FEDERAL RESERVE BULLETIN

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BOARD OF GOVERNORS OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

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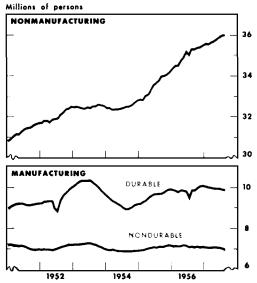
Labor Market Developments

THE LABOR MARKET this year has reflected an economy operating at advanced levels but with some divergent trends. Employment increased to midyear and has since continued at or near record levels. Additions to the labor force have been readily absorbed into productive activity, and unemployment has remained at the low rate which has prevailed since early 1955. Wage rates have increased further, influenced by continued strong demands for many types of labor and by rising consumer prices, and total wages and salaries reached a new high in August.

The rise in employment this year, however, has not been so large as in 1955 or 1956 when economic expansion was more rapid and general. In agriculture, employment declines have apparently resumed after a period of stability. In nonfarm activities in recent months employment, seasonally adjusted, has been relatively steady; expansion beyond previous record levels in some activities has offset contraction in others. Demands for labor have been strongest in nonmanufacturing activities, as can be seen in the chart. Employment in trade, services, and State and local governments has risen sharply and without interruption since mid-1954. Construction employment has stabilized this year following a rapid rise.

In manufacturing, employment changed little last year, and so far this year the number of workers and average hours of work have drifted downward. Lower levels of employment reflect mainly small declines among the different manufactur-

NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT



NOTE.—Bureau of Labor Statistics data adjusted for seasonal variation. Latest figures are for August 1957 (preliminary).

ing industries. Recent curtailment in the defense program has reduced employment somewhat in aircraft and related activities where it had expanded in the last half of 1956 and early 1957. Declines this year have occurred entirely among production workers; the number of professional, managerial, and clerical workers on manufacturing payrolls has continued to increase.

In most major labor market areas, supply and demand for workers appear to be well balanced currently. There are relatively few major areas with substantial labor surpluses—about the same number as a year ago—and these include mainly textile and coal-mining towns where the unemployment

problem has prevailed over a long period. Shortages of professional, technical, and skilled workers persist despite some easing from the influx of recent graduates into the labor market and from curtailments in some activities.

WAGES

Wages have risen further this spring and summer, and in August weekly earnings in manufacturing were 3.5 per cent larger than a year earlier. As in most of the postwar period, rising wages accompanied advanced levels of economic activity, expanding employment, and low unemployment.

The sustained rise in consumer prices since early 1956 has been an additional important factor in wage determination. The number of labor-management contracts containing cost-of-living escalator clauses has increased sharply. Relatively large wage increases negotiated in recent months in the rubber, petroleum, construction, and other major industries were also influenced by higher living costs. Moreover, in activities largely outside the sphere of direct union bargaining, wages have advanced to new highs under the pressure of rising living costs as well as expanding demand for labor. Although in some industries wages have increased more sharply than prices since early 1956, the rise in average earnings for the economy as a whole, as well as for production workers in manufacturing, has been largely matched by the increase in consumer prices.

Money earnings in manufacturing have increased substantially in the postwar period, but increases in real earnings have been significant only in those periods when consumer prices were relatively steady, as may be seen in the table. During periods of

CONSUMER PRICES AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS IN MANUFACTURING

| | Percentage i | ncrease, or c | lecrease (–) |
|---|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Period | Consumer price index | Average weekly earnings | Average hourly earnings |
| 24 months ending: | | | |
| July 1948 July 1950 July 1952 July 1954 July 1956 | 23.3 -1.3 10.9 1.0 1.6 | 24.4 9.7 11.2 7.7 10.8 | 24.8 7.4 13.0 9.1 8.9 |
| 16 months ending: | | | |
| July 1957 | 5.3 | 4.3 | 6.2 |

Note.-Bureau of Labor Statistics data.

rapid price increase, money wages have about kept pace with the cost of living, and any gains in real earnings have been very small or confined to those industries where employees have relatively strong bargaining power. In nonmanufacturing activities, also, advances in money earnings have been fairly steady and widespread, but gains in real earnings have occurred only during periods of stable consumer prices. In most of these lines, however, money wages have not adjusted to rising prices as promptly as they have in manufacturing.

Collective bargaining. Long-term agreements, effective for two, three, or even five years and generally providing for fixed annual wage increases, have spread rapidly and have become an outstanding feature of collective bargaining. In 1956 such agreements were negotiated for the first time in the steel, meatpacking, and railroad industries. This year, their use has been extended further in the construction and transportation industries. More than 5.5 million workers will receive automatic wage increases in 1957, compared with 2 million in 1956.

Long-term agreements with fixed annual wage increases also frequently contain escalator clauses providing for quarterly or semi-annual wage adjustments for changes in consumer prices. This year cost-of-living adjustments will be given to a record number of more than 4 million workers who will also receive automatic wage increases. In addition, at least 300,000 unorganized workers, mainly office workers in establishments where plant workers are under collective agreements, are covered by such clauses.

Supplementary benefits—for the most part not reflected in the statistics on earnings—have continued to expand. Extension of pension and insurance programs has been a feature of collective bargaining contracts in 1956 and 1957, as in immediately preceding years. The amount of paid leisure time provided in contracts has also increased: vacation periods for employees have lengthened and, in addition, seven or eight paid holidays a year are now more frequent.

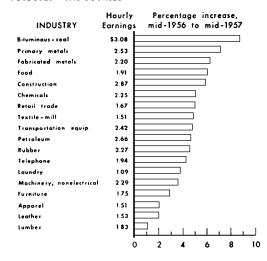
Also important, although outside the scope of collective bargaining, is liberalization of the Federal Social Security program. In late 1956 women became eligible for retirement benefits at age 62 rather than 65. Coverage was extended to additional professional persons and self-employed farmers. Separate legislation extended contributory coverage to members of the armed forces. Effective January 1, 1957, contribution rates for old age and survivors insurance were increased in order to finance disability pensions.

Recent wage changes. Hourly earnings in manufacturing increased at about the same rate in the past 12 months as during each of the preceding two years. In August average hourly earnings, at \$2.07, were 9 cents or 4.5 per cent higher than a

year earlier. Much of this increase occurred in the latter part of 1956. In general, wage gains tend to be concentrated in the second half of the year, in part reflecting the cluster of many major renegotiations around the middle of the year and the timing of wage increases provided by long-term contracts. So far this year, however, average factory hourly earnings have risen somewhat less than in the comparable months of 1956. Some slackening in industrial activity and in requirements for labor has been accompanied by further curtailment of overtime work, so that rising wage rates have been offset in part by declines in premium pay. In March 1956, moreover, an increase in minimum wages from \$.75 to \$1.00 affected many workers in low-paying industries.

Wage increases have been widespread but have varied considerably among industries, as can be seen in the chart. Workers em-

AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS SELECTED INDUSTRIES



Note.—Bureau of Labor Statistics data for earnings in selected industries. For manufacturing industries hourly earnings shown are for August 1957 (preliminary) and the annual increase is from August 1956. For the bituminous-coal, construction, trade, telephone, and laundry industries, hourly earnings are for July 1957 and the annual increase is from July 1956.

ployed in manufacturing industries covered by contracts containing cost-of-living provisions, such as metals, meatpacking, transportation equipment, and machinery, or employed in industries where demands have remained relatively strong, have in many instances obtained large increases in the 12-month period. However, increases have been small in industries, such as lumber, in which demands have continued to lag or in low-paying nondurable goods industries, such as apparel and leather.

Weekly earnings have increased less than hourly earnings in manufacturing since the fall of 1955, because of the gradual decline in the length of the work week. At \$82.59 in August, weekly earnings were \$2.80 or 3.5 per cent higher than a year earlier. Changes over the year in weekly earnings varied somewhat more than those in hourly earnings, reflecting diverse movements among industries in the length of the work week as well as in rates of pay. The largest increases, more than \$5 per week, were in the primary and fabricated metals, rubber, and chemicals industries.

Increases in earnings have also been widespread in nonmanufacturing industries. Here, too, the work week has been reduced in many lines, and weekly earnings have advanced somewhat less than hourly earnings. The largest gains in hourly earnings in nonmanufacturing have been in coal mining and construction. Coal miners received an hourly increase of 15 cents on October 1, 1956 and 10 cents more on April 1, 1957. Increases have been widespread in the building trades and average hourly earnings rose more than 6 per cent, a larger gain than in the preceding 12 months. Railroad workers, under the terms of a three-year contract, received an increase of 12.5 cents an hour in November 1956, with additional increases of 7 cents an hour scheduled for November 1957 and for November 1958. This contract also provides for semiannual cost-of-living wage adjustments. In a number of the service industries percentage gains in wages were generally smaller than the average for nonmanufacturing activities. Salaries of State and local government employees rose further but basic salary rates for Federal government classified employees have remained unchanged this year.

LABOR FORCE

The labor force has grown much less in 1957 than in the two preceding years. In the second quarter the labor force, seasonally adjusted, averaged 71 million persons, about 300,000 higher than the year before. After increasing through July the labor force was reduced somewhat in August, mainly because of a sharp decline in farm employment.

Demands for additional labor in 1955 and 1956 greatly exceeded the growth in the population of working age. In these circumstances an unusually large number of women, teenage youths, and older men found employment and the labor force increased more than had been expected. These groups ordinarily are in the labor force in relatively small proportions.

In 1957 labor force participation among men 25-55 years of age, almost all of whom are in the labor force and employed, continued to be very steady, as in past years. However, the labor force participation rates of the more marginal groups, which expanded earlier, have tended to stabilize and in some instances have declined. This development has been associated with larger school enrollments and increased coverage of private and government pension programs, as well as some reduction in job op-

portunities for workers in the more marginal groups. The proportion of women aged 35-64 years in the labor force is now 42 per cent, which is about the same proportion as a year ago and compares with 35 per cent in 1950. Among married women in this age group, who accounted for a large part of the 1955-56 expansion in the labor force, the labor force rate has also changed little this year. For teenage youths and older men, the downward trend in participation rates appears to have been resumed, following earlier increases.

UNEMPLOYMENT AND EMPLOYMENT

Unemployment has remained low in 1957, reflecting the advanced level of economic activity. In August, unemployment numbered 2.6 million persons, or 3.8 per cent of the labor force. After allowance for seasonal influences, the unemployment rate since early 1955 has fluctuated in a narrow range close to 4 per cent of the civilian labor force, as the chart shows. Over the same period, with persistent pressures for expansion, the labor force and employment increased more than 3 million.

In general, turnover among the unemployed has been rapid and duration of unemployment short, as might be expected when demands for labor are strong. In August, as in most recent months, about one-half of the unemployed had been looking for work less than 5 weeks. Relatively few persons had been unemployed for long periods; the number unemployed 15 weeks or longer, at around 500,000, was less than one per cent of the civilian labor force.

Unemployment has also changed little among major population groups except for seasonal fluctuations. For each age group over 24 years, the unemployment rate in recent years has been consistently below the

average. The rate for married men living with their families has remained very low, amounting to about 2.3 per cent in August. Unemployment rates have been highest among youths starting their working careers or students looking for part-time work; this is normal for a high-employment period.

UNEMPLOYMENT RATE



Note.—Bureau of Census data adjusted for seasonal variation. The unemployment rate is the percentage of the civilian labor force unemployed. Beginning 1957 persons waiting to start new wage and salary jobs and those on temporary layoff, previously considered as employed, are classified as unemployed. Data for January 1957 are shown on the old and new basis, and on the new basis thereafter. Latest figure is for August 1957.

Slower growth of employment this year is in part attributable to a sharp drop in employment on farms. Nonfarm employment has continued to rise, although not so rapidly as in the two preceding years.

Farm employment in 1957 has averaged 400,000 below the comparable months of 1956. The decline appears to be in part a resumption of the long-term downward trend, following relative stability from mid-1953 to mid-1956. Extension of old-age benefits to farmers after mid-1956 also reduced the number of older farmers in the labor force.

NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT

Employment in nonfarm establishments, seasonally adjusted, as reported by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, was at a record level of 52.8 million in July and August, about 250,000 more than in late 1956, as can be seen in the table. Employment was 3 million more than in May 1953, prior to the 1954 recession, and about the same number above May 1955, when recovery from the recession was well under way.

Following relative stability early this year, employment rose during the spring. Since June continued gains in many nonmanufacturing industries have about offset declines in manufacturing employment, and the total has changed little.

Manufacturing. In August 16.8 million persons were engaged in manufacturing ac-

Employees in Nonagricultural Establishments

[In thousands of persons]

| Industry | Aug. | Increase, or decrease (— August 1957 from: | | |
|--|--------------------------|---|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| division | 1957 | Dec. 1956 | May 1955 | May 1953 |
| Total | 52,788 | 247 | 2,964 | 2,962 |
| Manufacturing Durable Nondurable | 16,828 9,847 6,981 | -278 -188 -90 | 298 324 -26 | - 643 -434 -209 |
| Nonmanufacturing Mining Contract construc- | 35,960 846 | 525 13 | 2,666 68 | 3,605 -12 |
| tion Transportation Public utilities | 3,027 2,771 1,421 | -47 2 21 | 214 63 121 | 414 -136 98 |
| Trade | 11,675 2,358 6,474 | 267 38 115 116 | 927 161 617 495 | 1,154 333 958 796 |
| Government Federal State and local. | 7,388 2,249 5,139 | 32 84 | 68 427 | -77 873 |

Note.—Bureau of Labor Statistics data adjusted for seasonal variation. Self-employed and domestic servants are excluded. August 1957 figures are preliminary.

tivities, slightly fewer than a year earlier. Reductions in employment this year have been related to small declines in output but may also reflect increasing productivity. Employment declines in manufacturing industries have been achieved in part by not replacing workers who quit or retired. The number of layoffs has been small and has not added appreciably to unemployment since most of the affected workers have been absorbed into other activities or have left the labor force. About two-thirds of the employment decline since late 1956 has been in the durable goods industries, chiefly in lumber, nonelectrical machinery, primary metals, and transportation equipment. Reductions in aircraft employment reflect curtailment of defense activity, which was expanding in late 1956 and early 1957. Following earlier declines, employment in the electrical machinery industry rose during the summer.

Within manufacturing industries, employment trends continue to diverge sharply for production workers and for professional, managerial, and clerical workers. The latter group increased further this year and in August the number of salaried workers was 1.5 million or 60 per cent higher than in 1947. Meanwhile, the number of factory workers declined and in August was about the same as in 1947 but one million below the postwar record reached in 1953. In mid-1957 salaried workers accounted for 23 per cent of all manufacturing employees as compared with only 16 per cent in 1947.

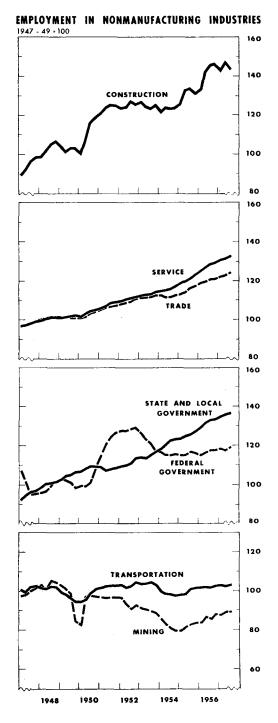
Nonmanufacturing. Employment in non-manufacturing activities was at record levels in August, more than one-half million above the end of 1956 and 2.7 million higher than in early 1955. Large gains continued this year in services, trade, and State and local governments. Employment in construction,

which also expanded sharply during 1955 and 1956, appears to have stabilized in 1957 at a level a little above 3 million. In other nonmanufacturing activities employment has shown little change this year.

Nonmanufacturing activities have added over 7.5 million employees since 1947 and now account for almost 7 out of 10 nonfarm jobs. Growth in the 10-year period, as can be seen on the chart, has been greatest in construction, services, and State and local governments. Trade employment has risen about 25 per cent, a higher rate than nonfarm employment. Federal government employment has remained fairly stable since 1954 following a decline from the postwar high reached during the Korean con-Including State and local activities, more persons are now employed in government jobs than ever before. Coal mining and railroads are the exceptions to the postwar trend for nonmanufacturing activities and have fewer workers than at the end of World War II.

Hours of work. Average weekly hours in nonfarm industries were relatively stable during the summer at levels below last year. The major factor in the decline was a substantial cut in overtime hours, in part an attempt to reduce costs by eliminating premium payments. The number of nonfarm workers reporting hours in excess of the standard 40-hour week this August was 17.2 million, 1.5 million smaller than a year ago.

In manufacturing the average work week was 39.9 hours in August, nearly one-half hour shorter than a year earlier. Average weekly hours have shown little change in recent months following a fairly steady decline, in both durable and nondurable goods industries, from the high level of over 41 hours reached in late 1955. Recent reduc-



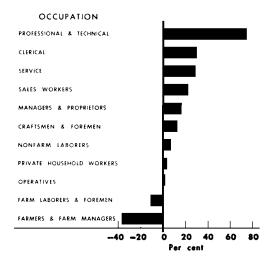
Note.—Bureau of Labor Statistics data adjusted for seasonal variation. Transportation includes public utilities. Latest data shown are for August 1957 (preliminary).

tions have mainly centered in the hard goods industries, and the work week has shortened an hour or more over the past year in the lumber, machinery, transportation equipment, and food industries.

OCCUPATIONAL TRENDS

Record investment in machines and equipment, substantial defense requirements, and the changed pattern of consumer demand growing out of high incomes and increased leisure have been important factors sharply altering the occupational composition of the nation's work force during the postwar period. As can be seen in the chart, the number of professional and technical personnel has risen 75 per cent over the past decade, and currently about 10 per cent of all jobs are in this category, roughly the same proportion as in agriculture. As might be expected, the managerial, clerical, and sales occupations have also increased in relative importance. These so-called white collar groups are now two-fifths of all employed workers, as compared with a little over one-third in 1947. In contrast, the proportion of workers who are operatives or non-

CHANGES IN EMPLOYMENT, 1947 TO 1957



Note.—Bureau of Census data. Percentage increases shown are from July 1947 to July 1957.

farm laborers has fallen significantly. Over the past 10 years farm employment has declined more than 2 million. The 10 per cent of the labor force now employed in farming compares with 12 per cent in 1950 and 14 per cent in 1947. Since 1947 an increasing number of farmers have taken available second jobs outside of agriculture.

Credit Extended by Banks to Real Estate Mortgage Lenders

CREDIT EXTENDED to real estate mortgage lenders by weekly reporting member banks as of August 14, 1957, amounted to \$1,117 million, \$38 million more than reported at the previous survey on May 15, 1957. Commitments to extend additional credit to these lenders increased \$37 million to \$791 million.

During the current reporting period real estate mortgage loans purchased from real estate mortgage lenders under resale agreement declined \$23 million to \$201 million, but this was more than offset by a \$61 million rise in other credit extended to real estate mortgage lenders.

The foregoing information was obtained by a special survey of all types of credit extended by commercial banks to real estate mortgage lenders. Results of earlier surveys have been published quarterly in the June 1957 and earlier Federal Reserve Bulletins.

CREDIT EXTENDED TO REAL ESTATE MORTGAGE LENDERS BY WEEKLY REPORTING MEMBER BANKS IN LEADING CITIES, AUGUST 14, 1957 AND SELECTED PRIOR DATES

[In millions of dollars]

| | Outstanding on | | | Increase (or decrease -) | | |
|---|------------------|------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| | Aug. 14, 1957 | May 15, 1957 | Aug. 8, 1956 | Aug. 10, 1955 | May 15 to Aug. 14, 1957 | Aug. 8, 1956 to Aug. 14, 1957 |
| Real estate mortgage loans purchased from real estate mortgage lenders under resale agreement, total | 201 | r224 | 276 | 338 | -23 | -75 |
| Insurance companies. Mortgage companies. Other¹ | | 47 r92 85 | 104 103 70 | 235 90 12 | -14 -4 -6 | -71 -15 10 |
| Loans to real estate mortgage lenders secured by the pledge of real estate mortgage loans owned by the borrowers, total | 803 | 757 | 1,051 | 982 | 46 | -249 |
| Insurance companies | 715 85 | 4 690 63 | 9 974 68 | 11 911 59 | -1 25 22 | -6 -259 17 |
| Loans to real estate mortgage lenders, not secured, or secured other than by the pledge of real estate mortgage loans owned by the borrowers, total | 114 | 99 | 137 | 88 | 15 | -23 |
| Insurance companies | | 3 37 58 | 8 60 70 | 4 24 60 | 8 1 7 | -22 -5 |
| Total loans to real estate mortgage lenders | 1,117 | r1,079 | 1,465 | 1,408 | 38 | -347 |
| Unused portions of firm commitments to purchase real estate mortgage loans from real estate mortgage lenders with or without resale agreement, or to make secured or unsecured loans to real estate mortgage lenders, total | 791 | 754 | 1,064 | 1,295 | 37 | -273 |
| Insurance companies. Mortgage companies. Other ¹ | 562 | 64 578 112 | 110 791 163 | 183 894 219 | -16 51 | -44 -229 |

commitments at Aug. 8, 1956 were not asked to report at May 15, 1957, but their figures for the latter date include previously reported figures for comparative purposes. Details may not add to totals because of rounding.

¹ Revised.

1 Savings and loan associations, mutual savings banks, builders and other organizations (other than banks) that make or hold substantial amounts of real estate loans.

Note.—Banks reporting less than \$1 million of these loans and

Law Department

Administrative interpretations, new regulations, and similar material

APPLICATION OF TRANSAMERICA CORPORATION RELATING TO OCCIDENTAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA

The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, on August 20, 1957, issued an Order denying the application of Transamerica Corporation for an exemption of Occidental Life Insurance Company of California under Section 4(c)(6) of the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956. There is published below a copy of the Board's Decision and Order (Docket No. BHC-28) with the attached Report of the Hearing Examiner.

DECISION AND ORDER Statement of the Case

This is a proceeding under the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 (70 Stat. 133; 12 U.S.C. 1841 et seq.), which is entitled "An Act to define bank holding companies, control their future expansion, and require divestment of their non-banking interests."

As indicated by its title, one of the major purposes of the Act is to require bank holding companies to divest themselves of their nonbanking interests. That purpose is implemented by Section 4 of the Act, which provides that no bank holding company shall acquire any voting shares of nonbanking organizations, and that after a specified period:

"... no bank holding company shall ... retain direct or indirect ownership or control of any voting shares of any company which is not a bank or a bank holding company..."

To this general prohibition against acquisition or retention of nonbanking shares, however, Congress has provided a number of exceptions, enumerated in Section 4(c) of the Act. The exception involved in this proceeding is that prescribed by Section 4(c)(6), which excludes from the prohibition:

"... shares of any company all the activities of which are of a financial, fiduciary, or insurance nature and

which the Board after due notice and hearing, and on the basis of the record made at such hearing, by order has determined to be so closely related to the business of banking or of managing or controlling banks as to be a proper incident thereto and as to make it unnecessary for the prohibitions of this section to apply in order to carry out the purposes of this Act;"...

Transamerica Corporation, a corporation organized under the laws of Delaware, is a bank holding company as defined in the Act. In addition to its ownership of a majority of the shares of a number of banks in the western States of the United States, Transamerica owns all or a majority of the shares of a number of nonbanking organizations. The largest of these is Occidental Life Insurance Company of California, all of the shares of which are owned directly by Transamerica.

Transamerica applied to this Board for a determination which would exempt Occidental pursuant to Section 4(c)(6). As required by that section, a hearing was held on this matter after due notice, before a duly appointed and qualified Hearing Examiner, at which opportunity was provided for presentation of evidence by the applicant and others. Thereafter Transamerica submitted to the Hearing Examiner proposed Findings of Fact and a brief in support thereof.

On May 21, 1957 the Hearing Examiner submitted his Report and Recommended Decision, which is appended hereto. On the basis of his Findings of Fact and upon the entire record in the case, he reached the conclusion of law that:

"Occidental is not—within the meaning of Section 4(c)(6) of the Act—so closely related to the business of banking or of managing or controlling banks as to be a proper incident thereto and as to make it unnecessary for the prohibitions of Section 4(a)(2) of the Act to apply in order to carry out the purposes of the Act."

LAW DEPARTMENT 1015

In accordance with this conclusion of law, the Hearing Examiner recommended that the Board:

"Deny the request of Transamerica Corporation for an order under Section 4(c)(6) of the Act exempting Occidental Life Insurance Company of California from application of the prohibitions of Section 4(a)(2) of the Act."

On July 9, 1957 counsel for Transamerica presented before the Board an oral argument with respect to the pending application and the Hearing Examiner's Report and Recommended Decision

Findings of Fact

The relevant facts in this matter, as developed in the record, are presented in the Findings of Fact of the Hearing Examiner, which are not disputed by Transamerica, and therefore they need not be fully restated here. Occidental is engaged in the business of writing life, accident and health insurance, both ordinary and group. general character of its business does not differ significantly from that of other leading life insurance companies engaged in writing the same classes of insurance. In terms of insurance in force, Occidental ranks twelfth in the United States and is by far the largest life insurance company domiciled in the western States. At the end of 1956, Occidental had \$6,707,322,930 life insurance in force, of which individual policies accounted for \$3,755,056,058 and group coverage amounted to \$2,952,266,872.

Only a relatively insignificant part of Occidental's business has a direct relationship to the business of Transamerica's subsidiary banks. For example, at the end of 1956 Occidental's credit life insurance in force for Transamerica banks was only about six-tenths of one per cent of Occidental's total outstanding life insurance. Other relationships between Occidental and Transamerica's banks are likewise of relatively slight significance as compared with either Occidental's total business or that of Transamerica's subsidiary banks. Relationships of Occidental with non-affiliated banks are also a relatively small part of Occidental's total business.

The Statutory Provision

Under Section 4(c)(6) the ownership by a bank holding company of shares of a nonbanking organization is exempted from the provisions of the Act only if it meets the following requirements:

(1) All of the activities of the organization must be of a financial, fiduciary, or insurance nature; and

(2) The company must be determined by the Board to be so closely related to the business of banking or of managing or controlling banks (a) as to be a proper incident thereto and (b) as to make it unnecessary for the prohibitions of Section 4 of the Act to apply in order to carry out the purposes of the Act.

There is no question in the present case but that all of the activities of Occidental are of an insurance nature. Consequently, the only question is whether Occidental is so closely related to the business of banking or of managing or of controlling banks as to meet both the additional requirements that Congress has specified with respect to the kind of closeness that will qualify a company for exemption under Section 4(c)(6).

As the Hearing Examiner stated in his Report:

"Section 4(c)(6) itself circumscribes the area of the Board's allowable discretion. Thus, it superimposes upon the requirement that a financial, fiduciary or insurance company, to be qualified for exemption, must be 'closely related to the business of banking or of managing or controlling banks', two additional requirements. One is that the Board must find that the close relationship is such as to make the nonbanking subsidiary a 'proper incident' to the business of banking or managing or controlling banks. The other is that the Board must find that the relationship is such as to make it unnecessary for the divestiture provisions of the Act to apply in order to carry out the purposes of the Act. Both of these additional requirements serve, in my view, to qualify and restrict the sense in which 'closely related' may be considered."

The two additional requirements are somewhat similar in character and tend to reinforce each other. It is helpful to analyze each separately as well as to consider their relationship to each other.

"Proper incident". As the Hearing Examiner has pointed out in his Report, both legal and nonlegal dictionaries show that the term "incident" is used to describe something that "usually" or "naturally" "depends upon", "appertains to", or "follows" another more important thing. It is clear that Section 4(c)(6) is intended to exempt only those nonbanking businesses that "usually" or "naturally" "depend upon" or "appertain to" the business of banking or of managing or controlling banks. The section requires that a nonbanking business, in order to be exempted under the provision, must be not merely an "incident"

but a "proper incident" to banking or managing or controlling banks.

"Purposes of this Act". In the absence of more specific enumeration in the Act itself of "the purposes of this Act" as they relate to Section 4(c)(6), it is appropriate to resort to the history of the legislation prior to its enactment. The Report of the Hearing Examiner includes a careful description of relevant portions of the legislative history, which need not be repeated here.

The Act and its history demonstrate that Congress recognized that whenever a holding company controls both banks and nonbanking organizations the nonbanking organizations may thereby occupy a preferred position over that of their competitors in obtaining bank credit and that, in critical times, the holding company which controls nonbanking organizations may be subjected to strong temptation to cause the banks which it controls to make loans to its nonbanking affiliates even though such loans may not at that time be in accord with current banking standards (for example, see H. Rep. No. 609, 84th Cong., 1st Sess. 16 [1955]). Thus it seems evident that Congress was of the view that, in general and subject to only limited exceptions, bank holding company systems should be restricted to banking activities and should not engage in other types of business for the reason that common control of banks and nonbanking organizations could give rise to evils of several kinds. For example, Congress apparently considered the possibility that a bank holding company might enter into transactions with a nonbanking affiliate of risky character that would not be entered into if the other party were an unrelated company, and that this might involve undue hazard to the bank, its depositors, and the public interest generally. Although Section 6 of the Act prohibits some such dealings, it would not necessarily reach all such practices. The legislative history of the Act also indicates that Congress considered that, in order to help its nonbanking affiliates, a holding company bank might deny justified credit to competitors or prospective competitors of such affiliates, thereby restricting the vigor of competition and denying deserved credit accommodation to legitimate businesses; or that a holding company, in extending credit, might exert pressure on borrowers to do business with the lending bank's affiliated corporations rather than with their competitors, thus denying those borrowers an appropriate freedom of choice.

To put the matter another way, Congress has recognized that banking is a unique business, with unique economic power and responsibilities. Banks hold the current funds of the economy and the demand deposits that serve as the nation's principal medium of exchange. The public interest requires that decisions as to whether or not a bank extends credit in a particular case should be based, as far as possible, solely on creditworthiness. Congress apparently felt that this objective could be furthered by laying down a general rule, subject to only limited exceptions, that no company should own or control both banks and nonbanking enterprises.

"Potential sources of evil". It is noteworthy that Congress, in ordering this separation of functions, did not make the requirement depend upon whether or not a particular nonbanking business of a particular bank holding company had resulted in actual abuses. The language and history of the Act make it clear that Congress intended to eliminate potential evils by correcting what it considered to be unsound corporate structures in bank holding company systems, and that it did not wish to require proof of the existence of actual evil in each particular situation. In other words, as the United States Supreme Court stated in North American Co. vs. S.E.C. (1946), 327 U. S. 686, 711, with respect to the Congressional intent in enacting a somewhat similar provision in the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935:

"... [the provision was] not designed to punish past offenders but to remove what Congress considered to be potential if not actual sources of evil."

This clear purpose of Section 4, namely, "to remove . . . potential . . . sources of evil", provides a helpful guide in applying the requirements of Section 4(c)(6). If a nonbanking business is a "proper incident" to banking or to managing or controlling banks, that is, if it properly and "naturally appertains" thereto, it is less likely to cause a bank to be influenced by the "unnatural" or extraneous considerations or temptations that are "potential sources of evil". Hence, it is more likely to accord with the "purposes of this Act."

In other words, when Section 4(c)(6) refers to "proper incident" and to the "purposes of this Act" it uses the terms jointly to limit the exemp-

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tion in the section to situations which substantially escape the "potential sources of evil" against which the general prohibition was directed.

Section 5(b) of the Board's Regulation Y, issued pursuant to the Bank Holding Company Act, provides in part as follows:

"Any bank holding company which is of the opinion that a company all of the activities of which are of a financial, fiduciary, or insurance nature is so closely related to the business of banking or of managing or controlling banks, as conducted by such bank holding company or its banking subsidiaries, as to be a proper incident thereto and as to make it unnecessary for the prohibitions of Section 4 of the Act to apply in order to carry out the purposes of the Act, may request the Board for such a determination pursuant to Section 4(c)(6) of the Act." (Emphasis supplied.)

In view of the discussion above, it will be seen that the italicized words merely explain and implement the general purpose of Section 4(c)(6).

Further considerations. As part of the analysis of Section 4(c)(6) it is proper to consider two other contentions of Transamerica.

Among other things, Transamerica contends that the exemption provided by Section 4(c)(6) should not be so narrowly construed as to make it in effect indistinguishable from the "servicing" exemption provided by Section 4(c)(1) of the statute. That exemption covers companies engaged solely in the business of furnishing services to, or performing services for, the bank holding company and its subsidiary banks. Its legislative history clearly indicates that this exemption was intended to cover companies engaged in furnishing such services as appraising, investment counsel, advertising, public relations, etc. It may be conceded that the 4(c)(6) exemption was intended, as argued by Transamerica, to go beyond such ordinary servicing activities. Considering this point, it cannot alter the fact that an organization can qualify for exemption under Section 4(c)(6) only if it is able to meet the requirements of 4(c)(6) as heretofore discussed.

Transamerica also contends that the Act and its legislative history show that Congress intended to grant to the Board, under Section 4(c)(6), a discretion that is qualified only by the requirement that all the activities of the subsidiary company must be of a "financial, fiduciary, or insurance nature". The section does require that an organization be of the nature indicated, and it also requires the Board to exercise a certain degree of judgment. However, as shown above

in considering the references in 4(c)(6) to "proper incident" and to "the purposes of this Act", the section prescribes limits, bounds and guides which the Board must follow in exercising its judgment under the provision.

Occidental's Relationships To Banking and Managing of Banks

Having reviewed the general facts of this case and the applicable statute, it is necessary to consider more specifically whether or not these facts bring Occidental reasonably within the scope of the exemption.

As previously indicated, Occidental's business does not differ significantly from that of other leading life insurance companies. Only a relatively insignificant part of Occidental's business has a direct relationship to the business of Transamerica's subsidiary banks or of other banks.

Similarities between banking and insurance. Transamerica cites various elements common to the business of life insurance and the business of banking or of managing banks, such as the receipt of deposits in connection with insurance policies, similarities in investments, similarities of management skills and experience, and similarities in the extent to which insurance companies and banks are subject to Government supervision.

It may be conceded that a number of such similarities exist. However, it should also be noted that banks and insurance companies differ in certain important respects. For example, the so-called deposits that insurance companies receive are limited to those connected with annuity or insurance policies they issue. Commercial banks receive general deposits, including demand deposits subject to check, while insurance companies do not. Insurance companies are primarily interested in long-term loans and investments, while the typical commercial bank is primarily interested in short-term loans because of the need for liquidity. Furthermore, insurance companies have a specific product to sellannuity and insurance policies-which banks, except in a few limited situations, are not in a position to offer.

Although Transamerica does not expressly state the point, its contentions seem to be directed toward the conclusion that life insurance companies generally possess characteristics of such nature that ownership of their shares by bank holding companies would not be adverse to the public interest and should be permitted. Needless to say, even if we were satisfied as to the validity of such arguments, they could not affect our decision in this matter except to the extent that they accord with the requirements of Section 4(c)(6). Beyond that point they are arguments to be addressed to Congress rather than this Board.

Whatever its reasons, it is clear that Congress, in Section 4(c)(6), did not provide a general exemption for shares of insurance companies owned by bank holding companies. All the activities of the company must be of an "insurance nature" (or "financial" or "fiduciary"), but that is simply a prerequisite to eligibility for exemption under Section 4(c)(6). The company must also meet the further requirements that have been discussed above.

In view of those further requirements, it is clear that the mere fact that some of Occidental's operations resemble or are kindred to some of the operations of banks is not enough to warrant the kind of determination intended by Section 4 (c)(6). Functions may be similar to banking or to managing or controlling banks without necessarily being a "proper incident thereto", that is, without "naturally appertaining thereto".

Stated differently, mere similarity of some functions is not enough to eliminate the "potential sources of evil" against which the general prohibition of Section 4 was aimed. This is especially the case when, as here, there are also substantial differences in functions which could give rise to such "potential sources of evil".

Occidental's direct relations with banks. Since the similarities of functions shown in this case are not enough to justify exemption of Occidental under Section 4(c)(6), it is necessary to consider the arguments offered as to Occidental's direct relations with Transamerica's banks and other banks.

As explained more fully in the attached Report of the Hearing Examiner, Occidental has several different relationships with affiliated and unaffiliated banks. These include insurance (credit life and employee group) and investment and lending activities. However, they are a relatively insignificant part of Occidental's business and of the business of Transamerica's banks.

These direct relations are not sufficient to justify an exemption under Section 4(c)(6), either in their own right or when considered in connection with the general similarities between banking and insurance which were discussed above.

Conclusions

For the reasons discussed above, the Board concludes as follows:

- 1. All the activities of Occidental are of a financial, fiduciary or insurance nature.
- 2. Occidental is not—within the meaning of Section 4(c)(6) of the Act—so closely related to the business of banking or of managing or controlling banks as to be a proper incident thereto and as to make it unnecessary for the prohibitions of Section 4(a)(2) of the Act to apply in order to carry out the purposes of the Act.
- 3. The issue in this proceeding and Transamerica's exceptions and proposed findings and conclusions shall be, and hereby are, determined in accordance with the above findings and conclusions, and
- 4. The request of Transamerica Corporation under Section 4(c)(6) of the Act for an Order exempting shares of Occidental Life Insurance Company of California from application of the prohibitions of Section 4(a)(2) of the Act shall be, and hereby is, denied.

Separate Statement by Governor Vardaman

Study of the Hearing Examiner's record in this case, and of his able Report and Recommended Decision, raises in my mind some interesting and pertinent questions relative to the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956, the regulations promulgated by this Board under the Act, and the record and history of operations of the companies under inquiry.

For instance, the record indicates that control and management of the companies is and has been in the hands of men of integrity, excellent reputation and successful business experience; and that the combined operations of the companies have certainly not been contrary to the public interest. Although the association and operation between the two companies has existed for more than 20 years, the record does not disclose that such association or operation has been in any

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way unsatisfactory to the law enforcement officers of the United States Government, or of the State of California; or in any way contrary to law, public policy or established custom. Nowhere in the testimony or in the Examiner's Report is there any evidence or accusation, direct or inferential, that these operations have been anything less than entirely proper, ethical, profitable to the shareholders of both corporations, and beneficial to their customers; and nowhere is there evidence, direct or inferential, that these operations have been in any way detrimental to the public good.

Again, it is interesting to note that the statute requires a bank holding company which is not a bank to divest itself of nonbanking organizations, even though such ownership has been satisfactorily in force for many years prior to the passage of the Act; yet, at the same time, the law makes a special exception in the case of a bank holding company which is a bank, so that it can retain stock in nonbanking companies acquired at any time prior to the date of the Act, even though a bank holding company that is a bank has many fiduciary and trust responsibilities, such as custody of demand and savings deposits and trust funds, the creation of credit and of demand deposits (equivalent of money) and many other obligations of trusteeship, which do not accrue to the bank holding company that is not a bank.

However, I do not believe it to be my right or duty as a member of the Board to question either the apparent inconsistencies, propriety or constitutionality of an Act of the Congress; but, on the contrary, I believe myself to be bound as an officer of the United States Government, and as a member of this Board, to enforce the laws enacted by the Congress, and the rules and regulations adopted by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

Therefore, under the circumstances, I feel constrained to vote to sustain the Recommended Decision of the Hearing Examiner.

ORDER DENYING APPLICATION

In the matter of the application of Transamerica Corporation, San Francisco, California, a bank holding company, for a determination by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System that Occidental Life Insurance Company

of California and its activities are of the kind described in Section 4(c)(6) of the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C. 1843), and Section 5(b) of the Board's Regulation Y (12 CFR 222.5(b)), so as to make it unnecessary for the prohibitions of Section 4 of the Act with respect to retention of shares in nonbanking organizations to apply in order to carry out the purposes of the Act.

A hearing having been held pursuant to Section 4(c)(6) of the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 and in accordance with Sections 5(b) and 7(a) of the Board's Regulation Y (12 CFR 222.5(b), 222.7(a)); the recommended decision of the Hearing Examiner having been filed with the Board; exceptions to the recommended decision of the Hearing Examiner, together with a brief, having been filed with the Board by Applicant; counsel for Applicant having made oral argument before the Board; the Board having given due consideration to all relevant aspects of the matter; and all such steps having been in accordance with the Board's Rules of Practice for Formal Hearings (12 CFR Part 263) and applicable law:

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the request of Transamerica Corporation under Section 4(c)(6) of the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 for an Order exempting shares of Occidental Life Insurance Company of California from application of the prohibitions of Section 4(a)(2) of the said Act shall be, and hereby is, denied.

This 20th day of August 1957. By order of the Board of Governors.

(Signed) S. R. CARPENTER Secretary.

(SEAL)

REPORT AND RECOMMENDED DECISION Statement of the Case

On December 26, 1956, Transamerica Corporation, a duly registered bank holding company, herein called Transamerica, and at times the Applicant, filed with the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, herein called the Board, a request that the Board determine, pursuant to Section 4(c)(6) of the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956, 70 Stat. 133, herein called the Act, that the shares held by Transamerica in its wholly owned subsidiary, Occidental Life Insurance Company of California, herein called Occidental, are exempt from the provisions of the Act

prohibiting the retention by a bank holding company of any voting shares of a nonbanking company.¹
On January 22, 1957, the Board ordered that a

hearing be held on the aforesaid request in accordance with the provisions of Section 4(c)(6) of the Act and Sections 5(b) and 7(a) of the Board's Regulation Y [12 CFR 222.5(b), 222.7(a)] promulgated under the Act. Notice of Transamerica's request for such determination and of the order directing a hearing thereon was published in the Federal Register on January 26, 1957 [22 Federal Register 527]. The notice as published provided, *inter alia*, that any person desiring to give testimony in this proceeding might file a request for that purpose with the Board.

Pursuant to the aforesaid order and notice, a hear-Pursuant to the aforesaid order and notice, a nearing was held at San Francisco, California, on March 4 to 6, inclusive, and at Washington, D. C., on March 25, 1957, before the undersigned, Arthur Leff, a hearing examiner duly selected by the Civil Service Commission in accordance with the provisions of Section 11 of the Administrative Procedure Act (5 U. S. C. 1010) and thereafter duly designated by the Board to conduct the hearing in this proceeding. Transamerica and the Board—the latter in a nonadversary capacity-were represented at the hearing by Counsel, and were afforded full opportunity to be heard, to examine and cross-examine witnesses, to introduce evidence bearing on the issues, and to file briefs and proposed findings. Prior to the hearing, a request for leave to appear as a witness to oppose Transamerica's application for exemption was filed by Harry J. Harding, representing the Independent Bankers Association of the Twelfth Federal Reserve District. The request was granted. At the hearing, the aforesaid witness read a prepared statement in opposition to Transamerica's application. The submission of the statement was objected to by counsel for Transamerica upon the ground that the matter contained therein consisted entirely of argument and presented no competent evidence bearing on the factual issues of this proceeding. While agreeing that the statement submitted might not be regarded as having any probative value on the factual issues, the undersigned nevertheless ruled that the statement should be allowed to remain in the record as a brief amicus curiae so that the Board might have the benefit of the arguments therein presented. order correcting errors in the transcript was entered on April 9, 1957. On April 10, 1957, Transamerica submitted proposed findings of fact, along with a brief in support thereof. All of such proposed findings and the arguments contained in the brief have been considered.²

¹The particular sections of the Act here applicable are:
Sec. 4(a) Except as otherwise provided in this Act, no bank holding company shall...

(2) after two years from the date of enactment of this Act.. retain direct or indirect ownership or control of any voting shares of any company which is not a bank or a bank holding company...

(c) The prohibitions of this section shall not apply....

(6) to shares of any company all the activities of which are of a financial, fiduciary, or insurance nature and which the Board after due notice and hearing, and on the basis of the record made at such hearing, by order has determined to be so closely related to the business of banking or of managing or controlling banks as to be a proper incident thereto and as to make it unnecessary for the prohibitions of this section to apply in order to carry out the purposes of this Act; ...

Upon the entire record in the case and from my observation of the witnesses, I make the following:

Findings of Fact

I. Introduction

A. The Business of Transamerica and Its Banking Subsidiaries

1. Transamerica, a Delaware corporation with its principal office and place of business at San Francisco, California, is engaged in business primarily as a holding company. It has an authorized capital stock of 25 million shares of a par value of \$2 each, of which 11,372,022 were issued and outstanding at the end of 1956. Transamerica's total assets at the year end were carried on its statement at \$240,158,153. Its book net worth (capital stock and surplus) came to \$231,316,030.

2. Transamerica is a bank holding company within the meaning of Section 2(a) of the Act, and has duly registered as such with the Board.

3. Transamerica owns or controls more than 50 per cent of the stock of 25 separate banks located in 11 Western and Rocky Mountain States. Among them, the 25 banks operate 288 banking offices. Their total assets at the end of 1956 amounted to \$3,053,150,124; deposits aggregated \$2,781,258,290; and loans, \$1,460,982,254. The capital funds of the banks totaled \$216,862,961, not including reserves for possible future loan losses in the aggregate amount of \$16,195,908. Attached hereto as Appendix A is a list of the 25 majority controlled banks, showing with respect to each bank the location of its principal office, the number of branch offices it maintains, the percentage of its voting shares that Transamerica owns, and its total assets as reflected by its balance sheet as of December 31, 1956.5

4. In addition to its shareholdings in the banks listed in Appendix A, Transamerica directly and indirectly owns 28.5 per cent of the voting shares of Citizens National Trust and Savings Bank of Los Angeles, the total resources of which at the end of 1956 were \$487,265,946. It does not own more than 5 per cent of the voting stock of any domestic bank other than those already referred to.

5. All but seven of the subsidiary domestic banks of Transamerica are members of the Federal Reserve System. The exceptions are First Western Bank and Trust Company, the Bank of Nevada, the Bank of New Mexico, the First Bank at Gallup (New Mexico), the Lea County State Bank (New Mexico), the Bank of Eastern Idaho and the Bank of Glacier County

6. All of Transamerica's banking subsidiaries are engaged in a general commercial banking business. Their banking practices and policies do not differ significantly from those of other commercial banks located in their States of domicile. They perform the

³ Of the 25 banks listed in Appendix A, only 5 are long-time subsidiaries of Transamerica—the First National Bank of Portland, the National Bank of Washington, the First National Bank of Nevada, the Bank of Nevada, and the First National Bank of Arizona. Transamerica acquired First Western Bank and Trust Company (San Francisco) in June 1954, and Southern Arizona Bank and Trust Company in 1955. The remaining banks listed in Schedule A were all acquired in 1956 before the effective date of the Act.

⁴ At one time Transamerica also owned 99 per cent of the voting shares of Bank of America National Trust and Savings Association, but such shareholdings were reduced to 48 per cent in 1937, to 11 per cent in 1949, and all shares were disposed of by October 1952.

functions normally associated with that type of business, including, principally, the receipt of demand deposits subject to withdrawal or transfer orders of depositors, the transfer of money and credit through the check collection and clearance procedures of the commercial banking system, and the extension of short-term business credit to provide or supplement working capital for industrial, commercial and other business enterprises. They also engage in other activities commonly engaged in by commercial banks, including, inter alia, the purchase of Government and other obligations and the making of noncommercial and nonindustrial loans, such as real estate loans, farm loans, loans for purchasing and carrying securities, and personal and consumer credit loans. Each of the banks has a savings department, and five—the First National Bank of Portland, the National Bank of Washington, the First Western Bank and Trust Company, the First National Bank of Arizona and the First National Bank of Nevada—have trust departments.

B. Transamerica's Nonbanking Subsidiaries

1. Apart from its bank holdings referred to above, Transamerica owns directly or indirectly all or a majority of the shares of a number of nonbanking corporations operating in one or more of the States in which it has controlling banking interests. Its principal nonbanking subsidiaries are a legal reserve life insurance company (Occidental); six fire, casualty and automobile physical damage insurance com-panies, which, considered as a group, conduct a multiple line insurance business; two industrial companies, one (General Metals Corporation) engaged in manufacturing forgings, castings and other metal products, and the other (Columbia River Packers Association, Inc.) engaged in packing seafood products; a real estate development company (Capital Company); and a company (Allied Building Credits, Inc.) engaged principally in financing home construction and improvements. The total assets of such nonbanking subsidiaries at the end of 1956 amounted to \$784,193,830 and their total capital and surplus accounts aggregated \$139,949,013. In addition, accounts aggregated \$139,949,013. In addition, Transamerica has a majority owned foreign subsidiary—Banca d'America e d'Italia—which conducts a banking business in Italy.⁶ The assets of Banca d'America e d'Italia at the end of 1956 totaled \$269,-444,279 and its capital funds amounted to \$6,951,955.
2. Occidental—Transamerica's largest single asset

is the only nonbanking company for which Transamerica has requested exemption from the divestment provisions of the Act. As Transamerica's other nonbanking subsidiaries are not involved in this proceeding, their activities are not of importance here.

C. The Business of Occidental

1. Occidental, a California corporation, organized in 1906, maintains its principal office and place of business at Los Angeles, California. At present, it has authorized and outstanding 1,000,000 shares of \$12.50 par value stock, all of which is directly owned by Transamerica. Two of its 11 directors, including Frank N. Belgrano, Transamerica's president and Board chairman, are also directors of Transamerica.

2. Occidental is engaged in the business of writing

life, accident and health insurance, both ordinary and group. It is licensed to do a general life insurance business in 47 states (all but New York) as well as in the District of Columbia, the 7 provinces of Canada, Alaska, Hawaii, Japan and Hong Kong. It does business through both branch offices and general and general states of their activities to the calls of agencies which confine their activities to the sale of insurance. On December 31, 1956, it had 50 branch

offices and 143 general agents.

3. Since its acquisition by Transamerica in 1930, Occidental has grown from a relatively small company to one that now ranks, in terms of insurance in force, twelfth in the nation. It is by far the largest life insurance company domiciled in the West. At the end of 1956, Occidental had \$6,707,322,930 life insurance in force, of which individual policies accounted for \$3,-

755,056,058 and group coverage was responsible for \$2,952,266,872. Total premium and annuity considerations for the year 1956 amounted to \$178,290,715. As of December 31, 1956, it had admitted assets of \$569,544,840. Its capital stock and surplus added up to \$63,026,910. Profits for the year totaled \$13,893,514, of which \$4,252,406 represented profits realized on sales of investments, and the balance represented so-called underwriting earnings.

4. Occidental's activities are all generally related to the solicitation, writing and servicing of life insurance and related contracts; the receipt of premiums and other contract considerations thereon; and the investment of the accumulated funds which it holds mainly as reserves to accommodate its insurance liabilities, but also, in much smaller part, on account of deposit liabilities, as will more fully appear below.

5. The policies Occidental writes, the scope of its

operations, and the general character and conduct of its other business activities are not significantly different from those of other leading life insurance com-panies engaged in the sale of the same classes of insurance

6. All the activities of Occidental are of a financial, fiduciary or insurance nature.

THE ASSERTED CLOSE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN Occidental's Activities and the Business of Banking and Managing of Banks

A. Outline of Factual Premises upon Which the Applicant Would Support Its Exemption Request

The Applicant advances numerous factual considerations in support of its claim that Occidental's activities are such as to qualify it for exemption from divestiture as a "closely related" company within the purview of Section 4(c)(6) of the Act. In broad outline, the Applicant urges (1) that the business of life insurance and the business of banking contain many elements in common, and bear a close resemblance to each other in their basic nature and operations; (2) that certain of Occidental's insurance underwriting activities are functionally related to the business of banking and to the servicing of Transamerica's subsidiary banks; (3) that Occidental's lending and investment activities are similarly related; and (4) that Occidental, moreover, is

⁵ Pacific Fire Insurance Company and its subsidiary, Premier Insurance Company; Manufacturers Casualty Insurance Company and its subsidiary, Manufacturers Fire Insurance Company; Paramount Fire Insurance Company; and Automotive Insurance Company.

⁶ As a foreign banking company, it is excluded from the definition of "bank" contained in Section 2(c) of the Act, and is also specifically exempted from the divestment provisions of the Act relating to nonbanking companies by the provisions of Section 4(c)(8). See S. Rep. 1095, Pt. 2, p. 4, 84th Cong.

⁷ Of the total insurance in force 57 per cent arose from writings in the 11 Western states in which Transamerica banks are located.

closely related to Transamerica's "business of managing and controlling banks", both because Occidental presents to Transamerica the same broad supervision and control problems as do its banks, and because Occidental as a child of the same parent is in a position to provide strength and stability to Transamerica's banks. For purposes of orderly presentation, the factual considerations the Applicant advances will be fitted where they belong into the foregoing broad contentions, to be considered below in the order indicated.

B. The Asserted Common Elements in the Business of Life Insurance and the Business of Banking

On this point, the Applicant submits in general (1) that Occidental's insurance policies because of their many savings and investment characteristics are comparable to bank savings accounts; (2) that Occidental performs functions identical with those of a bank's savings department by reason of its acceptance of certain deposits that are subject to withdrawal and carry a fixed interest rate; (3) that life insurance companies like banks act as guardians of the funds of others, are subject to similar close governmental supervision, and require of management comparable fiduciary obligations, attitudes and temperaments; (4) that in their lending and investment activities insurance companies and banks engage in overlapping, duplicating and competitive activities; (5) that corresponding skills and experience are required for bank and insurance company management; and (6) that, just as insurance companies perform the equivalent of banking functions in many phases of their operations, so, too, banks engage in certain phases of insurance activity.

1. Savings and investment characteristics of Occi-

1. Savings and investment characteristics of Occidental policies: Occidental has 50 or 55 ordinary life policy forms and approximately 12 additional group policy forms. Some of the forms, such as annuities, endowment policies and retirement income policies, are specifically and primarily designed to build cash values for the policyholder returnable in his lifetime. Moreover, all ordinary life and group life policies, except annual term insurance policies, develop during the lifetime of the policyholder a cash value which the policyholder upon surrender of the policy may withdraw, or, without surrender, provide as security for a loan in equal amount. The Applicant insists that the cash values thus created provide savings and investment characteristics comparable to those contained in a bank savings account.8

2. Deposit accounts: Though the reserve items, such

as life insurance cash values, are distinguishable from savings deposits, other funds held by Occidental for the accounts of policyholders do possess essential characteristics of bank savings accounts. Such funds, carried on Occidental's books as deposit liabilities, are classified under the following items:

(a) Supplementary contracts (settlement options): Standard provisions of all Occidental policies accord a policyholder during his lifetime or his beneficiary upon his death the right to select a settlement option under which the payable proceeds of the policy may be left with the Company as an investment. A like right is accorded to the owner of a policy, such as an endowment policy, that may mature before death. forms of settlement options are offered. The settlement amount, for example, may be left on deposit with the company at a guaranteed interest rate, subject to withdrawal on the depositor's demand, or placed in trust with the company for distribution to designated beneficiaries during their lives or over a period of years. Deposits made subject to withdrawal are clearly like bank savings accounts. Deposits left for distribution to beneficiaries without withdrawal privileges are analogous to moneys left with the trust department of a bank for distribution under a testimentary or other trust.

(b) Dividend accumulations: A policyholder under a participating policy is entitled to leave his dividends on deposit with the company at a guaranteed interest rate. Dividends thus left on deposit are subject to withdrawal on demand.

(c) Coupon deposits: Occidental writes a policy form known as coupon life insurance. Under it, the policyholder pays a premium greater than is actually required to carry the insurance. The excess amounts are represented by coupons. As a coupon matures, the amount represented by it may be left with the Company at a guaranteed rate of interest, subject to withdrawal at any time, or applied toward the payment of premiums that subsequently become due.

(d) Group rating refunds: Group policies often provide for premium refunds contingent upon a favorable experience under the plan. Such rating refunds, though withdrawable, may be left by the policyholder on deposit with the insurance company in an interest-bearing deposit account as a cushion against future increases based upon unfavorable experience or as an advance payment upon later premiums. Balances left on deposit are withdrawable prior to their actual conversion into premium payments.

(e) Advance premiums: These are amounts deposited against premiums not yet due in an interest-bearing deposit account. Until actually applied toward the payment of a premium, the amounts on deposit may be withdrawn by the policyholder.

(f) Discounted premiums: These are like advance premiums except that they are paid in advance at a prescribed rate of discount.

(g) Deposits administration fund: These are deposits made to a fund created by an agreement, usually an employee pension fund plan, under which Occidental undertakes to credit the fund with deposits and interest earned thereon, with provisions made for withdrawals from the fund to provide retirement annuities for the fund's beneficiaries as and when individual beneficiaries become eligible for retirement. Funds thus placed on deposit are freely withdrawable by the employer unless he has divested himself of the right to do so by agreement made with third

^{*}There is, however, a fundamental difference between the cash value of an unmatured policy and a bank savings account. An essential characteristic of a savings deposit is that the money left on deposit may, to the exact amount deposited, plus accumulated interest, be unconditionally withdrawn by the depositor. That is not true of the cash value of an unmatured life insurance policy. The value there represents not the sum of the premiums paid in, part of which has already been applied toward insurance coverage previously provided. It represents rather the accumulated amount that is being held by the company as the reserve which the company actuarially requires, along with future premium payments and interest earned on the reserve, to enable the company to meet its liabilities under the policy. As the term "cash surrender value" implies, withdrawal of the value may not be made unconditionally, but only upon forfeit of future insurance coverage, at least pro tanto to the proportion of the cash value withdrawn. That the amount paid the policyholder is simply a cancellation refund of his developed equity in future insurance is confirmed by the fact that the policyholder who would receive the cash but retain the insurance may do so only by borrowing the money at interest against the pledge of his equitable interest in the reserve.

Where there has been an agreement to divest, the fund held by Occidental is analogous to a trust fund managed by the trust department of a bank; absent such an agreement, the fund on deposit may be likened to a savings account.

The following table shows with respect to each of the aforesaid deposit accounts the total on deposit at the end of the year 1956, as well as the amounts deposited during that year:

SCHEDULE OF DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS [In thousands]

| Account | Deposits during year | Balance, Dec. 31, 1956 |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| Supplementary contracts not involving life contingencies. Dividend accumulations. Coupons. Group rating refunds. Advance premiums. Discounted premiums. Deposit administration funds. | 2,863 160 560 | \$16,444 2,629 16,946 3,276 1,992 3,843 419 |
| Total | \$8,373 | \$45,549 |

It must be observed, however, that the deposit items shown above add up to only about 10 per cent of the total funds which Occidental is required to hold against its contract liabilities and from which it derives in the main its investment capital. The bulk of such funds is made up of reserve items, principally the reserve values of life insurance policies as discussed above. As shown by Occidental's last annual statement, its reserve liabilities at the end of 1956 were as follows:

| Life insurance | \$295,893,268 |
|---|---------------|
| contingencies) Supplementary contracts with | 58,573,987 |
| life contingencies | 9,551,800 |
| Accidental death benefits | 622,655 |
| Disability—active lives | 2,375,499 |
| Disability—disabled lives | 2,243,529 |
| Miscellaneous reserves | 16,626,648 |
| Accident and health policy re- | |
| serves | 12,551,264 |
| Total | \$398,551,264 |

3. Similarity in fiduciary responsibilities and governmental controls: (a) Even though the funds from which Occidental derives its investment capital may not, except in relatively small part, be strictly equated to bank savings deposits, the fact remains that such funds—whether styled deposits or reserves—are funds in which others have an interest, similarly to the funds that are employed by a bank in its business activities. As a guardian of funds held for the benefit of others, it is undoubtedly as important for a life insurance company as for a bank to maintain public confidence in its financial stability. Moreover, a life insurance company may fairly be regarded as comparable to a bank with respect to the standards of fiduciary responsibility and managerial attitudes and temperament that must be expected of its management.

(b) Because the business of a life insurance company, like that of a bank, is affected with a public interest, it, also like a bank, is made subject by law to close governmental controls. Occidental's investment and noninvestment activities are regulated under the Insurance Code of the State of California and by the Insurance Commissioner of that State. It is also subject to tri-annual examinations by a Committee of the Convention of Insurance Examiners made up of representatives of both California and other States in which Occidental does business. In addition, in each State in which it does business it is required to procure a license for the privilege of writing insurance, to submit its policy forms for advance approval and to obtain licenses for each of its selling agents.

4. Extent to which Occidental's lending and investment activities are comparable to those of banks: (a) A general idea of the character of Occidental's lending and investment activities may be gathered from a survey of its assets. Occidental's assets, as of December 31, 1956, were as follows:

| Mortgages Bonds Stocks Collateral loans Policy loans and liens Investment real estate Other real estate Funds in escrow | \$274,701,000 183,792,000 32,196,000 264,000 23,273,000 10,102,000 2,673,000 434,000 |
|---|---|
| Investment income due and accrued | 2,944,000 11,183,000 26,179,000 553,000 |
| Total assets | \$568,294,000 |

Of the items listed above, only the first six bear on the character of Occidental's investments. 10

(b) As the foregoing table shows, mortgages predominate among Occidental's assets, constituting about 49 per cent of the total. The mortgages Occidental holds include FHA loans, VA loans and conventional type mortgages. As in the case of banks, life insurance companies are to some extent at least restricted by law with regard to the mortgage loans they may acquire although the restrictions are not precisely the same.¹¹ It appears, however, that, unlike

⁹ In at least five States—California not included—banks and insurance companies are regulated by the same State offices or departments. See New Jersey Stats. Anno., Sec. 17:1-2; Pub. Laws of Rhode Island, 1939, Ch. 660, Sec. 121 (Administrative Act of 1939); Tennessee Code Anno., off. ed., 1956, Titles 4-414, 45-118; Vermont Stats. 1947, Sec. 8617; Minnesota Stats. Anno., Sec. 45.01.

¹⁰ "Other real estate" consists of Occidental's office building, property acquired for future uses and miscellaneous foreclosure properties. "Funds in escrow" are asset items in the form of moneys on deposit against the purchase of loans or other investments. The other noninvestment items are self-explanatory.

¹¹ For example, Occidental may advance not more than 66%

ments. The other noninvestment items are self-explanatory.

¹¹ For example, Occidental may advance not more than 66% per cent of the appraised value of the property offered as security. In that respect the restriction is similar to that imposed on a national bank. See Section 24 of the Federal Reserve Act, as amended Aug. 11, 1955 (12 U.S.C., Sec. 371). It is, however, more liberal than the restriction California imposes on its State banks, which are prohibited from lending in excess of 60 per cent on such valuation (Deering's California Codes, Fin. Code Anno., Sec. 1227). On the other hand, life insurance

banks which normally originate their own mortgage loans, Occidental's mortgage loans most usually are from other primary lending sources, including banks, building and loan and savings and loan institutions, and private individuals engaged in the loan origination business. Occidental's appraisal practices, risk standards, and general administration practices with regard to mortgage loans are substantially similar to those followed by banks, except that Occidental has a much larger proportion of its mortgage loans serviced by others, including banks.

(c) Occidental's bond portfolio constitutes the second largest item of its assets—approximately 32 per cent of the total. It is made up of a wide variety of bonds and debentures, ranging from Governments to industrials. Occidental's bond investments are generally similar to those of banks—at least banks governed by California law—except that its bonds may average longer in maturity. For the most part, Occidental's bond investment portfolio is composed of marketable securities acquired as a result of purchases of public offerings. The record reflects, how-ever, that since 1940 Occidental has participated in 106 private placements, in about 30 of which banks were also participants.¹³

(d) The remaining asset items of a loan or investment character require little discussion. Collateral loans represent a relatively insignificant proportion of the total. Occidental does not seek such loans and rarely makes them; only two such loans were held by it at the end of 1956. Policy loans are loans to Occidental policyholders against the cash values of policies. Banks also lend on the security of the cash surrender value of policies written by life insurance companies. Common stocks are investments ance companies. Common stocks are investments that banks are prohibited from carrying in their investment portfolios, although they may qualify as investment holdings by bank trust departments. There is no statutory prohibition on the proportion of Occidental's assets that it may invest in stocks, but Occidental's self-imposed policy is to restrict such holdings to a maximum of 10 per cent; the value of the stocks it held at the end of 1956 came to 6 per cent. Investment real estate represents investments made vestment real estate represents investments made under Section 1194(8) of the California Code which allows insurance companies, but not banks, to enter into so-called "purchase and lease-back" arrangements under which the insurance company purchases property and then leases the same property back to the vendor, usually for a long term of years.

(e) Except as noted above, Occidental does not engage in any other of the many forms of lending activity commonly engaged in by commercial banks.
5. Similarity of management skills and experience:

To the extent that insurance companies and banks engage in comparable activities—such as the purchase and sale of bonds and the acquisition of mortgage

companies domiciled in California, as distinguished from banks generally, have no statutory restrictions on the maximum term of their mortgage loans or the proportion of their assets that may be placed in mortgages. Such companies, moreover, may lend on unimproved property. As to term and proportions, however, Occidental has self-imposed restrictions not radically different from statutory limitations imposed on banks, and it only infrequently makes mortgage loans on unimproved it only inf real estate.

loans-similar skills are required, and there is a cross-adaptability of acquired experience. Moreover, the financial accounting required in insurance operations has many elements of similarity with the financial accounting required in banking. Five of Occidental's 11 present board members and about 30 per cent of its officers have had actual banking experience. However, as witnesses for the Applicant conceded, specific banking experience by management personnel is not indispensable to the successful operation of a life insurance company. The same skills and management attitudes can be developed in personnel who work their way up the insurance company ladder.

6. Insurance activities by banks: As evidence of its assertion that banks engage in some insurance activities, just as insurance companies engage in some functions comparable to banking, the Applicant calls

attention to the following:

(a) Both insurance companies and banks, the latter through their trust departments, are now engaged in the expanding field of pension plan management. Where a bank's trust department engages in such operations, it must undertake actuarial burdens and develop delille of a kind powerfly essentiated with the develop skills of a kind normally associated with the life insurance business. As to this asserted resemblance, it is to be observed, however, that Occidental's pension plan operations, thus far at least, constitute but a very minor part of its total operations. The record does no disclose whether any of Transameri-ca's five banks which have trust departments are engaged in any business of this type.

(b) In three States—Connecticut, New York and

Massachusetts—savings banks are permitted to write life insurance directly. But, it should be noted that this is an exception to a general prohibition against banks engaging in this type of business, a prohibition which may imply recognition of a basic dissimilarity between the business of banking and the business of insurance. Moreover, it should be observed that national banks (except in towns with a population not exceeding 5,000)¹⁴ as well as most State banks are not even permitted to act as agents in the writing

of life insurance.15

(c) Some banks, as a promotional feature to encourage savings accounts, have plans under which depositors receive life insurance coverage under certain circumstances.16

C. Extent of Occidental's Insurance Relationship with Affiliated and Other Banks

Occidental's insurance relationships with banks are confined to the writing of two general classes of insurance—credit life and employee group insurance.

14 U.S.C.A. 92.

15 Of the 11 States in which Transamerica's banks are located, only California affirmatively grants its banks authority to act as an insurance agent, but even so limits such authority to banks located in towns having a population of less than 5,000. (Deering's California Codes, Fin. Code Anno., Sec. 1208.) Three other States—Arizona, Montana and New Mexico—allow corporations generally to act as such agents, without affirmatively denying the privilege to banks.

16 For example, at one California bank—not in the Transamerica family—the depositor receives life insurance coverage sufficient to guarantee a specified amount in his account if he dies before the account reaches that amount. Under another plan, developed in the East, a depositor's beneficiary receives double the amount of the deposit in his account at the time of his death. So far as appears, however, the insurance under such plans is underwritten not by the banks but by independent life insurance companies, and it seems to be stretching a point to refer to such insurance as a bank activity.

¹² As will be shown below in another section of this Report, the mortgage loans acquired from banks constitute but a minor proportion of the total mortgage loans acquired.

¹³ Of this, more later.

- 1. Credit life insurance: (a) This is insurance on the life of a borrower sufficient to cancel the balance of the indebtedness should the borrower die before repayment. It serves the dual purpose of protecting the lending institution's loan and of relieving the estate of the borrower of the indebtedness in the event of death before repayment. Occidental writes two forms of credit life insurance for use by lending institutions, both with the lending institution as the policyholder. One, called the outstanding balance type, is most often used by banks to support unsecured personal loans and appliance loans. This form is applied uniformly to borrowers in designated classes, covering all in the class, with the direct cost borne by the bank. The other, known as the single premium type, is more often used in automobile lending. This form is generally extended to bank borrowers at the option of the borrower, although in some cases the bank may insist on the coverage, and the cost of the insurance is separately charged to the borrower as a financing cost.
- (b) Credit life insurance policies of the types described are sold by Occidental to lending institutions generally, and are not confined to Transamerica banks. Occidental applies the same rate schedules on the policies it sells to Transamerica-affiliated banks as on the policies it sells to others. Substantially similar coverage is obtainable by banks from perhaps 50 other insurance companies that compete with Occidental for the sale of such insurance. A witness for the Applicant conceded that it made no difference to Transamerica-affiliated banks whether such insurance was written by Occidental or by any other com-pany, as long as the insurance provided the banks with adequate protection and was adaptable to the loan circumstances. According to this witness, the principal advantage to a Transamerica bank in dealing with Occidental rather than with some other company on this class of insurance was to be found in the mutual confidence and convenience of negotiation that an intra-family relationship promotes.
- (c) The credit life insurance aspect of Occidental's business represents but a very small part of its total insurance operations. Occidental's aggregate credit life insurance in force for all banks, including Transamerica banks, on December 31, 1956, was \$145,-364,000. That figure is to be compared with the figure of \$6,705,248,000, representing the total life insurance of all kinds that Occidental had in force on that date. In terms of percentage, the credit life insurance in force amounted to only 2.2 per cent of the total life insurance in force. On the basis of premiums received during the year 1956, the ratio is even less. The total premiums Occidental received from all sources in 1956 amounted to \$178,290,715. Premiums on credit life insurance policies of both types issued to all banks, including Transamerica banks, amounted in 1956 to \$1,137,010, or approximately six-tenths of one per cent of the total premiums received.
- (d) As for Transamerica-affiliated banks, only 6 of the 25 are now provided with credit life insurance under Occidental policies.¹⁷ Such insurance is supplied through group policies written with the banks

- individually.¹⁸ Occidental's total credit life insurance in force for Transamerica banks, as of December 31, 1956, amounted to \$40,660,687. This was only sixtenths of one per cent of the \$6,705,248,000 figure representing all life insurance that Occidental had in force on that date. Premiums received in 1956 from Transamerica-affiliated banks on credit life insurance totaled \$299,441, or 17/100 of one per cent of the total premiums Occidental received that year from all sources. In assessing the substantiality of this relationship, another measure is to compare the volume of loans insured by this class of insurance to the total loans made by Transamerica banks. As of December 31, 1956, loans outstanding for all Transamerica banks aggregated \$1,460,982,254. As of the same date loan balances covered by credit life insurance amounted to \$40,660,587. It thus appears that less than 3 per cent of Transamerica's total loans was covered by Occidental credit life insurance.
- 2. Employee group insurance: (a) Occidental writes group life, group casualty, and group retirement insurance for the benefit of employees of employer policyholders. Such policies are available to banks as well as other employers. There is nothing about such policies that is peculiarly related to the business of banking or to the conduct of any banking activity as such. Similar employee group policies are written by nearly all life insurance companies.
- (b) At present, six of Transamerica's banking subsidiaries—the so-called older banks—carry employee group life, casualty and retirement policies with Occidental under an umbrella insurance plan negotiated by Transamerica in 1954 on behalf of all its then affiliated banks.¹⁰ In addition, two other banks, both located in New Mexico, carry life insurance coverage on their employees under an Occidental policy issued to New Mexico Bankers Association. Moreover, an employee group casualty policy is carried with Occidental by Citizens National Trust and Savings Bank of Los Angeles, in which Transamerica holds a minority interest. The total of Occidental's group life insurance in force on December 31, 1956, under employer policies written for Transamerica's subsidiary banks was \$67,815,000. That figure is to be compared with the figure of \$2,952,267,000, representations of the subsidiary banks was \$67,815,000. senting all group life insurance in force (approximately 2.5 per cent) and with the figure of \$6,705,-248,000, representing the aggregate, ordinary and group, of all life insurance that Occidental then had in force (approximately one per cent). Total premiums during 1956 on all forms of employee group life, group casualty and group retirement policies carried by Transamerica banks—including in this instance premiums paid by Citizens National—amounted to \$2,996,573. That figure is to be compared with Occidental's total group life, casualty and retirement premiums for the year, amounting to \$97,140,775 (approximately 3 per cent) and with its

¹⁷ The six include five of the six so-called "older banks"—all but the First National Bank of Arizona—and the Bank of Glacier County.

¹⁸ According to the Applicant's witnesses, however, Transamerica was engaged at the time of the hearing in working out a master credit life insurance plan with Occidental that would cover all of Transamerica's banks, so that each could gain the cost advantage of the volume business.

¹⁹ According to testimony in the record, plans are now under consideration to extend the umbrella plan to all subsequently acquired banks.

²⁰ Apart from the banks already adverted to, 12 additional Transamerica banks carry partial employee casualty coverage, applying only to accidents occurring in the course of travel. As appears from the premium figures, the amounts involved are relatively insignificant.

total premiums from all sources for the year, amounting to \$178,290,715 (less than 2 per cent).

(c) The Applicant concedes that it is not essential

(c) The Applicant concedes that it is not essential for its subsidiary banks to obtain their insurance from an affiliated insurer. It contends, however, that an insurance affiliation is helpful and desirable, as it makes for more convenient contract negotiation, gives the subsidiary banks the benefit of more objective and disinterested underwriting advice, and provides the benefit with a better more of checking to vides the banks with a better means of checking on the fairness of the rates charged. This, it says, permits from the banks' point of view a more efficient handling of their insurance needs.

D. Occidental's Relationships with Affiliated and Unaffiliated Banks in Its Investment and Lending Activities

The Applicant asserts that Occidental's operations are functionally related to the business of banking, not only by virtue of its insurance activities already reviewed, but also because, on the investment and lending side of its operations, Occidental is in a position to, and does, supplement, complement and service bank lending activities. To support that assertion the Applicant adduced evidence showing that Occidental in the conduct of its business has referred loans to banks and has had loans referred to it by banks; has frequently and regularly purchased mort-gage loans from banks; has participated with banks in joint lending transactions, including both mortgage transactions and private placements of bonds and debentures; and has accepted arrangements with banks for the repurchase of bank loans after the short-term payout. Additionally, the Applicant adduced evidence to show that Occidental often employs banks as mortgaging servicing agents, and, at times, as escrow agents or trustees in large loan participa-tions. It is the purpose of this subsection of the Report to indicate the extent to which—as reflected by the record—Occidental has engaged in activities and transactions of the kinds mentioned, both in its relations with banks generally and—more specifically in its relations with Transamerica banking subsidiaries.

1. Cross-referrals: As an insurance company, Occidental is primarily interested in long-term mortgage loans and investments. Banks, on the other hand, are primarily interested in short-term loans because of their need for greater liquidity. Occasions arise also where a bank is unable to meet the loan requirements of a valued customer, either because it has reached its legal loan limits, or because the customer's requirements involve a transaction prohibited to a bank but not to an insurance company, such as, for example, a loan on unimproved property or a purchase and lease-back of real estate. For such or other reasons, banks, both affiliated and unaffiliated, often find it desirable or expedient to refer loan applicants to Occidental.²¹ Conversely, occasions also arise where Occidental refers loan applications to a bank.

That may occur, for example, where a requested loan is of too short a maturity to satisfy Occidental's investment requirements. Witnesses for the Applicant testified that Transamerica banks have no policy requiring that referrals by them be to Occidental rather than to some competing life insurance company; similarly, that Occidental has no established policy requiring that referrals by it be to Transamerica affiliated banks rather than to others. The record reflects that unaffiliated banks make many more loan referrals to Occidental than do affiliated banks. As to the volume of referrals of the kind immediately under review, there is no precise statistical information in the record. Some of the quantitative data later set out, however, peripherally bears on this subject.

2. Mortgage loan purchases: (a) Occidental's principal contact with banks arises from its purchases from banks of mortgage loans. As was earlier observed, however, Occidental does not acquire such loans exclusively from banks-indeed the loans it acquires from bank sources represent but a minor fraction of its total acquisitions of that kind. Other sources include building and loan associations, savings and loan associations, mortgage companies, and individuals engaged in the mortgage loan origination business

(b) The following schedule in evidence, covering the years 1954, 1955, and 1956, reflects the amount of mortgage loans acquired by Occidental in those years from subsidiary and other banks, as well as from all other sources.

| Acquired from: | 1954 | 1955 | 1956 |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Subsidiary banks Other banks | \$ 0 2,284,615 | \$ 1,581,772 2,060,046 | \$ 5,039,229 4,071,286 |
| Total banks | \$ 2,284,615 | \$ 3,641,818 | \$ 9,110,515 |
| All other sources | 42,865,724 | 63,032,731 | 44,755,047 |
| Total mortgages acquired | \$45,150,339 | \$66,674,549 | \$53,865,562 |

Reduced to terms of percentages, it appears from the foregoing that in 1954 Occidental acquired only 5 per cent of its mortgage loans from banks, none that year from affiliated banks; in 1955 Occidental that year from affiliated banks; in 1955 Occidental acquired 2.4 per cent from subsidiary banks ²² and 3.1 per cent from unaffiliated banks, or a total of 5.5 per cent from all banks; and in 1956 Occidental acquired 9.3 per cent from subsidiary banks and 7.4 per cent from unaffiliated banks, ²³ or a total from all banks of 16.7 per cent of its aggregate mortgage loan acquisitions during that year.

(c) The limited extent to which Occidental has dealt with Transamerica affiliated banks in the ac-

dealt with Transamerica affiliated banks in the acquisition of mortgage loans is further reflected by another schedule in evidence listing the mortgage loans acquired from Transamerica affiliated banks in the 11-year period beginning in 1946 and ending in 1956. That schedule shows that Occidental acquired mortgage loans from subsidiary banks in only 6 of the 11 years, no loans at all having been acquired in

²¹ This may be done by prearrangement, with the bank acting as agent for Occidental. As an example involving Transamerica subsidiaries, the record refers to a transaction with Occidental negotiated in November 1956 by Transamerica acting on behalf of a number of its newly acquired State banks. Under it, Occidental agreed to allow these banks, which then either were at their loan limits or were unable because of the tight money market to find other mortgage loan outlets, to act as agent or broker for Occidental in making mortgage loans for Occidental up to specified amounts, totaling for all such banks \$5 million.

