of bags..- | 1,173 | 1,494 | 1,262 | 1,144 | 1,672 | 1,536 | 1,249 | -15.5 | -17.8 | 11,999 | 9,480 | -21.0 |
| Clearances: <br> Total, Brazil for world......thous. of bags. |  |  |  |  |  | 1,730 | 1,210 | +7.1 | -11.2 | 11,754 |  | -8.1 |
| Total, Brazil for U. S.-......thous. of bags.. | 1,794 | 1,705 | 1,680 | 1,758 | , 713 | ${ }^{1} 827$ | ${ }_{668}$ | $-3.5$ | -17.8 | 5,791 | 5,588 | $-2.5$ |
| Tea |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| mp | 10, 144 | 11,993 | 13,088 |  | 9,070 | 11,794 | 10,751 | +9.1 | +11.0 | 72, 967 | 79,711 | +9.2 |

TREND OF BUSINESS MOVEMENTS-Continued


TREND OF BUSINESS MOVEMENTS-Continued


## TREND OF BUSINESS MOVEMENTS—Continued



## TREND OF BUSINESS MOVEMENTS--Continued



## TREND OF BUSINESS MOVEMENTS-Continued

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Where available November data have been included in this table. The cumulatives shown are in most instances, however, only through October and, where designated by a footnote, through
September. Detailed data for items shown here may be found on pages 29 to 151 of the August, 1925, 'Survey'"} \& \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{1925} \& \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{1924} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{PER CENT IN: Crease ( + ) OR DECREASE ( - )} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\begin{tabular}{l}
cumulative total \\
from jandary 1 \\
through octo- \\
BER 31
\end{tabular}} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Per
cent
in-
crease
\((+)\)
or de-
crease
\((-)\)
1925
from
1924} \\
\hline \& August \& Septem-
ber \& October \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& \text { Novem- } \\
\& \text { ber }
\end{aligned}
\] \& Septem- \& October \& \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Novem- } \\
\text { ber }
\end{gathered}
\] \& October, 1925, Sep-tember, 1925 \& October, 1925, from October, 1924 \& 1924 \& 1925 \& \\
\hline BANKING AND FINANCE-Continued Banking-Continued - \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Savings deposits, by Federal reserve districts (balance to credit of depositors): \\
Total, 846 banks............-thous. of dolls.
\end{tabular} \& 7, 562, 671 \& 7, 604, 962 \& 7, 613,545 \& \& 7, 132, 377 \& 7,151,529 \& 7,197,214 \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Boston, 64 banks.-.-.-.--thous. of dolls-- \& 1, 326,980 \& 1, 329,853 \& 1, 332, 605 \& \& 1, 263, 800 \& 1, 268, 465 \& 1, 271, 490 \& +0.1 \& +6.5
+5.1 \& \& \& \\
\hline New York, 30 banks..- thous. of dolls. \& 2, 095, 847 \& [2, 114, 729 \& 2, 108, 618 \& \& 2, 002, 659 \& 2, 001, 536 \& [2,006, 184 \& \(-0.3\) \& +5.3 \& \& \& \\
\hline Philadephia, 78 banks-thous. of dolls. \& 520, 820 \& 522, 453 \& 523,094 \& \& 491, 805 \& 492, 285 \& 497, 277 \& +0.1 \& +6.3 \& \& \& \\
\hline Cleveland, 18 banks.-.- thous. of dolls.- \& 521,321 \& 521, 120 \& 521, 262 \& \& 483, 342 \& 489, 511 \& 499,463 \& 0.0 \& +6. 5 \& \& \& \\
\hline Richmond, 91 banks _-thous. of dolls..-
Atlanta, 96 banks...-thous of dolls \& \begin{tabular}{l}
351,147 \\
244 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& 348,699
253,104 \& 353,016
258,465 \& \& 323,350
228,710 \& 325,899
228,510 \& 324,495
230,308 \& +1.2
+2.1 \& +8.3
+13.1 \& \& \& \\
\hline Chicago, 209 banks..-.-.thous. of dolis.-- \& 939,038 \& 263,104
940,952 \& 258,465
947,951 \& \& -922, 737 \& -228,510 \& - 2317,748 \& +2.1
+0.7 \& +13.1
+4.1 \& \& \& \\
\hline St. Louis, 32 banks....-thcus. of dolls.- \& 156, 271 \& 159,071 \& 158, 315 \& \& 138, 247 \& 141, 026 \& 157, 231 \& \(-0.5\) \& +12.3 \& \& \& \\
\hline Minneapolis, 15 banks thous. of dolls.-- \& 98, 453 \& 99, 939 \& 99, 915 \& \& 92,078 \& 92,444 \& 92,787 \& 0.0 \& +8.1 \& \& \& \\
\hline Kansas City, 56 banks thous. of dolls..- \& 114, 110 \& 113,957 \& 113, 151 \& \& 108, 065 \& 106,979 \& 105, 620 \& \(-0.7\) \& +5.8 \& \& \& \\
\hline Dallas, 85 banks \& 74, 331 \& 75, 078 \& 75, 531 \& \& 67, 805 \& 67,849 \& 67,523 \& +0.6 \& +11.3 \& \& \& \\
