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At its meeting on June 30-July 1, 1982, the Committee reviewed its ranges for growth of the monetary and credit aggregates for the period from the fourth quarter of 1981 to the fourth quarter of 1982 and gave preliminary consideration to objectives for monetary growth that might be appropriate for 1983. The Committee concluded its discussion and reached a decision on longer-run ranges during a telephone conference on July 15, 1982. The Committee reaffirmed the following ranges for growth of the monetary aggregates over the year from the fourth quarter of 1981 to the fourth quarter of 1982 that it had adopted in early February: for M1, $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $5\frac{1}{2}$ percent; for M2, 6 to 9 percent; and for M3, 6½ to 9½ percent. The associated range for bank credit was 6 to 9 percent. At the same time, the Committee agreed that growth in the monetary and credit aggregates around the top of the indicated ranges would be acceptable in the light of the relatively low base period for the M1 target and other factors, and that it would tolerate for some period of time growth somewhat above the target range should unusual precautionary demands for money and liquidity be evident in the light of current economic uncertainties. The Committee indicated that for 1983 it was tentatively planning to continue the current ranges for 1982, but would review that decision carefully in the light of developments over the remainder of 1982.

At the meeting on June 30-July 1, the Committee agreed to seek behavior of reserve aggregates associated with growth of M1 and M2 from June to September at annual rates of about 5 percent and about 9 percent respectively. It decided that somewhat more rapid growth would be acceptable depending on evidence that economic and financial uncertainties were leading to exceptional liquidity demands. It was also noted that seasonal uncertainties, together with increased social security payments and the initial impact of the tax cut on cash

balances, might lead to a temporary bulge in the monetary aggregates, particularly M1. The intermeeting range for the federal funds rate, which provides a mechanism for initiating further consultation of the Committee, was continued at 10 to 15 percent.

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Applying the Theory of Probable Future Competition

This article was prepared by Anthony S. Winer, of the Board's Legal Division. Footnotes appear at the end of the article.

The theory of probable future competition is one of the few analytic tools with which to examine the competitive effects of mergers and acquisitions involving firms not competing in the same market. If patterns of bank expansion continue to evolve along their present course, the frequency of such mergers and acquisitions, often called market-extension mergers, may well increase. The degree to which the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System directly influences changes in the structure of banking in the coming years may therefore depend in part on the manner in which it applies this theory.

Recent developments have had a substantial effect on the Board's application of the theory of probable future competition. In the early months of 1981, a federal appellate court rejected the Board's method of employing the theory with respect to applications submitted by two bank holding companies. In light of the appellate court actions, the Board reversed its original determinations and approved both applications early this year. Shortly thereafter, the Board determined that a public statement of the ways in which it will apply the theory would be helpful. Accordingly, the Board issued for public comment a proposed policy statement containing guidelines that would define the range of applications that would be rigorously scrutinized under the theory. On June 14, 1982, the Department of Justice released its own long-awaited new Merger Guidelines, which contained a section addressing the theory of probable future competition that varied substantially from the Board's proposal. Against this background the Board is expected to issue the final version of its own guidelines in the fall of 1982.

The various positions expressed in past months by the federal court, the Board, public commentors, and the Department of Justice differ not so much on the substance of the theory as on methods of applying it. This article reviews the recent developments in the application of the theory of probable future competition and describes the positions of the parties involved in those developments. The discussion begins with a brief description of the theory and related background.

TWO THEORIES OF COMPETITION

The Bank Merger Act and the Bank Holding Company Act require the Board to consider the impact of certain banking mergers, acquisitions, consolidations, assumptions of liabilities, and acquisitions of assets (collectively, "mergers") on competition in the banking industry. In particular, the statutes generally prohibit the Board from approving a merger whose effect may be substantially to lessen competition in any section of the country. In analyzing merger proposals, the Board relies chiefly on two distinct theories of competition: the theory of existing competition and the theory of probable future competition.

Existing Competition

The theory of existing competition applies only to mergers involving firms in the same market. The theory focuses on the concentration of the market in which the firms compete and the market shares held by the combining firms. A merger that produces a firm controlling an undue percentage share of the market and results in a significant increase in market concentration

should in most cases be prohibited because it would eliminate substantial "existing" competition between the two firms.² Although the validity of the theory has been accepted by the federal courts, its applicability is limited to cases of combinations of firms operating in the same market. When the Board must assess the competitive impact of a merger involving firms in different markets—a market-extension merger—it often employs the theory of probable future competition.

Probable Future Competition

Although the theory of probable future competition provides a framework for analyzing some market-extension mergers, it is not applicable to all such mergers. The theory applies only when the firm to be acquired competes in an oligopolistic market—that is, a market in which a small group of firms possesses the power to determine price. If a firm outside the market acquires one of the oligopolistic firms, according to the theory, the acquiring firm will take the acquiree's place in the oligopoly structure and the market will continue to experience oligopoly pricing. If the merger is prevented, the outside firm will in some cases enter the market through a toehold acquisition or by establishing a new—often called a de novo-office. The theory concludes that the toehold or de novo entrant might then actively compete with the oligopolistic firms and thereby help to improve the market's performance.

Consummation of the merger would eliminate this opportunity for improvement and could also solidify the anticompetitive structure of the market. To the extent that the merger would lessen the "probability" that the outside firm would provide "competition" in the "future," the theory of probable future competition would support prohibition of the merger.

The theory of probable future competition can be distinguished from the theory of existing competition in two important respects. First, the Supreme Court has never explicitly approved the theory of probable future competition. Indeed, on two occasions, the Court discussed the theory's validity under the antitrust laws but declined to resolve the issue.³ Second, the theory

of probable future competition applies only in markets that are oligopolistic before the merger, while the theory of existing competition can apply to cases involving any type of market, whether oligopolistic or competitive.

THE TEXAS CASES

The way the Board applies the theory of probable future competition recently emerged as an issue in judicial consideration of two bank holding company mergers in Texas. In April 1980, the Board denied the application of Mercantile Texas Corporation, Dallas, Texas, to acquire by merger Pan National Group, Inc., El Paso, Texas; and in August of the same year, it denied the application of Republic of Texas Corporation, Dallas, Texas, to acquire the Citizens National Bank of Waco, Waco, Texas. The Board based its denials largely on the ground that the mergers would substantially lessen competition under the theory of probable future competition.

Mercantile and Republic each petitioned the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Fifth Circuit for review of the Board's denials. In both cases, the court vacated the Board's order and remanded the application for further consideration by the Board and further findings of fact.⁵ The court declared that, to deny a merger application on the basis of the theory of probable future competition, the Board must make four findings of fact, and that with the Order denying each application the Board had not sustained this burden.

Required Findings

With respect to their delineation of issues associated with the theory of probable future competition, the court's opinions in the Texas cases were substantially identical. Each opinion specified the same four criteria the Board would have to satisfy to deny an application on the basis of the theory.

First, the court required the Board to show that the market of the firm to be acquired was concentrated. A finding that a market is concentrated frequently serves as a proxy for a determination that the market is oligopolistic, which is

difficult to prove directly. The Board has usually measured concentration in a market by calculating the total percentage of the market's deposits held by the four organizations in the market that hold the four largest shares of deposits. This measure is called the four-firm concentration ratio.

In its orders denying the Texas applications, the Board noted that the four-firm concentration ratios were 86.1 and 73.8 percent for the two markets in the Mercantile proposal and 72.4 percent for the market in the Republic proposal. The Board concluded that each of the markets was concentrated. The court indicated that the Board's use of the four-firm concentration ratios had satisfied its first evidentiary requirement.

The court's second criterion required the Board to determine whether the pool of potential entrants into the market was so large as to "vitiate" the importance of the acquiring firm as a potential competitor.7 The statutes direct the Board to deny any application that may substantially lessen competition. The court believed that a lessening of competition would be substantial under the theory only if there were a small number of other potential entrants.

In both cases, the court viewed the Board's findings on this point as insufficient. In the Mercantile opinion, the court said that there were likely to be other potential competitors in Texas and that a significant number of large Texas bank holding companies remained as possible entrants. In the same opinion, however, it left "to the Board's expertise the task of developing standards for determining the number and importance of the other potential competitors."8

Third, the court's opinions directed the Board to develop a "persuasive rationale" that, upon denial of a merger or acquisition, an institution would prefer the opportunity to enter the market independently—either de novo or through a toehold acquisition—to some other investment.9 This requirement reflects the assumption, imposed by the theory, that if the proposed merger is prevented, the outside firm will enter the market independently. In its original order the Board determined that Mercantile possessed the financial and managerial resources for de novo or toehold entry and that the evidence suggested

that such entry could occur. The Board stated similar findings in the Republic order, but the court viewed both sets of findings as insufficient. The court suggested an alternative analysis that involves comparing the expected profitability of independent entry with that of other investment opportunities, to determine whether the former is great enough to draw the applicant into the market de novo or by a toehold acquisition.

Finally, if the Board is to deny an application, the court required it to find that independent entry will be substantially likely to bring about deconcentration of the market or other significant procompetitive effects. While allowing the Board appreciable latitude in defining such effects, the court suggested that the Board could satisfy this requirement only if it determined at what point in time the outside firm would be likely to enter the market, and if it found that consummation of the proposed merger at that point would result in illegal anticompetitive effects. The Board could not, for example, deny a firm entry through acquisition or merger on the grounds that sometime in the remote future the firm would enter the market in such a way as to promote competition there.

Reconsideration of the Applications

In July 1981, the court remanded the two Texas applications to the Board for additional findings of fact. To obtain the type of evidence that could support the findings delineated by the court's opinion, the Board requested additional information from the holding companies involved.

The Board's requests for information were broadly drawn, and the materials submitted in response were voluminous. Republic submitted about 1,200 pages, and Mercantile's submission numbered more than 1,500 pages. The submissions consisted of, among other things, minutes of executive committee and board of directors meetings, internal staff memoranda and letters, financial statements, letters among financial institutions, feasibility studies and research reports, various types of market information, published articles and periodical information taken from other sources, operating and administrative circulars and telegrams, and advocacy materials

prepared especially for the Board's review in the context of the submissions.

After thorough consideration, a majority of the Board concluded that the evidence submitted could not justify denial under the evidentiary standards established by the court, and so the Board—with some dissent—approved both applications. ¹⁰ In each case, however, the majority reserved judgment on the appropriateness of applying the court's analysis in all circumstances.

THE BOARD'S PROPOSED GUIDELINES

During reconsideration of the Republic and Mercantile cases, it became apparent that the requirements for information under the theory of probable future competition could become extremely burdensome for applicants. Accordingly, the Board proposed for public comment guidelines designed to determine whether a case should be subject to intensive examination from the standpoint of the theory.¹¹

The guidelines consisted of four criteria, each responsive to one of the requirements that the appellate court had imposed. For a proposal to warrant intensive examination under the guidelines, it would usually have to fit the descriptions in all four of the proposed criteria. However, the guidelines were not rigid: the Board reserved the right to require intensive examination of some cases that did not fall fully within the guidelines, and to excuse from such examination some applications that did. Moreover, the guidelines spoke merely to procedure—to ways of deciding whether a case would be subject to intensive examination—and not directly to the disposition of the case.

The first of the four criteria required that the firm to be acquired be located in a highly concentrated market, defined as one for which the three-firm concentration ratio was at least 75 percent. The proposed criterion contained a footnote indicating that the Board would take into account, on a case-by-case basis, the competitive effects exerted by thrift institutions and other near-banks on market concentration.

Second, the Board set at six the number of probable future entrants, apart from the appli-

cant, that would determine whether the pool of applicants was large enough to "vitiate" the importance of the applicant as a potential competitor. The Board acknowledged that no single number could be a true indicator in all circumstances, and that it intended six as a general guideline. This criterion also defined a probable future entrant as any commercial banking organization not already in the market that either was one of the state's four largest or was a lower-ranking organization with assets of \$1 billion or more (or \$500 million or more if the state had no lower-ranking organization with at least \$1 billion in assets).

The third criterion presented difficult issues because it addressed the subjective question of the intent of an applicant to enter the market independently. Because that intent is difficult to measure objectively, the Board determined to use the attractiveness of the market involved as a proxy for the likelihood that the applicant would enter independently. Accordingly, the third criterion required that the firm to be acquired be in a standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA) and be in a market that had more than \$250 million in deposits and had a rate of growth of deposits in the two most recent years at least matching that for its state or the country as a whole.

Finally, the Board required that the firm to be acquired be a "market leader," defined as any firm that ranks among the top three firms in a market, in terms of deposit holdings, and accounts for 10 percent or more of the market's deposits. This criterion addressed the court's requirement of a finding that alternative entry by an applicant would likely result in deconcentration or have other significant procompetitive effects.

The Board decided that a finding that the firm to be acquired is a market leader could serve as a proxy for a finding of likely procompetitive effects for two reasons. First, the preservation as an independent organization of a leading firm would likely have a significant procompetitive effect, particularly for concentrated markets that satisfied the other criteria. Second, given that the acquiring firm intended to enter the market, this criterion would encourage it to seek entry through toehold acquisitions, or at least to enter

on a smaller scale. The point again was to encourage competition by preserving strong competitors.

Public Reaction to the Proposal

The Board received thirty-three responses to its request for comment on its proposed guidelines, the most detailed of which was submitted by the Department of Justice. Sixteen commentors supported the concept of objective guidelines, noting such beneficial effects as the reduction of uncertainty on the part of prospective applicants concerning permissible mergers and acquisitions, and increases in efficiency and reductions in cost in the processing of applications. No commentors disapproved of the guidelines concept.

Most pervasive among the comments was the argument that the Board should increase the extent to which thrift institutions and nonbank organizations offering banking services are considered banks. Commentors made this point with regard not only to the market-concentration criterion, but also to the probable-future-entrants criterion and the market-attractiveness criterion. The Department of Justice supported the approach the Board adopted in its proposal: the inclusion of thrift institutions and other organizations as warranted on a case-by-case basis.

Several comments regarding the market-concentration criterion asserted that the three-firm concentration ratio of 75 percent was too high, or that the Board should adopt the Herfindahl-Hirschman Index (HHI) as a measure of concentration. 12 The Department of Justice, for example, advocated the use of the HHI as "a more sensitive barometer" of market structure than concentration ratios, and considered the Board's 75 percent three-firm concentration ratio to be "inexplicably" high.

Many commentors expressed dissatisfaction with the Board's use of the number six to define the pool of potential entrants that would trigger intensive examination. Some preferred a number between one and three, claiming that a larger number was unrealistic, or not required under the theory of probable future competition. Others maintained that the choice of any single

number would be unsatisfactory, given the wide differences in banking markets throughout the country. The Department of Justice suggested that the Board consider lowering the threshold level when the Board became able accurately to predict the likelihood of alternative entry.

Two aspects of the market-attractiveness criterion were most frequently criticized. First, many commentors criticized the requirement that the market be in an SMSA, asserting that non-SMSA markets can be highly concentrated and that the opportunity for oligopoly behavior is greater in smaller markets. Second, several commentors criticized the use of a countrywide growth rate in judging deposit growth in the subject market. The usual ground for objection was that because banking organizations are generally prevented from expanding beyond state boundaries, a comparison with national growth rates would not illuminate the issue of alternative possibilities for acquisitions.

The Department of Justice expressed both these views and also advocated elimination of the market-attractiveness criterion. It maintained that the court's requirement in this area might be so stringent as to make it questionable whether the court's version of the doctrine could be invoked successfully in actual litigation. The department stated that, for the purposes of guidelines, the applicant's attempt to enter the market through merger or acquisition seemed sufficient indication that the applicant found the market attractive.

The department also requested the Board to refrain from adopting a final version of its guidelines until the department's own new merger guidelines were issued, on the ground that those guidelines would establish an analytical approach that the Board should have an opportunity to consider before taking its final action.

Department of Justice Merger Guidelines

On June 14, 1982, the Department of Justice released its new Merger Guidelines. ¹³ The guidelines addressed a broad range of issues, including definition of product and geographic markets, measurement of concentration, ease of entry, and defenses. In one section, the department

addressed the theory of probable future competition and established a list of four "objective factors" designed to identify mergers that the department would be likely to challenge. The guidelines indicate that the department will consider any "specific evidence" presented by parties proposing to merge showing that the inference of competitive harm drawn from the objective factors is unreliable. Although the structures are similar, the department's guidelines differ from the Board's proposed guidelines in several respects.

The department's first criterion sets an HHI of 1,800 as the threshold concentration level. The department adds that, other things being equal, a challenge is increasingly likely as this threshold is exceeded. The Board's proposal measured market concentration through a three-firm concentration ratio, rather than the HHI.

The department's second criterion addresses the question of whether new entry into the acquired firm's market can be accomplished by firms without any specific entry advantage. The department's new guidelines define ease of entry in a relatively complicated manner, involving the extent to which hypothetical increases in price would encourage outside firms to enter. The Board's proposed guidelines did not explicitly address ease of entry and contained no hypothetical test of this kind.

According to the third criterion, the department is unlikely to challenge a market-extension merger if three or more other firms have the entry advantage ascribed to the acquiring firm. As a general matter, the department will be increasingly likely to challenge a merger as the number of other similarly situated firms de-

creases below three and as the extent of the entry advantage increases.

The final factor the department will consider is the market share of the acquired firm. Under the guidelines, the department is unlikely to challenge a market-extension merger when the acquired firm has a market share of 5 percent or less; is increasingly likely to challenge as the share increases; and is likely to challenge any merger satisfying the other factors in which the acquired firm's market share is 20 percent or more. The Board's fourth criterion is roughly similar, but uses a 10 percent threshold and requires that the firm to be acquired hold one of the three largest shares in the market.

CONCLUSION

The Board's determination of the final form of its market-extension guidelines will greatly affect the Board's application of the theory of probable future competition. The determination may thereby significantly influence the future structure of banking in the United States. In reaching this determination, the Board will consider criticisms and suggestions from various sources, including the Department of Justice, public commentors, and federal court decisions. The Board will therefore be balancing such considerations as the burden on banking organizations of compiling applications, the conformity of administrative practice with competitive theory, compliance with legal authority, and uniformity of enforcement practices—all within the context of fulfilling the Board's statutory responsibilities to preserve competition in banking.

FOOTNOTES

- 1. See 12 U.S.C. 1828(c)(5), 1842(c) respectively.
- 2. The Supreme Court stated a standard for existingcompetition analysis that uses the "significant increase" in concentration and the "undue percentage share" language in United States v. Philadelphia National Bank, 374 U.S. 321, 363 (1963).
- 3. See United States v. Marine Bancorporation, 418 U.S. 602, 639 (1974); United States v. Falstaff Brewing Corp., 410 U.S. 526, 537 (1973).
- 4. Mercantile Texas Corporation, FEDERAL RESERVE BUL-LETIN, vol. 66 (May 1980), p. 423; Republic of Texas Corporation, FEDERAL RESERVE BULLETIN, vol. 66 (September 1980), p. 787.
- 5. Mercantile Texas Corporation v. Board of Governors, 638 F.2d 1255 (5th Circuit, 1981); Republic of Texas Corporation v. Board of Governors, 649 F.2d 1026 (5th Circuit, 1981).
- 6. The courts appear to view evidence of high concentration ratios as establishing a prima facie case that market participants engage in anticompetitive behavior. See United States v. Marine Bancorporation, 418 U.S. 630-31. See also, for example, Mercantile Texas Corporation v. Board of Governors, 638 F.2d 1266-67, and Republic of Texas Corporation v. Board of Governors, 649 F.2d 1044-46.
 - 7. 638 F.2d 1268, 649 F.2d 1047.

- 8. 638 F.2d 1268.
- 9. 638 F.2d 1269, 649 F.2d 1047.
- 10. Mercantile Texas Corporation, FEDERAL RESERVE BULLETIN, vol. 68 (January 1982), p. 53, (March 1982), p. 191; Republic of Texas Corporation, Federal Reserve BULLETIN, vol. 68 (January 1982), p. 60 (March 1982), p. 195. Governor Teeters dissented from both decisions, and Governor Rice dissented from the approval of Mercantile's application. Governor Teeters stated in each case that the standards set by the court require evidence so subjective that the Board would have great difficulty in enforcing them, and that the facts of record, when viewed realistically, were sufficient to support denial of the applications (ibid., pp. 193, 196). Governor Rice shared some of Governor Teeters' concerns regarding Mercantile's application, but discerned distinctions between the two applications that in his view compelled approval of Republic's application (ibid., p. 193).
 - 11. Federal Register, vol. 47 (1982), p. 9017.
- 12. The Herfindahl-Hirschman Index of a particular market is equal to the sum of the squares of the market shares of all firms competing in the market.
 - 13. Federal Register, vol. 47 (1982), p. 38493.
 - 14. Ibid., p. 38499-500.

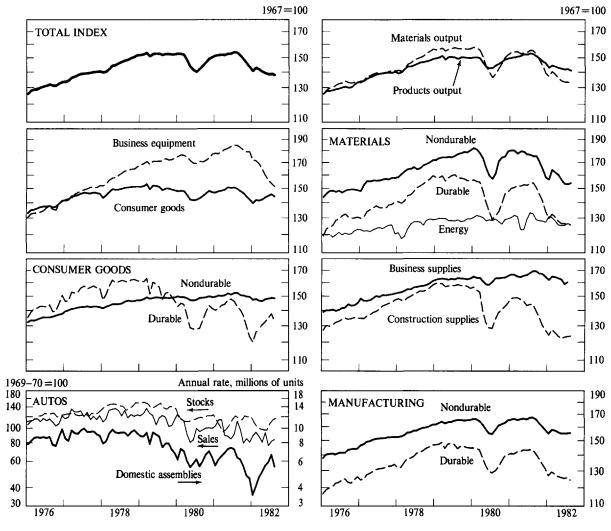
Industrial Production

Released for publication September 15

Industrial production declined an estimated 0.5 percent in August, reflecting continued cutbacks in production of business equipment and a sharp cut in output of motor vehicles. The decline in August followed an increase of 0.1 percent in July and a decline of 0.5 percent in June. The percentage changes in June and July estimated a

month earlier were each revised upward 0.2 percentage point. At 138.0 percent of the 1967 average, the index for August was down 10.3 percent from its recent high in July 1981 and at the lowest level since May 1977.

In market groupings, output of consumer goods declined 1.2 percent in August, following gains in each of the preceding three months that averaged 0.9 percent. In recent months, auto



All series are seasonally adjusted and are plotted on a ratio scale. Auto sales and stocks include imports. Latest figures: August.

	1967	= 100	Po	ercentage ch	ange from pr	eceding mon	th	Percentage
Grouping	19	1982		1982				change, Aug. 1981
	Julyp	Aug.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	to Aug. 1982
			1	Major marke	t groupings		*	•
Total industrial production	138.7	138.0	-1.1	7	5	.1	5	-10.2
Products, total Final products. Consumer goods. Durable. Nondurable Business equipment Defense and space. Intermediate products Construction supplies Materials	142.0 142.0 145.7 137.7 148.9 153.6 109.1 142.0 123.4 133.4	140.9 140.6 144.0 132.6 148.6 151.4 110.0 142.0 123.6 133.4	6 5 .4 2.0 1 -2.4 .2 -1.0 -1.6 -1.7	4 3 1.1 1.5 .9 -3.0 .5 8 -1.1	4 2 .7 2.0 .3 -2.2 .2 -1.1	.1 .8 1.8 .3 -1.8 1.1 .6 .3 2	8 -1.0 -1.2 -3.7 2 -1.4 .8 .0 .2	-7.7 -7.2 -3.7 -6.9 -2.6 -17.9 7.0 -9.4 -14.2 -14.0
			N	Major industi	ry groupings	,		
Manufacturing Durable Nondurable Mining Utilities	137.9 125.9 155.3 120.6 169.8	137.2 124.5 155.4 119.1 169.7	-1.0 -1.2 8 -2.9	6 5 7 -3.9 1	2 5 .0 -4.0 -1.1	.2 .3 .2 -2.6 .4	5 -1.1 .1 -1.2 1	-10.4 -13.2 -7.1 -18.4 -1.3

p Preliminary. e Estimated. Note. Indexes are seasonally adjusted.

production has exceeded sales, resulting in excess dealers' inventories; in August, auto assemblies were reduced more than 16 percent to an annual rate of 5.5 million units from a rate of 6.6 million units in July. Production of consumer goods other than autos declined slightly in August. Output of business equipment was reduced 1.4 percent further in August and has now declined 18 percent since its peak in July 1981; this decline compares with a reduction of 14.2 percent in the 1974–75 recession. Output of construction supplies edged up again in August, but remained more than 14 percent below a year earlier.

Production of materials was unchanged in August, following small declines in June and July. Production of parts for consumer durable goods and for equipment was reduced, as was output of energy materials; in contrast, production of non-durable materials rose.

In industry groupings, manufacturing output was reduced 0.5 percent in August, following an increase of 0.2 percent in July. Production of durables was reduced 1.1 percent, reflecting cutbacks in motor vehicles, machinery, and metals. Nondurable manufacturing was virtually unchanged in August, as was utility output. However, mining was again reduced sharply.

Announcements

CHANGES IN DISCOUNT RATE

The Federal Reserve Board approved a reduction in the basic discount rate from 11 percent to 10½ percent, effective August 16, 1982. As in other recent changes, the action was taken against the background of moderate growth in money, some indication of reduced credit demands at banks, and declines in market interest rates.

The Board acted on requests from the directors of the Federal Reserve Banks of Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Cleveland, Richmond, Atlanta, Chicago, St. Louis, Minneapolis, Kansas City, Dallas, and San Francisco.

The Federal Reserve Board later approved a reduction in the basic discount rate from 10½ percent to 10 percent, effective August 27, 1982. The action was taken to bring the discount rate into better alignment with short-term market interest rates.

The Board acted on requests from the directors of the Federal Reserve Banks of Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Richmond, Atlanta, Chicago, St. Louis, Minneapolis, Kansas City, Dallas, and San Francisco. Subsequently, the Board approved similar action by the directors of the Federal Reserve Bank of Cleveland, effective August 30, 1982.

The discount rate is the interest rate that applies to borrowings from the District Federal Reserve Banks.

REGULATION Y: AMENDMENT

The Federal Reserve Board has amended its Regulation Y (Bank Holding Companies and Change in Bank Control) and a related interpretation to clarify and expand the data processing activities permissible for bank holding companies, effective September 25, 1982.

The Board's action followed approval in July

of an application by Citicorp to engage in similar expanded data processing activities. The Board's order approving the Citicorp application and its amendment of Regulation Y reflect the Board's consideration of public comment, a public hearing, and the findings of the administrative law judge who conducted the hearings.

The Board's actions are set forth in an official notice and are related to previous provisions of Regulation Y, previous Board bank holding company actions, the amendment of Regulation Y as proposed for comment, and the law judge's determinations. Highlights are as follows:

- 1. For the internal operations of the bank holding company or the internal operations of its subsidiaries, services provided may include data processing and data transmission, including provision of data processing hardware, software, documentation, and operating personnel.
- 2. For others, a bank holding company may provide—when certain specified conditions are met—data processing and transmission services, facilities (defined to include hardware, software, documentation, and operating personnel), or data bases provided by any technologically feasible means, on condition that the data to be processed are financial, banking, or economic data.

In an accompanying interpretation, the Board specified that in providing packaged data processing and transmission facilities a bank holding company should provide facilities only for the performance of banking functions, such as check collection and the like, for depository or similar institutions, such as mortgage companies. The Board interpreted its regulation expanding permissible data processing services to include as incidental activities the provision of excess data processing capacity under specified restrictions, and the provision of by-products of permissible data processing and transmission activities when they are not designed or appreciably enhanced for marketing purposes.

REGULATION Q

Interpretation

The Federal Reserve Board on August 24, 1982, published an interpretation of its Regulation Q (Interest on Deposits) concerning arrangements a member bank may enter into in helping to provide a secondary market for negotiable time deposits issued by the bank.

Under the interpretation a member bank may do the following:

- 1. Act on behalf of a depositor to find a purchaser of the depositor's time deposit.
- 2. Enter into arrangements with an unaffiliated third party who stands ready to purchase negotiable time deposits issued by the bank. (Under such arrangements, payment of a fee or provision of interim financing at other than market terms by a member bank is prohibited.)
- 3. Not enter into a reciprocal arrangement with other depository institutions under which each institution stands ready to purchase time deposits issued by the others.

The Board believes the two types of transactions approved are not devices to avoid the interest penalty required for payment of a time deposit before maturity, while the third type of transaction would constitute such a device.

Amendments

The Board on September 2, 1982, issued notice of several amendments to its Regulation Q (Interest on Deposits).

One amendment permits member banks to issue all time deposits in book-entry form (computer recorded) as an alternative to using paper instruments.

The other amendments are technical changes in the regulation to conform it to recent actions concerning deposits by the Depository Institutions Deregulation Committee (DIDC).

MULTILATERAL FINANCING FOR MEXICO

As part of a multilateral financial transition program being arranged with Mexico, the U.S. Treasury Department and the Federal Reserve on August 30, 1982, announced their participation in an arrangement, in cooperation with the central banks of other Group of Ten countries, Spain, and Switzerland, under the aegis of the Bank for International Settlements, designed to provide short-term financing to the Banco de Mexico.1 Financing available under the multilateral arrangement totals \$1.85 billion, of which the Treasury will provide \$600 million and the Federal Reserve \$325 million through swap arrangements.

The multilateral financing is in support of Mexico's efforts to strengthen its economic and financial position. It provides for drawings by Mexico in line with progress toward agreement between the Mexican government and the International Monetary Fund on an economic adjustment program that will enable Mexico to qualify for drawings under the IMF's Extended Fund Facility.

The multilateral arrangement for short-term financing is part of an interrelated program of short-term and longer-term credits for Mexico. The total program involves not only the BIS and the IMF, but also Mexican discussions with international banks regarding Mexico's external debts.

This multilateral effort is designed to provide an orderly transition to an economic adjustment program that the Mexican government has announced it is developing.

EXEMPTIONS FROM TRUTH IN LENDING REQUIREMENTS

The Federal Reserve Board has granted exemptions, effective October 1, 1982, from certain parts of the federal Truth in Lending Act to the states of Maine and Connecticut. Exemptions were granted on the grounds that consumer credit protection legislation in these states met the standards of the act for exemptions. The Board also asked for public comment on requests for exemptions from the states of Massachusetts, Oklahoma, and Wyoming.

^{1.} The Group of Ten includes Belgium, Canada, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, the Netherlands, Sweden, the United Kingdom, and the United States.

CHANGES IN BOARD STAFF

The Federal Reserve Board has announced the following changes in its official staff, effective August 30, 1982.

George E. Livingston, Assistant Controller, has been named Controller.

David L. Robinson, Assistant Director, Division of Federal Reserve Bank Operations, has been promoted to Associate Director in the Division.

C. William Schleicher, Jr., Assistant Director, Division of Data Processing, has been made Associate Director, Division of Federal Reserve Bank Operations.

Anne M. DeBeer has been appointed Assistant Director, Division of Federal Reserve Bank Operations. Ms. DeBeer, a member of the Board's staff since 1974, holds a B.A. from the University of Toronto and an M.A. and a D.P.A. from George Washington University.

Jack Dennis, Jr., has been named Assistant

Director, Division of Federal Reserve Bank Operations. Mr. Dennis was with the Federal Reserve Bank of Minneapolis before joining the Board's staff in 1976. He holds a B.A. from Minneapolis Metropolitan State University and an M.B.A. from Southern University.

The Board has also announced the retirement of J. Cortland G. Peret, Deputy Associate Director, Division of Research and Statistics, effective September 18, 1982.

SYSTEM MEMBERSHIP: ADMISSION OF STATE BANK

The following bank was admitted to membership in the Federal Reserve System during the period August 11 through September 10, 1982:

Texas Fulshear Fulshear State Bank

Record of Policy Actions of the Federal Open Market Committee

Meetings Held on June 30–July 1, 1982, and on July 15, 1982¹

Domestic Policy Directive

The information reviewed at this meeting suggested that real GNP had changed little in the second quarter, after declining at an annual rate of 3.7 percent in the first quarter, as business inventory liquidation moderated from an extraordinary rate. The rise in average prices, as measured by the fixed-weight price index for gross domestic business product, appeared to have slowed somewhat from the annual rate of about 4¾ percent in the first quarter.

The nominal value of retail sales rose 1½ percent further in May, according to the advance report. Sales gains were widespread and were especially strong at automotive, general merchandise, and apparel outlets. Unit sales of new domestic automobiles rose about 16½ percent to an annual rate of 6.4 million units. Auto sales dropped sharply in the first 20 days of June, however, following the

termination of most purchase-incentive programs.

The index of industrial production edged down 0.2 percent in May, following declines of 0.8 percent in each of the two preceding months. Output of business equipment continued to drop sharply, and production of durable goods materials also declined further. But production of consumer durable goods rose markedly for the second month in a row, reflecting primarily an appreciable increase in automobile assemblies.

Nonfarm payroll employment was essentially unchanged in May, after having declined substantially in March and April. In manufacturing, job losses were appreciably less in May than in the earlier months, and the average workweek edged up 0.1 hour to 39.1 hours. In contrast to the payroll data, the survey of households indicated a substantial increase in employment; but growth in the civilian labor force was even greater, and the unemployment rate edged up 0.1 percentage point to 9.5 percent.

The Department of Commerce survey of business spending plans taken in late April and May suggested that current-dollar expenditures for plant and equipment would rise only 2½ percent in 1982, compared with 7½ percent reported in the February survey and an actual expansion of about 8¾ percent in 1981. The survey results implied a year-to-year decline of about 2½ percent in real terms.

Private housing starts rose appreciably in May to an annual rate of 1.1 million units, exceeding a rate of 1 million units for the first time since last July. Most of the May increase

^{1.} At its meeting on June 30-July 1, 1982, in accordance with the Full Employment and Balanced Growth Act of 1978 (the Humphrey-Hawkins Act), the Committee reviewed its ranges for growth of the monetary and credit aggregates for the period from the fourth quarter of 1981 to the fourth quarter of 1982 and gave preliminary consideration to the objectives for monetary growth that might be appropriate for 1983. The conclusion of the Committee's consideration of the ranges was deferred until July 15, 1982, owing to the long interval before the date of Chairman Volcker's testimony in conjunction with the Board's midyear report under the act, which was scheduled for July 20 before the Senate Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs. The Board's report also was transmitted to the Congress on July 20.

was in the more volatile multifamily sector: multifamily starts rose nearly 50 percent, compared with an increase of about 9 percent in single-family starts. Sales of new homes increased substantially in May, while sales of existing homes were unchanged; total home sales were nearly 25 percent below the level of a year earlier.

The producer price index for finished goods changed little in May, as sharp declines in prices of energyrelated items about offset increases in prices of food and other consumer goods and capital equipment. Over the first five months of the year, the index was virtually stable. The consumer price index, which had registered a small net increase over the first four months of the year, rose 1 percent in May, reflecting sharp increases in the volatile homeownership and energy components of the index and a considerable rise in food prices. Through May, the rise in the index of average hourly earnings was at a significantly less rapid pace than during 1981.

In foreign exchange markets the trade-weighted value of the dollar against major foreign currencies had risen about 7 percent over the period since the last FOMC meeting, to its highest level since early 1971. The strength of the dollar reflected a rise in U.S. interest rates relative to foreign rates as well as heightened concerns because of hostilities in the Middle East. The U.S. foreign trade deficit in the first five months of 1982 was at a rate substantially less than that in the fourth quarter of last year, as imports declined more than exports.

At its meeting on May 18, the Committee had reaffirmed the objectives for monetary growth established at its meeting at the end of March; thus, it had decided to seek behavior of reserve aggregates associated with growth of M1 and M2 from March to June at annual rates of about 3 percent and 8 percent respectively. The Committee had also agreed that deviations from

these objectives should be evaluated in light of changes in the relative importance of NOW accounts as a savings vehicle. The intermeeting range for the federal funds rate, which provides a mechanism for initiating further consultation of the Committee, was set at 10 to 15 percent.

M1 declined at an annual rate of about 2 percent in May, following expansion at an annual rate of about 10¾ percent in April. The contraction was attributable to a sizable decline in other checkable deposits, which had exhibited extraordinary growth over the preceding six months. M2 grew at an annual rate of about 10½ percent in May, a little above the rate in April.

Total credit outstanding at U.S. commercial banks grew at an annual rate of about 8½ percent in May, down slightly from the pace in April. Growth in business loans, at an annual rate of nearly 19 percent, accounted for much of the rise in bank credit, as most other categories of loans and investments registered only moderate growth or contraction. Business demands for credit, especially short-term credit, were exceptionally strong in May, as non-financial businesses also issued a sizable volume of commercial paper.

Nonborrowed reserves, adjusted to include extended credit from Federal Reserve Banks, expanded substantially in May, after having changed little in April. Total reserves grew moderately, however, as borrowing from Federal Reserve Banks for purposes of adjusting reserve positions (including seasonal borrowing) declined appreciably. In the two statement weeks ending June 23, such borrowing averaged about \$875 million, compared with an average of about \$940 million in May.

The federal funds rate averaged about 14½ percent in the two statement weeks ending June 23, compared with around 14½ percent in the days immediately preceding the Committee meeting on May 18. The

rate moved toward 15 percent in the days just before this meeting, influenced by the approach of the June 30 statement date. Most other interest rates rose about ½ to 1½ percentage points over the intermeeting period. The failure of one dealer in U.S. government securities and difficulties being experienced by another dealer heightened concerns about credit risks throughout the securities markets and induced some widening of risk premiums.2 The prime rate charged by most commercial banks on short-term business loans remained at 16½ percent. Average rates on new commitments for fixedrate mortgage loans at savings and loan associations edged up slightly.

The staff projections presented at this meeting suggested that real GNP would grow at a moderate pace over the year ahead but that the unemployment rate would remain near its recent high level. The rise in prices, as measured by the price index for gross domestic business product, was expected to pick up somewhat in the second half of 1982 from the substantially reduced rate in the first half, but continued improvement in the underlying trend was anticipated.

Views of Committee members concerning prospects for economic activity and the behavior of prices generally were similar in character to the staff projections. Consumption seemed likely to rise in response to the 10 percent reduction in federal income taxes at midyear, the concurrent cost-of-living increase in social security payments, and other factors; and the extraordinary rate of liquidation of business inventories in the first half of 1982 also seemed likely to contribute to some economic growth.

As had been the case at the May meeting of the Committee, however,

several members commented that the principal risks of a deviation from the projection of moderate growth in real GNP were on the downside, and some expressed concern that any recovery could falter. Business and consumer sentiment was reported to have deteriorated further, reflecting, among other things, greater uneasiness about the effects of high interest rates, increased bankruptcies, and difficulties affecting certain financial and industrial institutions. In these circumstances, business and consumer demands for liquidity might increase, rather than decline as many expected, extending the contraction in business capital expenditures and limiting consumer outlays for housing and durable goods. Concerning the prospective behavior of consumers, most statistical measures suggested that their liquidity was improving. The point was made, however, that rapidly rising prices of existing houses and readily available mortgages, which were characteristic of earlier years, were no longer providing stimulus for spending. Starting in 1983, a significant volume of balloon payments on earlier house-purchase loans would mature. Moreover, the recovery in activity could be impeded by weak expansion abroad, by import-financing problems of some major trading partners of the United States, and by the deterioration in the competitiveness of U.S. exports associated with the sharp rise in the foreign-exchange value of the dollar.

It was stressed during the meeting that considerable uncertainty remained about the size of the federal budget deficit for fiscal 1983, as well as for later years, although the recent congressional action on a budget resolution for the coming fiscal year represented progress toward a more restrained fiscal policy. To implement the resolution, a great deal remained to be done in legislating appropriations and additional revenues. Several Committee members observed, moreover, that the deficit

^{2.} Neither of these firms was on the Federal Reserve Bank of New York's list of primary dealers in U.S. government securities that file reports on their operations with the Bank's Market Reports Division.

would be considerably larger than that contained in the resolution, only in part because the latter was based on relatively optimistic assumptions concerning the performance of the economy. The degree of progress in reducing prospective federal deficits would have a major impact on pressures in financial markets and thus on the performance of such creditsensitive sectors as homebuilding and business fixed investment. In the absence of significant progress, private investment outlays of all types would be less than otherwise.

With respect to prices, the members noted that considerable progress had been made in reducing the rate of increase but that the risks of exacerbating inflationary expectations remained serious. In any case, the underlying rate of inflation was not so low as might be inferred from the recent behavior of major indexes of prices, and the rise in those indexes was generally expected to pick up somewhat from the substantially reduced pace of 1982 to date.

At its meeting on February 1-2, 1982, the Committee had adopted the following ranges for growth of the monetary aggregates over the year from the fourth quarter of 1981 to the fourth quarter of 1982: for M1, $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $5\frac{1}{2}$ percent; for M2, 6 to 9 percent; and for M3, 6½ to 9½ percent. The associated range for bank credit was 6 to 9 percent. In setting the range for M1, the Committee recognized that the level of that aggregate in January was well above the average in the fourth quarter of 1981 but that it was too early to judge conclusively the extent to which the recent upsurge in growth reflected temporary influences rather than a basic change in the amount of money needed to finance growth of nominal GNP. On the assumption that the relationship between growth of M1 and the expansion of nominal GNP was likely to be closer to normal than it had been in 1981, and given the relatively low base in the fourth quarter of 1981, the Committee contemplated that growth of M1 in 1982 might acceptably be in the upper part of its range. The Committee also contemplated that growth of M2 was likely to be high within its range.

At this meeting, the Committee reviewed its ranges for growth of the monetary and credit aggregates for the period from the fourth quarter of 1981 to the fourth quarter of 1982 and gave preliminary consideration to objectives for monetary growth that might be appropriate for 1983. With respect to the current year, the Committee noted that the levels of the monetary aggregates in June were slightly above the upper ends of their ranges for 1982. The upsurge in M1 in January was followed by quite slow growth on average over the next five months, and from the fourth quarter of 1981 to June, M1 had increased at an annual rate of 5.7 percent. Over the same period, M2 and M3 had grown at annual rates of 9.4 percent and 9.7 percent respectively.

Although the growth of M1 was moderate over the first half of 1982, it considerably exceeded the growth of nominal GNP; in the first quarter, the decline in the income velocity of M1 was extraordinarily sharp. Similarly, the income velocity of the broader monetary aggregates was unusually weak in the first half. Given the persistence of relatively high interest rates, the behavior of velocity in the first half suggested a heightened demand for M1 and M2.

The unusual demand for M1 in the first half was concentrated in NOW accounts and other interest-bearing checkable deposits, which have some characteristics of traditional savings deposits. The enlarged share of these accounts in M1 had made this aggregate more sensitive to changes in the public's desire to hold highly liquid assets.

Growth of M2 as well as that of M1 appeared to have been bolstered in the first half of 1982 by increased preferences for holding highly liquid financial assets. Conventional savings deposits actually increased, af-

ter having contracted in the preceding four years, and money market mutual funds continued to expand strongly, although less so than in 1981. Altogether, the nontransaction component of M2 (M2 less M1) grew at an annual rate of $10\frac{1}{2}$ percent from the fourth quarter of 1981 to June.

In reconsidering the ranges for 1982. Committee members remained in agreement on the need to maintain the commitment to the long-standing goal of restraining growth of money and credit in order to contribute to a further reduction in the rate of inflation and provide the basis for restoration of economic stability and sustainable growth in output. At the same time, the Committee took account of the need to provide sufficient monetary growth to encourage recovery in economic activity over the months ahead. Growth consistent with the current longer-run ranges, quite possibly around the upper end, was thought to be adequate in view of the sizable rise in the velocity of money that generally developed in the early stages of a cyclical recovery in economic activity. Still, the members recognized that regulatory actions and changes in the public's preferences for various assets, as well as shifts in liquidity demands generally, would tend to affect the velocity of money and would need to be taken into account in evaluating the behavior of the monetary aggregates. To the extent that precautionary demands for money remained strong, for example, growth of the major monetary aggregates near, or possibly somewhat above, the upper ends of their ranges for 1982 might well be consistent with the Committee's general policy objectives.

In the Committee's discussion at this meeting, almost all members preferred retention of the previously established ranges for growth of the monetary aggregates in 1982, with the understanding that growth around the upper ends of the ranges would be acceptable, but some senti-

ment was expressed for small upward adjustments in the ranges. Several members observed that any increase in the ranges might well be misinterpreted as a relaxation of the Committee's commitment to the long-run objective of restraining monetary growth and contributing to a further reduction in the rate of inflation, thereby adversely affecting inflationary expectations and longterm interest rates. It was also noted that minor adjustments in the ranges might seem to suggest an unrealistic degree of precision with which monetary growth could be controlled and might not be sufficient in any case to allow for a temporary bulge related to exceptional demands for liquidity, should they develop.

With respect to 1983, most members felt that the current ranges for 1982 could appropriately be retained; but they recognized that, in light of all the current uncertainties surrounding the economic, financial, and federal budgetary outlook, ranges adopted at this time would be especially tentative. The current ranges would be consistent with a reduction in monetary growth in 1983 if, as seemed likely, growth of the monetary aggregates in 1982 was around the upper ends of their ranges. Some sentiment was expressed for a reduction in the ranges for 1983, particularly if those for 1982 were raised, in line with the general objective of reducing monetary growth gradually over time.

The implications for monetary policy of the recent congressional action on a budget resolution were considered at some length. Committee members generally felt that a firm follow-through in current efforts to reduce budgetary deficits should contribute to easing financial market strains within the context of the current ranges for monetary growth; to help assure that result, in their view, it was important that action beyond the magnitude incorporated in the first budget resolution be taken affecting future years. It was not thought that the budgetary effort itself would warrant even greater growth in the monetary aggregates than was being contemplated. Excessive monetary growth would tend to work against the benefits of an improved budgetary outlook in curbing inflation and inflationary expectations. The Committee concluded its discussion and reached a decision on the longer-run ranges during a telephone conference on July 15, 1982.

The Committee considered policy for the period from June to September in light of the apparent consensus for retaining the previously established ranges for growth of the monetary aggregates over the year, with the understanding that growth near, or for a time somewhat above, the upper ends of those ranges would be acceptable depending on emerging strength of liquidity demands in a period of economic uncertainty. The data becoming available at the time of the meeting indicated that growth of M1 had weakened appreciably after mid-June and that growth of both M1 and M2 over the whole period from March to June apparently had been in line with the Committee's objectives for growth over that period at annual rates of about 3 percent and 8 percent respectively. The levels of M1 and M2 in June, as noted earlier, were just slightly above the upper ends of their ranges for 1982.

Evaluating the behavior of M1 and implementing policy in the period immediately ahead would be complicated by a number of special influences. The midyear reduction in withholding rates for federal income taxes and the cost-of-living increase in social security payments were generally expected to lead to some bulge in monetary growth in July. It was also expected, however, that any such bulge would be offset in ensuing months. More fundamentally, some easing in demands for liquidity and precautionary balances, and a concomitant increase in the income velocity of money, was anticipated over the months ahead, but the public's liquidity preferences could not be predicted with much confidence, especially in the current environment of financial strains.

Given these problems, most members stressed the need for flexibility in interpreting the behavior of the monetary aggregates in the period ahead. Thus, while still aiming to provide moderate monetary growth consistent with the objectives for growth over the year, those members would be willing to tolerate a bulge early in the period to the extent that it appeared to be a temporary effect of the tax reduction and increased social security payments, perhaps compounded by seasonal adjustment problems. They would also accept somewhat faster growth over the quarter as a whole if it appeared that demands for liquidity and precautionary balances were not easing as anticipated. In general, they wished to guard against the possibility that short-term aberrations in the behavior of money or exceptional demands for liquidity in circumstances of unusual uncertainty would generate financial market pressures that would impede the prospective recovery in output.

A few members of the Committee were concerned that accommodation of much of a bulge in monetary growth in July or a relatively rapid expansion over the summer months as a whole might jeopardize prospects for achieving the monetary objectives for the year and thus would risk exacerbating inflationary expectations. Accordingly, they believed that tendencies toward such monetary growth rates in the months ahead should be met by increased pressures on bank reserve positions and in the money market.

On the other hand, one member advocated a strategy directed toward a prompt easing of money market conditions with a view to promoting reductions in short-term interest rates. It was also suggested by one member that the Committee adopt an effective ceiling of 15 percent for fluctuations in the federal funds rate over the weeks until the next scheduled meeting, in an effort to avoid any significant backing up of interest rates in the current environment and to strengthen prospects for the anticipated recovery in economic activity. Several members observed, however, that such a strategy was more likely to be viewed as a fundamental change in the Committee's approach to targeting monetary growth and would have adverse market reactions because of its potential for producing an unduly rapid expansion in bank reserves and money.

At the conclusion of the discussion, the Committee agreed to seek behavior of reserve aggregates associated with growth of M1 and M2 from June to September at annual rates of about 5 percent and about 9 percent respectively. It decided that somewhat more rapid growth would be acceptable depending on evidence that economic and financial uncertainties were leading to exceptional liquidity demands. It was also noted that seasonal uncertainties, together with increased social security payments and the initial impact of the tax cut on cash balances, might lead to a temporary bulge in the monetary aggregates, particularly M1. The intermeeting range for the federal funds rate, which provides a mechanism for initiating further consultation of the Committee, was continued at 10 to 15 percent.

The following domestic policy directive was transmitted to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York:

The information reviewed at this meeting suggests that real GNP changed little in the second quarter, after the appreciable further decline in the first quarter, as business inventory liquidation moderated from an extraordinary rate. In May the nominal value of retail sales continued to pick up, while industrial production declined only a little further and nonfarm payroll employment was essentially unchanged. The unemployment rate edged up 0.1 percentage point to 9.5 percent. Housing starts rose appreciably from a depressed level.

The price index for gross domestic business product appears to have risen at

a relatively slow rate in the second quarter. Over the first five months of this year the producer price index for finished goods was virtually stable, and the advance in the index of average hourly earnings remained at a reduced pace. The consumer price index rose sharply in May, after a small net increase over the preceding four months.

The weighted average value of the dollar against major foreign currencies has risen sharply over the past month, reaching its highest level since early 1971, in response to a rise in U.S. interest rates relative to foreign rates as well as to hostilities in the Middle East. The U.S. foreign trade deficit in the first five months of 1982 was at a rate substantially less than in the fourth quarter of last year, as imports declined more than exports.

MI declined somewhat in May, after its sharp rise in April, while growth of M2 remained substantial. Business demands for credit, especially short-term credit, were exceptionally strong. Short-term market interest rates and bond yields generally have risen since late May, and mortgage interest rates have increased.

The Federal Open Market Committee seeks to foster monetary and financial conditions that will help to reduce inflation, promote a resumption of growth in output on a sustainable basis, and contribute to a sustainable pattern of international transactions. At its meeting in early February, the Committee agreed that its objectives would be furthered by growth of M1, M2, and M3 from the fourth quarter of 1981 to the fourth quarter of 1982 within ranges of 2½ to 5½ percent, 6 to 9 percent, and 6½ to 9½ percent respectively. The associated range for bank credit was 6 to 9 percent. These ranges were under review at this meeting.

In the short run, the Committee seeks behavior of reserve aggregates consistent with growth of M1 and M2 from June to September at annual rates of about 5 percent and about 9 percent respectively. Somewhat more rapid growth would be acceptable depending on evidence that economic and financial uncertainties are leading to exceptional liquidity demands and changes in financial asset holdings. It was also noted that seasonal uncertainties, together with increased social security payments and the initial impact of the tax cut on cash balances, might lead to a temporary bulge in the monetary aggregates, particularly M1. The Chairman may call for Committee consultation if it appears to the Manager for Domestic Operations that pursuit of the monetary objectives and related reserve paths during the period before the

next meeting is likely to be associated with a federal funds rate persistently outside a range of 10 to 15 percent.

Votes for this action: Messrs. Volcker, Solomon, Balles, Gramley, Martin, Partee, Rice, and Keehn. Votes against this action: Messrs. Black, Ford, Mrs. Teeters, and Mr. Wallich. Mr. Keehn voted as alternate for Mrs. Horn.

Messrs, Black, Ford, and Wallich dissented from this action because they favored a policy for the period immediately ahead that was firmly directed toward bringing growth of M1 down to its range for 1982 by the end of the year. They were concerned that accommodation of relatively rapid growth over the summer months might jeopardize achievement of the monetary objectives for the year and thus would risk exacerbating inflationary expectations. Accordingly, they believed that tendencies toward rapid monetary expansion in the months immediately ahead should be met by greater pressures on bank reserve positions and in the money market.

Mrs. Teeters dissented from this action because she favored specification of somewhat higher rates for monetary growth during the third quarter along with an approach to operations early in the period that would clearly signal an easing in policy. In her opinion, policy at this point should be directed toward exerting downward pressure on short-term interest rates in order to promote recovery in output and employment.

At a telephone meeting on July 15, the Committee concluded its review of the ranges for growth of the monetary aggregates in 1982 and the tentative ranges for 1983 and took the following actions.

The Committee reaffirmed the following ranges for growth of the monetary aggregates over the year from the fourth quarter of 1981 to the fourth quarter of 1982 that it had adopted in early February: for M1, 2½ to 5½ percent; for M2, 6 to 9 percent; and for M3, 6½ to 9½ percent. The associated range for bank credit was 6 to 9 percent. At the same

time, the Committee agreed that growth in the monetary and credit aggregates around the top of the indicated ranges would be acceptable in the light of the relatively low base period for the M1 target and other factors, and that it would tolerate for some period of time growth somewhat above the target range should unusual precautionary demands for money and liquidity be evident in the light of current economic uncertainties.

Votes for this action: Messrs. Volcker, Solomon, Balles, Black, Ford, Mrs. Horn, Messrs. Martin, and Partee. Vote against this action: Mrs. Teeters. Absent and not voting: Messrs. Gramley, Rice, and Wallich.

Mrs. Teeters dissented from this action because she favored an explicit statement that growth of M1 above the upper end of the Committee's range for 1982 by 1 percentage point, or even as much as 1½ percentage points, might be acceptable. In her opinion, it was important to indicate the acceptable degree of growth of M1 above the range in order to foster market behavior that would lower interest rates and enhance the prospects for sustaining recovery in output and employment.

The Committee indicated that for 1983 it was tentatively planning to continue the current ranges for 1982, but would review that decision carefully in the light of developments over the remainder of 1982.

Votes for this action: Messrs. Volcker, Solomon, Balles, Black, Ford, Mrs. Horn, Messrs. Martin, Partee, and Mrs. Teeters. Votes against this action: None. Absent and not voting: Messrs. Gramley, Rice, and Wallich.

Shortly afterwards, Messrs. Gramley, Rice, and Wallich, who had been unable to attend the meeting on July 15 but who had been present for the main discussion of the longer-run ranges for monetary growth held at the meeting on June 30–July 1, associated themselves with the Committee in its actions with respect to the ranges for both 1982 and 1983.

Following the Committee's actions on July 15, the next to last

paragraph of the domestic policy directive adopted at its meeting on June 30-July 1 read as follows:

The Federal Open Market Committee seeks to foster monetary and financial conditions that will help to reduce inflation, promote a resumption of growth in output on a sustainable basis, and contribute to a sustainable pattern of international transactions. At its meeting in early February, the Committee had agreed that its objectives would be furthered by growth of M1, M2, and M3 from the fourth quarter of 1981 to the fourth quarter of 1982 within ranges of 2½ to 5½ percent, 6 to 9 percent, and 6½ to 9½ percent respectively. The associated range for bank credit was 6 to 9 percent. The Committee began a review

of these ranges at its meeting on June 30-July 1, and at a meeting on July 15, it reaffirmed the targets for the year set in February. At the same time the Committee agreed that growth in the monetary and credit aggregates around the top of the indicated ranges would be acceptable in the light of the relatively low base period for the M1 target and other factors, and that it would tolerate for some period of time growth somewhat above the target range should unusual precautionary demands for money and liquidity be evident in the light of current economic uncertainties. The Committee also indicated it was tentatively planning to continue the current ranges for 1983, but would review that decision carefully in the light of developments over the remainder of 1982.

Records of policy actions taken by the Federal Open Market Committee at each meeting, in the form in which they will appear in the Board's Annual Report, are made available a few days after the next regularly scheduled meeting and are later published in the BULLETIN.

Legal Developments

AMENDMENTS TO REGULATION A

The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System has amended its Regulation A Extensions of Credit by Federal Reserve Banks (12 CFR Part 201), for the purpose of adjusting discount rates with a view of accommodating commerce and business in accordance with other related rates and the general credit situation of the country.

Effective July 20, 1982, the Board acted to amend Regulation A to reduce the discount rate to 11½ per cent. On August 2, 1982, the Board amended Regulation A to reduce the discount rate to 11 per cent.

Effective August 16, 1982, sections 201.51 and 201.52 of Regulation A were amended as set forth below:

Part 201—Extensions of Credit by Federal Reserve Banks

Section 201.51—Short Term Adjustment Credit for Depository Institutions

The rates for short term adjustment credit provided to depository institutions under § 201.3(a) of Regulation A are:

Federal Reserve Bank of	Rate	Effective	
Boston	101/2	Aug. 16, 1982	
New York	101/2	Aug. 16, 1982	
Philadelphia	101/2	Aug. 16, 1982	
Cleveland	101/2	Aug. 16, 1982	
Richmond	101/2	Aug. 16, 1982	
Atlanta	101/2	Aug. 16, 1982	
Chicago	101/2	Aug. 16, 1982	
St. Louis	101/2	Aug. 16, 1982	
Minneapolis	101/2	Aug. 16, 1982	
Kansas City	101/2	Aug. 16, 1982	
Dallas	101/2	Aug. 16, 1982	
San Francisco	101/2	Aug. 16, 1982	

Section 201.52—Extended credit to Depository Institutions

(a) The rates for seasonal credit extended to depository institutions under § 201.3(b)(1) of Regulation A are:

Federal Reserve Bank of	Rate	Effective	
Boston	101/2	Aug. 16, 1982	
New York	101/2	Aug. 16, 1982	
Philadelphia	101/2	Aug. 16, 1982	
Cleveland	101/2	Aug. 16, 1982	
Richmond	101/2	Aug. 16, 1982	
Atlanta	101/2	Aug. 16, 1982	
Chicago	101/2	Aug. 16, 1982	
St. Louis	101/2	Aug. 16, 1982	
Minneapolis	101/2	Aug. 16, 1982	
Kansas City	101/2	Aug. 16, 1982	
Dallas	101/2	Aug. 16, 1982	
San Francisco	101/2	Aug. 16, 1982	

(b) The rates for other extended credit provided to depository institutions under sustained liquidity pressures or where there are exceptional circumstances or practices involving a particular institution under § 201.3(b)(2) of Regulation A are:

Federal Reserve Bank of	Rate	Effective	
Boston	101/2	Aug. 16, 1982	
New York	101/2	Aug. 16, 1982	
Philadelphia	101/2	Aug. 16, 1982	
Cleveland	101/2	Aug. 16, 1982	
Richmond	101/2	Aug. 16, 1982	
Atlanta	101/2	Aug. 16, 1982	
Chicago	101/2	Aug. 16, 1982	
St. Louis	101/2	Aug. 16, 1982	
Minneapolis	101/2	Aug. 16, 1982	
Kansas City	101/2	Aug. 16, 1982	
Dallas	101/2	Aug. 16, 1982	
San Francisco	101/2	Aug. 16, 1982	
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Note. These rates apply for the first 60 days of borrowing. A 1 per cent surcharge applies for borrowing during the next 90 days, and a 2 per cent surcharge applies for borrowing thereafter.

AMENDMENTS TO REGULATION D

The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System has amended its Regulation D—Reserve Requirements of Depository Institutions (12 CFR Part 204) to define the new 7 to 13 day deposit category authorized by the Depository Institutions Deregulation Committee ("DIDC") as a "time deposit" for purposes of Regulation D. Accordingly, these deposits will be subject to no basic reserve requirements if they are personal time deposits and to a 3 per cent reserve requirement if they are nonpersonal time deposits. All other deposit categories, with original maturities or notice periods of less than 14 days, will continue to be defined as "demand deposits" and subject to transaction account reserve requirements.

