# FEDERAL RESERVE BUILETTN 

November 1958

BOARD OF GOVERNORS<br>OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

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## Contents

The Pattern of Recovery ..... 1253
Open Market Operations in Long-Term Securities ..... 1260
Member Bank Earnings, First Half of 1958 ..... 1275
Time Deposits, Mid-1957 to Mid-1958 ..... 1277
Law Department ..... 1279
Current Events and Announcements ..... 1285
National Summary of Business Conditions ..... 1286
Financial and Business Statistics, U. S. (Contents on p. 1289) ..... 1291
International Financial Statistics (Contents on p. 1349) ..... 1350
Board of Governors and Staff ..... 1367
Open Market Committee and Staff; Federal Advisory Council ..... 1368
Federal Reserve Banks and Branches ..... 1368
Federal Reserve Board Publications ..... 1375
Index to Statistical Tables ..... 1377
Map of Federal Reserve System Inside back cover
Volume 44 * Number ir

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cents per copy per month, or $\$ 5.00$ for 12 months.

## The Pattern of Recovery

Economic recovery has been vigorous since the recession low this spring. In the current quarter, the dollar value of gross national product will probably exceed the record annual rate of $\$ 446$ billion reached in the summer of 1957, but the physical volume of goods and services is unlikely to attain the earlier high. The labor force, industrial capacity, and productivity have increased further and resources are ample for output to rise well above the previous peak.

The recent downturn was shortlived and moderate, but somewhat sharper than the two preceding ones. In contrast with 1949 and 1954, when activity changed little for a number of months after cyclical lows were reached, recovery this time began immediately. The level of economic activity achieved by October, more than a year after the cyclical peak, compares favorably with levels reached in similar intervals after the two preceding peaks.

The rapidity of recovery, notwithstanding the initial strength of recession forces, reflects many factors. Monetary and fiscal developments helped to limit declines and to stimulate recovery. Unemployment compensation payments operated to maintain consumer incomes. Consumer spending declined little and soon began to advance again. Greater availability of mortgage credit facilitated a marked rise in housing starts. Following sharp declines, both exports and business spending for fixed capital leveled off early in the recovery period. State and local government pur-


NoTE.-Department of Commerce quarteriy estimates, adjusted for seasonal variation. "Investment" includes producers' durable equipment, private construction other than nonfarm residential, change in business inventories, and net foreign investment.
chases of goods and services rose without interruption.

As aggregate consumer, business, and government demand steadied and then turned up, the rapid rate of inventory liquidation moderated. These developments have stimulated increased output of goods since April, and in October industrial production was almost two-thirds of the way back to its August 1957 level. Output of nondurable goods was at a new high. Durable goods production, where declines in demand had been concentrated, was still well below its earlier peak.

As is typical of upturns, gains in employment have been less rapid than in output,
partly because increased requirements are first met by lengthening the workweek and partly because productivity tends to rise sharply during recovery. Nonfarm employment was 600,000 higher in October than in April, but was still 1.8 million below the pre-recession high. Unemployment has declined in recent months, after allowance for seasonal influences, but is well above a year earlier.

Both recession and recovery have been accompanied by relatively small changes in prices. Average industrial prices have about made up their small recession declines. Prices of a number of basic materials have advanced from reduced levels and steel prices rose at midyear, but prices of most finished goods have changed little. Consumer prices have leveled off since spring, after a sustained rise of 8 per cent from April 1956.

## GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURES

Federal Government purchases of goods and services have been advancing this year as a result of larger defense outlays, pay increases to civilian and military personnel, and increased outlays for farm price sup-
ports. Estimates for the fiscal year 1959 in the Midyear Budget Review indicate some further increase in purchases.

Defense orders have been in large volume, following sharp declines in the second half of 1957. Research and development activities in missiles, electronics, and atomic energy have accelerated. The recent rise in defense spending contrasts with a sustained decline of $\$ 12$ billion, annual rate, from the end of the Korean War in mid-1953 to late 1954, when recovery was under way.

Federal payments other than for goods and services also influence economic activity and add directly or indirectly to personal income. By far the largest increase in dollar amount over the past year has been in unemployment compensation payments.

Other types of Federal cash outlay have also risen. These include old age and survivors' insurance benefits, veterans' benefits, grants-in-aid to State and local governments (with a substantial increase in Federal highway aid), special housing assistance, and interest payments on the public debt. With payments to the public much higher and receipts lower, a large cash deficit has developed in the fiscal year 1959.

SELECTED BUSIMESS INDEXES


Note.-Seasonally adjusted series, except for prices. Bureau of Labor Statistics data for employment and prices, and Federal Reserve data for production. Industrial prices are
wholesale prices of all comodities other than farm products and foods. Latest figures shown are for October, for which consumer prices were estimated by the Federal Reserve.

State and local government purchases of goods and services have continued to expand in the recent recession and recovery, as they have throughout the postwar period. Rapid population growth, high and rising incomes, large-scale movement to suburban areas, and the increasing importance of the younger age groups have maintained strong pressures on educational and other community services. Of special significance has been construction of new facilities, such as schools and highways.

## BUSINESS INVESTMENT

The major contractive influence from the summer of 1957 to the first quarter of 1958 was a decline in business investment outlays of more than $\$ 17$ billion, annual rate. Since spring, the decline in outlays for producers' durable equipment has leveled off, and the rate of inventory liquidation has slackened markedly. The decline in business construction appears to be halting in the current quarter. Increased sales and substantial gains in productivity have resulted in a rapid advance since midyear in corporate profits from their sharply reduced level.

The outlays for equipment and construction shown in the chart include some rise in expenditures by farm operators, reflecting the pick-up in farm incomes this year, as well as continued expansion in capital outlays by nonprofit institutions for churches, schools, and hospitals.

Fixed investment. Nonfarm business spending for plant and equipment has changed little since midyear, but is likely to be down one-sixth for 1958 as a whole. Capacity in both manufacturing and nonmanufacturing sectors is being further enlarged as many expansion programs initiated earlier are being completed. Steel capacity will increase about 4 per cent and electric gen-


NoTE-Department of Commerce quarterly estimates, adjusted for seasonal variation.
erating capacity about 10 per cent in 1958.
The October survey by the McGraw-Hill Publishing Company indicated that nonfarm businesses planned to spend about the same amount for plant and equipment in 1959, and also in 1960, as in 1958. It may be noted that past surveys taken at an early stage of recovery, before the emergence of strong pressures on capacity, have tended to understate subsequent increases in capital spending.

The 1957-58 decline in business outlays for fixed capital was similar in magnitude and duration to the decline in 1949 following the first postwar investment boom. Rapid retrenchment characterized most industries in both periods, with electric utilities a major exception. In 1957-58, cutbacks in expenditures by commercial companies were only moderate.

In 1953-54, the drop in total business capital outlays was both smaller and less
abrupt than in the other postwar recessions. In part, this reflected a tapering off in many defense-related expansion programs well before the fourth quarter of 1953, when total capital outlays began to decline.

Inventories. Moderate accumulation of business inventories in the summer of 1957 gave way to liquidation at an annual rate of $\$ 9.5$ billion in the first quarter of 1958. This adjustment was one of the largest on record. In the third quarter, however, liquidation was down to a rate of $\$ 5$ billion and by now is probably much smaller.

Liquidation of inventories was concentrated at the manufacturing level and was mainly in durable goods lines. The sharpest cuts were in the machinery and transportation equipment industries. In the third quarter, liquidation in durable goods lines slowed down, largely because of restocking in the automotive industry. Inventories of nondurable goods manufacturers have continued to decline moderately.

Distributors' inventories also declined moderately last winter, but since then have changed little at most types of outlets. Dealers' stocks of automobiles, however, fell sharply through October.

## EXPORTS AND IMPORTS

Foreign purchases of United States goods and services have not changed much since early this year, following a sharp drop. In contrast, exports in 1954 were an expansive element from the beginning of recovery. The fall in exports after mid-1957 exceeded $\$ 4$ billion, annual rate. It reflected not only a leveling off in aggregate industrial activity abroad, but also production declines in industries such as steel and textiles where foreign countries had previously accumulated stocks of imported materials and domestic products. Economic activity abroad has
not yet started to expand again, and production in some lines is well below capacity.

United States imports of goods and services have changed relatively little during the past two years. In the first three quarters of 1958 they totaled about $\$ 500$ million less than in the corresponding period of 1957. Thus, through September, the impact of recovery in demand in this country was largely confined to domestic production.

## RESIDENTIAL CONSTRUCTION

Residential construction has been an expansive influence this year, as in 1954. The dollar value of private residential construction activity in October was almost one-fifth above the May low and back to the high established in mid-1955. Prices of building materials and residential construction costs, which have risen somewhat in recent months, are considerably higher than they were in mid-1955.

In October, at a seasonally adjusted annual rate of $1,260,000$, the number of new private dwelling units started was the largest in the past three years. It was more than one-third above the February-March rate, which was the lowest since the spring of 1949. About 1.1 million units may be started in 1958, compared with almost one million in 1957 and 1.3 million in 1955. The number of public housing units started has also increased sharply this year.

The increase in private housing starts this year-like the large decline of preceding years-has been mainly in units financed under Federally underwritten programs. The flow of credit for FHA-insured and VAguaranteed mortgages increased in response to the general easing in credit markets during the recession, and to legislative and administrative measures taken in 1957 and 1958.

Conventionally financed mortgages have been better able to compete with alternative investment outlets in times of strong general demand for credit than have Federally underwritten mortgages. Thus, the number of private housing starts financed under conventional arrangements was comparatively steady at a high level from mid-1951 to mid1957, and has since increased moderately.

## CONSUMER EXPENDITURES

Consumer spending has been increasing since spring, following a brief decline last fall and winter. Outlays were at a new high in the third quarter, one per cent above a year earlier. In October, retail sales were above the average for the third quarter. Consumer prices have been higher than in 1957, however, and the physical volume of consumer purchases has not yet regained earlier highs. The decline in physical volume is larger on a per capita basis, with a growth of 1.7 per cent in population over the past year.

Durable goods. Consumer purchases of durable goods declined sharply during the recession, mostly because of slack demand for 1958 model automobiles. Early reports on sales of the 1959 models have been generally favorable. A clear demand pattern has not yet emerged, however, since dealer stocks have been low as a result of work stoppages at automobile plants in October. List prices for new models average about 4 per cent above last year.

Sales of new domestic cars are estimated at 4.3 million in 1958, compared with almost 6 million in 1956 and 1957 and a record 7.4 million in 1955. In contrast, sales of imported autos through September were more than four-fifths higher than a year earlier and for 1958 they may exceed 350,000 . Sales of used cars have held up better than new


Note-Department of Commerce quarterly estimates, adjusted for seasonal variation.
domestic cars and prices have been strong.
The decline in automobile sales has been accompanied by a substantial reduction in the amount of credit extended. Repayments have come down slightly and outstanding automobile instalment credit, seasonally adjusted, in the first three quarters of 1958 showed the first substantial reduction of the postwar period. Instalment credit terms have continued easy.

Consumer spending for furniture, appliances, and other household equipment declined much less during the recession than spending for automobiles. Moderate improvement in demand in the third quarter of this year was accompanied by a much larger increase in output, as efforts were made to rebuild depleted inventories. In October, purchases were close to the advanced thirdquarter level.

Nondurable goods. Consumer purchases of nondurable goods, after a slight dip in late 1957, have been rising fairly steadily.

In the third quarter, they were up 2 per cent from the year-earlier level and at a new high. They continued strong in October.

A moderate advance in spending for food over the past year reflects higher prices. In September, retail food prices were 3 per cent higher than a year earlier. Spending for other nondurable goods has been increasing slowly, with little change in prices.

Services. Outlays for services have maintained their strong upward trend and in the third quarter were almost 5 per cent larger than a year earlier. Prices of services have generally continued to advance, but at a slower pace than in 1957.

Expansion in outlays for housing and household operation has continued, reflecting higher rents, utility rates, and other costs, as well as growth in the number of dwelling units. Advances in expenditures for medical care in part reflect further extension of prepaid hospitalization and surgical care programs and increased costs.

## PERSONAL INCOME

A notable feature of all three postwar recessions has been the near stability of personal income. During the recent contraction the decline was less than 2 per cent, and it largely reflected sharp curtailments of employment and earnings in durable goods manufacturing industries. Personal income turned up in March, a little earlier than other broad measures of economic activity. A slight decline in October resulted mainly from wage losses associated with work stoppages.

Wage and salary income has risen since April in private manufacturing and nonmanufacturing industries. Employment and hours have expanded, and hourly earnings have resumed their advance. Government payrolls are up substantially as a result


Note.-Department of Commerce monthly estimates, adjusted for seasonal variation. Transfer payments and labor income other than wage and salary disbursements are included with "All other," The July 1958 figures for the total and for with "All other." The July 1958 figures for the total and for ments to Federal employees. Latest figures shown are for October.
of increases in Federal pay scales and of higher employment and pay in State and local governments.

Unemployment compensation payments were a major offset to loss of wages during the recession. Payments increased somewhat further after recovery began, in part reflecting benefits provided by the Temporary Unemployment Compensation Program that became effective in late June. With old age and survivors' benefits also significantly higher, transfer payments in October totaled almost $\$ 27$ billion, annual rate, one-fifth larger than a year earlier.

Privately negotiated supplementary unemployment benefits paid to workers in the steel, automobile, and other industries also served to mitigate the decline in wage income. These benefits are not included in the total given in the preceding paragraph.

Net farm income has been well above the reduced level of last year. Delayed marketing of 1957 crops, sharply higher prices for livestock, and larger 1958 crops have all contributed to this increase. Production costs have risen further.

Dividend payments in general have been maintained despite sharp reductions in profits during the recession. Other forms of income are at or near their highs.

## CONSUMER SAVING

Net financial saving by consumers was large in the first three quarters of 1957, and remained so throughout the recession. It continued near the year-earlier level during recovery in the second and third quarters of 1958. Consumer acquisition of financial assets was smaller than in the middle quar-
ters of 1957 but the rise in consumer debt was also smaller.

Consumers added large amounts to their holdings of currency and deposits and savings and loan shares in the last two quarters, but they reduced their holdings of United States Government securities and added smaller amounts than a year earlier to holdings of other bonds.

Slower growth in total consumer debt, evident since the end of 1955, continued through the downturn and early part of recovery. Consumer credit outstanding declined during the first three quarters of 1958 in contrast with a moderate rise in 1957. Consumer mortgage debt grew at a slower rate in the first half of 1958 than a year earlier, but the rate of growth increased significantly during the third quarter.

# Open Market Operations in Long-Term Securities 

In the conduct of open market operations, the Federal Reserve Open Market Committee generally confines itself to purchases and sales of short-term securities, preferably Treasury bills. The existing policy was adopted five years ago on the basis of recommendations presented by an Ad Hoc Subcommittee of the Federal Open Market Committee. It was believed that such a policy would be conducive to a resilient market for United States Government securities and would also facilitate open market operations directed primarily toward influencing the general credit situation. The present article re-examines some implications of the policy in the light of operating experience since that time.

At the time the policy was adopted, it was criticized on the grounds that it prevented the System from directly stimulating or restricting the volume of funds available to the long-term money markets. The analysis underlying this criticism was that System transactions in short-term securities influenced primarily the short-term money markets and short-term interest rates. A comparable direct influence on the availability of funds in the long-term money markets and on long-term interest rates, it was contended, required similar direct operations in the long-term market.

The fact that interest rates on both shortterm and long-term securities have tended in the past to move generally in the same

[^0]direction, whatever the terms of the securities purchased or sold by the Open Market Committee, was attributed primarily to arbitrage. There were expressions of fear that, if the Federal Reserve confined its operations to short-term securities, arbitrage might not work efficiently or might work so slowly in a recession market that unduly high long-term interest rates would impede the borrowing of long-term funds in the capital markets.

The course of market developments over the past five years has shown that this view of the way System purchases or sales of Government securities affect the money and capital markets is oversimplified and inadequate. Even though System open market operations have been confined almost wholly to Treasury bills, the response to those operations in the long-term capital markets and in movements of long-term interest rates has been in general anything but lethargic. There is currently less doubt concerning the System's ability to exert an influence on long-term interest rates without direct intervention in the long-term market. This influence is not necessarily confined to the effects of open market operations. It may reflect changes in discount rates or anticipation of future Federal Reserve action.

In the latter part of 1957, for example, System operations were a decisive influence in one of the most rapid breaks in market interest rates, both long and short, on record. In this instance, the main drop in rates followed a lowering of Federal Reserve Bank discount rates in mid-November without any
marked immediate change in System holdings of either short-term or long-term United States Government securities. The basic factor in this dramatic break was an abrupt turnabout in market expectations as to the direction of monetary policy rather than an immediate increase in the supply of reserves available to the banking system or a decline in the demand for funds.

Subsequent experience has shown, on the other hand, that System actions are not in all cases the decisive influence on interest rates. In the early summer of 1958, for example, a change in market expectations with respect to prospective credit and business conditions uncovered a condition of widespread, and to some extent thinly margined, speculation in the market for United States Government securities. There followed a dramatic rise in the level of interest rates that persisted despite supporting purchases of United States Government securities of more than $\$ 600$ million by the Treasury and $\$ 1,300$ million by the Federal Reserve System. Treasury support purchases consisted almost entirely of inter-mediate-term maturities. Federal Reserve purchases included a small amount of inter-mediate- and long-term maturities, but for the most part consisted of short-term issues involved in the July refunding.

Interest rates rose even further during late July and August 1958 as Federal Reserve operations were directed first to absorbing redundant reserves injected into the market in the course of these supporting operations, and later, to establishing a technical money position more consistent with the strong recovery in business activity then in process. By mid-September, a 2 per cent discount rate prevailed at the Federal Reserve Banks in contrast with the earlier $13 / 4$ per cent rate. Free reserves were still positive but at a level just under $\$ 100$ million as compared with
nearly $\$ 550$ million in May. The rapid rise of long-term interest rates came to a halt in October, but their general level remained exceptionally high relative to the technical money position, as expressed in the level of Federal Reserve discount rates and of free reserves.

This episode demonstrated that a variety of forces, in addition to those flowing from Federal Reserve actions, affect the level of interest rates. One of the most important in this instance was a diversion of investment funds from bonds and similar longterm fixed interest obligations to common stocks, reflecting partly the recovery but partly also a hedge against a resumption of inflation. The episode also demonstrated some of the difficulties the System faces when it operates to support the market. The July purchases, made to correct a disorderly condition in the market that arose on the eve of a Treasury financing, at the same time helped to create redundant bank reserves that gave additional strength to the expectation of renewed inflation.

Finally, the episode highlighted the problem the Federal Reserve faces at all times when it diagnoses an emerging credit situation, in differentiating between market developments that reflect forces originating in the economy and those that reflect the response of credit markets to the technical money position established by the Federal Reserve System. The former, clearly dominant during the summer of 1958, are in most circumstances the more difficult to identify. Such differentiation is facilitated when System operations are confined to bills.

In view of developments such as these, it seems appropriate to re-examine (1) the ways in which Federal Reserve policy actions affect the availability of funds and market rates of interest, (2) the manner in which
these actions permeate the various sectors of the money and capital markets, and (3) certain features of the organization of the open capital markets that engender instability when expectations of lower or higher interest rates are not firmly based on actual changes in the supply of loanable funds relative to the demand. The re-examination in this article is supplemented by a review of the empirical experience of recent years to assess the relative influence of different System operations on the availability and cost of funds.

The purpose of the analysis is to provide background against which to evaluate the suggestion that direct System intervention in the long-term market for United States Government securities might be helpful in situations other than those calling for correction of disorderly conditions in the market. The analysis suggests that the lasting contribution of such additional use of direct intervention would be small, and that under certain conditions there would be considerable risk that such action might not only obstruct the functioning of the market but also make it more difficult for the Federal Reserve to judge the adequacy of its own actions.

## AVAILABILITY AND COST OF CREDIT AND CAPITAL

Federal Reserve operations in the Government securities market can be said to influence prices and yields of outstanding securities in three fundamentally different ways. (1) They affect the volume of securities available for trading and investment, (2) they change the volume of reserves available to member banks for making loans and investments or paying off debts, and (3) they influence the expectations of market professionals and other investors regarding market trends.

Change in outstanding securities. Open market operations bring about a direct change in the volume of securities available in the market for trading and investment. Thus, Federal Reserve purchases withdraw securities from the market and tend to raise the prices of those that remain. Conversely, Federal Reserve sales add to the total volume of securities in the market and tend to depress prices.

This relationship of System transactions to the volume of market-held securities is one to one, that is, each dollar of securities bought or sold withdraws or adds a dollar of securities to those available in the market. The effect is the same as that produced by any other buyer or seller of an equivalent amount. The price or interest rate response to the change in market supply is registered most strongly on the particular issues that are bought or sold, but, as will be noted later, it will also be reflected in some degree throughout all maturity sectors of the market by reason of actual or anticipated substitution and arbitrage in the market.

Change in member bank reserves. Federal Reserve open market operations also affect the prices and yields of Government securities because they change the volume of free reserves available to the member banks. System purchases of securities add to the volume of free reserves. Because the banking system operates on a percentage reserve basis, System purchases add roughly seven times the amount of the purchase to the total potential demand of the member banks for earning assets, including both loans and investments. Conversely, System sales of securities withdraw reserves from the banks, frequently causing member banks to borrow reserves through the System's discount window; such borrowing must generally be temporary and by definition does not avert
the contraction of free reserves. Again, because of the percentage reserve requirements, the System's sales decrease the potential demand of the member banks for earning assets by a multiple of the amounts sold.

The relationship here of System open market transactions to market demand and supply is not one to one. The effect is a multiple of the dollars added to or subtracted from the reserve base. Furthermore, when impulses toward expansion or contraction of bank earning assets arise from a change in the availability of reserves, effects of System transactions are not confined to the securities that happen to be bought or sold. They are dispersed over all types of assets commonly found in bank portfolios.

The same effects take place whenever the volume of free reserves changes, irrespective of the factor responsible for the change. To be specific, the effects are the same whether the factor responsible is a change in reserve requirements, a change in the demand for currency, a purchase or sale of gold, or an open market operation. It follows that the effects are the same irrespective of whether open market operations are conducted in the short- or the long-term sector of the market for Government securities.

Change in expectations. Finally, Federal Reserve open market operations also affect prices and yields in the United States Government securities market, particularly over the short run, by influencing market expectations, especially among dealers and market professionals. The System is a larger holder of United States Government securities than any private investment institution, and is not restricted in its operations by considerations of profit. When it enters the market, it always operates for a public-interest purpose, and can bring to bear far greater means than are at the dis-
posal of any individual operator in the market. Finally, the System operates from the very center of the market with far more knowledge than any other transactor of the total of investment and financial transactions currently taking place.

Under these circumstances, market transactors, particularly the market professionals, including the dealers, go to great lengths to probe the significance of all System policy actions, particularly operations in the securities market. ${ }^{1}$ As professional participants in the market, they are, of course, quickly aware of practically all such transactions. It is vital to their business for them to assess correctly the potential impact of System operations and to govern their own actions accordingly. They are not likely to operate against any trend in rates they think the System is trying to establish. Rather, they will try to anticipate such trends, both by closing out positions they expect to become less profitable and by establishing or strengthening positions consistent with the trend. As a consequence, when System actions give rise to firm expectations among market professionals with respect to interest rate trends, relatively small System operations may have important short-run effects on market quotations.

These effects, it should be reiterated, are only short run. Market professionals, including dealers, do not originate the savings that supply investable funds; nor do they

[^1]originate the demand for investment funds. They are essentially middlemen located at the heart of the market, seeking to anticipate by their trading the prices (or yields) that will clear the market. Not infrequently, the professionals overshoot the mark in trying to estimate either supply or demand even apart from the effects of System policy or the direction of that policy. There is always the possibility that they may assume that a given purchase or sale by the System foreshadows larger changes in bank reserve positions than in fact develop. In such cases, they may take positions and establish, for a period, an unsustainable level of prices or yields that is inconsistent with the actual supply-demand situation.

The possibility that an unsustainable level of prices or yields will prevail temporarily because market expectations are not borne out is a major reason for the System's policy of nonintervention in the intermediate- and long-term sectors of the market. Its operations in longer term securities would be much more subject to comment and possible misinterpretation by market professionals than are its operations in Treasury bills. This would probably be the case even if the market were accustomed to frequent System operations in these sectors. The very fact that the System took the initiative in buying or selling long-term securities, where the market is almost always thin as compared with the bill sector, would indicate a feeling on the part of Federal Reserve authorities that existing prices and yields on long-term securities were out of line. Market professionals perforce would have to try to assess this implication in their subsequent trades. Bill operations can also give rise to false or misleading expectations, but they are much less likely to do so.

In other words, operations by the System
in long-term securities can give rise to expectations not only regarding the direction of general monetary policy but also regarding specific prices and yields of long-term securities-a double set of possible misinterpretations. Bill operations lead mainly to expectations about general monetary policy.

## FLUIDITY—SUBSTITUTION AND ARBITRAGE

The major open money markets, particularly the markets for United States Government securities, are usually characterized by a high degree of fluidity as between the various maturity sectors, in the sense that fluctuations of any magnitude in one sector are likely to be paralleled by fluctuations in other sectors. This phenomenon is often attributed to arbitrage. It is often said, for example, that movements of prices and yields originating in the most sensitive and liquid sector of the market, that for Treasury bills, are transmitted to other sectors by reason of arbitrage with or without a certain amount of delay.

The term arbitrage, as used in this context, refers to closely timed purchases and sales of securities in different maturity sectors by professional operators which have the effect of generalizing movements in rates and yields. For example, a withdrawal by outside investors of funds from the Treasury bill sector would be reflected in a rise in bill rates, both absolutely and in relation to rates on Treasury certificates. This might induce professional operators simultaneously to sell certificates and buy bills, a transaction which would tend to restore the previous relationship between yields on bills and certificates. At the same time, it would tend to leave both yields higher than they were before the initial action took place.

In accounting for fluidity among the various sectors of the market, too much im-
portance should not be attributed to the transactions of the market professionals who engage in arbitrage. Much more important and basic to their operations as professionals, is the high degree of substitutability of security instruments that exists for many lenders and many borrowers in the credit and capital markets. Large commercial banks in particular, when their liquidity positions permit, operate actively and have positions for their own account in all major areas and in all major maturity sectors of the money markets. Large commercial banks are also important sources of financing for other transactors in those various areas and sectors. Since commercial banks, with their ability to expand or contract the means of payment, are always a major, and at times the dominant factor in the availability of funds, their operations in all major areas of the market and in all maturity sectors have the effect of integrating the different sectors.

In addition, managers of investment portfolios such as those of insurance companies and pension and trust funds, in seeking to maximize income, operate with great flexibility as between categories of investments and, when they think it will pay, between different maturity sectors.

Among borrowers, also, many can adopt a variety of financial plans to meet their financing needs. If they think the terms necessary to obtain more or less permanent funds will improve, they may postpone coming to the capital market. Instead, they may meet immediate needs by drawing down their liquid assets or by borrowing at short term from banks or other lenders.

For example, finance companies are more or less continuously borrowing large amounts in the short-, intermediate-, and long-term markets. Within limits, they are free at any time to shift a large part of their
borrowing to the sectors where financial costs are most reasonable. Governments and other public bodies are typically heavy borrowers in all maturity sectors, both of new money and of funds for refinancing. Because they enter the markets for large amounts, they are alert for signs of congestion in the different maturity sectors and are careful to offer their issues in sectors that appear capable of readily absorbing the offering.

These factors of broad substitutability on both sides of the money and capital markets are more fundamental than arbitrage in accounting for the fluidity, homogeneity, and responsiveness of the securities markets. This flexibility links the various sectors of the money and capital markets into a somewhat loosely integrated whole in which yield changes tend to move together in the various sectors. Furthermore, broad substitutability in the market accounts for the fact that arbitrage operations by professional specialists can be undertaken at a profit. At any point in time, of course, the operations of professionals, though they do not determine its shape, are primary in accounting for the smoothness of the yield curve.

In the light of these considerations, two broad observations may be made: (1) a considerable amount of interchangeability or substitutability on both the demand and the supply side of the organized money and capital markets tends to communicate stringency or ease in any one sector to all sectors; and (2) commercial banks are a particularly important element in this responsiveness inasmuch as they can operate on their own account, as well as finance the operations of others, in all major sectors of the markets. In doing so, they can expand or contract the means of payment.

These two observations about the functional characteristics of securities markets
help to explain the fact that changes in the tone or direction of the money markets that appear first in the bill sector of the Government securities market soon spread to the other sectors. Moreover, any change in availability of funds is likely to be reflected first in the bill sector.

It is easy to put money to work by investing in Treasury bills and also easy to convert funds so invested into cash with little loss. As a result, the bill sector is very broad and very active. It is quickly sensitive to small fluctuations in either demand or supply. The fact that funds are committed to bills when, say, free reserves are increasing, does not imply, however, that they are thereby rendered unavailable for investment in mortgages or long-term bonds. Rather, when a bank has excess reserves or excess liquidity, its funds are available for any type of lending or commitment the bank may choose, taking into consideration the relative return offered and with due regard to balance in the bank's portfolio. It is immaterial whether funds have been placed temporarily in bills, and there is no necessity that any given change in the trend of interest rates manifest itself first in the bill sector.

The speed with which changes in the availability of reserves are reflected in parallel changes in any individual sector of the market, such as the long-term sector, will depend basically (1) on the strength of demand in that sector relative to demand in other sectors, (2) on the attractiveness of the yield offered in the light of the risks involved, and (3) on the liquidity position of the banking system, that is, the size of its highly liquid asset holdings and the position of its loan-deposit ratio.

Ease in reserve positions will not be quickly reflected in an increase of commercial bank investments in the long-term
capital markets if banks generally are concerned about an insufficiency of short-term liquid assets or a high loan-deposit ratio. Under either condition, time is needed before bank activity in long-term investments is likely to be affected.

It takes time for banks to improve their liquidity by investing fresh accretions of reserves in liquid assets. As they do, rates in the short-term open money markets will tend to fall. It also takes time for borrowers, such as finance companies with access to short-term open markets, to refinance through these markets to repay bank loans, an operation that would bring about an improvement, that is, a reduction, in bank loan-deposit ratios.

The time taken for these two processes to operate sometimes accounts for what may seem to be a sluggish response in the longterm markets to changes in the availability of funds in the short-term markets. Time for these adjustments to take place is indispensable when net free reserves have increased but liquidity in bank earning assets is low. Long-term markets will not respond until bank portfolios have become more liquid and banks are again in a position to extend direct support to long-term issues. The banks would need this time interval before extending such support even if the Federal Reserve System itself operated in the long end of the market.

## OPERATION OF LONG-TERM MARKETS

A third broad observation applying to the money and capital markets is that any decision to borrow or lend a given dollar amount has much greater significance when it is taken in a long-term market than when it concerns short-term investments. This increased significance results from the fact that a commitment undertaken in a long-term
market fixes the borrower's costs and the lender's income for a longer time. This is one reason why long-term rates fluctuate so much less widely than shorter term rates. It is also a reason why relatively small changes in long-term interest rates have greater implications and consequences than much larger fluctuations in short-term rates.

For example, it is generally realized that a fluctuation of, say, one per cent in interest rates on short-term securities would normally be associated with a much smaller fluctuation in interest yields on long-term bonds. It is also generally realized that the relative change in capital values of the securities in the two maturity areas would be the opposite, that is, that the market price of a long bond would swing over a wider range than the market price of a short-term issue. It is less generally recognized, however, just how wide this swing would be. For example, as the chart shows, the cyclical swing in average prices of long-term United States Government securities from 1953 to the present has been in a range roughly 10 times greater than the corresponding fluctuation in prices of 9-12 month securities.

These differences are reflected in the manner in which borrowers approach the two areas. In general, approaches to the longterm markets are carefully timed, with an eye among other things to avoiding congestion of competing offerings. Investment bankers bringing out new long-term bond issues try to offer them, if at all feasible, at a time when the calendar is not clogged with competing issues. To the extent that longterm borrowing is postponable, this planning in a sense tends in the short run to ration the supply of new long-term securities to the volume of funds currently available in the market for investment. It acts to minimize short-run variations in prices and yields in

YIELDS AND PRICES ON U. S. GOVT. SECURITIES


Note.-For long-term bonds, yields are for issues due or callable in 10 years or more; prices are calculated from yields callable in 10 years or more; prices are calculated from yields month issues are calculated from yields on basis of an average of actual coupon rates and an assumed 11 -month issue.
the capital markets by limiting the amount of long-term securities offered to the amount of funds available at prevailing yields.

Under these circumstances, if for any reason the level of long-term yields quoted in the market is lower than is justified by the basic supply-demand position, the lower yields will tend to persist for a period until the volume of prospective issues, previously withheld but currently seeking a place on the calendar, grows to the point where nervous congestion develops and the true nature of the basic supply-demand position is disclosed. Unjustified market expectations with respect to prospective conditions in the longterm markets are thus likely to be dangerous to the effective functioning of money and capital markets-much more so than are unjustified expectations regarding conditions in the short-term markets.

## GENERAL EMPIRICAL EVIDENCE

Market behavior is compounded of almost innumerable strands, and so it is difficult to
substantiate or illustrate specific aspects of these observations by direct empirical evidence. Nevertheless, many of the features of behaviór described above can be subjected to a considerable degree of indirect factual testing and confirmation.

Broad movements of interest rates. If there is sufficient option for substitution of credit instruments as between different maturity sectors of the capital markets on both the demand and the supply side, one would expect the markets in general to move as a whole, that is, one would expect that broad movements in interest rates would usually be in the same direction in the long, intermediate, and short sectors. One would expect that divergent movements as between maturity sectors would be less frequent and of shorter duration than parallel movements. This accords with observed market behavior from 1953 through October 1958, as the chart below shows.

Yield curve patterns. If the effect of arbitrage and dealer portfolio activity is primarily to establish prices and yields that will

YIELDS ON SELECTED DEBT


Note.-Mortgage yields are calculated by Federal Reserve from Federal Housing Administration price data for FHA mortgages sold in the secondary market on the basis of an assumed average life of eight years, with interest rates varying from $41 / 4$ per cent in early 1953 to $51 / 4$ per cent in the past year. Corporate and municipal series are from Moody's In-
vestors Service. vestors Service.

YIELD CURVES - U. S. GOVT. SECURITIES

clear bids and offers in the different maturity sectors of the market, it would be expected that curves showing the distribution of yields on United States Government securities by maturities would be continuous rather than discontinuous as between the various sectors. Typical yield patterns in the United States Government securities market on particular days are illustrated in the chart above, which shows how professional activity, including arbitrage, results generally in a relatively smooth and consistent yield curve. In addition, the chart shows how the yield curve, according to maturity for a given category of security, changes its shape from time to time, reflecting the presence of differential supply-demand pressures in various maturity sectors of the market. In other words, substitution and professional activity have the effect of linking the various maturity sectors into an organic whole. They do not, however, completely obliterate differential pressures as between the sectors.

Bank reserve positions and interest rates. If commercial banks with their ability to create money are fundamentally important factors in the supply of funds for investment, interest rates would be expected to be highly responsive to changes in the reserve position of the commercial banks. This expectation with respect to the importance of the reserve position is confirmed by statistical evidence for member banks, as is brought out in the

SECURITY YIELDS AND RESERVE POSITION

chart above. This response would not always be overriding, of course. This was indicated by developments at the end of 1956, when bank liquidity was low and many rates remained firm despite an easing in the reserve position. It was also indicated by the developments in the summer of 1958 referred to earlier. Interest rates on occasion would also reflect changes in such factors as market demand for credit and capital, the supply of funds from others than banks, loan-deposit ratios of banks, and Federal Reserve discount rates.

## BANK RESERVES VERSUS SUPPLY OF SECURITIES

Current market reporting is largely concerned with changes in the demand for and supply of investments in the various individual markets for Treasury bills, Treasury certificates, United States Government bonds, municipal bonds, etc. Day-to-day developments, in fact, are almost entirely described in terms of changes in demand for and supply of specific categories of issues.

If the general analysis set forth here is valid, a change in the aggregate volume of reserves available to the banking system would be expected to have much more effect on the availability of funds, and therefore on interest rates, in all the various maturity sectors of the market than would an equal dollar change in the volume of securities held or available for trading in the market. This would be expected because the impact of a change in reserves is a multiple one whereas the impact of a change in the volume of securities held or available in the market reflects a one-to-one relationship. In a rough general sense, the relative impact on interest rates or security yields of these two factors should be proportional to the required reserve ratio of the commercial banking system.

For example, if the Federal Reserve System buys or sells a given dollar amount of Treasury bills at a time when effective required reserves average one-seventh of demand deposits, something like seven-eighths of any resulting effect on market yields should reflect the changes in the volume of reserves available to the banks and only oneeighth the fact that the operation was executed in bills and therefore changed the volume of bills available for investment in the market. ${ }^{2}$ These same general principles

[^2]would be applicable if the open market operations were executed in the long end of the market.

It is impossible to test these principles by a study of the response of the market to given open market operations, since such operations exert various types of influence simultaneously. On the one hand, they add to or subtract from the volume of free reserves available to the commercial banks, while at the same time they add to or subtract from the volume of securities to be carried in some sector of the market.

In addition, as was noted earlier, the very fact that the Federal Reserve System has entered the market may give rise to expectations that will have, at least in the beginning, independent influence on quotations in the securities market. At times these quotations may reflect professional expectations fully as much as or more than they do changes either in the reserve positions of the banks or in the amount of market-held securities in the various maturity sectors. This factor could become still more important if open market operations were conducted in the intermediate or long sector of the market. It is most likely to be minimized when open market operations are confined to the bill sector.

There are other ways, however, of testing whether open market operations exert greater effect through their impact on re-
in circulation varies from time to time but at present is about five to one. There is some question, however, whether this ratio would be the most appropriate for the relationships analyzed in this paper, partly because it includes time and savings deposits which are less closely related than demand deposits to the process of credit expansion, and partly because it includes currency in circulation, which does not fluctuate closely with changes in the supply of reserves. For these reasons, and for the sake of simplicity in exposition, the illustrative ratio used in the paper, seven to one, is the current ratio of required reserves to demand deposits at all member banks.
serves than through their impact on the market supply of instruments of particular maturities. For example, if, as general analysis suggests, something like seveneighths of the effect of an open market operation on the availability of funds in the market represents the effect of that operation on bank reserve positions, and the multiple expansion of credit therein, while only oneeighth reflects the fact that bills were simultaneously put into or withdrawn from the market, it follows that a comparable change in the level of net free reserves from whatever cause ultimately should affect the general credit situation and interest rates to roughly the same extent as the open market operation or within seven-eighths of the same extent. This should work out whether the change in bank reserve positions is brought about by movements of gold or currency or by changes in reserve requirements, neither of which in itself affects the volume of securities outstanding, or whether it is induced by open market operations that simultaneously change the volume of securities to be carried in the market.

Observation of the response to changes in reserve requirements reinforces this point. The System has reduced reserve requirements on five occasions since the TreasuryFederal Reserve accord in March 1951. On some of these occasions, partly offsetting open market sales by the System actually added to the volume of securities outstanding in the market. On each occasion, however, a greater availability of funds reflected the resulting free reserve position, and interest rates declined. That reaction, furthermore, was very close to what would have been expected if the same reserve position had been achieved solely through open market purchases, which, it may be noted, would also have removed securities from the
market. In short, reductions in reserve requirements that remove no securities from the market have been as effective in easing the money and capital markets as open market purchases in which securities are removed.

Still another source of empirical data, one that is completely free from any complications arising from changes in market expectations such as are frequently induced by Federal Reserve policy actions, may throw light on this problem. The data pertain to recurrent Treasury operations undertaken to refinance maturing issues of its huge outstanding debt.

Each year more than $\$ 20$ billion of mar-ket-held certificates, notes, and bonds are refinanced by exchange for new issues. Frequently intermediate securities, and sometimes long securities, have been included in the offers for exchange. Such occasions, consequently, furnish a prime opportunity to develop empirical data with respect to the effects on the availability of funds and on interest rates of changes in the maturity composition of market-held debt.

In the big refinancing of early 1958 , for example, nearly $\$ 10$ billion of market-held debt was refinanced, more than one-third into the 3s of 1964 and more than one-sixth into the $31 / 2 \mathrm{~s}$ of 1990 . This refinancing, in the course of a very few days, effected a huge redistribution in the market supply of investments as between the short-, the inter-mediate-, and the long-maturity sectors. More than $\$ 3.5$ billion of securities were shifted out of the very short to the intermediate sector, and more than $\$ 1.5$ billion additional issues were shifted from the very short to the very long maturity sector.

On this occasion there was a shift in the distribution of securities to be carried in the various maturity sectors of the market that
was analogous to what would have been induced had the Federal Reserve System undertaken a huge swapping operation in which it purchased some $\$ 5$ billion of certificates in the market, and simultaneously sold some $\$ 3.5$ billion of issues maturing in 1964 and some $\$ 1.5$ billion of issues maturing in 1990. However, had a Federal Reserve open market operation rather than a Treasury refunding caused this great shift in maturities, the action would have given rise to market expectations about prospective changes in yields of long-term securities that would have affected quotations independently of any effects arising from the shifts of the operation itself.

The reaction of the market to such refinancing operations of the Treasury, however, is free from this influence. It provides, consequently, empirical evidence on three interrelated questions. (1) What is the nature of the market response to additions to or subtractions from market-held debt when the response is not complicated by expectations arising out of the fact that the Federal Reserve has decided to enter the market? (2) How much of the impact of the response is modified or absorbed by the high degree of fluidity that exists among the various maturity sectors on both sides of the market? (3) How large would direct operations by the Federal Reserve System in long-term United States Government securities have to be to exert a significant influence on the availability of long-term funds for investment if the expectations of market professionals and others had no impact on the market?

The reaction of market interest rates to this huge operation is shown in the chart on the following page, where the yield curve on January 13, 1958, before the nature of the refunding was known, is

## IMPACT OF REFUNDING ON YIELD CURVES

U. S. GOVT. SECURITIES

compared with the yield curve on February 5, 1958, after the refunding had been completed. This comparison, of course, does to some extent reflect other market influences. For example, the decline of short-term interest rates from January 13 to February 5 was also affected by the general shift to easier money conditions then under way. Similarly, had it not been for the change in money conditions, long-term rates would probably have advanced more than they did. On the whole, however, the answers to the first two of these three questions, as provided by the response to the recent Treasury refinancing, are (1) that the effect on yields of the redistribution of maturities among the various sectors of the market was noticeable but still limited considering the magnitudes involved, and, consequently, (2) that substitutability is a very important market phenomenon in limiting these responses in specific maturity groupssufficiently important to mitigate appreciably the effects of very large shifts in the volume of securities outstanding in the various maturity sectors of the market.

In this recent case, for example, bill rates, which had been dropping for some time previous to the refinancing, dropped appreciably further as the volume of short instruments available for investment diminished more than $\$ 5$ billion. That the reaction was
limited in view of the amounts involved is indicated by the fact that bill rates did not drop even to $11 / 2$ per cent, and remained much above levels that usually prevail when member banks have $\$ 500$ million of free reserves. Long-term bond yields, which had also been dropping rapidly, concurrently leveled off and then rose somewhat as these large volumes of additional securities were absorbed in the intermediate and long sectors of the market. There was, however, no sharp upward reaction. Nevertheless, the long-term capital markets continued to absorb new issues in record volume.

These responses were certainly tangible and definite, as would be expected on general grounds. At the same time, considering the huge amounts of securities involved, the effects both on interest rates and on the ability of the capital markets to absorb new securities suggest, in answer to the third question, that the Federal Reserve System would have to undertake very large swapping operations indeed if it wished to use this device to affect appreciably the availability of funds as among the short-, the intermediate-, and the long-maturity sectors of the market.

## RECAPITULATION OF ANALYSIS

The kinds of problem that would be encountered should the System intervene directly in the market for long-term Government securities are suggested in the foregoing analysis. The steps in the analysis may be briefly recapitulated.

System actions in the open market affect quoted interest rates in two major ways: (1) by altering basic demand-supply relationships in the credit and capital markets; and (2) by inducing a shift in expectations among market professionals and other investors.

With respect to the first of these responses, System actions influence demand-supply relationships in two ways: (1) by changing the volume of reserves available to the commercial banks for lending or investing; and (2) by changing the volume of securities in the market available for investment. Since the first effect is of overriding importance compared with the second, enduring effects either on short-term or on long-term interest rates differ very little as between operations in bills and operations in bonds, either of which changes the volume of reserves available to the banks.

Under present reserve requirements, one would expect that something like seveneighths of the interest rate response to any given open market operation would reflect the effect of that operation on the free reserve positions of banks and only oneeighth would reflect the fact that the open market operation also changed the volume of market-held debt. These general expectations accord with experience. Logically and empirically it makes no difference, in this respect, whether operations are in bonds or in bills. Thus the major effect of direct operations in long-term securities on basic supply-demand relationships would come from the fact that reserves were supplied or withdrawn, not the fact that long-term securities were purchased or sold.

But Federal Reserve operations, especially operations in long-term securities, also affect market expectations. Federal Reserve actions may induce shifts in expectations among market professionals, even when the effects of those actions on market quotations are ephemeral and supply-demand relationships remain unchanged. Such shifts in expectations may have adverse effects in the sense that they may distort or obscure the basic supply-demand position.

The consequences of mistaken expectations are most serious when they concern the long-term markets. The organization of the money and capital markets is such that longterm yields may persist for a time at lower levels than are justified by the volume of funds available for investment. In this interval, the volume of capital offerings tends to be rationed to the level of market demand, though eventually the pressure of offerings leads to obvious market congestion. Any shift in expectations induced by Federal Reserve policy actions creates the possibility of this type of problem.

In judging the technical effectiveness of its own actions and therefore in determining its own future operations, the Federal Reserve must continually guard against blind acceptance of movements in prices and yields as evidence of basic supply and demand conditions in the market. The quality of this evidence deteriorates the more the long-term sector is affected by shifting expectations. Shifts in expectations affecting the long-term sector would almost surely be more disturbing should the System intervene in it directly.

## CONCLUSION

The decision of the Federal Open Market Committee in 1953 to confine open market operations to short-term issues reflected primarily realization that the Government securities market occupied a crucial position in the postwar financial structure and a desire to promote the better technical functioning of that market by minimizing disturbances that might result from the System's own operations. Since the bill sector was very much broader than any other sector of the market, it was clear that such disturbances would be held to a minimum if System operations were confined primarily
to bills. The decision of the Committee reflected its confidence that confining operations to the shortest term securities would improve and not impair the market effectiveness of Federal Reserve policy actions.

Basically, the System aids the economy in times of recession by increasing flows of loanable funds and thus helping to finance active demands in the markets for men and materials. This is the ultimate aim of monetary policy at such a time. The achievement of lower interest rates in these circumstances represents a means to an end, not an end in itself. The effective monetary stimulant to the economy in time of recession is an increase in the availability of reserves to the member banks, since such reserves increase by a multiple factor the supply of funds available for loans and investments and also help to create a financial environment in which additional creditworthy enterprises are both tempted and able to borrow. This stimulant can be provided just as effectively by operations in bills as by operations in bonds.

Conversely, the System acts to restrain over-ebullience in the economy when it decreases the rate of credit creation at the commercial banks, thus minimizing excess pressure on the markets for goods and labor. The relief of this pressure, not higher interest rates, long- or short-term, is the object of a policy of restraint. The effect of such restraint in the face of active demands for credit will, of course, take the form of higher interest rates which will help to bring total money demand into line with resource availability. When open market operations are used, it is the lessened availability of bank
reserves that effectuates this restraint, not the fact that the security sold in conducting the operation was a long-term bond. Sales of bills are fully as effective in absorbing reserves from the member banks as sales of long-term bonds. More important, they minimize the risk of creating a condition of disorder in the securities market, which might force intervention by the System to support the market at a time when broader economic considerations called for restraint.

The difficult problem for the System in periods of recession or boom is to diagnose the state of the economy and particularly the tempo of the money and capital markets through which policy actions influence economic activity. The System must at all times act on a judgment as to the volume of reserves that is most appropriate to sustained economic growth and stability. The formation of such a judgment involves a process of continuous evaluation in which the System is always, in a sense, probing the unknown and feeling its way.

The difficulty of deciding on the appropriate volume of reserves is magnified when the most relevant indicators of conditions in the long-term capital markets are deflected by transient or short-run responses to the System's own operations. It is minimized when the System is able to effectuate changes in the reserve position of the banks through operations that cause little if any immediate change in expectations, particularly unjustified expectations with respect to long-term yields. The outstanding advantage of open market operations confined to short-term securities is that they meet this criterion.

## Member Bank Earnings, First Halfof 1958

The growth of $\$ 252$ million in gross operating earnings of all member banks from the first half of 1957 to the first half of 1958 was largely offset by higher operating expenses, and net current earnings before income taxes increased only $\$ 35$ million, to $\$ 1,275$ million. ${ }^{1}$ For the first time since 1954 the net effect of security transactions, other profit and loss adjustments, and

Note.-This article was prepared by Theodore A. Veenstra, Jr., of the Board's Division of Bank Operations.
${ }^{1}$ Net current earnings are gross current operating earnings less gross current operating expenses, before adjustments for losses, profits on sales of securities, recoveries, and transfers to and from valuation reserves, and before taxes on net income.
changes in valuation reserves was an addition to member bank profits. Such transactions increased net profits by $\$ 245$ million in the first half of 1958 in contrast with reducing them by $\$ 181$ million in the first half of 1957. Taxes on net income rose sharply, from $\$ 491$ million to $\$ 692$ million.

Net profits after taxes in the first half of 1958 amounted to $\$ 828$ million, $\$ 260$ million more than in the corresponding period of 1957. Most of this increase reflected larger profits on sales of securities. On an annual basis, the ratio of net profits to average total capital accounts rose from 8.2 per cent in the first six months of 1957 to 11.2 per cent in the first half of this year. Almost

| Item | Member Bank Earnings <br> [Amounts in millions of dollars] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1954 |  | 1955 |  | 1956 |  | 1957 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1958 \\ & \begin{array}{c} \text { First } \\ \text { half } \end{array} \end{aligned}$ |
|  | First half | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Second } \\ & \text { half } \end{aligned}$ | First half | Second half | First half | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Second } \\ & \text { half } \end{aligned}$ | First half | Second half |  |
| Earnings. <br> On U.S. Government securities <br> On other securities. On loans. Service charges on deposit accounts. Other earnings. | 2,366 | 2,460 | 2,555 | 2,788 | 2,930 | 3,148 | 3,262 | 3,509 | 3,515 |
|  | 522 | 545 140 | 144 | 563 | 553 | 547 156 | 571 160 | 596 179 | 633 200 |
|  | 1,336 | 1,375 | 1,447 | 1,636 | 1,773 | 1,952 | 2,023 | 2,185 | 2.130 |
|  | , 123 | 129 | , 134 | , 140 | 151 | ${ }^{159}$ | 2,172 | -182 | 191 |
|  | 252 | 271 | 274 | 297 | 301 | 333 | 335 | 366 | 361 |
| Expenses. <br> Salaries and wages. <br> Interest on time deposits. <br> Taxes other than on net income. <br> Other expenses. | $\begin{array}{r} 1,438 \\ 692 \\ 241 \\ 68 \\ 437 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,561 \\ 771 \\ 253 \\ 72 \\ 465 \end{array}$ | 1,556 | 1,709834 | 1,754820 | 1,926 | 2,022 | 2,200 | 2,240 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 263 | 280 | 304 | 346 | 440 | 487 | 549 |
|  |  |  | 73 482 | 76 519 | 79 551 | 78 587 | 605 | 87 641 | 93 646 |
| Net current earnings before income taxes | 928 | 900 | 999 | 1,079 | 1,176 | 1,223 | 1,240 | 1,308 | 1,275 |
| Recoveries and profits 1. | 29811975 | 19413690 | 8612644 | 7830095 | 7919455 | 72383174 | 5815683 | 101 | 600 |
| Losses and charge-offs $2 \ldots \ldots . .$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 31294 | 134221 |
| Net increase in valuation reserves ${ }^{3}$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Profits before income taxes. | $\begin{array}{r} 1,032 \\ \mathbf{4 7 3} \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 869 \\ & \mathbf{3} 3 \mathbf{2} \end{aligned}$ | 915 | 761260 | 1,006 | $\begin{aligned} & 738 \\ & 255 \end{aligned}$ | 1,059 | 1,004404 | 1,520 |
| Taxes on net income. . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net profits. | 559 | 537 | 484 | 501 | 544 | 483 | 568 | 600 | 828 |
| Cash dividends declared ${ }^{4}$. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . <br> Number of banks at end of period | 211 | 245 | 232 | 269 | 253 | 294 | 281 | 323 | 307 |
|  | 6,721 | 6,660 | 6,611 | 6,543 | 6,499 | 6,462 | 6,438 | 6,393 | 6,354 |

[^3]all of the increase in net profits was retained in capital accounts. Cash dividends amounted to $\$ 307$ million, $\$ 26$ million more than in the first half of 1957.

## EARNINGS

Earnings on loans and on United States Government securities were $\$ 106$ million and $\$ 62$ million, respectively, above the totals for the first half of 1957, reflecting larger average holdings and higher average rates of return on both types of assets. Average rates of return on both types were slightly lower than in the second half of 1957. Interest and dividends on United States Government obligations and on other securities represented slightly larger proportions of gross earnings than in the first half of 1957, and earnings on loans a slightly smaller proportion.

The average rate of return on loans held by member banks increased from 5.19 in the first half of 1957 to 5.31 per cent in the first half of 1958, and average holdings increased $\$ 2$ billion. Average yields on United States Government securities increased from 2.47 to 2.56 per cent, while average holdings were $\$ 3$ billion larger. Average yields on other securities also increased, from 2.40 to 2.64 per cent, and average holdings increased by $\$ 2$ billion.

## EXPENSES

Gross operating expenses before taxes on net income totaled $\$ 2,240$ million, 11 per cent more than in the first half of 1957. Salaries and wages continued to be the major expense item, accounting for nearly one-half of the total. Interest paid on time deposits was another large expense. It was $\$ 109$ million more than in the first half of 1957 and this increase accounted for one-half of
the difference between expenses in that period and the first half of 1958. On the average, the level of time deposits was nearly $\$ 6$ billion higher than in the earlier period, and the average rate of interest had moved from 2.02 to 2.22 per cent.

PROFITS, RECOVERIES, LOSSES, AND TRANSFERS TO VALUATION RESERVES
Nonoperating transactions added $\$ 245$ million to net profits in the first half of 1958. Transactions in securities added $\$ 357$ million, which was partly offset by deductions of $\$ 88$ million from transactions in loans and $\$ 24$ million in all other assets. In the first half of 1957, nonoperating transactions resulted in a reduction of $\$ 181$ million in net profits, of which $\$ 62$ million arose from securities, $\$ 99$ million from loans, and $\$ 20$ million from all other assets.

## INCOME TAXES

Profits before income taxes in the first half of 1958 were $\$ 1,520$ million, 44 per cent more than in the first half of 1957. Higher taxes on net income partly offset this growth. They amounted to $\$ 692$ million, 41 per cent more than in the first half of 1957.

## CASH DIVIDENDS

Member banks distributed 37 per cent of their net profits after taxes as dividends in the first half of this year, compared with nearly 50 per cent in the first half of last year. The $\$ 307$ million of dividends represented an annual yield of about 4.1 per cent on average total capital accounts, the same as in the first half of 1957.

Details of earnings and expenses for the first half of 1958 and for each half of 1957 are shown on page 1346 of this Bulletin.

## Time Deposits, Mid-1957 to Mid-I958

Time deposits at member banks increased $\$ 7.5$ billion or 17 per cent between mid-1957 and mid-1958, continuing at an accelerated rate the growth that began in early 1957. ${ }^{1}$ This was the largest dollar increase ever recorded for a 12 -month period and the largest relative increase for such a period since 1946. All types of holders except the United States Government and the Postal Savings System increased their deposits. Deposits of businesses, however, showed much larger percentage increases than did those of individuals.

Savings deposits, which may be held only by individuals and nonprofit institutions and which
${ }^{2}$ These data were obtained through call reports of member banks and through special supplements to the June 6, 1957, and June 23, 1958, call reports. Data for 1957 and earlier years appeared in the Bulletin for April 1958, pp. 422-26.
represent the bulk of all time deposits, increased $\$ 3.8$ billion or 11 per cent during the 12 months, as shown in Table 1. Individuals' holdings of certificates of deposits increased from $\$ 1.3$ billion to nearly $\$ 1.8$ billion, but their time deposits in open accounts changed little. The rapid rise in certificates may have resulted from the adoption by some banks of preferential rates of interest on these certificates to attract funds, particularly in large amounts, from other uses.

Although savings deposits accounted for more than half of the increase in total time deposits, their growth was less relatively than that in most other types of time deposits, and the amount outstanding fell from 80 to 76 per cent of total time deposits. Because of the preponderance of savings deposits in the total of savings-type deposits, the latter also declined sharply, from 85 to 81 per cent of the total, during the 12 -month

Table 1
Time Deposits at All Member Banks, June 23, 1958 and June 6, 1957

| [Amounts in millions of dollars] |
| :--- |
| Type of holder |

1 Individuals' holdings of certificates of deposit and open accounts and Christmas savings and similar accounts.
: Includes Postal Savings redeposited in banks.
${ }^{3}$ Open accounts of banks' own trust departments and deposits accumulated for payment of personal loans.

Note.-Details may not add to totals because of rounding.
period. Deposits of this type include-in addition to regular savings deposits-Christmas savings and similar accounts and the portions of certificates of deposit and open accounts that are held by individuals.

Corporate and institutional holdings of time certificates of deposit and of open accounts almost doubled during the year to a total of $\$ 1.9$ billion. Time deposits of States and political subdivisions increased by nearly $\$ 1.2$ billion or 55 per cent. Those held for foreign banks increased by $\$ 804$ million or 61 per cent. Open account deposits of foreigners other than banks increased from $\$ 336$ million to $\$ 407$ million, or 21 per cent. Foreign holdings of certificates of deposit also rose, but they were relatively small on both dates.

Growth in savings-type deposits at reserve city and country banks, which hold over 90 per cent of such deposits, was close to the 11 per cent average for all member banks. The increase for central reserve city banks in Chicago was only 6 per cent while that for New York City banks was 31 per cent. Reserve city and country banks also hold the bulk of the time deposits of businesses and institutions and governmental units, and in both cases growth rates were considerably higher at reserve city than at country banks.

Figures for time deposits at member banks on June 23, 1958, by reserve classification of banks and by type of holder and type of deposit, together with the changes in such deposits from June 6, 1957, are given in Table 2.

Table 2
Time Deposits at All Member Banks
By Class of Bank, June 23, 1958, and Change from June 6, 1957

| Holder and type of deposit | [Amounts in millions of dollars] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June 23, 1958 |  |  |  |  | Change from June 6, 1957 |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\underset{\substack{\text { mem- } \\ \text { ber }}}{\text { All }}$ | Central reserve city |  | Reserve city | Country | $\underset{\substack{\text { All } \\ \text { mem- } \\ \text { ber }}}{ }$ | Central reserve city |  | Reserve city | Country |
|  |  | New York | Chicago |  |  |  | New <br> York | Chicago |  |  |
| Individuals, partnerships and corporations: Savings Accumulated for payment of personal loans. Christmas savings and similar accounts Certificates of deposit-total. | $\begin{array}{r} 39,585 \\ 462 \\ 3,034 \\ 348 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,832 \\ (1) \\ \quad 45 \\ 76 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,210 \\ 15 \\ 3 \\ 19 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16,625 \\ 192 \\ 164 \\ 1,013 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 19,917 \\ 256 \\ 322 \\ 1,930 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,848 \\ 28 \\ 36 \\ 1,077 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 425 \\ (1) \\ \quad 7 \\ \quad 34 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 64 \\ \text { (1) } 2 \\ 12 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,685 \\ 11 \\ 14 \\ 466 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,674 \\ 15 \\ 16 \\ 566 \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Individuals (certificates similar in purpose to savings deposits). | 1,7561,15099 | $\begin{array}{r}7 \\ 53 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | (1) ${ }^{2}{ }^{2}$ | 343624635 | 1,404457 | 411 | $\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ 26 \\ -1 \\ 2 \end{array}$ | $\text { (1) }{ }^{10}$ | 63377 | 3411 |
| Corporations and institutions.......... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Noncorporate, nonfarm business. | 99 32 | 15 | ${ }^{(1)} 1$ | 35 11 | 64 6 | 31 10 |  |  | 19 7 | 13 |
| Open accounts of banks' own trust departments. | 1,302 | 697579 | 1403 | 11378538 | 688299 | 1088385 | 101 | 16-3 | 54247 | 40 |
| Other open accounts-iotal. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 40 |
| Individuals (accounts similar in purpose to savings deposits) | $\begin{aligned} & 253 \\ & 715 \\ & 43 \\ & 407 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 19 \\ 172 \\ 8 \\ 380 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll} \text { (1) }^{(1)} & 1 \\ \text { (1) }^{1} & 2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 107 \\ 385 \\ 21 \\ 25 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 127 \\ 157 \\ 14 \\ (1) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 12 \\ 280 \\ 23 \\ 71 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 11 \\ 4 \\ 2 \\ 84 \end{array}$ | (1)(1)(1) | 4219816 | -4277(1) |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Noncorporate, nonfarm business........ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Foreign (excluding banks)............... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | -4 | -9 |  |
| Total. | 46,339 | 3,229 | 1,389 | 18,910 | 22,811 | 5,456 | 567 | 91 | 2,477 | 2,321 |
| U. S. Government and Postal Savings . . . . . . | $\begin{array}{r} 259 \\ 3,296 \\ 139 \\ 2,127 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 28 \\ 249 \\ 1,696 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ 10 \\ 3 \\ 36 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 92 \\ 1,705 \\ 25 \\ 390 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 135 \\ 1,331 \\ 33 \\ 5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -43 \\ 1,168 \\ 93 \\ 804 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -8 \\ 183 \\ 71 \\ 694 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (1) } \\ & \text { (1) } \\ & 21 \\ & 21 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -29 \\ -616 \\ 10 \\ 92 \end{array}$ | -736910-2 |
| States and political subdivisions.............. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Domestic banks. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Foreign banks............................. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total time deposits................ | 52,160 | 5,280 | 1,442 | 21,122 | 24,315 | 7,478 | 1,506 | 114 | 3,166 | 2,691 |
| Time deposits as a percentage of total deposits. | 30.0 | 16.8 | 18.0 | 30.8 | 37.0 | 1.6 | 2.4 | -. 3 | 1.7 | 2.2 |

[^4]Note.-Details may not add to totals because of rounding.

# Law Department <br> Administrative interpretations, new regulations, and similar material 

## Margin Requirements

The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, effective October 16, 1958, amended the Supplement to Regulation T entitled "Extension and Maintenance of Credit by Brokers, Dealers, and Members of National Securities Exchanges," and amended the Supplement to Regulation U entitled "Loans by Banks for the Purpose of Purchasing or Carrying Stocks Registered on a National Securities Exchange" so as to increase the margin requirements from 70 per cent to 90 per cent for credit extended by brokers and banks to finance purchases of stock exchange securities. The increased margins also apply to short sales. The texts of the Supplements as thus amended are as follows:

## Supplement to Regulation T

Maximum loan value for general accounts. The maximum loan value of a registered security (other than an exempted security) in a general account, subject to section 3 of Regulation T, shall be 10 per cent of its current market value.

Margin required for short sales in general accounts. The amount to be included in the adjusted debit balance of a general account, pursuant to section 3(d) (3) of Regulation T, as margin required for short sales of securities (other than exempted securities) shall be 90 per cent of the current market value of each such security.

## Supplement to Regulation U

For the purpose of section 1 of Regulation $\mathbf{U}$, the maximum loan value of any stock, whether or not registered on a national securities exchange, shall be 10 per cent of its current market value, as determined by any reasonable method.

## Loan to Open-End Investment Company under Regulation U

In response to a question regarding a possible loan by a bank to an open-end investment company that customarily purchases stocks registered on a national securities exchange, the Board stated that in view of the general nature and operations of
such a company, any loan by a bank to such a company should be presumed to be subject to Regulation U as a loan for the purpose of purchasing or carrying registered stocks. This would not be altered by the fact that the open-end company had used, or proposed to use, its own funds or proceeds of the loan to redeem some of its own shares, since mere application of the proceeds of a loan to some other use cannot prevent the ultimate purpose of a loan from being to purchase or carry registered stocks.

## "Discounts" of Commodity Credit Corporation Certificates under Bank Holding Company Act

The Board recently considered the question whether Section 6(a)(4) of the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 applies to transfers of Commodity Credit Corporation Certificates of Interest between banks which are subsidiaries of the same bank holding company.

In the General Contract Corporation case, Federal Reserve Bulletin for March 1958, at page 260, the Board expressed the view that the nonrecourse purchase of paper by a bank from another subsidiary of the same bank holding company constitutes a "discount" within the meaning of Section 6(a) (4) of the Bank Holding Company Act, which forbids any bank "to make any loan, discount or extension of credit to" its bank holding company or any fellow subsidiary.

The Board's Statement in that case said, among other things, that (page 269):
"It is to be understood, of course, that the purchases referred to here are purchases of paperpromissory notes, bills of exchange and the like. As the Examiner indicated (p. 285) bank discounts as commonly understood do not apply 'to a bank's acquisition through purchase of other assets, securities or obligations, such as, for example, corporate stocks, bonds or debentures.'"

As indicated by this quotation from the Board's Statement, it seems appropriate to consider the limitation on "discounts" as, in general, applying to those assets usually considered to be "loans" and not applying to those usually considered to be "securities."

With that in mind, and looking to the nature of the present Certificates, it is seen that the call report of condition of State member banks treats these Certificates as loans. They are included on the reverse side of the form under Schedule A, Loans and Discounts, as Item 4(a)-"Loans directly guaranteed by the Commodity Credit Corporation and Certificates of Interest representing ownership thereof." It may also be noted that under Section 2(b) (2) of the Board's Regulation A, relating to advances and discounts by Federal Reserve Banks, these Certificates are treated, in effect, as being "eligible paper" under the Federal Reserve Act. It is also understood that these Certificates are not considered to be subject to the limitation on the public debt stated in Section 21 of the Second Liberty Bond Act, as amended (31 U.S.C. Sec. 757b).

In the circumstances, while it could be argued that these Certificates have some characteristics similar to those of securities, the better view would seem to be to treat them as "paper," as they have apparently been treated in other connections. Accordingly, the Board expressed the view that transfers of the Certificates are subject to the provisions of Section 6(a) (4) of the Bank Holding Company Act relating to "discounts."

## Services under Section 4(c)(1) of Bank Holding Company Act

The Board of Governors has been requested by a bank holding company for an interpretation under Section 4(c) (1) of the Bank Holding Company Act which, among other things, exempts from the nonbanking divestment requirements of Section 4(a) of the Act, shares of a company engaged "solely in the business of furnishing services to or performing services for" its bank holding company or subsidiary banks thereof.

It is understood that a nonbanking subsidiary of the holding company engages in writing comprehensive automobile insurance (fire, theft, and collision) which is sold only to customers of a subsidiary bank of the holding company in connection with the bank's retail instalment loans; that when payment is made on a loan secured by a lien on a motor vehicle, renewal policies are not issued by the insurance company; and that the insurance company receives the usual agency com-
missions on all comprehensive automobile insurance written for customers of the bank.

It is also understood that the insurance company writes credit life insurance for the benefit of the bank and its instalment-loan customers; that each insured debtor is covered for an amount equal to the unpaid balance of his note to the bank, not to exceed $\$ 5,000$; that as the note is reduced by regular monthly payments, the amount of insurance is correspondingly reduced so that at all times the debtor is insured for the unpaid balance of his note; that each insurance contract provides for payment in full of the entire loan balance upon the death or permanent disability of the insured borrower; and that this credit life insurance is written only at the request of, and solely for, the bank's borrowing customers. It is further understood that the insurance company engages in no other activity.

As indicated in the Board's opinion published in the 1958 Federal Reserve Bulletin, page 431, the term "services," while sometimes used in a broad and general sense, appears to be somewhat more limited in its application in Section 4(c) (1) of the Bank Holding Company Act. Unlike an early version of the Senate bill (S. 2577, before amendment), the Act as finally enacted does not expressly mention any type of servicing activity for exemption. The legislative history of the Act, however, as indicated in the relevant portion of the report of the Senate Banking and Currency Committee on amended S-2577 (84th Cong., 2d Sess., Senate Report 1095, Part 2, p. 3) makes it evident that Congress had in mind the exemption of services comparable to the types of activities mentioned expressly in the early Senate bill ("auditing, appraising, investment counseling") and in the Committee Report on the later bill ("advertising, public relations, developing new business, organization, operations, preparing tax returns, personnel, and many others"). Furthermore, this Committee Report expressly stated that the provision of Section 4 (c) (1) with respect to "furnishing services to or performing services for" was not intended to supplant the exemption contained under Section 4(c) (6) of the Act.

The only activity of the insurance company (writing comprehensive automobile insurance and credit life insurance) appears to involve an insurance relationship between it and a banking subsidiary of the holding company which the leg-
islative history clearly indicates does not come within the meaning of the phrase "furnishing services to or performing services for" a bank holding company or its banking subsidiaries.

Accordingly, it is the Board's view that the insurance company could not be regarded as qualifying as a company engaged "solely in the business of furnishing services to or performing services for" the bank holding company or banks with respect to which the latter is a bank holding company.

## Order under Section 3 of the Bank Holding Company Act

The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, on October 24, 1958, issued an Order approving the application of The Marine Corporation for permission to become a bank holding company under Section 3(a)(1) of the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956. The Board's Order and accompanying Statement read as follows:

## The Marine Corporation

In the Matter of the Application of The Marine Corporation for prior approval of action to become a bank holding company under Section 3 of the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956.

## ORDER APPROVING APPLICATION

There having come before the Board of Governors, pursuant to Section 3(a) (1) of the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 ( 12 USC 1842 and Section 4(a) (1) of the Board's Regulation Y (12 CFR 222.4(a)(1)), an application on behalf of The Marine Corporation, a Wisconsin corporation with its principal office in Milwaukee, for the Board's prior approval of action whereby Applicant would become a bank holding company through the acquisition of at least 80 per cent of the outstanding voting shares of Marine National Exchange Bank of Milwaukee, Holton State Bank, Milwaukee, Cudahy State Bank, Cudahy, Wisconsin, and South Milwaukee Bank, South Milwaukee; a Notice of Tentative Decision, referring to a Tentative Statement, on said application having been published in the Federal Register on October 8, 1958, (23 F.R. 7786) the said Notice having provided persons an opportunity, before issuance of the Board's final order, to make objec-
tions or comments upon the facts stated and the reasons indicated in the Tentative Statement and the time for filing such objections and comments having expired,

It is hereby ordered, for the reasons set forth in the Board's Statement of this date that the application of The Marine Corporation pursuant to Section 3(a) (1) of the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 , shall be and hereby is, approved.

This 24th day of October, 1958.
By order of the Board of Governors.
Voting for this action: Vice Chairman Balderston and Governors Szymczak, Robertson, and Shepardson. Absent and not voting: Chairman Martin and Governors Vardaman and Mills.
(Signed) Merritt Sherman
Secretary.
(SEAL)

## STATEMENT

General nature of the proposal. The Marine Corporation, Milwaukee, Wisconsin ("Marine"), has submitted an application to the Board pursuant to section 3(a) (1) of the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 ("the Act"), for the Board's prior approval of action that would result in that company becoming a bank holding company under the Act. The action that would cause it to become a bank holding company would be the proposed acquisition by Marine of at least 80 per cent of the outstanding voting shares of the following four existing banks in Milwaukee, Wisconsin, and Milwaukee County: Marine National Exchange Bank of Milwaukee ("National"), Holton State Bank, Milwaukee ("Holton"), Cudahy State Bank, Cudahy, Wisconsin ("Cudahy"), and South Milwaukee Bank, South Milwaukee ("South").

Views and recommendations of bank supervisory authorities. Of the banks the stock of which would be acquired by the Applicant, one is a national bank and three are State banks. Accordingly, pursuant to Section 3(b) of the Act, the Board gave notice of the application to the Comptroller of the Currency and the Commissioner of Banks for the State of Wisconsin and requested their views and recommendations with respect to the application. The Comptroller of the Currency recommended approval of the application and the Wisconsin Commissioner of

Banks expressed no objection to the application.
In his letter to the Board of April 15, 1958, the Comptroller of the Currency stated, in part, as follows:
"Careful study and consideration have been given to this proposal in the light of the factors enumerated in Section 3(c) of the Bank Holding Company Act: (1) the financial history and condition of the company or companies and the banks concerned; (2) their prospects; (3) the character of their management; (4) the convenience, needs, and welfare of the communities and the area concerned; and (5) whether or not the effect of such acquisition would be to expand the size or extent of the bank holding company system involved beyond limits consistent with adequate and sound banking, the public interest, and the preservation of competition in the field of banking. On the basis of this study we recommend that the Board approve the application."