\hline U. San Francisco,72 banks thous. of dolls... \& 1, 119,795 \& 1, 126, 007 \& 1, 121, 622 \& \& 1, 029, 779 \& 1, 026, 093 \& 1, 027,088 \& -0.4 \& +9.3 \& \& \& \\
\hline U. S. Postal savings.........thous. of dolls. New York State savings banks. thous. of dolls \& 132,100
\(3,502,526\) \& 132,159
\(3,487,629\) \& [r \(\begin{array}{r}132,398 \\ 3,529,169\end{array}\) \& \& 133,965
\(3,302,442\) \& 134,405
\(3,308,534\) \& 134,235
\(3,318,009\) \& +0.2
+1.2 \& +1.5
+6.7 \& \& \& \\
\hline Public Finance \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Government debt: \& \& \& \& \& 20, 983 \& 20,978 \& 20,051 \& 0.0 \& -4.0 \& \& \& \\
\hline Total gross debt.-...-.........-. mills. of dolls-- \& 20,447 \& 20,418 \& 20, 406 \& 20, 401 \& 21, 254 \& 21,242 \& 21,213 \& -0.1 \& -4.0
-3.9 \& \& \& \\
\hline Short-term debt.-.-.-.-.-.-.---mills. of dolls-.. \& 6,208 \& 6,186 \& 6, 184 \& \& 8, 8 , 073 \& 8, \({ }^{2}, 069\) \& 8, \({ }^{21,41}\) \& -0.1
0.0 \& -3.9 \& \& \& \\
\hline Customs receipts.----.-.------- thous. of dolls.. \& 49,114 \& 51, 017 \& 52, 835 \& 48,276 \& 48,759 \& 49,890 \& 40,011 \& +3.6 \& \& \& \& +24 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Total ordinary receipts.} \& 219,915 \& 512, 072 \& 202, 245 \& 184, 931 \& 487, 390 \& 255, 323 \& 174,738 \& -60.5 \& -20.8 \& 3, 166, 857 \& 3, 039, 614 \& -4.0 \\
\hline \& 214, 208 \& 330, 851 \& 323,432 \& 236,034 \& 408, 797 \& 320, 307 \& 233,758 \& -2.2 \& +1.0 \& 2, 765, 356 \& 2, 830,100 \& +6.0 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Total \(\qquad\) mills. of dolls. \\
Per capita \(\qquad\) .dollars
\end{tabular} \& 4,784
41.84 \& 4,827
42.17 \& \[
\begin{array}{r}
4,901 \\
42.77
\end{array}
\] \& 4,972
43.35 \& 4,806
42.52 \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 4,880 \\
\& 43.12
\end{aligned}
\] \& 4,094
44.08 \& +1.5
+1.4 \& \[
{ }_{-0.8}^{+0.4}
\] \& \& \& \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Liabilities: \\
Business Failures
\end{tabular} \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Total commercial............thous. of dolls.-
Manufacturing \& 37, 159 \& 30,687 \& 29,544 \& 35,922 \& 34, 298 \& 36,099 \& 31, 124 \& \(-3.7\) \& -18.2 \& 466, 822 \& 371, 294 \& -20.5 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Manufacturing \\
establishments \(\qquad\) thous. of dolls.
\end{tabular} \& 22,339 \& 8,167 \& 11, 264 \& 13,994 \& 19,468 \& 15,619 \& 10, 252 \& +37. 9 \& -27.9 \& 260,164 \& 140, 760 \& -45.9 \\
\hline Trade establishments....--thous. of dolls \& 13,460 \& 14,990 \& 13, 530 \& 18,907 \& 10, 126 \& 16, 122 \& 15, 782 \& -9.7 \& \(-16.1\) \& 160, 268 \& 175, 827 \& +9.7 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Agents and brokers.------thous. of dolls.
Firms
Total commercial} \& 1,360 \& 7, 530 \& 4,750 \& 3,022 \& 4,702 \& 4,357 \& 5,090 \& -36.9 \& +9.0 \& 45,788 \& 54,707 \& +19.5 \\
\hline \& 1,513 \& 1,465 \& 1,581 \& 1,672 \& 1,306 \& 1,696 \& 1,653 \& +7.9 \& -6.8 \& 16, 922 \& 17,664 \& \\
\hline Manufacturing establishments....number.- \& 365 \& \& 408 \& 442 \& 360 \& \({ }_{411}\) \& 1, 26 \& +5.2 \& -0.7 \& 4,372 \& 4,158 \& \(\underline{-4.9}\) \\
\hline Trade establishments \(\qquad\) number.- \& 1,069 \& 1,015 \& 1,111 \& 1,140 \& 883 \& 1, 186 \& 1,193 \& +9.5 \& -6.3 \& 11, 606 \& 12,708 \& +9.5 \\
\hline Agents and brokers....--.-------number-- \& 79 \& 62 \& \& 84 \& 63 \& 99 \& 99 \& 0.0 \& -37.4 \& 814 \& 798 \& \(-2.0\) \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Dividend and Interest Payments \\
(For the following month)
\end{tabular} \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Grand total \(\qquad\) thous. of dolls. \& 318, 775 \& 427, 220 \& 309,395 \& 322, 323 \& 402, 250 \& 288, 300 \& 301, 150 \& -27.6 \& +7.3 \& 3, 539,440 \& 3, 751, 455 \& +6.0 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Dividend payments: \\
Total \(\qquad\) thous. of dolls
\end{tabular} \& 67, 525 \& 102,920 \& 73, 595 \& 74, 970 \& 97, 350 \& 67, 300 \& 71,150 \& -28.5 \& +9.4 \& 941,539 \& 991,535 \& +5.3 \\
\hline  \& 44,900
17,250 \& \& 32,350
33,950 \& 54,575
15,180 \& 63,500
24,450 \& 29,500
32,200 \& 52,400
14,350 \& -51.3
+31.1 \& +9.7
+5.4 \& 513,
286,