Effective September 1, 1982, subparagraph 204.2 (b)(2) is amended, and subparagraphs 204.2(c)(1) (i)(E) and (ii) are revised and a new subparagraph (iii) is added as set forth below:

Part 204—Reserve Requirements of Depository Institutions

Section 204.2—Definitions

(b) * * *

(2) A "demand deposit" does not include (i) checks or drafts drawn by the depository institution on the Federal Reserve or on another depository institution; (ii) a deposit or account issued pursuant to 12 CFR 1204.121, including those with an original maturity or required notice period of seven to 13 days; or (iii) for depository institutions not subject to the rules of the Depository Institutions Deregulation Committee under 12 U.S.C. § 3501 et seq., a deposit or account issued with an original maturity or required notice period of 7 to 13 days if such deposit or account is nonnegotiable, subject to a minimum balance of \$20,000, and not otherwise a transaction account under section 204.2(e) of this Part.

(c) * * * (1) * * *

(i) * * *

- (E) that constitute a "savings deposit" which is not regarded as a "transaction account;"
- (ii) borrowings, regardless of maturity, represented by a promissory note, an acknowledgment of advance, or similar obligation described in section 204.2(a)(1)(vii) that is issued to any office located outside the United States of another depository institution or Edge or agreement corporation organized under the laws of the United States, to any office located outside the United States of a foreign bank, or to institutions whose time deposits are exempt from interest rate limitations under section 217.3(g) of Regulation Q (12 CFR 217.3(g)); and
- (iii) a deposit or account issued pursuant to 12 CFR § 1204.121, including those with an original maturity or required notice period of 7 to 13 days; or for depository institutions not subject to the rules of the Depository Institutions Deregulation Committee under 12 U.S.C. § 3501 et seq., a deposit or account issued with an original maturity or required notice period of 7 to 13 days if such deposit or account is nonnegotiable, subject to a minimum balance of \$20,000, and is not otherwise

a transaction account under section 204.2(e) of this Part.

AMENDMENT TO REGULATION Q

The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System has amended Regulation Q—Interest on Deposits (12 CFR Part 217) to permit member banks to issue automatically renewable repurchase agreements on U.S. government or agency securities ("RPs") of less than \$100,000 with maturities of 89 days or less exempt from Federal interest rate ceilings. In addition, member banks will be permitted to issue small denomination RPs with maturities of 90 days or more exempt from interest rate ceilings.

Effective August 23, 1982, subparagraph 217.1(f)(2) is amended to read as follows:

Part 217—Interest on Deposits

Section 217.1—Definitions

(f) * * *

(2) Evidences an indebtedness arising from a transfer of direct obligations of, or obligations that are fully guaranteed as to principal and interest by, the United States or any agency thereof that the bank is obligated to repurchase;

AMENDMENT TO REGULATION Y

The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System is amending its Regulation Y-Bank Holding Companies and Change in Bank Control (12 CFR Part 225) to clarify and expand the scope of permissible data processing activities in which a bank holding company may engage. The revised interpretation describes certain activities the Board considers incidental to permissible data processing and data transmission activities.

Effective September 25, 1982, section 225.4 is amended by revising paragraph (a)(8) to read as follows:

Part 225—Bank Holding Companies and Change in Bank Control

Section 225.4—Nonbanking Activities

(a) * * *

(8)(i) Providing data processing and data transmission services, data bases or facilities (including data processing and data transmission hardware, software, documentation, and operating personnel) for the internal operations of the holding company or its subsidiaries;

- (ii) Providing to others data processing and transmission services, facilities, data bases or access to such services, facilities, or data bases by any technologically feasible means, where:
 - (A) Data to be processed or furnished are financial, banking or economic, and the services are provided pursuant to a written agreement so describing and limiting the services;
 - (B) The facilities are designed, marketed, and operated for the processing and transmission of financial, banking or economic data; and
 - (C) Hardware in connection therewith is offered only in conjunction with software designed and marketed for the processing and transmission of financial, banking or economic data, and where the general purpose hardware does not constitute more than 30 percent of the cost of any packaged offering.

BANK HOLDING COMPANY AND BANK MERGER ORDERS ISSUED BY THE BOARD OF GOVERNORS

Orders Under Section 3 of Bank Holding Company Act

Colorado National Bankshares, Inc., Denver, Colorado

Order Approving Acquisition of Bank

Colorado National Bankshares, Inc., Denver, Colorado ("Applicant"), a bank holding company within the meaning of the Bank Holding Company Act, has applied for the Board's approval under section 3(a)(3) of the act (12 U.S.C. § 1842(a)(3)) to acquire 100 percent of The Exchange National Bank of Colorado Springs, Colorado Springs, Colorado ("Bank").

Notice of this application, affording opportunity for interested persons to submit comments and views, has been given in accordance with section 3(b) of the act. The time for filing comments and views has expired, and the Board has considered the application and all comments received in light of the factors set forth in section 3(c) of the act (12 U.S.C. § 1842(c)).

Applicant, the fourth largest commercial banking organization in Colorado, controls 21 subsidiary banks with consolidated deposits of \$1.2 billion, representing 10.0 percent of total deposits in commercial banks in the state. Bank, is the tenth largest banking organiza-

tion in Colorado, with consolidated deposits of \$168.6 million representing 1.2 percent of total deposits in commercial banks in the state. Upon consummation of the proposed transaction, Applicant would become the third largest banking organization in Colorado, and its share of total deposits in commercial banks in the state would increase to 11.2 percent. While the size of the organizations involved is significant, consummation of this proposal will not significantly affect statewide concentration or statewide banking structure.

Bank is the second largest banking organization in the Colorado Springs banking market and controls 17.7 percent of that market's commercial bank deposits. Because Applicant does not currently operate in this market, consummation of the proposed transaction would not increase the concentration of banking resources or reduce the number of competitors in the market. Accordingly, the Board concludes that the proposed transaction would have no adverse effects on existing competition in the market.

The Board has also considered the effects that this acquisition will have on probable future competition in light of its proposed guidelines for assessing the competitive effects of bank holding company acquisitions and mergers.3 Under these guidelines, the Board will make an intensive examination of a proposed acquisition's effects on potential competition where the market involved is concentrated, where there are only a small number of probable future entrants into the market, where the market is attractive for entry, and the firm to be acquired is a market leader. Two of the four criteria established under the guidelines are present in this case. Bank, the second largest banking organization in the market with a 17.7 percent share of total market commercial banking deposits, is a dominant competitor in the market. Moreover, the banking structure of Colorado is such that there are no more than four banking organizations in the state that are potential market entrants. However, other relevant market data do not satisfy the remaining criteria. The Colorado Springs market, with a three-firm deposit concentration ratio of 56.4 percent and a Herfindahl index of 1338, is not considered a highly concentrated banking market. Furthermore, the market is not attractive for de novo entry as defined under the guidelines because the average growth rate of market depos-

^{1.} All banking data as of December 31, 1981.

The Colorado Springs banking market is approximated by the Colorado Springs RMA.

^{3. &}quot;Policy Statement of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System in Assessing Competitive Factors Under the Bank Merger Act and the Bank Holding Company Act", 47 Federal Register 9017 (March 3, 1982). Although the proposed policy statement has not been approved by the Board, the Board is applying the policy guidelines to all applications to determine whether further scrutiny is warranted for anticompetitive effects. See, "Shawmut Corporation", 68 FEDERAL RESERVE BULLETIN 309 (May 1982).

its during the last two years (9.3 percent) is less than the corresponding national rate (9.6 percent) and the corresponding Colorado rate (16.6 percent). In light of all the facts of the record the Board does not consider that consummation of the proposed acquisition will have such adverse effects on probable future competition in the Colorado Springs market as to warrant denial.

The financial and managerial resources and future prospects of Applicant, its subsidiaries and Bank are regarded as generally satisfactory. Considerations relating to banking factors are consistent with approval. Moreover, considerations relating to the convenience and needs of the community to be served are consistent with approval.

On the basis of the record, this application is approved for the reasons summarized above. The transaction shall not be made before the thirtieth calender day following the effective date of this Order, or later than three months after the effective date of this Order, unless such period is extended for good cause by the Board or by the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City acting pursuant to delegated authority.

By Order of the Board of Governors, effective August 31, 1982.

Voting for this action: Chairman Volcker and Governors Martin, Wallich, Teeters, and Gramley. Absent and not voting: Governors Partee and Rice.

(Signed) WILLIAM W. WILES, Secretary of the Board. [SEAL]

Em Kay Financing Corp., Panama, Panama

Em Kay Holding Corp., New York, New York

Order Approving Formation of Bank Holding Companies

Em Kay Financing Corp. ("Financing"), Panama, Panama, and its 90 percent-owned subsidiary, Em Kay Holding Corp. ("Holding"), New York, New York (collectively referred to as "Applicants"), have applied for the Board's approval under section 3(a)(1) of the Bank Holding Company Act (12 U.S.C. § 1842(a)(1)) to become bank holding companies by acquiring 67 percent or more of the voting shares of Village Bank of New Jersey ("Bank"), South Orange, New Jersey.

Notice of the applications, affording opportunity for interested persons to submit comments and views, has been given in accordance with section 3(b) of the act. The time for filing comments and views has expired and the Board has considered the applications and all comments received in light of the factors set forth in section 3(c) of the act.

Applicants are non-operating corporations organized for the purpose of becoming bank holding companies by acquiring Bank. Financing, a corporation organized under the laws of Panama, owns 90 percent of the outstanding stock of Holding, which is organized under the laws of New Jersey. Upon acquisition of Bank (deposits of \$47.1 million), Applicants will control the 68th largest commercial bank in New Jersey with 0.2 percent of the total deposits in commercial banks in that state.1

Bank is the 20th largest of 37 commercial banks in the relevant banking market² and controls 0.7 percent of the total deposits in commercial banks in the local market. Inasmuch as Applicants and their principals control no other banks in the United States, consummation of the proposed transaction would have no adverse effects on either existing or potential competition in the market, and would not increase the concentration of resources in any relevant area. Therefore, competitive considerations are consistent with approval of the applications.

The financial and managerial resources of Applicants and Bank are considered generally satisfactory and the future propsects of each appear favorable. especially in light of the additional capital that Applicants intend to furnish Bank. Thus, considerations relating to banking factors lend some weight to approval of the applications. Applicants also propose to increase commercial lending by Bank to mid-sized businesses and to expand Bank's branch network. Therefore, considerations relating to the convenience and needs of the community to be served also lend some weight toward approval of these applications. Accordingly, the Board has determined that consummation of the transaction would be in the public interest and that the applications should be approved.

On the basis of the record, the applications are approved for the reasons summarized above. The transaction shall not be made before the thirtieth calendar day following the effective date of this Order, or later than three months after the effective date of this Order, unless such period is extended for good cause by the Board or by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, pursuant to delegated authority.

^{1.} Banking data are as of June 30, 1980.

^{2.} The relevant market is the Greater Newark market which is approximated by all or part of Bergen, Essex, Hudson, Morris, and Union Counties, New Jersey.

By order of the Board of Governors, effective August 30, 1982.

Voting for this action: Chairman Volcker and Governors Martin, Wallich, Teeters, and Gramley. Absent and not voting: Governors Partee and Rice.

[SEAL]

(Signed) WILLIAM W. WILES, Secretary of the Board.

First American Bank Corporation, Kalamazoo, Michigan

Order Approving Merger of Bank Holding Companies

First American Bank Corporation, Kalamazoo, Michigan ("Applicant"), has applied for the Board's approval under section 3(a)(5) of the Bank Holding Company Act (12 U.S.C. § 1842(a)(5)) to merge with Mid Michigan Bank Corporation, Gladwin, Michigan ("Mid Michigan"), and thereby acquire its subsidiary bank, Mid Michigan Bank, Gladwin, Michigan ("Bank"). Upon approval of the merger, Mid Michigan would cease to exist, and Bank would become a subsidiary of Applicant.

Notice of the application, affording an opportunity for interested persons to submit comments and views, has been given in accordance with section 3(b) of the act. The time for filing comments and views has expired, and the Board has considered the application and all comments received in light of the factors set forth in section 3(c) of the act (12 U.S.C. § 1842(c)).

Applicant, the fifth largest banking organization in the state of Michigan, controls 27 subsidiary banks with aggregate deposits of \$3.06 billion, representing 7.04 percent of total deposits in commercial banks in that state. Bank is the 117th largest commercial bank in Michigan, controlling total deposits of \$63.0 million, representing 0.15 percent of commercial bank deposits in the state. Consummation of this proposal would increase Applicant's aggregate deposits statewide to approximately \$3.12 billion, or 7.19 percent of total commercial bank deposits in the state1 and Applicant would retain its ranking as the fifth largest commercial banking organization in Michigan. Thus, the Board concludes that consummation of the transaction would have no significant effects upon the concentration of banking resources in Michigan.

Bank competes in three banking markets, the Standish-West Branch market, the Bay City-Saginaw market, and the Mt. Pleasant market and controls 0.2, 2.3, and 9.1 percent of the markets' deposits in commercial banks, respectively.² Because Applicant currently does not operate in these markets, consummation of the proposal would have no adverse effects on competition in any relevant market and would not increase the concentration of resources in any relevant area. Accordingly, the Board concludes that competitive considerations are consistent with approval.

The financial and managerial resources and future propsects of Applicant, its subsidiary banks, and Bank are considered generally satisfactory and consistent with approval. While some new or expanded services may result from approval of this proposal, there is no evidence in the record indicating that the banking needs of the community to be served are not being met. Considerations relating to the convenience and needs of the community to be served are consistent with approval. Accordingly, the Board has determined that consummation of the transaction would be consistent with the public interest and that the application should be approved.

On the basis of the record, the application is approved for the reasons summarized above. The transaction shall not be made before the thirtieth calendar day following the effective date of this Order or later than three months after the effective date of this Order, unless such period is extended for good cause by the Board or by the Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago, acting pursuant to delegated authority.

By order of the Board of Governors, effective August 30, 1982.

Voting for this action: Chairman Volcker and Governors Martin, Wallich, Teeters, and Gramley. Absent and not voting: Governors Partee and Rice.

[SEAL]

(Signed) WILLIAM W. WILES, Secretary of the Board.

Harris Bankcorp, Inc., Chicago, Illinois

Order Approving Acquisition of Bank

Harris Bankcorp, Inc., Chicago, Illinois, a bank holding company within the meaning of the Bank Holding Company Act, has applied for the Board's approval

^{1.} All banking data are as of June 30, 1981.

^{2.} The Standish-West Branch market is approximated by Arenac and Ogemaw Counties, the western half of Iosco County, and Curtis Township in Alcona County, Michigan. The Bay City-Saginaw market includes Bay, Midland, and Gladwin Counties, plus the northern three-fourths of Saginaw County, Michigan. The Mt. Pleasant market is defined as Isabella and Clare Counties, Michigan.

under section 3(a)(3) of the act (12 U.S.C. § 1842(a)(3)) to acquire 100 percent of the voting shares of the successor by merger to Roselle State Bank and Trust Company, Roselle, Illinois ("Bank").

Notice of the application, affording opportunity for interested persons to submit comments and views, has been given in accordance with section 3(b) of the act (12 U.S.C. § 1842(b)). The time for filing comments and views has expired, and the Board has considered the application and all comments received in light of the factors set forth in section 3(c) of the act (12 U.S.C. § 1842(c)).

Applicant, the third largest bank holding company in Illinois, controls one subsidiary bank, Harris Trust and Savings Bank, Chicago, Illinois ("Harris Bank"). Harris Bank, the third largest commercial bank in Illinois, has total deposits of \$3,499.5 million, representing 3.85 percent of all commercial bank deposits in the state. In addition, on June 25, 1982, Applicant's proposal to acquire a second bank, Argo State Bank, Summit, Illinois ("Argo Bank"), having total deposits of \$42.1 million, was approved but has not yet been consummated. Bank is the 102nd largest commercial bank in Illinois and has deposits of \$111.7 million, representing 0.12 percent of all commercial bank deposits in Illinois. Upon consummation of the aguisition of Argo Bank and approval of the instant proposal, Applicant's total deposits would increase to approximately \$3,653.3 million, or 4.02 percent of the state's commercial bank deposits, and Applicant would retain its rank as the third largest banking organization in Illinois. Thus, the Board concludes that consummation of the proposal would have no significant effects upon the concentration of banking resources in Illinois.

Bank competes in the Chicago banking market³ and ranks 67th out of 369 commercial banks in that market, controlling 0.18 percent of total commercial bank deposits therein. Harris Bank also operates in the Chicago banking market and is the third largest banking organization therein, holding 5.58 percent of total market deposits. Argo Bank also operates in the Chicago banking market, and Applicant's share of total market deposits would increase to 5.65 percent upon consummation of its aquisition of Argo. Thus, consummation of the instant application would eliminate some existing competition between Applicant and

Bank. However, the adverse competitive consequences associated with consummation of this proposal are mitigated by the following and other facts by record. First, upon consummation of this proposal, Applicant would continue to rank third in the Chicago banking market and Applicant's market share, including deposits of Argo Bank, would only increase to 5.83 percent of total bank deposits in the market. Second, there are numerous competitors in the market and the Chicago banking market is not considered highly concentrated since the four largest banking organizations control only 56.43 percent of total market deposits. Finally, as multibank holding companies have been permitted in Illinois only since January 1, 1982, most other commercial banks are not affiliated with multibank holding companies and remain in the market as possible acquisition candidates. Accordingly, on the basis of the above and other facts of record, the Board believes that the proposal will not have any significant adverse effects on existing or potential competition or on the concentration of resources in the relevant market.

The financial and managerial resources and future prospects of Applicant, its subsidiary bank, and Bank are considered generally satisfactory and consistent with approval. In addition, Bank's affiliation with Applicant will enable Bank to avail itself of Applicant's expertise and resources, particularly in the specialized financing and fiduciary areas. Accordingly, considerations relating to the convenience and needs of the community to be served lend slight weight toward approval and outweigh any adverse competitive effects that may result from consummation of the proposal. Accordingly, the Board has determined that consummation of the transaction would be consistent with the public interest and that the application should be approved.

On the basis of the record, the application is approved for the reasons summarized above. The transaction shall not be made before the thirtieth calendar day following the effective date of this Order, unless such period is extended for good cause by the Board or by the Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago, acting pursuant to delegated authority.

By order of the Board of Governors, effective August 30, 1982.

Voting for this action: Chairman Volcker and Governors Martin, Wallich, Teeters, and Gramley. Absent and not voting: Governors Partee and Rice.

(Signed) WILLIAM W. WILES, Secretary of the Board.

[SEAL]

^{1.} All deposit data are as of December 31, 1981.

^{2.} See Order dated June 25, 1982, by the Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago.

^{3.} The Chicago banking market is defined as Cook, Du Page, and Lake Counties, all in Illinois.

ORDERS APPROVING APPLICATIONS UNDER THE BANK HOLDING COMPANY ACT AND BANK MERGER ACT

By the Board of Governors

During August 1982, the Board of Governors approved the applications listed below. Copies are available upon request to Publications Services, Division of Support Services, Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, Washington, D.C. 20551.

Section 3

Applicant	Bank(s)	Board action (effective date)
First American Bank Corporation, Kalamazoo, Michigan	Huron County Bank, Harbor Beach, Michigan	August 30, 1982
Mercantile Texas Corporation, Dallas, Texas	Abilene National Bank, Abilene, Texas	August 6, 1982
Security Pacific Corporation, Los Angeles, California	Postal Financial Corporation, Sioux City, Iowa	August 17, 1982
Texas Commerce Bancshares, Inc., Houston, Texas	Texas Commerce Bank-Westlake Park, N.A., Houston, Texas	August 16, 1982
U.S. Bancorp, Portland, Oregon	Pueblo Beneficial Industrial Bank, Pueblo, Colorado Colorado Springs Beneficial Industrial Bank, Colorado Springs, Colorado	August 31, 1982
	Trinidad Beneficial Industrial Bank, Trinidad, Colorado	

By Federal Reserve Banks

Recent applications have been approved by the Federal Reserve Banks as listed below. Copies of the orders are available upon request to the Reserve Banks.

Section 3

Applicant	Bank(s)	Reserve Bank	Effective date
Affiliated Bankshares of Colorado, Inc., Boulder, Colorado	The Littleton National Bank, Littleton, Colorado	Kansas City	July 29, 1982
Allied Bancshares, Inc., Houston, Texas Allied Irving Bancshares, Inc., Houston, Texas	Irving American Bancshares Corp., Irving, Texas	Dallas	August 23, 1982
American Security Bancshares, Inc., Welsh, Louisiana	American Bank, Welsh, Louisiana	Atlanta	July 29, 1982
AmSouth Bancorporation, Birmingham, Alabama	Citizens Bank of Talladega, Talladega, Alabama	Atlanta	August 20, 1982
Amsterdam Bancshares, Inc., Amsterdam, Missouri	Citizens Bank, Amsterdam, Missouri	Kansas City	August 17, 1982

Applicant	Bank(s)	Reserve Bank	Effective date
Antioch Holding Company, Antioch, Illinois	Wesco Investment Corporation, La Grange, Illinois	Chicago	July 30, 1982
The Banc of San Jacinto County Bancshares, Inc., Coldspring, Texas	The Bank of San Jacinto County, Coldspring, Texas	Dallas	August 6, 1982
Birnamwood Bancshares, Inc., Birnamwood, Wisconsin	The Bank of Birnamwood, Birnamwood, Wisconsin	Chicago	August 16, 1982
BOS Bancshares, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana	Bank of the South, Metairie, Louisiana	Atlanta	August 9, 1982
Bridgeport Banshares, Inc., Bridgeport, Nebraska	The Bridgeport State Bank, Bridgeport, Nebraska	Kansas City	August 19, 198
Cal Coast Bancorp, San Clemente, California	Mariners Bank, N.A., San Clemente, California	San Francisco	August 12, 1982
Capitol Bancorporation, Inc., Pierre, South Dakota	First National Bank in Pierre, Pierre, South Dakota	Minneapolis	August 11, 198
Carthage Bancshares, Inc., Carthage, Texas	First National Bank of Beckville, Beckville, Texas	Dallas	August 6, 1982
Celeste Bancshares, Inc., Celeste, Texas	The First National Bank of Celeste, Celeste, Texas	Dallas	August 11, 198
Central Bancorporation, Inc., Central Colorado Company, C.C.B., Inc., Denver, Colorado	General Bancorporation, Inc., Broomfield, Colorado	Kansas City	July 28, 1982
Central Bancshares, Inc., Glenmora, Louisiana	Central Bank & Trust Company, Glenmora, Louisiana	Atlanta	July 30, 1982
Central Wisconsin Bankshares, Inc., Wausau, Wisconsin	Tri-County State Bank of Marsh- field, Marshfield, Wisconsin	Chicago	August 16, 198
Charter Bancorporation, Inc., Newport, Minnesota	Stoughton State Bank, Stoughton, Wisconsin	Chicago	July 29, 1982
Chillicothe Bancshares, Inc., Chillicothe, Missouri	Community Bank, Chillicothe, Missouri	Kansas City	July 29, 1982
City Bancorp Inc., Murphysboro, Illinois	The City National Bank of Mur- physboro, Murphysboro, Illinois	St. Louis	July 30, 1982
Clark County Bancshares, Inc., Wyaconda, Missouri	Peoples Bank of Wyaconda, Wyaconda, Missouri	St. Louis	August 4, 1982
Colonial Bancshares, Inc., Des Peres, Missouri	The Colonial Bank, Des Peres, Missouri	St. Louis	August 16, 198
Columbus Corporation, Columbus, Indiana	Columbus Bank and Trust Company, Columbus, Indiana	Chicago	August 13, 198
Commercial Bancshares, Inc., West Liberty, Kentucky	Commercial Bank, West Liberty, Kentucky	Cleveland	August 4, 1982
Dunlap Iowa Holding Co., Dunlap, Iowa	Dunlap Savings Bank, Dunlap, Iowa	Chicago	August 16, 198
Eastern Iowa Secured Bancshares Corporation, Bettendorf, Iowa	Security State Trust and Savings Bank, Bettendorf, Iowa	Chicago	August 20, 198

Applicant	Bank(s)	Reserve Bank	
Edmonton Bancshares, Inc., Edmonton, Kentucky	Edmonton State Bank Edmonton, Kentucky	St. Louis	August 20, 1982
FBT Bancshares, Inc., Slidell, Louisiana	Fidelity Bank and Trust Company, Slidell, Louisiana	Atlanta	August 6, 1982
F.C.B., Inc., Alachua, Florida	First National Bank of Alachua, Alachua, Florida	Atlanta	August 4, 1982
Farmers & Merchants Bancshares, Inc., Beach, North Dakota	Farmers & Merchants Bank, Beach, North Dakota	Minneapolis	August 13, 1982
Farmers State Corporation of Mentone, Mentone, Indiana	Farmers State Bank, Mentone, Indiana	Chicago	August 12, 1982
Finlayson Bancshares, Inc., Finlayson, Minnesota	Farmers State Bank of Russell, Russell, Minnesota	Minneapolis	August 25, 1982
First Alabama Bancshares, Inc., Montgomery, Alabama	Cordova-Citizens Bank, Cordova, Alabama	Atlanta	August 23, 1982
First Bancorp of Kansas, Wichita, Kansas	First National Bank in Wichita Wichita, Kansas	Kansas City	August 19, 1982
First Bank Holding Company, Treasure Island, Florida	First Bank of Pinellas County, Treasure Island, Florida	Atlanta	August 13, 1982
First Bancorp of Belleville, Inc., Belleville, Illinois	Dupo State Savings Bank, Dupo, Illinois	St. Louis	August 4, 1982
First Busey Corporation, Urbana, Illinois	Roberts State Bank, Roberts, Illinois	Chicago	August 16, 1982
First Hogansville Bankshares, Inc., Hogansville, Georgia	The Citizens Bank Hogansville, Georgia	Atlanta	August 3, 1982
First La Porte Financial Corp., La Porte, Indiana	First National Bank and Trust Company of La Porte, La Porte, Indiana	Chicago	August 16, 1982
First National Bancshares of Winfield, Inc., Winfield, Kansas	The First National Bank of Winfield, Winfield, Kansas	Kansas City	August 13, 1982
First National Hoffman Bancorp, Inc., Hoffman Estates, Illinois	First National Bank of Hoffman Estates, Hoffman Estates, Illinois	Chicago	August 2, 1982
First Railroad & Banking Company of Georgia, Augusta, Georgia	First South Bankcorp, Columbus, Georgia	Atlanta	August 12, 1982
Frost BanCorporation, Inc., Frost, Minnesota	State Bank of Frost, Frost, Minnesota	Minneapolis	July 30, 1982
General Bancshares Corporation, St. Louis, Missouri	Belleville National Bank, Belleville, Illinois	St. Louis	August 18, 1982
Gibbon Bancorporation, Inc., Gibbon, Minnesota	Citizens State Bank of Gibbon, Gibbon, Minnesota	Minneapolis	August 6, 1982

Applicant	Bank(s)	Reserve Bank	Effective date
Guardian Banshares, Inc., Alliance, Nebraska Hemingford Banshares, Inc., Hemingford, Nebraska Hyannis Banshares, Inc., Hyannis, Nebraska Mullen Banshares, Inc., Mullen, Nebraska Thedford Banshares, Inc., Thedford, Nebraska	Bridgeport Banshares, Inc., Bridgeport, Nebraska	Kansas City	August 19, 1982
Hardee Banking Corporation, Wauchula, Florida	First National Bank of Wauchula, Wauchula, Florida	Atlanta	August 13, 1982
Harleysville National Corporation, Harleysville, Pennsylvania	Harleysville National Bank and Trust Company, Harleysville, Pennsylvania	Philadelphia	August 13, 1982
Hawkeye Bancorporation, Des Moines, Iowa	State Bank of Allison, Allison, Iowa	Chicago	August 17, 1982
Hillsboro Capital Corporation, Hillsboro, Kansas	The First National Bank, Hillsboro, Kansas	Kansas City	August 20, 1982
HNB Corporation, Huntsville, Texas	The Huntsville National Bank, Huntsville, Texas	Dallas	August 20, 1982
Hoosier Bancshares, Inc., Bloomington, Indiana	The Bloomington National Bank, Bloomington, Indiana	Chicago	July 30, 1982
Illini Community Bancgroup, Inc., Springfield, Illinois	American State Bank of Spring- field, Springfield, Illinois	Chicago	August 13, 1982
Illowa Bancorp, Inc., Savanna, Illinois	The National Bank of Savanna, Savanna, Illinois	Chicago	August 17, 1982
Kansas State Investments, Inc., Manhattan, Kansas	Kansas State Bancshares, Inc., Manhattan, Kansas	Kansas City	August 4, 1982
Kentucky Southern Bancorp, Inc., Bowling Green, Kentucky	The Citizens National Bank of Bowling Green, Bowling Green, Kentucky	St. Louis	August 4, 1982
LaPlace Bancshares, Inc., LaPlace, Louisiana	Bank of LaPlace of St. John the Baptist Parish, LaPlace, Louisiana	Atlanta	August 3, 1982
La Porte Bancorp, Inc., Hammond, Indiana	La Porte Bancorp, Inc., Hammond, Indiana	Chicago	August 23, 1982
Lexington Bancshares, Inc., Lexington, Nebraska	Lexington State Bank and Trust Company, Lexington, Nebraska	Kansas City	August 11, 1982
London Bancshare, Inc., London, Kentucky	London Bank & Trust Company, London, Kentucky	Cleveland	August 25, 1982
Lower Rio Grande Valley Bancshares, Inc., La Feria, Texas	The First National Bank of La Feria, La Feria, Texas The First National Bank of Mercedes, Mercedes, Texas Valley National Bank, Harlingen, Texas	Dallas	July 30, 1982

Applicant	Bank(s)	Reserve Bank	Effective date
Midstate Financial Corp.,	Hendricks County Bank and Trust	Chicago	July 28, 1982
Brownsburg, Indiana	Company,	C	•
	Brownsburg, Indiana		
Monte Vista Bank Corp.,	Bank of Monte Vista,	Kansas City	July 26, 1982
Monte Vista, Colorado	Monte Vista, Colorado	~ 1.	
Mt. Zion Bancorp, Inc.,	The Hight State Bank,	Chicago	August 13, 1982
Mt. Zion, Illinois	Dalton City, Illinois	an i	
NAPSUB Corporation,	The First Bank, Naperville,	Chicago	August 24, 1982
Chicago, Illinois	Naperville, Illinois	Minnesonalia	T1 20 1002
NBC Bancorporation, Inc., Newport, Minnesota	National Bank of Commerce in Mankato, Mankato, Minnesota	Minneapolis	July 29, 1982
NCNB Corporation,	Gulfstream Banks, Inc.,	Richmond	August 4, 1982
Charlotte, North Carolina	Boca Raton, Florida	Richmond	August 4, 1702
National City Corporation,	Ohio Citizens Bancorp, Inc.,	Cleveland	August 6, 1982
Cleveland, Ohio	Toledo, Ohio	Cicvelana	11ugust 0, 1702
New Great Lakes Financial, Inc.,	Union Bancorp, Inc.,	Chicago	August 20, 1982
Grand Rapids, Michigan	Grand Rapids, Michigan	cintugo	1148451 20, 1701
New Mexico Banquest Corpora-	The Bank of Northern New	Kansas City	August 16, 1982
tion.	Mexico,		
Santa Fe, New Mexico	Las Vegas, New Mexico		
Northern Trust Corporation,	NAPSUB Corporation,	Chicago	August 24, 1982
Chicago, Illinois	Chicago, Illinois		, , , ,
Oaklawn Financial Corporation,	Oaklawn Bank,	Dallas	August 16, 1982
Texarkana, Texas	Texarkana, Texas		
Olla Bancshares, Inc.,	The Olla State Bank,	Dallas	August 5, 1982
Olla, Louisiana	Olla, Louisiana		
Peoples Bancshares, Inc.,	Peoples Bank of Clifton,	Atlanta	August 17, 1982
Clifton, Tennessee	Clifton, Tennessee		
Perry Bancshares, Inc.,	Exchange Bank and Trust	Kansas City	July 27, 1982
Perry, Oklahoma	Company,		
	Perry, Oklahoma	o	
Provident Bancorp, Inc., Cincinnati, Ohio	The Midwest Bank and Trust Company, Cleveland, Ohio	Cleveland	August 26, 1982
Purdue National Corporation,	Purdue National Bank of Lafayette,	Chicago	August 12, 1982
Lafayette, Indiana	Lafayette, Indiana	Cincugo	11ugust 12, 1702
Royal Bancshares, Inc.,	Home State Bank,	Chicago	August 20, 1982
Royal, Iowa	Royal, Iowa		1148401 = 0, 190=
Salem Arkansas Bancshares Corpo-	Bank of Salem,	St. Louis	August 12, 1982
ration,	Salem, Arkansas		,
Salem, Arkansas			
Savanna Bancorp, Inc.,	Savanna State Bank,	Chicago	July 30, 1982
Savanna, Illinois	Savanna, Illinois	-	· /
Seafirst Corporation,	Western National Bank,	San Francisco	August 6, 1982
Seattle, Washington	Bothell, Washington		
Security Bancorp, Inc.,	Security Bank St. Clair Shores,	Chicago	August 9, 1982
Southgate, Michigan	St. Clair Shores, Michigan	-	= .
Sonny Wright,	Peoples National Bank of Com-	Atlanta	August 25, 1982
Miami, Florida	merce, Miami, Florida		

Applicant	Bank(s)	Reserve Bank	Effective date
SouthTrust Corporation, Birmingham, Alabama	Citizens Bank of Northport, Northport, Alabama	Atlanta	August 9, 1982
Southwest Bancshares, Inc., Houston, Texas	The First National Bank of Brenham, Brenham, Texas	Dallas	August 25, 1982
Southwest Florida Banks, Inc., Fort Myers, Florida	Peoples Bank of Pasco County, Elfers, Florida	Atlanta	August 11, 1982
State Bank of Bottineau Holding Company, Bottineau, North Dakota	State Bank of Bottineau, Bottineau, North Dakota	Minneapolis	August 13, 1982
State National Bancorp, Inc., Maysville, Kentucky	The State National Bank of Maysville, Maysville, Kentucky	Cleveland	August 11, 1982
Sunflower Bancshares, Inc., Riley, Kansas	The Riley State Bank of Riley, Riley, Kansas	Kansas City	August 19, 1982
Terry Bancshares, Inc., Terry, Montana	State Bank of Terry, Terry, Montana	Minneapolis	August 13, 1982
Town and Country Banshares, Inc., Newport, Minnesota	Town and Country Bank—Maplewood, Maplewood, Minnesota	Minneapolis	July 29, 1982
Treynor Bancshares, Inc., Treynor, Iowa	Treynor State Bank, Treynor, Iowa	Chicago	August 6, 1982
Trust Company of Georgia, Atlanta, Georgia	The Farmers Bank of Douglas, Douglas, Georgia The Farmers Bank of Locust Grove, Locust Grove, Georgia	Atlanta	August 24, 1982
Union Bancshares Corp., Bellevue, Ohio	The Union Bank & Savings Company, Bellevue, Ohio	Cleveland	August 12, 1982
United Bancorporation of Alabama, Inc.,	The Bank of Atmore, Atmore, Alabama	Atlanta	August 9, 1982
Atmore, Alabama	Peoples Bank of Frisco City, Frisco City, Alabama		
West Alabama Bancshares, Inc., Millport, Alabama,	Merchants & Farmers Bank Millport, Alabama	Atlanta	August 3, 1982
Western Indiana Bancorp, Covington, Indiana	Bank of Western Indiana, Covington, Indiana	Chicago	August 2, 1982
Worland Holding Company, Worland, Wyoming	The First National Bank in Worland, Worland,	Kansas City	August 9, 1982

Sections 3 and 4

Applicant	Bank(s)	Nonbanking company (or activity)	Reserve Bank	Effective date
First National Corporation of Jacksonville, Jacksonville, Alabama	on of Jacksonville, acksonville, Ala- Bank of Jacksonville, Ala- Jacksonville, Ala-		Atlanta	July 29, 1982
Pine River Holding Company, Pine River, Minne- sota	Pine River State Bank Pine River, Minne- sota	to engage in general in- surance activities in a community with a population not ex- ceeding 5,000	Minneapolis	August 4, 1982

Section 4

Applicant	Nonbanking company (or activity)	Reserve Bank	Effective date
Citizens and Southern Georgia Corporation, Atlanta, Georgia	Lloyd of Louisiana Finance Company, Inc., Harvey, Louisiana	Atlanta	July 30, 1982
Maryland National Corporation, Baltimore, Maryland	Central Industrial Bank, Aurora, Colorado	Richmond	August 30, 1982
Moore Financial Group, Boise, Idaho	FMA Thrift and Loan, Salt Lake City, Utah	San Francisco	August 4, 1982
Tekamah Agency Company, Tekamah, Nebraska	Wagner Data Center, Inc., Schuyler, Nebraska	Kansas City	August 13, 1982

ORDERS APPROVED UNDER BANK MERGER ACT

By Federal Reserve Banks

Applicant	Bank(s)	Reserve Bank	Effective date
American Bank and Trust Company, Lansing, Michigan	American Bank of Perry, Perry, Michigan	Chicago	August 11, 1982
The Connecticut Bank and Trust Company, Hartford, Connecticut	Orange National Bank, Orange, Connecticut	Boston	August 13, 1982

PENDING CASES INVOLVING THE BOARD OF GOVERNORS*

- *This list of pending cases does not include suits against the Federal Reserve Banks in which the Board of Governors is not named a party.
- Association of Data Processing Service Organizations, Inc., et al. v. Board of Governors, filed August 1982, U.S.C.A. for the District of Columbia.
- The Philadelphia Clearing House Association, et al. v. Board of Governors, filed July 1982, U.S.D.C. for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania.
- Richter v. Board of Governors, et al., filed May 1982, U.S.D.C. for the Northern District of Illinois.
- Montgomery v. Utah, et al., filed May 1982, U.S.D.C. for the District of Utah.
- Wyoming Bancorporation v. Board of Governors, filed May 1982, U.S.C.A. for the Tenth Circuit.
- First Bancorporation v. Board of Governors, filed April 1982, U.S.C.A. for the Tenth Circuit.
- Charles G. Vick v. Paul A. Volcker, et al., filed March 1982, U.S.D.C. for the District of Columbia.
- Jolene Gustafson v. Board of Governors, filed March 1982, U.S.C.A. for the Fifth Circuit.
- Christian Educational Association, Inc. v. Federal Reserve System, filed January 1982, U.S.D.C. for the Middle District of Florida.
- Option Advisory Service, Inc. v. Board of Governors, filed December 1981, U.S.C.A. for the Second Circuit.
- Edwin F. Gordon v. Board of Governors, et al., filed October 1981, U.S.C.A. for the Eleventh Circuit (two consolidated cases).
- Wendall Hall v. Board Governors, et al., filed September 1981, U.S.D.C. for the Northern District of Georgia.
- Allen Wolfson v. Board of Governors, filed September 1981, U.S.D.C. for the Middle District of Florida.

- Option Advisory Service, Inc. v. Board of Governors, filed September 1981, U.S.C.A. for the Second Circuit (two cases).
- Bank Stationers Association, Inc., et al. v. Board of Governors, filed July 1981, U.S.D.C. for the Northern District of Georgia.
- Public Interest Bounty Hunters v. Board of Governors, et al., filed June 1981, U.S.D.C. for the Northern District of Georgia.
- Edwin F. Gordon v. John Heimann, et al., filed May 1981, U.S.C.A. for the Fifth Circuit.
- First Bank & Trust Company v. Board of Governors, filed February 1981, U.S.D.C. for the Eastern District of Kentucky.
- 9 to 5 Organization for Women Office Workers v. Board of Governors, filed December 1980, U.S.D.C. for the District of Massachusetts.
- Securities Industry Association v. Board of Governors, et al., filed October 1980, U.S.D.C. for the District of Columbia.
- Securities Industry Association v. Board of Governors, et al., filed October 1980, U.S.C.A. for the District of Columbia.
- A. G. Becker, Inc. v. Board of Governors, et al., filed October 1980, U.S.D.C. for the District of Columbia.
- A. G. Becker, Inc. v. Board of Governors, et al., filed October 1980, U.S.C.A. for the District of Columbia.
- A. G. Becker, Inc. v. Board of Governors, et al., filed August 1980, U.S.D.C. for the District of Columbia.
- Berkovitz, et al. v. Government of Iran, et al., filed June 1980, U.S.D.C. for the Northern District of California.

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1.10 MONETARY AGGREGATES AND INTEREST RATES

ltem	19	81	19	82			1982		
	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July
	Monetary and credit aggregates (annual rates of change, seasonally adjusted in percent) ¹								
Reserves of depository institutions 1 Total 2 Required 3 Nonborrowed 4 Monetary base ²	3.4 2.4 7.5 3.7	3.1 3.5 10.9 2.7	7.5 7.1 9 7.8	.6 1.1 4.2 7.1	2.9 1.1 10.8 4.0	2.4 5.2 2.1 9.3	2.2 5 17.0 8.6	2.2 3.8 5 7.7	-1.6 -1.8 14.8 2.8
Concepts of money and liquid assets ³ 5 M1. 6 M2. 7 M3. 8 L	.3 8.3 11.2 11.9	5.7 8.9 9.3 10.7	10.4 9.8 8.7 10.3	3.3 9.5 10.7 n.a.	2.7 11.2 11.3 12.0	11.0 10.0 12.0 15.7	-2.4 10.7 11.3r n.a.	3 6.6 8.7 n.a.	5 9.7 12.7 n.a.
Time and savings deposits Commercial banks 9 Total. 10 Savings⁴ 11 Small-denomination time⁵ 12 Large-denomination time⁶ 13 Thrift institutions² 14	18.4 -22.7 24.3 36.0 2.6	8.3 -11.9 20.8 5.4 2.7	7.5 8.7 9.7 4.6 3.1	17.0 2.0 23.8 16.8 6.6	19.9 13.6 25.1 17.6 7.4	15.7 7 28.8 8.7 5.3	18.1 -1.5 20.8 24.0 9.9	17.2 -4.5 15.8 29.2 3.8	22.9 -21.8 29.1 36.7 10.3
14 Total loans and securities at commercial banks ⁸	8.7	3.6	2.6	8.6	8.2	8.8	8.2	5.6°	6.4
	1981		19	82		1982			
	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
			Inter	rest rates (l	evels, perce	nt per annı	ım)	•	,
Short-term rates 15 Federal funds ⁹ . 16 Discount window borrowing ¹⁰ 17 Treasury bills (3-month market yield) ¹¹ 18 Commercial paper (3-month) ^{11,12}	17.58 14.00 15.05 16.78	13.59 13.04 11.75 13.04	14.23 12.00 12.81 13.81	14.52 12.00 12.42 13.81	14.94 12.00 12.70 14.06	14.45 12.00 12.09 13.42	14.15 12.00 12.47 13.96	12.59 11.81 11.35 12.94	10.12 10.68 8.68 10.15
Long-term rates Bonds 19 U.S. government ¹³ 20 State and local government ¹⁴ 21 Aaa utility (new issue) ¹⁵ 22 Conventional mortgages ¹⁶	14.51 12.11 16.82 17.50	14.14 12.54 15.67 17.33	14.27 13.02 15.71 17.10	13.74 12.33 15.73 16.63	13.57 12.59 15.83 16.65	13.46 11.95 15.22 16.50	14.18 12.45 15.92 16.75	13.76 12.28 15.61 16.50	12.91 11.23 13.95 15.40

1. Unless otherwise noted, rates of change are calculated from average amounts

Unless otherwise noted, rates of change are calculated from average amounts outstanding in preceding month or quarter.
 Includes reserve balances at Federal Reserve Banks in the current week plus vault cash held two weeks earlier used to satisfy reserve requirements at all depository institutions plus currency outside the U.S. Treasury, Federal Reserve Banks, the vaults of depository institutions, and surplus vault cash at depository institu-

the vaults of depository institutions, and surplus vault cash at depository institutions.

3. M1: Averages of daily figures for (1) currency outside the Treasury, Federal Reserve Banks, and the vaults of commercial banks; (2) traveler's checks of non-bank issuers; (3) demand deposits at all commercial banks other than those due to domestic banks, the U.S. government, and foreign banks and official institution less cash items in the process of collection and Federal Reserve float; and (4) negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) and automatic transfer service (ATS) accounts at banks and thrift institutions, credit union share draft (CUSD) accounts, and demand deposits at mutual savings banks.

M2: M1 plus savings and small-denomination time deposits at all depository institutions, overnight repurchase agreements at commercial banks, overnight Eurodollars held by U.S. residents other than banks at Caribbean branches of member banks, and balances of money market mutual funds (general purpose and broker) dealer).

dealer).

M3: M2 plus large-denomination time deposits at all depository institutions and term RPs at commercial banks and savings and loan associations and balances of institution-only money market mutual funds.

L: M3 plus other liquid assets such as term Eurodollars held by U.S. residents other than banks, bankers acceptances, commercial paper, Treasury bills and other liquid Treasury securities, and U.S. savings bonds.

4. Savings deposits exclude NOW and ATS accounts at commercial banks and thrifts and CUSD accounts at credit unions.

- 5. Small-denomination time deposits—including retail RPs—are those issued in amounts of less than \$100,000.
- 6. Large-denomination time deposits are those issued in amounts of \$100,000 or
- more.
 7. Savings and loan associations, mutual savings banks, and credit unions.
 8. Changes calculated from figures shown in table 1.23. Beginning December 1981, growth rates reflect shifts of foreign loans and securities from U.S. banking offices to international banking facilities.
 9. Averages of daily effective rates (average of the rates on a given date weighted by the volume of transactions at those rates).
 10. Rate for the Federal Reserve Bank of New York.
 11. Outed on a bank discount basis.

- 10. Rate for the Federal Reserve Bank of New York.
 11. Quoted on a bank-discount basis.
 12. Unweighted average of offering rates quoted by at least five dealers.
 13. Market yields adjusted to a 20-year maturity by the U.S. Treasury.
 14. Bond Buyer series for 20 issues of mixed quality.
 15. Weighted averages of new publicly offered bonds rated Aaa, Aa, and A by Moody's Investors Service and adjusted to an Aaa basis. Federal Reserve comeditations.
- 16. Average rates on new commitments for conventional first mortgages on new homes in primary markets, unweighted and rounded to nearest 5 basis points, from Dept. of Housing and Urban Development.

NOTE. Revisions in reserves of depository institutions reflect the transitional phase-in of reserve requirements as specified in the Monetary Control Act of 1980.

A4 Domestic Financial Statistics September 1982

1.11 RESERVES OF DEPOSITORY INSTITUTIONS, RESERVE BANK CREDIT

Millions of dollars

		hly average aily figures			Weekl	y averages of	f daily figure	s for week e	nding	
Factors		1982					1982			
	June	July	Aug.	July 14	July 21	July 28	Aug. 4	Aug. 11	Aug. 18	Aug. 25
SUPPLYING RESERVE FUNDS										
1 Reserve Bank credit outstanding	152,140	153,521	153,812	153,060	155,478	152,591	153,431	153,769	154,854	153,812
2 U.S. government securities ¹ 3 Bought outright 4 Held under repurchase agreements 5 Federal agency securities 6 Bought outright 7 Held under repurchase agreements 8 Acceptances 9 Loans 10 Float 11 Other Federal Reserve assets 12 Gold stock 13 Special drawing rights certificate account	130,737 130,408 329 9,077 9,004 73 149 1,211 2,227 8,739 11,149 3,818	132,400 131,540 860 9,223 9,001 222 300 670 2,024 8,904 11,149 3,895	132,787 132,666 121 9,004 8,969 35 56 510 1,961 9,494 11,148 4,018	131,678 131,200 478 9,120 9,001 119 96 559 2,866 8,742 11,149 3,818	134,155 133,214 941 9,312 9,001 311 488 595 2,011 8,916 11,149 3,875	132,219 132,219 0 9,001 9,001 0 0 548 1,766 9,057 11,149 4,018	131,952 131,952 9,001 9,001 0 0 679 2,215 9,584 11,149 4,018 13,786	131,844 131,647 197 9,061 8,988 73 102 369 2,345 10,048 11,149 4,018	133,776 133,607 169 9,006 8,955 51 66 482 1,909 9,615 11,148 4,018 13,786	133,282 133,282 0 8,955 8,955 0 609 1,866 9,100 11,148 4,018
14 Treasury currency outstanding	13,774	13,785	13,786	13,786	13,786	13,786	13,760	13,786	13,780	13,786
15 Currency in circulation	146,504 464	147,850 429	148,218 416	148,804 432	147,916 424	147.124 419	147,485 417	148,558 416	148,763 414	148,098 416
17 Treasury	3,303 296 506	3,319 311 615	3,310 314 646	3,349 258 571	3,181 278 563	3,358 261 670	3,644 586 713	3,950 243 756	2,973 283 623	2,872 295 576
20 Required clearing balances	205	220	234	213	218	221	221	231	234	237
capital	5,373 24,230	5,280 24,326	5,246 24,380	5,195 22,991	5,449 26,260	5,330 24,160	5,364 23,955	5,267 23,302	5,284 25,233	5,210 25,059
	End-	of-month fi	gures	Wednesday figures						
		1982		1982						
	June	July	Aug.	July 14	July 21	July 28	Aug. 4	Aug. 11	Aug. 18	Aug. 25
SUPPLYING RESERVE FUNDS	440.003	153 540	152 (42	152.021	154 100	154 (7)	155 120	154 (99	154.660	157 (90
23 Reserve Bank credit outstanding	149,003 127,005	153,768 132,640	153,643 132,858	152,031 131,126	1 54,190 132,907	154,673 132,934	155,130 130,661	154,688 132,628	1 54,669 133,189	156,689 134,738
25 Bought outright	127,005	132,640	131,669 1,189	131,126	132,907	132,934 0 9,001	130,661 0 9,001	132,628 0 8,955	133,189 0 8,955	134,738
27 Federal agency securities	9,002 9,002 0	9,001 9,001 0	9,184 8,955 229	9,001 9,001 0	9,001 9,001 0	9,001	9,001 9,001 0	8,955 0	8,955 0	8,955 8,955 0
30 Acceptances 31 Loans 32 Float 33 Other Federal Reserve assets	1,638 2,545 8,813	0 458 1,713 9,956	565 449 1,446 9,141	651 2,326 8,927	750 2,474 9,058	1,470 2,093 9,175	2,209 3,250 10,009	416 2,501 10,188	935 2,477 9,113	1,637 2,156 9,203
34 Gold stock	11,149 3,818 13,781	11,149 4,018 13,786	11.148 4.018 13,786	11,149 3,818 13,786	11,149 4,018 13,786	11,149 4,018 13,786	11,149 4,018 13,786	11,148 4,018 13,786	11,148 4,018 13,786	11,148 4,018 13,786
Absorbing Reserve Funds										
37 Currency in circulation	147,134 460	147,051 418	148,310 418	148.856 426	147,747 421	147,547 418	148,345 415	149,259 415	148,824 414	148,132 416
39 Treasury 40 Foreign 41 Other 42 Required clearing balances	4,099 586 437 213	3,275 982 663 221	3,234 348 502 247	2,880 239 519 220	3,844 238 671 218	2.927 301 630 221	5,762 308 770 222	2,759 204 694 226	3,147 310 587 234	3,541 319 598 237
43 Other Federal Reserve liabilities and capital	4,837 19,985	5,359 24,752	4,791 24,745	4,990 22,654	5,214 24,790	5,127 26,455	5,116 23,145	5,005 25,078	5,084 25,021	5,042 27,356

Includes securities loaned—fully guaranteed by U.S. government securities pledged with Federal Reserve Banks—and excludes (if any) securities sold and scheduled to be bought back under matched sale-purchase transactions.

Note. For amounts of currency and coin held as reserves, see table 1.12.

^{2.} Excludes required clearing balances.

1.12 RESERVES AND BORROWINGS Depository Institutions

Millions of dollars

				Mon	thly average:	s of daily fig	ures				
Reserve classification	1980	1981				198	2				
	Dec.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug. p	
Reserve balances with Reserve Banks ¹ Total vault cash (estimated)	26,664 18,149	26,163 19,538	26,721 20,284	25,963 19,251	24,254 18,749	24,565 18,577	24,207 19,048	24,031 19,318	24,273 19,448	24,380 19,502	
reserve balances ² 4 Vault cash equal to required reserves at	12,602	13,577	14,199	13,082	12.663	12,709	12,972	13,048	13,105	13,256	
other institutions	704 4,843 44,940	2,178 3,783 45,701	2,290 3,795 47,005	2,235 3,934 45,214	2,313 3,773 43,003	2,284 3,584 43,142	2,373 3,703 43,255	2,488 3,782 43,349	2,486 3,857 43,721	2,449 3,797 43,883	
7 Reserve balances + total vault cash used to satisfy reserve requirements ^{4,5} 8 Required reserves (estimated) 9 Excess reserve balances at Reserve Banks ^{4,6} 10 Total borrowings at Reserve Banks 11 Seasonal borrowings at Reserve Banks 12 Extended credit at Reserve Banks	40,097 40,067 30 1,617 116 n.a.	41,918 41,606 312 642 53 149	43,210 42,785 425 1,526 75 197	41,280 40,981 299 1,713 132 232	39,230 38,873 357 1,611 174 309	39,558 39,284 274 1,581 167 245	39,552 39,192 360 1,105 237 177	39,567 39,257 310 1,205 239 103	39,864 39,573 291 669 225 46	40,086 39,861 225 510 119 94	
	Weekly averages of daily figures for week ending										
					198	82					
	June 23	June 30	July 7	July 14	July 21	July 28	Aug. 4	Aug. 11	Aug. 18	Aug. 25 <i>p</i>	
13 Reserve balances with Reserve Banks ¹	24,634 18,664	24,460 19,690	23,850 19,660	22,991 20,246	26,238 17,932	24,148 20,252	23.955 19,846	23,302 20,172	25,233 19,227	25,059 18,834	
reserve balances ²	12,824	13,380	13,292	13,456	12,238	13,623	13,520	13,372	13,003	12,889	
other institutions Surplus vault cash at other institutions ³ Reserve balances + total vault cash ⁴ Preserve balances + total vault cash used	2,327 3,513 43,298	2,492 3,818 44,150	2,578 3,790 43,510	2,663 4,127 43,237	2,179 3,515 44,170	2,597 4,032 44,400	2,520 3,806 43,801	2,814 3,986 43,474	2,397 3,827 44,460	2,362 3,583 43,894	
to satisfy reserve requirements	39,785 39,565 220 1,014 253 96	40,332 39,804 528 1,616 268 93	39,720 39,220 500 1,070 251 87	39,110 38,926 184 559 231 70	40.655 40,388 267 594 239 33	40,368 40,057 311 548 188 24	39,995 39,701 294 679 166 20	39,488 39,162 326 369 133 64	40,633 40,314 319 482 131 123	40,311 40,042 269 609 94 118	

As of Aug. 13, 1981, excludes required clearing balances of all depository institutions.
 Before Nov. 13, 1980, the figures shown reflect only the vault cash held by member banks.
 Total vault cash at institutions without required reserve balances less vault cash equal to their required reserves.
 Adjusted to include waivers of penalties for reserve deficiencies in accordance with Board policy, effective Nov. 19, 1975, of permitting transitional relief on a graduated basis over a 24-month period when a nonmember bank merged into an

existing member bank, or when a nonmember bank joins the Federal Reserve System. For weeks for which figures are preliminary, figures by class of bank do not add to total because adjusted data by class are not available.

5. Reserve balances with Federal Reserve Banks, which exclude required clearing balances plus vault cash at institutions with required reserve balances plus vault cash equal to required reserves at other institutions.

6. Reserve balances with Federal Reserve Banks, which exclude required clearing balances plus vault cash used to satisfy reserve requirements less required reserves. (This measure of excess reserves is comparable to the old excess reserve concept published historically.)

A6 Domestic Financial Statistics September 1982

1.13 FEDERAL FUNDS AND REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS Large Member Banks¹

Averages of daily figures, in millions of dollars

By maturity and source	1982, week ending Wednesday									
2,	June 30	July 7	July 14	July 21	July 28	Aug. 4	Aug. 11	Aug. 18	Aug. 25	
One day and continuing contract 1 Commercial banks in United States. 2 Other depository institutions, foreign banks and foreign official institutions, and U.S. government agencies. 3 Nonbank securities dealers.	49,784 21,892 4,219 22,321	57,255 21,520 3,877 21,118'	59.875 23,108 3,721 22,446	55,069 24,862 3,644 22,990	52,886 ^r 23,332 ^r 4,102 22,316 ^r	56,000 22,528 5,023 22,441	57,841 22,420 5,932 21,577	55,543 22,172 4,996 22,031	53,587 22,720 4,800 22,766	
All other maturities 5 Commercial banks in United States. 6 Other depository institutions, foreign banks and foreign official institutions, and U.S. government agencies. 7 Nonbank securities dealers. 8 All other	4,690 9,594 3,525 9,074	4,431 9,467 3,4047 8,7167	4,460 9,353 3,181 8,711	4,366 9,249 3,546 8,817	4,566 8,900 ^r 3,759 ^r 10,039 ^r	4,730 8,432 4,306 9,924	4,448 8,718 4,567 9,672	4,549 8,761 4,486 10,274	4,622 8,573 4,620 9,574	
MEMO: Federal funds and resale agreement loans in maturities of one day or continuing contract 9 Commercial banks in United States	17.864 4,426	19,389 4,029	20,610 3,831	20,415 4,327	21,930° 4,114°	24,491 4,725	23,906 4,409	23,823 4,521	25,607 5,101	

^{1.} Banks with assets of \$1 billion or more as of Dec. 31, 1977.

1.14 FEDERAL RESERVE BANK INTEREST RATES

Percent per annum

Current	and	previous	lavale
Current	anu	previous	icveis

					Extended credit ¹								
Federal Reserve Bank	Short-term adjustment credit and seasonal credit				First 60 days of borrowing		Next 90 days of borrowing		.50 days	Effective date			
	Rate on 8/31/82	Effective date	Previous rate	Rate on 8/31/82	Previous rate	Rate on 8/31/82	Previous rate	Rate on 8/31/82	Previous rate	for current rates			
Boston New York Philadelphia Cleveland Richmond Atlanta	10	8/27/82 8/27/82 8/27/82 8/27/82 8/30/82 8/27/82 8/27/82	10.5	10	10.5	11	11.5	12	12.5	8/27/82 8/27/82 8/27/82 8/30/82 8/27/82 8/27/82			
Chicago	10	8/27/82 8/27/82 8/27/82 8/27/82 8/27/82 8/27/82	10.5	10	10.5	11	11.5	12	12.5	8/27/82 8/27/82 8/27/82 8/27/82 8/27/82 8/27/82			

Range of rates in recent years2

Effective date	Range (or level)— All F.R. Banks	F.R. Bank of N.Y.	Effective date	Range (or level)— All F.R. Banks	F.R. Bank of N.Y.	Effective date	Range (or level)— All F.R. Banks	F.R. Bank of N.Y.
In effect Dec. 31, 1973. 1974— Apr. 25. 30. Dec. 9. 16. 1975— Jan. 6. 10. 24. Feb. 5. 7. Mar. 10. 14. May 16. 23. 1976— Jan. 19. 23. Nov. 22. 26. 1977— Aug. 30. 31. Sept. 2. Oct. 26.	7½ 7½-8 8 7¾-8 7¾-8 7¾-7¾ 7¼-7¾ 6¾-7¼ 6¾-6¾ 6¼-6¾ 65½-6 5½-5 5½-5 5¼-5¾ 5¼-5¾ 5¼-5¾ 6	7½ 8 8 7¾ 7¾ 7¼ 6¾ 6¾ 6¼ 66 6 5 5½ 5½ 5¼ 5¾ 5¾ 5¾	1978— Jan. 9 20 20 20 11 12 12 10 10 Aug. 21 20 20 10 13 1979— July 20 Aug. 17 20 20 Sept. 19 21 21 21 21 21 10 1980— Feb. 15 19 1980— Feb. 15 19 1980— Feb. 15 19 19 1980— Feb. 15 19	6-6 ¹ / ₂ 6 ¹ / ₂ 6 ¹ / ₂ 6 ¹ / ₂ 7 7 7-7 ¹ / ₄ 7 ¹ / ₄ 8 8-8 ¹ / ₂ 8 ¹ / ₂ 8 ¹ / ₂ 9 ¹ / ₂ 10 10-10 ¹ / ₂ 10 ¹ / ₂ -11 11 11 12 12 12 12 12-13 13 12-13	6½ 6½ 7 7 7¼ 7¼ 7¼ 8 8½ 8½ 9½ 9½ 10 10½ 10½ 11 11 11 12 12	1980— June 13	11-12 11 10-11 10 11 12 12-13 13 13-14 14 13-14 13 12 11.5-12 11.5-11.5 11-11.5 10.5 10-10.5	11 11 10 10 11 12 13 13 13 14 14 14 13 12 11.5 11.5 11 10.5 10

In 1980 and 1981, the Federal Reserve applied a surcharge to short-term adjustment credit borrowings by institutions with deposits of \$500 million or more that had borrowed in successive weeks or in more than 4 weeks in a calendar quarter. A 3 percent surcharge was in effect from Mar. 17, 1980, through May 7, 1980. There was no surcharge until Nov. 17, 1980, when a 2 percent surcharge was adopted; he surcharge was subsequently raised to 3 percent on Dec. 5, 1980, and to 4 percent on May 5, 1981. The surcharge was reduced to 3 percent effective Sept. 22, 1981, and to 2 percent effective Oct. 12, As of Oct. 1, the formula for applying the surcharge was changed from a calendar quarter to a moving 13-week period. The surcharge was eliminated on Nov. 17, 1981.