²² The mortgage loans, totaling \$1,581,772, acquired by Occidental in 1955, were acquired from four separate subsidiary banks, First National Bank of Portland, First Western Bank & Trust Co., Bank of Nevada, and First National Bank of Nevada.

²⁸ In 1956, the mortgage loans amounting to \$5,039,229 were acquired entirely from one subsidiary bank—First Western Bank & Trust Co.

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1949 and in the 4-year period between 1950 and 1955. No more than one bank was involved in acquisitions made during any one year in the 11-year period, except in 1948 when two banks were involved and in 1955 when four banks were involved. The mortgage loans acquired from all subsidiary banks during that 11-year period, according to this schedule, totaled \$14,080,941.

- (d) The record does not contain complete comparative figures for the same 11-year period that would show the extent to which Transamerica banks disposed of mortgage loans to purchasers other than Occidental. Such comparative figures are available only with respect to the six older banks for the years 1955 and 1956. They show that during 1955 the six affiliated banks sold mortgage loans amounting to \$1,852,362 to insurance companies other than Occidental and, in addition, loans amounting to \$6,561,745 to other unaffiliated purchasers, making an aggregate of \$8,414,107. The aggregate of \$8,414,107 is to be compared with the figure of \$1,581,772, representing the amount of mortgage loans sold by such Transamerica banks to Occidental in 1955. The comparative figures show that during 1956 the six Transamerica banks sold mortgage loans amounting to \$1,378,164 to insurance companies other than Occidental plus loans amounting to \$10,086,829 to other unaffiliated purchasers. The aggregate of \$11,-464,993 is to be compared with the figure \$5,039,229, representing the amount of mortgage loans sold by Transamerica banking affiliates to Occidental in 1956. Thus, during 1955 approximately 16 per cent of mortgage loans sold by such Transamerica banks were sold to Occidental, and the balance to others. During 1956, a period of a tighter money market, the percentage of mortgage loans sold by such Transamerica banks to Occidental was approximately 30 per cent, with approximately 70 per cent sold to other mortgage outlets.
- 3. Participation with banks in joint or coordinated mortgage loan transactions: (a) Occasions not uncommonly arise when Occidental is requested by banks, both affiliated and unaffiliated, to engage with them in joint or coordinated lending transactions. Thus, for example, Occidental has often made arrangements with banks for mortgage takeout commitments. Under such an arrangement a bank will advance money to a building contractor to finance the construction of a home development project, and Occidental will simultaneously agree to take over the mortgage loans from the individual purchasers as and when homes are completed and sold. Through such cooperative activity the bank is able at once to accommodate a customer and gain the benefits of the interim financing, while maintaining a revolving fund that it may draw upon to help finance other transactions of the same kind in its community.²⁴
- (b) The record does not supply details to show the extent to which Occidental makes mortgage loans of such joint or coordinate character. There is testimony, however, that in a "high percentage" of such

- cooperative loans the banks involved with Occidental were unaffiliated with Transamerica. The record shows, moreover, that Transamerica banks frequently participate in such joint mortgage lending with insurance companies other than Occidental. Thus it affirmatively appears, for example, that two of Transamerica's largest banks—First Western and First National Bank of Portland—have a standing arrangement with Equitable Life Assurance Society of New York under which all their long-term farm loans are purchased by Equitable after a two-year payout.
- 4. Participation with banks in private placements of bonds and debentures: (a) Occidental, apart from its mortgage loans, participates at times with banks or others in the private placement of bonds and debentures. Arrangements may be made under which banks will take the earlier maturities and Occidental the later maturities. Such private placements are sometimes spearheaded by Occidental, sometimes by others.
- (b) In the 15-year period since 1941, Occidental has participated in 106 private placements of bonds and debentures. However, in only a minority of such private placements—34 to be exact—have banks also been participants. It is noteworthy, moreover, that, except for those instances in which the Bank of America participated while it was still an affiliate of Transamerica, no Transamerica banking subsidiary has ever joined Occidental in any such private placement participation.
- 5. Occidental's other relationships with banks: (a) Under private placement aggreements, provision is usually made for the appointment of a bank as a trustee or escrow agent. In situations where the placement group is developed by Occidental, it may ask that one of Transamerica's banks be appointed such trustee or escrow agent. The bank is then placed in a position to profit by the fee it receives for the performance of such agency or trust services.
- (b) When Occidental acquires a mortgage, it at times appoints the originating bank as its servicing agent for the mortgage Ioan. For such services the bank collects a fee running from ½ to ¾ of one per cent of the amount of its remittances. Of the 75 servicing agents that Occidental now has, about 30 are banks. An analysis showing, in terms of volume, the servicing distribution of all mortgage Ioans held by Occidental on December 31, 1956, was introduced in evidence. It follows:

| Service agent | Loan balance (In thousands) | Percentage of total |
|---|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Transamerica banks Other banks Home office Nonbank agents | . 32,029 . 49,406 | 5.6 11.6 17.9 |
| (Mortgage companies, sav ings and loan, etc.) | . 179,663 | 64.9 |
| Total | .25 \$276,721 | 100.0 |

²⁵ The total admitted value of mortgage loans as shown on Occidental's 1956 annual statement is \$274,701,000. The discrepancy is accounted for in the record as due to certain adjustments to the borrower's balances required by the Insurance Commissioner to produce the admitted assets shown on the statement.

²⁴ Another and somewhat different example of a joint mortgage lending transaction to which the Applicant made specific reference involved a 10-year loan of \$2,250,000 to a hotel secured by a mortgage on the real property and a chattel mortgage on the furnishings. The loan was participated in by Occidental and two Transamerica-affiliated banks. The banks between them took \$750,000 of the loan to be amortized monthly over a period of three years, and Occidental took the balance with amortization payments to it beginning at the end of the third year.

E. The Asserted Close Relationship of Occidental to Transamerica's Business of "Managing or Controlling Banks'

To establish that Occidental is "closely related" not only to the business of banking, but to Transamerica's business of "managing or controlling banks" the Applicant adduced testimony that was largely argumentative in character. The principal points stressed are set forth below:

(1) It is asserted that Occidental, through the principle of diversification, is able to play a stabilizing role in the bank holding company structure of which it is part. To support this assertion, the Applicant points to the substantial dividends Occidental pays to Transamerica, 20 dividends which provide Transamerica with a reservoir of capital reserves that may be used, and at times has been used, to contribute additional capital to subsidiary banks,²¹ thereby providing additional safety and protection to Transamerica's banks and their depositors. It may be observed that a like point could be made, and with equal force, as to any profitable nonbanking company that Transamerica may control.

(2) It is asserted that the business of life insurance and the business of banking have a natural rela-tionship and for that reason present to the parent bank holding company many of the same problems of management and control. To support this assertion, the Applicant points to the facts already found concerning the comparability between the business of life insurance and the business of banking with regard to trustee orientation, cross-adaptability of management skills and experience, financial accounting, and governmental regulation. As to the significance of such common facets on the particular issue in this proceeding, comment is reserved for a

later section of this Report.

(3) It is asserted that because Transamerica as a holding company can coordinate activities of Occidental along with those of its banks, it is better able to facilitate the investment and lending operations of each, and thereby also to serve the public interest. To support this assertion, the Applicant points to the fact that Transamerica is in a position to, and frequently does, consult with both Occidental and its banking subsidiaries on their investment practices. It is thus able, it says, to call new investment or lending opportunities to the attention of both, and to serve as an originator and conduit for effective coordinated lending activity by Occidental and its banks. This, it adds, serves the public interest, because an insurance company and a bank acting in combination have a far broader range than either acting alone, and together can arrange for almost any type of loan that businessmen may require.

The suggestion that Transamerica's retention of Occidental is required for the effective promotion of coordinated investment and lending activities must be appraised against other record facts. Thus it appears that in the field of private placement of bonds and debentures there has in fact been no coordinated activity between Occidental and Transamerica banking subsidiaries, at least since Transamerica's divesti-

ture of its interest in the Bank of America. And notwithstanding divestiture Occidental still continues to participate with the Bank of America in private placements. Moreover, lack of affiliation has not blocked subsidiaries of Transamerica from achieving convertive activity in private placements. cooperative activity in private placements with other lending organizations. In the field of real estate lending, the record does reflect some degree of coordinated activity between Occidental and affiliated banks, it is true. But the record also shows a far greater volume of such coordinated lending by Occidental and unaffiliated banks. The arrangement found above, between two of Transamerica's largest banks and the Equitable Life Assurance Society for the acquisition by Equitable of the banks' farm loans after a short-term payout, provides striking proof that coexistence in a holding company is not required for coordinated lending activity by a bank and an insurance company.

F. As to the Effect of Divestiture on Transamerica Banking Operations

Concerning the effect that divestiture of Occidental would have on Transamerica's banking operations,

Oscar H. Keller, Transamerica's vice president in charge of its Banking Division, testified as follows:
Hearing Examiner: I would like to ask a very broad question. If Transamerica were required to divest itself of Occidental, how would that prejudice Transamerica in its managing or control of its subsidiary banks, or prejudice the bank subsidiaries in the conduct of their banking business'

The Witness: I wouldn't know at this time how

it would affect it.

Hearing Examiner: Do you think it could have an effect one way or another?

The Witness: I don't know. Only time will answer

that question, in my opinion.

Hearing Examiner: Well, can you anticipate any damaging effect to the business of Transamerica in managing or controlling the banks or any damaging effects to the banks in the operation of the banking

The Witness: No, I can't anticipate any damaging I can anticipate probably some inconvenience to the banks, their customers, that might come about.

III. Analysis and Conclusions

A. As to the Meaning of the Statute and the Standards to be Applied Thereunder

1. The problem of interpretation presented: Do the facts found above add up to enough to support a favorable determination of the Applicant's exemption request?

At the threshold of this inquiry we are met with what are essentially questions of law, concerning the meaning of Section 4(c)(6), the allowable area of the Board's discretionary authority thereunder, and the standards, if any, that Congress intended should

govern the Board's determination.

2. The position of the Applicant: The Applicant would have the Board construe the Act as imposing no finite limitations on the "closely related" concept contained in Section 4(c)(6). It contends that when Congress charged the Board with responsibility to determine "closely related" questions, it intended to grant the Board full freedom of discretionary action, qualified only by the single requirement that all the

²⁶ The record discloses that Transamerica has received more than \$30 million in dividends from Occidental since 1940.

²⁷ In 1956, Transamerica contributed almost \$7 million to the capital of subsidiary banks either by stock subscriptions or contributions to surplus.

activities of the nonbanking subsidiary for which divestiture exemption was sought must be of a financial, fiduciary or insurance nature. In the Applicant's view, Congress did not mean to confine the Board to the application of any specific criteria, but imposed upon the Board, rather, an obligation, in the words of its brief, "to base its determination on all evidence of record as to the character and business operations of the particular company and the similarity of, and the relationship of, these operations and characteristics to either the 'business of banking' or 'the business of managing and controlling banks' More specifically, the Applicant argues that it would be wrong for the Board to interpret the phrase "closely related" as requiring the activities of the nonbanking company to be related in a functional, operational or servicing sense to particular banking activities engaged in by subsidiary banks of its parent company. The quoted phrase, the Applicant insists, must be read in its broadest sense, so as to include within its compass, not only that which is functionally integrated, but that also which is generally allied or kindred in character, and even that which is simply proximate in terms of normal business relations. Consequently, according to the Applicant, the Board need not, and should not, allow its determination in this proceeding to be controlled by its judgment on whether Occidental may properly be found to be an adjunct to Transamerica banking operations, or an adjunct to Transamerica banking operations, or on whether Occidental's continued presence in the Transamerica family is required for the performance of banking activities by Transamerica's banking subsidiaries. In arguing for the exemption of Occidental, the Applicant, as has already been found, places some reliance upon its contention that Occidental professional contention for Transamerical and the transfersion for the profession for Transamerical and the statements of the profession for the profe dental performs servicing functions for Transamerica banks—particularly in the writing of credit life and employee group insurance. But the principal thrust of its argument appears to be that Occidental should be found "closely related", because its operations have characteristics that resemble banking and because its business contacts with banks in the lending and investment field are such as to make it a natural ally of the business of banking.

3. Construction of the statutory language: From my own reading of the statute and its legislative history, I am unable to agree that Congress intended to confer on the Board virtually complete discretion, without limiting standards, to determine what might be considered as closely related within the meaning of Section 4(c)(6).

Section 4(c)(6) itself circumscribes the area of the Board's allowable discretion. Thus, it superimposes upon the requirement that a financial, fiduciary or insurance company, to be qualified for exemption, must be "closely related to the business of banking or of managing or controlling banks", two additional requirements. One is that the Board must find that the close relationship is such as to make the nonbanking subsidiary a "proper incident" to the business of banking or managing or controlling banks. The other is that the Board must find that the relationship is such as to make it unnecessary for the divestiture provisions of the Act to apply in order to carry out the purposes of the Act. Both of these additional requirements, serve, in my view, to qualify and restrict the sense in which "closely related" may be considered.

Manifestly, Congress would not have required a finding that the nonbanking subsidiary must be closely

related as an incident to banking had it intended that any possible kind of relation, if only substantial enough, might be viewed by the Board as qualifying the subsidiary for exemption from divestiture. The "incident" requirement operates at once to modify the scope of the words "closely related" and to point the direction of Congress' purpose. Webster's New International Dictionary, Unabridged, Second Edition, defines the legal meaning of the noun "incident" as follows: "Something appertaining to, passing with, or depending on another, called the principal." Bouvier's Law Dictionary, Unabridged, defines the same term as follows: "This term is used both substantively and adjectively as a thing which either usually, or naturally and inseparably depends upon, appertains to, or follows another that is more worthy."

When the words "closely related" are read in context with the modification which follows, and interpreted in the light of the definition of "incident", I think this construction fairly emerges:—that it was Congress' purpose to have the Board exempt from divestiture only those financial, fiduciary, or insurance companies that are engaged in activities so intimately tied in with banking operations, management or control as to make them in effect a reasonably required part or adjunct of the banking business. Under that construction, it would be of little materiality to the "closely related" issue, and certainly of no controlling importance, whether or not the nonbanking subsidiary may be found to be related to banking in other ways, for example, in terms of kindred characteristics or of propinquity in business contacts.

The construction just stated is fortified by the further requirement of Section 4(c)(6), that the close relationship be such "as to make it unnecessary for the prohibitions of [Section 4(a) and (b)] to apply in order to carry out the purposes of the Act." A primary purpose of the Act is to confine bank holding companies to activities connected with the management and control of banks, on the theory that it is in the public interest to keep bank ventures in a field of their own, separate and apart from non-banking enterprises.²⁸ It is clear that Congress regarded financial, fiduciary and insurance companies, prima facie at least, as enterprises outside the field of banking 20—and this though it was made aware that such companies in certain aspects of their operations possessed points of comparability with banking, and though it presumably also knew that such companies normally enjoyed some measure of business relations with banks. Clearly, then, Congress must have expected something more than a showing of common traits or normal business consanguinity as a predicate for a "closely related" exemption. The key to what more was expected is to be found, I think, not alone in the statute's requirement for a "proper incident" finding, but also in its requirement that a "closely related" exemption, if it is to be allowed, must be found by the Board to be in harmony with the purposes of the Act. Divestiture exemption of nonbanking companies can be reconciled with the legislative objective of keeping bank ventures in a field of their own only if the "closely related" provision is construed as limited in its appli-

²⁸ H. Rep. 602, pp. 1, 11, 16, 84th Cong.; S. Rep. 1095, pp. 1, 2, 5, 84th Cong.

²⁰ See, for example, H. Rep. 609, p. 11, 84th Cong.; Cong. Rec. Vol. 102, Pt. 5, pp. 6858, 6935.

cation to companies whose activities are so functionally integrated with or required for banking operations as to make them in effect part and parcel of such operations. Where nonbanking activities are found to be an adjunct to banking, it is entirely reasonable to disassociate such activities from the legislative object of keeping banking and nonbanking enterprises separate and apart—but not otherwise.

What has just been said also serves to suggest that Congress intended the Board to base its "closely related" determinations primarily on the nature and degree of the functional relationship between, on the one hand, the company for which exemption is sought and, on the other, the business of banking or of managing and controlling banks as specifically conducted by that company's parent holding company and the latter's banking subsidiaries. A contrary view, in my opinion, would clash with the statutory purpose to ban combination under single holding company control of both banking and nonbanking enterprises. Moreover, if such direct functional integration were not contemplated, it would make practically meaningless at least part of the "incident" requirement; for it is difficult to perceive how a company can be found "an incident" of the management or control of banks unless its own functions are tied to the company that manages or controls. In any event, this precise question can no longer be regarded as an open one, for me at least. As appears from Section 5(b) of the Board's Regulation Y, issued pursuant to the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956, the Board has already construed the "closely related" provision of Section 4(c)(6) of the Act as having the restricted reference suggested above. For reasons earlier indicated, I am persuaded that the Regulation Y construction comports with Congress' intent; but even if I thought otherwise, I should still be obliged to look to Section 5(b) of Regulation Y as containing an authoritative Board interpretation binding on me.

4. Legislative history: The Legislative history tends

on the whole to support the statutory construction set out above.

The Bank Holding Company Act was considered and enacted by the 84th Congress following the sequence of events set out in the marginal note. H. R. 2674, on which hearings were held by the House

Committee, contained no provision such as the present Section 4(c)(6). It did have, however, a so-called servicing exemption which excluded from the divestiture provisions of the bill companies engaged solely in holding or operating bank properties, or in conducting a safe deposit business, or in serving a holding company and its subsidiaries in auditing, appraising, investment counsel, or liquidating banking assets. (Compare Section 4(c)(1) of the present Act, hereinafter referred to as the "servicing exemption".) At the House hearings, Chairman Martin of the Board, commenting on the divestment provision of H. R. 2674, recommended that, "as against numerous specific exemptions, it would seem preferable to vest the administering agency with limited authority" to exempt companies "closely related to the business of banking or of managing or controlling banks". Chairman Martin explained that the proposed authority should extend to "exceptional" cases where exemption "may actually be necessary in the public interest". Testifying on the same point, Governor Robertson made plain that the Board's recommendation contemplated that exemption should be permissible only where a non-banking business was operated as a part of or an adjunct to banking activities. In response to an inquiry from a committee member as to whether loan companies in a bank holding company group would be qualified for a "closely related" exemption, Governor Robertson stated: "

"That would be determined by the character of their business and whether or not those companies would be considered to be merely an arm of the bank itself. If not, I think they would be covered by the bill [requiring divestiture]".

During the House hearings, one holding company witness—E. O. Jenkins, President of the First Bank Stock Corporation—proposed an amendment to H. R. 2674 which would have added a new exemption subsection. The wording of the proposed subsection was substantially identical to the language now contained in Section 4(c)(6) of the Act, except that it did not contain the present limitation to companies of a financial, fiduciary or insurance nature, and, moreover, unmistakably required that all the activities of the nonbanking company be closely related to the business of banking or of managing or controlling banks. In supporting the proposed amendment, Mr. Jenkins stated: **

"We also feel that reasonable discretion should be given to the Board to permit continued holdings of subsidiaries which are of service to a bank holding company group and engage in a clearly allied business". (Emphasis supplied.)

The House Committee reported out H. R. 6227, without acceding to the suggestion that the Board be given discretionary authority to exempt "closely related" companies. In its Report, the Committee expressed agreement with an objection made by Comptroller Delano in 1950, on the occasion of hearings on an earlier bill when the Board had advanced a similar recommendation. Comptroller Delano had then illustrated what he considered to be the vice in giving the Board broad discretionary authority, by pointing to the competitive advantage a holding company system could gain over independent banks if the Board were to find that a finance com-

²⁰ Section 5(b) to the extent here pertinent provides: "Any bank holding company which is of the opinion that a company all the activities of which are of a financial, fiduciary, or insurance nature is so closely related to the business of banking or of managing or controlling banks, as conducted by such bank holding company or its banking subsidiaries, as to be a proper incident thereto and as to make it unnecessary for the prohibitions of Section 4 of the Act to apply in order to carry out the purposes of the Act, may request the Board for such a determination pursuant to Section 4(c)(6) of the Act." (Emphasis supplied.)

²¹ The House Committee on Banking and Currency, after

Section 4(c) (6) of the Act." (Emphasis supplied.)

31 The House Committee on Banking and Currency, after helding hearings in February and March 1955 on H. R. 2674, reported out a revised bill, H. R. 6227 (H. Rep. 609). The House passed H. R. 6227 on June 14, 1955. The Senate Committee on Banking and Currency held hearings on H. R. 6227, along with S. 880 and S. 2350, in July 1955. On July 25, 1955, it reported out a compromise bill agreed upon in executive session—S. 2577 (S. Rep. 1095). Additional hearings were held on S. 2577 by the Senate Committee in February 1956, resulting in certain additional amendments to S. 2577 that were reported out on Mar. 6, 1956 (S. Rep. 1095, Pt. 2). After S. 2577 was debated, the Senate amended H. R. 6227 by striking all its provisions and substituting therefor the text of S. 2577, and then passed H. R. 6227, as so amended, on Apr. 25, 1956. On Apr. 26, 1956, the House without further debate passed H. R. 6227 as amended by the Senate, and sent the bill to the President who signed it on May 9, 1956.

⁸² Hearings before House Committee on Banking and Currency on H. R. 2674, p. 18, 84th Cong., 1st Sess.

²³ Ibid., p. 14. ³⁴ Ibid., p. 119. ³⁵ Ibid., p. 364.

pany, engaged in acquiring consumer paper from other business areas and funneling such business into holding company banks, was a "proper incident" to holding company banks, was a "proper incident" to the business of managing, operating or controlling banks.³⁰ The Committee recommended that Con-gress exempt only "certain specific businesses" al-ready spelled out in the servicing exemption and de-clared by the Committee to be "obviously incidental to the business of banking".³⁷ It is not, however, to be inferred from the Committee's objection to the inclusion of a "closely related" exemption that the Committee construed such exemption as extending Committee construed such exemption as extending beyond companies that were engaged in business as an "arm" of banking. Indeed, the example which the Committee used to support its objection presupposed precisely such a functional integration. What apparently lay at the heart of the Committee's objection was a fear that the Board in the exercise of its discretion to determine what was a "proper incident", might find to be "proper" that which Congress would not.

The Senate Committee, as noted, held hearings on S. 880 and S. 2350, as well as on H. R. 6227 which by then had already passed the House. Only S. 2350 made reference to a "closely related" exemption. That bill in effect adopted the recommendation the Board had earlier made before the House Committee to substitute for the numerous specific exemptions in the servicing subsection of H. R. 6227 authority in the Board to determine what was an incident of banking. S. 2350 would have applied exemption
"To shares of any company engaged solely in a safe deposit or fiduciary business or any company

all the activities of which the Board has determined to be so closely related to the business of banking or of managing or controlling banks as to be a proper incident thereto and as to make it unnecessary for the prohibitions of this section to apply to carry out the purpose of this Act".

At the Senate hearings, Chairman Martin expressed substantially the same position on this subject that he had taken at the House hearings.³⁸ Other bank holding company witnesses also supported the flexible provision in S. 2350 as against the rigidly defined servicing exemption subsection in H. R. 6227. It appears to have been generally assumed, however, that even the S. 2350 provision would be applicable only to companies that serviced or were otherwise operated as an integral part or adjunct to holding company banking operations. E. O. Jenkins, arguing in support of the broader provision, indicated that he considered it applicable to situations of clear functional integration. As an example of the type of company he thought might be exempted under it, he referred to a finance company engaged in the origination of consumer paper that it sold only to banks.³⁰ Witnesses for the Morris Plan stressed that the Plan had found it imperative, because of the personal loan and consumer credit activities in which its banking subsidiaries were heavily engaged, to establish and maintain certain nonbanking operations as an essential adjunct to its banking operations.40 They referred especially to a credit life insurance company and an automobile physical damage insurance company which, they pointed out, where intimately tied to their central banking op-

M. Rep. 609, pp. 16. 17, 84th Cong. ³⁷ Ibid.
 Hearings before Subcommittee of Senate Committee on Banking and Currency on S. 880, S. 2350, and H. R. 6627, pp. 44, 78, 84th Cong., 1st Sess.
 Ibid, p. 132. ⁴⁰ Ibid, pp. 151, 152, 169, 177, 178.

erations and were required by them to protect their bank loans.⁴¹ The arguments of those who sup-ported a "closely related" exemption, met with opposition, however.⁴² In an effort perhaps to make ported a "closely related" exemption, met with opposition, however. In an effort perhaps to make the "closely related" provision more palatable, J. Cameron Thomson, president of Northwest Bancorporation, at one point of his testimony offered a compromise proposal, which may have laid the seed for the provision the Senate ultimately adopted. Thomson suggested that the Board's discretionary authority to exempt "closely related" businesses be confined to financial fiduciary or insurance companies. confined to financial, fiduciary or insurance companies. But Thomson also seems to have been But Thomson also seems to have been thinking in terms of a servicing concept. Thus, his precise proposal was to amend Section 4(c)(1) of S. 2350 (the section quoted above) by adding after S. 2350 (the section quoted above) by adding after the word company—at the second place where it appears—the words, "engaged in a financial, fiduciary or insurance business". It is noteworthy that under Thomson's proposed reading, Section 4(c)(1) would have required *all* the activities of the financial, fiduciary, or insurance company to be "closely related" to banking as an incident thereto. Thomson's belief that Section 4(c)(1), even as amended, would still be restricted to companies that serviced or were still be restricted to companies that serviced or were adjuncts to banking operations is further revealed by

Senator Robertson: An insurance company would not be closely related to banking or would it?

Mr. Thomson: Well it might be. For instance, as to banking generally, independent and bank holding company and branch have gone more into instalment credit. There has been a service built up that is very valuable, and is in general demand by borrowers. That is credit life—credit life in-surance. Credit life insurance has become an ad-junct of certain types of lending in banks today. That is one type of insurance company.

After the hearings, the Senate met in executive session and agreed upon a compromise bill, S. 2577. session and agreed upon a compromise bit, S. 2577.
This, with some minor modifications, ultimately became the law. S. 2577 separated the "closely related" exemption provision from Section 4(c)(1) in which it had appeared in S. 2350, and placed it in a separate section, in the form in which it now appears in the Act. 45 In its Report accompanying S. 2577, the Committee stated the following con-S. 2577, the Committee stated the following concerning Section 4(c)(6):46

"Exemption (6) has been included—as a necessary provision to enable the administering authority -to permit the retention by a bank holding company of activities found to be closely related to bank-. . In the opinion of your committee certain activities of a financial, fiduciary, or insurance nature are obviously so closely related to banking as to

⁴¹ I regard this testimony as particularly significant since it seems to have formed the basis for the example of the credit life insurance company later cited in the Senate Report to illustrate the kind of nonbanking operation Congress thought ought to be considered "closely related" as "an incident" to

ought to be considered "closely related" as "an incident" to banking.

42 Ibid, p. 44. 43 Ibid, p. 330. 44 Ibid, p. 328.

45 Section 4(c)(1) in S. 2577 provided for automatic exemptions, without the necessity for a hearing, of companies engaged solely in holding or operating bank needed properties, or engaged solely in conducting a safe deposit business "or serving the holding company and banks in its system with respect to such functions as audits, appraisals, investment counsel, or the liquidation of assets. . . " The quoted portion was later revised to its present form—"or furnishing services to or performing services for such holding company and banks with respect to which it is a bank holding company, or in liquidating assets acquired from such bank holding company and such banks".

40 S. Rep. 1095, Pt. 1, p. 13, 84th Cong.

require no divestment by a bank holding company. For example, the operation of a credit life insurance company in connection with bank loans is clearly within the scope of banking operations as presently conducted. So is the operation of an insurance program under which the insurance proceeds retire the outstanding balance of the mortgage upon the death of the mortgager in cases where the bank holds the mortgage. However, there are many other activities of a financial, fiduciary, or insurance nature which cannot be determined to be closely related to banking without a careful examination of the particular type of business carried on under such activity. For this reason your committee deems it advisable to provide a forum—in which decisions concerning the relationship of such activities to banking can be determined in each case on its merits".

While the Report is scarcely crystal clear on the standards Congress wanted the Board to apply, I do not think it may fairly be read as conveying the thought that Congress meant to impose on the Board no limiting standards at all. Certainly, the Committee's language would seem to exclude from "related" that which is simply similar in kind, such as comparable management skills or responsibilities. The Report refers repeatedly to the relationship of "activities" to banking, thereby clearly implying that a functional test was meant. Moreover, and more important, the only specific examples cited in the Report concern situations of functional integration in which the nonbanking activities are in effect conducted as reasonably required adjuncts to the business of banking. All this, of course, is clearly consistent with the statutory construction advanced earlier in this Report.

statutory construction advanced earlier in this Report.

The Applicant apparently agrees that the "closely related" provision, when first proposed by the Board at the hearings, was set in the context of a servicing exemption. But the Applicant argues that when the Senate later placed that provision in a separate section, divorced from the servicing exemption, it "severed the cord that had tied the 'closely related' exemption to the servicing concept." Consequently, contends the Applicant, Section 4(c)(6) may not now be interpreted as being limited to companies which serve as an "arm of subsidiary banks" or which are otherwise an integral part or adjunct of banking as conducted by the banks within the holding company system—and this notwithstanding anything in the Board's Regulation Y to the contrary. I am unable to agree that Congress separated the "closely related" exemption from the servicing exemption because it intended thereby to make clear that functional integration was not to be the touchstone for exemption qualification under Section 4(c)(6). After amending the provisions of Section 4(c)(1), as noted above, the Senate Committee in its second Report explained its reasons for separating the servicing exemptions, which require no hearing, from the Section 4(c)(6) exemptions, which do, as follows: **

"Such financial, fiduciary or insurance activities do not come within the scope of the meaning of the phrase 'furnishing services to or performing services for a bank holding company.' The servicing exemption should not be interpreted to include activities beyond the ordinary category of such services".

The ordinary category of services, as the Commit-The ordinary category of services, as the Committee saw it, included activities such as "audits, appraisal, investment counsel or the liquidation of assets acquired by [banks]"; 49 also, "advertising, public relations, developing new business, organization, operations, preparing tax returns [and] personnel". These are all services that banks may, and commonly do, perform with their own personnel. Bank holding company subsidiaries performing such services solely for their parent company and its subsidiary banks are clearly no more than administrative departments of the bank holding company organization. They are so apparently an incident of banking operations, management or control as to require no hearing to establish that fact. The same cannot be said of financial, fiduciary or insurance company subsidiaries in a holding company family. Such subsidiaries, even when engaged in activities that are of service to banking operations, do not perform the type of services ordinarily associated with administrative operations. Determination of whether such subsidiaries are operated as an "arm of subsidiary banks" cannot be made except on the particular facts of each case, necessitating a hearing for that purpose. There is thus a sound basis for separation of the "closely related" exemption from the servicing exemption, at variance with that suggested by the applicant. The statutory separation of the sections does not in my view negate the construction otherwise drawn from the language of the statute, and found supported generally by legislative history, that Congress intended Section 4(c)(6) to require as a condition to exemption that the nonbanking subsidiary be an integral part or adjunct of banking operations, management, or control within the holding company system of which it is part.

The restricted construction stated above comports with the commonly understood interpretation of Section 4(c)(6) at the time the legislation was pending. After the Senate Committee reported out S. 2577, accompanied by its Report No. 1095, it held additional hearings on the bill. F. M. Belgrano, president of Transamerica, appearing as a witness, urged the committee to rewrite the divestiture provisions so as at least to allow bank holding companies to retain the financial, fiduciary and insurance companies they then owned. With specific reference to Section 4(c)(6), Mr. Belgrano stated:

"Section 4(c)(6) of the present bill, as interpreted in the Committee report, contemplates that the Federal Reserve Board will permit a bank holding company to continue to hold a credit life-insurance company, at least if its operations are wholly or largely confined to writing insurance in connection with loans made by subsidiary banks. This is on the theory that the activities of such a company are sufficiently closely related to banking to be a proper incident thereto". (Emphasis supplied.)

Mr. Belgrano went on to argue that if that was not contrary to the public interest, neither was the operation of a straight life insurance company which was "fully separated and operated in competition with all other insurance companies". Mr. Belgrano's interpretation of Section 4(c)(6), as requiring a direct and substantial functional integration between the nonbanking subsidiary and the banking subsidiaries

⁴⁷ As to Section 5(b) of Regulation Y, the Applicant disputes the authority of the Board to express by general regulation a limiting view of the "closely related" exemption, stating that all questions under Section 4(c)(6) must be decided on the basis of hearings held under that section.

⁴⁸ S. Rep. 1095, Pt. 2, p. 3, 84th Cong.

⁴⁰ Ibid, Pt. 1, p. 12. ⁵⁰ Ibid, Pt. 2, p. 3. ⁵¹ Hearings on Amendments to S. 2577 before the Senate Committee on Banking and Currency, Pt. 2, p. 83, 84th Cong., 2d Sess.

in the same holding company system, was not chal-

And if any doubt remained on that point, such doubt was finally laid at rest during the Senate debates on the bill. In presenting the bill which ultimately became law, Senator Robertson, the Senate manager of the bill, had this to say: 52

Nothing is more fundamental in the Banking Act of 1933 than the principle that banks should be restricted to banking activities, and not engage in other types of business. . . . The divestment requirements types of business. . . . The divestment requirements of S. 2577 would correct that situation, but still would make liberal allowance for holding companies to continue to carry on functions closely related to banking which are essential for their efficient operation". (Emphasis supplied.)

The emphasized portion seems to me clearly to confirm the correctness of the statutory construction that

is here reached.

5. Conclusion as to meaning of Section 4(c)(6): For all the reasons set out above, I am persuaded, and conclude, that Section 4(c)(6) must be interpreted as requiring, as a condition for exemption thereunder, that the activities of the nonbanking company for which exemption is sought must be so functionally related to the business of banking, or of managing or controlling banks, as conducted by its parent bank holding company and the latter's banking subsidiaries, as to be an integral part or essential adjunct of such business.53

B. As to the Application of Section 4(c)(6) to the Facts of this Proceeding

With Section 4(c)(6) thus clarified, its application to the facts of this particular proceeding presents

no special difficulty.

Many of the considerations the Applicant relies upon may be ruled out at once as having no significant bearing on the issue of whether Occidental meets the 'closely related" standards as interpreted above. Thus, the facts set out in Section II B of this report show only that there are respects in which the business of life insurance and the business of banking possess kindred characteristics. But they are of little or no aid in establishing that Occidental's activities are an incident to Transamerica's banking operations in the functional sense that Congress had in mind. The existence of a natural kinship, if such there is, between life insurance and banking may provide a cogent argument against the wisdom of a statute that would not allow both businesses, on that basis alone, to be operated as parts of a single holding company That precise argument, indeed, was forcefully presented to Congress when the bank holding company legislation was being considered. But Congress rejected that argument and cast the statute in

another mold. The Board now has no choice left but to carry out the will of Congress.

What has just been said applies with equal force to other assertions of the Applicant that are without direct relevancy to the issue of functional integration. Thus, it is argued earnestly that Transamerica should be permitted to retain Occidental because Occidental, as a source of additional capital, plays a stabilizing role in the bank holding company system of which it is now a member. That argument also comes too late and is made to the wrong forum. It, too, was urged before Congress, and by it rejected.⁵⁴ If Occidental is in a position to strengthen Transamerica, and through it Transamerica's banks, so also are Transamerica's other profitable nonbanking enterprises. But that does not make Occidental any more than the others an "incident" of banking.

Other considerations relied upon by the Applicant

Other considerations reflied upon by the Applicant require more extended discussion, as they impinge, to some extent at least, upon functional relations between Occidental and Transamerica's banking subsidiaries. They are advanced by the Applicant to support the broad contention, expressed in its brief, that "Occidental is 'closely related to the business of banking' as a company whose activities bring it into banking' as a company whose activities bring it into daily contact with banks and which . . . performs and supplies valuable services for banks, both af-filiated and unaffiliated." More specifically, they are referable to the findings made in Section II C above, dealing with the insurance—both employee group and credit life—that Occidental writes for banks, and to the findings made in Section II D, above, dealing with Occidental's business relations with banks on the investment side of its operations.

The assertion that Occidental is "closely related" to Transamerica's banks because of the employee group insurance it writes for them is one that need not detain us long. As has been observed above, it is not all business relations that fit into the statutory frame of reference, but only those that may reasonably be said to be an "incident" to "the business of banking or of managing or controlling banks". The writing of employee group insurance can scarcely be said to be incident to the business of banking, as such. Occidental's relationship to banks in the sale of this class of insurance is simply an ordinary business relationship, not different from its relationship to any other policyholder to whom it may sell insurance. Occidental does not depend on banks for the sale of such insurance, nor they on Occidental for its purchase. Moreover, the group employee insurance Occidental writes for Transamerica banks represents an insignificant part of its total writings—approximately one per cent in terms of insurance in force. The same insurance coverage may be obtained by Transamerica's banks from other carriers and at substantially the same rates. The fact that Transamerica's banking subsidiaries may find it more convenient to negotiate with a member of their own family is not a persuasive reason to support exemption. In sum, Occidental's relations with Transamerica banks with regard to employee group insurance contribute nothing of substance to buttress the Applicant's contention that Occidental is an incident to the operations, management, or control of Transamerica's banking subsidiaries.

Occidental's writing of credit life insurance stands on a somewhat different footing. Such insurance, un-

⁵² Cong. Rec., Vol. 102, Pt. 5, p. 6755.
⁵³ Lest the scope of this construction be misunderstood, several caveats may be noted. First, the term "essential" as used above is to be considered in the sense of "reasonably required" rather than in the sense of "indispensable". Second, the fact that a financial, fiduciary or insurance subsidiary is found to be an integral or required part or adjunct of its holding company's banking operations is not alone enough to support an exemption determination. There would yet remain the question of whether its activities are a "proper incident", a question calling for a discretionary determination in light of all the circumstances of the case and the purposes the Act was designed to carry out. Third, the question as to whether all the activities of the financial, fiduciary or insurance company must be closely related as an incident to the holding company's banking operations is not here passed upon, since, for reasons later to be indicated, it is not essential to the determination of this case.

⁵⁴ Hearings before Senate Committee on Banking and Currency on S. 2577, Pt. 2, p. 83, 84 Cong. 2d Sess.; Cong. Rec., Vol 102, Pt. 5, pp. 6933-4, 6941, 6995.

like employee group insurance, does bear a specific relationship to a banking activity. But that alone is not enough to establish that Occidental is "closely related" to Transamerica's banking operations as an "incident" thereto within the statutory purview. For purposes of determination here it is unnecessary to reach the question as to whether Congress intended, as a condition to exemption, that all activities of an insurance company must be closely related to the business of banking. For it is at least certain that Congress expected much more than a casual relationship when it phrased the statute in terms of requiring a relationship so close as to be an incident of banking, and as to make it unnecessary for the divestiture provisions to apply in order to carry out the purposes of the Act. For reasons already stated, I am satisfied that Congress, even if it did not contemplate a total servicing relationship as a predicate for exemption, at least contemplated that the over-all activities of the subsidiary insurance company would be so substantially knotted to the banking activities of af-filiated banking subsidiaries as to support a finding that the insurance company's continued presence in the holding company system was reasonably required for the continued efficient conduct of their banking activities. I do not think such a finding is supported here. There is no suggestion in the record that Transamerica acquired Occidental for its holding company system, or retained it there, because it needed Occidental as an adjunct to its banking operations. On the contrary, it is conceded that Transamerica has available to it some 50 unaffiliated insurance companies that are in a position to provide it with the same insurance coverage at substantially the same terms. Moreover, as a general life insurance company, Occidental is not primarily concerned with the writing of credit life insurance for banks. The credit life insurance it writes for Transamerica's banks is peripheral to its principal operations and but a trivial part of its total business. Whether considered quantitatively or in terms of need, it is not reasonably to be concluded that Occidental's insurance operations are so substantially linked to the business of banking conducted by Transamerica's banking subsidiaries as to warrant Occidental's exemption on that account as a "closely related" insurance subsidiary within the specific contemplation of Section 4(c)(6).

Nor do I think the substantial functional intergration the statute requires may be spelled out from the contacts and dealings Occidental has with Transamerica banking subsidiaries on the investment side of its operations. The business relations Occidental enjoys with Transamerica banks are no more than the normal business relations that life insurance companies as a class have with banks as a class in the usual conduct of their respective businesses. Moreover, they are for the most part no different from those which Occidental also has with various nonbanking enterprises whose activities similarly bring them into business contact with life insurance companies. This is made apparent when the principal points the Applicant stresses are put under scrutiny. Thus, since Occidental's principal investment activity consists of the acquisition of mortgage loans, it is to be expected that Occidental will at times purchase mortgage loans from Transamerica banks which operate in the area where Occidental conducts the greater part of its business. The amount that Occidental acquires from Transamerica banks, and even from banks generally, represents but a very minor part of its total acquisitions, about 80 to 90 per cent

being from nonbanking sources. It is clear, more-over, that, just as Occidental does not look to Transamerica's banks as a primary source for such acquisiamerica's banks as a primary source for such acquisi-tions, so, too, Transamerica banking subsidiaries do not depend on Occidental as an outlet for mortgage loans they would dispose of. This is illustrated by the fact that during the past 11 years, there have been only 2 years in which mortgage loans were sold to Occidental by more than one Transamerica bank, and 5 years in which no mortgage loan at all was sold to Occidental by any Transamerica bank. In contrast, it appears that even during the years when the volume of sales by Transamerica's banks to Occidental was greatest, they amounted to less than 30 per cent of the total mortgage loans sold by such banks, the balance having been disposed of to insur-ance companies besides Occidental as well as to other unaffiliated purchasers. Nor does the record establish that Occidental is reasonably needed by Transamerica in its bank holding company system for the effective promotion of coordinated investment and leading activities. As here found above, in and lending activities. As has been found above, in the field of private placements there has in fact been found above, in the field of private placements there has in fact been found above, in the field of private placements there has in fact been found above, in the field of private placements there has in fact been found above, in the field of private placements there has in fact been found above, in the field of private placements there has in fact been found above, in the field of private placements there has in fact been found above, in the field of private placements there has in fact been found above, in the field of private placements there has in fact been found above, in the field of private placements there has in fact been found above, in the field of private placements there has in fact been found above, in the field of private placements there has in fact been found above. no coordinated activity between Occidental and Transamerica banking subsidiaries since Transamerica divested itself of its interest in the Bank of America. And though there has been some in the field of real estate lending, this is not necessarily attributable to affiliation. Even without affiliation, Transamerica's banks appear to have experienced no difficulty in coordinating their lending activity, where necessary, with that of other insurance companies and lending institutions.

Although Occidental's widespread insurance and investment activities touch upon Transamerica's banking operations at scattered points, they cannot when viewed as a whole be said to be so closely related to Transamerica banking operations as to be an integral part or adjunct thereof. Confirmation that Occidental is not required for the efficient conduct of such banking operations is to be found in the Applicant's inability at the hearing to cite any specific respect in which Transamerica's banking operations would be damaged if divestiture of Occidental were required. It was substantially conceded by the Applicant at the hearing that Occidental's business is not significantly distinguishable in its general character and conduct from that of any other leading life insurance company engaged in the sale of the same classes of insurance. The question thus boils down to whether, absent a showing of a special functional integration, a bank holding company should be allowed to retain—or to acquire, for the controlling considerations are, or ought to be, the same—a general life insurance company such as Occidental. A proper reading of the statute, and more so its legislative history requires, I am persuaded, a negative answer. 55

Upon the basis of the foregoing findings of fact, and upon the entire record in the case, I make the following:

Conclusions of Law

- 1. All the activities of Occidental are of a financial, fiduciary or insurance nature.
- 2. Occidental is not-within the meaning of Sec-

⁵⁵ See, for example, H. Rep. 609, p. 16, 84 Cong.; Cong. Rec., Vol. 102, Pt. 5, pp. 6858, 6935.

tion 4(c)(6) of the Act—so closely related to the business of banking or of managing or controlling banks as to be a proper incident thereto and as to make it unnecessary for the prohibitions of Section 4 (a)(2) of the Act to apply in order to carry out the purposes of the Act.

Recommendation

It is recommended that the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System 1. Enter an order determining the issue in this

proceeding in accordance with the findings of fact and conclusions of law made above, and

2. Deny the request of Transamerica Corporation for an order under Section 4(c)(6) of the Act exempting Occidental Life Insurance Company of California from application of the prohibitions of Section 4(c)(2) of the Act 4(a)(2) of the Act.

Dated at Washington, D. C., this 21st day of May, 1957.

(Signed) ARTHUR LEFF Hearing Examiner.

APPENDIX A LIST OF TRANSAMERICA'S MAJORITY CONTROLLED BANKS

| Name and location | Number of offices | Percentage of Ownership | Resources |
|---|-------------------------|---|--|
| California: First Western Bank and Trust Company, San Francisco | 84 | 73.07 | \$909,63 ⁹ ,176 |
| Oregon: The First National Bank of Portland, Portland | 74 | 58.82 | 891,728,316 |
| Utah: Walker Bank & Trust Company, Salt Lake City | 3 | 90.55 | 175,447,106 |
| Washington: National Bank of Washington, Tacoma | 21 | 53.64 | 167,111,906 |
| Nevada: First National Bank of Nevada, Reno Bank of Nevada, Las Vegas | 18 5 | 96.09 73.26 | 220,330,076 32,986,583 |
| Arizona: First National Bank of Arizona, Phoenix Southern Arizona Bank and Trust Company, Tucson | 40 8 | 61.23 95.53 | 229,753,095 96,318,552 |
| Colorado: The American National Bank of Denver, Denver. Englewood State Bank, Englewood. The First National Bank in Fort Collins, Fort Collins. | 1 1 1 | 95.04 96.22 90.08 | 57,277,518 12,976,932 10,949,420 |
| New Mexico: Bank of New Mexico, Albuquerque First State Bank at Gallup, Gallup Lea County State Bank, Hobbs Roswell State Bank, Roswell. Santa Fe National Bank, Santa Fe | 1 4 2 | 91.48 90.00 66.38 53.50 76.61 | 27,032,112 9,612,791 20,979,933 7,985,221 22,261,710 |
| Idaho: Bank of Eastern Idaho, Idaho Falls Continental State Bank, Boise The First National Bank of Caldwell, Caldwell | 4 | 98.17 99.36 98.00 | 12,273,298 19,513,001 17,102,291 |
| Montana: Bank of Glacier County, Cut Bank | 1 | 87.00 89.31 90.98 | 7,728,691 17,665,532 22,238,618 |
| Wyoming: The Casper National Bank, Casper The First National Bank of Laramie, Laramie The First National Bank of Riverton, Riverton | 1 | 92.67 92.00 91.82 | 40,001,928 16,530,070 7,706,248 |

Current Events and Announcements

FEDERAL RESERVE MEETINGS

Meetings of the Federal Open Market Committee were held in Washington on August 20 and September 10, 1957.

The Federal Advisory Council held a meeting in Washington on September 15-17, 1957, and met with the Board of Governors on September 17.

FEDERAL ADVISORY COUNCIL

The Federal Reserve Bank of Minneapolis has selected Mr. Gordon Murray, President, First National Bank of Minneapolis, as a member of the Federal Advisory Council representing the Ninth Federal Reserve District, to succeed Mr. Julian B. Baird, who resigned to become Under Secretary of the Treasury.

INCREASE IN FEDERAL RESERVE DISCOUNT RATES

As announced in the August Bulletin, by August 16, 1957 nine of the twelve Federal Reserve Banks had raised their discount rates from 3 to 3½ per cent. By August 22 the remaining three Reserve Banks had taken similar action.

The effective date of the 3½ per cent rate was Wednesday, August 21, 1957 at the Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis, and Friday, August 23, 1957 at the Federal Reserve Banks of New York and Cleveland.

DEATH OF DIRECTOR

Mr. Henry Banks, who had served as a director of the Memphis Branch of the Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis since January 1, 1953, died on September 4, 1957. Mr. Banks was engaged in farming in Clarkedale, Arkansas.

HISTORICAL SUPPLEMENT TO MONTHLY CHART BOOK ON FINANCIAL AND BUSINESS STATISTICS

The 1957 edition of the historical supplement to the monthly Federal Reserve Chart Book on Financial and Business Statistics will be available for distribution early in October, on the terms indicated on page 1119. Charts will include the latest data available on September 4, 1957.

TABLES PUBLISHED ANNUALLY AND SEMIANNUALLY

| Latest Bulletin Reference | | | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| Semiannually | Issue | Page | | |
| Banking offices: Analysis of changes in number of | Aug. 1957 | 974 | | |
| On, and not on, Federal Reserve Par List, number of | Aug. 1957 | 975 | | |
| Annually | | | | |
| Earnings and expenses: Federal Reserve Banks | Feb. 1957 | 210-211 | | |
| Calendar year First half of year | June 1957 Nov. 1956 June 1957 | 710–718 1248 719 | | |
| Banks and branches, number of, by class and State | Apr. 1957 June 1957 | 472–473 720–722 | | |
| Stock Exchange firms, detailed debit and credit balances | Mar. 1957 {Feb. 1957 May 1957 | 336 214-220 582-585 | | |
| | (1114) 1937 | 302-363 | | |

National Summary of Business Conditions

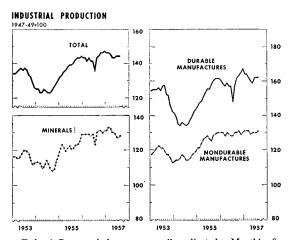
Released for publication September 16

Industrial production and nonagricultural employment in August remained at the June-July level. Personal incomes and retail sales, meanwhile, continued to reach new highs. From early August to early September, the general level of wholesale prices was stable. Bank loans showed some seasonal expansion.

INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION

The Board's seasonally adjusted index of industrial production in August was unchanged at 144 per cent of the 1947-49 average, as activity in manufacturing industries showed the usual seasonal rise.

Auto assemblies rose substantially prior to the model change-over cutbacks this month. House-hold goods production declined slightly as output of television edged off from the advanced July rate. There were further curtailments in the aircraft industry, but activity in most other equipment lines changed little at advanced levels. Output of building materials remained at the July rate as cement production recovered following work stoppages and lumber production declined. Steel mill operations increased to 81 per cent of capacity from



Federal Reserve indexes, seasonally adjusted. Monthly figures, latest shown are for August.

79 per cent in July, a less than seasonal rise; in early September the rate was 82 per cent.

Production in the nondurable goods industries increased slightly in August as activity in the rubber, chemical, and petroleum refining industries increased and output of textiles and apparel continued at reduced levels. Output of minerals changed little.

Construction

Private housing starts advanced in August to a seasonally adjusted annual rate of slightly more than one million units. Value of new construction activity increased somewhat and was at a record seasonally adjusted annual rate of \$47.5 billion, about 3 per cent above a year earlier. Contract awards in July were down from the record volume of the two preceding months, reflecting declines for most types of nonresidential construction.

EMPLOYMENT

Employment in nonagricultural establishments continued at a record seasonally adjusted level of 52.8 million in August. Unemployment declined: 400,000, to 2.6 million, as many students withdrew from the labor market. Average weekly earnings at factories advanced somewhat, reflecting a slight increase in average hours of work.

DISTRIBUTION

Seasonally adjusted dollar sales at retail roseslightly further in August and were 7 per cent above a year earlier. The sustained rise since April, amounting to about 5 per cent, has reflected mainly increases in sales at food, apparel, and department stores. In early September department store sales remained near the new high reached in August.

AGRICULTURE

Reflecting further improvement during August, total crop output was officially forecast as of September 1 at 105 per cent of the 1947-49 aver-

age, only 1 per cent below last year's record output. Compared with last year, indications are for some decreases in wheat and cotton harvests, and a rise in feed grains.

COMMODITY PRICES

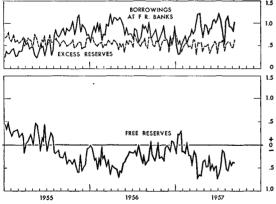
The general level of wholesale commodity prices was stable from early August to early September. Copper, steel scrap, rubber, wool, and fuel oils declined, but some metal products were advanced and average prices of industrial commodities remained at the new high reached in early August. Among farm products, egg prices increased substantially while livestock and corn declined.

The consumer price index rose one-half of one per cent further in July. The rise reflected mainly increases in meats and some other foods, but prices of consumer services continued to advance.

BANK CREDIT AND RESERVES

Total credit at city banks increased \$350 million between early August and early September, compared with a rise of \$1.3 billion in the same period a year ago. This year's increase reflected principally seasonal growth in business loans. Loans to food processors, commodity dealers, sales finance companies, and public utilities increased while those to metals concerns declined. Holdings of U. S. Government securities changed little.

RESERVES AND BORROWINGS — ALL MEMBER BANKS Billions of dollars



Federal Reserve data. Free reserves are excess reserves less borrowings. Weekly averages, latest shown are for week ending Sept. 8.

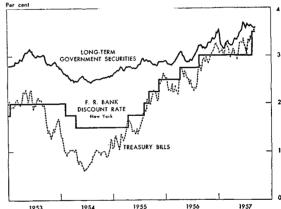
Average member bank borrowing from the Federal Reserve was about \$380 million greater than excess reserves during early September, a somewhat smaller amount than a month earlier. Reserves supplied principally through Federal Reserve purchases of U. S. Government securities were absorbed only in part by currency outflows and increases in required reserves.

SECURITY MARKET

During late August and early September yields on short-term U. S. Government securities continued near their midsummer highs. In the first half of September, 3-month bills held above the 3.50 per cent Federal Reserve discount rate, and yields on most 1958 maturities remained close to 4.00 per cent. Yields on intermediate and long-term issues declined from their mid-August highs, but most of the decline was erased in mid-September with the announcement of a \$3 billion Treasury cash financing. The financing included three 4 per cent issues: a short-term certificate, a note maturing in 5 years but redeemable at the option of the investor in 2½ years, and a 12-year bond.

Yields on both corporate and State and local government bonds increased further in late August, but declined slightly in early September. Common stock prices declined on balance from mid-August to mid-September.

INTEREST RATES



Weekly average market yields for long-term U. S. Government $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent bonds and for longest Treasury bills; latest shown are for week ending Sept. 13.

Financial and Business Statistics

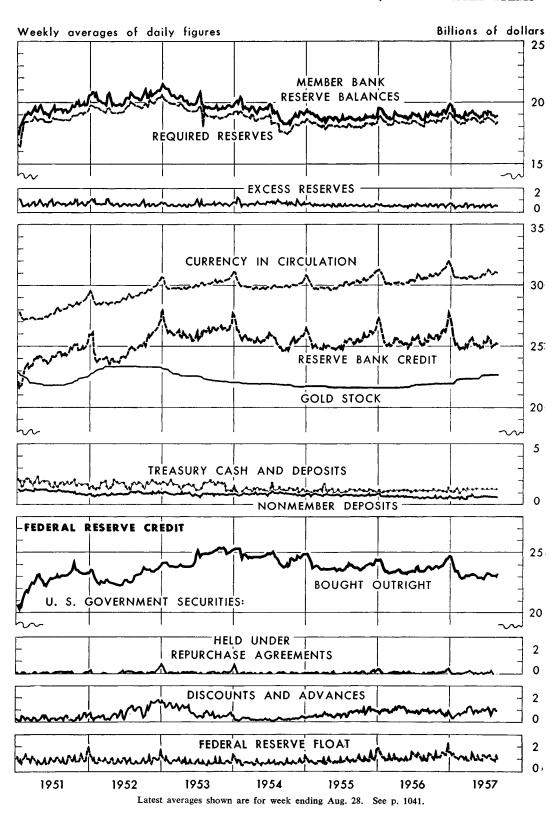
★ United States ★

| Member bank reserves, Reserve Bank credit, and related items. | 1041 |
|--|------|
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| Wholesale and consumer prices | 1090 |
| National product and income series. | 1092 |
| Tables published in Bulletin, annually or semiannually—list, with references | 1036 |
| Index to statistical tables. | 1121 |

Tables on the following pages include the principal statistics of current significance relating to financial and business developments in the United States. The data relating to Federal Reserve Banks, member banks of the Federal Reserve System, and department store trade, and the consumer credit estimates are derived from regular reports made to the Board; production indexes are compiled by the Board on the basis

of material collected by other agencies; figures for gold stock, currency in circulation, Federal finance, and Federal credit agencies are obtained from Treasury statements; the remaining data are obtained largely from other sources. Back figures for 1941 and prior years for banking and monetary tables, together with descriptive text, may be obtained from the Board's publication, Banking and Monetary Statistics.

MEMBER BANK RESERVES, RESERVE BANK CREDIT, AND RELATED ITEMS



MEMBER BANK RESERVES, RESERVE BANK CREDIT, AND RELATED ITEMS

[In millions of dollars]

| |] | Reserve 1 | Bank cre | dit outs | tanding | | | Т | | | than i | osits, o | bank | | M | ember ba | |
|---|--|--|--|--|---|--|--|---|---|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|--|--|---------------------------------|
| Week | U. S. | Govt. se | curities | D'- | | | 0-14 | Treas- ury cur- | Cur- rency | Treas- ury | | eserves F. R. E | | Other | | reserves | |
| ending | Total | Bought out- right | Held under repur- chase agree- ment | Dis- counts and ad- vances | Float | Total ¹ | Gold stock | rency out- stand- ing | in cir- cula- tion | cash hold- ings | Treas- ury | For- eign | Other | F. R. ac- counts | Total | Re- quired ² | Ex- cess ² |
| Averages of daily figures | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| July 4 July 11 July 18 July 25 | | | 10 | 644 880 849 573 | 1,393 | 25,685 25,903 25,769 25,393 | 21,828 | 5,031 | 30,765 30,923 30,808 30,632 | 773 770 768 773 | 493 437 595 556 | 298 309 320 288 | 298 290 278 267 | 990 | 18,902 19,040 18,869 18,744 | 18, 285 | 755 629 |
| Aug. 1 | 23,418 23,418 23,439 23,574 23,622 | 23,418 23,418 23,418 23,446 23,592 | 21 128 | 690 917 960 878 935 | 1,046 829 837 1,171 829 | 25,172 25,182 25,254 25,642 25,404 | 21,829 21,855 21,856 21,856 21,857 | 5,036 5,037 | 30,575 30,633 30,681 30,654 30,618 | 772 769 773 778 776 | 519 530 539 485 481 | 284 319 335 293 318 | 273 284 277 266 282 | 949 947 944 | 18,591 18,588 18,593 19,117 18,883 | 18,014 18,464 | 579 |
| Sept. 5 Sept. 12 Sept. 19 Sept. 26 | 23,849 23,858 23,691 23,576 | 23,818 23,829 23,673 23,555 | 29 18 | 796 1,012 654 705 | 787 1,045 1,489 1,394 | 25,454 25,934 25,852 25,694 | 21,861 21,883 21,883 21,884 | 5.043 | 30,786 30,910 30,810 30,714 | 771 770 771 774 | 427 518 453 651 | 379 381 345 331 | 251 252 235 219 | 941 945 | 18,800 19,088 19,220 18,980 | 18,394 18,524 | 443 694 696 503 |
| Oct. 3 | 23,697 23,840 23,860 23,736 23,708 | 23,602 23,766 23,846 23,736 23,668 | 14 | 810 857 714 564 674 | 1,067 990 1,215 1,547 1,062 | 25,593 25,707 25,810 25,866 25,466 | 21,884 21,906 21,910 21,909 21,909 | 5,047 5,048 | 30,880 30,953 | 776 770 775 777 780 | 551 489 388 505 539 | 325 405 373 293 285 | 214 227 429 291 292 | 953 958 958 956 925 | 18,935 18,929 18,890 19,137 18,810 | 18,456 18,322 18,313 18,574 18,451 | 479 607 577 563 359 |
| Nov. 7 | | | 58 74 | 828 945 662 631 | 1,084 1,040 1,543 1,514 | 25,762 25,954 26,266 26,374 | 21,909 21,910 21,910 21,910 | 5,054 5,056 5,055 5,056 | 30,963 31,141 31,269 31,355 | 781 773 771 772 | 501 446 441 436 | 284 321 303 307 | 345 397 292 252 | 847 845 844 843 | 19,004 18,996 19,311 19,375 | 18,443 18,377 18,701 18,754 | 561 619 610 621 |
| Dec. 5 | 24,404 24,652 24,785 24,906 | 24,287 24,493 24,489 24,574 | 296 | 460 709 555 667 | 1,268 1,226 1,835 2,208 | 26,165 26,633 27,223 27,842 | 21,953 21,924 21,927 21,949 | 5,062 | 31,660 31,835 | 770 775 776 765 | 408 357 498 635 | 344 342 389 393 | 228 264 169 258 | 910 1,001 1,011 1,024 | 19,068 19,220 19,535 19,790 | 18,682 18,653 18,922 19,086 | 567 613 |
| 1957 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Jan. 2 Jan. 9 Jan. 16 Jan. 23 Jan. 30 | 24,688 24,293 23,811 23,450 | 24,601 24,293 23,811 23,450 | 87 | 925 535 348 347 528 | 1,537 1,539 1,278 1,446 1,078 | 27,524 26,809 25,954 25,636 25,087 | 21,949 21,949 21,950 21,951 22,080 | 5,066 5,066 5,067 5,068 | 31,479 31,108 30,827 | 777 783 786 798 809 | 395 352 293 199 420 | 374 323 320 324 329 | 335 287 267 268 258 | 973 899 897 894 893 | 19,856 19,701 19,300 19,342 18,918 | 19,110 18,971 18,765 18,724 18,550 | 746 730 535 618 368 |
| Feb. 6 Feb. 13 Feb. 20 Feb, 27 | 23,435 23,264 22,969 22,854 | 23,411 23,190 22,958 22,854 | 74 11 | 640 741 577 713 | 1,040 962 1,188 1,217 | 25,146 24,997 24,764 24,813 | 22,251 22,252 22,303 22,303 | 5,070 5,070 5,071 5,073 | 30,596 30,641 30,605 30,544 | 817 820 815 815 | | 333 366 307 334 | 276 299 226 382 | 1,007 1,116 | 18,920 18,808 18,895 18,683 | 18,265 18,309 | 543 586 |
| Mar. 6 Mar. 13 Mar. 20 Mar. 27 | 22,913 22,979 23,178 23,094 | 22,895 22,934 23,064 23,051 | 18 45 114 43 | 880 | 1,179 908 1,173 967 | 24,871 24,791 25,158 24,930 | 22,304 22,304 22,305 22,305 | 5,077 5,079 5,080 5,083 | 30,566 30,609 30,589 30,502 | 813 812 811 813 | 479 471 302 353 | 329 297 300 334 | 212 201 199 205 | 1,131 1,129 1,138 1,139 | 18,721 18,654 19,204 18,971 | 18,231 18,205 18,578 18,362 | 626 |
| Apr. 3 | | | 149 222 136 68 | | | 25,165 25,400 25,520 25,695 | | | | 808 814 808 791 | 478 | | 314 305 300 454 | | | 18,525 18,523 18,556 18,639 | |
| May 1 May 8 May 15 May 22 May 29 | 23,169 23,213 23,083 22,915 22,930 | 23,169 23,125 23,033 22,915 22,901 | 88 | 730 993 975 793 903 | 1,168 947 948 1,341 979 | 25,093 25,177 25,031 25,070 24,833 | 22,318 22,318 22,319 22,320 22,406 | 5,094 5,095 5,096 5,098 5,102 | 30,499 30,589 30,654 30,645 30,660 | 795 787 790 | 504 479 | 352 366 366 362 358 | 241 273 | 1,148 1,078 1,075 1,074 1,073 | 19,000 18,984 18,845 18,818 18,616 | 18,621 18,495 18,368 18,284 18,264 | 379 489 477 534 352 |
| June 5 June 12 June 19 June 26 | 23,110 22,972 22,930 22,951 | 22,950 22,926 22,880 22,888 | 160 46 50 63 | 1,059 | 954 936 1,384 1,320 | 24,987 24,988 25,424 25,294 | 22,620 22,621 22,621 22,622 | 5,104 5,106 5,106 5,106 | 30,904 | 792 791 782 776 | 485 463 518 477 | 357 379 389 407 | 335 | 1,072 1,069 1,076 1,087 | 18,846 18,834 19,148 19,171 | 18,378 18,330 18,546 18,625 | 468 504 602 546 |
| July 3 July 10 July 17 July 24 July 31 | 23,098 23,443 23,319 23,342 23,360 | 23,031 23,260 23,252 23,235 23,084 | 67 183 67 107 276 | 1,062 739 | 1,198 1,111 1,236 1,351 998 | 25,387 25,792 25,641 25,456 24,932 | 22,623 22,623 22,625 22,625 22,626 | 5,107 5,108 5,108 5,108 5,110 | 31,150 31,313 31,184 30,999 r30,910 | 770 | 546 431 455 507 494 | 420 339 413 385 370 | 279 267 | 1,077 1,077 1,073 1,070 961 | 18,865 19,308 19,200 19,189 18,885 | 18,521 18,732 18,636 18,568 18,493 | 344 576 564 621 392 |
| Aug. 7 | 23,116 23,047 23,034 23,220 | 23,078 23,047 23,034 23,215 | | 1,060 1,161 931 915 | 928 874 1,227 977 | 25,124 25,102 25,211 25,133 | 22,627 22,627 22,625 22,626 | 5,116 | 31,055 | 767 764 762 764 | | | 273 270 | 1,203 | 18,806 | 18,331 18,195 **18,231 **18,371 | p575 |

^p Preliminary.

For other notes see following page.

r Revised.

MEMBER BANK RESERVES, RESERVE BANK CREDIT, AND RELATED ITEMS—Continued

[In millions of dollars]

| - | | Reserve | Bank cre | dit outs | tanding | 3 | | | | | Der than | osits, o | ther bank | | Me | ember ba | nk |
|--|--|--|--|---|--|--|--|---|---|--|---|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| Period | U.S. | Govt. se | curities | | | | | Treas- ury cur- | Cur- rency | Treas- ury | with | reserves F. R. E | anks | Other | | reserves | |
| or date | Total | Bought out- right | Held under repur- chase agree- ment | Dis- counts and ad- vances | Float | Total ¹ | Gold stock | rency out- stand- ing | in cir- cula- tion | cash hold- ings | Treas- ury | For- eign | Other | F. R. ac- counts | Total | Re- quired² | Ex- cess 2 |
| Averages of daily figures | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| AugSeptOctNovDec | 23,530 23,728 23,781 24,024 24,765 | 23,488 23,695 23,742 23,951 24,498 | 73 | 898 792 715 745 706 | 910 1,198 1,182 1,300 1,633 | 25,357 25,737 25,698 26,097 27,156 | 21,855 21,880 21,906 21,910 21,942 | 5,038 5,043 5,048 5,056 5,064 | 30,650 30,803 30,864 31,198 31,775 | 774 772 776 774 772 | 504 523 487 456 463 | 318 356 337 308 372 | 275 237 299 313 247 | 946 946 950 845 998 | 18,783 19,024 18,939 19,169 19,535 | 18,224 18,446 18,419 18,579 18,883 | 559 578 520 590 652 |
| 1957 Jan | 24,092 23,111 23,061 23,239 23,041 22,989 23,351 23,146 | 24,056 23,083 22,997 23,121 22,996 22,917 23,198 23,129 | 64 118 45 72 153 | 432 665 859 1,036 931 1,009 917 1,010 | 1,343 1,106 1,024 1,110 1,046 1,170 1,175 | 25,905 24,912 24,968 25,411 25,041 25,189 25,466 25,166 | 21,989 22,279 22,305 22,313 22,358 22,621 22,625 22,626 | 2,100 | 31,040 30,595 30,568 30,614 30,645 30,902 31,116 31,035 | 794 817 812 803 792 782 769 764 | 335 336 423 429 521 490 480 490 | 316 348 361 393 377 | 276 294 216 339 276 290 279 273 | 1,195 1,075 1,077 1,048 | 19,295 18,816 18,884 19,087 18,827 18,982 19,129 | 18,302 18,366 18,580 18,362 18,485 | 522 514 518 507 465 497 534 |
| Midyear or year-end | ,,,,,, | | | ,,,,,, | | , | , 00 | ., | , | | | | | 1,100 | 10,00 | | |
| 1929—June | 216 1,998 2,484 2,254 24,262 22,559 20,778 24,697 24,932 24,785 23,758 | 148 1,998 2,484 2,254 24,262 22,559 20,725 24,034 24,888 24,391 23,712 | 53 663 44 394 | 1,037 164 7 3 249 85 67 156 143 108 232 | 52 4 91 94 578 535 1,368 967 808 1,585 1,210 | 1,400 2,220 2,593 2,361 25,091 23,181 22,216 25,825 25,885 26,507 25,219 | 4,037 4,031 17,644 22,737 20,065 22,754 22,706 23,187 21,713 21,690 21,799 | | 4,459 5,434 7,598 11,160 28,515 28,868 27,741 30,433 30,509 31,158 30,715 | 204 2,409 2,215 2,287 1,336 1,293 1,270 796 767 768 | 36 35 634 867 870 870 668 389 563 394 522 | 6. 157 397 774 862 392 895 550 490 402 297 | 21 151 256 586 446 569 565 441 554 313 | 777 907 925 | 2,356 2,292 11,653 12,450 15,915 17,889 17,681 19,950 18,876 19,005 18,443 | 20.520 | 23 475 5,209 3,085 1,458 1,499 1,172 -570 258 102 -6 |
| End of month | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | i |
| 1956 Aug | 23,854 23,680 23,767 24,385 24,915 | 23,828 23,590 23,688 24,255 24,610 | 130 | 832 664 538 518 50 | 771 1,125 910 1,330 1,665 | 25,480 25,487 25,236 26,267 26,699 | 21,858 21,884 21,910 21,910 21,949 | 5,041 5,046 5,054 5,061 5,066 | 30,757 30,768 30,839 31,424 31,790 | 768 771 778 763 775 | 422 535 495 463 441 | 350 334 275 356 322 | 252 227 297 182 426 | 950 848 843 | 18,888 18,831 18,668 19,208 19,059 | 18,377 18,450 18,459 18,719 19,089 | 511 381 209 489 -30 |
| JanFebMarAprMayJuneJulyAugAug | 23,421 22,887 23,149 23,169 23,108 23,035 23,355 23,539 | 23,421 22,854 23,040 23,169 22,950 22,994 23,079 23,475 | | 668 595 994 829 1,170 558 420 986 | 1,076 1,196 803 936 926 1,199 896 865 | 25,195 24,704 24,970 24,960 25,224 24,816 24,691 25,418 | 22,252 22,304 22,306 22,318 22,620 22,623 22,627 22,626 | 5,071 5,076 5,086 5,094 5,104 5,107 5,111 25,118 | 30,614 30,575 30,585 30,589 30,836 31,082 30,933 231,123 | 809 809 804 791 788 758 759 \$762 | 715 458 591 509 568 498 504 477 | 344 327 311 316 360 449 364 342 | 263 206 304 294 274 308 296 285 | 1,133 1,137 1,079 1,072 1,075 942 | 18,882 18,576 18,629 18,864 19,049 18,376 18,630 18,975 | 18,294 18,512 18,588 18,351 18,543 | 365 282 117 276 698 -167 110 \$2696 |
| Wednesday 1957 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| June 5 June 12 June 19 June 26 | | | 158 | 538 1,291 1,044 824 | 934 1,353 1,029 | 24,536 25,134 25,287 24,785 | 22,621 22,622 22,622 | 5.106 | 30,850 30,881 30,837 30,890 | 796 791 784 770 | 380 424 602 456 | 360 395 370 410 | 269 272 283 272 | 1,071 1,068 1,087 1,087 | 18,536 19,031 19,052 18,628 | 18,381 18,412 18,692 18,549 | 155 619 360 79 |
| July 3 July 10 July 17 July 24 July 31 | | | 67 276 | 1,106 908 644 406 420 | 1,168 981 1,341 1,016 896 | 25,702 25,243 25,382 24,904 24,691 | 22,623 22,624 22,625 22,626 22,627 | 5,108 5,108 5,108 5,109 5,111 | 31,338 31,235 31,071 30,903 30,933 | 768 767 778 779 759 | 552 408 527 469 504 | 414 345 454 383 364 | 264 279 267 277 296 | 1.073 | 19,020 18,868 18,947 18,759 18,630 | 18,484 18,711 18,682 18,536 18,520 | 536 157 265 223 110 |
| Aug. 7 | 23,076 23,050 23,034 23,348 | 23,076 23,050 23,034 23,312 | | 808 546 709 792 | 768 979 1,028 772 | 24,673 24,595 24,791 24,935 | 22,627 22,625 22,626 22,626 | 5,113 5,115 5,117 5,119 | 31,017 31,058 31,001 31,007 | 772 765 764 768 | 341 409 480 484 | | 271 274 257 274 | 1,112 1,201 | 18,333 18,487 | 18,270 18,196 **18,233 **18,365 | 261 137 \$254 \$229 |

Preliminary.
 Includes industrial loans and acceptances; these items are not shown

separately in this table, but are given for end-of-month and Wednesday dates in subsequent tables on Federal Reserve Banks.

2 These figures are estimated.

RESERVES, DEPOSITS, AND BORROWINGS OF MEMBER BANKS, BY CLASSES

[Averages of daily figures.1 In millions of dollars]

| | All mem- | Central city l | reserve oanks | Re- serve | Coun- | | All mem- | | reserve oanks | Re- serve | Coun- |
|---|--|---|---|---|---|--|---|---|---|---|---|
| Item and period | ber banks | New York | Chi- cago | city banks | try banks | Item and period | ber banks | New York | Chi- cago | city banks | try banks |
| Total reserves held: | | | | | | Excess reserves:2 | | | | | |
| 1956—July | 18,836 18,783 19,024 18,939 19,169 19,535 | 4,237 4,236 4,288 4,222 4,244 4,448 | 1,129 1,130 1,120 1,111 1,122 1,149 | 7,796 7,783 7,885 7,869 7,960 8,078 | 5,675 5,633 5,732 5,736 5,843 5,859 | 1956—July | 599 559 579 520 590 651 | 12 10 8 13 57 | 3 1 4 3 12 | 89 79 80 52 83 96 | 496 469 498 456 491 488 |
| 1957—Jan | 19,295 18,816 18,884 | 4,316 4,205 4,341 4,307 4,234 4,335 4,294 | 1,126 1,107 1,102 1,097 1,101 1,121 1,131 | 7,996 7,781 7,746 7,921 7,794 7,774 7,906 | 5,857 5,722 5,696 5,762 5,697 5,751 5,799 | 1957—JanFebMarAprMayJune.July | 523 514 518 506 465 496 534 | -10 5 14 -1 13 15 6 | -2 -1 -1 3 -2 7 | 58 66 60 65 56 45 66 | 478 443 440 443 393 438 455 |
| Week ending: 1957—July 24. July 31. Aug. 7 Aug. 14 Aug. 21 Aug. 28 | 18,885 | 4,282 4,257 4,186 4,123 4,117 4,203 | 1,121 1,126 1,126 1,107 1,111 1,144 | 7,915 7,853 7,786 7,764 7,755 7,805 | 5,871 5,649 5,770 5,791 5,823 5,679 | Week ending: 1957—July 24. July 31. Aug. 7. Aug. 14. Aug. 21. Aug. 28. | 622 392 536 590 \$574 \$2461 | 34 9 21 -4 23 | 6 5 2 2 -2 6 | 70 65 55 75 58 40 | 512 313 479 492 \$22 \$392 |
| Required reserves:2 | | | | | | Borrowings at Federal | | | | | |
| 1956—July | 18,237 18,224 18,446 18,419 18,579 18,883 | 4,225 4,227 4,288 4,214 4,231 4,392 | 1,127 1,129 1,120 1,107 1,119 1,138 | 7,707 7,704 7,805 7,817 7,877 7,983 | 5,179 5,164 5,234 5,281 5,352 5,371 | Reserve Banks: 1956—July | 738 898 792 715 744 | 119 168 204 200 226 | 50 74 93 118 143 | 433 461 377 299 276 | 136 195 118 98 99 |
| 1957—Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. Apr. May. June. July. | 18,302 18,366 18,580 18,362 | 4,327 4,200 4,326 4,308 4,221 4,320 4,288 | 1,129 1,107 1,098 1,097 1,098 1,123 1,124 | 7,938 7,715 7,686 7,855 7,739 7,729 7,840 | 5,379 5,279 5,256 5,320 5,305 5,314 5,344 | Dec | 407 640 834 1,011 909 1,005 | 30 129 116 299 117 200 | 97 38 53 257 210 169 46 | 300 229 314 302 329 422 531 | 144 110 144 159 173 201 228 |
| Week ending: 1957—July 24. July 31. Aug. 7. Aug. 14. Aug. 21. Aug. 28. | 18,493 18,331 18,195 218,231 | 4,248 4,247 4,187 4,102 4,120 4,181 | 1,116 1,122 1,123 1,105 1,113 1,138 | 7,845 7,788 7,730 7,689 7,698 7,765 | 5,359 5,336 5,291 5,299 *5,300 *5,287 | July. Week ending: 1957—July 24. July 31. Aug. 7. Aug. 14. Aug. 21. | 739 553 1,060 1,156 925 | 156 38 304 361 350 | 31 7 23 32 14 | 519 416 302 541 522 388 | 177 136 206 192 242 173 |
| | | | July 1956 | ; | | Aug. 28 | 907 | 279 | 33 | 394 | 200 |
| Deposits: Gross demand deposits: Total Interbank Other Net demand deposits ³ Time deposits | 114,892 13,051 101,841 98,571 41,434 | 23,010 4,155 18,855 20,279 3,388 | 6,065 1,197 4,868 5,306 1,306 | 45,156 6,384 38,773 38,173 16,716 | 40,661 1,315 39,345 34,813 20,024 | 1956—July | -139 -339 -213 -195 -154 -37 | -108 -158 -204 -192 -214 -90 | -48 -73 -93 -114 -140 -85 | -344 -382 -297 -246 -193 -204 | 360 274 380 358 393 344 |
| Demand balances due from domestic banks | 6,510 | 68 | 108 | 2,027 | 4,307 | 1957—Jan | 117 -126 -316 -505 | -40 -123 -101 -300 | -40 -53 -253 -210 | -172 -249 -242 -263 | 369 299 280 269 |
| | | | July 1957 | ı ——— | 1 | May June July | 444 508 383 | -104 -185 -181 | -165 -48 -28 | -367 -486 -452 | 192 210 278 |
| Gross demand deposits: Total Interbank Other. Net demand deposits ³ Time deposits Demand balances due from domestic banks. | 116,304 12,973 103,331 99,728 45,057 | 23,340 4,232 19,108 20,527 3,650 | 6,062 1,178 4,884 5,287 1,331 | 45,593 6,193 39,400 38,502 18,185 | 41,309 1,370 39,938 35,412 21,891 4,281 | Week ending: 1957—July 24. July 31. Aug. 7. Aug. 14. Aug. 21. Aug. 28. | 117 161 524 566 p 351 p-446 | -122 -29 -304 -340 -354 -256 | -25 -2 -21 -30 -16 -27 | -346 -237 -486 -447 -330 -354 | 376 107 287 250 249 279 |

Preliminary.
 Averages of daily closing figures for reserves and borrowings and of daily opening figures for other items, inasmuch as reserves required are based on deposits at opening of business.
 Weekly figures of required, excess, and free reserves of all member

banks and of country banks are estimates.