In his letter to the Board dated April 21, 1958, the Commissioner of Banks for the State of Wisconsin stated, in part, as follows:
"As you are aware, Section 221.56, Wisconsin Statutes, permits the holding of a majority of the stock of a Wisconsin State bank by a holding company and, therefore, I find no legal prohibition against formation and operation of The Marine Corporation as a bank holding company.
"With respect to the points covered in Section 3(c) of the . . Bank Holding Company Act, I wish to advise that I am not aware of anything of an adverse nature with respect to points $1,2,3$ and 4 of that section. As for point 5 it appears that the resources of the proposed system of banks contemplated by the application would be in nominal ratio to the total bank resources of Milwaukee County. The combined resources of the banks which would be owned by the holding company now rank third in relation to the individual resources of First Wisconsin National Bank and of Marshall and Ilsley Bank, Milwaukee.
"In my analysis of this matter I do not find a basis for valid objection to the application."

Statutory factors. Section 3(c) of the Bank Holding Company Act provides:
"(c) In determining whether or not to approve any acquisition or merger or consolidation under this section, the Board shall take into consideration the following factors: (1) the financial history and condition of the company or companies and the banks concerned; (2) their prospects; (3) the character of their management; (4) the convenience, needs, and welfare of the communities and the area concerned; and (5) whether or not the effect of such acquisition or merger or consolidation would be to expand the size or extent of the bank holding company system involved beyond limits consistent with adequate and sound banking, the public interest, and the preservation of competition in the field of banking."

Financial history and condition, prospects, and character of management. Marine was organized recently for the specific purpose of becoming a
bank holding company, and therefore it has only nominal assets; and, if it becomes a bank holding company, its principal earning assets at the outset and presumably for the foreseeable future would be its shares of subsidiary banks. The directors of Marine are directors and/or officers of the proposed subsidiary banks. Consequently, the financial, condition, prospects, and management of Marine will largely depend upon and parallel those of the proposed subsidiary banks.

On the basis of the information before it, the Board finds that the condition and prospects of the proposed subsidiary banks are good and their management competent, and that the prospects and management of Marine would likewise be favorable. As indicated in previous decisions of the Board under the Bank Holding Company Act, these findings are consistent with approval of the application but do not provide substantial affirmative support for such approval.

Convenience, needs, and welfare of communities and area concerned. In view of the locations of the four banks that would be subsidiaries of the proposed holding company, the communities and areas most directly concerned in this case would be the cities of Milwaukee, Cudahy, South Milwaukee and Oak Creek, in particular, and the County of Milwaukee, in general.

National, with deposits of $\$ 159$ million, is the largest of the proposed subsidiary banks and is the third largest bank in the City of Milwaukee. That city, according to the 1950 census, had a population of 637,392 . The city's trade area includes 45 per cent of the population of the State.

Holton is also located in the City of Milwaukee about two miles north of National in a section of the city said to be an important commercial and industrial area and with a population in 1957 of about 25,000 .

Cudahy is located in the City of Cudahy about eight miles south of the downtown business section of Milwaukee. As of 1950, it had a population of 12,182 and its present population is estimated to be about 16,300 . The city has a number of sizeable industrial plants and is growing rapidly as a residential area.

South is located in South Milwaukee, Wisconsin, about ten miles from the downtown section of the City of Milwaukee. As of 1950, it had a population of 12,855 . South Milwaukee and the ad-
joining City of Oak Creek, the primary service area of South, together are estimated to have a present population of about 24,300 . The two cities are expanding rapidly as a residential section and a number of diversified industrial concerns have located in this area.

All of the proposed subsidiary banks are located in Milwaukee County, one of the leading industrial areas of the country, which has a presently estimated population of about 977,600 .

The proposed plan would neither increase nor lessen the number of banking offices serving the areas concerned.

The control of National and the three smaller banks by the proposed holding company would conceivably increase their joint and several ability to serve the communities and areas concerned through the benefits that might be expected to flow from an association of the three smaller banks with National which, with its greater resources, technical skills, and experience and depth of management, would presumably be able to improve or broaden the banking services rendered by the smaller banks.

It is possible that, through their closer association with National, the three smaller banks would be better able than at present to meet the credit needs of larger businesses in their respective local areas. However, there is no evidence that requests for loans beyond their present legal lending limits have not been or could not be satisfactorily handled by the three smaller banks through participations with correspondent banks; and, in view of the relatively short distance from the locations of such banks to the locations of the larger downtown banks of the city, it seems unlikely that an increase in their ability to handle large loans and accounts is necessary to the needs and welfare of their respective communities.

In the circumstances, the Board concludes that consummation of the proposed transaction would not be inconsistent with the needs and welfare of the areas concerned and should contribute to some extent to the convenience of those areas.
Effect upon adequate and sound banking, the public interest, and the preservation of competition. It does not appear that the size or extent of the proposed bank holding company would adversely affect the adequacy or soundness of banking in the areas concerned. The four proposed subsidiary banks are in good condition and under
capable management, and the proposed association of those banks under the common control of the Applicant would not appear to reduce the effectiveness of any of such banks.

In the downtown section of Milwaukee, National presently is in active competition with five other commercial banks, two of which are larger than National. The largest of these two banks, a subsidiary of a bank holding company, has 13 offices in the City of Milwaukee. Each of the three smaller proposed subsidiary banks primarily serves its particular local area and is not in substantial competition with the other two or with National. There are no other banking offices located within the section of the city which comprises Holton's primary service area. Cudahy is the only bank within the limits of the City of Cudahy. In the area primarily served by South (South Milwaukee and the adjoining City of Oak Creek), there is only one other banking office; and there is no evidence that South's proposed association with Marine or National would increase its competitive position to such an extent as would prevent the other bank in that area from participating in the future growth of banking resources in the area.

The City of Milwaukee has 19 commercial banks with a total of 32 offices and deposits aggregating $\$ 1,342.2$ million of which $\$ 1,032.3$ million represent deposits of individuals, partnerships, and corporations ("IPC"). If this application should be approved, Marine would control 2 of the 32 commercial banking offices in the city ( 6.25 per cent), and $\$ 169.1$ million of the total deposits ( 12.6 per cent) of such offices. Its two subsidiary banks in the city would control $\$ 127.4$ million of the city's IPC deposits ( 12.3 per cent).

The County of Milwaukee has 43 commercial banking offices with deposits aggregating \$1,495.2 million of which $\$ 1,163.6$ million represent IPC deposits. Approval of the proposed transaction would cause Marine to have four of the total commercial banking offices in the County ( 9.3 per cent) and to control $\$ 189.7$ million of the total deposits of such offices ( 12.7 per cent) of which $\$ 145$ million represent IPC deposits ( 12.5 per cent). The combined IPC deposits for the proposed four subsidiary banks would be $\$ 33.5$ million less than those held by the second largest bank in the City of Milwaukee and $\$ 315.7$ million less than those of the largest bank in that city.

On the basis of the facts, the Board concludes that any actual or potential competition among the four proposed subsidiary banks, assuming it would be eliminated by the proposed transaction, is not substantial; that the proposed transaction would not afford the four proposed subsidiary banks or the holding company an undue competitive advantage over other banks either in their respective areas or the over-all area concerned; that it would preserve adequate freedom of choice by residents of those areas among banking facilities not under common control; and that it would not cause the Applicant to control an unduly large proportion of the offices or deposits of commercial banks in the City or County of Milwaukee. In the circumstances, formation of the proposed holding company would not, in the Board's opinion, be inconsistent with adequate and sound
banking, the public interest, or the preservation of competition in the field of banking.

Conclusion. The above views were incorporated in a Tentative Statement issued in connection with a Notice of Tentative Decision in this case published in the Federal Register on October 8, 1958 (23 F. R. 7786) affording interested persons an opportunity to submit comments on or objections to the Board's proposed action, and no such comments or objections were received within the period specified for their submission.

In the light of the facts stated and for the reasons indicated, it is the Board's judgment that approval of the application would be in accordance with factors stated in Section 3(c) of the Act and with the purposes of the Act, and that, accordingly, the application should be approved. IT Is so ordered.

## Current Events and Announcements

## FEDERAL RESERVE MEETINGS

A meeting of the Federal Open Market Committee was held in Washington on November 10, 1958.

The Federal Advisory Council held a meeting in Washington on November 17, and met with the Board of Governors on November 18, 1958.
increases in federal reserve discount rates In the past few weeks The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System has approved actions by the twelve Federal Reserve Banks increasing their discount rates to $21 / 2$ per cent. The effective dates of the new rate at the several Reserve Banks were as follows:

| Philadelphia | Oct. 24, 1958 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Richmond | Oct. 24, 1958 |
| St. Louis | Oct. 24, 1958 |
| Minneapolis | Oct. 24, 1958 |
| Dallas | Oct. 24, 1958 |
| Atlanta | Oct. 28, 1958 |
| Cleveland | Oct. 30, 1958 |
| Chicago | Oct. 31, 1958 |
| Boston | Nov. 4, 1958 |
| Kansas City | Nov. 4, 1958 |
| San Francisco | Nov. 6, 1958 |
| New York | Nov. 7, 1958 |

The rate previously in effect at all of these Banks was 2 per cent.

CHANGES IN BOARD'S STAFE AND ORGANIZATION
Mr. Innis D. Harris, formerly a Deputy Assistant Director in the Office of Civil and Defense Mobilization, was appointed Coordinator of the Office of Defense Planning of the Board and assumed his duties on November 3.
Born in Spotsylvania, Virginia, Mr. Harris engaged in the practice of law in Wichita and Dallas for fifteen years. He attained the rank of Colonel in the Air Corps during World War II, and over a period of four and a half years served in civilian capacities under the U. S. Military Governor, and later under the U. S. High Commissioner, in Germany. After a year as a Special Assistant with the Department of State he became a Consultant in the Office of Defense Mobilization and then, in 1953, Deputy Assistant Director.

## CHANGES IN BULLETIN TABLES

In order to provide more useful information on international financial conditions, the following changes have been made in the section of the Bulletin that contains international statistics: (1) Two new tables showing supplementary details on liabilities to and claims on foreigners have been added to the material on international capital transactions, and the table showing net purchases by foreigners of long-term United States securities has been changed to show net purchases of United States corporate securities. (2) A new table on the United States balance of payments has been added. (3) More details are shown in tables on gold reserves, international institutions, and discount rates of foreign central banks. And (4) tables on central banks have been discontinued.

## ADMISSION OF STATE BANK TO MEMBERSHIP IN THE FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

The following State bank was admitted to membership in the Federal Reserve System during the period September 16, 1958 to October 15, 1958:

## Maryland

Gaithersburg . . . The Maryland State Bank of Montgomery County

TABLES PUBLISHED ANNUALLY AND SEMIANNUALLY

| Latest Bulletin Reference |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Semiannually | Issue | Page |
| Banking offices: |  |  |
| Analysis of changes in number of. | Aug. 1958 | 988 |
| Par List, number of........ | Aug. 1958 | 989 |
| Annually |  |  |
| Earnings and expenses: |  |  |
| Federal Reserve Banks. | Feb. 1958 | 200-01 |
| Member banks | Nov. 1958 | 1346 |
| Insured commercial banks | June 1958 | 719 |
| Banks and branches, number of, by <br> class and State................ Apr. 1958 492-93 |  |  |
| Operating ratios, member banks. | June 1958 | 720-22 |
| Stock Exchange firms, detailed debit and credit balances. <br> Nov. 1958 <br> 1347 |  |  |
| Banking and monetary statistics, 1957 | FFeb. 1958 | 204-10 |
| Summary1954-56 low-of-funds accounts,............................ Oct. 1957 1190-94 |  |  |
| Bank holding companies, Dec. 31, 1957: |  |  |
| List of................. | Feb. 1958 | 211 |
| group banks | Oct. 1958 | 1224 |

# National Summary of Business Conditions 

Released for publication November 14

Industrial production advanced further in October. The gain was limited by work stoppages, however, which also caused manufacturing employment to decline moderately. Construction activity and new housing units started continued to increase, and retail sales advanced. From early October to early November, prices of basic industrial materials increased further, but the average level of wholesale prices continued stable. Common stock prices rose sharply to record highs while bond yields showed little change.

## Industrial Production

The Board's seasonally adjusted index of industrial production rose one point in October to 138 per cent of the 1947-49 average- 9 per cent above the April 1958 recession low but 5 per cent below the summer of 1957. Gains among nondurable goods continued widespread in October and output was at a record rate. Output of minerals declined slightly reflecting curtailments in crude oil and coal. Production of durable goods remained at the September level.

Auto assemblies increased in October from the sharply reduced September level, but output continued to be held down by work stoppages and dealers' stocks showed a contra-seasonal decline. Schedules for November indicate a doubling of


Federal Reserve indexes, seasonally adjusted. Monthly figures, latest shown are for October.
output from the October seasonally adjusted level of 67 per cent of the 1947-49 average. Production of glass, also affected by strikes, declined in October. Output of most other construction materials was maintained, and nonferrous metals continued to increase. Steel mill operations rose about onetenth to 74 per cent of capacity in October and edged up in early November to 75 per cent. Production of furniture and most other consumer durable goods was apparently maintained at advanced levels, while activity in most business equipment lines was unchanged.

## Construction

Private housing starts increased further in October to a seasonally adjusted annual rate of $1,260,-$ 000 units, the highest level in three years. Total new construction put in place reached a record of nearly $\$ 51.5$ billion, on a seasonally adjusted annual rate basis. The rise in October was accounted for mainly by gains in private residential and public highway construction. Commercial and public utility building increased slightly and industrial construction was unchanged following more than a year of continuous decline.

## Employment

Nonfarm employment, seasonally adjusted, declined 120,000 in October to 50.7 million, reflecting the industrial disputes in durable goods industries. In most other major industries, employment advanced or was maintained. The average factory workweek declined, contributing to a reduction in average weekly earnings. Both the workweek and weekly earnings remained somewhat above a year ago. Unemployment declined 300,000 further to 3.8 million. The seasonally adjusted rate of unemployment was 7.1 per cent of the civilian labor force compared with 7.2 per cent in September and 7.6 per cent in August.

## Distribution

Seasonally adjusted retail sales, which had declined in September, rose 2 per cent in October almost to the peak reached in the summer of 1957.

Department store sales changed little, but sales of most other groups of retail stores increased. Auto deliveries recovered somewhat following the introduction of new models, although supplies were limited.

## Commodity Prices

Stability in the wholesale commodity price index continued in October and early November. While prices of nonferrous metals, hides, rubber, and some other basic materials advanced, most industrial commodities were unchanged. Prices of farm and food products declined slightly. Harvesting of the large crops was reflected in decreases in prices of feed grains, and wholesale prices of meats declined as meat production increased seasonally.

## Bank Credit and Reserves

Total credit at city banks increased somewhat between early October and early November reflecting largely growth in business and real estate loans. The increase in business loans, however, was less than usual for this time of year. Bank


Federal Reserve data. Loans to banks are excluded. Securities other than U. S. Government are included in the total but not shown separately. Weekly figures, latest shown are for November 5.
purchases of new Treasury issues in early October were about offset by subsequent sales, and holdings of other securities declined.

Member bank borrowings from the Federal Reserve have continued to average around $\$ 450$ million, and excess reserves about $\$ 550$ million. Reserves have been supplied by Federal Reserve purchases of U. S. Government securities as currency in circulation, bank credit, and deposits have increased seasonally and the outflow of gold has continued.

## Security Markets

Yields on intermediate- and long-term Treasury bonds were generally stable from mid-October to mid-November, and those on corporate and State and local government securities declined slightly. Yields on short-term Treasury issues declined substantially in late October but rose in the second week of November in response to a Treasury cash offering of $\$ 3.0$ billion of June tax bills. Federal Reserve discount rates were raised from 2 to $21 / 2$ per cent, bringing them into closer alignment with money market rates.
meterest rates


Weekly average market yields for long-term U. S. Government $2^{1 / 2}$ per cent bonds and for longest Treasury bills; latest ment $21 / 2$ per cent bonds and for longest

## Financial and Business Statistics

## $\star$ United States

Member bank reserves, Reserve Bank credit, and related items ..... 1291
Reserve Bank discount rates; reserve requirements; margin requirements ..... 1294
Federal Reserve Banks ..... 1295
Bank debits; currency in circulation ..... 1298
All banks: consolidated statement of monetary system; deposits and currency ..... 1300
All banks, by classes ..... 1301
Commercial banks, by classes ..... 1304
Weekly reporting member banks ..... 1306
Commercial loans; commercial paper and bankers' acceptances ..... 1308
Interest rates. ..... 1309
Security prices; stock market credit ..... 1310
Savings institutions ..... 1311
Federal business-type activities ..... 1312
Federal finance ..... 1314
Security issues ..... 1318
Business finance ..... 1319
Real estate credit ..... 1321
Short- and intermediate-term consumer credit ..... 1324
Selected indexes on business activity ..... 1328
Production ..... 1329
Employment and earnings ..... 1336
Department stores ..... 1338
Foreign trade ..... 1339
Wholesale and consumer prices ..... 1340
National product and income series ..... 1342
Revised estimates of short- and intermediate-term consumer credit ..... 1344
Earnings of member banks, by classes, 1957 and first half of 1958 ..... 1346
Stock market credit ..... 1347
Tables published in Bulletin, annually or semiannually-list, with references ..... 1285
Index to statistical tables ..... 1377

Tables on the following pages include the principal statistics of current significance relating to financial and business developments in the United States. The data relating to Federal Reserve Banks, member banks of the Federal Reserve System, and department store trade, and the consumer credit estimates are derived from regular reports made to the Board; production indexes are compiled by the Board on
the basis of material collected by other agencies; figures for gold stock, currency in circulation, Federal finance, and Federal credit agencies are obtained from Treasury statements; the remaining data are obtained largely from other sources. Back figures for 1941 and prior years for banking and monetary tables, together with descriptive text, may be obtained from the Board's publication, Banking and Monetary Statistics.



MEMBER BANK RESERVES, RESERVE BANK CREDIT, AND RELATED ITEMS-Continued
[In millions of dollars]


RESERVES, DEPOSITS, AND BORROWINGS OF MEMBER BANKS, BY CLASSES
[Averages of daily figures. ${ }^{1}$ In millions of dollars]

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{2}{*}{Item and period} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{All member banks} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Central reserve city banks} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Reserve city
banks bank} \& \multirow{2}{*}{\[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Coun- } \\
\text { try } \\
\text { banks }
\end{gathered}
\]} \& \multirow{2}{*}{Item and period} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{All member banks} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Central reserve city banks} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Reserve city banks} \& \multirow{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
\& \text { Coun- } \\
\& \text { try } \\
\& \text { banks }
\end{aligned}
\]} \\
\hline \& \& \begin{tabular}{l}
New \\
York
\end{tabular} \& \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Chi- } \\
\text { cago }
\end{gathered}
\] \& \& \& \& \& \begin{tabular}{l}
New \\
York
\end{tabular} \& \[
\underset{\text { chi- }}{\text { cha }}
\] \& \& \\
\hline Total reserves held: \& \& \& \& \& \& Excess reserves: \({ }^{2}\) \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1957-Sept. . . . . . . . . .} \& 18,956 \& 4,211 \& 1,122 \& 7,800 \& 5,823 \& 1957-Sept. \& 522 \& 9 \& 5 \& 51 \& 457 \\
\hline \& 19,040 \& 4,231 \& 1,116 \& 7,836 \& 5,857 \& Oct.............. \& 467 \& \& \& 39 \& 428 \\
\hline Nov. \& 18,958 \& 4,162 \& 1,101 \& 7,849 \& 5,847 \& Nov. \& 512 \& 16 \& 1 \& 63 \& 432 \\
\hline Dec. \& 19,420 \& 4,336 \& 1,136 \& 8,042 \& 5,906 \& Dec.. \& 577 \& 34 \& 8 \& 86 \& 449 \\
\hline 1958-Jan. \& 19,296 \& 4,251 \& 1,125 \& 8,007 \& 5,914 \& 1958-Jan... \& 573 \& 34 \& 4 \& 78 \& 456 \\
\hline Feb. \& 19,000 \& 4,204 \& 1,114 \& 7,871 \& 5,811 \& 198-Jan... \& 567 \& 22 \& 5 \& 98 \& 442 \\
\hline \& 18,730
18,394 \& 4,272 \& 1,098 \& 7,701 \& 5,659
5,569 \& Mar.. \& 633 \& 44 \& 11 \& 98 \& 479 \\
\hline Map. \& 18,223 \& 4, 4,030 \& 1,054 \& 7,614 \& 5,525 \& Apr.. \& 623 \& 15
53
5 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
3 \\
8 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& \(\begin{array}{r}79 \\ 131 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& 526
474 \\
\hline \& 18,600 \& 4,214 \& 1,113 \& 7,721 \& 5,552 \& June.. \& 666 \& 53
28 \& -8 \& 131 \& 474
481 \\
\hline July \& 18,609 \& 4,132 \& 1,088 \& 7,772 \& 5,617 \& July.. \& 656 \& 32 \& 14
5 \& 104 \& 515 \\
\hline Aug. \& 18,580 \& 4,014 \& 1,097 \& 7,820 \& 5,651 \& Aug. \& 635 \& 26 \& 3 \& 89 \& 516 \\
\hline Sept. \& 18,425 \& 3,951 \& 1,064 \& 7,731 \& 5,679 \& Sept. \& 571 \& 27 \& 5 \& 65 \& 474 \\
\hline Week ending: \& \& \& \& \& \& Week ending: \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1958-Sept. \({ }_{24} 17\).} \& 18,572 \& 4,014 \& 1,066 \& 7,762 \& 5,730 \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline \& 18,404 \& 3,901 \& 1,053 \& 7,710 \& 5,740 \& 1958-Sept. \({ }_{24 .}\) \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 636 \\
\& 593
\end{aligned}
\] \& 46
8 \& 2
6 \& 56
69 \& 532
510 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{4}{*}{Oct. \(\begin{array}{r}1 \\ 8 \\ 15 \\ 22 \\ 29 \\ \end{array}\)} \& 18,234 \& 3,972 \& 1,055 \& 7,680 \& 5,527 \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline \& 18,318 \& 3,884 \& 1,038 \& 7,660 \& 5,737 \& Oct. 1. \& 458 \& 59 \& 6 \& 65 \& 328 \\
\hline \& 18,475
18,652 \& 3,922 \& 1,067 \& 7,816
7,816 \& 5,670 \& \& 565
485 \& 17 \& 6 \& 65
68 \& 397 \\
\hline \& 18,515 \& 3,993 \& 1,066 \& 7,773 \& 5,683 \& \& \({ }^{p} 606\) \& -1 \& 1 \& 48 \& \({ }^{2} 598\) \\
\hline Required reserves: \({ }^{2}\) \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \({ }^{p} 562\) \& 75 \& 10 \& 74 \& \({ }^{2} 403\) \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{} \& 18,434 \& 4,203 \& 1,117 \& 7,749 \& 5,366 \& Borrowings at Federal \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline \& 18,573 \& 4,231 \& 1,116 \& 7,797 \& 5,429 \& Reserve Banks: \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline \& 18,447 \& 4,147 \& 1,100 \& 7,786 \& 5,414 \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Dec.. \& 18,843 \& 4,303 \& 1,127 \& 7,956 \& 5,457 \& 1957-Sept. \& 988 \& 263 \& 120 \& 485 \& 121 \\
\hline 1958-Jan. \& 18,723 \& 4,216 \& 1,121 \& 7,928 \& 5,458 \& Oct. \& 811
804 \& 141
96 \& 115
123 \& 428
405 \& 127 \\
\hline Feb. \& 18,434 \& 4,182 \& 1,109 \& 7,773 \& 5,369 \& Dec. \& 710 \& 139 \& 85 \& 314 \& 172 \\
\hline Mar. \& 18,097 \& 4,228 \& 1,087 \& 7,603 \& 5,179 \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Apr. \& 17,772 \& 4,107 \& 1,049 \& 7,572 \& 5,043 \& 1958-Jan. \& 451 \& 80 \& 29 \& 222 \& 119 \\
\hline May. \& 17,557 \& 3,977 \& 1,046 \& 7,482 \& 5,051 \& Feb. \& 242 \& 46 \& 11 \& 96 \& 89 \\
\hline June \& 17,974 \& 4,186 \& 1,099 \& 7,619 \& 5,070 \& Mar. \& 138 \& 2 \& 29 \& 36 \& 71 \\
\hline July \& 17,953 \& 4,101 \& 1,084 \& 7,667 \& 5,101 \& Apr............ \& 130 \& 18 \& 9 \& 35 \& 67 \\
\hline Aug. \& 17,946 \& 3,987 \& 1,094 \& 7,731 \& 5,134 \& May............. \& 119 \& 2 \& 1 \& 42 \& 74 \\
\hline Sept. \& 17,854 \& 3,923 \& 1,058 \& 7,667 \& 5,205 \& June............. \& 142 \& 21 \& 2 \& 45 \& 74 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Week ending:} \& \& \& \& \& \& July............ \& 109
252 \& 16
48 \& 1
3 \& 49
111 \& 44
90 \\
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& Sept............. \& 476 \& 106 \& 8 \& 266 \& 96 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \& 17,935 \& 3,968 \& 1,064 \& 7,705 \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 5,198 \\
\& 5: 230
\end{aligned}
\] \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline \& 17,811 \& 3,893 \& 1,047 \& 7,641 \& \[
5,230
\] \& Week ending: \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline \multirow[t]{6}{*}{Oct.

8
8
15
22
29} \& 17,774 \& 3,912 \& 1,049 \& 7,614 \& 5,199 \& 1958-Sept. 17. \& 563 \& 149 \& 14 \& 301 \& 99 <br>
\hline \& 17,753 \& 3,881 \& 1,038 \& 7,594 \& 5,240 \& \& 433 \& 104 \& \& 250 \& 79 <br>
\hline \& 17,989 \& 3,905 \& 1,061 \& 7,747
7,768 \& $\begin{array}{r}5,276 \\ p 5 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& Oct. 1. \& 400 \& 47 \& 1 \& 261 \& 91 <br>
\hline \& p17,953 \& 3,918 \& 1,056 \& 7,699 \& p5,280 \& \& 433 \& 47 \& 10 \& 275 \& 101 <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 472 \& 61 \& 6 \& 262 \& 143 <br>
\hline \& \multicolumn{5}{|c|}{September 1957} \& \& 455 \& 6 \& 11 \& 257 \& 181 <br>
\hline Deposits: \& \& \& \& \& \& Free reserves: ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Gross demand deposits: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Total. ................ \& 115,504 \& 22,955 \& 6,018 \& 45,037 \& 41,494 \& 1957-Sept. \& $-467$ \& -254 \& -115 \& -433 \& 335 <br>
\hline Interbank........... \& 113,075 \& 4, 4 , 78 \& 1,221 \& 6,294 \& 1,383 \& Oct. \& -344 \& -141 \& -115 \& -389 \& 301 <br>
\hline Net demand deposits ${ }^{3} \ldots$ \& 198,749 \& 20,101 \& 5,253 \& 37,948 \& 35,447 \& Dec.. \& - 133 \& -105 \& -123 \& -342 \& 251 <br>

\hline \multirow[t]{6}{*}{| Time deposits. |
| :--- |
| Demand balances due from domestic banks. |} \& 45,576 \& 3,647 \& 1,321 \& 18,364 \& 22,245 \& \& \& \& \& \& 277 <br>

\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& 1958-Jan. \& 122 \& -46 \& -25 \& -144 \& 337 <br>
\hline \& 6,515 \& 55 \& 104 \& 1,948 \& 4,408 \& \& 324 \& -25 \& -6 \& 1 \& 353 <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& Mar. \& 495 \& 42 \& -18 \& 62 \& 408 <br>
\hline \& \multicolumn{5}{|c|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{September 1958}} \& May. \& 547 \& 51 \& -7 \& 89 \& 399 <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& June. \& 484 \& 7 \& 12 \& 57 \& 408 <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Gross demand deposits: Total.} \& \& \& \& \& \& July. \& 546
383 \& 16
-22 \& 4 \& 56
-22 \& 471 <br>
\hline \& 119,131 \& 23,246 \& 6,225 \& 47,361 \& 42,298 \& Sept. \& 95 \& -79 \& $\cdots$ \& -201 \& 378 <br>
\hline Interbank............ \& 13,807 \& 4,104 \& 1,296 \& 6,974 \& 1,433 \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Other............... \& 105,324 \& 19,142 \& 4,930 \& 40,387 \& 40,865 \& Week ending: \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Net demand deposits ${ }^{3}$. . \& 101,757 \& 20,336 \& 5,479 \& 39,968 \& 35,973 \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Time deposits........... \& 53,104 \& 5,259 \& 1,437 \& 21,444 \& 24,964 \& 1958-Sept. 17. \& 73 \& -103 \& -12 \& -245 \& <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{6}{*}{Demand balances due from domestic banks. .} \& \multirow[t]{6}{*}{6,972} \& \multirow[t]{6}{*}{69} \& \& \& \& 24.......... \& 160 \& -96 \& 6 \& -181 \& 431 <br>
\hline \& \& \& 101 \& 2,093 \& 4,708 \& Oct. 1.......... \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 132 \& -44 \& -10 \& -196
-210 \& 237
396 <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 13 \& -44 \& \& -194 \& 396
251 <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& ${ }^{p} 238$ \& -33 \& -1i \& -194 \& ${ }^{2} 476$ <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& 29........... \& ${ }^{p} 107$ \& 69 \& -1 \& -183 \& $p^{2} 22$ <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

${ }^{p}$ Preliminary.
${ }^{2}$ Averages of daily closing figures for reserves and borrowings and of daily opening figures for other items, inasmuch as reserves required are based on deposits at opening of business.

2 Weekly figures of required, excess, and free reserves of all member

[^5]4 Free reserves are excess reserves less borrowings.

FEDERAL RESERVE BANK DISCOUNT RATES
[Per cent per annum]

| Federal Reserve Bank | Discounts for and advances to member banks |  |  |  |  |  | Advances to individuals, partnerships, or corporations other than member banks secured by direct obligations of the U.S. (last par. Sec. 13) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Advances secured by Government obligations and discounts of and advances secured by eligible paper (Secs. 13 and 13a) ${ }^{1}$ |  |  | Other secured advances [Sec. 10(b)] |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Rate on Oct. 31 | In effect beginning- | Previous rate | Rate on Oct. 31 | In effect beginning- | Previous rate | Rate on Oct. 31 | In effect beginning- | Previous rate |
| Boston. | 2 | Sept. 23, 1958 | $13 / 4$ | 21/2 | Sept. 23, 1958 | 21/4 | 31/4 | Mar. 11, 1958 | 33/4 |
| New York | 2 | Sept. 12, 1958 | $13 / 4$ | $21 / 2$ | Sept. 12, 1958 | $21 / 4$ | $31 / 2$ | Sept. 12, 1958 | $31 / 4$ |
| Philadelphia | $21 / 2$ | Oct. 24, 1958 | 2 | $3{ }^{3}$ | Oct. 24, 1958 | $21 / 2$ | $4{ }^{2}$ | Sept. 19, 1958 | $31 / 2$ |
| Cleveland. . | $21 / 2$ | Oct. 30, 1958 | 2 | 3 | Oct. 30, 1958 | $21 / 2$ | 4 | Oct. 30, 1958 | $33 / 4$ |
| Richmond. | $21 / 2$ | Oct. 24, 1958 | 2 | 3 | Oct. 24, 1958 | $21 / 2$ | 4 | Oct. 24, 1958 | $33 / 4$ |
| Atlanta. | $21 / 2$ | Oct. 28, 1958 | 2 | 3 | Oct. 28, 1958 | $21 / 2$ | $41 / 2$ | Oct. 28, 1958 | $31 / 4$ |
| Chicago. | $21 / 2$ | Oct. 31, 1958 | 2 | 3 | Oct. 31, 1958 | $21 / 2$ | 4 | Jan. 24, 1958 | $41 / 2$ |
| St. Louis. | $21 / 2$ | Oct. 24, 1958 | 2 | 3 | Oct. 24, 1958 | $21 / 2$ | $31 / 2$ | Oct. 24, 1958 | $3^{2}$ |
| Minneapolis. | $21 / 2$ | Oct. 24, 1958 | 2 | 3 | Oct. 24, 1958 | $21 / 2$ | $41 / 4$ | Oct. 24, 1958 | $33 / 4$ |
| Kansas City. | 2 | Aug. 29, 1958 | $13 / 4$ | $21 / 2$ | Aug. 29, 1958 | $21 / 4$ | $33 / 4$ | Aug. 29, 1958 | 31/2 |
| Dallas..... | 21/2 | Oct. 24, 1958 | 2 | 3 | Oct. 24, 1958 | $21 / 2$ | $41 / 2$ | Oct. 24, 1958 | 4 |
| San Francisco. | 2 | Aug. 15, 1958 | $13 / 4$ | 21/2 | Aug. 15, 1958 | $21 / 4$ | 33/4 | Aug. 15, 1958 | 31/2 |

1 Rates shown also apply to advances secured by obligations of Federal intermediate credit banks maturing within 6 months.

Note--Maximum maturities. Discounts for and advances to member banks: 90 days for discounts and advances under Sections 13 and 13 a of the Federal Reserve Act except that discounts of certain bankers' acceptances and of agricultural paper may have maturities not exceeding 6

FEDERAL RESERVE BANK OF NEW YORK DISCOUNT RATES ${ }^{1}$
[Per cent per annum]

| Date effective | Rate | Date effective | Rate |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1930-Feb. 7 | 4 | 1948-Jan. 12. | $11 / 4$ |
| Mar. 14 | 31/2 | Aug. 13. | $11 / 2$ |
| May 2 | 3 | 1950 -Aug. 21. | $13 / 4$ |
| June 20 | 21/2 | 1953-Jan. 16. | 2 |
| Dec. 24 | 2 | 1954-Feb. 5 | $13 / 4$ |
| 1931-May 8 | $11 / 2$ | Apr. 16. | $11 / 2$ |
| Oct. 9 | $21 / 2$ | 1955-Apr. 15. | $13 / 4$ |
| Oct. 16 | $31 / 2$ | Aug. 5 | 2 |
| 1932-Feb. 26 | 3 | Sept. 9 | 21/4 |
| June 24 | $21 / 2$ | Nov. 18 | 21/2 |
| 1933-Mar. 3 | $31 / 2$ | 1956-Apr. 13 | 23/4 |
| Apr. 7 | 3 | 1957 Aug. 24 | 3 |
| May 26 | $21 / 2$ | 1957-Aug. 23 | $31 / 2$ |
| Oct. 20 | 2 | Nov. 15 | 3 |
| 1934-Feb, ${ }_{2}$ | $11 / 2$ | 1958-Jan. 24. | $23 / 4$ |
| 1937-Aug. 27 | 1 | Mar. 7. | $21 / 4$ |
| 1942-Oct. 30 | *1/2 | Apr. 18 | $13 / 4$ |
| 1946-Apr. 25 | 1 | In effect Nopt. ${ }^{\text {Sep. }}$, 12,1958 | $2_{2}^{2}$ |

1 Under Secs. 13 and 13a, as described in table above.

- Preferential rate for advances secured by Govt. securities maturing or callable in 1 year or less in effect during the period Oct. 30, 1942 Apr. 24, 1946. The rate of 1 per cent was continued for discounts of and advances secured by eligible paper.

NOTE.-Repurchase rate on U. S. Govt. securities. In 1955, 1956, and 1957 this rate was the same as the discount rate except in the following periods (rates in percentages): 1955-May 4-6, 1.65; Aug. 4, 1.85; Sept. $1-2,2.10 ;$ Sept. 8, 2.
$1957-$ Aug. 22, 3.50.

MARGIN REQUIREMENTS ${ }^{1}$
[Per cent of market value]

| Prescribed in accordance with Securities Exchange Act of 1934 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan. 16, } \\ 1958-4 \\ \text { Aug., } \\ 1958 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. 5, } \\ & \text { 1958- } \\ & \text { Oct. } 15, \end{aligned}$ | Effective Oct. 16, 1958 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Regulation T: <br> For extensions of credit by brokers and dealers on listed securities. . . . . . . . . . . . | 5050 | 7070 | 9090 |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Regulation U: <br> For loans by banks on stocks. . . . . . . . . . | 50 | 70 | 90 |

${ }^{1}$ Regulations $T$ and $U$ limit the amount of credit that may be extended on a security by prescribing a maximum loan value, which is a specified percentage of its market value at the time of extension; margin require ments are the difference between the market value ( $100 \%$ ) and the maxi mum loan value.
months and 9 months, respectively, and advances secured by obligations of Federal intermediate credit banks maturing within 6 months are limited to maximum maturities of 15 days; 4 months for advances under under the last paragraph of Section 13:90 days.

MEMBER BANK RESERVE REQUIREMENTS
[Per cent of deposits]

| Effective date of change | Net demand deposits ${ }^{1}$ |  |  | Time deposits |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Central reserve city banks | Reserve city banks | Country banks | Central reserve and reserve city banks | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Coun- } \\ & \text { try } \\ & \text { banks } \end{aligned}$ |
| 1917-June 21 | 13 | 10 | 7 | 3 | 3 |
| 1936-Aug. 16 | 191/2 | 15 | 101/2 | $41 / 2$ | $41 / 2$ |
| 1937-Mar. 1 | 223/4 | 171/2 | 121/4 | 51/4 | 51/4 |
| May 1 | 26 | 20 | 14 |  | 6 |
| 1938-Apr. 16 | 223/4 | 171/2 | 12 | 5 | 5 |
| 1941-Nov. 1 | 26 | 20 | 14 | 6 | 6 |
| 1942-Aug. 20 | 24 |  |  |  |  |
| Sept. 14 | 22 |  |  |  |  |
| Oct. 3 | 20 |  |  |  |  |
| 1948-Feb. $27 . \ldots . .$. | 22 |  |  |  |  |
| June 11....... | 24 |  |  |  |  |
| 1949 Sept. 16, 24*... | 26 | 22 | 16 | $71 / 2$ | $71 / 2$ |
|  | 24 | 21 | 15 | 7 | 7 |
| June 30, July 1*. Aug. 1, 11*.. |  | 20 | 14 | 6 | 6 |
| Aug. 1, 11*... | 231/2 | 191/2 | 13 | 5 |  |
| Aug. 16, 18*. | 23 | 19 | 12 |  | 5 |
| Aug. 25 | 221/2 | 181/2 |  |  |  |
| 1951-Jan. 11, 16*... | 22 | 18 |  |  |  |
|  | 23 | 19 | 13 | 6 | 6 |
| Jan. 25, Feb. ${ }^{\text {* }}$ ( ${ }^{\text {1953-July }}$ 1,9*... | 24 | 20 | 14 |  |  |
| 1953-July $1,9 * \ldots$ | 22 | 19 | 13 |  |  |
| 1954-June 16, $24 * *$. ${ }^{\text {July }}$ 29, Aug. | 21 |  |  | 5 | 5 |
| July 29, Aug. 1*. | 20 | 18 | 12 |  |  |
| 1958-Feb. 27, Mar. $1^{*}$ | 191/2 | 171/2 | 111/2 |  |  |
| Mar. 20, Apr. 1* | 19 | 17 | 11 |  |  |
| Apr. Apr. 24. | $181 / 2$ |  |  |  |  |
| Apr. 24....... | 18 | 161/2 |  |  |  |
| In effect Nov. 1, 1958. | 18 | 161/2 | 11 | 5 | 5 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 13 | 10 | 7 | 3 | 3 |
|  | 26 | 20 | 14 | 6 | 6 |

${ }^{1}$ Demand deposits subject to reserve requirements which, beginning Aug. 23, 1935, have been total demand deposits minus cash items in process of collection and demand balances due from domestic banks (also minus war loan and Series E bond accounts during the period Apr. 13, 1943-June 30, 1947).

* First-of-month or midmonth dates are changes at country banks, and other dates (usually Thurs.) are at central reserve or reserve city banks.

STATEMENT OF CONDITION OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS
[In thousands of dollars]

| Item | Wednesday |  |  |  |  | End of month |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1958 |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  | 1957 |
|  | Oct. 29 | Oct. 22 | Oct. 15 | Oct. 8 | Oct. 1 | Oct. | Sept. | Oct. |
| Assets |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gold certificate account. | 19,217,892 | 19,217,892 | 19,316,893 | 19,357,892 | 19,355,894 | 19,217,892 | 19,405,893 | 21, 158, 390 |
| Redemption fund for F. R. notes. | 887,297 | 889,664 | 878,846 | 880,250 | 882,283 | 887,297 | 882,283 | 846,337 |
| Total gold certificate reserves. | 20,105,189 | 20,107,556 | 20,195,739 | 20,238,142 | 20,238,177 | 20,105,189 | 20,288,176 | 22,004,727 |
| F. R. notes of other Banks | 386,444 | 382,341 | 327,867 | 340,748 | 368,222 | 365,287 | 364,645 | 404,164 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Discounts and advances: For member banks. | 376,967 | 757,450 | 244,155 | 382,125 | 198,325 | 405,877 | 254,078 | 782,845 |
| For nonmember banks, | 1,300 | 1,300 | 700 | 700 | 700 | 1,300 | 700 | 6,500 |
| Industrial loans. | 338 | 338 | 338 | 340 | 340 | 338 | 340 | 560 |
| Acceptances-Bought outright | 33,158 | 31,523 | 32,265 | 32,206 | 29,104 | 36,301 | 28,351 | 16,488 |
| U. S. Government securities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Notes... | 10,000 | 10,000 | 10,000 | -10,000 | 10,000 | 10,000 | 10,000 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total bought outright. | 25,372,672 | 25,225,272 | 25,379,372 | 25,222,272 | 25,046,872 | 25,372,672 | 24,986, 372 | 23,218,035 |
| Held under repurchase agreement. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $128,100 . \ldots \ldots .$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total U. S. Government securities. . . . . . . . . . | 25,372,672 | 25,225,272 | 25,507,472 | 25,222,272 | 25,046,872 | 25,442,772 | 24,986, 372 | 23,338,035 |
| Total loans and securities. | 25,784,435 | 26,015,883 | 25,784,930 | 25,637,643 | 25,275, 341 | 25,886,588 | 25,269,841 | 24,144,428 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Uncollected cash items. | 4,988,813 | 5,504,148 | 6,360,828 | 4,603,891 | 5,182,643 | 4,490,420 | 4,706, 128 | 4,814,622 |
| Bank premises | 93, 309 | 91,083 | 90,676 | 90,553 | 90,474 | 93,194 | 90,481 | 82, 654 |
| Other assets. | 210,280 | 201,333 | 189,371 | 177,333 | 165,204 | 213,653 | 162,806 | 207,023 |
| Total assets. | 51,949,542 | 52,679,669 | 53,308, 393 | 51,451,900 | 51,703,265 | 51,538,308 | 51,263,526 | 52,035,394 |
| Liabilities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Deposits: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U. S. Treasurer--general acc | 542,233 | 524,592 | 339,713 | 353,358 | 441,278 | 363,206 | 371,169 | 552,095 |
| Foreign | 280, 118 | 296,708 | 323,641 | 325,495 | 274,712 | 288,459 | 257,947 | 377,607 |
| Other. | 326,183 | 316,629 | 338,730 | 349,203 | 397,612 | 334,599 | 395,444 | 256,426 |
| Total deposits. | 19,415,224 | 19,812,643 | 19,552,485 | 19,253,620 | 19, 167,769 | 19,448, 156 | 19,171,498 | 20,102,639 |
| Deferred availability cash items . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 4,212,467 | 4,484,962 | 5,300,312 | 3,810,561 | 4,278,270 | 3,702,237 | 3,845,803 | 3,752,675 |
| Other liabilities and accrued dividends. . . . . . . . . . . . . | 22,455 | 21,804 | 21,969 | 20,534 | 18,097 | 22,196 | 18,900 | 20,292 |
| Total liabilities | 50,589,049 | 51,292,753 | 51,931, 104 | 50,084,199 | 50,345,225 | $50,175,129$ | 49,906,828 | 50,709,623 |
| Capital Accounts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Capital paid in | 357,342 | 357,283 | 357,172 | 357,176 | 357,138 | 357,463 | 357,113 | 340,912 |
| Surplus.. | 809,195 | 809,195 | 809,195 | 809,195 | 809,195 | 809, 195 | 809,195 | 1775,136 |
| Other capital accounts | 193,956 | 220,438 | 210,922 | 201,330 | 191,707 | 196,521 | 190,390 | 209,723 |
| Total liabilities and capital accounts | 51,949,542 | 52,679,669 | 53, 308,393 | 51,451,900 | 51,703,265 | 51,538,308 | 51,263,526 | 52,035,394 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Contingent liability on acceptances purchased for foreign correspondents . | 70,411 | 65,674 | 67,659 | 71,238 | 75,181 | 70,596 | 75,435 | 69,423 |
| Industrial loan commitments. | 1,019 | 1,019 | 1,019 | 1,031 | 1,031 | 1,019 | 1,031 | 1,166 |

Maturity Distribution of Loans and U. S. Government Securities ${ }^{2}$

| Discounts and advances-total | 378,267 | 758,750 | 244,855 | 382,825 | 199,025 | 407,177 | 254,778 | 789,345 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Within 15 days. | 371,535 | 753,848 | 240,545 | 379,085 | 195,415 | 385,035 | 251,300 | 779,775 |
| 16 days to 90 days. | 6,732 | 4,902 | 4,310 | 3,740 | 3,610 | 22,142 | 3,478 | 9,570 |
| 91 days to 1 year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industrial loans-total | 338 | 338 | 338 | 340 | 340 | 338 | 340 | 560 |
| Within 15 days. | 186 | 186 | 186 | 187 | 187 | 194 | 187 | 69 |
| 16 days to 90 day | 29 | 29. | 19 | 20 | 20 | 18 | 20 | 253 |
| 91 days to 1 year | 52 | 52 | 62 | 58 | 58 | 47 | 58 | 87 |
| Over 1 year to 5 years | 71 | 71 | 71 | 75 | 75 | 79 | 75 | 151 |
| Acceptances-total. | 33,158 | 31,523 | 32,265 | 32,206 | 29,104 | 36,301 | 28,351 | 16,488 |
| Within 15 days. | 12,119 | 11,543 | 7,359 | 7,506 | 9,714 | 9,866 | 9,397 | 5,026 |
| 16 days to 90 days | 21,039 | 19,980 | 24,906 | 24,700 | 19,390 | 26,435 | 18,954 | 11,462 |
| U.S. Government securities-to | 25, 372,672 | 25,225,272 | 25,507,472 | 25,222,272 | 25,046,872 | 25,442,772 | 24,986,372 | 23,338,035 |
| Within 15 days.. | 276,000 | , 222,400 | 341,100 | 160,800 | 194,200 | 268,100 | 135,200 | 142,050 |
| 16 days to 90 days | 8,953,175 | 8,859,375 | 9,022,875 | 8,917,975 | 8,709,175 | 9,031,175. | 8,707,675 | 8,288,688 |
| 91 days to 1 year. | 13,649,726 | 13,649,726 | 13,649,726 | 13,649,726 | 13,649,726 | 13,649,726 | 13,649,726 | $12,118,040$ |
| Over 1 year to 5 years. | 1,023,614 | 1,023,614 | 1,023,614 | 1,023,614 | 1,023,614 | 1,023,614 | $1,023,614$ | $680,635$ |
| Over 5 years to 10 years | 1 $\begin{array}{r}83,910 \\ \hline 186,247\end{array}$ | 1, 83, 910 | 83 <br> 1.910 | $1,83,910$ <br> 1 | $1,83,910$ $1,386,247$ | $1,83,910$ $1,386,247$ | $1,83,910$ $1,386,247$ | $\begin{array}{r} 750,375 \\ 1.358,247 \end{array}$ |
| Over 10 years. . | 1,386,247 | 1,386,247 | 1,386,247 | 1,386,247 | 1,386,247 | 1,386,247 | 1,386,247 | 1,358,247 |

1 Includes, prior to Sept. 2, 1958, Section $13 b$ surplus of $\$ 27,543,000$. in 15 days in accordance with maximum maturity of the agreements.
2 Holdings under repurchase agreements are classified as maturing with-

STATEMENT OF CONDITION OF EACH FEDERAL RESERVE BANK ON OCTOBER 31, 1958


[^6]4 After deducting $\$ 50,547,000$ participations of other Federal Reserve Banks.

## FEDERAL RESERVE NOTES-FEDERAL RESERVE AGENTS' ACCOUNTS

[In thousands of dollars]
FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS COMBINED

| Item | Wednesday |  |  |  |  | End of month |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1958 |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  | 1957 |
|  | Oct. 29 | Oct. 22 | Oct. 15 | Oct. 8 | Oct. 1 | Oct. | Sept. | Oct. |
| F. R. notes outstanding (issued to Bank). | 27,969,505 | 27,964,462 | 27,957,209 | 27,869,699 | $27,828,657$ | 28,017,260 | 27,838,932 | 27,797,515 |
| Collateral held against notes outstanding: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 11,393,000 | 11,383,000 | 11,518,000 | 11,518,000 | 11,518,000 | 11, 393,000 | 11,518,000 | 12,028,000 |
| Eligible paper. . . . . . . . . . . | 17,670,509 | 17 122,112 | 25,600 $17,570,000$ | 17 570, 4585 | 17 28,080 | 17, 79,839 | 17 35,398 | 16,137,258 |
| U. S. Government securities | 17,670,000 | 17,570,000 | 17,570,000 | 17,570,000 | 17,570,000 | 17,670,000 | 17,570,000 | 16,995,000 |
| Total collateral. | 29,125,509 | 29,075,112 | 29,113,600 | 29,133,985 | 29,116,080, | 19,142,839 | 29,123,398 | 29,160,258 |

EACH FEDERAL RESERVE BANK ON OCTOBER 31, 1958

| Item | Boston | New York | Philadelphia | Cleveland | Richmond | Atlanta | Chicago | St. Louis | Minneapolis | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Kansas } \\ & \text { City } \end{aligned}$ | Dallas | San <br> Fradcisco |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| F. R. notes outstan |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (issued to Bank). | 88 |  |  | 2,553,166 |  |  | 5,321,232 | 1,253,988 | 582,458 | 1,108,507 | 811,152 | 834,828 |
| Gold certificate acct. | 600,000 | 3,120,000 | 640,000 | 1,000,000 | 775,000 | 425,000 | 2,300,000 | 430,000 | 200,000 | 300,000 | 303,000 | 1,300,000 |
| Eligible paper.......ies. | 1,150,000 | 3,600,000 | 1,200,000 | 1,600,000 | 1,450,000 | 1,100,000 | 3,200,000 | 100,000 | 425,000 | 56,674 820,000 | 525,000 | 1,700,000 |
| Total collateral. . | 1,750,000 | 6,720,000 | 1,846,215 | 2,600,000 | 2,225,000 | 1,525,000 | 5,500,000 | 1,346,950 | 625,000 | 1,176,674 | 828,000 | 3,000,000 |

INDUSTRIAL LOANS BY FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS

| [Amounts in thousands of dollars] |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| End of year or month | Applications approved to date |  | Approvedbut not completed ${ }^{1}$ (amount) | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Loans } \\ \text { out- } \\ \text { standing } \\ \text { (amount) } \end{array}\right\|$ | Commit-mentsout-standing(amount) | Partici- <br> pations <br> of financ- <br> ing insti- <br> out- <br> standing ${ }^{3}$ <br> (amount) |
|  | $\underset{\text { ber }}{\text { Num- }}$ | Amount |  |  |  |  |
| 1952. | 3,753 | 766,492 | 1,638 | 3,921 | 3,210 | 3,289 |
| 1953... | 3,765 | 803,429 | 1,951 | 1,900 | 3,569 | 3,469 |
| 1954... | 3,771 | 818,224 | 520 | 719 | 1,148 | 1,027 |
| 1955. | 3,778 | 826,853 | 305 | 702 | 2,293 | 1,103 |
| 1956... | 3,782 | 832,550 |  | 794 | 2,365 | 1,129 |
| 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sept..... | 3,785 | 838.714 | 760 | 620 | 1,323 | 684 |
| Oct. | 3,786 | 840,504 |  | 586 | 1,165 | 1,169 |
| Nov..... | 3,786 | 840,814 |  | 581 | 1,130 | 1,126 |
| Dec...... | 3,786 | 841,290 |  | 524 | 1,109 | 1,122 |
| 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan...... | 3,786 | 841,691 |  | 535 | 1,058 | 1,087 |
| Feb...... | 3,786 | 842,232 |  | 506 | 1,063 | 1,063 |
| Mar. | 3,786 | 842,472 |  | 502 | 1,001 | 965 |
| Apr...... | 3,786 | 842,723 |  | 503 | 998 | 964 |
| May..... | 3,786 | 843,078 |  | 489 | 991 | 944 |
| June. | 3,787 | 843,321 | 75 | 343 | 991 | 799 |
| July. | 3,787 | 843,321 | 75 | 342 | 986 | 798 |
| Aug..... | 3,787 | 843,321 |  | 340 | 1,037 | 817 |
| Sept..... | 3,787 | 843,321 |  | 339 | 1,032 | 816 |

${ }^{1}$ Includes applications approved conditionally by the Federal Reserve Banks and under consideration by applicant.
2 Includes industrial loans past due 3 months or more, which are not included in industrial loans outstanding in weekly statement of condition of Federal Reserve Banks.
${ }_{3}$ Not covered by Federal Reserve Bank commitment to purchase or discount.

Note.-The difference between amount of applications approved and the sum of the following four columns represents repayments of advances, and applications for loans and commitments withdrawn or expired.

## LOANS GUARANTEED UNDER REGULATION V 1

| End of year or month | Loansauthorized to date |  | $\underset{\text { outstanding }}{\text { Loans }}$ |  | Additional amount a vailable to borrowers under guarantee agreoments outstanding |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\underset{\text { ber }}{\text { Num- }}$ | Amount | Total amount | Portion guaran teed |  |
| 1952. | 1,159 | 2,124 | 979 | 803 | 586 |
| 1953. | 1,294 | 2,358 | 805 | 666 | 364 |
| 1954 | 1,367 | 2,500 | 472 | 368 | 273 |
| 1955. | 1,411 | 2,575 | 294 | 226 | 170 |
| 1956. | 1,468 | 2,761 | 389 | 289 | 125 |
| 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sept...... | 1,498 | 2,882 | 395 | 295 | 138 |
| Oct....... | 1,498 | 2,888 | 398 | 300 | 124 |
| Nov....... | 1,500 | 2,906 | 394 | 298 | 127 135 |
| Dec........ | 1,503 | 2,912 | 395 | 300 | 135 |
| 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan.... | 1,506 | 2,923 | 380 | 290 | 156 |
| Feb. | 1,511 | 2,935 | 372 | 286 | 164 |
| Mar.. | 1,512 | 2,936 | 367 | 282 | 139 |
| Apr... | 1,514 | 2,937 | 343 | 265 | 157 |
| May.. | 1,516 | 2,952 | 326 | 252 | 168 |
| June. . | 1,522 | 3,029 | 330 | 254 | 177 |
| July. | 1,523 | 3,033 | 306 | 235 | 194 |
| Aug.. | 1,528 | 3,069 | 299 | 229 | 199 |
| Sept. | 1,531 | 3,071 | 298 | 228 | 190 |

${ }^{1}$ Loans made by private financing institutions and guaranteed by Government procurement agencies, pursuant to the Defense Production Act of 1950. Federal Reserve Banks act as fiscal agents of the guaranteeing agencies in these transactions, and the procedure is governed by Regula-
tion $V$ of the Board of Governors.

Note.-The difference between guaranteed loans authorized and sum of loans outstanding and additional amounts available to borrowers under guarantee agreements outstanding represents amounts repaid, guarantees authorized but not completed, and authorizations expired or
withdrawn.

FEDERAL RESERVE BANK RATES ON INDUSTRIAL LOANS 1
[In effect Oct. 31. Per cent per annum]

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{3}{*}{Federal Reserve Bank} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{To industrial or commercial businesses} \& \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{To financing institutions} <br>
\hline \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{$$
\underset{\text { loans } 2}{\text { On }}
$$} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { On } \\
\text { commit- } \\
\text { ments }
\end{gathered}
$$} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{On discounts or purchases} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { On } \\
\text { Commit- } \\
\text { ments }
\end{gathered}
$$} <br>
\hline \& \& \& Portion for which institution is obligated \& Re-maining portion \& <br>
\hline Boston. \& 31/2-6 \& 1/2-11/2 \& (3) \& (4) \& 1/2-11/2 <br>
\hline New York. \& 4-6 \& 1/2-11/2 \& (3) \& (4) \& 1/2-1/2 <br>
\hline Philadelphia. \& 4-6 \& 1/2-1/2 \& (5) \& (4) \& 1/2-11/2 <br>
\hline Cleveland. \& 31/2-6 \& 1/2-11/2 \& ${ }^{(3)}$ \& (4) \& <br>
\hline Richmond. \& ${ }^{41} 6$ \& 1/2-1/2 \& (3) \& $\left(\begin{array}{l}4 \\ (4) \\ \\ \\ \end{array}\right.$ \&  <br>
\hline Atlanta.. \& ${ }_{31 / 2-61 / 2}^{31 / 2}$ \& 1-13/8 \& ${ }^{31}{ }^{(3)}$-6 \& \& <br>
\hline St. Louis \& 23/4-51/4 \& 12-152\% \& (3)

(3) \& 314) \& \% $12-1$ 淮 <br>
\hline Minneapolis. \& 4-6 \& 1/2-11/2 \& 4-6 \& 4-6 \& 1/2-11/2 <br>
\hline Kansas City... \& 4-6 \& 1/2-1/2 \& ${ }^{(3)}$ \& (4) \& 71/2-11/2 <br>
\hline Dallas........ \& 4-6 \& 1/2-11/2 \& (3) \& (4)
(4) \& $71 / 2-11 / 2$
$71 / 2-1 / 2$ <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

${ }^{1}$ Rates on industrial loans, discounts or purchases of loans, and commitments under Sec. 13b of the Federal Reserve Act. Maturities not mitments under Sec
${ }_{2}$ Including loans made in participation with financing institutions.
${ }_{3}$ Rate charged borrower less commitment rate.
4 Rate charged borrower less commitment rate. 5 Rate charged borrower but not to exceed 1 per cent above the discount rate.
${ }^{1}$ Twenty-five per cent of loan rate. Charge of $1 / 2$ per cent per annum is made on undisbursed portion.
${ }^{7}$ Charge of $1 / 4$ per cent per annum is made on undisbursed portion.

FEES AND RATES ON LOANS GUARANTEED UNDER REGULATION V 1
[In effect Oct. 31]


Maximum Rates Financing Institution May Charge Borrower [Per cent per annum]


1 Schedule of fees and rates established by the Board of Governors on loans made by private financing institutions and guaranteed by Government procurement agencies, pursuant to the Defense Production Act of 1950 . Federal Reserve Banks act as fiscal agents of the guaranteeing agencies in these transactions, and the procedure is governed by Regulation V of the Board of Governors.

BANK DEBITS AND DEPOSIT TURNOVER
[Debit in millions of dollars]

| Year or month | Debits to demand deposits accounts, except interbank and <br> U. S. Government accounts |  |  |  | Annual rate of turnover of demand deposits except interbank and U. S. Government deposits |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Without seasonal adjustment |  |  | Seasonally adjusted ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |
|  | Total, all reporting centers | New York City | $\begin{gathered} 6 \\ \text { other } \\ \text { centers } \end{gathered}$ | 337 other reporting centers ${ }^{2}$ | New York City | $\begin{gathered} 6 \\ \text { other } \\ \text { centers } 1 \end{gathered}$ | 337 other reporting centers ${ }^{2}$ | New York City | $\begin{gathered} \text { óner } \\ \text { centers }{ }^{1} \end{gathered}$ | 337 other reporting centers ${ }^{2}$ |
| 1950. | 1,380,112 | 509,340 | 298,564 | 572,208 | 31.1 | 22.6 | 17.2 |  |  |  |
| 1951. | 1,542,554 | 544,367 | 336,885 | 661,302 | 31.9 | 24.0 | 18.4 |  |  |  |
| 1952 | 1,642,853 | 597,815 | 349,904 | 695,133 | 34.4 | 24.1 | 18.4 |  |  |  |
| 1953. | 1,759,069 | 632,801 | 385,831 | 740,436 | 36.7 | 25.6 | 18.9 |  |  |  |
| 1954. | 1,887,366 | 738,925 | 390,066 | 758,375 | 42.3 | 25.8 | 19.2 | . . |  |  |
| 1955. | 2,043,548 | 766,890 | 431,651 | 845,007 | 42.7 | 27.3 | 20.4 | . . . |  |  |
| 1956. | 2,200,643 | 815,856 | 462,859 | 921,928 | 45.8 | 28.8 | 21.8 |  |  |  |
| 1957. | 2,356,768 | 888,455 | 489,311 | 979,002 | 49.5 | 30.4 | 23.0 |  |  |  |
| 1957-July . | 200,559 | 74,509 | 41,711 | 84,339 | 49.5 | 30.6 | 23.6 | 50.8 | 31.2 | 24.0 |
| Aug. | 190,539 | 68,409 | 40,194 | 81,936 | 44.7 | 28.5 | 22.1 | 51.7 50 | 31.1 | 23.5 |
| Sept. | 189,294 | 70,953 | 39,095 | 79,245 | 52.2 49.9 | 31.4 29.6 | 24.1 | 50.9 | 31.7 30.5 | 23.7 |
| Oct. | 204, 168 | 77,431 | 41,761 | 84,976 | 49.9 | 29.6 | 22.7 | 51.4 | 30.5 | 22.7 |
| Nov. | 189,246 220,376 | 71,667 | 39,012 43,692 | 78,567 88,100 | 51.2 58.9 | 30.5 | 23.5 | 51.7 52.1 | 30.0 30.8 | 22.3 |
| 1958-Jan. | 212,908 | 84,355 | 41,992 | 86,561 | 54.6 | 30.0 | 23.3 | 54.3 | 30.6 | 23.1 |
| Feb. | 181,729 | 72,803 | 36,188 | 72,738 | 55.4 | 30.1 | 22.8 | 56.8 | 30.9 | 22.9 |
| Mar. | 203,870 | 84,409 | 40,363 | 79,098 | 56.2 | 31.3 | 22.2 | 54.8 | 28.6 | 22.3 |
| Apr. | 204,126 | 85,510 | 39,354 | 79,262 | 56.6 | 30.2 | 22.1 | 57.5 | 29.3 | 22.8 |
| May | 195,116 | 77,315 | 38,645 | 79,156 | 51.2 | 28.2 | 22.0 | 52.5 | 28.6 | 22.4 |
| June. | 219,465 | 95,473 | 41,228 | 82,765 | 65.7 | 31.4 | 23.8 | 60.8 | 30.8 | 23.8 |
| July. | 206,524 | 82,214 | 40,701 | 83,609 | 54.8 | 29.6 | 22.9 | 56.2 | 30.2 | 23.2 |
| Aug. | 185,849 | 68,620 | 37,942 | 79,287 | 46.4 | 27.4 | 21.7 | 53.6 | 29.9 | 23.1 |
| Sept. | 195,205 | 70,887 | 40,520 | 83,798 | 49.4 | 30.3 | 23.6 | 48.2 | 30.6 | 23.3 |

${ }^{1}$ Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago, Detroit, San Francisco, and Los Angeles.

2 Prior to April 1955, 338 centers.
${ }^{3}$ These data are compiled by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York. Note.-For description see Bulletin for April 1953, pp. 355-57.

DENOMINATIONS OF UNITED STATES CURRENCY IN CIRCULATION
[On basis of compilation by United States Treasury. In millions of dollars]

| End of year or month | Total in cir-cula-tion 1 | Coin and small denomination currency |  |  |  |  |  |  | Large denomination currency |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Coin | \$12 | \$2 | \$5 | \$10 | \$20 | Total | \$50 | \$100 | \$500 | \$1,000 | \$5,000 | \$10,000 |
| 1939. | 7,598 | 5,553 | 590 | 559 | 36 | 1,019 | 1,772 | 1,576 | 2,048 | 460 | 919 | 191 | 425 | 20 | 32 |
| 1941. | 11,160 | 8,120 | 751 | 695 | 44 | 1,355 | 2,731 | 2,545 | 3,044 | 724 | 1,433 | 261 | 556 | 24 | 46 |
| 1945 | 28,515 | 20,683 | 1,274 | 1,039 | 73 | 2,313 | 6,782 | 9,201 | 7,834 | 2,327 | 4,220 | 454 | 801 | 7 | 24 |
| 1947 | 28,868 | 20,020 | 1,404 | 1,048 | 65 | 2,110 | 6,275 | 9,119 | 8,850 | 2,548 | 5,070 | 428 | 782 | 5 | 17 |
| 1950 | 27,741 | 19,305 | 1,554 | 1,113 | 64 | 2,049 | 5,998 | 8,529 | 8,438 | 2,422 | 5,043 | 368 | 588 | 4 | 12 |
| 1952. | 30,433 | 21,450 | 1,750 | 1,228 | 71 | 2,143 | 6,561 | 9,696 | 8,985 | 2,669 | 5,447 | 343 | 512 | 4 | 10 |
| 1953. | 30,781 | 21,636 | 1,812 | 1,249 | 72 | 2,119 | 6,565 | 9,819 | 9,146 | 2,732 | 5,581 | 333 | 486 | 4 | 11 |
| 1954 | 30,509 | 21,374 | 1,834 | 1,256 | 71 | 2,098 | 6,450 | 9,665 | 9,136 | 2,720 | 5,612 | 321 | 464 | 3 | 15 |
| 1955 | 31,158 | 22,021 | 1,927 | 1,312 | 75 | 2,151 | 6,617 | 9,940 | 9,136 | 2,736 | 5,641 | 307 | 438 | 3 | 12 |
| 1956 | 31,790 | 22,598 | 2,027 | 1,369 | 78 | 2,196 | 6.734 | 10,194 | 9,192 | 2,771 | 5,704 | 292 | 407 | 3 | 14 |
| 1957-Sept. | 31,073 | 22,088 | 2,069 | 1,312 | 78 | 2,084 | 6,533 | 10,013 | 8,984 | 2,696 | 5,611 | 279 | 386 | 4 | 9 |
| Oct. | 31,090 | 22,086 | 2,083 | 1,330 | 77 | 2,089 | 6,533 | 9,975 | 9,003 | 2,695 | 5,632 | 279 | 385 | 4 | 9 |
| Nov. | 31,661 | 22,582 | 2,099 | 1,356 | 78 | 2,146 | 6,726 | 10,177 | 9,079 | 2,725 | 5,677 | 279 | 386 | 3 | 8 |
| Dec. | 31,834 | 22,626 | 2,110 | 1,398 | 80 | 2,188 | 6,662 | 10,187 | 9,208 | 2,777 | 5,752 | 280 | 384 | 3 | 13 |
| 1958-Jan.. | 30,576 | 21,527 | 2,061 | 1,293 | 78 | 2,044 | 6,331 | 9,721 | 9,049 | 2,711 | 5,668 | 277 | 381 | 3 | 9 |
| Feb. | 30,554 | 21,544 | 2,057 | 1,285 | 77 |  |  | 9,724 | 9,011 | 2,692 | 5,651 | 276 | 380 | 3 |  |
| Mar. | 30,666 | 21, 652 | 2,066 | 1,293 | 78 | 2,047 | 6,377 | 9,792 | 9,014 | 2,689 | 5,656 | 277 | 381 379 | 3 |  |
| Apr. | 30,565 | 21,977 | 2,090 | 1,305 | 81 81 | 2,035 | 6,319 6,465 | 9,910 | 9,000 | 2,682 | 5,651 | 275 275 | 379 <br> 378 | 3 | 9 |
| June | 31,172 | 22, 138 | 2,101 | 1,368 | 81 | 2,081 | 6,489 | 10,019 | 9,033 | 2,701 | 5,669 | 275 | 377 | 3 | 9 |
| July. | 31,171 | 22,134 | 2,108 | 1,376 | 81 | 2,064 | 6,450 | 10,056 | 9,037 | 2,705 | 5,671 | 274 | 376 | 3 | 8 |
| Aug. | 31,371 | 22,296 | 2,117 | 1,398 | 80 | 2,082 | 6,502 | 10,117 | 9,075 | 2,711 | 5,703 | 274 | 376 | 3 | 8 |
| Sept. | 31,245 | 22,154 | 2,127 | 1,417 | 80 | 2,072 | 6,433 | 10,025 | 9,091 | 2,704 | 5,726 | 274 | 376 | 3 | 8 |

1 Outside Treasury and Federal Reserve Banks. Prior to December
paper currency shown by denomination by amounts of unassorted currency (not shown separately.) 2 Paper currency only; \$1 silver coins reported under coin.

KINDS OF UNITED STATES CURRENCY OUTSTANDING AND IN CIRCULATION
[On basis of compilation by United States Treasury. In millions of dollars]

| Kind of currency | Total outstanding Sept. 30, 1958 | Held in the Treasury |  |  | Held by F. R. Banks and agents | Currency in circulation ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | As security against gold and silver certificates | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Treasury } \\ & \text { cash } \end{aligned}$ | For <br> F. R. <br> Banks <br> and agents |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sept. } 30, \\ 1958 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Aug. } 31 \text {, } \\ 1958 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sept. } 30 \text {, } \\ 1957 \end{gathered}$ |
| Gold. . | 20,874 | 20,320 | 2554 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gold certificates. | 20,320 | 20,320 |  | 17,473 | 2,816 | , $32 \times$ | 32 | $32^{\prime}$ |
| Federal Reserve notes. | 27,839 |  | 72 |  | 1,333 | 26,434 | 26,560 | 26,354 |
| Treasury currency-total | 5,219 | 32,422 | 58 |  | 381 | 4,779 | 4,779 | 4,686 |
| Standard silver dollars | 488 | 183 | 24 |  | 8 | 273 | 272 | 258 |
| Silver bullion . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 2,238 | 2,238 |  |  |  |  |  | -iiio' |
| Silver certificates and Treasury notes of 1890. | 32,422 |  |  |  | 259 | 2,163 | 2,171 | 2,110 |
| Subsidiary silver coin . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1,455 |  | 24 |  | 71 | 1,360 | 1,353 | 1,330 |
| Minor coin . . . . . . . . | 513 |  | 7 |  | 13 | 493 | 491 | . 480 |
| United States notes. | 347 |  | 3 |  | 30 | 314 | 314 | 317 |
| Federal Reserve Bank notes. | 119 |  | 1 |  | 1 | 118 | 118 | 129 |
| National Bank notes. | 59 |  | (4) |  | (4) | 59 | 59 | 61 |
| Total-Sept. 30, 1958 | (5) | 22,741 | 684 | 17,473 | 4,530 | 31,245 |  |  |
| Aug. 31, 1958. | (5) | 22,877 | 684 | 17,609 | 4,386 | 31:24 | 31,371 |  |
| Sept. 30, 1957 | (5) | 24,380 | 773 | 19,127 | 4,618 |  |  | 31,073 |

[^7]receipt); (3) as security for outstanding silver certificates-silver in bullion and standard silver dollars of a monetary value equal to the face amount of such silver certificates; and (4) as security for gold certificates-gold bulhon of a value at the legal standard equal to the face amount of such gold certificates. Federal Reserve notes are obligations of the United States and a first lien on all the assets of the issuing Federal Reserve
Bank. Federal Reserve notes are secured by the deposit with Federal Bank. Federal Reserve notes are secured by the deposit with Federal
Reserve agents of a like amount of gold certificates or of gold certificates Reserve agents of a like amount of gold certificates or of gold certificates and such discounted or purchased paper as is eligible under the terms of the Federal Reserve Act, or of direct obligations of the United States. at least 25 per cent against its Federal Reserve notes in actual circulation. Gold certificates deposited with Federal Reserve agents as collateral, and those deposited with the Treasury of the United States as a redemption fund, are counted as reserve. Gold certificates, as herein used, includes credits with the Treasurer of the United States payable in gold certificates. Federal Reserve Bank notes and national bank notes are in process of retirement.

CONSOLIDATED CONDITION STATEMENT FOR BANKS AND THE MONETARY SYSTEM ${ }^{1}$
[Figures partly estimated except on call dates. In millions of dollars]


[^8]Note,-For description of statement and back figures, see BuLLETIN
for January 1948, pp. 24-32. The composition of a few items differs slightly from the description in the Butuerin article; stock of Federal Reserve Banks held by member banks is included in other securities and in capital and miscellaneous accounts, net, and balances of the Postal Savings System and the Exchange Stabilization Fund with the U. S. Treasury are netted against capital and miscellaneous accounts, net, instead of against U.S. Govt. deposits and Treasury cash. Total deposits and currency shown in the monthly Chart Book excludes foreign bank deposits, net, and Treasury cash. Except on call dates, figures are rounded to nearest $\$ 100$ million and may not add to the totals.