245 \& | 531, |
| :--- |
| 30120 |
| 835 | \& +4.3

+5.3 <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Street railways.} \& 5,375 \& 10,650 \& 7,295 \& - ${ }_{5} \mathbf{5}, 215$ \& 24,400 \& 6,100 \& 14,
4,400 \& ${ }_{-31.5}^{+31.1}$ \& +5.4
+19.6 \& 286,845
78,690 \& 301,
88,135 \& +5.3
+12.0 <br>
\hline \& ${ }^{1} 6.55$ \& ${ }^{2} 6.95$ \& \& \& ${ }^{3} 5.55$ \& \& \& +6.1 \& +25. 2 \& \& \& <br>
\hline New Security Issues \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Total corporation (Commercial and Financial Chronicle): \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Purpose of issue-
New capital...........thous. of dolls. \& 211,750 \& 294, 309 \& 300, 994 \& \& 273, 367 \& 361,898 \& \& +2.3 \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Refunding..............thous. of dolls.-
Kind of issue-} \& 29, 237 \& 16,379 \& 70,310 \& \& -39,059 \& 361,888

56 \& 285, 8,112 \& + +329.3 \& - +24.3 \& $$
\begin{array}{r}
2,773,047 \\
448,986
\end{array}
$$ \& $3,285,257$