³ Demand deposits subject to reserve requirements, i. e., gross demand deposits minus cash items reported as in process of collection and demand balances due from domestic banks.

⁴ Free reserves are excess reserves less borrowings.

FEDERAL RESERVE BANK DISCOUNT RATES

[Per cent per annum]

| | | Discounts fo | or and adva | ences to me | mber banks | | Advances to individuals, partnerships, or corporations other than member banks secured by direct obligations of the U. S. (last par. Sec. 13) | | | |
|--|--|--|---|--|---|--|---|--|--|--|
| Federal Reserve Bank | obligation advances | s secured by Government of the secured by eligibles. 13 and 13a) | s of and ble paper | Otř | er secured advar [Sec. 10(b)] | nces | | | | |
| | Rate on Aug. 31 | In effect beginning— | Previous rate | Rate on Aug. 31 | In effect beginning— | Previous rate | Rate on Aug. 31 | In effect beginning— | Previous rate | |
| Boston New York Philadelphia Cleveland Richmond Atlanta Chicago St. Louis Minneapolis Kansas City Dallas San Francisco | 31/2 31/2 31/2 31/2 31/2 31/2 31/2 | Aug. 13, 1957 Aug. 23, 1957 Aug. 9, 1957 Aug. 19, 1957 Aug. 19, 1957 Aug. 13, 1957 Aug. 9, 1957 Aug. 9, 1957 Aug. 9, 1957 Aug. 9, 1957 Aug. 13, 1957 Aug. 13, 1957 Aug. 13, 1957 | 333333333333333333333333333333333333333 | 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 | Aug. 13, 1957 Aug. 23, 1957 Aug. 9, 1957 Aug. 19, 1957 Aug. 19, 1957 Aug. 13, 1957 Aug. 21, 1957 Aug. 21, 1957 Aug. 21, 1957 Aug. 13, 1957 Aug. 13, 1957 Aug. 13, 1957 | 31/2 31/2 31/2 31/2 31/2 31/2 31/2 31/2 | 41/2 41/4 4 41/2 41/2 41/2 41/2 41/2 41/ | Aug. 13, 1957 Aug. 23, 1957 Aug. 9, 1957 Aug. 19, 1957 Aug. 19, 1957 Aug. 13, 1957 Aug. 9, 1957 Aug. 9, 1957 Aug. 9, 1957 Aug. 13, 1957 Aug. 13, 1957 Aug. 13, 1957 | 4 33/4 31/2 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 | |

¹ Rates shown also apply to advances secured by obligations of Federal intermediate credit banks maturing within 6 months.

Note.—Maximum maturities. Discounts for and advances to member banks: 90 days for discounts and advances under Sections 13 and 13a of the Federal Reserve Act except that discounts of certain bankers' acceptances and of agricultural paper may have maturities not exceeding 6

months and 9 months, respectively, and advances secured by obligations of Federal intermediate credit banks maturing within 6 months are limited to maximum maturities of 15 days; 4 months for advances under Section 10(b). Advances to individuals, partnerships, or corporations under the last paragraph of Section 13: 90 days.

FEDERAL RESERVE BANK OF NEW YORK DISCOUNT RATES1

[Per cent per annum]

| Date effective | Rate | Date effective | Rate |
|--|-------------------------|----------------|--|
| 1930—Feb. 7. Mar. 14. May 2. June 20. Dec. 24. 1931—May 8. Oct. 9. Oct. 16. 1932—Feb. 26. June 24. 1933—Mar. 3. Apr. 7. May 26. Cot. 20. 1934—Feb. 2. 1937—Aug. 27. | 3 2½ 3½ 3 3 | 1942—Oct. 30 | 2 1/2 1 1/4 1 1/2 1 3/4 2 13/4 1 1/2 1 3/4 2 1/4 2 1/4 2 1/4 2 1/4 3 3/4 3 3/2 |

¹ Under Secs. 13 and 13a, as described in table above.

² Preferential rate for advances secured by Govt. securities maturing or callable in 1 year or less in effect during the period Oct. 30, 1942-Apr. 24, 1946. The rate of 1 per cent was continued for discounts of and advances secured by eligible paper.

Note. Repurchase rate on U. S. Govt. securities. In 1955, 1956, and 1957 this rate was the same as the discount rate except in the following periods (rates in percentages): 1955—May 4-6, 1.65; Aug. 4, 1.85; Sept. 1-2, 2.10; Sept. 8, 2.15; Nov. 10, 2.375; and 1956—Aug. 24-29, 2.75; 1957—Aug. 22, 3.50.

MARGIN REQUIREMENTS¹

[Per cent of market value]

| Prescribed in accordance with Securities Exchange Act of 1934 | Feb. 20, 1953- Jan. 4, 1955 | Jan. 4, 1955- Apr. 22, 1955 | Effec- tive Apr. 23, 1955 |
|--|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Regulation T: For extensions of credit by brokers and dealers on listed securities | 50 | 60 60 60 | 70 70 70 |

¹ Regulations T and U limit the amount of credit that may be extended on a security by prescribing a maximum loan value, which is a specified percentage of its market value at the time of extension; margin requirements are the difference between the market value (100%) and the maximum loan value. Changes on Feb. 20, 1953, and Jan. 4, 1955, were effective after the close of business on those dates.

MEMBER BANK RESERVE REQUIREMENTS

[Per cent of deposits]

| | Net de | emand dep | osits t | Time d | eposits |
|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|---|-----------------------|
| Effective date of change | Central reserve city banks | Reserve city banks | Coun- try banks | Central reserve and reserve city banks | Coun- try banks |
| 1917—June 21 | 13 | 10 | 7 | 3 | 3 |
| 1936—Aug. 16 1937—Mar. 1 May 1 | 19½ 22¾ 26 | 15 171/2 20 | 10½ 12¼ 14 | 41/2 51/4 6 | 4½ 5¼ 6 |
| 1938—Apr. 16 | 223/4 | 171/2 | 12 | 5 | 5 |
| 1941—Nov. 1 1942—Aug. 20 Sept. 14 Oct. 3 | 26 24 22 20 | 20 | 14 | 6 | 6 |
| 1948—Feb. 27 June 11 Sept. 16, 24* | 22 24 26 | 22 | 16 | 71/2 | 71/2 |
| 1949—May 1, 5* June 30, July 1*. Aug. 1, 11* Aug. 16, 18* Aug. 25 Sept. 1 | 24 23½ 23 22½ 22½ 22 | 21 20 19½ 19 18½ 18½ | 15 14 13 12 | 7 6 5 | 7 6 5 |
| 1951—Jan. 11, 16* Jan. 25, Feb. 1*. | 23 24 | 19 20 | 13 14 | 6 | 6 |
| 1953—July 1, 9* | 22 | 19 | 13 | | |
| 1954—June 16, 24* July 29, Aug. 1*. | 21 20 | 18 | 12 | 5 | 5 |
| In effect Sept. 1, 1957 | 20 | 18 | 12 | 5 | 5 |
| Present statutory requirements: Minimum | 13 26 | 10 20 | 7 14 | 3 6 | 3 6 |

¹ Demand deposits subject to reserve requirements which, beginning Aug. 23, 1935, have been total demand deposits minus cash items in process of collection and demand balances due from domestic banks (also minus war loan and Series E bond accounts during the period Apr. 13, 1943-June 30, 1947).

* First-of-month or midmonth dates are changes at country banks, and other dates (usually Thursdays) are at central reserve city or reserve city banks.

STATEMENT OF CONDITION OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS [In thousands of dollars]

| | | | Wednesday | | | End of month | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|--|
| | | <u> </u> | | | | | | | | |
| Item | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | 1957 | , | | 19 | 57 | 1956 | | |
| | Aug. 28 | Aug. 21 | Aug. 14 | Aug. 7 | July 31 | Aug. | July | Aug. | | |
| Assets Gold certificate account | 21,100,392 838 306 | 21,102,394 | 21,105,393 836 986 | 21,105,392 838,662 | 21,105,392 840,758 | 21,100,392 | 21,105,392 840,758 | 20,331,392 847,442 | | |
| Total gold certificate reserves | | | | | | | | | | |
| F. R. notes of other Banks | 404,243 393,018 | 396,620 | 371,825 | 371,527 | | 382,814 | 384,176 386,694 | 320,386 | | |
| For member banks. For nomember banks, etc. Industrial loans. | 776,436 16,000 529 | 5,000 607 | 540,636 5,000 643 | 5,000 | 420,262 608 | 979,986 6,000 619 | 420,262 | 832,102 959 | | |
| Acceptances—Bought outright Held under repurchase agreement U. S. Government securities: | 22,622 | | 19,428 | | | 25,357 1,740 | 19,431 | 19,313 2,909 | | |
| Rought outright: | 576,973 | 298,463 | 314,963 | 341,063 | 343,563 | 739,673 | 343,563 | 940,170 | | |
| Bills. Certificates—Special. Other Notes. Bonds. | 19,933,612 | 19,933,612 | 19,933,612 | 19,933,612 | 11,362,199 8,571,413 | 19,933,612 | 11,362,199 8,571,413 | 10,932,699 9,153,913 | | |
| Total bought outright | | | i | | | | | | | |
| Held under repurchase agreement | 35,600 | | | | 275,800 | 63,900 | 275,800 | 25,700 | | |
| Total U. S. Government securities Total loans and securities | | | | | | | | 24,709,515 | | |
| Due from foreign banks | ′ ′ | 22 | | | 22 | 22 | 22 | 22 | | |
| Uncollected cash items. Bank premises. Other assets. | 4,501,846 81,149 80,076 | 81,085 | 80,799 | | 80,425 | 4,185,445 81,175 86,333 | 4,872,763 80,425 288,187 | 3,675,968 70,496 252,823 | | |
| Total assets | 51,562,574 | 51,755,439 | 52,087,575 | 51,195,020 | 51,753,443 | 51,625,537 | 51,753,443 | 50,592,875 | | |
| Liabilities Federal Reserve notes | 26,765,461 | 26,754,627 | 26,778,642 | 26,744,593 | 26,671,496 | 26,860,818 | 26,671,496 | 26,509,778 | | |
| Member bank reserves U. S. Treasurer—general account. Foreign Other | 351,989 | 341,768 | 384,770 | 366,847 | 364,113 | 341,920 | 18,630,266 504,451 364,113 296,158 | 349,949 | | |
| Total deposits | <u>-</u> | | | | | | | | | |
| Deferred availability cash itemsOther liabilities and accrued dividends | 3,730,040 18,716 | | 4,571,681 14,679 | 3,617,804 13,798 | | 3,320,427 19,186 | 3,976,349 13,925 | | | |
| Total liabilities | 50,217,909 | 50,421,912 | 50,765,085 | 49,885,664 | 50,456,758 | 50,279,394 | 50,456,758 | 49,344,515 | | |
| Capital Accounts Capital paid in Surplus (Section 7). Surplus (Section 13b). Other capital accounts. | 338,125 747,593 27,543 231,404 | 338,046 747,593 27,543 220,345 | 337,967 747,593 27,543 209,387 | 337,908 747,593 27,543 196,312 | 337,634 747,593 27,543 183,915 | 338,138 747,593 27,543 232,869 | 337,634 747,593 27,543 183,915 | 318,153 693,612 27,543 209,052 | | |
| Total liabilities and capital accounts | I | [| | · | | | | | | |
| Ratio of gold certificate reserves to deposit and F. R. note liabilities combined (per cent) | 47.2 | 47.4 | 47.5 | 47.4 | 47.2 | 46.7 | 47.2 | 45.6 | | |
| foreign correspondents. Industrial loan commitments. | 68,468 1,918 | | 75,533 1,814 | | 70,148 1,795 | | 70,148 1,795 | 50,785 2,447 | | |
| Maturity I | Distribution o | f Loans and | U. S. Gover | nment Secur | ities 1 | | | | | |
| Discounts and advances—total. Within 15 days. 16 days to 90 days. | 792,436 782,799 8,480 | 699,957 | 536,209 | 795,403 | 420,262 409,852 10,410 | 962,674 | 420,262 409,852 10,410 | 832,102 808,505 23,412 | | |
| 91 days to 1 year | 1,157 529 60 | 60 607 60 | 643 643 | 5,089 609 69 | 608 69 | 157 619 61 | 608 69 | 185 959 3 | | |
| 16 days to 90 days | 73 225 171 | 303 171 | 329 181 | 296 181 | 294 181 | 317 171 | 294 181 | 572 | | |
| Acceptances—total. Within 15 days. 16 days to 90 days. | 22,622 4,597 18,025 | 5,147 14,274 | 5,091 14,337 | 6,219 13,206 | 7,848 11,583 | 5,630 21,467 | l 11.583 | 6,773 15,449 | | |
| U. S. Government securities—total | 23,347,935 145,123 | 23,033,825 159,063 | 23,050,325 164,963 | 23,076,425 142,100 | 23,354,725 8,188,965 | 23,538,935 135,160 | 23,354,725 8,188,965 | 23,854,232 113,780 | | |
| 16 days to 90 days. 91 days to 1 year. Over 1 year to 5 years. Over 5 years to 10 years. Over 10 years. | 680,635 750,375 | 19,946,105 680,635 750,375 | 19,946,105 680,635 750,375 | 19,946,105 680,635 750,375 | 5,506,993 680,635 750,375 | 19,959,605 680,635 750,375 | 5,506,993 680,635 750,375 | 19,372,764 1,087,127 1,013,614 | | |
| | <u> </u> | 1 ' ' | | 1 1 1 | 1 ' ' | | | <u> </u> | | |

¹/Holdings under repurchase agreements are classified as maturing within 15 days in accordance with maximum maturity of the agreements.

STATEMENT OF CONDITION OF EACH FEDERAL RESERVE BANK ON AUGUST 31, 1957 [In thousands of dollars]

| Item | Boston | New York | Phila- delphia | Cleve- land | Rich- mond | Atlanta | Chicago | St. Louis | Minne- apolis | Kansas City | Dallas | San Fran- cisco |
|---|---------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Assets | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Gold certificate account | 991,960 | 5,757,066 | 1,093,763 | 1,871,165 | 1,310,602 | 784,135 | 3,818,369 | 832,028 | 387,977 | 863,491 | 824,621 | 2,565,215 |
| Redemption fund for F. R. notes | 55,619 | 169,432 | 57,444 | 75,295 | 71,847 | 48,220 | 149,934 | 42,144 | 22,411 | 42,208 | 27,070 | 76,682 |
| Total gold certificate reserves. | 1,047,579 | 5,926,498 | 1,151,207 | 1,946,460 | 1,382,449 | 832,355 | 3,968,303 | 874,172 | 410,388 | 905,699 | 851,691 | 2,641,897 |
| F. R. notes of other Banks Other cash | 41,030 26,150 | 57,130 90,554 | 59,104 28,576 | | 25,473 22,710 | 72,570 31,508 | 22,521 56,298 | 9,470 21,248 | 19,458 8,516 | 10,056 13,233 | 15,450 15,919 | 27,277 46,822 |
| Discounts and advances: Secured by U. S. Govt. securities. Other. Industrial loans Acceptances: | 50,125 348 318 | 255,490 1,686 | 76,665 420 272 | 540 | 51,575 506 | 81,680 3,770 | 163,500 852 | 48,550 222 | 22,283 144 29 | 72,050 228 | 30,875 514 | 49,200 672 |
| Bought outright Held under repurchase | | 25,357 | | | | | | | | | ••••• | |
| agreement | 1,280,469 | | 1,370,308 | 2,062,000 | 1,499,891 | 1,215,937 | 4,097,591 | 970,810 | 506,591 | 1,007,854 | 919,963 | 2,672,961 |
| agreement | | 63,900 | 4.447.665 | 2 425 524 | | 1 221 227 | 1.261.040 | | 500.045 | 1 000 100 | | |
| Total loans and securities | 1,331,260 | 6,218,833 | 1,447,665 | 2,136,631 | 1,551,972 | 1,301,387 | 4,261,943 | 1,019,582 | 529,047 | 1,080,132 | 951,352 | 2,722,833 |
| Due from foreign banks Uncollected cash items Bank premises Other assets | 304,803 5,119 4,600 | 756,913 10,471 20,117 | 254,575 4,603 4,771 | 386,441 9,328 7,761 | 325,348 7,165 5,348 | 319,949 5,789 4,517 | 741,866 6,559 16,768 | 161,006 5,638 3,419 | 117,225 5,136 1,944 | 198,223 4,791 3,677 | 205,203 5,621 3,958 | 413,893 10,955 9,453 |
| Total assets | 2,760,542 | 13,080,522 | 2,950,503 | 4,546,777 | 3,320,466 | 2,568,076 | 9,074,261 | 2,094,536 | 1,091,715 | 2,215,812 | 2,049,195 | 5,873,132 |
| Liabilities | : | | | | | | | | | | | |
| F. R. notes | 1,591,480 | 6,321,877 | 1,693,950 | 2,541,965 | 2,137,748 | 1,249,464 | 5,225,624 | 1,193,245 | 466,327 | 1,066,726 | 709,246 | 2,663,166 |
| Deposits: Member bank reserves U. S. Treasurer—general | 784,353 | 5,413,520 | 894,239 | 1,508,594 | 806,861 | 937,641 | 3,000,920 | 677,544 | 459,322 | 867,288 | 1,032,337 | 2,592,082 |
| account | 31,971 19,778 544 | 78,944 296,741 221,445 | 31,352 23,870 10,126 | 30,690 | 21,959 17,391 1,887 | 33,964 15,345 1,188 | 48,422 | 29,827 12,617 1,702 | 25,359 8,184 567 | 53,377 12,958 1,201 | 43,449 17,732 2,909 | 44,883 38,192 39,028 |
| Total deposits | 836,646 | 5,810,650 | 959,587 | 1,573,530 | 848,098 | 988,138 | 3,101,756 | 721,690 | 493,432 | 934,824 | 1,096,427 | 2,714,185 |
| Deferred availability cash itemsOther liabilities and accrued | 252,953 | ' | 1 | 1 | , í | 266,903 | 548,837 | 126,972 | 97,629 | 159,937 | , | 345,943 |
| dividends | 1,257 | 5,193 | 897 | 2,316 | 911 | 914 | 3,068 | 664 | 758 | 748 | 632 | 1,828 |
| Total liabilities | 2,682,336 | 12,709,918 | 2,857,158 | 4,426,506 | 3,249,123 | 2,505,419 | 8,879,285 | 2,042,571 | 1,058,146 | 2,162,233 | 1,981,573 | 3,723,122 |
| Capital Accounts | 17,177 | 99,500 | 21 145 | 32,137 | 15 251 | 16,192 | 45,880 | 11,407 | 7 225 | 12 500 | 18,884 | 20 552 |
| Capital paid in | 43,948 3,011 14,070 | 208,002 7,319 | 21,145 52,301 4,489 15,410 | 66,393 1,006 20,735 | 15,351 37,594 3,349 15,047 | 33,179 762 12,524 | 110,421 1,429 | 29,331 521 10,706 | 7,325 18,520 1,073 6,651 | 13,588 27,983 1,137 10,869 | 37,508 1,307 9,923 | 39,552 82,413 2,140 23,905 |
| Total liabilities and capital accounts | 2,760,542 | 13,080,522 | 2,950,503 | 4,546,777 | 3,320,466 | 2,568,076 | 9,074,261 | 2,094,536 | 1,091,715 | 2,215,812 | 2,049,195 | 5,873,132 |
| Reserve ratio (per cent) | 43.1 | 48.8 | 43.4 | 47.3 | 46.3 | 37.2 | 47.7 | 45.7 | 42.8 | 45.2 | 47.2 | 49.1 |
| Contingent liability on acceptances purchased for foreign correspondents | 3,973 | ³ 18,454 | 4,795 | 6,165 | 3,493 | 3,082 | 9,727 | 2,535 | 1,644 | 2,603 | 3,562 | 7,672 |
| Industrial loan commitments | . | | 18 | | | ļ | 81 | | . | 1,648 | . | |
| | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | | <u> </u> | l <u> </u> | <u> </u> | · | <u></u> | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |

¹ After deducting \$16,000 participations of other Federal Reserve Banks. ² After deducting \$245,179,000 participations of other Federal Reserve Banks.

 $^{^3}$ After deducting \$49,251,000 participations of other Federal Reserve Banks.

FEDERAL RESERVE NOTES-FEDERAL RESERVE AGENTS' ACCOUNTS

In thousands of dollars?

FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS COMBINED

| | | | Wednesday | | End of month | | | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Item | | | 1957 | | 19 | 57 | 1956 | | |
| | Aug. 28 | Aug. 21 | Aug. 14 | Aug. 7 | July 31 | Aug. | July | Aug. | |
| Collateral held against notes outstanding: Gold certificate account. Eligible paper. U. S. Government securities. | 11,978,000 153,435 16,955,000 | 11,878,000 100,370 16,955,000 | 11,878,000 54,675 16,955,000 | 27,675,155 11,878,000 139,820 16,955,000 28,972,820 | 11,878,000 94,255 16,955,000 | 11,978,000 189,265 16,995,000 | 11,878,000 94,255 16,955,000 | 11,498,000 208,677 16,985,000 | |

EACH FEDERAL RESERVE BANK ON AUGUST 31, 1957

| Item | Boston | New York | Phila- delphia | Cleve- land | Rich- mond | Atlanta | Chicago | St. Louis | Minne- apolis | Kansas City | Dallas | San Fran- cisco |
|---|----------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|----------------|----------------------|---------|-----------|------------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| F. R. notes outstanding (issued to Bank) Collateral held: Gold certificate acct Eligible paper U. S. Govt. securities. Total collateral | 580,000 1,150,000 | 3,170,000 | 640,000 68,665 1,200,000 | 1,130,000 | 895,000 1,350,000 | 400,000 | 2,500,000 | 450,000 48,550 875,000 | 130,000 | 300,000 72,050 820,000 | 283,000 525,000 | 1,500,000 |

INDUSTRIAL LOANS BY FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS

[Amounts in thousands of dollars]

LOANS GUARANTEED UNDER REGULATION V1

[Amounts in millions of dollars]

| End of | app | ications roved date | Ap- proved but not | Loans out- | Commit- ments | Partici- pations of financ- ing insti- | End of year or | aut | oans horized date | Lo: outsta | | Additional amount available to borrowers |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|---|---|---|---|--|------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| month | Num- ber | Amount | com- pleted ¹ (amount) | standing ² (amount) | standing (amount) | tutions out- standing ³ (amount) | month | Num- ber | Amount | Total amount | Portion guaran- teed | under guar- antee agree- ments outstanding |
| 1951 1952 1953 1954 1955 | | 710,931 766,492 803,429 818,224 826,853 | 3,513 1,638 1,951 520 305 | 4,687 3,921 1,900 719 702 | 6,036 3,210 3,569 1,148 2,293 | 11,985 3,289 3,469 1,027 1,103 | 1951 1952 1953 1954 | 854 1,159 1,294 1,367 1,411 | 1,395 2,124 2,358 2,500 2,575 | 675 979 805 472 294 | 547 803 666 368 226 | 473 586 364 273 170 |
| 1956 | | | | | İ | | 1956 | | | | | |
| July Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec | 3,781 3,781 | 830,630 830,995 831,409 831,882 832,071 832,550 | 75 | 954 959 938 867 801 794 | 2,427 2,447 2,416 2,236 2,175 2,365 | 1,262 1,273 1,262 1,179 1,098 1,129 | July | 1,445 1,448 1,456 1,459 1,464 1,468 | 2,724 2,727 2,737 2,743 2,756 2,761 | 364 351 369 364 375 389 | 273 262 276 272 280 289 | 176 174 145 145 141 125 |
| 1957 | | | | | <u> </u> | | 1957 | | | | | į |
| Jan Feb Mar Apr May June July | 3,782 | 833,045 833,692 834,051 834,668 835,264 835,766 836,636 | 80 155 | 822 758 772 780 774 742 608 | 2,315 2,014 1,987 1,955 1,794 1,780 1,795 | 1,126 1,017 1,012 991 948 919 812 | JanFebMarAprMayJuneJuly | 1,475 1,481 1,482 1,485 1,488 1,493 1,496 | 2,823 2,829 2,842 2,850 2,862 2,867 2,878 | 401 398 408 402 407 412 410 | 298 296 304 300 305 307 306 | 120 128 127 133 130 126 126 |

¹ Includes applications approved conditionally by the Federal Reserve Banks and under consideration by applicant.

² Includes industrial loans past due 3 months or more, which are not included in industrial loans outstanding in weekly statement of condition of Federal Reserve Banks.

³ Not covered by Federal Reserve Bank commitment to purchase or discount.

Note.—The difference between amount of applications approved and the sum of the following four columns represents repayments of advances, and applications for loans and commitments withdrawn or expired.

¹ Loans made by private financing institutions and guaranteed by Government procurement agencies, pursuant to the Defense Production Act of 1950. Federal Reserve Banks act as fiscal agents of the guaranteeing agencies in these transactions, and the procedure is governed by Regulation V of the Board of Governors.

Nore.—The difference between guaranteed loans authorized and sum of loans outstanding and additional amounts available to borrowers under guarantee agreements outstanding represents amounts repaid, guarantees authorized but not completed, and authorizations expired or withdrawn.

FEDERAL RESERVE BANK RATES ON INDUSTRIAL LOANS¹

[In effect Aug. 31. Per cent per annum]

| | comm | strial or nercial nesses | To finat | ncing ins | titutions |
|--|--|--|--|---|--|
| Federal Reserve Bank | | | On disco | | |
| Dalik | On loans ² | On commit- ments | Portion for which institu- tion is obligated | Re- main- ing por- tion | On commit- ments |
| Boston New York Philadelphia Cleveland Richmond Atlanta Chicago St. Louis Minneapolis Kansas City Dallas San Francisco | 4-6 41/4-6 31/2-6 4-6 33/4-6 31/2-6 4-6 4-6 4-6 4-6 | 12-11/2 12-11/2 12-11/2 12-11/2 12-11/2 12-11/2 12-11/2 12-11/2 12-11/2 12-11/2 | (3) (5) (6) (7) (8) (8) (3) (4) (4) (7) (7) (8) | \$\text{\ti}\}\\ \text{\ti}}}\\ \text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\ti}\}\tittt{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\text{\texi}\ti}\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{ | 1½-1½ 1½-1½ 1½-1½ 1½-1½ 1½-1½ 1½-1½ 1½-1½ 1½-1½ 1½-1½ 1½-1½ |

¹ Rates on industrial loans, discounts or purchases of loans, and commitments under Sec. 13b of the Federal Reserve Act. Maturities not exceeding five years.
² Including loans made in participation with financing institutions.
³ Rate charged borrower less commitment rate.
⁴ Rate charged borrower. ⁵ Rate charged borrower but not to exceed 1 per cent above the discount rate.
⁵ Twenty-five per cent of loan rate. Charge of ½ per cent per annum is made on undisbursed portion.
7 Charge of ¼ per cent per annum is made on undisbursed portion.

FEES AND RATES ON LOANS GUARANTEED UNDER REGULATION V1

[In effect Aug. 31]

Fees Payable to Guaranteeing Agency by Financing Institution on Guaranteed Portion of Loan

| Percentage of loan guaranteed | Guarantee fee (percentage of interest payable by borrower) | Percentage of any commitment fee charged borrower |
|-------------------------------|---|--|
| 70 or less, | 10 15 20 25 30 35 40–50 | 10 15 20 25 30 35 40–50 |

Maximum Rates Financing Institution May Charge Borrower [Per cent per annum]

¹ Schedule of fees and rates established by the Board of Governors on loans made by private financing institutions and guaranteed by Government procurement agencies, pursuant to the Defense Production Act of 1950. Federal Reserve Banks act as fiscal agents of the guaranteeing agencies in these transactions, and the procedure is governed by Regulation V of the Board of Governors.

BANK DEBITS AND DEPOSIT TURNOVER

[Debits in millions of dollars]

| | | except inter | deposits account account | • | An | | of turnover of and U.S. | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|----------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Year or month | 0. 8 | s. Governin | ient accour | its | Without | seasonal | adjustment | Seas | onally ad | justed 3 |
| | Total, all | New | 6 | 337 other | New | 6 | 337 other | New | 6 | 337 other |
| | reporting | York | other | reporting | York | other | reporting | York | other | reporting |
| | centers | City | centers 1 | centers ² | City | centers 1 | centers ² | City | centers 1 | centers ² |
| 1949. 1950. 1951. 1952. 1953. 1954. 1955. 1956. 1956—June. July. Aug. | 1,380,112 1,542,554 1,642,853 1,759,069 1,887,366 2,043,548 2,200,643 186,540 181,284 183,819 | 446,224 509,340 544,367 597,815 632,801 738,925 766,890 815,856 70,733 65,873 67,279 | 260,897 298,564 336,885 349,904 385,831 390,066 431,651 462,859 38,937 38,653 38,206 | 499,172 572,208 661,302 695,133 740,436 758,375 845,007 921,928 76,870 76,757 78,333 | 27.9 31.1 31.9 34.4 36.7 42.3 42.7 45.8 47.0 45.9 | 20.9 22.6 24.0 24.1 25.6 25.8 27.3 28.8 28.9 29.6 27.4 | 15.9 17.2 18.4 18.9 19.2 20.4 21.8 21.6 22.4 21.3 | 43.5 47.1 51.3 | 28.3 30.2 29.9 | 21.6 22.7 22.7 |
| Sept. | 167,154 | 61,223 | 34,057 | 71,874 | 44.8 | 27.4 | 22.0 | 43.7 | 27.7 | 21.7 |
| Oct. | 193,140 | 70,794 | 40,148 | 82,198 | 45.2 | 28.4 | 22.1 | 46.6 | 29.3 | 22.1 |
| Nov. | 185,223 | 66,989 | 39,425 | 78,810 | 48.3 | 31.0 | 23.6 | 48.8 | 30.5 | 22.4 |
| Dec. | 201,876 | 77,495 | 40,912 | 83,469 | 51.8 | 29.9 | 23.3 | 45.8 | 28.6 | 22.1 |
| 1957—Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May June July Aug. | r204,464 | 76,460 | 42,596 | 785,408 | 48.3 | 30.0 | 22.9 | 48.1 | 30.6 | *22.7 |
| | r177,492 | 67,035 | 36,886 | 773,571 | 48.9 | 30.2 | 22.9 | 50.2 | 31.0 | *23.0 |
| | r197,185 | 74,786 | 42,113 | 780,285 | 48.7 | 32.0 | 22.5 | 47.5 | 29.2 | 22.6 |
| | r192,653 | 72,328 | 40,182 | 780,144 | 46.9 | 30.3 | 22.3 | 47.6 | 29.4 | 23.0 |
| | r197,206 | 71,780 | 42,128 | 783,298 | 47.1 | 30.5 | 23.2 | 48.3 | 31.0 | 23.7 |
| | 193,303 | 74,512 | 39,942 | 78,849 | 51.4 | 30.4 | 23.1 | 47.6 | 29.8 | 23.1 |
| | r200,572 | 74,509 | 41,711 | 784,352 | 49.5 | 30.6 | 23.5 | 50.8 | 31.2 | 23.9 |
| | 190,539 | 68,409 | 40,194 | 81,936 | 44.7 | **28.6 | **22.0 | 51.7 | **31.3 | *23.4 |

r Revised.
P Preliminary.
1 Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago, Detroit, San Francisco, and Los Angeles.

 ^{2 338} centers prior to April 1955.
 3 These data are compiled by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York. Note.—For description see Bulletin for April 1953, pp. 355-357.

DENOMINATIONS OF UNITED STATES CURRENCY IN CIRCULATION

[On basis of compilation by United States Treasury. In millions of dollars]

| End of year or | Total in cir- | | Coin a | nd small | denomir | ation cu | rrency | | | L | arge den | ominatio | n curren | су | |
|----------------|--|--|--|--|--|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|---|--|--|
| month | cula- tion ¹ | Total | Coin | \$12 | \$2 | \$5 | \$10 | \$20 | Total | \$50 | \$100 | \$500 | \$1,000 | \$5,000 | \$10,000 |
| 1939 | 28,515 28,868 27,741 29,206 30,433 30,781 30,509 31,158 30,604 30,757 30,768 30,839 31,424 | 5,553 8,120 20,683 20,020 19,305 20,530 21,450 21,636 21,374 22,021 21,709 21,838 21,834 21,837 22,374 | 590 751 1,274 1,404 1,554 1,755 1,812 1,834 1,927 1,957 1,967 1,971 1,995 2,016 | 559 695 1,039 1,048 1,113 1,182 1,228 1,249 1,256 1,312 1,267 1,283 1,267 1,283 1,296 1,324 | 36 44 73 65 64 67 71 72 71 75 74 74 74 | 1,019 1,355 2,313 2,110 2,049 2,120 2,143 2,119 2,098 2,151 2,065 2,077 2,085 2,080 2,144 | 1,772 2,731 6,782 6,275 5,998 6,329 6,565 6,450 6,617 6,514 6,559 6,538 6,715 | 1,576 2,545 9,201 9,119 8,529 9,179 9,696 9,819 9,665 9,840 9,895 9,866 9,893 10,100 | 2,048 3,044 7,834 8,850 8,438 8,978 9,146 9,136 9,136 8,895 8,919 8,934 8,962 9,050 | 460 724 2,327 2,548 2,422 2,544 2,669 2,732 2,736 2,674 2,676 2,673 2,679 2,713 | 919 1,433 4,220 5,070 5,043 5,207 5,447 5,581 5,612 5,641 5,500 5,527 5,527 5,527 5,522 5,626 | 191 261 454 428 368 355 343 321 307 294 293 293 291 291 | 425 556 801 782 588 556 512 486 464 438 415 413 411 409 409 | 20 24 7 5 4 4 4 4 3 3 3 3 3 3 | 32 46 24 17 12 10 11 15 12 8 8 |
| Dec | 30,614 30,575 30,585 30,519 30,836 31,082 | 22,598 21,597 21,601 21,639 21,588 21,905 22,123 21,987 | 2,027 1,990 1,993 2,000 2,020 2,029 2,042 2,050 | 1,369 1,276 1,269 1,270 1,276 1,301 1,302 1,292 | 78 76 75 75 75 76 77 77 | 2,196 2,065 2,058 2,063 2,055 2,093 2,102 2,069 | 6,734 6,427 6,450 6,473 6,425 6,554 6,615 6,520 | 9,763 9,756 9,758 9,737 9,852 9,985 9,979 | 9,192 9,017 8,974 8,946 8,931 8,931 8,958 8,946 | 2,771 2,701 2,689 2,679 2,674 2,679 2,696 2,695 | 5,704 5,613 5,586 5,573 5,566 5,564 5,575 5,570 | 292 289 287 286 285 284 283 281 | 402 400 397 395 393 391 388 | 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 | 8 8 8 8 8 10 8 |

¹ Outside Treasury and Federal Reserve Banks. Prior to December 1955 the totals shown as in circulation were less than totals of coin and

paper currency shown by denomination by amounts of unassorted currency (not shown separately.)

2 Paper currency only; \$1 silver coins reported under coin.

KINDS OF UNITED STATES CURRENCY OUTSTANDING AND IN CIRCULATION

[On basis of compilation by United States Treasury. In millions of dollars]

| | | Held | in the Trea | sury | 77-111 | Curre | ncy in circul | ation 1 |
|---|---|--|-----------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Kind of currency | Total out- standing July 31, 1957 | As security against gold and silver certificates | Treasury cash | For F. R. Banks and agents | Held by F. R. Banks and agents | July 31, 1957 | June 30, 1957 | July 31, 1956 |
| Gold Gold certificates Federal Reserve notes. Treasury currency—total. | 21,979 27,686 | 21,979 | ²⁶⁴⁸ 62 49 | 19,131 | 2,816 1,399 387 | 26,225 4,676 | 33 26,329 4,720 | 33 25,975 4,595 |
| Standard silver dollars Silver bullion Silver certificates and Treasury notes of 1890 Subsidiary silver coin Minor coin United States notes Federal Reserve Bank notes National Bank notes. | 2,209 32,407 1,386 486 347 133 | 198 2,209 | | | | 255 2,114 1,319 476 318 131 61 | 253 2,163 1,315 474 321 133 62 | 239 2,116 1,262 456 313 145 64 |
| Total—July 31, 1957. June 30, 1957. July 31, 1956. | (5) (5) (5) | 24,386 24,389 23,600 | 759 758 761 | 19,131 19,129 18,336 | 4,601 4,394 4,477 | 30,933 | 31,082 | 30,604 |

Outside Treasury and Federal Reserve Banks. Includes any paper currency held outside the continental limits of the United States. Totals for other end-of-month dates are shown in table above; totals for Wednesday dates, in table on p. 1042.
 Includes \$156,039,431 held as reserve against United States notes and Treasury notes of 1890.
 To avoid duplication, amount of silver dollars and bullion held as security against silver certificates and Treasury notes of 1890 outstanding is not included in total Treasury currency outstanding.
 Less than \$500,000.

Note.—There are maintained in the Treasury—(1) as a reserve for United States notes and Treasury notes of 1890—\$156,039,431 in gold bullion; (2) as security for Treasury notes of 1890—an equal dollar amount in standard silver dollars (these notes are being canceled and retired on

receipt); (3) as security for outstanding silver certificates—silver in bullion and standard silver dollars of a monetary value equal to the face amount of such silver certificates; and (4) as security for gold certificates—gold bullion of a value at the legal standard equal to the face amount of such sold certificates. Federal Reserve notes are obligations of the United States and a first lien on all the assets of the issuing Federal Reserve Bank. Federal Reserve notes are secured by the deposit with Federal Reserve agents of a like amount of gold certificates or of gold certificates and such discounted or purchased paper as is eligible under the terms of the Federal Reserve Act, or of direct obligations of the United States. Each Federal Reserve Bank must maintain a reserve in gold certificates of at least 25 per cent against its Federal Reserve notes in actual circulation. Gold certificates deposited with Federal Reserve agents as collateral, and those deposited with the Treasurer of the United States as a redemption fund, are counted as reserve. Gold certificates, as herein used, includes credits with the Treasurer of the United States payable in gold certificates. Federal Reserve Bank notes and national bank notes are in process of retirement.

⁴ Less than \$500,000.

⁵ Because some of the types of currency shown are held as collateral or reserves against other types, a grand total of all types has no special significance and is not shown. See note for explanation of duplications.

CONSOLIDATED CONDITION STATEMENT FOR BANKS AND THE MONETARY SYSTEM¹

[Figures partly estimated except on call dates. In millions of dollars]

| | | | | | | | oilities Capital | | | | | | | |
|--|--|---|--|---|---|---|---|--|---|--|---|--|---|--|
| | | | | | | В | ınk credit | : | | | - 1 : | Total | | |
| Date | | Treas- ury cur- | | | | U.S. | Governm | ent oblig | gations | | | net— Total liabil- | Total | Capital and |
| | Gold | rency out- stand- ing | Tot | al L | oans, net | Total | Com- mercial and savings banks | Federa Reserv Banks | e Oth | Oth sec riti | u- c | ities and apital, net | deposits and currency | ac- |
| 1929—June 29 1933—June 30 1939—Dec. 30 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1947—Dec. 31 1950—Dec. 30 1952—Dec. 31 1954—Dec. 31 1954—Dec. 31 1955—Dec. 31 1955—Dec. 31 | 4,037 4,031 17,644 22,737 20,065 22,754 22,706 23,187 21,713 21,690 21,799 | 2,019 2,286 2,963 3,247 4,339 4,562 4,636 4,812 4,985 5,008 5,032 | 171, 171, 192, 210, | 148 2 564 2: 553 2: 381 3: 332 4: 667 6: 866 7: 988 8: 437 10 | 2,157 6,605 0,387 13,023 10,366 5,484 15,730 10,031 | 5,741 10,328 23,105 29,049 28,417 07,086 96,560 00,008 04,819 96,736 90,511 | 5,499 8,199 19,417 25,511 101,288 81,199 72,894 72,740 77,728 70,052 64,917 | 21- 1,99- 2,48- 2,25- 24,26- 22,55- 20,77- 24,69- 24,93- 24,78- 23,75 | 8 | 04 9, 84 8, 67 8, 28 10, 88 14, 71 17, 59 20, 99 20, | 863 302 999 577 1 723 1 741 1 374 2 439 2 670 2 | 64,698 48,465 75,171 91,785 88,148 99,009 20,865 37,686 44,135 43,394 | 55,776 42,029 68,359 82,811 180,806 175,348 184,384 204,220 218,882 224,943 223,585 | 6,812 7,826 10,979 12,800 14,624 16,647 18,806 19,193 |
| 1956—July 25 | 21,800 21,900 21,900 21,900 21,900 21,949 | 5,000 5,000 5,000 5,100 5,100 5,000 | 217,0 218,0 218,0 220,0 | 000 10 000 10 900 10 | 5,500 6,700 7,300 8,200 | 89,700 90,900 90,500 91,000 92,200 93,161 | 64,500 65,400 65,200 65,500 66,200 66,523 | 23,40 23,70 23,60 23,80 24,30 24,91 | $egin{array}{c ccc} 0 & 1,8 \\ 0 & 1,8 \\ 0 & 1,8 \\ 0 & 1.7 \\ \end{array}$ | 00 20, 00 20, 00 20, | 600 2 800 2 500 2 400 2 | 41,800 43,900 44,900 45,800 47,800 50,757 | 221,400 223,000 224,000 224,800 227,000 230,510 | 20,900 20,900 21,000 20,700 |
| 1957—Jan. 30°. Feb. 27°. Mar. 27°. Apr. 24°. May 29°. June 26°. July 31°. | 22,300 22,300 22,600 | 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 | 218, 219, 221, 221, 221, | 100 10 000 10 600 11 400 11 900 11 | 8,200 9,600 0,400 0,700 2,900 | 90,800 89,400 88,500 90,000 89,400 87,600 88,800 | 65,700 64,800 63,800 65,300 64,900 63,100 63,900 | 23,10 23,20 23,00 | $egin{array}{c c} 0 & 1,7 \\ 0 & 1,7 \\ 0 & 1,6 \\ 0 & 1,6 \\ 0 & 1,6 \\ \end{array}$ | 00 20, 00 20, 00 21, 00 21, 00 21, | 600 2 900 2 100 2 300 2 400 2 | 46,600 45,500 46,400 49,000 49,100 49,600 50,100 | 226,400 225,100 225,400 228,100 228,200 229,100 229,300 | 20,500 20,900 20,900 20,900 21,000 20,600 |
| | | | - | | | Details | of Depos | its and (| Сигтепсу | | | | | |
| | | U. S. C | ovt. bal | ances | | De | posits adj | usted an | d curren | Э | | Season | ally adju | sted series 5 |
| Date | For- eign bank | Treas- | At com- | | | | Time de | posits ² | | De- | Cur- rency | Tota dema | | nd Cur- |
| | de- posits, net | ury cash hold- ings | mercial and savings banks | At F. R. Banks | Total | Total | Com- mercial banks | Mutual savings banks ³ | Postal Savings System | mand de- posits 4 | out- side banks | depos adjust and currer | its de ed pos ad | its out- |
| 1929—June 29. 1933—June 30. 1939—Dec. 30. 1941—Dec. 31. 1945—Dec. 31. 1947—Dec. 31. 1950—Dec. 30. 1952—Dec. 31. 1954—Dec. 31. 1955—Dec. 31. 1955—June 30. | 365 50 1,217 1,498 2,141 1,682 2,518 2,501 3,329 3,167 3,115 | 204 264 2,409 2,215 2,287 1,336 1,293 1,270 796 767 768 | 381 852 846 1,895 24,608 1,452 2,989 5,259 4,510 4,038 5,537 | 867 | 54,790 40,828 63,254 76,336 150,793 170,008 176,916 194,801 209,684 216,577 213,643 | 21,656 27,059 27,729 48,452 56,411 59,247 65,799 75,282 78,378 | 35,249 36,314 40,666 46,844 48,359 | 8,905 9,621 10,523 10,532 15,385 17,746 20,009 22,586 26,302 28,129 29,152 | 149 1,186 1,278 1,313 2,932 3,416 2,923 2,547 2,136 1,890 1,765 | 22,540 14,411 29,793 38,992 75,851 87,121 92,272 101,508 106,550 109,914 104,744 | 3,63 4,76 6,40 9,61 26,49 26,47 25,39 27,49 27,85 28,28 28,28 | | | 200 25,900 800 24,500 800 26,900 800 26,900 800 26,900 800 27,400 700 27,600 |
| 1956—July 25 | | 800 800 800 800 800 775 | 3,600 5,800 5,400 3,800 5,200 4,038 | 500 600 500 500 441 | 214,100 216,600 217,200 221,950 | 80,900 81,300 81,500 80,900 82,224 | 49,900 50,100 50,200 49,600 50,577 | 29,200 29,300 29,500 29,600 29,600 30,000 | 1,700 1,700 1,700 1,700 1,700 1,647 | 105,200 104,500 105,400 107,400 108,300 111,391 | 27,400 27,500 27,400 27,700 28,000 28,33 | 134, 133, 133, 134, 134, 134, | 100 106 700 106 500 106 200 106 700 107 400 106 | 600 27,500 200 27,500 100 27,400 700 27,500 000 27,700 700 27,700 |
| 1957—Jan. 30° | | 800 800 800 800 800 800 | 1,900 2,800 3,800 4,400 5,300 4,800 3,700 | 500 500 500 500 500 500 | 219,900 218,000 217,200 219,500 218,300 219,700 | 82,900 83,600 84,600 84,900 85,600 86,300 86,700 | 51,200 51,800 52,600 52,900 53,500 54,000 54,300 | | 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,400 | 109,500 107,000 105,200 107,300 104,800 105,500 106,600 | 27,40 27,40 27,40 27,40 27,40 27,80 27,80 | 0 134, 0 134, 0 134, 0 135, 0 134, 0 135, 0 136, | 100 106 500 106 700 107 000 107 600 106 100 107 000 108 | 500 27,600 900 27,600 000 27,700 300 27,700 600 28,000 200 27,900 000 28,000 |

Note.—For description of statement and back figures, see BULLETIN for January 1948, pp. 24-32. The composition of a few items differs slightly from the description in the BULLETIN article; stock of Federal Reserve Banks held by member banks is included in other securities and in capital and miscellaneous accounts, net, and balances of the Postal Savings System and the Exchange Stabilization Fund with the U. S. Treasury are netted against capital and miscellaneous accounts, net, instead of against U. S. Govt. deposits and Treasury cash. Total deposits and currency shown in the monthly Chart Book excludes foreign bank deposits, net, and Treasury cash. Except on call dates, figures are rounded to nearest \$100 million and may not add to the totals.

⁹Preliminary.

¹Represents all commercial and savings banks, Federal Reserve Banks, Postal Savings System, and Treasury currency funds (the gold account, Treasury currency account, and Exchange Stabilization Fund).

²Excludes interbank time deposits; U. S. Treasurer's time deposits, open account; and deposits of Postal Savings System in banks.

³Prior to June 30, 1947, includes a small amount of demand deposits.

⁴Demand deposits other than interbank and U. S. Govt., less cash items reported as in process of collection.

⁵Seasonally adjusted series begin in 1947 and are available only for last Wednesday of the month. For back figures, see Bulletin for July 1957, pp. 828-829.

PRINCIPAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AND NUMBER OF ALL BANKS, BY CLASSES¹

[Figures partly estimated except on call dates. Amounts in millions of dollars]

| | Lo | ans and i | nvestmen | ts | | Total | | | Deposit | s | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| Class of bank | | | | | Cash | assets— Total lia- | | | | Other | | Total | Num- |
| and date | Total | Loans | U. S. Govt. obliga- | Other secu- rities | assets 2 | bilities and capital | Total ² | Inter- bank ² | Dem | and | | capital ac- counts | ber of banks |
| | | | tions | | | ac- counts ³ | | | U. S. Govt. | Other | Time | | |
| All banks: 1939—Dec. 30. 1941—Dec. 31. 1945—Dec. 31. 1947—Dec. 31. 1950—Dec. 30. 1954—Dec. 31. 1955—Dec. 31. 1955—Jan. 30. July 25. Dec. 31. 1957—Jan. 30. Feb. 27. Mar. 27. Apr. 24. May 29. June 26. July 31. | 61,126 140,227 134,924 148,021 183,784 190,780 191,074 190,860 197,063 194,810 195,440 197,650 197,770 198,290 198,250 | 105,960 110,079 108,830 | 64,490 66,523 65,680 | 20,439 20,670 20,632 20,410 20,461 20,440 20,640 21,120 21,300 21,370 | 43,361 40,770 49,641 41,640 42,350 | 191, 517 231, 654 242,008 238,133 235,260 250,770 240,730 241,310 241,130 243,970 243,650 244,910 | 215,900 218,810 217,880 219,650 | 10,982 14,065 13,033 14,039 16,811 16,646 15,242 14,560 17,595 14,180 14,280 14,480 14,430 13,670 14,310 | 2,809 4,176 3,712 5,235 3,290 3,736 1,620 2,510 3,510 4,050 5,040 4,490 | 516 355 935 94, 381 101, 936 116, 617 1123, 239 115, 850 114, 140 125, 308 118, 600 117, 070 114, 550 116, 650 116, 670 | 53,105 56,513 73,510 76,844 79,182 79,260 80,908 81,640 82,310 83,360 83,670 84,460 85,200 | 18,112 18,811 18,840 19,249 19,340 19,480 19,520 19,570 19,690 19,740 | 14,826 14,714 14,650 14,367 14,243 14,206 14,204 14,163 14,158 14,158 14,154 14,154 14,138 |
| All commercial banks: 1939—Dec. 30. 1941—Dec. 31. 1945—Dec. 31. 1947—Dec. 31. 1950—Dec. 30. 1954—Dec. 31. 1955—Dec. 31. 1956—June 30. July 25. Dec. 31. 1957—Jan. 30p. Feb. 27p. Mar. 27p. Apr. 24p. May 29p. June 26p. July 31p. | 40,668 50,746 124,019 116,284 126,675 155,916 160,881 160,008 159,580 165,123 162,490 162,490 164,860 164,860 164,860 165,290 165,100 | 38,057 52,249 70,619 82,601 86,887 87,140 | 16,316 21,808 90,606 69,221 62,027 68,981 61,592 56,620 56,552 57,710 56,830 57,320 56,910 55,910 55,050 | 7, 114 7, 225 7, 331 9, 006 12, 399 16, 316 16, 588 16, 502 16, 250 16, 269 16, 170 16, 490 16, 670 16, 760 16, 760 | 22,474 26,551 34,806 37,502 40,289 43,589 46,838 42,444 39,920 48,720 40,700 41,510 40,700 41,280 40,40,40,40,40,40,40,40,40,40,40,40,40,4 | 65,216 79,104 160,312 155,377 168,932 202,378 210,734 205,712 202,690 217,460 207,230 207,230 207,230 210,020 209,460 210,570 211,180 | 150,227 144,103 155,265 184,757 192,254 186,326 181,980 197,515 185,940 185,440 188,340 | 10,982 14,065 13,032 14,039 16,809 16,643 15,239 14,560 17,593 14,180 14,280 14,480 14,430 13,670 14,310 | 44, 105; 1,343 2,806 4,172 3,709 5,232 3,290 3,733 1,620 2,510 4,050 5,040 4,490 | 513 349 921 94, 367 101, 917 116, 567 123, 187 115, 824 114, 110 125, 282 118, 570 117, 040 114, 520 116, 630 114, 680 115, 680 115, 680 | 50,020 50,908 51,560 52,110 52,930 53,230 53,850 54,320 | 7,173 8,950 10,059 11,590 14,576 15,300 15,927 16,380 16,500 16,560 16,560 16,560 | 13,677 13,640 13,636 13,631 13,633 13,628 13,619 13,613 |
| All member banks: 1939—Dec. 30. 1941—Dec. 31. 1945—Dec. 31. 1947—Dec. 31. 1950—Dec. 30. 1954—Dec. 31. 1955—Dec. 31. 1955—June 30. July 25. Dec. 31. 1957—Jan. 30* Feb. 27* Mar. 27* Apr. 24* May 29* June 26* July 31* | 33,941 43,521 107,183 97,846 107,424 131,602 135,360 134,428 133,966 138,768 | 18,021 22,775 32,628 44,705 60,250 70,982 74,783 75,005 78,034 76,742 77,082 78,318 78,558 78,558 | 14,328 19,539 78,338 57,914 52,365 57,809 50,697 46,226 45,763 47,575 46,767 | 5,651 5,961 6,070 7,304 10,355 13,543 13,419 13,159 13,070 13,208 13,346 13,468 13,558 | 19,782 23,123 29,845 32,845 35,524 38,076 41,416 37,536 35,160 42,906 35,909 36,634 35,823 36,360 36,674 36,660 | 55, 361 68, 121 138, 304 132, 060 144, 660 172, 242 179, 414 174, 820 171, 934 184, 874 175, 762 176, 292 176, 292 178, 277 177, 720 178, 816 | 122,528 133,089 157,252 163,757 158,388 154,215 167,906 157,485 157,623 157,270 159,677 158,655 160,116 | 10,525 13,640 12,403 13,448 15,983 15,865 14,508 13,874 16,855 13,559 13,674 13,859 13,803 13,067 | 4,806 2,860 3,292 | 37,136 69,640 80,609 87,783 99,604 105,400 98,904 97,381 106,850 101,084 99,838 97,671 99,511 97,773 98,673 | 12,347 24,210 28,340 29,336 37,950 39,165 40,171 40,100 40,909 41,434 41,867 42,557 42,781 43,301 | 9,695 12,210 12,783 13,293 13,304 13,655 13,713 13,813 13,825 13,863 13,947 14,004 | 6,362 6,619 6,884 6,923 6,873 6,660 6,543 6,494 6,462 6,459 6,456 6,454 6,454 6,454 6,454 6,454 6,454 6,454 |
| All mutual savings banks: 1939—Dec. 30 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1947—Dec. 30 1954—Dec. 30 1955—Dec. 31 1955—June 30 July 25 Dec. 31 1957—Jan. 30** Feb. 27** Mar. 27** Apr. 24** May 29** June 26** July 31** | 10,216 10,379 16,208 18,641 21,346 27,868 29,898 31,066 31,280 32,140 32,320 32,580 32,690 32,910 33,910 | 4,279 4,944 8,137 14,998 17,456 18,639 19,777 19,900 20,010 20,170 20,270 20,270 20,440 20,530 | 10,682 11,978 10,868 8,748 8,460 8,297 8,300 7,971 7,970 7,990 8,010 7,950 7,940 7,860 | 1,774 1,246 1,718 2,342 4,123 3,982 4,130 4,160 4,192 4,270 4,320 4,470 4,470 4,470 4,470 4,470 4,530 4,610 | 609 886 797 1,026 965 917 850 920 840 840 850 790 800 870 | 11,804 17,020 19,714 22,385 29,276 31,274 32,421 32,421 33,440 33,630 33,900 33,950 34,190 34,340 | 10,533 15,385 17,763 20,031 26,359 28,187 29,184 29,270 30,032 30,110 30,230 30,470 30,470 30,640 30,910 | 13 3 3 3 (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) | | 14 19 50 51 26 30 | 15,371 17,745 20,009 26,302 28,129 29,152 29,240 30,001 30,080 30,440 30,440 30,610 30,880 | 1,241 1,592 1,889 2,247 2,812 2,885 2,900 2,947 2,960 2,980 3,010 3,010 3,030 3,010 | 526 526 525 |

^{*}Preliminary.

1 All banks in the United States. All banks comprise all commercial banks and all mutual savings banks. All commercial banks comprise all nonmember commercial banks and all member banks (including (1) one bank in Alaska and one in the Virgin Islands that became members on Apr. 15, 1954, and May 31, 1957, respectively, and (2) a noninsured nondeposit trust company, but excluding three mutual savings banks that became members in 1941). Stock savings banks and nondeposit trust companies are included with commercial banks. Number of banks includes a few noninsured banks for which asset and liability data are not

available. Comparability of figures for classes of banks is affected somewhat by changes in Federal Reserve membership, insurance status, and the reserve classifications of cities and individual banks, and by mergers, etc.

² Beginning June 30, 1942, excludes reciprocal balances, which on Dec. 31, 1942, aggregated \$513 million at all member banks and \$525 million at all insured commercial banks.

³ Includes other assets and liabilities not shown separately. For other notes see following two pages.

PRINCIPAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AND NUMBER OF ALL BANKS, BY CLASSES 1-Continued

[Figures partly estimated except on call dates. Amounts in millions of dollars]

| | Lo | ans and i | nvestmen | ts | | Total | - | 1 | Deposits | | | | |
|---|--|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|---|---|---|--|---|
| Class of bank | i | | | | Cash | assets— Total lia- | | | | Other | | Total capital | Num- ber |
| and date | Total | Loans | U. S. Govt, obliga- | Other secu- rities | assets2 | bilities and capital | Total ² | Inter- bank ² | Dem | and | | ac- counts | of banks |
| | | | tions | | | ac- counts ³ | | | U. S. Govt. | Other | Time | | |
| Central reserve city member banks: New York City: 1939—Dec. 30. 1941—Dec. 31. 1945—Dec. 31. 1957—Dec. 31. 1950—Dec. 30. 1954—Dec. 31. 1955—Dec. 31. 1955—Dec. 31. 1955—Dec. 31. 1955—June 30. July 25. Dec. 31. 1957—Jan. 30° Feb. 27° Mar. 27° Mar. 27° Apr. 24° May 29° June 26° July 31° | 9,339 12,896 326,143 20,393 20,612 23,880 23,583 33,270 22,771 23,801 23,134 23,134 23,562 23,270 22,31,134 23,1562 23,182 | 3,296 4,072 7,334 7,179 9,729 12,039 14,640 15,373 15,252 15,665 15,1665 15,1665 16,176 16,776 16,006 | 4,772 7,265 17,574 11,972 8,993 9,342 6,011 5,643 6,057 5,506 5,506 5,506 5,270 5,476 | 1,272 1,559 1,235 1,242 1,890 2,499 2,148 1,885 1,765 1,765 1,765 1,869 1,869 1,860 1,666 1,640 1,700 | 6,703 6,637 6,439 7,261 7,922 7,581 8,948 7,753 6,817 2,260 7,260 7,384 7,470 | 19,862 32,887 27,982 28,954 32,193 33,228 31,801 30,356 33,381 31,151 31,383 31,772 31,701 31,556 32,053 | 14,507 17,932 30,121 25,216 25,216 28,252 29,378 25,929 29,149 26,605 27,056 26,907 26,907 26,981 | 4,238 4,207 4,657 4,464 4,638 5,709 5,327 5,127 5,927 4,927 5,013 5,001 4,962 5,158 5,233 | 74 866 6,940 267 451 736 1,166 514 747 188 394 755 686 1,032 938 726 | 9,459 12,051 17,287 19,040 18,836 19,414 20,719 18,902 17,950 18,636 18,520 18,467 18,087 18,087 18,320 | 736 807 1,236 1,422 2,392 2,392 2,393 2,381 2,477 2,516 2,768 2,753 2,836 2,753 2,747 2,702 | 1,648 2,120 2,259 2,351 2,803 2,745 2,805 2,809 2,873 | 36 36 37 23 21 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 |
| Chicago: 1939—Dec. 30. 1941—Dec. 31. 1945—Dec. 31. 1947—Dec. 31. 1950—Dec. 30. 1954—Dec. 31. 1955—Dec. 31. 1956—June 30. July 25. Dec. 31. 1957—Jan. 30* Feb. 27* Mar. 27* Apr. 24* May 29* June 26* July 31* | 2,760 5,931 | 569 569 1,333 1,801 2,083 2,083 2,342 3,572 3,500 3,772 3,494 3,514 3,758 3,758 3,758 3,758 3,758 3,758 3,758 3,853 3,862 | 1,203 1,430 4,213 2,890 2,911 3,120 2,506 2,088 2,057 2,113 2,074 2,074 2,073 1,833 1,876 1,847 1,825 | 333 376 385 397 576 614 695 676 630 588 552 584 612 594 612 597 | 1,446 1,566 1,489 1,739 2,034 1,959 1,799 2,171 1,905 2,029 1,706 1,893 1,941 1,912 1,947 | 3,595 4,363 7,459 6,866 7,649 8,520 8,739 8,035 8,035 8,077 8,254 8,251 8,247 8,251 8,258 8,239 | 3,330 4,057 7,046 6,402 7,109 7,845 8,010 7,631 7,243 7,280 7,315 7,127 7,313 7,259 7,407 7,462 | 888 1,035 1,312 1,217 1,229 1,321 1,296 1,195 1,144 1,372 1,125 1,140 1,121 1,182 1,182 1,183 1,279 | 80 127 1,552 72 174 251 222 350 142 184 68 139 185 175 195 305 | 1,867 2,419 3,462 4,201 4,604 4,977 5,165 4,781 4,661 5,069 4,784 4,727 4,432 4,653 4,663 4,676 | 495 476 719 913 1,103 1,295 1,304 1,296 1,303 1,309 1,303 1,303 1,303 1,303 1,303 1,303 1,303 | 660 660 658 651 655 662 | 14 13 12 14 13 13 13 13 14 14 14 14 14 |
| Reserve city member banks: 1939—Dec. 30. 1941—Dec. 31. 1945—Dec. 31. 1947—Dec. 31. 1950—Dec. 30. 1954—Dec. 31. 1955—Dec. 31. 1956—June 30. July 25. Dec. 31. 1957—Jan. 30° Feb. 27° Mar. 27° Apr. 24° May 29° June 26° July 31° July 31° | 12,272 15,347 40,108 | 5,329 7,105 8,514 13,449 17,906 23,986 28,622 30,122 30,461 31,783 31,234 31,308 31,548 31,548 31,548 32,168 32,104 | 19,084 21,718 18,826 17,051 16,933 17,368 17,056 16,898 16,416 | 1,749 1,776 2,042 2,396 3,695 5,031 4,898 4,783 4,764 4,688 4,691 4,713 4,821 4,927 4,952 4,883 | 6,785 8,518 11,286 13,066 13,998 15,424 16,994 17,716 14,490 17,716 14,744 15,229 14,807 15,151 15,151 15,079 | 24,430 51,898 49,659 55,369 67,165 70,478 68,524 67,784 72,854 69,310 68,674 70,001 69,518 70,083 | 17,741 22,131 49,085 46,467 51,437 61,796 64,733 62,392 60,918 66,524 62,111 62,253 61,808 63,070 62,299 62,886 63,225 | 3,686 4,460 6,448 5,649 6,448 7,444 7,446 6,633 6,339 7,878 6,224 6,223 6,233 6,361 6,307 5,809 6,138 6,373 | 435 491 8,221 405 976 1,457 1,288 1,918 1,010 4,201 474 865 1,199 1,312 1,716 1,634 1,264 | 9,004 12,557 24,655 28,990 32,366 37,418 39,835 37,324 40,647 38,393 37,979 36,922 38,029 37,153 37,276 37,671 | 11,423 11,647 15,476 16,164 16,517 16,423 16,797 17,020 17,186 17,326 17,422 17,621 17,838 | 1,967 2,566 2,844 3,322 4,300 4,641 4,902 5,076 5,082 5,124 5,121 5,120 5,168 5,195 | 346 351 359 353 336 300 292 291 290 289 290 290 285 283 282 282 |
| Country member banks: 1939—Dec. 30. 1941—Dec. 31. 1945—Dec. 31. 1950—Dec. 30. 1954—Dec. 31. 1955—Dec. 31. 1956—June 30. July 25. Dec. 31. 1957—Jan. 30* Feb. 27* Mar. 27* Apr. 24* May 29* June 26* July 31* | 10,224 12,518 | 4,768 5,890 5,590 10,199 14,988 21,442 24,379 25,716 25,792 26,491 26,498 26,719 26,988 26,719 26,988 27,333 27,692 27,649 | 4,377 26,999 22,857 21,377 23,629 22,570 21,076 21,130 22,037 21,992 21,620 21,267 21,810 21,747 21,162 | 2,297 2,258 3,268 4,193 5,395 5,826 5,959 5,909 6,042 6,039 6,067 6,170 6,235 6,366 6,332 | 4,848 6,402 10,632 10,778 11,571 13,117 13,117 13,342 12,454 14,390 12,156 12,184 12,166 12,301 12,026 12,214 12,641 | 19,466 46,059 52,689 64,364 66,988 66,147 65,759 69,945 67,345 67,300 68,324 668,399 68,422 | 13,762 17,415 43,418 44,443 48,897 59,360 61,636 60,591 60,125 64,289 61,279 62,387 62,258 62,984 | 598 822 1,223 1,073 1,133 1,508 1,523 1,353 1,264 1,618 1,283 1,252 1,273 1,313 1,215 1,255 1,351 | 154 225 5,465 432 922 1,271 1,061 1,372 1,194 1,160 678 846 1,044 1,409 1,571 1,209 904 | 7,158 10,109 24,235 28,378 31,977 37,794 39,681 37,897 37,624 41,194 39,002 38,496 37,797 38,362 37,866 38,045 38,758 | 6,258 12,494 14,560 14,865 18,787 19,372 19,969 20,043 20,317 20,634 20,856 21,165 | 2,934 3,532 4,506 4,769 4,947 5,046 5,093 5,139 5,167 5,186 | 5,966 6,219 6,476 6,519 6,501 6,326 6,220 6,173 6,141 6,137 6,134 6,137 6,131 6,124 6,116 |

⁴ Beginning with Dec. 31, 1947, the all-bank series was revised as announced in November 1947 by the Federal bank supervisory agencies. At that time a net of 115 noninsured nonmember commercial banks with total loans and investments of about \$110 million was added, and

⁸ banks with total loans and investments of \$34 million were transferred from noninsured mutual savings to nonmember commercial banks, 5 Less than \$5 million.

For other notes see preceding and opposite pages.

PRINCIPAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AND NUMBER OF ALL BANKS, BY CLASSES 1—Continued [Amounts in millions of dollars]

| | Lo | ans and i | investmen | ts | | Total | | | Deposits | <u> </u> | | | |
|---|--|--|---|---|---|--|--|-----------------------------------|--|--|---|---|---|
| | | | | | Cook | assets— Total lia- | | | | Other | | Total | Num- |
| Class of bank and date | Total | Loans | U. S. Govt. obliga- | Other secu- | Cash assets ² | bilities and capital | Total ² | Inter- bank ² | Dem | and | | capital ac- counts | ber of banks |
| | | | tions | rities | | ac- counts ³ | | | U. S. Govt. | Other | Time | | |
| All insured commercial banks: 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1947—Dec. 31 1954—Dec. 31 1955—Dec. 31 1955—June 30 Dec. 31 | 121,809 114,274 154,115 159,164 | 82,081 | 88,912 67,941 68,012 | 6,984 7,131 8,750 15,976 16,318 16,136 15,933 | 34,292 36,926 43,161 46,480 | 200.127 | 192 996 | 16,376 16,273 14,862 | 1,762 23,740 1,325 4,154 3,697 5,221 3,717 | 41,298 80,276 92,975 115,482 122,149 114,892 124,346 | 29,876 34,882 46,874 | 6,844 8,671 9,734 14,252 14,980 15,600 15,988 | 13,297 13,398 13,303 13,216 13,208 |
| National member banks: 1941—Dec. 31. 1945—Dec. 31. 1947—Dec. 31. 1954—Dec. 31. 1955—Dec. 31. 1956—June 30. Dec. 31. | 27,571 69,312 65,280 88,509 86,152 85,455 88,477 | 13,925 21,428 39,712 | 51,250 38,674 39,392 33,579 30,555 | 3,806 4,137 5,178 9,405 9,144 9,040 8,800 | 20,114 22,024 25,662 25,697 23,545 | 43,433 90,220 88,182 115,835 113,412 110,703 117,345 | 39,458 84,939 82,023 105,851 103,903 100,826 107,161 | 9,229 8,410 10,714 9,317 | 2 508 | 23,262 45,473 53,541 66,426 65,840 62,123 67,434 | 8,322 16,224 19,278 26,202 26,683 27,370 27,810 | 3,640 4,644 5,409 8,085 7,915 8,232 8,450 | 5,117 5,017 5,005 4,789 4,692 4,667 4,651 |
| State member banks: 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1947—Dec. 31 1954—Dec. 31 1955—Dec. 31 1956—June 30 Dec. 31 | 15,950 37,871 32,566 43,093 49,208 48,973 50,291 | 6,295 8,850 11,200 20,538 27,554 28,923 29,924 | 7,500 27,089 19,240 18,417 17,118 15,671 16,007 | 2,155 1,933 2,125 4,138 4,536 4,379 4,359 | 10,822 12,414 15,719 13,992 | 24,688 48,084 43,879 56,407 66,002 64,117 67,530 | 22,259 44,730 40,505 51,401 59,854 57,563 60,744 | 3,993 5,269 6,549 6,104 | 621 8,166 381 1,207 1,264 1,877 1,218 | 13,874 24,168 27,068 33,177 39,559 36,781 39,416 | 4,025 7,986 9,062 11,748 12,482 12,801 13,098 | 2,246 2,945 3,055 4,125 4,868 5,061 5,205 | 1,502 1,867 1,918 1,871 1,851 1,832 1,811 |
| Insured nonmember commercial banks: 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1947—Dec. 31 1954—Dec. 31 1955—Dec. 31 1956—June 30 Dec. 31 | | | 10,215 10,081 9,621 | 1,025 1,063 1,448 2,436 2,640 2,720 2,777 | 2,668 4,448 4,083 5,088 5,067 4,592 5,448 | 8,708 19,256 20,691 27,911 29,220 28,884 30,667 | 7,702 18,119 19,340 25,657 26,779 26,316 28,073 | 266 393 408 355 | 53 1,560 149 439 370 415 425 | 4,162 10,635 12,366 15,879 16,749 15,988 17,497 | 3,360 5,680 6,558 8,947 9,252 9,558 9,724 | 959 1,083 1,271 2,044 2,199 2,309 2,336 | 6,810 6,416 6,478 6,647 6,677 6,713 6,737 |
| Noninsured nonmember commercial banks: 1941—Dec. 31 | 1 | 455 318 474 492 520 513 471 | 761 1,693 1,280 969 827 785 714 | 241 200 255 339 370 365 336 | 763 514 576 397 357 318 369 | 2,250 2,126 2,036 | 1,872 2,452 2,251 1,871 1,742 1,646 1,562 | 433 370 377 | 1,2 1,9 18 18 12 11 16 | 291 2905 1,392 1,085 1,039 932 936 | 253 365 478 335 322 326 300 | 329 279 325 324 320 326 313 | 852 714 783 536 499 470 444 |
| All nonmember commercial banks: 1941—Dec. 31. 1945—Dec. 31. 1947—Dec. 31. 1954—Dec. 31. 1955—Dec. 31. 1956—June 30. Dec. 31. | | 3,310 | 12,277 11,318 11,184 10,908 | 1,266 1,262 1,703 2,775 3,010 3,085 3,113 | 4,962 4,659 | 23,334 30,161 | 9,573 20,571 21,591 27,528 28,522 27,962 29,635 | 778 732 | 14.1 | 504 101 13,758 16,964 17,788 16,920 18,433 | 9,574 9,884 | 2,368 2,519 2,636 | 7,662 7,130 7,261 7,183 7,176 7,183 7,181 |
| Insured mutual savings banks: 1941—Dec. 31. 1945—Dec. 31. 1947—Dec. 31. 1954—Dec. 31. 1955—Dec. 31. 1956—June 30. Dec. 31. | 10,846 12,683 20,830 | 3,081 3,560 | 7,160 8,165 6,117 | 421 606 958 3,062 2,910 3,018 3,110 | 675 832 785 739 | 13,499 21,981 23,458 24,271 | 1 12 207 | 1 1 | 2 3 3 2 3 | 12 12 48 49 24 23 | 19,831 21,182 21,930 | 1,034 1,252 1,920 2,006 2,061 | 194 218 |
| Noninsured mutual savings banks: 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1947—Dec. 314 1954—Dec. 31 1955—Dec. 31 1956—June 30 Dec. 31 | 8,687 5,361 5,957 7,038 7,567 7,898 7,770 | 1,198 1,384 3,346 3,893 4,125 | 3,813 2,630 2,601 2,661 | 1,353 641 760 1,061 1,072 1,112 1,082 | 180 211 194 180 178 | 6,215 7,295 7,816 8,150 | 5,022 5,556 6,474 6,950 7,225 | | | 6 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 | 8,738 5,020 5,553 6,471 6,947 7,222 7,143 | 637 774 806 824 | 307 307 |

For other notes see preceding two pages.

Note.—For revisions in series prior to June 30, 1947, see Bulletin for July 1947, pp. 870–871.

LOANS AND INVESTMENTS OF COMMERCIAL BANKS, BY CLASSES¹

[In millions of dollars]

| | | | Loans 2 | | | | | | | | | | In | vestmer | nts | | | |
|--|---|--|---|--|--|--|---|---|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|-------------------------------------|---|---|
| | | | Com- mer- | | purch | asing | | | | | | U.S. | Govern | ment c | bligatio | ns | Obli- ga- | |
| Class of bank and | Total loans and | | cial, in- clud- | Agri- | or car secur | | Real | Other loans to | 045 | | | | D | irect | | | tions of States | Other |
| call date | invest- ments | Total ² | ing open mar- ket pa- per | cul- tur- al | To brok- ers and deal- ers | To oth- ers | es- tate loans | in- di- vid- uals | Other loans | Total | Total | Bills | Certifi- cates of in- debt- ed- ness | Notes | Bonds | Guar- an- teed | and polit- ical sub- divi- sions | secu- rities |
| All commercial banks: ³ 1947—Dec. 31 1955—Dec. 31 1956—June 30 Dec. 31 1957—Mar. 14¢ | 116,284 160,881 160,008 165,123 163,602 | 38,057 82,601 86,887 90,302 90,020 | 18,167 33,245 36,111 38,720 38,524 | 1,660 4,475 4,254 4,161 4,155 | 830 3,263 2,695 2,589 2,363 | 1.220 1,774 1,738 1,691 1,623 | 9,393 20,809 21,787 22,509 22,442 | 5,723 17,185 18,365 18,850 18,713 | 1,063 3,117 3,286 3,343 3,809 | 78,226 78,280 73,122 74,821 73,582 | 69,221 61,592 56,620 58,552 56,905 | 2,193 4,219 2,817 5,924 4,842 | 7.789 2,318 1,247 1,997 2,266 | 6,034 14,034 12,727 11,823 11,125 | 53,191 41,010 39,815 38,796 38,659 | 14 11 14 13 12 | 5.276 12,698 12,929 12,901 13,242 | 3.729 3,990 3,573 3,368 3,435 |
| All insured com- mercial banks: 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1955—Dec. 31 1956—June 30 Dec. 31 | 49,290 121,809 114,274 159,164 158,344 163,601 | 21,259 25,765 37,583 82,081 86,374 89,831 | 9,214 9,461 18,012 33,092 35,944 38,571 | 1,450 1,314 1,610 4,396 4,190 4,101 | 614 3,164 823 3,229 2,669 2,565 | 662 3,606 1,190 1,742 1,704 1,669 | 4,773 4,677 9,266 20,692 21,671 22,394 | 4,5 2,361 5,654 17,104 18,284 18,765 | 45 1,181 1,028 3,091 3,259 3,325 | 28,031 96,043 76,691 77,083 71,971 73,770 | 21,046 88,912 67,941 60,765 55,835 57,837 | 988 2,455 2,124 4,105 2,751 5,763 | 19,071 7,552 2,292 1,228 1,981 | 3,159 16,045 5,918 13,856 12,552 11,722 | 12,797 51,321 52,334 40,502 39,290 38,358 | 4,102 22 14 10 13 | 3,651 3,873 5,129 12,465 12,694 12,675 | 3,853 3,442 |
| Member banks, total: 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1947—Dec. 31 1955—Dec. 31 1956—June 30 Dec. 31 1957—Mar. 14 | | l | | | | | | | | | İ | | | | | | 3,090 3,254 4,199 10,444 10,557 10,494 10,780 | 3,236 2,862 2,665 |
| New York City: 4 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1947—Dec. 31 1955—Dec. 31 1956—June 30 Dec. 31 1957—Mar. 14 | 12,896 26,143 20,393 23,583 23,270 | í . | | | | 169 | 123 80 | 287 564 1,506 1,590 1,558 | 54 298 330 1,006 | 8,823 18,809 13,214 8,943 7,896 | 7,265 17,574 11,972 6,796 6,011 | 311 477 1,002 552 325 724 | , | 1 623 | 3,652 10,337 9,771 5,002 4,529 4,160 | | 729 606 638 1,609 1,514 1,406 1,578 | 830 629 604 539 371 358 341 |
| Chicago: 4 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1947—Dec. 31 1955—Dec. 31 1956—June 30 Dec. 31 1957—Mar. 14 | 5,931 5,088 6,542 6,336 6,473 | 1.801 3.342 | 760 1,418 2,390 2,663 2,781 | 15 13 17 | 48 211 73 275 170 203 160 | 52 233 87 99 96 97 95 | 22 36 46 128 133 134 135 | 149 316 384 | 26 184 187 178 | 1,806 4,598 3,287 3,200 2,764 2,701 2,813 | 1,430 4,213 2,890 2,506 2,088 2,113 2,209 | 256 133 132 111 46 112 314 | 1,467 235 68 3 42 | 153 749 248 604 476 316 271 | 2,274 1,723 1,564 1,643 | 119 | 182 181 213 476 489 440 465 | 204 185 |
| Reserve city banks: 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1947—Dec. 31 1955—Dec. 31 1956—June 30 Dec. 31 1957—Mar. 14 | 15,347 40,108 36,040 52,459 52,071 53,915 | 131,103 | 3,456 3,661 7,088 13,212 13,978 15,170 14,798 | 407 | 501 | 194 1,503 484 696 676 712 679 | 7,357 7,654 | 1,5 855 1,969 5,916 6,306 6,512 6,446 | 12 404 366 1,180 1,265 1,289 1,468 | 8,243 31,594 22,591 23,837 21,949 22,132 21,561 | 6,467 29,552 20,196 18,826 17,051 17,368 16,828 | 295 1,034 373 813 374 1,185 868 | 6,982 2,358 657 279 441 548 | 751 5,653 1,901 4,708 4,086 3,742 3,502 | 4,248 15,878 15,560 12,643 12,308 11,995 11,907 | 1,173 5 3 5 4 4 4 | 956 1,126 1,342 3,778 3,823 3,820 3,770 | 916 1,053 1 233 |
| Country banks: 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1947—Dec. 31 1955—Dec. 31 1956—June 30 Dec. 31 1957—Mar. 14 | 35,002 36,324 52,775 52,752 54,571 | 5,890 5,596 10,199 24,379 25,716 26,491 26,619 | 1,676 1,484 3,096 6,290 6,892 7,080 7,055 | 648 818 2,127 2,019 1,972 | 42 23 189 223 334 | 183 471 227 255 257 261 256 | 1,823 1,881 3,827 8,723 9,073 9,407 9,451 | 707 1,979 6,575 7,050 7,256 | 363 229 573 | 29,407 26,125 28,397 | 4,377 26,999 22,857 22,570 21,076 22,037 21,537 | 630 480 | 5,102 2,583 913 | 4,544 2,108 5,056 4,688 4,458 | 2,926 16,713 17.681 14,825 14,628 14,420 14,444 | 861 9 6 3 4 4 4 | 2,006 4,581 4,731 | 1 067 |
| All nonmember banks: ³ 1947—Dec. 31 1955—Dec. 31 1956—June 30 Dec. 31 | 25,546 | 5,432 11,628 12,114 12,279 | 1,205 2,226 2,385 2,424 | 614 1,750 1,702 1,683 | 113 110 | | 4,428 4,625 | 1.061 2,872 3,036 3,085 | 174 | 13,918 | 11,318 10,908 10,406 10,989 | 970 | 580 | 2,527 2,396 | 7,916 6,829 6,797 6,588 | 4 2 1 1 | 1,078 2,255 2,374 2,409 | |

^e Estimated.