PRINCIPAL ASSETS AND LXABILITIES AND NUMBER OF ALL BANKS, BY CLASSES ${ }^{1}$ - Continued
[Figures partly estimated except on call dates. Amounts in millions of dollars]

| Class of bank and date | Loans and investments |  |  |  | Cash assets ${ }^{2}$ | Total <br> Total <br> lia- <br> bilities <br> and <br> capit <br> counts ${ }^{3}$ | Deposits |  |  |  |  | Total capital counts | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { banks } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Loans | U.S. Govt. obliga-tions | Other securities |  |  | Total ${ }^{2}$ | Interbank ${ }^{2}$ | Other |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Demand |  | Time |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | U.S. Govt. | Other |  |  |  |
| Central reserve city member banks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New York City: <br> 1939-Dec. 30 | 9,339 | 3,296 | 4,772 | 1,272 | 6,703 | 16,413 | 14,507 | 4,238 | 74 | 9,459 | 736 |  |  |
| 1941-Dec. 31 | 12,896 | 4,072 | 7,265 | 1,559 | 6,637 | 19,862 | 17,932 | 4,207 | 866 | 12,051 | 807 | 1,648 | 36 |
| 1945-Dec. 31 | 26,143 | 7,334 | 17,574 | 1,235 | 6,439 | 32,887 | 30,121 | 4,657 | 6,940 | 17,287 | 1,236 | 2,120 | 37 |
| 1947-Dec. 31 | 20,393 | 7,179 | 11,972 | 1,242 | 7,261 | 27,982 | 25,216 | 4,464 | 267 | 19,040 | 1,445 | 2,259 | 37 |
| 1950-Dec. 30 | 20,612 | 9,729 | 8,993 | 1,890 | 7,922 | 28,954 | 25,646 | 4,638 | 451 | 18,836 | 1,722 | 2,351 | 23 |
| 1956-Dec. 31. | 23,809 23,293 | 15,987 | 6,057 5,738 | 1,765 1,660 | 8,629 6,692 | 33,381 30,993 | 29,149 26,322 | 5,987 | 747 | 17,940 | 2,475 | 2,873 | 18 |
| 1957-June ${ }_{\text {Sept. }} \mathbf{6 5}$ | 23,293 <br> 23,258 | 15,895 | 5,738 | 1,660 | 6,692 6,984 | 30,993 31,403 | 26,322 | 5,033 | 688 535 | 17,836 | 2,765 | 2,907 | 18 |
| Dec. 31 | 23,828 | 16,102 | 5,880 | 1, 846 | 8,984 | 33,975 | 29,371 | 5,781 | 737 | 19,959 | 2,893 | 3,136 | 18 |
| 1958-Feb. 26 | 23,964 | 15,934 | 5,934 | 2,096 | 7,327 | 32,622 | 27,412 | 5,623 | 602 | 18,089 | 3,098 | 3,166 | 18 |
| Mar. 26 | 25,006 | 16,367 | 6,414 | 2,225 | 7,656 | 33,959 | 28,965 | 5,842 | 1,381 | 18,454 | 3,288 | 3,161 | 18 |
| Apr. 30 | 25, 541 | 16,360 | 7,252 | 2, 2,279 | 7,973 | 35,177 | 30,120 28,796 | 6,202 6,062 | 1,537 | 19,045 18,219 | 3,336 | 3,200 3,210 | 18 |
| May 28 | 25,540 27,149 | 15,833 | 7,569 | 2, $\mathbf{2} \mathbf{1 3 8}$ | 7,023 8,272 | 33,777 36,664 | 28,796 | 6,062 6,119 | 1,128 | 18,219 18,898 | 3,387 | 3,210 3,214 | 18 |
| July $30{ }^{\text {p }}$ | 25, 803 | 15,550 | 7,905 | 2,348 | 7,185 | 34,240 | 29,180 | 6,144 | 2,939 | 18,539 | 3,558 | 3,235 | 18 |
| Aug. $27^{P}$ | 25,673 | 15,174 | 8,039 | 2,460 | 6,652 | 33,562 | 28,386 | 5,880 | 1,203 | 17,801 | 3,502 | 3,250 | 18 |
| Sept. $24{ }^{p}$ | 25,230 | 15,460 | 7,350 | 2,420 | 6,321 | 32,769 | 27,606 | 5,687 | 849 | 17,554 | 3,516 | 3,240 | 18 |
| Chicago: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939-Dec. 30 | 2,105 | 569 | 1,203 | 333 | 1,446 | 3,595 | 3,330 | 888 | 80 | 1,867 | 495 | 250 | 14 |
| 1941-Dec. 31 | 2,760 | 954 | 1,430 | 376 | 1,566 | 4,363 | 4,057 | 1,035 | 127 | 2,419 | 476 | 288 | 13 |
| 1945-Dec. 31. | 5,931 | 1,333 | 4,213 | $\begin{array}{r}385 \\ 397 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,489 | 7,459 | 7,046 | 1,312 | 1,552 | 3,462 | 719 913 | 377 | 12 |
| 1947-Dec. 31 | 5,088 <br> 5 | 1,801 $\mathbf{2}, 083$ | 2,890 | $\begin{array}{r}397 \\ 576 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,739 $\mathbf{2 , 0 3 4}$ | 6,866 | 7,402 | 1,217 1,229 | 72 174 | 4,201 4,604 | 913 1,103 | 426 490 | 14 |
| 1956-Dec. 31 | 6,473 | 3,772 | 2,113 | 588 | 2,171 | 8,695 | 7,943 | 1,372 | 184 | 5,069 | 1,319 | 660 | 14 |
| 1957-June 6 | 6,266 | 3,789 | 1,884 | 593 | 1,821 | 8,147 | 7,284 | 1,184 | 97 | 4,691 | 1,312 | 665 | 14 |
| Sept. 25 | 6,261 | 3,937 | 1,783 | 541 | 1,939 | 8,257 | 7,319 | 1,251 | 186 | 4,573 | 1,309 | 670 | 14 |
| Dec. 31 | 6.446 | 3,852 | 2,032 | 562 | 2,083 | 8,595 | 7,792 | 1,347 | 195 | 4,904 | 1,345 | 689 | 14 |
| 1958-Feb. 26. | 6,261 | 3,487 | 2,201 | 573 | 1,927 | 8,256 | 7,374 | 1,211 | 203 | 4,612 | 1,348 | 693 | 14 |
| Mar. 26. | 6,492 | 3,481 | 2,404 | 607 | 1,808 | 8,374 | 7,390 | 1,272 | 351 | 4,418 | 1,349 | 700 | 14 |
| Apr. 30 | 6,647 | 3,592 | 2,434 | 621 | 1,873 | 8,600 | 7,665 | 1,320 | 302 | 4,671 | 1,372 | 705 | 14 |
| May 28 | 6,484 | 3,417 3,594 | 2,434 2,694 | 633 654 | 1,985 1,914 | 8,553 8,929 | 7,692 8,022 | 1,317 1,288 | 292 | 4,708 4,626 | 1,375 <br> 1,403 | 709 | 14 |
| June ${ }^{\text {July }} 30$ | 6,942 6,576 | 3,594 $\mathbf{3}, 329$ | 2,694 | 654 636 | 1,914 | 8,929 | 8,752 | 1,288 1,384 | 705 | 4,626 4,751 | 1, 1,393 | 708 714 | 14 |
| Aug. 272 | 6,701 | 3,329 | 2,719 | 653 | 1,961 | 8,738 | 7,828 | 1,346 | 337 | 4,744 | 1,401 | 718 | 14 |
| Sept. 24 | 6,577 | 3,404 | 2,537 | 636 | 1,869 | 8,523 | 7,629 | 1,342 | 246 | 4,642 | 1,399 | 714 | 14 |
| Reserve city member banks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 12,272 | 5,329 | 5,194 | 1,749 | 6,785 | 19,687 | 17,741 | 3,686 | 435 | 9,004 | 4,616 | 1,828 | 346 |
| 1941-Dec. 31. | 15,347 | 7,105 | 6,467 29,552 | 1,776 | 8,518 | 24,430 | 22,313 | 4,460 6,448 | 8,221 | 12,557 | 4,806 | 1,967 2,566 | 351 359 |
| 1947-Dec. 31 | 36,040 | 13,449 | 20,196 | 2,396 | 13, 066 | 49,659 | 46,467 | 5,649 | 405 | 28,990 | 11,423 | 2,844 | 353 |
| 1950-Dec. 30 | 40,685 | 17,906 | 19,084 | 3,695 | 13,998 | 55,369 | 51,437 | 6,448 | 976 | 32,366 | 11,647 | 3,322 | 336 |
| 1956-Dec. 31 | 53,915 | 31,783 | 17,368 | 4,764 | 17,716 | 72,854 | 66,524 | 7,878 | 1,201 | 40,647 | 16,797 | 5,076 | 289 |
| 1957-June 6 | 53,137 | 31,435 | 16,797 | 4,905 | 14,532 | 68,965 | 61,796 | 6,228 | 1,051 | 36,874 | 17,642 | 5,182 | 282 |
| Sept. 25 | 53,881 | 32,576 | 16,372 | 4,933 | 14,930 | 70,128 | 62,870 | 6,408 | 1,274 | 37,103 | 18,085 | 5,260 | 281 |
| 1958-Feb. ${ }^{\text {Dec. }} 36$ | 55,259 | 32,805 | 17,352 | 5,132 | 17, ${ }^{14} 430$ | 74,196 | 67.483 63 | 7,542 | 1,358 | 39,960 | 18,623 | 5,370 | 278 |
| 1958-Feb. 26. | 54,626 | 31,815 32,072 | 17,672 | 5,429 | 14,934 14,629 | 71,012 | 63,710 64,626 | 6,539 | 1,349 | 36,924 36,646 | 19,045 19,484 | 5,428 $\mathbf{5}, 469$ | 278 278 |
| Apr. 30 | 57,243 | 32,012 | 19,627 | 5,604 | 15,356 | 74,086 | 66,642 | 6,794 | 1,886 | 38,028 | 19,934 | 5,506 | 278 |
| May 28 | 57,687 | 32,042 | 19,869 | 5,776 | 15,030 | 74,174 | 66,492 | 6,759 | 1,884 | 37,465 | 20,384 | 5,573 | 281 |
| June 23. | 59,273 | 32,851 | 20,436 | 5,986 | 15,443 | 76,155 | 68,672 | 6,813 | 3,150 | 38,003 | 20,706 | 5,617 | 280 |
| July 308 | 58,639 | 32,336 | 20,367 | 5,936 | 15,207 | 75,340 | 67,887 | 7,054 | 1,349 | 38,477 | 21,007 | 5,645 | 279 |
| Aug. ${ }^{27 p}$ | 59,762 | 32,758 | 21,055 | 5,949 | 14,944 | 76,131 | 68,428 | 7,130 | 1,968 | 38,264 | 21,066 | 5,663 | 278 |
| Sept. $24{ }^{2}$ | 59,340 | 32,850 | 20,499 | 5,991 | 15,268 | 76,020 | 67,963 | 7,156 | 1,478 | 38,318 | 21,011 | 5,672 | 277 |
| Country member banks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939-Dec. 30. | 10,224 | 4,768 | 3,159 | 2,297 | 4, 848 | 15,666 | 13,762 | 598 | 154 | 7,158 | 5,852 | 1,851 | 5,966 |
| 1941-Dec. 31. | 12,518 | 5,890 | 4,377 | 2,250 | 6,402 | 19,466 | 17,415 | 822 | 225 | 10,109 | 6,258 | 1,982 | 6,219 |
| 1945-Dec. 31. | 35,002 | 5,596 | 26,999 | 2,408 | 10,632 | 46,059 | 43,418 | 1,223 | 5,465 | 24,235 | 12,494 | 2,525 | 6,476 |
| 1947-Dec. 31 | 36,324 | 10,199 | 22, 857 | 3,268 | 10,778 |  |  | 1,073 | 432 | 28,378 | 14,560 | 2,934 | 6,519 |
| 1950-Dec. 30 | 40,558 | 14,988 | 22,377 | 4, 193 | 11,571 | 52,689 | 48,897 64,289 | 1,133 | + 922 | 31,977 | 14,865 | 3,532 | 6,501 |
|  | -54,571 | 26,491 | 22,037 21,409 | 6,042 | 14,390 | 69,945 68,404 | 64,289 62,192 | 1,618 1,290 | 1,160 | 41,194 | 20,317 |  |  |
| 1957-June ${ }_{\text {Sept. }}{ }^{6}$ | 55,915 | 27,879 | 21,409 | 6,438 | 12,546 | 69,495 | 63,388 | 1,328 | 1,194 | 38,211 38,543 | 21, 324 | 5,304 | 6,131 6,108 |
| Dec. 31 | 56, 820 | 28,191 | 21,815 | 6,814 | 14.139 | 72,062 | 65,991 | 1,658 | 1,181 | 40,724 | 22,429 | 5,359 | 6,083 |
| 1958-Feb. 26 | 56,279 | 27,989 | 21,473 | 6,817 | 12,269 | 69,632 | 63,412 | 1,324 | 1,009 | 38,134 | 22,945 | 5,434 | 6,072 |
| Mar. 26. | 56,665 | 28,169. | 21,544 | 6,952 | 12,302 | 70,056 | 63,764 | 1,327 | 1,405 | 37,623 | 23,409 | 5,498 | 6,070 |
| Apr. 30 | 57,704 | 28,459 | 22,192 | 7,053 | 12, 632 | 71,441 | 65, 124 | 1,404 | 1,093 | 38,840 | 23,787 |  | 6,062 |
| May 28. | 57,561 | 28,421 | 22,044 | 7,096 | 12,172 | 70,797 | 64, 387 | 1,264 | 1,587 | 37,608 | 23,928 | 5,517 | 6,051 |
| June ${ }^{\text {July } 30 .}$ | 58,225 | 28,937 | 22,000 | 7,288 | 12,860 | 72,255 | 65,741 65,599 | 1,320 1,339 | 1,857 1,109 | 38,286 | 24,277 | 5,641 5,614 | 6,045 6,035 |
| Aug. $7^{7}$ | 59,123 | 29,038 | 22,821 | 7,264 | 12,672 | 72,927 | 66,370 | 1,391 | 1,484 | 38,603 | 24,892 | 5,668 | 6,035 |
| Sept. $24{ }^{p}$ | 59,504 | 29,080 | 22,999 | 7,425 | 12,789 | 73,413 | 66,929 | 1,416 | 1,232 | 39,312 | 24,969 | 5,701 | 6,030 |

4 Beginning with Dec. 31, 1947, the all-bank series was revised as announced in November 1947 by the Federal bank supervisory agencies At that time a net of 115 noninsured nonmember commercial banks with total loans and investments of about $\$ 110$ million was added, and
from noninsured mutual savings to nonmember commercial banks. nearest $\$ 10$ million no amount is shown except on call dates.
For other notes see preceding and opposite pages.

PRINCIPAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AND NUMBER OF ALL BANKS, BY CLASSES ${ }^{1}$-Continued
[Amounts in millions of dollars]

| Class of bank and date | Loans and investments |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Cash } \\ \text { assets }^{2} \end{gathered}$ | Total <br> Total bilities and capital counts ${ }^{3}$ | Deposits |  |  |  |  | Total capital counts | $\begin{gathered} \text { Num- } \\ \text { ber } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { banks } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Loans | U. S. Govt. obligations | Other securities |  |  | Total ${ }^{2}$ | Interbank ${ }^{2}$ | Other |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Demand |  | Time |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | U.S. Govt. | Other |  |  |  |
| All insured commercial banks: 1941-Dec. 31 |  | 21,259 | $\begin{array}{r} 21,046 \\ 88,912 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 49,290 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{6}, 984 \\ & \mathbf{7 . 1 3 1} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 25,788 \\ & 34,292 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 76,820 \\ 157,544 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}69,411 \\ 147 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 41,298 \\ & 80,276 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15,699 \\ & 29,876 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6,844 \\ & 8,671 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 1945-Dec. $31 \ldots$ | 121,809 | 25,765 |  |  | 36,926 | 152,733 | 141,851 | $\begin{aligned} & 13,883 \\ & 12,670 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 23,740 \\ 1,325 \end{array}$ | 92,975 | 34,882 | 9,734 | $\begin{aligned} & 13,297 \\ & 13,398 \end{aligned}$ |
| 1956-Dec. 31. | 163,601163,025 | 89,831 | 57,837 | 16,931 | 49,713 | 215,514 | 195,', 53184,86 | 17,282 | 3,717 | 124,346 | 50,608 | 15,988 | $\begin{aligned} & 13,398 \\ & 13.195 \end{aligned}$ |
| 1957-June 6 |  |  | 55,973 |  |  | 206,567 |  | 14,095 | 3,310 | 113,812 | 53,643 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 13,195 \\ & 13,189 \end{aligned}$ |
| 1958-June 23 | 178,330 | $\begin{aligned} & 90,571 \\ & 93,430 \end{aligned}$ | 57,580 63,489 | 19,735 | 43,243 | 225,945 | 202,819 | 15,921 | 9,162 | 116,308 | 61,429 | 17,857 | 13,142 |
| National member banks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1941-Dec. 31.... | 27,57169,312 | $\begin{aligned} & 11,725 \\ & 13,925 \end{aligned}$ | 12,039 | 3,8064,137 | $\begin{aligned} & 14,977 \\ & 20,114 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 43,433 \\ & 90,220 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 39,458 \\ & 84,939 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6,786 \\ & 9,22 \end{aligned}$ | 14,088 | 23,262 | 8,322 | 3,640 | 5,117 |
| 1945-Dec. 31. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 5,017 \\ & 5,005 \end{aligned}$ |
| 1947--Dec. 31. | 65,280 |  | 38, 674 | 5,178 |  |  | $82,023$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9,229 \\ & 8,410 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r}14,013 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 53, <br> 671 <br> 674 | 19,278 | 5,4098,450 |  |
| 1956-Dec. 31. | 88,477 | 48,409 | 31,568 | 8,800 | 27,006 | 117,345 | 107,161 | $\underline{9} \mathbf{7}$, 844 | 2,074 |  |  |  | 4,651 |
| 1957-June 6 | 87,910 | 48,415 | 30,345 | 9,150 | 22,525 | 112,460 | 100,989 | 7,963 | 1,782 | 66,546 |  | 9,070 | 4,6474,620 |
| 1958--June 23. | $91,201$ | $\begin{aligned} & 50,350 \\ & 50,744 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 31,234 \\ & 34,498 \end{aligned}$ | 9,617 10,656 | $\begin{aligned} & 26,786 \\ & 23,964 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 120,153 \\ & 122,100 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 109,091 \\ & 110,065 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9,475 \\ & 8,674 \end{aligned}$ | 2,166 |  | 30,904 |  |  |
| State member banks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1941-Dec. 31. | 15,95037,871 | $\begin{aligned} & 6,295 \\ & 8,850 \end{aligned}$ | 77,500 | $\begin{aligned} & 2,155 \\ & 1,933 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8,145 \\ & 9,731 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 24,688 \\ & 48,084 \end{aligned}$ | 22,259 | 3,739 |  | 13,874 | 4,025 | 2,246 | 1,502 |
| 1945-Dec. 31. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 44,73040,505 | 4,4113,993 |  | 24,068 | 9,062 | 3,055 | 1,867 |
| 1947-Dec. 31 | 50,291 | 11,200 | 27,089 19,240 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,933 \\ & 2,125 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 9,731 \\ 10,822 \end{array}$ | 67,530 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 8,166 \\ & 381 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
| 1956-Dec. 31 |  | 29,924 | 16,007 | 4,359 | 15,900 |  | 60,744 | 7,012 | 1,218 | 39,416 | 13,098 | 5, 235 | 1,918 |
| 1957-June 6 | 49,898 |  | 15,483 |  |  | 64,047 | 56,605 | 5,773 | 1,150 | 35,874 | 13,807 | 5,337 | 1,798 |
| 1958-June 23. | 51,152 55,691 | 31,403 | $\begin{aligned} & 15,846 \\ & 18,667 \end{aligned}$ | 4,707 5,621 | 15,960 14,525 | 68,676 71,904 | 61,545 63,839 | 6,853 6,866 | 1,306 | 39,001 36,926 | 14,386 16,140 | 5,783 <br> , 730 | 1,773 1,758 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Insured nonmember commercial banks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $1941-\text { Dec. } 31 .$ | 5,776 | 3,241 | 1,509 | 1,025 | 2,668 | 8,708 | 7,702 | 124 | . 53 | 4,162 | 3,360 | 959 | 6,810 |
| 1945-Dec. 31. | 14,639 | 2,992 | 10,584 | 1,063 | 4,448 | 19,256 | 18,119 | 244 | 1,560 | 10,635 | 5,680 | 1,083 | 6,416 |
| 1947-Dec. 31. | 16,444 | 4,958 | 10,039 | 1,448 | 4,083 | 20,691 | 19,340 | 266 | 149 | 11, 366 | 6,558 | 1,271 | 6,478 6.737 |
| 1956-Dec. 31. | 24,859 | 11,808 | 10,274 | 2,777 | 5,448 | 30,667 | 28,073 | 427 <br> 359 | 425 | 17,497 | 9,724 | 2,336 | 6,737 |
| 1957-June 6 . | 25,243 | 12, 134 | 10,156 | 2,953 | 4,446 | 30,088 | 27,292 | 359 | 378 | 16,200 | 10,355 | 2,469 | 6,748 |
| 1958-June 23. | 26,268 | 12,493 | 10,512 10,335 | 3,264 3,460 | 4,383 | 32,066 31,971 | 29.266 28,942 | 425 381 | 388 504 | 17,580 16,496 | 11,873 | 2,500 2,679 | 6,753 6,768 |
| Noninsured nonmember commercial banks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1941 -Dec. 31. | 1,457 | 455 | 761 | 241 | 763 | 2,283 | 1,872 | 329 |  |  | 253 | 329 | 852 |
| 1945-Dec. 31 | 2,211 | 318 | 1,693 | 200 | 514 | 2,768 | 2,452 | 181 |  |  | 365 | 279 | 714 |
| 1947-Dec. 314 | 2,009 | 474 | 1,280 | 255 | 576 | 2,643 | 2,251 | 363 | 18 | 1,392 | 478 | 325 | 783 |
| 1956-Dec. 31. | 1,521 | 471 | 714 | 336 | 369 | 1,946 | 1,562 | 310 | 16 | 936 | 300 | 313 | 444 |
| 1957-June 6 | 1,490 | 457 | 669 | 364 | 282 | 1,825 | 1,448 | 326 | 8 | 821 | 294 | 312 | 429 |
| Dec. 31 | 1,473 | 468 | 660 | 345 | 301 | 1,831 | 1,449 | 268 | 39 | 840 | 303 | 317 | 425 |
| 1958-June 23 | 1,575 | 466 | 704 | 405 | 264 | 1,902 | 1,516 | 364 | 44 | 778 | 330 | 321 | 413 |
| All nonmember commercial |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1941 -Dec. 31. | 7,233 | 3,696 | 2,270 | 1,266 | 3,431 | 10,992 |  | 457 |  |  | 3,613 | 1,288 | 7,662 |
| 1945-Dec. 31 | 16,849 | 3,310 | 12,277 | 1,262 | 4,962 | 22,024 | 20,571 | 425 |  |  | 6,045 | 1,362 | 7,130 |
| 1947-Dec. 314. | 18,454 | 5,432 | 11,318 | 1,703 | 4,659 | 23,334 | 21,591 | 629 | 167 |  |  |  | 7. 261 |
| 1956-Dec. 31. | 26,381 | 12,279 | 10,989 | 3,113 | 5,817 | 32,613 | 29,635 | 737 | 440 | 18,433 | 10,024 | 2,649 | 7,181 |
| 1957-June ${ }^{6}$ | 26,733 | 12,591 | 10,825 | 3,317 | 4,728 | 31,913 | 28,740 | 685 | 385 | 17,021 | 10,649 | 2,781 | 7,177 |
| 1958 Dec. 31 | 27,741 | 12,961 | 11,172 11,040 | 3,608 | 5.684 | 33.897 33 | 30,715 30,458 | 692 745 | 427 548 | 18,420 | 11.176 | 2,817 | 7.178 |
| 1958-June | 28,343 | 13,438 | 11,040 | 3,865 | 5,020 | 33,873 | 30,458 | 745 | 548 | 17,274 | 11,892 | 3,000 | 7,181 |
| Insured mutual savings banks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1941-Dec. 31. | 1,693 | 642 | ${ }^{6} 69$ | 421 | 151 | 1,958 | 1,789 |  |  |  | 1,789 | 164 | 52 |
| 1945-Dec. 31. | 10,846 | 3,081 | 7,160 | 606 | 429 | 11,424 | 10,363 |  |  |  | 10,351 | 1,034 | 192 |
| 1947-Dec. 31. | 12, 683 | 3,560 | 8,165 | 958 | 675 | 13,499 | 12,207 |  | 2 | 12 | 12,192 | 1.252 | 194 |
| 1956-Dec. 31 | 24,170 | 15,542 | 5,518 | 3,110 | 739 | 25, 282 | 22,886 | 2 | 3 | 23 | 22,857 | 2,130 | 223 |
| 1957-June ${ }^{6}$ | 25,185 | 16,228 | 5,505 | 3,452 | 7672 | 26,241 <br> 27 | 23,578 | 2 | 2 | 26 | 23,549 | 2,240 | 234 |
| 1958-June 23 | 26,535 | 17,194 | 5,404 | 3,937 4,503 | 719 | 27,671 | 25.022 | 2 | 3 | 26 | 24.991 | 2.308 | 239 |
| 1958-June 23 | 27,869 | 18,132 | 5,234 | 4,503 | 745 | 29,021 | 26,082 | 2 | 2 | 26 | 26,052 | 2,433 | 239 |
| Noninsured mutual savings banks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1941-Dec. 31. | 8,687 | 4,259 | 3,075 | 1,353 | 642 | 9,846 | 8,744 |  |  | 6 | 8,738 | 1,077 | 496 |
| 1945-Dec. 31 | 5,361 | 1,198 | 3,522 | 641 | 180 | 5,596 | 5,022 |  |  | 2 | 5,020 | 558 | 350 |
| 1947-Dec. 314 | 5,957 | 1,384 | 3,813 | 760 | 211 | 6,215 | 5,556 |  | 1 | 2 | 5,553 | 637 | 339 |
| 1956-Dec. 31. | 7,770 | 4,235 | 2,453 | 1,082 | 182 | 8,028 | 7,146 |  | 1 | 2 | 7,143 | 817 | 304 |
| 1957-June ${ }^{6}$ Dec. | 7,765 | 4,259 | 2, 2,148 | 1,105 | 167 | 8,013 7,497 | 7,100 |  | 1 | ..... | 7,098 | 802 751 | 291 |
| 1958-June 23 | 7,404 | 4,022 | 2,148 | 1,116 | 171 171 | 7,497 | 6,672 |  | 1 |  | 6,771 6,785 | 751 748 | 283 281 |
| 1958-June |  |  |  |  |  | 7,65 | 6,78 |  |  |  |  | 748 |  |

For other notes see preceding two pages.
Nots.-For revisions in series prior to June 30, 1947, see Bulletin for July 1947, pp. 870-71.

LOANS AND INVESTMENTS OF COMMERCLAL BANKS, BY CLASSES ${ }^{1}$
[In millions of dollars]


1 All commercial banks in the United States. These figures exclude data for banks in U. S. possessions except for one bank in Alaska and one in the Virgin Islands that became members on Apr. 15, 1954, and May 31, 1957, respectively. During 1941 three mutual savings banks became members of the Federal Reserve System; these banks are included in member banks but are not included in all insured commercial
banks or all commercial banks. Comparability of figures for classes of banks is affected somewhat by changes in Federal Reserve membership, insurance status, and the reserve classifications of cities and individual banks, and by mergers, etc.

For other notes see opposite page.

RESERVES AND LIABILITIES OF COMMERCIAL BANKS, BY CLASSES 1
[In millions of dollars]

| Class of bank and call date | Reserves with Federal Reserve Banks | Cash in vault | Balances with domestic bankss | Demand deposits adjusted ${ }^{6}$ | Demand deposits |  |  |  |  |  | Time deposits |  |  |  | Bor-rowings | Capital accounts |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Interbank deposits |  | U. S. Govt. | States and political subdivisions | Certified | Individuals, partnerships, and cor-porations | Interbank | U.S. Govt. and Postal Savings | States and political subdivisions | Individuals, partnerships, and cor-porations |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Domestics | Foreign |  |  | cers' checks, etc. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All commercial |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1947-Dec. 31. | 17,796 | 2,216 | 216 | 123 | ,362 | 1,430 | 1,343 | 6,799 | 581 | 887 | 240 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1956-Dec. 31. | 18,706 | 3,261 | 12,813 | 111,405 | 14,338 | 1,794 | 3,733 | 10,449 | 3,785 | 111,048 | 1,460 | 330 | 2,384 | 48, 193 | 75 | 6,302 |
| 1957-June 6. | 18,500 | 2,737 | 9,761 | 105,713 | 11,247 | 1,618 | 3,318 | 10,603 | 2,852 | 101,177 | 1,556 | 331 | 2,712 | 50,893 | 1,446 | 16,837 |
| Dec. 31. | 18,972 | 3,335 | 12,342 | 110,266 | 13,867 | 1,769 | 3,898 | 10,693 | 3,620 | 109,653 | 1,385 | 301 | 2,773 | 53,366 | 1,77 | 17,368 |
| 1958-June 23. | 18,568 | 3,017 | 10,904 | 106, 178 | 12,141 | 1,648 | 9,205 | 10,892 | 3,741 | 102,453 | 2,495 | 286 | 4,100 | 57,372 | 1,136 | 18,178 |
| All insured commercial banks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1941-Dec. 31... | 12,396 | 1,358 | 8,570 | 37,845 | 9,823 | 673 | 1,762 | 3,677 | 1,077 | 36,544 | 158 | 59 | 492 | 15,146 | 10 | 6,844 |
| 1945-Dec. 31. | 15,810 | 1,829 | 11,075 | 74,722 | 12,566 | 1,248 | 23,740 | 5,098 | 2,585 | 72,593 | 70 | 103 | 496 | 29,277 | 215 | 8,671 |
| 1947-Dec. 31. | 17,796 | 2,145 | 9,736 | 85,751 | 11,236 | 1,379 | 1,325 | 6,692 | 2,559 | 83,723 | 54 | 111 | 826 | 33,946 | 61 | 9,734 |
| 1956-Dec. 31. | 18,706 | 3,237 | 12,490 | 110,487 | 14,226 | 1,755 | 3,717 | 10,350 | 3,744 | 110,252 | 1,301 | 330 | 2,329 | 47,949 |  | 15,988 |
| 1957-June 6. | 18,500 | 2,717 | 9,515 | 104,904 | 11,127 | 1,581 | 3,310 | 10,500 | 2,829 | 100,483 | 1,388 | 331 | 2,652 | 50,660 | 1,430 | 16,525 |
| 1958 Dec. 31. | 18,972 | 3,311 | 12,079 | 109,439 | 13.752 | 1,736 | 3,859 | 10,594 | 3,597 | 108,936 | 1,264 | 301 | 2,717 | 53,120 | 1, 66 | 17,052 |
| 1958-June 23. | 18,568 | 2,997 | 10,682 | 105,419 | 12,022 | 1,610 | 9,162 | 10,800 | 3,715 | 101,793 | 2,288 | 286 | 4,032 | 57,110 | 1,125 | 17,857 |
| Member banks, total: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1941-Dec. 31... | 12,396 | 1,087 | 6,246 | 33,754 | 9,714 | . 671 | 1,709 | 3,066 | 1,009 | 33,061 | 140 | 50 | 418 | 11,878 | 4 | 5,886 |
| 1945-Dec. 31... | 15,811 | 1,438 | 7,117 | 64,184 | 12,333 | 1,243 | 22,179 | 4,240 | 2,450 | 62,950 | 64 | 99 | 399 | 23,712 | 208 | 7,589 |
| 1947-Dec. 31.... | 17,797 | 1,672 | 6,270 | 73,528 | 10,978 | 1,375 | 1,176 | 5,504 | 2,401 | 72,704 | 50 | 105 | 693 | 27,542 | 54 | 8,464 |
| 1956-Dec. 31... | 18,707 | 2,487 | 8,124 | 93,320 | 13,818 | 1,749 | 3,292 | 8,211 | 3,475 | 95,163 | 1,289 | 301 | 1,839 | 38,769 | 48 | 13,655 |
| 1957-June 6... | 18,501 | 2,065 | 5,931 | 88,912 | 10,799 | 1,568 | 2,932 | 8,371 | 2,616 | 86,624 | 1,369 | 302 | 2,128 | 40,883 | 1,374 | 14.058 |
| 1958 Dec. 31.... | 18,973 | 2,536 | 7,806 | 92,191 | 13,356 | 1,726 | 3,472 | 8,412 | 3,331 | 93,804 | 1,246 | 275 | 2,170 | 42,845 | 1, 57 | 14,554 |
| 1958-June 23.... | 18,570 | 2,277 | 6,913 | 89, 186 | 11,676 | 1,597 | 8,658 | 8,628 | 3,482 | 87,703 | 2,266 | 259 | 3,296 | 46,339 | 1,078 | 15,181 |
| New York City: 4 1941-Dec. 31.... | 5,105 | 93 | 141 | 10,761 | 3,595 | 607 | 866 | 319 | 450 | 11,282 | 6 |  | 29 | 778 |  | 1,648 |
| 1945-Dec. 31.. | 4,015 | 111 | 78 | 15,065 | 3,535 | 1,105 | 6,940 | 237 | 1,338 | 15,712 | 17 | 10 | 20 | 1,206 | 195 | 2,120 |
| 1947 -Dec. 31. | 4,639 | 151 | 70 | 16,653 | 3,236 | 1,217 | 267 | 290 | 1,105 | 17,646 | 12 | 12 | 14 | 1,418 | 30 | 2,259 |
| 1956-Dec. 31... | 4,375 | 161 | 99 | 15,974 | 3,622 | 1,400 | 747 | 286 | 1,172 | 18,482 | +965 | 36 | 44 | 2,395 | 22 | 2,873 |
| 1957-June 6.... | 4,080 | 143 | 45 | 15,450 | 2,775 | 1,249 | 688 | 261 | , 914 | 16,660 | 1,009 | 36 | 67 | 2,662 | 326 | 2,907 |
| 1958 Dec. 31.... | 4,564 | 158 | 110 | 15,849 | 3,480 | 1,389 | 737 | 299 | 1,284 | 18,377 | + 912 | 24 | 56 | 2,813 | 2 | 3,136 |
| 1958-June 23.... | 4,418 | 145 | 76 | 15,305 | 3,084 | 1,261 | 2,946 | 337 | 1,645 | 16,916 | 1,774 | 28 | 249 | 3,229 | 483 | 3,214 |
| Chicago: ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1941-Dec. 31. | 1,021 | 43 | 298 | 2,215 | 1,027 | 8 | 127 | 233 | 34 | 2,152 |  |  |  | 476 |  | 288 |
| 1945-Dec. 31. | . 942 | 36 | 200 | 3,153 | 1,292 | 20 | 1,552 | 237 | 66 | 3,160 |  |  |  | 719 |  | 377 |
| 1947-Dec. 31. | 1,070 | 30 | 175 | 3,737 | 1,196 | 21 | 72 | 285 | 63 | 3,853 |  | 2 | 9 | 902 |  | 426 |
| $1956-D e c .31$. | 1,158 | 37 | 174 | 4,272 | 1,318 | 46 | 184 | 294 | 85 | 4,690 | 7 | 5 | 12 | 1,302 | 4 | 660 |
| 1957-June 6.... | 1,089 | 28 | 95 | 4,087 | 1,133 | 35 | 97 | 459 | 80 | 4,152 | 16 | 4 | 10 | 1,298 | 101 | 665 |
| 1958 Dec. 31.... | 1,071 | 39 | 148 | 4.084 | 1,293 | 40 | 195 | 333 | 77 | 4,493 | 15 | 3 | 10 | 1,332 | 4 | 689 |
| 1958-June 23.... | 1,183 | 31 | 128 | 4,089 | 1,211 | 38 | 705 | 456 | 75 | 4,095 | 39 | 4 | 10 | 1,389 | 80 | 708 |
| Reserve city banks : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1941-Dec. 31... | 4,060 | 425 | 2,590 | 11, 31 | 4,302 | 110 |  | 1,14 | 286 | 11,127 | 104 | 20 | 243 | 63 | $\cdots \cdots$ | 1.967 |
| 1947-Dec. 31. | 7,095 | 562 | 2,125 | 25,714 | 5,497 | 131 | 8, 405 | 2,282 | 705 | 26,003 | 22 | 45 | 332 | 11,045 | 1 | 2,866 |
| 1956-Dec. 31. | 7,649 | 787 | 2,656 | 34,046 | 7,298 | 286 | 1,201 | 3,092 | 1,036 | 36,519 | 294 | 114 | 935 | 15,748 | 21 | 5,076 |
| 1957-June 6... | 7,701 | 653 | 1,825 | 32,549 | 5,648 | 266 | 1,051 | 2,911 | 787 | 33,177 | 314 | 120 | 1,089 | 16,432 | 681 | 5,182 |
| Dec. 31.... | 7,763 | 790 | 2,585 | 33,583 | 6,962 | 279 | 1,358 | 3,111 | 943 | 35,906 | 301 | 113 | 1,175 | 17,335 | 21 | 5,370 |
| 1958-June 23.... | 7,576 | 707 | 2,277 | 33, 145 | 6,115 | 282 | 3,150 | 3,065 | 818 | 34,119 | 416 | 92 | 1,705 | 18,910 | 350 | 5,617 |
| Country banks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1941-Dec. 31... | 2,210 | 526 | 3,216 | 9,661 | 790 | 2 | 225 | 1,370 | 239 | 8,500 | 30 | 31 | 146 | 6,082 | 4 | 1,982 |
| 1945-Dec. 31. | 4,527 | 796 | 4,665 3,900 | 23,595 | 1,199 | 8 | 5,465 | 2,004 | 435 | 21,797 | 17 | 52 | 219 | 12,224 | 11 | 2,525 |
| 1947-Dec. 31. | 4,993 | + 929 | 3,900 | 27,424 | 1,049 | 7 | + 432 | 2,647 | + 528 | 25,203 | 17 | 146 | 337 847 | 14,177 19 | 23 | 2,934 |
| 1956-Dec. 31. | 5,526 | 1, 241 | 5,194 | 39,028 | 1, 51 | 16 | 1,160 | 4,738 | 1,1835 | 32,473 | 22 | 142 | 84 | 19,324 | 21 | 5,046 |
| 1957-June 6. | 5,631 | 1,241 | 3,966 | 36,827 | 1,243 | 18 | 1,097 | 4,740 | 835 | 32,635 | 30 | 142 | 962 | 20,491 | 267 | 5,304 |
| 1958 Dec. 31. | 5,576 | 1,549 | 4,964 | 38,676 | 1,621 | 18 | 1,181 | 4,669 | 1,027 | 35,029 | 18 | 135 | 928 | 21,366 | 30 | 5,359 |
| 1958-June 23. | 5,392 | 1,395 | 4,432 | 36,648 | 1,267 | 15 | 1,857 | 4,769 | 943 | 32,573 | 38 | 135 | 1,331 | 22,811 | 164 | 5,641 |
| Nonmember commercial banks: ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1947-Dec. 31... |  | 544 | 3,947 | 13,595 | 385 | 55 | 167 | 1,295 | 180 | 12,284 | 190 | 6 | 172 | 6,858 | 12 | 1.596 |
| 1956-Dec. 31... |  | 774 | 4,690 | 18,085 | 521 | 45 | 440 | 2,238 | 310 | 15,885 | 171 | 29 | 546 | 9,449 | 27 | 2,649 |
| 1957-June 6.. |  | 672 | 3,831 | 16,801 | 448 | 50 | 385 | 2,232 | 236 | 14,553 | 187 | 30 | 584 | 10,035 | 72 | 2,781 |
| Dec. 31.. |  | 799 | 4,536 | 18,075 | 511 | 43 | 427 | 2,282 | 289 | 15,849 | 138 | 27 | 603 | 10.546 | 21 | 2.818 |
| 1958-June 23.. |  | 740 | 3,993 | 16,992 | 465 | 50 | 548 | 2,265 | 260 | 14,749 | 229 | 28 | 805 | 11,059 | 58 | 3,000 |

[^9]LOANS AND INVESTMENTS OF BANKS IN LEADING CITIES
[Monthly data are averages of Wednesday figures, In millions of dollars]


1 Exclusive of loans to banks and after deduction of valuation reserves; individual loan items are shown gross.

2 Includes guaranteed obligations See also Nors on opposite page.

RESERVES AND LIABILITIES OF BANKS IN LEADING CITIES
[Monthly data are averages of Wednesday figures. In millions of dollars]


[^10]NOTE.-For description of revision beginning Mar. 4, 1953, see BuLleTiN for April 1953, p. 357, and for figures on the revis
Jan. 2, 1952, see Bulletin for May 1953, pp. 550-55.

CHANGES IN COMMERCLAL AND INDUSTRIAL LOANS OF WEEKLY REPORTING MEMBER BANKS, BY INDUSTRY ${ }^{1}$
[Net decline, ( - ). In millions of dollars]

| Period ${ }^{2}$ | Manufacturing and mining |  |  |  |  | Trade (wholesale and retail) | Commodity dealers | Sales finance $\underset{ }{\text { com- }}$ | Public utilities (incl. trans-portation) | Con-struction | All othertypes types business | Netchanges classified | Comm'landind'1change-allweeklyreport-ingbanks 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Food, liquor, tobacco | Textiles, apparel, and leathe | Metals and metal products ${ }^{3}$ | Petro- leum, coal, chemical, and rubber | Other |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1955-Jan.-June. } \\ & \text { July-Dec. } \end{aligned}$ | -540 480 | 220 71 | 177 224 | 313 208 | 153 63 | 146 327 | -461 469 | 589 704 | 384 27 | 134 | 143 370 | 1,257 3,050 | 1,078 53,206 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1956-Jan.-June. } \\ & \text { July-Dec. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -302 \\ 822 \end{array}$ | 238 -6 | 1,362 -71 | 424 428 | 369 72 | 171 | $\begin{array}{r}-386 \\ \hline 739\end{array}$ | -322 98 | 365 350 | - 54 | 149 | 2,124 | $\begin{array}{r} 42,243 \\ 2,459 \end{array}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1957-Jan.-June. } \\ & \text { July-Dec. } \end{aligned}$ | -456 331 | 148 -159 | 935 -496 | 291 | 214 -161 | -1 -8 | 7539 -420 | 366 -108 | 513 183 | -12 -49 | -54 -58 | 1,404 | 1,249 -296 |
| 1958-Jan.June | -658 | 84 | 146 | -140 | 157 | -165 | -283 | -853 | -177 | 56 | 69 | -1,765 | -1,945 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1958-Aug. } \\ & \text { Sept. } \end{aligned}$ | 104 167 195 | 15 -12 -126 | -85 40 -197 | 24 33 -34 | -6 -63 | 15 133 | 99 36 152 | 48 -88 -79 | $\begin{array}{r}-7 \\ \hline 73 \\ \hline 104\end{array}$ | 27 | 56 70 | 291 366 159 | 330 362 |
| Oct. | 195 | -126 | -197 | -34 | -60 | 133 | 152 | -79 | 104 | 2 | 69 | 159 | 38 |
| Woek ending: <br> Aug. <br> ${ }^{6} 13$ <br> 20. <br> 27. | 11 24 34 35 | 2 8 5 | -83 -12 19 -8 | 8 5 20 -8 | -4 $\cdots$ -4 | 5 -10 16 4 | 56 21 20 2 | 68 -21 60 -59 | -32 7 33 -14 | -4 19 -1 14 | 56 2 3 -5 | 84 41 210 -44 | 55 65 237 -27 |
| Sept. $\begin{array}{r}3 . \\ 10 . \\ 17 \\ 24 .\end{array}$ | 42 49 47 29 | $\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ 2 \\ -18 \end{array}$ | r -64 13 69 22 | -2 41 -6 | 4 23 -4 | 10 28 36 -74 | 17 3 12 4 | 10 -29 103 -171 | -19 -19 15 69 | 14 -2 2 19 4 | 1 49 27 -7 | $\begin{array}{r}-7 \\ 178 \\ 401 \\ -207 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | -15 207 392 -222 |
| Oct. $\frac{1}{8}$. | 59 <br> 38 | 18 -13 -20 | -95 -46 | -57 -16 | -17 -1 | 15 19 | $\begin{array}{r}13 \\ 37 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | -12 -38 | 95 -19 | -6 | 41 -20 | 37 -41 | 23 -67 |
|  | 73 | - 14 | -46 | 23 | -1 | 61 | 39 | -37 | - 5 | -6 | -28 | -228 | - 215 |
| 22. | 42 | -46 | -25 | -11 | -16 | 15 | 20 | -47 | -8 | -2 | -5 | -83 | -142 |
| 29. | -17 | -33 | -25 | -5 | -19 | 23 | 44 | -10 | 31 | 4 | 25 | 19 | 9 |

1 Data for a sample of about 210 banks reporting changes in their larger loans; these banks hold about 95 per cent or total commercial and industrial loans of all weekly reporting member banks and abou 75 per cent of those of all commercial banks.

Figures for periods other than weekly are based on weekly changes.
${ }^{3}$ Includes machinery and transportation equipment.
4 Prior to week ending Jan. 11, 1956, included changes in agricultural loans.
${ }_{5}$ Includes increase of $\$ 318$ million resulting from errors disclosed incident to survey of credit extended to real estate mortgage lenders.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCE COMPANY PAPER AND BANKERS' ACCEPTANCES OUTSTANDING

| End of year or month | [ In millions of dollars] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Commercial and finance company paper |  |  | Dollar acceptances |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Total | Held by: |  |  |  |  |  | Based on: |  |  |  |  |
|  | Total | Placed through dealers ${ }^{1}$ | Placed directly (finance paper) ${ }^{2}$ |  | Accepting banks |  |  | F. R. Banks |  | Others | Imports into United States | Exports from United States | Dollar change | Goods stored in or shipped between points in: |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { To- } \\ & \text { tol } \end{aligned}$ | Own | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { Bills } \\ \text { bought } \end{array}\right.$ | Own acct. | Foreign corr. |  |  |  |  | United States | Foreign countries |
| 1952. | 1,745 | 552 | 1,193 | 492 | 183 | 126 | 57 |  | 20 | 289 | 232 | 125 | 39 | 64 | 32 |
| 1953. | 1,966 | 564 | 1,402 | 574 | 172 | 117 | 55 |  | 24 | 378 | 274 | 154 | 29 | 75 | 43 |
| 1954 | 1,924 | 733 | 1,191 | 873 | 289 | 203 | 86 |  | 19 | 565 | 285 | 182 | 17 | 300 | 89 |
| 1955 | 2,020 | 510 | 1,510 | 642 | 175 | 126 | 49 | 28 | 33 | 405 | 252 | 210 | 17 | 63 | 100 |
| 1956. | 2,166 | 506 | 1,660 | 967 | 227 | 155 | 72 | 69 | 50 | 621 | 261 | 329 | 2 | 227 | 148 |
| 1957-Sept. . | 2.558 | 501 | 2,057 | 1,197 | 214 | 149 | 65 | 16 | 66 | 901 | 234 | 483 | 75 | 225 | 181 |
| Oct. | 2,654 | 516 | 2,138 | 1,225 | 197 | 131 | 66 | 16 | 69 | 942 | 248 | 465 | 94 | 226 | 192 |
| Dec. | 2,666 | 551 | 2,115 | 1,307 | 287 | 194 | 94 | 66 | 76 | 878 | 278 | 456 | 64 46 | 229 | 232 |
| 1958-Jan.. | 3,345 | 654 | 2,691 | 1.422 | 416 | 307 | 109 | 41 | 127 | 838 | 273 | 461 | 65 | 386 | 237 |
| Feb.. | 3,628 | 776 | 2,852 | 1,523 | 497 | 372 | 125 | 43 | 139 | 843 | 261 | 447 | 110 | 480 | 224 |
| Mar. | 3,485 | 862 | 2,623 | 1,529 | 422 | 318 | 104 | 39 | 132 | 936 | 263 | 432 | 139 | 471 | 224 |
| Apr. | 3,658 | 919 | 2,739 | 1,479 | 459 | 350 | 109 | 37 | 131 | 852 | 278 | 416 | 131 | 416 | 239 |
| Maye. | 3,709 3,373 | 946 | 2,763 | 1,441 | 474 | 372 292 | 102 | 42 | 119 | $\begin{array}{r}806 \\ 798 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 296 282 | 396 375 | 130 | 371 325 | 247 |
| July. | 3,627 | 966 | 2,661 | 1,353 | 426 | 328 | 98 | 34 | 108 | 785 | 269 | 380 | 141 | 313 | 251 |
| Aug. | 3,371 | 981 | 2,390 | 1,363 | 416 | 340 | 75 | 33 | 91 | 824 | 256 | 385 | 131 | 337 | 254 |
| Sept. | 3,146 | 958 | 2,188 | 1,281 | 385 | 319 | 65 | 28 | 75 | 792 | 236 | 355 | 136 | 319 | 235 |
| 1 As reported by dealers; includes finance company paper as well as other commercial paper sold in the open market. <br> ${ }^{2}$ As reported by finance companies that place their paper directly with investors. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



BOND AND STOCK YIELDS ${ }^{1}$
[Per cent per annum]

| Year, month, or week | U.S. Govt. bonds (longterm) ${ }^{2}$ | State and local govt. bonds ${ }^{3}$ |  |  | Corporate bonds ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  | Stocks ${ }^{\text {S }}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total4 | By selected ratings |  | $\underset{\text { groups }}{\text { By }}$ |  |  | Dividends/ price ratio |  | Earnings/ <br> price ratio <br> Com- <br> mon |
|  |  | Total ${ }^{4}$ | Aaa | Baa |  | Aaa | Baa | Industrial | Railroad | Public utility | Preferred | Common |  |
| Number of issues. | 4-7 | 20 | 5 | 5 | 120 | 30 | 30 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 14 | 500 | 500 |
| 1955 average. | 2.84 | 2.57 2.94 | 2.18 2.51 | 3.14 3.50 | 3.25 3.57 | 3.06 3.36 | 3.53 3.88 | 3.19 3.50 | 3.34 3.65 | 3.22 3.54 | 4.01 4.25 | 4.08 4.09 | 7.78 7.17 |
| 1957 average. | 3.47 | 3.56 | 3.10 | 4.20 | 4.21 | 3.89 | 4.71 | 4.12 | 4.32 | 4.18 | 4.63 | 4.35 | 8.21 |
| 1957-Oct. | 3.73 | 3.74 | 3.31 | 4.38 | 4.46 | 4.10 | 4.99 | 4.32 | 4.57 |  |  | 4.54 |  |
| Nov. | 3.57 | 3.67 | 3.24 | 4.35 | 4.49 | 4.08 | 5.09 | 4.34 | 4.65 | 4.49 | 4.78 | 4.67 |  |
| Dec. | 3.30 | 3.33 | 2.92 | 4.00 | 4.31 | 3.81 | 5.03 | 4.11 | 4.53 | 4.29 | 4.49 | 4.64 | 8.21 |
| 1958-Jan.. | 3.24 | 3.17 | 2.75 | 3.81 | 4.06 | 3.60 | 4.83 | 3.91 | 4.30 | 3.99 | 4.36 | 4.48 |  |
| Feb. | 3.25 | 3.15 | 2.72 2 | 3.79 3.88 | 4.01 4.04 | 3.59 3.63 | 4.66 4.68 | 3.86 3.86 | 4.29 4.30 | 3.87 <br> 3.95 | 4.38 4.42 | 4.47 4.37 |  |
|  | 3.25 3.12 | 3.23 3.16 | 2.79 2.70 | 3.88 3.78 | 4.04 4.02 | 3.63 3.60 | 4.68 4.67 | 3.86 3.83 | 4.30 4.32 | 3.95 <br> 3.90 | 4.42 4.37 | 4.37 4.33 | 7.34 |
| May | 3.14 | 3.12 | 2.69 | 3.71 | 4.00 | 3.57 | 4.62 | 3.80 | 4.30 | 3.89 | 4.31 | 4.19 |  |
| June. | 3.19 | 3.15 | 2.74 | 3.78 | 3.98 | 3.57 | 4.55 | 3.77 | 4.28 | 3.88 | 4.28 | 4.08 | 6.37 |
| July. | 3.36 | 3.23 | 2.79 | 3.83 | 4.02 | 3.67 | 4.53 | 3.81 | 4.30 | 3.94 | 4.36 | 3.98 |  |
| Aug. | 3.60 | 3.50 | 3.07 | 4.07 | 4.17 | 3.85 | 4.67 | 3.94 | 4.42 | 4.16 | 4.45 | 3.78 | . |
| Sept. | 3.75 | 3.74 | 3.28 | 4.32 | 4.39 | 4.09 | 4.87 | 4.24 | 4.52 | 4.41 | 4.58 | 3.69 | n.a. |
| Oct. | 3.76 | 3.69 | 3.23 | 4.25 | 4.42 | 4.11 | 4.92 | 4.25 | 4.56 | 4.46 | 4.64 | 3.54 |  |
| Week ending: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oct. 4. | 3.83 | 3.72 | 3.25 | 4.29 | 4.43 | 4.13 | 4.92 | 4.26 | 4.55 | 4.48 | 4.66 | 3.60 |  |
|  | 3.72 3.74 | 3.73 <br> 3.67 | 3.25 3.21 | 4.30 4.26 | 4.44 4.42 | 4.13 4.09 | 4.94 4.94 | 4.26 4.23 | 4.57 4.58 | 4.49 4.46 | 4.65 4.61 | 3.52 |  |
| 25 | 3.77 | 3.68 | 3.23 | 4.24 | 4.41 | 4.10 | 4.91 | 4.24 | 4.55 | 4.44 | 4.64 | 3.52 |  |
| Nov. | 3.75 | 3.64 | 3.21 | 4.16 | 4.42 | 4.12 | 4.90 | 4.25 | 4.57 | 4.44 | 4.66 | 3.51 |  |

[^11]4 Includes bonds rated Aa and A, data for which are not shown separately. Because of a limited number of suitable issues, the number of corporate bonds in some groups has varied somewhat.
${ }^{5}$ Standard and Poor's Corporation. Preferred stock ratio is based on 8 median yields in a sample of noncallable issues- 12 industrial and 2 public utility. For common stocks, the dividend/price and the earnings/ price ratios are now computed for the 500 stocks in the price index, but price ratios are nod-1957 are based on the 90 stocks formerly included in
figure prior to mily price index.

SECURITY PRICES ${ }^{1}$

| Year, month, or week | Bond prices |  |  | Common stock prices |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Volume of trading ${ }^{4}$ (in thousands of shares) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | U.S. Govt. (longterm) ${ }^{2}$ | $\mathrm{Mu}-$ nicipal (highgrade) ${ }^{3}$ | Cor-porate (highgrade) ${ }^{3}$ | Standard and Poor's series (index, 1941-43=10) |  |  |  | Securities and Exchange Commission series (index, $1939=100$ ) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Total | $\begin{aligned} & \text { In- } \\ & \text { dus- } \\ & \text { trial } \end{aligned}$ | Railroad | Public utility | Total | Manufacturing |  |  | Trans-portation | Public utility | Trade, finance, and service | Mining |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total | Durable | Non-durable |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of issues |  | 15 | 17 | 500 | 425 | 25 | 50 | 265 | 170 | 98 | 72 | 21 | 29 | 31 | 14 |  |
| 1955 average | 102.40 | 123.1 | 114.4 | 40.49 | 42.40 | 32.94 | 31.37 | 305 | 374 | 352 | 394 | 320 | 153 | 297 | 313 | 2,578 |
| 1956 average. | 98.91 | 116.3 | 109.1 | 46.62 | 49.80 | 33.65 | 32.25 | 345 | 439 | 410 | 465 | 327 | 156 | 306 | 358 | 2,216 |
| 1957 average. | 93.24 | 105.8 | 101.3 | 44.38 | 47.66 | 28.11 | 32.19 | 331 | 422 | 391 | 451 | 275 | 156 | 277 | 342 | 2,222 |
| 1957-Oct. | 89.77 | 102.9 | 98.2 | 41.24 | 44.43 | 24.78 | 30.39 | 306 | 388 | 357 | 417 | 241 | 149 | 266 | 297 | 2,782 |
| Nov. | 91.90 | 103.4 | 98.3 | 40.35 | 43.41 | 22.63 | 30.68 | 302 | 382 | 350 | 411 | 228 | 149 | 262 | 284 | 2,538 |
| Dec. | 95.63 | 107.5 | 102.7 | 40.33 | 43.29 | 21.39 | 31.79 | 298 | 376 | 336 | 413 | 215 | 152 | 258 | 274 | 2,594 |
| 1958-Jan. | 96.48 | 110.0 | 105.9 | 41.12 | 43.98 | 22.69 | 33.30 | 305 | 382 | 347 | 414 | 230 | 158 | 270 | 272 | 2,267 |
| Feb. | 96.20 | 109.2 | 105.7 | 41.26 | 44.01 | 23.00 | 34.12 | 304 | 378 | 346 | 408 | 231 | 160 | 278 | 267 | 2,010 |
| Mar. | 96.34 | 107.9 | 105.1 | 42.11 | 44.97 | 22.60 | 34.57 | 311 | 388 | 352 | 422 | 231 | 162 | 283 | 283 | 2,223 |
| Apr. | 98.23 | 110.0 | 105.3 | 42.34 | 45.09 | 23.20 | 35.54 | 312 | 387 | 340 | 426 | 233 | 166 | 286 | 287 | 2,395 |
| May. | 97.94 | 111.1 | 105.6 | 43.70 | 46.51 | 24.74 | 36.57 | 323 | 401 | 353 | 438 | 249 | 169 | 301 | 300 | 2,580 |
| June. | 97.17 | 110.8 | 105.5 | 44.75 | 47.62 | 25.54 | 37.31 | 331 | 412 | 362 | 450 | 259 | 171 | 305 | 319 | 2,696 |
| July | 94.78 | 108.0 | 104.2 | 45.98 | 48.96 | 26.86 | 37.82 | 339 | 424 | 376 | 459 | 269 | 173 | 312 | 331 | 3,159 |
| Aug. | 91.51 | 103.7 | 102.0 | 47.70 | 51.00 | 28.43 | 37.50 | 352 | 442 | 399 | 473 | 283 | 174 | 325 | 341 | 2,970 |
| Sept. | 89.51 | 100.6 | 98.9 | 48.96 | 52.40 | 29.51 | 37.97 | 360 | 453 | 413 | 481 | 292 | 178 | 337 | 341 | 3,427 |
| Oct. | 89.36 | 100.9 | 98.6 | 50.95 | 54.55 | 31.23 | 39.15 | 376 | 474 | 437 | 499 | 311 | 183 | 346 | 344 | 4,134 |
| Week ending: Oct. 4 | 88.45 | 100.4 | 98.3 | 50.09 | 53.63 | 30.82 | 38.45 | 372 | 469 | 430 | 496 | 308 | 181 | 346 | 344 | 3,846 |
| Oct. 11. | 89.91 | 100.7 | 98.6 | 51.03 | 54.68 | 31.26 | 38.92 | 379 | 478 | 440 | 5 | 308 310 | 183 | 345 | 347 | 3,821 |
| 18 | 89.68 | 100.8 | 99.1 | 51.17 | 54.83 | 30.98 | 39.13 | 379 | 478 | 442 | 502 | 310 | 184 | 346 | 347 | 4,881 |
| 25 | 89.17 | 101.0 | 99.0 | 51.08 | 54.69 | 31.19 | 39.30 | 374 | 470 | 435 | 494 | 311 | 184 | 346 | 338 | 3,893 |
| Nov. 1. | 89.46 | 101.5 | 98.2 | 50.96 | 54.48 | 31.70 | 39.65 | 378 | 476 | 439 | 500 | 315 | 185 | 344 | 344 | 4,147 |

${ }_{1}$ Monthly and weekly data for (1) U. S. Govt. bond prices, Standard and Poor's common stock indexes, and volume of trading are average of daily figures; (2) municipal and corporate bond prices are based on Wednesday closing prices; and (3) the Securities and Exchange Commission series on common stock prices are based on weekly closing prices.
${ }^{2}$ Prices derived from average market yields in preceding table on basis of an assumed 3 per cent, 20 -year bond.
${ }^{3}$ Prices derived from average yields, as computed by Standard and Poor's Corporation, on basis of a 4 per cent, 20 -year bond.
4 Average daily, volume of trading in stocks on the New York Stock Exchange for a $51 / 2$-hour trading day.

STOCK MARKET CREDIT
[In millions of dollars]

| End of month or last Wednesday of month | Customer credit |  |  |  |  | Broker and dealer credit ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Totalsecurities other than U. S. Govt. obligations (col. 3+ col. 5) | Net debit balances with New York Stock Exchange firms ${ }^{1}$ |  | Bank loans to others (than brokers and dealers) for purchasing and carrying securities ${ }^{2}$ |  | Money borrowed |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Customer } \\ \text { net } \\ \text { free } \\ \text { credit } \\ \text { balances } \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  | Secured by U. S. Govt. obligations | Secured by other securities | U.S. Govt. obligations | Other securities | U. S. Govt. obligations | $\begin{gathered} \text { On } \\ \text { other } \\ \text { securities } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| 1953-Dec. | 2,445 | 31 | 1,665 | 88 | 780 | 88 | 1,074 | 713 |
| 1954-Dec. | 3,436 | 41 | 2,388 | 65 | 1,048 | 69 | 1,529 | 1,019 |
| 1955-Dec. | 4,030 | 34 | 2,791 | 32 | 1,239 | 51 | 2,246 | 889 |
| 1956-Dec. | 3,984 | 33 | 2,823 | 41 |  | 46 | 2,132 | 880 |
| 1957-Sept... | 3,882 | 35 | 2,789 | 21 | 1,093 | 63 | 2,046 | 838 |
| Oct.. | 3,643 | 39 | 2,568 | 31 | 1,075 | 72 | 1,708 | 879 |
| Nov.. | 3,577 | 42 | 2,517 | 33 | 1,060 | 56 | 1,641 | 876 |
| Dec. | 3,576 | 68 | 2,482 | 60 | 1,094 | 125 | 1,706 | 896 |
| 1958-Jan. | 3,554 | 126 | 2,487 | 58 | 1,067 | 188 | 1,552 | 937 |
| Feb. . | 3,679 | 102 | 2,580 | 79 | 1,099 | 199 | 1,647 | 939 |
| Mar. | 3,863 | 111 | 2,665 | 86 | 1,198 | 206 | 1,784 | 954 |
|  | 3,980 | 134 | 2,735 | 70 | 1,245 | 230 | 1,822 | 985 |
| Mane. | 4,069 | 141 | 2,856 | 75 | 1,213 | 244 | 1,808 | 979 |
| July. | 4,252 | 149 | 3,021 | 113 | 1,231 | 306 | 1,903 | 1,047 |
| Aug. | 4,199 | 140 | 3,013 | 48 | 1,186 | 251 | 1,751 | 1,103 |
| Sept............ | 4,308 | 122 | 3,109 | 51 | 1,199 | 210 | 1,865 | 1,119 |

${ }^{1}$ Ledger balances of member firms of the New York Stock Exchange carrying margin accounts, as reported to the Exchange. Customers' debit and free credit balances exclude balances maintained with the reporting firm by other member firms of national securities exchanges and balances of the reporting firm and of general partners of the reporting firm. Balances are net for each customer-i. e., all accounts of one customer are consolidated. Money borrowed includes borrowings from banks and from other lenders except member firms of national securities exchanges. Data are as of the end of the month, except money borrowed, which is as of the last Wednesday of the month beginning June 1955.

2 Figures are for last Wednesday of month for weekly reporting member banks, which account for about 70 per cent of all loans for this purpose Column 5 includes some loans for purchasing or carrying U. S. Govt. securities (such loans are reported separately only by New York and Chicago banks). On June 30, 1956, reporting banks outside New York and Chicago held $\$ 51$ million of such loans. On the same date insured commercial banks not reporting weekly held loans of $\$ 28$ million for purchasing and carrying U. S. Govt. securities and of $\$ 384$ million for other securities. Noninsured banks had $\$ 33$ million of such loans, probably mostly for purchasing or carrying other securities.

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES ${ }^{1}$
[Institute of Life Insurance data. In millions of dollars]

| Date | Total assets | Government securities |  |  |  | Business securities |  |  | Mortgages | Real estate | Policy loans | Other assets |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | United States | State and local (U. S.) | Foreign ${ }^{2}$ | Total | Bonds | Stocks |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1941. | 32,731 44,797 | 9,478 22,545 | 6,796 20,583 | 1,995 | 687 1,240 | 10,174 11,059 | 9,573 10,060 | 601 999 | 6,442 | 1,878 857 | 2,919 1,962 | 1,840 1,738 |
| 1950. | 64,020 | 16,118 | 13,459 | 1,152 | 1,507 | 25,351 | 23,248 | 2,103 | 16,102 | 1,445 | 2,413 | 2,591 |
| 1951 | 68,278 | 13,760 | 11,009 | 1,170 | 1,581 | 28, 111 | 25,890 | 2,221 | 19,314 | 1,631 | 2,590 | 2,872 |
| 1952 | 73,375 | 12,905 | 10,525 | 1,153 | 1,500 | 31,515 | 29,069 | 2,446 | 21,251 | 1,903 | 2,713 | 3,088 |
| 1953 | 78,533 | 12,537 | 9,829 | 1,298 | 1,410 | 34,438 | 31,865 | 2,573 | 23,322 | 2,020 | 2,914 | 3,302 |
| 1954 | 84,486 | 12,262 | 9,070 | 1,846 | 1,346 | 37,300 | 34,032 | 3,268 | 25,976 | 2,298 | 3,127 | 3,523 |
| 1955 | 90,432 | 11,829 | 8,576 | 2,038 $\mathbf{2 , 2 7 3}$ | 1,215 | 39,545 41,543 | 35,912 38,040 | 3,633 3,503 | 29,445 32,989 | 2,581 2,817 | 3,290 3,519 | 3,743 4,076 |
| 1957 | 101,309 | 10,690 | 7,029 | 2,376 | 1,285 | 44,057 | 40,666 | 3,391 | 35,236 | 3,119 | 3,869 | 4,338 |
| End of month: 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1955-Dec. | 90,267 | 11,757 | 8,545 | 1,998 | 1,214 | 38,851 | 35,930 | 2,921 | 29,425 | 2,557 | 3,294 | 4,383 |
| 1956-Dec. | 95,844 | 10,989 | 7,519 | 2,234 | 1,236 | 40,976 | 38,067 | 2,909 | 32,994 | 2,829 | 3,505 | 4,551 |
| 1957-Aug. | 99,550 | 10,943 | 7,320 | 2,337 | 1,286 | 42,821 | 39,791 | 3,030 | 34,578 | 3,021 | 3,735 |  |
| Sept. | 100,017 | 10,909 | 7,288 | 2,344 | 1,277 | 43,021 | 39,999 | 3,022 | 34,732 | 3,047 | 3,769 | 4,539 |
| Oct | 100,446 | 10,937 | 7,301 | 2,357 | 1,279 | 43,266 | 40,233 | 3,033 | 34,902 | 3,072 | 3,807 3,839 | 4,462 |
| Nov. | 100,840 | 10,871 10,691 | 7,209 | 2,367 2,377 | 1,295 1,286 | 43,474 43,750 | 40,432 40,737 | 3,042 3,013 | 35,034 | 3,098 3,120 | 3,839 3,872 | 4,524 4,605 |
| 1958-Jan. | 101,961 | 10,924 | 7,199 | 2,428 | 1,297 | 43,974 | 40,961 | 3,013 | 35,462 | 3,143 | 3,905 | 4,553 |
| Feb. | 102,310 | 10,961 | 7,214 | 2,438 | 1,309 | 44,084 | 41,061 | 3,023 | 35,587 | 3,168 | 3,938 | 4,572 |
| Mar | 102,711 | 10,866 | 7,095 | 2,461 | 1,310 |  | 41,288 | 3,098 | 35,727 | 3,191 | 3,975 | 4,566 |
| Apr. | 103,058 | 10,910 | 7,106 | 2,474 | 1,330 | 44,602 | 41,497 | 3,105 | 35,840 | 3,222 | 4,011 | 4,473 |
| May | 103,508 | 10,889 | 7,036 | 2,502 | 1,351 | 44,774 | 41,656 | 3,118 | 35,956 | 3,241 | 4,038 | 4,610 |
| June | 104,008 | 10,976 | 7,083 | 2,537 | 1,356 | 44,987 | 41,828 | 3,159 | 36,060 | 3,280 | 4,067 | 4,638 |
| July | 104,578 | 11,163 | 7,258 | 2,561 | 1,344 | 45,198 | 42,039 | 3,159 | 36,183 | 3,303 | 4,091 4 | 4,640 |
| Aug | 105,054 | 11,244 | 7,300 | 2,597 | 1,347 | 45,351 | 42,200 | 3,151 | 36,323 | 3,355 | 4,114 | 4,667 |

${ }^{1}$ Figures are for all life insurance companies in the United States. 2 Represents issues of foreign governments and their subdivisions and bonds of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development.
${ }_{3}{ }^{3}$ These represent annual statement asset values, with bonds carried on an amortized basis and stocks at end-of-year market value.
${ }^{4}$ These represent book value of ledger assets. Adjustments for interest due and accrued and for differences between market and book values are not made on each item separately, but are included in total, in "Other assets."

SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS 1
[Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation data. In millions of dollars]

| End of year or month | Assets |  |  |  |  | Liabilities |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total ${ }^{2}$ | Mortgages ${ }^{3}$ | U. S. Govt. obligations | Cash | Other ${ }^{4}$ | Savings capital | Borrowings |  | Reserves and undivided profits |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | FHLB advances | Other |  |
| 1941. | 6,049 | 4,578 | 107 | 344 | 775 | 4,878 | 218 | 38 | 475 |
| 1945. | 8,747 | 5,376 | 2,420 | 450 | 356 | 7,386 | 190 | 146 | 644 |
| 1950. | 16,893 | 13,657 | 1,487 | 924 | 733 | 13,992 | 810 | 90 | 1,280 |
| 1951. | 19,222 | 15,564 | 1,603 | 1,066 | 899 | 16,107 | 801 | 93 | 1,453 |
| 1952. | 22,660 | 18,396 | 1,787 | 1,289 | 1,108 | 19,195 | 860 | 84 | 1,658 |
| 1953. | 26,733 | 21,962 | 1,920 | 1,479 | 1,297 | 22,846 | 947 | 80 | 1,901 |
| 1954. | 31,736 | 26,194 | 2,021 | 1,980 | 1,471 | 27,334 | 864 | 96 | 2,191 |
| 1955. | 37,719 | 31,461 | 2,342 | 2,067 | 1,791 | 32,192 | 1,412 | 146 | 2,557 |
| 1956. | 42,875 | 35,729 | 2,782 | 2,119 | 2,199 | 37,148 | 1,225 | 122 | 2,950 |
| 1957. | 48,275 | 40,119 | 3,169 | 2,144 | 2,809 | 42,038 | 1,263 | 118 | 3,377 |
| 1957-Aug. | 46,188 | 38,743 | 3,203 | 1,635 | 2,569 | 39,982 | 1,070 | 115 | . . . . . . . |
| Sept. | 46,639 | 39,106 | 3,229 | 1,643 | 2,624 | 40,306 | 1,117 | 115 | . . . . . . . . |
| Oct.. | 47,127 | 39,532 | 3,219 | 1,622 | 2,718 | 40,673 | 1,129 | 121 |  |
| Nov. | 47,600 | 39,835 | 3,238 | 1,705 | 2,787 | 41,072 | 1,141 | 117 |  |
| Dec.. | 48,275 | 40,119 | 3,169 | 2,144 | 2,809 | 42,038 | 1,263 | 118 | 3,377 |
| 1958-Jan. | 48,423 | 340,369 | 3,215 | 2,023 | 2,816 | c42,491 | 904 | 100 |  |
| Feb.. | 48,845 | 40,623 | 3,195 | 2,198 | 2,829 | 42,875 | 788 | 89 | .......... |
| Mar. | 49,406 | 40,967 | 3,192 | 2,407 | 2,840 | 43,366 | 694 | 94 | . . . . . . . |
| Apr.. | 50,068 | 41,367 | 3,229 | 2,524 | 2,948 | 43,729 | 813 | 87 | . ........ |
| May. | 50,762 | 41,908 | 3,244 | 2,562 | 3,048 | 44,250 | 801 | 67 | . . . . . . . . |
| June. | 51,573 | 42,498 | 3,326 | 2,742 | 3,007 | 45,195 | 928 | 107 | n.a. |
| July. | 51,771 | 43, 037 | 3,368 | 2,438 | 2,928 | 45,257 | 899 | 99 116 | .......... |
| Aug. | 52,384 | 43,599 | 3,479 | 2,365 | 2,941 | 45,615 | 936 | 116 | . . . . . . |

[^12]${ }^{3}$ Beginning January 1958, no deduction is made for mortgage pledged shares. These have declined consistently in recent years and amounted to $\$ 34$ million at the end of 1957

4 Includes other loans, stock in the Federal home loan banks and other investments, real estate owned and sold on contract, and office buildings and fixtures.
Note.-Data for 1957 and 1958 are preliminary.

SELECTED ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF FEDERAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES
[Based on compilation by Treasury Department. In millions of dollars]


Note.-Statistics beginning Mar. 31, 1956, reflect the expanded coverage and the new classification of agencies now reported in the Treasury Bulletin. The revised statement includes a larger number of agencies, and their activities are classified according to the type of fund they represent. Funds are combined in the table above, but are shown separately in the table on the following page. Classifications by supervisory authorities are those in existence currently. Where current Treasury compilations do not provide a detailed breakdown of loans, these items have been classified by Federal Reserve on basis of information about the type of lending activity involved.

* Totals reflect exclusion of agencies reporting other than quarterly
${ }^{1}$ Figures for trust revolving funds include interagency items. For all types of funds combined, loans by purpose and agency are shown on a gross basis; total loans and all other assets, on a net basis, i.e., after reserve for losses.
${ }_{2}$ Coverage changed from preceding period (see also Note).
${ }^{3}$ Effective Jan. 1, 1957, the production credit corporations were merged in the Federal intermediate credit banks, pursuant to the Farm Credit Act of 1956, approved July 26, 1956 (70 Stat. 659). Thereafter operations of the banks are classified as trust revolving transactions.