583,252 \& +18.5
+29.9 <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& 78,257 \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline Stocks.-.-..-.-.-...-.-.thous. of dolls.- \& 176,617 \& 236, 053 \& 250, 373 \& \& 262, 234 \& 340, 190 \& 186, 888 \& +6.1 \& -26.4 \& $$
2,501,413
$$ \& \[

2,869,396

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
+38.6 \\
+14.7
\end{array}
$$
\] <br>

\hline | Total corporation (Jounral of Commerce) |
| :--- |
| thous. of dalls | \& 191, 121 \& 234, 096 \& 278, 096 \& 251, 381 \& 279, 627 \& 384, 032 \& 197, 464 \& +18.8 \& -27.6 \& 2, 711,668 \& 3,016,653 \& +11.2 <br>

\hline Permanent loans......-.....thous. of dolls..- \& 86, 471 \& 121,458 \& 86,124 \& 65, 115 \& 92,561 \& 96, 076 \& 73,600 \& -29.1 \& -10.4 \& 1, 252, 845 \& \& $-6.7$ <br>
\hline New incorporations...............thous. of dous. of dolls .... \& 46,040
972,735 \& 76,
572,751 \& $\begin{array}{r}\text { 93, } \\ 585 \\ \hline 842\end{array}$ \&  \& 129,037
478,680 \& 123,375
543,490 \& 36,983
574,096 \& +22.8
+2.2 \& -26.0
+7.7 \& $1,211,127$
$5,845,770$ \& $1,684,503$
$7,719,061$ \& -15.6
+320 <br>
\hline Agricultural Finance \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 5,8 , \& \& <br>
\hline Loans outstanding:
Federal farmloan banks ._thous of dolls \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Federal farm loan banks..--thous. of dolls.-. \& 985, 160 \& 989, 960 \& 995, 207 \& \& 905, 536 \& 912,568 \& 919, 188 \& +0.5 \& +9.1 \& \& \& <br>
\hline Foint stockland banks_-.-. thous. of dolls. \& 513,994 \& 519, 237 \& 526, 042 \& \& 430, 066 \& 435, 829 \& 440,046 \& +1.3 \& +20.7 \& \& \& <br>

\hline War finance corporation.-.-.-.thous. of dous. of dolls..-- \& $$
\begin{gathered}
57,866 \\
26,741
\end{gathered}
$$ \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 64,318 \\
& 24,688
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 73,097 \\
& 22,275
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& 19,843 \& \[

$$
\begin{gathered}
52,279 \\
58,069
\end{gathered}
$$
\] \& 60,809

60,672 \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& 64,300 \\
& \mathbf{4 5}, 648
\end{aligned}
$$ \& +13.6

-9.8 \& +20.2
-63.3 \& \& \& <br>
\hline ${ }^{1}$ Quarter $\quad \mathrm{g}$ June 30, 1925. \& \& \& \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{${ }^{2}$ Quarter ending Sept. 30, 1925.} \& \& \multicolumn{4}{|r|}{${ }^{3}$ Quarter ending Sept. 30, 1924.} \& \& <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