¹ All commercial banks in the United States. These figures exclude data for banks in U. S. possessions except for one bank in Alaska that became a member bank on Apr. 15, 1954. During 1941 three mutual savings banks became members of the Federal Reserve System; these banks are included in member banks but are not included in all insured commercial banks or all commercial banks. Comparability of figures for classes of banks is affected somewhat by changes in Federal Reserve

For other notes see opposite page.

membership, insurance status, and the reserve classifications of cities and individual banks, and by mergers, etc.

Beginning June 30, 1948, figures for various loan items are shown gross (i. e., before deduction of valuation reserves); they do not add to the total and are not entirely comparable with prior figures. Total loans continue to be shown net.

RESERVES AND LIABILITIES OF COMMERCIAL BANKS, BY CLASSES¹

[In millions of dollars]

| | n. | | | | | | Der | nand der | osits | | | Time o | deposits | | | |
|---|--|---|---|--|---|---|--|---|---|--|---|---|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|---|
| Class of bank and | Re- serves with Federal | | Bal- ances with do- | De- mand de- posits | Interb depo | | U. S. | States and | Certi- fied and | Indi- viduals, partner- | Inter- | U. S. Govt. | and | Indi- viduals, partner- | 10W- | Capi- tal ac- |
| call date | Re- serve Banks | vault | mestic banks ⁵ | ad- justed 6 | Do- mestic ⁵ | For- eign | Govt. | political subdi- visions | offi- cers' checks, etc. | ships, and cor- pora- tions | bank | and Postal Sav- ings | polit- ical subdi- visions | ships, and cor- pora- tions | ings | counts |
| All commercial banks:3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1947—Dec. 31 1955—Dec. 31 1956—June 30 Dec. 31 1957—Mar. 14° | 17.796 18,721 18,232 18,706 18,627 | 2,216 2,682 2,273 3,261 2,875 | 10,216 12,050 10,802 12,813 10,345 | 87,123 109,905 104,761 111,405 108,290 | 11,362 13,512 12,069 14,338 11,453 | 1,430 1,546 1,557 1,794 1,582 | 1,343 3,709 5,232 3,733 2,040 | 6,799 10,273 10,768 10,449 9,998 | 2,581 3,904 3,244 3,785 3,093 | 84,987 109,011 101,812 111,048 105,731 | 240 1,585 1,613 1,460 1,486 | 111 356 332 330 328 | 2,493 2,384 | 34,383 46,019 47,205 48,193 49,748 | 159 354 75 | 10,059 15,300 15,927 16,302 16,483 |
| All insured commer- cial banks: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1947—Dec. 31 1955—Dec. 31 1956—June 30 Dec. 31 | 12,396 15,810 17,796 18,721 18,232 18,706 | 1,358 1,829 2,145 2,656 2,251 3,237 | 8,570 11,075 9,736 11,744 10,528 12,490 | 37,845 74,722 85,751 108,887 103,844 110,487 | 9,823 12,566 11,236 13,390 11,963 14,226 | 673 1,248 1,379 1,516 1,516 1,755 | 1,762 23,740 1,325 3,697 5,221 3,717 | 3,677 5,098 6,692 10,138 10,641 10,350 | 2,559 3,879 | 36,544 72,593 83,723 108,131 101,034 110,252 | 158 70 54 1,367 1,383 1,301 | 59 103 111 356 332 330 | 826 2,282 2,432 | 29,277 | 10 215 61 145 337 56 | 6,844 8,671 9,734 14,980 15,600 15,988 |
| Member banks, total: | | | | | | | | | | | : | | | | | |
| 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1947—Dec. 31 1955—Dec. 31 1956—June 30 Dec. 31 1957—Mar. 14 | 17,797 18,722 18,234 | 1,087 1,438 1,672 2,019 1,686 2,487 2,196 | 6,246 7,117 6,270 7,612 6,787 8,124 6,287 | 33,754 64,184 73,528 92,435 88,139 93,320 91,311 | 9,714 12,333 10,978 13,002 11,627 13,818 11,059 | 671 1,243 1,375 1,511 1,510 1,749 1,546 | 1,709 22,179 1,176 3,327 4,806 3,292 1,789 | 3,066 4,240 5,504 8,075 8,496 8,211 7,778 | 1,009 2,450 2,401 3,638 3,004 3,475 2,807 | 33,061 62,950 72,704 93,687 87,404 95,163 91,017 | 140 64 50 1,353 1,370 1,289 1,308 | 50 99 105 327 302 301 296 | 399 | 23,712 27,542 36,972 37,916 | 302 48 | 5,886 7,589 8,464 12,783 13,293 13,655 13,796 |
| New York City:4 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 | 5,105 | 93 | 141 | 10.761 | 3 505 | | 866 | 319 | 450 | | | | • | 778 | | 1 640 |
| 1945—Dec. 31 1947—Dec. 31 1955—Dec. 31 1956—June 30 Dec. 31 1957—Mar. 14 | 4,015 4,639 4,431 4,331 4,375 4,458 | 111 151 127 94 161 151 | 78 70 111 89 99 51 | 16,653 16,493 15,695 | 3,595 3,535 3,236 3,364 3,080 3,622 2,833 | 1,105 1,217 1,151 1,190 1,400 1,216 | 6,940 267 756 1,166 747 286 | 237 290 302 396 286 261 | 1,338 1,105 1,498 1,110 1,172 1,107 | 11,282 15,712 17,646 18,919 17,396 18,482 18,556 | 17 12 1,085 1,058 965 977 | 10 12 59 35 36 34 | 14 72 60 | 1,206 1,418 2,171 2,285 2,395 2,612 | 195 30 1 38 2 430 | 2,259 2,745 2,805 2,873 |
| Chicago: 4 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1947—Dec. 31 | 1,021 942 | 43 36 | 298 200 | | | 8 20 | 127 1,552 | 233 237 | 34 66 | 2,152 3,160 | | | | 4 76 719 | | 288 377 |
| 1947—Dec. 31 1955—Dec. 31 1956—June 30 Dec. 31 1957—Mar. 14 | 1,070 1,135 1,115 1,158 1,004 | 30 32 27 37 29 | 175 141 124 174 103 | 2,215 3,153 3,737 4,349 4,092 4,272 4,088 | 1,240 | 21 40 36 46 38 | 72 222 350 184 88 | 237 285 299 399 294 316 | 63 85 98 85 72 | 3,853 4,781 4,283 4,690 4,397 | 11 10 7 7 | 2 6 6 5 4 | 9 12 | | 3 | 426 628 639 660 |
| Reserve city banks: 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1947—Dec. 31 | 4 060 | 425 494 | 2,590 2,174 | 11,117 22,372 | 4,302 6,307 5,497 6,903 | 54 110 | 491 8,221 405 | 1,144 1,763 2,282 | 286 611 | 11,127 22,281 | 104 30 | 20 38 | 160 | 4,542 9,563 11,045 | | 1,967 2,566 2,844 |
| 1947—Dec. 31 1955—Dec. 31 1956—June 30 Dec. 31 1957—Mar. 14 | 7,095 7,727 7,471 7,649 7,624 | 562 638 542 787 697 | 2,590 2,174 2,125 2,515 2,201 2,656 2,033 | 11,117 22,372 25,714 33,757 32,203 34,046 33,173 | 5,497 6,903 6,078 7,298 5,851 | 131 303 269 286 277 | 1,288 1,918 1,201 704 | 2,282 3,048 3,120 3,092 2,667 | 705 1,035 862 1,036 768 | 11,127 22,281 26,003 35,752 33,341 36,519 34,683 | 22 239 286 294 294 | 45 106 112 114 114 | 941 1,013 935 | 15,117 15,392 15,748 | 1 82 179 21 592 | 4,641 4,902 5,076 |
| Country banks: 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1947—Dec. 31 | 2,210 4,527 4,993 | 526 796 929 1,222 | 3,216 4,665 3,900 | | | 2 8 7 | 225 5,465 432 | 1,370 2,004 2,647 | 239 435 528 | 8,500 21,797 25,203 | 30 17 17 | 31 52 45 | | 6,082 12,224 14,177 | 4 11 23 | 1,982 2,525 2,934 |
| 1955—Dec. 31 1956—June 30 Dec. 31 1957—Mar. 14 | 5,429 5,316 5,526 5,542 | 1,222 1,024 1,502 | 4,844 4,373 5,194 | 9,661 23,595 27,424 37,836 36,149 39,028 37,287 | 1,488 1,321 1,580 1,275 | 17 15 16 14 | 1,061 1,372 | 4.425 | 1,020 934 1,183 860 | 34,235 32,383 35,473 | 18 17 22 31 | 157 148 146 143 | 844 871 | 18,371 18,950 19,324 | 52 84 21 287 | 4,769 4,947 5,046 |
| All nonmember banks:3 | | 544 | 3 047 | 13,595 | 385 | 55 | 167 | 1,295 | 180 | 12,284 | 190 | 6 | 172 | 6,858 | 12 | 1,596 |
| 1947—Dec. 31 1955—Dec. 31 1956—June 30 Dec. 31 | | 663 588 774 | 4,439 4,015 | 17,470 16,621 18,085 | 510 442 | 36 47 45 | 382 426 440 | 2,198 2,272 | 265 240 310 | 15,324 | 231 243 171 | 29 | 475 539 | 9,071 9,314 | 22 52 | 2,519 2,636 |

³ Breakdowns of loan, investment, and deposit classifications are not available prior to 1947; summary figures for earlier dates appear in the preceding table.

⁴ Central reserve city banks.

⁵ Beginning June 30, 1942, excludes reciprocal bank balances, which on

Dec. 31, 1942, aggregated \$513 million at all member banks and \$525 million at all insured commercial banks.

6 Demand deposits other than interbank and U. S. Govt., less cash items reported as in process of collection.

For other notes see opposite page.

LOANS AND INVESTMENTS OF BANKS IN LEADING CITIES

[Monthly data are averages of Wednesday figures. In millions of dollars]

| - | | | | · | | L | oans 1 | | | | | U. | S. Gov | ernmen | t obliga | tions | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|---------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|---|--|--|---|---|---------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | Total | Loans | | i | | or c | or pur arryin | chasin g secur | g ities | | | | | Cer- | | | : | |
| Month or date | loans and invest- ments | and invest- ments ad- | Loans ad- | Com- mer- cial and | Agri- cul- | To br and de | okers ealers | Тоо | thers | Real estate | Other loans | Total | Bills | tifi- cates of in- | Notes | Bonds ² | Other secu- rities | Loans to banks |
| | illents | justed ¹ | justed 1 | indus- trial | tural | U.S. Govt. ob- liga- tions | Other se- curi- ties | U. S. Govt. ob- liga- tions | Other se- curi- ties | loans | Ioans | | | debt- ed- ness | | | | |
| Total— Leading Citles | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1956 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Aug | 86,563 | 85,292 | 51,043 | 28,517 | 451 | 2,1 | 16 | 1,2 | 43 | 8,708 | 10,873 | 26,487 | 565 | 900 | 5,817 | 19,205 | 7,762 | 1,271 |
| 1957 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| July | 88,287 87,570 | 87,097 86,316 | 53,834 53,797 | 31,587 31,558 | 430 426 | 1,7 1,6 | 110 889 | 1,1 1,1 | | 8,658 8,682 | 11,348 11,368 | 25,687 24,921 | 1,811 1,501 | 1,402 1,628 | 4,239 3,647 | 18,235 18,145 | 7,576 7,598 | 1,190 1,254 |
| July 3 July 10 July 17 July 24 July 31 | 89,303 88,670 88,260 87,605 87,597 | 88,204 87,581 87,090 86,244 86,365 | 54,282 53,972 53,852 53,496 53,568 | 31,877 31,755 31,641 31,355 31,310 | 433 431 429 428 428 | 1,8 1,7 1,6 1,6 | 579 510 | 1,1 1,1 1,1 1,1 | 62 57 43 | 8,649 8,645 8,657 8,666 8,675 | 11,303 11,324 11,345 11,350 11,412 | 26,310 26,020 25,642 25,223 25,241 | 2,334 2,013 1,725 1,481 1,504 | 1,475 1,455 1,409 1,327 1,342 | 4.236 | 18,272 18,316 18,189 18,212 18,188 | 7,596 7,525 | 1,170 |
| Aug. 7 Aug. 14 Aug. 21 ³ Aug. 28 | 87,048 87,276 88,241 | 85,955 85,868 86,973 | 53,541 | 31,322 31,537 31,790 | 420 428 427 429 | 1,6 1,5 1,7 | 544 548 755 | 1,1 1,1 1,1 | 140 136 132 | 8,665 8,685 8,682 | 11,408 11,375 11,337 | 24,821 24,646 25,303 24,914 | 1,286 1,177 1,918 | 1,714 1,655 1,582 | 3,654 3,658 3,655 | 18,167 18,156 18,148 | 7,593 7,572 7,606 | 1,093 1,408 1,268 |
| New York City | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1956 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Aug | 23,040 | 22,305 | 14,677 | 10,219 | 1 | 72 | 1,357 | 19 | 450 | 600 | 2,208 | 5,726 | 157 | 270 | 1,003 | 4,296 | 1,902 | 735 |
| 1957 | | | l | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| July Aug | 23,378 23,064 | 22,646 22,446 | 15,551 15,539 | 11,750 11,789 | 1 | 68 115 | 950 874 | | 388 373 | | | 5,422 5,179 | 453 341 | 180 199 | 851 735 | 3,938 3,904 | 1,673 1,728 | 732 618 |
| July 3 July 10 July 17 July 24 July 31 | 23,946 23,412 23,354 23,122 23,058 | 22,371 | 15,924 15,673 15,519 15,274 15,368 | 11,580 | 1 1 | 82 68 44 42 107 | 938 894 | | 389 385 383 | 546 550 | 2,171 2,156 | 5,644 5,429 5,379 5,336 5,322 | 659 432 422 382 368 | 188 164 180 181 186 | 834 868 814 868 871 | 3,963 3,965 3,963 3,905 3,897 | 1,672 1,673 1,663 | 715 638 783 849 675 |
| Aug. 7 | 22,853 22,938 23,311 23,156 | 22,291 22,258 22,699 22,536 | 15,395 15,472 15,688 15,601 | 11,637 11,781 11,944 11,794 | 1 1 1 1 | 86 63 153 157 | 837 | 9 9 9 | 375 373 | 558 557 | 2,150 2,153 2,135 2,139 | 5,173 5,083 5,282 5,178 | 310 235 454 364 | | 726 740 742 731 | 3,908 3,910 3,899 3,900 | 1,703 | 562 680 612 620 |
| Outside New York City | | | | Ì | | { | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1956 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Aug | 63,523 | 62,987 | 36,366 | 18,298 | 450 | • | 587 | 7 | 774 | 8,108 | 8,665 | 20,761 | 408 | 630 | 4,814 | 14,909 | 5,860 | 536 |
| 195 7 | | | | ļ | | | | | | | | <u> </u> | | | | | | |
| July Aug | 64,909 64,506 | 64,451 63,870 | | e e | 1 | | 592 700 | | 759 750 | | | | | | | 14,297 14,241 | 5,903 5,870 | 458 636 |
| July 3 July 10 July 17 July 24 July 31 | 65,357 65,258 64,906 64,483 64,539 | 64,519 | 38,358 38,299 38,333 38,222 38,200 | 19,928 19,909 19,880 19,775 19,694 | 432 430 428 427 427 | 6 | 725 581 597 574 579 | 3 | 772 762 762 751 754 | | | 20,666 20,591 20,263 19,887 19,919 | | | | | 5,917 5,923 5,862 | 384 451 387 512 557 |
| Aug. 7 | 64,195 64,338 64,930 64,562 | 63,664 63,610 | 38,146 | 19,685 19,756 19,846 19,789 | 419 427 426 428 | 7 | 554 532 765 750 | 7 | 753 752 750 744 | | | 19,648 19,563 20,021 19,736 | | | | | 5,870 5,869 5,877 5,864 | 531 728 656 628 |

securities owned as heretofore. Published figures for prior dates have not been revised, but the effect of the new reporting on prior dates would be to decrease holdings of securities and to increase loans to banks and loans to brokers and dealers.

See also Note on opposite page.

Exclusive of loans to banks and after deduction of valuation reserves; individual loan items are shown gross.
 Includes guaranteed obligations.
 Beginning Aug. 21, 1957, banks were requested to report holdings of securities acquired under resale agreements as loans, rather than as

RESERVES AND LIABILITIES OF BANKS IN LEADING CITIES

[Monthly data are averages of Wednesday figures. In millions of dollars]

| | | | | | г | emand | deposit | s. | Tin | ne depo | sits. | | nterban | k | | | |
|--------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|---|--|--|---|--|---|--|---|--|--|----------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|
| | | | | | ē | xcept in | nterbani | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | exce | pt inter | bank | | deposits | | Borro | wings | l |
| Month or date | Re- serves with | Cash in | Bal- ances with | De- mand de- | Indi- vid- uals, | States and | Certi- fied | | Indi- vid- uals, | States and | U.S. | Den | nand | | | | Cap- ital |
| Month of date | F. R. Banks | vault | do- mestic banks | posits ad- justed ¹ | part- ner- ships, and cor- pora- tions | polit- ical sub- divi- sions | and offi- cers' checks, etc. | U. S. Govt. | part- ner- ships, and cor- pora- tions | polit- ical sub- divi- sions | Govt. and Postal Sav- ings | Do- mes- tic | For- eign | Time | From F. R. Banks | From others | ac- counts |
| Total— Leading Cities | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1956 | | | | | | | | | | | | | • | | | | |
| Aug | 13,206 | 951 | 2,404 | 55,213 | 57,318 | 3,971 | 1,964 | 3,033 | 19,626 | 1,008 | 178 | 10,418 | 1,591 | 1,288 | 512 | 992 | 8,858 |
| 1957 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| July | 13,031 | 975 991 | | | 57,982 57,399 | | 1,971 1,909 | | | | 187 186 | 10,557 10,436 | 1,733 | 1,209 | 573 557 | 667 816 | 9,269 9,419 |
| July 3 | 13,576 13,351 13,400 13,334 | 899 1,026 988 995 966 | 2,463 2,359 2,513 2,404 | 54,307 54,750 55,167 55,570 | 57,306 57,438 58,972 57,915 58,276 | 4,238 4,109 3,836 3,945 | 2,011 1,908 | 5,004 3,820 3,060 2,349 | 21,171 21,174 21,221 21,227 21,219 | 1,125 1,116 1,132 1,125 | 187 186 186 | 10,576 10,664 10,814 10,286 10,447 | 1,641 1,662 1,660 1,697 | 1,261 1,274 1,252 1,243 1,238 | 970 792 564 270 271 | 618 544 664 826 682 | 9,246 9,244 9,227 9,232 |
| | | | 2.320 | 55.096 | 56, 832 | 4.108 | | | | | 186 | 10.568 | 1.729 | 1 236 | 645 | 611 | 9,396 |
| Aug. 7 | 13,017 13,242 | 1,017 973 1,043 | 2,478 2,356 2,265 | 54,683 54,482 54,973 | 58,233 57,159 57,374 | 3,839 3,838 3,878 | 1,844 2,503 | 1,313 1,423 3,124 2,647 | 21,263 21,285 21,292 | 1,136 1,133 1,135 | 187 185 185 | 10,902 10,301 9,972 | 1,754 1,786 1,661 | 1,209 1,189 1,203 | 395 582 605 | 988 808 857 | 9,407 9,409 9,440 |
| New York City | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1956 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Aug | 4,134 | 133 | 58 | 15,216 | 16,499 | 266 | 972 | 1,087 | 2,185 | 74 | 35 | 2,841 | 1,261 | 1,004 | 53 | 420 | 2,793 |
| 1957 July | 4,150 | 138 | 49 | 15.241 | 16.788 | 284 | 978 | 1,041 | 2.533 | 72 | 35 | 2,916 | 1,362 | 935 | 71 | 259 | 2,918 |
| July | 4,039 | 139 | | • | 16,788 16,536 | 1 | 964 | 598 | | | 35 | 2,768 | 1,425 | 901 | 112 | 406 | 3,030 |
| July 3 | 4,117 4,204 4,068 4,079 4,281 | 132 150 138 138 130 | 54 37 52 47 49 | 15,156 15,101 15,270 15,372 15,306 | 16,766 16,536 16,955 16,711 16,973 | 272 278 275 297 299 | 1,062 923 1,008 958 940 | 1,678 1,211 908 679 726 | 2,526 | 73 72 73 72 71 | 35 36 35 35 35 | 2,934 2,909 2,926 2,874 2,935 | 1.356 | 941 952 931 927 926 | 125 152 78 | 225 289 276 185 318 | 2,892 2,892 2,887 2,891 3,029 |
| Aug. 7 | | 136 139 136 146 | 38 42 48 | 15.213 | 16,319 16,564 16,450 | 257 | 695 678 916 1,568 | 406 380 867 740 | 2,498 2,502 | 72 73 75 78 | 35 35 34 34 | 2,755 2,855 2,772 2,688 | 1,429 1,438 1,464 1,369 | 925 901 892 888 | 73 101 213 62 | 304 552 348 418 | 3,035 3,029 3,031 3,027 |
| Outside New York City | | | 1 | | | | | | ! | | | | | | | | |
| 1956 | · | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Aug | 9,072 | 818 | 2,346 | 39,997 | 40,819 | 3,705 | 992 | 1,946 | 17,441 | 934 | 143 | 7,577 | 330 | 284 | 459 | 572 | 6,065 |
| 1957 | | | | | | | | | | | | | • | *** | | | |
| July Aug | | 837 852 | • | 1 | 41,194 40,863 | } | 993 945 | 1,528 | 18,669 18,771 | 1,057 | 152 151 | 7,668 | 303 308 | 319 308 | 502 445 | 408 410 | 6,351 6,389 |
| July 3 | 9,459 9,147 9,332 9,255 8,994 | 767 876 850 857 836 | 2,409 2,322 2,461 2,357 2,414 | 39,151 39,649 39,897 40,198 40,244 | 40,540 40,902 42,017 41,204 41,303 | 3,966 3,831 3,561 3,648 3,870 | 1,079 969 1,003 950 963 | 3,326 2,609 2,152 1,670 1,655 | 18,633 18,643 18,682 18,701 18,690 | 1,052 1,044 1,059 1,053 1,052 | 153 151 151 151 152 | | 295 321 304 303 295 | 320 322 321 316 312 | 845 640 486 270 271 | 393 255 388 641 364 | 6,354 6,352 6,340 6,341 6,367 |
| Aug. 7 | | 794 878 837 897 | 2,436 | 39,883 39,700 39,470 39,657 | 40,513 41,669 40,709 40,563 | 3,851 3,600 3,640 3,590 | 931 986 928 935 | 907 1,043 2,257 | 18,754 18,767 18,783 18,782 | 1,047 1,063 1,058 | 151 152 151 151 | 8,047 | 300 316 322 292 | 311 308 297 315 | 572 294 369 543 | 307 436 460 439 | 6,385 6,378 6,378 6,413 |

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Demand deposits other than interbank and U. S. Govt., less cash items reported as in process of collection.

Note.—For description of revision beginning Mar. 4, 1953, see BULLETIN for April 1953, p. 357, and for figures on the revised basis beginning Jan. 2, 1952, see BULLETIN for May 1953, pp. 550-555.

CHANGES IN COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL LOANS OF WEEKLY REPORTING MEMBER BANKS, BY INDUSTRY!

[Net decline, (-). In millions of dollars]

| | | Manufac | turing an | d mining | | | | | Public | | | | Comm'l |
|--|--|---|--|--|-------------------------|--|---------------------------|------------------------------------|--|---------------------------|---|------------------------------------|--|
| Period ² | Food, liquor, and tobacco | Textiles, apparel, and leather | Metals and metal prod- ucts ³ | Petro- leum, coal, chemical, and rubber | Other | Trade (whole- sale and retail) | Com- modity dealers | Sales finance com- panies | utilities (incl. trans- porta- tion) | Con- struc- tion | All other types of business | Net changes classi- fied | ind'l change— all weekly report- ing banks 4 |
| 1954—JanJune | -505 | 55 | -577 | -10 | 1 | -41 | -363 | -175 | 126 | 71 | 106 | -1,314 | -1,496 |
| July-Dec | 498 | -26 | -548 | 88 | 62 | 120 | 539 | 32 | -225 | 82 | 132 | 630 | 539 |
| 1955—Jan,-June | -540 | 220 | 177 | 313 | 153 | 146 | -461 | 589 | 384 | 134 | 143 | 1,257 | 1,078 |
| July-Dec | 480 | 71 | 224 | 208 | 63 | 327 | 469 | 704 | 27 | 106 | 370 | 3,050 | 53,206 |
| 1956—JanJune | -302 | 238 | 1,362 | 424 | 369 | 171 | -386 | -322 | 365 | 54 | 149 | 2,124 | 42,243 |
| July-Dec | 822 | -6 | -71 | 428 | 72 | 178 | 739 | 98 | 350 | -66 | 176 | 2,719 | 2,459 |
| 1957—JanJune | -456 | 148 | 935 | 291 | 214 | -1 | -539 | 366 | 513 | -12 | - 54 | 1,404 | 1,249 |
| 1957—June | 19 | 40 | 295 | 201 | 97 | 48 | -66 | 315 | 351 | 29 | 85 | 1,414 | 1,436 |
| July | -83 | 21 | -229 | -27 | 9 | -42 | 42 | -280 | -83 | 9 | -3 | -665 | -787 |
| Aug | 71 | 50 | -138 | -1 | 11 | 29 | 156 | 4 | 17 | 5 | 46 | 249 | 273 |
| Week ending: 1957—June 5 June 12 June 19 June 26 | -10 | 1 | 1 | 30 | 7 | -1 | -23 | 76 | -6 | 7 | 17 | 100 | 89 |
| | -4 | 12 | 74 | 66 | 38 | 15 | -22 | 47 | 48 | 10 | 40 | 324 | 344 |
| | 45 | 11 | 186 | 72 | 44 | 31 | 7 | 279 | 223 | 3 | 5 | 905 | 945 |
| | -13 | 17 | 33 | 34 | 9 | 3 | -28 | -87 | 86 | 9 | 23 | 86 | 58 |
| July 3 July 10 July 17 July 24 July 30 | $ \begin{array}{c c} -31 \\ 1 \\ -32 \\ -28 \\ 6 \end{array} $ | 3 7 4 -6 13 | -32 -33 -15 -86 -63 | -32 8 14 -14 -4 | -12 8 8 2 3 | -10 -5 -4 -21 -2 | 9 4 15 14 | 43 -130 -96 -109 12 | -121 -2 22 20 -2 | -8 15 7 -13 7 | 28 -4 -17 -11 2 | -162 -130 -94 -253 -28 | -220 -122 -114 -286 -45 |
| Aug. 7 Aug. 14 Aug. 21 Aug. 28 | 18 | 12 | -50 | 25 | 4 | 9 | 2 | -20 | -16 | 1 | 14 | -1 | 12 |
| | 19 | 24 | -14 | 31 | 13 | 10 | 38 | 24 | 18 | 6 | 35 | 203 | 215 |
| | 6 | 19 | -22 | 14 | 1 | 15 | 125 | 93 | -5 | -5 | 11 | 253 | 253 |
| | 28 | -6 | -53 | -71 | -6 | -5 | -9 | -94 | 20 | 3 | -14 | -206 | -207 |

¹ Data for a sample of about 210 banks reporting changes in their larger loans; these banks hold over 90 per cent of total commercial and industrial loans of all weekly reporting member banks and nearly 70 per cent of those of all commercial banks.

² Figures for periods other than weekly are based on weekly changes.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCE COMPANY PAPER AND BANKERS' ACCEPTANCES OUTSTANDING

[In millions of dollars]

| | Comm | ercial and | finance | | | | | | Dolla | ar acce | eptances | | | • | |
|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|---|---|---|-----------------------------------|---|---|
| | co | mpany pa | рег | | | | Held | by: | | | | | Based o | n: | |
| End of year or month | | Placed | Placed direct- | Total | Acc | epting | banks | | R. nks | Oth- | Im- ports | Ex- ports | Dollar | shipped | stored in or 1 between nts in: |
| | Total | through dealers ¹ | ly (finance paper) ² | | To- tal | Own bills | Bills bought | Own acct. | For- eign corr. | ers | into United States | from United States | ex- change | United States | Foreign countries |
| 1951 1952 1953 1954 1955 | 1,331 1,745 1,966 1,924 2,020 | 449 552 564 733 510 | 882 1,193 1,402 1,191 1,510 | 490 492 574 873 642 | 197 183 172 289 175 | 119 126 117 203 126 | 79 57 55 86 49 | 28 | 21 20 24 19 33 | 272 289 378 565 405 | 235 232 274 285 252 | 133 125 154 182 210 | 23 39 29 17 17 | 55 64 75 300 63 | 44 32 43 89 100 |
| 1956—July | 2,539 2,490 2,618 2,660 | 509 548 549 573 568 506 | 2,117 1,991 1,941 2,045 2,092 1,660 | 723 772 805 843 924 967 | 175 189 209 203 242 227 | 111 120 127 135 167 155 | 64 70 82 69 75 72 | 18 22 17 20 33 69 | 48 51 49 53 52 50 | 483 510 529 567 598 621 | 270 271 294 277 277 277 261 | 237 259 258 281 295 329 | 13 21 17 19 10 2 | 74 97 113 133 199 227 | 129 124 123 133 143 148 |
| 1957—Jan Feb Mar Apr May June July | 2,714 2,650 2,485 2,775 2,452 | 548 555 489 466 483 454 459 | 2,027 2,159 2,161 2,019 2,292 1,998 2,322 | 1,012 992 1,019 1,018 984 979 1,000 | 230 202 209 195 188 183 154 | 156 133 150 135 142 142 112 | 74 69 59 60 46 41 42 | 30 24 23 24 21 23 19 | 62 58 58 64 63 62 70 | 689 708 728 735 713 711 757 | 291 307 305 272 227 220 231 | 363 389 425 471 501 502 507 | 2 2 2 4 5 21 35 | 197 127 116 89 73 58 59 | 158 167 171 182 177 178 169 |

¹ As reported by dealers; includes finance company paper as well as other commercial paper sold in the open market.

Includes machinery and transportation equipment.
 Prior to week ending Jan. 11, 1956, included changes in agricultural

loans.

5 Includes increase of \$318 million resulting from errors disclosed incident to survey of credit extended to real estate mortgage lenders.

² As reported by finance companies that place their paper directly with investors.

MONEY MARKET RATES

[Per cent per annum]

| | Prime | Fi- nance com- | Prime bank- | | | ernment (taxable) | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Year, month, or week | com- mercial paper, | pany paper placed | ers' accept- | 3-mor | th bills | 9-to 12- | 2 4- 5 |
| WEEK | 4- to 6- months ¹ | direct- ly, 3- to 6- months 1 | ances, 90 days ¹ | Mar- ket yield | Rate on new issues | month issues ³ | 3- to 5- year issues 4 |
| 1954 average 1955 average 1956 average | 1.58 2.18 3.31 | 1.42 1.97 3.06 | 1.35 1.71 2.64 | .94 1.73 2.62 | .953 1.753 2.658 | .92 1.89 2.83 | 1.82 2.50 3.12 |
| 1956—Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec | 3.28 3.50 3.63 3.63 3.63 | 3.01 3.13 3.37 3.38 3.38 | 2.65 2.88 2.88 3.05 3.35 | 2.60 2.84 2.90 2.99 3.21 | 2.606 2.850 2.961 3.000 3.230 | 3.01 3.17 3.07 3.15 3.33 | 3.36 3.43 3.29 3.49 3.65 |
| 1957—Jan | 3,63 3,63 3,63 3,63 3,79 3,88 3,98 | 3.38 3.38 3.38 3.38 3.48 3.63 3.63 | 3.38 3.38 3.27 3.20 3.25 3.36 3.38 3.78 | 3.11 3.11 3.08 3.06 3.06 3.29 3.16 3.37 | 3.210 3.165 3.140 3.113 3.042 3.316 3.165 3.404 | 3.17 3.23 3.35 3.41 3.37 3.55 3.71 3.93 | 3.40 3.33 3.38 3.48 3.60 3.77 3.89 3.91 |
| Week ending: Aug. 3 Aug. 10 Aug. 17 Aug. 24 Aug. 31 | 3.88 3.95 4.00 4.00 4.00 | 3.63 3.63 3.63 3.63 3.63 | 3.38 3.53 3.90 3.98 3.88 | 3.34 3.29 3.40 3.32 3.47 | 3.363 3.308 3.498 3.354 3.497 | 3.79 3.83 3.98 3.96 3.99 | 3.91 3.91 3.97 3.91 3.87 |

Average of daily prevailing rates.
 Except for new bill issues, yields are averages computed from daily closing bid prices.
 Consists of certificates of indebtedness and selected note and bond issues.
 Consists of selected note and bond issues.

BANK RATES ON SHORT-TERM BUSINESS LOANS

[Per cent per annum]

| | | Size o | f loan (| thous. o | f dol.) |
|---|--------------|----------|------------|-------------|--------------------|
| Area and period | All loans | 1- 10 | 10- 100 | 100- 200 | 200 and over |
| Annual averages, 19 large cities: 1954 | 3.6 | 5.0 | 4.3 | 3.9 | 3.4 |
| | 3.7 | 5.0 | 4.4 | 4.0 | 3.5 |
| | 4.2 | 5.2 | 4.8 | 4.4 | 4.0 |
| Quarterly:1 19 large cities: 1956—Sept | 4.35 | 5.30 | 4.86 | 4.52 | 4.19 |
| | 4.38 | 5.32 | 4.90 | 4.63 | 4.20 |
| | 4.38 | 5.38 | 4.94 | 4.59 | 4.21 |
| | 4.40 | 5.37 | 4.94 | 4.61 | 4.23 |
| | 4.20 | 5.26 | 4.84 | 4.46 | 4.09 |
| | 4.22 | 5.18 | 4.88 | 4.57 | 4.10 |
| | 4.23 | 5.26 | 4.92 | 4.47 | 4.11 |
| | 4.23 | 5.24 | 4.86 | 4.49 | 4.12 |
| cities: 1956—Sept Dec 1957—Mar June 11 Southern & Western | 4.39 | 5.36 | 4.88 | 4.53 | 4.26 |
| | 4.40 | 5.41 | 4.94 | 4.63 | 4.25 |
| | 4.40 | 5.41 | 4.91 | 4.61 | 4.26 |
| | 4.39 | 5.39 | 4.94 | 4.61 | 4.25 |
| cities: 1956—Sept Dec 1957—Mar June | 4.53 | 5.29 | 4.85 | 4.54 | 4.32 |
| | 4.58 | 5.35 | 4.90 | 4.66 | 4.35 |
| | 4.60 | 5.42 | 4.96 | 4.64 | 4.35 |
| | 4.65 | 5.42 | 4.99 | 4.70 | 4.43 |

¹ Based on figures for first 15 days of month.

Note.—For description see Bulletin for March 1949, pp. 228-237.

BOND AND STOCK YIELDS1

[Per cent per annum]

| * | U. S. | Govt. | G. | 41. | .1 | | (| Corpora | te bonds4 | , | | In | dustrial | stocks |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--------------------------|
| Year, month, or week | | nds | | te and lo | | Total 5 | By se rati | | | By groups | | Divid price | | Earnings/ price ratio |
| | Old series 2 | New series 3 | Total ⁵ | Aaa | Baa | Total | Aaa | Baa | Indus- trial | Rail- road | Public utility | Pre- ferred 6 | Com- mon 4 | Com- mon ⁷ |
| Number of issues | 3–7 | 1–2 | 20 | 5 | 5 | 120 | 30 | 30 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 14 | 125 | 125 |
| 1954 average | 2.53 2.80 3.05 | 2.70 2.94 3.11 | 2.46 2.57 2.94 | 2.04 2.18 2.51 | 3.09 3.14 3.50 | 3.16 3.25 3.57 | 2.90 3.06 3.36 | 3.51 3.53 3.88 | 3.09 3.19 3.50 | 3.25 3.34 3.65 | 3.15 3.22 3.54 | 4.02 4.01 4.25 | 4.70 3.93 3.89 | 8.75 8.04 6.93 |
| 1596—Aug | 3.15 3.19 3.18 3.30 3.43 | 3.19 3.24 3.24 3.30 3.36 | 2.94 3.06 3.12 3.39 3.57 | 2.53 2.63 2.66 2.87 3.04 | 3.52 3.60 3.67 3.98 4.19 | 3.62 3.75 3.82 3.90 3.99 | 3.43 3.56 3.59 3.69 3.75 | 3.93 4.07 4.17 4.24 4.37 | 3.55 3.68 3.75 3.82 3.95 | 3.72 3.83 3.89 4.01 4.08 | 3.60 3.73 3.82 3.86 3.93 | 4.24 4.39 4.42 4.56 4.63 | 3.83 4.04 4.03 4.05 3.90 | 6.00 |
| 1957—JanFebMarAprMayJuneJulyAugJulyAug | 3.33 3.20 3.25 3.30 3.39 3.61 3.63 3.62 | 3.37 3.26 3.27 3.35 3.42 3.54 3.58 3.64 | 3.51 3.29 3.36 3.35 3.48 3.65 3.65 3.84 | 2.99 2.79 2.88 2.88 3.00 3.19 3.17 3.37 | 4.16 3.96 3.97 3.95 4.10 4.32 4.29 4.43 | 4.04 3.99 3.97 3.96 4.02 4.15 4.26 4.37 | 3.77 3.67 3.66 3.67 3.74 3.91 3.99 4.10 | 4.49 4.47 4.47 4.52 4.63 4.73 4.82 | 4.02 3.94 3.90 3.89 3.96 4.14 4.19 4.29 | 4.12 4.06 4.06 4.06 4.13 4.26 4.39 4.49 | 3.98 3.97 3.95 3.94 3.98 4.06 4.19 4.33 | 4.51 4.47 4.46 4.47 4.53 4.69 4.75 4.83 | 4.13 4.27 4.16 3.96 3.82 3.79 3.75 3.98 | 77.82 6.99 |
| Week ending: Aug. 3. Aug. 10. Aug. 17. Aug. 24. Aug. 31. | 3.64 3.62 3.66 3.62 3.60 | 3.62 3.63 3.66 3.63 3.63 | 3.71 3.81 3.84 3.90 3.92 | 3.25 3.34 3.37 3.44 3.45 | 4.30 4.41 4.43 4.51 4.51 | 4.31 4.34 4.36 4.38 4.41 | 4.05 4.07 4.09 4.11 4.12 | 4.76 4.78 4.82 4.84 4.87 | 4.26 4.26 4.29 4.29 4.30 | 4.42 4.45 4.49 4.51 4.53 | 4.26 4.32 4.31 4.34 4.37 | 4.80 4.81 4.83 4.84 4.82 | 3.76 3.84 3.95 4.02 3.98 | |

r Revised.

1 Monthly and weekly yields are averages of daily figures for U. S. Govt. and corporate bonds. Yields of State and local govt. general obligations are based on Thursday figures; and of preferred stocks, on Wednesday figures. Figures for common stocks are as of the end of the period, except for annual averages.

2 Consists of fully taxable, marketable 2½ per cent bonds due or first callable after 12 years, through Sept. 30, 1955, and those due or callable in 10-20 years, beginning Oct. 1, 1955.

3 Consists of the 3½ per cent bond of 1978-83 and, beginning Feb. 1,

^{1955,} the 3 per cent bond of February 1995.

4 Moody's Investors Service. State and local govt. bonds include general obligations only.

5 Includes bonds rated Aa and A, data for which are not shown separately. Because of a limited number of suitable issues, the number of corporate bonds in some groups has varied somewhat.

6 Standard and Poor's Corporation. Ratio is based on 8 median yields in a sample of noncallable issues—12 industrial and 2 public utility.

7 Computed by Federal Reserve from data published by Moody's Investors Service.

SECURITY PRICES¹

| | | Bone | 1 prices | | | | | | Co | mmon s | tock pr | ices | | | | | Vol- |
|---|--|---|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Year, month. | | Govt. term) | | Cor- | | | l Poor's 41-43= | | | Securi | ties and (i | Exchaindex, 1 | nge Con 939= 10 | nmission 0) | n series | | ume of trad- ing5 |
| or week | Old | New | Mu- nicipal (high- | po- rate (high- | | In- | | Pub- | | Ma | nufactu | ring | Trans- | Pub- | Trade, | | (in thou- sands |
| | se- ries 2 | se- ries 3 | grade)4 | grade)4 | Total | dus- trial | Rail- road | lic util- ity | Total | Total | Du- rable | Non- du- rable | porta- tion | lic util- ity | nance, and serv- ice | Min- ing | of shares) |
| Number of issues | 3–7 | 1-2 | 15 | 17 | 500 | 425 | 25 | 50 | 265 | 170 | 98 | 72 | 21 | 29 | 31 | 14 | |
| 1954 average 1955 average 1956 average | 99.51 95.97 93.04 | 109.60 103.36 99.88 | 123.1 | 117.2 114.4 109.1 | 29.69 40.49 46.62 | 30.25 42.40 49.80 | 23.96 32.94 33.65 | 31.37 | 230 305 345 | 271 374 439 | 245 352 410 | 295 394 465 | 233 320 327 | 136 153 156 | 236 297 306 | 267 313 358 | 2,270 2,578 2,216 |
| 1956—Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec | 91.81 91.43 91.53 90.22 88.74 | 98.38 97.39 97.50 96.35 95.19 | 113.8 112.8 109.1 | 108.4 105.8 105.2 103.7 102.8 | 48.49 46.84 46.24 45.76 46.44 | 48.92 | 33.72 31.98 32.22 31.73 31.75 | 32.29 31.67 31.82 | 359 345 342 338 344 | 460 440 437 431 441 | 432 422 422 417 425 | 484 457 451 445 457 | 329 313 318 311 315 | 160 155 152 153 152 | 313 302 299 296 287 | 373 349 337 355 362 | 1,936 1,959 1,754 2,178 2,443 |
| 1957—JanFebAprAprAprMayJuneJulyAug | 89.96 91.51 90.88 90.45 89.41 87.12 86.88 86.92 | 95.45 94.20 91.88 91.31 | 110.9 110.0 109.8 106.9 103.5 103.5 | 102.8 104.3 104.5 104.3 103.2 101.1 100.0 98.3 | 45.43 43.47 44.03 45.05 46.78 47.55 48.51 45.84 | 46.10 46.86 48.06 50.10 51.30 52.54 | 31.36 29.59 29.37 29.78 30.42 30.11 31.20 29.52 | 32.29 32.45 33.03 34.03 33.35 32.93 | 338 325 328 339 352 355 362 343 | 429 409 415 431 450 457 468 441 | 406 386 388 404 419 421 434 408 | 451 431 440 455 480 489 500 472 | 310 292 288 291 297 293 302 286 | 157 157 159 160 163 160 158 155 | 285 278 280 281 286 283 291 282 | 371 346 344 352 380 390 382 354 | 2,189 1,978 1,698 2,300 2,389 2,224 2,194 1,882 |
| Week ending: Aug. 3 Aug. 10 Aug. 17 Aug. 24 Aug. 31 | 86.91 86.96 86.59 86.96 87.21 | 89.95 | 102.8 102.1 101.1 100.5 101.1 | 99.4 98.8 98.5 97.9 98.1 | 47.84 46.96 45.99 45.07 44.56 | 50.75 49.67 48.64 | 30.92 30.49 29.65 29.12 28.26 | 32.38 31.99 31.62 | 355 350 342 333 337 | 458 451 439 425 433 | 422 418 406 394 400 | 491 481 469 455 463 | 300 290 286 276 276 | 156 156 155 154 155 | 288 286 283 275 276 | 372 359 351 340 348 | 1,775 1,884 1,760 1,984 2,000 |

¹ Monthly and weekly data for (1) U. S. Govt. bond prices, Standard and Poor's common stock indexes, and volume of trading are averages of daily figures; for (2) municipal and corporate bond prices are based on Wednesday closing prices; and for (3) the Securities and Exchange Commission series on common stock prices are based on weekly closing prices.

prices.

2 Series composed of fully taxable, marketable 2½ per cent bonds due or first callable after 12 years through Sept. 30, 1955, and, beginning

Oct. 1, 1955, those due or callable in 10-20 years.

3 The 3¼ per cent bond of 1978-83 and, beginning Feb. 1, 1955, and 3 per cent bond of February 1995.

4 Prices derived from average yields, as computed by Standard and Poor's Corporation, on basis of a 4 per cent, 20-year bond.

5 Average daily volume of trading in stocks on the New York Stock Exchange for a 5½-hour trading day.

STOCK MARKET CREDIT

[In millions of dollars]

| | | | Customer cre | edit | | Broke | er and dealer o | redit1 |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| End of month or last Wednesday of month | Total— securities other than | | alances with ock Exchange ns 1 | brokers and de | o others (than ealers) for pur- rying securities ² | Money t | oorrowed | Customer net free |
| | U. S. Govt. obligations (col. 3+ col. 5) | Secured by U. S. Govt. obligations | Secured by other securities | U. S. Govt. obligations | Other securities | On U. S. Govt. obligations | On other securities | credit balances |
| 1953—Dec. 1954—Dec. 1955—Dec. | 3,436 | 31 41 34 | 1,665 2,388 2,791 | 88 65 32 | 780 1,048 1,239 | 88 69 51 | 1,074 1,529 2,246 | 713 1,019 894 |
| 1956—Aug | 3,950 3,914 3,946 | 33 33 36 32 33 | 2,785 2,782 2,748 2,784 2,823 | 41 42 42 43 41 | 1,194 1,168 1,166 1,162 1,161 | 38 42 45 43 46 | 2,048 2,071 2,086 2,071 2,132 | 872 866 835 822 880 |
| 1957—Jan | 3,846 3,832 3,938 3,924 4,031 | 29 35 28 28 39 31 32 29 | 2,761 2,729 2,713 2,792 2,794 2,887 2,885 2,833 | 41 31 27 28 26 25 23 24 | 1,141 1,117 1,119 1,146 1,130 1,144 1,119 1,096 | 42 53 47 53 52 52 59 58 | 1,964 2,004 1,958 2,051 2,063 2,104 2,079 2,035 | 866 828 820 807 817 820 829 816 |

^c Corrected.

¹ Ledger balances of member firms of the New York Stock Exchange carrying margin accounts, as reported to the Exchange. Customers' debit and free credit balances exclude balances maintained with the reporting firm by other member firms of national securities exchanges and balances of the reporting firm and of general partners of the reporting firm. Balances are net for each customer—i. e., all accounts of one customer are consolidated. Money borrowed includes borrowings from banks and from other lenders except member firms of national securities exchanges. Data are as of the end of the month, except money borrowed, which is as of the last Wednesday of the month beginning June 1955.

² Figures are for last Wednesday of month for weekly reporting member banks, which account for about 70 per cent of all loans for this purpose. Column 5 includes some loans for purchasing or carrying U. S. Govt. securities (such loans are reported separately only by New York and Chicago banks). On June 30, 1956, reporting banks outside New York and Chicago held \$51 million of such loans. On the same date insured commercial banks not reporting weekly held loans of \$28 million for purchasing and carrying U. S. Govt. securities and of \$384 million for other securities. Noninsured banks had \$33 million of such loans, probably mostly for purchasing or carrying other securities.

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES¹

[Institute of Life Insurance data. In millions of dollars]

| | , | C | overnme | nt securitie | es | Bus | iness secui | ities | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Date | Total assets | Total | United States | State and local (U. S.) | Foreign ² | Total | Bonds | Stocks | Mort- gages | Real estate | Policy loans | Other assets |
| End of year: ³ 1941 | 32,731 44,797 | 9,478 22,545 | 6,796 20,583 | 1,995 722 | 687 1,240 | 10,174 11,059 | 9,573 10,060 | 601 999 | 6,442 6,636 | 1,878 857 | 2,919 1,962 | 1,840 1,738 |
| 1949. 1950. 1951. 1952. 1953. 1954. 1955. 1956. | 64,020 68,278 73,375 78,533 84,486 | 17,868 16,118 13,760 12,905 12,537 12,262 11,829 11,067 | 15,290 13,459 11,009 10,252 9,829 9,070 8,576 7,555 | 1,052 1,152 1,170 1,153 1,298 1,846 2,038 2,273 | 1,526 1,507 1,581 1,500 1,410 1,346 1,215 1,239 | 23,124 25,351 28,111 31,515 34,438 37,300 39,545 41,543 | 21,406 23,248 25,890 29,069 31,865 34,032 35,912 38,040 | 1,718 2,103 2,221 2,446 2,573 3,268 3,633 3,503 | 12,906 16,102 19,314 21,251 23,322 25,976 29,445 32,989 | 1,247 1,445 1,631 1,903 2,020 2,298 2,581 2,817 | 2,240 2,413 2,590 2,713 2,914 3,127 3,290 3,519 | 2,245 2,591 2,872 3,088 3,302 3,523 3,742 4,076 |
| End of month: 4 1953—Dec | 84.068 | 12,452 12,199 11,757 | 9,767 9,021 8,545 | 1,278 1,833 1,998 | 1,407 1,345 1,214 | 34,265 36,695 38,851 | 31,926 33,985 35,930 | 2,339 2,710 2,921 | 23,275 25,928 29,425 | 1,994 2,275 2,557 | 2,894 3,087 3,294 | 3,321 3,884 4,383 |
| 1956—July | 93,580 93,992 94,411 94,869 95,274 95,819 | 11,292 11,210 11,253 11,306 11,218 11,005 | 7,886 7,778 7,805 7,850 7,749 7,532 | 2,191 2,206 2,213 2,218 2,229 2,237 | 1,215 1,226 1,235 1,238 1,240 1,236 | 40,297 40,453 40,514 40,626 40,735 40,959 | 37,302 37,455 37,546 37,664 37,765 38,053 | 2,995 2,998 2,968 2,962 2,970 2,906 | 31,612 31,897 32,111 32,399 32,709 33,017 | 2,711 2,727 2,748 2,778 2,813 2,809 | 3,400 3,420 3,440 3,461 3,483 3,503 | 4,268 4,285 4,345 4,299 4,316 4,526 |
| 1957—Jan | 96,738 97,074 97,488 97,868 | 11,068 10,890 10,926 10,946 10,895 10,824 10,906 | 7,588 7,544 7,427 7,430 7,340 7,270 7,306 | 2,244 2,244 2,251 2,264 2,290 2,290 2,323 | 1,236 1,102 1,248 1,252 1,265 1,264 1,277 | 41,177 41,513 41,579 41,772 41,962 42,146 42,567 | 38,256 38,580 38,638 38,821 39,004 39,190 39,574 | 2,921 2,933 2,941 2,951 2,958 2,956 2,993 | 33,279 33,479 33,672 33,840 34,022 34,159 34,356 | 2,841 2,865 2,883 2,907 2,948 2,983 3,004 | 3,523 3,547 3,575 3,606 3,633 3,657 3,703 | 4,428 4,444 4,439 4,417 4,408 4,470 4,469 |

SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS¹

[Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation data. In millions of dollars]

| | | | Assets | | | | Liabili | ities | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| End of year or month | | Mort- | U. S. Govt. | | | Savings | Borro | wings | Reserves |
| | Total ² | gages 3 | obliga- tions | Cash | Other 4 | capital | FHLB advances | Other | undivided profits |
| 1941 1945 | 6,049 8,747 | 4,578 5,376 | 107 2,420 | 344 450 | 775 356 | 4,878 7,386 | 218 190 | 38 146 | 475 644 |
| 1949. 1950. 1951. 1952. 1953. 1954. 1955. 1956. | 14,622 16,893 19,222 22,660 26,733 31,736 37,719 43,098 | 11,616 13,657 15,564 18,396 21,962 26,194 31,461 35,870 | 1,462 1,487 1,603 1,787 1,920 2,021 2,342 2,798 | 880 924 1,066 1,289 1,479 1,980 2,067 2,142 | 566 733 899 1,108 1,297 1,471 1,791 2,236 | 12,472 13,992 16,107 19,195 22,846 27,334 32,192 37,302 | 424 810 801 860 947 864 1,412 1,225 | 75 90 93 84 80 96 146 130 | 1,106 1,280 1,453 1,658 1,901 2,191 2,557 2,970 |
| 1956—July | 40,797 41,197 41,574 42,059 42,520 43,098 | 34,134 34,586 34,939 35,305 35,596 35,870 | 2,687 2,726 2,739 2,753 2,781 2,798 | 1,878 1,788 1,745 1,782 1,840 2,142 | 2,044 2,043 2,098 2,166 2,251 2,236 | 35,079 35,366 35,633 36,044 36,438 37,302 | 1,105 1,113 1,139 1,145 1,150 1,225 | 124 132 138 128 123 130 | 2,970 |
| 1957—Jan | 43,285 43,684 44,200 44,696 45,352 45,998 46,012 | 36,102 36,371 36,734 37,136 37,595 38,048 38,442 | 2,946 3,061 3,153 3,181 3,196 3,161 3,202 | 1,974 1,935 1,911 1,863 1,901 2,075 1,755 | 2,211 2,265 2,351 2,466 2,611 2,665 2,565 | 37,638 37,953 38,312 38,625 39,093 39,950 39,882 | 1,035 973 958 968 990 1,077 1,037 | 107 99 93 96 95 108 114 | 3,154 |

¹ Figures are for all savings and loan associations in the United States. Data beginning 1950 are based on monthly reports of insured associations and annual reports of noninsured associations. Data prior to 1950 are based entirely on annual reports.

² Includes gross mortgages with no deduction for mortgage pledged shares.

 ¹ Figures are for all life insurance companies in the United States,
 ² Represents issues of foreign governments and their subdivisions and bonds of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development.

³ These represent annual statement asset values, with bonds carried on an amortized basis and stocks at end-of-year market value.

⁴ These represent book value of ledger assets. Adjustments for interest due and accrued and for differences between market and book values are not made on each item separately, but are included, in total, in "Other assets."

³ Net of mortgage pledged shares.
⁴ Includes other loans, stock in the Federal home loan banks and other investments, real estate owned and sold on contract, and office building and fixtures.
Note.—Data for 1956 and for all months are preliminary.

SELECTED ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF FEDERAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

[Based on compilation by Treasury Department. In millions of dollars]

| | | | Enc | i of year | | | | En | d of qua | rter | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|---|--|--|
| Asset or liability, and activity ¹ | 1950 | 19512 | 19522 | 19532 | 1954 | 1955 | | | 956 | 1 | 1957 |
| | | | | | 1 | | 1 | 2* | 3 | 4* | 1 |
| Loans, by purpose and agency: To aid agriculture, total. Banks for cooperatives. Federal intermediate credit banks. Farmers Home Administration. Rural Electrification Administration. Commodity Credit Corporation. Other agencies. | 3,884 345 510 535 1,543 898 52 | 4,161 425 633 539 1,742 782 40 | 5,070 424 673 596 1,920 1,426 31 | 6,811 377 590 648 2,096 3,076 23 | 6,929 367 638 701 2,226 2,981 18 | 6,715 375 689 681 2,348 2,621 | 7,377 355 765 764 2,379 3,114 (5) | 36,757 349 898 3778 2,413 2,319 (5) | 7,160 395 874 769 2,450 2,671 (5) | 6,752 457 734 724 2,488 2,349 (5) | 7,261 423 4845 823 2,544 2,626 (5) |
| To aid home owners, total. Federal National Mortgage Association. Veterans Administration Other agencies. | 1,528 1,347 } 181 | 2,142 1,850 292 | 2,603 2,242 362 | 2,930 2,462 300 168 | 2,907 2,461 383 63 | 3,205 2,641 480 84 | 3,230 2,683 424 124 | 3,299 2,729 433 137 | 3,391 2,807 447 138 | 3,680 3,072 464 145 | 4,076 3,433 488 155 |
| To industry, total. Treasury Department. Commerce Department. Other agencies. | 568 568 | 589 589 | <i>598</i> 598 | 588 174 } 413 | 431 353 79 | 678 306 261 112 | 593 330 193 70 | 627 323 221 83 | 624 216 216 192 | 619 209 219 191 | 629 209 228 192 |
| To financing institutions | 824 | 814 | 864 | 952 | 870 | 1,419 | 1,143 | 1,178 | 1,147 | 1,233 | 966 |
| To aid States, territories, etc., total | 468 351 117 | 744 589 155 | 1,020 894 126 | 645 500 145 | 272 112 160 | 245 90 155 | 239 106 134 | 227 90 137 | 244 109 135 | 246 106 140 | 272 120 153 |
| Foreign, total. Export-Import Bank. Treasury Department ⁶ . International Cooperation Administration Other agencies. | 6,078 2,226 3,750 | 6,110 2,296 3,750 64 | 7,736 2,496 3,667 71,515 58 | 8,043 2,833 3,620 1,537 53 | 8,001 2,806 3,570 1,624 | 7,988 2,702 3,519 1,767 | 8,106 2,697 3,519 1,832 58 | 8,172 2,712 3,519 1,885 55 | 8,229 2,692 3,519 1,958 60 | 8,223 2,701 3,470 1,995 57 | 8,237 2,678 3,470 2,035 54 |
| All other purposes, total. Housing and Home Finance Agency Other agencies. | 63 63 | 35 (5) 34 | 75 5 69 | 119 29 90 | 166 127 39 | 256 209 47 | 156 108 48 | 176 122 55 | 193 137 56 | 213 156 57 | 240 184 56 |
| Less: Reserves for losses | -185 13,228 | -173 14,422 | -140 17,826 | -203 19,883 | -228 19,348 | -268 20,238 | -263 20,580 | 3-592 19,844 | -656 20,331 | -309 20,657 | -327 21,353 |
| Investments: U. S. Government securities, total Federal home loan banks Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corp. Federal Housing Administration Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Other agencies. Investment in international institutions. Other Securities's | 2,075 199 193 244 1 307 | 2,226 249 200 285 1,353 140 3,385 257 | 2,421 311 208 316 1,437 148 3,385 223 | 2,602 387 217 319 1,526 152 3,385 219 | 2,967 641 228 327 1,624 147 3,385 197 | 3,236 745 241 381 1,720 149 3,385 179 | 3,677 1,082 248 390 1,793 164 3,385 252 | 3,719 1,083 256 405 1,810 166 3,385 253 | 3,720 1,054 248 422 1,812 183 3,385 283 | 3,739 1,018 256 458 1,825 181 3,385 284 | 3,923 1,095 265 479 1,898 186 3,385 344 |
| Inventories, total Commodity Credit Corporation Defense Department General Services Administration Other agencies | 1,774 1,638 } 136 | 1,461 1,174 288 | 1,280 987 203 | 2,515 2,087 428 | 3,852 3,302 550 | 4,356 3,747 609 | 14,119 3,536 9,827 { 567 188 | 20,231 3,897 9,814 6,332 188 | 20,949 3,323 10,994 6,418 215 | 21,375 3,651 11,004 6,517 201 | 21,303 3,362 11,094 6,654 193 |
| Land, structures, and equipment, total Commerce Department (maritime activities) Panama Canal Company ⁹ Tennessee Valley Authority. Housing and Home Finance Agency Nat. Advisory Committee for Aeronautics Bonneville Power Administration General Services Administration Post Office Department. Other agencies | 18 886 1,297 | 3,358 298 1,048 1,285 | 3,213 415 1,251 1,203 | 8,062 4,834 363 1,475 1,041 | 8,046 4,798 421 1,739 727 | 7,822 4,822 421 1,829 450 | 8,056 4,796 421 1,831 400 | 9,682 4,612 400 1,723 311 309 1,199 590 538 | 10,028 4,549 398 1,712 285 278 306 1,302 590 608 | 9,985 4,502 398 1,762 236 276 311 1,298 590 613 | 9,875 4,470 396 1,751 144 277 317 1,226 590 704 |
| Bonds, notes, & debentures payable (not guar.), total Banks for cooperatives. Federal intermediate credit banks. Federal home loan banks. Federal National Mortgage Association | 1,190 110 520 560 | 1,369 170 674 525 | 1,330 181 704 445 | 1,182 150 619 414 | 1,068 156 640 272 | 2,379 185 665 958 570 | 2,425 161 725 869 670 | 2,607 152 857 928 670 | 2,742 188 865 918 770 | 2,711 257 721 963 770 | 2,975 231 803 720 1,220 |

Note.—Statistics beginning Mar. 31, 1956, reflect the expanded coverage and the new classification of agencies now reported in the Treasury Bulletin. The revised statement includes a larger number of agencies, and their activities are classified according to the type of fund they represent. Funds are combined in the table above, but are shown separately in the table on the following page. Classifications by supervisory authorities are those in existence currently. Where current Treasury compilations do not provide a detailed breakdown of loans, these items have been classified by Federal Reserve on basis of information about the type of lending activity involved.

A few major activities and several minor ones, first reported for June 30, 1956, are not included for later dates, because they are not reporting on a quarterly basis.

*Adjusted totals; these reflect exclusion of data for agencies reporting other than quarterly, the latest data for which are shown at the bottom of the table on the opposite page.

1 Figures for trust revolving funds include interagency items. For all

1 Figures for trust revolving funds include interagency items. For all types of funds combined, loans by purpose and agency are shown on a gross basis; total loans and all other assets, on a net basis, i. e., after reserve for losses.

 ² Coverage changed from preceding period (see also NOTE).
 ³ Adjusted figures; for amounts reported for this date but excluded from this figure, see BULLETIN for May 1957, p. 550, note 3.
 ⁴ Effective Jan. 1, 1957, the production credit corporations were merged in the Federal intermediate credit banks, pursuant to the Farm Credit Act of 1956, approved July 26, 1956 (70 Stat. 659). Thereafter operations of the banks (including the corporations) are classified as trust revolving transactions. transactions.

transactions.

5 Less than \$500,000.

6 Figures represent largely the Treasury loan to the United Kingdom, and through 1952 are based in part on information not shown in Treasury compilation.

7 Figure derived by Federal Reserve.

8 Includes investment of the Agricultural marketing revolving fund in the banks for cooperatives; Treasury compilations prior to 1956 classified this item as an interagency asset.

9 Figures prior to 1951 are for the Panama Railroad Company. The Panama Canal Company, established in 1951, combined the Panama Railroad Company with the business activities of the Panama Canal (not reported prior to that time).

PRINCIPAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF FEDERAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

[Based on compilation by Treasury Department. In millions of dollars]

| | | Ass | ets, oth | er than | interage | ency iter | ms1 | | | ies, oth gency i | er than tems 1 | | |
|---|--|---|--|--|---|---|--|---|--------------------------------|---|---|--|-----------------------------------|
| Date, and fund or activity | | | Loans | In- | Inv me | | Land, | | Bonds, and d tures p | eben- | Other | U. S. Govt. inter- | Pri- vately owned inter- |
| | Total | Cash | re- ceiv- able | ven- tories | Public debt secu- rities | Other secu- rities | tures, and equip- ment | Other | Guar- anteed by U. S. | Other | liabil- ities | est | est |
| All activities | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1951—Dec. 31 ² . 1952—Dec. 31 ² . 1953—Dec. 31 ² . 1954—Dec. 31. 1955—Dec. 31. | 26,744 29,945 38,937 41,403 45,304 | 931 944 1,190 1,371 1,338 | 14,422 17,826 19,883 19,348 20,238 | 1,461 1,280 2,514 3,852 4,356 | 2,226 2,421 2,602 2,967 3,236 | 3,463 3,429 3,425 3,432 3,414 | 3,213 8,062 8,046 | 882 832 1,261 2,387 4,900 | 43 53 75 33 44 | 1,369 1,330 1,182 1,068 2,379 | 1,161 1,728 3,818 4,183 2,703 | 23,842 26,456 33,429 35,610 39,583 | 329 378 434 508 596 |
| 1956—Mar. 31. June 30*. Sept. 30. Dec. 31*. 1957—Mar. 31 | 58,485 66,797 69,143 69,653 69,895 | 3,731 4,457 5,144 4,996 4,441 | 20,580 19,844 20,331 20,657 21,353 | 14,119 20,231 20,949 21,375 21,303 | 3,677 3,719 3,720 3,739 3,923 | 3,638 3,638 3,668 3,669 3,729 | 8,056 9,682 10,028 9,985 9,875 | 4,685 5,226 5,303 5,232 5,272 | 44 49 58 67 68 | 2,425 2,607 2,742 2,711 2,975 | 3,730 3,238 3,145 3,659 3,713 | 51,635 60,224 62,507 62,516 62,364 | 651 677 693 699 775 |
| Classification by type of fund and activity, Mar. 31, 1957 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Public Enterprise Funds—TotalFarm Credit Administration:4 | | 1,511 | 9,069 | 4,112 | 775 | 149 | 3,294 | | | | | 17,831 | |
| Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation | 186 | | | | | i | | (5) | (5) | • • • • • • | | 10 186 | |
| Commodity Credit Corporation | 6,543 140 37 | 38 47 26 | 86 | 3,362 | | | 169 | 456 6 | | | 1,112 2 3 | 138 | |
| Housing and Home Finance Agency: Public Housing Administration. Federal Housing Administration. Federal National Mortgage Association. Office of the Administrator. | 371 | 64 20 1 | 119 | | 479 | | 32 1 (5) | 156 279 27 | 67 | 570 | 34 143 | 337 570 1,830 | |
| Office of the Administrator Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation | | 175 | 397 | | 265 | | 144 | 31 | | | 7 14 | 262 | |
| Small Rusiness Administration | 172 | 44 | 126 | (5) | | ·····i | (5) (5) 1,751 | 19 | | | (5) 31 32 | 171 2,701 | |
| Export-Import Bank Tennessee Valley Authority Panama Canal Company Veterans Administration. | 456 731 | 32 236 | 488 | 7 | | | 396 | ; I | 1 | | 24 11 | 432 721 | |
| General Services Administration. Treasury Department Post Office Department—postal fund. Interior Department. All other | | 39 115 386 50 | 225 | 7 | 31 | 1 | 71 9 590 129 (5) | 30 39 21 | (5) | | 16 3 364 6 10 | 377 659 209 | |
| Intragovernmental Funds—Total | 13,022 | 1,444 | | l | ľ | ł | 202 | l | | ! | | 12,220 | |
| Defense Department: Army Navy Navy Air Force All other | 8,242 3,342 1,137 302 | 649 418 302 75 | | 801 | | (5) | 105 97 | 34 | | | 320 293 133 56 | 3,048 1,004 | |
| Certain Other Activities—Total. National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics General Services Administration. Bonneville Power Administration. | | | 9,066 | 5,971 1 5,929 | 7 | 3,563 | 6,379 277 1,214 | 3 652 | | | 192 9 12 | 29,804 398 8,036 | |
| | | | 623 | (5) | | İ | (5) | 21 | | l | 6 | 754 | |
| Farmers Home Administration. Rural Electrification Administration. International Cooperation Administration. Treasury Department. | 2,767 2,054 10,215 | 103 | 2,538 2,035 3,505 | | | | | 127 | | | 1 | 2,766 2,054 10,215 | |
| Department of Commerce—maritime activities | 5,115 232 | | 283 | 34 1 | (5) 7 | | 4,470 100 | 25 | | | 133 21 | | |
| Certain Deposit Funds—Total Banks for cooperatives Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation Federal home loan banks | 4,530 502 1,920 2,109 | 60 26 2 31 | (5) | (5) (5) | 3,036 43 1,898 1,095 | 3 | (5) (5) | 37 10 19 8 | | 951 231 | 835 3 151 681 | 2,007 238 1,769 | 737 30 |
| Certain Trust Revolving Funds—Total Federal National Mortgage Association Federal intermediate credit banks | 2,035 1,047 969 19 | 68 51 11 5 | 1,837 992 845 | (5) | 106 100 | | (5) (5) | 24 5 13 7 | | 1,453 650 805 | 42 19 13 10 | 502 357 145 | 1138 1121 |
| Latest data for agencies not reporting quarterly | | _ | | | | | | | | | _ | | |
| Office of Alien Property (Dec. 31, 1956) | 220 8,532 3,024 50 | 93 | | 1,574 6 1 | | | 5,196 2,571 14 | 354 | | | 1 201 137 5 | 8,331 2,887 15 | |
| | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | <u></u> |

¹⁰ Includes \$1,000 million due under the agreement with Germany signed Feb. 27, 1953, and lend-lease and surplus property balances due the United States in the principal amount of \$2,086 million.

¹¹ Figure represents total trust interest. For other notes, see opposite page.

SUMMARY OF FEDERAL FISCAL OPERATIONS

[On basis of U. S. Treasury statements and Treasury Bulletin. In millions of dollars]

| | ان ا | on basis o | . o. s. 11 | | | | | | | | onarsj | | | |
|--|---|---|---|---|---|--|---|---|--|---|---|--|---|---|
| | | | | Deriva | ition of I | ederal • | Governn | nent | cash trans | sactions | | | | |
| : | Red | other that | the publi n debt | ic, | I | Payment othe | s to the | pub ebt | olic, | Excess | Net F rep | ederal cas eayt. (-) | sh borrow of borrow | ing or ing |
| Period | | | | Equals: | | Plus | | | Favale | of rects. from, or | In- crease, | L.e | ss: | Equals: |
| | Net Budget rects. | Plus: Trust fund rects. | Less: Intra- Govt. trans, 1 | Total rects. from the public ² | Budget ex- pendi- tures | Trus func ex- pend ture | i Adj | ust- | Equals: Total payts. to the public | payts. to (-), the public | or decrease (-), in debt (direct & agen.) | Net inv. by Govt. agen. & tr. funds | Other non- cash debt ⁴ | cash borrow- ing or repayt. |
| Cal. year—1955 1956 | 63,358 70,994 | 10,624 12,398 | 2,511 3,027 | 71,448 80,330 | 66,129 67,216 | 9,3 10,3 | 31 3, 42 2, | 282 751 | 72,178 74,805 | -729 5,525 | 3,484 -3,561 | 2,476 2,481 | 566 136 | 448 -5,910 |
| Fiscal year—1954 1955 1956 1957 ^p | 64,655 60,390 68,165 70,989 | 9,155 9,536 11,685 14,365 | 2,110 2,061 2,743 3,233 | 71,627 67,836 77,084 82,072 | 67,772 64,570 66,540 69,344 | 7,20 8,54 9,45 12,9 | 46 2, 36 3. | 117 578 362 364 | 71,860 70,538 72,613 79,949 | -232 -2,702 4,471 2,123 | 5,186 3,986 -578 -1,053 | 2,055 1,533 3,166 2,338 | 618 644 623 - 292 | 2,512 1,809 -4,366 -3,099 |
| Semiannually: 1955—JanJune July-Dec 1956—JanJune July-Dec 1957—JanJune ^p | 38,118 25,240 42,925 28,069 42,920 | 5,168 5,456 6,229 6,169 8,196 | 1,222 1,289 1,454 1,573 1,660 | 42,051 29,397 47,687 32,643 49,429 | 33,004 33,125 33,415 33,801 35,543 | 4,9: 4,3: 5,0: 5,3: 7,6: | 96 1, 40 2. | 186 096 266 485 879 | 36,426 36,187 | 6,299 -7,028 11,499 -5,974 8,097 | -3,535 7,019 -7,597 4,036 -5,089 | 1,145 1,331 1,835 646 1,692 | 197 369 254 -390 98 | -4,875 5,323 -9,689 3,779 -6,878 |
| Monthly: 1956—July | 3,485 4,954 6,218 3,184 4,818 5,412 | 1,112 1,419 753 660 1,231 994 | 631 83 78 93 71 617 | 3,964 6,286 6,889 3,747 5,972 5,785 | 5,542 5,902 4,918 5,995 5,726 5,718 | 80 84 93 83 | 01 46 59 57 | 676 17 65 285 227 785 | 6,686 5,699 | -1,931 -400 1,191 -2,924 -383 -1,527 | -93 2,982 -1,126 1,017 1,661 -405 | 312 645 -214 -266 292 -123 | 33 -35 33 43 37 -501 | -439 2,372 -946 1,240 1,333 219 |
| 1957—JanFebMarAprMayJunepJulypJ | 4,809 6,188 10,737 4,256 5,282 11,648 3,057 | 650 1,458 1,068 1,083 2,121 1,816 858 | 106 80 96 90 117 1,173 | 5,349 7,564 11,704 5,244 7,280 12,288 3,732 | 6,095 5,743 5,584 5,987 5,944 6,190 6,347 | 1,49 1,34 1,2 | 95 42 91 44 83 | 111 250 296 258 367 100 476 | 6,630 7,220 6,923 7,374 | -747 476 5,073 -1,976 358 4,914 -3,359 | -195 142 -1,160 -813 1,432 -4,496 1,992 | -126 209 108 -469 1,241 727 -382 | 367 -103 -126 -174 257 -123 | -435 37 -1,142 -170 -67 -5,100 2,374 |
| | | | | | Effects | of ope | rations o | n T | reasurer's | account | | <u>'</u> | | <u> </u> |
| | Oper | ating trans | sactions | , | Financing | g transa | ctions | | Cash ba inc., or d | | | | surer of U | |
| Period | Net | Trust fund | _ | No mar | ket in | Net v. (-) | Increase | 1 | | | | Depos | its in— | |
| | Budget surplus, or deficit (-) | accumu- lation, or deficit (-) | Recon ciliatio to Trea cash | on (+) as. Go | of service | Fèd. ec. by Govt. gency trust inds ⁵ | decreas (-), ir gross direct public debt | ۱ . | Held outside Treasury | Treas- urer's account | Balance | F. R. Banks (avail- able funds) | Treas- ury Tax and Loan Accts. | Other net assets |
| Fiscal year—1954 1955 1956 1957 | -3,117 -4,180 1,626 1,645 | 1,951 991 2,250 1,395 | 32 | 29 20 | 602 - | 1,609 1,362 2,617 2,299 | 5,18 3,11 -1,62 -2,22 | 5 | 257 -312 -202 29 | 2,096 -551 331 -956 | 6,766 6,216 6,546 5,590 | 875 380 522 498 | 4,836 4,365 4,633 4,082 | 1,055 1,471 1,391 1,010 |
| Semiannually: 1955—JanJune July-Dec 1956—JanJune July-Dec 1957—JanJune ^p | 5,114 -7,885 9,511 -5,732 7,377 | 234 1,060 1,190 866 529 | 22 r-48 | 92 28 82 | 312 - | -950 1,217 1,400 -697 1,602 | -4,37 6,39 -8,01 3,87 -6,10 | / | 400 -24 -178 -55 84 | 1,036 -1,671 2,002 -2,119 1,163 | 6,216 4,545 6,546 4,427 5,590 | 380 397 522 441 498 | 4,365 3,036 4,633 2,924 4,082 | 1,471 1,112 1,391 1,062 1,010 |
| Monthly: 1956—July | -2,057 -948 1,300 -2,812 -908 -307 | -94 -299 374 | 12 12 13 14 | 21 45 73 29 | 22 111 -14 -45 -70 -11 | -277 -703 214 282 -305 91 | -10 2,91 -1,30 1,02 1,73 -38 | 9424 | 1 -44 -1 62 -119 45 | -2,369 2,019 249 -1,741 1,074 -1,350 | 4,178 6,197 6,445 4,704 5,778 4,427 | 513 422 535 495 463 441 | 2,451 4,644 4,628 2,937 4,159 2,924 | 1,214 1,131 1,282 1,272 1,156 1,062 |
| 1957—Jan Feb Mar Apr May June ^p . July. | 5,153 -1,731 -662 5,458 | 363 -274 -408 777 533 | 3 -20 2 3 3 -90 | 75 33 59 | 205 35 298 253 153 147 19 | 374 -169 -245 402 -1,255 -708 324 | -39 4 -1,27 -99 1,22 -4,70 1,94 | 0 1 1 6 7 | -17 -69 112 1 -11 68 131 | -1,162 584 3,824 -2,142 308 -250 -1,115 | 3,265 3,849 7,673 5,532 5,840 5,590 4,475 | 715 458 591 509 568 498 504 | 1,161 2,027 5,912 3,516 4,318 4,082 2,833 | 1,389 1,364 1,170 1,507 954 1,010 1,138 |

P Preliminary.