4 Less than $\$ 500,000$.
${ }^{5}$ Figures represent largely the Treasury loan to the United Kingdom, and through 1952 are based in part on information not shown in Treasury compilation
6 Figure derived by Federal Reserve.
${ }^{7}$ Includes investment of the Agricultural marketing revolving fund in the banks for cooperatives; Treasury compilations prior to 1956 classified this item as an interagency asset.
${ }^{8}$ Includes $\$ 1,000$ million due under the agreement with Germany signed Feb. 27, 1953, and lend-lease and surplus property balances due the United States in the principal amount of $\$ 1,966$ million.

## PRINCIPAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF FEDERAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

[Based on compilation by Treasury Department. In millions of dollars]

| Date, and fund or activity |  | Assets, other than interagency items ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | Liabilities, other than interagency items ${ }^{1}$ |  |  | U.S. Govt. interest | Privately owned interest |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Cash | Loans re-ceivable | In-ventories | Investments |  | Land, structures, and equipment | Other | Bonds, notes, and debentures payable |  | Other liabilities |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Public debt securities | Other securities |  |  | Guaranteed by U.S. | Other |  |  |  |
| AII activities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1954-Dec. 31 | 41,403 | 1,371 | 19,348 | 3,852 | 2,967 | 3,432 | 8,046 | 2,387 | 33 | 1,068 | 4,183 | 35,610 | 508 |
| 1955-Dec. 31. | 45,304 | 1,338 | 20,238 | 4,356 | 3,236 | 3,414 | 7,822 | 4,900 | 44 | 2,379 | 2,703 | 39,583 | 596 |
| 1956-Dec. 31*. | 69,653 | 4,996 | 20,657 | 21,375 | 3,739 | 3,669 | 9,985 | 5,232 | 67 | 2,711 | 3,659 | 62,516 | 699 |
| 1957-Mar. 31 | 69,895 | 4,441 | 21,353 | 21,303 | 3,923 | 3,729 | 9,875 | 5,272 | 68 | 2,975 | 3,713 | 62,364 | 775 |
| June 30* | 69,059 | 3,981 | 20,980 | 21,450 | 3,881 | 3,725 | 9,979 | 5,063 | 57 | 3,497 | 3,325 | 61,144 | 1,037 |
| Sept. 30. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 70,175 | 4,692 | 21,320 | 21,514 | 3,762 | 3,725 | 9,974 | 5,186 | 60 | 3,647 | 2,634 | 62,778 | 1,056 |
| 1958 Dec. 31. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 71, 139 | 4,291 | 22,395 | 21,628 | 3,804 | 3,718 | 9,962 | 5,340 | 49 | 4,662 | 2,916 | 62,391 | 1,121 |
|  | 72,242 | 4,158 | 23,147 | 21,206 | 4,523 | 3,753 | 10,020 | 5,436 | 49 | 4,749 | 3,472 | 62,789 | 1,183 |
| Classification by type of fund and activity, March 31, 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Public Enterprise Funds-Total . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 20,228 | 1,119 | 9,634 | 3,756 | 861 | 143 | 3,284 | 1,432 | 49 | 1,600 | 1,516 | 17,064 |  |
| Farm Credit Administration: <br> Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation. |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  | 8 | (4) |  | (4) | 8 |  |
| Agricultural Marketing Act, revolving fund. . . . . . | 186 | 44 |  |  |  | 142 |  |  |  |  |  | 186 |  |
| Agriculture Department: <br> Commodity Credit Corporation. | $5,618$ | 18 | 2,403 | 2,636 |  |  | 155 | 406 |  |  | 876 | 4,742 |  |
| Disaster loans, etc., revolving fund | -126 | 37 | 2,453 |  |  |  |  | 4 |  |  | (4) | -125 |  |
| All other............... | 54 | 37 | 16 |  |  |  |  | , |  |  | 4 | 50 |  |
| Housing and Home Finance Agency: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Public Housing Administration. | 187 | 59 | 106 | (4) |  |  | 16 | 6 |  |  | 36 | 151 |  |
| Federal Housing Administration. | 855 | 21 |  |  | 533 | (4) |  | 300 | 48 |  | 138 | 669 |  |
| Federal National Mortgage Association | 2,395 | 2 | 2,377 |  |  |  | (4) | 15 |  | 1,600 | 51 | 744 |  |
| Office of the Administrator. | 826 | 141 | 406 |  |  |  | 59 | 220 |  |  | 5 | 820 |  |
| Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation. | 296 | 1 |  |  | 283 |  |  | 12 |  |  | 16 | 281 |  |
| Small Business Administration. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 325 | 112 | 207 |  |  |  | (4) | 6 |  |  | 2 | 323 |  |
| Export-Import Bank | 3,139 | 1 | 3,111 | (4) |  | 1 | (4) | 26 |  |  | 53 | 3,086 |  |
| Tennessee Valley Authority | 2,070 | 91 |  | 46 |  |  | 1,789 | 145 |  |  | 35 | 2,036 |  |
| Panama Canal Company | 464 | 35 |  | 8 |  |  | 396 | 25 |  |  | 18 | 447 |  |
| Veterans Administration. | 842 | 112 | 678 | 4 | 45 |  | 2 | 2 |  |  | 12 | 830 |  |
| General Services Administratio | 1,293 | 64 | (4) | 1,036 |  | (4) | 127 | 65 |  |  | 24 | 1,268 |  |
| Treasury Department. | 226 | 6 | 214 |  |  |  |  | 5 |  |  | (4) | 226 |  |
| Post Office Department-postal | 873 | 233 |  | 13 |  |  | 599 | 27 |  |  | 213 | 660 |  |
| Interior Department. . . | 263 | 60 | 11 | 6 |  |  | 138 | 48 |  |  | 14 | 249 |  |
| All other. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 182 | 43 | 21 | 6 |  |  | (4) | 112 | (4) | (4) | 18 | 163 |  |
| Intragovernmental Funds-Total. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 13,053 | 1,693 |  | 10,994 |  | $\left.{ }^{4}\right)$ | 222 | 144 |  |  | 512 | 12,542 |  |
| Defense Department: <br> Army | 8,483 | 978 |  | 7,343 |  |  | 105 | 58 |  |  | 135 | 8,348 |  |
| Navy. | 3,375 | 419 |  | 2,918 |  |  |  | 38 |  |  | 230 | 3,145 |  |
| Air Force. | 858 | 209 |  | 605 |  |  |  | 44 |  |  | 94 | '764 |  |
| All other... | 337 | 87 |  | 128 |  | (4) ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ | ii7 | 4 |  |  | 52 | 285 |  |
| Certain Other Activities-Total . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 31,006 | 1,066 | 9,683 | $6,455$ | 7 | 3,563 | 6,514 | 3,719 |  |  | 220 | 30,785 |  |
| General Services Administration. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Agriculture Department: | 8,317 | 418 | 81 | 6,442 | . . . . | (4) | 1,189 | 187 |  |  | 16 | 8,301 |  |
| Farmers Home Administration. | 812 | 119 | 669 | (4) |  |  | 2 | 23 |  |  | 17 | 795 |  |
| Rural Electrification Administration | 2,908 | 49 | 2,724 |  |  |  |  | 135 |  |  | 2 | 2,907 |  |
| Interior Department.. | 445 | 42 |  |  |  |  | 366 | 31 |  |  |  | 439 |  |
| International Cooperation Administratio | 2,395 | 39 | 2,338 |  |  |  |  | 83, 18 |  |  | (4) | 2,395 |  |
| Treasury Department. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 10,174 |  | 3,479 |  |  | 3,563 |  | 83, 131 |  |  |  | 10,174 |  |
| Commerce Department-maritime activities.... . . . . | 5,114 | 245 | 249 |  | (4) |  | 4,568 | 48 87 |  |  | 142 | 4,971 |  |
| National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics. . . . . . All other . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 452 389 | 88 65 |  |  |  |  | 274 115 | 87 58 |  |  | 11 27 | 442 |  |
| All other | 389 | 65 | 144 | (4) |  |  | 115 | 58 | . . . . . |  | 27 | 362 |  |
| Certain Deposit Funds-Total . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 4,781 | 62 | 1,122 | $\left.{ }^{4}\right)$ | 3,512 | 47 | (4) | 39 |  | 692 | 1,148 | 2,103 | 838 |
| Banks for cooperatives . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | . 493 | 15 | 425 |  | 43 |  | (4) | 10 |  | 224 | 153 | 1,223 | 42 |
| Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. . . . . . . . . . . | 2,036 | 3 | $\left.{ }^{4}\right)$ | (4) | 2,013 |  |  | 19 |  |  | 156 | 1,880 |  |
| Federal home loan banks . | 2,252 | 44 | 696 |  | 1,456 | 47 |  | 9 |  | 468 | 988 |  | 796 |
| Certain Trust Revolving Funds-Total | 3,174 | 219 | 2,708 | (4) | 144 |  | (4) | 103 |  | 2,457 | 76 | 296 | 9345 |
| Federal National Mortgage Association. . . . . . . . . . . . | 1,706 | 55 | 1,641 |  | (4) |  |  | 10 |  | 1,466 | 46 | 156 | 938 |
| Federal intermediate credit banks | 1,168 | 10 | 1,040 |  | 100 |  |  | 18 |  | 992 | 19 | 140 | 917 |
| Office of Alien Property. | , 214 | 149 | (4) | $\left(\begin{array}{l} 4 \\ ) \end{array}\right.$ |  |  | (4) | 65 |  |  | 1 |  | 9213 |
| All other. . . . . | 86 | 5 | 27 | (4) | 44 |  | (4) | 10 |  |  | 10 |  | 977 |
| Latest data for agencies not reporting quarterly |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atomic Energy Commission (June 30, 1957) | 8,622 | 1,324 |  | 1,749 |  |  | 5,130 | 419 |  |  | 206 | 8,417 |  |
| Veterans Administration (June 30, 1957). | 1,902 | 355 | 107 |  |  |  | 1,340 | 98 |  |  | 137 | 1,765 |  |
| Agriculture-other activity (June 30, 1957) .......... | 1,418 | 448 |  | 6 |  |  | - 879 | 86 |  |  | $\stackrel{21}{157}$ | 1,397 |  |
| Health, Education \& Welfare Dept. (June 30, 1957). | 1,055 | 790 |  | 2 |  | 1 | $260$ | 56 |  |  | 157 | , 898 |  |
| Interior Department (June 30, 1957).................. | $3,752$ | $287$ | 4 | 8 8 |  |  | 2,891 | . 562 |  |  | 376 | 3,375 |  |
| Treasury Department (June 30, 1957) | 3,197 | 278 |  | 44 |  | (4) 85 | 765 549 | 2, 110 |  |  | 774 | 2,423 |  |
| All other (June 30, 1957).... | 1,684 | 428 |  | 206 |  | 85 | 549 | 416 |  |  | 21 | 1,663 | . . . . . |

SUMMARY OR FEDERAL FISCAL OPERATIONS
[On basis of U.S. Treasury statements and Treasury Bulletin. In millions of dollars]


Preliminary. primarily of interest payments by Treasury to trust accounts and to Treasury by Govt. agencies, transfers to trust accounts representing

Budget expenditures, and payroll deductions for Federal employees retirement funds. ${ }_{2}$ Small adjustments to arrive at this total are not shown separately. For other notes, see opposite page.

DETAILS OR FEDERAL FISCAL OPERATIONS
[On basis of Treasury statements and Treasury Bulletin unless otherwise noted. In millions of dollars]

${ }^{3}$ Consists primarily of (1) intra-Governmental transactions as described in note 1, (2) net accruals over payments of interest on savings bonds and Treasury bills, (3) Budget expenditures involving issuance of Fund and the Treasury, (5) reconciliation items to Treasury cash, and Fund and the Treasury, (5) reconciliation items to Treasury

4 Primarily adjustments 2,3 , and 4 , described in note 3 .
${ }_{5}$ Primarily adjustments 2,3 , and 4, described in note 3 . included in the corresponding columns above.
${ }_{7} 6$ Includes transfers to Federal disability insurance trust fund.
${ }^{7}$ Represents the sum of taxes for old-age insurance, railroad retirement, and unemployment insurance.
For more details, see the 1959 Budget document and the Treasury Bulletin, Table 3 .
Bulletin, Table 3 .
9 Includes stockpiling and defense production expansion not shown separately.
Feparately. other notes, see opposite page.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT DEBT, BY TYPE OF SECURITY
[On basis of daily statements of United States Treasury. In billions of dollars]

| End of month | Total gross debt ${ }^{1}$ | Total gross direct debt ${ }^{2}$ | Public issues ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Special issues |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total | Marketable |  |  |  |  |  | Con-vertiible bonds | Nonmarketable |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Total | Bills | Certificates of indebtedness | Notes | Bonds |  |  | Total ${ }^{5}$ | Savings bonds | Tax and savings notes |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Bank eligible ${ }^{4}$ | Bank restricted |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1941-Dec. | 64.3 | 57.9 | 50.5 | 41.6 | 2.0 |  | 6.0 | 33.6 |  |  | 8.9 | 6.1 | 2.5 | 7.0 |
| 1945-Dec. | 278.7 | 278.1 | 255.7 | 198.8 | 17.0 | 38.2 | 23.0 | 68.4 | 52.2 |  | 56.9 | 48.2 | 8.2 | 20.0 |
| 1947-Dec. | 257.0 | 256.9 | 225.3 | 165.8 | 15.1 | 21.2 | 11.4 | 68.4 | 49.6 |  | 59.5 | 52.1 | 5.4 | 29.0 |
| 1951-Dec. | 259.5 | 259.4 | 221.2 | 142.7 | 18.1 | 29.1 | 18.4 | 41.0 | 36.0 | 12.1 | 66.4 | 57.6 | 7.5 | 35.9 |
| 1952-Dec. | 267.4 | 267.4 | 226.1 | 148.6 | 21.7 | 16.7 | 30.3 | 58.9 | 21.0 | 12.5 | 65.0 | 57.9 | 5.8 | 39.2 |
| 1953-Dec. | 275.2 | 275.2 | 231.7 | 154.6 | 19.5 | 26.4 | 31.4 | 63.9 | 13.4 | 12.0 | 65.1 | 57.7 | 6.0 | 41.2 |
| 1954-Dec. | 278.8 | 278.8 | 233.2 | 157.8 | 19.5 | 28.5 | 28.0 | 76.1 | 5.7 | 11.8 | 63.6 | 57.7 | 4.5 | 42.6 |
| 1955--Dec. | 280.8 | 280.8 | 233.9 | 163.3 | 22.3 | 15.7 | 43.3 | 81.9 |  | 11.4 | 59.2 | 57.9 | (6) | 43.9 |
| 1956-Dec. | 276.7 | 276.6 | 228.6 | 160.4 | 25.2 | 19.0 | 35.3 | 80.9 |  | 10.8 | 57.4 | 56.3 |  | 45.6 |
| 1957-Oct. | 274.2 | 274.1 | 226.3 | 162.2 | 26.7 | 34.7 | 19.4 | 81.5 |  | 9.7 | 54.4 | 53.5 |  | 46.1 |
| Nov. | 274.9 | 274.7 | 227.1 | 163.4 | 26.7 | 34.7 | 20.6 | 81.5 |  | 9.6 | 54.1 | 53.2 |  | 46.0 |
| Dec. | 275.0 | 274.9 | 227.1 | 164.2 | 26.9 | 34.6 | 20.7 | 82.1 |  | 9.5 | 53.4 | 52.5 | . . . . | 45.8 |
| 1958-Jan. | 274.7 | 274.6 | 227.3 | 164.6 | 27.3 | 34.6 | 20.7 | 82.1 |  | 9.5 | 53.2 | 52.3 | . . . . | 45.5 |
| Feb. | 274.8 | 274.7 | 227.0 | 164.5 | 26.1 | 31.5 | 20.5 | 86.4 |  | 9.3 | 53.2 | 52.3 |  | 46.0 |
| Mar. | 272.7 | 272.6 | 225.1 | 162.9 | 23.0 | 31.5 | 20.7 | 87.7 |  | 9.1 | 53.1 | 52.3 |  | 45.8 |
| Apr. | 275.2 | 275.1 | 228.0 | 166.0 | 22.4 | 31.1 | 24.7 | 87.7 |  | 9.0 | 53.0 | 52.2 |  | 45.4 |
| May. | 275.7 | 275.7 | 227.9 | 166.0 | 22.4 | 31.1 | 24.8 | 87.7 |  | 9.0 | 53.0 | 52.1 |  | 46.1 |
| June. | 276.4 | 276.3 | 228.5 | 166.7 | 22.4 | 32.9 | 20.4 | 90.9 |  | 8.9 | 52.9 | 52.0 |  | 46.2 |
| July. | 275.6 | 275.5 | 228.0 | 166.4 | 22.4 | 32.9 | 20.5 | 90.6 |  | 8.8 | 52.8 | 51.9 |  | 45.9 |
| Aug. | 278.6 | 278.5 | 230.6 | 169.2 | 22.4 | 38.5 | 20.7 | 87.7 |  | 8.6 | 52.8 | 51.9 |  | 46.3 |
| Sept. | 276.8 | 276.7 | 229.0 | 167.7 | 22.7 | 38.5 | 20.7 | 85.8 |  | 8.5 | 52.8 | 51.8 |  | 46.0 |
| Oct. | 280.3 | 280.2 | 233.2 | 172.2 | 25.9 | 38.5 | 21.9 | 85.8 |  | 8.4 | 52.7 | 51.7 |  | 45.4 |

${ }^{1}$ Includes some debt not subject to statutory debt limitation (amounting to $\$ 426$ million on Oct. 31,1958 ) and fully guaranteed securities, not shown separately.
${ }_{2}$ Includes non-interest-bearing debt, not shown separately.
${ }^{3}$ Includes amounts held by Govt. agencies and trust funds, which aggregated $\$ 9,628$ million on Sept. 30, 1958 .

4 Includes Treasury bonds and minor amounts of Panama Canal and Postal Savings bonds.
${ }_{5}$ Includes Series A investment bonds, depositary bonds, armed forces leave bonds, and adjusted service bonds, not shown separately. 6 Less than $\$ 50$ million.

OWNERSHIP OF UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, DIRECT AND FULLY GUARANTEED
[Par value in billions of dollars]

| End of month |  | Held by U. S. Govt. agencies and trust funds ${ }^{1}$ |  | Held by the public |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Total | Federal Reserve Banks | Commercial banks ${ }^{2}$ | Mutual savings banks | Insurance panies | Other corporations | $\begin{aligned} & \text { State } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { local } \\ & \text { govt's } \end{aligned}$ | Individuals |  | Misc. investors ${ }^{3}$ |
|  |  | Special issues | Public issues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Savings bonds | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Other } \\ & \text { securities } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 1941-Dec. | 64.3 | 7.0 | 2.6 | 54.7 | 2.3 | 21.4 | 3.7 | 8.2 | 4.0 | . 7 | 5.4 | 8.2 | . 9 |
| 1945-Dec. | 278.7 | 20.0 | 7.0 |  | 24.3 | 90.8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1947-Dec. | 257.0 259.5 | 29.0 35.9 | 5.4 | 222.6 | 22.6 23.8 | 68.7 61.6 | 12.0 9.8 | 23.9 16.5 | 14.1 20.7 | 7.3 9.6 | 46.2 49.1 | 19.4 15.5 | 8.4 10.6 |
| 1952-Dec. | 267.4 | 39.2 | 6.7 | 221.6 | 24.7 | 63.4 | 9.5 | 16.1 | 19.9 | 11.1 | 49.2 | 16.0 | 11.7 |
| 1953-Dec. | 275.2 | 41.2 | 7.1 | 226.9 | 25.9 | 63.7 | 9.2 | 15.8 | 21.5 | 12.7 | 49.4 | 15.5 | 13.2 |
| 1954-Dec. | 278.8 | 42.6 | 7.0 | 229.2 | 24.9 | 69.2 | 8.8 | 15.0 | 19.2 | 14.4 | 50.0 | 13.7 | 13.9 |
| 1955--Dec. | 280.8 | 43.9 | 7.8 | 229.1 | 24.8 | 62.0 | 8.5 | 14.3 | 23.0 | 15.1 | 50.2 | 15.6 | 15.6 |
| 1956-Dec. | 276.7 | 45.6 | 8.4 | 222.7 | 24.9 | 59.3 | 8.0 | 12.8 | 18.2 | 16.1 | 50.1 | 17.2 | 16.1 |
| 1957-June. | 270.6 | 46.8 | 8.7 | 215.1 | 23.0 | 55.8 | 7.9 | 12.3 | 15.4 | 16.9 | 49.1 | 18.7 | 16.0 |
| 1957-Aug. | 274.0 | 46.7 | 9.1 | 218.2 | 23.5 | 56.6 | 7.9 | 12.2 | 16.5 | 17.1 | 48.8 | 19.6 | 15.9 |
| Sept. | 274.5 | 46.2 | 9.2 | 219.1 | 23.3 | 58.3 |  | 12.2 | 15.7 | 17.2 | 48.6 | 19.9 | 15.9 |
| Oct. | 274.2 | 46.1 | 9.4 | 218.7 | 23.3 | 58.1 | 7.8 | 12.2 | 15.9 | 17.2 | 48.4 | 19.4 | 16.3 |
| Nov | 274.9 | 46.0 | 9.3 | 219.5 | 23.7 | 58.2 | 7.6 | 12.1 | 16.5 | 17.3 | 48.3 | 19.3 | 16.5 |
| Dec. | 275.0 | 45.8 | 9.4 | 219.8 | 24.2 | 59.1 | 7.6 | 12.0 | 16.5 | 17.0 | 48.2 | 18.6 | 16.5 |
| 1958-Jan. | 274.7 | 45.5 | 9.6 | 219.6 | 23.3 | 58.6 | 7.6 | 12.0 | 17.3 | 17.3 | 48.2 | 18.9 | 16.2 |
| Feb. | 274.8 | 46.0 | 9.4 | 219.4 | 23.2 | 59.3 59 | 7.6 | 11.9 | 17.2 | 17.3 | 48.2 | 18.8 | 15.9 |
| Mar | 272.7 | 45.8 | 9.5 | 217.4 | 23.6 | 59.3 | 7.6 | 11.8 | 15.4 | 17.3 | 48.1 | 18.9 | 15.4 |
| Apr. | 275.2 | 45.4 | 9.7 | 220.0 | 23.7 | 63.0 | 7.6 | 11.8 | 14.6 | 17.1 | 48.1 | 18.5 | 15.7 |
| May | 275.7 | 46.1 | 9.7 | 220.0 | 24.2 | 63.3 | 7.5 | 11.7 | 14.7 | 17.0 | 48.1 | 18.3 | 15.4 |
| June | 276.4 | 46.2 | 9.7 | 220.5 | 25.4 | 64.6 | 7.4 | 11.7 | 13.3 | 16.9 | 48.0 | 18.0 | 15.2 |
| July. | 275.6 | 45.9 | 9.7 | 220.0 | 24.5 | 64.7 | 7.4 | 11.8 119 | 13.7 | 17.0 | 47.9 | 17.9 | 15.0 |
| Aug. | 278.6 | 46.3 | 9.7 | 222.6 | 25.3 | 66.1 | 7.5 | 11.9 | 14.2 | 17.0 | 47.9 | 17.8 | 14.9 |

${ }_{1}^{1}$ Includes the Postal Savings System
2 Includes holdings by banks in territories and insular possessions, which amounted to about $\$ 284$ million on Dec. 31, 1957.
${ }^{3}$ Includes savings and loan associations, dealers and brokers, foreign accounts, corporate pension funds, and nonprofit institutions.
Nore.-Reported data for Federal Reserve Banks and U. S. Govt. agencies and trust funds; Treasury Department estimates for other groups.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT MARKETABLE AND CONVERTIBLE SECURITIES OUTSTANDING, OCTOBER 31, $1958{ }^{1}$
[On basis of daily statements of United States Treasury. In millions of dollars]

| Issue and coupon rate | Amount | Issue and coupon rate | Amount | Issue and coupon rate | Amount | Issue and coupon rate | Amount |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Treasury bills ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  | Treasury honds |  | reasury bonds-Cont. |  |
| Nov. 6, 1958 | 1,700 1,699 | Feb. 15, 1959..... $17 / 8$ | 5,102 | Dec. 15, 1958...... $21 / 2$ | 2,368 | Aug. 15, 1966...... ${ }^{3}$ | 1,484 |
| Nov. 13, 19 | 1,699 1,800 | Apr. 1, 1959..... $11 / 2$ | 119 99 | June 15, 1959-62...21/4 | 5,267 3,456 | Mar. 15, 1966-71...21/2 | 2,949 |
| Nov. 28, 1958 | 1, 1 , 800 | Nov. 15, 1959....... $31 / 2$ | 1,184 | Dev. 15, 1960......21/8 | 3,806 | June 15, 1967-72...2 $2 / 2$ | 1,716 |
| Dec. 4, 1958 | 1,800 | Apr. 1, 1960......11/2 | , 198 | Dec. 15, 1960-653..23/4 | 1,485 | Dec. 15, 1967-72... $2^{1 / 2}$ | 3,722 |
| Dec. 11, 195 | 1,800 | May 15, $1960 . . . . .31 / 2$ | 2,406 | Sept. 15, 1961...... $23 / 4$ | 2,239 | Oct. 1, 1969....... $4^{4}$ | 657 |
| Dec. 18, 1958 | 1,800 | Oct. 1, 1960......112 | 278 | Nov. 15, 1961...... $21 / 2$ | 11,177 | Nov. 15, 1974......37/8 | ${ }_{6} 64$ |
| Dec. 26,1958 Jan. 2, | 1,800 | Apr. Aug. 1, 1, $1961 \ldots \ldots . . .11 / 2$ 4 | 2, 1409 | Aug. 15, 1963...... $21 / 2$ | 6,755 2,112 | June 15, 1978-83...31/4 May 15, $1985 . \ldots .31 / 4$ | 1,604 1,135 |
| Jan. 8, ${ }^{\text {8, }} 1959$ | 1,800 | Oct. $1,1961 . . . . . .11 / 2$ | 2, 332 | Dec. 15, 1963-68... $21 / 3$ | 2, 2182 | Feb. 15, $1990 . . . .3$ 31/2 | 1,727 |
| Jan. 15, 1959 | 1,803 | Feb. 15, 1962..... 38 |  | Feb. 15, 1964..... ${ }^{3}$ | 3,854 | Feb. 15, 1995........ 3 | 2,741 |
| Jan. 22, 1959 | 1,800 | Apr. $1,1962 \ldots \ldots 11 / 2$ | , 551 | June 15, 1964-69... $21 / 2$ | 3,745 |  |  |
| Jan. 29, 1959 | 1,803 | Aug. 15, $1962 \ldots \ldots .{ }^{\text {Act }}$ i ${ }^{4}$ | 2,000 | Dec. 15, 1964-69...21/2 | 3,820 |  |  |
| May 15, 1959 | 2,735 | Oct. ${ }^{\text {Ond }}$ Nov. 15, 1962....... $31 / 4 / 4$ | 1,143 | Mar. 15, $1965-70 . . .21 / 2$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6,996 \\ & 4,701 \end{aligned}$ | nama Canal Loan.... 3 | 50 |
| Certificates |  | Feb. 15, 1963...... $21 / 8$ | 3,971 |  |  | Convertible bonds |  |
| Dec. 1, 1958......33/4 |  | Adr. 1, 1963..... $11 / 2$ | 533 33 |  |  | Investment Series B |  |
|  | 9,770 3,567 | Oct. 1, 1963......11/2 |  |  |  |  | 8,387 |
| May 15, 1959......11/4 | 1,817 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aug. 1, 1959.......15/8 | 13,500 |  |  |  |  |  |  |


2 Sold on discount basis. See table on Money Market Rates, p. 1309.
OWNERSHIP OF UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT MARKETABLE AND CONVERTIBLE SECURITIES 1
[On basis of Treasury Survey data. Par value in millions of dollars]

| Type of holder and date | Marketable and conver tible securities, by type |  |  |  |  |  | Marketable securities, by maturity class |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Bills | Certificates | Notes | Marketable bonds ${ }^{2}$ | Convertible bonds | Total | Within 1 year | $\begin{gathered} 1-5 \\ \text { years } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5-10 \\ & \text { years } \end{aligned}$ | Over 10 years |
| All holders: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1956-June 30. | 166,050 | 20,808 | 16,303 20,473 | 35,952 | 81,890 80,839 | 11,098 10,280 | 154,953 | 58,714 | 31,997 39,184 | 31,312 | 32,930 |
| 158 Dec. 31. | 173,718 | 26,857 | 34,554 | 20,664 | 82,117 | 9,527 | 164,191 | 74, 368 | 46,513 | 11,272 | 32,038 |
| 1958-June 30 | 175,573 | 22,406 | 32,920 | 20,416 | 90,932 | 8,898 | 166,675 | 67,782 | 41,071 | 22,961 | 34,860 |
| July 31. | 175,192 | 22,403 | 32,938 | 20,499 | 90,551 | 8,801 | 166,391 | 67,797 | 41,154 | 22,586 | 34,855 |
| Aug. 31. | 177,851 | 22,401 | 38,487 | 20,665 | 87,681 | 8,618 | 169,233 | 70,477 | 48,074 | 15,833 | 34,850 |
| U. S. Govt. agencies and trust funds: 1956-June 30 | 8,236 | 273 | 355 | 688 | 3,575 | 3,345 | 4,891 | 927 | 500 | 434 | 3,030 |
| 1957-June 30. | 8,554 | 130 | 416 | 1,282 | 3,664 | 3,063 | s,491 | 1,138 | 1,210 | 295 | 2,848 |
| Dec. 31 | 9,260 | 130 | 657 | 1,617 | 3,933 | 2,923 | 6,337 | 1,236 | 1,782 | 260 | 3.059 |
| 1958-June 30 | 9,477 | 173 | 599 | 1,169 | 4,703 | 2,833 | 6,644 | 899 | 1,565 | 913 | 3,267 |
| July 31 | 9,564 | 181 | 618 | 1,173 | 4,774 | 2,819 | 6,745 | 920 | 1,589 | 927 | 3,309 |
| Aug. 31 | 9,477 | 124 | 640 | 1,174 | 4,739 | 2,801 | 6,676 | 840 | 1,647 | 869 | 3,319 |
| Federal Reserve Banks: 1956-June 30 |  | 855 | 10,944 | 9,157 | 2,802 |  | 23,758 |  |  |  |  |
| 1957-June 30 | 23,035 | 287 | 11,367 | 8,579 | 2,802 |  | 23,035 | 20,246 | 1,087 | $\begin{array}{r}1,014 \\ \hline 750\end{array}$ | 1,458 |
| Dec. 31 | 24,238 | 1,220 | 20,104 | 8,87 | 2,827 |  | 24,238 | 21,427 | 1,397 | 57 | 1, 358 |
| 1958-June 30. | 25,438 | 2,703 | 19,946 |  | 2,789 |  | 25,438 | 23,010 | 1,014 | 57 | 1,358 |
| July 31 | 24,480 | 1,569 | 19,946 | 10 | 2,955 |  | 24,480 | 21,986 | 1,024 | 84 | 1,386 |
| Aug. 31. | 25,346 | 1,345 | 21,507 | 10 | 2,484 |  | 25,346 | 22,852 | 1,024 | 84 | 1,386 |
| Commercial banks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1956-June 30. | 49,673 | 2,181 | 1,004 | 11,620 | 34,712 | 155 | 49,517 | 7,433 | 18,234 | 19,132 | 4,719 |
| 1957-June 30. | 48,734 | 2,853 | 2,913 | 8,984 | 33,839 | 144 | 48,590 | 12,268 | 23,500 | 8,600 | 4,222 |
| Dec. 31 | 51,712 | 4,332 | 4,046 | 9.672 | 33,529 | 133 | 51,579 | 13,066 | 26,526 | 7,364 | 4.623 |
| 1958-June 30 | 57,509 | 3,796 | 3,331 | 11,532 | 38,720 | 130 | 57,379 | 13,431 | 24,494 | 14,259 | 5,195 |
| July 31 | 57,515 | 3,886 | 3,307 | 11,722 | 38,471 | 129 | 57,386 | 13,325 | 24,671 | 14, 222 | 5,169 |
| Aug. 31. | 58,750 | 3,261 | 6,896 | 11,714 | 36,750 | 129 | 58,622 | 14,408 | 29,388 | 9,708 | 5,117 |
| Mutual savings banks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1956-June 30. | 7,735 | 107 | 37 | 356 | 6,074 | 1.161 | 6,574 | 247 | 540 | 1,319 | 4,468 |
| 1957-June 30 | 7,397 | 163 | 114 | 367 | 5,655 | 1,098 | 6,299 | 576 | 1,082 | 601 | 4,040 |
| Dec. 31. | 7,209 | 122 | 167 | 438 | 5,470 | 1,012 | 6,197 | 453 | 1,227 | 476 | 4.041 |
| 1958--June 30 | 7,110 | 89 | 132 | 465 | 5,493 | 931 | 6,179 | 303 | 1,106 | 675 | 4,094 |
| July 31 | 7,107 | 107 | 120 | 470 | 5,490 | 921 | 6,186 | 308 | 1,107 | 683 | 4,088 |
| Aug. 31 | 7,142 | 153 | 119 | 482 | 5,467 | 921 | 6,221 | 342 | 1,258 | 538 | 4,083 |
| Insurance companies: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1956-June 30. | 11,702 | 318 | 44 | 760 | 7,789 | 2,791 | 8,911 | 632 | 1,192 | 1,802 | 5,285 |
| 1957-June 30. | 10,936 | 326 | 136 | 648 | 7,277 | 2,549 | 8,387 | 955 | 1,775 |  | 4,634 |
| 1958 Dec. 31. | 10,801 | 291 | 248 | 683 | 7,231 | 2, 347 | 8,454 | 938 | 2,074 | , 718 | 4.724 |
| 1958-June ${ }^{\text {July }} 31$ | 10,580 10,722 | 254 <br> 378 | 112 | 614 621 | 7,398 | 2,202 | 8,378 8,538 | 7651 | 1,650 1,653 | 1,004 999 | 5,074 5,121 |
| Aug. 31. | 10,832 | 481 | 143 | 625 | 7,435 | 2,148 | 8,684 | 880 | 1,961 | 686 | 5,158 |
| Other investors: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1956-June 30. | 64,947 | 17,074 | 3,919 | 13,371 | 26,896 | 3,646 | 61,301 | 29,233 | 10,443 | 7,612 | 14,013 |
| 1957-June 30 | 67,329 | 19,661 | 5,527 | 11,113 | 27,602 | 3,426 | 63,904 | 35,850 | 10,936 | 3,464 | 13,654 |
| 1958 Dec. 31. | 70,499 | 20,762 | 9,331 | 8,167 | 29,127 | 3,112 | 67,387 | 37.249 | 13,508 | 2,397 | 14,233 |
| 1958-June 30 | 65,459 | 15,392 | 8 8,799 | 6,636 | 31,829 | 2,802 | 62,657 | 29,489 | 11,243 | 6,054 | 15,872 |
| July 31 | 65,804 | 16,283 | 8,831 | 6,504 | 31,438 | 2,748 | 63,056 | 30,494 | 11,110 | 5,671 | 15,781 |
| Aug. 31 | 66,304 | 17,036 | 9,182 | 6,660 | 30,806 | 2,619 | 63,684 | 31,154 | 12,796 | 3,948 | 15,786 |

[^13]NEW SECURITY ISSUES ${ }^{1}$
[Securities and Exchange Commission estimates. In millions of dollars]


Proposed uses of net proceeds, major groups of corporate issuers

| Year or month | Manufacturing |  | Commercial and miscellaneous |  | Transportation |  | Public utility |  | Communication |  | Real estate and financial |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\underset{\text { capital } 10}{\mathrm{New}}$ | Retirement of secu- rities rive | New capital ${ }^{10}$ | Retirement of secu- rities rities | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { New } \\ \text { capital 10 } \end{gathered}\right.$ | Retirement of securities | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { New } \\ \text { capital } 10 \end{array}\right\|$ | Retirement of securities | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { New } \\ \text { capital } 10 \end{array}\right\|$ | Retirement of securities | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { New } \\ \text { capital } 10 \end{array}\right\|$ | Retirement of secu- rities rities |
| 1950. | 1,026 | 149 | 474 | 63 | 610 | 196 | 1,927 | 682 | 314 | 81 | 639 | 100 |
| 1951 | 2,846 | 221 | 462 | 56 | 437 | 53 | 2,326 | 85 | 600 | 5 | 449 | 66 |
| 1952. | 3,712 | 261 | 512 | 24 | 758 | 225 | 2,539 | 88 | 747 | 6 | 448 | 60 |
| 1953. | 2,128 | 90 | 502 | 40 | 553 | 36 | 2,905 | 67 | 871 | 3 | 1,536 | 24 |
| 1954. | 2,044 | 190 | 831 | 93 | 501 | 270 | 2,675 | 990 | 651 | 60 | . 788 | 273 |
| 1955. | 2,397 | 533 | 769 | 51 | 544 | 338 | 2,254 | 174 | 1,045 | 77 | 1,812 | 56 |
| 1956. | 3,336 | 243 | 682 | 51 | 694 | 20 | 2,474 | 14 | 1,384 | 21 | 1,815 | 17 |
| 1957. | 4,104 | 49 | 579 | 29 | 802 | 14 | 3,821 | 51 | 1,441 | 4 | 1,701 | 67 |
| 1957-Aug. | 243 | ${ }^{(9)}$ | 51 |  |  | ${ }^{(9)}$ | 251 |  | 124 |  | 224 |  |
| Sept. | 320 | 4 | 38 | ${ }_{(9)}^{(9)}$ | 80 | $\ldots . .$. | 417 33 |  | 65 369 | ${ }_{(9)}^{9}$ | 53 159 | 30 |
| Oct. | 129 | 2 | 51 38 | (9) | 49 54 | 6 | $\begin{array}{r}333 \\ 287 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 9 9 9 | 369 | ${ }^{(9)}$ | 159 | $3{ }^{\circ}$ |
|  | 220 572 | ${ }^{(9)}$ | 38 60 | 12 12 | +134 |  | 287 173 | (9) | 42 | .... | 98 92 | 30 |
| 1958-Jan. | 147 | 3 | 28 | (9) | 82 | 24 | 321 | 1 | 34 | 50 | 109 | 1 |
| Feb. | 171 | 3 | 26 | (9) | 48 |  | 366 |  | 35 | ........ | 205 | 2 |
| Mar. | 196 | 41 | 47 |  |  | 5 | 409 |  | 797 | $\cdots \cdots \cdots$ |  |  |
| Apr.. | 620 163 | 12 | 62 | 1 | 86 |  | 293 | 22 37 | 40 | 37 30 | 40 | ${ }^{(9)}$ |
| May. | 163 | 46 | 24 29 | (9) | 106 |  | 303 390 | 37 16 | 112 | 30 | 74 |  |
| July. | 515 | 24 | 49 | 2 | 46 |  | 345 | 46 | 101 |  | 45 | 3 |
| Aug. | 107 | 15 | 40 | 2 | 14 |  | 266 | (9) | 6 |  | 39 | 1 |

1 Estimates of new issues maturing in more than one year sold for cash in the United States.
2 Gross proceeds are derived by multiplying principal amounts or number of units by offering price.
${ }_{3}$ Includes guaranteed issues.
4 Includes guaranteed iss
5 Represents foreign governments, International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, and domestic eleemosynary and other nonprofit organizations.

6 Estimated net proceeds are equal to estimated gross proceeds less cost of flotation, i.e., compensation to underwriters, agents, etc., and expenses. of fotation, i.c., compensation to underwriters, agents, etc., and expenses. 7 Represents proceeds for plant and equipment and working capital.
8 Represents proceeds for the retirement of mortgages and bank debt with original maturities of more than one year. Proceeds for retirement of with original maturities of more than one year. Proceeds for retirement of siort-term bank incurred.
debt are included under the uses for which the ba 9 Less than $\$ 500,000$.
10 Represents all issues other than those for retirement of securities.

SALES, PROFITS, AND DIVIDENDS OF LARGE CORPORATIONS
[n millions of dollars]

| Industry | Annual totals |  |  |  |  |  | Quarterly totals |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1952 | 1953 | 1954 | 1955 | 1956 | 1957 | 1956 | 1957 |  |  |  | 1958 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 2 |
| Manufacturing |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total (200 corps.) : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sales........ | 54,517 | 63,343 | 58,110 | 69,876 | 71,925 | 76,032 | 19, 194 | 19,786 | 19,438 | 18,056 | 18,752 | 16,718 | 16,796 |
| Profits before taxes | 7,308 | 8,375 3,649 | 7,244 | 10,250 5,231 | 9,290 4,880 | 9,559 | 2,483 1,362 | 2,752 1,432 | 2,575 <br> 1,339 | 2,042 | 2,190 | 1,622 | 1,624 |
| Dividends. | 2,073 | 2,154 | 2,384 | 2,827 | 2,980 | 3,113 | 848 | , 750 | 757 | 757 | 849 | 755 | 747 |
| Nondurable goods industries (94 corps.) : 1 . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sales........... | 19,266 2,853 | 20,694 | 20,620 2,753 | 23,106 3,413 | $\begin{array}{r}24,784 \\ 3,457 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 26,278 3,438 | 6,464 | 6,636 947 | 6,524 873 | 6,558 | 6,560 | 6,133 | 6,203 |
| Profits after taxes. | 1,392 | 1,526 | 1,581 | 1,918 | 1,979 | 2,019 | 521 | 551 | 503 | 491 | 474 | 377 | 359 |
| Dividends. | 946 | 972 | 1,064 | 1,202. | 1,248 | 1,323 | 358 | 314 | 318 | 319 | 371 | 326 | 325 |
| Durable goods industries ( 106 corps.): ${ }^{2}$ Sales. | 35,251 | 42,649 | 37,490 | 46,770 | 47,141 | 49,754 | 12,730 | 13,150 | 12,914 | 11,498 | 12,192 | 10,585 | 10,593 |
| Profits before taxes | 4,455 | 5,346 | 4,491 | 6,836 | 5,833 | 6,120 | 1,616 | 1,804 | 1,702 | 1,201 | 1,413 | 974 | 1,000 |
| Profits after taxes | 1,800 | 2,123 | 2,244 | 3,313 | 2,901 | 3,090 | ' 841 | 881 | - 836 | , 616 | 758 | 475 | 504 |
| Dividends. | 1,127 | 1,182 | 1,320 | 1,625 | 1,731 | 1,791 | 489 | 436 | 439 | 438 | 478 | 429 | 422 |
| Selected industries: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Foods and kindred products (28 corps.): Sales. | 5,042 | 5,411 | 5,476 | 5,833 | 6,299 | 6,620 | 1,641 | 1,618 | 1,642 | 1,669 | 1,691 | 1,616 | 1,663 |
| Profits before taxes. | 453 | , 465 | , 462 | - 499 | 557 | 600 | , 145 | 135 | 1, 154 | 158 | 153 | 140 | 152 |
| Profits after taxes | 203 | 212 | 224 | 244 | 273 | 295 | 74 | 65 | 75 | 77 | 79 | 67 | 74 |
| Dividends....... | 154 | 154 | 156 | 160 | 166 | 174 | 50 | 39 | 40 | 41 | 54 | 41 | 41 |
| Chemicals and allied products (26 corps.): | 5965 | 6,373 | 6,182 | 7,222 | 7,729 | 8,203 | 2,001 | 2,045 | 2,047 | 2,065 | 2,047 | 1,858 | 1,903 |
| Profits before taxes | 1,259 | 1,308 | 1,153 | 1,535 | 1,488 | 1,556 | 2,377 | 2, 395 | 2, 394 | 2,397 | 2, 369 | + 281 | , 284 |
| Profits after taxes | - 486 | - 520 | - 593 | - 782 | 769 | ' 798 | 201 | 197 | 202 | 201 | 197 | 144 | 146 |
| Dividends... | 396 | 417 | 499. | 597 | 602 | 639 | 181 | 150 | 152 | 150 | 187 | 156 | 154 |
| Petroleum refining (14 corps.): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sales.. | 5,411 | 5,883 | 6,015 | 6,556 | 7,185 917 | 7,814 867 | $\begin{array}{r}1,909 \\ \hline 228\end{array}$ | 2,048 | 1,941 | 1,920 | 1,906 | 1,801 146 | 1,774 |
| Profits after taxes | 524 | 603 | 567 | 624 | 689 | 711 | 186 | 230 | 172 | 164 | 144 | 125 | 103 |
| Dividends.... | 283 | 290 | 294 | 317 | 346 | 374 | 93 | 91 | 91 | 95 | 97 | 95 | 95 |
| Primary metals and products (39 corps.): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sales. | 11,564 | 13,750 | 11,522 | 14,952 | 16,062 | 16,073 | 4,340 | 4,272 | 4,270 | 3,856 | 3,675 | 3,047 | 3,133 |
| Profits before taxes | 1,147 | 1,817 | 1,357 | 2,377 | 2,370 | 2,313 | 702 | 676 | 652 | 512 | 473 | 302 | 370 |
| Profits after taxes | 564 | 790 | 705 | 1,195 | 1,232 | 1,193 | 378 | 342 | 327 | 264 | 260 | 157 | 190 |
| Dividends. | 369 | 377 | 407 | 522 | 606 | 651 | 188 | 157 | 157 | 158 | 179 | 147 | 146 |
| Machinery ( 27 corps.): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sales. . . . . . . . . | 7,077 | 8,005 | 7,745 | 8,477 | 9,798 | 10,914 | 2,746 | 2,624 | 2,750 | 2,669 | $\begin{array}{r}2,871 \\ \hline 306\end{array}$ | 2,454 | 2,621 |
| Profits before taxe | 971 375 | 1,011 402 | 914 465 | 912 465 | 942 <br> 458 | 1,175 | 245 123 | 12931 | 305 148 | 270 135 | 306 152 | 227 | 259 127 |
| Dividends..... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 199 | 237 | 263 | 281 | 321 | 329 | 87 | 79 | 81 | 82 | 86 | 83 | 81 |
| Automobiles and equipment (15 corps.): |  |  |  |  |  | 17.480 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sales. . . . . . . | 13,038 | 16,611 | 14,137 | 18,826 | 16,336 | 17,480 | 4,215 | 4,993 | 4,522 | 3,689 | 4,277 506 | 3,853 346 | 3,543 271 |
| Profits before taxes | 1,982 | 2,078 | 1,789 | 3,023 | 1,984 | 2,110 | 513 | 711 | 603 <br> 292 | 291 151 | 506 279 | 346 161 | 271 137 |
| Profits after taxes | 709 | 758 | 863 | 1,394 | 942 | 1,059 | 262 | 336 | 292 | 151 | 279 173 | 161 | 137 160 |
| Dividends. | 469 | 469 | 536 | 693 | 656 | 670 | 166 | 166 | 166 | 164 | 173 | 164 | 160 |
| Public Utility |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Railroad: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Profits before taxes | 1,438 | 1,436 | 9,908 | 1,341 | 1,268 | 1,056 | 2, 375 | 2, 247 | 2, 264 | 2, 286 | 2, 259 | 2,239 | 2,135 |
| Profits after taxes | 825 | 903 | 682 | - 927 | 876 | , 734 | 267 | 161 | 183 | 191 | 199 | 31 | 93 |
| Dividends. | 338 | 412 | 379 | 448 | 462 | 435 | 153 | 122 | 110 | 82 | 121 | 96 | 79 |
| Electric power: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating revenue. | 6,549 | 7,136 | 7,588 | 8,360 | 9,049 | 9,644 | 2,303 | 2,540 | 2,312 | 2,335 | 2,457 | 2,707 | 2,390 |
| Profits before taxes. | 1,740 | 1,895 | 2,049 | 2,304 | 2,462 | 2,557 | 594 | 731 | 596 | 600 | 630 | 768 | 615 |
| Profits after taxes | 947 | 1,030 | 1,134 | 1,244 | 1,326 | 1,403 | 334 | 393 | 327 | 326 | 357 | 421 | 349 |
| Dividends. | 725 | 780 | 868 | 942 | 1,022 | 1,077 | 270 | 269 | 270 | 265 | 273 | 281 | 287 |
| Telephone: | 4,137 | 4,525 | 4,902 | 5,425 | 5,966 | 6,467 | 1,552 | 1,560 | 1,611 | 1,623 | 1,673 | 1,672 | 1,715 |
| Profits before taxes | 787 | 925 | 1,050 | 1,282 | 1,430 | 1,562 | 380 | 387 | 388 | 387 | 400 | 402 | 454 |
| Profits after taxes. | 384 | 452 | 525 | 638 | 715 | 788 | 190 | 195 | 195 | 195 | 203 | 200 | 226 |
| Dividends.. | 355 | 412 | 448 | 496 | 552 | 613 | 147 | 148 | 150 | 155 | 160 | 164 | 166 |

1 Includes 26 companies in groups not shown separately, as follows: textile mill products ( 10 ); paper and allied products ( 15 ); miscellaneous (1). 2 Includes 25 companies in groups not shown separately, as follows: building materials (12); transportation equipment other than automobile (6); and miscellaneous (7). Note.-Manufacturing corporations. Sales data are obtained from
the Securities and Exchange Commission; other data from published the Securities and
company reports.
Railroads. Figures are for Class I line-haul railroads (which account for 95 per cent of all railroad operations) and are obtained from reports of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Electric power. Figures are for Class A and B electric utilities (which account for about 95 per cent of all electric power operations) and are obtained from reports of the Federal Power Commission, except that quarterly figures on operating revenue and profits before taxes are partly
estimated by the Federal Reserve to include affiliated nonelectric opera-
Telephone. Revenues and profits are for telephone operations of the Bell System Consolidated (including the 20 operating subsidiaries and the Long Lines and General departments of American Telephone and Telegraph Company) and for two affiliated telephone companies, which dogether represent about 85 per cent of all telephone operations. Dividends are for the 20 operating subsidiaries and the two affilia
All series. Profits before taxes refer to income after all charges and before Federal income taxes and dividends. For detailed description of series (but not for figures), see pp. 662-66 of the Bulletin for June 1949 (manufacturing); pp. 215-17 of the Bulletin for March 1942 (public utilities) ; and p. 908 of the BULLETIN for September 1944 (electric power). Revised data annually beginning with 1939 and quarterly beginning with 1946 are available from the Division of Research and Statistics.

CORPORATE PROFITS, TAXES, AND DIVIDENDS
[Department of Commerce estimates. In billions of dollars]

| Year or quarter | Profits before taxes | Income taxes | Profits after taxes | Cash dividends | Undistributed profits |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1950. | 40.6 | 17.9 | 22.8 | 9.2 | 13.6 |
| 1951. | 42.2 | 22.4 | 19.7 | 9.0 | 10.7 |
| 1952 | 36.7 | 19.5 | 17.2 | 9.0 | 8.3 |
| 1953. | 38.3 | 20.2 | 18.1 | 9.2 | 8.9 |
| 1954. | 34.1 | 17.2 | 16.8 | 9.8 | 7.0 |
| 1955. | 44.9 | 21.8 | 23.0 | 11.2 | 11.8 |
| 1956 | 45.5 | 22.4 | 23.1 | 12.0 | 11.0 |
| 1957. | 43.4 | 21.6 | 21.8 | 12.4 | 9.4 |
| 1956-2. | 44.8 | 22.1 | 22.7 | 12.0 | 10.7 |
|  | 44.3 | 21.8 | 22.4 | 12.2 | 10.2 |
|  | 46.7 | 23.0 | 23.7 | 11.8 | 11.9 |
| 1957-1. | 46.1 | 23.0 | 23.1 | 12.5 | 10.6 |
| 2. | 43.5 | 21.7 | 21.8 | 12.6 | 9.2 |
|  | 44.2 | 22.0 | 22.1 | 12.7 | 9.4 |
|  | 39.9 | 19.9 | 20.0 | 12.0 | 8.0 |
| 1958-1. | 31.7 | 16.1 | 15.5 | 12.5 | 3.0 |
|  | 32.0 | 16.3 | 15.7 | 12.4 | 3.3 |

Note.-Quarterly data are at seasonally adjusted annual rates.

NET CHANGE IN OUTSTANDING CORPORATE SECURITIES ${ }^{1}$
[Securities and Exchange Commission estimates. In millions of dollars]

| Year or quarter | All types |  |  | Bonds and notes |  |  | Stocks |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | New issues | Retirements | Net change | New issues | Retirements | Net change | New issues | Retirements | Net change |
| 1950 | 7,224 | 3,501 | 3,724 | 4,806 | 2,802 | 2,004 | 2,418 | 698 | 1,720 |
| 1951 | 9,048 | 2,772 | 6,277 | 5,682 | 2,105 | 3,577 | 3,366 | 667 | 2,700 |
| 1952 | 10,679 | 2,751. | 7,927 | 7,344 | 2,403 | 4,940 | 3,335 | 348 | 2,987 |
| 1953 | 9,550 | 2,429 | 7,121 | 6,651 | 1,896 | 4,755 | 2,898 | 533 | 2,366 |
| 1954 | 11,694 | 5,629. | 6,065 | 7,832 | 4,033 | 3,799 | 3,862 | 1,596 | 2,265 |
| 1955 | 12,474 | 5,599 | 6,875 | 7,571 | 3,383 | 4,188 | 4,903 | 2,216 | 2,687 |
| 1956 | 13,033 | 4,968 | 8,065 | 7,934 | 3,181 | 4,752 | 5,099 | 1,787 | 3,313 |
| 1957. | 14,289 | 3,159 | 11,129 | 9,691 | 2,236 | 7,455 | 4,598 | 923 | 3,675 |
| 1957-2 | 3,739 | 867 | 2,873 | 2,367 | 626 | 1,741 | 1,373 | 241 | 1,132 |
| 3 | 3,474 | 802 | 2,672 | 2,554 | 554 | 2,000 | 920 | 248 | 672 |
|  | 3,409 | 708 | 2,701 | 2,393 | 503 | 1,890 | 1,016 | 205 | 811 |
| 1958-1 | 3,566 | 784 | 2,782 | 2,799 | 537 | 2,262 | 767 | 247 | 520 |
| 2 | 4,041 | 1,509 | 2,532 | 2,453 | 1,258 | 1,195 | 1,588 | 251 | 1,337 |

${ }_{1}^{1}$ Reflects cash transactions only. As contrasted with data shown on p. 1318, new issues ex clude foreign and include offerings of open-end investment companies, sales of securities held by affiliated companies or RFC, special offerings to employees, and also new stock iss ues and cash proceeds connected with conversions of bonds into stocks. Retirements inc lude the same types of issues, and also securities retired with internal funds or with
proceeds of issues for that purpose shown on p. 1318 .

CURRENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF CORPORATIONS ${ }^{1}$
[Securities and Exchanges Commission estimates. In billions of dollars]


BUSINESS EXPENDTTURES ON NEW PLANT AND EQUIPMENT ${ }^{1}$
[Department of Commerce and Securities and Exchange Commission estimates. In billions of dollars]

| Year | Total | Manu-facturing | Mining | Transportation |  | Public utilities | Com-munications | Other ${ }^{2}$ | Quarter | Total | Manu-factur-ingandmin-ing | Trans-portation | Public utilities | $\underset{\text { other }{ }^{3}}{\text { All }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Railroad | Other |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1950. | 20.6 | 7.5 | . 7 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 3.3 | 1.1 | 5.7 | 1957-1.. | 8.3 | 3.8 | . 7 | 1.2 | 2.6 |
| 1951. | 25.6 | 10.9 | . 9 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 3.7 | 1.3 | 5.9 |  |  | 4.5 | . 8 | 1.5 | 2.7 |
| 1952. | 26.5 | 11.6 | 1.0 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 3.9 | 1.5 | 5.6 |  | 9.4 | 4.3 | . 8 | 1.7 | 2.5 |
| 1954. | 28.3 26.8 | 11.9 11.0 | 1.0 | 1.3 .9 | 1.6 | 4.6 | 1.7 | 6.3 |  | 9.7 | 4.6 | . 8 | 1.8 | 2.6 |
| 1955. | 28.7 | 11.4 | 1.0 | .9 | 1.6 | 4.3 | 2.0 | 7.5 | 1958-1.. | 7.3 | 3.1 | . 7 | 1.2 | 2.3 |
| 1956. | 35.1 | 15.0 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.7 | 4.9 | 2.7 | 8.4 |  | 7.8 | 3.2 | . 6 | 1.5 | 2.5 |
| 1957. | 37.0 | 16.0 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.8 | 6.2 | 3.0 | 7.4 |  | 8.2 | 3.4 | . 5 | 1.9 | 2.4 |
| 19584. | 31.0 | 12.0 | . 9 | . 8 | 1.5 | 6.3 | 9 |  | 44. | 7.7 | 3.3 | . 5 | 1.7 | 2.2 |

[^14]3 Includes communications and other.
4 Anticipated by business.

MORTGAGE DEBT OUTSTANDING, BY TYPE OF PROPERTY MORTGAGED AND TYPE OF MORTGAGE HOLDER
[In billions of dollars]

| End of year or quarter | All properties |  |  |  | Nonfarm |  |  |  |  |  |  | Farm |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { hold- } \\ & \text { ers } \end{aligned}$ | Financial institutions | Other holders |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { hold- } \\ \text { ers } \end{gathered}$ | 1- to 4-family houses |  |  | Multi-family and commercial properties ${ }^{1}$ |  |  | All holders | $\begin{gathered} \text { Finan- } \\ \text { cial } \\ \text { insti- } \\ \text { tutions } \end{gathered}$ | Other holders ${ }^{2}$ |
|  |  |  | Selected <br> Federal agencies | Individuals and others |  | Total | Financial institutions | Other holders | Total | Financial institutions | Other holders |  |  |  |
| 1941. | 37.6 | 20.7 | 2.0 | 14.9 | 31.2 | 18.4 | 11.2 | 7.2 | 12.9 | 8.1 | 4.8 | 6.4 | 1.5 | 4.9 |
| 1945. | 35.5 | 21.0 | . 9 | 13.7 | 30.8 | 18.6 | 12.2 | 6.4 | 12.2 | 7.4 | 4.7 | 4.8 | 1.3 | 3.4 |
| 1950. | 72.8 | 51.7 | 1.4 | 19.8 | 66.7 | 45.2 | 35.4 | 9.8 | 21.6 | 14.0 | 7.6 | 6.1 | 2.3 | 3.7 |
| 1951. | 82.3 | 59.5 | 2.0 | 20.8 | 75.6 | 51.7 | 41.1 | 10.7 | 23.9 | 15.9 | 8.0 | 6.7 | 2.6 | 4.1 |
| 1952. | 91.4 | 66.9 | 2.4 | 22.1 | 84.2 | 58.5 | 46.8 | 11.7 | 25.7 | 17.2 | 8.4 | 7.3 | 2.8 | 4.4 |
| 1953. | 101.3 | 75.1 | 2.8 | 23.5 | 93.6 | 66.1 | 53.6 | 12.5 | 27.5 | 18.5 | 9.0 | 7.8 | 3.0 | 4.8 |
| 1954. | 113.8 | 85.8 | 2.8 | 25.2 | 105.5 | 75.7 | 62.5 | 13.2 | 29.8 | 20.0 | 9.8 | 8.3 | 3.3 | 5.0 |
| 1955. | 130.0 | 99.4 | 3.1 | 27.5 | 120.9 | 88.2 | 73.8 | 14.4 | 32.7 | 21.9 | 10.8 | 9.1 | 3.6 | 5.4 |
| 1956. | 144.5 | 111.2 | 3.6 | 29.7 | 134.6 | 99.0 | 83.4 | 15.6 | 35.6 | 23.9 | 11.7 | 9.9 | 3.9 | 6.0 |
| 1957. | 156.6 | 119.7 | 4.7 | 32.1 | 146.1 | 107.6 | 89.9 | 17.7 | 38.5 | 25.8 | 12.7 | 10.5 | 4.0 | 6.5 |
| 1956-Dec. | 144.5 | 111.2 | 3.6 | 29.7 | 134.6 | 99.0 | 83.4 | 15.6 | 35.6 | 23.9 | 11.7 | 9.9 | 3.9 | 6.0 |
| 1957-Mar. | 147.3 | 113.0 | 4.0 | 30.3 | 137.2 | 101.1 | 84.8 | 16.2 | 36.2 | 24.3 | 11.9 | 10.1 | 3.9 | 6.2 |
| June. | 150.4 | 115.3 | 4.2 | 30.9 | 140.1 | 103.4 | 86.6 | 16.7 | 36.7 | 24.6 | 12.1 | 10.3 | 4.0 | 6.4 |
| Sept. | 153.7 | 117.7 | 4.5 | 31.6 | 143.3 | 105.7 | 88.5 | 17.2 | 37.5 | 25.2 | 12.4 | 10.4 | 4.0 | 6.4 |
| Dec. | 156.6 | 119.7 | 4.7 | 32.1 | 146.1 | 107.6 | 89.9 | 17.7 | 38.5 | 25.8 | 12.7 | 10.5 | 4.0 | 6.5 |
| 1958-Mar. ${ }^{p}$. | 159.1 | 121.5 | 4.9 | 32.7 | 148.5 | 109.3 | 91.2 | 18.1 | 39.1 | 26.2 | 12.9 | 10.6 | 4.1 | 6.6 |
| June ${ }^{p}$ | 162.6 | 124.5 | 4.6 | 33.5 | 151.7 | 111.7 | 93.6 | 18.1 | 40.0 | 26.8 | 13.2 | 10.9 | 4.1 | 6.7 |
| Sept. ${ }^{p}$. | 166.7 | 127.9 | 4.6 | 34.3 | 155.7 | 114.8 | 96.3 | 18.4 | 40.9 | 27.3 | 13.6 | 11.1 | 4.2 | 6.8 |

${ }^{p}$ Preliminary.
1 Derived figures, which include negligible amount of farm loans held by savings and loan associations.
${ }^{2}$ Derived figures, which include debt held by Federal land banks and Farmers Home Administration.
Note.-Figures for first three quarters of each year are Federal Reserve estimates. Financial institutions represent commercial banks (including nondeposit trust companies but not trust departments), mutual savings banks, life insurance companies, and savings and loan associations.

Federal agencies represent HOLC, FNMA, and VA (the bulk of the amounts through 1948 held by HOLC, since then by FNMA). Other Federal agencies (amounts small and separate data not readily available currently) are included with individuals and others.
Sources.-Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, Federal Home Loan Bank Board, Institute of Life Insurance, Departments of Agriculture and Commerce, Federal National Mortgage Association, Veterans Administration, Comptroller of the Currency, and Federal Reserve.

MORTGAGE LOANS HELD BY BANKS ${ }^{1}$
[In millions of dollars]

| End of year or quarter | Commercial bank holdings ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  | Mutual savings bank holdings ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Residential |  |  |  | Other nonfarm | Farm | Total | Residential |  |  |  | Other nonfarm | Farm |
|  |  | Total | $\begin{aligned} & \text { FHA- } \\ & \text { in- } \\ & \text { sured } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { VA- } \\ & \text { guar- } \\ & \text { anteed } \end{aligned}$ | Con-ventional |  |  |  | Total | $\begin{aligned} & \text { FHA- } \\ & \text { in- } \\ & \text { sured } \end{aligned}$ |  | Con-ventional |  |  |
| 1941. | 4,906 | 3,292 |  |  |  | 1,048 | 566 | 4,812 | 3,884 |  |  |  | 900 | 28 |
| 1945. | 4,772 | 3,395 |  |  |  | 856 | 521 | 4,208 | 3,387 |  |  |  | 797 | 24 |
| 1950. | 13,664 | 10,431 |  |  |  | 2,264 | 968 | 8,261 | 7,054 |  |  |  | 1,164 | 44 |
| 1951. | 14,732 | 11,270 | 3,421 | 2,921 | 4,929 | 2,458 | 1,004 | 9,916 | 8,595 | 2,567 | 1,726 | 4,303 | 1,274 | 47 |
| 1952. | 15,867 | 12,188 | 3,675 | 3,012 | 5,501 | 2,621 | 1,058 | 11,379 | 9,883 | 3,168 | 2,237 | 4,477 | 1,444 | 53 |
| 1953. | 16,850 | 12,925 | 3,912 | 3,061 | 5,951 | 2,843 | 1,082 | 12,943 | 11,334 | 3,489 | 3,053 | 4,792, | 1,556 | 53 |
| 1954. | 18,573 | 14, 152 | 4,106 | 3,350 | 6,695 | 3,263 | 1,159 | 15,007 | 13,211 | 3,800 | 4,262 | 5,149 | 1,740 | 56 |
| 1955. | 21,004 | 15,888 | 4,560 | 3,711 | 7,617 | 3,819 | 1,297 | 17,457 | 15,568 | 4,150 | 5,773, | 5,645 | 1,831 | 58 |
| 1956. | 22,719 | 17,004 | 4,803 | 3,902. | 8,300 | 4,379 | 1,336 | 19,745 | 17,703 | 4,409 | 7,139 | 6,155 | 1,984 | 59 |
| 1957. | 23,337 | 17,147 | 4,823 | 3,589 | 8,735 | 4,823 | 1,367 | 21,169 | 19,010 | 4,669 | 7,790 | 6,551 | 2,102 | 57 |
| 1956-Dec. | 22,719 | 17,004 | 4,803 | 3,902 | 8,300 | 4,379 | 1,336 | 19,745 | 17,703 | 4,409 | 7,139 | 6,155 | 1,984 | 59 |
| 1957-Mar. | 22,670 | 16,880 | 4,770 | 3,810 | 8,300 | 4,440 | 1,350 | 20, 105 | 18,035 | 4,455 | 7,330 | 6,250 | 2,010 | 60 |
| June. | 22,760 | 16,890 | 4,730 | 3,720 | 8,440 | 4,500 | 1,370 | 20,475 | 18,384 | 4,500 | 7,520 | 6,364 | 2,033 | 58 |
| Sept. | 23,105 | 17,070 | 4,750 | 3,660 | 8,660 | 4,660 | 1,375 | 20,812 | 18,687 | 4,575 | 7,660 | 6,452 | 2,068 | 57 |
| Dec. | 23,337 | 17,147 | 4,823 | 3,589 | 8,735 | 4,823 | 1,367 | 21,169 | 19,010 | 4,669 | 7,790 | 6,551 | 2,102 | 57 |
| 1958-Mar. | 23,400 | 17,125 | 4,825 | 3,485 | 8,815 | 4,880 | 1,395 | 21,565 | 19,372 | 4,810 | 7,937 | 6,625 | 2,135 | 58 |
| June ${ }^{p}$ | 23,960 | 17,460 | 4,970 | 3,405 | 9,085 | 5,060 | 1,440 | 22,165 | 19,926 | 5,046 | 8,160 | 6,720 | 2,181 | 58 |
| Sept. ${ }^{p}$. | 24,690 | 18,055 | 5,205 | 3,355 | 9,495 | 5,155 | 1,480 | 22,740 | 20,465 | 5,313 | 8,378 | 6,774 | 2,218 | 57 |

$p$ Preliminary.
${ }_{1}^{1}$ Represents all banks in the United States and possessions.
2 Includes loans held by nondeposit trust companies but excludes holdings of trust departments of commercial banks. March and September figures are Federal Reserve estimates based on data from Member
Bank Call Report and from weekly reporting member banks.
${ }^{3}$ Figures for 1941 and 1945, except for the grand total, are estimates
based on Federal Reserve preliminary tabulation of a revised series of banking statistics. March and September figures are Federal Reserve estimates based in part on data from National Association of Mutual Savings Banks.
Sources.-All-bank series prepared by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation from data supplied by Federal and State bank supervisory agencies, Comptroller of the Currency, and Federal Reserve.

MORTGAGE ACTIVITY OF LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES
[In millions of dollars]

| Year or month | Loans acquired |  |  |  |  |  | Loans outstanding (end of period) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Nonfarm |  |  |  | Farm | Total | Nonfarm |  |  |  | Farm |
|  |  | Total | FHAinsured | $\begin{aligned} & \text { VA- } \\ & \text { guar- } \\ & \text { anteed } \end{aligned}$ | Other |  |  | Total | FHAinsured | VA-guaranteed | Other |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1941 . \\ & 1945 . \end{aligned}$ | 976 |  |  |  |  |  | 6,442 | 5,529 5,860 | 815 1,394 |  | 4,714 4,466 | 913 776 |
| 1950. | 4,894 5,134 | 4,532 4,723 | 1,486 | 938 1,294 | 2,108 | 362 411 | 16,102 | 14,775 17,787 | 4,573 5,257 | 2,026 | 8,176 $\mathbf{9 , 3 9 9}$ | 1,327 |
| 1952 | 3,978 | 3,606 | 1,864 | 1,429 | 2,313 | 372 | 21,251 | 19,546 | 5,681 | 3,347 | 10,518 | 1,705 |
| 1953. | 4,345 | 3,925 | 817 | 455 | 2,653 | 420 | 23,322 | 21,436 | 6,012 | 3,560 | 11,864 | 1,886 |
| 1954 | 5,344 | 4,931 | 672 | 1,378 | 2,881 | 413 | 25,976 | 23,928 | 6,116 | 4,643 | 13,169 | 2,048 |
| 1955 | 6,623 | 6,108 | 971 | 1,839 | 3,298 | 515 | 29,445 | 27,172 | 6,395 | 6,074 | 14,703 | 2,273 |
| 1956 | 6,715 | 6,201 | 842 | 1,652 | 3,707 | 514 | 32,989 | 30,508 | 6,627 | 7,304 | 16,577 | 2,481 |
| 1957 | 5,230 | 4,823 | 653 | 831 | 3,339 | 407 | 35,236 | 32,652 | 6,751 | 7,721 | 18,180 | 2,584 |
| 1957-Sept. | 381 | 358 | 60 | 41 | 257 | 23 | 34,732 | 32,162 | 6,694 | 7,736 | 17,732 | 2,570 |
| Oct. | 440 | 409 | 67 | 53 | 289 | 31 | 34,902 |  | 6,712 | 7,754 7 |  |  |
| Nov | 363 537 | 336 | 60 85 | 37 28 | 239 389 | 27 | 35,034 | 32,449 | 6,726 6,758 | 7,760 7 | 17,963 | 2,585 |
|  | 537 | 502 | 85 | 28 | 389 | 35 | 35,271 | 32,686 | 6,758 | 7,746 | 18,182 | 2,585 |
| 1958-Jan. | 426 | 383 | 87 | 29 | 267 | 43 | 35,462 | 32,873 | 6,822 | 7,750 | 18,301 | 2,589 |
| Feb. | 379 | 338 | 85 | 30 | 223 | 41 | 35,587 | 32,990 | 6,858 | 7,739 | 18,393 | 2,597 |
| Mar. | 390 | 344 | 92 | 22 | 230 | 46 |  | 33,117 | 6,906 |  |  | 2,610 |
| Apr. | 402 380 | 360 <br> 348 | 94 96 | 26 16 | 234 | 42 | 35,840 | 33,213 33,316 | 6,948 6,995 | 7,719 | 18,546 18,622 | 2,627 2,640 |
| June. | 368 | 341 | 95 | 20 | 226 | 27 | 36,060 | 33,409 | 7,038 | 7,677 | 18,694 | 2,651 |
| July | 428 | 398 | 103 | 16 | 279 | 30 | 36,183 | 33,519 | 7,076 | 7,651 | 18,792 | 2,664 |
| Aug | 437 | 406 | 109 | 5 | 292 | 31 30 | 36,323 | 33,645 33,786 | 7,123 | 7,619 | 18,903 | 2,678 |
| Sept. | 451 | 421 | 125 | 7 | 289 | 30 | 36,472 | 33,786 | 7,212 | 7,561 | 19,013 | 2,686 |

${ }^{r}$ Revised.
Nore.-For loans acquired, the monthly figures may not add to annual totals, and for loans outstanding, the end-of-December figures may differ totals, and for year figures, because monthly figures represent book value of ledger assets whereas year-end figures represent annual statement asset
values, and because data for year-end adjustments are more complete. Source--Institute of Life Insurance; end-of-year figures are from Life Insurance Fact Book, and end-of-month figures from the Tally of
Life Insurance Statistics and Life Insurance News Data.

MORTGAGE ACTIVITY OF SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCLATIONS


1 Includes loans for other purposes (for repair, additions and alterations, refinancing, etc.) not shown separately.
${ }^{2}$ Beginning 1958 includes shares pledged against mortgage loans.
Source.-Federal Home Loan Bank Board.