TREND OF BUSINESS MOVEMENTS-Continued


## TREND OF BUSINESS MOVEMENTS-Continued

| Where available November data have been | 1925 |  |  |  | 1924 |  |  | PER CENT INCREASE (+) OR DECREASE (-) |  | cumulative total <br> FROM JANUARY 1 THROUGH OCTOBER 31 |  | Per cent increase (+) or decrease 1925 from 1924 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| howevevr, only through October and, where designated by a footnote, through September. Detailed data for items shown here may be found on pages 29 to 151 of the August, 1925, "Survey" | August | $\underset{\text { ber }}{\text { Septem- }}$ | October | November | September | October | Novem- ber | October, 1925, from Sep-tember, 1925 | October, 1925, from October, 1924 | 1924 | 1925 |  |
| U. S. FOREIGN TRADE-Continued Imports-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| By grand divisions-Continued. <br> South America- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 41,932 5 | 44,321 5,603 | 38,789 4,003 |  | 30,632 5,442 | 42,103 4,700 | 41,925 4,582 | -12.5 -28.6 | -7.9 | $\begin{array}{r} 380,022 \\ 64,422 \end{array}$ | 427,517 66,309 | $\begin{array}{r} +125 \\ +2 . \end{array}$ |
| Asia and Oceania- <br> Total thous. of dolls. | 119,732 | 123, 239 | 133,989 |  | 80,667 | 82,920 | 80,959 | +8.7 | +61.6 | 801,309 |  |  |
|  | 35,727 | 47, 970 | 39,079 |  | 35,601 | 29,308 | 28,347 | $-18.5$ | +33.3 | 272,072 | 1, 307,722 | +39.9 +13.1 |
| Africa, total....-.-...........- thous. of dolls.- | 6,567 | 5,526 | 3, 506 |  | 3,043 | 4,128 | 4,156 | -36.6 | $-15.1$ | 57,008 | 74,335 | + |
| By class of commodities: <br> Crude materials. $\qquad$ thous. of dolls.. <br> Foodstuffs, crude and food | 140, 524 | 142, 198 | 151, 144 |  | 96, 242 | 100,726 | 112, 843 | +6.3 | +50.1 | 998,619 | 1,379, 573 | +38.1 |
| Foodstufts, crude, and lood <br> animals. $\qquad$ thous. of dolls. | 36, 702 | 45, 247 | 44, 278 |  | 29,152 | 42,462 | 38,074 | -2.1 | +4.3 | 346,744 | 400, 216 | +15.4 |
| Manufactured foodstuffs. .- thous, of dolls | 29,786 | 33,110 | 33, 192 |  | 38,243 | 38,414 | 29,091 | +0.2 | -13.6 | 464,770 | 375, 324 | -19.2 |
| Semimanufactures.----.-.thous. of dolls ${ }_{\text {- }}$ | 65, 302 | 58, 021 | 65, 713 |  | 52,384 | 56,651 | 52,931 | +13.3 | +16.0 | 533,710 | 625,606 | +17.2 |
| Finished manufactures...-.thous. of dolls.- | 65,664 2,506 | 65,370 6,059 | 77, 224 |  | 66,456 4,667 | 68,979 $\mathbf{2}, 320$ | 61,463 | +18.1 | +12.0 | 618,749 | 651,759 | +5.3. |
| Miscellaneous...-.-.--.-.--thous. of dolls.- | 506 | 6,059 | 2,553 |  | 4,667 | 2,320 | 1,948 | $-57.9$ | +10.0 | 18,031 | 21, 128 | +17.2 |
| Exports |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand total, including re- <br> exports.. thous. of dolls.. | 379, 877 | 420,318 | 400, 610 | 448, 000 | 427,460 | 527,172 | 493, 573 | +16.7 | -6.9 | 3,651, 663 | 3,993,857 | +9.4 |
| By grand divisions: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total...........-.-.-.--thous. of dolls.-- | 180, 873 | 228,379 | 282, 702 |  | 235, 729 | 290,615 | 305, 551 | +23.8 | -2.7 | 1, 865,593 | 2,118, 749 | +13.6. |
| France.........-........-thous, of dolls.-- | 18,212 | 20, 545 | 34, 051 |  | 28, 217 | 26,787 | 36,765 | +65. 7 | +27.1 | 217,037 | 222, 572 | +2.6 |