Revised.

Consist primarily of interest payments by Treasury to trust accounts and to Treasury by Govt, agencies, transfers to trust accounts representing Budget expenditures, and payroll deductions for Federal employees retirement funds.

Small adjustments to arrive at this total are not shown separately.
Consists primarily of (1) intra-Governmental transactions as described in note 1, (2) net accruals over payments of interest on savings bonds

and Treasury bills, (3) Budget expenditures involving issuance of Federal securities, (4) cash transactions between International Monetary Fund and the Treasury, (5) reconciliation items to Treasury cash, and (6) net operating transactions of Govt. sponsored enterprises.

4 Primarily adjustments 2, 3, and 4, described in note 3.

5 Excludes net transactions of Govt. sponsored enterprises, which are included in the corresponding columns above.

DETAILS OF FEDERAL FISCAL OPERATIONS

[On basis of Treasury statements and Treasury Bulletin unless otherwise noted. In millions of dollars]

| | | or freas | | | | | get receij | | | | | | | Sel | ected excis Rev. Ser | |
|---|--|--|--|---|--|---|--|---|---|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| | | Adjı | ustments Budget r | from teceipts | total | | | Incon | | | | | | | | $\overline{\mathbf{I}}$ |
| Period | Net Budget | Trai | nsfers to- | | Re- | Tota Budg | | dividua | ıl | | Ex- cise | Em | | | To- | Mfrs.' |
| | re- ceipts | Old- age trust fund ² | High- way trust fund | R. R. re- tire- ment acct. | funds of re- ceipts | re- ceipt | With held | | her | Corporation | o- taxe | | cein | | bacco | tailers' |
| Fiscal year—1954 1955 1956 1957 | 64,655 60,390 68,165 70,989 | 4,537 5,040 6,337 6,634 | 1,479 | 603 599 634 616 | 3,377 3,426 3,684 3,917 | 73,17 69,45 78,82 83,63 | 3 21,63 4 21,25 0 24,01 5 26,71 | 5 10, 4 10, 2 11, 0 12, | 747 396 322 302 | 21,523 18,265 21,299 21,531 | 3 10,01 9,21 10,00 1 10,65 | $ \begin{array}{c c} 1 & 6,22 \\ 4 & 7,29 \end{array} $ | 3,82 4,10 4,88 1 4,88 | $\begin{vmatrix} 8 & 2.74 \\ 7 & 2.92 \end{vmatrix}$ | 21 1,613 | 3,177 |
| Semiannually: 1955—JanJune July-Dec 1956—JanJune July-Dec 1957—JanJune ^p | 38,118 25,240 42,925 28,069 42,920 | 2,735 2,927 3,410 2,559 4,075 | 643 836 | 277 318 316 312 304 | 3,087 496 3,188 463 3,454 | 49,83 32,04 | 9 12,70 5 13.02 | $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | 073 699 623 004 298 | 14,498 4,109 17,190 5,553 15,978 | 5,05 0 4,95 3 5,32 | 2 3 28 | 3 2.3€ | 14 1,29 16 1,52 11 1,39 17 1,64 | 8 817 | 1,890 |
| Monthly: 1956—JulyAugSeptOctNovDec | 3,485 4,954 6,218 3,184 4,818 | 295 799 397 182 587 299 | 10 150 175 164 144 | 23 81 53 25 74 55 | 124 115 79 95 62 -12 | 3,92 5,95 6,89 3,66 5,70 5,89 | 7 1,93 0 1,28 5 3,33 | 8 5 5 5 1, 2 3 7 | 457 125 752 244 103 324 | 837 352 1,709 451 380 1,825 | 916 9 80 1 1,03 93 | 0 88 5 45 3 20 6 66 | 0 49 1 27 1 24 7 44 2 29 | 28 23 26 24 55 25 3 35 01 32 | 15 157 15 128 14 155 15 142 | 890 |
| 1957—JanFebMarAprMayJune ^p JulyJuly. | 6,188 10,737 4,256 5,282 11,648 | 255 2807 632 617 1,229 536 346 | 141 205 120 124 109 137 174 | 21 83 50 15 83 52 19 | 52 203 606 1,130 1,057 406 138 | 5,27, 7,48 12,14 6,14 7,75 12,77 3,73 | $\begin{bmatrix} 1,02\\ 6\\ 3,83\\ 2.08 \end{bmatrix}$ | 5 2, 8 3 9 2, 0 1, | 101 871 785 827 897 818 269 | 461 445 7,327 520 502 6,722 541 | 87- 93 93 96 2 89 | 1,16 1 69 2 63 5 1,31 2 58 | 0 29 2 32 3 53 4 39 9 52 | 19 17 23 11 21 11 24 13 n.a. | 7 132 1 138 4 133 3 161 n.a. | 1,119 |
| | <u>. </u> | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | | | <u> </u> | <u>'</u> | Budge | t exp | enditu | res ³ | , | ! | | | |
| | | | 1 | Major | nationa | securit | у | | | | Vet- | | Agri- | | | |
| Period | | Total | Total ⁴ | De | pt., se | futual curity, iilitary | Atomic energy | Intl. affair and financ | | Inter- est | erans' serv- ices and bene- fits | Labor and welfare | and agri- cul- tural re- sources | Nat- ural re- sources | Com- merce and housing | Gen- eral govern- ment |
| Fiscal year: 1953. 1954. 1955. 19565. | | 74,274 67,772 64,570 66,540 | 50,363 46,904 40,626 40,641 | 40, 35, | 611 335 533 791 | 3,954 3,629 2,292 2,611 | 1,791 1,895 1,857 1,651 | 2,210 1,732 2,18 1,840 | 5 6 | 5,583 5,470 5,438 5,846 | 4,298 4,256 4,457 4,756 | 2,426 2,485 2,552 2,776 | 2,936 2,557 4,411 4,913 | 1,476 1,315 1,202 1,104 | 2,502 814 1,502 2,028 | 1,474 1,239 1,201 1,629 |
| Semiannually:5 1955—July-Dec 1956—JanJune July-Dec | | 33,125 33,415 33,801 | 19,994 20,647 20,595 | 17, | 917 873 547 | 956 1,654 914 | 797 854 930 | 639 1,107 933 | 7 3 | 3,349 3,497 3,587 | 2,330 2,438 2,291 | 1,348 1,380 1,421 | 2,775 2,234 2,183 | 614 502 736 | 1,137 924 879 | 940 691 1,181 |
| Monthly:5 1956—May June July Aug Sept Oct Nov | | 5,467 6,937 5,542 5,902 4,918 5,995 5,726 5,718 | 3,434 4,478 2,945 3,608 3,152 3,750 3,564 3,576 | 2,3,2,3,3,3,3,3,3,3,3,3,3,3,3,3,3,3,3,3 | 922 534 473 235 868 400 276 295 | 306 754 298 156 96 160 101 103 | 152 138 140 164 149 164 160 | 202 193 122 193 153 153 172 133 | 3 3 7 2 | 565 607 631 573 574 589 585 635 | 431 403 361 369 353 396 407 405 | 197 311 221 263 219 314 207 197 | 288 452 222 554 187 466 319 435 | 87 96 78 110 108 159 175 106 | 145 263 302 129 58 35 213 142 | 120 136 652 99 117 109 102 |
| 1957—JanFebMarAprAprMay | | 6,095 5,743 5,584 5,987 5,944 | 3,741 3,576 3,700 3,913 3,750 | 3, 3, 3, 3, | 335 245 224 544 279 | 177 136 261 155 258 | 182 150 169 183 184 | 12 14: 13: 14: 17: | 3 | 655 592 606 611 610 | 410 407 414 419 444 | 330 236 209 285 208 | 551 312 397 455 308 | 87 94 85 82 106 | 85 268 -19 -6 139 | 100 98 81 101 124 |

<sup>P Preliminary.
n.a. Not available.
1 Represents the sum of taxes for old-age insurance, railroad retirement, and unemployment insurance.
2 Beginning February 1957, includes transfers to Federal disability insurance trust fund.</sup>

³ For more details, see the 1958 Budget document, pp. 1076-1084 and pp. 1149-1150.

⁴ Includes stockpiling and defense production expansion not shown separately.

⁵ Monthly figures prior to May 1956 are not fully comparable with subsequent months nor with the fiscal year totals. (For description see Treasury Bulletin, table 3 of section on Budget receipts and expenditures).

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT DEBT, BY TYPE OF SECURITY

[On basis of daily statements of United States Treasury. In billions of dollars]

| | | | | | | | Pub | lic issues | ;3 | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|---|--|---|--|---|--|---|--|---|---|
| | Total | Total | | | | Marke | table | | | | No | nmarketa | ble | |
| End of month | gross debt ¹ | gross direct debt ² | Total | | | Certifi- | | Во | onds | Con- vert- ible | | Sav- | Tax and | Special issues |
| | | | Total | Bills | cates of indebt- edness | Notes | Bank eligi- ble ⁴ | Bank re- stricted | bonds | Total ⁵ | ings bonds | sav- ings notes | | |
| | | 57.9 278.1 256.9 256.7 259.4 267.4 275.2 278.8 280.8 | 50.5 255.7 225.3 220.6 221.2 226.1 231.7 233.2 233.9 | 41.6 198.8 165.8 152.5 142.7 148.6 154.6 157.8 163.3 | 2.0 17.0 15.1 13.6 18.1 21.7 19.5 19.5 22.3 | 38.2 21.2 5.4 29.1 16.7 26.4 28.5 15.7 | 6.0 23.0 11.4 39.3 18.4 30.3 31.4 28.0 43.3 | 33.6 68.4 68.4 44.6 41.0 58.9 63.9 76.1 81.9 | 52.2 49.6 49.6 36.0 21.0 13.4 5.7 | 12.1 12.5 12.0 11.8 11.4 | 8.9 56.9 59.5 68.1 66.4 65.0 65.1 63.6 59.2 | 6.1 48.2 52.1 58.0 57.6 57.7 57.7 57.7 | 2.5 8.2 5.4 8.6 7.5 5.8 6.0 4.5 (6) | 7.0 20.0 29.0 33.7 35.9 39.2 41.2 42.6 43.9 |
| 1956—Aug | 275.6 274.3 275.4 277.1 276.7 | 275.6 274.3 275.3 277.0 276.6 | 226.9 225.8 227.2 228.7 228.6 | 157.3 156.4 158.0 159.8 160.4 | 20.8 20.8 22.4 24.2 25.2 | 19.5 19.5 19.5 19.5 19.0 | 35.1 35.2 35.2 35.2 35.3 | 81.9 80.9 80.9 80.9 80.9 | | 11.0 11.0 10.9 10.9 10.8 | 58.6 58.5 58.3 58.1 57.4 | 57.3 57.3 57.1 56.9 56.3 | | 46.1 45.8 45.5 45.7 45.6 |
| 1957—JanFebMarAprMayJuneJulyAugJulyAugJulyAug | 276.3 276.4 275.1 274.1 275.3 270.6 272.6 274.0 | 276.2 276.3 275.0 274.0 275.2 270.5 272.5 273.8 | 228.4 228.4 227.2 226.9 221.7 224.3 225.3 | 160.5 160.9 159.9 160.0 160.3 155.7 158.8 160.2 | 25.3 25.9 25.3 25.3 26.8 23.4 26.4 28.2 | 19.0 20.2 19.4 19.4 21.8 20.5 20.5 34.1 | 35.3 33.9 34.4 34.4 30.9 31.0 31.1 17.1 | 80.9 80.9 80.9 80.8 80.8 80.8 80.8 | | 10.7 10.6 10.5 10.4 10.3 10.3 10.2 | 57.2 57.0 56.7 56.5 56.3 55.7 55.3 55.0 | 56.0 55.8 55.6 55.4 55.2 54.6 54.3 54.0 | | 45.3 45.5 45.6 45.2 46.1 46.8 46.3 46.7 |

¹ Includes some debt not subject to statutory debt limitation (amounting to \$443 million on Aug. 31, 1957) and fully guaranteed securities, not shown separately.

² Includes non-interest-bearing debt, not shown separately.

³ Includes amounts held by Govt. agencies and trust funds, which aggregated \$8,842 million on July 31, 1957.

OWNERSHIP OF UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, DIRECT AND FULLY GUARANTEED

[Par value in billions of dollars]

| , | Total gross | Held U. S. | | | | | | Held by | the public | : | | | |
|--|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|---|---|---|--|
| End of month | debt (includ- ing guar- | agenci trust f | | | Federal | Com- | Mutual | Insur- ance | Other | State and | Indiv | iduals | Misc. |
| | anteed securi- ties) | Special issues | Public issues | Total | Reserve Banks | mercial banks ² | savings banks | com- panies | corpo- rations | local govts. | Savings bonds | Other securities | inves- tors ³ |
| 1941—Dec. 1945—Dec. 1947—Dec. 1950—Dec. 1951—Dec. 1952—Dec. 1953—Dec. 1954—June Dec. 1955—June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. 1957—Jan. Feb. | 280.8 272.8 272.7 275.6 274.3 275.4 277.1 276.7 276.3 276.4 | 7.0 20.0 29.0 33.7 35.9 39.2 42.2 42.6 43.3 43.9 45.1 45.4 45.8 45.7 45.6 45.7 | 2.6 7.0 5.4 5.5 6.4 7.1 7.1 7.3 7.8 8.4 8.4 8.4 8.5 8.6 8.6 | 54.7 251.6 222.6 217.5 221.6 222.0 222.0 229.0 229.1 219.3 218.9 221.2 220.2 200.2 2 | 2.3 24.3 22.6 20.8 23.8 24.7 25.9 25.0 24.9 23.6 24.8 23.8 23.8 23.9 23.7 23.8 24.4 24.9 | 21.4 90.8 68.7 61.6 63.4 63.6 69.2 63.5 62.0 57.6 57.6 57.6 57.6 58.0 758.3 | 3.7 10.7 12.0 10.9 9.8 9.2 9.1 8.7 8.5 8.4 8.3 8.3 8.1 8.1 | 8.2 24.0 23.9 18.7 16.5 16.5 15.8 15.3 15.0 14.8 14.3 13.3 13.1 13.1 13.1 13.2 13.2 13.2 12.8 | 4.0 22.2 14.1 19.7 19.9 21.6 16.6 19.6 18.7 23.3 17.4 17.7 18.6 17.5 18.5 19.2 118.6 17.5 | .7 6.5 7.3 8.6 11.7 13.7 13.4 14.7 15.1 15.7 15.8 15.8 15.8 15.8 15.8 15.8 | 5.4 42.9 46.2 49.1 49.2 49.4 49.5 50.0 50.2 50.3 50.3 50.3 50.3 50.2 50.1 | 8.2 21.2 19.4 16.7 15.5 16.0 15.4 15.3 13.7 15.2 15.4 17.4 17.7 17.6 17.7 17.6 17.6 17.2 | 9.1 8.4 10.6 11.7 13.7 13.7 14.4 15.6 16.2 16.3 16.3 16.3 16.3 |
| Mar Apr May June | 275.1 274.1 275.3 | 45.6 45.2 46.1 46.8 | 8.6 8.5 8.7 8.7 | 221.0 220.4 220.5 215.1 | 23.1 23.2 23.1 23.0 | 758.1 758.0 757.6 55.8 | 8.1 8.0 8.0 7.9 | 12.6 12.5 12.4 12.3 | 718.0 717.9 718.3 15.4 | 16.0 16.2 16.1 16.2 | 49.6 49.4 49.3 49.1 | r19.2 r19.3 r19.5 19.6 | 16.3 16.0 16.2 15.8 |

⁴ Includes Treasury bonds and minor amounts of Panama Canal and Postal Savings bonds.
⁵ Includes Series A investment bonds, depositary bonds, armed forces leave bonds, and adjusted service bonds, not shown separately.
⁶ Less than \$50 million.

r Revised.

1 Includes the Postal Savings System.

2 Includes holdings by banks in territories and insular possessions, which amounted to about \$250 million on Dec. 31, 1956.

³ Includes savings and loan associations, dealers and brokers, foreign accounts, corporate pension funds, and nonprofit institutions.

Note.—Reported data for Federal Reserve Banks and U. S. Govt. agencies and trust funds; Treasury Department estimates for other groups.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT MARKETABLE AND CONVERTIBLE SECURITIES OUTSTANDING, AUGUST 31, 19571 [On basis of daily statements of United States Treasury. In millions of dollars]

| Issue and coupon rate Amo | ount Issue and coupon rate | Amount | Issue and coupon rate | Amount | Issue and coupon rate | Amount |
|---|---|---|------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--|
| Sept. 12, 1957. 1, Sept. 19, 1957. 1, Sept. 23, 1957. 1, Sept. 26, 1957. 1, Oct. 3, 1957. 1, Oct. 10, 1957. 1, Oct. 17, 1957. 1, Oct. 31, 1957. 1, Oct. 31, 1957. 1, Oct. 31, 1957. 1, Oct. 31, 1957. 1, Nov. 7, 1957. 1, Nov. 41, 1957. 1, Nov. 21, 1957. 1, Nov. 21, 1957. 1, Nov. 29, 1957. 1, Nov. 29, 1957. 1, Mar. 24, 1958. 3, | Certificates ,800 Oct. 1, 1957. 334, 800 Dec. 1, 1957. 354, 600 Feb. 14, 1958. 344, 501 Apr. 15, 1958. 344, 602 Aug. 1, 1958. 344, 601 Apr. 1, 1958. 144, 700 June 15, 1958. 144, 700 Feb. 15, 1959. 144, 700 Feb. 15, 1959. 144, 700 Feb. 15, 1959. 144, 700 Apr. 1, 1959. 144, 700 Apr. 1, 1959. 144, 700 Apr. 1, 1959. 144, 700 Apr. 1, 1959. 144, 700 Apr. 1, 1960. 344, 751 May 15, 1960. 344, Apr. 1, 1960. 344, Apr. 1, 1961. 144 | 9,971 10,851 10,851 10,586 49 383 383 4,392 121 5,102 119 99 198 2,406 2,406 278 | Treasury notes—Cont. Aug. 1, 1961 | 1,449 3,819 927 4,245 919 2,368 5,270 3,459 3,806 1,485 | Treasury bonds—Cont. Aug. 15, 1963 | 6,755 2,114 2,822 3,748 3,823 4,708 2,953 1,859 2,716 3,768 1,605 2,743 50 |

OWNERSHIP OF UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT MARKETABLE AND CONVERTIBLE SECURITIES¹ [On basis of Treasury Survey data. Par value in millions of dollars]

Marketable and convertible securities, by type Marketable securities, by maturity class Type of holder and date Con-vertible Certifi-Within Over 10 Total Bills Notes Total able cates 1 year years years years bonds2 bonds All holders: ### Information of the control of th 162,216 166,882 166,050 171,137 170,678 165,985 19,515 19,514 20,808 25,179 26,777 23,420 18,405 13,836 16,303 19,023 21,785 20,473 31,960 40,729 35,952 35,294 30,924 30,973 80,474 81,128 81,890 80,878 80,845 80,839 11,861 11,676 11,098 10,763 10,347 10,280 150,354 155,206 154,953 160,374 160,331 155,705 60,123 49,703 58,714 68,557 67,065 71,033 27,965 38,188 31,997 41,021 42,501 39,184 30,542 33,687 31,312 17,893 17,890 14,732 31,725 33,628 32,930 32,904 32,875 30,756 U. S. Govt. agencies and trust funds:
1954—June 30.
1955—June 30.
1956—June 30.
Dec. 31.
1957—May 31.
June 30. 6,985 7,162 8,236 8,242 8,563 8,554 46 40 273 142 125 130 41 8 355 353 422 416 3,395 3,556 3,575 3,669 3,664 3,664 3,439 3,439 3,345 3,236 3,080 3,063 3,546 3,723 4,891 5,006 5,483 5,491 494 506 434 317 319 295 2,740 2,944 3,030 3,053 3,062 2,848 64 119 688 842 1,273 1,282 74 927 928 733 1,138 199 500 Federal Reserve Banks:
1954—June 30.
1955—June 30.
1956—June 30.
Dec. 31.
1957—May 31.
June 30. 25,037 23,607 23,758 24,915 23,108 23,035 2,316 886 855 1,918 353 287 6,600 8,274 10,944 10,975 11,373 11,367 13,029 11,646 9,157 9,219 8,571 8,579 3,093 2,802 2,802 2,802 2,810 2,802 25,037 23,607 23,758 24,915 23,108 23,035 16,280 17,405 20,242 22,113 20,318 20,246 1,035 1,014 1,014 1,014 1,014 750 6,307 3.773 1,087 373 361 1,415 1,415 1,415 1,415 1,415 1,358 Commercial banks:

1954—June 30.

1955—June 30.

1956—June 30.

Dec. 31.

1957—May 31. 56,199 55,667 49,673 51,466 50,188 48,734 4,187 2,721 2,181 4,934 3,975 2,853 4,942 1,455 1,004 1,600 3,214 2,913 11,423 15,385 11,620 10,714 9,025 8,984 35,481 35,942 34,712 34,071 33,830 33,839 56,034 55,503 49,517 51,319 50,044 48,590 17,684 7,187 7,433 11,635 10,180 12,268 14,624 21,712 18,234 24,528 24,612 23,500 18,741 21,110 19,132 10,242 10,300 4,985 5,494 4,719 4,914 4,952 4,222 165 164 155 147 144 144 June 30...... Mutual savings banks:

1954—June 30.

1955—June 30.

1956—June 30.

Dec. 31.

1957—May 31.

June 30. 6,669 6,422 6,074 5,849 5,705 5,655 1,265 1,222 1,161 1,115 1,103 1,098 7,089 6,848 6,574 6,316 6,351 6,299 476 533 540 1,057 1,059 221 289 356 312 366 367 294 164 247 241 351 576 1,389 1,405 1,319 659 636 601 4,930 4,746 4,468 4,358 4,305 4,040 101 53 37 24 110 114 8,353 8,069 7,735 7,431 7,454 7,397 84 107 131 170 163 Insurance companies:
1954—June 30
1955—June 30
1955—June 30
Dec. 31
1957—May 31
June 30 691 789 760 781 642 8,805 8,479 7,789 7,464 3,193 3,145 2,791 2,671 2,553 2,549 1,190 810 632 726 650 955 1,045 1,339 1,192 1,749 1,736 2,171 2,027 1,802 1,136 1,104 5,921 5,796 5,285 5,049 4,995 4,634 209 74 44 66 148 10,327 9,972 8,911 8,660 622 630 318 349 354 13,520 13,117 11,702 11,331 11,039 8,485 8,387 Other investors: ther investors:
1954—June 30.
1955—June 30.
1956—June 30.
Dec. 31.
1957—May 31.
June 30. 6,511 3,973 3,919 6,004 6,518 5,527 6,531 12.502 13,371 13,426 11,047 11,113 52,121 59,260 64,947 67,752 70,326 67,329 12,248 15,153 17,074 17,705 21,800 19,661 23,032 23,927 26,896 27,024 27,494 27,602 3,800 3,706 3,646 3,593 3,467 3,426 48,322 55,554 61,301 64,159 66,859 63,904 24,568 24,062 29,233 32,914 34,833 35,850 6,711 7,626 7,612 4,525 4,517 3,464 5,308 10,633 10,443 12,605 13,362 10,936 11,734 13,233 14,013 14,114 14,147 13,654

panies included in the survey account for over 90 per cent of total holdings by these institutions. Data are complete for U. S. Govt. agencies and trust funds and Federal Reserve Banks.

Direct public issues.
 Sold on discount basis. See table on Money Market Rates, p. 1059.

Not called for redemption on first call date. Callable on succeeding interest payment dates.
 4 Partially tax-exempt.

Direct public issues.
 Includes minor amounts of Panama Canal and Postal Savings bonds. Note.—Commercial banks, mutual savings banks, and insurance com-

NEW SECURITY ISSUES!

[Securities and Exchange Commission estimates. In millions of dollars]

| | | | | | Gross | proceeds | , all issu | ers 2 | | | | Pre | posed us all co | ses of ne orporate | t proced | eds, |
|--------------------------------------|--|--|---|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|--|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| | | | Noncorp | orate | | | | Corpo | rate | | | | New c | apital | | |
| Year or month | Total | | | State | | | | Bonds | | | | | | Mis- | Re- tire- | Re- tire- ment |
| | 1939 5,687 2 1941 15,157 11 | U. S. Govt. ³ | Fed- eral agency 4 | and mu- nici- pal | Other 5 | Total | Total | Pub- licly offered | Pri- vately placed | Pre- ferred stock | Com- mon stock | Total | New money ⁷ | lane- ous pur- poses | ment of bank debt, etc.8 | of secu- rities |
| 1941 | | 2,332 11,466 47,353 | 13 38 506 | 1,128 956 795 | 50 30 47 | 2,164 2,667 6,011 | 1,980 2,390 4,855 | 1,276 1,578 3,851 | 703 811 1,004 | 98 167 758 | 87 110 397 | 420 1,041 1,347 | 868 | 26 28 133 | 69 144 134 | 1,695 1,583 4,555 |
| 1949 | 21,110 19,893 21,265 26,929 28,824 29,765 26,772 22,405 | 11,804 9,687 9,778 12,577 13,957 12,532 9,628 5,517 | 216 30 110 459 106 458 746 169 | 2,907 3,532 3,189 4,121 5,558 6,969 5,977 5,446 | 237 306 289 182 | 6,052 6,361 7,741 9,534 8,898 9,516 10,240 10,939 | 4,890 4,920 5,691 7,601 7,083 7,488 7,420 8,002 | 2,437 2,360 2,364 3,645 3,856 4,003 4,119 4,225 | 2,453 2,560 3,326 3,957 3,228 3,484 3,301 3,777 | 425 631 838 564 489 816 635 636 | 736 811 1,212 1,369 1,326 1,213 2,185 2,301 | 8,716 8,495 | 4,006 6,531 8,180 7,960 6,780 7,957 | 315 364 226 53 570 86 | 5 9 4 | 401 1,271 486 664 260 1,875 1,227 364 |
| 1956—July | 1,972 1,493 1,581 1,892 1,829 1,955 | 484 436 355 414 389 390 | 109 | 379 213 336 646 311 427 | 3 40 (9) 58 75 23 | 1,106 693 890 773 1,123 1,114 | 901 551 681 485 451 915 | 588 250 514 315 179 401 | 313 302 167 170 272 514 | 16 50 33 139 45 16 | 189 92 176 150 627 183 | 654 838 | 550 816 660 1,048 | 10 | 50 14 13 14 11 | 26 25 35 11 21 |
| 1957—JanFeb MarApr May June | 2,432 2,123 3,248 2,362 1,785 72,401 1,877 | 496 386 1,327 390 394 362 400 | 72 125 60 | 685 569 503 763 539 7388 465 | 84 53 32 128 51 44 29 | 1,094 1,116 1,386 956 802 1,547 983 | 1,072 647 691 | 641 514 643 385 437 633 456 | 276 248 429 262 254 441 276 | 34 26 38 46 25 66 22 | 144 329 276 264 85 407 228 | 1,063 1,071 1,344 924 771 1,489 959 | 927 1,271 864 707 1,419 | 14 | 8 14 13 15 14 16 19 | 11 22 21 13 15 31 7 |
| | | Proposed uses of net proceeds, major groups of corporate issues | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| ' | | | Pr | oposed us | s of net p | roceeds, n | najor gr o u | ps of corp | orate issu | ers | | |
|------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|---|--|--|
| Year or month | Manufa | ecturing | Commer miscell | | Transpo | ortation | Public | utility | Commu | nication | Real and fir | |
| шони | New capital 10 | Retire- ment of secu- rities | New capital ¹⁰ | Retire- ment of secu- rities | New capital ¹⁰ | Retire- ment of secu- rities | New capital ¹⁰ | Retire- ment of secu- rities | New capital ¹⁰ | Retire- ment of secu- rities | New capital ¹⁰ | Retire- ment of secu- rities |
| 1949 | 2,846 3,712 2,128 2,044 | 44 149 221 261 90 190 533 243 | 310 474 462 512 502 831 769 682 | 28 63 56 24 40 93 51 | 784 609 437 758 553 501 544 694 | 11 196 53 225 36 270 338 20 | 2,043 1,927 2,326 2,539 2,905 2,675 2,254 2,474 | 233 682 85 88 67 990 174 | 517 314 600 747 871 651 1,045 | 49 81 5 6 3 60 77 21 | 558 639 449 448 1,536 788 1,812 1,815 | 35 100 66 60 24 273 56 17 |
| 1956—July | 333 196 206 314 147 526 | 8 16 10 7 19 5 | 95 83 36 31 110 33 | 16 1 21 4 2 | 36 37 63 37 45 148 | | 237 154 242 227 153 157 | (9) 1 4 (9) | 261 82 56 68 596 73 | (9) | 102 102 236 68 37 151 | 2 7 (9) (9) (9) (9) |
| 1957—Jan | 381 543 366 314 135 626 278 | 8 2 4 3 4 21 5 | 42 94 32 53 55 29 30 | 1 (9) 4 3 1 2 | 101 31 85 65 80 51 48 | 8 | 247 247 490 351 348 436 244 | (9) 14 16 5 8 | 105 46 281 47 82 137 50 | 1 (9) (9) | 187 108 91 93 72 210 309 | (9) 2 (9) |

r Revised.

1 Estimates of new issues sold for cash in the United States.

2 Gross proceeds are derived by multiplying principal amounts or number of units by offering price.

3 Includes guaranteed issues.

4 Issues not guaranteed.

5 Represents foreign governments, International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, and domestic eleemosynary and other nonprofit organizations.

⁶ Estimated net proceeds are equal to estimated gross proceeds less cost of flotation, i.e., compensation to underwriters, agents, etc., and expenses.

7 Represents proceeds for plant and equipment and working capital.

8 Represents proceeds for the retirement of mortgages and bank debt with original maturities of more than one year. Proceeds for retirement of short-term bank debt are included under the uses for which the bank debt was incurred.

9 Less than \$500,000.

10 Represents all issues other than those for retirement of securities.

SALES, PROFITS, AND DIVIDENDS OF LARGE CORPORATIONS

(In millions of dollars)

| | | | Annua | l totals | | | | - | Qu | arterly | totals | | |
|--|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|---|----------------------------|
| Industry | 1951 | 1952 | 1953 | 1954 | 1955 | 1956 | 1955 | | 19 | 56 | | 19 | 57 |
| | 1931 | 1932 | 1933 | 1934 | 1933 | 1936 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 2 |
| Manufacturing | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total (200 corps.): Sales | 52,940 | 54,517 | 63,343 | 58,110 | 69,876 | 71,901 | 18,139 | 18,131 | 18,457 | 16,119 | 19,193 | *19,754 | 19,370 |
| Sales Profits before taxes Profits after taxes Dividends. | 8,869 3,548 2,075 | 7,308 3,192 2,073 | 8,375 3,649 2,154 | 7,244 3,825 2,384 | 10,250 5,231 2,827 | 9,253 4,842 2,972 | 1.399 | 2,603 1,302 703 | 2,509 1,305 706 | 1,700 914 723 | 2,441 1,321 841 | r2,751 r1,420 r752 | 2,573 1,340 757 |
| Nondurable goods industries (94 corps.):1 Sales Profits before taxes. Profits after taxes. Dividends | 18,916 3,447 1,533 925 | 19,266 2,853 1,392 946 | 3,028 | 2,753 1,581 | 23,106 3,413 1,918 1,202 | 24,762 3,468 1,985 1,249 | 6,043 895 523 402 | 6,079 907 503 290 | 6,135 876 491 295 | 6,084 808 466 305 | 6,464 877 526 359 | 76,604 7941 7537 7315 | 6,509 869 503 318 |
| Durable goods industries (106 corps.):1 | 34 024 | 35 251 | 42 649 | 37 400 | 46 770 | 47,139 | 12,096 | 12,052 | 12,322 | 10,036 | 12,730 | ⁷ 13,150 | 12,861 |
| Profits before taxes. Profits after taxes. Dividends. | 5,422 2,015 1,149 | 4,455 1,800 1,127 | 5,346 2,123 1,182 | 4,491 2,244 1,320 | 6,836 3,313 1,625 | 5,784 2,857 1,724 | 1,717 876 613 | 1,696 799 413 | 1,633 815 411 | 892 448 418 | 1,564 794 482 | 71,810 7883 437 | 1,705 837 439 |
| Selected industries: Foods and kindred products (28 corps.): Sales | 4,909 | | | 5,476 | | 6,300 | 1,495 | | 1,569 | 1,561 | 1,640 | 1,618 | 1,640 |
| Profits before taxes. Profits after taxes. Dividends. | 473 227 159 | 453 203 154 | 465 212 154 | 462 224 156 | 244 | 561 275 166 | 128 66 50 | 126 58 37 | 149 71 38 | 141 71 41 | 145 74 50 | r133 r63 39 | 154 75 40 |
| Chemicals and allied products (26 corps.): Sales. Profits before taxes. Profits after taxes. | 5,882 1,490 521 | 5,965 1,259 486 | 6,373 1,308 520 | 6,182 1,153 593 | 7,222 1,535 782 | 7,726 1,500 776 | 1,891 400 210 | 1,879 388 196 | 1,957 380 195 | 1,889 342 178 | 2,001 389 207 | r2,045 395 197 | 2,045 393 201 |
| Dividends Petroleum refining (14 corps.): | 381 5,078 | 396 | 417 | 499 | 597 | 602 | 234 | 138 | 141 | 143 | 181 | 150 | 152 |
| Sales Profits before taxes Profits after taxes Dividends | 5,078 911 560 262 | 728 | 5,883 841 603 290 | 751 | 854 624 | 7,185 916 688 346 | 1,745 228 173 83 | 1.764 248 177 82 | 1,742 223 163 82 | 1,770 218 163 89 | 226 184 | 2,048 298 r220 91 | 1,941 217 172 91 |
| Primary metals and products (30 corns): | 12,507 2,098 778 | 11,564 1,147 | 13,750 1,817 | 11,522 1,357 | 14,952 2,377 1,195 | 16,062 2,366 1,233 | 4,030 674 | 690 | | 267 | 697 | r678 | 4,217 652 |
| Dividends | 382 | 369 | 377 | 407 | 522 | 606 | 182 | 141 | 137 | 145 140 | 378 188 | 344 157 | 327 15 7 |
| Sales. Profits before taxes. Profits after taxes. Dividends. | 6,168 1,000 365 192 | | 8,005 1,011 402 237 | 7,745 914 465 263 | 912 465 | 9,798 943 460 321 | 2,237 194 114 81 | 2,167 200 776 78 | 2,463 267 139 78 | 2,422 233 125 79 | 2,746 243 120 87 | 2,624 r296 r142 79 | 2,751 309 151 81 |
| Automobiles and equipment (15 corns.): | 12,707 1,950 717 | 13,038 1,982 709 | 16,611 2,078 758 | 14.137 | 18,826 3,023 | | | 4,578 | 4,195 509 242 | 3.347 | 4,215 470 | 4,993 ⁷ 713 ⁷ 337 | 4,522 603 292 |
| Dividends | 486 | 469 | 469 | 536 | 693 | 656 | 309 | 162 | 164 | 164 | 166 | 167 | 166 |
| Public Utility Railroad: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Operating revenue. Profits before taxes. Profits after taxes Dividends. | 10,391 1,260 693 328 | 10,581 1,438 825 338 | 10,664 1,436 903 412 | 9,371 908 682 379 | 10,106 1,341 927 448 | 10,551 1,267 874 445 | 2,640 353 264 176 | 252 163 | 2,704 343 237 116 | 2,590 298 208 70 | 266 | 2,575 247 161 124 | 2,660 264 182 111 |
| Electric power: Operating revenue Profits before taxes Profits after taxes Dividends. | 6,058 1,482 814 651 | 6,549 1,740 947 725 | 7,136 1,895 1,030 780 | 2,049 | 8,360 2,304 1,244 | 9,059 2,457 1,329 1,013 | | | 2,185 | | | 1 | 2,324 596 327 270 |
| Telephone: Operating revenue Profits before taxes Profits after taxes Dividends. | 3,729 691 341 318 | 4,136 787 384 | | i | 5,425 1,282 638 | 5,966 1,430 715 552 | | 1,439 339 169 | 1,480 352 176 | 1,495 359 180 | 1,552 380 | 1,560 7387 | 1,611 388 195 150 |

quarterly figures on operating revenue and profits before taxes are partly estimated by the Federal Reserve to include affiliated nonelectric operations

estimated by the Federal Reserve to include affiliated nonelectric operations.

Telephone. Revenues and profits are for telephone operations of the Bell System Consolidated (including the 20 operating subsidiaries and the Long Lines and General departments of American Telephone and Telegraph Company) and for two affiliated telephone companies, which together represent about 85 per cent of all telephone operations. Dividends are for the 20 operating subsidiaries and the two affiliates. Data are obtained from the Federal Communications Commission.

All series. Profits before taxes refer to income after all charges and before Federal income taxes and dividends. For detailed description of series, see pp. 662-666 of the BULLETIN for June 1949 (manufacturing); pp. 215-217 of the BULLETIN for March 1942 (public utilities); and p. 908 of the BULLETIN for September 1944 (electric power).

r Revised.

1 Includes 26 companies in groups not shown separately, as follows: textile mill products (10); paper and allied products (15); miscellaneous (1).

2 Includes 25 companies in groups not shown separately, as follows: building materials (12); transportation equipment other than automobile (6); and miscellaneous (7).

Norm Manufacturing corporations. Sales data are obtained from

⁽b); and miscelaneous (1).

Note.—Manufacturing corporations. Sales data are obtained from the Securities and Exchange Commission; other data from published company reports.

Railroads. Figures are for Class I line-haul railroads (which account for 95 per cent of all railroad operations) and are obtained from reports of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Electric power. Figures are for Class A and B electric utilities (which account for about 95 per cent of all electric power operations) and are obtained from reports of the Federal Power Commission, except that

CORPORATE PROFITS, TAXES, AND DIVIDENDS

[Department of Commerce estimates. In billions of dollars]

| Year or quarter | Profits before taxes | In- come taxes | Profits after taxes | Cash divi- dends | Undis- tributed profits |
|-----------------------|--|--|--|--|---|
| 1949 | 26.2 40.0 41.2 35.9 37.0 33.5 42.5 43.0 | 10.4 17.8 22.5 19.8 20.3 17.4 21.5 22.0 | 15.8 22.1 18.7 16.1 16.7 16.0 21.0 21.0 | 7.5 9.2 9.1 9.0 9.3 9.9 11.0 11.9 | 8.3 12.9 9.6 7.1 7.4 6.1 9.9 9.2 |
| 1955—4 | 46.1 | 23.4 | 22.7 | 12.0 | 10.7 |
| 1956—1 2 3 4 | 43.3 42.4 40.8 45.6 43.9 | 22.1 21.6 20.8 23.3 | 21.2 20.7 19.9 22.3 | 11.7 12.0 12.1 11.5 | 9.5 8.7 7.8 10.8 |

Note.—Quarterly data are at seasonally adjusted annual rates.

NET CHANGE IN OUTSTANDING CORPORATE SECURITIES¹

[Securities and Exchange Commission estimates. In millions of dollars]

| V | | All type | s | Bor | nds and r | otes | | Stocks | |
|--------------------|---|-------------------------|---|---|--|---|---|---|----------------|
| Year or quarter | New issues | Retire- ments | Net change | New issues | Retire- ments | Net change | New issues | Retire- ments | Net change |
| 1949 | 7,224 9,048 10,679 9,550 11,694 12,474 13,007 | 5,629 5,599 4,519 | 3,724 6,277 7,927 7,121 6,065 6,875 8,488 | 4,806 5,682 7,344 6,651 7,832 7,571 7,937 | 2,105 2,403 1,896 4,033 3,383 2,768 | 2,004 3,577 4,940 4,755 3,799 4,188 5,170 | 2,418 3,366 3,335 2,898 3,862 4,903 5,070 | 698 667 348 533 1,596 2,216 1,751 | 2,687 3,319 |
| 1956—2 3 4 | | | 1,880 2,345 2,479 | 2,182 | 650 | | 1,154 | 340 | 814 |
| 1957—1 | 3,666 3,739 | | 2,884 2,873 | | 553 626 | | | | 1,059 1,132 |

¹ Reflects cash transactions only. As contrasted with data shown on p. 1068, new issues exclude foreign and include offerings of open-end investment companies, sales of securities held by affiliated companies or RFC, special offerings to employees, and also new stock issues and cash proceeds connected with conversions of bonds into stocks. Retirements include the same types of issues, and also securities retired with internal funds or with proceeds of issues for that purpose shown on p. 1068.

CURRENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF CORPORATIONS¹

[Securities and Exchange Commission estimates. In billions of dollars]

| | | | | C | arrent asse | ets | | | Current liabilities | | | | | | |
|--|---------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|---|--|---|--|---|--|--|--|
| End of year or quarter | Net working capital | Total | Cash | U. S. Govt. | | nd accts. | Inven- | Other | Total | Notes at | nd accts. able | Federal income tax | Other | | |
| | | Total | Casii | securi- ties | U. S. Govt. ² | Other | tories | Other | Total | U. S. Govt. ² | Other | lia- bilities | Other | | |
| 949 950 951 952 953 954 | 90.1 91.8 91.8 | 133.1 161.5 179.1 186.2 190.6 194.6 214.6 | 26.5 28.1 30.0 30.8 31.1 33.4 34.0 | 16.8 19.7 20.7 19.9 21.5 19.2 23.3 | 43 1.1 2.7 2.8 2.6 2.4 2.3 | 55.7 58.8 64.6 65.9 71.2 81.6 | 45.3 55.1 64.9 65.8 67.2 65.3 70.0 | 1.4 1.7 2.1 2.4 2.4 3.1 3.5 | 60.7 79.8 92.6 96.1 98.9 102.8 115.7 | 37 .4 1.3 2.3 2.2 2.4 2.3 | .5 47.9 53.6 57.0 57.3 61.4 69.9 | 9.3 16.7 21.3 18.1 18.7 15.5 18.4 | 14.0 14.9 16.5 18.7 20.7 23.5 25.1 | | |
| 956—1 2 3 4 | 102.7 103.4 | 213.4 214.7 220.4 225.7 | 30.9 32.1 32.6 34.7 | 20.8 17.4 17.5 18.6 | 2.3 2.3 2.4 2.6 | 82.4 84.3 88.1 88.8 | 73.1 74.8 76.0 77.3 | 3.9 3.8 3.8 3.6 | 112.4 112.1 117.0 121.3 | 2.3 2.5 2.5 2.4 | 69.2 71.4 73.0 74.9 | 15.3 12.3 14.4 16.8 | 25.6 25.8 27.1 27.2 | | |
| 957—1 | 106.0 | 224.9 | 31.9 | 18.0 | 2.5 | 89.4 | 79.1 | 4.0 | 118.9 | 2.5 | 74.1 | 14.4 | 28.0 | | |

¹ Excludes banks and insurance companies.

BUSINESS EXPENDITURES ON NEW PLANT AND EQUIPMENT¹

[Department of Commerce and Securities and Exchange Commission estimates. In billions of dollars]

| Year | Tatal. | Manu- factur- | Min- | Transpo | ortation | Public utili- | Com- | 0.1 | 0 | Total | Manu- factur- ing | Trans- | Public utili- | All |
|------|------------------------------|--|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|---------------------------|--|----------------------------------|--|--|
| rear | Total | ing | ing | Rail- road | Other | ties | muni- cations | Other ² | Quarter | Total | and min- ing | porta- tion | ties | other 3 |
| 1949 | 26.5 28.3 26.8 28.7 | 7.1 7.5 10.9 11.6 11.9 11.0 11.4 15.0 16.2 | .8 .7 .9 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.2 | 1.4 1.1 1.5 1.4 1.3 .9 1.2 1.5 | .9 1.2 1.5 1.5 1.6 1.5 1.6 1.7 | 3.1 3.3 3.7 3.9 4.6 4.2 4.3 4.9 6.3 | 1.3 1.1 1.3 1.5 1.7 1.7 2.0 2.7 | 4.7 5.7 5.9 5.6 6.3 6.5 7.5 8.4 | 1956—1 2 3 4 1957—1 2 ^r 3 ⁴ ^r | 9.8 8.3 9.6 10.0 | 3.2 4.1 4.1 4.8 3.8 4.5 4.7 4.4 | .7 .7 .7 .8 .7 .8 | .9 1.2 1.3 1.5 1.5 1.2 1.5 1.8 1.7 | 2.6 2.9 2.7 2.8 2.6 2.7 2.5 2.3 |

 $^{^2\,\}rm Receivables$ from, and payables to, the U. S. Government exclude amounts offset against each other on corporations' books.

Revised.
 Corporate and noncorporate business, excluding agriculture.
 Includes trade, service, finance, and construction.

Includes communications and other.
 Anticipated by business.

MORTGAGE DEBT OUTSTANDING, BY TYPE OF PROPERTY MORTGAGED AND TYPE OF MORTGAGE HOLDER

[In billions of dollars]

| | | All pro | perties | | | | ; | Nonfarm | ı | | | | Farm | |
|---|---|---|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| End of year or quarter | All | Finan- | Oti hole | | All | 1- to 4 | l-family l | nouses | Mul comme | ti-family rcial prop | and perties 1 | Ail | Finan- | |
| 1941 | hold- ers cial insti- tutions | | Selected Federal agen- cies | Indi- viduals and others | hold- ers | Total | Finan- cial insti- tutions | Other hold- ers | Total | Finan- cial insti- tutions | Other hold- ers | hold- ers | cial insti- tutions | Other holders ² |
| 1941 1945 | 37.6 35.5 | 20.7 21.0 | 2.0 | 14.9 13.7 | 31.2 30.8 | 18.4 18.6 | 11.2 12.2 | 7.2 6.4 | 12.9 12.2 | 8.1 7.4 | 4.8 4.7 | 6.4 4.8 | 1.5 | 4.9 |
| 1949. 1950. 1951. 1952. 1953. 1954. 1955. 1956°. | 82.3 91.4 101.3 113.8 130.0 | 42.9 51.7 59.5 66.9 75.1 85.8 99.4 111.3 | 1.1 1.4 2.0 2.4 2.8 2.8 3.1 3.6 | 18.7 19.8 20.8 22.1 23.5 25.2 27.5 29.9 | 57.1 66.7 75.6 84.2 93.6 105.5 120.9 134.9 | 37.6 45.2 51.7 58.5 66.1 75.7 88.2 99.1 | 28.5 35.4 41.1 46.8 53.6 62.5 73.8 83.5 | 9.1 9.8 10.7 11.7 12.5 13.2 14.4 15.6 | 19.5 21.6 23.9 25.7 27.5 29.8 32.7 35.8 | 12.3 14.0 15.9 17.2 18.5 20.0 21.9 23.9 | 7.2 7.6 8.0 8.4 9.0 9.8 10.8 11.9 | 5.6 6.1 6.7 7.3 7.8 8.3 9.1 9.9 | 2.1 2.3 2.6 2.8 3.0 3.3 3.6 3.9 | 3.5 3.7 4.1 4.4 4.8 5.0 5.4 6.0 |
| 1955—Dec | 130.0 | 99.4 | 3.1 | 27.5 | 120.9 | 88.2 | 73.8 | 14.4 | 32.7 | 21.9 | 10.8 | 9.1 | 3.6 | 5.4 |
| 1956—Mar. ^p | 137.6 | 102.3 105.6 108.8 111.3 | 3.2 3.2 3.3 3.6 | 28.1 28.8 29.4 29.9 | 124.2 128.0 131.6 134.9 | 90.8 93.7 96.5 99.1 | 76.2 78.9 81.4 83.5 | 14.6 14.9 15.1 15.6 | 33.4 34.3 35.1 35.8 | 22.4 23.0 23.5 23.9 | 11.0 11.3 11.6 11.9 | 9.4 9.6 9.8 9.9 | 3.7 3.8 3.9 3.9 | 5.7 5.8 5.9 6.0 |
| 1957—Mar. ^p | 147.5 150.4 | 113.2 115.4 | 4.0 4.2 | 30.3 30.8 | 137.4 140.1 | 101.1 103.3 | 85.1 86.9 | 16.0 16.4 | 36.3 36.8 | 24.2 24.6 | 12.0 12.2 | 10.1 10.3 | 3.9 3.9 | 6.2 6.4 |

Note.—Figures for first three quarters of each year are Federal Reserve estimates. Financial institutions represent commercial banks (including nondeposit trust companies but not trust departments), mutual savings banks, life insurance companies, and savings and loan associations.

Federal agencies represent HOLC, FNMA, and VA (the bulk of the amounts through 1948 held by HOLC, since then by FNMA). Other Federal agencies (amounts small and separate data not readily available currently) are included with individuals and others.

Sources.—Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, Federal Home Loan Bank Board, Institute of Life Insurance, Departments of Agriculture and Commerce, Federal National Mortgage Association, Veterans Administration, Comptroller of the Currency, and Federal Reserve.

MORTGAGE LOANS HELD BY BANKS1

[In millions of dollars]

| | | C | Commerc | ial bank | holdings | 2 | | | Mı | utual sav | ings ban | k holding | gs ³ | |
|---|--|--|---|---|---|----------------------------------|--|--|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|--|--|
| End of year | | i | Resid | ential | | Other | | | | Resid | ential | | Other | |
| or quarter | Total | Total | FHA- in- sured | VA- guar- anteed | Con- ven- tional | non- farm | Farm | Total | Total | FHA- in- sured | VA- guar- anteed | Con- ven- tional | non- farm | Farm |
| 1941 1945 | 4,906 4,772 | 3,292 3,395 | | | | 1,048 856 | 566 521 | 4,812 4,208 | 3,884 3,387 | | | | 900 797 | 28 24 |
| 1949. 1950. 1951. 1952. 1953. 1954. 1955. | 13,664 14,732 15,867 16,850 18,573 21,004 | 10,431 11,270 12,188 12,925 14,152 15,888 | 3,421 3,675 3,912 4,106 4,560 | 2,921 3,012 3,061 3,350 3,711 | 4,929 5,501 5,951 6,695 7,617 | 2,621 2,843 3,263 3,819 | 968 1,004 1,058 1,082 1,159 1,297 | 8,261 9,916 11,379 12,943 15,007 17,457 | 9,883 11,334 13,211 15,568 | 2,567 3,168 3,489 3,800 | | 4,303 4,477 4,792 5,149 5,645 | 1,099 1,164 1,274 1,444 1,556 1,740 1,831 1,984 | 37 44 47 53 53 56 58 59 |
| 1955—Dec | 21,004 | 15,888 | 4,560 | 3,711 | 7,617 | 3,819 | 1,297 | 17,457 | 15,568 | 4,150 | 5,773 | 5,645 | 1,831 | 58 |
| 1956—Mar | 21,450 21,990 22,500 22,719 | 16,180 16,500 16,860 17,004 | 4,668 4,760 | 3,837 3,890 | 7,995 8,210 | 4,137 4,282 | 1,320 1,353 1,358 1,336 | 18,610 19,225 | 17,218 | 4,274 4,350 | 6,155 6,506 6,840 7,139 | 5,864 6,028 | 1,944 | 62 68 63 59 |
| 1957—Mar. ^p | 22,670 22,740 | 16,905 16,895 | 4,775 4,735 | | | 4,430 4,500 | | 20,105 20,475 | | | 7,330 7,525 | 6,250 6,350 | | |

based on Federal Reserve preliminary tabulation of a revised series of banking statistics. March and September figures are Federal Reserve estimates based in part on data from National Association of Mutual Savings Banks.

Sources.—All-bank series prepared by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation from data supplied by Federal and State bank supervisory agencies, Comptroller of the Currency, and Federal Reserve.

Preliminary.
 Derived figures, which include negligible amount of farm loans held by savings and loan associations.
 Derived figures, which include debt held by Federal land banks and Farmers Home Administration.

P Preliminary.
 Represents all banks in the United States and possessions.
 Includes loans held by nondeposit trust companies but excludes holdings of trust departments of commercial banks. March and September figures are Federal Reserve estimates based on data from Member Bank Call Report and from weekly reporting member banks.
 Figures for 1941 and 1945, except for the grand total, are estimates

MORTGAGE ACTIVITY OF LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES

[In millions of dollars]

| - | | | Loans a | acquired | ,- | | Loans outstanding (end of period) | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| Year or month | | | Non | farm | | | | | Non | farm | | | | |
| | Total | Total | FHA- insured | VA- guar- anteed | Other | Farm | Total | Total | FHA- insured | VA- guar- anteed | Other | Farm | | |
| 1941 1945 | 976 | | | | | | 6,442 6,636 | 5,529 5,860 | 815 1,394 | | 4,714 4,466 | 913 776 | | |
| 1949. 1950. 1951. 1952. 1953. 1954. 1955. 1956. | 3,430 4,894 5,134 3,978 4,345 5,344 6,623 6,715 | 3,123 4,532 4,723 3,606 3,925 4,931 6,108 6,201 | 1,350 1,486 1,058 864 817 672 971 842 | 131 938 1,294 429 455 1,378 1,839 1,652 | 1,642 2,108 2,371 2,313 2,653 2,881 3,298 3,707 | 307 362 411 372 420 413 515 514 | 12,906 16,102 19,314 21,251 23,322 25,976 29,445 32,989 | 11,768 14,775 17,787 19,546 21,436 23,928 27,172 30,508 | 3,454 4,573 5,257 5,681 6,012 6,116 6,395 6,627 | 1,224 2,026 3,131 3,347 3,560 4,643 6,074 7,304 | 7,090 8,176 9,399 10,518 11,864 13,169 14,703 16,577 | 1,138 1,327 1,527 1,705 1,886 2,048 2,273 2,481 | | |
| 1956—July | 567 546 454 557 562 554 | 533 508 430 527 529 517 | 84 64 51 69 60 55 | 138 131 102 136 120 133 | 311 313 277 322 349 329 | 34 38 24 30 33 37 | 31,612 31,897 32,111 32,399 32,709 33,017 | 29,188 29,454 29,656 29,938 30,243 30,546 | 6,608 6,621 6,614 6,632 6,649 6,654 | 6,872 6,957 7,044 7,131 7,214 7,318 | 15,708 15,876 15,998 16,175 16,380 16,574 | 2,424 2,443 2,455 2,461 2,466 2,471 | | |
| 1957—Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May. June. July | 553 402 429 454 426 367 432 | 512 356 376 419 391 338 404 | 51 43 43 49 44 48 53 | 141 98 73 93 94 53 64 | 320 215 260 277 253 237 287 | 41 46 53 35 35 29 28 | 33,279 33,479 33,672 33,840 34,022 34,159 34,356 | 30,810 31,001 31,179 31,334 31,498 31,620 31,794 | 6,658 6,671 6,666 6,671 6,673 6,670 6,671 | 7,420 7,493 7,556 7,603 7,656 7,677 7,702 | 16,732 16,837 16,957 17,060 17,169 17,273 17,421 | 2,469 2,478 2,493 2,506 2,524 2,539 2,562 | | |

Note.—For loans acquired, the monthly figures may not add to annual totals, and for loans outstanding, the end-of-December figures may differ from end-of-year figures, because monthly figures represent book value of ledger assets whereas year-end figures represent annual statement asset

values, and because data for year-end adjustments are more complete. Source.—Institute of Life Insurance; end-of-year figures are from Life Insurance Fact Book, and end-of-month figures from the Tally of Life Insurance Statistics and Life Insurance News Data.

MORTGAGE ACTIVITY OF SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS [In millions of dollars]

| | L | oans mad | ie | Loans o | utstandi | ng (end o | f period) |
|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Year or month | Total ¹ | New con- struc- tion | Home pur- chase | Total ² | FHA- in- sured | VA- guar- anteed | Con- ven- tional ² |
| 1941 1945 | 1,379 1,913 | 437 181 | 581 1,358 | | | | |
| 1949 | 3,636 5,237 5,250 6,617 7,767 8,969 11,432 10,545 | 1,083 1,767 1,657 2,105 2,475 3,076 4,041 3,771 | 1,559 2,246 2,357 2,955 3,488 3,846 5,241 4,727 | 21,962 | 848 866 904 1,048 1,172 1,405 | 2,586 2,973 3,133 3,394 3,979 4,721 5,891 6,664 | 8,313 9,836 11,565 14,098 16,935 20,301 24,165 27,714 |
| 1956 | | : | | | | | |
| July | 949 1,037 850 922 784 710 | 341 358 292 323 277 250 | 439 483 397 422 360 320 | 34,134 34,586 34,939 35,305 35,596 35,870 | 1,470 1,476 1,481 1,487 | 6,377 6,464 6,530 6,567 6,622 6,664 | 26,294 26,652 26,933 27,257 27,487 27,714 |
| 1957 | | | | | | | |
| JanFebMarAprMayJuneJuly | 714 709 842 899 968 925 969 | 245 243 298 317 360 319 318 | 326 318 366 391 412 415 462 | 36,102 36,371 36,734 37,136 37,595 38,048 38,442 | 1,501 1,509 1,519 1,530 | 6,699 6,739 6,786 6,828 6,872 6,913 6,968 | 28,789 29,193 |

Includes loans for other purposes (for repair, additions and alterations, refinancing, etc.) not shown separately.
 Excludes shares pledged against mortgage loans.

NONFARM MORTGAGE RECORDINGS OF \$20,000 OR LESS [In millions of dollars]

| | То | tal | (with | By type out season | of lender nal adjusti | nent) |
|--|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| Year or month | Season- ally ad- justed 1 | Without seasonal adjust- ment ² | Sav- ings & loan assns. | Insur- ance com- panies | Com- mer- cial banks | Mutual sav- ings banks |
| 1941 1945 | | 4,732 5,650 | 1,490 2,017 | 404 250 | 1,165 1,097 | 218 217 |
| 1949 | | 11,828 16,179 16,405 18,018 19,747 22,974 28,484 27,088 | 3,646 5,060 5,295 6,452 7,365 8,312 10,452 9,532 | 1,046 1,618 1,615 1,420 1,480 1,768 1,932 1,799 | 2,446 3,365 3,370 3,600 3,680 4,239 5,617 5,458 | 750 1,064 1,013 1,137 1,327 1,501 1,858 1,824 |
| 1956 July | 2,329 2,266 2,250 2,174 2,119 2,094 | 2,374 2,544 2,185 2,425 2,108 1,951 | 851 921 779 848 717 660 | 159 163 139 154 136 138 | 464 508 441 475 408 366 | 168 181 163 183 152 148 |
| Jan. Feb Mar. Apr May June. July | 2,056 2,050 2,011 2,042 2,031 2,046 | 1,942 1,749 1,937 2,044 2,144 2,028 2,211 | 659 644 744 798 840 795 852 | 134 105 115 116 125 119 130 | 353 308 334 357 374 363 390 | 117 96 99 110 121 126 142 |

¹ Three-month moving average, seasonally adjusted by Federal Re-

Source.-Federal Home Loan Bank Board.

serve.

2 Includes amounts for other lenders, not shown separately. Source.-Federal Home Loan Bank Board.

GOVERNMENT-UNDERWRITTEN RESIDENTIAL LOANS MADE

[In millions of dollars]

| | | FHA | -insured | loans | | VA-guaranteed loans | | | |
|--|--|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Year or month | | Ho mort | me gages | Proj- | Prop- erty | | | me gages | |
| | Total | New prop- erties | Ex- isting prop- erties | type mort- gages l | im- prove- ment loans ² | Total ³ | New prop- erties | Ex- isting prop- erties | |
| 1945 | 665 | 257 | 217 | 20 | 171 | 192 | | | |
| 1949. 1950. 1951. 1952. 1953. 1954. 1955. 1956. | 3,826 4,343 3,220 3,113 3,882 3,066 3,807 3,461 | 1,319 1,637 1,216 969 1,259 1,035 1,269 1,133 | 892 856 713 974 1,030 907 1,816 1,505 | 1,021 1,157 582 322 259 232 76 130 | 594 694 708 848 1,334 891 646 692 | 1,426 3,072 3,614 2,719 3,064 4,257 7,156 5,868 | 793 1,865 2,667 1,823 2,044 2,686 4,582 3,910 | 628 1,202 942 890 1,014 1,566 2,564 1,948 | |
| 1956—July | 279 312 278 341 279 249 | 83 97 82 96 89 76 | 125 141 122 134 124 98 | 10 8 15 26 4 27 | 61 67 59 86 62 48 | 465 505 508 501 462 472 | 291 320 321 331 315 321 | 174 184 186 169 146 150 | |
| 1957—Jan | 300 266 317 264 292 247 333 | 87 74 75 68 60 60 67 | 107 85 86 90 94 104 124 | 29 50 96 41 80 18 76 | 77 56 60 66 58 65 65 | 555 431 380 350 286 276 268 | 393 316 285 271 218 213 206 | 162 113 94 78 68 62 62 | |

MORTGAGE DEBT OUTSTANDING ON NONFARM 1- TO 4-FAMILY PROPERTIES

[In billions of dollars]

| End of year or quarter | Total | Gc un | Con- ven- tional | | |
|--|--|--|---|---|--|
| | | Total | FHA- in- sured | VA- guar- anteed | |
| 1945 | 18.6 | 4.3 | 4.1 | .2 | 14.3 |
| 1949 | 37.6 45.2 51.7 58.5 66.1 75.7 88.2 99.1 | 15.0 18.9 22.9 25.4 28.1 32.1 38.9 43.9 | 6.9 8.6 9.7 10.8 12.0 12.8 14.3 15.5 | 8.1 10.3 13.2 14.6 16.1 19.3 24.6 28.4 | 22.6 26.3 28.8 33.1 38.0 43.6 49.3 55.2 |
| 1955—Dec | 88.2 | 38.9 | 14.3 | 24.6 | 49.3 |
| 1956—Mar. p June p Sept. p Dec. p | 90.8 93.7 96.5 99.1 | 40.2 41.3 42.4 43.9 | 14.7 15.0 15.2 15.5 | 25.5 26.3 27.2 28.4 | 50.6 52.4 54.1 55.2 |
| 1957—Mar.* June* | | 45.1 45.9 | 15.7 15.9 | 29.4 30.0 | 56.0 57.4 |

^p Preliminary.

FEDERAL NATIONAL MORTGAGE ASSOCIATION ACTIVITY¹

[In millions of dollars]

| | Mort | gage hol | dings | transa (du | gage ctions ring | Com- mit- |
|--|--|--|--|--|---|---|
| End of year or month | Total | FHA- in- sured | VA- guar- anteed | Pur- chases | Sales | ments un- dis- bursed |
| 1949. 1950. 1951. 1952. 1953. 1954. 1955. 1956. 1956.—Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. 1957—Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May. June. July. | 828 1,347 1,850 2,242 2,462 2,434 2,615 3,047 2,758 2,781 2,838 2,953 3,047 3,182 3,295 3,491 3,551 3,654 | 403 169 204 320 621 802 901 978 919 920 934 957 978 1,009 1,026 1,053 1,074 1,087 1,108 1,112 | 425 1,177 1,642 1,922 1,841 1,632 1,714 2,069 1,861 1,904 1,996 2,069 2,173 2,269 2,356 2,417 2,417 2,417 | 672 1,044 677 538 614 411 609 46 40 69 129 109 147 129 127 75 69 83 | 20 469 111 56 221 525 62 5 1 1 | 824 485 239 323 638 476 76 360 92 130 2317 360 411 436 483 518 525 626 |

¹ Operations beginning Nov. 1, 1954, are on the basis of FNMA's new charter, under which it maintains three separate programs: secondary market, special assistance, and management and liquidation.

Source.-Federal National Mortgage Association.

FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANK LENDING

[In millions of dollars]

| Year or month | Ad- | Repay- | | ces outst d of peri | |
|--|---|--|---|---|---|
| Tour or month | vances | ments | Total | Short- term 1 | Long- term ² |
| 1945 | 278 | 213 | 195 | 176 | 19 |
| 1949. 1950. 1951. 1952. 1953. 1954. 1955. 1956. 1956—Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. | 256 675 423 586 728 734 1,251 745 66 72 67 59 121 | 337 292 433 528 640 818 702 934 57 46 61 54 | 433 816 806 864 952 867 1,417 1,228 1,116 1,142 1,148 1,153 1,228 | 231 547 508 565 634 612 991 798 713 741 752 756 798 | 202 269 298 299 317 255 426 430 403 401 397 397 430 |
| 1957—Jan Feb Mar Apr May June July Aug | 77 30 68 73 73 135 131 83 | 267 91 83 62 52 48 171 50 | 1,038 976 961 971 993 1,079 1,040 | 660 601 563 544 559 614 638 663 | 378 375 398 427 434 465 402 409 |

Secured or unsecured loans maturing in one year or less.
 Secured loans, amortized quarterly, having maturities of more than one year but not more than ten years.

¹ Monthly figures do not reflect mortgage amendments included in annual totals.
² These loans are not ordinarily secured by mortgages.
³ Includes a small amount of alteration and repair loans, not shown separately; only such loans in amounts of more than \$1,000 need be secured.
NOTE.—FHA-insured loans represent gross amount of insurance written; VA-guaranteed loans, gross amount of loans closed. Figures do not take account of principal repayments on previously insured or guaranteed loans. For VA-guaranteed loans, amounts by type are derived from data on number and average amount of loans closed.
Sources.—Federal Housing Administration and Veterans Administration.

Note.—For total debt outstanding, figures for first three quarters of year are Federal Reserve estimates. For conventional, figures are derived.

Sources.—Federal Home Loan Bank Board, Federal Housing Administration, Veterans Administration, and Federal Reserve.

Source.-Federal Home Loan Bank Board.

CONSUMER CREDIT, BY MAJOR PARTS

[Estimated amounts of short- and intermediate-term credit outstanding, in millions of dollars]

| | | | In | stalment cre | dit | | | Noninstalı | ment credit | |
|--|--------|--------|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|-------------------|--------|-----------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| End of year or month | Total | Total | Auto- mobile paper 1 | Other consumer goods paper 1 | Repair and mod- ernization loans ² | Personal loans | Total | Single- payment loans | Charge accounts | Service credit |
| 1939 | 7,222 | 4,503 | 1,497 | 1,620 | 298 | 1,088 | 2,719 | 787 | 1,414 | 518 |
| 1941 | 9,172 | 6,085 | 2,458 | 1,929 | 376 | 1,322 | 3,087 | 845 | 1,645 | 597 |
| 1945 | 5,665 | 2,462 | 455 | 816 | 182 | 1,009 | 3,203 | 746 | 1,612 | 845 |
| 1949 | 17,305 | 11,590 | 4,555 | 3,706 | 898 | 2,431 | 5,715 | 1,532 | 2,795 | 1,388 |
| | 21,395 | 14,703 | 6,074 | 4,799 | 1,016 | 2,814 | 6,692 | 1,821 | 3,291 | 1,580 |
| | 22,617 | 15,294 | 5,972 | 4,880 | 1,085 | 3,357 | 7,323 | 1,934 | 3,605 | 1,784 |
| | 27,401 | 19,403 | 7,733 | 6,174 | 1,385 | 4,111 | 7,998 | 2,120 | 4,011 | 1,867 |
| | 31,243 | 23,005 | 9,835 | 6,779 | 1,610 | 4,781 | 8,238 | 2,187 | 4,124 | 1,927 |
| | 32,292 | 23,568 | 9,809 | 6,751 | 1,616 | 5,392 | 8,724 | 2,408 | 4,308 | 2,008 |
| | 38,648 | 29,020 | 13,468 | 7,626 | 1,670 | 6,256 | 9,628 | 2,992 | 4,544 | 2,092 |
| | 41,863 | 31,552 | 14,436 | 8,139 | 1,793 | 7,184 | 10,311 | 3,421 | 4,702 | 2,188 |
| 1956—July | 39,478 | 30,297 | 14,381 | 7,421 | 1,710 | 6,785 | 9,181 | 3,261 | 3,674 | 2,246 |
| | 39,878 | 30,644 | 14,530 | 7,493 | 1,734 | 6,887 | 9,234 | 3,295 | 3,696 | 2,243 |
| | 40,074 | 30,707 | 14,533 | 7,497 | 1,758 | 6,919 | 9,367 | 3,361 | 3,780 | 2,226 |
| | 40,196 | 30,811 | 14,478 | 7,601 | 1,781 | 6,951 | 9,385 | 3,310 | 3,875 | 2,200 |
| | 40,631 | 31,024 | 14,449 | 7,752 | 1,797 | 7,026 | 9,607 | 3,401 | 4,029 | 2,177 |
| | 41,863 | 31,552 | 14,436 | 8,139 | 1,793 | 7,184 | 10,311 | 3,421 | 4,702 | 2,188 |
| 1957—Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May June July | 40,916 | 31,298 | 14,389 | 7,938 | 1,772 | 7,199 | 9,618 | 3,360 | 4,085 | 2,173 |
| | 40,513 | 31,233 | 14,410 | 7,805 | 1,759 | 7,259 | 9,280 | 3,433 | 3,662 | 2,185 |
| | 40,503 | 31,273 | 14,501 | 7,698 | 1,754 | 7,320 | 9,230 | 3,527 | 3,500 | 2,203 |
| | 41,015 | 31,532 | 14,659 | 7,671 | 1,760 | 7,442 | 9,483 | 3,536 | 3,687 | 2,260 |
| | 41,707 | 31,901 | 14,852 | 7,731 | 1,783 | 7,535 | 9,806 | 3,741 | 3,785 | 2,280 |
| | 42,245 | 32,344 | 15,092 | 7,806 | 1,801 | 7,645 | 9,901 | 3,702 | 3,903 | 2,296 |
| | 42,365 | 32,699 | 15,295 | 7,818 | 1,816 | 7,770 | 9,666 | 3,580 | 3,767 | 2,319 |

¹ Represents all consumer instalment credit extended for the purpose of purchasing automobiles and other consumer goods, whether held by retail outlets or financial institutions. Includes credit on purchases by individuals of automobiles or other consumer goods that may be used in part for business.

² Represents repair and modernization loans held by financial institutions; holdings of retail outlets are included in other consumer goods paper.

Note.—Monthly figures for the period December 1939 through 1947 and a general description of the series are shown on pp. 336-354 of the BULLETIN for April 1953. Revised monthly figures for the period January 1948-August 1956, together with a description of the revision, are shown on pp. 1031-1042 of the BULLETIN for October 1956. A detailed description of the methods used to derive the estimates may be obtained from Division of Research and Statistics.

INSTALMENT CREDIT, BY HOLDER

[Estimated amounts outstanding, in millions of dollars]

| End of year or month | Total instal- ment credit | Financial institutions | | | | | | Retail outlets | | | | | |
|-------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | Total | Com- mercial banks | Sales finance com- panies | Credit unions | Con- sumer finance com- panies ¹ | Other 1 | Total | Depart- ment stores ² | Furni- ture stores | House- hold appli- ance stores | Auto- mobile dealers ³ | Other |
| 1939 1941 1945 | 4,503 6,085 2,462 | 3,065 4,480 1,776 | 1,079 1,726 745 | 1,197 1,797 300 | 132 198 102 | | 657 759 629 | 1,438 1,605 686 | 354 320 131 | 439 496 240 | 183 206 17 | 123 188 28 | 339 395 270 |
| 1949 | 11,590 14,703 15,294 19,403 23,005 23,568 29,020 31,552 | 9,257 11,805 12,124 15,581 18,963 19,450 24,441 27,038 | 4,439 5,798 5,771 7,524 8,998 8,796 10,601 11,682 | 2,944 3,711 3,654 4,711 5,927 6,144 8,443 9,100 | 438 590 635 837 1,124 1,342 1,680 2,048 | 1,286 1,555 1,866 2,137 2,257 2,656 3,049 | 1,436 420 509 643 777 911 1,061 1,159 | 2,333 2,898 3,170 3,822 4,042 4,118 4,579 4,514 | 596 746 924 1,107 1,064 1,242 1,511 1,407 | 740 827 810 943 1,004 984 1,052 1,020 | 178 267 243 301 377 377 381 378 | 236 287 290 389 527 463 535 572 | 583 771 903 1,082 1,070 1,052 1,100 1,137 |
| 1956—July | 30 644 | 26,193 26,475 26,551 26,635 26,846 27,038 | 11,476 11,548 11,548 11,606 11,634 11,682 | 8,849 8,953 8,989 8,973 9,075 9,100 | 1,880 1,933 1,960 1,994 2,021 2,048 | 2,880 2,920 2,924 2,938 2,961 3,049 | 1,108 1,121 1,130 1,124 1,155 1,159 | 4,104 4,169 4,156 4,176 4,178 4,514 | 1,239 1,286 1,269 1,269 1,230 1,407 | 967 973 970 974 988 1,020 | 359 365 368 368 373 378 | 568 575 576 574 573 572 | 971 970 973 991 1,014 1,137 |
| 1957—Jan | 31,532 31,901 32,344 | 26,931 26,967 27,101 27,493 27,810 28,205 28,675 | 11,616 11,641 11,711 11,960 12,123 12,300 12,492 | 9,077 9,035 9,048 9,104 9,176 9,300 9,476 | 2,045 2,074 2,108 2,154 2,194 2,255 2,311 | 3,041 3,051 3,056 3,095 3,110 3,142 3,194 | 1,152 1,166 1,178 1,180 1,207 1,208 1,202 | 4,367 4,266 4,172 4,039 4,091 4,139 4,024 | 1,380 1,345 1,298 1,170 1,222 1,243 1,137 | 975 957 936 922 923 923 917 | 364 362 357 354 356 360 362 | 568 568 570 575 581 590 598 | 1,080 1,034 1,011 1,018 1,009 1,023 1,010 |

Consumer finance companies included with "other" financial institutions until September 1950.
 Includes mail-order houses.

³ Represents automobile paper only; other instalment credit held by automobile dealers is included with "other" retail outlets.

INSTALMENT CREDIT HELD BY COMMERICAL BANKS, BY TYPE OF CREDIT

[Estimated amounts outstanding, in millions of dollars]

| End of year | Total instal- | Autor pa | | Other con- sumer | Repair and mod- | Per- |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| or month | ment credit | Pur- chased | Direct | goods paper | erniza- tion loans | loans |
| 1939 1941 1945 | 1,079 1,726 745 | 237 447 66 | 178 338 143 | 166 309 114 | 135 161 110 | 363 471 312 |
| 1949. 1950. 1951. 1952. 1953. 1954. 1955. 1956. | 4,439 5,798 5,771 7,524 8,998 8,796 10,601 11,682 | 849 1,177 1,135 1,633 2,215 2,269 3,243 3,579 | 946 1,294 1,311 1,629 1,867 1,668 2,062 2,181 | 1.016 1,456 1,315 1,751 2,078 1,880 2,042 2,388 | 715 834 888 1,137 1,317 1,303 1,338 1,429 | 913 1,037 1,122 1,374 1,521 1,676 1,916 2,105 |
| 1956—July | 11,548 11,548 11,606 11,634 | 3,560 3,598 3,591 3,584 3,578 3,579 | 2,210 2,218 2,199 2,180 2,177 2,181 | 2,276 2,266 2,271 2,335 2,364 2,388 | 1,367 1,384 1,403 1,421 1,430 1,429 | 2,063 2,082 2,084 2,086 2,085 2,105 |
| 1957—Jan | 11,641 11,711 11,960 12,123 12,300 | 3,584 3,611 3,649 3,713 3,775 3,843 3,899 | 2,198 2,216 2,258 2,313 2,361 2,399 2,431 | 2,306 2,290 2,275 2,359 2,364 2,388 2,451 | 1,413 1,399 1,392 1,397 1,410 1,426 1,440 | 2,115 2,125 2,137 2,178 2,213 2,244 2,271 |

INSTALMENT CREDIT HELD BY FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS OTHER THAN COMMERICAL BANKS AND SALES FINANCE COMPANIES, BY TYPE OF CREDIT

[Estimated amounts outstanding, in millions of dollars]

| End of year or month | Total instal- ment credit | Auto- mobile paper | Other con- sumer goods paper | Repair and modern- ization loans | Per- sonal loans |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------|--|--|------------------------|
| 1939 | 789 | 81 | 24 | 15 | 669 |
| 1941 | 957 | 122 | 36 | 14 | 785 |
| 1945 | 731 | 54 | 20 | 14 | 643 |
| 1949 | 1,874 | 259 | 146 | 93 | 1,376 |
| | 2,296 | 360 | 200 | 121 | 1,615 |
| | 2,699 | 373 | 233 | 134 | 1,959 |
| | 3,346 | 452 | 310 | 188 | 2,396 |
| | 4,038 | 538 | 370 | 247 | 2,883 |
| | 4,510 | 539 | 375 | 282 | 3,314 |
| | 5,397 | 709 | 506 | 307 | 3.875 |
| | 6,256 | 821 | 582 | 341 | 4,512 |
| 1956—July | 5,868 | 779 | 560 | 319 | 4,210 |
| | 5,974 | 795 | 572 | 326 | 4,281 |
| | 6,014 | 801 | 575 | 332 | 4,306 |
| | 6,056 | 807 | 581 | 336 | 4,332 |
| | 6,137 | 816 | 581 | 343 | 4,397 |
| | 6,256 | 821 | 582 | 341 | 4,512 |
| 1957—Jan | 6,238 | 817 | 572 | 336 | 4,513 |
| | 6,291 | 825 | 570 | 337 | 4,559 |
| | 6,342 | 834 | 566 | 340 | 4,602 |
| | 6,429 | 846 | 569 | 341 | 4,673 |
| | 6,511 | 863 | 572 | 351 | 4,725 |
| | 6,605 | 884 | 573 | 353 | 4,795 |
| | 6,707 | 901 | 572 | 354 | 4,880 |

Note.—Institutions represented are consumer finance companies, credit unions, industrial loan companies, mutual savings banks, savings and loan associations, and other lending institutions holding consumer instalment loans.