NONFARM MORTGAGE RECORDING OF $\$ 20,000$ OR LESS
[In millions of dollars]

| Year or month | Total |  | By type of lender (without seasonal adjustment) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Season- } \\ \text { ally } \\ \text { add } \\ \text { justed } 1 \end{gathered}$ | Without seasonal adjustment ${ }^{2}$ | Savings \& loan assns. | Insurance panies panies | Com-mer$\underset{\text { banks }}{\text { cial }}$ | Mutual savings banks |
| 1941 |  | 4,732 | 1,490 | 404 | 1,165 | 218 |
| 1945 |  | 5,650 | 2,017 | 250 | 1,097 | 217 |
| 1950. |  | 16,179 | 5,060 | 1,618 | 3,365 | 1,064 |
| 1951 |  | 16,405 | 5,295 | 1,615 | 3,370 | 1,013 |
| 1952 |  | 18,018 | 6,452 | 1,420 | 3,600 | 1,137 |
| 1953 |  | 19,747 | 7,365 | 1,480 | 3,680 | 1,327 |
| 1954 |  | 22,974 | 8,312 | 1,768 | 4,239 | 1,501 |
| 1955 |  | 28,484 | 10,452 | 1,932 | 5,617 | 1,858 |
| 1956. |  | 27,088 | 9,532 | 1,799 | 5,458 | 1,824 |
| 1957. |  | 24,244 | 9,217 | 1,472 | 4,264 | 1,429 |
| 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aug. | 2,026 | 2,208 | 883 | 132 | 378 | 137 |
| Sept. | 2,013 | 2,026 | 796 | 124 | 354 | 121 |
| Oct. | 2,003 | 2,226 | 855 | 132 | 395 | 131 |
| Nov. | 1,995 | 1,877 | 686 | 117 | 333 | 117 |
| Dec... | 1,954 | 1,851 | 666 | 125 | 325 | 113 |
| 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan.. | 1,976 | 1,782 | 628 | 111 | 322 | 98 |
| Feb. | 1,959 | 1,701 | 638 | 101 | 304 | 87 |
| Mar. | 1,971 | 1,866 | 705 | 108 | 345 | 94 |
| Apr. | 1,993 | 2,022 | 787 | 106 | 385 | 103 |
| May. | 2,087 | 2,151 | 845 | 113 | 418 | 120 |
| June. | 2,192 | 2,275 | 910 | 110 | 429 | 140 |
| July . | 2,291 | 2,543 | 986 | 125 | 491 | 165 |
| Aug. . |  | 2,535 | 995 | 130 | 476 | 169 |

${ }^{1}$ Three-month moving average, seasonally adjusted by Federal Reserve.
2 Includes amounts for other lenders, not shown separately.

Source.-Federal Home Loan Bank Board

GOVERNMENT-UNDERWRITTEN RESIDENTIAL LOANS MADE
[In millions of dollars]

| Year or month | FHA-insured loans |  |  |  |  | VA-guaranteed loans |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Home } \\ & \text { mortgages } \end{aligned}$ |  | Proj-ecttype ${ }_{\text {mort- }} 1$ gages 1 | Property im-provement loans ${ }^{2}$ | Total ${ }^{3}$ | Home mortgages |  |
|  |  | New properties | Existing properties |  |  |  | New properties | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ex- } \\ & \text { isting } \\ & \text { prop- } \\ & \text { erties } \end{aligned}$ |
| 1945. | 665 | 257 | 217 | 20 | 171 | 192 |  | $\ldots$ |
| 1950. | 4,343 | 1,637 | 856 | 1,157 | 694 | 3,072 | 1,865 | 1,202 |
| 1951. | 3,220 | 1,216 | 713 | 582 | 708 | 3,614 | 2,667 | 942 |
| 1952. | 3,113 | - 969 | 974 | 322 | 848 | 2,719 | 1,823 | 890 |
| 1953. | 3,882 | 1,259 | 1,030 | 259 | 1,334 | 3,064 | 2,044 | 1,014 |
| 1954. | 3,066 | 1,035 | 907 | 232 | 891 | 4,257 | 2,686 | 1,566 |
| 1955 | 3,807 | 1,269 | 1,816 | 76 | 646 | 7,156 | 4,582 | 2,564 |
| 1956 | 3,461 | 1,133 | 1,505 | 130 595 | 896 | 5,868 | 3,910 | 1,948 |
|  | 3,715 | 880 | 1,371 | 595 | 869 | 3,761 | 2,890 | 863 |
| 1957-Sept. . | 273 | 57 | 116 | 14 | 85 | 295 | 228 | 66 |
| Oct. | 422 | 87 | 145 | 79 | 111 | 280 | 229 | 50 |
| Nov. | 329 | 86 | 145 | 33 | 65 | 213 | 182 | 30 |
| Dec. | 332 | 97 | 152 | 12 | 71 | 176 | 155 | 20 |
| 1958-Jan. | 418 | 120 | 186 | 56 | 55 | 160 | 142 | 18 |
| Feb. | 386 | 115 | 164 | 43 | 64 | 142 | 129 | 13 |
| Mar. | 435 | 127 | 192 | 62 | 53 | 123 | 110 | 13 |
| Apr....... | 423 | 119 | 186 | 57 | 61 | 85 | 72 | 13 |
| May........ | 431 | 110 | 201 | 55 | 65 | 73 | 57 | 15 |
| June...... | 551 | 126 | 217 | 128 | 81 | 97 | 71 | 27 |
| July. | 524 | 132 | 236 | 178 | 58 | 127 | 83 | 43 |
| Aug. | 699 | 128 | 243 | 170 | 58 | 156 | 91 | 64 |
| Sept....... | 756 | 160 | 320 | 146 | 130 | 189 | 107 | 82 |

${ }^{1}$ Monthly figures do not reflect mortgage amendments included in annual totals.
2 These loans are not ordinarily secured by mortgages.
3 Includes a small amount of alteration and repair loans, not shown separately; only such loans in amounts of more than $\$ 1,000$ need be secured.

Note.-FHA-insured loans represent gross amount of insurance written; VA-guaranteed loans, gross amount of loans closed. Figures do not take account of principal repayments on previously insured or guaranteed loans. For VA-guaranteed loans, amounts by type are derived from data on number and average amount of loans closed.

Sources.-Federal Housing Administration and Veterans Administration.

MORTGAGE DEBT OUTSTANDING ON NONFARM 1- TO 4-FAMIIY PROPERTIES
[In billions of dollars]

| End of year or quarter | Total | Governmentunderwritten |  |  | Con-ventional |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | $\begin{aligned} & \text { FHA- } \\ & \text { in- } \\ & \text { sured } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { VA- } \\ & \text { guar- } \\ & \text { anteed } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 1945. | 18.6 | 4.3 | 4.1 | . 2 | 14.3 |
| 1950 | 45.2 | 18.9 | 8.6 | 10.3 | 26.3 |
| 1951 | 51.7 | 22.9 | 9.7 | 13.2 | 28.8 |
| 1952 | 58.5 | 25.4 | 10.8 | 14.6 | 33.1 |
| 1953 | 66.1 | 28.1 | 12.0 | 16.1 | 38.0 |
| 1954 | 75.7 | 32.1 | 12.8 | 19.3 | 43.6 |
| 1955 | 88.2 | 38.9 | 14.3 | 24.6 | 49.3 |
| 1956 | 99.0 | 43.9 | 15.5 | 28.4 | 55.1 |
| 1957. | 107.6 | 47.2 | 16.5 | 30.7 | 60.4 |
| 1956-Sept. | 96.6 | 42.5 | 15.2 | 27.3 | 54.1 |
| Dec. . | 99.0 | 43.9 | 15.5 | 28.4 | 55.1 |
| 1957-Mar. | 101.0 | 45.1 | 15.7 | 29.4 | 55.9 |
| June. | 103.4 | 45.9 | 15.9 | 30.0 | 57.5 |
| Sept. | 105.7 | 46.5 | 16.1 | 30.4 | 59.2 |
| Det. | 107.6 | 47.2 | 16.5 | 30.7 | 60.4 |
| 1958-Mar ${ }^{p}$. | 109.3 | 47.7 | 17.1 | 30.6 | 61.6 |
| June ${ }^{p}$. | 111.7 | 48.3 | 17.7 | 30.6 | 63.4 |
| Sept. ${ }^{p}$ | 114.8 | 49.2 | 18.6 | 30.6 | 65.5 |

p Preliminary.
Note.-For total debt outstanding figures for first three quarters of year are Federal Reserve estimates. For conventional, figures are derived.

Sources.-Federal Home Loan Bank Board, Federal Housing Administration, Veterans Administration, and Federal Reserve.

FEDERAL NATIONAL MORTGAGE ASSOCIATION ACTIVITY ${ }^{1}$
[In millions of dollars]

| End of year or month | Mortgage holdings |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mortgage } \\ & \text { transactions } \\ & \text { (during } \\ & \text { period) } \end{aligned}$ |  | Com-mitments un-disbursed |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | $\begin{aligned} & \text { FHA- } \\ & \text { in- } \\ & \text { sured } \end{aligned}$ | VA-guaranteed |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Pur- chases | Sales |  |
| 1950 | 1,347 | 169 | 1,177 | 1,044 | 469 | 485 |
| 1951 | 1,850 | 204 | 1,646 | 677 | 111 | 239 |
| 1952. | 2,242 | 320 | 1,922 | 538 | 56 | 323 |
| 1953. | 2,462 | 621 | 1,841 | 542 | 221 | 638 |
| 1954 | 2,434 | 802 | 1,632 | 614 | 525 | 476 |
| 1955 | 2,615 | 901 | 1,714 | 411 | 62 | 76 |
| 1956 | 3,047 | 978 | 2,069 | 609 | 5 | 360 |
| 1957 | 3,974 | 1,237 | 2,737 | 1,119 | 2 | 764 |
| 1957-Sept. | 3,783 | 1,152 | 2,631 | 82 |  | 712 |
| Oct. | 3,849 | 1,170 | 2,679 | 79 |  | 726 |
| Nov. | 3,909 | 1,197 | 2,712 | 75 |  | 717 |
| Dec. | 3,974 | 1,237 | 2,737 | 80 |  | 764 |
| 1958-Jan. . |  |  |  |  |  | 786 |
| Feb. | 4,071 | 1,319 | 2,752 | 56 |  | 761 |
| Mar. | 4,073 4,019 | 1,346 | 2,726 2,674 | 45 38 | 29 75 | 745 842 |
| Apr. | 3.928 | 1,342 | 2,586 | 33 | 109 | 1,001 |
|  | 3,753 | 1,309 | 2,444 | 22 | 176 | 1,142 |
| July. | 3,703 | 1,300 | 2,403 | 17 | 51 | 1,308 |
| Aug. | 3,683 3,693 | 1,298 1,320 | 2,385 2,373 | 32 | 23 8 | 1,543 1,674 |
| Sept. |  |  |  |  |  |  |

[^15]FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANK LENDING
[In millions of dollars]

| Year or month | Advances | Repayments | Advances outstanding (end of period) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total | Shortterm ${ }^{1}$ | Longterm $^{2}$ |
| 1945. | 278 | 213 | 195 | 176 | 19 |
| 1950. | 675 | 292 | 816 | 547 | 269 |
| 1951. | 423 | 433 | 806 | 508 | 298 |
| 1952. | 586 | 528 | 864 | 565 | 299 |
| 1953. | 728 | 640 | 952 | 634 | 317 |
| 1954. | 734 | 818 | 867 | 612 | 255 |
| 1955. | 1,251 | 702 | 1,417 | 991 | 426 |
| 1956. | , 745 | 934 | 1,228 | 798 | 430 |
| 1957. | 1,116 | 1,079 | 1,265 | 731 | 534 |
| 1957-Sept. | 96 | 49 | 1,119 | 688 | 431 |
| Oct. | 83 | 70 | 1,131 | 686 | 445 |
| Nov. | 74 | 62 | 1,143 | 689 | 454 |
| Dec. | 196 | 74 | 1,265 | 731 | 534 |
| 1958-Jan. | 58 | 417 | 906 | 527 | 379 |
| Feb. | 41 | 158 | 790 | 451 | 339 |
| Mar. | 53 | 146 | 696 | 394 | 302 |
| Apr. | 212 | 93 | 815 | 304 | 511 |
| May. | 56 | 68 | 803 | 288 | 515 |
| June. | 178 | 50 | 929 | 372 | 557 |
| July. | 108 | 137 | 901 | 392 | 509 |
| Aug. | 100 | 62 | 939 | 427 | 512 |
| Sept. | 119 | 48 | 1,010 | 490 | 520 |

[^16]CONSUMER CREDIT, BY MAJOR PARTS
[Estimated amounts of short- and intermediate-term credit outstanding, in millions of dollars]

| End of year or month | Total | Instalment credit |  |  |  |  | Noninstalment credit |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Automobile paper ${ }^{1}$ | Other consumer goods paper ${ }^{1}$ | Repair and modernization loans ${ }^{2}$ loans | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Personal } \\ & \text { loans } \end{aligned}$ | Total | Singlepayment loans | Charge accounts | Service credit |
| 1939 | 7,222 | 4,503 | 1,497 | 1,620 | 298 | 1,088 | 2,719 | 787 | 1,414 | 518 |
| 1941 | 9,172 | 6,085 | 2,458 | 1,929 | 376 | 1,322 | 3,087 | 845 | 1,645 | 597 |
| 1945. | 5,665 | 2,462 | 455 | 816 | 182 | 1,009 | 3,203 | 746 | 1,612 | 845 |
| 1950. | 21,395 | 14,703 | 6,074 | 4,799 | 1,016 | 2,814 | 6,692 | 1,821 | 3,291 | 1,580 |
| 1951 | 22,617 | 15,294 | 5,972 | 4,880 | 1,085 | 3,357 | 7,323 | 1,934 | 3,605 | 1,784 |
| 1955. | 27,401 | 19,403 | 7,733 | 6,174 | 1,385 | 4,111 | 7,998 | 2,120 | 4,011 | 1,867 |
| 1953. | 31,243 | 23,005 | 9,835 | 6,779 | 1,610 | 4,781 | 8,238 8,724 | 2,187 | 4,124 | 1,927 |
| 1954 | 32,292 | 23,568 | 9,809 13,472 | 6,751 | 1,616 | 5,392 | 8,724 | 2,408 | 4,308 | 2,008 |
| 1955 | 38,670 | 28,958 <br> 31,827 | 13,472 14,459 | 7,634 8,510 | 1,689 1,895 | 6,163 | 9,712 $\mathbf{1 0 , 2 7 0}$ | 3,002 | 4,579 | 2,131 |
| 1956 | 42,097 | 31,827 34 | 14,459 | 8,510 | 1,895 | 6,963 | 10,270 | 3,253 | 4,735 | 2,282 |
| 1957 | 44,774 | 34,095 | 15,409 | 8,692 | 2,091 | 7,903 | 10,679 | 3,365 | 4,829 | 2,485 |
| 1957-Sept. ${ }^{\text {r }}$. | 43,159 | 33,393 | 15,488 | 8,220 | 2,049 | 7,636 | 9,766 | 3,400 | 3,966 | 2,400 |
| Oct. ${ }^{\text {r }}$. | 43,162 | 33,484 | 15,505 | 8,229 | 2,078 | 7,672 | 9,678 | 3,275 | 4,044 |  |
| Nov. | 43,438 | 33,566 | 15,459 | 8,289 | 2,095 | 7,723 | -9,872 | 3,325 | 4,147 | 2,400 |
| Dec. | 44,774 | 34,095 | 15,409 | 8,692 | 2,091 | 7,903 | 10,679 | 3,365 | 4,829 | 2,485 |
| 1958-Jan. ${ }^{r}$. | 43,904 | 33,713 | 15,235 | 8,495 | 2,069 | 7,914 | 10,191 | 3,386 | 4,290 | 2,515 |
| Feb. | 43,017 | 33,278 | 15,030 | 8,277 | 2,041 | 7,930 | 9,739 | 3,404 | 3,754 | 2,581 |
| Mar |  |  | 14,793 | 8,179 | 2,019 | 7,949 | 9,560 | 3,397 | 3,579 | 2,584 |
| Apr | 42,617 | 32,888 | 14,691 | 8,124 | 2,017 | 8,056 | -9,729 | 3,352 | 3,772 | 2,605 |
| May ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | 42,985 | 32,910 | 14,613 | 8,158 | 2,038 | 8,101 | 10,075 | 3,476 | 4,010 |  |
| Juner ${ }^{\text {July }}$ | 43,079 42,923 | 33,008 33,074 | 14,590 14,567 | 8,190 8,197 | 2,048 | 8,180 | 10,071 9,849 | 3,482 | 4,012 | 2,577 |
|  | 43,128 | 33,165 | 14,514 | 8,254 | 2,091 | 8,306 | 9,963 | 3,453 | 3,956 | 2,554 |
| Sept. | 43,144 | 33,079 | 14,332 | 8,312 | 2,107 | 8,328 | 10,065 | 3,495 | 4,033 | 2,537 |

${ }^{r}$ Figures beginning with 1957 have been revised. Monthly figures for that year and a note describing the revision are shown on pp. 1344-45 of this Bulletin.
${ }^{1}$ Represents all consumer instalment credit extended for the purpose of purchasing automobiles and other consumer goods, whether held by retail outlets or financial institutions. Includes credit on purchases by individuals of automobiles or other consumer goods that may be used in part for business.
${ }^{2}$ Represents repair and modernization loans held by financial institutions; holdings of retail outlets are included in other consumer goods paper.
Note.-Monthly figures for the period December 1939 through 1947, and a general description of the series are shown on pp. $336-54$ of the Bulletin for April 1953; monthly figures for 1948-56, in the BulLertins for October 1956, pp. 1035-42, and December 1957, pp. 1420-22. A detailed description of the methods used to derive the estimates may be obtained from Division of Research and Statistics.

INSTALMENT CREDIT, BY HOLDER
[Estimated amounts outstanding, in millions of dollars]

| End of year or month | Total instalment credit | Financial institutions |  |  |  |  |  | Retail outlets |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Commercial banks | Sales finance com- panies pani | Credit unions | Consumer finance companies ${ }^{1}$ | Other ${ }^{1}$ | Total | Department stores ${ }^{2}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Furni- } \\ & \text { ture } \\ & \text { stores } \end{aligned}$ | House hold appliance stores | Automobile dealers ${ }^{3}$ | Other |
| 1939 | 4,503 | 3,065 | 1,079 | 1,197 | 132 |  | 657 | 1,438 | 354 | 439 | 183 | 123 | 339 |
| 1941 | 6,085 | 4,480 | 1,726 | 1,797 | 198 |  | 759 | 1,605 | 320 | 496 | 206 | 188 | 395 |
| 1945 | 2,462 | 1,776 | 745 | 300 | 102 |  | 629 | 686 | 131 | 240 | 17 | 28 | 270 |
| 1950. | 14,703 | 11,805 | 5,798 | 3,711 | 590 | 1,286 | 420 | 2,898 | 746 | 827 | 267 | 287 | 771 |
| 1951 | 15,294 | 12,124 | 5,771 | 3,654 | 635 | 1,555 | 509 | 3,170 | 924 | 810 | 243 | 290 | 903 |
| 1952 | 19,403 | 15,581 | 7,524 | 4,711 | 837 | 1,866 | 643 | 3,822 | 1,107 | 943 | 301 | 389 | 1,082 |
| 1953 | 23,005 | 18,963 | 8,998 | 5,927 | 1,124 | 2,137 | 777 | 4,042 | 1,064 | 1,004 | 377 | 527 | 1,070 |
| 1954 | 23,568 | 19,450 | 8,796 | 6,144 | 1,342 | 2,257 | 911 | 4,118 | 1,242 | 984 | 377 | 463 | 1,052 |
| 1955 | 28,958 | 24,450 | 10,601 | 8,443 | 1,678 | 2,656 | 1,072 | 4,508 | 1,511 | 1,044 | 365 | 487 | 1,101 |
| 1956 | 31,827 | 27,084 | 11,707 | 9,100 | 2,014 | 3,056 | 1,207 | 4,743 | 1,408 | 1,187 | 377 | 502 | 1,269 |
| 1957 r | 34,095 | 29,427 | 12,753 | 9,573 | 2,429 | 3,333 | 1,339 | 4,668 | 1,393 | 1,210 | 361 | 478 | 1,226 |
| 1957-Sept. ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | 33,393 | 29,165 | 12,679 | 9,598 | 2,352 | 3,231 | 1,305 | 4,228 | 1,167 | 1,122 | 354 | 494 | 1,091 |
| Oct. ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | 33,484 | 29,282 | 12,773 | 9,585 | 2,387 | 3,229 | 1,308 | 4,202 | 1,134 | 1,131 | 355 | 489 | 1,093 |
|  | 33,566 | 29,281 | 12,749 | 9,564 | 2,402 | 3,246 | 1,320 | 4,285 | 1,199 | 1,148 | 354 | 484 | 1,100 |
| Dec. ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | 34,095 | 29,427 | 12,753 | 9,573 | 2,429 | 3,333 | 1,339 | 4,668 | 1,393 | 1,210 | 361 | 478 | 1,226 |
| 1958-Jan. ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | 33,713 | 29,171 | 12,647 | 9,464 | 2,402 | 3,321 | 1,337 | 4,542 | 1,381 | 1,170 | 354 | 471 | 1,166 |
| Feb. | 33,278 | 28,907 | 12,451 | 9,405 | 2,404 | 3,307 | 1,340 | 4,371 | 1,326 | 1,140 | 351 | 464 | 1,090 |
| Mar. | 32,940 | 28,646 | 12,333 | 9,284 | 2,410 | 3,287 | 1,332 | 4,294 | 1, 343 | 1,103 | 347 | 455 | 1,046 |
|  | 32,888 | 28,724 | 12,444 | 9,200 | 2,452 | 3,292 | 1,336 | 4,164 | 1,241 | 1,091 | 342 | 450 | 1,040 |
| May | 32,910 | 28,703 | 12,467 | 9,129 | 2,478 | 3,277 | 1,352 | 4,207 | 1,278 | 1,092 | 341 | 446 | 1,050 |
| June | 33,008 | 28,774 | 12,520 | 9,105 | 2,510 | 3,283 |  |  |  | 1,093 | 339 338 |  | 1,048 |
| July ${ }^{\text {a }}$. | 33,074 | 28,917 | 12,606 12,655 | 9,121 | 2,545 | 3,292 <br> 3,294 | 1,353 | 4,157 4,182 | 1,241 | 1,093 1,110 | 338 <br> 340 | 443 440 | 1,042 |
| Sept. | 33,079 | 28,758 | 12,607 | 8,891 | 2,591 | 3,280 | 1,389 | 4,321 | 1,393 | 1,110 | 344 | 433 | 1,041 |

[^17] tions until September 1950.

[^18]| INSTALMENT CREDIT HELD BY COMMERCIAL BANKS, BY TYPE OF CREDIT |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| [Estimated amounts outstanding, in millions of dollars] |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| End of year or month | Total ment credit | Automobile paper |  | Other consumer goods paper | Repair and ernization loans | Personal loans |
|  |  | Purchased | Direct |  |  |  |
| 1939 | 1,079 | 237 | 178 | 166 | 135 | 363 |
| 194 | 1,726 | 447 | 338 | 309 | 161 | 471 |
| 194 | 745 | 66 | 143 | 114 | 110 | 312 |
| 1950. | 5,798 | 1,177 | 1,294 | 1,456 | 834 | 1,037 |
| 1951 | 5,771 | 1,135 | 1,311 | 1,315 | 888 | 1,122 |
| 1952 | 7,524 | 1, 633 | 1,629 | 1,751 | 1,137 | 1,374 |
| 1953 | 8,998 | 2,215 | 1,867 | 2,078 | 1,317 | 1,521 |
|  | 8,96 10,601 | 3,243 | 2,062 | 2,042 | 1,338 | 1,916 |
| 1956 | 11,707 | 3,651 | 2,075 | 2,394 | 1,469 | 2,118 |
| 19 | 12,753 | 4,130 | 2,225 | 2,467 | 1,580 | 2,351 |
| 1957-Sept. | 12,679 | 4,102 | 2,253 | 2,460 | 1,554 | 2,310 |
|  | 12,773 | 4,140 | 2,243 | 2,495 | 1,576 | 2,319 |
| No | 12,749 12,753 | 4,132 4,130 | $\xrightarrow{2,233}$ | 2,477 2,467 | 1,586 1,580 | $\frac{2,321}{2,351}$ |
|  | 12,753 | 4,130 | 2,225 | 2,467 | 1,580 | 2,351 |
| 1958-Jan. | 12,647 | 4,089 | 2,220 | 2,410 | 1,561 | 2,367 |
| Feb | 12,451 | 4,038 | 2,202 | 2,304 | 1,537 | 2,370 |
|  | 12,333 | 3,974 | 2,195 | 2,259 | 1,520 |  |
| Apr. | 12,444 | 3,961 | $\xrightarrow{2,210}$ | 2,306 2,289 | 1,518 1,531 | 2,449 2,479 |
| June | 12,520 | 3,957 | 2,223 | 2,281 | 1,540 | 2,519 |
| July | 12,606 | 3,967 | 2,228 | 2, 300 | 1,551 | 2,560 |
| Aug. | 12,655 | 3,977 | 2,221 | 2,304 | 1,570 | 2,583 |
| Sept. | 12,607 | 3,948 | 2,198 | 2,274 | 1,583 | 2,604 |

${ }^{r}$ Revised. See note to table below.

| INSTALMENT CREDIT HELD BY FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS OTHER THAN COMMERCIAL BANKS AND SALES FINANCE COMPANIES, BY TYPE OF CREDIT <br> [Estimated amounts outstanding, in millions of dollars] |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| End of year or month | Total instalcredit | Automobile paper | Other consumer goods paper | Repair and modernization loans | Personal loans |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1939 . \\ & 1941 . \\ & 1945 . \end{aligned}$ | 789 957 731 | 81 122 54 | 24 36 20 | 15 14 14 | 669 785 643 |
| 1950 | 2,296 | 360 373 | 200 233 | 121 134 | 1,615 |
| 1952 | 3,346 | 452 | 310 | 188 | 2,396 |
| 1953 | 4,038 | 538 | 370 | 247 | 2,883 |
| 1954 | 4,510 | 539 | 375 | 282 | 3,314 |
| 1955 | 5,406 | 761 | 537 | 326 | 3,782 |
| 1956 | 6,277 | 948 | 648 | 403 | 4,278 |
| 195 | 7,101 | 1,106 | 622 | 491 | 4,882 |
| 1957-Sept. ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | 6,888 | 1,082 | 637 | 473 | 4,696 |
| Oct. ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | 6,924 | 1,096 | 631 | 479 | 4,718 |
| No | 6,968 | 1,100 | 623 | 488 | 4,757 |
|  | 7,101 | 1,106 | 622 | 491 | 4,882 |
| 1958-Jan.r | 7,060 | 1,092 | 610 | 488 | 4,870 |
| Feb | 7,051 | 1,089 | 602 589 | 484 | 4,876 |
|  | 7,029 | 1,089 1,102 | 589 589 | 480 479 | 4,871 4,910 |
| May | 7,107 | 1,111 | 588 | 487 | 4,921 |
| June | 7,149 | 1,122 | 587 | 488 | 4,952 |
| July | 7,190 | 1,134 | 591 | 489 | 4,976 |
| Aug. | 7,245 | 1,146 1,152 | 596 599 | 498 504 | 5,005 5,005 |
| Sept. | 7,260 | 1,152 | 599 | 504 | 5,005 |

${ }^{r}$ Revised figures for 1957, together with a note describing the revision, are shown on pp. $1344-45$ of this Bulletin.
Note.-Institutions represented are consumer finance companies, credit unions, industrial loan companies, mutual savings banks, savings and loan associations, and other lending institutions holding consumer instalment loans.

INSTALMENT CREDIT HELD BY SALES FINANCE COMPANIES, BY TYPE OF CREDIT

| End of year or month | Total instal- ment credit | Automobile paper | Other consumer goods pape | Repair and modernization loans | Personal loans |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1939. | 1,197 | 878 | 115 | 148 | 56 |
| 1941 | 1,797 | 1,363 | 167 | 201 | 66 |
| 1945 | 300 | 164 | 24 | 58 | 54 |
| 1950. | 3,711 | 2,956 | 532 | 61 | 162 |
| 1951 | 3,654 | 2,863 | 452 | 63 | 276 |
| 1952. | 4,711 | 3,630 | 680 | 60 | 341 |
| 1953. | 5,927 | 4,688 | 816 | 46 | 377 |
| 1954 | 6,144 | 4,870 | 841 | 31 | 402 |
| 1955 | 8,443 | 6,919 | 1,034 | 25 | 465 |
| 1956 | 9,100 | 7,283 | 1,227 | 23 | 567 |
| 1957 | 9,573 | 7,470 | 1,413 | 20 | 670 |
| 1957-Sept. |  | 7,557 | 1,389 | 22 | 630 |
| Oct. | 9,585 | 7,537 | 1,390 | 23 | 635 |
| Nov. | 9,564 | 7,510 | 1,388 | 21 | 645 |
| Dec. | 9,573 | 7,470 | 1,413 | 20 | 670 |
| 1958-Jan.. | 9,464 | 7,363 | 1,404 | 20 | 677 |
| Feb. | 9,405 | 7,237 | 1,464 | 20 | 684 |
| Mar. |  | 7,080 | 1,492 | 19 | 693 |
| Apr. | 9,200 | 6,968 | 1,515 | 20 | 697 |
| Mane. | 9,129 | 6,888 | 1,520 | 20 | 701 |
| June. | 9,121 | 6,844 | 1,532 | 20 21 | 709 |
| Aug. | 9,083 | 6,730 | 1,612 | 23 | 718 |
| Sept. | 8,891 | 6,601 | 1,551 | 20 | 719 |

NONINSTALMENT CREDIT, BY HOLDER
[Estimated amounts outstanding, in millions of dollars]

| End of year or month | Total non-instalment credit | Financial institutions (single-payment loans) |  | Retail outlets (charge accounts) |  | Service credit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Com-mercial banks | Other | De-partment stores 1 | Other |  |
| 1939. | 2,719 | 625 | 162 | 236 | 1,178 | 518 |
| 1941 | 3,087 | 693 | 152 | 275 | 1,370 | 597 |
| 1945 | 3,203 | 674 | 72 | 290 | 1,322 | 845 |
| 1950. | 6,692 | 1,576 | 245 | 650 | 2,641 | 1,580 |
| 1951 | 7,323 | 1,684 | 250 | 698 | 2,907 | 1,784 |
| 1952 | 7,998 | 1,844 | 276 | 728 | 3,283 | 1,867 |
| 1953. | 8,238 | 1,899 | 288 | 772 | 3,352 | 1,927 |
| 1954 | 8,724 | 2,096 | 312 | 793 | 3,515 | 2,008 |
| 1955. | 9,712 | 2,635 | 367 | 862 | 3,717 | 2,131 |
| 1956 | 10,270 | 2,843 | 410 | 893 | 3,842 | 2,282 |
| 1957 | 10,679 | 2,937 | 428 | 876 | 3,953 | 2,485 |
| 1957-Sept. ${ }^{\text {r }}$. | 9,766 | 2,911 | 489 | 588 | 3,378 | 2,400 |
| Oct. ${ }^{\text {r }}$. | 9,678 | 2,881 | 394 | 612 | 3,432 | 2,359 |
| Nov, | 9,872 | 2,877 | 448 | 658 | 3,489 | 2,400 |
| Dec. | 10,679 | 2,937 | 428 | 876 | 3,953 | 2,485 |
| 1958-Jan. ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | 10,191 | 2,902 | 484 | 725 | 3,565 | 2,515 |
| Feb. | 9,739 | 2,893 | 511 | 601 | 3,153 | 2,581 |
| Mar. | 9,560 | 2,881 | 516 | 573 | 3,006 | 2,584 |
| Apr. ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | 9,729 | 2,896 | 456 | 580 | 3,192 | 2,605 |
| May | 10,075 | 2,933 | 543 | 584 | 3,426 | 2,589 |
| Juner | 10,071 | 2,998 | 484 | 575 | 3,437 | 2,577 |
| July ${ }^{\text { }}$ | 9,849 | 2,968 | 405 | 533 | 3,394 | 2,549 |
| Aug. | 9,963 | 2,980 | 473 | 546 | 3,410 | 2,554 |
| Sept. | 10,065 | 2,965 | 530 | 600 | 3,433 | 2,537 |

${ }^{r}$ Revised. See note to opposite table.
1 Includes mail-order houses.

INSTALMENT CREDIT EXTENDED AND REPAID, BY TYPE OF CREDIT
[Estimates of short- and intermediate-term credit, in millions of dollars. The terms "adjusted" and "unadjusted" refer to adjustment of monthly figures for seasonal variation and differences in trading days]

| Year or month | Total |  | Automobile paper |  | Other consumer goods paper |  | Repair and modernization loans |  | Personal loans |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Adjusted | Unadjusted | Adjusted | Unadjusted | Adjusted | Unadjusted | Adjusted | Unadjusted | Adjusted | Unadjusted |
|  | Extensions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1950. | . | 21,558 |  | 8,530 | . . . . . . | 7,150 |  | 835 | . . . . . $\cdot$. | 5,043 |
| 1951. |  | 23,576 |  | 8,956 |  | 7,485 | . . . . . . . . | 841 | ......... | 6,294 |
| 1952. |  | 29,514 |  | 11,764 |  | 9,186 | . . . . . . | 1,217 | . . . . . | 7,347 |
| $1953 .$ |  | 31,558 | . . . . $\cdot$. | 12,981 |  | 9,227 | .. . | 1,344 | . . . . . | 8,006 |
| 1954. |  | 31,051 | . . . . . . | 11,807 |  | 9,117 | . | 1,261 |  | 8,866 |
| 1955. |  | 39,039 | . . . . . . | 16,745 |  | 10,634 |  | 1,388 |  | 10,272 |
| 1956. |  | 40,063 | . . . . | 15,563 |  | 11,590 |  | 1,568 |  | 11,342 |
| $1957{ }^{r}$. |  | 42,426 |  | 16,545 |  | 11,626 |  | 1,662 |  | 12,593 |
| 1957-Sept. ${ }^{\text {r }}$. |  | 3,386 | 1,377 | 1,350 | 974 | 928 | 140 | 152 | 1,051 | 956 |
| Oct. ${ }^{\text {r }}$. | 3,533 | 3,547 | 1,424 | 1,393 | 913 | 978 | 139 | 155 | 1,057 | 1,021 |
| Nov. ${ }^{r}$ | 3,553 | 3,428 | 1,384 | 1,231 | 958 | 1,014 | 134 | 138 | 1,077 | 1,045 |
| Dec. ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | 3,635 | 4,088 | 1,407 | 1,292 | 980 | 1,351 | 134 | 127 | 1,114 | 1,318 |
| 1958-Jan. ${ }^{\text {r }}$. | 3,481 | 3,088 | 1,331 | 1,176 | 933 | 794 | 137 | 107 | 1,080 | 1,011 |
| Feb. ${ }^{r}$ | 3,221 | 2,742 | 1,171 | 1,014 | 896 | 714 | 122 | 95 | 1,032 | . 919 |
| Mar. ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | 3,184 | 3,156 | 1,067 | 1,094 | 978 | 901 | 122 | 111 | 1,017 | 1,050 |
| Apr. ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | 3,262 | 3,335 | 1,151 | 1,211 | 916 | 876 | 132 | 131 | 1,063 | 1,117 |
| May ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | 3,243 | 3,371 | 1,100 | 1,199 | 986 | 1,000 | 134 | 144 | 1,023 | 1,028 |
| June ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | 3,259 | 3,477 | 1,101 | 1,257 | 961 | -973 | 135 | 146 | 1,062 | 1,101 |
| July ${ }^{\text {r }}$. | 3,330 | 3,483 | 1,159 | 1,281 | -961 | 956 | 135 | 146 | 1,075 | 1,100 |
| Aug. ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | 3,415 | 3,385 | 1,148 | 1,193 | 1,013 | 976 | 142 | 151 | 1,112 | 1,065 |
| Sept. ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | 3,324 | 3,297 | 1,088 | 1,105 | 999 | 993 | 142 | 158 | 1,095 | 1,041 |
|  | Repayments |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1950. |  | 18,445 |  | 7,011 | . | 6,057 |  | 717 | . . . | 4,660 |
| 1951. |  | 22,985 | - . . , . $\cdot$. | 9,058 | . . . . . . | 7,404 | . . . . | 772 | . $\cdot$. | 5,751 |
| 1952. |  | 25,405 | . . . . . . . | 10,003 | . . . . . . . | 7,892 | . . . . | 917 | . . . | 6,593 |
| 1953. |  | 27,956 | . . . | 10,879 | . . . . . . | 8,622 |  | 1,119 |  | 7,336 |
| 1954. |  | 30,488 |  | 11,833 | . . . . . . | 9,145 |  | 1,255 |  | 8,255 |
| 1955. |  | 33,649 | . . . . . . . . | 13,082 |  | 9,751 |  | 1,315 |  | 9,501 |
| 1956. |  | 37,194 |  | 14,576 |  | 10,714 |  | 1,362 |  | 10,542 |
| 1957 r. |  | 40,158 |  | 15,595 |  | 11,444 |  | 1,466 |  | 11,653 |
| 1957-Sept. ${ }^{r}$. | 3,398 | 3,276 | 1,303 | 1,293 | 979 | 929 | 128 | 127 | 988 | 927 |
| Oct. ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | 3,369 | 3,456 | 1,312 | 1,376 | 958 | 969 | 122 | 126 | 977 | 985 |
| Nov. ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | 3,393 | 3,346 | 1,281 | 1,277 | 980 | 954 | 118 | 121 | 1,014 | 994 |
| Dec. ${ }^{r}$. | 3,496 | 3,559 | 1,359 | 1,342 | 980 | 948 | 131 | 131 | 1,026 | 1,138 |
| 1958-Jan. ${ }^{+}$ | 3,415 | 3,470 | 1,357 | 1,350 | 929 | 991 | 126 | 129 | 1,003 | 1,000 |
| Feb. ${ }^{r}$ | 3,389 | 3,177 | 1,312 | 1,219 | 960 | 932 | 130 | 123 | 987 | , 903 |
| Mar. ${ }^{r}$ | 3,384 | 3,494 | 1,294 | 1,331 | 964 | 999 | 130 | 133 | 996 | 1,031 |
| Apr. ${ }^{r}$ | 3,393 | 3,387 | 1,328 | 1,313 | 920 | 931 | 135 | 133 | 1,010 | 1,010 |
| May ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | 3,339 | 3,349 | 1,285 | 1,277 | 941 | 966 | 124 | 123 | . 989 | , 983 |
| Juner ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | 3,393 | 3,379 | 1,279 | 1,280 | 962 | 941 | 138 | 136 | 1,014 | 1,022 |
| July ${ }^{\text {r }}$. | 3,367 | 3,417 | 1,278 | 1,304 | 948 | 949 | 132 | 133 | 1,009 | 1,031 |
|  | 3,404 | 3,294 | 1,277 | 1,246 | 948 | 919 | 124 | 121 | 1,055 | 1,008 |
|  | 3,377 | 3,383 | 1,247 | 1,287 | 950 | 935 | 139 | 142 | 1,041 | 1,019 |
|  | Change in outstanding credit ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1950. |  | +3,113 | . . . . . . | +1,519 |  | +1,093 | . | +118 | . . . . | +383 |
| 1951. | . . . . | +591 | . . . . . . | -102 | . . . . . | +81 | . . . . . | +69 | . . . . ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | +543 |
| 1952. | . . . . . | +4,109 | . . . . . . . | +1,761 | . . . . . . . | +1,294 | ...... | $+300$ | . $\cdot$. | +754 |
| 1953. |  | +3,602 | . . . . . . . . . | +2,102 | . . . . . . | +605 | . . . . | $+225$ | . . . . . . . | $+670$ |
| 1954. |  | +563 |  | - -26 | . . . . . . | -28 | . | +6 | . . . . . . | +611 |
| 1955. |  | +5,390 | . . . . . . . | +3,663 |  | +883 |  | +73 | . $\cdot$. | +771 |
| 1956. |  | +2,869 |  | +987 |  | +876 |  | $+206$ |  | $+800$ |
| $1957{ }^{\text {r }}$. . |  | +2,268 |  | +950 |  | $+182$ |  | +196 | ... | +940 |
| 1957-Sept. ${ }^{\text { }}$. | $+144$ | +110 | +74 | $+57$ | -5 | -1 | +12 | $+25$ | $+63$ | +29 |
| Oct. ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | +164 | +91 | +112 | +17 | -45 | $+9$ | +17 | +29 | +80 | +36 |
| Nov. ${ }^{\text {r }}$. | $+160$ | +82 +529 | +103 | -46 | -22 | +60 | +16 | +17 | +63 | +51 |
| Dec. ${ }^{\text {r }}$. | +139 | +529 | $+48$ | -50 | 0 | $+403$ | +3 | -4 | $+88$ | $+180$ |
| 1958-Jan. ${ }^{\text {r }}$. | $+66$ | -382 | -26 | -174 | +4 | -197 | $+11$ | -22 | $+77$ | +11 |
| Feb.r. | $\begin{array}{r} 160 \\ -168 \end{array}$ | -435 | -141 | -205 | -64 | -218 | -8 | -28 | +45 | $+16$ |
| Mar. ${ }^{r}$ | $-200$ | -338 | -227 | -237 | $+14$ | -98 | -8 | -22 | +21 | +19 |
| Apr. ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | -131 | -52 | -177 | -102 | -4 | -55 | -3 | -2 | $+53$ | +107 |
| May ${ }^{\text {r }}$. | --96 | +22 | -185 | -78 | $+45$ | +34 | $+10$ | $+21$ | +34 | $+45$ |
| June ${ }^{\text {r }}$. | -134 | +98 | -178 | -23 | +1 | +32 | -3 | +10 | +48 | +79 +69 |
| July ${ }^{r}$. | -37 +11 | +66 | -119 | -23 | +13 +65 | $+7$ | +3 +18 | +13 +30 | +66 +57 | +69 +57 |
| Aug. ${ }^{r}$. | +11 | +91 +86 | -129 | -53 -182 | +65 | +57 +58 | +18 | +30 +16 | +57 +54 | +57 +57 |
| Sept.r.. | -53 | -86 | -159 | -182 | +49 | +58 | $+3$ | $+16$ | +54 | $+22$ |

$r$ Revised. See note to table at top of p. 1324 credit extended.
Note-Monthly figures for 1940-54 are shown on pp. 1043-54 of the Bulletin for October 1956; for 1955-56, in the BulLetin for December 1957, pp. 1420-22
A discussion of the composition and characteristics of the data and
in the Bulletin for January 1954, pp. 9-17. Estimates of instalment credit extended and repaid are based on information from accounting records of retail outlets and financial institutions and often include charges incurred under the instalment contract. Renewals and refinancing of lransactions may and resales of instament paper, and certain orner repaid without adding to the amount of credit outstanding.

INSTALMENT CREDIT EXTENDED AND REPAID, BY HOLDER
[Estimates of short- and intermediate-term credit, in millions of dollars. The terms "adjusted" and "unadjusted" refer to adjustment of monthly figures for seasonal variation and differences in trading days]

| Year or month | Total |  | Commercial banks |  | Sales finance companies |  | Other financial institutions |  | Retail outlets |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Adjusted | Unadjusted | Adjusted | Unadjusted | Adjusted | Unadjusted | Adjusted | Unadjusted | Adjusted | Unadjusted |
|  | Extensions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1950. |  | 21,558 |  | 8,135 |  | 5,098 |  | 3,826 |  | 4,499 |
| 1951. |  | 23,576 |  | 8,358 |  | 5,467 |  | 4,788 |  | 4,963 |
| 1952. |  | 29,514 31558 |  | 11,123 |  | 6,982 | .... | 5,659 |  | 5,750 |
| 1953. |  | 31,558 31,051 |  | 12,099 11,267 |  | 7,560 |  | 6,375 |  | 5,524 |
| 1955. |  | 31,031 39,039 |  | 14,109 |  | 10,200 |  | 6,983 8,449 |  | 6,581 |
| 1956. |  | 40,063 |  | 14,387 |  | 9,600 |  | 9,474 |  | 6,602 |
| 1957 \% |  | 42,426 |  | 15,234 |  | 10,200 |  | 10,497 |  | 6,495 |
| 1957-Sept. ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | 3,542 | 3,386 | 1,291 | 1,243 | 833 | 829 | 874 | 801 | 544 | 513 |
| Oct. ${ }^{1 r}$ | 3,533 | 3,547 | 1,320 | 1,306 | 856 | 860 | 876 | 855 | 481 | 526 |
| Nov. ${ }^{\boldsymbol{r}}{ }^{\text {Dec }}{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 3,553 | 3,428 | 1,260 | 1,153 | 835 | 779 | 894 | 878 | 564 | 618 |
| Dec. | 3,635 | 4,088 | 1,262 | 1,236 | 872 | 865 | 906 | 1,075 | 595 | 912 |
| 1958-Jan. ${ }^{1 r}$ | 3,481 | 3,088 | 1,244 | 1,171 | 828 | 720 | 868 | 787 | 541 | 410 |
| Feb. ${ }^{1}$ | 3,221 | 2,742 | 1,149 | 1,009 | 769 | 642 | 813 | 725 | 490 | 366 |
| Mar. | 3,184 | 3,156 | 1,110 | 1,133 | 742 | 724 | 802 | 825 | 530 | 474 |
| Apr. ${ }^{\text {M }}$ | 3,262 | 3,335 | 1,204 | 1,285 | 769 | 759 | 836 | 866 | 453 | 425 |
| June ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | 3,243 3,259 | 3,371 | 1,171 | 1,227 | 715 | 743 776 | 8818 | 827 872 | 557 | 574 |
| July ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | 3,330 | 3,483 | 1,260 | 1,320 | 757 | 851 | 853 | 875 | 460 | 437 |
| Aug. | 3,415 | 3,385 | 1,252 | 1,235 | 716 | 756 | 888 | 858 | 559 | 536 |
| Sept. | 3,324 | 3,297 | 1,209 | 1,209 | 636 | 656 | 871 | 831 | 608 | 601 |
|  | Repayments |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1950. |  | 18,445 | ...... | 6,776 | ...... | 4,331 | ........ | 3,404 |  | 3,934 |
| 1951 |  | 22,985 |  | 8,385 |  | 5,524 |  | 4,385 |  | 4,691 |
| 1953. |  | 27,956 |  | 10,625 |  | 6,344 |  | 5,683 |  | 5,304 |
| 1954 |  | 30,488 | ...... | 11,469 | . $\cdot$...... | 7,043 |  | 6,511 |  | 5,465 |
| 1955 |  | 33,649 |  | 12,304 |  | 7,901 |  | 7,553 |  | 5,891 |
| 1956 |  | 37, 194 |  | 13,320 |  | 8,943 |  | 8,603 |  | 6,328 |
| 1957 |  | 40,158 |  | 14,259 |  | 9,727 |  | 9,673 |  | 6,499 |
| 1957-Sept. ${ }^{\text { }}$. | 3,398 | 3,276 | 1,221 | 1,192 | 808 | 796 | 818 | 767 | 551 | 521 |
| Oct. ${ }^{1}$ | 3,369 | 3,456 | 1,203 | 1,229 | 819 | 873 | 812 | 819 | 535 | 535 |
| Nov. | 3,393 | 3,346 | 1,202 | 1,177 | 796 | 800 | 847 | 834 | 548 | 535 |
| Dec. ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | 3,496 | 3,559 | 1,233 | 1,232 | 848 | 856 | 845 | 942 | 570 | 529 |
| 1958-Jan. ${ }^{1 r}$. | 3,415 | 3,470 | 1,215 | 1,237 | 844 | 829 | 835 | 828 | 521 | 576 |
| Feb. ${ }^{1}$ | 3,389 | 3,177 | 1,233 | 1,148 | 820 | 758 | 796 | 734 | 540 | 537 |
| Apr. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 3,393 | 3,387 | 1,203 | 1,214 | 888 | 8843 | 88 | 815 | 512 | 515 |
| May ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | 3,339 | 3,349 | 1,198 | 1,204 | 830 | 814 | 801 | 800 | 510 | 531 |
|  | 3,393 | 3,379 | 1,220 | 1,225 | 802 | 800 | 823 | 830 | 548 | 524 |
| July ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | 3,367 | 3,417 | 1,204 | 1,234 | 828 | 835 | 821 | 834 | 514 | 514 |
| Sept. ${ }^{\text {r }}$.......... |  |  |  | 1,186 | 807 | 794 | 844 | 803 | 533 | 511 |
|  | 3,377 | 3,383 | 1,197 | 1,215 | 806 | 825 | 837 | 816 | 537 | 527 |
|  | Change in outstanding credit ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1950. |  | +3,113 |  | +1,359 |  | +767 |  | +422 |  | +565 |
| 1951. |  | +591 +4.109 |  | - -27 |  | -57 |  | $+403$ |  | +272 |
| 1953. |  | $+4,109$ $+3,602$ |  | $+1,753$ $+1,474$ |  | $+1,057$ $+1,216$ |  | +647 +692 |  | +652 +220 |
| 1954. |  | +563 |  | -202 |  | +217 |  | +472 |  | +76 |
| 1955. |  | +5,390 |  | +1,805 |  | +2,299 |  | $+896$ |  | +390 |
| 1956. |  | +2,869 |  | +1,106 |  | +657 |  | +871 |  | $+235$ |
| 1957 r. |  | +2,268 |  | +1,046 |  | +473 |  | +824 |  | -75 |
| 1957-Sept. ${ }^{r}$. | +144 | +110 | +70 | +51 | +25 | +33 | +56 | +34 | -7 | -8 |
| Oct. ${ }^{1}$ | +164 +160 | +91 | +134 | +94 | +37 | -13 | +64 | +36 | -71 | -26 |
| Nov.r ${ }_{\text {Dec }}{ }^{\text {r }}$ | +160 +139 | +82 +529 | + +58 +29 | +24 +4 |  | +21 +9 | +47 +61 | +44 +133 | +16 | +83 +383 |
| Dec. ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | +139 | +529 | +29 | +4 | +24 | +9 | +61 | +133 | $+25$ | +383 |
| 1958-Jan. ${ }^{1 r}$ | $+66$ | -382 | -11 | -106 | -16 | -109 | +33 | -41 | $+60$ | -126 |
| Feb. ${ }^{1 r}$ | -168 | -435 | -141 | -196 | $+6$ | -59 | +17 | -9 | -50 | -171 |
| Mar. ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | -200 | -338 | -120 | -118 | -71 | -121 |  | -22 | +9 +99 | -77 |
| ${ }_{\text {Apr. }}{ }^{1 r}{ }^{\text {r }}$. |  | -52 +22 | +41 +45 | +111 +23 | -93 -115 | -84 -71 | +20 +17 | +51 +27 | +99 +47 | -130 +43 |
| Mane ${ }^{\text {r }}$. | -96 -134 | +22 +98 | -45 -49 | +23 +53 | -115 -114 | -71 -24 | +17 +16 | +27 +42 | +47 +13 | +43 +27 |
| July ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | -37 | +66 | +56 | +86 | -71 | +16 | +32 | +41 | -54 | $-77$ |
| Aug. | +11 | +91 | +32 | +49 | -91 | -38 | +44 | +55 | +26 | +25 +139 |
| Sept. ${ }^{1 r}$. | -53 | -86 | -30 | -48 | -193 | -192 | +34 | +15 | +136 | +139 |

$r$ Revised. See note to table at top of p. 1324.
1 Data on extensions and repayments have been adjusted to avoid duplications resulting from large transfers of other consumer goods paper. As a result, the differences between extensions and repayments for some types of holders do not equal the changes in outstanding credit.

2 Obtained by subtracting instalment credit repaid from instalment credit extended, except as indicated in note 1.

Note.-Monthly figures for 1940-54 are shown on pp. 1043-54 of the Bulletin for October 1956; for 1955-56, in the Bulletin for December 1957, pp. 1420-22.


## Estimated. $\quad p$ Preliminary.

* Average per working day.

1 Indexes beginning 1956 are based on data for 48 States from F. W. Dodge Corporation, $1956-57=100$. Figures for earlier years are three month moving averages, based on data for 37 States east of the Rozky Mountains, 1947-49=100; the data for 1956 on this basis were: Total, 268; Residential, 271; and all other, 266. A description of the old index,
including seasonal adjustments, may be obtained from the Division of Research and Statistics
2 The indexes of employment and payrolls, wholesale commodity prices, and consumer prices are compiled by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Nonagricultural employment covers employees only and excludes personnonagricultural employment covers employees only and excludes personreflecting, beginning January 1953, the inclusion of some new series and revised weights; prior to January 1953, indexes are based on the "interim adjusted" and "old" indexes converted to the base 1947-49=100.


INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION-Continued
[Federal Reserve indexes, 1947-49 average $=100$ ]

| Industry | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 1947-49 \\ \text { pro- } \\ \text { por- } \\ \text { tion } \end{array}\right\|$ | Annual average |  | 1957 |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1956 | 1957 | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. |
| without seasonal adjustment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION-TOTAL. | 100.00 | 143 | 143 | 146 | 146 | 142 | 134 | 132 | 131 | 129 | 127 | 127 | 132 | 126 | 136 | 139 |
| MANUFACTURES-TOTAL | 90.02 | 144 | 145 | 148 | 148 | 144 | 135 | 134 | 133 | 131 | 129 | 129 | 133 | 127 | ${ }^{138}$ | 141 |
| Durable Manufactures-Total | 45.17 | 159 | 160 | 160 | 159 | 156 | 147 | 143 | 139 | 138 | 133 | 133 | 139 | 132 | 140 | 146 |
| Primary metals. | 6.70 | 138 | 131 | 128 | 129 | 121 | 106 | 102 | 99 | 95 | 89 | 93 | 106 | 90 | ${ }^{1} 102$ | 110 |
| Ferrous metals. | 5.03 | 135 | 130 | 126 | 126 | 118 | 102 | 95 | 91 | 89 | 81 | 87 | 100 | 85 | 98 | 1106 |
| Pig iron and sis | 3.51 | 142 | 140 | 136 | 135 | 126 | 108 | 99 98 | 94 | 92 | 83 | 91 83 | 105 | 82 | 105 | 114 |
| Pig iron. Steel. | .37 3.05 | 143 | 137 | 139 | 132 | 121 | 107 | 989 | 91 93 | 990 | 88 | 83 91 | 93 105 | 87 | 97 | 1106 |
| Carbon ste | 2.62 | 139 | 138 | 134 | 132 | 125 | 107 | 96 | 92 | 90 | 83 | 91 | 108 | 94 | 106 | 113 |
| Alloy steel | . 43 | 167 | 143 | 132 | 143 | 132 | 108 | 111 | 100 | 95 | 77 | 86 | 91 | 81 | 101 | 118 |
| Ferrous castings and forgings. | 1.52 | 119 | 108 | 105 | 106 | 99 | 87 | 85 | 85 | 83 | 78 | 78 | 87 | 70 | 80 | 87 |
| Iron and steel castings | 1.29 | 117 | 107 | 104 | 105 | 99 | 87 | 84 | 83 | 83 | 79 | 79 | 88 | 72 58 | 81 | 88 |
| Steel forgings. | . 23 | 126 | 113 | 110 | 107 | 98 | 88 | 92 | 92 | 86 | 74 | 70 | 81 | 58 | ${ }^{\text {r } 75}$ | 80 |
| Nonferrous metals. | 1.67 | 144 | 136 | 134 | 138 | 129 | 117 | 121 | 122 | 114 | 112 | 112 | 124 | 102 | ${ }^{r} 115$ | 124 |
| Primary nonferrous | . 38 | 164 | 164 | 153 | 156 | 159 | 161 | 160 | 157 | 149 | 146 | 141 | 133 | 126 | ${ }^{1} 128$ | 138 |
| Copper smelting | . 09 | 133 | 129 | 120 | 126 | 125 | 128 | 134 | 128 | 122 | 124 | 112 | 105 | 90 | r95 | 110 |
| Copper refining | . 06 | 132 | 135 | 120 | 128 | 131 | 134 | 134 | 140 | 128 | 122 | 114 | 110 | 108 | 99 | 109 |
| Lead | . 04 | 115 | 114 | 116 | 115 | 112 | 112 | 106 | 116 | 96 | 94 | 105 | 102 | 86 | 88 | 99 |
| Zinc. | . 10 | 123 | 123 | 110 | 113 | 114 | 120 | 114 | 106 | 101 | 101 | 99 | 95 | 90 | ${ }^{86}$ | ${ }^{p 91}$ |
| Alumi | . 09 | 280 | 275 | 263 | 263 | 274 | 275 | 275 | 273 | 271 | 261 | 256 | 241 | 240 | 254 | 261 |
| Secondary nonferrous metals | . 13 | 118 | 111 | 114 | 117 | 112 | 99 | 98 | 93 | 88 | 94 | 83 | 88 | 74 | $p 93$ |  |
| Nonferrous shapes and casting | 1.16 | 140 | 129 | 130 | 134 | 121 | 104 | 110 | 113 | 106 | 102 | 105 | 125 | 97 | '114 | 122 |
| Copper mill shapes. | . 63 | 115 | 104 | 109 | 110 | 98 | 80 | 88 | 92 | 83 | 77 | 84 | 110 | 74 | 96 | 102 |
| Aluminum mill shapes | . 20 | 215 | 198 | 200 | 199 | 167 | 159 | 167 | 174 | 170 | 189 | 187 | 212 | 198 | 190 | 207 |
| Nonferrous castings | . 33 | 146 | 136 | 131 | 140 | 138 | 118 | 120 | 117 | 111 | 99 | 98 | 101 | 83 | 103 |  |
| Metal Fabricat | 28.52 | 172 | 176 | 174 | 173 | 174 | 166 | 161 | 156 | 154 | 148 | 146 | 149 | 144 | '150 | 156 |
| Fabricated metal product | 5.73 | 135 | 139 | 145 | 142 | 139 | 133 | 127 | 124 | 122 | 118 | 119 | 125 | 123 | 133 | 141 |
| Structural metal parts. | 2.68 | 141 | 152 | 156 | 156 | 156 | 154 | 146 | 138 | 135 | 131 | 132 | 138 | 137 | 143 | 148 |
| Stampings and misc. met | 2.12 | 125 | 124 | 122 | 124 | 125 | 120 | 111 | 105 | 103 | 99 | 98 | 101 | 100 | ${ }^{\text {r } 104}$ | 115 |
| Tin cans. . . . . . . | . 30 | 151 | 146 | 195 | 146 | 112 | 110 | 116 | 126 | 139 | 120 | 137 | 160 | 171 | 232 | 208 |
| Furnaces, gas ranges, and heat | . 63 | 110 | 99 | 122 | 115 | 99 | 76 | 80 | 94 | 97 | 97 | 96 | 110 | 87 | 115 | 132 |
| Machinery. | 13.68 | 171 | 168 | 173 | 170 | 165 | 157 | 153 | 148 | 146 | 139 | 135 | 138 | 133 | 142 | 151 |
| Nonelectrical machinery | 9.04 | 153 | 150 | 149 | 145 | 140 | 138 | 133 | 131 | 132 | 126 | 124 | 125 | 120 | $\stackrel{r}{1} 119$ | 128 |
| Farm and industrial mach | 8.13 | 147 | 146 | 143 | 140 | 136 | 135 | 130 | 126 | 124 | 121 | 118 | 117 | 114 | ${ }^{1} 114$ | 119 |
| Farm machinery. | 1.02 | 86 | 84 | 82 | 82 | 78 | 80 | 80 | 81 | 83 | 84 | 81 | 80 | 80 | 77 | 81 |
| Industrial and commercial machinery | 7.11 | 156 | 155 | 152 | 148 | 144 | 143 | 137 | 132 | 130 | 126 | 123 | 123 | 119 | r119 | 125 |
| Machine tools and presses. | . 68 | 197 | 182 | 175 | 164 | 154 | 153 | 144 | 133 | 1188 | 119 | 115 | 114 | 112 | 109 | 114 |
| Laundry and refrigeration appliances | . 69 | 168 | 151 | 159 | 149 | 138 | 120 | 120 | 144 | 158 | 131 | 137 | 159 | 131 | 123 | 170 |
| Electrical machinery. | 4.64 | 207 | 204 | 220 | 220 | 215 | 194 | 192 | 181 | 174 | 165 | 159 | 162 | 158 | 186 | 194 |
| Electrical apparatus and part | 3.23 | 198 | 201 | 201 | 196 | 198 | 197 | 190 | 183 | 179 | 172 | 168 | 168 | 166 | 170 | 176 |
| Radio and television sets | . 74 | 224 | 205 | 269 | 282 | 260 | 176 | 187 | 159 | 139 | 125 | 112 | 123 | 115 | 214 | 222 |
| Transportation equipment. | 7.54 | 199 | 213 | 194 | 198 | 213 | 203 | 196 | 191 | 189 | 182 | 181 | 183 | 175 | r173 | 170 |
| Autos, trucks, and part | 4.80 | 125 | 128 | 100 | 110 | 139 | 124 | 113 | 108 | 101 | 92 | 94 | 94 | 84 | 77 | 69 |
| Autos. | 1.50 | 138 | 146 | 84 | 88 | 171 | 151 | 132 | 122 | 106 | 89 | 99 | 100 | 87 | 53 | 37 |
| Trucks. | . 66 | 112 | 104 | 85 | 93 | 99 | 95 | 91 | 92 | 95 | 90 | 96 | 91 | 76 | 78 | 67 |
| Light trucks. | . 22 | 92 | 100 | 69 | 95 | 118 | 99 | 83 | 85 | 83 | 79 | 78 | 79 | 68 | 61 | 49 |
| Medium truck | . 19 | 58 | 50 | 29 | 46 | 47 | 40 | 26 | 29 | 26 | 26 | 26 | 29 | 23 | 16 | 12 |
| Heavy trucks. | . 14 | 218 | 194 | 184 | 161 | 157 | 183 | 216 | 210 | 226 | 213 | 239 | 210 | 164 | 189 | 155 |
| Truck trailers | . 07 | 167 | 137 | 136 | 122 | 116 | 101 | 95 | 102 | 104 | 103 | 111 | 113 | 106 | 120 | 131 |
| Auto and truck parts | 2.58 | 121 | 123 | 114 | 127 | 131 | 116 | 108 | 104 | 100 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other transportation equipmen | 2.74 | 310 | 344 | 340 | 334 | 322 | 322 | 322 | 316 | 320 | 316 | 311 | 317 | 312 | r318 | 323 |
| Aircraft and parts. | 1.30 | 548 | 608 | 597 | 592 | 569 | 571 | 570 | 562 | 566 | 561 | 553 | 568 | 561 | '573 | 583 |
| Shipbuilding and rep | . 81 | 118 | 129 | 126 | 124 | 121 | 125 | 125 | 124 | 128 | 127 | 131 | 131 | 129 | 128 | 127 |
| Railroad equipme | . 53 | 63 54 | 77 | 83 | 74 | 71 | 61 | 64 | 56 | 58 | 51 | 39 | 32 | 28 | 30 | 29 |
| Railroad cars | . 35 | 54 | 80 | 85 | 76 | 72 | 59 | 66 | 56 | 59 | 49 | 34 | 24 | 19 | 22 | 20 |
| Instruments and related products | 1.29 | 166 | 172 | 174 | 172 | 172 | 170 | 166 | 163 | 161 | 160 | 157 | 159 | 157 | 160 | 169 |
| Clay, Glass and Lumber Produ | 5.91 | 140 | 133 | 141 | 139 | 128 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 118 | 120 | 125 | 134 | 128 | 141 | 143 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products. | 2.82 | 158 | 155 | 162 | 161 | 152 | 145 | 136 | 130 | 131 | 135 | 141 | 148 | 148 | r155 | 160 |
| Glass and pottery products. | 1.09 | 140 | 141 | 141 | 144 | 140 | 135 | 130 | 128 | 124 | 118 | 118 | 123 | 123 | ${ }^{\prime} 131$ | 136 |
| Flat glass and vitreous product | . 60 | 164 | 161 | 163 | 165 | 165 | 161 | 150 | 143 | 137 | 130 | 126 | 130 | 133 | ${ }^{1} 141$ | 154 |
| Flat and other glass | . 47 | 165 | 164 | 167 | 170 | 170 | 166 | 153 | 144 | 137 | 129 | 127 | 132 | 135 | 146 | 160 |
| Glass containers. | . 26 | 132 | 136 | 138 | 143 | 128 | 117 | 128 | 132 | 134 | 126 | 133 | 144 | 139 | 147 | 142 |
| Home glassware and pottery | .23 | 87 | 92 | 90 | 92 | 90 | 86 | 79 | 85 | 82 | 77 | 78 | 81 | 82 | 84 | 84 |
| Cement. | . 32 | 157 | 148 | 187 | 177 | 152 | 132 | 109 | 92 | 105 | 146 | 172 | 183 | 175 | 186 | 192 |
| Structural clay products | . 35 | 137 | 128 | 135 | 134 | 126 | 117 | 105 | 99 | 102 | 112 | 116 | 121 | 123 | 126 |  |
| Brick | . 12 | 134 | 114 | 124 | 126 | 113 | 95 | 84 | 77 | 87 | 115 | 121 | 123 | 124 | 126 |  |
| Clay firebrick, pipe, and tile. | . 20 | 142 | 140 | 144 | 143 | 138 | 133 | 121 | 115 | 114 | 111 | 114 | 121 | 125 | 129 | 133 |
| Concrete and plaster products. | . 48 | 194 | 188 | 198 | 193 | 182 | 172 | 165 | 155 | 163 | 170 | 183 | 195 | 200 | 209 | 210 |
| Misc. stone and earth manufactures | . 58 | 173 | 174 | 175 | 173 | 166 | 165 | 157 | 151 | 151 | 147 | 147 | 153 | 150 | r157 | 163 |

[^19]For other notes see end of table.

INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION-Continued
[Federal Reserve indexes, 1947-49 average $=100$ ]

| Industry | 1947-49 protion | Annual average |  | 1957 |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1956 | 1957 | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. |
| withour seasonal adjustment -Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lumber and products | 3.09 | 123 | 114 | 121 | 119 | 106 | 92 | 100 | 105 | 106 | 105 | 111 | 121 | 109 | 129 | 127 |
| Lumber. | 2.05 | 107 | 96 | 103 | 98 | 89 | 75 | 81 | 87 | 89 | 88 | 93 | 100 | 88 | 107 | 105 |
| Millwork and plywo | . 60 | 189 | 187 | 205 | 207 | 178 | 155 | 181 | 189 | 182 | 183 | 190 | 209 | 195 | 229 | 225 |
| Millwork. | . 39 | 121 | 112 | 132 | 124 | 100 | 80 | 76 | 95 | 95 | 91 | 99 | 120 | 101 | 141 | 133 |
| Softwood plywood | . 12 | 301 | 312 | 327 | 344 | 307 | 280 | 358 | 346 | 328 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wood containers | . 29 | 91 | 84 | 83 | 82 | 78 | 77 | 74 | 69 | 73 | 73 | 77 | 79 | 77 | 77 | 81 |
| Furniture and Misc. Manufacturi | 4.04 | 135 | 132 | 141 | 139 | 134 | 128 | 120 | 121 | 121 | 118 | 118 | 123 | 121 | 131 | 138 |
| Furniture and fixtures. | 1.64 | 122 | 120 | 126 | 125 | 121 | 120 | 113 | 112 | 111 | 108 | 108 | 113 | 113 | 124 | 130 |
| Household furniture | 1.10 | 121 | 120 | 126 | 127 | 123 | 122 | 114 | 113 | 113 | 108 | 108 | 113 | 115 | 127 | 134 |
| Fixtures and office fur | . 54 | 122 | 120 | 125 | 122 | 116 | 116 | 111 | 109 | 109 | 106 | 108 | 112 | 108 | $r_{119}$ | 122 |
| Miscellaneous manufactures. | 2.40 | 144 | 140 | 150 | 148 | 143 | 134 | 125 | 127 | 127 | 125 | 125 | 130 | 126 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 35$ | 144 |
| Nondurable Manufactures-Total. | 44.85 | 129 | 130 | 135 | 137 | 131 | 123 | 125 | 126 | 125 | 125 | 124 | 128 | 123 | r135 | 137 |
| Textiles and Apparel | 71.87 | 108 | 105 | 104 | 108 | 102 | 92 | 99 | 103 | 101 | 100 | 99 | 100 | 92 | 110 | 108 |
| Textile mill products. | 6.32 | 104 | 99 | 101 | 103 | 98 | 89 | 93 | 95 | 94 | 94 | 93 | 94 | 86 | 103 | 103 |
| Cotton and synthetic fabrics | 3.72 | 108 | 105 | 107 | 106 | 107 | 97 | 102 | 103 | 103 | 96 | 98 | 99 | 886 | ${ }^{\text {r } 107}$ | 111 |
| Cotton consumption | 2.30 | 102 | 95 | 97 | 97 | 97 | 84 | 94 | 94 | 93 | 86 | 89 | 88 | 72 | 94 | 96 |
| Synthetic fabrics. | . 97 | 118 | 119 | 121 | 122 | 121 | 116 | 110 | 107 | 109 | 104 | 99 | 105 | 107 | 117 | 125 |
| Fabric finishing. | . 45 | 98 | 94 | 94 | 86 | 97 | 90 | 82 | 102 | 102 | 89 | 104 | 104 | '75 | 104 | 109 |
| Wool textiles. | . 97 | 86 | 75 | 79 | 71 | 65 | 55 | 55 | 61 | 64 | 67 | 71 | 82 | 67 | 76 | 75 |
| Wool apparel y | .16 | 88 | 78 | 79 | 66 | 66 | 61 54 |  | 69 | 71 | 68 | 77 | 81 | 71 | 81 | 78 |
| Wool fabrics. | . 75 | 86 | 75 | 80 | 74 | 65 | 54 | 55 | 60 | 63 | 67 | 70 | 83 | 67 | 76 | 75 |
| Knit goods. | 1.15 | 108 | 104 | 110 | 109 | 104 | 92 | 94 | 98 | 98 | 98 | 101 | 103 | 98 | 114 | 113 |
| Hosiery. | . 65 | 100 | 93 | 95 | 98 | 93 | 78 | 90 | 94 | 91 | 90 | 91 | 86 | 80 | 89 | 87 |
| Full-fashioned hosiery | . 45 | 102 | 89 | 87 | 88 | 88 | 74 | 87 | 91 | 88 | 87 | 87 | 79 | 72 | 89 | 86 |
| Seamless hosiery | . 20 | 96 | 102 | 116 | 121 | 107 | 86 | 99 | 103 | 99 | 98 | 100 | 103 | 97 | 123 | 123 |
| Knit garments. | . 50 | 119 | 118 | 129 | 125 | 118 | 111 | 99 | 104 | 107 | 107 | 115 | 125 | 122 | ${ }^{1} 134$ | 134 |
| Floor coverings ${ }^{1}$. Woven carpets. | . 48 | 83 | 71 | 75 | 59 | 59 | 61 | 62 | 70 | 69 | 62 | 48 | 50 | 36 | 61 | p70 |
| Apparel and allied products | 5.55 | 112 | 111 | 109 | 112 | 107 | 96 | 106 | 113 | 109 | 108 | 105 | 106 | 99 | 117 | 113 |
| Men's outerwear. | 1.78 | 110 | 102 | 100 | 99 | 98 | 90 | 94 | 100 | 104 | 95 | 104 | 101 | 77 | 110 | 106 |
| Men's suits and coat | . 73 | 95 | 86 | 78 | 72 | 73 | 72 | 69 | 74 | 71 | 74 | 83 | 81 | 52 | 91 | 78 |
| Men's suits. | . 50 | 93 | 87 | 76 | 73 | 77 | 76 | 73 | 78 | 73 | 72 | 77 | 73 | 47 | 82 | 72 |
| Men's outercoats. | . 13 | 78 118 | 61 | ${ }_{1} 68$ | 53 | 41 | 40 | 35 | 41 | 45 | 64 | 89 | 91 | 59 | 104 | 86 |
| Shirts and work clothing | . 99 | 118 | 112 | 113 | 116 | 113 | 100 | 110 | 116 | 125 | 107 | 117 | 113 | 91 | 122 | 123 |
| Women's outerwea | 1.85 | 112 | 112 | 109 | 108 | 102 | 80 | 105 | 129 | 114 | 117 | 106 | 109 | 107 | 120 | 112 |
| Women's suits and co | . 76 | 128 | 128 | 133 | 134 | 123 | 85 | 122 | 156 | 137 | 96 | 94 | 123 | 138 | 153 | 139 |
| Misc. apparel and allied mfr | 1.92 | 113 | 117 | 122 | 123 | 121 | 117 | 112 | 114 | 113 | 106 | 106 | 112 | 112 | ${ }^{1} 121$ | 127 |
| Rubber and Leather Product | 3.20 | 117 | 118 | 121 | 123 | 116 | 104 | 112 | 113 | 112 | 104 | 101 | 110 | 97 | 117 | p120 |
| Rubber products. | 1.47 | 133 | 135 | 139 | 145 | 135 | 114 | 123 | 120 | 118 | 115 | 112 | 122 | 103 | 127 | ${ }^{\text {p137 }}$ |
| Tires and tub | . 70 | 121 | 123 | 124 | 129 | 119 | 106 | 106 | 112 | 108 | 103 | 102 | 117 | 96 | 110 |  |
| Auto tires. | . 40 | 123 | 134 | 135 | 139 | 124 | 113 | 111 | 118 | 115 | 112 | 113 | 131 | 105 | 118 |  |
| Truck and bus tires. | . 37 | 119 | 107 | 110 | 117 | 112 | 97 | 99 | 104 | 988 | ${ }^{1} 91$ | 88 | . 99 | 85 | 99 |  |
| Miscellaneous rubber products. | . 77 | 144 | 147 | 153 | 160 | 150 | 122 | 140 | 127 | 128 | 125 | 121 | 127 | 108 | 142 |  |
| Leather and products | 1.73 | 104 | 104 | 105 | 104 | 99 | 94 | 101 | 108 | 107 |  | 92 |  |  | 108 |  |
| Leather. | . 44 | 91 | 89 | 87 | 90 | 88 | 80 | 83 | 88 | 82 | 79 | 81 | 84 | 68 | 84 |  |
| Cattlehide leath | . 29 | 99 | 98 | 97 | 101 | 98 | 89 | 92 | 97 | 89 | 85 | 88 | 90 | 72 | 94 |  |
| Skin leathers. | . 15 | 76 | 72 | 69 | 71 | 68 | 63 | 67 | 72 | 69 | 65 | 68 | 70 | 61 | 65 |  |
| Shoes and slippers 1 . | . 90 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Miscellaneous leather products. | . 39 | 97 | 94 | 98 | 98 | 98 | 95 | 87 | 92 | 90 | 82 | 82 | 90 | 92 | 100 | ..... |
| Paper and Printing | 8.93 | 145 | 148 | 151 | 156 | 152 | 141 | 143 | 145 | 146 | 146 | 144 | 146 | 137 | 148 | 152 |
| Paper and allied products. | 3.46 | 159 | 158 | 163 | 170 | 163 | 140 | 153 | 158 | 155 | 156 | 153 | 159 | 145 | ${ }^{1} 168$ | 169 |
| Pulp and paper. | 1.76 | 157 | 154 | 153 | 163 | 156 | 137 | 151 | 156 | 152 | 152 | 147 | 153 | 137 | ${ }_{r} 159$ | 159 |
| Wood pulp. | . 51 | 179 | 176 | 172 | 187 | 183 | 153 | 177 | 177 | 173 | 171 | 166 | 171 | 156 | ${ }^{+} 179$ | 179 |
| Paper and board | 1.25 | 148 | 145 | 146 | 154 | 145 | 131 | 141 | 147 | 144 | 145 | 139 | 146 | 129 | ${ }^{1} 151$ | 151 |
| Printing paper | . 22 | 140 | 133 | 125 | 135 | 132 | 123 | 132 | 135 | 131 | 137 | 134 | 138 | 121 | 136 | 132 |
| Fine paper. | . 14 | 145 | 139 | 145 | 143 | 138 | 131 | 135 | 145 | 148 | 145 | 138 | 146 | 116 | 143 | 148 |
| Coarse paper ..... | . 18 | 136 170 | 179 | 171 | 185 | 172 | 1167 | 181 | 183 | 176 | 184 | 113 170 | 175 | 158 | r $r$ 1729 | 1730 |
| Paperboard.... | . 41 | 155 | 153 | 160 | 166 | 157 | 134 | 145 | 155 | 151 | 146 | 145 | 154 | 136 | ${ }_{r} 163$ | 163 |
| Building paper and board. | .10 | 131 | 124 | 134 | 141 | 120 | 101 | 114 | 120 | 115 | 126 | 131 | 133 | 130 | ${ }^{5} 141$ | 145 |
| Converted paper products. | 1.70 | 162 | 163 | 173 | 177 | 171 | 142 | 155 | 160 | 158 | 160 | 159 | 165 | 154 | ${ }^{+177}$ | 179 |
| Shipping containers. | . 51 | 159 | 157 | 170 | 168 | 167 | 132 | 143 | 149 | 148 | 146 | 151 | 156 | 146 | +173 | 175 |
| Sanitary paper products. | .11 | 170 | 179 | 178 | 204 | 182 | 171 | 190 | 192 | 185 | 201 | 183 | 191 | 176 | ${ }^{+185}$ | 188 |

$r$ Revised. $p$ Preliminary.
For other notes see end of table.

| INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION-Continued <br> [Federal Reserve indexes, 1947-49 average $=100$ ] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Industry | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { 1947-49 } \\ \text { pro- } \\ \text { por- } \\ \text { tion } \end{gathered}\right.$ | Annual average |  | 1957 |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 1956 | 1957 | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. |
| wTtHout seasonal adjustment -Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Printing and publishing.... Newsprint | 5.47 1.85 | 136 132 | 141 | 144 | 146 | 145 | 142 | 136 | 137 | 140 | 140 | 139 | 137 | 132 | 136 | 142 |
| Job printing and periodicals | 3.62 | 138 | 146 | 150 | 150 | 148 | 149 | 146 | 145 | 147 | 145 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 147 | 149 |
| Chemical and Petroleum Produc | 9.34 | 167 | 172 | 174 | 176 | 173 | 171 | 170 | 167 | 165 | 165 | 164 | 165 | 163 | 170 | 174 |
| Chemicals and allied products. | 6.84 | 177 | 184 | 185 | 190 | 187 | 183 | 183 | 180 | 179 | 180 | 177 | 177 | 174 | r181 | 186 |
| Industrial chemicals....... | 2.54 | 196 | 203 | 205 | 208 | 203 | 198 | 197 | 190 | 188 | 186 | 184 | 184 | 183 | 190 | 199 |
| Basic inorganic chemicals Industrial organic chemic | .57 1.97 | 189 | 202 | 203 | 209 | 205 | 198 198 | 195 | 199 | 183 | 202 181 | 193 | 185 | 179 184 | $\xrightarrow{181}$ | 196 |
| Plastics materials. | . 24 | 256 | 272 | 283 | 299 | 276 | 259 | 270 | 269 | 263 | 262 | 261 | 266 | 244 | 275 |  |
| Synthetic rubber. | . 11 | 236 | 245 | 252 | 274 | 282 | 268 | 265 | 233 | 216 | 196 | 197 | 197 | 199 | 225 | $242^{\circ}$ |
| Synthetic fibers.............. | . 59 | 181 | 1199 | 202 | 206 | 201 | 194 | 184 | 172 | 164 | 159 | 160 | 164 | 173 | 176 | 186 |
| Miscellaneous organic chemical | 1.03 | 189 | 186 | 184 | 179 | 178 | 179 | 176 | 174 | 173 | 174 | 172 | 174 | 175 | ${ }^{178}$ | 183 |
| Vegetable and animal oils | . 64 | 132 | 130 | 120 | 150 | 149 | 136 | 141 | 136 | 126 | 124 | 117 | 110 | 108 | 117 | 117 |
| Vegetable oils. | . 48 | 124 | 121 | 110 | 148 | 147 | 132 | 136 | 130 | 122 | 118 | 110 | 99 | 98 | 107 | 108 |
| Grease and tallow | . 16 | 158 | 154 | 151 | 159 | 156 | 147 | 156 | 154 | 135 | 139 | 138 | 145 | 138 | 148 | 146 |
| Soap and allied produc | . 71 | 111 | 112 | 115 | 126 | 110 | 105 | 111 | 107 | 108 | 101 | 97 | 106 | 88 | 122 | 126 |
| Paints. | . 66 | 124 | 121 | 122 | 119 | 115 | 114 | 113 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 112 | 118 | 119 | 120 | 119 |
| Fertilizers. | . 23 | 129 | 132 | 119 | 122 | 115 | 115 | 124 | 126 | 161 | 189 | 174 | 118 | 102 | '106 | 121 |
| Petroleum and coal products. | 2.50 | 141 | 141 | 144 | 139 | 136 | 138 | 134 | 130 | 125 | 124 | 127 | 131 | 133 | 140 | ${ }^{p} 141$ |
| Petroleum refining. . | 1.97 | 150 | 150 | 152 | 145 | 147 | 153 | 148 | 144 | 137 | 134 | 136 | 141 | 146 | 149 | ${ }^{p} 150$ |
| Gasoline. ....... | 1.04 | 159 | 152 | 170 | 162 | 160 | 165 | 159 | 155 | 149 | 148 | 152 | 162 | 167 | 170 | ${ }^{p} 170$ |
| Automotive gasoli Aviation gasoline. | . 98 | 153 | 157 | 166 | 157 | 156 | ${ }_{236}^{161}$ | 156 212 | 151 | 145 | 144 | 149 | 157 | 162 | ${ }_{2}^{163}$ |  |
| Fuel oil. | . 56 | 147 | 147 | 142 | 137 | 139 | 150 | 146 | 140 | 132 | 125 | 128 | 126 | 131 | 133 | ${ }^{1} 138$ |
| Distiliate fuel oil | .30 | 193 | 194 | 188 | 181 | 184 | 200 | 195 | 182 | 175 | 166 | 173 | 171 | 175 | 181 |  |
| Residual fuel oil | .26 | 95 | 93 | 90 | 86 | 87 | 93 | 89 | 91 | 83 | 78 | 75 | 75 | 80 | 79 |  |
| Kerosene. | . 10 | 111 | 98 | 90 | 87 | 106 | 117 | 118 | 125 | 110 | 89 | 74 | 76 | 74 | 87 |  |
| Lubricating oil | .17 | 119 | 113 | 108 | 107 | 109 | 105 | 100 | 101 | 95 | 100 | 103 | 104 | 105 | 109 |  |
| Coke. . ............ | . 26 | 102 | 105 | 106 | 103 | 95 | 85 | 79 | 75 | 72 | 66 | 65 | 68 | 66 | 72 | 78 |
| Asphalt roofing and siding | . 15 | 104 | 94 | 119 | 121 | 81 | 54 | 59 | 57 | 77 | 107 | 132 | 137 | 115 | 165 |  |
| Foods, Beverages, and Tobacc | 11.51 | 112 | 112 | 128 | 124 | 113 | 106 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 106 | 110 | 119 | 118 | ${ }^{+127}$ | 129 |
| Food and beverage man | 10.73 | 113 | 112 | 128 | 125 | 113 | 107 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 106 | 110 | 119 | 119 | 126 | 130 |
| Food manufactures. | 8.49 | 113 | 112 | 131 | 126 | 116 | 109 | 106 | 103 | 102 | 104 | 1106 | 114 | 116 | 127 | 133 |
| Meat pr | 1.48 | 133 | 128 | 130 | 140 | 133 | 131 | 134 | 121 | 120 | 123 | 115 | 121 | 115 | 120 | 130 |
|  | . 46 | 151 | 148 | 154 | 156 | 140 | 136 | 149 | 134 | 129 | 131 | 133 | 144 | 141 | 141 | 147 |
| Po | . 83 | 119 | 110 | 109 | 124 | 122 | 122 | 118 | 107 | 109 | 111 | 99 | 102 | 94 | 101 | 113 |
| Dairy products | . 69 | 110 | 111 | 101 | 91 | 85 | 88 | 92 | 97 | 106 | 119 | 137 | 146 | 133 | 121 | 103 |
| Butter. | .14 | 107 | 109 | 87 | 88 | 87 | 97 | 104 | 112 | 121 | 120 | 135 | 138 | 111 | 91 | 79 |
| Natural cheese | .07 | 117 | 119 | 105 | 100 |  |  | 101 | 105 | 117 | 133 | 157 | 162 | ${ }_{r} 138$ | 119 | 109 |
| Concentrated | .19 | 101 | 102 | 78 | 77 | 73 | 80 | 84 | 87 | 99 | 116 | 143 | 142 | 117 | ${ }^{195}$ | 84 |
| Ice cream. | .28 | 112 | 111 | 117 | 96 | 84 | 82 | 84 | 89 | 96 | 111 | 122 | 142 | 149 | 149 | 122 |
| Canned and frozen foods. | 1.13 | 133 | 126 | 230 | 158 | 109 | 99 | 87 | 85 | 82 | 91 | 98 | 122 | 163 | r236 | 236 |
| Grain-mill products | 1.16 | 101 | 100 | 108 | 105 | 98 | 97 | 100 | 101 | 101 | 98 | 99 | 106 | 105 | 109 | 109 |
| Wheat flour ${ }^{\text {Creals }}$ and feeds | .46 | ${ }^{84}$ | 87 108 | 117 | 114 | 89 104 | 86 | 190 | 92 | 93 | 84 | 84 | 87 | 85 | 92 | 93 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 120 | 120 |
| Bakery products | 1.64 | 98 | 100 | 102 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 98 | 98 | 98 | 98 | 100 | 103 | 104 | 102 | 102 |
| Sugar..... | . 27 | 122 | 122 | 117 | 262 | 279 | 233 | 129 | 65 | 54 | 68 | 83 | 82 | 74 | 72 |  |
| Cane sugar. | . 11 | 116 | 112 | 125 | 108 | 97 | 93 | 100 | 104 | 106 | 114 | 112 | 125 | 126 | 136 |  |
| Beet sugar. | . 13 | 121 | 125 | 105 | 390 | 431 | 350 | 149 | 26 | 3 | 23 | 53 | 41 | 23 | 11 |  |
| Confectionery | . 71 | 107 | 112 | 155 | 147 | 132 | 99 | 113 | 124 | 109 | 104 | 92 | 95 | 86 | 103 | 154 |
| Miscellaneous food preparations. | 1.41 | 105 | 108 | 113 | 112 | 110 | 108 | 107 | 109 | 108 | 108 | 114 | 119 | 119 | 120 | 119 |
| Beverages. | 2.24 | 112 | 113 | 118 | 121 | 105 | 99 | 93 | 104 | 110 | 110 | 122 | 138 | 128 | 122 |  |
| Bottled soft drinks. | 1.70 | 105 | 103 | 108 | 117 | 100 | 89 | 88 | 99 | 106 | 101 | 112 | 125 | 107 | 104 |  |
| Beer and ale. | 1.02 | 101 | 101 | 97 | 88 | 73 | 81 | 89 | 94 | 102 | 102 | 116 | 136 | 127 | 107 |  |
| Liquor distilling | . 17 | 78 | 83 | 109 | 140 | 99 | 88 | 85 | 95 | 94 | 85 | 74 | + 58 | 33 | 47 |  |
| Liquor bottling. | .37 | 119 | 111 | 125 | 158 | 151 | 101 | 83 | 105 | 113 | 99 | 114 | 124 | 91 | 116 |  |
| Tobacco manufactures. | . 78 | 107 | 111 | 118 | 119 | 110 | 87 | 112 | 112 | 112 | 112 | 118 | 125 | 109 | 130 | 125 |
| Cigarettes. | . 46 | 111 | 116 | 123 | 122 | 111 | 90 | 118 | 116 | 117 | 119 | 126 | 134 | 119 | 138 | 129 |
| Cigars... | . 17 | 104 | 106 | 116 | 121 | 116 | 86 | 105 | 111 | 109 | 104 | 109 | 113 | 92 | 122 | 124 |

P Preliminary. $\quad$ Revised.
For other notes see end of table.

| INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION-Continued <br> [Federal Reserve indexes, 1947-49 average $=100$ ] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Industry | $\|1947-49\|$ | Annual average |  | 1957 |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | portion | 1956 | 1957 | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. |
| without seasonal adjustment -Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MINERALS-TOTAL | 9.98 | 129 | 128 | 130 | 129 | 123 | 122 | 120 | 118 | 111 | 109 | 110 | 115 | 110 | 120 | 123 |
| Mineral Fuels. | 8.35 | 129 | 128 | 127 | 127 | 124 | 125 | 123 | 121 | 112 | 109 | 109 | 114 | 108 | 119 | 121 |
| Coal... | 2.68 | 85 | 83 | 86 | 87 | 80 | 74 | 73 | 70 | 67 | 60 | 61 | 72 | 46 | r70 | 73 |
| Anthracite. | . 36 | 55 | 49 | 52 | 49 | 46 | 42 | 48 | 44 | 36 | 36 | 37 | 47 | 30 | 42 | 47 |
| Bituminous coal. | 2.32 | 90 | 88 | 91 | 93 | 86 | 79 | 77 | 74 | 71 | 64 | 65 | 75 | 48 | $r 75$ | 77 |
| Crude oil and natural gas. | 5.67 | 150 | 150 | 147 | 146 | 144 | 149 | 147 | 145 | 134 | 132 | 131 | 134 | 137 | ${ }^{1} 142$ | 144 |
| Oil and gas extraction. | 4.82 | 145 | 146 | 140 | 140 | 141 | 143 | 143 | 142 | 132 | 131 | 129 | 131 | r134 | r141 | 143 |
| Crude oil.......... | 4.12 | 137 | 138 | 132 | 131 | 131 | 133 | 132 | 130 | 120 | 121 | 119 | 122 | 126 | ${ }_{r} 133$ | 135 |
| Natural gas and gas liquids | . 70 | 190 | 198 | 188 | 193 | 204 | 206 | 208 | 210 | 204 | ${ }^{2} 196$ | ${ }^{1} 188$ | \%185 | p183 | p186 | . . . . |
| Natural gas....... | . 34 | 199 | 212 | 196 | 203 | 221 | 228 | 233 | 237 | 230 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Natural gas liquids. | . 36 | 182 | 184 | 180 | 182 | 189 | 186 | 184 | 183 | 180 | 173 | 168 | 167 | 173 | 178 |  |
| Oil and gas well drilling | . 85 | 180 | 171 | 185 | 177 | 160 | 177 | 172 | 159 | 143 | 136 | 140 | 150 | 151 | 149 | 150 |
| Metal, Stone, and Earth Minerals | 1.63 | 127 | 129 | 145 | 138 | 117 | 110 | 106 | 103 | 103 | 108 | 115 | 125 | 121 | ${ }^{r} 124$ | 129 |
| Metal mining. | . 82 | 114 | 116 | 137 | 124 | 92 | 82 | 83 | 85 | 79 | 81 | 86 | 100 | 91 | '96 | P103 |
| Iron ore. . | . 33 | 104 | 114 | 172 | 143 | 65 | 42 | 43 | 43 | 39 | 39 | 69 | 108 | 109 | 110 |  |
| Nonferrous metal mining | . 49 | 120 | 117 | 113 | 110 | 110 | 109 | 111 | 113 | 106 | 109 | 98 | 94 | 78 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 86$ | 100 |
| Copper mining. . . . . . | . 24 | 136 | 133 | 132 | 125 | 131 | 131 | 129 | 131 | 129 | 125 | 112 | 105 | 88 | ${ }^{1} 100$ | 122 |
| Lead mining. | . 09 | 88 | 85 | 79 | 83 | 71 | 70 | 76 | 78 | 56 | 78 | 71 | 72 | 62 | r59 | 58 |
| Zinc mining | . 06 | 87 | 84 | 70 | 74 | 68 | 67 | 72 | 71 | 69 | 77 | 67 | 67 | 54 | 57 | 58 |
| Stone and earth minerals | . 81 | 141 | 142 | 153 | 152 | 143 | 138 | 130 | 121 | 128 | 136 | 144 | 150 | 151 | 153 | 157 |
| ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. $\quad{ }^{r}$ Revised. <br> ${ }^{1}$ Publication suspended pending revision. |  |  |  |  | are included in major group totals but not in individual indexes for autos, farm machinery, and some other products, as discussed in the BULLETIN' |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Note.-A number of groups and subgroups include individual series not published separately, and metal fabricating contains the ordnance group in addition to the groups shown. Certain types of combat materiel |  |  |  |  | for December 1953, pp. 1269-71. <br> For description and back figures, see Bulletin for December 1953 pp. 1247-93 and pp. 1298-1328, respectively. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

UTILITY OUTPUT OF ELECTRICITY AND GAS
[Seasonally adjusted Federal Reserve indexes, 1947-49 average $=100$ ]

| Industry | 1947-49 <br> pro-portion | Annual average |  | 1957 |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1956 | 1957 | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. |
| ELECTRICITY AND GAS-TOTAL | 100.00 | 218 | 233 | 238 | 237 | 238 | 237 | 238 | 239 | 238 | 235 | 236 | 240 | ${ }^{2} 241$ | 1246 | ${ }^{2} 246$ |
| Residential..... | 41.34 | 241 | 261 | 269 | 269 | 273 | 273 | 275 | r279 | 282 | 278 | 277 | 281 |  |  |  |
| Nonresidential. | 58.66 | 201 | 213 | 216 | 214 | 214 | 212 | 212 | 211 | ${ }^{2} 208$ | 205 | 208 | 212 |  |  |  |
| Electricity. | 76.18 | 218 | 233 | 237 | 234 | 236 | 235 | 236 | 238 | 238 | 235 | 237 | 242 | 243 | 248 | p248 |
| Residential | 27.48 | 250 | 273 | 280 | 277 | 282 | 282 | 285 | 290 | 295 | 291 | 290 | 296 | 294 | 303 |  |
| Industrial. | 23.68 | 206 | 213 | 215 | 213 | 210 | 207 | 205 | 202 | 196 | 197 | 199 | 203 | 208 | 210 |  |
| General industrial | 23.49 | 186 | 193 | 196 | 194 | 191 | 188 | 186 | 183 | 177 | 178 | 180 | 184 | 189 | 192 |  |
| Atomic energy. | . 19 | 2697 | 2676 | 2580 | 2610 | 2580 | 2580 | 2590 | 2590 | 2610 | 2590 | 2590 | 2580 | 2570 | 2550 |  |
| Commercial and other | 25.02 | 194 | 208 | 210 | 208 | 209 | 209 | 212 | 215 | 214 | 209 | 214 | 220 | 220 | 224 |  |
| Gas. | 23.82 | 218 | 232 | 240 | 245 | 246 | 246 | 244 | 242 | 240 | 237 | 235 | 235 | 2236 | ${ }_{2} 238$ | $p 240$ |
| Residential | 13.86 | 223 | 236 | 247 | 254 | 255 | 255 | 256 | $r 257$ | ${ }^{2} 256$ | 253 | 251 | 251 |  |  |  |
| Industrial........... | 6.16 | 218 | 230 | 237 | 239 | 240 | 238 | '230 | $r 224$ | ${ }^{2} 221$ | 220 | 220 | 221 |  |  |  |
| Commercial and othe | 3.80 | 197 | 218 | 222 | 224 | 224 | 223 | 221 | 218 | 214 | 206 | 202 | 201 |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. <br> $r$ Revised <br> Note.-For description and back 1956, pp. 1055-69. | e Bul | TIN f | or Oc | ober |  | dexes esearch | withou h and | ut seas Statis | onal a tics. | justm | ent ma | be o | tained | from | $\text { the } \mathrm{Di}$ | vision |

OUTPUT OF CONSUMER DURABLE GOODS
[Federal Reserve indexes, 1947-49 average $=100$ ]

| Product | $\begin{gathered} \text { 1947-49 } \\ \text { pro- } \\ \text { por- } \\ \text { tion } \end{gathered}$ | Annual average |  | 1957 |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1956 | 1957 | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. |
| SEAsonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CONSUMER DURABLES-TOTAL | 100.00 | 131 | 130 | 134 | 129 | 128 | 119 | 113 | 110 | 104 | 97 | 105 | 111 | 114 | 115 | 104 |
| Major Durables | 69.72 | 140 | 138 | 142 | 137 | 136 | 125 | 117 | 111 | 103 | 94 | 104 | 111 | 116 | $r_{116}$ | 99 |
| Autos. | 32.10 | 138 | 146 | 150 | 143 | 142 | 127 | 117 | 107 | 92 | 81 | 96 | 99 | 99 | 95 | 56 |
| Major household goods | 36.13 | 144 | 132 | 137 | 134 | 134 | 124 | 118 | 117 | 114 | 107 | 113 | 123 | 133 | 137 |  |
| Furniture and foor cove Household furniture. | 15.32 11.31 | 117 | 114 120 | 114 | 111 120 | 112 120 | 112 119 | 110 116 | 106 113 | 106 113 | 104 111 | 106 114 | 109 116 | 116 121 | r r 126 | 120 129 |
| Household furniture. Floor coverings ${ }^{1}$. | 11.31 4.01 | 121 | 120 | 122 | 120 | 120 | 119 | 116 | 113 | 113 | 111 | 114 | 116 | 121 | 126 | 129 |
| Appliances and heater | 15.60 | 143 | 127 | 129 | -129 | 132 | iis' | 106 | - 115 | 'iis' | - 102 | -1i2 | -125 | -129* | 132' | $137{ }^{\circ}$ |
| Major appliances. | 11.88 | 151 | 133 | 137 | 138 | 141 | 119 | 110 | 117 | 118 | 101 | 113 | 128 | 133 | 139 | 144 |
| Ranges. | 2.60 | 153 | 89 | 85 | 85 | 92 | 87 | 86 | 81 | 80 | 82 | 79 | 79 | 81 | 77 | 84 |
| Refrigeration applia | 4.98 | 150 | 140 | 138 | 141 | 148 | 125 | 111 | 129 | 122 | 106 | 121 | 140 | 145 | 152 | 155 |
| Laundry appliances | 2.51 | 216 | 180 | 203 | 203 | 196 | 152 | 142 | 142 | 159 | 116 | 140 | 157 | 174 | 185 | 202 |
| Heating apparatus. | 3.72 | 118 | 104 | 101 | 101 | 104 | 103 | 93 | 110 | 107 | 105 | 110 | 116 | 115 | 112 |  |
| Radio and television | 5.21 | 224 | 205 | 232 | 212 | 203 | 188 | 181 | 151 | 133 | 131 | 138 | 155 | 191 | 207 | 196 |
| Radio sets. | 3.42 | 70 | 75 | 82 | 80 | 78 | 66 | 66 | 55 | 44 | 46 | 42 | 51 | 64 | 75 | 86 |
| Television sets | 1.79 | 519 | 453 | 517 | 465 | 441 | 419 | 401 | 335 | 302 | 293 | 320 | 355 | 435 | 459 | 408 |
| Other Consumer Durables | 30.28 | 111 | 111 | 114 | 112 | 110 | 107 | 105 | 107 | 108 | 106 | 105 | 111 | 111 | 112 | 114 |
| Auto parts and tires. | 14.00 | 105 |  | 110 | 110 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Misc. home and personal goods | 16.28 | 116 | 114 | 118 | 113 | 112 | 109 | 105 | 104 | 105 | 103 | 104 | 106 | iii | i10 | i14 |
| WITHOUT SEASONAL ADJustment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CONSUMER DURABLES-TOTAL | 100.00 | 131 | 130 | 119 | 119 | 141 | 124 | 117 | 116 | 111 | 101 | 103 | 109 | 100 | 100 | 104 |
| Major Durables | 69.72 | 140 | 138 | 118 | 119 | 153 | 132 | 123 | 120 | 114 | 100 | 103 | 109 | 97 | 94 | 96 |
| Autos. | 32.10 | 138 | 146 | 84 | 88 | 171 | 151 | 132 | 122 | 106 | 89 | 99 | 100 | 87 | 53 | 37 |
| Major household goods. | 36.13 | 144 | 132 | 150 | 148 | 138 | 118 | 117 | 121 | 122 | 110 | 108 | 119 | 108 | ${ }^{1} 130$ | 150 |
| Furniture and floor coverings | 15.32 | 117 | 114 | 119 | 118 | 115 | 114 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 104 | 101 | 105 | 105 | ${ }^{1} 18$ | 125 |
| Household furniture | 11.31 | 121 | 120 | 126 | 127 | 123 | 122 | 114 | 113 | 113 | 108 | 108 | 113 | 115 | 127 | 134 |
| Floor coverings ${ }^{1}$.... | 4.01 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Appliances and heaters | 15.60 | 143 | 127 | 141 | 133 | 121 | 102 | 103 | 121 | 131 | 112 | 115 | 132 | 109 | 114 | 150 |
| Major appliances. | 11.88 | 151 | 133 | 144 | 136 | 126 | 109 | 111 | 128 | 140 | 116 | 118 | 135 | 111 | 110 | 150 |
| Ranges....... | 2.60 | 103 | 89 | 93 | 90 | 89 | 79 | ${ }^{86}$ | 91 | 93 | 86 | 75 | 84 | 62 | 68 | 92 |
| Refrigeration applian | 4.98 | 150 | 140 | 133 | 119 | 112 | 106 | 113 | 137 | 152 | 135 | 139 | 165 | 134 | 111 | 149 |
| Laundry appliances. | 2.51 | 216 | 180 | 229 | 229 | 206 | 156 | 140 | 161 | 175 | 120 | 133 | 141 | 124 | 155 | 228 |
| Heating apparatus. | 3.72 | 118 | 104 | 134 | 121 | 104 | 80 | 78 | 99 | 103 | 101 | 106 | 123 | 102 | 128 |  |
| Radio and television Radio sets........ | 5.21 | 224 | 205 | 268 | 282 | 259 | 176 | 187 | 159 | 139 | 125 | 112 | 122 | 114 | 214 | 222 |
| Radio sets.... | 3.42 | 70 | 75 | 81 625 | 101 | 108 | 76 | 417 | 55 | 47 | 44 | 41 | 39 | 40 | 64 | 80 |
| Television sets. | 1.79 | 519 | 453 | 625 | 627 | 547 | 365 | 417 | 355 | 314 | 279 | 246 | 281 | 257 | 500 | 493 |
| Other Consumer Durables. | 30.28 | 111 | 111 | 121 | 120 | 114 | 106 | 102 | 105 | 105 | 103 | 102 | 108 | 107 | r115 | 120 |
| Auto parts and tires........ Misc. | 14.00 16.28 | 105 116 | 114 | ${ }_{121}^{120}$ | 118 | 120 | 110 | 101 | 104 | 104 | 100 | 100 | 103 | 103 | 112 | 118 |

${ }_{r}^{1}$ Publication suspended pending revision.
${ }^{5}$ Revised.
NoTE.-For a description of these indexes, see Bulletin for May 1954, obtained from the Division of Research and Statistics.

VALUE OF NEW CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY
[Joint estimates of the Departments of Commerce and Labor. Seasonally adjusted. In millions of dollars]

| Year or month | Total | Private |  |  |  |  |  |  | Public |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Residential | Business |  |  |  | Other non-resi-dential | Total | Military | Highway | Con-servation | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { other } \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  |  |  | Total | Industrial | Commercial | Public utility |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1950. | 29,955 | 22,954 | 14,100 | 5,680 | 1,062 | 1,288 | 3,330 | 3,174 | 7,001 | 177 | 2,272 | 942 | 3,610 |
| 1951 | 32,739 | 23,320 | 12,529 | 7,217 | 2,177 | 1,371 | 3,729 | 3,574 | 9,419 | 887 | 2,518 | 912 | 5,102 |
| 1952 | 34,750 | 23,849 | 12,842 | 7,460 | 2,320 | 1,137 | 4,003 | 3,547 | 10,901 | 1,388 | 2,820 | 900 | 5,793 |
| 1953 | 37,118 | 25,724 | 13,777 | 8,436 | 2,229 | 1,791 | 4,416 | 3,511 | 11,394 | 1,307 | 3,160 | 892 | 6,035 |
| 1954 | 39,601 | 27,679 | 15,379 | 8,526 | 2,030 | 2,212 | 4,284 | 3,774 | 11,922 | 1,030 | 3,870 | 773 | 6,249 |
| 1955 | 44,581 | 32,620 | 18,705 | 10,160 | 2,399 | 3,218 | 4,543 | 3,755 | 11,961 | 1,313 | 4,050 | 701 | 5,897 |
| 1956 | 46,292 | 33,287 | 17,677 | 11,828 | 3,084 | 3,631 | 5,113 | 3,782 | 13,005 | 1,395 | 4,655 | 826 | 6,129 |
| 1957. | 48,492 | 34,138 | 17,019 | 12,895 | 3,557 | 3,564 | 5,774 | 4,224 | 14,354 | 1,322 | 5,215 | 971 | 6,846 |
| 1957-Oct. | 4,166 | 2,912 | 1,461 | 1,093 | 283 | 306 | 504 | 358 | 1,254 | 111 | 451 | 93 | 599 |
| Nov | 4,137 | 2,917 | 1,472 | 1,086 | 281 | 305 | 500 | 359 | 1,220 | 104 | 443 | 85 | 588 |
| Dec | 4,211 | 2,895 | 1,461 | 1,072 | 272 | 304 | 496 | 362 | 1,316 | 110 | 538 | 74 | 594 |
| 1958-Jan.. | 4,156 | 2,863 | 1,445 | 1,058 | 269 | 288 | 501 | 360 | 1,293 | 107 | 510 | 79 | 597 |
| Feb. | 4,079 | 2,834 | 1,441 | 1,030 | 252 | 281 | 497 | 363 | 1,245 | 96 | 500 | 77 | 572 |
|  | 4,053 | 2,792 | 1,397 | 1,033 | 240 | 288 | 505 | 362 | 1,261 | 95 | 500 | 78 | 588 |
|  | 3,960 | 2,734 | 1,350 | 1,019 | 222 | 294 | 503 | 365 | 1,226 | 88 | 463 | 82 | 593 |
| May | 3,929 | 2,716 | 1,334 | 1,011 | 210 | 302 | 499 | 371 | 1,213 | 90 | 450 | 77 | 596 |
| June | 3,969 | 2,743 | 1,368 | 1,000 | 195 | 311 | 494 | 375 | 1,226 | 86 | 453 | 85 | 602 |
| July. | 4,058 | 2,804 | 1,431 | 993 | 187 | 308 | 498 | 380 | 1,254 | 94 | 460 | 86 | 614 |
| Aug. | 4,120 | 2,856 | 1,506 | 971 | 179 | 294 | 498 | 379 | 1,264 | 102 | 459 | 90 | 613 |
| Sept. | 4,185 | 2,896 | 1,548 | 964 | 172 | 292 | 500 | 384 | 1,289 | 103 | 463 | 90 | 633 |
| Oct. ${ }^{p}$ | 4,290 | 2,952 | 1,586 | 976 | 172 | 299 | 505 | 390 | 1,338 | 109 | 493 | 89 | 647 |

${ }^{p}$ Preliminary.

CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS AWARDED, BY TYPE OF OWNERSHIP AND BY TYPE OF CONSTRUCTION
[Figures for the 48 States, as reported by the F. W. Dodge Corporation. Value of contracts, in millions of dollars]

| Year or month | Total | By type of ownership |  | By type of construction |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Public | Private | Residential building | Nonresidential building |  |  |  | Public works and public utilities |
|  |  |  |  |  | Factories | Commercial | Educational | Other |  |
| 1956. | 31,612 | 10,666 | 20,946 | 12,862 | 2,381 | 3,140 | 2,883 | 2,804 | 7,542 |
| 1957. | 32,173 | 11,238 | 20,935 | 13,039 | 2,168 | 3,267 | 2,936 | 2,922 | 7,841 |
| 1957-Sept. | 2,550 | 816 | 1,734 | 1,151 | 135 | 232 | 242 | 257 | 533 |
| Oct. | 2,614 | 787 | 1,827 | 1,165 | 167 | 248 | 265 | 230 | 538 |
| Nov. | 2,371 | 867 734 | 1,504 | 930 759 | 147 | 264 | 244 | 223 | 562 |
| Dec.. | 1,982 | 734 | 1,249 | 759 | 137 | 204 | 190 | 167 | 525 |
| 1958-Jan.. | 2,066 | 758 | 1,308 | 777 | 107 | 247 | 214 | 191 | 530 |
| Feb. | 1,953 | 769 | 1,185 | 727 | 102 | 205 | 224 | 220 | 475 |
| Mar. | 2,721 | 1,027 | 1,694 | 1,071 | 131 | 285 | 268 | 283 | 684 |
| Apr. | 2,885 | 1,053 | 1,832 | 1,244 | 129 | 293 | 235 | 300 | 683 |
| June. | 3,399 | 1, 1,720 | 1,936 2,100 | 1,343 | 146 80 | 235 | 286 | 427 397 | 932 1,479 |
| July. | 3,607 | 1,550 | 2,058 | 1,557 | 150 | 282 | 264 | 381 | 974 |
| Aug. | 3,467 | 1,233 | 2,234 | 1,451 | 142 | 356 | 280 | 301 | 937 |
| Sept... | 3,216 |  |  | 1,460 | 113 | 303 | 240 | 237 | 863 |

Note.-This series for 48 States replaces the old series for 37 States.

CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS AWARDED, BY PEDERAL RESERVE DISTRICTS
[Figures as reported by the F. W. Dodge Corporation. Value of contracts, in millions of dollars]

| Month | All districts | Federal Reserve district |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Boston | New York | Philadelphia | Cleveland | Richmond | Atlanta | Chicago | St. Louis | Minneapolis | $\underset{\text { City }}{\text { Kansas }}$ | Dallas | $\begin{aligned} & \text { San } \\ & \text { Fran- } \\ & \text { cisco } \end{aligned}$ |
| 1957-July. | 2,901 | 170 | 346 | 141 | 261 | 189 | 294 | 430 | 127 | 114 | 179 | 163 | 486 |
| Aug. | 2,818 | 147 | 381 | 123 | 229 | 193 | 317 | 416 | 130 | 98 | 176 | 155 | 453 |
| Sept... | 2,550 | 119 | 289 | 142 | 240 | 201 | 254 | 392 | 106 | 112 | 166 | 160 | 370 |
| 1958-July. | 3,607 | 176 | 398 | 127 | 342 | 311 | 335 | 453 | 140 | 122 | 246 | 293 | 665 |
| Aug. | 3,467 | 174 | 494 | 151 | 260 | 275 | 366 | 411 | 148 | 165 | 198 | 267 | 557 |
| Sept.. | 3,216 | 173 | 518 | 143 | 223 | 265 | 317 | 457 | 131 | 133 | 161 | 201 | 493 |

PERMANENT NONFARM DWELLING UNITS STARTED
[Bureau of Labor Statistics estimates. In thousands of units]

| Year or month | Total private (seasonally adjusted annual rate) | Total | Metropolitan areas | Non-metropolitan areas | Private |  |  |  | Public | Government-underwritten ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total | $\begin{gathered} 1- \\ \text { family } \end{gathered}$ | $\stackrel{2-}{\text { family }}$ | Multifamily |  | Total | FHA | VA |
| 1950. |  | 1,396 | 1,022 | 374 | 1,352 | 1,151 | 42 | 159 | 44 | 686 | 486 | 200 |
| 1951. |  | 1,091 | 1,777 | 315 | 1,020 | -892 |  | 88 | 71 | 412 | 264 | 149 |
| 1952. |  | 1,127 | 795 | 332 | 1,069 | 939 | 46 | 84 | 59 | 421 | 280 | 141 |
| 1953. |  | 1,104 | 804 | 300 | 1,068 | 933 | 42 | 94 | 36 | 409 | 252 | 157 |
| 1954. |  | 1,220 | 897 | 324 | 1,202 | 1,077 | 34 | 90 | 19 | 583 | 276 | 307 |
| 1955. |  | 1,329 | 976 | 353 | 1,310 | 1,190 | 33 | 87 | 19 | 670 | 277 | 393 |
| 1956. |  | 1,118 | 780 | 338 | 1,094 | 981 | 31 | 82 | 24 | 463 | 192 | 271 |
| 1957 |  | 1,042 | 700 | 342 | 993 | 840 | 33 | 120 | 49 | 313 | 185 | 128 |
| 1957-Oct. | 1,020 | 97 | 62 | 35 | 88 | 74 |  | 11 | 3 |  |  |  |
| Nov. | 1,009 | 78 | 53 | 26 | 76 | 64 | 3 | 9 | 3 | 25 | 19 | ${ }_{5}^{6}$ |
| Dec. | 1,000 | 63 | 43 | 20 | 63 | 51 | 3 | - | 1 | 20 | 15 |  |
| 1958-Jan. | 1,020 | 68 | 45 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 19 |  |  |
| Feb. | ,915 | 66 | 44 | 22 | 61 | 49 | 2 | 10 | 5 | 14 | 12 | 3 |
| Mar. | 918 | 81 | 55 | 27 | 77 | 62 | 3 | 12 | 4 | 20 | 17 | 3 |
| Apr. | 983 | 99 | 67 | 32 | 94 | 77 | 4 | 14 | 5 | 29 | 24 | 5 |
| May. | 1,039 | 109 | 74 | 35 | 101 | 84 | 4 | 17 | 7 | 33 | 26 | 6 |
| June. | 1,057 | 113 | 77 | 36 | 101 | 85 | 3 | 14 | 12 | 39 | 30 | 8 |
| July . | 1,174 | 113 | 81 | 32 | 109 | 88 | 3 | 17 | 4 | 42 | 32 | 11 |
| Aug. | p1,170 | $p_{1} 19$ | 81 | 39 | ${ }^{p} 109$ | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | p10 | 45 | 32 | 13 |
| Sept. | P1,220 | p118 | 83 | 35 | ${ }^{p} 108$ | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | $p 10$ | 48 | 34 | 14 |
| Oct. | p1,260 | ${ }^{p} 111$ | 78 | 33 | ${ }^{p} 109$ | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | $p_{2}$ | 53 | 38 | 15 |
| preliminary. <br> 1 Represents units started under commitments of FHA or VA to inure or guarantee the mortgage. VA figures after June 1950 and all FHA <br> figures are based on filed office reports of first compliance inspections; earlier VA figures are estimates based on loans-closed information. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

LABOR FORCE, EMPLOYMENT, AND UNEMPLOYMENT
[Bureau of the Census estimates, without seasonal adjustment. In thousands of persons]

| Year or month | Total noninstitutional population | Total labor force | Civilian labor force |  |  |  |  | Not in the labor force |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total | Employed ${ }^{1}$ |  |  | Unemployed |  |
|  |  |  |  | Total | In nonagricultural industries | agriculture |  |  |
| 1950. | 110,780 | 64,599 | 63,099 | 59,957 | 52,450 | 7,507 | 3,142 | 46,181 |
| 1951. | 111,924 | 65,832 | 62,884 | 61,005 | 53,951 | 7,054 | 1,879 | 46,092 |
| 1952. | 113,119 | 66,410 | 62,966 | 61,293 | 54,488 | 6,805 | 1,673 | 46,710 |
| 1953 | 115,095 | 67,362 | 63,815 | 62,213 | 55,651 | 6,562 | 1,602 | 47,732 |
| 1954 | 116,220 | 67,818 | 64,468 | 61,238 | 54,734 | 6,504 | 3,230 | 48,402 |
| 1955 | 117,388 | 68,896 | 65,848 | 63,193 | 56,464 | 6,730 | 2,654 | 48,492 |
| 1956 | 118,734 | 70,387 | 67,530 | 64,979 | 58,394 | 6,585 | 2,551 | 48,348 |
| 1957 | 120,445 | 70,746 | 67,946 | 65,011 | 58,789 | 6,222 | 2,936 | 49,699 |
| 1957-Oct. . | 120,983 | 71,299 | 68,513 | 66,005 | 59,168 | 6,837 | 2.508 | 49,684 |
| Nov. | 121,109 | 70,790 | 68,061 | 64,873 | 59,057 | 5,817 | 3,188 | 50,318 |
| 1958 Dec. | 121,221 | 70,458 | 67,770 | 64,396 | 59,012 | 5,385 | 3,374 | 50,763 |
| 1958-Jan.. | 121,325 | 69,379 | 66,732 | 62,238 | 57,240 | 4,998 | 4,494 | 51,947 |
| Feb. | 121, 432 | 69,804 | 67,160 | 61,988 | 57,158 | 4,830 | 5,173 | 51,627 |
| Mar. | 121,555 | 70,158 | 67,510 | 62,311 | 57,239 | 5,072 | 5,198 | 51,397 |
| Apr. | 121,656 | 70,681 | 68,027 | 62,907 | 57,349 | 5,558 | 5,120 | 50,975 |
| May. | 121,776 | 71,603 | 68,965 | 64,061 | 57,789 | 6,272 | 4,904 | 50,173 |
| June. | 121,900 | 73,049 | 70,418 | 64,981 | 58,081 | 6,900 | 5,437 | 48,851 |
| July. . | 121,993 | 73,104 | 70,473 | 65,179 | 58,461 | 6,718 | 5,294 | 48,889 |
| Aug. | 122,092 | 72,703 | 70,067 | 65,367 | 58,746 | 6,621 | 4.699 | 49,389 |
| Sept. | 122,219 | 71,375 | 68,740 | 64,629 | 58,438 | 6,191 | 4.111 | 50,844 |
| Oct. . | 122,361 | 71,743 | 69,111 | 65,306 | 58,902 | 6,404 | 3,805 | 50,618 |
| 1 Includes self-employed, unpaid family, and domestic service workers. <br> 2 Beginning 1957 persons waiting to start new wage and salary jobs and those on temporary layoff, previously considered as employed (with a job but not at work), are classified as unemployed, and a small group in school and waiting to start new jobs (previously included as employed) are classi- |  |  |  | Note.-Information relating to persons 14 years of age and over is obtained through interviews of households on a sample basis. Monthly data relate to the calendar week that contains the 12 th day; annual data are averages of monthly figures. |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

EMPLOYMENT IN NONAGRICULTURAL ESTABLISHMENTS, BY INDUSTRY DIVISION
[Bureau of Labor Statistics. In thousands of persons]

| Year or month | Total | Manufacturing | Mining | Contract construction | Transportation and public utilities | Trade | Finance | Service | Federal, State and local government |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1950. | 44,738 | 14,967 | 889 | 2,333 | 3,977 | 9,645 | 1,824 | 5,077 | 6,026 |
| 1951 | 47,347 | 16,104 | 916 | 2,603 | 4,166 | 10,012 | 1,892 | 5,264 | 6,389 |
| 1952 | 48,303 | 16, 334 | 885 | 2,634 | 4,185 | 10,281 | 1,967 | 5,411 | 6,609 |
| 1954. | 48,431 | 15,995 | 777 | 2,593 | 4,009 | 10,520 | 2,122 | 5,664 | 6,751 |
| 1955. | 50,056 | 16,563 | 777 | 2,759 | 4,062 | 10,846 | 2,219 | 5,916 | 6,914 |
| 1956 | 51,766 | 16,903 | 807 | 2,929 | 4,161 | 11,221 | 2,308 | 6,160 | 7,277 |
| 1957. | 52,162 | 16,782 | 809 | 2,808 | 4,151 | 11,302 | 2,348 | 6,336 | 7,626 |
| SEASONALLY ADJUSTED |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1957-Oct. | 52,015 | 16,604 | 802 | 2,763 | 4,141 | 11,315 | 2,373 | 6,343 | 7,674 |
| Nov. | 51,758 | 16,455 | 789 | 2,710 | 4,104 | 11, 290 | 2,372 | 6,367 | 7,671 |
| ${ }^{1958}$ Dec. | 51,516 | 16,252 | 784 | 2,679 | 4,070 | 11,237 | 2,365 | 6,382 | 7,747 |
| 1958-Jan. | 51,223 50,575 | 15,965 15,648 | 766 | 2,652 | 4,045 3,990 | 11,305 | 2,368 | 6,368 | 7,754 7,766 |
| Mar. | 50,219 | 15,389 | 733 | 2,573 | 3,930 | 11,116 | 2,360 | 6.330 | 7,788 |
| Apr. | 50,054 | 15,243 | 723 | 2,624 | 3,890 | 11,050 | 2,356 | 6,352 | 7,816 |
| May. | 50,147 | 15,202 | 718 | 2,698 | 3,877 | 11,087 | 2,370 | 6,360 | 7,835 |
| June. | 50,315 | 15,275 | 713 | 2,698 | 3,888 | 11,105 | 2,367 | 6.392 | 7,877 |
| July. | 50,411 | 15,312 | 709 | 2,693 | 3,877 | 11,121 | 2,363 | 6,433 | 7,903 |
| Aug. | 50,570 50,779 | $\begin{array}{r}15,330 \\ 15 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 701 | 2.711 2.696 | 3,867 3,863 | 11,175 | 2,377 | 6,420 | 7,989 |
| Sept. | 50,779 50,660 | 15,520 15,379 | 706 | 2,696 2,698 | 3,863 3,881 | 11,143 11,175 | 2,391 2,390 | 6,438 6,405 | 8,022 8,025 |
| without seasonal adjustment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1957-Oct. | 52,570 | 16,783 | 802 | 2,956 | 4,152 | 11,387 | 2,361 | 6,406 | 7.723 |
| Nov. | 52,316 | 16,561 | 793 | 2,805 | 4,114 | 11,557 | 2,360 | 6,367 | 7,759 |
| ${ }^{1958}$ Dec. | 52,610 50.477 | 16,302 | 788 | 2,612 2,387 | 4,094 | 12,076 11,140 | 2,353 | 6,318 | 8,067 |
| 1958-Jan. | - 49,777 | 15,865 15,593 | 766 747 | 2,387 | 3,985 $\mathbf{3}, 944$ | 11,140 | 2,344 | 6.241 | 7,749 |
| Mar | 49,690 | 15,355 | 733 | 2,316 | 3,910 | 10,939 | 2,348 | 6,267 | 7,822 |
| Apr. | 49,726 | 15,104 | 716 | 2,493 | 3,883 | 10,940 | 2,356 | 6,384 | 7,850 |
| May | 49,949 | 15,023 | 711 | 2,685 | 3,874 | 10,961 | 2,370 | 6,455 | 7,870 |
| June | 50,413 | 15,206 | 717 | 2,806 | 3,904 | 11,035 | 2,391 | 6,488 | 7,866 |
| July. | 50,178 | 15,161 | 705 | 2,882 | 3,907 | 10,984 | 2,410 | 6,465 | 7,664 |
| Aug. | 50,576 51,234 | 15,462 <br> 15 | 708 710 | 2,955 | 3,897 | 11,011 | 2,413 | 6.452 | 7,678 7,960 |
| Sept. | 51,234 51,210 | 15,744 15,553 | 710 707 | 2,925 2,887 | 3,891 3,891 | 11,143 11,246 | 2,391 $\mathbf{2 , 3 7 8}$ | 6,470 6,469 | 7,960 8,079 |

Note.-Data include all full- and part-time employees who worked during, or received pay for, the pay period ending nearest the 15 th of the month. Proprietors, self-employed persons, domestic servants, unpaid
family workers, and members of the armed forces are excluded. Figures for September and October 1958 are preliminary. Back data may be obtained from the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

PRODUCTION WORKER EMPLOYMENT IN MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES
[Bureau of Labor Statistics. In thousands of persons]

| Lndustry group | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  | Without seasonal adjustment |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1957 | 1958 |  |  | 1957 | 1958 |  |  |
|  | Oct. | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Oct. | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. |
| Total. | 12,721 | 11,530 | 11,727 | 11,606 | 12,896 | 11,645 | 11,943 | 11,778 |
| Darable goods. | 7,376 | 6,377 | 6,573 | 6,443 | 7,413 | 6,339 | 6,584 | 6,480 |
| Ordnance and accessories | 72 | 67 | 68 | 70 | 72 | 67 | 68 | 70 |
| Lumber and wood products. | 573 | 559 | 571 | 576 | 590 | 581 | 591 | 593 |
| Furniture and fixtures...... | 313 | 306 | 308 | 303 | 319 | 301 | 310 | 309 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products | 453 | 426 | 433 | 410 | 460 | 430 | 439 | 416 |
| Primary metal industries...... | 1,051 | 868 | 898 | 918 | 1,051 | 864 | 898 | 918 |
| Fabricated metal products. | 1,893 | 796 | 820 | 808 | . 897 | 788 | 820 | 812 |
| Machinery except electrical | 1,229 | 1,002 | 1,039 | 1,035 | 1,204 | 977 | 1.013 | 1,014 |
| Electrical machinery. . . . . | , 859 | . 749 | , 759 | , 748 | , 868 | 734 | . 759 | , 755 |
| Transportation equipment. | 1,316 | 1,034 | 1,099 | 1,001 | 1,316 | 1,034 | 1,099 | 1,001 |
| Instruments and related products. | 223 | 202 | 206 | 207 | 224 | 199 | 206 | 208 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing industries.. | 394 | 368 | 372 | 367 | 412 | 366 | 381 | 384 |
| Nondurable goods. | 5,345 | 5,153 | 5,154 | 5,163 | 5,483 | 5,306 | 5,359 | 5,298 |
| Food and kindred products. | 1,050 | 1,034 | 1,017 | 1,028 | 1,140 | 1,172 | 1,176 | 1,118 |
| Tobacco manufactures. . . . | 81 | 78 | 79 | 75 | 97 | 86 | 95 | 90 |
| Textile-mill products. . . . . . . | 907 | 864 | 864 | 862 | 907 | 855 | 860 | 862 |
| Apparel and other finished textiles. | 1,055 | 1,024 | 1,033 | 1,032 | 1.071 | 1,044 | 1,054 | 1,047 |
| Paper and allied products............ | + 456 | 440 | + 439 | , 440 | . 461 | - 442 | - 446 | - 444 |
| Printing, publishing and allied industries. | 555 | 547 | 548 | 547 | 561 | 542 | 548 | 552 |
| Chemicals and allied products...... . . . | 537 | 512 | 509 | 513 | 542 | 504 | 512 | 518 |
| Products of petroleum and coal | 167 | 154 | 156 | 154 | 167 | 157 | 158 | 154 |
| Rubber products. . . . . . . . . . . | 208 | 183 | 187 | 190 | 210 | 181 | 188 | 192 |
| Leather and leather products. | 329 | 317 | 322 | 322 | 327 | 323 | 322 | 320 |

Nore.-Data covering production and related workers only (full- and part-time) who worked during, or received pay for, the pay period ending nearest the 15th of the month. Figures for September and October 1958
are preliminary. Back data may be obtained from the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS IN MANUPACTURING INDUSTRIES
[Bureau of Labor Statistics. In unit indicated]


Nore.-Data are for production and related workers. Figures for September and October 1958 are preliminary. Back data are available from the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

DEPARTMENT STORE SALES AND STOCKS, BY DISTRICTS

| Year or month | United States | Federal Reserve district |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Boston | New York | Phil-adelphia | Cleveland | Rich mond | Atlanta | Chi- | $\stackrel{\text { St. }}{\text { Stis }}$ | Minneapolis | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Kansas } \\ & \text { City } \end{aligned}$ | Dallas | San <br> Fran <br> cisco |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1950. | 112 | 109 | 107 | 112 | 114 | 115 | 117 | 110 | 111 | 107 | 112 | 115 | 106 112 |
| 1952 | 114 | 110 | 104 | 113 | 115 | 122 | 127 | 109 | 116 | 109 | 121 | 129 | 120 |
| 1953. | 118 | 114 | 105 | 117 | 119 | 127 | 131 | 114 | 120 | 110 | 123 | 132 | 122 |
| 1954 | 118 | 117 | 108 | 116 | 112 | 129 | 135 | 112 | 121 | 113 | 129 | 136 | 122 |
| 1955 | 128 | 123 | 113 | 125 | 122 | 140 | 149 | 122 | 132 | 117 | 140 | 149 | 132 |
| 1956. | 135 | 126 | 120 | 131 | 128 | 146 | 164 | 128 | 138 | 126 | 144 | 158 | 141 |
| 1957.................... | 136 | 122 | 124 | 132 | 129 | 148 | 169 | 128 | 138 | 128 | 142 | 160 | 141 |
| SEASONALLY ADJUSTED |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1957-Sept. | 136 | 114 | 122 | 128 | 134 | 144 | ${ }^{1} 168$ | 130 | 145 | 130 | 147 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 162$ | ${ }^{r} 140$ |
| Oct., | 129 | 116 | 119 | 129 | 121 | 141 | 159 | 121 | 126 | 119 | 136 | 152 | 134 |
| Nov. | 133 | 118 | 124 | 128 | 129 | 142 | 166 | 125 | 135 | 125 | 139 | 161 | 139 |
| Dec. | 138 | 128 | 128 | 133 | 133 | 148 | 174 | 130 | 141 | 132 | 142 | 156 | 139 |
| 1958-Jan.. | 130 | 116 | 125 | 126 | 125 | 146 | 157 | 121 | 132 | 126 | 138 | 156 | 132 |
| Feb. | 124 | 111 | 115 | 114 | 117 | 134 | 147 | 115 | 125 | 121 | 135 | 143 | 135 |
| Mar. | 131 | 114 | 127 | 126 | 119 | 138 | 158 | 124 | 134 | 132 | 144 | 153 | 137 |
| Apr. | 130 | 114 | 121 | 135 | 121 | 147 | 155 | 118 | 130 | 120 | 136 | 151 | 142 |
| May | 134 | 117 | 124 | 129 | 124 | 146 | 164 | 124 | 136 | 126 | 148 | 161 | 142 |
| June | 133 | 115 | 124 | 129 | 122 | 146 | 176 | 119 | 133 | 123 | 141 | 162 | 143 |
| July. | 140 | 129 $r 137$ | $\begin{array}{r}133 \\ r \\ \hline 137\end{array}$ | 141 | 132 140 | 153 | 174 183 | 131 136 | 139 151 | 129 $r 137$ | 147 | 162 | 140 148 |
| Sept. | ${ }^{\text {p } 136}$ | 119 | 125 | 129 | 129 | ${ }^{2} 145$ | ${ }^{p} 167$ | 124 | $p_{145}$ | ${ }^{126}$ | ${ }^{1} 147$ | 162 | 148 140 |
| WTHTOUT SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1957-Sept. | ${ }^{\text {r }} 138$ | 122 | 126 | 134 | 134 | 150 | ${ }^{1} 161$ | 136 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 144$ | 139 | ${ }^{1} 148$ | ${ }^{156}$ | ${ }^{+140}$ |
| Oct. | 134 | 117 | 126 | 132 | 125 | 148 | 167 | 127 | 138 | 138 | 142 | 158 | 135 |
| Nov. | 162 | 144 | 158 | 171 | 159 | 178 | 193 | 153 | 163 | 145 | 161 | 183 | 162 |
| Dec. | 241 | 232 | 226 | 236 | 233 | 272 | 301 | 221 | 238 | 220 | 246 | 270 | 247 |
| 1958-Jan.. | 100 | 91 | 100 | 95 | 97 | 103 | 122 | 92 | 100 | 92 | 103 | 123 | 105 |
| Feb. | 95 | 84 | 91 | 86 | 90 | 96 | 121 | 86 | 96 | 90 | 99 | 112 | 104 |
| Mar. | 116 | 100 | 113 | 118 | 108 | 126 | 150 | 107 | 117 | 109 | 121 | 137 | 115 |
|  | 123 | 109 | 114 | 125 | 113 | 136 | 153 | 112 | 123 | 117 | 131 | 143 | 130 |
| May | 130 | 117 | 120 | 128 | 120 | 144 | 158 | 122 | 137 | 121 | 145 | 159 | 135 |
| June. | 126 | 115 | 120 | 121 | 115 | 135 | 153 | 117 | 124 | 119 | 136 | 147 | 135 |
|  | 112 | 93 | 97 | 103 | 107 | 123 | 144 | 103 | 114 | 103 | 130 | 144 | 124 |
| Aug. | 129 | 107 | 105 | 115 | 124 | 139 | 165 | 121 | 136 | ${ }_{r}{ }^{13} 130$ | 152 | 160 | 144 |
| Sept. | ${ }^{p} 138$ | 127 | 129 | 135 | 129 | ${ }^{p} 151$ | ${ }^{2} 161$ | 129 | ${ }^{p} 143$ | ${ }^{p} 135$ | ${ }^{p} 149$ | 156 | 140 |
| STOCES ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1950. | 110 | 112 | 106 | 110 | 1108 | 109 | 123 | 108 | 108 | 106 | 114 | 114 | 112 |
| 1952 | 121 | 117 | 115 | 120 | 115 | 127 | 143 | 112 | 120 | 113 | 137 130 | 139 | 137 131 131 |
| 1953. | 131 | 124 | 120 | 129 | 125 | 141 | 155 | 122 | 131 | 123 | 146 | 143 | 140 |
|  | 128 | 126 | 117 | 127 | 122 | 138 | 152 | 120 | 125 | 124 | 141 | 140 | 135 |
| 1955 | 136 | 132 | 119 | 135 | 124 | 159 | 170 | 127 | 135 | 130 | 152 | 153 | 142 |
| 1956 | 148 | 141 | 130 | 148 | 133 | 175 | 195 | 138 | 148 | 142 | 164 | 168 | 156 |
| 1957. | 152 | 138 | 137 | 154 | 136 | 178 | 203 | 143 | 149 | 146 | 160 | 174 | 158 |
| seasonally admusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1957-Sept. . | 154 | 138 | 138 | 159 | 139 | 181 | 201 | 144 | 151 | 145 | 159 | 173 |  |
| O57 Oct... | 155 | 138 | 138 | 156 | 139 | 174 | 208 | 147 | 151 | 148 | 163 | 176 | 163 |
| Nov. | 154 | 137 | 138 | 158 | 138 | 175 | 206 | 141 | 151 | 150 | 165 | 179 | 162 |
| Dec. | 150 | 136 | 138 | 154 | 134 | 171 | 207 | 140 | 141 | 143 | 158 | 169 | 152 |
| 1958-Jan.. | 147 | 133 | 137 | 154 | 133 | 167 | 202 | 135 | 143 | 138 | 153 | 170 | 152 |
| Feb. | 146 | 134 | 135 | 151 | 130 | 166 | 199 | 135 | 142 | 138 | 151 | 163 | 151 |
| Mar | 142 | 129 | 133 | 149 | 126 | 163 | 193 | 131 | 140 | 132 | 148 | 160 | 149 |
| Apr. | 143 | 131 | 134 | 149 | 124 | 167 | 190 | 131 | 141 | 129 | 145 | 163 | 151 |
| May | 144 | 133 | 133 | 152 | 128 | 169 | 191 | 133 | 140 | 133 | 146 | 164 | 152 |
| June | 147 | 135 140 | 136 <br> 135 | $\begin{array}{r}157 \\ 152 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }_{131}^{126}$ | 173 | 191 | 138 | 144 | 136 $r 135$ | 152 | 168 | 156 |
| Aug. | 148 | 137 | 135 | ${ }^{1} 153$ | 128 | 172 | 192 | 144 | 143 | ${ }^{1} 137$ | 159 | 163 | 156 152 |
| Sept. | \%151 | 141 | 137 | 156 | 132 | 175 | 198 | 145 | 136 | 142 | ${ }^{p} 155$ | ${ }^{2} 165$ | ${ }^{p} 158$ |
| WITHOUT SEASONAL ADJUStment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1957-Sept. | 160 | 144 | ${ }^{1} 146$ | 167 | 144 | 187 | 209 | 150 | 158 | 151 | 164 | ${ }^{1} 183$ | 168 |
| Oct. | 172 | 156 | 155 | 180 | 154 | 198 | 227 | 161 | 169 | 164 |  | 193 | 183 |
| Nov. | 174 135 | 161 | 159 | 182 139 | 156 | 198 156 | 233 180 | 161 124 | 169 | 170 132 | 183 | 197 | 182 |
| Dec. | 135 | 127 | 127 | 139 | 122 | 156 | 180 | 124 | 127 | 132 | 144 | 157 | 139 |
| 1958-Jan.. | 132 |  | 122 |  | 117 | 149 159 |  | 123 |  | 127 | 137 | 149 | 137 |
| Feb. | 139 | 126 | 127 | 145 | 125 | 159 | 197 | 127 | 138 146 | 132 136 | 145 | 158 | 142 |
|  | 149 | 136 | 139 | 160 | 130 | 175 | 200 | 139 | 149 | 132 | 153 | 168 | 150 |
| May | 146 | 135 | 136 | 155 | 131 | 170 | 193 | 137 | 140 | 132 | 148 | 163 | 151 |
| June | 140 | 126 | 127 | 146 | 120 | 160 | 182 | 134 | 134 | 128 | 146 | 156 | 150 |
| July. | 139 | 126 | 122 | 137 | 121 | 156 | 179 | 136 | 135 | 129 | 142 | 155 | 150 |
| Aug. | -144 | 133 147 | 132 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \\ 164 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 123 | 167 | 188 | 1388 | 141 | 134 148 | 150 | 163 | 153 |
| Sept. | ${ }^{2} 157$ | 147 | 144 | 164 | 137 | 181 | 206 | 151 | 143 | 148 | ${ }^{p} 159$ | ${ }^{p} 175$ | ${ }^{p} 164$ |

P Preliminary.
Figures for sales are the average per trading day, while those for stocks are as of the end of the month or averages of monthly data.

Note,-For description of the series and for monthly indexes heginning
1947, see Bulletin for December 1957, pp. 1323-52. Figures prior to $1947^{\prime}$ may be obtained from the Division of Research and Statistics.

# DEPARTMENT STORE MERCHANDISING DATA 

[Based on retail value figures]


MERCHANDISE EXPORTS AND IMPORTS
[Bureau of the Census. In millions of dollars]

| Period | Merchandise exports ${ }^{1}$ |  |  | Merchandise exports excluding military-aid shipments ${ }^{2}$ |  |  | Merchandise imports ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1956 | 1957 | 1958 | 1956 | 1957 | 1958 | 1956 | 1957 | 1958 |
| Jan.. | 1,284 | 1,680 | 1,511 | 1,202 | 1,583 | 1,402 | 1,073 | 1,115 | 1,093 |
| Feb. | 1,363 | 1,611 | 1,345 | 1,273 | 1,490 | 1,245 | 1,051 | , 993 | , 962 |
| Mar. | 1,583 | 2,151 | 1,557 | 1,479 | 2,021 | 1,442 | 1,102 | 1,133 | 1,072 |
| Apr. | 1,512 | 1,864 | 1,531 | 1,400 | 1,780 | 1,409 | . 991 | 1,119 | 1,057 |
|  | 1,717 1,697 | 1,786 | 1,638 | 1,522 | 1,711 | 1,307 | 1,095 | 1,984 | 1,063 |
| July. | 1,640 | 1,692 | 1,419 | 1,289 | 1,505 | 1,290 | 1,052 | 1,146 | 1,050 |
| Aug. | 1,536 | 1,677 | 1,396 | 1,378 | 1,536 | 1,283 | 1,055 | 1,043 | 953 |
| Sept. | 1,534 |  | 1,362 |  | 1,437 | 1,240 |  | 1,009 |  |
| Oct.. | 1,671 1,545 | 1,674 |  | 1,561 | 1,600 1,596 |  | 1,987 | 1,148 |  |
| Dec. | 2,007 | 1,639 |  | 1,885 | 1,543 |  | 1,059 | 1,141 |  |
| Jan.-Sept. . | 13,866 | 15,814 | 13,167 | 12,462 | 14,715 | 12,127 | 9,448 | 9,648 |  |

1 Exports of domestic and foreign merchandise. 2 Department of Defense shipments of grant-aid military equipment and supplies under the Mutual Security Program.

3 General imports including imports for immediate consumption plus entries into bonded warehouses.

CONSUMER PRICES


Note.-Revised index, reflecting, beginning January 1953, the inclusion of new series (i.e. home purchases and used automobiles) and re-
vised weights. Prior to January 1953, indexes are based on the "interim adjusted" and "old" indexes, converted to the base $1947-49=100$.

WHOLESALE PRICES, BY GROUPS OF COMMODITIES
[Bureau of Labor Statistics index. $\quad 1947-49=100$ ]

${ }^{+}$Revised.

WHOLESALE PRICES, BY GROUPS OF COMMODITIES-Continued
[Bureau of Labor Statistics index, 1947-49=100]

r Revised.

RELATION OF GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT, NATIONAL INCOME, PERSONAL INCOME, AND SAVING
[Department of Commerce estimates. In billions of dollars]

| Item | Annual totals |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Seasonally adjusted annual rates by quarters |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1929 | 1933 | 1941 | 1950 | 1953 | 1954 | 1955 | 1956 | 1957 | 1957 |  | 1958 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| Gross national product | 104.4 | 56.0 | 125.8 | 284.6 | 365.4 | 363.1 | 397.5 | 419.2 | 440.3 | 445.6 | 438.9 | 425.8 | 429.0 | 439.0 |
| Loss: Capital consumption allowances.. .... Indirect business tax and related liabilities. | 8.6 7.0 | 7.2 | 9.0 11.3 | 19.1 | 26.5 30.2 | 28.8 30.2 | 32.0 32.9 | 34.7 35.6 1 | 37.7 37.6 | 38.1 37.9 | 38.5 37.7 | 38.9 38.0 | 39.3 38.3 | 39.7 38.6 |
| Business transfor payments. <br> Statistical discrepancy. | . 3 | . 9 | . 4 | -.81 | 1.4 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.5 1.0 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | -1.7 | 1.6 -1.1 | 1.6 |
| Plus: Subsidies leas current surplus of government enterprises. | . 1 | . 0 | .1 | 2 | -. 4 | - 2 | . 0 | 1.0 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 2 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.5 |
| Equals: National income. . | 87.8 | 40.2 | 104.7 | 241.9 | 305.6 | 301.8 | 330.2 | 349.4 | 364.0 | 368.7 | 361.5 | 350.6 | 352.4 |  |
| Loss: Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment. Contributions for social insuranco. Excoss of wage accruals over disbursoments. | 10.1 | $-2.0$ | 14.5 | 35.7 | 37.3 | 33.7 | 43.1 | 42.9 | 41.9 | 43.1 | 38.8 | 31.3 | 32.5 |  |
|  | . 2 | . 3 | 2.8 | 6.9 | 8.7 | 9.7 | 11.0 | 12.3 | 14.2 | 14.3 | 14.2 | 14.2 | 14.2 | 14.7 |
|  | . 0 | 0 | . 0 | 0 | -. 1 | . 0 | . 0 | . 0 | . 0 | . 0 | 0 |  | . 8 | -1.5 |
| Plus: Government transfer payment.......... | . 9 | 1.5 | 2.6 | 14.3 | 12.9 | 15.0 | 16.0 | 17.1 | 19.9 | 20.0 | 21.3 | 22.5 | 24.6 | 25.2 |
| Net interest paid by government. . . . . . . | 51.8 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 4.8 | 5.2 | 5.4 | 5.4 | 5.7 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.3 | 6.2 | 6.2 |
| Dividends................ | 5.8 | 2.1 | 4.5 | 9.2 | 9.2 | 9.8 | 11.2 | 12.0 | 12.4 | 12.7 | 12.0 | 12.5 | 12.4 | 12.5 |
| Equale: Personal income. | 6 | . 7 | . 5 | 8 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | . 6 |
|  | 85.8 | 47.2 | 96.3 | 228.5 | 288.3 | 289.8 | 310.2 | 330.5 | 347.9 | 351.8 | 349.7 | 347.3 | 349.8 | 357.5 |
| Less: Personal tax and related payments..... | 2.6 | 1.5 | 3.3 | 20.8 | 35.8 | 32.9 | 35.7 | 40.1 | 42.7 | 43.1 | 43.0 | 42.3 | 42.3 | 43.5 |
| Federal. | 1.3 | 5 | 2.0 | 18.2 | 32.4 | 29.2 | 31.5 | 35.2 | 37.4 | 37.7 | 37.5 | 36.6 | 36.5 | 37.6 |
| State and loc | 1.4 | 1.0 | 1.3 | 2.6 | 3.4 | 3.8 | 4.2 | 4.8 | 5.4 | 5.4 | 5.5 | 5.7 | 5.8 | 5.9 |
| Equals: Disposable personal income. | 83.1 | 45.7 | 93.0 | 207.7 | 252.5 | 256.9 | 274.4 | 290.5 | 305.1 | 308.7 | 306.8 | 305.0 | 307.5 | 314.0 |
| Loss: Personal consumption expenditures.... | 79.0 | 46.4 | 81.9 | 195.0 | 232.6 | 238.0 | 256.9 | 269.4 | 284.4 | 288.3 | 287.2 | 286.2 | 288.3 | 291.5 |
| Equals: Personal saving | 4.2 | -. 6 | 11.1 | 12.6 | 19.8 | 18.9 | 17.5 | 21.1 | 20.7 | 20.4 | 19.6 | 18.8 | 19.2 | 22.5 |

NATIONAL INCOME, BY DISTRIBUTIVE SHARES
[Department of Commerce estimates. In billions of dollars]

| Item | Annual totals |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Seasonally adjusted annual ratee by quarters |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1929 | 1933 | 1941 | 1950 | 1953 | 1954 | 1955 | 1956 | 1957 | 1957 |  | 1958 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| National income. | 87.8 | 40.2 | 104.7 | 241.9 | 305.6 | 301.8 | 330.2 | 349.4 | 364.0 | 368.7 | 361.5 | 350.6 | 352.4 |  |
| Compensation of employees | 51.1 | 29.5 | 64.8 | 154.2 | 208.8 | 207.6 | 223.9 | 241.8 | 254.6 | 257.3 | 254.8 | 250.9 | 250.7 | 255.3 |
|  | 50.4 45 | 29.0 | 62.1 | 146.4 | 198.0 | 196.3 | 217.9 | 227.3 | 238.1 | 240.5 | 238.0 | 234.4 | 234.2 | 238.4 |
| Private................................ | 45.5 | 23.9 | 51.9 | 124.1 | 164.2 | 161.9 | 174.9 | 189.3 | 198.0 | 199.9 | 197.4 | 192.7 | 191.8 | 195.0 |
| Military........ivil. | 4.6 | 4.9 | 8.3 | 17.3 | 10.3 23.5 | 124.4 | 9.8 26.2 | 98.7 28.4 | 30.5 | 9.8 30.8 | 31.5 | 32.4 | 9.6 32.8 | 10.0 33.4 |
| Supplements to wages and salaries......... | 7 | . 5 | 2.7 | 7.8 | 10.8 | 11.3 | 13.0 | 14.5 | 16.5 | 16.8 | 16.8 | 16.5 | 16.4 | 16.9 |
| Proprietors' and rental income ${ }^{2}$. | 20.2 | 7.6 | 20.9 | 46.6 | 51.3 | 51.3 | 52.8 | 53.3 | 54.8 | 55.5 | 55.0 | 55.3 | 56.2 | 56.6 |
| Business and profossional. . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 8.8 | 3.2 | 10.9 | 23.5 | 27.4 | 27.8 | 30.4 | 30.8 | 31.4 | 31.7 | 31.3 | 30.6 | 30.7 | 31.1 |
| Farm. | 6.0 | 2.4 | 6.5 | 14.0 | 13.3 | 12.7 | 11.8 | 11.6 | 11.6 | 11.8 | 11.5 | 12.6 | 13.4 | 13.3 |
| Rental income of persons . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 5.4 | 2.0 | 3.5 | 9.0 | 10.5 | 10.9 | 10.7 | 10.9 | 11.8 | 12.0 | 12.2 | 12.1 | 12.1 | 12.2 |
| Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment. | 10.1 | -2.0 | 14.5 | 35.7 | 37.3 | 33.7 | 43.1 | 42.9 | 41.9 | 43.1 | 38.8 | 31.3 |  |  |
| Corporate prafits before tax. ............. | 9.6 | . 2 | 17.0 | 40.6 | 38.3 | 34.1 | 44.9 | 45.5 | 43.4 | 44.2 | 39.9 | 31.7 | 32.0 |  |
| Corporate profits tax liability.......... | 1.4 8.3 | . 5 | 7.6 9.4 | 17.9 22.8 | 20.2 18.1 | 17.2 | 21.8 23.0 | 22.4 | 21.6 21.8 | 22.0 22.1 | 19.9 20.0 | 16.1 15.5 | 16.3 15.7 |  |
| Inventory valuation adjustment. . . . . . . . . . . | . 5 | -2.1 | -2.5 | -5.0 | -1.0 |  | -1.7 | $-2.6$ | $-1.5$ | -1.1 | $-1.1$ | $-.3$ | . 5 | . 2 |
| Net interest. | 6.4 | 5.0 | 4.5 | 5.5 | 8.2 | 9.1 | 10.4 | 11.3 | 12.6 | 12.8 | 12.9 | 13.0 | 13.1 | 13.2 |

1 Includes omployee contributions to social insurance funds.
$\mathbf{2}$ Includes noncorporate inventory valuation adjustment.
gross national product or expenditure
[Department of Commerce estimates. In billions of dollars]

${ }^{1}$ Includes expenditures for crude petroleum and natural gas drilling.
2 Consists of sales abroad and domestic sales of surplus consumption goods and materials.