^{1.} Applicable to advances when exceptional circumstances or practices involve only a particular depository institution and to advances when an institution is under sustained liquidity pressures. See section 201.3(b)(2) of Regulation A.

2. Rates for short-term adjustment credit. For description and earlier data see the following publications of the Board of Governors: Banking and Monetary Statistics, 1914–1941 and 1941–1970; Annual Statistical Digest, 1970–1979, and 1980.

DEPOSITORY INSTITUTIONS RESERVE REQUIREMENTS 1.15

Percent of deposits

Type of deposit, and deposit interval in millions of dollars	before implem	requirements entation of the Control Act	Type of deposit, and deposit interval	Depository institution requirements after implementation of the Monetary Control Act ⁵		
	Percent	Effective date		Percent	Effective date	
Net demand ² 0-2 0-10 10-100 100-400 Over 400 Time and savings ^{2,3} Savings Time ⁴ 0-5. by maturity 30-179 days. 180 days to 4 years 4 years or more Over 5. by maturity 30-179 days. 180 days to 4 years 4 years or more	91/2 113/4 123/4 161/4 3 3 21/2 1	12/30/76 12/30/76 12/30/76 12/30/76 12/30/76 3/16/67 3/16/67 1/8/76 10/30/75 12/12/74 1/8/76 10/30/75	Net transaction accounts ^{6,7} \$0-\$26 million Over \$26 million Nonpersonal time deposits ⁸ By original maturity Less than 3½ years 3½ years or more Eurocurrency liabilities All types	12 3 0	11/13/80 11/13/80 4/29/82 4/29/82 11/13/80	

1. For changes in reserve requirements beginning 1963, see Board's Annual Statistical Digest, 1971–1975 and for prior changes, see Board's Annual Report for 1976, table 13. Under provisions of the Monetary Control Act, depository institutions include commercial banks, mutual savings banks, savings and loan associations, credit unions, agencies and branches of foreign banks, and Edge Act

corporations.

2. Requirement schedules are graduated, and each deposit interval applies to that part of the deposits of each bank. Demand deposits subject to reserve requirements were gross demand deposits minus cash items in process of collection and demand balances due from domestic banks.

The Federal Reserve Act as amended through 1978 specified different ranges of requirements for reserve city banks and for other banks. Reserve cities were designated under a criterion adopted effective Nov. 9, 1972, by which a bank having pet demand deposits of more than \$400 million was considered to have the character. ignated under a criterion anopted effective Nov. 9, 1972. by which a bank naving net demand deposits of more than \$400 million was considered to have the character of business of a reserve city bank. The presence of the head office of such a bank constituted designation of that place as a reserve city. Cities in which there were Federal Reserve Banks or branches were also reserve cities. Any banks having net demand deposits of \$400 million or less were considered to have the character of business of banks outside of reserve cities and were permitted to maintain reserves at ratios set for banks not in reserves cities.

business of banks outside of reserve cities and were permitted to maintain reserves at ratios set for banks not in reserve cities.

Effective Aug. 24, 1978, the Regulation M reserve requirements on net balances due from domestic banks to their foreign branches and on deposits that foreign branches lend to U.S. residents were reduced to zero from 4 percent and 1 percent respectively. The Regulation D reserve requirement on borrowings from unrelated banks abroad was also reduced to zero from 4 percent.

Effective with the reserve computation period beginning Nov. 16, 1978, domestic deposits of Edge corporations were subject to the same reserve requirements as deposits of member banks.

3. Negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts and time deposits such as Christmas and vacation club accounts were subject to the same requirements.

Christmas and vacation club accounts were subject to the same requirements as savings deposits.

The average reserve requirement on savings and other time deposits before implementation of the Monetary Control Act had to be at least 3 percent, the

implementation of the Monetary Control Act had to be at least 3 percent, the minimum specified by law.

4. Effective Nov. 2, 1978, a supplementary reserve requirement of 2 percent was imposed on large time deposits of \$100,000 or more, obligations of affiliates, and ineligible acceptances. This supplementary requirement was eliminated with the maintenance period beginning July 24, 1980.

Effective with the reserve maintenance period beginning Oct. 25, 1979, a marginal reserve requirement of 8 percent was added to managed liabilities in excess of a base amount. This marginal requirement was increased to 10 percent beginning Apr. 3, 1980, was decreased to 5 percent beginning June 12, 1980, and was reduced to zero beginning July 24, 1980. Managed liabilities are defined as large time deposits. Eurodollar borrowings, repurchase agreements against U.S.

government and federal agency securities, federal funds borrowings from non-member institutions, and certain other obligations. In general, the base for the marginal reserve requirement was originally the greater of (a) \$100 million or (b) the average amount of the managed liabilities held by a member bank, Edge corporation, or family of U.S. branches and agencies of a foreign bank for the two statement weeks ending Sept. 26, 1979. For the computation period beginning Mar. 20, 1980, the base was lowered by (a) 7 percent or (b) the decrease in an institution's U.S. office gross loans to foreigners and gross balances due from foreign offices of other institutions between the base period (Sept. 13–26, 1979) and the week ending Mar. 12, 1980, whichever was greater. For the computation period beginning May 29, 1980, the base was increased by 7½ percent above the base used to calculate the marginal reserve in the statement week of May 14–21, 1980. In addition, beginning Mar. 19, 1980, the base was reduced to the extent that foreign loans and balances declined. balances declined.

paiances declined.

5. For existing nonmember banks and thrift institutions at the time of implementation of the Monetary Control Act, the phase-in period ends Sept. 3, 1987. For existing member banks the phase-in period is about three years, depending on whether their new reserve requirements are greater or less than the old requirements. For existing agencies and branches of foreign banks, the phase-in ends Aug. 12, 1982. New institutions have a two-year phase-in beginning with the date that they open for business, except for those institutions having total reservable liabilities of \$50 million or more.

6. Transaction accounts include all deposits on which the account halds in the control of the con

of \$50 million or more.

6. Transaction accounts include all deposits on which the account holder is permitted to make withdrawals by negotiable or transferable instruments, payment orders of withdrawal, and telephone and preauthorized transfers (in excess of three per month) for the purpose of making payments to third persons or others.

7. The Monetary Control Act of 1980 requires that the amount of transaction accounts against which the 3 percent reserve requirement will apply be modified annually to 80 percent of the percentage increase in transaction accounts held by all depository institutions on the previous June 30. At the beginning of 1982 the amount was accordingly increased from \$25 million to \$26 million.

8. In general propersonal time deposits are time deposits including savings.

 In general, nonpersonal time deposits are time deposits, including savings deposits, that are not transaction accounts and in which the beneficial interest is deposits, that are not transaction accounts and in which the beneficial interest is held by a depositor that is not a natural person. Also included are certain transferable time deposits held by natural persons, and certain obligations issued to depository institution offices located outside the United States. For details, see section 204.2 of Regulation D.

The category of time deposit authorized by the Depository Institutions Deregulation Committee (DIDC), effective Sept. 1, 1982 (original maturity or required notice period of 7 to 31 days, required minimum deposit balance of \$20,000, and ceiling rate tied to the 91-day Treasury bill rate), is classified as a time deposit for reserve requirement jurgoes.

reserve requirement purposes.

NOTE. Required reserves must be held in the form of deposits with Federal Reserve Banks or vault cash. After implementation of the Monetary Control Act, nonmembers may maintain reserves on a pass-through basis with certain approved

NOTES TO TABLE 1.16

18. Effective Dec. 1, 1981, depository institutions were authorized to offer time 18. Effective Dec. 1, 1981, depository institutions were authorized to offer time deposits not subject to interest rate ceilings when the funds are deposited to the credit of, or in which the entire beneficial interest is held by, an individual pursuant to an IRA agreement or Keogh (H.R. 10) plan. Such time deposits must have a minimum maturity of 18 months, and additions may be made to the time deposit at any time before its maturity without extending the maturity of all or a portion of the balance of the account.

19. Effective May 1, 1982, depository institutions were authorized to offer negotiable or nonnegotiable time deposits with a minimum original maturity of 3½ years or more that are not subject to interest rate ceilings. Such time deposits have no minimum denomination, but must be made available in a \$500 denomination. Additional deposits may be made to the account during the first year without extending its maturity.

extending its maturity.

NOTE. Before Mar. 31, 1980, the maximum rates that could be paid by federally insured commercial banks, mutual savings banks, and savings and loan associations were established by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, the Board of Directors of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, and the Federal Home Loan Bank Board under the provisions of 12 CFR 217, 329, and 526 respectively. Title II of the Depository Institutions Deregulation and Monetary Control Act of 1980 (P.L. 96–221) transferred the authority of the agencies to establish maximum rates of interest payable on deposits to the Depository Institutions Deregulation Committee. The maximum rates on time deposits in denominations of \$100.000 or more with maturities of 30–89 days were suspended in June 1970; such deposits maturing in 90 days or more were suspended in May 1973. For information regarding previous interest rate ceilings on all types of accounts, see earlier issues of the Federal Reserve Bulletin, the Federal Home Loan Bank Board Journal, and the Annual Report of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

1.16 MAXIMUM INTEREST RATES PAYABLE on Time and Savings Deposits at Federally Insured Institutions Percent per annum

			Commercial	banks			ings and loan as savings banks (
Type a	and maturity of deposit	In effect August 31, 1982		Previous	maximum	In effect Aug	gust 31, 1982	Previous maximum	
		Percent	Effective date	Percent	Effective date	Percent	Effective date	Percent	Effective date
Time accounts	ler of withdrawal accounts ²	51/4 51/4	7/1/79 12/31/80	5 5	7/1/73 1/1/74	5½ 5¼	7/1/79 12/31/80	5½ 5	(¹) 1/1/74
3 14-89 days 14 90 days to 15 1 to 2 years 6 2 to 2½ yea 7 2½ to 4 yea 8 4 to 6 years 9 6 to 8 years 10 8 years of 11 Issued to go maturit 12 Individual r	year year year year year year year year		8/1/79 1/1/80 7/1/73 7/1/73 11/1/73 12/23/74 6/1/78	5 5½ 5½ 5½ 5¾ 5¾ (9) 7¼ (6)	7/1/73 7/1/73 1/21/70 1/21/70 1/21/70 	(°) 6 61/2 63/4 71/2 73/4 8	1/1/80 (¹) (¹) (¹) 11/1/73 12/23/74 6/1/78	(6) 53/4 53/4 6 6 (9) 71/2 (6)	(1) 1/21/70 1/21/70 1/21/70 1/21/70 11/1/73
Special varie 91-day time 14 6-month mo 12-month al	the ceiling rates by maturity deposits 13 ney market time deposits 14 savers certificates 15 less than 3½ years 16 th no ceiling rates	8 (13) (14) (15) (16)	6/1/78 (13) (14) (15) (16)	73/4 (13) (14) (15) (17)	7/6/77 (13) (14) (15) (17)	8 (13) (14) (15) (16)	6/1/78 (13) (14) (15) (16)	73/4 (13) (14) (15) (17)	(13) (14) (15) (17)
17 Individual r	operitement accounts and Keogh operation (18 months or more time deposits 19	(18)	(18) (19)	(18) (19)	(18)	(18) (19)	(18) (19)	(18) (19)	(18)

July 1, 1973, for mutual savings banks; July 6, 1973, for savings and loans.

1. July 1, 1973, for mutual savings banks; July 6, 1973, for savings and loans.
2. For authorized states only. Federally insured commercial banks, savings and loan associations, cooperative banks, and mutual savings banks in Massachusetts and New Hampshire were first permitted to offer negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts on Jan. 1, 1974. Authorization to issue NOW accounts was extended to similar institutions throughout New England on Feb. 27, 1976, in New York State on Nov. 10, 1978, and in New Jersey on Dec. 28, 1979. Authorization to issue NOW accounts was extended to similar institutions nationwide effective Dec. 31, 1980.

to issue NOW accounts was extended to similar institutions nationwide effective Dec. 31. 1980.

3. For exceptions with respect to certain foreign time deposits see the BULLETIN for October 1962 (p. 1279), August 1965 (p. 1084), and February 1968 (p. 167).

4. Effective Nov. 10. 1980, the minimum notice period for public unit accounts at savings and loan associations was decreased to 14 days and the minimum maturity period for time deposits at savings and loan associations in excess of \$100.000 was decreased to 14 days. Effective Oct. 30, 1980, the minimum maturity or notice period for time deposits was decreased from 30 to 14 days at mutual savings banks.

5. Effective Oct. 30, 1980, the minimum maturity or notice period for time deposits was decreased from 30 to 14 days at commercial banks.

6. No separate account category.

7. No minimum denomination. Until July 1, 1979, a minimum of \$1,000 was required for savings and loan associations, except in areas where mutual savings banks permitted lower minimum denominations. This restriction was removed for deposits maturing in less than 1 year, effective Nov. 1, 1973.

8. No minimum denomination. Until July 1, 1979, the minimum denomination was \$1,000 except for deposits representing funds contributed to an individual retirement account (IRA) or a Keogh (H.R. 10) plan established pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code. The \$1,000 minimum requirement was removed for such accounts in December 1975 and November 1976 respectively.

9. Between July 1, 1973, and Oct. 31, 1973, certificates maturing in 4 years or more with minimum denominations of \$1,000 had no ceiling; however, the amount of such certificates that an institution could issue was limited to 5 percent of its total time and savings deposits. Sales in excess of that amount, as well as certificates maturing in 4 years or more with minimum denomination on the amount of these certificates that banks can issue.

10. Accounts subject to fixed-rate ceilings. See footnote 8 for minimum denomination requirements.

11.

- 10. Accounts subject to incertate commences in a final on requirements.

 11. Effective Jan. 1, 1980, commercial banks are permitted to pay the same rate as thrifts on IRA and Keogh accounts and accounts of governmental units when such deposits are placed in the new 2½-year or more variable-ceiling certificates or in 26-week money market certificates regardless of the level of the Treasury bill
- or in 26-week money market certificates regardless of the level of the Treasury bilinate.

 12. Must have a maturity of exactly 26 weeks and a minimum denomination of \$10,000, and must be nonnegotiable.

 13. Effective May 1, 1982, depository institutions were authorized to offer time deposits that have a minimum denomination of \$7,500 and a maturity of 91 days. The ceiling rate of interest on these deposits is indexed to the discount rate (auction average) on most recently issued 91-day Treasury bills for thrift institutions and the discount rate minus 25 basis points for commercial banks. The rate differential ends 1 year from the effective date of these instruments and is suspended at any time the Treasury bill discount rate is 9% or below for four consecutive auctions. The maximum allowable rates in August (in percent) for commercial banks were as follows: August 3, 9,383; August 10, 9,775; August 17, 8,366; August 24, 7,48; August 18, 8,644; and for thrift institutions: August 3, 9,633; August 10, 10,025; August 17, 8,616; August 24, 7,748; August 31, 8,854.

 14. Commercial banks and thrift institutions were authorized to offer money market time deposits effective June 1, 1978. These deposits have a minimum denomination requirement of \$10,000 and a maturity of 26 weeks. The ceiling rate of interest on these deposits is indexed to the discount rate (auction average) on Digitized for Fnot be compounded. Effective for all 6-month money market certificates may http://fraser.stlouisfed.org/

beginning Nov. 1, 1981, depository institutions may pay rates of interest on these deposits indexed to the higher of (1) the rate for 26-week Treasury bills established immediately before the date of deposit (bill rate) or (2) the average of the four rates for 26-week Treasury bills established for the 4 weeks immediately before the date of deposit (4-week average bill rate). Ceilings are determined as follows:

Bill rate or 4-week

average bill rate
7.50 percent or below
Above 7.50 percent

Commercial bank ceiling

7.75 percent $\frac{1}{4}$ of 1 percentage point plus the higher of the bill rate or 4-week average bill rate

7.25 percent or below Above 7.25 percent, but below 8.50 percent or above, but below 8.75 percent 8.75 percent or above

7.75 percent 1/2 of 1 percentage point plus the higher of the bill rate or 4-week average bill rate

1/4 of 1 percentage point plus the higher of the bill rate or 4-week average bill rate

8.75 percent or above

V4 of 1 percentage point plus the higher of the bill rate or 4-week average bill rate

The maximum allowable rates in August for commercial banks and thrifts based on the bill rate were as follows: August 3, 10.921; August 10, 11.190; August 17, 10.071; August 24, 9.238; August 31, 9.996. The maximum allowable rates in August for commercial banks and thrifts based on the 4-week average bill rate were as follows: August 3, 11.614; August 10, 11.357; August 17, 10.952; August 24, 10.355; August 31, 10.123.

15. Effective Oct. 1, 1981, depository institutions are authorized to issue all savers certificates (ASCs) with a 1-year maturity and an annual investment yield equal to 70 percent of the average investment yield for 52-week U.S. Treasury bills as determined by the auction of 52-week Treasury bills held immediately before the calendar week in which the certificate is issued. A maximum lifetime exclusion of \$1,000 (\$2.000 on a joint return) from gross income is generally authorized for interest income from ASCs. The annual investment yield for ASCs issued in August (in percent) was as follows: August 8.8.96.

16. Effective Aug. 1, 1981, commercial banks may pay interest on any variable ceiling nonnegotiable time deposit with an original maturity of 2½ years to less than 4 years at a rate not to exceed ¼ of 1 percent below the average 2½-year yield for U.S. Treasury securities as determined and announced by the Treasury Department immediately before the date of deposit. Effective May 1, 1982, the maximum maturity for this category of deposits was reduced to less than 3½ years. Thrift institutions may pay interest on these certificates at a rate not to exceed the average 2½-year yield for Treasury securities as determined and announced by the Treasury Department immediately before the date of deposit. If the announced average 2½-year yield for Treasury securities is less than 9.50 percent, commercial banks may pay 92.52 percent and thrift institutions 9.50 percent for these deposits. These

Notes are continued on opposite page.

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A10 Domestic Financial Statistics September 1982

1.17 FEDERAL RESERVE OPEN MARKET TRANSACTIONS Millions of dollars

Tuna of target in	1979	1000	1001				1982			
Type of transaction	1979	1980	1981	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Арг.	May	June	July
U.S. GOVERNMENT SECURITIES										
Outright transactions (excluding matched transactions)										
Treasury bills 1 Gross purchases 2 Gross sales 3 Exchange 4 Redemptions 1 Treasury bills 1	15,998 6,855 0 2,900	7,668 7,331 0 3,389	13,899 6,746 0 1,816	0 2,756 0 600	1,017 868 0 0	474 995 0 600	4,149 0 0 0	595 519 0 400	1,559 0 200 0	1,905 1,175 - 200 200
Others within I year ¹ 5 Gross purchases 6 Gross sales 7 Maturity shift 8 Exchange 9 Redemptions	3,203 0 17,339 -11,308 2,600	912 0 12,427 -18,251 0	317 23 13,794 -12,869 0	0 0 542 0	20 0 2,633 -940 0	0 0 900 -1,479 0	132 0 333 -525 0	0 0 1,498 -2,541 0	0 0 988 -1,249 0	71 0 382 0 0
1 to 5 years 10 Gross purchases 11 Gross sales 12 Maturity shift 13 Exchange	2,148 0 -12,693 7,508	2,138 0 -8,909 13,412	1,702 0 -10,299 10,117	0 0 -542 0	50 0 -974 765	0 0 900 1,479	570 0 -333 525	0 0 -1,000 1,600	0 0 - 988 1,049	691 0 - 382 200
5 to 10 years 14 Gross purchases 15 Gross sales 16 Maturity shift 17 Exchange	523 0 -4,646 2,181	703 0 -3.092 2.970	393 0 -3,495 1,500	0 0 0 0	0 0 -1,659 100	0 0 0 0	81 0 0 0	0 0 -498 941	0 0 0 0	113 0 0 0
Over 10 years 18 Gross purchases 19 Gross sales 20 Maturity shift 21 Exchange	454 0 0 1,619	811 0 -426 1,869	379 0 0 1,253	0 0 0	0 0 0 75	0 0 0 0	52 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	123 0 0 0
All maturities ¹ 22 Gross purchases 23 Gross sales 24 Redemptions.	22,325 6,855 5,500	12,232 7,331 3,389	16,690 6,769 1,816	2,756 600	1,087 868 0	474 995 600	4,984 0 0	595 519 400	1,559 0 0	2,903 1,175 200
Matched transactions 25 Gross sales	627,350 624,192	674,000 675,496	589,312 589,647	51.132 51.717	28,033 28,258	38,946 38,650	44.748 44.759	36,047 36,790	41,509 37,548	54,646 58,753
Repurchase agreements 27 Gross purchases	107,051 106,968	113,902 113,040	79,920 78,733	12,962 12,914	18,656 21,919	8,595 6,998	18,396 14,724	10,155 15,424	5,332 5,332	18,267 18,267
29 Net change in U.S. government securities	6,896	3,869	9,626	-2,724	- 2,820	179	8.667	-4,850	-2,402	5,636
PEDERAL AGENCY OBLIGATIONS Outright transactions 30 Gross purchases 31 Gross sales 32 Redemptions.	853 399 134	668 0 145	494 0 108	0 0 68	0 0 32	0 0 13	0 0 5	0 0 1	0 0 6	0 0 1
Repurchase agreements 33 Gross purchases	37,321 36,960	28,895 28,863	13,320 13,576	800 935	872 1,006	554 471	2,033 1,119	1,305 2,301	831 831	4,389 4,389
35 Net change in federal agency obligations	681	555	130	- 203	- 166	70	909	-997	-6	-1
BANKERS ACCEPTANCES										
36 Repurchase agreements, net	116	73	- 582	402	- 597	488	280	- 768	0	0
37 Total net change in System Open Market Account	7,693	4,497	9,175	- 2,524	-3,583	737	9,856	- 6,615	- 2,408	5,634

^{1.} Both gross purchases and redemptions include special certificates created when the Treasury borrows directly from the Federal Reserve, as follows (millions of dollars): March 1979, 2,600.

NOTE. Sales, redemptions, and negative figures reduce holdings of the System Open Market Account; all other figures increase such holdings. Details may not add to totals because of rounding.

1.18 FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS Condition and Federal Reserve Note Statements Millions of dollars

			Wednesday]	End of month	
Account			1982				1982	
	July 28	Aug. 4	Aug. 11	Aug. 18	Aug. 25	June	July	Aug.
			Cor	isolidated con	dition stateme	ent		
Assets								
1 Gold certificate account 2 Special drawing rights certificate account 3 Coin	11,149 4,018 425	11,149 4,018 421	11,148 4,018 424	11.148 4.018 425	11,148 4,018 426	11,149 3,818 415	11,149 4,018 432	11,148 4,018 432
Loans 4 To depository institutions	1,470 0	2,209	416 0	935 0	1,637	1,638	458 0	449 0
Acceptances 6 Held under repurchase agreements	0	o	0	0	0	0	0	565
Federal agency obligations 7 Bought outright 8 Held under repurchase agreements U.S. government securities Bought outright	9.001 0	9,001 0	8,955 0	8.955 0	8.955 0	9,002 0	9,001 0	8,955 229
9 Bills	52,652 62,018 18,264 132,934 0	50,379 62,018 18,264 130,661 0	52,346 62,018 18,264 132,628 0	52.907 62,018 18,264 133.189	54,456 62,018 18,264 134,738 0	47,921 60,943 18,141 127,005 0	52,358 62,018 18,264 132,640 0	51,387 62,018 18,264 131,669 1,189
14 Total U.S. government securities	132,934 143,405	130,661 141,871	132,628 141,999	133,189 143,079	134,738 145,330	127,005 137,645	132,640 142,099	132,858 143,056
16 Cash items in process of collection	7,743	9,744	8,057	8,533	8.046	9,603	8,220	9,680
17 Bank premises Other assets 18 Denominated in foreign currencies ²	529 4,604 4,042	528 5,406 4,075	531 5,427 4,230	530 5.435 3,148	534 5,439 3,230	521 4,779 3,513	528 5,405 4,023	534 4,959 3,648
20 Total assets	175,915	177,212	175,834	176,316	178,171	171,443	175,874	177,475
LIABILITIES								
21 Federal Reserve notes	134,604	135,395	136,312	135.877	135,188	134,228	134.115	135,374
22 Depository institutions 23 U.S. Treasury—General account 24 Foreign—Official accounts. 25 Other	26,676 2,927 301 630	23,367 5,762 308 770	25,305 2,759 204 693	25,255 3,147 310 587	27,594 3,541 319 597	20,198 4,099 586 437	24,974 3,275 982 662	24,993 3,234 348 501
26 Total deposits	30,534	30,207	28,961	29,299	32,051	25,320	29,893	29,076
27 Deferred availability cash items	5,650 2,149	6,494 2,066	5,556 2,029	6,056 2,113	5,890 2,065	7,058 2,079	6,507 2,197	8,234 1,805
29 Total liabilities	172,937	174,162	172,858	173,345	175,194	168,685	172,712	174,489
CAPITAL ACCOUNTS 30 Capital paid in	1,334 1,278 366	1,333 1,278 439	1,336 1,278 362	1,336 1,278 357	1,337 1,278 362	1,327 1,278 153	1,336 1,278 548	1,337 1,278 371
33 Total liabilities and capital accounts	175,915	177,212	175,834	176,316	178,171	171,443	175,874	177,475
34 MEMO: Marketable U.S. government securities held in custody for foreign and international account	95,851	97,888	95,821	95,158	94,497	96,122	95,684	94,780
			Fe	deral Reserve	note stateme	nt		
35 Federal Reserve notes outstanding (issued to bank) 36 Less: Held by bank ⁵	155,083 20,479 134,604	155,353 19,958 135,395	155,380 19,068 136,312	155,426 19,549 135,877	155,690 20,502 135,188	154,036 19,808 134,228	155,017 20,902 134,115	155,800 20,426 135,374
38 Gold certificate account 39 Special drawing rights certificate account 40 Other eligible assets	11,149 4,018 0	11,149 4,018 0	11,148 4,018 0	11,148 4.018 0	11,148 4,018 0	11,149 3,818 39	11.149 4.018 0	11,148 4,018 0
41 U.S. government and agency securities	119,437 134,604	120,228 135,395	121,146 136,312	120.711 135,877	120,022 135,188	119,222 134,228	118,948 134,115	120,208 135,374
	L	L	L					

3. Includes special investment account at Chicago of Treasury bills maturing within 90 days.
4. Includes exchange-translation account reflecting the monthly revaluation at market exchange rates of forcign-exchange commitments.
5. Beginning September 1980, Federal Reserve notes held by the Reserve Bank are exempt from the collateral requirement.

^{1.} Includes securities loaned—fully guaranteed by U.S. government securities pledged with Federal Reserve Banks—and excludes (if any) securities sold and scheduled to be bought back under matched sale-purchase transactions.

2. Includes U.S. government securities held under repurchase agreement against receipt of foreign currencies and foreign currencies warehoused for the U.S. Treasury. Assets shown in this line are revalued monthly at market exchange rates.

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1.19 FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS Maturity Distribution of Loan and Security Holdings Millions of dollars

			Wednesday			End of month			
Type and maturity groupings			1982				1982	*	
	July 28	Aug. 4	Aug. 11	Aug. 18	Aug. 25	June 30	July 31	Aug. 31	
1 Loans—Total	1,470	2,209	416	935	1,637	1,638	458	449	
	1,432	2,108	342	920	1,612	1,585	383	411	
	38	99	74	15	25	53	75	38	
	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	
5 Acceptances—Total. 6 Within 15 days. 7 16 days to 90 days. 8 91 days to 1 year.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	565	
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	565	
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
9 U.S. government securities—Total 10 Within 15 days¹ 11 16 days to 90 days 12 91 days to 1 year 13 Over 1 year to 5 vears 14 Over 5 years to 10 years 15 Over 10 year	132,934	130.661	132.628	133,189	134,738	127,005	132,640	132,858	
	6,006	7,401	7.614	5,424	8,316	2,316	4,374	3,911	
	26,242	21,963	24,845	25,296	23,832	25,432	27,562	25,870	
	34,756	34,643	33,514	37,873	37,994	34,454	34,775	38,554	
	38,217	38,941	38,942	36,047	36,047	37,326	38,216	35,974	
	10,830	10,830	10,830	12,267	12,267	10,717	10,830	12,267	
	16,883	16,883	16,883	16,282	16,282	16,760	16,883	16,282	
16 Federal agency obligations—Total 17 Within 15 days! 18 16 days to 90 days 19 91 days to 1 year 20 Over 1 year to 5 years 21 Over 5 years to 10 years 22 Over 10 years	9.001	9,001	8.955	8,955	8.955	9,002	9,001	9,184	
	174	47	117	197	81	184	174	345	
	524	607	491	410	410	443	524	407	
	1.593	1,637	1.637	1,638	1.861	1,629	1,593	1,829	
	5,305	5,305	5.305	5,305	5.228	5,316	5,305	5,228	
	902	902	902	902	872	927	902	872	
	503	503	503	503	503	503	503	503	

^{1.} Holdings under repurchase agreements are classified as maturing within 15 days in accordance with maximum maturity of the agreements.

1.20 BANK DEBITS AND DEPOSIT TURNOVER

Debits are shown in billions of dollars, turnover as ratio of debits to deposit. Monthly data are at annual rates.

Bank group, or type of customer	1979	1980	1981			1982		
Same group, or type or transfer				Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
			Debits to d	lemand depos	ts1 (seasonall	y adjusted)		
All commercial banks Major New York City banks Other banks	49,775.0 18,512.7 31,262.3	63,013.4 25,192.5 37,820.9	80,059.7 33,642.7 46,417.0	85,274.3 35,983.8 49,290.5	83,617.4 34,218.3 49,399.1	83,404.1 35,238.0 48,166.1	87,488.1 37,379.7 50,108.4	88,259.6 37,016.6 51,243.0
			Debits to sa	vings deposits	not seasona	lly adjusted)		
4 ATS/NOW ³ . 5 Business ⁴ 6 Others ⁵ . 7 All accounts	83.3 77.3 515.2 675.8	158.4 93.4 605.3 857.2	741.3 112.1 582.2 1,435.6	836.7 95.2 534.8 1,466.7	935.4 115.4 586.9 1.637.6	1.072.5 103.0 609.6 1.785.1	929.0 90.2 570.4 1,589.6	1,069.9 107.6 593.4 1,770.9
	1		Demand d	leposit turnov	er1 (seasonally	adjusted)		
All commercial banks. Major New York City banks. Other banks.	163.5 646.2 113.3	201.6 813.7 134.3	281.4 1,100.5 182.8	307.1 1,252.1 198.0	304.7 1,211.7 200.7	301.3 1,255.3 193.7	315.8 1,292.8 202.0	322.7 1.326.4 208.6
		•	Savings dep	osit turnover ²	(not seasona	lly adjusted)		
11 ATS/NOW ³ . 12 Business ⁴ 13 Others ⁵ . 14 All accounts	7.8 7.2 2.7 3.1	9.7 9.3 3.4 4.2	14.2 12.3 3.7 6.6	13.0 12.1 3.6 6.6	14.2 14.6 3.9 7.3	15.4 13.2 4.0 7.8	14.0 11.4 3.8 7.1	15.8 13.5 3.9 7.8

commercial banks but including savings and loan associations, mutual savings banks, credit unions, the Export-Import Bank, and federally sponsored lending agencies).

5. Savings accounts other than NOW; business; and, from December 1978, ATS.

Note. Historical data for the period 1970 through June 1977 have been estimated; these estimates are based in part on the debits series for 233 SMSAs, which were available through June 1977. Back data are available from Publications Services. Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, Washington, D.C. 20551. Debits and turnover data for savings deposits are not available before July 1977.

Represents accounts of individuals, partnerships, and corporations, and of states and political subdivisions.
 Excludes special club accounts, such as Christmas and vacation clubs.
 Accounts authorized for negotiable orders of withdrawal (NOW) and accounts authorized for automatic transfer to demand deposits (ATS). ATS data availability starts with December 1978.
 Represents corporations and other profit-secking organizations (excluding

1.21 MONEY STOCK MEASURES AND COMPONENTS

Billions of dollars, averages of daily figures

	1978	1979	1980	1981			1982		
Item	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July
				Sea	sonally adju	sted			
Measures ¹									
1 M1	363.2 1,403.9 1,629.0 1,938.9	389.0 1,518.9 1,779.4 2,153.9	414.5 1,656.2 1,963.1 2,370.4	440.9 1,822.7 2,188.1 2,642.8	448.3 1,865.2 2,235.8 2,716.8	452.4 1,880.7 2,258.1 2,752.3	451.5 1,897.5 2,279.3' n.a.	451.4 <i>r</i> 1,907.9 <i>r</i> 2,295.9 <i>r</i> n.a.	451.2 1,923.3 2,320.2 n.a.
SELECTED COMPONENTS	07.4	106.1	11/ 2	122.1	125.1	126.2	107.4	120.4	120.0
5 Currency. 6 Traveler's checks ³ . 7 Demand deposits. 8 Other checkable deposits ⁵ . 9 Savings deposits ⁴ . 10 Small-denomination time deposits ⁵ . 11 Large-denomination time deposits ⁶ .	97.4 3.5 253.9 8.4 479.9 533.9 194.6	106.1 3.7 262.2 16.9 421.7 652.6 221.8	116.2 4.2 267.2 26.9 398.9 751.7 257.9	123.1 4.3 236.4 77.0 343.6 854.7 300.3	125.1 4.4 233.0 85.8' 350.7 869.9 312.6	126.3 4.4 233.0 88.6 350.5 881.6 317.2	127.4 4.5 232.7' 87.0 350.9 894.1 321.6'	128.4 4.5 231.0 87.5 349.9 900.9 ^r 328.3 ^r	128.8 4.4 230.6 87.4 344.0 919.7 335.5
				Not s	easonally ad	justed		•	
Measures ¹			•				***		
12 M1	372.5 1,408.5 1,637.5 1,946.6	398.8 1,524.7 1,789.2 2,162.8	424.6 1,662.5 1,973.9 2,380.2	451.2 1,829.4 2,199.9 2,653.8	440.0 1,861.9 2,237.4 2,722.8	455.5 1,887.9 2,266.1 2,762.9	445.1 1,888.9 2,269.37 n.a.	450.5 ^r 1,906.3 ^r 2,290.0 ^r n.a.	454.0 1,924.7 2,314.1 n.a.
SELECTED COMPONENTS									
16 Currency. 17 Traveler's checks ³ 18 Demand deposits. 19 Other checkable deposits ⁷ . 20 Overnight RPs and Eurodollars ⁸ . 21 Savings deposits ⁴ . 22 Small-denomination time deposits ⁵ . Money market mutual funds 23 General purpose and broker/dealer	99.4 3.3 261.5 8.4 24.1 478.0 531.1	108.2 3.5 270.1 17.0 26.3 420.5 649.7	118.3 3.9 275.1 27.2 35.0 398.0 748.9 61.9	125.4 4.1 243.3 78.4 38.1 343.0 851.7	123.8 4.2 228.2 83.8 43.0 346.1 879.6	125.6° 4.2 236.1 89.5 40.4 348.1 888.1	127.2 4.3 228.3 85.4 42.8 347.4 895.3	128.3 4.7 230.4 ^r 87.2 ^r 43.0 ^r 347.9 902.3	129.8 4.9 231.5 87.9 43.4 348.3 914.1
25 Unstitution only 26 Large-denomination time deposits 27 Large-denomination time deposits 28 Large-denomination time deposits 29 Large-denomination time deposits 20 Large-denomination time denomination time d	3.1 198.6	9.3 226.0	13.9 262.3	33.7 305.4	31.5 317.4	31.5 317.9	32.8 320.3	33.7 323.8	36.7 328.0

1. Composition of the money stock measures is as follows:

M1: Averages of daily figures for (1) currency outside the Treasury, Federal Reserve Banks, and the vaults of commercial banks; (2) traveler's checks of non-bank issuers; (3) demand deposits at all commercial banks other than those due to domestic banks, the U.S. government, and foreign banks and official institutions less cash items in the process of collection and Federal Reserve float; and (4) negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) and automatic transfer service (ATS) accounts at banks and thrift institutions, credit union share draft (CUSD) accounts, and demand deposits at mutual savings banks.

M2: M1 plus savings and small-denomination time deposits at all depository institutions, overnight repurchase agreements at commercial banks, overnight Eurodollars held by U.S. residents other than banks at Caribbean branches of member banks, and balances of money market mutual funds (general purpose and broker/dealer).

banks, and balances of money market mutual runds (general purpose and ofoxer/dealer).

M3: M2 plus large-denomination time deposits at all depository institutions, term RPs at commercial banks and savings and loan associations, and balances of institution-only money market mutual funds.

2. L: M3 plus other liquid assets such as term Eurodollars held by U.S. residents other than banks, bankers acceptances, commercial paper, Treasury bills and other liquid Treasury securities, and U.S. savings bonds.

3. Outstanding amount of U.S. dollar-denominated traveler's checks of nonbank issuers.

issuers.

4. Savings deposits exclude NOW and ATS accounts at commercial banks and thrift institutions and CUSDs at credit unions.

5. Small-denomination time deposits—including retail RPs—are those issued in amounts of less than \$100,000.
6. Large-denomination time deposits are those issued in amounts of \$100,000 or more and are net of the holdings of domestic banks, thrift institutions, the U.S. government, money market mutual funds, and foreign banks and official institutions.
7. Includes ATS and NOW balances at all institutions, credit union share draft balances, and demand deposits at mutual savings banks.
8. Overnight (and continuing contract) RPs are those issued by commercial banks to other than depository institutions and money market mutual funds (general purpose and broker/dealer), and overnight Eurodollars are those issued by Caribbean branches of member banks to U.S. residents other than depository institutions and money market mutual funds (general purpose and broker/dealer).

Note. Latest monthly and weekly figures are available from the Board's H.6 (508) release. Back data are available from the Banking Section, Division of Research and Statistics, Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, Washington, D.C. 20551.

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AGGREGATE RESERVES OF DEPOSITORY INSTITUTIONS AND MONETARY BASE

Billions of dollars, averages of daily figures

Item	1978	1979	1980	1981				19	82			
nem	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
				· ·		Season	ally adjus	ted				
ADJUSTED FOR CHANGES IN RESERVE REQUIREMENTS ² 1 Total reserves ³ 2 Nonborrowed reserves 3 Required reserves 4 Monetary base ⁴	35.08 34.22 34.85 134.7	36.37 34.90 36.04 145.0	39.01 37.32 38.49 158.0	40.53 39.89 40.21 165.8	41.28 39.76 40.86 167.4	40.93 39.14 40.62 167.9	41.09 39.53 40.73 168.5	41.18 39.61 40.91 169.8	41.33 40.21 40.97 171.0	41.44 40.24 41.13 172.1	41.45 40.75 41.12 172.6	41.85 41.34 41.54 173.7
						Not seaso	onally adj	usted				
5 Total reserves 6 Nonborrowed reserves 7 Required reserves 8 Monetary base ⁴ NOT ADJUSTED FOR CHANGES IN RESERVE REQUIREMENTS ⁵	35.66 34.80 35.43 137.4	36.97 35.50 36.65 147.9	39.70 38.01 39.19 161.0	41.26 40.63 40.94 168.9	42.70 41.18 42.28 168.5	40.74 38.95 40.44 166.1	40.53 38.98 40.18 166.5	41.09 39.52 40.81 168.9	40.98 39.87 40.63 170.4	40.88 39.68 40.57 171.5	41.31 40.61 40.98 173.4	41.50 40.99 41.18 173.9
9 Total reserves 10 Nonborrowed reserves 11 Required reserves 12 Monetary base ⁴	41.68 40.81 41.45 144.6	43.91 42.43 43.58 156.2	40.66 38.97 40.15 162.4	41.92 41.29 41.60 169.7	43.20 41.69 42.78 169.1	41.29 39.50 40.98 166.8	39.23 37.68 38.88 165.4	39.56 37.99 39.28 167.6	39.55 38.43 39.19 169.2	39.57 38.36 39.26 170.4	39.99 39.29 39.65 172.4	40.19 41.50 39.87 172.9

Note. Latest monthly and weekly figures are available from the Board's H.3(502) statistical release. Back data and estimates of the impact on required reserves and changes in reserve requirements are available from the Banking Section, Division of Research and Statistics, Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, Washington, D.C. 20551.

^{1.} Reserve measures from November 1980 to date reflect a one-time increase—estimated at \$550 million to \$600 million—in required reserves associated with the reduction of week-end avoidance activities of a few large banks.

2. Reserve aggregates include required reserves of member banks and Edge Act corporations and other depository institutions. Discontinuities associated with the implementation of the Monetary Control Act, the inclusion of Edge Act corporation reserves, and other changes in Regulation D have been removed.

3. Reserve balances with Federal Reserve Banks (which exclude required clearing balances) plus vault cash at institutions with required reserve balances plus vault cash equal to required reserves at other institutions.

4. Includes reserve balances and required clearing balances at Federal Reserve Banks in the current week plus vault cash held two weeks earlier used to selfs. Treasury, Federal Reserve Banks, the vaults of depository institutions, and surplus vault cash at depository institutions.

^{5.} Reserves of depository institutions series reflect actual reserve requirement percentages with no adjustments to eliminate the effect of changes in Regulation D, including changes associated with the implementation of the Monetary Control Act. Includes required reserves of member banks and Edge Act corporations and, beginning Nov. 13, 1980, other depository institutions. Under the transitional phase-in program of the Monetary Control Act of 1980, the net changes in required reserves of depository institutions have been as follows: effective Nov. 13, 1980, a reduction of \$2.8 billion; Feb. 12, 1981, an increase of \$245 million; Mar. 12, 1981, an increase of \$755 million; May 14, 1981, an increase of \$245 million; Aug. 13, 1981, an increase of \$245 million; Aug. 14, 1981, an increase of \$1.3 billion; and Nov. 19, 1981, an increase of \$220 million.

LOANS AND SECURITIES All Commercial Banks 1 1.23

Billions of dollars; averages of Wednesday figures

	_											
	1981			1982			1981			1982		
Category	Dec. ²	Mar. ²	Apr. ²	May ²	June ²	July ²	Dec. ²	Mar. ²	Apr. ²	May ²	June ²	July ²
			Seasonally	adjusted				1	Not seasona	lly adjusted	i	
1 Total loans and securities ³	1,316.3	1,342.55	1,352.6	1,361.9	1,368.7	1,376.1	1,326.1	1,337.35	1,351.4	1,355.9	1,366.2	1,370.4
2 U.S. Treasury securities	111.0 231.4 973.9	114.4 ⁵ 233.1 ⁵ 995.0 ⁵	116.6 234.0 1,002.0	116.3 234.9 1,010.7	115.8 235.9 1,017.0	116.5 235.9 1.023.7	111.4 232.8 981.8	116.1 ⁵ 232.6 ⁵ 988.6 ⁵	118.7 234.0 998.7	115.8 235.1 1,005.0	116.1 235.6 1,014.5	115.6 234.7 1,020.1
loans. 6 Real estate loans. 7 Loans to individuals. 8 Security loans. 9 Loans to nonbank financial	358.0 285.7 185.1 21.9	370.0 292.3 ⁵ 186.4 20.9	373.1 293.9 186.9 20.9	378.8 295.5 187.4 20.6	383.4 297.3 188.3 19.5	386.7 297.5 189.2 21.0	360.1 286.8 186.4 22.7	369.0 291.5 ⁵ 184.7 20.3	375.2 293.0 185.6 20.9	378.9 294.4 186.2 19.8	382.7 295.8 187.5 20.5	385.5 296.6 188.3 20.5
10 Agricultural loans	30.2 33.0 12.7 47.2	32.7 34.3 13.1 45.3	33.3 34.4 13.1 46.5	33.2 34.5 13.1 47.5	33.6 34.5 13.1 47.4	33.9 34.7 13.2 47.4	31.2 33.0 12.7 49.2	32.2 33.6 13.1 44.2	33.0 33.8 13.1 44.1	32.8 34.3 13.1 45.5	33.1 34.7 13.1 47.1	33.3 35.1 13.2 47.7
MEMO: 13 Total loans and securities plus loans sold ^{3,7}	1,319.1	1,345.35	1,355.4	1,364.7	1,371.6	1,378.9	1,328.9	1,340.15	1,354.2	1,358.7	1,369.2	1,374.2
14 Total loans plus loans sold ^{3,7} 15 Total loans sold to affiliates ⁷	976.7 2.8	997.9 ⁵ 2.8	1,004.8 2.8	1,013.5 2.8	1,020.0 3.0	1,026.5 2.8	984.7 2.8	991.5 ⁵ 2.8	1,001.5 2.8	1,007.8 2.8	1,017.5 3.0	1,023.0 2.8
16 Commercial and industrial loans plus loans sold?	360.2	372.2	375.3	381.1	385.8	389.0	362.3	371.3	377.5	381.1	385.1	387.8
loans sold ⁷	2.2 8.9	2.2 9.6	2.3 10.3	2.2 10.1	2.4 9.1	2.3 8.7	2.2 9.8	2.2 9.2	2.3 9.5	2.2 9.5	2.4 9.2	2.3 8.6
trial loans	349.1 334.9 14.2 19.0	360.4 347.7 12.7 16.1	362.8 350.1 12.7 15.2	368.8 355.2 13.5 15.0	374.3 360.1 14.2 14.7	378.0 364.7 13.3 14.8	350.3 334.3 16.1 20.0	359.8 347.2 12.6 15.7	365.7 352.9 12.8 14.6	369.4 356.7 12.7 14.4	373.5 360.6 13.0 14.2	376.8 363.9 13.0 14.5

6. Beginning June 2, 1982, total loans and securities, total loans and leases, and loans to individuals were increased \$0.5 billion due to acquisition of loans by a

Note. Data are prorated averages of Wednesday estimates for domestically chartered banks, based on weekly reports of a sample of domestically chartered banks and quarterly reports of all domestically chartered banks. For foreign-related institutions, data are averages of month-end estimates based on weekly reports from large agencies and branches and quarterly reports from all agencies, branches, invention and the same factor of the contraction of the same factor o investment companies, and Edge Act corporations engaged in banking.

^{1.} Includes domestically chartered banks; U.S. branches and agencies of foreign banks. New York investment companies majority owned by foreign banks, and Edge Act corporations owned by domestically chartered and foreign banks.

2. Beginning December 1981, shifts of foreign loans and securities from U.S. banking offices to international banking facilities (IBFs) reduced the levels of several items. Seasonally adjusted data that include adjustments for the amounts shifted from domestic offices to IBFs are available in the Board's G.7 (407) statistical release (available from Publications Services, Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, Washington, D.C. 20551).

3. Excludes loans to commercial banks in the United States.

4. The merger of a commercial bank with a mutual savings bank beginning Feb.

24. 1982, increased total loans and securities \$1.0 billion; U.S. Treasury securities, \$0.1 billion; other securities, \$0.1 billion; total loans and leases, \$0.8 billion; and real estate loans, \$0.7 billion.

5. The merger of a commercial bank with a mutual savings bank beginning Mar.

17. 1982, increased total loans and securities \$0.6 billion; U.S. Treasury securities, \$0.1 billion; other securities \$0.1 billion; U.S. Treasury securities, \$0.1 billion; other securities \$0.1 billion; total loans and leases, \$0.4 billion; and real estate loans, \$0.4 billion.

loans, to individuals were increased SU.5 billion due to acquisition of loans by a commercial bank from a nonbank institution.

7. Loans sold are those sold outright to a bank's own foreign branches, nonconsolidated nonbank affiliates of the bank, the bank's holding company (if not a bank), and nonconsolidated nonbank subsidiaries of the holding company.

8. United States includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia.

A16 Domestic Financial Statistics ☐ September 1982

MAJOR NONDEPOSIT FUNDS OF COMMERCIAL BANKS¹

Monthly averages, billions of dollars

Source	1980		198	31					1982			
	Dec.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July
Total nondeposit funds Seasonally adjusted ² . Not seasonally adjusted Federal funds, RPs, and other borrowings from nonbanks ³	122.0	119.8	116.3	116.2	98.5	89.5	88.0	83.8	83.5	82.1	84.4	80.0
	122.6	125.0	118.2	120.7	98.9	87.9	88.5	84.8	84.3	85.6	86.5	82.1
3 Seasonally adjusted	111.1	108.2	109.0	110.0	114.2	116.2	113.8	113.6	113.1	113.2	113.8	114.3
	111.6	113.3	111.1	114.6	114.6	114.6	114.3	114.6	113.9	116.6	115.9	116.3
5 Net balances due to foreign-related institu- tions, not seasonally adjusted	8.2	8.9	4.5	3.4	-18.6	-29.6	-28.6	-32.6	- 32.5	-33.9	- 32.4	-37.1
6 Loans sold to affiliates, not seasonally adjusted4	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	3.0	2.8
MEMO 7 Domestically chartered banks net positions with own foreign branches, not seasonally adjusted ⁵ . 8 Gross due from balances. 9 Gross due to balances 10 Foreign-related institutions net positions with directly related institutions, not season-	-14.7	-12.3	-15.4	- 14.9	-22.5	-27.1	- 25.9	-28.8	-29.8	-29.8	-29.1	-32.7
	37.5	44.5	45.5	47.9	54.9	55.1	55.0	56.7	57.4	58.1	57.6	60.3
	22.8	32.2	30.1	32.9	32.4	28.0	29.1	27.9	27.6	28.3	28.5	27.6
ally adjusted ⁶	22.9	21.2	19.9	18.4	3.9	- 2.5	-2.7	-3.8	-2.7	-4.1	-3.3	-4.4
	32.5	40.1	38.3	39.1	48.1	50.0	50.5	50.0	49.1	49.4	50.2	52.7
	55.4	61.3	58.2	57.4	52.0	47.5	47.9	46.2	46.4	45.4	46.9	48.3
13 Seasonally adjusted 1	64.0	63.0	64.9	65.0	70.0	73.0	71.0	71.4	71.9	69.0	69.1	69.3
	62.3	65.9	64.7	67.3	68.2	69.2	69.1	70.0	70.4	70.0	68.7	68.9
U.S. Treasury demand balances ⁸ 15 Scasonally adjusted 16 Not seasonally adjusted Time deposits, \$100,000 or more ⁹	9.5	9.3	11.1	12.1	11.8	13.4	22.1	17.5	13.6	15.3	9.9	8.4
	9.0	10.9	13.3	9.7	11.2	14.5	20.0	15.5	13.8	15.4	10.8	8.3
1 Inne deposits, \$100,000 or more? 17 Seasonally adjusted	267.0	324.7	324.8	323.4	324.0	324.3	327.2	332.0	334.4	341.1	349.4	360.1
	272.4	320.2	322.6	324.6	330.3	330.6	335.3	337.2	335.6	340.0	344.6	350.4

^{1.} Commercial banks are those in the 50 states and the District of Columbia

Includes U.S. Treasury demand deposits and Treasury tax-and-loan notes at commercial banks. Averages of daily data.
 Averages of Wednesday figures.

Note. Beginning December 1981, shifts of foreign assets and liabilities from U.S. banking offices to international banking facilities (IBFs) reduced levels of several items as follows: lines 1 and 2, \$22.4 billion; lines 3 and 4, \$1.7 billion; line 5, \$20.7 billion; line 7, \$3.1 billion; and line 10, \$17.6 billion.

For January 1982, levels were reduced as follows: lines 1 and 2, \$29.6 billion; lines 3 and 4, \$2.4 billion; line 5, \$27.2 billion; line 7, \$4.8 billion; and line 10, \$22.5 billion. For February the levels were reduced as follows: lines 1 and 2, \$30.4 billion; lines 3 and 4, \$2.4 billion; line 5, \$28.0 billion; line 7, \$4.9 billion; and line 10, \$23.1 billion. For March the levels were reduced as follows: lines 1 and 2, \$30.9 billion; lines 3 and 4, \$2.4 billion; line 5, \$28.5 billion; line 7, \$4.9 billion; and line 10, \$23.6 billion. For April the levels were reduced as follows: lines 1 and 2, \$31.3 billion; lines 3 and 4, \$2.4 billion; line 5, \$29.0 billion; line 7, \$5.0 billion; and line 10, \$24.0 billion. For May the levels were reduced as follows: lines 1 and 2, \$31.7 billion; lines 3 and 4, \$2.4 billion; line 5, \$29.3 billion; line 7, \$5.0 billion; and line 10, \$24.5 billion; Jone the levels were reduced as follows: lines 1 and 2, \$31.7 billion; lines 3 and 4, \$2.4 billion; line 5, \$29.3 billion; line 7, \$5.0 billion; and line 10, \$24.5 billion; lines 3 and 4, \$2.4 billion; line 5, \$29.5 billion; line 7, \$5.0 billion; and line 10, \$24.5 billion.

^{1.} Commercial banks are those in the 50 states and the District of Columbia with national or state charters plus agencies and branches of foreign banks, New York investment companies majority owned by foreign banks, and Edge Act corporations owned by domestically chartered and foreign banks.

2. Includes seasonally adjusted federal funds, RPs, and other borrowings from nonbanks and not seasonally adjusted net Eurodollars and loans to affiliates. Includes averages of Wednesday data for domestically chartered banks and averages of current and previous month-end data for foreign-related institutions.

3. Other borrowings are borrowings on any instrument, such as a promissory note or due bill, given for the purpose of borrowing money for the banking business. This includes borrowings from Federal Reserve Banks and from foreign banks, term federal funds, overdrawn due from bank balances, loan RPs, and participations in pooled loans. Includes averages of daily figures for member banks and averages of current and previous month-end data for foreign-related institutions.

4. Loans initially booked by the bank and later sold to affiliates that are still held by affiliates. Averages of Wednesday data.

5. Averages of daily figures for member and nonmember banks.

6. Averages of daily data.

7. Based on daily average data reported by 122 large banks.

1.25 ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF COMMERCIAL BANKING INSTITUTIONS Last-Wednesday-of-Month Series Billions of dollars except for number of banks

		1981					19	82			
Account	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July'	Aug.
Domestically Chartered Commercial Banks ¹					·		·				
Loans and securities, excluding interbank Loans, excluding interbank Commercial and industrial. Other U.S. Treasury securities. Other securities.	1,239.9	1,249.4	1,267.4	1,261.2	1,271.2	1,285.8	1,292.6	1,300.7	1,315.4	1,313.2	1.318.8
	902.9	912.8	926.4	920.1	929.1	939.9	947.2	954.3	969.1	966.6	970.6
	308.5	312.6	320.3	321.0	325.6	332.4	336.7	341.9	348.7	346.4	346.2
	594.3	600.2	606.0	599.1	603.5	607.5	610.5	612.4	620.4	620.3	624.3
	110.0	106.7	109.8	111.5	112.3	114.5	113.0	111.5	113.4	113.4	113.7
	227.1	229.9	231.3	229.6	229.8	231.4	232.4	234.9	232.9	233.2	234.5
7 Cash assets, total	149.8	162.8	173.1	155.3	151.6	164.5	153.6	153.0	165.4	154.5	160.8
	19.7	18.3	22.0	19.8	19.7	18.9	19.9	20.0	20.1	20.5	20.3
	25.3	26.1	28.0	30.2	24.8	25.7	25.5	21.7	18.2	25.1	26.1
	49.3	52.0	54.5	50.3	51.0	55.9	52.4	54.9	59.6	55.4	58.8
	55.5	66.4	68.6	55.0	56.1	64.0	55.8	56.3	67.4	53.6	55.5
12 Other assets ²	175.5	194.4	211.2	197.0	201.9	219.3	206.6	209.9	223.2	224.2	231.4
13 Total assets/total liabilities and capital	1,565.2	1,606.7	1,651.8	1,613.5	1,624.7	1,669.5	1,652.9	1,663.6	1,704.0	1,692.0	1,711.0
14 Deposits.	1,177.1	1,206.0	1,240.3	1,205.8	1,213.7	1,250.8	1,231.0	1,244.0	1,284.8	1,266.4	1,279.2
15 Demand.	324.0	339.2	363.9	322.3	316.7	338.3	315.5	315.4	345.2	314.4	315.5
16 Savings.	214.0	217.9	222.4	223.0	222.5	229.9	226.6	227.6	228.9	227.1	229.5
17 Time.	639.1	648.9	654.0	660.5	674.4	682.6	688.9	701.0	710.7	724.8	734.2
18 Borrowings	174.5	179.3	190.2	191.9	191.0	196.4	201.1	195.1	189.7	195.4	196.0
19 Other liabilities	89.3	95.2	91.7	89.7	92.5	94.4	92.4	93.9	96.6	99.1	103.9
20 Residual (assets less liabilities)	124.3	126.2	129.6	126.1	127.5	128.0	128.4	130.6	133.0	131.1	131.9
MEMO: 21 U.S. Treasury note balances included in borrowing	13.9	5.6	13.6	16.7	17.1	10.9	16.6	7.1	7.5	8.0	5.9
	14,740	14,743	14,744	14,690	14,702	14,709	14,710	14,722	14.736	14,752	14,770
23 Loans and securities, excluding interbank 24 Loans, excluding interbank 25 Commercial and industrial 26 Other 27 U.S. Treasury securities 28 Other securities	1,324.7	1,335.5	1,330.0	1,321.6	1,331.5	1,345.8	1,350.7	1,358.5	1.374.3	1,370.5	1,376.6
	983.6	994.7	984.5	975.8	984.4	995.1	1,000.6	1,007.6	1.023.7	1,020.0	1,024.6
	361.7	365.5	360.8	360.3	364.6	372.4	374.7	379.3	386.7	383.8	384.5
	621.9	629.2	623.7	615.5	619.7	622.7	625.8	628.3	636.9	636.3	640.0
	111.9	108.8	112.5	114.5	115.5	117.6	116.1	114.3	116.2	115.8	115.9
	229.2	232.0	233.0	231.4	231.6	233.1	234.1	236.6	234.4	234.7	236.1
29 Cash assets, total	165.4	179.3	188.1	170.0	165.8	178.8	168.1	167.7	180.3	169.4	176.2
	19.7	18.3	22.0	19.8	19.7	18.9	19.9	20.0	20.2	20.5	20.4
	26.6	27.5	29.3	31.3	26.1	26.9	26.8	23.0	19.6	26.4	27.5
	62.5	66.0	67.1	62.7	63.0	68.0	64.6	67.3	72.2	68.0	71.9
	56.6	67.4	69.6	56.1	57.1	65.0	56.8	57.3	68.4	54.6	56.5
34 Other assets ²	244.0	267.0	288.7	274.2	278.1	295.2	280.3	285.9	300.1	299.6	306.9
35 Total assets/total liabilities and capital	1,734.0	1,781.7	1,806.8	1,765.8	1,775.5	1,819.9	1,799.1	1,812.1	1,854.7	1,839.6	1,859.7
36 Deposits. 37 Demand. 38 Savings. 39 Time.	1,224.6	1,254.1	1,288.7	1,251.5	1,258.3	1,295.0	1,272.7	1,286.2	1,325.8	1,307.4	1,321.8
	337.1	352.6	377.7	335.1	329.4	350.8	327.9	327.9	357.4	326.7	327.8
	214.3	218.1	222.6	223.2	222.8	230.2	226.9	227.8	229.1	227.4	229.8
	673.1	683.4	688.3	693.1	706.2	714.0	717.9	730.4	739.3	753.3	764.3
40 Borrowings 41 Other liabilities 42 Residual (assets less liabilities)	236.8	246.2	250.8	253.5	255.9	260.0	260.8	255.3	253.2	258.3	260.0
	146.4	153.3	135.6	132.8	131.8	135.0	135.3	138.2	140.8	140.9	144.1
	126.3	128.1	131.5	128.1	129.4	129.9	130.3	132.5	134.9	133.0	133.8
MEMO: 43 U.S. Treasury note balances included in borrowing	13.9	5.6	13.6	16.7	17.1	10.9	16.6	7.1	7.5	8.0	5.9
	15,209	15,212	15,213	15,185	15.201	15,214	15,215	15.235	15,235	15,271	15,289

^{1.} Domestically chartered commercial banks include all commercial banks in the

Note. Figures are partly estimated. They include all bank-premises subsidiaries and other significant majority-owned domestic subsidiaries. Data for domestically chartered commercial banks are for the last Wednesday of the month. Data for other banking institutions are for the last day of the quarter until June 1981; beginning July 1981, these data are estimates made on the last Wednesday of the month based on a weekly reporting sample of foreign-related institutions and quarterend condition report data.