| Germany ................thous, of dolls.- | 34, 114 | 52, 117 | 56, 481 |  | 44, 381 | 49,655 | 38,441 | +8.4 | +13.7 | 331, 433 | 395, 158 | +19.2 |
| Italy.-...-.-...........thous. of dolls -- | 11,601 | 12,793 | 17,392 |  | 12,793 | 21,955 | 22,883 | +35.9 | -20.8 | 140,369 | 170,905 | +21.8 |
| United Kingdom........thous. of dolls-- | 63,099 | 90, 334 | 121, 394 |  | 96,663 | 125,432 | 125, 835 | +34.4 | -3.2 | 740,315 | 810,432 | +9.5 |
| North AmericaTotal. thous. of dolls- | 101, 375 | 102,819 | 96,491 |  | 122,150 | 133,314 | 93,105 | -6.2 | -27.6 | 919,684 | 951,038 | +3.4 |
|  | 60,781 | 63, 338 | 55, 798 |  | 70,455 | 86,270 | 53,110 | -11.9 | $-35.3$ | 531, 933 | 546,041 | +3.4 +2.7 |
| South America- ${ }_{\text {Total }}$ | 38,125 | 29,006 | 31, 135 |  | 24, 224 | 32,820 | 26, 094 | +7.3 | -5.1 | 258,319 | 324, 083 |  |
| Argentina--...-.-.-.-.-.-- | 14,390 | 9, 661 | 12, 144 |  | 9,628 | 12,764 | 10, 013 | +25.7 | -4.9 | 96, 283 | 118, 658 | +23.2 |
| Asia and Oceania- |  | 53, 107 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 13, 238 | 18,012 | 33, 3170 |  | 15,765 | -28,928 | 63,159 31,559 | +38.3 +84.2 | +14.4 +14.7 | 549,586 192,307 | 529, 171,045 | $-3.7$ |
| Africa, total...-------------- thous. of dolls.- | 8,701 | 7,008 | 6,861 |  | 5,952 | 6,232 | 4,787 | +-2.1 | +10.1 | 198,480 | 70,627 | - +2.8 |
| Total, domestic exports only .-thous. of dolls.- | 372, 467 | 412, 698 | 482, 921 |  | 419, 064 | 518, 265 | 486, 483 | +17.0 | -6.8 | 3,572,610 | 3,919,981 | +9.7 |
| By classes of commodities: <br> Crude materials $\qquad$ thous. of dolls.- | 71,472 | 131, 579 | 209, 659 |  | 127,974 | 162, 432 | 196,385 | +59.3 | +29.1 | 961,634 | 1,088, 927 | +13.2 |
| Foodstuffs, crude, and food <br> animals. thous. of dolls.. | 28,564 | 34,179 |  |  |  |  |  | -43.5 |  |  | 276, 769 |  |
| Manufactured foodstuffe-.-thous. of dolls.- | 47,514 | 52,659 | 51, 474 |  | 48, 834 | 58, 711 | 54, 800 | $-2.3$ | $-12.3$ | 464, 744 | 474, 561 | - +2.8 |
| Semimanufactures .-.-.-.- thous. of dolls.- | 52, 149 | 50, 058 | 50,751 |  | 49,556 | 53, 428 | 50, 872 | +1.4 | -5.0 | 505, 971 | 555, 776 | +9.8 |
| Finished manufactures....- thous. of dolls -- | 172, 406 | 143, 470 | 151, 070 |  | 126, 198 | 141, 107 | 124, 939 | +5.3 | +7.1 | 1,341, 138 | 1,517,855 | +13.2 |
| Miscellaneous...-.-.-.-.-.thous of dolls.- | 362 | 753 | 655 |  | 438 | 767 | 888 | -13.0 | -14.6 | 4,992 | 6,093 | +22.1 |
| Agricultural exports (quantities): <br> All commodities. index numbers.- | 82 | 128 | 168 |  | 158 | 204 | 194 | +31.3 | -17.6 |  |  |  |
| All commodities except cotton $\qquad$ index numbers.- | 137 | 158 | 129 |  | 229 | 298 | 209 | -18.4 | $-56.7$ |  |  |  |
| CANADIAN TRADE AND INDUSTRY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total trade: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Imports...-.......-.-.-.-.-.-. thous, of dolls.- | 82,074 112,414 | 78,663 109,574 | 80,800 144,520 |  | 63,901 82,456 | 68,184 104,316 | 66,250 119,876 | +2.7 +31.9 | +18.5 +38.5 | 680,969 825,274 | $\begin{aligned} & 738,065 \\ & 965,342 \end{aligned}$ | +8.4 +17.0 |
|  | 112, 414 | 109, 574 | 144, 520 |  | 82, 456 | 104, 316 | 119,876 | +31.9 | +38.5 | 825, 274 | $965,342$ | +17.0 |