PERSONAL INCOME
[Department of Commerce estimates. In billions of dollars]

| Year or month ${ }^{1}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Per- } \\ \text { sonal } \\ \text { income } \end{gathered}$ | Wage and salary disbursements |  |  |  |  | Other labor income ${ }^{2}$ | Proprietors and ${ }_{\text {income }}{ }^{\text {rental }}$ | Dividends and personal interest income | Trans-payments ${ }^{4}$ | Less <br> personal <br> contri- <br> butions <br> for <br> social <br> insur- <br> ance | $\begin{gathered} \text { Non- } \\ \text { agricul- } \\ \text { tural } \\ \text { income } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Commodity producing industries | Distributive industries | Service industries | Gov-crnment |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1929. | 85.8 | 50.4 | 21.5 | 15.6 | 8.4 | 4.9 | . 6 | 20.2 | 13.2 | 1.5 | 1 | 77.7 |
| 1933. | 47.2 | 29.0 | 9.8 | 8.8 | 8.2 | 5.1 | .4 | 7.6 | 8.3 | 2.1 | . 2 | 43.6 |
| 1941. | 96.3 | 62.1 | 27.5 | 16.3 | 8.1 | 10.2 | . 7 | 20.9 | 10.3 | 3.1 | . 8 | 88.0 |
| 1952. | 273.1 | 184.9 | 80.5 | 48.7 | 22.6 | 32.9 | 5.3 | 52.4 | 21.1 | 13.2 | 3.8 | 254.3 |
| 1953. | 288.3 | 198.1 | 88.1 | 51.8 | 24.3 | 33.9 | 6.0 | 51.3 | 22.6 | 14.3 | 3.9 | 271.5 |
| 1954 | 289.8 | 196.3 | 84.1 | 52.3 | 25.5 | 34.4 | 6.2 | 51.3 | 24.4 | 16.2 | 4.6 | 273.8 |
| 1955. | 310.2 | 210.9 | 91.4 | 55.8 | 27.8 | 36.0 | 7.1 | 52.8 | 27.0 | 17.5 | 5.2 | 295.0 |
| 1956. | 330.5 | 227.3 | 98.7 | 60.1 | 30.5 | 38.0 | 7.9 | 53.3 | 29.1 | 18.6 | 5.7 | 315.4 |
| 1957. | 347.9 | 238.1 | 102.2 | 63.3 | 32.6 | 40.1 | 8.9 | 54.8 | 31.1 | 21.5 | 6.6 | 332.7 |
| 1957-Oct. | 350.6 | 238.6 | 101.5 | 63.5 | 32.9 | 40.7 | 9.2 | 55.1 | 31.8 | 22.6 | 6.6 | 335.7 |
| Nov. | 350.2 | 238.0 | 101.0 | 63.6 | 32.9 | 40.5 | 9.2 | 54.8 | 31.8 30 | 23.0 | 6.6 | 335.2 |
| Dec. | 348.4 | 237.3 | 99.8 | 63.7 | 33.2 | 40.6 | 9.2 | 55.2 | 30.0 | 23.3 | 6.6 | 333.0 |
| 1958-Jan.. | 348.2 | 235.1 | 97.9 | 63.5 | 33.1 | 40.7 | 9.1 | 55.1 | 31.8 | 23.9 | 6.7 | 332.5 |
| Feb. | 346.4 | 233.2 | 95.6 | 63.4 | 33.2 | 41.0 | 9.0 | 55.3 | 31.8 | 23.8 | 6.7 | 330.1 |
|  | 347.1 | 232.6 | 95.3 | 62.9 | 33.3 | 41.1 | 8.9 | 55.7 | 31.7 | 24.8 | 6.6 | 330.5 |
| Apr. | 348.1 | 232.0 | 95.0 | 62.4 | 33.4 | 41.2 | 8.9 | 56.1 | 31.7 317 | 26.1 | 6.6 | 331.0 |
| May | 349.9 | 233.1 | 95.6 | 62.6 | 33.4 33 | 41.5 | 8.9 | 56.5 | 31.7 31 | 26.4 | 6.7 | 332.4 |
| June. | 352.0 | 235.8 | 96.6 | 63.3 | 33.6 | 42.4 | 8.9 | 56.2 | 31.8 318 | 26.0 | 6.7 | 335.1 |
| July. | 358.8 356 | 242.2 | 97.1 | 63.5 | 33.7 33 | 48.0 | 9.0 | 56.3 | 31.8 31.8 | 26.5 | 7.0 | 342.0 3 |
| Aug. | 356.1 | 238.5 | 97.7 | 63.6 | 33.8 | 43.4 | 9.1 | 56.6 | 31.9 319 | 26.8 | 6.8 | 339.2 |
| Sept. | 357.8 | 239.4 | 98.4 | 63.6 | 33.9 33 | 43.5 | 9.2 | 57.0 | 31.9 | 27.0 | 6.8 | 340.9 |
| Oct ${ }^{p}$ | 357.5 | 238.6 | 97.5 | 63.7 | 33.9 | 43.6 | 9.2 | 57.4 | 32.0 | 26.9 | 6.7 | 340.5 |

[^20]REVISED ESTIMATES OF SHORT- AND INTERMEDIATE-TERM CONSUMER CREDIT
[In millions of dollars]

| Type of credit or holder | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Credit outstanding at end of month |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumer credit, by major parts: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 41,288 | 40,87 | 40,854 |  | 42,080 |  | 42,633 | 43,033 | 43,159 | 43,162 | 43, | 4 |
| Instalment credit, to | 31,581 | 31,494 | 31,527 | 31,782 | 32,165 | 32,602 |  | 33,283 |  | 33,484 |  | 34,095 |
| Automobile paper | 14,404 | 14,419 | 14,509 | 14,664 | 14,849 | 15,086 | 15,277 | 15,431 | 15,488 | 15,505 | 15,459 | 15,409 |
| Other consumer goods paper | 8,320 | 8,168 | 8,049 | 8,017 | 8,092 | 8,164 | 8,196 | 8,221 | 8,220 | 8,229 | 8,289 | 8,692 |
| Repair and modernization loans | 1,880 | 1,875 | 1,880 | 1,894 | 1,928 | 1,956 | 1,981 | 2,024 | 2,049 | 2,078 | 2,095 | 2,091 |
| Personal loans. | 6,977 | 7,032 | 7,089 | 7,207 | 7,296 | 7,396 | 7,508 | 7,607 | 7,636 | 7,672 | 7,723 | 7,903 |
| Noninstalment credit, toto | 9,707 | 9,383 | 9,327 | 9,570 | 9,915 | 9,894 | 9,671 | 9,750 | 9,766 | 9,678 | 9,872 | 10,679 |
| Single-payment loans | 3,189 | 3,253 | 3,342 | 3,335 | 3,536 | 3,470 | 3,331 | 3,375 | 3,400 | 3,275 | 3,325 | 3,365 |
| Charge accounts | 4,171 | 3,714 | 3,560 | 3,772 | 3,943 | 3,987 | 3,927 | 3,968 | 3,966 | 4,044 | 4,147 | 4,829 |
| Service credit | 2,347 | 2,416 | 2,425 | 2,463 | 2,436 | 2,437 | 2,413 | 2,407 | 2,400 | 2,359 | 2,400 | 2,485 |
| Instalment credit, by holder: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Financial institutions, total | 26,979 | 27,018 | 27,163 | 27,563 | 27,887 | 28,291 | 28,754 | 29,047 | 29,165 | 29,282 | 29,281 | 29,427 |
| Commercial banks. | 11,641 | 11,669 | 11,746 | 11,994 | 12,158 | 12,342 | 12,526 | 12,628 | 12,679 | 12,773 | 12,749 | 12,753 |
| Sales finance compani | 9,077 | 9,035 | 9,048 | 9,104 | 9,176 | 9,300 | 9,476 | 9,565 | 9,598 | 9,585 | 9,564 | 9,573 |
| Credit unions.... | 2,009 | 2,034 | 2,069 | 2,116 | 2,155 | 2,212 | 2,265 | 2,321 | 2,352 | 2,387 | 2,402 | 2,429 |
| Consumer finance companies | 3,048 | 3,058 | 3,063 | 3,105 | 3,123 | 3,155 | 3,209 | 3,234 | 3,231 | 3,229 | 3,246 | 3,333 |
| Other. | 1,204 | 1,222 | 1,237 | 1,244 | 1,275 | 1,282 | 1,278 | 1,299 | 1,305 | 1,308 | 1,320 | 1,339 |
| Retail outlets, total | 4,602 | 4,476 | 4,364 | 4,219 | 4,278 | 4,311 | 4,208 | 4,236 | 4,228 | 4,202 | 4,285 | 4,668 |
| Department stores ${ }^{1}$ | 1,387 | 1,351 | 1,304 | 1,176 | 1,229 | 1,249 | 1,144 | 1,161 | 1,167 | 1,134 | 1,199 | 1,393 |
| Furniture stores. | 1,144 | 1,125 | 1,106 | 1,095 | 1,102 | 1,107 | 1,107 | 1,123 | 1,122 | 1,131 | 1,148 | 1,210 |
| Household appliance stores | 363 | 360 | 354 | 350 | 350 | 353 | 354 | 352 | 354 | 355 | 354 | 361 |
| Automobile dealers | 495 | 491 | 488 | 488 | 489 | 493 | 495 | 496 | 494 | 489 | 484 | 478 |
| Other | 1,213 | 1,149 | 1,112 | 1,110 | 1,108 | 1,109 | 1,108 | 1,104 | 1,091 | 1,093 | 1,100 | 1,226 |
| Noninstalment credit, by holder: |  |  | 9,327 | 70 | 5 | 9,894 | ,671 | , 750 |  | 9,678 | . 872 | , 679 |
| Financial institutions (single-payment loans): | 9,707 | , | 9,327 | , | , | , | 1 |  |  | , | , | 10,67 |
| Commercial banks. | 2,817 | 2,828 | 2,839 | 2,872 | 2,934 | 2,954 | 2,910 | 2,903 | 2,911 | 2,881 | 2,877 | 2,937 |
| Other. | 372 | 425 | 503 | 463 | 602 | 516 | 421 | 472 | 489 | 394 | 448 | 428 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other | 3,448 | 3,103 | 2,994 | 3,180 | 3,350 | 3,408 | 3,394 | 3,433 | 3,378 | 3,432 | 3,489 | 3,953 |
| Service credit | 2,347 | 2,416 | 2,425 | 2,463 | 2,436 | 2,437 | 2,413 | 2,407 | 2,400 | 2,359 | 2,400 | 2,485 |
| Instalment credit held by commercial banks, by type of credit: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Automobile paper: ${ }^{\text {a }}$. | 11,641 | 11,66 | 11,74 | 11,994 | 12,158 | 12,342 | 12,526 | 12,628 | 12,679 | 12,773 | 12,749 | 12,753 |
| Purchased... | 3,658 | 3,690 | 3,739 | 3,810 | 3,878 | 3,955 | 4,015 | 4,071 | 4,102 | 4,140 | 4,132 | 4,130 |
| Direct | 2,084 | 2,094 | 2,126 | 2,169 | 2,205 | 2,231 | 2,248 | 2,259 | 2,253 | 2,243 | 2,233 | 2,225 |
| Other consumer goods pape | 2,316 | 2,301 | 2,288 | 2,373 | 2,381 | 2,411 | 2,475 | 2,455 | 2,460 | 2,495 | 2,477 | 2,467 |
| Repair and modernization loan | 1,456 | 1,446 | 1,444 | 1,453 | 1,471 | 1,492 | 1,510 | 1,538 | 1,554 | 1,576 | 1,586 | 1,580 |
| Personal loans....... | 2,127 | 2,138 | 2,149 | 2,189 | 2,223 | 2,253 | 2,278 | 2,305 | 2,310 | 2,319 | 2,321 | 2,351 |
| Instalment credit held by financial institutions other than commercial banks and sales finance companies, by type of credit: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 6,261 | 6,314 | 6,369 | 6,465 | 6,553 | 6,649 | 6,752 | 6,854 | 6,888 | 6,924 | 6,968 | 7,101 |
| Automobile paper. | 945 | 954 | 966 | 985 | 1,005 | 1,031 | 1,053 | 1,073 | 1,082 | 1,096 | 1,100 | 1,106 |
| Other consumer goods paper | 636 | 635 | 630 | 634 | 637 | 639 | 639 | - 642 | , 637 | 631 | , 623 | , 622 |
| Repair and modernization lo | 401 | 406 | 414 | 419 | 435 | 442 | 449 | 464 | 473 | 479 | 488 | 491 |
| Personal loans... | 4,279 | 4,319 | 4,359 | 4,427 | 4,476 | 4,537 | 4,611 | 4,675 | 4,696 | 4,718 | 4,757 | 4,882 |
|  | Ins talment credit extended and repaid, by type of credit |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SEASONALLY ADJUSTED* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Extensions: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 3,498 | 3,503 | 3,428 | 3,461 | 3,551 | 3,534 | 3,608 | 3,580 | 3,542 | 3,533 | 3,553 | 3,635 |
| Automobile paper | 1,414 | 1,398 | 1,366 | 1,362 | 1,352 | 1,347 | 1,371 | 1,343 | 1,377 | 1,424 | 1,384 | 1,407 |
| Other consumer goods paper. | 952 | 956 | 932 | 932 | 1,006 | 995 | 1,010 | 1,018 | 974 | 913 | 958 | 980 |
| Repair and modernization loans | 134 | 138 | 133 | 133 | 147 | 138 | 142 | 150 | 140 | 139 | 134 | 134 |
| Personal loans | 998 | 1,011 | 997 | 1,034 | 1,046 | 1,054 | 1,085 | 1,069 | 1,051 | 1,057 | 1,077 | 1,114 |
| Repayments: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total . . . . . . . . | 3,298 $.1,314$ | 3,259 | 3,262 | 3,284 | 3,317 1,303 | 3,345 1,292 | 3,381 | 3,356 | 3,398 $\mathbf{1 , 3 0 3}$ | 3,369 1,312 | 3,393 1,281 | 3,496 1,359 |
| Other consumer goods paper | - 942 | - 934 | -939 | + 910 | - 919 | - 953 | 1, 968 | 1,982 | -979 | - 958 | 1'980 | 1,980 |
| Repair and modernization loans | 117 | 121 | 115 | 117 | 125 | 122 | 129 | 121 | 128 | 122 | 118 | 131 |
| Personal loans. . . . . . . . . | 925 | 921 | 938 | 966 | 970 | 978 | 978 | 972 | 988 | 977 | 1,014 | 1,026 |
| Change in outstanding credit: ${ }^{2} \times \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | $+200$ | $+244$ | +166 | +177 | $+234$ | $+189$ | +227 | +224 | +144 | $+164$ | $+160$ | $+139$ |
| Automobile paper. | $+100$ | $+115$ | +96 | +71 | $+49$ | $+55$ | $+65$ | $+62$ | $+74$ | +112 | $+103$ | +48 |
| Other consumer goods paper | $+10$ | $+22$ | -7 | $+22$ | +87 | +42 | +42 | $+36$ | -5 | -45 | -22 | 0 |
| Repair and modernization loans | +17 | $+17$ | $+18$ | $+16$ | $+22$ | $+16$ | $+13$ | $+29$ | $+12$ | $+17$ | $+16$ | $+3$ |
| Personal loans. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | +73 | +90 | +59 | +68 | $+76$ | $+76$ | $+107$ | $+97$ | $+63$ | $+80$ | $+63$ | $+88$ |

* Includes adjustment for differences in trading days.

1 Includes mail-order houses.
For other notes see opposite page.

REVISED ESTIMATES OF SHORT- AND INTERMEDIATE-TERM CONSUMER CREDIT-Continued
[In millions of dollars]


* Includes adjustment for differences in trading days. 2 Obtained by subtracting instalment credit repaid from instalment credit extended, except as indicated in note 3.
${ }^{3}$ Data on extensions and repayments for commercial banks and retail outlets have been adjusted to avoid duplications resulting from large ransers oftensions and rep goods paper. As a result, the differences for these institutions do not equal

Note.-Revisions for the period January 1957 to date incorporate more comprehensive information available recently from the following: commercial bank reports of condition for December 1957, Bureau of the Census annual survey of retail trade for 1957 , and annual reports for ties, and other sources. Revised data for 1958 appear in the regular tables (pp. 1324-27).
[Amounts in thousands of dollars]

| Item | All member |  |  | Classes of member banks, first half 1958 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1957 |  | $\begin{gathered} 1958- \\ \text { first } \\ \text { half } \end{gathered}$ | Central reserve city |  | Reserve city | Country |
|  | First half | Second half |  | New <br> York | Chicago |  |  |
| Earnings. <br> Interest on U. S. Government securities. <br> Interest and dividends on other securities. <br> Interest and discount on loans. <br> Service charges and fees on loans. <br> Service charges on deposit accounts. <br> ........ . . <br> Other charges, commissions, fees, etc. <br> Trust department. $\qquad$ <br> Other current earnings. | 3,262,370 | 3,508,588 | 3,514,540 | 585,189 | 138,022 | 1,392,759 | 1,398,570 |
|  | 571,415 | -596,324 | 633,018 | 80,823 | 27,607 | 236,282 | 288,306 |
|  | 159,968 | 179,483 | 199,700 | 29,816 | 8,463 | 71,022 | 90,399 |
|  | 1,989,899 | 2, 146,213 | 2,092, 146 | 347,473 | 79,714 | 849,738 | 815,221 |
|  | 33,242 | 188,561 | 37,430 | 6,949 | . 926 | 17,921 | 11,634 |
|  | 172,438 | 181,749 | 191,452 | 13,338 | 1,278 | 80,336 | 96,500 |
|  | 65,485 | 71,073 | 71,400 | 14,746 | 3,933 | 25,534 | 27,187 |
|  | 161,190 | 179,044 | 170,774 | 59,455 | 12,796 | 66,953 | 31,570 |
|  | 108,733 | 116,142 | 118,620 | 32,589 | 3,305 | 44,973 | 37,753 |
| Expenses <br> Salaries-officers. <br> Salaries and wages-others. <br> Directors' and committee members' fees <br> Interest on time deposits. <br> Interest on borrowed money. <br> Taxes other than on net income. <br> Recurring depreciation. <br> Other current expenses. | 2,022,020 | 2,200,355 | 2,239,601 | 317,908 | 72,128 | 892,300 | 957,265 |
|  | 279,503 | 312,877 | 298,626 | 33,584 | 8,933 | 104,327 | 151,782 |
|  | 612,193 | 672,692 | 652,807 | 115,713 | 24,659 | 273,230 | 239,205 |
|  | 14,209 | 16,647 | 14,866 | 54 837 | 154 | 2,830 | 11,045 |
|  | 440,163 | 487,036 | 549,249 | 54,586 | 12,269 | 232,681 | 249,713 |
|  | 22,499 | 25,376 | 9,104 | 3,531 | , 659 | 3,350 | 1,564 |
|  | 85,526 | 86,645 | 92,543 | 8,230 | 3,439 | 40,990 | 39,884 |
|  | 515,202 | 64,869 | 60,392 | 6,571 | , 628 | 21,901 | 31,292 |
|  | 515,725 | 534,213 | 562,014 | 94,856 | 21,387 | 212,991 | 232,780 |
| Net current earnings before income taxes. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1,240,350 | 1,308,233 | 1,274,939 | 267,281 | 65,894 | 500,459 | 441,305 |
| Recoveries, profits, etc. | 54,966 | 114,972 | 598,516 | 87,013 | 41,022 | 284,861 | 185,620 |
| On securities: <br> Recoveries. <br> Transfers from valuation reserves | 2,889 | 5,301 | 5,018 | 963 | 1,370 | 573 | 2,112 |
|  | 3,360 | 15,985 | 34,396 | 1,210 | 1,962 | 26,233 | 4,991 |
| Profits on securities sold or redeemed | 16,660 | 40,502 | 527,747 | 81,912 | 37,411 | 245,972 | 162,452 |
| On loans: | 7,201 | 6,836 | 7,607 | 658 | 90 | 1,075 | 5,784 |
| Transfer from valuation reserves | 12,033 | 24,815 | 7,026 | 168 | 2 | 3,758 | 3,098 |
| All other. | 12,823 | 21,534 | 16,722 | 2,102 | 187 | 7,250 | 7,183 |
| Losses, charge-offs | 236,150 | 418,913 | 353,272 | 25,629 | 26,659 | 183,113 | 117,871 |
| On securities: Losses and | 58,679 | 148,229 | 30,953 | 1,837 | 1,371 | 13,631 | 14,114 |
| Transfers to valuation reserves | 26,489 | 51,780 | 179,092 | 14,594 | 18,685 | 109,926 | 35,887 |
| On loans: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Losses and charge-offs. | 5,345 | 10,330 | 6,190 | 3 | 36 | 683 | 5,468 |
| Transfers to valuation reserves | 112,856 | 168,031 | 96,550 | 6,816 | 4,595, | 42,025 | 43,114 |
| All other.. | 32,781 | 40,543 | 40,487 | 2,379 | 1,972 | 16,848 | 19,288 |
| Profits before income taxes . . | 1,059,166 | 1,004,293 | 1,520,183 | 328,665 | 80,257 | 602,207 | 509,054 |
| Taxes on net income | 490,701 | 403,814 | 691,984 | 156,129 | 41,893 | 284,522 | 209,440 |
| Federal | 467,389 | 381,290 | 652,876 | 141,456 | 41,893 | 267,888 | 201,639 |
| State. | 23,312 | 22,524 | 39,108 | 14,673 |  | 16,634 | 7,801 |
| Net profits | 568,465 | 600,479 | 828,199 | 172,536 | 38,364 | 317,685 | 299,614 |
| Cash dividends declared | 280,730 | 323,037 | 307,034 | 77,301 | 15,384 | 124,147 | 90,202 |
| On preferred stock ${ }^{1}$ | 775 | 710 | 771 | 18 |  | 129 | 590 |
| On common stock. | 279,955 | 322,327 | 306,263 | 77,283 | 15,350 | 124,018 | 89,612 |
| Memoranda items: <br> Recoveries credited to reserves (not included in recoveries above): <br> On securities. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 998 | 1,101 | 10,702 | 155 | 1,991 | 6,225 | 2,331 |
| Losses charged to reserves (not included in losses above) | 17,529 | 26,144 | 31,733 | 8,769 | 1,154 | 10,769 | 11,041 |
|  | 21,862 | 49,532 | 9,070 | 1,560 | 162 462 | 5,497 | 1,551 |
| On loans. | 37,665 | 62,946 | 46,942 | 3,737 | 3,767 | 16,133 | 23,305 |
| Number of officers at end of period. | 62,900 | 63,410 | 65,020 | 4,392 | 1,097 | 19,413 | 40,118 |
| Number of employees at end of perio | 375,872 | 378,317 | 382,489 | 52,819 | 12,009 | 154,018 | 163,643 |
| Number of banks at end of period. | 6,438 | 6,393 | 6,354 | 18 | 14 | 280 | 6,042 |
| Ratios: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Percentage of total capital accounts: 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net current earnings before income taxes. | 17.9 | 18.2 | 17.2 | 16.8 | 18.9 | 18.3 | 16.1 |
| Net profits. | 8.2 | 8.4 | 11.2 | 10.9 | 11.0 | 11.6 | 10.9 |
| Cash dividends declared ${ }^{1}$. | 4.1 | 4.5 | 4.1 | 4.9 | 4.4 | 4.5 | 3.3 |
| Percentage of total assets: 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total earnings.... | 3.67 | 3.88 | 3.77 | 3.45 | 3.25 | 3.81 | 3.95 |
| Net current earnings before income taxes | 1.39 | 1.45 | 1.37 | 1.57 | 1.55 | 1.37 | 1.25 |
| Net profits. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | . 64 | . 66 | . 89 | 1.02 | . 90 | . 87 | . 85 |
| Percentage of earnings to related assets:2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Earnings on loans. | 5.19 | 5.46 | 5.31 | 4.40 | 4.51 | 5.38 | 5.84 |
| Interest on U. S. Government securities. | 2.47 | 2.60 | 2.56 | 2.42 | 2.38 | 2.54 | 2.64 |
| Interest and dividends on other securitieTotal capital accounts to: | 2.40 | 2.60 | 2.64 | 2.80 | 2.81 | 2.61 | 2.60 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total assets . . . . . . . . . | 7.8 | 7.9 | 8.0 | 9.4 | 8.2 | 7.5 | 7.7 |
| Total assets less Govt. securities and cash assets............. | 14.6 | 14.8 | 14.9 | 16.3 | 16.5 | 14.0 | 15.1 |
| Total deposits. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 8.7 | 8.9 | 8.9 | 11.0 | 9.2 | 8.3 | 8.5 |
| Time deposits to total deposits. <br> Interest on time deposits to time deposits ${ }^{2} . . . . . . . . . . .$. | 27.3 | 28.2 | 29.6 | 16.3 | 18.4 | 30.3 | 36.2 |
|  | 2.02 | 2.14 | 2.22 | 2.32 | 1.76 | 2.33 | 2.14 |

${ }^{1}$ Includes interest on capital notes and debentures. ${ }^{2}$ Annual basis. Note.-Includes figures for all banks that were members of the Federal Reserve System at the end of the report period (including those whose returns may cover operations for only part of the period); in addition, includes appropriate adjustments for member banks in operation during
part of the period but not at the end. The figures for assets, deposits, and capital accounts used in computing ratios are averages of the amounts reported for the call dates at the beginning and end of each period plus
last-Wednesday-of-the-month figures for intervening months. Data may not add to totals because of rounding.

## detailed debit and credit balances and related items of member firms of The NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE CARRYING MARGIN ACCOUNTS, JUNE 1951-58

[End of month figures. Amounts in millions of dollars]

| Item | 1951 | 1952 | 1953 | 1954 | 1955 | 19561 | 1958 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DEBIT BALANCES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash on hand and in banks | 364 | 365 | 282 | 309 | 337 | 322 | 324 |
| Securities borrowed. |  | 43 |  |  | 85 | 65 | 134 |
| Securities sold, delivery pending (failed to deliver) | 94 | 79 | 67 | 121 | 214 | 148 | 170 |
| Net debit balances due from member firms of national securities exchanges: Member firms of New York Stock Exchange........................ | 72 | 81 | 100 | 77 | 144 | 151 | 132 |
| Member firms of other exchanges.. | 14 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 16 | 14 | 15 |
| Net debit balances due from all other customers exclusive of firms' own partners: Secured by U. S. Government obligations. <br> Secured by other collateral | 1,275 | 1,327 | 1,684 | 1,857 | 2,768 | 2,811 | 253 |
| Net debit balances in partners' individual investment and trading accou | 10 | 9 | 7 | 10 | 14 | 21 | , 35 |
| Debit balances in firm investment and trading accounts: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| In firm investrnent accounts. | 375 | 427 | 347 | 492 | 673 | 625 | 335 |
| In firm trading and underwriting accounts............. | 43 | 42 | 37 | 41 | 35 | 38 | 486 23 |
| All other debit balances........... | 93 | 110 | 93 | 98 | 144 | 137 | 151 |
| Total. | 2,390 | 2,493 | 2,665 | 3,080 | 4,430 | 4,332 | 4,985 |
| CREDIT BALANCES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Money borrowed: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U. S. agencies of foreign banks. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U. S. banks. . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 670 | 902 | 1,196 | 1,159 | 2,075 | 2,231 | (1,743 |
| In New York Cit | 615 | 825 | 1,066 | 976 | 1,744 | 1,872 | 1,402 |
| Elsewhere. | 55 | 77 | 130 | 183 | 331 | 359 | 341 |
| From other lenders (not including members of national securities exch | 10 | 10 | 20 | 14 | 40 | 35 | 21 |
| Securities loaned. | 74 | 72 | 68 | 116 | 156 | 124 | 187 |
| Securities bought, delivery pending (failed to receive) | 94 | 85 | 67 | 123 | 218 | 156 | 181 |
| Member firms of other exchanges..... | 10 | , | 6 | 11 | 11 | 8 | 9 |
| Credit balances of other customers exclusive of firms' own partners: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Free credit balances | 834 | 708 | 653 | 838 | 919 | 837 | 1,034 |
| Other net credit balances. | 225 | 219 | 163 | 248 | 239 | 207 | 367 |
| Credit balances and money borrowed which are subordinated to general creditors under approved agreements ${ }^{3}$. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. |  | 20 |
| Net credit balances in partners' individual investment and trading accounts | 26 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 31 |  | 34 |
| Credit balances in firm investment and trading accounts...... | 13 | 16 | 16 | 45 | 62 | 34 | 82 |
| All other credit balances (except those included in next item) | 51 | 55 | 45 | 64 | 83 | 78 | 83 |
| Net balance in capital and profit and loss accounts and partners' drawing accounts | 319 | 324 | 319 | 372 | 469 | 466 | 483 |
| Total. | 2,390 | 2,493 | 2,665 | 3,080 | 4,430 | 4,332 | 4,985 |
| Memorandum: <br> Value of securities sold under repurchase agreements. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | 24 |
| Number of firms. | 289 | 292 | 287 | 278 | 299 | 303 | 316 |
| Money borrowed according to type and ownership of collateral: ${ }^{3}$ <br> Secured by customers' collateral: <br> Entirely by obligations of U. S. Government or its agencies. <br> Entirely by other securities exempted under Section 3(a) of Securities Exchange Act-1934. <br> By nonexempt securities or mixed collateral | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | 2451501,451 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Secured by firm or partners' collateral: |  |  |  |  |  |  | 204 |
| Entirely by other securities exempted under Section 3(a) of Securities Exchange Act-1934. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| By nonexempt securities or mixed collateral |  |  |  |  |  |  | 239 |

n.a. Not available. 1 Data not collected for June 1957 2 Prior to 1958 probably includes some borrowing from U.S. agencies of foreign banks. 3 Collected in 1958 for the first time

Note.-For explanation of these figures see 'Statistics on Margin Ac-Note.- For explanation of these figures see "Statistics on Margin AC-
counts" in BulLetin for September 1936. The items "net debit balances due from all other customers exclusive of firms' own partners," "money
borrowed," and "credit balances of other customers exclusive of firms" borrowed", and "credit balances of other constomers free credit balances" are conceptually identical to these own partners-free credit (including debit balances secured by and money borrowed on U. S. Government obligations), as shown in the table on Stock Market Credit, p. 1310 , but the data differ somewhat because of minor differences in coverage, statistical discrepancies in reporting, and--since June 1955 for the item "money borrowed"-the date of reporting.

## Financial Statistics

## * International $\star$

International capital transactions of the United States ..... 1350
Net gold purchases and gold stock of the United States. ..... 1358
Estimated foreign gold reserves and dollar holdings. ..... 1359
Reported gold reserves of central banks and governments. ..... 1360
Gold production ..... 1361
International Bank and Monetary Fund ..... 1362
United States balance of payments ..... 1363
Money rates in foreign countries ..... 1363
Foreign exchange rates ..... 1365
Index to statistical tables ..... 1377

Tables on the following pages include the principal available statistics of current significance relating to international capital transactions of the United States, foreign gold reserves and dollar holdings, and the balance of payments of the United States. The figures on international capital transactions are collected by the Federal Reserve Banks from banks, bankers, brokers, and
dealers in the United States in accordance with the Treasury Regulation of November 12, 1934. Other data are compiled largely from regularly published sources such as central bank statements and official statistical bulletins. Back figures for 1941 and prior years, together with descriptive text, may be obtained from the Board's publication, Banking and Monetary Statistics.

TABLE 1. SHORT-TERM LIABILITIES TO FOREIGNERS REPORTED BY BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES, BY COUNTRIES ${ }^{1}$
[Amounts outstanding, in millions of dollars]

| Date | Grand Total | In-ternational institutions ${ }^{2}$ | Foreign countries |  | Germany, Fed. Rep. of | Italy | United <br> King- <br> dom | Other Europe | Total Europe | Canada | Latin | Asia | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { Other } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total | Official ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1954-Dec. 31 | 12,919 | 1,770 | 11,149 | 6,770 | 1,373 | 579 | 640 | 3,030 | 5,621 | 1,536 | 1,906 | 1,821 | 265 |
| 1955-Dec. 31 | 13,601 | 1,881 | 11,720 | 6,953 | 1,454 | 785 | 550 | 3,357 | 6,147 | 1,032 | 2,000 | 2,181 | 360 |
| 1956--Dec. 31 | 14,939 | 1,452 | 13,487 | 8,045 | 1,835 | 930 | 1,012 | 3,089 | 6,865 | 1,516 | 2,346 | 2,415 | 346 |
| 1957-Sept. 30. | 14,844 | 1,512 | 13,332 | 7,647 | 1,664 | 1,030 | 807 | 3,069 | 6,570 | 1,650 | 2,723 | 2,015 | 373 |
| Oct. 31 | 15,270 | 1,517 | 13,753 | 7,934 | 1,573 | 1,056 | 1,161 | 3,203 | 6,993 | 1,739 | 2,672 | 1,979 | 370 |
| Nov. 30 | 15,147 | 1,538 | 13,608 | 7,817 | 1,567 | 1,021 | 1,199 | 3,192 | 6,979 | 1,735 | 2,593 | 1,946 | 356 |
| Dec. 31 | 15,154 | 1,517 | 13,637 | 7,913 | 1,557 | 1,079 | 1,275 | 3,231 | 7,142 | 1,623 | 2,575 | 1,946 | 351 |
| 1958--Jan. 31. | 15,338 | 1,619 | 13,719 | 8,017 | 1,515 | 1,084 | 1,330 | 3,314 | 7,243 | 1,597 | 2,536 | 1,962 | 382 |
| Feb. 28 | 15,310 | 1,471 | 13,840 | 8,118 | 1,494 | 1,078 | 1,244 | 3,480 | 7,297 | 1,662 | 2,515 | 2,011 | 355 |
| Mar. 31 | 15,182 | 1,377 | 13,805 | 8,016 | 1,508 | 1,066 | 1,260 | 3,504 | 7,338 | 1,626 | 2,474 | 2,002 | 365 |
| Apr. 30 | 15,059 | 1,373 | 13,685 | 7,951 | 1,549 | 1,129 | 1,021 | 3,426 | 7,125 | 1,662 | 2,552 | 2,004 | 343 |
| May 31. | 15,214 | 1,522 | 13,692 | 7,945 | 1,596 | 1,121 | 1,056 | 3,277 | 7,049 | 1,789 | 2,497 | 2,044 | 312 |
| June 30 | 15,270 | 1,454 | 13,816 | 7,927 | 1,465 | 1,071 | 1,060 | 3,361 | 6,957 | 2,001 | 2,499 | 2,072 | 288 |
| July $31{ }^{p}$. | 15,376 | 1,459 | 13,917 | 8,087 | 1,588 | 1,053 | 1,098 | 3,395 | 7,134 | 1,962 | 2,403 | 2,134 | 285 |
| Aug. $31{ }^{p}$. | 15,668 | 1,432 | 14,236 | 8,397 | 1,673 | 1,093 | 1,006 | 3,654 | 7,427 | 2,051 | 2,387 | 2,105 | 266 |
| Sept. $30^{p}$. | 15,621 | 1,478 | 14,144 | 8,379 | 1,730 | 1,087 | 1,076 | 3,659 | 7,552 | 1,944 | 2,290 | 2,084 | 273 |

Table 1a. Other Europe

| Date | Other Europe | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aus- } \\ & \text { tria } \end{aligned}$ | Belgium | Denmark | Finland | France | Greece | Neth-erlands | Norway | Portugal | Spain | Swe- | Switz-erland | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tur- } \\ & \text { key } \end{aligned}$ | Yugoslavia | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { other } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1954-Dec. 31. | 3,030 | 273 | 100 | 71 | 41 | 715 | 113 | 249 | 103 | 91 | 71 | 141 | 672 | 8 | 9 | 371 |
| 1955-Dec. 31. | 3,357 | 261 | 108 | 60 | 49 | 1,081 | 176 | 164 | 82 | 132 | 104 | 153 | 757 | 9 | 13 | 209 |
| 1956-Dec. 31. | 3,089 | 296 | 117 | 65 | 53 | 626 | 177 | 134 | 67 | 137 | 43 | 217 | 836 | 20 | 17 | 282 |
| 1957-Sept. 30. | 3,069 | 337 | 132 | 102 | 62 | 411 | 139 | 172 | 94 | 124 | 24 | 273 | 802 | 12 | 12 | 372 |
| Oct. 31. | 3,203 | 345 | 137 | 97 | 68 | 398 | 144 | 186 | 97 | 129 | 30 | 260 | 857 | 19 | 9 | 426 |
| Nov. 30. | 3,192 | 347 | 131 | 100 | 66 | 352 | 146 | 218 | 95 | 127 | 26 | 270 | 868 | 16 | 11 | 418 |
| Dec. 31. | 3,231 | 349 | 130 | 112 | 64 | 354 | 154 | 203 | 93 | 142 | 24 | 260 | 967 | 18 | 11 | 349 |
| 1958-Jan. 31.. | 3,314 | 355 | 130 | 126 | 64 | 334 | 154 | 239 | 117 | 137 | 22 | 265 | 945 | 16 | 7 | 404 |
| Feb. 28.. | 3,480 | 353 | 133 | 124 | 65 | 316 | 157 | 350 | 122 | 144 | 24 | 266 | 923 | 12 | 7 | 486 |
| Mar. 31. | 3,504 | 355 | 110 | 131 | 61 | 319 | 154 | 323 | 107 | 155 | 28 | 258 | 904 | 13 | 7 | 577 |
| Apr. 30.. | 3,426 | 353 | 118 | 142 | 59 | 322 | 142 | 295 | 108 | 157 | 27 | 257 | 875 | 12 | 5 | 553 |
| May 31. | 3,277 | 354 | 114 | 143 | 50 | 249 | 131 | 292 | 104 | 153 | 34 | 251 | 827 | 15 | 9 | 552 |
| June 30. | 3,361 | 363 | 109 | 114 | 47 | 298 | 122 | 293 | 108 | 154 | 31 | 254 | 832 | 12 |  | 620 |
| July $31{ }^{p}$ | 3,395 | 377 | 100 | 127 | 51 | 310 | 116 | 285 | 101 | 161 | 28 | 268 | 812 | 11 | 1 | 639 |
| Aug. $31{ }^{p}$. | 3,654 | 397 | 157 | 149 | 59 | 349 | 109 | 348 | 98 | 158 | 41 | 281 | 823 | 11 | 11 | 664 |
| Sept. $30{ }^{\text {p }}$. | 3,659 | 418 | 106 | 162 | 63 | 405 | 112 | 337 | 101 | 157 | 33 | 292 | 804 | 10 | 11 | 648 |

Table 1b. Latin America

${ }^{p}$ Preliminary.

[^21]TABLE I. SHORT-TERM LIABILITIES TO FOREIGNERS REPORTED BY BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES, BY COUNTRIES ${ }^{2}$-Continued
[Amounts outstanding, in millions of dollars]
Table 1c. Asia and All Other

| Date | Asia |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | All other |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Hong Kong | India | Indonesia | Iran | Israel | Japan | Korea, Re-public of | $\begin{gathered} \text { Phil- } \\ \text { ip- } \\ \text { pines } \end{gathered}$ | Taiwan | Thailand | Other | Total | Australia | $\begin{gathered} \text { Bel- } \\ \text { gian } \\ \text { Congo } \end{gathered}$ | Egypt ${ }^{\text {s }}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Union } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { South } \\ & \text { Africa } \end{aligned}\right.$ | Other |
| 1954-Dec. 31..... | 1,821 | 61 | 87 | 100 | 31 | 41 | 721 | 96 | 257 | 34 | 123 | 270 | 265 | 48 | 44 | 47 | 33 | 94 |
| 1955-Dec. 31..... | 2,181 | 55 | 73 | 174 | 37 | 53 | 893 | 88 | 252 | 39 | 138 | 380 | 360 | 75 | 42 | 72 | 53 | 119 |
| 1956-Dec. 31..... | 2,415 | 66 | 76 | 186 | 20 | 45 | 1,017 | 99 | 272 | 61 | 148 | 425 | 346 | 84 | 44 | 50 | 53 | 114 |
| 1957-Sept. 30..... | 2,015 | 72 | 82 | 179 | 49 | 53 | 570 | 106 | 215 | 76 | 163 | 450 | 373 | 81 | 39 | 54 | 47 | 152 |
| Oct. 31..... | 1,979 | 72 |  | 190 | 43 | 47 | 564 | 110 | 195 | 83 | 162 | 425 | 370 | 85 | 41 | 50 | 45 | 149 |
| Nov. 30..... | 1,946 | 71 | 89 | 187 | 42 | 46 | 555 | 112 | 174 | 85 | 159 | 426 | 356 | 88 | 42 | 45 | 39 | 146 |
| Dec. 31...... | 1,946 | 70 | 82 | 151 | 55 | 52 | 586 | 117 | 175 | 86 | 157 | 417 | 351 | 85 | 39 | 40 | 38 | 149 |
| 1958-Jan. 31..... | 1,962 | 65 | 78 | 138 | 55 | 49 | 600 | 118 | 184 | 87 | 156 | 432 | 382 | 82 | 41 | 42 | 59 | 157 |
| Feb. 28..... | 2,011 | 66 | 77 | 132 | 44 | 50 | 655 | 121 | 189 | 88 | 159 | 430 | 355 | 80 | 39 | 41 | 36 | 158 |
| Mar. 31..... | 2,002 | 68 | 79 | 89 | 52 | 48 |  | 121 | 188 | 92 | 157 | 404 | 365 | 82 | 46 | 42 | 38 | 156 |
| Apr. 30...... | 2,004 | 66 | 75 | 86 | 47 | 52 | 739 | 122 | 169 | 92 | 145 | 412 | 343 | 77 | 54 | 41 | 20 | 151 |
| May 31..... | 2,044 | 65 | 76 | 88 | 43 | 51 |  | 115 | 180 | 91 | 146 | 408 | 312 | 77 | 35 | 29 | 27 | 144 |
| June 30..... | 2,072 | 66 | 81 | 89 | 64 | 48 | 803 | 117 | 164 | 88 | 148 | 403 | 288 | 75 | 34 | 18 | 24 | 137 |
| July 31p.... | 2,134 | 68 | 80 | 89 | 55 | 51 | 858 | 119 | 168 | 91 | 145 | 411 | 285 | 86 | 35 | 16 | 22 | 126 |
| Aug. $31{ }^{p} \ldots .$. | 2,105 | 67 | 76 | 80 | 51 | 46 | 901 | 123 | 171 | 92 | 141 | 357 | 266 | 70 | 36 | 18 | 19 | 123 |
| Sept. $30^{p} \ldots$. | 2,084 | 65 | 73 | 91 | 43 | 40 | 882 | 128 | 175 | 93 | 140 | 353 | 273 | 74 | 31 | 18 | 28 | 122 |

Table 1d. Supplementary Areas and Countries ${ }^{6}$

$p$ Preliminary. n.a. Not available.
1 Short-term liabilities reported in these statistics represent principally deposits and U. S. Government obligations maturing in not more than one year from their date of issue; small amounts of bankers' acceptances and commercial paper and of liabilities payable in foreign currencies are also included. Banking liabilities to foreigners maturing in more than one year (excluded from these statistics) amounted to $\$ 5$ million on Sept. 30, 1958.
2 Includes International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, International Monetary Fund, and United Nations and other international organizations.

Represents liabilities to foreign central banks and foreign central governments and their agencies (including official purchasing missions, trade and shipping missions, diplomatic and consular establishments, etc.)

4 Includes Bank for International Settlements.
5 Part of the United Arab Republic since February 1958.
6 Except where noted, these data are based on reports by banks in the Second (New York) Federal Reserve District. They represent a
partial breakdown of the amounts shown in the "other" categories in partial break
tables 1a-lc.

7 Based on reports by banks in all Federal Reserve districts.
NoTe.-Statistics on international capital transactions of the United States are based on reports by U.S. banks, bankers, brokers, and dealers, by branches or agencies of foreign banks, by certain domestic institutions foreigners, and by the U. S. Treasury. The term "foreigner" is used to designate foreign governments, central banks, and other official institutions as well as banks, organizations, and individuals domiciled abroad and the foreign subsidiaries and offices of U.S. banks and commercial firms.
Beginning with this issue of the Bulletin, two tables have been added to the Section to show supplementary details on liabilities to and claims on foreigners, and Table 6 on page 1357 (formerly Table 4) has been changed to show net purchases of $U$. $S$. corporate securities rather than net purchases of all long-term U. S. securities.

TABLE 2. SHORT-TERM LIABILITIES TO FOREIGNERS REPORTED BY BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES, BY TYPES [In millions of dollars]

| Date, or area and country | Total | Payable in dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Payable in foreign currencies |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | To banks and official institutions |  |  |  | To all other foreigners |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Total | Deposits | U.S. Treasury bills and certificates | Other | Total | Deposits | U. S. Treasury bills and certificates | Other |  |
|  | Total amounts outstanding |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1954-Dec. 31. | 12,919 | 11,070 | 5,479 | 4,955 | 637 | 1.805 | 1,520 | 251 | 34 | 43 |
| 1955-Dec. 31. | 13,601 | 11,777 | 5,451 | 5,670 | 656 | 1,783 | 1,543 | 184 | 56 | 40 |
| 1956-Dec. 31. | 14,939 | 12,860 | 5,979 | 5,990 | 891 | 2,030 | 1,653 | 243 | 134 | 49 |
| 1957-Sept. 30............. | 14,844 | 12,528 | 5,849 | 5,537 | 1,142 | 2.244 | 1,739 | 313 | 192 | 73 |
| Oct. 31.............. | 15,270 | 12,965 | 5,849 | 5,895 | 1,221 | 2,242 | 1,736 | 295 | 210 | 63 |
| Nov. 30. | 15,147 | 12,823 | 5,677 | 5,918 | 1,229 | 2,267 | 1,794 | 263 | 210 | 57 |
| Dec. 31. | 15,154 | 12,843 | 5,871 | 5,840 | 1,132 | 2,252 | 1,766 | 278 | 209 | 59 |
| 1958-Jan. 31............. | 15,338 | 13,074 | 5,793 | 6,003 | 1,277 | 2,215 | 1,735 | 264 | 216 | 49 |
| Feb. 28.............. | 15,310 | 13,067 | 6,331 | 5,473 | 1,263 | 2,194 | 1,736 | 247 | 211 | 49 |
| Mar. 31. | 15,182 | 12,909 | 6,641 | 5,058 | 1,210 | 2, 203 | 1,800 | 212 | 190 | 71 |
| Apr. 30. | 15,059 | 12,777 | 6,792 | 4,822 | 1,164 | 2,194 | 1,812 | 215 | 167 | 87 |
| May 31. | 15,214 | 12,964 |  | 4,936 | 1,123 | 2,163 | 1,824 | 182 | 156 | 87 |
| June $30 \ldots \ldots . . . .$. | 15,270 | 12,960 | 7,092 | 4,732 | 1,135 | 2,234 | 1,919 | 183 | 132 | 77 |
|  | 15,376 15,668 | 13,122 13,366 | 7,108 | 4,907 5,204 | 1,107 | 2,185 2,230 | 1,929 1,889 | 133 216 | 122 124 | 72 |
| Sept. $30^{\circ}$. | 15,621 | 13,278 | 6,696 | 5,500 | 1,082 | 2,265 | 1,893 | 236 | 136 | 79 |
|  | Area and country detail, June 30, 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Belgium. | 109 | 64 | 49 | i | 14 | 44 | 38 | i | 6 | (i) ${ }^{-}$ |
| Denmark | 114 | 101 | 79 | 10 | 12 | 13 | 11 | (1) | 1 | (1) |
| Finland, | 47 | 45 | 34 | 6 | 5 | 2 | 2 |  |  |  |
| France.. | 298 | 226 | 199 | 11 | 16 | 64 | 57 | 4 | 4 | 8 |
| Germany, Fed. Rep. of.... | 1,465 | 1,424 | 297 | 885 | 242 | 17 | 16 | (1) | 1 | 24 |
| Greece................... | , 122 | 1. 112 | 112 |  | (1) | 10 | 10 | (1) |  |  |
| Italy....................... | 1,071 | 1,041 | 140 | $\begin{array}{r}617 \\ 158 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 284 | 30 | 24 | (1) | 6 | (1) |
| $\stackrel{\text { Netherlands............... }}{\text { Norway........... }}$ | 108 | 266 63 | 94 62 | ${ }_{(1)}^{158}$ | 14 | 45 | 41 | 2 | 3 | (1) |
| Portugal. | 154 | 118 | 116 |  | 2 | 36 | 35 | 1 | (1) |  |
| Spain.................... | 31 | 13 | 12 |  | 1 | 18 | 17 | (1) | (1) | (1) |
| Sweden..... | 254 832 | 244 | 61 421 | 128 140 | -54 | 10 134 | 10 108 | (1) | 20 | (1) |
| Turkey.................... | 12 | 9 | 9 |  | (1) | 2 | 2 |  |  | (1) |
| United Kingdom. . . . . . . . | 1,060 | 719 | 360 | 332 | 27 | 311 | 163 | 114 | 34 | 30 |
| Yugoslavia.... | $62{ }^{6}$ | 582 | 5 193 | - 270 | 1 119 | 18 38 | $1)$ 30 | 7 | 1 | (1) |
| Total Europe. | 6,957 | 6,089 | 2,596 | 2,556 | 937 | 804 | 587 | 139 | 77 | 64 |
| Canada. . | 2.001 | 1.748 | 1,168 | 560 | 21 | 245 | 207 | 27 | 11 | 7 |
| Latin America: Argentina | 140 |  |  |  |  |  |  | (1) |  | (1) |
| Bolivia..... | 23 | 7 | 7 |  | (1) | 16 | 15 |  | (1) |  |
| Brazil... | 125 | 44 | 31 | (1) | 13 | 82 | 77 | (1) | 4 | (1) |
| Chile. | 86 | 27 | 26 |  | 1 | 58 | 57 | (1) | 1 | (1) |
| Colombia. | 125 | 64 | 61 |  | 3 | 61 | 61 | (1) | 1 | (1) |
| Cuba.................... | 281 | 164 | 120 | 40 | 4 | 117 | 116 | 1 | (1) |  |
| Dominican Republic...... | 53 | 32 | 31 |  | (1) | 21 | 21 | (1) | (1) |  |
| Guatemala. . . . . . . | 64 | 46 | 24 | 18 | 4 | 18 | 18 | (1) | (1) |  |
| Mexico............ | 332 | 214 | 204 | 8 | 3 | 117 | 116 | (1) | 1 | 1 |
| Neth. W. Indies and Surinam. | 62 | 40 | 23 | 6 | 10 | 23 | 19 | 2 | 2 |  |
| Panama, Rep. of. . . . . . . | 134 | 22 | 21 | (1) | (1) | 113 | 88 | 4 | 20 | (1) |
| Peru...... | 73 | 26 | 26 |  | (1) | 47 | 44 | (1) | 3 | (1) |
| El Salvador. | 33 | 18 | 7 3 | (1) | 10 | 16 | 16 |  | (1) | (1) ${ }^{-}$ |
|  | 740 | 591 | 590 | (1) | 1 | 149 | 147 | 2 | (1) | (1) |
| Other Latin America...... | 150 | 82 | 66 | 7 | 9 | 67 | 63 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| Total Latin America. . | 2,499 | 1,493 | 1,353 | 80 | 60 | 1,003 | 948 | 15 | 40 | 3 |

${ }^{p}$ Preliminary.
${ }^{1}$ Less than $\$ 500,000$.

TABLE 2. SHORT-TERM LIABILITIES TO FOREIGNERS REPORTED BY BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES, BY TYPES-Continued
[In millions of dollars]

${ }^{1}$ Less than $\$ 500,000$.
2 Part of United Arab Republic since February 1958.

TABLE 3. SHORT-TERM CLAIMS ON FOREIGNERS REPORTED BY BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES, BY COUNTRIES 1
[Amounts outstanding, in millions of dollars]

| Date | Total | France | Ger. many, Fed. Rep. of | Italy | $\begin{gathered} \text { Switz- } \\ \text { er-- } \\ \text { land } \end{gathered}$ | United <br> King- <br> dom | Other Europe | Total Europe | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Can- } \\ & \text { ada } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Latin } \\ & \text { Amer- } \\ & \text { ica } \end{aligned}$ | Asia | $\underset{\text { other }}{\text { All }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1954-Dec. 31. | 1,387 | 14 | 70 | 20 | 16 | 173 | 109 | 402 | 76 | 728 | 143 | 37 |
| 1955-Dec. 31. | 1.549 | 12 | 88 | 30 | 26 | 109 | 158 | 423 | 144 | 706 | 233 | 43 |
| 1956-Dec. 31. | 1,946 | 18 | 157 | 43 | 29 | 104 | 216 | 568 | 157 | 840 | 337 | 43 |
| 1957-Sept. 30. | 2,154 | 113 | 150 | 54 | 32 | 110 | 212 | 671 | 111 | 931 | 389 | 52 |
| Oct. 31. | 2,250 | 106 | 138 | 54 | 35 | 124 | 207 | 665 | 177 | 953 | 407 | 48 |
| Nov. 30. | 2,201 | 108 | 136 | 54 | 37 | 111 | 213 | 659 | 147 | 959 | 387 | 49 |
| Dec. 31. | 2,229 | 114 | 140 | 58 | 34 | 109 | 223 | 680 | 154 | 960 | 386 | 50 |
| 1958-Jan. 31.. | 2,266 | 101 | 136 | 53 | 31 | 110 | 240 | 671 | 152 | 998 | 400 | 45 |
| Feb. 28. | 2,249 | 98 | 126 | 53 | 30 | 107 | 238 | 651 | 154 | 994 | 406 | 44 |
| Mar. 31. | 2,303 | 104 | 130 | 55 | 27 | 95 | 269 | 680 | 186 | 1,010 | 383 | 44 |
| Apr 30. | 2,438 | 92 | 134 | 49 | 30 | 93 | 285 | 684 | 220 | 1,026 | 460 | 48 |
| May 31.. |  |  | 140 |  |  | 93 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| June 30. | 2,479 | 84 86 | 123 | 48 | 35 31 | 105 | 273 278 | 670 669 | 271 | 1,031 | 450 | 77 76 |
| Aug. $31{ }^{\text {p }}$. | 2,594 | 84 | 111 | 48 | 33 | 133 | 325 | 734 | 265 | 1,054 | 463 | 78 |
| Sept. $30{ }^{p}$. | 2,572 | 90 | 109 | 44 | 36 | 134 | 325 | 738 | 257 | 1,048 | 450 | 79 |

$p$ Preliminary.
1 Short-term claims reported in these statistics represent principally the following items payable on demand or with a contractual maturity of not more than one year: loans made to and acceptances made for
foreigners; drafts drawn against forcigners that are being collected by banks and bankers on behalf of their customers in the United States; and foreign currency balances held abroad by banks and bankers and their customers in the United States.

TABLE 3. SHORT-TERM CLAIMS ON FOREIGNERS REPORTED BY BANKS IN THF UNITED STATES, BY COUNTRILS - Continued
[Amounts outstanding, in millions of dollars]
Table 3a. Other Europe

| Date | Other <br> Europe | Austria | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Bel- } \\ & \text { gium } \end{aligned}$ | Denmark | Finland | Greece | Neth- <br> er. <br> lands | Norway | Portugal | Spain | Sweden | Tur- key | Yugoslavia | $\underset{\text { other }}{\text { All }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1954-Dec. 31. | 109 | (2) | 20 | 10 | 3 | 3 | 16 | 2 | (2) | 4 | 4 | 41 | 1 | 5 |
| 1955-Dec. 31. | 158 | 2 | 16 | 13 | 3 | 4 | 11 | 9 | 2 | 5 | 7 | 78 | 2 | 7 |
| 1956-Dec. 31. | 216 | 7 | 28 | 12 | 4 | 4 | 21 | 23 | 2 | 8 | 13 | 88 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 7 |
| 1957-Sept. 30. | 212 | 7 | 25 | 6 | 3 | 7 | 28 | 18 | 1 | 24 | 9 | 72 | 2 | 11 |
| Oct. 31. | 207 | 7 | 24 | 9 | 4 | 7 | 26 | 16 | 1 | 10 | 9 | 81 | 2 | 13 |
| Nov. 30. | 213 | 6 | 25 | 9 | 5 | 6 | 29 | 19 | 1 | 10 | 11 | 77 | 2 | 11 |
| Dec. 31. | 223 | 6 | 33 | 11 | 4 | 6 | 29 | 23 |  | 11 | 10 | 76 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 10 |
| 1958-Jan. 31.. | 240 |  | 36 |  | 4 | 5 | 33 | 23 |  | 22 |  |  |  |  |
| Feb. 28. | 238 | 9 | 35 | 9 | 3 | 6 | 32 | 25 | 2 | 26 | 11 | 71 | 1 | 8 |
| Mar. 31. | 269 | 9 | 33 | 8 | 6 | 7 | 39 | 27 | 2 | 39 | 13 | 75 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 11 |
| Apr. 30. | 285 | 8 | $\begin{array}{r}33 \\ 35 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  |  | 42 | 29 | 2 | 45 | 17 | 81 | 1 | 10 |
| May 31.. | 288 | 5 | 35 | 7 | 5 | 7 | 46 | 24 | 2 | 49 | 18 | 81 | 1 | 9 |
| June 30... | 273 | 8 | 24 | 8 | 4 | 7 | 41 | 26 | 2 | 47 | 16 | 78 | 1 | 9 |
| July $31{ }^{\text {p }}$. | 278 | 9 | 25 | 7 | 4 | 8 | 44 | 25 | 2 | 47 | 16 | 79 | 1 | 11 |
| Aug. $31{ }^{p}$. | 325 | 9 | 75 | 8 | 3 | 8 | 42 | 25 | 2 | 60 | 14 | 67 | 1 | 13 |
| Sept. $30{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 325 | 9 | 71 | 8 | 3 | 8 | 44 | 22 | 2 | 61 | 13 | 72 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 10 |


| Date | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Latin } \\ \text { Amer-- } \\ \text { ica } \end{gathered}\right.$ | Argen- | Bo- | Brazil | Chile | $\begin{gathered} \text { Co- } \\ \text { lom- } \\ \text { bia } \end{gathered}$ | Cuba | Do-minican Re-public | Guatemala | Mex- ico | Neth erlands West Indies and Suri- | Panama, Re-public of | Peru | $\begin{gathered} \text { El } \\ \text { Sal- } \\ \text { vador } \end{gathered}$ | Uruguay | Venezuela | Other Latio <br> Amer ica |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1954-Dec. 31.. | 728 | 6 | 3 | 273 | 14 | 107 | 71 | 3 | 4 | 116 | 1 | 9 | 16 | 10 | 7 | 63 | 27 |
| 1955-Dec. 31. | 706 | 7 | 4 | 69 | 14 | 143 | 92 | 5 | 5 | 154 | 3 | 17 | 29 | 8 | 18 | 105 | 34 |
| 1956-Dec. 31 | 840 | 15 | 4 | 72 | 16 | 145 | 90 | 7 | 7 | 213 | 5 | 12 | 35 | 11 | 15 | 144 | 49 |
| 1957-Sept. 30. | 931 | 29 | 5 | 123 | 28 | 101 | 85 | 13 | 8 | 240 | 3 | 16 | 33 | 6 | 39 | 152 | 50 |
| Oct. 31. | 953 | 27 | 5 | 111 | 38 | 124 | 82 | 16 | 8 | 238 | 4 | 16 | 34 | 8 | 38 | 154 | 52 |
| Nov. 30. | 959 | 28 | 4 | 96 | 40 | 119 | 106 | 18 | 9 | 221 | 3 | 17 | 35 | 9 | 40 | 159 | 54 |
| Dec. 31. | 960 | 28 | 3 | 100 | 33 | 107 | 113 | 15 | 8 | 231 | 2 | 18 | 31 | 8 | 42 | 170 | 51 |
| 1958-Jan. 31.. | 998 | 26 | 3 | 110 | 43 | 107 | 130 | 13 | 9 | 224 | 2 | 19 | 31 | 9 | 52 | 166 | 53 |
| Feb. 28. |  | 27 | 3 | 141 | 41 | 91 | 126 | 12 | 9 | 223 | 2 | 20 | 30 |  | 53 | 158 | 52 |
| Mar. 31. | 1,010 | 26 | 3 | 168 | 40 | 89 | 116 | 12 | 9 | 224 | 3 | 24 | 35 | 6 | 47 | 157 | 51 |
| Apr. 30. | 1,026 | 23 | 3 | 184 | 42 | 85 | 114 | 10 | 9 | 245 | 3 | 23 | 37 | 6 | 43 | 152 | 48 |
| May 31... | 1,057 | 22 | 3 | 202 | 50 | 83 | 123 | 11 | 9 | 257 | 3 | 21 | 38 | 6 | 37 | 144 | 50 |
| June 30. | 1,031 | 37 | 3 | 189 | 54 | 78 | 105 | 7 | 8 | 253 | 3 | 25 | 33 | 7 | 39 | 136 | 54 |
| July $31{ }^{\text {p }}$ | 1,041 | 49 | 3 | 216 | 49 | 61 | 105 | 11 | 8 | 241 | 3 | 23 | 30 | 7 | 42 | 138 | 55 |
| Aug. ${ }_{\text {Sept }} 31^{p}$ | 1,054 | 48 | 3 | 199 183 | 48 | 61 56 | 132 126 | 14 | 8 | 245 | 3 2 | 24 | 30 28 | 10 | 45 50 | 134 125 | 55 49 |
| Sept. $30{ }^{\text {p }}$ |  | 48 | 3 |  | 47 | 56 | 126 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 49 |

Table 3c. Asia and All Other

| Date | Asia |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | All other |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Hong Kong | India | Iran | Israel | Japan | Philippines | Taiwan | Thai- | Other | Total | Australia | $\begin{gathered} \text { Bel- } \\ \text { gian } \\ \text { Congo } \end{gathered}$ | Egypl ${ }^{3}$ |  | Other |
| 1954-Dec. 31.. | 143 | 3 | 5 | 16 | 11 | 50 | 7 | 5 | 6 | 39 | 37 | 14 | 6 | 1 | 6 | 10 |
| 1955-Dec. 31. | 233 | 3 | 5 | 18 | 10 | 103 | 19 | 6 | 8 | 60 | 43 | 11 | 5 | 1 | 8 | 17 |
| 1956-Dec. 31. | 337 | 4 | 6 | 20 | 16 | 170 | 16 | 6 | 9 | 91 | 43 | 11 | 6 | 2 | 8 | 17 |
| 1957-Sept. 30. | 389 | 7 | 9 | 24 | 23 | 188 | 51 | 6 | 8 | 71 | 52 | 11 | 5 | 1 | 11 | 24 |
| Oct. 31. | 407 | 7 | 8 | 24 | 26 | 174 | 51 | 6 | 11 | 100 | 48 | 11 | 4 | 1 | 12 | 20 |
| Nov. 30. | 387 | 8 | 7 | 24 | 25 | 150 | 56 | 6 | 12 | 100 | 49 | 10 | 5 | 1 | 14 | 19 |
| Dec. 31. | 386 | 7 | 6 | 22 | 24 | 146 | 53 | 6 | 14 | 110 | 50 | 13 | 5 | 1 | 12 | 19 |
| 1958-Jan. 31. | 400 | 8 | 7 | 23 | 22 | 152 | 54 | 6 | 13 | 115 | 45 | 13 | 5 | 1 | 9 | 17 |
| Feb. 28. | 406 | 7 | 7 | 26 | 21 | 148 | 58 | 6 | 13 | 122 | 44 | 13 | 6 | 1 | 7 | 16 |
| Mar. 31. | 383 460 | 8 | 7 | 28 40 | 21 19 | 139 | 53 42 | 6 | 12 | 108 | 44 | 13 | 6 | 1 | 12 | 12 |
| May 31.. | 466 | 7 | 6 | 29 | 19 | 224 | 45 | 5 | 16 | 114 | 71 | 13 | 6 | 2 | 36 | 14 |
| June 30 | 450 | 8 | 6 | 29 | 18 | 229 | 32 | 6 | 17 | 106 | 77 | 14 | 7 | 1 | 38 | 17 |
| July 31p. | 463 | 6 | 5 | 31 | 18 | 225 | 38 | 6 | 16 | 119 | 76 | 12 | 7 | 2 | 39 | 16 |
| Aug. $31{ }^{p}$ | 463 | ${ }_{5}^{6}$ | 5 | 29 | 19 | 223 | 39 | 6 | 14 | 122 | 78 | 12 | 5 | 3 | 41 | 17 |
| Sept. $3{ }^{p}$. | 450 | 5 | 6 | 27 | 21 | 209 | 41 | 6 | 14 | 121 | 79 | 13 | 5 | 3 | 41 | 17 |

[^22]${ }^{2}$ Less than $\$ 500,000$.
${ }_{3}$ Part of the United Arab Republic since February 1958.

TABLE 4. CLAIMS ON FOREIGNERS REPORTED BY BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES, BY TYPES
[In millions of dollars]

| Date, or area and country | Long-termtotal ${ }^{1}$ | Short-term |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Payable in dollars |  |  |  |  | Payable in foreign currencies |  |  |
|  |  |  | Total | Loans to: |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Collec- } \\ \text { tions } \\ \text { out- } \\ \text { standing } \end{gathered}$ | Other | Total | Deposits with foreigners | Other |
|  |  |  |  | Banks and official institutions | Others |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Total amounts oustanding |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1954-Dec. 31............ | 441 | 1,387 | 1,176 | 449 | 142 | 301 | 283 | 211 | 173 | 38 |
| 1955-Dec. 31. | 671 | 1,549 | 1,385 | 489 | 236 | 353 | 307 | 164 | 144 | 20 |
| 1956-Dec. 31. | 839 | 1,946 | 1,796 | 582 | 330 | 440 | 444 | 150 | 131 | 19 |
| 1957-Sept. 30............. | 1,063 | 2,154 | 1,998 | 617 | 275 | 414 | 692 | 157 | 144 | 13 |
| Oct. 31............. | 1,084 | 2,250 | 2,074 | 648 | 282 | 423 | 720 | 176 | 163 | 13 |
| Nov. 30. | 1,080 | 2,201 | 2,069 | 630 | 303 | 438 | 697 | 133 | 119 | 13 |
| Dec. 31. | 1,137 | 2,229 | 2,082 | 649 | 312 | 423 | 699 | 147 | 132 | 15 |
| 1958-Jan. 31............. | 1,151 | 2,266 | 2,128 | 643 | 322 | 441 | 722 | 137 | 122 | 15 |
| Feb. 28............. | 1,185 | 2,249 | 2,125 | 622 | 337 | 432 | 734 | 125 | 110 | 15 |
| Mar. $31 . \ldots \ldots \ldots . .$. | 1,183 | 2,303 $\mathbf{2 , 4 3 8}$ | $\mathbf{2}, 147$ $\mathbf{2}, 266$ | 731 | 352 351 | 4418 | 735 736 | 156 | 140 157 | 16 |
| Apray 31. | 1,212 | 2,510 | 2, 344 | 796 | 360 | 455 | 732 | 166 | 153 | 14 |
| June 30. | 1,226 | 2,479 | 2,307 | 787 | 357 | 432 | 730 | 172 | 159 | 13 |
| July 31p ${ }^{p}$............ | 1,232 | 2,528 | 2,347 | 759 | 417 | 430 | 741 | 181 | 167 | 15 |
| $\stackrel{\text { Aug. }}{ }{ }_{\text {Sept. }} 31^{p}$. | 1,295 | 2,594 | 2,415 | 853 | 415 <br> 385 | 423 | 724 | 179 | 166 | 13 |
|  | 1,291 | 2,572 | 2,355 | 884 | 385 | 406 | 680 | 217 | 204 | 13 |
|  | Area and country detail, June 30, 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Belgium................... | 17 | 24 | 24 | 2 | 9 | 6 | 7 | 1 |  | (2) |
| Denmark................... | 2 | 8 | 8 | 1 | ${ }^{2}$ | 3 | 5 | $\left.{ }^{2}\right)$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | (2) |
| Finland................. | 17 | 4 84 | $8_{4}^{4}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | $\stackrel{(2)}{3}$ | 1 | 3 70 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | (2) |
|  |  |  | 95 | 10 | 2 | 18 |  |  | 28 |  |
| Germany, Fed. Rep. of.... | 13 | 123 | 7 | 13 | (2) | 4 | (2) | 28 | 28 | ${ }^{2}$ ) |
| Italy........................ | 14 | 48 | 48 | 18 | 3 | 10 | 17 | i | (2) | (2) |
| Netherlands. | 30 | 41 | 41 | 3 | 21 | 10 | 6 | 1 |  | (2) |
| Norway.................. | 121 | 26 | 26 | 1 | 5 | 2 | 18 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ |
| Portugal.................. | 3 | 2 | 2 | (2) | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 1 | 16 | ${ }^{2}$ ) | ${ }^{(2)}$ |  |
| Spain.................... | $21^{5}$ | 47 | 46 16 | 27 $(2)$ | 1 | 1 | 16 | 1 | 1 | (2) |
| $\xrightarrow{\text { Sweden...... }}$ | 2 | 35 | 28 | 11 | 12 | 4 | 1 | 8 | 8 | (2) |
| Turkey...................... | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 78 | 78 | 75 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 4 |  | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ |  |
| United Kingdom. . . . . . . . | 103 | 105 | 36 | 17 | 2 | 13 | 4 | 69 | 63 | 6 |
| Yugoslavia............... |  | 1 | 1 | ${ }^{(2)}$ |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| Other Europe. . | 9 | 9 | 9 | (2) | 4 | 4 | 1 | (2) | (2) | (2) |
| Total Europe. | 372 | 670 | 558 | 171 | 65 | 96 | 226 | 111 | 105 | 7 |
| Canada. | 85 | 251 | 199 | 26 | 107 | 8 | 59 | 51 | 48 | 3 |
| Latin America: <br> Argentina | 3 | 37 | 37 | 7 | 2 | 8 | 20 | $\left.{ }^{2}\right)$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ |  |
| Argentia..................... | (2) | 3 | 3 | (2) | (2) | 3 | (2) | (2) | (2) | (2) |
| Brazil.... | 212 | 189 | 189 | 63 | 14 | 27 | 84 | (2) |  | (2) |
| Chile. . | 5 | 54 | 54 | 21 | 9 | 10 | 14 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | (2) |  |
| Colombia......... | 16 79 | 78 105 | 78 105 | 18 65 | 7 15 | 24 14 | 130 | $(2)$ $(2)$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dominican Republic...... | 12 | 7 | 78 | (2) | 1 | 3 | 4 | (2) |  | (2) |
| Mexico..................... | 114 | 253 | 251 | 83 | 49 | 24 | 95 | 2 | 2 | (2) |
| Netherlands W. Indies and Surinam | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | ......... | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ |
| Panama, Rep. of. . . . . . . | 32 | 25 | 25 |  | 20 | 3 | 2 | ${ }^{(2)}$ |  | ${ }^{(2)}$ |
| Peru......... | 11 | 33 | 33 | ${ }^{2}$ | ${ }^{5}$ | 17 | 9 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ |
| EI Salvador. | 1 | 7 39 | 7 39 | $\stackrel{(2)}{17}$ | ${ }^{(2)} 5$ | 3 <br> 2 | ${ }_{15}^{3}$ |  |  |  |
| Uruguay... | 50 | 39 136 | 39 134 | 17 15 | 30 | $5 \frac{2}{2}$ | 15 37 | ${ }_{2}^{(2)}$ | ${ }_{1}{ }^{2}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ |
| Other Latin America...... | 44 | 54 | 54 | 4 | 18 | 23 | 9 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | (2) | (2) |
| Total Latin America. . | 583 | 1,031 | 1,027 | 297 | 176 | 220 | 334 | 5 | 4 | 1 |
| ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. <br> ${ }^{1}$ Represents mainly loans with an original maturity of more than one year. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

TABLE 4. CLAIMS ON FOREIGNERS REPORTED BY BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES, BY TYPES-Continued
[In millions of dollars]


TABLE 5. PURCHASES AND SALES BY FOREIGNERS OF LONG-TERM SECURITIES, BY TYPES ${ }^{1}$

| Year or month | [In millions of dollars] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Foreign stocks |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | U. S. Govt. bonds \& notes |  |  | U. S. corporate securities ${ }^{2}$ |  |  | Foreign bonds |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Purchases | Sales | Net purchases, or sales (-) | Purchases | Sales | Net purchases,or sales (-) | Purchases | Sales | Net purchases, or sales (-) | Purchases | Sales | Net purchases, or sales ( - ) |
| 1955.. 1956. 1957. | 1,341 883 666 | 812 1,018 718 | 529 -135 -52 | 1,886 1,907 1,617 | 1,730 1,615 1,423 | 156 291 194 | 693 607 699 | 509 992 1,392 | 184 -385 -693 | 664 749 593 | 878 875 622 | -214 -126 -29 |
| 1957-Aus... | 18 18 16 35 38 73 | 175 10 19 30 42 | -157 6 17 7 31 | 135 92 107 111 101 | 119 103 143 94 101 | 16 -11 -36 17 (3) | 23 49 123 38 38 | 36 80 106 97 60 | -13 -31 -18 -58 -22 | 46 41 44 36 30 | 44 46 43 28 26 | 2 -6 1 8 4 |
| 1958-Jan. | 114 | 113 | 1 | 93 | 104 | -11 | 39 | 179 | -140 | 28 | 51 | -23 |
| Feb. | 246 | 133 | 113 | 98 | 100 | -2 | 54 | 143 | -89 | 122 | 202 | -80 |
|  | 65 | 52 | 13 | 129 | 128 | 1 | 39 | 87 | -48 | 22 | 40 | -18 |
|  | 79 | 95 | -16 | 104 | 126 | -21 | 52 | 108 | -56 | 25 | 34 | - -9 |
| May | $\begin{array}{r}43 \\ \hline 269\end{array}$ | 92 | -48 | 115 | 118 | -3 -17 | 79 149 | 365 188 | -286 -39 | 24 | 48 | -23 |
| June. | 160 | 137 | -53 -23 | 136 164 1 | 153 | -17 | 149 68 | 188 148 | -39 -81 | 25 26 | 42 | -17 -22 |
| Aug. ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 52 | 61 | -9 | 137 | 149 | -12 | 39 | 89 | -50 | 27 | 43 | -16 |

1 Includes transactions of international institutions.
2 Includes small amounts of U.S. municipal securities.

TABLE 6. NET PURCHASES BY FOREIGNERS OF UNITED STATES CORPORATE SECURITIES, BY COUNTRIES ${ }^{1}$
[Net sales, ( - ). In millions of dollars]

| Year or month | Total ${ }^{2}$ | Type of security |  | Country |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Stocks | Bonds | Belgiunı | France | Neth-erlands | Switzland | United Kingdom | Other Europe | Total Europe | Canada | Latin <br> America | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { other } \end{gathered}$ |
| 1955. | 156 | 128 | 29 | 14 | 9 | -21 | 142 | 30 | 10 | 183 | -80 | 27 |  |
| 1956. | 291 | 256 | 35 | 23 | 23 | -7 | 147 | 87 | 7 | 280 | -53 | 38 | 27 |
| 1957. | 194 | 143 | 51 | 14 | 8 | 35 | 101 | 77 | 20 | 255 | -99 | 23 | 15 |
| 1957-Aug... | 16 -11 | 14 -15 | 3 4 | (3) | (3) ${ }^{\frac{2}{3}}$ | 10 2 | 16 -2 | (3) | (3) | 29 -3 | -16 -8 | - ${ }^{2}$ | 1 |
| Oct..... | -36 | -38 | 2 | (3) | -1 | -2 | -12 | -10 | 3 | -21 | -15 | (3) | ${ }^{1}$ |
| Nov. | 17 | 3 | 14 | 1 | (3) | (3) | 10 | -2 | 2 | 11 | (3) | 3 | 2 |
| Dec. | (3) | -5 | 4 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | (3) | 1 | $\left.{ }^{3}\right)$ | 1 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | , | -5 | 2 | (3) |
| 1958-Jan.. | -11 | -8 | -3 | $\left.{ }^{3}\right)$ | -4 | (3) | -2 | 4 | 1 | -1 | -10 | (3) |  |
| Feb. | -2 | -8 | 6 | 1 | -5 | -4 | -2 | 3 | 10 | 3 | -9 | 3 | 1 |
| Mar. | 1 | - 14 | 15 | (3) | 2 | 1 | $\stackrel{2}{8}$ | 3 | (3) | ${ }^{8}$ | -11 |  |  |
|  | -21 | -14 | -7 | -2 | -1 | -1 | -8 | -3 | 1 | -13 | -10 -9 | -1 | (3) |
| May. | -3 -17 | -3 -2 | $(3)$ -15 | (3) | (3) | 1 | $\stackrel{(3)}{-3}$ | -1 | - ${ }^{2}$ | 3 -3 -3 | -9 -10 | -1 | 3 1 |
| July ${ }^{\text {p }}$ | -r 6 | -14 | --9 | (3) | ${ }^{1}$ | - | $-1$ | 3 | -9 | -2 -2 | - ${ }^{(3)}$ | -8 | 1 |
| Aug. ${ }^{p}$ | -12 | -16 | 4 | (3) | 1 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | -4 | -2 | (3) | -4 | -3 | -6 | 1 |

Preliminary.
1 Includes small amounts of U.S. municipal securities.
${ }^{2}$ Includes transactions of international institutions.
3 Less than $\$ 500,000$.