Domestically chartered commercial banks include all commercial banks in the United States except branches of foreign banks; included are member and non-member banks, stock savings banks, and nondeposit trust companies.
 Other assets include loans to U.S. commercial banks.
 Commercial banking institutions include domestically chartered commercial banks, branches and agencies of foreign banks, Edge Act and Agreement corporations, and New York State foreign investment corporations.

ALL LARGE WEEKLY REPORTING COMMERCIAL BANKS with Domestic Assets of \$750 Million or More on December 31, 1977, Assets and Liabilities, 1982

Millions of dollars, Wednesday figures

Account	July 30	July 7	July 14	July 21	July 28 ^p	Aug. 4 ^p	Aug. 11 ^p	Aug. 18 ^p	Aug. 25 ^p
Cash items in process of collection	53,432 7,234 28,589	52,897 8,489 34,203	46,416 6,440 32,616	43.965 6,382 33,100	42,639 6.639 35,156	48,793 6,804 32,537	43,068 6,470 34,505	45,076 6,296 34,204	44,471 6,616 36,778
4 Total loans and securities	624,814	624,950	622,637	620,349	622,868	633,119	628,446	631,097	627,061
Securities 5 U.S. Treasury securities. 6 Trading account. 7 Investment account, by maturity. 8 One year or less. 9 Over one through five years. 10 Ober five years. 11 Other securities. 12 Trading account. 13 Investment account. 14 U.S. government agencies. 15 States and political subdivisions, by maturity. 16 One year or less. 17 Over one year. 18 Other bonds, corporate stocks and securities.	36,998 7,801 29,197 9,819 16,991 2,387 78,138 2,846 75,292 15,578 6,517 7,695 48,822 3,197	36,885 7,640 29,246 10,208 16,651 2,387 78,998 4,028 74,969 15,498 56,436 7,750 48,686 3,035	36.525 7,497 29,027 10,009 16,502 2,517 78,173 3,366 74,807 15,401 56,413 7,770 48,642 2,993	36.649 7.517 29,132 9,999 16,758 2,375 77,906 3,466 74,439 15,361 56.053 7,530 48,522 3,025	37.659 8.701 28.957 9.743 16.902 2.312 77.745 3.168 74.577 15.516 55.992 7.274 48.718 3.069	38.662 9.348 29.314 9.656 17.345 2.313 78.226 3.906 74.320 15.444 55.842 7.340 48.502 3.034	39,148 9,485 29,663 9,935 17,441 2,286 79,603 5,402 74,201 15,397 55,734 7,171 48,562 3,070	38,752 8,764 29,988 10,574 17,185 2,228 77,970 3,495 74,475 15,563 55,841 7,142 48,699 3,071	37,399 7.685 29,714 10,180 17,444 2,090 78,074 3,519 74,555 15,613 55,851 7,073 48,779 3,091
Loans 19 Federal funds sold ¹ 20 To commercial banks 21 To nonbank brokers and dealers in securities 22 To others 23 Other loans, gross 24 Commercial and industrial 25 Bankers acceptances and commercial paper 26 All other 27 U.S. addressees 28 Non-U.S. addressees 29 Real estate 30 To individuals for personal expenditures To financial institutions	36.476 25.134 8.388 2.953 486.320 212.392 4.170 208.222 200.997 7.225 129,684 72.680	35,754 25,410 7,295 3,049 486,448 212,391 3,813 208,578 201,406 7,172 129,762 72,560	35,203 25,523 6,967 2,713 485,878 212,112 4,323 207,789 200,624 7,165 130,114 72,470	34,696 24,324 7,659 2,713 484,248 210,426 3,918 206,508 199,490 7,018 130,277 72,592	36.056 25.686 7.677 2.693 484,579 210,496 4.215 206,281 199,219 7.062 130,082 72.816	42,224 30,461 8,737 3,026 487,244 210,940 4,143 206,797 199,856 6,941 130,216 72,826	37,842 27,269 7,663 2,909 485,143 211,312 4,457 206,855 199,988 6,867 130,387 72,728	40.033 28.859 8.164 3.010 487.656 211.068 3.996 207.071 200.214 6.857 130,562 72.896	39,512 28,286 8,690 2,536 485,351 210,308 4,241 206,067 199,037 7,030 130,838 73,117
To inhard institutions Commercial banks in the United States Ranks in foreign countries Sales finance, personal finance companies, etc. Other financial institutions To nonbank brokers and dealers in securities To others for purchasing and carrying securities To others for purchasing and carrying securities Less: Uncarned income Loan loss reserve. Loan loss reserve. Cother loans, net. Lease financing receivables All other assets.	11.293 16.311 6.144 2.559 6.270 14.938 5.890 7.227 473.203	6,855 7,797 11,478 16,361 5,167 2,545 6,335 15,198 5,865 7,270 473,313 11,149 117,336	6,538 7,572 11,324 16,250 6,078 2,505 6,368 14,547 5,915 7,226 472,736 11,139 120,049	6,662 6,866 11,298 16,316 6,496 2,519 6,418 14,378 5,886 7,264 471,098 11,167 120,105	6.764 7.221 11.206 16.167 6.902 2.519 6.510 13.896 5.873 7.298 471.408 11.170 119.862	6,687 7,278 11,354 16,160 8,060 2,573 6,552 14,599 5,826 7,413 474,006 11,053 125,294	6,970 7,169 11,225 16,253 5,931 2,578 6,546 14,043 5,855 7,434 471,853 11,045 124,723	7,059 7,047 11,138 16,370 7,939 2,598 6,551 14,428 5,856 7,458 474,342 11,046 125,781	6,991 6,884 11,276 16,093 6,409 2,573 6,498 14,363 5,833 7,442 472,076 11,028 126,077
44 Total assets	840,990	849,023	839,298	835,068	838,335	857,601	848,258	853,501	852,032
Deposits 45 Demand deposits 46 Mutual savings banks 47 Individuals, partnerships, and corporations 48 States and political subdivisions 49 U.S. government 50 Commercial banks in the United States 51 Banks in foreign countries 52 Foreign governments and official institutions 53 Certified and officers' checks 54 Time and savings deposits 55 Savings 66 Individuals and nonprofit organizations 57 Partnerships and corporations operated for profit 58 Domestic governmental units 41 other 60 Individuals, partnerships, and corporations 61 Individuals, partnerships, and corporations 62 States and political subdivisions 63 U.S. government 64 Commercial banks in the United States 65 Foreign governments, official institutions, and banks 66 Liabilities for borrowed money 67 Treasury tax-and-loan notes 68 All other liabilities for borrowed money 69 Other liabilities and subordinated notes and debentures	620 133,229 5,710 2,350 20,445 6,666 1,700 7,829 385,125 79,646 76,160 2,778 683 24 305,479 269,391 10,012 576 10,878 4,621	176.409 742 131.489 4.830 1.194 23.415 6.900 6.807 386.338 81.105 77.744 2.789 549 4.669 6.807 36.332 549.454 19.922 305.233 269.454 19.922 4.669 6.887 154.672 74.375		79,463 76,226 2,715 499 23 311,928 274,645 20,510 451 11,646 4,676 275 4,274 146,292 77,852	4,840 1.052 5,187 144,047 79,671	167.617 640 123.784 4,952 3.290 18.619 6,993 1.029 8.310 397.362 80.658 77.360 2.748 525 24 316,704 278.272 20.631 4.4934 12,423 4,934 1,869 1,531 150.384 82,434	17.375 6.235 870 6.558 395.572 80.183 76.855 2.739 565 24 315.389 277.046 20,849 427 12.242 4.824 60 0 2.971 149.715 82.570	160,990 552 122,154 4,350 2,556 17,714 6,026 1,004 6,633 399,508 79,956 2,733 542 25 319,552 279,874 21,059 451 13,104 5,063 5,063 5,063 5,063 148,572 84,326	160,153 503 120,755 4,519 1,444 17.951 5,846 1,091 8,043 400,998 79,820 533 19 321,177 281,180 21,429 583 12,912 5,073 1,240 4,022 144,822 84,320
70 Total liabilities		792,741	783,001	778,878		801,196	I.	797,076	795,556
71 Residual (total assets minus total liabilities) ⁴	. 56,270	56,282	56,297	56,189	56,098	56,405	56,507	56,425	56,476

Note. Beginning in the week ending Dec. 9, 1981, shifts of assets and liabilities to international banking facilities (IBFs) reduced the amounts reported in some items, especially in loans to foreigners and to a lesser extent in time deposits. Based on preliminary reports, the large weekly reporting banks shifted \$4.7 billion of assets to their IBFs in the five weeks ending Jan. 13, 1982. Domestic offices net positions with IBFs are now included in net due from or net due to related institutions. More detail will be available later.

^{1.} Includes securities purchased under agreements to resell.
2. Other than financial institutions and brokers and dealers.
3. Includes federal funds purchased and securities sold under agreements to repurchase; for information on these liabilities at banks with assets of \$1 billion or more on Dec. 31, 1977, see table 1.13.
4. Not a measure of equity capital for use in capital adequacy analysis or for other analytic uses.

1.27 LARGE WEEKLY REPORTING COMMERCIAL BANKS with Domestic Assets of \$1 Billion or More on December 31, 1977, Assets and Liabilities

Millions of dollars, Wednesday figures, 1982

Account	June 30	July 7	July 14	July 21	July 28 ^p	Aug. 4 ^p	Aug. 11 ^p	Aug. 18 ^p	Aug. 25 ^p
Cash items in process of collection	50,358 6,611 26,084	49,685 7,674 31,907	43,687 5,904 30,213	41,442 5,751 30,767	40,192 6,058 32,562	45,901 6,179 30,075	40,624 5,824 31,997	42,539 5,695 31,658	42,098 6,015 34,038
4 Total loans and securities	585,103	585,401	583,331	581,162	583,669	593,054	588,594	591,301	587,596
Securities 5 U.S. Treasury securities 6 Trading account 7 Investment account, by maturity 8 One year orless 9 Over one through five years 10 Over five years 11 Other securities 12 Trading account 13 Investment account 14 U.S. government agencies 15 States and political subdivision, by maturity 16 One year or less 17 Over one year 18 Other bonds, corporate stocks and securities	33.838 7.690 26.148 8.819 15.218 2.112 71.811 2.762 69.050 14.371 51.678 6.951 44.727 3.000	33,727 7,523 26,204 9,182 14,898 2,123 72,637 3,896 68,741 14,297 51,605 7,007 44,598 2,839	33,458 7,407 26,051 8,993 14,805 2,253 71,852 3,274 68,578 14,187 51,594 7,032 44,561 2,797	33,560 7,382 26,178 9,027 15,039 2,111 71,585 3,374 68,210 14,144 51,240 6,804 44,436 2,827	34,639 8,612 26,028 8,783 15,196 2,048 71,402 3,057 68,345 14,313 51,170 6,559 44,611 2,862	35.558 9.238 26,320 8.629 15.640 2.050 71.874 3.778 68.096 14.249 51.025 6.619 44,406 2.821	35,963 9,378 26,585 8,914 15,648 2,023 73,279 5,290 14,216 50,913 6,451 44,462 2,860	35.567 8.629 26.938 9.520 15.452 1.966 71.576 3.345 68.231 14.380 50.996 6.402 44.593 2.856	34,186 7,525 26,660 9,111 15,720 1,830 71,677 3,378 68,299 14,436 50,994 6,343 44,651 2,869
Loans 19 Federal funds sold¹ 20 To commercial banks 21 To nonbank brokers and dealers in securities 22 To others 23 Other loans, gross 24 Commercial and industrial 25 Bankers acceptances and commercial paper 26 All other 27 U.S. addressees 28 Non-U.S. addressees. 29 Real estate 30 To individuals for personal expenditures To financial institutions	32,475 21,994 7,642 2,839 459,071 201,823 4,038 197,785 190,684 7,101 122,473 62,237	31,822 22,156 6,715 2,952 459,324 201,889 3,696 198,192 7,051 122,570 65,175	31,328 22,426 6,308 2,594 458,808 201,692 4,210 197,481 190,443 7,038 122,871 65,119	31,041 21,433 6,987 2,620 457,097 199,932 3,778 196,154 189,272 6,882 123,046 65,219	32,302 22,666 7,022 2,614 457,468 200,014 4,039 195,975 189,044 6,931 122,845 65,420	37,748 26,682 8,127 2,938 460,083 200,444 3,962 196,482 189,669 6,813 122,958 65,442	33,606 23,710 7,072 2,824 458,001 200,814 4,253 196,562 189,820 6,741 123,131 65,333	36,041 25,601 7,510 2,929 460,396 200,502 3,783 196,719 189,999 6,720 123,279 65,503	35,830 25,177 8,159 2,493 458,144 199,750 4,020 195,730 188,825 6,905 123,530 65,720
To limited histurions Commercial bank, in the United States Rabes finance, personal finance companies, etc. Other financial institutions To nonbank brokers and dealers in securities. To others for purchasing and carrying securities. To finance agricultural production. LESS: Unearned income. Loan loss reserve. Other loans, net	6.707 7.078 11.106 15.893 6.091 2.344 6.102 14.214 5.241 6.851 446.978 10.795 111.857	6,676 7,716 11,284 15,937 5,119 2,327 6,164 14,466 5,216 6,892 447,215 10,818 113,418	6,359 7,491 11,136 15,825 6,035 2,288 6,194 13,796 5,266 6,849 446,693 10,808 116,213	6,477 6,797 11,112 15,872 6,449 2,302 6,244 13,646 5,235 6,886 444,975 10,836 116,327	6,612 7,152 11,021 15,727 6,862 2,299 6,335 13,180 5,223 6,919 445,326 10,840 116,063	6.549 7.204 11.178 15.723 8.019 2.342 6.371 13.852 5.182 7.027 447.874 10.722 121,447	6,829 7,082 11,041 15,827 5,894 2,348 6,356 13,345 5,209 7,048 445,745 10,715 120,908	6,925 6,973 10,954 15,942 7,903 2,362 6,362 13,688 5,207 7,071 448,118 10,716 121,884	6.844 6.807 11.100 15,682 6.380 2.338 6.314 13,680 5,186 7,056 445,903 10,700 122,185
44 Total assets	790,808	798,903	790,156	786,286	789,385	807,378	798,663	803,795	802,631
Deposits 45 Demand deposits 46 Mutual savings banks 47 Individuals, partnerships, and corporations 48 States and political subdivisions 49 U.S. government 50 Commercial banks in the United States 51 Banks in foreign countries 52 Foreign governments and official institutions 53 Certified and officers' checks 54 Time and savings deposits 55 Savings 56 Individuals and nonprofit organizations 57 Partnerships and corporations operated for profit 58 Domestic governmental units 59 All other 60 Individuals, partnerships, and corporations 61 Individuals, partnerships, and corporations 62 States and political subdivisions 63 U.S. government 64 Commercial banks in the United States 65 Foreign governments, official institutions, and banks 66 Liabilities for borrowed money 67 Treasury tax-and-loan notes 68 All other liabilities for borrowed money	166.354 599 123.890 5.069 2.138 18.934 6.559 1.699 7.464 361.373 73.513 620 2.563 620 253.738 18.421 514 10.567 4.621	164,103 715 121,967 4,302 1,019 21,736 6,834 1,029 6,500 362,508 74,849 71,746 2,570 511 22 287,660 253,760 10,348 4,669 40 804 146,414	153,835 523 117,863 3,604 1,598 16,260 6,811 1,200 5,976 364,035 70,715 2,518 473 2,20,304 255,505 18,732 4,760 50 2,2686 142,763	147,647 535 112,736 4,062 870 15,876 6,788 1,135 5,646 367,259 73,331 70,353 2,502 454 23 293,928 258,744 18,869 393 11,245 4,676	147,928 111,737 4,030 1,428 15,962 7,019 1,085 6,182 369,172 72,797 69,778 457 31,296,376 260,315 19,105 386 11,731 4,840 1,027 4,780 136,336 1,027 4,780	155,947 616 114,842 4,454 3,020 17,065 6,931 1,024 7,994 74,432 71,395 2,528 485 24 298,616 262,356 18,861 393 12,072 4,934 1,386 1,388 1,386 1,386 1,386 1,386 1,386 1,386	149.875 574 113.907 4.405 1.678 15.986 6.184 865 6.277 73.997 70.933 2.519 521 24 297.282 261.179 18.987 371 11,920 4.824 5 2,756 141.355	149,985 535 113,530 3,891 16,375 5,977 1,003 6,354 375,302 73,769 70,722 2,516 506 25 301,533 264,083 19,174 393 12,819 5,063	149,259 112,150 4,018 1,305 16,623 5,794 1,087 7,792 376,786 73,658 70,581 2,574 484 19 303,129 265,331 19,551 524 12,650 5,073 1,103 3,745 136,694
69 Other liabilities and subordinated notes and debentures	74,673	72,245	74,004	75,632	77,487	80,274	80,377	82,049	82,054
70 Total liabilities	738,036 52,772	746,114 52,789	737,374 52,782	733,533 52,703	736,794 52,591	754,483 52,895	745,647 53,016	750,839 52,955	749,642 52,989
71 Residual (total assets limius total liabilities)	12,772	52,709	54,762	32,703	52,371	32.073	33,016	24,733	52,709

Includes securities purchased under agreements to resell.
 Other than financial institutions and brokers and dealers.
 Includes federal funds purchased and securities sold under agreement to repurchase; for information on these liabilities at banks with assets of \$1 billion or more on Dec. 31, 1977, see table 1.13.

^{4.} Not a measure of equity capital for use in capital adequacy analysis or for other analytic uses.

LARGE WEEKLY REPORTING COMMERCIAL BANKS IN NEW YORK CITY Assets and Liabilities 1.28 Millions of dollars, Wednesday figures, 1982

Account	June 30	July 7	July 14	July 21	July 28 ^p	Aug. 4 ^p	Aug. 11 ^p	Aug. 18 ^p	Aug. 25 ^p
Cash items in process of collection Demand deposits due from banks in the United	16,444	13,229	13.452	12.428	12,652	14,644	12,759	13,494	14,923
States	1,370 4,324	1,363 8,220	1.189 5.664	1.088 4,990	1,236 6,269	1,336 6,262	1,160 6,877	1,302 5,953	1,248 6,812
4 Total loans and securities ¹	138,540	138,102	138,242	135,406	137,986	139,746	136,605	138,920	140,826
Securities 5 U.S. Treasury securities ² 6 Trading account ² 7 Investment account, by maturity. 8 One year or less. 9 Over one through five years 10 Over five years 11 Other securities ² 12 Trading account ² 13 Investment account	6.032 909 4,397 726	6,097 1,238 4,132 726	5,834 1,138 3,973 723	6,063 1,126 4,292 644	6,055 1,123 4,345 587	6,428 1,064 4,776 587	6,313 1,047 4,703 563	6,447 1,222 4,672 553	6,374 1,096 4,790 488
14 U.S. government agencies. 15 States and political subdivision, by maturity 16 One year or less 17 Over one year 18 Other bonds, corporate stocks and securities	2,006 11,669 2,034 9,635 1,111	2,006 11,727 2,084 9,642 930	2,024 11,724 2,094 9,630 888	2,053 11,375 1,855 9,521 941	2,003 11,359 1,654 9,706 972	2,003 11,314 1,664 9,650 928	2,003 11,199 1,514 9,685 922	2,010 11,169 1,470 9,698 937	2,059 11,172 1,454 9,717 938
Loans 19 Federal funds sold 3 20 To commercial banks 21 To nonbank brokers and dealers in securities 22 To others 23 Other loans, gross 24 Commercial and industrial 25 Bankers acceptances and commercial paper. 26 All other 27 U.S. addressees 28 Non-U.S. addressees 29 Real estate. 30 To individuals for personal expenditures. 31 To financial institutions	9,073 4,360 3,324 1,388 112,372 59,868 1,457 58,412 56,893 1,518 18,336 11,172	8.112 3.680 2.935 1.498 112.958 60.371 1.162 59.209 57.708 1.501 18.344 11,222	7.976 4.307 2.465 1.204 113.536 60.779 1.575 59.204 57.667 1.537 18.394 11.257	7,232 3,361 2,668 1,203 111,480 59,468 1,163 58,305 56,818 1,486 18,467 11,288	9,374 5,322 2,795 1,257 111,964 59,315 1,296 58,019 56,561 1,459 18,432 11,298	9,400 4,314 3,664 1,421 113,425 59,412 1,139 58,273 56,899 1,374 18,463 11,364	8,087 3,709 3,163 1,215 111,855 59,291 1,314 57,977 56,663 1,314 18,462 11,386	8,850 4,004 3,619 1,227 113,283 59,249 1,305 57,944 56,642 1,302 18,507 11,434	11,467 6,150 4,347 969 112,599 59,057 1,250 57,807 56,399 1,408 18,769 11,460
Commercial banks in the United States 23 Banks in foreign countries 34 Other financial institutions. 35 To nonbank brokers and dealers in securities 36 To others for purchasing and carrying securities 37 To finance agricultural production 38 All other. 39 Less: Unearned income 40 Loan loss reserve 41 Other loans. net 42 Lease financing receivables 43 All other assets	2.121 2.895 4.924 4.704 3.644 619 337 3.750 1.501 2.221 108,649 2.269 44,348	2.259 3.484 5.040 4.788 2.610 617 338 3.885 1.488 2.239 109.231 2.267 46.704	1,905 3,237 4,957 4,788 3,582 568 320 3,748 1,523 2,217 109,796 2,266 48,362	1,859 2,562 4,900 4,751 3,638 584 327 3,636 1,517 2,221 107,742 2,262 48,059	1,952 2,712 4,860 4,704 3,904 590 436 3,760 1,512 2,230 108,222 2,254 47,875	1,842 2,884 4,911 4,720 4,929 620 440 3,838 1,496 2,255 109,673 2,119 51,020	2,068 2,775 4,777 4,794 3,548 625 432 3,696 1,511 2,262 108,082 2,118 50,739	1,946 2,748 4,674 4,863 5,001 644 432 3,783 1,513 2,263 109,507 2,119 50,169	1,928 2,501 4,851 4,829 4,262 612 426 3,902 1,510 2,270 108,818 2,104 50,111
44 Total assets	207,295	209,885	209,176	204,234	208,273	215,128	210,259	211,957	216,025
Deposits Demand deposits Mutual savings banks Individuals, partnerships, and corporations Individuals, partnerships, and corporations U.S. government Commercial banks in the United States I Banks in foreign countries Foreign governments and official institutions. Certified and officers' checks. Irime and savings deposits Savings Individuals and nonprofit organizations Partnerships and corporations operated for profit.	49,228 293 32,610 756 541 5,032 4,938 1,498 3,561 70,010 9,682 9,303	46.274 394 30.177 625 239 5.779 5.370 786 2.905 69,995 9,766 9,426	43.522 267 29.458 464 426 3.881 5.297 944 2.786 69.652 9.616 9.291	41.072 308 27,782 552 216 3.468 5,308 885 2,552 70,270 9,546 9,231	41,650 237 27,620 426 355 3,702 5,526 809 2,975 71,825 9,473 9,156	43.804 320 27.589 679 830 3,669 5,499 788 4,431 73.775 9,633 9,293	42,555 323 28,529 848 496 3,858 4,813 627 3,060 73,437 9,626 9,259	42.244 283 28,319 432 662 4,011 4,637 754 3,146 75,063 9,399 9,246	44,762 231 29,311 452 381 4,740 4,398 806 4,443 75,469 9,550 9,228
58 Domestic governmental units 59 All other 60 Time 61 Individuals, partnerships, and corporations 62 States and political subdivisions 63 U.S. government	143 2 60,328 52,070 1,935 127	106 2 60,229 51,885 1,984 98	94 2 60.036 51,384 2,017 82	87 2 60,724 52,003 2,033 85	227 88 2 62,352 52,876 2,192 74	232 105 2 64,143 54,188 2,289 78	231 134 2 63,811 54,024 2,330 77	231 120 2 65,464 55,071 2,386 94	235 96 2 65,909 55,429 2,350 190
64 Commercial banks in the United States	3,971 2,225	4,009 2,253	4,247 2,306	4,473 2,130	4,968	5,255	5,148	5,659	5,688
Liabilities for borrowed money Borrowings from Federal Reserve Banks Treasury tax-and-loan notes. All other liabilities for borrowed money ⁶ Other liabilities and subordinated notes and debentures.		180 47,728 28,063	925 48,749 28,573	275 1,295 44,738 28,849	2,242 400 1,538 45,534 29,779	2,333 400 280 49,005 30,034	2,232 947 45,742 29,673	2,254 525 837 44,704 30,686	2,252 175 1,268 46,017
70 Total liabilities.	189,565	192,240	191,422	186,500	190,726	197,298	192,354	194,061	30,517 198,209
71 Residual (total assets minus total liabilities) ⁷	17,730	17.645	17,754	17,734	17,546	17,829	17,905	17,896	17,816

Excludes trading account securities.
 Not available due to confidentiality.
 Includes securities purchased under agreements to resell.
 Other than financial institutions and brokers and dealers.

Includes trading account securities.
 Includes federal funds purchased and securities sold under agreements to repurchase.
 Not a measure of equity capital for use in capital adequacy analysis or for other analytic uses.

1.29 LARGE WEEKLY REPORTING COMMERCIAL BANKS Balance Sheet Memoranda Millions of dollars, Wednesday figures, 1982

Account	June 30	July 7	July 14	July 21	July 28 ^p	Aug. 4 ^p	Aug. 11 ^p	Aug. 18 ^p	Aug. 25 ^p
Banks with Assets of \$750 Million or More									
1 Total loans (gross) and securities adjusted ¹	605,910	605,820	603,717	602,513	603,590	609,209	607,496	608,492	605,059
	490,774	489,937	489,019	487,958	488,186	492,321	488,746	491,770	489,586
	102,321	98,903	99,423	96,615	97,364	96,915	98,568	95,642	96,287
4 Time deposits in accounts of \$100,000 or more	193,847	193,160	195,393	198,757	200,986	202,763	201,316	205,139	206,666
	138,756	138,202	140,105	142,789	144,868	146,289	144,794	148,640	149,798
	55,090	54,958	55,288	55,968	56,118	56,474	56,522	56,499	56,867
7 Loans sold outright to affiliates ³	3,057	2,853	2,855	2,812	2,817	2,804	2,795	2,822	2,881
	2,326	2,315	2,304	2,256	2,264	2,261	2,256	2,278	2,318
	731	537	552	556	553	542	540	544	563
BANKS WITH ASSETS OF \$1 BILLION OR MORE									
10 Total loans (gross) and securities adjusted ¹	568,494	568,678	566,660	565,373	566,533	572,031	570,312	571,053	567,816
	462,845	462,315	461,351	460,228	460,492	464,599	461,069	463,910	461,953
	94,924	91,662	92,290	89,459	90,346	89,960	91,587	88,752	89,233
13 Time deposits in accounts of \$100,000 or more	185,095	184,516	186,609	189,782	191,914	193,765	192,325	196,176	197,693
	133,437	132,909	134,709	137,264	139,247	140,752	139,294	143,277	144,503
	51,658	51,607	51,900	52,518	52,666	53,013	53,031	52,899	53,190
16 Loans sold outright to affiliates ³	2,971	2,763	2,768	2,726	2,724	2,714	2,708	2,736	2,800
	2,262	2,248	2,240	2,192	2,192	2,194	2,191	2,215	2,260
	709	515	528	534	532	520	516	521	540
BANKS IN NEW YORK CITY									
19 Total loans (gross) and securities adjusted ^{1,4}	135,780	135,891	135,770	133,924	134,454	137,341	134,601	136,746	136,528
	114,962	115,132	115,300	113,491	114,064	116,668	114,165	116,183	115,986
	27,211	27,028	25,764	24,959	24,941	24,661	25,442	24,078	24,719
22 Time deposits in accounts of \$100,000 or more 23 Negotiable CDs. 24 Other time deposits	46,209	45,907	45,685	46,337	47,914	49,601	49,264	50,831	51,250
	35,396	35,039	34,846	35,329	36,922	38,358	37,938	39,772	40,227
	10,813	10,868	10,839	11,008	10,993	11,244	11,325	11,059	11,023

^{1.} Exclusive of loans and federal funds transactions with domestic commercial

banks.

2. All demand deposits except U.S. government and domestic banks less cash items in process of collection.

Loans sold are those sold outright to a bank's own foreign branches, non-consolidated nonbank affiliates of the bank, the bank's holding company (if not a bank), and nonconsolidated nonbank subsidiaries of the holding company.
 Excludes trading account securities.

A22 Domestic Financial Statistics □ September 1982

1.291 LARGE WEEKLY REPORTING BRANCHES AND AGENCIES OF FOREIGN BANKS Assets and Liabilities Millions of dollars, Wednesday figures, 1982

Account	June 30	July 7	July 14	July 21	July 28p	Aug. 4P	Aug. 11 ^p	Aug. 18 ^p	Aug. 25 ^p
Cash and due from depository institutions	6,400	6,243	5,973	6,260	6,231	6.416	6,589	6,788	6,644
2 Total loans and securities	46,916	45,538	45,489	45,732	45,352	45,352	45,170	45,855	45,330
3 U.S. Treasury securities	2,324	2,025	1,924	1,935	1,911	1,851	1,878	1,776	1.735
4 Other securities	778	780	796	793	835	849	847	849	856
5 Federal funds sold ¹	4,962	4.066	3,486	3,756	2,715	2,658	3,187	3,270	2,631
6 To commercial banks in United States	4,627	3,832	3,242	3,510	2,554	2,490	3,098	3,048	2,508
, 10 others	335	234 38,666	244 39,284	245	161	168	89	222	123
8 Other loans, gross	18,890	18,729	18,851	39,248 18,605	39,891 18,839	39,994	39,258	39,959	40,108
10 Bankers acceptances and commercial	10.090	10,729	10,031	16,003	10,039	18,877	18,664	18,648	19,054
paper	3,362	3,236	3,222	3.056	3.034	3,047	3.077	2,893	3,099
11 All other	15,528	15,494	15,629	15,549	15,805	15,830	15.587	15,755	15,954
12 U.S. addressees	13,363	13,367	13,597	13,517	13,786	13,816	13,542	13,793	13,780
13 Non-U.S. addressees	2,164	2.127	2,032	2,033	2.018	2.013	2.045	1,962	2,174
14 To financial institutions	15,202	15,267	15,650	15,756	15,974	16,242	15,865	16,214	16,162
15 Commercial banks in United States	11,889	12.096	12,553	12,679	12,946	13,197	12,831	13,116	13,180
16 Banks in foreign countries	2,582	2,511	2,434	2,455	2.390	2,413	2,426	2,488	2,368
Nonbank financial institutions	731	660	664	623	637	631	608	611	614
For purchasing and carrying securities All other	389	273	430	562	738	582	455	557	413
	4.371	4.398	4,353	4,324	4,340	4,293	4,274	4,540	4,480
20 Other assets (claims on nonrelated	12,578	12.630	13,096	12.024	12.046	13 000	12.011		
parties)	12,591	10.631	11.066	12,924 10,976	12,946 11,767	12,898	12,941	13,030	12,712
22 Total assets	78,485	75,042	75,624	75,893	76,296	11,582 76,247	11,956	12,405	12,197
	70,703	75,042	75.024	15,095	70,290	70,241	76,655	78,078	76,884
23 Deposits or credit balances ²	21.887	21,074	21,459	20,965	20,885	21,425	21,448	22,568	22,226
24 Credit balances	262	198	226	275	237	201	192	230	214
25 Demand deposits	2,319	2,018	2,074	1.903	2,022	1,913	1,760	1,940	1,813
26 Individuals, partnerships, and	1						2,.00	217.10	1,010
corporations	955	770	738	721	753	811	710	770	763
27 Other	1,364	1.248	1,335	1,181	1,270	1,102	1,050	1,170	1,050
28 Total time and savings	19,306	18,858	19,160	18,787	18,626	19,311	19,496	20,398	20,199
29 Individuals, partnerships, and	15.044	15.000	45.740	46.504				_	
corporations	15,941	15,600	15,710	15,786	15,532	16,224	16,352	17,010	16,808
30 Other	3,364 32,203	3,258 30,332	3,449 30,627	3,001	3,094	3,087	3,145	3,388	3,391
32 Federal funds purchased ⁴	7,810	6.309	6,297	32,089 7,788	33,213 8,358	33,756 8,684	33,707	34,448	32,934
33 From commercial banks in United	7,810	0.509	0,297	7,700	6,336	6,084	8,621	9,447	7,910
States	6.852	5,429	5,601	6.906	7,435	7,747	7,746	8,625	7,045
34 From others	957	880	696	882	923	937	7,740 875	822	865
35 Other liabilities for borrowed money	24,393	24,022	24,330	24,301	24,855	25.073	25,086	25,001	25,024
36 To commercial banks in United States	22,040	21,709	21,965	21,888	22,406	22,643	22,595	22,600	22,564
37 To others	2,353	2,314	2,366	2,413	2,449	2,430	2,491	2,401	2,460
38 Other liabilities to nonrelated parties	12,556	12,693	12,921	13,030	13,034	13,033	12,829	12,857	12,518
39 Net due to related institutions	11,840	10,944	10,617	9,809	9,164	8,033	8,671	8,205	9,206
40 Total liabilities	78,485	75,042	75,624	75,893	76,296	76,247	76,655	78,078	76,884
Мемо					!				
41 Total loans (gross) and securities	1 1								\
adjusted ⁵	30,400	29,610	29,694	29,543	29,852	29,664	29,241	20.401	20.442
42 Total loans (gross) adjusted ⁵	27,298	26,804	26,975	26,814	27,106	26,965	29,241	29,691 27,065	29,642 27,051
(Brann) anjastra	1	20,004	20,7,5	20,014	27,100	20,703	20,510	27,003	27,031

NOTE. Beginning in the week ending Dec. 9, 1981, shifts of assets and liabilities to international banking facilities (IBFs) reduced the amounts reported in some items, especially in loans to foreigners and to a lesser extent in time deposits. Based on preliminary reports, the large weekly reporting branches and agencies shifted \$22.2 billion of assets to their IBFs in the six weeks ending Jan. 13, 1982. Domestic offices net positions with IBFs are now included in net due from or net due to related institutions. More detail will be available later.

Includes securities purchased under agreements to resell.
 Balances due to other than directly related institutions.
 Borrowings from other than directly related institutions.
 Includes securities sold under agreements to repurchase.
 Excludes loans and federal funds transactions with commercial banks in United lates. States

1.30 LARGE WEEKLY REPORTING COMMERCIAL BANKS Domestic Classified Commercial and Industrial Loans Millions of dollars

			Outstanding	,			Net	change du	ring	
Industry classification			1982					1982		
	Apr. 28	May 26	June 30	July 28	Aug. 25	QI	Q2	June	July	Aug.
1 Durable goods manufacturing	29,086	28,842	29,104	28,543	29,155	1,720	465	262	- 560	611
2 Nondurable goods manufacturing 3 Food, liquor, and tobacco 4 Textiles, apparel, and leather 5 Petroleum refining. 6 Chemicals and rubber. 7 Other nondurable goods.	23,577 4,816 4,654 4,409 5,187 4,512	23,998 4,784 4,722 4,677 5,232 4,581	25,297 4,807 4,864 5,087 5,551 4,988	24,819 4,681 5,068 4,840 5,198 5,032	24,890 ¹ 4,584 5,064 4,717 5,548 4,976	1,364 346 353 -418 795 287	2.135 256 329 638 413 498	1,299 22 142 410 319 406	- 478 - 126 204 - 247 - 353 44	71 -96 -4 -123 350 -56
8 Mining (including crude petro- leum and natural gas)	26,792	28,246	28,257	27,987	27,330	1,486	2,406	11	-270	-657
9 Trade 10 Commodity dealers 11 Other wholesale 12 Retail	28,642 1,858 13,558 13,225	28,704 1,873 13,489 13,342	29,166 1,861 13,775 13,529	28,580 1,648 13,634 13,298	28,304 1,788 13,482 13,035	747 30 559 158	345 - 460 249 556	462 - 12 286 187	-586 -214 -141 -231	- 276 140 - 152 - 263
13 Transportation, communication, and other public utilities 14 Transportation 15 Communication 16 Other public utilities	23,686 9,101 4,471 10,114	23,703 9,070 4,559 10,074	25,015 9,228 4,779 11,008	24,964 8,868 4,832 11,263	24,752 8,961 4,904 10,887	462 540 287 - 365	1,372 74 538 760	1,311 158 220 934	-51 -360 52 256	-211 93 72 -376
17 Construction	7,413 27,359 16,942	7,690 27,956 17,133	7,765 28,780 17,301	7.926 28,863 17.362	7,835 28,987 17,572	14 553 188	513 1.639 40	75 825 168	161 83 61	-91 124 210
20 Total domestic loans	183,496	186,271	190,684	189,044	188,825	6,533	8,914	4,413	1,640	- 219
21 Memo: Term loans (original maturity more than 1 year) included in domestic loans.	88,277	89,282	89,849	87,247	87,050	1.917	2,646	568	-2,602	- 196

^{1.} Includes commercial and industrial loans at a few banks with assets of \$1 billion or more that do not classify their loans.

Note. New series. The 134 large weekly reporting commercial banks with domestic assets of \$1 billion or more as of Dec. 31, 1977, are included in this series. The series is on a last-Wednesday-of-the-month basis. Partly estimated historical data are available from the Banking Section, Division of Research and Statistics, Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, Washington, D.C. 20551.

GROSS DEMAND DEPOSITS of Individuals, Partnerships, and Corporations¹

Billions of dollars, estimated daily-average balances

				Con	nmercial ba	inks		-	
Type of holder	1978	1979 ²	1980		19	81		1982	
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Mar. ³	June ⁴	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	June
1 All holders—Individuals, partnerships, and corporations	294.6	302.2	315.5	280.8	+	277.5	288.9	268.9	271.5
2 Financial business 3 Nonfinancial business 4 Consumer 5 Foreign 6 Other	27.8 152.7 97.4 2.7 14.1	27.1 157.7 99.2 3.1 15.1	29.8 162.3 102.4 3.3 17.2	30.8 144.3 86.7 3.4 15.6	n.a.	28.2 148.6 82.1 3.1 15.5	28.0 154.8 86.6 2.9 16.7	27.8 138.7 84.6 3.1 14.6	28.6 141.4 83.7 2.9 15.0
				Weekl	y reporting	banks			
	1978	19795	1980		19	81		198	82
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Mar. ³	June ⁴	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	June
7 All holders—Individuals, partnerships, and corporations	147.0	139.3	147.4	133.2	*	131.3	137.5	126.8	127.9
Financial business Nonfinancial business Consumer Foreign Other	19.8 79.0 38.2 2.5 7.5	20.1 74.1 34.3 3.0 7.8	21.8 78.3 35.6 3.1 8.6	21.9 69.8 30.6 3.2 7.7	n.a.	20.7 71.2 28.7 2.9 7.9	21.0 75.2 30.4 2.8 8.0	20.2 67.1 29.2 2.9 7.3	20.2 67.7 29.7 2.8 7.5

^{1.} Figures include cash items in process of collection. Estimates of gross deposits are based on reports supplied by a sample of commercial banks. Types of depositors in each category are described in the June 1971 BULLETIN, p. 466.

2. Beginning with the March 1979 survey, the demand deposit ownership survey sample was reduced to 232 banks from 349 banks, and the estimation procedure was modified slightly. To aid in comparing estimates based on the old and new reporting sample, the following estimates in billions of dollars for December 1978 have been constructed using the new smaller sample; financial business, 27.0; nonfinancial business, 146.9; consumer, 98.3; foreign, 2.8; and other, 15.1.

3. Demand deposit ownership data for March 1981 are subject to greater than normal errors reflecting unusual reporting difficulties associated with funds shifted to negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts authorized at year-end 1980. For the household category, the \$15.7 billion decline in demand deposits all commercial banks between December 1980 and March 1981 has an estimated standard error of \$4.8 billion.

^{4.} Demand deposit ownership survey estimates for June 1981 arc not yet available

^{4.} Demand deposit ownership survey estimates for June 1981 are not yet available due to unresolved reporting errors.
5. After the end of 1978 the large weekly reporting bank panel was changed to 170 large commercial banks, each of which had total assets in domestic offices execeding 5750 million as of Dec. 31, 1977. See "Announcements," p. 408 in the May 1978 BULLETIN. Beginning in March 1979, demand deposit ownership estimates for these large banks are constructed quarterly on the basis of 97 sample banks and are not comparable with earlier data. The following estimates in billions of dollars for December 1978 have been constructed for the new large-bank panel; financial business, 18.2; nonfinancial business, 67.2; consumer, 32.8; foreign, 2.5; other. 6.8. other, 6.8.

1.32 COMMERCIAL PAPER AND BANKERS DOLLAR ACCEPTANCES OUTSTANDING

Millions of dollars, end of period

Instrument	1977	1978	19791	1980	1981			19	82		
Mot when	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May '	June	July
				Co	mmercial pa	aper (seaso	nally adjust	ed)			
1 All issuers	65,051	83,438	112,803	124,524	165,508	165,110′	166,726′	171,866°	176,210	178,842	180,669
Financial companies ² Dealer-placed paper ³ Total	8,796	12,181	17,359	19,790	30,188	30,057	31,574	32,848	34,683	36,685 <i>r</i>	37,961
adjusted)	2,132	3,521	2,784	3,561	6,045	6,556 r	7,055 ^r	7,905	8,003	7,1887	6,427
5 Bank-related (not seasonally	40,574	51,647	64,757	67,854	81,660	79,526′	78,322	81,5857	82,390	84,774	85,684
adjusted)	7,102 15,681	12,314 19,610	17,598 30,687	22,382 36,880	26,914 53,660	27.591 ⁷ 55,527	27,579 ^r 56,830	29,434 ⁷ 57,433	30,576 59,137	30,828 ^r 57,383	31,141 57,024
			Bankers d	ollar accept	tances (not	seasonally	adjusted un	less noted	otherwise)	<u></u> '	
7 Total	25,450	33,700	45,321	54,744	69,226	70,468	71,619	71,128	71,601	71,765	+
Holder 8 Accepting banks 9 Own bills 10 Bills bought Federal Reserve Banks	10,434 8,915 1,519	8,579 7,653 927	9,865 8,327 1,538	10,564 8,963 1,601	10,857 9,743 1,115	11.953 10,928 1,025	12,964 11,139 1,825	12,675 11,409 1,266	11,104 9,879 1,225	10,362 9,175 1,188	
11 Own account	954 362 13,700	1 664 24,456	704 1,382 33,370	776 1,791 41,614	0 1,442 56,926	1,530 56,985	1,379 57,276	1,329 57,124	0 1,234 59,262	0 1,348 60,054	n.a.
Basis 14 Imports into United States 15 Exports from United States 16 All other	6,378 5,863 13,209	8,574 7,586 17,540	10,270 9,640 25,411	11,776 12,712 30,257	14,765 15,400 39,061	15,430 16,119 38,919	14,877 16,835 39,907	15,303 16,887 38,937	14,979 16,255 40,458	15,213 15,649 40,842	

^{1.} A change in reporting instructions results in offsetting shifts in the dealer-placed and directly placed financial company paper in October 1979.

2. Institutions engaged primarily in activities such as, but not limited to, commercial, savings, and mortgage banking; sales, personal, and mortgage financing; factoring, finance leasing, and other business lending; insurance underwriting; and other investment activities.

Includes all financial company paper sold by dealers in the open market.
 As reported by financial companies that place their paper directly with investors.
 Includes public utilities and firms engaged primarily in such activities as communications, construction, manufacturing, mining, wholesale and retail trade, transportation, and services. transportation, and services.

1.33 PRIME RATE CHARGED BY BANKS on Short-Term Business Loans Percent per annum

Effective date	Rate	Effective Date	Rate	Month ,	Average rate	Month	Average rate
1981—Sept. 15	20.00 19.50 19.00 18.00 17.50 17.00 16.50- 17.00 16.50 16.50 15.75	1982—Feb. 2	16.50 17.00 16.50 16.50 15.50 15.50 14.00 14.50 14.00	1981—Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov.	20.16 19.43 18.05 17.15 19.61 20.03 20.39 20.50 20.08 18.45 16.84	1981—Dec. 1982—Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May. June July Aug.	15.75 15.75 16.56 16.50 16.50 16.50 16.50 16.26 14.39

1.34 TERMS OF LENDING AT COMMERCIAL BANKS Survey of Loans Made, May 3-8, 1982

	All		Size	e of loan (in the	usands of dollar	rs)	
Item	sizes	1–24	25–49	50-99	100–499	500–999	1,000 and over
Short-Term Commercial and Industrial Loans							
Amount of loans (thousands of dollars) Number of loans Weighted-average maturity (months) Weighted-average interest rate (percent per annum). Interquartile range ¹	36,600,259 161,197 1.2 17.11 16.58–17.51	885,940 115,667 3.4 18.51 17.42–19.51	501,046 14,935 3.8 18.56 17.55–19.25	707,807 11.137 3.4 18.06 17.62–18.50	2,349,121 13,022 3.6 17.77 17.00–18.67	1,198,641 1,848 2.4 17.98 17.00–18.97	30,957,703 4,588 .9 16.94 16.57–17.30
Percentage of amount of loans 6 With floating rate	29.8 51.7 14.4	39.2 36.2 12.8	48.4 40.3 14.8	44.8 49.3 24.9	52.3 63.7 19.9	50.8 51.2 24.0	26.3 51.5 13.4
Long-Term Commercial and Industrial Loans		-					
9 Amount of loans (thousands of dollars)	3,705,382 20,575 49.8 16.96 16.50–17.51		253,640 18,222 29.9 18.80 17.79–19.56		410.817 1,547 50.1 17.59 17.50–17.81	164,045 244 43.3 17.29 16.50–18.00	2,876,880 562 51.8 16.69 16.00–17.32
Percentage of amount of loans 14 With floating rate	71.7 72.1		38.6 28.9		45.9 36.2	83.5 82.8	77.7 80.4
Construction and Land Development Loans						•	
16 Amount of loans (thousands of dollars)	1,921,308 31,454 11.1 17.80 16.07–19.10	182,396 18,881 7.2 19,13 18,54–20,15	228,405 6,446 12.3 18.81 17.00–19.82	166,690 2,273 8.3 17.97 16.72–19.25	427,520 3,050 14.1 18.45 18.13–19.59		916,297 805 10.6 16.96 1–17.88
Percentage of amount of loans 21 With floating rate 22 Secured by real estate. 23 Made under commitment. 24 With no stated maturity	28.8 85.0 32.9 .9	37.7 74.1 55.5 1.9	22.5 82.1 65.6 1.1	47.1 80.6 19.3 2.7	20.7 97.9 18.4 1.4		29.0 82.8 29.6 .0
Type of construction 25 1- to 4-family 26 Multifamily 27 Nonresidential	30.0 4.8 65.2	40.0 3.2 56.8	54.0 1.1 44.9	40.8 4.9 54.3	26.0 2.7 71.3		21.9 7.1 71.0
LOANS TO FARMERS	All sizes	1–9	10–24	25-49	50–99	100–249	250 and over
28 Amount of loans (thousands of dollars). 29 Number of loans	1,224,054 70,983 7.6 17.76 17.18–18.39	172,901 46,365 6.6 17.63 17.00–18.39	214,006 15,091 6,4 17,59 17,18–18,27	167,333 4,919 7.6 17.59 17.06–18.13	190,019 2,781 5.3 18.01 17.25–18.68	193,183 1,363 9,3 17.76 17.17–18.27	286,611 465 9.4 17.91 17.25–18.77
By purpose of loan 33 Feeder livestock 34 Other livestock 35 Other current operating expenses 36 Farm machinery and equipment 37 Other	17.81 17.51 17.66 18.19 17.85	17.89 17.75 17.46 18.14 18.21	17.73 17.57 17.61 17.31 17.70	17.69 17.34 17.57 17.30 17.68	18.56 17.42 17.83 *	17.84 17.97 17.65 *	17.56 * 17.59 17.98

 ^{1.} Interest rate range that covers the middle 50 percent of the total dollar amount of loans made.

Digitized for FRASER and 10 sample loans.

NOTE. For more detail, see the Board's E.2 (111) statistical release.

1.35 INTEREST RATES Money and Capital Markets

Averages, percent per annum; weekly and monthly figures are averages of business day data unless otherwise noted.

	•	4070	1000	1001		19	982			1982	, week end	ling	
	Instrument	1979	1980	1981	May	June	July	Aug.	Aug. 6	Aug. 13	Aug. 20	Aug. 27	Sept. 3
_	Money Market Rates												
1	Federal funds ^{1,2} Commercial paper ^{3,4}	11.19	13.36	16.38	14.45	14.15	12.59	10.12	11.15	10.90	10.11	9.04	10.15
2 3 4	3-month	10.86 10.97 10.91	12.76 12.66 12.29	15.69 15.32 14.76	13.79 13.42 13.02	13.95 13.96 13.79	12.62 12.94 13.00	9.50 10.15 10.80	10.49 10.99 11.44	10.70 11.23 11.67	8.80 9.38 9.98	8.17 9.12 10.10	9.58 10.10 10.84
5 6 7	1-month 3-month 6-month Bankers acceptances ^{4,5}	10.78 10.47 10.25	12.44 11.49 11.28	15.30 14.08 13.73	13.49 12.75 12.61	13.79 13.09 12.69	12.42 12.24 12.15	9.32 9.62 9.93	10.41 10.42 10.82	10.55 10.52 10.77	8.51 9.07 9.45	7.93 8.64 8.94	9.52 9.44 9.47
8	Bankers acceptances ^{4,5} 3-month 6-month Certificates of deposit, secondary market ⁶	11.04 n.a.	12.78 n.a.	15.32 14.66	13.29 12.90	14.00 13.76	12.90 12.91	10.34 10.90	11.18 11.56	11.18 11.54	9.61 10.14	9.54 10.35	10.12 10.99
10 11 12 13	1-month 3-month 6-month Eurodollar deposits, 3-month ² U.S. Treasury bills ⁴	11.03 11.22 11.44 11.96	12.91 13.07 12.99 14.00	15.91 15.91 15.77 16.79	13.95 13.80 13.77 14.53	14.18 14.46 14.66 15.45	12.88 13.44 13.80 14.37	10.07 10.61 11.53 11.57	10.95 11.43 12.18 12.68	11.00 11.63 12.37 12.69	9,40 9,77 10.65 11.58	9.04 9.73 10.86 10.36	9.98 10.42 11.64 11.26
14 15 16	Secondary market ⁷ 3-month 6-month 1-year Auction average ⁸	10.07 10.06 9.75	11.43 11.37 10.89	14.03 13.80 13.14	12.09 12.16 11.98	12.47 12.70 12.57	11.35 11.88 11.90	8.68 9.88 10.37	9.80 10.78 11.13	9.70 10.70 11.06	7.88 9.17 9.71	7.50 8.99 9.68	8.31 9.59 10.12
17 18 19	3-month 6-month 1-year	10.041 10.017 9.817	11.506 11.374 10.748	14.077 13.811 13.159	12.148 12.220 12.194	12.108 12.310 12.173	11.914 12.236 12.318	9.006 10.105 11.195	9.633 10.671	10.025 10.940 11.195	8.616 9.821	7.748 8.988	8.604 9.746
	CAPITAL MARKET RATES												
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	U.S. Treasury notes and bonds ⁹ Constant maturities ¹⁰ 1-year 2-year 2-½-year ¹¹ 3-year 5-year 7-year 10-year 20-year	10.67 10.12 9.71 9.52 9.48 9.44 9.33 9.29	12.05 11.77 11.55 11.48 11.43 11.46 11.39 11.30	14.78 14.56 14.44 14.24 14.06 13.91 13.72 13.44	13.34 13.78 13.77 13.75 13.74 13.62 13.46 13.24	14.07 14.47 14.48 14.43 14.47 14.30 14.18 13.92	13.24 13.80 14.00 14.07 14.07 13.95 13.76 13.55	11.43 12.32 	12.32 12.99 13.26 13.62 13.69 13.63 13.48 13.28	12.23 13.01 13.00 13.24 13.59 13.66 13.57 13.38 13.19	10.63 11.75 12.07 12.53 12.68 12.60 12.50 12.39	10.63 11.67 11.95 12.00 12.38 12.62 12.51 12.40 12.30	11.12 11.93 12.25 12.54 12.77 12.69 12.48 12.38
29	Composite ¹² Over 10 years (long-term)	8.74	10.81	12.87	12.67	13.32	12.97	12.15	12.67	12.61	11.79	11.64	11.76
30 31 32	State and local notes and bonds Moody's series ¹³ Aaa. Baa. Bond Buyer series ¹⁴	5.92 6.73 6.52	7.85 9.01 8.59	10.43 11.76 11.33	11.05 12.63° 11.95	11.55 12.74 ^c 12.45	11.47 13.17 12.28	10.68 12.36 11.23	11.40 12.75 11.87	11.20 12.75 11.86	10.80 12.20 10.82	9.30 11.75 10.38	9.40 12.00 10.74
33 34 35 36 37 38 39	Corporate bonds Seasoned issues ¹⁵ All industries Aaa Aa Aa Baa Aaa daa utility bonds ¹⁶ New issue Recently offered issues.	10.12 9.63 9.94 10.20 10.69 10.03 10.02	12.75 11.94 12.50 12.89 13.67 12.74 12.70	15.06 14.17 14.75 15.29 16.04 15.56 15.56	15.34 14.26 14.77 15.70 16.64 15.22 15.24	15.77 14.81 15.26 16.07 16.92 15.92 15.84	15.70 14.61 15.21 16.20 16.80 15.61 15.61	15.06 13.71 14.48 15.70 16.32 13.95 14.47	15.44 14.22 14.91 15.95 16.69	15.43 14.14 14.92 15.95 16.71	14.91 13.48 14.29 15.63 16.26 14.15 14.00	14.60 13.15 13.97 15.41 15.86 13.75 13.92	14.60 13.24 14.03 15.34 15.77
40 41	MEMO: Dividend/price ratio ¹⁷ Preferred stocks	9.07 5.46	10.57 5.25	12.36 5.41	12.58 5.97	12.96 5.97	13.24 6.31	12.78 6.32	13.20 6.48	13.02 6.69	12.55 6.30	12.36 5.81	12.78 5.80

11. Each weekly figure is calculated on a biweekly basis and is the average of five business days ending on the Monday following the calendar week. The biweekly rate is used to determine the maximum interest rate payable in the following two-week period on small saver certificates. (See table 1.16.)

12. Unweighted averages of yields (to maturity or call) for all outstanding notes and bonds neither due nor callable in less than 10 years, including several very low yielding "flower" bonds.

13. General obligations only, based on figures for Thursday, from Moody's Investors Service.

Investors Servi

14. General obligations only, with 20 years to maturity, issued by 20 state and local governmental units of mixed quality. Based on figures for Thursday.

15. Daily figures from Moody's Investors Service. Based on yields to maturity on selected local term benefit of the service.

Daily figures from Moody's Investors Service. Based on yieux to maturity on selected long-term bonds.
 Compilation of the Federal Reserve. Issues included are long-term (20 years or more). New-issue yields are based on quotations on date of offering; those on recently offered issues (included only for first 4 weeks after termination of underwriter price restrictions), on Friday close-of-business quotations.
 Standard and Poor's corporate series. Preferred stock ratio based on a sample of ten issues: four public utilities, four industrials, one financial, and one transportation. Common stock ratios on the 500 stocks in the price index.

^{1.} Weekly and monthly figures are averages of all calendar days, where the rate for a weekend or holiday is taken to be the rate prevailing on the preceding business day. The daily rate is the average of the rates on a given day weighted by the volume of transactions at these rates.

2. Weekly figures are statement week averages—that is, averages for the week ending Wednesday.

3. Unweighted average of offering rates quoted by at least five dealers (in the case of commercial paper), or finance companies (in the case of finance paper). Before November 1979, maturities for data shown are 30-59 days, 90-119 days, and 120-179 days for commercial paper; and 30-59 days, 90-119 days, and 150-179 days for finance paper.

¹⁷⁹ days for finance paper.

4. Yields are quoted on a bank-discount basis, rather than an investment yield basis (which would give a higher figure).

5. Dealer closing offered rates for top-rated banks. Most representative rate (which may be, but need not be, the average of the rates quoted by the dealers).

6. Unweighted average of offered rates quoted by at least five dealers early in the day.

Unweighted average of offered rates quoted by at least five dealers early in the day.
 Unweighted average of closing bid rates quoted by at least five dealers.
 Rates are recorded in the week in which bills are issued.
 Yields are based on closing bid prices quoted by at least five dealers.
 Yields adjusted to constant maturities by the U.S. Treasury. That is, yields are read from a yield curve at fixed maturities. Based on only recently issued, actively traded securities.

1.36 STOCK MARKET Selected Statistics

	1070	1000		1981				1	982			
Indicator	1979	1980	1981	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
				Pr	ices and	trading (a	verages (of daily fi	gures)	<u> </u>		
Common stock prices 1 New York Stock Exchange (Dec. 31, 1965 = 50) 2 Industrial 3 Transportation 4 Utility. 5 Finance 6 Standard & Poor's Corporation (1941–43 = 10) ¹ 7 American Stock Exchange (Aug. 31, 1973 = 100).	55.67 61.82 45.20 36.46 58.65 107.94	68.06 78.64 60.52 37.35 64.28 118.71 300.94	74.02 85.44 72.61 38.90 73.52 128.05	71.81 81.70 68.27 40.22 74.74 123.79 322.65	67.91 76.85 62.04 39.30 70.99 117.41 296.49	66.16 74.78 59.09 38.32 70.50 114.50 275.10	63.86 71.51 55.19 38.57 69.08 110.84 255.08	66.97 75.59 57.91 39.20 71.44 116.31 271.15	67.07 75.97 56.84 39.40 69.16 116.35	63.10 71.59 53.07 37.34 63.19 109.70 254.72	62.82 71.37 53.40 37.20 61.59 109.38 250.63	62.91 70.98 53.98 38.19 62.84 109.65 253.54
Volume of trading (thousands of shares) 8 New York Stock Exchange 9 American Stock Exchange	32.233 4.182	44.867 6.377	46,967 5,346	43,598 4,992	48.419 4,497	51,169 4,400	55,227 4,329	54.116 3,937	51.328 4.292	50,481 3,720	54,530 ^r 3,611	76,031 5,567
			Cust	tomer fin	ancing (e	nd-of-per	iod balar	ices, in m	illions of o	dollars)		
10 Regulated margin credit at brokers-dealers2	11,619	14,721	14,411	14,411	13,441	13,023	12,095	12,202	12,237	11,783	11,729	1
11 Margin stock ³ 12 Convertible bonds 13 Subscription issues	11,450 167 2	14,500 219 2	14,150 259 2	14,150 259 2	13,190 249 2	12,770 251 2	11,840 249 6	11,950 251 1	11.990 246 1	11,540 242 1	11,470 258 1	n.a.
Free credit balances at brokers ⁴ 14 Margin-account 15 Cash-account	1,105 4,060	2,105 6.070	3,515 7,150	3,515 7,150	3,455 6,575	3,755 6,595	3,895 6,510	4,145 6,270	4.175 6.355	4,215 <i>r</i> 6,345 <i>r</i>	4,410 6,560	
			Margir	1-account	debt at l	orokers (į	percentag	e distribu	tion, end	of period)		
16 Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	1
By equity class (in percent) ⁵ 17 Under 40 18 40-49 19 50-59 20 60-69 21 70-79 22 80 or more.	16.0 29.0 27.0 14.0 8.0 7.0	14.0 30.0 25.0 14.0 9.0 8.0	37.0 21.0 22.0 10.0 6.0 6.0	37.0 24.0 17.0 10.0 6.0 6.0	37.0 24.0 16.0 10.0 7.0 6.0	44.0 22.0 15.0 8.0 6.0 5.0	39.0 24.0 16.0 10.0 6.0 5.0	34.0 25.0 18.0 10.0 7.0 6.0	40.0 24.0 15.0 9.0 6.0 5.0	43.0 21.0 16.0 9.0 6.0 5.0	45.0 23.0 13.0 8.0 6.0 5.0	n.a.
			Spe	cial misc	ellaneous	-account	balances	at broker	s (end of	period)	•	
23 Total balances (millions of dollars) ⁶	16,150	21,690	25,870	25,870	26,080	26,850	28,030	28,252	28,521	29,798	29,773	1
Distribution by equity status (percent)	44.2 47.0 8.8	47.8 44.4 7.7	58.0 31.0 11.0	58.0 31.0 11.0	58.0 31.0 11.0	58.0 30.0 12.0	59.0 28.0 13.0	57.0 29.0 13.0	58.0 29.0 13.0	59.0 28.0 13.0	59.0 26.0 14.0	n.a.
			Ma	rgin requ	irements	(percent	of marke	t value a	nd effectiv	e date) ⁷		1
	Mar. 1	1, 1968	June 8	8, 1968	May	5, 1970	Dec.	6, 1971	Nov. 2	4. 1972	Jan. 3	. 1974
27 Margin stocks	(5	70 50 70	\	30 50 30		55 50 55	1 5	55 50 55	5	55 50 55		50 50 50

^{1.} Effective July 1976, includes a new financial group, banks and insurance companies. With this change the index includes 400 industrial stocks (formerly 425), 20 transportation (formerly 15 rail), 40 public utility (formerly 60), and 40

5. Each customer's equity in his collateral (market value of collateral less net

debit balance) is expressed as a percentage of current collateral value of the debit balance) is expressed as a percentage of current collateral values.