| Canned salmon..........-thous. of pounds.- | 6,495 | 10,206 | 10,398 |  | 10,415 | 12,497 | 10,778 | +1.9 | -16.8 | 54,753 | 55,768 | +1.9 |
|  | 23, 508 | 22,646 | 25,748 |  | 20, 395 | 25,793 | 17, 050 | +13.7 | -0.2 | 95, 031 | 120, 814 | +27.1 |
| Production: <br> Pig iron thous. of long tons.- | 27 | 35 | 74 |  | 23 | 29 | 23 | +111.4 | +155. 2 | 548 | 448 | +18.2 |
|  | 25 | 37 | 109 |  | 18 | 20 | 23 | +194.6 | +445.0 | 600 | 616 | +18.2 +2.7 |
| Bank clearings..-.-.-.................-mills. of dolls.- | 1,195 | 1,278 | 1,647 | 1,613 | 1,314 | 1,715 | 1, 593 | +28.9 | -4.0 | 13, 157 | 12,682 | -3.6 |
| Business failures: <br> Liabilities thous. of dolls |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Liabilit:es $\qquad$ thous. of dolls. <br> Firms thous. of dolls.. | 949 110 | 1,600 142 | 3, $\begin{array}{r}183 \\ \hline 18\end{array}$ | 2,357 167 | 1,779 158 | 2, 460 | 2, 524 | +120.7 +28.9 | +43.5 -2.1 | 33,144 1,873 | 28,997 1,722 | -12.5 -8.1 |
| Bond issues: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,722 | -8.1 |
| Govt and provincial......-thous. of dolls.-- | None | 155, 100 | 150 |  | 178,902 | 1,000 | 3,720 |  | -85.0 | 299, 413 | 242, 692 | -18.9 |
| Mun cipal...-...-.-------- thous. of dolls.- | 1,534 | 2,496 | 3,385 |  | 6,880 | 1, 271 | 14, 571 | $+35.6$ | $+166.3$ | 70, 283 | 40, 212 | -42.8 |
|  | None | 7,550 | 8,328 |  | 28,265 | 3,325 | 10, 170 | +10.3 | $+150.5$ | 137,981 | 131, 295 | -4.8 |
| Newsprint paper: <br> Production. short tons. | 120,656 | 124, 704 | 137, 506 |  | 108, 100 | 113, 156 | 111, 703 | +10.3 | +21.5 | 1,128, 949 | 1, 250,974 | +10.8 |
| Shipments..-.-.-.-.----------- - - | 120, 272 | 124, 689 | 139,982 |  | 106, 882 | 112,324 | 112, 636 | +12.3 | +24.6 | 1, 120, 403 | 1, 250, 748 | +11.6. |
| Stocks.........---.-.-.-..........-short tons.- | 23, 564 | 22, 864 | 20, 328 |  | 21, 547 | 22,304 | 21, 371 | -11.1 | -8.9 |  |  |  |
| Exports (total printing) ......... short tons.. | 116, 232 | 116, 278 | 124, 529 |  | 101,843 | 99,812 | 96, 981 | +7.1 | +24.8 | 1,006, 559 | 1, 142, 029 | +13.5 |
| Building contracts awarded....thous. of dolls.- | 31, 207 | 29, 746 | 29, 647 | 46,973 | 22,506 | 21, 067 | 24,614 | $-0.3$ | +40.7 | 222, 777 | 238,323 | +7.0 |

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[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Wholesale and retail prices from Department of Labor averaged for the month; farm prices from Department of Agriculture.
    ${ }^{2}$ Based on the total computed production reported by 8 associations. Includes southern pine, Douglas fir, western pine, North Oarolins pine, and California white pine. The total production of these associations in 1919 was equal to $11,401,000,000$ board feet, compared with a total lumber production for the country of $34,552,000,000$ board feet reported by the census.

[^1]:    ${ }^{1}$ Average of weekly prices compiled by $U . S$. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

[^2]:    ${ }^{1}$ Compiled by the Plywood Manufacturers' Association from reports of 20 members (only 18 members in A pril), of which 2 or 3 report on shipments only. These data represent the business of building up veneers into plywood of from 3 to 8 thicknesses.

[^3]:    Bince Jan. 1, 1921