INSTALMENT CREDIT HELD BY SALES FINANCE COMPANIES, BY TYPE OF CREDIT

[Estimated amounts outstanding, in millions of dollars]

| End of year or month | Total instal- ment credit | Auto- mobile paper | Other con- sumer goods paper | Repair and modern- ization loans | Per- sonal loans |
|-------------------------------|---|---|---|--|---|
| 1939 | 1,197 | 878 | 115 | 148 | 56 |
| 1941 | 1,797 | 1,363 | 167 | 201 | 66 |
| 1945 | 300 | 164 | 24 | 58 | 54 |
| 1949 | 2,944 | 2,265 | 447 | 90 | 142 |
| | 3,711 | 2,956 | 532 | 61 | 162 |
| | 3,654 | 2,863 | 452 | 63 | 276 |
| | 4,711 | 3,630 | 680 | 60 | 341 |
| | 5,927 | 4,688 | 816 | 46 | 377 |
| | 6,144 | 4,870 | 841 | 31 | 402 |
| | 8,443 | 6,919 | 1,034 | 25 | 465 |
| | 9,100 | 7,283 | 1,227 | 23 | 567 |
| 1956—July | 8,849 | 7,264 | 1,049 | 24 | 512 |
| | 8,953 | 7,344 | 1,061 | 24 | 524 |
| | 8,989 | 7,366 | 1,071 | 23 | 529 |
| | 8,973 | 7,333 | 1,083 | 24 | 533 |
| | 9,075 | 7,305 | 1,202 | 24 | 544 |
| | 9,100 | 7,283 | 1,227 | 23 | 567 |
| 1957—JanFebMarAprMayJuneJuly. | 9,077 9,035 9,048 9,104 9,176 9,300 9,476 | 7,222 7,190 7,190 7,212 7,272 7,376 7,466 | 1,261 1,247 1,255 1,279 1,285 1,296 1,369 | 23 23 22 22 22 22 22 22 | 571 575 581 591 597 606 619 |

NONINSTALMENT CREDIT, BY HOLDER

[Estimated amounts outstanding, in millions of dollars]

| End of year | Total non- instal- | Fina institu (single ment | e-pay- | out (cha | tail lets arge unts) | Service |
|-------------|------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------|
| or month | ment credit Commercial banks | | Other | De- part- ment stores 1 | Other | credit |
| 1939 | 2,719 | 625 | 162 | 236 | 1,178 | 518 |
| 1941 | 3,087 | 693 | 152 | 275 | 1,370 | 597 |
| 1945 | 3,203 | 674 | 72 | 290 | 1,322 | 845 |
| 1949. | 5,715 | 1,334 | 198 | 587 | 2,208 | 1,388 |
| 1950. | 6,692 | 1,576 | 245 | 650 | 2,641 | 1,580 |
| 1951. | 7,323 | 1,684 | 250 | 698 | 2,907 | 1,784 |
| 1952. | 7,998 | 1,844 | 276 | 728 | 3,283 | 1,867 |
| 1953. | 8,238 | 1,899 | 288 | 772 | 3,352 | 1,927 |
| 1954. | 8,724 | 2,096 | 312 | 793 | 3,515 | 2,008 |
| 1955. | 9,628 | 2,635 | 357 | 862 | 3,682 | 2,092 |
| 1956. | 10,311 | 2,975 | 446 | 895 | 3,807 | 2,188 |
| 1956—July | 9,181 | 2,885 | 376 | 523 | 3,151 | 2,246 |
| | 9,234 | 2,894 | 401 | 531 | 3,165 | 2,243 |
| | 9,367 | 2,926 | 435 | 588 | 3,192 | 2,226 |
| | 9,385 | 2,897 | 413 | 612 | 3,263 | 2,200 |
| | 9,607 | 2,894 | 507 | 672 | 3,357 | 2,177 |
| | 10,311 | 2,975 | 446 | 895 | 3,807 | 2,188 |
| 1957—Jan | 9,618 | 2,960 | 400 | 728 | 3,357 | 2,173 |
| | 9,280 | 2,983 | 450 | 617 | 3,045 | 2,185 |
| | 9,230 | 3,007 | 520 | 571 | 2,929 | 2,203 |
| | 9,483 | 3,055 | 481 | 597 | 3,090 | 2,260 |
| | 9,806 | 3,135 | 606 | 599 | 3,186 | 2,280 |
| | 9,901 | 3,176 | 526 | 585 | 3,318 | 2,296 |
| | 9,666 | 3,141 | 439 | 538 | 3,229 | 2,319 |

¹ Includes mail-order houses.

INSTALMENT CREDIT EXTENDED AND REPAID, BY TYPE OF CREDIT

[Estimates of short- and intermediate-term credit, in millions of dollars. The terms "adjusted" and "unadjusted" refer to adjustment of monthly figures for seasonal variation and differences in trading days]

| | To | tal | Automol | oile paper | | onsumer paper | Repai moderniza | | Persona | l loans |
|--|---|--|---|---|---|--|---|--|---|--|
| Year or month | Adjusted | Unad- justed | Adjusted | Unad- justed | Adjusted | Unad- justed | Adjusted | Unad- justed | Adjusted | Unad- justed |
| | | | • | | Exten | sions | | | | |
| 1949. 1950. 1951. 1952. 1953. 1954. 1955. 1956. | | 18,108 21,558 23,576 29,514 31,558 31,051 39,128 39,602 | | 6,967 8,530 8,956 11,764 12,981 11,807 16,743 15,533 | | 5,865 7,150 7,485 9,186 9,227 9,117 10,615 11,015 | | 734 835 841 1,217 1,344 1,261 1,359 1,448 | | 4,542 5,043 6,294 7,347 8,006 8,866 10,411 11,606 |
| 1956—July | 3,350 3,153 3,363 3,453 | 3,316 3,504 2,981 3,382 3,387 3,735 | 1,246 1,258 1,191 1,308 1,354 1,311 | 1,337 1,393 1,150 1,284 1,225 1,195 | 925 951 883 942 973 939 | 872 952 840 1,010 1,037 1,266 | 121 122 117 125 120 108 | 127 137 125 140 125 100 | 1,001 1,019 962 988 1,006 1,010 | 980 1,022 866 948 1,000 1,174 |
| 1957—Jan | 3,496 3,299 3,505 3,485 3,412 | 3,079 2,954 3,319 3,558 3,709 3,638 3,797 | 1,477 1,426 1,324 1,389 1,349 1,314 1,373 | 1,258 1,214 1,374 1,460 1,511 1,490 1,558 | 899 914 878 896 948 939 924 | 777 727 809 856 966 946 938 | 119 120 115 118 127 118 124 | 91 93 105 116 139 126 136 | 1,017 1,036 982 1,102 1,061 1,041 1,118 | 953 920 1,031 1,126 1,093 1,076 1,165 |
| | | | | | Repay | ments | <u> </u> | | | |
| 1949 | | 15,514 18,445 22,985 25,405 27,956 30,488 33,676 37,070 | | 5,430 7,011 9,058 10,003 10,879 11,833 13,084 14,565 | | 5,060 6,057 7,404 7,892 8,622 9,145 9,740 10,502 | | 689 717 772 917 1,119 1,255 1,305 1,325 | | 4,335 4,660 5,751 6,593 7,336 8,255 9,547 10,678 |
| 1956—July | 3,158 3,145 3,085 3,182 3,160 | 3,103 3,157 2,918 3,278 3,174 3,207 | 1,227 1,212 1,184 1,283 1,231 1,236 | 1,211 1,244 1,147 1,339 1,254 1,208 | 890 891 892 882 904 918 | 868 880 836 906 886 879 | 121 112 104 113 105 104 | 117 113 101 117 109 104 | 920 930 905 904 920 927 | 907 920 834 916 925 1,016 |
| 1957—Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May. June. July | 3,311 3,214 3,160 3,301 3,274 3,251 3,350 | 3,333 3,019 3,279 3,299 3,340 3,195 3,442 | 1,326 1,286 1,244 1,317 1,303 1,258 1,315 | 1,305 1,193 1,283 1,302 1,318 1,250 1,355 | 935 874 875 860 880 905 908 | 978 860 916 883 906 871 926 | 110 112 106 114 116 110 120 | 112 106 110 110 116 108 121 | 940 942 935 1,010 975 978 1,007 | 938 860 970 1,004 1,000 966 1,040 |
| | | | | Ch | ange in outst | anding cred | lit ¹ | | <u>' </u> | |
| 1949 1950 1951 1952 1953 1954 1955 1955 | | +2,594 +3,113 +591 +4,109 +3,602 +563 +5,452 +2,532 | | +1,537 +1,519 -102 +1,761 +2,102 -26 +3,659 +968 | | +805 +1,093 +81 +1,294 +605 -28 +875 +513 | | +45 +118 +69 +300 +225 +6 +54 +123 | | +207 +383 +543 +754 +670 +611 +864 +928 |
| 1956—July | +205 +68 +181 +293 | +213 +347 +63 +104 +213 +528 | +19 +46 +7 +25 +123 +75 | +126 +149 +3 -55 -29 -13 | +35 +60 -9 +60 +69 +21 | +4 +72 +4 +104 +151 +387 | 0 +10 +13 +12 +15 +4 | +10 +24 +24 +23 +16 -4 | +81 +89 +57 +84 +86 +83 | +73 +102 +32 +32 +75 +158 |
| 1957—Jan | +201 +282 +139 +204 +211 +161 +189 | -254 -65 +40 +259 +369 +443 +355 | +151 +140 +80 +72 +46 +56 +58 | -47 +21 +91 +158 +193 +240 +203 | -36 +40 +3 +36 +68 +34 +16 | -201 -133 -107 -27 +60 +75 +12 | +9 +8 +9 +4 +11 +8 +4 | -21 -13 -5 +6 +23 +18 +15 | +77 +94 +47 +92 +86 +63 +111 | +15 +60 +61 +122 +93 +110 +125 |

¹ Obtained by subtracting instalment credit repaid from instalment credit extended.

credit extended and repaid are based on information from accounting records of retail outlets and financial institutions and often include charges incurred under the instalment contract. Renewals and refinancing of loans, repurchases and resales of instalment paper, and certain other transactions may increase the amount of both credit extended and credit repaid without adding to the amount of credit outstanding.

Note.—Monthly figures for the period January 1940-August 1956 are shown on pp. 1043-1054 of the BULLETIN for October 1956.

A discussion of the composition and characteristics of the data and a description of the methods used to derive the estimates are shown in the BULLETIN for January 1954, pp. 9-17. Estimates of instalment

INSTALMENT CREDIT EXTENDED AND REPAID, BY HOLDER

[Estimates of short- and intermediate-term credit, in millions of dollars. The terms "adjusted" and "unadjusted" refer to adjustment of monthly figures for seasonal variation and differences in trading days]

| | То | tal | Commerc | ial banks | | finance panies | Other fi instit | nancial utions | Retail o | outlets |
|---|--|--|---|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| Year or month | Adjusted | Unad- justed | Adjusted | Unad- justed | Adjusted | Unad- justed | Adjusted | Unad- justed | Adjusted | Unad- justed |
| | | | <u> </u> | | Exten | sions | <u>!</u> | | 1 | |
| 949. 950. 951. 952. 953. 954. 955. 956. | | 18,108 21,558 23,576 29,514 31,558 31,051 39,128 39,602 | | 6,543 8,135 8,358 11,123 12,099 11,267 14,109 14,428 | | 4,296 5,098 5,467 6,982 7,560 7,260 10,200 9,600 | | 3,305 3,826 4,788 5,659 6,375 6,983 8,434 9,426 | | 3,964 4,499 4,963 5,750 5,524 5,541 6,385 6,148 |
| 956—July | 3,293 3,350 3,153 3,363 3,453 | 3,316 3,504 2,981 3,382 3,387 3,735 | 1,218 1,174 1,135 1,259 1,221 1,235 | 1,231 1,232 1,070 1,244 1,148 1,193 | 752 772 740 817 929 798 | 819 871 722 821 881 785 | 811 846 770 793 835 796 | 795 844 707 774 835 939 | 512 558 508 494 468 539 | 471 557 482 543 523 818 |
| 1957—Jan. 1 Feb | 3,496 | 3,079 2,954 3,319 3,558 3,709 3,638 3,797 | 1,285 1,265 1,150 1,286 1,253 1,235 1,235 | 1,204 1,105 1,208 1,347 1,361 1,332 1,384 | 955 840 834 850 817 800 886 | 785 691 821 855 886 904 1,022 | 818 845 817 878 866 842 910 | 742 750 842 894 897 870 944 | 454 546 498 491 549 535 455 | 348 408 448 462 565 532 447 |
| | | | <u> </u> | | Repay | ments | | | 1 | |
| 1949. 1950. 1951. 1952. 1953. 1954. 1955. | | 15,514 18,445 22,985 25,405 27,956 30,488 33,676 37,070 | | 5,633 6,776 8,385 9,370 10,625 11,469 12,304 13,347 | | 3,363 4,331 5,524 5,925 6,344 7,043 7,901 8,943 | | 3,011 3,404 4,385 5,012 5,683 6,511 7,547 8,567 | | 3,507 3,934 4,691 5,098 5,304 5,465 5,924 6,213 |
| 1956—July | 3,158 3,145 3,085 3,182 3,160 3,185 | 3,103 3,157 2,918 3,278 3,174 3,207 | 1,148 1,146 1,122 1,162 1,122 1,163 | 1,149 1,160 1,070 1,186 1,120 1,145 | 763 746 706 789 756 763 | 735 767 686 837 779 760 | 746 751 723 718 748 738 | 731 738 667 732 754 820 | 501 502 534 513 534 521 | 488 492 495 523 521 482 |
| 1957—Jan. ¹ Feb. Mar. Apr. ¹ May June July ¹ | 3,214 3,160 | 3,333 3,019 3,279 3,299 3,340 3,195 3,442 | 1,183 1,153 1,107 1,166 1,172 1,177 1,181 | 1,195 1,080 1,138 1,182 1,198 1,155 1,237 | 846 790 773 814 815 783 840 | 808 733 808 799 814 780 846 | 766 758 767 811 794 786 822 | 760 697 791 807 815 776 842 | 516 513 513 510 493 505 507 | 570 509 542 511 513 484 517 |
| | | | 1 | C | hange in outs | standing cre | dit ² | | 1 | |
| 1949 | | +2,594 +3,113 +591 +4,109 +3,602 +563 +5,452 +2,532 | | +910 +1,359 -27 +1,753 +1,474 -202 +1,805 +1,081 | | +933 +767 -57 +1,057 +1,216 +217 +2,299 +657 | | +294 +422 +403 +647 +692 +472 +887 +859 | | +457 +565 +272 +652 +220 +76 +461 -65 |
| 1956—July | +135 +205 +68 +181 +293 | +213 +347 +63 +104 +213 +528 | +70 +28 +13 +97 +99 +72 | +82 +72 0 +58 +28 +48 | -11 +26 +34 +28 +173 +35 | +84 +104 +36 -16 +102 +25 | +65 +95 +47 +75 +87 +58 | +64 +106 +40 +42 +81 +119 | +11 +56 -26 -19 -66 +18 | -17 +65 -13 +20 +2 +336 |
| 1957—Jan. ^l Feb | +201 +282 +139 +204 +211 +161 | -254 -65 +40 +259 +369 +443 +355 | +28 +112 +43 +204 +81 +58 +152 | -66 +25 +70 +249 +163 +177 +192 | +109 +50 +61 +36 +2 +17 +46 | -23 -42 +13 +56 +72 +124 +176 | +52 +87 +50 +67 +72 +56 +88 | -18 +53 +51 +87 +82 +94 +102 | +12 +33 -15 -103 +56 +30 -97 | -147 -101 -94 -133 +52 +48 -115 |

Data on extensions and repayments for retail outlets and commercial banks have been adjusted to avoid duplications resulting from large transfers of other consumer goods paper. As a result, the differences between extensions and repayments for these institutions do not equal the changes in outstanding credit.
 Obtained by subtracting instalment credit repaid from instalment credit extended, except as indicated in note 1.
 NOTE.—Monthly figures for the period January 1940-August 1956 are shown on pp. 1043-1054 of the Bulletin for October 1956.

A discussion of the composition and characteristics of the data and a description of the methods used to derive the estimates are shown in the BULLETIN for January 1954, pp. 9-17. Estimates of instalment credit extended and repaid are based on information from accounting records of retail outlets and financial institutions and often include charges incurred under the instalment contract. Renewals and refinancing of loans, repurchases and resales of instalment paper, and certain other transactions may increase the amount of both credit extended and credit repaid without adding to the amount of credit outstanding.

SELECTED BUSINESS INDEXES

[Indexes, 1947-49=100. The terms "adjusted" and "unadjusted" refer to adjustment of monthly figures for seasonal variation]

| | | | lustrial ; hysical | | | | c | nstructi ontract ded (va | s | Emple | oyment | and pay | rolls ² | | Depart- | | |
|---|---------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|----------------------------------|--|---|-----------------------------------|--|--|---|
| Year or month | То | tal | Ma | nufactu | res | Min- | Total | Resi- | All | Non- agri- cul- tural | | nufactu ction w | | Freight car- load- ings* | ment store sales* (retail value) | Con- sumer prices 2 | Whole- sale com- modity prices ² |
| or monta | | | Total | Du- rable | Non- du- rable | erals | | tial | other | em- ploy- ment | | oloy- ent | Pay- rolis | | | | |
| | Ad- justed | Unad- justed | Ad- justed | Ad- justed | Ad- justed | Ad- justed | Ad- justed | Ad- justed | Ad- justed | Ad- justed | Ad- justed | | Unad- justed | Ad- justed | Ad- justed | Unad- justed | Unad- justed |
| 1919 | | 39 41 31 39 47 44 49 | 38 39 30 39 45 43 48 | 38 42 24 37 47 43 49 | 37 36 34 40 44 42 46 | 45 53 42 45 62 57 59 | 34 34 30 43 45 51 66 | 26 18 27 41 49 57 75 | 32 43 42 | 55.2 58.5 64.3 63.5 | | 68.7 69.0 52.8 58.4 66.9 62.1 64.2 | 24.0 25.7 32.6 30.4 | 107 | 32 30 30 34 34 | 76.4 71.6 72.9 73.1 | |
| 1926 | | 51 51 53 59 49 | 50 50 52 58 48 | 52 49 53 60 45 | 48 50 51 56 51 | 63 64 63 68 59 | 69 69 73 63 49 | 73 71 76 52 30 | l 70 | 67.9 67.9 71.0 | | 65.5 64.1 64.2 68.3 59.5 | 33.0 32.4 32.8 35.0 28.3 | 111 112 115 | 37 37 38 | 74.2 73.3 73.3 | 62.0 62.9 61.9 |
| 1931 | | 40 31 37 40 47 | 39 30 36 39 46 | 31 19 24 30 38 | 48 42 48 49 55 | 51 42 48 51 55 | 34 15 14 17 20 | 22 8 7 7 13 | 41 20 18 24 25 | 53.4 53.6 | | 50.2 42.6 47.2 55.1 58.8 | 21.5 14.8 15.9 20.4 23.5 | 62 | 24 24 27 | 65.0 58.4 55.3 57.2 58.7 | 47.4 42.1 42.8 48.7 52.0 |
| 1936 | | 56 61 48 58 67 | 55 60 46 57 66 | 49 55 35 49 63 | 61 64 57 66 69 | 63 71 62 68 76 | 30 32 35 39 44 | 22 25 27 37 43 | 35 36 40 40 44 | 70.2 66.1 69.3 73.3 | | 63.9 70.1 59.6 66.2 71.2 | 34.0 | 84 67 76 83 | 35 32 35 | 61.4 60.3 59.4 | 56.1 51.1 50.1 |
| 1941 | | 87 106 127 125 107 | 88 110 133 130 110 | 126 | 84 93 103 99 96 | 81 84 87 93 92 | 66 89 37 22 36 | 54 49 24 10 16 | 45 30 | 96.3 95.0 | | 87.9 103.9 121.4 118.1 104.0 | 99.0 102.8 | 104 104 106 | 50 56 62 | 69.7 74.0 75.2 | 64.2 67.0 |
| 1946 | | 90 100 104 97 112 | 100 103 97 | 86 101 104 95 116 | 99 | 91 100 106 94 105 | 82 84 102 113 159 | 87 86 98 116 185 | 105 111 | 101.6 99.0 | | 97.9 103.4 102.8 93.8 99.6 | 105.1 | 104 | 98 104 98 | 95.5 102.8 101.8 | 96.4 104.4 99.2 |
| 1951 | | 120 124 134 125 139 143 | 140 | I 155 | 118 116 | 116 | 215 | 170 183 178 232 280 271 | 183 201 204 | 110.4 113.6 110.7 114.4 | | 106.3 111.8 101.8 | 136.6 151.4 137.7 152.9 | 95 96 86 95 | 110 112 | 113.5 114.4 114.8 114.5 | 111.6 110.1 110.3 110.7 |
| 1956 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| July | 140 | 128 142 146 151 147 144 | 144 146 147 147 | 158 162 163 165 | 128 130 130 131 129 130 | 123 130 131 131 130 130 | 248 242 | 265 264 250 230 197 n.a. | 249 257 251 260 272 311 | 117.6 119.3 119.2 119.7 119.9 120.1 | 106.2 106.0 107.3 107.4 | 1079 | 169.0 168.2 | 93 96 96 | 128 129 122 131 | 116.8 117.1 117.7 | 114.7 115.5 115.6 115.9 |
| 1957 | ļ | | ļ | İ | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May. June. July. Aug. | 145 | 145 148 148 144 143 145 135 2144 | 148 147 145 145 146 146 | 160 159 162 162 | 131 131 129 130 130 130 | r128 | n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. | n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. | 297 323 282 287 260 267 n.a. n.a. | 120.2 120.1 120.2 120.3 120.6 | II 106.0 | 106.0 105.8 104.8 104.2 104.7 | 165.0 164.3 161.5 161.6 7163.8 160.4 | 96 98 91 90 90 8 | 125 127 122 125 127 127 | 118.7 118.9 2 119.3 119.6 120.2 120.8 | 116.9 117.2 117.1 117.4 |

<sup>Estimated.
Preliminary.
Revised.
n.a. Not available.
Average per working day.
Three-month moving average, based on F. W. Dodge Corporation data. A description of the index may be obtained from the Division of Research and Statistics.</sup>

² The indexes of employment and payrolls, wholesale commodity prices, and consumer prices are compiled by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Nonagricultural employment covers employees only and excludes personnel in the armed forces. The consumer price index is the revised series, reflecting, beginning January 1953, the inclusion of some new series and revised weights; prior to January 1953, indexes are based on the "interim adjusted" and "old" indexes converted to the base 1947–49= 100.

INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION

[Federal Reserve indexes, 1947-49 average= 100]

| * 1 . | 1947–49 pro- | Anr | | | | 19 | 56 | | | | | | 1957 | | | |
|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|---|
| Industry | por- tion | 1955 | 1956 | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Маг. | Apr. | May | June | July |
| SEASONALLY ADJUSTED | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION—TOTAL | 100.00 | 139 | 143 | 136 | 143 | 144 | 146 | 146 | 147 | 146 | 146 | 145 | 143 | 143 | 144 | 144 |
| MANUFACTURES—TOTAL | 90.02 | 140 | 144 | 138 | 144 | 146 | 147 | 147 | 149 | 147 | 148 | 147 | 145 | 145 | 146 | 146 |
| Durable Manufactures—Total | 45.17 | 155 | 159 | 148 | 158 | 162 | 163 | 165 | 167 | 164 | 164 | 162 | 160 | 159 | 162 | 162 |
| Primary metals | 6.70 | 140 | 138 | 69 | 125 | 148 | 147 | 146 | 145 | 144 | 143 | 137 | 134 | 132 | 132 | 134 |
| Metal fabricating. Fabricated metal products. Machinery. Nonelectrical machinery. Electrical machinery. Transportation equipment. Autos, trucks, and parts Other transportation equipment. Instruments and related products. | 5.73 13.68 9.04 4.64 7.54 4.80 2.74 | 165 134 155 135 194 203 153 272 149 | 172 135 171 153 207 199 125 310 166 | 169 130 173 154 210 189 110 308 167 | 172 134 175 157 211 191 112 311 171 | 174 139 175 158 210 193 112 317 171 | 176 140 175 156 211 203 121 328 172 | 180 139 175 155 214 216 137 336 172 | 183 141 177 157 216 223 143 344 173 | 180 137 173 154 208 221 139 347 173 | 180 138 172 155 204 224 140 352 174 | 179 137 172 155 204 222 135 355 173 | 176 140 166 151 196 217 126 356 172 | 175 136 168 152 199 213 124 349 171 | 177 139 171 151 210 7215 7127 350 7171 | 177 141 173 152 214 210 124 343 174 |
| Clay, glass, and lumber products Stone, clay, and glass products Lumber and products | 5.91 2.82 3.09 | 138 149 127 | 140 158 123 | 143 161 127 | 145 160 130 | 139 154 126 | 138 157 120 | 138 157 119 | 136 158 117 | 133 155 114 | 133 155 113 | 132 155 111 | 133 155 113 | 136 158 115 | r140 r157 125 | 137 154 121 |
| Furniture and misc. manufactures Furniture and fixtures Miscellaneous manufactures | 1.64 | 132 119 141 | 135 122 144 | 136 123 145 | 136 122 145 | 136 122 146 | 136 122 146 | 134 119 144 | 134 120 144 | 131 118 140 | 129 118 136 | 130 118 137 | 132 121 140 | 132 121 139 | 7133 7121 142 | 134 123 141 |
| Nondurable Manufactures—Total | 44.85 | 126 | 129 | 128 | 130 | 130 | 131 | 129 | 130 | 131 | 131 | 131 | 129 | 130 | 130 | 130 |
| Textiles and apparel Textile mill products Apparel and allied products | 6.32 | 109 107 113 | 108 104 112 | 106 100 112 | 107 102 112 | 108 103 113 | 111 105 117 | 105 103 108 | 106 103 110 | 104 100 109 | 105 101 110 | 105 101 111 | 104 99 109 | 105 98 113 | 106 100 113 | 105 98 113 |
| Rubber and leather products | 1.47 | 122 143 105 | 117 133 104 | 112 125 102 | 117 135 102 | 116 132 102 | 117 134 101 | 114 126 104 | 118 137 102 | 122 145 102 | 124 145 106 | 123 142 107 | 118 131 106 | 115 130 102 | 7116 7129 7106 | 117 132 104 |
| Paper and printing. Paper and allied products. Printing and publishing. Newsprint consumption Job printing and periodicals. | 3.46 5.47 1.85 | 137 152 127 128 127 | 145 159 136 132 138 | 146 162 136 132 138 | 147 161 138 134 140 | 145 159 137 131 140 | 148 160 140 133 144 | 147 160 139 132 142 | 147 157 140 133 144 | 148 159 141 135 145 | 147 157 141 132 146 | 147 157 141 132 145 | 147 156 141 128 147 | 148 158 142 132 147 | 148 159 141 132 146 | 147 157 140 129 146 |
| Chemical and petroleum products. Chemicals and allied products. Industrial chemicals. Petroleum and coal products. | 6.84 2.54 | 159 167 184 135 | 167 177 196 141 | 164 176 191 132 | 167 176 192 139 | 168 177 194 143 | 167 177 196 140 | 168 177 195 143 | 170 179 199 145 | 174 184 205 147 | 172 183 205 143 | 171 182 202 141 | 172 183 204 142 | 174 185 206 142 | r170 182 r198 r138 | 173 186 208 136 |
| Foods, beverages, and tobacco. Food and beverage manufactures. Food manufactures Beverages. Tobacco manufactures. | 10.73 8.49 2.24 | 109 109 109 107 105 | 112 113 113 112 107 | 111 112 112 110 106 | 113 114 115 112 105 | 113 114 115 112 106 | 113 113 114 111 106 | 113 114 113 115 109 | 113 114 113 117 107 | 111 111 111 113 112 | 113 113 113 111 111 | 113 113 113 115 111 | 110 110 111 108 109 | 111 111 111 111 111 7110 | r112 r112 112 115 111 | 113 113 114 |
| MINERALS—TOTAL | 9.98 | 122 | 129 | 123 | 130 | 131 | 131 | 130 | 130 | ⁷ 131 | r133 | r133 | 130 | 130 | r128 | 127 |
| Mineral fuels | 36 2.32 5.67 4.12 | 123 80 48 85 143 131 177 | 129 85 55 90 150 137 191 | 127 75 48 79 152 139 190 | 132 85 61 88 154 142 193 | 130 86 56 91 151 139 193 | 130 85 56 90 151 138 192 | 129 87 57 91 149 137 191 | 130 80 57 84 153 141 189 | *131 *82 57 *86 *154 142 *196 | 7133 87 52 793 154 144 7198 | *133 *92 48 *99 *152 144 *198 | 130 87 49 93 150 139 P197 | 130 r82 49 r88 r153 141 p203 | *127 *87 60 *91 147 136 *200 | 126 83 37 91 147 147 135 |
| Metal, stone, and earth minerals. Metal mining. Stone and earth minerals. | .82 | 120 110 130 | 127 114 141 | 100 60 142 | 122 103 140 | 133 123 143 | 136 132 141 | 135 128 142 | 134 127 141 | 131 120 142 | 132 122 142 | 132 121 143 | 129 118 140 | 127 113 142 | 7130 119 142 | 128 112 144 |

^p Preliminary.

r Revised.

[Federal Reserve indexes, 1947-49 average= 100]

| To Justinia | 1947-49 pro- | Annaver | | | | 19 | 56 | | | | | 19 | 957 | | | |
|--|---|--|---|---|---|--|---|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|---|--|
| Industry | por- tion | 1955 | 1956 | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July |
| WITHOUT SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT | | | | | | | | | | _ | | | | | | |
| INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION—TOTAL | 100.00 | 139 | 143 | 128 | 142 | 146 | 151 | 147 | 144 | 145 | 148 | 148 | 144 | 143 | 145 | 135 |
| MANUFACTURES—TOTAL | 90.02 | 140 | 144 | 129 | 143 | 148 | 153 | 149 | 146 | 146 | 149 | 150 | 146 | 144 | 146 | 136 |
| Durable Manufactures—Total | 45.17 | 155 | 159 | 139 | 155 | 161 | 168 | 166 | 166 | 164 | 167 | 166 | 163 | 159 | ⁷ 162 | 151 |
| Primary metals. Ferrous metals. Pig iron and steel Pig iron. Steel Carbon steel. Alloy steel. | 6.70 5.03 3.51 .37 3.05 2.62 .43 | 140 138 144 134 146 141 171 | 138 135 142 131 143 139 167 | 62 41 24 22 24 23 34 | 118 114 117 104 119 116 135 | 145 146 156 145 158 153 183 | 149 149 160 148 162 157 191 | 146 146 158 147 159 156 181 | 142 145 157 149 158 156 170 | 146 147 159 148 160 157 178 | 149 149 159 149 160 159 167 | 144 144 154 147 154 152 163 | 140 138 148 144 147 146 151 | r134 133 143 141 142 141 149 | 136 134 141 139 140 141 136 | 119 120 130 136 128 129 123 |
| Ferrous castings and forgings | 1.52 1.29 .23 | 124 123 133 | 119 117 126 | 79 78 88 | 106 106 105 | 122 122 120 | 123 122 127 | 118 118 120 | 118 117 121 | 118 117 126 | 124 122 133 | 122 119 137 | 115 113 124 | 109 108 116 | r119 r117 126 | |
| Nonferrous metals. Primary nonferrous metals. Copper smelting. Copper refining. Lead. Zinc. Aluminum. | 1.67 .38 .09 .06 .04 .10 | 143 153 122 123 103 120 261 | 144 164 133 132 115 123 280 | 121 156 117 123 107 114 298 | 128 135 124 120 107 123 182 | 142 159 122 114 123 128 269 | 146 170 133 134 122 127 293 | 143 169 127 135 116 130 295 | 133 170 129 128 120 134 292 | 143 170 135 137 113 128 289 | 148 167 139 146 118 133 259 | 142 166 132 141 116 132 267 | 145 175 140 146 129 137 283 | r139 171 131 148 115 133 285 | 142 167 *134 136 110 *128 280 | 115 156 114 125 104 118 279 |
| Secondary nonferrous metals | .13 1.16 .63 .20 .33 | 123 142 114 208 156 | 118 140 115 215 146 | 93 112 79 222 111 | 108 128 109 187 129 | 115 139 120 202 141 | 124 140 111 218 149 | 116 138 116 196 146 | 108 123 98 175 141 | 116 138 111 203 150 | 125 144 121 200 156 | 120 137 105 206 157 | 118 138 113 213 141 | 110 132 107 215 131 | 109 138 114 211 7140 | 104 72 214 99 |
| Metal Fabricating | 28.52 | 165 | 172 | 160 | 167 | 172 | 180 | 181 | 183 | 181 | 185 | 184 | 179 | 174 | 176 | 167 |
| Fabricated metal products | 5.73 2.68 2.12 .30 .63 | 134 136 130 142 111 | 135 141 125 151 110 | 124 129 111 168 94 | 135 137 117 214 123 | 144 144 123 220 143 | 145 150 130 186 128 | 138 149 132 100 98 | 139 152 134 105 82 | 136 148 130 113 84 | 138 149 130 116 103 | 138 149 129 127 101 | 140 148 126 190 98 | 136 149 124 122 95 | 139 152 124 149 104 | 134 149 119 163 81 |
| Machinery | 13.68 | 155 | 171 | 158 | 168 | 177 | 182 | 178 | 178 | 175 | 177 | 177 | 169 | 166 | 168 | 158 |
| Nonelectrical machinery Farm and industrial machinery Farm machinery Industrial and commercial machinery Machine tools and presses Laundry and refrigeration appliances | 9.04 8.13 1.02 7.11 .68 .69 | 135 130 91 135 163 144 | 153 147 86 156 197 168 | 148 144 82 153 194 152 | 147 145 79 155 193 127 | 155 148 79 158 199 174 | 153 149 73 160 201 150 | 152 150 77 160 201 137 | 158 155 82 165 209 155 | 158 153 86 163 203 152 | 160 154 89 164 204 175 | 161 154 92 163 202 190 | 157 152 90 161 198 164 | 154 149 87 158 193 158 | 153 148 785 157 7188 160 | 146 143 82 152 180 129 |
| Electrical machinery Electrical apparatus and parts Radio and television sets | 4.64 3.23 .74 | 194 174 242 | 207 198 224 | 178 193 130 | 209 198 238 | 220 203 266 | 237 209 312 | 227 211 271 | 217 214 218 | 208 210 188 | 210 210 201 | 208 208 196 | 194 204 159 | 189 200 153 | 197 7200 180 | 182 194 143 |
| Transportation equipment. Autos, trucks, and parts. Autos. Trucks. Light trucks. Medium trucks. Heavy trucks Truck trailers. Auto and truck parts. | 7.54 4.80 1.50 .66 .22 .19 .14 .07 2.58 | 203 153 190 115 114 69 172 183 141 | 199 125 138 112 92 58 218 167 121 | 185 107 127 99 76 56 198 145 97 | 186 104 109 101 81 53 192 160 102 | 181 92 59 98 75 51 201 148 109 | 202 121 105 103 92 52 195 146 135 | 218 139 164 102 100 43 195 133 135 | 225 144 177 101 92 45 207 121 136 | 224 141 174 98 97 42 182 134 134 | 231 148 178 113 110 57 200 156 140 | 228 142 171 109 105 52 193 162 134 | 222 135 155 120 107 69 224 154 127 | 213 127 144 113 100 r60 r215 148 121 | r216 r130 156 r119 108 r62 r228 156 118 | 205 118 134 103 94 52 208 108 |
| Other transportation equipment | | 272 481 115 42 30 | 310 548 118 63 54 | 305 536 119 62 51 | 311 555 114 58 49 | 317 570 114 51 36 | 325 582 116 60 52 | 336 601 118 68 64 | 348 619 126 75 73 | 351 624 127 78 77 | 356 630 129 84 86 | 359 633 132 88 98 | 356 630 131 81 86 | 345 608 134 76 81 | r347 r606 r136 84 88 | 340 598 134 73 71 |
| Instruments and related products | 1.29 | 149 | 166 | 162 | 167 | 171 | 173 | 174 | 175 | 173 | 174 | 174 | 174 | 171 | r171 | 169 |
| Clay, Glass, and Lumber Products | 5.91 | 138 | 140 | 135 | 149 | 145 | 146 | 138 | 129 | 125 | 131 | 132 | 135 | r137 | *144 | 129 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products. Glass and pottery products. Flat glass and vitreous products. Flat and other glass Glass containers. Home glassware and pottery. | 1.09 .60 .47 .26 | 149 134 155 156 126 91 | 158 140 164 165 132 87 | 156 130 150 146 133 72 | 164 142 161 160 145 90 | 157 127 159 158 113 61 | 165 149 173 177 147 86 | 161 147 174 177 135 92 | 156 143 173 177 114 96 | 148 143 167 171 127 98 | 151 145 166 168 134 102 | 153 *144 *164 *166 138 100 | 155 141 7160 7163 132 100 | 7158 141 7159 7161 137 97 | 159 *139 *157 *160 144 *85 | 150 131 148 149 137 77 |
| Cement | .35 .12 .20 | 148 127 131 127 | 157 137 134 142 | 173 140 140 141 | 177 144 148 144 | 174 140 135 147 | 171 142 139 147 | 157 136 131 141 | 144 126 106 142 | 113 120 94 140 | 116 120 96 139 | 133 121 101 138 | 145 129 119 138 | 161 130 122 138 | 161 133 123 r143 | 132 |
| Concrete and plaster products | .48 .58 | 180 166 | 194 173 | 204 167 | 208 171 | 204 176 | 199 177 | 192 177 | 187 180 | 173 174 | 177 177 | 181 177 | 185 176 | 194 177 | r200 177 | 197 173 |

[•] Preliminary

^{&#}x27;Revised.

[Federal Reserve indexes, 1947-49 average= 100]

| | 1947-49 pro- | Ann | | | | 195 | 6 | | | | | | 1957 | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Industry | por- tion | 1955 | 1956 | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July |
| WITHOUT SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT —Continued | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lumber and products. Lumber. Millwork and plywood. Millwork. Softwood plywood Wood containers. | 3.09 2.05 .60 .39 .12 .29 | 127 112 197 144 284 90 | 123 107 189 121 301 91 | 116 104 161 107 248 90 | 135 115 216 152 320 90 | 133 118 200 139 299 90 | 130 111 206 130 332 93 | 117 101 181 103 310 88 | 104 91 155 82 277 90 | 104 89 167 90 295 88 | 98 181 105 306 86 | 112 100 170 102 282 86 | 117 100 191 107 330 87 | 118 99 196 110 339 88 | 131 110 219 146 339 88 | 111 168 101 277 83 |
| Furniture and Misc. Manufacturing | 4.04 | 132 | 135 | 127 | 136 | 140 | 143 | 138 | 137 | 128 | 130 | 131 | 129 | 128 | ⁷ 130 | 125 |
| Furniture and fixtures. Household furniture. Fixtures and office furniture. | 1.64 1.10 .54 | 119 120 115 | 122 121 122 | 115 114 117 | 123 121 127 | 125 125 126 | 127 127 127 | 122 123 122 | 125 125 126 | 118 116 121 | 119 118 121 | 119 119 121 | 117 117 118 | 115 114 118 | 118 117 119 | 115 115 117 |
| Miscellaneous manufactures | 2.40 | 141 | 144 | 135 | 145 | 150 | 154 | 150 | 145 | 136 | 137 | 139 | 137 | 137 | 139 | 131 |
| Nondurable Manufactures—Total | 44.85 | 126 | 129 | 119 | 131 | 134 | 137 | 132 | 125 | 128 | 131 | 133 | 128 | 129 | 130 | 122 |
| Textiles and Apparel | i 1 | 109 | 108 | 90 | 109 | 105 | 114 | 106 | 100 | 106 | 112 | 115 | 104 | 106 | 104 | 90 |
| Textile mill products. Cotton and synthetic fabrics. Cotton consumption. Synthetic fabrics. Fabric finishing. | .97 | 107 113 103 137 100 | 104 108 102 118 98 | 86 87 81 101 71 | 103 104 101 102 103 | 102 101 97 110 82 | 109 113 108 118 105 | 105 109 104 119 90 | 99 104 93 123 99 | 101 108 99 129 87 | 105 111 101 129 102 | 106 111 102 123 110 | 99 103 95 117 87 | 100 106 99 110 107 | 100 103 96 110 100 | 84 85 75 109 62 |
| Wool textiles | .16 | 79 85 78 | 86 88 86 | 76 83 75 | 92 94 92 | 87 79 90 | 94 93 96 | 86 76 90 | 78 77 79 | 74 80 72 | 81 85 80 | 79 85 78 | 78 82 77 | 81 89 79 | 87 88 88 | 67 71 67 |
| Knit goods. Hosiery. Full-fashioned hosiery. Seamless hosiery Knit garments. | .65 .45 .20 | 110 106 110 99 115 | 108 100 102 96 119 | 95 76 77 75 120 | 109 96 97 94 126 | 114 105 106 103 125 | 111 100 100 101 125 | 109 101 98 107 119 | 99 90 90 90 110 | 100 98 98 97 102 | 105 103 104 101 108 | 109 106 109 97 113 | 102 92 91 93 116 | 102 89 87 95 118 | 106 92 87 103 124 | 96 76 69 90 122 |
| Floor coverings1 | .48 .31 | 79 | 83 | 50 | 86 | 97 | 87 | 78 | 79 | 86 | 92 | 91 | ··· 85 | 69 | 64 | 55 |
| Apparel and allied products. Men's outerwear Men's suits and coats. Men's suits Men's outercoats. Shirts and work clothing. | 1.78 .73 .50 .13 | 113 111 92 90 77 123 | 112 110 95 93 78 118 | 95 79 59 54 63 90 | 116 120 109 103 110 126 | 108 101 91 85 90 106 | 118 116 103 100 91 124 | 108 98 90 92 57 101 | 96 89 93 53 98 | 113 119 107 114 51 126 | 119 111 95 100 50 121 | 126 113 101 104 63 120 | 110 99 88 90 60 104 | 112 110 102 100 85 113 | 109 102 91 88 78 108 | 96 72 56 54 46 80 |
| Women's outerwear | 1.85 .76 | 116 134 | 112 128 | 100 132 | 116 152 | 108 138 | 117 146 | 107 128 | 89 101 | 108 131 | 130 157 | 148 169 | 119 102 | 115 96 | r111 r127 | 101 130 |
| Misc. apparel and allied mfrs | 1.92 | 111 | 113 | 105 | 113 | 116 | 121 | 119 | 117 | 112 | 117 | 118 | 111 | 110 | 112 | 113 |
| Rubber and Leather Products | 3.20 | 122 | 117 | 97 | 117 | 118 | 123 | 113 | 112 | 123 | 130 | 130 | 119 | 114 | 1117 | 101 |
| Rubber products Tires and tubes Auto tires Truck and bus tires Miscellaneous rubber products | .70 .40 .30 | 143 131 140 120 154 | 133 121 123 119 144 | 99 97 103 110 | 127 110 113 106 142 | 135 120 121 118 148 | 144 121 124 117 165 | 129 108 113 101 147 | 132 122 130 110 141 | 147 126 136 111 166 | 148 136 150 117 159 | 148 134 151 111 161 | 135 121 135 103 147 | 133 125 137 108 140 | 132 123 136 105 7141 | 111 109 122 91 112 |
| Leather and products. Leather. Cattlehide leathers Skin leathers. | 1.73 .44 .29 .15 | 105 92 99 79 | 104 91 99 76 | 90 73 79 61 | 108 90 97 76 | 104 90 99 73 | 104 90 99 74 | 100 90 100 70 | 95 85 95 65 | 102 89 98 72 | 115 99 108 82 | 115 95 103 81 | 106 89 96 76 | 98 88 94 75 | 7105 96 106 77 | 93 |
| Shoes and slippers ¹ | .90 .39 | 99 | ···97 | 96 | 102 | | iöi. | 97 | 95 | 90 | 96 | 96 | 90 | ··· 87 | 92 | 92 |
| Paper and Printing | 8.93 | 137 | 145 | 135 | 145 | 147 | 154 | 151 | 143 | 144 | 147 | 151 | 150 | 149 | 148 | 136 |
| Paper and allied products. Pulp and paper Wood pulp. Paper and board Printing paper Fine paper Coarse paper Miscellaneous paper Paperboard Building paper and board | 1.76 .51 1.25 .22 .14 .20 .18 .41 | 152 149 169 140 127 133 129 158 149 137 | 159 157 179 148 140 145 136 170 155 131 | 144 143 165 134 130 129 121 160 135 127 | 163 160 182 151 143 143 139 172 157 139 | 160 152 171 145 139 148 131 169 148 128 | 169 162 185 152 145 149 135 183 159 131 | 162 159 183 149 146 146 138 174 155 118 | 145 142 160 135 135 138 123 159 139 94 | 157 158 182 149 140 140 139 184 154 118 | 161 160 181 151 139 147 139 189 155 128 | 163 159 181 150 137 152 131 186 158 120 | 161 159 182 150 136 147 131 192 155 126 | 158 157 182 147 136 143 125 182 157 124 | 161 155 175 147 136 142 7123 7184 7154 | 139 133 153 124 120 109 102 160 130 119 |
| Converted paper products. Shipping containers. Sanitary paper products. | .51 | 156 155 158 | 162 159 170 | 146 140 162 | 166 167 163 | 168 168 166 | 177 172 189 | 165 161 173 | 148 144 158 | 156 148 179 | 163 156 183 | 167 163 177 | 163 155 184 | 160 155 174 | ⁷ 166 160 ⁷ 183 | 147 141 163 |

Preliminary.

r Revised.

[Federal Reserve indexes, 1947-49 average= 100]

| Industry | 1947-49 pro- | 9 Annual 1956 average | | | | | | | | · · · · · · | | | 1957 | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|---|
| | por- tion | 1955 | 1956 | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July |
| WITHOUT SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT —Continued | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Printing and publishing Newsprint consumption Job printing and periodicals | 5.47 1.85 3.62 | 127 128 127 | 136 132 138 | 129 115 136 | 133 121 140 | 139 133 143 | 145 143 145 | 144 145 144 | 142 131 147 | 136 123 143 | 139 128 144 | 144 137 147 | 143 137 146 | 142 140 144 | 140 132 144 | 133 112 144 |
| Chemical and Petroleum Products | 9.34 | 159 | 167 | 157 | 164 | 168 | 171 | 171 | 171 | 175 | 175 | 174 | 172 | 172 | ⁷ 168 | 165 |
| Chemicals and allied products. Industrial chemicals Basic inorganic chemicals. Industrial organic chemicals Plastics materials. Synthetic rubber Synthetic fibers. Miscellaneous organic chemicals. | 6.84 2.54 .57 1.97 .24 .11 .59 1.03 | 167 184 180 186 242 213 186 169 | 177 196 189 197 256 236 181 189 | 166 182 158 188 213 227 167 191 | 172 188 171 193 247 223 171 189 | 177 192 186 194 254 241 169 189 | 182 198 191 200 272 227 185 188 | 181 199 191 201 274 222 189 189 | 181 199 193 200 247 242 187 193 | 184 205 198 208 263 243 205 193 | 186 207 208 207 277 238 202 191 | 186 206 206 206 280 242 196 190 | 184 206 210 205 275 219 203 188 | 184 206 209 205 278 245 198 188 | r179 r200 r197 r201 266 225 189 r191 | 175 197 189 200 209 189 190 |
| Vegetable and animal oils Vegetable oils Grease and tallow | .64 .48 .16 | 124 117 145 | 132 124 158 | 93 75 145 | 100 84 150 | 122 115 144 | 159 161 151 | 157 154 167 | 143 139 157 | 147 143 159 | 152 143 181 | 134 129 150 | 121 113 146 | 116 103 155 | 109 94 154 | 105 94 138 |
| Soap and allied products | .71 .66 .23 | 110 125 125 | 111 124 129 | 91 125 104 | 121 127 95 | 124 125 109 | 119 124 119 | 108 123 112 | 110 123 120 | 120 122 125 | 117 121 135 | 128 120 166 | 113 122 181 | 115 122 172 | 104 r125 r119 | 80 127 105 |
| Petroleum and coal products | 2.50 1.97 1.04 .98 .06 | 135 142 152 147 233 | 141 150 159 153 254 | 132 148 162 156 257 | 142 151 164 158 264 | 145 151 164 158 261 | 140 146 155 149 256 | 143 152 160 155 251 | 145 158 165 159 260 | 148 160 164 158 263 | 145 154 157 153 242 | 139 149 156 150 254 | 137 145 154 149 247 | 139 148 161 155 255 | 139 147 162 156 258 | *136 *144 *157 |
| Fuel oil. Distillate fuel oil. Residual fuel oil. | .56 .30 .26 | 138 175 94 | 147 193 95 | 141 187 87 | 146 195 89 | 145 196 87 | 142 188 89 | 149 195 97 | 161 210 105 | 170 225 108 | 164 216 104 | 151 197 99 | 143 187 93 | 143 190 90 | 142 188 90 | P141 |
| Kerosene Lubricating oil | .10 .17 | 107 114 | 111 119 | 97 113 | 103 119 | 108 116 | 117 122 | 126 122 | 124 116 | 120 118 | 116 114 | 109 116 | 93 126 | 89 122 | 83 104 | |
| CokeAsphalt roofing and siding | .26 .15 | 104 110 | 102 104 | 120 120 | 92 123 | 109 131 | 109 123 | 109 84 | 110 49 | 110 77 | 110 94 | 111 73 | 107 92 | 108 80 | 107 104 | 106 107 |
| Foods, Beverages, and Tobacco | 11.51 | 109 | 112 | 112 | 121 | 129 | 126 | 116 | 105 | 102 | 103 | 105 | 104 | 108 | r116 | 114 |
| Food and beverage manufactures. Food manufactures. Meat products. Beef. Pork. | 10.73 8.49 1.48 .46 .83 | 109 109 128 142 116 | 113 113 133 151 119 | 114 111 118 154 95 | 122 123 116 148 95 | 130 134 129 151 113 | 127 129 142 160 128 | 117 119 148 154 140 | 106 108 138 149 127 | 101 104 139 163 121 | 103 104 133 151 117 | 105 104 131 144 117 | 104 102 123 139 108 | 107 104 124 148 104 | 7116 7111 120 148 97 | 115 113 116 150 91 |
| Dairy products Butter Natural cheese Concentrated milk Ice cream. | .69 .14 .07 .19 .28 | 107 105 116 97 109 | 110 107 117 101 112 | 134 118 133 118 147 | 120 97 116 98 144 | 103 91 105 83 118 | 91 82 97 73 102 | 85 83 93 71 90 | 86 96 96 77 80 | 91 102 100 85 82 | 102 109 107 96 97 | 109 117 115 105 101 | 122 122 135 128 109 | 140 139 161 151 122 | 151 145 165 142 149 | 134 113 137 114 151 |
| Canned and frozen foods Grain-mill products Wheat flour Cereals and feeds | 1.13 1.16 .46 .70 | 118 105 83 119 | 133 101 84 113 | 149 103 77 121 | 234 105 85 118 | 264 109 95 118 | 188 106 91 116 | 116 99 87 107 | 98 99 88 107 | 87 100 92 105 | 84 100 92 106 | 82 99 90 106 | 89 95 82 104 | 91 97 81 108 | 111 98 87 105 | 151 98 78 110 |
| Bakery products | 1.64 .27 .11 .13 | 97 115 113 111 | 98 122 116 121 | 100 73 133 15 | 99 67 127 11 | 100 110 130 86 | 101 271 123 393 | 100 296 100 459 | 99 222 102 320 | 95 85 102 65 | 96 57 96 20 | 96 54 107 3 | 98 60 110 13 | 99 68 117 21 | 7102 88 140 38 | 104 |
| Confectionery Miscellaneous food preparations | | 101 106 | 107 105 | 73 107 | 98 107 | 152 106 | 141 105 | 130 105 | 91 102 | 113 101 | 103 | 119 103 | 96 102 | 84 106 | 95 114 | 81 114 |
| Beverages Bottled soft drinks Alcoholic beverages Beer and ale Liquor distilling. Liquor bottling | 1.02 | 107 102 101 77 109 | 112 105 101 78 119 | 123 107 128 35 88 | 118 101 112 50 94 | 116 106 93 93 135 | 120 118 83 133 179 | 110 109 80 92 175 | 98 93 84 80 115 | 90 86 88 79 81 | 97 93 86 85 105 | 110 105 104 86 111 | 110 102 108 81 95 | 119 107 116 80 97 | 137 122 129 65 127 | |
| Tobacco manufactures | .46 | 105 109 104 | 107 111 104 | 96 104 83 | 115 120 110 | 111 115 109 | 115 119 116 | 111 114 113 | 87 92 83 | 110 117 101 | 114 119 112 | 111 115 110 | 104 109 102 | r113 121 104 | 121 129 111 | 102 114 81 |

^p Preliminary.

r Revised.

[Federal Reserve indexes, 1947-49 average= 100]

| Industry | 1947-49 pro- | | nual rage | | | 19 | 56 | | | | | | 1957 | | | |
|--|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|---|---|-------------------------------|
| Industry | por- tion | 1955 | 1956 | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July |
| WITHOUT SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT —Continued | | | | | | | | | _ | | | | | _ | | |
| MINERALS—TOTAL | 9.98 | 122 | 129 | 119 | 131 | 132 | 132 | 130 | 129 | 130 | 131 | r131 | 130 | 131 | r131 | 123 |
| Mineral Fuels | 8.35 | 123 | 129 | 121 | 130 | 129 | 130 | 130 | 132 | ⁷ 135 | 135 | r134 | r131 | 130 | 127 | 119 |
| Coal | 2.68 .36 2.32 | 80 48 85 | 85 55 90 | 62 42 65 | 87 59 91 | 90 62 95 | 93 64 98 | 90 59 95 | 83 55 87 | 85 57 790 | 87 52 793 | 88 43 795 | r83 46 r89 | 782 50 787 | 88 64 92 | 66 32 71 |
| Crude oil and natural gas. Oil and gas extraction. Crude oil. Natural gas and liquids. Natural gas. Natural gas. Natural gas liquids. Oil and gas well drilling. | 5.67 4.82 4.12 .70 .34 .36 .85 | 143 137 131 177 185 169 175 | 150 145 137 191 199 182 180 | 149 142 136 177 182 172 191 | 150 144 138 182 184 180 183 | 147 143 135 186 189 182 173 | 147 141 134 187 194 180 177 | 149 146 137 197 209 186 170 | 155 150 141 202 214 191 181 | r158 r154 143 r214 r240 190 182 | 157 157 147 1214 1235 194 160 | r156 r156 148 r206 r225 189 151 | 154 152 145 \$195 188 168 | r153 r150 143 r193 186 168 | 146 144 136 190 177 156 | p144 p140 p132 |
| Metal, Stone, and Earth Minerals | 1.63 | 120 | 127 | 110 | 135 | 147 | 146 | 129 | 116 | 109 | 113 | 114 | 124 | 140 | 7149 | 143 |
| Metal mining. Iron ore. Nonferrous metal mining. Copper mining. Lead mining. Zinc mining. | | 110 113 108 123 84 81 | 114 104 120 136 88 87 | 73 19 109 120 85 84 | 121 126 118 132 90 86 | 142 179 117 132 87 86 | 142 175 120 134 92 91 | 114 109 118 132 87 88 | 94 62 115 129 83 86 | 91 49 120 133 89 92 | 98 50 130 145 96 96 | 95 48 127 141 94 98 | 111 87 126 140 94 99 | 135 159 118 133 88 86 | r150 193 r122 r139 r85 r90 | 137 108 122 79 78 |
| Stone and earth minerals | .81 | 130 | 141 | 147 | 149 | 151 | 150 | 144 | 138 | 128 | 129 | 133 | 137 | 145 | 148 | 149 |

Note.—A number of groups and subgroups include individual series not published separately, and metal fabricating contains the ordnance group in addition to the groups shown. Certain types of combat materiel

are included in major group totals but not in individual indexes for autos, farm machinery, and some other products, as discussed in the BULLETIN for December 1953, pp. 1269-1271.

For description and back figures, see BULLETIN for December 1953 pp. 1247-1293 and pp. 1298-1328, respectively.

UTILITY OUTPUT OF ELECTRICITY AND GAS

[Seasonally adjusted Federal Reserve indexes, 1947-49 average= 100]

| Series | 1947-49 pro- | Anr | | | | 19 | 956 | | | | | | 1957 | | | |
|---|--------------------------------|---|---|-------------------|---|---------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---|---|--------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|------------|---|------|
| | por- tion | 1955 | 1956 | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July |
| ELECTRICITY AND GAS—TOTAL Residential Nonresidential | 41.34 | 199 217 187 | 218 241 201 | 219 245 201 | 219 244 202 | 220 244 202 | 221 243 205 | 222 244 206 | 246 | 225 248 210 | | 226 252 207 | | | ₽ 231 | |
| Electricity Residential. Industrial. General industrial. Atomic energy. Commercial and other. | 27.48 23.68 23.49 .19 | 199 224 190 173 2221 180 | 218 250 206 186 2697 194 | 182 2700 | 219 253 203 183 2680 196 | 254 205 186 2650 | 2660 | | 224 258 211 191 2720 199 | 227 260 213 193 2740 204 | 211 191 2720 | 266 209 188 2750 | 214 193 2790 | 267 215 | 234 274 214 193 2790 210 | v236 |
| Gas Residential Industrial. Commercial and other | 13.86 6.16 | 200 203 201 185 | 218 223 218 197 | 229 219 | 221 227 221 203 | 220 224 224 199 | 222 226 | 220 229 | 221 228 | 223 225 | 224 222 | 225 220 | | | v223 | v224 |

Preliminary. r Revised. Note.-For description and back figures see Bulletin for October

1956 pp. 1055-1069. Indexes without seasonal adjustment may be obtained from the Division of Research and Statistics.

Preliminary.
 Revised.
 Publication suspended pending revision.

OUTPUT OF CONSUMER DURABLE GOODS

[Federal Reserve indexes, 1947-49 average= 100]

| | | Anı | nual | _ | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|---|--|---|--|---|--|--|--|--|---|--|---|---|
| Product | 1947-49 pro- | | rage | | | 19. | 56 | | | | | | 1957 | | | |
| Troduct | por- tion | 1955 | 1956 | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July |
| SEASONALLY ADJUSTED | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CONSUMER DURABLES—TOTAL | 100.00 | 147 | 131 | 127 | 127 | 123 | 123 | 132 | 141 | 137 | 138 | 134 | 124 | 124 | 129 | 129 |
| Major Durables Autos. Major household goods Furniture and floor coverings. Household furniture. Floor coverings¹ | 69.72 32.10 36.13 15.32 11.31 4.01 | 164 190 144 116 120 | 140 138 144 117 121 | 135 122 148 117 122 | 132 124 141 117 121 | 127 106 148 118 122 | 129 117 142 115 121 | 143 152 136 114 118 | 154 168 143 115 121 | 147 169 130 114 119 | 149 167 134 113 117 | 144 159 132 113 118 | 131 141 124 114 120 | 131 139 126 112 118 | 137 144 133 113 121 | 137 134 142 119 122 |
| Appliances and heaters Major appliances Ranges Refrigeration appliances Laundry appliances Heating apparatus Radio and television sets Radio sets Television sets | 15.60 11.88 2.60 4.98 2.51 3.72 5.21 3.42 1.79 | 138 144 100 151 193 120 242 77 558 | 143 151 103 150 216 118 224 70 519 | 152 161 105 160 236 123 227 59 549 | 136 142 91 146 200 115 231 68 542 | 149 158 98 159 233 120 232 71 538 | 136 144 96 132 231 112 237 72 551 | 130 138 85 136 211 102 218 74 493 | 144 156 104 151 233 108 218 75 491 | 128 136 95 128 209 105 181 71 392 | 137 144 103 153 183 114 189 81 395 | 133 140 100 151 177 111 185 80 388 | 119 121 88 136 133 110 167 75 343 | 119 124 85 138 152 104 186 67 413 | 123 127 85 135 167 108 226 69 524 | 126 131 73 140 182 109 259 65 628 |
| Other Consumer Durables Auto parts and tires Misc. home and personal goods | 30.28 14.00 16.28 | 106 102 109 | 111 105 116 | 111 102 118 | 114 106 121 | 113 108 117 | 110 102 117 | 109 102 115 | 113 109 117 | 114 112 116 | 114 114 113 | 111 112 110 | 109 104 113 | 108 103 112 | 108 104 112 | 111 110 112 |
| WITHOUT SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CONSUMER DURABLES—TOTAL | 100.00 | 147 | 131 | 116 | 120 | 113 | 128 | 139 | 141 | 137 | 143 | 142 | 130 | 124 | 131 | 116 |
| Major Durables Autos. Major household goods. Furniture and floor coverings. Household furniture. Floor coverings! Appliances and heaters Major appliances. Ranges. Refrigeration appliances. Laundry appliances. Heating apparatus. Radios and television sets. | 69.72 32.10 36.13 15.32 11.31 4.01 15.60 11.88 2.60 4.98 2.51 3.72 5.21 | 164 190 144 116 120 138 142 100 151 193 120 242 | 140 138 144 117 121 143 151 103 150 216 118 224 | 121 127 117 104 114 125 131 80 149 162 106 130 | 122 109 136 116 121 117 83 107 180 135 238 | 111 59 158 122 125 158 158 106 145 251 157 265 | 132 105 158 122 127 142 143 102 109 261 137 312 | 151 164 141 117 123 122 127 82 103 230 104 270 | 154 177 137 118 125 128 141 94 128 229 85 217 | 149 174 129 113 116 125 137 94 131 207 88 188 | 157 178 140 116 118 144 158 116 162 208 100 201 | 155 171 143 116 119 151 166 114 188 195 104 196 | 140 155 128 113 117 131 140 92 173 140 103 159 | 131 144 122 108 114 125 133 82 163 144 99 153 | 140 156 129 110 117 131 136 88 164 150 114 180 | 121 134 111 106 115 104 107 56 130 126 94 |
| Radio sets | 3.42 1.79 | 77 558 | 70 519 | 37 307 | 61 575 | 66 645 | 88 738 | 91 611 | 92 456 | 73 408 | 83 427 | 84 411 | 72 326 | 67 318 | 57 414 | 40 339 |
| Other Consumer Durables | 30.28 14.00 16.28 | 106 102 109 | 111 105 116 | 106 101 110 | 115 109 121 | 118 116 119 | 118 110 125 | 112 101 121 | 110 103 117 | 110 109 111 | 112 110 114 | 111 107 114 | 107 101 112 | 106 103 109 | 108 7107 108 | 106 109 104 |

⁷ Revised.

¹ Publication suspended pending revision.

Note.—For a description of these indexes, see Bulletin for May 1954, pp. 438-447.

VALUE OF NEW CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY

[Joint estimates of the Departments of Commerce and Labor. Seasonally adjusted. In millions of dollars]

| | | | | | Private | | | | | | Public | | |
|---|--|--|--|---|---|---|---|---|--|---|---|--|---|
| Year or month | Total | T-4-1 | D-si | | Busi | iness | | Other non- | | Mili- | TT:-1. | Con- | A 11 |
| | | Total | Resi- dential | Total | Indus- trial | Com- mercial | Public utility | resi- den- tial | Total | tary | High- way | serva- tion | All other |
| 1949. 1950. 1951. 1952. 1953. 1954. 1955. 1956. 1956—Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. | 32,739 34,750 37,118 39,601 44,581 | 17,759 22,954 23,320 23,849 25,724 27,679 32,620 33,242 2,768 2,768 2,768 2,778 2,822 2,799 | 9,642 14,100 12,529 12,842 13,777 15,379 18,705 17,632 1,466 1,459 1,451 1,468 1,460 | 5,322 5,680 7,217 7,460 8,436 8,526 10,160 11,828 995 987 1,001 1,025 1,009 | 972 1,062 2,117 2,320 2,229 2,030 2,399 3,084 276 276 277 269 269 | 1,027 1,288 1,371 1,137 1,791 2,212 3,218 3,631 292 288 296 304 305 | 3,323 3,330 3,729 4,003 4,416 4,284 4,543 5,113 427 423 432 452 435 | 2,795 3,174 3,574 3,547 3,511 3,774 3,755 3,782 319 322 326 329 330 | 6,404 7,001 9,419 10,901 11,394 11,922 11,961 12,818 1,081 1,089 1,112 1,072 1,105 | 1,388 1,307 1,030 1,313 1,395 122 121 118 113 | 2,131 2,272 2,518 2,820 3,160 3,870 4,050 4,470 360 368 381 341 369 | 852 942 912 900 892 773 701 826 77 74 72 73 72 | 3,284 3,610 5,102 5,793 6,035 6,249 5,897 6,127 522 526 541 545 553 |
| 1957—Jan | 3,904 3,851 3,895 3,888 3,911 3,930 3,857 3,958 | 2,721 2,728 2,737 2,726 2,750 2,768 2,732 2,768 | 1,411 1,397 1,388 1,360 1,335 1,354 1,357 1,361 | 983 999 1,013 1,027 1,070 1,064 1,037 1,054 | 264 270 274 277 278 273 265 266 | 292 283 292 295 304 303 289 297 | 427 446 447 455 488 488 483 491 | 327 332 336 339 345 350 338 353 | 1,183 1,123 1,158 1,162 1,161 1,162 1,125 1,190 | 108 104 104 102 99 104 | 441 406 434 414 410 418 395 422 | 70 70 70 74 74 73 77 83 | 557 539 550 570 575 572 549 579 |

^p Preliminary.

Individual indexes without seasonal adjustment for woven carpets, appliances, heating apparatus, radio sets, and television sets may be obtained from the Division of Research and Statistics.

CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS AWARDED, BY TYPE OF OWNERSHIP AND BY TYPE OF CONSTRUCTION [Figures for 37 States east of the Rocky Mountains, as reported by the F. W. Dodge Corporation. Value of contracts, in millions of dollars]

| | | | pe of ership | | В | y type of | construction | on | |
|--|--|--|--|---|--|---|--|---|--|
| Year or month | Total | | | Resi- | N | onresiden | tial buildi | ng | Public works |
| | i | Public | Private | dential building | Fac- tories | Com- mercial | Educa- tional | Other | and public utilities |
| 1949 1950. 1951. 1952. 1953. 1954. 1955. 1956. 1956—July. Aug. Sept. Oct. | 17,443 19,770 23,745 24,413 2,149 2,069 2,025 1,706 | 3,718 4,409 6,122 6,711 6,334 6,558 7,475 8,036 736 620 671 589 | 6,641 10,092 9,629 10,064 11,109 13,212 16,270 16,377 1,412 1,449 1,354 1,117 | 4,239 6,741 6,205 6,668 6,479 8,518 10,185 9,826 758 874 764 656 | 559 1,142 2,883 2,558 2,051 1,274 1,878 1,918 152 138 171 126 | 885 1,208 915 979 1,489 1,815 2,359 2,355 *263 184 195 168 | 824 1,180 1,335 1,472 1,720 2,063 2,134 2,314 196 193 185 185 | 1,376 1,651 1,689 1,686 1,695 1,958 2,126 2,419 7237 232 225 196 | 2,476 2,578 2,723 3,412 4,008 4,142 5,063 5,580 543 448 485 375 |
| Nov. Dec. 1957—Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May. June. July | 12,151 12,674 12,424 | 582 737 679 664 757 652 1,029 930 | 1,107 839 11,099 11,053 11,690 11,499 11,645 11,494 | 625 451 1612 1676 1861 1966 11,020 1887 11,067 | 130 104 197 167 182 118 129 221 115 | 212 155 211 175 303 180 246 279 236 | 199 200 184 178 222 165 244 232 173 | 170 167 208 162 247 268 221 | 335 502 405 354 670 559 788 537 487 |

^c Correction.

CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS AWARDED, BY FEDERAL RESERVE DISTRICTS

[Figures as reported by the F. W. Dodge Corporation. Value of contracts, in millions of dollars]

| | All | | | | | F | ederal Res | erve distri | ct | | | | |
|----------|----------------|--------|-------------|-------------------|----------------|---------------|------------|-------------|--------------|------------------|----------------|--------|-----------------------|
| Month | dis- tricts | Boston | New York | Phila- delphia | Cleve- land | Rich- mond | Atlanta | Chicago | St. Louis | Minne- apolis | Kansas City | Dallas | San Fran- cisco |
| 1956—May | 2,947 | 135 | 342 | 133 | 232 | 212 | 320 | 488 | 125 | 137 | 159 | 215 | 482 |
| June | | 177 | 404 | 130 | 255 | 238 | 236 | 407 | 165 | 96 | 147 | 136 | 557 |
| July | | 136 | 331 | 145 | 249 | 252 | 298 | 416 | 121 | 126 | 202 | 176 | 561 |
| 1957—May | 3,243 | 192 | 403 | 171 | 278 | 175 | 317 | 568 | 157 | 136 | 147 | 224 | 632 |
| June | | 138 | 401 | 146 | 276 | 218 | 271 | 465 | 113 | 140 | 237 | 157 | 683 |
| July | | 170 | 346 | 141 | 261 | 189 | 294 | 430 | 127 | 114 | 179 | 163 | 486 |

PERMANENT NONFARM DWELLING UNITS STARTED

[Bureau of Labor Statistics estimates. In thousands of units]

| | Total private | | Metro- | Non- metro- | | Pri | vate | | | Governn | nent-under | written 1 |
|---|---|---|---|---|--|---|--|---|---|--|---|---|
| Year or month | (seasonally adjusted annual rate) | Total | politan areas | politan areas | Total | 1- family | 2- family | Multi- family | Public | Total | FHA | VA |
| 1949. 1950. 1951. 1952. 1953. 1953. 1954. 1955. 1956. 1956—Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. 1957—Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May. June. July | | 1,025 1,396 1,091 1,127 1,104 1,229 1,329 1,118 104 94 77 64 66 87 94 103 ***97 | n.a. 1,022 777 795 804 897 976 780 71 62 65 55 45 44 47 59 64 68 68 68 63 | n.a. 374 315 332 300 324 353 338 32 29 23 19 19 29 30 35 29 30 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 | 989 1,352 1,020 1,068 1,202 1,310 1,094 103 91 91 777 63 603 79 91 97 99 | 792 1,151 892 933 1,077 1,190 981 93 81 68 53 50 68 53 68 79 82 n.a. | 35 42 40 46 42 34 33 31 3 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 1.a. | 162 159 88 84 94 90 87 82 8 7 8 8 8 8 91 0 13 n.a. | 36 44 71 59 36 19 20 24 1 3 2 0 1 3 3 8 8 2 2 6 6 7 7 7 7 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 | 466 686 412 421 409 583 670 463 43 39 40 30 26 20 19 24 26 27 29 | 360 486 264 280 252 277 192 19 15 16 12 11 8 8 10 12 12 15 16 | 105 200 149 141 157 303 271 24 24 24 15 10 11 13 12 13 12 12 |

figures are based on field office reports of first compliance inspections; earlier VA figures are estimates based on loans-closed information.

⁷ Revised.

¹ Figure not comparable with earlier months.

Preliminary.
 1 Represents units started under commitments of FHA or VA to insure or guarantee the mortgage.
 VA figures after June 1950 and all FHA

LABOR FORCE, EMPLOYMENT, AND UNEMPLOYMENT

[Bureau of the Census estimates, without seasonal adjustment. In thousands of persons]

| | | | | (| Civilian labor forc | e | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|---|---|--|
| Year or month | Total non- institutional | Total labor force | | | Employed 1 | | Unem- | Not in the labor force |
| | population | Torce | Total | Total | In nonagricul- tural industries | In agriculture | ployed | |
| 1949. 1950. 1951. 1952. 1953. 1954. 1955. 1956. 1956—Aug | 110,780 111,924 113,119 115,095 116,220 117,388 118,734 118,891 119,047 119,198 119,344 119,481 119,614 119,745 119,899 120,057 120,199 120,383 120,579 | 63,571 64,599 65,832 66,410 67,362 67,362 68,896 70,387 71,787 70,896 70,905 70,560 69,855 68,632 69,128 69,562 69,711 70,714 72,661 73,051 71,833 | 62,105 63,099 62,884 62,866 63,815 64,468 65,848 67,530 68,069 68,069 68,082 67,732 67,029 65,821 66,311 66,746 66,951 67,893 69,842 70,228 68,994 | 58,710 59,957 61,005 61,293 62,213 61,238 63,193 64,979 66,752 66,071 66,174 65,269 64,550 62,578 63,190 63,865 64,261 65,178 66,504 66,504 66,504 66,504 66,504 66,504 | 50,684 52,450 53,951 54,488 55,651 54,734 56,464 58,394 59,487 59,000 59,076 59,440 57,693 57,693 58,431 58,506 58,519 58,970 59,449 59,562 | 8,026 7,507 7,054 6,805 6,562 6,562 6,730 6,738 7,265 7,388 7,173 6,192 5,110 4,935 5,195 5,434 5,755 6,659 7,534 7,772 6,823 | 3,395 3,142 1,879 1,673 1,602 3,230 2,654 2,551 2,195 1,998 1,909 2,463 2,479 3,244 3,121 2,882 2,690 2,715 3,337 3,007 2,609 | 46,051 46,181 46,092 46,710 47,732 48,402 48,492 48,348 47,105 48,151 48,151 48,293 48,783 49,626 50,973 50,617 50,337 50,286 49,485 47,722 47,528 48,880 |

¹ Includes self-employed, unpaid family, and domestic service workers.

1956 shown above are: Labor force, 71,838; employment—total, 66,619; nonagricultural, 59,792; agricultural, 6,827; and unemployment, 2,380.

EMPLOYMENT IN NONAGRICULTURAL ESTABLISHMENTS, BY INDUSTRY DIVISION

[Bureau of Labor Statistics. In thousands of persons]

| Year or month | Total | Manufac- turing | Mining | Contract construction | Transporta- tion and public utilities | Trade | Finance | Service | Federal State and local government |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1949. | 43,315 | 14,178 | 918 | 2,165 | 3,949 | 9,513 | 1,765 | 4,972 | 5,856 |
| 1950. | 44,738 | 14,967 | 889 | 2,333 | 3,977 | 9,645 | 1,824 | 5,077 | 6,026 |
| 1951. | 47,347 | 16,104 | 916 | 2,603 | 4,166 | 10,012 | 1,892 | 5,264 | 6,389 |
| 1952. | 48,303 | 16,334 | 885 | 2,634 | 4,185 | 10,281 | 1,967 | 5,411 | 6,609 |
| 1953. | 49,681 | 17,238 | 852 | 2,622 | 4,221 | 10,527 | 2,038 | 5,538 | 6,645 |
| 1954. | 48,431 | 15,995 | 777 | 2,593 | 4,009 | 10,520 | 2,122 | 5,664 | 6,751 |
| 1955. | 50,056 | 16,563 | 777 | 2,759 | 4,062 | 10,846 | 2,219 | 5,916 | 6,914 |
| 1956. | 51,878 | 16,905 | 816 | 2,993 | 4,157 | 11,292 | 2,306 | 6,231 | 7,178 |
| SEASONALLY ADJUSTED 1956—Aug | 52,180 52,148 52,367 52,441 52,541 | 16,901 16,874 17,045 17,072 17,106 | 831 838 836 833 833 | 3,083 3,080 3,080 3,067 3,067 3,074 | 4,159 4,160 4,178 4,173 4,169 | 11,364 11,319 11,372 11,388 11,408 | 2,326 2,325 2,327 2,326 2,320 | 6,262 6,291 6,280 6,327 6,359 | 7,254 7,261 7,249 7,255 7,272 |
| 1957—Jan | 52,493 52,577 52,547 52,593 52,698 52,773 52,809 52,788 | 17,053 16,995 16,962 16,965 16,946 16,924 16,869 16,828 | 832 833 831 841 843 854 860 846 | 2,963 3,020 3,062 3,059 3,097 3,108 3,065 3,027 | 4,188 4,168 4,168 4,160 4,159 4,164 4,171 4,192 | 11,465 11,519 11,490 11,501 11,542 11,579 11,653 11,675 | 2,316 2,324 2,322 2,320 2,329 2,336 2,345 2,358 | 6,366 6,401 6,381 6,400 6,424 6,454 6,492 6,474 | 7,310 7,317 77,331 77,347 77,358 7,354 7,354 7,354 7,388 |
| WITHOUT SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT 1956—Aug | 52,258 | 17,035 | 839 | 3,361 | 4,190 | 11,198 | 2,361 | 6,293 | 6,981 |
| | 52,663 | 17,119 | 842 | 3,342 | 4,191 | 11,319 | 2,325 | 6,322 | 7,203 |
| | 52,952 | 17,238 | 836 | 3,296 | 4,189 | 11,445 | 2,315 | 6,343 | 7,290 |
| | 53,007 | 17,180 | 837 | 3,174 | 4,184 | 11,657 | 2,314 | 6,327 | 7,334 |
| | 53,639 | 17,159 | 837 | 2,997 | 4,194 | 12,260 | 2,308 | 6,295 | 7,589 |
| 1957—Jan | 51,716 | 16,959 | 832 | 2,667 | 4,126 | 11,298 | 2,293 | 6,239 | 7,302 |
| | 51,704 | 16,945 | 833 | 2,673 | 4,120 | 11,225 | 2,301 | 6,273 | 7,334 |
| | 751,919 | 16,933 | 831 | 2,756 | 4,147 | 11,265 | 2,310 | 6,317 | 17,360 |
| | 752,270 | 16,822 | 833 | 2,906 | 4,153 | 11,428 | 2,320 | 6,432 | 17,376 |
| | 752,482 | 16,762 | 835 | 3,082 | 4,156 | 11,411 | 2,329 | 6,520 | 17,387 |
| | 52,881 | 16,852 | 858 | 3,232 | 4,181 | 11,505 | 2,359 | 6,551 | 7,343 |
| | 52,600 | 16,698 | 856 | 3,280 | 4,202 | 11,510 | 2,392 | 6,524 | 7,138 |
| | 52,838 | 16,949 | 854 | 3,299 | 4,223 | 11,505 | 2,393 | 6,506 | 7,109 |

r Revised.