6. Balances that may be used by customers as the margin deposit required for additional purchases. Balances may arise as transfers based on loan values of other collateral in the customer's margin account or deposits of cash (usually sales pro-

collateral in the customer's margin account or deposits of cash (usually sales proceeds) occur.

7. Regulations G, T, and U of the Federal Reserve Board of Governors, prescribed in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. limit the amount of credit to purchase and carry margin stocks that may be extended on securities as collateral by prescribing a maximum loan value, which is a specified percentage of the market value of the collateral at the time the credit is extended. Margin requirements are the difference between the market value (100 percent) and the maximum loan value. The term "margin stocks" is defined in the corresponding regulation.

^{425). 20} transportation (formerly 15 rail), 40 public utility (tolinerly 60), and infinancial.

2. Margin credit includes all credit extended to purchase or carry stocks or related equity instruments and secured at least in part by stock. Credit extended is endof-month data for member firms of the New York Stock Exchange.

In addition to assigning a current loan value to margin stock generally. Regulations T and U permit special loan values for convertible bonds and stock acquired through exercise of subscription rights.

3. A distribution of this total by equity class is shown on lines 17-22.

4. Free credit balances are in accounts with no unfulfilled commitments to the brokers and are subject to withdrawal by customers on demand.

1.37 SELECTED FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS Selected Assets and Liabilities Millions of dollars, end of period

Account	1979	1980		1981					1982			
Account	1979	1760	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Маг.	Apr.	May	June'	July P
					Savi	ngs and loa	ın associat	tions				
1 Assets	578,962	630,712	659,073	660,326	663,844	667,600	671,895	678,039	681,368	686,942	692,245	696,425
2 Mortgages	475,688 46,341 56,933	503,192 57,928 69,592	519,248 61,517 78,308	519,146 61,369 79,811	518,350 62,756 82,738	517,493 64,089 86,018	516,284 66,585 89,026	515,896 67,758 94,835	514,475 67,859 99,034	513,807 69,931 103,204	512,746 70,451 109,228	510,036 72,367 114,022
5 Liabilities and net worth	578,962	630,712	659,073	660,326	663,844	667,600	671,895	678,039	681,368	686,942	692,425	696,425
6 Savings capital 7 Borrowed money 8 FHLBB 9 Other 10 Loans in process. 11 Other	470,004 55,232 40,441 14,791 9,582 11,506 32,638	511,636 64,586 47,045 17,541 8,767 12,394 33,329	519,288 86,108 62,000 24,108 6,757 17,506	519,777 86,255 61,922 24,333 6,451 19,101 28,742	524,374 89,097 62,794 26,303 6,369 15,612 28,392	526,382 89,099 62,581 26,518 6,249 18,356	529,064 89,465 62,690 26,775 6,144 20,145	535,566 91,013 63,639 27,374 6,399 18,574 26,487	532,899 93,883 65,347 28,536 6,550 22,012 26,024	534,517 94,440 65,216 29,224 6,748 25,819	537,965 97,177 66,925 30,252 7,087 24,732 25,454	538,850 98,586 66,794 31,792 7,207 26,958 24,824
13 Memo: Mortgage loan commitments		16,102		15,758	15,225		15,397			16.622	16,828	
outstanding ³	16,007	16,1021	15,733	15,756		15,131		15,582	16.375	10.022	10,626	15,589
					N	Autual savi	ngs banks	,4				
14 Assets	163,405	171,564	175,693	175,258	175,728	175,938	175,763	174,776	174,813	174,952	175,091	 †
Loans 15 Mortgage	98,908 9,253	99,865 11,733	99,903 14,725	99,879 15,073	99,997 14,753	99,788 15,029	98,838 15,604	97,464 16,514	97,160 16,424	96,334 17,409	96,346 16,546	
17 U.S. government ⁵ 18 State and local government 19 Corporate and other ⁶ 20 Cash 21 Other assets	7,658 2,930 37,086 3,156 4,412	8,949 2,390 39,282 4,334 5,011	9,765 2,394 38,108 5,118 5,681	9,508 2,271 37,874 5,039 5,615	9,810 2,288 37,791 5,442 5,649	9,991 2,290 37,849 5,210 5,781	9,966 2,293 37,781 5,412 5,869	10,072 2,276 37,379 5,219 5,852	10,146 2,269 37,473 5,494 5,846	9,968 2,259 37,486 5,469 6,027	10,112 2,253 36,958 6,040 6,836	
22 Liabilities	163,405	171,564	175,693	175,258	175,728	175,938	175,763	174,776	174,813	174,952	175,091	n.a.
23 Deposits	146,006 144,070 61,123 82,947 1,936 5,873 11,525	154,805 151,416 53,971 97,445 2,086 6,695 11,368	154,066 151,975 48,238 103,737 24,806 11,513 10,114	153,809 151,787 48,456 103,331 2,023 11,434 717.610,01	155,110 153,003 49,425 103,578 2,108 10,632 5 9,986	154,843 152,801 48,898 103,903 2,042 11,280 9,814	154,626 152,616 48,297 104,318 2,010 11,464 9,672	154,022 151,979 48,412 103,567 2,043 11,132 9,622	153,187 151,021 47,733 103,288 2,166 12,141 9,485	153,354 151,253 47,895 103,358 2,101 12,246 9,352	154,273 152,030 47,942 104,088 2,243 11,230 9,588	
30 MEMO: Mortgage loan commitments outstanding ⁸	3,182	1,476	1,140	1,207	1,293	916	950	978	953	998	1,010	ł
					Lit	fe insuranc	e compan	ies				
31 Assets	432,282	479,210	515,079	519,281	521,354	525,331	526,573	530,014	533,810	537,281	547,075	Ť
Securities Government Gov	6.428 9,022 222,332 178,371	21,378 5,345 6,701 9,332 238,113 190,747 47,366 131,080 15,033 41,411 31,702	24,621 7,846 7,129 9,646 253,976 208,004 45,972 137,736 18,382 47,731 32,633	25,200 8,321 7,148 9,731 255,632 209,194 46,438 138,433 18,629 48,275 33,112	25,310 8,578 6,968 9,764 254,978 208,587 46,391 139,046 19,157 48,741 34,122	26.157 9,204 7,063 9,890 257,614 211,686 45,928 139,596 19,276 49,092 33,288	26,847 9,887 7,043 9,917 257,318 212,685 44,633 139,777 18,999 49,535 34,097	27,322 10,236 7,069 10,017 257,452 213,217 44,235 140,259 19,472 50,083 35,426	27,691 10,465 7,139 10,087 260,034 214,984 45,050 140,688 19,947 50,640 34,810	28,023 10,698 7,193 10,132 261,521 216,972 44,549 141,023 20,186 51,059 35,469	28,243 10,403 7,643 10,197 265,080 219,006 46,074 139,539 19,959 51,438 42,816	n.a.
						Credit	unions			·		
43 Total assets/liabilities and capital	65,854	71,709	76,123	76,830	77,682	78,012	78,986	81,055	81,351	82,858	84,107	84,423
44 Federal	35,934 29,920 53,125 28,698 24,426 56,232 35,530 25,702	39,801 31,908 47,774 25,627 22,147 64,399 36,348 28,051	41,727 34,396 51,029 27,686 23,343 67,625 37,015 30,610	42,025 34,805 50,631 27,508 23,123 67,981 37,261 30,720	42,382 35,300 50,448 27,458 22,990 68,871 37,574 31,297	42,512 35,500 49,949 27,204 22,745 69,432 37,875 31,557	43,111 35,875 49,610 27,051 22,559 70,227 38,331 31,896	44,263 36,792 49,668 27,119 22,549 72,218 39,431 32,787	44,371 36,980 49,533 27,064 22,469 72,569 39,688 32,881	45,077 37,781 49,556 27,073 22,483 73,602 40,213 33,389	45,705 38,402 49,919 27,295 22,624 74,834 40,710 34,124	45,931 38,492 50,133 27,351 22,782 75,088 40,969 34,119

For notes see bottom of page A30.

FEDERAL FISCAL AND FINANCING OPERATIONS

Millions of dollars

						Calend	ar year			
Type of account or operation	Fiscal year 1979	Fiscal year 1980	Fiscal year 1981	19	81	1982		1982		
				H 1	H2	H1	May	June	July	
U.S. budget 1 Reccipts ¹ . 2 Outlays ^{1,2} 3 Surplus, or deficit (-). 4 Trust funds. 5 Federal funds ³ .	463,302	517,112	599,272	317,304	301,777	322,478	36,753	66,353	44,675	
	490,997	576,675	657,204	333,115	358,558	348,678	55,683	59,629	64,506	
	-27,694	- 59,563	- 57,932	-15,811	- 56,780	- 26,200	- 18,930	6,724	-19,831	
	18,335	8,801	6,817	5,797	- 8,085	- 17,690	1,958	5,192	-6,171	
	-46,030	- 68,364	- 64,749	-21,608	- 48,697	- 43,889	- 20,888	1,532	-13,660	
Off-budget entities (surplus, or deficit (-)) 6 Federal Financing Bank outlays	- 13,261	- 14,549	- 20,769	-11,046	- 8,728	7.942	-2,459	-2,052	-939	
	793	303	- 236	-900	- 1,752	227	-34	-216	-192	
U.S. budget plus off-budget, including Federal Financing Bank Surplus, or deficit (-). Source or financing 9 Borrowing from the public 10 Cash and monetary assets (decrease, or increase (-)) ⁵ .	-40,162	-73,808	-78,936	-27,757	-67,260	-33,914	-21,424	4,457	-20,962	
	33,641	70,515	79,329	33,213	54,081	41,728	3,187	3,260	14,348	
	-408	-355	-1,878	2,873	-1,111	-408	15,700	3,489	1,061	
	6,929	3,648	1,485	-8,328	14,290	-7,405	2,537	-4,228	5,553	
MEMO: 12 Treasury operating balance (level, end of period). 13 Federal Reserve Banks 14 Tax and loan accounts	24,176	20,990	18,670	16,389	12,046	10,999	7.947	10,999	10,398	
	6,489	4,102	3,520	2,923	4,301	4,099	2.540	4,099	3,275	
	17,687	16,888	15,150	13,466	7,745	6,900	5.407	6,900	7,123	

The Budget of the U.S. Government, Fiscal Year 1983, has reclassified sup-plemental medical insurance premiums and voluntary hospital insurance premiums. previously included in other social insurance receipts, as offsetting receipts in the health function.

2. Effective Oct. 1, 1980, the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation was re-classified from an off-budget agency to an on-budget agency in the Department of

Labor.
3. Half-year figures are calculated as a residual (total surplus/deficit less trust

Individual ingues are calculated as a residual (total surplus/deficit).
 Other off-budget includes Postal Service Fund; Rural Electrification and Telephone Revolving Fund; and Rural Telephone Bank; it also includes petroleum acquisition and transportation and strategic petroleum reserve effective November 1981.

Includes U.S. Treasury operating cash accounts; special drawing rights; gold tranche drawing rights; loans to International Monetary Fund; and other cash and

tranche drawing rights, to and to the monetary assets.

6. Includes accrued interest payable to the public; allocations of special drawing rights; deposit funds; miscellaneous liability (including checks outstanding) and asset accounts; seigniorage; increment on gold; net gain/loss for U.S. currency valuation adjustment; net gain/loss for IMF valuation adjustment; and profit on the role of gold.

Source. "Monthly Treasury Statement of Receipts and Outlays of the U.S. Government." Treasury Bulletin, and the Budget of the United States Government, Fiscal Year 1983.

NOTES TO TABLE 1.37

- 1. Holdings of stock of the Federal Home Loan Banks are included in "other
- assets.

 2. Includes net undistributed income, which is accrued by most, but not all.
- S. Excludes figures for loans in process, which are shown as a liability.
 The NAMSB reports that, effective April 1979, balance sheet data are not strictly comparable with previous months. Beginning April 1979, data are reported on a net-of-valuation-reserves basis. Before that date, data were reported on a

- on a net-of-valuation-reserves basis. Before that date, data were reported on a gross-of-valuation-reserves basis.

 5. Beginning April 1979, includes obligations of U.S. government agencies. Before that date, this item was included in "Corporate and other."

 6. Includes securities of foreign governments and international organizations and, before April 1979, nonguaranteed issues of U.S. government agencies.

 7. Excludes checking, club, and school accounts.

 8. Commitments outstanding (including loans in process) of banks in New York State as reported to the Savings Banks Association of the state of New York.

 9. Direct and guaranteed obligations. Excludes federal agency issues not guaranteed, which are shown in the table under "Business" securities.

- 10. Issues of foreign governments and their subdivisions and bonds of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development.
- NOTE. Savings and loan associations: Estimates by the FHLBB for all associations

Note. Savings and loan associations: Estimates by the FHLBB for all associations in the United States. Data are based on monthly reports of federally insured associations and annual reports of other associations. Even when revised, data for current and preceding year are subject to further revision.

Mutual savings banks: Estimates of National Association of Mutual Savings Banks for all savings banks in the United States.

Life insurance companies: Estimates of the American Council of Life Insurance for all life insurance companies in the United States. Annual figures are annual-statement asset values, with bonds carried on an amortized basis and stocks at year-end market value. Adjustments for interest due and accrued and for differences between market and book values are not made on each item separately but are included, in total, in "other assets."

Credit unions: Estimates by the National Credit Union Administration for a group of federal and state-chartered credit unions that account for about 30 percent

group of federal and state-chartered credit unions that account for about 30 percent of credit union assets. Figures are preliminary and revised annually to incorporate recent benchmark data.

1.39 U.S. BUDGET RECEIPTS AND OUTLAYS

Millions of dollars

						Calenda	nr year		
Source or type	Fiscal year 1979	Fiscal year 1980	Fiscal year 1981	198	81	1982		1982	
				Нi	H2	Н1	May	June	July
RECEIPTS									
1 All sources ¹	463,302	517,112	599,272	317,304	301,777	322,478	36,753	66,353	44,675
2 Individual income taxes, net	217,841 195,295 36	244,069 223,763 39	285,917 256,332 41	142,889 126,101 36	147,035 134,199	150,565 133,575 34	9,576 20,965	32,273 21,912	23,987 23,769
5 Nonwithheld	56,215 33,705	63,746 43,479	76,844 47,299	59,907 43,155	17,391 4,559	66,174 49,217	1,183 12,580	11,774 1,417	2,233 2,019
7 Gross receipts	71,448 5,771	72,380 7,780	73,733 12,596	44,048 6,565	31,056 738	37,836 8,028	2,159 957	11,943 1,354	2,445 1,844
net	138,939	157,803	182,720	101,316	91,592	108,079	20,483	17,572	14,874
contributions ²	115,041	133,042	156,953	83,851	82,984	88,795	14,650	16,189	13,860
contributions ³	5,034 15,387 3,477	5,723 15,336 3,702	6,041 16,129 3,598	6,240 9,205 2,020	244 6,355 2,009	7,357 9,809 2,119	502 5,004 327	828 217 336	- 649 1,292 370
14 Excise taxes 15 Customs deposits 16 Estate and gift taxes 17 Miscellaneous receipts	18,745 7,439 5,411 9,252	24,329 7,174 6,389 12,748	40,839 8,083 6,787 13,790	21,945 3,926 3,259 6,487	22,097 4,661 3,742 8,441	17,525 4,310 4,208 7,984	2,848 683 613 1,349	2,768 771 745 1,634	2,774 773 624 1,042
OUTLAYS									
18 All types ^{1,6}	490,997	576,675	657,204	333,115	358,558	346,286	55,683	59,629	64,506
National defense International affairs. General science, space, and technology Energy. Natural resources and environment. Agriculture.	117,681 6,091 5,041 6,856 12,091 6,238	135,856 10,733 5,722 6,313 13,812 4,762	159,765 11,130 6,359 10,277 13,525 5,572	80,005 5,999 3,314 5,677 6,476 3,101	87,421 4,655 3,388 4,394 7,296 5,181	93,154 5,183 3,370 2,814 5,636 7,087	15,204 559 613 486 849 400	16,419 402 543 601 1,041 53	16,757 460 552 171 1,161 831
25 Commerce and housing credit	2,579 17,459 9,542	7,788 21,120 10,068	3,946 23,381 9,394	2,073 11,991 4,621	1,825 10,753 4,269	1,410 9,915 3,193	-129 1,425 457	1,752 557	996 1,608 502
services 29 Health ¹ 30 Income security ⁶	29,685 46,962 160,159	30,767 55,220 193,100	31,402 65,982 225,099	15,928 33,113 113,490	13,878 35,322 129,269	12,595 37,213 112,782	1,996 6,019 20,269	1,997 6,772 20,812	1,838 6,275 22,385
31 Veterans benefits and services 32 Administration of justice 33 General government 34 General-purpose fiscal assistance 35 Interest 36 Undistributed offsetting receipts?	19,928 4,153 4,093 8,372 52,566 -18,488	21,183 4,570 4,505 8,584 64,504 -21,933	22,988 4,698 4,614 6,856 82,537 -30,320	10,531 2,344 2,692 3,015 41,178 -12,432	12,880 2,290 2,311 3,043 47,667 -17,281	10,865 2,334 2,410 3,325 50,070 -14,680	753 364 433 352 7,720 -1,286	1,927 353 393 204 13,787 -7,989	3,099 376 207 1,165 7,158 -1,036

The Budget of the U.S. Government, Fiscal Year 1983 has reclassified supplemental medical insurance premiums and voluntary hospital insurance premiums, previously included in other social insurance receipts, as offsetting receipts in the health function.
 Old-age, disability, and hospital insurance, and railroad retirement accounts.
 Old-age, disability, and hospital insurance.
 Federal employee retirement contributions and civil service retirement and disability fund.

SOURCE. "Monthly Treasury Statement of Receipts and Outlays of the U.S. Government" and the Budget of the U.S. Government, Fiscal Year 1983.

^{5.} Deposits of earnings by Federal Reserve Banks and other miscellaneous re-

Deposits of earnings by Federal Reserve Banks and other miscellaneous receipts.
 Effective Oct. 1, 1980, the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation was reclassified from an off-budget agency to an on-budget agency in the Department of Labor.
 Consists of interest received by trust funds, rents and royalties on the outer continental shelf, and U.S. government contributions for employee retirement.

FEDERAL DEBT SUBJECT TO STATUTORY LIMITATION

Billions of dollars

ltem		1980			19	1982			
	June 30	Sept. 30	Dec. 31	Mar. 31	June 30	Sept. 30	Dec. 31	Mar. 31	June 30
1 Federal debt outstanding	884.4	914.3	936.7	970.9	977.4	1,003.9	1,034.7	1,066.4	1,084.7
2 Public debt securities 3 Held by public	877.6 682.7 194.9	907.7 710.0 197.7	930.2 737.7 192.5	964.5 773.7 190.9	971.2 771.3 199.9	997.9 789.8 208.1	1,028.7 825.5 203.2	1.061.3 858.9 202.4	1,079.6 867.9 211.7
5 Agency securities. 6 Held by public. 7 Held by agencies.	6.8 5.3 1.5	6.6 5.1 1.5	6.5 5.0 1.5	6.4 4.9 1.5	6.2 4.7 1.5	6.1 4.6 1.5	6.0 4.6 1.4	5.1 3.9 1.2	5.0 3.9 1.1
8 Debt subject to statutory limit	878.7	908.7	931.2	965.5	972.2	998.8	1,029.7	1,062.2	1,080.5
9 Public debt securities 10 Other debt ¹	877.0 1.7	907.1 1.6	929.6 1.6	963.9 1.6	970.6 1.6	997.2 1.6	1,028.1 1.6	1,060.7 1.5	1,079.0 1.5
11 MEMO: Statutory debt limit	925.0	925.0	935.1	985.0	985.0	999.8	1,079.8	1,079.8	1,143.1

^{1.} Includes guaranteed debt of government agencies, specified participation certificates, notes to international lending organizations, and District of Columbia stadium bonds.

NOTE. Data from Treasury Bulletin (U.S. Treasury Department).

1.41 GROSS PUBLIC DEBT OF U.S. TREASURY Types and Ownership Billions of dollars, end of period

Type and holder	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982						
	1976	1979	1300	1701	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.		
1 Total gross public debt	789.2	845.1	930.2	1,028.7	1,065.7	1,071.7	1,079.6	1,089.6	1,109.2		
By type 2 Interest-bearing debt. 3 Marketable. 4 Bills 5 Notes. 6 Bonds. 7 Nonmarketable. 8 Convertible bonds ² 9 State and local government series 10 Foreign issues ³ 11 Government 12 Public. 13 Savings bonds and notes 14 Government account series ⁴	782.4 487.5 161.7 265.8 60.0 294.8 2.2 24.3 29.6 28.0 1.6 80.9	844.0 530.7 172.6 283.4 74.7 313.2 2.2 24.6 28.8 23.6 5.3 79.9 177.5	928.9 623.2 216.1 321.6 85.4 305.7 	1,027.3 720.3 245.0 375.3 99.9 307.0 23.0 19.0 14.9 4.1 68.1 196.7	1,064.5 755.8 254.9 399.7 101.3 308.7 23.2 19.4 4.1 67.3 198.5	1,066.4 755.7 256.1 398.4 101.2 310.7 23.4 18.4 14.8 3.6 67.3 201.3	1,078.4 764.0 256.0 406.9 101.1 314.4 17.5 13.8 3.6 67.4 206.0	1,083.3 774.1 262.0 411.1 101.0 309.2 23.4 16.6 13.6 3.1 67.4 201.5	1,108.1 801.4 273.1 427.4 100.9 306.7 23.5 15.6 12.5 3.1 67.4		
15 Non-interest-bearing debt	6.8	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.1	5.3	1.2	1.1	1.1		
By holder ⁵ 16 U.S. government agencies and trust funds. 17 Federal Reserve Banks. 18 Private investors. 19 Commercial banks. 20 Mutual savings banks 21 Insurance companies. 22 Other companies. 23 State and local governments.	170.0 109.6 508.6 93.2 5.0 15.7 19.6 64.4	187.1 117.5 540.5 96.4 4.7 16.7 22.9 69.9	192.5 121.3 616.4 116.0 5.4 20.1 25.7 78.8	203.3 131.0 694.5 109.4 5.2 19.1 37.8 85.6	204.3 134.3 727.1 110.1 5.6 21.2 36.5 88.5	206.7 129.4 735.2 109.4 5.7 21.57 38.8 91.8	211.7 127.0 740.9 117.0 5.7 22.2 38.9 91.2	п.а.	n.a.		
Individuals 24 Savings bonds 25 Other securities 26 Foreign and international ⁶ 27 Other miscellaneous investors ⁷	80.7 30.3 137.8 58.9	79.9 36.2 124.4 90.1	72.5 56.7 127.7 106.9	68.0 75.6 141.4 152.3	67.3 78.4 139.4 180.0	67.4 78.8 138.9 182.9	67.4 78.8 141.9 177.8				

^{1.} Includes (not shown separately): Securities issued to the Rural Electrification Administration, depository bonds, retirement plan bonds, and individual retire-

NOTE. Gross public debt excludes guaranteed agency securities.

Data by type of security from Monthly Statement of the Public Debt of the United States (U.S. Treasury Department); data by holder from Treasury Bulletin.

Administration, depository boilds, retirement plan boilds, and individual retirement bonds.

2. These nonmarketable bonds, also known as Investment Series B Bonds, may be exchanged (or converted) at the owner's option for 1½ percent, 5-year marketable Treasury notes. Convertible bonds that have been so exchanged are removed from this category and recorded in the notes category (line 5).

3. Nonmarketable dollar-denominated and foreign currency-denominated series

held by foreigners.

4. Held almost entirely by U.S. government agencies and trust funds.

^{5.} Data for Federal Reserve Banks and U.S. government agencies and trust funds are actual holdings; data for other groups are Treasury estimates.

6. Consists of investments of foreign balances and international accounts in the

United States.

^{7.} Includes savings and loan associations, nonprofit institutions, corporate pension trust funds, dealers and brokers, certain government deposit accounts, and government sponsored agencies.

1.42 U.S. GOVERNMENT MARKETABLE SECURITIES Ownership, by maturity

Par value; millions of dollars, end of period

	1000	4004	19	82	1000	1001	1982		
Type of holder	1980	1981	May	June	1980	1981	May	June	
		All ma	turities		1 to 5 years				
1 All holders	623,186	720,293	755,688	763,995	197,409	228,550	245,598	249,021	
2 U.S. government agencies and trust funds	9,564 121,328	8,669 130,954	7,994 128,996	7,994 127,005	1,990 835	1,906 38,223	1,906 37,423	1,775 37,484	
4 Private investors. 5 Commercial banks 6 Mutual savings banks 7 Insurance companies 8 Nonfinancial corporations 9 Savings and loan associations 10 State and local governments 11 All others.	492,294 77,868 3,917 11,930 7,758 4,225 21,058 365,539	580,671 74,618 3,971 12,090 4,214 4,122 18,991 462,663	618,699 75,964 4,417 13,026 3,665 4,817 22,865 493,946	628,997 82,431 4,415 13,453 3,710 5,062 22,631 497,294	159,585 44,482 1,925 4,504 2,203 2,289 4,595 99,577	188,422 39,021 1,870 5,596 1,146 2,260 4,278 134,251	206,269 39,456 2,010 6,116 911 2,693 4,845 150,238	209,762 41,479 2,063 6,342 929 2,852 4,696 151,401	
	Total, within 1 year					5 to 10) years		
12 All holders	297,385	340,082	354,741	355,611	56,037	63,483	63,044	67,108	
13 U.S. government agencies and trust funds	830 56,858	647 64,113	14 64,254	144 62,202	1,404 13,548	779 11,854	779 10,559	779 10,559	
15 Private investors. 16 Commercial banks 17 Mutual savings banks 18 Insurance companies 19 Nonfinancial corporations 20 Savings and loan associations 21 State and local governments 22 All others.	239,697 25,197 1,246 1,940 4,281 1,646 7,750 197,636	275,322 29,480 1,569 2,201 2,421 1,731 7,536 230,383	290,474 30,586 1,864 2,034 1,665 1,890 7,456 244,980	293,264 33,944 1,794 2,244 1,694 1,927 7,622 244,040	41,175 5,793 455 3,037 357 216 2,030 29,287	50,851 4,496 238 2,507 344 98 2,365 40,804	51,706 2,838 201 2,667 270 111 2,468 43,150	55,770 3,978 220 2,682 277 141 2,606 45,867	
		Bills, with	nin 1 year		10 to 20 years				
23 All holders	216,104	245,015	256,114	256,007	36,854	44,744	46,295	46,246	
24 U.S. government agencies and trust funds	43,971	49,679	50,123	47,921	3,686 5,919	3,996 6,692	3,952 6,642	3,952 6,642	
26 Private investors. 27 Commercial banks 28 Mutual savings banks 29 Insurance companies 30 Nonfinancial corporations 31 Savings and loan associations 32 State and local governments 33 All others.	172,132 9,856 394 672 2,363 818 5,413 152,616	195,335 9,667 423 760 1,173 363 5,126 177,824	205,990 10,084 631 652 1,046 709 4,727 188,142	208,085 13,556 586 762 998 760 4,789 186,634	27,250 1,071 181 1,718 431 52 3,597 20,200	34,055 873 151 1,119 131 16 2,824 28,940	35,701 1,293 189 1,418 405 25 5,209 27,160	35,651 1,351 182 1,367 481 29 4,814 27,428	
	Other, within 1 year				Over 20 years				
34 All holders	81,281	95,068	98,627	99,604	35,500	43,434	46,010	46,010	
35 U.S. government agencies and trust funds	829 12,888	647 14,433	12 14,131	143 14,281	1,656 9,258	1,340 10,073	1,343 10,118	1,343 10,118	
37 Private investors. 38 Commercial banks 39 Mutual savings banks 40 Insurance companies 41 Nonfinancial corporations 42 Savings and loan associations 43 State and local governments 44 All others.	67,565 15,341 852 1,268 1,918 828 2,337 45,020	79,987 19,814 1,146 1,442 1,248 1,368 2,410 52,560	84,484 20,502 1,233 1,382 618 1,181 2,729 56,838	85,180 20,388 1,208 1,481 696 1,167 2,833 57,406	24,587 1,325 110 730 476 21 3,086 18,838	32,020 749 144 666 172 17 1,988 28,285	34,549 1,791 152 790 414 99 2,886 28,417	34,549 1,679 156 819 329 114 2,893 28,559	

Note. Direct public issues only. Based on Treasury Survey of Ownership from Treasury Bulletin (U.S. Treasury Department).

Data complete for U.S. government agencies and trust funds and Federal Reserve Banks, but data for other groups include only holdings of those institutions that report. The following figures show, for each category, the number and proportion reporting as of June 30, 1982: (1)5,283 commercial banks, 439 mutual savings banks,

and 726 insurance companies, each about 80 percent; (2) 406 nonfinancial corporations and 464 savings and loan associations, each about 50 percent; and (3) 488 state and local governments, about 40 percent.
"All others," a residual, includes holdings of all those not reporting in the Treasury Survey, including investor groups not listed separately.

U.S. GOVERNMENT SECURITIES DEALERS Transactions

Par value; averages of daily figures, in millions of dollars

Item 1979	1070	1980	1001		1982			1982, week ending Wednesday				
	1980	1981	May	June	July	July 28	Aug. 4	Aug. 11	Aug. 18	Aug. 25		
Immediate delivery ¹ 1 U.S. government securities	13,183	18,331	24,728	31,556	27.136	33,328	34,358	41.487	32,394	51,517	40,165	
By maturity 2 Bills	7,915 454 2,417 1,121 1,276	11.413 421 3.330 1,464 1,704	14,768 621 4,360 2,451 2,528	16,674 764 7,402 3,384 3,333	16,831 646 4,438 2,821 2,400	20.675 1,011 5.899 3,558 2,186	20,298 1,378 7,522 3,056 2,104	25.936 1,252 8,040 3,567 2,691	18,555 857 5,360 4,784 2,837	29,875 1,321 11,033 5,089 4,200	24,169 1,037 8,175 3,426 3,359	
By type of customer U.S. government securities dealers	1.448	1,484	1,640	1,730	1.693	2,095	2,241	1,963	1,366	2,152	2.293	
hrokers All others ² Federal agency securities. Certificates of deposit Bankers acceptances Commercial paper	5,170 6,564 2,723 1,764	7,610 9,237 3,258 2,472	11,750 11,337 3,306 4,477 1,807 6,128	15,507 14,319 3,918 5,437 2,454 7,975	13,061 12,382 3,237 5,518 2,250 8,131	16,106 15,127 4,011 6,068 2,915 7,308	16,322 15,796 4,368 5,950 2,900 7,188	18,921 20,604 4,686 6,464 3,193 7,956	15,070 15,958 3,470 4,086 2,715 7,207	25,698 23,667 6,188 6,882 3,211 8,006	19,327 18,545 5,778 5,662 2,399 7,754	
Futures transactions ³ 4 Treasury bills 15 Treasury coupons 16 Federal agency securities. Forward transactions ⁴	n.a.	п.а.	3,523 1,330 234	5,630 1,970 276	4,629 1,215 267	4,969 1,033 285	5,474 982 368	6,345 1,331 220	5,271 1,195 166	7,412 1,898 474	6,564 1,455 348	
17 U.S. government securities	↓	↓	365 1,370	807 571	692 537	482 610	805 586	949 744	1,597 552	295 853	433 856	

date of the transaction for government securities (Treasury bills, notes, and bonds) or after 30 days for mortgage-backed agency issues.

NOTE. Averages for transactions are based on number of trading days in the

Profied.

Transactions are market purchases and sales of U.S. government securities dealers reporting to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York. The figures exclude allotments of, and exchanges for, new U.S. government securities, redemptions of called or matured securities, purchases or sales of securities under repurchase agreement, reverse repurchase (resale), or similar contracts.

1.44 U.S. GOVERNMENT SECURITIES DEALERS Positions and Financing

Averages of daily figures, in millions of dollars

Item	1979	1980	1981		1982		1982, week ending Wednesday					
				Мау	June	July	June 30	July 7	July 14	July 21	July 28	
	Positions											
Net immediate ¹ 1 U.S. government securities. 2 Bills. 3 Other within 1 year. 4 1–5 years. 5 5–10 years. 6 Over 10 years. 7 Federal agency securities. 8 Certificates of deposit 9 Bankers acceptances. 10 Commercial paper Futures positions 11 Treasury bills. 12 Treasury coupons. 13 Federal agency securities. 14 U.S. government securities. 15 Federal agency securities.	3,223 3,813 - 325 - 455 160 1,471 2,794	4,306 4,103 -1,062 434 166 665 797 3,115	9,033 6,485 -1,526 1,488 292 2,294 2,277 3,435 1,746 2,658 -8,934 -2,733 522 -603 -451	14.103 7.390 - 295 4.083 - 20 2.946 3.117 4.950 2.719 3.4557 - 9.9857 - 3.7917 - 579 - 7047 - 1.130	11,075 7,284 -462 2,206 -254 2,301 2,976 5,580 2,666 3,503 -6,067 -2,045 73 -760 -1,452	9.161 7.163 -2.027 2.552 -417 1.890 2.878 7.728 3.023 3.779 -1.542 -2.878 295 -444 -1.227	6.648 4.661 -648 1.687 -1.085 2.033 2.526 6.924 2.525 3.396 -5.879 -2.036 389 -330 -1.514	7,089 4,183 -558 2,284 -367 1,548 2,436 6,894 2,545 3,487 -5,793 -2,285 571 -449 -1,372	10.678 7.757 -662 2.023 -365 1.926 2.991 7.607 2.811 3.837 -3.993 -2.777 249 -502 -1.290	9,891 6,611 -609 2,307 -349 1,930 2,910 7,584 2,888 3,644 -1,051 -3,212 183 -334 -1,365	9,743 5,185 -486 3,474 -444 2,015 2,886 8,305 3,437 4,124 1,605 -3,190 229 -469 -938	
	Financing ²										,	
Reverse repurchase agreements ³ Overnight and continuing Term agreements Repurchase agreements ⁴ Overnight and continuing Term agreements	n.a. ↓	n.a.	14,568 32,048 35,919 29,449	28,801 45,253 58,415 40,142	25,655 39,795 42,038 35,525	27,391 44,136 54,660 37,821	31,687 39,250 57,117 32,898	30,667 39,104 57,750 32,352	25,322 42,756 53,580 35,331	25,937 45,673 52,904 38,678	27,638 49,012 54,407 44,923	

For notes see opposite page.

Before 1981, data for immediate transactions include forward transactions.
 Includes, among others, all other dealers and brokers in commodities and securities, nondealer departments of commercial banks, foreign banking agencies, and the Federal Reserve System.
 3. Futures contracts are standardized agreements arranged on an organized exchange in which parties commit to purchase or sell securities for delivery at a future date.

date.

4. Forward transactions are agreements arranged in the over-the-counter market in which securities are purchased (sold) for cdelivery after 5 business days from the

1.45 FEDERAL AND FEDERALLY SPONSORED CREDIT AGENCIES Debt Outstanding Millions of dollars, end of period

Agency	1978	1979	1980	1981			19	82	-	
Agency	1978	1979	1960	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
1 Federal and federally sponsored agencies ¹	137,063	163,290	193,229	227,210	226,418	226,539	228,749	232,274	234,593	238,787
2 Federal agencies. 3 Defense Department ² . 4 Export-Import Bank ^{3,4} . 5 Federal Housing Administration ⁵ . 6 Government National Mortgage Association	23,488 968 8,711 588	24.715 738 9,191 537	28,606 610 11,250 477	31,806 484 13,339 413	31,053 470 13,135 406	30,806 460 12,861 397	31,408 454 13,421 382	31,613 447 13,475 376	31,551 434 13,416 363	32,274 419 13,939 358
participation certificates 7 Postal Service 7 Tennessee Valley Authority 9 United States Railway Association 7.	3,141 2,364 7,460 356	2,979 1,837 8,997 436	2,817 1,770 11,190 492	2,715 1,538 13,115 202	2,191 1,538 13,115 198	2,165 1,538 13,187 198	2,165 1,538 13,250 198	2,165 1,538 13,410 202	2,165 1,471 13,500 202	2,165 1,471 13,715 207
10 Federally sponsored agencies¹ 11 Federal Home Loan Banks 12 Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation 13 Federal National Mortgage Association 14 Federal Land Banks 15 Federal Intermediate Credit Banks 16 Banks for Cooperatives 17 Farm Credit Banks¹ 18 Student Loan Marketing Association ⁸ 19 Other	113,575 27,563 2,262 41,080 20,360 11,469 4,843 5,081 915 2	138.575 33.330 2,771 48,486 16.006 2,676 584 33,216 1,505	164,623 41,258 2,536 55,185 12,365 1,821 584 48,153 2,720	195,404 58,090 2,604 58,749 9,717 1,388 220 60,034 4,600 2	195,365 57,387 2,604 58,860 8,717 1,388 220 61,187 5,000 2	195,733 57,743 2,604 59,018 8,717 1.388 220 61,041 5,000 2	197,341 58,839 2,500 59,270 8,717 1.388 220 61,405 5,000 2	200,661 59,937 2,500 60,478 8,217 926 220 63,381 5,000	203.042 60,772 2,500 61,996 8,217 926 220 63,409 5,000 2	206,513 61,883 3,099 62,660 8,217 926 220 64,506 5,000
MEMO: 20 Federal Financing Bank debt ^{1,9}	51,298	67,383	87,460	110,698	111,965	112,367	113,567	114,961	117,475	120,241
Lending to federal and federally sponsored agencies 21 Export-Import Bank ⁴ 22 Postal Service ⁷ 23 Student Loan Marketing Association ⁸ 24 Tennessee Valley Authority 25 United States Railway Association ⁷	6,898 2,114 915 5,635 356	8,353 1,587 1,505 7,272 436	10,654 1,520 2,720 9,465 492	12,741 1,288 4,600 11,390 202	12,741 1,288 5,000 11,435 198	12,741 1,288 5,000 11,462 198	13,305 1,288 5,000 11,525 198	13,305 1,288 5,000 11,685 202	13,305 1,221 5,000 11,775 202	13,829 1,221 5,000 11,990 207
Other Lending ¹⁰ 26 Farmers Home Administration	23,825 4,604 6,951	32,050 6,484 9,696	39,431 9,196 13,982	48.821 13,516 18,140	49,026 13,836 18,441	49,081 13,989 18,608	48,681 14,452 19,118	49,356 14,716 19,409	51,056 15,046 19,870	52,346 15,454 20,194

 ^{1.} In September 1977 the Farm Credit Banks issued their first consolidated bonds, and in January 1979 they began issuing these bonds on a regular basis to replace the financing activities of the Federal Land Banks, the Federal Intermediate Credit Banks, and the Banks for Cooperatives. Line 17 represents those consolidated bonds outstanding, as well as any discount notes that have been issued. Lines 1 and 10 reflect the addition of this item.

2. Consists of mortgages assumed by the Defense Department between 1957 and 1963 under family housing and homeowners assistance programs.

3. Includes participation certificates reclassified as debt beginning Oct. 1, 1976.

4. Off-budget Aug. 17, 1974, through Sept. 30, 1976; on-budget thereafter.

5. Consists of debentures issued in payment of Federal Housing Administration insurance claims. Once issued, these securities may be sold privately on the securities market.

6. Certificates of participation issued prior to fiscal 1969 by the Government 1. In September 1977 the Farm Credit Banks issued their first consolidated bonds,

of Housing and Urban Development; Small Business Administration; and the Veterans Administration.

7. Off-budget.

7. Off-budget.

8. Unlike other federally sponsored agencies, the Student Loan Marketing Association may borrow from the Federal Financing Bank (FFB) since its obligations are guaranteed by the Department of Health. Education, and Welfare.

9. The FFB, which began operations in 1974, is authorized to purchase or sell obligations issued, sold, or guaranteed by other federal agencies. Since FFB incurs debt solely for the purpose of lending to other agencies, its debt is not included in the main portion of the table in order to avoid double counting.

10. Includes FFB purchases of agency assets and guaranteed loans; the latter contain loans guaranteed by numerous agencies with the guarantees of any particular agency being generally small. The Farmers Home Administration item consists exclusively of agency assets, while the Rural Electrification Administration entry contains both agency assets and guaranteed loans.

Note. Data for positions are averages of daily figures, in terms of par value, based on the number of trading days in the period. Positions are shown net and are on a commitment basis. Data for financing are based on Wednesday figures, in terms of attackers of actual terms. in terms of actual money borrowed or lent.

Certificates of participation issued prior to fiscal 1969 by the Government National Mortgage Association acting as trustee for the Farmers Home Admin-istration; Department of Health, Education, and Welfare; Department

NOTES TO TABLE 1.44

1. Immediate positions are net amounts (in terms of par values) of securities owned by nonbank dealer firms and dealer departments of commercial banks on a commitment, that is, trade-date basis, including any such securities that have been sold under agreements to repurchase (RPs). The maturities of some repurchase agreements are sufficiently long, however, to suggest that the securities involved are not available for trading purposes. Securities owned, and hence dealer positions, do not include securities to resell (reverse RPs). Before 1981, data for immediate positions include forward positions.

2. Figures cover financing involving U.S. government and federal agency securities, negotiable CDs, bankers acceptances, and commercial paper.

^{3.} Includes all reverse repurchase agreements, including those that have been arranged to make delivery on short sales and those for which the securities obtained have been used as collateral on borrowings, i.e., matched agreements.

4. Includes both repurchase agreements undertaken to finance positions and "matched book" repurchase agreements.

A36 Domestic Financial Statistics ☐ September 1982

1.46 NEW SECURITY ISSUES of State and Local Governments Millions of dollars

Type of issue or issuer.	1979	1980	1981	1981			19	82		
or use	1979	1960	1301	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Маг.	Apr.	May	June
1 All issues, new and refunding ¹	43,365	48,367	47,732	4,744	3,875	3,720	5,653	6,690	5,569	5,728
Type of issue 2 General obligation 3 U.S. government loans ² 4 Revenue. 5 U.S. government loans ² .	12,109 53 31,256 67	14,100 38 34,267 57	12.394 34 35,338 55	749 1 3,995 3	1,038 2 2,837 4	1,054 0 2,666 6	1.733 9 3.920 5	2,210 10 4,480 32	1,498 10 4,071 38	1,780 16 3,948 45
Type of issuer 6 State 7 Special district and statutory authority 8 Municipalities, counties, townships, school districts	4,314 23,434 15,617	5,304 26,972 16,090	5,288 27,499 14,945	315 3,308 1,120	514 2,135 1,226	234 2,187 1,299	433 2,992 2,228	1,061 3,880 1,749	601 2,959 2,009	1,074 2,863 1,791
9 Issues for new capital, total	41,505	46,736	46,530	4,683	3,718	3,679	4,790	6,668	5,438	5,640
Use of proceeds 10 Education	5,130 2,441 8,594 15,968 3,836 5,536	4,572 2,621 8,149 19,958 3,974 7,462	4,547 3,447 10,037 12,729 7,651 8,119	561 355 955 1,813 523 476	236 144 1,189 892 467 790	266 207 1,284 837 501 584	405 362 746 1,773 636 868	460 282 1,329 2,337 667 1,593	483 292 1,354 1,992 342 975	711 289 824 2.254 386 1,176

Par amounts of long-term issues based on date of sale.
 Consists of tax-exempt issues guaranteed by the Farmers Home Administra-

SOURCE. Public Securities Association.

1.47 NEW SECURITY ISSUES of Corporations Millions of dollars

Type of issue or issuer.	1979	1980	1981	1981			198	82		
or use	1979	1960	1701	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
1 All issues ¹	51,533	73,694	69,283	5,908	2,954	3,294	6,436	4,384	6,120	4,030
2 Bonds	40,208	53,206	44,643	3,893	1,278	1,879	4,512	2,352	3,980	2,836
Type of offering 3 Public	25.814 14,394	41,587 11,619	37,653 6,989	3,576 317	614 664	1,464 415	3,540 972	2,100 252	3.788 192	2.398 438
Industry group 5 Manufacturing 6 Commercial and miscellaneous. 7 Transportation 8 Public utility 9 Communication 10 Real estate and financial	9,678 3,948 3,119 8,153 4,219 11,094	15,409 6,693 3,329 9,557 6,683 11,534	12,325 5,229 2,054 8,963 4,280 11,793	954 850 82 582 106 1,319	283 230 43 493 8 221	262 59 3 345 364 845	708 691 224 1,568 84 1,236	445 124 16 846 4 917	593 466 65 977 315 1,563	211 329 79 699 174 1,344
11 Stocks	11,325	20,489	24,642	2,015	1,676	1,415	1,924	2,032	2,140	1,194
Type 12 Preferred	3,574 7,751	3,631 16,858	1,796 22,846	80 1,935	199 1,477	185 1,230	199 1,725	147 1.885	813 1,327	67 1,127
Industry group 14 Manufacturing 15 Commercial and miscellaneous 16 Transportation 17 Public utility 18 Communication 19 Real estate and financial	1,679 2,623 255 5,171 303 1,293	4,839 5,245 549 6,230 567 3,059	4.838 7,436 735 5.486 1,778 4,371	258 456 23 604 95 580	129 723 25 449 58 292	67 426 73 743 2 104	394 653 27 547 3 301	102 787 15 731 3 394	156 543 35 401 30 975	53 339 52 242 8 499

^{1.} Figures, which represent gross proceeds of issues maturing in more than one year, sold for cash in the United States, are principal amount or number of units multiplied by offering price. Excludes offerings of less than \$100,000, secondary offerings, undefined or exempted issues as defined in the Securities Act of

Source. Securities and Exchange Commission.

 $^{1933,\} employee$ stock plans, investment companies other than closed-end, intracorporate transactions, and sales to foreigners.

1.48 OPEN-END INVESTMENT COMPANIES Net Sales and Asset Position Millions of dollars

Item	1980	1981	1981				1982			
			Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June'	July
Investment Companies ¹										
1 Sales of own shares ²	15,266 12,012 3,254	20,596 15,866 4,730	3,032 1,769 371	2,049 1,475 1,557	2,049 1,456 593	3,325 2,056 1,269	2,754 2,293 461	2,345 1,854 491	3,061 2,038 1,023	3,304 2,145 1,159
4 Assets ⁴ . 5 Cash position ⁵ . 6 Other	58,400 5,321 53,079	55,207 5,277 49,930	55,207 5,277 49,930	54,347 5,424 48,923	52,695 5,540 47,155	53,001 5,752 47,249	56,026 6,083 49,943	54,889 5,992 48,896	54,238 6,298 47,940	54,592 5,992 48,600

5. Also includes all U.S. government securities and other short-term debt se-

NO1E. Investment Company Institute data based on reports of members, which comprise substantially all open-end investment companies registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Data reflect newly formed companies after their initial offering of securities.

1.49 CORPORATE PROFITS AND THEIR DISTRIBUTION

Billions of dollars; quarterly data are at seasonally adjusted annual rates.

Account	1979	1980	1981	19	80		19	81		1982
				Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1
1 Corporate profits with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustment	252.7 87.6 165.1 52.7	181.6 242.4 84.6 157.8 58.1 99.7	190.6 232.1 81.2 150.9 65.1 85.8	177.8 238.1 82.2 155.9 58.7 97.3	181.2 245.9 87.8 158.1 59.6 98.5	200.3 253.1 91.5 161.6 61.5 100.1	185.1 225.4 79.2 146.2 64.0 82.2	193.1 233.3 82.4 150.8 66.8 84.1	183.9 216.5 71.6 144.9 68.1 76.9	157.1 171.6 55.8 115.9 68.8 47.0
7 Inventory valuation	-43.1 -14.8	-43.0 -17.8	-24.6 -16.8	-41.1 -19.3	- 45.5 - 19.2	- 35.5 - 17.3	-22.8 -17.5	-23.0 -17.1	-17.1 -15.5	-4.4 -10.1

Source. Survey of Current Business (U.S. Department of Commerce).

Excluding money market funds.
 Includes reinvestment of investment income dividends. Excludes reinvestment of capital gains distributions and share issue of conversions from one fund to another in the same group.
 Excludes share redemption resulting from conversions from one fund to another in the same group.

A38 Domestic Financial Statistics ☐ September 1982

NONFINANCIAL CORPORATIONS Current Assets and Liabilities

Billions of dollars, except for ratio

	107/	1977	1070	1070	1980	_	1981				
Account	1976	19//	1978	1979	1980	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	QI	
1 Current assets	827.4	912.7	1,043.7	1,218.2	1,336.1	1,374.6	1,385.9	1,405.7	1,419.3	1,413.2	
2 Cash 3 U.S. government securities 4 Notes and accounts receivable 5 Inventories 6 Other	88.2 23.5 292.9 342.5 80.3	97.2 18.2 330.3 376.9 90.1	105.5 17.3 388.0 431.6 101.3	118.0 17.0 461.1 505.5 116.7	127.3 19.9 509.0 540.2 139.6	126.9 19.8 524.2 555.4 148.4	126.7 20.5 528.3 559.3 151.0	125.7 18.6 535.4 569.8 156.3	132.1 18.6 527.9 578.5 162.2	122.0 17.6 526.0 584.4 163.1	
7 Current liabilities	495.1	557.1	669.3	807.8	886.8	916.1	921.6	954.1	964.1	966.3	
8 Notes and accounts payable	282.1 213.0	317.6 239.6	382.9 286.4	461.2 346.6	508.3 378.5	510.3 405.8	513.1 408.4	533.6 420.5	544.2 419.9	533.4 432.8	
10 Net working capital	332.4	355.5	374.4	410.5	449.3	458.5	464.3	451.7	455.1	446.9	
11 Memo: Current ratio 1	1.671	1.638	1.559	1.508	1.507	1.500	1.504	1.473	1.472	1.463	

^{1.} Ratio of total current assets to total current liabilities.

NOTE. For a description of this series, see "Working Capital of Nonfinancial Corporations" in the July 1978 Bulletin, pp. 533–37.

All data in this table reflect the most current benchmarks. Complete data are available upon request from the Flow of Funds Section, Division of Research and Statistics.

SOURCE. Federal Trade Commission.

1.51 TOTAL NONFARM BUSINESS EXPENDITURES on New Plant and Equipment

Billions of dollars; quarterly data are at seasonally adjusted annual rates.

Industry ¹	1980	1981	1982 1		1981		1982				
•	,			Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q31	Q41	
1 Total nonfarm business	295.63	321.49	323.66	316.73	328.25	327.83	327.72	323.22	320.24	324.47	
Manufacturing 2 Durable goods industries	58.91 56.90	61.84 64.95	59.50 64.74	63.10 62.40	62.58 67.53	60.78 66.14	60.84 67.48	59.03 64.74	59.98 63.10	58.80 64.09	
Nonmanufacturing 4 Mining	13.51	16.86	16.48	16.80	17.55	16.81	17.60	16.56	15.66	16.02	
5 Railroad	4.25 4.01 3.82	4.24 3.81 4.00	4.51 3.86 3.95	4.38 3.29 4.04	4.18 3.34 4.09	4.18 4.82 4.12	4.56 3.20 4.23	4.73 3.54 4.06	4.10 3.79 3.50	4.64 4.85 4.07	
Public utilities	28.12 7.32 81.79 36.99	29.74 8.65 86.33 41.06	32.29 8.61 87.40 42.33	29.32 8.53 85.88 39.02	30.54 9.01 87.55 41.89	31.14 8.60 88.33 42.92	30.95 9.17 87.80 41.89	32.26 9.14 88.85 40.33	32.67 7.87 86.71 42.85	33.15 8.50 86.07 44.09	

Anticipated by business.
 "Other" consists of construction; social services and membership organizations; and forestry, fisheries, and agricultural services.

SOURCE. Survey of Current Business (U.S. Dept. of Commerce).

1.52 DOMESTIC FINANCE COMPANIES Assets and Liabilities

Billions of dollars, end of period

Account	1977	1978	1979	1980		19	81		19	82
Account	1977	1976	1979	1980	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2
Assets										
Accounts receivable, gross Consumer Business Total. LESS: Reserves for unearned income and losses Accounts receivable, net Cash and bank deposits Securities All other	44.0 55.2 99.2 12.7 86.5 2.6 .9	52.6 63.3 116.0 15.6 100.4 3.5 1.3	65.7 70.3 136.0 20.0 116.0 24.9 ¹	73.6 72.3 145.9 23.3 122.6 27.5	76.1 72.7 148.7 24.3 124.5	79.0 78.2 157.2 25.7 131.4 31.6	84.5 76.9 161.3 27.7 133.6 34.5	85.5 80.6 166.1 28.9 137.2 34.2	85.1 80.9 166.0 29.1 136.9 35.0	88.0 82.6 170.6 30.2 140.4 37.3
9 Total assets	104.3	122.4	140.9	150.1	155.3	163.0	168.1	171.4	171.9	177.8
Liabilities										
10 Bank loans	5.9 29.6	6.5 34.5	8.5 43.3	13.2 43.4	13.1 44.2	14.4 49.0	14.7 51.2	15.4 51.2	15.4 46.2	14.5 50.3
12 Short-term, n.e.c. 13 Long-term, n.e.c. 14 Other	6.2 36.0 11.5	8.1 43.6 12.6	8.2 46.7 14.2	7.5 52.4 14.3	8.2 51.6 17.3	8.5 52.6 17.0	11.9 50.7 17.1	9.6 54.8 17.8	9.0 59.0 19.0	9.3 60.3 18.9
15 Capital, surplus, and undivided profits	15.1	17.2	19.9	19.4	20.9	21.5	22.4	22.8	23.3	24.5
16 Total liabilities and capital	104.3	122.4	140.9	150.1	155.3	163.0	168.1	171.4	171.9	177.8

^{1.} Beginning Q1 1979, asset items on lines 6, 7, and 8 are combined.

Note. Components may not add to totals due to rounding.

1.53 DOMESTIC FINANCE COMPANIES Business Credit

Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted except as noted

	Accounts receivable		ges in acc receivable		1	Extension	S	Repayments			
Туре	outstanding June 30, 1982 ¹		1982			1982			1982		
	1302	Apr.	May	June	Apr.	May	June	Apr.	May	June	
1 Total	82,629	120	50	1,064	19,110	20,033	21,335	18,990	19,983	20,271	
2 Retail automotive (commercial vehicles) 3 Wholesale automotive 4 Retail paper on business, industrial, and farm equipment 5 Loans on commercial accounts receivable and factored commercial accounts receivable. 6 All other business credit	12,395 13,328 27,644 9,329 19,933	100 11 -231 260 -20	362 199 74 171 210	149 1,020 - 184 - 111 190	935 5,759 1,181 9,434 1,801	1,235 5,269 1,503 10,151 1,875	1,056 6,364 1,331 10,611 1,973	835 5,748 9,174 9,174 1,821	873 5,468 1,577 9,980 2,085	907 5,344 1,515 10,722 1,783	

^{1.} Not seasonally adjusted.

1.54 MORTGAGE MARKETS

Millions of dollars; exceptions noted.

Item	1979	1980	1981				1982			
	19/9	1980	1981	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July
			Ter	ms and yiel	ds in prima	ry and seco	ndary mark	ets		
PRIMARY MARKETS										
Conventional mortgages on new homes		i						}		
Terms¹ 1 Purchase price (thousands of dollars) 2 Amount of loan (thousands of dollars) 3 Loan/price ratio (percent) 4 Maturity (years) 5 Fees and charges (percent of loan amount)² 6 Contract rate (percent per annum)	74.4 53.3 73.9 28.5 1.66 10.48	83.4 59.2 73.2 28.2 2.09 12.25	90.4 65.3 74.8 27.7 2.67 14.16	102.6 71.3 73.5 27.4 2.55 14.66	97.3 71.1 76.5 28.1 3.01 14.44	90.0 65.4 75.7 27.4 2.90 14.93	95.7 70.4 77.2 28.6 3.28 15.13	86.4 64.8 77.4 25.9 3.16 15.11	89.4 66.2 77.0 27.4 3.00 14.74	97.6 72.6 77.3 28.3 3.13 15.00
Yield (percent per annum) 7 FHLBB series³ 8 HUD series⁴	10.77 11.15	12.65 13.95	14.74 16.52	15.25 17.30	15.12 17.20	15.67 16.80	15.84 16.65	15.89 16.50	15.40 16.75	15.68 16.50
SECONDARY MARKETS										
Yield (percent per annum) 9 FHA mortgages (HUD series) ⁵ 10 GNMA securities ⁶	10.92 10.22	13.44 12.55	16.29 15.29	17.38 16.19	17.10 16.21	16.41 15.54	16.31 15.40	16.19 15.30	16.73 15.84	16.29 15.56
FNMA auctions ⁷ 11 Government-underwritten loans	11.17 11.77	14.11 14.43	16.70 16.64	17.80 17.33	18.00 17.91	17.29 17.09	16.66	16.27 16.33	16.22 16.73	16.85
				Act	ivity in seco	ondary mar	kets			
FEDERAL NATIONAL MORTGAGE ASSOCIATION				_		-				
Mortgage holdings (end of period) 13 Total	48,050 33,673 14,377	55,104 37,365 17,725	58.675 ^r 39,341 ^r 19,334 ^r	61.721 39,937 21,784	62,112 39,926 22,185	62,544 39,893 22,654	63.132 39,834 23,298	63,951 39,808 24,143	65,008 39,829 25,179	66,158 39,853 26,305
Morigage transactions (during period) 16 Purchases	10,812	8,099 0	6,112	430 0	519 0	604 0	755 0	1,006 0	1,223 0	1,354 0
Mortgage commitments ⁸ 18 Contracted (during period) 19 Outstanding (end of period)	10,179 6,409	8,083 3,278	9,331 3,717	813 3,536	1,174 ^r 3,857	1,903 ^r 4,990	2,482 6,586	1,550 7,016	1,583 7,206	2,016 7,674
Auction of 4-month commitments to buy Government-underwritten loans Offered 1 Accepted Conventional loans Offered Conventional coans Conventional coans	8,860.4 3,920.9 4,495.3 2,343.6	8.605.4 4.002.0 3,639.2 1,748.5	2.487.2 1.478.0 2.524.7 1.392.3	41.5 30.8 31.7 11.5	41.7 23.4 28.6 19.6	45.7 29.6 65.0 32.3	7.0 0.0 29.5 22.0	35.7 7.4 37.8 23.0	33.1 7.4 59.0 33.1	8.9 0.0 37.2 23.6
FEDERAL HOME LOAN MORTGAGE CORPORATION										
Mortgage holdings (end of period) ⁹ 24 Total	3,543 r 1,995 r 1,549 r	4,362 ^r 2,116 ^r 2,246 ^r	5,245 ^r 2,236 ^r 3,010 ^r	5,240 ^r 2,209 ^r 3,032 ^r	5,342 2,2187 3,1247	5,320 2,227 3,094	5,274 2,226 ⁷ 3,048 ⁷	5,279 2,232 ^r 3,047 ^r	5,295 2,225 3,069	5,309 2,232 3,017
Mortgage transactions (during period) 27 Purchases	5,717 4,544	3,723 2,527	3,789 3,531	1,628 1,629	1,228 1,115	1,479 1,564	2,143 2,177	1,214 1,194	1,581 1,562	2,237 2,204
Mortgage commitments 10 29 Contracted (during period)	5,542 797	3,859 447	6,974 3,518	3,280 5,033	565 4,336	2,523 5,461	2,824 6,041	2,692 7,420	3,166 8,970	2,189 8,544

^{1.} Weighted averages based on sample surveys of mortgages originated by major institutional lender groups. Compiled by the Federal Home Loan Bank Board in cooperation with the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

2. Includes all fees, commissions, discounts, and "points" paid (by the borrower

or the seller) to obtain a loan.