TABLE 7. NET PURCHASES BY FOREIGNERS OF LONG-TERM FOREIGN SECURITIES, BY AREAS
[Net sales, ( - ). In millions of dollars]

| Year or month | International institutions | Total foreign tries | Europe | Canada | Latin Amer ica | Asia | All |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1955. | -27 | -4 | -46 | 74 | 24 | -49 | -7 |
| 1956 | -33 | -478 | 8 | -447 | 17 | -40 | -16 |
| 1957 | -384 | -338 | 231 | -552 | 15 | -45 | 13 |
| 1957-Aug. | -6 | -5 | 15 | -21 | 2 | -2 | 1 |
| Sept. |  | -39 | -9 | -30 | 2 | -1 | -1 |
| Oct.. | -77 | 96 | 86 | 13 | 1 | -4 | (1) |
| Nov. | -53 | 2 |  | 1 | -4 | -5 | (1) |
| Dec. | (1) | -18 | 6 | -14 | -3 | -7 | 1 |
| 1958-Jan.. | -135 | -27 | -6 | -6 |  | -5 | -15 |
| Feb. | -13 | -157 | -64 | -93 | - | -3 | 2 |
| Mar. | -4 | -63 | -23 | -36 | (1) | -3 | (1) |
|  | -11 | -53 -154 | 7 | -49 -129 | 4 4 4 | -3 | - -25 -25 |
| May | -156 | -154 |  | -129 -40 | 4 | -4 | -25 |
| June | -91 -17 |  |  | -40 -55 | ${ }_{1}^{2}$ | -3 |  |
| July ${ }^{\text {Aug. }}$. | -17 -15 | -85 -51 | -27 -11 | -55 -30 | 1 -8 | -4 | ${ }_{-1}$ |
| Aug. | -15 | -51 | -11 |  | -8 | -1 | -1 |

p Preliminary.
${ }^{1}$ Less than $\$ 500,000$.

TABLE 8. DEPOSITS AND OTHER DOLLAR ASSETS HELD AT FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS FOR FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTS ${ }^{1}$

| Date | Deposits | Assets in custody |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | U. S. Govt. securities ${ }^{2}$ | Miscellaneous ${ }^{3}$ |
| 1956-Dec. 31. | 322 | 3,856 | 139 |
| $\text { 1957-Oct. } 31 . .$ | 378 | 3,774 | 349 344 |
| Nec. 31.. | 356 | 3,729 | 353 |
| 1958-Jan. 31. | 249 | 3,755 | 405 |
| Feb. 28.. | 265 | 3,552 | 428 |
| Mar. 31. | 266 | 3,315 | 421 |
| Apr. 30. | 257 | 3,068 | 422 |
| June 30. | 269 | 2,974 | 491 |
| July 31 | 288 | 3,167 | 541 |
| Aug. 31. | 313 | 3,344 | 523 |
| Sept. 30 | 258 | 3,609 | 493 |
| Oct. 31. | 288 | 3,777 | 481 |

${ }^{1}$ Excludes assets held for international institutions, and earmarked gold. See note 4 at bottom of page 1358 for total gold under earmark at Federal Reserve Banks for foreign and international accounts.
${ }_{3}{ }^{2} \mathrm{U}$. S. Treasury bills, certificates of indebtedness, notes and bonds. ${ }^{3}$ Consists of bankers' acceptances, commercial paper, and foreign and international bonds.

NET GOLD PURCHASES BY THE UNITED STATES, BY COUNTRIES


1 Includes sales of gold to Belgian Congo as follows (in millions): 1950 $\$ 3.0 ; 1951, \$ 8.0 ; 1952, \$ 2.0$; and 1953, $\$ 9.9$. 2 Less than $\$ 50,000$

3 Includes purchase of $\$ 31.5$ million of gold from Spain.
${ }^{4}$ Includes sale of $\$ 168.8$ million of gold to Italy. ${ }^{5}$ Figures represent purchase of gold from, or sale to ( - ), International Monetary Fund.

ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN GOLD STOCK OF THE UNITED STATES
[In millions of dollars]

| Year |  | Gold stock (end of year) |  | Increase in total sold | Netgold import. or export (-) | Earmarked gold: decrease, or increase (-) | Domestic gold production | Month | Gold stock (end of month) |  | Increase in total gold stock | Net gold import. or export (-) |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Domes- } \\ & \text { tic gold } \\ & \text { produc- } \\ & \text { tion } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Treasury | Total ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  | Treasury | Total ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |
| 1945 |  | 20,065 | 20,083 | -547.8 | -106.3 | -356.7 | 32.0 | 1957-Oct. | 22,691 | 22,835 | 75.4 | 42.8 | 36.9 | 6.5 |
| 1946 |  | 20,529 | 20,706 | 623.1 | 311.5 | 465.4 | 51.2 | Nov | 22,763 | 22,837 | 2.4 | 34.3 | -31.2 | 5.1 |
| 1947 |  | 22,754 | 22,868 | ${ }^{2} 2,162.1$ | 1,866.3 | 210.0 | 75.8 | Dec | 22,781 | 22,857 | 20.2 | 18.8 | 2.0 | 5.5 |
| 1948 |  | 24,244 | 24.399 | 1,530.4 | 1,680.4 | $-159.2$ | 70.9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1949 |  | 24,427 | 24,563 | +164.6 | -686.5 | -495.7 | 67.3 | 1958-Jan. | 22,784 | 22,860 | 2.3 | 45.0 | -37.3 | 4.4 |
| 1950 |  | 22,706 | 22,820 | -1,743.3 | -371.3 | -1,352.4 | 80.1 | Feb. | 22,686 | 22,736 | -123.7 | 38.9 | -167.6 | 4.4 |
| 1951 |  | 22,695 |  |  |  |  |  | Ma | 22,394 | 22,487 | -248.7 | 6.0. | - 252.0 | 4.3 |
| 1952 |  | 23,187 | 23,252 | 379.8 | 684.1 | -304.8 | 67.4 | May | 21, 994 | 21,674 | - 367.8 | 17.9 | - 355.2 | 4.6 |
| 1953 |  | 22,030 | 22,091 | -1,161.9 | 2.0 | $-1,170.8$ | 69.0 | June | 21, 356 | 21,412 | -262.4 | 3.4 | -285.0 | 4.9 |
| 1954 |  | 21,713 | 21,793 | -297.2 | 16.1 | - 325.2 | 65.1 | July | 21,210 | 21,275 | -136.5 | 18.0 | -164.3 | 6.1 |
| 1955 |  | 21,690 | 21,753 | -40.9 | 97.3 | -132.4 | 65.7 | Aug. | 21.011 | 21,082 | - 193.1 | 3.7 | -196.7 | 5.4 |
| 1956 |  | 21,949 | 22,058 | 305.9 | 106.1 | 318.5 | 65.3 | Sept. | 20.874 | 20,929 | -153.2 | 71.2 | -220.2 | ${ }^{(3)}$ |
| 1957. |  | 22,781 | 22,857 | 798.8 | 104.3 | 600.1 | 63.0 |  | p20,689 | P20,740 | ${ }^{p}-189.3$ | $\left.{ }^{3}\right)$ | 4-189.0 | ${ }^{(3)}$ |

$p$ Preliminary.
1 Includes gold in Exchange Stabilization Fund. Gold in active portion of this Fund is not included in regular statistics on gold stock (Treasury gold) used in the Federal Reserve statement "Member Bank Reserves, "Ueserve Bank Crecit, and Related Items" or in the Treasury statemen "United States Money, Outstanding and in Circulation, by Kinds."
${ }_{2}$ Net after payment of $\$ 687.5$ million in gold as United States gold subcription to the International Monetary Fund.

3 Not yet available.
4 Gold held under earmark at the Federal Reserve Banks for foreign and international accounts amounted to $\$ 8,361.4$ million on Oct. $31,1958$. Gold under earmark is not included in the gold stock of the United States.
estimated gold reserves and dollar holdings of foreign countries and international INSTITUTIONS

${ }^{r}$ Revised.
${ }_{1}$ Excludes gold holdings of French Exchange Stabilization Fund.
${ }_{2}$ Excludes gold holdings of French Exchange Stabilization Fund. the French Exchange Stabilization Fund on June 26, 1957.
3 Less than $\$ 500,000$.
4 Includes Yugoslavia, Bank for International Settlements (both for
ts Includes Yugoslavia, Bank for International Settlements (both for its own and European Payments Union account), gold to be distributed
by the Tripartite Commission for Restitution of Monetary Gold, and by the Tripartite Commission for Restitution of Monetary Go ${ }_{\xi}$ Part of the United Arab Republic since February 1958.
${ }^{6}$ Excludes gold reserves of the U. S. S. R. and other Eastern European countries.
Note.-Gold and short-term dollars include reported and estimated official gold reserves, and total dollar holdings as shown in Short-term Liabilities to Foreigners Reported by Banks in the United States, by Countries (Tables 1 and 1a-1d of the preceding section). U. S. Govt. bonds and notes represent estimated holdings of such securities with origi-
nal maturities of more than one year ; these estimates are based on a nal maturities of more than one year; these estimates are based on a survey of selected U.S. banks and on monthy reports of security tra
tions. For back figures see Bulletin for March 1956, pp. 304-05.

REPORTED GOLD RESERVES OF CENTRAL BANKS AND GOVERNMENTS
[In millions of dollars]

| End of month |  | Int'l <br> Monetary <br> Fund | United States | Estimated rest of world | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Argen- } \\ & \text { tina } \end{aligned}$ | Australia | Austria | $\begin{gathered} \text { Bel- } \\ \text { gian } \\ \text { Congo } \end{gathered}$ | Belgium | Brazil | Canada | Chile | Colombia |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1952-Dec. | '36,000 | 1,692 | 23,252 | 11,055 | 287 | 112 | 52 | 80 | 706 | r320 | 896 | 42 | 76 |
| 1953-Dec. | r36,435 | 1,702 | 22,091 | 12,640 | 372 | 117 | 52 | 101 | 776 | 321 | 996 | 42 | 86 |
| 1954-Dec. | -37,080 | 1,740 | 21,793 | 13,545 | 372 | 138 | 62 | 115 | 778 | 322 | 1,080 | 42 | 86 |
| 1955-Dec. | 37,740 | 1,808 | 21,753 | 14,180 | 372 | 144 | 71 | 116 | 929 | 323 | 1,141 | 44 | 86 |
| 1956-Dec. | 38,245 | 1,692 | 22,058 | 14,495 | 224 | 107 | 71 | 122 | 928 | 324 | 1,113 | 46 | 57 |
| 1957-Sept. | 38,825 | 1,167 | 22,759 | 14,900 | 166 | 116 | 87 | 104 | 874 | 324 | 1,136 | 40 | 58 |
| Oct. |  | 1,177 | 22,835 |  | 127 | 119 | 83 | 82 | 876 | 324 | 1,136 | 40 | 60 |
| Nov. |  | 1,180 | 22,837 |  | 126 | 123 | 103 | 81 | 875 | 324 | 1,127 | 40 | 61 |
| Dec. | r38,970 | 1,180 | 22,857 | 14,935 | 126 | 126 | 103 | 81 | 913 | 324 | 1,115 | 40 | 62 |
| 1958-Jan.. |  | 1,180 | 22,860 |  | 126 | 130 | 103 | 76 | 946 | 324 | 1,116 | 40 | 63 |
| Feb. |  | 1,182 | 22,736 |  | 126 | 133 | 103 | 78 | 967 | 324 | 1,086 | 40 | 64 |
| Mar. | 39,135 | 1,186 | 22,487 | 15,460 | 126 | 136 | 103 | 86 | 998 | 324 | 1,096 | 40 | 65 |
| Apr. |  | 1,238 | 22,042 |  | 126 | 140 | 103 | 85 | 1,028 | 324 | 1,101 | 40 | 65 |
| May. |  | 1,241 | 21,674 |  |  | 143 | 103 | 84 | 1,099 | 324 | 1,089 | 40 | 66 |
| June | 39,380 | 1,242 | 21,412 | 16,725 |  | 147 | 103 | 83 | 1,143 | 325 | 1,086 | 40 | 67 |
| July. |  | 1,242 | 21,275 21,082 |  |  | 150 | 107 125 | 82 82 | 1,182 1,213 | 325 325 | 1,096 1,088 | 40 40 | 68 69 |
| Sept. | p39,450 |  | 20,929 |  |  |  | 136 |  | 1,228 |  | 1,088 |  |  |
| End of month | Costa Rica | Cuba | Denmark | $\begin{gathered} \text { Domin- } \\ \text { ican } \\ \text { Repub- } \\ \text { ific } \end{gathered}$ | Ecuador | Egypt ${ }^{2}$ | Fin- | France ${ }^{3}$ | Germany, Federal Republic of | Greece | Guatemala | India | Indonesia |
| 1952-Dec. |  | 214 | 31 | 12 | 23 | 174 | 26 | 573 | 140 | 10 | 27 | 247 | 235 |
| 1953--Dec... | 2 | 186 | 31 | 12 | 23 | 174 | 26 | 576 | 328 | 11 | 27 | 247 | 145 |
| 1954--Dec. | 2 | 186 | 31 | 12 | 23 | 174 | 31 | 576 | 626 | 11 | 27 | 247 | 81 |
| 1955-Dec. | 2 | 136 | 31 | 12 | 23 | 174 | 35 | 861 | 920 | 11 | 27 | 247 | 81 |
| 1956-Dec. | 2 | 136 | 31 | 11 | 22 | 188 | 35 | 861 | 1,494 | 10 | 27 | 247 | 45 |
| 1957-Sept. | 2 | 136 | 31 | 11 | 22 | 188 | 35 | 575 | 2,399 | 13 | 27 | 247 |  |
| Oct.. | 2 | 136 | 31 | 11 | 22 | 188 | 35 | 575 | 2,548 | 13 | 27 | 247 | 41 |
| Nov. | 2 | 136 | 31 | 11 | 22 | 188 | 35 | 575 | 2,557 | 13 | 27 | 247 | 41 |
| Dec.. | 2 | 136 | 31 | 11 | 22 | 188 | 35 | 575 | 2,542 | 13 | 27 | 247 | 39 |
| 1958-Jan... | 2 | 136 | 31 | 11 | 22 | 188 | 35 | 575 | 2,501 | 13 | 27 | 247 | 39 |
| Feb. | 2 | 136 | 31 | 11 | 22 | 188 | 35 | 575 | 2,489 | 13 | 27 | 247 | 39 |
| Mar. | 2 | 136 | 31 | 11 | 22 | 174 | 35 | 575 | 2,460 | 13 | 27 | 247 | 39 |
| Apr. | 2 | 136 | 31 | 11 | 22 | 174 | 35 | 575 | 2,492 |  | 27 | 247 | 38 |
| May... | 2 |  |  |  |  | 174 | 35 <br> 35 | 575 | 2,499 |  | 27 | 247 | 38 38 |
| June. | 2 | 136 136 | 31 31 | 11 | 22 | 174 <br> 174 | 35 <br> 35 | 575 589 | 2,575 |  | 27 | 247 247 | 38 <br> 38 |
| Aug. | 2 | 136 | 31 | 11 | 22 | 174 | 35 | 589 | 2,587 |  |  | 247 | 38 |
| Sept. | 2 |  | 31 | 11 | 22 | 174 | 35 | 589 | 2,597 |  |  |  | 38 |
| End of month | Iran | Iraq | Ire- land, Repub- <br> lic of | Italy | Lebanon | $\underset{\text { Mex- }}{\text { Mex- }}$ | Netherlands | $\begin{gathered} \text { New } \\ \text { Zealand } \end{gathered}$ | Norway | Pakistan | Peru | Philippines | Portugal |
| 1952-Dec. | 138 |  | 18 | 346 | 31 | 144 | 544 | 33 | 50 | 38 | 46 |  | 286 |
| 1953-Dec.. | 137 |  | 18 | 346 | 35 | 158 | 737 | 33 | 52 | 38 | 36 | 9 | 361 |
| 1954-Dec. | 138 |  | 18 | 346 | 63 | 62 | 796 | 33 | 45 | 38 | 35 | 9 | 429 |
| 1955-Dec.. | 138 | 8 | 18 | 352 | 74 | 142 | 865 | 33 | 45 | 48 | 35 | 16 | 428 |
| 1956-Dec.. | 138 | 14 | 18 | 338 | 77 | 167 | 844 | 33 | 50 | 49 | 35 | 22 | 448 |
| 1957-Sept. | 138 | 14 | 18 | 428 | 84 | 182 | 700 | 33 | 45 | 49 | 35 | 20 | 467 |
| Oct.. | 138 | 14 | 18 | 443 | 84 | 182 | 700 | 33 | 45 | 49 | 28 | 20 | 464 |
| Nov.. | 138 | 20 | 18 | 453 | 84 | 181 | 700 | 33 | 45 | 49 | 28 | 20 | 469 |
| Dec.. | 138 | 20 | 18 | 452 | 91 | 180 | 744 | 33 | 45 | 49 | 28 | 6 | 461 |
| 1958-Jan.. | 138 | 25 | 18 | 457 | 91 | 159 | 792 | 33 | 45 | 49 | 28 | 6 | 454 |
| Feb. . | 138 | 25 | 18 | 462 | 91 | 159 | 828 | 33 | 45 | 49 | 20 | 7 | 454 |
| Mar. | 138 | 25 | 18 | 462 | 91 | 158 | 847 | 33 | 43 | 49 | 20 | 8 | 454 |
| Apr.. | 138 | 25 | 18 | 417 | 91 | 156 | 862 | 33 | 43 | 49 | 20 | 8 | 454 |
| May. | 138 | 25 | 18 | 491 | 91 | 154 | 881 | 33 | 43 | 49 | 20 | 10 | 474 |
| June.. | 138 | 25 | 18 | 607 | 91 | 153 | 910 | 33 | 43 | 49 | 20 | 11 | 474 |
| July. . | 138 <br> 138 | 25 | 18 |  | 91 |  | 920 944 | 33 33 3 | 43 | 49 | 20 | 12 13 |  |
| Aug.... | 138 |  |  |  | 91 |  | 944 956 | 33 33 | 43 43 | 49 | 20 20 | 13 | 486 486 |

${ }^{p}$ Preliminary.
${ }^{r}$ Revised.
For other notes see following page.

REPORTED GOLD RESERVES OF CENTRAL BANKS AND GOVERNMENTS-Continued
[In millions of dollars]

| End of month | El Salvador | South Africa | Sweden | Switzerland | Syria ${ }^{2}$ | Thailand | Turkey | United Kingdom ${ }^{4}$ | Uruguay | Venezuela | Yugoslavia | Bank for Int'l Settlements | Euro- <br> pean Payments Union |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1952-Dec. | 29 | 170 | 184 | 1,411 | 14 | 113 | 143 | 1,846 | 207 | 373 | 12 | 196 | 158 |
| 1953-Dec. | 29 | 176 | 218 | 1,459 | 14 | 113 | 143 | 2,518 | 227 | 373 | 13 | 193 | 153 |
| 1954-Dec. | 29 | 199 | 265 | 1,513 | 17 | 113 | 144 | 2,762 | 227 | 403 | 14 | 196 | 153 |
| 1955-Dec. | 28 | 212 | 276 | 1,597 | 19 | 112 | 144 | 2,120 | 216 | 403 | 16 | 217 | 244 |
| 1956-Dec. | 28 | 224 | 266 | 1,676 | 19 | 112 | 144 | 2,133 | 186 | 603 | 17 | 179 | 268 |
| 1957-Sept. | 31 | 215 | 235 | 1,725 | 19 | 112 | 144 | 1,850 | 183 | 719 | 19 | 138 | 229 |
| Oct. | 31 | 215 | 226 | 1,733 | 19 | 112 | 144 | 2,093 | 183 | 719 | 13 | 130 |  |
| Nov. | 31 | 218 | 227 | 1,718 | 24 | 112 | 144 | 2,185 | 183 | 719 | 12 | 143 |  |
| Dec. | 31 | 217 | 219 | 1,718 | 24 | 112 | 144 | 2,273 | 180 | 719 | 13 | 165 | 254 |
| 1958-Jan.. | 31 | 206 | 215 | 1,727 | 24 | 112 | 144 | 2,404 | 180 | 719 | 12 | 171 |  |
| Feb. | 31 | 212 | 209 | 1,733 | 24 | 112 | 144 | 2,539 | 180 | 719 | 12 | 162 |  |
| Mar. | 31 | 193 | 203 | 1,720 | 24 | 112 | 144 | 2,770 | 180 | 719 | 14 | 182 | 126 |
| Apr. | 31 | 179 | 203 | 1,770 | 24 | 112 | 144 | 2,914 | 180 | 719 | 14 | 212 |  |
| May | 31 | 161 | 203 | 1,836 | 24 | 112 | 144 | 3,039 | 180 | 720 | 14 | 254 |  |
| June. | 31 | 159 | 204 | 1,857 | 24 | 112 | 144 | 3,076 | 180 | 720 | 14 | 200 | 126 |
| July. | 31 | 167 | 204 | 1,907 |  | 112 | 144 | 3,084 | 180 |  | 14 | 167 |  |
| Aug. . | 31 | 180 | 204 | 1,929 |  |  | 144 | 3,089 | 180 |  | 14 | 171 |  |
| Sept. . | 31 | 188 | 204 | 1,934 |  |  | 144 | 3,120 | 180 |  |  | 187 |  |

${ }^{p}$ Preliminary.
1 Excludes U.S.S.R. and other Eastern European countries.
Represents reported gold holdings of central banks and governments and international institutions, unpublished holdings of various central banks and governments, estimated holdings of British Exchange Equalizabanks and governments, estimated holdings of British Exchange Equaliza-
tion Account based on figures shown for United Kingdom, and estition Account based on figures shown for United Kingdom, and esti${ }_{2}$ Part of the United Arab Republic since February 1958.
${ }^{3}$ Represents holdings of Bank of France (holdings of French Exchange Stabilization Fund are not included).
4 Exchange Equalization Account holdinos of gold and of United ${ }^{4}$ Exchange Equalization Account holdings of gold and of United States and Canadian dollars, as reported by British Government. (Gold
reserves of Bank of England have remained unchanged at $\$ 1$ million since 1939, when Bank's holdings were transferred to Exchange Equalization Account.)

GOLD PRODUCTION
[In millions of dollars at $\$ 35$ per fine troy ounce)

| Year or month | Estimated world production (excl. U.S.S.R.) | Production reported monthly |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Africa |  |  |  | North and South America |  |  |  |  |  |  | Other |  |
|  |  |  | South | Rhodesia | Ghana | Belgian Congo | United States | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Can- } \\ & \text { ada } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mex- } \\ & \text { ico } \end{aligned}$ | Nicaragua ${ }^{1}$ | Brazil | Chile | $\begin{gathered} \text { Colom- } \\ \text { bia } \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{\text { lia }}{\text { Austra- }}$ | India |
| 1950. | 864.5 | 781.7 | 408.2 | 17.9 | 24.1 | 12.0 | 80.1 | 155.4 | 14.3 | 8.0 | 4.6 | 6.7 | 13.3 | 30.4 | 6.7 |
| 1951 | 840.0 | 763.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 15.1 |  | 7.9 |
| 1952. | 868.0 864.5 | 785.7 | 413.7 417.9 | 17.4 | 23.8 25.4 | 12.9 13.0 | 67.4 69.0 | 156.5 | 16.1 16.9 | 8.9 9.1 | 4.9 4.0 | 6.2 | 14.8 15.3 | 34.3 37 | 8.9 |
| 1954 | 913.5 | 830.4 | 462.4 | 18.8 | 27.5 | 12.8 | 65.1 | 152.8 | 13.5 | 8.2 | 4.2 | 4.4 | 13.2 | 39.1 | 8.4 |
| 1955 | 959.0 | 877.7 | 510.7 | 18.4 | 23.8 | 13.0 | 65.7 | 159.1 | 13.4 | 8.1 | 3.9 | 4.3 | 13.3 | 36.7 | 7.4 |
| 1956. | 994.0 | 914.8 | 556.2 | 18.8 | 21.9 | 13.1 | 65.3 | 153.4 | 12.3 | 7.6 | 4.3 | 3.3 | 15.3 | 36.1 | 7.3 |
| 1957. | 1,036.7 | 956.2 | 596.2 | 18.8 | 27.7 | 13.1 | 63.0 | 154.7 | 12.5 | 6.9 | 4.2 | 3.6 | 11.4 | 37.9 | 6.3 |
| 1957-Aug. |  | 81.3 | 51.1 | 1.5 | 2.4 | 1.1 | 5.8 | 12.6 | . 9 | . 6 | . 4 | . 5 | . 8 | 3.0 | . 5 |
| Sept. |  | 81.0 | 50.3 | 1.6 | 2.4 | 1.2 | 5.7 | 13.1 | 1.2 | . 6 | .3 | .2 | . 98 | 3.1 |  |
| Oct. |  | 83.5 | 50.9 | 1.6 | 2.4 | 1.1 | 6.5 | 13.9 | 1.2 | . 6 | .3 | . 4 | . 8 | 3.1 | . 5 |
| Nov.. |  | 279.0 | 49.8 | 1.6 | 2.4 | 1.0 | 5.1 | 13.1 |  | . 6 | . 3 | . 2 | 1.1 | 3.2 | . 5 |
| Dec.. |  | 278.0 | 49.0 | 1.6 | 2.4 | . 9 | 5.5 | 12.9 |  | . 5 | . 3 | . 2 | . 9 | 3.3 | . 5 |
| 1958-Jan.. |  |  | 49.6 | 1.5 | 2.5 | 1.4 | 4.4 | 13.2 |  | . 6 | . 4 |  | 1.5 | 3.2 | . 5 |
| Feb.. |  |  | 47.5 | 1.5 | 2.5 | . 9 | 4.4 | 12.5 |  | . 5 | .3 |  | 1.0 | 2.9 | . 5 |
| Mar. |  |  | 50.1 | 1.6 | 2.5 | . 9 | 4.3 | 13.7 |  | . 5 | . 4 |  | . 9 | 3.0 |  |
| Apr... |  |  | 50.3 51.6 | 1.6 | 2.4 | 1.2 |  | 13.4 |  | .6 | $\cdot 3$ |  | 1.0 | 2.9 | . 5 |
| Maye.. |  |  | 51.6 50.7 | 1.6 | 2.4 | 1.0 | 4.6 4.9 | 13.3 +13.4 |  | . 6 | . 3 |  | 1.1 |  |  |
| July... |  |  | 52.5 |  | 2.5 | . 1.9 | 6.1 | 13.2 |  | .7 | .4 |  |  |  |  |
| Aug... |  |  | 52.5 |  | 2.5 | 1.2 | 5.4 | 12.8 |  | . 7 |  |  |  |  |  |

${ }^{+}$Revised.
${ }^{1}$ Revised. exports, representing about 90 per cent of total production.
${ }_{2}$ Excluding Mexico.
Sources.-World production: estimates of U. S. Bureau of Mines. Production reported monthly: reports from individual countries except

Ghana, Belgian Congo and Brazil, data for which are from American Ghana, Belgian Congo and Brazil, data for which are from American
Bureau of Metal Statistics. For the United States, annual figures are Brom the U.S. Bureau of the Mint and monthly figures are from American Bureau of Metal Statistics.

INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR RECONSTRUCTION AND
DEVELOPMENT

| Item | 1957 |  | 1958 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sept. | Dec. | Mar. | June | Sept. |
| Dollar deposits and U. S. securities. | 524 | 602 | 683 | 917 | 900 |
| Other currencies and securities ${ }^{1} \ldots$. | 858 | 813 | 767 | 752 | 747 |
| Effective loans ${ }^{2}$ | 2,549 | 2,606 | 2,795 | 2,829 | 2,999 |
| Other assets ${ }^{3}$. | 76 | 75 | 90 | 93 | 91 |
| IBRD bonds outstanding. | 1,141 | 1,269 | 1,405 | 1,658 | 1,687 |
| Undisbursed loans. | 676 | 620 | 699 | 675 | 753 |
| Other liabilities. | 20 | 21 | 24 | 27 | 27 |
| Reserves. . | 303 | 319 | 335 | 350 | 366 |
| Capital ${ }^{3}$...................... | 1,867 | 1,867 | 1,872 | 1,881 | 1,904 |


| Area and member country ${ }^{4}$ | Loans by country, Sept. 30, 1958 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Principal | Disbursed | Repaid | Outstanding |  |
|  |  |  |  | Total | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sold } \\ \text { to } \\ \text { others } \end{gathered}$ |
| Continental Western Europe, total. | 1,282 | 1,103 | 215 | 889 | 103 |
| Austria.................... | 1,287 | 1,57 |  | 57 | 2 |
| Belgium and Luxembourg... | 173 | 143 | 17 | 126 | 31 |
| Denmark.................. | 40 | 40 | 4 | 36 | 2 |
| Finland. | 65 | 56 | 12 | 44 | 2 |
| France. | 267 | 267 | 21 | 246 | 13 |
| Italy. | 238 | 128 | 2 | 126 | 20 |
| Netherlan | 236 | 236 | 147 | 90 | 30 |
| Norway. | 75 | 58 | 1 | 57 | 2 |
| Turkey.................... | 61 | 58 | 4 | 54 |  |
| Yugoslavia. ................ | 61 | 61 | 8 | 53 |  |
| Sterling area, total | 1,361 | 957 | 110 | 847 | 113 |
| Australia. | 318 | 305 | 25 | 281 | 33 |
| Ceylon.................... | 25 | 12 |  | 12 |  |
| India.... | 507 | 294 63 | 28 13 | 266 |  |
| Pakistan................ | 126 160 | 63 152 | 13 33 | 51 119 | $\begin{array}{r}4 \\ 2 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| United Kingdom. . | 193 | 112 | 5 | 107 | 26 |
| Other.. | 32 | 19 | 6 | 13 |  |
| Latin America, total. | 804 | 626 | 83 | 544 | 23 |
| Brazil.. | 182 | 168 | 21 | 146 | ${ }^{6}$ ) |
| Chile. | 74 | 41 | 7 | 34 |  |
| Colombia | 111 | 96 | 22 | 74 | 2 |
| Ecuador. | 33 | 9 | ${ }^{6}$ | 9 |  |
| El Salvador | 24 | 23 | 1 | 21 | ${ }^{(6)}$ |
| Mexico.. | 186 | 152 | 13 | 139 | 8 |
| Nicaragua. | 23 | 19 | 5 | 14 | 1 |
| Peru... | 62 | 37 | 4 | 33 | , |
| Uruguay. | 64 | 50 | 7 | 43 | $\frac{2}{3}$ |
| Other. | 45 | 33 | 2 | 30 | 3 |
| Asia (excluding Sterling area), total | 509 | 233 | 9 | 224 | 17 |
| Iran.. | 75 | 75 |  | 75 | 5 |
| Japan.. | 244 | 110 | 4 | 106 | 9 |
| Lebanon. | 27 | 2 |  | 2 |  |
| Malaya... | 36 |  |  |  |  |
| Philippines | 21 | 5 |  | 5 |  |
| Thailand. | 107 | 41 | 5 | 36 | 2 |
| Africa (excluding Sterling area), total. | 63 | 10 | 1 | 9 | 1 |
| Ethiopia......... | 24 | 10 | 1 | 9 | 1 |
| Sudan. | 39 |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 74,019 | 2,930 | 418 | 2,512 | 8257 |

INTERNATIONAL MONETARY FUND
[End-of-month figures. In millions of dollars]


| Country | Quota |  | Cumulative net drawings on the Fund |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Paid in gold | 1957 | 1958 |  |
|  |  |  | Aug. | July | Aug. |
| Argentina. | 150 | 38 | 75 | 75 | 75 |
| Belgium. . . . . . . . | 225 | 56 | 50 | 50 | 50 |
| Bolivia. . . . . . . . . . | 10 | 3 | 7 | 8 | 8 |
| Brazil. . . . . . . . . . | 150 | 38 | 38 | 113 | 113 |
| Burma. . . . . . . . . . | 15 | 1 | 15 | 15 | 15 |
| Chile. . . . . . . . . . | 50 | 9 | 25 | 39 | 40 |
| Colombia... . . . . . | 50 | 13 | 25 | 35 | 35 |
| Denmark. . . . . . . . | 68 | 6 | 34 | 9 | 9 |
| France. . . . . . . . . . | 525 | 108 | 263 | 394 | 394 |
| Haiti. | 8 | 2 |  | 1 | 1 |
| India.............. | 400 | 28 | 200 | 200 | 200 |
| Indonesia.. . . . . . . | 110 | 16 | 55 | 55 | 55 |
| Iran.... . . . . . . . . . | 35 | 9 | 25 | 17 | 17 |
| Israel. | 8 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Japan. | 250 | 63 | 125 | 125 | 125 |
| Netherlands.... . . . | 275 | 69 |  | 64 | 64 |
| Paraguay . . . . . . . | 8 | 2 | 4 | 6 | 6 |
| Philippines. . . . . . . | 15 | 4 | 15 | 15 | 15 |
| Turkey........... | 43 | 11 | 22 | 18 | 43 |
| Union of South Africa. . . . . . . . . | 100 | 25 |  | 36 | 36 |
| United Arab Republic. | 60 | 10 | 30 | 30 | 30 |
| United Kingdom. . | 1,300 | 236 | 11. 562 | 550 | 550 |
| United States. . . . | 2,750 | 688 | 11-1,783 | 11-2,048 | 11-2,060 |
| Yugoslavia........ | 60 | 8 | 8 | 23 | 23 |

Notes to tables on international institutions:
${ }_{2}$ Currencies include demand obligations held in lieu of deposits.
2 Represents principal of authorized loans, less loans not yet effective, repayments, the net amount outstanding on loans sold or agreed to be sold to others, and exchange adjustment.
${ }^{3}$ Excludes uncalled portions of capital subscriptions
4 Loans to dependencies are included with member.
5 Includes also effective loans agreed to be sold but not yet disbursed.
Less than $\$ 500,000$.
8 Includes $\$ 336$ million in loans not yet effective.
8 includes $\$ 236$ million not guaranteed by the Bank.
9 U. S. Treasury bills purchased with proceeds of sales of gold
10 Transferred to general reserve
1 Represents sales of U. S. dollars by the Fund to member countries for local currencies, less repurchases of such currencies with dollars.

UNITED STATES BALANCE OF PAYMENTS
[Department of Commerce estimates. Quarterly totals in millions of dollars]

|  | 1955 |  |  | 1956 |  |  |  | 1957 |  |  |  | 1958 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1 | $2^{p}$ |
| Exports of goods and services, total $1 . .$. | 4,930 | 4,856 | 5,462 | 5,347 | 5,952 | 5,698 | 6,521 | 6,698 | 6,944 | 6,252 | 6,582 | 5,577 | 5,866 |
| Merchandise | 3,561 | 3,398 | 3,851 | 3,954 | 4,412 | 4,096 | 4,859 | 5,096 | 5,143 | 4,447 | 4,641 | 4,053 | 4,181 |
| Services ${ }^{2}$. | 1,369 | 1,458 | 1,611 | 1,393 | 1,540 | 1,602 | 1,662 | 1,602 | 1,801 | 1,805 | 1,941. | 1,524 | 1,685 |
| Imports of goods and services, total. . | 4,498 | 4,643 | 4,652 | 4,855 | 5,043 | 5,069 | 4,843 | 5,027 | 5,289 | 5,299 | 5,092 | 4,850 | 5,116 |
| Merchandise | 2,808 | 2,825 | 3,119 | 3,254 | 3,172 | 3,154 | 3,211 | 3,298 | 3,342 | 3,266 | 3,385 | 3,143 | 3,171 |
| Services. | 913 | 1,126 | 838 | 859 | 1,041 | 1,262 | 947 | 880 | 1,071 | 1,340 | 1,005 | 878 | 1,078 |
| Military expenditures. | 777 | 692 | 695 | 742 | 830 | 653 | 685 | 849 | 876 | 693 | 702 | 829 | 867 |
| Balance on goods and services ${ }^{1}$ | 432 | 213 | 810 | 492 | 909 | 629 | 1,678 | 1,671 | 1,655 | 953 | 1,490 | 727 | 750 |
| Unilateral transfers (net) ${ }^{3}$. | -638 | -514 | -590 | -567 | -616 | -517 | -632 | -561 | -665 | -506 | -575 | -547 | -584 |
| Private remittances and pensions | -142 | -141 | -154 | -151 | -157 | -158 | -171 | -170 | -173 | -172 | -179 | -168 | -163 |
| Government nonmilitary grants. | -496 | -373 | -436 | -416 | -459 | -359 | -461 | -391 | -492 | -334 | -396 | -379 | -421 |
| U. S. long- and short-term capital (net) ${ }^{3}$ | -593 | -244 | -567 | $-550$ | -891 | -985 | -1,180 | -1,095 | -1,557 | -551 | -971 | -927 | -1,249 |
| Private, total. . | -427 | -195 | -549 | -417 | -683 | -801 | -1,079 | -840 | -1,363 | -410 | -598 | -684 | -1,074 |
| Direct investment................ | -279 | -136 | -272 | $-288$ | -342 | -512 | -697 | -402 | -993 | -339 | -338 | -159 | $-454$ |
| Portfolio and short-term investment. | -148 | -59 | -277 | -129 | -341 | -289 | - 382 | -438 | - 370 | -71 | -260 | -525 | -620 |
| Government. | -166 | -49 | -18 | -133 | -208 | $-184$ | -101 | -255 | -194 | -141 | -373 | -243 | -175 |
| Foreign capital and gold (net). . | 560 | 507 | 218 | 621 | 445 | 661 | -189 | -377 | 305 | -256 | 164 | 577 | 1,055 |
| Increase in foreign short-term assets and Government securities. | 440 | 416 | 168 | 508 | 391 | 678 | -275 | -195 | 503 | -247 | 212 | 188 |  |
| Increase in other foreign assets..... | 86 | 106 | 58 | 125 | 157 | 147 | 113 | 166 | 127 | 18 | 50 | 19 | 12 |
| Gold sales by United States....... | 34 | -15 | -8 | -12 | -103 | -164 | -27 | -348 | -325 | -27 | -98 | 370 | 1,075 |
| Errors and omissions. | 239 | 38 | 129 | 4 | 153 | 212 | 323 | 362 | 262 | 360 | -108 | 170 | 28 |

$p$ Preliminary.
${ }^{1}$ Excluding military transfers under grants.

2 Including military transactions. 3 Minus sign indicates net outflow.

OPEN MARKET RATES
[Per cent per annum]

| Month | Canada |  | United Kingdom |  |  |  | France | Netherlands |  | Sweden | Switzerland |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Treasury bills <br> 3 months ${ }^{1}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Day-to- } \\ & \text { day } \\ & \text { money } \end{aligned}$ | Bankers' acceptances <br> 3 months | $\begin{gathered} \text { Treasury } \\ \text { bills } \\ 3 \text { months } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Day-to- } \\ \text { day } \\ \text { money } \end{gathered}$ | Bankers' allowance deposits | $\begin{gathered} \text { Day-to- } \\ \text { day } \\ \text { money }{ }^{3} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Treasury } \\ \text { bills } \\ 3 \text { months } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Day-to- } \\ \text { day } \\ \text { money } \end{gathered}$ | Loans up to <br> 3 months | Private discount rate |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1955-Dec. } \\ & \text { 1956Dec. } \end{aligned}$ | 2.59 3.61 | 2.42 3.18 | 4.22 5.07 | 4.08 4.94 | 3.10 4.15 | 2.50 3.50 | 2.99 3.55 | 1.06 3.48 | .62 3.23 | 41/4-61/2 | 1.50 1.50 |
| 1957-Sept. | 3.94 3.84 | 2.96 3.57 | 5.40 6.81 | 5.42 6.60 | 4.33 5.53 | 3.80 5.00 | 5.77 4.94 | 4.86 4.87 | 3.64 3.75 | S $\begin{aligned} & 53,4-8 \\ & 53 / 4-8\end{aligned}$ | 2.50 2.50 |
| Oct. Nov. |  | 3.57 <br> 3.52 | 6.81 6.78 | 6.60 6.54 | 5.53 5.63 | 5.00 5.00 | 4.94 4.87 | 4.87 4.66 | 3.64 3.75 3.35 |  | 2.50 2.50 |
| Dec. | 3.65 | 3.60 | 6.67 | 6.43 | 5.67 | 5.00 | 5.72 | 4.64 | 3.33 | 53/4-8 | 2.50 |
| 1958-Jan. | 3.54 | 3.34 | 6.51 | 6.27 | 5.56 | 5.00 | 5.17 | 4.43 | 3.50 | 53/4-8 | 2.50 |
| Feb. | 2.99 | 3.05 | 6.17 | 6.02 | 5.57 | 5.00 | 5.25 | 3.88 | 3.26 | 53/4-8 | 2.50 |
| Mar. | 2.44 | 2.64 |  |  | 5.23 4.71 | 4.65 4.00 | 5.96 6.78 | 3.14 3.18 |  |  | 2.50 2 |
|  | 1.65 1.56 | 1.64 | 5.47 5.24 | 5.28 5.02 | 4.71 | 4.00 3.85 | 6.78 10.04 | 3.18 2.97 | 2.93 2.39 | $53 / 48$ $51 / 41 / 2$ | 2.50 2.50 |
| Mane. | 1.56 | 1.55 | 5.24 4.65 | 5.02 4.45 | 4.53 3.95 | 3.85 3.30 | 10.04 | 2.97 2.90 | 2.39 2.34 |  | 2.50 2.50 |
| July. | 1.31 | 1.18 | 4.31 | 4.15 | 3.62 | 3.00 | 6.85 | 2.88 | 2.49 | 51/4-71/2 | 2.50 |
|  | 1.29 | . 67 | 3.98 | 3.81 | 3.36 | 2.70 | 6.97 | 2.62 | 2.08 | 51/4-71/2 | 2.50 |
| Sept. | 2.02 | . 48 | 3.82 | 3.65 | 3.17 | 2.50 |  | 2.62 | 2.16 | $51 / 4-71 / 2$ | 2.50 |

${ }_{1}^{1}$ Based on average yield of weekly tenders during the month.
${ }^{3}$ Beginning January 1957, rate shown is on private securities. Previous figures are averages of rates on government and private securities.

CENTRAL BANK RATES FOR DISCOUNTS AND ADVANCES TO COMMERCIAL BANKS ${ }^{1}$
[Per cent per annum]

| Country | Rate as of Oct. 31, 1957 |  | Changes during the last 12 months |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rate as of <br> Oct. 31, 1958 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1957 |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per } \\ & \text { cent } \end{aligned}$ | Month effective | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. |  |
| Argentina ${ }^{2}$. | 3.5 | Oct. 1948 |  | 6.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6.0 |
| Austria. | 5.0 | Nov. 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5.0 |
| Belgium | 4.5 | July 1957 |  |  |  |  | 4.25 |  |  | 4.0 | 3.75 | 3.5 |  |  | 3.5 |
| Brazil ${ }^{2}$. | 6.0 | May 1955 |  |  |  |  |  | 10.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10.0 |
| Burma . | 3.0 | Feb. 1948 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3.0 |
| Canada ${ }^{3}$. | 4.05 | Oct. 1957 | 3.83 | 3.87 | 3.50 | 3.11 | 2.52 | 1.62 | 1.79 | 1.97 | 1.12 | 1.74 | 2.52 | 3.08 | 3.08 |
| Ceylon. | 2.5 | June 1954 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . . . . . |  |  |  |  | 2.5 |
| Chile ${ }^{2}$. | 6.0 | Feb. 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6.0 |
| Colombia ${ }^{2}$. | 4.0 | July 1933 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4.0 |
| Costa Rica ${ }^{2}$ | 3.0 | Apr. 1939 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3.0 |
| Cuba ${ }^{2}$. | 4.5 | Nov, 1956 |  | 5.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5.5 |
| Denmark | 5.5 | May 1955 |  |  |  |  |  | 5.0 |  |  |  | 4.5 |  |  | 4.5 |
| Ecuador. | 10.0 | May 1948 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10.0 |
| Egypt...... | 3.0 | Nov. 1952 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3.0 |
| El Salvador ${ }^{2}$. | 4.0 | Apr. 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4.0 |
| Finland ${ }^{2}$. | 6.5 | Apr. 1956 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6.5 |
| France... | 5.0 4.0 | Aug. 1957 <br> Sept. 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4.5 | 4.5 3.0 |
| Germany. | 4.0 10.0 | Sept. 1957 May 1956 |  |  | 3.5 |  |  |  |  | 3.0 |  |  |  |  | 3.0 10.0 |
| Honduras ${ }^{4}$. | 2.0 | Jan. 1953 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . . . . |  |  | 2.0 |
| Iceland. | 7.0 | Apr. 1952 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7.0 |
| India ${ }^{\text {a }}$. | 4.0 | May 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4.0 |
| Indonesia ${ }^{2}$ | 3.0 | Apr. 1946 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3.0 |
| Iran... | 4.0 | Aug. 1948 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4.0 |
| Ireland. | 6.0 | Sept. 1957 |  |  |  |  | 5.5 |  | 5.0 |  |  |  | 4.5 |  | 4.5 |
| Israel. | 6.0 | Feb. 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6.0 |
| Italy. . | 4.0 | Apr. 1950 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3.5 |  |  |  |  | 3.5 |
| Japan ${ }^{2}$. | 8.4 4.5 | May 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7.67 |  |  | 7.3 |  | 7.3 |
| Mexico..... | 4.5 5.0 | June 1942 Aug. 1957 | ..... |  | 4.5 |  | 4.0 |  |  | 3.5 |  |  |  |  | 4.5 3.5 |
| New Zealand. | 7.0 | Oct. 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7.0 |
| Nicaragua | 6.0 | Apr. 1954 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6.0 |
| Norway.. | 3.5 | Feb. 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3.5 |
| Pakistan. | 3.0 | July 1948 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3.0 |
| Peru ${ }^{2}$. | 6.0 | Nov. 1947 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6.0 |
| Philippines. | 4.5 | Sept. 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4.5 |
| Portugal... | 2.0 | Jan. 1944 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2.0 |
| South Africa. | 4.5 | Sept. 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4.5 |
| Spain.... | 5.0 | July 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5.0 |
| Sweden. | 5.0 | July 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4.5 | ..... |  |  |  |  | 4.5 |
| Switzerland | 2.5 | May 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2.5 |
| Thailand. | 7.0 | Feb. 1945 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7.0 |
| Turkey. | 6.0 | June 1956 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6.0 |
| United Kingdom | 7.0 | Sept. 1957 |  |  |  |  | 6.0 |  | 5.5 | 5.0 |  | 4.5 |  |  | 4.5 |
| Venezuela. | 2.0 | May 1947 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2.0 |

[^23]Cuba-4.5 per cent for sugar loans and 4 per cent for loans secured by national public securities; El Salvador-3 per cent for agricultural and industrial paper and 2 per cent for special cases; Finland-rates ranging up to 7.25 per cent for longer term paper (rate shown is for 3 months commercial paper); Indonesia-various rates depending on type of paper, collateral, commodity involved, etc.; Japan-penalty rates (exceeding the basic rate shown) for borrowings from the Central bank in excess of an individual bank's quota; and Peru-4 per cent for industrial paper and mining paper, and 3 per cent for most agricultural paper.
${ }^{3}$ Since Nov. 1, 1956, the discount rate has been set each week at $1 / 4$ of one per cent above the latest average tender rate for Treasury bills; end-of-month rate shown.
${ }^{4}$ Rate shown is for advances only.
5 Since May 16,1957 this rate
5 Since May 16, 1957, this rate applies to advances against commercial paper as well as against government securities and other eligible paper.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES


[^24][^25]
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## REPRINTS

(From Federal Reserve Bulletin unless preceded by an asterisk)
The Monetary System of the United States. February 1953. 16 pages.
Influence of Credit and Monetary Measures on Economic Stability. March 1953. 16 pages.
Federal Financial Measures for Economic Stability. May 1953. 7 pages.
*Detailed Description of Sources and Methods Used in Revision of Short- and Inter-mediate-Term Consumer Credit Statistics. April 1953. 25 pages.
Department Store Sales and Stocks, by Major Departments (Revised Indexes). November 1953. 65 pages.
Federal Reserve Monthly Index of Industrial Production, 1953 Revision. December 1953. 90 pages.

New Indexes of Output of Consumer Durable Goods. May 1954. 15 pages.
Seasonal Adjustment Factors for Demand Deposits Adjusted and Currency Outside Banks. March 1955. 4 pages.
A Flow-of-Funds System of National Accounts, Annual Estimates, 1939-54. October 1955. 40 pages.
Survey of Bank Loans for Commercial and Industrial Purposes. Business Loans of Member Banks. April 1956. 14 pages. Credit Lines and Minimum Balance Requirements. June 1956. 7 pages. (Reprints on a similar Survey are available from March, May, June, July, and August 1947 Bulletins.)
Financing of Large Corporations, 1951-55. June 1956. 9 pages.
Revision of Consumer Credit Statistics. October 1956. 24 pages. (Also, similar reprint from April 1953 Bulletin.)
Index of Electricity and Gas Output. October 1956. 15 pages.
Agricultural Loan Survey. November 1956 and January, February, and March 1957 Bulletins. 52 pages.
United States Banking Organization Abroad. December 1956. 16 pages.
Summary Flow-of-Funds Accounts 1950-55. April 1957. 20 pages.

Survey of Finance Companies, Mid-1955. April 1957. 17 pages.
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Banking and Monetary Statistics, 1957. Selected series of banking and monetary statistics for 1957 only. February and May 1958. 12 pages. (Similar reprints of 1954,1955 , and 1956 data are available from earlier Bulletins.)
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Open Market Operations in Long-Term Securities. November 1958. 15 pages.

## Index to Statistical Tables

Acceptance, bankers', 1308, 1309
Agricultural loans of commercial banks, 1304, 1306
Agriculture, Govt. agency loans, 1312, 1313
Assets and liabilities (See also Foreign liabilities and claims reported by banks):

Banks and the monetary system, consolidated, 1300
Corporate, current, 1320
Domestic banks, by classes, 1301, 1304, 1306
Federal business-type activities,
by fund or activity, 1312,1313
Federal Reserve Banks, 1295, 1296
Automobiles:
Consumer instalment credit, 1324,1325 1326, 1344
Production index, 1330, 1334
Bankers' balances, 1305, 1307
(See also Foreign liabilities and claims reported by banks)
Banks and the monetary system, consolidated statement, 1300
Bonds (See also U. S. Govt. securities) : New issues, 1318, 1320
Prices and yields, 1309, 1310
Brokers and dealers in securities, bank loans to, 1304, 1306
Business expenditures on new plant and equipment, 1320
Business indexes, 1328
Business loans (See Commercial and industrial loans)
Capital accounts:
Banks, by classes, 1301, 1305, 1307
Federal Reserve Banks, 1295, 1296
Carloadings, 1328
Central banks, foreign, 1360, 1364
Coins, circulation of, 1299
Commercial banks:
Assets and liabilities, 1301, 1304
Consumer loans held, by type, 1325,1344
Number, by classes, 1301
Real estate mortgages held, by type, 1321
Commercial and industrial loans
Commercial banks, 1304
Weekly reporting member banks, 1306, 1308
Commercial paper, 1308, 1309
Commodity Credit Corporation, loans, etc., 1312, 1313
Condition statements (See Assets and liabilities)
Construction, 1328, 1334, 1335
Consumer credit:
Instalment credit, $1324,1325,1326,1327,1344$ Major parts, 1324, 1326, 1344
Noninstalment credit, by holder, 1325, 1344
Consumer durable goods output indexes, 1334
Consumer price indexes, 1328, 1340
Consumption expenditures, 1342, 1343
Corporate sales, profits, taxes, and dividends, 1319, 1320
Corporate security issues, 1318,1320
Corporate security prices and yields, 1309, 1310
Cost of living (See Consumer price indexes)
Currency in circulation, 1291, 1299
Customer credit, stock market, 1310, 1347
Debits to deposit accounts, 1298
Demand deposits:
Adjusted, banks and the monetary system, 1300
Adjusted, commercial banks, by classes, 1305
Banks, by classes, 1301, 1307
Type of holder, at commercial banks, 1305

Department stores:
Merchandising data, 1339
Sales and stocks, 1328, 1338
Deposits (See also specific types of deposits):
Adjusted, and currency, 1300
Banks, by classes, 1301, 1305, 1307
Federal Reserve Banks, 1295, 1296, 1357
Postal savings, 1300
Turnover of, 1298
Deposits, reserves, and borrowings, by class of member bank, 1293
Discount rates, 1294, 1364
Discounts and advances by Federal Reserve
Banks, 1291, 1295
Dividends, corporate, 1319, 1320
Dollar assets, foreign, 1357, 1359
Dwelling units started, 1335
Earnings and expenses, member banks, 1346
Earnings and hours, manufacturing indus-
tries, 1328, 1337
Employment, 1328, 1336, 1337
Export-Import Bank, loans, etc., 1312, 1313
Farm mortgage loans, 1312, 1321, 1322
Federal business-type activities, assets, and liabilities by fund or activity, 1312, 1313
Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, assets, etc., 1312, 1313
Federal finance:
Cash transactions, 1314
Receipts and expenditures, 1315
Treasurer's balance, 1314
Federal home loan banks, loans, etc., 1312, 1313, 1323
Federal Housing Administration,
loans, etc., $1312,1313,1321,1322,1323$
Federal National Mortgage Association,
loans, etc., 1312, 1313, 1323
Federal Reserve Banks:
Condition statement, 1295, 1296
U. S. Govt. securities held
by, 1291, 1295, 1296, 1316, 1317
Federal Reserve credit, 1291, 1295, 1296
Federal Reserve notes, 1295, 1296, 1297, 1299
Finance company paper, 1308, 1309
Foreign central banks, 1360, 1364
Foreign deposits in U. S.
banks, 1291, 1295, 1296, 1300, 1305, 1307
Foreign exchange rates, 1365
Foreign liabilities and claims reported by
banks, $1350,1352,1355,1357$
Foreign trade, 1339
Gold:
Earmarked, 1358
Net purchases by U. S., 1358
Production, 1358, 1361
Reserves of central banks and governments, 1360
Reserves of foreign countries and international institutions, 1359
Stock, 1291, 1300, 1358
Gold certificates, 1295, 1296, 1297, 1299
Govt. debt (See U. S. Govt. securities)
Gross national product, 1342, 1343
Home owners, Govt. agency loans, 1312, 1313
Hours and earnings, manufacturing industries, 1328, 1337
Industrial advances by Federal Reserve
Banks, 1295, 1296, 1297, 1298
Industrial production indexes, 1328, 1329, 1334
Instalment loans, 1324, 1325, 1326, 1327, 1344

Insurance companies, 1311, 1316, 1317, 1322
Insured commercial banks, 1303, 1304
Interbank deposits, 1301, 1305, 1307
Interest rates:
Bond yields, 1309
Business loans by banks, 1309
Federal Reserve rates, 1294, 1298
Foreign countries, 1363, 1364
Open market, 1309, 1363
Regulation V loans, 1298
Stock yields, 1309
International capital transactions of the U. S., 1350
International financial institutions, 1358, 1359, 1360, 1362
Inventories, 1343
Investments (See also specific types of investments):
Banks, by classes, 1301, 1304, 1306
Federal Reserve Banks, 1295, 1296
Govt. agencies, etc., 1312, 1313
Life insurance companies, 1311
Savings and loan associations, 1311
Labor force, 1336
Loans (See also specific types of loans):
Banks, by classes, 1301, 1304, 1306
Federal Reserve Banks, 1291, 1293, 1295, 1296, 1297, 1298
Govt. agencies, etc., 1312, 1313
Insurance companies, 1311, 1322
Savings and loan asociations, 1311, 1322
Loans insured or guaranteed, 1297, 1321, 1322, 1323
Manufacturers, production indexes, 1328, 1329, 1334
Margin requirements, 1294
Member banks:
Assets and liabilities, by classes, 1301, 1304
Borrowings at Federal Reserve Banks, 1291, 1293
Deposits and reserves, by classes, 1293
Earnings and expenses, 1346
Number, by classes, 1301
Reserve requirements, by classes, 1294
Reserves and related items, 1291
Weekly reporting series, 1306
Minerals, production indexes, 1328, 1329
Money rates (See Interest rates)
Mortgages (See Real estate loans)
Mutual savings banks, 1300, 1301, 1303, 1316, 1317, 1321
National banks, 1303
National income, 1342
National security expenditures, 1315, 1343
Nonmember banks, 1295, 1303, 1304
Payrolls, manufacturing, index, 1328
Personal income, 1343
Postal Savings System, 1300
Prices:
Consumer, 1328, 1340
Security, 1310
Wholesale commodity, 1328, 1340
Production, 1328, 1329, 1333, 1334
Profits, corporate, 1319, 1320
Real estate loans:
Commercial banks, 1304, 1306, 1321
Type of mortgage holder, 1321, 1322, 1323
Type of property mortgaged, 1321, 1322, 1323

Regulation V, loan guarantees, 1297, 1298
Reserve requirements, member banks, 1294
Reserves:
Commercial banks, 1305
Federal Reserve Banks, 1295, 1296
Foreign central banks and governments, 1360
Foreign countries and international institutions, 1359
Member banks, 1291, 1293, 1295, 1296, 1305, 1307
Residential mortgage loans, 1321, 1322, 1323
Sales finance companies, consumer
loans of, 1324, 1325, 1327, 1344
Savings, 1342
Savings deposits (See Time deposits)
Savings institutions, principal assets, 1311
Savings and loan associations, 1311, 1322
Securities, international transactions, 1356, 1357
Security issues, 1318, 1320
Silver coin and silver certificates, 1299
State member banks, 1303
State and municipal securities:
New issues, 1318
Prices and yields, 1309, 1310
States and political subdivisions:
Deposits of, 1305, 1307
Holdings of U. S. Govt. securities, 1316
Ownership of obligations of, 1304, 1311
Stock market credit, 1310, 1347
Stocks:
New issues, 1318
Prices and yields, 1309, 1310
Tax receipts, Federal, 1315
Time deposits, $1293,1300,1301,1305,1307$
Treasurer's account balance, 1314
Treasury cash, 1291, 1300
Treasury currency, 1291, 1299, 1300
Treasury deposits, 1291, 1295, 1296, 1314
Unemployment, 1336
U. S. balance of payments, 1363
U. S. Govt. balances:

Commercial bank holdings, by classes, 1305, 1307
Consolidated monetary statement, 1300
Treasury deposits at Federal Reserve
Banks, 1291, 1295, 1296, 1314
U. S. Govt. securities:

Bank holdings, $1300,1301,1304,1306$, 1316, 1317
Federal Reserve Bank holdings, 1291, 1295 1296, 1316, 1317
Foreign and international holdings, 1359
International transactions, 1356, 1357
New issues, gross proceeds, 1318
Outstanding, by type of security, 1316, 1317
Ownership of, 1316, 1317
Prices and yields, 1309, 1310
United States notes, outstanding and in circulation, 1299
Utility output index, 1333
Veterans Administration, loans, etc., 1312, 1313, 1321, 1322, 1323

Yields (See Interest rates)

## © THE FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

 b)
## BOUNDARIES OF FEDERAL RESERVE DISTRICTS AND THEIR BRANCH TERRITORIES



Legend
——Boundaries of Federal Reserve Districts
_—Boundaries of Federal Reserve Branch Territories
(3) Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

Federal Reserve Bank Cities

- Federal Reserve Branch Cities


[^0]:    Note.-This article was prepared by Winfield W. Riefler, Assistant to the Chairman, Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

[^1]:    ${ }^{1}$ See also United States Monetary Policy: Recent Thinking and Experience, Hearings before the [Flanders] Subcommittee on Economic Stabilization of the Joint Committee on the Economic Report, 83d Cong., 2 d Sess. The technical consequences of Federal Reserve operations in intermediate- and long-term Government securities are analyzed in Chairman Martin's answer to question Number 3 of the Subcommittee Report, pp. 15-26, and also in "The Federal Open Market Committee Report of Ad Hoc Subcommittee on the Government Securities Market," pp. 257-307.

[^2]:    ${ }^{2}$ The actual ratio of expansion is not a fixed amount because the funds made available by resulting credit expansion may be held in various forms that bear different relationships to the supply of reserves. For example, currency in circulation has a one-to-one relationship; demand deposits at different classes of member banks are five and one-half to one at central reserve city banks, about six to one at reserve city banks, and nine to one at country banks; the ratio for time deposits at member banks is about twenty to one; that for deposits at nonmember banks depends on what reserves they hold in vault cash and what in deposits at member banks and is indeterminable.

    The over-all relationship of the ratio of the sum of required reserves and currency in circulation to the total of all deposits in commercial banks and currency

[^3]:    ${ }^{1}$ Includes recoveries credited either to undivided profits or to valuation reserves.
    $v_{2}$ valuation reserves. losses charged either to undivided profits or to valuation reserves.
    ${ }^{3}$ This is the net of transfers from undivided profits to valuation reserves and vice versa, and of losses charged and recoveries credited to valuation reserves.

[^4]:    1 Less than $\$ 500,000$

[^5]:    banks and of country banks are estimates.
    ${ }^{3}$ Demand deposits subject to reserve requirements, i.e., gross demand deposits minus cash items reported as in process of collection and demand alances due from domestic banks.

[^6]:    ${ }_{2}^{1}$ After deducting $\$ 11,000$ participations of other Federal Reserve Banks.
    2 Less than $\$ 500$.
    ${ }^{3}$ After deducting $\$ 193,860,000$ participations of other Federal Reserve

[^7]:    1 Outside Treasury and Federal Reserve Banks. Includes any paper currency held outside the continental limits of the United States. Totals for other end-of-month dates are shown in table above; totals for Wednesday dates, in table on p. 1292.
    and Includes $\$ 156,039,431$ held as reserve against United States notes and Treasury notes of 1890.
    security against silver certificates and of silver dollars and bullion held as security against silver certificates and Treasury notes of 1890 outstanding 4 Less than $\$ 500,000$.
    5 Because some of the types of currency shown are held as collateral or reserves against other types, a grand total of all types has no special significance and is not shown. See Note for explanation of duplications.
    Nort.-There are maintained in the Treasury-(1) as a reserve for United States notes and Treasury notes of 1890 - $\$ 156,039,431$ in gold
    bullion; (2) as security for Treasury notes of 1890 -an equal dollar amount in standard silver dollars (these notes are being canceled and retired on

[^8]:    p Preliminary. ${ }^{\prime}$ Revised Postal Sapesents all commercial and savings banks, Federal Reserve Banks, Postal Savings System, and Treasury currency funds (the gold
    ${ }^{2}$ Excludes interbank time deposits; U. S. Treasurer's time deposits, open account; and deposits of Postal Savings System in banks.

    3 Prior to June 30, 1947, includes a small amount of demand deposits. - Demand deposits other than interbank and U. S. Govt., less cash thems reported as in process of collection.
    ${ }^{5}$ Seasonally adjusted series begin in 1947 and are available only for last Wednesday of the month. For back figures, see Bulletin for July 1957, pp. 828-29.

[^9]:    2 Beginning June 30, 1948, figures for various loan items are shown gross (i.e., before deduction of valuation reserves); they do not add to the total and are not entirely comparable with prior figures. Total loans continue to be shown net.
    3 Breakdowns of loan, investment, and deposit classifications are not available prior to 1947; summary figures for earlier dates appear in the preceding table.

[^10]:    1 Demand deposits other than interbank and U. S. Govt., less cash items reported as in process of collection.

[^11]:    n. a. Not available.
    ${ }^{1}$ Monthly and weekly yields are averages of daily figures for U.S. Govt. and corporate bonds. Yields of State and local govt. general obligations are based on Thursday figures; and of preferred stocks, on Wednesday figures. Figures for common stocks are as of the end of the period, except for annual averages.
    ${ }^{2}$ Series is based on bonds maturing or callable in 10 years or more. ${ }^{3}$ Moody's Investors Service. State and local govt. bonds include general obligations only.

[^12]:    c Corrected. n.a. Not available.
    1 Figures are for all savings and loan associations in the United States. Data beginning 1950 are based on monthly reports of insured associa tions and annual reports of noninsured associations. Data prior to 1950 are based entirely on annual reports.
    2 Includes gross mortgages with no deduction for mortgage pledged shares.

[^13]:    ${ }^{1}$ Direct public issues.
    2 Includes minor amounts of Panama Canal and Postal Savings bonds.
    Note.-Commercial banks, mutual savings banks, and insurance com-
    panies included in the survey accounts for over 90 per cent of total holdings
    by these institutions. Data are complete for U. S. Govt. agencies and trust funds and Federal Reserve Banks.

[^14]:    Corporate and noncorporate business, excluding agriculture

[^15]:    1 Operations beginning Nov. 1, 1954, are on the basis of FNMA's new charter, under which it maintains three separate programs: secondary market, special assistance, and management and liquidation.
    Source.-Federal National Mortgage Association.

[^16]:    ${ }_{2}$ Secured or unsecured loans maturing in one year or less.
    ${ }^{2}$ Secured loans, amortized quarterly, having maturities or more than one year but not more than ten years.
    Source.-Federal Home Loan Bank Board.

[^17]:    ${ }^{r}$ Revised. See note to table above
    1 Consumer finance companies included with "other" financial institu-

[^18]:    2 Includes mail-order houses.
    ${ }^{3}$ Represents automobile paper only; other instalment credit held by automobile dealers is included with "other" retail outlets.

[^19]:    ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. $\quad{ }^{r}$ Revised.

[^20]:    Preliminary.
    1 Monthly data are seasonally adjusted totals at annual rates.
    2 Represents compensation for injuries, employer contributions to peivate pension and welfare funds, and other payments.
    3 Represents business and professional income, farm income, and rental income of unincorporated enterprise; also a noncorporate inventory valuation adjustment.

    4 Represents government social insurance benefits, direct relief, mus-tering-out pay, veterans' readjustment allowances and other payments, as

[^21]:    For other notes see following page.

[^22]:    $p$ Preliminary.
    1 See note 1 on preceding page.

[^23]:    ${ }^{1}$ Rates shown represent mainly those at which the central bank either discounts or makes advances against eligible commercial paper and/or government securities for commercial banks or brokers. For countries with more than one rate applicable to such discounts or advances, the rate shown is the one at which the largest proportion of central bank credit operations is understood to be transa
    rates for these countries are given in note 2
    2 Discounts or advances at other rates include: Argentina-3 and 5 per cent for certain rural and industrial paper, depending on type of transaction; Brazil-8 per cent for secured paper and 4 per cent for certain agricultural paper; Chile-rates of more than 6 per cent for rediscounts in excess of 50 per cent of the rediscounting bank's capital and reserves, and 2 and 4 per cent for certain types of agricultural paper; Colombia-3 per cent for agricultural paper and for loans on products in bonded warehouses; Costa Rica- 5 per cent for paper related to commercial transactions (rate shown is for agricultural and industrial paper);

[^24]:    1 Official rate. The basic and preferential rates were discontinued and the new official rate of 18 pesos per U.S. dollar became effective Oct. 28,1955 .
    $28,1955$.
    3 Effective Sept. 16, 1957, the Finnish markka was devalued from 230 to $\mathbf{3 2 0}$ markkaa per U. S. dollar.

[^25]:    4 On Aug. 12, 1957, the French authorities established an effective rate of 420 francs per U. S. dollar applicable to most foreign exchange transactions. Since Oct. 28, 1957, this rate has applied to all foreign exchange transactions. The official rate of 350 francs per U.S. dollar was changed o 420 francs on June 23, 1958.
    ${ }_{6}$ Based on quotations through June 20, 1958.