Note.—Data include all full- and part-time employees who worked during, or received pay for, the pay period ending nearest the 15th of the month. Proprietors, self-employed persons, domestic servants, unpaid

family workers, and members of the armed forces are excluded. Figures for July and August 1957 are preliminary. Back data may be obtained from the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

² Beginning 1957 persons waiting to start new wage and salary jobs and those on temporary layoff, previously considered as employed (with a job but not at work), are classified as unemployed, and a small group in school and waiting to start new jobs (previously included as employed) are classified as not in the labor force. August 1957 data comparable to August

Note.—Information relating to persons 14 years of age and over is obtained through interviews of households on a sample basis. Monthly data relate to the calendar week that contains the 12th day; annual data are averages of monthly figures.

PRODUCTION WORKER EMPLOYMENT IN MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES

[Bureau of Labor Statistics. In thousands of persons]

| | | Seasonall | y adjusted | | W | ithout seaso | nal adjustme | ent |
|---|---|---|---|--|---|---|---|---|
| Industry group | 1956 | | 1957 | | 1956 | | 1957 | |
| | Aug. | June | July | Aug. | Aug. | June | July | Aug. |
| Total | 13,137 | 13,026 | 12,966 | 12,929 | 13,256 | 12,955 | 12,783 | 13,031 |
| Durable goods. Ordnance and accessories. Lumber and wood products. Furniture and fixtures. Stone, clay, and glass products. Primary metal industries. Fabricated metal products. Machinery except electrical. Electrical machinery. Transportation equipment. Instruments and related products. Miscellaneous manufacturing industries. | 7,616 80 690 323 470 1,096 873 1,282 891 1,266 235 410 | 7,598 76 637 321 457 1,093 891 1,227 864 1,415 225 392 | 7,543 73 632 321 447 1,085 897 1,224 881 1,369 226 388 | 7,525 72 619 320 455 1,075 1,223 889 1,363 227 386 | 7,572 80 718 318 475 1,091 864 1,250 873 1,266 231 408 | 7,603 76 659 311 459 1,093 887 1,239 855 1,415 224 386 | 7,427 73 645 308 443 1,074 870 1,206 850 1,369 221 369 | 7,481 72 644 315 460 1,070 887 1,192 871 1,363 224 384 |
| Nondurable goods. Food and kindred products. Tobacco manufactures. Textile-mill products. Apparel and other finished textiles. Paper and allied products. Printing, publishing and allied industries. Chemicals and allied products. Products of petroleum and coal Rubber products. Leather and leather products. | 5,521 1,100 89 966 1,068 468 556 553 175 208 338 | 5,428 1,071 83 913 1,089 469 556 543 172 197 335 | 5,423 1,065 82 923 1,073 464 559 542 174 206 335 | 5,404 1,059 85 923 1,059 464 558 541 174 206 335 | 5,684 1,246 98 956 1,089 470 550 545 179 206 345 | 5,352 1,056 73 913 1,045 469 556 535 175 197 333 | 5,356 1,114 71 895 1,025 459 553 531 177 200 332 | 5,550 1,190 94 914 1,080 466 552 533 177 204 342 |

Note.—Data covering production and related workers only (full- and part-time) who worked during, or received pay for, the pay period ending nearest the 15th of the month. Figures for July and August 1957 are pre-

liminary. Back data may be obtained from the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS IN MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES

[Bureau of Labor Statistics. In unit indicated]

| | | | ekly earn per week | | Av | erage ho (per v | | ed | | | ırly earni er hour) | |
|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|---|--|---|--|--|
| Industry group | 1956 | | 1957 | | 1956 | | 1957 | | 1956 | | 1957 | - |
| | Aug. | June | July | Aug. | Aug. | June | July | Aug. | Aug. | June | July | Aug. |
| Total | 79.79 | 82.80 | 82.18 | 82.59 | 40.3 | 40.0 | 39.7 | 39.9 | 1.98 | 2.07 | 2.07 | 2.07 |
| Ordnance and accessories. Ordnance and accessories. Lumber and wood products. Furniture and fixtures. Stone, clay, and glass products. Primary metal industries. Fabricated metal products. Machinery except electrical. Electrical machinery. Transportation equipment. Instruments and related products. Miscellaneous manufacturing industries. Nondurable goods. Food and kindred products. Tobacco manufactures. Textile-mill products. Apparel and other finished textiles. Paper and allied products. Printing, publishing and allied industries. Chemicals and allied products. Products of petroleum and coal Rubber products. Leather and leather products. | 75. 12 69.87 81.36 93.69 84.25 92.16 80.16 94.25 74.16 55.52 56.45 54.17 83.50 94.28 87.74 103.89 87.23 | 88.70 94.83 74.89 69.08 83.44 99.70 89.45 83.02 96.24 671.82 74.09 78.94 60.99 58.35 53.34 85.67 96.38 91.88 108.79 91.21 58.21 | 88.00 93.60 71.89 68.03 82.62 100.55 88.94 93.61 81.18 95.68 84.61 71.31 74.86 79.30 63.76 57.90 87.14 95.88 92.25 111.90 93.11 58.29 | 88.44 95.58 73.20 71.05 84.46 100.69 89.98 92.97 82.19 96.32 72.40 74.42 72.40 74.76 75.55 97.52 92.70 108.09 93.75 93.7 | 40.8 41.2 41.3 41.1 41.3 39.7 40.7 40.7 40.5 40.8 39.6 41.0 40.2 39.2 39.2 41.0 40.2 | 40.5 40.7 40.7 40.2 40.2 41.1 40.3 40.1 39.9 39.9 39.2 40.9 38.6 41.2 40.9 37.8 | 40.0 40.0 39.5 39.1 40.3 39.6 39.6 39.7 40.1 39.4 41.3 39.4 41.3 38.6 42.3 38.6 42.3 38.6 42.3 38.6 42.3 | 40.2 40.5 40.0 40.6 41.0 40.9 40.9 40.9 40.0 39.4 40.0 39.4 40.2 40.2 40.2 40.2 40.2 40.3 8.5 40.2 40.2 40.3 8.5 8.6 40.2 40.3 8.6 40.2 40.3 8.6 40.2 40.3 8.6 40.2 40.3 8.6 40.2 40.2 40.2 40.2 40.2 40.2 40.2 40.2 | 2.10 2.20 1.81 1.70 1.97 2.36 2.07 2.21 1.98 2.31 1.74 1.81 1.80 2.43 2.14 2.54 1.50 | 2.19 2.33 1.84 1.74 2.048 2.17 2.06 2.40 1.80 1.89 1.58 1.58 1.58 2.03 2.23 2.66 2.11 1.58 | 2.20 2.34 1.82 1.74 2.05 2.18 2.05 2.11 1.81 1.90 1.92 1.61 1.50 2.06 2.25 2.25 2.26 1.50 2.25 2.26 2.26 2.26 2.26 2.26 2.26 2.26 | 2.20 2.36 1.83 1.75 2.05 2.20 2.20 2.20 2.10 1.81 1.89 1.51 2.06 2.42 2.25 2.25 2.25 2.26 2.25 2.25 2.26 2.27 2.25 |

Note.—Data are for production and related workers. Figures for July and Augut 1957 are preliminary. Back data are available from the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

DEPARTMENT STORE SALES AND STOCKS, BY DISTRICTS

[Federal Reserve indexes, based on retail value figures. 1947-49 average= 100]

| | | | | | | Fed | leral Res | erve dist | rict | | | | |
|---|---------------------------------|---|---|---|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|---|
| Year or month | United States | Boston | New York | Phil- adel- phia | Cleve- land | Rich- mond | At- lanta | Chi- cago | St. Louis | Minne- apolis | Kansas City | Dallas | San Fran- cisco |
| SALES ¹ 1949 | 98 | 99 | 98 | 100 | 98 | 100 | 101 | 97 | 98 | 98 | 99 | 102 | 98 |
| | 105 | 103 | 101 | 106 | 105 | 105 | 109 | 104 | 104 | 105 | 108 | 113 | 105 |
| | 109 | 105 | 105 | 109 | 110 | 113 | 115 | 108 | 107 | 104 | 111 | 117 | 109 |
| | 110 | 104 | 101 | 109 | 110 | 118 | 124 | 106 | 110 | 104 | 113 | 124 | 114 |
| | 112 | 105 | 102 | 111 | 113 | 121 | 126 | 111 | 112 | 104 | 112 | 125 | 115 |
| | 111 | 107 | 104 | 109 | 105 | 121 | 129 | 109 | 112 | 105 | 115 | 127 | 114 |
| | 120 | 112 | 107 | 117 | 115 | 131 | 142 | 117 | 121 | 109 | 123 | 140 | 123 |
| | 125 | 114 | 113 | 122 | 120 | 138 | 150 | 123 | 127 | 116 | 126 | 144 | 129 |
| SEASONALLY ADJUSTED 1956—July | r129 | 116 | 116 | 119 | 128 | 140 | *162 | 123 | 135 | 113 | r131 | *158 | 132 |
| | 128 | 118 | 117 | 124 | 121 | 145 | 156 | 126 | 129 | 116 | 131 | 148 | 131 |
| | 129 | 117 | 120 | 127 | 127 | 140 | 157 | 127 | 127 | 129 | 128 | 139 | 131 |
| | 122 | 114 | 112 | 118 | 118 | 136 | 144 | 117 | 119 | 103 | 123 | 134 | 130 |
| | 131 | 119 | 120 | 126 | 123 | 146 | 157 | 130 | 134 | 123 | 131 | 146 | 132 |
| | 129 | 116 | 116 | 125 | 122 | 139 | 154 | 128 | 130 | 124 | 128 | 150 | 131 |
| 1957—Jan | | 109 | 119 | 121 | 118 | 144 | 151 | 120 | 125 | 118 | 122 | 140 | 131 |
| Feb | | 117 | 115 | 119 | 123 | 136 | 153 | 121 | 125 | 114 | 121 | 141 | 127 |
| Mar | | 110 | 115 | 124 | 120 | 146 | 149 | 126 | 125 | 118 | 122 | 143 | 133 |
| Apr. | | 107 | 109 | 121 | 117 | 136 | 146 | 120 | 125 | 113 | 121 | 135 | 127 |
| May. | | 112 | 115 | 124 | 118 | 139 | 153 | 123 | 127 | 116 | 124 | 151 | 126 |
| June | | 110 | 117 | 130 | 117 | 136 | 155 | 123 | 119 | 117 | 125 | 161 | 131 |
| July. | | 113 | 121 | 122 | 130 | 144 | P165 | 126 | 135 | 120 | P139 | 171 | 132 |
| WITHOUT SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT 1956—July | r102 | 84 | 83 | 88 | 98 | 111 | 7130 | 97 | 104 | 91 | r108 | r135 | 115 |
| | 113 | 95 | 90 | 100 | 110 | 122 | 140 | 113 | 118 | 111 | 124 | 138 | 126 |
| | 131 | 125 | 122 | 131 | 127 | 144 | 152 | 132 | 130 | 137 | 128 | 139 | 128 |
| | 128 | 115 | 120 | 124 | 122 | 144 | 150 | 123 | 131 | 119 | 129 | 142 | 131 |
| | 158 | 143 | 151 | 165 | 152 | 179 | 182 | 159 | 161 | 141 | 150 | 166 | 153 |
| | 222 | 210 | 204 | 220 | 212 | 251 | 267 | 215 | 216 | 202 | 218 | 252 | 231 |
| 1957—Jan | 95 | 86 | 94 | 91 | 92 | 99 | 116 | 91 | 94 | 84 | 90 | 111 | 101 |
| | 97 | 88 | 93 | 91 | 95 | 101 | 122 | 93 | 98 | 90 | 94 | 113 | 100 |
| | 106 | 89 | 98 | 107 | 99 | 117 | 137 | 105 | 107 | 95 | 104 | 124 | 104 |
| | 122 | 110 | 109 | 121 | 118 | 143 | 149 | 119 | 123 | 114 | 120 | 132 | 123 |
| | 124 | 112 | 113 | 123 | 114 | 140 | 150 | 121 | 127 | 118 | 123 | 150 | 124 |
| | 121 | 110 | 113 | 122 | 113 | 131 | 138 | 121 | 116 | 108 | 120 | *146 | 125 |
| | 121 | 81 | 87 | 90 | 100 | 114 | **132 | 100 | 104 | 97 | #114 | 145 | 115 |
| STOCKS ¹ 1949. 1950. 1951. 1952. 1953. 1954. 1955. | 99 | 100 | 97 | 99 | 100 | 101 | 102 | 97 | 100 | 99 | 100 | 101 | 100 |
| | 109 | 109 | 105 | 108 | 106 | 113 | 120 | 108 | 106 | 104 | 111 | 112 | 110 |
| | 128 | 124 | 124 | 127 | 128 | 133 | 140 | 125 | 125 | 116 | 130 | 132 | 131 |
| | 118 | 111 | 113 | 113 | 111 | 130 | 136 | 112 | 114 | 107 | 121 | 126 | 126 |
| | 126 | 116 | 116 | 119 | 118 | 143 | 146 | 122 | 124 | 115 | 133 | 138 | 134 |
| | 122 | 117 | 114 | 116 | 114 | 139 | 141 | 120 | 116 | 115 | 126 | 132 | 125 |
| | 128 | 122 | 116 | 123 | 117 | 147 | 152 | 122 | 124 | 121 | 136 | 147 | 134 |
| | 139 | 129 | 126 | 133 | 125 | 165 | 165 | 132 | 137 | 132 | 146 | 157 | 145 |
| SEASONALLY ADJUSTED 1956—July | 138 | 132 | 127 | 132 | 125 | 159 | 161 | 132 | 139 | 127 | 144 | *160 | 143 |
| Aug. | 141 | 132 | 127 | 135 | 127 | 164 | 166 | 133 | 136 | 132 | 149 | 159 | 154 |
| Sept. | 139 | 132 | 123 | 135 | 126 | 170 | 167 | 131 | 134 | 128 | 148 | 156 | 148 |
| Oct. | 142 | 131 | 129 | 135 | 129 | 175 | 174 | 134 | 137 | 139 | 150 | 158 | 147 |
| Nov. | 142 | 130 | 131 | 136 | 129 | 176 | 173 | 135 | 137 | 137 | 147 | 156 | 149 |
| Dec. | 142 | 129 | 131 | 136 | 130 | 176 | 169 | 137 | 136 | 140 | 145 | 160 | 144 |
| 1957—Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May. June. July. | 139 141 141 140 143 | 127 128 129 127 127 128 127 | 131 129 131 131 131 134 136 | 136 134 136 135 *136 *140 139 | 128 127 127 127 127 125 128 127 | 169 171 173 168 167 175 175 | 162 165 170 173 168 169 171 | 137 134 135 136 137 139 138 | 141 141 133 136 138 139 141 | 134 134 133 136 134 134 130 | 144 142 143 144 142 142 142 | 156 156 156 157 165 169 P170 | 144 141 145 146 142 147 **148 |
| WITHOUT SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT | 120 | 110 | 116 | 110 | ,,, | 155 | 1,51 | 124 | 120 | 124 | 120 | -150 | 140 |
| 1956—July. Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. | 130 | 118 | 116 | 119 | 115 | 155 | 151 | 124 | 128 | 124 | 138 | 152 | 142 |
| | 138 | 128 | 124 | 130 | 123 | 167 | 163 | 129 | 136 | 128 | 148 | 158 | 148 |
| | 145 | 136 | 130 | 142 | 132 | 175 | 174 | 138 | 145 | 134 | 153 | 166 | 154 |
| | 159 | 148 | 145 | 156 | 144 | 193 | 190 | 153 | 153 | 151 | 162 | 174 | 167 |
| | 161 | 152 | 150 | 157 | 146 | 190 | 195 | 157 | 154 | 153 | 163 | 174 | 164 |
| | 126 | 120 | 120 | 122 | 116 | 147 | 149 | 123 | 123 | 125 | 131 | 144 | 121 |
| 1957—JanFebMarAprMayJuneJuly. | | 116 121 132 132 131 119 115 | 116 121 134 138 136 126 124 | 118 129 140 144 141 130 125 | 114 122 131 133 130 121 117 | 151 159 178 180 177 170 170 | 149 163 179 180 169 159 160 | 123 128 138 139 138 130 130 | 123 134 141 143 138 128 129 | 123 129 137 142 136 127 126 | 129 138 147 149 145 136 136 | 139 152 162 165 166 157 2161 | 127 130 145 152 153 148 148 |

Preliminary.
 Revised.
 Figures for sales are the average per trading day, while those for stocks are as of the end of the month or averages of monthly data.

Note.—For description and monthly indexes for back years see Bulletin for December 1951, pp. 1463–1515.

DEPARTMENT STORE MERCHANDISING DATA

[Based on retail value figures]

| | A | mounts (| in millions | of dollar | s) | | Ratios t | o sales4 | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|---|
| Period | Sales ¹ (total for month) | Stocks ¹ (end of month) | Out- stand- ing orders 1 (end of month) | Re- ceipts ² (total for month) | New orders ³ (total for month) | Stocks | Out- stand- ing orders | Stocks plus out- stand- ing orders | Re- ceipts |
| Annual average: | | | - | | | | | | |
| 1948. 1949. 1950. 1951. 1952. 1953. 1954. 1955. 1956. | 361 376 391 397 406 | 979 925 1,012 1,202 1,097 1,163 1,140 1,195 1,282 | 494 373 495 460 435 421 388 446 469 | 386 358 391 390 397 408 410 444 459 | 363 358 401 379 401 401 412 449 457 | 2.7 2.7 2.8 3.2 2.9 3.0 3.0 2.9 3.0 | 1.4 1.1 1.4 1.3 1.2 1.1 1.0 | 4.1 3.8 4.2 4.4 4.1 4.1 4.0 4.0 | 1.0 1.0 1.1 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 |
| Month: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1956—July. Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. | r340 412 444 485 577 821 | r1,181 1,253 1,335 1,475 1,525 1,214 | 7592 573 598 588 473 340 | r325 492 526 625 627 510 | 7413 478 551 615 512 377 | 3.5 3.0 3.0 3.0 2.6 1.5 | 1.7 1.4 1.3 1.2 0.8 0.4 | 5.2 4.4 4.4 4.3 3.5 1.9 | 1.0 1.2 1.2 1.3 1.1 0.6 |
| 1957—Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May. June. July ^p . | 362 336 394 441 449 409 356 | 1,197 1,252 1,356 1,381 1,353 1,257 1,246 | 430 461 414 346 355 519 587 | 345 391 498 466 421 313 345 | 435 422 451 398 430 477 413 | 3.3 3.7 3.4 3.1 3.0 3.1 3.5 | 1.2 1.4 1.1 0.8 0.8 1.3 1.6 | 4.5 5.1 4.5 3.9 3.8 4.3 5.1 | 1.0 1.2 1.3 1.1 0.9 0.8 1.0 |

MERCHANDISE EXPORTS AND IMPORTS

[Bureau of the Census. In millions of dollars]

| Period | Merc | handise ex | ports 1 | | lise exports y-aid ship | excluding ments 2 | Merc | handise im | ports ³ |
|--|--|--|---|----------------|--|--|---|--|--|
| | 1955 | 1956 | 1957 | 1955 | 1956 | 1957 | 1955 | 1956 | 1957 |
| Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May. June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. | 1,344 1,264 1,323 1,321 1,269 1,239 | 1,284 1,362 1,582 1,512 1,716 1,696 1,639 1,535 1,533 1,671 1,543 2,002 | 1,680 1,609 2,151 1,862 1,813 1,786 1,691 | 1,155 1,279 | 1,202 1,271 1,478 1,399 1,521 1,491 1,288 1,377 1,426 1,560 1,423 1,879 | 1,583 1,488 r2,022 r1,779 1,711 r1,652 1,504 | 871 850 1,019 871 959 937 885 961 1,011 1,065 1,008 | 1,073 1,051 1,102 991 1,095 1,034 1,052 1,055 995 1,121 987 1,059 | 1,113 993 1,132 1,118 1,104 983 *1,137 |
| JanJuly | 8,927 | 10,791 | 12,592 | 8,175 | 9,650 | 11,739 | 6,392 | 7,398 | ¢7,580 |

Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis

P Preliminary.
 Revised.
 1 These figures are not estimates for all department stores in the United States. They are the actual dollar amounts reported by a group of department stores located in various cities throughout the country. In 1956, sales by these stores accounted for about 50 per cent of estimated total department store sales.
 2 Derived from the reported figures on sales and stocks.

³ Derived from receipts and reported figures on outstanding orders.

⁴ The first three ratios are of stocks and/or orders at the end of the month to sales during the month. The final ratio is based on totals of sales and receipts for the month.

Note.—For description and monthly figures for back years, see BULLETIN for October 1952, pp. 1098–1102.

Estimated.
 Revised.
 Exports of domestic and foreign merchandise.
 Department of Defense shipments of grant-aid military equipment

and supplies under the Mutual Security Program. $^{\rm 3}$ General imports including imports for immediate consumption plus entries into bonded warehouses.

CONSUMER PRICES

[Bureau of Labor Statistics index for city wage-earner and clerical-worker families. 1947-49=100]

| | | | | | Hou | ising | | | | | | | Read- | Other |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|
| Year or month | All items | Foods | Total | Rent | Gas and elec- tricity | Solid fuels and fuel oil | House- fur- nish- ings | House- hold opera- tion | Ap- parel | Trans- porta- tion | Med- ical care | Per- sonal care | ing and recrea- tion | goods and serv- ices |
| 1929 1933 1941 1945 | 73.3 55.3 62.9 76.9 | 65.6 41.6 52.2 68.9 | | 117.4 83.6 88.4 90.9 | | | | | 60.3 45.9 55.6 76.3 | | | | | |
| 1949. 1950. 1951. 1952. 1953. 1954. 1955. 1956. | 101.8 102.8 111.0 113.5 114.4 114.8 114.5 | 100.0 101.2 112.6 114.6 112.8 112.6 110.9 111.7 | 103.3 106.1 112.4 114.6 117.7 119.1 120.0 121.7 | 105.0 108.8 113.1 117.9 124.1 128.5 130.3 132.7 | 102.5 102.7 103.1 104.5 106.6 107.9 110.7 111.8 | 106.8 110.5 116.4 118.7 123.9 123.5 125.2 130.7 | 99.6 100.3 111.2 108.5 107.9 106.1 104.1 103.0 | 100.1 101.2 109.0 111.8 115.3 117.4 119.1 122.9 | 99.4 98.1 106.9 105.8 104.8 104.3 103.7 105.5 | 108.5 111.3 118.4 126.2 129.7 128.0 126.4 128.7 | 104.1 106.0 111.1 117.3 121.3 125.2 128.0 132.6 | 101.1 101.1 110.5 111.8 112.8 113.4 115.3 120.0 | 104.1 103.4 106.5 107.0 108.0 107.1 106.6 108.1 | 103.4 105.2 109.7 115.4 118.2 120.2 120.2 |
| 1956—July | 117.0 116.8 117.1 117.7 117.8 118.0 | 114.8 113.1 113.1 113.1 112.9 112.9 | 121.8 122.2 122.5 122.8 123.0 123.5 | 133.2 133.4 133.4 133.8 134.2 | 111.7 112.1 112.2 112.0 111.8 112.0 | 128.7 129.5 130.5 132.9 134.3 136.1 | 102.8 102.6 103.3 103.6 103.8 104.1 | 123.0 123.4 123.7 124.2 124.5 124.8 | 105.3 105.5 106.5 106.8 107.0 107.0 | 127.7 128.5 128.6 132.6 133.2 133.1 | 132.7 133.3 134.0 134.1 134.5 134.7 | 120.1 120.3 120.5 120.8 121.4 121.8 | 107.7 107.9 108.4 108.5 109.0 109.3 | 122.2 122.1 122.7 123.0 123.2 123.3 |
| 1957—Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May. June. July | 118.2 118.7 118.9 119.3 119.6 120.2 120.8 | 112.8 113.6 113.2 113.8 114.6 116.2 117.4 | 123.8 124.5 124.9 125.2 125.3 125.5 125.5 | 134.2 134.4 134.5 134.7 135.0 135.2 | 112.3 112.4 112.4 112.4 112.3 112.3 112.3 | 138.9 139.3 139.2 138.1 135.4 135.3 135.9 | 104.0 105.0 104.9 105.1 104.2 104.6 104.1 | 125.4 125.6 126.2 126.4 127.3 127.6 127.9 | 106.4 106.1 106.8 106.5 106.5 106.6 106.5 | 133.6 134.4 135.1 135.5 135.3 135.3 135.8 | 135.3 135.5 136.4 136.9 137.3 137.9 138.4 | 122.1 122.6 122.9 123.3 123.4 124.2 124.7 | 109.9 110.0 110.5 111.8 111.4 111.8 112.4 | 123.8 124.0 124.2 124.2 124.3 124.6 126.6 |

Note.—Revised index, reflecting, beginning January 1953, the inclusion of new series (i.e. home purchases and used automobiles) and re-

vised weights. Prior to January 1953, indexes are based on the "interim adjusted" and "old" indexes, converted to the base 1947-49=100.

WHOLESALE PRICES, BY GROUPS OF COMMODITIES

[Bureau of Labor Statistics index. 1947-49=100]

| | | | | | | | | | O | ther cor | nmoditi | es | | | | | |
|--|---|--|---|--|---|---|--|---|---|--|--|---|--|---|--|---|--|
| Year or month | All com- modi- ties | Farm prod- ucts | Proc- essed foods | Total | Tex- tile prod- ucts and ap- parel | Hides, skins, and leather prod- ucts | Fuel, power, and lighting ma-terials | and allied prod- | Rub- ber and prod- ucts | Lum- ber and wood prod- ucts | Pulp, paper, and allied prod- ucts | Metals and metal prod- ucts | Ma- chin- ery and mo- tive prod- ucts | Furni- ture and other house- hold dura- bles | Non- me- tallic min- erals— struc- tural | To- bacco mfrs. and bottled bev- erages | |
| 1949 1950 1951 1952 1953 1954 1955 1956 | 99.2 103.1 114.8 111.6 110.1 110.3 110.7 114.3 | 92.8 97.5 113.4 107.0 97.0 95.6 89.6 88.4 | 104.6 105.3 101.7 | 105.0 115.9 113.2 114.0 114.5 117.0 | 99.2 110.6 99.8 97.3 95.2 95.3 | 97.2 98.5 94.2 93.8 | 103.0 106.7 106.6 109.5 108.1 107.9 | 96.3 110.0 104.5 105.7 107.0 106.6 | 134.0 125.0 126.9 | 113.9 123.9 120.3 120.2 118.0 123.6 | 100.9 119.6 116.5 116.1 116.3 119.3 | 110.3 122.8 | 108.6 119.0 121.5 123.0 124.6 128.4 | 112.0 114.2 115.4 115.9 | 113.6 113.6 118.2 120.9 124.2 | 102.4 108.1 110.6 115.7 120.6 121.6 | 96.6 104.9 108.3 97.8 102.5 92.0 |
| 1956 July | 114.0 114.7 115.5 115.6 115.9 116.3 | 89.1 90.1 | 102.2 102.6 104.0 103.6 103.6 103.1 | 122.5 123.1 123.6 124.2 | 94.8 94.8 95.3 95.4 | 100.0 100.2 99.7 99.8 | 111.1 111.7 111.2 | 107.3 107.1 107.7 108.2 | 146.9 145.7 145.8 146.9 | 123.6 122.0 121.5 | 127.9 127.9 128.1 127.8 | 150.2 151.9 152.2 152.1 | 137.7 139.7 141.1 143.4 | 119.1 119.7 121.0 121.1 | 130.8 131.1 131.5 131.2 | 122.5 122.8 123.1 123.5 | 91.3 91.1 89.9 89.2 91.2 91.7 |
| 1957 Jan | 116.9 117.0 116.9 117.2 117.1 117.4 118.1 | 89.3 88.8 88.8 90.6 89.5 90.9 92.7 | 104.3 103.9 103.7 104.3 104.9 106.1 107.2 | 125.5 125.4 125.4 125.2 125.2 | 95.7 95.4 95.3 95.4 95.5 | 98.0 98.4 98.8 99.0 799.9 | 119.6 119.2 119.5 118.5 117.2 | 108.8 108.8 109.1 109.1 109.3 | 143.9 144.3 144.5 144.7 145.1 | 120.7 120.1 120.2 119.7 119.7 | 128.7 128.6 128.9 128.9 | 151.4 151.0 150.1 150.0 150.6 | 144.5 144.8 145.0 145.1 | 121.9 121.5 121.5 121.6 7121.7 | 132.7 133.2 134.6 135.0 135.1 | 124.1 124.1 124.5 124.5 124.7 | 93.2 92.4 92.0 91.4 89.4 87.3 88.8 |

r Revised.

WHOLESALE PRICES, BY GROUPS OF COMMODITIES—Continued

[Bureau of Labor Statistics index, 1947-49=100]

| | 1956 | | 1957 | | | 1956 | | 1957 | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Subgroup | July | May | June | July | Subgroup | July | May | June | July |
| Farm Products: Fresh and dried produce | 88.4 72.9 104.3 94.4 82.1 | 109.0 85.4 78.7 104.3 92.2 57.5 84.4 | 105.4 83.9 83.5 104.8 92.0 61.0 | 106.7 82.7 86.5 105.0 93.1 76.2 82.4 | Pulp, Paper, and Allied Products (Cont.): Paperboard | 136.5 123.2 138.1 | 136.2 125.3 141.7 | 136.2 125.3 141.7 | 136.2 125.4 141.7 |
| Hay and seeds. Other farm products. Processed Foods: | | 144.1 | 83.3 145.7 | 142,9 | Iron and steel | 152.5 | 162.9 139.9 152.5 164.3 | 165.4 138.1 152.5 164.3 | 170.3 134.2 152.8 164.5 |
| Cereal and bakery products. Meats, poultry, and fish. Dairy products and ice cream. Canned, frozen fruits, and vegetables. Sugar and confectionery. Packaged beverage materials. Other processed foods. | 1 1174 4 | 116.5 91.5 110.7 103.5 112.8 183.7 95.3 | 117.0 96.6 108.1 7101.9 113.5 183.7 95.4 | 117.7 99.2 108.1 102.3 114.3 183.7 94.8 | Hardware. Plumbing equipment Heating equipment. Fabricated structural metal products. Fabricated nonstructural metal products. Machinery and Motive Products: | 134.1 117.9 129.7 132.5 | 130.1 121.4 132.2 143.3 | 129.1 r121.9 131.7 143.1 | 129.1 122.4 134.5 145.3 |
| Textile Products and Apparel: Cotton products | 99.8 | 90.7 110.9 81.8 124.7 99.5 76.9 | 90.6 111.5 81.9 122.4 99.5 76.8 | 90.5 111.3 82.0 121.5 99.5 75.8 | Agricultural machinery and equipment. Construction machinery and equipment. Metal working machinery. General purpose machinery and equipment. Miscellaneous machinery. | 126.8 147.8 155.2 146.4 136.6 | 132.3 157.6 165.6 156.0 143.8 | 132.3 157.6 165.6 156.5 r143.9 | 132.3 157.7 166.0 157.2 144.4 |
| Hides, Skins, and Leather Products: Hides and skinsLeather. | | 55.8 88.8 | 59.4 91.1 | 62.1 | Electrical machinery and equipment. Motor vehicles. Furniture and Other Household Dura- | 137.4 129.1 | 148.2 134.7 | 7148.2 134.7 | 148.9 134.7 |
| Footwear. Other leather products. Fuel, Power, and Lighting Materials: Coal. Coke. Gas. Electricity Petroleum and products. | 120.5 98.8 112.9 145.4 109.7 93.8 | 121.1 97.5 123.3 161.9 116.5 94.9 129.8 | 123.3 161.9 113.0 128.4 | 92.2 121.2 98.0 124.0 161.9 113.0 94.3 126.4 | bles: Household furniture. Commercial furniture. Floor covering. Household appliances. Radio. Television. Other household durable goods. Nonmetallic Minerals—Structural: | 131.4 104.4 90.7 | 122.4 147.3 133.8 105.1 91.1 69.5 147.7 | 122.4 147.3 133.8 105.2 91.5 69.7 r147.9 | 122.6 153.6 132.9 105.0 92.4 70.2 147.9 |
| Chemicals and Allied Products: Industrial chemicals. Prepared paint. Paint materials Drugs, pharmaceuticals, cosmetics. Fats and oils, inedible. Mixed fertilizers. Fertilizer materials. Other chemicals and products | 122.1 119.1 98.6 92.2 53.7 108.5 105.7 103.8 | 123.6 124.7 99.8 93.3 59.2 108.4 107.2 105.2 | 124.0 125.5 99.7 r93.4 r60.2 r108.3 106.3 r105.0 | 123.5 127.8 99.9 93.4 61.0 108.3 106.3 105.3 | Flat glass Concrete ingredients. Concrete products. Structural clay products. Gypsum products. Prepared asphalt roofing. Other nonmetallic minerals. Tobacco Manufacture and Bottled | 135.0 130.6 123.0 149.3 127.1 117.9 123.8 | 135.7 135.7 126.7 155.0 127.1 125.8 128.3 | 135.7 135.8 126.7 155.1 127.1 125.8 128.3 | 135.7 136.1 126.5 155.1 127.1 125.8 128.4 |
| Rubber and products: Crude rubber Tires and tubes Other rubber products Lumber and Wood Products: | 143.9 149.3 | 144.0 149.0 139.9 | 145.9 149.0 13 9.9 | 145.0 149.0 140.0 | Beverages: Cigarettes Cigars Other tobacco products Alcoholic beverages. Nonalcoholic beverages. | 104.2 | 124.0 105.1 127.7 119.6 149.3 | 124.0 105.1 7134.9 119.6 149.3 | 134.8 105.1 144.1 119.6 149.3 |
| Lumber and Wood Products: Lumber Millwork Plywood Pulp, Paper, and Allied Products: | 128.5 129.7 103.3 | 120.6 128.3 96.8 | r120.4 128.5 97.7 | 120.0 128.5 96.9 | Miscellaneous: Toys, sporting goods, small arms Manufactured animal feeds Notions and accessories. Jewelry, watches, photo equipment Other miscellaneous | 115.7 72.8 95.7 104.8 | 117.5 67.2 97.4 107.6 | 117.5 63.4 97.4 106.8 | 117.6 66.0 97.4 106.8 |
| WoodpulpWastepaperPaper. | 118.0 112.4 138.2 | 118.0 66.1 142.4 | 118.0 66.1 1142.4 | 118.0 68.0 142.7 | Other miscellaneous | 124.4 | 126.8 | r127.2 | 128.8 |

Revised.

RELATION OF GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT, NATIONAL INCOME, PERSONAL INCOME, AND SAVING

[Department of Commerce estimates. In billions of dollars]

| | | | | An | nual to | als | | | | Seaso | | djusted quarte | annual rs | rates |
|---|------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| Item | 1929 | 1933 | 1941 | 1950 | 1952 | 1953 | 1954 | 1955 | 1956 | | 1956 | | 19: | 57 |
| | 1929 | 1933 | 1571 | 1930 | 1932 | 1955 | 1934 | 1933 | 1930 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 2 |
| Gross national product | 104.4 | 56.0 | 125.8 | 285.1 | 345.4 | 363.2 | 361.2 | 391.7 | 414.7 | 410.8 | 416.7 | 426.0 | 429.1 | 434.3 |
| Less: Capital consumption allowances Indirect business tax and related lia- | 8.6 | 7.2 | 9.0 | 20.5 | 23.9 | 26.5 | 28.9 | 31.6 | 34.3 | 33.9 | 34.6 | 35.3 | 36.1 | 36.6 |
| bilities. Business transfer payments. Statistical discrepancy. Plus: Subsidies less current surplus of gov- | 7.0 .6 .3 | 7.1 .7 .9 | 11.3 .5 .4 | .8 | 1.2 | 30.2 1.4 2.6 | 30.1 1.3 1.7 | 1.3 | | 1.3 | 1.3 | 36.1 1.3 1.6 | 36.4 1.3 1.6 | 1.3 |
| ernment enterprises | 1 | .0 | .1 | .2 | 1 | 4 | 2 | .2 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.6 |
| Equals: National income | 87.8 | 40.2 | 104.7 | 240.0 | 290.2 | 302.1 | 299.0 | 324.1 | 343.6 | 340.6 | 344.5 | 353.3 | 355.1 | n.a. |
| Less: Corporate profits and inventory valua- tion adjustment | 10.1 .2 | .3 | 14.5 2.8 | 35.1 6.9 | 36.9 8.6 | 36.0 8.7 | | | 40.4 12.4 | 39.1 12.2 | 39.8 12.5 | 42.4 12.8 | 41.2 14.2 | n.a. 14.3 |
| ments Plus: Government transfer payments Net interest paid by government Dividends Business transfer payments | .0 .9 1.0 5.8 .6 | 1.3 | .0 2.6 1.3 4.5 | .0 14.3 4.7 9.2 .8 | 4.9 9.0 | 1 12.9 5.0 9.3 1.4 | 5.2 | 16.1 5.2 11.0 | 5.7 | 5.7 12.0 | 5.8 | .0 17.7 5.9 11.5 1.3 | 6.0 12.4 | |
| Equals: Personal income | 85.8 | 47.2 | 96.3 | 227.1 | 271.8 | 286.0 | 287.4 | 305.9 | 326.9 | 325.3 | 328.7 | 334.5 | 337.7 | 342.4 |
| Less: Personal tax and related payments Federal | 2.6 1.3 1.4 | 1.5 .5 1.0 | 3.3 2.0 1.3 | 20.9 18.2 2.7 | 31.2 | 35.8 32.4 3.4 | 33.0 29.2 3.8 | 31.5 | 39.7 35.1 4.6 | 39.5 35.0 4.5 | 39.8 35.2 4.6 | 35.8 | 37.4 | 42.9 38.0 4.9 |
| Equals: Disposable personal income | 83.1 | 45.7 | 93.0 | 206.1 | 237.4 | 250.2 | 254.5 | 270.2 | 287.2 | 285.8 | 288.8 | 294.0 | 295.5 | 299.5 |
| Less: Personal consumption expenditures | 79.0 | 46.4 | 81.9 | 194.0 | 218.3 | 230.5 | 236.6 | 254.4 | 267.2 | 265.0 | 268.6 | 272.3 | 276.7 | 278.9 |
| Equals: Personal saving | 4.2 | 6 | 11.1 | 12.1 | 19.0 | 19.7 | 17.9 | 15.8 | 20.0 | 20.8 | 20.3 | 21.7 | 18.9 | 20.6 |

NATIONAL INCOME, BY DISTRIBUTIVE SHARES

[Department of Commerce estimates. In billions of dollars]

| | | | | An | nual to | tals | | | | Seaso | | djusted v quarte | annual rs | rates |
|---|-------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| Item | 4000 | 4000 | 40.44 | 40.50 | 40.50 | 40.50 | 4044 | | | | 1956 | | 19: | 57 |
| | 1929 | 1933 | 1941 | 1950 | 1952 | 1953 | 1954 | 1955 | 1956 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 2 |
| National income | 87.8 | 40.2 | 104.7 | 240.0 | 290.2 | 302.1 | 299.0 | 324.1 | 343.6 | 340.6 | 344.5 | 353.3 | 355.1 | n.a. |
| Compensation of employees | 45.5 .3 4.6 | . 3 | 62.1 51.9 1.9 | 146.5 124.3 5.0 17.2 | 184.9 152.0 10.5 22.5 | 163.5 10.3 23.5 | 195.5 161.2 10.0 24.4 | 210.3 174.4 9.8 | 227.2 189.4 9.7 28.2 | 240.0 226.1 188.4 9.7 27.9 13.9 | 228.3 | 233.3 194.7 9.7 | | 253.6 238.2 198.8 9.7 29.7 15.4 |
| Proprietors' and rental income ² . Business and professional. Farm Rental income of persons | 8.8 6.0 | 7.6 3.2 2.4 2.0 | 10.9 6.5 | 22.9 13.3 | 25.7 15.1 | 49.3 25.9 13.3 10.2 | 49.1 25.9 12.7 10.6 | 11.9 | 49.9 28.0 11.6 10.3 | 49.7 28.0 11.5 10.3 | 50.0 28.2 11.5 10.4 | 28.3 | 50.3 28.4 11.5 10.4 | |
| Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment | 1.4 8.3 .5 | .2 .5 4 -2.1 | 17.0 7.6 9.4 -2.5 | 40.0 17.8 22.1 -4.9 | 35.9 19.8 16.1 1.0 | 37.0 20.3 16.7 -1.0 | 33.5 17.4 16.0 3 | 21.5 | | 39.1 42.4 21.6 20.7 -3.2 | 39.8 40.8 20.8 19.9 -1.0 | 45.6 23.3 22.3 | 41.2 43.9 22.4 21.5 -2.7 | n.a. |
| Net interest | 6.4 | 5.0 | 4.5 | 5.9 | 7.4 | 8.7 | 9.8 | 10.9 | 11.9 | 11.7 | 12.0 | 12.3 | 12.5 | 12.7 |

n.a. Not available.

1 Includes employee contributions to social insurance funds.

² Includes noncorporate inventory valuation adjustment.

GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT OR EXPENDITURE

[Department of Commerce estimates. In billions of dollars]

| | | | | An | nual tot | als | | | | Seaso | onally a | djusted quarte | | rates |
|---|---------------------------------|--|--|--|---|--|---|----------------------|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| Item | 4000 | 4000 | 4044 | 4050 | 1050 | 40.52 | | 4055 | 4056 | | 1956 | | 19 | 57 |
| | 1929 | 1933 | 1941 | 1950 | 1952 | 1953 | 1954 | 1955 | 1956 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 2 |
| Gross national product | 104.4 | 56.0 | 125.8 | 285.1 | 345.4 | 363.2 | 361.2 | 391.7 | 414.7 | 410.8 | 416.7 | 426.0 | 429.1 | 434.3 |
| Personal consumption expenditures Durable goods Nondurable goods Services | 9.2 | 46.4 3.5 22.3 20.7 | 81.9 9.7 43.2 29.0 | 28.6 100.4 | 26.6 116.1 | 29.8 119.1 | 236.6 29.4 120.6 86.6 | 35.6 126.0 | 267.2 33.9 133.3 99.9 | 265.0 33.3 132.7 99.0 | 33.0 134.4 | | 276.7 35.9 137.3 103.4 | 35.0 139.1 |
| Gross private domestic investment New construction¹. Residential, nonfarm Other. Producers' durable equipment Change in business inventories. Nonfarm only. | 8.7 3.6 5.1 5.9 1.7 | 1.4 1.4 .5 1.0 1.6 -1.6 -1.4 | 18.1 6.6 3.5 3.1 6.9 4.5 4.0 | 51.2 22.7 12.6 10.1 21.1 7.4 6.4 | 23.7 11.1 12.6 23.1 3.0 | 50.3 25.8 11.9 13.8 24.3 .3 | 13.5 14.3 22.5 -1.9 | 32.7 16.6 16.1 | 65.9 33.3 15.3 18.0 28.1 4.6 5.0 | 65.3 33.6 15.5 18.1 27.2 4.6 5.0 | | 68.5 33.4 15.1 18.4 29.9 5.1 5.7 | 62.7 32.8 14.4 18.5 30.7 8 3 | 65.0 32.7 13.9 18.9 30.5 1.7 2.2 |
| Net foreign investment | .8 | .2 | 1.1 | -2.2 | 2 | -2.0 | 4 | 4 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 2.0 | 2.4 | 4.1 | 3.5 |
| Government purchases of goods and services Federal. National security. Other. Less: Government sales ² . State and local. | 8.5 1.3 1.3 .0 7.2 | 2.0 | 24.8 16.9 13.8 3.2 .0 7.8 | 42.0 22.1 18.5 3.9 .3 19.9 | 77.5 54.3 48.8 5.8 .4 23.2 | 59.5 | 76.6 48.9 43.1 6.2 .4 27.7 | | 80.2 47.2 42.4 5.2 .4 33.0 | 79.3 46.4 41.6 5.2 .4 32.9 | 80.6 47.3 42.7 4.9 .4 33.3 | 82.8 49.0 44.2 5.1 .4 33.9 | 85.6 50.3 45.5 5.2 .4 35.3 | 51.1 46.3 5.2 .4 |

¹ Includes expenditures for crude petroleum and natural gas drilling.

PERSONAL INCOME

[Department of Commerce estimates. In billions of dollars]

| | | • | Wage and | salary dis | bursement | s | | Dec | Divi- | | Less | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Year or month ¹ | Per- sonal income | Total | Com- modity produc- ing in- dustries | Distrib- utive indus- tries | Service indus- tries | Gov- ern- ment | Other labor income ² | Pro- prietors' and rental income ³ | dends and per- sonal interest income | Trans- fer- pay- ments 4 | contri- butions for social insur- ance ⁵ | Non- agricul- tural income6 |
| 1929. 1933. 1941. | 85.8 47.2 96.3 | 50.4 29.0 62.1 | 21.5 9.8 27.5 | 15.6 8.8 16.3 | 8.4 5.2 8.1 | 4.9 5.1 10.2 | .6 .4 .7 | 20.2 7.6 20.9 | 13.2 8.3 10.3 | 1.5 2.1 3.1 | .1 .2 .8 | 77.7 43.6 88.0 |
| 1951. 1952. 1953. 1954. 1955. | 271.8 286.0 287.4 305.9 | 170.8 184.9 197.4 195.5 210.3 227.2 | 74.9 80.4 87.7 83.6 90.9 98.3 | 45.8 48.7 51.3 51.9 55.4 60.1 | 21.3 23.0 24.5 25.8 28.2 31.1 | 28.8 32.9 33.9 34.3 35.9 37.9 | 4.8 5.3 6.0 6.2 6.9 7.5 | 49.9 50.8 49.3 49.1 49.4 49.9 | 20.7 21.3 23.0 24.9 27.1 29.5 | 12.6 13.2 14.3 16.2 17.4 18.5 | 3.4 3.8 3.9 4.6 5.2 5.7 | 235.7 253.1 269.2 271.3 290.6 311.7 |
| 1956—Aug | 331.1 334.1 334.9 | 228.8 230.4 231.8 233.1 235.3 | 98.6 99.6 100.8 101.2 102.7 | 60.5 60.9 60.8 61.4 61.6 | 31.5 31.5 31.8 31.9 32.2 | 38.2 38.4 38.4 38.6 38.8 | 7.6 7.6 7.7 7.7 7.7 | 50.1 49.9 51.3 50.7 50.2 | 29.9 30.1 30.2 30.4 28.5 | 18.7 18.8 18.9 18.9 19.0 | 5.8 5.7 5.8 5.9 5.9 | 314.1 316.1 317.7 319.3 319.6 |
| 1957—Jan | 337.9 339.5 340.6 342.9 344.8 | 234.5 235.9 237.2 237.1 238.3 240.1 240.9 241.5 | 101.4 102.0 102.3 102.4 102.4 103.3 103.0 102.7 | 62.0 62.4 63.0 62.7 63.4 63.8 64.5 65.0 | 32.2 32.4 32.6 32.9 33.0 33.2 33.4 33.6 | 38.9 39.1 39.3 39.1 39.5 39.8 40.0 40.2 | 7.7 7.8 7.8 7.8 7.8 7.9 7.9 8.0 | 50.2 50.4 50.4 50.6 50.8 50.9 51.6 52.0 | 30.7 30.8 30.9 31.0 31.2 31.2 31.4 31.5 | 19.5 19.7 20.0 20.8 21.6 21.5 21.3 21.2 | 6.7 6.8 6.8 6.8 6.8 6.9 | 320.7 322.7 324.5 325.3 327.5 329.3 330.5 331.3 |

 $^{^{2}\,\}text{Consists}$ of sales abroad and domestic sales of surplus consumption goods and materials.

¹ Monthly data are seasonally adjusted totals at annual rates.

² Represents compensation for injuries, employer contributions to private pension and welfare funds, and other payments.

³ Represents business and professional income, farm income, and rental income of unincorporated enterprise; also a noncorporate inventory valuation adjustment.

⁴ Represents government social insurance benefits, direct relief, mustering-out pay, veterans' readjustment allowances and other payments, as

well as consumer bad debts and other business transfers.

5 Prior to 1952 includes employee contributions only; beginning January 1952, includes also contributions to the old-age and survivors' insurance program of the self-employed to whom coverage was extended under the Social Security Act Amendments of 1950. Personal contributions are not included in personal income.

6 Represents personal income exclusive of net income of unincorporated farm enterprise, farm wages, agricultural net interest, and net dividends paid by agricultural corporations.

Financial Statistics

★ International ★

| International capital transactions of the United States | 1096 |
|--|------|
| Gold production | 1100 |
| Net gold purchases and gold stock of the United States. | 1101 |
| Reported gold reserves of central banks and governments. | 1102 |
| Estimated foreign gold reserves and dollar holdings. | 1103 |
| | |
| International Bank and Monetary Fund. | 1104 |
| Central banks | 1104 |
| Money rates in foreign countries. | 1109 |
| Foreign exchange rates. | 1110 |
| | |
| Index to statistical tables. | 1121 |

Tables on the following pages include the principal available statistics of current significance relating to international capital transactions of the United States, foreign gold reserves and dollar holdings, and foreign central banks. Figures on international capital transactions of the United States are collected by the Federal Reserve Banks from banks, bankers, brokers, and

dealers in the United States in accordance with the Treasury Regulation of November 12, 1934. Other data are compiled largely from regularly published sources such as central bank statements and official statistical bulletins. Back figures for 1941 and prior years, together with descriptive text, may be obtained from the Board's publication, Banking and Monetary Statistics.

TABLE 1. SHORT-TERM LIABILITIES TO FOREIGNERS REPORTED BY BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES, BY COUNTRIES 1
[Amounts outstanding, in millions of dollars]

| | In- terna- | | foreign atries | | Ger- many, | | Switz- | United | Other | Total | | Latin | | All |
|---|---|--|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|--|
| Date | tional insti- tutions ² | Official and private | Official ³ | France | Fed. Rep. of | Italy | er- land | King- dom | Europe | Europe | Canada | Latin America | Asia | other |
| 1953—Dec. 31 1954—Dec. 31 1955—Dec. 31 | 1,770 | 10,019 11,149 11,720 | 5,667 6,770 6,953 | 429 715 1,081 | 899 1,373 1,454 | 466 579 785 | 674 672 757 | 709 640 550 | 1,558 1,642 1,519 | 4,734 5,621 6,147 | 1,296 1,536 1,032 | 1,768 1,906 2,000 | 1,896 1,821 2,181 | 326 265 360 |
| 1956—July 31 Aug. 31 Sept. 30 Oct. 31 Nov. 30 Dec. 31 | 1,998 2,005 2,015 2,008 | 12,811 12,986 13,223 13,124 13,103 r13,487 | 7,445 47,778 7,934 7,952 7,840 78,045 | 813 770 755 735 640 626 | 1,686 1,759 1,805 1,855 1,850 1,835 | 864 904 926 939 927 930 | 758 792 812 795 797 836 | 837 664 745 645 642 1,012 | 1,631 1,708 1,701 1,721 1,653 1,627 | 6,588 6,597 6,745 6,690 6,508 6,865 | 1,352 1,435 1,435 1,441 1,453 1,516 | 2,194 2,265 2,318 2,276 2,415 2,346 | 2,358 2,374 2,404 2,402 2,392 72,415 | 319 315 322 316 335 346 |
| 1957—Jan. 31 Feb. 28 Mar. 31 Apr. 30 ^p May 31 ^p June 30 ^p July 31 ^p | 1,681 1,558 1,358 1,700 1,573 | r13,202 r13,084 13,202 13,095 13,091 13,260 13,247 | 77,759 77,549 7,550 47,794 7,803 7,929 7,803 | 538 490 423 416 367 403 514 | 1,790 1,764 1,764 1,727 1,735 1,690 1,558 | 905 885 886 909 937 966 979 | 801 777 774 753 775 814 778 | 867 869 929 901 925 965 1,005 | 1,674 1,733 1,754 1,800 1,753 1,782 1,719 | 6,575 6,518 6,530 6,506 6,492 6,620 6,552 | 1,526 1,559 1,497 1,522 1,613 1,583 1,656 | 72,382 72,309 2,345 2,506 2,545 2,680 2,670 | 72,382 2,323 2,243 2,148 2,045 1,986 1,985 | 7337 375 388 412 395 391 384 |

Table 1a. Other Europe

| Date | Other Europe | Aus- tria | Bel- gium | Den- mark | Fin- land | Greece | Neth- er- lands | Nor- way | Por- tugal | Ru- mania | Spain | Swe- den | Tur- key | Yugo- slavia | All other |
|---|---|---|---|--|--|---|--|--|---|------------------|--|---|--|---------------------------------------|---|
| 1953—Dec. 31 | 1,558 1,642 1,519 | 191 273 261 | 130 100 108 | 96 71 60 | 38 41 49 | 101 113 176 | 243 249 164 | 119 103 82 | 72 91 132 | 6 8 8 | 36 71 104 | 117 141 153 | 14 8 9 | 7 9 13 | 388 363 201 |
| 1956—July 31 | 1,708 1,701 1,721 1,653 | 251 266 277 300 297 296 | 108 110 117 118 125 117 | 69 68 64 70 68 65 | 50 57 55 56 53 53 | 160 141 150 158 166 177 | 201 182 168 162 131 134 | 57 58 63 57 59 67 | 124 125 132 133 133 137 | 6 2 1 1 | 85 75 68 55 50 43 | 188 181 190 202 199 217 | 7 7 14 14 14 20 | 10 9 11 11 16 17 | 314 424 391 385 341 281 |
| 1957—Jan. 31 Feb. 28. Mar. 31. Apr. 30°. May 31°. June 30°. July 31°. | 1,733 1,754 1,800 1,753 1,782 | 294 297 296 298 298 302 315 | 125 135 141 142 120 119 120 | 64 76 76 71 65 61 97 | 54 61 59 60 59 59 61 | 181 184 178 181 175 166 156 | 117 122 120 110 111 110 99 | 69 67 76 73 75 87 85 | 138 134 123 117 120 120 114 | 1 1 1 1 1 | 42 40 32 28 25 25 25 | 230 229 228 245 251 268 278 | 16 22 14 20 12 14 12 | 14 17 14 11 12 11 9 | 330 348 396 442 430 439 346 |

Table 1b. Latin America

| Date | Latin Amer- ica | Argen- tina | Bo- livia | Brazil | Chile | Co- lom- bia | Cuba | Do- min- ican Re- pub- lic | Guate- mala | Mex- ico | Neth- er- lands West Indies and Suri- nam | Pan- ama, Re- pub- lic of | Реги | El Sal- vador | Uru- guay | Vene- zuela | Other Latin Amer- ica |
|--|--|---|--|---|--|---|---|---|--|---|--|---|--|--|--|---|---|
| 1953—Dec. 31 1954—Dec. 31 1955—Dec. 31 | 1,768 1,906 2,000 | 130 160 138 | 19 29 26 | 102 120 143 | 79 70 95 | 150 222 131 | 341 237 253 | 39 60 65 | 38 35 45 | 183 329 414 | 52 49 47 | 90 74 86 | 68 83 92 | 27 30 24 | 110 90 65 | 222 194 265 | 119 124 112 |
| 1956—July 31 | 2,318 2,276 2,415 | 138 136 141 148 150 146 | 28 27 25 24 27 29 | 238 231 259 242 249 225 | 89 92 106 95 85 91 | 133 125 123 126 140 153 | 267 263 271 250 228 211 | 66 64 71 69 68 | 63 59 53 52 55 64 | 355 376 395 408 422 433 | 62 68 67 67 67 69 | 98 101 104 105 101 109 | 75 83 82 84 82 84 | 39 31 25 19 21 25 | 71 81 76 72 70 73 | 341 399 405 397 536 455 | 131 125 121 115 113 111 |
| 1957—Jan. 31 | 72,309 2,345 2,506 2,545 2,680 | 140 142 138 211 185 166 142 | 27 27 25 26 25 24 27 | 241 240 232 216 184 143 127 | 86 86 91 86 79 87 73 | r186 r175 193 200 206 205 216 | 217 220 218 226 241 257 274 | 67 76 78 85 82 87 94 | 66 69 74 77 72 70 67 | 421 413 409 393 375 339 352 | 66 67 66 65 62 58 67 | 109 112 117 116 118 135 129 | 81 82 82 78 79 75 74 | 37 39 41 39 43 50 46 | 76 76 74 · 71 · 66 · 65 · 60 | 448 363 374 479 588 778 789 | 114 120 133 139 139 141 133 |

^p Preliminary.

For other notes see following page.

r Revised.

TABLE 1. SHORT-TERM LIABILITIES TO FOREIGNERS REPORTED BY BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES, BY COUNTRIES 1—Continued [Amounts outstanding, in millions of dollars]

Table 1c. Asia and All Other

| | | | | | | Asi | a | | | | | | | | All o | ther | | |
|--|----------------------------------|--|--|---|--|--|--|---|---|----------------------------------|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|---|
| Date | Total | Hong Kong | India | Indo- nesia | Iran | Israel | Japan | Ko- rea, Re- pub- lic of | Phil- ip- pines | Tai- wan | Thai- land | Other " | Total | Aus- tralia | Bel- gian Congo | Egypt | Union of South Africa | Other |
| 1953—Dec. 31 1954—Dec. 31 1955—Dec. 31 | 1,896 1,821 2,181 | 68 61 55 | 99 87 73 | 39 100 174 | 44 31 37 | 18 41 53 | 828 721 893 | 92 96 88 | 295 257 252 | 37 34 39 | 168 123 138 | 208 270 380 | 326 265 360 | 59 48 75 | 90 44 42 | 43 47 72 | 38 33 53 | 96 94 119 |
| 1956—July 31 Aug. 31 Sept. 30 Oct. 31 Nov. 30 Dec. 31 | 2,374 2,404 2,402 2,392 | 55 59 60 59 62 66 | 81 81 81 68 69 76 | 102 154 158 180 185 186 | 38 32 36 31 22 20 | 56 51 43 38 36 45 | 1,051 1,037 1,058 1,054 1,027 1,017 | 98 100 | 275 275 278 281 274 272 | 42 46 49 53 59 61 | 141 142 142 140 144 148 | 420 398 401 400 414 425 | 319 315 322 316 335 346 | 72 69 71 74 82 84 | 42 47 48 45 45 44 | 54 50 48 46 46 50 | 34 33 34 34 42 53 | 116 116 122 116 119 114 |
| 1957—Jan. 31 Feb. 28 Mar. 31 Apr. 30° May 31° June 30° July 31° | 2,148 2,045 1,986 | 64 61 56 58 56 59 65 | 75 76 77 79 78 76 79 | 179 166 145 129 126 128 139 | 21 31 40 33 29 35 31 | 37 38 35 30 40 36 46 | 7994 937 875 823 719 626 605 | 102 104 106 106 107 | 269 254 244 224 216 217 206 | 63 65 68 74 75 79 | 158 161 167 165 166 167 167 | 421 432 433 426 434 457 463 | r337 375 388 412 395 391 384 | 764 68 80 101 87 75 80 | 42 44 42 42 41 40 42 | 52 69 60 61 59 58 57 | 58 63 60 56 58 60 51 | 121 132 147 152 151 158 153 |

Table 1d. Supplementary Areas and Countries⁵

| | | End o | of year | | | | End o | f year | |
|---|-----------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|--|---|---|
| Area or country | 1953 | 1954 | 1955 | 1956 | Area or country | 1953 | 1954 | 1955 | 1956 |
| Other Europe: Albania. British dependencies Bulgaria. Czechoslovakia 6. Eastern Germany. Estonia. Hungary. Iceland. Ireland, Republic of. Latvia. Lithuania. Luxembourg. Monaco. Poland 6 Trieste. U. S. S. R. 6. | .6 n.a. 1.9 1.0 7.5 | .2 .6 .6 .7 1.2 1.9 1.0 8.9 14.3 1.0 .5 4.5 5.3 2.1 2.2 | .4 .4 .7 .7 1.3 1.8 1.0 4.8 13.7 1.0 3.1 5.6 2.5 1.4 | n.a. .4 .2 .5 1.2 n.a. .8 3.1 9.1 .6 4 13.2 4.3 3.3 1.4 | Other Asia (Cont.): British dependencies. Burma. Cambodia Ceylon. China Mainland ⁶ . Iraq. Jordan Kuwait. Laos. Lebanon. Pakistan Portuguese dependencies. Ryukyu Islands. Saudi Arabia Syria. Viet-Nam. | 9.1 23.0 n.a. 17.1 36.4 13.8 .9 10.1 n.a. 23.9 9.7 5.3 n.a. 18.5 n.a. | 9.8 29.7 .2 18.8 35.7 10.0 .8 10.7 .1 16.5 3.8 1.8 26.9 61.5 21.5 8.1 | 9.8 19.1 13.1 32.9 36.2 14.7 1.2 3.5 23.1 18.0 5.7 2.0 34.0 79.5 13.1 62.3 | 8.8 7.0 17.2 41.2 35.5 16.9 2.0 5.3 n.a. 22.3 20.2 2.7 n.a. n.a. 17.1 50.1 |
| Other Latin America: British dependencies. Costa Rica. Ecuador. French West Indies and French Guiana Haiti. Honduras. Nicaragua. Paraguay. Other Asia: Afghanistan. Bahrein Islands. | 13.4 17.7 .6 9.3 18.7 | 19.0 15.3 21.2 .4 12.7 17.3 10.3 3.6 | 16.6 17.6 14.9 .6 12.1 9.7 12.8 3.6 | 24.1 14.6 18.0 1.0 8.9 10.2 11.8 4.0 5.3 n.a. | All other: British dependencies. Ethiopia and Eritrea. French dependencies Liberia. Libya Morocco New Zealand Portuguese dependencies. Spanish dependencies. Sudan. Tangier Tunisia | 1.6 9.1 5.7 11.8 3.0 15.9 2.1 5.0 .2 n.a. 36.1 | 1.4 18.0 8.7 5.6 1.7 7.6 2.3 8.3 .5 n.a. 35.7 | 2.4 23.7 8.0 13.1 9.9 14.8 1.9 5.3 .7 n.a. 33.5 | 3.8 24.2 10.5 23.7 3.7 13.6 2.2 2.8 .3 .4 22.4 |

P Preliminary.

1 Short-term liabilities reported in these statistics represent principally deposits and U. S. Govt. obligations maturing in not more than one year from their date of issue, held by banking institutions in the United States; small amounts of bankers' acceptances and commercial paper and of liabilities payable in foreign currencies are also included.

2 Includes International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, International Monetary Fund, and United Nations and other international organizations. Excludes Bank for International Settlements, reported under Other Europe.

3 Represents funds held with banks and bankers in the United States (and in accounts with the U. S. Treasury) by foreign central banks and by foreign central governments and their agencies (including official purchasing missions, trade and shipping missions, diplomatic and consular establishments, etc.).

⁴ Beginning Aug. 31, 1956, and Apr. 30, 1957, respectively, data include certain accounts previously classified as "private."

⁵ These data are based on reports by banks in the Second (New York) Federal Reserve District and include funds held in an account with the U. S. Treasury. They represent a partial breakdown of the amounts shown in the "other" catagories in tables Ia-Ic.

⁶ Based on reports by banks in all Federal Reserve districts. Note.—Statistics on international capital transactions of the United States are based on reports by banks, bankers, brokers, and dealers. Beginning with the BULLETIN for June 1954 (as explained on p. 591 of that issue), tables reflect changes in reporting forms and instructions made as of Mar. 31, 1954, as well as changes in content, selection, and arrangement of material published. For discontinued tables and data reported under previous instructions, see BULLETIN for May 1954, pp. 540-545.

TABLE 2. SHORT-TERM CLAIMS ON FOREIGNERS REPORTED BY BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES, BY COUNTRIES1 [Amounts outstanding, in millions of dollars]

| Date | Total | France | Ger- many, Fed. Rep. of | Italy | Switz- er- land | United King- dom | Other Europe | Total Europe | Can- ada | Latin Amer- ica | Asia | All other |
|--|---|--|---|--|--|---|---|---|---|---|--|--|
| 1953—Dec. 31. 1954—Dec. 31. 1955—Dec. 31. | 905 1,387 1,549 | 11 14 12 | 31 70 88 | 19 20 30 | 18 16 26 | 71 173 109 | 88 109 158 | 236 402 423 | 56 76 144 | 473 728 706 | 115 143 233 | 25 37 43 |
| 1956—June 30. July 31. Aug. 31. Sept. 30. Oct. 31. Nov. 30. Dec. 31. | 1,631 1,698 1,729 1,828 1,787 | 17 15 65 66 67 19 18 | 122 118 120 125 127 134 157 | 32 32 33 35 29 32 43 | 24 28 27 28 28 28 30 29 | 82 78 78 81 86 94 104 | 167 168 163 169 177 174 216 | 444 439 486 504 514 483 568 | 127 128 132 131 186 170 157 | 755 758 772 776 799 797 840 | 268 262 266 272 282 292 *337 | 46 43 42 46 46 45 43 |
| 1957—Jan. 31. Feb. 28. Mar. 31. Apr. 30°. May 31°. June 30°. | 2,060 2,150 2,144 2,172 | 23 18 26 60 72 82 | 168 176 177 177 174 159 | 50 55 59 58 61 60 | 30 33 26 27 27 28 | r109 127 160 151 176 159 | 213 211 219 208 188 197 | 593 621 667 680 699 686 | 171 157 161 113 114 122 | 867 861 898 918 888 895 | *360 375 375 391 425 452 | 48 46 49 41 46 46 |

Table 2a. Other Europe

| Date | Other Europe | Aus- tria | Bel- gium | Den- mark | Fin- land | Greece | Neth- er- lands | Nor- way | Por- tugal | Spain | Swe- den | Tur- key | Yugo- slavia | All other |
|---|---------------------------------|----------------------------|--|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|---|-----------------------------|
| 1953—Dec. 31 | 109 | (2) 2 | 13 20 16 | 6 10 13 | 2 3 3 | 1 3 4 | 9 16 11 | 1 2 9 | 1 (2) 2 | 24 4 5 | 3 4 7 | 16 41 78 | 5 1 2 | 7 5 7 |
| 1956—June 30 | 168 163 169 177 174 | 6 7 7 7 9 7 | 20 17 17 19 18 22 28 | 9 8 7 6 10 10 | 4 4 5 5 4 3 4 | 3 3 4 5 5 5 4 | 16 16 19 16 16 13 21 | 11 12 16 15 16 17 23 | 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 | 9 11 8 8 6 5 8 | 7 8 10 10 12 11 13 | 71 74 63 70 73 72 88 | 5 1 (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) | 5 6 6 6 6 7 |
| 1957—Jan. 31. Feb. 28. Mar. 31. Apr. 30°. May 31°. June 30°. | 211 219 208 188 | 6 7 8 8 6 5 | 30 29 34 29 28 25 | 13 10 11 9 8 8 | 4 3 3 4 3 | 4 4 5 5 4 4 | 20 21 20 23 19 23 | 23 17 18 17 16 16 | 2 1 2 2 1 2 | 9 7 11 10 11 12 | 13 14 14 14 14 14 | 85 86 83 79 67 75 | (2) 2 2 (2) (2) (2) 1 | 6 8 8 9 10 9 |

Table 2b. Latin America

| Date | Latin Amer- ica | Argen- tina | Bo- livia | Brazil | Chile | Co- lom- bia | Cuba | Do- min- ican Re- pub- lic | Guate- mala | Mex- ico | Neth- er- lands West Indies and Suri- nam | Pan- ama, Re- pub- lic of | Peru | El Sal- vador | Uru- guay | Vene- zuela | Other Latin Amer- ica |
|---|---------------------------------|--|----------------------------|--|----------------------------------|---|--|---|----------------------------|---|--|--|--|-------------------------|--|---|--|
| 1953—Dec. 31 1954—Dec. 31 1955—Dec. 31 | 473 728 706 | 7 6 7 | 11 3 4 | 125 273 69 | 23 14 14 | 57 107 143 | 51 71 92 | 2 3 5 | 4 4 5 | 93 116 154 | 3 1 3 | 5 9 17 | 20 16 29 | 8 10 8 | 4 7 18 | 42 63 105 | 19 27 34 |
| 1956—June 30 | 758 772 776 799 797 | 10 12 12 11 11 13 15 | 5 6 4 4 4 4 | 66 64 65 63 65 65 72 | 10 10 12 15 14 15 | 162 155 147 145 150 145 145 | 90 89 86 81 83 84 90 | 5 4 4 7 7 7 | 6 6 7 7 7 | 161 170 178 184 194 201 213 | 8 6 6 6 5 5 | 13 12 11 11 11 12 12 | 29 28 32 32 32 32 32 35 | 7 6 8 11 14 | 15 22 29 26 18 14 15 | 130 130 131 133 139 132 144 | 39 38 44 46 46 47 49 |
| 1957—Jan. 31 Feb. 28 Mar. 31 Apr. 30 ² May 31 ² June 30 ² | 861 898 918 888 | 15 25 37 42 43 48 | 5 4 5 5 5 5 | 77 72 76 78 73 76 | 22 20 22 25 26 35 | 145 148 158 151 144 126 | 99 90 89 92 93 91 | 13 13 10 11 9 | 8 7 8 8 7 7 | 216 219 216 213 211 208 | 4 3 3 4 3 3 | 13 10 13 15 8 14 | 34 32 37 36 35 32 | 8 8 9 8 8 | 12 11 12 12 13 18 | 145 144 152 163 154 159 | 52 54 51 55 57 55 |

(excluded from these statistics) amounted to \$949 million on June 30, 1957. The term foreigner is used to designate foreign governments, central banks, and other official institutions as well as banks, organizations, and individuals domiciled outside the United States, including U. S. citizens domiciled abroad and the foreign subsidiaries and offices of U. S. banks and commercial firms.

2 Less than \$500,000.

3 Includes transactions of international institutions.

P Preliminary. r Revised.

1 Short-term claims reported in these statistics represent principally the following items payable on demand or with a contractual maturity of not more than one year: loans made to and acceptances made for foreigners; drafts drawn against foreigners that are being collected by banking institutions on behalf of their customers in the United States; and foreign currency balances held abroad by banking institutions and their customers in the United States. Claims on foreigners with a contractual maturity of more than one year reported by U. S. banking institutions

TABLE 2. SHORT-TERM CLAIMS ON FOREIGNERS REPORTED BY BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES, BY COUNTRIES:—Continued [Amounts outstanding, in millions of dollars]

Table 2c. Asia and All Other

| | | | | | | Asia | | | | | | | | All • | other | | |
|--|---------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|---|--|--|--|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|--|----------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Date | Total | Hong Kong | India | Indo- nesia | Iran | Israel | Japan | Phil- ippines | Tai- wan | Thai- land | Other ' | Total | Aus- tralia | Bel- gian Congo | Egypt | Union of South Africa | Other |
| 1953—Dec. 31 1954—Dec. 31 1955—Dec. 31 | 143 | 3 3 3 | 4 5 5 | 1 1 1 | 14 16 18 | 23 11 10 | 26 50 103 | 6 7 19 | 5 5 6 | 6 6 8 | 27 39 59 | 25 37 43 | 8 14 11 | 6 6 5 | (2) 1 1 | 2 6 8 | 8 10 17 |
| 1956—June 30 | 262 266 272 282 292 | 5 5 5 4 4 4 | 6 5 7 6 6 | 1 (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) | 22 21 22 23 22 20 20 | 11 12 12 12 13 13 16 | 121 108 118 123 127 143 *170 | 7 9 13 11 12 13 16 | 6 6 6 6 6 | 10 9 8 8 9 8 | 80 85 76 78 84 79 91 | 46 43 42 46 46 45 43 | 12 11 11 11 12 11 11 | 8 8 8 7 7 6 | 3 3 2 3 3 3 2 | 7 7 7 7 7 6 8 | 16 14 14 17 17 19 |
| 1957—Jan. 31 | 375 375 | 5 6 7 7 7 | 7 7 9 10 11 | (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) | 22 22 23 24 23 22 | 23 24 24 22 25 25 24 | 7186 192 193 206 243 259 | 17 18 18 19 24 30 | 5 5 5 5 5 | 10 10 10 12 13 12 | 83 89 86 86 74 81 | 48 46 49 41 46 46 | 11 11 13 10 13 12 | 5 5 5 6 5 | 2 2 1 1 1 1 | 8 7 7 8 8 11 | 21 22 22 17 18 17 |

TABLE 3. PURCHASES AND SALES BY FOREIGNERS OF LONG-TERM SECURITIES, BY TYPES³ [In millions of dollars]

| | U. S. G | ovt. bond | s & notes | U. S. c | orporate s | ecurities | Fo | oreign bo | nds | Fo | oreign sto | cks |
|---|-----------------------------|---|---|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| Year or month | Pur- chases | Sales | Net pur- chases, or sales (-) | Pur- | Sales | Net pur- chases, or sales (-) | Pur- chases | Sales | Net pur- chases, or sales (-) | Pur- | Sales | Net pur- chases, or sales (-) |
| 1953. 1954. 1955. 1956. | 646 801 1,341 883 | 728 793 812 1,018 | -82 8 529 -135 | 802 1,405 1,886 1,907 | 731 1,264 1,730 1,615 | 70 141 156 291 | 543 792 693 607 | 622 841 509 992 | -79 -49 184 -385 | 310 393 664 749 | 303 645 878 875 | 7 -252 -214 -126 |
| 1956—June. July. Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. | 324 87 21 37 21 | 16 298 14 12 18 67 39 | 12 26 73 9 20 -46 -26 | 130 178 160 131 143 144 145 | 108 140 155 96 108 140 | 22 38 5 35 35 4 37 | 41 48 31 32 174 49 25 | 75 129 60 41 145 101 77 | -34 -82 -29 -9 29 -53 -52 | 64 76 65 49 52 43 45 | 70 97 87 54 47 44 38 | -6 -21 -23 -5 5 -1 7 |
| 1957—Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. ^p May ^p June ^p . | 134 68 26 | r28 42 47 10 148 16 | 716 91 22 16 -43 43 | 163 146 117 134 179 169 | 107 91 104 113 160 133 | 57 55 13 21 19 36 | 49 34 43 67 42 45 | 172 132 67 209 189 49 | -123 -98 -24 -142 -147 -4 | 54 43 44 53 59 75 | 53 42 51 55 76 91 | (2) 1 -7 -2 -16 -16 |

TABLE 4. NET PURCHASES BY FOREIGNERS OF LONG-TERM UNITED STATES SECURITIES, BY COUNTRIES [Net sales, (-). In millions of dollars]

| Year or month | Inter- national insti- tutions | Total foreign coun- tries | France | Ger- many, Federal Repub- lic of | Italy | Switzer- land | United King- dom | Other Europe | Total Europe | Canada | Latin Amer- ica | Asia | All other |
|--|---|--|---------------------------------|---|---|---------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|---|
| 1953 | 78 -21 | -34 72 706 75 | -42 17 -2 -121 | (2) (2) 9 7 | (2) -1 -7 (2) | 57 73 147 234 | 71 70 96 8 | -24 -20 85 33 | 62 139 329 161 | -121 -187 265 -124 | 25 113 76 34 | (2) 3 29 -1 | -1 3 7 4 |
| 1956—June. July. Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. | 74 1 1 | 35 61 4 43 53 -42 10 | 2 1 3 3 1 2 2 | (2) 1 (2) 1 1 1 (2) | (2) (2) -1 (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) | 12 24 6 21 23 -2 19 | 19 20 11 10 11 -40 -14 | -1 19 2 8 9 1 -3 | 32 65 22 43 46 -39 | -7 -18 -8 -1 -11 -3 | -1 1 6 7 6 8 | 1 (2) 3 1 1 | 2 1 (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) |
| 1957—Jan | 1 1 1 -25 | 770 145 34 36 1 78 | 2 2 1 (2) 2 2 | (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) | (2) 1 (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) | 727 24 11 9 7 5 | 77 41 21 21 9 55 | 19 17 4 10 11 5 | *56 86 37 42 29 68 | 74 54 -4 -9 -24 | 6 5 1 2 -5 5 | 3 1 (2) (2) (2) (2) -1 | 1 (2) (2) 1 (2) (2) |

Preliminary.

For other notes see opposite page.

⁷ Revised.

TABLE 5. NET PURCHASES BY FOREIGNERS OF LONG-TERM FOREIGN SECURITIES OWNED IN THE UNITED STATES, BY AREAS

[Net sales, (-). In millions of dollars]

| Year or month | Inter- national insti- tutions | Total foreign coun- tries | Europe | Can- ada | Latin Amer- ica | Asia | All other |
|--|---|---|---|--|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| 1953 1954 1955 | -61 -164 -27 -33 | -11 -137 -4 -478 | 96 -9 -46 8 | -138 -133 74 -447 | 35 33 24 17 | -30 -34 -49 -40 | 26 7 -7 -16 |
| 1956—June July | -2 -2 -2 2 (1) 2 -3 | -38 -101 -49 -15 33 -55 -41 | -4 -18 -6 -4 22 17 13 | -9 -94 -47 -15 8 -53 -47 | 2 2 1 -1 -1 3 (1) | -6 -2 -1 4 1 -8 -8 | -22 11 3 -1 3 -13 (1) |
| 1957—Jan Feb Mar Apr. p . May p . June p . | -71 9 -1 -5 -81 -1 | -52 -106 -31 -139 -82 -18 | 16 -7 1 9 1 -12 | -72 -96 -14 -147 -81 -18 | 2 (1) 1 2 1 | -9 -6 -2 -2 -4 -3 | 11 -16 (1) 1 14 |

Preliminary.
1 Less than \$500,000.

TABLE 6. DEPOSITS AND OTHER DOLLAR ASSETS HELD AT FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS FOR FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTS¹

[In millions of dollars]

| | | Assets in | custody |
|--------------|----------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Date | Deposits | U. S. Govt. securities ² | Miscel- laneous ³ |
| 1955—Dec. 31 | 402 | 3,543 | 126 |
| 1956—Aug. 31 | 350 | 3,630 | 168 |
| Sept. 30 | 334 | 3,723 | 167 |
| Oct. 31 | 275 | 3,782 | 178 |
| Nov. 30 | 356 | 3,553 | 177 |
| Dec. 31 | 322 | 3,856 | 139 |
| 1957—Jan. 31 | 344 | 3,707 | 164 |
| | 327 | 3,671 | 156 |
| | 311 | 3,744 | 158 |
| | 316 | 3,727 | 165 |
| | 360 | 3,600 | 164 |
| | 449 | 3,685 | 164 |
| | 364 | 3,730 | 278 |
| | 342 | 3,523 | 280 |
| 1957—Aug. 7 | 367 | 3,756 | 282 |
| | 385 | 3,668 | 285 |
| | 342 | 3,604 | 284 |
| | 352 | 3,536 | 281 |

¹ Excludes assets held for Intl. Bank and Monetary Fund and earmarked gold. See note 4 at bottom of following page for total gold under earmark at Federal Reserve Banks for foreign and international accounts.