3. Average effective interest rates on loans closed, assuming prepayment at the end of 10 years.

^{4.} Average contract rates on new commitments for conventional first mortgages, rounded to the nearest 5 basis points; from Department of Housing and Urban

rounded to the nearest 5 basis points; from Department of Housing and Croan Development.

5. Average gross yields on 30-year, minimum-downpayment, Federal Housing Administration-insured first mortgages for immediate delivery in the private secondary market. Any gaps in data are due to periods of adjustment to changes in maximum permissible contract rates.

6. Average net yields to investors on Government National Mortgage Association guaranteed, mortgage-backed, fully modified pass-through securities,

assuming prepayment in 12 years on pools of 30-year FHA/VA mortgages carrying the prevailing ceiling rate. Monthly figures are unweighted averages of Monday quotations for the month.

7. Average gross yields (before deduction of 38 basis points for mortgage servicing) on accepted bids in Federal National Mortgage Association's auctions of 4-month commitments to purchase home mortgages, assuming prepayment in 12 years for 30-year mortgages. No adjustments are made for FNMA commitment fees or stock related requirements. Monthly figures are unweighted averages for auctions conducted within the month.

8. Includes some multifamily and nonprofit hospital loan commitments in addition to 1- to 4-family loan commitments accepted in FNMA's free market auction system, and through the FNMA-GNMA tandem plans.

9. Includes participation as well as whole loans.

10. Includes conventional and government-underwritten loans.

1.55 MORTGAGE DEBT OUTSTANDING

Millions of dollars, end of period

_	Tuna of holder and tuna of manager	1979	1980	1981		1981		19	82
	Type of holder, and type of property	1979	1980	1981	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2
2 3 4	All holders 1- to 4-family Multifamily Commercial Farm	1,337,797 ^r 891,115 ^r 128,433 235,572 82,677	1,471,835 ^r 987,028 ^r 137,134 255,655 92,018	1,587,079° 1,063,234° 141,457 280,585 101,803	1,533,914 ⁷ 1,028,452 ⁷ 139,388 268,562 97,512	1,564,7247 1,049,6537 140,376 274,666 100,029	1,587,079 ^r 1,063,234 ^r 141,457 280,585 101,803	1,606,6157 1,075,8967 142,592 284,098 104,029	1,625,610 ⁷ 1,090,988 ⁷ 141,496 ⁷ 287,217 105,909
6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	Major financial institutions Commercial banks¹ 1- to 4-family Multifamily Commercial Farm Mutual savings banks 1- to 4-family Multifamily Commercial Form Commercial Farm Farm Farm Farm Farm Farm Farm Farm	938,567 245,187 149,460 11,180 75,957 8,590 98,908 66,140 16,557 16,162 49	997,168 263,030 160,326 12,924 81,081 8,699 99,865 67,489 16,058 16,278 40	1,044,019 286,626 172,549 14,905 90,717 8,455 99,997 68,187 15,960 15,810 40	1,023,793 273,225 164,873 13,800 86,091 8,461 99,993 68,035 15,909 15,999	1,036,880 281,126 169,378 14,478 88,836 8,434 99,994 68,116 15,939 15,909 30	1,044,019 286,626 172,549 14,905 90,717 8,455 99,997 68,187 15,960 15,810 40	1,045,045 291,426 175,326 15,126 92,499 8,475 97,464 66,383 15,448 15,594 39	1,045,098 295,126 177,508 15,205 93,923 8,490 95,914 65,318 15,102 15,446 48
17	Savings and loan associations 1- to 4-family Multifamily Commercial	475,688	503,192	518,350	515,256	518,778	518,350	515.896	512,399
18		394,345	419,763	432,978	430,702	433,750	432,978	430.928	427,907
19		37,579	38,142	37,684	38,077	37,975	37,684	37,506	36,851
20		43,764	45,287	47,688	46,477	47,053	47,688	47,462	47,641
21	Life insurance companies. 1- to 4-family Multifamily Commercial Farm	118.784	131,081	139,046	135,319	136,982	139,046	140,259	141,659
22		16,193	17,943	17,382	17,646	17,512	17,382	17,281	17,483
23		19,274	19,514	19,486	19,603	19,592	19,486	19,419	19,668
24		71,137	80,666	89,089	85,038	86,742	89,089	90,555	91,498
25		12,180	12,958	13,089	13,032	13,136	13,089	13,004	13.010
26	Federal and related agencies	97,084	114,300	126,112	119,124	121,772	126,112	128.721	132,981
27	Government National Mortgage Association.	3,852	4,642	4,765	4,972	4,382	4,765	4.438	4,668
28	1- to 4-family	763	704	693	698	696	693	689	685
29	Multifamily	3,089	3,938	4,072	4,274	3,686	4,072	3.749	3,983
30	Farmers Home Administration 1- to 4-family Multifamily Commercial Farm	1,274	3,492	2,235	2,662	1,562	2,235	2,469	2.780
31		417	916	914	1,151	500	914	715	815
32		71	610	473	464	242	473	615	665
33		174	411	506	357	325	506	499	510
34		612	1,555	342	690	495	342	640	790
35	Federal Housing and Veterans Administration I- to 4-family	5,555	5,640	5,999	5,895	6,005	5,999	6,003	5.960
36		1,955	2,051	2,289	2,172	2,240	2,289	2,266	2,210
37		3,600	3,589	3,710	3,723	3,765	3,710	3,737	3,750
38	Federal National Mortgage Association	51,091	57,327	61.412	57.657	59.682	61,412	62.544	65,008
39		45,488	51,775	55.986	52.181	54.227	55,986	57.142	59,631
40		5,603	5,552	5.426	5.476	5.455	5,426	5.402	5,377
41	Federal Land Banks	31,277	38.131	46,446	42,681	44,708	46.446	47.947	49,270
42	1- to 4-family	1,552	2.099	2.788	2,401	2,605	2.788	2.874	2,954
43	Farm	29,725	36.032	43,658	40,280	42,103	43.658	45.073	46,316
44	Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	4,035	5,068	5,255	5.257	5.433	5,255	5,320	5,295
45		3,059	3,873	4,018	4,025	4.166	4,018	4,075	4,042
46		976	1,195	1,237	1,232	1.267	1,237	1,245	1,253
47	Mortgage pools or trusts ² .	118.664	142,258	162,990	152,308	158,140	162,990	172.292	179,507
48	Government National Mortgage Association.	75,787	93,874	105,790	100,558	103,750	105,790	108,592	111,459
49	I- to 4-family	73,853	91,602	103,007	98,057	101,068	103,007	105,701	108,487
50	Multifamily	1,934	2,272	2,783	2,501	2,682	2,783	2,891	2,972
51	Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation 1- to 4-family Multifamily	15,180	16.854	20,560 ^r	17.565	17,936	20,560′	26,745′	30,665 ^r
52		12,149	13.471	16,605 ^r	14.115	14,401	16,605′	21,781′	27,193 ^r
53		3,031	3,383	3,955	3,450	3,535	3,955	4,964	3,472 ^r
54	Federal National Mortgage Association ³ 1- to 4-family Farmers Home Administration 1- to 4-family Multifamily Commercial Farm	n.a.	n.a.	717	n.a.	n.a.	717	2.786	4.556
55		n.a.	n.a.	717	n.a.	n.a.	717	2.786	4,556
56		27,697	31.530	36,640	34,185	36,454	36.640	36.955	37,383
57		14,884	16,683	18,378	17,165	18,407	18.378	18.740	18,890
58		2.163	2.612	3,426	3,097	3,488	3.426	3.447	3,472
59		4,328	5.271	6,161	5,750	6,040	6.161	6.351	6,371
60		6,322	6,964	8,675	8,173	8,519	8.675	8.417	8,650
61	Individual and others ⁴ . 1- to 4-family ⁵ . Multifamily Commercial. Farm	183,4827	218,109°	253,958°	238.689 ^r	247,932 ^r	253,9587	260.557 ^r	268,024 ^r
62		110,8577	138,333°	167,460°	155.231 ^r	162,587 ^r	167,4607	171.995 ^r	177,865 ^r
63		23,376	27,345	28,340	27.782	28,272	28,340	29.043	29,726
64		24,050	26,661	30,614	28.850	29,761	30,614	31.138	31,828
65		25,199	25,770	27,544	26.826	27,312	27,544	28.381	28,605

^{1.} Includes loans held by nondeposit trust companies but not bank trust de-

Note. Based on data from various institutional and governmental sources, with some quarters estimated in part by the Federal Reserve in conjunction with the Federal Home Loan Bank Board and the Department of Commerce. Separation of nonfarm mortgage debt by type of property, if not reported directly, and interpolations and extrapolations when required, are estimated mainly by the Federal Reserve. Multifamily debt refers to loans on structures of five or more units.

I. Includes loans held by nondeposit trust companies out not call a suppartments.
 Outstanding principal balances of mortgages backing securities insured or guaranteed by the agency indicated.
 Outstanding balances on FNMA's issues of securities backed by pools of conventional mortgages held in trust. The program was implemented by FNMA in October 1981.
 Other holders include mortgage companies, real estate investment trusts, state and local credit agencies, state and local retirement funds, noninsured pension funds, credit unions, and U.S. agencies for which amounts are small or for which separate data are not readily available.

5. Includes a new estimate of residential mortgage credit provided by individuals.

Domestic Financial Statistics September 1982

CONSUMER INSTALLMENT CREDIT¹ Total Outstanding, and Net Change Millions of dollars

Holder, and type of credit	1979	1980	1981				1982			
riolder, and type of eledit	1979	1960	1981	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July
				Amoun	ts outstand	ing (end of	period)			
1 Total	312,024	313,472	333,375	330,135	327,435	327,131	328,363	329,338	331,851	332,471
By major holder 2 Commercial banks. 3 Finance companies 4 Credit unions 5 Retailers ² 6 Savings and loans. 7 Gasoline companies. 8 Mutual savings banks	154,177	147.013	149,300	148.162	146,922	146,454	146,616	146.147	146.775	146,745
	68,318	76.756	89,818	88.925	89,009	89,591	90,674	91.958	93,009	93,353
	46,517	44,041	45,954	45,907	45,586	45,632	45,450	45.472	45,882	45,698
	28,119	28,448	29,551	28.179	27,013	26,530	26,537	26.536	26,645	26,710
	8,424	9,911	11,598	11.668	11,738	11,926	12,081	12,202	12.312	12,520
	3,729	4,468	4,403	4.541	4,433	4,229	4,227	4,218	4.398	4,600
	2,740	2,835	2,751	2.753	2,734	2,769	2,778	2.805	2,830	2,845
By major type of credit 9 Automobile 10 Commercial banks 11 Indirect paper 12 Direct loans 13 Credit unions 14 Finance companies	116,362	116,838	126,431	125,525	125,294	125,559	126,201	127,220	128,415	128,359
	67,367	61,536	59,181	58,849	58,604	58,510	58,458	58,099	58,140	58,131
	38,338	35,233	35,097	35,029	34,920	34,888	34,920	34,791	34,903	34,979
	29,029	26,303	24,084	23,820	23,684	23,622	23,538	23,308	23,237	23,152
	22,244	21,060	21,975	21,953	21,799	21,821	21,733	21,744	21,940	21,852
	26,751	34,242	45,275	44,723	44,891	45,228	46,010	47,377	48,335	48,376
15 Revolving 16 Commercial banks 17 Retailers 18 Gasoline companies	56,937	58,352	63,049	61.433	59,514	58,491	58.641	58.647	59,302	59,824
	29,862	29,765	33,110	32.643	31,923	31,532	31.638	31.619	31,974	32,205
	23,346	24,119	25,536	24.249	23,158	22,730	22,776	22,810	22,930	23,019
	3,729	4,468	4,403	4.541	4,433	4,229	4.227	4,218	4,398	4,600
19 Mobile home 20 Commercial banks. 21 Finance companies 22 Savings and loans. 23 Credit unions	16,838	17,322	18,486	18,397	18,343	18.363	18,402	18,479	18.543	18,601
	10,647	10,371	10,300	10,206	10,111	10.037	9,974	9,960	9.924	9,857
	3,390	3,745	4,494	4,481	4,506	4.548	4,608	4,666	4.731	4,801
	2,307	2,737	3,203	3,222	3,241	3,293	3,336	3,369	3,400	3,458
	494	469	489	488	485	486	484	484	488	486
24 Other 25 Commercial banks. 26 Finance companies 27 Credit unions 28 Retailers 29 Savings and loans 30 Mutual savings banks	121,887	120,960	125,409	124,780	124,284	124,718	125,119	124,992	125,591	125,687
	46,301	45,341	46,709	46,464	46,284	46,375	46,546	46,469	46,737	46,552
	38,177	38,769	40,049	39,721	39,612	39,815	40,056	39,915	39,943	40,176
	23,779	22,512	23,490	23,466	23,302	23,326	23,233	23,244	23,454	23,360
	4,773	4,329	4,015	3,930	3,855	3,800	3,761	3,726	3,715	3,691
	6,117	7,174	8,395	8,446	8,497	8,633	8,745	8,833	8,912	9,063
	2,740	2,835	2,751	2,753	2,734	2,769	2,778	2,805	2,830	2,845
				Ne	t change (d	uring perio	d) ³			
31 Total	38,381	1,448	19,894	443	75	990	1,175	1,399	1,349	570
By major holder 32 Commercial banks. 33 Finance companies 34 Credit unions 35 Retailers ² . 36 Savings and loans. 37 Gasoline companies. 38 Mutual savings banks	18,161 14,020 2,185 2,132 1,327 509 47	-7,163 8,438 -2,475 329 1,485 739 95	2,284 13,062 1,913 1,103 1,682 -65 -85	10 -597 689 27 172 39 103	-171 307 -135 -124 173 36 -11	166 673 -122 171 251 -150	96 544 132 181 205 -6 23	- 13 (1,126 - 39 (68 221 (- 20 56	-100 874 38 304 187 38 8	- 66 195 - 69 297 196 3
By major type of credit 39 Automobile	14,715	477	9,595	- 121	-56	-28	233	959	655	61
	6.857	-5.830	-2,355	103	-180	-248	-159	- 305	-240	101
	4,488	-3.104	-136	232	-141	-130	2	- 52	- 52	225
	2.369	-2.726	-2,219	- 129	-39	-118	-161	- 253	- 188	-124
	1.044	-1.184	914	345	-59	-55	54	- 34	28	-26
	6,814	-7,491	11,033	- 569	183	275	338	1,298	867	-14
45 Revolving 46 Commercial banks 47 Retailers 48 Gasoline companies	8,628	1,415	4,697	- 196	-155	307	499	537	507	612
	5,521	- 97	3,345	- 276	-65	296	285	436	219	266
	2,598	773	1,417	41	-126	161	220	121	250	343
	509	739	-65	39	36	- 150	-6	- 20	38	3
49 Mobile home 50 Commercial banks 51 Finance companies 52 Savings and loans 53 Credit unions	1,603	483	1,161	-26 (-44 (15	51 :	70	67	63
	1,102	-276	- 74	-74	-110	-82	-48	-41	- 58	- 57
	238	355	749	6	56	52	53	44	64	73
	240	430	466	30	14	47	43	67	60	47
	23	-25	20	12	-4	-2	3	0	1	0
54 Other Commercial banks 55 Commercial banks Finance companies 57 Credit unions Setailers 58 Retailers Savings and loans 60 Mutual savings banks Savings banks	13,435 4,681 6,968 1,118 -466 1,087 47	- 927 - 960 592 - 1,266 - 444 1,056 95	4.441 1.368 1,280 975 -314 1,217 -85	786 257 - 34 332 - 14 142 103	330 184 68 - 72 2 159 - 11	696 200 346 ~65 10 204	392 18 153 75 - 39 162 23	- 167 - 103 - 216 - 5 - 53 154 56	120 -21 -57 9 54 127 8	- 166 - 376 - 136 - 43 - 46 149

^{1.} The Board's series cover most short- and intermediate-term credit extended to individuals through regular business channels, usually to finance the purchase of consumer goods and services or to refinance debts incurred for such purposes, and scheduled to be repaid (or with the option of repayment) in two or more installments.

2. Includes auto dealers and excludes 30-day charge credit held by travel and extertainment companies.

entertainment companies.

^{3.} Net change equals extensions minus liquidations (repayments, charge-offs and other credit); figures for all months are seasonally adjusted.

Note: Total consumer noninstallment credit outstanding—credit scheduled to be repaid in a lump sum. including single-payment loans, charge accounts, and service credit—amounted to, not seasonally adjusted \$71.3 billion at the end of 1979. \$74.8 billion at the end of 1980. and \$80.2 billion at the end of 1981.

1.57 CONSUMER INSTALLMENT CREDIT Extensions and Liquidations Millions of dollars; monthly data are seasonally adjusted.

	.070	1000	400				1982		_	
Holder, and type of credit	1979	1980	1981	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July
					Exter	sions			!	
1 Total	324,777	306,076	336,341	26,888	27,150	27,462	28,648	29,197	29,737	27,514
By major holder 2 Commercial banks. 3 Finance companies 4 Credit unions 5 Retailers 6 Savings and loans. 7 Gasoline companies. 8 Mutual savings banks	154,733 61,518 34,926 47,676 5,901 18,005 2,018	134,960 60,801 29,594 49,942 6,621 22,253 1,905	146,186 66,344 35,444 53,430 8,142 24,902 1,893	11,775 4,433 3,326 4,385 716 2,000 253	12,431 4,857 2,695 4,254 754 2,007	12,519 5,002 2,631 4,536 788 1,835 151	12,790 5,343 3,010 4,618 823 1,915 185	12,765 6,135 2,902 4,449 841 1,880 225	13,460 5,700 2,887 4,762 785 1,969 174	12,485 4,607 2,711 4,785 803 1,944 179
By major type of credit 9 Automobile 10 Commercial banks 11 Indirect paper 12 Direct loans 13 Credit unions 14 Finance companies	93,901 53,554 29,623 23,931 17,397 22,950	83,454 41,109 22,558 18,551 15,294 27,051	94,404 42,792 24,941 17,851 18,084 33,527	7,474 3,696 2,293 1,403 1,702 2,076	7,283 3,415 1,875 1,540 1,363 2,505	7,183 3,393 1,875 1,518 1,420 2,370	7,871 3,499 2,079 1,420 1,542 2,830	8,429 3,317 1,954 1,363 1,483 3,629	8,182 3,404 2,036 1,368 1,497 3,281	7,332 3,687 2,324 1,363 1,389 2,256
15 Revolving 16 Commercial banks 17 Retailers 18 Gasoline companies	120,174 61,048 41,121 18,005	128,068 61,593 44,222 22,253	140,135 67,370 47,863 24,902	11,070 5,135 3,935 2,000	11,730 5,928 3,795 2,007	12,143 6,235 4,073 1,835	12.416 6,309 4,192 1,915	12,528 6,604 4,044 1,880	13,361 7,141 4,251 1,969	12,551 6,237 4,370 1,944
19 Mobile home 20 Commercial banks 21 Finance companies 22 Savings and loans. 23 Credit unions	6,471 4,542 797 948 184	5,093 2,937 898 1,146 113	6,028 3,106 1,313 1,432 176	434 188 99 122 25	364 136 117 102 9	411 156 120 126 9	544 253 122 151 18	478 201 114 151 12	459 180 129 137 13	441 173 133 123 12
24 Other 25 Commercial banks. 26 Finance companies 27 Credit unions 28 Retailers 29 Savings and loans. 30 Mutual savings banks	104,231 35,589 37,771 17,345 6,555 4,953 2,018	89,461 29,321 32,852 14,187 5,720 5,476 1,905	95,774 32,918 31,504 17,182 5,567 6,710 1,893	7,910 2,756 2,258 1,599 450 594 253	7,773 2,952 2,235 1,323 459 652 152	7,725 2,735 2,512 1,202 463 662 151	7,853 2,729 2,391 1,450 426 672 185	7,762 2,643 2,392 1,407 405 690 225	7,735 2,735 2,290 1,377 511 648 174	7,190 2,388 2,218 1,310 415 680 179
					Liquid	lations				
31 Total	286,396	304,628	316,447	26,445	27,075	26,472	27,509	27,798	28,388	26,944
By major holder 32 Commercial banks. 33 Finance companies 34 Credit unions 35 Retailers! 36 Savings and loans. 37 Gasoline companies 38 Mutual savings banks	136,572 47,498 32,741 45,544 4,574 17,496 1,971	142,123 52,363 32,069 49,613 5,136 21,514 1,810	143,902 53,282 33,531 52,327 6,640 24,967 1,978	11,765 5,030 2,637 4,358 544 1,961	12,602 4,550 2,830 4,378 581 1,971 163	12,353 4,329 2,753 4,365 537 1,985	12,694 4,799 2,878 4,437 618 1,921 162	12,778 5,009 2,941 4,381 620 1,900 169	13,560 4,826 2,849 4,458 598 1,931 166	12.551 4,412 2,780 4,488 607 1,941
By major type of credit 39 Automobile 40 Commercial banks 41 Indirect paper 42 Direct loans 43 Credit unions 44 Finance companies	79,186 46,697 25,135 21,562 16,353 16,136	82,977 46,939 25,662 21,277 16,478 19,560	84,809 45,147 25,077 20.070 17,169 22,494	7,595 3,593 2,061 1,532 1,357 2,645	7,339 3,595 2,016 1,579 1,422 2,322	7,211 3,641 2,005 1,636 1,475 2,095	7,638 3,658 2,077 1,581 1,488 2,492	7,470 3,622 2,006 1,616 1,517 2,331	7,527 3,644 2,088 1,556 1,469 2,414	7,271 3,586 2,099 1,487 1,415 2,270
45 Revolving 46 Commercial banks. 47 Retailers 48 Gasoline companies	111,546 55,527 38,523 17,496	126,653 61,690 43,449 21,514	135,438 64,025 46,446 24,967	11,266 5,411 3,894 1,961	11,885 5,993 3,921 1,971	11,836 5,939 3,912 1,985	11,917 6,024 3,972 1,921	11,991 6,168 3,923 1,900	12,854 6,922 4,001 1,931	11,939 5,971 4,027 1,941
49 Mobile home 50 Commercial banks 51 Finance companies 52 Savings and loans 53 Credit unions	4,868 3,440 559 708 161	4,610 3,213 543 716 138	4,867 3,180 564 966 156	460 262 93 92	408 246 61 88 13	396 238 68 79 11	493 301 69 108 15	408 242 70 84 12	392 238 65 77 12	378 230 60 76 12
54 Other 55 Commercial banks 56 Finance companies 57 Credit unions 58 Retailers 59 Savings and loans 60 Mutual savings banks	90,796 30,908 30,803 16,227 7,021 3,866 1,971	90,388 30,281 32,260 15,453 6,164 4,420 1,810	91,333 31,550 30,224 16,207 5,881 5,493 1,978	7,124 2,499 2,292 1,267 464 452 150	7,443 2,768 2,167 1,395 457 493 163	7,029 2,535 2,166 1,267 453 458 150	7,461 2,711 2,238 1,375 465 510 162	7,929 2,746 2,608 1,412 458 536 169	7,615 2,756 2,347 1,368 457 521 166	7,356 2,764 2,082 1,353 461 531 165

 $^{1. \ \} Includes \ \ auto \ \ dealers \ \ and \ \ excludes \ \ 30\mbox{-}day \ charge \ \ credit \ held \ \ by \ travel \ \ and \ \ entertainment \ \ companies.$

A44 Domestic Financial Statistics □ September 1982

1.58 FUNDS RAISED IN U.S. CREDIT MARKETS

Billions of dollars; half-yearly data are at seasonally adjusted annual rates.

Transaction category, sector	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	197	9	198	30	19	81
Transaction category, sector	1770		1776	17/7	1900	1961	Н1	Н2	Hi	H2	HI	H2
					N	Nonfinanc	al sectors					
1 Total funds raised 2 Excluding equities	273.6 262.8	336.6 333.5	395.6 396.3	387.0 394.0	371.9 357.0	376.0 387.4	385.0 394.7	389.0 393.3	339.0 330.1	404.9 383.8	418.4 416.9	333.6 358.0
By sector and instrument 3 U.S. government 4 Treasury securities. 5 Agency issues and mortgages 6 Ali other nonfinancial sectors 7 Corporate equities. 8 Debt instruments. 9 Private domestic nonfinancial sectors 10 Corporate equities. 11 Debt instruments. 12 Debt capital instruments 13 State and local obligations 14 Corporate bonds Mortgages	69.0 69.1 1 204.6 10.8 193.8 185.0 10.5 174.5 123.7 15.7 22.8	56.8 57.6 9 279.9 3.1 276.7 266.0 2.7 263.2 172.2 21.9 21.0	53.7 55.1 -1.4 342.0 6 342.6 308.7 1 308.8 193.7 26.1 20.1	37.4 38.8 -1.4 349.6 -7.1 356.7 328.6 -7.8 336.4 200.1 21.8 21.2	79.2 79.8 6 292.7 15.0 277.8 263.4 12.9 250.6 179.4 26.9 30.4	87.4 87.8 5 288.6 - 11.5 300.1 264.1 - 11.5 275.6 147.8 25.8 20.2	30.0 32.3 -2.3 355.0 -9.8 364.7 341.0 -9.6 350.6 203.0 20.9 21.7	44.7 45.2 5 344.3 -4.3 348.6 316.1 -6.1 322.2 197.2 22.7 20.7	66.5 67.2 6 272.5 8.9 263.6 241.3 6.9 234.4 177.0 21.6 35.3	91.9 92.4 6 313.0 21.0 292.0 285.6 18.8 266.2 181.9 32.1 25.6	86.1 86.7 5 332.3 1.5 330.7 297.1 9 296.2 171.1 28.8 22.8	88.6 89.0 4 244.9 -24.5 269.4 231.2 -23.8 255.0 124.5 22.8 17.6
15	64.0 3.9 11.6 5.7 50.7 25.4 4.4 4.0 16.9	96.3 7.4 18.5 7.1 91.0 40.2 26.7 2.9 21.3	108.5 9.4 22.1 7.5 115.1 47.6 37.1 5.2 25.1	113.7 7.8 24.4 11.3 136.3 46.3 49.2 11.1 29.7	81.7 8.5 22.4 9.5 71.1 2.3 37.3 6.6 24.9	62.2 4.6 25.3 9.8 127.8 25.3 50.1 19.2 33.2	117.6 8.0 23.4 11.6 147.6 50.9 55.5 8.0 33.1	109.8 7.6 25.4 11.0 125.0 41.6 42.8 14.2 26.4	76.5 8.2 24.8 10.6 57.4 -5.1 13.5 24.8 24.1	87.0 8.8 19.9 8.4 84.9 9.7 61.2 -11.6 25.6	77.3 5.0 28.4 8.9 125.1 29.5 42.0 16.0 37.6	47.2 4.2 22.1 10.7 130.4 21.1 58.3 22.3 28.7
24 By borrowing sector 25 State and local governments 26 Households 27 Farm 28 Nonfarm noncorporate 29 Corporate	185.0 15.2 89.6 10.2 5.7 64.3	266.0 17.3 139.1 12.3 12.7 84.6	308.7 20.9 164.3 15.0 15.3 93.2	328.6 18.4 170.6 20.8 14.0 104.8	263.4 25.3 101.7 14.5 15.8 106.1	264.1 23.1 103.6 16.4 13.8 107.3	341.0 17.9 179.1 21.2 13.5 109.3	316.1 18.9 162.1 20.4 14.5 100.2	241.3 19.7 94.2 17.9 11.0 98.4	285.6 30.9 109.1 11.1 20.6 113.8	297.1 26.2 124.3 22.7 16.1 107.8	231.2 20.0 82.8 10.0 11.6 106.7
Foreign	19.6 .3 19.3 8.6 5.6 1.9 3.3	13.9 .4 13.5 5.1 3.1 2.4 3.0	33.2 5 33.8 4.2 19.1 6.6 3.9	21.0 .8 20.3 3.9 2.3 11.2 3.0	29.3 2.1 27.2 .8 11.5 10.1 4.7	24.4 24.5 5.6 .8 13.9 4.2	14.0 2 14.1 2.8 2.1 6.1 3.1	28.1 1.7 26.4 4.9 2.4 16.3 2.8	31.2 1.9 29.2 2.0 6.1 15.7 5.4	27.4 2.2 25.2 4 17.0 4.5 4.0	35.1 .6 34.5 3.3 5.7 20.6 4.9	13.8 7 14.4 7.8 -4.1 7.1 3.6
						Financia	sectors					
37 Total funds raised	23.4	51.4	76.8	84.3	66.7	88.6	87.8	80.8	59.8	73.5	92.6	84.6
By instrument 38 U.S. government related 39 Sponsored credit agency securities. 40 Mortgage pool securities 41 Loans from U.S. government 42 Private financial sectors 43 Corporate equities. 44 Debt instruments. 45 Corporate bonds 46 Mortgages. 47 Bank loans n.e.c. 48 Open market paper and RPs 49 Loans from Federal Home Loan Banks.	15.1 3.3 12.2 4 8.2 2 8.4 9.8 2.1 - 3.7 2.2 - 2.0	21.9 7.0 16.1 -1.2 29.5 2.6 26.9 10.1 3.1 3 9.6 4.3	36.7 23.1 13.6 0 40.1 1.8 38.3 7.5 .9 2.8 14.6 12.5	48.2 24.3 24.0 36.0 2.5 33.6 7.8 -1.2 4 18.2 9.2	43.0 24.4 18.6 0 23.7 6.2 17.5 7.1 9 5 4.6 7.1	44.4 30.1 14.3 0 44.2 8.3 35.9 8 -2.9 2.5 20.9 16.2	43.7 21.2 22.5 0 44.1 3.6 40.6 8.2 .3 -1.4 25.4 8.2	52.8 27.3 25.5 0 28.0 1.4 26.6 7.5 -2.6 .6 10.9 10.1	44.7 25.1 19.6 0 15.2 7.1 8.1 10.1 -5.8 4.6	41.3 23.7 17.6 0 32.2 5.2 27.0 4.2 4.0 9 10.1 9.6	40.6 24.0 16.5 0 52.0 9.7 42.3 -2.0 -2.9 4.6 24.6 18.0	48.2 36.1 12.1 0 36.4 7.0 29.4 .3 -2.9 .3 17.3 14.5
By sector 50 Sponsored credit agencies 51 Mortgage pools 52 Private financial sectors 53 Commercial banks 54 Bank affiliates 55 Savings and loan associations 66 Other insurance companies 57 Finance companies 58 REITs 59 Open-end investment companies	2.9 12.2 8.2 2.3 5.4 .1 .9 4.3 -2.2 -2.4	5.8 16.1 29.5 1.1 2.0 9.9 1.4 16.9 -2.3	23.1 13.6 40.1 1.3 7.2 14.3 .8 18.1 -1.1 5	24.3 24.0 36.0 1.6 6.5 11.4 .9 16.8 4 6	24.4 18.6 23.7 .5 6.9 6.9 .9 5.8 -1.7 4.4	30.1 14.3 44.2 .4 8.3 13.1 .9 14.4 7 7.8	21.2 22.5 44.1 1.3 8.0 11.1 .9 22.7 6	27.3 25.5 28.0 1.8 4.9 11.7 .9 10.9 2 -1.9	25.1 19.6 15.2 .8 5.8 -1.4 .9 5.2 -1.4 5.3	23.7 17.6 32.2 .3 8.0 15.2 .9 6.3 -2.0 3.4	24.0 16.5 52.0 .2 6.9 17.2 .9 18.3 8 9.3	36.1 12.1 36.4 .5 9.7 8.9 .9 10.6 5 6.3
						All se	ctors					
60 Total funds raised, by instrument	297.0	388.0	472.5	471.3	438.6	464.6	472.8	469.7	398.8	478.4	511.0	418.2
61 Investment company shares 62 Other corporate equities 63 Debt instruments 64 U.S. government securities 65 State and local obligations. 66 Corporate and foreign bonds 67 Mortgages 68 Consumer credit. 69 Bank loans n.e.c. 70 Open market paper and RPs. 71 Other loans	-2.4 13.1 286.4 84.6 15.7 41.2 87.2 25.4 6.2 8.1 17.8	.4 5.3 382.3 79.9 21.9 36.1 132.3 40.2 29.5 15.0 27.4	5 1.7 471.3 90.5 26.1 31.8 148.3 47.6 59.0 26.4 41.5	6 -4.0 475.8 85.7 21.8 32.8 155.9 46.3 51.0 40.5 41.9	4.4 16.8 417.5 122.3 26.9 38.4 121.1 2.3 48.4 21.4 36.7	7.8 -11.0 467.7 131.9 25.8 24.9 98.8 25.3 53.4 54.0 53.7	7 -6.9 479.0 73.8 20.9 32.6 160.6 50.9 56.2 39.5 44.4	-1.9 -1.0 472.6 97.6 22.7 33.0 151.1 41.6 45.8 41.5 39.3	5.3 10.7 382.9 111.3 21.6 47.4 114.2 -5.1 19.6 39.7 34.1	3.4 22.8 452.1 133.2 32.1 29.5 128.0 9.7 77.2 3.1 39.3	9.3 1.9 499.8 126.8 28.8 24.1 116.6 29.5 52.3 61.3 60.5	6.3 -23.8 435.6 136.9 22.8 25.7 81.1 21.1 54.5 46.7 46.8

DIRECT AND INDIRECT SOURCES OF FUNDS TO CREDIT MARKETS

Billions of dollars, except as noted; half-yearly data are at seasonally adjusted annual rates

T	1976	1977	1978	1979	1000	1021	19	79	19	80	19	81
Transaction category, or sector	1976	19//	19/8	1979	1980	1981	НІ	H2	HI	H2	H1	H2
1 Total funds advanced in credit markets to nonfi- nancial sectors	262.8	333.5	396.3	394.0	357.0	387.4	394.7	393.3	330.1	383.8	416.9	358.0
By public agencies and foreign 2 Total net advances. 3 U.S. government securities. 4 Residential mortgages. 5 FHLB advances to savings and loans 6 Other loans and securities.	49.8	79.2	101.9	74 0	92.1	91.2	49.6	98.5	102.9	81.3	103.6	78.8
	23.1	34.9	36.1	-6.2	15.6	17.2	-27.1	14.7	23.2	8.0	24.3	10.1
	12.3	20.0	25.7	36 7	31.1	22.7	35.7	37.8	33.3	28.9	20.8	24.6
	-2.0	4.3	12.5	9.2	7.1	16.2	8.2	10.1	4.6	9.6	18.0	14.5
	16.4	20.1	27.6	34.3	38.2	35.0	32.8	35.8	41.7	34.8	40.5	29.6
Total advanced. by sector 7 U.S. government 8 Sponsored credit agencies 9 Monetary authorities. 10 Foreign 11 Agency borrowing not included in line 1	7.9	10.0	17.1	19.0	23.7	24.1	19.8	18.3	25.4	22.1	27.7	20.5
	16.8	22.4	39.9	53.4	43.8	45.3	47.8	58.9	42.4	45.2	42.2	48.3
	9.8	7.1	7.0	7.7	4.5	9.2	9	16.2	12.1	-3.1	-7.3	25.6
	15.2	39.6	38.0	-6.1	20.0	12.6	- 17.2	5.1	23.0	17.0	40.9	-15.7
	15.1	21.9	36.7	48.2	43.0	44.4	43.7	52.8	44.7	41.3	40.6	48.2
Private domestic funds advanced 12 Total net advances. 13 U.S. government securities. 14 State and local obligations. 15 Corporate and foreign bonds 16 Residential mortgages. 17 Other mortgages and loans. 18 Less: Federal Home Loan Bank advances. 19 Private financial intermediation	228.1	276.2	331.0	368.2	307.9	340.6	388.9	347.6	271.9	343.8	353.8	327.5
	61.5	45.1	54.3	91.9	106.7	114.7	101.0	82.9	88.1	125.3	102.6	126.8
	15.7	21.9	26.1	21.8	26.9	25.8	20.9	22.7	21.6	32.1	28.8	22.8
	30.5	22.2	22.4	24.0	26.2	21.0	24.0	24.0	32.5	19.9	19.6	22.5
	55.5	83.7	92.1	84.6	59.1	44.0	89.8	79.5	51.2	66.9	61.4	26.6
	62.9	107.7	148.6	155.1	96.2	151.4	161.4	148.7	83.1	109.3	159.5	143.2
	-2.0	4.3	12.5	9.2	7.1	16.2	8.2	10.1	4.6	9.6	18.0	14.5
19 Credit market funds advanced by private financial institutions 20 Commercial banking 21 Savings institutions 22 Insurance and pension funds 23 Other finance	191.4	260.9	302.4	292.5	270.3	302.5	316.9	268.0	246.1	294.4	318.9	286.2
	59.6	87.6	128.7	121.1	99.7	99.8	130.3	112.0	58.5	140.9	101.6	98.0
	70.5	82.0	73.5	55.9	58.4	24.1	59.6	52.2	35.5	81.3	38.4	9.8
	49.7	67.8	75.0	66.4	79.8	81.9	72.3	60.5	89.2	70.3	79.3	84.5
	11.6	23.4	25.2	49.0	32.4	96.7	54.8	43.3	62.8	1.9	99.5	93.9
24 Sources of funds. 25 Private domestic deposits. 26 Credit market borrowing. 27 Other sources. 28 Foreign funds. 29 Treasury balances 30 Insurance and pension reserves 31 Other, net.	191.4	260.9	302.4	292.5	270.3	302.5	316.9	268.0	246.1	294.4	318.9	286.2
	124.4	138.9	140.8	143.2	171.1	204.8	135.1	151.2	158.7	183.6	203.6	206.1
	8.4	26.9	38.3	33.6	17.5	35.9	40.6	26.6	8.1	27.0	42.3	29.4
	58.5	95.1	123.2	115.7	81.6	61.8	141.2	90.3	79.4	83.8	73.0	50.7
	-4.7	1.2	6.3	25.6	-22.3	-10.4	45.6	5.6	-22.8	-21.9	-6.5	- 14.4
	1	4.3	6.8	.4	-2.6	-1.1	5.0	-4.2	-2.3	-2.8	10.8	- 13.0
	34.3	50.1	62.2	47.8	64.1	71.4	52.3	43.4	70.0	58.1	62.7	80.1
	29.0	39.5	48.0	41.9	42.4	2.0	38.4	45.4	34.5	50.4	6.0	- 1.9
Private domestic nonfinancial investors 32 Direct lending in credit markets. 33 U.S. government securities 43 State and local obligations. 54 Corporate and foreign bonds 55 Commercial paper. 56 Other	45.1	42.2	67.0	109.3	55.1	74.0	112.5	106.1	33.9	76.4	77.3	70.7
	16.4	24.1	35.6	62.8	32.6	44.8	71.0	54.5	19.3	45.8	37.1	52.4
	3.3	8	1.4	1.4	3.1	15.5	2.6	.2	- 1.8	7.9	20.6	10.5
	11.8	-3.8	-2.9	10.3	3.6	-10.4	4.6	16.0	4.8	2.3	-10.2	- 10.6
	1.9	9.6	16.5	11.4	-3.8	4.3	11.4	11.4	- 4.5	-3.1	4.9	3.8
	11.7	13.2	16.4	23.5	19.7	19.7	22.9	24.0	16.0	23.3	24.8	14.6
38 Deposits and currency 39 Currency 40 Checkable deposits 41 Small time and savings accounts 42 Money market fund shares 43 Large time deposits 44 Security RPs 45 Foreign deposits.	133.4 7.3 10.4 123.7 * -12.0 2.3 1.7	148.5 8.3 17.2 93.5 .2 25.8 2.2 1.3	152.1 9.3 16.3 63.5 6.9 46.6 7.5 2.0	152.6 7.9 19.2 61.7 34.4 21.2 6.6 1.5	182.3 10.3 4.2 80.9 29.2 50.3 6.5	213.7 9.5 16.9 40.7 107.5 36.8 3.0 6	149.3 9.0 16.6 66.5 30.2 3.3 18.5 5.2	155.9 6.9 21.9 56.9 38.6 39.1 -5.3 -2.3	167.6 8.5 -1.5 66.7 61.9 26.3 5.3	197.1 12.1 9.9 95.2 -3.4 74.2 7.8 1.3	209.5 4.7 28.9 14.6 104.1 48.3 7.7 1.2	217.9 14.3 4.9 66.8 110.8 25.3 -1.7 -2.5
46 Total of credit market instruments, deposits and currency	178.5	190.7	219.1	261.9	237.5	287.7	261.8	262.0	201.5	273.4	286.8	288.6
47 Public support rate (in percent)	19.0	23.7	25.7	18.8	25.8	23.5	12.6	25.0	31.2	21.2	24.9	22.0
	83.9	94.4	91.3	79.4	87.8	88.8	81.5	77.1	90.5	85.6	90.1	87.4
	10.5	40.8	44.3	19.5	- 2.3	2.2	28.4	10.7	.2	-4.8	34.5	-30.1
MEMO: Corporate equities not included above 50 Total net issues	10.6	5.7	1.2	-4.6	21.1	-3.1	- 6.2	-2.9	16.0	26.3	11.2	-17.5
	-2.4	.4	5	6	4.4	7.8	.7	-1.9	5.3	3.4	9.3	6.3
	13.1	5.3	1.7	-4.0	16.8	-11.0	-6.9	-1.0	10.7	22.8	1.9	-23.8
53 Acquisitions by financial institutions	12.5	7.4	4.5	10.6	17.7	22.4	7.1	14.0	10.5	24.9	26.4	18.4
	-1.9	-1.6	-3.4	- 15.1	3.4	-25.5	-13.4	16.9	5.5	1.4	- 15.2	-35.9

NOTES BY LINE NUMBER

- NOTES BY LINE NUMBER.

 1. Line 2 of table 1.58.
 2. Sum of lines 3-6 or 7-10.
 6. Includes farm and commercial mortgages.
 11. Credit market funds raised by federally sponsored credit agencies, and net issues of federally related mortgage pool securities.
 12. Line 1 less line 2 plus line 11. Also line 19 less line 26 plus line 32. Also sum of lines 27, 32, and 38 less lines 39 and 45.
 17. Includes farm and commercial mortgages.
 18. Line 38 less lines 39 and 45.
 28. Foreign deposits at commercial banks, bank borrowings from foreign branches, and liabilities of foreign banking agencies to foreign affiliates.
 29. Demand deposits at commercial banks.
 30. Excludes net investment of these reserves in corporate equities.

- 31. Mainly retained earnings and net miscellaneous liabilities.
 32. Line 12 less line 19 plus line 26.
 33–37. Lines 13–17 less amounts acquired by private finance. Line 37 includes 33-37. Lines 13-17 less amounts acquired by private fina mortgages.
 39. Mainly an offset to line 9.
 46. Lines 32 plus 38, or line 12 less line 27 plus 39 and 45.
 47. Line 2/line 1.
 48. Line 19/line 12.
 49. Sum of lines 10 and 28.
 50, 52. Includes issues by financial institutions.

Note. Full statements for sectors and transaction types quarterly, and annually for flows and for amounts outstanding, may be obtained from Flow of Funds Section. Division of Research and Statistics. Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. Washington, D.C. 20551.

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2.10 NONFINANCIAL BUSINESS ACTIVITY Selected Measures

1967 = 100; monthly and quarterly data are seasonally adjusted. Exceptions noted.

Меаѕиге	1979	1980	1981	1981		·		19	82		,	
Measure	17/7	1960	1961	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May'	June	July ^p	Aug.
1 Industrial production ¹	152.5	147.0	151.0	143.4	140.7	142.9	141.7	140.2	139.2	138.5	138.7	138.0
Market groupings 2 Products, total 3 Final, total 4 Consumer goods 5 Equipment 6 Intermediate 7 Materials	150.0 147.2 150.8 142.2 160.5 156.4	146.7 145.3 145.4 145.2 151.9 147.6	150.6 149.5 147.9 151.5 154.4 151.6	146.2 146.3 142.0 152.1 145.9 139.0	142.9 142.8 139.6 147.2 143.4 137.2	144.6 144.1 141.8 147.3 146.3 140.4	143.7 143.3 141.5 145.9 145.2 138.5	142.9 142.6 142.1 143.4 143.7 136.2	142.3 142.2 143.6 140.4 142.6 134.3	141.8 141.9 144.6 138.3 141.1 133.6	142.0 142.0 145.7 137.0 142.0 133.4	140.9 140.6 144.0 136.0 142.0 133.4
Industry groupings 8 Manufacturing	153.6	146.7	150.4	142.0	138.5	140.9	140.1	138.7	137.9	137.6	137.9	137.2
Capacity utilization (percent) ^{1,2} 9 Manufacturing	85.7 87.4	79.1 80.0	78.5 79.9	73.1 72.4	71.1 71.4	72.2 72.9	71.6 71.8	70.8 70.5	70.2 69.4	69.9 68.9	69.9 68.7	69.4 68.5
11 Construction contracts $(1977 = 100)^3$	121.0	106.0	107.0	112.0	118.07	97.0	105.0	88.0	94.0	111.0	98.0	n.a.
12 Nonagricultural employment, total ⁴ . 13 Goods-producing, total 14 Manufacturing, total 15 Manufacturing, production-worker 16 Service-producing 17 Personal income, total 18 Wages and salary disbursements 19 Manufacturing 10 Disposable personal income ⁵ 21 Retail sales ⁶	136.5 113.5 108.2 105.3 149.1 309.7' 289.8 249.0 301.2' 281.6	137.6 110.3 104.4 99.4 152.6 342.9 317.6 264.3 332.9 303.8	139.1 110.2 104.2 98.5 155.0 383.5 349.9 288.1 370.3 330.6	137.7 106.9 101.2 94.3 154.7 396.4 358.4 286.9 383.8 334.1	137.5 105.9 100.4 93.2 154.8 396.7 359.6 286.1 385.0 326.0	137.5 105.7 100.0 92.9 154.9 399.0 362.2 289.0 386.5 334.9	137.2 104.9 99.3 92.1 155.0 399.8 361.3 286.4 387.7 333.5	136.9 104.2 98.6 91.2 154.8 402.5 362.2 286.3 392.0 ^r 337.4	137.0 104.1 98.3 90.9 155.1 405.9 365.4 288.1 393.4 347.1	136.5 102.9 97.3 89.8 154.9 407.5 365.9 288.4 394.2 336.4	136.3 102.5 96.9 89.4 154.8 411.5 367.6 288.1 402.4 340.4	135.9 101.8 96.3 88.8 154.7 n.a. n.a. n.a.
Prices ⁷ 22 Consumer	217.4 217.7	246.8 247.0	272.4 269.8	281.5 275.4	282.5 277.9	283.4 277.9	283.1 277.3	284.3 276.9	287.1 277.7	290.6 279.9	292.2 281.7	n.a. n.a.

OUTPUT, CAPACITY, AND CAPACITY UTILIZATION

Seasonally adjusted

Series	198	81	19	82	19	81	19	82	19	81	19	82
	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2'	Q3	Q4	Qı	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2'
	C	Output (19	967 = 100)	Capacit	y (percen	t of 1967	output)	Uti	ilization r	ate (ретсе	nt)
1 Manufacturing 2 Primary processing 3 Advanced processing	152.5 155.8 150.7	145.0 143.5 145.8	139.8 137.1 141.6	138.1 132.3 141.1	192.4 196.3 190.4	193.9 197.5 192.0	195.2 198.6 193.5	196.4 199.5 194.9	79.3 79.4 79.2	74.8 72.7 75.9	71.6 69.1 73.2	70.3 66.3 72.4
4 Materials	154.3	144.0	138.7	134.7	190.3	191.5	192.6	193.7	81.1	75.2	72.0	69.6
5 Durable goods 6 Metal materials 7 Nondurable goods 8 Textile, paper, and chemical 9 Textile 10 Paper 11 Chemical 12 Energy materials	152.8 114.2 175.8 182.8 115.5 152.2 224.9 131.6	140.2 99.5 164.5 169.4 106.8 147.0 206.2 127.9	130.9 90.9 161.0 164.5 101.3 146.1 200.0 129.8	127.1 76.9 156.8 160.5 101.6 142.2 194.0 125.6	194.2 141.9 211.2 221.7 141.0 161.9 281.0 155.0	195.3 142.1 213.1 223.9 141.6 162.8 284.4 155.8	196.4 142.3 214.6 225.6 142.1 163.8 287.3 156.5	197.3 142.4 216.1 227.3 142.4 164.6 289.6 157.0	78.7 80.5 83.3 82.5 81.8 94.1 80.0 84.9	71.8 70.1 77.2 75.7 75.4 90.3 72.5 82.1	66.7 63.9 75.0 72.9 71.3 89.2 69.6 82.9	64.4 54.0 72.6 70.6 71.4 86.4 67.0 80.0

^{1.} The industrial production and capacity utilization series have been revised back to January 1979.

2. Ratios of indexes of production to indexes of capacity. Based on data from Federal Reserve, McGraw-Hill Economics Department, and Department of Com-

recera Reserve, McGraw-Hill Economics Department and Department merce.

3. Index of dollar value of total construction contracts, including residential, nonresidential, and heavy engineering, from McGraw-Hill Information Systems Company, F. W. Dodge Division.

4. Based on data in Employment and Earnings (U.S. Department of Labor). Series covers employees only, excluding personnel in the Armed Forces.

5. Based on data in Survey of Current Business (U.S. Department of Commerce).

^{6.} Based on Bureau of Census data published in Survey of Current Business.
7. Data without seasonal adjustment, as published in Monthly Labor Review.
Seasonally adjusted data for changes in the price indexes may be obtained from the Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor.

NOTE. Basic data (not index numbers) for series mentioned in notes 4, 5, and 6, and indexes for series mentioned in notes 3 and 7 may also be found in the Survey of Current Business.

Figures for industrial production for the last two months are preliminary and estimated, respectively.

2.11 Continued

	Previou	s cycle ¹	Latest	cycle ²	19	81				19	82			
Series	High	Low	High	Low	Aug.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May ^r	June'	July'	Aug.
						Capacit	y utilizati	on rate (p	ercent)					
13 Manufacturing	88.0	69.0	87.2	74.9	79.6	73.1	71.1	72.2	71.6	70.8	70.2	69.9	69.9	69.4
14 Primary processing 15 Advanced processing	93.8 85.5	68.2 69.4	90.1 86.2	71.0 77.2	79.9 79.4	69.6 75.0	68.5 72.8	70.0 73.6	68.6 73.2	67.2 72.6	66.1 72.5	65.7 72.2	65.6 72.2	65.5 71.5
16 Materials	92.6 91.5 98.3	69.4 63.6 68.6	88.8 88.4 96.0	73.8 68.2 59.6	81.6 79.4 83.0	72.4 68.5 65.5	71.4 66.2 65.8	72.9 67.4 64.7	71.8 66.4 61.1	70.5 65.0 56.2	69.4 64.2 53.9	68.9 64.1 52.0	68.7 63.7 50.8	68.5 63.5 n.a
19 Nondurable goods	94.5 95.1 92.6 99.4 95.5	67.2 65.3 57.9 72.4 64.2	91.6 92.2 90.6 97.7 91.3	77.5 75.3 80.9 89.3 70.7	83.0 82.3 82.3 93.6 79.7	74.1 72.2 72.0 86.5 69.0	73.2 70.7 68.6 87.6 67.4	76.5 74.4 71.9 90.7 71.3	75.3 73.7 73.5 89.4 70.2	74.4 72.5 73.4 87.4 69.0	72.5 70.6 71.5 86.1 66.9	70.9 68.8 69.2 85.6 65.0	70.6 68.4 69.1 85.5 64.5	70.8 68.8 n.a. n.a. n.a.
24 Energy materials	94.6	84.8	88.3	82.7	85.6	81.6	83.7	83.2	81.8	80.2	79.9	79.8	80.5	79.9

^{1.} Monthly high 1973; monthly low 1975.

2.12 LABOR FORCE, EMPLOYMENT, AND UNEMPLOYMENT

Thousands of persons; monthly data are seasonally adjusted. Exceptions noted.

							1982			
Category	1979	1980	1981	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July 174,544 112,702 110,522 96,272 3,460 10,790 9.8 61,842 89,662	Aug
Household Survey Data	_				·					
1 Noninstitutional population ¹	166,951	169,847	172,272	173,657	173,842	174,019	174,201	174,363	174,544	174,707
Labor force (including Armed Forces) ¹ Civilian labor force Employment	107,050 104,962	109,042 106,940	110,812 108,670	111,333 109,165	111,521 109,346	111,823 109,648	112,841 110,666	112,364 110,191		112,840 110,644
4 Nonagricultural industries ²	95,477 3,347	95,938 3,364	97,030 3,368	96,217 3,373	96,144 3,349	96,032 3,309	96,629 3,488	96,406 3,357		96,404 3,435
6 Number	6,137 5.8 59,901	7,637 7.1 60,805	8,273 7.6 61,460	9,575 8.8 62,324	9,854 9.0 62,321	10,307 9.4 62,196	10,549 9.5 61,360	10,427 9.5 61,999	9.8	10,805 9.8 61,867
ESTABLISHMENT SURVEY DATA										
9 Nonagricultural payroll employment ³	89,823	90,564	91,548	90,459	90,304	90,083	90,166	89,8397	89,662'	89,451
10 Manufacturing 11 Mining 12 Contract construction 13 Transportation and public utilities 14 Trade 15 Finance 16 Service 17 Government	21,040 958 4,463 5,136 20,192 4,975 17,112 15,947	20,300 1,020 4,399 5,143 20,386 5,168 17,901 16,249	20,264 1,104 4,307 5,152 20,736 5,330 18,598 16,056	19,454 1,203 3,974 5,115 20,670 5,326 18,867 15,850	19,319 1,197 3,934 5,100 20,655 5,336 18,904 15,859	19,169 1,182 3,938 5,094 20,584 5,335 18,929 15,852	19,115 1,152 3,988 5,101 20,652 5,342 18,963 15,853	18,930° 1,124° 3,940° 5,078° 20,595° 5,352° 18,988° 15,832°	18,844° 1,107° 3,929° 5,041° 20,613° 5,358° 19,057° 15,713°	18,729 1,099 3,902 5,038 20,531 5,375 19,077 15,700

^{1.} Persons 16 years of age and over. Monthly figures, which are based on sample data, relate to the calendar week that contains the 12th day; annual data are averages of monthly figures. By definition, seasonality does not exist in population figures. Based on data from *Employment and Earnings* (U.S. Department of Labor).

^{2.} Preliminary; monthly highs December 1978 through January 1980; monthly lows July 1980 through October 1980.

bor).

2. Includes self-employed, unpaid family, and domestic service workers.

^{3.} Data include all full- and part-time employees who worked during, or received pay for, the pay period that includes the 12th day of the month, and exclude proprietors, self-employed persons, domestic servants, unpaid family workers, and members of the Armed Forces. Data are adjusted to the March 1979 benchmark and only seasonally adjusted data are available at this time. Based on data from *Employment and Earnings* (U.S. Department of Labor).

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2.13 INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION Indexes and Gross Value

Monthly data are seasonally adjusted.

_	Grouping	1967 pro-	1981			1981						11	982			
	Crouping	por- tion	aver- age	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May'	June	July p	Aug. e
									Inde	(1967 :	= 100)			·	<u></u>	
	Major Market															
	Total index	100.00	151.0	153.6	151.6	149.1	146.3	143.4	140.7	142.9	141.7	140.2	139.2	138.5	138.7	138.0
2 3 4 5 6 7	Products Final products Consumer goods. Equipment Intermediate products Materials	60.71 47.82 27.68 20.14 12.89 39.29	150.6 149.5 147.9 151.8 154.4 151.6	152.6 151.5 149.6 154.0 156.8 155.2	151.0 150.0 147.8 152.9 154.6 152.5	149.4 148.9 146.5 152.1 151.4 148.5	147.5 147.2 144.0 151.5 148.7 144.6	146.2 146.3 142.0 152.1 145.9 139.0	142.9 142.8 139.6 147.2 143.4 137.2	144.6 144.1 141.8 147.3 146.3 140.4	143.7 143.3 141.5 145.9 145.2 138.5	142.9 142.6 142.1 143.4 143.7 136.2	142.3 142.2 143.6 140.4 142.6 134.3	141.8 141.9 144.6 138.3 141.1 133.6	142.0 142.0 145.7 137.0 142.0 133.4	140.9 140.6 144.0 136.0 142.0 133.4
8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	Consumer goods Durable consumer goods Automotive products Autos and utility vehicles Autos Auto parts and allied goods Home goods Appliances, A/C, and TV Appliances and TV Carpeting and furniture Miscellaneous home goods	7.89 2.83 2.03 1.90 80 5.06 1.40 1.33 1.07 2.59	140.5 137.9 111.2 103.4 205.6 142.0 119.6 121.2 158.0 147.4	142.5 137.6 107.8 104.0 213.1 145.3 126.8 128.9 160.1 149.2	140.4 139.1 110.0 103.3 212.9 141.1 119.0 121.4 158.6 145.8	136.3 132.8 101.7 92.5 211.8 138.2 116.7 118.7 152.6 143.9	129.7 121.7 88.9 81.1 205.0 134.1 107.7 108.7 146.9 143.2	123.2 119.2 87.5 78.1 199.7 125.4 85.7 86.6 144.4 139.1	120.1 109.2 71.6 61.3 204.4 126.3 100.6 101.6 137.9 135.4	125.9 117.5 82.0 70.5 207.8 130.6 103.5 104.1 147.8 138.1	128.1 125.0 93.6 79.8 204.5 129.9 97.0 97.4 151.3 138.9	130.7 129.9 100.5 87.2 204.6 131.1 102.7 103.1 151.8 138.0	132.6 138.9 111.8 96.1 207.6 129.1 100.5 101.5 145.9 137.7	135.2 143.3 117.1 101.9 209.6 130.7 106.3 108.8 147.5 137.1	137.7 150.9 127.7 114.6 209.9 130.4 103.6 107.1 147.9 137.6	132.6 137.6 109.2 96.1 209.8 129.9 102.5
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	Nondurable consumer goods	19.79 4.29 15.50 8.33 7.17 2.63 1.92 2.62 1.45	150.9 119.8 159.5 150.3 170.0 223.1 127.9 147.7 166.3	152.5 121.9 161.0 150.6 173.0 227.7 128.9 150.4 169.7	150.8 119.3 159.5 149.5 171.1 227.5 127.7 146.4 162.8	150.5 117.8 159.6 150.7 169.9 223.0 126.9 148.2 166.2	149.7 116.1 159.0 150.4 169.1 220.3 125.7 149.4 167.4	149.5 113.8 159.4 150.9 169.3 220.1 127.2 149.1 167.5	147.4 106.0 158.9 150.0 169.1 220.1 127.0 148.9 172.3	148.1 159.2 151.1 168.7 218.2 130.2 147.2 171.6	146.8 158.1 149.6 168.0 217.8 127.8 147.6 170.4 169.0	146.6 158.3 148.1 170.0 218.3 128.7 151.9 174.5	147.9 159.0 149.9 169.5 216.6 126.7 153.6 173.7	148.4 159.6 150.9 169.7 218.3 125.9 153.2 171.3	148.9 159.6 170.3 218.4 125.3 155.0	148.6 159.0 169.5
27 28 29 30 31	Equipment Business Industrial Busineig and mining Manufacturing. Power	12.63 6.77 1.44 3.85 1.47	181.1 166.4 286.2 127.9 149.7	184.8 170.2 293.0 130.8 152.7	182.7 168.9 293.6 129.3 150.4	180.5 166.9 295.6 125.7 148.4	179.0 165.1 293.8 123.6 147.1	179.0 164.0 294.6 122.0 145.5	172.2 158.1 289.0 116.9 137.4	171.6 155.9 274.9 116.8 141.1	151.2 256.9 116.3 139.0 189.5	164.9 145.9 242.2 114.0 134.8	159.9 138.9 224.4 109.7 131.5	156.4 134.0 209.0 107.5 129.9	153.6 131.1 200.0 105.8 129.7	151.4 128.4 193.3 104.0 128.6
32 33 34 35	Commercial transit, farm	5.86 3.26 1.93 67	198.0 258.7 125.4 112.0	200.9 264.3 124.6 111.8	198.5 264.2 121.0 102.1	196.2 259.8 120.6 104.6	195.0 260.6 116.6 101.7	196.3 262.9 117.5 98.9	188.5 256.1 109.0 88.4	189.9 256.4 110.4 95.1	257.8 110.5 84.9 107.0	186.9 253.1 110.9 83.5	184.1 247.7 110.9 85.8	182.2 246.1 108.3 84.1	179.5 244.3 106.4 75.4	178.0 242.9 103.9
36	Defense and space	7.51	102.7	102.8	103.0	104.5	105.3	107.0	105.2	106.5	125.6	107.2	107.7	107.9	109.1	110.0
37 38 39	Intermediate products Construction supplies Business supplies Commercial energy products	6.42 6.47 1.14	141.9 166.7 176.4	144.0 169.5 176.6	139.7 169.4 174.2	135.2 167.5 174.3	130.1 167.1 177.0	127.0 164.6 177.3	124.2 162.4 181.7	127.5 165.1 184.1	164.6 184.5 130.7	123.6 163.7 183.5	122.2 162.8 180.3	123.0 159.1 177.0	123.4 160.5 180.7	123.6
40 41 42 43 44	Materials Durable goods materials Durable consumer parts Equipment parts. Durable materials n.e.c. Basic metal materials	20.35 4.58 5.44 10.34 5.57	149.1 114.5 191.2 142.3 112.0	154.3 121.8 194.7 147.4 117.4	150.4 114.5 192.7 144.1 113.1	145.6 107.6 190.3 138.9 106.5	141.0 102.8 188.7 132.9 101.6	134.0 92.9 183.3 126.1 94.8	129.7 86.9 177.2 123.6 94.5	132.4 92.2 180.1 125.1 94.3	130.7 94.1 177.5 122.2 88.6	128.1 94.7 173.9 118.8 82.3	126.6 98.9 170.0 116.1 79.4	126.6 103.2 168.4 115.1 77.2	126.1 102.0 168.1 114.6 75.7	125.9 101.0 166.7 115.4
45 46	Nondurable goods materials Textile, paper, and chemical	10.47	174.6	175.4	175.5	170.6	164.7	158.3	156.8	164.2	162.0	160.3	156.6	153.6	153.3	154.0
47 48 49 50 51	materials Textile materials. Paper materials. Chemical materials Containers, nondurable Nondurable materials n.e.c.	7.62 1.85 1.62 4.15 1.70 1.14	181.4 113.0 150.6 224.0 169.3 137.4	182.4 116.0 151.5 224.1 169.4 137.8	182.5 114.9 155.1 223.4 170.9 136.2	176.4 111.6 149.6 215.9 166.7 137.1	169.9 106.9 150.2 205.8 163.5 131.9	161.9 102.0 141.2 196.8 161.9 128.6	159.1 97.3 143.2 193.0 162.4 132.4	167.9 102.2 148.5 204.9 166.7 136.0	166.6 104.5 146.7 202.2 161.3 132.4	199.3 159.8	160.4 101.8 141.8 193.9 157.2 130.6	156.7 98.6 141.2 188.8 158.5 125.2	98.7 141.3 187.8 157.7 126.8	157.3
52 53 54	Energy materials Primary energy Converted fuel materials	8.48 4.65 3.82	129.0 115.0 145.9	132.6 120.9 146.9	128.9 117.4 142.9	128.3 116.4 142.8	128,1 115.6 143.4	127.4 115.9 141.4	130.9 119.2 145.1	130.3 119.5 143.4	128.2 119.2 139.1	125.8 117.3 136.1	125.4 116.9 135.7	125.5 116.5 136.5	126.7 116.9 138.5	125.9
	Supplementary groups Home goods and clothing. Energy, total. Products. Materials	9.35 12.23 3.76 8.48	131.8 137.4 156.4 129.0	134.5 140.5 158.4 132.6	131.1 136.8 154.8 128.9	128.8 136.9 156.1 128.3	125.9 137.2 157.8 128.1	120.1 136.7 157.7 127.4	117.0 139.5 158.8 130.9	120.1 138.9 158.4 130.3	118.9 137.6 158.8 128.2	136.7 161.5	119.5 136.5 161.7 125.4	120.2 136.2 160.4 125.5	121.0 137.7 162.8 126.7	121.2 136.4 125.9

2.13 Continued

	SIC	1967 pro-	1981			1981						19	982			
Grouping	code	por- tion	avg."	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July ^p	Aug. e
									Index	(1967 =	= 100)		•	•		
Major Industry																
1 Mining and utilities. 2 Mining. 3 Utilities. 4 Electric 5 Manufacturing. 6 Nondurable. 7 Durable.		12.05 6.36 5.69 3.88 87.95 35.97 51.98	155.0 142.2 169.1 190.9 150.4 164.8 140.5	158.2 146.0 171.9 194.2 153.2 167.3 143.4	155.8 145.0 167.8 188.3 151.1 165.9 140.9	156.1 145.3 168.1 189.4 148.0 162.8 137.8	155.4 143.3 168.9 190.9 145.0 160.3 134.4	154.7 142.6 168.2 190.2 142.0 157.4 131.3	144.5 171.8 195.2 138.5 155.1	155.6 142.4 170.4 192.5 140.9 157.8 129.3	153.1 138.1 170.0 191.7 140.1 157.3 128.2	151.6 134.1 171.0 193.1 138.7 156.1 126.7	148.8 128.9 170.9 193.4 137.9 155.0 126.1	145.2 123.8 169.1 191.2 137.6 155.0 125.5	169.8 192.2 137.9	143.0 119.1 169.7 192.1 137.2 155.4 124.5
Mining 8 Mctal 9 Coal 10 Oil and gas extraction 11 Stone and earth minerals	10 11.12 13 14	.51 .69 4.40 .75	123.1 141.3 146.8 129.4	124.1 167.4 148.2 128.2	121.5 161.9 148.8 123.4	119.8 166.9 148.9 122.0	115.4 160.8 148.4 116.7	110.9 145.5 150.5 115.7	121.3 147.9 151.5 115.8	120.8 156.0 146.6 120.5	109.9 155.6 141.4 121.6	108.8 146.2 137.7 119.6	90.0 149.2 132.7 114.6	71.4 144.4 129.2 109.4	56.2 140.3 126.6 111.0	144.1 123.7
Nondurable manufactures 12 Foods. 13 Tobacco products 14 Textile mill products 15 Apparel products 16 Paper and products.	20 21 22 23 26	8.75 .67 2.68 3.31 3.21	152.1 122.2 135.7 120.4 155.0	151.9 123.8 140.7 122.6 156.7	150.7 122.4 136.3 122.5 158.6	151.4 124.3 132.5 117.8 153.3	153.0 119.6 126.1 113.8 152.6	152.8 112.6 122.8 114.1 146.6	105.7	151.7 126.7 125.8 151.5	150.8 126.7 126.0 150.6	149.7 116.1 126.3 149.8	150.5 118.6 123.5 146.5	151.0 123.6 123.0 145.6	124.3	147.0
17 Printing and publishing	27 28 29 30 31	4.72 7.74 1.79 2.24 .86	144.2 215.6 129.7 274.0 69.3	146.1 219.2 130.4 286.7 69.6	145.9 216.3 129.1 282.2 69.7	145.6 208.8 128.3 276.0 71.2	143.4 204.6 128.0 264.1 70.8	145.3 199.8 128.3 247.3 65.6	145.6 196.7 123.3 244.7 63.1	146.4 201.3 119.5 251.8 64.0	145.9 200.3 121.3 253.4 61.2	144.2 198.6 120.8 255.1 60.6	143.8 193.6 122.2 257.0 61.1	141.2 193.2 125.9 259.0 62.3	141.9 192.4 128.0 258.0 64.2	142.2
Durable manufactures 22 Ordnance, private and government 23 Lumber and products. 24 Furniture and fixtures 25 Clay, glass, stone products.	19.91 24 25 32	3.64 1.64 1.37 2.74	81.1 119.1 157.2 147.9	81.8 119.1 163.3 148.2	82.3 113.2 159.9 147.3	82.5 109.6 157.2 143.4	84.3 104.7 153.7 135.9	85.5 104.8 149.4 131.5	84.1 99.2 144.3 128.5		83.8 103.5 150.2 131.5	85.2 106.2 151.8 127.0	86.3 110.6 151.1 125.0	86.5 111.7 149.9 125.7	86.5 113.0 152.2 126.5	87.8
26 Primary metals 27 Iron and steel 28 Fabricated metal products. 29 Nonelectrical machinery 30 Electrical machinery.	33 331.2 34 35 36	6.57 4.21 5.93 9.15 8.05	107.9 99.8 136.4 171.2 178.4	113.1 105.1 140.0 176.4 182.6	108.6 99.2 136.8 173.9 180.0	102.3 92.2 133.8 169.7 179.6	96.6 87.2 130.2 167.9 175.7	89.6 79.2 126.1 167.4 170.7	89.7 79.6 120.7 160.9 168.2	121.4 160.0	83.0 73.0 121.1 157.3 172.6	76.4 65.1 119.1 153.7 172.2	75.2 62.4 115.8 150.0 170.9	72.6 57.9 115.4 146.8 171.3	73.8 58.0 116.1 145.5 171.7	71.3 115.1 144.2 170.7
31 Transportation equipment	37 371	9.27 4.50	116.1 122.3	115.4 123.1	114.2 120.4	110.6 113.8	106.1 105.5	103.7 100.4	96.6 90.4		104.4 105.6	105.9 110.7	110.0 119.8	111.6 124.0	113.1 127.4	108.3 118.0
portation equipment. 34 Instruments 35 Miscellaneous manufactures	372–9 38 39	4.77 2.11 1.51	110.2 170.3 154.7	108.2 172.3 158.6	108.5 169.7 154.2	107.5 168.6 151.5	106.8 167.1 151.7	106.8 166.8 147.9	102.4 162.2 144.9	105.3 164.5 144.5	103.2 163.0 145.3	101.3 162.8 144.6	100.8 163.8 141.7	99.9 164.6 139.2	99.7 165.2 138.1	99.2 165.1 139.0
		•			Gro	oss valu	e (billio	ns of 19	72 doll	ars, anı	ual rate	es)				····
Major Market																
36 Products, total	1	l '	612.3	616.5	611.5	605.0	597.6	592.8		588.1	586.8	582.1	586.1	584.9	586.0	575.0
37 Final 38 Consumer goods 39 Equipment 40 Intermediate		390.9 ¹ 277.5 ¹ 113.4 ¹ 116.6 ¹	474.1 318.0 156.1 138.2	476.4 319.3 157.1 140.1	473.0 317.7 155.3 138.4	470.1 314.3 155.8 134.9	465.2 310.5 154.7 132.4	462.3 307.2 155.1 130.5	149.9	457.1 306.3 150.8 131.1	456.6 306.9 149.7 130.2	453.5 306.7 146.8 128.6	458.3 312.3 146.0 127.8	458.2 314.8 143.4 126.7	458.4 316.9 141.6 127.6	447.7 307.6 140.1 127.3

^{1. 1972} dollar value.

NOTE. Published groupings include some series and subtotals not shown separately. For description and historical data, see *Industrial Production—1976 Revision* (Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System: Washington, D. C.), December 1977.

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2.14 HOUSING AND CONSTRUCTION

Monthly figures are at seasonally adjusted annual rates except as noted.

				1981		-		1982			
Item	1979	1980	1981	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May r	June '	July
				Private re	sidential re	al estate act	tivity (thou	sands of un	its)		
New Units											
1 Permits authorized 2 1-family	1,552 981 570	1,191 710 480	986 564 421	797 454 343	803 450 353	792 436 356	851 460 391	879 450 429	944 488 456	929 516 413	1,103 499 604
4 Started	1,745 1,194 551	1,292 852 440	1,084 705 379	882 550 306	885 592 293	945 568 377	931 621 310	882 566 316	1,066 631 435	906 616 290	1,211 614 597
7 Under construction, end of period ¹ 8 1-family	1,140 639 501	896 515 382	682 382 301	705 391 298	684 394 291	688 400 288	682 399 283	673 r 393 r 280 r	665 382 283	665 386 279	n.a. n.a. n.a.
10 Completed 11 1-family 12 2-or-more-family	1,855 1,286 569	1,502 957 545	1,266 818 447	1,114 676 438	1,063 640 423	920 545 375	926 585 341	962 ^r 596 ^r 366 ^r	1,135 686 449	911 565 346	n.a. n.a. n.a.
13 Mobile homes shipped	277	222	241	206	211	251	252	255	246	257	n.a.
Merchant builder activity in 1-family units 14 Number sold	709 402	545 342	436 278	456 272	399 275	376 274	380 269	335 r 264	398 259	371 254	353 250
Price (thousands of dollars) ² Median 16 Units sold	62.8 71.9	64.7 76.4	68.8 83.1	68.4 82.8	66.2 78.0	65.7 80.7	67.2 83.7	70.2 <i>r</i> 85.0 <i>r</i>	69.0 85.9	70.8 86.3	73.6 91.1
EXISTING UNITS (1-family)											
18 Number sold	3,701	2,881	2,350	1,940	1,860	1,950	1,990	1,910	1,900	1,980	1,860
Price of units sold (thousands of dollars) ² 19 Median	55.5 64.0	62.1 72.7	66.1 78.0	66.6 78.6	66.4 79.8	66.9 78.8	67.0 79.1	67.1 79.4	67.8 80.6	69.4 82.3	69.2 81.9
				Valı	ie of new c	onstruction ⁻	3 (millions o	of dollars)			
Construction											***************************************
21 Total put in place	230,412	230,748	238,198	228,755	225,086	222,615	224,583	226,172	227,745	230,243	228,549
22 Private 23 Residential 24 Nonresidential, total Buildings	181,622 99,028 82,594	175,701 87,261 88,440	185,221 86,566 98,655	176,562 75,829 100,733	175,493 73,737 101,756	173,026 69,161 103,865	173,605 70,040 103,565	175,318 72,406 102,912	179,254 75,610 103,644	181,581 75,417 106,164	179,711 76,739 102,972
25 Industrial	14,953 24,919 7,427 35,295	13,839 29,940 8,654 36,007	17,031 34,243 9,543 37,838	16,622 36,382 9,223 38,506	17.113 36.161 9.558 38.924	17,211 36,841 10,002 39,811	16,641 38,362 9,880 38,682	15,882 38,437 9,897 38,696	17.118 36,818 10,427 39,281	18,424 38,048 10,579 39,113	16,647 37,344 10,130 38,851
29 Public. 30 Military. 31 Highway 32 Conservation and development. 33 Other.	48,790 1,648 11,997 4,586 30,559	55,047 1,880 13,808 5,089 34,270	52,977 1,966 13,304 5,225 32,482	52,193 1,955 12,732 4,884 32,622	49,593 2,092 11,479 5,232 30,790	49,589 1,459 12,422 5,301 30,407	50,978 2,317 13,307 5,056 30,298	50,854 1,895 12,113 5,180 31,666	48,491 2,102 11.655 4,911 29,823	48,662 1,906 13,073 4,763 28,920	48,838 1,993 14,398 4,759 27,688

Note. Census Bureau estimates for all series except (a) mobile homes, which are private, domestic shipments as reported by the Manufactured Housing Institute and seasonally adjusted by the Census Bureau, and (b) sales and prices of existing units, which are published by the National Association of Realtors. All back and current figures are available from originating agency. Permit authorizations are those reported to the Census Bureau from 16,000 jurisdictions beginning with 1978.

^{1.} Not at annual rates.
2. Not seasonally adjusted.
3. Value of new construction data in recent periods may not be strictly comparable with data in prior periods because of changes by the Bureau of the Census in its estimating techniques. For a description of these changes see Construction Reports (C-30-76-5), issued by the Bureau in July 1976.

2.15 CONSUMER AND PRODUCER PRICES

Percentage changes based on seasonally adjusted data, except as noted

	12 moi	nths to	3 m	onths (at a	innual rate) to		1	month to	,		Index level
Item	1981	1982	19	81	19	82			1982			July 1982 (1967
	July	July	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	June	Mar.	Арт.	May	June	July	= 100)1
CONSUMER PRICES ²												
1 All items	10.7	6.5	12.8	5.4	1.0	9.3	3	.2	1.0	1.0	.6	292.2
2 Commodities 3 Food. 4 Commodities less food. 5 Durable. 6 Nondurable. 7 Services. 8 Rent. 9 Services less rent.	8.9 8.4 9.2 9.4 8.8 13.4 8.2 14.1	4.5 4.5 4.5 6.6 2.1 9.1 8.2 9.3	8.5 7.7 9.0 10.8 4.6 19.2 10.2	3.6 1.7 4.3 1.2 3.8 7.8 9.0 7.6	8 3.9 -2.6 3.5 -4.9 3.5 5.9 3.3	7.8 7.3 7.9 14.1 1.9 11.3 5.6	5 4 5 .2 7 .0 .5	3	.9 .8 .9 1.4 .7 .9 .8	1.3 .6 1.5 1.3 2.0 .8 .4	.6 1 .8 .3 1.1 .6 1.0	266.5 288.5 253.5 244.7 263.0 337.0 224.8 358.5
Other groupings 10 All items less food. 11 All items less food and energy 12 Homeownership.	11.3 11.1 13.5	6.9 7.6 7.4	13.9 15.0 21.5	6.2 5.6 .3	.9 3.0 -2.4	9.7 10.6 19.8	2 .0 9	.2 .8 1.3	1.0 .9 1.8	1.2 .9 1.4	.7 .6 .4	291.5 278.7 384.5
PRODUCER PRICES												
13 Finished goods 14 Consumer 15 Foods 16 Excluding foods 17 Capital equipment 18 Intermediate materials 2 Crude materials 19 Nonfood 20 Food	9.0 8.7 6.6 9.5 10.3 10.2 24.7 1.4	3.6 3.1 1.2 3.9 5.8 1.2 -3.5 -4.4	3.4 2.8 1.6 3.2 5.7 5.2 1.1 -18.2	5.5 4.5 -3.9 7.8 9.7 2.7 -6.0 -25.5	-1.1 6.0 -2.2 2.1 -1.4 -18.1 23.3	4.7 4.3 11.7 1.3 6.5 -1.8 8.7 24.3	3 5 2 6 4 2 -2.0	.1 .0 1.6 7 .4 8 2 3.5	.0 1 7 4 .4 .0	1.0 1.9 .5 1.4 .8 3	.6 -1.5 1.5 .5 .5 .5	281.7 282.0 260.7 288.7 280.9 316.4 470.0 255.5

SOURCE. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Not seasonally adjusted.
 Figures for consumer prices are those for all urban consumers.

 $^{\,}$ 3. Excludes intermediate materials for food manufacturing and manufactured animal feeds.

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2.16 GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT AND INCOME

Billions of current dollars except as noted; quarterly data are at seasonally adjusted annual rates.

Account	1979	1980	1981	_	1981		198	32
Account	1979	1980	1961	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2'
GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT								
1 Total	2,417.8	2,633.1	2,937.7	2,901.8	2,980.9	3,003.2	2,995.5	3,041.2
By source 2 Personal consumption expenditures 3 Durable goods 4 Nondurable goods 5 Services	1,507.2	1,667.2	1,843.2	1,819.4	1,868.8	1,884.5	1,919.4	1,945.8
	213.4	214.3	234.6	230.4	241.2	229.6	237.9	240.2
	600.0	670.4	734.5	729.6	741.3	746.5	749.1	755.0
	693.7	782.5	874.1	859.4	886.3	908.3	932.4	950.6
6 Gross private domestic investment. 7 Fixed investment 8 Nonresidential 9 Structures 10 Producers' durable equipment 11 Residential structures 12 Nonfarm.	423.0	402.4	471.5	475.5	486.0	468.9	414.8	429.7
	408.8	412.4	451.1	450.9	454.2	455.7	450.4	447.0
	290.2	309.2	346.1	341.3	353.0	360.2	357.0	351.9
	98.3	110.5	129.7	127.0	132.7	139.6	141.4	143.9
	191.9	198.6	216.4	214.3	220.2	220.6	215.6	208.0
	118.6	103.2	105.0	109.5	101.2	95.5	93.4	95.2
	114.0	98.3	99.7	104.7	95.6	89.4	87.9	89.2
13 Change in business inventories	14.3	- 10.0	20.5	24.6	31.8	13.2	-35.6	-17.4
	8.6	- 5.7	15.0	19.3	24.6	6.0	-36.0	-16.2
15 Net exports of goods and services 16 Exports 17 Imports	13.2	25.2	26.1	23.7	25.9	23.5	31.3	35.1
	281.4	339.2	367.3	368.9	367.2	367.9	359.9	365.3
	268.1	314.0	341.3	345.1	341.3	344.4	328.6	330.2
18 Government purchases of goods and services	474.4	538.4	596.9	583.2	600.2	626.3	630.1	630.6
	168.3	197.2	229.0	218.2	230.0	250.5	249.7	244.5
	306.0	341.2	368.0	365.0	370.1	375.7	380.4	386.0
By major type of product 21 Final sales, total 22 Goods 23 Durable 24 Nondurable 25 Scrvices 26 Structures 27 Structures 28 Structures 29	2,403.5	2,643.1	2,917.3	2,877.2	2,949.1	2,989.9	3,031.1	3,058.5
	1,065.6	1,141.9	1,289.2	1,276.0	1,317.0	1,298.5	1,269.4	1,284.9
	464.8	477.3	528.1	538.2	547.3	504.9	482.4	505.4
	600.8	664.6	761.1	737.8	769.7	793.6	787.0	779.5
	1,089.7	1,225.6	1,364.3	1,340.2	1,382.1	1,421.5	1,444.4	1,470.7
	262.5	265.7	284.2	285.6	281.9	283.3	281.7	285.6
27 Change in business inventories 28 Durable goods 29 Nondurable goods	14.3	-10.0	20.5	24.6	31.8	13.2	-35.6	-17.4
	10.5	-5.2	8.7	18.5	19.8	-5.6	-30.9	-8.0
	3.8	-4.8	11.8	6.1	12.0	18.9	-4.8	-9.4
30 MEMO: Total GNP in 1972 dollars	1,479.4	1,474.0	1,502.6	1,502.2	1,510.4	1,490.1	1,470.7	1,475.3
NATIONAL INCOME 31 Total	1,966.7	2,117.1	2,352.5	2,324.4	2,387.3	2,404.5	2,396,9	2,425.1
2 Compensation of employees 33 Wages and salaries. 34 Government and government enterprises. 35 Other 36 Supplement to wages and salaries 37 Employer contributions for social insurance 38 Other labor income	1,458.1	1,598.6	1,767.6	1,750.0	1,789.1	1,813.4	1.830.8	1,850.6
	1,237.4	1,356.1	1,494.0	1,479.4	1,512.6	1,531.1	1.541.5	1,556.5
	236.2	260.2	283.1	279.8	284.0	292.3	296.3	300.0
	1,001.4	1,095.9	1,210.9	1,199.6	1,228.6	1,238.8	1.245.2	1,256.5
	220.7	242.5	273.6	270.6	276.5	282.3	289.3	244.1
	105.8	115.3	133.2	132.1	134.3	136.5	140.2	141.6
	114.9	127.3	140.4	138.4	142.2	145.8	149.1	152.5
39 Proprietors' income ¹ 40 Business and professional ¹ 41 Farm ¹	132.1	116.3	124.7	123.8	127.5	124.1	116.4	118.1
	100.2	96.9	100.7	101.2	100.4	99.5	98.6	100.1
	31.9	19.4	24.0	22.5	27.1	24.6	17.8	18.0
42 Rental income of persons ²	27.9	32.9	33.9	34.0	33.6	33.6	33.9	34.2
43 Corporate profits ¹ 44 Profits before tax ³ 45 Inventory valuation adjustment 46 Capital consumption adjustment.	194.8	181.6	190.6	185.1	193.1	183.9	157.1	154.9
	252.7	242.5	232.1	225.4	233.3	216.5	171.6	168.7
	- 43.1	- 43.0	-24.6	-22.8	- 23.0	- 17.1	-4.4	- 7.8
	- 14.8	- 17.8	-16.8	-17.5	- 17.1	- 15.5	-10.1	- 5.9
47 Net interest	153.8	187.7	235.7	231.6	244.0	249.5	258.7	267.4

 $^{1. \} With inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments. \\ 2. \ With capital consumption adjustment.$

Source. Survey of Current Business (Department of Commerce).

^{3.} For after-tax profits, dividends, and the like, see table 1.49.

2.17 PERSONAL INCOME AND SAVING

Billions of current dollars; quarterly data are at seasonally adjusted annual rates. Exceptions noted.

	1070	1006	1001		1981		198	32
Account	1979	1980	1981	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2 ^r
Personal Income and Saving								
1 Total personal income	1,943.8	2,160.2	2,404.1	2,380.6	2,458.2	2,494.6	2,510.5	2,553.5
2 Wage and salary disbursements 3 Commodity-producing industries 4 Manufacturing 5 Distributive industries 6 Service industries 7 Government and government enterprises	1,237.6 438.4 333.9 303.4 259.7 236.2	1,356.1 468.0 354.4 330.5 297.5 260.2	1,493.9 510.8 386.4 361.4 338.6 283.1	1,479.4 507.2 386.9 358.7 333.7 279.8	1,512.3 519.3 392.9 366.5 342.8 283.8	1,531.2 517.7 388.7 368.3 352.8 292.4	1,541.6 514.3 385.1 371.4 359.5 296.5	1,556.5 513.6 385.7 375.3 367.6 300.0
8 Other labor income 9 Proprietors' income 10 Business and professional 11 Farm 12 Rental income of persons ² 13 Dividends 14 Personal interest income 15 Transfer payments 16 Old-age survivors, disability, and health insurance benefits	114.9 132.1 100.2 31.9 27.9 50.8 209.6 250.3 131.8	127.3 116.3 96.9 19.4 32.9 55.9 256.3 297.2 154.2	140.4 124.7 100.7 24.0 33.9 62.5 308.5 336.3 182.0	138.4 123.8 101.2 22.5 34.0 61.5 320.6 327.0 173.7	142.2 127.5 100.4 27.1 33.6 64.1 339.6 344.8 190.6	145.8 124.1 99.5 24.6 33.6 65.2 351.0 350.7 192.8	149.1 116.4 98.6 17.8 33.9 65.8 359.7 354.6 194.7	152.5 118.1 100.1 18.0 34.2 66.1 372.0 365.4 197.5
17 Less: Personal contributions for social insurance	81.1	88.7	104.9	104.1	106.1	107.0	110.6	111.4
18 EQUALS: Personal income	1,943.8	2,160.2	2,404.1	2,380.6	2.458.2	2.494.6	2,510.5	2,553.5
19 Less: Personal tax and nontax payments	301.0	336.3	386.7	384.2	398.1	393.2	393.4	399.0
20 Equals: Disposable personal income	1,650.2	1.824.1	2,029.2	1,996.5	2,060.0	2,101.4	2,117.1	2,154.5
21 Less: Personal outlays	1,553.5	1.717.9	1,898.9	1,874.5	1,925.7	1.942.7	1.977.9	2,005.1
22 EQUALS: Personal saving	96.7	106.2	130.2	122.0	134.4	158.6	139.1	149.4
MEMO: Per capita (1972 dollars) 23 Gross national product 24 Personal consumption expenditures 25 Disposable personal income 26 Saving rate (percent).	6,572 4,120 4,512 5.9	6,474 4,087 4,472 5,8	6,536 4,122 4,538 6,4	6,544 4,115 4,516 6.1	6,563 4,134 4,557 6.5	6.458 4,088 4,559 7.5	6,360 4,104 4,527 6.6	6,367 4,117 4,558 6.9
GROSS SAVING	ì				Ì	Ì		
27 Gross saving	422.8	406.3	477.5	482.4	490.0	476.3	428.8	444.9
28 Gross private saving 29 Personal saving 30 Undistributed corporate profits ¹ 31 Corporate inventory valuation adjustment	407.3 96.7 54.5 - 43.1	438.3 106.2 38.9 - 43.0	504.7 130.2 44.4 -24.6	488.9 122.0 42.0 -22.8	513.4 134.4 43.9 -23.0	547.7 158.6 44.3 - 17.1	520.3 139.1 32.5 -4.4	535.0 149.4 31.9 -7.8
Capital consumption allowances 32 Corporate 33 Noncorporate 34 Wage accruals less disbursements	157.5 98.6 .0	181.2 112.0 .0	206.2 123.9 .0	202.9 122.1 .0	209.7 125.5 .0	216.0 128.7 .0	218.9 129.8 .0	223.3 130.5 .0
35 Government surplus, or deficit (–), national income and product accounts	14.3 -16.1 30.4	-33.2 -61.4 28.2	-28.2 -60.0 31.7	-7.6 -40.5 32.9	-24.5 -58.0 33.5	-72.5 -101.7 29.1	-91.6 -119.3 27.7	-90.1 -122.4 32.3
38 Capital grants received by the United States. nct	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	.0	.0
39 Gross investment	421.2	410.1	475.6	477.8	489.1	469.0	421.3	441.7
40 Gross private domestic	423.0 -1.8	402.4 7.8	471.5 4.1	475.5 2.3	486.0 3.1	468.9 0.1	414.8 6.5	429.7 12.0
42 Statistical discrepancy	-1.5	3.9	-1.9	-4.6	-0.8	-7.2	-7.5	-3.3

With inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments.
 With capital consumption adjustment.

Source. Survey of Current Business (Department of Commerce).

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3.10 U.S. INTERNATIONAL TRANSACTIONS Summary

Millions of dollars; quarterly data are seasonally adjusted except as noted.1

					198:	<u> </u>		1982
Item credits or debits	1979	1980	1981	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1 ^p
1 Balance on current account	-466	1,520	4,471	3,245 3,037	1,399 1,975	751 - 1,834	- 927 1,293	1,180 844
Merchandise trade balance ² Merchandise exports Merchandise imports Military transactions, net Investment income, net Other service transactions, net	-27,346 184,473 -211,819 -2,035 31,215 3,262	- 25,338 224,237 - 249,575 - 2,472 29,910 6,203	-27,889 236,254 -264,143 -1,541 33,037 7,472	-4,312 60,683 -64,995 -487 8,123 1,343	-6,547 60,284 -66,831 -587 8,201 1,842	-7,845 57,694 -65,539 61 8,183 2,160	-9,185 57,593 -66,778 -528 8,529 2,127	-6,059 55,610 -61,669 213 6,980 2,036
9 Remittances, pensions, and other transfers	-2,011 -3,549	-2,101 -4,681	-2,104 -4,504	- 462 - 960	- 524 986	-558 -1,250	- 562 - 1,308	- 525 - 1,465
11 Change in U.S. government assets, other than official reserve assets, net (increase, -)	-3,743	-5,126	-5,137	-1,375	-1,518	-1,257	- 987	- 909
12 Change in U.S. official reserve assets (increase, -) 13 Gold 14 Special drawing rights (SDRs) 15 Reserve position in International Monetary Fund 16 Foreign currencies	-1,133 -65 -1,136 -189 257	-8,155 0 -16 -1,667 -6,472	-5,175 0 -1,823 -2,491 -861	-4,529 0 1,441 -707 -2,381	-905 0 -23 -780 -102	-4 0 -225 -647 868	262 0 - 134 - 358 754	-1,089 0 -400 -547 -142
17 Change in U.S. private assets abroad (increase, -) ³ . 18 Bank-reported claims. 19 Nonbank-reported claims 20 U.S. purchase of foreign securities, net. 21 U.S. direct investments abroad, net ³ .	-59,469 -26,213 -3,307 -4,726 -25,222	-72,746 -46,838 -3,146 -3,524 -19,238	-98,982 -84,531 -331 -5,429 -8,691	-16,892 -11,634 -3,148 -458 -1,652	-19,143 -14,998 2,470 -1,511 -5,104	-15,996 -15,254 -855 -618 -979	-46,952 -42,645 -508 -2,843 -956	-36,225 -34,685 n.a. -408 -1,132
22 Change in foreign official assets in the United States (increase. +). 23 U.S. Treasury securities 24 Other U.S. government obligations 25 Other U.S. government liabilities ⁴ 26 Other U.S. liabilities reported by U.S. banks 27 Other foreign official assets ⁵ .	-13,697 -22,435 463 -73 7,213 1,135	15,442 9,708 2,187 561 -159 3,145	4,785 4,983 1,289 -69 -4,083 2,665	5,361 7,242 454 -55 -3,109 829	-2,860 -2,063 536 48 -2,028 647	-5,835 -4,635 545 -337 -2,382	8,119 4,439 - 246 275 3,436 215	-3,173 -1,347 -296 -305 -1,441 216
28 Change in foreign private assets in the United States (increase, +) ³ U.S. bank-reported liabilities. U.S. nonbank-reported liabilities Foreign private purchases of U.S. Treasury securities, net Foreign purchases of other U.S. securities, net. Foreign direct investments in the United States, net ³	52,157 32,607 1,362 4,960 1,351 11,877	39,042 10,743 6,530 2,645 5,457 13,666	73,136 41,262 532 2,932 7,109 21,301	3,109 -3,793 147 1,390 2,419 2,946	16,324 7,663 - 162 750 3,533 4,540	22,715 16,916 1,006 - 446 761 4,478	30,988 20,476 - 457 1,238 396 93,316	29,001 25,477 n.a. 1,124 1,363 10,317
34 Allocation of SDRs 35 Discrepancy 36 Owing to seasonal adjustments	1,139 25,212	1,152 28,870	1,093 25,809	1,093 9,988 - 829	6,703 503	0 -374 -2,144	0 9,497 2,474	0 11,214 -875
37 Statistical discrepancy in recorded data before seasonal adjustment	25,212	28,870	25,809	10,817	6,200	1,770	7,023	12,089
Memo: Changes in official assets 38 U.S. official reserve assets (increase, -)	-1,133 -13,624	- 8,155 14,881	-5,175 4,854	-4,529 5,416	- 905 - 2,908	-4 -5,498	262 7,844	-1,089 -2,868
official assets in the United States (part of line 22 above). 41 Transfers under military grant programs (excluded from lines 4, 6, and 10 above).	5,543 465	12,769 631	13,314	5,364 192	2,786 214	2,935 132	2,230 64	4,940 93

Note. Data are from Bureau of Economic Analysis, Survey of Current Business (U.S. Department of Commerce).

Scasonal factors are no longer calculated for lines 12 through 41.
 Data are on an international accounts (1A) basis. Differs from the Census basis data, shown in table 3.11, for reasons of coverage and timing; military exports are excluded from merchandise data and are included in line 6.
 Includes reinvested earnings of incorporated affiliates.

Primarily associated with military sales contracts and other transactions arranged with or through foreign official agencies.
 Consists of investments in U.S. corporate stocks and in debt securities of private corporations and state and local governments.

3.11 U.S. FOREIGN TRADE

Millions of dollars; monthly data are seasonally adjusted.

_	I	1979	1980	1981				1982			
	Item	1979	1980	1981	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July
1	EXPORTS of domestic and foreign merchandise excluding grant-aid shipments	181,860	220,626	233,677	18,737	18,704	18,602	17,843	18,218	18,822	18,026
2	GENERAL IMPORTS including mer- chandise for immediate consump- tion plus entries into bonded warehouses	209,458	244,871	261,305	22,829	19,090	20,349	17,387	20,558	21,310	19,559
3	Trade balance	-27,598	- 24,245	- 27,628	- 4,092	-387	- 1,747	456	- 2,340	-2,488	-1,532

Note. The data through 1981 in this table are reported by the Bureau of Census data on a free-alongside-ship (f.a.s.) value basis—that is, value at the port of export. Beginning in 1981, foreign trade of the U.S. Virgin Islands is included in the Census basis trade data; this adjustment has been made for all data shown in the table. Beginning with 1982 data, the value of imports are on a customs valuation basis. The Census basis data differ from merchandise trade data shown in table 3.10.

U.S. International Transactions Summary, for reasons of coverage and timing. On the export side, the largest adjustments are: (1) the addition of exports to Canada

not covered in Census statistics, and (2) the exclusion of military sales (which are combined with other military transactions and reported separately in the "service account" in table 3.10. line 6). On the *import side*, additions are made for gold, ship purchases, imports of electricity from Canada and other transactions; military payments are excluded and shown separately as indicated above.

SOURCE. FT900 "Summary of U.S. Export and Import Merchandise Trade" (U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census).

3.12 U.S. RESERVE ASSETS

Millions of dollars, end of period

	Turns	1979	1980	1981				1982			
	Туре	1979	1700	1961	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
1	Total ¹	18,956	26,756	30,075	30,060	29,944	31,552	30,915	30,671	31,227	31,233
2	Gold stock, including Exchange Stabilization Fund	11,172	11,160	11,151	11.150	11,150	11,149	11,149	11,149	11.149	11,148
3	Special drawing rights ^{2,3}	2,724	2.610	4,095	4,359	4,306	4,294	4,521	4,461	4.591	4,601
4	Reserve position in International Monetary Fund ²	1,253	2,852	5,055	5.275	5,367	6,022	6,099	6,062	6,386	6,433
5	Foreign currencies ^{4,5}	3,807	10,134	9,774	9.276	9,121	10,097	9,146	8,999	9,101	9,051

^{1.} Gold held under earmark at Federal Reserve Banks for foreign and international accounts is not included in the gold stock of the United States; see table

receipt of foreign currencies, if any.

3.13 FOREIGN OFFICIAL ASSETS HELD AT FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS

Millions of dollars, end of period

Assets	1979	1980	1981				1982			
Assets	19/9	1960	1901	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug. P
1 Deposits.	429	411	505	416	421	966	308	585	982	347
Assets held in custody 2 U.S. Treasury securities ¹ 3 Earmarked gold ²	95,075 15,169	102,417 14,965	104,680 14,804	103,557 14,791	103,964 14,798	102,346 14,788	102,112 14,778	103.292 14,777	106,696 14,762	104,136 14,761

^{1.} Marketable U.S. Treasury bills, notes, and bonds; and nonmarketable U.S. Treasury securities payable in dollars and in foreign currencies.

2. The value of earmarked gold increased because of the changes in par value of the U.S. dollar in May 1972 and in October 1973.

NOTE. Excludes deposits and U.S. Treasury securities held for international and regional organizations. Earmarked gold is gold held for foreign and international accounts and is not included in the gold stock of the United States.

^{2.} Beginning July 1974, the IMF adopted a technique for valuing the SDR based on a weighted average of exchange rates for the currencies of member countries. From July 1974 through December 1980, 16 currencies were used; from January 1981, 5 currencies have been used. The U.S. SDR holdings and reserve position in the IMF also are valued on this basis beginning July 1974.

^{3.} Includes allocations by the International Monetary Fund of SDRs as follows: \$867 million on Jan. 1, 1970; \$717 million on Jan. 1, 1971; \$710 million on Jan. 1, 1972; \$1,139 million on Jan. 1, 1980; and \$1,093 million on Jan. 1, 1981; plus net transactions in SDRs.
4. Beginning November 1978, valued at current market exchange rates.
5. Includes U.S. government securities held under repurchase agreement against

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3.14 FOREIGN BRANCHES OF U.S. BANKS Balance Sheet Data Millions of dollars, end of period

	10mal	1070	1000	1981			19	82		
Asset account	19781	1979	1980	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar'	Apr.	May	June ^p
					All foreign	countries				
1 Total, all currencies	306,795	364,409	401,135	462,790	459,998	461,249	463,663	460,225	461,591	458,570
2 Claims on United States 3 Parent bank	17.340 12.811 4.529	32.302 25.929 6.373	28,460 20,202 8,258	63,540 43,064 20,476	69,794 49,206 20,588	69,539 47,996 21,543	75.745 51.978 23,767	77,914 54,563 23,351	79,606 56,152 23,454	83,437 56,562 26,875
5 Claims on foreigners 6 Other branches of parent bank 7 Banks. 9 Public borrowers ² 9 Nonbank foreigners	278.135 70.338 103.111 23.737 80.949	317,330 79,662 123,420 26,097 88,151	354.960 77,019 146,448 28,033 103,460	379.102 87,840 150.892 28,197 112.173	370.124 89,010 145,528 26,568 109,018	371,644 88,637 146,317 26,851 109,839	368,678 86,853 146,960 26,333 108,532	362.690 86.1867 142,3877 25,590 108,527	362,271 88,468 139,416 24,989 109,398	356,282 87,258 137,451 25,226 106,347
10 Other assets	11.320	14,777	17,715	20,148	20,080	20,066	19,240	19,621	19,714	18,851
11 Total payable in U.S. dollars	224,940	267,713	291,798	350,678	351,125	353,001	355,535	351,349	351,757	353,545
12 Claims on United States 13 Parent bank 14 Other	16,382 12,625 3,757	31,171 25,632 5,539	27,191 19,896 7,295	61,939 42,518 19,421	68,241 48,623 19,618	67,983 47,402 20,581	74,226 51,389 22,837	76,410 54,107 22,303	78,000 55,667 22,333	81,870 56,065 25,805
15 Claims on foreigners Other branches of parent bank Banks Public borrowers ² Nonbank foreigners	203,498 55,408 78,686 19,567 49,837	229,120 61,525 96,261 21,629 49,705	255,391 58,541 117,342 23,491 56,017	277,085 r 69,403 r 122,253 22,877 r 62,552 r	270,696 71,999 117,148 21,180 60,369	272,903 72,094 118,227 21,483 61,099	269,548 70,377 117,371 20,632 61,168	263,047 69,409 113,673 20,170 ^r 59,795	261,822 70,795 110,799 19,579 60,649	260,423 70,439 110,153 19,944 59,887
20 Other assets	5,060	7,422	9,216	11,6547	12,188	12,115	11,761	11,892	11,935	11,252
	<u></u> -L				United I	Kingdom				
21 Total, all currencies	106,593	130,873	144,717	157,229	157,892	162,351	161,471	159,481	161,036	158,466
22 Claims on United States 23 Parent bank 24 Other	5,370 4,448 922	11,117 9,338 1,779	7,509 5,275 2,234	11.823 7.885 3.938	13,935 10,264 3,671	15,884 12,044 3,840	16,343 12,446 3,897	17,676 13,750 3,926	20,155 15,854 4,301	20,744 15,556 5,188
25 Claims on foreigners. 26 Other branches of parent bank 27 Banks. 28 Public borrowers ² 29 Nonbank foreigners	98.137 27,830 45,013 4,522 20,772	115,123 34,291 51,343 4,919 24,570	131,142 34,760 58,741 6,688 30,953	138.888 41.367 56.315 7,490 33,716	137,953 41,468 56,164 7,249 33,072	140,197 40,935 57,975 7,370 33,917	139,292 41,186 56,940 7,541 33,625	135,634 39,811 55,545 6.822 33,456	134,845 39,621 54,690 6,663 33,871	131,881 37,696 54,727 6,595 32,863
30 Other assets	3,086	4,633	6.066	6.518	6,004	6,270	5,836	6,171	6,063	5,841
31 Total payable in U.S. dollars	75,860	94,287	99,699	115,188	116,870	121,432	120,432	117,914	119,586	120,002
32 Claims on United States	5.113 4.386 727	10,746 9,297 1,449	7.116 5,229 1,887	11,246 7,721 3,525	13,438 10,098 3,340	15.391 11,881 3,510	15,842 12,293 3,549	17,182 13,623 3,559	19.608 15,663 3,945	20,256 15,387 4,869
35 Claims on foreigners. 36 Other branches of parent bank 37 Banks. 38 Public borrowers ² . 39 Nonbank foreigners.	69,416 22,838 31,482 3,317 11,779	81,294 28,928 36,760 3,319 12,287	89.723 28,268 42,073 4,911 14,471	99.850 35.439 40.703 5.595 18.113	99,473 35,875 40,610 5,423 17,565	101.861 35,697 42,453 5,467 18,244	100,500 36,055 40,732 5,360 18,353	96,595 34,240 40,070 4,717 17,568	95,926 33,922 39,609 4,507 17,888	95,878 32,567 40,479 4,655 18,177
40 Other assets	1,331	2,247	2,860	4,092	3,959	4,180	4,090	4,137	4,052	3,868
				1	Bahamas a	nd Caymans		<u> </u>		<u> </u>
41 Total, all currencies	91,735	108,977	123,837	149,051	146,585	142,853	143,795	142,941	139,836	141,607
42 Claims on United States 43 Parent bank 44 Other	9,635 6,429 3,206	19,124 15,196 3,928	17,751 12,631 5,120	46,343 31,440 14,903	50,647 35,453 15,194	49,060 32,704 16,356	54,019 35,311 18,708	55,533 37,013 18,520	54.316 36,099 18,217	56,555 35,777 20,778
45 Claims on foreigners. 46 Other branches of parent bank 47 Banks	79,774 12,904 33,677 11,514 21,679	86.718 9,689 43.189 12.905 20.935	101,926 13,342 54,861 12,577 21,146		91,538 14,084 50,754 8,713 17,987	89,405 14,384 48,951 8,584 17,486	85,465 12,035 47,867 7,980 17,583	83,124 12,640 45,768 7,847 16,869	81,191 14,248 43,165 7,348 16,430	81,055 15,479 42,620 7,314 15,642
50 Other assets	2,326	3,135	4,160		4,400	4,388	4,311	4,284	4,329	3,997
51 Total payable in U.S. dollars	85,417	102,368	117,654	143,686	141,447	137,842	138,748	137,840	134,925	136,639

^{1.} In May 1978 the exemption level for branches required to report was increased, which reduced the number of reporting branches.

^{2.} In May 1978 a broader category of claims on foreign public borrowers, including corporations that are majority owned by foreign governments, replaced the previous, more narrowly defined claims on foreign official institutions.

3.14 Continued

Linkille	1978 ¹	1979	1980	1981			198	32		
Liability account	1978.	1979	1980	Dec.	Jan.'	Feb.	Mar.	Apr. '	May	June p
					All foreign	countries			<u> </u>	
52 Total, all currencies	306,795	364,409	401,135	462,790	459,998	461,249	463,663	460,225	461,591	458,570
To United States Parent bank Other banks in United States Nonbanks	58,012 28,654 12,169 17,189	66,689 24,533 13,968 28,188	91,079 39,286 14,473 37,275	137,712 56,143 19,343 62,226	144,175 56,047 19,886 68,242	145,487 55,378 22,652 67,457	150,837 58,766 24,431 67,640	153,064 56,881 26,026 70,157	156,103 56,234 27,680 72,189	160,961 59,002 29,733 72,226
57 To foreigners 58 Other branches of parent bank 59 Banks 60 Official institutions 61 Nonbank foreigners	238,912 67,496 97,711 31,936 41,769	283,510 77,640 122,922 35,668 47,280	295,411 75,773 132,116 32,473 55,049	305,630 86,406 124,896 25,997 68,331	296,183 85,644 118,512 25,124 66,903	296,188 84,351 118,939 24,625 68,273	293,369 85,581 117,069 23,039 67,680	286,969 84,150 111,660 22,340 68,819	284,373 85,631 107,337 22,703 68,702	278,136 84,542 104,892 19,909 68,793
62 Other liabilities	9,871	14,210	14,690	19,448	19,640	19,574	19,457	20,192	21,115	19,473
63 Total payable in U.S. dollars	230,810	273,857	303,281	364,390	364,005	366,885	369,503	366,655	368,327	369,284
64 To United States 65 Parent bank 66 Other banks in United States 67 Nonbanks	55,811 27,519 11,915 16,377	64,530 23,403 13,771 27,356	88,157 37,528 14,203 36,426	134,645 54,291 19.029 61.325	141,163 53,969 19,759 67,435	142,521 53,355 22,441 66,725	147,790 56,701 24,190 66,899	149,960 54,820 25,689 69,451	152,973 54,272 27,265 71,436	157,774 56,984 29,397 71,393
68 To foreigners 69 Other branches of parent bank 70 Banks 71 Official institutions 72 Nonbank foreigners	169,927 53,396 63,000 26,404 27,127	201,514 60,551 80,691 29,048 31,224	206,883 58,172 87,497 24,697 36,517	217.602 69,309 79,584 20,288 48,421	210,860 69,149 74,293 19,937 47,481	212,915 68,187 76,101 19,322 49,305	210,267 69,497 73,181 18,120 49,469	204,984 68,047 69,276 17,491 50,170	202,547 68,540 66,627 17,900 49,480	200,116 68,533 65,728 15,378 50,477
73 Other liabilities	5,072	7,813	8,241	12,143	11,982	11,449	11,446	11,711	12,807	11,394
					United K	ingdom				
74 Total, all currencies.	106,593	130,873	144,717	157,229	157,892	162,351	161,471	159,481	161,036	158,466
75 To United States	9,730 1,887 4,189 3,654	20,986 3,104 7,693 10,189	21,785 4,225 5,716 11,844	38,022 5,444 7,502 25,076	40,768 6,413 7,313 27,042	43,358 6,765 8,973 27,620	42,481 6,313 8,607 27,561	41,886 8,006 8,345 25,535	43,882 6,694 8,972 28,216	44,171 6,329 9,985 27,857
79 To foreigners	93,202 12,786 39,917 20,963 19,536	104,032 12,567 47,620 24,202 19,643	117,438 15,384 56,262 21,412 24,380	112,255 16,545 51,336 16,517 27,857	110,036 16,270 49,622 16,110 28,034	111,417 16,546 49,937 15,965 28,969	111,262 17,245 49,616 14,608 29,793	109,629 18,358 47,549 13,908 29,814	109,199 19,412 46,204 14,119 29,464	106,586 17,771 46,628 11,746 30,441
84 Other liabilities	3,661	5,855	5,494	6,952	7,088	7,576	7,728	7,966	7,955	7,709
85 Total payable in U.S. dollars	77,030	95,449	103,440	120,277	121,407	127,029	126,359	124,248	126,901	125,859
86 To United States 87 Parent bank 88 Other banks in United States 89 Nonbanks	9,328 1,836 4,101 3,391	20,552 3,054 7,651 9,847	21,080 4,078 5,626 11,376	37,332 5,350 7,249 24,733	40,276 6,296 7,289 26,691	42,809 6,660 8,884 27,265	41,885 6,211 8,489 27,185	41,198 7,907 8,167 25,124	43,143 6,624 8,755 27,764	43,402 6,212 9,806 27,384
90 To foreigners 91 Other branches of parent bank 92 Banks 93 Official institutions 94 Nonbank foreigners	66,216 9,635 25,287 17,091 14,203	72,397 8,446 29,424 20,192 14,335	79,636 10,474 35,388 17,024 16,750	79,034 12,048 32,298 13,612 21,076	77,463 11,900 30,995 13,497 21,071	80,581 12,254 32,249 13,418 22,660	80,825 13,130 32,090 12,196 23,409	79,444 14,102 30,415 11,568 23,359	79,914 14,958 29,965 11,829 23,162	78,715 13,903 30,557 9,843 24,412
95 Other liabilities	1,486	2,500	. 2,724	3,911	3,668	3,639	3,649	3,606	3,844	3,742
					Bahamas an	d Caymans		└── 		
96 Total, all currencies	91,735	108,977	123,837	149,051	146,585	142,853	143,795	142,941	139,836	141,607
97 To United States	39,431 20,482 6,073 12,876	37,719 15,267 5,204 17,248	59,666 28,181 7,379 24,106	85,704 39,250 10,620 35,834	89,032 37,777 11,208 40,047	87,429 36,682 12,211 38,536	91,808 39,146 14,285 38,377	94,166 35,806 15,907 42,453	94,421 36,395 16,834 41,192	97,705 39,225 17,415 41,065
101 To foreigners 102 Other branches of parent bank 103 Banks 104 Official institutions 105 Nonbank foreigners	50,447 16,094 23,104 4,208 7,041	68,598 20,875 33,631 4,866 9,226	61,218 17,040 29,895 4,361 9,922	60,012 20,641 23,202 3,498 12,671	54,494 20,721 18,624 3,149 12,000	52,333 19,814 18,221 2,505 11,793	49,005 18,614 16,418 2,607 11,366	45,773 17,365 14,723 2,512 11,173	42,032 15,888 13,457 2,448 10,239	41,147 15,890 12,622 2,466 10,169
106 Other liabilities	1,857	2,660	2,953	3,335	3,059	3,091	2.982	3,002	3,383	2,755
107 Total payable in U.S. dollars	87,014	103,460	119,657	145,227	142,793	139,247	140,115	139,461	136,504	138,369

3.15 SELECTED U.S. LIABILITIES TO FOREIGN OFFICIAL INSTITUTIONS

Millions of dollars, end of period

Item	1980	1981				1982			
nem	1980	1981	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June p	July p
1 Total ¹	164,578	169,697	167,975	166,209	166,757	165,526	166,993	168,343	169,967
By type 2 Liabilities reported by banks in the United States ² 3 U.S. Treasury bills and certificates ³ U.S. Treasury bonds and notes	30,381	26,567	24,115	24,713	25,051	26.326	27,723	28,420	25,550
	56,243	52,389	52,306	48,174	47,048	43,850	42,741	43,509	45,824
4 Marketable	41,455	53,150	53,992	56,333	57,647	58,459	59,933	60,251	63,068
	14,654	11,791	11,791	11,291	11,291	11,050	10,750	10,150	9,750
	21,845	25,800	25,771	25,698	25,720	25,841	25,846	26,013	25,775
By area 7 Western Europe ¹ 8 Canada 9 Latin America and Caribbean 10 Asia 11 Africa 12 Other countries ⁶	81,592	65,479	63,058	62,049	60,364	57,393	57,382	58,025	58,782
	1,562	2,403	2,369	1,669	1,647	1,721	1,329	1,568	1,519
	5,688	6,954	5,930	6,308	6,562	7,124	7,248	7,708	7,253
	70,784	91,790	94,137	93,559	95,247	94,866	95,908	95,494	97,135
	4,123	1,829	1,649	1,474	1,337	1,823	1,381	1,437	1,479
	829	1,242	832	1,150	1,600	2,599	3,745	4,110	3,800

Note. Based on Treasury Department data and on data reported to the Treasury Department by banks (including Federal Reserve Banks) and securities dealers in the United States.

LIABILITIES TO AND CLAIMS ON FOREIGNERS Reported by Banks in the United States Payable in Foreign Currencies

Millions of dollars, end of period

Item		1980	1981	198	81	19	82
nem	1979	1700	1901	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	June ^p
Banks' own liabilities Banks' own claims! Deposits Other claims Claims of banks' domestic customers ²	1,918 2,419 994 1,425 580	3,748 4,206 2,507 1,699 962	3,798 5,220 3,398 1,822 971	2,878 4,078 2,409 1,669 248	3,798 5,220 3,398 1,822 971	4,326 5,612 3,796 1,816 944	4,640 6,363 3,560 2,803 924

NOTE. Data on claims exclude foreign currencies held by U.S. monetary au-

Includes the Bank for International Settlements.
 Principally demand deposits, time deposits, bankers acceptances, commercial paper, negotiable time certificates of deposit, and borrowings under repurchase

paper, negotiable time certificates of deposit, and borrowings under reputchase agreements.

3. Includes nonmarketable certificates of indebtedness (including those payable in foreign currencies through 1974) and Treasury bills issued to official institutions of foreign countries.

4. Excludes notes issued to foreign official nonreserve agencies. Includes bonds and notes payable in foreign currencies.

Debt securities of U.S. government corporations and federally sponsored agencies, and U.S. corporate stocks and bonds.
 Includes countries in Oceania and Eastern Europe.

Includes claims of banks' domestic customers through March 1978.
 Assets owned by customers of the reporting bank located in the United States that represent claims on foreigners held by reporting banks for the accounts of their domestic customers.

LIABILITIES TO FOREIGNERS Reported by Banks in the United States Payable in U.S. dollars

Millions of dollars, end of period

Daldar and time of liability	1070	1980	10617				1982			
Holder and type of liability	1979	1980	1981 ′	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Арг.	May'	June'	July P
1 All foreigners	187,521	205,297	242,981	250,799	254,520	261,219	266,256	274,341	284,943	284,557
2 Banks' own liabilities 3 Demand deposits. 4 Time deposits' 5 Other' 6 Own foreign offices'	117,196	124.791	162,755	171,338	179,819	187,559	194,898	203,120	211,666	208,702
	23,303	23,462	19,677	18,334	17,808	16,498	18,161	16,550	17,292	17,132
	13,623	15,076	28,816	31,363	36,555	43,597	48,552	53,414	55,896	59,490
	16,453	17,583	17,418	16,466	17,235	18,989	18,570	21,171	22,121	20,368
	63,817	68,670	96,844	105,175	108,221	108,475	109,616	111,984	116,358	111,711
7 Banks' custody liabilities ⁴	70,325	80,506	80,225	79,460	74,701	73,660	71,358	71,222	73,277	75,855
	48,573	57,595	55,312	55,131	51,142	50,152	47,353	46,476	48,817	51,211
instruments ⁶	19,396	20,079	18,944	18,842	18.718	18,901	19,326	20.751	20,455	20,649
	2,356	2,832	5,970	5,487	4,842	4,607	4,679	3.995	4,004	3,995
11 Nonmonetary international and regional organizations?	2,356	2,344	2,721	2,148	2,091	2,045	2,043	3,039	4,001	4,082
12 Banks' own liabilities 13 Demand deposits 14 Time deposits¹ 15 Other²	714	444	638	373	298	445	603	1,272	1,233	2,246
	260	146	262	130	135	209	149	185	300	343
	151	85	58	86	76	141	286	471	586	633
	303	212	318	156	87	96	168	616	347	1,271
 16 Banks' custody liabilities⁴ 17 U.S. Treasury bills and certificates 18 Other negotiable and readily transferable 	1,643	1,900	2.083	1,775	1,792	1,599	1,439	1,767	2,768	1,835
	102	254	541	217	277	109	142	253	1,425	487
instruments ⁶	1,538	1.646 0	1,542 0	1,558 0	1,515 0	1,490 0	1.297 0	1,514 0	1,343 0	1,349 0
20 Official institutions ⁸	78,206	86,624	78,957	76,422	72,886	72,099	70,176	70,464	71,929	71,374
21 Banks' own liabilities 22 Demand deposits 23 Time deposits ¹ 24 Other ²	18,292	17.826	16,808	14,643	14,959	15,326	17,112	17,626	18,925	16.008
	4,671	3.771	2,612	2,404	2,385	2,277	3,241	2,156	3,167	2,782
	3,050	3.612	4,146	3,686	4,261	4,866	5,623	5,769	5,486	6.155
	10,571	10,443	10,050	8,553	8,312	8,183	8,248	9,702	10,272	7,071
 Banks' custody liabilities⁴ U.S. Treasury bills and certificates⁵ Other negotiable and readily transferable 	59,914	68.798	62,149	61,778	57,927	56,773	53,064	52,838	53,004	55,366
	47,666	56.243	52,389	52,306	48,174	47,048	43,850	42,741	43,509	45,824
instruments ⁶	12,196	12,501	9,712	9,445	9,717	9,685	9,029	10,057	9,461	9,507
	52	54	47	27	37	40	185	40	33	36
29 Banks ⁹	88,316	96,415	135,355	145,926	151,420	157,787	161,176	165,642	172,468	171,482
30 Banks' own liabilities Unaffiliated foreign banks 32	83,299	90.456	123,640	134,040	140,669	146,591	148,456	153,081	159,762	157,824
	19,482	21.786	26,796	28,865	32,448	38,116	38,840	41,097	43,405	46,113
	13,285	14,188	11,614	10,893	10,444	9,267	9,915	9,697	9,281	9,392
	1,667	1,703	8,654	10,672	13,653	18,653	19,260	21,248	23,403	25,474
	4,530	5,895	6,528	7,299	8,350	10,195	9,664	10,152	10,721	11,247
	63,817	68,670	96,844	105,175	108,221	108,475	109,616	111,984	116,358	111,711
36 Banks' custody liabilities ⁴	5,017	5,959	11,715	11,886	10,751	11,197	12,720	12,562	12,706	13,657
	422	623	1,683	1,853	1,876	2,213	2,592	2,698	2,926	3,872
instruments ⁶	2,415	2,748	4,421	4,858	4,405	4,729	5,968	6,097	6,527	6,661
	2,179	2,588	5,611	5,176	4,470	4,255	4,160	3,766	3,253	3,124
40 Other foreigners	18,642	19,914	25,947	26,303	28,124	29,288	32,861	35,196	36,545	37,620
41 Banks' own liabilities 42 Demand deposits 43 Time deposits 44 Other²	14,891	16,065	21,669	22,282	23,893	25,196	28.727	31,140	31,745	32,623
	5,087	5,356	5,189	4,906	4,843	4,745	4.855	4,512	4,544	4,615
	8,755	9,676	15,958	16,918	18,564	19,936	23,383	25,926	26,420	27,229
	1,048	1,033	523	458	485	515	489	702	781	779
45 Banks' custody liabilities ⁴	3,751	3,849	4,278	4.021	4,231	4,092	4.134	4,055	4,800	4,996
	382	474	698	755	815	782	769	784	957	1,028
instruments ⁶ 48 Other	3,247	3,185	3,268	2,981	3,081	2,997	3.032	3,082	3,125	3,133
	123	190	312	284	335	313	334	189	718	835
49 MEMO: Negotiable time certificates of deposit in custody for foreigners	10,984	10,745	10,672	10.451	10,916	11,169	11,673	12,652	12,878	12,962

Excludes negotiable time certificates of deposit, which are included in "Other negotiable and readily transferable instruments." Data for time deposits before April 1978 represent short-term only.
 Includes borrowing under repurchase agreements.
 U.S. banks: includes amounts due to own foreign branches and foreign subsidiaries consolidated in "Consolidated Report of Condition" filed with bank regulatory agencies. Agencies, branches, and majority-owned subsidiaries of foreign branks: principally amounts due to head office or parent foreign brank, and foreign branches, agencies or wholly owned subsidiaries of head office or parent foreign branks.

bank.