² U. S. Treasury bills, certificates of indebtedness, notes and/or bonds.

³ Consists of bankers' acceptances, commercial paper, and foreign and international bonds.

GOLD PRODUCTION

[In millions of dollars at \$35 per fine troy ounce]

| | Estimated | | | | | Pro | oduction | reported | monthly | , | | | | |
|------------------|----------------------------------|-------|--|--|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|---|---|--|
| Year or month | Estimated world production | | | Afi | rica | | | Nor | th and So | outh Am | erica | | Oti | her |
| | (excl. U.S.S.R.) | Total | South Africa | Rho- desia | Ghana | Belgian Congo | United States | Can- ada | Mex- ico | Colom- bia | Chile | Nica- ragua ¹ | Austra- lia | India |
| 1949 | 864.5 913.5 959.0 | | 409.7 408.2 403.1 413.7 417.9 462.4 510.7 556.2 47.4 47.9 48.5 47.3 47.3 45.8 47.3 45.8 | 18.5 17.9 17.0 17.4 17.5 18.8 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.5 1.5 1.5 | 23.1 24.1 22.9 23.8 25.4 27.5 23.8 21.9 2.1 2.3 2.3 2.2 2.2 2.3 2.3 2.3 2.3 2.3 2.3 | 12.9 12.0 12.3 12.9 13.0 13.1 1.1 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.1 1.5 1.0 | 67.3 80.1 66.3 67.4 69.0 65.7 64.3 5.1 5.9 6.2 5.6 4.6 5.1 4.7 | 144.2 155.4 153.7 156.5 142.4 152.8 159.1 153.9 13.4 12.3 12.3 12.4 12.9 12.9 12.6 12.0 13.2 | 14.2 14.3 13.8 16.1 16.9 13.5 13.4 | 12.6 13.3 15.1 14.8 15.3 13.3 15.3 1.3 1.3 1.4 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 7 | 6.3 6.7 6.1 6.2 4.6 4.4 4.3 3.3 .3 .3 .5 .4 | 7.7 8.0 8.8 9.1 8.2 8.1 7.6 .6 .6 .6 .6 .6 .6 | 31.3 30.4 31.3 34.3 37.7 39.1 36.7 3.3 3.0 3.2 3.0 2.9 3.0 2.8 3.1 3.2 | 5.7 6.79 8.98 8.44 7.42 .66 .77 .76 .65 .55 |

¹ Gold exports, representing about 90 per cent of total production. Sources.—World production: estimates of U. S. Bureau of Mines. Production reported monthly: reports from individual countries except

Ghana and Belgian Congo, data for which are from American Bureau of Metal Statistics. For the United States, annual figures through 1955 are from the U. S. Bureau of the Mint and figures for 1956 and 1957 are from American Bureau of Metal Statistics.

Note.—For explanation of table and for back figures see Bulletin for May 1953, p. 474.

NET GOLD PURCHASES BY THE UNITED STATES, BY COUNTRIES

[In millions of dollars at \$35 per fine troy ounce. Negative figures indicate net sales by the United States]

| | | | | | | | | | | Qu | arterly to | otals | |
|--|---|--|--|---|---|---------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|---------------------|----------------|-------------|-------------|
| Area and country | | | | Annual | totals | | | | | 1956 | | 19 | 57 |
| | 1949 | 1950 | 1951 | 1952 | 1953 | 1954 | 195 5 | 1956 | Apr June | July- Sept. | Oct Dec. | Jan Mar. | Apr June |
| Continental Western Europe: Belgium | 1-43.0 -23.5 14.0 -40.0 -34.3 3-123.4 | 1-58.0 -84.8 -79.8 -15.0 -22.9 -38.0 -65.3 | -4.5 -34.9 -32.0 -15.0 -30.4 | -10.0 -100.0 -5.0 -22.5 (2) | 1-94.8 -130.0 -65.0 -59.9 -20.0 -65.3 -17.5 | -225.6 | -5.0 | 15.2 -8.0 | | | 15.2 | 20.0 | 5.0 |
| Total | -250.2 | -380.2 | -184.8 | | | -328.3 | | <u> </u> | | -5.0 | | | 6.0 |
| Sterling Area: United Kingdom Union of South Africa Other | 446.3 195.7 3.2 | -1,020.0 13.1 3.5 | 52.1 | 11.5 | | -50.0 5 | i | | | | | | |
| Total | 645.2 | -1,003.4 | 525.6 | 451.2 | -480.5 | -50.5 | 1 | 100.3 | | | 100.3 | | |
| Canada | 3.4 | -100.0 | -10.0 | 7.2 | | | | 14.6 | | | 14.6 | 5.2 | |
| Latin America: Argentina. Colombia Cuba. Mexico. Uruguay. Venezuela. Other | -49.9 7.0 -10.0 -16.1 -14.4 -50.0 -10.5 | -10.0 28.2 -118.2 -64.8 | -20.0 -60.2 22.2 9 | -22.8 87.7 14.9 | -84.8 -3.5 -28.1 -15.0 | 80.3 | 11.0 | 29.1 -200.0 | | 55.1 28.1 2.0 | 27.1 -200.0 | 10.0 | 10.1 |
| Total | -143.9 | -172.0 | -126.0 | 57.5 | -131.8 | 62.5 | 14.0 | -28.3 | 19.9 | 85.0 | -133.0 | 6.5 | 12.9 |
| Asia | 4-55.4 | 5-38.9 | 5-53.7 | -6.7 | -5.7 | -9.9 | -4.9 | 2 | | | 2 | 4 | 5 |
| Eastern Europe | ~6.2 | 13.7 | | | | • • • • • • • | | 13.1 | | | | | |
| All other | .4 | 6-44.2 | 6-76.0 | | (2) | 4 | ••••• | 7200.0 | 775.0 | 775.0 | 725.0 | 7300.0 | 7300.0 |
| Grand total | 193.3 | -1,725.2 | 75.2 | 393.6 | -1,164.3 | -326.6 | -68.5 | 280.2 | 94.9 | 155.0 | 25.2 | 341.5 | 318.4 |

<sup>Includes sales of gold to Belgian Congo as follows (in millions): 1949,
\$2.0; 1959, \$3.0; 1951, \$8.0; 1952, \$2.0; and 1953, \$9.9.
Less than \$50,000.
Includes sale of \$114.3 million of gold to Italy.
Includes sale of \$43.1 million of gold to Thailand.</sup>

ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN GOLD STOCK OF THE UNITED STATES

[In millions of dollars]

| Year | Gold (end o | stock f year) | Increase in total | Net gold import, | Ear- marked gold: de- crease, | Domes- tic gold | Month | | stock month) | Increase in total | Net gold import, | Ear- marked gold: de- | Domes- tic gold |
|--|----------------|--|---|--|---|--------------------------------------|----------|--|--|-------------------|-----------------------------|--|--------------------------|
| i ear | Treas- ury | Total 1 | gold stock | or export (-) | or in- crease (-) | produc- tion | Worth | Treas- ury | Total ¹ | gold stock | or export (-) | crease, or in- crease (-) | produc- tion |
| 1944 1945 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950 1951 1952 1953 1953 1955 1955 | 22,706 | 20,083 20,706 22,868 24,399 24,563 22,820 22,873 23,252 22,091 21,793 21,753 | 623.1 22,162.1 1,530.4 164.6 -1,743.3 52.7 379.8 -1,161.9 -297.2 -40.9 | -106.3 311.5 1,866.3 1,680.4 686.5 -371.3 -549.0 684.1 2.0 16.1 97.3 | -356.7 465.4 210.0 -159.2 -495.7 -1,352.4 617.6 -304.8 -1,170.8 | 32.0 51.2 75.8 70.9 67.3 | 1956—Aug | 21,884 21,910 21,910 21,949 22,252 22,304 22,306 22,318 22,620 22,623 22,623 | 22,032 21,999 22,106 22,058 22,377 22,396 22,406 22,424 22,726 22,732 22,732 | | 4.6 12.5 2.7 -53.9 | -34.3 105.7 51.2 295.9 28.0 16.0 -5.8 285.4 | 6.0 6.2 5.6 4.6 |

⁵ Includes sales of gold to Indonesia as follows: 1950, \$29.9 million; and 1951, \$45.0 million.

⁶ Includes sales of gold to Egypt as follows: 1950, \$44.8 million; and 1951, \$76.0 million.

⁷ Represents purchase of gold from International Monetary Fund.

Preliminary.
 See note 2 on following page.
 Net after payment of \$687.5 million in gold as United States gold subscription to the International Monetary Fund.

³ Not yet available.
⁴ Gold held under earmark at the Federal Reserve Banks for foreign and international accounts amounted to \$6,021.5 million on Aug. 31, 1957.
Gold under earmark is not included in the gold stock of the United States.

REPORTED GOLD RESERVES OF CENTRAL BANKS AND GOVERNMENTS

[In millions of dollars]

| E.1.6 | Estimated | United | 1 States | | A.115 | Bel- | | | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|---|---|---|---|---|--|--|---|
| End of month | total world (excl. U.S.S.R.) ¹ | Treasury | Total ² | Argen- tina | Aus- tralia | gium | Brazil | Canada | Chile | Co- lombia | Cuba | Den- mark | Egypt |
| 1950—Dec | 36,260 36,680 37,340 | 22,706 22,695 23,187 22,030 21,713 21,690 | 22,820 22,873 23,252 22,091 21,793 21,753 | 216 268 371 371 371 | 88 112 112 117 138 144 | 587 621 706 776 778 929 | 317 317 317 321 321 322 323 | 590 850 896 996 1,080 1,141 | 40 45 42 42 42 44 | 74 48 76 86 86 86 | 271 311 214 186 186 136 | 31 31 31 31 31 31 | 97 174 174 174 174 174 |
| 1956—July | 38,440 | 21,830 21,858 21,884 21,910 21,910 21,949 | 21,918 21,965 22,032 21,999 22,106 22,058 | 258 | 165 162 106 106 106 107 | 965 964 972 949 941 928 | 323 323 323 323 323 323 324 | 1,114 1,114 1,112 1,119 1,124 1,113 | 46 46 45 45 45 46 | 85 78 57 57 | 136 136 136 136 136 136 | 31 31 31 31 31 31 | 174 174 174 181 181 188 |
| 1957—Jan | 38,780 238,980 | 22,252 22,304 22,306 22,318 22,620 22,623 22,627 | 22,377 22,396 22,406 22,424 22,726 22,732 22,735 | | 109 113 113 | 877 864 848 849 849 842 846 | 324 324 324 324 324 324 324 | 1,116 1,110 1,112 1,114 1,116 1,121 1,120 | 43 46 46 46 46 43 43 | | 136 136 136 136 136 136 | 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 | 188 188 188 174 183 188 188 |
| End of month | Fin- land | France ³ | Ger- many, Federal Republic of | Guate- mala | India | Indo- nesia | Iran | Italy | Mexico | Nether- lands | Nor- way | Paki- stan | Peru |
| 1950—Dec. 1951—Dec. 1952—Dec. 1953—Dec. 1953—Dec. 1955—Dec. | 12 26 26 26 31 35 | 523 548 573 576 576 861 | 28 140 326 626 920 | 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 | 247 247 247 247 247 247 | 209 280 235 145 81 | 140 138 138 137 138 138 | 256 333 346 346 346 352 | 208 208 144 158 62 142 | 311 316 544 737 796 865 | 50 50 50 52 45 45 | 27 27 38 38 38 48 | 31 46 46 36 35 35 |
| 1956—July | 35 35 35 35 35 35 | 861 861 861 861 861 861 | 1,189 1,274 1,294 1,329 1,376 1,494 | 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 | 247 247 247 247 247 247 247 | 54 46 46 45 45 45 | 138 138 138 138 138 138 | 353 360 360 362 370 338 | 165 166 166 166 167 167 | 853 853 854 854 854 854 844 | 45 46 46 47 47 50 | 49 49 49 49 49 | 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 |
| 1957—JanFebMarAprMayJuneJuly | 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 | 861 861 861 861 861 575 575 | 1,566 1,661 1,756 1,834 71,923 2,029 2,124 | 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 | 247 247 247 247 247 247 247 247 | 44 44 43 42 41 40 40 | 138 138 138 138 138 138 | 325 350 364 | 167 167 166 166 | 834 819 814 809 806 806 | 45 45 45 48 47 46 45 | 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 | 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 |
| End of month | Portu- gal | El Salvador | South Africa | Spain | Sweden | Switzer- land | Thai- land | Turkey | United King- dom ⁴ | Uru- guay | Vene- zuela | Intl. Mone- tary Fund | Bank for Intl. Settle- ments |
| 1950—Dec. 1951—Dec. 1952—Dec. 1953—Dec. 1954—Dec. 1955—Dec. | 192 265 286 361 429 428 | 23 26 29 29 29 29 28 | 197 190 170 176 199 212 | 61 51 51 54 56 56 | 90 152 184 218 265 276 | 1,470 1,452 1,411 1,459 1,513 1,597 | 118 113 113 113 113 113 | 150 151 143 143 144 144 | 3,300 2,335 1,846 2,518 2,762 2,120 | 236 221 207 227 227 216 | 373 373 373 373 403 403 | 1,494 1,530 1,692 1,702 1,740 1,808 | 167 115 196 193 196 217 |
| 1956—July | 436 442 442 442 448 448 | 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 | 212 216 214 214 220 224 | 56 56 56 56 56 56 | 260 262 263 265 265 266 | 1,598 1,622 1,634 1,635 1,658 1,676 | 112 112 112 112 112 112 | 144 144 144 144 144 144 | 2,405 2,276 2,328 2,244 1,965 2,133 | 216 214 214 192 186 186 | 403 403 403 503 503 603 | 1,718 1,695 1,711 1,687 1,692 1,692 | 207 212 199 214 175 179 |
| 1957—Jan | 452 461 461 461 463 458 461 | 28 32 32 32 31 31 31 | 226 227 233 230 235 234 226 | 56 56 56 56 56 56 56 | 256 256 252 249 231 231 233 | 1,667 1,652 1,636 1,621 1,615 1,633 1,674 | 112 112 112 112 112 112 | 144 144 144 144 144 144 144 | 2,084 2,147 2,209 2,320 2,345 2,381 2,367 | 186 186 183 183 183 183 | 603 669 669 669 669 719 | 1,420 1,433 1,438 1,439 1,141 1,147 | 202 197 168 160 148 205 165 |

^p Preliminary.
^r Revised.

¹ Represents reported gold holdings of central banks and governments and international institutions, unpublished holdings of various central banks and governments, estimated holdings of British Exchange Equalization Account based on figures shown below under United Kingdom, and estimated official holdings of countries from which no reports are received.

² Includes gold in Exchange Stabilization Fund. Gold in active portion of this Fund is not included in regular statistics on gold stock (Treasury gold) used in the Federal Reserve statement "Member Bank Reserves,

Reserve Bank Credit, and Related Items" or in the Treasury statement "United States Money, Outstanding and in Circulation, by Kinds."

3 Represents holdings of Bank of France (holdings of French Exchange Stabilization Fund are not included).

4 Exchange Equalization Account holdings of gold and of United States and Canadian dollars, as reported by British Government. (Gold reserves of Bank of England have remained unchanged at \$1 million since 1939, when Bank's holdings were transferred to Exchange Equalization Account.)

ESTIMATED GOLD RESERVES AND DOLLAR HOLDINGS OF FOREIGN COUNTRIES AND INTERNATIONAL INSTITUTIONS

[In millions of dollars]

| | Dec. 3 | 1, 1955 | June 30 |), 1956 | Sept. 30 | 0, 1956 | Dec. 3 | 1, 1956 | Mar. 3 | 1, 1957 | June 30 | , 1957 ^p |
|---|---|--|---|--|---|--|---|---|--|---|--|---|
| Area and country | Gold & short- term dollars | U. S. Govt. bonds & notes | Gold & short- term dollars | U. S. Govt. bonds & notes | Gold & short- term dollars | U. S. Govt. bonds & notes | Gold & short- term dollars | U. S. Govt. bonds & notes | Gold & short- term dollars | U. S. Govt. bonds & notes | Gold & short- term dollars | U. S. Govt. bonds & notes |
| Continental Western Europe: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Austria. Belgium-Luxembourg (and Belgian Congo). Denmark. Finland. France (and dependencies) ¹ Germany (Federal Republic of). Greece. Italy. Netherlands (and Netherlands West Indies | 326 1,201 91 84 1,957 2,374 187 1,137 | 10 10 7 5 151 8 (3) 2 | 312 1,221 99 82 1,753 2,742 176 1,214 | 10 12 6 5 7 11 (3) 2 | 342 1,265 95 90 1,631 3,099 161 1,286 | 10 12 6 5 7 13 (3) 2 | 361 1,227 96 88 1,505 3,329 187 1,268 | 10 12 6 5 7 14 (3) 2 | 368 1,170 107 94 1,302 3,520 189 1,250 | 6 5 8 14 (3) | 376 1,133 92 94 2996 3,719 177 41,330 | 8 11 6 5 9 14 (3) 2 |
| and Surinam). Norway. Portugal (and dependencies). Spain (and dependencies). Sweden. Switzerland. Turkey. Other ⁵ . | 1,100 127 601 221 429 2,354 153 872 | 44 53 (3) 3 (3) 44 (3) 6 | 1,145 100 602 206 426 2,307 151 1,108 | 23 73 (3) 3 (3) 117 (3) 10 | 1,113 109 617 185 453 2,446 158 1,055 | 23 79 (3) 3 (3) 126 (3) 14 | 1,071 117 628 160 483 2,512 164 915 | 9 87 (3) 3 (3) 131 (3) 12 | 1,024 121 628 148 480 2,410 158 890 | (3) | 998 133 622 142 499 2,447 158 1,164 | 11 105 (3) 3 (3) 132 (3) 13 |
| Total | 13,214 | 343 | 13,644 | 279 | 14,105 | 300 | 14,111 | 298 | 13,859 | 309 | 14,080 | 319 |
| Sterling Area: United Kingdom United Kingdom dependencies Australia. India. Union of South Africa. Other. | 2,600 84 219 320 265 214 | 282 4 (3) 1 1 7 | 2,875 83 243 329 245 208 | 253 3 (3) 1 1 7 | 2,820 90 177 328 248 211 | 266 4 (3) 1 1 | 2,812 103 191 323 277 228 | 203 4 (3) 1 1 14 | 2,854 93 193 324 293 226 | 238 4 (3) 1 1 25 | 2,890 96 4188 323 294 226 | 271 4 (3) 1 1 27 |
| Total | 3,702 | 295 | 3,983 | 265 | 3,874 | 286 | 3,934 | 223 | 3,983 | 269 | 4,017 | 304 |
| Canada | 2,173 | 437 | 2,394 | 362 | 2,547 | 352 | 2,629 | 367 | 2,609 | 438 | 2,704 | 437 |
| Latin America: Argentina Bolivia. Brazil. Chile. Colombia. Cuba. Dominican Republic. Guatemala Mexico. Panama, Republic of. Peru. El Salvador Uruguay. Venezuela Other. | 509 26 466 139 217 389 77 72 556 86 127 52 281 668 | (3) (3) (2) (3) (169 (3) (4) (4) (1) (3) (1) (3) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1 | 476 25 540 147 224 399 81 93 523 94 115 73 283 734 | (3) (3) 2 1 167 (3) (3) 4 1 1 (3) (3) (3) 1 1 3 | 399 25 582 151 180 407 77 80 561 104 117 53 290 808 808 | (3) (3) (1) (3) (167 (3) (3) (4) (3) (3) (3) (1) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) | 360 29 549 137 210 347 79 91 600 109 119 53 259 1,058 1,058 | (3) (3) 1 1 (3) 167 (3) (4) 1 1 (3) (3) (3) (3) 1 1 3 1 2 | 332 25 556 1377 250 354 89 101 1575 117 173 257 1,043 1 | 1 (3) 167 (3) (3) (3) 4 (1) (3) (2) 2 2 2 12 | 347, 24, 467, 130, 4262, 393, 98, 97, 4505, 135, 110, 81, 248, 1,447, | (3) (3) 1 1 (3) 167 (3) 4 1 1 (3) (3) (3) (4) 1 2 2 |
| Total | 3,789 | 195 | 3,961 | 193 | 3,967 | 191 | 4,113 | 190 | 4,160 | 190 | 4,485 | 188 |
| Asia: Indonesia Iran Japan Philippines Thailand Other | 255 175 1,021 268 250 647 | 15 (3) 4 6 1 | 171 169 1,167 300 253 694 | (3) (3) 4 6 1 5 | 204 174 1,186 298 254 677 | (3) (3) 4 6 1 6 | 231 158 71,145 294 260 7707 | (3) (3) 4 6 1 | 188 178 1,003 267 279 730 | (3) 4 6 1 | 168 173 754 243 279 764 | (3) (3) 2 6 1 6 |
| Total | 2,616 | 30 | 2,754 | 16 | 2,793 | 17 | r2,795 | 17 | 2,645 | 17 | 2,381 | 15 |
| Eastern Europe ⁶ | 308 | 7 | 294 | 6 | 288 | 8 | 287 | 8 | 288 | 8 | 288 | 8 |
| All other: EgyptOther. | 246 116 | (3) 1 | 236 140 | (3) (3) | 222 126 | (3) (3) | 238 7118 | (3) (3) | 248 150 | (3) (3) | 246 162 | (3) (3) |
| Total | 362 | 1 | 376 | (3) | 348 | (3) | 7356 | (3) | 398 | (3) | 408 | (3) |
| Total foreign countries | 26,164 | 1,308 | 27,406 | 1,121 | 27,922 | 1,154 | r28,225 | 1,103 | 27,942 | 1,231 | 28,363 | 1,271 |
| International ⁷ | 3,689 | 321 | 3,750 | 317 | 3,717 | 392 | r3,144 | 391 | 2,996 | 391 | 2,720 | 366 |
| Grand total | 29,853 | 1,629 | 31,156 | 1,438 | 31,639 | 1,546 | r31,369 | 1,494 | 30,938 | 1,622 | 31,083 | 1,637 |

P Preliminary.
 Revised.
 Excludes gold holdings of French Exchange Stabilization Fund.
 Does not include \$286 million of gold loaned by Bank of France to the French Exchange Stabilization Fund on June 26, 1957.
 Less than \$500,000.
 Includes latest available figures for gold reserves, as follows: Italy (Mar. 31); Australia (Mar. 31); Colombia (Oct. 31, 1956); and Mexico (Apr. 30).
 Includes Yugoslavia, Bank for International Settlements (both for its own and European Payments Union account), gold to be distributed by the Tripartite Commission for Restitution of Monetary Gold, and unpublished gold reserves of certain Western European countries.

⁶ Excludes gold reserves of the U. S. S. R.
7 Represents International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, International Monetary Fund, and United Nations and other international organizations.
Nore.—Gold and short-term dollars include reported and estimated official gold reserves, and total dollar holdings as shown in Short-term Liabilities to Foreigners Reported by Banks in the United States, by Countries (tables I and Ia-Id of the preceding section). U. S. Govt. bonds and notes represent estimated holdings of such securities with original maturities of more than one year; these estimates are based on a survey of selected U. S. banks and on monthly reports of security transactions. For back figures see BULLETIN for March 1956, pp. 304-305.

INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR RECONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPMENT

[End-of-month figures. In millions of dollars]

| T | 19 | 57 | 1956 | | | | |
|--|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--|--|
| Item | June | Mar. | Dec. | Sept. | June | | |
| Dollar deposits and U. S. securities. Other currencies and securities 1 Effective loans 2 | 484 | 430 | 365 | 386 | 407 | | |
| | 873 | 901 | 931 | 960 | 938 | | |
| | 2,437 | 2,378 | 2,238 | 2,094 | 2,002 | | |
| | 72 | 54 | 41 | 42 | 29 | | |
| IBRD bonds outstanding. Undisbursed loans. Other liabilities. Reserves. Capital ³ . | 1,034 | 948 | 848 | 849 | 850 | | |
| | 670 | 676 | 609 | 530 | 477 | | |
| | 19 | 20 | 11 | 10 | 11 | | |
| | 289 | 266 | 254 | 240 | 228 | | |
| | 1,854 | 1,853 | 1,853 | 1,853 | 1,810 | | |

| | Loans | s by cour | ntry, Jul | y 31, 19: | 57 |
|--|----------------|----------------|-------------|------------|-----------------------------------|
| Area and member country4 | | | | Outsta | nding |
| | Prin- cipal | Dis- bursed | Re- paid | Total | Sold to others ⁵ |
| 6 | | | 400 | | |
| Continental W. Europe, total Belgium and Luxembourg | 1,144 123 | 999 118 | 188 10 | 811 108 | 76 25 |
| France | 267 | 267 | 16 | 251 | 16 |
| Italy | 163 | 84 | 10 | 83 | 7 |
| Netherlands | 236 | 229 | 141 | 88 | l 2i |
| Other | 355 | 302 | 20 | 281 | 7 |
| Sterling area, total | 1,051 | 666 | 69 | 597 | 88 |
| Australia | 318 | 261 | 9 | 252 | 25 |
| India | 324 135 | 132 124 | 23 21 | 108 103 | 14 |
| United Kingdom | 146 | 74 | 21 | 72 | 25 |
| Other | 128 | 75 | 14 | 61 | 4 |
| Latin America, total | 700 | 542 | 55 | 487 | 28 |
| Brazil | 169 | 166 | 14 | 152 | 2 3 |
| Colombia | 111 | 83 | 16 | 68 | |
| Mexico | 141 | 134 | 9 | 125 | 10 |
| Other | 279 | 158 | 17 | 141 | 13 |
| Asia (excl. Sterling area) | 219 | 117 | 5 | 112 | 15 |
| Africa (excl. Sterling area) | 24 | 8 | . 1 | 7 | |
| Total | 63,137 | 2,332 | 317 | 2,015 | 7207 |

INTERNATIONAL MONETARY FUND

[End-of-month figures. In millions of dollars]

| TA | 19 | 57 | 1956 | | | | |
|--|--|--------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------|--|--|
| Item | Apr. | Jan. | Oct. | July | Apr. | | |
| Gold. Investments*. Currencies: United States¹. Other¹. Unpaid member subscriptions. Other assets. | 1,439 200 977 5,489 817 5 | 200 1,423 | 200 1,697 4,387 | 125 1,759 4,319 | 1,777 4,333 | | |
| Member subscriptions | 8,932 -6 2 | | 8,929 -14 | 8,751 -14 | 8,751 -14 | | |

| | Qu | ota | Cumulative net drawings on the Fund | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Country ⁹ | | Paid | 19 | 57 | 1956 | | | |
| | Total | in gold | June | May | June | | | |
| Argentina Belgium Brazil Burma Colombia Egypt France India Indonesia Iran Philippines United Kingdom United States | 150 225 150 15 50 60 525 400 110 35 15 1,300 2,750 | 38 56 38 1 13 10 108 28 16 9 4 236 688 | 75 50 38 15 25 30 263 200 55 25 15 15 | 75 50 38 15 25 30 220 128 55 25 15 15 10-1,497 | 66 15 25 25 10 – 346 | | | |

Notes to tables on international institutions:

1 Currencies include demand obligations held in lieu of deposits.

2 Represents principal of authorized loans, less loans not yet effective, repayments, the net amount outstanding on loans sold or agreed to be sold to others, and exchange adjustment.

3 Excludes uncalled portions of capital subscriptions.

4 Loans to dependencies are included with member.

5 Includes also effective loans agreed to be sold but not yet disbursed.

6 Includes \$150 million in loans not yet effective.

7 Includes \$150 million in oguaranteed by the Bank.

8 U. S. Treasury bills purchased with proceeds of sales of gold.

9 Countries shown are those with cumulative net drawings of \$15 million or more on the latest date.

10 Represents sales of U. S. dollars by the Fund to member countries for local currencies, less repurchases of such currencies with dollars.

PRINCIPAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF CENTRAL BANKS

| - | Bank of England (millions of pounds sterling) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|--|---|--|--|---|--|--|--|---|---|--|--|--|
| Date | | Assets of issue department | | Assets of banking department | | | | Liabilities of banking department | | | | | | |
| | Gold | Other assets | Coin | Notes | Dis- counts | Securi- | Note circulation 1 Deposits | | | | | Capital | | |
| | Cold | (fiduciary issue) | | 110103 | and ad- vances | ties | | Bankers' | Public | ECA | Other | and surplus | | |
| 1949—Dec. 28. 1950—Dec. 27. 1951—Dec. 26. 1952—Dec. 31. 1953—Dec. 30. 1954—Dec. 29. 1955—Dec. 28. 1956—Aug. 29. Sept. 26. Oct. 31. Nov. 28. Dec. 26. 1957—Jan. 30. Feb. 27. Mar. 27. | .4 .4 .4 .4 .4 .4 .4 .4 .4 .4 .4 .4 .4 . | 1,350.0 1,375.0 1,450.0 1,575.0 1,575.0 1,775.0 1,775.0 1,900.0 1,925.0 1,925.0 1,925.0 2,025.0 1,925.0 1,925.0 1,925.0 1,925.0 1,925.0 1,925.0 | 5.3 1.5 1.7 1.4 2.4 2.3 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 | 28.4 17.7 12.5 49.9 55.4 23.7 10.7 42.9 44.7 47.5 19.0 27.7 63.7 52.0 22.5 | 14.8 29.2 18.2 11.2 4.9 8.9 37.7 26.6 18.3 28.2 26.8 11.0 | 489.6 384.0 389.2 371.2 338.1 350.7 299.6 254.6 269.7 285.1 279.9 267.7 240.3 261.0 290.3 | 1,321.9 1,357.7 1,437.9 1,525.5 1,619.9 1,751.7 1,889.6 1,907.5 1,880.6 1,877.8 1,906.3 1,907.7 | 299. 2 313. 5 299. 8 302. 8 290. 2 276. 1 245. 2 222. 4 230. 9 256. 6 220. 0 203. 6 | 11.6 15.4 13.4 10.0 14.9 15.4 12.0 13.0 12.9 15.1 13.8 11.6 | 97.9 .4 .6 24.3 7.2 9.6 3.2 | 111.2 85.0 89.8 78.5 70.4 66.3 71.7 72.1 72.4 73.3 75.8 74.9 76.0 73.7 72.5 | 18.1 18.1 18.1 18.2 18.1 18.1 18.5 18.5 18.6 18.1 | | |
| Apr. 24 May 29 June 26 July 31 | .4 .4 .4 | 1,975.0 1,975.0 2,000.0 2,075.0 | 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 | 23.1 21.7 14.9 15.9 | 21.5 40.5 32.6 29.9 | 259.2 243.2 268.4 262.4 | 1,952.2 1,953.7 1,985.5 2,059.5 | 202.4 204.4 216.3 205.0 | 11.5 10.1 12.2 13.4 | | 74.5 75.3 71.8 73.9 | 17.8 18.0 18.1 18.3 | | |

For notes see opposite page.

PRINCIPAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF CENTRAL BANKS—Continued

| | | | | | Bank | of Canada (n | nillions of C | Canadian | doll | ars) | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|---|--|---|--|---|---|--|---|---|
| | | | | Assets | 2 | | | | | Liabili | ties | | |
| | | Sterling and | | ion and ovt. sec | provin- curities | Other | Note | | | Depo | sits | | Other liabilities |
| | | United States dollars | Short- term | - | Other | assets | circulation | Charte bank | | Domi gov | | Other | and capital |
| 1949—Dec. 31. 1950—Dec. 30. 1951—Dec. 31. 1952—Dec. 31. 1953—Dec. 31. 1954—Dec. 31. 1955—Dec. 31. | | 74.1 111.4 117.8 77.1 54.9 54.2 57.4 | 1,781. 1,229. 1,141. 1,459. 1,376. 1,361. 1,283. | 3 8 8 6 5 | 227.8 712.5 1,049.3 767.2 893.7 871.1 1,093.7 | 42.5 297.1 135.2 77.3 112.0 114.1 185.2 | 1,307.4 1,367.4 1,464.2 1,561.2 1,599.1 1,623.5 1,738.5 | 541. 578. 619. 626. 623. 529. 551. | 60696 | 24 94 16 51 56 | .7 .9 .2 .5 | 126.9 207.1 66.1 44.5 29.5 30.5 34.0 | 119.2 172.6 200.0 132.9 133.1 161.0 207.5 |
| 1956—Aug. 31 | | 62.1 57.7 51.4 61.1 60.8 | 1,019. 1,041. 1,031. 1,021. 1,025. | 3 1 | 1,351.3 1,353.0 1,360.4 1,380.3 1,392.0 | 180.7 150.1 128.0 158.7 69.9 | 1,764.6 1,769.5 1,780.9 1,793.5 1,868.7 | 580. 564. 575. 624. 511. | 9 | 46 55 7 | .4 .0 .0 .4 .8 | 35.6 45.2 30.7 31.7 31.2 | 167.2 177.3 129.3 163.9 97.5 |
| 1957—Jan. 31 | | 53.5 60.8 53.7 50.3 52.3 57.3 63.1 | 1,091. 1,052. 1,105. 1,158. 1,165. 1,213. 1,197. | 7 2 0 9 3 | 1,202.2 113.5 1,189.4 118.6 1,176.3 213.5 1,190.2 119.2 1,185.1 188.7 1,194.3 210.3 1,202.3 100.7 | | 1,738.9 1,717.9 1,724.6 1,756.3 1,751.5 1,784.3 1,817.7 | 524.0 497.5 519.5 546.9 526.3 545.5 490.5 | | 52 78 62 43 44 | 8 7 3 9 9 4 | 34.3 27.2 25.1 22.5 32.0 28.9 26.9 | 105.8 126.3 201.2 129.2 238.3 272.1 174.5 |
| | | | | | Ban | k of France (| billions of | francs) | | | | | |
| | | | | | Assets | | | | | | Liat | ilities | |
| Date | Gold | Foreign | Domesti | | ic bills | | nces to rnment | Other | | Note circula- | | posits | Other liabil- |
| | Gold | ex- change | Open market | Speci | al Othe | cr Current | Other | assets | | ion | Govern ment | Other | ities and capital |
| 1949—Dec. 29. 1950—Dec. 28. 1951—Dec. 27. 1952—Dec. 31. 1953—Dec. 30. 1955—Dec. 29. | 62.3 182.8 191.4 200.2 201.3 201.3 301.2 | 61.9 162.0 28.3 31.1 15.4 57.3 200.2 | 137.7 136.9 234.9 274.0 292.5 236.8 226.7 | 28.5 34.1 32.0 57.0 61.1 48.9 45.2 | 393 741 937 891 1,130 | .1 158.9 .3 160.0 .5 172.0 .6 200.0 .2 195.0 | 561.0 481.0 481.0 480.0 679.8 617.6 539.8 | 112.7 212.8 190.8 159.7 170.0 277.2 336.8 | 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, | 278.2 560.6 841.6 123.5 310.5 538.5 820.0 | 1.2 .1 (5) (5) (5) (5) .1 (5) | 159.0 176.8 176.8 138.6 144.9 157.8 142.9 | 19.4 24.2 41.3 49.3 56.3 67.9 71.8 |
| 1956—Aug. 30. Sept. 27. Oct. 31. Nov. 29. Dec. 27. | 301.2 301.2 301.2 301.2 301.2 | 116.5 106.7 91.7 68.4 49.6 | 290.7 277.1 293.7 270.7 289.2 | 2.4 8.7 21.4 30.5 30.5 | 7 1,611 4 1,546 5 1,638 | .6 171.5 .6 158.8 .1 178.9 | 499.3 479.8 479.8 479.8 479.8 | 265.3 271.7 342.2 251.5 236.4 | 2,9 2,9 2,9 | 979.0 982.0 988.4 964.6 946.9 | (5) (5) .1 (5) (5) | 162.0 164.6 158.7 169.4 173.8 | 70.0 81.8 88.3 85.1 98.8 |
| 1957—Jan. 31. Feb. 28. Mar. 28. Apr. 25. May 29. June 27. July 25. | 301.2 301.2 301.2 301.2 301.2 201.2 3201.2 | 33.0 32.9 23.1 12.2 12.0 11.9 | 270.3 317.4 310.3 325.2 322.9 274.9 273.6 | 26.8 25.0 27.6 24.9 20.2 16.1 7.3 | 1,735 1,836 1,871 1,948 1,948 | .8 175.0 .9 158.3 .1 175.0 | 479.8 479.8 479.8 479.8 479.8 594.1 752.1 | 233.8 245.7 192.6 196.9 192.4 267.0 3306.6 | 3,045.0 3,065.8 3,051.6 3,044.1 3,106.9 3,130.0 3,238.3 | | .1 (5) .1 .1 .1 .1 | 149.4 161.1 214.3 222.7 263.1 330.9 397.7 | 84.9 82.2 80.6 103.6 81.6 93.6 118.9 |
| Central bank, monetary u | nit, | | 1957 | | 1956 | Central b | ank, monet | ary unit, | | | 1957 | | 1956 |
| and item | | July | June N | Лау | July | | and item | | | July | June | May | July |
| Central Bank of the Argentine R (millions of pesos): Gold reported separately. Other gold and foreign exc Gold contribution to Intl. I | hange | 760 2,246 157 | 157 | 760 2,797 157 | 1,412 -684 | Checks an | nds): foreign exc d bills of o | hange | (S | 47 | 71 4 | 67 4 | 54 289 3 5 |
| Good securities | anks | 4,817 113,411 1,739 | 157 157 4,841 4,860 112,869 111,870 9 1,785 1,681 | | 0 5,236 ury bill 0 92,433 Other ass 1 455 Note circ | | ities (incl. Govt. and Treas- bills)assets | | | 4 | 17 | 52 | 56 498 55 88 78 373 |
| Deposits—Nationalized Other sight obligations Other liabilities and capita | | | 68,179 67 | 7,674 2,810 5,843 | .674 54.057 S | | Deposits of Trading Banks Special Other Other liabilities and capital | | 32 | | 32 | 28 | 40 255 25 38 24 214 |

Notes to central bank table on this and opposite page:

1 Notes issued, less amounts held in banking department.

2 Gold was transferred on May 1, 1940, to Foreign Exchange Control Board in return for short-term Govt. securities (see BULLETIN for July 1940, pp. 677-678).

3 Other assets include 100.0 billion francs of gold loaned to Stabilization Fund.

⁴ Beginning 1950, includes Economic Cooperation Administration.
5 Less than 50 million francs.
Note.—All figures, including gold and foreign exchange, are compiled from official reports of individual banks and are as of the last report afor the month. For details relating to individual items, see BULLETIN for April 1955, p. 443. For last available report from the Reichsbank (February 1945), see BULLETIN for December 1946, p. 1424.

PRINCIPAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF CENTRAL BANKS-Continued

| Central bank, monetary unit, | | 1957 | | 1956 | Central bank, monetary unit, | | 1957 | | 1956 |
|--|---|---|---|--|--|--|---|---|---|
| and item | July | June | May | July | and item | July | June | May | July |
| Austrian National Bank (millions of schillings): Gold Foreign exchange (net). Loans and discounts. Claim against Government. Other assets Note circulation. Deposits—Banks. Other Blocked. Other liabilities and capital | 2,169 9,793 6,286 1,343 612 14,773 1,731 988 902 1,807 | 2,066 9,046 6,601 1,343 599 14,635 1,342 1,126 823 1,729 | 8,632 6,515 1,343 614 14,239 1,101 986 1,058 | 1,744 7,780 6,076 1,703 575 13,630 845 501 1,416 1,486 | Net claim on Intl. Fund I. Loans and discounts. Credits to Government. Other assets. | | 206 185 45 112 76 448 279 32 | 201 177 -10 41 100 75 451 243 28 | 172 214 13 33 100 76 426 294 24 |
| National Bank of Belgium (millions of francs): Gold | 15,140 34,456 9,525 5,802 110,801 | 10,770 13,596 | 11,056 13,969 34,456 7,755 5,844 109,343 1,895 20 | 48,239 10,875 6,890 34,660 7,158 5,752 108,470 1,224 40 3,839 | of kroner): Gold. Foreign exchange. Loans and discounts. Securities. Govt. compensation account. Other assets. Note circulation. Deposits—Government. Other. | 820 145 493 3,023 755 2,151 1.519 | 773 228 492 3,023 712 2,203 | 68 501 176 491 3,047 1,150 2,195 1,550 1,433 256 | 68 694 189 489 3,073 662 2,096 1,353 1,478 251 |
| Central Bank of Bolivia—Monetary dept. (millions of bolivianos): Gold at home and abroad Foreign exchange (net). Loans and discounts. Govt. securities. Other assets Note circulation. Deposits Other liabilities and capital Central Bank of Ceylon (millions of rupees): Foreign exchange. | | 588 | (Apr.)* 668 33,246 257,805 7,951 5,483 175,161 18,095 111,895 | | Gold. Foreign exchange (net). Net claim on Intl. Fund 1 Loans and discounts. Govt. securities. Other assets. | 11,405 15,758 2,500 2,973 7,830 22,682 48,120 11,558 3,472 | 11,405 14,897 2,500 2,973 7,830 22,099 48,509 9,685 3,510 | | 12,526 14,995 1,250 2,973 8,360 17,907 45,931 9,379 2,700 |
| Advances to Govt Govt. securities Other assets Currency in circulation. Deposits—Government Banks Other liabilities and capital Central Bank of Chile (millions of pesos): Gold Foreign exchange (net) | 31 34, 11 459 7, 97 112 4,254 1,081 | 27 46 8 459 4 97 109 4,774 | 21 27 8 463 6 90 106 5,598 1,030 | 11 13 439 125 97 82 9,784 794 | sucres): Gold. Foreign exchange (net). Net claim on Intl. Fund¹. Credits—Government. Other. Other ssets. Note circulation. Demand deposits—Private banks. Other liabilities and capital. | - 37 530 302 246 714 | 38 -37 521 247 241 690 203 151 | 325 - 19 38 525 212 250 664 200 155 311 | 344 -113 19 535 301 232 661 191 151 315 |
| Net claims on Intl. Fund I. Discounts for member banks. Loans to Government. Other loans and discounts. Other assets. Note circulation Deposits—Bank Other. Other liabilities and capital Bank of the Republic of Colombia (millions of pesos): Gold and foreign exchange. | 26,077 51,738 22,877 69,329 7,428 | 26,245 54,724 26,952 71,976 7,241 5,089 | 11,112 26,245 51,542 26,427 70,937 7,098 | 5,943 15,987 24,079 26,489 53,394 6,599 7,196 15,887 | Gold Foreign assets. Egyptian Govt. securities. Clearing and other accounts (net). Loans and discounts. Other assets. Note circulation. Deposits—Egyptian Government. Other. | 99 167 26 22 2 188 | 98 162 -16 21 2 197 5 112 | 64 98 164 -6 23 2 207 8 111 | 61 111 110 -5 15 2 166 4 3106 |
| Net claim on Intl. Fund¹. Loans and discounts. Govt. loans and securities. Other assets. Note circulation Deposits. Other liabilities and capital. Central Bank of Costa Rica (millions of colones): Gold. Foreign exchange. Net claim on Intl. Fund¹. | 52 898 699 606 931 1,274 460 | 52 799 695 436 954 1,086 323 | 52 624 696 397 864 910 321 | 324 467 564 128 714 528 272 | Central Reserve Bank of El Salvador (thousands of colones): Gold | 78,663 70,563 1,562 65,296 12,145 7,462 | 78,706 71,846 1,562 66,036 12,068 7,949 | 51,856 1,562 80,280 12,204 7,793 | 70,583 49,670 1,573 58,705 12,669 7,145 92,940 |
| Net claim on Intl. Fund¹. Loans and discounts. Securities. Other assets. Note circulation. Demand deposits. Other liabilities and capital. National Bank of Cuba (millions of pesos): Gold. | 98 16 22 153 53 37 | 7 95 17 19 155 52 36 | 18 22 154 50 39 | 7 91 9 24 146 41 34 | Bank of Finland (millions of markkaa): Gold. Foreign assets and liabilities (net). Loans and discounts. Securities—Government. Other assets. Note circulation. Deposits. | 7,849 15,241 37,679 16,250 1,510 13,656 | 7,849 11,105 50,760 16,250 1,547 13,610 | 7,849 11,990 44,069 16,250 1,556 12,166 56,311 5,180 | 7,849 19,181 46,287 18,750 2,013 14,035 58,281 5,833 44,000 |

r Revised.

1 This figure represents the amount of the country's subscription to the Fund less the bank's local currency liability to the Fund.

2 For last available reports for Czechoslovakia and Hungary (March and February 1950, respectively), see BULLETIN for September 1950, pp. 1262-1263.

³ Includes figure for Sudan Government.

Note.—All figures, including gold and foreign exchange, are compiled from official reports of individual banks and are as of the last report date of the month.

PRINCIPAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF CENTRAL BANKS-Continued

| Dank of German States | 2,455 22,789 51,666 52,045 146,228 16,233 211,393 28,980 143,021 16,284 70 567 443 384 917 1,609 16 |
|--|--|
| Gold | 106,150 2,455 22,455 22,789 51,666 52,045 146,228 211,393 221,393 143,021 16,284 4 70 567 4443 384 917 1,609 93 511 |
| Gold. | 106,150 2,455 22,455 22,789 51,666 52,045 146,228 211,393 221,393 143,021 16,284 4 70 567 4443 384 917 1,609 93 511 |
| Content Cont | 51,666 52,045 146,228 16,233 211,393 28,980 143,021 16,284 70 567 443 384 917 1,669 93 511 |
| Loans to Government | 51,666 52,045 146,228 16,233 211,393 28,980 143,021 16,284 70 567 443 384 917 1,669 93 511 |
| Other assets. 1,029 1,049 1,054 984 Other Govt. accounts. 120,390 13,425 110,08 Note circulation 15,545 15,547 15,547 15,333 1,418 4,861 5,233 4,289 3,795 Other assets. 120,390 13,425 110,08 Banks 4,861 5,233 4,289 3,795 Notes and coin in circulation 241,111 241,855 239,62 Other liabilities and capital 2,304 2,335 1,981 1,658 Deposits—Government 35,001 27,339 31,01 Bank of Greece (millions of drachmae): 5,945 6,456 5,933 8ank of Italy (billions of lire): 6,456 5,933 8ank of Italy (billions of lire): 00ther liabilities and capital 26,509 25,371 25,04 Advances—Government 7,532 7,505 6,959 4,698 6,456 7,532 7,505 6,959 7,505 6,959 7,505 6,959 7,505 6,959 7,505 6,959 7,505 6,959 7,505 7,505 6,959 7,505 | 4 70 567 443 384 917 1,609 16 93 511 |
| Loans and discounts | 4 70 567 443 384 917 1,609 16 93 511 |
| Telief acets | 567 443 384 917 1,609 16 93 511 |
| Telief acets | 567 443 384 917 1,609 16 93 511 |
| Telief acets | 384 917 1,609 16 93 511 |
| Telief acets | 917 1,609 16 93 511 |
| Telief acets | 1,609 16 93 511 |
| relief accts. 7,112 7,112 7,408 Deposits—Government. 4 3 Other. 5,515 5,203 3,811 Other liabilities and capital. 1,435 1,961 2,200 Bank of Guatemala (thousands of quetzales): 1,435 1,961 2,200 Other liabilities and capital 173 168 16 Bank of Japan (billions of yen): | 93 511 |
| Other liabilities and capital | 511 157 |
| Bank of Guatemala (thousands of quetzales): Other liabilities and capital 173 168 16 Bank of Japan (billions of yen): | 157 |
| quetzaies): Bank of Japan (billions of yen): | |
| Gold | (7) |
| Gold | |
| Gold contribution to Intl. Fund. 1,250 1,250 1,250 Govt. securities. 243 218 30 Rediscounts and advances. 7,256 6,878 5,494 Other assets. 137 161 19 | / TUT |
| Other assets. 40,077 41,277 36,566 Note circulation 664 677 63 | |
| Circulation—Notes | 47 |
| Coin 4,167 4,146 3,893 Other 68 37 3 Deposits—Government 8,571 7,471 7,411 Other liabilities 89 87 8 | 36 |
| Deposits—Government 8,571 7,471 7,411 Other liabilities 89 87 8 Banks 25,074 26,265 21,299 Bank of Mexico (millions of pesos): | |
| Quetzales): | 1,783 |
| National Bank of Hungary ² Reserve Bank of India (millions of rities, etc | 4,963 |
| rupees): Bills and discounts | 715 |
| Issue department: Other assets | 419 |
| Foreign securities 4 005 4 125 4 125 6 167 Demand liabilities 2 037 2 496 2 69 | 2,314 |
| Indian Govt. securities | 748 |
| Indian Govt. securities 8,868 9,248 9,399 7,086 Other liabilities and capital 748 723 71 749 | |
| Banking department: Gold | 3,226 |
| Notes of issue department 364 395 260 330 Silver (including subsidiary coin) 9 8 Balances abroad 197 408 426 428 Foreign assets (net) 641 697 73 | 1,176 |
| Bills discounted | 93 |
| Loans to Government | |
| Other assets 3,549 3,226 2,847 1,224 Other assets 369 403 41 Deposits 3,090 2,620 2,149 1,486 Note circulation 4,166 3,968 4,04 | |
| Other liabilities and capital 1,313 1,650 1,597 580 Deposits—Government | . 29 |
| Bank Indonesia (millions of rupiahs): ECA. 17 230 23 Gold and foreign exchange (net). 448 274 139 628 Other. 575 479 55 | |
| Loans and discounts | |
| Advances to Government 15,787 14,336 14,261 8,635 Reserve Bank of New Zealand (thou- Other assets | |
| Note circulation | 6,162 |
| Deposits—ECA | 52,056 |
| Other liabilities and capital | 33,682 |
| Bank Melli Iran (millions of rials): | 32,409 |
| Gold | 38,173 1,597 |
| Gold contribution to Intl. Fund | 69,332 |
| Govt. secured debt | 85,931 8,816 |
| Other loans and discounts 6,560 6,498 6,835 5,687 Bank of Norway (millions of kroner): | |
| Other assets 6. 15,930 13,070 14,233 73,174 Gold. 205 213 22 Note circulation 11,249 11,273 11,215 10,274 Foreign assets (net) 220 223 27 | 208 |
| Note circulation 11, 249 11, 273 11, 215 10, 274 Foreign assets (net) 220 223 27 Deposits—Government 7, 127 4, 651 5, 119 4, 284 Clearing accounts (net) 10 -1 -2 | 9 -49 6 -39 |
| Banks | 5 122 |
| Other | 7 75 6 5,546 |
| uation | 7! 104 |
| Other liabilities and capital 3,624 3,667 3,429 3,097 Note circulation | 1 3,220 |
| pounds): Banks | 4 537 |
| Gold FOA 1 26/6 2 6/6 2 6/6 FOA 1 26/ 26/ 2 | 6 23 |
| Sterling funds | 897 |
| 10,000 | 1 |

⁴ Includes figures for the nine Land Central Banks.
⁵ In October 1956, gold held by bank was revalued from 8.47512 to 2.88 grains of fine gold per rupee.
⁶ Includes (1) gold and foreign exchange in banking department and (2) in May 1957, the profit resulting from revaluation of gold from .0275557 to .0117316 grams of fine gold per rial.

 ⁷ Holdings in each month were 448 million yen.
 8 Includes gold, silver, and foreign exchange forming required reserve
 (25 per cent) against notes and other demand liabilities.
 For other notes see opposite page.

PRINCIPAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF CENTRAL BANKS—Continued

| Central bank, monetary unit, | | 1957 | | 1956 | Central bank, monetary unit, | | | 1956 | |
|--|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|--|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| and item | July | June | May | July | and item | July | June | May | July |
| State Bank of Pakistan (millions of | | | | | Bank of Sweden (millions of kronor): | | | | |
| rupees): Issue department: | | | | | GoldForeign assets | 513 1,300 | 509 1,272 | 509 1,214 | 574 921 |
| Gold at home and abroad | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | Net claim on Intl. Fund1 | 129 | 129 | 129 | 129 |
| Foreign exchange—Approved Other | 739 57 | 861 57 | 1,038 57 | 1,133 57 | Swedish Govt. securities and advances to National Debt Office ² . | 4,616 | 4,493 | 4,411 | 3,971 |
| Pakistan Govt. securities India currency | 1,820 430 | 1,799 430 | 1,692 430 | 1,156 430 | Other domestic bills and advances. Other assets | 15 932 | 16 | 124 933 | 21 989 |
| Rupee coin | 58 | 56 | 53 | r67 | Note circulation | 5,246 | 5,461 | 5,299 | 4,949 |
| Notes in circulation Banking department: | 3,071 | 3,202 | 3,250 | 2,811 | Demand deposits—Government Other | 241 279 | 103 127 | 213 143 | 210 289 |
| Notes of issue department Bills discounted Loans to Government | 149 | 117 | 136 | 148 | | 1,739 | 1,660 | 1,665 | 1,158 |
| Loans to Government | | | | | francs): | | | | |
| Other assets. Deposits. Other liabilities and capital | 1,143 | 1,012 927 | 918 858 | 653 629 | Gold Foreign exchange | 7,095 527 | 6,917 676 | 6,837 611 | 6,763 611 |
| Other liabilities and capital | 172 | 202 | 197 | 178 | Loans and discounts | 176 | 199 95 | 161 | 150 |
| Central Dank of Paraguay (millions of | | | | | Other assets | 98 5,531 | 5,635 | 105 5,538 | 102 5,264 |
| Gold | | | 10 589 | 11 329 | Sight liabilities Other liabilities and capital | 2,135 229 | 2,024 229 | 1,953 223 | 2,145 218 |
| guaranies): Gold Foreign exchange (net) Net claim on Int. Fund¹ Loans and discounts Govt. Ioans and securities. Other assets. Note and coin issue. Deposits—Government. Other liabilities and capital. Central Reserve Bank of Peru (millions) | | | 53 | 53 | Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey | | | | 2.0 |
| Govt. loans and securities | | | 1,746 706 | 1,509 480 | (millions of pounds): Gold | 402 | 402 | 402 | 402 |
| Other assets | | | 254 1,246 | 154 1,119 | Foreign exchange and foreign clearings | 486 | 415 | 273 | 180 |
| Deposits—Government | | | 508 | 264 | Loans and discounts | 4,405 | 4,434 | 4,230 | 3,650 |
| Other liabilities and canital | | | 241 1,362 | 187 966 | SecuritiesOther assets | 33 265 | 33 254 | 33 244 | 29 228 |
| | | | 1,502 | , | Note circulation | 2.801 | 2,816 | 2,703 | 2,126 |
| of soles): Gold and foreign exchange | | 722 | 696 | 485 | Deposits—GoldOther | 155 1,916 | 1,841 | 155 1,614 | 155 1,573 |
| Gold and foreign exchange Net claim on Intl. Fund I Loans and discounts to banks Loans to Government | | 67 795 | 67 857 | 67 | Other liabilities and capital Bank of the Republic of Uruguay (mil- | 719 | 726 | 711 | 635 |
| Loans to Government | | 1,617 | 1,584 | 1,293 | lions of pesos): | | | 1 | |
| Other assets | | 114 2,411 | 166 2,385 | 176 2,187 | Gold Silver | | | 278 | 327 10 |
| Deposits | | 696 | 731 | 420 | Advances to State and Gove | | J | 261 | |
| Other liabilities and capital Central Bank of the Philippines | | 208 | 253 | 269 | Other loans and discounts | | | 261 590 | 256 497 |
| (millions of pesos): Gold | 52 | 51 | 50 | 38 | Other assets | | | 784 561 | 589 492 |
| Foreign exchange | 237 | 241 | 271 | 388 | Other loans and discounts. Other assets. Note circulation Deposits—Government. | | | 204 | 201 |
| Loans | 137 524 | 137 511 | 118 540 | 143 372 | Other Other liabilities and capital | | | 373 784 | 357 629 |
| Other assets | 164 681 | 163 688 | 160 703 | 136 | Central Bank of Venezuela (millions | | | 1 | |
| Circulation—Notes | 86 | 86 | 86 | 627 86 | of bolivares): Gold | 2,099 | 1,947 | 1,947 | 1,234 |
| Demand deposits Other liabilities and capital | 222 124 | 224 105 | 246 103 | 289 74 | Foreign exchange (net) | 2,020 203 | 2,015 227 | 1,406 181 | 634 182 |
| Bank of Portugal (millions of escudos): | 5,942 | . ! | - 1 | | Other assets | 1,295 | 1,277 | 1,272 | 1,077 |
| Gold Foreign exchange (net) | 13,566 | 5,866 13,626 | 5,889 13,665 | 5,695 13,514 | Deposits Other liabilities and capital | 499 2,527 | 579 2,332 | 514 1,748 | 342 631 |
| Loans and discounts | 1,609 1,370 | 1,297 | 1,275 1,374 | 1,071 1,374 | National Bank of Federal People's Re- public of Yugoslavia (billions of | | · | | |
| Other assets | 1,918 11,496 | 1.890 | 1,910 | 1,441 | dinars): | | | اء | |
| Note circulation | 2,140 | 11,200 1,835 | 1,775 | 10,621 1,790 | Gold | | | 2 | 2 67 |
| ECAOther | 7,675 | 7,931 | 90 8,074 | 88 8,013 | Foreign assets. Loans (short-term) Govt. debt (net) Other assets. Notes and coin in circulation. | | | 39 779 | 67 892 |
| Other liabilities and capital | 3,076 | 3,049 | 3,046 | 2,583 | Govt. debt (net) | | | 94 | 17 |
| South African Reserve Bank (millions of pounds): | | | ļ | | Notes and coin in circulation | | | 32 93 | 66 82 |
| GoldForeign bills | 80 36 | 83 43 | 83 44 | 75° | | | | 363 81 | 177 120 |
| Other bills and loans | 25 43 | 16 | 23 42 | 32 22 48 | Foreign liabilities | | | 296 | 489 |
| Other assets | 114 | 41 114 | 113 | 110 | Other liabilities and capital Bank for International Settlements | | | 118 | 181 |
| Deposits Other liabilities and capital | 55 15 | 55 13 | 68 12 | 52 17 | (millions of Swiss gold francs): | 504 | 627 | 453 | 633 |
| Bank of Spain (millions of pesetas): | | | | | Gold in bars | 48 | 54 | 56 | 57 |
| Gold Silver | 618 323 | 618 323 | 618 323 | 617 322 | Rediscountable bills and accept- ances (at cost) | 508 | 611 | 775 | 556 |
| Govt. loans and securities | 16,365 | 16,100 | 14,571 | 15,829 | Time funds at interest | 410 | 185 | 151 | 120 |
| Other loans and discounts Other assets | 56,959 66,551 | 52,841 62,716 | 51,734 64,054 | 42,943 54,894 | Sundry bills and investments Funds invested in Germany | 649 297 | 754 297 | 708 297 | 529 297 |
| Note circulation | 60,280 | 57,684 1,861 | 56,694 1,500 | 48,599 6,667 | Other assets | 1 780 | 703 | 2 547 | 1 692 |
| Other | 2,245 17,282 | 17,147 | 16,633 | 11,011 | Other | 1,099 | 1,286 229 | 1,358 | 977 |
| Other liabilities and capital | 61,009 | 55,906 | 56,474 | 48,329 | Long-term deposits: Special Other liabilities and capital | 229 308 | 229 310 | 229 308 | 229 295 |
| i | ļ l | | ŧ | | | | 1 1 | - 1 | |

Note.—All figures, including gold and foreign exchange, are compiled from official reports of individual banks and are as of the last report date of the month.

r Revised.

¹ This figure represents the amount of the country's subscription to the Fund less the bank's local currency liability to the Fund.

² Includes small amount of nongovernment bonds.

CENTRAL BANK RATES FOR DISCOUNTS AND ADVANCES TO COMMERCIAL BANKS1

[Per cent per annum]

| | Central banks with new rates since December 1955 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|--|--------|--------------|--------|-----------------------|-------|-------------|-----------------------|-------------|------------------------|--|------------|------|------------------|--------------------|----------------------|
| Month effective | Bel- gium | France | Ger- many | Greece | Neth- er- lands | Spain | Swe- den | Switz- er- land | Tur- key | United King- dom | Can- ada | In- dia | | Philip- pines | Chile ² | El Sal- vador² |
| In effect Dec. 31, 1955 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.5 | 9.0 | 2.50 | 3.75 | 3.75 | 1.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 2.75 | 3.00 | 8.03 | 1.5 | 4.5 | 3.0 |
| 1956—Feb | 3.5 | 4.0 | 5.5 | 10.0 | 3.25 | 4.25 | 4.00 | 2.5 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 3.00 3.25 3.25 3.77 3.92 3.95 4.01 3.95 4.00 4.01 4.06 4.05 | 3.50 | 8.40 | | 6.0 | 4.0 |
| In effect Aug. 31, 1957 | 4.5 | 5.0 | 4.5 | 10.0 | 5.00 | 5.00 | 5,00 | 2.5 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 4.28 | 4.00 | 9.13 | 2.0 | 6.0 | 4.0 |

Other selected central banks-rates in effect on Aug. 31, 1957

| Area and country | Rate | Month effective | Area and country | Rate | Month effective | Area and country | Rate | Month effective | Area and country | Rate | Month effective |
|---|------|--|--|------|--|--|--------------------------|--|---|------------|-------------------------------------|
| Europe: Austria Denmark Italy Norway Portugal | 3.5 | Nov. 1955 May 1955 Apr. 1950 Feb. 1955 Jan. 1944 | Asia: Burma Ceylon Indonesia ² Pakistan | 2.5 | Feb. 1948 June 1954 Apr. 1946 July 1948 | Asia—Cont.: Thailand Latin America: Costa Rica ² Mexico Peru ² | 7.0 3.0 4.5 6.0 | Feb. 1945 Apr. 1939 June 1942 Nov. 1947 | Latin America— Cont: Venezuela All other: New Zealand. South Africa. | 2.0 7.0 | May 1947 Oct. 1955 Sept. 1955 |

¹ Rates shown represent mainly those at which the Central bank either discounts or makes advances against eligible commercial paper and/or government securities for commercial banks or brokers. For countries with more than one rate applicable to such discounts or advances, the rate shown is the one at which the largest proportion of central bank credit operations is understood to be transacted. In certain cases other rates for these countries are given in the following note.

² Discounts or advances at other rates include: Japan—various rates depending on type of paper or transaction and extent of borrowing from central bank, including 8.40 per cent for discount of paper related to domestic commercial transactions (rate shown is for advances on commercial paper and miscellaneous collateral); Chile—rates in excess of 6 per cent

are applied to rediscounts in excess of 50 per cent of the rediscounting bank's capital and reserves; El Salvador—3 per cent for agricultural and industrial paper; Indonesia—various rates depending on type of paper, collateral, commodity involved, etc.; Costa Rica—5 per cent for paper related to commercial transactions (rate shown is for agricultural and industrial paper); and Peru—4 per cent for industrial paper and mining paper, and 3 per cent for most agricultural paper.

3 Since Nov. 1, the discount rate is set each week at 1/4 per cent above the latest average tender rate for Treasury bills.

4 Since May 16, this rate applies to advances against commercial paper as well as against government securities and other eligible paper.

OPEN MARKET RATES

[Per cent per annum]

| Month | Canada | | | United F | Kingdom | | France | Neth | erlands | Sweden | Switzer- land |
|----------|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|--|
| | Treasury bills 3 months 1 | Day-to- day money ² | Bankers' accept- ances 3 months | Treasury bills 3 months | Day-to- day money | Bankers' allowance on deposits | Day-to- day money | Treasury bills 3 months | Day-to- day money | Loans up to 3 months | Private discount rate |
| 1954—Dec | 1.08 2.59 | .78 2.42 | 1.78 4.22 | 1.78 4.08 | 1.45 3.10 | 1.25 2.50 | 3.29 2.99 | .77 1.06 | .57 | 3½-5½ 4¼-6½ | 1.50 1.50 |
| 1956—Aug | 3.06 3.30 3.40 | 2.63 2.67 2.83 2.89 3.18 | 5.08 5.18 5.14 5.08 5.07 | 5.03 5.11 5.04 5.01 4.94 | 4.14 4.26 4.21 4.24 4.15 | 3.50 3.50 3.50 3.50 3.50 | 3.02 3.00 3.47 3.71 3.55 | 3.00 3.00 3.18 3.25 3.48 | 1.50 1.50 1.50 1.50 1.50 | 4½-6½ 4½-6½ 4¼-6½ 4½-6¾ 4½-6¾ 4½-6¾ | 1.50 1.50 1.50 1.50 1.50 |
| 1957—Jan | 3.76 3.71 3.72 3.77 3.80 | 3.27 3.48 3.65 3.69 3.71 3.80 3.72 | 4.85 4.44 4.25 4.18 4.04 4.08 4.06 | 4.69 4.30 4.07 4.01 3.84 3.87 3.85 | 4.06 3.66 3.55 3.59 3.48 3.45 3.45 | 3.50 3.10 3.00 3.00 3.00 3.00 3.00 | 3.54 3.36 3.71 3.97 4.11 5.78 | 3.58 3.47 3.61 3.63 3.59 3.60 3.81 | 1.50 1.50 1.50 1.50 1.50 1.50 | 4½-6¾ 4½-6¾ 4½-6¾ 4½-6¾ 4½-6¾ 4½-6¾ 4½-6¾ 5¾-8 | 1.69 1.75 1.75 1.75 1.75 2.50 2.50 |

¹ Based on average yield of weekly tenders during the month.

² Based on weekly averages of daily closing rates.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES

[Average of certified noon buying rates in New York for cable transfers. In cents per unit of foreign currency]

| | | Argentina (peso) | | Aus- | Austria | Belgium | British Malay- | Canada | Ceylon | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Year or month | Basic Preferential | | Free | tralia (pound) | (schilling) | (franc) | sia (dollar) | (dollar) | (rupee) | |
| 1951 | 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 120.000 25.5 | 13.333 13.333 13.333 13.333 13.333 113.333 | 7.067 7.163 7.198 7.198 17.183 32.835 | 223.07 222.63 224.12 223.80 222.41 222.76 | 3,8580 3,8580 3,8580 3,8580 3,8580 | 1.9859 1.9878 2.0009 1.9975 1.9905 2.0030 | 32.849 32.601 32.595 32.641 32.624 32.582 | 94.939 102.149 101.650 102.724 101.401 101.600 | 20.849 20.903 21.046 21.017 20.894 20.946 | |
| 1956—Aug | 5.556 5.556 5.556 5.556 5.556 | | 3.249 3.190 3.177 2.987 2.806 | 221.76 221.76 221.88 221.71 221.92 | 3.8580 3.8580 3.8580 3.8580 3.8580 | 2.0049 2.0064 2.0084 2.0022 1.9945 | 32.368 32.373 32.384 32.360 32.475 | 101.907 102.274 102.732 103.725 104.095 | 20.858 20.873 20.878 20.871 20.881 | |
| 1957—Jan | 5.556 5.556 5.556 5.556 5.556 | | 2.642 2.681 2.586 2.478 2.564 2.477 2.365 2.303 | 222.77 222.96 222.55 222.22 222.39 222.33 222.14 221.73 | 3.8570 3.8536 3.8536 3.8536 3.8536 3.8536 3.8536 3.8536 3.8536 | 1.9912 1.9900 1.9900 1.9887 1.9862 1.9875 1.9908 1.9865 | 32.529 32.561 32.532 32.512 32.526 32.523 32.495 32.431 | 104.085 104.334 104.577 104.184 104.638 104.891 105.150 105.470 | 20.948 20.960 20.921 20.890 20.895 20.898 20.890 20.862 | |
| Year or month | Den- mark (krone) Finland (markka) | | France (franc) | | Germany (deutsche mark) | India (rupee) | Ireland (pound) | Japan (yen) | Mexico (peso) | |
| 1951 | 14.491 14.492 | .4354 .4354 .4354 .4354 .4354 .4354 | .2856 .2856 .2856 .2856 .2856 .2856 | | 23.838 23.838 23.838 23.765 23.786 | 20.869 20.922 21.049 21.020 20.894 20.934 | 280.38 279 68 281.27 280.87 279.13 279.57 | 5.2779 | 11.564 11.588 11.607 9.052 8.006 8.006 | |
| 1956—Aug | | .4354 .4354 .4354 .4354 .4354 | .2855 .2855 .2855 .2855 .2855 | | 23.853 23.853 23.843 23.832 23.823 | 20.830 20.840 20.856 20.840 20.861 | 278.31 278.31 278.46 278.25 278.50 | 5.2779 .2779 | 8.006 8.006 8.006 8.006 8.006 | |
| 1957—Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May June July. Aug. | | .4354 .4354 .4354 .4354 .4354 .4354 .4354 .4354 | .2855 .2855 .2855 .2855 .2856 .2855 .2856 4.2857 | 4.2376 | 23.808 23.797 23.793 23.790 23.796 23.796 23.800 23.800 | 20.939 20.947 20.913 20.890 20.896 20.896 20.884 20.844 | 279.57 279.81 279.30 278.89 279.10 279.02 278.78 278.27 | .2779 .2779 .2779 .2779 .2779 .2779 .2779 .2779 | 8.006 8.006 8.006 8.006 8.006 8.006 8.006 8.006 | |
| Year or month | Neth- erlands (guilder) | New Zealand (pound) | Norway (krone) | Philippine Republic (peso) | Portu- gal (escudo) | South Africa (pound) | Sweden (krona) | Swit- zerland (franc) | United King- dom (pound) | |
| 1951 | 26.264 26.315 26.340 26.381 26.230 26.113 | 277.19 276.49 278.48 278.09 276.36 276.80 | 14.015 14.015 14.015 14.008 14.008 14.008 | 49.639 49.675 49.676 49.677 49.677 | 3.4739 3.4853 3.4887 3.4900 3.4900 3.4900 | 278.33 278.20 280.21 279.82 278.09 278.52 | 19.327 19.326 19.323 19.333 19.333 | 23.060 23.148 23.316 23.322 23.331 23.334 | 279.96 279.26 281.27 280.87 279.13 279.57 | |
| 1956—Aug | 26.111 26.110 26.124 26.105 26.101 | 275.55 275.55 275.70 275.49 275.75 | 14.008 14.008 14.008 14.008 14.008 | 49.677 49.677 49.677 49.677 49.674 | 3.4900 3.4900 3.4900 3.4900 3.4900 | 277 . 27 277 . 26 277 . 42 277 . 21 277 . 46 | 19.333 19.333 19.333 19.333 19.333 | 23.335 23.335 23.331 23.335 23.335 | 278.31 278.30 278.46 278.25 278.50 | |
| 1957—Jan | 26.106 26.111 26.119 26.137 26.134 26.106 26.121 26.103 | 276.80 277.04 276.54 276.12 276.33 276.26 276.02 275.52 | 14.008 14.008 14.008 14.008 14.008 14.008 14.008 14.008 | 49.677 49.687 49.695 49.695 49.695 49.695 49.695 49.695 | 3.4900 3.4900 3.4900 3.4900 3.4900 3.4900 3.4900 3.4900 | 278.53 278.76 278.26 277.84 278.05 277.98 277.74 277.23 | 19.333 19.333 19.333 19.333 19.333 19.333 19.333 19.329 | 23.329 23.308 23.318 23.329 23.335 23.335 23.335 23.335 23.335 | 279.57 279.81 279.30 278.89 279.10 279.02 278.78 278.27 | |

Annual averages based on quotations through Oct. 27, 1955.
 Official rate. The basic and preferential rates were discontinued and the new official rate of 18 pesos per U. S. dollar became effective Oct. 28, 1955.
 New free market rate became effective Oct. 28, 1955.

⁴ On Aug. 12, 1957, the French authorities established an effective rate of 420 francs per U. S. dollar applicable to most foreign exchange transactions. The rate of 350 francs per U. S. dollar will remain in effect for all other transactions.

⁵ Based on quotations beginning Nov. 26, 1956.

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Unless otherwise noted, the material listed may be obtained from the Division of Administrative Services, Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, Washington 25, D. C. Where a charge is indicated, remittance should be made payable to the order of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. A more complete list, including periodic releases and additional reprints, appeared on pages 739-42 of the June 1957 Bulletin.

- THE FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM—PURPOSES AND FUNCTIONS. April 1957. 208 pages.
- Annual Report of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.
- FEDERAL RESERVE BULLETIN. Monthly. Subscription price in the United States and its possessions, Bolivia, Canada, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Guatemala, Haiti, Republic of Honduras, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, El Salvador, Uruguay, and Venezuela is \$6.00 per annum or 60 cents per copy; elsewhere \$7.00 per annum or 70 cents per copy. Group subscriptions in the United States for 10 or more copies to one address, 50 cents per copy per month, or \$5.00 for 12 months.
- FEDERAL RESERVE CHART BOOK ON FINANCIAL AND BUSINESS STATISTICS. Monthly. Annual subscription includes one issue of Historical Supplement. Subscription price in the United States and the countries listed above is \$6.00 per annum, 60 cents per copy, or 50 cents each in quantities of 10 or more of a particular issue for single shipment; elsewhere \$7.00 per annum or 70 cents each.
- HISTORICAL SUPPLEMENT TO FEDERAL RESERVE CHART BOOK. Issued annually in September. Annual subscription to monthly chart book includes one issue of Supplement. In the United States and countries listed above under Federal Reserve Bulletin, single copies 60 cents each or in quantities of 10 or more for single shipment 50 cents each; elsewhere 70 cents each.

- The Federal Reserve Act, as amended through December 31, 1956, with an Appendix containing provisions of certain other statutes affecting the Federal Reserve System. 385 pages. \$1.00.
- FLOW OF FUNDS IN THE UNITED STATES, 1939-53. A new accounting record designed to picture the flow of funds through the major sectors of the national economy. December 1955. 390 pages. \$2.75.
- THE DEVELOPMENT OF BANK DEBITS AND CLEAR-INGS AND THEIR USE IN ECONOMIC ANALYSIS. January 1952. 175 pages. 25 cents per copy; in quantities of 10 or more copies for single shipment, 15 cents each.
- A STATISTICAL STUDY OF REGULATION V LOANS. September 1950. 74 pages. 25 cents per copy; in quantities of 10 or more copies for single shipment, 15 cents each.
- Banking and Monetary Statistics. Statistics of banking, monetary, and other financial developments. November 1943. 979 pages. \$1.50.
- RULES OF ORGANIZATION AND RULES OF PROCE-DURE—Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. 1946. 31 pages.
- REGULATIONS OF THE BOARD OF GOVERNORS OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM.
- ADMINISTRATIVE INTERPRETATIONS OF REGULA-TION F—Section 17—Common Trust Funds. 9 pages.

Consumer Instalment Credit, undertaken by the Board on request of the Council of Economic Advisers by direction of the President, are being distributed through the Superintendent of Documents.

Part I—Growth and Import, Volume 1, \$1.25; Volume 2, \$1.00

Part II—Conference on Regulation, Volume 1, \$1.75; Volume 2, \$.60

Part III—Views on Regulation, \$1.00

Part IV-Financing New Car Purchases, \$.60

Requests and remittances for these six books should be directed to the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington 25, D. C.

REPRINTS

- (From Federal Reserve Bulletin unless preceded by an asterisk)
- THE MONETARY SYSTEM OF THE UNITED STATES. February 1953. 16 pages.
- Influence of Credit and Monetary Measures on Economic Stability. March 1953. 16 pages.
- FEDERAL FINANCIAL MEASURES FOR ECONOMIC STABILITY. March 1953. 7 pages.
- * DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF SOURCES AND METH-ODS USED IN REVISION OF SHORT- AND INTER-MEDIATE-TERM CONSUMER CREDIT STATISTICS. April 1953. 25 pages.
- DEPARTMENT STORE SALES AND STOCKS, BY MAJOR DEPARTMENTS (Revised indexes). November 1953. 65 pages.
- FEDERAL RESERVE MONTHLY INDEX OF INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION, 1953 Revision. December 1953. 96 pages.
- New Indexes of Output of Consumer Durable Goods. May 1954. 15 pages.
- SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT FACTORS FOR DEMAND DEPOSITS ADJUSTED AND CURRENCY OUTSIDE BANKS. March 1955. 4 pages.
- A Flow-of-Funds System of National Accounts, Annual Estimates, 1939-54. October 1955. 40 pages.
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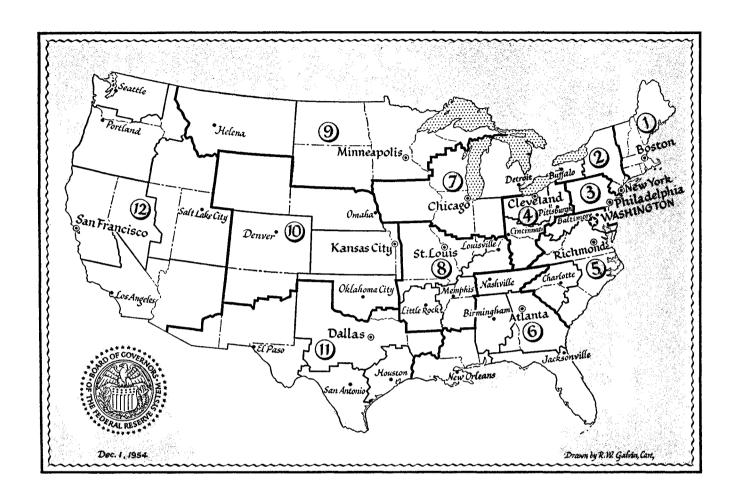
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BOUNDARIES OF FEDERAL RESERVE DISTRICTS AND THEIR BRANCH TERRITORIES



Legend

- Boundaries of Federal Reserve Districts Boundaries of Federal Reserve Branch Territories
 - **❸** Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System
 - Federal Reserve Bank Cities
- Federal Reserve Branch Cities