4. Financial claims on residents of the United States, other than long-term securities, held by or through reporting banks.

^{5.} Includes nonmarketable certificates of indebtedness and Treasury bills issued to official institutions of foreign countries.

6. Principally bankers acceptances, commercial paper, and negotiable time certificates of deposit.

7. Principally the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, and the Inter-American and Asian Development Banks.

8. Foreign central banks and foreign central governments and the Bank for International Settlements.

9. Excludes central banks, which are included in "Official institutions."

3.17 Continued

A man and as well	1070	1000	1001 A				1982			
Area and country	1979	1980	1981▲	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May r	June'	July P
1 Total	187,521	205,297	242,981	250,799	254,520	261,219	266,256	274,341	284,943	284,557
2 Foreign countries	185,164	202,953	240,259	248,651	252,430	259,174	264,213	271,302	280,942	280,475
3 Europe	90.952	90,897	90,942	89,804	91,957	93,541	91.890	97,484	102,549	107,300
Selgium-Luxembourg Commark Com	413 2,375 1,092 398 10,433 12,935 635 7,782 2,337 1,267	523 4.019 497 455 12.125 9,973 670 7,572 2,441 1,344	587 4,117 333 296 8,486 7,665 463 7,290 2,823 1,457	719 3,954 512 157 8,078 6,953 469 7,104 2,838 1,245	647 3,254 524 292 8,047 6,668 535 6,497 3,027 1,129	545 3,002 514 273 7,792 7,698 472 4,300 3,111 1,518	472 2.898 613 229 6.737 6.555 457 3.695 2.963 1.666	454 3,075 608 212 6,312 6,954 549 3,420 2,719 1,981	434 2,869 510 181 9,226 6,221 512 4,720 2,836 1,370	501 2,957 450 162 8,618 5,624 506 5,760 2,762 1,339
14 Portugal 15 Spain 16 Sweden 17 Switzerland 18 Turkey 19 United Kingdom 20 Yugoslavia 21 Other Western Europe ¹ 22 U.S.S.R. 23 Other Eastern Europe ²	557 1,259 2,005 17,954 120 24,700 266 4,070 52 302	374 1,500 1,737 16,689 242 22,680 681 6,939 68 370	354 916 1,545 18,723 518 28,288 375 6,165 49	301 1,024 1,274 18,872 336 30,649 215 4,765 68 271	275 946 1,480 18,515 216 34,073 219 5,279 52 284	272 1,136 1,358 19,199 283 35,146 223 6,256 44 400	272 1,055 1,373 20,339 364 35,452 259 6,106 37 350	276 1,114 1,425 21,651 204 39,893 237 6,000 30 371	365 1,191 1,411 22,451 168 41,159 314 6,048 44 521	365 1.133 1.637 23,632 1.364 44,103 320 5,624 41
24 Canada	7,379	10,031	10,250	11,572	11,105	10,780	12,298	10,619	11,541	11,167
25 Latin America and Caribbean. 26 Argentina 27 Baharmas 28 Bermuda 29 Brazil 30 British West Indies 31 Chile 32 Colombia 33 Cuba 34 Ecuador 35 Guatemata 36 Jamaica 37 Mexico 38 Netherlands Antilles 39 Panama 40 Peru 41 Uruguay 42 Venezuela 43 Other Latin America and Caribbean	49,686 1,582 15,255 430 1,005 11,138 468 2,617 76 41,185 499 4,483 383 2002 4,192 2,318	53.170 2,132 16.381 670 1.216 12.766 460 3.077 6 6 371 367 97 4.547 413 4.718 403 254 3.170 2.123	84,685 2,445 34,400 765 1,568 17,794 664 2,993 9 434 479 7,7,163 3,182 4,847 694 367 4,245 2,548	92,474 2,879 43,627 680 1,608 17,924 771 2,861 7 355 485 120 6,668 3,145 3,480 481 4,557 2,232	94,715 2,897 43,675 1,803 18,847 815 2,924 100 7,246 3,235 479 4,578 2,464	98.073 3.037 44.689 1.113 1.352 18.844 7 7 513 590 129 7.646 3.434 4.190 2.323 3.33 5.120 2.948	103.809 2.729 45.608 1.165 1.462 19.623 992 2.639 6 491 569 133 8.533 3.474 4.238 620 410 8.061 3.056	105,507 2,203 44,819 1,350 1,615 19,690 1,224 2,515 6 465 583 104 8,992 3,449 4,338 753 561 9,421 3,419	108,774 2,030 43,669 1,369 1,838 22,838 1,124 2,700 6 559 580 100 8,793 3,891 5,400 1,069 542 9,310 3,023	103,386 2,095 39,240 1,315 1,830 21,693 1,525 2,699 7 527 613 139 9,649 3,598 4,877 932 607 9,127 2,915
44 Asia	33,005	42,420	49,784	50,658	50,409	52,607	50,362	51.066	51,001	51,850
45 Mainland 46 Taiwan 47 Hong Kong 48 India 49 Indonesia 50 Israel 51 Japan 52 Korea 53 Philippines 54 Thailand 55 Middle-East oil-exporting countries 56 Other Asia	49 1.393 1.672 504 707 8.907 993 795 277 15,300 1.879	49 1,662 2,548 416 730 883 16,281 1,528 919 464 14,453 2,487	158 2,082 3,950 385 640 592 20,550 2,013 874 534 13,154 4,852	183 2,227 3,946 512 1,230 546 20,051 2,146 757 369 13,623 5,068	215 2.253 4.302 414 1.241 507 20.778 2,162 739 494 13,569 3,735	257 2,213 4,195 435 1,127 449 21,955 2,138 671 340 14,799 4,028	331 2,291 4,587 544 837 539 19,307 2,355 691 517 14,347 4,016	284 2,372 4,737 603 784 562 19,008 2,191 758 474 14,400 4,893	244 2,334 4,842 540 583 610 18,895 1,863 839 485 14,268 5,498	261 2,371 4,734 551 722 476 19,833 1,934 660 450 14,242 5,617
57 Africa 58 Egypt 59 Morocco. 60 South Africa 61 Zaire. 62 Oil-exporting countries ⁵ 63 Other Africa	3,239 475 33 184 110 1,635 804	5,187 485 33 288 57 3,540 783	3,180 360 32 420 26 1,395 946	3,065 571 36 252 33 1,207 966	2,814 339 35 368 40 1,112 920	2,398 297 36 330 69 627 1,039	3,111 411 52 308 41 1,144 1,156	2.629 382 37 305 27 846 1.031	2,677 448 59 335 37 901 896	2,686 430 52 339 25 1,025 815
64 Other countries 65 Australia 66 All other	904 684 220	1.247 950 297	1,419 1,223 196	1,078 853 225	1,430 1,204 226	1.775 1.550 225	2,743 2,542 201	3,997 3,752 245	4,400 4,172 228	4,085 3,831 254
67 Nonmonetary international and regional organizations. 68 International. 69 Latin American regional 70 Other regional	2,356 1,238 806 313	2,344 1,157 890 296	2,721 1,661 710 350	2,148 1,072 712 364	2,091 1,082 706 303	2,045 1,081 630 334	2,043 1,269 450 323	3,039 2,064 661 314	4,001 2,860 694 446	4,082 3,064 606 412

^{1.} Includes the Bank for International Settlements. Beginning April 1978, also includes Eastern European countries not listed in line 23.

2. Beginning April 1978 comprises Bulgaria, Czechoslovakia, the German Democratic Republic, Hungary, Poland, and Romania.

3. Included in "Other Latin America and Caribbean" through March 1978.

4. Comprises Bahrain, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and United Arab Emirates (Trucial States).

5. Comprises Algeria, Gabon, Libya, and Nigeria.

^{6.} Asian, African, Middle Eastern, and European regional organizations, except the Bank for International Settlements, which is included in "Other Western Europe."

▲ Liabilities and claims of banks in the United States were increased, beginning in December 1981, by the shift from foreign branches to international banking facilities in the United States of liabilities to, and claims on, foreign residents.

BANKS' OWN CLAIMS ON FOREIGNERS Reported by Banks in the United States Payable in U.S. Dollars

Millions of dollars, end of period

Area and	1979	1980	1981▲				1982			
Area and country	1979	1980	1981	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June'	July P
Total	133,943	172,592	251,029	255,822	266,483	276,924	287,562	299,979 r	312,574	321,2
Foreign countries	133,906	172,514	250,973	255,771	266,435	276,868	287,522	299,9367	312,531	321,1
Europe	28,388	32,108	49,047	51,844	54,695	56,937	59,319	62,009′	63,362	67,1
Austria Belgium-Luxembourg	284 1,339	236 1,621	121 2,843	198 2,819	172 3,280	130 3,778	200 3,848	201 3,669	140 3,745	4,0
Denmark	1,339	1,021	188	2,619	253	285	286	276	287	4,0
Finland.	202	460	547	555	573	574	525	638	736	ě
France	3,322	2,958	4,126	4,707	4,951	5,579	5,042	5,508	6,397	5,9
Germany Greece	1,179	948	936	1,080	870	1,123	1,483	1,512	1,758	1,3
Greece	154	256	333	380	321	325	279	262	297	1 2
Italy Netherlands.	1,631 514	3,364 575	5,240 686	5,496 763	5,644 814	5,333 956	5,099 750	5,842 <i>′</i> 917 <i>′</i>	6,030 1,009	6,2 1,
Norway	276	227	384	384	437	447	452	416	429	1,
Norway Portugal Spain	330	331	529	584	666	724	813	797	938	3
Spain	1,051	993	2,100	2,166	2,507	2,619	2,499	2,624	3,086	3,
Sweden	542	783	1,206	1,329	1,504	1,550	1,441	1,692	1,632	1,
Switzerland	1,165	1,446	2,213	1,849	2,001	1,709	1,564	1,557	1,602	1,
Turkey	149 13,795	145 14,917	424 23,645	464 25,136	522 26.665	496 27,784	487 31,081	573 31,974	584 31,074	34,
Yugoslavia	611	853	1,224	1,211	1,243	1,200	1,238	1,202	1,294	1,
YugoslaviaOther Western Europe	175	179	209	220	192	317	282	386	267	1,
U.S.S.R	268	281	367 [455	262	218	195	251	296	
U.S.S.R. Other Eastern Europe ²	1,254	1,410	1,725	1,820	1,817	1,790	1,755	1,711	1,761	1,
Canada	4,143	4,810	9,164	9,600	9,925	10,970	11,805	11,323	12,687	13,
Latin America and Caribbean	67,993	92,992	138,114	143,022	148,003	152,875	158,097	166,757	172,608	177,
Argentina	4,389	5,689	7,522	8,622	8,827	8,928	10,896	10,816	11,012	10,
Bahamas Bermuda	18,918 496	29,419	43,437 346	44.886	45,860	47,586	47,606	48,730 ⁷	51,788	52,
Brazil	7,713	218 10,496	16,918	481 17,329	452 J 17,878 I	401 18,723	575 19,380	20,413	414 21.013	21.
British West Indies	9,818	15,663	21,913	21,106	22,031	22,975	22,739	25,469 ^r	25,824	27,
Chila	1,441	1,951	3,690	4,157	4,363	4,513	4,590	4,884	5,268	5,
Colombia	1,614	1,752	2,018	2,108	2,067	2,018	2,146	2,265	2,554	2,
	1 025	3	3 (9	3	137	37	2 3	_
Guntomala ³	1,025 134	1,190 137	1,531 124	1,703 119	1,752 119	1,837 106	1,879 116	1,852 112	2,022 124	2,
Ecuador Guatemala ³ Jamaica ³	47	36	62	177	115	151	130	781	124	
Mexico	9,099	12,595	22,407	23,025	24,301	25,174	26,087	28,321	29,435	29,
Netherlands Antilles	248	821	1,076	953	1,150	873	886	880	1,025	1.
Panama	6,041	4,974	6,780	6,927	7,306	7,509	8,246	8,318	8,372	9,
Peru	652 105	890 137	1,218	1,432	1.433	1,518	1,589	1,672	2,047	2,
UruguayVenezuela	4,657	5,438	7.069	262 7,237 l	240 7,727	232 8,085	316 8,560	346 9,172	381 9,138	9.
Other Latin America and Caribbean	1,593	1,583	1,844	2,491	2.374	2,245	2,220	2,295	2,064	2,
Asia	30,730	39,078	49,770	46,023	48,211	50,107	52,115	53,117′	56,966	56,
China Mainland	35	195	107	85	65	84	98	68	124	
Taiwan	1,821	2,469	2,461	2,654	2,215	2,300	2,275	2,114	2.048	1.
Hong Kong	1,804	2,247	4,126	4,092	4,287	5,434	5,344	5,978	6,086	6,
India Indonesia	92	142	123	148	188	212	195	185	252	
Indonesia	131	245	346	317	330	356	308	315	288	
Israel	990 16,911	1,172 21,361	1,562 26,757	1,318 24,093	1,467 26,081	1,241 25,972	1,160 27,358	1,391	1,835	1,
Japan Korea	3,793	5,697	7,324	6,540	6,272	6,564	6.953	26,732 ^r 7,103	29,268 7,119	28. 6.
Philippines.	737 [989	1,817	1.764	1.989	2,270	2,266	2.459	2,605	2,
ThailandMiddle East oil-exporting countries ⁴	933	876	564	527	559	513	565	502	459	
Middle East oil-exporting countries4	1,548	1,432	1,575	1,624	1,991	2,021	2,411	2,613	2,546	2,
Other Asia	1,934	2,252	3,009	2,860	2,766	3,139	3,182	3,656	4,337	4,
Africa	1,797 114	2,377 151	3,503 238	3,819 259	4,019 293	4,203 327	4,383 345	4,768 400	4,851 416	5,
Morocco.	103	223	284	273	293	294	312	278	334	
South Africa	445	370	1,011	948	1,249	1,426	1,344	1,387	1,467	1,
ZaireOil-exporting countries ⁵	144	94	112	98	93 [89	100	81	84	
Oil-exporting countries ⁵	391	805	657	783	593	637	725	839	799	
Other	600	734	1,201	1,458	1,518	1,429	1,557	1,783	1,751	1,
Other countries	855	1,150	1,376	1,463	1,583	1,777	1,803	1,961	2,056	2,
Australia	673	859	1,203	1.280	1,385	1,501	1,560	1,655	1,752	1,
All other	182	290	172	183	198	276	243	306	305	,
All other	l l									
Nonmonetary international and regional organizations ⁶	36	78	56	51	47	57	40	43	43	

^{1.} Includes the Bank for International Settlements. Beginning April 1978, also includes Eastern European countries not listed in line 23.

2. Beginning April 1978 comprises Bulgaria, Czechoslovakia, the German Democratic Republic, Hungary, Poland, and Romania.

3. Included in "Other Latin America and Caribbean" through March 1978.

4. Comprises Bahrain, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and United Arab Emirates (Trucial States).

Comprises Algeria, Gabon, Libya, and Nigeria.
 Excludes the Bank for International Settlements, which is included in "Other Western Europe."
 Note. Data for period prior to April 1978 include claims of banks' domestic

customers on foreigners.

Liabilities and claims of banks in the United States were increased, beginning in December 1981, by the shift from foreign branches to international banking facilities in the United States of liabilities to, and claims on, foreign residents.

3.19 BANKS' OWN AND DOMESTIC CUSTOMERS' CLAIMS ON FOREIGNERS Reported by Banks in the United States

Payable in U.S. Dollars

Millions of dollars, end of period

Type of claim	1070	1980	1981▲	1982						
2) 00 01011111	1979	1960	1701	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June'	July p
1 Total	154,030	198,698	288,282			320,078			354,804	
2 Banks' own claims on foreigners	133,943 15,937 47,428 40,927 6,274 34,654 29,650	172,592 20,882 65,084 50,168 8,254 41,914 36,459	251,029 31,193 96,639 74,091 22,689 51,403 49,105	255,822 33,153 96,476 76,304 23,947 52,357 49,889	266,483 33,460 98,305 82,946 26,259 56,686 51,772	276.924 33,705 101,710 87,288 28,709 58,579 54,222	287,562 35,203 106,115 90,760 29,152 61,607 55,484	299,9797 37,5937 107,6187 97,1127 33,432 63,6797 57,6577	312,574 40,007 112,240 101,407 35,494 65,913 58,920	321,219 40,535 112,976 108,020 39,770 68,249 59,689
9 Claims of banks' domestic customers ² 10 Deposits	20,088 955	26,106 885	37,253 1,378			43,154′ 1,512			42,230 1,426	
instruments ³	13,100 6,032	15,574 9,648	25,752 10,123			32,328 9,314			31,966 8,838	
13 Memo: Customer liability on acceptances	18,021	22,714	29,565			30,480r			32,929	
Dollar deposits in banks abroad, re- ported by nonbanking business en- terprises in the United States ⁵	22,265	24,381	39,556	42,367	43,781	40,806	41,362	43,934	44,292	n.a.

^{1.} U.S. banks: includes amounts due from own foreign branches and foreign subsidiaries consolidated in "Consolidated Report of Condition" filed with bank regulatory agencies. Agencies, branches, and majority-owned subsidiaries of foreign banks: principally amounts due from head office or parent foreign bank, and foreign branches, agencies, or wholly owned subsidiaries of head office or parent foreign bank.

2. Accord owned by systemacs of the reporting bank located in the United States.

BANKS' OWN CLAIMS ON UNAFFILIATED FOREIGNERS Reported by Banks in the United States Payable in U.S. Dollars

Millions of dollars, end of period

Marin harman	1979	1980		1981		198	32
Maturity; by borrower and area	Dec.	Dec.	June	Sept	Dec.▲	Mar.'	June ^p
1 Total	86,181	106,748	117,610	122,477	153,932	174,403	199,743
By borrower 2 Maturity of 1 year or less¹ 3 Foreign public borrowers 4 All other foreigners. 5 Maturity of over 1 year¹ 6 Foreign public borrowers. 7 All other foreigners.	65,152	82,555	92,124	94,957	115,895	132,875	151,417
	7,233	9,974	11,752	12,990	15,196	16,344	19,308
	57,919	72,581	80,372	81,967	100,699	116,531	132,110
	21,030	24,193	25,486	27,520	38,037	41,528	48,326
	8,371	10,152	11,177	12,564	15,648	16,851	20,003
	12,659	14,041	14,309	14,956	22,389	24,678	28,322
By area Maturity of 1 year or less¹ 8 Europe. 9 Canada. 10 Latin America and Caribbean. 11 Asia. 12 Africa. 13 All other² Maturity of over 1 year¹ 14 Europe. 15 Canada. 16 Latin America and Caribbean.	15,235	18,715	21,149	23,015	27,886	34,228	39,076
	1,777	2,723	3,314	3,959	4,634	5,791	6,579
	24,928	32,034	33,584	35,590	48,463	58,144	67,444
	21,641	26,686	31,509	29,295	31,513	30,578	33,788
	1,077	1,757	1,768	2,324	2,457	2,884	3,309
	493	640	801	774	943	1,249	1,220
	4,160	5,118	6,312	6,424	8,099	8,435	9,340
	1,317	1,448	1,317	1,347	1,774	1,863	2,345
	12,814	15,075	15,458	17,478	25,096	27,623	32,340
17 Asia.	1,911	1,865	1,679	1,550	1,902	2,236	2,455
18 Africa.	655	507	559	548	899	1,056	1,275
19 All other ² .	173	179	161	172	267	315	571

▲ Liabilities and claims of banks in the United States were increased, beginning in December 1981, by the shift from foreign branches to international banking facilities in the United States of liabilities to, and claims on, foreign residents.

Assets owned by customers of the reporting bank located in the United States
that represent claims on foreigners held by reporting banks for the account of their
domestic customers.
 Principally negotiable time certificates of deposit and bankers acceptances.

^{4.} Data for March 1978 and for period before that are outstanding collections

^{4.} Data for March 19/8 and for period before that are outstanding collections only.

5. Includes demand and time deposits and negotiable and nonnegotiable certificates of deposit denominated in U.S. dollars issued by banks abroad. For description of changes in data reported by nonbanks, see July 1979 BULLETIN, p. 550.

▲ Liabilities and claims of banks in the United States were increased, beginning in December 1981, by the shift from foreign branches to international banking facilities in the United States of liabilities to, and claims on, foreign residents. Notte. Beginning April 1978, data for banks' own claims are given on a monthly basis, but the data for claims of banks' own domestic customers are available on a quarterly basis only. a quarterly basis only.

Remaining time to maturity.
 Includes nonmonetary international and regional organizations.

3.21 CLAIMS ON FOREIGN COUNTRIES Held by U.S. Offices and Foreign Branches of U.S.-Chartered Banks¹ Billions of dollars, end of period

		,			1980			19	81		19	982
	Area or country	1978 ²	1979	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	June p
1	Total	266.2	303.9	328.8	339.3	352.0	372.1	382.8	399.8	412.3	411.0	419.2
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	G-10 countries and Switzerland Belgium-Luxembourg France Germany Italy Netherlands Sweden Switzerland United Kingdom Canada Japan	124.7 9.0 12.2 11.3 6.7 4.4 2.1 5.3 47.3 6.0 20.6	138.4 11.1 11.7 12.2 6.4 4.8 2.4 4.7 56.4 6.3 22.4	154.2 13.1 14.1 12.7 6.9 4.5 2.7 3.3 64.4 7.2 25.5	158.8 13.6 13.9 12.9 7.2 4.4 2.8 3.4 66.7 7.7 26.1	162.1 13.0 14.1 12.1 8.2 4.4 2.9 5.0 67.4 8.4 26.5	168.5 13.6 14.5 13.3 7.7 4.6 3.2 5.1 68.5 8.9 29.1	168.3 13.8 14.7 12.1 8.4 4.2 3.1 5.2 67.0 10.8 28.9	172.2 14.1 16.0 12.7 8.6 3.7 3.4 5.1 68.8 11.8 28.0	173.9 13.3 15.3 12.9 9.8 4.0 3.7 5.5 69.1 11.0 29.4	172.1 13.1 15.8 12.4 8.9 4.0 4.0 5.3 68.7 11.4 28.4	170.3 13.8 16.3 12.6 8.8 4.0 3.9 5.1 66.4 10.9 28.5
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	Other developed countries Austria Denmark Finland Greece Norway Portugal Spain. Turkey Other Western Europe South Africa Australia	19.4 1.7 2.0 1.2 2.3 2.1 .6 3.5 1.5 1.3 2.0 1.4	19.9 2.0 2.2 1.2 2.4 2.3 7 3.5 1.4 1.4 1.3	20.3 1.8 2.2 1.3 2.5 2.4 .6 3.9 1.4 1.6 1.5	20.6 1.8 2.2 1.2 2.6 2.4 4.2 1.3 1.7 1.2	21.6 1.9 2.3 1.4 2.8 2.6 .6 4.4 1.5 1.7 1.1	23.5 1.8 2.4 1.4 2.7 2.8 .6 5.5 1.5 1.5 1.5	24.8 2.1 2.3 1.3 3.0 2.8 5.7 1.4 1.8 1.9 1.7	26.4 2.2 2.5 1.4 2.9 3.0 1.0 5.8 1.5 1.9 2.5	28.4 1.9 2.3 1.7 2.8 3.1 1.1 6.6 1.4 2.1 2.8 2.5	30.5 2.1 2.5 1.6 2.8 3.2 1.1 7.1 1.5 2.2 3.2 3.1	31.6 2.1 2.6 1.6 2.5 3.2 1.5 7.2 1.4 2.2 3.4 3.8
25 26 27 28 29 30	OPEC countries³ Ecuador Venezuela Indonesia Middle East countries African countries	22.7 1.6 7.2 2.0 9.5 2.5	22.9 1.7 8.7 1.9 8.0 2.6	20.9 1.8 7.9 1.9 6.9 2.5	21.4 1.9 8.5 1.9 6.7 2.4	22.7 2.1 9.1 1.8 6.9 2.8	21.7 2.0 8.3 2.1 6.7 2.6	22.2 2.0 8.8 2.1 6.8 2.6	23.5 2.1 9.2 2.5 7.1 2.6	24.4 2.2 9.6 2.5 7.6 2.5	24.7 2.3 9.4 2.7 8.2 2.2	25.3 2.3 9.4 2.7 8.6 2.3
31	Non-OPEC developing countries	52.6	63.0	67.7	73.0	77.4	82.2	84.8	90.2	95.8	94.0	100.0
32 33 34 35 36 37 38	Latin America Argentina. Brazil Chile Colombia Mexico Peru Other Latin America.	3.0 14.9 1.6 1.4 10.8 1.7 3.6	5.0 15.2 2.5 2.2 12.0 1.5 3.7	5.6 15.3 2.7 2.2 13.6 1.4 3.6	7.6 15.8 3.2 2.4 14.4 1.5 3.9	7.9 16.2 3.7 2.6 15.9 1.8 3.9	9.5 17.0 4.0 2.4 17.0 1.8 4.7	8.5 17.5 4.8 2.5 18.2 1.7 3.8	9.3 17.7 5.5 2.5 20.0 1.8 4.2	9.3 19.0 5.8 2.6 21.5 2.0 4.1	9.3 18.9 5.6 2.2 22.1 1.8 4.0	8.9 20.2 6.0 2.5 23.9 2.3 3.9
39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47	Asia China Mainland Taiwan India Israel Korea (South) Malaysia Philippines Thailand Other Asia	.0 2.9 .2 1.0 3.9 .6 2.8 1.2	.1 3.4 .2 1.3 5.4 1.0 4.2 1.5	.1 3.8 .2 1.2 7.1 1.1 4.6 1.5 .5	.1 4.1 2.2 1.1 7.3 1.1 4.8 1.5 .5	.2 4.2 .3 1.5 7.1 1.1 5.1 1.6 .6	.2 4.4 .3 1.3 7.7 1.2 4.8 1.6	.2 4.6 .3 1.8 8.8 1.4 5.1 1.5	.2 5.1 .3 1.5 8.6 1.4 5.6 1.4 .8	.2 5.1 .3 2.0 9.4 1.7 6.0 1.5	.2 5.1 .5 1.6 8.6 1.7 5.8 1.3 1.0	3 5.8 .5 2.1 8.8 1.8 6.2 1.3 1.2
48 49 50 51	Africa Egypt Morocco Zaire Other Africa ⁴	.4 .6 .2 1.4	.6 .6 .2 1.7	.8 .5 .2 1.9	.6 .6 .2 2.1	.8 .7 .2 2.1	.8 .6 .2 2.2	.7 .5 .2 2.1	1.0 .7 .2 2.2	1.1 .7 .2 2.3	1.3 .7 .2 2.3	1.3 .7 .2 2.3
52 53 54 55	Eastern Europe U.S.S.R. Yugoslavia Other	6.9 1.3 1.5 4.1	7.3 .7 1.8 4.8	7.2 .5 2.1 4.5	7.3 .5 2.1 4.7	7.4 .4 2.3 4.6	7.7 .4 2.4 4.8	7.7 .5 2.5 4.8	7.7 .4 2.5 4.7	7.7 .6 2.5 4.7	7.0 .4 2.4 4.2	6.4 .4 2.3 3.7
57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65	Offshore banking centers Bahamas Bermuda Cayman Islands and other British West Indies Netherlands Antilles Panama ³ Lebanon Hong Kong Singapore Others ⁶ Miscellaneous and unallocated ⁷	31.0 10.4 .7 7.4 .8 3.0 .1 4.2 3.9 .5	40.4 13.7 .8 9.4 1.2 4.3 .2 6.0 4.5 .4	44.3 13.7 .6 9.8 1.2 4.9 .2 6.9 5.9 .4	44.6 13.2 .6 10.1 1.3 5.6 .2 7.5 5.6 .4	47.0 13.7 .6 10.6 2.1 5.4 .2 8.1 5.9 .3	53.7 15.5 .7 11.9 2.3 6.5 .2 8.4 7.3 .9	59.3 17.9 .7 12.6 2.4 6.9 .2 10.3 8.1 .3	61.7 21.3 .8 12.1 2.2 6.7 .2 10.3 8.0 .1	63.6 18.9 .7 12.6 3.2 7.5 2 11.8 8.6 1	64.5 19.8 .7 11.6 3.2 7.0 .2 12.8 9.2 .1	67.3 22.5 .7 11.6 3.0 6.8 .2 13.0 9.5 .1

^{1.} The banking offices covered by these data are the U.S. offices and foreign branches of U.S.-owned banks and of U.S. subsidiaries of foreign-owned banks. Offices not covered include (1) U.S. agencies and branches of foreign banks, and (2) foreign subsidiaries of U.S. banks. To minimize duplication, the data are adjusted to exclude the claims on foreign branches held by a U.S. office or another foreign branch claims in table 3.14 (the sum of lines 7 through 10) with the claims of U.S. offices in table 3.18 (excluding those held by agencies and branches of foreign banks and those constituting claims on own foreign branches). However, see also footnote 2.

2. Beginning with data for June 1978, the claims of the U.S. offices

in this table include only banks' own claims payable in dollars. For earlier dates the claims of the U.S. offices also include customer claims and foreign currency claims (amounting in June 1978 to \$10 billion).

3. In addition to the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries shown individually, this group includes other members of OPEC (Algeria, Gabon, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Nigeria, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and United Arab Emirates) as well as Bahrain and Oman (not formally members of OPEC).

4. Expludes Liberia.

5. Includes Canal Zone beginning December 1979.

6. Foreign branch claims only.

7. Includes New Zealand, Liberia, and international and regional organizations.

LIABILITIES TO UNAFFILIATED FOREIGNERS Reported by Nonbanking Business Enterprises in the United States¹

Millions of dollars, end of period

	Type, and area or country	1978	1979	1980		1981		1982
			3,7	1750	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.p
1 Total		14,952	17,385	21,990	21,404	22,948	21,604	20,720
2 Payable in dollars 3 Payable in foreign currence	ies ²	11,523 3,429	14,310 3,075	18.281 3.709	18,123 3,281	19.853 3.095	18,088 3,515	18.062 2.658
5 Payable in dollars	ncies	6,368 3,853 2,515	7.485 5,215 2,270	11,153 8,381 2,772	11,465 9,099 2,366	12,512 10,227 2,285	11,325 8,851 2,474	11,190 9,320 1,870
8 Trade payables	her liabilities.	8,584 4,001 4,583	9,900 4,585 5,315	10,837 4,934 5,903	9,939 4,460 5,479	10,436 4,351 6,085	10,278 4,647 5,631	9,530 3,961 5,569
10 Payable in dollars 11 Payable in foreign curre	ncies	7,670 914	9,095 805	9,900 936	9,024 915	9,626 810	9,237 1,041	8,742 788
13 Belgium-Luxembourg 14 France		3.971 293 173 366 391 248 2.167	4,658 345 175 497 829 170 2,463	6,338 487 327 582 681 354 3,772	5,997 532 367 451 763 345 3,422	7,494 492 825 430 651 465 4,478	6.404 452 636 491 738 715 3.246	7,067 496 822 503 730 707 3,704
19 Canada		247	532	964	978	977	958	914
21 Bahamas	bbean	1.357 478 4 10 194 102 49	1,483 375 81 18 514 121 72	3,103 964 1 23 1,452 99 81	3,592 1,272 1 20 1,534 98 91	3.195 1.019 0 20 1.363 107 90	3,099 1,279 7 22 1,045 102 98	2,744 1,095 6 27 1,016 67 97
28 Japan	ting countries ³ .	784 717 32	804 726 31	723 644 38	869 750 29	814 696 30	838 673 47	450 293 40
30 Africa	··s ⁴	5 2	4	11 1	5 0	3 1	3 0	2 0
32 All other ⁵		5	4	15	24	29	24	12
34 Belgium-Luxembourg 35 France		3,047 97 321 523 246 302 824	3.701 137 467 545 227 310 1.077	4.396 90 582 679 219 493 1,209	3,959 72 558 617 225 375 1,011	3,955 78 575 590 238 563 925	3.771 67 573 545 221 424 884	3,421 50 504 473 232 400 824
40 Canada		667	924	876	731	823	870	857
42 Bahamas		997 25 97 74 53 106 303	1,323 69 32 203 21 257 301	1,259 8 75 111 35 326 319	1,149 4 72 54 34 319 290	1,087 3 113 61 11 345 273	986 2 67 67 2 293 276	770 22 71 83 27 176 194
48 Asia	ting countries ³ .	2,927 448 1,518	2,991 583 1,014	3,034 802 890	2,803 867 837	3.221 775 881	3,285 1,094 910	3,214 1,081 816
	:s ⁴	743 312	728 384	817 517	676 392	757 355	703 344	664 247
53 All other ⁵		203	233	456	622	593	664	604

^{1.} For a description of the changes in the International Statistics tables, see July 1979 BULLETIN, p. 550.
2. Before December 1978, foreign currency data include only liabilities denominated in foreign currencies with an original maturity of less than one year.

Comprises Bahrain, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and United Arab Emirates (Trucial States).
 Comprises Algeria, Gabon, Libya, and Nigeria.
 Includes nonmonetary international and regional organizations.

CLAIMS ON UNAFFILIATED FOREIGNERS Reported by Nonbanking Business Enterprises in the United States1

Millions of dollars, end of period

Type, and area or country	1978	1979	1980		1981		1982
Type, and area of country	1978	1979	1980	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar. p
1 Total	28,001	31,341	34,597	35,341	34,348	35,737	30,059
Payable in dollars	24,998	28,148	31,663	32,424	31,380	32,167	27,452
	3,003	3,193	2,933	2,917	2,968	3,571	2,607
By type 4 Financial claims. 5 Deposits 6 Payable in dollars 7 Payable in foreign currencies 8 Other financial claims 9 Payable in dollars 10 Payable in foreign currencies.	16,644	18,449	19,924	20.156	19,415	20,859	17,675
	11,201	12,813	14,087	14,530	13,628	14,675	12,638
	10,133	11,897	13,312	13,805	12,902	14,060	12,181
	1,068	916	775	725	726	615	457
	5,443	5,637	5,837	5,625	5,787	6,185	5,037
	3,874	3,810	4,154	3,988	4,102	3,744	3,408
	1,569	1,826	1,683	1,638	1,686	2,440	1,629
11 Commercial claims	11,357	12,892	14,673	15,185	14,933	14,878	12,384
	10,798	12,188	13,947	14,338	14,047	13,938	11,449
	559	704	726	847	886	940	935
14 Payable in dollars 15 Payable in foreign currencies	10,991	12,441	14,197	14,631	14,376	14,362	11,864
	366	450	476	554	556	516	520
By area or country Financial claims 16 Europe 17 Belgium-Luxembourg 18 France 19 Germany 20 Netherlands 21 Switzerland 22 United Kingdom	5,225	6,167	6,116	5,156	4,822	4,566	4,570
	48	32	195	174	26	43	16
	178	177	337	377	348	325	452
	510	409	230	139	320	244	217
	103	53	51	52	68	50	79
	98	73	59	116	86	73	39
	4,031	5,111	4,968	3,952	3,649	3,493	3,524
23 Canada	4,549	4,987	5,060	6,162	6,013	6,617	4,874
24 Latin America and Caribbean 25 Bahamas. 26 Bermuda. 27 Brazil. 28 British West Indies. 29 Mexico. 30 Venezuela.	5,714	6,293	7,768	7,987	7,621	8,575	7,359
	3,001	2,765	3,448	3,330	3,253	3,902	3,444
	80	30	135	33	15	18	94
	151	163	96	20	66	30	49
	1,291	2,011	2,731	3,397	3,195	3,500	2,751
	162	157	208	162	271	299	281
	157	143	137	143	143	148	130
31 Asia Japan Middle East oil-exporting countries 3	920	706	710	599	621	882	680
	305	199	177	99	109	363	267
	18	16	20	19	29	37	36
34 Africa 35 Oil-exporting countries ⁴	181	253	238	216	222	168	159
	10	49	26	39	41	46	43
36 All other ⁵	55	44	32	37	116	51	34
Commercial claims Europe	3,983	4,909	5,512	5,470	5,347	5,327	4,342
	144	202	233	235	220	234	245
	609	727	1,129	784	767	776	696
	399	589	591	572	580	554	444
	267	298	318	308	308	303	227
	198	272	353	474	404	427	354
	824	901	928	1,067	1,032	965	1,057
44 Canada	1,094	859	914	1,016	1.017	967	939
45 Latin America and Caribbean 46 Bahamas 47 Bermuda 48 Brazil 49 British West Indies 50 Mexico 51 Venezuela	2,546	2,879	3,765	3.804	3,726	3,464	2.904
	109	21	21	29	18	12	80
	215	197	108	192	241	223	212
	628	645	861	824	726	668	417
	9	16	34	34	13	12	23
	505	708	1,101	1.121	983	1,020	759
	291	343	410	420	454	422	394
52 Asia 53 Japan 54 Middle East oil-exporting countries ³	3,108	3,451	3,512	3,785	3,674	3,910	3,151
	1,006	1,177	1,045	1,218	1,104	1,244	1,158
	713	765	822	934	828	898	757
55 Africa	447	554	653	705	717	750	584
	136	133	153	137	154	152	142
57 All other ⁵	178	240	318	404	451	459	463

^{1.} For a description of the changes in the International Statistics tables, see July 1979 BULLETIN, p. 550.
2. Prior to December 1978, foreign currency data include only liabilities denominated in foreign currencies with an original maturity of less than one year.

Comprises Bahrain, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and United Arab Emirates (Trucial States).
 Comprises Algoria, Gabon, Libya, and Nigeria.
 Includes nonmonetary international and regional organizations.

A66 International Statistics September 1982

3.24 FOREIGN TRANSACTIONS IN SECURITIES

Millions of dollars

Millions of dollars							_			
			1982				1982			
Transactions, and area or country	1980	1981	Jan.~ July	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Арт.	May	June	July#
				U.:	S. corporate	e securities				
STOCKS										
1 Foreign purchases	40.298 34,870	40,603 34,835	16,970 15,040	2.016 1.748	2,524 1,988	2,635 2,506	2.359 2,101	2,622 r 2,186	2,166 ^r 1,863 ^r	2,647 2,648
3 Net purchases, or sales (-)	5,427	5,768	1,930	268	536	129	258	436	303r	-1
4 Foreign countries	5,409	5,743	1,896	263	537	120	252	429	299	-6
5 Europe 6 France 7 Germany. 8 Netherlands. 9 Switzerland 0 United Kingdom 1 Canada 2 Latin America and Caribbean 3 Middle East 4 4 Other Asia 5 Africa 6 Other countries	3,116 492 169 -328 310 2,528 887 148 1,206 -1 38	3,606 892 -28 39 280 2,209 783 -30 1,140 284 7 -46	1.668 - 95 177 93 - 229 1.685 - 196 30 378 - 37 - 4 57	231 0 15 3 40 169 - 45 - 13 51 40 0 - 1	347 -6 17 38 -33 317 20 31 137 -6 1	166 -51 42 1 -60 223 -118 -19 84 4 -3	167 33 29 -9 -66 176 0 53 61 -40 0	306 r -48 43 36 279 -10 22 104 -21 1 27	158r - 25 11r 23 - 85 225r 2 25 73 39 - 3 6	292 2 21 21 297 -45 -69 -133 -54
7 Nonmonetary international and regional organizations	18	24	34	5	-1	9	6	6	41	5
Bonds ²	i							ŭ		
8 Foreign purchases	15.425 9,964	17,290 12,247	10,856 8,647	946 778	929 930	1.619 1.481	2,217 1,485	1,929 1,199	1,483 1,153	1,732 1,623
0 Net purchases, or sales (-)	5,461	5,043	2,208	168	-1	138	733	730	330	110
1 Foreign countries	5,526	4,976	2,104	154	10	144	674	690	356	75
2 Europe 3 France 4 Germany 5 Netherlands 6 Switzerland 7 United Kingdom 8 Canada 9 Latin America and Caribbean 0 Middle East 1 Other Asia 2 Africa 3 Other countries	1,576 129 212 -65 54 1,257 135 185 3,499 117 5	1,356 11 848 70 108 181 -12 132 3,465 44 -1	2.003 133 1.684 45 126 - 48 163 115 - 225 68 - 19	144 155 88 2 19 3 29 17 -89 53 0	16 14 104 0 8 -102 15 -11 -63 52 0 2	169 12 225 17 15 - 102 29 26 - 41 - 29 - 6 - 3	540 20 396 14 46 59 46 -8 126 -18 -13	704 46 500 11 48 91 23 15 	244 23 115 5 12 67 21 61 22 9 0	185 3 256 -4 -22 -63 1 17 -68 -60 0
4 Nonmonetary international and regional organizations	-65	66	104	14	-11	-6	59	40	- 26	35
	_			-	Foreign se	curities				
5 Stocks, net purchases, or sales (-)	-2.136 7.893 10.029	- 39 9,261 9,300	157 3.656 3,499	145 522 377	38 509 471	31 692 661	- 65 383 448	115 486 601	79 619 r 540 r	44 444 400
8 Bonds, net purchases, or sales (-)	-1,001 17,084 18,086	-5,436 17,540 22,976	-1.623 14,613 16,237	-106 1,222 1,327	-99 1,513 1,612	-540 2,549 3,089	-33 2.254 2.287	461 2,755 2,294	-762 ^r 2,033 ^r 2,795 ^r	-544 2,288 2,832
1 Net purchases, or sales (-), of stocks and bonds.	-3,138	-5,475	- 1,467	39	-62	- 509	- 98	346	~684r	- 500
2 Foreign countries 3 Europe 4 Canada 5 Latin America and Caribbean 6 Asia 7 Africa 8 Other countries 9 Nonmonetary international and regional organizations	-4,014 -1,108 -1,948 86 -1,147 24 79	-4,463 -681 -3,698 170 -291 -53 90 -1,012	-1,353 -429 -1,046 679 -530 -34 8	11 132 -164 67 -3 -15 -5	-121 -58 -102 67 -21 -1 -7	-525 109 -628 96 -115 -5 17	-32 -127 120 202 -209 -17 0	1267 -40 -76 1447 -53 -1 -1	-305r -425 -81r 76r 127 0 -2	-507 -21 -266 26 -255 3 6
2 Foreign countries 3 Europe 4 Canada 5 Latin America and Caribbean 6 Asia 7 Africa 8 Other countries 9 Nonmonetary international and	-4,014 -1,108 -1,948 -86 -1,147 24 79	-4,463 -681 -3.698 170 -291 -53 90	-1,353 -429 -1,046 679 -530 -34	11 132 -164 67 -3 -15 -5	-121 -58 -102 67 -21 -1 -7	-525 109 -628 96 -115 -5	-32 -127 120 202 -209 -17	126 ^r -40 -76 144 ^r -53 -1 -1	-	305 r 425 - 81 r 76 r 127 0 - 2

^{1.} Comprises oil-exporting countries as follows: Bahrain, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and United Arab Emirates (Trucial States).

Includes state and local government securities, and securities of U.S. government agencies and corporations. Also includes issues of new debt securities sold abroad by U.S. corporations organized to finance direct investments abroad.

3.25 MARKETABLE U.S. TREASURY BONDS AND NOTES Foreign Holdings and Transactions Millions of dollars

			1982				1982		-	
Country or area	1980	1981	Jan July	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July P
				ŀ	doldings (er	nd of perio	q) ₁			
1 Estimated total ²	57,549	70,201		71,487	73,800	75,794	77,268	77,836°	78,199 <i>°</i>	79,655
2 Foreign countries ²	52,961	64,530		65,850	68,273	70,251	71,925	72,950r	73,005 r	75,363
3 Europe ² 4 Belgium-Luxembourg . 5 Germany ² 6 Netherlands . 7 Sweden . 8 Switzerland ² 9 United Kingdom . 10 Other Western Europe . 12 Canada	24,468 77 12,327 1,884 595 1,485 7,323 777 0 449 999 292 285 421 26,112 9,479 919 14 4,588 4,548 36	23.976 543 11.861 1.955 643 846 6.709 1.419 0 514 736 286 319 131 38.671 10.780 631 25.671		24.373 614 11.898 1,998 644 904 6.800 1.514 286 321 113 39.700 10.844 519 3 5.637 5.603	25.332 363 12.845 2.038 635 984 6.931 1.535 0 499 728 286 337 104 41.310 11.022 400 5.5.527 5.493 -4	26.085 539 13.055 2,052 697 1.025 7.037 1.680 0 458 760 286 370 11.203 42.531 11.203 401 117 5.543	26.393 709 13.231 2.139 62.2 1.157 6.737 1.757 0 473 886 306 306 43.750 11.381 403 22 5.343 5.278 -4	26.021r 340 12.974 12.152 655 1.134 6.811 1.954 0 506 938 296 437r 204 45,060 11,396 405 21	25,738r 152 13,022 2,176 652 2,1039 6,674r 2,023 410 910r 253 432r 253 432r 254 45,516r 11,137 405 26 5,194r 5,123 -6	26,454 1555 13,535 2,147 650 1,016 6,923 2,028 445 848 229 402 217 47,189 405 23 4,292 4,167 -6
			Trans	actions (ne	t purchases	, or sales (–) during	period)		
24 T-4-17	(0//	12 (52	0.454	1.207	,,,,	1.004	1.474	F.C	2621	1.45~
24 Total ² 25 Foreign countries ² 26 Official institutions 27 Other foreign ² 28 Nonmonetary international and regional organizations.	6,066 6,906 3,865 3,040 -843	12,652 11,568 11,694 - 127 1,085	9,454 10.833 9,918 914 -1,378	1,320 841 478 - 33	2,313 2,423 2,343 80 -110	1,994 1,978 1,314 664 16	1,474 1,674 812 862 - 200	1.025' 1.474 - 448' - 457'	362 r 54 r 318 r - 264 r 309 r	2,358 2,817 -458 -903
MEMO: Oil-exporting countries 29 Middle East ³	7,672 327	11,156 - 289	6,912 -227	1,019 -112	1,373 - 119	470 0	906 2	907 2	924 0	1,313

^{1.} Estimated official and private holdings of marketable U.S. Treasury securities with an original maturity of more than 1 year. Data are based on a benchmark survey of holdings as of Jan. 31, 1971, and monthly transactions reports. Excludes nonmarketable U.S. Treasury bonds and notes held by official institutions of foreign countries.

Beginning December 1978, includes U.S. Treasury notes publicly issued to private foreign residents denominated in foreign currencies.
 Comprises Bahrain, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and United Arab Emirates (Trucial States).
 Comprises Algeria, Gabon, Libya, and Nigeria.

3.26 DISCOUNT RATES OF FOREIGN CENTRAL BANKS

Percent per annum

Country	Rate on Aug. 31, 1982			Rate on Aug. 31, 1982			Rate on Aug. 31, 1982	
Country	Per- cent	Month effective	Country	Per- cent	Month effective	Country	Per- cent	Month effective
Argentina Austria Belgium Brazil Canada Denmark	226.0 6.25 13.0 49.0 13.95 11.00	Aug. 1982 Aug. 1982 Aug. 1982 Mar. 1981 Aug. 1982 Oct. 1980	France ¹ Germany, Fed. Rep. of Italy Japan Netherlands Norway	14.25 7.0 18.0 5.5 7.0 9.0	Aug. 1982 Aug. 1982 Aug. 1981 Dec. 1981 Aug. 1982 Nov. 1979	Sweden Switzerland. United Kingdom ² Venezuela.	10.0 5.0 14.0	Mar. 1982 Aug. 1982 Aug. 1981

As of the end of February 1981, the rate is that at which the Bank of France discounts Treasury bills for 7 to 10 days.
 Minimum lending rate suspended as of Aug. 20, 1981.

NOTE. Rates shown are mainly those at which the central bank either

discounts or makes advances against eligible commercial paper and/or government commercial banks or brokers. For countries with more than one rate applicable to such discounts or advances, the rate shown is the one at which it is understood the central bank transacts the largest proportion of its credit operations.

3.27 FOREIGN SHORT-TERM INTEREST RATES

Percent per annum, averages of daily figures

Country, or type	1979	1980	1981	1982						
Country, or type	1979	1960	1201	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
1 Eurodollars 2 United Kingdom 3 Canada 4 Germany 5 Switzerland	11.96	14.00	16.79	15.75	14.90	15.20	14.53	15.45	14.37	11.57
	13.60	16.59	13.86	14.47	13.53	13.69	13.31	12.96	12.35	11.08
	11.91	13.12	18.84	15.25	15.67	15.74	15.46	16.84	16.23	14.76
	6.64	9.45	12.05	10.22	9.84	9.30	9.12	9.22	9.41	8.94
	2.04	5.79	9.15	8.29	6.37	4.96	3.80	5.39	4.32	4.07
6 Netherlands 7 France 8 Italy 9 Belgium 10 Japan	9.33	10.60	11.52	10.06	8.90	8.20	8.62	8.75	8.95	8.66
	9.44	12.18	15.28	14.58	15.21	16.36	16.17	15.67	14.64	14.43
	11.85	17.50	19.98	21.34	20.63	20.62	20.59	20.51	20.18	19.52
	10.48	14.06	15.28	14.89	14.02	14.95	15.00	15.38	15.22	14.00
	6.10	11.45	7.58	6.38	6.43	6.57	6.80	7.14	7.15	7.14

NOTE. Rates are for 3-month interbank loans except for Canada, finance company paper; Belgium, 3-month Treasury bills; and Japan, Gensaki rate,

3.28 FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES

Currency units per dollar

Country/currency	1979	1980	1981			19	82		
	111.77 13.387 12.9.342 n.a. 1.1603 n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. s.2662 1.8342 n.a. n.a. 8.1555 n.a. n.a. n.a. 204.65 n.a. n.a. 831.10 229.62 2.1721 2.2.816 2.0072 19.02 2.372 2.816 2.0072 19.02 2.373 5.0650 n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a	1700	1701	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
1 Argentina/peso . 2 Australia/dollar ¹ 3 Austria/schilling 4 Belgium/franc 5 Brazil/cruzeiro . 6 Canada/dollar . 7 Chile/peso . 8 China P. R./yuan . 9 Colombia/peso .	111.77 13.387 29.342 n.a. 1.1603 n.a. n.a.	n.a. 114.00 12.945 29.237 n.a. 1.1693 n.a. n.a. 5.6345	n.a. 114.95 15.948 37.194 92.374 1.1990 n.a. 1.7031 n.a. 7.1350	10795.65 106.03 16.711 44.379 144.07 1.2205 39.100 1.8429 60.956 8.0396	11761.36 105.15 16.853 45.292 151.03 1.2252 39.407 1.8565 61.057 8.1591	13942.50 105.94 16.274 43.666 159.08 1.2336 39.537 1.8123 62.365 7.8444	15025.00 103.23 17.114 46.183 167.70 1.2756 43.373 1.9014 63.318 8.3481	19671.43 101.09 17.342 47.029 177.97 1.2699 47.228 1.9300 65.539 8.5402	21172.73 97.83 17.431 47.483 188.25 1.2452 54.941 1.9432 65.179 8.6482
11 Finland/markka 12 France/franc 13 Germany/deutsche mark 14 Greece/drachma 15 Hong Kong/dollar 16 India/rupee 17 Indonesia/rupiah 18 Iran/rial 19 Ireland/pound ¹ 20 Israel/shekel	4.2566 1.8342 n.a. n.a. 8.1555 n.a. n.a. 204.65	3.7206 4.2250 1.8175 n.a. n.a. 7.8866 n.a. n.a. 205.77 n.a.	4.3128 5.4396 2.2631 n.a. 5.5678 8.6807 n.a. 79.324 161.32 n.a.	4.5663 6.1428 2.3800 61.769 5.8298 9.2935 649.00 n.a. 147.25 18.766	4.6097 6.2457 2.3970 63.541 5.8270 9.3923 651.14 n.a. 144.22 20.014	4.5045 6.0237 2.3127 62.892 5.7549 9.2965 653.67 n.a. 149.60 21.184	4.6763 6.5785 2.4292 67.795 5.8669 9.4668 654.98 n.a. 141.92 23.179	4.7278 6.8560 2.4662 69.434 5.9025 9.5633 659.18 n.a. 139.48 25.320	4.7515 6.9285 2.4813 70.165 6.0598 9.5741 662.11 n.a. 138.54 26.940
21 Italy/lira 22 Japan/yen 23 Malaysia/ringgit 24 Mexico/peso 25 Netherlands/guilder 26 New Zealand/dollar ¹ 27 Norway/krone 28 Peru/sol 29 Philippines/peso 30 Portugal/escudo	219.02 2.1721 22.816 2.0072 102.23 5.0650 n.a. n.a.	856.20 226.63 2.1767 22.968 1.9875 97.34 4.9381 n.a. n.a. 50.082	1138.60 220.63 2.3048 24.547 2.4998 86.848 5.7430 n.a. 7.8113 61.739	1293.29 241.23 2.3265 45.366 2.6186 77.698 6.0255 561.08 8.3291 70.488	1321.60 244.11 2.3395 46.152 2.6594 76.562 6.0820 591.29 8.3565 72.493	1283.37 236.96 2.2907 46.903 2.5709 77.025 5.9675 622.87 8.4016 70.610	1358.43 251.20 2.3392 47.716 2.6848 74.951 6.1869 656.11 8.4511 78.477	1382.26 255.03 2.3554 48.594 2.7239 73.990 6.3557 693.56 8.4802 84.514	1392.60 259.04 2.3528 90.187 2.7295 73.217 6.6785 730.97 8.5142 85.914
31 Singapore/dollar 32 South Africa/rand/1 33 South Korea/won 34 Spain/peseta 35 Sri Lanka/rupec 36 Sweden/krona 37 Switzerland/franc 38 Thailand/baht 39 United Kingdom/pound/1 40 Venezuela/bolivar	118.72 n.a. 67.158 15.570	n.a. 128.54 n.a. 71.758 16.167 4.2309 1.6772 n.a. 232.58 n.a.	2.1053 114.77 n.a. 92.396 18.967 5.0659 1.9674 21.731 202.43 4.2781	2.1213 97.930 714.67 104.53 20.700 5.8361 1.8886 23.050 180.53 4.3012	2.1329 94.880 721.03 106.15 20.575 5.9144 1.9624 23.025 177.20 4.3023	2.0886 94.010 724.35 102.987 20.365 5.7888 1.9500 23.000 181.03 4.2991	2.1379 89.57 738.30 109.215 20.750 6.0244 2.0789 23.000 175.63 4.2953	2.1464 87.20 743.06 111.57 20.895 6.1159 2.0960 23.000 173.54 4.2951	2.1594 86.77 744.45 112.079 20.895 6.1441 2.1119 23.000 172.50 4.2981
MEMO: United States/dollar ²	88.09	87.39	102.94	112.45	114.07	111.03	116.97	118.91	119.63

revised as of August 1978. For description and back data, see "Index of the Weighted-Average Exchange Value of the U.S. Dollar: Revision" on page 700 of the August 1978 BULLETIN.

NOTE. Averages of certified noon buying rates in New York for cable transfers.

Guide to Tabular Presentation, Statistical Releases, and Special Tables

GUIDE TO TABULAR PRESENTATION

the smallest unit given is millions)

Symbols and Abbreviations

c	Corrected	0	Calculated to be zero
e	Estimated	n.a.	Not available
р	Preliminary	n.e.c.	Not elsewhere classified
r	Revised (Notation appears on column heading when	IPCs	Individuals, partnerships, and corporations
	about half of the figures in that column are changed.)	REITs	Real estate investment trusts
*	Amounts insignificant in terms of the last decimal place	RPs	Repurchase agreements
	shown in the table (for example, less than 500,000 when	SMSAs	Standard metropolitan statistical areas

General Information

Minus signs are used to indicate (1) a decrease, (2) a negative figure, or (3) an outflow.

"U.S. government securities" may include guaranteed issues of U.S. government agencies (the flow of funds figures also include not fully guaranteed issues) as well as direct

obligations of the Treasury. "State and local government" also includes municipalities, special districts, and other political subdivisions.

Cell not applicable

In some of the tables details do not add to totals because of rounding.

July 1982 A70

STATISTICAL RELEASES

List Published Semiannually, with Latest Bulletin Reference Anticipated schedule of release dates for periodic releases June 198	Page 1 A78
SPECIAL TABLES	
Published Irregularly, with Latest Bulletin Reference	
Assets and liabilities of U.S. branches and agencies of foreign banks, March 31, 1982 Commercial bank assets and liabilities, June 30, 1981 Commercial bank assets and liabilities, September 30, 1981 Commercial bank assets and liabilities, December 31, 1981 April 198	1 A74 2 A70

Commercial bank assets and liabilities, March 31, 1982

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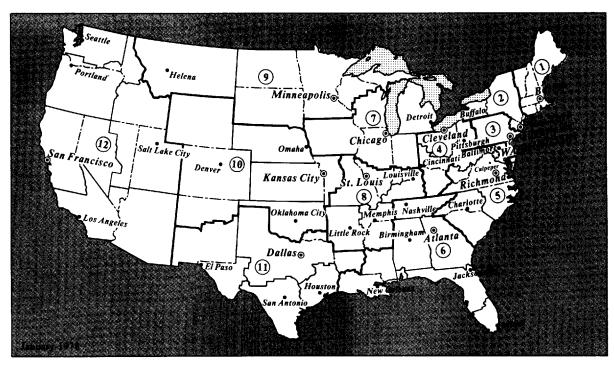
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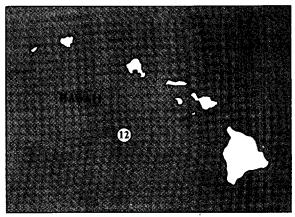
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